"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; Friday cloudy, moderate temperature; northwesterly winds.
Yesterday's weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 22,272. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

DRY AMENDMENT ON EVE OF VICTORY; NEEDS ONE STATE

New Hampshire, Iowa, Colorado, Utah, and Oregon Make 35 for Ratification.

PROBABLY CARRIED TODAY

Eventual Adoption by at Least 46 States Predicted by Prohibition Leaders.

TAKES EFFECT IN A YEAR

Meanwhile Congress Must Prescribe Enforcement—Nation Actually Dry Next July.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Thirty-five States of the thirty-six necessary have now ratified the prohibition amendment to the United States Constitution. The Legislatures of five States ratified the amendment today—Iowa, Oregon, New Hampshire, Colorado, and Utah.

Under the Constitution the amendment "shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the States of by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by Congress." In the case of the prohibition amendment now being voted on by the Legislatures Congress provided that the amendment should be submitted to the State Legislatures for ratification.

Of the forty-eight States, thirty-five have now ratified the amendment, within one State of the required three-fourths. It is expected that the thirty-sixth State will ratify not later than tomorrow.

Under the terms of the amendment itself, nation-wide prohibition goes into effect one year after ratification of the amendment. One year from tomorrow will be Jan. 16, 1920, and it is the contention of Anti-Saloon leaders at their national headquarters here that the terms of the amendment, regardless of any intervening agencies, nation-wide prohibition will become effective not later than Jan. 16, 1920. Congress, by appropriate legislation, has already decided that wartime national prohibition should become effective July 1, 1919, so that in actual practice national prohibition becomes effective six months before it could become effective under the national prohibition amendment. Under the wartime prohibition legislation, after it becomes effective, July 1, 1919, the nation must remain dry until peace is signed and the armies demobilized, the President by proclamation to fix the date for such demobilization.

Claim All States but Three.

Prohibition leaders here predicted some months ago that the constitutional amendment would have been ratified by the required thirty-six States between Jan. 15 and 20 of this year. It was asserted at national headquarters of the Anti-Saloon League of America tonight that before another week rolled around forty-four States would have ratified the amendment. All States except New York, New Jersey, and Rhode Island are claimed as favoring the amendment. Some Anti-Saloon League leaders are now even counting upon New York and New Jersey.

The Fifteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution, which provided that suffrage should not be abridged for race or color, was proposed to the State Legislatures in 1869. It was declared in a proclamation of the Secretary of State dated March 30, 1870, to have been ratified by the Legislatures of twenty-nine of the then thirty-seven States.

Prohibition leaders here asserted tonight that they were not worried by attempts to throw obstacles in the way of ratification of the amendment in the States where liquor leaders are contending that the amendment must be approved by referendum to the people of the State. On this point the Anti-Saloon League issued this statement:

"Congress has chosen the State Legislatures as the bodies to ratify the Federal prohibition amendment. A State referendum, therefore, would be illegal and void."

This statement was authorized by Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the league, in connection with the reported movement of distillers to institute injunction proceedings looking to the securing of State referendums.

The resolution submitting to the States the National Prohibition Amendment to the Constitution was passed by Congress Dec. 18, 1917. The resolution was adopted by the Senate Aug. 1, 1917, by a vote of 65 to 20, and was passed by the House of Representatives, with slight amendments, Dec. 17, 1917, by a vote of 282 to 128, the Senate the following day voting to concur in the House amendments.

Text of the Resolution.

The resolution as finally adopted follows:

Sixty-fifth Congress of the United States of America, at the second session, begun and held at the City of Washington on Monday, the third day of December, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen:

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, (two-

Continued on Page Four.

USE SONORA NEEDLES! Sonora Semi-Permanent Silvered Needles replace steel needles. They play 50 to 100 times. Loud, Medium or Soft grades. 5oc. per package of 5.—Advt.

German Mine Sweepers Strike, Tying Up Fishing Industry

BERLIN, Jan. 15.—The crews of German mine sweepers, according to the Cologne Volkszeitung, are refusing to serve unless they receive increased pay and a new schedule, calling for sums as high as 100 marks daily, exclusive of the insurance guarantee. The increase would amount to 400,000,000 marks.

Mine sweeping in the Baltic and North Seas has ceased, and the fishing industry has been suspended.

GARRISON SOLE B. R. T. RECEIVER

Federal Court Denies City's Application to Make Craig His Associate.

TELLS OF COMPANY'S NEEDS

Receiver Declares That Chief Difficulty Is Lack of Ready Cash.

Judge Julius M. Mayer in the United States District Court yesterday appointed Lindley M. Garrison permanent receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, and the New York Consolidated Railroad Company. At the same time he denied the applications of the city and the Public Service Commission for the appointment of a co-receiver. Mr. Garrison's bond, provided when he was appointed temporary receiver, was continued.

The case came before the court on the application of Walter F. Taylor, attorney for the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, a creditor of the defendant companies, on whose application they were put in the hands of a temporary receiver, to make Mr. Garrison's receivership permanent. In making the application Mr. Taylor filed with the court the temporary receiver's preliminary report on the condition of the properties, physical and financial, as he had been able to determine it in the short time he had had to make an examination.

When the matter at issue was properly before him, Judge Mayer asked that all persons present who wished to be heard step forward and give their names and those for whom they appeared to the clerk of the court. The following stepped forward: Corporation Counsel William P. Burr, representing the Board of Estimate; William L. Ransom, formerly counsel to the Public Service Commission, and retained by it as special counsel in the proceedings; Paul D. Cravath and R. T. Swayne, representing the Central Union Trust Company, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and others of the creditors and largest security holders of the B. R. T.; George S. Franklin, representing the War Finance Corporation, also a creditor; John J. O'Leary, representing the relatives of the victims of the Malbone Street tunnel wreck, who have damage claims against the B. R. T. Arthur J. Stearns, representing property owners upon whose real estate the companies have encroached; Elden Bisbee and William Erbe, representing themselves and other small security holders, and George D. Yeomans, representing the defendant companies.

Mr. Taylor, in making his application to make the temporary receivership permanent, called the court's attention to the fact that, on many of the lines affected, construction work had stopped altogether or was proceeding very slowly. Contracts made for new lines, he said, called for connections over the Williamsburg and Manhattan Bridges and three river tunnels. None of the tunnels, Mr. Taylor said, had been constructed, and this delay in construction work was depriving the companies now operated by a receiver from large and needed revenues. The companies need new money, he said, and the only way they could get it quickly was through the receiver's financing, approved by the court.

Argument for Co-Receiver.

Mr. Ransom, for the Public Service Commission, was next heard. "The situation we find here," said the lawyer, "is novel and altogether unique in the history of railroad receiverships. Ordinarily, the stock and bondholders are the chief creditors. It is not so in this case. A municipality, the City of New York, has more money involved than almost all the other creditors put together. This city has invested in this enterprise, in association with the B. R. T., more than $110,000,000.

"For this reason, if for no other, the city should be represented in this receivership. But there are other reasons. The city is the guardian of the interests of those who, but for that guardianship, might suffer grievously from abuses of corporate management. Then, too, the work involved in carrying on this receivership will be of such magnitude that two receivers will have all they can do to perform the task properly. We know that the companies have violated Contract No. 4 by their failure to carry out its provisions, and we contend that, for this reason also, there should be a co-receiver appointed to represent the city."

Judge Mayer here interrupted Mr. Ransom to remind him that the law provided relief for a party suffering injury under a contract, and asked if counsel thought it was either the duty or the obligation of the receiver to look especially after the interests of a municipal or other interest, or should look after

Continued on Page Nine.

PINEHURST, N. C.—Erading climate. Golf and all sports in perfection. Three delightful hotels.—Advt.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA! Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

EBERT COMPELS BERLIN CITIZENS TO GIVE UP ARMS

Soldiers Carry Out the Drastic Order, Applying to All Classes Alike.

HOUSES ARE SEARCHED

This Policy Adopted After Another Night of House-Top Affrays.

CARS RUN AMID VOLLEYS

Some Passengers Hit and Employes, Partly from Fear, Suspend Street Railway's Operations.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 14, (via Copenhagen.)—This morning's newspapers published a Government order, demanding the delivery of all arms within twenty-four hours, on penalty of a heavy fine and of imprisonment up to five years.

At first it seemed as if the order might have the effect of disarming all the law-abiding citizens and making them defenseless against the anarchist elements, because it could hardly be expected that the Spartacides, who seem determined to sell their lives as dearly as possible, would come to the authorities and like good boys hand over what arms and munitions they still possessed.

But toward noon the public became aware that the Government meant business. About 10 o'clock every street in the factory and tenement district was closed by the military in such a manner nobody could leave his house without giving an account of himself to the patrolling soldiers.

If to the question whether they carried arms the answer was "no," they were searched closely. Then they had to accompany the soldiers back to their habitations, which also were searched.

Most men willingly delivered what arms and ammunition they had on their persons or in their habitations.

Some women assisted the soldiers in searching, and many military rifles and other arms were produced.

All the factories and large mills with which the district abounds were searched, among them Loewe's munition works, the employes of which sympathize with the Spartacus group. Also the Bergmann electric works and the Siemens Halske plant.

While this was being done field guns and mine throwers were stationed at certain points from which the most dangerous parts of the district could be covered. Up to noon, however, no serious trouble occurred while the Government's auto cars were being filled with arms of all kinds.

Sailors garrisoned in the so-called Exhibition Park were also disarmed, not without complaint, but were left in possession of the park.

The large prisons in the Moabit area were strongly guarded, because a Spartacide attack was expected. The flying grounds and plants at Johannistal were also occupied by Government troops, the workmen and soldiers there being suspected of having furnished munitions to the Spartacides. Stringent measures like these will be taken in various other districts tonight and tomorrow, and it is hoped that some semblance of order may be restored.

The housetop war last night was worse than ever before. The newspaper district was again one of the principal battle grounds. On Yorkstrasse the Government troops in the street were shot at by Spartacide machine guns from housetops. Several street cars were hit and traffic was finally stopped completely.

Friedrich Leipziger Strasse was resounding continuously with shots.

While it was yet daylight pedestrians had the amazing spectacle of steel helmeted warriers chasing the Spartacides over the roofs of adjacent blocks.

The Government troops, having received information that another attack was planned in the newspaper district, stopped not only vehicles of all kinds traveling in that direction, but also pedestrians approaching the neighborhood. The men were searched and questioned concerning the reason for their presence.

Hand grenades, thrown from roofs near Bellealliancesplatz, wounded a number of innocent people. Later in the evening Buelowstrasse and Motzstrasse were scenes of shooting affrays lasting for hours. The worst disturbances, however, took place on Hafenplatz, where the underground emerges from a tunnel to reach Gleisdreieck, and afterward Buelowstrasse

Continued on Page Three.

McKESSON & ROBBINS Manufacturing and Recommending CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains OXYGEN. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

Peasants in Central Russia Rise Against Bolshevist Rule

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 15.—A violent peasant rising in the interior of Russia against the imposition of excessive taxes by the Bolsheviki and against the "Committees for Fighting Poverty," which exercise a tyrannical dictatorship in the villages, is reported in a Petrograd dispatch.

The peasants in the Tula Government mercilessly killed members of such committees.

MANN ADMITS GIFTS FROM SWIFT

Says He Received a Horse and a $3.50 Steak from the Packers in 1907.

HENEY DISCLOSES FACTS

Republican Leaders Confer on Effect of the Development on the Speakership Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The charge that Representative Mann of Illinois, Republican floor leader and aspirant for the Speakership of the next House, had used his influence to kill legislation in that body inimical to the interests of the Chicago packers was made today by Francis J. Heney in testifying before the Senate Agricultural Committee, which is investigating the packers with a view to ascertaining if the packing industry ought to be put under Government control.

Mr. Heney read from letters written, he said, by Henry Veeder, one of the Chicago attorneys for the packers, in which Mr. Veeder related how the packing concern of Louis Swift had given Mr. Mann a $150 horse and a $3.50 beef steak back in 1907 to show appreciation of Mr. Mann's alleged sympathy with the packers.

In January, 1917, according to the Veeder letters, Representative Mann supported a rider to an appropriation bill which had the effect of smothering a resolution offered by Representative Borland to have Congress investigate the packers.

Under the rider, which was adopted by the House, the investigation went to the Bureau of Markets, in the Department of Agriculture, which was exactly, Mr. Heney said, where the packers wanted it to go.

Mann Admits the Gifts.

Mr. Mann laughed when asked today if it were true that he had accepted the $150 horse and the $3.50 beefsteak from the Louis Swift concern.

"Why, yes, that's true enough," he said. "I wanted a horse for my truck garden in Chicago, and I spoke to some one in the Swift firm about it, asking if they had an old horse they didn't want. They sent me an old one that I used in the garden. I do not remember now who it was to whom I spoke about it.

"And about the steak—yes, I got that, too. I think it was a pretty fine steak, too. I do not recall just how it happened that I got that, but I got it anyhow.

"So far as my using my influence for he packers because of that old horse or the steak, or anything else is concerned, that's all nonsense. I never did exert any influence for the packers."

The evidence of Mr. Heney had the effect of causing Republican leaders of the House and Senate to confer in Senator Lodge's office later in the day to decide what effect it might have upon Mr. Mann's candidacy. No conclusion was reached, so far as could be ascertained.

Says Swift Indorsed Gift.

In the letter from Mr. Veeder to Mr. Swift, telling of the gift of the steak, Mr. Veeder wrote that he had been talking to Mr. Mann, who had told him he "hadn't tasted a good beefsteak in a long time." Mr. Veeder wanted to know if it would be all right to have one sent to him. Mr. Swift, according to Mr. Heney, wrote back that it would be agreeable to him, but he wanted to know how many steaks a year Mr. Mann would want. He suggested that six or seven would be enough.

Mr. Heney went on to read a letter showing that Mr. Mann had written to Mr. Veeder, thanking him for the $150 horse, the Representative saying that it was a "magnificent animal and just what I wanted." The horse was charged against one of the departments, the head of which objected to its being put against him. Mr. Veeder wrote to the department head, telling him not to mind, because the horse was twelve years old anyhow and only cost $150 when it was young.

Then Mr. Heney proceeded to tell of a move in the House two Winters ago to investigate the packers and said that the latter were opposed to the Borland resolution, which would have brought about a searching inquiry by Congress. He read from letters of Mr. Veeder, who was in Washington, to show that three attorneys of the Chicago packers were sent here to head off the investigation. The attorneys, Mr. Heney said, advised the packers that if the Borland resolution were not killed it would mean an inquiry that would make criminal prosecution of the packers "inevitable."

Tells of Fund to Combat Inquiry.

Upon this advice, Mr. Heney said, five Chicago packers raised a fund among themselves to fight the Borland resolution, which was at that time pending before a House committee. In a letter

Continued on Page Five.

ADOPT SECRECY FOR PEACE CONCLAVE, AMERICANS AND BRITISH OPPOSING IT; NEW TRUCE TERMS CAUSE UNEASINESS

PUT LEAGUE IN FOREFRONT

Likely to be First Among Declaration of Peace Principles.

PLAN TO AVOID DISCUSSION

First Terms to be Broadly Drawn in Order to Admit Views of All Nations.

FOURTEEN POINTS AS BASIS

Obligatory Arbitration or Mediation to be Among the Chief Features.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—President Poincaré will deliver on Saturday next a speech declaring the preliminary and plenary sessions of the Peace Conference between the associated powers opened. Immediately after the French President's inaugural address, which is expected to take the form of a welcome to the assembled delegates and aspirations that their labors will result in practical fruition of the hopes with which the world is looking to the meetings in Paris, there will be a declaration of the principles by which the Congress will be guided.

In the forefront of these will be a resolution which will be submitted to the delegates to the effect that one of the basic principles on which the future of the world will be safeguarded is embodied in the idea of a League of Nations. It will be submitted that proposals for a practical scheme for the working out of the League of Nations be referred to a Grand Commission, which will study the details and elaborate a project to be referred back for acceptance of the chief delegates of the associated powers.

That the League of Nations will be placed at the head of the program of the conference insures priority of attention when the reports of the various commissions are returned to the conference.

The idea which obtained at present is that the declaration of the principles to which the league is to give practical form shall be broadly drawn, so as not to provoke discussion at the outset. Then the several commissions appointed by the various countries will get to work to study together half a dozen or more of the most important suggestions which have been made for the practical realization of the ideal of the league. Gossip says that President Wilson has a scheme of his own, but up to the present America's representative at what may be called the League of Nations Board has not been announced.

Bourgeois Favors League.

Lord Robert Cecil is Britain's representative, and Leon Bourgeois will represent France. Clemenceau's ideas in regard to the league were explained by himself in the Chamber of Deputies, and his selection of Bourgeois has been the subject of some criticism on the ground that it was purely governmental. However, the same criticism might be applied to the appointment of Lord ROBERT CECIL, and the common belief is that both Cecil and Bourgeois are heartily in sympathy with the idea and that the best efforts of both will be devoted to obtain its practical realization. Bourgeois is not only one of the elder statesmen of France, but, as President of the French Association for a League of Nations, he represents a committee including other former Premiers and Foreign Secretaries of the French Republic—Ribot, Barthou, Briand, Doumergues, Hanotaux, Painlevé, and Viviani, and other public men of such different views as Jules Cambon, Hanotaux, Albert Thomas, and Sembat.

On the British side, Lord Robert Cecil will have the direct assistance of General Smuts, who is now in Paris and has drawn up a scheme for a League which, owing to the mismanagement of his publishers, has hardly received all the attention it deserves.

President Wilson's advocacy of the League has been so cardinally the principle of his policy that no doubt is felt that whoever may be appointed as America's representatives on the League of Nations Commission will do the utmost to further any practi-

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

"OUTDOOR PLAY, even in winter, is a necessity for the kiddies." See top of page 6.—Advt.

Text of First Paris Conference Communique Reveals Little of Actual Doings of Sessions

PARIS, Jan. 15.—Hitherto it has been the practice of the Governments taking part in the preliminary peace conventions, says a statement given out by the official press bureau today, to issue separate communiqués regarding the proceedings. From today it has been decided to issue a joint communiqué, of which the following is the English text adopted by the British and American delegations:

"The President of the United States and the Prime Minister and Foreign Ministers of the Allied Powers, assisted by the Japanese Ambassadors in Paris and London, held two meetings today. In the course of these meetings the examination of the rules of the conference has been continued and almost completed.

"It was decided that the United States, the British Empire, France, Italy, and Japan should be represented by five delegates apiece. The British Dominions and India, besides, shall be represented as follows: Two delegates respectively for Australia, Canada, South Africa, and India, including the native States, and one delegate for New Zealand.

"Brazil will have three delegates. Belgium, China, Greece, Poland, Portugal, the Czechoslovak Republic, Rumania, and Serbia will have two delegates apiece, Siam one delegate, and Cuba, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Liberia, Nicaragua, and Panama one delegate apiece.

"Montenegro will have one delegate, but the rules concerning the designation of this delegate shall not be fixed until the moment when the political situation in this country shall have been cleared up.

"The meeting adopted the following two general principles:

"One—Each delegation being a unit, the number of delegates forming it shall have no influence upon its status at the conference.

"Two—In the selection of its delegation each nation may avail itself of the panel system. This will enable each State at discretion to intrust its interests to such persons as it may designate.

"The adoption of the panel system will in particular enable the British Empire to admit among its five delegates representatives of the dominions, including Newfoundland, which has no separate representation, and of India."

PUNITIVE TERMS IN NEW ARMISTICE

Allies Demand Retribution for Cruelties by Germans to Prisoners.

ALARMIST NEWS IN LONDON

Central News Issues Statement That the War May Break Out Again.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Central News declares that as a result of the allied discussions in Paris the whole aspect of demobilization has undergone a sudden and vital change, this being shown in the drastic conditions demanded of Germany for a renewal of the armistice.

"On authority of an unimpeachable character," says The Central News, "it can be stated that a situation exists in Europe under which war may break out again at any moment. The Allied War Council has arrived at a decision which means that the British people have mistaken the appearance of peace for reality. This decision means that the new British Ministry must revise the whole scheme of army demobilization.

"The decision is that Great Britain, in proportion to its military strength, must maintain an army of occupation on the Rhine for many months. If the rapid increase in demobilization recently announced were continued there would in a few months be no army in France to undertake the obligations which by common decision of the Allies have been placed upon British soldiers."

The new armistice terms to be presented to Germany by Marshal Foch are unofficially stated here to include the following:

First—Retribution upon the Germans for the murder and ill-treatment of allied prisoners.

Second—The machinery and goods stolen by Germany from France and Belgium to be at once given up. It is pointed out that France alone has 500,000 men who will be out of work until this machinery is returned.

Third—German gold, amounting to more than £100,000,000, to be moved from Berlin to a safe place, probably Frankfort, and protected from Bolshevism in Germany en route. Certain other property to be surrendered.

Fourth—Germany to give over her shipping, of which she is believed to have 4,000,000 tons, to carry food supplies to countries in Europe in need of them.

Fifth—Any U-boats on the stocks to be handed to the Allies for their disposal, or to be destroyed, and no more submarines should be built.

Commenting on the report that the new armistice terms require the destruction of German submarines now under construction, The Daily Mail characterizes this condition as a vital one.

"Some 170 boats have been discovered on hand at German yards," says the newspaper, "and these must obviously be dealt with. Mankind would not be safe if they were left in German hands intact. We may hope, however, that the Peace Conference will forbid submarine construction in future.

"Submarines are valueless for commercial work and are capable of such criminal use in war that they ought not to be tolerated. The British Navy has provided appliances which rob them of their sting, and British submarines are by far the most powerful in the world. Nevertheless, the submarine ought to be banned."

PARIS, Tuesday, Jan. 14.—German gold reserves, which the Allies propose to transfer to Frankfort from the Berlin Reichsbank, totaled 2,262,626,000 marks on Dec. 31, according to the last official report of the Reichsbank.

Compilations made from German official reports relative to paper in circulation give a total of 31,792,313,000 marks. Besides this, there are great quantities of paper which various municipalities have issued.

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the world. No invalids. No children under ten.—Advt.

AGREE ON POLICY TOWARD RUSSIA

Wilson and British Believed to Have Decided on Plans to Check Bolshevism.

MAY USE POLISH TROOPS

Americans Also Agreeable to Sending an Allied Commission to Russia.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—President Wilson's conference on Tuesday with Lloyd George, Balfour, and Bonar Law is believed to have cemented the understanding between the peace plenipotentiaries of the British and American Governments concerning measures necessary to check the spread of Bolshevism, which both regard as the most important issue for the Allies to consider at the present time.

It now appears practically certain that the two Polish divisions which were organized in the United States will be sent from France to Poland to operate against the Bolshevist forces which are endangering the stability of the Government sought to be maintained by the Polish National Committee. That no American or British troops now in service will be sent to Poland seems to be definitely determined, but there is a likelihood that the British at least may call for volunteers to form a separate force, which would be used to augment the Polish commands.

American Troops Not to be Used.

Representatives of the United States continue to deny statements published in the Paris newspapers and repeated in the face of authoritative contradiction that President Wilson has agreed that American troops should go to Poland with the Polish divisions mentioned. Nothing is clearer than that the policy of both the American and British Governments, in their fighting capacity, is not to use any troops raised for the purpose of defeating Germany now that Germany has surrendered. The American and British forces will continue to police occupied German territories and would be called into service possibly to suppress disorders likely to have widespread effect, but beyond that the belligerent activities of the American Expeditionary Forces may be said to have ended.

The main object of both Governments is to arrange world affairs so that their armed forces may be demobilized in the shortest possible time and the personnel sifted back into the channels of peaceful industry at home.

In a measure, it is understood, the willingness of the American and British plenipotentiaries that the Polish divisions should be employed in checking Bolshevism in Poland is a concession to the French view expressed at the meeting of the Supreme War Council with the heads of the peace delegations on Sunday—that as it was impossible effectively to deal with the Russian Bolshevist situation in a military way Poland should be made the

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

MAJORITY IMPOSES SECRECY

French, Italian, and Japanese Favor Closed Doors at Conclave.

BRITISH WRITERS PROTEST

Correspondents Appeal to Lloyd George, While Americans Turn to Wilson.

RECALL PUBLICITY PROMISES

Including One of Fourteen Points on Open Covenants Openly Reached.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—After all that has been promised concerning open discussion in the making of peace, steps were taken at today's session of the Interallied Conference which show that the whole intent is to keep the people of the world in the dark as to what is going on behind the closed doors of the Quai d'Orsay. The representatives of the five great powers adopted a resolution that nothing about their deliberation be disclosed except what was contained in the colorless daily communiqués.

Some of those connected with the conference construe the resolution as meaning that they are to be barred from seeing members of the press.

The whole spirit of the action taken is contrary in every respect to the assurances given to the American people, and already a feeling of discouragement and indignation is displayed among newspaper representatives from allied countries. The British correspondents made a formal protest, which was backed immediately by the American correspondents.

No disclosure has yet been made as to who was responsible for this amazing procedure, and I prefer to withhold a statement until I am more fully informed. The fact remains that the resolution must have been supported by the delegates of at least three powers, which shows how little the doctrine of open covenants, openly arrived at, prevails among those who are engaged in settling the destinies of the world.

Outside of this new and most serious cause for complaint the American correspondents feel that they are not getting a square deal in obtaining information from the American delegation. The daily conferences between the correspondents and members of the delegation are unproductive in every way, and the conclusion has been forced upon the correspondents that the only source of news concerning American participation in the peace negotiations is the President, who is inaccessible.

In spite of condemnation while the war was on of the secret methods prevailing at the Congress of Vienna, the conclusion is being forced upon observers here that this conference is the Congress of Vienna over again.

Opposed by Americans and British.

PARIS, Jan. 15. (Associated Press.)—The question of whether the Peace Conference is to be secret or wholly open to the eyes and ears of the world, the settlement of which has been long awaited, was brought to a focus today when it was announced that an agreement had been made to confine the information given to the public to a daily official communiqué and that a gentleman's agreement prevailed among the delegates not to discuss or in any way give information of the meetings in the Foreign Office.

No written official announcement of this purpose was issued, but word was passed out to this effect, and it was followed by an explosion which quite drowned out the doings of the Peace Commissioners.

The understanding is that the American and British delegates opposed this decision, but that the French, Italians, and Japanese, voting together, prevailed.

The British newspaper correspondents immediately joined in a memorial of protest, which they put before Premier Lloyd George. The American newspaper correspondent united in what is virtually a round robin to President Wilson, in which they protested in measured terms against the decision, and reminded the President of that one of his fourteen points which specifies "open covenants of peace openly arrived at."

The memorial was before the President tonight, and there is every reason

to believe that such a storm has been raised as will force the question before the meeting again before the actual sessions of the Peace Conference begin on Saturday morning.

The question of whether the meetings are to be open or closed has been smouldering for several days. It is associated with conditions which have surrounded the lack of method in making public what has actually been going on in conference for the last month.

The President himself has rarely seen any of the American correspondents, and the newspaper men, who have expressed themselves at a meeting of the organization they have formed as considering themselves trustees, obligated to inform public opinion at home of the moves which are being made here in Paris, have been chafing at what they have characterized as being kept out of touch with the fountainheads of official information, having been confined to information disseminated by an official publicity agent.

Meanwhile, the French newspapers and the British newspapers having Paris editions have been appearing each day with inside information of the conferences, and in some cases have quoted American officials in a manner from which the American correspondents were requested to refrain.

Embarrassed by Breach of Faith.

The American peace envoys have been made indignant at what they regard as a breach of faith on the part of some persons, admitted to the informal discussions they have been holding with newspaper men. These conferences were inaugurated after the delegates arrived in Paris to keep correspondents advised of developments further than those given in official communiqués.

At the outset it was stipulated that nothing communicated to the correspondents during these conferences should be credited to official sources, the restriction being so severe as to prohibit the customary intimations as to sources, so that whatever a correspondent elected to write should be stated on his own responsibility.

Despite this, a statement of informative character, made by Secretary of State Lansing to the newspapermen, appeared in some French newspapers, directly or indirectly attributed to him. It was made more embarrassing to the American delegates because the publications appeared in newspapers opposed to the present French Government.

Because some statements, used in this manner, related to subjects like the denial of the plan to use American troops in Poland, which is understood to be favored by the Clemenceau Government, but is opposed by the Socialists, the American delegates felt that they were in danger of being involuntarily dragged into the complications of French factional political conflicts.

At the request of the American delegation the correspondents then undertook to adopt disciplinary measures and to require a separate understanding from each of their number to observe restrictions imposed regarding news and matters discussed at these conferences in order to prevent further complications and, perhaps, the termination of the present confidential relations between the delegates and the newspaper men.

No British or French Censoring.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The British Foreign Office announced today that the Government does not intend to exercise any censorship over press messages during the Peace Conference. It states that it has received a similar assurance from the French Government.

TWO SESSIONS YESTERDAY.

Morning Meeting Devoted Mainly to Matters of Procedure.

PARIS, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council of the Peace Congress resumed its sessions at 10:30 o'clock today. The members in attendance were Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon for France, President Wilson and Secretary Lansing for the United States, Premier Lloyd George and Foreign Secretary Balfour for Great Britain, Foreign Minister Sonnino for Italy, and Viscount Chinda and Baron Matsui for Japan.

The morning session was devoted entirely to discussion of methods of procedure.

The afternoon session of the Supreme Council adjourned at 5 o'clock.

While the apportionment of delegates to the Peace Conference has not yet been officially made known, the list published after Monday's session of the Supreme Council has caused an unfavorable impression among some of the missions, according to the French press. The Serbians and Belgians are notably dissatisfied with the giving of three delegates to Brazil while they are only permitted two each.

In the case of Belgium, the three seats allotted her by the French plan admitted of the nomination of a representative of each of the parties—Conservatives, Liberals, and Socialists. With only two delegates, the representatives of one party must needs be dropped. Logically it is pointed out, it ought to have been the least important party thus to suffer, but it is impossible to drop from the delegation the Foreign Minister, Paul Hymans, a Liberal. Consequently, the commentators say, it would seem to be Emile Vandervelde, Socialist Minister of Justice, who will be the one eliminated should the Belgian allotment stand.

The Temps inclines to the belief that the discussions of the inter-allied conference will be carried on in both English and French, but remarks that the existence of two authentic texts for the treaty, one in English and one in French, might involve serious inconveniences, as a literal translation is generally impossible. It hopes that French alone will be used in the text of the treaty, as has been done since the Treaty of Westphalia.

GETTING TOGETHER ON LEAGUE

Advocates of Different Plans for World Society Nearer Agreement.

PARIS, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—With the resumption today of the meetings preliminary to the Peace Conference it is apparent that the movement to create a League of Nations is being carried on by two forces, having the same object in view, differing as to the means for making effective the decisions of the proposed world society.

One of these represents the contention that the decision of the league must be backed by its combined physical forces, while the other represents the view that its findings can be enforced without the aid of a common world-police force.

Diplomatists, watching the movement of the two ideas as they come into bearing before the conference, seem impressed with the view that both are moving toward a common ground which, for example, might provide that the nations could reserve for each individual case their decision whether they would utilize armed force or avail themselves of other means.

There is reason to believe that such an arrangement would meet with the support of some of the European statesmen, and there is nothing to indicate that it would be rejected by the American representatives.

This is the feature of the situation as it exists today. The plans are being rapidly put into shape in informal conferences and are working toward a position where the Peace Conference in full session can discuss them thoroughly and then probably name a committee, or commission, from among its membership to produce the framework in writing, with the assistance of the technical advisers.

The work before today's session of the Supreme Council comprised completion of the allotment of representation of the various nations and a further delving into the question of whether Russia should have delegates in the larger body. In a large sense the work today may be compared to that of a credentials committee preceding the sittings of an American national convention. The preliminary sessions will continue work on the question continuously with the expectation of having it entirely disposed of by Saturday, when the first formal sitting of the Peace Congress will be held.

The program commonly agreed upon calls for primary consideration of the forming of a League of Nations and the congress will work on this to the exclusion of all other subjects.

Those European statesmen who now appear friendly to the purpose of putting the League of Nations questions to the fore have repeatedly expressed the view that the formation of the league and the making of peace are joint problems which cannot be dissociated.

The efforts thus seem to be to bend all energies to the laying of the foundations of the league, so that the conference may proceed to the actual making of the peace treaty in the early Spring, even, indeed, if it be only a preliminary one which will dispose of the pressing question of demobilization and the return of the warring countries as nearly as possible to the economic conditions of peace. This is recognized by all the statesmen at the conference as of the utmost necessity, and is not a view confined to the Europeans alone.

The sponsors for the League of Nations plans contemplate the broadening out of the functions of the proposed league as the preliminary discussions proceed, their assumption being that these will range far into the subjects of raw material and finance, proceeding on the theory that the financial or economic domination of smaller nations by the larger is no less a danger than armed domination. The financial program of the league, as viewed in these quarters, will be to consider whether the league itself should lend its aid financially and economically to the small independent States which are rising out of the war.

WILSON SURPRISED ORLANDO?

Daily Mail Says the President Opposes Claims Beyond Trieste and Trent.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—In commenting upon the conference between Premier Orlando of Italy and President Wilson last Friday, persons in touch with the Italian mission declare that the Premier was surprised at Mr. Wilson's attitude, says the Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail.

"President Wilson was firm in his refusal to recognize Italian claims beyond Trieste and Trent," the correspondent writes. "It is known that Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy demands an important part of the Dalmatian coast, as well as the Fiume, while Premier Orlando would be content to give up the Dalmatian coast if sure of Fiume. It is reported that even on this point Mr. Wilson was unwilling to give way.

"While the majority of the inhabitants of Fiume are Italian, that port is the natural outlet for the Austrian Slavs. It is therefore claimed that a few thousand Italians in Fiume are not to be balanced against the needs for a sea outlet for millions of Slavs. It is pointed out that the commercial necessities of the Jugoslavs demand an outlet to the Adriatic, and that if Italy ignores those necessities she may incur the enmity of those populations and create a new danger to the peace of Europe. It is supposed that President Wilson does not consider that Fiume, as a free port in Italian hands, would meet the needs of the Jugoslav hinterland."

TO COMPUTE DAMAGE BILL.

200 American Officers Will Prepare Estimate for Wilson.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—President Wilson will have before him an independent estimate of the actual physical damage suffered by France and Belgium during the war when the Peace Congress reaches the stage of discussing indemnities. A survey is now being planned, and probably will be conducted by more than 200 American Army officers chosen especially for the work.

Many difficulties are presented, for in many of the devastated regions there are absolutely no records available upon which to base an estimate of what existed there before German guns and troops ground the towns and villages into heaps of ruins. The work of visualizing what pre-war conditions were and fixing the proper value for the damage inflicted will, therefore, take many weeks, and probably months.

In the opinion of some observers, the bill of actual damages, when computed, will be so great that the Entente nations probably will be more concerned with the ability of the German people to pay it than with the possibility of exacting further damages in the nature of punitive indemnities and war costs. President Wilson's attitude toward the question of what indemnities are to be exacted from Germany has been made plain on several occasions.

He believes that damages should be restricted to restitution, reparation, and restoration, and should not be extended to financial punishment of the German people.

$400,000,000 FUND NEEDED FOR FOOD

Supreme Relief Council Estimates Minimum Required Until Next Summer.

MOST MUST GO FROM HERE

Allies' Payments Here Will Be Much Larger Than the Amount Wilson Has Requested.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—The Supreme Council of Supply and Relief, which has been engaged for the last three days in considering the situation of the liberated countries stretching from Belgium to Poland and Armenia, has concluded that the minimum sum necessary to feed these peoples until next Summer is $400,000,000.

The Council has asked the treasury departments of the associated Governments to determine how the money can be provided. The allied Governments in Europe, it is said, have agreed to undertake their full responsibilities in the matter.

Considerable difficulty, however, arises from the fact that the bulk of the foodstuffs must come from the United States and, while the allied Governments can pay for transportation and can furnish clothing and other services, the payments made in the United States will greatly exceed $100,000,000 which President Wilson has asked Congress to appropriate.

Herbert C. Hoover, Director General of International Relief, has proposed that a commission representing each of the four great powers be established in each of the countries to be relieved under the general term of "Relief to Liberated Countries."

To Avert Chaotic Conditions.

Mr. Hoover also suggests that every effort shall be made to encourage and sustain the Governments in these countries by placing in their hands the distribution of foodstuffs under the supervision of the allied council to the end that political stability may be obtained by upholding the hands of the Governments. Without stable Governments in these countries, it is believed, there would be no peace, but anarchy and chaos, which might necessitate further military action.

If the arrangement now under discussion can be carried through, it is estimated that more than $100,000,000 will go back to the American people in payment for foodstuffs to be used in these regions. It is expected that a certain amount of actual and tangible payments by the liberated countries can be obtained through the export of such goods and raw material as they possess, and it is regarded as a matter of prime importance by the council to encourage the rehabilitation of industry in order that the peoples may at the earliest possible moment get on their feet economically and be able to support themselves.

All the countries which have set up democratic Governments are struggling to maintain order and to establish themselves permanently. Any failure on the part of the United States to support these issues, the members of the commission are said to believe, will bring ruin in Europe beyond anything since the Middle Ages.

It is understood that the American War Department is co-operating with the Food Administration in sending foodstuffs into various Mediterranean ports, but the distribution of these supplies is necessarily being held up until financial matters can be arranged. The money asked from Congress, it is declared, is solely for the purpose of supporting the liberated countries, and will not be used for relief in Germany.

The conference Tuesday, of the members of the Supreme War Council and the Supreme Council of Supply and Relief was devoted to efforts to find the solution for these problems.

Council Issues Statement.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—An official statement has been issued here relative to the meeting of the Supreme Council of Supply and Relief held at the Ministry of Commerce in Paris on Monday. It follows:

"A statement was before the council summarizing the present position of relief work in regard to Belgium, Northern France, southeastern Europe, and northern Europe. Resolutions were passed respecting the appointment of committees representative of the four associated Governments to supervise arrangements in certain districts.

"Generally speaking, the position in regard to allied and liberated territories is that there is a sufficient world supply of food available to meet their needs, and that all possible steps are being taken to ascertain and meet them and solve the attendant financial and transport questions.

"Pending the presentation of reports by representatives of the four treasuries, it was agreed in principle that all four countries would participate in the financial arrangements. Following upon the decision of the Supreme War Council concerning the utilization of German shipping, certain consequential arrangements were made and representatives of the associated Governments were nominated to deal with the matter.

"Consideration was then given to the position of neutrals in the matter of food supplies. Bulgaria's situation was also discussed. An agreement was likewise reached on certain questions regarding the organization of the council."

URGE $100,000,000 BILL.

State, Treasury, and Food Officials Before Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Representatives of the State and Treasury Departments and the Food Administration appeared today before the Senate Appropriation Committee in executive session to explain the manner in which it is proposed to expend the $100,000,000 President Wilson has asked Congress to appropriate for food relief in Europe, outside of Germany.

The committee had before it the relief bill passed by the House, which provides that some of the fund also may be used for aiding the distressed civilian populations in countries of the Near East formerly under domination of the Turks.

Disposition of the resolution was deferred, with the prospect that hearings would be continued several days.

No information in addition to that already given the House was presented to the Senate committee today, according to Acting Secretary of State Polk. Judge Glasgow, counsel for the Food Administration, presented many cablegrams from Herbert Hoover outlining famine conditions and was closely questioned by many committee members.

An amendment advocated by Republicans, upon which action was postponed, would stipulate that there must be cooperation by England, France and Italy in the relief work. Another minority amendment would require detailed statements of expenditures.

VIENNA GETS BRITISH FOOD.

Tommies Convoy First Trainload for Women and Children.

VIENNA, Jan. 14.—A small body of British troops arrived here today as the convoy of a trainload of foodstuffs, a present from the British Army in Italy to the women and children of Vienna. Great crowds followed the convoy through the streets, giving the men a cordial welcome, but one devoid of any especial enthusiasm.

The British officer in command explained to the burgomaster that the supplies were sent in recognition of the fact that Austria had treated her British prisoners with consideration, in contrast with the inhuman treatment given them by the Germans.

Three additional train loads are to follow the first to alleviate the needs of the women and children until regular shipments begin coming in.

The burgomaster told the British commander that the food had arrived at an opportune moment, as the situation was reaching a crisis through the fact that Vienna had not enough food to last more than the next four days.

When the British convoy marched through the streets of Vienna, it was, perhaps, the first time in history that British troops had appeared in a group in the Austrial capital.

COL. HOUSE HAS INDIGESTION.

Continues to Improve and Expects to be Out in a Few Days.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—Colonel E. M. House, who has been confined to his bed with a slight attack of indigestion, was report to be much better today.

He expects to be out in a day or two.

GERMANS RELUCTANT TO GIVE UP AIRPLANES

Many of Those Surrendered Are Worthless—Large Bombers Are Held Back.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Germany is surrendering the airplanes required by the armistice terms with reluctance, THE NEW YORK TIMES learns from an authoritative source, and the total number to be delivered to the Allies in good and serviceable condition is as yet far from having been reached. German machines were simply left behind without guards in the airdromes, and as the British advancing cavalry patrols reached them, guards were posted. In many cases the cavalry found the machines damaged or deficient in instruments or parts, and the question arises whether they were so left by the Germans or whether they had suffered owing to souvenir-hunting propensities of the civilian population.

This point is being investigated with strict impartiality. On the British sector the proportion of large bombing planes—only about twenty were left by the Germans—is very small. This emphasizes the German comprehension of the commercial possibilities of converted bombers.

The total number of German airplanes collected by the Royal Air Force is just over 500. It does not follow that anything like the whole of this number will be accepted as coming within the armistice definition of "in good condition." Only a small proportion are immediately flyable, and when it is established the Germans left defective machines they will not be accepted. About 170 of the total number were abandoned in open railway trucks and were, of course, left dismantled, a clear evasion of the terms. Both these and those machines which were left in the airdromes suffered from exposure. In two cases the Germans handed over groups of machines to local municipal authorities, insisting on receipts and declarations that they were received complete, and the enormous work caused to the Royal Air Force by this haphazard manner of surrender will be realized.

Only at Nivelles were the German airplanes handed over in the regular manner. Nearly all these were of the newest Fokker type, though there were some Albatross, scout, Pralz, and two Junkers. These last are armored trench fighting machines with wings of corrugated aluminium, and have a pair of machine guns which fire through the floor of the observer's cockpit.

The depot at Nivelles will soon be cleared, and the primary task of noting deficiencies will be accomplished. On the result depends whether the Allies will have more to say to Germany after Jan. 17 about the surrender of airplanes.

RUSSIANS IN PARIS AGREE WITH PICHON

Committee Encouraged by Refusal to Admit Bolshevist Envoys to Peace Conference.

BAKHMETEFF SEES HOPE

Ex-Ambassador Declares Progress is Being Made in Uniting Anti-Bolshevist Factions.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—No state paper has given more encouragement to the Russian Committee in Paris, engaged in the work of restoring Russian unity and sanity, than the letter of Foreign Minister Pichon emphatically refusing, so far as France is concerned, to receive as delegates to the peace conference representatives of the Bolsheviki.

Although this refusal from the French Foreign Minister was provoked by the proposal of Lloyd George that Bolshevists, as well as representatives of other Russian groups, be so received, the Russian diplomats and statesmen now in Paris refuse absolutely to comment on the action of Lloyd George or to criticize the attitude of the British Government. But they freely discuss the points made public by the Pichon reply to Lloyd George on their merits, and they find nothing but inconsistency both in the idea of receiving the Bolshevist delegates at the peace conference and the idea of receiving delegates of other Russian groups as representatives of seperate de facto governments in North and South Russia and Siberia.

They find this inconsistency first in the fact that the Bolshevists deny the very principle of nationality upon which the peace conference is based, and secondly that the other Russian groups opposed to the Bolsheviki do not in reality represent separatist movements but parts of one great movement, the object of which is a democratic, liberal, united Russia.

Bakhmeteff Explains.

Among the members of this Paris Russian Committee, the same statesmen who are fighting for democracy in their country as against anarchy, is Boris Bakhmeteff, Ambassador of the First Revolutionary Government to America. It was he who pointed out to me today the inconsistency of receiving Bolsheviki at the peace conference or of looking upon the several Governments in Russia now struggling against Bolshevism as separate entities.

"As a premise," said M. Bakhmeteff, "we must recognize a sharp distinction between Bolshevism, the Government of Lenine, and those movements in the north and south of Russia and in Siberia opposed to the Bolsheviki and working for real democracy. These latter Governments are all loyal to the Allies and opposed to Germany. As a matter of fact, in the formation of each of these Governments, at Omsk, Archangel, and in the South, formal allegiance was declared to the Allies, as well as enmity to the Central Powers. The Governments still stand for the old alliance between France and Russia and for the common cause which Russia made with France, England and the other Allies at the beginning of the war.

"On the other hand, the Bolsheviki have made an open pact with Germany, have received money and supplies from her, and are openly hostile to the Allies. Therefore, so far as international lines of demarcation made by the war are concerned, the Bolsheviki and other Russian groups are not in the same category at all.

"But there is a line of cleavage going even deeper than that and touching every fundamental principle upon which the remaking of the world must be made. Assume for the moment that the Bolshevist Government is the actually established Government. Even then would it be qualified to send delegates to the Peace Conference? I do not think so. Why? Peace is to be formed on a basis of free, independent States, on a basis of national democratic unities. But the Bolsheviki deny this very underlying principle upon which everything worth striving for must be built. They deny the existence and reality of the very stuff out of which the League of Nations must come. They deny, in other words, national solidarity, and declare for class solidarity, desiring to make over the world on the basis of the international proletariat, which would know no existence of States.

Foes of American Ideals.

"There is absolutely nothing in common between them and what America, England, France, and Italy want. There is no room in their philosophy for the task of making the world safe for democracy. Therefore there is no common ground on which their delegates could be admitted to the world Peace Conference.

"As to the proposal that representatives of the Russian Governments of the North, South and Siberia be admitted as delegates of separate States, there is also an inconsistency, for there is no spirit of separation in these movements. Geographically, it is true, they are far apart, but nationally and politically they are all one thing. They not only make common cause for the Allies and against the Central Powers, but they are all actuated by the same desire to restore the whole of Russia to a single liberal democratic statehood. These three movements in the North, South, and Far East, are all parts of one enterprise. They do not reveal or indicate a dismemberment of Russia to those who understand them, or to those who are leading them. There is no trace of the spirit of separatism about them. On the contrary, it is the purpose of each group to get all together in one Russia as soon as possible. Here in Paris we are striving to establish unity of representation of these geographically separated regions of Russia and we are succeeding.

Bolshevism a World Menace.

"As to Bolshevism itself, we know it is not a danger peculiar to Russia but something that threatens the world. Russia is merely the first victim of this international disease, which is as much opposed to democracy as autocracy is or was. We have beaten down autocracy, but now there is the new danger, just as menacing, in the form of Bolshevism, of anarchy.

"Woodrow Wilson, William II. of Germany, Lenine of Russia, personify three things from which the world must make its choice. The Kaiser has been rejected. The choice is now between that which Wilson represents and what Lenine stands for.

"To come back to the subject of my own country, a strong liberal united Russia would be the defender of the world's safety. That is obvious. Consider for a moment the new small States to be erected in Eastern Europe. They have got to begin their national State lives from the very beginning, and we cannot expect smooth sailing for that from the start. Think what it will mean to have over beyond their eastern borders a big, serene, quieting, non-aggressive State such as United Democratic Russia should be. Think, on the other hand, what it would mean to have there instead a dismembered Russia, in part given over to anarchy, in part made up of other small States, each of which would furnish one more danger point against world peace!

"Such a conglomeration would be no help to guide and safeguard the new European States, but a constant incentive to disorder and, what is more, a field for future German intrigue in which to renew her schemes and build up her economic imperialism. A big, strong, sane Russia will alone save this situation."

EUROPE'S WAR DEBT PERIL.

French Plan of World Guarantee Approved by London Paper.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Daily News in an editorial says:

"It is interesting that the idea of a world guarantee for war debts should come from France because the attitude of France has been more nationalist than that of the English-speaking countries, and because the idea of a League of Nations seemed to be slower in taking root there than here. • • •

"It was inevitable that a proposal for a common guarantee for the indebtedness of the different countries would be put forward. All the nations are staggering under a mountain of debt and all the nations are in urgent need of credit. • • •

"Some of us are better off than others. Leaving Japan out of the question, America has suffered least. She has incurred a heavy debt, of course, for in the last months of the war her expenditures far exceeded even our own, but she is the creditor nation. She lent abundantly to the Allies. We, too, as a setoff to our debt of £8,000,000,000 or so, have large credit claims in respect of loans we have made to our allies and our self-governing Dominions during the last five years.

"On the other hand, the Continental countries have nothing but debts, and if these debts are to be honored and Europe is to be saved from a complete financial catastrophe there must be a common policy for the re-establishment of the world's credit.

"In this matter the separatism of war has no relevance. We cannot cut off the credit of one country from another any more than we can cut off the atmosphere of one country from another. We cannot be indifferent to the Turkish debt or the Austrian debt any more than we can be indifferent to the French debt or the Italian debt. In finance we all sink or swim together and the interest of each is the interest of all."

PUT LEAGUE IN FOREFRONT

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

cal method of carrying out the President's ideals.

In fact, the basis upon which the League proposals will be worked out will be found in the President's fourteen points. Arbitration or mediation will be one of the first principles of the League, and the judicial possibilities of making arbitration or mediation obligatory through permanent institutions will probably be found to have been worked out in detail by Dr. James Brown Scott of the Law Department at Washington.

Armament as an Obstacle.

The question of limitation of armaments will be one of the crucial difficulties in the formation of the League, for although the lifting of this burden from the world is one of the chief desiderata of all, the views as to where the margin of safety lies differ considerably. The French position in regard to the dangers to be feared from an unregenerated Germany, and the British view of the future possibilities of a menace to the imperial communications by sea, may be instanced.

Another point which will receive attention is that the League of Nations should not merely adopt measures of law and force to prevent future wars, but should proclaim trusteeships over nations and districts where disturbances of the peace may be expected. To this end, it will be necessary for the League to have an adequate police force, and it may be taken as a certainty that in the constitution of such a force the United States will be called upon to contribute its due quota.

The questions of standing armies and conscription inevitably arise out of this situation. Great Britain will undoubtedly oppose any suggestion that makes for conscription.

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UPHOLDS BARRING OF THE BOLSHEVIKI

London Morning Post Disapproves Their Representation at the Peace Conference.

BRITISH PRESS AT VARIANCE

Chronicle Says England's Attitude is Misrepresented—Public's Abhorrence of Reds.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Morning Post this morning gives prominence to THE NEW YORK TIMES editorial on the British proposal to recognize the Bolsheviki at the Peace Conference. In an editorial The Morning Post says that in declining the proposal the French Government took the only course consistent with its honor and dignity.

This paper regards it as "most unfortunate that from the moment of the Russian revolution this country has never devised a policy toward Russia," and says that "if we except Lloyd George's speech delivered to the Supreme War Council, we find no declaration of a Russian policy other than the recent negative statement that the British Government had decided to send no more troops to Russia.

Arguing in favor of allied intervention in Russia, the paper says that there are two aspects of the case to be considered.

"The one is that to leave Russia alone in her extremity would be what Viscount Milner has described as an abominable betrayal, a betrayal so extraordinarily inconsistent with all fine sentiments we have heard lately that we must continue to believe it will not be permitted. The other aspect is the question of self-defense and security of Western civilization.

Points Menace of Bolshevism.

"If Bolshevism is allowed to spread, it will infect every capital in Europe and there will arise the worst of all wars—civil conflict—in every country, and that at a time when the allied nations have not yet settled their accounts with Germany."

The Morning Post agrees that intervention in Russia on behalf of loyal Russians presents many difficulties. It says the chief difficulty would be solved if the allied Governments and America would agree upon a definite policy, would make that policy known, and would proceed at once to carry it into execution.

The editorial criticism by THE NEW YORK TIMES was also reproduced here by The London Times and is supported in The Globe, which declares itself "simply not able to understand" how the suggestion to deal with the Russian Bolsheviks could have been made.

In this the Globe undoubtedly expresses the attitude of the country toward Bolshevism as revealed by the recent election. Practically every candidate who could be accused of any sympathy with extremist views was then defeated by an overwhelming majority, and it was plainly demonstrated how slight were the inroads which Bolshevist ideas had made on the British public.

On the other hand, it was also shown that there was a great distaste for further Russian adventure. The questions asked of candidates showed that the public generally wanted demobilization and was heartily opposed to the employment of the conscript army in military operations for which it was not raised.

This country is undoubtedly war weary, but it might take a different attitude toward the Russian expedition if it were intrusted to a volunteer force. So far, however, there has been no authoritative lead given by responsible statesmen.

The British nation abhors Bolshevism, but would avoid, if possible, spending more blood in interfering in Russian affairs. If, however, a leader with authority would attack the new tyranny with something of the zeal Gladstone used in denouncing the Bulgarian atrocities, he might easily carry the nation with him.

The Chronicle's diplomatic correspondent, on the other hand, says the British attitude to Russia has been misrepresented as a consequence of that "indiscretion" in publication by L'Humanité of the British proposal. The correspondent says:

"It has given rise to the assumption, entirely gratuitous, that Great Britain has no fixed policy but is swayed by vague sentimentality whereas, it is at least equally arguable that her suggestion had a rhetorical purpose, and came at the end of correspondence on the subject. At least it may be conceded that certain proposals are put forward not as representing the last word but because they offer grounds for discussion."

WILSON MAY VISIT ENGLAND.

Hopes to Return Via Queenstown and Inspect Base of Our Fleet.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—President Wilson may visit England on his way back to the United States next month, but it will not be to confer with statesmen there. He has hoped to be able to sail from a British port, probably Queenstown, and have an opportunity to inspect the base of the American flotilla which did such remarkable work in the anti-submarine warfare.

Mr. Wilson, it is said, might decide, if he visits England, to stop for a few hours at Oxford to receive an honorary degree which that university wishes to confer on him. He would not necessarily visit London on this journey. If, when the President starts homeward, he should feel it necessary to return to Europe later, he might postpone his visit to Oxford, but if he feels there is any doubt about his coming back to the Peace Congress, he might go to Oxford to receive this degree.

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SEES BANKRUPTCY FACING GERMANY

Cost of the War Said to Have Practically Equalled Nation's Total Capital.

RAILWAY REVENUE GONE

People Spend Money Recklessly for Fear That It Will Soon Become Worthless.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 14.—Confronted with dangers from without, Germany is internally torn by political dissension and in the grip of practical bankruptcy and starvation.

As regards her economic state, I have learned the following details from an observer who has been closely watching the course of events:

The war cost Germany some $100,000,000,000, which practically equals her total capital. Should the war loans be honored, the interest charge would involve an increase in taxation over the last peace budget of about $3,500,000,000. The handsome surplus previously yielded by the Prussian State railways has now disappeared and the result of working the railways is more likely to be a deficit.

The financial situation is aggravated by the loss of the feeling of security. A traveller who recently returned from Berlin tells me that money is now worth only a day's purchase, as no one knows what may happen the following day.

With no incentive to save, the people are indulging in a wild orgy of expenditure, determined to enjoy money while they have it. This desire for immediate expenditure, I am told, is prompting many of the strikes for higher wages which are impeding the restoration of the country.

Iron Ore Sources Lacking.

As evidence of the state of affairs regarding raw materials with which Germany is faced, my informant gave me the following figures about iron ore: In order to produce her annual product of some 14,000,000 tons of iron, Germany required 50,000,000 tons of ore. Her own output of ore, exclusive of that from Alsace, amounted to only about 8,000,000 tons, the difference having to be imported mainly from France, Luxemburg, Spain, Sweden, Norway, Tunis and Algeria, while about 21,000,000 tons were obtained from Alsace.

With the French and French-controlled markets closed against her, and Luxemburg probably lost to the German Customs Union, Germany will be hard put to it to find raw material to feed her furnaces. The effect is felt already at Krupp's, whose employes have been reduced from 120,000 to 10,000.

It must be remembered that Germany's purchasing power is heavily reduced because of the fall in the mark, which now equals about one-third of its normal value.

As regards food, my informant, who followed the Food Dictator's announcements and distribution cards for a period of two years, tells me that these cards entitle people to only one-fifth of the nourishment considered necessary by scientists, and the supplies authorized by the cards are not always forthcoming.

Prior to the war Berlin consumed about 1,200,000 litres of milk per day, while the supply now available is only some 180,000 litres. Practically there has been no milk, butter, eggs or cheese for months past.

Fats Almost Unobtainable.

The sugar ration per person is now a pound and a half per month, that of potatoes about seven pounds per week, bread—and that very bad—half a pound daily, with until lately twenty grammes of fat per day. But fat has now practically disappeared.

With the Russian food supplies lost to her, with home production of food reduced to one-sixth of the previous output, and with the potato crop left to be frostbitten in the ground owing to lack of labor, it can be said that Germany's food supplies have really broken down. Her potato supply will last only a few weeks, her cereals only until February.

How this has affected the population can be gathered from the following statistics, prepared by the old régime, but only lately made available: In 1917 the mortality rate for the whole of Germany was 32 per cent. higher than for 1913, and for only the first three-quarters of 1918, 34 per cent. higher. In towns having populations of over 15,000, deaths from tuberculosis amounted in 1913 to 40,334 and in only the first half of 1918 to 41,800. Deaths from respiratory troubles amounted in 1913 to 46,000; in 1917 to 61,000; and in only the first half of 1918 to 34,500. These statistics do not contain the very large number of deaths from the Spanish sickness.

REDS RAVAGE LITHUANIA.

Rob and Torture Land Owners as They Move on Warsaw.

WARSAW, Jan. 13, (Associated Press.) Bolshevist guerilla bands are carrying out many depredations in Lithuania as they advance in the direction of Warsaw. A landowner named Michulsky, who lived in a village near Baranovichi, has arrived in Warsaw, and relates how he and his wife were tortured by the Bolsheviki.

One day his house was surrounded by a band of twenty armed men. Only Michulsky and his wife, a French woman, were in the house. The men demanded money and Michulsky told them he did not have much. The leader of the band then told his followers to undress Michulsky. The bandits tore the clothes from both Michulsky and his wife. They beat the landowner's wife with a whip and pounded Michulsky with the butts of their guns. Michulsky finally agreed to give the men 15,000 rubles.

After accepting the money the band rifled the house and stole all the clothes of Michulsky and his wife. They told Mme. Michulsky that she belonged to the "dirty Allies," adding:

"All your people will soon be like us. There will not be any more property owners. We are going to Warsaw, and then we will overrun Europe."

Later the bandits asked for more money, and tortured Michulsky and his wife until Mme. Michulsky became unconscious, and her husband's wrists were broken. Michulsky gave them 13,000 rubles more, all the money he had. Then, after stealing all the valuables in the house and the horses on the farm, the men demanded liquor. There not being any liquor about, they gave the Michulskys a final beating and then went off to a neighboring house.

They did not find any money there so, Michulsky says, they set fire to the house and shot down the family as they attempted to escape. A girl of eighteen almost made good her escape, but was brought down with a second shot as she ran. The bandits then beat the girl to death with the butts of their guns.

Up to this time the Lithuanian peasants had taken no part in the robberies and cruelties of the Bolsheviki. The peasants themselves are being robbed by the Bolsheviki.

The commanders of the retiring German troops are reported to be carrying on systematic schemes of getting money. One plan is to sell the farms back to their owners before retiring or, if they are unwilling to buy, to sell them to the peasants. One proprietor was told he could have his wheat crop for a payment of 30,000 marks, with the threat that if the offer was not accepted the wheat would be sold to the peasants.

GERMAN ARMY NOW NUMBERS 1,250,000

Its Morale in a Crisis Is Big Question, Despite Efforts Made by Hindenburg.

MANY OFFICERS RETAINED

Re-enlistment of Demobilized Men to Protect the Fatherland Also an Important Factor.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 15.—It is not to be supposed that the German Army has completely disintegrated or that it has ceased to be a potential military machine. Of course, it today is nothing like it was on Nov. 11, but it perhaps is equal in size to what the German Army was the first of July, 1914.

There were about 3,500,000 men in the German Army when hostilities ceased; there are more than 1,000,000 men in the German Army today. Its morale in a crisis is a big question.

But it must be borne in mind that Hindenburg has kept up a large part of the officers' corps, and officers, and the skeletons of many regiments and divisions of which most of the privates have been demobilized. Hindenburg plans to turn over his command of the army to the Government on Feb. 1, and it is his intention to deliver then an appreciable army for whatever use the Government may seek to put it to.

Many Germans Deserted.

An expert has given me the following statement as to the best information on the morale of the German Army:

"In addition to the men regularly demobilized, large numbers have deserted. Considerable numbers of soldiers actually with their regiments in their depots are doing little more than collecting pay. In general such soldiers as remain with the colors appear to have little disposition to obey military orders which involve personal danger to themselves. Of the few exceptions at present appear to be some units employed in enforcing order in Berlin.

"The morale of the volunteer forces is yet to be tried. Officers who have not been regularly demobilized appear to be largely remaining at their post, marking time in anticipation of any turn of events which may restore the normal military procedure. There are many evidences of their attempts to restore regimental life on the same lines as existed in the depots prior to the war, but their efforts do not appear to extend to the enforcement of objectionable orders.

"So long as the present lack of unity of purpose and control continues the German Army is of negligible value for any military operations. Nevertheless, if any turn of events should happen to bring about any common inspiration among the German people there still exists a skeletonized German organization which in such an event might quickly become an effective army."

In consideration of the German Army, especial attention should be paid to the nationwide enlistment of volunteers now going on, under which many men demobilized are again joining the army in response to the call for troops to protect Germany on the east and maintain order within the boundaries of the nation.

For the most part the German divisions have gone to their home districts—that is, the regions where they were garrisoned before the war. This is not true of some forces on the eastern border, which are being held in readiness to fight against the threatened invasion of the Fatherland by the Poles or by the Bolsheviki.

It has been proved not true that all German soldiers except two classes have been discharged. The classes of '96, '97, '98, and '00 have not been discharged officially. Members of classes of '96 and '97 living in occupied Germany have been discharged, and the discharge of all members of these classes had been promised for February, but has not yet taken place.

The size of a class in Germany averages 500,000, but of course there have been heavy tolls among these classes, and the estimate of the number of men now in the German Army is placed at 1,250,000.

How great have been the inroads of Bolshevist preaching in their ranks no one yet, not even their commissioned officers, knows accurately. The officers remain generally faithful to their commanders. It is in the officers' corps that Hindenburg places great reliance as a force to restore order in Germany should the old commander be called upon to undertake that task.

Demobilization of Staffs.

While we have fairly accurate data as to the demobilization of privates, the extent of the demobilization of staffs of divisions and regiments is not so easy to get. In general, it is believed that the Germans will disband all regiments and divisions which were not part of the German Army before the war, except certain new divisions formed of old regiments. It seems that at fewest fifty divisions' skeletons are now functioning and being built up from men from other divisions. The completion of this work would give a standing army of approximately 1,000,000 men.

Great importance is attached to the public volunteer recruiting now going on, and unemployment among the demobilized soldiers seems to be aiding this work. Recruiting posters call for lovers of their country to shield it against invasion from the East and against the Bolshevist poison from within.

A number of German divisions on the Russian-Balkan line have not been at all demobilized, and units whose home districts are in the region next to the Poles appear to be preparing for operations without much change in their personnel. In addition, units whose home districts are in and about Berlin are there and recently other units, although not any large number, have been moved into the vicinity of the capital. Units belonging in occupied territory are distributed in occupied districts.

A careful review of the situation in a belt of 150 kilometers from the Rhine eastward shows that there are in that territory only units which were there before the war or which occupation has moved there. This means that no precautions have been taken by the Germans looking toward a resumption of hostilities with the Allies.

While on the eastern front the army staffs continue to operate, in the rest of Germany the army staffs have disbanded, and local command is vested in the corps staffs which were Germany's system before the war.

Headquarters to Close.

We have information that on or about Feb. 1 Hindenburg will close his General Headquarters at Cassel and pass on its functions to the War Ministry at Berlin.

The last official task of Burgomaster Clostermann, who died the day before yesterday, was to prepare a statement of the part that the City of Coblenz played in supporting the personnel of the German Army. His report showed that the total number of soldiers drafted from the City of Coblenz, with 70,000 population, was 11,723. Of this number 1,033 were killed or died, and 449 were discharged because of wounds. Since the armistice 6,532 have been demobilized. Had America been called on to place the same proportion of soldiers in the field as did Coblenz she would have had an army of 17,000,000.

REDS PLAN REUNION OF AUSTRIAN LANDS

Vienna, Budapest, and Prague Extremists Seek Agreement for Joint Political Action.

BAUER OBSTRUCTS RELIEF

Austrian Leader Attempts to Increase Discontent by Keeping Allied Food from Vienna.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Jan. 13.—Although political developments in the States which formerly composed the Empire of the Hapsburgs seem peaceful enough in comparison with the outbreaks of Bolshevist frenzy in Germany, there are certain signs that a storm is also breaking in German-Austria, Hungary, and even in Bohemia.

It is a very significant symptom that attempts are at present being made by the extreme Socialist elements in Budapest, Vienna, and Prague to effect an agreement between Hungarian, German-Austrian and Bohemian Socialist parties, with a view to joint political action.

The Hungarian Communists, among whom Bolshevism is most prevalent, and who are in close touch with the Russian Soviet, are the chief promoters of this scheme. At a recent meeting of the Budapest Workmen's Council eighty delegates voted in favor of a proposal to conclude an alliance between the Hungarian Communist Party and the German-Austrian Social Democrats. The idea of the alliance, by which the Hungarian, German-Austrian and Bohemian Socialists would pledge themselves to afford one another support in their attempts to prevent the formation of a Bourgeois Government and to establish proletarian domination, is certainly gaining ground.

This plan, the realization of which would incidentally reunite the dismembered Hapsburg Empire under the red flag, is regarded with favor by the Viennese Socialists, who for the same reason are the only powerful party left in German Austria today which still obstinately advocates union with socialistic Germany and is the sworn enemy of the Entente.

It is no secret in Vienna that Bauer, the Austrian Socialist leader, has been secretly intriguing to prevent German Austria from being supplied with food by the Entente. He has raised difficulties of all kinds in order to prevent food from reaching Vienna, for the Austrian Socialists fear that the Allies' generous action toward their fallen enemy may influence the population and forestall not only union with Germany, but also the establishment of Socialistic rule, and any humanitarian intervention calculated to alleviate the misery and discontent of the working classes fills them with selfish dismay.

Bauer's unscrupulous and heartless intrigues show to what lengths the Socialist leaders in Eastern Europe are prepared to go to realize their ambitions.

Moreover, the entire territory of the former Austro-Hungarian Empire is flooded with Bolshevist agents, most of whom are liberated Austrian and Hungarian war prisoners, dispatched from Russia owing to the general state of disorganization. These agents find no difficulty in passing from Hungary into Austria and Bohemia without passports. Their propaganda is beginning to bear fruit even in Bohemia, which until lately seemed altogether free from Bolshevism. The attempt to assassinate Kramarcz is not, as was at first supposed, the isolated act of a youthful fanatic, but the consequence of a Bolshevist plot in which numerous accomplices are involved. A marked change is noticeable in the tone of the Czech press, whose chief organ, The Pravo Lidu of Prague, attacks Professor Masaryk's Government, saying, the "millionaires Kramarcz, Rashin, Praczec, and Svehla dominate it. It is devoted to the Bourgeois interests and remains deaf to the wishes of the working classes, who demand the nationalization of mines and industries and the confiscation of war profits," adding: "If the Government persists in its capitalistic policy much longer it will be overthrown."

During the last two days numerous meetings of a frankly revolutionary character have been held at Prague, and serious riots have occurred in the towns of Ziskow, Klapno, and Dux, where large warehouses were plundered by the mob. In Hungary, which is a hotbed of Bolshevism, the agitation is, of course, most critical of all. Count Karolyi's Government, even in the opinion of its supporters, seems doomed presently to succumb in its hopeless struggle against the continual Bolshevist and counter-revolutionary conspiracies. The triumph of extreme Socialism in Budapest would naturally exert an immediate influence on Vienna and Prague and further the Socialist plan of united action against the Bourgeois classes and in conjunction with Bolshevist Russia and Socialistic Germany against the Entente.

CZAR'S HIDING PLACE

Given as Monastery of Vershoturik, in the Ural Mountains.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 15.—The Aftontidningen of Stockholm says that a Russian officer living in Stockholm and a near acquaintance of the ex-Czar and his family was told that the family, at the beginning of the rebellion of the Bolsheviki, was taken to the Monastery of Vershoturik in the Ural Mountains and that having been there all the time is probably alive yet.

Hindenburg May Fight Poles.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 15.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg will soon take command of the German troops opposing Polish forces in eastern Germany, according to advices received here from Bromberg, quoting newspapers printed in the Province of Posen.

ARREST REDS FOR PLOT TO KILL CLEMENCEAU

Swiss Seize Bolshevists in Geneva and Lausanne and Intern Them.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Jan. 14.—Numbers of Bolshevist agents of Russian and German nationality have been arrested in Geneva and Lausanne. The arrests are connected, the Tribune de Geneve says, with a Bolshevist plot in Lausanne against the life of M. Clemenceau. The arrested Bolsheviki, among whom are several women, have been sent under escort to Fort Savatan, above St. Maurice, where they will be interned.

CUT PERU RAILWAY; LIMA IN DARKNESS

Strikers Also Attempt to Stop City's Water Supply to Coerce Employers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Dispatches to the State Department today said that all business between Lima and Callao, Peru, had been suspended as a result of the dynamiting of part of the Central Railway during strike disturbances which began in Lima Monday.

The city lighting system was attacked with resulting darkness through the city, and an unsuccessful effort was made by the strikers to interfere with the city water supply. The city is being patrolled by policemen armed with rifles, and soldiers.

A cablegram to the Peruvian Legation today from the Peruvian Foreign Minister said it was expected that the strike would be ended within twenty-four hours, as conferences between the workmen and officials were taking place today under Government supervision.

LIMA, Jan. 15.—An unconfirmed report has been received here that strikers have dynamited the power transmission lines on the Morocoha properties of the Cerro de Pasco Company, flooding the mines. Cavalry reinforcements were dispatched to Morocoha.

GRATEFUL TO NEW YORKER.

People of Ruined Italian Town Present Medal to Seymour Raikley.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Jan. 15.—Seymour Raikley of New York has been the principal figure in a pathetic ceremony which has just taken place. Raikley belongs to the American Red Cross and has done splendid work at the Italian front, relieving and comforting the inhabitants of villages destroyed by the Austrian bombardments.

After the victory at Vittorio and Veneto, Raikley was one of the first Americans to enter ruined Conegliano. He took food and warm clothes to the inhabitants, who had suffered all kinds of hardships under Austrian rule. What was left of the population of Conegliano, mostly peasants, wished to express in tangible form their gratitude to this American who had done so much to help them. All clubbed together, each bringing a small offering, to buy a gold medal for presentation to Raikley to show their deep gratitude. Women came up with their last savings, saying they were glad to give them. "He saved my small child from dying of hunger," said one. Another explained: "My old mother was bedridden. He personally came and gave her blankets and food."

Raikley in receiving the gift was visibly moved as he delivered a short speech of thanks to the crowd which surrounded him.

MERCURIUS TO SAIL TODAY.

The American steamship Mercurius will sail from Pier 61, North River, this afternoon for Constantinople and Beirut, carrying supplies to relieve the suffering Armenians, Greeks, and Syrians. Her cargo consists of foodstuffs, cloth, medical supplies, motor trucks, and other material. She is being sent out by the American Committee for Relief in the Near East and will be followed in a few days by the new steamship Western Belle, which is now loading 8,000 tons of flour.

Service Stripes for Welfare Workers

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Service insignia for members of welfare agencies on duty with the organized forces of the army overseas was provided for in an order issued today by the War Department. The chevron prescribed for each six months' service and for each wound will be an equilateral triangle of silver braid one-eighth of an inch wide. Service triangles will be worn on the left sleeve of the coat and wound triangles on the right sleeve.

Favor the Roosevelt Park.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Designation of the giant Redwood district at the crest of the Sierras in California as Roosevelt National Park, as proposed in a bill by Senator Phelan of California, was approved unanimously today by the Senate Public Lands Committee.

TALK OF COUP D'ETAT IN HOLLAND ON JAN. 20

Revolutionary Meetings Held at Rotterdam—Wynkoop Again at Head of Movement.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 13.—Revolutionary meetings are taking place in Rotterdam, attended by Dutch, Russians, and Germans, and it is stated that a coup d'état and riots are planned for Jan. 20.

The Haagsche Post states that 4,000,000 gulden have been sent to Holland by the Bolsheviki for propaganda in Holland and Belgium. Socialist Leader Wynkoop, who recently was not allowed to go to Germany, is again at the head of the movement. The Dutch Socialist leader, recently speaking at Braunschweig, stated that Holland could not withstand the revolution much longer.

The people of Holland were greatly surprised at the final outcome of the last uprising. The great royalist demonstration at the time was the feat of the Catholic Party with the help of the capitalists and Court circles. The oldest and most aristocratic families turned out to cheer the Queen on Amalie Feld at The Hague, but big demonstrations of this sort can hardly be repeated.

A Dutch committee at Herenveen has drawn up an address to President Wilson signed by 4,000 persons, asking the President to allow representatives of all States to attend the Peace Conference in order to co-operate in the organization of a League of Nations.

NEW GRAND DUCHESS REIGNS IN LUXEMBURG

Princess Charlotte Succeeds Her Elder Sister, Marie Adelaide, Who Abdicated.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—The Government of Luxemburg in an official note today informed the French Government of the succession to the throne of Princess Charlotte Adelgonde, in place of Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide, who has abdicated.

Princess Charlotte took the oath as Grand Duchess this afternoon before the Chamber of Deputies of Luxemburg, which previously had approved her succession.

The new Grand Duchess Charlotte is the eldest of the five sisters of former Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide. She was born on Jan. 23, 1896, and is eighteen months younger than the former Grand Duchess.

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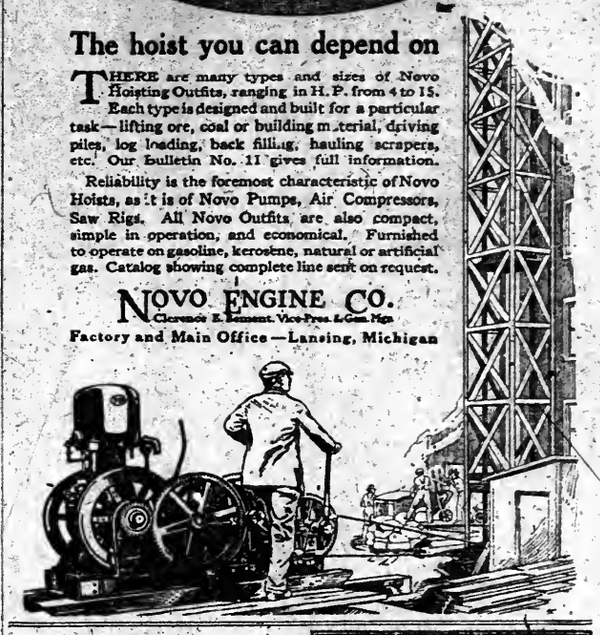

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Corresponding additional Sleeping Cars northbound
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There's something about them you'll like—

Herbert Tareyton London Cigarettes

COMPELS CITIZENS TO GIVE UP ARMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

on piers resembling those of the New York elevated road.

There was fierce fighting here between the Government troops and the Spartacides on housetops, lasting from 10 to 11 P. M. Passing trains were constantly exposed to fire, and it was said that the Spartacides were shooting at the trains to terrorize the passengers and employers and stop all traffic.

They certainly succeeded in compelling the passengers to crouch together at the bottom of the cars, trembling, while the trains raced at high speed through the danger zone.

This morning the subways were closed by the employes striking. It is true that they had been negotiating with the company for some days for higher wages and seemed in a fair way to come to an agreement, but at a meeting one morning it was decided to compel the company to concede all demands by a strike. The fact was that the employes wished to have traffic suspended, fearing that their lives were endangered. Probably their demands will be granted and the subway will be reopened again tomorrow if the Spartacides permit.

Several cars were hit last night by rifle bullets and several persons were wounded by splinters, but none seriously. It is reported from Munich that a fast train from Berlin was stopped in an open field by a danger signal just before reaching Regensburg. A hundred and sixty Spartacides jumped out and fled. Twenty-six suspected passengers, who remained, were captured. All were fugitives from Berlin.

The Spartacides captured in the Vorwaerts Building had rifled the cash drawers and safes of neighboring stores containing a million and a half of marks.

All dwellers in the newspaper district spent from three to seven days there in cellars, the other parts of the houses being unsafe.

TRACE LIEBKNECHT LINK WITH MOSCOW

BERLIN, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—The wife and youngest son of Dr. Liebknecht, head of the Spartacides, who were arrested when Liebknecht's house was sorrounded by soldiers and searched yesterday, have been liberated. Many, incriminating Bolshevist documents were seized.

Liebknecht's eldest son is still in the hands of the police and the Spartacide chief's sister was arrested yesterday. Among others arrested was Fraulein Jakob, Secretary of the Spartacus Union.

Still nothing is known of the whereabouts of Dr. Liebknecht, former chief of Police Eichhorn or Rosa Luxemburg.

Jan. 14.—Dr. Liebknecht, George Ledebour, head of the revolutionary Independent Socialist element, and the immediate supporters of these revolutionary chiefs, were so certain that their plans for the recent uprising would succeed that they had prepared a proclamation, dated Jan. 6, in which the Ebert-Scheidemann Government was declared to be deposed and formal announcement was made that the Government had been taken over by the revolutionists.

It was already known that Dr. Liebknecht and the then Police Chief Eichhorn had told Lieutenant Fischer, the city commandant, on the day named that it had been decided to overthrow the Government, and documentary evidence to this effect is now adduced by the Vorwärts in the form of the proclamation referred to.

Text of Liebknecht Proclamation.

The proclamation was addressed to "Comrades! Workmen!" and read:

The Government of Ebert and Scheidemann has made itself impossible. It is hereby declared deposed by the undersigned Revolutionary Committee and representatives of the revolutionary workmen and soldiers (Independent Social Democratic Party and Communistic Party.) The undersigned Revolutionary Committee has temporarily taken over the Government's affairs.

Comrades and workmen, give your support to the measures of the Revolutionary Committee.

Berlin, Jan. 6, 1919.
THE REVOLUTIONARY COMMITTEE, per LEBEDOUR, LIEBKNECHT, and SCHOLZE.

The proclamation which, including the signatures, was typewritten, was presented to Lieutenant Hamburger at the Ministry of War, on Jan. 6 by a marine who appeared before the Ministry with 800 armed men from the royal stables, which was then one of the headquarters of the revolutionists. The marine demanded that the Ministry be turned over to him.

Lieutenant Hamburger objected to the typewritten signatures, but said he was ready to surrender the Ministry to the new Government if the document were properly signed.

The troops withdrew and returned later with the proclamation bearing the personal signatures of Liebknecht and Scholze, together with an annotation by Dr. Liebknecht signing himself "as the representative of Georg Ledebour, who is for the moment absent."

Lieutenant Hamburger took the proclamation, but retained the Ministry in his own hands.

"It is characteristic of Liebknecht's cynical conscienceless ness, as well as of his naïve megalomania, that he believed he could with a stroke of the pen lead the entire War Ministry to faithlessness and rebellion," says the Vorwärts in its comment.

RHINELAND'S HOPE RISES.

Encouraged by Firm Stand at Berlin Against Revolutionists.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 14.—The firm stand taken by the Berlin Government against the Spartacides has made a deep impression on the people in this section, everywhere feelings of renewed confidence being manifested.

Numerous political meetings are being held, the speakers exhorting their hearers to elect candidates to the National Assembly who will build for Germany a strong, conservative Government. The population hereabouts expresses the hope that if the Spartacides again appear to have a chance of obtaining control in Berlin American troops will go there to enforce order.

CONFERS ON CONSTITUTION.

German Cabinet Also Discusses Assembly—Move for New Republic.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—A Copenhagen dispatch says that the German Cabinet met yesterday to discuss the new constitution and to consider proposals for the meeting of the National Assembly. Germany's participation in the Peace Congress was also taken up. The meeting will be continued today.

The Government of Brunswick has issued a proclamation proposing the formation of a "Central North German Federal Republic" with a preliminary constitution resembling that of Switzerland. Soldiers and workmen's councils in various districts are asked to pass upon the question.

Employes of the elevated and underground railroads in Berlin have struck, as their demand for higher wages has not been met. It is not known when traffic will be resumed.

CHEMNITZ REBUKES RADICALS.

Their Vote 6,269 Out of 117,000—Liberal Gains in Wuerttemberg.

BERLIN, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—The numerical unimportance of the Bolshevist elements outside of Berlin has been demonstrated again by city elections.

At Chemnitz, in a total vote of more than 117,000, the combined Spartacides and independents polled 6,269 and the Majority Socialists 64,534.

A comparison of the Württemberg results with the vote in the Reichstag election of 1912 shows the enormous growth of the Democratic vote. Whereas the Progressives polled only 18 per cent. of the total vote in 1912, they received nearly a third of the whole vote last Sunday.

OUR TROOPS THINK THEY DELAY PEACE

Believe Their Early Return to America Would Speed Up Conferees' Work.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—Our soldiers want to go home. With the exception of comparatively few adventuring spirits who would not mind seeing Germany or even tackling Russia, our men are eager to get back to America.

As long as there was a real war to be fought to save the world and particularly the United States from German aggression they were game for it all the way to Berlin if necessary. But among the soldiers it is held that the purpose for which they came to Europe has been accomplished.

They argue that it is not justifiable to keep them here to do police duty or to furnish a basis of establishing some kind of balance in Europe or to put down anarchy in Russia or to occupy Germany or even to help establish a League of Nations.

The latter should be a question of moral suasion. If we cannot persuade Europe to adopt American ideas and ideals, then we should leave Europe to work her own salvation in her own time and her own way, extending all possible aid, moral and material, from the other side of the Atlantic.

It is argued that the presence here of the American Army creates an artificial situation, which prevents the operation of natural forces for restoring European equilibrium. Germany no longer possesses organized military power on land or sea. Four and a half years of war have spent the military spirit in the allied armies. Sheer exhaustion creates a condition favorable for peace plans.

But it is urged that the presence of an unspent American Army furnishes a basis for individual national hopes, ambitions, and demands. European countries are tempted to count American military strength as a part of their stock in trade and may be drawn into enterprises not properly part of the work of establishing peace. From the American soldiers' viewpoint the war is over, and they do not see why they should be held here while statesmanship dilly-dallies with peace details.

The sentiment of the soldiers is shared in other American circles here. It is widely believed that if it was determined and announced that the American Army would be sent home just as rapidly as transportation could be provided it would clear the atmosphere and speed up peace proceedings.

From six to ten months are required to transport all the troops, which would incidentally provide enough American soldiers for a sufficiently long period to take care of all legitimate needs in Europe.

Lost and Found Advertisements next to last page.

"On the morrow I will make my will"

How many men and women have said that for whom tomorrow has never come, because they kept putting off and putting off this very important duty. No tomorrow is half so good as today for will-making, or for any other important business.

How many more times are you going to say "On the morrow I will make my will?"

On the today is the only time that you can be sure to do this thing for your family's security in the future. *On the today* is the time to see your lawyer and have him prepare your will and name this Company your executor and trustee.

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If you have not appointed a Trust Company executor of your estate, write for our pamphlet "Why a Trust Company," which tells you why you should.

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Friday, Jan. 17, 8 P. M.

Free Seats for Men in Uniform

Reserved Seats, 50c and $1, at Putnam's Book Store, 2 W. 45th St. Women's National Com., 415 Madison Ave. American Defense Society, 44 E. 23d St.

Free tickets also obtainable.

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Women's Shoes Reduced to $3.95 and $7.95

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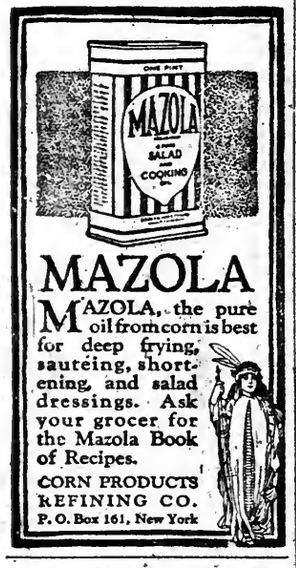

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Start your dinner right with

Club Cocktails

They harmonize with hospitality and never vary from good taste.

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250 ft. 30-in. Segment Sewer Block and 1,250 ft. 36-in. Segment Sewer Block.

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CASPER RANGER CONSTRUCTION CO.

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Cuticura Soap
—and Ointment for—
Skin Troubles

All druggists: Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 42, Boston."

AMERICA INVADED, AS R. S. BAKER SAW IT

Article Published in 1915 Pictured Nation as Supine in Face of Germans.

SHIPS SUNK, FORTS USELESS

Publicity Man for Peace Conference Described Delighted Hun Invaders as Finally Settling Here.

Ray Stannard Baker, who has been appointed by President Wilson to be publicity man for the American Peace Commissioners, wrote for the American Magazine of January, 1915, of which he was editor, an article which caused widespread comment at the time, in support of extreme theories of disarmament and nonresistance.

Mr. Baker pictured America, with her fleet sunk and army disbanded voluntarily, invaded by a German host who found that they liked the country so much that, instead of fighting, they settled down here.

Mr. Baker portrayed the President and his Cabinet and a woman orator represented as a sort of reversed Joan of Arc as leading the movement which sunk the American ships and dismantled the American forts as the method of meeting a threatened German invasion.

This article is entitled "The Last Phase of the Great War—the German Invasion of America, A. D. 1915-16." It begins with a description of Germany's victories in the European war, finally involving this country and making war apparently inevitable. A great political conflict at home between the "peace party" and the militarists is described.

"In the mist of this struggle," continues the article, "at this most dramatic climax, the President of the United States, a man of the noblest ideals and most unselfish devotion, appeared one day before the Senate wearing upon his coat the iron plowshare of the Party of Peace. It was discovered on the same day that all but two of the members of the Cabinet were wearing the same insignia. It is difficult to describe the impression upon the country of the news of this event, for the influence of the President at that time upon the Government was profound.

"It is not necessary to recount fully the debate that followed. At that great moment men were lifted out of themselves, parties and private interests were forgotten—even the selfish and narrow interests of the nation were for the moment set aside, and the problem of what was best for humanity, for civilization, came for the first time in history to be seriously discussed in the great legislative forum.

"In two weeks time the disarmament of the fleet—save for a few of the lesser vessels which might be needed for police service—had begun, and the disarment of the forts and of the army rapidly followed."

Most of the country has been brought to favor this state of affairs, according to the article, which continues:

"A few irreconcilables, as usual, refused to abide by the judgment of the country. Most of them belonged to that class of men of big property interests, or of unearned incomes, who had been the loudest of any in their demands that large numbers of other people should immediately enlist for war, and they now realized all they could in gold upon their possessions and fled to Siam, Chile, and Madagascar, the only places where there was no immediate danger of war.

"In the meantime Germany developed plans for an attack on the United States, to finish her conquest of the world.

"During these weeks of excitement in America," continues Baker, "the German Kaiser had been organizing for the attack on the United States. He and his General heard with amazement and incredulity of the events in America. They could not believe the reports sent out by the press, and spies in great numbers were dispatched to the principal centres to test the sentiments of the country. None of the customary signs of preparation for war was evidence. No one was engaged in breaking the windows of the German Consulates or in robbing German bakeshops, but, on the contrary, a large number of Americans were asserting their friendship for the German people and their abhorrence of war in any form. No one was proposing to smother the acts of Government in secrecy or to censor the newspapers, for the people through years of practice in the free discussion of their affairs had grown suspicious of anything that needed to be hidden in darkness. They believed in 'pitiless publicity.' The German spies were, therefore, allowed to circulate freely in Congress and to send full reports to the Kaiser. Having no wish to steal anything or murder anybody, what reason had America to hunt spies or cloak their deeds in darkness?"

Unopposed, the German fleet reached our coast and the invading army landed on Long Island. Instead of a resisting army, they were met by a note from the President.

"The communication," the article continues, "closed with these nobly simple words:

"'We are your friends. We ask you to be ours.'"

This, however, was not acceptable to the German commander; he saw a trap in the failure to oppose his landing and had his troops intrench in Long Island. Instead of committing atrocities and spreading a reign of frightfulness among the peaceable inhabitants of Long Island, Ray Stannard Baker's German soldiers fraternized pleasantly with the population, paid for all they received from them and did not harm a hair on any one's head. The German commander, one General von Schwab, was dissatisfied with this idyllic campaign, and sent a fiery communication to the Mayor of New York demanding $30,000,000 and other things at once. There was a tense moment throughout the country, but the situation was met, according to the article, by a humorous editorial in a New York paper.

"He handled von Schwab's ultimatum," the article says, speaking of the editorial writer, "with delicious irony, advised an immediate payment of the indemnity upon the ground that the war so far was cheap at the price, especially in view of the fact that the German armies have already largely increased the trade of Long Island. He met the threat of the German commander to seize the city government of New York by observing that the government of the city had long been in the hands of what was probably far less efficient control than the Germans could give it. It was known throughout the world that German municipal government was unexcelled—was it not possible that a German expert in the City Hall, by improving the methods of Tammany, could have enough for the indemnity in a year or two? As for the fear of German domination, had not the city long been governed by the Irish and Jews and had any one objected?

"To the disgust of General von Schwab, his army began to disintegrate. His soldiers began to desert and settle in America like other German immigrants. How the coup de grace was given to the gentle Hun invader is told as follows:

"'At this juncture, American manufacturers and business men, seeing the golden opportunity for securing the most priceless addition to their equipment—skilled human beings—began bidding for the services of these Germans, offering them wages and salaries quite beyond their dreams. Having already absorbed 10,000,000 Germans, who became the best of American citizens, it was without difficulty that every man in the German armies who wished to do so found a place in American life.'

"With his army thus tempted away from him, General von Schwab was forced to flee. Shortly after America's demonstration of the success of making an invader by non-resistance, a Federation of the World is established in the article.

12 KILLED WHEN TANK OF MOLASSES EXPLODES

Hugh Sheets of Steel, Hurled Through Air, Destroy Structures on Boston Waterfront.

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Probably a dozen persons were killed and fifty injured by the explosion of a huge tank of molasses on the waterfront off Commercial Street, near Keany Square, today. At a late hour tonight the only bodies identified were those of a fireman, George Leahy, two residents of tenements in the vicinity, Mrs. Bridget Clougherty and William A. Duffee, and James Lennon, a motorman, of Lenox, and J. M. Seiberlich, a blacksmith, also of Lenox. The tank was owned by the Purity Distilling Company, a subsidiary of the United States Industrial Alcohol Company, with a plant in Cambridge.

A dull, muffled roar gave but an instant's warning before the top of the tank was blown into the air. The circular wall broke into two great segments of sheet iron which were pulled in opposite directions. Two million gallons of molasses rushed over the streets and converted into a sticky mass the wreckage of several small buildings which had been smashed by the force of the explosion.

The greatest mortality apparently occurred in one of the city buildings, where a score of municipal employes were eating their lunch. The building was demolished and the wreckage was hurled fifty yards. The other city building, which had an office on the ground floor and a tenement above, was similarly torn from its foundations.

One of the sections of the tank wall fell on the firehouse known as Engine , which was near by. The building was crushed and three firemen were buried in the ruins. One, George Leahy, was killed and the other two injured. A fourth fireman was thrown through the window into the water, but was picked up.

Wagons, carts, and motor trucks were overturned. A number of horses were killed. The street was strewn with debris intermixed with molasses and all traffic was stopped.

The first rescue party on the scene was a squad detailed from the State nautical schoolship Nantucket, which was anchored at the playground pier. Under the direction of Lieutenant Commander H. J. Copeland the enlisted men gave first aid to the injured, searched the ruins for bodies, and assisted in patrolling the district. Shortly afterward police reserves arrived, together with a military company from an army station.

CARRANZA WARNS OF POLITICAL STRIFE

Tells Mexicans It Is Not Yet Time to Electioneer for New President.

FINDS AN "UNEASY FEELING."

Gives New Assurance of Determination to Retire at the End of His Term.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 15. — President Carranza, in a statement to the public, repeats his declaration that he will retire at the end of his term. Declaring that it is not yet time to start a campaign for the election of a future President, he warns against a possible attempt by the reactionaries of the old régime to elect a member of their group as President.

"Although there are two years more before renewing the executive power," he says, "yet there is a noticeably uneasy feeling due to the future campaigns for this position. The political agitation following nomination is unavoidable in all democratic countries, and in Mexico sooner or later it will be felt.

"Effectiveness of the suffrage and no re-election of the President are two democratic principles most firmly established as a result of the revolution. The Mexican people need not fear nor doubt that in the future these principles will be respected. As President, I consider them legitimate and just.

"As the preparatory work for the future electoral campaign is more effective and as the participation of the citizens in it is more earnest, the best guarantee is offered that the nation could have that it will be governed by proper men who will really represent the wishes of the people.

"For my part, I think I have complied my duty toward my country, working as I have since the democratic movement in 1913, later heading the constitutionalist revolution and continuing the fight until the re-establishment of a constitutional régime. I think I have the right to retire to private life when the present Presidential term, for which I was elected by my fellow citizens, is over.

"I have a duty toward the Constitutionalist Party not to abandon prematurely the responsibilities I have contracted with the whole country, and have an obligation to remain at my post as a true chief of State, continuing my administrative work until the last minute of the Presidential term.

"Pointing to the dangers of prolonged political agitation, the President states that electoral agitation takes a special form in a country like Mexico, "where we have not had sufficient education nor democratic experience, and have just commenced to recover from the revolutionary movement which has shaken our country."

He continues:

"A long period of political activity for the Presidential elections or premature anticipation of electoral work, owing to the conditions in Mexico, will bring serious difficulties for the consolidation of the revolutionary work for the cohesion of the Constitutionalist Party and for the regularity of administrative working. It is then the duty of the Mexican people and their Governors to try to reduce to a minimum the effects of political agitation, helping in the electoral campaign but at the same time shortening the period of agitation, making a short campaign and the most rapid one possible so as not to produce new political complications or disturb the working of the public administration.

"If the reforms proclaimed in the Constitution as a result of the revolution were definitely and irrevocably consolidated, a division of the Constitutionalist Party would not be hurtful but necessary for the best working of our democratic institutions. We must, however, remember that there exists a strong enemy, rich and organized, which is conscious of the defeat through the revolution and which considers possible a reaction against the work of the revolution.

"I do not refer to the armed bands whose action is insignificant, whose only work consists of hostile acts, not only against the Government but also against the lives and property of private persons. I refer to certain discontented Mexicans who have established in foreign parts their centres of conspiracy, utilizing in their work against the Constitutional Government foreign elements and the sheltering interests, especially under the shade of powerful foreign interests which seek resistance against the actual régime.

"The situation of Mexico now is extraordinarily like that which confronted the Liberal Government of Juarez in 1800. The elements which frankly seek to overturn the Constitution of 1917 and all principles included in it are in reality the enemy confronting the Constitutional Party, which should not believe that its enemies do not exist, but, on the contrary, should continue fighting, especially in this Presidential campaign.

"As they will appear, the organized financial elements will either frankly present a candidate or join one group into which the Constitutionalist Party may divide. So, the duty of all members of the party who have fought for its principles is not to lose sight of their ideals before they are sure that in order to keep the party pledges, but not before thirty-six other States have voted dry.

GREECE PRESENTS DEMANDS AT PARIS

Asks for Northern Epirus, Thrace, Vilayets in Asia Minor, and Islands of Near East.

PARIS, Jan. 14, (Associated Press.)—Greece has laid before the Peace Conference a memorandum signed by Premier Venizelos setting forth the situation of Greece and her claims in the settlement of the war. The memorandum says that the Hellenic nation consists of 8,256,000 persons, of whom 55 per cent. live in the Kingdom of Greece and the remainder outside its limits. Half a million Greeks in America are included in the figures submitted.

Wishing to reunite the Greek populations in the Balkans, Asia Minor, and the islands adjacent to the Kingdom, Greece asks, first, Northern Epirus, which contains 120,000 Greeks, against 80,000 Albanians. It says that "this former, besides being in the majority, also possess a higher form of civilization."

As a second demand, Greece asks for Thrace, without Constantinople. Thrace, according to the memorandum, is peopled largely by Greeks.

"Since Constantinople, according to the twelfth point of President Wilson's program, cannot remain under Turkish rule," the memorandum declares, "the natural solution would be to award Constantinople to Greece and to establish international guarantees for the freedom of the Straits."

It is pointed out that the principal native element of the population of Constantinople is Greek, being numerically greater than "all the other nationalities put together except the Turks."

"But if a society of nations be established immediately," the memorandum continues, "Constaninople might, in consequence of great international interests connected with the possession of the Straits, be formed as a separate entity by the society of nations, which would nominate a Governor for certain fixed periods."

The third territorial claim made by Greece is for parts of vilayets in Asia Minor. These have a population, it is said, of 1,188,000 Greeks, against 1,042,000 Mohammedans, and are claimed to be both "geographically and historically integral parts of Greece."

The Armenian provinces, with Russian Armenia, the memorandum says, should be erected into a separate State, organization of which should be intrusted to one of the great powers by the society of nations. It is admitted that the vilayets of Trebizond and Adana, although having, respectively, 550,000 and 70,000 Greek inhabitants, might be attached to the new Armenian State.

All islands in the Near East which are ethnographically, geographically, and economically Greek must return to the Hellenic State. These should include islands which, according to the treaty made in London in April, 1915, are to be annexed to Italy.

All the figures given in the memorandum are said to have been taken from Turkish statistics. There is a long discussion of Bulgarian claims, in which that nation's attempt to dominate the Balkans, with a view to realizing her dreams to possess four seas—the Black Sea, the Sea of Marmora, the Aegean, and the Adriatic—are detailed. The memorandum ends by saying:

"It must be thoroughly understood that Bulgaria seeks to play in the Balkans the rôle that Prussia played upon the European stage. Having been the first among her neighbors to organize a strong army, she believed she could easily enslave the nations near her.

"Militarism is as deeply rooted in Bulgaria as in Prussia. The Bulgarians have every right to boast of being 'the Prussians of the Balkans.' They resemble the Prussians in the militarism in their worship of brute strength, and in their inhuman manner of making war, but are far from equaling the Prussians in the domain of science, letters, and art."

GIBBS TO LECTURE HERE.

Famous War Correspondent to Make Short American Tour.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Philip Gibbs, who won high fame during the war as correspondent with the British armies in France, his dispatches appearing almost daily for four years in THE NEW YORK TIMES and The London Daily Chronicle, is about to visit the United States on a short lecture tour.

He will write his impresions of America in a series of articles for The Daily Chronicle.

FIGHT TO STAMPEDE MOONEY CONVENTION

Radicals Are Beaten on Organization in Chicago, but Continue Struggle.

CHEER BOLSHEVIST MOVES

Resolutions Offered for Soldiers and Sailors' Council and General Strike.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—After a fight which occupied the entire morning session, the conservatives defeated the radicals by a vote of two to one today in organizing the National Labor Congress, called to consider plans for obtaining a new trial for Thomas J. Mooney, serving a life term for murder growing out of the San Francisco Preparedness Day parade bomb outrage. Edward D. Nolan of San Francisco was elected Chairman.

The convention also decided that it would take action on the Mooney case before considering any other business. This plan was hotly contested by the radicals, who want to discuss international questions.

Despite this setback the radicals made a determined attempt to capture control of the convention later in the day. The Credentials Committee had not reported tonight, making it impossible to say which faction was the final victor.

With the gallery packed with radicals, they did about as they pleased at the afternoon session until the proceedings were ended by an early adjournment. Every mention of Socialist or I. W. W. principles was loudly cheered.

The leader was read from two members of the Italian Labor Commission, appointed by the Government of that country at the request or the American Federation of Labor, expressing sympathy with the movement to aid Mooney and asking to be seated as fraternal delegates in the convention. Chairman Nolan recommended that the request be granted, but the reading of the letter caused a hostile demonstration on the part of the radicals, who declared that the two Italian labor representatives had been repudiated by the Bolshevist element in that country. After an hour's heated discussion the motion to permit the Commissioners to sit in the convention was voted down.

The radicals followed this victory by presenting a motion that Eugene V. Debs, the Socialist leader recently convicted of violation of the Espionage law, be invited to address the convention. The radicals cheered for several minutes at the adoption of this motion. It is said that Debs will decline the invitation.

Apparently nearly every radical delegate had at least one resolution to offer. One delegate presented ten. They embodied various revolutionary ideas of government based on Socialist and I. W. W. propaganda, and were referred to the Committee on Resolutions without being read. A few of the ideas suggested in the resolutions offered were:

Organization of a National Soldiers and Sailors' Council to safeguard the interests of labor during reconstruction.

A referendum vote on the terms of peace.

Abolition of all restrictions on the issuance of passports.

Calling for a general strike to compel the repeal of the constitutional amendment for national prohibition if passed.

For Government ownership and operation of all manufacturing, commerce, banking, and insurance.

A general strike to compel the immediate release of all political and industrial prisoners or persons under charges, including Thomas J. Mooney, Warren Billings, William D. Haywood, Emma Goldman, Rose Pastor Stokes, Eugene V. Debs, Victor L. Berger, and Adolph Germer.

Representation of Russian, German, and Austrian Bolsheviki at the Paris Peace Council.

A uniform workday of six hours and a uniform lunch period of two hours in all lines of industry.

Word was received from the League for Amnesty for Political Prisoners of Niagara Falls, N. Y., indorsing the plan of calling a general strike to enforce the demands.

A message from the Workers' Council of Butte, Mon., asked the convention to declare for one organization of all workers under the Australian plan, the immediate withdrawal of allied troops from Russia and that greetings be sent to the Russian Soviet.

Frank P. Walsh, former joint Chairman of the National War Labor Board, sent a message expressing regret that he was unable to come to address the convention.

The conservative forces want to take action on the Mooney case and adjourn tomorrow. The radicals want to stay several days longer and discuss international and labor questions.

Charity Ball for K. of C. Relief.

In order to raise a fund of $50,000 to care for the disabled Knights of Columbus men in the service, the War Relief Charity Ball will be held in Madison Square Garden on Feb. 24, under the auspices of the forty-two councils comprising the New York Chapter. In an announcement issued yesterday, John Moroney, Chairman of the committee, declared that every dollar raised would go in full to the disabled veterans. Tickets at $1 each may be obtained from William P. Smith, Financial Secretary, New York Council 124, 107 West 101st Street.

INSIST ON PAYMENT FOR U-BOAT RAVAGES

Seamen Will Offer Plan to Peace Conference for Compensation to Dependents of Victims.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—In the absence of a definite policy from the Allies concerning the manner in which Germany shall make compensation for the dependents of submarine victims among seamen, the Executive Committee of the International Federation of Seafarers has evolved a plan by which the officials hope to force the Peace Conference to act. The committee has called an international conference in London on Feb. 24, at which the British delegates will present a resolution providing that the seamen will not man any ships going or coming from an enemy country until the proper compensation is agreed upon. J. Havelock Wilson, President of the International Seamen's Union, said to The Associated Press today:

"It seems that the British statesmen and those of other nations have been too busy to think of the seamen in preparing for the conference, so we will take the matter into our own hands in the hope of emphatically bringing to the notice of the peace delegates the necessity for taking care of our people. I have no doubt that the conference will adopt a resolution providing that no food shall go to Germany until these dependents are compensated."

The leaders of the seamen, including Andrew Furuseth of the United States, expect that the February conference will adopt a universal wage scale. They hope that this question will not be taken up by the Peace Conference or that wages will not be mentioned in the peace treaty. After the seamen have been in conference four days they will be joined by representatives of the engineers, stewards, and officers for a discussion of subjects in which all are interested.

Mr. Wilson said that all of the principal countries had promised to send representatives to the conference.

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Let those who serve you best serve you most."

The Growing Account:

In looking over the history of some of our largest accounts, we find that they started years ago in a very modest way. Many of these accounts today represent large and thriving businesses. We take a personal interest in the growth of the small account and invite accounts of $200 and over.

Write for our booklet *"Small Accounts."*

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Glidden Motor and Supply Co.,
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BACARDI Makes the Perfect COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL
Try It and Be Convinced.

McCutcheon's

January Sale Bed Coverings

DURING our January Sale now in progress we are offering remarkable values in Blankets and Comfortables.

Many of these bed coverings were purchased more than six months ago, and we are, therefore, able to sell them at prices considerably lower than today's market prices. We mention below a few representative styles and prices:

Blanket Specials

Wool Napped Blankets, $5.00, 6.00 and 7.00 per pair
Cotton and Wool mixed Blankets $8.00, 9.00, 10.50 and 11.50 per pair
Blankets for Double Beds, size 80 x 90 inches $18.00 per pair

Cotton-Filled Comfortables

Cotton-Filled, covered with figured Silkoline both sides; size about 72 x 78 inches $4.25
Figured Silkoline both sides, filled with pure White Cotton; plain Silk Mull borders $6.00

Wool-Filled Comfortables

Wool-Filled, covered with figured Nainsook both sides, plain colored Satine borders, 72 x 78 inches, $10.00
Figured Dotted Silk Mull center, plain dotted Silk Mull border and back; wool-filled $13.50

Down-Filled Comfortables

Fine quality of Goose Down covered with a fine quality of figured Nainsook and Satine, 6x7 feet $16.50
Fine quality covered with Japanese and Taffeta Silks, 6x7 feet $32.50 and 60.00

Fifth Avenue 34th and 33d Streets

DRY AMENDMENT ON EVE OF VICTORY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

thirds of each house concurring therein,) that the following amendment to the Constitution be, and hereby is, proposed to the States, to become valid as a part of the Constitution when ratified by the Legislatures of the several States as provided by the Constitution:

ARTICLE —.

Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Section 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the Legislatures of the several States, as provided by the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

CHAMP CLARK,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
THOS. R. MARSHALL, Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.

I certify that this joint resolution originated in the Senate.

JAMES M. BAKER, Secretary.

It was learned tonight that, following the successful completion of the campaign for nation-wide prohibition, the Anti-Saloon League leaders will initiate a movement for world-wide prohibition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Several State Assemblies now in session are expected to take action tomorrow, on the prohibition amendment, with a probable race by Nebraska, Missouri, and Minnesota as to which shall be the thirty-sixth on the list.

The ratification completed today by the Legislatures of Iowa, Colorado, Oregon, New Hampshire, and Utah make a total of twelve States in two days. Of the thirty-five States that have taken action, only fourteen have certified their action to the Federal State Department. They are Virginia, Kentucky, North Dakota, South Carolina, Maryland, South Dakota, Texas, Montana, Delaware, Massachusetts, Arizona, Georgia, Louisiana, and Michigan.

States Ratifying Yesterday.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 15.—The Legislature ratified the Federal prohibition amendment today, making this the thirty-first State to approve it.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 15.—By a vote of 29 to 1 the Senate of the Colorado Legislature today adopted the concurrent House prohibition resolution, thereby ratifying the national prohibition amendment. The House adopted the resolution last week.

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 15.—The Legislature completed ratification of the national prohibition amendment today when the Senate, by a unanimous vote, adopted the amendment. The House ratified the amendment last night, 53 to 3.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 15.—Ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment was completed today when the Senate, 19 to 4, voted in favor of the resolution embodying it. The House passed the resolution earlier in the day, 221 to 121.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Jan. 15.—The State Senate today ratified the prohibition amendment to the National Constitution, making the thirty-fifth State. The vote was unanimous. The House ratified the amendment yesterday.

Nebraska All But Unanimous.

Special to The New York Times.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 15.—The Nebraska Legislature, with only one adverse vote, is for ratifying the national prohibition amendment. Recently the Senate approved the amendment, with one member voting no. Today the House passed its own amendment bill by a vote of 96 to nothing. Then it took up the Senate bill, which it amended slightly. Tomorrow this amended bill will be passed by the House and go back to the Senate. The House wants the Senate to adopt the House bill, believing it nearer proof against attack than the Senate bill.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 15.—The Wisconsin vote today secured a postponement of the final vote on prohibition ratification until Friday. The Senate voted ratification, 19 to 11, but the vote in the lower house prevented immediate action. It takes a two-thirds vote to suspend the rules, and the vote for immediate action was 57 to 37. The Speaker then set Friday as the time for the vote. It is sure to pass at that time, but Wisconsin will not be one of the original thirty-six States to vote for the amendment.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Jan. 15.—Governor-elect William C. Sprout made ratification of the prohibition amendment one of his platform pledges, and he will work for its adoption. The Legislature will reconvene Monday evening. The Dry Federation of Pennsylvania claims a majority of the members of both houses as dry. In all probability the Legislature will adopt the resolution

HOW THE STATES LINE UP.

States That Have Ratified Have Population of 69,000,000.

The following table gives the facts as to the order in which thirty-five States have ratified the prohibition amendment and the status of the liquor question in the thirteen States that have not yet ratified it. The population figures for the two groups are from Census Bureau estimates for 1918. The totals show more than 69,000,000 population in the States voting to ratify, and 35,000,000 in those that have not taken action:

STATES THAT HAVE RATIFIED.

State, Order, and Date of Final Action.	Population.
1—Alabama, 30th, Jan. 14, 1919	2,395,270
2—Arizona, 12th, May 24, 1918	272,034
3—Arkansas, 25th, Jan. 14, 1919	1,792,905
4—California, 22d, Jan. 13, 1919	3,119,412
5—Colorado, 31st, Jan. 16, 1919	1,014,681
6—Delaware, 9th, March 18, 1918	216,041
7—Florida, 18th	938,877
8—Georgia, 16th, June 26, 1918	2,930,617
9—Idaho, 19th, Jan. 8, 1919	461,766
10—Illinois, 26th, Jan. 14, 1919	6,317,734
11—Indiana, 27th, Jan. 14, 1919	2,854,167
12—Iowa, 23d, Jan. 16, 1919	2,224,771
13—Kansas, 28th, Jan. 14, 1919	1,674,196
14—Kentucky, 3d, Jan. 14, 1918	2,408,547
15—Louisiana, 14th, Aug. 8, 1918	1,884,778
16—Maine, 21st, Jan. 8, 1919	782,191
17—Maryland, 6th, Feb. 13, 1918	1,364,589
18—Massachusetts, 11th, April 2, '18	3,833,790
19—Michigan, 16th, Jan. 2, 1919	3,133,673
20—Mississippi, 1st, Jan. 8, 1918	2,001,466
21—Montana, 7th, Feb. 19, 1918	486,876
22—New Hampshire, 34th, Jan. 15, '19	440,852
23—North Carolina, 29th, Jan. 14, '19	2,466,025
24—North Dakota, 8th, Jan. 25, 1918	191,437
25—Ohio, 17th, Jan. 7, 1919	5,273,814
26—Oklahoma, 18th, Jan. 7, 1919	2,377,629
27—Oregon, 33d, Jan. 16, 1919	858,248
28—South Carolina, 4th, Jan. 23, '18	1,660,934
29—South Dakota, 10th, Mar. 20, '18	736,484
30—Tennessee, 20th, Jan. 8, 1919	2,321,253
31—Texas, 8th, March 4, 1918	4,601,279
32—Utah, 35th, Jan. 15, 1919	453,648
33—Virginia, 24, Jan. 11, 1918	2,361,090
34—Washington, 34th, Jan. 13, 1919	1,600,578
35—West Virginia, 22d, Jan. 9, 1919	1,439,166
Total	69,676,682

STATES TO TAKE FINAL ACTION.

State. Present Status.	Population.
1—Connecticut, prohibits liquor advertising in dry districts	1,286,268
2—Minnesota, 60% dry; votes on amendment Nov. 5	2,545,287
3—Missouri, 53% dry; votes Nov. 5	3,448,498
4—Nebraska, dry	1,296,877
5—Nevada, dry	114,742
6—New Jersey, local option; dry territory increasing	3,080,371
7—New Mexico, dry	437,015
8—New York, now Hill-Wheeler Bill extends local option to cities, increasing dry cities	10,646,999
9—Pennsylvania, 14 counties dry by judicial action	8,798,067
10—Rhode Island, local option	637,418
11—Vermont, local option; only 9 towns wet	356,192
12—Wisconsin, local option	2,553,983
13—Wyoming, dry; effective Jan. 1, 1920	190,380
Total	35,302,944

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Luxurious styles taken from high-cost lines developed in silk and wool duvetyns — cashmere velours — glove cloths and other rich fabrics which are particularly fashionable this season, combined with deep trimmings of such furs as seal, beaver, nutria, wolf and Australian opossum.

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Linens and Home Furnishings

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CARPETS—ORIENTAL AND DOMESTIC RUGS

The Governor Ames Collection
THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30 O'CLOCK
At the American Art Galleries
Madison Square South
THE ART OBJECTS
AND
TO-NIGHT PROMPTLY AT 8:15
In the Grand Ballroom of the Plaza
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(ADMISSION BY CARD TO BE HAD FREE OF THE MANAGERS)
THE VALUABLE PAINTINGS
The Sale will be conducted by Mr. THOMAS E. KIRBY of
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TELLS OF HORRORS SEEN IN BELGIUM

Squires's Account Offsets von Mach's Defense of Germans Before Senate Committee.

PURPOSE IN ATROCITIES

Cities Razed, People Subjected to Indescribable Cruelties, to Destroy Nation's Morale.

CRUCIFIXION OF BABIES

Evidence of That and Other Unspeakable Crimes Obtained from Those Who Suffered.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—A story of German atrocities in Belgium was told today to the Senate Committee on Propaganda by Grant Squires, a New York lawyer, one of the pioneers in Belgian relief work and now an officer of the Military Intelligence Service. He told the story apparently with reluctance. Senator Nelson brought out this testimony, apparently to offset that of Edmund von Mach on the same subject.

"I entered Belgium in November, 1914, and helped in the organization of the Relief Committee in Liége, Namur, Charleroi, Mons, Louvain, and one or two smaller towns," said Mr. Squires.

"I saw cities leveled to the ground, civilian populations driven out of their homes with the butts of rifles, old men and women brained because they did not work fast enough to suit their new masters in the baking of bread. I saw places where babies were crucified on the doors of houses. I saw bread lines.

"I have seen mothers bring to me their babies to give them food, which I could not give them, because it was not possible to carry it around in quantities to feed a thousand or two thousand in a town. I have seen the insults of the German soldiery, mostly drunkards, visited on women whom they met in the streets."

Seizure of Food Supplies.

Senator Wolcott—Did you see whether the German armies took food that belonged to the civil population and used it for themselves?

Mr. Squires—I did not see that. I understand at one stage in the occupation of the country they were rather careful to give tickets to those from whom they took food, so that within a few days those same people could go to the German commissariat and get there an equivalent of what had been taken from them.

Senator Wolcott—Do you know whether they ever got any food on those tickets?

Mr. Squires—I do not. I do not think the Belgian population ever sought to redeem any German promise made in that way. They were a cowed, terrorized people. Their only hope was to be permitted to live. You can picture any town in which you have ever been as being leveled to within about four feet of the ground, which was the condition of many of the cities that I visited. People who had homes there ran up the alleyways, after their homes had been destroyed, whenever any one in uniform came along. They would hardly under those circumstances enter into negotiations with them to redeem the tickets.

Senator Wolcott—Were these villages destroyed by bombardment or ruthlessly and deliberately to terrorize the population?

Mr. Squires—Ruthlessly and deliberately, largely with fire grenades charged with explosives and fire-igniting substances.

Senator Overman—Where did these people live? In the cellars of their houses after they were destroyed?

Mr. Squires—Yes, or out in the open; it was the rainy season when I was there. I frequently was accosted by little children of 4, 5, or 6, borne in the arms of little people 10 or 12 years of age, asking for two sous with which to buy a loaf of bread.

Two Aged Men from Vizet.

"In one town I was able to take a small deal table, where we gathered thirty or forty of the victims, and gave them soup or bread. On one occasion I went into a place where refugees were being fed on bread and soup. There were two gentlemen there, advanced in years, and who sat at the table with nothing on but trousers. I said to one of them, 'Where are you from?' and he said: 'I am from Vizet,'—the first town in Belgium after you leave the fourth frontier that had not been completely demolished. 'Until the war broke out there were 6,000 people there; now there was none left at all.

"To the old gentleman who had said, 'I came from Vizet,' I said: 'How old are you?' and he replied: 'I am 72.' I said: 'That old gentleman next to you—who is he?' He replied: 'He is my father; he is 91.'

"Their feet were bare, and they were given socks, which, without waiting to finish their food, they drew on; the penetrating cold was very searching, even to those better clothed. They were feeding in the open; there was no shelter for them."

Senator Nelson—Go ahead. Have you anything more to tell?

Mr. Squires—It is not a case of anything more, Senator. It is a case of trying to forget it.

As to the organization of relief, as soon as I entered a town I went, say, to the proprietor of a hotel that might be still remaining, took him into a car that I had commandeered on the frontier, and induced him to take me to the homes of a half dozen leading citizens. These I got into some one place and asked them to organize a committee to receive any shipments of American food that might be sent to them, so that the food should not be wasted."

German Officers Not Guiltless.

Senator Overman—In regard to ill-treatment of women, was that done in the presence of German officers, or by drunken soldiers who were skylarking?

Mr. Squires—It was mostly the work of private soldiers. I do not think the German officers were quite guiltless. At the doors of houses I have heard the shrieks of women upstairs recovering from their treatment of the night before. They knew no difference between a German and a man from some other country, and for that reason were afraid to open the door to give me something to eat. It was mostly a case of trying to pacify these people, in view of the treatment they had received, and to let them feel that better days were coming, in the way of food at least. It is not a pretty picture to be called on to redraw, and I had hoped that I would not be asked to do it. The mistake that I made was to come back here.

Senator Overman—I suppose Senator Nelson asked you those questions because of a statement that was made here.

Senator Nelson—I asked you these questions to meet the imputation of von Mach, who appeared here as a witness the other day, and who insinuated in one form or another that the treatment of the Belgian people by the German soldiers in 1914 was not worse than our soldiers had treated the people of the South in Sherman's march to the sea; and he also referred, I think, to the Philippine Islands.

Mr. Squires—They did not go through the country according to any practice of similar warfares in the past that I know anything about.

Senator Nelson—They destroyed these villages absolutely—ruined them?

Mr. Squires—Yes, Senator, for the purpose of the terrorization of the people, to reduce their morale and their ability to withstand the advance of the German armies.

Senator Nelson—And they crucified children.

Crucifixion of Children.

Mr. Squires—I have had places pointed out to me by fathers who had been crazed by the sight of their children hanging on door bells the night before. One man took me up to a door and showed me the nail points in the door where his little baby had been nailed the night before because the baby got in the way of the German guard of four or five men and in some way hindered their passage; one of the men snatched up the baby and held it up against the door, probably in their drunkenness, nailed it up against the door, and it was dead in five minutes, I suppose.

Senator King—You did not see the child?

Mr. Squires—No. The child was not permitted to remain there more than a minute of two after the soldiers went on. I know it is very difficult to believe these stories, gentlemen, and that is one reason why I hesitate to tell them—because I am met by the perfectly respectful questioning attitude of Senator King—if that is your name, Sir; but I have seen all that I have told you myself.

Senator Nelson—Are there many of those towns and villages in Belgium that have been razed to the ground?

Mr. Squires—Not so many completely razed. Many of them have been partially razed, notably Louvain. Louvain was destroyed to a degree for an offense committed, I am told, by the daughter of the Mayor of the city, who was entertaining the first incoming general officers of the German Army that were occupying Louvain. I verified this as far as possible when the events were only a few days old by speaking with some who were present.

It seems the incoming Generals were being entertained by the Burgomaster in his home. He called upon his daughter to bring in some cigars and light wine for the guests. While she was bringing in the cigars and wine one of the officers offered her an insult, which she did not note at the time or make any refernce to, but during the evening word of it came to the brother of the young woman, whereupon, with less consideration than he should have had for his father's guest, he went in and ano, the man dead in the presence of the other German officers. Whereupon they left the office of the Mayor, and the next day the section of the town where the Mayor's office was, and where the family resided, was burned—about one-third of the city, including the university and the Town Hall. The handsome section of Louvain was destroyed that day. There has been no other explanation given for the destruction; it was the penalty for the offense committed against those visiting German officers."

Senator Thomas of Colorado appeared before the committee in defenseof Colonel I. N. Stevens and Alva Swain of The Pueblo Chieftain, which paper, according to the testimony of Austin G. Smith, its former advertising and circulation manager, entered into a contract in 1915 with Ambassador von Bernstorff to aid the German cause in the Rocky Mountain States. Senator Thomas said Colonel Stevens and Mr. Swain were Republicans, warm personal friends of his, and among the most prominent citizens of Colorado. He said that in his opinion they were the victims of a scheme to blackmail and were entirely innocent of the charges made by Mr. Smith.

Excerpts from various Chieftain editorials also went into the record.

The hearing will be resumed at 10:30 o'clock tomorrow morning.

DEMOCRATIC CHAIRMAN TO BE CHOSEN FEB. 26

President Said to Favor Cummings—Plans for National Campaign to be Pushed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Formal announcement of the resignation of Vance C. McCormick as Chairman of the Democratic National Committee was made at Democratic National Headquarters today, but no official confirmation was forthcoming from the White House or the State Department regarding the reelection of William G. Sharp as American Ambassador to Paris. It can be stated, however, despite the absence of an official announcement, that Mr. Sharp's resignation has been submitted to the President.

Mr. McCormick has called a meeting of the Democratic National Committee to be held at the Shoreham Hotel, Washington, on Feb. 26, to receive the resignation of the Chairman and elect his successor and transact other business which may be laid before the committee. The text of the resignation of Chairman McCormick, dated Dec. 28, 1918, prior to his departure for France, was made public today by Carter Glass, the present Secretary of the Treasury, in his capacity as Secretary of the Democratic National Committee.

The letter reads in part as follows:

"It is with regret that I am compelled to take this action, as I had hoped upon the conclusion of the war to be able to again resume active control of the committee's affairs, but this I find now impossible to do, and as it is most important that the organization work of the committee should be vigorously prosecuted I feel, in justice to the committee, that I should take this step.

"I want to take this opportunity of expressing to you my deep appreciation for the hearty co-operation which you have always accorded me since I assumed the Chairmanship in the campaign of 1916. It is with the deepest regret that I am compelled to sever a relationship which has been full of many delightful associations."

There is every indication that when the National Committee meets it will name Homer S. Cummings, now Vice Chairman of the committee, as its Chairman in succession to McCormick.

It is realized by Democratic leaders that with the passing of control of Congress by the Democratic Party on March 4, and with the Republicans attempting to make a fight against the National Administration after that date, great activity must be displayed in arranging for the next national campaign.

MANN ADMITS GIFTS FROM SWIFT

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

read by Mr. Heney one of the attorneys wrote that there were but three courses open to the packers:

1. To kill the Borland resolution in the House.
2. To obtain a hand-picked committee that would smother it.
3. To divert the investigation of the packers to the Bureau of Markets.

The attorneys advised, Mr. Heney said, that the Bureau of Markets need not be feared, as any investigation which it might make would be largely perfunctory.

Mr. Heney went on to say that, while the resolution was still pending, a rider to the 1917 Appropriation bill was offered in the House providing that the packers' investigation go to the Bureau of Markets. After it had been accepted by the House, Mr. Heney said, Representative Mann and Representative Carlin of Virginia hugged each other, as they stood before the Speaker's desk, and clapped each other on the back.

Mr. Heney read a letter from Colon N. Livingston, Vice President of a Washington bank and an accredited lobbyist for the packers at the Capitol, in which Livingston said that they had Representative Carlin "lined up" against the Borland resolution and knew how he would "stand."

The committee was told by Mr. Heney that, while he was a Jeffersonian Democrat, and had been opposed to the principle of Government ownership, he felt that, in view of what he had learned of the Chicago packers, Government ownership of everything but the packing houses themselves was essential. The packers, he said, had obtained an appreciable hold upon the food market everywhere throughout the country. He spoke of their buying interests in hotels so as to insure their own product being used. Armour & Co., he said, owned a $250,000 interest in the Biltmore Hotel in New York and an interest in the Washington Hotel here.

Lost and Found Advertisements next to last page.

LABOR ADVOCATES DRASTIC POLICIES

Federation Report to Senate Committee for Federal Ownership or Control.

SAYS WAGES MUST STAND

Land Taxes, Immigration Bars, and Reversing of Supreme Court Decisions Included.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Comprehensive legislation looking to the adjustment of after-war economic and industrial problems is urged by the American Federation of Labor in a report submitted today to the Senate Committee on Education and Labor, which is conducting an inquiry upon which reconstruction legislation may be based.

The Federation insists, as one of the fundamentals of future betterment, that labor's wage scale be maintained at the existing war standard, although no legislation is suggested as to wages.

"There must be no reduction of wages," says the report. "In many instances wages must be increased. There is no such thing as good wages when the cost of living in decency and comfort equals or exceeds the wages received. The American standard of life must be maintained and improved."

Eighteen suggestions, embodying legislation the Federation of Labor considers vital to the problem of readjustment, are made in the report. They are:

I. To make it a criminal offense for any employer to interfere with or hamper the right of workers to organize into trade unions or to interfere with legitimate activities of trade unions.

2. To put an immediate end to the exploitation of children under 16 years of age.

3. To provide that in the event of a Supreme Court declaring a law unconstitutional, either of Congress or of a State, if the people acting either directly or through Congress or a State Legislature should reenact the measure, it shall then become the law, without being subject to annulment by any court.

4. To put public and semi-public utilities either under Government ownership or Government control.

5. To apply a graduated tax on all usable agricultural lands above the acreage cultivated by the owner, so as to prevent private ownership of very large tracts of usable land, and to prevent as far as possible the extension of the tenant class.

Licensing of Corporations.

6. To limit, define and regulate the powers, privileges, and activities of corporations so that their methods cannot become detrimental to the American people. All corporations organized for profit should be subject to a Federal license.

7. To amend workmen's compensation laws so as to make them more adequate. State insurance must supplant employers' liability insurance operated for profit.

8. To prohibit immigration into the United States for a period of two years after the proclamation of peace.

9. To provide for a progressive increase in taxes on incomes, inheritances and upon land values, of such a nature as to render it unprofitable to hold land without putting it to use. Taxation should rest as lightly as possible on constructive enterprise.

10. To provide for Government exercise of advisory supervision over public education, and, when necessary, maintain adequate public education through subsidies without giving the Government power to hamper development of public education by the States.

11. To prohibit the operation of private employment agencies for profit.

12. To provide for a small standing army and voluntary State militia.

13. To provide for the free transportation of discharged soldiers and sailors to their homes, and the continuance of their monthly salaries for not to exceed twelve months, if employment is not secured within that period.

14. To project Government development of waterways, including canals, so as to decrease the cost of freight transportation.

15. To have the Government utilize water power of public waterways and sell power to consumers at rates based upon actual cost.

16. To invest Government ownership of all wharves and docks connected with public harbors and used for commercial purposes.

17. To provide Government supervision of the public educational system, the Government to maintain, where necessary, adequate educational facilities in States or communities.

18. To inaugurate a plan by which the Government may build model homes for workers, and to establish a system of credits by which workers may build their own homes.

Keeping Out of Politics.

The federation's report, dwelling upon thepolicy of the federation in keeping aloof from politics, states:

"The disastrous experience of labor in America with political parties of its own amply justified the American Federation of labor's nonpartisan political policy. Tradeunion activities cannot receive the undivided attention of members and officers if the exigencies, burdens, and responsibilities of a political party are bound up with their economic and industrial organizations."

Taking up hours of labor, the report says:

"The shorter work day and a shorter work week make for a constantly growing higher and better standard of productivity, health, longevity, morals, and citizenship. The right of labor to fix its hours of work must not be abrogated, abridged, or interfered with.

"The day's working time should be limited to not more than eight hours, with overtime prohibited, except in the most extraordinary emergencies. The week's working time should be limited to not more than five and one-half days."

Equal pay for women for the same character of work as men perform is advocated, but the federation urges that women not be put at work "disproportionate to their physical strength."

Regarding corporation control, the report says that "Federal supervision and control should include the increasing of capital stock and the incurring of bonded indebtedness with the provision that the books of all corporations shall be open at all times to Federal examiners."

The Federation of Labor opposes militarism as a system fostered and developed by tyrants in the hope of supporting their arbitrary authority." For that reason it opposes a large standing army.

"During industrial disputes the militia has at times been called upon to support the authority of those who through selfish interests desired to enforce martial law while the courts were open and the civil authorities competent to maintain supremacy of civil law," the report says. "We insist that the militia of our several States should be wholly organized and controlled by democratic principles so that this voluntary force of soldery may never be diverted from its true purpose and used to jeopardize or infringe upon the rights and liberties of our people."

For Government Ownership.

As to the railroads and transportation, the Federation report says:

"Whatever final disposition shall be made of the railways of the country in ownership, management or regulation, we insist upon the right of the workers to organize for their common and mutual protection and the full exercise of the normal activities which come with organization.

"The Government should own and operate all wharves and docks connected with public harbors, which are used for commerce or transportation.

"The American merchant marine should be encouraged and developed under governmental control and so manned as to insure successful operation and protect in full the beneficent laws now on the statute books for the rights and welfare of seamen. The seamen must be accorded the same rights and privileges rightfully exercised by the workers in all other employments, public and private."

MANUFACTURERS FIGHT MISS PERKINS

Insist on Representation on Industrial Board—Labor Also Against Her.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 15.—Vigorous protest against Governor Smith's nomination of Miss Frances Perkins of Manhattan to be a member of the Industrial Commission was made today to J. Henry Walters, President pro tem of the Senate, by the manufacturers of the State, through their organization known as the Associated Manufacturers and Merchants. Similar protest probably will be made by the labor people when the State Federation of Labor meets here tomorrow.

The manufacturers as well as the laborites will make a determined fight to have the Senate refuse to confirm the new nominee. The manufacturers protest that they will have no representation on the commission if Miss Perkins succeeds Louis Wisard, who is a manufacturer, while the labor people take the ground that Miss Perkins does not represent their interests and is not the right person to interpret the compensation and other labor problems sure to come before the commission.

Faced with the certainty of a bitter fight against the confirmation of his selection, Governor Smith today defied the manufacturers and declared that he would not reconsider the nomination.

$350 for MS. of Field Poem.

The sale of inscribed books and original manuscripts from the collection of the late James Carleton Young was begun at the Anderson Galleries yesterday. The highest price was $350, paid by Gabriel Wells for catalogue No. 165, the original manuscript of "The Wooing of Miss Wopped," by Eugene Field. The total for the session was $2,599.10. The sale will be concluded today.

WADSWORTH STILL AGAINST SUFFRAGE

Asserts He Cannot Surrender His Convictions Despite Request of Albany Legislature.

WAS URGED TO VOTE FOR IT

Women Leaders at Capital Now Believe They Can Win with Favorable Vote by Senator Moses.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The action of the New York Legislature today in adopting a resolution calling upon Senators Calder and Wadsworth to vote for the Federal suffrage amendment failed to change the situation so far as they are concerned individually.

Senator Calder, who voted for the woman suffrage amendment when the test vote was last taken in the Senate on Oct. 1 last, said tonight:

"I bow to the will of the State Legislature and will vote for the amendment when it comes up again just as I voted for it before."

Senator Wadsworth, who has been a staunch opponent of woman suffrage, and whose wife is a very active worker in the National Anti-Suffrage organization, said tonight that he would not change his vote.

"I have the greatest respect for the legislature of the State of New York," said Senator Wadsworth, "but my vote against the amendment last October represented my convictions and I cannot surrender my convictions in this matter."

The situation facing the suffrage amendment is one in which only two votes are needed for its ratification, and unless these votes are obtained in the forty-eight days elapsing between now and March 4 suffrage cannot be attached by amendment to the Federal Constitution for three years, because even if the amendment is adopted after March 4 it will be three years before enough Legislatures will meet to enable the suffragists to obtain the support of the necessary thirty-six States for making the amendment valid as part of the Constitution.

The suffrage leaders insist that if the vote is taken in the Senate now they would be only one shy, even if Senators Wadsworth of New York and Moses of New Hampshire, both Republicans, should vote against the resolution. When the vote was taken last October the Senate divided this way:

For the Resolution—54 Senators.
Against It—30 Senators.
Paired—12 Senators.
Total—96 Senators.

There were 84 Senators voting and 56 constituted the necessary two-thirds vote.

After the vote was taken Senator Jones of New Mexico, who had charge of the bill, changed his vote from the affirmative to the negative, making the vote as actually recorded fifty-three for and thirty-one against. But this change of vote by Senator Jones was merely technical. Under the rules, in order to be able to move a reconsideration, a Senator must have voted in the negative and, in order to be in position at some convenient date before March 4 to seek another vote on the measure, Senator Jones changed his vote to the negative.

Since the vote was last taken there have been two changes in the Senate that might in any way change the poll. Drew of New Hampshire, who for a few weeks served by appointment in the Senate in place of the late Senator Gallinger, voted against the resolution in October. He has been succeeded by Senator Moses, upon whom the suffragists have been laboring hard in an effort to swing his vote on the affirmative side of the tally. Senator Benett of South Carolina, who was a bitter opponent of suffrage, has been succeeded by Senator Pollock, who, the suffragists claim, is ready to vote for the amendment.

Should Senator Pollock vote the way the suffragist leaders say they feel sure he will, if the opportunity for voting comes, the vote would stand 55 to 26, or one shy the necessary two-thirds, provided both Wadsworth and Moses voted negative.

ALBANY, Jan. 15.—The New York Assembly, without opposition, adopted today the Graves-McNab resolution, which would request the State's representatives in the United States Senate to vote and work for the passage of the Federal suffrage amendment. The resolution was adopted by the Senate yesterday and now will be transmitted to Senators Wadsworth and Calder.

Today—Millinery Enters Our

40TH ANNIVERSARY SALES

Women's New Sports Hats for Southern Wear

6.00

Regular 8.75 grade

Sailors, large and small, and the popular mushroom shapes in wide variety.

Five end Milan and Banko straws, faced with lisere.

Combinations of lisere and the smart rough straws.

All the new and desirable colors of the coming season.

1879 **Best & Co.** 1919

Fifth Ave. at 35th St.

Est. 1879.

You Never Pay More at Best's

2,271,281 Tons of Shipping

This comprises a fleet of 1,882 vessels of various tonnage built in the shipyards of the United States during the year 1918.

Within a comparatively short time a large number of these vessels will be released for commercial use. Thus the facilities for foreign trade, together with a radical decrease in freight tonnage rates, will greatly enhance the opportunities for American business abroad.

The Citizens National Bank maintains a fully equipped foreign department affording every facility for the promotion of American business interests in foreign fields.

THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK
OF NEW YORK 320 BROADWAY
Established 1851

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Announce a Sale Extraordinary

3600 Pairs

Men's Wool Socks *at* 50c

Six Pairs for $2.90

¶ Heavy weight, Black and Natural Wool Socks, containing about half Pure Wool and Half Cotton, made by one of America's best hosiery manufacturers. Owing to slight imperfections, which do not in any way affect their wearing quality, the maker considered them *irregular*. They were intended to be sold at One Dollar. At 50c they simply stand alone!

380 Men's Sweaters

Special at **$2.95**

¶ ALL WOOL—and as warm as toast. Sleeveless model, with military collar. Just right for skating or for those who spend much time in the open. Unequalled!

Reduced for Quick Clearance!

Men's Heavy Weight Cotton Union Suits *Special at* $1.95

¶ Tailored in the very popular closed crotch model—the most comfortable made. Sizes broken, but if your size is here you will have found the best value *ever* in *quality* Union Suits.

Saks & Company Will Hold Today

A Belated Sale of Men's

Imported Wool Robes

Scheduled to arrive in the U. S. Dec. 1. But unfortunately delayed in shipment Until January 10.

Regularly $13.50 to $28.50

At $10 to $25

Lloyd, Attree & Smith, of London England, made these wonderful robes, the like of which can be seen in no other collection. They come in soft, warm, fleecy Woolen Cloths, in rich Heather Mixtures, Navy Blue, Oxford or Cambridge Greys, Camel's Hair, Green and Brown.

Silk Cord Trimmed, and Tailored Like a Fine Custom Suit!

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Price—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Ultimately It's Up to You

Mr. Curtis to pay more for Mrs. Curtis' purchases if you deal at stores where she has charge accounts, for tucked into the price you pay is an amount added to defray the cost of an expensive credit system.

Does Mrs. Curtis realize that she, too, is paying an increased amount for all merchandise bought on deferred payments? Why not tell her about our D. A.?

The Depositor's Account

is the only charge system with a conscience. It's as simple as it is convenient.

The Depositors' Account is a private bank authorized by the Superintendent of Banking of the State of New York.

We pay 4% interest beginning the day of deposit, and there's another advantage, for our cash policy allows us to sell merchandise at least 6% less than other stores.

Just order your purchases charged against your account and monthly receive an itemized statement telling what we owe you, not what you owe us. You may withdraw your money in whole or part upon demand.

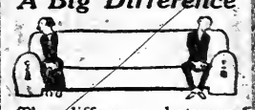
If you can pay your bills monthly you do not need credit. If you do not need credit why pay for it at credit houses in the price asked for the goods?

Ask for Particulars.

R. H. Macy & Co. Depositors' Account Dept., Private Bankers, under the supervision of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York.

Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 34th St.

A Big Difference



The difference between re-covered and re-upholstered furniture is just the difference between solid worth and veneer. We hesitate to just re-cover but many times when we re-upholster an article it leaves our workrooms better than new.

For instance, we received a chair which had every outer indication of being a very high grade piece. When we opened it up we found but five springs and a filling of tow. This accounted for its losing shape so soon. We refitted it with twelve springs and a hair filling and returned it to a greatly satisfied customer.

Giving unusual satisfaction to our patrons is one thing our upholstery department is justly proud of, for during our years of service we have rarely received a complaint.

Our staff of skilled workmen has been with us for years and works under hygienic conditions in sunlit workrooms.

They will arrange draperies and wall coverings, make awnings, slip-covers or any kind of cushions. Our estimator will be glad to call and give quotations.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Rear.

DECEIVED SOLDIERS IN HEARST PETITION

Signed Under Impression That Document Related to Their Pay.

AGENT PUT OUT OF HOSPITAL

Free Evening Journals Barred—Independent Citizens' Welcome Plan Grows.

One method of obtaining signatures of wounded soldiers in support of Mayor Hylan's appointment of William R. Hearst to the Mayor's Committee to welcome returning troops was revealed yesterday at Debarkation Hospital No. 5 in Grand Central Palace.

According to the officers, a man got into the hospital on some pretext, and was found soliciting the signatures of the patients, especially those who were least able to read, and informing them that the main purpose of the petition was to obtain for the men six months' pay upon their discharge. After being informed of the deception, and finding that the paper they had hastily signed had nothing to do with pay, but was simply laudatory of Mr. Hearst, the men became indignant, the officers say, and were ready to throw the solicitor out.

The letter, which was similar to one made public on Monday by the Mayor, in a refutation of the charge that the soldiers were opposed to the appointment of Hearst, speaks of the appointment being a proper recognition of his interest in the welfare of the soldiers, and declares that "our heroes have no greater champion, no more sincere and patriotic friend than Mr. Hearst," and goes on to say that "the appointment of Mr. Hearst is taken advantage of not so much to criticise you as to afford occasion and opportunity for the advocates and beneficiaries of special privilege to attack a man who has been unswerving in his devotion to the cause and the liberties of the exploited public."

Nurse Discovered Deception.

The officers say a stranger was discovered circulating among the men with the petition in his hand yesterday and telling them what great advantages would come to them if the petition were granted. After several had signed it without reading it, a nurse told them that the paper was in praise of Hearst, "who was not their friend." The men then decided to read the petition, and after doing so became indignant.

The officers vouch for the fact that if the stranger had not been ejected summarily and the petition taken away from him the men themselves would have handled him in no gentle manner. Those who showed their feelings unmistakably were John J. O'Neill, 103th Machine Gun Battalion; Houghton Keen of the 119th Infantry, and Lester Joyner of the 118th Infantry.

The officers also told yesterday of several attempts made recently to distribute The Evening Journal among the patients. On Monday a man went to the Red Cross Field Director with an offer to distribute evening papers free to the men. It was supposed that the offer included all the papers, and was, of course, accepted. When they arrived they proved to be a bundle of 500 copies of The Evening Journal.

The Director had them removed immediately, and informed the representative that they would not be accepted in future. Without the knowledge of the Red Cross Director, the Hearst agent then approached Army Chaplain E. Ashley Gerhard, with what result is told in the following letter:

Chaplain Gerhard's Letter.

Debarkation Hospital No. 5,
January 15, 1919.

The Circulation Department,
New York Evening Journal,
238 William Street, City.

Sirs: Yesterday a man came into my office with an offer to distribute free of charge Metropolitan newspapers each day to the wounded men in this institution. I told him, in the course of my conversation with him, that I would be willing to attend to the distribution of these papers in the event of his sending them in, but that I would be unable to permit him or his agent to come in with them.

Today I learn that the newspapers he was referring to, but which he did not mention by name in his conversation with me, were copies of the New York Evening Journal. I am writing to inform you that I am unwilling, in view of this further information that has come to me regarding the intentions of this man, who, I presume, represented you, to allow the distribution of these papers in this hospital. In view of the attitude of the management of the New York Evening Journal, expressed in your editorials and news columns and revealed in the recent investigations by a Congressional Committee, I cannot reconcile my position as Chaplain in this institution with participation in the dissemination of the ideas which you have so frequently and frankly given expression to.

My position here has very directly to do with the loyalty maintained by the patients in this hospital toward their country and with the encouragement of their admiration of those

National Support to Citizens.

countries which are allied with us in promoting the cause of behalf of which the war has been fought. It is clear to me that my duty here cannot be reconciled with compliance to the request made of me yesterday.

I shall be grateful if you will attend to the immediate termination of our arrangement for the distribution of your papers in this place. Very truly yours,

E. ASHLEY GERHARD,
Chaplain, U. S. A. M. C.

Commenting on the movement begun in the West to have Congress discontinue using New York as a port of debarkation, because Hearst is a member of the Mayor's Committee to Welcome Homecoming Troops, Richard M. Hurd, Chairman of the Arrangements Committee of the Citizens' Welcome Committee, said yesterday:

"Strong national support has come to the uprising of citizens which crystallized in the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome for returning troops from the action of the Western States. The action of the Legislature of South Dakota in memorializing Congress to prohibit returning troops from landing at the port of New York because the special committee on welcome of the Mayor's Committee is headed by William Randolph Hearst is now being followed up by telegrams to the Governors of Texas, California, Washington, and many other States requesting them to have the Legislatures of their States also appeal to Congress to have returning troops land at some other port. In other words, the feeling against Mr. Hearst is national and not local.

"It is believed that when the Western States learn that a large representative and independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome is organized, of which Mr. Hearst is not a member, that their objections to the use of New York as a port of debarkation will be removed. It is unnecessary to point out how grave an injury would be inflicted upon all stores, restaurants, hotels, theatres, movies, &c., should our heroes, coming from France, not be permitted to pass through New York, in addition to which these men have many friends in New York who desire to see them, and it would be an intolerable stigma if New York should be ruled off the map as unworthy to greet returning heroes because of the presence on the Mayor's Committee of Mr. Hearst."

"All soldiers, sailors, and marines are cordially invited to attend the mass meeting with their friends in Madison Square Garden tomorrow night, and reserved seats may be obtained at the office of the American Defense Society, 44 East Twenty-third Street. Men in uniform will be admitted and given reserved seats when the doors open at 7:15. Among the speakers will be the Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, Montagu Donner, President of the Finland Constitutional League; James M. Beck, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, the Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, and Father Barnard Clifford."

The Citizens' Committee of Welcome has received many letters from various organizations expressing their willingness to take part in the citizens' welcome. The Société des Beaux Arts wrote: "It will be an honor to have our society participate in the plan to welcome our men on their return. Only true Americans should be permitted to extend their gratitude to these brave men."

The Iowa New Yorkers wrote: "A committee from our organization has been appointed to work with the Independent Citizens' Committee of New York. We shall be glad, indeed, to help."

The National American Woman Suffrage Association, Carrie Chapman Catt, President: "I will personally give my name to the General Committee of the Citizens' Committee of Welcome to the home-coming soldiers. My organization is also glad to join."

Club to Welcome Wyoming Men.

What promises to become a nation-wide movement for the adequate reception in New York City of the soldiers of other States, especially those of the West, was accelerated yesterday by the receipt of a telegram from the Governor of Wyoming, pledging his co-operation and that of the Legislature of his State in having the Rocky Mountain Club designated the representative of the State in welcoming the boys. Governor Stewart of Montana wired on Tuesday, appointing the club as his official representative here, and saying he felt sure the Legislature would back him up with a substantial appropriation. Francis S. Benge of 44 Wall Street, and Edwin O. Holter of 60 Broadway, who is already a member of the Independent Citizens' Committee, expressed themselves as heartily in favor of the movement.

When asked for the plans of the club the Secretary said last night that he was not in a position to make a statement until more of the Governors and the Legislatures have responded, but that it was natural that the boys of the States which provided funds would be taken care of by the club. "Judging by past performances of the club," he said, "they can depend upon a welcome that will do justice to the service they have rendered the country. Taking the cue Case (J. I.) Co.....7 Jan. 28 Jan. 18 from Governor Stewart's action, a telegram has been sent to the Governor of each of the Western States placing the club at the command of the State if the State wishes to officially designate it as its representative to welcome the boys from the State landing in New York.

Governor Carey of Wyoming has promised his co-operation in the following telegram:

Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 12, 1919.

Mr. Herbert Wall, Secretary, Rocky Mountain Club, New York:

Our Legislature met Tuesday, and I will recommend to them that funds be provided immediately so that returning Wyoming soldiers can be welcomed on arrival by citizens of this State. Appreciate the offer of your club in this matter, and if Legislature carries out my request, which I think it will, we can co-operate with the other Western States through your club in providing entertainment for these men. As soon as action is taken by the Legislature will advise you.

ROBERT D. CAREY, Governor.

BARS HEARST PUBLICATIONS.

Montclair, N. J., Club Directors Take Action at Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Jan. 15. — All Hearst publications are barred from the Montclair Club in Church Street, near the town centre. It has a membership of upward of 300, most of them New York business men. The action against the Hearst papers was taken at a meeting of the Board of Directors last night, and the prohibitive resolution was adopted without a dissenting vote. The resolution reads:

"Resolved, That the Montclair Club, Inc., shall not subscribe to any Hearst publications, and that no Hearst publications are to be allowed to appear on the tables in the library or reading room."

ONLY SEVEN EAGLE BOATS.

Taylor Says Other Contracts Besides Ford's Were Delayed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Despite the best efforts of shipbuilders holding navy contracts, none was able to meet building speed estimates during the last year, Rear Admiral Taylor, Chief of the Bureau of Construction, told the Senate Naval Committee today at its investigation of contractsf for Eagle submarine chasers.

The Eagle boats, he said, were not built as fast as promised, but added that delay by builders was general.

While forty-three Eagle boats were to be delivered before the closing of navigation on the Great Lakes, the navy received only seven, and had bad luck with three of them, he said.

The Admiral explained that of sixty boats to be built, fourteen had been completed and twenty-one were on the ways.

Senator Lodge, who proposed the investigation, suggested that contracts for the remaining twenty-five be canceled.

Admiral Taylor presented official reports to deny published statements that the first Eagle boats launched leaked and had to be laid up for repairs.

Rear Admiral Earle said that if the Eagle boats had not been ordered he would not favor awarding a contract now. Rear Admiral Griffin, Chief of the Engineering Bureau, said he would not approve construction of this type of vessel in peace times.

EXPECTS END TODAY OF THE MILK STRIKE

Dowling Predicts a Compromise and Lower Prices Ultimately for Consumers.

SUPPLY HERE INCREASES

John Doe Inquiry in Magistrate McAdoo's Court Will Be Continued by Dooling.

The final effort of Gov. Smith's Milk Commission to settle the milk strike, which has entered into its third week, will be made this afternoon in the office of the Chairman, Robert E. Dowling, 165 Broadway. The commission was in session yesterday afternoon for nearly three hours, and Chairman Dowling said that at one time it appeared that an agreement would be reached, but the representatives of the producers and distributers felt that they should go back to their respective bodies for further instructions before any definite action was taken.

Chairman Dowling said that any settlement of the controversy would involve concessions on both sides. "In other words, it will be a compromise," he said. Mr. Dowling said he believed that at the meeting today a settlement would be effected that would be satisfactory to the consumer. He announced that there would be a decrease in the price of milk to the New York consumer in February and March and no increase in price during the remainder of January, as the situation now appeared.

While the Milk Commission is making an effort to settle the controversy, New York's milk supply is gradually moving toward the normal supply, receipts yesterday, according to the Health Department, being 1,469,044 quarts, which is the largest amount received any day since the dairymen's strike was declared.

Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling said yesterday that he would resume the John Doe milk inquiry before Chief Magistrate William McAdoo this morning and that the hearing would continue irrespective of whether or not an agreement was reached between milk producers and distributers. In its bulletin issued yesterday, the Dairymen's League announces that a campaign was started yesterday to raise $10,000,000 in ten days with which to buy enough country plants to care for all league milk.

PACKERS IN GROCERS' TRADE

Association Hears of New Wholesale Competitive Factor.

The thirty-first annual convention of the New York State Wholesale Grocers' Association ended last night with a dinner at the Hotel McAlpin. Mr. Philip C. Staib presided.

Governor Edge of New Jersey was the principal speaker. Other speakers were George E. Roberts, assistant to the President of the National City Bank, and the Hon. Mark L. Requa, Director of the Oil Division of the United States Fuel Administration. These officers were elected for the coming year: Edward Crumpson, President; E. S. Truesdell, R. T. Reynolds, and Arthur P. Williams, Vice Presidents; Howard T. Sills, Treasurer, and H. M. Foster, Secretary.

At the morning and afternoon sessions of the association the chief topic of discussion was the formidable competition by the meat packers in the wholesale grocers' trade. "This condition," said Edward Crumpson of Buffalo, Vice President of the association, "is one of the largest problems which the grocers will have to cope with. Besides owning and operating food-canning factories, grape juice bottling works, and various factories closely connected with the packing industry, the meat packers are now entering the field of cereal production to a large extent. Recently they were the only dealers able to furnish rice to the trade."

FELTON AND THORNE TO RECEIVE THE D. S. M.

Railway Men, Acting Quartermaster, and 16 Officers Cited by Secretary Baker.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Recommendations that Distinguished Service Medals be awarded, two civilians and sixteen officers for important work done in the conduct of the war were approved today by Secretary Baker. The civilians are S. M. Felton, Director General of Military Railways, and Robert J. Thorne, assistant to the Acting Quartermaster General. The officers are:

MAJOR GENERALS.

D. C. Shanks, commanding the embarkation station at Hoboken.

Grote Hutchison, former Chief of Embarkation at Newport News.

Frank W. Coe, Chief of Coast Artillery.

William S. Graves, commanding the American forces in Siberia.

William L. Ebert, Director of the Chemical Warfare Service.

Henry P. McCain, formerly Adjutant General, now in command at Camp Devens.

William J. Snow, Chief of Field Artillery.

BRIGADIER GENERALS.

R. E. Wood, Acting Quartermaster General.

Henry G. Learnard, Adjutant General's Department.

F. P. Bishop, Chief of the Commissioned Personnel Division, General Staff.

Charles B. Drake, Chief of the Motor Transport Corps.

Hugh S. Johnson, formerly Assistant to the Provost Marshal General.

Edward D. Anderson, operation branch, General Staff.

Samuel T. Ansell, Acting Judge Advocate General.

COLONELS.

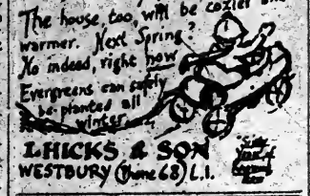
W. K. Wilson, Chief of the War Department Cable Service.

Ira C. Welden, Chief of the Tank Corps.

Mr. Baker said the medal was awarded Mr. Felton for conspicuous service "in supervising the supply of railway material and the organization of railway operation and construction troops," which contributed materially to the success of the American Army in the field. The commendation of Mr. Thorne is for his services "in the reorganization of the service of supply, thereby enabling the heavy demands of the increased army to be met."

The Secretary's announcement emphasized that each of the officers mentioned both organized and administered the branch of the work of which he was in charge.

Outdoor Play
even in winter,
is a necessity for the kiddies.
Give them shelter against biting winds by planting Evergreens.
The house, too, will be cozier and warmer. Next Spring?
No indeed, right now Evergreens can safely be planted all winter.



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WESTBURY (Phone 68) L. I.

Scotch Whiskies
Brandies—Liqueurs
ALL LEADING BRANDS.
Quotations upon application.
Grosvenor Nicholas & Co.
INCORPORATED.
30-32 BEAVER ST.
14-16-18 SOUTH WILLIAM ST.
TELEPHONE BROAD 8100 8101

Resinol
would relieve that irritation

HANAN
SEMI-ANNUAL
SALE
MEN'S AND WOMEN'S
SHOES
This sale includes many of our most desirable lines in seasonable models.
Exceptional Reductions Are Offered
AT ALL STORES
516 Fifth Ave., cor. 43rd St. 419 Broadway, cor. Canal St.
411 Fifth Ave., at 37th St. 297 Broadway, at Duane St.
1255 Broadway, cor. 31st St. 205 B'dway, cor. Fulton St.
1391 Broadway, cor. 38th St. 35 Nassau St., cor. Liberty St.
1095 Broadway, at 23rd St. 438 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Good Shoes Are an Economy
SHOES

DO IT ALL TRACTOR

Plows—Harrows—Cultivates
Never in the history of this country will farm products bring a higher price, or be more needed than the coming season. Man power will still be scarce and expensive. With a DO IT ALL Tractor you get better and bigger crops and an immense saving in labor. We have tractors NOW. The wise buyer takes advantage of this and gets one when he can—that's now.
You can get catalog telling about them. Just say Send me catalog F.
WE MAKE GASOLINE ENGINES ALL SIZES.
CONSOLIDATED GASOLINE ENGINE CO.
102 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

JACK TAR
MADE WITH ROLLING POINTS AND THE OVAL BUTTONHOLE
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

Safe Milk for Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

French Brandy (Only for Export)
675 Cases Meukow,
294 Cases Paul Antier and Pomeral
AT PRESENT IN BOND.
Price of entire lot will be made attractive.
Apply—Mundial Trading Co., 17 Battery Place.

The New York City
Telephone Directory
Goes to Press
Wednesday, February 5, 1919
Advertising Forms Close
Tuesday, January 28, 1919

ALL changes or additions in present listings must be arranged for on or before February 5th in order to appear in this new issue.

ADVERTISEMENTS for this issue of the "most used and most useful book in New York" should be arranged for on or before January 28, 1919.

ANY of our business offices listed below will be glad to give you full information. Just telephone, write or call—

MANHATTAN-BRONX			897 Flatbush Ave.	Flatbush	19014
15 Dey St.	Cortlandt	19000	923 Havemeyer St.	Stagg	19014
104 Broad St.	Bw'g Green	19080	1030 Gates Ave.	Bushwick	19014
413 Grand St.	Orchard	19080	1640 Pitkin Ave.	East New York	19014
480 Broadway at Howard St.	Canal	19080	JAMAICA		
23 E. 26th St.	Mad. Sq.	19080	8 Hardenbrook Ave.	Jamaica	19000
1434 B'way at 42d St.	Bryant	19080	FLUSHING		
72 E. 42d St.	Murray Hill	19080	70 Main St.	Flushing	19014
9 E. 59th St.	Plaza	19080	RICHMOND HILL		
2067 B'way at 72d St.	Riverside	19080	634 Napier Ave.	Richmond Hill	19016
109 W. 125th St.	Morningside	19080	LONG ISLAND CITY		
373 E. 149th St.	Melrose	19080	Bridge Plaza North	Astoria	19014
485 E. Tremont Ave.	Tremont	19080	FAR ROCKAWAY		
1106 Hoe Ave.	Intervale	19080	Birdsall & Cent'l Ave.	Far Rockaway	19014
BROOKLYN			TOMPKINSVILLE		
81 Willoughby St.	Main	19000	444 St. Marks Pl.	Tompkinsville	19066
830 Ninth St.	South	19014	PORT RICHMOND		
460 Nostrand Ave.	Bedford	19016	70 Richmond Ave.	West Brighton	19066
8110 Fifth Ave.	Sunset	19016			

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY
The money you lend comes back in the end. Buy W. S. S.

Are women less honest than men?
A well-known business man asks The American Magazine that question.[1]
His experience is that women don't pay up when they borrow money.
In twenty-five years he has loaned $15,000 to women in various amounts and not one cent has been repaid.
A business woman who answers this business man says it is the men's fault.
Which is right?
The American Magazine offers prizes for the best answer.
See the February number.
1 "Says Women Are Less Honest Than Men"—a remarkable letter from a big business man.
The American Magazine
The Crowell Publishing Company
Woman's Home Companion
The American Magazine
Farm and Fireside

MORE AMERICANS FREED BY GERMANS

War Department Issues Two Lists of Soldiers Released from Prison Camps.

MANY NEW YORKERS NAMED

All of Them Are Privates Who Have Been Returned to French Territory.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Names of 235 enlisted men of the army, reported to have returned to France from prison camps in Germany, were made public today by the War Department. The men are:

EVANS, W. W., Scranton, Penn.
FADDEN, ARTHUR, Scranton, Penn.
FARMER, FRED, Wilmer, Texas.
FAY, L. W., Richmond Hill, N. Y.
FERRO, A. D., Drifton, Penn.
FISHER, L. M., Evansville, Wis.
FISHER, THEO., St. Clair Heights, Mich.
FLAVIN, JOHN, Walpole, N. H.
FLYNN, J. A., Plymouth, Penn.
FOWLER, W., Hutchinson, Kan.
FRASSO, JOHN, Southington, Conn.
FREDERICKS, T. A., Philadelphia, Penn.
FITZ, R. W., 146 W. 17th St., New York.
FURLONG, G. D., Rutland, Mass.
GALDIAN, VALENTINE, Oakland, Cal.
GEISS, C. A., Seattle, Wash.
HEMPHILL, A. F., Philadelphia, Penn.
REEVES, HOMER, Lenad, Miss.
REIFSNYDER, THOMAS, Portsville, Penn.
RESNIKOFF, HYMAN, 1,565 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
RICHARD, HENRY, Holyoke, Mass.
RINGLER, MEREDITH, Cairnbrook, Penn.
ROBERTS, PFR., Gaffney, S. C.
ROHE, J. A., 5 Washington Terrace, N. Y.
HOFFMAN, G. H., Philadelphia, Penn.
HOLVORSON, PERCY, Neenah, Wis.
HOUCK, O. M., Pringle, Penn.
HUDSON, WILLIAM, Boone's Mill, Va.
HUTCHINS, F. A., Scranton, Penn.
IRVINE, B. R., Philadelphia, Penn.
JACEWICZ, ANTONI, Johnstown, Penn.
JACKSON, CLAUDE, Hickman, Ky.
JACOBS, E. C., Willimantic, Conn.
JOHNSON, A. F., Middletown, Conn.
KOTT, T. C., Brandentown, Fla.
SHAW, W. Q., Shawnee, Okla.
SHOWAKER, E. S., Philadelphia, Penn.
SLAPNICKA, FRANK, Omaha, Neb.
SAFRONSKY, CHAS., Philadelphia, Penn.
SEIN, DANIEL, Philadelphia, Penn.
TOLBERT, W. O., Paducah, Ky.
WARNER, THEODORE, Hampton Beach, New York.
IRWIN, D. J., Woodhaven, N. Y.
McINTYRE, R. J., Berlin, Penn.
JOWERS, JACK, Kinston, Ala.
MASON, G. B., Montgomery, Ala.
MATTHEWS, H. L., Akron, Ohio.
ANDERSON, E. G., Philadelphia, Penn.
TAIN, P. R., Spray, N. C.
BRISK, J. H., Miner Mills, Penn.
GERSBERG, C. J., 174 Canal St., New York.
WESTERBERG, I. E., West Chicago, Ill.
WHEELER, C. V., Lincolnville, Penn.
WOODS, G. C., Dearborn, Mo.
WRIGHT, W. J., Chestnut Hill, Penn.
MORELLA, F. A., Philadelphia, Penn.
HOPKINS, DOUGLAS, Bristol, Conn.
NELSON, W. C., Wenatchee, Wash.
ROSE, I. W., Bristol, Conn.
BRAUN, A. C., Cottage Grove, Wis.
BONI, P. C., Italy.
KOMESAR, HYMAN, Rochester, N. Y.
KOSKI, MARTIN, Finland.
HARTY, E. J., Lafayette, Ind.
SHANER, W. A., Ellwood City, Penn.
COFFEY, PATRICK, 94 Sumter St., B'klyn.
LLINGTON, J. T., Thomaston, Ga.
AWKINS, ROBERT, Binghamton, N. Y.
IGGINBOTHAM, JEFFERSON, Fertile, Mo.
ILLER, R. H., Clarks Summit, Penn.
ATRAIS, THEOS., Philadelphia, Penn.
ECKER, H. D., Vincennes, Ind.
OBLE, J. J., Manilla, Minn.
GRATH, E. J., New Bedford, Mass.
ROURKE, F. D., 2,153 Southern Boulevard, New York.
CRAE, JOHN, Chicago, Ill.
EISS, JOSEPH, Philadelphia, Penn.
NIXON, J. H., Empire, Ohio.
NORDLUND, AUGUST, Georgetown, Conn.
NNEDY, J. J., Philadelphia, Penn.
ONARD, HARRY, Camden, N. J.
UCENTE, EPIFANIO, Conshohocken, Penn.
ALEY, JOHN, Buena Vista, Penn.
ALZZIA, LUIGI, Italy.
ANSFIELD, P. L., Boston, Mass.
ARCUS, H. A., 30 Madison St., New York.
ASON, R. H., 262 8th St., Jersey City.
ARTINSON, M. R., Jamaica Plains, Mass.
ASTLEBERRY, G. W., Wellston, Okla.
ANTANESSE, LAIRD, Italy.
OLEMAN, R. H., 178 14th St., Brooklyn.
ONFER, L. L., Butler, Penn.
ORRY, G. W., Philadelphia, Penn.
OABTREE, LESLIE, Philadelphia, Penn.
ASMAGHI, GIACINTO, 66 Thompson St., New York City.
DEFIELD, LOUIS, 410 West 54th St., New York City.
OUGLAS, FRANK, Plymouth, Ill.
UFFY, T. J., 1,829 71st St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
URE, W. H., Philadelphia, Penn.
FF, EARL R., Meno, Okla.
LSON, C. J., Bristol, Conn.
RLAUS, H. G., Grand Rapids, Mich.
OWOSKY, ALEX., 37 Bacon St., Newark, N. J.
OBLIN, T. J., Gloucester, Mass.
ONELL, T., Philadelphia, Penn.
OOLE, F. T., Framingham, Mass.
RRANDA, F. D., 279 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.
ICKENS, R. W., Huntington, Tenn.
AUSCH, A. W., Hersey, Mich.
EDER, A. E., Trevorton, Penn.
ORDIO, ROSARIO, Italy.
AUDE, R. A., Meyersdale, Penn.
OHN, BERNARD, Highland, Ill.
AGNON, A. J., Bristol, Conn.
EMERAAD, GEORGE, Netherlands.
RIMES, A. T., Philadelphia, Penn.
AMMOND, C. W., Salisbury, Mo.
ARRISON, JAMES, Plattsburg, N. Y.
ARRISON, O. H., 1,122 Glenwood Road, Brooklyn, N. Y.
ARRISON, R. C., Lafayette, Ind.
ESTER, FRANK, 2,774 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
ITZ, JOHN, Bitumen, Penn.
OBERTS, M. F., Knoxville, Tenn.
EDINO, F. F., 97 Miller Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
AMSON, JOE, Dothan, Ala.
OHNSON, G. C., Stoyestown, Penn.
UCK, ALEXANDER, 150 Avenue C, New York City.
SE, E. G., Rochester, Penn.
RACSMARCK, IGNACE, Cleveland, Ohio.
ALLAHER, H. M., Birmingham, Ala.
ANE, GUST, Slatington, Penn.
AUER, W. H., 1,411 Intervale Av., New York City.
ELLER, F. M., South Whitley, Ind.
ENNEDY, W. D., Rutland, Ohio.
OSTEL, TOBIAS, 187 Middletown St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
UTH, WILLIAM, New Haven, Conn.
ACOURCIERE, R. J., Meriden, Conn.
ORNEY, CHARLES, Newport, Ky.
RSON, HANS, Rochester, Minn.
TIMER, FRANK, Waterbury, Conn.
WRENCE, H. G., Independence, Kan.
VINGSTON, J. P., 1,428 Amsterdam Av., New York City.
ONGACRE, GEORGE, Shelby, Ohio.
AUGHLIN, J. W., Harold, S. D.
OTZ, JOSEPH, Buffalo, N. Y.
ALEY, P. J., 924 Princeton Av., Trenton, N. J.
MMBOURG, FRANK, Chicago, Ill.
ANEK, J. P., Norwalk, Conn.
ARSHALL, G. W., Medfield, Mass.
ADE, J. A., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
GUIRE, D. M., Richmond, Va.
KEE, C. V., Palmyra, Neb.
KEE, H. B., Philadelphia, Penn.
UFF, H. E., Philadelphia, Penn.
ORSON, J. M., Pigott, Ark.
DERSON, L. P., Wellsville, N. Y.
DERSON, F. A., Johnsonburg, Penn.
LL, J. J., Alexandria, La.
LL, W. D., Quincy, Mass.
LTON, PETER, 2,057 Mapes Av., New York City.
NGE, G. H., Somerset, Mass.
SSELL, J. L., Eureka, Cal.
MPBELL, B., Philadelphia, Penn.
NSON, G. W., Pittsburgh, Penn.
ES, H. A., North East, Penn.
AN, W. M., 54 East 118th St., New York City.
NDALL, V. M., Roll, Okla.
DGE, A. J., Worcester, Mass.
RE, WILLIAM, Jr., Dallas, Texas.
HER, HAROLD, 682 Rogers Place, New York City.
TTO, W. J., Milwaukee, Wis.
MOUSES, THOMAS, 250 West 36th St., New York City.
RISTEIN, C. A., Keokuk, Iowa.
REY, M. E., East Durham, N. C.
TERS, S. J., Rochelle, Ill.
PPER, J. J., 1,031 Stebbins Av., New York City.
LLIS, T. D., Philadelphia, Penn.
SON, J. W., Yuma, Tenn.
RENO, ANTONIO, Italy.
PLE, H. A., Natrona, Penn.
APER, ELMER, Pocono Pines, Penn.
LDS, E. J., La Salle, Ill.
OIT, R. B. P., Decatur, Ill.
OM, C. H., Terra, Penn.
ER, B. A., Gary, Ind.
W, FRED, McClean, Ill.
UP, WALTER, Waterford, Penn.
NOR, J. M., Octavia, Okla.
RSTEIN, ABRAHAM, England.
WANSON, H. T., Warren, Minn.
WEY, W. P., Richmond, Va.
LEN, E. H., Greensburg, Penn.
NDERSON, E. T., 7,215 3d Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
LLIAMS, J. H., Etters, Penn.
RK, CONRAD, Wilmerding, Penn.
LIS, F. A., Stapleton, N. Y.
ODHEAD, E. C., Houghton, N. Y.
OD, J. E., Sandy Ridge, N. C.
OD, E. C., Wilmore, Kan.
PE, HYMAN, Chelsea, Mass.
ZESKI, JOSEPH, Tyler, Penn.
SI, VITO ANTONIO, Swampscott, Mass.
OD, E., Littleton, Mass.
AFOLO, JOS., Sykesville, Penn.

YORTY, C. W., Somerset, Penn.
AGOVED, J. J., West Annaska, Penn.
ACQUAVIVO, DOMINICK, Marteville, R. I.
ANDERSON, E. R., Rossiter, Penn.
ADAMS, R. E., West Elisabeth, Penn.
ARQUETTE, BOYDE, Parishville, N. Y.
BECKETT, E. M., Florence, N. J.
BLATCHFORD, W., Truro, Mass.
BLIESE, C. A., Emerald, Wis.
BOALO, P. W., Carrick, Penn.
CHAPMAN, L. P., Ellaville, Ga.
CHICK, OTTO, Okemos, Mich.
CHRISTENSEN, JAMES, Eagle Grove, Iowa.
COBB, A. C., Vernon, Texas.
COHEN, H., 185 James St., Newark, N. J.
CONNERY, T. W., Harmony, Neb.
CRATON, W. I., Dallas, Ga.
CRAWFORD, S., Wilkes-Barre, Penn.
ECKENRODE, SAMUEL, Newville, Penn.
EDWARDS, CARTER, North East, Penn.
ELRIDGE, MARK, Jessup, Penn.
FARREN, J. E., New Haven, Conn.
FERNANDS, W. A., 107 Christopher St. New York City.
FERRIS, B. A., Elmore, Ohio.
FIALA, JOSEPH, Jackson, Minn.
FINCH, E. B., Shavertown, N. Y.
FOEMING, V. R., Shreveport, La.
FOGARTY, J. J., Hartford, Conn.
FOX, S. R., East Aurora, N. Y.
FRANK, HENRY, Morrison, Okla.
FRENCH, E. A., New Haven, Conn.
FECHS, SAM, Columbus, Ohio.
GARD, G., Ruthven, Iowa.
GAIEWSKI, IGNATZ, Cleveland, Ohio.
GALASKA, STANISLAUS, Russia.
GALEAZZA, GIACOMO, Rochester, N. Y.
GALLAGHER, D. B., Blockton, Ala.
GAMMON, J. S., Cordova, Ala.
SCHAROUN, A. J., Syrecuse, N. Y.
SCHISSLER, L. H., Philadelphia, Penn.
SCHWARZ, R. R., Astoria, N. Y.
SEXAUER, FRED, Astoria, N. Y.
SHAFFER, C. F., Crescent, Okla.
SCHNEIDER, GEORGE, Buffalo, N. Y.
SHANNON, W. W., Bolivar, N. Y.
SHERRY, C. A., Shenandoah, Penn.
SLATER, H., South Dartmouth, Mass.
SLAVIN, R. F., Chatham, Mass.
SMITH, E. A., Waco, Ga.
SMITH, GUS, Factoryville, Penn.
SMITH, J. F., Chicago, Ill.
SMITH, MARTIN, Russia.
SMITH, T. G., Rock Hall, Ga.
SOBEK, STEVE, Milwaukee, Wis.
SOTERAKOPULOS, SIMON, Chicago, Ill.
SPECK, LOUIS, Sebeka, Minn.
SPENC, A., Bridgeport, Conn.
SPERRINO, J., 843 86th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
SPRAGUE, A. L., Kansas City, Mo.
STAFFERIA, TONY, Italy.
STANBERRY, J. E., Gloucester, Ohio.
STEELE, J. W., Woodland, Cal.
STELMOCHOWSKY, C., Milwaukee, Wis.
CURTIN, E. J., Roxbury, Mass.
DI SABTINO, S. L., Connellsville, Penn.
HOFFMAN, CARL, Hampton, Conn.
JOHNSON, TAYLOR, Clarksville, Ark.
KAHRES, J. P., 1,516 Bleeker St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
KEELER, C. H., Philadelphia.
KELLIHER, M. T., Boston, Mass.
KREKLOW, ARTHUR, Fort Atkinson, Wis.
KREEPS, J. R., Washington, D. C.
KUCHLMACHRIS, Woodhaven, N. Y.
LAMB, HARRY, Beardstown, Ill.
LECKEMBY, M. R., Meyersdale, Penn.
MANNING, R. H., Colchester, Vt.
MAURICE, A. J., Lewiston, Me.
McKULE, A. A., Buffalo, N. Y.
MANNING, RICHARD, 346 East 48th St., New York.
MARKLE, EDWIN, Paxton, W. Va.
MARKINOVICH, JOSEPH, Shenandoah, Pa.
MARQUARDT, G. B., Washington, D. C.
MARTHER, A. L., Union City, Penn.
MARTIN, W. E., 161 West 23rst St., New York.
MARTINAVAGE, S. C., Shenandoah, Penn.
MATUSZEWSKI, WALTER, Buffalo, N. Y.
MATUSZEWSKI, ADAM, 631 East 12th St., New York.
MELLETT, M. B., 167 34th St., Bklyn, N. Y.
HASENFELT, F. C., Fall River, Kan.
HARSHBERGER, W. E., Milton, W. Va.
PENN, W. E., Mount Oliver, Penn.
HOFFMAN, CONRAD, Claflin, Kan.
HOLDEN, E. W., McKeesport, Penn.
JAEGER, C. C., 35 Alabama Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
JATHE, C. C., Albany, N. Y.
JORDAN, F. C., Bennington, Neb.
KELLY, WILLIAM, Burchard, Neb.
KOLJANE, J. A., Chicago.
KOSTELAK, OTTO, 445 E. 77th St., N. Y. C.
KRAATZ, GEORGE, Greenwood, Wis.
DEERING, S. A., St. Louis.
DOLEN, PHILIP, 920 Prospect Av., N. Y. C.
DOMIANO, L. F., 320 W. 40th St., N. Y. C.
DOMINICK, J. D., Philadelphia.
DOWLING, W. J., Glen Cove, N. Y.
DRAGEON, MORRIS, Russia.
DRISKILL, C. E., Farmland, Ind.
STEPANUCK, H., Youngstown, Ohio.
STEVENS, A. C., Carlisle, Penn.
STONE, T. F., Lockland, Ohio.
STRACHAN, E. A., Gloucester, Mass.
STUCK, A. W. A., West New Brighton, N. Y.
SWEENEY, D. F., New Haven, Conn.
TALLMAN, B. H., Brunswick, N. J.
ZIMMERMAN, A. W., Philadelphia.
AUGER, HENRY, Manchester, N. H.
BITTNER, C. L., Garrett, Penn.
BRADLEY, A. G., Bristol, Conn.
BYRNE, M. R., 134 W. 47th St., N. Y. C.
CADONAU, C. H., Portland, Ore.
COBERLY, C. M., Winnewood, Okla.
DUNNAWAY, L. A., McKinney, Texas.
FARULA, E. M., 80 Factory St., Newark, N. J.
FISHER, F. L., Alden, Minn.
FRANKLIN, AUGUSTA, Bartlesville, Okla.
HARBISON, V. M., Knoxville, Tenn.
REAGAN, LUKE, 15 Union St., Jersey City, N. J.
SHEERER, FRIEND, Wimers, Penn.
STUTZMAN, P. E., Somerset, Penn.
HANEY, J. T., McKeesport, Penn.
SHORTT, A. N., 624 W. 135 St., N. Y. C.
SPEHLE, P., 205 52d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
MEEKS, W. E., 2 Camp Av., Watertown, N. Y.
FILIWICZ, WILLIAM, Philadelphia.

Another list gave the names of enlisted men released from the German prison camp at Rastatt and returned to France. In this list were:

DENNIS, S. B., Dundee, N. Y.
COFFEY, M. F., 864 Sumpter St., Bklyn., N. Y.
COLBERG, F. C., 5,873 5th Av., Bklyn., N. Y.
COLFER, CHARLES, Perth Amboy, N. J.
COSTELLO, JOHN, 1,453 2d Av., New York.
LEWIS, W. M., 358 8th St., Jersey City, N. J.
CHECKLEY, W. T., 998 East 25th St., Paterson, N. J.
ROCCO, HERMAN, 654 East 4th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LYONS, W. S., 80 Carlton Av., Bklyn, N. Y.
ALBERTSON, E. R., 61 Hemlock St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
ANGELLOTI, JOHN, 35 Mott St., New York.
KUEHNLE, JOHN, 2,104 Vyse Av., New York.
LAMOTTO, LOUIS, 93 Bragaw Av., Newark, N. J.
CONNELLY, MICHAEL, 308 East 38th St., New York.
CENETIEMPO, L., 2,733 W. 16th St., Bklyn, N. Y.
HALL, G. V., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
FISCHER, G., 648 Madison St., N. Y. City.
VISCEGLIO, VINCENZO, Jamaica, N. Y.
BALBOA, H., 276 Wayne St., Jersey C., N. J.
EGAN, J. M., 169 Franklin St., New York City.
HAYDEN, A. M., Asbury Park, N. J.
HOLAHAN, THOMAS, 146 W. 104th St., New York City.
HOLLAND, J. F., 130 9th St., B'klyn, N. Y.
NOLAN, A. S., 924 Dean St., B'klyn, N. Y.
OBER, C. O., 1,513 Park Av., New York.
DOORIS, J. F., 363 51st St., B'klyn, N. Y.
DREDGEER, OLIVER, 68 Ryerson St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
ECKSTEIN, GEORGE, 823 East 71st St., New York City.

DIED IN GERMAN CAMPS.

War Department Names a Captain and Twelve Enlisted Men.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The names of one officer, Captain George C. Freeland of Westville, Conn., and twelve enlisted men reported to have died in German prison camps were announced today by the War Department. The enlisted men were:

KOHL, J. H., Woodhaven, L. I., N. Y.
SEARE, J. D., Swartwood, N. Y.
BARNES, EDWIN, Erie, Penn.
BELKNAP, B. E., Lockport, N. Y.
SCIME, TOMMASO, Italy.
KILLEBREW, F. G., Austin, Texas.
MacDONALD, DONALD, Scotland.
CORTES, FRANK, 415 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
GALLAN, DAVID, Hanford, Cal.
SULLIVAN, J. H., Creston, Mon.
COE, A. S., Port Byron, Ill.
PERRY, W. N., Woodville, N. H.

WANTS SO ABOLISH DRUG CONTROL BOARD

Governor Urges Legislature to Turn Duties Over to the Department of Health.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 15.—Governor Smith asked the Legislature today to immediately abolish the State Narcotic Drug Control Commission as an unnecessary bureau entailing unnecessary expense to the Governor suggested in a special message to the lawmakers, should be taken over by a bureau to be created in the State Department of Health.

The commission resulted from the Whitney act, passed by the 1918 Legislature after a series of hearings in New York City conducted by a legislative committee which investigated drug conditions. Ex-Governor Whitman named Dr. Frank Richardson of Cambridge head of the commission. Senator Whitney was named first deputy, and Mrs. John Francis Yawger of New York City third deputy. The second deputy remained unnamed.

Governor Smith, in his message, said that he is in sympathy with the purposes of the law and believes that the State should provide for the regulation and control of the sale of narcotic drugs.

"I am hoping that we will see our way clear to reduce the number of State departments now performing similar duties," declared the Governor. "The creation of new departments leads to additional expenditures not necessary. By the creation of a bureau in the Health Department, everything sought to be done by this new commission can be accomplished. Inspectors and other employes of the Health Department now performing similar duties can, at the same time, give their attention to the enforcement of the new law.

"I am looking forward to the day when some of the business of the State, how conducted by outside commissions, can be given to the elected constitutional officers of the State. For years we have all been saying that there are too many boards and commissions, but, nevertheless, we seem to go on continually creating new ones. Here is your opportunity to dispose of at least one of them and transfer the function to a well organized and highly developed agency of the Government—the State Department of Health."

Republicans here looked upon the Governor's suggestion as more or less of a political plan to reward ex-Senator Brackett for the position he took during the campaign last Fall, as well as to make more positions for the Democrats.

In appointing Senator Whitney as head of the Drug Control Commission Governor Whitman made it possible for the Senator to build up a political machine in Saratoga County, through the patronage which goes with the office, much to the discomforture of ex-Senator Brackett, the Republican leader of Saratoga. Brackett did not support Governor Whitman, but, on the contrary, is said to have done favors for Mr. Smith.

PLAN STATE INCOME TAX LAW.

Legislative Leaders Assert Loss of Revenue Tariffs Must Be Made Up.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 15.—There is a good chance for the passage this year of a State income tax law, according to legislative leaders who have been considering the question of devising ways and means of meeting the deficit caused by the loss of revenue taxes. At the meeting of the State conference of Mayors here a committee was appointed to draft such a bill for presentation to the Legislature. Speaker Sweet of the Assembly believes the Legislature will pass the law before it adjourns.

"The only question to be decided," he said, "is the rate to be fixed and what else incomes should be exempted. The Mills committee concluded that it would not pay to collect a State income tax below $2,000. I believe that a flat rate on all incomes over $3,000 would realise sufficient funds to meet the State's requirements."

It has practically been decided by the legislative leaders to provide for increasing the tax on automobile licenses. At present the license cost is from $5 for a small runabout to $75 for the largest commercial auto trucks. The proposal is to increase the minimum tax to $10 and the maximum to $125.

New Yorkers Head "Land Army."

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 15.—Despite the ending of the war, there will be no let-up in the movement to have women take more interest in farming, according to speakers before the Women's Land Army of America, which concluded its convention here today. Officers elected included: President—Mrs. William Adams Brown, New York; Vice Presidents—Mrs. William Pierson Hamilton, New York; Mrs. William H. Schofield, New Hampshire; Treasurer—Mrs. Wendell T. Bush, New York.

BOY AIDS MME. LEBAUDY.

Messenger's Story Fails to Confirm Report of Premeditation.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Jan. 15.—Mme. Augustine Lebaudy's chance of escaping prosecution for the killing of her husband was increased today when District Attorney Weeks obtained through a detective the story of Mark Rosenfeld, a messenger boy of 123 East 110th Street, who accompanied Jacques Lebaudy from New York to "The Lodge" at Westbury on the night that he was shot.

It had been represented that Rosenfeld had said that he was ordered from the house by Mrs. Lebaudy just before she had shot her husband. District Attorney Weeks was interested in this account, as the story attributed to Rosenfeld was the only thing that indicated a possible plan on the part of Mrs. Lebaudy to kill her husband. When Rosenfeld was questioned today, he said that Mrs. Lebaudy had not spoken to him, and that he had fled from the house in fear of his life because Lebaudy was acting like a madman.

District Attorney Weeks began another investigation to make sure that the revolver found in the coat of Lebaudy after his death was there before he was killed. It had been represented to Mr. Weeks that there was a possibility that some one had placed the revolver in the pocket to clinch the case of self-defense for Mme. Lebaudy.

An application had been made to the District Attorney by the Columbia University Medical School for a chance to examine the brain of Lebaudy in the interests of science. The request will not be opposed by the District Attorney, but it may be held up until some one has been designated as the legal possessor of the body.

Lost and Found Advertisements next to last page.

Borrow from Us

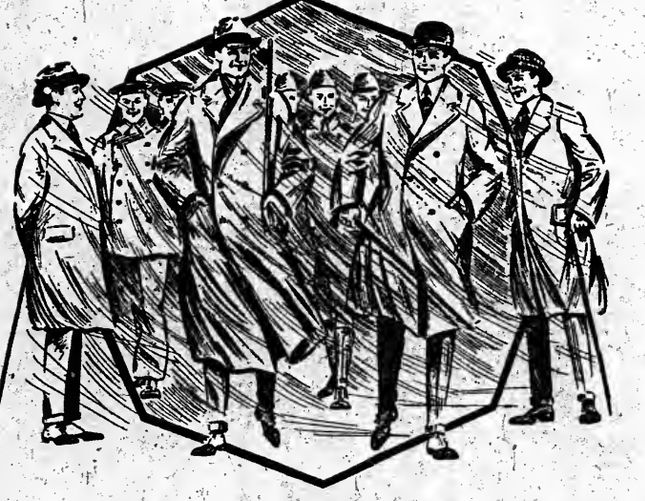
We would like to lend you money on your real estate. Our answers are prompt and our fees and interest rates are reasonable.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST Co
Capital $5,000,000
Surplus $11,000,000
176 Broadway, N.Y., 175 Remsen St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

MISSION GARDEN TEA
For Sale by Grocers
60c per Pound

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street



STORM-DEFYING ULSTERS
VERY DRESSY OVERCOATS
Much Reduced in Price

500 Fine Garments

$23.75 and $29.75

These coats taken right out of our regular stock and marked down. An opportunity certainly worth while to men and young men who want really good clothes at small cost.

Styles the newest and most popular of the winter—loose, slip-on box overcoats; short town ulsters, double breasted with belted backs (smart for young men); also similarly made regulation length ulsters, or greatcoats.

Tailoring and cut splendid. Materials rich mixtures and plaids in the virile ulsters—plain and mixtures in the topcoats.

All-Wool Tailored Suits

In a Semi-Annual Reduction Sale

Every suit in our stock except evening clothes,—and this year's stock was unusually good—in this sale. We hold such sales only twice a year—January and July.

Prices—$23.75, $28.75, $32.75, $36.75, $43.75

No Charge for Alterations

Men's Shop—Fourth Floor

In Progress—The Annual Sale of
Men's High-Grade Shirts

At $2.95	At $1.95	At $1.45
Imported Madras in a large assortment of fine neat stripes in various colors; Soft French cuffs.	Madras, Percale and fine mercerized materials in new patterns and colors; Soft French cuffs.	Madras, mercerized materials and Percales in Plain and Novelty Stripes in various colors; Soft French cuffs.

Ground Floor

Men's Winter Boots

Special Values Arranged for the January Sale

Heavy Winter Boots Tan grain leathers; Blucher style; damp-proof soles..... $7.85

Cordovan Boots Rich shades of dark cordovan leather.....Splendid value. $9.75

Clearance of 400 Pairs of Men's Tan Boots at $5.40
Sizes Incomplete

Fourth Floor

Don't trust soap and water

The breeze blows dust into your house and lodges disease-germs in the floor cracks. Muddy, wet shoes transfer germs from the street to the home. Germs get on your floors in many other ways.

Don't let them increase and multiply, and threaten the health and life of your family. Don't trust soap and water to kill germs.

Lysol Disinfectant

instantly annihilates all germ life. Begin at once the practice of using it in your scrubbing water.

Other germ-breeding places in the home are garbage can, sinks, drains, toilet, cuspidor and dark, damp, sunless corners.

The regular use of Lysol to disinfect these danger spots will keep them permanently germ-proof.

A 50c bottle makes 5 gallons of powerful disinfectant—enough to last for months. A 25c bottle makes two gallons.

Disinfect regularly with Lysol and you will make a better fight against disease than it can make against you.

Lysol Toilet Soap Contains Lysol, and therefore protects the skin from germ infection. It is refreshingly soothing and healing and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he hasn't it, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream Contains Lysol, and kills germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound), guards the tiny cuts from infection, and gives the antiseptic shave. If your dealer hasn't it, ask him to order a supply for you.

OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND
Lehn & Fink

Saks & Company

BROADWAY AT 34 STREET

Will Hold Today An Extraordinary

Special Sale of Women's Smart Coats

Regularly $39.50 to $49.50

at $28

¶ Coats of marked individuality, in belted and loosely draped styles, some strictly tailored, others with large shawl or muffler collars of Fur. Fashioned of

Wool Velour, Silvertone Velour, and Rich Mixed Velour

Full lined and warmly interlined, and tailored so skillfully that they *must* give excellent service. The opportunity is so unusual that none can be sent C. O. D. or on Approval.

Today and Friday—The Entire Balance of our

Women's Higher Price Frocks

Will Be Offered in a Special Sale

at Greatly Reduced Prices

Hand-Embroidered Tricolette Dresses. Formerly $125 and $135.....Reduced to	$95.00
Georgette Crepe Dresses trimmed with Chiffon Velvet. Formerly $90 to $95.....Reduced to	$69.50
Beautifully Embroidered Georgette Crepe Frocks, trimmed with Fine Velvets. Formerly $59.50. Reduced to	$39.50
Custom Tailored Embroidered Dresses in Fine Tricotine. Formerly $89.50 and $95..Reduced to	$69.50
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AGREE TO RESTORE 2-CENT LETTER RATE

Free Use of Mail for Forces Abroad Also Accepted by the Revenue Bill Conferees.

CHILD LABOR WILL BE TAXED

Senate Special License Imposts Also Go Through—Congress May Get Bill in Few Days.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The Senate and House conferees completed their preliminary review of the proposed Revenue bill today by agreeing to restore the pre-war postage rates on first-class mail matter after July 1 next, and by adopting other Senate amendments to the original House bill, such as special license taxes, the Advisory Tax Board amendment fixing the number of members at five and the salary of each at $9,000, and the tax on the employment of child labor.

The agreement on postal rates will mean a return to the use of the two-cent stamp for letter postage and the one-cent postal card rate. The Senate amendment also provides that soldiers, sailors, and marines "in a foreign country, engaged in the present war," may have free use of the mails for the delivery of letters they write, under regulations to be promulgated by the Postmaster General. The question of second-class postal rates which vitally affect newspapers and periodicals was discussed, but it is understood that the adoption of the Senate amendment providing that the rate shall be one cent a pound for delivery within the first and second zones, (150 miles,) and 1½ cents a pound for all other zones, was blocked by Representative Kitchen.

By agreement on the child labor amendment of the Senate, the conferees placed a heavy Federal tax penalty on all industries employing children, a step which has been strongly advocated by persons who viewed with alarm the recent court decision concerning the control of the employment of minors. If the Revenue bill becomes a law, industries which employ children under certain stated ages will be called upon to pour into the Federal treasury 10 per cent. of the entire net profits received or accrued for the tax year for the sale or disposition of products, in addition to all other taxes imposed by law.

The Senate's special license tax amendments will substitute a licensing system, requiring definite payments of $10 and $20 for each passenger automobile, seven-passenger capacity and over, respectively, operated for profit; add to the tax burden of the pawnbroker, and make other readjustments from the original House bill.

Among the more important questions on which the conferees will now centre their attention are the second-class postal rates, the war and excess profits taxes, consolidated returns, the inheritance tax, depreciation deduction, and the definition of capital.

There were reports about the Capitol today that the conferees hoped to reach an agreement by the end of the week and have the report ready for submittal early next week. The general belief, however, was that the conference sessions would continue well into next week. The most hopeful indication of a reasonably early agreement is found in reports that both Senator Simmons and Representative Kitchin, Chairmen respectively of the Senate and House Ways and Means Committee, have promised Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass that the bill will be adopted by both branches of the legislative Government by Feb. 1.

In order to accomplish this it probably will be necessary for the conferees to complete their deliberations some time next week, as it is expected that at least two days will be required for its passage in the Senate and from three to five days in the House, especially if the Senate amendment to the second-class postal rates is adopted by a split vote in the conference and the fight is carried to the floor of the House by its opponents who wish to retain the higher rates in the new revenue law.

There is said to be considerable variance of opinion among the conferees as yet over the war and excess profits taxes as well as on the inheritance tax program and other important features of the proposed bill.

Many provisions under the heading "Special Taxes," Title X, are of wide public interest, as they affect numerous branches of business. Under the Senate amendment, brokers who are not members of a stock exchange will pay a tax of $40 instead of $100, as provided in the original House bill. The Senate made other changes in the original House schedule, and other taxes included in the schedule to which the conference agreed, "with minor changes" which, it is understood, dealt largely with phraseology, are as follows:

Brokers, members of exchange, board of trade or similar organizations whose seat or membership was $2,000 or more but not over $5,000, $100. If such value was more than $5,000, $150.

Pawn brokers, $100. If gross receipts for year ending June 30 were $2,000 or more but not over $5,000, $100 additional if more than $5,000, $150 additional. (The House bill did not contain the last two provisions.)

Ship brokers, $40.

Custom brokers, $40.

Theatres, museums, and concert halls: Seating capacity not exceeding 250, $50; over 250 and not exceeding 500, $100; over 500 and not exceeding 800, $150; over 800, $200. In towns of less than 5,000 population the tax is to be half of that fixed by the schedule.

Halls or armories rented or used occasionally for concerts or theatrical performances were exempted by the House bill. The Senate amendment adds to these exemptions edifices owned by religious, educational, or charitable institutions, societies or organizations where all the proceeds go to these institutions or are collected for the benefit of the military or naval forces of the United States.

Circuses are to pay a tax of $100, and other public exhibitions not covered in the provisions made $15, with the provision that no collection of shows such as State fairs shall be asked to pay a greater combined tax than $100.

Bowling alleys and pool and billiard parlors are to pay $10 for each table or bowling alley, and only tables and alleys in private homes are exempted from this tax. Clubs are included. Shooting galleries are taxed $20; riding academies, $100.

Persons operating or renting passenger automobiles for profit must under the Senate amendment pay a tax of $10 for each automobile with a capacity of not less than two nor more than seven, and $20 for each automobile with a seating capacity of more than seven. Other taxes of passenger automobiles proposed by the House draft of the Revenue bill are eliminated.

Special taxes imposed by the House bill on the tobacco trade with amendments by the Senate are as follows:

Manufacturers of tobacco—Annual sales not over 50,000 pounds, $6; from 50,000 to 100,000 pounds, $12; 100,000 to 200,000 pounds, $24; exceeding 200,000 pounds, $24, and an additional tax of 16 cents a thousand pounds on all sales in excess of 200,000 pounds.

Manufacturers of Cigars—Annual sales not over 50,000, $4; 50,000 to 100,000, $6; 100,000 to 200,000, $12; 200,000 to 400,000, $24; in excess of 400,000, $24, and an additional tax of 10 cents per thousand or fraction of the excess over 400,000.

Manufacturers of cigarettes, including small cigars weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, 6 cents per 10,000 cigarettes or fraction thereof.

Upon the use of all yachts, pleasure boats, power boats, motor boats, with fixed engines of over five gross tons, length not over 50 feet, $1 for each foot; length over 50 feet and not over 100 feet, $2 for each foot; length over 100 feet, $4 for each foot; motor boats not over five gross tons, with fixed engines, $10.

Lost and Found Advertisements next to last page.

REPORTED CASUALITIES NOW TOTAL 220,789

739 Named In Latest Lists for Army Include 297 Dead and 20 Missing

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contained 739 names, bringing the total for the army up to 215,088. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued, but the total previously announced for that arm of the service was 5,701. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 220,789.

Army lists given out today contained the names of 44 killed in action, 164 died of wounds, 10 died of accident, 79 died of disease, 345 severely wounded, 43 wounded to a degree undetermined, 34 slightly wounded, and 20 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 15.	Total.
Killed in action	29,054	44	29,098
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,394	164	12,558
Died of accident	2,376	10	2,386
Died of disease	18,157	79	18,236
Total	62,713	297	63,010
Wounded	131,695	422	132,117
Missing	19,941	20	19,961
Total	214,349	739	215,088

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ALMENDROS, FULORZIO, 238 South St.—Civilian...(DD)
BRUCE, J. D., 347 Convent Av.—Sgt.(WS)
CAMPO, G., 177 Boerum St., B'klyn..(WS)
CIARAMELLO, W. J., 1,141 60th St., Brooklyn...(WS)
CINCA, P., 350 Melrose St., B'klyn...(WS)
CIRRILLA, LOUIS, 2 Payntor Av., Long Island City...(WS)
CONROY, F. J., 418 Humboldt St., Brooklyn...(WS)
DE BOER, M., 215 W. 101st St.—Lt....(WS)
DOWNING, J. J., 975 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn...(WS)
ECKSTEIN, M., 75 Orchard St.......(WL)
FEIN, A., 620 E. 168th St.—Corp.....(WL)
CHIGGERI, G., 212 North Henry St., Brooklyn...(WS)
GLUECKLER, HARRY, 1,449 Gates Av., Brooklyn...(WS)
GRITZ, MAX, 12 E. 14th St.........(MA)
GUGLIELMO, J., 239 Nassau St., B'klyn.(DW)
HASSAN, W. S., 263 85th St., B'klyn.(WS)
HUGHES, E. C., 157 Bedford Av., Brooklyn...(WS)
KING, JOHN, 515 W. 50th St........(WS)
KUNOFSKY, ISIDOR, 423 Hinsdale St., Brooklyn...(WS)
LEBOWITZ, MEYER, 198 Brown Pl...(WS)
MARTCZAK, ABRAM, 29 E. 104th St..(WS)
MEZRITCH, M., 689 Park Av., B'lyn..(KA)
MITCHELL, EDWARD J., 26 Dooley St., Sheepshead Bay, Brooklyn—Corp.(WS)
NESIN, A., 174 Grand St., Brooklyn..(WL)
PAUSELIUS, WM., 1,054 Grant Av....(WS)
POLLINA, THOMAS, 216 Cherry St...(DW)
PRICEMAN, HENRY H., 12-14 Oakland St., Brooklyn—Corp...(WS)
PUCILLA, GENNARO, 520 E. 184th St.(WS)
RANNACHER, WILLIAM, 600 Harman St., Brooklyn...(DW)
ROBB, ALEXANDER R., 537 Franklin Av., Brooklyn—Corp...(WS)
RYAN, J. WM., 633 53d St., B'klyn...(DW)
SMITH, HYMAN, 233 E. 9th St.......(WS)
STERN, JACOB, 234 E. 2d St........(WS)
STEVENS, WM. D., 2,904 5th Av.—Chaplain...(DD)
TULLY, MICHAEL H., 220 5th Av., Brooklyn—Sgt...(DD)
WACHTEL, JOSEPH, 1,814 1st Av....(WS)
WEINBERGER, C., 83 Schermerhorn St.(WU)
WILKER, F., 357 2d St., Brooklyn....(DW)
WINITZER, SAMUEL, 115 Essex St...(MA)
ZIMMERMAN, H. M., 39 Hull St., B'kln.(DD)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BILANCINO, GIULIO, Tuckahoe......(WS)
BRADY, HARVEY L., Mount Morris..(WU)
BROWN, JAMES F., Yonkers.........(WS)
CARVER, JOHN J., Syracuse.........(WS)
COOK, CHARLES, Clarksville.........(WS)
CREGAN, JOSEPH L., Albany.........(DW)
CURRAN, EDWARD F., Moira—Corp.(DD)
DALEY, CORNELIUS, Peekskill........(DW)
DEGROAT, CHARLES, Big Flats.....(WS)
DIETRICH, GEORGE H., Taberg......(WS)
DOYLE, FRANK, Yonkers.............(WS)
EAGLE, THOMAS J., Troy...........(WS)
FERSTAD, JOHN, Buffalo............(DW)
FLETCHER, LEE C., Wellsburg—Lt...(KA)
FRISBIE, EARL T., Auburn..........(DW)
GERWITZ, CHARLES, West Valley...(WS)
GILSON, RAYMOND E., Nyack—Lt....(WS)
HARTFUER, WALTER S., Buffalo....(WS)
HAYNES, C. L., Binghamton—Sgt....(WS)
HOGAN, JOHN F., Maspeth, L. I.....(WU)
HOGUE, RALPH R., Plattsburg.......(WS)
JONES, R. W., Herkimer—Sgt........(KA)
KOWALSKI, WILLIAM, Buffalo.......(WS)
KRAKAU, JOHN H., Camillus—Corp...(KA)
LEAHY, JAMES E., Ilion.............(WL)
McCARTHY, CARL V., Salamanca...(WS)
MARTIN, HAROLD, Malone...........(WS)
MEYERS, J. J., Dansville—Corp......(WS)
MITCHELL, PAUL J., Nyack.........(DW)
NAGLE, CHARLES F., Troy..........(DW)
NORTH, EVERETT, Hoosick Falls....(WU)
OGGESEN, OSCAR F., Buffalo........(WS)
PATRELLA, DOMINICK J., Mt. Vernon.(DW)
PETERSON, JOHN M., Richmond......(WS)
PACKMAN, H. F., Mt. Vernon—Corp..(KA)
PRAYNE, LEO J., Seneca Falls........(DW)
SANDERS, ALLAN J., Lockport........(DW)
SCHIELE, H. W., Mt. Vernon—Corp...(DD)
STAZSCAK, JOSEPH, Rochester.......(WS)
SUNDT, W. E., Rochester—Corp......(DD)
WEINMAN, JOHN P., Clifton Springs.(DD)
WELLS, MOSES, Plattsburg..........(DW)
WHALEN, MICHAEL F., Troy..........(DW)
YAKAL, PHILIP B., Newburg.........(WS)

ALABAMA.

HAYES, THOMAS L., Mooresville—Sgt.(DD)
HILL, ARMSTRONG, Sylacauga—Lt..(DD)
SMITH, CARL B., Belleville..........(KA)
WILSON, MODE, Tennille............(DW)
WOHL, ISAAC B., Decatur............(DW)

ARIZONA.

LEWIS, JOHN R., Pinedale..........(DW)

ARKANSAS.

FARRIS, WILLIAM H., Little Rock..(KA)
HOLLINGSWORTH, C., Mineral......(DW)
STRICKLAND, HARDY, Sherrill......(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

ARTHUR, J. T., Sacramento—Corp....(DD)
BARE, MASON S., Los Angeles........(DW)
BIGELOW, GORDON, Anaheim.........(KA)
MEAIRS, CARL R., Riverside—Lt.....(DD)
ORTIZ, M. M. A., Los Angeles........(DW)
STORRS, JAMES, Happy Camp.......(DD)
TRAVIS, FRANK A., Mill Valley.......(DW)
WILSON, EDWARD, San Francisco..(DW)

CONNECTICUT.

BERARDI, GAETANO, Waterbury.....(WU)
CROSBY, HARRY R., Waterbury.....(DW)
GEIDEL, ADOLPH, New Britain......(DW)
GIBBONS, PETER T., Shelton.........(WS)
GRAJEWSKI, JOHN, New Britain......(DW)
HOWELL, L. D., Newton—Lt..........(WS)
NORGI, SALVATORE, New Haven.....(DW)
ROBERTS, R. M., Middletown.........(DW)
ROZARIO, LONGO, Willimantic.......(WS)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

CONTEE, O. T., Washington..........(DW)

FLORIDA.

DELANEY, JOHN C., Miami...........(DW)
McKNIGHT, J. H., Bonifay—Corp.....(DD)
TAMSITT, G. R., Winter Garden......(DW)
WALKER, O. M., Aucilla..............(DW)

GEORGIA.

CHRISTIAN, CAREE, Cornelia—Nurse.(DD)
COURTNEY, W., Kirkwood............(KA)
WHITE, P. C., Conyers—Corp.........(DD)

IDAHO.

BOYENGER, RICHARD, Boise........(DW)

ILLINOIS.

BANKS, ELMER, Chesterfield.........(DW)
BERNDT, FRANK C., Danville........(KA)
BUSCHMAN, H. H., Downers Grove—Sgt...(DD)
CAPP, PAUL L., Sterling.............(DW)
CHRISTOPHER, E. A., Peoria.........(DW)
CODY, JAMES, Peoria.................(DW)
EDWARDS, PAUL, Chicago—Corp.....(DA)
KLEINPASTE, ALBERT, Chicago—Sgt.(DD)
KLEMZ, ALBERT F., Chicago—Corp...(DD)
LANCIONE, VALERO, Chicago.........(DW)
MALANEY, JAMES, Utica..............(DW)
NORTH, LORNE, Chicago.............(DW)
REDING, EMIL F., Evanston..........(DW)
RICHARDS, W. A., Murphysboro—Corp.(DD)
ROSS, WILLIAM, Middletown.........(DW)
VAN RIPER, J. O., Jr., Chicago—Lt...(DD)
WOYTAK, ANTON, Peru...............(DD)

INDIANA.

BICKNELL, FRED E., Muncie........(DW)
CANNON, JAMES H., Albany..........(DW)
MURPHY, THOS. J., North Vernon....(DW)
PEARCY, HENRY A., Lyons..........(DW)
POLEY, JAMES T., Evansville.......(DW)
SIMES, GUS, Goshen................(DW)
STOVER, ORVILLE N., Union City...(DW)
WATKINS, O. M., Indianapolis—Lt...(DD)

IOWA.

BERTTHANER, W. R., Soldier.......(DW)
EBERLE, F. F., Des Moines—Wagn..(DD)
GLOVER, H. C., Menlo—Cook.......(DD)
HAXTON, LESLIE, Britt.............(DW)
HITCHINS, F. O., Waterloo—Sgt.....(DD)
LANGAN, T. E., Council Bluffs—Sgt.(DD)
VANDERHEIDE, PETER, Sully........(KA)

KANSAS.

CARTER, M. L., Howard—Lt..........(KA)
COLE, JOSEPH A., Atbol............(DW)
COZINE, ROY L., Kansas City.......(DW)
GLEISSNER, PAUL N., Abilene—Lt..(DD)
HASLETT, FORREST E., Paola.......(DW)
HUBBARD, H. H., Garnett—Wagn....(DD)
KING, ELMER H., Pittsburgh........(DW)
PUETZ, FRANK J., Garden..........(DW)
ROSTETTER, F. L., Fair View.......(DW)
STINE, ALFRED L., Wichita..........(DD)

KENTUCKY.

BAKER, HENRY, Withers.............(DW)
BLAIR, ENGLY, East View—Corp.....(DD)
BLEVINS, C. E., Mount Sterling—Lt..(DP)
ETHRIDGE, R. M., Fulton—Corp.....(DD)
HURST, ROBERT A., Mackey........(DW)
McKINNEY, G. W., Walnut Grove—Wagn...(DD)
MARKS, HOWARD, Crescent Springs.(DA)
REFFITT, WILLIAM T., Ashland......(DW)
SIMS, ADEN, Waynesburg............(DW)

LOUISIANA.

FEAZEL, HARVEST G., Point.........(DW)
MICHAEL, MARTIN, Arcadia.........(KA)
SIMONEAUX, S. A., Plattenville—Corp.(DD)
WIEDMAN, D., McDonoghville—Sgt..(KA)

MAINE.

DUNTON, E. W., Whitefie.—Mus....(DD)
HOLDEN, FRANK, Oakfield—Lt......(DW)

MARYLAND.

HALL, ROBERT E., Eastport.........(DW)
JUENGST, ERNEST N., Baltimore....(DW)
KAHMER, LOUIS P., Baltimore.......(DW)
RODMAN, OSCAR E., Baltimore......(DW)
WINTER, HERMAN, Laurel..........(DW)

MASSACHUSETTS.

CLARK, W. H., Greenfield—Civilian...(DD)
GIERMAN, ARTHUR, Fall River.......(DW)
McNEILL, Bernard L., Winchendon...(DW)
MILLER, G. H., Malden—Wagn.......(DD)
TAYLOR, W. W., Hamilton—Corp.....(DD)
THOMAS, A. W., Canton—Cook.......(DD)

MICHIGAN.

BELKNAP, F. G., Rose City..........(KA)
BOGDEN, JOHN, Detroit..............(DW)
CRAWFORD, HENRY J., Hillman......(KA)
FITZ, CLARENCE G., Lamb...........(DW)
FURZER, REGINALD, Middleton......(KA)
KELLERMYER, EARL W., Hillsdale..(DW)
LINDEN, JOHN, Escanaba............(DW)
LINDGREN, HAROLD, Niles—Corp.....(DD)
LYON, GLADYS N., Buchanan—Nurse.(DD)
MURNANE, HUGH, Detroit............(DW)
O'CONNELL, ALBERT, Battle Creek..(DW)
SHMEES, LEO, Detroit...............(DW)
STRAUCHMAN, EDGAR, Monroe.......(DW)
WALKER, JOHN, Applegate...........(DW)

MINNESOTA.

JARVIS, DAVID, Henderson..........(DW)
MAHLUM, J. M., Brainerd—Sgt.......(DD)
MANUALA, A. T., Kettle River.......(KA)
MUSGJERD, C. N., Kenyon............(DW)
PETERSON, E. A., Clarissa...........(DW)
SAXTON, THOMAS, Sherburn.........(KA)

MISSISSIPPI.

GAINES, W. A., Hernando............(KA)
GUION, DANIEL, Yazoo City.........(DW)
ROBINSON, L. M., Union.............(DW)

MISSOURI.

BENSON, OSCAR L., Coatsville......(DW)
BROWN, HARRY M., Deerfield.......(DW)
CRAIN, CUTHRIE C., Louisberg......(DW)
DOUTHIT, WILLIAM R., Odessa......(DW)
GAROUTTE, EARL P., Marionville....(DW)
GILFOYLE, MARTIN E., St. Louis...(DW)
HARFLINGER, ALFRED E., Naples...(DW)
McCALL, JAMES I., Buffalo—Corp....(DD)
MATTHEWS, WM. P., Saldohia—Corp.(KA)
MUELLER, JOHN M., St. Louis.......(DW)
SHAND, R. G., Rumford—Lt...........(DD)
TAPSCOTT, G. C., St. Louis..........(KA)
WRIGHT, WESLEY C., Marceline.....(DW)

MONTANA.

BOWERS, GEORGE E., Kalispell......(DW)
HAGEL, CLARENCE M., Trout Creek.(DW)
SHEEHAN, G. W., Anaconda..........(DW)
VAVRA, JOSEPH F., Phipps...........(DW)

NEBRASKA.

ENGLER, WILLIAM, Lexington.......(DW)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CHARRON, E. J., Nashua—Civilian....(DD)

NEW JERSEY.

BEAUMONT, DICK, Newark..........(KA)
BLUNDELL, H. J., Elizabeth—Mch...(WS)
BRENNAN, AMBROSE, Perth Amboy..(WS)
CADMUS, ROBERT E., Bayonne......(WS)
DONACK, WILLIAM, Roselle..........(WS)
FAVA, FRANK, North Bergen—Corp..(WS)
FORRESTER, H. A., Jersey City......(WS)
GRIFFIN, EDWARD J., Newark—Sgt..(DD)
KELLEY, PATRICK J., Jersey City...(DW)
LAWRENCE, CHARLES F., Millville..(WS)
PUZINOS, PETER, Jersey City........(WU)
SHARKEY, DANIEL F., Perth Amboy.(KA)
SIRLYN, EUGENE A., East Orange...(KA)
SLAMON, JAMES T., Weehawken.....(KA)
SMITH, JACOB J., Elizabeth..........(WU)
STUISO, GIUSEPPE, Newark..........(DW)
SUITS, IVAN L., Redwood—Mch......(DD)
WICHT, ERNEST O., Newark—Corp....(MA)

NORTH CAROLINA.

MOORE, JOHN W., Monoure..........(KA)
WILSON, PERRY A., Louisburg.......(DW)
WOOLEY, BILL, Badin................(DD)

NORTH DAKOTA.

CALLAHAN, NEIL E., Minto..........(DW)
DRYDEN, A. W., Grand Forks—Wagn.(DD)
DRYDEN, RALPH, Drayton—Lt........(DD)
HOLMES, SOREN K., Ross............(DW)

OHIO.

BEELER, ALBERT J., Mansfield......(DW)
BIRHANZI, THOMAS, Cleveland......(DW)
COWLE, H. H., Conneaut—Lt.........(DD)
DAUGHERTY, O. O., Wilmington.....(KA)
GREEN, E. O., Carey.................(DW)
KLINE, A. A., Jefferson..............(DW)
KRAUSS, J. E., Fremont.............(DW)
LUDWIG, F. R., Cleveland...........(KA)
POWER, W. W., Manchester..........(DW)
REDMAN, M. E., Mount Orab—Corp....(DD)
REED, K. W., Canton................(KA)
SCHAUB, HARRY, Cleveland—Corp...(DD)
SINGHAUS, H. C., Scio, Harrison Co..(DW)
SMITH, C. B., Newark...............(DW)
STOMS, M. K., Cleveland.............(DD)
VELLIQUETTE, C. C., Rocky Ridge..(DD)
WADE, JOSEPH, Orville..............(DW)
WILKOWSKI, BOLESLAW, Toledo....(DW)
WRIGHT, W. M., Trotwood—Hrs......(DD)

OKLAHOMA.

BUCHANAN, CLYDE E., Valliant.....(DW)
BURDUE, EARL B., Manchester......(DW)
KENNY, ROY W., Blackwell—Lt......(DD)
LEWIS, NOBLE, Ardmore.............(DD)
ROSE, GUSS, Hickey.................(DW)
WARD, RICHARD B., Healdton.......(DW)

OREGON.

CONRAD, LOVE A., Springfield.......(DW)
HENRY, ROBERT L., Lafayette.......(DW)
WILLSON, LELAND, Portland—Capt...(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BAKER, EDWARD D., Pittsburgh—Lt..(KA)
BELCULFINE, A., New Brighton......(DW)
CASSEDY, SAM. L., Philadelphia—Sgt.(DA)
CONRAD, JOHN S., Lancaster.........(KA)
DUBRAVSKY, MIKE, Munhall.........(DW)
FERRARRI, FRED, Pittsburgh........(DW)
FERRY, W. J., South Bethlehem—Sgt..(DP)
FREW, ANDREW, Punxsutawney......(DW)
GOCHNAUER, ALVIN A., Lancaster..(DW)
GORDON, R. F., West Philadelphia—Capt...(DD)
GRANESE, PAUL, Eddystone—Mch....(DD)
HAYS, R. G., Etters Post Office—Wagn.(DD)
JACOBS, J. G., Barnesboro—Wagn.....(DD)
KLINE, ARD, Pottstown..............(DD)
KOHUTH, JOSEPH W., Gipsy.........(DW)
LINDENMUTH, W. S., Shenandoah...(DD)
MARSAGLIO, VINCENZO, Curtisville.(DW)
MURAWSKI, WALTER, Pittsburgh....(KA)
SCOTT, E., Lansdowne—Maj..........(DD)
SMITH, EMERY N., Nazareth.........(DW)
STENGEL, DANIEL S., Philadelphia..(DW)
TEPLICA, MIKE, Johnstown..........(DW)
TIELSCH, C. W., Johnsonburg........(KA)
WANZEL, C., Jr., Paoli...............(DW)
WARWICK, T., Philadelphia..........(DW)
WEIKEL, PERRY E., Gowen..........(DD)
WHERRY, J. N., Jr., Vandergrift—Wagn...(DD)
WINTER, ALLEN H., Hellam.........(DW)

RHODE ISLAND.

McLAUGHLIN, W., Pawtucket.........(KA)
MUNROE, E. H., Providence—Corp....(DD)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

COLCOCK, S. J., Columbia—Field Clerk(DD)
GAINEY, LEROY, Florence............(DW)
HENDRIX, S. H., Leesville............(DW)
THOMPSON, J. A., Columbia..........(DD)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

DE CAMP, M. J., Yankton—Lt.........(DP)
HANSON, RAYMOND H., Vienna......(DW)

TENNESSEE.

GARDINIA, FRANK, Memphis.........(DW)
KEY, SAM, Lansing...................(DW)
NEWELL, J. McC., Nashville—Lt.....(KA)
OLIVER, NORMAN, Clarksville.......(DW)
SWIFT, FELIX, Prospect.............(DD)

TEXAS.

BLACKMAN, T. N., Seagoville........(KA)
BURKS, PASEL, Denison..............(DW)
CLENDENING, B. H., Eddy...........(DW)
McFARLAND, LOUIS, Beaumont.......(DW)
STRANGE, OLIN, Waskon.............(DD)
SUGGS, JESSE J., Avery.............(DD)
THOMAS, JOHN, Goliad..............(DW)

VERMONT.

BRACE, W. J., Huntington Centre—Wagn...(DD)

VIRGINIA.

CUTCHINS, FRANK, Richmond—Lt....(DD)
DOAK, NEITH O., Rural Retreat......(DW)
FIELD, E. G., Gloucester Co.—Sgt...(DD)
GREEN, BENNIE A., Danville—Lt.....(KA)
HUMPHREY, C. T., Stampton—Lt.....(DD)
JOYNER, HENLY B., Zuni............(DW)
NEWMAN, JAMES W., Gold Vein.....(DW)
NUCKOLS, HERBERT W., Alto.......(DW)
STONE, SAM, Union Level............(DD)
WHITBY, JAMES S., Gasburg.........(DD)
WILLIAMS, WM. T., Moseleys........(KA)

WASHINGTON.

CARLSON, A. J., Tacoma—Corp.......(DD)
CHESSER, LEWIS E., Wilson..........(DW)
MITCHELL, GEORGE C., Seattle......(KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

CONTI, ARTEBANO, Pierce—Mch.....(DA)
FRYE, JAMES D., Scarbro............(DW)
HOYT, JOHN, Proctor................(DW)

WISCONSIN.

DE CALUWE, H. F., Jr., Milwaukee...(KA)
GATZA, FRANK G., Menasha.........(DW)
HINZ, WILLIAM, Markesan..........(DW)
KARKUT, EMIL, Milwaukee..........(DW)
LARSON, JOHN L., Oseco............(DW)
OESTRICH, REYERDON R., Hancock.(DW)
OSINSKI, ADAM J., Wild Rose.......(DW)
THORSON, MARTIN, Iola............(DD)

WYOMING.

DREW, ARTHUR, Gillette—Wagn.....(DD)
SMITH, ROLAND J., Ten Sleep.......(DW)

ITALY.

BEVILACQUA, G., Teriglia, Pentema..(DW)
ENIZIATO, MARIANO, Vilubbete.....(DW)
MOGAVERO, J., Sangalo, Acangalle, Avellese...(DW)
SPANO, GIUSEPPE, Merten S. Giovanne, Province Calabina...(DW)

NORWAY.

HANSON, HENRY, Haga Hauger, Askim Station, Smaalendene.........(KA)

NOVA SCOTIA.

FAGAN, WILFRED J., Amherst.......(DW)

SWITZERLAND.

BOLLI, JOHN, Bernger Schaffhousen..(KA)

REVISED CASUALTIES.

NEW YORK CITY.

	New Repd.	Prev. Repd.
ARANOW, J., 1,100 Teller Av.	(KA)	(MA)
BARRY, JAS., 654 E. 136th St.	(WU)	(MA)
BARRY, V., 206 E. 17th St.—Sgt.	(KA)	(MA)
BEZ, G. B., 2,393 Belmont Av.	(WS)	(MA)
CHIMSKY, WM., 80 Throop Av., Brooklyn	(Sick)	(MA)
COMAS, KOSTAS, 1,535 3d Av.	(D)	(MA)
CONWAY, WM., 238 Warren St.	(RD)	(MA)
CUNEO, A. F., 2,230 Washington Av.—Sgt.	(RD)	(MA)
DEBENEDETTO, S., 60 Elizabeth St.	(RD)	(MA)
DeMUTH, F. F., 1,718 78th St., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
DRISCOLL, D. F., 107 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
FELBER, F. J., 318 W. 39th St.—Lt.	(KA)	(MA)
FELDBERG, H., 345 Georgia Av., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
FELDMAN, C., 724 Franklin Av., Brooklyn—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
GIRARDS, STEPHEN, 113 Schley St., Brooklyn	(D)	(MA)
GRECO, F., 361 10th Av., Bklyn.	(KA)	(MA)
GRUENEWALD, O., 359 E. 63th St.	(RD)	(MA)
HERLING, JOS., 1,661 1st Av.	(RD)	(MA)
HOWELL, J. H., 469 Greene Av., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
KARNOFSKY, I., 1,386 Clinton Av.	(RD)	(MA)
KEESHAN, W. J., 467 State St.	(RD)	(MA)
LAMPHIER, F. J., 436 W. 38th St.	(KA)	(MA)
McCARRICK, T. M., 95 North Henry St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
McCOURT, E., 113 E. 70th St.	(Sick)	(MA)
MADDOCK, A. J., 673 Evergreen Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
MILLER, W., Jr., 3,047 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
MURRAY, J. E., Jr., 477 W. 165th St.	(D)	(MA)
REDMOND, D. J., 186 W. 102d St.	(RD)	(MA)
RYBAK, F., 71 Grand St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
SILVA, J. F., 380 Grand Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
SIMPSON, G. F., 907 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
SZALYKO, J., 1,735 Richmond St., Staten Island	(KA)	(MA)
TRABOLD, G., 288 Surdan St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BRADY, C. R., Sardinia—Mch.	(RD)	(MA)
CICATELLI, N., Port Chester	(RD)	(MA)
CRAMER, K. F., Gloversville—Lt.	(WU)	(MA)
CRANE, WILBUR, Ransomville	(KA)	(MA)
CRUMLEY, CHAS., Germantown	(RD)	(MA)
FOWLER, HAROLD, Lynbrook	(RD)	(MA)
HOVENCAMP, L. E., Horseheads	(D)	(MA)
KANES, C. J., Syracuse	(D)	(MA)
KOLOSHUK, G., Endicott	(WU)	(MA)
LAWYER, R., Middleburg	(WS)	(MA)
MALONEY, M. M., Cohoes—Corp.	(WS)	(MA)
RILEY, J. E., Rochester	(WU)	(MA)
SANTY, A., Baldwinsville	(D)	(MA)
SHEROW, J. V., Newburg	(D)	(MA)

OTHER STATES.

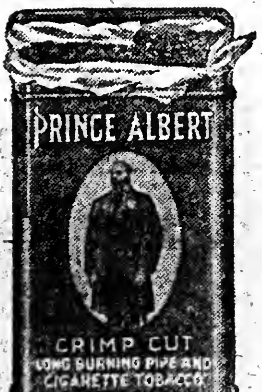
ALBREGHTSON, T. D., Tacoma, Wash.	(KA)	(WS)
ALDERMAN, H. P., Excelsior, Wis.—Corp.	(D)	(MA)
ALEXANDER, J. W., Lebanon, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
ALLEN, HOWARD, Sauk Centre, Minn.	(Sick)	(KA)
ARN, GEORGE, Cincinnati, Ohio	(KA)	(MA)
BALES, H., Lawrenceburg, Ind.	(D)	(MA)
BALL, JOHN, Swords Creek, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
BARNEY, MAX, Grand Rapids, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
BARRY, P. J., Warehouse Point, Conn.	(DW)	(MA)
BAYLESS, R. B., St. Louis, Mo.	(RD)	(KA)
BINETTE, W. L., Lowell, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
BOHRER, G., Hunnewell, Mo.	(KA)	(MA)
BOYLEN, W. J., Adelaide, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
BRADY, F. W., Scranton, Penn.—Mch.	(KA)	(MA)
BREIT, JOE M., Pfeifer, Kan.	(KA)	(MA)
BRISENDINE, OTTIE D., Hunt, W. Va.	(KA)	(MA)
BROWN, ROBERT C., Chicago	(RD)	(DD)
BRUNING, W. H., Jersey City	(KA)	(MA)
BURKE, W. F., Jersey City	(RD)	(MA)
BURWELL, W. C., Shenandoah, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
CAMPANELLA, G., Officio Spagnola, Marsala Pr., Trypane, Italy	(WS)	(DD)
CAPPABINCA, S., Carbeuse, Prov. of Bari, Italy	(WS)	(DD)
CARROLL, J. R., Santa Rosa, Cal.	(D)	(MA)
CASE, L. E., Lamoni, Iowa—Lt.	(KA)	(MA)
CATLOW, C. E., Barrington, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
CHAPLAIN, L. H., New Orleans, La.	(D)	(MA)
CHRONISTER, F. A., Harrisburg, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
CLANCY, G., Fostoria, Ohio	(KA)	(MA)
COIL, E. C., Malo, Wash.	(KA)	(MA)
COLLIER, F. B., Rowesville, S. C.	(WS)	(KA)
COOK, B. H., Montgomery, Ala.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
CRAM, E. W., Pittsfield, N. H.	(KA)	(MA)
CROUSE, S. S., Somerset, Penn.—Lt.	(D)	(MA)
CUSHING, ROY W., Downs, Kan.	(KA)	(MA)
CURRAN, T., Olyphant, Penn.	(WU)	(KA)
DAMICO, J. C., Detroit, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
DANCZYK, E. M., Chicago, Ill.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
DANIEL, M. J., Lenoir City, Tenn.	(KA)	(WS)
DENNEHY, W. E., Cambridge, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
DOUGHENEY, J. J., Toledo, Ohio	(RD)	(DW)
EGGENBERGER, C., Greeley, Pa.	(KA)	(MA)
ELVIN, FRANK, Bad Axe, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
ERRINGTON, WILLIAM, Stillwater, Ohio—Corp.	(DW)	(MA)
ERWIN, ARTHUR, Wayne, Me.	(KA)	(MA)
ESTERLY, S., Butte, Mon.	(KA)	(MA)
EVANS, LUTHER, East Chattanooga, Tenn.	(KA)	(MA)
EVENS, ELGIN, Voss, N. D.	(KA)	(MA)
FETHERLIN, H. G., Washington, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
FISH, A. G., Chicago, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
FISHER, B., Hartford, Conn.	(RD)	(MA)
FOLSOM, C. E., Washington, Me.	(KA)	(MA)
FRANK, W. F., Chicago, Ill.—Lt.	(KA)	(MA)
FROM, G. P., Woodbridge, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
GATELY, J. J., Roxbury, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
GAUER, W. H., Greencastle, Mo.	(KA)	(MA)
GAUSS, G. M., Myerstown, Penn.—Sgt.	(KA)	(WS)
GIFFORD, J. R., Crosby, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
GIMER, JAMES S., Kirk, Col.	(KA)	(MA)
GIOVANNINI, GIUSEPPE, Mocanaqua, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
GILLEN, I., Fort Ritner, Ind.	(KA)	(MA)
GIRMSCHEID, J. T., Philadelphia	(KA)	(MA)
GIVENS, L. B., Soper, Okla.	(KA)	(MA)
GOODE, J. W., St. Joseph, Mo.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
GOODMAN, J. P., Somerville, Mass.—Corp.	(WU)	(DW)
GOSSETT, C. W., Ridgley, Tenn.	(KA)	(MA)
GOTOLOSKI, V., Newark, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
GRABOWSKI, P., Braddock, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
GRANT, W. J., Fifeshire, Scotland	(KA)	(MA)
GREGORY, C. W., Blaine, W. Va.	(KA)	(MA)
GRIMMEISS, J. A., Omaha, Neb.	(KA)	(MA)
GRYGIER, F. J., Erie, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
GUERRY, J. W., Macon, Ga.	(KA)	(MA)
HAHN, H., Philadelphia, Penn.—Corp.	(DW)	(MA)
HAMILTON, B., Ponca, Ark.	(D)	(MA)
HANK, W. R., Prairieview, Ill.	(RD)	(KA)
HANLON, F. S., Roxbury, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
HANSON, H., Willow Lakes, S. D.	(P)	(KA)
HARE, W. E., Lansdale, Penn.—Lt.	(KA)	(MA)
HARPER, J. M., Section, Ala.	(KA)	(MA)
HARRIS, J. J., Cornwall, England	(KA)	(MA)
HARRIS, O. P., Lamoni, Iowa	(KA)	(MA)
HAWK, J. L., Swayersville, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
HAWKS, E. L., Humboldt, Tenn.	(RD)	(KA)
HEAD, E. L., Hurst, Ga.	(KA)	(MA)
HEFLEY, J. B., Humboldt—Sgt.	(KA)	(MA)
HELLUMS, G. C., Lockhart, Tex.	(KA)	(MA)
HICKS, F. V., New Market, Iowa	(RD)	(KA)
HOLTMAN, W. W., Quincy, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
HOOVER, E., Pittston, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
HORN, G. M., Skeggs, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
HOWARD, J. M., Osborn, S. C.	(KA)	(MA)
INGRAM, H. W., Carbondale, Ill.	(D)	(MA)
JAMES, W. I., Falkner, Miss.	(KA)	(MA)
JOHNSON, A., Bilt, Ohio	(KA)	(MA)
JOHNSON, E. F., Worcester, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
JONES, E., Clarksville, Ark.	(KA)	(MA)
KALIVAS, G. N., Manchester, N. H.	(KA)	(MA)
KELLER, J. C., Oakland, Cal.—Sgt.	(D)	(MA)
KENNEDY, W. J., Hoboken, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
KLAUS, A. T., Avondale, Col.	(D)	(MA)
KLONOWSKI, J., Detroit, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
KLOTZ, F. L., Philadelphia, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
KRAY, W. P., Columbia, Penn.	(DD)	(MA)
KRUTULIN, F., Aurora, Ill.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
LADY, W. O., Sacramento, Cal.	(KA)	(MA)
LANCIA, S., Jersey City, N. J.—Corp.	(WS)	(MA)
LARSON, N., Fairibault, Minn.	(D)	(MA)
LEARY, M., East Boston, Mass.	(DD)	(MA)
LIVINGSTON, F. F., Sheridan, Wyo.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
LITTMAN, W. O., Westville, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
LOOF, J., Wellsburgh, Iowa	(KA)	(MA)
LOTT, E. E., Saluda, S. C.	(D)	(MA)
LOWDER, R. F., Edansville, Mo.	(DD)	(MA)
McAULEY, E. A., Philadelphia, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
McCORKLE, A. J., Augusta, Ga.—Mch.	(D)	(MA)
McGINLEY, E. R., Carlisle, Ky.	(KA)	(MA)
McGLONE, J., Philadelphia, Pa.	(D)	(MA)
McKENNEY, H. L., Douglas, Ariz.	(KA)	(MA)
McLAUGHLIN, J. W., New Britian, Conn.	(D)	(MA)
McMANUS, J. J., Homestead, Penn.	(D)	(MA)
MACRI, E. A., New Haven, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
MAESTAS, A. L., Coate, N. M.	(KA)	(MA)
MANN, E. L., Vineland, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
MARACH, A. P., Milwaukee, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
MARCHART, G., Cadott, Wis.	(D)	(MA)
MEIER, E. H., Mascoutah, Ill.	(DW)	(MA)
MEINHART, J. L., Jewett, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
MESSERER, H. A., Sumner, Iowa	(KA)	(MA)
MILEM, J. F., Bettendorf, Iowa	(DD)	(MA)
NITON, FRANK, Chicago, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
OAKES, WILLIAM, Jersey City	(WU)	(MA)
O'CONNELL, J. F., Cambridge, Mass.	(D)	(MA)
OLCHIK, A., Detroit, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
OSBORN, S. H., Samaria, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
PATTERSON, C. T., McKeesport, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
PAVEL, JOHN, Otteville, Ohio	(KA)	(MA)
POLOMBO, J., Branford, Conn.	(WS)	(DD)
REDMAN, S. C., Reader, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
RINE, HARRY S., Trinway, Ohio	(KA)	(MA)
ROGERS, H. T., Philadelphia	(KA)	(MA)
ROMANOSKI, A. J., Wheeling, W. Va.	(D)	(MA)
SCHWEITZER, FRED, Chicago, Ill.—Sgt.	(D)	(MA)
SEWOSKI, B. T., La Crosse, Wis.—Lt.	(DW)	(MA)
SLEEZER, G. M., Gary, Ind.—Sgt.	(KA)	(WU)
SLUSSACH, F., Stamford, Conn.	(RD)	(MA)
SMITH, W., Barbourville, Ky.	(D)	(MA)
SOCKEY, R., Calhoun, Okla.	(WU)	(KA)
SPENCE, C. C., Peach Bottom, Penn.	(D)	(MA)
STANKOVICAS, JUSTIN, Waterbury, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
STEARS, A. E., White Pigeon, Mich.	(DW)	(MA)
STEIS, JOHN F., Ridgway, Penn.	(D)	(MA)
TAYLOR, E. T., Middletown, Mo.	(KA)	(MA)
TRIPP, W. C., Bowerston, Ohio	(DD)	(MA)
UDIN, A., Detroit, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
YOUNGER, C. E., Atwood, Tenn.	(KA)	(MA)

YOU can't help cutting loose joy'us remarks every time you flush your smokespot with Prince Albert—it hits you so fair and square. It's a scuttle full of jimmy pipe and cigarette makin's sunshine and as satisfying as it is delightful!

It's never too late to hop the fence into the Prince Albert pleasure-pasture! For, P. A. is trigger-ready to give you more tobacco fun than you ever had in your smokecareer. *That's because it has the quality* that makes its flavor and its fragrance so enticing.

And, quick as you know Prince Albert you'll write it down that P. A. *did not* bite your tongue or parch your throat. *And, it never will!* For, our exclusive patented process cuts out bite and parch and lets the man with the touchiest tongue simply smoke the roof off the house!

Man, man, what a wad of smokesport there's stored in that P. A. package that's addressed directly to you!



Toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Swift & Company's 1918 Earnings

How They Affected You

During the twelve months ended Nov. 2, 1918 (its fiscal year), Swift & Company transacted the largest volume of business on the smallest margin of profit in its history.

Profits of the meat business—under regulations of the United States Food Administration—were limited to a maximum of 9 per cent on capital employed but not to exceed 2¼ cents per dollar of sales.

Swift & Company in the regulated departments earned 7.57 per cent on capital employed and 2.04 cents per dollar of sales, out of which had to be paid interest on borrowed money and taxes. Here is how these earnings affect you.

Live-Stock Raiser—

Swift & Company killed 14,948,000 head of livestock, which weighed alive, 4,971,500,000 pounds.

Swift & Company made a profit of only a fraction of a cent per pound liveweight.

Consumer—

The sales of our meat departments were 4,012,579,000 pounds on which our earnings were less than ½ cent per pound.

The per capita consumption of meat in the United States is given as 170 pounds. If a consumer purchased only Swift & Company's products, he would contribute only about 78 cents a year, or 1½ cents a week as profit to the company.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Ten Wholesale Distributing Markets in Greater New York
Central Office, 32 Tenth Avenue
G. J. Edwards, District Manager.

GARRISON SOLE B. R. T. RECEIVER

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

the interests of all with judicial impartiality.

Mr. Ransom replied that he feared the court was missing his point. The receiver, he said, should give proper consideration to all interests involved, but, since it was to be hoped that out of the receivership, would come a permanent and constructive re-organization that would benefit alike the owners of the property and the general public, the city should be represented in the receivership, because the city was the best qualified to advise in the determination of the great future transit policy of the Borough of Brooklyn.

At the conclusion of Mr. Ransom's argument, the court announced that he would hear the Corporation Counsel. Mr. Burr's argument was in the form of a long affidavit from which he read. The affidavit had been prepared and printed and was ready for use, when, yesterday morning, some one remembered that no action had been taken by the city authorizing any one to intervene for it in the receivership proceedings. A special meeting of the Board of Estimate was called hurriedly and a resolution was passed authorizing the Corporation Counsel to intervene. The resolution follows:

Whereas, It is of the utmost importance that the rights of the city, its taxpayers, and its people should be protected and secured to the utmost advantage during said receivership, in view of the vast sums of money now invested in said properties by the people, or due by said companies to the City of New York, it is therefore

Resolved, That the Corporation Counsel be and he hereby is instructed to appear on the return day of said order appointing said Lindley M. Garrison as such receiver, to wit, Jan. 13, 1919, and for and in the name of the City of New York then and there to ask for the appointment of the Controller, Charles L. Craig, the chief financial officer of the City of New York, as co-receiver in the said suit now pending the said United States District Court.

Explains, City's Financial Interest.

Mr Burr called attention to the fact that for the purpose of constructing rapid transit lines to be operated by the B. R. T., the city had appropriated $121,811,928.60. Of this amount $110,695,775.95 had been expended, and contract obligations incurred for $14,167,270.24. The New York Municipal Railway Corporation, on the other hand, had contributed only $10,000,000 of the amount agreed and required to be contributed by it. Furthermore, the Corporation Counsel said, the city had claims against the defendant aggregating $11,531,163.28.

"So it happens," said Mr. Burr, "that the financial interest of the city, represented by expenditures actually made for construction, under Contract 4, and by its unpaid claims and judgments against these defendants and the subsidiary companies of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, is over $136,284,000. . . . Disputes and controversies have arisen between the city and these defendant corporations, both in connection with the contribution agreed to be made to the construction and in respect of the inadequate, and, at times, even unsafe service rendered by the companies in the operation of the roads as far as completed.

". . . It is a grave question which the local authorities have had under consideration, by reason of the responsibilities devolved upon them by the Constitution and laws of the State of New York, as to whether the defendant Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company should be aided, either by favorable action upon applications for increases of fare, or by grant of other measures of relief, in further strengthening and perpetuating the corporation's control over the transit system which it has operated with such poor results and so inadequately, having regard to the welfare and interests of the people of the city."

Mr. Burr, after he had proceeded a little further in his argument, asked the court to impose, as a term of the receivership, that neither the receiver nor the defendant companies should abrogate any compulsory free transfer obligations, enforced by State statute, in the endeavor to abrogate leases or unprofitable contracts. In speaking of the rentals paid by the defendant companies, Mr. Burr said they "probably ought to be modified." Then, as if anticipating that only Mr. Garrison would be named as permanent receiver, Mr. Burr read an extract from the judicial code of the United States which provides that a receiver must manage properties turned over to him according to the laws of the State in which the property is situated and in the same manner that the owner would be compelled to do. Violation of this section of the code imposes a fine of not more than $3,000 or imprisonment of not more than one year, or both. Mr. Burr closed with a request that Controller Craig be appointed co-receiver.

Mr. O'Leary spoke of the claims for damages for the tunnel wreck, and said that the claimants were residents of Brooklyn and ought to be represented in the receivership by a Brooklyn man. That ended all opposition to making Mr. Garrison's receivership permanent. Mr. Cravath said he had no opinion as to the claims of the city or the Public Service Commission, but he, representing all the heaviest security holders of the defendant companies, felt that a single receiver was best for all parties concerned. Mr. Bisbee and Mr. Erbe were of the same opinion.

In denying the motions made Judge Mayer said that, while no applicant for a co-receiver was foreclosed from applying again, he had concluded that, for the present at least, the interests of all parties concerned would be best served by one receiver, and he confirmed the permanency of Mr. Garrison.

"At some future time," Judge Mayer added, "when the question of financing comes up it may be very desirable to have a coreceiver. If it so appears, he will be appointed. But it should be clearly understood that this receiver will make it his first business to see that those properties are made safe and comfortable for the public. During this receivership, at least, there must not be another accident like that which occurred in the Malbone Street tunnel.

"And while I am saying this, I may as well add that the receiver will make every effort to pay to every just claim arising from accident just as soon as he can find the money to do so. A receiver cannot represent any particular faction or interest. He must represent fairly all the interests involved, and I think the Court is most fortunate in being able to get a man of the experience and training of the present receiver, who is willing to take the job. He not only showed marked executive ability as Secretary of War, but has served with distinguished ability and judicial fairness as Judge of a court that has been distinguished for the learning of its Judges for years."

EXPLAINS B. R. T. AFFAIRS.

Company's Chief Difficulty, Garrison Says, Is Lack of Cash.

The preliminary report, submitted to Judge Mayer of the Federal Court yesterday by Lindley M. Garrison, as temporary receiver, contains a survey of the finances, general resources and obligations of the companies, the rapid transit lines in operation and equipment and lines under construction by the city. The report discusses also the organization of the various departments of the companies, the functions of each, and the salaries paid to officials and department heads. It gives, also, the cost of conducting each department. To the report, which contains twenty-nine pages, are attached thirty-two schedules, which present figures and statistics regarding the condition of the company and its affairs.

In the beginning Mr. Garrison gives a condensed history of the corporate existence of the companies, their mileage, and the territory served. Then he summarizes the terms of the contract between the city and the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, its present status, and the obligations under it which already have been fulfilled. Obligations yet to be fulfilled by the railroad corporation, and which will cost, exclusive of taxes, discount, and interest during construction, $10,000,000, are the following:

Completion of equipment of city railroads (initial operation, (includes 100 additional cars not yet delivered)	$6,800,000
Completion of additional tracks on extensions of existing railroads	2,500,000
Reconstruction of existing railroads, (includes yard at Coney Island and 36th Street inspection shed if not furnished by city)	3,000,000
	$10,000,000

In commenting on these items a digest of the report prepared by the receiver says:

"In respect of the above, obligations outstanding on account of work now under way or contracted for will call for approximately $5,000,000, which will be payable at monthly intervals within the next ten months. Included in the above total of $10,000,000 are items aggregating approximately $3,000,000, the expenditure of which will probably not be required until after July 1, 1920.

"Owing to the increasing volume of travel and the desire both on the part of the city and company to substitute new steel cars for wooden cars operated in subways, the report recommends that provision be made as soon as possible for 400 or 500 new steel motor cars, to cost approximately $20,000 each.

"Work that remains to be done by the city, including the extension and construction of rapid transit lines, and the completion of switching and other facilities required for full operation, both in Broadway, Manhattan, and in Brooklyn, is described. Fourteen major items of construction, either uncompleted or unbegun, are named specifically, with the statement that there are a great number of items of construction on lines now in operation which have not been completed by the city, such as waterproofing at Canal Street, completion of station buildings on the West End line, and signal towers and miscellaneous buildings along the lines now in operation."

Continuing, the digest of Mr. Garrison's report says:

"The effect of the delay on the part of the city in completing its part of the contract has been to throw an unanticipated amount of traffic over the one subway outlet in the Borough of Manhattan, namely, at the Canal and Centre Streets loop, and over connecting lines in Brooklyn, greatly retarding efficient operation and causing great congestion and other disturbances, resulting unfortunately both to the satisfactory operation of the road and its financial returns therefrom.

"Altogether there remain unfinished forty-seven miles of track out of a total of 113, and nineteen miles of road out of a total of forty-one of the lines which the city assumed to construct and which the company agreed to equip and operate."

The digest of the report then gives the main sources of income of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and then continues:

"The chief difficulty of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company at present is lack of cash. Dividends on stocks of companies owned have been reduced or entirely suspended, the constituent companies are in arrears in payment of interest on their certificates of indebtedness, and the New York Municipal Railway Corporation has failed to pay the interest due Jan. 1 last on its bonds, most of which are owned by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

"Furthermore, while the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company has been financing for a great many years, the requirements for capital expenditures on the part of its constituent companies, taking the obligations of those companies, therefore, it has itself sold no securities (except for the benefit of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation in the subway contracts with the city) for a period of about ten years, and these capital expenditures, representing a great many millions of dollars, have been met out of current cash, or out of monies temporarily borrowed either from banks and trust companies or from constituent companies.

"Under the heading, 'Increased Cost of Labor, Material, and Supplies,' it is stated that the receivership companies have suffered greatly from those causes. Marked increase in the cost of material is also noted. The effects of higher costs generally throughout the system are set forth in a statement for the five months ending Nov. 30, 1918, compared with the same months of 1917, which shows that in those months the system earned only $318,720.46 over all charges, whereas, in the corresponding period of 1917 it earned $2,395,750.54, a falling off of $2,077,021.08 or 86.70 per cent."

The financial requirements for the immediate future, for the three receivership companies, are given as follows in Mr. Garrison's report: For construction and equipment work now under way, pursuant to city contracts and payable at intervals during the next ten months, the New York Municipal Railways Corporation must pay, $5,000,000. It must also pay interest, chargeable to construction, to Jan. 1, 1919, and unpaid, $809,500. It must also provide for the sinking fund due Jan. 1, 1919, $100,500. The situation in the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company is described as follows: Bills payable to banks and trust companies, $3,350,000; additions to power facilities (mostly under contract and payable in the next six months,) $1,453,000. Most of this work is being done by the B. R. T. as agent for the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, and the costs eventually will be repaid by the latter company.

The situation in the New York Consolidated Company is shown by the following items in the receiver's report: Interest due Jan. 1, 1919, underlying bonds, $540,000; conversion of surface cars for trailer operations (as agent for surface railroad companies), $200,000; replacement of storage and dock facilities, required by Government requisition of existing facilities, about $50,000; interest on 7 per cent. notes, due Jan. 1, 1919, and unpaid, $2,020,725.

The report also contains the salary schedules. The total amount of salaries paid in the legal department is $120,300. Of this amount, George D. Yeomans, general counsel, receives $25,000; Charles Woodle, assistant general counsel, $12,000; while the salaries of nineteen other attorneys range from $1,500 to $9,500 a year.

President Timothy S. Williams, according to the report, draws $75,000 a year, of which Receiver Garrison pays $50,000. W. S. Menden, chief engineer of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, and assistant to the President, receives $25,000 a year. Two Vice Presidents, C. P. Menely and J. J. Dempsey, each receive $15,000 a year. C. E. Roenl, electrical engineer, receives $12,000 a year, and Howard Abel, the controller, receive $10,000 a year. The salaries of other officers range from $9,000 down to $1,200 a year. The total salaries paid by all the companies in the hands of the receiver amount to $197,700 annually.

MERCHANTS FOR HIGHER FARE

Association Calls on Estimate Board to Reconsider Action.

The Merchants' Association, through its Acting President, Lewis E. Pierson, delivered yesterday to the Board of Estimate a statement protesting against the refusal of the board to permit a temporary increase in fares on the city's transportation lines and against the "apparent willingness" of some members of the board that the city should acquire and operate the properties. After declaring that the city has recently made new investments of approximately $250,000,000 in transit development and is responsible for the payment of interest and sinking fund charges upon the amount, the statement says these charges must be paid out of taxation unless the revenues were sufficient to provide for them.

It is contended that a public utility should earn its own carrying charges, and that the result of the continued refusal by the Board of Estimate to permit an increase of fares on city-owned lines will be to throw the transit system into "financial chaos." The board is urged to reconsider its expressed intention against higher fares and to allow such an increase as the Public Service Commission, after an investigation, should prove to be reasonable and just. Concerning the question of public ownership the statement says:

"This association has made a thorough and exhaustive study of the results of governmental operation of public utilities and has found that those results are almost uniformly disastrous. Almost without exception, Government operation has resulted in inefficient service and excessive cost. In very very few instances has the public derived any benefit from such public operation. The almost uniform result has been poorer service and higher cost. In addition, the political abuses and dangers which are likely to result from public ownership and operation are most serious."

ADVERTISEMENT.

$5,000 Reward in Cash and No Questions Asked

For the Return of $250,000 Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds

The above reward will be paid in cash upon the return to us at any one of our offices mentioned below of twenty-five Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds of $10,000 each, numbered 23734 to 23758 inclusive, and no questions will be asked. This offer expires February 1st, 1919.

(Signed)

THE STUDEBAKER CORPORATION

N. R. FELTES, Treasurer, South Bend, Ind.
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America's Finest RYE

WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS
BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES
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New Test of Transportation Efficiency for Packard Owners Starts February 1st

$17,640.00 in Cash Prizes to Drivers, Accountants and Shipping Clerks

How much work can a motor truck deliver?
What ought to be the cost of doing the work?

THESE are two of the most pressing questions in American business today—what with the need to save freight cars; with the staggering quantity of merchandise to be moved; and with the great business expansions already taking shape.

Motor truck efficiency means not only gasoline economy, tire and oil saving, and repair economy.

It means also the right size truck for your average load; efficient routeing; saving of time in loading and unloading; the way the truck is handled.

It means *standardizing costs*—every item known.

Basic principles, all of them—and the purpose of this new National Truck Efficiency Test is to show the Packard owner how these basic principles can give him better hauling at lower cost in his *individual business.*

* * *

The test covers one year's operation — demonstrating what can be done under all conditions of weather, temperature, road and load.

The Packard owner may enter as many of his Trucks as he wishes.

Prizes are awarded not only to the *Driver*, for lower costs and better service; but to the *Accountant*, who tabulates the records; and to the *Shipping Clerk*, because much of truck efficiency depends on efficient work at the shipping platform.

A Packard Truck of *any size* can compete on a fair basis.

Here is where the owner will learn whether his truck is just the right size for his work — or *too large*, power lost by running on underload — or *too small*, necessitating overload to get his hauling done.

* * *

The Packard owner starts the test with the basic principles developed by the Packard Organization of transportation specialists.

He has a year to apply these principles to his individual business.

What can he not achieve in efficiency!

How to Enter Your Trucks in the Packard National Truck Efficiency Test

YOUR local Packard Branch or Packard Dealer will accept your entries and see that your Packard Truck or Trucks are formally enrolled on the Official List of Contestants.

The Test starts on February 1st, 1919, and continues to January 31st, 1920.

Trucks are divided into seven *Divisions*, according to size:

"A" Division—all *6-ton* Trucks
"B" " " *5-ton* "
"C" " " *4-ton* "
"D" " " *3-ton* "
"E" " " *2-ton* "
"F" " " *1½-ton* "
"G" " " *1-ton* "

The Grand Total of Prizes is $17,640.00—including five prizes for *Drivers*, *Accountants* and *Shipping Clerks* in each *Division*—as follows:

PRIZES	Drivers	Accountants	Shipping Clerks
1st	$500	$125	$225
2nd	400	100	175
3rd	300	75	125
4th	200	50	80
5th	100	25	40

Contestants shall be Packard Trucks only.

All cost and operating records shall be kept and submitted on the standard forms of the National Standard Truck Cost System, as perfected by the Truck Owners' Conference, which can be obtained through your Packard Branch or Packard Dealer.

Recapitulation of operating and cost data must be submitted monthly by owner to the Packard Factory for inspection and correction.

"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY, *Detroit*

Packard Motor Car Company of New York

1861 Broadway

Newark: Broad Street at Kinney
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Paterson: 489 Broadway
Plainfield: 628 Park Avenue
Hartford: Washington Street at Park
New London: 391 William Street
New Haven: 204 York Street
Springfield: 832-834 State Street
Jersey City: Boulevard and Carlton Avenue
Pittsfield: 121 West Street
Poughkeepsie: 239 Main Street
White Plains: Mamaroneck at Martine Avenue
Long Island City: Queens Boulevard at Hill St.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

THE CLUB DE MONTMARTRE
BROADWAY AT FIFTIETH STREET
ANNOUNCE THE PREMIERE OF
MISS GRACE FIELD
ON THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY THE SIXTEENTH
AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK
The Club De Montmartre Has Been Organized to Supply the Need of a Dancing and Supper Club of Distinction and Limited Membership and Will Be Open Every Evening from Nine o'Clock.
Special Dances by Miss Cynthia Perot and Mr. Reed Hamilton.
Orchestra Under the Direction of Emil Coleman.
Tables May Be Reserved in Advance by Telephone Circle 2330.
CHARLES JOURNAL—MAITRE D'HOTEL.

THE LANGDON
2 EAST 56TH STREET
A few very desirable apartments to rent in addition just completed. Suites of 3 large rooms and bath, with foyer.
Unfurnished on yearly lease only.
INSPECTION INVITED.

Opening To-Day for LUNCHEON—The New Grill
Wonderful Southern Chicken Dinner—Excellent Service
Dancing Contests Beginning Saturday Evening
and a new FEATURE each following Night.
SYMPHONY CONCERTS, and Dancing from 7:30 to Closing.
Table D'Hote Dinner
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Sulzer
30th Street and Broadway
The Buyers' Rendezvous At Luncheon, Dinner & Supper.

STRAND ROOF
TABLE D'HOTE DINNER DE LUXE
No Admission Charge.
B'way at 47th Street.
5:30 to 8 P. M. $1.50 Per Cover.
A la Carte All Hours—After-Theatre Specialties.
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One Block from "L" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
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ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
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Fourteen East Sixtieth Street
A LUXURIOUS Residential HOTEL, affording the exclusiveness of a private residence. Opposite the Metropolitan Club and the Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park.
Apartments, single or suite, for any desired period.
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Room and Private Bath, $3 to $5 Per Day
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $5 to $8 Per Day.

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A House with a Distinctive Atmosphere.
Overlooking Central Park's most picturesque lake. Appealingly attractive to transient and residential patronage.
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A few very desirable suites of 2 and 3 rooms at permanent or transient rates. Also a few rooms remaining on the new bachelors' floor.
Under Knott Management.
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Augusta, Ga.'s
NEW WINTER HOTEL
brick and stone
on the Sand Hills.
Golf privileges; write for booklet.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day.
Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SALARY REDUCTION MAY CAUSE STRIKE OF BASEBALL PLAYERS

On our way out from lunch the other day we overheard someone say—

"Let me help you."

The answer struck us as a perfectly bully advertisement.

"No thanks. It goes on easy. It's a Rogers Peet."

We make to fit! Not to measure!

Winter suits. Winter overcoats. For men; for boys.

Hats, shoes and fixings of the same high quality.

Prices attractive to any man or boy who wants the best—without extravagance.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "Four Convenient Corners" Broadway at Warren Broadway at 34th St. Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

YOU MEN WHO PAY THE FAMILY SHOE BILLS

Tramping 18 miles a day, Mr. H. M. Foreman, a mail carrier of Allentown, Pa., found that shoes with ordinary soles last about one month. But he says a pair of Neolin-soled shoes gave him more than nine months of service, in which time he walked over 4,000 miles.

His experience shows how you may save shoe money by providing your family with Neolin-soled shoes, which give extra wear where other shoes wear out quickest.

You can get Neolin-soled shoes in any type of shoe you want. Prices are about the same as for shoes that give only ordinary wear, sometimes they are even less. If your dealer hasn't the style you want, he can get it for you quickly. Remember, Neolin Soles are created by science to be what soles should be. They are available everywhere for re-soling as well as on new shoes. They are made by The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels—guaranteed to outwear any other heels.

Neolin Soles

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Big Values in Big Hat Store

Soft Hats & Derbys $2.90 worth $4.00

Velours $3.90 & $5.50 worth $5.00 & $7.00

Cloth Hats 75c up, Caps 65c up

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

CLUB OWNERS CUT PLAYERS' SALARIES

National League Limits Each Club's Payroll to $11,000 a Month.

NEW YORK CLUB PROTESTS

Strong Objections of Giants and Chicago Cubs Overruled in Stormy Baseball Session at Waldorf.

A tremendous blow was aimed at the baseball players' pocketbook by the National League yesterday, when it established a salary limit of $11,000 a month for each club. This is the first time in the history of the modern game that a major league has attempted to interfere with the financial affairs of the teams. The latest move at retrenchment came as a great surprise, and was not adopted until after a hot fight, the New York and Chicago Clubs voting against the proposition. The action means that the players' salaries will be cut in half.

The radical action means that the payroll of each National League club next season must be limited to $55,000. As the payroll of a club like the Giants or the Cubs amounts to $100,000 or more a season, the big cut means a sweeping reduction of salaries. Under the new arrangement the average monthly salary would be $523. It was openly predicted among baseball men last night that the players would not accept the change without a fight. It was even hinted that if the measure is carried out, a players' strike in the National League might result.

Some of the less prosperous clubs decided that the 140-game schedule, which was adopted, and the limiting of the salaries, were the only way they could make up for financial losses of the past. The vote on the question stood 6 to 2, the Giants and Cubs holding out for a higher figure. Some of the clubs wanted the salary limit reduced to a lower figure even than $11,000. The penalty for a violation of the rule is $5,000. President Heydler was instructed to see that the measure was rigidly enforced next season.

The action of the league hits the Giants harder than any other club on the circuit. The new owners of the New York team held out at the meeting for the old conditions which ruled the game. They wanted a full schedule of 154 games, a high player limit of at least twenty-five players, and no restriction on training camp trips. They were prepared to pay good salaries and leave no stone unturned to build up a pennant winner at the Polo Grounds next season. Chicago was the only club to back up the Giants in their contention, and they were hopelessly in the minority.

The salary limit passed by the National League will come up at the joint meeting with the American League this afternoon, but it is pretty certain, so American League men said last night, that the American League will not tamper with the financial affairs of its own clubs. It is feared that such an unequal state of affairs in the two leagues is sure to cause dissatisfaction among the players.

The league also limited the training season to thirty days before the opening of the baseball season on April 23. This means that the clubs cannot report at the training camps before March 23. A $500 fine will be imposed on clubs violating the rule. President Heydler said that the sending of pitchers to Southern resorts to work out before the regular players go to the training camps was contrary to the spirit of the rule.

Manager John J. McGraw, the newly elected Vice President of the Giants, and Fred Mitchell, manager and President of the Cubs, sought to gain permission to attend the joint meeting tomorrow, but the league turned down the suggestion which was offered by William Veeck, Vice President of the Chicago Club. This action brought a storm of protest from the New York and Chicago representatives.

It is many years since the National League has had such a stormy session. The club owners were in session from 11 o'clock until 7, and did not even come out of the meeting room for luncheon. It was a case of the New York and Chicago Clubs lined up against the other six organizations.

The first opposition from New York and Chicago came when the league adopted the 140-game schedule. Treasurer Francis X. McQuade of the Giants immediately got up with an argument for a regular 154-game schedule. The matter was discussed for some time, but was finally referred back to the Schedule Committee for adoption.

The National League did not go on record yesterday on the player limit, but will wait until after the joint session with the American League today. Johnson's organization has made the player limit twenty-one, while the National League limit last season was twenty-two. The National League is divided on the subject, several of the club owners holding out for a limit of twenty players. It is believed, however, the same player limit as that of the American League—twenty-one—will be adopted. In the off season, before May 15, each club can carry thirty-five players. The salary limit which was adopted covers only the championship playing season of 140 games.

The waiver rule was changed so that hereafter when waivers are asked on a player he must report to the club claiming his services, no result of the waiver being permitted. The league passed a resolution advocating the same prices at the parks which prevailed last season and the same method of collecting the war tax.

The league went on record as advocating a change in the division of the players and clubs' shares of the world series' receipts. The spoils hereafter are to be distributed on a percentage basis instead of a stipulated price for the players on the winning and losing clubs, as was adopted last season. It was decided that the clubs should contribute 50 per cent. of their share of the receipts to the club treasuries instead of 25 per cent., which has been the rule in the past. The league went on record as favoring a joint meeting of the two major leagues each season such as the conference which is to be held today.

Although the National League is opposed to one of its own members, August Herrmann, for a re-election to the chairmanship of the National Commission, it has advanced no candidate to take his place. The league yesterday discussed the commission question and, although some of the club owners favor a one-man commission, there is opposition to this innovation from other members. While President Hempstead favored the one-man commission idea, the change in the ownership of the club puts a different complexion on the New York Club's stand on the question. The sentiment of the league was that if the one-man commission did not meet with approval at the joint meeting tomorrow the National League would favor the old commission, with a chairman not connected in any way with baseball.

HUGGINS INTERVIEWS BAKER

Yankee Manager Talks with Home Run Slugger at Trappe, Md.

Manager Miller Huggins of the Yankees returned from the South last night and on his way North he stopped off at Trappe, Md., to talk with Frank Baker about his contract for next season. Baker has stated his intention of retiring from the game, but it is believed that he can be persuaded to join the Yankees on their training trip.

The club has received word from Pitcher Ernie Shore, who is at his home in East Bend, N. C. Shore has been discharged from the navy and says he is ready to negotiate for terms with the club. Dutch Leonard, another of the Yankee pitchers, is in town and expects to talk with Manager Huggins today.

Secretary Harry Sparrow of the Yanks returned from Jacksonville last night and will send Phil Schenck South to get the baseball park in readiness for the coming of the New York club on March 23.

Ty Cobb, came to this city last night at the suggestion of Manager Hugh Jennings and President Frank Navin of the Detroit club. The Georgia Peach, it is expected, will come to terms for the coming season.

Many rumors of baseball trades filled the air yesterday, and it is said that Manager Huggins has offered Pitchers Russell and Ray Fisher to Cleveland for outfielder Bobby Roth. Boston is also after Roth, but no deal has yet been offered by Frazee.

Clarence Rowland, the deposed manager of the Chicago White Sox, had a talk yesterday with August Herrmann of Cincinnati about the managerial job with the Reds. Herrmann will make no arrangements about getting a manager until he hears definitely from Manager Christy Mathewson, who is now in France.

Russell Gardner said yesterday that he had made an offer for the St. Louis Cardinals to President Branch Rickey, but it is understood that President Rickey has no authority to make a deal for the sale of the club. If the St. Louis club is put up at auction, Mr. Gardner says he will make a bid for the franchise. He is anxious to buy the club and said yesterday that he would bid as high as any one else for it.

ROOSEVELT'S WORK PRAISED

Schoolboy Athletic League Adopts Resolution of Tribute.

A resolution on the death of the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was given out yesterday by the Public Schools Athletic League. The resolution was adopted at a special meeting of the P. S. A. L. Executive Committee, composed of General George W. Wingate, President; S. R. Guggenheim, Treasurer; Gustavus T. Kirby, First Vice President, and Darwin R. James. Colonel Roosevelt was an honorary Vice President of the league.

The resolution follows:

"The sudden and unexpected death of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, while deplored by the entire nation, is also felt by the officers and members of the Public Schools Athletic League as a great personal loss.

"When the league was first organized and was practically unknown Colonel Roosevelt, who was then President of the United States, not only accepted the position of honorary President of the league, but wrote and gave out for publication a letter strongly commending its work and urging its public support. He had since continued to hold that position, and had in many other ways exerted his personal influence to assist the league and promote the work which it has been carrying on, in doing which he had largely contributed to the great success which it has been able to achieve.

"As an athlete, as a scholar, as an untiring champion of the righteous and the relentless foe of the wrongdoer, and as a patriot, the life and character of Colonel Roosevelt represented the finest type of American manhood and constituted an ideal which the league will always point to as one for the boys and girls of our public schools to strive to emulate.

"It loses in him a stanch and powerful friend and a bright and shining light to the children of our public schools and the athletes of the world."

MINORS IN CLASH WITH BIG LEAGUES

May Withdraw from Organized Baseball if Demands Are Not Granted—Time Limit Set.

The minor leagues, in session at the Hotel Biltmore yesterday, threw down the gauntlet to the major leagues, and have given the majors until 6 o'clock tomorrow night to make an answer to their demands. If the big leagues should decide to reject the propositions offered, the minor leagues may decide to break away from organized baseball.

A complete readjustment of minor league conditions is demanded by the smaller organizations. Secretary John H. Farrell of the National Association presided at the meeting yesterday. The following leagues were represented: American Association, International League, Pacific Coast League, Western League, Southern Association, Texas League, Eastern League, Pacific Coast International League, Virginia League, and Western-Canadian League.

The following are the changes which the minors have asked the major leagues to accept:

"Major leagues may arbitrarily purchase one player from each Class AA club for $7,500 between Nov. 1 and Nov. 10. In the event of that player not being wanted by the club purchasing him or by any other major league club, he shall be offered to the club from which he was purchased for $2,500. In case that club does not want him, he is to be offered to all clubs in the same class for $1,000. If no club in that class desires him, he goes to Class A for $500, Class B for $300, Class C for $150 or Class D for $75."

"All major league players waived out of respective leagues must be offered to the Class AA league clubs for $1,000 each. In event more than one club wants any of such players he is to be awarded by lot. If he goes to a lower class, the price shall be $500 for Class A, $300 for Class B, $150 for Class C, and $75 for Class D.

"Cash must be paid for all players.

"All clubs in all leagues (majors as well as minors) must have player limits and must conform to same on the opening day of the season.

"A new Governing Board shall be formed, on which the major leagues shall have one representative and the minor leagues one, the two representatives to select a third member.

"The National Association also shall retain its Governing Board elected by itself to have final jurisdiction over all differences between its club members and betweep its club members and players. It shall fix all its salary limits and impose penalties for violation thereof and also regulate all of its internal affairs."

CRESCENT FIVE IS VICTOR.

New Moon Basket Ball Team Beats Columbia Club, 36 to 20.

The Crescent A. C.'s basket ball team scored a comparatively easy victory over the Columbia Club quintet last night on the New Moon court in Brooklyn. The score was 36 to 20. The New Moon aggregation led throughout, ending the first half with the score in its favor by 20 to 8.

The lineup:

Cresc. A. C., (36.)	Position.	Colum. C., (20.)
McTigue	R.F.	Donaghue
Heath	L.F.	Kauffman
Austin	C.	Robertson
Stewart	R.G.	Messer
Ashmead	L.G.	Morganweck

Field goals—McTigue, (2,) Heath, (3,) Austin, Stewart, (3,) Ashmead, (2,) Herten, McCann, Donaghue, (2,) Robertson, Messer, (2.) Goals from foul—Ashmead, (6,) Donaghue, (2,) Robertson, (3,) Referee—Mr. O'Brien, Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each. Substitutions—For Crescent A. C.: Herten for McTigue, McCann for Heath.

Offers Trophy for Boxers.

A trophy will be awarded by the Bensonhurst Yacht Club, it was announced yesterday, to the club having the greatest number of boxers weigh in and compete in the amateur boxing tournament scheduled for the Bensonhurst Y. C. Tuesday and Thursday nights. Bouts will be decided at 110, 115, 128, and 158 pounds.

NEUSTADT DEFEATS CLASS C CHAMPION

Brooklyn Amateur Wins from George Spear in Class C Billiard Tourney.

J. Neustadt, a young Brooklyn amateur, gained his second victory yesterday in the national Class C 18.2 balk line billiard championship tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. In doing so Neustadt toppled the Metropolitan district champion and created a new tournament average record. Neustadt, in one of the afternoon games, defeated George Spear, who only recently won the local title, by a score of 150 to 126 in twenty-eight innings. This gave Neustadt an average of 5 10-28, and he had two high runs of 20 and one of 17. Spear made a high run of 20, the highest of the tournament to date.

The contest was easily the most interesting of the tournament. Both contestants were in excellent stroke and each manipulated the ivories with a skill and consistency which contin ually drew the applause of the spectators. Frequently, the lead alternated, but toward the end Neustadt crept out in front and was never headed.

Spear started with an early lead. At the fifth inning, with a run of 20, he was off in front by 25 to 20. Neustadt came back later with a collection of 20 points in his eighteenth turn at the table, and took the lead by a count of 83 to 51. Neustadt was still leading at the twenty-third inning, when Spear made a run of 22 and drew within striking distance of his rival, the score being 104 to 90 in Neustadt's favor. A run of 30 in the following session placed the metropolitan champion in front by 120 to 11, but Spear's leadership was not maintained for long. In the twenty-fifth session Neustadt left the table after clicking off 20 points, gaining the upper hand by 131 to 122. Spear collected a brace of 2s for his next two innings, while Neustadt registered a single marker in his twenty-sixth inning, and just missed by a hair in completing the game in the next inning, when he missed after making 17 points. In his next inning, however, Neustadt completed his string.

The other afternoon contest brought together J. S. Blaisdell and J. T. Jaeger. After a long-drawn-out match which went to sixty-two innings Blaisdell was returned the winner by a count of 150 to 126.

The winners in the evening matches were Louis A. Servatius and Gus Gardner. The veteran Servatius scored over A. Brigge by a count of 150 to 56 in thirty-two innings. Servatius had a high run of 19. Gardner defeated E. C. McGill by a score of 150 to 123 in fifty-seven innings, making a high run of 14.

This afternoon one game will be played. The principals will be C. J. Steinbugler and A. Briggs. In the evening Sydney Brussel will oppose A. Briggs and Ardie Wickers will oppose Humboldt Foss.

SMITH IS NONCOMMITTAL.

Governor Will Wait Before Giving His Decision on Boxing.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Reports that he had said he would sign a bill to legalize boxing in the State if one were passed by the Legislature were called to Governor Smith's attention today.

"I'll wait until I see the bill in my hands before making any comment on the situation," the Governor said. "It's one thing to legalize boxing and it's another thing to create a commission to see that the law is properly administered."

NEWTOWN DEFEATS BRYANT

Queens Five Scores Second Victory in Three Days.

Newtown High School's basketball team, champions of the Queens division of the Public Schools Athletic League tournament, defeated the Bryant High School five yesterday for the second time in three days. The score was 26 to 9. The contest was played on the Newtown court. Bryant's forwards were held practically helpless by the excellent guarding work of McGrattan and Platow.

In the first half the play was close, the whistle finding Newtown in the lead by 7 to 6. The Newtown lads completely outclassed their rivals in the second half and scored almost at will.

VOLLMER WINS IN TANK.

New York A. C. Swimmer Takes Fast Race in 100-Yard Race.

Herbert Vollmer of the New York A. C., 150-yard swim record holder, made his first competitive appearance after a year's absence last night in the tank of the New York A. C. In the special 100-yard invitation race Vollmer swam to an impressive victory over Leo Giebel and Leeming Jelliffe, both title holders in the fast time of 0:56 1-5. This mark is only two and three-fifths seconds behind the record on the books, credited to Perry McGillivray of Chicago.

Vollmer showed much speed, considering his long absence from competition. He was first to hit the water and was followed by Norman Buck, Illinois A. C. junior Central A. A. U. champion. Buck took Vollmer's wake from the start. Before the first length of the pool had been covered, the national record holder had opened up several yards on his rival. After the turn Buck gradually weakened and was passed by both Giebel and Jelliffe. Thereafter Buck continued to drop behind, while Giebel and Jelliffe came on to give Vollmer his only opposition. This did not mount up threateningly, and at the finish Vollmer had an advantage of about four yards.

In a plunging contest Cyril Carroll, tank record holder, was successful from scratch with an effort of 66 feet 6 inches. Another successful scratch competitor was Arthur McAleenan, Jr., in the fancy diving, which he won from the honor mark with a point score of 105.34.

The summaries:

50-Yard Swim, Novice.—Won by John E. Kane, New York A. C.; Edward Hettma, unattached, second; Ralph Hearn, New York A. C., third. Time—0:25.

100-Yard Swim, Handicap.—Won by J. T. Trumbour, U. S. Navy, (15 seconds;) Paul B. Bernard, unattached, (14 seconds,) second; Charles Gunthner, New York A. C., (6 seconds,) third. Time—1:11.

Plunge for Distance, Handicap.—Won by Cyril Carroll, New York A. C., (scratch,) with 68 feet 6 inches; A. Hann, Rutgers College, (6 feet,) with 64 feet 9 inches, second; Charles Rosenzweig, (8 Wm. Cl. ton H. S., (6 feet,) with 63 feet 6 inches, third.

100-Yard Swim, Invitation.—Won by Herbert Vollmer, New York A. C.; Leo Giebel, New York A. C., second; Leeming Jelliffe, New York A. C., third. Time—0:56 1-5.

Fancy Diving Contest, Handicap.—Won by A. McAleenan, Jr., (scratch,) with 105.34 points; Rudolph Sancke, New York A. C., with 90.47, second; F. Sponberg, New York A. C., with 79.84, third.

Clothing Reductions Which Command Attention

Regular stocks exclusively—styles and fabrics suited to the discriminating taste of the correctly groomed New Yorker—priced now to your decided advantage.

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$40, $38, $35 and $33 Fancy Suits	29.50	$38 and $35 Overcoats	28.50
$45, $43, $40 and $38 Fancy Suits	34.50	$45, $43 and $40 Overcoats	34.50
$50, $48 and $45 Fancy Suits	39.50	$50, $48 and $45 Overcoats	39.50
$58, $55 and $53 Fancy Suits	47.50	$60, $58, $55 and $50 Overcoats	47.50
$65 and $60 Fancy Suits	52.50	$75 and $65 Overcoats	59.50
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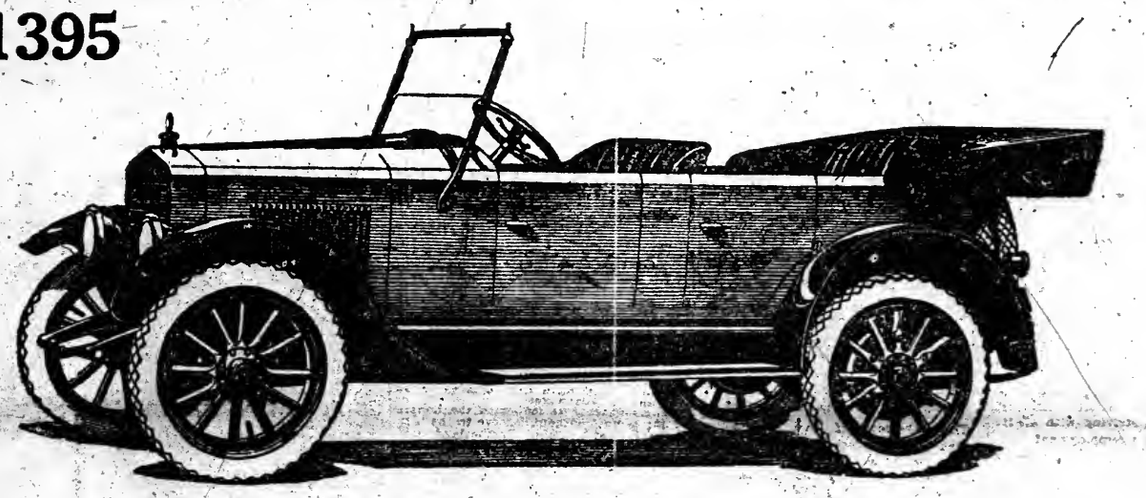

Come Ride in the Essex

Its First Showing—A Light Weight Quality Car

We Want Your Opinion of It

All motordom has waited a year for the Essex.

Dealers have ventured all sorts of descriptions for it. But today it is having its premier showing in hundreds of cities and towns throughout America.

For months the trade papers have given first prominence to whatever news they could get of its details.

Their interest was awakened because it combines the advantages of the light low priced car, and its economy, with the performance, sturdiness and beauty of the large and costly car. One leading writer proclaimed the Essex a new development in motor car transportation.

Don't you want to be among the first in this locality to see the car that has awakened this interest? We wish you would come and ride in it for

You Are To Do Its Advertising

We have long wanted to reveal the details of the Essex. But the manufacturers said they wanted the car to speak for itself. They said no description that could be applied to it would create as favorable an impression as would result from a ride in the car.

Even now we hesitate to praise the Essex since we can say nothing that has not already been claimed in praise for some other car.

So the endorsement it is to receive is such as you and other thousands of motorists volunteer to give. All we ask is that you come see and ride in it.

We Were Surprised— Let Us Surprise You

When we went to the factory to see the Essex we wanted to know in advance something of its detail. But we were told that was for us to discover as we inspected and rode in the car.

Perhaps we would have been skeptical and have concluded there was nothing unusual about the Essex if we had not known the men who are building it. But knowing them as we do and knowing the quality of cars they build, our faith and curiosity were aroused.

What a Ride Proved to Us

Our first experience was a ride over a road so rough that you would willingly go miles out of the way to avoid if you were in the average light car.

We took it at high speed, but the effect in both the front and rear seats was more in keeping with what you might expect in riding over a smooth pavement.

Then we drove into soft sand where the wheels sunk in below the felloes, going through as though it were thin mud.

Every test that reveals performance was shown us. There were no squeaks. The motor did not labor. The car had been in similar service for months and still retained its appearance of newness. These are things we want to show you. A demonstration like that which surprised us is ready for you if you will come to our store.

The Essex is Built To Endure

Every part that wears is adjustable. Hard service can not loosen the body nor twist the radiator. It is so sturdily built that the frame remains solid and rigid over the roughest roads and through the hardest service. The motor is practically free from vibration. If you were blindfolded and placed in the Essex without having seen it and then were given such a ride as we want you to take with us, you would likely say you were in a large and costly car.

After you have ridden in the Essex we will tell you all about it.

Then, we think you will be so enthusiastic you will tell everyone you know that you have ridden in the most surprising car you have ever seen.

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INVOKE PRESIDENT ON THEATRE TAXES

Managers Call Meeting Today to Ask Hearing Also by Congress Committees.

SAY IT IS A FIGHT FOR LIFE

Plan Appeal to Public as Interested Party to Join in Protests Throughout Country.

Holding that the proposed 20 per cent. tax on theatre tickets means the ruin of the amusement industry, the theatrical managers of New York made known last night their intention of waging a bitter war against the figure agreed upon by the Conference Committee of House and Senate at Washington. There will be a meeting this afternoon of all the theatrical managers of New York and as many from other centres as can get here in time.

According to William A. Brady, the meeting will send a cable message to President Wilson begging his intervention to secure what the managers assert is simple justice. The plea to the President will be put on the ground, as several leading producers phrased it, that the whole theatrical industry did its utmost toward furthering victory, and that it would be black ingratitude for the Government to turn round and tax it out of business.

Practically every theatrical manager in New York yesterday signed a telegram sent to the Conference Committee, in which it was urged that the theatrical interests should have a hearing before the 20 per cent. tax is allowed to stand. Though hearings before such a committee are unusual, the managers believe they are as much entitled to present their side as were the group of business men who appeared before the committee to protest against what they regard as unjust discrimination against partnerships.

Mr. Brady was one of many who voiced their apprehension for the future of the theatre business last night. He said the theatrical men were prepared to fight, and that if necessary "the theatre and the moving picture industry will get into politics with a punch and will fight for their lives." So convinced were the managers that the entire public was as deeply interested and as seriously threatened as were those directly concerned, he declared, that great mass meetings were to be held throughout the country to protest against taxing the theatre out of existence.

$50,000,000 Theatre Tax Paid.

"Reports show that during the twelve months of 10 per cent. tax the theatre and moving picture industry poured into the treasury of the United States $50,000,000. It is the third contributor in the list of industries. Now I want to say, and I base the statement on a lifetime in the business, that as an economic measure that bill is going to defeat its own end. You will see the Government's revenue from the theatre cut down to one-half or less.

"Next, I want to emphasize that, without helping itself, the Government is going to make thousands of innocent people suffer. For this tax means that thousands of actors and all sorts of persons allied with the theatre are going to be thrown out of work just when the nation is striving with all its resources to avoid unemployment.

"As another example of unfairness, I ask the public to note that, while the theatrical industry itself, with all its investment, its risks, its creative effort, is to be taxed 20 per cent., the Broadway ticket speculator, who invests nothing, risks nothing, creates nothing, is to be taxed 5 per cent."

"If the bill is passed," said David Belasco last night, "making a 20 per cent. tax on theatre tickets, it will be the death blow not only to theatrical managers but to the entire theatrical profession. It is such a ruinous and drastic thought that I myself am quite overwhelmed by the unspeakable sorrow of the picture which I see and which I am sure would become a reality.

"It is monstrous and uncalled for. Every theatrical manager in the city and throughout the country has done gladly everything in his power to cooperate with the Government. We have weathered the storm. The war is over and won. We have an equal right to enjoy the blessings of peace, for we have surely done our bit in bringing about victory.

"Businesses, mercantile and industrial concerns have the opportunity of raising their prices in order to compete with the advance of the cost of living. Not so theatres. Our expenses are increasing, the same as other businesses, but our incomes have remained the same. The theatre is not a luxury, a dissipation, it is a necessity, and just as necessary as the doctors, or the public playgrounds, or any legitimate form of wholesome recreation.

"That the Government would seriously consider such an unjust thrust is so monstrously unfair that I do not choose to believe that the bill will ever be passed. It must not be, for it would mean not only great personal suffering, but the scrapping of the millions invested in the theatrical industry of our country."

Shubert Sees Broadway Dark.

Lee Shubert was another who made a strong protest against the proposed tax, and who told of the efforts of the managers to get a hearing before the Conference Committee.

"It will be absolutely ruinous to the business," he said. "And not only will it force us to close our houses, but it will work a severe hardship on the public. Neither we nor the public deserve it. There was no other industry that did more in every way to convey every appeal of the Government, to promote every war activity in which it could aid.

"It is a habit of most managers to keep plays running in New York often at enormous losses in order to be able to send them upon successful road tours later. This practice will have to be abandoned. That means many fewer plays running in New York, and it means that there will not be enough production to supply a great part of the theatres throughout the country. Only the sensational success will be able to survive a New York season, and one unhappy result of that will be the throwing out of work many thousands of people who earn their livelihood, directly or indirectly, in the theatre.

"The effect of this tax," Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., said, "will be to close two-thirds of the houses. Even now expenses have gone up so that only the enormous successes are making any money. Canvas, of which we use hundreds of thousands of yards, has jumped from 34 cents to $1.64.

"Chorus girls' shoes which used to cost $3.50 now cost $10 a pair, and we pay enormous wages to union electricians, stage hands, and musicians, besides increased railroad fares and all sorts of added expense. The theatre simply can't stand it.

"Mr. Dillingham and I had the Century when the 10 per cent. tax went into effect and receipts dropped 50 per cent. and stayed down for three months. The 'Follies' now pays the Government $350 a night; it will not be able to pay that if the tax is doubled. We shall simply be put out of business."

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BARRY IN COMMAND HERE.

Successor to Major Gen. Bell Takes Up Duties at Once.

Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry was greeted with a salute of thirteen guns at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, when he arrived to take over the post of Commander of the Department of the East, succeeding the late Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, who was buried in Arlington Cemetery on Monday. At the request of General Barry the official ceremonies were omitted, and he held an informal reception at Governors Island which was attended by the senior officers and those on duty at Hoboken and other points around Manhattan. This is the second time he has been in command of the Department of the East, the previous occasion being when he succeeded the late General Frederick Dent Grant.

General Barry was born in New York City sixty-three years ago and was educated in the public schools. He was a student at the College of the City of New York when Congressman Robert Roosevelt, an uncle of the late Theodore Roosevelt, appointed him to the Military Academy at West Point, from which he was graduated in 1877. From the Seventh Cavalry, after three years, he was transferred to the First Infantry and rose step by step through the various grades until he was made a Brigadier General by President Roosevelt after his return from the task of pacifying Cuba in 1902. He also saw active service in China with the Allied Relief Expedition in 1900, and for a time commanded the Philippines Department. Recently General Barry commanded the Central Department, with headquarters at Chicago.

He took up his duties at once and notified Washington to that effect.

TO AID RESTORATION FUND.

Women's Committee Begins Work for Palestine Drive.

A committee of prominent women of this city, under the Chairmanship of Mrs. Philip Lewisohn, has been formed to aid in the "drive" for the $3,000,000 Palestine Restoration Fund which is to be raised within two weeks beginning Sunday, Jan. 19. The committee has established headquarters at 55 Fifth Avenue, and is co-operating with the General Palestine Restoration Fund Committee of the Zionist Organization of America.

Mrs. Lewisohn, in a statement issued last night at Zionist headquarters, said that the main object of the women's committee in the campaign is to solicit the interest in the Palestine Restoration Fund of the banking houses, department stores, theatres, and other industrial and commercial concerns in the city to allow the committee to place booths for soliciting contributions for the fund. The city has been divided into various districts and captains appointed to take charge of their respective localities.

Among the members of the women's committee are Mrs. Nathan Straus, Mrs. Philip Lewisohn, Mrs. Eugene Meyer, Mrs. Randolph Guggenheimer, Mrs. J. C. Guggenheimer, and Mrs. N. R. Lindheim.

GATTI TO CONTINUE 4 YEARS

Metropolitan Opera Directors Extend Contract Signed in 1908.

The Directors of the Metropolitan Opera House announced last night that Giulio Gatti-Casazza's contract as general manager of the company has been extended until May, 1923, which will be fifteen years from the time he came here in 1908 from Milan. On behalf of the board, the following letter was made public by Chairman Otto H. Kahn:

> Dear Mr. Gatti-Casazza:
> I confirm hereby our verbal arrangement, according to which your contract as general manager of the Metropolitan Opera Company is extended to May 1, 1923.
> I am happy to avail myself of this occasion to express to you once more the confidence, esteem, and gratitude of the Board of Directors, as well as my personal sincere regard and friendship, and I remain, with best wishes,
> OTTO H. KAHN,
> Chairman Metropolitan Opera Company.
> New York, Jan. 11, 1919.

At the opera last evening Caruso, Hempel, Perini, Didur, and others repeated Flotow's "Marta" to a large audience. The talk of the lobbies between the acts was that Mr. Gatti's reappointment for four years more would relieve any persons who had been grooming themselves as candidates for the Italian impresario's successor. During his term he has directed more than 1,600 performances of opera in New York.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

The Schola Cantorum.

The first concert of this season given by the Schola Cantorum took place at Carnegie Hall last night. Kurt Schindler was conductor, and, as might have been expected, presented an interesting program of compositions for mixed chorus ranging from early English and Italian and Spanish composers to the Russian Ornstein. Lambert Murphy, tenor, was the solo singer. No one could complain of monotony in the order of the selections: "Praise of the Gallant Warriors," William Byrd (London, 1588;) "The Queen of Love and Beauty," J. Dowland, (London, 1603;) "Danse of the Nymphs," Th. Greaves, (London, 1604;) these three were madrigals for mixed chorus. "Brigg Fair," folksong from Lincolnshire, tune taken down at Brigg, 1905, from the singing of Joseph Taylor by Percy Aldridge Grainger and set for a single high male voice and mixed chorus; "Cargoes," words by John Masefield, music by H. Balfour Gardiner; "Scaldava il Sol" ("The Siesta"), by Luca Marenzio, (Venetia, 1582;) three secular madrigals by Palestrina; "Catalonian Country Dance," J. Cumellas Ribo; "Cradle Song," Sancho Marraco; two ballads of Spanish Galicia, Juan Montes; three settings of Catalonian folk melodies for eight-part chorus, by Kurt Schindler; new Russian choruses by Leo Ornstein, "Russian Winter," "Russian Lament"; and "A Day in Merry Old England, Anno 1600; a medley of Elizabethan ditties and roundelays set in the form of a quodlibet," by Kurt Schindler.

The general tone quality of the society is not distinguished, nor is the attack as impeccable as it should be. Flabbiness of rhythm marked the first half of the evening, but when the more characteristic section was reached, particularly the Spanish music, the Schola sang with fire and precision. Mr. Murphy was hardly inspiring in "Brigg Fair," nor much better in the two ballads of Spanish Galicia. Perhaps he was suffering from a cold, his voice was so uneven. Mr. Schindler conducted with his accustomed enthusiasm, and the large audience quickly responded. No doubt it would have achieved more musical results if the accompanist, Mr. Deis, had played the various compositions throughout. A capella singing was a sad test for the pitch last night.

"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM."

John Cumberland and Walter Jones Shine in Fairly Amusing Farce.

UP IN MABEL'S ROOM, a farce in three acts, by Wilson Collison and Otto Harbach. At the Eltinge.

Kruger	Frederick Sutton
Corlisa	Harry C. Bradley
Jimmy Larchmont	Walter Jones
Garry Ainsworth	John Cumberland
Geraldine	Enid Markey
Mabel Essington	Hazel Dawn
Martha Weldon	Lucy Cotton
Alicia Larchmont	Evelyn Gosnell
Arthur Weldon	H. Dudley Hawley
Marie	Adele Rolland

"Up in Mabel's Room" is the title of a moderately amusing farce of the lingerie genre played here for the first time last night at the Eltinge Theatre. Its action is concerned chiefly with the pursuit of an incriminating undergarment which a shy bridegroom in a single bold moment had presented to a young woman whom he had temporarily fancied. It is a farce rather adroitly put together by Wilson Collison and Otto Harbach, (probably in larger degree by the latter, since he is the more experienced of the pair,) and it builds situation upon situation, with much passing to and fro of the evidence, whispered conferences, constant interruptions, frantic husbands, and distraught wives.

But for all its technical proficiency the fun does not flow with any degree of steadiness. This was particularly true of the first act, which was torpid; the second, passing in the select spot of the title, is better, and the last act keeps up the interest fairly well. Through it all, however, there is the inescapable feeling that these things have happened before in countless farces, that endless husbands have hid under endless beds in endless strange boudoirs, and have been discovered by endless jealous wives.

The acting is varied, with the honors going almost without reserve to the men in the cast. John Cumberland and Walter Jones, dependable farceurs both, are the mainstays of the piece. Mr. Cumberland has a positive genius for the depiction of worried innocence, and it was the play's misfortune that he was required to spend most of the second act under the bed. Mr. Jones is at his best as a husband whom the complications involve. Mabel, the owner of the undergarment, was played by Hazel Dawn, who looked her prettiest, but revealed only scant acting abilities. A good performance was given by Lucy Cotton.

MUSIC NOTES.

Ruth Miller will sing the title role in "Marta" next Tuesday at the Park Theatre. The following Saturday evening Maggie Teyte and Orville Harrold will appear in "Madame Butterfly."

Clarence Dickinson, choirmaster of the Brick Church, will play his first recital on the new organ, given in the name of Dr. Henry von Dyke, a former pastor, this evening.

Emilio de Gogorza, the baritone singer, is ill with Spanish influenza, and his managers have canceled his Aeolian recital on Sunday afternoon.

A special performance of "Le Prophete," with Caruso, will be given at the Metropolitan Opera House on Saturday night for the benefit of the French Hospital of this city.

DRAMA

By John Corbin

A NIGHT IN AVIGNON, by Cale Young Rice; STINGY, by Maxwell Perry; THE LAUGHTER OF THE GODS, by Lord Dunsany. At the Punch and Judy Theatre.

A NIGHT IN AVIGNON.

Francisco Petrarca	George Gaul
Gherardo	Edgar Stehli
Orso	Leon Cunningham
Lello	Richard Farrell
Filippa	Lael Davis
Sanola	Beatrice Maude
Madonna Laura	Margaret Mower

STINGY.

The Story Teller	Donald McClelland
Stingy	Edgar Stehli
Miss Stingy	Elizabeth Black
A Burglar Who Isn't	McKay Morris
A Perfect Little Gentleman	Morgan Farley
Wonderful Grandma	Elizabeth Patterson

THE LAUGHTER OF THE GODS.

Tharmia	Elizabeth Patterson
Arolind	Beatrice Maude
Ichtarion	Aldrich Bowker
Ludibras	Edgar Stehli
Harpagas	Richard Farrell
First Sentry	Joseph Graham
Second Sentry	Robert Fiske
Carolyx	Lael Davis
King Karnos	McKay Morris
Voice-of-the-Gods	George Gaul
An Attendant	Donald McClelland
Another Attendant	Harold Winston
The Queen	Margaret Mower
An Old Man	George Somnes
A Camel Driver	Walter Geer
A Young Man	Morgan Farley
The Executioner	Leon Cunningham

A New Dunsany Play.

There is no resisting the imaginative spell of Lord Dunsany, and especially when he touches his favorite theme of the Great Gods. The play last night, like "The Gods of the Mountain" and "A Night at an Inn," introduced us to a group of worldlings, each occupied with his trivial mundane foibles or cares, and all scornful of the old, eternal forces. A sacrilege is committed, and slowly, deliberately, with the irresistible power of a cosmic spirit let loose, the vengeance of the Great Gods descends on them and destroys them utterly.

This time the milieu is an ancient Egyptian court. As the result of a whim of a King it has been removed to a jungle city, where the courtiers find themselves insufferably bored and long to return to the capital. The characters of the worldling courtiers and their wives are drawn with deliciously whimsical humor. They do not believe in the gods—or, if they do, it is only to think that they look upon human life to laugh at. In order to force the King to return they frame a plot, blackmailing the prophet-priest to declare that unless the King does return the jungle city will be utterly destroyed and all who remain in it.

Even as the priest utters his enforced prophecy, however, one feels that the breath of some high spirit has entered into it. Omens are manifested, weird and strangely beautiful. The courtiers struggle to maintain their belief in gods who only laugh at human affairs. But at the appointed time the walls of the city fall, and all within them shrink and perish. Then, amid death and destruction, the pealing of awful thunder is heard—the laughter of the gods.

The play lacks, perhaps, something of the gruesome horror of its predecessors. No gods are seen; one only hears the grim reverberations of their laughter. But the play has a keener touch of satire, a deeper spiritual content than its author has revealed before.

The setting which Stuart Walker has provided is highly characteristic and beautiful. The acting is of the excellent quality to which he has accustomed us, full of delicious shading and inspired by good taste, which is as positive as it is harmonious. The Prophet of George Gaul is highly impassioned and imaginative. The King of McKay Morris and the Queen of Margaret Mower are very noble figures, contrasting finely with the worldly levity of the various persons of their court. Among these the character created by Elizabeth Patterson stands out in freshness and subtle salience of humor.

Of the two one-act pieces that precede "The Laughter of the Gods," the pantomime "Stingy" is the more notable. It tells a children's story of considerable charm, and, with the aid of Mr. Walker's able company, it made a very pleasant impression. The author, Maxwell Perry, was an aviator with the American Army in France, who disappeared last July after bringing down his second German plane in five days.

Agreeable music for all three pieces was provided by Herbert E. Hyde, organist of the Chicago Symphony Orchestra.

Paula Pardee, Pianist, Makes Debut

Paula Pardee, a young pianist, short haired as Leginska, and who, like others since the war, has found her musical models in New York, appeared for the first time in recital yesterday afternoon at Aeolian Hall, playing a program of four composers. She displayed not so much forceful as sound technique and appreciation of some higher demands, in Beethoven's sonata, op. 27, No. 1, and the G minor rhapsody of Brahms. A Chopin group could have shown more variety, but her present high mark was made deftly in the "Forest Murmurs" and E major polonaise of Liszt.

SHELL PORTUGUESE REBELS

Government Troops Besiege Santarem, Capture Villa Real.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The revolutionist forces at Santarem, northeast of Lisbon, having refused to surrender, the Government troops have surrounded the town and commenced a bombardment, according to a wireless dispatch from Lisbon dated today.

MADRID, Jan. 14.—Advices from Portugal report serious fighting at Villa Real, in Trazos-Montes, where the revolutionists were bombarded for eight hours by Government artillery. The revolutionists finally raised the white flag and submitted themselves to the authorities.

The Government troops were aided in their movement against the revolutionists by the peasantry of the neighborhood.

AMUSEMENTS.

All the New York Critics Agree That
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13
IS AN INSTANTANEOUS AND OVERWHELMING SUCCESS
"Ingenious and enthralling."—*Tribune.*
"Vigor and suspense."—*World.*
"Considerable success."—*Times.*
"Enthralled audience."—*Sun.*
"Tense and gripping."—*Herald.*
"Absorbing."—*Eve. Sun.*
"Best play of its kind recently shown."—*Eve. Mail.*
"Comes to stay. Delighted audience."—*Globe.*
"Popular appeal."—*Eve. World.*
"A thriller."—*Eve. Journal.*
A FASCINATING MELODRAMA
By SAMUEL SHIPMAN and MAX MARCIN
PRESENTED BY A. H. WOODS.
BOOTH THEATRE, West 45th St. FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY. Reg. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight at 8, "Il Tabarro," "Suor Angelica" and "Gianni Schicchi." Farrar, Muzio, Easton; Crimi, De Luca, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Fri. at 8:15, Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky. Sat. at 2, Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond. Papi. Sat. at 8, Special Performance Le Prophete. Muzio, Matzenauer; Caruso, Rothier, Diaz, Schlegel, Mardones. Cond., Bodanzky. Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $3. Zimbalist, Violinist; Sundelius, Althouse, Mardones. Cond., Hageman. Next Mon. at 8, Cav. Rusticana. Muzio, Perini; Crimi, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison, Sundelius, Braslau; Diaz, Didur. Galli. Bohn. Cond. Monteux. Wed. at 8:15, Manon Lescaut. Alda, Perini; Martinelli, De Luca, Segurola. Cond. Papi. Thurs. at 8:15, Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond. Papi. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Century Theatre, Wed. Jan. 22, at 8:30
New York's Tribute to
CAPTAIN CARPENTER, V. C.
OF H. M. S. VINDICTIVE
The Hero of Zeebrugge
Who Will Tell His Own Story of
THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE
The Greatest Naval Exploit of the War
BENEFIT DOVER PATROL FUND
Rear-Admiral Usher, presiding
Tickets $5.05 to 50c at Box Office, agencies, or from the J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42nd St.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY......Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL
To-night at 8.30 & To-mor. (Fri.) Aft., 2.30
BEETHOVEN......Second Symphony
RACHMANINOFF......"Isle of the Dead"
WAGNER......"Sounds of the Forest"
Prelude "Tristan." Overture "Tannhauser"
Sunday Afternoon, January 19, at 3
TCHAIKOVSKY-LISZT
"PATHETIQUE" SYMPHONY
TASSO—SECOND RHAPSODY
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Eve. at 8:15 JAN. 25
Violin Recital MAX ROSEN
Seats at Hall. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Steinway Piano

Sunday Aft., Feb. 2, at Carnegie Hall, with the PHILHARMONIC
PERCY GRAINGER
His only public appearance in New York this season.

Thursday Evg., Jan. 23, Friday Aft., Jan. 24
At CARNEGIE HALL with the PHILHARMONIC
HEIFETZ
His first performance in N. Y. of the Beethoven Violin Concerto.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Jan. 21, at 8:15
Flonzaley
Quartet Recital—Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 18, at 3.
Piano Recital—(Steinway)
LEGINSKA
Benefit for the Manassas Industrial School
Tickets 50c to $2. Mgt. Haensel & Jones.

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Jan'y 29, 8:15 P. M.
GODOWSKY
Seats 50c and $1.00 at Humanitarian Cult, 266 West End Ave.

Carnegie Hall, To-m'w, Jan. 17, 8 P. M.
Grand Concert by prominent Russian and French Artists: Couzinou of the Metropolitan Opera House, M-lle. Caubet of the Sarah Bernhardt Troupe, Helen Romanowa, Madam Bojko, etc. Seats 50c to $2.00 at Box Office.

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
TUES. AFT., CARNEGIE HALL, at 8:30
JAN. 21 Soloist: ZIMBALIST and Chorus from Schola Cantorum.
Tickets 50c to $2.00, at Box Office.

OPERA TICKETS Seats 50c Advance. Caruso, Le Prophete, Sat. Eve., Benefit French Hospital. All operas. Subscriptions bought, sold. 1436 B'way (40-41 St.) Phones Bryant 7877-7878.

PRINCESS THEATRE, TODAY, 3:30 P. M.
HARRIETTE CADY
Piano Recital (Steinway). Tickets at Box Office.

Aeolian Hall, This Afternoon at 3
Mme. Genia FONARIOVA
SONG RECITAL (Steinway Piano). Seats Now

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow Afternoon at 3
Seats Now. SONG RECITAL.
JOHN QUINE

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow Eve., at 8:15
PIANO ORGAN RECITAL SARA
SOKOLSKY-FREID
(Steinway Piano.)

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 18, 2:30.
ALMA GLUCK
ONLY SONG RECITAL IN N. Y.
EFREM ZIMBALIST will play
Mme. Gluck's acco'ts. (Knabe Piano)

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 25, 2:30.
PIANO RECITAL JOSEF
HOFMANN
(STEINWAY PIANO). Seats at Box Office.

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Eve., Feb. 4, at 8:15
SEATS NOW. HULDA
LASHANSKA
Only Song Recital in N. Y. This Season.

CARNEGIE HALL, Mon. Eve., Jan. 20.
Song Recital By ANNA CASE
Seats now at box office or the Edison Shop, 473 5th Ave., 75c to $2. Steinway Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Eve., Jan. 21.
Violin Recital By TOSCHA SEIDEL
Seats now at box office or Metropolitan Musical Bureau, 33 W. 42d St., 75c to $2. Steinway Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Jan. 23, at 3.
Auspices Society for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, Inc.
MRS. HERMANN M. BIGGS....President
MISS RUTH TWOMBLY..Vice President
RACHMANINOFF
CONCERT OF MUSIC FOR PIANO.
Orchestra Seats and Boxes on sale at Hotel St. Regis. Balance at Carnegie Hall. Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano used.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Jan. 23, at 3
GANZ ONLY PIANO RECITAL IN NEW YORK.
Benefit: Societe Mutuelle Des Professeurs Du Conservatoire Paris. Prices 50c to $2.00. Boxes $15, on sale at Box Office. (Steinway Piano)

Manhattan O. H., 34th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Last Mat. Sat., 2:15.
Last 4 Times CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in GEO. M. COHAN'S Newest Comedy THE VOICE OF McCONNELL
25c to $1.00. A few front Orch. Seats at $1.50. Sat. Ev., Jan. 25, Marjorie Rambeau, Eyes of Youth

MOTION PICTURES.

LAST 3 DAYS
OF THE SENSATIONAL PICTURE THAT ALL NEW YORK IS TALKING ABOUT.
"THE HEART of HUMANITY"
The Picture That Will Live Forever.
BROADWAY THEATRE, B'WAY AT 41ST ST. 10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20, 30, 50, Loges $1
William FAVERSHAM in "The Silver King." "Catalina," a Prizma. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square 20—30—50.
Pauline FREDERICK in "Out of the Shadow" Scenic, Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

PLAZA Madison Ave., at 59th St.
MADGE KENNEDY in "A PERFECT LADY" by Channing Pollock and Rennold Wolf.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN in "SHOULDER ARMS"

STRAND B'way at 47th St.
MADGE KENNEDY in "Day Dreams." Flagg Comedy. Strand Orchestra.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
TOM MIX in "TREAT 'EM ROUGH"

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3939
WM. S. HART in His Latest "BRANDING B'WAY"
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in
41st Week in New York. SINBAD 41st Week in New York.
Sunday Night Concert
A SENSATIONAL BILL OF STARS

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre
NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL —AT 11:30— A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
ALICE BRADY Personally in FOREVER AFTER

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
"ADORABLE."—Mail.
EAST IS WEST
A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
MARY NASH in THE BIG CHANCE

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mat. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
A COMEDY ABOUT THE LOVE AFFAIR THAT EVERY WOMAN'S MISSED.
H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners with IRENE BORDONI

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Eves. 8:30 Sharp. Matinees Wed. & Saturday at 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' Comedy, A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH
in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

PARK THEATRE. COLUMBUS CIRCLE. 59TH ST.
SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS
THREE COMIC OPERA GEMS
Tonight and Sat. at 8:15.......... FRA DIAVOLO
With Orville Harrold and Bianca Saroya
Fri. Eve. at 8:30, LAST TIME.......... GONDOLIERS
Sat. Matinee 2:30 LAST TIME.......... MIKADO

Comedy 41st, E. of B'way, Beg'g Tonight, 8:30.
Edward Locke's Comedy THE CLIMAX With ELEANOR PAINTER
Matinees Thursday & Saturday, 2:30.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. First Mat. Sat., 2:30.
A. H. WOODS Presents
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
WILLIAM COURTENAY AND TOM WISE
In Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit. CAPPY RICKS

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES"
LONGACRE West 48th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., at 2:30.

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30
A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

LYRIC 42d St., west of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers.
5th Month Not a War Play THE UNKNOWN PURPLE The Season's Hit. With RICHARD BENNETT

SHUBERT West 44th St. Tel. Bryant 8439. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
72d TIME TONIGHT
BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, author of "The Blue Bird."

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Smartest Musical Show in Town.
LITTLE SIMPLICITY
With the Prettiest Girls in New York.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits
New Musical Play—The 100% Cast
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Eve. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
It's naughty but it's nice—SH!
The Laugh Play Keep It To Yourself
"Rarely does one see an audience so convulsed by laughter."—S. Jay Kaufman, Globe.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier
65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts Today & Sat. 2:15
THIS WEEK, CHATTERTON
Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

PRINCESS Matinees Wednesday & Saturday Evenings 8:30.
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes.
OH, MY DEAR!
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE.
Tom'w Aft., 2:30, and Saturday, 10:30 A. M.
WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
"Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Eve. 8:15.
NORA BAYES IN HER JOYOUS PLAY LADIES FIRST
Nora Bayes Nifty Sunday Nights

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
Riotous Comedy with Music
THE MELTING OF MOLLY
With CHARLES PURCELL CHORUS WITH A KICK

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway.
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Jane Cowl IN The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way.
THE COMEDY HIT
Tea for 3
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Today, Best Seats 50c
Highest Price Orchestra Seat, Eve. $1.
MAYTIME PEGGY WOOD | WILLIAM NORRIS | Melvin Stokes
Next Week...."UNDER ORDERS"

LOEW'S 7th Av. at 125 St. Eve. 25c to $1. Mat. Today 25c & 50c
"Under Orders"
Next Week, "An Ideal Husband."

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
William Gillette "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY" —Herald. Dear Brutus
"To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long Legs," you'll love
PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE
Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15.

GEO. M. COHAN'S Thea., B'way, 43 St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY
A PRINCE THERE WAS
GEO. M. COHAN as the Prince

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS
DADDIES

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20
FRANCES STARR
in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

CORT West 48th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
"'ULLO, 'ERE'S A 'IT!" The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written.
THREE FACES EAST
Hundreds turned away at every performance.

Globe "THE CANARY"—IT'S A BIRD OF A SHOW
COMBINATION OF DILLINGHAM STARS
JULIA JOSEPH
Sanderson-Cawthorn
Sam Hardy, Doyle & Dixon, Maud Eburne, and The Famous Globe Beauty Chorus.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15.
MATINEES SAT. and WED., 2:15.
THE REAL LAUGHING MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON
KLAW & ERLANGER'S TIMELY GEM OF JOY AND MELODY
THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE.
AIN'T IT A GREAT & GLORIOUS FEELING
NO MORE TICKET PROFITEERING
Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
Only Perfect Roof Theatre in America.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St.
Eves. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!
"THERE IS HAPPY, JOYOUS DANCING WITH MUSIC AND COMEDY A-PLENTY."—Globe.

EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY
LIGHTNIN Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Saturday & Wed. 2:30.
GAIETY, B'way & 46 St.
AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT
3 Wise Fools Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20
CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

VANDERBILT Thea. W. 48 St. Eve. 8:30. Matinee Saturday, 2:30.
EMILY STEVENS in THE GENTILE WIFE

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42d St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
The New Sensation of Psychic Mystery!
THE INVISIBLE FOE
TREMENDOUS HIT! "Not a war play."

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Last Mat. Sat., 2:15. LAST 4 TIMES
The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies
GLORIANNA
NEXT MON. NIGHT. Seats TODAY
MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN
in HENRI LAVEDAN'S COMEDIE FRANCAISE SENSATION
THE MARQUIS de PRIOLA

Standard B'way, 90 St. Eve. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25-50c.
SEVEN DAYS LEAVE
Next Week, Florence Nash in "Remnant"

LEXINGTON THEATRE 51ST ST. & LEX. AVE.
POSITIVELY LAST WEEK.
TO SEE
ATTA BOY with CAPT. FRANK TINNEY
"Atta Boy is a wonderful show," N. Y. Tribune.
Prices 50c. to $2.00. No War Tax.
Matinee Saturday, 2:15.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mat. Daily 25c-$1
JACK NORWORTH, Nan Halperin, Harry Green, Jimmy Hussey, Toto, & BESSIE CLAYTON with Eduardo & Elisa Cansino.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St.
Phyllis Neilson-Terry | Rooney & Bent | Mermaid Sisters & David Schooler, Lydell & Macy.

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri., Sat. 2:30
STUART WALKER'S PORTMANTEAU SEASON
Mat. Today AT 2:30 Tel. Circle 1366.
First Bill: "A Night in Avignon," "Stingy" and Lord Dunsany's "The Laughter of The Gods."

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15.
8 VIRGINIA STEPPERS, BERT & BETTY WHEELER, CONRAD & MAYO, 6 OTHER BIG ACTS. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Twice Daily. Pop. Prices ALL NEW Behman Show

BROOKLYN.
N. Y. PHILHARMONIC
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTING
BEST SEATS, 44c & 55c (Includes War Tax)
Jan. 18, 8:15 P. M.—Commercial High School, Albany Ave. & Bergen St.
Seats—People's Institute, 174 Nassau St.; Chandler-Ebel, 222 Livingston St.; Brick's, 1503 Pitkin Ave.

MUSEUM OF FRENCH ART
French Institute in the United States,
599 Fifth Avenue (48th St.)
Loan Exhibition of French Art
Periods of Louis XV and Louis XVI
Daily except Sundays, 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Admission 50c. Saturdays Free.
January 15th to January 29th, inclusive

"STANDARD FOR FORTY YEARS"
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THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
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EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinee Today, Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Eve. at 8:15

POULTRY SHOW
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
NEXT WEEK

OPERA TICKETS SEATS FOR ALL OPERAS
Jacobs Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, B'way & 38th St. Telephones Greeley 4183, 4190, 6442.

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THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The policy of the Ford Motor Company to sell its cars for the lowest possible price, consistent with dependable quality, is too well known to require comment. Therefore, because of present conditions, there can be no change in the prices on Ford cars.

Runabout $500 Touring Car $525 Coupelet $650
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All Prices F. O. B. Detroit.
Any one of the firms named below will give you prompt, courteous service.

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Schildkraut & Levy, 1526 Far Rockaway Ave., Far Rockaway, L. I.
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Havey Auto Sales Co., Inc., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Havey Auto Sales Co., Inc., 326 New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.
Huguenot Motor and Supply Co., 196 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

RICHMOND COUNTY.
Leadley, John H., 210 Richmond Ave., Port Richmond, S. I.
Rowohlt Motor Car Co. 1020 Castleton Ave., West New Brighton, S. I.
Staten Island Garage, Inc., 369 Van Duzer St., Stapleton, S. I.
Tottenville Garage, 21 Bentley St., Tottenville, S. I.

HUDSON COUNTY, N. J.
Belle Meade Garage, 2401 Boulevard, Jersey City.
Bennett, S. K., 701 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J.
Butler, T. J., 538 Harrison Ave., Harrison, N. J.
Clifton Auto Co., 132 Third St., Union Hill, N. J.
Clifton Auto & Garage Co., Inc., 4135 Hudson Bvd., West Hoboken, N. J.
Homan's Garage, 1586 Boulevard, Jersey City, N. J.
Hudson Auto Co., Inc., 634 Hudson Ave., West New York, N. J.
Keegan's Garage, 667 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.
Lackawanna Garage, Inc., 607 Washington St., Hoboken, N. J.

ESSEX COUNTY, N. J.
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Becker Auto Sales Co., 80 Washington Ave., Nutley, N. J.
Clinton Hill Auto Co., 441 Clinton Ave., Newark, N. J.
Fischer's Garage, 586 So. 11th St., Newark, N. J.
Millburn Motor Car Co., Millburn Ave., Millburn, N. J.
Mockridge, J. D., Montclair, N. J.
New Jersey Auto Co., Main and Clinton Sts., East Orange, N. J.
New Jersey Auto Co., 449 Central Ave., Newark, N. J.
Sadler's Garage and Sales Co., Bloomfield, N. J.
Stickel's Garage, Inc., 195 Lafayette St., Newark, N. J.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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THE GERMAN ELECTIONS.

In Berlin the Spartacan revolution is reduced to the dregs. Sporadic looting is about all that is left of it. After too long a patience the Government, the forces of order, have struck hard. The Prussian elections to the National Assembly will be held on Sunday. In Prussia, as everywhere else in Germany, the Reds and the Independent Socialists, whose extreme Left they were and who veered toward the Bolshevist faction, are a pitiful, if boisterous, minority. In Baden, as even the notorious Red Freiheit of Berlin admits, the Independent Socialists cast only some 15,000 votes in a total of 1,000,000. Not one of their candidates was successful. Forty-one Centrists, thirty-five Majority Socialists, twenty-four Democrats, seven National Liberals were chosen. The "bourgeois" parties got 72 members to the 35 of the Majority Socialists, who, as against the Bolsheviki, must themselves be regarded as a "bourgeois" party.

In Bavaria the Majority Socialists elected about half of the members of the Bavarian Constituent Assembly; the Centrists and Conservatives 32 per cent.; the German Democrats, a coalition of the old Progressive People's Party with a portion of the old National Liberal Party, 14 per cent. The remaining scant 4 per cent. was "scattering." In Bavaria, as in Baden, the Independent Socialists were beaten ignominiously, were "nowhere," as we say in America.

In Württemberg the Majority Socialists got 52 seats, the German Democrats 38, the Centrists 31, the Conservative coalition, the old Conservative and Reichspartei, 25; the Independent Socialists, 4, and their vote was not even a tenth of that of the Majority Socialists. Encouraging reading for the runagate sons and daughters of Spartacus, EICHHORN and ROSA LUXEMBURG and LIEBKNECHT.

In Bremen, seized for the moment by the Spartacans, they had been beaten by the Majority Socialists in a local election. In miniature, this is a true picture of Bolshevism, a minority ruling by violence.

A Coblenz dispatch to THE TIMES the other day called the Centrist and Social Democratic candidates in the Coblenz-Treves district men and women, "of high calibre, representing all classes," conservative. When Social Democrats, so long anathema, nominate conservative candidates, you begin to doubt if what German statesmen of the old régime said about the political incapacity of Germans was anything but moonshine and prejudice. The twelve Treves-Coblenz Majority Socialist nominees are "a "labor union secretary, a clergyman, "a notary public, a master teleg-"rapher, a School Superintendent, a "wine merchant, a business woman, "a retail merchant, a railroad work-"er, a steel worker, a meat dealer, "a landlord." In short, whatever the differences of their party programs, the Germans outside of a turbulent minority are substantially united for sane and orderly government.

ITALIAN IMMIGRATION.

Our gallant townsman and airman, Mr. LA GUARDIA, Representative in Congress of the Fourteenth District, was stirred into warmth of expression by the fears uttered to the House Immigration Committee by Mr. DENSMORE, Director of the Federal Employment Service. Mr. DENSMORE had been "reliably informed" that "hundreds of thousands" of Italian prisoners in Austrian Silesia would be allowed to go to the United States.

Many of us might rejoice instead of shuddering at the prospect, if prospect there were, of those sound and sturdy and willing workers coming to add to the wealth of America and their own. But, as Mr. LA GUARDIA says, "Italy requires all of her people now." He has been told on good authority that Italy will restrict emigration. Italy hopes to develop her extraordinary wealth of Alpine and Apennine water power to make electricity take the place of coal, of which she has none. Professor FRANCESCO NITTI, looked upon by many Italians as a future Premier, prophesied, when he was over here as a member of the Royal Italian Commission in 1917, that within eight or ten years Italy would be the greatest industrial nation in the world.

If the prophecy seems a little enthusiastic, the prophet is an expert in industry as well as in finance. At any rate, Italy, whose sons have done so much of the hard work of the world, will strive to keep them at home to work for her and not for strangers.

THE DRY FASHION.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 14.—If all the rest of the country is to be Dry, and if the Legislatures of three-fourths of the States, or more, want prohibition, Connecticut is not likely to attempt opposition.

Does this yearning to "get on the band wagon" explain the wild rush of Legislatures to ratify? It is a wet day when several of them don't join the procession. Yesterday the joiners were five. Ponder the theory put forth in the capital of the Land of Steady Habits. This is what it amounted to: If three-fourths of the States are willing to give up an important State right and cram prohibition down the throats of the few unwilling States, why should Connecticut bother herself about her rights or those of the minority States or the need of prohibition when men are soberer than ever before? Never mind principles or the merits of the case. Prohibition seems to be the fashion, just as drinking used to be. Let's adopt it, not because we want it, but because we "want to be on the winning side."

One would think, seeing the fury of Legislatures to ratify, that the alteration of the fundamental and permanent law was of rather less consequence and worthy of rather less thought than an act to increase the license tax on dogs.

THE GREEK CLAIMS.

The memorandum of the Greek territorial claims laid before the Peace Conference by Premier VENIZELOS reflects the wisdom with which that statesman's foreign policy has always been characterized. As head of a people whose patriotism and racial consciousness are very strong, a people nearly half of whom are outside the present boundaries of the Greek Kingdom, Mr. VENIZELOS naturally wants to unite the Greek race so far as possible. But he understands that for reasons partly political and partly geographic complete realization of this aim is hardly attainable, and he presents useful suggestions for settlement of questions in which a Greek population has the principal interest, but which are affected by other interests, too.

The first item is Northern Epirus, now included in Albania, where, according to the memorandum, there is a population of 120,000 Greeks and 80,000 Albanians, some Orthodox Christians and some Mohammedans. Many of the Albanians are anti-Greek, but many others would prefer inclusion in the Greek Kingdom, now democratic and well governed, and including a large population which is Albanian by blood but Greek in national consciousness, to continued union with the less civilized Albanians of the north, who will probably be under a protectorate in any case. Italy has claims here, but Mr. VENIZELOS is understood to agree to the Italian occupation of Valona and other strategic points, and with good will on both sides it should be easy to come to a settlement.

The Greeks would, of course, like to have Constantinople, where they form a racial group not much smaller than that of the Turks and larger than all others combined. But Mr. VENIZELOS sees that international interest may dictate an independent State around the Straits, under the supervision of the League of Nations. Such a State would include many Greeks outside of the city, both in Europe and in Asia; indeed, since the passing of Turkish power would probably result in a considerable Turkish migration from Stamboul, the Greeks would probably soon be the largest, as they would in any case be the most active, element in the population.

Greece also asks for Thrace. Here the problem is complicated by the fact that the Greek population is dominant on the coast, but further back considerably mixed with Bulgarians and Turks. Even there, however, it is very strong in the cities and has a great number of villages. In considering the Thracian question the Conference should keep in mind the Bulgarian political record of the last six years; as yet the Bulgarian State is eminently untrustworthy, and we have seen and heard enough of Bulgarian mistreatment of alien populations.

The Greek claim for Smyrna and a considerable strip of territory on the western coast of Asia Minor is supported by the fact that the Greeks here are not only the majority of the population, but are rapidly increasing; and the testimony even of hostile witnesses is that in agriculture as well as in commerce and industry they are overwhelmingly superior to the Turks. Further east there is a Greek population of several hundred thousand, partly along the southern coast of the Black Sea in a strip including the cities of Trebizond and Samsun, and partly in considerable colonies in the interior. Since political union of these regions with Greece is impracticable for geographical reasons, Mr. VENIZELOS admits that they might be attached to the Armenian State, with whose prospective representatives Greece has lately been in excellent relations.

Finally, "all islands which are eth-"nographically, geographically, and "economically Greek." This means Cyprus, turned over to England by Turkey in 1878, with a population four-fifths Greek, and the Dodecanesus, a group of islands of which Rhodes is the largest, off the southwest coast of Asia Minor, whose population is practically all Greek. These have been held by Italy since the Italo-Turkish War of 1911-12. Cyprus, it is understood, was offered to Greece by England when an attempt was made to get CONSTANTINE into the war at the beginning of the Dardanelles campaign.

As for the Dodecanesus, it is hard to see how its retention can be of any use to Italy, especially since the population has often expressed its desire to join the rest of the Greek nation. Italy has economic claims in Asia Minor, but it is understood that here, too, the Greek Government is willing to give quid pro quo by recognizing an Italian sphere of influence in the very inadequately developed territory lying to the east of the Greek population on the west coast. The mines of Herakleia, the commercial possibilities of the south coast, and the development of an interior now held chiefly by the unprogressive Turk should be worth more to Italy than the Dodecanesus.

THE WAR CONTRACTS.

Relations between the War Department and its contractors are strained to the point of hostilities. This is the more regrettable because the contractors are supported by such respectable representatives of business opinion as the New York Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Association, and the United States Chamber of Commerce. Their opinion is detached, and therefore more weighty than the similar position taken by the representatives of 400 trades concerned in domestic contracts involving some two billions of dollars and more then a billion of foreign contracts. The prime contractors cannot settle with the subcontractors, neither set of contractors can settle with their banks, and all because contracts were made in a hurry without written formalities, at a time when delay in deliveries would have stopped the war machine. Their bills will not be paid without the enactment of a law to fit the case, and the department wants a bill to put the contractors at its mercy; failing that, it refers them to the Court of Claims. Claims against the Government have a record of lasting a generation or so, and of being paid to estates of contractors. Such relief is of no assistance with a discounted promissory note past due in a bank, and contractors may be pardoned for asking some other method of settlement.

Nobody is asking that wrongful claims shall be paid, either forthwith or at all. The suggestion that the dollar-a-year men gave contracts in which they were interested, and which they were afraid to sign, but which they now seek to have validated by statute which the department opposes, is a reproach to the makers rather than to honest contractors. No one of the several bills pending has that effect. The Dent bill authorizes the department to make settlements in its discretion respecting contracts which have no existence until technical defects are cured, such as the lack of a signature confirming a telephone order which was filled sometimes before a contract could be written. The Chamberlain bill authorizes the department to waive technical defects. Neither bill "validates" any contract without action by the department which there is no way of compelling it to take against its will, or contrary to public interest. What business men are asking is that either side should have the right of review of the department's action by appellate commission within thirty days after settlement of the contract. The department's proposal of appeal to the Court of Claims is worthless to business men with obligations falling due.

The necessity of legislation is due to the purchasing panic which seizes governments under conditions of war. Incredible quantities of supplies are on hand, bought oftentimes regardless of price. The purchase has been reported of 175,243,056 pieces of underwear, 174,087,036 pairs of stockings, and "other articles in proportion." It is inconvenient to pay bills contracted for in that superfluity, as it now seems, but which nobody condemned when the buying was done. The department did not dare to do otherwise, and its action is not under censure. But no patience should be felt with delay in meeting honest engagements, nor should there be any hesitation in dealing promptly and sternly with any contractors who may seek to take an unfair advantage of the Government's war necessities.

GRIEVANCES AIRED.

No American General commanding in France can be a hero to a member of Congress who has grievances of his home troops to air. The American people admire the commander of their armies in France for his soldierly qualities, his skill as an organizer, and his achievements in the field, and they will be reluctant to believe that he abused his great authority by making personal war upon his lieutenants and exalting the unworthy over officers who had distinguished themselves in battle. That is the gravamen of this case which Representative GALLIVAN of Massachusetts seeks to make out against JOHN J. PERSHING in language that sometimes borders on the hysterical and is often undignified. Thus, General EDWARDS was relieved of his command and ordered home "because he refused to do dirty "work" and "remove National Guard "officers who had served until the "last few weeks of the war to make "places for pets of West Point and "Fort Leavenworth."

General EDWARDS, an Ohio man, took the 26th, or New England, Division to France, and it saw a great deal of fighting under him. In the Boston Representative's account of the sacrifice of General EDWARDS there is this version of what occurred:

> He was told to his face by a whipper-snapper Chief of Staff of the 26th Division named DUNCAN U. MAJOR, "If you don't get these National Guardsmen we will get you." And they got CLARENCE EDWARDS, but he refused to do their dirty work, and when he came to Boston he owned that town, and as long as he lives he will have a place in the hearts of New England second to no man else.

Mr. GALLIVAN told the House that he had written two or three letters to General PERSHING and had never received a reply from him or "from any "member of his numerous and highly "tailored staff, who from the incep-"tion have slept comfortably in Chau-"mont and Tours." The American people will not approve Mr. GALLIVAN in the implied aspersion. Nor will the style in which he reflects upon the professional knowledge and courage of "these other fellows," the alleged beneficiaries of favoritism, be admired. As an advocate Mr. GALLIVAN is addicted to violence of expression and injures his case, if he has any.

It seems that when Representative GALLIVAN called upon General MARCH, the Chief of Staff, for an explanation of why the New England Division was not permitted to come home, "one "SWING, a Major in the National "Army," was directed by General MARCH to say that it was a matter for General PERSHING to decide, that the 26th Division was "not yet on priority." Now, it should be plain to the Representative from Boston that it is for the commander of the army to determine what troops he desires to keep in France for duty and the order of their return to America. That in effect was what Secretary BAKER told Mr. GALLIVAN, but he would not be satisfied, and on a second visit he found Mr. BAKER "peevish." He seems to be a hard man to give information to or to please.

Mr. GALLIVAN'S remarks excited several other members of Congress, who took up the cudgels and beat the air for troops from their districts held in France, and for officers who had been wrongly relieved or neglected. We have had a large army in France, more than 2,000,000 officers and men. Are there to be avalanches of complaints and charges by members of Congress and Governors when merit seems to have been overlooked, and when transfers and detentions occur in orders? General PERSHING is big and able enough to speak in his own defense, but it will be difficult to hold him responsible for every act of his subordinates. Gentlemen in Congress should be sure of their facts before indicting officers in France for inefficiency, favoritism, and injustice.

BOLSHEVISM AND BEER.

Even in dire extremes and amid the clash of arms, a German is still a German and a Bolshevik a Bolshevik. In the final hours of the collapsing Spartacist rebellion in Berlin, the last building to which the rebels clung with heroic tenacity was a brewery. Four or five hundred men sufficed for the garrison of police headquarters, the principal stronghold; as many held the Vorwärts office, but in the brewery the sons of Spartacus were massed by thousands, and many women among them. Heavy artillery was taken there from other positions, and supplies were banked up for a long siege. The Ebert Government must have breathed a heavy sigh of relief when it learned that this acropolis of anarchy had at last been abandoned. Can it be that the stores of beer in situ had been reduced by previous depredations of the counter-revolutionaries?

Equally characteristic is the story of the four Bolsheviki overtaken and captured in their flight across the roofs from a fallen fortress, who couldn't run away fast enough because they were carrying their typewriters with them. The German revolutionary, educated in the manifold controversies of international Bolshevism, may boast that "trained "abroad his arms to wield, Fitz-Spar-"tacus's typewriter was sword and "shield." But a trifle cumbrous and impedimentary in retreat. However, the evidence is valuable as indicating what a Bolshevik regards as his Lares and Penates. One of the first manifestations of the later tendencies of the Russian revolution was a joyous return to the vodka; in our own country it looks as if the camels are coming, but Greenwich Village will defend its California claret to the last. Give a Bolshevik his beer and his typewriter, and he may be content to leave the bourgeois world at peace.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Comparison Between Incomparables. In defense or explanation of the proposal by the British Government to let the Russian Bolsheviki send delegates to the Paris Peace Conference, it is stated that though the British have no more respect or liking for Bolshevism than anybody else, and detest it at least as much, they think it wise to recognize the fact that the Russians are suffering from a terrible infection, and to make a distinction between the disease and its victims in dealing with the situation which this horrible pestilence has created.

This analogy, drawn from medicine, is a plausible one, but it shares the common characteristic of analogies and misleads, as analogies usually do, because it is neither accurate nor complete. Indeed, this particular analogy is particularly fallacious because it rests on the false assumption that doctors can and do distinguish between the patient and his malady.

To render such a discrimination really possible disease would have to be an entity in itself—something that exists and can be studied and treated apart from the patient. That, of course, is not the case, and while the doctor may, and often does, view a poison or a germ as the cause of a disease, and strives to remove the one or to kill the other, it is not either of these, but the patient, that has what corresponds rather remotely to Bolshevism in the Russians—and in too many other people besides.

Only by a severe straining of terms, however, can Bolshevism be described as a poison or a germ. The similitude fails because on one side of it are tangible and measurable realities and on the other is the immaterial product of disordered brains. It is with the brains, or with the owners thereof, that business must be done.

A Likeness Found in Court. It is not to medicine, but to the more familiar field of law, that the apologists of the British Premier's proposal to recognise the Bolsheviki as deserving of a hearing on the same terms as decent and respectable people should have gone for their analogy. The law does not negotiate with murderers or thieves, and the Bolsheviki are both. Instead, it catches them if it can, takes them into court after it has caught them, determines from the evidence the nature and extent of their guilt, and then imposes and executes sentence in accord with statutes made and provided. That, in theory at least, is justice, and in practice it is the nearest approach to justice yet made by poor fallible mortals. Until the prisoner is at the bar, what he has to say for himself, or what his lawyer has to say for him, is not heard, or, if it is, the transaction is called by the harsh name of compounding felony—a process commonly and rightly held to be both dangerous and injurious to society.

The position of the Bolsheviki with respect to representation at the Peace Conference would be much better and different if they were merely accused of crime. In their case there is no presumption of innocence. What they are and have done is known to all the world, partly from observation and partly from their own laboriously plain and explicit announcements of their own acts and intentions. They are confessedly in rebellion against all constituted governments, and they occupy, therefore, precisely the position of pirates.

A Flag for Keepers of Promises. Out on the Pacific Coast there has been devised and is coming into something like general use a new sort of service flag. It is blue instead of red as to its outer part, and in its star-shaped white centre are placed smaller stars, the number of which indicates that of the returned and discharged soldiers who are employed in the store, factory, or other business establishment at the door of which the banner is displayed. Its message to all beholders, as formulated by its inventors, is "we have kept faith with the men who entered the country's service."

This is a good idea, worthy of general acceptance, and, commendable as was the original service flag, its successor is even more commendable in that its claim to honor is made by those to whom the honor really and directly is due. Of the other service flag—the one that is fast losing its significance with the return of peace and the disbandment of the new armies—that was and is not quite true.

Men were not "given" or "sent" to war by anybody, except in the sense that the country as a whole gave and sent them. In the vast majority of cases they went cheerfully and gladly, and for their going, as for what they did after they were in uniform, all the credit was their own, not that of their relatives or their employers. The people who for one or another sufficient reason remained at home do have, however, the right, which is also a privilege, to make manifest the fact that they are doing now, as in the past, their part as patriotic citizens—that though republics have been charged, sometimes justly, with having short memories for service rendered, the accusation of ingratitude does not lie against those who fly this new flag. As all who joined the colors did not come back to seek again their old positions, there cannot be stars for all of them, but there can be many—enough for all who are alive.

They Should Have Made Things Plain. With the general tenor of the defenses of the Y. M. C. A. that are made by the officials and friends of that organization there will be agreement as to their reasonableness and adequacy. It is obvious that many of the charges now in circulation are based on misunderstandings of the facts, and especially on misunderstandings of the tasks assumed. Certainly it is not fair to criticise the Y. M. C. A. for not doing things that were outside of its province as defined by the Government.

In some way, however, and in a way not yet clearly revealed, these misunderstandings were created and perpetuated, and it was in allowing them to start and to continue that the great and serious mistake was made. And it is a mistake which both the Red Cross and the Salvation Army managed to avoid.

Possibly the fundamental error, the chief cause of the present unpopularity among the soldiers of an institution of high achievements and excellent intentions, was its failure to realize the possibility of criticism and its negligence of precautions to avoid it. Good people often err thus, with results that are equally painful and surprising to them. Nobody can safely present even the appearance of evil, and it is especially dangerous for an organization like the Y. M. C. A., dependent, as it is, for its very existence on public confidence and affection.

THE FATE OF THE CZAR.

If Not Put to Death, Would He Ever Be Restored to His Throne?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with interest your comment, on the editorial page of this morning's TIMES, on the improbability of the latest rumor concerning the late Czar, but beg to take exception to it. The two gentlemen who volunteered to share his exile were Dolgorouki and Tatistcheff, (obviously the "Count T." of the rumor,) whose titles of Prince and Count, respectively, are unimportant in view of their ancient Boyar tradition. Both men are of the oldest Russian nobility—until the time of Ivan the Terrible neither feudal lords nor subjects but "free companions of the Czar"—both are of families of note in Russia before the Romanoffs became great, and both or either would undoubtedly have accepted with the entire simplicity of a gallant gentleman such a substitution as is suggested. There is no difficulty whatever to any one who knows them in accepting the story of sacrifice and vicarious execution.

The improbability of the Czar's escape might lie on quite other ground. From a political point of view it is highly improbable that the Czar could ever serve as a rallying point for the monarchical elements of Russia. He was entirely sincere in his abdication, and the world gives him far too little credit for the motives of his action when the full import of the revolution was borne in upon him. To his final understanding of the revolution and, perhaps it is not too much to say, his sympathy with it. It is generally supposed that Alexander Kerensky could testify. Kerensky's intimate association with the Czar, as Minister of Justice of the revolutionary Government, charged with the inquiry into allegations of secret understanding between the Czar, the Czarina, and the Kaiser, gave him opportunities to enlighten the imperial family on the meaning of the liberal movement, of which he was currently reported to have availed himself to the fullest extent.

The imperialist element in Russia, which is still strong, would necessarily look to some collateral member of the Czar's family for leadership. It must not be forgotten that the secret organization which made the Czar's régime so hated and so justly hated, the "Okhrana," (the anti-revolutionary secret police,) not only continues to exist, but exists in the very heart of Bolshevism. It is most natural. This group of unscrupulous men, nominally protectors of autocracy, but in reality wielding their immense power in their own selfish interests, were obliged to enter the inner councils of the Terrorist groups, and were connected, quite obviously, with many of the attempts upon the lives of prominent persons in Russia under the old régime.

Not only would their agents be obliged to play such a rôle in order to cover their real activities, but it was no doubt convenient also to dispose, by this weapon, of reformers within the Government whose plans did not coincide with those of the "secret police." When the revolution unchained popular resentment against the oppressive police, it was the patrolman, the traffic policeman, the man in uniform, and the known criminal detective who suffered—not the secret political police body whose revolutionary disguise at once became readily available as a complete protection. These men rapidly assumed leadership in the most radical parties and gradually resumed connection with the reactionary party, leaving all moderates out of their machinations. They are safe under conditions of disorder, and such conditions may, conceivably, be profitable to them, but their normal atmosphere would be that of absolute autocracy. They are working for a restoration, and their candidate, when the moment is ripe, will be of their own choosing. It is probable that the former Czar would not enter into their calculations—in which case he and his immediate family could only be regarded by them in the light of an obstacle.

WILLIAM FRANKLIN SANDS.

New York, Jan. 10, 1919.

Two Benchers of Gray's Inn.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few days ago THE TIMES made a complimentary reference to a great honor that Gray's Inn had done me during my stay in London. It should be added that simultaneously Gray's Inn also elected Paul D. Cravath, Esq., of the New York bar, an Honorary Bencher. This gives me an opportunity to testify to Mr. Cravath's very great service to the cause of the Allies in the last year or more. Leaving behind him one of the most lucrative law practices in America, Mr. Cravath went to London and became the counsel for the Interallied Commission, and while in London I heard many favorable comments upon the skill and tact with which he reconciled at times seemingly divergent interests. In his case the recognition of this venerable Inn is richly deserved.

JAMES M. BECK.

New York, Jan. 7, 1919.

Temper of the Small Nationalities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial entitled "A Time to Speak Softly," you seem to be displeased with the declaration of Dr. Vesnitch, the Serbian Minister in Paris, that the Serbians will fight if their just national aspirations are not satisfied.

In view of the disclosure of secret treaties among the Allies, to barter away small nations over which they had no rights, and for the liberation of which they were claiming to wage the war, the misgivings of Dr. Vesnitch are justified. The sooner the Allies realize the better, that the small nationalities, whether Serbians, Syrians, or Armenians, will not meekly submit to unjust settlements of their national rights.

ARSHAG MAHDESIAN,
Editor The New Armenia.

New York, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1919.

THE RED MENACE.

Red is a hue of splendor when controlled
By Nature; but, when used by man,
grows bold
And, running riot under freedom's name,
Seeks to destroy
What it cannot enjoy—
Balance, reserve, sobriety of aim—
Tyrannical as roaring, unchecked flame.

Its warmth is welcome, mated with cool
green,
As in the merry holly, velvet queen
The rose, poinsettia's gorgeous Christ-
mas stars
And mountain ash,
Nor does its temper clash
With Autumn's golden, bronze, and cop-
per scars.
Is there a dawn or sunset that it mars?

No; and, employed with art as spice or
salt,
Red's sleeping fires enkindle man's, exalt
Pride into action as our own dear flag's
Seven brave stripes;
But, smeared by guttersnipes,
Red makes a web of silk a mess of rags,
Both badge and license of a fool that
brags.

The pillar of His cloud has served us
well,
But the Red Sea begins again to swell.
What rod can split its waters if they
spread
Despite the hands
Lifted by No Man's Land's
Millions of chosen, freedom-martyred
dead?
It is no god, but Satan, who wears red!

RICHARD BUTLER GLAENZER.

A COROT SOLD TO MUSEUM.

"Don Quixote," a Panel Painted in 1868, Goes to Cincinnati.

When Corot visited his friend Daubigny at Auvers in 1868 he painted a series of five panels in a vestibule leading to his own apartment. These beautiful panels were sold after Daubigny's death, and one of them has just been acquired from the Knoedler Galleries by the friends of the Cincinnati Museum of Art to be hung in the museum. The subject is "Don Quixote" and illustrates the pseudo adventure of the good knight when he and his squire Sancho Panza see the poor peasant Cardenio bathing in a brook and, mistaking him for a wild man of the woods, Don Quixote prepares to give him battle. There is the sprightly humor with which Corot's friends were familiar in his treatment of the theme. The little figures of the knight and squire silhouetted against the sky upon a distant hillside have a certain farcical aspect which does not in the least interfere with the noble effect of the composition as a whole, and the gesture of the nude peasant hastily scrambling up the bank is also touched with the comic spirit.

It is characteristic of Corot that he thus could play with the human elements of the scene and not interrupt the lyric beauty of his landscape. He chose the subject of Don Quixote on account of the interest of his friend Daumier in the work of Cervantes, and he adopted the type of figure used by Daumier in his own paintings of Cervantes subjects.

Corot is not usually thought of as a decorator, but he did many decorations in the course of his life. There are the panels he painted for the bathroom of Robert's house at Mantes, taking the brushes of the ordinary house painters who were working on the room out of their hands and producing with them and with the colors they were using a notable series of "Souvenirs d'Italie." In 1847 he painted a number of panels for a little kiosk in the garden of the house at Ville d'Avray, where he made his home with his mother. These were a birthday present for his mother, and on one of them is painted the little house itself. His large "Baptism of Christ," painted on canvas, was a decoration for a Paris church, and he painted four frescoes for the church at Ville d'Avray and fourteen for the village church at Rosny. There are also panels in the houses of various friends. The large picture "The Sleep of Diana" acquired by the Metropolitan Museum about ten years ago was painted at about the same time as the "Don Quixote" just acquired by the Cincinnati Museum, and is in the same mood. It also was painted as a decoration for a room and was ordered by the architect who built Prince Demidoff's house.

The Cincinnati picture has been exhibited in Glasgow, Edinburgh, London, Boston, and quite recently in New York. It hung for thirty years in the house of James Cowan of Paisley, and previously was owned by Mr. McGavin, the well-known Glasgow collector.

ART NOTES.

Portraits of Civil War Officers on View at Union League Club.

At the Union League Club this month a pretty act of commemoration has been accomplished in the hanging of a collection of portraits of officers of the civil war and other famous Americans of the past, whose illustrious names are thrust into the historical background by the events of the last four years.

Mr. Watrous has placed on the wall above the collection the motto, "Lest We Forget," which expresses the whole idea of the exhibition. The artists, however, may fairly share in the remembrance accorded to their sitters. The fine, serious head of Major General George G. Meade, for example, is beautifully painted by the now almost forgotten Thomas Hicks, National Academician, who has placed Meade against a landscape background and enveloped him in a silvery atmosphere as graciously as though he were a figure in a Corot legend instead of the man who met and defeated the best General and the strongest army on the Confederate side.

Major General George H. Thomas is one of Eastman Johnson's best efforts in portraiture. The picture has hung for years in one of the lower rooms of the club, where no one could see it to advantage, and it well deserves its present opportunity to reveal its merits. The other portraits are General Grant by Healy, General Sherman by Chester Harding, General Sheridan by Fagnani, and Admiral Farragut by H. A. Loop.

There is also a group of statesmen painted from life by Francis B. Carpenter for his well-known painting, "The Emancipation Proclamation," brisk studies from sittings of only two or three hours each, and wearing the freshness of a first impression and a first attack upon the canvas.

In the rear of the gallery is another group of diploma paintings lent by the National Academy of Design and painted in accordance with the rule that every Academician-elect must present to the Academy a specimen of his art before he can qualify and receive his diploma. A very interesting little collection has been chosen from among the many owned by the Academy. Here is Sargent's portrait of Claude Monet, eloquent of the massive peasant type of the painter who chose for his field the most evanescent and elusive aspects of the natural world. Here is Gilbert Stuart's unfinished portrait of Mrs. Walley, throwing light on his way of building up the delicate structure of his finished work. Here is an "Autumn Afternoon," by John Kensett, as different as possible from the dry, tight painting of his usual exhibition picture, and here is a fine sheep picture by Henry Golden Dearth. The exhibition is one to visit if one happens to have a card of invitation. It lasts through today and tomorrow.

Argentine Sentiment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As an expression of sentiment from the South American republic, I beg to inclose copy of extract from a letter from the Cia. Sansinena de Carnes Congeladas, Buenos Aires, dated Nov. 26. We feel that the people of the United States should understand how the victory was regarded in the South American republic.

A. H. BENJAMIN.

New York, Jan. 2, 1919.

[Inclosure.]

Since we last addressed you the international situation has become defined and the Central Empires have surrendered, their power shattered and broken. An event of such transcendental importance could not fail to stir the spontaneous enthusiasm of the Argentine people—always profound admirers of, and stanch adherents to, the allied cause—and the whole country has, ever since the signing of the armistice, been "en fete." Holidays were declared and commercial houses closed, with the notice attached to their doors, "Closed in honor of the victory of the Allies," and many processions, all provoking the greatest enthusiasm, paraded the streets. There is no doubt that Buenos Aires has never before witnessed such celebrations, and it is difficult indeed to imagine this to be a neutral country.

CIA. SANSINENA DE CARNES CONGELADAS.

MAYOR SAYS LABOR CANNOT IGNORE LAW

Rebukes the Central Federated Union for Opposing Police on Ferryboats.

ASSAILS MAHER'S POLICY

"Cruel and Inhuman," Hylan Declares, Is His Course Toward Residents of Staten Island.

Mayor Hylan sent a letter yesterday to Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the Central Federated Union, in which he takes exception to the action of the union in opposing the employment of the police to keep the municipal ferries running during the recent harbor strike. The Mayor in his letter says:

"I am in receipt of your letter of Jan. 11, in which you assume, on behalf of organized labor, to condemn the action of the city authorities in using city property and city employes to prevent the starvation, not only of the wounded soldiers and sailors in the hospitals on Staten Island and in the other public institutions, but babies and children as well, who were to be sacrificed if necessary as a cold-blooded piece of strategy as a part of the fight plan of certain labor leaders. The city administration and the people of Staten Island had no part in the controversy, neither did the sick and helpless in the hospitals. Before the United States Shipping Board in Washington, on Nov. 29, Captain Maher, representing the committee of the marine workers, stated that the municipal ferries were not and would not be involved, and admitted that there was no dispute about the rate of wages or the hours of employment.

"So far as the city and municipal ferries were concerned there was no dispute about the rate of wages nor the eight-hour day. The city employes, enjoying the benefit of the civil service are a favored class. They are protected in their wages and in their hours of labor, and in their employment. If under these circumstances civil service does not assure the city service, then civil service is a failure.

Calls Maher Policy "Cruel."

"President Delahunty of the Marine Workers' Affiliation stated, so I am informed, that he recognized the situation of the people of Staten Island, where there were hospitals with sick and wounded, was exceptional, and that they should not be made victims in a fight which was not of their making or under their control. Mr. Maher, however, said: 'I will not consent to any change in policy. I do not care how much suffering or inconvenience may come to anybody; the more inconvenience and the more hardship there is inflicted on the people, the better will be our chance of winning.'

"This is a wicked, outrageous, cruel and inhuman policy. The Kaiser, because he had physical power to do so, rode brutally over the unfortunate people of Belgium, regardless of the fact that they were no party to his quarrel, justifying himself on the ground of 'military expediency.'

"When Corporation Counsel Burr called attention to the fact that city employes who accepted the protection of the civil service law had a different obligation than men privately employed, Mr. Maher said: 'I have no regard for the civil service law; the laws are of no use to working men anyhow; the only laws that are any good are those passed by the unions; they can be enforced by the unions if the unions are strong enough, and can be repealed by the unions when necessary without being subject to any interpretation by the courts.'

"Your organizations evidently do not understand the facts or realize that the spokesmen for the unions were satisfied to have organized labor in this country regarded as disciples of Lenine and Trotzky, not only defiant of the laws of the land, but willing to sacrifice the lives of the people, who were not only helpless but in no way responsible for the dispute of the marine workers. Many a man who ordinarily would favor municipal ownership is going to hesitate if he is made to feel that because of a dispute between a private employer and a private employe not related in any way to the public service every city employe can be arbitrarily ordered out on strike in defiance of law and order.

"I have been for many years, and am, a member of a labor union in good standing, and every sane, practical effort for better hours and better wages for the toiler has my heart's quick sympathy and approval, but brutal, strong-arm methods can never win any real substantial victory for the cause of organized labor any more than it did for the Kaiser.

Duty of Employes.

"The law of this State places upon the policemen, firemen, engineers, and other employes a special duty to protect the health and lives of all the people. They are public servants who must not be interfered with by any special interests or made the agents of any side of any controversy. When Mr. Maher reckoned to use his great power to cut off the supplies of the sick and helpless of this community and commanded the city employes to back him up, he not only violated the law of humanity, but by attempting to terrorize the city employes into violating their obligations to all the public, Mr. Maher and these employes ran foul of the penal law regarding conspiracies against the public health.

"All signs point to a slowing down of commercial and industrial activity in this country during what is commonly known as the 'readjustment' period. That means we are going to have hard times for a while. One of the things that your organization ought to do for its members is to advise them of the likelihood of hard times that may come so that they may now try to lay aside enough out of their earnings to carry them over the lean period. I have a duty to perform under oath of office and the strong-arm and unlawful methods used by some vicious labor leaders, the profiteers in the necessities of life, the special privilege seekers, and the exploiters of the people, so far as I am concerned, one and all without discrimination will be treated as the law directs."

The sub-committee of the War Labor Board will meet again this morning at 10 o'clock to take additional testimony on labor conditions at this port. The committee was to have met yesterday in the City Hall, but postponement was made necessary by a meeting of the full War Labor Board in Washington yesterday.

An eight-hour day for marine workers was opposed yesterday in Newark at a meeting of the vessel owners' division. The protest was made on the ground that the eight-hour day would mean a large increase in the cost of transportation, and that it might cause the destruction of many of the water transportation lines. The protest in the form of a resolution was forwarded to former President Taft, one of the Chairmen of the War Labor Board. The division is headed by Joseph H. Wood of the Newark Express and Transportation Company. It is said to represent vessel owners in Newark Bay and the Passaic and Hackensack Rivers.

LOSS IN STATE REVENUE.

Deficit Is Due to Falling Off of the Excise Taxes.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 15.—State revenue for the first six months of the current fiscal year ended on Dec. 31 showed a net loss of $1,400,000, Controller Travis reported tonight. According to the records, this deficit was due largely to a falling off of excise taxes and a like deficiency in revenue returns from the other indirect sources, excepting corporation and direct State taxes, where gains of $1,014,882 and $751,406, respectively, over a corresponding period in 1917 were shown.

Owing to war conditions affecting the high cost of everything required to carry on State Government, increased expenditures were necessary in all of the different departments save the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial, where reductions aggregated $327,391.

TRINITY PEWS FREE TO ALL AFTER MAY 1

Vestry Adopts Dr. Manning's Suggestion to Make the Church Democratic.

SET ASIDE OLD TRADITION

Thirty Pews Are Held in Fee Simple, but Owners Are Expected to Give Them Up.

The vestry of Trinity Parish, it was announced yesterday, at a meeting on Monday night adopted by a unanimous vote the suggestion of the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, the rector of the church, that the renting of pews in the parish be abolished.

Dr. Manning urged this in a sermon on Dec. 29 of last year, arguing that the church should act upon the lessons of democracy taught by the war to abolish apparent discrimination in favor of members of the congregation from whom money was received by the church in pew rentals. The "free pew" idea, which has been the cause of many controversies in the past, came into general favor immediately after Dr. Manning's sermon, and the Vestryman decided to act at once. On Monday night they adopted the following resolution:

"Resolved, (1) That the seats in Trinity Church, St. Paul's Chapel, and St. Agnes's Chapel, so far as the same are under the control of this corporation, be made free, as are the seats in the other churches of the parish, and that this action be taken as an expression of thanksgiving to Almighty God for the victory which He has granted to us, and as an evidence of our desire to do all that we can at this great moment in the world's history to make the Church the central place of human fellowship which it should be.

"(2) That a committee be at once appointed to formulate a plan for carrying this purpose into effect, and to report the same at the next monthly meeting of the Vestry in order that those who at present rent pews may have the notice of this change in policy."

Some Held in Fee Simple.

Some of the seats cannot be made free by the act of the Vestry as they are owned in fee simple by individuals or estates. The opening of rented pews to the general public will begin on May 1 at Trinity, as they have always been rented for a year in advance from May.

The members of the committee appointed by the Vestry are: David B. Ogden, clerk of the Vestry; George F. Crane, controller of the parish, and Francis S. Bangs, Vestryman and member of St. Agnes's congregation.

Pews have been rented at Trinity Church for the last 221 years. The revenue derived from pew rental has not been great, it was said, as the rates had not been raised for fifty years, and it is not expected that the church will suffer financially to any material degree from the change in policy.

"It is a striking sign of the times," said Dr. Manning yesterday, "that in a parish with such venerable traditions as Trinity, and where old customs have so strong a hold, this action should be taken unanimously with the desire to make the life of the church as truly democratic as it should be. The proposal made recently that Trinity should take this action aroused widespread interest. Great numbers of letters were received from people in this and other cities commending the project. These letters have come from Jews as well as Christians, and not a few of them from men not connected with the church. The feeling expressed in all of them is that the discontinuance of rented seats will help to bring the church nearer to the life of the people.

"There are in Trinity about thirty pews which belong in fee simple to individuals or estates. Some of them have been held from time immemorial by the families which now own them. It is hoped that some of the owners of these pews will present them to the church, and that all of the owners may be willing to co-operate in the newly adopted policy."

New Yorkers at Palm Beach.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 15.—The Royal Poinciana opened today with a large arrival list, including Vincent B. Hubbell, Henry T. Sloane, Dr. Newton Shaffer, Wilmot H. Smith, A. F. Southerland, and Mr. and Mrs. Logan Hills, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Smith, John E. Liggett, Albert Leige, T. P. Barnes, Mrs. F. M. Barnes, S. Richards Weil, Mrs. I. T. Yates, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kaye, Mr. and Mrs. Louis C. Raigner of New York; Fred C. Vandusen of Minneapolis, Walter J. Travis, Garden City; Mrs. C. H. Randle, H. F. Randle, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Lovell G. Mickles, Montreal; Mrs. E. H. Wheeler of Douglas Manor, Mrs. F. V. Skiff, Short Hills; Gordon C. Hunt, Mrs. G. C. Hunt of London, and Captain H. E. Green of Washington.

Lieut. Commander and Mrs. W. Barklie Henry of Philadelphia arrived at the Breakers. Others registering there were Miss Elaine Denegre, Washington; Mrs. Henry A. Murray, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Rogers, Dr. Ernest Charron, Mr. and Mrs. J. Leopold and Leonard Leopold of New York.

A Son to Lieut. Raymond Belmont.

A son was born on Tuesday to Lieutenant and Mrs. Raymond Belmont of [illegible] East Eighty-fourth Street. Lieutenant Belmont is a son of August Belmont, and is overseas with the Headquarters Troop of the 78th Division. Mrs. Belmont was formerly Miss Caroline B. Hulbert of Middleburg, Va., and her marriage took place in the Autumn of 1916.

Mrs. Van Vleck Weds R. T. Ross.

Mrs. Ruth H. Van Vleck and Roland [illegible]wnley Ross of Newark, N. J., were married on Tuesday at the home of the bride, 37 West Fiftieth Street, by the Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman of Brooklyn. Mrs. Albert Marckwald of Short Hills, N. J., attended the bride. The bride's first husband was Charles E. Van Vleck, Jr., from whom she was divorced.

Rogers-Laighton Engagement.

Mrs. John Leverett Rogers of 70 West Sixty-ninth Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Caroline S. Rogers, to Alfred P. Laighton of Flushing, L. I.

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One novel which you must not leave unread
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CRUISER IN WITH TROOPS.

St. Louis Brings 346th Field Artillery—3 Transports Due Today.

Another United States cruiser, the St. Louis, arrived yesterday from Brest with troops, having taken thirteen days to make the voyage on account of storms. The cruiser had forty-five officers and 1,255 men of the 346th Field Artillery, including twenty-six ill and wounded. The regiment, consisting of 1 per cent. regulars and the rest men who were trained at Camp Lewis, Wash., saw service in Flanders with the 91st Division. It returned under the command of Colonel Samuel Frankenberger.

The men are chiefly from Minnesota, Washington, California, and Montana. Their Colonel is a native of Charleston, W. Va., and has been in the regular army since 1902. They were met at the pier at West Twenty-fifth Street yesterday morning by twelve Salvation Army officers, including the McAllister sisters, Violet and Alice, who were the first American women to go to France and make doughnuts for the soldiers.

The transport Belgic is due at Pier 58, North River, foot of West Sixteenth Street, at 10 o'clock this morning with eighty officers and 3,188 men, including a number of New Yorkers in the casual companies. The transport Wilhelmina is also due today at Hoboken with 1,000 officers and men from the 84th and 86th Division, including 177 sick and wounded. The President Grant, with more than 3,000 officers and men, including 231 wounded, is expected to arrive late tomorrow night and land her troops at Hoboken on Saturday morning. The supply ship Sagua arrived yesterday afternoon with three army officers on board, who were landed by a naval tug from Liberty Island, where the vessel anchored for the night.

CITY CHAMBERLAIN QUITS.

Mayor Announces Resignation of Alfred Johnson on Dec. 26.

Mayor Hylan announced yesterday that on Dec. 26 City Chamberlain Alfred Johnson resigned his office to take effect upon the appointment of a successor. Mr. Johnson gave up his $12,000 a year place in order to resume active business with Anderson, Burns & Co., a Stock Exchange firm in which he is a special partner.

In his letter, Mr. Johnson asked to be relieved from his duties on Dec. 31, but Mayor Hylan urged him to remain until he could find a successor, so, it is said. Mr. Johnson consented to remain for a short time longer. At the City Hall there is talk that the place may go to the Mayor's Secretary, Grover Whalen.

In his letter of resignation Mr. Johnson writes:

"As you have known, I have for some time felt that the pressure of my personal affairs might make this necessary. Consulting only my inclination, I should have preferred to have remained as long as you would wish it. Now I find I cannot remain longer without a greater sacrifice of my material interests than the situation seems to require. Permit me again to express my appreciation of the high honor of my appointment and of your constant co-operation and support in the discharge of my duties."

Mr. Johnson was appointed City Chamberlain by Mayor Hylan on Jan. 2, 1918. He has been prominent in Democratic politics and was Under Sheriff under Sheriff Nicholas J. Hayes.

PREPARE FOR BIG STRIKE.

Garment Manufacturers Expect 35,000 to Go Out Monday.

A general strike of 35,000 garment workers, members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, is inevitable, according to sentiments expressed last night at a meeting of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, held in the Hotel Martinique for the purpose of enlisting the support of local independent manufacturers, about 500 of whom attended the meeting. Polling on a strike vote by the unionists begins today and ends Saturday, and if the manufacturers have correctly sensed the situation, Monday should see the garment industry again engaged in a bitter war.

A meeting of all the dress contractors in the city will be held tonight in the Hotel McAlpin to consider the threatened strike.

Last night's meeting was presided over by Morris Weiss, President of the association. The principal speaker was Harry A. Gordon, the organization's general counsel. Judging from questions put by the independents and by their applause, it was thought that they will, for the most part, stand back of the association in the coming fight.

"The gentlemen of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association have come to their decision," said Mr. Gordon, "and they have determined that they will to the limit of their resources, financially and morally, do everything they can to resist this invasion of their rights by the union. We have organized along every line, and the members of this association have pledged themselves in writing to help each other to the limit. We regard this fight as one that will decide the question of life or death for the garment industry. We shall stand together, so that we will not fail."

ANTON A. RAVEN DIES AT 85.

Ex-President of Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company and Banker.

Anton Adolph Raven of 864 President Street, Brooklyn, and Caldwell, N. J., for many years President of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company, 60 Wall Street, a Director in a number of banking institutions and other enterprises, died last night at his home in Caldwell in his eighty-sixth year. On account of his advancing years he relinquished the office of President of the insurance company a few years ago, but remained Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Born at Curaçao in the Dutch West Indies, he came to New York at the age of 17. He entered the employ of the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company Mr. Sept. 4, 1852, and was elected President in 1897. In 1912 he completed his sixtieth year with the company, and a testimonial dinner was given him at the Plaza Hotel.

He is survived by two sons and a daughter, the Rev. Dr. John Howard Raven, a professor in Rutgers College; William Oatman Raven, and Mrs. Caroline Elizabeth MacLean of Caldwell, N. J.

Joseph V. Sculley.

Joseph V. Sculley, Deputy City Clerk of Brooklyn since the consolidation of the two boroughs in 1898, and for more than forty years in the city service, died on Tuesday at his home, 260 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, in his seventy-third year.

Stephen Loines.

Stephen Loines, retired marine adjuster and insurance broker, died in his seventy-third year yesterday at his home, 3 Pierrepont Place, Brooklyn. Born in this city, he was educated at the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute.

George Baekeland, Aviator, Marries.

George Baekeland, who recently returned from Italy, where he served with the United States Aviation Corps, was married yesterday afternoon to Miss Cornelia Fitch Middlebrook of 574 Lexington Avenue. The ceremony was performed at the home of Frederic Middlebrook, an uncle of the bride, at the Wyoming Apartments, by the Rev. Francis T. Brown of Yonkers. The bridegroom is the son of Professor and Mrs. Leo Baekeland of Yonkers. His father is a well-known Belgian inventor.

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HENRY J. DUVEEN, ART DEALER, DIES

Senior Member of Duveen Brothers Expires at 64 in Fifth Avenue Home.

GATHERED MORGAN WORKS

Later Paid Millions for Famous Collections—Indicted in 1910 for Customs Violations and Heavily Fined.

Henry J. Duveen, senior member of the firm of Duveen Brothers, international art dealers, with houses in New York and Paris, and also in London until 1914, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 907 Fifth Avenue, after an illness of some time. Mr. Duveen, who was in the sixty-fifth year of his age, was one of the leading art critics in the world.

The firm was started in the '70s in London by Joel Joseph Duveen, his brother, who kept a small shop in Oxford Street, where he sold Dutch potteries and later dealt in period furniture. Before his death in 1908 he was knighted by King Edward as Sir Joseph Duveen, in recognition of his generosity in building a gallery for the pictures Turner, the great artist, had left to the nation.

Henry J. Duveen, the youngest brother, came to New York City about forty years ago and opened a small art shop in John Street, where he handled antique silverware, ivory carvings, rare porcelains, period furniture, and Oriental rugs. He was very successful from the start, and soon entered partnership with the elder brother under the name of Duveen Brothers. They moved into large quarters at Broadway and Eighteenth Street, and a Paris branch was opened. From there the firm moved to Fifth Avenue and Thirty-first Street and a few years ago to its present premises at 720 Fifth Avenue.

Mr. Duveen came to New York when the art life was in a state of transition, and he became closely identified with the formation of most of the celebrated art collections in America, such as those belonging to James A. Garland, J. Pierpont Morgan, Mr. Altman, Mr. Gould, Mr. Widener, Henry C. Frick, Mrs. Hamilton Rice, and John D. Rockefeller, Jr. The firm brought to this country furniture which was a heritage of the most luxuriant period which France has ever known. Carvings, bronzes, hangings, and all manner of adornments were combined by the firm in remarkable decorations.

In 1909, Duveen Brothers disposed of their general business in interior decorations and sold their warehouses, and devoted themselves exclusively to the selling of the extremely fine art works. About this time the firm made some purchases which startled the art world. They purchased the art collection of Rudolphe Kahn for $5,000,000, which works were passed into the great American collections like those of the late J. P. Morgan, Mrs. C. P. Huntington, and Mrs. Archer M. Huntington, and a short time later they purchased the Maurice Kahn collection, valued at $2,500,000. Henry J. Duveen's name will be especially remembered because of his efforts in the formation of the late J. Pierpont Morgan's collection, part of which was later purchased by his firm. They purchased the Morgan collection of porcelains for $3,000,000 and were the agents through whom Henry C. Frick bought the Fragonard panels out of the Morgan collection for $1,425,000.

Many years ago Henry J. Duveen was decorated with the Order of the "Legion d'Honneur" as a mark of appreciation by the French Government of his many artistic endeavors.

All members of the firm figured in actions brought by the Government in 1910, it being alleged that they had brought in many costly articles of art without paying the full amount of duty. In civil litigation they paid over to the Government $1,200,000, one-half being said to be for duties due the Government, and the other half for the penalty for failure to pay these duties. Indictments for violation of the customs regulations were also brought; all pleading guilty. Henry J. Duveen, who was said at that time to be suffering from Bright's disease, was fined $15,000; Benjamin J. Duveen, a nephew, was fined a like sum, and Louis J. and Joseph Duveen, also nephews, of the Paris and London houses, were fined $10,000 each, they having voluntarily come to America and entered a plea of guilty. Laxity of the administration of the customs regulations was said to be partly responsible for the undervaluation of the importations.

Mr. Duveen is survived by his wife and son Lieutenant Geoffrey Duveen, of the British Army, who is at present a passenger on the steamer Lapland, due here next Sunday on leave to visit his relatives.

LORD COWLEY IS DEAD.

Ex-Army Officer Whose Marital Affairs Gave Him Notoriety.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Earl Cowley, whose marital affairs caused much talk in English society from 1905 to 1914, died this morning.

Henry Arthur Mornington Wellesley, third Earl Cowley, was born in 1866 and succeeded to the title in 1895. He was formerly a Captain in the Wiltshire Regiment and served in South Africa in 1900 with the Imperial Yeomanry.

Lord Cowley was married first in 1889 to Lady Violet Nevill, daughter of the first Marquis of Abergavenny. She obtained a divorce in 1910. In 1912 Lord Cowley was named as corespondent in the divorce suit of Geoffrey Buxton against his wife. Lord Cowley at that time was married to the divorced wife of Sir Charles Hartopp. She divorced Lord Cowley in 1913, and in 1914 he was married to Mrs. Clare Buxton, who had been divorced by her husband in the meantime. His heir is Viscount Dangan, an actor and army officer, who was married in 1914 to May Pickard, an actress.

MGR. JOHN A. O'GRADY DIES.

Pastor of St. Peter's Church, New Brunswick, N. J., for 43 Years.

The Rt. Rev. Mgr. John A. O'Grady, pastor of St. Peter's R. C. Church, New Brunswick, N J former Professor of Philosophy at Seton Hall College and domestic prelate by creation of Pope Leo XIII., died at St. Peter's rectory at New Brunswick, early yesterday morning, at the age of 70 years, as the result of a stroke of apoplexy he suffered on Monday. He had served at New Brunswick for forty-three years. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon and Bishop Walsh of the Trenton Diocese will officiate. The body will lie in state in the church from Friday noon until the funeral.

Major John J. Morrison of New Brunswick, issued a proclamation calling upon the people to place all flags at half-mast and the City Commission adopted resolutions of regret at his death.

Thomas B. Fitzpatrick.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 15.—Thomas B. Fitzpatrick, National Treasurer of the United Irish League and President of the Brown-Durrell Company, wholesale dry goods merchants, died today at his home in Brookline. He was born in Grafton in 1844. Active in the affairs of the Catholic Church, particularly in the establishment and maintenance of Catholic charitable institutions, he was named a Knight of St. Gregory by Pope Pius in 1912. He was a close friend of the late John Redmond and participated in the home rule meeting at Dublin in 1907.

Dr. Frederick H. Humphreys.

Dr. Frederic H. Humphreys, 72 years old, eldest son of the late Dr. Frederick Humphreys, founder of the Humphreys Homeopathic Medicine Company, whom he succeeded as President on his death in 1900, died Tuesday at his home in Morristown, N. J. He studied medicine at Bellevue Medical College and attended lectures on medicine in Paris, Berlin, and London, completing his course at the University of Vienna in 1872.

Captain Ignazio Mercadante.

Ignazio Mercadante of Milan, Italy, a Captain in the 27th Artillery Regiment of Milan, died yesterday at his home, 375 Park Avenue, from the effect of being gassed on the fighting line in France, shortly before the signing of the armistice. Mr. Mercadante was the owner and managing Director of the N. A. F. R. A. Italiana of Milan and a Director of the Italian Society of Maritime Transportation of Genoa.

He arrived here on the liner Baltic on Dec. 21. An Italian military organization has charge of the funeral arrangements.

Obituary Notes.

Sergeant WILLIAM J. GILLEN, Jr., attached to the Military Intelligence Service, U. S. A., at the Customs House, died from pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 704 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 26 years old.

FRANK CLIFFORD HALSEY, credit man for the American Radiator Company, and at one time on the clerical staff of the New York Cotton Exchange, died on Tuesday at his home, 704 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, aged 51 years. He was a member of the Credit Men's Association.

HENRY AUGUST HOPPE, formerly Vice President of the Dascher Baking Company and a resident of Brooklyn for nearly half a century, died from heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 279 Humboldt Street, Brooklyn. He was 74 years old.

Captain THOMAS F. CONNOLLY, for thirty-five years a member of the New York Fire Department, died Tuesday night at the Post-Graduate Hospital of cancer of the stomach. For fifteen years he was commander of the fireboat William L. Strong. He was born in Lower Manhattan sixty-three years ago.

NICHOLAS A. FLETCHER died Tuesday at his home, 619 West 127th Street, at the age of 82 years. He was formerly an advertising representative of The New York Herald for more than ten years. He was a member of the Seventh Regiment Veterans Association.

HERWEGH VON ENDE, who for many years directed the Von Ende School of Music at 44 West Eighty-fifth Street, died Tuesday at his home, 234 West Forty-fourth Street, of influenza and pneumonia. He was born in Milwaukee forty-one years ago.

Mrs. CAROLINE ABBOTT STANLEY, educator and author, died Tuesday in Kansas City, Mo., at the age of 70 years. One of her latest stories is "Dr. Llewellyn and His Friends." His home was in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. CORNELIA COLLINS TATHAM, widow of Benjamin Tatham, died Monday at the home of her son, William H. Collins, in Haverford, Penn. Her home was at 110 East Sixty-fourth Street, this city.

JACOB B. McCHESNEY, for forty years a cigar manufacturer of Montclair, N. J., died Tuesday night at his home, 35 Park Street, Montclair. He was born in Caldwell, N. J., seventy-four years ago.

PATRICK ALBERT HART, 55 years old, Staten Island contractor and sportsman, died yesterday at his home, 190 Daniel Low Terrace, New Brighton, S. I. He was one of the organizers of the Staten Island Athletic Club and was well known as an oarsman. With his brothers he owned jumping and training horses, which carried off blue ribbons at several metropolitan horse shows. He was a member of the Richmond Hunting and the Staten Island Clubs.

C. E. PERUGINI, artist, whose pictures are to be found in a number of public galleries, died in London, Dec. 22, according to mail advices received in this city. He was born in Naples and studied art in Italy and Paris. He married Kate Dickens, daughter of Charles Dickens.

BENJAMIN PAUL BLOOD, 86 years old, author of many philosophical works and writer of many poems of merit, died yesterday afternoon at his home in Amsterdam, N. Y.

ELMER G. WILLYOUNG, 56 years old, of 129 South Irving Street, Ridgewood, N. J., died yesterday in the Pater (N. J.) General Hospital of a fractured skull suffered when he was struck by an automobile in Ridgewood. Mr. Willyoung was a patent attorney, with offices in New York City.

EDMOND E. A. BILLINGTON, for several years with the Board of Education in Rye, N. Y., died at his home there yesterday, at the age of 52 years.

ISAAC H. PRUDY, 65 years old, died yesterday of pneumonia at the old Purdy homestead in Westchester County. He owned the tallest office building in White Plains, N. Y. He was appointed by Governor Dix a member of the commission to lay out the Lake Mohansic School for Boys.

WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER, 65 years old, a retired marine engineer and a fourth cousin of John D. Rockefeller, died of heart disease Tuesday while talking with a friend in front of the Eastern District Branch of the Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn. He was a son of the late Thomas Rockefeller of Germantown, Columbia County, N. Y., and lived at 97 South Eighth Street, Brooklyn. He was a member of the Rockefeller Family Association.

Born.

ALOVIS.—To Mr. and Mrs. Edward G. Alovis, on Jan. 15, 1919, a son, Lying-in Hospital.

CHASE.—Mr. and Mrs. Jules Chase of 858 Kelly St., Bronx, announce the birth of a son on Saturday, Jan. 11.

FLAXBAUM.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Flaxbaum (nee Friedberg) of 992 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, announce the birth of a daughter, Jan. 15.

MEYERS.—Mr. and Mrs. Gerson H. Meyers, (nee Lillian Phillips,) of 1,630 St. Nicholas Av. announce the birth of a son at Flower Hospital Jan. 14.

Engaged.

CURLAND—WOLF.—Mrs. M. Spielberg, Brooklyn announces the engagement of her daughter, Augusta Wolf, to Abraham Curland of Norwich, Conn.

LAIGHTON—ROGERS.—Mrs. John Leverett Rogers announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Caroline Stanard Rogers, to Mr. Alfred P. Laighton of Flushing, L. I.

Married.

VIBBERT—BLAKE.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, at 745 Madison Av., by the Rev. W. D. Martin, Katarina S. Blake, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick E. Suse, to Aubrey D. Vibbert, son of the late Rev. Dr. William H. Vibbert.

Died.

AHERN.—On Jan. 15, Jane Ahern, widow of Simeon J. Ahern, and beloved mother of Florence Louise, Edward Pyne, and the late James Herbert Ahern. Mass in the Lady Chapel, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Friday, Jan. 17, at 10 o'clock.

BANGS.—After a prolonged illness, at the Presbyterian Hospital, on Wednesday, Jan. 15, Anson Myron Bangs. Funeral private, from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Lorenzo Armstrong, 58 East 51st St.

BARRERA.—Octavio. Lying in state THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

BARTH.—William H., at his home, 449 West 23d St., in his 62d year. Funeral notice later.

BECKER.—Jan. 14, Louise Becker. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday, 8 P. M.

BLOG.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Bella Blog, (nee De Vries,) aged 61, beloved wife of Henry Blog and dear mother of Louis, Maurice, Bessie Politzer, and Clarence. Funeral Friday, Jan. 17, at 10:30 A. M., from Rothschild's Chapel, 7th Av., near 120th St.

BODE.—Entered into rest on Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Sophie A. Bode, widow of the late C. F. Bode, in her 62d year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 424 West 147th St., on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral private.

BUTTNER.—On Jan. 15, Albert, beloved husband of Martha, father of Rosalia. Funeral Friday, 1 P. M., from 239 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn; Washington Cemetery.

CAMMANN.—On the 15th inst., at the New York Hospital, Athol, son of Oswald de N. and the late Maude Church Cammann, in his twenty-ninth year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CARSON.—The Rev. Frank Martin, D. D., dearly beloved husband of Madge S. Carson, minister of the First Presbyterian Church, Greenwich, Conn., entered into eternal life Jan. 13, 1919. Services will be held at the First Presbyterian Church, Greenwich, Conn., Thursday, Jan. 16, at 2:30 P. M. Chicago Tribune please copy.

COLE.—In New York City, Jan. 14, Herbert, son of the late Rev. Hiram Holbrook and Margarette Buckmaster Cole.

CONNELLY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, Thomas F. Connelly, retired Captain, New York Fire Department, beloved husband of Edward C. (Byrne) and father of Edward, Vincent, Raymond, and Katherine Connelly. Funeral from his late residence, 251 East Kingsbridge Road, Bronx, Friday, Jan. 17, at 8:30 A. M. sharp. Thence to St. Mary's Church, Grand St. Solemn high mass of requiem will be offered at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary. Auto cortege.

CONNORS.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Peter Hannon, son of the late James and Catherine and brother of James P. and Cecelia M. Connors. Funeral from residence, 415 West 115th St., Friday morning. Requiem mass Corpus Christi Church, 9:30.

COUGHLAN.—Timothy, Jr., on Jan. 14. Funeral Friday at his brother's residence, 304 Windsor Place, Brooklyn; thence to Church of the Holy Name. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

Died.

DALAND.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, William B. Daland. Funeral at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. V. Donnell, 545 Morris Av., Friday, Jan. 17, at 3 o'clock P. M.

DEMAREST.—Florence Seavey Demarest, wife of Wm. T. Demarest, suddenly, Jan. 15. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DONNELLY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, Catherine Dowd, beloved wife of Michael Donnelly. Funeral from 12 Enos Place, Jersey City Heights, (Summit Av. station by tube,) Friday, 10 A. M., thence to St. Francis Xavier Church, New York City. Interment Calvary.

DU BOIS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, at his residence, 667 Madison Av., William A. Du Bois, son of the late Dr. Abram and Catharine Brinckerhoff Du Bois, in the 80th year of his age. Funeral private. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

DU BOIS.—Saint Nicholas Society of the City of New York, 42 Cedar St., New York.—It is with deep regret that announcement is made of the death on Jan. 14, 1919, at New York City, of their late associate, William Augustus Du Bois.
WILLIAM DENNISTOUN MURPHY, President.
FREDERIC IRVING LOCKMAN, Secretary.

DUVEEN.—On Jan. 15, at his residence, 907 5th Av., Henry J., beloved husband of Dora Duveen and father of Geoffry Duveen. Funeral private.

DWYER.—At her residence, 430 West 147th St., on Jan. 15, of pneumonia, Mary Elizabeth Hackett, beloved wife of Denis J. Dwyer. Solemn requiem will be offered for repose of her soul at Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, West 142d St., on Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, at 10 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

ELLIS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Margaretha, wife of the late Chas. W. Ellis, at the residence of her son, Augustus, 142 80th St., Brooklyn. Funeral services Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment in Greenwood Cemetery Friday, 2 P. M.

ESSINGER.—Emma, on Jan. 14, after a short illness. Funeral services on Thursday, Jan. 16, from J. Millheiser & Son funeral parlor, 1,460 Lexington Av., at 11 A. M. Chicago papers please copy.

FAHNESTOCK.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Abbey Rhodes, wife of the late Ernest B. Fahnestock. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, 66th St. and Broadway. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FEDERGREEN.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, in her 27th year, Doris Carolyn, beloved wife of Irving Federgreen and devoted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schaap. Funeral from her late home, 91 Franklin St., Hempstead, L. I., on Thursday, Jan. 16, at 3 P. M. Interment at Mount Neboh Cemetery. Binghamton (N. Y.) and Newark (N. J.) papers please copy.

FELLOWS.—Jan. 14, 1919, Emma Louisa Cockcroft, widow of Robert Fellows, and daughter of the late William Cockcroft, M. D. Funeral services Friday, 11 A. M., at the residence of her brother, 31 Seaman Av.

FINKELSTEIN.—Rose, daughter of Mrs. Jacob Katz, beloved wife of Morris Finkelstein of Ossining, N. Y., mother of Isidore Finkelstein and Mrs. Robert Levin and sister of Dr. David Katz, Mrs. Charles Finkelstein, Mrs. Joseph Meisel, and Mrs. Harry Knapp. Funeral from residence of Dr. David Katz, 200 West 118th St., corner 7th Av., New York City, at 12 o'clock noon, Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919. Please omit flowers.

FLAGG.—Stewart. Veteran Association First Battalion, N. M. N. Y.—It is with deep regret that announcement is made of the death of Stewart Flagg, who served as an ambulance driver in France, was cited for bravery, and died in the service of his country. He was a member of this association, and one of the crew of the U. S. S. Yankee in 1898.
WALTER S. NEWHOUSE, Secretary.

FLETCHER.—Nicholas A. Fletcher, formerly Pfletschinger, Tuesday, Jan. 14, at his residence, 619 West 127th St. Funeral services Friday, 11 A. M., at St. Matthew's Church, 28 West 84th St. All friends invited. Interment at Woodlawn.

FRANCIS.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Judson T. Francis, in his sixty-fifth year. Funeral services at his home, 33 Chestnut St., Englewood, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 18, on arrival of Erie Railroad train leaving Jersey City at 3:44 P. M.

FRANK.—On Jan. 13, at her residence, 1,058 Southern Boulevard, Daisy E. Frank, (nee Heilborn,) beloved wife of Samuel Frank, daughter of Mrs. S. A. Sancier, and sister of Ruth Goldberg. Funeral from above address, Jan. 16, 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

FUNKE.—Jan. 14, 1919, at 68 Adams St., Mount Vernon, Minnie T. Healy, beloved wife of the late Francis Funke and daughter of the late Owen and Rose A. Healy. Requiem mass Thursday, Jan. 16, 10 A. M., 5th Av. and 2d St., Mount Vernon. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

GUNDLACH.—On Jan. 15, Caroline A., aged 45, beloved wife of Frank A. and mother of F. Kenneth. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Friday evening, 8:30 o'clock. New Rochelle papers please copy.

HALLER.—Miss Belle Viola, in her 27th year, on Tuesday, Jan. 14. Funeral from her late residence, 550 West 160th St., at 1 P. M. Thursday, Jan. 16.

HALSEY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Frank C. Halsey, beloved husband of Mamie R., aged 51 years. Relatives and friends, also associate members of U. S. Grant Post, 327 are invited to attend funeral service, to be held at his late residence, 704 Quincy St., Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, Jan. 16, 1919, at 8 o'clock.

HART.—At his residence, 190 Daniel Low Terrace, New Brighton, S. I., on Jan. 15, Patrick A. Hart, beloved husband of Agnes Funck. Requiem mass at the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, St. Paul's Av., Tompkinsville, S. I., Friday, at 10 A. M. Interment St. Peter's Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

HELLMAN.—Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Max Hellman, beloved husband of Louise Hellman, in his 68th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 791 Prospect Av., Bronx, Thursday, Jan. 16, 8 P. M.

HICKEY.—Dec. 13, Mary Hickey. Funeral Thursday from undertaking establishment of James E. McLarney & Sons, Lexington Av. and 65th St., at 11 o'clock.

HINCH.—Jennie, wife of James P. Hinch, Jan. 15, 1919, at 221 West 36th St. Funeral notice later.

HIRSCH.—Josephine, beloved wife of Daniel Hirsch, at her residence, 1,237 Hoe Av., Jan. 15. Funeral services Friday, Jan. 17, 10 A. M., at chapel, 151 East 125th St. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

HULL.—Jan. 14, 1919, at his residence, 256 West 57th St., Shelley Vaughn Hull, husband of Josephine Sherwood Hull, from pneumonia, following influenza. Funeral services Thursday at 12 o'clock noon in St. George's Chapel, Stuyvesant Square.

HUMPHREYS.—On Tuesday, the 14th inst., Dr. Frederic H. Humphreys, at his residence, Morristown, N. J. Funeral services will be private and held at the convenience of the family. Please omit flowers.

KAUFMANN.—On Jan. 15, after a short illness at Atlantic City, N. J., Nanette E., beloved wife of William G. Kaufmann and daughter of the late Julius and Mathilda Ehrmann. Funeral private.

KEESE.—Architect Lodge No. 519, F. & A. M., brethren: It is with deep sorrow that we announce the death of Brother William R. Keese. You are earnestly requested to attend Masonic funeral services, Thursday afternoon, Jan. 16, at Greenwood Cemetery. Meet Master at entrance 39th St., 9th Av., Brooklyn, at 2 o'clock; take Culver "L" to 9th Av. station. Charles E. A. Popp, Master; K. D. Borman, Secretary.

KRATZ.—Dorothy, beloved widow of the late Conrad Kratz and mother of Mrs. John Beiswanger, in Steubenville, Ohio, Jan. 8, 1919. Funeral services were held in Grace English Lutheran Church, Baltimore, Md., Jan. 9, 1919. Burial at Baltimore Cemetery.

LEWINE.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, in her 89th year, Julia, beloved mother of the late Rachel and Josephine Goldberg and the late Ascher Lewine. Funeral services at the residence of her granddaughter, Mrs. Leo Kaufmann, 35 West 81st St., Friday, Jan. 17, at 10 A. M.

LOINES.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, at his home in Brooklyn, Stephen Loines, husband of Mary Hillard Loines, and son of the late John and the late Mary Bunker Loines, in his 73d year. Funeral private. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

LOW.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 14, 1919, Ella Peebles, beloved wife of Lyman Haynes Low. Funeral service at the home, 28 Clinton Av., New Rochelle, on Friday at 3 P. M.

LUMELLO.—Jan. 15, Adrien Louis, beloved husband of Sarah Lumello, (nee O'Neill.) Funeral Saturday, 9 A. M.

McLEAN.—At his late residence, 8 Apollo St., Jersey City, Alexander McLean, son of the late Alexander and Nancy Patton McLean. Funeral private.

MANN.—Jan. 14, Helen L. Mann. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Friday, 1 o'clock.

MEINHARD.—On Jan. 15, Rosa Frank, beloved wife of the late Henry Meinhard. Funeral service will be held at the Chapel in Salem Fields Cemetery on Friday morning, Jan. 17, at 10 o'clock. Savannah (Ga.) papers please copy.

MERCADANTE.—Cav. Ignazio Mercadante of Milan, Italy, on Jan. 14, of pneumonia, at the residence of his brother, 375 Park Av., New York City. Funeral services in the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Av. and 84th St., Thursday, Jan. 16, at 11 o'clock. Interment private.

MOORE.—Jan. 15, Susan Moore; remains at funeral parlors of James E. McLarney and Sons, Lexington Av. and 65th St. Notice later.

Died.

MURTHA.—On Monday, Jan. 13, 1919, Catherine, wife of Charles E. Murtha. Funeral from her home, 157 South 9th St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Jan. 16, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of the Transfiguration, Marcy Av. and Hooper St. Automobile cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

NESTLER.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., Wednesday evening, Jan. 15, 1919, Helen Cook, wife of Peter J. Nestler, in her 31st year. Funeral private. Rochester (N. Y.) papers please copy.

NEWMAN.—Hannah, beloved mother of Gabriel, Ettie and Minnie, on Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919. Funeral from her late residence, 167 Edgecomb Av., Thursday, Jan. 16, at 10 A. M.

NICKERSON.—At Stamford, Conn., on Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Edith F. Babcock, wife of Edward F. Nickerson of New York and Sound Beach, Conn., and daughter of George E. and Agnes Penman Babcock. Funeral at Woodlawn Chapel, Woodlawn, N. Y., Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

ORBACH.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, Mame Orbach, beloved wife of the late Max, sister of Mrs. H. Roth Lichtig and Lee Socks. Funeral services at Sam Rothschild's Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., at 120th St., Thursday, Jan. 16, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Mt. Hope Cemetery, Cypress Hills, L. I. Easton (Penn.) papers please copy.

O'REILLY.—James F., on Wednesday, Jan. 15, James F., youngest son of the late Luke and Anne O'Reilly. Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. William J. Cunningham, 268 West 132d St., thence to St. Aloysius Roman Catholic Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated on Saturday at 10 o'clock, Jan. 18, 1919. Automobile cortege.

PAUL.—At St. Luke's Hospital, on Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, James McClure Paul, beloved husband of the late Marie Louise Perrault. He leaves a son and three daughters. Funeral services at chapel of St. Luke's Thursday, Jan. 16, at 12 noon. Montreal papers please copy.

PENDRELL.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Louise Colgate Pendrell, wife of S. Davidson. Funeral services to be held at Davis's Funeral Chapel, Rose St., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, at 1:30 P. M.

PERKINS.—In Danbury, Conn., Jan. 15, Mary Whittelsey Brown, wife of John R. Perkins. Funeral in Washington, Conn., Saturday, at 12:30 o'clock.

PETTERSON.—Alice O., of 236 West End Av., on Monday, Jan. 13, of influenza-pneumonia, in Los Angeles, Cal.

PIERCE.—On Jan. 14, 1919, Mary, entered into rest at her residence, 50 West 105th St. Funeral on Friday at 9:45 o'clock. Requiem mass at the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St., at 10 A. M. Interment at Gate of Heaven Cemetery.

PILLOT.—On Jan. 15, at 116 East 56th St., of pneumonia, Gertrude Hubbard, wife of Peter Stuyvesant Pillot. Funeral private. Interment at Washington, D. C.

PURDY.—Suddenly, at Purdys, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1919, Isaac Purdy. Funeral services at his late residence, Purdys, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, Jan. 18, at 2:45 P. M. Interment Ivandell Cemetery, Somers, N. Y.

QUELL.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, at his residence, 478 Decatur St., Brooklyn, N. Y., John Adam Quell, in his sixty-ninth year, beloved husband of Maria, (nee Fisher.) Requiem high mass, Saturday morning at 10 o'clock at St. Benedict's Roman Catholic Church, Fulton St., near Ralph Av.

RAVEN.—At his residence at Caldwell, N. J., on Jan. 15, Anton A. Raven, in the eighty-sixth year of his age. Funeral services at the Reformed Church on the Heights, Pierrepont St., near Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

REID.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Elizabeth Barnett, wife of John L. Reid. Funeral service will be held at her late home, 38 Milford Av., Newark, on Friday, Jan. 17, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Rosedale Cemetery.

ROCHE.—On Jan. 15, 1919, John P., 527 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Interment at Lewiston, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 18.

ROCHESTER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, at 2,122 California St., Washington, in her 74th year, Louisa Agatha Bamman; widow of Roswell Hart Rochester and mother of Anna Rochester. Funeral at Brookside Cemetery Chapel, Englewood, N. J., Friday, Jan. 17, at 2:30. Train leaves Erie station, Jersey City, at 1:27. Automobiles in waiting at Englewood station.

ROSENHEIM.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Jan. 14, at her home, Hotel San Remo, Emilie, widow of the late Moritz Rosenheim. Funeral Thursday, Jan. 16, at 10 A. M., at Hotel San Remo.

ROSENER.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Felix, beloved husband of Hermine, in his 72d year. Funeral from his late residence, 798 President St., Brooklyn. Friday morning, 10 o'clock. Cremation at Fresh Pond.

SAALFIELD.—On Jan. 10, in Florida, Arthur J. Saalfield of Akron, Ohio, aged 55. Funeral will be held Thursday, Jan. 16, in Akron. Mr. Saalfield had carried on a publishing business in Akron, and had relations for many years with publishers in New York. He was a member of the old 7th Regiment, N. Y. G.

SCHANZENBACH.—On Jan. 14, Charles B. Schanzenbach, in his 54th year, beloved husband of Hattie, (nee Hafker,) and father of Charles H. Funeral services on Thursday evening at 8 P. M., at his late residence, 11 Essex St., Brooklyn. Funeral private.

SCULLEY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, Joseph V. Sculley. Funeral from his late residence, 260 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 17, at 10:45 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Francis Xavier, 6th Av. and Carroll St., Brooklyn, where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated.

SHELDON.—George R., on Tuesday, Jan. 14, at Carbondale, Ill., as result of accident. Services will be held at the Church of the Holy Communion, 6th Av. and 20th St., on Friday at 11 A. M.

SHELDON.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York. The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, George R. Sheldon, at Church of the Holy Communion, 6th Av. and 20th St., on Friday, at 11 A. M.
ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

SHERMAN.—On Jan. 14, 1919, at his residence, in this city, Herbert Augustus Sherman, son of the late Edward Standish and Catharine Augusta Sherman, in his 56th year. Services at Christ's Church, Rye, Thursday, Jan. 16, at 3:30 P. M., on arrival of 2:18 o'clock train from New York.

SMITH.—Suddenly, on Jan. 13, 1919, Harry D., in his 42d year. Funeral services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, between Grand and Classon Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, at 8 P. M. Interment Maple Grove Cemetery.

SMITH.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Lucy Josephine, widow of Sterling Smith and sister of the late General Joseph Wheeler, in her 90th year. Funeral from her late residence, 173 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 18, at 3 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

SOMMER.—At Quakertown, Penn., Jan. 13, 1919, Mary C., widow of Henry Joseph Sommer, aged 71 years. Funeral at her late home, 32 South 10th St., Quakertown, at 11 A. M., Jan. 17. Interment private.

SPORBORG.—Jan. 15, after a short illness, in his 68th year, at his home in Albany, N. Y., Silas Sporborg.

STERRY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, William De Witt, eldest son of the late George E. and Catherine Van Vliet De Witt Sterry. Funeral Friday at 10 A. M., First Presbyterian Church, Roselle, N. J. Interment at convenience of family.

STREET.—Jan. 12, 1919, at 220 West 69th St., Emma Arnold Street, widow of John Street of England.

STUART.—At her residence, 341 Mount Hope Boulevard, Mount Hope, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., Helen Elsie, beloved daughter of Captain and Mrs. James Stuart, in her 8th year. Funeral service immediately after arrival of train leaving Sedgwick Av., 2:28 o'clock, Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919. Interment Mount Hope.

TATHAM.—At the residence of her brother, William H. Collins, Esq., Haverford, Penn., on Jan. 13, 1919, Cornelia Collins Tatham, widow of the late Benjamin Tatham. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Beloved Disciple, 89th St., east of Madison Av., at 11 A. M. Friday, Jan. 17.

WILLIAM T. Mead UNDERTAKER
Here you can surrender all responsibility into thorough, capable hands that will neither abuse your confidence or your pocketbook.
1,939 Madison Ave.
Phone Harlem 3715—Day or night.

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Died.

THISTLE.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Hugh B. Thistle, in his seventy-eighth year, beloved husband of Elizabeth Taylor Thistle. Funeral service at the home of his nephew, William F. Robertson, 85 Halstead St., East Orange, N. J., on Thursday, at 2 P. M.

TORREY.—At Scranton, Penn., Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, William J., son of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Torrey.

TOWNER.—Roger Byron, aged 56, in Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1919. Funeral private. Interment Watertown, N. Y.

UNTERBERG.—Florence, after short illness, Jan. 15, beloved daughter of Louis and Ernestine Unterberg. Funeral from her late residence, 110 East 116th St., Friday, Jan. 17, at 2 P. M.

VAN DER VEER.—Jan. 14, 1919, of pneumonia, Willington, only son of J. Thompson and Charlotte E. Elizabeth Van der Veer, in his 30th year, at his parents' residence, 5,909 Wayne Av., Germantown, Philadelphia. Services at his late residence, Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment Greenwood, New York.

VERHOEVEN.—Pauline. Services Church of the Holy Cross, West 42d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Thursday, Jan. 16, at 10 A. M.

VON DOHLEN.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Lena von Dohlen, beloved wife of Henry von Dohlen. Funeral service at her late residence, 316 Lee Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 17, at 8 P. M. Interment private Saturday, Jan. 18, 2 P. M.

WELSH.—At South Orange, N. J., on Jan. 13, 1919, William Welsh, aged 74 years. Funeral services at his residence, 60 Arnold Terrace, on Thursday, Jan. 16, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Fairmount Cemetery.

WHIKEHART.—Jan. 14, 1919, George K. Whikehart, retired New York City fireman, born June 6, 1850. Funeral Thursday at residence, 928 Phoenix Av., Peekskill, N. Y., 2 P. M.

Died.

WHITCOMB.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Emily Frances, daughter of the late John A. and Margaret Whitcomb. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,340 7th Av., on Friday evening, Jan. 17, at 8 o'clock. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery. Boston papers please copy.

WICHELNS.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, after a brief illness, Alma Wichelns, beloved daughter of Frederick Wichelns. Funeral services on Friday, Jan. 17, at 8 P. M., at her late home, 665 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. Interment private.

WILLETS.—On third day, first month, fourteenth day 1919, Amelia Willets, in her 83d year, widow of John T. Willets, and daughter of the late Samuel and Hannah W. Underhill. Funeral service at her late residence, 907 5th Av., on sixth day, (Friday,) first month, seventeenth, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment Westbury, L. I.

WILLYOUNG.—Elmer G., suddenly, on Jan. 14, husband of Lydie M. Willyoung and father of C. K., Dorothy, John, and E. Grant Willyoung, and of Mrs. Ernest Janson. Funeral services 3 P. M., Thursday at residence, 129 S. Irving St., Ridgewood, N. J.

WILLIAMS.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Edna Pate, wife of Weston Williams and daughter of Albert H. and the late Ada Jane Pate of Brooklyn, N. Y. Services at her late residence, 128 Crescent Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Friday, Jan. 17, at 2:30 P. M.

In Memoriam.

JULIAN.—Jennie. Fond, loving memory for my darling mother. LILLIAN LANDAU.

RYDELL.—Estelle. In loving memory of my beloved daughter and our dear sister, who died Jan. 16, 1918. Gone but not forgotten.

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THE BUSINESS WORLD

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JAMES YOUNG BRUSH, Plaintiff, against CHARLES A. ACKERMAN, individually and as Executor of and under the last Will and Testament of CHARLOTTE Y. ACKERMAN, deceased, defendant.—County Clerk's Index No. 20288-1918.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 29th day of November, 1918, I, the undersigned, the referee named in said interlocutory judgment, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of January, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said interlocutory judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

(Parcel No. 1.)

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, and known and distinguished as lot number 920 on a map of the Bloomingdale tract made by J. F. Bridges and dated October, 1826, on file in the office of the Register of the County of New York, and which is bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point in the northerly line of Eighty-second Street distant three hundred and fifty feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Eleventh Avenue and Eighty-second Street, and running thence northerly and parallel to Eleventh Avenue one hundred and two feet two inches to the centre line of the block, thence westerly along said centre line of the block and parallel to Eighty-second Street twenty-five feet, thence southerly and parallel to Eleventh Avenue one hundred and two feet and two inches to the northerly line of Eighty-second Street, and thence easterly and along the said northerly line of Eighty-second Street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning. (Said premises being known as and by street number 331 West 82nd Street.)

(Parcel No. 2.)

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the northerly side of Eighty-second Street distant three hundred and seventy-five feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Eighty-second Street and West End Avenue and running thence northerly parallel with West End Avenue seventy feet, thence westerly parallel with Eighty-second Street twelve feet, thence southerly parallel with West End Avenue fifteen feet, thence westerly parallel with Eighty-second Street twenty-six feet five inches more or less to the easterly side of Riverside Drive, thence southerly along the easterly side of Riverside Drive sixty feet four and three-quarter inches more or less to the northeasterly corner of said Riverside Drive and Eighty-second Street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of Eighty-second Street thirteen feet four and three-quarter inches to the point or place of beginning. (Said premises being a vacant lot adjoining Parcel No. 1, above described.)

(Parcel No. 3.)

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the southerly line of Twenty-fourth Street distant one hundred and forty-one feet eight inches in a southeasterly direction from the southeasterly corner of Twenty-fourth Street and Eighth Avenue, and running thence southeasterly along the said southerly line of Twenty-fourth Street sixteen feet eight inches, thence southwesterly at right angles to Twenty-fourth Street ninety-eight feet nine inches to the centre line of the block between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-third Streets, thence northwesterly along the centre line of said block and parallel with Twenty-fourth Street sixteen feet eight inches, and thence northeasterly and parallel with Eighth Avenue ninety-eight feet nine inches to the place of beginning. (Said premises being known as and by street number 260 West 24th Street.)

(Parcel No. 4.)

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, known and designated on a certain Map of Property belonging to the estate of Abraham Child, deceased, filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York as Map number two of said estate by the number 44 and bounded and described as follows:

COMMENCING at a point on the easterly side of Seventh Avenue distant seventy-four feet northerly from the northeasterly corner of the Seventh Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, thence running easterly and parallel with Twenty-eighth Street ninety-nine and three-fourths feet, thence northerly on a line nearly parallel with the Seventh Avenue twenty-four and two-thirds feet, thence westerly parallel with Twenty-eighth Street ninety-nine and one-third feet to the Seventh Avenue aforesaid, and thence southerly along the easterly side of Seventh Avenue twenty-four and two-thirds feet to the place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less. The said premises being now known as number 327 Seventh Avenue in the City of New York.

(Parcel No. 5.)

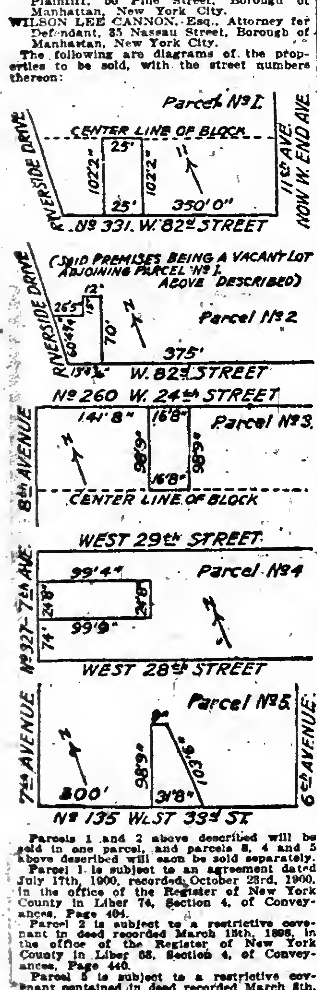
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, known and distinguished on a map entitled Map No. 2 of lands in the Sixteenth Ward of the City of New York belonging to the estate of the late Henry Eckford, deceased, New York, December 17th, 1847, laid out into lots by Edwin Smith, City Surveyor, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 24th day of January, 1848, by the number Forty-five (45), bounded southerly in front by Thirty-third Street, westerly by lot designated on the said map as number Forty-four (44), and easterly by land heretofore of Thomas Gardner. (Said premises being known as and by street number 135 West 33rd Street.)

Dated, New York, December 24th, 1918.
OTTO C. SOMMERICH, Referee.

SPITZ & BROMBERGER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 50 Pine Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

WILSON LEE CANNON, Esq., Attorney for Defendant, 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following are diagrams of the properties to be sold, with the street numbers thereon:



Parcels 1 and 2 above described will be sold in one parcel, and parcels 3, 4 and 5 above described will each be sold separately.

Parcel 1 is subject to an agreement dated July 17th, 1900, recorded October 23rd, 1900, in the office of the Register of New York County in Liber 74, Section 4, of Conveyances, Page 404.

Parcel 2 is subject to a restrictive covenant in deed recorded March 15th, 1898, in the office of the Register of New York County in Liber 63, Section 4, of Conveyances, Page 440.

Parcel 5 is subject to a restrictive covenant contained in deed recorded March 8th, 1848, in the office of the Register of New York County in Liber 502 of Conveyances, Page 306.

The above described properties will be sold subject to any state of facts shown on accurate surveys and to existing tenancies, none of which shall be nor be deemed to be an objection to title nor ground for rejecting the same.

Dated, New York, December 24th, 1918.
OTTO C. SOMMERICH, Referee.

FRENCH IN ALSACE

Photograph of President Poincare and Premier Clemenceau making their entry into Mulhausen, Alsace, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

WESTERN MARKETS LOST TO GERMANS

Jobbers Say Enemy Goods Will Not Make Reappearance for Generations.

HEMISPHERE FOR OUR TRADE

100 Notion Buyers in Convention at Waldorf-Astoria Discuss America's Opportunities After War.

German-made needles, pins, and hundreds of other dry goods "notions" of Teutonic manufacture will not make their reappearance in the markets of the Western Hemisphere for a generation or more, it was declared at yesterday's annual convention of the Jobbers' Association of Notion Buyers, held at the Waldorf-Astoria. Big opportunities for the American manufacturer and jobber in developing production and sales of these articles of everyday household use were predicted.

E. C. McCabe of the Arbuthnot-Stephenson Company of Pittsburgh presided at the meeting, which was attended by 100 notion buyers from the country's largest wholesale dry goods jobbing firms.

Leo Lichtenstein of the Vulcanized Rubber Company of this city, who had as his subject "Market Conditions and After-the-War Prospects in Notions," said that a new era had arisen for the American manufacturer, as well as the jobber. Instead of the manufacturer being confined to forty-eight States, and the jobber to a few of his intermediate States, they now had the entire Western Hemisphere in which to do business. The speaker said that no time should be lost in establishing American merchandise in foreign markets.

"Before the war," Mr. Lichtenstein said, "Germany predominated in Canada, Central and South America, because the employes of German manufacturers worked from fourteen to sixteen hours a day, at one-half the wages we paid. This prevented us from getting a foothold, and if the same conditions are ever to return, although I do not expect they will, I believe it will at least require many years before Germany can again transact business in these quarters.

"A few days ago a business man, who, I believe, is in this room, said to me that export business was, in his opinion, a 'rainbow,' for the reason that it would not last. He considered that the financial arrangements of this country were not adequate to transact business with foreign countries. I am now prepared to say to this gentleman that the people of the United States, whenever they make up their minds to accomplish something, always succeed, as has been demonstrated by our army and navy. There is no doubt in my mind, but that means will be devised whereby this country will be in a position to do business in the Western Hemisphere and do it successfully."

The speaker predicted that with world markets open to American goods the day of surplus stocks here was gone, and for that reason he thought the United States would be able to uphold its present standard of wages, or something near their standard, which he considered the nucleus of prosperity, and indicating that the situation with respect to business conditions in the future was bright.

The program called for discussions on the attitude of the notion buyers toward merchandise of enemy origin, and what foreign markets notion buyers should draw from for supplies, with German and Austrian sources a thing of the past. It seemed to be the general opinion that the time was distant when goods of enemy production would make their appearance here in quantity, while the suggestion was made that American manufacturers set to work to produce notion supplies formerly procured abroad.

Discussion of price tendencies and buying policies for 1919 brought out that most of the notion buyers held that lower prices were inevitable, while several manufacturers, present in their capacity as associate members of the association, gave it as their view that labor, raw material, and manufacturing costs generally would operate to hold selling prices close to last year's levels.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President—Vertner M. Smith, Carter Dry Goods Co., Louisville, Ky.; Vice Presidents—N. B. Dieterich, Tootle-Campbell Dry Goods Co., St. Joseph, Mo., and Otto R. Rick, of Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., Buffalo; Members of the Executive Committee—Emil Stern, Sanger Bros., Dallas, Texas, and J. E. Osborne, Johnston & Larimer Dry Goods Co., Wichita, Kan.

Dr. T. Iyenaga of the East and West News Bureau spoke last night at the annual dinner of the National Wholesale Dry Goods Association, held at the Waldorf-Astoria, when F. A. Patrick of Duluth, Minn., presided. The dinner was attended by 900 dry goods jobbers, textile manufacturers, and selling agents from all sections of the country.

"I am confident," Dr. Iyenaga said, "that a League of Nations will not stand in the way of Japan's occupying the paramount position in the Far East—the fruit of her patient and laborious progress during the last half century. All of us know that some concern has been felt among the British people about the construction of the 'freedom of the seas.' Nor are we unaware that the American people will never consent to see the efficacy of their cherished Monroe Doctrine impaired in any way by a League of Nations."

John S. Lawrence of the Commission for Relief in Belgium told of the large supplies of old clothing accumulated by his organization for relief work abroad. The other speakers were Dr. Stockton Axson, Secretary of the American Red Cross, and the Rev. Isaac J. Lansing of Ridgewood, N. J.

The annual convention of the National Wholesale Dry Goods Association will open this morning at the Waldorf.

RAILROAD TAX RATE STANDS

New Jersey Board Denies Application to Have It Reduced.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 15.—In a decision that will effect a saving of several hundred thousand dollars to the commonwealth and to the various municipalities, the State Board of Taxes and Assessment today denied the application of all the principal railroad systems operating in New Jersey for a reduction in the "average tax rate." The original rate certified to the board for Jersey City, and used in connection with the rates from the other taxing districts in arriving at the "average tax rate," was $1.73. The "average tax rate" computed by the board was $2.37. The railroads asked the State Board to substitute the rate of $1.29 for that of $2.37.

In the matter of Jersey City's request for a total increase of more than $30,000,000 in the levy on all railroad property of the second class in that municipality, the board allowed an increase of $185,870 in the value of the Pennsylvania Railroad terminal property, raising it from $2,253,137 to $2,439,007.

$500,000,000 NEEDED FOR RAILROAD LOANS

Congress May Even Be Asked for More to Cover Improvements and Extensions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Another appropriation of $500,000,000 or more will be asked of Congress soon by Director General Hines for the Railroad Administration's revolving fund, to be used mainly in extending loans to railroads to cover the extensive program of improvements and extensions, for which more than a billion dollars probably will be spent this year. Most of the half billion dollars originally appropriated for the revolving fund was spent in financing improvements or purchase of equipment last year. Loans generally are to be made at 6 per cent. and will be repaid to the Government.

Mr. Hines, in a statement today, said that the Railroad Administration's function of financing necessary improvements, as differentiated from the function of the current operation of railroads, "is the reason which will require an early request for a large appropriation."

He explained that capital expenditures of railroads in 1918 and 1919 for extensions of lines, new buildings, bridges, cars, locomotives, and similar purposes are calculated at about $1,627,000,000, including $350,000,000 estimated as necessary in 1919, and $1,227,000,000 authorized for 1918. Of the authorized capital expenditures budgets last year, only $588,000,000 was actually used, and $689,000,000 remained to be spent in 1919.

This means that the Railroad Administration's program for railroad extensions and betterments in 1919 calls for an outlay of $1,039,000,000, or three times as much as was spent by all railroads annually for several years before the war.

In view of the approaching Fifth Liberty Loan campaign, officials believe the railroads would have considerable difficulty floating publicly sufficient securities to pay for improvements which the roads and the Railroad Administration consider advisable to bring the lines up to a high state of efficiency. For this reason, Director General Hines advocates continuance of the policy of Government assistance, regardless of whether Congress extends the period of Federal control.

Referring to the contemplated capital expenditures for 1919, Mr. Hines said: "While a substantial part of this total may not actually be expended during the calendar year 1919, it is apparent that it will be necessary during the year for the Government and the railroad companies to provide in the aggregate a very large amount of money for these improvement purposes. A careful analysis of the situation is on the point of being completed with a view to preparing an estimate for Congress for the necessary appropriation to meet this situation. While it is impossible at present to make an exact estimate of how large an additional appropriation will be needed, it is possible that it may exceed $500,000,000."

URGES ERIE BASIN CLAIM.

Construction Company Wants Award for Land Taken by State.

The hearing in the matter of the claim of the First Construction Company against the State for the appropriation by the State of about 1,500,000 square feet of the Construction Company's property in the Erie Basin, Brooklyn, for a terminal for the new State Barge Canal, was resumed before Judges Ackerson and Paris of the Court of Claims in the Trial Room of the Bar Association yesterday.

The witnesses included Edward Hinman and Walter Lindler, the latter an attorney employed by the Title Guarantee and Trust Company. At one point in the testimony Deputy Attorney General Mone asserted that the transaction of buying the property by the First Construction Company was arranged by a syndicate and that its purpose was to obtain from the State a special or extravagant award for its property.

Counsel for the claimants interjected that the syndicate was one of bankers. Mr. Mone learned from Lindler that the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, in making the loan of $1,400,000 for the purchase of the property had paid $500,000 in cash and took a mortgage for $500,000, in addition to the assignment of the award made by the State for its appropriation of the property. It is this award which has been held up by a decision of the Court of Appeals which ordered the present trial of the issue. The hearing will be resumed this morning.

WILL HEAR TAX LIEN SUIT.

Justice Faber to Determine Foreclosure Under Sale by City.

Justice Leander B. Faber will be the first judicial officer to consider an application for a judgment of foreclosure upon a tax lien purchased at a sale by the Department of Assessments and Arrears of New York City since the investigation into the methods of the purchasers of these liens by the Mayor's Committee on Taxation. In the Queens County Supreme Court yesterday he set next Monday for the hearing. The action of Justice Faber may have an important bearing on future proceedings of the Mayor's committee.

Theodora I. Schwartzman, who has been examined in the proceedings had by the committee, is attorney for the plaintiff, Paul Weishart of Brooklyn, who has brought an action to foreclose a lien amounting to $74 against Jacob Aaron and others, residents of Brooklyn. The lien was upon a plot on Ridgewood Avenue, Richmond Hill, and was for $74 and was sold at the Bureau of Assessments and Arrears in Long Island City on June 27, 1916.

INHERITANCE TAX DECISION.

Referee Decides Federal Law Is Not Retroactive.

Edgar M. Cullen of Brooklyn, ex-Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, acting as referee in an action brought by the trustees under the will of Anson Wales Hard, Sr., has decided that the Federal inheritance tax law passed on Sept. 8, 1916, is not retroactive, and does not apply to trust estates created prior to the passage of the law. Mr. Hard died at his home in Lawrence, L. I., in 1917. In addition to his own estate there passed at his death two other large estates held by him in trust for the benefit of his children.

The heirs paid $75,000 to the Government as an inheritance tax on Mr. Hard's own estate, but objected to paying any tax on the trust estates, both of which were created prior to Sept. 8, 1916. The matter came up yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Callaghan in Brooklyn when application for the fixing of allowances for the attorneys and guardians who appeared for the children was filed.

Copper Exporters Unite for Trade.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The Copper Export Association of New York organized by large producers, filed with the Federal Trade Commission today articles of incorporation, and obtained permission to enter export trade as a unit under the Webb law. The American Smelting and Refining Company, the United Metals Selling Company, the Phelps-Dodge Corporation of New York, and the Calumet and Hecla Company of Boston, are the incorporators.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Forecast:
N. C. and S. C.—Fair Thurs.; rain Fri.
Ga. and Fla.—Cloudy Thurs.; rain Fri.
Ala. and Miss.—Rain Thurs.; clearing Fri.
Tenn. and Ky.—Cloudy Thurs.; rain Fri.
Ind. and Ohio—Fair Thurs.; unsettled and rain Fri.
Mich.—Fair Thurs.; rain or snow and colder Fri.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BATISTE Wanted.—76-72, white, 40-inch mercerized. Madison Square 8103.

BEARSKIN Wanted.—All colors. Telephone Spring 2854. Amensan Produce Stock Toy Co., 116 Wooster St.

BRAIDS Wanted.—Cloak and suit or dress manufacturers having 12 line 2 end black braid call Madison Square 6880; cash paid.

BROADCLOTH Wanted. — Juilliard's 110 black, brown, taupe; quantity, spot cash; must be cheap. Chelsea 117.

B-CLOTH Wanted.—Tan, tricotine, rooky. Madison Square 6375.

CAPES, DOLMANS AND BOX SUITS Wanted.—Jobber, placing orders. 11th floor, 1,237 Broadway.

CAPES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on high-priced capes only. 6 and 8 East 27th, 12th floor.

CAPES, COATS Wanted.—Placing orders all week. 3d floor, 15 West 26th.

COATS, CAPES and Dolmans Wanted.—Better grade only; placing orders, call mornings. 16 West 25th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders for juniors' coats and capes, better grade, snappy styles. 16 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing Spring orders, also juniors. 4th floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS Wanted. — Spring samples, better grade. 192 West 28th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber buying better grade Spring coats. First floor, 279 5th Av.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on new styles. 6 West 18th, 10th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Placing orders immediately. Alex Kogut, 129 W. 22d.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better grade only, 7th floor, 48 W. 25th St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash; prices must be exceedingly reasonable. Box Y 614, 1,265 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—White cambrics. I. B. Lieberman, 56 44th, Farragut 9206.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large cloak and suit house wants to connect with dress manufacturers who have their own material; only those making up to date stylish and well made merchandise need answer. Box W 614, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on crepe de meteor, crepe de chine, Georgette, jersey, tricolette, tricotine and taffeta dresses; samples daily 9 to 12. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on jersey dresses; snappy styles only. Call, all week, 18 West 33d St., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted. — Jobber, desires up-to-date styles. Schwartz, 53 West 36th St., 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Silk and georgette of better quality; call between 9 and 10:30, Klein, 4 Union Square.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber, placing orders on better quality georgette dresses. 111 West 27th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders on new models cotton and silk dresses. 44 East 32d, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Stock orders placed on smart-looking silk dresses. 21st floor, 6-8 East 27th St.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at taffetas and georgette dresses. Room 1,311, 38 West 32d.

DRESS GOODS Wanted.—Part wool only; any description under 30c. Franklin 1774.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at high grade only. 7th floor, 48 W. 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobs of all kinds, silk, Georgette, for cash. Farragut 5962.

DRESSES Wanted.—Stock orders placed on serge dresses. 21st floor, 6-8 East 27th St.

EVORA AND CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—All shades. Farragut 3023.

FURS Wanted.—Shawl raccoon collars at a price. Benjamin Levy, 11 West 32d St.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Garfield's, all shades. Lipschitz Bros., 150 W. 22d St.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Jobber, 500 pieces; cash. Consumers Textile Co., 44 East 23d St. Gramercy 5123.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Cheap cotton hosiery; must be bargains; interested only in very large quantities. Berent & Co., 42 B'way.

JERSEY WOOL Wanted.—Open for 35 pieces dress weight at about $2 per yard. Harry A. Roman & Co., 22 West 32, Madison Square 1218.

LACES and TRIMMINGS Wanted.—Jobs of all kinds. Stuyvesant 2153.

LININGS Wanted.—All silk, fancy, any quantity. F. Tenenbaum, 39 West 20th.

OXFORDS Wanted. — Gilbert's 30191-12, 30109-12; also white wool jerseys. Madison Square 8276.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Peco, esquimette, and Auffinordte; also Spring shades poplin. Chelsea 6549.

POM POM Wanted.—12075, can use quantities if cheap. Mittenthal & Son, 41 East Broadway.

POPLINS AND VELOURS Wanted.—High shades; American or similar. Levine & Soloff, 162 W. 21st.

POPLINS Wanted.—American, Pekin, for cash. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. 9644 Farragut.

POPLINS Wanted.—All high shades Whitman 774 P. P. L., American 9610. Chelsea 5186.

POPLIN Wanted.—American, in high shades. Chelsea 4077.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange American 06077 navy for black. Farragut 4539.

POPLINS Wanted.—Pekin, gray, terra cotta, American preferred; cash. Chelsea 9955.

POPLINS Wanted.—High shade poplins. Ph. Klein & Bro., 11 West 32d St.

RAMIE Wanted.—Linen white and colored, for manufacture of middies and smocks below market price. Chelsea 6358.

SATIN-STRIPED TUB SILK Wanted.—We are open to buy a quantity at a price; also other light brown striped material in silk. Livingston & Lieberman, 547 Broadway.

SATINS Wanted.—Good dye cotton back satins, black. W. Freid, 106 West 27th St., New York City.

SATIN Wanted.—Open for wash satin. Ida Munzer, 6 and 8 West 32d St.

SECO SILK Wanted.—At once, white and colors; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES AND POPLINS Wanted. — Navy, black, and high shades, for cash. Send samples and best prices to Bontex Cloak Co., Ltd., 182 Spadina Av., Toronto, Canada.

SERGES Wanted.—All kinds, quantity no object; spot cash; must be cheap. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES Wanted.—6120, black, $1.20; navy, $1.15; 7120, black, navy, $1.40; P. P. L., black, navy, $1.65; regular terms. Feynman, 19 West 21st.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for 99 Whitman's navy and tan; 774 Whitman's black, navy; Copen. 90610 or 06077 black. Williamsburg Mfg., 1,133 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—Western jobber open for quantity, all widths, if real cheap; report exact stock. W 313 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Cotton warp, 36 inch to 54 inch; state make and lowest price. W 312 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy 10 pieces 54221 and navy at $1.25 net cash. Mr. Mehrtens, Madison Square 10200.

SATINS Wanted.—Open for cheap satins; spot cash. Standard Underwear, 3 East 28th.

SERGES, Poplins, Silks Wanted.—Quantity; cash. Consumers Textile Co., 44 East 23d St. Gramercy 5123.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for a quantity No. 9 and No. 104 navy, also white, for cash, at a price. Farragut 8804.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy 11433, 519, 54289, or similar, for spot cash at their low price. Farragut 8850.

SERGES Wanted.—W. F. X. and 54289; will exchange any color for black. Farragut 9557.

SERGES Wanted.—American 09070; 50 pieces navy; net cash. P. O. Box 199, Madison Square.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, in black. Madison Square 3043.

SERGES Wanted.—838 and 6234, in navy only. Jerome Frank & Co., 53 West 23d.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 0936, 09070, 9, 235; must be cheap. Greeley 6518.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, black. Madison Square 8564.

SERGES Wanted.—4408, all shades; also O. S. O. Franklin 1268.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantities of 11433 and 519; spot cash. Farragut 3025.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag 7301 in navy at $1.25, spot cash. Farragut 3139.

SERGE WANTED.—Quantity all wool white serge, at a price. Greeley 2810.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot cash for 1464 and 104. Morris Levy Co., 128 West 22d St.

SERGES Wanted—54289, navy. Madison Square 2947.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 7120, W. F. X., 99, 11433, 104; cash. Schaffel, Mad. 2639.

SHARKSKINS Wanted.—Open for S. K. W. Copenhagen. Chelsea 5098.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All constructions, 54-inch. Box R 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for jobs of Satins, Messalines, Taffetas, large or small lots. Spring 7934.

SILK FAILLE Wanted.—All widths and colors. Edelman & Greeoff, 174 Wooster St.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Taupe, Holden & Leonard; must be cheap; will pay cash. Mad. Sq. 1380.

SILVERTONES, TRICOTINES, AND COVERTS Wanted.—Chelsea 8980.

SKIRTS, Coats, Dresses, Waists Wanted.—Buyer from Chicago. Call Thursday, 2-4 P. M., Hotel Amsterdam, 25th and Lexington Av.

SUITINGS Wanted.—Open for any big quantity of Colton suitings, Beltor & Achelis's. Rugby Mfg. Co., B'way. Spring 7396.

SUITS Wanted.—Silk and cloth suits of the better kind only; looked at from 9 to 12 A. M., 10th floor, 36th St. entrance, 1,333 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on high-grade suits only, from $25 up. 6 and 8 East 27th, 12th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on suits of the better grade. 34 East 28th St., 6th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Changeable, all quantities, spot cash. H. Ragovin, 109 West 28th.

TRICOTINE Wanted. — Black, navy, and rookie; Garfield No. 4718. Eugene L. Lezinsky Co., 333 5th Av.

TRICOTINE AND GABARDINE Wanted.—All makes. Ginsburg, 49 West 24th St. Chelsea 8465.

TRICOTINES and Poiret Twills Wanted.—All colors; also botany, velours. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Andrews or Garfields, navy only, for cash. Greeley 2263.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Tan. Telephone Farragut 9805.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy and black. B Lasker, 122 West 26th. Farragut 3646.

TRICOLETTES Wanted.—Herzog Cloak and Suit Co., 1,237 Broadway.

TRICOTINE Wanted, all shades, and serges 99, 1464, at a price; cash. Farragut 707.

VELOUR Wanted.—Quantity American heavyweight velour; also spring shades light-weight velours; will pay cash. Madison Square 3267.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281, all colors; cash. Schulman Bros., 104 West 27th. Farragut 3440.

VELOUR Wanted.—American, heavy weight, large quantity for cash. Zelenko & Moskowitz, 1,372 Broadway.

YALAMA, DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Reindeer, new taupe, brown, any quantity; cash. Greeley 4321.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APRONS.—Various styles, close out lots from factory inventory. The W. H. Dean Co., 45 East 17th St.

ARMY BLANKETS.—Military camp and institution, spot delivery, various sizes and weight at less than cost to manufacture. Omnes, 200 5th Av.

BOLIVIA.—221 colors; Stoney-Starkey heavyweight velours, all colors. Farragut 9535.

BROADCLOTH.—E. & H., and Botany; also black, all shades tan, Pekin, reindeer, navy, brown, burgundy, velours. Farragut 5758.

BROADCLOTH.—Radium, 9 pieces, best colors; cheap, cash. Astoria, 220 5th Av.

BROAD SILKS.—Several thousand yards, all widths, close-outs; good for department stores' special sales. Kinstler, 440 4th Av.

BURELLA.—Brightwood, tan, gray, low price. Gramercy 1660.

CHIFFONS.—All colors; low-market price. Vanderbilt 3318.

CHILDREN'S SOCKS.—4,406 dozen, all sizes and colors, $1.35. Canal 546.

COATS.—200 snappy silvertones, kerseys, velours, American pom poms; slaughtering prices because of extensive alterations. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATINGS.—McKenney's ¾ oxford, close at 75c. net cash. Weil, Sty. 4000.

COATEES.—Beaver, mole, and Baffin seal; 500 sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—High-grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom poms, pile fabrics, &c., Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS, suits, dresses, skirts, rompers, quilts, jobs for bargain basements and export; extraordinary values. Henry A. Tovin, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS.—Youthful, immediate delivery, below cost; velour dresses, $10.75-$13.75; wonders. Michael Senft, 29 West 35th St.

COATS.—Velours, silvertones, plushes, broadcloths, 50 cents on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed silvertons, pom pom, velour, plushes; sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—Salt's plush coats, plain and fur trimmed, for January sales. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh & Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—Suitable for January and February sales at very low prices. Joseph Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

COATS.—250 coats to close out at a price; fur and silk plush trimmed. Samuel Ginsburg, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—All wool, pom pom, velours, broadcloth, fur trimmed; closing out. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—Closing out 500 smart velour coats; fur-trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—300 beautiful Winter coats, mostly fur trimmed; $6 up. Freedman Bros., 1,333 Broadway.

COATS.—Plush, broadcloth, velours, fur trimmed; big sacrifices. A. Russakow, 164 5th Av.

COATS.—Better kind, fur-trimmed, at a price. Louis Bauman & Co., 12 East 32d.

COATS.—300 fur-trimmed, better kind, to close out. Gottlieb, 10 West 32d.

COATS.—Velours, full lined, fur trimmed, $10. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

COATS, regulars and stouts, to close out. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COTTON GOODS.—Dress manufacturer has high class new 1919 patterns for sale at a price. Mannie Solomon Co., Inc., 31 E. 31st.

COTTON GOODS, black sateens, cotton taffeta, black and colors; reasonable. Madison Square 9275.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Three-thread ivory, flesh, navy, black; also Georgette, all colors, below market price. Madison Square 3047.

CREPE DE CHINE, 40 pieces each, ivory and flesh, $1.02½ to close. Call Mad. Sq. 2630, Mr. M.

DRESSES that create sales. Spring models, all-wool French serge, $5-$10.50; embroidered satins, taffetas, georgettes, $6.75-$16.50. "There is a reason." I want to be known by the values I give. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Jobs of serge dresses to close out; Spring line of serges, georgettes, and taffetas for immediate delivery; exceptionally good values. Redfern Costume, 22 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey and serge; large assortment, for street and afternoon wear, at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 152 West 25th St.

DRESSES, big inducement on serge, jersey, and taffetas to big users only; also jobs on hand. London Apparel Co., 9 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersal dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Nifty line of Spring silks ready; let us show you our $5.75 taffeta special. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES, Serges, Satins, Taffetas, Velvets. —50 cents on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

DRESS contractor has to close out 78 serge dresses at very reasonable prices. 9 West 29th, 5th floor rear.

DRESSES.—Large sizes serges, silks; attractive prices; immediate deliveries. Princess, 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values velvet, Spring styles, good quality French serge; immediate deliveries. Annetta Dress, 111 W. 27th.

DRESSES.—150 serge dresses, botany and Whitman's, $5.50. Copeland Cloak and Suit Co., 38 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serge and silk, 50 per cent. reduction of regular price. Lashin, 148 W. 29th St.

DRESSES, 2,000 velvetians, serges, and silks, to close out, $3.75. American Shirtwaist, 151 West 25th.

DRESSES.—200 satin and taffeta dresses, assorted colors; retiring from dress manufacturing. Frank, 130 West 28th St., City.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values; wool French serges, $6; Jerseys, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serge, Georgette, taffeta foulard to close out at a price. M. Taub & Co., 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Children's wash dresses 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big value. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, Jerseys, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 17 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Georgette, serges, silks; something special; don't miss. Deutsch, 28 West 32d.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge dresses to close out at a price; new Spring models. S. Simon Co., 155 West 27th St.

DRESSES, better grade silk, georgettes, serge, and evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job of 200 dresses for sale. Modern, 30 West 22d St.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, velvets, close out good assortment. Seid, 32 East 31st.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES.—For January sales, serges and satins. Elite Dress, 128 West 34th.

FLANNELS.—Parker-Wilders; also 6609½ cotton warp serges, Venetians, Pierson's mercerized plush; very cheap. Greeley 1121.

GABARDINES, Tricotines, Poiret Twills.—Garfield's, navy and Spring shades; cheap. Chelsea 6549.

GABARDINES.—F. & H., all colors. Greeley 3878.

GEORGETTE league waist shades and dress shades for immediate delivery. Madison Square 3314.

GEORGETTE and SATIN.—Will exchange for taffeta; excellent quality. 31 East 31st; 12th floor. Madison Square 2540.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines; colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

GEORGETTE and Georgine.—All colors, at a price. Gramercy 5993.

GEORGIENES, large quantity, in all colors, very reasonable. Farragut 9501.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES, 750 cases, all kinds, big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

GINGHAMS and CHAMBRAYS, all kinds cheap. Subin, 137 West 27th. Chelsea 7008.

GLOVES.—One thousand pairs; wool socks, cotton, army seconds. Greeley 4961.

HATS.—200 styles ladies', children's, and men's hats, for export trade. Washington Mills, 56 Lispenard St., N. Y. City.

JERSEY, mercerized, French and Ward, to close out. Spring 5147.

KNEE PANTS.—Corduroy serges, and mixtures; large jobs cheap. Reliance, 130 Bleecker St.

LADIES' NECKWEAR, RUCHINGS, &c.—Because of moving are disposing of regular goods at great reductions; exceptional value for special sales. Chas. Bergenstein & Co., 16-20 West 19th.

NECKWEAR.—Men's, odd lots, 50c and $1, to close. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

POIRET TWILL.—Andrews, all colors; Bahnsen's, all colors; will sell at reasonably low prices. Phone Knickerbocker 1166.

POIRET TWILL, tricotine, Botany 5889, 5926, Lorraine 3659; all colors. Madison Square 6716.

POIRET TWILLS.—Serges 235, 838, 1464, 9, 11433. Andon Mills, 239 4th Av.

POIRET.—Twills, F. & H., all colors. Greeley 3878.

POM POM.—Style 12075, all shades, Mad. Sq. 2196.

PLUSH, Peerless T 10, reasonable. Farragut 9975.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS, high shades and navy, 774, 639, Gera 503, Dobson Andrews poplin, 7802 Panama. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS, velours, and broadcloths; 06077, 767, 774; P. P. L., 11050, 032, 0360, 110; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS, high shades and navy, 774, 639, Gera 503, Dobson Andrews poplins, 7802 Panama. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS.—Gabardines, poiret twill, American and Amoskeag serges, Folwell poplin; very cheap. Greeley 1120.

POPLINS.—50 pieces navy at a price, gabardines, 5 pieces white, 20 pieces tan. Farragut 8880.

POPLINS.—949, 503, 777, 6400, 4860, 4916, 8158, 1398, 1080, 6609½; on long terms. Gramercy 5941.

POPLINS.—Pacific P. P. L., navy, $1.75; B. P. M. L., black, $1.45; Scotia 0302, black and navy, $1.50. Farragut 1076.

POPLINS.—P. P. L. 4860, 4927, 777, 4916, 1080; broadcloths and velours. Madison Square 651.

POPLINS.—American 6609½, Dobson's 503, Brightwood 4916, Scotia 0302. Gramercy 4404.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—W. F. X. 774, P. P. L. 7120, 54289, 11433, 227, 94; V. S. L. 809, 1210, 1209, 104, 528, 9. Gramercy 4941.

REMNANTS.—Delhi, light colors, $1.25 per yard; Algerian red cloth, $2.75 yard. Mittenthal & Son, 41 East Broadway.

RUBBER COATS.—Firemen's, boys', girls', children's; super quality; bargains. Chelsea 252.

SATINS.—Navy and black, 36-inch, all silk, at $1 yard. La Rose Waist, 31 West 21st.

SECO SILK.—25c.; first quality cambrics, voiles, organdies, plain and fancy; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES, POPLINS, AND PANAMAS.—Also high shades, 0936, 09070, 839, 235, 54289, also black, 104, 99, 7120, 8158, botany 809, 1464, 7008, W. F. X., M. F. L. 528, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, P. P. L., B. P. N. L., American poplin 90610, 06077. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES AND PANAMAS, 0578, 9058, 99, 104, 3850, 4061, 54289, W. F. X., F. S. G., C. S., S. B. G. L., C. S. G., K. S., T. P. S., 1717, H. W. P., B. P. N. L., 228, 230; also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St.

SERGES.—7120, 6120, 54289, navy in high shades, 54221, 4408, 4061, X. F. X., W. F., 519, 594, 750, 764, 7302, M. F. L., V. S. L., S. B. G. L., 6002, 0696, 1209, 1210; on long terms. Gramercy 5941.

SERGES, all high shades navy and black, 54289, 528, 519, 1464, 809, 6234, 3703, Woolworth. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—W F X, 54289, 17433, 774, 227, 94, V S L, 7120, 1209, 1210, 104, 528, 9. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989.

SERGES.—3850 Stevens, $1.55; 6002 Amoskeag, 95c.; K. S. W. Pacific, $1.62½; 774 Whitman's, $1.65; 54-inch Shepherd checks, 75c. R. Smith & Co., Gramercy 1280.

SERGES, all high shades navy and black, 54289, 527, 519, 1464, 809, 6234, 3703, Woolworth; no brokers need call. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—Poplins, high shades, 1464, 519, 104, 809, 54289, 9288, 0209, 1210; light and heavy weight velours; Duv de Laine, high shades. Madison Square 8146.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, W. F. X., 500, 7302, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6009, 503, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES 1464, 4632, 99, 11433, 0609, 9240, 642, 3665, 54274; poplin 4916, 6009, 774, 1080; on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES, navy 0609, 7713, 7122, also tan; 11433, pom poms 12075, Newport. Gramercy 4405.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 99, 104, 11433, 0609, 9240, 642, 3665, 54274; poplin 4916, 6009, 774, 1080; on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES.—Pacific cotton warp 50-inch black, 600 yards at 75c net. P. O. Box 369, Elmira, N. Y.

SERGES.—8200 Gilbert, 4360 Dunmore, 41-1 Huebshman, 9246 Auco; no reasonable offer refused. W 302 Times.

SERGES.—All popular numbers and brands, below market price. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES AND POPLINS, 5429, 3665, 7120, W. F. X., 7648, 0609, and other numbers. Gramercy 8001.

SERGES.—519, 11433, 528, 104, 3850, 99, 11554, V. S. L., poplins 6500, 774. Mad. Sq. 5825.

SERGES.—7120, $1.50; 54289, $1.45; W. F. X., $1.35; 4408, $1, net. 70 days. Madison Square 5869.

SERGES.—09070, 8200, 519, 809, 6234, poplins 06077; many; cheap. Madison Square 8598.

SERGES.—P. P. L., high colors, $2; 4362, $1.65; V. S. L., $1.25; S. B. G. L., 80c; 87, 80c; XX, 75c. Gramercy 8260.

SERGES.—09070, 99, 809, 11433, 519, 528, 0609; cheap. Grossman Bros., Mad. Sq. 4620.

SERGES.—Style 0936 and 3850, navy, for cash. Phone Gramercy 2452.

SERGES.—54289, 17 pieces; sell lot cheap, cash. Astoria, 220 5th Av.

SERGES.—838, 104, 11433, 7120, 09070, 285; cheap. Davidoff & Co., Mad. Square 4622.

SERGE.—7120, original tickets, navy; will sell cheap. Greeley 3535.

SERGES.—519; W. F. X., 4632, 3703; Cleveland's, Newport's, M. F. L. Mad. Sq. 651.

SERGES.—54289, 7120, 99, 0609, 0696, 657, 9799, poplin 774. Orchard 5483.

SERGES.—838, $2.15; net cash. Madison Square 3388.

SERGES.—6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.50 net, 60 days. Gramercy 1482.

SERGE.—All-wool French serge skirts, $3.50; poplins, $4.25. 37 West 28th, 9th floor.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All cotton and 25 per cent. worsted, 54-inch only. Box S, 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILKS, fancy, for the cloak and dress trade; large assortment on hand. Liberman Herwitz, 109 West 26th. Farragut 4250.

SILVERTONES, Pekin, reindeer, navy. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONES, F. A. Bochman and Mers, all shades. Madison Square 2698.

SKIRTS.—Woolen and silk, to close out; Spring line ready for inspection. Pioneer Skirt Co., 3 West 29th St.

SHIRTINGS.—100 pieces, colored, yard shirtings; very low. 396 Broadway, Room 713.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—2,000 to close out; cloths and silks. Albert Skirt, 142 West 26th.

SUITS.—100 ladies' and misses' sport and norfolk model suits, made in gabardines, navy serge, and mixtures, to close out at a price. 5792 Chelsea.

SUITS.—All-wool lightweight poplins, lined throughout, $10.75. Supreme Mfg., 19 West 24th.

TAFFETAS, CHIFFON. — Navy, black, brown; 36 inches; very special price. Vanderbilt 3316.

TAFFETAS, georgettes, all shades, for immediate delivery. Madison Square 8313.

TRICOTINE, Gabardine and Serges.—S. G. B. L. 9, 2205, 94, Gera 787. Stuyvesant 7843.

TRICOTINES, navy, botany 5889, serges 1166, 1464, 519, 8200. Spring 5129.

TRICOTINE.—Fine quality, colors, will close out below market value. Audubon 5006.

TRICOTINES.—Black, navy, tan, rookie, Pekin, gray, henna; $3.10. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINE.—Wm. F. Reade 5800, Garfield 4718; also Poiret twills. Farragut 5759.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TWEEDS.—Bochman's 19087, all Spring shades. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7283.

VELOURS. — Parker-Wilders, Brightwoods, Americans, Stoney & Starkey, Ottaqueechee, also ¾ cheviots, meltons, Peco-plushes. Greeley 1122.

VELOURS.—Stevens, 4281; 2 pieces terra cotta, 2 taupe; will sell together, $2.50. Farragut 9076.

VELOURS, Serges, Poplins; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

VELOURS.—American Spring shades, also Forstmann & Huffmann, Duvet de Laine. Greeley 1544.

VELOURS, checks, Oxfords, 0936, 11433; cheap. Greeley 6942.

VELOURS.—High shade velours. Madison Square 3121.

WAISTS.—Plaid and striped taffetas, crepe de chines, tub and fibre silk; as low as $18 dozen; must dispose of same before moving. La Rose Waist, 31 West 21st.

WAISTS.—600 dozen, $18 to $24 voiles to sell at a sacrifice. Queen Waist Co., Inc., 246 5th Av.

WAISTS.—300 doz. white and black cotton, voile, $10.50 waists for $7.50 per dozen. Room 507, 1,170 Broadway.

WAISTS.—All kinds, also skirts, 50 cents on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

WOOL ETAMINE.—Navy and black, 54 inches wide; will close out at sacrifice. Madison Sq. 4724.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS Wanted on better grade dresses; bring samples between 9 and 11 o'clock all week. 118 W. 29th; 9th floor.

CONTRACTORS on ladies' better grade suits; bring samples between 9 and 11 all week. 118 W. 29th, 9th floor.

CONTRACTORS on ladies' silk envelope chemises; will also job same. Phone Gramercy 3917.

Allied Industries.

CHEVRONS.—Red and blue; immediate delivery; $3.25 a gross; made neat and clean. Belle Novelty Co., 21 East 14th St. Telephone 2153 Stuyvesant; Brooklyn, 2756 Bedford.

CHEVRONS.—We manufacture gold, silver, scarlet, blue division insignias to order on short notice; pillow tops and pennants to close out. Pennant Novelty, 332 Broadway.

CHEVRONS.—Look, we beat them all; red and blue felt chevrons, $3.25 per gross, in quantities; immediate delivery. Nat Bloom, 193 6th Av. Farragut 9346.

COMPLETE PLANT 20 Singer chain-stitch machines; sell all or part; sacrifice. Mode, 35 East 20th. Gramercy 2894.

NEEDLES, sewing, English and Japanese, assorted sizes; attractive prices; stock. Rector 6534.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN. — Old-established importing house handling velvets, velveteens, venetians, woolens, and pile fabrics has opening for road man in our very best territory; we prefer a man who has called on the department store trade with similar lines, but live, hustling man who really has a following among department stores can qualify; to such a man we offer an exceptional opportunity; salary and commission. B 141 Times.

Situations Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT EXECUTIVE, office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive, calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

SALESMAN, 26, several years' experience, seeks connection; willing to travel. W 353 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Tuesday...5@5¼
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Auctions of British Wool.

The Textile Alliance, Inc., has been informed by its London representative that auction sales of Australian and New Zealand wools will be held in that city as early as possible, probably beginning in April, at the rate of 100,000 bales per month, or more if the market requires. Prices will be fixed not very much lower than present issue prices, and efforts are being made by the British authorities as well as the Dominion and French to stabilize prices. The proposed State purchase of the South African clip has been abandoned and wools from South Africa will be liberated from all import restrictions. There will be no relaxation of the present order on South American wool, as the authorities are opposed to encouraging such imports on account of the exchange position in South America.

Reports on Men's Neckwear.

Information received from salesmen who are now out with the Spring lines of men's broad silk neckwear, is to the effect that business is not as good as was expected. In some sections, however, quite liberal buying is being done by the retail stores. In other sections buyers are holding off in anticipation of lower prices. The local trade is very steady, and there are reports of good buying in all quarters.

Women's Skirts Selling Well.

The last few days have seen a decided increase in the sale of women's skirts. It was said yesterday that, so far, this year's business for Spring delivery is as good as and on some lines better, than it was last year. In the South the sales are very brisk, but in the West and on the Pacific Coast business is said to be more quiet. In nearly every case buyers are asking for a high grade of merchandise, and there is very little discussion in regard to price. Fancy plaid wool skirts and novelty silk goods are meeting with much favor.

Ban Off Castor Beans and Oil.

The Textile Alliance, Inc., is advised by the War Trade Board that the supervision of castor beans and castor oil is no longer required. The alliance therefore cancels its Bulletin 24 in so far as it pertains to the commodities in the United States. Should there be any further importation of the articles consigned through the alliance they are to be released as heretofore. Importers should inform their representatives in foreign countries to release the alliance and consignee on further shipments in order to obviate the necessity of releasing them through the alliance and the resultant charges.

Woolen and Worsted Men Meet.

Suggestions were made yesterday for helping exports in woolens, through the newly formed Textile Alliance Exportation Company, to the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers at a meeting held in the Waldorf-Astoria. The plans thus far are in a tentative stage. A report was also presented showing the way in which the Government is proceeding with regard to canceled contracts, and assurance was given that everything would be done to keep in observance the rule that deliveries of fabrics shall be free on board mill. In addition to this the association resolved to increase the number of its Directors from fifteen to twenty-one in order to have a wider representation of interests.

Underwear Prices for Fall.

Naming of prices for underwear for next Fall was expected yesterday, but most of the mills deferred doing this until next Monday. Three of the mills at Utica gave out price lists on a few of their lines yesterday and the figures interested the jobbers in the market. The prices are higher than last year's, but are below those recent current. Thus the standard 16-pound union suit which was offered last Spring at $14 is now priced at $16.50. A short time ago it was $18. On two-piece suits the new prices are proportionate. The levels are said to represent only a fair profit above production costs, and it was stated yesterday will be followed, according to grade, by mills from other portions of the country.

Gray Goods Prices Soften.

A spurt of activity was shown in the local gray goods market yesterday. Fair sized sales were reported of printcloths as follows: 39-inch 68-72s at 13 cents, 38½-inch 64-60s at 10½ cents, and 64-48s at 9¼ cents. These prices showed a weakening from those of the day before, and, what was regarded as significant, the sales were from first hands. More of the 64-60s, furthermore, could have been had at the price stated, but buyers withdrew some of their bids at the figure and were not disposed to pay more than 10 cents. In sheetings there were a number of sales of 36-inch 5.50s at 9½ cents and of 48-square, same width, four-yard, at 13½ cents.

Demand for Trimmings.

Reports from various sections of the country to manufacturers of dress trimmings are that the demand in the retail stores is for the better grades. Judging from the orders that are being received from the men on the road, these goods are going to be used very extensively this season. Beaded and flat braid girdles are very popular this year. Among the high-class retail shops there is a good sale for double-headed fringe and combinations of beads and fringe with screw tassels.

Chemical and Drug Reductions.

Large accumulations of foreign botanicals, especially from North African ports, continue to be shipped to New York and London as rapidly as ships can be obtained for the purpose, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today. Heavy receipts here have reduced greatly prices of some products. Importers of menthol have cut the price 75 cents to $1 per pound. Quicksilver has been reduced $5 to $110 per flask. Declines in coal tar crudes and intermediates are also noted. In heavy chemicals there was a slight reduction in the prices of caustic soda, sal soda, and soda ash.

"I Wouldn't Miss Reading This Page"—

said an out-of-town buyer the other day. "It gives me ideas for special sales—it tells me where to go for certain lines. It has helped me out of many a hole.

"When some particular number must be bought almost overnight, to meet an unexpected run—I wire a simple description of my requirements to appear in the 'Buyers' Wants' column on The New York Times Business Page.

"Next morning, when I arrive at my hotel, representatives are there—ready to show me exactly the goods I want. And I buy without a wasted moment. By noon the goods are on their way and I am ready to get back on the job."

It is the same story with thousands of buyers — buyers in many important towns and cities. The Business Page is their index to supply and demand. It helps them when quick action is a vital necessity.

So, when occasion arises, use the Buyers' Wants to reach the jobbers and manufacturers who daily read

THE BUSINESS PAGE OF

The New York Times

Serges and Poplins

In stock for immediate delivery

Whitman's 1209 Serge.... .50
Whitman's 87 Serge.... .85
Whitman's 3 Serge....1.50
Whitman's 99 Serge....1.90
Whitman's 9 Serge....2.00
Whitman's 774 Poplin...1.90
Amoskeag's 6301 Serge....1.35
Amoskeag's 7301 Serge....1.45
Amoskeag's 6614 Serge....1.45
Amoskeag's 7614 Serge....1.55
Amoskeag's 6122 Serge....1.35
Amoskeag's 7120 Serge....1.50
Amoskeag's 7512 Serge....1.75
American's 0936 Serge....2.25
American's 6709½ Poplin..1.50
Botany's 780 Serge....1.60
Botany's 11433 Serge....1.75
Botany's 809 Serge....2.00
Garfield's 528 Serge....1.70
Gera's 9056 Serge....1.65
Gera's 925 Serge....2.50
Julliards 4061 Serge....1.25
Julliards 54289 Serge....1.45
U. S.'s 838 Serge....2.40
U. S.'s 235 Serge....2.50

L. Finkelstein & Sons
696-702 Broadway
Spring 6311 Spring 6312

The New—"Trimmed-to-the-Bone" Price Policy of

SLIMLINE STOUTS

REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE INVESTIGATION! INAUGURATED WITH THE NEW YEAR IN OUR NEW QUARTERS.

SLIMLINE STOUTS DISPEL ALL DOUBTS —They're Stylish

Metropolis Dress Co., Inc.
131 West 35th St., New York.

A Superior Spring Line of SUITS & COATS you should not fail to see!

Special! *All wool Men's Wear SERGE SUITS Full lined with Peau de Cygne* $12.75

NIEDELMAN & HOFFMAN
MANUFACTURERS OF
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45-51 WEST 25TH STREET
NEW YORK

DRESSES
SUITS
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We Sell Only Jobbers

NEW SPRING SHOWING

BEST MANUFACTURERS ARE REPRESENTED

Mr. & MRS. L. N. CRAKOW
1210 Broadway, N. Y.

TipTop 134 W. 37th ST.

WE HAVE Several Thousand DRESSES

For January Sales In Serges, Satins, Taffetas & Georgettes, at close-out prices.
OUR SPRING LINE IS READY.
Also a variety of PARTY DRESSES on our racks at special prices.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES
6 to 14
FOR JANUARY SALES
$10.50 to $13.50 per dozen
H. & L. SACKS,
99-101 Fifth Ave., New York

HOLSTEN, YOUNG AND COMPANY
LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
WATERPROOF TWEED COATS
RAIN AND AUTO COATS
34-36-38 WEST 27TH STREET

Hecla Fabrics
Henry Glass & Co.
44-46-48 White St.

ALL WOOL SERGE SUITS Peau de Cygne Lined
No. 5226 Very Special $14.75
D. M. JONAS. 3 EAST 28TH ST.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT'S GRAVE

The ex-President lies on the crest of a hill with the ice-fringed waters of Long Island Sound nearby. The winter landscape is finely reproduced in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

DR. PRICE ASSAILS HEALTH BOARD HEAD

Says Copeland Is Destroying Work Done by Previous Regime.

FIXES BLAME ON THE MAYOR

Objects to Taking Industrial Hygiene Work from Dr. Harris.

The action of Health Commissioner R. S. Copeland in removing the work of industrial hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, of which Dr. Louis I. Harris is director, is part of a "consistent determination of the present health authorities to destroy the constructive work accomplished in the department under the previous régime," said Dr. George M. Price, Director of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control, in a statement issued yesterday.

Dr. Price, who, in 1915, was a member of the Advisory Committee of the Board of Health, and also a chairman of the special committee which reported on the advisability of the creation of a Special Division of Industrial Hygiene, also charged in his statement that the work of the Bureau of Child Hygiene has been materially curtailed by Commissioner Copeland.

"Commissioner Copeland claims that the reason he transferred the Division of Industrial Hygiene to his own office and away from Dr. aHrris was, in the first place, because the work of the division has to do with general sanitation, ventilation, &c., and, therefore, should not be in the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, and, secondly, that he himself is interested in the work of the division and wishes to have it under his control," said Dr. Price.

"The first argument is, of course, absurd. If the Division of Industrial Hygiene must be transferred from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases because it has to do with light, ventilation, and general sanitation, then the Commissioner to be logical should transfer the functions of the Bureau of Preventable Diseases as to typhoid fever to the Department of Water Supply because typhoid is a water-borne disease, and all the activities against typhus fever to the eDlousing Station of the Bureau of Disinfection, because it is well known that typhus fever is carried by 'cooties.'

"Since the advent of the new administration the work of the Department of Health has ben woefully disorganized. From the first, the Mayor has openly shown his contempt for experts and, as the Health Department contained the largest number of these experts, the Mayor seemed to be determined to destroy almost all the constructive work that had been so successfully done under the previous administration."

Health Commissioner Copeland, in a statement issued yesterday, said that the work of the new Industrial Hygiene Division which he intends to create falls into the Sanitary Bureau, because it has to do with heating, plumbing, &c., into the Bureau of Child Hygiene because the question of child labor is involved, and into the Bureau of Preventable Diseases because of the necessity of considering industrial life as a factor in the production of disease. As to the latter bureau, the Commissioner said he had never had in mind the taking away of the study of industrial life as a factor in the production of disease from that bureau.

The public must understand, said the Commissioner, that the Bureau of Preventable Diseases is charged with the protection of the citizens against diphtheria, scarlet fever, smallpox, typhoid fever, infantile paralysis, pneumonia, influenza, tuberculosis, hydrophobia, cholera, and typhus. "It seems," he says, "that the bureau has a large contract on its hands without taking over the new division which, in no way whatever, supersedes or destroys the functions the Bureau has always had."

British Flannel and Shirt Prices.

A cablegram from Consul General Skinner at London is to the effect that the Director of Wool Textile Production has arranged three qualities of standard civilian flannel at fixed retail prices—2s. 6d., 2s. 9d., and 3s. 6d. per yard; shirts of same at 11s. 6d., 12s. 8d., and 14s. 11d.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABERDEEN, Miss.—A. & J. Rubel Co.; A. Rubel, Jr., dry goods, furn. goods, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
AKRON, Ohio—L. G. Federman Co.; C. A. Erickson, M. Rutts, men's, women's clothing; 110 West 32d.
ALEXANDRIA, La.—Weiss & Goldring; D. Goldring, ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.; Holland House.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Hart Brothers; E. C. Hart, general merchandise; Park Avenue.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Ogus, Rabinowich & Ogus; T. F. Garry, millinery; 35 West 39th St.
ATLANTA, Ga.—National Straw Works; A. Kaufman, braid; 621 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Meador-Cauthorn Co.; J. F. Meador, piece goods; Imperial.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Chamberlin, Johnson, Du Bose Co.; Mrs. M. R. Ballentine, infants' wear; P. Johnson, china, house furn. goods, fancy goods; 1,140 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—E. L. Rhodes Co.; R. A. Beard, hats; 700 B'way; Cumberland.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. A. Miller, women's, children's wear; 364 4th Av.; Marie Antoinette.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. Mullikin, druggist sundries; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss J. M. Armstrong, waists; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—Thrasher Bros.; H. D. Wiley, silks; Prince George.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Murphy, misses' suits; Miss McKevitt, misses' dresses; Miss Griffin, cotton waists; Mrs. Boyle, silk underwear; Miss Andrews, Japanese kimonos, negligees; Miss Fitzgerald, petticoats; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—T. D. Whitney & Co.; D. F. Holland, blankets; Breslin.
BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; Miss O'Brien, Spring suits; Miss McCluskey, jobs dresses; Mr. Nieland, upholstery, lace curtains; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearns & Co.; Mrs. J. S. Knox, millinery; W. I. Wood, leather goods, neckwear, millinery; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss L. Schlager, coats, skirts; 25 West 33d.
BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell Co.; Mrs. Delaney, skirts, muslin underwear; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; H. P. Leighton, jewelry, leather goods; 243 Church.
BOSTON—American D. G. Co.; W. Frank, blankets, knit goods; Breslin.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Mrs. Austin, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.
BUFFALO—Tiftickjian Bros.; D. S. Tiftickjian, rugs; Breslin.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Charlotte Merc. Co.; J. B. Efird, dry goods; Imperial.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivey & Co.; W. B. Shockley, china, silver, glass, house-furn. goods; Marseilles.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss C. Rayner, misses' coats; Miss K. Rayner, misses' suits; G. Ward, men's hats; W. H. Bateman, linens; E. M. Kyser, furn. goods, jewelry; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Carson-Pirie-Scott Co.; A. H. Holmes, furn. goods, hats; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Leshin's; Miss Costello, waists; Miss Diamond, coats, suits; 1,140 B'way.
CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward & Co.; H. J. Smith, piece goods; 309 6th Av.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; J. V. Farwell, representing; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss C. Connelly, infants' wear; 13 East 22d.
CHICAGO—Kahn Bros. & Co.; L. Kahn, knit underwear, men's furn. goods; 377 B'way.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss C. Raynor, misses' coats, suits; Miss K. Raynor, women's suits; G. Ward, men's hats; 1,107 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—Meyer, Wise & Kalchen Co.; S. R. Meyer, knit underwear, hosiery; gloves; 600 Broadway.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—L. Stix & Co.; W. Reiss, underwear, sweaters; 377 B'way.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—Mabley & Carew Co.; O. L. Pope, furs; Wellick.
CINCINNATI—The Rollman & Sons Co.; W. H. Weibling, rugs, draperies, bedding, luggage; Prince George.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—H. & S. Pogue Co.; W. Ulmer, men's clothing, furn. goods, boys' wear; 366 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—The May Co.; R. T. Montgomery, upholstery goods, carpets, rugs; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; E. C. Wolfe, representing; J. E. Melsel, Fall coats; C. Mashek, millinery; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; M. M. Weill, notions, toilet goods; 37 West 26th.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; Miss Jones, millinery; 220 5th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Jones, Witter Co.; T. G. Constable, linens, laces, notions, gloves, hosiery, furn. goods; Hermitage.
DALLAS—Sanger Brothers; M. S. Levy, furnishing goods, underwear; 19 East 24th.
DETROIT, Mich.—Edson, Moore & Co.; J. R. Tuthill, carpets, rugs, upholstery; H. J. Phelps, domestics, prints, ginghams; E. W. Gillis, representing; 43 Leonard.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; H. Rich, men's furn. goods; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—Garton, Fisher, Wills Co.; D. Wills, flowers, feathers; Belmont.
DULUTH, Minn.—G. A. Oreck & Sons; L. Oreck, coats, suits; 1,150 Broadway.
DURHAM, N. C.—Straus, Robinson Co.; S. Straus, Spring dresses, coats, suits; 1,170 Broadway, Room 500.
EL PASO, Texas—T. A. Couzens, ready-to-wear; Collingwood.
FINDLAY, Ohio—C. D. Levy, dresses; 37 West 26th.
FLINT, Mich.—The Rosenthal Co.; Miss A. Petterson, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.
GADSDEN, Ala.—Loveman D. G. Co.; L. Loveman, dry goods; Gregorian.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, dresses; 37 West 26th.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; H. J. Boyer, linens, white goods; 230 5th Av.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—The Ladies' Bazaar; M. Schondorf, women's wear; Imperial.
HARTFORD, Conn.—C. S. Hills & Co.; J. Gray, dress goods, silks, velvets, linens; Broztell.
HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; W. Raphael, men's furn. goods; 141 Madison Av.; Breslin.
HARTFORD, Conn.—L. S. Goldschmidt Co.; J. P. Atkins, children's headwear, ladies' sweaters, muslin underwear; Manhattan.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown-Thompson Co.; G. E. Reardon, dresses, coats; 230 5th Av.
HOUSTON, Texas—Hubbell, Slack & Co.; W. Weatherford, general mdse.; Imperial.
HOUSTON, Texas—Foley Bros. D. G. Co.; Mr. Dolahite, Spring ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Croft-Stanard Co.; H. A. Ressner, notions, furn. goods; 256 Church.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Hibben, Hollweg & Co.; L. Weisenburger, domestics, blankets; 320 Broadway.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Jones Store Co.; G. S. Hovey, jewelry, leather goods; 23 East 26th.
LANCASTER, Penn.—M. T. Garvin Co.; J. H. Ross, Spring dresses, Fall coats; 37 W. 26th.
LAS CRUCES, N. M.—Nanasse Bros.; Mrs. L. Joseph, ready-to-wear; Room 1602, 118 W. 32d.
LEBANON, Penn.—Hoak Bros.; W. Hoak, dry goods; Breslin.
LEBANON, Penn.—Mr. Samler, dresses; 37 West 26th.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Pfeiffer Bros.; T. Scott, children's wear, muslin underwear; 1,150 Broadway.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Doyle-Kidd D. G. Co.; H. W. Clapham, men's furn. goods, cloaks, suits; 60 Worth.
LOS ANGELES—Brownstein, Louis Co.; D. J. Brownstein, men's, boys' furn. goods; 72 Leonard.
LOS ANGELES—Isaacs Bros.; M. Isaacs, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Cooper, Coats & Casey D. G. Co.; C. B. Hallett, notions; 377 B'way.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—Watts Bros. & Co.; R. C. Watts, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—Quinn, Marshall Co.; W. J. D. Ball, representing; 72 Leonard.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—J. R. Millner & Co.; B. K. Merryman, W. A. Davidson, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
MEMPHIS—Bry, Block Mercantile Co.; G. Greenblatt, Spring ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Milwaukee Apparel Co.; Miss A. Weyker, women's, misses' suits; Miss L. Reigle, women's, misses' dresses; L. Elsas, waists, skirts; 364 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Minneapolis D. G. Co.; A. D. Bernard, silks, dress goods, velvets, linens; 432 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; G. H. Partridge, rep.; 43 Leonard.
MINNEAPOLIS—E. E. Atkinson & Co.; Miss M. Van Gent, waists; 100 West 32d.
MONTREAL — Debenham's; F. X. De Grandpre, millinery; Broztell.
MUNCIE, Ind.—J. Stillman; Mr. Hirsch, dresses; 37 West 26th.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—The E. Malley Co.; T. F. O'Neil, domestics, flannels, linens, white goods; 105 Grand.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—O'Brien's Specialty Shop; Miss C. E. O'Brien, women's wear; Park Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; W. J. McGuire, hosiery, men's furn. goods; 404 4th Av.; Latham.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NEW ORLEANS—Kreeger Store; Mrs. Clay, coats, suits, dresses; 1,140 Broadway.
NORFOLK, Va.—D. Samier, millinery, coats, suits; Herald Square.
NORWICH, Conn.—Portrons & Mitchell Co.; L. R. Portrone, coats, suits, infants' wear; 432 4th Av.
OGDEN, Utah—J. Scowcroft & Sons Co.; J. Scowcroft, gen. mdse.; 256 Church.
OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; Miss Cappe, art needlework, gift dept; 1,261 Broadway.
PARKERSBURG, W. Va.—Dils Bros.; H. H. Dils, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; A. A. Lewis, floor coverings; Miss C. Rice, fancy goods, toilet articles, perfumery, 1,261 Broadway; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; H. Norwick, suits, piece goods; 1,182 B'way; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; G. R. Dunn, art needlework; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA — "Stewarts"; J. A. Rubin, Spring suits; 15 East 26th.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; F. B. Patton, silks, velvets, linings, ribbons; 43 Leonard.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—England Bros.; C. D. Pease, silks, 404 4th Av.; Herald Square.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—The Porter Co.; J. J. Porter, ribbons; Grand.
PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Pittsburgh Dry Goods Co.; C. E. Smith, silks, ribbons, linings; 43 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Miss F. Looby, costumes, dresses; N. Kaufmann, muslin underwear, negligees; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; S. Simon, leather goods; 116 West 32d.
PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; J. B. Armsbey, silks, dress goods; 404 4th Av.
POTTSVILLE, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. D. Gardner, ladies' neckwear; 230 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE—New Idea Store; S. Fain, hosiery, underwear; McAlpin.
RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; H. W. Duane, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; W. Russell, notions, men's furn. goods; 43 Leonard.
ROCHELLE, S. C.—Ladies' Shop; S. Meyerson, millinery; 1,182 Broadway.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Frost Bros Co.; W. Frost, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 3 W. 29th.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weil & Co.; Miss M. S. Courtney, coats, suits; 15 East 26th.
SAN FRANCISCO—Livingston Bros.; Miss E. Zeleman, waists; Miss K. Klein, millinery, hats; 303 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Greenebaum, Weil & Michels; G. H. Gerwin, men's furn. goods, hosiery, gloves, underwear; 43 Leonard.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Prussia Co.; J. J. Henkle, ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—L. Dunkelspiel Co.; H. Wolf, furn. goods, ladies' sweaters; 377 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Miss H. Taggart, millinery; 114 5th Av.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—Quality Shop; B. W. Thorpe, boys', men's, women's garments; Collingwood.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Hicks, Fuller, Pierson Co.; J. W. Harvey, underwear, sweaters; S. H. Scott, notions; 329 Broadway.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Spokane D. G. Co.; C. T. Gillette, notions, leather goods; Mr. Strick, dress goods; 440 4th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; W. F. Maloney, men's furn. goods, ladies' underwear, gloves; 230 5th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Tenn.—Dulin, Glenn Co.; N. Glenn, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.; Collingwood.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger Co.; R. A. Steiger, mdse. mgr.; 404 4th Av.; Wellington.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Merc. Co.; W. C. Joeger, men's, boys' clothing, hats, caps; 404 4th Av.; Grand.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Merc. Co.; L. A. Eppel, upholstery goods; 105 Grand.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; R. H. Finch, dress goods; 320 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Carleton D. G. Co.; J. Clinton, men's neckwear, umbrellas, parasols; A. K. Miller, shirts, pajamas, work clothing; 329 B'way; Great Northern.
ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; G. M. Barnes, ribbons, velvets; 303 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; W. A. Berblinger, blankets; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Lowenstein Bros. Garment Co.; B. J. Lowenstein, coats, suits, dresses; Knickerbocker.
ST. LOUIS—McCormick Furnishing Co.; J. R. Brown, clothing; York.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Neal & Hyde; T. H. Neal, cotton piece goods; 72 Leonard.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse D. G. Co.; J. W. Gerebacher, notions, laces, hdkfs.; 15 W. 34th.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—A. Herz; E. J. Carpenter, ladies' wear; 118 W. 32d.
TOLEDO—Lion Dry Goods Co.; J. M. Walker, silks, dress goods; O. A. Baker, ready-to-wear; 23 East 26th.
TORONTO—G. Goulding & Sons; T. Hume, flowers, feathers; Cumberland.
TORONTO—Borelli & Vitelli; V. Borelli, jewelry, vanity cases; 401 Broadway.
TRAVERSE CITY, Mich. — A. Rosenthal, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.
TROY, N. Y.—Gay & Co.; A. Vanloon, domestics; 6 W. 32d.
TULSA, Okla.—Hunt Co.; D. Hunt, Miss Reed, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.; Gregorian.
VANCOUVER—David Spencer, Ltd.; T. A. Spencer, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
VICTORIA, B. C.—D. Spencer, Ltd.; T. A. Spencer, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
WACO, Texas—Goldstein & Migel Co.; S. Hirschberg, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—W. B. Moses & Sons; W. H. Rice, carpets, rugs, linoleums, matting; Imperial.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Stone & Thomas; H. M. Helfrich, carpets, rugs; 1,270 B'way; Imperial.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn. — J. Bergman, dresses; 37 West 26th.
WILMINGTON, Del.—Topkis Bros. Co.; L. Topkis, Pres.; 346 B'way.
YORK—J. McLean & Sons; Miss Kaufmann, coats, suits, dresses; 432 4th Av.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

PREMIER COSTUME CO., INC., manufacturer of dresses at 12-14 West 32d St., has made an assignment to Marcus Helfand. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against the company by the following creditors: Alfred M. Steiner, $150; J. M. Nelson, $400, and M. H. Schwarts, $5. Frank Drucker of Marcus Helfand's office said that the liabilities are $35,000 and the assets $25,000. The failure was caused by purchasing materials at the high prices prevailing before the armistice was signed and the influenza.

CULLEN MOTOR TRUCKING CORP. of 1 Broadway.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by the Pierce-Arrow Trucking Co., Inc., a creditor for $525. The Cullen Motor Trucking Corp. made an assignment on Dec. 24 to Charles W. Walter.

BELL TALKING MACHINE CORP. of 44 West 37th St.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by these creditors: Bronx National Banking Corporation, $500; Edwin C. Barnes & Bros., $45, and J. T. Aghassi, $8.

ROCKAWAY WOODWORKERS' INC., manufacturers of toys of 949 Broadway, has made an assignment to William Henkel, Jr., and Irving S. Dorf. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against it by these creditors: Abraham Robinson, New York, $1,000; M. P. McNamara, Far Rockaway, $6, and Smith Brothers Plumbing Company, Far Rockaway, 20 cents. Liabilities are $14,000 and assets $5,000.

ANTONIO MENDEZ of 206 West Ninety-ninth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $5,000 and no assets. The liabilities are all on judgments taken in January in Kings County in favor of five persons for injuries in an automobile accident at Rockville Centre, L. I. The judgments are in favor of James Fessler, $3,000; Irene Fessler, $500; Frank Fessler, $500, and Rose and Charlotte Ryan, $500. He said that he was taken by the Sheriff of New York and lodged in Ludlow Street Jail on a civil process on the judgments. He was employed at $17 per week by a company, but that ceased when he went to jail, therefore he asked to file the petition as a poor person.

MORRIS MARKS, a grocer, at 29 Suffolk Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $14,840 and assets of $5,793, consisting of stock, $2,500; carriages, &c., $930; machinery, &c., $250; accounts due, $2,000; stocks, $100, and cash in bank, $13. Among the largest creditors are the Autocar Sales Company, $1,100; Adolph Rosenfeld, $1,575, and the Procter & Gamble Distributing Company, $1,182.

DAVID STOLL, a manufacturer of dresses at 6 West Twenty-second Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of over $5,000 and assets given as unknown. Among the largest creditors are the Mutual Textile Mills, $1,185; Royal Silk Mills, $1,091, and Excelsior Silk Mills, $575. The amounts of claims of various other creditors are given as unknown.

GRAND HAT WORKS.—Judge Mayer has appointed Jacob Sharpiro receiver for Aaron Malev and Benjamin Feinstiver, individually and as co-partners under the firm style of Grand Hat Works, at 41 Bond Street, in $500 bond. The liabilities are said to be $2,100 and the assets $1,200.

THE KATCHES DAIRY CO. of 544 Grand Street, which operates a dairy at Youngsville, Sullivan County, has made an assignment to Samuel Lemberg.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Aveney, Henry—Booksellers Protective & Collecting Association....$120.91
Andrews Co.—L. Bernstein....117.57
Becker, Karl—Illinois Life Ins Co....120.50
Bentley, Chas. S.—H. Schlesiner....166.33
Browne, Grant H.—W. H. Strang....489.86
Boera, Ramon and Alvar, (Boera Bros.)—Cyp. Fabre & Co., costs....109.15
Crowley, Anna E.—Degnon Cont. Co., costs....107.30
Carey, Thomas F.—M. P. Murphy....1,680.81
Cleveland Holding Co.—District Holding Corp....5,701.37
De Witt, Chas. H.—A. S. Luria....5,151.34
Daniel, Rosendorf Co.—S. Rosendorf....118.45
Denman, Anna P.—James Butler, Inc....554.16
Elfenbein, Sarah—J. Quinlan....5,621.83
Fisher, Morris and Henrietta—A. H. Koho....2,779.87
Fierro, Consetta—Lion Brewery of N. Y. City....1,460.45
Feldman, Benjamin, guardian — Arc Garage, Inc....109.18
German, Geo. I.—Frank A. Lannon....689.55
Heidelburger, Isaac—A. Levy....1,125.17
Howlett, Morris E., and Warren G. Demarest—R. G. Buck, et al....110.94
Houselle, Alice—J. Volz, costs....106.26
Kennedy Theatre, Inc.—A. Mayer....127.25
Lange, Wm. H.—John S. Sills & Son..283.14
Lesser, Schiller Co.—S. Schiller....333.08
Levy, Sydney—A. Miller....310.87
Lowenstein, Jeanne—E. Margolies....218.20
Lesser, Harris—S. Schiller....1,391.77
Munsell, Frank L.—M. Brandegee....137.95
Mandel, Abraham — E. Kirschbaum et al....146.40
Manufacturers & Merchants Lighterage Co.—Interstate Lighterage Trans. Co....445.20
Moses, Morris—Globe Rye Bread Co., Inc....863.93
Markels, Leonard—American Steel & Wire Co....2,125.52
Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ry. Co.—J. Davies, costs....183.80
Martin, John L.—C. M. Clarke, costs..134.16
Muir, Joseph—N. Imandt....553.63
Morgenbesser, Julius—N. Mindlin et al..113.49
McFarland, Florence—C. H. Roche....1,171.70
N. Y. Ry. Co.—L. J. Mitchell....800.00
Same—J. Mitchell....425.00
N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co.—L. Purdy et al, costs....160.00
Nathan, Harris M.—S. Holstein....164.51
Paul Miklowitz, Inc.—E. Kirschbaum et al....209.16
Parrish, Nicholas—Jaburg Bros....310.41
Patriarchy, Philip H.—J. M. Cunningham....2,102.82
Rhodes, Wm. L.—M. Yenter....7,460.95
Rose, Geo. P.—A. L. Trund....165.51
Roth, Phineas—W. S. Mayer....165.65
Rosenfeld, Irving—I. Herz....652.12
Rader, Adolph—A. M. Kuntz....291.17
Rapatzky, Philip—J. H. Fougner....206.58
Sloosen, Harrison T.—American Law Book Co....284.70
Straub, Henry—H. F. Gundrum Co....906.06
Schundler, Bertha and Hans C.—Brooklyn Trust Co....3,739.11
Seventh Street Garage, Inc.—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y....433.11
Steinschues, Henry—J. H. L. Van Duffel....124.22
Solomon, Harris—B. Griffen....151.21
Schultz, Carl R.—Bloomingdale Grove Huntington & Fishing Club....268.66
Savich, Frederick A. and Mary L.—First National Bank of Roscoe, N. Y.836.22
Smith, Graham—Griffiths Floor Co....330.70
Turek Realty Corp.—C. A. Eberhardt.1,277.89
White, Andrew, and Barbara Negro—People, &c....500.00

In Bronx County.

Brown, Ralph A.—Gimbel Brothers, N. Y....$251.87
Cuomo, Antonio—G. Lordi et al....130.35
Daly, William C.—Burns Bros....86.80
Feldhus, Adolf—Piel Bros....140.69
Gersman, Betty—Gimbel Brothers, N. Y.44.14
Jacobs, Fannie—174th Street Co....106.25
Mallett Cont. and Supply Co., Frank Gass, Inc., and William Mallett—Cosmopolitan Bank....432.91
Parrish, Nicholas—J. Jaburg et al....310.40
Roos, Pierre—A. Lewin....150.72
Rubenstein, Lusia — Gimbel Brothers, N. Y....108.17
Shaver, Elmer C.—J. H. Colborne....406.15
Thau, Harry and Celia—Nagir Packing Co....94.90
Ward, Thomas, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of N. Y.—People State of N. Y....2,500.00

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Marino, Rosina and Thomas J.—E. Birner; Dec. 24, 1917....$600.00
Cantor, Nathan S.—G. Kirby et al.; June 29, 1917....509.06
Logan, Tillie—M. L. Finkelstein; Nov. 21, 1918, (vacated)....2,598.46
Mulleri, Rosa—C. Nucciarone; Oct. 17, 1910....188.43
Potter, Edw. C., Jr.—Stern Bros.; Jan. 30, 1913....013.89
Becker, Nathan and Solomon—H. Averbuck; May 28, 1918....302.08
Viehman, Frank—E. Speishausen; July 11, 1917....182.78
Hornichter, Sigmond—F. Hecht; Nov. 1, 1916....315.65
Robinson, Kathryn P.—Frank Hayden, Inc.; Nov. 11, 1916....229.56
Empire Carrying Corp.—W. O. Prince; Dec. 21, 1918....174.64
Myers, John G.—H. F. Hazleton; Dec. 10, 1918....121.04
Same—Same; Dec. 10, 1918....109.54
Same—Same; Dec. 10, 1918....109.56
3d Av. Ry. Co. and August Kuhle—W. F. Connery; Dec. 3, 1918....350.00
Hyman, Bernard—Eisenberg Cigarette Co.; Jan. 3, 1911, (canceled)....313.04
Ost, Mary—A. Pomer et al.; Dec. 26, 1918, (canceled)....416.87

In Bronx County.

Beck, Jacob L.—T. R. Langford; May 28, 1917....$928.82
Salzman, Joseph and Rosie—R. Worm; March 22, 1918....379.47
Syrkin, Morris—I. Kesner et al.; Dec. 7, 1918....204.38
Same—Same; Jan. 13, 1919....106.56

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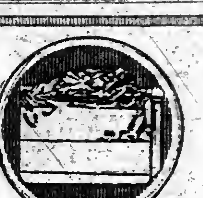

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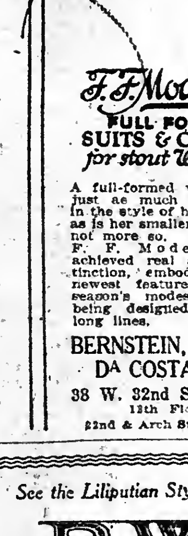

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We have issued a comprehensive analysis of the
Oklahoma Producing & Refining Co.
This analysis includes a map and financial statements. Copies may be obtained upon request for Circular C-1.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull, with Strong Spots—Steel Orders Larger Than Expected.

Stocks which were able to make particular appeals to traders in yesterday's market displayed a fair degree of strength, but their number was in the great minority, and the general tenor of business was dull and uninteresting. While prices were irregular, reflective of few influences at work on either side, the day's news was not without encouraging items as affecting industry. Reports from steel trade centres were to the effect that buying since Jan. 1 had been larger than the general impression outside the trade indicated, although it was noted that orders were more for the purpose of completing delayed work in structural and other lines rather than in the way of new expansion efforts. The shipments of finished products in December are reported large, which probably had considerable to do with the substantial decline of orders on hand reported by the Steel Corporation as of Dec. 31. The Iron Age noted, however, that mill operations were not quite as active taking the industry as a whole, as a week ago, and mentioned signs of a surplus of labor at various points. A deduction to be made from reports from steel centres is that the slackening of operations which naturally followed the cessation of war work has so far been gradual and has not afforded a comprehensive survey of what is yet to come. It stands to reason that with 60 per cent. activity at plants there is less employment than when war work was being carried on at a maximum pace. Still, if the backlog of accumulated commercial orders has been supplying work for 60 per cent. of the present great capacity of the country's mills during the weeks when price uncertainty checked new buying, it may well be that the plants will continue as active until the demand for steel at home and abroad begins to expand.

The railroad stocks continued apathetic, and traders hardly looked for any other attitude until new positive developments came to light in the discussion of the railroad future now going on in Washington. The counsel for the Association of Railway Executives offered another argument before the Senate Committee against the proposal of five years of Government control by referring to the possible large and overlapping debts which the roads would have at the end of the period. The Street never took kindly to Mr. McAdoo's proposal, and events of recent weeks have gone to support the contention in financial circles that a railroad plan may be worked out in two years. The steadiness of railroad stocks and bonds has appeared to reflect a belief that prolonged Government control will not be allowed by Congress, but in this sentiment alone there has been nothing to promote a forward movement in the securities. What railroad shareholders are waiting for is the presentation and public comment on a program which will insure the carriers of an unincumbered future, and progress to this end may be looked for in the next few weeks.

The cotton market suffered another substantial decline, and speculators and spinners both seemed to study more closely than before the figures on consumption in December. With hostilities over it was not unnatural that war manufacturing in textile lines declined last month as compared with the same month last year, but market comment indicated that the cotton trade was somewhat disappointed over the extent of the decline and was impressed also by knowledge that operations in foreign mills had slackened. Call money again loaned at 4 per cent., and the foreign exchange market attracted interest through an advance of Swiss rates.

Prices Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—Prices on the Bourse were firm today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 162 francs 50 centimes for cash, exchange on London 25 francs 98 centimes, 5 per cent loan 90 francs.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5½	High	5½
Low	4	Low	4½
Renewals	4	Renewals	4½
Last	5½	Last	5½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4¼@4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5 @5½	Sixty days	5¼@5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5½	Four months	5½ bid
Five months	5½	Five months	5½ bid
Six months	5½	Six months	5½ bid

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4½@4⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5 @5½
4 to 6 months....5 @5½
Other Names.
4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.7570	$4.7570	$4.7570	—.0005
Cables	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	..
Cables	5.45	5.45	5.45	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7570	$4.76⅞
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅝	5.45
	China—		
	Hongkong	79.25	79.50
	Peking	130.75	131.00
	Shanghai	121.75	122.00
40.20	Holland	42.375	42.625
19.30	Greece	19.25	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	53.25	53.50
	Yokohama	53.25	53.50
19.30	Spain	20.15	20.20
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.75	29.10
	Copenhagen	26.625	26.95
	Christiania	27.75	28.10
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42	Rio	25.35	25.50
5.1813	Switzerland	4.81	4.78
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	13.40	13.60
	500 rubles	13.30	13.50

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73	$4.71⅝	$4.72⅝	$4.70⅝

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $672,067,602; balances, $67,580,581; United States Treasury debit balance, $324,337; Federal Reserve credit balance, $52,014,224.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

CITY FINANCES.

Chamberlain's Statement of Receipts, Payments, and Balances for the Period Ended Jan. 11, 1919.

CITY TREASURY.

Balance Dec. 31...		$13,546,528.84
Receipts: Revenues, $2,041,138.73; revenue bills, $10,000,000.00; miscellaneous, $46,653.17; special revenue bonds, $875,000.00		12,962,791.90
		$26,509,320.74
Payments: General administration, $7,703,399.21; redemption of city debt, $1,643,169.34; interest on city debt, $1,938,626.28		11,285,194.83
Balance		$15,224,125.91

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance Dec. 31...	$3,338,883.34	
Receipts	851,350.64	
Payments Jan. 11..	$4,190,233.98	
Balance—uninvested	$525,644.80	3,664,589.18

Aggregate balances Jan. 11.$18,888,715.09

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 15, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	406,150	374,182	743,551
Year to date	5,125,029	8,400,880	10,592,754

—Closing— Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
47½	50	200	Adams Express	50	50	49	49	−1
58	59½	300	Advance Rumely pf.	59	59	59	59	−¼
72¼	72¾	4,500	Ajax Rubber	68½	73	68½	72½	+5
3¾	4	5,700	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4	+⅛
2	2⅛	2,300	Alaska Juneau	2	2⅛	2	2	...
33½	34	715	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	33¾	33¾	33	33	−⅝
84	85	600	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	83½	84	83	84	−1
101¼	102	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	...
69½	69¾	700	Am. Beet Sugar	70	70	69½	69½	...
48⅝	48¾	2,000	Am. Can	48½	49½	48½	48⅝	+⅝
90½	92	3,500	Am. Car & Fdry.	88¾	92	88¾	92	+2½
44¼	44½	300	Am. Cotton Oil	44¾	44½	44⅛	44½	+½
15	15¼	600	Am. H. & Leather	15	15¼	14¾	15¼	+½
77¾	78¾	2,300	Am. H. & L. pf.	76	78	76	78	+2¼
41¾	41⅞	300	Am. Ice	42	42	41½	41½	+½
55½	57½	200	Am. Ice pf. x d.	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	+½
55½	56	100	Am. International	55½	55½	55½	55½	−½
49⅝	49¾	600	Am. Linseed	50	50	49⅝	49⅝	−½
59½	60	100	Am. Locomotive	60	60	60	60	...
100	102	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	100	100	100	100	...
2	2¼	400	Am. Malting	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	−¼
73⅝	73¾	3,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	73⅝	74	73⅝	73⅝	+⅝
106	107	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	107	107	107	107	...
84	85	500	Am. Steel F'dries	85	85	84½	84½	−½
113¾	113¾	700	Am. Sugar Ref.	114	114½	113¾	113¾	−¼
103	103½	12,900	Am. Sumatra Tob.	100	106⅝	100	103½	+5¾
101¼	101½	400	Am. Tel. & Tel.	101½	101½	101½	101½	+¼
200	205	100	Am. Tobacco	203½	203½	203½	203½	+1½
101¼	102	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	102⅝	102⅝	102	102	−1
46¼	46½	2,500	Am. Woolen	48	48	46	46	−2½
95	96	200	Am. Woolen pf.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	−¼
29⅝	30½	200	Am. Writing P. pf.	29½	29⅝	29½	29⅝	+½
60⅝	60¾	3,400	Anaconda Copper	60	60¾	60	60¾	+¾
25¾	26½	4,500	Asso. Dry Goods	24½	26⅝	24	25⅝	+3¾
72	73	200	Associated Oil	72	72½	72	72½	−1½
98	99	100	Atlantic Coast Line	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	−1¾
102½	103	1,100	At. Gulf & West I.	103	104½	103	103	−½
72	72¼	11,400	Baldwin Loco.	71½	72½	71½	72	+¼
49	49½	500	Baltimore & Ohio	49½	49½	49	49	−⅛
113	114	500	Barrett Co.	113½	114	113½	113½	+½
1¼	1½	100	Batopilas Mining	1½	1½	1½	1½	...
56¾	58	200	Bethlehem Steel	57	57	57	57	−½
57¼	57½	14,600	Beth. Steel class B	57½	58	56⅝	57¼	−½
103⅝	103¾	900	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	104⅛	104⅛	103½	103½	−⅝
19½	20	700	Booth Fisheries	19	20	19	20	+1
25	25½	500	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	25½	25⅝	25	25	...
155	156	400	Burns Brothers	157	157	156¼	156¼	...
6⅝	6¾	300	Butte Cop. & Zinc	6½	6½	6½	6½	...
18¼	18⅝	200	Butte & Superior	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	−⅛
50⅝	51	500	California Packing	50½	51	50½	51	+½
22½	22⅝	300	California Petrol.	22⅝	23	22⅝	23	+½
67	68	300	California Pet. pf.	68	68	67½	67½	+½
58½	59½	100	Calumet & Arizona	58½	58½	58½	58½	−1½
158½	159	700	Canadian Pacific	159	159	159	159	...
58½	59	1,300	Central Leather Co.	58⅝	59¼	58⅝	58⅝	−⅛
105½	106	100	Central Leather pf.	105½	105½	105½	105½	+½
33¼	34	200	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	33½	33½	33½	33½	−½
104	105	100	Chandler Motor	105	105	105	105	−1
40	40½	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	40½	40⅝	40	40	−⅝
72½	72⅝	2,000	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	72¼	73⅛	72½	72⅝	+½
96	97	100	Chi. & Northwest n.	96	96	96	96	−½
24⅞	25	600	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	24⅝	24⅞	24⅝	24⅞	+⅛
78¼	78¾	100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	−⅛
17⅝	18	400	Chile Copper	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	−⅛
33¼	34	600	Chino Copper	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	−⅝
34	36¼	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼	−¼
62½	75	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	66½	66½	66½	66½	−¼
64¼	65	100	Cluett, Peabody	65	65	65	65	+1
35¾	36	310	Col. Fuel & Iron	36¼	36¼	36	36	+1
..	..	100	Col. Fuel & Iron pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	...
42	42½	800	Columbia Gas & El.	42½	42½	42	42½	−⅜
38½	38½	100	Comput. Tab Rec.	38½	38½	38½	38½	−⅛
49½	49½	2,600	Corn Products Ref.	49½	49⅝	49	49½	+⅛
103½	104½	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	+½
57	57½	2,200	Crucible Steel	56½	57⅝	56½	57	+½
26¾	27	2,500	Cuba Cane Sugar	26	26⅞	26	26⅞	+⅞
76¾	77½	600	Cuba Cane S. pf.	76¼	77⅝	76¼	77⅝	+⅝
95	96	100	Deere & Co. pf.	96	96	96	96	+⅝
102⅝	105	200	Delaware & Hudson	104	104	103	103	−1
173	178	10	Del., Lack. & West.	178	178	178	178	...
6⅞	7	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	+⅜
51¼	51½	2,400	Distillers' Secur.	51	51⅝	51	51⅜	...
12	12¼	2,300	Dome Mines	11½	12¼	11½	12	+⅝
29½	29⅝	500	Gaston, W. & W.	29½	29⅝	29½	29⅝	...
169	173	100	General Chemical	170	170	170	170	...
51⅝	52	700	General Cigar	51¼	52¼	51¼	51⅝	+⅝
125	126	1,800	Gen. Mot. x d & x r.	126	126	125	125	−½
1¼	1½	7,200	Gen. Motors rights	1½	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	−⅜
82	83½	200	Gen. Motors pf. x d.	82½	82½	82½	82½	...
61	61¼	1,900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	61¼	61⅝	61¼	61¼	...
101	103⅝	100	Goodrich pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	−⅛
78½	79⅝	100	Granby Consol.	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	+1⅝
37½	37¾	25,300	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	36	37⅝	36	37½	+1⅜
..	..	100	Greene-Can. Cop.	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	+¾
57	58	900	Gulf States Steel	59	59	58⅛	58⅛	−1⅛
97¾	98¼	200	Illinois Central	98	98¼	98	98¼	+½
43⅝	44	1,100	Inspiration Copper	44	44	43⅞	43⅞	...
5⅝	5⅞	300	Interboro Consol.	5½	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	−⅛
20¼	21	100	Interboro Con. pf.	20½	20½	20½	20½	+¼
115	..	100	Int. Harv. pf. new	118	118	118	118	+1⅜
24½	24⅝	2,600	Int. Mer. Marine	24⅞	25	24⅝	24⅝	−⅛
102½	102⅝	21,000	Int. Mer. M. pf. x d.	103½	104	101⅞	102⅝	−¼
28	28¼	12,200	Int. Nickel	29	29	28	28	−1¼
31	31½	2,300	Int. Paper	30⅝	31⅞	30⅝	31⅞	+1½
30	31	100	Jewel Tea	30	30	30	30	...
88½	90	200	Jewel Tea pf.	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	−⅝
71¼	72	1,500	Kelly Spring. Tire	71½	72⅝	71½	72⅝	+3⅛
89	91	250	Kelsey Wheel pf.	89	90	89	90	+3
32¼	32⅜	1,600	Kennecott Copper	32¼	32⅜	32¼	32¼	−⅛
64	64½	1,200	Lackawanna Steel	64½	64⅝	64	64	−⅝
22	22⅝	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	22½	22½	22½	22½	+⅜
108½	109⅛	100	Liggett & Myers pf.	109½	109½	109½	109½	−⅝
43	44½	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	44½	44½	43½	43½	+⅝
166½	168	100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	168	168	168	168	+1
107	110	100	Loril. (P.) Co. pf.	109	109	109	109	+4½
64	65	125	Mackay Cos. pf.	64	64	64	64	−1
28	28¼	500	Maxwell Motors	28⅝	28⅝	28	28	−½
63⅝	64	300	May Dept. Stores	65	65	64⅝	65	+3½
184⅞	185	29,700	Mexican Petroleum	182	186	182	184⅞	+2⅝
..	..	200	Mex. Petroleum pf.	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	...
24	24½	400	Miami Copper	24½	24½	24¼	24¼	...
42⅜	42½	2,710	Midvale Steel x d.	41⅝	42⅝	41⅝	42½	+⅛
88	90	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	88	88	88	88	−2
5	5½	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5	5	5	5	−⅛
24⅞	25	800	Missouri Pacific	25¼	25¼	25	25	−⅜
69	74	100	Montana Power	70	70	70	70	...
31	31½	200	Nat. Acme	31	31	31	31	+⅛
103¾	104	100	Nat. Cloak & S. pf.	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	+⅞
15½	15¾	300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝	+⅝
49½	49⅝	2,100	Nat. Enam. & St.	48½	49⅝	48½	49½	+1⅛
93	95	100	Nat. En. & St. pf.	93	93	93	93	−½
66¼	67	1,000	Nat. Lead	66	67	66	66¾	+1½
16⅝	16⅞	600	Nevada Con. Cop.	16⅝	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	...
33¼	34	600	N. O., Tex. & Mex.	30⅝	33	30⅝	33	+3
104	105	100	N. Y. Air Brake	104½	104½	104½	104½	+½
73¾	74¼	100	N. Y. Central	75	75	75	75	+1¼
92½	100	10	N. Y., Lack. & W.	91	91	91	91	...
31½	32	100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	...
17	17½	100	Norfolk Southern	17	17	17	17	...
104½	106	100	Norfolk & Western	106	106	106	106	...
..	..	2,400	Norf. & West. rgts.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	...
55	58	100	Nova Scotia S. & C.	55	55	55	55	...
42½	42¾	200	Ohio Cities Gas	43½	43½	43⅜	43⅜	...
9⅝	9⅞	7,100	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	...
5⅝	6	100	Ontario Mining	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	−⅛
49	49½	300	Owens Bottle Mach.	49⅛	49½	49⅛	49⅝	+¼
33¾	36	1,000	Pacific Mail	33	36	33	36	...
71	71¼	7,600	Pan-Am. P. & T.	70¼	71⅝	70¼	71	+1½
44⅞	45	2,100	Penn. R. R.	45⅛	45⅛	44⅞	45	−⅛
47½	48½	600	People's Gas, Chi.	47½	47½	47½	47½	−½
40	43	800	Pere Marq. pf.	43	43¾	43	43	−1
39¾	40¼	2,000	Pierce-Arrow x d.	40¾	41¼	39¾	39¾	−1½
17⅝	17⅞	6,000	Pierce Oil	17¾	18	17½	17½	+¼
46½	47	100	Pittsburgh Coal	47	47	46½	46½	+⅛
37	37¾	400	Pitts. & West Va.	37	37	37	37	...
80	81½	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	80½	80½	80½	80½	−⅞
12½	13½	300	Pond Creek Coal	13	13	13	13	−⅛
63	64	100	Pressed Steel Car	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	+⅝
120	122	100	Pullman Co.	120⅞	120⅞	120⅞	120⅞	+⅞
73½	74	100	Railway Steel Sp.	74	74	74	74	+¼
20¼	20½	600	Ray Con. Copper	20⅜	20⅜	20¼	20¼	−⅛
80⅝	81	2,100	Reading	80⅝	81	80¾	80¾	...
72¼	72½	900	Rep. I. & S. x d.	72⅛	72⅝	72	72½	+⅜
74¼	75	2,300	Royal Dutch t r.	74⅜	75⅛	74⅛	74⅞	+⅞
7½	7⅝	300	Saxon Motor	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+⅛
8	8½	100	Seaboard Air Line	8	8	8	8	...
16½	17	100	Seab. Air Line pf.	17	17	17	17	...
13	13¼	300	Shattuck-Arizona	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	−¼
35¾	36	5,100	Sinclair Oil Refin.	35⅞	36¼	35⅝	35⅞	+⅛
50	51	300	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	49½	50	49½	50	+⅝
100⅝	100¾	3,800	Southern Pacific	100⅝	101	100⅝	100⅝	−⅛
28⅛	28¾	600	Southern Railway	28½	28½	28⅛	28⅛	−⅛
69	69½	200	Southern Ry. pf.	69	69	69	69	...
124	130	100	Standard Milling	125	125	125	125	+1
41½	41¾	3,500	Strom. Carburetor	41⅝	42	41⅝	41⅝	+½
49⅝	49⅞	13,100	Studebaker Co.	52¼	52¼	49½	49⅝	−2⅝
50	51	200	Stutz Motor	50½	51	50	50	+½
34½	34⅝	200	Superior Steel x d.	34½	34½	34½	34½	+½
194	194½	26,200	Texas Co.	188¾	195	188¾	194	+6
17⅝	17⅞	8,800	Texas Co. rights	16⅞	18	16⅞	17⅞	+⅝
31¼	31⅝	5,200	Texas & Pacific	31¼	32	30⅞	31¼	−⅝
77⅝	77¾	14,200	Tobacco Products	77	77¾	76⅛	77⅛	+1
128½	129	1,300	Union Pacific	128⅞	129	128⅜	128⅝	−¼
72	72½	300	Union Pacific pf.	72¼	72¼	72¼	72¼	−¼
37⅝	38	200	United Alloy Steel	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	−½
117⅛	117½	13,400	United Cigar Stores	114½	117⅞	114½	117⅞	+2⅞
50¼	54	100	Un. Drug 1st pf. x d.	53	53	53	53	−⅛
164	165	1,300	United Fruit	165	167¼	165	165	+1
16¼	17	300	United Ry. Inv. pf.	16½	16½	16½	16½	−½
14	15	300	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	14½	14½	14	14	−½
101¼	102½	300	U. S. Indus. Alco.	102	102½	102	102½	+½
23	25	300	U. S. R. & Imp.	24	24	24	24	+2
77	77¼	8,600	U. S. Rubber	76⅝	78	76½	77¼	+1⅛
43⅝	44½	200	U. S. Sm. R. & M.	43½	43½	43½	43½	...
45	45½	100	U. S. S. R. & M. pf.	45½	45½	45½	45½	−1⅞
91½	91⅝	35,770	U. S. Steel	91⅛	91⅝	91⅛	91½	+½
72	72¼	300	Utah Copper	72	72	72	72	+½
8¼	8½	200	Wabash	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	−⅛
32¼	32⅝	400	Wabash pf. A	32⅝	32⅝	32¼	32¼	−¼
88	89¼	200	Western Union Tel.	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	+¼
..	..	250	Westingh. Air B.	94½	94½	94½	94½	−½
41½	41⅞	800	Westingh. E. & M.	42	42	41⅝	41⅝	−⅛
70⅝	71¼	500	Wilson & Co.	71⅝	71⅝	70⅝	70⅝	−⅝
25	25½	3,100	Willys-Overland	25¼	25¼	25	25	−⅛
124	128	500	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	128⅝	128⅝	125	125	−6⅛

WILL SHARE ITS PROFITS.

Guaranty Trust Adopts Plan for Benefit of Employes.

The Guaranty Trust Company adopted yesterday a profit-sharing plan providing for payments to its employes and officers in addition to their regular salaries. One of its principal features is that through a primary fund the employes of the company are to receive compensation, based on the earnings of the company during any calendar year, in which fund the officers shall have no share. The plan further provides for the setting aside, after dividends, of a secondary fund in which both the officers and employes will share.

The purpose of having two funds is to provided that the employes, through the primary fund, shall be assured of a fairly uniform payment of additional compensation. Through the secondary fund, in prosperous years, the employes will have an increased share and both employes and officers will benefit with the stockholders in the prosperity of the company. This affects more than 2,200 employes and gives each a direct personal interest in the operation of the company.

Offer $5,000,000 Laclede Gas Bonds

Halsey, Stuart & Co. are offering $5,000,000 first mortgage, collateral and refunding ten-year 7 per cent. bonds of the Laclede Gas Light Company of St. Louis at 100 and interest. The bonds are convertible either into the common stock of the company, par for par, or into a like amount face value of Series B, thirty year 5 per cent. bonds, issued under the same mortgage, at the option of the holder. The issue is secured by a direct mortgage upon all of the company's physical property and upon retirement of the first mortgage bonds due May 1 will share equally in the lien of the then existing first mortgage.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.50	62.32	62.35	—.05
25 industrials	84.48	83.57	84.03	+.15
50 stocks	73.49	72.94	73.19	+.05

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 14	73.52	72.92	73.14	+.12
Jan. 13	73.47	72.96	73.02	—.16
Jan. 11	73.47	72.86	73.02	—.16
Jan. 10	73.91	73.29	73.51	—.27
Jan. 9	74.53	73.66	73.78	—.08
Jan. 8	74.10	73.60	73.86	+.31

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919	74.99 Jan. 3	72.86 Jan. 15	73.19
1918	69.09 Jan. 31	64.12 Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46 Jan. 1	84.71 Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.88 Jan. 3	84.47 Jan. 31	85.47
1915	64.68 Jan. 22	60.07 Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919	74.99 Jan. 3	72.86 Jan 15	73.19
†1918	68.87 Jan. 8	64.18 Jan. 15	65.40
Full Years.			
1918	80.16 Nov. 13	64.12 Jan. 15	78.59
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.63
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.64	—.03	—2.10	+1.83

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 14	78.67	—.15	Jan. 7	78.94	+.12
Jan. 13	78.82	..	Jan. 6	78.82	—.11
Jan. 11	78.82	—.15	Jan. 4	78.93	—.08
Jan. 10	78.97	—.01	Jan. 3	79.01	+.16
Jan. 9	78.98	..	Jan. 2	78.85	+.07
Jan. 8	78.98	+.04	Jan. 1	Holiday.	

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919	79.01 Jan. 3	78.64 Jan. 15	78.64
†1919	77.26 Jan. 3	76.80 Jan. 8	76.81
Full Years.			
1918	82.36 Nov 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48 Jan 29	74.24 Dec. 20	74.64
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Popularizing Foreign Securities.

In anticipation of increased listings of foreign securities in the near future, the New York Stock Exchange began issuing yesterday a list of the bid and asked closing prices for all foreign Government and municipal securities traded in. This list, which appears elsewhere, will be put out each day. It is the belief that the market here for foreign securities will broaden greatly within the next year, and in preparation for the increased business the Stock Exchange only recently installed a bond ticker service. Eventually the New York market may have a scope as to world securities similar to that in London and Paris.

The Rise in Stromberg Carburetor.

An explanation for the strength which has been apparent in the shares of the Stromberg Carburetor Company ever since they were first listed on the Exchange last week, was furnished yesterday when it was announced that the Studebaker Corporation had closed a contract with the carburetor company whereby all its cars would be equipped with this device. On the basis of somewhere near capacity production by the Studebaker Company this means the sale of about 40,000 carburetors.

Jump in American Sumatra.

American Sumatra Tobacco was a centre of interest in the early trading yesterday, an advance of more than 8 points being recorded on a comparatively small turnover. The immediate reason for the rise was the announcement of the redemption of $850,000 three-year 5 per cent. notes, part of an original issue of $1,000,000, which were met out of cash funds.

Westinghouse Notes to be Paid.

It has been announced by the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company that its $15,000,000 one-year 6 per cent. notes which mature on Feb. 1 will be paid upon presentation at the office of the Central Union Trust Company. It has been provided, however, that those note holders who so desire may exchange the maturing issue for new 6 per cent. notes running for one year from Feb. 1, the indenture securing the new issue being similar in form to that of the old maturity. The announcement of the new note issue into which the old is exchangeable has been made through Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Guy E. Tripp, Chairman of the Board of the Westinghouse Company, states that on Jan. 1 of this year the company had on hand unfilled orders amounting to more than $95,000,000, exclusive of munition orders amounting to $1,500,000. At the close of business Nov. 30, 1918, the company's assets totaled more than $110,000,000, while the liabilities were about $41,000,000. Net income of the Westinghouse Company for the eight months ended with Nov. 30, after payment of capital stock, State and municipal taxes, was about $19,018,000. Interest charges for the same period were $1,567,680, leaving nearly $17,500,000 applicable to Federal income, excess profits taxes, and dividends.

A Turn in the Market.

The setting of a price of $92 a share at which employes of the United States Steel Corporation might subscribe to the 1919 allotment of common stock served in a measure to check not only the pressure against this company's issues yesterday, but also tended to a strengthening of the entire list during the early trading. Apparently the Street has been waiting for some determining factor of influence and found reason for greater confidence in security values when it was realized that there was to be no postponement of the Steel subscription until after the dividend meeting at the latter part of this month. The declaration of a dividend by the Steel Corporation is now looked forward to expectantly as giving a line on what may be the course of business conditions during the coming year, according to the interpretation by the Directors.

A Suggestion.

One of the many plans for the future use of Government constructed ship tonnage that has received more than passing attention is the suggestion that the standardized steel ships which were launched to beat the German submarines should be chartered to private operators on a time charter arrangement. In connection with this plan it has been proposed by shipping men that the question of efficiency of operation, wages, and discipline would be solved provided the Government supplied and paid officers and men employed on the ships.

Money Rates Easy.

There was plenty of loanable money on the Stock Exchange yesterday at 4 per cent. despite the proximity of the Fourth Liberty bond payment date today of 30 per cent. of subscribed amounts. Ease in the money situation has been manifest for some time despite the fact that credits were tense in anticipation of Governmental demand. Bankers hold an optimistic view of conditions because, while purchasing of raw materials has not been much in evidence on a large scale, there has, nevertheless, been no stagnation in retail trade, buying continuing on a scale that has done much to reduce inventories.

Texas Company.

Substantial demand for the shares of the Texas Company appeared in the early trading yesterday, one block of 1,700 shares changing hands at 190. The opening quotation was 188¾, and on good buying the price advanced steadily to 195, easing off in the later trading to 194 at the close. Consistent accumulation of the issue in the past few weeks has caused it to move in a course of its own and independent of the fluctuations of other oil share prices.

Pabst Brewing Company.

As the result of the apparent trend of sentiment in the direction of prohibition the Pabst Brewing Company of Milwaukee has sent a circular letter to preferred shareholders offering them the opportunity of tendering their stock for sale to the company on or before Jan. 20. This offer shows that the company is planning to reduce its outstanding securities, which consist of the $1,590,100 7 per cent. cumulative preferred, $9,764,000 common stock, and $1,574,400 first mortgage serial 4 per cent. bonds. The preferred stock is subject to redemption at $115 and has preference as to the company's assets and dividends. In well informed quarters it is understood that tenders to the company should be not lower than $100.

Dirigible Ends Long Coast Flight.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 15.—The navy dirigible C-1 arrived here at 2:45 o'clock today, completing its flight from Far Rockaway, N. Y. The airship left Far Rockaway early Sunday and made overnight stops at Norfolk, Georgetown, S. C., and Brunswick, Ga.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 15, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$9,966,500	$4,530,000	$5,666,500
Year to date	127,310,000	55,272,000	75,415,300

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47: 25....99.80; 25....99.82; 29....99.80; 85....99.20; 1....99.80; 40....99.24; 13....99.82; 13....99.22; 15....99.26; 10....99.22; 1....99.20; 10....99.80; 5....99.28; 14....99.30; 1....99.22; 10....99.20; 10....99.30; 15....99.20; 22....99.22; 4....99.20; 50....99.26; 137....99.20; 2....99.18; 3....99.20; 1....99.28; 13....99.16
$495,000 1st conv 4s, 1932-'47: 45....92.60; 1....92.70
$49,000 2d 4s, '27-'42: 100....92.20; 40....92.30; 10....92.36; 30....92.24; 2....92.30; 2....92.36; 6....92.20; 32....92.30; 52....92.40; 21....92.48; 53....92.40; 1....92.32; 4....92.30; 33....92.40; 20....92.48; 4....92.30; 5....92.40; 5....92.32; 10....92.30; 10....92.40; 10....92.46; 2....92.46; 1....92.36; 20....92.44; 1....92.82; 1....92.30
$509,000 1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47: 32....96.20; 7....96.30; 5....96.10; 8....96.20; 10....96.14; 12....96.10
$69,000 2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42: 20....95.02; 20....95.08; 10....95.10; 25....95.08; 7....95.06; 22....95.08; 5....95.02; 257....95.00; 10....95.00; 5....95.02; 10....95.06; 8....95.00; 1....95.04; 36....95.00; 20....95.08; 4....95.04; 10....95.06; 1....95.02; 10....95.04; 5....95.00; 25....95.06; 2....95.02; 20....95.06; 5....95.04; 25....95.06; 20....95.08; 3....95.04; 1....95.02; 80....95.10; 42....95.08; 8....95.06; 6....95.04; 5....95.06; 35....95.08; 25....95.04; 50....95.06; 1....95.02; 10....95.04; 1....95.00; 3....95.04; 20....95.08; 40....95.10; 12....95.00; 2....95.06; 25....95.06; 71....95.10
$668,000
3d 4¼s, 1928: 80....96.06; 20....96.02; 24....96.06; 5....96.00; 10....96.02; 48....96.00; 43....96.04; 35....96.02; 64....96.00; 25....96.04; 29....96.02; 17....96.04; 8....96.00; 42....96.04; 136....96.00; 28....96.02; 10....96.00; 15....96.04; 20....96.00; 6....96.02; 350....96.04; 8....96.00; 50....96.04; 5....96.02; 25....96.04; 30....96.00; 15....96.04; 8....96.00; 20....96.00; 25....96.04; 95....96.00; 19....96.02; 12....96.00; 60....96.02; 67....96.04; 2....96.02; 2....96.06; 25....96.04; 50....96.02; 2....96.00; 10....96.02; 3....96.00; 10....96.02; 65....96.04; 4....96.02; 15....96.04; 2....96.00; 10....96.02; 1....96.00; 2....96.00; 10....96.02; 25....96.04; 1....96.02; 13....96.00; 10....96.04; 15....96.00; 40....96.02; 10....96.04; 2....96.06; 2....96.00; 90....95.04; 5....95.06; 25....95.04; 1....95.00; 15....95.02; 5....95.04; 5....95.06; 25....95.00; 50s....95.04
$3,408,000
$1,560,000 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38: 27....95.02; 15....95.08; 23....95.06; 25....95.04; 93....95.02; 200....95.00; 2....95.06; 63....95.02; 215....95.00; 15....95.02; 1....95.06; 100....95.02; 1....95.00; 58....95.04; 5....95.02; 5....95.04; 99....95.00; 15....95.02; 120....95.04; 9....95.00; 2....95.04; 43....95.02; 14....95.04; 19....95.02; 6....95.04; 3....95.06; 35....95.02; 10....95.00; 23....95.04; 6....95.02; 8....95.00; 50....95.04; 64....95.02; 106....95.00; 80....95.04; 7....95.00; 20....95.04; 40....95.00; 60....95.04; 19....95.02; 85....95.04; 1....95.00; 26....95.04; 51....95.02; 55....95.00; 7....95.04; 25....95.00; 12....95.04; 11....95.02; 25....95.04; 5....95.02; 60....95.04; 4....95.00; 50....95.04; 15....95.06; 1....95.02; 21....95.04; 8....95.02; 3....95.00; 10....95.02; 6....95.06; 10....95.04; 1....95.00; 5....95.04
AmForSec5s: 124....98¼
Anglo-Fr 5s: 6....97⅛; 14....97⅛; 75....97¼; 3....97⅛; 28....97⅛; 3....97⅛; 5....97⅛; 2....97¼; 128....97⅛; 3....97⅛; 1....97¼; 9....97⅛; 2....97¼; 5 lots: ¼....97⅜; 104....97⅛; 2....97¼
C of Bordx 6s: 2....100¼; 1....100¼; 1....100⅛
C of Lyons 6s: 2....100⅛; 2....100¼; 1....100⅛
C of Marsl 6s: 1....100⅛; 1....100¼; 1....100⅛
C of Paris 6s: 2....98⅝; 1....99; ½....99¼; ½....99⅛; 9....98⅞; 5....98⅞; 4....98⅞; 10....98⅞; 8....99
Dom of Can 5s, 1926: 6....97; 1931: 8....97⅝
French G 5½s: 487....103⅝; 78....103½; 282....103⅝
Jap Gov 4½s, ster loan, 2d Ser, Ger stp: 1....85½
U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919: 1....100⅛; 6....100¼; 10....100⅛; 16....100⅛; new: 112....100⅛; 114....100⅛; 2....100⅛; 49....100⅛; 2....100⅛; 100....100⅛; 8....100⅛; 8....100⅛; 1....100⅛; 105....100⅛; 5½s, 1921: 4....98⅛; 66....98½; 21....98; 2....98⅛; 1....98½; 6....98; 5½s, 1937: 5....100¼; 9....100⅛; 108....100⅛; 10....100⅛; 9....100⅛
N Y City 4¼s, 1960: 1....96⅝; 4¼s, 1963: 10....101; 1965: 2....101⅛; 8....101; 1967: 2....101
Alaska Gold M cv deb 6s, B: 1....34
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 1....92¼; 15....92⅝
AmT&T col 4s: 2....84¼; col tr 5s: 22....93⅝; 8....93⅛; conv 4½s: 2....87½; conv 6s: 2....101⅛
3....101⅛; 2....101⅛; 4....101⅛; 1....101⅛; 1....101
AmWrPap5s: 1....90
Arm'r&Co4½s: 1....86⅛; 8....86⅛
A T&SFgen4s: 10....85; 1....84⅛
AtlCstList4s: 1....84⅛
B&O pr ln 3½s: 3....89; 3....89⅛; gold 4s: 1....79½; conv 4½s: 2....78⅛; 1....78⅛; 1....78; P J & M 3½s: 1....80½
Beth Stl ext 5s: 2....95⅛; purmoney5s: 2....82⅛
BRT7s,1921: 3....82⅛
Cent of Ga Ry con 5s: 1....94⅛
CenLeather5s: 2....96⅛; 10....96⅛
Ches&Ocon5s: 1....99; fund 5s: 1....98⅛; conv 4½s: 10....80; 1....79⅛; conv 5s: 5....86⅛; 1....87; 1....86⅛; 9....86⅛; 15....86⅛
C,B&Qjoint4s: 51....95⅛; Neb ext 4s: 6....92⅛; 6....93⅛; Ill div 3½s: 1....75⅛
C&Ellgen5s, USMtg&Tr ctfs: 1....76⅛; ref & imp 4s: 1....22; 1....25
Chi Gt W 4s: 4....61; 5....60; 1....60⅛
Chi,M&StP4s, 1934: 5....73; conv 4½s: 4....79⅛; 1....80; refund 4½s: 1....72⅛; 2....72; 1....71⅛; 10....71⅛; 4....71⅛; 4....72⅛; 6....72; 3....72⅛; gen 4½s: 1....83
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s: 56....75; 84....74⅛; 4....75
Chi&WIcon4s: 1....64⅛
Chile Cop 7s: 2....106; cv6s,rcts,pt paid, ext: 5....54⅛
Col & So ref & ext 4½s: 10....78⅛
ConGas cv 6s: 10....101⅛; 24....102; 1....101⅛
Cumberld T 5s: 5....93⅛
DisSecCorp5s: 1....91
Erie1stgen4s: 2....55; 7....54⅛; 8....54; 1....54⅛; cv 4s, Ser A: 15....46⅛; cv 4s, Ser B: 2....48⅛; cv 4s, Ser D: 1....51⅛
FtW&DC1st6s: 5....90⅛
Hud&Man1st&ref5s,SerA: 4....89⅛; 1....89; 5....89⅛; 8....89⅛
11....59; adj inc 5s: 2....17⅛; 10....17⅛
IllCent4s,1953: 2....77⅛; ref 4s: 1....83⅛
Inter-Met 4½s: 2....42; 2....41⅛; 3....41⅛; 5....41⅛; 4....41⅛
IRT1st&ref5s: 2....71⅛; 5....71⅛; 56....71⅛; 20....71⅛; 1....71⅛; 15....71⅛
Int Agr Corp col trust 5s: 10....72
IntMerMar6s: 15....99⅛; 4....99⅛
KC,FtS&M6s: 1....102⅛
KC,FtS&M4s: 3....75
KanCitySo5s: 7....85
KanCitySo3s: 3....62⅛
Ky Cent 4s: 1....80⅛
KingsCoElec4s: 1....57
LacledeGLof StLref&ext5s: 1....97
LS&MSo4s,'28: 6....89⅛
Leh V of N Y gtd 4½s: 10....92
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcs: 2....102⅛; 10....102⅛; 6....102⅛; 10....102⅛; 15....102⅛; 1....102⅛; 5....102⅛
Liggett&M5s: 1....93⅛
LorillardCo5s: 1....92
Louis & Nash col tr 5s: 1....100
Midvale Steel col tr 5s: 2....88⅛
M & St L 1st & ref 4s: 1....47⅛
Mo, K & O 1st 5s,TrCoctfs: 2....70
MoPac gen 4s: 5....62; 1....61⅛; 6....61⅛; 1....61⅛; 1....62
Mont P 5s, A: 1....93⅛; 2....93⅛; 2....93⅛; 1....93⅛; 10....93
NO,T&M 6s, A: 1....97; 1....97⅛; income 5s: 4....57
NY,B&MB5s: 2....94
NYCent deb 6s: 9....98⅛; 1....98⅛; 2....98⅛; gen 3½s: 10....72⅛; deb 4s, 1934: 1....85
NYG,EL,H&P pur mon 4s: 1....73
NYRys adj 5s: 1....13⅛; 10....13⅛
N Y Tel 4½s: 2....90; 4....89⅛
N&W cv 6s, wi: 25....107⅛; 25....107⅛
Nor Pac 4s: 5....85⅛; 1....85⅛; 4....85⅛
Nor Pac 3s: 10....60⅛
ref&imp4½s: 5....90
OreSL 1st 6s: 3....101; gtd ref 4s: 1....87
PacGas&El5s: 6....87⅛
Pac T & T 5s: 15....96⅛
1....96⅛
PaRRgen4½s: 3....89; gen 5s, temp ctfs: 5....97⅛; 41....97⅛; 148....97⅛; 77....97⅛
Penn Co gtd 3½s, Ser B: 5....73
Peo G & Co of Chi ref 5s: 6....76
PereMar 1st 5s: 2....87; 1st 4s: 1....73; 1....72⅛; 5....72⅛; 1....72
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1920: 1....101⅛; 7....101⅛; 2....101⅛; 1924: 3....93
Read'g gen 4s: 1....85⅛
St L & S F pr lien 4s, A: 17....62⅛; 2....62⅛; pr lien 5s, B: 6....78⅛; 1....78⅛; adj 6s: 1....67; income 6s: 5....45; 8....44⅛
StLSW 1st 4s: 2....73
SAL adj 5s: 6....53⅛
Sincl Oil & R 1st s f 7s: 17....96⅛; with war: 6....100
So Pac cv 4s: 7....84⅛; conv 5s: 21....103⅛; 23....103⅛; 1st ref 4s: 2....83
SouthRy 1st 5s: 82....96; gen 4s: 1....67⅛; 15....67⅛; St L Div 4s: 10....73⅛
TennCop cv 6s: 4....91
Tex Co deb 6s: 1....102; 1....101⅛
ThirdAv ref 4s: 2....52⅛; adj 5s: 2....30⅛; 2....30⅛
U Bag & P 5s: 1....85
Un Pac 1st 4s: 2....89; 1st & ref 4s: 2....81⅛; 1....81⅛
Union Pac 5s: 2....104⅛; 5....104⅛; 5....104⅛; 5....104⅛
URysofStL4s: 1....52⅛; 4....52
USR&Imp5s: 8....82; 11....80
USRubber5s: 7....103; 1st & ref 5s: 4....87; 4....86⅛; 5....87; 1....86⅛; 1....87; 2....86⅛
U S Steel Corp s f 5s: 5....100; 4....100⅛
Va-C C 1st 5s: 17....96; cv deb 6s: 6....102
VirgnRy 1st 5s: 7....94
Wabash 1st 5s: 2....97⅛; 1....97⅛
Wn Maryld 4s: 10....58⅛
Westn Pac 5s: 3....85⅛; 5....86
Wilson & Co 1st 6s: 3....98⅛; 3....98⅛; 1....98⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98	..	Pan 2s, r, 1938	98	..
2s, c, 1930	98	..	Pan 3s, r, 1961	83	..
3s, r, 1946	83	..	Pan 3s, c, 1961	83	..
3s, c, 1946	83	..			
4s, r, 1925	..	106¼			
4s, c, 1925	..	106			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98	..			

FOREIGN ISSUES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Foreign Sec. 5s	99¾	99⅞
Anglo-French Extern. 5s	97⅛	97⅜
Argentine 5s	90	94
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅞	98
Dom. of Canada, 1926	96⅝	97
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅞
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	87	93
Chinese Government 5s	71	72
Republic of Cuba 5s, 1944	92	95½
Republic of Cuba 5s, 1949	89⅝	96⅛
Republic of Cuba 4½s, 1949	82	83
Dominican Republic 5s	92	..
French Government 5½s	103⅜	103½
City of Bordeaux 6s	100¼	101
City of Lyons 6s	100⅛	101
City of Marseilles 6s	100¼	101
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	99
Japanese Government 4½s	86⅝	88
Japanese Government 4½s, 2d ser.	86⅝	88½
Japanese Government 4s	72	77
City of Tokio 5s	82	83
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1899	66	70
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1904	47½	55
Russian Government Rente 4s	51	53
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	[illegible]
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98	98⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, [illegible]	100⅛	100¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely	2¼	2¾
Allis & W.	97½	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	98	99
Am B N.	32½	35
Do pf	43	48
Am B Sug pf	85	89
Am C pf.	100½	101½
Am C & F pf	110	114½
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf	88	90
Am Exp	91	94
Am L pf	89½	90½
Am M 1st pf	42½	49½
Am Shipb. ex div	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	92	96
Am Snuff	110	125
Do pf	95	..
Am S Ref pf	114½	115
Am S Tob pf	93¾	96¾
Am T & C.	55	70
Am Zinc	11½	12
Do pf	40	43½
Assets It	1	1¾
Asso D G 1st pf	68	85
Do 2d pf	55	59¾
A T & S F	92½	92¾
Do pf	87	88½
A, B & A.	7½	8¾
A, G & W I pf	66¼	67½
Bald Lo pf	102	107
B & O pf	55½	56
B'ch Creek	30¼	..
Beth S 7% pf	90	100
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh.	66	69
Do pf	97	100
Bruns Ter.	8⅝	10½
B, R & P.	65	72¼
Do pf	90	107
Burns Bros pf	110	115
Bush Ter	..	97
But'k Co.	17¼	17¾
Can So	..	50
C, C & O	..	26
Do pf	..	60
Case (J I) pf	91	93½
Cent Fdy	17	28
Do pf	30	40
C R R of N J	209	230
C & S A T	117	180
C'tain-teed	30	40
Do 1st pf	87	..
Ches & O	56	56¼
Chi & Alt	6¼	10¼
Do pf	..	12
Chi Gt W	8¼	8½
Do pf	25	28¼
C & N W pf	133	136
C, R I & P 6% pf	65⅝	66¼
Chi, St P, M & Om	78	82
Do pf	105	115
Cleve & P	69½	80
Do spec	38	..
Clu-P pf	104	105
Col & So	21¼	24
Do 1st pf	48	50
Do 2d pf	41¼	48
Cons Gas	94¼	96
C I C M	8¼	8¾
Cont Can	68¼	69¾
Do pf	104½	107
Cont Ins	58¾	59½
Crex Carp	47	55
Cruc S pf	92	94
C-Am Sug	155	160
D & R G	3¾	5¼
Det Ed	110	117½
Det & M	..	85
Do pf	..	110
Det U Ry	80	89
D, S S & A	3	3½
Do pf	5	7
Elec S B	50	55
Elk H C	28¾	29
Do pf	..	47
Erie	16¼	17
Do 1st pf	27⅛	28
Do 2d pf	20	21
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	10	11
Do pf	36½	37
Fisher Bdy	36½	42
Do pf	92½	93¾
Gen Ch pf	103	106
Gen Cig pf	103	106
Gen Elec	149	150
Gt Nor pf	92¾	93⅛
G, M & N	7	9
Do pf	31½	33½
Gulf S S 1st pf	94	99½
Hartman	54½	60
Hask & B	44	45
Homestake	84	98
Int Agric	13	15½
Do pf	55½	57
Int Harv	113	115
Int N pf	96½	..
Int Pa pf	75	78
Do pf s	62	63
Int Salt	52	62
Iowa Cent	3	4
K C, Ft S & M pf	59	..
Kan C So	18¼	19
Do pf	51	53
Kelly S T pf	90	92
Kelsey Wh.	31	34½
K & D M	3	5
Do pf	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P	97	98
Kresge(SS)	165	..
Do pf	106	..
Kress(S H)	56	67½
Do pf	105	..
Lacl Gas	83	87
L E & W	8⅝	9
Do pf	18	20
Leh Val	55¼	55½
Ligg & M	205	225
L-W Bisc 1st pf	95⅝	..
Do 2d pf	94	97½
Louis & N	118	120
M'kay Cos	69	72½
Man B'ch	..	3
Man El S	..	44
Man Elev	85	87½
Man Shirt	67	78
Marlin R	71	80
Math Alk	..	43½
Max M 1st pf	52	52¼
Do 2d pf	20	20¾
M Dep Sts pf	104	106
Mich Cent	85½	96
M & St L	10¼	10½
M, St P & S S M pf	100	108
Do L L	61	70
M, K & T pf	8⅝	10
Mo Pac pf	53½	54½
Mon P pf	104	..
Mor & Es	71¼	79
N, C & St L	110	120
Nat Bisc	112½	113
Do pf	115	116
Nat C & S	72	76
Nat L pf	108	110
Nat Rys of M 2d pf	8¼	8¾
N Y, C & St L	29	30
Do 1st pf	60¼	66
Do 2d pf	43½	47
N Y Dock	24	26
Do pf	40	48
N Y, O & West	19½	20½
Norf & W pf	72⅞	74
North Am	47	48¾
Nor Cent	97	..
Nor Pac	92½	93
Ohio F S	43	44½
Owens B M pf	104	109
Pabst B pf	92	..
Pac Coast	41	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf	55	60
P T & T	17½	22
Peo & E	5	6½
Pere Marq	12¾	13½
Do pr pf	57	59
Pett-Mull	29	40
Do 1st pf	94	100
Phila Co ex div	31	32
Pierce-A pf	101⅜	102
P, C, C & St L ex div	44	45
Pitts C pf	85½	86½
P, Ft W & C	133½	138
Pitts S pf	90¼	94
Pr Stl Car pf	99	104
P S N J	91	..
R It Sec, I C stk cfs	..	70
Ry Stl Spr pf	102	107
Rdg 1st pf	37½	38
Do 2d pf	37½	38½
Rep I & S pf	100	101½
St L S F	13	14
Do pf	25	27
St L S W	17½	22
Do pf	30	32
Savage A	60	62
Sears-R	179⅝	180
Do pf	115	125
S-S S & I pf	83	90
So P R S	135	138
Do pf	102	108½
St'd M pf	88	89
Studeb Co pf	95	95½
Sup Stl 1st pf	95	98½
Tenn Cop	13½	14
T P L Tr	200	290
Third Av	14	15
Tide W O	210	220
Tob P pf	102	104½
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs	..	8
Do pf	16	20
Do pf c.	10	18
Tran & W	37¼	38½
T C R T	36	42
Do pf	70	125
Und Type	117	125
Do pf	110	..
U B & P	76	78
Un Cig Sts pf	110	125
Un Drug	94	94½
Do 2d pf	81	81½
U Dyew'd	59	61
Do pf	90	95
U Rys Inv	8	9
U S C I P pf	42	46½
U S Exp	16½	18
U S Ind A pf	100	..
U S R 1st pf ex d	108¼	111
U S Stl pf	114⅝	115
Utah Sec	14	14½
Va-Car Ch ex div	53	54
Do pf	111	114
Va I, C & Coke	57½	62
Va R & P	..	48
Wab pf B	19⅝	20¼
W F Exp	66	74½
West Md	10¾	11¼
Do 2d pf	23	29
West Pac	19	20½
Do pf	..	61
W E & M 1st pf	60	65
W & L E	8½	9½
Do pf	17½	19
White Mtr	45¼	47
W-Over pf	88½	89½
Wilson pf	90	99
Wis Cent	32	35
W'w'th pf	117	121
Wor Pump	56	57
Do pf A	88½	90
Do pf B	66	67½

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RAILROAD DEFAULTS ON BOND INTEREST

Clover Leaf Receiver Fails in January Payment on $9,075,000 Prior Lien Issue.

GOVERNMENT HAS FUNDS

Trustees Look for Early Settlement of Differences with Federal Administration.

As the result of the refusal of the receiver for the Toledo, St. Louis & Western Company to accept the Railroad Administration's recent allocation of equipment, a refusal which the United States District Court in Toledo, Ohio, upheld, it became known yesterday that the January interest on the company's $9,075,000 prior lien 3½ per cent. bonds due in 1925, has not been paid. The Farmers Loan and Trust Company as trustee of the mortgage has sent to holders of the bonds a communication which discloses the facts concerning the nonpayment of the interest. It reads in part:

Inasmuch as the receiver's cash had all been turned over to the Government, the receiver found himself without funds as the date of maturity of interest upon the prior lien bonds approached, and in an endeavor to finance himself pending his controversy with the Government he saw fit to file a petition with the above court (the Federal Court at Toledo) seeking to have $1,000,000 of certificates issued with priority over the mortgages, including the prior lien mortgage, in order to raise the money wherewith to pay interest on the mortgage, principal, and interest of equipment obligations and other receivership expenses during 1919.

We have been notified under order of the Court of this application, communicated at once with holders of some of the large blocks of prior lien bonds, and at their request interposed an answer vigorously objecting to the issuance of certificates, as did the trustee under the first mortgage. The result of the whole complicated situation was that the Court authorized the receiver to endeavor to settle his controversy with the Government by accepting a very much smaller number of cars, and pending the negotiation in that direction the Court adjourned the application for receiver's certificates.

We are expecting any day to hear from the receiver that he has settled his controversy with the Government, as he was very hopeful about it, and in case the controversy is settled he is also hopeful of obtaining necessary financial assistance from the Government pending the negotiation of a just compensation contract to cure this default in interest and to finance the receivership in the immediate future.

The Toledo, St. Louis and Western was the first railroad to resort to the courts in an effort to refrain from paying war prices for equipment which was alleged to be unnecessary and which the Director General of Railroads had ordered the road to purchase. The action attracted considerable attention in the railroad world, and it was intimated yesterday that the outcome of the discussion between the Clover Leaf receiver and the Railroad Administration might have some bearing on the attitude of other carriers which have had heavy equipment allocations thrust upon them.

ELECT NEW BANK DIRECTORS

Changes in Trust Companies and National Banks Also Made.

New Directors of a number of banks and trust companies were elected yesterday and additional announcements were made of new national bank Directors and and officers, some of them chosen the day before. Bertram G. Work, President of B. F. Goodrich Company, was elected to the board of the Equitable Trust Company and the retiring Directors were re-elected for another year. The officers were re-elected. Arthur A. Houghton of Corning, was elected a Director of the Metropolitan Trust Company.

The Board of Directors of the State Bank was increased from eleven to fifteen members through the election of Sol Wexler, Wilbur L. Ball, M. H. Mann, and Michael Tuch. The retiring Directors were re-elected. James M. Motley was elected a Director of the Bank of Cuba. D. H. G. Penny, Assistant Director of the Division of Foreign Exchange of the Federal Reserve Board, was elected a Vice President of the National Bank of Commerce. He was formerly a Vice President of the Irving National Bank.

Shareholders of the Battery Park National Bank elected as Directors on Tuesday William H. Kemp, Edward Flash, Jr., Frederick E. Hasler, George M. Dexter, and Edwin B. Day. New Directors of the National Butchers & Drovers' Bank are J. S. Jenkins, L. L. Rothstein, Charles Harwood, and Frank G. Carter.

C. L. Marcus was re-elected a Vice President of the Bank of United States. The latter institution yesterday opened a branch office at 320 Fifth Avenue, the ceremony being preceded by a luncheon to the Directors at the Waldorf.

Irvin Cadmus, William H. Barron, William C. Pettee, and Arthur W. Mellen, were elected Directors of the Fidelity Trust Company at a stockholders' meeting yesterday.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

For account of executors—

10 shares New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, $100 each, 302.

90 shares American Surety Company, $50 each, 50½ per share.

For account of whom it may concern—

100 shares National Bank of Commerce, $100 each, 215½.

$8,100 Potomac 5s, Chesapeake Steamboat Company, first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1944. Interest January and July, 39.

25 shares Great American Insurance Company, $100 each, 850.

1,923 8-20 shares Independent Chemical Company, Inc., 7 per cent. cumulative first preferred V. T. C., $100 each, 60.

1,923 shares Independent Chemical Company, Inc., common, V. T. C., no par, $10 per share.

50 shares Bankers Trust Co., $100 each, 350.

$9,500 New York Dock Company, first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1951, 71.

800 shares West Penn Traction and Water Power Company, common, 7.

800 shares West Penn Traction and Water Power Company, preferred, 55.

925 shares American Water Works and Electric Company, Inc., common, 8.

136 shares American Water Works and Electric Company, Inc., 6 per cent cumulative first preferred, 70.

14 shares First-Second National Bank of Pittsburgh, 75.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil...	5	5¼	Houghton ...	90	
Bay S Gas..	7	9	Homa Oil...	28	29
Boe Ariz....		1½	Iron Blees..	45	52
Boston Ely..	95	99	Iron Cap....	15½	16
Boe Mont....	50	51	Jer Verde....	45	50
Begole	50		La Rose.....	22	28
Black Hawk	23	50	Majestic	22	25
Bohemia	75	85	Mex Metals..	27	31
Butte Lon...	14	15	Mol Tung....	5	7
Calaveras ...	1½	1¾	New Baltic..	1	1½
Champ. old..	3	4	Nat Z & L...	9	10
Chief Cons..	3½	3¾	Nixon Nev...	39	40
Cons Cop....	5½	6	New Dome....	35	39
Cons Ariz....	1½	1¾	Onaco	20	45
Cortez	12	17	Onondaga....	15	20
Crown Res...	44	48	Sevan Mets..	39	40
Crystal	18	19	S W Metals..		
Deadigh	53	54	full paid...	85	99
Earl Eagle...		2	Un Ver Ext.	34	35
Eagle & B...	2¼	2½	Vic Mines....		75
Fortuna.....	3	4	Yukon Gold..	80	1
Gold Lake...	2	4			

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$4,868,239	$89,819,841
Internal Revenue—		
Inc. and exc. profits taxes	13,806,002	897,751,665
Miscellaneous	43,513,178	632,735,429
Miscellaneous rev...	7,188,027	264,949,088
Total receipts.....	$67,180,461	$1,676,286,924
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts.	906,409,289	7,556,063,855
Excess of total rec. over total disb....	98,441,817	.....
Excess of total disb. over total receipts.		406,508,726
Expenditures	672,589,761	9,232,343,780

FOR EDUCATIONAL CAMPAIGN

Meeting to Explain Use of Trade Acceptances Here Tuesday.

A campaign to expand the use of bank and trade acceptances in business throughout the country is to be launched next Tuesday at a meeting in the Merchants' Exchange half of the Woolworth Building, when W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, and Paul M. Warburg, his predecessor in office, are scheduled to speak. At the meeting the American Acceptance Council is to be formed to succeed the American Trade Acceptance Council, which has been developing the field for the last two years. Bankers, corporation heads, and members of business firms and credit organizations from many cities to the number of 250 are expected to attend.

The formation of the new council has been completed after several months' work by a committee including Beverly D. Harris, Vice President of the National City Bank; Lewis E. Pierson, President of the Irving National Bank; Percy H. Johnson, Vice President of the Chemical National Bank; Jerome Thralls, President of the Discount Corporation, and J. H. Tregoe of the National Association of Credit Men. When the organization was proposed by the committee, it was learned, applications for membership came from all parts of the country.

"The council's chief purpose," said Mr. Johnson yesterday, "is to carry on the educational work in the use of acceptances which was first undertaken by the old organization. No differentiation will be made between bank and trade acceptances in the organization's work, and it is expected that within a short time branch councils will be established in various cities. It is proposed to have an Executive Committee of fifteen members, and the actual business of the council will be conducted by a Managing Director, assisted by a Director of Publicity."

Mr. Johnson said that virtually every bank and trust company in New York, as well as many banking firms and commercial houses, had already gone on record as supporting the new council.

NOTE MORTGAGE INCREASE.

Title Company's Business Shows Dullness of Real Estate Market.

In his report to stockholders of the New York Title and Mortgage Company at their annual meeting yesterday Harry A. Kahler, President, stated that the company's outstanding guaranteed mortgages increased in 1918 $21,976 to $41,005,637, reflecting the dullness of the real estate market in the last year. Mr. Kahler asked stockholders to use their best efforts to aid in the development of the American Trust Company's business. The new concern, which is owned by the New York Title and Mortgage Company, will soon open for business.

Mr. Kahler said that in the year 1918 the demands of the Government for funds to carry on the war greatly restricted investments in mortgages, as well as in other securities. The volume of the company's new mortgage business was, in consequence, reduced. Nearly all loans were for small amounts, but with more than the normal margin of security value, he said. He added that money for mortgages is still in limited supply, particularly for the larger mortgages, but the amount available had been increasing quite noticeably within the last few weeks.

REPORT TOBACCO PROFITS.

British-American Company Shows Net of £3,140,174 for the Year.

In the year ended with September, 1918, the British-American Tobacco Company reported net profits amounting to £3,140,174 after allowing for income and excess profits taxes. The company has also declared a final dividend of 6 per cent., making total disbursements of 30 per cent. for the year.

In their annual report the Directors say that the factories in England in the course of the year have been largely engaged on supplies for troops abroad. Despite the advanced costs of tobacco leaf the net profits for the year of £3,140,174, compare with £3,105,002 in the preceding year before the deduction of excess profits in that period.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A. E. Ames & Co. are offering at 85.91 and interest to yield approximately 5.50 per cent. $1,625,000 Province of Quebec 4½ per cent. coupon gold bonds due June 1, 1946.

Hughes & Dier have prepared an interesting booklet entitled "Silver and Mexico," which contains information about modern mines in that country in their relation to the future supply of silver.

Lindley M. Garrison, former Secretary of War and now receiver for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, will speak in the Bond Club at its luncheon Jan. 24 at the Bankers Club.

Ensign Hamilton Fell has received his discharge from the service and is back at his desk with Baker, Carruthers & Fell.

Edward S. Moore, who was Assistant Secretary of the Guaranty Trust Company when he joined the navy for the period of the war, has become associated with Gude, Winmill & Co.

J. B. Harris & Co. have prepared a special circular on Cities Service debenture bonds, which is ready for distribution.

"Poor's Complete List of Securities Maturing Jan. 1, 1919, to Dec. 31, 1921," is ready for distribution. Because of increased costs the list is being issued annually and is limited to 1,000 copies.

It is expected that the earnings statement of the Cities Service Company for December and the twelve months of 1918 will be issued early in the coming week.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15, '20	98	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	6	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99¾	..
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99	99⅝	6.00
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	101	5.70
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	50	52	..
Do rubles..	5½	Feb. 14, '20	121	124	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	48	51	..
Swiss Govt...	5	Mar., 1920	98½	99½	5.50

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100½	100⅝	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99¾	5.75
Am. F. & Lr.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread..	6	Dec., 1928	101	102	5.70
Am. Tob. Co..	7	Nov., 1919	101¼	101⅝	5.35
Am. Tob Co..	7	Nov., 1920	101⅞	102	5.90
Am. Tob. Co..	7	Nov., 1921	102¾	102⅞	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103	6.00
Am. Tob. Co..	7	Nov., 1923	103⅛	103⅜	6.10
Am. T. & T..	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P..	6	July, 1919	96½	99½	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅜	99⅝	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '19	100½	100⅞	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '20	100⅝	101	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '21	100⅝	100⅞	6.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	100⅝	101	6.65
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	101	101⅛	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	100⅜	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1027	80	01	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	97⅞	98½	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	96½	97¼	7.10
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.50
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99½	100¼	5.85
Cud'y F. Co.	7	July 15, '23	102½	102⅞	6.40
Del. & Hud..	5	Aug., 1920	98¾	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97⅛	98⅜	6.50
Security.	**Rate.**	**Due.**	**Bid.**	**Ask.**	**Yield.**
Erie R. R...	5	Apr., 1919	94½	95½	..
Fed. Sug. R..	5	Jan., 1920	97½	98½	6.50
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1919	100¾	100¾	5.45
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1920	100½	100⅝	5.40
Gt. A. & P..	6	June, 1921	98	99⅝	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry..	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99	5.70
L. G. & E..	7	Sep., 1920	98	99	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	97	100	6.00
Mut. C. C....	5	Feb. 1, '19	99	99¼	..
M. V. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	85	88	8.65¼
Met. Ed.....	6	Dec., 1920	94½	97½	7.75
Met. Ed. 1st & ref.....	5	Aug., 1922	90	93	..
N. Y. Cent...	5	Sep., 1919	99¾	99½	6.80
Okl. G. & E..	6	June, 1919	98	99⅝	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C. N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitts. & S. S. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100½	5.65
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100½	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	101⅜	6.15
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.85
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¾	103	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103⅞	104¼	5.75
Read. T. & L.	6	Aug., 1919	94½	95¾	7.50
Rem. A. U. M. Ctgs. Co....	5	Feb., 1919	99½	99⅝	..
San Diego C. G. E. Ry.	6	Dec., 1922	91	94	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	..
St. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1921	98	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	99	99⅜	..
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99½	100⅛	6.75
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	96½	97½	7.35
United Lt. & Ry.	6	May, 1920	98	98½	8.00
U. L. & Ry.	7	Apr., 1923	94	95½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15, '22	80	90	9.25
W. E. & M....	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Win. R. A...	7	Mar., 1919	99¾	100	7.00

ARMOUR & CO. SHOW DECLINE IN INCOME

Company Reports Net of $15,247,837, as Compared with $21,293,563 in 1917.

SURPLUS IS $69,366,766

Delivered to Government and Allies Goods Valued at $241,000,000 from Plants Here.

Armour & Co. in the annual report for the year ended Nov. 2, 1918, show a net income of $15,247,837, as compared with $21,293,563 in 1917, and $20,100,000 in 1916. Gross income after deducting all charges, with exception of interest on bonds, debentures, and current loans, was $26,128,610. The gross sales in 1918 amounted to $861,000,000, an increase of $236,000,000 over 1917. Attention is called to the fact that despite the increase, the net profit in 1918 was 1.8 cents on each dollar of sales, as compared with 2.7 cents in 1917. The net profit for the year was at the rate of 9 per cent. on the average net capital invested, and was 14.7 per cent. on the common stock, after provision for the preferred dividends. The report says that increasing demands for additional business facilities made it necessary to reinvest more than $18,000,000 in the business, this being the balance after the payment of the preferred stock dividend and 2 per cent. on the common.

The company's surplus is shown in the report to be $69,366,789, as compared with $56,126,680 in the year previous. The balance sheet places the inventory at $150,894,067, an increase of nearly $50,000,000 over 1917. An increase also is shown in net working capital from $108,869,281 in 1917 to $173,092,199 last year.

In commenting on the company's affairs J. Ogden Armour in his report to stockholders says:

"Our profit account shows that we, along with the consumer, have suffered because of high prices. Our business is predicated on a rapid turnover of a big tonnage at a small margin of profit, and high prices are not conducive to quick turnover. We are helpless in the matter of reducing prices. They are high because of the heights to which live stock and labor have gone. Our labor costs last year were $30,000,000 more than the preceding year. The same number of pounds of live stock cost us in 1918 $100,000,000 more than in 1917. The United States Government, through the agency of the Food Administration, compels us to pay a minimum of $17.50 per hundred pounds, live weight, for hogs, which cannot, at that figure, produce cheap bacon, pork, and other hog products, and cattle at $16 or more per hundred pounds on the hoof cannot produce cheap beef. Stock raisers assert that such prices are necessary to pay them for the increased cost of production, and we realize the need of prices which will encourage continued agricultural effort. While the extraordinary demand from Europe continues there is little prospect of lower prices.

"The United States Government, through the Food Administration, formulated on Nov. 1, 1917, regulations limiting our profits in a more drastic manner than was prescribed for any other industry. Thus our profits were limited to 2.5 per cent. on our volume and 9 per cent. per annum on the capital invested in the meat-producing lines. We were able to earn only a very small fraction of the amount allowed on volume, and only about one-half of the authorized return on invested capital.

"During the year we delivered to our Government and to its European associates food products of a value of $241,000,000 from our plants in this country alone. We sent forth thousands of tons of food and got back a minimum of complaint, and not a word of criticism as to the efficiency of our service."

FOR CONVERSION OF BONDS.

Glass Would Extend Time for Holders of 4% Liberty Issue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Secretary Glass of the Treasury Department today wrote to Chairman Kitchin of the House Ways and Means Committee informing him that more than a billion dollars' worth of 4 per cent. Liberty bonds of the First and Second issues remained in the hands of bondholders unconverted, and stating that it was Mr. Glass's intention to submit to Congress a provision intended to extend the conversion privilege. The letter read:

"Washington, Jan. 15, 1919.

"Dear Mr. Kitchin:

"The total amount issued of 4 per cent. bonds of the First Liberty Loan converted was $568,316,450, of which there remain outstanding as of Dec. 31, 1918, in the hands of the public, unconverted, after deducting bonds purchased and retired by means of the Bond Purchase Fund and bonds held by the War Finance Corporation, $200,680,000.

"The total amount issued of 4 per cent. bonds of the Second Liberty Loan was $3,807,862,350, of which there remain outstanding as of Dec. 31, 1918, in the hands of the public, unconverted, after deducting bonds purchased by means of the Bond Purchase Fund and bonds held by the War Finance Corporation, $866,800,000.

"Total 4 per cent. Liberty bonds outstanding as of Dec. 31, 1918, $1,067,480,000.

"Under the terms of the contract with the holders of these bonds the conversion privilege expired on Nov. 9, 1918, six months after it arose. Every effort was made by Secretary McAdoo to give publicity to the fact of the conversion privilege and its approaching expiration, and that privilege remained open for six months. My belief is that those who did not avail themselves of the conversion privilege within the period fixed by the terms of the contract which the Government made with them fall among the class of small holders who are unaccustomed to bond investments, and who, on account of the very wide distribution of Liberty Loan bonds, were not reached by general publicity and could not, except in the case of registered bonds, be reached by department circulars.

"Insistence upon the letter of the contract will result in loss to a group of patriotic bondholders toward whom a special duty of consideration exists. The United States has suffered nothing by their failure to act promptly in the exercise of the conversion right, and it is my judgment that the conversion privilege should be extended. I propose to submit to your committee in connection with the bond bill, which it will be necessary for me to present at an early date, for your consideration, a provision intended to extend the conversion privilege, so that the higher rate of 4¼ per cent. shall be effective from the semi-annual interest payment date next succeeding the date of presentation for conversion.

"I am writing this letter to you now and giving it to the press in order that the holders of these bonds may be informed of my views concerning the matter.

"I am sending a copy of this letter to Senator Simmons. Very truly yours,

"CARTER GLASS."

NATIONAL BISCUIT REPORT.

Net Earnings in 1918 $5,135,839, Surplus $1,353,004.

The report of the National Biscuit Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1918, shows net earnings of $5,135,839, compared with $4,622,348 in the eleven months ended Dec. 31, 1917. After the deduction of preferred dividends the balance available for the $29,236,000 common stock was approximately $3,299,494, or $11.02 a share. In the eleven months ended Dec. 31, 1917, $9.87 was earned on the common stock after the deduction of the preferred dividend.

The surplus after payment of both preferred and common dividends amounted to $1,353,004 for the year, which compared with $839,513 in the preceding year, making the profit and loss surplus as of Dec. 31, 1918, $17,761,784, against $16,408,780 the year before.

The report states that the company adhered to the rulings of the Food Administration, and that it prepared large quantities of hard bread for the Government.

CUBA

The Mercantile Bank of the Americas announces the opening of the

Banco Mercantil Americano de Cuba

Paid up Capital and Surplus, $2,500,000

at Havana

This new affiliated institution, organized by the Mercantile Bank of the Americas and the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, offers its facilities to American exporters and importers interested in Cuban trade.

Collections and other banking business sent to this bank, either direct, through us or through other banks, will receive prompt attention.

MERCANTILE BANK of the AMERICAS

An American Bank for Foreign Trade

Paris NEW YORK Barcelona

44 Pine Street

Secured Gold Notes

Due June 1, 1920

To Yield over 7.10%

Issued by one of the strong industrial corporations of this country. The notes are unusually well secured, the company's net assets being several times its total funded debt, and earnings over three times interest charges on its entire funded debt. Earnings have shown satisfactory improvement and are dependable.

We recommend these notes as a conservative investment to yield a maximum return.

Kean, Taylor & Co.

5 Nassau Street, New York

Chicago Pittsburgh

The Advantages of a Safekeeping Account

Conserving Time in the Care of Securities

SUCH details as the clipping and depositing of coupons, the making out of Income Tax certificates, and other matters of routine care incident to the ownership of securities, may be delegated to us through a SAFEKEEPING ACCOUNT with our Trust Department.

Under such an account our Trust Department:

Accepts the custody of securities against receipt and assumes responsibility for their safety;

Collects and credits (or remits) the income from your holdings, and the principal when due;

Prepares Income Tax certificates of ownership required in connection with the collection of coupons, interest on registered bonds, and dividends of foreign corporations;

Reports upon the condition of your investments, when requested;

Buys, sells, and receives and delivers securities upon your order by mail or telegraph;

And attends to many other details which have heretofore claimed your personal time and attention. At the same time your holdings are always subject to your control.

The cost of this service is very moderate. Our booklet, "THE SAFEKEEPING OF SECURITIES," will be sent on request. Our offices are conveniently located; may we suggest a call at the one nearest you, in order that we may explain fully how a SAFEKEEPING ACCOUNT will be of advantage to you?

This Company, through its Trust Department, acts as:

Executor Administrator Testamentary Trustee

Guardian Committee Trustee under Deeds of Trust

and in every other fiduciary capacity.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York

140 Broadway

FIFTH AVENUE OFFICE Fifth Avenue and 43rd Street

MADISON AVENUE OFFICE Madison Avenue and 60th Street

Capital and Surplus $50,000,000 Resources over $700,000,000

We advise the purchase and are making a specialty of

U. S. Government Liberty Bonds

and are prepared, at any time, to buy or sell large or small lots.

Kidder, Peabody & Co.

115 Devonshire St. BOSTON

17 Wall St. NEW YORK

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NEW YORK

Six Opportunities In Peace Investments

We offer and recommend the following long term bonds as permanent peace investments:

NAME OF ISSUE	Approximate Yield
Cleveland Electric Illuminating First 5s of 1939	5.45%
New Orleans and Northeastern R. R. Ref. 4½s of 1952	5.50
Republic of Cuba External 4½s of 1949	5.75
Pacific Gas & Electric Ref. 5s of 1942	6.00
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ref. 4s of 1934	6.50
Public Utilities Co. (Evansville, Ind.) Ref. 6s of 1929	6.65

Circulars describing any of these issues will be furnished upon request.

All offerings subject to prior sale and change in price.

The National City Company

Main Office—National City Bank Building

Uptown Office—Fifth Avenue & 43rd St.

Correspondent Offices in 35 Cities

Bonds Short Term Notes Acceptances

INTEREST CREDITED MONTHLY

ON ACCOUNTS SUBJECT TO CHECK SPECIAL RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

55 CEDAR STREET

BROADWAY AT 73RD ST. MADISON AVE. AT 75TH ST. 125TH ST. AT 6TH AVE.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $6,000,000

STAN(OIL)DARD Securities

BOUGHT SOLD QUOTED

R. W. P. Barnes & Co.

Dealers in Standard Oil Stocks

25 BROAD ST. Tel. Broad 1784-5

Gillette Safety Razor Stock and Notes

Kirby Lumber

Morton Lachenbruch & Co

PHILADELPHIA Land Title Building Tel. Spruce 881.

NEW YORK Equitable Building Tel. Rector 5334.

I. M. TAYLOR & CO.

Investment Securities

120 Broadway, New York

Boston Philadelphia Cleveland Pittsburgh

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN SUMATRA TOBACCO CO.

New York, January 14, 1919.

The regular semi-annual dividend, No. 18, of three and one-half (3½%) per cent. on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable on March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 14, 1919. The transfer books do not close.

FRANK M. ARGUIMBAU, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

Fort Worth Power & Light Company

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 36.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of Fort Worth Power & Light Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 20, 1919.

T. B. YARBROUGH, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.

A quarterly dividend of one dollar ($1.00) per share on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 18, 1919.

F. A. SEAMAN, Secretary.

New York, January 7, 1919.

To those seeking information regarding western and middle-western securities we are pleased to offer the facilities of our Investment Department.

January list of offerings will be furnished on application.

UNION TRUST COMPANY
CHICAGO
A BANK OF STRENGTH AND CHARACTER

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.

Members
New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exchange
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61 Broadway New York.
Branches
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United Alloy Steel
A Peace Stock
Descriptive circular on request.
WADE, TEMPLETON & CO.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
42 Broadway New York
The U. S. Govt. warns against the stock swindler. Consult us or your bank.

Investment Opportunities
Prevailing prices for high grade Bonds being the lowest in many years afford the investor high yield with unimpaired security.
Return of money rates to normal should broaden the demand for such bonds and result in higher prices.
Selected list of thoroughly seasoned bonds supplied upon request.
McBee, Jones & Co.
120 Broadway, New York.
Tel. Rector 2525, 2526, 2883.

Famous Players-Lasky
Studebaker 7% Notes
Telephone New 6s
DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Phones 1960-5 Hanover.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 14 Wall St., N. Y.
The U. S. Government warns against the stock swindler. Consult your bank first.

WE WILL BUY
500 Shares or any part
Pabst Brewing Co. Pref.
Stock @ 90 flat.
MacQuoid & Coady
Members New York Stock Exchange.
14 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 9970

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Complete facilities for the execution of orders in any amount.
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Telephone 1111 Broad.

BETHLEHEM STEEL RESISTS WAR BOARD

Challenges Labor Commission's Right to Enforce Decree, as War Has Ended.

DRAWS REBUKE FROM TAFT

Chairman Questions Good Faith of the Company—Dispute Over Back Pay Award.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The authority of the National War Labor Board to enforce its decrees now that hostilities have ceased was challenged today by counsel for the Bethlehem Steel Company, who had been asked to appear to answer complaints that awards made by the board during the war had not been carried out.

Joint Chairman Taft of the board questioned the good faith of the company and said its present attitude "colors the whole situation with a sense of injustice which makes one yearn for judicial power to compel compliance." He added that the board did not have this power, but would meet Saturday with employes' representatives to determine "what there is possible to be done in this situation."

Representatives of machinists and electricians employed by the Bethlehem Company complained that awards of back pay were not carried out, and that men who complained through the Plant Committees established by the board were discharged.

"Our position is that the award does not apply today," said Guy Currier of Boston, attorney for the company, "though during the war we were prepared to accept anything the board recommended. We don't feel now that this board can go on adjusting grievances between employes and managements of the industrial plants."

Chairman Taft read a letter which the board received last September from E. G. Grace, President of the Bethlehem Company, who expressed willingness to enforce the award and allow the men to organize committees. He said, however, that the payment of the back wages under the increases would be contingent upon the readiness of the War and Navy Departments to increase the payments to the company for the production of munitions.

"Now doesn't the Bethlehem Company intend to show any good faith with the board?" Mr. Taft demanded. "You entered into the agreement to enforce the award in this letter. I don't consider that your present attitude shows good faith. You intend to flout what has been done."

Mr. Currier objected to the construction placed upon the action of the company by Mr. Taft. He said that the War and Navy Departments had not allowed increased payments on the company's war contracts and asked that a special section of the board be appointed to investigate the matter.

The attorney said the Bethlehem company was laying off large numbers of men and that the production of munitions which was its principal business had entirely stopped. He said that members of the shop committees created by the board had not been discharged in larger numbers than had other employes.

"This is a very painful situation to me," Mr. Taft said in adjourning the session. "We wish to secure what these workers are entitled to have under our previous award. The present attitude of Mr. Grace and his company in refusing to accept after what has been done colors the whole situation with a sense of injustice which makes one yearn for judicial power to compel compliance, but this board has not that power. I declare this meeting adjourned now to meet on Saturday with the employes' representatives to determine as nearly as we can what there is possible to be done in this situation."

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Borden's Con. Milk	$4	S	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Do pf.	$1.50	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1
Brit.-Am. Tob.	6	—	Jan. 31	....
Do	6	Int.	Jan. 31	....
Burns Bros. Coal	2½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Do	2½	Ex.	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Cities Service	½	M	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Do	1	Stk	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Do pf.	½	M	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Elgin Nat. Watch	2	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Fed. Sug. Ref. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 21
Nash., C. & St. L.	3½	S	Feb. 1	Jan. 25
Nat. Biscuit pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 31
Nat. Carbon	$1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 31
N. Y. & Hon. R. M.	3	Q	Jan. 30	Jan. 20
Do	2	Ex.	Jan. 30	Jan. 20
Pacific Gas & E. pf. and 1st pf.	$1.50	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Reading 1st pf.	1	Q	Mar. 13	Feb. 25
Sears-Roebuck	2	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 30
Tobacco Products	*1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 3

*Payable in scrip.

EARNINGS.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE—

	1918	1917	Decrease
Dec. gross	$149,100	$143,627	*$5,482
Net	68,742	67,943	*799
Sur. aft. chgs. and dvds	39,760	39,828	68
12 mos.' gross	1,605,721	1,572,143	33,578
Net	664,043	747,449	83,406
Sur. aft. chgs. and dvds	154,927	247,546	92,619

*Increase.

NATIONAL BISCUIT—For the year ended Dec. 31:

	1918	†1917	*1917
Net earn	5,135,839	4,822,348	4,679,306
Pfd. div	1,736,815	1,736,315	1,736,315
Com. divs	2,046,520	2,046,520	2,046,520
Surplus	1,353,004	839,513	796,471
Prev. sur	16,408,780	15,569,267	14,772,796
P. & L. sur	17,761,784	16,408,780	15,569,267

*Fiscal year ended Jan. 31. †Eleven months ended Dec. 31, 1917.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.60
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.80	5.40
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.90	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.80	5.20
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.88	5.50
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.90	7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.10	5.75
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.00	5.50
Erie R. R.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.25	5.75
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.90	5.40
Louis. & Nash	1919-'23	5	5.75	5.25
Mich. Central	1919-'30	5	5.90	5.40
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.40	6.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	6.90	6.10
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	6.60	6.10
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.30	5.80
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	6.00	5.70
Norfolk & West.	1919-'24	4½	5.75	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1918-'28	4½@5	6.25	5.85
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.75	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.25
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	6.00	6.50
Southern Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.90	5.40
Southern R. R.	1919-'24	4½@5	6.15	5.65
Union Tank Line	1919-'30	5	6.25	5.50

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Julia	.02
Alta	.02	Mexican	.10
Andes	.04	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.01	Ophir	.01
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con.	.02	Savage	.02
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.07
Hale & Norcross	.01	Union Con.	.10
Jacket	.03	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	2.65	Booth	.14
Brougher Divide	.20	Florence	.12
Cash Boy	.06	Goldfield Cons.	.22
Gold Zone	.19	Goldfield Merger	.06
Halifax	.25	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.35	Jumbo Exten.	.14
McNamara	.29	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.26	Lone Star	.04
Mizpah	.05	Silver Pick	.05
Monarch Pitts	.07	Spearhead	.18
Montana	.14	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.06	Manhattan Cons.	.06
Rescue	.07	Nevada Hills	.02
Tonopah Divide	3.82½	Packard	.20
Tonopah Exten.	1.30	Rochester	.27
West End	1.25	Round Mountain	.25
West Tonopah	.16	United Eastern	4.25
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.16
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5	5½	Isabella	6	7
Dr. J'pot	4	5	McKinney	8	9
Elkton	5	7	Portland	100	105
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	15	16
Golden C.	175	177	Vindicator	40	45
Granite	18½	25	Rose Nicol.	13	13½

IRON INDUSTRY IMPROVING.

Peace Time Business Larger Than Supposed, Says Iron Age.

The Iron Age states that an incomplete analysis indicates that the aggregate of peace-time business is larger than generally supposed, with bookings on Jan. 1 probably less than 10 per cent. below those of December. The Iron Trade Review also is more optimistic in its review of the week. The former says in part:

"Generally the producer describes conditions as better than expected. The trade has been so long used to full steam activity that it is not yet accustomed to the present period of low demand. With operations not quite so good as a week ago, it is to be expected that reports are numerous of plant shutdowns. The industry cannot, of course, expect 60 per cent. operation and not have idleness. A surplus of labor has already become apparent at steel works, with offers to work at lower than existing wage schedules. The December estimated output of steel ingots, 2,992,306 tons, is, with the same number of working days, only 2 per cent. less than the November production and there was no noticeable stocking of the rolled product, a fact which is favorable."

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 15.—Forty-six corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,211,350, were chartered today. They include:

Globe Tailoring Co., Manhattan, $10,000; L. and M. and D. Fine, 286 5th Av.

Jean Gruber, Inc., Manhattan, furs, $5,000; J. Kaplan, C. Troek, H. Fluegelman, 62 Broadway.

Henry Shambroom & Co., Manhattan, brokerage and commission business, $50,000; B. Bloch, B. Croner, J. Aks, 700 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

W. A. Curless Co., Manhattan, concrete, concrete pipe, and tile, $100,000; C. L. Fellows, A. C. Huber, O. B. Henderson, 417 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

Bessette & Ashby, Ltd., Manhattan, grain, hay, and feed, $5,000; G. C. Kalle, J. J. Griffin, M. N. McDonald, 30 Broad St.

Perpetual Tire Upkeep, Inc., Rochester, $100,000; L. E. Andre, J. W. Phillips, W. Miller.

Karr, Ellis & Co., Manhattan, freight and customs brokers, $100,000; J. E. D. Alton, E. J. Karr, A. Ellis, Rye.

Fleitmann-Watjen Co., Manhattan, goods, wares, and merchandise, $200,000; W. S. Sawyer, F. H. Fleitmann, A. Watjen, 120 West 81st St.

Sanitary Phone Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; M. L. Abbott, B. D. Colen, V. H. Emerson, 483 Riverside Drive.

John Glackner Realty Corp., Manhattan, hotel, restaurant, and cafe keepers, $450,000; J. A. Bennett, F. P. Pearce, J. A. Glackner, 59 Cortlandt St.

Exporters Purchasing Assn., Manhattan, jobbing, $3,000; E. M. Mueller, S. Brand, H. Lubetkin, 730 Riverside Drive.

Antaeus Trading Co., Manhattan, export and import trade, $25,000; E. A. Colligan, E. Rooney, T. F. Dwyer, 50 East 42d St.

Maxim Electrical Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; S. M. Loopf, F. F. Buttoer, J. Horris, 1,547 Broadway.

Harris Thrown Silk Corp., Manhattan, textiles and food products, $200,000; W. H. Kellogg, S. E. Hall, H. J. Gallagher, 150 Wadsworth Av.

Charles F. Amee & Co., Manhattan, exporting and importing business, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, active capital, $18,000; C. F. and E. S. Amee, A. Aloine, 98 West St.

Peter Stuyvesant Operating Corp., Manhattan, hotel and restaurant keepers, $50,000; C. A. Meyer, A. O. Quinn, L. S. Tuckhorn, 129 Broadway.

Straus Park Colony, Manhattan, realty, $10,000; B. Schonfeld, D. Greenspan, S. Citron, 309 Broadway.

Charles Hardy, Inc., Manhattan, buy and sell, as broker, ores, oils, &c., 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; W. A. White, J. J. Haessler, W. J. Sawyer, 60 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn.

Bersin Phonograph Co., Manhattan, 100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 30 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $10,150; H., D., and D. Bersin, 2,132 Daly Av., Bronx.

Jacobs Amusement Co., Bronx, $10,000; H. S. and J. Jacobs, J. Wilsin, 808 West End Av.

Charles A. Roos, Inc., Manhattan, brass and copper, $5,000; C. A. Roos, J. Glacel, J. M. Ruck, 420 West 48th St.

Robert Fraser, Inc., Utica, department store, $300,000; R., W., and R. D. Fraser, Utica.

Victory Restaurant, Inc., Manhattan, $6,000; H. and L. Singer, A. Berger, 14 West 98th St.

Everlasting Granolithic Co., Manhattan, $30,000; C. R. and C. E. Allison, A. M. Skivens, 111 Broadway.

K. & H. Novelty Furniture Co., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Hartman, J. Keppner, S. Kron, 618 Hendrix St., Brooklyn.

L. & L. Paper and Supply Co., Brooklyn, twine, paper, and grocers' supplies, $10,000; M. and B. Levison, L. L. Lentin, 8,738 18th Av.

I. A. M. Alarm and Seal Lock Co., Manhattan, $30,000; T. M. Clare, J. Forbes, T. J. Brennan, 104 Perry St.

Marine Electric Co., Manhattan, $30,000; W. H. Scott, O. E. Miller, R. Elkan, 15 Whitehall St.

Storyk Bros. & Cahn, Inc., Manhattan, ladies' wearing apparel, $10,000; A. and M. Storyk, B. Cohen, 484 Grand St.

John N. Knauff Co., Manhattan, bank, office, and saloon fixtures, $10,000; W. G. Koehn, E. and J. N. Knauff, 246 East 30th St.

Victory Blouse and Lingerie Co., Manhattan, $25,000; G. Norris, R. Lynch, E. V. Tuck, 115 Broadway.

W. P. Nelson Iron Works, Brooklyn, $25,000; E. T. Costello, R. P. Meyers, N. Nelson, 570 44th St., Brooklyn.

Advertising and Selling Co., Manhattan, publishing advertising magazine, $100,000; A. P. Walsh, E. Ullman, E. J. Curley, 328 East 31st St.

Sussex Holding Co., Manhattan, $10,000; C. R. and E. E. Allison, A. M. Skivens, 111 Broadway.

Leon's Modern Restaurant, Inc., Manhattan, $15,000; G. E. Haring, V. C. and S. A. Leon, 128 East 42d St.

Dix Bros., Inc., Manhattan, department store, $100,000; S. L. E. Savoy, N. J. and M. J. Dix, 98 Brandt Place, Bronx.

Typewriter Accessories Co., Manhattan, make typewriter appliances, $40,000; A. M. Skivens, E. E. and O. R. Allison, 111 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

State Mercantile Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $75,000.

Ludwig Bauman & Co., Brooklyn, $550,000 to $650,000.

Queensborough Lumber Co., Queens, $25,000 to $150,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Dieckerhoff, Raffloer & Co., Manhattan, $500,000 to $100,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Bedson-Bvyk, Inc., Manhattan, to Jefferson Motor Car Service, Inc.

AUTHORIZATION.

Exhibitors Mutual Distributing Corp., Del., motion pictures, $1,000,000; representative, W. J. Clark, 1,600 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

H. Kapsker, Inc., Manhattan.

Gutman, Hirsch & Wertheim, Inc., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 15.—Charters filed: Philadelphia New Method Molding and Metals Corp., $1,000,000; A. B. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Phillip L. Neisser, all of New York.

The Cleveland Trinidad Paving Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy of Wilmington.

Curyon Oil Co., $1,000,000; J. F. Cleveland, E. G. Johnson, A. Goodwin, all of New York.

Robert E. Gregg Oil and Gas Co., $500,000; W. F. O'Keefe, J. H. Dowdell, George G. Steigler of Wilmington.

American Tanning Materials Corp., $250,000; Charles B. Bishop, S. H. Baynard, A. M. Fox of Wilmington.

H. J. Shaffer Co., $100,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, G. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

General Materials Corp., $200,000; Charles L. Hoffman, Charles E. Prettyman, both of New York; C. L. Rimlinger of Wilmington.

The Nollid Co., $7,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Winther Truck Co., Kenosha, Wis., from $3,300,000 to $3,800,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 15.—Charters filed: Watch-Stop Sales Co., Bridgeport, $50,000; Charles F. Iazarad, Germantown, Penn.; George D. Vansciver, Chestnut Hill, Penn.; Earl J. Vansciver, Chestnut Hill, Penn.; J. Howard Vansciver, Oak Lane, Penn.

Charles H. Kip, Inc., shipping agents, Jersey City, $125,000; Charles A. Kip, Westfield, N. J.; Edward A. Murphy, Frederick H. Montgomery, New York.

George E. Blakeslee, Inc., Machinery, Jersey City, $500,000; George E. Blakeslee, Marshall Vanwinkle, Francis V. Many, Jersey City.

Capital Silk Co., Paterson, $15,000; Charles Messany, Rizalla Nayek, John Karaty, Paterson.

General Tube Co., iron and steel tubing, Newark, N. J., $50,000; Isador Leesenbaum, David Leesenbaum, Charter Rumdkvist, Newark.

Excell Restaurant, Inc., Trenton, $50,000; David D. Elmer, James S. Former, Nellie Former, Trenton.

F. J. Collins, general contracting, Newark, $25,000; Frederick J. Collins, Fred F. Spiegel, Francis C. Spiegel, Newark.

Atlas Mercantile Co., exporters and importers, Jersey City, $50,000; Hermann E. Eckhoff, William Y. Dear, Elsie F. Wellbacher, Jersey City.

Warren Chemical Co., Newark, $100,000; John Burstein, Benjamin Burstein, Samuel C. Burstein, Newark.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Central New York Gas and Electric Co.

Notice is hereby given that Roland L. Taylor and Philadelphia Trust Company, Trustees under the Mortgage or Deed of Trust of the Central New York Gas and Electric Company, dated March 15, 1911, securing the First Mortgage 6 per cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the said Company, have the sum of $7,683.06 to be applied to the purposes of the sinking fund under the provisions of Article Third, Section K, of said Mortgage, and that sealed proposals will be received at the office of said Philadelphia Trust Company, 415 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, up to 3 o'clock P. M. on January 31, 1919, for the sale to said Trustees at the lowest prices, not exceeding 105 per cent. of the par value thereof, with accrued interest, at which said bonds shall be offered for delivery on February 6, 1919, of a sufficient number of the said bonds to exhaust the said sum of $7,683.06. All proposals should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals to the Sinking Fund of Central New York Gas and Electric Company," and should designate the denominations of bonds. The right is reserved to reject any and all proposals.

PHILADELPHIA TRUST COMPANY,
By FRANK M. HARDT, Treasurer.
Dated Philadelphia, January 2, 1919.

Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis FIRST AND REFUNDING MORTGAGE.

Notice is hereby given that Bankers Trust Company, Primary Trustee under the First and Refunding Mortgage of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, dated July 1, 1912, to Bankers Trust Company and the Union Trust Company of Indianapolis, Trustees, intends to apply the sum of $14,850.97, now held in the Sinking Fund, to the purchase of First and Refunding Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, issued under such mortgage, at a price not exceeding par, accrued interest and 8% premium, and to that end invites offers to Bankers Trust Company of such bonds at a price not to exceed par, accrued interest and 8% premium, which offers shall be for all or any part of the bonds so offered.

All offers must be made in sealed envelopes and delivered to Bankers Trust Company as Primary Trustee, at its Trust Department, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, on or before 12 o'clock noon on February 14, 1919, and shall be for the sale to it of such bonds as of February 20, 1919. No offer will be accepted which shall be for a sum in excess of par, accrued interest and 8% premium.

Dated at New York, this 16th day of January, 1919.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Primary Trustee,
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK

Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third St.
New York, January 15, 1919.

At the Annual Meeting of the shareholders of this bank, held January 14, 1919, the following were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

RUEL W. POOR
WILLIAM H. GELSHENEN
THOMAS D. ADAMS
ROBERT J. HORNER
CHARLES S. WILLS
ALBRECHT PAGENSTECHER, Jr.
ESMOND P. O'BRIEN
ARTHUR W. SNOW
JOSEPH H. EMERY
WILLIAM N. McILRAVY
HORACE F. POOR

At the regular meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the following officers were unanimously elected:

RUEL W. POOR, President
HORACE F. POOR, Vice-President
ARTHUR W. SNOW, 2nd Vice-President

The following were appointed officers:

JOHN W. PEDDIE, Vice-President
ARTHUR W. SNOW, Cashier
RALPH THORN, Assistant Cashier
A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to the Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 5, 1919.

MUSKOGEE ELECTRIC TRACTION CO.

First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the mortgage of the Muskogee Electric Traction Company, dated May 1, 1912, hereby invites offerings for the sale to it of as many bonds issued thereunder as will exhaust the sum of four thousand four hundred thirty-two and 15-100 dollars ($4,432.15) at a price not to exceed 105% and accrued interest. Sealed offers will be opened at the office of the undersigned Trustee, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon February 4th, 1919; on and within thirty days after which date the holders of bonds whose offers are accepted must present their bonds to the Trustee for payment. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

Dated New York, N. Y., January 8, 1919.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee,
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice President.

DIVIDENDS.

At the meeting of the Directors of this company held in London to-day, it was decided to recommend to the shareholders at the Annual Meeting fixed to be held January 28, 1919, payment on January 31, 1919, of a final dividend of six per cent. free of British income tax upon the Ordinary shares, making with interim dividends already paid 30 per cent. for the year ended September 30, 1918, as against 30 per cent. for the year ended September 30, 1917.

In their annual report, the directors say that the factories in England have during the year continued to be largely employed on supplies for troops abroad and the American factories have also been fully employed. The cost of leaf and other materials has materially increased during the year and the employment of much larger capital has been necessary. Net profits for the year after deducting all charges and expenses for management, etc., and providing for income tax and estimated excess profits duty for the year are £3,140,174. 8.10. as against £3,105,002.0.6. for the previous year before providing for excess profits duty for that year the amount of which is estimated at £560,000. After paying final dividend of six per cent. carry forward will be £3,005,578.4.4.

The directors have also decided to pay on January 31, 1919, with final dividend for past year, an interim dividend of six per cent. for the year 1918-1919 on the Ordinary shares of the Company, free of British income tax. Transfers received in order at registered office in London up to January 15, 1919, will be in time to be passed for payment of dividends to transferees.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY LIMITED
January 15, 1919.

New York, January 16, 1919.
To the Holders of Prior Preference Stock of
Pere Marquette Railway Company

The Board of Directors of Pere Marquette Railway Company, at a regular meeting of said board held January 15, 1919, declared subject to the approval of the Director General of Railroads, a quarterly dividend of $1.25 per share (1¼%) upon the Prior Preference Stock of said Company, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 27, 1919, without the closing of the transfer books.

E. M. HEBERD, Secretary.

Referring to the foregoing notice, the Voting Trustees will, upon the receipt of the dividend therein mentioned, cause the same to be distributed through their agent, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, pro rata among the holders of Voting Trust Certificates for Prior Preference Stock of Pere Marquette Railway Company as the same appear on the books of the Voting Trustees at the close of business on January 27, 1919, without the closing of the transfer books. Checks will be mailed to such holders.

Dated New York, January 15, 1919.
BEEKMAN WINTHROP, Secretary of Voting Trustees.

THE PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY COMPANY
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NUMBER 7.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ended December 31, 1918, payable March 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on February 12, 1919.

D. W. SUMMERFIELD, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, January 2, 1919.

$5,000,000

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT COMPANY

of ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

First Mortgage Collateral and Refunding Ten-Year 7% Gold Bonds
Series "A"

Convertible at the option of the holder into either the Common Capital Stock of the Company, par for par, or into a like amount face value of Series "B" Thirty-Year 5% Bonds of the Company issued under the same mortgage, the Series "A" Bonds to be computed at par and the Series "B" Bonds at a 5½% income basis.

Dated January 1, 1919. Due January 1, 1929.

Interest payable semi-annually February 1 and August 1 (first and last coupons being for seven and five months respectively) in Saint Louis or New York. Coupon bonds registrable as to principal or exchangeable for fully registered bonds; coupon bonds are in interchangeable denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100, and fully registered bonds may be issued in denominations of $1,000 or any multiple thereof. Coupon and registered forms are fully interchangeable. Redeemable at any time upon 30 days' published notice at 102 and accrued interest if redeemed prior to January 1, 1922, and at 101 and accrued interest if redeemed on or after that date.

AUTHORIZED BY THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

Interest payable without deduction for Federal Income Taxes now or hereafter deductible at the Source, not in excess of 2%

Application will be made to list these Bonds on the New York Stock Exchange.

From a letter addressed to us by C. L. Holman, Esq., President of the Company, we summarize the following:

These bonds are now secured by a direct mortgage lien upon all the Company's physical property, and upon retirement of the First Mortgage Bonds, due May 1, 1919, will share equally in the lien of the then existing first mortgage of the Company.

The issuance of additional bonds is carefully safeguarded under the mortgage.

The physical condition of the property is excellent in every respect, it being the policy of the management to maintain its plant at all times in first class condition.

Net Earnings of the Company show a wide margin over all interest requirements.

Saint Louis is a manufacturing and distributing city of great importance, population having increased from 451,770 in 1890 to a present estimated population of 850,000. The Laclede Gas Light Company does all the gas business in this city, which is the fourth largest city in the United States.

The Company operates under a special charter which, in the opinion of counsel, is perpetual, and the validity of which has been established by the Supreme Court of the State of Missouri.

We Recommend these Bonds for Investment

PRICE 100 and Interest, Yielding 7%

All statements herein are official, or based on information which we regard as reliable, and, while we do not guarantee them they are the data upon which we have acted in the purchase of this security.

HALSEY, STUART & CO.
INCORPORATED — SUCCESSORS TO
N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO
49 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA BOSTON ST. LOUIS
DETROIT MILWAUKEE

How to Invest $1,000 to Net $60 a Year

"I HAVE $1,000 to invest. Where can I place my money so that I can be assured of—
—complete safety of principal;
—prompt payment of interest in cash;
—protection against depreciation in value;
—freedom from care, worry, or management;
—six per cent interest?"

Such is the problem many investors are facing.

First mortgage serial bonds, safeguarded under the *Straus Plan*, solve all such problems. They meet each and every one of the above requirements. One thousand dollars, invested in these safe bonds, will yield $30 every six months—$60 a year. Five hundred dollars will yield $15 every six months. An investment of $5,000, netting $300 a year, may be so diversified as to yield $25 every month.

Write today for our literature telling how the *Straus Plan* has protected investors for 37 years without the loss of a dollar to any of our clients, and describing safe 6% investments. Ask for

Circular No. A-151.

S.W.STRAUS & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1882— INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA SAN FRANCISCO
MINNEAPOLIS DETROIT

Thirty-seven years without loss to any investor

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY

To the Holders of

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY:

Three-Year Seven Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, due July 1, 1921.

Six-Year Five Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, due July 1, 1918.

NEW YORK MUNICIPAL RAILWAY CORPORATION:

First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Series A, due January 1, 1966.

In view of the appointment of a receiver of the properties of Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and of its subsidiaries, New York Municipal Railway Corporation and New York Consolidated Railroad Company, and the default in the payment of interest on the above-mentioned Three-Year Notes and of interest and sinking fund on the above-mentioned Bonds, the undersigned, owning and representing large amounts thereof, believe that prompt action should be taken for the protection of the above-mentioned Notes and Bonds, and to that end, acting as a Protective Committee, under a Deposit Agreement dated January 2, 1919, invite the holders of said Notes and Bonds to deposit the same, with all coupons attached, on or before JANUARY 31, 1919, with CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York City, as Depositary, under said Deposit Agreement. Against such deposits the Depositary will issue its certificates of deposit under said Deposit Agreement.

The undersigned have arranged that the Depositary will, if desired by depositors of said Three-Year Notes or First Mortgage Bonds, advance to them upon Notes or Bonds, at the time of deposit, the amo[illegible] the interest maturing thereon January 1, 1919. O[illegible] ship certificates in accordance with the Federal In[illegible] Tax Law will be required upon all advances.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained at the offices of the undersigned.

New York, January 6, 1919.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
KUHN, LOEB & CO.
KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

CHARLES E. SIGLER, Secretary.
54 Wall Street.

CRAVATH & HENDERSON, Counsel.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NIAGARA, LOCKPORT AND ONTARIO POWER COMPANY.
Notice of Redemption of Two-Year Secured Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the Two-Year Secured Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes of Niagara, Lockport and Ontario Power Company, due February 1, 1920, issued under the Trust Agreement dated January 31, 1918, made to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, that all said notes have been called for redemption and payment on February 1, 1919, and that said notes will be redeemed and paid on said date at the office of said The Equitable Trust Company of New York, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at their principal amount and accrued interest. Interest on said notes will cease from and after February 1, 1919.

Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates covering the amount of accrued interest should accompany the notes when presented for redemption and payment.

Notice is further given to the holders of said notes that on or before January 22, 1919, but not thereafter, they may, at their option, as provided in said Trust Agreement, convert their notes at face value into Refunding Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Series A and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum, of said Niagara, Lockport and Ontario Power Company, taken at ninety per cent. (90%) of their face value, with a cash adjustment of fractions as provided in said Trust Agreement.

Dated January 2, 1919.
NIAGARA, LOCKPORT AND ONTARIO POWER COMPANY,
By FRED. D. COREY, President.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

COLORADO FUEL & IRON COMPANY OF DENVER, COLO.
General Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bond

Notice is hereby given that fifty-three (53) General Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company of Denver, Colo., were this day drawn for the Sinking Fund in accordance with the requirements of the Sinking Fund clause of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows:

20	1397	2275	3170	4179	5593
60	1416	2353	3180	4221	5617
190	1451	2400	3487	4275	5758
308	1482	2486	3578	4314	
416	1698	2540	3616	4351	
889	1814	2593	3617	4553	
1089	1856	2706	3777	4986	
1207	1916	2774	3887	4999	
1224	1966	2800	3886	5135	
1385	2023	3069	4027	5266	

All future interest on any of the bonds so designated ceases with the coupon due Feb. 1, 1919, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

The above mentioned bonds will be paid at this office on or after Feb. 1, 1919, at 105% and interest (say $1,075 per bond).

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By E. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

EXPORT HOUSE,

sending one of their executives, (technically trained at Columbia University,) accompanied by a member of their technical staff, to
FRANCE,
ENGLAND,
BELGIUM,
ITALY,
is open to represent a few American manufacturers, particularly in the following lines:
STEEL PRODUCTS,
METALS,
CHEMICALS,
DRUGS,
DYESTUFFS,
ELECTRICAL GOODS,
FOODSTUFFS,
MANUFACTURED GOODS.
Best references required and given. Box K 606 Times Downtown.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

International Paper Company
CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND CONVERTIBLE BONDS.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor to Colonial Trust Company as Trustee under International Paper Company Mortgage dated January 3, 1905, hereby invites offers to the Sinking Fund for the sale of bonds issued under said mortgage to exhaust the sum of One Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Two Hundred and Ten Dollars and Eighty-eight cents ($168,210.88). Bonds offered at the lowest prices will be given preference.

Sealed offers will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon, on February 3, 1919, and should be endorsed "Offers for Sale of Bonds to the International Paper Company Sinking Fund."

The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee,
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice President.
Dated, New York, January 4, 1919.

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MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
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Stern Bros.
American Piano
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 Broadway, New York
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Lawyers Title and Trust Company
160 Broadway, New York.

At a meeting of the Directors of Lawyers Title and Trust Company, held January 15th, 1919, in pursuance of the By-Laws of the Company, the following officers were elected or appointed for the ensuing year:

Edwin W. Coggeshall,
Chairman of the Board
Louis V. Bright ....President
Frederic E. Gunnison ....Vice President
Thorwald Stallknecht ....Vice President
Herbert E. Jackson,
Vice Pres't & Gen'l Mgr.
Lewis H. Losee ....Vice President
Archibald Forbes ....Treasurer
Walter N. Vail ....Secretary
Robert I. Smyth ....Assistant Treasurer
Frederick D. Reed ....Assistant Secretary
George P. Parmelee ....Assistant Secretary
U. Condit Varick ....Assistant Secretary
William F. Baeck,
Assistant General Manager
William K. Swarts,
Mgr. B'klyn Banking Dept.
Joseph P. Stair,
Trust Officer, B'klyn Banking Dept.
WALTER N. VAIL, Secretary.

The Chemical National Bank of New York.
January 15, 1919.

At the Annual Election for Directors held at the banking house on January 14th the following-named gentlemen were elected Directors of this Bank for the ensuing year:

Frederic W. Stevens
W. Emlen Roosevelt
Robert Walton Goelet
Charles Cheney
Arthur Iselin
Frederic A. Juilliard
Ridley Watts
Charles A. Corliss
Herbert K. Twitchell
Percy H. Johnston

At a meeting of the Board held this day Mr. Herbert K. Twitchell was re-elected President and Mr. Percy H. Johnston was re-elected Vice President, and the following officers were reappointed: Francis Halpin, Vice President; I. B. Hopper, Vice President; John Clausen, Vice President; Edward H. Smith, Cashier, and James L. Parson, J. G. Schmelzel, John B. Dodd, and Samuel T. Jones, Assistant Cashiers.
EDWARD H. SMITH, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

Depositors Oil & Gas Co.

A 20% dividend for the year 1919, payable quarterly, having been declared, the first quarterly 5% will be paid January 31st, 1919, to stockholders of record January 20, 1919.
R. D. CRAWFORD, Secretary.

COMPANIES APPEAL IN CABLE SUITS

File 64 Exceptions to Federal Judge Hand's Decision Denying an Injunction.

HOLD RULINGS WERE FAULTY

Declare Suits Were Against Burleson and Carlton and Not President, as Court Decided.

Federal Judge Learned Hand yesterday filed the formal order dismissing the suits of the Commercial Cable and Commercial Pacific Cable Companies for an injunction restraining the Government from taking over the lines. There was also filed a list of sixty-four exceptions to the court's action by the companies. The companies secured permission to appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

The exceptions were prepared by William W. Cook, solicitor for the companies. They say that the court erred in his decision, that there was an error in holding that the suits were against President Wilson of the United States because in fact they were directed against Postmaster General Burleson and his assistant, Newcomb Carlton, because of the statement that the lines were taken over on Nov. 16, and that the action was within the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress of July 16, 1918.

It is further claimed that the court was wrong in stating that it had no power to question the act of the President and by holding the seizure of the cables necessary for the national security and defense, and that it was not within the power of the court to review the action. It is contended that the holding that the court had no jurisdiction to review the system of Government under the Constitution was unworkable and unthinkable.

After criticising the decision of the court in the matter of compensation at 6 per cent. without first obtaining an appraisal of the physical property and an allowance for earning power, the exceptions state that the court greatly erred in not holding as material and as a cause of action the intention to intermingle and consolidate the two companies with those of its competitor together with its good-will, to the end that the plaintiff might be forced or persuaded to abandon competition and to acquiesce in the defendant's plan for Government ownership of all of the cables.

It is further contended that the court should have held that within the spirit and purpose of the joint resolution of Congress the war ended when an armistice was signed, and that it was an error not to hold that the seizure of the cables was unreasonable and arbitrary and adversely affected the future income and the properties of the plaintiff. The court should have held, according to the list of errors, that it was illegal to take the plaintiff's property and to deprive the plaintiffs of moneys and profits without due process of law and without just compensation when there was no real public need for them. It is expected that the appeal will be heard by the Supreme Court on Feb. 3.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
January	$1.39	$1.35½	$1.37¼	$1.36	$1.27⅝
February	1.34	1.30	1.32¼	1.30¼	..
March	1.33	1.29	1.31¼	1.29¼	..
May	1.30¼	1.26⅝	1.28¼	1.27⅛	1.24½
July	1.28⅛	1.25	1.27½	1.25½	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	67⅞	66¼	66⅞	66¼	78⅝
February	67⅛	66⅜	67⅛	66½	..
March	68⅛	66⅝	67⅛	66⅞	77⅝
May	68⅛	67⅛	67⅛	67	75⅝
July	66⅛	64	64⅝	64¼	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 78c; No. 2 white, 78c; No. 3 white, 77¾c; No. 4 white, 77c; ordinary clipped, 77½@78½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	$23.85	$23.72	$23.77	$23.75	$24.72
May	23.85	23.60	23.77	23.57	24.95
Ribs—					
January	24.65	24.25	24.42	24.50	24.10
May	22.35	22.00	22.22	21.82	24.45
Pork—					
January	....	....	45.50	45.25	46.40
May	40.25	39.50	40.20	39.47	45.70

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close
May	14.30	13.90	13.95	14.30
July	14.10	13.80	13.80	14.15
September	13.90	13.65	13.65	14.00
December	13.75	13.50	13.50	13.84

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	$1.61	$1.60⅝	$1.61
February	....	....	$1.60⅝
March	....	....	1.61
May	1.61	1.60	1.60⅝

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY.
NOTICE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned hereby give notice that according to the Statutes of the State of New York relating to Limited Partnerships they have duly formed a Limited Partnership and the terms thereof are as follows:

I. The name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY. The County wherein the principal place of business is to be located is the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan.

II. The general nature of the business intended to be transacted is to carry on the business of brokers and to buy, sell and deal in stocks, bonds, grain and other commodities.

III. The names of all the General and Special Partners interested therein and their respective places of residence are as follows:

GENERAL PARTNERS.
HENRY E. BUTLER, residing at Cushing Road, Plainfield, State of New Jersey.
JOHN P. GRIER, residing at No. 30 West 59th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
PHILEMON DICKINSON, residing at Stenton Avenue and New Street, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania.
EDWARD H. LEVIS, residing at Mt. Holly, State of New Jersey.

SPECIAL PARTNERS.
J. HORACE HARDING, residing at Rumson, Monmouth County, State of New Jersey.
HENRY SANDERSON, residing at Oyster Bay, Nassau County, State of New York.

IV. The amount of capital which each Special Partner has contributed to the common stock is as follows:
J. HORACE HARDING has contributed One Million ($1,000,000.) Dollars;
HENRY SANDERSON has contributed Three Hundred Thousand ($300,000.) Dollars.
All of said partners are of full age.

V. The time at which the Partnership is to begin is January 1st, 1919, and the time at which the Partnership is to end is December 31st, 1920.

Dated New York, December 31st, 1918.
HENRY E. BUTLER,
JOHN P. GRIER,
PHILEMON DICKINSON,
EDWARD H. LEVIS,
J. HORACE HARDING,
HENRY SANDERSON.

CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY.
State of New York, City and County of New York, ss.:

HENRY E. BUTLER being duly sworn deposes and says that he is one of the General Partners in the Limited Partnership of CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY, formed by the Certificate dated December 31st, 1918, signed by the General and Special Partners of said firm, to wit:

GENERAL PARTNERS.
HENRY E. BUTLER,
JOHN P. GRIER,
PHILEMON DICKINSON,
EDWARD H. LEVIS.
SPECIAL PARTNERS.
J. HORACE HARDING,
HENRY SANDERSON,

and that the sum specified in the said Certificate to have been contributed to the common stock by each of the Special Partners has been actually and in good faith paid in cash, that is to say, J. HORACE HARDING has paid in cash the sum of One Million ($1,000,000.) Dollars, and HENRY SANDERSON has paid in cash the sum of Three Hundred Thousand ($300,000.) Dollars.
HENRY E. BUTLER.

Sworn to before me this 31st day of December, 1918.
[Seal.] EDGAR KEIM,
Notary Public, Nassau County. Certificate filed in New York County, No. 311. Register's No. 9245. Commission expires March 30, 1919.

LIQUIDATION WORKS TO DEPRESS COTTON PRICES

Prices Recede From 85 to More Than 100 Points Under Heavy Selling Orders.

Prices in the cotton market yesterday again broke sharply under very heavy selling. The liquidation was heaviest through the morning session, when cotton appeared in such large quantities that the break, extending to all contracts, disclosed declines ranging between 50 and 75 points under Tuesday's closing. Selling later in the day widened the price declines 85 to 106 points. The selling was general, being participated in by local, Wall Street, and Southern operators, as well as from outside speculative sources, the pressure from the South following the weakness in futures at New Orleans. There was but little, if any, support to the market, the principal buying by Liverpool interests on the scaledown, as well as by spot houses, seemed to play but a minor part as a halt in the declining values of the staple.

First prices showed January unchanged at 26.90c., with declines in the other options running 3 to 21 points below the preceding day's final prices. Almost immediately after opening prices had been marked up the selling movement worked values back substantially, and with little cotton to meet the liquidation went on establishing new lows. Around midday a covering by the shorts and profit taking by early bears rallied prices 20 to 30 points, but this was short lived, with a renewal during the afternoon of the early selling. At 2:30 January was selling at 25.84c., a decline of 106 points; March, 24.50c., off 90 points; May, 22.99c., down 97 points; July, 22.04c., down 94 points, and October at 20.05c., off 85 points from the closing on Tuesday. A rally in the last half hour netted some gains from these prices, and the closing was fairly steady at levels but nominally above the bottom prices of the day. No exports were reported yesterday, and spot cotton, at 30.05c., was down 85 points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Jan.	26.90	26.90	25.84	26.05@26.15	26.90
Feb.	....	....	....	24.85 bid	25.65
March	25.27	25.40	24.50	24.58@24.63	25.40
April	....	....	....	23.40 bid	24.20
May	23.75	23.90	22.92	23.12@23.17	23.96
July	22.60	22.98	22.00	22.10@22.20	22.98
Aug.	21.95	21.95	21.50	21.20 bid	22.00
Sept.	21.07	21.08	21.07	20.80 bid	21.10
Oct.	20.85	20.90	20.05	20.10@20.18	20.90

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 30.05c for middling upland, 85 points decline; sales, nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29c; New Orleans, 29c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 27½c; Memphis, 29⅝c; Houston, 28c; Little Rock, 28½c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	36,868	25,948	18,055
Exports	10,602	36,215	7,774
Exports, season	2,061,073	......	246,627
N. Y. stocks	84,327	......	155,490
Port stocks	1,454,051	......	1,374,058
N. Y. arrivals	1,702	......	......

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 19.98d for middling, 20.23d for good middling; sales, 1,000 bales, all American. Imports, 23,000 bales, 14,000 American. Futures opened easy, 37 to 43 points decline, closed steady, 35 to 50 points decline; January, 18.32d; February, 17.31d; March, 16.20d; April, 15.19d. Manchester: Yarns dull and cloth very little doing.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Lead	....	5.87½	....	5.87½
Spelter	....	7.75	....	7.75
Antimony	7.37½	7.62½	7.50	7.75
Quicksilver	$110.00	....	$110.00	....
Aluminium	*38.00	....	*38.00	....
Iron, No. 2 X silicon	....	36.55	....	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@22c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	81	..	..	94	..	..
Copper, futures	81	..	..	83	10	..
Tin, spot	252	..	..	254	..	..
Tin, futures	246	..	..	246	10	..
Spelter	56	..	..	56	..	..
Lead	40	..	..	40	..	..

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg...	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup..	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg...	97⅝	98⅝	5s, Fed Land Bk, '38..	102⅝	103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup..	97⅝	98⅝	4½s, Fed Land Bank...	100	101
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104½	105⅝
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105⅝
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100⅝	101¼	100½	3½s Nov., 1955	81½	..	81½
4½s June, 1965	100⅝	101¼	100½	3½s Nov., 1954	81½	83½	81½
4½s Mar., 1963	100⅝	101¼	100½	3½s May, 1954	81½	..	81½
4½s Nov., 1957	100⅝	101¼	100½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957	100⅝	101¼	100½				
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	96⅝	97⅛	96½	4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1964	96⅝	97⅛	96½	4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Apr., 1966	96⅝	97⅛	96½	4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1962	96⅝	97⅛	96½	4¼s 1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4¼s Sep., 1960	96⅝	97⅛	96½	4¼s 1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.60
4s May, 1959	91½	92½	91½	3½s 1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1958	91½	92½	91½	3½s 1930-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1957	91½	92½	91½	3½s 1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1956	90½	91½	90½	3½s 1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1955	90½	91½	90½	3s 1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1936	92½	93⅝	92½	3s 1926-1930	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May, 1919	99½	..	99½	3s 1919-1925	4.60	4.40	4.60

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was a strong tone to the market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, the result of a good demand that made its influence felt from the outset. The effect was substantial net advances at the close in the active stocks, with one or two exceptions. In the latter, Marine preferred was most notable. Business was fair in volume and centred in the industrials. Railroad issues were quiet, with prices steady. Steel shares, with the exception of Bethlehem B, were firm throughout the session.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
160	Alaska Gold.	4	4	4	80	Maxwell M..	28½	28¼	28½
40	Allis-Chal ..	33¼	33¼	33¼	6,090	Mex Pet....	185⅝	182¼	184⅝
50	Am B Sugar	70	69⅝	69⅝	120	Midv'e Steel.	42⅝	42	42⅝
160	Am Can.....	48⅝	48¼	48¼	60	Mo Pacific..	25⅝	25	25
50	Am C & F..	91⅝	89⅝	91½	10	Nat E & S..	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝
20	A H & L pf.	77	75⅝	77	80	N Y, N H & H	31	31	31
30	Am Linseed.	50	50	50	320	Okla Oil....	10	9⅝	9⅝
40	Am Loco....	60⅝	60¼	60¼	200	P A P & T..	71⅛	70¼	70⅝
410	Am S & R..	74	73⅝	73⅝	100	Pierce-A	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
590	Am S Tob...105⅝		100⅝	103⅝	740	Pierce Oil...	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝
70	Am T & T..101½		101	101½	150	Reading	81½	80⅝	80⅝
50	Am Woolen.	47⅞	46½	46½	30	Rep I & S..	72⅝	72½	72½
120	Ana Copper.	60⅛	60	60	540	Sinclair Oil.	36⅛	35⅝	35⅝
1,050	Bald Loco...	72⅝	71½	72½	230	South Pac...101½		100⅝	100⅝
55	Balt & Ohio.	49½	49¼	49½	890	Southern Ry	28¼	28¼	28¼
710	Beth S'l B..	58	56⅝	57⅛	300	Strom Carb.	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞
70	Brook R T..	25⅝	25	25	980	Studebaker	52	49⅝	49⅝
10	Cal Pet....	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	160	Texas Co...194⅝		190	194⅝
90	C, M & St P.	40⅝	39⅝	39⅝	70	Texas & Pac	32½	31½	31½
10	C, R I & P..	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	280	Tob Prod....	77⅝	76⅝	76⅝
80	Columbia G.	42½	42½	42½	90	Union Pac..129		128⅝	128⅝
50	Corn Prod..	49⅝	49	49	200	Un Cigar S.116⅝		115¼	116⅝
220	Cru'e Steel..	57½	56⅝	57	150	U S Rubber.	78	76½	77½
120	Cuba C S...	26⅝	26	26⅝	7,015	U S Steel...	91⅝	91⅛	91⅝
40	Dist Sec....	51⅝	51	51⅝	10	Utah Copper	72	72	72
30	G W & W...	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	10	Wilson & Co	71½	71½	71½
20	Gen M rights	1½	1½	1½	130	Willys-O ...	25⅝	25	25
450	Gt North O..	37⅛	36⅝	37⅛		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
10	Goodrich Co.	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞	$2,050	Lib 3½s...	99.60	99.44	99.50
90	Insp Copper.	44⅛	43⅝	44	800	2d 4s....	92.88	92.78	92.90
810	Int Mer M..	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	3,350	1st 4¼s..	96.58	96.44	96.58
4,470	Do pf.....104		101⅝	102⅝	4,750	2d 4¼s..	95.72	95.62	95.72
430	Int Nickel...	29⅛	28⅛	28⅛	1,550	3d 4¼s..	97.50	97.32	97.46
10	Int Paper...	32	32	32	3,550	4th 4¼s.	95.92	95.88	95.90
10	Ken Copper..	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛		*Prices include interest.			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	Atlantic Pet.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	75	Mt Ver'n pf	74½	74½	74½
25	Con Coal...	82	82	82	90	North Cent.	74	74	74
15	Con Power..106		106	106	20	Penn Water.	77⅝	77½	77½
450	Cosden	7⅛	7⅛	7½	120	United Ry..	19⅞	19⅝	19⅝
125	Davison	39	38½	38½	10	W, B & A...	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
10	Hous'n'D pf.	78	78	78					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$9,000	Con Coal ref 5s	92	92	92	$5,000	Cosden A 6s.	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛
3,000	Con Pow 6s.	98	98	98	2,000	Do B....	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
4,000	Cos'n 6s, '19	99⅝	99⅛	99⅛	4,000	Un R inc 4s	53	53	53
					2,000	Do 4s.....	75	75	75

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
850	Alaska	4⅛	4	4	385	New Arca ..	1½	1½	1½
200	Algoma	20c	20c	20c	100	New Idria ..	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
85	Ariz Com'l..	11½	11	11	125	Nipissing	8½	8⅛	8½
470	Cal & Ariz..	59⅛	59	59	425	North Butte.	10⅝	10⅝	10½
2	Cal & Hecla.431		431	431	60	Osceola	50	50	50
70	Cop Range..	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	200	Seneca	14½	14½	14½
150	Davis-Daly..	5	5	5	535	Shannon	3	3	3
150	East Butte..	9¼	9¼	9¼	10	St Mary's...	41	41	41
80	Hancock	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	80	U S Smelters	44	43½	43½
50	Inspiration..	44¼	44¼	44¼	35	Do pf	45¼	45¼	45¼
10	Isle Royale..	25	25	25	200	Utah Apex..	3	3	3
145	Kerr Lake..	5⅝	5½	5⅝	45	Utah Con ..	8¼	8	8¼
150	Lake Copper	4⅛	4	4	25	Utah Cop ..	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
50	Mayflow-O C	2⅝	2½	2½	100	Utah Metals	1½	1½	1½
49	Mohawk	54	53⅝	54	100	Wolverine ..	18	18	18

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8	Bos & Alb...133		133	133	8	Conn River..112		112	112
275	Bos Elev ...	72	71	71	1,455	Mass Elec ..	3⅝	2⅞	3
1	Bos & Low..	94	94	94	2,940	Do pf	17	15⅝	16
5	Bos & Me....	31	30½	31	115	New Haven..	31½	31	31½
1	Chi Jnctn pf	87	87	87	3	West End ..	47	47	47

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2	Am Agr Ch..101⅝		101⅝	101⅝	7	Mass Gas ...	83⅝	83	83
89	Do pf	98½	97½	98	85	Do pf	70	70	70
43	Am Sugar..114⅝		113⅝	113⅝	5	Merg'thaler..133		133	133
10	Do pf 115		114⅝	115	2	N E Tel.....	92	92	92
146	Amoskeag ..	82	82	82	60	Pac Mills ...160		160	160
146	Am Tel 101⅝		101	101¼	60	Punta Sugar	52¼	52	52
36	Am Wool pf	95⅝	95½	95½	9	Pullman 122½		122½	122½
905	Booth	20	18⅝	20	85	Stewart	84⅝	84¼	84¼
48	Century	14¼	14	14¼	606	Swift 124⅝		123½	124⅝
25	Cub P Cem't	12½	12¼	12½	19	Torrington..	54	54	54
85	Eastern SS..	7⅛	7	7	200	United Drug	95	95	95
50	E Bos Land.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6	Do 1st pf..	52	52	52
45	Edison 166		166	166	440	United Fruit.167		164	164
140	Fairbanks..	56⅝	56½	56½	37	United Shoe.	45¼	45	45¼
155	Gorton	31	30½	30⅝	70	Do pf	27½	27½	27½
57	Gen Elec ...150⅝		149	150	60	Ventura.....	8½	8½	8½
810	Isl'd Oil	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	27	West Union.	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝
80	Loew's	11	10	10					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	MassGas4½s	86½	86½	86½	$2,000	Swift 5s ...	96⅝	96½	96⅝
1,000	US Smelt 6s.100		100	100					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
185	Lindsay Lt.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	40	HartS&Mpf..	75	75	75
853	Armour pf..101½		101½	101½	883	Libby	22⅞	22	22⅝
575	Booth Fish..	20	19	19½	20	Sears-Roe ..179⅝		179	179
190	Do pf.....	82	79½	82	830	Stewart W..	89⅝	88⅝	88⅝
75	C C & C pf.	9	9	9	1,859	Swift Int ..	45½	44⅝	45½
50	Chi T & T..185		185	185	1,850	Swift 124⅝		123⅝	124¹
110	Cudahy 103		103	103	1,671	Un Carbide.	57½	56⅝	57
150	Do rights..	⅝	⅝	⅝	115	Do rights..	8	8	8
30	Com Edison.114½		114⅛	114⅛	65	Un Paperbd.	18½	18	18½
70	Deere pf ...	97	96⅛	96⅛	86	Wilson	72	70½	70½
16	Diamond M..109		109	109					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Public Service, Nor. Ill., 5s	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛
2,000	South Side Elev 4½s	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Am Gas N J.	64	64	64	249	Phila 5% pf.	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
25	Camb Iron..	41	41	41	175	Phil R T...	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞
5	Elec Stor...	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛	200	Ton Belm't..	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
4	Ins Co N A.	27½	27½	27½	160	Ton Mining.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
2,855	Gen Asphalt.	58⅛	55⅛	56	5	U G I......	73⅛	73⅛	73⅛
2,140	Do pf....	88⅛	85	88⅛	100	Union Trac.	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
800	Lake Super..	17⅛	17⅛	17½	60	Un Co N J.188⅛		187	187
125	Lehigh Nav.	72½	72⅛	72½	50	War'k Iron.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
196	Phila Elec..	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$9,000	L V cons 6s.102⅝		102⅝	102⅝	$2,000	Ph El 1st 5s	96	96	96
10,000	Do gen 4½s	89	88⅝	88⅝	7,000	Pa Md S 6s.102½		102½	102½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	16½	17½	17¼	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	58	60	58
Atlantic Refining	1065	1085	1055	Prairie Oil & Gas	670	685	655
Borne-Scrymser	465	485	465	Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	270
Buckeye Pipe Line	95	97	94	Solar Refining	360	370	360
Chesebrough Mfg	300	320	300	Southern Pipe L.	177	182	177
Continental Oil	500	520	500	South Penn Oil	300	304	300
Crescent Pipe Line	37	39	37	S W Penn	100	104	100
Cumberland P L	180	190	180	Stand Oil of Cal	260	264	260
Eureka Pipe Line	185	195	185	Stand Oil of Ind	780	790	775
Galena Signal Oil	88	90	88	Stand Oil of Kan	525	540	525
Do pf, new	103	106	103	Stand Oil of Ky	360	370	360
Do pf, old	125	140	125	Stand Oil of Neb	475	495	475
Illinois Pipe Line	163	167	165	Stand Oil of N J	720	725	718
Indiana Pipe Line	104	107	104	Stand Oil of N Y	318	322	315
Int Pet Co, Ltd	21½	22	19⅝	Stand Oil of Ohio	470	490	475
National Transit	16½	17½	16½	Swan & Finch	98	102	98
N Y Transit	190	200	190	Union Tank	116	119	116
Northern Pipe L	108	113	108	Vacuum Oil	418	423	418
Ohio Oil	322	327	322	Washington Oil	35	37	35

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
605	Cities Service x d	294	290	292	294
1,685	Cities Service pf. x d	79⅝	79	79	79¼
$158,500	Cities Service deb. "B"	124	121	123	125

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	17	Miss River Power	10½	12½
Adiron Elec Power pf	69	73	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Electric	100	105	Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Am Gas & Electric pf	44	47	Northern Ohio Elec pf	57	62
Am Light & Traction	236	240	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light	53	55	Northern States Power	57	60
Am Power & Light pf	77	80	North States Power pf	88	91
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern Texas Elec	57	61
Am Public Utilities pf	36	40	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & E 1st pf	5	5½	Pacific Gas & Electric	47	49
Am W W & E 1st pf	67	70	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	86	88
Am W W & E partic	11	13	Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	18
Carolina Pow & Light	24	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	52	54½
Colorado Power	27	30	Ry & Light Sec pf	78	84
Colorado Power pf	96	100	Republic Ry & Light	17	18
Columbus Electric pf	70	73	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	19	21	Southern Cal Edison	85	87
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	41	48	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Conn Power pf	72	76	Standard Gas & Elec	13	15
Consumers' Power pf	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec pf	31	33
Eastern Texas Elec	53	56	Tampa Electric	107	110
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	5
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	14	17
Electric B & S pf	92	96	United Light & Rys	86	89
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	United Light & Rys pf	70	72
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	Wash I W L & P pf	80½	84
Federal Light & Tr pf	40	44	Western Power	17½	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	21	25	Western Power pf	63	65
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	63	West, Church & Kerr	64	67
Gas & Elec Securities	250	270	West Church & K pf	81	86
Gas & Elec Secur pf	90	95			

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Int Elec 6s, 1923	86	87½
Am W W & E col 5s	68	71	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	77⅝	79
Appalach Power 1st 5s	74	77	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '50	92	95	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	90	91
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	80	85
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	94	100	Puget S T, L & P 7s	98	99½
Conn Power 5s, 1963	80	86	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96¼	96
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	92
East Tex Elec col. 5s	84	89	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	78
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97⅝	99	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	87	89
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Gt West Power 5s, '46	85	86½	Un Util cv 6s, '43	92	95
Gt West Power 6s, '25	89½	92	Utah Securities 6s	89	90
Int M Ry, L & P 6s	95	99½	Wash I W L & P 6s	95	98

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	‡Aetna Exp.	6⅝	6⅞	6⅞	1,500	‡Nat C & L..	57¼	56	57
500	Br-Am T Co. reg	25¼	25	25¼	1,200	N A P & P..	2½	2⅜	2½
2,400	Do coupon.	25⅝	25	25¼	2,500	‡Perf T & R.	⅜	¼	⅜
300	Chev Motor.	150	149	150	600	‡Poul Wire.	7	6	6½
2,100	‡Dict Prod..	9¼	9	9¼	500	‡Stand Mot.	7⅝	7½	7½
15,000	‡Gen Asp't..	56⅝	53¼	55⅝	500	Sub's Boat v t ctfs.....	11⅝	11½	11½
1,000	‡Do pf....	89	95	89	4,000	‡Swift I, w i	46	44½	45½
600	‡Gen Mot 6s deb, w i...	81	80	81	2,500	‡Un Motors.	36	35⅝	36
1,200	‡G S Razor.	118	114	118	700	‡Do rights.	⅛	⅛	⅛
7,000	Hupp M C..	6¼	5½	6	12,000	Un Profit S.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
7,200	Int Rubber..	19	18½	18¾	5,100	U S S'p Co.	5	4⅞	5
13,250	Key T & R.	53⅝	50¼	54¼	2,500	Wayne Coal.	4¼	4⅛	4¼
6,400	‡Kirby L'r...	21	18	20	2,600	‡W-M A Cp.	4⅝	3⅞	3⅞
3,000	‡L, MoN & L	22⅝	21½	22½	1,200	World F Cp v t ctfs...	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,500	Mar of Am.	4⅝	4¼	4⅝					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	‡Ill P L...	167	166	167	15	‡Prairie P L.	270	270	270
30	‡Ohio Oil...	327	323	325	25	‡Vac'm Oil..	420	420	420
200	‡Prai O & G.	680	658	678					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
700	‡Bar O & G.	⅛	⅛	⅛	25,000	‡†Midw Oil..	131	124	130
2,000	‡Bos-Wyo..	20	20	20	864	‡Midw Ref..	129	126	128
7,000	‡Cos & Co..	7⅛	7	7⅛	11,000	‡Omar O & G	35	33	33
200	‡Do pf....	4¼	4⅛	4¼	3,200	‡Pennok Oil	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
10	‡Crystal Oil.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	100	‡Pitt O & G	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
24,500	‡†Esmer Oil	6	4¼	5¼	15,000	‡†Queen Oil..	21	18	19
4,000	‡†Federal Oil	2½	2⅜	2½	2,000	‡Ray D.new	73¼	71½	72½
3,000	‡†Glenrock Oil	3⅝	3½	3⅝	1,000	‡Sap O & R	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
5,000	‡†Houston Oil	82	80⅜	82	1,100	‡Seq O & R.	½	½	½
3,600	‡†Hudson O.	71	70	71	2,000	‡Sincl Gulf.	24½	24	24⅝
4,500	‡Inter Pet....	22	19⅝	22	400	‡Southw Oil	39	39	39
15,000	‡Isl'd O & T	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	2,300	‡Stanton Oil	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛
8,700	‡†Kenova Oil	13	12	12	1,000	‡†Tex O & R	13	13	13
7,000	‡Lou O & R	25½	24¼	25½	35,000	‡U W O,new	2¼	1⅞	1⅞
15,000	Met Petrol...	3⅛	3	3⅛	200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
4,000	‡Mex Gulf..	45	42	45					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	†Alas-BCMet	45	42	43	2,500	†‡Jim Butler	35	34	35
200	†Amer Mines	90	90	90	7,500	†‡Lone Star..	6⅛	6	6
3,500	Ariz B Cop.	1⅛	1	1⅛	1,000	†‡Mother L..	34	34	34
2,600	Big L Cop..	⅞	¾	⅞	6,000	†Nixon Nev..	46	40	41
1,000	†‡Booth	12½	12⅛	12½	1,600	‡Onondaga..	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
3,000	†Bos & Mon.	51	49	50	1,100	†Ray Hercu..	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
2,700	†‡Caledonia.	29	28	29	1,500	†Roch Mines.	27	26	27
1,000	‡CalaJerome	½	⅜	⅜	200	Std Sil-Lead	⅛	⅛	⅛
600	Can Cop....	2	2	2	5,600	‡Stewart	16	16	16
5,300	†‡Candel Sil.	57	53	57	1,100	†‡Success	5	5	5
1,300	CerbSilM&M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	2,500	Tonopah Ext	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
3,500	Con Ariz Sm	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	5,500	†‡U S Cont..	8	7	8
500	Cres Con G.	5	4⅞	5	2,000	†‡Wd M & M	25	24	25
100	El Sal Sil...	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	900	†WashGldQts	90	89	90
700	Eu Cross M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	700	†W End Con	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,800	†‡Flor Silver	64	63	64	4,500	†‡WUtahExt. (a pros)...	18	18	18
900	†‡HamM&S.p	45	41	45	5,500	†White Caps	17	16⅛	16⅛
750	Hecla Min..	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛					

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$400,000	‡Am T & T 6s, w i...	99⅝	99	99⅝	20,000	‡Fed Farm Loan 5s.	103⅛	103	103
4,600	‡Am Tob 7s, 1920.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	5,000	‡Int R T 7s	91⅛	91	91⅛
50,000	‡Anaconda 6s, w i...	98	97⅝	97⅝	82,000	‡KanCityRy Term. '23.	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
8,000	‡Beth Steel 7s, 1923..	101⅛	101	101⅛	10,000	‡Liggett & M 6s, '21.	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
10,000	‡Braden 6s, 1931....	96	96	96	300,000	‡NY TelCo deb6s,wi.	*101	100⅝	100⅝
2,000	‡CanGov5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	1,000	‡Rus Govt 5½s.....	59	59	59
85,000	‡C & N W g m 5s..	100⅛	100	100	12,000	‡StP Union Depot5½s	99⅝	99	99
					150,000	‡Wilson & Co cv 6s.	98¼	98	98¼

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Tuesday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
					OIL STOCKS.				
Am-Br Mfg..	2	5	2	5	Allen Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
Am W Paper	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	Atlantic Pet..	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20	Cosden&Co pf	4	4⅛	4	4⅛
Carbon Steel.	90	96	90	96	Crown Oil....	14	16	14	16
Car L & P...	2	2¼	2	2¼	Elk B Pet....	6	6¼	6	6¼
Charcoal Iron	7	7½	7	7½	Globe Oil	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Do pf......	6¼	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	Merritt Oil...	21½	22½	21½	22½
Chevrolet rts.	⅝	1⅛	⅝	1⅛	Midwest O pf	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	N W Oil	49	51	49	51
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12	Okm P & R..	2	2¼	2	2¼
CurtissAero pf	45	55	45	55	Savoy Oil....	6½	7	6½	7
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22	South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Em'son Phone	2	2¼	2	2¼	Way Oil & G.	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
Free Texas ..	34	35½	34	35½	MINING STOCKS.				
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½	Atlanta	4½	5½	4	4½
Gen Mot rts..	1⅝	2	1⅝	2	Austin Ama'n	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88	Bradshaw ...	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Lima Loco...	30	40	30	40	Bulle-Det ...	1½	3	1½	3
Lukens Steel.	46	50	46	50	Cashboy	6	7	6½	7½
Man Transit.	½	⅝	½	⅝	Cerro Gordo..	½	1	½	1
N Y Shipbldg.	33	36	33	36	Con Cop M...	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	6
N Y Transp..	14¼	17	14¼	17	Con Homes'd.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Peer T & M.	16⅝	19¼	19	19½	Fortuna......	35	40	35	40
Pearson Coal.	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	First N Cop..	1⅝	2	1⅝	2
Penn C & C..	22	24	22	24	Goldf Con...	21	23	21	23
Penn Seab Stl	40	40½	40	40½	Goldf Merg..	5½	6½	5½	6½
PennSeaboard Steel rts.....	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	Great Bend...	4	5	4	5
Relc Equip...	10½	11½	10½	11½	Howe Sound..	3⅝	4⅛	3⅝	4⅛
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	Jumbo Ext...	13	15	13	15
Smith M T...	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	Kerr Lake ..	5⅛	5½	5⅛	5½
Stand Motors	7½	8½	7½	8½	Kawanas	6½	7½	6½	7½
Steel Alloys..	7½	8½	7½	8½	Liberty Silver	60	52	50	52
St Joe Lead..	13	14	13	14	Magma Cop..	26	28	26	28
StL, R M & P	40	..	40	..	N Y & Hon R	11	12	11	12
Todd Ship ...107		108½	107	108½	Ohio Copper..	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝
Thiogan	4	4½	4	4½	Seneca Cop..	15½	16	15½	16
U S Lt & H..	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝	Tono Belm't..	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
U S L&H pf.	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	White C Ext.	1	2	1	2
Wright-M pf.	60	64	60	64	White K pf..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
					BOND.				
					Beth S 7s,'20.101		101¼	101	101¼

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am Cigar	Ex	..	116	P R-Am Tobacco	132	138	132
Do pf	85	90	85	R J Reynolds, A	400	425	390
Copley Foil	180	200	180	Do B	310	325	300
J S Young	125	150	125	Do pf	107	109	107
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton	165	180	165
MacA & Forbes	190	210	190	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	90	85				

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am Brass	216	219	214	Du Pont debs	91	92½	91
Atlas Powder	150	165	150	Hercules	202	206	198
Do pf	89	91	80	Do pf	106	109	106
Babcock & Wilcox	108	109½	108	Niles-Bem't-Pond	104	109	105
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	95	100	95
Do pf	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg	330	350	345
Colt's Arms	37	42	37	Standard Screw	330	350	340
Du Pont	260	275	260				

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ESTABLISHED 1872
Commercial Exchange Bank

New York, January 14th, 1919.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Commercial Exchange Bank, held at its Banking House, 230 Bowery, on January 14th, 1919, the following were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Jos. M. Adrian, Louis A. Fahs,
Geo. M. Adrian, Jos. Frey,
Louis J. Adrian, Louis Haupt,
Carl G. Amend, Geo. Kern,
Geo. L. Degener, Henry A. Petersen.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, the following were unanimously elected:

Jos. M. Adrian, Chairman of the Board;
Louis A. Fahs, President;
Jos. Frey, First Vice President;
Louis J. Adrian, Second Vice President;
Geo. Kern was appointed Cashier, and Harry Bagel, was appointed Asst. Cashier.
GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

Fidelity Trust Company
New York City
Chambers and Hudson Streets

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, held on the fifteenth day of January, 1919, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected directors of the company for the term ending on the third Wednesday in January, 1922:

William H. Barron, Vincent S. Mulford,
Irvin Cadmus, William C. Pettee,
Frank A. Horne, Stephen K. Reed,
Andrew H. Mars, D. W. Whitmore, Jr.,
Arthur W. Mellen, John O. Williams.

The following gentlemen were appointed Inspectors of Election to serve one year and until and during the next meeting of stockholders for the election of directors: Messrs. James D. Johnson, William Fellowes Morgan and Isaac S. Vought.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, the following officers were unanimously elected:

Samuel S. Conover ....President
John W. Nix ....Vice-President
Andrew H. Mars was re-appointed Secretary.
Stephen L. Viele was re-appointed Ass't. Secretary.
Arthur W. Mellen was re-appointed Ass't. Secretary and Trust Officer.
E. Tilden Mattox was re-appointed Assistant to the President.
Edward A. Dannenberg was re-appointed Ass't. Secretary and Credit Manager.
Charles R. Butler was re-appointed Ass't. Secretary.
Andrew H. Mars, Secretary.
January 15, 1919.

COLUMBIA BANK.
No. 507 Fifth Av., Near Forty-second St.
New York, January 14, 1919.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, held this day, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Eli H. Bernheim, Samuel K. Jacobs,
Mortimer J. Fox, Hyman Bauman,
Simeon Ford, Sylvan M. Barnet,
John F. Stevens, Oswald W. Uhl,
Joseph Steiner, Walter S. Griffith,
Robert E. Simon,

As Inspectors of Election:
Henry A. Loth, Henry D. Winans.
Jos. G. Wallach,

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, Mr. Eli H. Bernheim was unanimously re-elected President, Mr. Mortimer J. Fox was unanimously re-elected Vice President, Mr. W. S. Griffith was appointed Cashier, Mr. William A. Wales, Mr. James Macdonough, Mr. Otto Markuske, and Mr. Charles L. Doty were appointed Assistant Cashiers.
WALTER S. GRIFFITH, Cashier.

PACIFIC BANK.
New York, January 14th, 1919.

At the annual meeting of the Stockholders of this bank, held today, the following were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Theo. H. Banks, George Legg,
W. H. Bennett, Francis R. Masters,
John S. Browning, William R. Ross,
Frederic C. Buswell, William Skinner,
O. H. Cheney, James A. Smith,
Lewis L. Clarke, Daniel G. Tenney,
James W. Cromwell, John T. Terry,
John F. Degener, Carl Vietor,
Herman W. Hoops, J. H. Walbridge.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors Mr. O. H. Cheney was re-elected President and Mr. William Skinner was re-elected Vice President. Mr. Snowden McGaughy was reappointed Cashier and Messrs. J. C. Lawrence, E. R. Lawrence, F. E. Goldmann, Harry Van Brunt, C. M. Becannon, J. S. Hamilton, C. F. Pfaffman, and M. F. Bauer were reappointed Assistant Cashiers.
SNOWDEN McGAUGHY, Cashier.

FULTON TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
149 BROADWAY

At the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company held on the 15th day of January, 1919, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected Trustees of the Company for the term ending January, 1922:

J. Roosevelt Roosevelt, Richard H. Williams,
R. A. Cruikshank, Archibald D. Russell,
Henry K. Pomroy, Charles M. Newcombe,
Alfred E. Marling, Robert L. Gerry.

and the following gentlemen as Inspectors of Election for 1920:

Newbold T. Lawrence, Percy R. Pyne,
F. Ashton de Peyster.
ARTHUR J. MORRIS, Secretary.

The Importers & Traders National Bank of New York.
New York, January 14th, 1919.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, held today, the following named gentlemen were duly elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Wm. Hamlin Childs, J. Walter Spalding,
James W. Lane, I. F. Stone,
Adolph Lewisohn, Edward Townsend,
John W. Platten, Edward Van Volkenburgh
H. H. Powell, John J. Walton,
Henry Spadone, Charles A. Wimpfheimer.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors Mr. H. H. Powell was unanimously re-elected President and Mr. Edward Van Volkenburgh was unanimously re-elected Vice President. E. P. TOWNSEND, Cashier.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of the Norwegian American Securities Corporation will be held at the office of the Company, No. 74 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 20th day of January, 1919, at 4 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Transfer books will be closed for thirty days immediately preceding said meeting.
LEROY JONES,
Assistant Secretary.
City of New York, N. Y., January 9th, 1919.

BUTTERWORTH-JUDSON CORPORATION.
NOTICE OF MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

A meeting of stockholders of BUTTERWORTH-JUDSON CORPORATION, a corporation of the State of New York, will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 28th day of January, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors to serve until the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
N. W. RUNNION, Secretary.
Dated New York, N. Y., Jan. 14, 1919.

To the Holders of Five Per Cent.
First Mortgage Gold Bonds
OF
The Northwestern Terminal Railway Company

Issued under the Mortgage indenture dated July 1st, 1906 (and supplements dated September 27th, 1909, and January 2, 1915), made by said Company to The Mercantile Trust Company (now Bankers Trust Company), as Trustee:

The Northwestern Terminal Railway Company (herein called the Terminal Company) has defaulted in the payment of the semi-annual interest due January 1, 1918, July 1, 1918, and January 1, 1919, upon the above issue of bonds. The 1916 and 1917 State taxes upon its property are unpaid and delinquent. We are advised that its terminal railway properties in and near Denver, Colorado, were taken, and now are, under Federal control. All the property of The Denver and Salt Lake Railroad Company (herein called the Salt Lake Company) was placed in a creditor's bill receivership in the District Court of Adams County, Colorado, in August, 1917, and such receivership is still in effect, except that the railway and transportation system of the Salt Lake Company is in Federal control. Under existing agreement whereby the Salt Lake Company occupied and used (and the Federal Railroad Administration is now occupying and using) properties of the Terminal Company, the Salt Lake Company agreed (in effect) to pay, as rental, among other things, the interest upon the Terminal Company's First Mortgage Bonds and taxes upon its property.

The undersigned, holding and representing large amounts of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Terminal Company, believe it to be essential that the holders of such bonds be in a position to take prompt and concerted action for the protection of their interests, and therefore have agreed to act as a committee for that purpose. This Committee is the result of an agreement whereby former committees organized separately, in New York and Denver, have been dissolved, and succeeded by the undersigned.

It will be to the advantage of the Bondholders promptly to deposit their Bonds with the Committee in order to participate in the benefits to be gained by concerted action on the part of the majority of the Bonds. Bondholders are therefore urgently requested to deposit their Bonds, with the January 1, 1918, and subsequent, coupons, on or before March 1st, 1919, with The International Trust Company, Denver, Colorado, the Depositary under an agreement, dated December 18th, 1918, providing for such deposits; or with Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York, the Agent of the Depositary. Transferable certificates of deposit will be issued therefor.

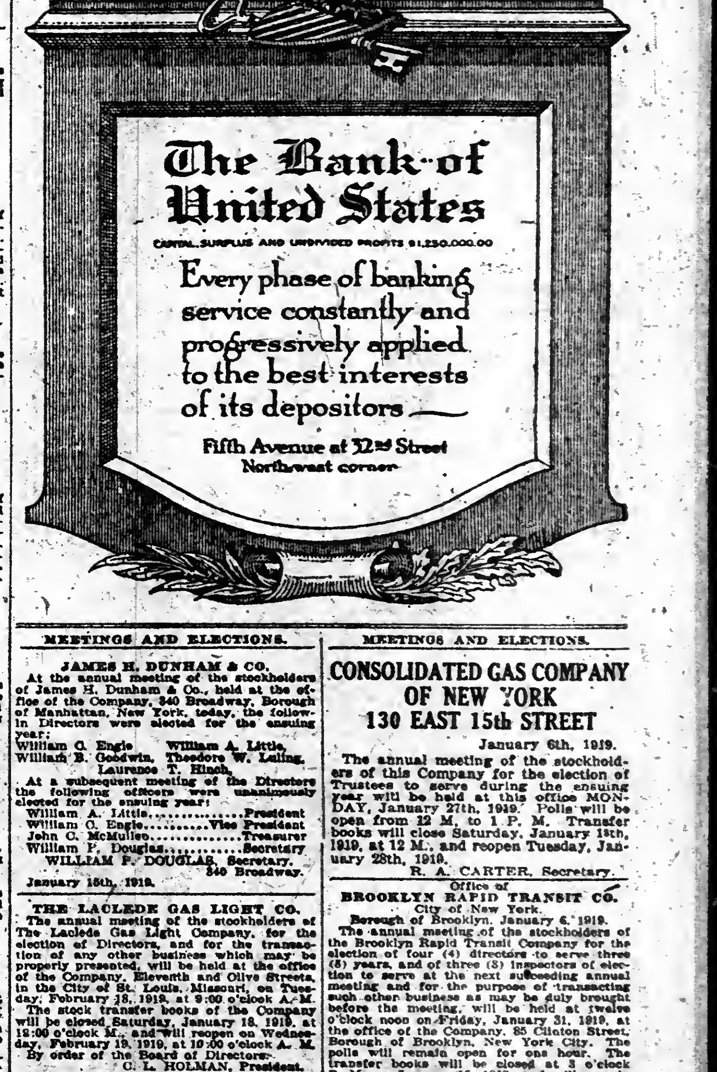
The Committee will promptly pay any interest which may be received by it on the Deposited Bonds to the holders of the certificates of deposit representing the Bonds in respect whereof such payments of interest shall be made, deducting any income tax required to be withheld.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained by application either to the Depositary or to its Agent above mentioned.

Dated, Denver, Colorado, January 3, 1919.

S. M. PERRY, Chairman.
WILLIAM A. BELL,
JOHN C. MITCHELL,
HENRY McALLISTER, Jr.,
THEODORE G. SMITH,
THOMAS B. STEARNS,
(All of Denver, Colorado)
Committee.

THEODORE G. SMITH, Secretary,
c/o The International Trust Company, Denver, Colorado.
GERALD HUGHES,
HENRY McALLISTER, Jr.,
Counsel to Committee.



MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

JAMES H. DUNHAM & CO.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of James H. Dunham & Co., held at the office of the Company, 340 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York, today, the following Directors were elected for the ensuing year:

William C. Engle, William A. Little,
William B. Goodwin, Theodore W. Luling,
Laurance T. Hinch.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors the following officers were unanimously elected for the ensuing year:

William A. Little ....President
William C. Engle ....Vice President
John C. McMullen ....Treasurer
William P. Douglas ....Secretary
WILLIAM P. DOUGLAS, Secretary.
340 Broadway.
January 15th, 1919.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

The Fifth Avenue Bank of New York.
January 15th, 1919.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, held January 14th, 1919, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors of the bank for the ensuing year: Messrs. A. S. Frissell, Thomas S. Van Volkenburg, William H. Porter, B. H. Fancher, Henry R. Ickelheimer, Howard C. Smith, Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., Alfred E. Marling, Theodore Hetzler, Rolland G. Monroe, T. Frank Manville, and Francis L. Hine.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, the following officers were unanimously re-elected:

Mr. A. S. Frissell, Chairman of the Board; Mr. Theodore Hetzler, President, and Mr. B. H. Fancher, Vice President.
W. G. GASTON, Cashier.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.
R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

Office of
BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO.
City of New York.
Borough of Brooklyn, January 6, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for the election of four (4) directors to serve three (3) years, and of three (3) inspectors of election to serve at the next succeeding annual meeting and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may be duly brought before the meeting, will be held at twelve o'clock noon on Friday, January 31, 1919, at the office of the Company, 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City. The polls will remain open for one hour. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on January 15, 1919, and will remain closed until ten o'clock A. M. on the day immediately succeeding said stockholders' meeting.
J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

THE FAJARDO SUGAR COMPANY.
10 Wall Street.
New York, Jan. 14th, 1919.

To the Stockholders of The Fajardo Sugar Company:

Notice is hereby given that at the Special Meeting of the Stockholders of The Fajardo Sugar Company, held at the office of the Company on Tuesday, 14th day of January, 1919, to consider a proposition to dissolve the said Fajardo Sugar Company and to transfer its assets and business to a corporation to be organized under the laws of the Island of Porto Rico, it was voted to adjourn the said meeting to February the 4th, 1919, said adjourned meeting to be held at the office of the Company, No. 106 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, at 11:30 o'clock A. M. on the said date.
(Signed) JAMES BLISS COOMBS,
President.

THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING of the Steel Industries Corporation will be held at the office of the company, 261 Broadway, New York City, at 10 o'clock A. M. January 20th, 1919, for the election of officers and the transaction of such other business as may come properly before the meeting.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Charles Wesley Dunn of New York City was admitted to practice.

000—B. Tyrrell, nee Offut, et al., pets., v. O. B. Shaffer et al.—Motion to advance submitted for respondents.

123—W. K. Winton, admr., &c., et al, aplts., v. Jack Amos and others, known as the Miss. Choctaws; 124—J. S. Bounds, attorney in fact for T. A. Bounds, aplt., v. same; 125—J. London, aplt., v. same; 126—W. S. Field et al, aplts., v. same; 127—J. J. Beckham, aplt., v. same; 128—W. N. Vernon, aplt., v. same, and 129—K. A. Howe, executrix, &c., aplt., v. same.—Argument continued for aplts. in No. 123 and for aplts.; in Nos. 124 to 129 for appellees, and for aplts. in Nos. 124 to 129, and concluded for aplts. in No. 123.

129—Baltimore & Ohio Rd. Co. et al, pets., v. J. G. Leach.—Argument commenced for petitioners.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 16: Nos. 132, 137, 138, 139, 367, (and 370,) 141, 142, 143, 144, and 147.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, Post Office Building.

Mulvaney<King Paint.
Penn RR<Nelson.
Geoghegan<Ernst.
Red Star Co<Ganoga.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.

Conklin<Quaranty Trust Co.
Batson<Bianchi.
Holt<Wabash Ry.
US<Royal Dutch West India Mail Co.
Same<Ludstevis-Stokvis Co
Same<Union Bank of Canada.
Same<3 Diamonds in Lavaliere.
Stumpp & Walter Co<N Y Steam Co.
Rea<Boody.
Woodbury<same.
Van Vliet<same.
Gallagher<Erie RR.
Rist<Boody.
Maeck<same.
Blumenstock<D, L & W RR.
Maxham<Boody.
Re Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Criminal.

Trials:
Lum Suey.
Wing Lee.
Thomas B Galbraith.
Hyman Halberg. (2.)
Edward E Gardner.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Building, 12th floor, at 11:15 A. M. Argument.

Macomber<Elsner.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M. Naturalizations.
11 A. M.—Fostinis<S S Olga.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Common law calendar.

M Petkunas<D D, E Bway & Bat RR. (on trial.)
W. Petkunas<same.
Teloshaski<Richmond Light & RR.
Grinstad<NY Cent RR
Johnson<Mallory SS.
US<Palmieri & Canelos.
12:30 P. M.:
540 Bway Music Corp<Enright Amuse Co. (on trial.)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

De Carlton<Glaser.
Riveria Realty Co.<Illinois Surety Co.
Wood Harmon Warranty Corp.<Plandome Const. Co. et al.
United Box Board and Paper Co.<Iroquois Pulp and Paper Co.
Long Island Railroad Co.<American Bridge Co. et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Smith, and Merrell, JJ.—At 2 P. M. Enumerated motions.

Re Quicksilver Mining Co.
McKinnon<Friederichs
Allen<Watt
Re Morgan.
Dempsey<Mt Sinai Hospital.
Standard Mar Ins Co<Wayne Co Driers & Packers' Fruit Co.
East River Nat Bank<Columbia Trust Co.
Sloman<Finkelstein.
Met Trust Co<Krans.
Weinstein<Leibovitz.
Lord & Taylor, Inc<Yale & Towne Mfg.
People<Cummings.
Guaranty Trust Co<US Steel Corp. (2.)
Marble<Slate Wks.Inc
Indelli & Conforti & Co<Hudson Rty.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Finch, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Litigated motions.

Jennings<Foley.
Bendheim<Bendheim.
Re Riggs.
Re CNY. (White Plains Road.)
Lowther<Tigley.
Fleming<Columbian Protective Assn, Inc
Drake<Drake.
Zukach<Reigart.
Allen Lane Co<Naylor
Re Cassidy.
Cent Trust Co<Smith.
Cooper<Nas Elec RR Co. (2)
Morosini<Larkin.
Lorraine Hat Co<Feinberg.
Gordon<Fifth Avenue Coach Co.
Shapiro<Cohn.
Standler<Standler.
Bobrick<Mackenzie.
Mengher<Meagher.
Powers<Powers.
Belonovsky<N Y Cons RR Co. (2.)
Siskind<Cookingham
Kastner, Inc<Westen.
Hennevig & Johnson, Inc<Lougheed.
Tyrol<Maytrix Photo Plays, Inc.
Gleeson<Kerrigan.
Leonard<Vels. (2.)
Iddell<Grosvenor, Nicholas & Co.
Danzis<Malakoff.
Black and White and Town Taxis, Inc<Gilchrist.
Austin<Lehigh Valley RR Co.
Jacobs<Copstein.
Weber<Bozzuffi.
Jacobs<Copstein.
MacKenzie<Leh V RR
Mehrbach&Fles. Doer & Carroll Horse Co.
Hannoell<42d St, Man, &c. Ry Co.
Austin<Lehigh Valley RR Co.
Mehrbach<Fles, Doer & Carroll Horse Co.
Bratten<Leonard.
Regan<Regan.
Guaranty Trust Co<Schmidt, Jr.
Angello<N Y Rys Co.
Cooper<Greenhut.
Hillson<Schlag.
Morgan<3d Av Ry Co.
Niles<Havens.
Baruch<Honebein.
Osterlind Printing Press and Mfg Co<Rubens.
Cole<Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.
Whelan<Wood.
Potter<Potter.
Pawtoski<N Y, Ont & West RR Co.
Max Gutschneider, Inc<East 46th St Rty Co.
Gilford<Gilford.
Mahon<Waddell & Mahon Co.
Re Smith.
Re Flynn.
Re Craigie. (Hart.)
Cohen<Levine.
Fox<Mulligan.
Lillie<Stowe Const Co (2.)
Gundersheimer<Roggen.
Pollack<Edelstein.
Phaff<Waller. (2.)
Kaufman<Weltman.
Werts<Powers Co.
People ex rel. Columbus Circle Const Co<Center.
Joseph<McAdoo.
Mee<Haskell.
Ryan<Int R T Co.

PART II.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:

Utica Assoc<Dock Cont Co.
Kreisheimer<Propper
Mullally<Kneeland.
Bishop<Bishop.
Moers<Moers.
Levison<Kohnweiler.
Liner<Endel.
Northcroft<Northcroft.
Potts<Hornell. (2.)
Dietzel<Levy.
Preferred cause:
Prudential Iron Wks<Noncolumn Garage.
General calendar:
Rainess<Rainess.
Scott<Scott.
Goldman<Kolk.
Rosansky<Marksamer.
Frawley<Dietz.
Herman<Herman.
Tyers<Tyers.
Baff<Coller.
Brinkman<Brinkman.
Rudin<Schlesinger.
Tisch<Dub.
Tag<Zarin.
Miller<Miller.
Kessler<Johnson.
Wilmer<same.
Holahan<Scott.
Martin<Martin.
Bloch<Lodge Moderamaalet.
Frankel<Mech & Mets Nat Bank.
Coffin<Chapman.
Lesser<Springstead.
Katzman<Katzman.
Hoffman<Hoffman.
May<May.
Moder<Moder.
Elliott<Farley.
Wood, Inc<Krause.
US Trust Co<Spear & Co.
Blackwell<Blackwell.
Lewis<State Bank.
Root<Bagnell.
Shereshevsky<Dearman
Palefsky<Kobriner Ben Assn.
Guaranty Trust Co<Wilson.
Schwartz<Maleshevsky.
Case on.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART IV., (October Term Continued.)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on—Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.—Adjourned to Jan. 20.

PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.

Hatters & Fur Exch, Inc<Thom & Payley
Peekskill Hat Co.
Zin<Com Cloak & Suit Corp.
Antonfiello<Leuther.
Royal Card & Paper Co<Metro Lith Co.
Altman & Co<White.
Breslow<Weinber.
Same<Altman.
Sobel<Salzman.
Friedlander<Rosenthal.
Geery<Wharton.
Atlantic Sales Co<E Shore Shpbldg Co.
Berg<Ertz.
Steinfeld<Lawrence Imp Co.
Goodman<Rubinstein.
Kubie Co<River Leafe
Waterman<Tumble-in Co. Inc.
Brewsaugh<Keatinge.
Post<Megalos.
Paulson<Benenson Rty Co.
Dickler<Freedman.
Trainor<Trainor.
Waydell & Co<Am Trading Co.
Berensman<Weber.
Solomon<Union S Bk of Augusta.
Irvin Trust Co<Tull.
Oil, Paint & Drug Reporter<Hechtkopf.
Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner.
Village Garage<Farrell.
James<Steinburger.
Ballerini<Steinberg.
Liberty Nat'l Bank<MacFarland.
Clear.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq—Echenbacher<Pook.
Inq—Cohen<Baron.
Deer<Kirschberger.
Tennyson<Int R T.
Foy<Schuman.
Cahill<same.
Graham-Malgot<3d Av RR.
Erdman<Nelman.
Egan<Tulp.
Cohen<Lewis (2.)
Shinnick<Main Paper Stock Co
Griffin<Bases.
Green<Shapiro.
Halley<Royal Mail St Packet Co.
Malley, Jr<Petrucci.
Hansch<3d Av Ry.
Martin<Hirsch.
Dooley<Bartley.
Donsker<NY Cons RR.
Lacher<same.
Senchuck<Fitzgerald.
Dickinson<NY Rys.
Napan<Hisigin.
Libowitz<R Carvel Co
Linter<Rosen.
Solomon<Cohen.
Tymacks<C I & B RR.
McGarry<Italia Wine.
Dana<Cavagnaro (2.)
Bailey<Rafailovuch.
Keller<Pick.
Wilkining<Mt Hope Building Co.
Wattles<Brown.
Rovner<NY Rys.
Richard<Bider.
Blau<Lee Hung (2.)
Elsner<Wellman.
Harrigan's Cafe, Inc<Rapid Tr Sub Const.
Stiefel<NY Tel Co.
Mitchell<Ludin Rlty.
Manning<NY Rys.
Sullivan<Hecht.
Leff<NY Rys.
Murphy<Bradley.
Ray<US Garages, Inc.
Hofstetter<Foster.
Hutler<Abbott.
Tarasky<Int R T.
Grafer<Levy Dairy Co
Slattery<NY Rys.
Fox<Kroeger.
Normeille<CNY.
McQuillan<42d St, &c. Ry.
Borkan<NY Rys.
Heimovitz<Steinmetz.
Stotsky<Bunge.
Beary<Newman.
McCormick<CNY.
Lehman<Bklyn Imp.
Schott<Coopersmith.
Lalla<Hiesman.
Rudnick<Katz.
Castellana<Heisman.
Zimmerman<Wilson.
Schneider<Zuckerman & Lieberman, Inc.
Amsterdam Batavia Handelswreeniging<Marquette.
Palumbo<Kalbach.
Saltzman<James.
Silver<NY Edison Co.
Frizic<NY Rys.
Nachatowitz<Joseph.
Weiner<Burns Bros, Inc.
Meyer<NY Cons RR.
Hentschel<Blood.
Consalvo<Loew.
Rothman<Adams.
Cohen<Levine.
B Fahy<Wilck.
J Fahy<Wilck.
Tyler<B H RR.
Barrett<Popper.
Chase<Regan.
D'Agosto<Carter & Weeks Steveder (2.)
Mangio<Conley Foil.
Schendel<Int R T.
Lawler<Hallinger.
Grief<Swan.
Kiel<Loeb.
Hart<Champion Ldry Domestic Corp.
Sullivan<Union Ry.
Reichel<Palmer-Herring Motor Co.
Ryan<Burridge.
Furey<Westcott Exp.
Fox<NY Rys.
Weisberg<Stand Oil Co of N Y.
Scharfferman<Indpt Consumers Ice Co.
Briggs<Weil.
Curoe<Rambeau.
O'Dea<Bklyn Daily Times.
Curoe<Rambeau.
Cohen<O'Connell, Jr.
Hetzel<Kraft.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Marsden<Pfeiffer.
Arbus<Am-Hawaiian SS Co.
Epstein<Rosenthal.
Int'l Cloak Mfg Co<Mass Bonding Co.
Indelli<Penn Fire Ins.
Ryland & Brooks Lum Co<Keenenly.
Sykes Co<Fid & Dep Co of Maryland.
Domestic Chem Corp<Gen Platers' Sup Co.
Wachsman<Simpson.
Colonimos<Newburger.
Schwartz<Gerli & Co.
Freedman<Langrock Bros Co.
Rosenblum<same.
CNY<B, Q Co & Sub RR (2.)
Brill<Friedhoff.
Torrey<De Witt.
Williamsburgh Marble Co<G & M Imp Co.
Interocean Forwarding<Univ Transp Co.
Lesher<Mfg Jewelers Export Co.
Friedenberg<Rosenwasser.
Caldwin Mfg Co<Toomey.
Finke<Comm'l Cas Ins
Warwick Art Studios<Sackett & Wilhelm.
Van Norden<Hanscom
Laxer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Kingsley<US Cas Co.
Geiger<Langrock Bros Co.
Lowenthal<Rothstein.
Vredenburgh<Packard Motor Car, NY.
Wilmers<Schwartz.
Booklovers Sales Co<Pictorial Review Co.
Sainsbury<Central Mfrs Mutual Ins Co.
Ward<Fries & Co.
Seldin<Bernstein.
Emmet Realty Co<Goldstone.
Eastman Mach Co<Weinstein.
Sperling<Baker.
Sachs<Bertholf.
Kern<Garing.
Mass<Feldman.
Goldberg<Dux.
Pictorial Review Co<Selmeer.
Internat Time Rec Co<Miner Litho Co.
Partola Mfg Co<Gottesman.
Potts<City of Hornell.
NY Cent RR<Apex Equip Co.
Percival<Stern.
Sachs<Harris.
Fort Co<London, Inc.
Oliva, Jr<Birch.
Mortimer<Bristol.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Rennert<Kalbach.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Glassburg<Adler. Zimetbaum Co<Simon.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Delinsky<Leonard.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate: Kate Mella. Fany Charwat. Albert D. Wegman. Thomas Lynch. Rosanna McGucken. Annie M. Moonehead. Wesley G. Shever.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Contested will: David Chison. Estate: Mary J. Mullen.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

De Vivo<Gallerani.
Rway Adv<Winter.
Beluck<970 Prospect Av Corp.
Mitchell<Duke.
Vend<Sheffield Fms-S-D Co.
Shor<Mirkin.
Rapid Con Co<Stern.
Ouster<Halber.
Becker<Benner & B.
Joseph<Beall.
Greenspan<Rieger.
Casa Del Rey Cigar Co<Pressberg.
Blumenfeld<Gray.
Johnson<Wrightson.
Mesler<Rothschild.
Schwitzer<Simon.
Brown<Sutphin.
Teich<Gilman.
Berk<Turner.
Petterson Press<Shurtleff.
Miller<Quinn.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

McGann<McNeill.
Schlamofsky<NY Rys.
Adler<same.
Levitzky<Bruestle (2)
Di Gaetano<NY Rys.
Peninsula Trad Agcy, Inc<Frizar.
Grossman<Broue.
Volino<Ferrante.
Bumfeld<Kress.
Speckman<Schenker.
Schechter<Int R T.
Guttfeld<NY Rys.
Weinberger<Kosofsky.
Altman<Zachtmann.
Jacobs<Stone.
Samuels<same.
Landley<Nalanson.
Le Petit Paris<Economu-Ritsos Co.
Kandel<Grenstein.
Lahm<Litwin.
Claman<NY Rys.
Loury<3d Av RR.
Smith<Pechter B Co.
Walkowitz<NY Rys.
Feinman<Weil.
Adler<Greengrass
Kraus<Zochowiski.
Keeper<NY Rys.
Fuchs<same.
Katz<same
Berman<Cons Gas Co
Stadler<Samuels.
McGowan<Miller.
Gravian<Cohen.
Butera<Buchfuhrer.
Sindermann<Hudson & Man RR.
Cutler<5th Av Coach Co (2.)
Laufer<NY Rys.
Tiedemann<Bakatman.
Pogrivsky<Rosedale Dairy Co.
Reiner<Gronman.
Noble<Haff.
Pohorille<NY Rys.
Bernstein<Kahn.
McDonald<Metzner.
Tierney<Weisbecker.
D H Shirt Co<Schill.
Buchman<Gottlieb.
Warner<Pleasant Spring Dist Co.
Sipkin<Modern Cloak, &c. Co.
Same<Dorfman.
Hirschhorn<Klein.
Everwear Play Suit Co<Phoenix Mfg Co.
Zintel<Weinberger.
Newman<Levy.
Quailey<Weil.
Case on.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial. No day calendar.

PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Bernstein<Rosenthal & Grotta, Inc.
Kern<Davies.
Shukovsky<Mirkus.
Greeff<Rothschild.
Goldman<Brown.
Greenberg<Fulton Bar & Cotton Mills, Inc.
Gluck<Schnell.
Feinstein<Blumenthal & Co.
Sherwood<Syndicate Waist Co.
Ackerman<Blumenthal
Kimmerle<Hamburg-Bremen F I Co (2.)
Prudential Knitting Mills<Krasney.
Rosenberg<Schulman.
K & G Gracey Co<Gordon.
Herts Brothers Co<Herts
Greenberg<Carp.
Schafuss<Ford Co.
Nenino<Bronx Exposition.
Neschke<Stone.
Dixon<Heale.
Kupferman<Mirsky
Sheftman<Bronstein.
Regan<Jackson.
Field<Zuckerman.
Olshin<Bernstein.
Marron<Casey.
Bank of US<Am Sea Grass Co
Stein<Peragallo.
Fein<Kruger.
Tuttle<Simon.
Rotto & Rabinowitz<Goldman.
Hahn<Sivin.
Coney Dyeing Works<Smith.
Lessler<Feinberg.
Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Shupe<Altamont Realty Co—John Mulholland. Nedron Mtg Corp<Madison Av and 96th St Co—Joseph McCloskey. Met Life Ins Co<Fox—Joseph McCloskey.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Newburg Sav Bank<Scofield—Arthur N Giegerich.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Olga E Schlau<D H Jackson Co—Barney Hamburger.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

Fleischman<Murray (4.)
Goldstein<Schmidt.
Webber<Walther.
Black<Thompson-Starrett Co.
Schneider<Leowal Realty Co.
Re Caponigri.
Brand<Silver.
Berman<Krawitz & Price.
Dorfan<Van Emden.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.

Nicolette<Union Ry.
Guido<Union Ry.
Bridges<Hoving.
Fitzgerald<3d Av RR
Jacubson<Brody.
Napolis<Booth.
Varnora<Brody.
Campbell<Rosenfeld.
Skoultchi<Goldberg.
Whitney<Blake.
Met. Elec Mfg Co<L H Woods Const Co.
Palitz<Duempleman, (3.)
Ambraszka<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
White<Weigle.

The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:

H Poulson<Mangels.
K Poulson<same.
D'Avola<Waites Motor Van & Storage Co.
Marks<Lewandowski.
Wynne<Corona Prov.
Tilley<Muelberger.
Guastavino<Rock.
Y Sneiderwitz<Ehni.
H Sneiderwitz<same.
S Fox<Brunor.
L Fox<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Weisgal<NY City Interborough Ry.
L Zelenko<Union Ry.
W Zelenko<same.
Hellman<Corona Prov.
Abbenante<Union Ry.
McCarthy<Int R T.
Barchan<Grossman.
F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Skupinsky<same.
Hultgren<Union Ry.
Brillee<same.
Beatty<Peace.
Carey<NY C RR.
Rall<Neuman.
Rosenthal<Waites Mot Vans & Storage Co.
Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency.
L Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage.
S Rosenthal<same.
Weber<Holsten.
Uszpalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co.
Verro<Union Ry.
Wolf<same.
Heit<Walworth Bros. Inc.
Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co. Inc.
Tuccitto<Union Ry.
Grace<Union Ry.
Nacheman<Hoolahan.
F Frey<Heyne.
M Frey<same.
O'Sullivan<same.
Goldstein<Union Ry.
Kruger<Goldberg.
Weingold<Wulfhop.
Silverblatt<Int R T.
Gasdia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital.
Kallman<Sanwick.
Brinn<Samuels.
O'Shea<Hobby.
Busch<B H RR.
Phillips<Jacobs.
Busch<B H RR.
Winkler<Union Ry.
Cotter<Burns Bros.
Ross<So Blvd RR.
Beyrodt<Lyon.
McGuire<O A Sigmond Realty Co.
Bastone<CNY.
Toots<Segal.
Eisler<So Blvd RR.
Lopota<Int R T.
Greenblatt<same.
Stringle<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc.
J Fanelli<Ferguson.
N Fanelli<same.
Maurer<Gimbel Bros.
Schoenfelder<NY Rys

Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.

PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
People<Farber. Flanagan<Sibel.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Whalen, trustee, &c<Hays—C Bertram Plante. NY Title & Mtg Co<Crystal—C Bertram Plante. Smyth<same—C Bertram Plante. Earl<same—C Bertram Plante. Knapp<Mapes—Frank J Coyle.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, Mills, Putnam, Kelly, Jaycox, JJ.—Day calendar at 1 P. M.

People<Title Guar & Trust Co.
Hynes<N Y C RR.
Egan<Westchester Brewing Co.
Allen<Brill
Re Thomas.
Gregonis<Rdg Coal Co
Colne<Smith.
Merry Rty Co<Shamokin Co.
Clarke Co<Pless.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re Breen.
T F Martin Rty Co<Bay V Hts Rty Co.
Same<same, (re Normandie.)
Re Clarkson St, (Nichols, Jr, Parcel 27.)
Lockwood<Lamberg.
Newman<Bennett.
Re Great Kills Road.
Bishop<Koch.
Fields<Fields.
Re Av S, (Jere Johnson, Jr, Co.)
Re Av E, (Nichols.)
Bishop<Schotta.
Schon<Schon.
Leo<Leo.
Re Hickey.
Re Dean.
Re Lombardi.
Re Hyde.
Re Bridger.
Re Clearman.
Hutwelker<Hutwelker.
Furlan<Furlan.
Oshinsky<Gumberg.
Rogers<Rosenberg.
Re Flohn, (Com Public Works.)
Adler<Geller.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Koeppel<Friedman.
Pattelli<Peterson.
Stutsky<Rosenblum.
Taub<Gold.
Bourke<Bourke.
Gibbs<Stiner.
Lamb<Lamb.
Davis<Isaacs.
Davidson<Davidson.
Anderson<Anderson.
Schmitt<Schmitt.
Reiss<Reiss et al.
Andretta<Andretta.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 1254.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.

Williamstown Glass Co<Munch B. Bottling Co.
Ahearn<Custy.
Finkelstein<Patterson.
Feneis<Levin.
Pizer<Nas RR.
Antonio Pepe Co<Hershenov.
Beck<Bernstein.
Peters<Rooson & Co.
Rubak<B Q C & S RR
Dalley<Stromberg.
Sullivan<B H RR.
Shelck<Figge Co.
Albrecht<Spafford & ano.
Hussey<Leh Val RR.
Klein<MacMillan.
Murray<Cook.
Dalury<Dalury Candy.
Johnson<Turner & Blanchard Co.
Mason<B H RR.
Talmud<NY Rys.
White<So Bklyn Ry.
Smith<Gleasoo-Tiebout Glass Co.
Gertman<Nekton
Grigaitis<So Bkln Ry.
Bungert<Bkn Builders Supply Co.
Harris<CNY.
Stevern<Seelys Son.
Finkelson<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Mahon<Raleigh.
Katzenstein<Salit & Sons.
Clark<Baird.
Greenberg<Sacks.
Katinsky<Robins Dry Dock Co et al.
Kaufman<Greenhut Co.
McBride<B H RR.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.

Colombo<B H RR.
Lenkowsky<Nass RR.
Heinemann<B H RR.
Malouf<Saydah.
Arnold<Scott.
Aseerson<CNY.
Feeney<Nassau RR.
Schnur<Perlman.
Applebome<Sheffield Farms Co.
Kelly Asphalt Block<Bklyn Alcatraz Asph
Gardner<Courtney & ano.
Rosenberg<Mandel.
Banks<Penrson.
Woods<Cowan.
Balit<Amer Alcohol Co
Hagenaers & ano<Gross & ano.
Meisel<Rex.
Harriett<B H RR.
Devitto<Cerillo & ano
King<NY Cons RR.
Sager<NY Rys.
Grose<Berman & Swerdlick Co.
Hines<Cuneo et al.
MacArthur<MacArthur.
Smith<Koons & ano.
Kriegsman<Bordman.
Matican<Langrock Bros Co.
Borkowsky<NY Rys.
Nielsen<Coastwise Dredging Co.
Langs<Westreich.
Bendheim<B H RR.
Denninger<Nassau RR
Esposito<Auditore Contracting Co.
Celler<Drake Bros Co.
Sutton-Vaughn Equip<Alston Saw & Steel.
Titofsky<Nassau RR.
Coleman<NY Cons RR & ano.
Freely<Eppe.
Holtz<NY Cons RR.
Markowitz<Mendelson & ano.
Jonas<Loeser & Co & ano.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6493.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of: William Blaisdell. Emmeline Dunbar. Ann Reed. Mary Healy. Martha Cavanagh. Abraham Berger. Theodore Crohen. Mary Gerum.
Accountings of: Catherine Gorey. Louisa Allen. John Iunan. Amelia Farrell. Henry Dunning.
Guardianship of: Streetfeld infants.
Estates of: Sylvester Barrett. Miriam Fain. Charles Welsh. William Kissick. John Schneider.

County Court.

PART IV.—May, J.; Part V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M. Calendar called in Part V.

McKairney<Tiffany.
Aaron<Elsenpresser.
Frs<C I & B RR.
Mandelbaum<Central Live Poultry Co.
Lanzo<C I & B RR.
Hell<Nas Elec RR.
Keely<Sanders.
Nilsen<Cohen.
O'Brien<Lemar Realty Co.
Davis<Bullock.
Monell, Jr<Burden.
Welz & Zerweck<Gabriel.
Edelman<Schwarts.
Tiger<Int R T Co.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.

Riemenschneider<Riemenschneider.
Neponsit Rty Co<Judge.
Carpenter<Chesbro Whitman Co, Inc.
Hall<Hall.
Bauer, as exr, &c<Rasmussen et al.

Highest number reached on calendar, 748.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.

Criminal calendar:
People<Harry Glass.
Civil calendar:
Hogan<B H RR.
Moran<Goldman.
Wright<Vogel.
McKenna, as admx<Sherman, (inquest)
Baker<N Y Rys Co.
Mallen<L I Elec Ry.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call.

Schrieber<The Motor Car Equipment Co.
White, an infant<Haber.
O'Beirne<Moll.
Cohen, an infant, &c<Laracco.
Faltrauer<Ringling et al.
Moore<Jacobus.
McPhillips<N Y & Q Co Ry Co.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2550.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tompkins, J.—At White Plains—10:45 A. M. For the hearing of motions and ex parte. All motions noticed for the 16th inst. will be adjourned until February.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Keogh, J.—At New Rochelle.

Hayes<Hayes.
Rich<Nausbaum.
Frank<Waegenhalle.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Seeger, J.; Part II., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Bruno<Burrows.
Cleccons<Fay. (2.)
Kreisman<Stern.
Sabia<Ryan.
Cornell<Town of Bedford.
Driscoll<Schreiber.
Carroll<City of Yonkers.
Longacre<Yonkers RR
Reynolds<NY Rys.
Geno<Funk.
Buchanan<Worden.
Danner<Banfield.
Motor Haulage Co<S I R T Ry.
Talaco<NYC & HRRR
Vesseley<Nesser.
Patrick<Watson Rty.
McArthur<NY C RR.
Meyer<Archibald.
Mulvey<Williamson.
Buckley<Standard Oil.
Earl<Coyne.
Bradley<Bradley.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Turner<N W Mut L I.
Blencestone<Synne.
Biber<Karmen.
Thompson<Crandall.
Waldron<Monroe.
Dobson<Moos.
Superfine Oil Co<Standard Garage Co
Gerlach<Eagan.
Camph<Shipman.
Fearon<I R T.
Considine Inv Co<NY C RR.
Sammon<Sammon.
Seaman<Larchmont Nat Bank.
Bond<NY & S Ry.
Buchanan<Yonk RR.
Civico<same.
Smith<same.
Intermaggio<C of Yonkers.
Vena<Pitman.
Levine<I R T.

Highest number reached on call, 854.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Young, J.

Yonkers Lumber Co<Hanlon.
O'Hagan<NY & S Ry.
Hanson<Bruenig.
Murray<De Mena.
Maslenka<Brady. (2.)
Clarke<McGilvney.
Spader<McGuire.
Taylor, as Pres<Dickinson.
Mun Eng & Con Co<Smith.
Westchester Co Nat Bank<McCord.
Carpenter<O'Neil.
Holt<Plouthner.
Stanley<Friede.
Westover<Fones.
Ituaso<West El RR.
Burchetta<Banker.
McGee<Smythwick.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Miller<Smith.
Tichnor Bros<Sherwood.
Bobet<Holdredge.
Pakenham<Holden.
O'Connell<Sundry.
Delz<Aprea.
Mt Pleasant Garage<Leon.
Brennan<Peekskill Transfer & Stor Co.
Klein<Yonkers RR.
Mt Pleasant Garage<Leon.
Lord & Burnham Co<Di Nonno.
Legum & Kassenets Taxi Co<Abdelnour.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

A new apartment house will soon be erected in the choice residential section of Fifth Avenue, at the south corner of Sixty-sixth Street, in the same block with the former Colonel John Jacob Astor mansion, now owned by Vincent Astor. The property to be used for this latest tall Fifth Avenue structure is owned by the Grant B. Schley estate, including the large Schley residence on the immediate corner, and three smaller dwellings on Sixty-sixth Street. Adjoining the Schley house on the south is a residence owned by the Astor estate, and the remainder of the block, including the Sixty-fifth Street corner, is occupied by the large Astor house.

Associated with the Schley estate in the operation are William Henry Barnum & Co., which has erected several large buildings, and J. E. R. Carpenter, who has been associated in the erection of a number of the newest Park Avenue apartment houses. The property has a frontage of 50.6 feet on Fifth Avenue, being the frontage of the Schley home, and, with the three smaller structures, 160 feet on Sixty-sixth Street.

The new apartment will be eleven or twelve stories in height. It has been entirely financed, the Barnum Company furnishing the building loan. Mr. Carpenter and Cross & Cross will be associate architects. The plan will probably involve but one suite to a floor of about twenty rooms. It is expected to be ready for occupancy by the Summer of 1920.

The brokerage details of the transaction were arranged by the firm of Pease & Elliman. On the Sixty-third Street corner of Fifth Avenue is a twelve-story apartment completed a few years ago on the old Progress Club site, and further north are four other tall multi-family houses.

Daniel H. Jackson Buys $200,000 Midtown Loft.

An important deal in the midtown loft zone was closed yesterday by Daniel H. Jackson, operator, who purchased from the B. F. & G. Realty Company, 106 East Nineteenth Street. The property consists of a twelve-story loft building occupying a plot 25 by 100, located 175 feet east of Fourth Avenue. It is fully leased, with an annual income of $22,000 and was held at $200,000.

$30,000 Investment Purchase on Greene Street.

J. Early Wood has increased his holdings in the lower part of the city by the purchase of 81 Greene Street from the Wilton Holding Corporation. The property consists of a five-story loft with electric elevator, on a plot 25 by 100. Negotiations are pending to lease the building to a Manhattan firm for a term of years at $3,600 per annum. The property was held at $30,000. The Charles F. Noyes Company negotiated the sale.

Negotiations Pending for Sale of Braender Apartments.

Negotiations are reported pending for the sale of the ten-story Braender apartment, on the southwest corner of 102d Street and Central Park West. The house, which was erected by the late Philip Braender, occupies a site fronting 100.11 feet on Central Park West and 117 feet, on 102d Street. It has been valued by the estate at $400,000. It has an annual rent roll of about $52,000. In 1912 Mr. Braender sold the property to the New York Real Estate Security Company, which acquired more than 100 houses on the upper west side before it was forced into bankruptcy. After prolonged negotiations Mr. Braender bought back the property.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

The Cruikshank Company sold for the Central Union Trust Company 248 East Broadway, a three-story and basement brick dwelling, on lot 23 by 62, situated between Clinton and Montgomery Streets. E. Demb was associated as broker.

The Bronx Market.

Cahn & Pittman, in conjunction with Philip Wattenberg, have purchased from the Benenson Realty Company, 933 East 163d Street, a five-story new-law apartment, with three stores, on a plot 52 by 112, held at $75,000. Harry H. Cohen negotiated the sale.

Nehring Brothers sold for A. I. Smith, to a client for investment, 437 East 147th Street, a five-story, twenty-family apartment house, on a plot 48 by 100, near Willis Avenue.

Walter E. Brown sold for Louis Zborowski the three-story frame stores and dwellings, 1,229-1,231 Brook Avenue, on a plot 35.4 by 90, to a client for investment.

Frederick Brown has purchased from Felix Cohen the two five-story apartment houses at 2,636 and 2,639 Sedgwick Avenue, near Kingsbridge Road, each covering a plot 37.6 by 135. The holding price was $36,000 for each building.

Brooklyn.

Meister Builders, Inc., have resold the two apartment houses at 64-70 McKibben Street, on a plot 105 by 100. It was purchased last week from Mrs. Mary D. Patton and was held for $90,000.

Queens Borough Sales.

C. Chaumont sold to G. Link a plot 105 by 150 on the south side of University Place, east of Vandeveer Place, Woodhaven.

T. Y. Wells sold to M. Figge a plot 100 by 100 at the southwest corner of Belleview and Palatine Avenues, Jamaica.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company sold to M. Campbell a plot 140 by 236, on the west side of Coles Lane, Far Rockaway.

Builder Buys in Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for Walter H. Crittenden 16½ lots on Bement Avenue, near Richmond Terrace, West New Brighton, being part of the old Bement estate property. The purchaser is Peter Larsen, who intends to improve the property with small cottages.

New Jersey.

Cruikshank Company sold for Natalie Jarvis the property formerly occupied as the Jarvis Stores in Jersey City, bounded on the north by Thirteenth Street, on the east by Barnum Street, on the south by Twelfth Street, and on the west by Provost Street, being 400 feet in length on Twelfth and Thirteenth Streets and 200 feet in width on Barnum and Provost Streets. The property has been acquired for one of the trunk line railroads and will be developed for piers and railroad purposes.

An estate consisting of about six acres on Ocean Avenue, Deal, N. J., owned by the estate of the late Edward Hilson, has been sold by the executors to a client of Eugene E. Sperry.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman have sold for Mrs. Sarah Alexander her residence at 296 Highwood Avenue, Glen Rock, to John Koole.

Westchester County.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the Union and New Haven Trust Company, as trustees, three plots in the Nepperhan Heights section of Yonkers, N. Y., to Herbert N. Snow of the same place.

Commercial Leases.

George R. Read & Co. have leased the building at 3 West Forty-seventh Street to Mrs. St. John Alexander and the first floor at 293 Fifth Avenue to Blanche L. Bonestell and William A. Perlis.

Cross & Brown Company leased the entire building at 692 Eleventh Avenue to the Zenith Carburetor Company for the Brockway Motor Truck Company.

Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin Corporation leased to Mrs. S. A. Seeley for the Alliance Realty Company the north store and basement at 746 Madison Avenue.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co., in conjunction with Homer Foot, Jr., leased for Jeremiah Milbank at an approximate yearly rental of $7,500 16 East Fifty-third Street, a five-story American basement dwelling on a lot 25 by 100, which Mr. Milbank recently purchased.

Brown's Buffet Lunch Company has leased for fifteen years from Isaac M. Spiegelberg the ground floor at 84 University Place, and from Charlotte E. A. Throckmorton the ground floor at 1,206 and 1,208 Broadway for ten years. M. Rosen was the broker and Abraham J. Halprin acted as attorney for the lessees.

Realty Notes.

About four floors of the old Lion Brewery at 109th Street and Columbus Avenue are to be converted into a fur storage plant.

Dr. Max Wolper, I. A. Stoloff, and Max Neger are the buyers of the German Evangelical Reformed Church property at the corner of Avenue B and Fifth Street. The buyers plan to erect apartment houses.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

Front St, 176, w s, 47.5; Burling Slip, 19.3x86.1x19.5x87.6, four-story loft and store; C. H. Voorhees against S. P. Tull et al; Olin, C. & P., attorneys; due, $1,297.72; taxes, &c., $1,025.39; withdrawn.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 15.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, w s, 75 ft n of 76th St, 20.6x100; Marie Becker to Carl and Caroline Schiller, 1,439 Avenue A, all liens; attorneys, Fluegelman & T., 52 Broadway..$100

CHARLES ST, n s, 70 ft w of Bleecker St, 38.8x96.4; Emma C., (Cooper,) wife of William O. Davis, to John H. Cooper, 128 West 118th St, a. t., b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

CHURCH ST, 214, w s, 25 ft n of Thomas St, 25.3x50.2; Church St, 21d, w s, 50.2 ft n of Thomas St, 75.0x25x irregular; Thomas St, 57, n s, 150 ft w of Church St, 26.1x100.11; Mary B. Brandages to Claflins, Incorporated, 224 Church St, b. and s.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

DELANCEY ST, 270, n s, 50 ft e of Columbia St, 25x100, (foreclosure Jan. 8, 1919;) Edw. E. McCall, referee, to M. C. Spedden, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., Jan. 13; attorneys, Sullivan & C., 49 Wall St....$20,000

EAST BROADWAY, 248, n s, 23x—; Central Union Trust Co. of New York to Abram Kamlet, 168 Suffolk St, b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

FRONT ST, 193, s e s, 72.10 f n e of Burling Slip, 20.1x76; Florance L. Horton et al. to Charles R. Goldsmith, 885 West End Av, and another, all liens, Jan. 15; attorneys, Goldsmith, C., C. & W., 61 Broadway.$27,500

GOERCK ST, 75, w s, 82 ft s of Rivington St, 18x59, and Goerck St, 77, w s, 64 ft s of Rivington St, 18x59; Benjamin and Bessie Hart to Rose Hart, 674 West 181st St, Dec. 28; attorneys, Cantline & Dominick, Newburg, N. Y....$1

LEWIS ST, 161 and 163, e s, 22.6x100; Lewis St, w s, 84 ft n of 3d St, 25x100; Julius Friedman to Benjamin Friedman, 877 Intervale Av, Bronx, Oct. 16, 1918; address, Oscar Meltzner, 134 West 26th St....$100

LEXINGTON AV, n e corner of 119th St, runs e 60x n e 78x n 20.3x w 55.3 to avenue x s 63.2 to beginning; Wilton Holding Corp. to Land Estates, 135 Broadway, mtg $25,000, Nov. 25, 1918; attorney, N. Y. Title and Trust Co., 135 Broadway....$1

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n w s, at a line 99.11 ft s from a line 150.8 ft s w of 158th St, runs w 163.10x s 145.1 to Drive x n e 218.11 to beginning; Lansing Co. (now known as Keene Land Corp.) to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, mtg $30,000, all liens, Jan. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n w s, at s s of 138th St, runs w 76.7x s 67.10 to Drive x n e 102.4 to beginning; same to same, mtg $12,000, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Jan. 13; attorney, same....$1

RUTGERS SLIP, s s, 129.1 ft e of Jefferson St, 25.7x127.7; Rose Randell to Frieda Surut, 138 West 121st St; attorneys, Goldfogle & Dorf, 271 Broadway....$1

THOMPSON ST, 221-25, w s, 275 ft n of Bleecker St, 71.3x100; Edw. M. Scudder et al., executors of William H. White, deceased, and another, to Henry Birdsall, 9 Charles St, ½ part, a. t., Jan. 7; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$21,000

SAME PROPERTY; Mary N. Allyne et al. to same, ½ part, a. t., all liens, Dec. 3; attorney; same....$100

WATER ST, 236, n w s, 25x85.8; Harriette M. Warren et al. to Max B. Kaesche, 240 Water St, mtg $5,000, Jan. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

1ST AV, 2,432, e s, 25.6 ft s of 125th St, 25x75; Louis B. Siegel to Charles S. Rich, 617 West 170th St, mtg $7,500, Jan. 7....$1

1ST AV, 2,430, e s, 50.8 ft s of 125th St, 25x75; same to same, mtg $7,500, Jan. 7.$1

2D AV, 2,100-2,102, n e corner of 108th St, (301-303,) 50x100, foreclosure Jan. 9, 1919; David B. Simpson, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St....$55,000

2D ST, 236, n s, 208 ft w of Avenue C, 24.9x105.10, foreclosure Dec. 6, 1918; Alfred H. Townley, referee, to Achilles H. Kohn, 52 East 65th St, Jan. 14; attorneys, Wollman & W., 20 Broad St....$24,000

6TH AV, 21, w s, 230.10 ft s of Cornelia St, 17.6x100, foreclosure; Frank T. Fitzgerald, referee, to Lincoln Trust Co. and Mary Van Buren Vanderpoel, 30 East 53d St, trustees, under deed of trust, Jan. 15; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 48 Cedar St....7,000

19TH ST, n s, 265 ft w of 4th Av, 20x92; Philip B. Jennings to Barring Investing Corp., 41 Park Row, mtg $28,000, Dec. 10, 1918; attorney, Albert W. Venino, 59 Wall St....$1

47TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.5; Mary A. Baker to Walter B. Baker, 310 West 121st St, b. and s. and c. a. g.; address 419 West 47th St....$1

54TH ST, 432 West, s s, 383.4 ft e of 10th Av, 16.6x53.6; Metropolitan Savings Bank to Charles E Haskell, Orange, N. J., Jan. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,000

75TH ST, 241 East, n s, 105 ft w of 2d Av, 20x102.2; Charles A. Clark to Charles E. Haskell, Orange, N. J., Jan. 9; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

94TH ST, 12 East, s s, 198.4 ft e of 5th Av, 20x100.8; Diana Simm to Joseph H. Choate, Jr., 158 East 71st St, Jan. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

100TH ST, 64 West, s s, 174.6 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Mary A. Baker to Walter S. Baker, 310 West 121st St, mtg $13,000, quitclaim, June 18, 1916; address W. S. Baker, 419 West 47th St....$1

140TH ST, 60 West, s s, 187.6 ft e of Lenox Av, 37.6x90.11; Tri-Borough Investing Co. to Marguerite V. Smith, 2,524 7th Av, all liens, Jan. 2; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row....$1

150TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of Broadway, 100x99.11; 100 West 142d Street Corporation to Annie Golding, 70 Lenox Av, ½ part, mtg $96,000 on whole, Jan. 13; attorney, S. H. Golding, 135 Broadway....$100

158TH ST, n s, 152.1 ft w of Riverside Drive, runs n 84.9 ft to s s Drive x w to point 73 ft e of old 12th Av (closed) x s 115.10 ft to street x e 150 ft to beginning; Lansing Co. (now Keene Land Corp'n) to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, mtg $35,000, all liens, b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 13....$1

Bronx.

ANDREWS AV, 2,337, w s, 25x100; Arthur J. Hach to Benjamin C. Brown, 481 Rossmore Av, Bronxville, N. Y., mtg $20,000, Jan. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BEAUMONT AV, 2,345, w s, 25x100; Aline E. De Passe to Edward Marrone, 322 East 26th St, Jan. 4; attorney, J. A. Steinmetz, 1,005 East 180th St....$1

CARROLL ST, n e, at e s of land of Benjamin Hegeman, runs n 110x e 125x s 110x w 125; Frank Collins to Mary E. Gedrie, 31 Carroll St, Jan. 13; attorney, S. Collins, 31 Carroll St, City Island, N. Y....$1

CROTONA AV, w s, 75 ft n of Oakland Place, 25x100; John T. Kelly to Mary A. Kelly, 741 East 217th St, Jan. 14; attorneys, Joffe & J., 141 Broadway....Gift

LOT 104 and south half of Lot 103, map of Century Investing Co., Westchester Trust Co., trustee, to Carrie F. Miller et al., 274 Rich Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.; one-third part, Jan. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 170 Broadway....$1

LOT 112, same map; Benjamin C. Brown to Amalia A. Hach, 2,726 Decatur Av, mtg $8,000, Dec. 30, 1918; attorney, O. Richter, 302 Broadway....$100

ROAD from Harlem Bridge to St. Peter's Church, n s, at w s of land of Louis Schneider, runs n 165x w 60.8x s 165x e 66 Tillie Wacht to Jay K. Livingston, Tulsa, Okla., Oct. 28, 1918; attorney, Samuel Wacht, 90 Nassau St....$100

SUMMIT AV, w s, 282.9 ft s of Cross St, 24.2x103.10, to Sedgwick Av, x 25x110.1; Crown Holding Co. to I. Henry Hirsch, at s w corner of Broadway and 67th St, Jan. 2; attorneys, Bloomberg & B., 5 Beekman St....$1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s e corner of Jennings St, 25x100; Max Hoffman to Rose Marrus, 937 Hoe Av, mtg $10,000, one-half part, Jan. 13; attorney, Max Hoffman, 916 Southern Boulevard....$100

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 75 ft s of 172d St, 27x109.8x—x109.3; Henry Lang to William A. Lang, 4,031 Park Av, mtg $19,000, Dec. 24, 1918; attorney, H. J. Radin, 505 Claremont Parkway....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

3D ST, 35 West, n s, 105 ft e of Wooster St, 45x102.8; Jan. 14; 35 West 3d St. Corporation to John Skalski, 14 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn, due July 14, 1919, with agreement to extend 6 months, 6 p. c., prior mtg $60,000....$8,000

THOMPSON ST, 221-25, w s, 275 ft n of Bleecker St, 71.3x100, p. m., Jan. 14; Henry Birdsall to St. Luke's Hospital, 113th St. and Amsterdam Av, due Jan. 1, 1924, with privilege of 5 years' extension; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St....$21,000

125TH ST, n s, 200 ft w of e. l. 1st Av and 165 ft w of Wills Av, bridge approach, 25x99.11, Jan. 13; Jacob Chaimowitz to Thomas Carroll, 16 East 129th St, due July 15, 1920, 6 p. c., pr. mtg $7,500; attorney, A. F. Silverstone, 150 Nassau St....$2,500

32D ST, 156 East, s s, 200 ft w of 3d Av, 16.8x43.4xirregular; also interior lot, begins at s s corner of foregoing, 200 ft w of 3d Av, and 43.4 ft s of 32d St, 38.4x14.8x irregular, Jan. 9; Kate T. Scannell, extrx., to Catherine Nicolai, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Scannell, Hall of Records....$1,000

GRAND ST, 300, leasehold, a. t., Dec. 18; Joseph Grudin and Max Abramson to Morris Goodman, 425 Grand St., and another, due Feb. 25, 1922, interest as per notes; attorney, Harry Levin, 187 East Broadway....$10,250

HESTER ST, 1, n w corner of Clinton St, 25x100, Jan. 15; Morris Goldberg and Nathan Schancupp to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond....$28,000

Bronx.

ROAD from Harlem Bridge to St. Peter's Church, n s, at w s of land of Louis Schneider, runs n 165x w 60.8x s 165x e 66; Jay K. Livingston to Tillie Wacht, 790 Riverside Drive, Oct. 28, 1918, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Samuel Wacht, 99 Nassau St....$13,000

BEAUMONT AV, 2,345, w s, 25x100; Edward Marrone to Elizabeth Steinmets, 2,155 Daly Av, prior mtg $13,333, Jan. 10, due as per bond; attorney, J. A. Steinmets, 1,005 East 180th St....$3,000

5TH AV, n s, 25 ft w of Lot 286, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Jacob S. Stubenvoll to Joseph Kraus, 300 East 96th St, Dec. 27, 1918, due as per bond; attorney, A. M. Schwartz, 3,471 White Plains Av....$3,000

187TH ST, 601 and 603 East, n s, 95x irregular; Libario Lombardo to Mollie Simon, 12 Cooper Square, Jan. 10, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, C. Breitbart, 300 Broadway.$1,450

LOT 23, map of Hunter estate; Apollonia Gallo to Fannie Bernstein, 818 East 150th St, Jan. 14, due July 14, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. G. Berchmann, 1,065 Southern Boulevard....$350

ANDREWS AV, 2,337, w s, 25x100; Benjamin C. Brown to Amalia A. Hach, 2,726 Decatur Av, prior mtg $20,000, Jan. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, O. Richter, 302 Broadway....$2,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

WATER ST, 113, portion below 3d story; 95 Wall Street Realty Co. to Bautista Nadal, 113 Water St, 1 year and 20 days, from Jan. 11, 1919; attorney, Saul J. Baron, 32 Nassau St; for term....$1,000

116TH ST, 317, all; Vincenzo Bifulci et al to Francesco Miraglia, 438 East 115th St, 5 years, from May 1, 1919....$840 and $924

PARK AV, 320, 9th floor; Park Avenue Impt. Co. to Ada S. Prichitt, 1,014 5th Av, 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1916, 2 years' renewal; attorney, Arthur Johns, 55 Liberty St....$11,000

COENTIES SLIP, 29, all; Augustus and Robert B. Van Cortlandt to David and Ray Stern, on the premises, 10 years, from May 1, 1917; attorney, Harold Spielberg, 69 Wall St....$1,200

46TH ST, 548-50 West, all; Shorn & Brower, 548-50 West 46th St, to N. Y. Times Co, 9 11-12 years, from June 1, 1916; attorney John M. Scoble, 55 Liberty St....$6,000

116TH ST, 68 West, store and part basement; S. M. & M. E. Bernheimer Co. to Joseph Gruner, 816 West 184th St, 3 years, from May 1, 1919; attorneys, Spitz & B., 50 Pine St....$3,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

GREENWICH ST, 402-404, mtg $12,000; W. J. and Anna Amend, executors, to Josephine T. Helde, 68 West 94th St, and Mary C. Ridden, 11 West 81st St; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 110 Nassau St; 2 assignments, interest of....$12,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e corner of 152d St; Hugh J. Kendall and another, trustees, to C. A. Hungerford of Bloomfield, N. J.; attorney, Robert M. Boyd, Jr., 233 Broadway....$37,500

30TH ST, 634 West; Mary Lavin, extrx., to Angelica M. E. Lavin, 194 Crown St, Brooklyn; attorney, James H. Gilvarry, 261 Court St, Brooklyn....$10,000

46TH ST, 327 West; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Josephine Delano, trustee; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St....$12,000

52D ST, 537 West, mtg $2,000; Margaretta Ockett to Julius Lehren Krauss and another, 195 Prospect Place, Brooklyn; attorney, S. A. Seiderman, 361 Fulton St, Brooklyn....$1

62D ST, 355 East; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Helen Runge, 104 10th St, West New York, N. J.; address, 176 Broadway....$2,750

77TH ST, 204 West, mtg $13,000; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$11,500

119TH ST, 313 West, mtg $2,250; Maurice Cohen to Linda S. Kohn, 827 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row....$1

134TH ST, 502-4 West; Louis J. Frey to Philip Shell, 154 South Orange Av, Newark, N. J.; attorney, Andrew G. Hamersley, 309 Broadway....$3,000

136TH ST, 305 West, mtg $5,000; Julius H. Gieser to William Rankin, 119 West 77th St; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

Bronx.

BURKE AV, s e corner of Kingsbridge Road, 104.10x10x110.1x100.2; Randall Comfort, executor, to Randall Comfort, 36 Church St, Pleasantville, N. Y.; attorney, R. Comfort, 37 Greenwich Av, White Plains, N. Y....$1

CRESTON AV, s e corner of 192d St, 83.9x100.2x82.7x106.6; New York Trust Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; City Mortgage Co. to Union Square Savings Bank, 20 Union Square; attorney same....$80,000

HUNTS POINT ROAD, 824; Walter C. White to John C. Yutte, 1,408 Prospect Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

JEROME AV, s e corner of 184th St, 96x95; Columbia Trust Co. to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$100

MARION AV, w s, 796 ft n of Kingsbridge Road, 39.6x212.6; Josephine L. Powers to Chas. F. Larzelere; attorney, Jos. Brewster, 170 Broadway....$2,500

SAME PROPERTY; Chas. F. Larzelere to Frank H. Powers, 229 6th Av; attorney, same....$2,500

MORRIS AV, w s, 164.2 ft s of Belmont St, 2 lots each, 25.6x79.8; Frederick C. Leuhuscher, guardian, to Oscar Englander, 544 West 187th, as guardian; same attorney, O. Englander, 302 Broadway, 2 assessments..$1

ROSEDALE AV, 1,493; Anna Piculo to Maria Scotti, 338 East 106th St; attorney, James A. Criscuolo, 610 East 91st St....$1

SIMPSON ST, e s, 401.10 ft n of Westchester Av, 10x100; Arthur D. Hahn to Emil D. Chase, 1,431 Vyse Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,200

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of Brown Place, 195x100; Louise Christman et al., admx., to Anthony Doll, Jr., 14 Manhattan Av; attorney, E. V. Daly, 32 Nassau St....$39,000

136TH ST, 634-636 East; Equitable Trust Co. to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Greater New York Savings Bank, 498 5th Av, Brooklyn, N. Y.; attorney, same....$26,500

136TH ST, s s, 627.6 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 48.8x100; American Savings Bank to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$30,000

136TH ST, 670-672 East; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Greater New York Savings Bank, 498 5th Av, Brooklyn; attorney same; an interest of....$27,000

152D ST, s s, 100 ft w of Morris Av, 25x118x25x117.11; Virginia Anderson to Rose Pizzi, 741 Oakland Place; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, 500 Willis Av....$2,800

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

LAIGHT ST, 34, and Vestry St, 13; Unity Contracting Co., Inc., against John Fleming, owner and contractor....$5,600

116TH ST, 254 West; Chelsea Lumber Co., Inc., against Estate of O. C. Ferris, owner; Pincus H. Sleplan, contractor....$44.75

71ST ST, 314 West; Wolf Kilot against M. Murphy, owner; Edgar Holmes, contractor, (renewal)....$550

SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

Manhattan.

27TH ST, 49 West; Armand Zimmermann against Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. et al, Oct. 15, 1918....$641.81

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

EAST BROADWAY, 100; Hudson City Savings Institution against Abraham Davis et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Collier, Browning & Moy.

1ST ST, s s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, 50x61.4; Jessica R. Green against Milfein Corporation et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Alexander & Green.

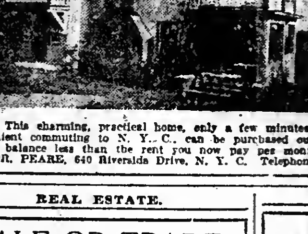
60TH ST, 407 East; Mary L. Shear against Schlesinger Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

60TH ST, 405 East; John S. Jacobus against Schlesinger Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

60TH ST, 403 and 409 East; two actions; United States Trust Company of New York against Schlesinger Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. M. Powell.

Bronx.

LOT 59, Block 2,565, Section 10, on tax map; Municipal Liens Co. against Robert T. W. Duke, as trustee, et al., (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorney, E. C. Smith.



RARE BARGAIN, HIGH IN THE JERSEY HILL SECTION, AT PRE-WAR PRICE, ONLY $9,000.

A 9-room, all-year home of rare beauty, comfort and convenience; 1,000 feet elevation; superb land and water views; huge living room, entrance hall, kitchen and butler's pantry, dining room on first floor; three immense sleeping rooms en suite, with two tiled baths and sleeping balcony on 2d floor; three large rooms, bath, on 3d floor; hardwood, white enamel trim, mahogany doors, electric light, steam heat, parquet floors, wide verandas; a big open fireplace, especially built for wood fires, and a stone basement under entire house are noteworthy features; every city convenience combined with the advantages of a wonderful country exist here. This charming, practical home, only a few minutes from D., L. & W. Ex. Sta., easy and convenient commuting to N. Y. C., can be purchased outright and title secured for $1,000 cash down, balance less than the rent you now pay per month. Plot 100x211 feet. Write or phone GEO. R. PEARE, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. C. Telephone 6634 Audubon.

REAL ESTATE.

SALE OR TRADE
Three well located plots
Broadway at 183d St........288x100
Vermilyea Ave., at Dyckman..225x100
Emerson Ave., Cor. Seaman...100x100
STEWART HEMINGWAY,
50 East 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 8862.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANNA ANCHORSTAR, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 634 Fifth Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of very fine ladies' dresses, coats and suits, piece goods, brocades, satins, silks, linings, buttons, trimmings, machinery, safe, carpets, fixtures, &c. BERTHA RIMBAUGH, Receiver.
JOSEPH DANNENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy:—In the matter of MOSES ORENSTEIN, doing business as LENOX SNAPPY CLOTHES SHOP, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 120 Lenox Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's clothing, fixtures, &c.; also the receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the lease of 120 Lenox Av.
JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 51 Chambers St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26,349.
Notice is given that KLOPPER BROS., INC., bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition of all its debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on January 27th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such application should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

LEGAL NOTICES.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, Incorporated.
NOTICE.
NEW YORK, N. Y., DECEMBER 31, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the terms of Section 14 of Article Sixth of a certain mortgage dated January 1, 1912, executed by the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Kentucky, to secure an issue of $15,000,000 of Twenty-five Year First and General Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, and a certain indenture supplemental thereto dated May 1, 1912, Philip V. R. Van Wyck, of Summit, in the State of New Jersey, has been appointed by said Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company as Trustee under said mortgage and supplementary indenture, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Frank W. Conn, late of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, one of the Trustees named in said mortgage and supplementary indenture.
CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, Incorporated,
By W. T. GENTRY, PRESIDENT.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is hereby given that the Cornell Steamboat Company, owner of the steam tug "Primrose," has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury arising out of collision claimed to have occurred between the said steam tug "Primrose," the boat "Ontario & Western No. 21," and the barge "Bavier"; value of the vessel and freight, $8,500. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Louis Bennett, Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, or be defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

5
MORTGAGE MONEY
Manhattan Only
Wm. A. White & Sons
46 Cedar Street
Tel. 5700 John

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?
Send for list of handsome 7-room Brick House, ready to occupy, on Brooklyn Subway, 30 minutes from Times Square; easy terms. Few for rent.
Silsby, 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4385.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful Dwelling
15 rooms, 4 baths, most exclusive section in the city, 2 East 86th St., adjoining the corner of 5th Av. Rent $4,000 per annum. Inquire on premises or
ROBERT LEVERS,
878 Lenox Av. Phone 2675 Harlem.

551 West 52nd Street.
Ten-story fireproof manufacturing building of heavy construction on plot 100x100.
Rental $25,470. Price $150,000.
STEWART HEMINGWAY,
50 East 42d St. Murray Hill 8862.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens
15 Minutes from Penna. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill—6441.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORES and LOFTS
18-24 WASHINGTON PLACE.
STORE, 45x96; Corner Loft, 90x96. Manufacturing permitted; exceptionally light; fireproof; sprinklered; low insurance rates.
10 WASHINGTON PLACE.
Top loft, 48x96; exceptionally light. Manufacturing permitted.
409-413 LAFAYETTE STREET.
Near Astor Place; lofts 18,500 sq. feet each; will divide; sprinklered; low insurance; live steam; fine light; reasonable rent.
97-99 BLEECKER STREET.
Loft 40x125. Manufacturing permitted; live steam.
710 BROADWAY.
Loft 25x115; fireproof, sprinklered; low insurance rates.
222-224 GREENE STREET.
Top loft, 40x100. Sprinklered; low insurance; exceptionally light; manufacturing permitted.
MANHEIMER BROS., Inc., Agents.
162 West 34th St. 'Phone Greeley—

LOFTS FLOORS OFFICES BASEMENTS COLUMBUS CIRCLE
1845-1847 BROADWAY, NEAR 60TH ST.
Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc., moderate rent.
L. MILLER & SONS, 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 1234.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS TO LET
WM. H. WHITING & CO.
41 PARK ROW TEL. 5900 CORT.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
46x95; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

Light Loft, 25x148
18 E. 14th St., nr. 5th Av.
Morris E. Sterne, 9 E. 14th St.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

10,000 Feet Floor Space WANTED
Below Chambers St. West Side
Office space, stock rooms and storage facilities. Must have freight and passenger elevators and adequate retiring rooms.
Will consider 5 year lease, either entire building or might share with other tenant if otherwise satisfactory.
Automobile Sundries Co.,
18 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE DALHOUSIE
40 to 48 Central Park South.
Only two suites now for rent, consisting of 9 rooms and bath. Excellent service both day and night. Apply superintendent on premises, or FRED'K FOX & CO., Inc., Agents, 14 W. 40th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 540.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 WEST 72d ST.
APARTMENT TWO EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS, kitchenette and bath; handsomely furnished; all appointments are of highest standard; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel. Col. 7646.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.

Private house for sale, 5 stories, 15 rooms, 5 baths; magnificently furnished; refined location; suitable doctor, dentist, business or furnished rooms; valuable leasehold; lifetime opportunity. Owner, 62 West 51st St.

Big Sacrifice.—Tenement West 50s, 25x100; fine equity; long time mortgage; no brokers. W 327 Times.

Westchester County.

FURNISHED HOME AT MOUNT VERNON. For rent until Oct. 1, possession at once, 8 rooms and tiled bathroom; steam heat, electricity; attractively furnished; grand piano; coal in cellar; restricted location, near station; rent $90 monthly. COOLEY REALTY CO., Mt. Vernon. Phone 3464.

Long Island.

Kew Gardens House, 12 rooms, 3 baths, 1 open fireplaces; every convenience; on beautiful corner plot. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

Long Beach West.—Cottage, 3 rooms, improvements, for sale; $1,300, terms. Write Thomas Walsh. Phone Murray Hill 1060.

Houses Wanted.

Wanted, small modern house, good residential section White Plains, New Rochelle, or Mt. Vernon, from February or March, for long term, $40-$45 monthly. Communicate Hurlburt, Hotel Flanders, West 47th.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

24 families, new law, 6-story walk up; PRICE $57,000; CASH $12,000; MORTGAGE $35,000; take second mortgage $10,000; rents $8,844; principals only. S 334 Times.

Private dwelling, fine condition, near Varick and Broome; a bargain. K 545 Times Downtown.

$2,000 cash buys private dwelling near 23d St and 4th Av. K 546 Times Downtown.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES. GEORGE HOWE. 527 5th Av., New York.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Port Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees; plots 100x150; price $2,000 up. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

AT MOUNT IVY, N. Y.—325 ACRES, about 15 minutes' drive from Haverstraw, of which 100 acres is fine farm land, with buildings, &c.; elegant location for gentlemen's estate or bungalow colony; reached via West Shore and Erie Railroads; adjoining State highway; price $30,000. THOS. J. FREEMAN, HAVERSTRAW, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

BROADWAY, 377, (Cor. White St.)—Large light offices and showrooms. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

Office to sublet from Feb. 1 and furniture sale. Room 404 Tribune Building. Phone Beekman 7588.

To Let—Large bright office facing Broadway; rent $800 per year. Apply Goodwin's Limited, 1,123 Broadway.

Office space to sublet for Feb. 1; excellent locality, high-grade office building. Apply 143 Liberty St., Room 321.

STORE, FIFTH AV., 5 WEST 16TH, $100. MR. FLEMING, CHELSEA 8106. BROKERS.

Furnished offices and desk room; service, mailing privileges. Suite 808, 51 East 42d St.

42d, 7 East.—Desirable tenant can rent part light office; service. Office 815.

STORES.—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th.

Offices, $30 to $100; 20-story building, 354 West 44th St., Room 1206.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY, "Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta. 1 blk. "Spring St." station old subway, 3 blocks. (Under railway management.)

Seven-story building containing over 10,000 feet of space for rent; has electric elevator; fine building for storage purposes, in a most desirable location, being situated on Pearl Street near Brooklyn Bridge; rent $1,000 per annum. For full information see Mr. Weekes, Room A7, Produce Exchange Annex, N. Y. C. Telephone Broad 3611.

Six-story and basement, through from street to street, 60 feet 12th St., 50 feet 13th St., 206 feet deep; large freight and passenger elevators; 56,000 square feet of open floor space; suitable for storage, light manufacturing; adaptable for anything; clean, light, and most desirable location; long or short term; reasonable rent. Apply on premises, 130 East 13th St.

Adjoining lofts with power, live steam, elevator service, 25x100 and 35x60, 140 Sullivan St., (3 blocks west of West Broadway,) between Prince and Houston; immediate possession.

MODERN MARBLE 5-STORY AND BASEMENT BUILDING WITH GOOD STORE, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE AND 42D ST., TO LEASE TO ONE TENANT; ELECTRIC ELEVATOR; RENT, $10,000 GROSS. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

37-41 East 18th St.—Large, light loft about 75x90; light, power, elevators, sprinklered. Superintendent.

Lower East Side.—Seven-story building, 17,000 square feet; floors 175 pounds per foot; electric elevator; suitable for storage or manufacturing. Wolins & Bull, Inc., 214 Fulton St. Phone Cort. 521.

To Let.—Factory, second floor, elevator service, 60x100 ft. floor space; equipped with 40 sewing machines, ready to operate; can manufacture tomorrow; plenty help; no labor trouble. B 135 Times.

Loft, 18,000 square feet, new building, second floor; good light, ventilation; will rent not less than half of space to one tenant. O. Benzing, on premises, 418-20 West 125th St.

TOP FLOOR FOR OFFICES OR BUSINESS; LIGHT FOUR SIDES AND STUDIO SKYLIGHTS; 2,600 FEET; GRAND CENTRAL SECTION. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 311 WEST 59TH.—Two light lofts, 22x90, suitable for mercantile or light manufacturing; elevator, steam heat. Apply on premises, or Rieser, 5,350 Madison Square.

BROADWAY, 487.—Offices and salesrooms, 200 square feet, $30 month up. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 7475.

59TH, 3 WEST.—Stores for high-class business.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Offices wanted, financial district, furnished or unfurnished, about 1,500 to 3,000 square feet; light and air; good service. H 793 Times Downtown.

PLANT WANTED, from 10 to 20 machines, suitable for manufacturing dresses in New York and out of town; state full particulars and an interview will immediately be given. P. F., 801 Times Downtown.

SMALL OFFICE WANTED between 23d and 45th Sts., 6th and Lexington Av.; about 500 ft.; light office, one or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, from February, six months or longer. Paul Kenrady, 95 Madison Av. Mad. Sq. 1890.

Wanted—Warehouse, 5,000 square feet, 12-foot ceiling, below 23d St., New York, or in Brooklyn, convenient for handling goods downtown New York. Answer, stating price, F. Robinson, 3,161 Broadway.

Wanted to lease, building suitable for warehousing cereals; must be between Chambers and 27th St., west side; space needed between 6,000 and 18,000 square feet. G 547 Times Downtown.

Desk room or private office, professional, wanted below Fulton downtown. L 799 Times Downtown.

LOFTS.—Two; light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 615.—Two exceptional front rooms, bath, fireplace, hotel service.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

50TH, 61 EAST.—Attractively furnished, sunny corner, living room, bedroom and bath for bachelor; monthly lease; $125; club district.

51ST ST., 49 EAST. Two-room apartment, attractively furnished.

57TH-58TH STS., (710 Lexington Av.)—Sunny suite, three rooms and large kitchen; two wood fireplaces; $125. Combier, Plaza 9245.

57TH ST., 24 EAST.—Bachelor apartment, two large rooms, bath.

50S, NEAR 5TH AV.—Handsomely furnished apartment, (non-elevator,) two large rooms, kitchen, bath; $100. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

60TH, 58 EAST.—Southern exposure; double, single; connecting bath; permanent; rent $15.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY. East, West Side; Long, Short Leases. APARTMENT RENTING CO., 176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

APARTMENT, furnished, seven rooms and bath; immediate possession. Inquire 10 to 12, 1,190 Madison Av.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

3, AND 4 ROOM APARTMENTS, WELL FURNISHED, LONG OR SHORT LEASES; 150 MONTH AND UPWARD; EXCLUSIVE LIST. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

Furnished—West Side.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 4255.

48TH ST., 13 WEST.—Very large, nicely furnished room, kitchenette, and bath, completely furnished for housekeeping. Wells.

50S, Near 5th Av.—Elegantly furnished apartment, two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; $125 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST ST., 34 WEST.—Foyer, parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; open fireplace; sunny, bay and English windows; the beautiful apartment formerly occupied by Cyril Harcourt; immediate possession. 4669 Circle. Prescott.

[illegible]TH, 222 WEST.—For rent, furnished, until first or middle May, exceptionally attractive nonhousekeeping apartment, suitable for one or two people; restaurant in building.

[illegible]TH ST., 200 WEST.—Attractively furnished, newly decorated, three-room apartment, kitchenette; lease until October, $300 monthly. Kent.

59TH ST., 32 WEST.—SUBLET; facing Park, 2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; $200 monthly to October.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex studio, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. Apartment 607. Manager.

70S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; piano; $200 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Well-furnished single room for men; bath adjacent; steam, electricity.

7[illegible]TH, 116 WEST.—Single room; steam heat, electricity, running water; gentlemen only; permanent.

75TH, 42 WEST.—Unusually attractive double room; also single room; select house.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Comfortably furnished parlor floor; private bath.

77TH, 50 WEST.—Four rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; sublet at $175 monthly to Oct. 1; free maid service, linen, and light. Apt. 96. Manhattan Sq. Hotel.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor floor; private bath; piano; will divide.

80S, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, 5 rooms, bath; grand piano; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

8[illegible]s, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

82D, 55 WEST.—New house, new furnishings, two rooms, kitchen, bath, shower; every modern convenience; lease $125; concessions for long lease.

89TH, 305 WEST.—Private house, beautiful parlor floor, bath, kitchenette; $125; suite, $70.

94TH, 308 WEST, (Joan d'Arc monument.)—8 rooms, 2 baths; splendid apartment; ground floor.

94TH, 35 WEST.—To let, large room, private bath; modern conveniences; gentleman.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

97TH, 9 WEST.—Elegantly furnished three rooms, bath; immediate possession. 5908 Riverside.

100TH, 243 WEST.—Large and small rooms, neatly furnished.

110TH, 509 WEST.—Six-room apartment, furnished, to sublet until Oct. 1; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

112TH, 542 WEST.—Prominent merchant has high-class six-room apartment, beautifully furnished, two baths; immediate possession. Phone 6390 Cathedral, or call Apartment 3D.

116TH ST., 600 WEST.—Very attractively, modernly furnished apartment five rooms, two baths, to be sublet; best references required. Sebastien.

116TH, 616 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Six beautiful rooms, new furnishing, grand piano, phonograph. Monger, Morningside 8274.

118TH, 210 WEST, Hotel Cecil.—Very desirable two-room suite; private bath; one room with bath; full hotel service.

158TH, 611 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, well equipped 8-room apartment, 3 months or longer. Apply to Superintendent.

158TH ST., 473 WEST, (Apt. 61.)—Elevator apartment to let and furniture for sale.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 289 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited. THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up. Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

HAVEN AV., 309.—Handsomely furnished 5-room front apartment, including player piano and Victrola; reasonable. St. Nicholas 9748.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125.—Furnished; nine rooms, two baths, also two maids' rooms and bath, grand piano, Victrola; beautiful river view; will rent to June 1, $300 per month; immediate possession; free rent until Feb. 1. Telephone Schuyler 5990, Apartment 8 North.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—Artistically completely furnished seven-room apartment; Steinway grand piano. For appointment, Mrs. Orr, Bryant 7780.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420.—Five rooms, two baths, $450 per month. Phone Morningside 7571.

WEST END AV., 700, (94th.)—Corner suite; nonhousekeeping; first floor; piano. Britten.

WEST END AV., 410.—Handsomely furnished 7-room apartment, $225 per month to July 1; immediate possession. Clark.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

Unfurnished—East Side.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH. Furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals, if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

3 ROOMS, never occupied; glass doors to dining room; perfect; between Madison and Park Avs.; $1,600. Tel. 5084 Vanderbilt.

50TH, 5 WEST.—Apartment, high class; one and two rooms, bath and kitchenette.

58TH, 200 WEST.—To sublet, very desirable apartment, 6 rooms and 2 bath, to 1920. Apt. 12A.

80'S and WEST END AV.—High-class apartment, nine rooms, 3 baths, $2,800 year. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

181ST, 880 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Four rooms, bath; southern exposure, river view; outside rooms; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

THE SHELDON HOTEL. 2-room and bath apartments; modern; 1 first-floor suite, suitable for physician. 780 Madison Av., at 66th St. References.

Unfurnished—West Side.

57TH, 140 WEST.—Four bright rooms, two baths; high-class building; tenth floor.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125 monthly. Apply on premises.

56TH, 327 WEST.—Two, four, seven large, light rooms; elevator; $720 up.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, COR. 7TH AV. New 14-Story Rodin Studio Apartment Bldg. Six-room Housekeeping Apartment.....3,000 Eight-room Duplex Apartment.....4,300 Apply to Resident Manager. Tel. Circle 3560.

74TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive four-room apartment; open fireplaces; steam, electricity; service.

BROADWAY, (S. E. 103d St., Subway Station.)—Seven beautiful rooms. See Huston.

2,128 BROADWAY. Four rooms and bath, first story. Maid service; business entertained.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted, furnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath, to May 1st not above 72d St.; $100 to $200 a month; responsible party. H. K. Stroud, 303 5th Av. Telephone Madison Square 6556.

Small apartment, desirable neighborhood, January-May; guarantee of responsibility as regards lease and care of furnishings; give full details, including rental. O 256 Times.

Gentleman wants one or two nicely furnished rooms and bath; all conveniences; nice surroundings; preferably between 30th and 60th Sts. Address E. M. V., 25 Beaver St., Room 1217.

RESPONSIBLE CLIENTS wanting furnished apartments east, west side, 3 to 9 rooms rentals, $150 to $500 monthly. CLARK REALTY, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Small housekeeping apartment; responsible couple, one-year-old child; 60th-120th Sts. west; state terms and full particulars. W 354 Times.

Liberal bonus to any one securing for me a four or five room electric, steam-heated apartment, Bronx, west side, or Brooklyn. Phone Franklin 5819.

Furnished or unfurnished apartment in modern building, two or three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, between 50th and 99th. Arthur F. Stott, Astor Hotel.

Comfortable apartment wanted, four rooms or more, on W. 59th St. or Central Park West, below 72d St.; one month; $200; Southern family. Immediate. G 243 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

One or two room apartment, kitchenette and bath; modern; west side, below 100th St.; price $70; full details. G 288 Times.

Bachelor quarters wanted; parlor, bedroom, and bath; Fordham section preferred. G 282 Times.

Three or 4 room apartment, moderate rent; cheerful, light rooms, completely furnished. G 234 Times.

Six-room apartment, uptown, west side; moderate rent. G 233 Times.

Two rooms, kitchen or kitchenette, between 72d and 102d, west side. W 322 Times.

I will hire or buy, on west side, 4, 5, or 8 room furnished apartment. G 236 Times.

Two bedrooms, sitting room, Feb. 1 to June 1; below 50th. W 350 Times.

Four or five rooms, walk up, elevator. Morningside 6760, at once.

Family of adults wants five rooms or more; responsible. Telephone Plaza 1447.

Refined couple require completely furnished apartment, 3-4 rooms. Tel. Columbus 836.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished 7-room apartment for occupancy by April 1; must be in section bounded by 130th and 180th Sts., Broadway and Riverside; mail complete details of location, price, and room plan; will inspect early in February. Address George H. Strout, Kokomo, Ind.

Four or six room modern or remodeled apartment immediately by young couple; East, below 90th; West, below 125th. Address M. L., 151 Riverside Drive.

Four or five rooms, two bedrooms, 72d to 116th St., near Broadway, $60-$70 per month. Anthony, 253 West 42d St., Apt. 31.

Six or seven rooms, suitable dentist; Broadway section, between 72d St. and 118th St. 4,180 Broadway, Apt. 25.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

59TH, 154 EAST.—Large room, with private bath, suitable two; subway; phone.

93D, 31 EAST.—Large, sunny front room, private house; select neighborhood; references.

MADISON AV., 253.—Furnished, unfurnished large room, bath, steam, electricity, parlor floor; references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

THE HOTEL BELMORE, northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 3 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

6TH ST., 294 West, (Greenwich Village.)—Clean, comfortable room; steam heat and improvements.

48TH, 102 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Cozy, comfortable rooms, newly furnished; breakfast optional; steam heat; all conveniences; gentlemen only.

48TH ST., 67 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; steam heat; electric light. Tel. 1670 Bryant. Spurdle.

59TH, 218 WEST.—Medium-size, sunny connecting rooms; lavatories, closets; electricity; $10; will rent separate; private family; excellent location; sixth floor.

73D, 103 WEST.—Large front room, lavatory, hot, cold water.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Furnished room for rent in medium apartment, for men only.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Newly furnished house; electricity; large, sunny room, with bath; $14.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Artistic home; rooms, adjoining bath, $9, $10; electricity; business men.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Suite 2 rooms, bath; continuous hot water; telephone; electricity.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive medium and small room.

78TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large, front room, southern exposure; running water; reasonable.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private bath; suitable two gentlemen; electricity, telephone.

79TH, 131 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished second front; private bath.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional large, elegant room; 4 windows facing parks; steam heat, all conveniences; private house.

82D, 33 WEST.—Back parlor, beautifully furnished; business people preferred; phone; references.

85TH, 104 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms in private family. Sanderson.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive single rooms; table a specialty.

89TH, 70 WEST.—Select house; single room; hot, cold water, steam, electricity.

91ST, 56 WEST.—Front room, 1 flight, twin beds, private house; references; $16.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, dressing room; bath adjacent; $12.

103D, 19 WEST.—Large furnished front room and bedroom; telephone. C. W. Ford.

104TH, 247 WEST.—Clean, homelike room, bath; electricity; gentleman desiring best. Beidler.

111TH ST., 140 WEST.—Comfortable single room for business girl; refined Jewish family. Klatzko.

112TH, 542 WEST, (Apartment 4B.)—Well furnished; medium; private bath; gentlemen. Cathedral 3724.

112TH, 542 WEST, (Apartment 4B.)—Well furnished; medium; private bath; gentlemen. Cathedral 3724.

118TH, 544 WEST.—Large front room, with running water; suitable for couple.

116TH ST., 620 WEST.—Business woman of refinement, choice room in private apartment; unquestioned references essential. Tel. Morningside 3596.

148TH, 565 WEST.—Gentlemen, neat room, bath, telephone, electricity. George's bell.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Young man, expecting discharge from army, desires clean, comfortable room, private family, select neighborhood; breakfast optional; references. Write particulars, Jules Rosen, Penn Field, Austin, Texas.

Artist, sculptor, painter, designer seeks studio, furnished or unfurnished; if necessary willing share studio with respectable party. Write K 569 Times Downtown.

Jewish gentleman desires best accommodation, private family; apartment house, Heights section; state price. Write O. R., 3,525 Broadway.

Two young men want two small or one large, well furnished room, west of Morningside, between 110th and 120 Sts.; permanent if reasonable; not over $10. O 300 Times.

Young man desires comfortable room with private family, between West 72d and West 116th. H 790 Times Downtown.

Couple desire cheerful room, twin beds, private bath, apartment or house, 80th to 116th St., west side; terms. W 333 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—One large room, adjoining bath.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $15 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

50TH, 61 WEST.—Double, single room, with board; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST. Rooms, with board; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table service; convenient location.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large, double rooms, with bath, by Holland family; gives superior accommodations; European style; home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

92D, 214 WEST.—A private family can accommodate few dinner guests who would appreciate first-class table. Apartment 2-D.

102D, 244 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suits for gentlemen or business women; also single rooms, worth seeing. Riverside 10219.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, with or without private bath; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

120TH ST., 116 WEST.—Double room with private bath; excellent Jewish table. Brody. Morningside 2123.

GENTLEMAN will find delightful home with refined Jewish family. O 290 Times.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. 50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Need a respectable American home in Manhattan, strictly private family, near high school, for a 14-year-old well bred boy, who will make his home there; state monthly rate. G 221 Times.

Young lady student wishes room and board with small refined private family, preferably French, or select person, preferably below 42d St.; $12 week. H 792 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165. White Plains.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH, 45 North Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J. "45 Minutes from Broadway." Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day. W. T. READE, Pro.

ELMWOOD HOTEL, 43-45 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J. A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway. Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $23 to $34. Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $14 to $20. Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $32 to $44. Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $40 to $48.

South Orange, N. J.—Beautiful home and location; large room, bath, and board; couple; reference. 117 Scotland Road.

Miscellaneous.

Young couple desire to share excellent country home, good board; all conveniences and privacy; express commutation. K 601 Times Downtown.

Country Board Wanted.

On gentleman's farm by party in good health; would invest something if place found pleasant. Address O 270 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

CAPABLE and efficient woman of proven executive ability, possessing initiative, desires opportunity for a greater field for advancement, as assistant to or even as executive of large affairs; particularly attentive to detail, with knowledge of banking, Spanish, &c.; stenographer and secretary; good penman and accurate at figures. Box 44, Sharpe, 206 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, (assistant,) high school graduate, three years' experience, alert and energetic; wishes to connect with reliable firm; highest credentials. Address Accurate, G 238 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Assistant.—Six years' experience; high school graduate; credit checking; capable taking charge order adjustment department. B 967 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — Full charge; controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements; highest credentials. T. G., 893 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thoroughly experienced; controlling accounts, cost accounting; 17 years' experience; 16 years one firm; age 33; A1 references. G 234 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; intelligent young woman possessing executive ability; references. W 290 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography, 8 years' experience double entry, monthly statement, trial balance; references; salary $25. W 339 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, (24,) neat, 7 years' real experience; highly recommended; salary $35. H 785 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, capable; statements; full charge, controlling accounts. Mack, 177 West 79th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Eight years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts; highest credentials. M. Jacobs, 441 Manhattan Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 3½ years' experience; $18; best references; high school graduate. W 277 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Typing; small office preferred; showroom experience. M., 925 Prospect Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, (21,) capable; best of reference; not afraid of work. Z 374 Times Annex.

CLERK, HIGH GRADE refined, educated, experienced; bookkeeping, statistics, handling moneys; accurate, conscientious; credentials bearing on ability, integrity, character; $30. G 205 Times.

COMPANION, tutor, or governess; college woman, 25; American; athletic; happy disposition; references exchanged. St. Nicholas 5120, Apt. 36, or W 335 Times.

COMPANION.—Young lady, refined, intelligent, well educated, desires position as companion to lady; would travel. B 81 Times.

COMPANION.—Refined widow wants position with lady; best reference, socially and morally; will travel. 717M Lynbrook.

CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY.—Young lady with 6 years' experience as confidential secretary to large manufacturer, near New York, also expert stenographer, with plenty of initiative, good personal bearing, will consider position with large concern; only concerns in need of high-class services need answer; credentials, best; would like interview. Address Confidential Secretary, 288 Times Downtown.

COPY READER of experience desires position with publishing house. G 237 Times.

FILE CLERK AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Christian girl; 3 years' experience; high school education; writes and figures well; $14; excellent references. G 530 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, office assistant, experienced, ambitious, competent; A1 references; $15. H 777 Times Downtown.

FINNISH woman desires work by day. Maki, 328 East 125th St. Apt. 12.

GOVERNESS or Spanish instructor, refined South American lady, desires position in American family. B 683 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined American wishes care of apartment during absence of family; city references. Write D., 17 West 16th St.

HOUSEWORKER wishes customers; keep their homes cleaned, vacuum cleaning; rugs cleaned; parquet floors polished; references. C. C. Browne, 67 West 139th St.

HOUSEKEEPER, middle age, American, reliable, small private family or business people; no menial work; references. A 802 Times Annex.

INTERPRETER.—Young lady desires position; good knowledge French, Italian, Spanish, English; highly educated; good traveler. S 314 Times.

INVESTIGATOR, experienced in social service and clerical work. O 288 Times.

MAID.—Colored, for housework; no washing; references; city or country. Walker, 111 West 135th St.

MASSEUSE.—Scalp, facial treatment; also hair coloring; ladies' residences. Phone Academy 1829.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients; references. Miss Houseman, 101 West 109th, Apt. 208.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE'S AID-STENOGRAPHER; position in doctor's office; state salary, hours. W 355 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, 2 years' experience; operate all standards. G 549 Times Downtown.

REFINED young lady has been secretary to prominent musical director, wishes same position, or theatrical line; best references; write for interview. Miss Ward, 320 Central Park West.

REFINED lady, Protestant, wishes position as seamstress in family. O 303 Times.

SECY.-STENOG.—Present employer can recommend able and willing office or personal assistant whose services are not required because of business changes. B 691 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Young lady, trained in first-class secretarial school, desires position with reliable firm; willing to demonstrate ability. L. W., 37 East 58th. Plaza 2094.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' experience; exceptional reference. Harlem 8465. O 269 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, Christian; typist, handle busy board; good reference; $15. G 162 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; 8 years' technical experience; good education; capable of mastering technicalities grammatically; good correspondent; COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER; versed up-to-date methods; $20; unquestionable reference. K 459 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; bonding, chemical, engineering experience, nine years, age 25, neat personality, accurate, rapid, reliable, trustworthy; $25; highest credentials. G 468 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; expert; 10 years' experience automobile and export; capable assistant to busy executive; $25. W 281 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; highest references; competent, intelligent; high school graduate. H 784 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; efficient in general office details; assistant bookkeeper; knowledge switchboard; $21. S., 1,039 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, five years' experience; familiar with general office routine; $20. B. P., 1,024 Simpson St., Bronx, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, General Office Asst., 8 years' experience, capable, willing; excellent endorsements. Miss Shapiro, Vanderbilt 7055.

STENOGRAPHER desires downtown position export house; has two years' experience that line; salary $25. K 607 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, eight years' experience; high school education; neat, refined, conscientious, accurate; best of credentials. G 554 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2 years' experience; capable, willing worker; $14. G 548 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position mornings. Box 29, 524 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

STENOTYPIST, SECRETARY; technical; commercial experience. McDonald. Room 1009, 220 W. 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; high school graduate; $18. A., 1,432 Crotona Park, East Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, young lady wants few hours' work each day or evenings at anything. Miss Rich, 183 West 88th.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2 years' experience; references; $15. K 589 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-CLERK desires position evenings, high school graduate. K 581 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, general office assistant; 3 years' experience. G 536 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, accustomed to detail work; 8 years' experience. H 252 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 1½ years' experience; initiative, willing, industrious; salary $14. G 582 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 5 years' experience; capable assuming responsibilities; Christian; $20. K 604 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, capable, efficient, conscientious; two years' experience; salary $17. K 591 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; three years' experience; competent, reliable; $18. G 538 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST, five years' experience, desires to connect with reliable firm; salary, $16-$20. G 229 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, high school graduate, experienced, accurate, reliable; downtown only. Rector 2734.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; reference former employer; American; $18. G 532 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; 7 years' experience; university education; best reference; $35. W 340 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in office work and follow ups; wages $15. Call MacLevy, 352 Fourth Av., N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, experienced in chemical and technical work; references. W 321 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, STATISTICIAN, general office work; experienced. W 317 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; high school graduate; $18. B. G., 722 East 9th St.

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS WOMAN IN OWN BUSINESS FOR SEVERAL YEARS; EXPERT ACCOUNTANT AND SYSTEMATIZER; GOOD SALESWOMAN; ACCUSTOMED TO HANDLING NUMBER EMPLOYES AND QUANTITY OF DETAIL; WISH TO MAKE CONNECTION WHERE WORK REQUIRES TRAVELING; WILL GO ANY PART OF COUNTRY; REMUNERATION NOT IMPORTANT. ADDRESS O 292 TIMES.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, live wire; three years' experience; Christian; capable handling busy board; excellent memory; good voice; neat appearing; highly educated; excellent references; $15. B 702 Times Downtown.

TRAINED NURSE in doctor's office, knowledge of French, typewriting, accounts. O 239 Times.

TYPIST, 19, experienced, initiative, accurate, and reliable; general office work, desires good connection; reasonable salary. W 334 Times.

TYPIST.—Recently with Government, desires position; willing to start at $14, with advancement; A1 references. Z 382 Times Annex.

TYPIST, knowledge of stenography, desires position in commercial house. H 780 Times Downtown.

TUTOR.—Greek-Grecian lady wishes resident position or visiting for young girl or boy; highest references. 142 W. 79th st.; E. B. L.

WELL-BRED YOUNG LADY of pleasing personality desires secretarial position; stenographer, typist; able to take complete charge of office and answer mail; highest references; knowledge of French and Italian; until recently secretary of Italian Mission in Washington. J. B., 205 Times.

YOUNG LADY speaking beautiful English wishes to instruct ladies and children in conversation and writing; ladies of neglected literary and social education also tutored. B. B., 442 Columbus Av.

YOUNG LADY, good education, desires clerical position with reliable firm. B 984 Times Harlem.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants, excellent cooks, investigated references, seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165, Domestic Service Agency, 329 W. 59th.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 482 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE, office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT AND SYSTEMATIZER. Monthly, yearly audits, reports; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, INCOME TAX SPECIALIST. American, (39;) married; 19 years' broad practical experience; brains, tact, initiative; qualified to take entire charge; desires responsible connection; $3,600. B 981 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, 40, broad experience in office management and corporate accounting, cost production, sales statistics, governmental and State tax reports; credentials. S 203 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 24 years old, broad-gauged, good correspondent, pleasing address, seeks position where intelligent application to work will bring advancement; minimum $150. O 553 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income tax expert; books audited, systematized; part time bookkeeping; spare time evenings, Saturday afternoons; reasonable; will also consider $3,000 permanent position. G 523 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (Junior.)—Student, 2 years' bookkeeping experience, college graduate, desires connection; with C. P. A. preferably. M. K., 104 East 14th.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigation, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 33 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 162 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive with record of achievement, seeks position of responsibility with large corporation. G 509 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (26,) experienced semi-senior, wishes connection with certified concern; highest references; salary secondary. G 228 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior; young man, 22; Columbia student; five years' bookkeeping experience; thorough knowledge adjustments, financial statements. O 280 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports. Bookkeeping done, $1 week. (Saves $25 bookkeeper;) new method. Beekman 998. 1,701 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT.—Tax reports, books opened, systematized, arrangements $2 weekly. May, Beekman 5365.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, reliable; twelve years' experience; salary $35. O 295 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER with record on successful work for leading concerns desires position with progressive manufacturer or wholesale house; salary requirement moderate. Leonard, 19 West 96th.

AMERICAN ARTILLERY OFFICER going abroad, released active service, will undertake special commissions; civil life advertising, sales specialist; record for results in selling and executive work. Z 351 Times Annex.

A CAVALRY OFFICER released from service wishes to sell metal products, such as machine castings for a company planning an export trade. G 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, eight years experience; accountancy student, control, payroll, correspondence, executive ability, good reference, position with future. W 662 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—Expert correspondent, college man, best references, to take charge office or factory; salary, $150. K 512 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, with many years' practical experience, desires position; collection, credit man; high testimonial; salary $30. H 742 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (19,) 2 years' experience, commercial college training, controlling accounts, trial balance statements; competent; excellent references. O 268 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, age 25, released from navy, good correspondent, knowledge of credits, systematizer; highest credentials. B 978 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, OFFICE MAN, American, Christian, 12 years' experience, wants permanent position immediately; salary $25; best references. B 979 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, honorably discharged; experienced modern methods; excellent references; $22. G 546 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, 21; honorably discharged from army, experienced in controlling accounts, trial balances, accounting knowledge. W 336 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, long, varied experience, at present employed, desires to make change; salary $20. H 791 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANCY TRAINED, TRIAL BALANCE, STATEMENTS. B 719 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, 15 years' varied experience, desires connection with progressive house; 33 years; $30. O 283 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, 24, married; thorough office qualifications; intricate detail; $30. O 251 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-OFFICE MANAGER, thoroughly experienced; correspondent, graduate accountant; married; $40. G 215 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Fifteen years' experience; open, close, trial balance, statements; references. K 570 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22,) 4 years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts; $20. W 318 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, CORRESPONDENT, OFFICE MAN; LONG EXPERIENCE. G 535 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, eight years' experience; controlling accounts, financial statements; $30. K 568 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21; army discharge; high school graduate; excellent references; $25. H 775 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (26;) married; trial balance, double entry, controlling accounts, financial statement; Christian; unquestionable reference. B 980 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ten years' experience; capable taking entire charge; energetic; references. O 278 Times.

BOY, elementary school graduate; desires position with brokers with advancement. B. Biffer, 638 East 137th St.

BOY.—Catholic country boy, 19 years, desires work in city. G 222 Times.

BUTLER.—Lady wishes to highly recommend her English butler, over 20 years in her service; would go as companion valet to gentleman or congenial work where supervision would be required; thoroughly reliable, honest, sober, intelligent; speaks good French. Alfred White, 20 West 25th.

BUTLER-VALET.—Small family in apartment; English, competent, references. L 302 East 51st.

BUYER AND MANAGER MEN'S FURNISHINGS; UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES; NO OBJECTION TO GO OUT OF TOWN. S 294 TIMES.

CHIEF CLERK, stenographer, accountant; experienced export, banking, traffic, Government, mercantile, manufacturing; Spanish, French; 34; salary $40. H 752 Times Downtown.

CIRCULATION MANAGER, 29, hustler, college graduate, high-class magazine experience; specializes in mail campaigns; gets big results; energetic, resourceful; moves mountains; $40. B 974 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman leaving for Florida, discontinuing automobiles, highly recommends exceptional, trustworthy, economical, temperate chauffeur; traveled extensively 15 years; personal recommendations. Mr. Ackeman, A 691 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, understanding his duties thoroughly, 12 years' experience; highly recommended; city or country. Address F. M. R., 13 Hancock Av., Jersey City Heights.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; married; twelve years' experience; four years last employer; private or commercial; references. Clark, 251 West 68th St.

CHAUFFEUR, useful valet, steady by visiting place; $20 weekly; references. W 346 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and wife, competent, reliable, best references, wish positions, city or country. Ribbentrop, 542 East 79th, Apt. 4.

CHAUFFEUR, 15 years' references, wishes position. Dorfman, 1,699 Nelson Av. Tremont 6024.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 8 years experienced driver, wishes position with private family. Andrew Kosiar, 1,001 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; 6 years' experience; 2 years last employer. Chauffeur, Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR.—(29;) six years' experience (private); city reference; own repairs. W 331 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, graduate Columbia, 1917, Hebrew, organic, research, quantitative experience; day or evening work. G., 263 West 125th.

CHEMIST, organic, graduate, three (3) years' experience specialized in chemistry of dopes, pigmented dopes, varnishes, enamels. G 192 Times.

CHEMICAL.—Young man, analytical experience, college education, position in laboratory. G 244 Times.

CLERK, experience as ledger, payroll, timekeeping of general clerk. John J. Gallagher, 282 East 9th St., Brooklyn.

CLERK, experienced leader warehouse crew, stock clerk. G 223 Times.

CLERK.—Experienced general office work. J. McCabe, 490 Amsterdam Av.

COLLEGE MAN, (20 years,) would like to connect with import and export house; capable, ambitious, with knowledge of French; salary no object if future is offered. Address Box 450, 437 Marbridge Building.

CORRESPONDENT.—Good follow-up man; also understanding bookkeeping, wishes to connect with reliable house. Address Box W 347 Times.

CORRESPONDENT and general export man, well experienced; knows thoroughly English, Spanish, French, German; good references. G 537 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, translator, interpreter; English, Russian, Polish; married; export, import or anything. Erasmus, 653 East 226th St.

COUPLE married, (white,) Christians, wish position with family, wife as cook, husband chauffeur; 15 years' experience; country preferred or chauffeur to live on premises. Address C. S., 1,039 3d Av.

CREDIT MAN, (24;) executive ability; thorough knowledge of wholesale credits and bookkeeping; 7 years' experience with commission merchants; A1 references. Salitan, 530 West 124th St.

CUTTER.—Experienced with short knife and machine; can cut in any line. Reiser, 196 Bristol St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical, electrical; eight years' engineering experience; technical education. B 951 Times Harlem.

EDITORIAL WORKER, 24, college graduate, 8 years' newspaper experience as reporter, rewrite man, copy reader and feature writer, seeks connection as publicity manager or assistant editor; best references. W 329 Times.

EDITORIAL. — Qualified newspaper deskman and writer; some experience trade paper editing; thoroughly reliable; no objection to out-of-town newspaper. Z 356 Times Annex.

EFFICIENT EXPERT in organizing, investigations, systems, and accounting, now with the Government as supervising expert, and having traveled extensively all over the world, desires to communicate with responsible corporation for connection in Europe as representative auditor. P. D. Hall, Bay City, Mich.

ESTIMATOR, salesman, well versed fireproof doors, thorough knowledge building construction, practical and executive experience, wants good connection with future. W 338 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—A progressive executive, expert mechanic, with ability to organize, systematize, and supervise specialty manufacturing requiring intricate machinery; last seven years in executive position; best references; open February 1 for high-class propositions. Rice, 2,307 Morris Av., Bronx.

EXECUTIVE-SALESMANAGER. Very efficient sales promoter and developer; knows bookkeeping, credits, and general office routine; can bring personnel up to 100% efficiency; best references. A 895 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE, excellent financial connections, wants position with manufacturing business needing new capital expansion; engineering lines preference. K 597 Times Downtown.

EXTRA WORK after 5 P. M. daily, Saturday afternoons; clerical, typewriting. O 272 Times.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT, American, 30 years' experience; understands every branch; capable taking full charge; best of references. Z 373 Times Annex.

HORSEMAN, first class, good rider, wants steady position; can attend to 6 or 10 horses alone; a private or business stable. Charles Bower, 124 Ocean Parkway, Flatbush.

INSURANCE BROKER wants connection with real estate concern, or collecting rent. Box 36, 1,508 2d Av.

INVESTIGATOR or COLLECTOR.—Recently with U. S. intelligence; highest credentials. B 983 Times Harlem.

LAWYER-ACCOUNTANT, (26,) legal, accounting experience, desires connection with mercantile firm. S. K., 115 West 117th St.

LIEUTENANT, honorably discharged, seeking connection (chemical company preferred) where broad business experience, initiative, tact, and "pep" are recognized. B 153 Times.

MANAGER-SALESMAN, 28, American, married, 5 years' experience opening and managing stores, desires position with responsible firm where hard work appreciated toward advancement; no road work considered. W 348 Times.

MANAGER. — Long association with large auto and steel manufacturer; knows modern cost accounting, production efficiency, modern storeroom systems, purchasing; A1 executive; will locate any place. Address F. N., 220 Times Downtown.

MOULDER. — False core moulder, competent, wants steady position in art foundry or to a modeler, sculptor artist, on aluminum bronze, silver, and brass, as all around moulder or foreman; 20 years' experience in all alloy mixings, lost wax work; makes his own wax pattern and glue mould; understands making of different sorts of mould sand, plaster of paris, asbest, and massa. Superintendent, 602 West 180th St., City.

OFFICE MAN, up to date, desires to change position; dry goods line preferred; take full charge; best references. Box S L, 104 E. 14th.

PAINT, OIL, VARNISH JOBBER; 12 years' experience; reasonable offer accepted to prove selling or buying ability. K 460 Times.

PART TIME desired by young man, (married;) clerical, knowledge of typewriting; willing to work at anything; 6 P. M. to 12 P. M. O 288 Times.

POSITION wanted, local, domestic or foreign, by young man, (25,) lately resigned from executive Government position; able correspondent, knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, &c.; good material for office manager. K 582 Times Downtown.

RAILROAD MAN desires position; thorough knowledge claims, tracers, routing, &c. K 578 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE COLLECTOR, SALESMAN. —Christian; American, 37; capable managing houses, apartments; also familiar with frame dwelling construction work; best references. 953 Amsterdam Av.

SALES AND ADVERTISING manager with 15 years' experience in advertising and selling is open for proposition from small and progressive company where part of salary and bonus on increased sales may be invested in stock of the company; best references as to character, ability, &c.; will appreciate an interview. W 310 Times.

SALESMAN, calling hardware, house furnishing trade, desires side line; aluminum, tinware preferred. H 778 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Substantial representation for your business; permanent position only wanted. T 336 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING,

with engineering knowledge, desires engagement with prominent concern. W 342 Times.

SALESMAN AND MANAGER, (31,) married, honorably discharged from army after sixteen months' service, desires connection with reliable concern; twelve years' selling experience throughout United States, Canada; highly recommended. O 275 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, automobile accessories, desires to travel with reputable line of accessories; college graduate and legally trained; discharged U. S. navy. O 221 Times.

PRINTING EXECUTIVE AND SALESMAN who controls large volume of good paying business desires to affiliate himself with modern plant. K 448 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 25, experienced paper specialties, desires to travel with reputable line of stationery paper specialties; college graduate; discharged U. S. navy. G 230 Times.

SAILOR returned from overseas, desires small wiring, electrical work; 2 years' practical experience; communicate. H. Furman, 176 West 94th.

SALESMAN-EXECUTIVE, 28, seven years' local sales manager, seeks opportunity; convincing personality, university training, efficient ideas. K 606 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 25, ex-Sergeant, 7 years' mechanical experience, good address, wants start at bottom to develop capability as a producer. Slawson, 248 St. Nicholas Av.

SALESMAN, 23, no soliciting, canvassing, wants to show his ability; wishes to connect with reliable firm. H 710 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN in various lines, manager of factories, all-around man. Can you use me? S 376 Times.

SALESMAN, now connected, wishes to make change, covering Middle West and Southern States. Michaels, 506 West 173d St.

SALESMAN, hustling married man, formerly hardware, desires change silk line. G 544 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 26, several years' experience, seeks connection; willing to travel. W 353 Times.

SALESMAN, (31,) college training; live wire; profit producer; staple line; interview will convince. Ross, 301 East 79th St.

SECRETARY WANTS POSITION. Qualified secretary, navy release, tactful; knows work from ground up; expert stenographer; reads, writes and speaks Spanish and Swedish fluently, speaks and understands Norwegian, working knowledge of Portuguese and Danish, 37, married, highest references, traveled and versatile, desires place where loyalty and ability will insure future. W 393 Times.

SECRETARY.—Would travel; young naval officer, highly educated, also familiar with accounting and finance, contemplating resigning from service, wishes to affiliate himself with private party in the capacity of confidential secretary. P. O. Box 533, Annapolis, Md.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, extensive experience with executives in responsible positions, seeks position progressive concern offering favorable future. K 582 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, aged 27, nine years' comprehensive experience, capable chief clerk or office manager; references; just discharged U. S. Army; $30 weekly. K 438 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, office manager or assistant; high-class American, 37; references. O 284 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Filipino, 2 years' experience, desires position; salary $25. W 326 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced millinery line 3 years, would like to connect where advancement is offered. W 319 Times.

SHOE MAN.—Three years manager of sales and factory and twelve years' traveling experience, open for position. W 314 Times.

SILK SALESMAN, proven ability, wishes to make change; seeks connection with manufacturer able handle large business. O 289 Times.

SILK SALESMAN, proven ability, wishes to make change; seeks connection with manufacturer able handle large business. O 289 Times.

SOLDIER, honorably discharged, Christian, seven years' experience as assistant sales manager of manufacturing concern, desires position with firm with assured future. K 610 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER CORRESPONDENT, (30,) general office experience, just released from Government work, desires connection with reliable concern. W 323 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-ACCOUNTANT.—(21) secretarial and public accounting experience, university training; possesses tact, initiative, and grit. W 351 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 27, ten years' experience general office work; good salesman; licensed chauffeur; exceptional references. Kowell, G 551 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; educated; fine character; $18. A. L., 566 West 162d.

STOCK CLERK, experience in women's wear; can give best reference. 1301 Wilkins Ave., Bronx.

SUPERINTENDENT.—American of good address and sound judgment, capable of handling equipment and managing help, desires care of business building; references. B 972 Times Harlem.

SUPERINTENDENT wants position, apartment house or office building; good renter, mechanic; own tools. Doyle, care Supt., 32 East 27th St.

TIMEKEEPER-PAYROLL CLERK, thoroughly experienced, desires position at anything. K 577 Times Downtown.

WATCHMAN, day; citizen; reference; hotel, theatre; knowledge Spanish. Borrell, 445 2d Av.

WORK. Student; nights, afternoons; anything. H 786 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, speaking fluently Spanish, English, thoroughly familiar South American commercial uses, long experience correspondence, commercial and consular invoices, particularly relating to machinery, at present with large export house, wants employment with reliable concern offering good prospects; best references. K 562 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorably discharged, 3 years' college training, previously engaged in business with father, desires opportunity to show worth in capacity where intelligence and initiative are required; salary secondary to opportunity. W 663 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (35,) broad, practical business experience; good inside man and capable office manager-credits-correspondence, seeks to connect with jobbing or manufacturing staple line of merchandise; can furnish bond. G 207 Times.

YOUNG MAN, capable, 25, married, desires position with reliable concern, where intelligence and application to work are appreciated; three years' selling experience; knowledge of bookkeeping, office detail and traffic work. K 509 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, some selling experience, wishes opportunity to study goods and trade of representative house; object to qualify for salesmanship. G 541 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, 22 years, desires position with company where there is good chance for advancement; knowledge of automobile business; executive ability; 4 years' experience. G 501 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) released from navy, with 5 years' experience collecting-selling for charge account house, desires position with reliable concern; good reference. K 564 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorably discharged, 5 years' mercantile experience, knowledge of stenography, wishes position with advancement. B 969 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, desires clerical position; 2½ years' experience. K 602 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, honorable army discharge, capable and ambitious, desires position with reliable concern; office experience. K 573 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) high school education, well versed in clerical line, assistant bookkeeper; 2 years' experience. G 543 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, reliable, high school education, experienced office and stock clerk, typist, desires position; references. K 600 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires position where initiative and ability will be rewarded by advancement. J. 778 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, COLLEGE EDUCATION, EXECUTIVE, SELLING ABILITY, KNOWLEDGE OFFICE WORK. K 590 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 21, willing, ambitious, 2 years' high school education, wishes position with advancement; reference. O 287 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, neat, educated, business experience, seeks connection reliable house; best qualifications, splendid selling ability. O 267 Times.

YOUNG MAN (Japanese) wants position useful butler or general housework small family; good reference; honest, sober, willing, obedient, deferential. O 277 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) married, 10 years' experience as general office man and salesman, desires position with reliable firm; A1 references. W 337 Times.

YOUNG SPANIARD, 23, business college graduate in this country, office experience, desires position. A. V., 20 Irving Place.

YOUNG MAN, 23, Christian, experienced secretary, stenographer, knowledge accounting. G 500 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, possessing executive ability, 14 years' experience in commercial line, desires position. S., 324 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 26, desires position as salesman; neat appearance. Joe Carleo, 1,797 Lexington Av., care Juliano.

YOUNG MAN, student, clerical experience, desires position evenings; highest references. S 399 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) desires position with real opportunity for advancement. O 304 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, 22, educated, business experience; highest personal qualifications; future. O 276 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, educated, office and sales experience, seeks position. G 526 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) wishes position in show room of cotton converter; 1½ years' experience. K, 3,525 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) desires position office work or selling; 5½ years with one firm. B 962 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 23, married, desires position with responsible company; full knowledge of clerical work. O 327 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) thoroughly experienced in buying and selling of ribbons, seeks connection. O 273 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) 7 years' business, selling experience, seeks connection. O 271 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27 years, experienced shipping and stock clerk, and can act as general inside man. O 274 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) office assistant, knowledge bookkeeping, desires position; references. S 390 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position at anything; export experience. G 528 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, thoroughly competent and reliable, of college education, desires office position at $18. K 571 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, clerical, wishes position evenings, 7-12 o'clock. W 357 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING AGENCY wants bright, industrious girl to check newspapers; good opportunity for advancement for one not afraid to work; write, stating experience and salary. G 555 Times Downtown.

BILLING MACHINE OPERATOR. Young lady for a Christian advertising agency to operate Elliot-Fisher checkwriting and billing machine; must be accurate and thoroughly experienced; good salary and position; state qualifications. B 115 Times.

BILL CLERKS, experienced Underwood machine; wholesale ribbon house. Address, stating salary expected. B 147 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; must be experienced double entry bookkeeper and rapid typist, write a good business hand, capable of taking entire charge of books and rendering financial statements; only those who can furnish A1 references from last employer need apply; answer in own handwriting and state experience and salary expected. Address Box B 124 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant; customers' ledger, to assist checking customers' remittances, sending out statements, &c. Address, stating experience and salary. B., O 450 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for single set of books; knowledge of typewriting preferred; aged above 18 years; Christian firm. Apply Mr. McCarthy, first floor, 526 West Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER to take full charge small office; experienced in double entry, control accounts, and figuring foreign invoices. O 299 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, good working experience, to take charge of general accounts, manufacturing house; state age, experience, reference, salary expected. C. S., 234 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady to assist bookkeeper; one who can typewrite; beginner will be considered; must be good penman. J. Traub, 931 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT in uptown office; quick, accurate at figures; reply, stating age, experience, salary expected. J. C., 511 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young woman, about 30 years, thoroughly experienced; apply after 6 P. M. Farquharson, 317 Riverside Drive.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Prefer experienced in clothing line. Third floor, 69 Fifth Av.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, with experience, for export house; moderate salary to start. Room 405, 21 Maiden Lane.

CAFETERIA POSITIONS in large corporation for young women desiring opportunity for practical training to fit them for supervisory work; high school graduates preferred. G 550 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS, 80 wanted, to solicit subscriptions; commission basis only; splendid opportunity for willing workers. Apply all day. 220 West 42d St., Room 1813.

CASHIERS. ONLY THOSE WITH TUBE-ROOM EXPERIENCE IN LARGE STORES NEED APPLY. LIBERAL WAGES. BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 W. 35TH ST., 8:30-10 A. M. APPLY ALL WEEK.

CIRCULATION BUILDER wanted by a weekly trade publication with a present paid subscription list of about 6,000 persons, which includes many of the most important business men in the United States; a salary of $30 a week, plus a commission that should substantially increase it, will be paid to a woman who understands the work, is resourceful, can write cultured English and is a competent stenographer and typist. A 708 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORK. An excellent position is open to young ladies with office experience; good handwriting and experience in answering telephone necessary. Rapid advancement to those who qualify; those living at home preferred. State in own handwriting past experience, references and salary expected. Address Office, 266 Times Downtown.

COOK.—On country place in Westchester County; plain cook who is dependable, would have good home with Christian family. O 286 Times.

COOK, assistant; board, room, and washing. Memorial Hospital, 2 West 106th St.

CORRESPONDENT, French and Italian; must know both languages well; rapid typing absolutely necessary; state qualifications and salary expected. A 707 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER ON SILK UNDERWEAR WANTED; SALARY $3,000 TO $5,000, DEPENDING ON ABILITY; ONLY THOSE APPLICATIONS STATING FULL EXPERIENCE CONSIDERED. O 294 TIMES.

DESIGNER for silk and muslin underwear. THE WOLF COMPANY, 364 5TH AV.

DESIGNER wanted for a celluloid and ribbon novelty department; one with experience in infants' line desired. B 107 Times.

DENTIST ASSISTANT, experienced, about 24; state salary expected. O 801 Times.

DICTAPHONE TYPIST to act as secretary to a busy executive; must possess initiative and ability to absorb detail. Address, stating experience and salary, which must be moderate. K 586 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, must be expert and rapid on typewriter; permanent position to one answering qualifications. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

DRAPERS on silk dresses; experienced only. 118 West 29th St., ninth floor.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED. A desirable all-year-round position for young women under 30 years of age with experience in draping. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience to F. CARTER, Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and MacDougal Sts., New York.

DRESSMAKERS, experienced, to be able to copy styles from fashions. 118 West 29th St., ninth floor.

EDITORIAL CLERK AND SECRETARY for Protestant organization; college graduate; experienced in writing, editing, proofreading; permanent; good salary. Apply Room 602, 105 East 22d St., Manhattan.

FORELADY. One who has had thorough experience in millinery line, able to take charge of workroom. WHITMAN, 598 BROADWAY.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, (white,) family of 3 adults; good wages. 543 West 112th, Apt. 5D.

GIRLS.—Bright, active, grammar school graduates for light manual and clerical work; $8 start; good future for ambitious girls; girls with working papers accepted; good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

GIRL wanted in advertising agency to check newspapers; one with experience preferred; write, stating salary and experience. G 556 Times Downtown.

GIRLS, bright, intelligent, to train for nurses; ordinary school education sufficient. Apply 2,079 Fifth Av.

GIRLS.—Refined, to keep stock in high-class underwear establishment. Brand, 5 East 46th St.

GOVERNESS OR MAID, refined, educated, capable take care boy five, assist light household duties; references. G 499 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER for small apartment hotel, room and place to cook; no board; state age, nationality, experience, and salary. Address 347 5th Av., Room 200.

HOUSEWORKER.—Girl, (white,) for general housework; small family. 522 West 112th St., Apartment 21. Telephone Cathedral 7474.

INFANT'S NURSE, experienced. Apply between 5 and 6, Apt. 9C, 251 West 89th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

KEY PUNCH OPERATOR.

Must be experienced on Hollerith machine; good pay; advancement.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
195 BROADWAY.

MARRIED COUPLE for family of four to do all housework; salary $70 per month. Apply H. G., 103 Park Av., Room 1113. Telephone Murray Hill 2013.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.
Ready-to-wear hats; good pay; steady position. Whitman, 538 Broadway.

MODELS.

Several tall stylish young ladies, size 16, for high-class dress and costume house.
FLORRSHEIMER CO.,
130 Madison Av.

MODEL.—TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY, FULL SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MILLAR-MANDEL, 38 E. 30TH.

MODELS, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, IN SUITS AND COATS, SIZE 36; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY. J. & M. YELLIN, 22 WEST 32D.

MODELS. — SEVERAL STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, 16 SIZE, FOR SUITS AND COATS; LONG SEASON; BEST SALARY. R. A. DAY CO., INC., 1,115 BROADWAY.

MODEL.—Stylish, stout model for coats and suits in showroom of wholesale house; must be size 42½ and have experience. M. Gross & Co., 1,182 Broadway, Room 806.

MODELS.—Stylish young ladies, size 16, as models in suit house. Blumenthal & Sugarman, 39 West 29th.

MODELS, size 16, experienced coats and suits; steady position. I. D. Karpas, 22 West 26th St.

MODELS.—TALL, ATTRACTIVE; SIZE 16. APPLY 9:30 A. M., POSNER MARINACE, 44 EAST 32D.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Young girl to help care for boy nearly 3; must be strong and trustworthy. Telephone Audubon 9171.

NURSE, trained or experienced, for infant of two months and child 3 years; references required; wages satisfactory. Phone New Rochelle, 3482 or write 215 Centre Av., New Rochelle.

NURSE, (trained,) with stenographic experience, as office nurse to a surgeon, for afternoons. 16 West 85th.

NURSE for two children, ages 2 and 5; persons' city references required; apply Thursday, between 2 and 5 P. M. L. J. Tompkins, 55 Central Park West.

NURSE.—COMPETENT CHILD'S NURSE, WITH REFERENCES TO GO TO NEW ROCHELLE. APARTMENT 4A, 160 WEST 86TH

NURSE, experienced, for two little girls; private family; references. Phone 7748 Murray Hill before 10:30, between 1:30-2:30.

NURSE, French; two children; $50; give all particulars. W 255 Times.

PARLOR GIRLS

to assist in show room of 5th Av. dressmaking and tailoring establishment; neat, bright and quick.

BERGDORF & GOODMAN,
616 FIFTH AV.

PIANO ACCOMPANIST wanted, to practice evenings with violinists; some one near subway; no expenses. G 534 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY for high-class ladies' tailoring establishment; knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting. Jacob Labes, 16 West 45th St.

SALESLADIES.
Corsets, underwear and infants' departments; experienced only need apply; salary $18 and up. I. Berger, 129 West 125th.

SALESWOMEN

for infants' and children's apparel; must have had 5th Av. experience and thoroughly experienced in this line. Apply, by letter only, to Grande Maison de Blanc, 538 5th Av.

SAMPLE GIRL wanted by silk commission house to make up sample cards; state age, experience and references. K 596 Times Downtown.

SOCIAL WORKER, resident, wanted for club work. Apply 11 Livingston Place.

SALESLADIES wanted to wait on high-class trade; first-class tailor's establishment; good salaries. Apply H. Milgrim, 2,121 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER,
under 30 years, for advertising department of big downtown bank; must be speedy and accurate and of agreeable personality; publishing or legal experience preferred; salary $90-$100 and lunches; good opportunity under excellent working conditions; high school or equivalent education; state age, education and experience. H 757 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, FOR PROGRESSIVE UNDERWEAR HOUSE; MUST HAVE HAD AT LEAST 3 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. ROSENBERG & COHEN, 536 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER, young woman, for office work, stenography, filing, and keeping records; neat appearance essential; some previous office experience preferred; Christian firm. Call Thursday, 1 P. M., Stephenson, Inc., Room 905, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — YOUNG LADY ACCUSTOMED TO CARD FILING; ADDRESS GIVING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. B 985 TIMES HARLEM.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant in office of advertising agency; must have a good education, some experience, systematic, and accurate. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary expected. K 608 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary, in newspaper office. Address P. O. Box 538, City Hall Station, N. Y. City, stating experience and salary desired.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, for busy office manufacturing company, able to use judgment and initiative. Reply, stating previous experience, education, and salary expected. G 557 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER of ability and refinement wanted by magazine publisher; pleasant surroundings; send kodak if convenient; all letters answered; salary $18 at start. W332 Times.

STENOGRAPHER can have free office, Times Square, to establish for herself public stenographic, for slight services. W 293 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced and capable in law work; state age, experience, references and salary expected. K 509 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFFICE WORK; BEGINNER PREFERRED. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY. H. J., 131 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced only; salary $20. Menger, Ring & Weinstein; 306 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER.—Patent law; state experience, education, and religion. A 692 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, good grammarian, quick typist, office experience nonessential; salary to start $12. W 335 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant with number experience; state age, nationality, and salary desired. A 702 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist in real estate office. Apply J. Scott, 1 East 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English; export. Room 902, 309 Broadway.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced, for Christian law office; salary $12. L 780 Times Downtown.

TEACHER for common branches for institution one hour from city; salary $50 per month and maintenance. Call Thursday, 10:30 A. M. 470 West 145th St.

TEACHER of touch typewriting, bookkeeping, Gregg's shorthand, commercial English. Apply immediately after 3 P. M., Drake's Secretarial College, Union Hill, N. J.

TRAFFIC.

Remarkable opportunity for young lady who has had experience in some railroad office (preferably a stenographer) to become claim correspondent; firm is progressive, considerate, appreciative; hours convenient, surroundings pleasant. In your reply state age, education, experience, and salary expected. Address F 87 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, experienced listing names, transcribing from records; $12 to start; early advancement if capable; state age, experience, &c. P. O. Box 305, C. H. Station, New York City.

TYPIST for general office work; state age, experience, salary, and pastor's name. A 706 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, PIECE WORK, EXPERIENCED, CAN EARN $15 TO $20 WEEKLY. APPLY 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

TYPIST.—Permanent position at copying work in office large corporation. See Mr. Ball, 346 Broadway, third floor.

TYPIST, age 18-25, expert; special work, lasting about 6 months, with possibility of permanency. Call Room 316, 195 Broadway.

TYPIST, experienced, speaking Spanish and English; state office experience and salary expected. Box G 531 Times Downtown.

TYPIST wanted to address envelopes. J. A. Kirsch & Co., Inc., 105 Hudson St.

WAITRESS, experienced; references; sleep out. Women's Club, 133 East 40th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SEAMSTRESS.—Mending and making curtains. Women's Club, 133 East 40th.

WOMEN wanted for photographic fashion work; tall, good looking women, misses, juniors; must know how to wear smart clothes. Stone, Van Dresser Co., Inc., Flatiron Building.

WOMAN, middle-aged, for general housework and assist in the care of a child of two years. Apply 225 West 110th, Apt. 52.

WOMAN'S specialty store offers position to thoroughly competent and capable corset woman of experience; please state salary, experience, &c. B 110 Times.

WOMAN, speaking perfect French, for child 6; mending; best wages. Write Room 265, Gedney Farms Hotel, White Plains.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER in a household where capable young woman will feel at home; good wages; suburbs, 18 minutes out on Long Island. Call Thursday, 235 West End Av., near 71st St., bet. 2:30 and 4 P. M.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—White; plain cooking; sleep in; two in family. Mrs. Burke, 1,125 Lexington Av., 8 to 9 P. M.

YOUNG LADY wanted for a Christian advertising agency, to operate addressograph and multigraph machine; must be thoroughly experienced; good position and salary to one who can qualify; state qualifications. B 119 Times.

YOUNG GIRL in the mail department and to act as office messenger; hours 8:30 to 5, Saturdays 12 o'clock; salary $7, advancement. Address, stating religion, K 585 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL.—High-class woman's specialty store will teach and give permanent employment to a young girl of ability who is anxious to learn undergarments and kindred lines. B 111 Times.

YOUNG GIRL WANTED TO ASSIST IN DENTAL OFFICE; NO EXPERIENCE REQUIRED; CALL 5:30 P. M., THURSDAY, 38 EAST 61ST.

YOUNG GIRL of refinement to operate switchboard for art concern; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary $12. Call after 11 A. M., Ethridge Co., 25 East 26th St.

YOUNG WHITE WOMAN for cooking and waiting every Friday and Sunday; $5. 27 East 62d. Apt. 6R.

YOUNG LADIES. — Several capable, for stencil cutting, day and night forces; good salary, pleasant office, permanent position. Apply at once, Vogue Magazine. See Mr. Ostendorff, 14th Floor, 19 West 44th.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Specialty house wants young woman in infant and underwear department who is thoroughly familiar with these lines; permanent position. B 113 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN to take charge of filing department; must understand the alphabetic numeric system. Address, stating salary, which must be moderate, K 584 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN for general office work; good writer and accurate; one having had experience in dressmaker's workroom preferred. Dunham, 628 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN, 21 or over, for school work; pleasant outdoor work. Call School 45, 3 Tremont Av.

YOUNG LADY, assist doctor's office; write K. S., 2,481 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMEN for filing; advancement. P. O. Box 325, City Hall Sta., N. Y. C.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

BE A FILING CLERK
and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing. Salaries $15 to $30 per week. Our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position. Afternoon and evening classes. Enter our new classes starting next Monday, January 20th. Number of students limited. Apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 234 5th Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639, 40th St.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 Vesey Street.
No Registration Fee.
STENO.-SECY., publishing, $30.
STENO., automobile, $25; uptown.
STENO., law; $25.
Numerous commercial positions, $22, $18, $15.
BOOKKEEPER, Brooklyn, $35.
BOOKKEEPER, assistant, real estate, $22.
TYPIST, Bill Clerk, $15, $12.
6 OFFICE GIRLS, good penmen, figures, $12-$10.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR, File Clerk, $12; downtown, uptown.
BOOKKEEPER-STENO., $18.
BURROUGHS'S Adding Machine Op., $18.
BEGINNER STENOGRAPHER, $12.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 79, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU. —CORT. 3519.
STENOGRAPHERS .... TYPISTS
SECRETARIES .... BOOKKEEPERS
EXPERIENCED OR BEGINNERS.

BOOKKEEPER, hotel, out of town; good proposition.
STENOGRAPHER, out of town; good proposition.
OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY,
149 BROADWAY. SINGER BUILDING.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
134 Nassau Street—MISS GRIFFIN.
Typists, must be A1, $18-$20; Stenographers, several, $15-$18; Dictaphone operators, $18; Clerks, beginners.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
Stenos, $25-$18; expert file clerks, $22; typists, $18-$16; switchboard operator, $12; Spanish steno, $25; many others; register free.

MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
2 RECTOR ST.
STENOGRAPHERS, LAW AND COMMERCIAL, $20-$22; BEGINNERS, $12.

EFFICIENT Employment Exchange Agency, 10 East 43d.—3 secretaries, $25; law stenographer, $23; stenographers, $12-$25; typists, $15.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Downtown, $20-$23; uptown, $15-$18; Christian firms. Bureau Business Requirements, 170 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, commercial, $12-$18; legal, $15; typists, $12. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; typists, $15-$18; immediately. Stenographers Bureau, 158 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS, &C.; FREE REGISTRATION. FULTON AGENCY, 480 5th Av., 93 Nassau St.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Stenographer, advertising, $20; ten commercial positions, each paying $15; legal, $18; typists, clerks.

STENOGRAPHERS, nine, $15 to $25. MacDermott Agency, 59 Pearl St. Phone Broad 4836.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT. — Splendid opportunity for bright man to connect with C. P. A.; must have thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and perhaps possess some accounting training and experience; write fully, stating age, experience, references, and salary expected. A 704 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, capable taking charge all books and simple cost records of manufacturing concern; unlimited opportunity; state age, full particulars, business experience and education; salary $1,800. P. B., 314 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—A numbers of juniors and semi-juniors for a firm of C. P. A.'s; public accounting experience preferable but not essential; state salary, age, experience, and nationality. B 150 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—A firm of C. P. A.'S has an opening offering excellent opportunity to a number of accountants, thoroughly experienced and operating a comptometer. B 151 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert senior, by firm of certified public accountants; permanent position; excellent opportunity. Apply 5 P. M., Room 1164, Woolworth Building.

ACCOUNTANT $18, two $15, out of town; essential industry. Commonwealth McNeill Agency, 21 Park Row.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR and writer on trade journal. Room 301, 239 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

AUDIT CLERK, junior, wanted for chartered accountant's office; good opportunity; give full particulars regarding experience and references. A 625 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk, wanted for a Christian advertising agency; must be thoroughly competent, good penman, and able to take off a trial balance correctly every month; good opportunity for an ambitious young man; salary $20 to start; state qualifications. B 118 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and OFFICE MANAGER.—Live detail man with several years' bookkeeping and office experience; man capable of handling force of employes; salary $2,000 per year to start; give experience, age, nationality, all qualifications and references in first letter. H 789 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and CASHIER.—Wanted in long-established law office, a competent bookkeeper and cashier; one familiar with double entry and controlling accounts; state age, experience, and salary expected. H 791 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable young man of good appearance and manners wanted for large country club; must be active, industrious, and know typewriting; state experience and apply to G 227 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of controlling accounts, accuracy, and initiative essential; state references, past employers, salary desired; applications held confidential. A 709 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER to take full charge small office; experienced in double entry, control accounts, and figuring foreign invoices. O 208 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, required by silk house; state age, qualifications, and salary expected. B 144 Times.

BOYS.
OFFICE BOYS, MESSENGERS.

Large downtown bank will employ several bright, capable, ambitious boys of good family; these positions offer exceptional opportunities.
SPECIAL CLASSES.
UNLIMITED ADVANCEMENT.
LUNCHEON.
Write for interview; state age and qualifications. A 641 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—A large downtown corporation requires the services of a few bright, ambitious boys to act as messengers; opportunities for rapid advancement exist for right boys; entrance salary, $35 monthly; in replying state fully age, education, and experience, if any. A 695 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, for general office work; must be public school graduate; excellent opportunity for advancement. Muehlstein, 2,401 3d Av.

BOY wanted, age 15 to 17, by music publishing house; bright, industrious, excellent chance for advancement. Huntvinger & Dilworth, 159 West 57th.

BOY for messenger department; good opportunity for a bright boy; salary to start, $8; hours 8:30-5:30. Apply 229 West 43d St., 2d floor.

BOYS.—Three bright boys, willing to learn and expecting to progress; large downtown firm; give name, age, nationality, and salary expected. G 625 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted to work in large publishing house; one willing to learn to become an artist; public school graduate preferred; call at The Iron Age Publishing Co., 239 W. 39th.

BOY in downtown offices of established engineering company; good opening, with bright prospect of advancement. Address Box A 705 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
Exceptional opportunity for bright, ambitious boys in downtown office; good salary start. R. C., 335 Times.

BOY, about 17, for office assistant; salary $40 month; no experience necessary. Apply by letter, O'Connor-Moffatt Company, 114 5th Av.

BOY wanted by wholesale glove house; good wages, steady position; one with experience preferred. S. M. Hohl, 470 4th Av. Apply Room 1002.

BOY wanted in law office; real opportunity to study law; steady position for right boy. Blandy, Mooney & Shipman, 37 Wall St.

BOY.—Begin as messenger in bank; good chances for advancement; state age. Write Box 53, 2,121 3d Av.

BOY wanted for office in wholesale house; good salary; excellent opportunity. P. O. Box 666, City Hall Station.

BOY, 16, $8 to start; apply 10 A. M.; bring references. Library Bar Asso., 42 West 44th St.

BOY, bright, to run errands and do general office work; state age, experience, and salary. A 703 Times Downtown.

BOYS, $33 monthly, big company, rapid advancement; hours 9-4; Saturdays, 12. Apply Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

BOY.—To assist in store and carry packages; salary $8 per week. Jamison Semple Co., 152 Lexington Av.

BOY.—Begin as messenger in bank; good chances for advancement; state age. Write Box 53, 2,121 3d Av.

BOY, bright, for office work. Apply Room 1105, 501 5th Av.

BOY.—Office of large dry goods commission house; advancement. B. L., 387 Times.

BUYER WANTED.

THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED BUYER FOR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON, D. C.; MUST BE FULLY ACQUAINTED WITH ALL DETAILS. GOLDENBERGS, APPLY BY LETTER OR IN PERSON, 1,140 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY, CARE SAM LEVY & CO.

BUYER wanted for jewelry, who is well acquainted with the 5, 10 and 25 cent trade. Box B 106 Times.

CANVASSERS.—30 discharged soldiers and sailors, preferred, wanted to solicit subscriptions for new publication; commission basis only; splendid opportunity for hustlers. Apply, all day, 220 West 42d St., Room 1613.

CARPENTERS.—Ex-soldiers attention; wanted, for out-of-town work; wages, 80 cents per hour; preference given to soldiers. Apply 105 West 40th St., Room 1301.

CARPENTER wanted, practical, who can estimate on alteration work of all kinds, take off measurements and figure from plans; state salary expected. B 137 Times.

CHASER, experienced, on brass mold; permanent position to satisfactory man. B 86 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced; 2-ton Packard truck; must be competent to make minor repairs; apply with references. Powers Weightman, Rosengarten Co., 145 Front Street.

CHAUFFEUR wanted to drive Premier sedan; private garage; must have first-class references; salary $22. Apply shoe factory, 963 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

CHEMIST wanted to take charge of laboratory of pharmaceutical house; must be aggressive, practical, and capable of originating and manufacturing new preparations; state experience and references; excellent opening; applications confidential. Z 382 Times Annex.

CHIEF CLERK wanted to take charge of front office in a large club; must have experience in hotel or club office and capable of taking charge of ten men; only a man having executive ability need apply; salary $1,800. W 849 Times.

CLAIMS CORRESPONDENT.

Firm of national scope has opening in headquarters offices for young man possessing knowledge of business, English, and preferably experienced in traffic claim work; position offers unusual advantages to ambitious worker; state age, experience, education, and salary expected. Address "W," 74 Times Downtown.

CLERK. — Excellent opportunity for wide-awake young man with clerical and bookkeeping experience; state references and salary. K. L., 39 Times Harlem.

COLLECTOR, experienced on installment accounts, for New York City and certain points in Westchester County; bond and references required. Periodical Publishers' Service Bureau, 307 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

CORRESPONDENT and export shipping clerk, Spanish; thoroughly familiar with all details; chance for advancement; state fully experience and salary expected. G 530 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK.—Rapid, neat, accurate young man, as assistant to accountant in manufacturing concern; state experience, references, and salary expected. G 533 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK.—Young man, familiar with costs; one with previous experience in manufacturing steel products. Apply Mohegan Tube Co., Scott Av. and Meserole St., Brooklyn.

COST CLERK, must be familiar with lumber business; good opportunity. Apply B. G. Hitchings, Av. H and East 34th St., Brooklyn.

CREDIT CLERK wanted, experienced in collection of accounts, good letter writer, knowledge of general office work. Apply International Feature Service, Inc., 246 West 59th St.

DESIGNERS AND DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in high-class automobile and motor cycle designs, both air and water cooled; personal application necessary; none but experienced men need apply. Militor Corp., Bergen and Kearney Av., Jersey City.

DESIGNER and perforator, experienced wholesale art needle work; state salary wanted and experience. W., 201 West 79th.

DRAFTSMAN wanted; first-class man, experienced on high grade automobile body designing. In your reply state fully age, experience, and wages expected. The Locomobile Company of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical, wanted by old established manufacturing company; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 120 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

DRAFTSMAN, first-class, on crushing plant and heavy machinery design; apply in person. Kennedy-Van Saun Mfg. and Engineering Corp., 120 Broadway, Room 1718.

ENGINEER.—Opening for chief engineer in one of the city's largest hotels; only exceptional men need apply; state experience for past ten years. E. M., 806 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK, also accustomed running billing machine; young man. L 790 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATING ENGINEER wanted for a temporary engagement at an industrial plant near Philadelphia; state experience and fee. Z 383 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE wanted immediately to take full charge of established paper business; must have executive ability; knowledge of paper trade essential but not absolutely necessary; excellent opportunity; good salary; give age, qualifications, and references. H 779 Times Downtown.

EXPORT OPPORTUNITY with a large American manufacturing company for a man familiar with the handling of orders in Spanish, Portuguese and English; accuracy, initiative, and comprehensive knowledge of figures are necessary qualifications. Address K 823 Times Downtown.

EXPORT ORDER CLERK WANTED BY EXPORT HOUSE; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE AND THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF SPANISH ESSENTIAL; STATE REFERENCES, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. H 783 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPORT MANAGER wanted, experienced, to take charge of export business of large commission house; must be young man of considerable ability and in a position to furnish exceptional references; one with knowledge of French language preferred; unusual opportunity. G 540 Times Downtown.

EXPORT SHIPPING CLERK, competent to take full charge; state experience fully and salary expected. G 529 Times Downtown.

FOOD PRODUCTS.

Industrious young man, with references, long experience in canned goods and dried fruit business, favorably known to trade, wanted to manage food department in connection with import and export house; reasonable salary and commission; only those answering above requirements considered; state full details. W 664 Times Downtown.

FURNITURE SALESMEN.

Only those with experience in high-class shops need apply

AT WANAMAKER'S
Employment Office.

GENTLEMAN of excellent social standing and reputation wanted who has large acquaintance among responsible business men, to introduce salesman representing high-class, responsible tailoring establishment, object being to increase our business with responsible men; good salary or commission to one who can serve in above capacity. W 315 Times.

GLASSWARE SALESMAN,

experienced in handling table glassware; must know jobbing and dept. store trade in East; salary $50 week and bonus; a fine opportunity. Replies absolutely confidential. O 296 Times.

GLASSBLOWER.—Experienced; good wages. Z 358 Times Annex.

GROCERY BUYER wanted for thriving store in Terre Haute, Indiana; must have had experience. Call, in person, after 10 A. M., Friday. W. T. Knott, 23 East 26th St.

HELPER, all around, shipping room; young man over 16. L 789 Times Downtown.

HOG ISLAND SHIPYARD AT PHILADELPHIA, PA., IS IN NEED OF THE FOLLOWING FIRST CLASS MECHANICS: FIRST CLASS PIPE FITTERS, COPPERSMITHS, TANK PESTERS, AND OUTSIDE MACHINISTS. APPLY U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 22 EAST 22D ST. ASK FOR MR. ACORD.

JANITOR for three up-to-date four-story houses, containing two-room apartments; heat, hot water, electricity; near 58th St. and Park Av.; $60 per month; no living quarters. Call Thursday, 10-11 A. M., or write Huberth & Huberth, 253 West 58th St.

LAYER-OUT for place and tank work. Earl C. Maxwell Co., 419 13th St., Brooklyn.

LEDGER CLERK. — Competent; Christian firm; experienced posting and charge accounts; wholesale house; salary $18. Birdsong Bros., 381 Washington St., New York.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN wanted to take charge of accounts payable, office of a large Boston department store; one who is familiar with terms, discounts, &c.; state full particulars as to past experience; also a young man as assistant in accounts payable office who has had practical experience. Address W. D. W., P. O. Box 55, Boston, Mass.

MAN.—Periodical wants thoroughly experienced makeup man with artistic ideas and thorough training in publishing. Financial experience an advantage; no interviews unless salary, experience, and references stated fully. Z 298 Times Annex.

MAN wanted possessing executive ability in the management of an infants' knit goods and celluloid novelty department; write, stating experience and salary expected. B 108 Times.

MAN.—Hosiery commission house wants experienced man who can take charge of stock and purchase book and sample office; give full particulars and salary wanted. B 140 Times.

MAN.—Packer and porter, white, mercantile house; salary start $18. K 675 Times Downtown.

MANAGER'S ASSISTANT
for purchases, sales and general direction, progressive bakery equipment business; must be familiar with bakery utensils and machines and have ability and character qualify for position responsibility and trust; good salary and opportunity. H 770 Times Downtown.

MANAGER.
A good proposition is open to a live, progressive man who can manage a furniture store in Wilmington, Delaware; the applicant must be energetic, trustworthy and able to furnish credentials; a good salary is attached to this position. Box Z 867 Times Annex.

MANAGER
for exclusive specialty blouse and underwear store out of town; splendid opening for a progressive and efficient man who can demonstrate his ability; knowledge of window display absolutely essential. Reply, stating full particulars, B 338 Times.

MANAGER.—Experienced manager for general insurance office; opportunity for right man. O 293 Times.

MANAGER for retail men's hat store; must be experienced; good opportunity; reference required; apply in morning. Youngs Hats, 605 Broadway.

NIGHT MANAGERS

Wanted in high-class retail store; highest references as to integrity and ability required to obtain position.
State fully age, previous experience, with names of former employers, and salary expected. Address Ability, 292 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted for passenger department of transatlantic steamship company; preferably one who speaks French; state experience and salary, G. X., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

OFFICE BOY.—Manufacturing corporation desires services of young man about 16 years of age; Christian firm; salary $8 per week. Apply in own handwriting. K 603 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY for large publishing company; splendid chance for advancement; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 896 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY in large manufacturing house; good opportunity and advancement for right party. Call Charles A. Schieren Co., 30 Ferry St.

OFFICE BOYS, 14 to 16, in large downtown office; salary $8. Write H 774 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, about [illegible] for large corporation; $10 week to s[illegible] good chance right party. B 746 Times [illegible]town.

ORDER CLERK for big stationery house; must be thoroughly familiar with staple lines, resourceful, and aggressive; all replies confidential; give experience and salary expected. G 539 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK, capable of typewriting and handling correspondence; state age, experience, and salary expected. L. Box 55, Station G, Brooklyn.

PAPER BOX SALESMAN.
We want to make an attractive proposition to a salesman who knows the paper box trade, and who can get us business, on commission basis; this is an excellent opportunity for the right man. Reply, with full details, to H 773 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

PHARMACIST.—Registered; best of references required. Larimore & Co., 1 West 40th St.

PHOTOGRAPHER in commercial studio; one who has had portrait and commercial experience preferred; write, giving full details of experience and salary expected. B 159 Times.

PORTER, WHITE, IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; STATE REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 679 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—College man, typist, stenographer, knowledge art and literature; socially efficient, under 30; give full particulars, age, experience, salary, references, &c. G 240 Times.

RENTING MAN FOR LARGE REAL ESTATE OFFICE; MUST BE GRADUATE OF HARVARD, YALE OR PRINCETON; PREFERENCE WILL BE GIVEN TO MAN DISCHARGED FROM ARMY. APPLY W., 344 TIMES.

SALESMAN. — OLD-ESTABLISHED IMPORTING HOUSE HANDLING VELVETS, VELVETEENS, VENETIANS, WOOLENS, AND PILE FABRICS HAS OPENING FOR ROAD MAN IN OUR VERY BEST TERRITORY; WE PREFER A MAN WHO HAS CALLED ON THE DEPARTMENT STORE TRADE WITH SIMILAR LINES, BUT LIVE, HUSTLING MAN WHO REALLY HAS A FOLLOWING AMONG DEPARTMENT STORES CAN QUALIFY; TO SUCH A MAN WE OFFER AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY; SALARY AND COMMISSION. B 141 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Experienced lubricating oil salesman acquainted with the purchasing agents and engineers of mill and factory trade, parts of Connecticut, New York, and New Jersey; previous selling experience in lubricating oils absolutely essential; salary and expenses paid; state past experience, reference, and salary expected in first letter; interview by appointment. Z 272 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.

SILK-SHIRT SALESMAN

for the South by leading house; drawing account against commission.

P. O. BOX 3, STATION A.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced in paints, varnishes, &c., and with established trade in New York City, Brooklyn and vicinity, among steamship and railroad companies, large corporations, architects, leading painters and decorators, &c., &c. Apply, by letter only, stating age, experience in full, salary expected, &c., to Baer Brothers, 433-448 West 37th St., New York.

SALESMEN wanted; a well-established industrial corporation, whose business on hand and to be accepted, has an unusual opportunity for stock or bond salesmen who can produce; men who make good will be given positions that will yield them a handsome income permanently; commission basis. Call or write Room 1770, 50 Church St.

SALESMAN. — DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE REQUIRES ENERGETIC, AMBITIOUS SALESMAN TO CALL ON MANUFACTURING AND JOBBING TRADE; COMMISSION BASIS, WITH DRAWING ACCOUNT; GIVE PARTICULARS. H 761 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, auto; to a live man who can produce, show success in selling, a good position is open; automobile experience unnecessary; good opportunity; salary or commission; write or call only. Newton Garage, Cedarhurst, L. I.

SALESMEN
experienced in selling cigars, stationery, magazines, &c.; not afraid of hard work; good salary and bonus; only those stating experience and references considered. H. X., 405 Times.

SALESMAN, shirt, for popular price line, to call on retail trade; several territories open; give full particulars to territory covered in letter; commission basis with drawing account. A 875 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN FOR PACIFIC COAST TO REPRESENT PROMINENT JEWELRY AND NOVELTY HOUSE; STATE EXPERIENCE AND GIVE REFERENCES; SALARY AND COMMISSION. B 146 TIMES

SALESMAN, inside, commercial stationery store, experienced in loose leaf, blank books, and general line only; give age, where employed, salary wanted, nationality. B 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our high-grade teas and coffees to our old customers on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. B3, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMAN wanted by large meat packer, first-class, acquainted with New York and Brooklyn trade; none but men with ability need apply; salary. Pork Packer, Z 372 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—New York City, for large paper jobbing house handling all grades; excellent opportunity; salary; state age, experience, and references. A 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Large grease and oil concern prefers one with experience garage trade; reference required; opening Feb. 1; commission with drawing account. G 429 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, RETAIL CLOTHING; SALARY. APPLY JOHN DAVID, BROADWAY AND 32D ST.

SALESMAN, securities man, ability; live leads, strong co-operation, drawing account and commission, ambitious worker. K 598 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Paper mill desires competent young man capable of handling large business; commission basis; real opportunity. G 519 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, RIBBON HOUSE, FAMILIAR WITH DRESS AND WAIST TRADE; COMMISSION. FRIEDMAN & BISTELLATOR, 2 WEST 33D ST.

SALESMAN.—Young man, well recommended, desirous of learning provision business; salary and commission. P. O. Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN wanted on strict commission basis; tickings, table linens, crashes, &c.; only competent men need apply; references. B 132 Times.

SALESMAN.—Familiar with insulating materials, particularly vulcanized fibre; advise salary expected and details of past experience. Box 233, Times, 2 Rector St.

SALESMEN.—Experienced notion salesmen with established retail trade; splendid opportunity for right men; salary and commission. Davann Mfg. Co., 560 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Two discharged soldiers fitted to sell popular one-dollar war book in office buildings; $5 day straight salary. Apply 110 West 40th St., Room 1304, before 10 A. M.

SALESMAN, coats and suits, for city and vicinity; only those with good following among resident buyers need apply; commission basis only. B 139 Times.

SALESMAN, WITH GOOD FOLLOWING PRINTING; SALARY COMMISSION, OR STRAIGHT COMMISSION. Z 268 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN.—Attractive proposition for live wires; commission. Apply, 8:30 to 9:30 A. M. or 5 to 6 P. M., Guaranty Electric Lamp Co., 26 West 49th St.

SALESMEN, familiar with supply store or garage trade, to sell established oil specialty as side line, on commission. H 834 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced; handle line cotton and woolen dress goods, out of town; commission. Middle & Co., 377 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced in provision line; salary and commission. P. O. Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANT
A situation has developed at one of our Eastern offices which offers an unusual opportunity to an experienced senior accountant, with the right personal and professional qualifications, preferably a member or associate of the American Institute of Accountants, or a C. P. A. in some state where the degree has a recognized standing. A combination of a strong experience in industrial accounting and some public practice will be given serious consideration.
The range of work is agreeably varied and the requirements for travel away from home are decidedly less than the average. We want a man prepared to do high grade work and qualified to take a responsible part in the future developments of our organization.
Replies by letter only, should state age, education, whether married or single, complete chronological account of business or professional experience, salary experience and expectations, and when free for a new connection. Be brief, be precise; if your record, likely to satisfy these requirements, is already on file in any of our offices, please call it to our attention.
Replies will be received in strict confidence and no inquiries made of present or past employers or references without express permission from the candidate. No attention will be paid to incomplete answers. SCOVELL, WELLINGTON & COMPANY, Certified Public Accountants, Industrial Engineers, New York, Boston, Springfield, Cleveland, Chicago.
Address reply to 902 Woolworth Building, New York, giving business and residence telephone numbers. Selected applicants will have an early interview.

SHIRT SALESMEN
wanted for the South; also one for the New England States; to those who will qualify we will turn over a large established trade; only shirt salesmen having a following in the above territory need apply; commission basis.
JOSEPH KAPLAN & BRO.,
122 5th Av.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Opportunity for experienced, competent man to connect with a large house as receiving and shipping clerk; must be experienced in handling men; hours 7 to 5; give age, experience, and details and salary received, whether married or single. A 687 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Wholesale silk house have opening in shipping department for young man. B 145 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SHIPPING CLERK.
An uptown department store requires a young man to take charge of their shipping department; applications will be considered from sheet writers, &c.; to a young man willing to learn, a good opportunity is assured; state salary and experience. Apply by letter, C. B., Box 277 Times Downtown.

SIDEWALK ELEVATOR OPERATOR required by wholesale silk house. B 143 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid shorthand writer, quick, faultless typist, understanding following up collections, writing follow up letters; only best references considered; commencing low salary; quick advancement for hustler. O. L., 803 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Live wire; good opportunity; only competent need apply; state age, experience, references, and salary desired. O 302 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-ASS'T BOOKKEEPER.—Good position for right party; state particulars. H 765 Times Downtown.

STORE MANAGERS.

Married men, between the ages of 32 and 40, with record; exceptional opportunity for the right man to develop himself into a permanent position and good salary; state age, previous experience in detail, with names of firms by whom employed, and salary expected. Address Opening, 238 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN. — We want well-connected, dynamic, forceful salesmen for a dividend-paying rubber concern; no advances; commissions. W 356 Times.

STOCK BOYS.—Wholesale silk house has opening for bright, energetic stock boys. B 142 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT

Wanted for buildings and stores in connection with a chain of retail stores in New York City, to take charge of the porters, general cleaning, and minor repairs; must have had experience in this line of work.
Apply by letter, stating age, salary desired, and a detailed experience of positions occupied and names of firms by whom employed. Address Opportunity, 294 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT for medium-size, long-established, well-entrenched corporation, manufacturing technical instruments and devices; must have had actual experience superintending small quantity production of quality work; a really well worth-while future is assured such man if he also is a hustler both as a mechanic and an executive; in answering give experience in full, also age and salary wanted. Only high-grade experienced Superintendent need address President, Box 200 Times Downtown.

TUTOR wanted for boy 15 years old; hours 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.; position for several years for good educator with best references. Apply 144 Harmon Av., Pelham, N. Y. Phone Pelham 1083.

TYPISTS, experienced listing names, transcribing from records; $12 start; early advancement if capable; state age, experience, &c. P. O. Box 395, City Hall Station, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN wanted; about 20 years of age, neat appearing and one who comes from a good family, to start in our service department; good future for bright and willing fellow; all our salesmen are graduates from the service department; salary to start $12. Call between 9 and 10:30 A. M., Room 1508, 277 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN,
capable, experience in silk department, who understands different grades of silks; state full particulars and salary expected.
KROWER-TYNBERG CO.,
46 West 23d St.

YOUNG MAN for introductory work, by prominent manufacturing company, to promote sales of a nationally advertised article; knowledge of selling, good appearance and address desirable; salary basis. W 229 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted; must be reliable, capable running typewriter, taking care of office during my absence, and shipping; state if you have an idea of mail order; chance for advancement; state salary to start, with references. K 593 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted for a Christian advertising agency to handle checking records; one who is good at figuring and must be a good penman, accurate and thoroughly reliable; salary to start about $18; state qualifications. B 116 Times.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with ordinary office detail, for clerkship in the purchasing department of a large mercantile house; salary $12 to $15, according to experience. Address, specifying religious belief. K 588 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, stenographer and typist, to break in to handle the detail work for a busy sales manager; exceptional opportunity to learn the business. Address, stating salary, which must be moderate to start, religious belief, &c. K 587 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, assistant in stock department; splendid opportunity for advancement; state salary to start. J. D., Post Office Box 1,178, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, for a Christian advertising agency to assist in checking department; must be bright and ambitious; salary $15 to start; good opportunity; state qualifications. B 117 Times.

YOUNG MAN to work on cost sheets; must be quick and accurate at figures. Address, stating age, references, and salary expected, A. N., 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN. — Excellent opportunity for wide-awake young man with clerical and bookkeeping experience; state references and salary. R. S., 40 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN wanted by silk commission house to assist in shipping department; state age and references. K 595 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in filing letters, attending switchboard, minor office duties; salary to start $10 week. K 576 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, 21 or over, for school work; pleasant outdoor work. Call School, 453 Tremont Av.

YOUNG MAN over 16, useful, light, inside, clean work. K 513 Times Downtown.

Instruction.
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Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Want to buy used grand piano, mahogany case preferred. O 279 Times.

Government Sales.

SALE OF SODIUM PERMANGANATE.—Material Disposition Section Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of Forty Thousand Pounds, dry basis, of Sodium Permanganate, in solution, averaging twenty-two per cent. strength. Bids made on form M. D. 3, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M. January Twentieth, 1919.

SALE OF COKE-COATED TIN PLATE Material Disposition Section Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for 1145.4 base boxes of coke-coated tin plate. Bids made on form M. D. 4, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 24th, 1919.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following promoted to be Colonels: LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

Ashrust, A. P. C.; Babcock, W. L.; Mount, J. R.

Following promoted to be Lt. Cols.: MAJORS.

Murphy, J. A.; Neff, L. K.; Ottis, D. M.; Preble, R. B.; Rosenthal, L. J.; Russell, N. G.; Scott, J. R.; Sherbondy, J. A.; Shipley, A. M.; Swift, H. F.; Talbot, J. A.; Taylor, W. J.; Van Duyn, E. S.; Waterman, P.; White, J. S.; Wilson, D. S.; Wilson, L. B.; Wolfe, J. F.; Woolley, H. O.; Wright, A. M.; Arbuthnot, T. S.; Barclay, H.; Betts, C. A.; Clark, B. O.; Corning, E.; Davis, L.; De Forest, C. M.; Elser, W. J.; Grube, H. A.; Hall, H. M.; Halsell, J. T.; Halsey, R. H.; Hawley, G. W.; Hickey, P. M.; James, H. M.; Jopson, J. H.; Lambert, S. E.; Lowman, J. B.; Lee, B. J.; McCoy, J. C.; McCullagh, S.; McKay, J. G.; Waes, U.; Mandel, M.; Meehan, J. W.; Miller, E. W.; Milne, L. S.; Mitchell, W. H.; Moorhead, J. J.; Morrow, A. S.; Morse, F. L.

Following promoted to be Majors: CAPTAINS.

Spear, R.; Stanley, R. H.; Stiff, W. C.; Swenson, C. J.; Thrush, M. C.; Vidal, C. E. K.; Williams, C. M.; Whittaker, F. J.; Boothby, W. M.; Brown, S. P.; Campbell, E. A.; Casebeer, H. A.; Cox, R. H.; Davis, D. M.; Day, J. L.; Dunlop, J.; Everhart, E. S.; Griffin, J. D.; Hoyt, M. D.; Hurley, J. E.; Kinnicutt, R.; Leinbach, R. F.; Mook, W. H.; Norris, G. L.; Riddel, H. E.; Rankin, W.; Skinner, E. H.; Thompson, P. P.; Thomson, H. S.; Tigert, H. M.; Towne, E. B.; Trow, W. G.; Tweedie, A. M.; Van Wart, F. B.; Vaughan, E. M.; Vogeler, W. J.; Walker, C. S.; Walch, R. E.; Watkins, W. C.; Webster, B.; Wheelock, W. O.; Wills, C. A.; Wolfsohn, J. M.; Woolley, P. V.; Wright, E. P.; Wyckoff, J. H.; Wyman, E. T.; Yaeger, W. H.; Allen, W. D.; Arnold, D. E.; Arwine, J. T.; Atkins, R. T.; Axline, J. T.; Baer, B. F., Jr.; Baldwin, W. I.; Banks, A. E.; Bayne-Jones, S.; Black, F. W.; Bliss, C. J.; Blumenthal, R. W.; Bower, A. J.; Bowman, W. B.; Brooks, B. U.; Brooks, E. B.; Burdick, C. G.; Cappel, M.; Carroll, J. W.; Casamajor, L.; Chamberlain, C. T.; Chaney, T. M.; Chase, M. R.; Cleland, W. D.; Clift, M. W.; Clint, M. L.; Cohn, S.; Cook, C. E., Jr.; Cressman, R. G.; Cussler, E. W.; Cutler, E. C.; McCreery, J. A.; McFadyen, J.; Means, J. H.; Miller, E. H., Jr.; Mixter, C. G.; Moore, J. W.; Musher, J. H., Jr.; Nather, F. B.; Nicoll, H. K.; O'Connor, J. J.; Olmstead, B. H.; Page, L.; Pauson, C. A.; Pennock, W. J.; Perkins, R. C.; Perrine, J. K. M.; Pilcher, J. D.; Pleasants, H., Jr.; Pugsley, G. W.; Rae, J. B.; Rainey, W. R.; Remington, L. D.; Remy, C. B.; Rice, G. D.; Riggin, L. L.; Robertson, D. H.; Rogers, W. B.; Ryan, W. P.; Sargent, W. H.; Schaeffer, F.; Seehorn, N. A.; Sheppard, P. R. B.; Sights, W. P.; Sim, A. S.; Smith, C. T.; Stillman, R. G.; St. John, F. B.; Swope, S. D.; Taylor, H. L.; Thacher, H. C.; Thomas, H. G.; Darling, F. E.; De Klyn, C. C.; Devereux, R. T.; Donnelly, J.; Duncan, E. C.; Fenton, R. A.; Fitz, R.; Garvin, C. L.; Gilcreest, E. L.; Glass, J.; Godfrey, E. B.; Goodman, L. M.; Goodwin, F. P.; Hanchett, M. M.; Hanson, M. W.; Harwick, S. C.; Harkins, J. C.; Harvey, F. E.; Hawn, C. B.; Hensyl, W. C.; Herbert, W. P.; Herrick, J. F.; Hillis, S. J.; Hodgson, F. G.; Hooper, C. L.; Hoyt, C. W.; Humes, C. D.; Humphreys, F. B.; Jones, D. D.; Jones, H. J.; Jones, M. J.; Katzenstein, M. B.; Keene, F. E.; Koch, O. W.; Kramer, D.; Lankford, B.; Latta, J. B.; Logan, H. L.; Lower, F. S.; Mann, B.; McCague, E. J.; McCarthy, H. B.

Following promoted to be Captains: FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Adams, J. E.; Alexander, C. D.; Alexander, W. S.; Alger, G. L.; Anderson, J. C., Jr.; Andrew, G. F.; Athey, J. V.; Atkin, E. H.; Bay, S. G.; Bearden, F.; Bergen, T. J.; Beaupre, D. I.; Bernhardt, H. B.; Bird, A. J.; Black, W. K.; Booth, L. S.; Bouvy, H. M.; Bradfield, J. C.; Breihan, E. W.; Brevard, S. A.; Brittin, O. P.; Brown, L. T.; Bruce, J. W.; Burns, E. P.; Byrns, R. E.; Calvert, W. L.; Carter, H. M.; Carter, N. D.; Carver, H. E.; Cashman, B. Z.; Chaplin, H.; Christensen, J. W.; Clayton, S. M.; Cochran, R. H.; Coleman, F. B.; Collignon, C. M.; Conway, B. P.; Cooper, J. H.; Cornell, J. C.; Coughlin, J. F.; Coulter, R. M.; Crain, R. B.; Croom, G. H.; Currie, J. D.; Curtiss, W. W. H.; Daley, T. V.; Dally, W. P.; Daly, W. J.; Davis, R. A.; De Bell, A. W.; Dennie, C. C.; Dewey, E. L.; Diehl, E. H.; Dorety, P. J.; De Cret, H. S.; Dunning, E. C.; Eaton, H. B.; Eller, V. B.; Elliott, J. R.; Engelson, K. E.; Eubanks, R. M.; Evans, J. E.; Falk, F.; Fenton, A. A.; Fishburne, C. C.; Fitzgerald, E. T.; Fitzgerald, P. B.; Flinn, H. J.; Frantz, W. G.; Galbraith, J. H.; Galloway, T. C.; Gardner, R. T.; Gibson, E. F.; Graefe, H., Jr.; Grove, E. F.; Gray, T. E.; Greenshields, R. McK.; Gregory, F. L.; Griswold, M. H.; Grossman, A. A.; Haigler, J. R.; Halgren, J. A.; Hall, J. G.; Hall, R. E.; Hall, S. M.; Hamilton, R. L.; Hamrick, M. P.; Harbour, S. C.; Harrington, J. G.; Harris, W. B.; Harrison, J. W.; Hartigan, W. B.; Heath, C. J.; Herndon, C. E.; Herrman, F. H.; Hess, E.; Hewes, A. B.; Hobson, J. J.; Hodge, R. L.; Hogan, J. T. H.; Hogan, J. H.; Hopkins, W. B.; Hitchinson, A. F.; Hyde, F. T.; Ira, G. B.; James, A. W.; Jennings, T.; Johannes, E. W.; Johnson, E. J.; Johnson, J. A.; Johnson, L. W.; Kennedy, M. R.; Kice, L. H.; Kingsbury, O. J.; Kitowski, C. S.; Kittredge, M. R.; Knapp, R. P.; Larner, L. G.; Lee, C. E.; Leonard, W. H.; Lewis, A. J.; Lewis, F. E.; Lewis, W. B.; Logsdon, H. A.; Longsworth, M. J.; McCrumb, R. R.; McDaniel, A. A.; McDevitt, J. A.; MacFarlan, D.; McGinnis, J. E.; McGregor, F. H.; McKenney, A. C.; McLain, L. C.; McLeish, G. M.; McRaven, C. P.; MacRossie, T. D.; Magruder, T. V.; Matabra, A. L.; Marett, W. C.; Mariner, J. S.; Martin, A. B.; Martin, A. T.; Mashburn, N. O.; Mason, R. F.; Middleton, C. G.; Miller, R. O.; Mitchell, A. G.; Morgan, A. D.; Morgan, D. R.; Morris, R. B.; Morriss, W. H.; Murphy, C. S.; Musser, J. F.; Nacy, L. J.; Nafey, H. W.; Nelson, R. S.; Newman, R. J.; North, C. Q.; Parsons, J. J.; Peacock, C. A.; Pearl, F. A.; Pederson, O. J.; Pember, C. H.; Peters, H. L.; Pettey, J. A.; Pettit, R. T.; Phillips, W. M.; Platt, J. J.; Poll, D.; Pomerantz, H.; Poulsen, H. A.; Preston, H. P.; Proctor, H. L.; Pruitt, G. C.; Ray, C. B.; Reid, W. C.; Reynolds, L.; Richards, G. H.; Richmond, H. C. T.; Richmond, T.; Riley, F. G.; Rinehardt, S. H.; Robertson, M. W.; Robinson, G. F.; Robinson, G. H.; Rogers, F. A.; Ross, H. M.; Ruth, A. L.; Schnetz, L. N.; Seidler, V. B.; Shanahan, W. H.; Shankwiler, R. A.; Shannon, A. C.; Sheldon, F. B.; Sherman, D. O.; Simpson, M. B.; Sinclair, D. B.; Shudde, O. N.; Smedley, C. D.; Smith, C. W.; Smith, T. H.; Smith, W. B.; Smyser, J. D.; Speck, R. T.; Sprowl, R. J.; Stanford, J. B.; Stephens, R.; Stevens, R. S.; Strahl, M. I.; Strode, G. K.; Sullo, N. A.; Semmey, T. J.; Swerdfeger, E. B.; Tedrowe, C. W.; Thomas, C. A.; Thompson, P.; Thompson, T. G.; Thomson, W.; Timm, A. B.; Tippins, J. R.; Tope, J. W.; Trask, L. S.; Truex, E. H.; Updegrove, H. G.; Urmston, W. B.; Cary, R. S.; Van Rhee, G.; Vass, R. S.; Wainscott, C. O.; Walker, H. P.; Walkup, A. O.; Walter, P. H.; Waters, C. A.; Wellbern, J. M.; Wells, D. B.; Westley, M. D.; White, W. C.; Whitmore, W. G.; Wiley, J. C.; Wilkerson, T. E.; Williams, D. G.; Williams, S. C.; Wills, W. J.; Wright, C. G.; Wright, J.; Wright, L. T.; Wright, W. S.; Abbott, F. B.; Allen, R. R.; Allis, E. K.; Beach, G. B.; Bell, C.; Boon, E. H.; Bugbee, A. S.; Conn, H. R.; Diedling, R. F.; Doherty, D. H.; Doran, W. G.; Emsheimer, H. W.; Frank, G. W.; Gans, E. M.; Graham, C. L.; Goodwin, O. P.; Hagan, C. E.; Hetsler, C. L.; Hibbard, F. A.; Jack, W. D.; Jenkins, J. F.; Kaufman, D.; King, D. D.; Kinne, J. B.; Lindsey, L. N.; MacCurdy, J. T.; Mauter, F.; McCormick, J. E.; Miller, J. S.; Michel, M. M.; Moore, R. M.; Muna, W. E.; Packard, G. R., Jr.; Pahton, H. H.; Payne, J. A.; Plass, E. D.; Rivers, D. G.; Rose, E. J.; Ryan, W. F.; Sanbur, S. J.; Seldensticker, R. F.; Simonis, A. B.; Skidmore, W. E.; Smith, A. K.; Steen, J. H.; Stock, W. J.; Stricklin, M. L.; Thomas, E. E.; Titlow, H. B.; Vandewater, S. A.; Wagner, E. C.; Watkins, T.; Wagner, H. A.; Webster, M. McD.; White, E. C.; Woodward, H. B.

Following to Camp Lewis: Westervelt, Maj. A. E.

CAPTAINS.

Byers, A. G.; Bell, C. A.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Gaff, J. H.; Hiatt, H. S.; Johnson, J. J.; O'Connor, D. F.; Segall, I. S.; Sherper, M.; Thiel, H. F.

Bispham, Col. W. N., to Ft. Sheridan as cmdg. off. of Hosp. No. 28.
Kahn, Maj. I. S., to Ft. Bayard Hosp.
Ray, Capt. E. T., to Hosp. No. 5, at Ft. Ontario.
Craig, Capt. W. P., to Scituate Proving Grounds, Mass.
Mills, Capt. G. F., to Hoboken.
Ferguson, Capt. J. M., to Hosp. No. 30, at Plattsburg Barracks.
Titus, Capt. N. E., to Hosp. No. 1, at Williamsbridge, N. Y.
Morris, Capt. J. M., to Camp Kendrick.
Fearney, Capt. F. A., to Newport News.
Bates, 1st Lt. L. V., to Aberdeen, Md., with 271st Aero Squad.
McCoy, 1st Lt. C. L., to Raritan Arsenal.
Thompson, 1st Lt. G. L., to Camp Grant.
King, 1st Lt. E., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Sholl, 1st Lt. J. R., to Camp Gordon.
Manlove, 1st Lt. C. H., Jr., to St. Elizabeth's Hosp., Washn.

Infantry.

Mumma, Col. M. C., to Univ. of Iowa as Prof. of Mil. Science.
Jones, Lt.Col. R. A., to Washington.
Harris, Lt.Col. C. W., to Camp Upton.
Field, Maj. E. L., to Ft. Houston.
Moore, Maj. J. M., to Camp Benning.
Smith, Capt. R., to Tuskegee Institute as Prof. of Mil. Science.
Hackett, Capt. E. F., assigned to Gen. Staff.
Bell, Capt. G. M., and Kraft, Capt. G. L., will report to Chief of Staff.
Standrod, Capt. D. W., to Philadelphia for discharge.
Johnson, 1st Lt. C. C., to Howard Univ. as Prof. of Mil. Science.
Starratt, 1st Lt. H. A., to Camp Dix.
Thompson, 1st Lt. C. M., to Camp Sheridan.
Duke, 1st Lt. H. O., to Camp Dodge.
Knight, 1st Lt. C. S., to Hoboken.
Barratt, 1st Lt. F. P., to Camp Custer.

Engineers.

Wilkes, Col. G. V. B., to Camp Beauregard, with 217th.
Matheson, Col. J. R. D., to Wilmington.
Lord, Capt. H. S., and Coe, Capt. R., will report to Chief of Staff.

Following assigned to 220th, at Washington Barracks:

CAPTAINS.

Bull, R. W.; Brice, P. R.; Lewis, E. R.; Elam, E. R.; Murphy, J. J.; Gray, H. D.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Gaynor, T.; Vogt, F. S.; Bryant, L. S.; Peterson, J. A.; Hetherton, P.; Alton, R. H.

Howard, 1st Lt. C. D., to Washington.

Quartermaster Corps.

Fifield, Capt. J. S.; Stringer, Capt. G. F.; Kaelber, Capt. J. C.; Willcox, Capt. H.; Sullivan, Capt. G. A.; Franklin, 1st Lt. W. H., and Caplan, 1st Lt. L., will report to Chief of Const. at Wash.
Von Hartung, Capt. W. P. A. T., assigned to Finance Sec. at Wash.
Kennedy, Maj. T. B., to Atlanta, Ga., as Zone Property Auditor.
Kain, Capt. C. H., to Washington.
Lyon, Capt. G. T., to Chicago.
Chipley, Capt. D., to Camp Benning.
David, 1st Lt. L. H., to Boston.
Currey, Capt. E. G., will report to Director of Purchase at Wash.
Davis, Capt. D. E., to Camp Hancock as off. in charge of const.
Willner, Capt. A. J., to Ft. Sill.

Air Service.

Biddle, Maj. C. J., and Chisum, Maj. J. Y., to Wash.
Grimm, Capt. A., and Bigelow, 1st Lt. J. S., Jr., to Army Balloon School at Arcadia, Cal.
Lucas, 1st Lt. M.; Holmes, 1st Lt. B. W., and Van Harten, 1st Lt. A. E., to Richmond.
Hoover, 1st Lt. L. E., and Garrison, 1st Lt. G. G., to Park Field.
Rhinehardt, Lt. Col. C. K., and Crun, 1st Lt. F. D., to Kelly Field.
Wilcox, Capt. P. W., to New York.
Langston, Capt. J. A., and Gilbert, 1st Lt. H., to March Field.
Guilford, 1st Lt. E. H., to Carlstrom Field.
Queal, 1st Lt. W. N., to Garden City.
Bagley, 1st Lt. H. S., to Little Rock, Ark.

Ordnance.

Bauer, Capt. M. S.; Randolph, Capt. E. F.; Martin, Capt. W. C., and Guerber, 1st Lt. R. S. S., will report to Chief of Dist. Ord. Office at Philadelphia.
Lamar, Lt. Col. A., assigned to Gen. Staff at Wash.
Allen, Capt. H. B., to Frankford Arsenal.
Johnson, Capt. J. O., to Cleveland, Ohio.
Jones, Capt. J. T., to New York.
Swiger, Capt. A. G., to Hoboken, N. J.
Gardner, Capt. J., will report to Chief of Ord.
Baker, Capt. J. C., to Dist. Ord. Office at Pittsburgh.
Broom, 1st Lt. H. C., will report to Director of Purchase at Wash.

Field Artillery.

Webb, Col. W. C., to Camp Kearny.
Sturgill, Col. W. S., will report to Chief of F. A.
Martin, Lt. Col. T. C., to Ft. Harrison.
Anderson, Maj. E. L., to Camp Sevier.

Cavalry.

Moffett, Lt. Col. W. P., to Ft. Bliss with 7th Cav.
Fisher, Maj. M. R., to Honolulu.
Pickard, Capt. A. E., will report to Chief of Staff.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Following to Gas Defense Div. at New York City:

CAPTAINS.

Will, R. T.; Holmes, R. M.; Fulford, L. E.; Rile, W. M.; Vincent, M. G.; Evans, R. D.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Long, D. K.; Cochran, M. G.; Howe, R. A.; Ransom, W. J.; Lang, H. A.

Coast Artillery.

Edwards, Maj. C. U., will report to Chief of Motor Transp. Corps.
Adams, Capt. C. R.; Warren, 1st Lt. M.; Smith, 1st Lt. S. H., and Broeck, 1st Lt. C. V., Jr., to Coast Defenses of the Delaware.

Sanitary Corps.

Anderson, Capt. J. E., will report to Surg. Gen.
Fisher, 1st Lt. A. G., to Philadelphia in Army Gen. Hosp.
Senecal, 1st Lt. H. C., to St. Louis.

Miscellaneous.

Bicknell, Capt. G. M.; Bowen, Capt. C. H., and Kishline, 1st Lt. F. F., M. T. C., to Wash.
Mattice, Lt. Col. R., U. S. A., is hon. discharged.
Beuret, Lt. Col. E. G., Insp. Gen.'s Dept., detailed as Insp. at Camp Sevier.
La Flame, Lt. Col. F. L. K., Dental Corps, will report to Surg. Gen.
Conard, Maj. A. B., Insp. Gen.'s Dept., to Hoboken, N. J., as asst. to Port Insp.
Lawson, Maj. H. H., to Camp Meade.
Darby, Capt. G. B., M. T. C., to Philadelphia.
Dills, 1st Lt. D. R., J. A.; Chiles, 1st Lt. H. C., J. A., and Swiggett, 1st Lt. S. E., J. A., will report to Judge Adv. Gen.
McNamara, 1st Lt. R. M., Tank Corps, to Camp Polk.

Resignations.

Wright, 1st Lt. E. P., C. A.
Etheridge, 1st Lt. F. H., Inf.
Wilbur, 1st Lt. P. A., Inf.
Concannon, 1st Lt. J. M., P. I. Scouts.
Jennings, 1st Lt. C. G., C. A. C.

Leaves.

Howell, 1st Lt. W. L., M. C., 14 days.
Baland, Maj. L. F., M. C., 14 days.
Ryan, Maj. T. F., ret., 10 days.
Rodd, Capt. J. T., Inf., 21 days.
Van Dusen, Lt. Col. L. H., 10 days.
Coulter, Maj. C., Jr., Inf., 14 days.
Bassett, Maj. W. M., M. C., 2 months.
Jungeias, Capt. E. H., Qm. C., 14 days.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:
This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the BOROUGH HAT WORKS, INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 6th day of January, 1919, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.
WITNESS my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this sixth day of January, One thousand nine hundred and nineteen. [Seal.]
A. B. PARKER, Deputy Secretary of State.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, doing business as Wheelock, Lovejoy & Company, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the partnership has been taken over by Wheelock, Lovejoy & Company, Inc., a Massachusetts corporation.
FREDERICK B. LOVEJOY,
HARRY F. STIMPSON.
January 2, 1919.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 17: Lieuts. P. F. Walsh, from 32d to 8th Insp. Dist., assigned to desk duty; R. W. Specht, from 54th to 32; C. A. Wixson, from 8th Insp. Dist. to 54th.

Temporary assignments: Patrol. Walter Fitzgerald, 28th, to Headquarters Div., in office of the Police Reserve, for 16 days, from 8 A. M. Jan. 16; J. F. Brawley, 56th, to Headquarters Div., in Record Room, 300 Mulberry St., for 16 days, from 8 A. M. Jan. 16; J. F. Roosa, Traffic Div. Sub. A, to Headquarters Div. of Transportation, in harness repair shop, for 16 days, from 8 A. M. Jan. 16. From precincts indicated to Headquarters Div., in office of the Chief Clerk, for 16 days, from 8 A. M. Jan. 16: Louis Grey, 38; J. F. Daly, 39; Harry Horn, 40. From precincts indicated to 3d Insp. Dist., in raided premises, for 16 days, from 8 A. M. Jan. 16: Edwin Long, 1; John Fitzgerald, 10; Thomas McClatchey, 22; Anton Litzenberger, 29; Michael McGuinness, 37; John Burns, 37; Harry Heron, Bridge; Daniel Haggerty, 4; Daniel McElroy, 21; Frank Burdick, 23; Christopher Damm, 35; John Feeley, 37; John Cronin, Jr., 76; Dennis Doyle, Bridge.

Leaves of absence (without pay:) Patrol. J. J. Devens, 16th, for 1 day from 4 P. M. Jan. 18.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Sergt. Edward Schmidt, 73d, from 8 A. M. Jan. 7 during disability; Patrol. Moses Schisler, 26th, from 6:40 A. M. Nov. 28, 1918, to 12 P. M. Dec. 26; M. J. Gleason, 26th, from 2:20 A. M. Jan. 8, during disability; Robert Flanigan, 70th, from 9:50 P. M. Jan. 6 during disability.

Fire Department.

Retired: Fireman 1st grade J. J. Murphy of Eng. 268, on an annual pension of $825, to take effect 8 P. M. Jan. 16; Fireman 1st grade Michael Roehrig, Eng. 283, on an annual pension of $825, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 20; Fireman 1st grade J. J. McGeary, Eng. 265, on an annual pension of $825, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 16; Fireman 1st grade Matthew Hipp, Eng. 24, on an annual pension of $825, to take effect 8 P. M. Jan. 16.

Revocation of indefinite leave of absence, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 19, he having been released from the navy: Fireman 2d grade A. J. Hagen, Eng. 152.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following lists are announced:

Decorator, all boroughs: John Orevits, William Heineman.

Lineman, all boroughs: Edward White, Arthur Golden, Russell Kirwan.

Mason's helper, all boroughs: Edward McCarrick, S. Naocanto, Antonio Marino.

Mechanic, elevator, all boroughs: Frederick Korn, Robert Klein, Frank Maurier.

United States.

Examinations for Chief, Smith-Sears Division, for duty in Washington, D. C., at $5,000; district vocational officer, $3,500 to $4,000; supervisor for advisement and training, $2,500 to $4,000; vocational adviser, $2,500 to $3,600, and placement officer, $2,500 to $3,600, will be held on Feb. 4. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education, 25; experience, 50; thesis and qualifications, 25.

To Sail for Mediterranean.

Passenger service between New York and Mediterranean ports will reopen with the sailing about Feb. 15 of the White Star liner Canopic, which will be released by the British Government. The Cretic of the same line will also be released shortly. The Canopic will call at the Azores, Gibraltar, and probably Algiers on her voyage to Naples or Genoa. The port of call in Italy has not yet been definitely decided upon.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Prominent international merchants desire to equip their traveling salesmen with additional specialties suitable for South American markets. B 154 Times.

Gentleman has runabout car and capital. What offers? K 556 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

A man with executive and sales ability wishes to invest $10,000 and his services in a going concern; no brokers. G 175 Times.

Will invest $2,000, with services, jobbing or manufacturing business. G 246 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

$50,000 capital wanted for extension of going factory and to enable marketing new process where considerable profits can be realized; correspondence. Z 379 Times Annex.

Partner wanted with a cash capital of $5,000 in an old-established silversmith mfg. Co. who has a full equipped factory, big trade, and A1 reputation. Write D 237 Times.

Importer, discontinuing present connections, opening new office, desires financial partner; will invest; share equally on profits. A 700 Times Downtown.

Lady partner wanted for restaurant; good profit. 157 3d Av.

FOR SALE.

Manufacturer of kerosene vaporizer for both marine and automobile motors finds itself unable to keep pace with increasing demands, due to insufficient capital. This manufacturer will either sell outright its patent rights for Canada, England, and America, or will consider passing control in both the marine and auto field to parties with sufficient capital to properly take advantage of the demand already created. This device is used as standard equipment by several manufacturers, and references can be furnished of its pre-eminent success. Address Franklin P. Shumway Company, 453 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

HAVE YOU A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS you wish to sell without publicity? Or seeking associates with extra capital? Write or call Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 3851.

Well-established millinery and gown shop; excellent location; splendid opportunity. W 841 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

ATTENTION!

Output of our big plant, located in Chicago, sold for 1919; have efficient sales force and established organization covering the entire West; looking for specialty or food product that can be developed into large business; can furnish warehouse, manufacturing space, or financial assistance if necessary; give details in your reply. Address W. & C., 1712 Mallers Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

OPEN FOR LEGITIMATE BUSINESS CONNECTION.
Protestant gentleman, age 47, record absolutely clean, 21 years' successful mercantile experience one house, sales managerial and executive, is open for salaried position under proper conditions; if necessary would move to small town, especially South, or would establish New York sales offices or mail order or jobbing business. Z 390 Times Annex.

PARTY DESIRING TO ENGAGE IN GENERAL INSURANCE BUSINESS WANTS TO ASSOCIATE HIMSELF WITH PERSON THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THIS LINE; INTEREST IN FIRM WILL BE GIVEN TO PROPER PARTY; NO CAPITAL NECESSARY. G 230 TIMES.

PEARL BUTTON JOBBER.
An opportunity to connect with a clean-cut, young business man of education and ideas; an A to Z man in the line; will join an established concern or organize one. G 226 Times.

Wanted, mechanical specialty; company with fine equipment of modern machine tools, capacity 200 men, would manufacture and, if necessary, finance, develop, and market a practical mechanical specialty having an immediate market. S 695 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Capital furnished for legitimate enterprises; stocks and bonds sold. K 609 Times Downtown.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:
This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the TRUE-FIT WATERPROOF CO., INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 6th day of January, 1919, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.
WITNESS my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this sixth day of January, One thousand nine hundred and nineteen. [Seal.]
A. B. PARKER, Deputy Secretary of State.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Air pressure is low along the northern border and over the Gulf of Mexico and high over a wide belt extending from the Middle Atlantic States to the Pacific Coast. A storm of marked intensity is central over Alberta, Canada, and moving southeastward and another is passing eastward over the Canadian Maritime Provinces.

Temperatures remain near or above the seasonal average in all parts of the country except the west Gulf States, where the weather is relatively cold. During the last twenty-four hours there were rains and snows in Texas, rains in the Middle Gulf and Middle Atlantic States and on the North Pacific Coast and light snows in the St. Lawrence Valley, West Virginia and western Montana.

In the Middle Atlantic States and New England the weather will be fair Thursday and become unsettled Friday with a continuation of moderate temperatures. In the South Atlantic States, Tennessee, and the Ohio Valley fair weather Thursday will be followed by moderate temperatures. In the East Gulf States there will be rain Thursday and Thursday night, followed by clearing weather Friday. In the region of the Great Lakes fair weather Thursday will be followed by snow or rain and colder Friday in Michigan.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the north Atlantic Coast will be fresh and strong northwest and west with fair weather; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate, variable fair; south Atlantic Coast, moderate, variable, but mostly east, fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	28	33	4 P. M.	32	39
6 A. M.	30	36	6 P. M.	29	37
9 A. M.	37	36	9 P. M.	27	34
12 M.	28	40	11 P. M.	26	33

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 36; at 8 P. M. it was 35. Maximum temperature, 42 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 33 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity 60 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 49 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.45 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.07 inches.

FORECASTS TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Fair Thursday. Friday cloudy; moderate temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday. Friday cloudy, probably becoming unsettled by Friday night; moderate temperature.

Western New York—Fair Thursday. Friday cloudy, probably becoming unsettled; not much change in temperature.

Northern New England—Fair and warmer Thursday. Friday probably fair.

Fire Record.

Time		Loss.
A. M.		
12:45	381 8 Av.; Busten & Tepplar	Not given
8:15	332 E. 28 St.; Manhattan Brass Co.	Slight
7:35	436 W. 154 St.; Fred Damman	$60
9:30	Speedway and Dyckman St.; (false alarm)	Not given
10:25	22 E. 46 St.; Ritz-Carlton Hotel	Slight
11:00	174 W. 97 St.; Jacob Sonneborn	Slight
11:10	222 7 St.; not given	Slight
11:15	437 W. 54 St.; not given	Slight
P. M.		
1:45	18 Commerce St.; E. Elole	Not given
2:00	205 West Houston St.; not given	Slight
2:15	259 E. 165 St.; B. Levy	Not given
3:10	University Av. and 169th St.; (rubbish;) not given	Slight
4:30	Boston Post Road and Allerton Av.; (brush;) not given	Slight
5:40	321 E. 89 St.; P. H. Gee	Not given
5:40	962 Aldus St.; A. Appleman	Not given
5:50	445 W. 31 St.; not given	Slight
6:10	236 W. 135 St.; V. Erinshaw	Not given
7:00	Van Cortlandt Park & Jerome Av., (brush;)	Not given
7:50	87 Duane St.; Damascus Knitting Mills, Inc.	Slight
8:30	522 W. 158 St.; John Skoe	Slight
8:30	64-66 North Moore St.; Van Loan & Co.	Not given
9:00	Morris & Walton Avs., (brush;) not given	None
10:25	33 Old Broadway; Francis Miller	Not given

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—$75 REWARD.
No questions asked, return small oblong-shaped platinum and diamond wrist watch; initials M. H. N. on back; lost Jan. 11 between West 77th and 45th Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Bank Book No. 91,698 of Peoples Savings Bank; payment stopped; all persons are cautioned not to purchase or negotiate the same. Please return to bank, Getty Square, Yonkers, N. Y.

LOST—Small bag containing $44 and pair of black gloves, left in taxi going from West 86th St. to East 73th St.; $10 reward. Frank Starnhoff, 206 East 78th St.

LOST—Black leather purse, Hackensack, N. J.; Bogota, Hudson River car, containing considerable (hard earned) money; reward. B 136 Times.

LOST—Sunday, Jan. 12, near 72d St. lake, Central Park, a lady's gold Waltham open-faced watch; initials, "A. Mc. L." Return 7 East 72d St. Reward.

LOST—In John Wanamaker's store, Wednesday afternoon, pocketbook containing bank-book and valuable papers; reward and no questions asked. 2,216 Homecrest Av., B'klyn.

LOST—Blue-beaded bag, in Healy's, 96th St. and Broadway, Saturday night, between 10:30 and 11. Reward offered if returned to Kimball, 140 West 58th St.

LOST—On Monday night, at Gaiety Theatre, gold mesh bag marked with owner's name and address. Suitable reward if returned to 1 East 70th St.

LOST—Wire-haired fox terrier, all white except half of head, which is black; green collar. Mrs. Louis Haight, 60 West 49th St.; reward.

LOST—Wrist watch, surrounded by small diamonds; liberal reward. 590 West End Av.

LOST—Waltham gold wrist watch in Rector's wash room, Jan. 14; reward. Napear. Phone Canal 9548.

LOST—On East 38th St., Park Av., or 41st St., diamond studded half ball; return to Dreicer, 5th Av., 46th St.; suitable reward.

LOST—Leather portfolio yesterday, Park Circle, near Prospect Park, between 10-12; valuable to owner only. Flatbush 5486.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, monogrammed B. D. B.; reward. Mrs. Benjamin, 4,260 Broadway.

$500 REWARD,
no questions asked, return large diamond set in platinum, attached to strand of platinum set with three small diamonds; lost Jan. 10, between West 148th and 96th Sts. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$50 REWARD for oval, open-work platinum and diamond brooch, lost Jan. 11 between 5th Av.-34th St., East 46th St. and 3d Av., 63d St.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$25 REWARD for return of platinum chain bracelet with sapphire and diamond magnet charm attached; lost on 5th Av., between 30th and 50th Sts., about Jan. 1. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

$200 REWARD, return of flexible chain bracelet, 47 square cut rubies, lost Jan. 11 between 5th Av. and 62d St. and East 45th St. and Altman's. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$120 REWARD.—The undersigned will pay a reward of $120 for the return of a diamond and platinum circle pin. Mrs. Clara Simpson Brady, 615 Monroe Av., Scranton, Penn.

$50 REWARD for oval-shaped diamond and platinum brooch, lost Jan. 13 between West 85th St. and East 71st St.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av., 37th St.

$50 REWARD for star-sapphire pendant, lost Jan. 10, between 35th and 59th Sts.
Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Found.

FOUND—In Central Theatre on Jan. 2 purse with money. Phone 961 Madison Square.

STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON. Mon., Wed. and Fri., Franklin St., 4 P. M. Phone Franklin 4675.

Central Hudson Line
HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Daylight service up the Hudson
Discontinued for Season.

TOURS.

CALIFORNIA
Raymond-Whitcomb Tours
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Education Notes.

P. S. 62, Manhattan, will hold its graduating exercises at 8 P. M. on Jan. 29 in the school auditorium, Hester and Essex Streets. There will be nearly 600 graduates.

There will be a teachers' rally at P. S. 171, Manhattan, 103d Street and Fifth Avenue, at 4 P. M. on Jan. 17. The Teachers' Union will present the main features of the salary bill, which will receive the backing of organized labor.

The Art Department of the Bronx Evening High School calls attention to the establishment of a new class in photo-retouching and catalogue drawing. It will meet on Tuesdays and Thursdays from 7:45 P. M. to 9:45 P. M., beginning Feb. 4. The registration is open to young women and men preferably interested in this work through the fact that they are actively engaged in an office or studio where such work is done. Application for entrance may be made any evening from Monday to Thursday after 7:30 P. M. The school is situated at Prospect Avenue and Jennings Street.

Dr. James P. Haney, Director of Art in High Schools, will speak on "The Great Art of Spain and France" in the lecture room of the Metropolitan Museum of Art at 4 P. M. on Jan. 17. All teachers of French and Spanish are invited to attend.

The Board of Superintendents has asked the Board of Education to authorize the organization of another probationary school for unruly boys in P. S. 37, on East Eighty-seventh Street.

The Advisory Board on Industrial Education has asked the Board of Education to authorize the appointment of a field secretary at $3,000 a year.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that the by-laws of the Board of Education be amended so that no deduction shall be made from the salaries of teachers whose absence from school is due to death in the immediate family, provided that said teachers submit the fact in writing and that the Principal attaches the statement to the payroll and notes the absence thereon.

The Heads of Department Association of Brooklyn presented to the Schedule Committee of the Federation of Teachers Associations at its meeting on Jan. 13 a statement of its position in regard to salary revision. It assumed that a head of department or assistant to Principal should receive compensation greater than that given to the holder of any license the requirements for which are less than for the license of assistant to Principal. The proposed federation salary schedule for 7A-9B teachers gives $1,600 minimum, $2,500 maximum, plus $300 bonus for boys, and for heads of department or assistants to Principal $2,600 minimum, $2,900 maximum, plus $300 bonus for boys. It pointed out that under these schedules, a 7A teacher of boys at maximum salary would receive $2,800, while a head of department in a girls' school would begin at $2,600, although holding a higher license. The evaluation of the license of assistant to Principal is not localized—one status in a girls' school and another status in a boys' school. It is a certificate of higher rank than that held by any class teacher in the Kg.-9B group, and if the principle of priority of license is not to be abrogated, the minimum salary of a head of department must be greater than any salary given to a Kg.-9B teacher, whether that salary be an initial sum or an initial sum augmented by a bonus. The minimum salary of the head of department or assistant to Principal must be, at least $2,900.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6:30 P. M. daily.

Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru .... Jan. 18

Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura .... Jan. 30

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura .... Jan. 31

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Patten has been advised by the Third Assistant Postmaster General at Washington that money orders may be issued for the parts of Palestine and Syria occupied by the allied armies, but the extent of the territory thus occupied is not precisely defined by the authorities abroad, and it is inferred the occupied territory is continually enlarging. In cases where money orders are intended for places not known to be within the occupied territory they will still be forwarded if desired, but at the risk of the remitter, and in such cases the British Government, which acts as intermediary, has been requested to cancel the money order, if it proves not to be payable, with the view of refunding it to the remitter.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Jan. 20, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 18, SS Owego.
Portugal—Close at 8 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Gea.
Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

(By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

Sun rises 7:18 | Sun sets 4:53

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:28	7:58	1:16	1:57
Governors Island	8:04	8:34	1:51	2:31
Hell Gate	10:05	10:35	4:09	4:42

Arrived—Wednesday, Jan. 15.

U. S. Cruiser St. Louis, Brest, Jan. 2.
SS Sagua, St. Nazaire, Jan. 1.
SS Luella, Barry, Dec. 24.
SS Inca, Santo Domingo, Jan. 8.
SS Quinault, Colon, Jan. 4.
SS Mielero, Matanzas, Jan. 10.
SS Elka III., Puerto Colombia, Jan. 6.
SS Mar Tirreno, Alicante, Dec. 23.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Belgic	Brest	Jan. 8
Wilhelmina	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Curvello	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 20
Masconomo	Cardiff	Dec. 30
Santa Marta	Brest	Dec. 27
Tasmanic	Cape Town	Dec. 10
Benmore	Avonmouth	Dec. 31
Malancha	Avonmouth	Jan. 2
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
Hollandia	Grimsby	Jan. 5
DUE TOMORROW.		
President Grant	Brest	Jan. 8
Tapajos	Bahia	Dec. 17
DUE SATURDAY.		
Suffolk	St. Nazaire	Jan. 5
Goentoia	Plymouth	Jan. 8
DUE SUNDAY.		
Rochambeau	Bordeaux	Jan. 9
Giuseppi Verdi	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Lapland	Brest	Jan. 10
De Kalb	Brest	Jan. 7
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 2
DUE MONDAY.		
Cretic	Brest	Jan. 8
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
San Jose, Santa Marta	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Rosalia, Buenos Aires	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Maracaibo, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Artemis, Buenos Aires	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Westerdijk, B'nos Aires	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Alban, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Mayaro, Trinidad	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Imperator, Georgetown	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Owego, Gibraltar	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Ceamo, Porto Rico	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Banon, Santa Marta	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Amalia, Kingston	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Colon, Cristobal	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
SAIL SUNDAY.		
Louisville, (cruiser,) Brest		12:00 M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Nieuw Amsterdam, Falmouth	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Sierra, at Brest, Jan. 11.
SS Bayonne, at Gibraltar, Jan. 12.
SS Alyaroka, at Rotterdam, Jan. 12.
SS Bjorn Bjornson, at Rotterdam, Jan. 12.
SS Bremerton, at Bordeaux, Jan. 14.
SS Calamares, at Bordeaux, Jan. 14.
SS Maui, at Bordeaux, Jan. 14.
SS Polar Land, at Bordeaux, Jan. 14.
SS Pasadena, at Bordeaux, Jan. 14.
SS Victorious, at London, Jan. 14.
SS Palermo, at London, Jan. 14.
SS Rhesus, at London, Jan. 14.
SS Stockholm, at Stockholm, Jan. 7.
SS British Princess, at Thameshaven, Jan. 14.
SS City of Hankow, at Bombay, Jan. 11.
SS Saxonia, at Liverpool, Jan. 15.

Sailed.

SS Trafalgar, from Rotterdam, Jan. 12.
SS Unden, from Rotterdam, Jan. 12.
SS Liege, from Rotterdam, Jan. 12.
SS Caronia, from Liverpool, Jan. 15.
SS Norfolk, from Nantes, Jan. 12.

Passed.

SS Kronprins Gustav Adolf, New York for Rotterdam, passed Portland Bill.

By Wireless.

SS Belgic, incoming from Brest, was signaled; due Thursday forenoon.

STEAMSHIPS AND STEAMBOATS.

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Prinses Juliana .... Feb. 5
Saxonia .... Feb. 12
Carmania .... Feb. 17
Royal George .... Feb. 22
Orduna .... Feb. 26
Caronia .... March 3
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Oriana .... Feb. 6
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Pannonia .... Feb. 18
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Baltic.... Feb. 1
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Hotel Clarendon SEABREEZE, FLORIDA
and cottages. Directly on ocean. 18 hole golf course. Booklet. 1,180 Broadway, New York.

DAYTONA, FLA.
Prettiest Winter Resort in the World.

Spend the Winter on the
FLORIDA EAST COAST
Full information at 243 Fifth Av., New York.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—Land of the Sky. Write Board of Trade for folder and special list.—Advt.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that HENRY POWELL RAMSDELL, JAMES A. P. RAMSDELL and HOMER S. RAMSDELL, as executors and trustees under the last will and testament of Homer Ramsdell, deceased, owners of the ferryboat "Orange," have filed their petition for limitation of liability for any loss, damage or injury caused by or resulting from the collision between the ferryboat "Orange" and the steamer "Rensselaer," on the night of June 15th, 1918. Value of vessel and freight, $99,000. All persons claiming damages, because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Marshall S. Hagar, Esq., at his office, at No. 63 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., or be defaulted.
Dated, December 5th, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

BRITISH COMMANDER IN LONDON
Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig received in London by enthusiastic throng, pictured in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

BOARD CANCELS BIDS FOR TRANSIT LINE

Commission Finds Its Engineering Force Insufficient to Prepare Drawings.

RECALLS OTHER CONTRACTS

Action Follows Curtailment of Force Due to Lessened Appropriation—Whitney Discusses the Situation.

Following the action of the Board of Estimate in curtailing the appropriation of the Public Service Commission so that many of the commission's engineers had to be dismissed, the commission announced yesterday that it had canceled the bids received last week for the elevated part of the Fourteenth Street-Eastern District line and had recalled from the Board of Estimate three contracts which had been awarded for the construction of a part of the elevated structure in Westchester Avenue.

In explaining the action of the commission Acting Chairman Travis H. Whitney said that when the bids for the Fourteenth Street line were called for by advertisements it was expected that there would be enough engineers to furnish the contractor structural drawings within four months, and so a provision to this effect had been inserted in the contract. Because this provision could not be kept with the reduced engineering force it was deemed advisable to cancel all the bids and to readvertise later. Concerning the Westchester section of the rapid transit lines, Mr. Whitney said, it became necessary to include the contracts in the main contract, with the result that the work will be greatly delayed. The part of the work which the commission has expressed anxiety to complete comprises an extension across the New Haven Railroad tracks and the Bronx River.

In discussing the result of the enforced dismissal of more than 370 employes, many of them engineers, Mr. Whitney said:

"Construction work on the rapid transit lines is already undermanned. All of the men engaged in making final estimates have been transferred to field work, and the contractors are likely to complain because delays will result in withholding payments. The commission has been very reluctant to make changes in the force, for it means delays in completion, increased cost, and possible damages as well as additional claims by contractors.

"The engineers left with the commission have complained that they are unable to supervise the work properly and will be unable to certify that the work has been performed or to certify the monthly payments to contractors. I do not know of any situation more serious than that relating to subway work arising from the present demoralization of the engineering force. Not only have more than 370 employes, many of them experienced and valuable, been laid off, but the remaining engineers are uncertain, and doubtless many of them will leave, for contractors and corporations have already been prompt in picking up a number of the best men whom we were compelled to let go."

Appraise Mrs. Sage's Property.

Appraisers have begun the task of determining the value of the property on Long Island owned by the late Mrs. Russell Sage. They have started at Sag Harbor, where "Harbor Home" was one of Mrs. Sage's country houses. The house as originally planned by Colonel Benjamin H. Hunting, who commenced its construction, called for an outlay of only $50,000. After Mrs. Sage purchased the uncompleted dwelling in 1907 she spent more than $100,000 on the property.

Lost and Found Advertisements next to last page.

ACCOUNTANCY

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POST-GRADUATE CLASS COMMENCES FEBRUARY 5, 1919.
For Auditors, Accountants, and Double Entry Bookkeepers. Qualifies for private and public practice and
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT EXAMINATIONS.
Approximate time for completion of course, 10 months. Class personally conducted by
FRANK BROAKER, C. P. A. No. 1
Secretary of First Board N. Y. State Examiners of Certified Public Accountants,

BOOKKEEPING

EVENINGS ONLY.
CLASS COMMENCES FEBRUARY 3, 1919.
For Executives, Business Men, Clerks.
Time for completion of course, 3 months. A practical training by the BROAKER METHOD.
No other special limited classes will be formed until October, 1919.

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Broaker Building, N. E. Cor. 12th St.
63 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Tel. 831 Stuyvesant

DEALERS

who sell imitations of the world's best relish, get the reputation of selling cheap substitutes. When your customers call for "Worcestershire" sauce they want

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Stick to the Only Original.

Suits and Overcoats $16.67—$20—$23.33

There are numerous lots in various styles and designs in suits and overcoats, some of which are half priced, others one-third and one-quarter off, making prices of $16.67, $20 and $23.33. Every one all wool and carefully fitted to you. No charge. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

"OUCH! THAT OLD RHEUMATISM!"

That's the time to get busy and apply Sloan's Liniment

Put it on that rheumatism-attacked joint, let it *penetrate without rubbing*, and then—what a relief!

Sloan's Liniment won't monkey on the job. It gets right down to business and helps to relieve almost any kind of external ache, pain, or bruise that comes along. Does it cleanly, quickly, economically. From most *any* druggist, *anywhere*. The big bottle is economy. 30c, 60c, $1.20.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

PAWN TICKETS DIAMONDS JEWELRY BOUGHT FORGOTSTON'S 503-5th AVE. N.E. COR. 42nd ST. TEL. 5331 VANDERBILT

Have you tried one lately?

Talking shop at the Café des Beaux Arts!

EVERY day a little group of business men may be seen lunching at the Café des Beaux Arts—and talking shop.

About the time Raymond distributes the French pastry and demi-tasses, several members of the party simultaneously order Robt. Burns cigars and light up.

Thereafter the genial fragrance of *full Havana filler* made delightfully mild, proclaims the end of a perfect luncheon.

Raymond will cheerfully bring *you* a mild Robt. Burns from the Beaux Arts cigar-stand—a fitting climax to a delightful repast.

ROBT. BURNS
Invincible
2 for 25c
(13c for 1)

Robt. Burns

3 National Sizes—10c to 15c

GENERAL CIGAR CO., Inc.
Distributing Branch
54th Street and 2nd Avenue

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"Welcome to the Boys of the 'Fifty-seventh' and 'Forty-ninth'"

They'll want to "put on style"

They'll want to change as soon as possible from the uniform of war to the clothes of every-day business They're really business men, after all, whose activities have been for a time diverted to a greater job

The first thing they want to be sure about is the style of clothes; the latest thing isn't too "late" for them The second is quality; the best isn't too good

If they get our clothes, they'll have it all; we've put it all into the goods All-wool fabrics, liveliest style, fine tailoring guaranteed

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Clothes that save

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

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3d Ave., cor. 125th

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain late today, increasing southeast winds; tomorrow, rain, colder.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,273. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1919. TWENTY-TWO PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

NATION VOTED DRY; 38 STATES ADOPT THE AMENDMENT

Nebraska Clinches Approval as 36th State, Missouri and Wyoming Following.

PROCLAMATION NEXT STEP

Amendment Construed as Effective One Year After Secretary of State So Acts.

NOW PLAN ENFORCEMENT

Bills for Drastic Observance to be Presented to Congress and Legislatures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The American nation was voted dry today by Constitutional Amendment, when the Legislature of Nebraska, the home of William Jennings Bryan, one of the foremost champions of prohibition, ratified the proposal.

Ratification by 36 of the 48 States was necessary to make prohibition a valid part of the American Constitution. Nebraska was the thirty-sixth State. Two other States, Wyoming and Missouri, by action of their Legislatures, also ratified the amendment today, making thirty-eight to act favorably. By tomorrow night the prohibition leaders expect to have not less than forty States in line.

Only ten States remain to act on the amendment—New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Vermont, Wisconsin, Minnesota, New Mexico, and Nevada. Prohibition leaders expect most of these States to ratify by the end of the month. They do not count on New Jersey.

Proclamation to be Issued.

Under its express terms the national prohibition amendment becomes effective one year from the date of its ratification by thirty-six States. State Department officials assert that under the laws and practices the ratification of the amendment by the required number of States must be proclaimed by the Secretary of State after he has received proper official notification from thirty-six of the States. No action on the part of the President is required by Constitution or law. State Department officials assert that the validity of the amendment as part of the Constitution will run from one year after the date of the proclamation of the Secretary of State announcing that the proposed amendment has been ratified by three-fourths of the States.

National prohibition leaders do not challenge this construction of the law. Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League of America, said tonight:

"When thirty-six States ratify the prohibition amendment, and the Secretary of State proclaims the result, Federal amendment becomes operative one year from that date."

The prohibition amendment will be known as the Eighteenth Amendment to the Constitution. The income tax Amendment, the Sixteenth, was proclaimed in force as part of the Constitution February 25, 1913. Following that came the Seventeenth Amendment providing for the direct election of United States Senators by the people. The Seventeenth Amendment was declared in force May 31, 1913.

With the ratification of the amendment by the needed number of commonwealths, national leaders of the dry movement, who have one of the most effective and complete legislative organizations in the country, with headquarters here, in the agency of the Anti-Saloon League of America, will turn their attention toward procuring the enactment of the necessary national and State legislation to make national prohibition effective. They have already laid plans for a national prohibition law, and for the appointment of a National Prohibition Commissioner by the Federal Government, with sufficient power to see that the national bone-dry act, which will be sought from Congress, is fully enforced.

Basic Features of Enforcement.

The twenty-five national prohibition and anti-saloon organizations have already agreed on the main provisions of the bone dry act to be presented to Congress. The basic features of the bill were disclosed tonight by the Anti-Saloon League of America, as follows:

"1. The appointment of a Federal law enforcement Commissioner with sufficient and adequate power and assistance to secure the enforcement of the act.

"2. A provision for the abatement of liquor nuisances by injunction.

"3. Conferring of power upon the law enforcement Commissioner to prescribe rules and regulations, with approval of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, for the manufacture and distribution of wine for sacramental purposes and alcohol for nonprohibited purposes.

"4. Conferring of all necessary authority on officers and fixing of adequate penalties for violation of the act.

"5. The sale, manufacture, transportation, importation, exportation, and possession of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes should be prohibited.

"6. All intoxicating liquor illegally possessed, manufactured, or sold, and all implements used in the illegal manufacture of such liquors shall be considered contraband.

"7. The phrase 'intoxicating liquor' should include distilled, malt, fermented,

Continued on Page Four.

DURING CONVALESCENCE FROM INFLUENZA—and pneumonia—take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing, strengthening, delicious, with no sickish sweetness. Any druggist, 25c.—Advt.

America and Britain Join In Hastening Food to Rumania

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The British Foreign Office has sent the following telegram to the British Minister at Bucharest:

"The British and United States Governments have taken emergency action with a view to securing that supplies arrive in Rumania, and the case of Rumania, including provision for financial credits for the purchase of foodstuffs, is being considered at the present session of the Interallied Supreme Council of Supply and Relief now sitting at Paris.

"The Government and people of Rumania may rest assured that the council will do its utmost to secure that adequate measures shall be taken for the furnishing of supplies as early as possible."

DRY CHIEFS GOING INTO WIDER FIELDS

Seek to Drive Liquor from the World and Make Sure Americans Observe the Law.

STATE ENFORCEMENT ACT

Prohibition Commissioner and Staff Proposed—Liquor Interests to Fight.

Prohibition leaders and adherents in New York hailed the news that the Federal prohibition amendment had been ratified as the gratifying result of many years of effort. They proclaimed their determination to press the fight for worldwide prohibition, and announced their intention of devoting themselves energetically to drafting and getting through the Legislature a State enforcement code with "teeth" in the nature of penalties for violation of the prohibition amendment, and severe punishment for officials for failure of enforcement.

Both in a formal statement and in interviews with leaders of the movement there was a disposition to minimize the declaration of liquor men that they would fight the amendment by raising questions of constitutionality. The anti-saloon forces insisted that no plausible attack from this direction could be initiated, and maintained that they were entirely unworried by the opposition.

On behalf of the distillery and brewery interests it was asserted that the attack on the constitutionality of the amendment would be pressed, and that every effort would be made to convince the Federal courts that the subject was one for State and not Federal action. Other points to be raised in the attack are that the amendment was submitted by a two-thirds vote of a quorum in Congress only, and not a two-thirds vote of the membership, and that the clause allowing seven years within which the States might ratify made the amendment null and void.

Another angle of attack lies in the question whether the Legislature cannot be forced to submit its action to the voters in States where there is a referendum. A fight along this line already has been begun in California, where the State courts granted a temporary injunction preventing the Governor from certifying to the Federal Secretary of State that the amendment had been ratified by California. Argument on a motion to make the injunction permanent is to be heard Jan. 20. The opposition forces assert that the contention has no merit in law and that should the State court grant a temporary injunction, the Federal Courts would upset it, since the Legislature has acted according to the Federal Constitution.

According to figures compiled yesterday the Prohibition Amendment will drive out of business in the United States 116,000 retail liquor stores, 233 distilleries, and 992 breweries.

It will also throw out of work 749,418 employes who are paid annually $453,000,000. It will involve $1,294,000,000 of capital invested in the brewing and liquor business.

Statement in Behalf of Brewers.

A statement denouncing the amendment and urging New York State to record vigorous protest against it was issued yesterday by William H. Hirst, attorney for the New York State Brewers' Association and counsel for the Society of Restaurateurs of New York. Mr. Hirst said:

"National prohibition will instantaneously make hundreds of thousands of violators and evaders of the law and as many more hypocrites. The liberty-loving people of the United States will never give up wines and beers in their homes and clubs and at their meals so long as nature furnishes the material out of which they may be made and shows man how these materials may be brewed into wine and beer.

"National prohibition violates the laws of nature. It assassinates the Federal system of government and will endanger the union of States. It tears up the Charter of Home Rule of the various States by hysterical revolution. It destroys the liberty of people in their homes, which is just as dear and sacred to them as the freedom of speech and free choice of religious worship. It is but a short step from the gagging of the press. It tears down the citadel of democracy and enthrones intolerance.

"For these reasons, the State of New York should reject the amendment, no matter what action the other States may take. Not only should New York refuse to ratify, but it should proclaim to the rest of the States that there is no warrant or authority for depriving the State of New York of the right of dealing with in absolutely local matter in its own way and without interference from the outside. This is not nullification, but an assertion of the legitimate sovereignty of the State. If the Legislature is hesitant, turn the matter over to the people and let them act. They certainly will not subscribe to an amendment which will wipe out the thirteenth, fourteenth, and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution that freed the negro and substitute in their stead one for the en-

Continued on Page Four.

PINEHURST, N. C.—Best golf, best people in the country. All other sports in perfection.—Advt.

FRAME REPUBLIC OF NEW GERMANY WITH 15 STATES

Ebert and His Ministers Complete a Draft of Constitution for National Assembly.

GERMAN AUSTRIA INCLUDED

Eight Commonwealths Made Out of Prussia—Ten-Year Term for President.

REPORT LIEBKNECHT TAKEN

Streets of the Capital Like an Army Camp as the Cabinet Masses New Troops.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 15, (via Copenhagen.)—The Ebert Government has prepared a draft of a new Constitution which will be submitted to the National Convention soon after it assembles, probably on Feb. 10.

The draft provides that the President shall be elected for ten years by direct vote of the whole people. He may be re-elected.

The union of States yet to be formed will be on the American principle. Statehood being accorded to any population over 2,000,000. It is planned to divide Prussia into eight separate States, as follows:

First—Silesia, with German Posen and German East Bohemia.

Second—The German parts of East and West Prussia.

Third—Brandenburg, Pomerania, and Mecklenburg.

Fourth—Greater Berlin and its suburbs.

Fifth—Lower Saxony, Hanover, and Schleswig-Holstein.

Sixth—Westphalia and the Lippe principalities.

Seventh—The Rhineland.

Eighth—The Prussian Province of Hesse and the Grand Duchy of Hesse.

Other States, as proposed, are to be:

Ninth—Thuringia, including certain parts of old Prussia.

Tenth—The former Kingdom of Saxony, including parts of Prussian Saxony.

Eleventh—Baden.

Twelfth—Württemberg.

Thirteenth—Bavaria, with the German parts of northwest Bohemia.

Fourteenth—German Austria.

Fifteenth—Vienna and its suburbs.

New Troops Enter Berlin.

Many soldiers marched into Berlin last night and during this morning. They have now occupied the centre of the city, especially the newspaper district, which they search from house to house, arresting all suspicious persons and confiscating all arms and munitions.

Some streets have the appearance of army camps, the soldiers being fed from so-called "goulash guns." At Potsdamer Bruecke a large poster reading "Don't proceed any further or you might get shot," warns the people that the Spartacides have been driven from that quarter.

A nest of Spartacides has been discovered on a housetop opposite the Equitable Building on the Friedrichstrasse. Ten men in Russian uniforms were captured, of whom seven were Germans. They had one machine gun, a dozen rifles, and much ammunition.

Westarp Deplores Peace Terms.

Count Westarp, for many years the Conservative leader, made his parting speech at a meeting of the German National People's Party last night, having decided to quit politics on account of ill-health.

Count Westarp said that there had never been a chance for a peace without victor and vanquished, of which some Germans had dreamed. Germany had accepted the most awful peace conditions instead of the honorable, just peace which had been talked about so much.

He denied that Ludendorff had asked

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Czechoslovaks in Force Occupy Bavarian Frontier

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 15.—According to a dispatch from Eger, Bohemia, the Czechoslovaks have occupied the Bavarian frontier.

Pickets are within hearing distance of each other along the entire Bohemian-Bavarian frontier.

FIND 46 I. W. W.'S GUILTY OF PLOT

California Jury Quickly Renders Verdict Against Sacramento Workers.

TAKEN AFTER DYNAMITING

Attack on Governor's House Led Authorities to Round Up Scores of Suspects.

Special to The New York Times.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 16.—All the forty-six defendants in the I. W. W. conspiracy case were found guilty by a jury in the Federal District Court tonight. The verdict was returned at 6 o'clock, after the jury had been out since 4:35 o'clock. Sentences will be imposed tomorrow by Judge Frank H. Rudkin.

The jury retired after Robert Duncan, chief Government prosecutor, made a statement for the people, in which he concluded:

"The I. W. W. recognizes no country, no flag, no color line. They respect no flag but the red flag. They would drag us all down to the level of the lowest man. They do not recognize difference of ability in man, but would give the unworthy the same privileges for which the worthy have to strive so hard."

In his charge to the jury, Judge Rudkin said:

"The mere fact that these defendants are Industrial Workers of the World should not justify a verdict of guilty.

"The fact that they may be found to be conscientious objectors to war should not be held against them in the consideration of this case. Opinions which they hold in opposition to war, and which undeniably stand alone, are not an evidence of guilt."

Judge Rudkin interpreted the legal meaning of conspiracy and read parts of the Conscription act which the defendants are accused of conspiring to violate.

Referring to the "silent defense" of forty-three of the defendants, who have spoken no word and have been unrepresented throughout the trial, Judge Rudkin said that such silence should not be held against them.

Seattle Demonstration Stopped.

SEATTLE, Jan. 16.—Approximately 500 workers, leaving an open-air mass meeting and starting a parade through the city's business district singing "I. W. W." songs, were dispersed early tonight by twenty mounted police officers, supported by five automobiles containing police armed with carbines and behind these a platoon of police with clubs.

The I. W. W. conspiracy case had its inception with the investigation of the dynamiting of the home of Governor William D. Stephens the night of Dec. 17, 1917.

More than thirty alleged I. W. W.'s were arrested five days after the explosion. Later three indictments were found against eighty alleged members of the organization.

The case is similar in many respects to the Chicago I. W. W. conspiracy case which resulted in the conviction of William D. Haywood, Secretary-Treasurer of the organization, and about ninety other men. The defendants in the Sacramento case were alleged to have conspired with Haywood in the Chicago case.

The general charge in all the indictments was a conspiracy to violate the Constitution of the United States and the Espionage act. Specifically the defendants, among whom was one woman, Theodora Poliak of San Francisco, were charged with attempting to obstruct war activities of the United States Government.

One section incorporated in all of the indictments charged that the defendants sought to accomplish the object of the organization by threats, assaults, injuries, intimidations and murders of persons, and the injury and destruction of property by sabotage, the forcible resistance to the execution of all laws, and finally the forcible revolutionary overthrow of all existing Governmental authority in the United States.

The third indictment, in which nineteen men were named, embodied specific charges that the defendants set or encouraged the setting of fires in various parts of California.

Montenegrins Revolt Against Serbs; Ask Protection of American Troops

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Occupation of Montenegro by Serbian troops has resulted in a revolt by the Montenegrins, according to an official statement issued here tonight at the Montenegrin Legation.

Insurgents numbering about 20,000 have succeeded in occupying several towns from which the Serbian forces were driven.

The insurgents, the announcement says, have sent a delegation to King Nicholas at Paris asking that American troops be sent to Modtenegro to preserve order.

Some weeks ago the State Department was informed by the Montenegrin Committee for National Unity that a convention of representatives duly chosen by the Montenegrin people had met and deposed King Nicholas and voted to join the country with the federation of the Serbs, Slovenes, and Croats under the Serbian dynasty. Later representatives of the assembly went to Belgrade to report this action, and the country was formally accepted by the King Regent as a part of Greater Serbia.

The Montenegrin Government has insisted, and has so informed the State Department, that the assembly which deposed King Nicholas was without authority, as it never had been legally formed. The legation's statement tonight called attention to the fact that the victorious associated nations had decided that Montenegro should have a representative at the Peace Conference.

Continued on Page Five.

McKESSON & ROBBINS
Manufacture and recommend
CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

CONFERENCE HEEDS PRESS PROTEST; WILL REOPEN PUBLICITY CASE TODAY; MODERATES QUIT ITALIAN CABINET

ORLANDO HAS NEW MINISTRY

Replaces Opponents of Policy of No Concessions to Jugoslavs.

STANDS BY BARON SONNINO

All Other Members of Late Government Said to Side with American View.

SPLIT OVER PORT OF FIUME

Premier and Foreign Minister Firm for All Annexations Agreed To.

New Members Selected for the Italian Cabinet

Minister of the Treasury—Signor STRINGHER, President of the Bank of Italy, in place of Francesco Nitti.

Minister of War—General BADOGLIO, who was the Sub-Chief of Staff under General Diaz after the disaster of Caporetto, in place of General Zupelli.

Minister of Marine — Admiral THAON DI DEVEL, former Minister and writer on "Italia Irredenta," in place of Admiral Del Buono.

Minister of Justice and Ecclesiastical Affairs—Signor SACTA, in place of Ettore Sacchi.

Minister of Ports and Telegraphs—Signor STRADENETTO, in place of Luigi Fera.

GIANBATTISTA MILIANI, Minister of Agriculture, is understood to have accepted a more important post.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—News of the resignation of the Italian Cabinet has been received here. The present crisis is said to be due to the conflict in the Orlando Ministry between those favoring and those opposing the policy of Foreign Minister Sonnino for the largest possible territorial annexation and for no concessions, particularly to the Jugoslavs.

The Italian peace delegates here express the belief that the resignation followed when it became known to Premier Orlando that the United States representatives were not in entire agreement with Baron Sonnino's views concerning Fiume.

The Progreso Italo-Americano prints this special dispatch from Rome this morning announcing several changes in the Orlando Cabinet:

"According to the latest intelligence in regard to the ministerial crisis the following Ministers have resigned portfolios:

"Minister of the Treasury, Nitti; Minister of Agriculture, Miliani; Minister of Justice and Ecclesiastical Affairs, Sacchi; Minister of Posts and Telegraph, Fera; Minister of Marine, Admiral del Buono; Minister of War, General Zupelli.

"They have been thus replaced: Commendatore Stringher has assumed the portfolio of the Treasury; Signor Facta that of Justice; Signor Fradeletto, Posts and Telegraph; Admiral Thaon di Revel, Marine; General Dall 'Olio, that of War.

"The official announcement will be published at noon tomorrow."

General Dall 'Olio, who is slated as Minister of War, was formerly Minister of Arms and Munitions. General Pietro Badoglio, the Lieutenant Chief of the General Staff under General Diaz, was first mentioned in connection with the post.

Signor Nitti's successor at the Treasury, Signor Stringher, is the President of the Bank of Italy. Admiral Thaon di Revel, aside from his naval duties and Ministerial officer in a former Government, has written much to uphold Italy's claims to the Adriatic.

All the new ministers named in the Progresso's dispatch have been noted for their uncompromising attitude in regard to Italy's maximum claims in "Italia Irredenta."

All along Baron Sonnino has adhered to the Treaty of London, the terms of which he has declared must be confirmed by France and England before proceeding with the peace negotiations proper. The pact of Rome last April and subsequent acts of Italy, France, England and the United States recognized the rights of the Jugoslav to revolt against the Hapsburgs, but not their political and territorial entity, which they had declared by the compact of Corfu, July, 1917. Many Italian papers, led by the Corriere della Sera of Milan, then began to acknowledge the claims of the Jugoslavs, which were contrary to the Treaty of London, as at

Continued on Page Five.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

HARTSHORNE, FALLS & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

League of Nations Plan Already Drafted As "Covenant" by Cecil, Lansing and House

PARIS, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—The draft of proposals for the League of Nations in the form of treaty enactment has now proceeded much further than generally supposed, as a result of recent conferences between Lord Robert Cecil, Secretary Lansing, and Colonel House, at which the best features of the various projects were embodied in a concrete form of enactment.

This is called a covenant instead of a treaty, and embraces thirteen articles and eight supplementary provisions, which bring together the main features of all the plans presented.

The covenant, while still subject to much revision, will probably be ready for the congress or committee whenever the subject is considered.

China's President for Peace League As a Safeguard of His Country

Says Far East May Be First Region Dangerously Affected If Plan Fails at Paris—Would End All Militarism and Have China Unfettered in Development.

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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PEKING, Jan. 10.—"If unfortunately the proposed League of Nations fails to become a fact, the result will not only be that a world aspiraiton will remain unrealized, but that the Far East may become the first region dangerously affected. It is our earnest hope that, seeing the calamity militarism has wrought in Europe, the powers will check the inordinate ambitions of militarists in every part of the world."

After an audience which I had the honor of having with China's President, Hsu Chih Chang, at which the League of Nations and the solution of Far Eastern difficulties formed the leading subjects of conversation, the Chief Executive prepared a statement for THE NEW YORK TIMES embodying the above sentences.

In the opinion of the President, as in the minds of all Chinese statesmen, future world peace in the Far East depends upon the allied decisions in Paris. China, knowing that unless all the powers unite now to solve justly and fairly the problems of spheres of influence, concession rights, and commercial policies in China, these same powers later may be drawn into the Far Eastern conflict, is looking forward to the conference regarding the League of Nations with intense interest and sympathy.

One cannot travel through the Far East today, and I have been through Japan, Siberia, and China, without realizing that, while one war is over in Europe, another is rapidly getting under way in the Pacific. There are conflicts in interests and policies in Siberia, Manchuria, and China which should and can be peacefully adjusted in Paris if only the facts can be placed before the great powers. Because China will be involved, whether there is conflict or peace, her Government is naturally interested and working for the latter, which her statesmen foresee in a League of Nations.

During my stay in Peking, while I have had opportunities of talking with many officials, no conversation has been as interesting as that with the President. After the preliminary arrangements, which included the submission of written questions, I was escorted through the ancient streets of the capital in an American-made automobile to the President's palace by Philip Tyau, counsellor of the Foreign Office, who is a graduate of an English university. At the palace the Master and Assistant Master of Ceremonies, the latter a Harvard graduate, and both dressed in Prince Alberts, received me in the executive chambers, where tea was served in the ancient custom.

A few seconds before the appointed hour the President walked from his residence to the reception room, escorted and followed by troops. Immediately I was ushered into a large room with Chinese interior decorations and modern furniture. The President stood in the centre of the room, his hands folded, acknowledging the repeated bows of those who were introduced by an interpreter. The President was clothed in a tight-fitting black silk jacket, a blue figured silk skirt, and Chinese silk boots. Tall, strong, and powerfully built, he presented a striking contrast to the others.

After we were seated tea was again served. As the interpreter translated the questions I studied the features and expressions of the President, whose gray hair and mustache were the only indications of age. Hsu Chih Chang, chief executive of a nation of nearly 400,000,000, might be called the Wilson of China, because of his scholarly attainments and his ideas regarding international affairs. He is a statesman who has the respect and confidence of the people, and whose strength lies not in any military organization, but in a policy of national and international peace.

Hsu's Resume of His Remarks.

After conversation upon many topics the audience ended and the President prepared the following résumé of his remarks:

"The Peace Conference in Paris will shortly take place. Being aware of the evil effects of militarism throughout the world during the last four years, every nation cherishes the hope that permanent peace may hereafter be established. Every one, therefore, expects that the conference will not only end all wars, but will also definitely remove all those things which may give rise to misunderstandings and irritation between nations. Thus its bearing on the welfare of all nations and peace on earth is certainly of tremendous importance.

"China is particularly interested in this conference, because she has always loved peace and always cherished the desire of maintaining it above all else. It really needs no reiteration that she as a nation desires peace both within and without her territory, but largely owing to the distance separating her from Europe and America it is more than probable that foreign nations have not in the past known or understood her aims and ideals. I am therefore particularly happy that you, the accredited correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES, are here today, because it is through the services of men like yourself that China's case can be intelligently placed before the world generally and the allied countries in particular. China is confident in the righteousness of her aims and claims.

"Since I became President of this republic I have paid special attention to the means whereby peace could be restored in this country between what is usually described as the north and south, although these terms are somewhat erroneous, the mass of the nation being united and uninfluenced by the personal antagonisms of various leaders. Evidence of this is afforded by the unity of their views and activities in foreign affairs and commerce.

"Ever since my inauguration I have taken upon myself the duty of solving these domestic dissensions. I have listened with willing ear to expressions of opinion from every possible quarter with the view of extinguishing permanently these dissensions. Delegates have now been appointed to negotiate with the leaders in the south in a conciliatory spirit in order to work out a compromise which will assist our political progress and industrial development and create a new China. Thus it can be truly said that the disagreement between the north and south no longer is a dangerous problem, either internally or externally, and offers no challenge to peace in the Far East.

"The long duration of the war being due to the militarism of the Central European Powers, the President of the United States has now proposed the formation of a League of Nations. China shared with America her desire for peace, and naturally is ready to help to her utmost in the fulfillment of such a policy.

"As for China's own hopes concerning the effect of such a league on the maintenance of peace in the Far East, that depends upon what the league can actually achieve throughout the world, and not merely the Far East. If, unfortunately, the league fails to become a fact, the result will not only be that the world's aspiration will remain unrealized, but that the Far East may become the first region dangerously affected.

"It is our earnest hope that, seeing the calamity militarism has wrought on Europe, the powers will

Continued on Page Two.

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PRESS PRESENTS CLAIMS

Allied Correspondents Invited to Discussion by French Government.

COUNCIL PROMISES HEARING

International Committee of Newspaper Men Working on a Modus Vivendi.

DELEGATES DISCUSS RUSSIA

Governments to "Exchange Information" with View to "Joint Examination."

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The protest lodged with President Wilson last night by a delegation of American newspaper men against yesterday's conference decisions regulating communications with the press brought quick action. The British correspondents were equally successful with their representations to Premier Lloyd George and Mr. Balfour.

The French Government called a meeting of newspaper men at the Villa Dufayel, a famous mansion in the Champs Elysées, which is being turned into a journalists' club. A representative of the Government took the chair, supported by Ray Stannard Baker, representing the Americans, and Sir George Riddell representing the British. The Chairman expounded the difficulties in the way of admitting newspaper representatives to the Peace Conference sittings. The British spokesman explained the newspaper men's attitude, and, after Mr. Baker had intimated that the American peace delegates were in sympathy with the justifiable claims of the American press, Herbert Swope, who had been elected Chairman of a committee at a meeting held earlier in the afternoon, presented the American correspondents' point of view and read a series of resolutions passed at that meeting, calling for a full measure of representation of the American press at all sessions of the conference.

Up to this point all was plain sailing, but when it came to the question of giving practical shape to the principle of the demands put forward by the American and British resolutions and subscribed to by a number of French and Italian journalists present, there was some trouble. A long discussion ensued, in which representatives of other allied nations besides the four great powers mentioned took no little part. Serbia was heard from at length, and Belgium contributed her quota.

Toward 7 o'clock the French Government representatives remarked that it would be necessary to arrive at a decision in time to report to the Council at its meeting tomorrow morning. Sir George Riddell came to the rescue by inviting a number of correspondents to dine with him tonight and formulate the desire of the meeting before separating, so that a report might be prepared for tomorrow's meeting. The invitation was accepted, and three delegates for each of the four great powers concerned were chosen. Then the passage of another resolution that the other allied nations should be represented by one delegate created a new complication, namely, that there would be thirteen at table. Sir George again came to the rescue by inviting a fourteenth man.

France Clings to Censorship.

From the information available today it appears that yesterday's decision respecting the ration between the conference and the press was large in the nature of a compromise. To some extent also it is an experiment susceptible of considerable modifications. President Wilson's request that the censorship be lifted for America and, of course, be agreed to, though the French Government, even at the outset, advanced some objections from their special point of view.

The British Government, which also expressed some reserve, nevertheless followed the American lead and an official announcement of the abolishing of the censor, so far as reports of the conference in the British papers were concerned, was issued yesterday.

This step was only decided upon after considerable discussion, the exchange of views between the British and French authorities having ex-

tended over several weeks. Foremost among the objections which the French Government raised was one which has already taken tangible form. This was that if the censorship was lifted for America and Great Britain, it should also be raised for the French press.

Emphatic demands along this line have been made, particularly by the Socialist newspapers, and in the long run the French Government may have to make concessions in favor of its own national press.

Bald Official Communique Issued.

PARIS, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—The meeting of the Supreme War Council at the Foreign Office this morning, occupying two hours, was the only formal gathering of the peace delegates today. As summed up in the official communiqué, the Russian situation and the conference's relations with the press were the only subjects treated.

The communiqué reads:

The President of the United States of America and the Prime Ministers and Foreign Secretaries of the Allied Powers, assisted by the Japanese Ambassadors in Paris and London, met today at the Qual d'Orsay from 10:30 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

The question of the relations between the conference and the press was first taken up. It was decided to call a meeting of the members of the press of the allied and associated countries at the Press Club, 80 Avenue des Champs Elysées, today at 5 o'clock for the interchange of views as to the method to be adopted.

The meeting then took up the question of the situation in Russia and agreed that the Governments should acquaint each other with the latest information at their disposal, with a view to the joint examination of the question.

The next meeting will be held tomorrow, Friday, at 10:30 A. M.

The Supreme Council, it developed later, appointed a committee to discuss the subject of publicity, and the British and American correspondents this afternoon met separately in caucus to formulate the position they would take at the later conference with the Council's Committee. Afterward the British and American newspapermen met in joint caucus in an effort to harmonize their plans.

The committee named by the Council comprises Sir George Riddell, for Great Britain; Ray Stannard Baker, for the United States; MM. Commert and Corbin for France, and Signor Aldrovanda for Italy. Japan is not represented on the committee.

Lansing on Partial Secrecy.

The question of whether deliberations were to be open or secret had reached a stage before today's decisions where some authoritative statement on the subject was sought. Just before today's meeting, Secretary of State Robert Lansing authorized the following as his view:

"The American policy is that fullest publicity consistent with the rapid and satisfactory discharge of important business which must come before the Peace Congress should be accorded. It is possible that sessions should be open when business is advanced to a point where it can be regarded as ready for final action. It may be, however, that in the earlier stage, when subjects are being discussed between groups, or in committees or in meetings of all the delegates, with a purpose of reaching agreements on controversial phases, it would be inadvisable to conduct these discussions openly. There might never be an agreement otherwise.

"That would not be secret diplomacy in any sense, however, for no agreement so arranged could be effective until approved by all the delegates in open session."

The complaints which the British correspondents have made to Mr. Lloyd George and which the Americans have submitted to Mr. Wilson concede that it may be incompatible with public interest to disclose certain phases of controversial questions while they are being discussed, but protest against the "gentleman's agreement" which forbids any one of the delegates from giving any information whatever, outside of the official statements, on which public opinion may be formed and guided.

Full Attendance in the Council.

The council had a full attendance of its members at the session. There were present, for France, Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon; for the United States, President Wilson and Secretary Lansing; for Great Britain, Premier Lloyd George and Secretary Balfour; for Italy, Baron Sonnino, Foreign Minister, and for Japan, Viscount Chinda and Baron Matsui.

Vittorio Orlando, the Italian Premier, was the only absentee. He is still detained in Rome.

President Wilson arrived at the meeting place accompanied by Mrs. Wilson and her secretary, Miss Benham.

After the meeting, President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George, Secretary Lansing, and Mr. Balfour remained for some time in the antechamber of M. Pichon's office in earnest conversation.

The discussion of the Russian situation appears to have been confined to an agreement to exchange available information, though the determination to have a joint examination of the subject, as stated in the official communiqué, indicates that the Russian situation will be one of the subjects to be taken under the earliest consideration.

Premier Clemenceau said today that the French Government had no intention of changing its policy with regard to Russia.

Besides Premier Clemenceau as presiding officer at the Peace Conference, provision has been made for several Vice Presidents, among whom will doubtless be an American, sitting alongside M. Clemenceau at the head of the conference table, and occasionally alternating with him in presiding over the deliberations of the congress.

Wilson May Be a Vice President.

The American delegation has not yet designated any one for this function. It is generally understood, however, that the Premiers of the various countries will act in this capacity, and as President Wilson occupies a position similar to that of the Premiers, the Congress naturally would call on him, if he so desired it, to act as a Vice President, though it is thought that he would prefer that some other member of the delegation take his place.

In that case, it would probably fall to Mr. Lansing, as Secretary of State, or else to Henry White, who, as temporary presiding officer, would have an advantage, being a linguist, when addressed by delegates speaking only in French.

A Vice Presidency, in addition to being a highly honorable post, gives its holder the practical advantage of a position at the head of the table with the Premiers and also of conducting the deliberations when M. Clemenceau is absent or yields the chair.

President Wilson, has indefinitely postponed his visit to the invaded regions of France in order to keep in touch with the Peace Conference activities in Paris.

Jan. 15.—No one outside of the delegates to the Peace Congress knows anything about the discussion which preceded today's decision to keep proceedings of the congress secret and to limit information divulged to official statements.

This decision will preclude the American delegates, even Mr. Wilson himself, from discussing the formal announcements that are issued. It will likewise stop the practice of Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain of discussing affairs with British correspondents for the purpose of guiding them in forming public opinion in England.

It has been believed here by persons close to President Wilson that he would contend for open sessions as far as possible. That he still feels the same way is the opinion generally expressed here tonight.

Hints Secrecy Is To Hide Discord.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—A Reuter's dispatch from Paris compares the situation created by the decision for secrecy of peace parleys to a theatre when the curtain jams. "The stage is set, the actors are ready, and the audience is eager, but the curtain refuses to budge," the dispatch says.

"If the curtain rose prematurely," it concludes, "it would throw the glare of the footlights on the fact that even among the five Great Powers there exist sharp and not diminishing discords."

SENATORS ASSAIL SECRET DIPLOMACY

Representatives Also Condemn the Policy Announced by Paris Conferees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Secret diplomacy at the Paris conference was assailed today by Senators and Representatives in interviews with THE NEW YORK TIMES. While some agreed that in the early preliminary stages there might be matters, not bearing directly upon peace terms, that should be debated behind closed doors, the unanimous feeling was that the fullest publicity ought to be given the proceedings, and that the tendency appeared to be against it.

It was remarked that President Wilson had evidently found himself embarrassed to keep the promise he had made to have the American people "fully informed" as to what went on at the conference because of the attitude of delegates of other nations who preferred secret negotiations. Hope was expressed that the Executive would find a way to extricate himself from this embarrassment and to bring about the open diplomacy that he had advocated when the war was on.

Here are the views of members of Congress as expressed tonight:

Senator Thomas, Democrat, of Colorado—The President assured the American people that they were to be kept "fully informed" as to what occurred at the Peace Conference, and I assume that he will endeavor to make good his promise. I hope he will succeed in doing it. I have noticed that France and Great Britain seem determined upon a policy of secret diplomacy, at least through the preliminary stages of the conference. That puts the President in an embarrassing position on his assurance to the American people, but I hope he will find the way out of it.

Senator King, Democrat, of Utah: "There is a great difference between preliminary talk and actual discussions upon the peace terms. I do not think the position of the President in favor of open negotiations and his opinion as to secret diplomacy would prevent preliminary conversations between representatives at the Peace Conference. I do not see how it would be possible to proceed in an orderly way and reach concrete and definite results within a reasonable time without preliminary discussions and quasi negotiations between all, or a part, of the delegates.

Senator McCumber, Republican, of North Dakota—I favor secrecy at the Peace Conference at the beginning of the discussions, where so many complex and very delicate questions must arise which, if made public, would be very likely to create more or less friction between the various States represented. As the situation now stands I think the conferences ought to be in secret. When the conferees agree on something definite, something fundamental, then the American people ought to be informed of what is going on. Open diplomacy was assured them and they ought to have it.

Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho—I can hardly express my regret over the turn which things have taken as to the secrecy of the proceedings at Versailles. It is very clearly indicated that the proceedings are to be secret to the most marked degree. It is a repetition of the old Vienna program. If we could feel that they would, at the end of each day, really give out the substanceof what had occurred at the day's proceedings, I, for myself, would be glad to overlook the conversational secrecy.

Senator Sherman, Republican, of Illinois—The American people ought to have all the available information that would be of value in determining whether the treaty that is to be ratified by the Senate is the character of treaty they want their Government to make. To force secrecy at this time is a distinct blow to the President's idea of the League of Nations.

Representative Henry D. Flood, Chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, Democrat—I am opposed to a secret peace conference. It is opposed to our ideas of a new diplomacy, although I can see where it may be necessary to proceed in secret in the early stages. But I think it would be better to give out everything possible and let the public know what is doing.

Representative Nicholas Longworth, Republican, of Ohio—It is a surprise to me that there should be any question as to the character of the Peace Conference. The American people have been led to believe that every publicity would be given the proceedings, and that it was going to bear at least the substance of what was going on during the different steges of the negotiations.

REFUSES TO DISCUSS WORK OF CONFERENCE

Clemenceau Asks Deputies Not to Embarrass It by Interpellations.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—When asked in the Chamber of Deputies today on what day the Government could discuss interpellations on the Peace Conference, Premier Clemenceau replied that the objects of the conference had already occupied five or six sittings, and the Government could not discuss them anew.

"I refuse to attend an afternoon meeting of the conference in order to be here," he added. "The conference continues its work in the spirit of the sincerest conciliation. The right to interpellate cannot be suspended during the conference, but it ought not to embarrass the conference.

"It is the first time that delegates of all the nations of the world have met together. It is the first time that the idea has come to the minds of men to rise above more or less narrow considerations in order to strive to make conditions of a general peace which will assure tranquillity to civilization.

"It is a great prospect, difficult to realize, and it cannot be realized unless Parliament supports us. The policy of inciting certain men of the Government against others ought to be renounced."

LOOK TO WILSON TO END SECRECY

American Correspondents Feel Sure He Will Oppose the Closure Rule.

ACTION CAUSES GLOOM

Writers on All Sides Regard It as an Act of Bad Faith.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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PARIS, Jan. 16.—Information which comes to me from reliable sources—for in spite of the closure resolution the human desire for conversation with one's fellow men has not been suppressed—indicates that President Wilson is entirely unsympathetic with the action taken yesterday by the Interallied Peace Conference binding the delegates to give no statement to the press, other than that contained in the cryptic and colorless official communiqués. And I think it is not going too far to say that Mr. Lloyd George and other British delegates share the President's sentiments.

The protests yesterday by the British and American correspondents already are having some effect, for the first matter that came before the interallied conference this morning was the stir its closure resolution had caused.

The conference decided to take cognizance of the dissatisfaction expressed, and it was agreed that the delegations of the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy appoint representatives to meet the correspondents to discuss the situation. The meeting was held this afternoon with Sir George Riddell representing Great Britain and Ray Stannard Baker for the United States. Nothing has yet come to light to show clearly whether the resolution will be modified, but it is quite apparent that if it continues in force the deliberations and decisions of the peacemakers will be seriously hampered by a widespread suspicion that their work is being conducted in accordance with bygone principles that won't bear the light of day.

One thing that the correspondents of American, and, I think, most British newspapers find difficult to understand is how the American and British plenipotentiaries allowed themselves to be bound by any such arrangement. It is true that in matters of procedure in the conference a majority vote prevails, and in this case the French, Italians, and Japanese are credited with outvoting the British and Americans.

But it has been emphasized to the American correspondents by those privileged to speak for the United States Commission that no majority rule can overcome the right of any nation to follow its own course of action in everything that comes before the conference.

For illustration, if a majority of the delegations decided to put in the general peace treaty a provision abrogating the Monroe Doctrine, no power on earth could compel President Wilson and his fellow commissioners to sign the treaty. In every such case there is necessarily unanimous agreement just as in all matters of mutual contract, for that is all treaties are.

However, American correspondents are feeling less resentful today in view of their belief that President Wilson sympathizes with their position and in view of the action of the conference in appointing a committee to consult them.

Correspondents Depressed.

It is impossible to exaggerate the depressing effect the closure resolution has had on the representatives of the American newspapers. In a journalistic experience covering many years I never knew a time when American newspapermen were so thoroughly filled with an unselfish and patriotic desire to help their country, and for that matter the entire world. This feeling extends to the younger as well as the older writers. Furthermore, the correspondents for American newspapers came here in the belief that the Paris conference would be conducted on a new method which was symbolized in the first of the President's fourteen points, "Open covenants of peace, openly arrived at," which with the other principles laid down by the President was accepted by all the allied powers.

They also felt assured of the abolishment of secret methods of diplomacy by the interpretation they placed on Mr. Wilson's explanation to Congress of his reason for taking over the cables—that it was for the purpose of giving free flow to communication between America and France during the Peace Conference.

It is not forgotten here how the American press, people, and Congress made indignant protest when it was reported that a representative of the Committee on Public Information would come to Paris to censor the news of the conference, and which emphasized that the whole country realized the importance of knowing concurrently how the destinies of the world were being disposed of by their own and allied plenipotentiaries.

In all these understandings the American correspondents feel that they have been subjected to an act of bad faith and look to their President to correct what they regard as the institution of a censorship, for that is the effect of the new rule limiting the Peace Conference news to a few unilluminating paragraphs.

NEW JUGOSLAV PROTEST.

Croats and Slovenes Want to Sit in the Peace Congress with Serbs.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Serbia cannot take part in the Peace Conference unless represented in a delegation from the combined Serbo-Croatian-Slovene State, the Jugoslav Committee here declares in a protest issued against the decision of the Supreme Council to admit delegates from the Kingdom of Serbia, but not of the United Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats, and Slovenes.

The committee says that this action threatens to provoke a conflict which may have serious consequences, and that the refusal to accept the delegates of the united State would make it impossible for Serbia herself to participate in the conference.

The protest concludes by saying that the Council, in arriving at its decision, did not take into account the new situation in Serbia, and thus will be obliged to examine the question anew.

LONDON JOURNALS CONDEMN SECRECY

Only One Newspaper Has Any Defense for Peace Conference Restrictions.

PARIS PAPER PROTESTS

Figaro Wants Constant Publicity, but Temps Opposes Giving Germans Information.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—An almost universal protest against the limitation of news from the Peace Conference has gone up this afternoon from the London press. The action of the conference is declared to be absolutely contrary to the announcement made only yesterday that the censorship on the dispatches of British correspondents had been removed, and The Star surmises that the American and British delegates, who were present at the meeting which made the decision—Wilson, Lansing, Lloyd George, and Balfour—have been overruled by the French, Italian and Japanese representatives—Clemenceau, Pichon, Sonnino, Chinda, and Matsui.

The Westminster Gazette says it is "not favorably impressed" by the turn things have taken, and remarks:

"We do not believe the British delegates have willingly agreed to any such silence. We are quite certain the British people will not accept the arrangement. It is a strange beginning of the end of secret diplomacy to allow to escape from the Peace Conference only such an account of the day's proceedings as can be agreed upon by a press committee consisting of two delegates of each of the five principal powers."

The Pall Mall Gazette dwells on the importance of educating the general public on certain topics which can be done only by way of the publication of the news. It says:

"To take the League of Nations alone; whatever progress can be made in turning that conception into reality depends on the democracy becoming familiar with its design, its objects, and its methods. A cut-and-dried scheme produced from behind the curtain of the conference will have neither the weight of tradition nor the appeal of a work in which the public interest is enlisted by reason of its share in its production. But the effect upon the work of the conference will be quite as harmful in restricting the news of its proceedings to bald official communiqués. The widest scope will be given to rumor and to the German aptitude for sowing intrigue, suspicion, and resentment."

One Paper Belittles the Protest.

The only newspaper to take the opposite view is The Evening Standard, which pokes a little fun at "those who have gone to Paris to seek high journalistic adventure," and says:

"Highly colored and intimate versions of the proceedings issued from hour to hour would be likelier to lead to unseemly wrangles than to peace. Discussions in camera are not 'secret diplomacy' so long as at the end of each day the result of the deliberations of the plenipotentiaries are put before the judgment of the world."

The Star extracts some comfort from the opinion of a member of the London staff of the American Committee on Publicity, who said that there was no need of indignation meetings, with hundreds of picked correspondents of both hemispheres in Paris.

"Suppose the first official communiqué is colorless and tells you nothing. It will be the last. The whole bunch of correspondents will buttonhole the delegates, and it won't be speculation, but the real proceedings inside which will leak out in the dispatches cabled abroad."

Meanwhile such Government officials as are left in London refuse to discuss the proceedings in Paris at all, and profess their own ignorance of developments there.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Morning newspapers give much prominence to Paris dispatches referring to the decision that the proceedings of the Peace Congress are to be secret and contrast it with the official statement that there would be no censorship, which was issued yesterday. They point out that it furnishes an inexplicable puzzle. None of the papers comments editorially, but the most of them express surprise and disapproval by big headlines and brief introductory sentences.

Protests are made that the regulation, if maintained, will keep the public completely in the dark as to some of the important features of the negotiations. Some believe it will be difficult to carry out this "Draconian decision."

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The decisions of the Supreme Council as regards both publicity and representation, announced last night, are freely criticised in the French newspapers of this morning. Le Journal, commenting on the question of representation, after pointing out that the British and Americans together have fifteen votes out of the total, asks why, if the British Dominions are represented separately, the French colonies and protectorates are not similarly represented.

"Morocco, Tunis, Cambodia, Annam, and Laos, which have given us many fine soldiers, are sovereign States protected by France," says the newspaper. "Really, have not they as much right to be represented as Liberia? Since the small States have been so generously treated, why have San Marino and Andorra, which declared war, been forgotten? To admit them would not be any more comic than to admit a delegate from Montenegro."

This quotation may be taken as a fair example of the views expressed by most of the other morning newspapers.

As regards the decision on the publicity question, Le Figaro says:

"The public must be kept constantly posted on the subjects dealt with, the questions under discussion and the solutions reached. Reporting by hearsay is certain to be dangerous. Will not it be obvious that the result of the method adopted will be to substitute gossip for news?"

"The problems of the relations between the peace delegates and the press, that is, between the Governments and public opinions, is made particularly delicate," says Le Temps, "by the following considerations:

"On the one hand, equality of treatment for the press of all countries must be assured. As the United States and Great Britain are reluctant to impose restrictions on their newspapers, the only course is to allow the widest tolerance to all.

"On the other hand, it would be harmful to lay bare to the enemy Governments differences of opinion which inevitably arise in discussions between delegations. The very essence of every debate is that contradictions should arise. Such contradictions will assuredly be reconciled, but it would be very unfortunate that Germany should know the details, day by day, and seek to make capital out of them."

WISE SAYS WILSON SHOULD STAY IN EUROPE

Regrets That He Must Return in February—Demands United American Support.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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PARIS, Jan. 16.—Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Chairman of the American Zionist deputation, who has been in England and France for the last month, will leave Paris tomorrow for America. I asked him what he would say at home concerning the Peace Conference and President Wilson's presence here.

"The chief thing to be done by America," he said, "is to keep President Wilson in Europe. If the American people knew how imperative is the President's presence in Paris at the present time, they would beseech him to stay here throughout the Conference. It is greatly to be regretted that he must return to America in February because of the adjournment of Congress. His business is Europe's Peace Conference in France. America has a great work to do, and President Wilson above all men is needed to do it.

"Another thing to be urged upon Americans is that we must not allow our domestic differences to be magnified into grave national disputes. If any Americans come to Paris in the hope of lessening the prestige of the President, let them frankly say so, that all Americans may know. An unbelievable rumor reaches me that men of great distinction in American life are arriving in Paris, nominally to serve as newspaper correspondents or in one capacity or another, but actually to fight the President. The President can take care of himself, and the American people will take care of these gentlemen, whatever their motives or whoever their clients, when the day of reckoning comes.

"America enters the Peace Conference mightily advantaged on two grounds. We ask nothing, we desire nothing, save a just and durable peace. In our disinterestedness lies our strength.

"In the next place, America is represented by the man who has come to command the confidence of the people of Allied countries as no other living man has. The faith of the Allied peoples in Wilson is a moral asset analogous to the faith of the American people in Wilson throughout the years of the war.

"Two things are needed. The President must remain in the Peace Conference. The American people must stand united behind him in making peace as in making war. America is not asked to surrender its independence of judgment to any Presidential fiat. I have seen and heard things in London and Paris that give me the right and make it my duty as an American citizen to lay it upon the hearts of my fellow-citizens to stand behind the President now."

Salandra in Italian Delegation.

ROME, Jan. 16.—Antonio Salandra, the former Italian Premier, will be one of the Italian delegates to the Peace Conference, according to the Giornale d'Italia.

CHINA'S PRESIDENT FOR PEACE LEAGUE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

check the inordinate ambitions of militarists in every part of the world.

"The proposal of President Wilson for making the league one of the terms of peace and for the cancellation of the doctrines of spheres of influence and balance of power in Europe and elsewhere naturally receives the whole-hearted indorsement of China. If the proposed league becomes a fact, the nations of the world should stand on an equal plane, and secret diplomacy will then naturally be deprived of its sanction. If this is not so, the principle involved in the proposed league will not prove really effective or a source of benefit to the undeveloped powers.

As to China's Railroads.

"Some Western people hold the view that it would be a great benefit to China if the railroads, present and prospective, could be internationalized until such time as China could take full control of all the leased zones and concessions, and likewise be internationalized as a temporary measure. From the point of view of China, however, a very different policy receives general indorsement, namely, that, with the view of preserving her territorial integrity, all railroads, leased zones, and concessions should revert to her absolute and complete control, internationalization being unthought of.

"However, this matter obviously depends upon our national strength and the standard of the people, and not upon empty words. What China's policy should be until the time comes when she can assume full control can hardly be decided upon in a moment. The right to construct new railroads, as well as existing concessions, is governed by agreements and cannot be dealt with in a summary way. The Government is now deliberating upon the best policy to meet this problem.

"It is China's heartfelt desire that, in consequence of the development of commerce and industry, her relationship with the other nations will become closer and more friendly, certainly not that her sovereign rights should suffer from such development. It is hoped that the friendly powers will understand that this desire will work toward its fulfillment."

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LEAGUE OF NATIONS OUTLINED BY LANE

Secretary Insists He Has No Knowledge of What Is Being Done in Paris.

PLAN TO ENFORCE RULES

Offending Country, He Says, Isolated by Order of Tribunal, Could Not Stand Such a Boycott.

An address on the League of Nations made yesterday by Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, at a luncheon of the Merchants' Association at the Hotel Astor, took on especial significance to the business men because it went into considerable detail as to what the American conception of such a league should be. Secretary Lane was careful to say that he had no knowledge "of the propositions that are made in Paris." The Chairman was Lewis E. Pierson, First Vice President of the association.

After pursuing the line of argument that war does not pay, Secretary Lane explained that a League of Nations might organize two bodies—a council to formulate a body of an international law and a court to decide on violations of compact between the nations.

"Now, international law is filmy, gauzy, founded upon precedent and without certainty, decision, or definiteness," he said. "Suppose that council had the power to take into its own hands an effort, first, to inquire as to what the trouble between nations may be; second, to make an effort at conciliation; third, to bring about arbitration if possible; fourth, to call upon the nations to encompass the delinquent and make its social and economic life impossible, and fifth, as a last resort, to bring about war.

"Now, the first thing that council would do would be to declare upon paper just what the rules are that govern as between those nations which entered into that compact. First, the nations would agree upon, not the machinery, but the principles—what the law is. Then there would be established a court that could decide whether there had been a violation of the compact that had been entered into by all the nations. That would not bind us if we went into it to accept anything except that which was brought back and which we approved of.

"First, then, a council which would declare what the rules of the game were, and we do not know what the rules are now; second, the court, that could enforce those rules. That is not unreasonable, that is not visionary, that is not a dream.

"And how are they to be enforced?

"First by the pressure of the nations of the world—and don't belittle that. In these days of newspapers and telegraphs, of merchants' associations, of all the thousand organizations—and there are 864,000 different organizations in the United States today—in these days of organizations, when opinion can be quickly crystallized, opinion is not to be flouted as a matter of coercion.

"Then as a body the inquiry could be made and the facts ascertained upon which that opinion could act; then if arbitration were brought about the parties to that arbitration would be bound to submit, in the first instance, all of their questions to arbitration which did not involve national independence, did not involve their integrity. They would be bound to submit those questions to the public of the world, and before that public they would be judged. And we have an effort that can be made this side of the war. Take any country that you please in your mind and let me picture what might happen to it:

"We could put a circle around that country, cut off every postal combination, so that no letters could go in or out, cut off every bill of exchange, cut off every export, if you please; cut off every ship, cut the railroad lines at the border, cut off all diplomatic communication, isolated that nation; and there is not a nation that ever has made war that I know of that could stand such a circle of iron brought around it by the combined effort of the nations of the world; and if that nation, in violation of its pact, does attack one of the nations within this league or this council, this association, then we must adopt the motto of the Three Musketeers, 'One for all and all for one.' But there is not one case in a million in which that resort would be forced upon us.

"I do not know what may come out of Paris. I have no knowledge of the propositions that are made in Paris. But I do know that we are bound to champion the idea of a League of Nations, of an association, as the President put it—a general association of nations must be formed under specific covenants for the purpose of affording mutual guarantees of political independence and territorial integrity to great and small nations alike. I have heard it said that under any such league or any such council of nations, any such effort at international co-operation, the Monroe Doctrine would be scattered to the winds. I want to ask you to read that line of the President's, and see if it is not the very incarnation of the Monroe Doctrine itself."

PEACE TABLE A HORSESHOE.

Americans and British to be Close Neighbors at Plenary Sessions.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The formal opening of the Peace Congress on Saturday will be carried out with ceremonies befitting such an occasion. A detachment of troops will pay honors to the arriving delegates, and Stephen Pichon will receive President Wilson at the head of the steps of the Foreign Ministry and accompany him to the room where the meeting will begin at 3 o'clock sharp.

The plenipotentiaries will sit around a horseshoe table, the middle part of which will be reserved for officers. The delegations will be grouped by States in alphabetical order, as they appear in the Almanach de Gotha. American delegates will be at one end, then those of the British Empire, France, Italy, and Japan in the order named. After them will come representatives of other States, also seated alphabetically.

When all are seated President Poincaré will enter and take the Presidential arm chair to make the opening address. He is expected to refer to the immense task of universal reconstruction which will be laid upon the conference and the high ideals of justice which will be observed during the deliberations of the congress. He will then conclude by declaring the session open and will withdraw.

Premier Clemenceau will take his place in the chair as chief of the French delegation, this being his right, as the congress is meeting in the capital of France. He will request the assembly to elect officers. Regulations for the congress will then be read. It is expected that they will be ratified as they stand, after which they will be made public.

Formal invitations to attend the first sitting were sent out last night by the French delegation to Ambassadors and Ministers of various countries. These invitations announce the number of representatives accorded to each country and ask the diplomats to transmit invitations immediately to the person or persons chosen to attend.

The great Salle de la Paix at the Foreign Office was today being prepared for the first meeting of the congress, at which it is not expected that any of the large questions aside from those of organization and procedure will be considered. Except for the addresses by President Poincaré and Premier Clemenceau there will be no speechmaking, and it is not believed that the subject of the League of Nations or the question of Russia will be taken up. Their consideration will await the first business session of the congress.

Boston Asks Wilson to Land There.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—President Wilson was invited today by Mayor Peters to come to this port on his return from France. A cablegram sent by the Mayor said: "Boston has never had the honor or privilege of officially receiving you as President. Will you grant us this privilege by returning to America through the Port of Boston?"

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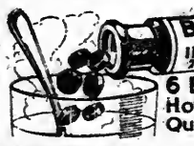

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LUXEMBURG CALM IN POLITICAL SHIFT

Seeks Closer Ties with Allies Through Deposal of Former Grand Duchess.

DEEP AVERSION TO GERMANY

Customs Union with France Wanted, While Preserving Local Independence.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXEMBURG, Jan. 11, (via London, Jan. 15.)—I expected to come into a grand duchy. What I am in I cannot be sure of.

In these days no man knows whether the State for which he sets out will be there when he arrives. East of Belgium and France no man is quite certain whether the Government of tonight will be in office tomorrow morning. In many places it does not seem to make much difference.

When I left Cologne this morning I knew there were chances of a change in the policy of Luxemburg. But as I crossed the frontier, where, to illustrate the complexities of the organization or disorganization of modern Europe, it was an American sentry who challenged me, I was quite unaware that Luxemburg had changed its policy already; and nothing in the picturesque, well-worked countryside suggested a revolution.

The capital itself was preserving absolute calm. It was not until I had been for some time in conversation with a genial citizen that he mentioned as odd but not important the fact that the Grand Duchess had quit her throne.

My powers of description cannot express the disinterested calm which reigned in the city. Everybody, with mild geniality, was attending strictly to business. The stranger who was persistent found it more and more difficult to believe that anything definite had happened.

Was there distress in Luxemburg? Not in the least. They are rationed, but no one lacked anything.

Was the Grand Duchess unpoular? Before the war, I was told, everybody liked her. During the war there was much disapproval of her attitude regarding the Germans. Now the Germans are duly beaten, and it is felt that the Grand Duchess is the wrong woman in the wrong place.

Such, I am assured, are the sentiments of the town. But the country people are as loyal to her Highness as ever.

Now for an exact history of the revolution. A deputation from Luxemburg went to Paris a little while ago to urge French action in the affairs of the State. A discreet answer was given; but Luxemburg became impatient.

There was unrest in the Chamber and out of it. The army—for Luxemburg has an army—became uneasy. A Welfare Committee, a sort of Committee of Public Safety, was formed to bring the Duchy in close concert with the Allies, especially France and Belgium. It was believed by a strong party that this could best be secured by proclaiming Luxemburg an independent republic.

The Grand Duchess offered no opposition. She placed her tenure of power at the disposal of the people. She is not now in the capital city, but at her palace of Colmar, some miles away.

On Tuesday it is expected that the decision will be made by the Chamber or a plebiscite will be decreed as to the future form of the Government. The alternatives are the accession of another Princess of the reigning dynasty of Nassau Braganza or the proclamation of a republic.

Jan. 12.—I had this morning the advantage of talking over the situation with M. Luchousse, the Burgomaster of Luxemburg. Apart from disgust for everything German, which was roused by the outrage of the invasion of 1914, the causes of the present change are economic. Before the war, you remember, Luxemburg, an independent State, was included in the German Customs Union.

The chief industries of the little State, which numbers 260,000 people, are in iron and iron ore. Its natural economic connection, therefore, is with the power which holds the iron and coal of Lorraine and the Saar Valley. I am assured that both the iron workers and the commercial classes are strongly in favor of the new orientation of economic policy, and the great majority are in favor of some form of customs union with France.

There is no question of any other connection. All Luxemburg stands together for independence. The events of the last four years have only strengthened the desire of the little State for complete freedom. Whatever the flag, republican or ducal, autonomy is its blazon.

What the movement means is the recognition that the economic reconstruction of western Europe is at hand. The people of Luxemburg read the signs of the times and mean to be prepared.

ORDERS RUMANIANS OUT OF BUKOWINA

Ukraine Government Sends an Ultimatum and Moves Troops Toward the Frontier.

BERNE, Jan. 14.—The Ukrainian Government has sent an ultimatum to Rumania demanding the evacuation of Bukowina, according to a telegram received from Kiev today. Ukrainian troops, it is announced, are moving toward the Bukowina frontier.

Simultaneously, the message adds, the Ukrainian National Council has telegraphed to President Wilson in Paris a request for permission to delegate two American Ukrainians to represent the Ukraine at the Peace Conference and act otherwise as representatives of their nation in Paris.

ARMY SCATTERS REBELS MARCHING ON MUNICH

Attempt at Bavarian Overturn Crushed—Eisner Party's Vote 75,000 Out of 2,750,000.

MUNICH, Jan. 15. (Associated Press.)—An attempt to overthrow the Bavarian Government was planned for today. Government forces, however, intercepted Spartacides who were marching from Stuttgart and Augsburg to Munich and dispersed them.

Two hundred Bolsheviki were arrested in a raid on local hotels and many of them were beaten severely by angry soldiers.

BERLIN, Jan. 14. (Associated Press.)—Nearly complete returns from the Bavarian elections show that the party of Premier Kurt Eisner polled only 75,000 votes out of a total vote in excess of 2,750,000. The Clericals polled more than 1,000,000 votes and the Majority Socialists 900,000.

The Eisner party and the Independent Socialists secured only four of the Assembly's 156 delegates and the Majority Socialists 50, while the combined bourgeois parties have 102 representatives.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Advices from Berne regarding the situation in Bavaria report that in order to prevent members of the Spartacus group and Bolshevist agitators from reaching Bavaria the Government has drastically amended its passport rules. In future, even German subjects will need passports to enter Bavarian territory.

DAVIS HAILS BRITAIN AS OUR AID IN PEACE

Churchill Lauds Wilson in Speech at Dinner to the American Ambassador.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Practically the entire British Cabinet and the full bench of judges helped the American Society tonight to welcome Ambassador Davis at a dinner at the Savoy Hotel. Opportunity was taken by Winston Churchill in proposing the health of President Wilson to explain how during his visit he had allayed all British feare concerning his attitude toward British naval power.

"President Wilson," he said, "made us understand how sympathetically he understood the special needs, dangers and conditions of our island empire; how it is dependent from month to month, and from year to year upon its naval strength and power; dependent for its surety as well as its integrity; dependent hour by hour for the whole of its prosperity and for its daily bread four days out of five. In fact, he made us realize that he grasped and understood, in a spirit of true comradeship and sympathy, our unique situation and special condition in regard to all that concerns the security of Britain on the seas."

He also emphasized the readiness of Germany to foster in other countries the Bolshevism it suppressed in its own, and the need of sympathy and confidence between England and America in fighting it and restoring order to the world.

The Ambassador, who has already established his reputation here as a polished orator, in speaking of the need of each country, said:

"We have seen, he said, American battalions commanded by British officers and British ships under an American Admiral; also, he said, we had seen King and President ride side by side, and he had himself heard a British Tommy whistle 'Marching Through Georgia,' but that, he said, did not mean that America and England would never disagree. They would have lost their vitality, he declared, if they sank to a perpetual dull agreement. They could afford, he said, to disagree and yet work together to restore peace and to bring back orders and happiness to the world.

LONDON, Jan 16, (Associated Press.)—"It is on the firm rock of friendship and understanding between the English-speaking peoples that the foundations of a League of Nations must be laid," said John W. Davis, the American Ambassador, in his speech tonight at the dinner given in his honor by the American Society.

The Ambassador's theme was the friendship and co-operation existing between Great Britain and the United States, and he urged the preservation of the ties on which "depends so much of the freedom and happiness not only for ourselves, but for all the world besides."

"It is the glory of our kind," Mr. Davis continued, "that we can not only learn from one another, but can disagree and talk our differences out without making it necessary for our neighbors to call in the police or our nations to put their armies on the march.

"In the long century of unbroken peace between our countries there has been more than one question on which we found ourselves unable to agree, but not one which we were not willing to submit to the calm and candid judgment of impartial men. * * *

"We are about to urge this manner of life upon other nations of the world as the best insurance against ceaseless war. Let us rejoice that we can offer at the council board both the precept and the example."

Mr. Davis said that the American people had reason to be gratified that they had shared the struggles and sacrifices of the war with Great Britain and the Allies. "But," he continued, "we shall, I am sure, be prouder still if hereafter history shall write that at the close of the great war humanity entered upon a new era of peace, order, and happiness in which America and Great Britain were common laborers, if not, indeed, the pioneers.

"I covet for my country a great place among the nations. I wish nothing less than that America may be first in service to mankind."

CONFER ON ARMISTICE.

Marshal Foch Meets German Delegates at Treves.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Marshal Foch, Allied Commander in Chief, arrived in Treves yesterday morning to meet the German armistice delegates for discussion of the extension of the armistice. The Marshal received Mathias Erzberger and General von Winterfeldt, the German representatives, in his car.

Discussion over the renewal of the armistice began at once, and the first dispatch from Marshal Foch reached Paris last night, says Marcel Hutin, in the Echo de Paris, but nothing has been made public as to the result of the conference.

REPORT THE MURDER OF ROSA LUXEMBURG

Search of Her House in Berlin Discloses Lists of Revolutionary Leaders.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Rosa Luxemburg, one of the most active of the Spartacide leaders in Berlin, has been murdered, according to a dispatch from that city received by the Exchange Telegraph Company by way of Copenhagen.

BERLIN, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—A search of the house formerly occupied by Rosa Luxemburg has disclosed lists with the names and addresses of all the Spartacide leaders, with other valuable details.

KOLCHAK PROCLAIMS NATIONAL ELECTION

Russia's Destiny Can Only Be Decided by Constituent Assembly, He Says.

ONLY TEMPORARY DICTATOR

Will Retire as Soon as the Crisis Confronting His Country Is Past.

OMSK, Central Siberia, Jan. 13, (Associated Press.)—In the opinion of Admiral Kolchak, supreme head of the Omsk Government, the destiny of Russia can be decided only by a National Constituent Assembly. "Whether the future of Russia is a monarchy or the most radical republic does not concern the present Government," was the utterance he made today to The Associated Press.

Admiral Kolchak, confirming his statement that an opportunity would be given to the people to register their desires, signed in the presence of the correspondent a document proclaiming an All-Russian national election at the earliest practicable moment. He said he was anxious that the American people should alter their conception of his program of reconstruction, adding that the work of the dictator was liable to cause misunderstandings.

He explained that the two great necessities of Russia were the creation of an army and the destruction of Bolshevism. He considered that a directorate over the country was not feasible, first, because the military situation demanded that power be placed in the hands of one man, and second, some members were partisan and used their influence to disorganise the army. He pointed out that different dictators in history were usually military leaders who proclaimed themselves dictators. He, on the contrary, was chosen by his colleagues for the purpose of leading Russia through her crisis. He was delegating civil matters entirely to colleagues. His power was temporary, and when order was restored and the crisis was passed he would retire and leave everything to the representatives of the people.

Three Groups in the Country.

Discussing the internal political situation, he explained that there were three clearly defined groups in the country, the people supporting the Government in its efforts to reconstruct Russia along constitutional lines, the reactionary element, which was striving for the restoration of the monarchy, and the revolutionary Socialists, who might at any time fall back into Bolshevism.

Asked if he favored allied and American intervention, he said:

"Russia today is terribly disorganized and needs financial, economic, and industrial help from America and the Allies, but especially requires munitions and clothes for the army, which is suffering from lack of essential garments. Concerning intervention east of the Urals, I would welcome detachments of Americans, English, and French troops, not for fighting necessarily, but for the moral effect they would produce on the Russian Army. Communication with Russia is difficult and enemy propagandists are active. If the troops with their own eyes saw America and the Allies backing them in their cause, the fight against terrorism would be won.

"This would not be intervention in Russian affairs. It would help with the salvation of the nation. My present army of 250,000 men is sufficient to conquer the Bolsheviki if clothed and supplied with munitions. But any allied military or economic help depends entirely on the maintenance of the railroads, which are disintegrating. The transportation problem is dominant and must first be solved."

Discussing General Semenoff, he said Semenoff was a local leader and unimportant, but added that the powers had intervened and, therefore, the controversy was now an international question. He said that postponement of a settlement was embarrassing and added that if Semenoff would leave the line of the Trans-Siberian Railroad he could do anything he liked.

P. V. Vologodsky, Premier of the Omsk Government, in an interview expressed the view that Russia could be saved from violent reaction to autocracy only by the publication of a moderate political program.

"The reconstruction of Russia is necessary to the world," he said, "because the world needs Russia's riches, including wheat, minerals, and raw materials. Succor to Russia will, perhaps, be a tribute to Russia's service in the war and a mark of sympathy for the enthusiasm and idealism of the Slav race."

AGREEMENT WITH JAPAN IS COMPROMISE ONE

Stevens to Direct Siberian Railway—Japanese to Head Military Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16. — Viscount Ishii, the Japanese Ambassador, presented today to Frank L. Polk, the Acting Secretary of State, a plan based on an understanding between the United States and Japan, reached at Tokio, for the creation of an inter-allied committee under the Presidency of a Russian, for the restoration of the Trans-Siberian Railway and the Chinese-Eastern Railway.

It was stated today that the question of rehabilitation and management of the railway had been the subject of prolonged negotiations between Washington and Tokio, and that the agreement was in the nature of a compromise.

Japan is said to have objected to control by a foreign power of a railway system so close to Japan's doors. While the Chairman of the technical board will be an American, John F. Stevens, who was originally employed by the Russian Provisional Government, it is assumed that the Chairman of the military board, whose appointment is provided for in the agreement, will be a Japanese General.

International control of the Transiberian and Chinese Eastern Railroads will come to an end whenever a regular Government is established in Russia. At that time, if Russia desires foreign advisers, she may employ them, but Japan will not assent to continuance of the international control, or to the placing of the management of the road under the authority of any foreign Government.

The object of the military board will be to safeguard the railway, prevent interference with its operation, and protect its employes. Japan now has fewer than 26,000 trops in Siberia, all of whom have been withdrawn from the interior, where order has been re-established, to positions near the coast, where only a small force will be maintained.

BIGGEST U-BOAT AT BREST.

U-139 Arrives Two Weeks Late, Owing to Damaged Condition.

PARIS, Jan. 15.—The German submarine U-139 has arrived at Brest a fortnight later than other U-boats turned over to France, owing to her damaged condition. She is the world's largest submarine, being 354 feet long and having a displacement of 2,900 tons. She made only one cruise before the armistice was signed.

FRAME REPUBLIC OF NEW GERMANY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

for peace at any price, characterizing Prince Max's statement to that effect as misleading. It was Prince Max's fault, he said, since the war could not have been worse than are conditions now, even had Germany been actually vanquished in battle.

Count Westarp emphasized that he and his party had never believed that an end without victor and vanquished was possible. There was only one alternative: conquer or be destroyed. That was why he wanted to fight to the bitter end. Annexationist intention never prolonged the war, he asserted, but the result would have been quite different had the U-boat war started twelve months earlier.

He said that the National People's Party, as successor of the old Conservative Party, could continue the latter's work with a clear conscience, because it had no hand in ending the war and no responsibility for what happened afterward.

PROCLAIMS ORDER RESTORED.

Ebert Cabinet Makes Big Show of Force to Awe Rebels.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Order has been restored in Berlin, it is announced by an official wireless appeal to the German nation sent out by the German Government today and picked up here.

The appeal, which was signed by Premier Ebert, Philipp Scheidemann, Herr Landsberg, Gustave Noske, and Herr Wissell, members of his Cabinet, says that the Government is determined to prevent by every means at its disposal a repetition of "similar abominations."

The address refers to the coming elections under the "freest suffrage in the world to determine the constitution of the German state." It adds that the present Government is preparing a draft of a constitution which protects the free right of self-determination of the nation "against all counter-revolutions or efforts at terrorism."

Efforts are being made, it is said, to "arrive at a peace safeguarding the freedom of the German nation, and which will render possible the foundation of a union of nations that will give protection against the danger of a fresh war."

After declaring that there is necessity of defending the nation against the Polish annexationists, the appeal concludes:

"No less is it our task to protect our frontier against fresh Russian military despotism, which wants to force upon us by means of warlike power its anarchistic conditions and unchain a new world war of which our country would be the theatre. Bolshevism means the death of peace, of freedom, and socialism."

The German Government, says the Tageblatt, is making a great display of force. The whole inner city of Berlin is occupied by troops and heavy artillery is stationed in the Donhoff-Platz and the Spittel-Markt.

LIEBKNECHT REPORTED CAPTURED BY TROOPS

Said to be Held in Berlin Hotel —Snipers Still Active Against Ebert's Troops.

BERLIN, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the Spartacide leader, has been captured, it was learned late tonight, by officers and men of the Division of Mounted Rifle Guards who arrived in Berlin today.

The Spartacide leader is said to have been seized and taken to the fashionable Hotel Eden, in the western part of Berlin. Private telephone communication with the hotel was cut off abruptly soon after it was reported that he had been taken there.

Spartacide snipers continued their activities last night in some parts of the city, and especially in the newspaper section, where the Wolff Bureau office and the Tageblatt building were the objects of their fire. Other snipers rendered the district around the Halles gate in the southern part of the city unsafe, and there was also some scattered firing in the northern section.

Hot but futile firing went on all night around the Stettin railway station.

Rifles Seized in Search.

The systematic search of the Moabit district by the Government forces continues. More than 2,000 rifles, four machine-guns, and an uncounted number of revolvers have been recovered. The authorities intend to extend the search to other sections of the city.

More than 500 persons have been arrested on the streets for carrying weapons without a permit, which is a serious offense.

The work of finding weapons is being done in a most thorough manner. The correspondent in a walk of one mile last night was stopped three times and asked whether he had weapons. He was required to show his special pass before being permitted to proceed.

Herr Noske, the Military Commander of Berlin, has issued a decree pointing out that the troops assembled in Berlin under his orders are not counter-revolutionary tools, but are merely intended to restore order. All street gatherings have been prohibited and the inhabitants have been admonished to keep off the streets, especially after dark. The public has also been informed that telephone service will soon be employed almost entirely for military and police purposes and is requested to limit its use of the telephone to the minimum.

The ferment in the city is plainly growing less serious and the authorities believe that they are gradually overpowering the hoodlums and robbers who are now principally responsible for the disturbances at night.

Food Wanted from Poland.

If rural Germany desires to punish Berlin for the misbehavior at the capital by withholding food shipments it would probably find its ambitions frustrated by the system of national distribution evolved two years ago and still in operation.

Provincial Germany (that is, the agrarian sections) turns in its food products under this system to local receiving stations, whence they are sent to various sections of the country. The producer is rarely aware of the destination of his wheat, potatoes, vegetables, or cattle, all of which are apportioned according to the needs of the various communities.

The municipalities making up Greater Berlin are merely distributing agents, on the food supply is likely to be nil, and they usually keep the metropolitan population of some 4,000,000 supplied two or three weeks in advance.

While disgust with Berlin over the rebellion is unconcealed in all parts of Germany, the influence of this feeling on the food supply is likey to be nil. The only immediate menace appears to be the shortage in rolling stock, although the possibilities of the Polish invasion of Posen are serving to complicate matters.

Emmanuel Wurm, the national Food Commissioner, informed the correspondent today that the situation in Posen was threatening to become acute, and that its immediate effect upon the shipment of wheat and potatoes to Berlin was already being felt.

"The Polish authorities," said the Commissioner, "have been demanding coal in exchange for foodstuffe. Germany has supplied the fuel, but the Poles have failed to reciprocate. They have not only failed to ship wheat and potatoes, but have retained the rolling stock which carried our coal to them."

Herr Wurm said he believed that the present critical food situation in Germany's eastern provinces and its effect on the Berlin supply would be quickly dissipated when Poland's political aspirations were once adjusted and the Polish Government was stabilized.

"Prussia is the only food buyer in those sections, which need our industrial products, as they are purely agrarian, said the Minister.

"The internal unrest in Germany is due to the failure of the Entente to conclude a speedy peace. Instead of doing this, it is complicating the negotiations with new demands. When the boundaries and other interstate relations are once definitely fixed, commercial relations can be promptly resumed.

"Our present supplies will enable us to hold out for four months, but unless peace brings us food relief by that time we will be at the end of our present limited desources."

DIVIDE ON GERMAN AUSTRIA.

Centrists Favor Union, but Strong Influences Oppose It.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 15, (via Geneva.)—According to special information from Germany the Centre Party, representing the Catholic elements, has decided to support the plan of a German-Austrian Union with Germany.

Austrian feeling regarding the proposed union is divided. The plan is supported by the German Nationalists and Social Democrats, while opposed by the Christian Socialists and manufacturing class, who incline towards a federation with the other newly formed Austrian States, if possible.

Owing to a shortage of flour, the public bread ration in Vienna for next week has been reduced one-half.

REVOLUTIONISTS SET UP SEPARATE REPUBLICS

Communist Rule at Bremen—Boundaries Planned for a Northern Federation.

BERLIN, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—Details of the proclamation of the Independent Communistic (Spartacide) Republic of Bremen are contained in a dispatch to the Lokal-Anzeiger.

The Governing Council is composed of three members each from the Independent Socialists, the Spartacides, and the Soldiers' Council. The Senate has been compelled to surrender its authority. The press has been placed under a preventive censorship and compelled to publish proclamations of the new Government.

The Spartacides are carrying on a vigorous agitation throughout Northwestern Germany. Attempts to seize power at Delmenhorst and Wilhelmshaven failed.

At Delmenhorst the citizens joined the Majority Socialists in putting down the agitators. At Wilhelmshaven the Spartacides seized the offices of the Tageblatt and Zeitung, but loyal soldiers compelled them and the Independent Socialists to lay down their arms.

Dispatches dated at Wilhelmshaven on Tuesday said that a barracks in which were quartered 400 marines who had joined the Independents had been surrounded by Government troops. It was said that they would probably be obliged to surrender in a few days.

Jan. 14.—The boundaries of the "Central North German Federal Republic," as proposed in a proclamation issued by the Government of Brunswick, are:

Starting from the northern limit of the free town of Hamburg, thence along the river Elbe almost to Burg, near Magdeburg, thence in a straight line to the northernmost point of the former principality of Anhalt and along the boundary of Anhalt to near the town of Bitterfeld. From Bitterfeld it runs along the boundary of Anhalt to near Nordhausen, thence through Prussian territory over the region of Göttingen to the southernmost portion of Brunswick to the northernmost point of the district of Holzminden and thence eastward to Hanover and eastward to Celle and thence on a straight line to Hamburg. (This includes parts or all of the States of Saxony, Anhalt, Brunswick, and Hanover.)

It is proposed that a Federation similar to Switzerland be formed, with the Republic of Anhalt, Brunswick, and Hamburg retaining their independence, and that new independent cantons be formed from the portions of other territory to be included in the new republic.

President Kuhnke of the "Republic of East Friesland" has been deposed by the Majority Socialists, who have installed a new Government at Oldenburg. Kuhnke was an Independent Socialist.

Reports from Essen say that the Spartacides are compelling the miners in that district to go on strike against their will. Clerical election speakers in that region have been attacked by Bolsheviki.

Spartacides who attempted to seize the plant of the Volkszeitung at Dresden have been arrested, together with many other disturbers of the peace in that city.

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William Higginson, Architect.

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Modeled with plain or belted back.
Lined with either Marmot or Northern Muskrat.
Rich, dark, full pelts.
Broad shawl collar of Otter or Beaver.
Fit right, hang right, look right, are right.
A magnificent garment and a magnificent opportunity.

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THE right finish for every surface you wish to beautify and protect with either paint, varnish, enamel or stain.

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The greatest care is taken in making these shoes so that each pair will be up to our well known standard.

Shoes made to your measure, $14.

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Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. 6M, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

RIGID ENFORCEMENT IS PLANNED HERE

Measure Drafted by the Anti-Saloon Attorneys to be Offered at Albany.

TO NAME COMMISSIONERS

Twenty Inspectors to Keep Watch in State—Restrictions on Druggists.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Legislation to enforce prohibition in New York State after the Federal amendment becomes operative, in January, 1920, has been prepared for introduction in the Legislature as soon as the question of ratification by the lawmakers of this State has been settled.

The proposed enforcement bill, drafted by attorneys of the Anti-Saloon League, will be introduced by Assemblyman Walter S. McNab of Schenectady, and, possibly, by Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara.

Under the bill, the enforcement of the prohibitory law would be vested in a Prohibition Commissioner, who would supplant the State Excise Commissioner and take over, in part, the duties now performed by that official. Whereas the Excise Commissioner's chief function has been to collect the liquor taxes, the principal task of the Prohibition Commissioner would be to enforce prohibition and to supervise and control the manufacture, distribution, and sale of alcohol for medicinal, mechanical, and pharmaceutical purposes and of wine for sacramental uses.

The commissioner, who would be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate, would be authorized to appoint a Chief Deputy to have charge of the fiscal affairs of the department. In addition, he would select at least twenty inspectors charged with the particular duty of enforcing the prohibitory law. The commissioner, his deputy and the inspectors would be vested with certain powers granted to Sheriffs and to District Attorneys, in that they would have authority to issue warrants for the arrest of alleged violators and to prosecute the cases.

The bill would compel every person arrested for intoxication to tell the court the name of the person from whom he procured liquor, failure to give such testimony consituting a contempt of court punishable by a fine of from $5 to $100.

Stringent regulations are laid down in connection with the sale of alcohol and wine by druggists. No sale would be made for medicinal purposes, except upon a physician's prescription, and an affidavit would be required of all persons purchasing for mechanical, chemical, or sacramental purposes. A pharmacist's license to sell alcohol or wine would be issued only to druggists who have never been convicted of illegal sale of liquor, whose stock of alcohol on hand shall not represent more than 1 per cent. of the value of all the goods in his place of business, who are of temperate habits and not addicted to the use of drugs, and who will not sell to any person known to be in the habit of using alcoholic beverages.

The sale of toilet, culinary, medicinal, antiseptic, and flavoring extracts and patent medicines the manufacture of which requires payment of a United State liquor dealer's tax would be prohibited. No one but a licensed druggist would be permitted to sell certain proprietary compounds and patent medicines named in the bill, except upon the prescription of a licensed physician.

Physicians would be required to keep a record of all prescriptions issued by them for alcoholic compounds, and the doctors allowed to issue such prescriptions would first have to give bond of $2,000 for observing the provisions of the law and be licensed by the Prohibition Commissioner.

Advertising of intoxicants would be unlawful, the prohibition covering all newspapers and periodicals, circulars, signs, and billboards. In this connection the bill sets forth:

"Any advertisement or notice containing the picture of a brewery, distillery, bottle, keg, barrel, or box, or other receptacle, represented as containing intoxicating liquors or designated to serve as an advertisement thereof, shall be within the inhibition of this section."

Notice was given in both houses of the Legislature today of a hearing on the prohibition ratification resolution, to be held next Tuesday afternoon. "Like a Coroner's inquest," as Senator Davenport said in announcing the hearing.

The "Wets" still insist that not enough votes will be forthcoming in the Senate to pass the resolution. Senator Thompson predicts that the Legislature will ratify the amendment, if for no other reason than to get into the "honor column" of States. It has even been suggested that the Senate caucus on the matter, in order to get the pledge of all the Republican members to vote for the resolution.

The nation going dry will mean a large loss in revenue to New York State. The total receipts from the sale of liquor tax certificates and the volume tax for the year ended Sept. 30, 1918, were $22,616,442.77, an increase over 1917 of $1,838,934.21.

The number of certificates issued for 1917-18 was 25,755. Of this number 21,387 were issued to saloons and hotels and 2,039 to places where liquor sold was not to be drunk on the premises. For 1918-19 only 16,408 certificates were issued to saloons and hotels and 1,707 to the second class of holders. The decreased license tax accounted for the decrease in the number of holders of certificates.

AMERICAN LIQUORS TO BE SOLD ABROAD

Corporation Is Formed to Export Much of the 100,000,000 Gallons in Storage Here.

The exportation of a large quantity of the whisky and other liquors now held in storage in this country is planned to begin shortly through the formation of the Transoceanic Commercial Corporation, an export concern, which will represent the Distillers Securities Corporation in foreign markets. The new company is incorporated in this State with a capital of $1,000,000. Norman R. Sterne is President and one of the Directors, the others of whom are Henry Wehrhane, Thomas F. Reynolds, Alvin W. Krech, and Julius Kessler.

It is estimated that there are about 100,000,000 gallons of beverage and non-beverage distilled spirits in storage in the warehouses of this country, most of which comes under the first-named classification. Of this amount the Distillers Securities Corporation holds about 40 per cent. The liquor on hand is far beyond that which would normally be sold in this country during a period of twelve months. The distilling interests are, however, contemplating a free sale of liquor only until July 1, when the war-period prohibition becomes effective. This, it is understood, has made it imperative that means be taken to dispose of the surplus quantity abroad.

The statement was made yesterday that the new export concern was not directly brought into being by the approach of prohibition, as the plan is to do a general exporting business. The Distillers Securities Corporation is not planning to liquidate, but will continue in business even after prohibition becomes a fact, as many of the company's plants are already being adapted to the manufacture of industrial alcohol, for which it is expected there will be a big demand abroad. The European countries, it is said, will not be in a position to manufacture alcohol in commercial quantities for a long time, as the raw material is not available.

It is understood, however, that the most pressing need now is the disposal of the surplus whisky stock. The company's plants are running day and night bottling the liquor, and a representative of the new export concern is already in Europe negotiating sales there. The foreign representative is D. K. Welskopf, and his instructions, it is said, are to negotiate sales in every European country, with the exception of those of the Central Powers. The company also has a number of salesmen in South America, where it is expected big supplies will be taken.

These representatives will be maintained abroad to continue the business of the export concern in industrial alcohol. It was announced yesterday that the Distillers Securities Corporation might branch out into other fields of activity, some of which were now under consideration, but that no statement as to the plans would be forthcoming for some time.

FOOD BILL IS REPORTED.

Senate Expected to Pass $100,000,000 Measure with Little Opposition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—With little opposition a favorable report was ordered today by the Senate Appropriations Committee on the House bill to appropriate the $100,000,000 requested by President Wilson for food relief in Europe. No record vote was taken. Senator Kenyon, Republican, of Iowa, and Senator Hardwick, Democrat, of Georgia, reserved the right to oppose the measure in the Senate.

Much opposition to the bill had been manifested, even since President Wilson appealed for prompt action, with a warning that only food could stop the wave of Bolshevism sweeping westward in Europe. This opposition was allayed by information presented by Food Administration and other officials. Democratic and Republican leaders joined in the prediction that the measure would be passed promptly by the Senate, with brief debate and little opposition. Chairman Martin plans to call up the bill for consideration tomorrow.

The only amendments made by the committee were offered by Senator Weeks, Republican, of Massachusetts. These strike out the words "where practicable" in the clause requiring auditing of the expenditures, and require itemized instead of general statements of expenditures.

SPEAKS FOR BRITISH LABOR.

Barnes Thinks Food Question Most Pressing in the Peace Congress.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The views of British Labor on the peace problems were thus explained before he started for Paris by George N. Barnes, the representative in the War Cabinet.

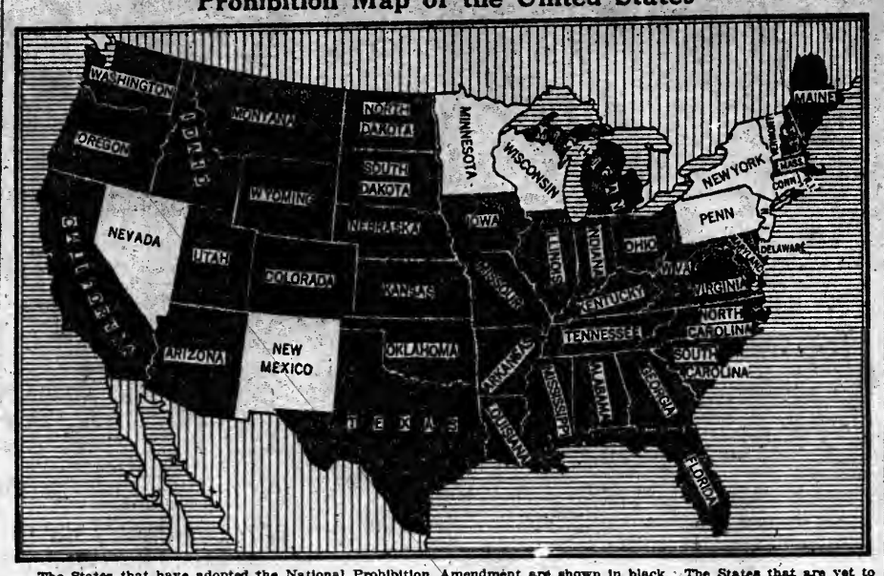
"On political questions my influence will be given in aid of the freedom of nations within their racial boundaries and for binding them together to preserve future peace. In industrial questions, I want to see some authority established responsible after the Peace Conference to a League of Nations, and to do what it can to promote humane conditions of labor in all countries.

"In the meantime, the first, because the most pressing, problem is how to take bread to the starving European peoples, and, in addition, to promote peace in the countries now tortured by anarchy."

As Mr. Barnes has accepted a post in the Cabinet, he is not considered by the regular Labor Party as a member of it, but he was elected to Parliament as a Labor member, and claims the right to speak for Labor. Moreover, the Premier included him in the Cabinet as a representative of Labor.

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

Prohibition Map of the United States



The States that have adopted the National Prohibition Amendment are shown in black. The States that are yet to act are white.

DRY CHIEFS GOING INTO WIDER FIELDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

slavement of the entire American people. We certainly have gone mad if we actually understand and approve the extreme tyranny possible under the national prohibition amendment."

Effect on Taxation.

In another statement the brewers called attention to the fact that New York City had given a majority of 265,000 against a Prohibition candidate for Governor, and hence had placed itself unmistakably on record against the amendment. A statistical survey of the effect of prohibition on New York City compiled by the brewers gives these figures, so that "the extent of its devastation may be visualized by noting the ruinous increase of taxes and the vast destruction of property."

The amount of the extraordinary appropriations made by the Legislature of 1918 amount to	$81,525,271.31
This was made up as follows:	
Liquor tax revenue	$22,828,675.50
Tax on corporations, franchises, automobiles, &c.,	45,424,526.81
Direct tax	13,272,069.00
Of the direct tax the City of New York will pay over 64 per cent. or	8,522,629.61
The part of the liquor revenue derived from the City of New York was	14,062,237.67
There reverts to the City of New York three-quarters of this, sum, which is	10,546,678.23
This is more than enough to offset the city's share of the State's direct tax, leaving a balance in favor of the city of	2,024,048.62
The assessed valuation of real estate in New York City for 1918 is $8,339,638,851. This constitutes approximately 70 per cent. of the taxable real estate of the State and means that the city contributes at least 70 per cent. of the entire expense of the State Government, besides paying the expense of the city Government for which the tax in 1918 amounted to $203,400,812.80.	
The loss of the liquor tax revenue under which the city would cause the city to lose its share of that tax amounting to	$10,546,678.23
Besides, it would have to pay the direct tax of	$8,522,629.61
And the 70 per cent. of the total liquor tax revenue of the State, or	15,980,072.85
Making a total added tax of	24,502,702.46

"For every one million dollars of direct tax the tax rate of the city goes up one point.

"To the Federal Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1918, the State of New York paid for revenue on the manufacture and sale of malt, spirituous and vinous liquors, the sum of $88,767,308. Of this, at a conservative estimate, 70 per cent. was paid by the City of New York, amounting to the sum of $62,137,535.60. This deficit could only be made up by adding to the already enormous income and excess profits tax paid by the people of New York City.

"These are figures to conjure with when it is remembered that the city pays approximately 70 per cent. of the appropriations by the State for the Highways Department, Canal Maintenance, Canal Construction, Education Department, Agriculture Department, Conservation Department; and that the Excise Department maintains itself in addition to giving the State $22,500,000 yearly. The appropriations of the State of New York for 1919 from the general fund for items specified were as follows:

Highway department	$7,321,459.00
Canal maintenance	2,993,963.00
Canal construction	681,158.80
Education department	2,630,973.21
Agriculture department	2,118,119.01
Conservation department	1,024,824.61
Total	$15,985,437.71

"This sum was more than taken care of by the liquor tax revenue of $22,826,675.50, leaving a balance to the State of $6,843,237.79, which is less than $1,000,000 short of expenditures for canal construction in 1918, from bond moneys which were $9,784,739.76.

"The tax problem would be the same for the other cities of the State and in proportion to their assessed valuation of real estate and other taxable property.

"There are these additional important facts concernnig the City of New York:

The total number of licenses issued to the City of New York for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 1918, was	10,403
The minimum number of stores and buildings which would be vacated in the event of prohibition is	9,000
A conservative estimate of the direct investment in property having license privileges for manufacture and sale of liquors, exclusive of dependent and allied industries, places it at	$725,000,000

Anti-Saloon League Plans.

This statement was issued by the Anti-Saloon League:

"The Anti-Saloon League fully expects that all but one or two of the States of the Union will have ratified the amendment before the present legislative session is over, the ratifying States to include New York. The national leaders of the Republican Party can clearly apprehend the disadvantage under which that party will labor in 1920 if such leading Republican States as New York and Pennsylvania do not ratify the amendment.

"The work of the Anti-Saloon League, however, will neither cease nor lessen when the amendment goes into effect. Already the groundwork is being laid for a national enforcement code to be enacted by Congress. This will have to be supplemented by comprehensive enforcement codes in the several States. In addition to this there is the grave problem of maintaining in office administrations and officials determined to enforce the law, and so enable the nation with all possible speed to slough off all remnants of the liquor habit and the liquor appetite, and the proneness of corrupt political elements to try to profit by a grafting relationship with the remains of the de-legalized traffic.

"In addition, educational effort must become more intensive than ever for the purpose of lifting public intelligence and desire universally up to the level of the law. And, finally, as a means of making permanent this great national achievement, our aid must be given in the pressing of the battle against the liquor traffic to the ends of the earth. There can be no question but that economic considerations will effectively aid every industrial nation to hurry the achievement of prohibition there also, as none realize more clearly than the heavily drinking nations how tremendous is the handicap under which they will labor in world-wide competition with so intelligent and resourceful a nation as the United States advantaged further by deliverance from the wastes, inefficiencies, and destructions which have always grown out of the beverage liquor traffic.

"There is great work ahead for years to come, but the situation will be different from that obtaining now. Heretofore the liquor traffic has had the advantage of position. Henceforth all its advantages of position will be gone, all its respectability will be swept away, and it will be a hunted and harried outlaw instead of an arrogant and intrenched power.

"The three grounds upon which the liquor interests have been accustomed to base their charges of unconstitutionality respecting the Federal prohibition amendment are:

"First—That it is improper matter for incorporation in the Federal Constitution.

"Second—That it was not submitted by a real two-thirds vote of Congress, and

"Third—That the seven-year limitation provision in it renders its submission null and void.

"The first has never been regarded as of any consequence. A constitution which admitted an amendment forbidding slavery is an equally appropriate place for an amendment forbidding the liquor traffic. With respect to the second allegation, it has already been decided twice that a two-thirds vote of both branches of Congress means a two-thirds vote of a quorum, the first decision being by United States District Judge Hollister of Cincinnati, and the other decision being by no less an authority than the Supreme Court of the United States in a recent decision respecting the same point on the vote required to pass the Webb-Kenyon law over the President's veto. And with respect to the seven-year limitation objection—the charge that because the amendment as submitted by Congress provided that it must be ratified within seven years to become a valid part of the Constitution that issue could arise only provided more than seven years were consumed n the ratifying. Inasmuch as it has been ratified in thirteen months, that limitation has not entered into the case at all. Furthermore, Constitutional lawyers of the highest order hold that had there been necessity to put it to the test, it would be found that the limiting provision was valid.

"The liquor threats to bring referendum votes reviewing the ratification action of fifteen State Legislatures is futile and foolish. Members of a Legislature when voting upon a Federal Constitutional amendment are not acting under State law but Federal law. By virtue of the State law they hold office as legislators, but the only law which entities them to vote on a Federal amendment is Federal law. And since that Federal law makes legislative action final, no State review is possible. A State cannot modify or change the method of amending the Federal Constitution merely by adopting the referendum with respect to its own State legislative acts."

Efforts for Enforcement.

In amplification of the league's announced intention to devote itself at once to the question of enforcement, the Rev. Dr. Rollin O. Everhart, editor of The American Issue and one of the leaders of the league, explained that Wayne B. Wheeler, who has led in the prohibitionists' legal fights for many years, already was at work on a State code which would be presented at the present session of the New York Legislature.

"This code," said Mr. Everhart, "will be modeled after the national enforcement code which Mr. Wheeler already has prepared for submission to Congress, so far as its provisions are applicable. We do not anticipate any difficulty in getting it passed, because we do not believe the State legislators would refuse to aid in enforcing the national law. A particularly strong weapon in this State is the fact that women can vote, and women are naturally prohibitionists leaders. The politicians will hardly dare flaunt the defiance of this law in the faces of the women.

"As to enforcement, we admit that we expect New York to be the most difficult of all places, particularly because of its foreign population. Experience in industrial cities of the Middle West, where prohibition is in effect has shown, however, that while these people are difficult to reach through propaganda, example works splendidly with them. Even though they have learned to drink in their own countries, the vast majority of them quit when they have to go 'ramming around' for illicit alcohol instead of getting it easily, comfortably, and legally.

"There are two main reasons why the strongest effort of all will be made to make prohibition a success in New York. One is that just because it is so difficult, successful administration here will be an answer for all time to those who say it can't be done. We know it can, and we will prove it. The other lies in the fact that foreign peoples are in more intimate contact with New York than with any other city of the country, and if we can show them here that prohibition is both practical and beneficial they will go back to prohibition advocates and will spread the worldwide movement that we intend to press."

Search for Precedent.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—Discussion as to whether the prohibition amendment becomes a part of the Constitution now that thirty-six States have ratified it or whether it becomes a part of the basic law only when each State has certified its action to the Secretary of State led today to a search for precedent, which showed that the only two amendments ratified in the last half century, providing for income taxes and direct election of Senators, were considered effective immediately the thirty-sixth State had taken affirmative action.

Senator Sheppard, author of the prohibition amendment, holds that national prohibition becomes a permanent fact Jan. 16, 1920.

Only fourteen of the States have certified their action to the State Department. The vote of the Mississippi Legislature, the first to act, has not been received at the State Department. The Mississippi Secretary of State said today at Jackson that the certificate had been mailed to Washington immediately after the Legislature acted and that a duplicate would be sent if the original had been lost.

Only a minimum of unemployment is expected to result, as the cumulative severity of successive restrictive measures adopted since the war began already has caused many distillers and brewers to seek other uses for their plants. Hundreds of millions of dollars are invested in distilleries and breweries.

More than half the territory of the United States already is dry through State, action or local option elections. Until recently the movemrnt between States of limited quantities of liquor for personal use was permitted, but the Supreme Court ruled several days ago that the Reed "bone dry" amendment made such traffic illegal.

NATION VOTED DRY BY RATIFICATION

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

vinous, alcoholic, or any intoxicating liquors.

"8. An adequate search and seizure provision, similar to those which have proved effective in the enforcement of prohibitory laws in the States.

"9. The sale of alcoholic patent or proprietary medicines which are possible or capable of being used as a beverage should be surrounded by the same safeguards as the sale of alcohol.

"10. Provisions to prevent any scheme, device or subterfuge to evade the provisions of the act.

"11. In accordance with the National Prohibition Amendment the several States shall provide legislation in harmony therewith to carry out its provisions.

"12. Such other provisions as will destroy every vestige of the beverage liquor traffic throughout the United States and its possessions."

Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League of America, when asked tonight for a statement as to the meaning, as viewed by national prohibitionists, of the ratification by the necessary thirty-six States today of the amendment and subsequent proclamation by Secretary Lansing, first pointed out that in any event the nation was to go dry under war-time prohibition July 1 next, and that war-time prohibition was expected to run into Constitutional amendment prohibition. Then Mr. Wheeler added:

"When Secretary Lansing proclaims the ratification of the amendment it will mean that:

"The Federal amendment becomes operative one year from that date

"Congress is given notice it is its duty to enact a Federal prohibition law.

"The wet States are also notified to enact prohibition laws in harmony with the Federal amendment.

"The dry States will retain and strengthen their laws if needed.

"No license laws for beverage use of liquor can thereafter be enacted or enforced.

"The Federal and State authorities will have concurrent power to enact and enforce laws within their respective jurisdictions.

"Congress will have power to enact laws in the nature of police regulations to make prohibition effective."

Announces Victory to Senate.

Senator Sheppard of Texas, its author, who, ever since his advent in Congress, nineteen years ago, has fought for national prohibition, announced in the Senate the ratification of the amendment by the action of Nebraska.

"Within less than thirteen months after its submission to the States for ratification," he said, "the amendment becomes part of the Federal Constitution, the shortest time within which any amendment has been ratified, with the sole exception of the amendment abolishing slavery.

"For the first time in history one of the leading nations of the world embodies in its national organic law a provision prohibiting traffic in intoxicating liquors, a traffic which ultimately would have undermined the foundations of its being. The adoption of the amendment marks the advent of a new day. It is the first step in the new process of legislation for human welfare which must follow the great war for democracy and civilization in Europe, if the lessons of the conflict are to be grasped and utilized."

Senator Kenyon of Iowa felicitated Mr. Sheppard upon his efforts for nation-wide prohibition.

"This marks the successful ending of the greatest moral battle waged in this country since the abolition of slavery," he said. "The power of the saloon is broken in the United States. As it passes to its grave it can go with the knowledge that it has been responsible for more misery and crime, more destruction of homes, and debasement of character, more poverty, sorrow, and tears than any other agency the world has ever known. No one will weep over its demise. The United States will be a better, more prosperous nation, its citizenship will be more happy and contented than ever."

DIE CAST BY NEBRASKA.

Thirty-sixth State to Ratify, Missouri and Wyoming Following.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 16.—The Legislature completed at 10:32 A. M. today ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment, when the Senate voted to concur in a House amendment to a Senate joint resolution providing for ratification. To eliminate any possibility of being enjoined from certifying to the State Department of the United States Nebraska's action approving the amendment, Governor Samuel R. McKelvie today dispatched this State's approval in a registered special delivery letter.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 16.—The Legislature today ratified the Federal prohibition amendment when the House concurred in the Senate resolution by a vote of 104 to 36.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 16.—The Legislature today unanimously ratified the prohibition amendment to the Federal Constitution, both houses acting before noon.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Jan. 16.—The Senate voted in favor of the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment today 24 to 4. When the Senate resolution reached the House it was referred to the Federal Relations Committee without action. Earlier in the day a resolution introduced in the House had been sent to that committee, together with the official copy of the Federal amendment, and Chairman W. C. Belknap raised the point that the action of the upper body in passing the resolution for ratification without having the official copy before it was irregular. Leaders said final action probably would not be taken until after hearings had been held.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 16.—The Federal prohibition amendment probably will be sent to the General Assembly by Governor Holcomb with a special message next week, presumably Tuesday. Its supporters claim passage by the House. Control of the Senate has been disputed. Today many Senators predicted that concurrent action would not be actively contested, in view of the prohibition victory.

Special to The New York Times.

CARSON, Nev., Jan. 16.—The Legislature, which will convene here next Monday, will ratify the Federal prohibition amendment by a practically unanimous vote. All the counties in the State went dry, and their legislative candidates were in favor of prohibition.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 16.—Attorney General Guy H. Sturgis today said: "In my opinion, the referendum provision of the Constitution of Maine has no bearing on the sufficiency of the adoption of the Federal constitutional amendment by our Legislature, and it stands adopted by the State of Maine."

WATCHFUL OF DUTCH RISING

Military Guards Stationed Before Leyden Town Hall.

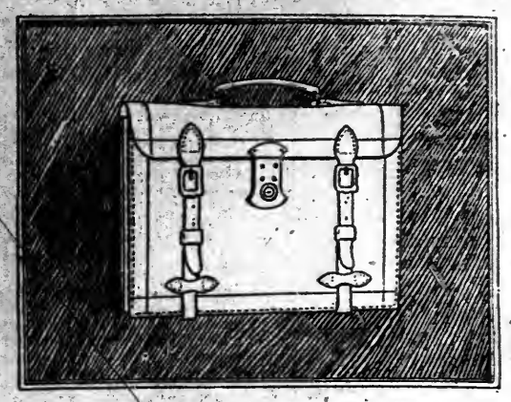
AMSTERDAM, Jan. 16.—In view of rumors of the pending outbreak of a revolution in Holland, the Het Volk says, military guards have been placed before the Town Hall and telegraph office at Leyden, which is about midway between Amsterdam and Rotterdam.

Selected Reductions

Prior to our February Sale

J & J SLATER

415 Fifth Avenue



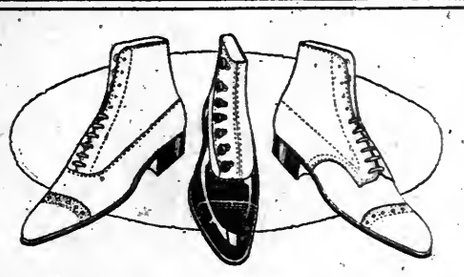
Saks & Company Will Place on Sale Today

300 Genuine Cowhide Brief Cases

At $4.95

—the best values ever offered in the City of New York

Regulation 11 x 15 model, as *illustrated*, with extension lock and heavy leather straps. Has two pockets and may be obtained in a rich Tan or Black. If you would like one of these cases, select one *now*, or you may want it in vain. *Main Floor.*



Saks & Company Announce an Important

Clearance Sale of 909 Pairs Men's Shoes

At Much Below Regular

$5.95

Shoes of an exclusive character, in smart but sensible lasts, made according to our usual high standard. All sizes in the lot, but not in each style.

101 Pairs in Patent Leather—Button Style
146 Pairs in Serviceable Gun Metal Leather
161 Pairs in Black Vici Kid
501 Pairs in Dark Mahogany Leather.

Three Styles Pictured

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

At Reduced Prices

FOR MEN

Imported Top Coats, $35.00; Golf Suits, $27.50; Golf Jackets, $10.00; Shirts, $1.50.

FOR WOMEN

Imported Top Coats, $25.00; Tailored Suits, $20.00; Sweaters, $6.00; Hats, $6.50.

A. G. Spalding & Bros.

5th Avenue Between 43rd and 44th Sts.

Wool Sale---Below Cost

To encourage the continuance of knitting for our boys in the Coast Defense, Camps, Ships and Convalescent Hospitals.

All our best wools for one week only from Jan. 15 to 21

At 70c and 75c a Hank

We are in urgent need of mufflers, helmets, wristlets, gloves and mittens, also articles for Comfort Kits and Comfort Bags, and would ask you to contribute to meet this demand.

Contributions for our free wool fund and Comfort Bags are solicited.

COMFORTS COMMITTEE OF THE NAVY LEAGUE

405 Madison Ave., New York

Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Chairman. Miss Cora P. Van Wyck, Vice-Chairman
Miss Caroline L. Morgan, Secretary. Miss May Burrough, Assistant Secretary.
Mrs. Benjamin B. Lawrence, Treasurer.

KITCHIN FIGHTS FOR PROFITS TAXES

Conferees May Compromise by Rewriting This Part of Revenue Bill.

AGREE ON ALCOHOL LEVIES

Senate Schedules on Transportation Also Retained—Contest Over Theatre Taxes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Considerable progress was made today by the Senate and House conferees on the Revenue bill, an agreement being reached on the taxes to be imposed on transportation and on beverages, which incorporated practically all of the Senate amendments. These amendments provide for a reduction of about $52,000,000 from the taxes that would have been collected from these sources under the provisions of the original House bill.

Excess profits and war profits also were discussed, but no definite action taken, the Senate and House conferees being widely separated in their views. Chairman Kitchin of the House Ways and Means Committee is still firm in his position that the amended titles, especially as war profits are affected, will not bring about a fair allotment of taxation or provide the money which he feels should be paid into the Government coffers with the provisions of the proposed levy.

An attempt to make an agreement will be made tomorrow, and a bitter contest is anticipated, with Mr. Kitchin fighting for the war profits taxes. It has been predicted that a compromise might be reached which would more nearly approximate the original House provisions than those of the Senate. In that event the taxes collectible under the bill may considerably exceed the $6,000,000,000 asked for by the Treasury Department.

There appeared today another source of agitation which may result in temporary delay in bringing about a final agreement on the form of the bill. On Tuesday the conferees rejected the Senate amendments reducing the taxes on admissions to theatres and reverted into the bill practically all of the House section which provided, at the expense of the theatre-going public, for the payment of $51,000,000, or $27,000,000 more than was collectible under the present law. Today Senator Reed of Missouri submitted a vigorous protest to the final adoption of the House schedule and a lively debate followed.

Threat of a Deadlock.

The House conferees, it is said, threatened a deadlock if the Senate amendment were not thrown out and the House provisions retained. In the face of this situation, it is understood, the Senate conferees on Tuesday agreed to the large increases.

The tax as it now stands provides for a general rate of 20 per cent. on all theatre tickets of admission, or double the existing rate. Moving picture houses are to pay 1 cent on each 10 cents of admission or fraction thereof, up to 30 cents. Boxholders at the theatre or opera must pay a tax of 25 per cent. Taxes on club dues are raised to 20 per cent. on dues over $10.

The transportation schedule as agreed upon in conference today will provide for an estimated revenue of $229,000,000; or $2,000,000 less than the amount provided for by the original House bill.

The conference retains the provision in the present revenue law for a tax of 3 per cent. on the amount paid for the transportation of freight, and adds, however, that in case of freight transported from a point without the United States to a point within the United States, an additional tax of 3 per cent. shall be paid upon the amount paid for transportation of such freight within the United States. A tax of 1 cent on every 20 cents or fraction thereof for the transportation of express is agreed upon, with an additional tax of the same amount for shipments transported from a point without the United States, as in the case of freight.

The 8 per cent. tax on passenger transportation is retained with the proviso, included as a Senate amendment, that where the roads compete with foreign-owned lines, the tax shall in no case be higher than that imposed on the foreign-owned system.

The House tax of 6¼ per cent. on the transportation of oil by pipe lines is increased by the Senate amendment to 8 per cent., the tax not being chargeable where the United States Government is served. A five-cent tax is imposed on messages by telephone or telegraph in excess of 14 cents and not more than 50 cents, and a tax of 10 cents on messages over 50 cents. The tax of 10 per cent. on leased telephone and telegraph lines, exclusive of those used by newspapers and by telephone and telegraph companies for their private business, is retained.

If taxes are not paid at the time specified, a penalty of 5 per cent is imposed, with an additional penalty of 1 per cent. for each full month thereafter.

In agreeing on beverage taxes the conferees reduced the House tax of $4.40 a gallon on distilled spirits for manufacturing purposes, to $2.20, as suggested by the Senate, and the tax on distilled spirits for beverage purposes from $8 a gallon to $6.40 a gallon. No tax will be demanded upon distilled spirits held in bond during the temporary period of prohibition.

On perfumes containing alcohol imported into the United States the House tax of $3.30 per wine gallon is reduced to $1.10.

Provision is made by Senate amendment that on all distilled spirits on which the existing tax has been paid there shall be paid, upon the passage of the new revenue law, a tax equal to the difference of that already paid and the amount of the new tax.

The tax on beers, ale and porter and similar fermented drinks containing not more than one-half of 1 per cent of alcohol is left at $1 on each barrel of not more than thirty-one gallons. On wines containing not more than 14 per cent. of alcohol the tax will be 16 cents a gallon, measured by volume; from 14 to 21 per cent. alcohol, 40 cents a gallon; 21 to 24 per cent. alcohol, $1 a gallon. Wines containing more than 24 per cent. alcohol will be classified, for purposes of taxation, as distilled spirits.

In order to protect and foster the wine growing interests the Senate amendment, which reads as follows is incorporated in the conference agreement:

"Under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, it shall be lawful to produce grape wines on bonded winery premises by the usual method of fermentation, and to transport and use the same, and like wines heretofore produced and now stored on bonded winery premises, as distilling material for the production of non-beverage spirits. In the production of non-alcoholic wines, containing less than one-half of 1 per centum of alcohol by volume, in any fruit brandy or industrial distillery; provided that all alcoholic spirits so obtained at any industrial distillery shall be denatured, and all spirits so obtained at any fruit distillery shall be removed and used only for non-beverage purposes or for denaturation."

The portions of the revenue bill relating to the sale of narcotics it is understood, is to be rewritten in part by Representative Rainey and inserted into the conference agreement. It is Mr. Rainey's hope now to frame a section which will so amend the Harrison Narcotic act of Dec. 17, 1914, as to make impossible a lucrative trade in medicines and other concoctions containing a small percentage of habit-forming drugs.

This problem has been discussed by the conferees and it is understood that the House suggestions, with the McCumber amendment, are not considered satisfactory. Mr. Rainey has taken a firm stand in this connection. He has stated to the conferees that drastic action is imperative and has quoted figures which he asserts show that the use of habit forming drugs has been increasing in an alarming degree, especially in States which have adopted prohibition.

The Senate amendment, reducing the House tax of 20 per cent. on the selling price of all beverages containing less than one-half per cent. derived wholly or in part from cereals, to 15 per cent., is adopted. The Senate amendment also cuts in half the House tax on ginger ale, root beer, artificial mineral waters, other carbonated waters or beers and other soft drinks sold in containers (except fruit or berry juice), making the tax 10 per cent. on the selling instead of 20 per cent. The tax on natural mineral waters and other table waters sold in containers is made 5 per cent. of the selling price.

On and after May 1, 1919, a tax will be charged against soda fountains and ice cream parlors aggregating 1 cent for each 10 cents or fraction thereof charged a customer. The tax must be paid by the customer to the dealer and turned over by him to the Government.

EX-KAISER MADE ILL BY CHOPPING WOOD

Contracted Chills From Overheating—Dutch Forbid His Removal to Another Castle.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—The immediate cause of William Hohenzollern's repeated chills is, according to authoritative information, overheating while performing his favorite exercise of sawing and chopping wood.

The former Emperor was accustomed to this work before the war, and when he was informed that his walks in the neighboring woods called for the services of too many guards in order to prevent him from being annoyed by spectators, and perhaps also to prevent molestation of a serious nature, he decided to resume his old pastime within the castle precincts.

Among the great piles of baggage brought across the frontier for his use was a case of tools weighing 400 pounds. This was unpacked, and the ex-Emperor began work with his usual energy, occasionally increasing his labors in an effort to forget the terrible worry connected with his abdication and the complete change in his position.

He was already suffering because of the damp climate, which affected his ear and throat, and was generally run down. The work caused him to perspire freely, and while passing through a corridor of the castle a strong draught struck him, causing the first serious chill, which confined him to his bedroom for several days. Professor Lanz of Berlin attended him throughout.

When he had partially recovered he again started in on the heavy manual work and suffered a relapse which meant a further period of confinement.

Late last week he showed improvement, and as the weather was fine he began this time work within the castle grounds, which included the digging of an irrigation channel in the flower garden. The result was a renewed chill and a further sojourn in his apartment, where he was ordered to remain for the present.

Herr Hohenzollern's freedom of movement is not only restricted by the state of his health, but also by the Dutch authorities, who stepped in to prevent him from removing to Count Pueckler's castle at Belmonte, near Wegeningen, which they declared was unsuited.

The ex-Emperor is becoming increasingly irritable under unaccustomed restrictions, and this feeling is augmented by the gradual departure of many of his old servants, who find life in Holland under the circumstances unbearable. Dutch domestics, who are filling their places, do not attain the same perfection of obeisance as the Imperial servants, who for years were accustomed to foresee the requirements of their sovereign.

It is probable that before many weeks the entire German personnel will have disappeared, and the former monarch, who never could do any simple thing for himself in the way of dressing, will be cast on his own resources.

His recent ailments have had a marked effect on his physical and mental condition. Mrs. Hohenzollern, who acts as his nurse, is now in fairly good health and goes out occasionally to tea.

DOG SAVED THE AMERICANS.

His Presence Warned Outpost Sentinel of Bolshevist Ambush.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES IN NORTHERN RUSSIA, Dec. 16, (Associated Press.)—A white "husky" dog, apparently the mascot of a Bolshevist regiment, recently saved an American company from an ambush in the bush-whacking war near Kadish.

The American had a large rear guard outpost a mile behind the town, and the Bolsheviki, heavily reinforced, and with considerable artillery, began shelling the American positions. The Americans successfully repulsed all attacks and were keenly watching the swamps bordering the road in their rear.

One afternoon a sentinel of the rear guard, who had participated in previous engagements, during which a white "husky" dog appeared with the Bolshevist forces, saw the dog in the woods.

His warning, followed by a bit of scouting, led to the discovery that the Bolsheviki were moving through the swamps to cut off the Americans in the rear at the Petrograd road. The troops were able to withdraw in the darkness to the positions behind a bridge over the Emtsa River.

The battles around Kadish have been the most stubborn and difficult that the Americans have had in Russia up to this time. In their advance beyond the town they were constantly harassed by bushwhacking parties appearing simultaneously in their rear and on both flanks in the swamps.

The original crossing of the Emtsa River, in the direction of the town, was attempted three times by the Americans, with considerable losses, before it was finally accomplished.

Difficulties of moving transport trains of little Russian peasant carts over the swampy roads have led to many hardships, including shortage of rations, and at one time, miles from his medical equipment, the American surgeon was forced to amputate the leg of a wounded man with a penknife.

TO HEAR TAFT ON LEAGUE.

Ex-President Will Attend Congress for the League of Nations.

The first installment of a total of 300,000 invitations for the "National Congress for a League of Nations" was mailed yesterday by the National Headquarters of the League to Enforce Peace. This congress will be held under the auspices of the league and its State branches in nine different sections in as many big cities throughout the United States during the twenty-three days beginning Feb. 5. The sectional conventions will follow each other at intervals allowed for the arrival of the special car in which William H. Taft, President of the league, and a corps of speakers will make a complete circuit of the country, going west by way of Chicago, Minneapolis, and Portland and returning by way of San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Kansas City, and Atlanta.

The dates and places of the nine conventions are New York, Feb. 5-6; Boston Feb. 7-8; Chicago, Feb. 10-11; Minneapolis, Feb. 12-13; Portland, (Ore.,) Feb. 16-17; San Francisco, Feb. 19-20; Salt Lake City, Feb. 21-22; St. Louis, Feb. 25-26; Atlanta, Feb. 28 and March 1.

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

ORLANDO HAS NEW MINISTRY

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

least worthy of arbitration and they rebuked Sonnino for his attitude.

This sentiment against the Minister of Foreign Affairs grew until the Austrians capitulated on Nov. 4 to General Diaz, and it was generally believed that Sonnino could not preserve his attitude and keep his portfolio.

This was the situation when the Jugoslav National Committee and several other nationalist organizations issued manifestoes claiming extensive territory in Gorizia and Gradesca, Istria and Dalmatia, and even the city of Trieste, and declared that they were ready to fight for their possession. Two regiments of Croations terrorized the City of Fiume until driven out by the Italian troops. To the Croatians the Austrian fleet was first surrendered. Then an order was sent out from the newly constituted Jugoslav Government at Agram for the Jugoslavs to mobilize, which, save for Serbia and Montenegro, was contrary to the armistice terms of Nov. 4.

These acts caused a change in the public opinion in Italy and strengthened Sonnino's position. Then in the last week in December Leonida Bissolati attempted to turn the tide by resigning the portfolio of Military Aid and War Pensions. He declared at the time, according to a dispatch from The London Morning Post's Rome correspondent:

"I have failed to move Baron Sonnino away from these three clauses of the secret treaty of London: (1) Annexation of a large portion of Dalmatia from Hissariki and Trebulje to Cape Planpa, (Article 5;) (2) Permanent retention of all the thirteen islands of so-called Dodecannese with their almost exclusively Greek population, (Article 8,) and (3) Inclusion within Italian territory of the German population of the Northern Tyrol as far as the Brenner, (Article 4).

"Baron Sonnino insists on the absolute intangibility of the secret treaty of London; but, on the other hand, that does not include Fiume, which the treaty (Article 5 and Note 2) assigns 'to the territory of Croatia, Serbia, and Montenegro,' whereas I claim that Italian city for Italy, but would give Dalmatia to the Jugoslavs."

The Church party also voiced a policy of non-intervention, with measurable concessions to the Jugoslavs.

Nitti followed Bissolati's example and resigned on Jan. 13, believing that the non-intervention Socialists and Clericals would be strong enough to overthrow the Orlando Government, especially the uncompromising Sonnino, and place himself at the head. His popularity, however, had been gradually diminishing ever since it became known that in December, 1917, he had advised the Government to withdraw and make peace with Austria-Hungary unless England and France furnished stronger support to the Italian armies.

In regard to President Wilson's speeches in Italy, each side interpreted them in its favor, but Sonnino and the Irredenta faction derived added inspiration from them because the United States had not recognized Jugoslavia as a nation, and from the fact that the Italian Ambassador at Washington, Conte Vincenzo Macchi di Cellere, told Baron Sonnino how they should be interpreted.

The new Ministers from General Dall' Olio to Admiral di Revel and the President of the Bank of Italy, are all strongly behind Sonnino in carrying out to the full Italy's claims to the Adriatic littoral unless the Jugoslavs cease their antagonism and show themselves ready to let the Peace Congress decide their claims without attempting to establish them by force. Among the Jugoslavs, however, only Serbia and Montenegro, which have not yet given their full support to the Croatian and Slovene program of Agram, have any standing at the congress.

D'ANNUNZIO COUNSELS BOMBS FOR BISSOLATI

Poet Publishes Six Columns of Denunciation of Italian Anti-Annexationists.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Jan. 15.—Fresh fuel to feed the fiery outburst of sentiment in Italy is furnished today in a passionate rhetorical manifesto from the warrior poet, Gabriele D'Annunzio, demanding the inclusion of all Dalmatia in the Kingdom of Italy. This extraordinary manifesto fills six columns of a special edition of the newspapers. D'Annunzio follows it up with a torrent of merciless invective against Signor Bissolati and that portion of the nation which indorses his renunciation policy, by writing boldly:

"No bones, no scraps, no rags, no bartering, no frauds! Enough! Enough! Overturn the counters! Smash the false balances! If it becomes necessary, we will confront the new conspiracy after the fashion of the Italian arditi, with a bomb in either hand and a knife between the teeth!"

Contrary currents of public feeling on the question are coursing with such violence that the annexationist counter-demonstration, which was to have been held last night at La Scala Opera House, with the intention of introducing several Dalmatian orators, had to be vetoed at the last moment by the police.

It is stated that Signor Bissolati, the Socialist ex-Minister who during the past decade has been one of the most prominent figures in the Italian political arena, intends to deliver before his constituency in Rome the speech which mob violence prevented his making at Milan, in explanation of his break with the Orlando-Sonnino coalition, and that this event will mark Bissolati's final retirement from political life.

WILSON'S REPLY TO DANES.

He Wires Thanks to the Rigsdag for Expressions of Confidence.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 15.—The President of the Danish Rigsdag, or Diet, with all the members standing, today read the following reply to a telegram from the Rigsdag received from President Wilson:

"I am deeply grateful for the beautiful telegram addressed to me by the Danish Rigsdag, and I beg you to express to the members of both houses my great delight and appreciation of the confidence placed in me.

"WOODROW WILSON."

ADVERTISEMENT.

White Rock

Unsurpassed Mineral Water

Dobbs Hats
Fifth Avenue
620 TWO SHOPS 244
near 50th St. near 28th St

Englishcoats for men
Smart furs for women

We are Loaning
in Queens and Nassau on improved property. Rates and charges reasonable.
First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City, N. Y.

ADDRESS
"With the Am. E. F. in France"
Gen. T. Coleman du Pont
Sunday Evening, Jan. 19, at 8
NEW CHURCH, 35th St. East of Park Ave.
SEATS FREE

PLAZA ART ROOMS, INC.
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER.
8-7 E. 59th St. E. P. O'REILLY.

5th Ave. Stewart & Co. At 37th St.
Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

A most interesting showing of

Distinguished Spring Apparel

Presenting charming, individualized fashions, accurately portraying the newest conceits of the World's master modistes.

New models are being constantly added to our already complete assortments.

Prices are attractively low

Smart New Spring Dresses

In a variety of unique and exquisite designs, especially featuring the smart new silhouettes, for sports and all occasions of daytime and evening wear.

Georgette, Foulard, Chiffon, Tricolette, Organdie, Voile, Canton Crepe, Crepe de Chine, Moonglo, Satin, Taffeta, Tricotine, Ruff-a-Nuff, Crepe Meteor.

24.50 to 198.50

Smart New Spring Suits

Exact reproductions of the most worthy models created by noted designers. Chic tailored, box coat and sport models, in an unusual diversity of smart new styles.

Fashioned of Poulette, Tricolette, Serge, Wool Jersey, Tricotine, Poiret Twill, and Shantung. Some have smart vests and waistcoats of Silk Duvetyn.

29.50 to 149.50

Also an unusual assortment of smart new Sport Skirts, Sweaters and Blouses on hand at extremely low prices.

Smartly Tailored Street Dresses
Specially Priced Today at
26.00
An infinite variety of unusually smart frocks, suitable for street wear. The materials include Wool Velour and Serge. Smartly man tailored or handsomely embroidered in unusually attractive designs.

On Sale at Saks Today—
3,500
Knitted Silk Cravats
Regularly $1.50 to $2.50
At 95c
The biggest value in fine Knitted Silk Neckwear ever offered in Manhattan. Many of them are hand-frame made, and none of them were ever sold anywhere for less than $1.50.
They come in narrow and full widths, so made as to be a perfect knot, in all the riches of the rainbow—
Purple with White, Bonnie Heather Mixtures, Rich Two-tone effects, Soft shadings of Brown with a Mellow Green, Two-tone effects, and a host of Two-color Stripings

900 Knitted Silk Mufflers
Regularly $3.95 to $7.50
At $2.45
¶ Fine Accordion Knitted Silk Mufflers, offered at this remarkably low price because of slight imperfections in weaving. They are in smart two-tone colorings, in variety sufficient to satisfy any man's preference.

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY
IF our Evening Clothes were not the *finest* in New York, our Evening Clothes business would not be the *largest* in New York. That's certainly reasonable—and reasonably certain.
Dress Suits: $40 up
Tuxedos: $35 up
Dress Vests: $3.50 to $12
Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Men's Overcoats, Ulsters
Finely Tailored Suits
At Money-Saving Prices
Midwinter sale of overcoats and ulsters. Semi-annual sale of men's suits,—we hold one in January and one in July. No other men's clothing sales.
Coats and Ulsters, $23.75 and $29.75
Five hundred splendid coats, taken from regular stock and marked down. Ulsters, Town Ulsters, Slip-ons—the popular styles and fabrics.
$40,000 Worth
of Suits Reduced
Every suit in the house, except evening clothes, marked down. Finely tailored, correctly cut, all-wool garments. For men and young men.
Prices: $23.75, $28.75, $32.75, $36.75, $43.75
Fourth Floor.

Macy's Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.
Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

"R. S. V. P."
You can answer with good grace if your evening clothes show a sense in the fitness of things.
Dress Suits and Tuxedos
Which invite courteous scrutiny and upon close inspection display several superior qualities.
Fabrics, Unfinished Worsteds, silk lined throughout. Tailored to a degree of perfection desired by men who demand clothing with more than surface virtues.
Cut on the slim, clean-cut lines essential to modern evening dress. Full Dress Coat or Tuxedo and Trousers, $34.50.
Full Dress Vests $3.49 to $6.75
Pique, mercerized materials, silk mixtures, black and white stripe, Black Moire and brocade. V Shape.
Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway.
Pique Dress Shirts, $2.24
Bosoms of imported Pique, Bodies of sheer cambric. Cuffs either Pique or plain linen.
Dress Ties, 44c and 68c
Imported French Pique and mercerized.
Full Dress Reefers
Black and White accordion weaves, also plain white or pearl crochet weaves, $4.89 and $5.89.
Silk Socks, $1.39
A degree of elegance is added to the well wearing quality of these men's hose. Pure ingrain black silk. Lisle, reinforced sole and heel. Silk top.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.
Dress Shoes, $7.89
SUPREMACY REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
Modelled on the season's most desirable last. Fine grade of patent colt, Button kid top.
Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 35th St., Rear.
Smart Canes from $5.94 to $17.89
Snakewood with its rich coloring is ideal for a full dress walking stick. Prince of Wales crook handles either plain or elaborately trimmed.
Macy's—Main Floor, Broadway.
To Top All
Silk Hats must stay within narrow measurements of conventionality or they become grotesque and bad form. Our this season's models feature a slightly tapering crown, medium flat brim, at $6.74

Another style is a trifle belled with a conservative roll to its brim, $10.74
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.
Men's Dress Gloves
When you consider how much in evidence one's hands are you will appreciate the importance of being well gloved.
White Glace Gloves
Oversewn seams. One button model with round corners, $1.44 pr.
Imported White Cape Gloves
Full Pique sewn, either self or black embroidery on back. One fastener, $1.94 pr.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St. Front.

SHONTS IS DEFIANT TO ESTIMATE BOARD

Traction Lines' President Discusses Traffic Problems at Public Conference.

ADVOCATES 8-CENT FARES

Wants the Burden Put "on the People Who Get the Service."

At a second conference of the Board of Trade and Transportation and other civic and commercial organizations, held yesterday at the rooms of the board, 203 Broadway, for the purpose of further consultation on the transit situation in New York, Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit and the New York Railways Companies, and Travis H. Whitney, Chairman of the Public Service Commission, were the chief speakers. Mayor Hylan had been asked to attend or send a representative. His secretary acknowledged the invitation and said that the Mayor would give early consideration to it. Neither the Mayor nor any representative of his attended the meeting. Controller Craig also was invited to attend and address the meeting, but he did not appear.

Mr. Shonts in his speech said that America's entrance into the war caused radical changes in the transit situation with increased costs.

"For instance," he said, "we had long-time contracts, which expired anywhere from April to August of 1918, for coal and brake shoes and steel rails. We have still some rails to be delivered at the old price of $30 a ton. Just think of it, $30 a ton. Of course, when these ran out we had to pay the piper. We are paying $6.07 a ton for coal now, whereas we used to pay $3.22. Labor has increased by $6,000,000. And we didn't wait to be forced to pay this increased cost of labor by strikes, because we knew our men.

"When we raised the wages of those men, although we think we are fairly far-sighted, we had no idea that we were digging our own graves! We never thought that by municipal inaction or hostile action an attempt would be made to throw us into bankruptcy.

"The Board of Estimate seems to think it can work itself around into an advantageous position over us. It can't. It may get the New York Railways Company, although we'll give them a good run for their money, but if the Interborough were forced into receivership, my friends, it would be a real calamity. There is $1,220,000,000 invested in electrical railway securities in this State alone. Does anybody believe that if the electric railways of New York, the empire city of the world, were forced into the hands of receivers, what anybody would have, in your lifetime or mine, confidence to put his money in securities of a similar corporation?

Discusses 8-Cent Fares.

"I want to speak of this 8-cent fare. Of the 8 cents, we would only get 7. The city would get the other cent. We suggested the 8-cent fare because we thought the city would like to get something on its investment, and this eighth cent would pay the city's sinking fund and interest charges and make that $250,000,000, which Controller Craig says is a total loss to the city, worth something for debt limit purposes.

"Now, why don't we put this burden where it belongs—on the people who get the service? I hold that we have no more right to sell a fare for 5 cents which costs 7 than a merchant has a right to sell a barrel of flour for $5 that cost $7. Let us keep our credit good, and then, when more subways are to be built, as they will have to be built, let private capital not hesitate to come to the aid of the city because it has been said that the city did not keep its faith."

Reviewing the negotiations with the city which led to the construction of the dual system, Mr. Shonts early in his speech said:

"When the so-called dual system was proposed, in the hope of relieving, for a considerable period, the congested conditions of the subways, we opposed the plan as being uneconomic and unnecessary. We agreed, if we were permitted to do so, to raise the money and do practically the same thing ourselves, running the subways up the east side of the town and down the lower west side and making such other extensions and connections as might be necessary. But the city said 'no.' Therefore, we said to the city: 'Go ahead, and if you want us to operate all or any of the new lines, we'll undertake to do so.'

"'But that's not the trouble,' said the city. 'We haven't the money, and we have a rising debt limit and we want you to help in the undertaking. We want you to pay for half of the construction and all of the equipment, or as much thereof as you may be called upon to supply.' After thinking it over for a while we decided, although we were still convinced that the scheme was uneconomic and unnecessary, to go into it. Thereupon the city said: 'Fine. You'll get nothing except operating expenses and a reasonable return upon your investment, and we won't get any money returned for some time; but these proposed subway extensions into the suburbs will increase land values, and, therefore, increase tax valuations and raise the debt limit for borrowing purposes. The extensions will also relieve congestion in crowded centres of population by giving better homes and better living accommodations in the open-air places in the suburbs. There is a sociological problem involved in this enterprise as well as a rapid transit and financial problem. Therefore we'll subordinate the city's claims to yours.'

"That, in substance, expressed the attitude of the city authorities and hence arose the so-called preferentials, by which we get returns on our investment before the city gets anything. It was estimated that the cost of the proposed system would be $316,000,000, of which we were to put in $58,000,000, which was all we proposed to put in. If the system cost more than $316,000,000, the city was to put up the balance of our share in excess of the $58,000,000. The equipment was estimated at $22,000,000. If it cost less than that, we were to turn the difference over to the city, and if it cost more, the city was to pay the difference between the actual cost in excess of $22,000,000.

Financing of the Properties.

"The point I am trying to bring out is that the city wanted to do something which it hadn't the money to pay for and asked us to help out. The statement made in the report of the Board of Estimate, sitting as a committee of the whole, last Friday, to the effect that the Interborough, through its bankers, was able to sell its securities on the assumption that only a 5-cent fare was to be charged is not correct at all. The amount of the fare had nothing to do with our getting the money. We got the money from the public through our bankers, because we were able pretty accurately to estimate the fixed sum the properties would earn. If it couldn't have been demonstrated that the properties would earn these fixed amounts on a 5-cent basis, then the bankers would never have undertaken to sell the securities.

"Well, there came a time when the congestion became so great that it was decided that seven-car trains were not sufficient, and so we decided to operate ten-car trains. But we found, although the cars used on the seven-car trains were of steel or steel composition—most of them were steel—they were not strong enough to stand the strain of operation in ten-car trains. Therefore, we had to rebuild every one of them, at a cost of $1,235,000, which the Public Service Commission compelled us, by a system of accounting which was never used before and will never be used again, to charge to the equipment account, instead of to the capital account. Another of the so-called preferentials was interest, at 6 per cent., on the $58,000,000 we were to put into the enterprise and $22,000,000 we were to put into equipment. The fourth preferential is that which permits us to be reimbursed by the city for whatever the money we may need costs. If it costs 5 per cent. we get 5 per cent. If it costs 10 per cent. we get 10 per cent.

"And so I say it was total sums of money we were to receive, and not a five-cent fare, that enabled us to sell our securities—$160,000,000 of bonds and $40,000,000 of notes. And I challenge any one, the Public Service Commission or any member thereof of the City Government or any member thereof, I challenge, not in an offensive or suggestive way, to say that we have not carried out our part of the contract in the letter. And we now have in the bank enough money to complete the whole contract. More than all that, we had an ambition to finance ourselves in cash and not to go to anybody to borrow. So we set about laying by a surplus. One day I went into Mr. Morgan's office and I told him we had a surplus of $10,000,000. He thought that was pretty good. A while later I went in and told him we had a surplus of $15,000,000. He thought that was pretty fine. As a matter of fact, we managed to get together a surplus of $19,000,000, but I didn't say anything about that extra four millions."

Chairman Whitney of the Public Service Commission, the next speaker, said that he had no suggestions to make as to what fare should be charged, but he did want to say that it was the duty of the people to find out for themselves, because, in the last analysis, they would have to pay for the cost of operating the subways and other city lines of transportation either in fare or in taxes.

STATUS IN CONFERENCE PLEASES DOMINIONS

Autonomy of British Colonies Recognized in the Allotment of Peace Delegates.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—In British colonial quarters great satisfaction is felt at the decision, finally ratified today, to give Canada, Australia, and the Union of South Africa two delegates each at the Peace Conference, and New Zealand one. This arrangement is a recognition of the individual existence of these separate States within the British Commonwealth by the great court of world powers. The union of the empire is typified in the procedure under which one of the colonial Premiers will sit as one of the five British plenipotentiaries at the council table.

The exact fashion in which the British colonial representatives will participate in the plenary meeting of the conference has not been settled, but the main principle on which it will be arranged will be that of rotation. Exceptional circumstances may produce modifications of this principle. For instance, Sir William Hughes would figure as the fifth British delegate in case of questions in which Australia was particularly interested, if they should come up on a date when Sir Robert Borden or General Botha would be sitting at the council table if the strict order of rotation were adhered to. Similarly, Botha might displace Hughes, or Borden take Botha's place, if the question for discussion should warrant the change.

WIDOW ACCUSES POLICE.

Says Detectives Twice Visited Her Apartment and Robbed Her Once.

Mrs. Jerome Jeanne Loraine of 116 West Seventy-second Street announced last night that she was dissatisfied with the progress of an investigation which she said Police Inspector John J. Cray was making of a robbery in her apartment on Nov. 22 last, in which she charges that two city detectives were implicated. According to Thomas J. Stapleton, a lawyer of 61 Wall Street, Mrs. Loraine is the widow of Walker Loraine, a Boston banker, and is well to do. Mr. Stapleton added that he believed Inspector Cray was trying to find the men who, Mrs. Loraine charges, committed the robbery.

The story told by Mrs. Loraine is that on Nov. 22, a man gained access to her apartment by representing himself as a jewelry salesman. After an embarrassed pause, he opened the door and admitted two other men. The three, she said, then demanded $300 from her on the ground that they knew her to be wealthy. She finally gave them $105, she said, and one of them proposed that they return the next day for the remainder, after she had refused to supplement the gift with jewelry.

Mrs. Loraine said that when she demanded an explanation from the manager of the house, he said the two men were allowed to go to her apartment after they had said they were detectives and had shown their badges. After Mr. Stapleton at Mrs. Loraine's request had notified the police of the incident, two detectives were assigned to the case and she was summoned to Headquarters to identify one Collins as the pretended jewelry salesman. This man had been arrested, but was released because her identification was not absolute.

Last Saturday, Mrs. Loraine charges, two men broke into her apartment and she recognized one of them as the "salesman," while the other said he was a detective. When she demanded that the detective arrest the other man he refused, and, instead sent him away and begged Mrs. Loraine to forget the incident. After this was reported to the police Mrs. Loraine declared she identified a detective at Headquarters as the man who broke in with the "salesman." She asserted that Inspector Cray then directed this man to find the others concerned, but that she had heard nothing since from the police.

Inspector Cray said last night that the men Mrs. Lorraine identified admitted having visited Mrs. Lorraine's apartment on only one occasion in connection with the investigation into the original robbery. He added that he was making a personal investigation of the whole case.

WILL DISCUSS CONVENTIONS

County Republicans Refer Nomination Plan to a Special Committee.

A resolution favoring a return to the old convention system of making party nominations introduced by Robert E. Heydt, leader of the Ninth Assembly District, was the subject of considerable debate at the January meeting of the Republican County Committee last night. In behalf of his resolution Mr. Heydt asserted the direct primary system had not accomplished its purpose and had made it almost impossible to obtain nominations without large expenditures. Robert W. Bonynge moved an amendment providing for the election of delegates to the party convention by direct primaries and made it imperative that these delegates be seated.

A substitute resolution was finally introduced by Collin H. Woodward and adopted by the committee which referred the matter for consideration to a special committee of eleven members, the committee to be instructed to draft a bill for presentation to the Legislature and report back to the County Committee, with a minority report, if any, before sending it to Albany.

Memorial resolutions were adopted on the death of Colonel Roosevelt and George R. Sheldon, who for years was Treasurer of the County Committee. The Roosevelt resolution read in part as follows:

"No memorial can adequately recite the varied activities of his wonderful career. The history of our republic in the last quarter of a century bears the imprint of his moral courage and great vision of a statesman, his gallant conduct as a soldier, and his undeviating adherence to American principles, whether in public or private life. Of all his services to his country none have surpassed the patriotism of his later years. With limitless energy and without fear he preached and exemplified a dauntless Americanism."

FIND MURDERED GIRL IN LOT IN QUEENS

Marie Riddell, Young Stenographer, Attacked as Was Mrs. Southland in Bay Ridge.

FELLED WITH A BLUDGEON

Victim Was Robbed of Watch and Money—Body Carried to Hiding Place.

The best detectives in the city are bending every energy to the task of finding the man who killed Miss Marie Elizabeth Riddell, 17 years old, on Wednesday evening near her home, at 1,839 Briggs Avenue, in the Glen Morris district of Richmond Hill, Queens, and who also probably murdered Mrs. May Southland in a vacant lot near her home in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, last week. The two crimes were so similar in their details that the detectives and police of the Richmond Hill precinct believe that if they find the murderer of one woman they will have the man who killed the other.

In each case the victim was struck down with a blow on the back of the head with some blunt instrument, causing probably instant death. In each case the left glove of the victim was carried away by the murderer.

Miss Riddell's body was found early yesterday morning in a vacant lot only 150 feet from her home, to which she was returning from business. She was attacked about 7 o'clock on Wednesday evening. The girl's weekly pay of $20 as a stenographer in the employ of the Globe Indemnity Company of 15 William Street, Manhattan, which she received on Wednesday, was taken from her handbag; and her gold wrist watch, a Christmas gift of her father, Thomas Riddell, was gone.

Miss Riddell had been employed by the Globe Indemnity Company since she was graduated from the Richmond Hill High School two years ago. She was an only child, and had lived with her parents in Glen Morris for eight years. As usual, she started for her home on Wednesday afternoon, taking the Fulton Street elevated line, in Brooklyn, to Liberty and Lefferts Avenues, Morris Park, and started to walk half a mile to her home. Briggs Avenue is built up with comfortable cottages and is well lighted, but at that hour all the residents were at dinner, and apparently only the girl and her murderer were upon the street.

The lot where the body was found is only half a block deep and about sixty feet wide. There are houses on each side and in the rear, but no one heard any outcry. It seemed evident that one blow killed Miss Riddell and that her body was then carried about fifty feet into the lot, where it was found. No weapon was found, although there was a bar of iron not far away. It bore no bloodstains, however, and is not believed to have been the instrument used.

A novel which Miss Riddell had been reading on the train was picked up on the sidewalk in front of the lot about 7:30 Wednesday evening by her 10-year-old cousin, John McCann, who lives in the house just south of the lot. He recognized it and took it to the girl's parents. They thought Marie had dropped it accidentally, and when she did not come home concluded she must be in some neighbor's home and did not become anxious.

Dorothy Dufion, 10 years old, of 1,816 Church Street, whose home bounds the lot at the rear, found the body yesterday morning, when she glanced from a rear window and saw it.

In their search for the murderer the police questioned two young men, who quickly cleared themselves.

PLACE MRS. LEBAUDY IN JAIL

Pleads Not Guilty to Murder in the First Degree.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Jan. 16.—Mrs. Augustine Lebaudy, who shot and killed her husband, Jacques Lebaudy, at their home in Westbury on Saturday, was arraigned in court today on a charge of murder in the first degree, to which she pleaded not guilty. Although several physicians had asserted that Mrs. Lebaudy's health might be jeopardized by immediate imprisonment, she was taken direct to the jail here when the legal proceedings had been complied with, but the medical statements had the effect of providing special accommodations, and instead of occupying a cell in the regular tier, a room adjoining the apartment of the matron, Mrs. Seaman, was prepared for her.

The arraignment of Mrs. Lebaudy was decided upon after County Physician Guy F. Cleghorn had visited the Lebaudy cottage and had informed Sheriff Seaman and District Attorney Weeks that her physical condition was not of such a serious nature as to act as a bar in any proceedings to be taken by the county authorities. Sheriff Seaman called for her in his car and took her to the office of Justice of the Peace W. R. Jones, where Constable Leonard Thorne, who was the first officer to reach the cottage after the shooting, made a deposition charging her with the murder.

Mrs. Lebaudy seemed more concerned at parting from her daughter, Jacqueline, than with any part of the court proceedings and her imprisonment. For an hour before their separation she had talked with and fondled her daughter, and en route to the prison she questioned the strength of Jacqueline to stand the separation and to care for herself. The immediate welfare of the daughter was provided for, however, by the family pastor, the Rev. Father William F. McGinnis, who took her to the home of his brother, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas T. McGinnis, at Westbury, where she will have their children as companions.

Mrs. Lebaudy was accompanied to the jail by her family physician, Dr. Joseph E. Kerrigan, and her attorney, H. W. Moore. The Sheriff announced that no exception would be made in the case of Mrs. Lebaudy as a prisoner, and that when her health warrants he would assign her to a cell. In the meantime she will occupy the room where Mrs. Carman and Mrs. John L. De Saulles were temporarily held pending their trials. On the advice of the physician Mrs. Lebaudy's maid, Mrs. Minne Wiedmer, will be her personal attendant.

At the jail Mrs. Lebaudy repeated her assertions that she had shot her husband in defense of herself and daughter.

Attorney Moore asserted that it would be shown that threats made by Lebaudy against his wife had occurred not only at Westbury, but prior to their arrival in this country in 1906.

The legal controversy over the disposal of the body of Lebaudy appeared to have been decided in favor of Mrs. Lebaudy yesterday, when her attorney obtained an order from Supreme Court Justice Aspinall for possession. Moore had the body sent to an undertaker at Roslyn, and it was said the burial would probably take place today.

"VICTORY LIBERTY LOAN."

Glass Announces Name of Fifth Popular War Subscription.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The name of the next war loan will be the "Victory Liberty Loan," Secretary Glass announced today. The exact date in the Spring when it is to be floated has not been fixed. Originally it had been planned to call the next issue the "Fifth Liberty Loan, Victory Issue." The honor flag of the loan will bear a blue V on a whit field surrounded by a red border, the V indicating both five and "Victory."

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

OUTLINES POLICY TO GAIN SEA TRADE

Hurley Proposes to Write Off $1,000,000,000 of Original Cost of Merchant Fleet.

PARIS, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—According to announcement here today American shipping will be enabled to make rates in successful competition with other maritime nations and keep the seas open to the great business development expected with the end of the war under the provisions of a shipping policy adopted by the United States Government.

Formulated by E. N. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board, after an extensive investigation, this policy, which has been officially approved, proposes to write off virtually $1,000,000,000 from the cost of American shipping built during the war, and possibly a proportionate write-off from the valuations of American shipyards. This write-off, according to the plan, would apply to ships worth approximately $3,000,000,000.

It is expected that the moral force of the Government, in making such a reduction, will bring privately-owned shipping into the plan. As all ships constructed in the United States during the war were built by the Government, the percentage of privately owned shipping affected is small.

This reduction in shipping values to an after-the-war basis has been chosen rather than plans calling for reductions in wages. Officials were convinced, after exhaustive study, that one of these alternatives was necessary if the United States was to compete with foreign nations under the high standard established by Congress for maritime labor.

AGAWAM TO CONTINUE ON.

To Resume Voyage to Genoa After Delay in Bermudas.

The United States Steamship Agawam, which has been at Hamilton, Bermuda, for several days, will resume her voyage to Genoa, Italy, on Saturday, according to a cable dispatch received by the Submarine Boat Corporation yesterday. Attention has been attracted to the Agawam because she was the first cargo carrier built by the Submarine Boat Corporation at its Newark Bay Shipyard, and she has been the subject of investigation by a committee of the United States Senate.

According to the dispatch the vessel and entire equipment are in good order. The personnel of the engine equipment, according to Mr. Collingwood of the States Marine and Commercial Company, Bermuda, was at fault. Mr. Collingwood reports that he has made several connections to the fuel oil system so that it would be "fool proof."

The trouble was not with the hull or construction of the Agawam, according to her builders, but with the engine. The engines, they say, which have been assigned to the vessels built by the Submarine Boat Corporation are not doing what was expected of them. After many trials of the Agawam, the engines finally passed the Government test and the Agawam started on her voyage. At the Newark Bay Shipyard twenty hulls are now waiting for engines, it was said yesterday.

Vice President Henry R. Sutphen of the Submarine Boat Corporation, who evolved the plan to build the standardized ships, said that he felt that his company was not getting a square deal." It had built the ships, he declared, but it was being criticised by Congress and the public, because only one vessel had been accepted, whereas the company had nothing to do with the delay and was helpless.

POLAND TO PROTECT LITHUANIA FROM REDS

Takes Over Temporary Government—Esthonians Recapture Dorpat From Bolsheviki.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The Polish Government has provisionally taken over the administration of Lithuania to protect the country from the Bolsheviki, according to a telegram from Warsaw today. The action was taken at the request of the President of the Lithuanian Republic.

A wireless message from Berlin says that German troops evacuated Mitau (capital of Courland and twenty-five miles southwest of Riga) on Jan. 13.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 16.—A considerable success has been won by Esthonian troops against the Bolsheviki who have been invading Esthonian territory, according to an Esthonian official statement received today.

The Esthonians, the statement announces, occupied the City of Dorpat on Tuesday. The Bolsheviki, in evacuating Dorpat, which is about twenty miles west of Lake Peipus, abandoned military supplies.

WILL DISCUSS MEMORIAL.

Women's Committee to Take Up Plans for Honoring Roosevelt.

The Women's Roosevelt Memorial Committee will hold a meeting on Sunday afternoon at the home of Mrs. John Henry Hammond, 9 East Ninety-first Street, to discuss the form of a memorial to be erected by the women of the city in honor of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt. The Rev. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, will pay a tribute to Colonel Roosevelt. Contributions to the memorial fund should be sent to the Treasurer of the committee, Mrs. Walter Damrosch, 289 Madison Avenue.

Mrs. Leonard Wood is Honorary President of the Memorial Committee, and Mrs. William Curtis Demorest is Chairman. The members include Mrs. Elihu Root, Mrs. James W. Wadsworth, Mrs. Charles M. Schwab, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, and Mrs. Coleman T. du Pont.

Norway Lays Exposition Plans.

CHRISTIANIA, Jan. 16.—A Norwegian-American exposition is being planned for Christiania from Sept. 10 to Sept. 24 at the Tivoli Exposition Ground. The exposition, arrangements for which are in charge of the editors of the Norwegian Mercantile and Shipping Gazette, is intended to include all kinds of American export merchandise. The Norwegian-American Steamship Line will allow a reduction in freight on all goods intended for the exposition.

INSTANT POSTUM
is a wholesome and delicious drink for those with whom coffee disagrees

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Clearance Sales

Street and Afternoon Dresses
Of serge, tricotine, satin and velvet—beautifully made, including plain and embroidered styles.
Formerly $85 to $145 at $45—$65

Coats Capes and Wraps
Formerly $195 to $395 at $125 to $295
Luxurious styles taken from high-cost lines developed in duvetyn—cashmere velour—glove cloth and other rich fabrics beautifully trimmed with fashionable furs.

Out-of-Town Mail or Telephone Orders Filled, If Received Promptly

1879 Best & Co. 1919
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street
Established 1879
Today in the
40th ANNIVERSARY SALES
Women's New Handbags
Suede and Moire
Advance spring models—styles which will begin to be worn early and continue in vogue during the summer.
At 2.70—A practical bag of gray or tan suede or black or navy moire silk. Both are made in pouch style, finished with tassel, lined with moire silk and provided with coin purse and mirror.
At 4.50—A choice of two new bags of finest silk moire, pouch or plain style, both nicely lined with silk; one with a free swing inner compartment and mirror, the other with a separate coin purse and mirror. Black, navy, taupe.
Heretofore 6.75
Main Floor
You Never Pay More at Best's

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

To-day---A Sale of Shetland Slip-on Sweaters
Special $2.25
Picturesque new sleeveless Sweaters in fishtail and purl waistline models—with V necks.

Charming colors, including rose, coral, Nile, purple, pink, blue, corn, emerald; also white.
The Lowest Price at Which Sweaters of This Quality Have Been Offered by Us This Season.
Third Floor

A Special Purchase of Beaded Bags
Fine beaded Bags, in beautifully blended colorings and smart shapes, will be on sale to-day at the very low price of $8.95
Ground Floor

Another Sale of Skirts
Remarkable Values at
$7.75
(One model illustrated at left)

Smart Wool Plaids and Checks of Velour Cloth and Velour finished Worsteds, in black and white, or black with taupe, vivid green or blue. Straight line models, with clever pocket effects.
New Model Plaid Skirts
Special $12.75 and $16.75
(Model illustrated at right, $12.75)
A group of extremely smart Skirts, Advance Special Models, developed in finest quality Velour Plaids and Checks, in rich dark colors, black and white. Box pleated and side pleated models, with unusual belts, pockets and finishing touches.
Skirts for Southern wear, in the new Silks, Serges and Woolens, $15.00 to $45.00.

Third Floor

Our Annual Sale
Offering This Season's Finest
$25, $28 & $30 Overcoats, Ulsters and Suits
At $23.50
And $30.00, $32.50 and $35.00
OVERCOATS, ULSTERS AND SUITS AT $27.50
ENDS TO-MORROW NIGHT
The sale has met with so favorable a reception that it cannot be continued beyond Saturday night and still leave available that wide range of selection which we insist upon presenting to Brill customers, and which, of course, is still at your disposal in each of the Seven Brill Stores, offering you high grade clothing from our regular stocks at marked reductions from the former close-profit-prices which prevail here even in mid-season—prices at which no better clothing can be purchased anywhere—at both prices a choice selection of warm Wooly Ulsters and Ulsterettes.
Kuppenheimer Army Officers' Overcoats Now $30
Formerly from $45.00 to $65.00
Brill Brothers.
THE KUPPENHEIMER HOUSE IN NEW YORK
279 Broadway, 44 East 14th St., Broadway, at 49th St., 1456 B'way, at 42d St., 47 Cortlandt Street, 125th St., at 3d Ave., 2 Flatbush Ave. Brooklyn
14th Street, 1456 Broadway, 125th Street and Brooklyn Stores Open Tomorrow Until 9 P. M.

ARMY EXONERATES COLONEL E. A. DEEDS

Baker Approves Finding of Special Board of Inquiry Into Charges Against Aircraft Officer.

ADMITS HE MADE MISTAKES

But This Was Done to Expedite Production, Says Report—Hughes Wanted Court-Martial.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Secretary Baker announced today the exoneration of Colonel Edward A. Deeds of the Signal Corps of the charges made against him in Charles E. Hughes's report on aircraft production. The Secretary made public the report of the Special War Department Board of Inquiry recommending that Colonel Deeds should not be tried by court-martial, as recommended in the Hughes report.

Secretary Baker has approved the war board's report and ordered the case closed. At the same time the Secretary, in view of the wide publicity attached to the acts of Colonel Deeds, sent to Chairman Dent of the House Military Committee a letter stating that the record of the inquiry made by Acting Judge Advocate General S. T. Ansell had been approved unanimously by the Board of Review, composed of Judge Advocates Read, Millar, Tucker, and Keedy, and asking that the full report, by which Colonel Deeds is exonerated, be spread in the Congressional Record.

Secretary Baker's Letter.

Mr. Baker's letter reads:

Jan. 16, 1919.

Chairman Committee on Military Affairs, House of Representatives.

My Dear Sir: Upon the submission to the President of the report of the Hon. Charles E. Hughes and the report of the Attorney General covering the aircraft investigation, I directed that the specific recommendations contained in these reports be extracted for my consideration and for such action by me as might be required in the premises. These extracts were referred to the Judge Advocate General of the Army directing a thorough and comprehensive inquiry into the allegations affecting the conduct of Colonel Deeds. He was directed, not only to review all evidence taken by Judge Hughes, which the Attorney General kindly made available, but to secure all other facts obtainable in this case.

The Judge Advocate General committed the matter to a board of review, consisting of officers of high ability and character wholly disassociated from any previous business or personal relations either with Colonel Deeds or with any matters affecting aircraft production. This board carefully and systematically examined all of this evidence and obtained all possible additional facts, and its conclusions are, therefore, based upon fuller inquiry than was found possible within the time and opportunities at the disposal of Judge Hughes, and this examination is in effect the accomplishment of the thorough inquiry which Judge Hughes had in mind when he suggested that these transactions be examined by a court martial. The purpose of Judge Hughes's suggestion is therefore accomplished.

This record undoubtedly shows that Colonel Deeds, absorbed in the activities of aircraft production, neglected to give his personal attention to transactions affecting his personal financial affairs, and this neglect on his part gave rise to appearances which required painstaking investigation in order to show their true character.

The unanimous report of this board of review, approved by the Acting Judge Advocate General, recommends that Colonel Deeds be not tried by court-martial on any of the grounds suggested, and this recommendation has been approved by me.

Colonel Deeds was one of a large group of men who came to Washington at great personal and pecuniary sacrifice to render service to the Government in the great emergency caused by our participation in the war.

My duty as Secretary of War, with regard to any public servant under my jurisdiction, is clearly, to bring about proper punishment for wrongdoing and equally clearly to protect those public servants whose conduct is faithful and upright against embarrassment, humiliation, or loss.

Very wide publicity has been attached to the acts of Colonel Deeds as a member of the Aircraft Board. It will ever be possible to overtake the judgments which have been formed upon partial information on this subject. I do not know, but this department will make every effort to secure the widest publicity for the action now taken and for the grounds upon which it rests.

To carry this into effect, I am therefore transmitting to your committee for its information, and with the request for its publication in the Record, if the proprieties of the situation permit, a copy of the report of the Judge Advocate General. Similar copies are being furnished the Chairmen, the Committee on Military Affairs, United States Senate, the Attorney General, and Colonel Deeds.

Inasmuch as the purpose of Judge Hughes's suggestion has been accomplished, I have directed that all the records in this case be filed in the War Department and that this matter be considered as closed.

Cordially yours,

NEWTON D. BAKER,
Secretary of War.

Hughes Recommended Court-Martial.

President Wilson early last year, following the publication of the Borglum and other aircraft charges, asked Charles E. Hughes to investigate the aircraft situation. Judge Hughes's report was made on Oct. 31 and, contrary to rumors, failed to reveal or charge glaring defalcations and peculations, enormous delays, extravagance, or a general state of collapse in the earlier stages of the program, and in this respect the Hughes report was in decided contrast to the aircraft report made by the Senate Military Committee, following its investigation.

The Hughes report brought charges principally against one officer, Colonel Deeds, and recommended that the evidence in the case be brought to the attention of Secretary Baker so that Colonel Deeds might be tried by court martial. Several other officers were accused in the Hughes report with having violated the section which prohibits any Government representative from transacting business with a corporation with which he is associated. As their alleged violations of the statute was found by the War Department authorities to have been technical, President Wilson recently pardoned them.

In the case of Colonel Deeds, the Hughes report charged that this officer had represented to officials of the War Department that he had disposed of his stock in the United Motors Company, when, as a matter of fact, that stock still was carried in his name; that he had sent confidential War Department information to his former business associates at Dayton, Ohio, and that he had sponsored "grossly misleading statements" to the effect that American-built battle planes were en route to the front.

Gave Up a Large Income.

The report of General Ansell, made public today, covers about 10,000 words, and is a detailed consideration of the points raised by Judge Hughes, as well as of several other points submitted by Secretary Baker to the Judge Advocate General's office for investigation with a view of determining whether Colonel Deeds should be court-martialed.

One of the interesting features of the report is that section which deals with the business associations of Colonel Deeds, who before his appointment as Colonel in the Signal Corps had served the Government in a civilian capacity as a war worker, receiving a nominal salary of a dollar a year.

"In the early part of 1917," says this part of the report, "Mr. Deeds was a man of wealth, well known in the field of aircraft development. He was a large holder of stock in the Dayton Metal Products Company, which had profitable contracts with the British Government and other contracts with the United States Navy Department, and which had accumulated a considerable surplus in its treasury.

"Mr. Deeds was Vice President of the company, receiving $25,000 a year. He had also been a large stockholder in what was known as the Delco Company, the stock in which, owned by him and his associates, had been sold to the United Motors Company for several millions of dollars in cash, and, in addition, stock in the company. He was President of the latter corporation, drawing a salary of $60,000 a year. He was also largely financially interested in the Domestic Building Company, which owned the land and erected the building in Dayton, Ohio, subsequently acquired by the Dayton Wright Airplane Company for its principal airplane plant. On April 9, 1917, the Dayton Wright Airplane Company was incorporated, taking over the Orville Wright Airplane Corporation, in which Deeds had also been financially interested before that time.

"Deeds was an incorporator of the Dayton Wright Airplane Company, in which he had intended to become a stockholder, and of which he intended to become Vice President, until his plans were changed because of his subsequent connection with the Government.

The first allegation against Colonel Deeds considered by General Ansell was the telegram of Sept. 16, 1917, sent by Colonel Deeds to Edward E. Talbott, a former business associate, at Dayton. Concerning this the finding of General Ansell says:

"It appears that, while Colonel Deeds's real endeavor was to aid the Government in expediting its program of aircraft production, through some mistaken notion he deemed it proper to accomplish that object by a species of deceit which would result in concealment of the source of the information which the telegram conveyed. This was not only foolish, but provocative of the severe criticism which has been visited upon him and in a manner unjustly.

"Upon the evidence now before this office, however, court-martial proceedings against Colonel Deeds, based upon this transaction, are not advised. (1) No fraud against the Government nor disclosure of confidential information was intended; (2) none was accomplished; (3) the purpose of the telegram was to expedite the earnest efforts which the Government officials were making to speed up airplane production."

Sees No Attempt to Deceive.

The second charge against Colonel Deeds covered his statement regarding transfer of stock in the United Motors Company. After discussing this in detail, the Ansell report says:

"The whole attitude of Colonel Deeds from the time he was first approached with the request that he give the Government the benefit of his services, up to the time when the investigation was commenced, taken in connection with his large financial sacrifices in relinquishing salaries aggregating $85,000 a year, as well as interests in the various companies with which he had been connected, precludes the thought that he was guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

"It is recommended that no court-martial proceedings be instituted against Colonel Deeds based upon the statements in his letters to the Secretary of War and the Aircraft Production Board so far as they concerned the transfer of his stock in the United Motors Company, because (1) Colonel Deeds at the date the letter was written had made an informal gift of the stock; (2) he had instructed Judge McCann to arrange promptly the necessary transfer; (3) the actual transfer was delayed because of Colonel Deeds's absence from Dayton, necessitated by his continuous and unremitting labor for the Government at Washington; (4) the formal transfer was subsequently made; (5) there was a total absence of intent to deceive."

Ryan Commended Officer.

The Ansell report ends with the statement that the conclusion reached by the Judge Advocate General's office finds confirmation in this extract from a letter written on Nov. 13, 1918, to Secretary Baker by John D. Ryan, then Director of the Air Service:

"I feel, as I stated in a former letter to you, that Colonel Deeds performed a great service in expediting the work on the Liberty motor. If he had followed strict regulations and kept within them in the expenditure of money for the production of the first of these model engines, we would probably not have had any quantity production yet.

"I feel that the patriotic service rendered to the Government and the sacrifices made in connection therewith by Colonel Deeds outweighed any technical violations that might have occurred, and considering the conditions under which this work had to be done, if the aircraft was to take any part in the war within a reasonable time, I think commendation instead of court-martial should be Colonel Deeds's reward."

DAYTON, O., Jan. 16.—Colonel Deeds today gave out this statement, after receipt of the news from Washington as to his exoneration:

"I am naturally very much gratified by the information that is given out from the office of the Secretary of War. There has been no doubt in my mind, once the facts were really known, that everything would turn out all right.

"We have all passed through stirring, oppressive, strenuous times as Americans, and we have all tried to do our share in bringing ultimate triumph to our arms. No man needs special commendation for doing the right thing. It is assumed that patriotic Americans would do this. We have worked together to win the great war, and I personally hope, along with all my fellow-citizens, that there may be that same spirit of consideration and co-operation among us to win the battle of peace, which is our next national task.

"It has been a privilege and a pleasure to know that during the days of the immediate past friends who knew us best have known of our sincere efforts. A memory of fruitful days spent in the service of such a wonderful country as America is sufficient reward for me. I could ask nothing better for my share in this successful enterprise than that those who wished to know the truth, now have it, officially from the Secretary of War."

FOOD BOARD ENDING WORK.

Complete Demobilization of State Organization to Occur on Feb. 1.

The final session of the New York State Food Commission was held yesterday at Albany with John Mitchell presiding, when preparations were made for the formal demobilization of the body as a war organization. Gradual demobilization of the State Food Commission forces began about the middle of December and has continued until the present formal announcement of the complete demobilization on Feb. 1.

A formal report of the commission to the Governor and the Legislature covers the work of the commission from the time of its organization up to Nov. 1, last, and sets forth the actual cost to New York State as the copartner of the Federal Government in food production, distribution, regulation, inspection, and enforcement. It shows the total expenditures for administering all of these activities to be $540,251.55.

The commission was created by the Legislature on Aug. 29, 1917. John Mitchell was appointed President on Oct. 2 and the first formal meeting was held on Oct. 9, 1917. The Legislature appropriated $1,000,000 for its use, and the commission also took over an unexpended balance of $287,561.49 from the old State Food Supply Commission, out of which were paid bills of the State Food Supply Commission, totaling $22,779.94. With the latter sum deducted the total actual appropriation for the use of the State Food Commission was $1,264,781.55. The total unexpended balance of this appropriation on Nov. 1, last, was $724,530.

The commission had two offices, one in Albany and a central and executive office in New York City. Up-State conservation was directed from the Bureau of Conservation at Ithaca, and conservation for the metropolitan district from the New York office. The Bureau of Production was directed from the Albany office, the Agricultural Census from the Ithaca office.

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

ARMY BILL TO WAIT FOR NEW CONGRESS

House Committee Finds Time Too Short to Act on Baker's Reorganization Plan.

FOR ARMY OF 500,000 MEN

Vital Proposals to be Incorporated in Rider on Army Appropriation Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The War Department's bill for the creation of an army of 500,000 regulars for the transition period between the signing of peace and the demobilization of the present army, and for continuing the present organization of the War Department, including the legalization of the General Staff, was introduced in the House today by Representative Dent, Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee.

Secretary Baker and General March, Chief of Staff, explained the provisions of the bill and the necessity for such a temporary organization. At the conclusion of the hearing Chairman Dent expressed the opinion that the bill could not be passed in the remaining six weeks of the present session and suggested that the essential features be embodied in a "rider" to the Army Appropriation bill. Secretary Baker agreed to furnish provisions to be attached to the bill. This, in effect, will authorize the President to maintain an army of 500,000, or as large a force up to that number as may be necessary, and to continue the organizations and units developed in the war. Such a rider will be effective until June 30, 1920, by which time the peace terms may be known and a permanent military policy formed.

Features of the Bill.

The salient provisions of the Administration bill are:

The Regular Army of the United States to consist of General Staff Corps, Adjutant General's Department, Judge Advocate General's Department, Quartermaster Corps, Finance Department, Transportation Corps, Motor Transport Corps, Medical Department, including Medical Corps, Dental Corps, and Veterinary Corps, Corps of Engineers, Ordnance Department, Signal Corps, Air Service, Tank Corps, Chaplains, Band Leaders, Bureau of Insular Affairs, Militia Bureau, detached officers, professors and cadets of United States Military Academy, detachment for schools and disciplinary barracks, infantry, cavalry, Coast Artillery Corps, staffs of Commanding Generals, Officers' Reserve Corps, unassigned recruits, officers, and enlisted men of retired list.

The President to have authority to make such distribution and redistribution of duties, powers, functions, records, property, and personnel as he deems advisable and authority to prescribe duties, powers, and functions of officers or services, units, and organizations.

General officers of line to consist of six Lieutenant Generals, thirty-two Major Generals, and eighty-seven Brigadier Generals.

General officers of staff, except Medical Department, to be recommissioned as general officers of the line in grade and with dates of rank now held or heretofore held by them.

The General Staff Corps to consist of one Chief of Staff to have rank of General while detailed, five assistants, five Brigadier Generals, forty-one Colonels, seventy-three Lieutenant Colonels, eighty-nine Majors, seventeen Captains, forty-two regimental Sergeant Major, sixty-two battalion Sergeants Major, sixty-three Sergeants, twenty-one Corporals, 189 privates.

Appointments in General Staff Corps to be for four years.

Officers designated for various units to include 100 Colonels of infantry, thirty Colonels of cavalry, sixty-one Colonels of field artillery, and forty-eight Colonels of coast artillery.

Reserve officers to be subject to call for five-year periods.

The War Department to be authorized to conduct schools for training of reserve officers.

Promotions of officers of grade of Captain and above to be by selection instead of seniority and upon recommendation of a board of not less than five officers.

Total enlisted strength of regular army, including Philippine Scouts and enlisted men of Medical Department, in time of peace not to exceed 480,000.

Enlistment period to be three years.

The form of organization built up during the war to be continued, with chief exception of the abolition of the Inspector General's Department and the transfer of military inspection duties to the Training Committee of the General Staff and financial inspection to the Finance Department.

Universal Service Left Out.

Secretary Baker in explaining the bill to the committee said he did not consider universal military service part of the reorganization of the army. General March said the General Staff had recommended universal service, but that the recommendations were on the desk of Mr. Baker.

"What we want to do is to get them off that desk," remarked Representative Sanford of New York.

"It will be necessary to have some legislation at the present session for the reason that all enlisted men in the regular army except perhaps a limited number are under contracts of enlistment which expire four months after the declaration of peace," said Secretary Baker. "The effect of this is that if no legislation is passed there will be no army at the end of that period.

"When the armistice was signed there were 3,700,000 men in the army. Of that number a little over 2,000,000 were in Europe and Asia and 1,700,000 in this country.

"We have agreed that 500,000 men seemed the size of the army that ought to be provided. In making that decision we had in mind that some part of the army might be needed to aid in enforcing the terms of peace.

"The bill is drawn with the object in view of stabilizing the War Department's organization as it now is, to take advantage of all that has been taught us. It makes the present organization permanent. It does not deal with policies such as universal military training. If, after adoption of this bill, it is decided that some form of military training is advisable, then this organization is adequate to handle the situation."

"What led the department to decide on the figure 500,000?" asked Representative McKenzie.

"I regard that as a tentative figure," replied Secretary Baker. "It is a forecast of a situation of which we are uncertain. It may be that Congress will wish to cut it down next year. It seemed to us that an army of this size would enable us to meet the situation following the declaration of peace."

Thinks Men Will Volunteer.

"Do you think you can raise an army of 500,000 under the volunteer system in view of the relative smallness of the pay?" asked Representative Olney.

"I firmly believe that we can," said the Secretary. "There are many men who like the open-air life of the army."

Many questions relative to universal military training were asked, but Secretary Baker stuck to his position that the department should take no position on this subject until all the peace terms were decided.

"Has the General Staff worked out any plan for military training?" asked Representative Anthony.

"The General Staff has worked out several such plans which I have on my desk," answered Secretary Baker. "I have not approved any of them."

"Does the plan undertake the rebuilding of the National Guard?" asked Representative Anthony.

"It is my intention to carry out the provisions of the Chamberlain-Hay bill with respect to the National Guard," said the Secretary.

RELIEF FOR THE NEAR EAST.

Two Ships, with Workers and Supplies, Left This Port Yesterday.

Two steamships sailed from this port yesterday carrying $3,500,000 worth of foods and supplies for the people of Asia Minor. They were the Mercurius, that left Pier 61, North River, and the Western Belle, which departed from Tompkinsville. The cargo of the Mercurius is valued at $1,500,000. The supplies are being sent out by the Committee for Relief in the Near East and the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers. They are to be distributed, however, without regard to religious belief.

On the Mercurius, among many other items, were 2,000 tons of flour, 2,000 cases of canned goods, 500 cases of condensed milk, eighteen motor trucks, twenty ambulances, 500 sewing machines, 200 oil stoves, 1,000,000 yards of muslin, 750,000 yards of gingham, 50,000 blankets, 800 hospital cots, twenty-six cases of tents, seventy-eight X-ray outfits, and 200 tons of coal for hospital use. So urgent is the need in the Near East that the cargo was put on the Mercurius in record time, and she will make all speed in crossing the Atlantic.

The Western Belle's share of the cargo which is to save many lives is 8,075 tons of flour. It is her maiden trip across the Atlantic. She was built on the Pacific Coast and came through the Panama Canal. Each vessel will try to get to Constantinople first.

A party of five relief workers sailed on the Mercurius, headed by Henry H. Riggs, a distinguished student of the Armenian and Turkish languages and customs. The other members of the party are Walter E. Curt, until recently an instructor in the Naval Academy at Annapolis; J. Edward Todd, an expert gas engineer of Lawrence, Kan.; Edward E. Hadley of Des Moines, Iowa, also a gas engineer, and Thomas C. Linn. Mr. Riggs's party is one of many which the committee is sending abroad to solve the relief problem in Armenia, Syria, and other famine-stricken regions.

Less than two weeks ago the committee sent a commission to Constantinople by way of England and France. Dr. James L. Barton, Chairman of the American Committee for Relief in the Near East, is head of this commission, and the other members are Dr. J. F. H. Main, President of Grinnell College, Arthur Curtiss James, Dr. E. C. Moore of Harvard University, Dr. W. W. Peet, Dr. J. H. Washburn, and Harold A. Hatch.

The steamer Pensacola, which was also turned over to the committee by the Navy Department, will shortly sail from this port with more supplies and a larger party of relief workers.

To finance these relief expeditions, the American Committee for Relief in the Near East, is conducting a campaign throughout the country for $30,000,000.

Henry Morgenthau and Abraham I. Elkus, both members of the American Committee for Relief in the Near East, and ex-Ambassadors to Turkey, sent messages of good luck to the relief party which sailed yesterday on the Mercurius.

OPEN MESOPOTAMIA RIVERS.

Irrigation Work of British There May Revive Country's Prosperity.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Improvements of great importance have been made in the channel of the Shat el Arab, the river formed by the confluence of the Euphrates and Tigris Rivers, according to The Journal of the Mesopotamian Board of Trade. Ocean-going steamers may now go up the river as far as Nahrumar, about twenty miles above Basra.

Heretofore, small steamers were compelled to load and unload by means of lighters or native boats at these towns. Under present arrangement, the discharging capacity of the ports is 150,000 tons a month.

Part of The Journal is devoted to the irrigation projects which are now being carried out in the valley of the Euphrates.

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Building Construction

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SCOTCH WHISKEY
Is Limited & High Priced. Try
OLD BUSHMILLS
11 year old all malt
IMPORTED WHISKEY
It is like fine old Liqueur-Scotch with less smoky taste.
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FRANKLIN SIMON
BOYS' SUITS
Majority with extra knickerbockers
for BOYS of 9 to 18
Liberal Reductions on Liberal Selections!

Boys' Norfolk Suits reduced to $10.00
Formerly $14.50 and $15.75

Boys' Norfolk Suits reduced to $15.00
Formerly $18.75 to $24.50

THIS sale is a sacrifice of regular stock pure and simple. We adopt this method once a season of stimulating interest on the part of those who are not familiar with our Boys' Shops. It brings them in contact with New York's recognized Style Center for the younger male generation and enables us to show them the scope and character of our appeal to Boys.

BOYS' SHOPS—Fifth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Men's Winter Overcoats
Particular attention is called to the style of these coats, combining warmth and endurance with graceful lines.

At $22.50
This group consists mainly of those much liked, dressy double breasted skirted models, with velvet collars. Then there are regulation ulsters and a number of ulsterettes.

At $27.50
Another group of double breasted skirted models, with either velvet or ulster collars. Also double breasted regulation models and the popular ulsterettes. A very exceptional group.

***Men's Suits* $25.00**
A Saturday Special Attraction, Broad collection.

***Men's Ulsters* $42.50**
A group of our own best coats at a special price.

GIMBELS Men's Clothing Section—Fourth Floor.

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Introducing Advance Models
Women's Suits
At the Very Special Price
$35.00

Spring style innovations have their first showing in these smart Suits of Wool Velour Cloth (illustrated). Note the clusters of fine corded tucks giving new lines to the sashed coat; the high collar banded with nutria or French seal (dyed coney).

In the wanted shades of green, brown, plum or black Velour Cloth; lined with matching peau de cygne. Also at this price new Box Suits of Wool Velour Cloth on jaunty youthful lines.

Third Floor

Another Important Purchase
300 Women's Coats
Fur Collared Models
At the Very Low Price
$29.50

An interesting example of value giving, the price representing less than early season wholesale cost. Several strikingly smart models developed in all Wool Velour Cloth of the finest quality in choice shades of

Taupe, Reindeer, Henna, Brown and Green

Every garment very warmly interlined and lined throughout.

Deep Muffler and Shawl Collars of Taupe Nutria and French Seal (dyed coney)

add the final note of style to these extremely desirable Winter Coats.

The Entire Stock of Higher Priced Coats at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Third Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
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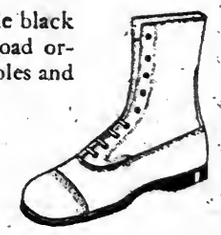
TO-DAY
Girls' and Children's
WINTER SHOES
Offered at these prices for the first time this season

ALL FRANKLIN SIMON SHOES ARE FULLY GUARANTEED FOR SERVICE AND SATISFACTORY WEAR

Children's School Shoes

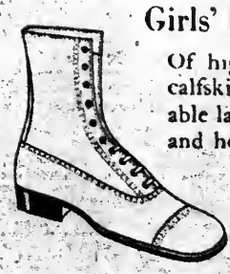
Laced shoes of highest grade black Russia calfskin, made on broad orthopedic last, with welted soles and spring heels.

SIZES 8½ to 10½
WIDTHS B to E
Reduced to 3.50



Girls' Laced Shoes

Of highest quality black Russia calfskin, made on broad comfortable last with welted leather soles and heels.



SIZES 11 to 2
WIDTHS A to D
Reduced to 4.50

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WHISKEYS		
Old Aster Rye, full qt.	$1.75	$7.00
Kinngarn Rye	1.85	7.25
Old Crow Whiskey; qt.	2.00	7.50
Gibson Rye	2.00	7.50
Green River	1.75	7.50
Private Stock, very old	2.00	7.50
Monogram	1.25	6.25
Grand Dad	2.00	—
Baltimore Club	2.25	—
Carstairs	2.25	—
Overholt	2.70	—
Hermitage, qt., Bond	2.60	—
Old Crow, Bond	2.25	—
Old Taylor 2.25 and	2.00	—
Hunter Rye	2.00	—
Duffy's Malt	1.85	—
Pebbleford	2.10	—
Kirk's Old Crow	2.00	—
Haig & Haig****	2.50	—
Canadian Club	2.00	—
Perfection Scotch	2.50	—
Johnny Walker	3.15	—
Dewar's White Label	3.00	—
Black and White	3.00	—
White Horse Scotch	3.00	—
Banff Scotch	2.25	—
Bushmill	2.50	—
John Jameson Irish	2.50	—
John Burke's Irish	2.50	—
Wise's Irish	2.25	—
COGNACS AND GINS		
Martell*** or Hennessy***	3.00	—
Jules Robin*** White Label	3.00	—
Pellison Pere ***	2.50	—
California Brandy	2.00	8.00
Gordon Dry Gin	1.00	—
Imperial Dry Gin	1.50	7.00
Lauer's Old Sloe Gin	2.00	7.50
Plymouth or Nicholson	3.00	—
De Kuyper Gin	3.00	—
Burnett's Tom or Dry	1.85	—
Humphrey Taylor	1.75	—

	Pt.	Qt.	Case.
CHAMPAGNES			
Pommery	$3.25	—	$75
Piper Heidsieck	3.00	—	72
Du Barry	1.25	2.50	30
London Club	1.00	2.00	24

	Bot.	Gal.
WINES		
Imperial Reserve Port, qt.	.55	$2.00
Graham Port	.80	3.00
Alhambra Sherry	.80	3.00
Golden Crown Sherry, qt.	.55	2.00
Virginia Dare	.80	—
St. Julien Type	.50	2.00
Claret Special	.40	1.75
Rhine Wine	.50	2.00
VERMOUTHS		
Martini Rossi, Italian		$1.10
Granier, French		1.25
MISCELLANEOUS		
Rummel	$1.50 and	$2.00
Manhattan, Bronx or Martini Cocktails, best grade	1.50 &	1.75
Benedictine, pts.		2.50
Bacardi Rum		2.00
Red Heart Rum		2.50
Grenadine Syrup, qt.		1.00
Creme de Menthe	1.50 and	2.00

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1434	"	21.64
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HYLAN WANTS ORDER IN GARDEN TONIGHT

Asks Enright to Have Plenty of Police There — Fears "Protest" at Attack on Hearst.

SOLDIERS TO HELP POLICE

Dr. Hibben of Princeton to Preside at Independent Citizens' Welcome Meeting.

On the eve of the big mass meeting to be held tonight in Madison Square Garden by the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome, Mayor Hylan wrote yesterday the following letter to Police Commissioner Enright:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor,
Jan. 16, 1919.

Richard E. Enright, Esq., Police Commissioner.

My Dear Commissioner: I am informed that a meeting will be held at Madison Square Garden on Friday, Jan. 17, presumably for the creation of a committee to welcome our homecoming soldiers, but really for the purpose, as stated by The New York World, to launch an attack on the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming troops and Mr. Hearst.

I am further informed that an attempt may be made by many of our citizens to publicly protest their displeasure at the proposed action of this self-constituted committee. I would suggest that you have a sufficient number of policemen present to see that order is preserved and to prevent any interference with the transaction of business of this or any other lawful assemblage. Very truly yours,

JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

Dr. Hibben to Preside.

Dr. John Grier Hibben, President of Princeton University, will preside at tonight's meeting, the committee announced yesterday. Among the others who have promised to speak are Dr. William T. Manning, James M. Beck, the Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, H. Montague Donner, John Drew, Father Bernard Clifford, and Dr. Nehemiah Boynton.

Music will be furnished by the 71st Regiment Band, and Joseph Barondess will sing "The Long, Long Trail" and "Keep the Home Fires Burning." About one hundred singers from the War Camp Community Service will sing community songs.

In discussing the plans for the mass meeting, Charles Stewart Davison, Chairman, said yesterday:

"It is our hope to show the returning soldiers, sailors, and marines that New York really wants to welcome them. It is, indeed, gratifying to see the way in which the prominent speakers who will appear have responded to our call.

"Thousands of seats are being reserved for men in uniform. These seats may be obtained in advance by application to the office of the American Defense Society at No. 44 East Twenty-third Street. The doors of the Garden will be open after 7:15 P. M., when persons bearing cards of admission will be admitted. As this meeting has been primarily planned as a welcome meeting for the returning troops we hope that they will attend in great numbers. Soldiers and sailors will be admitted immediately at the door after 7:15 P. M."

Mr. Davison said he had received the following telegram from United States Senator J. W. Wadsworth of New York, who had been invited to address the meeting:

"Thank you for courteous invitation to address meeting in Madison Square Garden. Wish I could take advantage of it. A combination of engagements here and in Western New York make it impossible for me to be in New York City on the evening of Jan. 17. Accept my best wishes for the success of the meeting."

Soldiers to Assist Police.

At the request of the committee in charge, about 300 policemen will be assigned to the Garden, it was said. In addition there will be hundreds of soldiers from the nearby camps, marshaled by officers, all of whom have volunteered to keep order in the Garden.

Among the prominent men and women who are represented on the Citizens' Committee as boxholders for the meeting are:

James C. Auchincloss, Richard M. Hurd, Benjamin L. Allen, Edmond Dwight, Mrs. M. L. Porter, William H. Williams, N. W. Sackett, Alfred L. Marling, E. B. Seabel, Mrs. L. B. Stilwell, C. E. Mathewson, Mrs. Alfred Meyer, John Haroon Rhoades, J. B. Townsend, Mrs. H. R. Fairfax, Mrs. W. H. Brown, Mrs. M. L. Aldrich, J. Howes Burton, Miss Robinson Smith, Robert Sands, Walter Jennings, George Eldridge, Mrs. William Jay, Miss Maude Wetmore, Caspar Whitney, Mrs. Anderson Fowler, Rabbi Joseph Silverman, Edwin O. Holter, H. E. Meeker, Dr. William T. Manning, Taylor More, Frank V. Storrs, R. W. Kelley, L. B. Ellinan, Mrs. H. P. Loomis, Alfred E. Henderson, Mrs. Charles W. Leavitt, W. R. Peters, George B. Agnew, Charles E. Mathewson, Miss L. M. Moore, Charles Stewart Davison, and George A. Hurd.

More than 100 organizations are now represented on the Citizens' Committee of Welcome. Among the patriotic and civic organizations who are interested in the work of the committee are:

America's Allies Co-Operative Committee, American Committee for Devastated France, Atlantic Yacht Club, Aeronautical Society of America, American Indian League, American Relief Legion, Art Workers' Club for Women, Bel Canto Club, Brooklyn Women's War Relief Committee, Cameo Branch International Sunshine Society, Chiropean, Colonial Yacht Club, College Women's Club, Chicago Club, Colonial Dames of America, Congress of State Societies, Presbyterian Church Club, Contemporary Club, Clio Club, Colonial Dames of the State of New York, Daughters of Columbia County.

Daughters of the Revolution, Continental Chapter; Daughter of Military Order of Loyal Legion, Delta Tau Delta Club, Edward Everett Auxiliary, Fort Greene Chapter, D. A. R.; Federation for Child Study, Girl Pioneers of America, Government Club, Harlem Patriotic League, Harvard Club, International Child Welfare League, Iowa New Yorkers, Jamaica Women's Committee, Le Salon, Le Lyceum, League for Political Education.

Lafayette Post No. 140, G. A. R.; League of Advertising Women, Machinery Club, National League for Women's Service, National Association of Women Painters and Sculptors, Missouri Women's Club, Military Training Camps Association, New York Society for the City of New York, National Society Patriotic Women of America, National Security League, National Housewives' League, National Arts Club, New York Section of the Council of Jewish Women, New York Fresh Air Fund for Adults and Elderly People, New York Society of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America, Nightingale Club, New York City Federation of Women's Clubs.

Other Organizations.

National League for Universal Military Service, New York Commandery of the United States Loyal Legion, National Civic Federation, Patriotic League, District 18; Patria Club, Patriotic Service League, Parents' League, Photeresne, Post Parliament Club, Priscilla Study Club, Ray of Sunshine Club, Rubinstein Club, Republican Club, Theatre Assembly, Texas Club of New York, Treasure and Trinket Fund, Urban Club, Vacation Association of New York, Women's National Sabbath Alliance, Washington Heights Chapter Women's Committee of Justice, Inc.; Women's Anti-Suffrage Party, Women's Municipal League of New York, Wall Street Women's Club, Women's Republican Club, Women's City Club.

Women of 1915, Y. M. C. A. East Fifteenth Street Branch, College Women's Club, Inc., Froebel Society, Harlem Philharmonic Society of the City of New York, Maryland Society, National Society of United States Daughters of 1812, Fortnightly Library Club of New York, New York Theatre Club, Current Events, Society for Political Study, Société des Beaux Arts, National American Woman Suffrage Association, National Committee of Patriotic Societies, Bay Ridge Reading Club, Women's Health Protective Association, and American Defense Society.

The members of the Executive Committee who have had charge of the details in connection with the mass meeting are Charles Stewart Davison, Chairman; Richard M. Hurd, Colonel C. E. Lydecker, Rabbi Joseph Silverman, Dr. William T. Manning, Mrs. John Blair, Mrs. William Jay, Miss Maude Wetmore, Henry Morgenthau, and Taylor More. Ex-Judge William E. Cohen is Chairman of the Membership Committee, and his associates are Miss Robinson Smith, William H. Williams, and Alfred E. Henderson. The members of the Committee on Arrangements, of which Mr. Hurd is Chairman, are R. W. Kelley, Dr. Howard Duffield, and J. Howes Burton.

Mrs. Nellie B. Van Slingerland, President of the Betterment League and of the New York County Woman Suffrage Association, Inc., yesterday wrote to the Citizens' Committee upbraiding it for what she thought was lack of harmony. Mrs. Slingerland declined to serve on the committee, and said that she had accepted a place on the official committee. Herbert Wall, Secretary of the Rocky Mountain Club, recently picked to welcome Montana's returning veterans, yesterday wrote to Governor Stewart expressing the thanks of the organization for the honor.

ASSAILS THE DISLOYAL AMONG WELCOMERS

Dr. Richmond Rouses Holland Society Diners—Dr. Schurman Would Admit Germany to League of Nations.

Speaking at the thirty-fourth annual dinner of the Holland Society of New York last night, Dr. Charles Alexander Richmond, President of Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., contrasted the Government methods at the time of Washington with those of the present day. Concerning the Governmental viewpoint of Colonial days, he said:

"In those days they didn't always hang the disloyal, nor did they always appoint them to a committee to welcome homecoming troops." The rest of Dr. Richmond's remarks was drowned in a remarkable burst of applause that sprang from every corner of the big Delmonico ballroom.

Higher and higher the applause mounted, then the 350 diners jumped to their feet and cheered, waved napkins and shouted approval for slightly more than three minutes. In a break in the handclapping, Dr. Richmond interjected, "I hope I wasn't too personal," and the cheering began again.

Dr. Richmond earlier in his speech said the whole world wanted the League of Nations and that should the United States and Great Britain unite it would be a guarantee of world peace forever. He warned against the "bacillus Bolshevikl," and said America had to fear an "autocracy of mere numbers."

Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell University, who spoke later, advocated the inclusion of both Russia and Germany in the proposed League of Nations, provided they give full assurance of their honest intentions. Recalling the position of the United States in world affairs, he said:

"You will ask if in my view the society of nations should be limited to America, Great Britain, France and Italy. I answer that to these democracies I would add at once the empire of Japan, a faithful ally in the world war. But I would not content myself with this group of nations. I would give all neutral countries an opportunity of joining this society of nations as soon as they pledge themselves to accept the fundamental conditions of membership and to recognize the final authority of the great powers, whose armies and navies would in the long run be charged with the duty of maintaining the peace of the world.

"And, finally, beyond the Allies and the neutrals, I would welcome to the society of nations, as soon as they had Government representing their people and capable of maintaining order and discharging international obligations, a former ally like Russia and a former enemy like Germany, provided, of course, they accept the conditions laid down for admission to the society of nations and give satisfactory verbal assurance that they are backed by a peace-loving and law-abiding national mind and spirit."

In spite of America's entrance into the world's political field, Dr. Schurman said she would continue to have an especial interest in the New World and "despite fundamental obligations which she must not assume in relation to the affairs of the Old World, the web of international relations of European nations will be woven in the main by these nations themselves, without suggestions from America except as regards the general plan and ultimate purpose."

Seymour Van Santvoord, President of the Holland Society, presided and introduced a memorial to Colonel Roosevelt, who was a charter member of the organization. The members stood while Mr. Van Santvoord read the tribute to the departed President's great Americanism. Other speakers were Professor Franklin H. Giddings of Columbia University and the Rev. Dr. Robert Adams.

PLANS TO WELCOME 27TH.

Mayor's Committee Prepares for Return of New York Division.

Following the receipt of information that the 27th Division, composed of New York National Guard troops, might embark for home within ten days, the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops disclosed yesterday its plans for the reception. The committee expects that at least 2,000,000 visitors will be here in connection with the homecoming.

The plans, as announced, include official welcomes to officers at the City Hall by city officials in the uniform of Continental soldiers. There will be parades on Fifth Avenue and Broadway, and dinners to officers and men, as well as theatre parties. It is planned to have Fifth Avenue and probably a section of Broadway decorated in honor of the troops. The decorations of the City Hall plaza will be of the Colonial period, while Arches at Washington Square and Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue will be decorated in honor of the nations which wrought the downfall of Germany.

Arrangements have been made so that relatives of the marchers may watch the parade from seats. Otto Shulhof, Chairman of the committee in charge, said yesterday that about 6,000 seats in Fifth Avenue stores and offices had been obtained so far. At the Public Library, Fifth Avenue will be draped in sombre tones to suggest a "Court of the Victorious Dead." There will be no reviewing stands along the line of parade, but in Central Park near Fifth Avenue stands will be placed for the Mayor's Committee and invited guests.

A special feature of the arrangements will be the illuminations, arranged for by Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen. Mr. Dowling, by an arrangement with the New York Edison Company, will have Fifth Avenue flooded with powerful electric lights, with searchlights playing on captive balloons moored to the Washington Square arch.

Daniel G. Reid, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops, said yesterday that Connecticut will join New York today in welcoming home 23 officers and 1,517 men of the 56th Coast Artillery, who are coming here on the battleship South Dakota. Major Sunderland of Danbury, Conn., and a committee from that city will be the guests of New York while they are in the city.

The South Dakota will dock on the south side of Army Pier 3, in Hoboken, and the men will entrain for Camp Merritt, N. J., on landing, where they will be under medical observation before going home.

Acting under instructions from the War Department, Chairman Reid has established a special bureau in the committee's headquarters in the Hall of Records, where discharged men from every branch of the service may register their full record of service during the war. An attempt will be made to obtain the name, address and kit of every man who joined the service from this city.

RADICALS HISS FLAG AT MOONEY MEETING

Outburst in Chicago Conference Over Picture Showing Marching Soldiers.

DEBS THREATENS BIGSTRIKE

Sends Telegram, Being Prevented by Court from Attending—Gompers Bitterly Assailed.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—The extreme radicals seemed to have control of the sessions today of the National Labor Congress, called to consider a program for liberating Thomas J. Mooney and Warren Billings.

Practically every principle of the Socialists and the I. W. W. was urged for adoption in a flood of oratory which occupied both the morning and afternoon sessions. Speakers demanded the organization of an American Soviet, the press and capitalists were denounced, and the American Federation of Labor was bitterly assailed.

The climax was reached when a moving picture was shown of the Mooney case. One scene showing soldiers carrying an American flag in the San Francisco Preparedness Day parade brought hisses from some of the radicals in the crowd.

The Committee on Resolutions is expected to make its final report tomorrow, after which the convention will adjourn. The report, it is said, will recommend the adoption of the program of the International Workers' Defense League for the liberation of Mooney and Billings and make some kind of a declaration on the numerous radical ideas suggested.

A telegram was read from Eugene V. Debs, expressing regret at his inability to address the convention because of the conditions imposed by Federal Judge D. C. Westenhaver of Cleveland, when the Socialist leader was released on bail after his conviction for violation of the espionage law.

In the telegram Debs said:

"Pro speech prevails in Russia, but is dead in the United States since the world has been made safe for democracy. * * * Mooney is innocent, and the whole world knows it. The convention can do no less than demand his unconditional release and issue an ultimatum to that effect, giving due notice that if that fails a general strike will follow. * * * If the silk-hat conspirators and would-be lynchers out on the Pacific Coast and elsewhere insist upon war, let it come."

The Debs telegram was cheered.

James H. Maurer, President of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor, expressed the radical view when he said:

"If you are a good revolutionist you will not do anything to obstruct this new radical movement. The day has passed when officials can railroad a man to the gallows because of his opinions."

A message was read from five members of the Executive Board of the I. W. W. pledging to support a general strike.

O. T. Yoshihara, a Japanese, who, it is said, was formerly valet for William D. Haywood, pledged the aid of the Japanese Railway Workers' Union in the event of a general strike.

After a long wrangle, the convention by a close vote, decided not to send a delegate to the International Labor Conference in Paris, but to have the Mooney case presented by Samuel Gompers and other representatives of the American Federation of Labor now in France. Gompers and the Federation were bitterly attacked by radical delegates in the debate over this resolution.

FORM INTER-RACIAL COUNCIL

Noted Men Among Organizers—Many Races at Meeting.

The Inter-Racial Council of the United States, with its object the establishment of a better Americanism among the more than thirty racial groups in the United States, was formed yesterday at a meeting held at 120 Broadway. Representatives of the various racial groups attended, as well as members of industrial and labor organizations and many men prominent in the business world.

General T. Coleman du Pont was chosen as Chairman. Some of the others who attended the meeting were Charles E. Hughes, Cleveland H. Dodge, Lindley M. Garrison, Otto H. Kahn, James M. Beck, Colgate Hoyt, Oscar S. Straus, A. C. Bedford, Charles A. Coffin, E. G. Grace, A. J. Hemphill, Thomas W. Lamont, Daniel Willard, and Guy E. Tripp. Louis Marshall represented American Jewry, Professor M. I. Pupin of Columbia the Jugoslavs, Steffano Miele and A. Portfolio the Italians, Theodore Kuntz, Hungarians, L. V. Calrocressi the Greeks, and Lucien Jouvaud the French.

Alexander J. Hemphill, explaining the objects of the organization, said:

"The Inter-Racial Council will endeavor to provide the means, through the co-operation of industrial, educational, and other forces, by which the various races may receive a broader view of our national life, through broadened opportunity for themselves. It seeks to influence desirable immigration to make America a place in which the immigrant will want to remain and will want to cast his permanent lot.

"The further object of the Inter-Racial Council, and possibly of prime importance, will be to unite those of the many races already here and who are to remain, causing them to forget, by better acquaintance, the racial differences and racial politics of the Old World, and causing them to unite in the common purpose of making America their new home and place which shall be the better, the happier, the more prosperous, and the more truly democratic because of their coming."

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(Signed)

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ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union in a Letter to Mayor Hylan Defines Its Position

Only Arbitration Can Prevent Strike of the 35,000 Workers in Dress and Waist Industry of New York

Letters to Mayor Hylan Reads as Follows:

INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION
31 Union Square, New York City
Affiliated with American Federation of Labor

January 15, 1919.

The Honorable John F. Hylan, The Mayor, City Hall, New York City.

Dear Mr. Mayor:

I had the honor to state to you yesterday, when you were kind enough to give me so much of your valuable time, that our Union—the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union—finds itself compelled owing to the arbitrary attitude of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, to call out on strike the 35,000 workers employed in the dress and waist industry in Greater New York.

Allow me to restate in this letter what I have been permitted to tell you yesterday:—

Six years ago, a short time after the Asch Building fire tragedy, in which 147 girls of the Triangle Waist Co. lost their lives, the employers and the workers in this industry, through the good offices of Mr. Louis D. Brandeis, now Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court, entered, for the first time, into contractual relations under an agreement known as the Protocol of Peace.

The protocol was somewhat different from the ordinary agreement between employers and workers, inasmuch as the protocol not only established definite standards of work but it also provided for a number of tribunals and boards, designed to secure justice and fairness to both sides.

One of the boards established by the protocol was "The Joint Board of Sanitary Control" to look after the safety and sanitary conditions of the shops, in order to prevent a recurrence of such tragedies as the Asch Building fire; another board established was the "Committee on Immediate Action," which had as its purpose the adjustment of complaints and grievances arising from time to time between the employees and the employers in the shops. The protocol also provided that questions of importance to the employers and employees in the industry as a whole, upon which both parties fail to agree, should be submitted to a Board of Arbitration, and that the decisions of this board shall be final and binding upon both sides.

The protocol arrangement did not always work to the satisfaction of the workers. Very often, too often, complaints that could have been adjusted by the Committee on Immediate Action in five minutes were intentionally dragged along by the Association for weeks and sometimes for months, with the result that the workers who felt aggrieved would become restless and in some cases stop from work on their own initiative. Such stoppages, however, would usually be of short duration, many of which did not last longer than an hour or two.

The efforts of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control to make the shops sanitary and safe did not come up to expectations, either. The director of that board, Dr. George M. Price, in his report of December 5, 1918, states that out of the 825 shops in the dress and waist industry only 18% are without defects. The rest of them either have serious fire dangers or have dirty walls, dirty ceilings, dirty water-closets, etc., etc.

But, notwithstanding all this, we have worked under this arrangement for six years. From time to time when matters would become aggravated and the relations between the Association and our Union strained, the Board of Arbitration would be called in and straighten matters out.

This protocol was in existence for nearly six years and expired on the 31st of December, 1918. Two months before its expiration and in accordance with a rule adopted at a previous conference, our Union presented to the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association a number of requests to be embodied in the new protocol, the most important of which were:—

1. A reduction in the hours of work to 44 hours per week, so as to make employment in our industry more regular and continuous.
2. An increase of 15 per cent. in wages to enable the workers to meet the present high cost of living.
3. Permission to a representative of the Union to visit the shops once a month, in order to ascertain whether the standards established by the protocol are observed.

But instead of considering our requests as we had a right to expect, the Association notified us that unless the Union will agree to surrender a number of standards that have been in practice in the industry for the past six years and will, in addition, concede to the manufacturers the right to discharge workers at their discretion, and that the Committee on Immediate Action be eliminated, they would not renew the agreement with the Union.

On January 9th we forwarded a letter to the Manufacturers' Association calling their attention to the grave situation created by their arbitrary attitude, with an offer to forthwith submit our contentions to a Board of Arbitration under the chairmanship of any person of recognized standing in the community.

The Manufacturers' Association, however, in less than twenty-four hours, in a letter full of baseless assertions signed by its President, Mr. Morris Weiss, and drafted by Mr. Harry A. Gordon, an attorney who has made many futile attempts during the last few years to get into the Waist and Dress Manufacturers' Association to win laurels as a so-called "industrial lawyer," declined to accept our offer.

* * *

The only thing that could still avert a strike in the waist and dress industry is a change in the attitude of the Manufacturers' Association and consent on their part to agree to submit our contentions to a Board of Arbitration, composed of one person selected by the Union, one person selected by the Manufacturers' Association, under the chairmanship of any person of recognized standing in the community selected by both parties.

The question of the employers, right to discharge workers is not as difficult as has been made to appear by the employers. The Board of Arbitration, under the chairmanship of Justice Louis D. Brandeis and Judge Julian W. Mack, has on many occasions decided that the employers **have the right to discharge any worker for fair, just and reasonable cause,** but the Board has held that in view of the fact that the workers under the protocol had surrendered their legal right to strike as a remedy against abuses of the employers' prerogatives, they are entitled to a substitute for such remedy in the form of a machinery for the speedy adjustment of their complaints against unreasonable and unjust discharges. We are prepared to meet them on either side of the proposition; they may claim absolute freedom to discharge their workers justly or unjustly, fairly or unfairly, and in that case we must reserve our right to secure redress against abuses of unfair employers by such means as we have at our command; or they may limit their right of discharge and in that event we shall be quite ready to surrender our rights to strike against discharges.

You can readily see, Mr. Mayor, that our organization is doing all that is compatible with honor and sincere regard for public interest to avert this strike. May we, therefore, expect, in case all our attempts fail, that you instruct all your departments, particularly the police, that our workers be given a fair deal and not be molested in their legitimate exercises of their rights as citizens in the same fair manner as under Mayor Gaynor during the cloak strike of 1910, and under Mayor Mitchel during the cloak strike of 1916, so that the more arrogant element among the waist and dress manufacturers may not count in advance upon the city authorities as prospective allies in their campaign against the workers.

Thanking you kindly again for your indulgent attention, I am,

Very respectfully yours,

BENJAMIN SCHLESINGER, *President.*

588 MORE ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED

Reported Total Now Up to 221,377; 293 Dead Named in Latest Lists

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The War Department gave out two casualty lists today, which contained 588 names, bringing the total for the army up to 215,676. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,701. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 221,377.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 43 killed in action, 114 died of wounds, 31 died of accident, 105 died of disease, 249 wounded severely, 14 wounded to a degree undetermined, 23 slightly wounded, and 9 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 16.	Total.
Killed in action	29,098	43	29,141
Lost at sea	732		732
Died of wounds	12,558	114	12,672
Died of accident	2,386	31	2,417
Died of disease	18,236	105	18,341
Total	63,010	293	63,303
Wounded	132,117	286	132,403
Missing	19,961	9	19,970
Total	215,088	588	215,676

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

BAILEY, J. E., 47 St. Felix St., B'klyn..(DA)
BANKS, R. V., 156 5th Av.—Lt.......(DA)
BECHT, B. J., 87 Gerry St., B'klyn—Corp....(WS)
BERGREN, C. A., 115 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn....(DD)
BRADLEY, J. A., 32 Autumn Av., Brooklyn....(DD)
BROWD, W. L., 601 West 150th St....(WS)
BROWN, L. T., 835 East 156th St....(DD)
CAIN, SIDNEY J., 433 Ocean View Av., Brooklyn....(WS)
CALHOUN, F. W., 210 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn....(WS)
COHEN, A., 173 Broadway....(DW)
COLWELL, H. J., 2,068 63d St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WS)
CONNELL, J. L., 182 Lincoln St., Flushing....(WS)
DAVISON, J. L., 360 Bedford Av., Brooklyn—Sgt....(WU)
DIFEDE, J., 29 East 1st St....(WS)
DOROZYNISKI, S., 699 5th Av., B'klyn.(WS)
EUBANKE, H., 161A Prospect St., Brooklyn....(DD)
FIDLOW, B., 518 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn....(WS)
FITZPATRICK, R., 227 E. 46th St....(DW)
GERMAN, W., 35 W. 135th St....(KA)
GRAVANIS, TONY, 437 W. 41st St....(WS)
GREENE, J. J., 1,449 E. 30th St., Brooklyn—Corp....(WS)
HICKS, JAMES, 35 E. 135th St....(KA)
HOHEUSLE, A. T., Jr., 343 Essex St., Brooklyn....(WS)
KEARIN, E. J., 637 Park Place, B'klyn—Corp....(KA)
KINGSBURY, L., 200 W. 71st St—Hrs..(DA)
LA ROCCO, A. J., 236 E. 108th St....(WS)
LEHMAN, A. W., 9,004 5th Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(WL)
LOMOGONAS, J., 89 Starr Av., Long Island City....(DW)
MacDONALD, J. J., 133 Richmond Av., Port Richmond—Corp....(WS)
MARTIS, H. S., 2,316 Newkirk Av., Brooklyn—Lt....(DP)
MARTINI, A., 172 Union St., B'klyn..(WS)
MESSLER, C. G., 983 Hart St., B'klyn.(WS)
MIRABELLA, L., 1,873 Lexington Av..(DW)
MOLONEY, H. W., 39 E. 87th St—Lt..(WS)
O'SULLIVAN, T. J., 1,547 2d Av....(WS)
PEACOCK, A. E., 41 E. 68th St—Corp.(WL)
RAPPELT, J. J., Jorneau Av., Green Ridge, Staten Island—Sgt....(WU)
RICH, A. L., 204 W. 70th St....(WS)
ROBERTSON, J., 328 Bergen St., Bkn.(WS)
ROMANO, J. J., 36 Starr St., Bklyn..(WS)
RYAN, W. J., 5,312 6th Av., Bklyn....(DW)
STEFFEE, B. H., 147 E. 36th St.—Corp....(DW)
STERN, JACOB, 825 W. 179th St....(DW)
STUMPF, H., 750 Decatur St., Bkn....(DW)
WAGNER, T., 1,079 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn....(WS)
WEIR, B. G., 745 W. 171st St....(WS)
WILSON, P., 2,941 W. 27th St., Coney Island—Corp....(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BARTELLA, JOHN, Rochester....(WS)
BLAIS, ANDREW, Keeseville....(WS)
BUCKLEY, WILLIAM J., Whitehall..(WS)
BUCKMAN, ALVA, Schenectady—Sgt..(DW)
CADY, MELVILLE, Greenfield Centre—Corp....(MA)
COONEY, JOHN J., Cornwall....(WS)
COX, WM. J., Maldon-on-Hudson—Sgt.(WS)
FLINT, ADRIAN, Lacona....(WS)
GOTTBERT, H., North Tonawanda....(DW)
GROSSO, GIOVANNI, Schenectady....(WS)
GRZESCHULSKI, JOHN, Buffalo....(WS)
HUBBARD, CHARLES E., Stamford..(DD)
LACEY, CARL T., Binghamton....(DD)
LA DUCA, NATAL N., Buffalo....(DD)
LARSEN, HANS K., St. James....(WS)
LEIBER, CARL J., Herkimer....(WS)
MARCO, DELOIR A., Little Falls....(DW)
MATARRESE, DOMINIC, Utica....(DW)
MEYERS, ARTHUR B., Beacon.—Lt....(WU)
MILLSON, C. P., Utica—Corp....(WL)
MURPHY, C. J., Wellsville....(DD)
NARTOWIC, Vincent, Long Island....(WS)
ROURKE, J. F., Waterford—Corp....(WS)
SMYK, B. J., Rochester....(WS)
SULLIVAN, JOHN J., Hicksville—Corp.(WL)

ALABAMA.

GILLIS, WM. C., Andalusia....(DD)

ARKANSAS.

BUSTER, ROBERT, Walnut Ridge....(DW)
DEPEW, CLARENCE W., Marmaduke.(DD)
FAULKNER, THOMAS C., Denton....(DD)
FOLKS, JAMES H., Ward....(DD)
MILLS, EDWARD S., Gentry....(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

CHESSON, C. F., Fair Oaks—Corp....(DW)
HARBACH, ELLIS J., Riverside....(DD)
HOLLYWOOD, L. B., Alameda—Corp...(KA)
MILLER, SYLVESTER, Oroville....(DD)
SOPER, CLAUDE O., Oroville....(DD)
WESELCH, EDWARD F., Orange....(DW)

COLORADO.

BALL, RAYMOND L., La Junta....(DA)
MINNIS, JESSE C., Grand Junction....(DD)
MITCHELL, BRAYTON P., Palisades..(DA)

CONNECTICUT.

DADZINSKI, J. C., New Haven....(DW)
GEBHART, HAROLD, Bridgeport....(WS)
JOHNSON, A. G., Washington—Corp..(DW)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

MEINEKHEIM, R. E., Washington....(DD)
SOWERBUTTS, S. M., Washington—Capt....(KA)

GEORGIA.

BRINSON, JOE, Louisville....(DD)
FOLEY, FREEMAN, Scotts, R. I....(DD)
GRINDLE, WM. J., Dahlonega....(DD)
HINES, CAPUS, Horton....(DD)
HUNTER, PRESS, Leah....(DD)
McWHITE, FLETCHER, Valdosta....(DA)
MATHIS, FRED, Sandersville....(KA)
WILLIAMS, THOMAS C., Ringold....(KA)
WOOLLEY, BASIL M., Atlanta—Lt....(KA)

FLORIDA.

PEOPLES, CHARLES, Tampa....(DD)
RUSSELL, HUGH T., Jacksonville....(DD)

IDAHO.

FIRTH, THOMAS H., Firth....(DA)
ROWE, CARROL L., Nez Perce....(DW)
THORNTON, ERNEST, Thorntdn....(DW)

ILLINOIS.

ANDERSON, C. L., Litchfield....(DD)
FITZGERALD, FRANK J., Mattoon...(DW)
IRVIN, CHARLES S., Pontiac....(DD)
KOTAVA, FRANK, Christopher....(DA)
LENNMARK, RUDOLF C., Chicago....(KA)
McNEIL, MIKE, Carterville....(DD)
MATTHEWS, WILLIAM, Chicago....(DA)
O'LEARY, J. A., East St. Louis—Corp..(DW)
PETERSON, ELMER R., Batavia....(DD)
PREZZIA, GIOVANNI, Chicago....(DA)
RANDALL, PAUL S., Athens....(DD)
SILKARSKI, STANISLAW, Chicago....(DW)

INDIANA.

BROWN, HARRY L., Marion—Corp....(DW)
[illegible]HAM, RAYMOND, Rensselaer....(DD)
[illegible]VITT, C. M., Newburg—Sgt....(KA)
MERLEY, ADOLPH R., Akron....(DD)
NESBIT, JOHN M., Greensburg....(DD)
SHEW, LOREN M., Clinton....(DW)

IOWA.

BROOKS, MYRON J., Luana....(KA)
DANIEL, CLAIR, Prescott....(DD)
FAULK, DAVID E., Council Bluffs...(DW)
FRISK, ELMER L., South English....(DD)
GRIGGS, FLOYD E., Albion—Corp....(KA)
HANLON, LAWRENCE, Waukegan....(DD)
HARVEY, N. C., Greenville—Mch....(KA)
HAWKINS, GEORGE H., Red Oak....(DD)
HILDRETH, RAY A., Lohrville....(DD)
PIERCE, HARVEY C., Missouri Valley.(KA)
SHERRY, GILBERT L., Bettendorf....(DA)

KANSAS.

D[illegible], EVENTUS S., Rossville....(KA)
P[illegible]TNER, AARON A., Ellis—Maj....(DW)
S[illegible], E. H. L., Neodesha....(DD)
S[illegible]TH, JODA, Bogue....(DD)

KENTUCKY.

HARROD, UROL J., Louisville....(DD)
KING, REUBEN O., Emlenton....(DD)
KIRBY, FRANK, Bowling Green....(DW)
SEE, RILEY, McK., Mount Olive....(KA)
SKAGGS, OTTO R., Leithfield....(KA)
TUCKER, WM., JR., Louisville—Corp..(DW)

LOUISIANA.

DELCAMBRE, ANISE, Deroven....(DW)
DRODD, MAYO, Singer....(DD)

MAINE.

BRADBURY, H. V., North Waterford.(KA)
MICHAUD, EDDIE, Houlton....(DW)

MARYLAND.

CHAMBERS, J. J., Ellicott City....(DD)
KRENGEL, EDGAR R., Govans—Corp.(DA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

DOHERTY, E., Taunton—Sgt....(DA)
EASTILLA, L., East Boston....(DW)
GOSSOM, JOHN E., Winthrop....(DD)
LECOURS, E. J., North Attleboro....(DA)
McDONOUGH, T. L., Lynn....(KA)
O'DALY, PATRICK, Roxbury....(DA)
PASQUALE, D., Boston....(DW)
PEABODY, L. C., Bradford....(DW)
SPENCER, F. E., Northampton—Sgt...(DW)

MICHIGAN.

BIELECKI, L. S., Grand Rapids—Corp....(DW)
CAMPBELL, J. H., Jackson....(KA)
CAVENDER, HARRY J., Mason....(DD)
EDWARDS, FRED, Detroit—Lt....(DW)
HULBERT, ALTON S., Maple City....(DD)
JAMES, EFTON M., Port Huron—Lt...(KA)
KALVANIAN, GUREGH, Detroit....(KA)
LAMENT, PETER, Detroit....(DW)
MARRIOTT, F. R., Port Huron—Sgt...(KA)
RUSSELL, FRANK G., Detroit....(DD)
SMITENDORF, E. D., Three Rivers....(KA)
TAYLOR, HAROLD A., Port Huron....(DA)
THOMPSON, ORRIE, Kalamazoo—Sgt.(DW)

MINNESOTA.

ALBERS, WALTER J., Northfield....(DW)
BEARDSLEY, RAY O., Minneapolis....(DD)
MALLAK, JOSEPH S., Cokato....(DW)
MURNANE, JOHN D., Litchfield....(DW)
PETERSON, S. K. H., Centro City....(DD)
SOUTHWICK, JERIAL L., Warroad....(DD)
STENDER, JOHN H., Sabin....(KA)
VOSS, JOHN P., Albany....(DW)

MISSISSIPPI.

BONSLAGEL, R. R., Hattiesburg....(DD)
DAWSON, S. H., Bolton....(KA)
DOUBLEY, R., Crenshaw....(DD)
DUKE, ROY, Tishomingo....(DD)
ORR, KIRK L., Verona—Corp....(DW)
PICKETT, ESAU, Sunflower....(DD)

MISSOURI.

BEST, EARL P., Bogard....(DW)
BRENNEKE, JOHN, Meta....(DD)
BURKS, DELBERT, Prior....(KA)
HURST, HENRY, Salisbury....(DD)
LANN, JASPER T., Edgerton Junction.(DD)
LOCKHART, JOHN I., Linneus....(DW)
McNISH, E. A., Brookfield—Lt....(KA)
PRESINGER, C. M., St. Louis....(DW)
STOUT, WALTER, Des Arc....(DW)
WARD, E., E. St. Louis....(DD)

MONTANA.

ANDERSIN, E. H., Anaconda....(KA)
CONWAY, C. P., Conway Hill—Cook..(DA)

NEBRASKA.

ADOLFSON, ARTHUR E., Malmo....(DD)
DHON, ARCHIE R., Scottsbluff....(DW)
OGLEVIE, RICHARD, Shelton....(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

BISSALO, MICHAEL, Trenton....(WS)
DEMELIO, CHARLES, Beverly....(WS)
DONALDSON, JAMES, Dover....(DW)
ELLSWORTH, R., Jersey City—Sgt....(WL)
FLYNN, LAWRENCE, Jersey City....(WS)
FORTH, TOMMASI, Haskell....(WS)
HOGAN, WESTLEY T., Newark....(DD)
KARZEWSKI, RAYMOND, Jersey City.(WS)
JAMIESON, W. T., Wrightstown—Sgt..(WU)
MEROLA, PIETRANGELO, Plainfield....(WS)
NEFF, FRANK, Jersey City—Corp....(WS)
PRICE, R., Ocean City—Mch....(WL)
SENCKO, JOHN G., Newark—Mus....(WL)
WEINERT, JOSEPH B., Jersey City....(DW)

NORTH CAROLINA.

GRIFFIN, JESSE B., Monroe....(DD)
GOULD, MOSSIE L., Ansonville....(DD)
HOWARD, OLCE, Ashton....(DD)
JOHNSON, S., Charlotte....(DD)
LONG, FAY E., Ellenboro....(DD)
MALPASS, M. T., Currie....(DD)
MOORE, M. C., Mount Gilead....(DD)
PURSER, W. O., Charlotte—Corp....(DW)
SIMMONS, CLAN, Comfort....(DW)
WALLEN, G. T., Elon College....(DW)

NORTH DAKOTA.

BREMNER, G. D., Phillsburg....(KA)
BRENNAN, WM., Grand Forks....(DD)
OLSEN, WILLIAM E., Donnybrook....(DD)
PASSETT, J. P., Minot....(DD)

OHIO.

BOXWELL, C. M., Green Camp....(DD)
FEELEY, FRANK, Cincinnati....(DW)
FETCH, WM. L., Columbus—Sgt....(DW)
GILLISPIE, H. L., Hillsboro....(DD)
HAMILTON, D., Defiance—Corp....(DD)
JOBE, WILLIAM, Cincinnati....(DW)
JONES, MOSES B., Akron....(DD)
KNIGHT, A. E., Wauseon—Sgt....(DA)
MERCER, M. A., Bloomingdale....(DW)
MEYER, MINOR G., Hamilton....(DD)
MOUNTS, WILLIAM R., Batavia....(DD)
OGAN, STANLEY I., Cumberland....(DW)
PANKOW, RUDOLPH, Cleveland....(DW)
PARKS, M. L., Bowling Green—Corp...(DW)
REID, JOHN W., Akron....(KA)
ROUSH, MATHIAS B., Marion....(DD)
SOUERS, ALFRED, Barberton....(DW)
STEVENSON, JAMES, Cleveland—Corp.(KA)
WILHELM, CARL J., Portsmouth....(DW)

OKLAHOMA.

LANCE, ALBERT E., Kaw City....(DD)
ROGERS, DAVID W., Stroud—Corp....(DW)

OREGON.

HOFFMAN, WENDELL W., Powers....(DW)
HUTCHINSON, CHAS. E., Roseburg....(DW)

PENNSYLVANIA.

ANOIA, CELETINO, Atlas....(KA)
BETZ, HARRY F., Pottsville....(DD)
BOLSER, MARTIN A., Jessup....(KA)
BYRNE, VINCENT, Philadelphia—Corp.(DW)
CASSANO, VINCENZO, Erie....(DW)
EVANS, GEORGE H., Lawsonham....(DW)
FARR, CHARLES A., Chester....(DD)
HARMON, LUMAN P., Picture Rocks.(DW)
HARRINGTON, GEORGE A., Philadelphia—Corp....(DW)
HEPWORTH, JAMES T., Philadelphia.(DW)
HIMES, LEWIS, Mercersberg—Wagn...(DW)
JOHNSTON, JAMES E., Apollo....(DD)
KOCH, GEORGE D., Philadelphia....(DW)
LAU[illegible]EY, LOUIS W., Columbia....(DD)
LONG, HARRY, Johnsonburg....(DD)
MacDONALD, ALBERT F., Woodlawn—Capt....(DW)
McELWEE, THOMAS, Monaca—Corp..(DW)
MEACHAM, L., Port Allegany....(DW)
MOORE, EDWARD L., Bloomfield—Lt...(KA)
MOORHEAD, J. K., Pittsburgh—Lt....(DA)
MULLARKEY, T. J., Pittsburgh....(DW)
ORTOLANO, GABRIELLI, Arnold....(DD)
PERRINE, R. E., Franklin—Sgt....(DW)
PROTEVI, GINO, Philadelphia....(DD)
SAUER, S. H., Philadelphia....(DW)
SCHULTZ, C. H., Philadelphia—Sgt....(DA)
SHANOR, R. B., Bethlehem....(DD)
SHEA, J. F., Taylor....(DD)
SNYDER, H. A., Greenbrier....(DD)
SPYKER, B. F., Lewisburg—Lt....(KA)
STEIN, G. A., York—Cook....(KA)
STROHMYER, M. G., Sligo....(DW)
SUSKO, S. W., Brisbin....(DW)
SUTTON, M. H., Philadelphia—Corp...(DW)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

DICKSON, S. J., Westminster....(DW)
JENKINS, JOHN, Yemassee....(DD)
MYERS, FRANK, Brunson....(DD)
REYNOLDS, J. S., Columbia—Lt....(DW)
SEXTON, F. H., Union—Lt....(KA)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

GASS, CHARLES E., Bellefourche....(DD)
HAGEN, SYLVER, Marvin....(DD)
LAMPHERE, CLARENCE, Gallup....(DW)

TENNESSEE.

BARBEE, EDDIE, Brownsville....(DD)
FITZHUGH, LUTHER, Friendship....(DD)
FRAZIER, ALFRED, Memphis....(DD)
PALMER, ROY O., Knoxville....(DW)
ROSSER, JAMES N., Yuma....(DD)

TEXAS.

CLARK, H. C., San Antonio—Field Clerk....(DA)
CLARKE, ABEL, Gist....(KA)
COLLINS, JOSEPH, El Campo....(DA)
CROSBY, JAMES D., San Antonio....(DD)
GUPTIN, WINFIELD, Flint....(DD)
HAYS, ALBERT B., San Antonio—Lt...(DW)
KILLGORE, FELAN W., Abilene....(DW)
MORIARTY, E. T., Fort Worth....(DW)
WISDOM, PIERCE A., Houston—Corp..(DW)

UTAH.

CARLSON, ALVIN PETER, Mayfield...(DD)

VIRGINIA.

ASHBROOK, C. F., Richmond....(DD)
BERRY, JOHN, Dumfra....(DD)
BRUCE, R. J., Cherrydale—Corp....(DA)
CONIC, CHARLES H., Fairfax....(DD)
HARDY, WALTER S., Richmond....(DD)
KEITHLEY, EDWARD J., Hampton....(KA)
PHILLIPS, CORBETT, Peck....(DD)
SMITH, THOS. RUFUS, Diggs—Corp..(DW)
WEDDLE, CHESTER, Stewartsville....(KA)

WASHINGTON.

BUBBINS, WALTER S., Ferndale....(DW)
MEYER, GEORGE H., Vancouver....(DW)
PARKER, PAUL E., Seattle—Sgt....(DW)
ROOT, DAN W., Seattle....(DW)
TAYLOR, HENRY A., Silverton....(DW)

WEST VIRGINIA.

CROW, LESTER, Glen Easton....(DW)
MANFROI, FAUSTINO, Morgantown....(DD)
MOZENA, CLARENCE, Sisterville....(KA)
SCOTT, LESTER, Dallas—Wagn....(DW)

WISCONSIN.

AHLBORN, ALEX, Minocqua....(DD)
BILKAE, HENRY W., Fairwaether....(DD)
BINTZLER, GEORGE, Londra....(DD)
BRITTEN, MATH., Ladysmith....(DD)
FLETCHER, A. H., River Falls—Lt....(KA)
GREENING, W. C., Manitowoc—Corp.(DW)
HARRISON, WILLIAM H., Ashland....(KA)
HILL, CHARLES C., Waukesha....(DD)
KOPPA, JOSEPH H., Wausau....(KA)
LIDICKER, LESLIE C., Eagle....(DD)
WALRAVEN, CORNELIUS, Kenosha....(KA)

AUSTRIA.

MAZIARZ, JOSEPH, Fancyan, Galicia.(DW)

GREECE.

MANOS, MIKE, Camiciana, Crete....(DW)

IRELAND.

JOYCE, MARTIN J., Doughty Well, Coramona, Galway....(DW)

ITALY.

CONTI, G., Sacala, Milletello, Messina.(DW)
MINASSM, A., Cramera, Vinciana....(DW)
NAZZARENO, LIBERATORE, Paloma, Province of Chieti....(DW)

NORWAY.

PETERSON, C. S., Brounoy, Nordland.(DW)

PANAMA.

ATKINS, M. J., Ancon, Canal Zone....(DW)
COLLINS, ALOYSIUS B., Ancon, Canal Zone—Lt....(DA)

PORTO RICO.

FERRY, PEDRO, Adjuntas....(DW)

SCOTLAND.

BAIN, JAMES, Skiffe, Midelyft, Bywick.(DW)

Revised List of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY. Now Rptd. Prev. Rptd.

BARTOLI, WILLIAM, 501 E. 16th St.—Corp....(KA) (MA)
BEVERIDGE, LEONARD, 821 Avenue Q, Kings Highway, Bkn.(WU) (MA)
CINQUE, C., 463 W. 163d St....(RD) (MA)
COX, FRANCIS, 786 9th Av....(KA) (MA)
DAVID, EHRLICH, 1,029 Union Av.(KA) (MA)
DEL NEGRO, PETER, 138 21st St., Brooklyn....(In Hosp.) (MA)
ERCOLANI, C., 33 Downing St..(RD) (MA)
FEENAN, G. P., 303 Hicks St., Bkn.(RD) (MA)
FERRARO, P., 373 E. 138th St...(WU) (MA)
FORLINI, N. G., 79 Baxter St....(KA) (WS)
FORSTER, WILLIAM J., 10 1st Av., Long Island City....(In Hosp.) (MA)
FROVENZA, ANTONIO, 5911 12th Av., Brooklyn....(RD) (MA)
HARTNETT, TIMOTHY D., 56 Sumpter St., Brooklyn....(RD) (MA)
HELLER, DAVID, 61 Norfolk St.(RD) (MA)
KAHN, LEO, 229 W. 78th St....(RD) (MA)
KAPPLER, J. R., 455 W. 30th St.(WU) (MA)
KENNEDY, EDWARD, 2,523 Woodbine St., Brooklyn....(RD) (MA)
KENNEDY, THOMAS J., 907 Richmond Turnpike, Silver Lake, S. I.—Corp....(Erroneously) (WL)
LEVI, S. G., 760 Homa St....(WU) (MA)
LUTZ, T. F., 1,206 Carroll St., Bkn.(RD) (MA)
MENDES, EDWARD T., 237 East 202d St....(WL) (MA)
MESSNER, A. F., 72 South 4th St., Brooklyn....(RD) (MA)
MILANA, R., 382 Hamburg Av., Brooklyn....(WU) (MA)
NORMAN, F., 15 Kister Court, Coney Island....(RD) (MA)
NOVOGRODSKY, S., 257 Henry St....(WU) (MA)
O'HAGAN, F., 839 Washington Av....(Sick) (MA)
PEPPER, C., 1,035 Tiffany St..(WS) (MA)
POLASKY, R., 637 Stone Av., Brooklyn—Corp....(RD) (MA)
PRENTISS, C. B., 336 Bleecker St....(In Hosp.) (MA)
ROUHAN, A. J., 309 Prospect Place, Brooklyn....(RD) (MA)
RUDOLPH, A., 538 East 175th St....(DW) (MA)
SAFONTE, J., 716 2d Av.—Mch..(RD) (KA)
SCHUBERT, K., 736 10th St., Astoria, L. I....(WU) (MA)
SCOCCA, V., 22 Washington St., Jamaica....(WS) (MA)
SCOTT, J. M., 1,129 Jefferson St., Brooklyn....(WU) (MA)
SKEER, A., 104 15th St., Brooklyn....(WS) (MA)
STITT, A., 1,289 43d St., Brooklyn....(RD) (MA)
SULLIVAN, P. M., 149 West 98th St....(RD) (MA)
SUSSMAN, L., 1,237 3d St....(Sick) (MA)
TUBINO, C., 20-24 Hancock St...(WU) (MA)
VACCARO, J., 452 West 53d St.(WU) (MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE. Now Reptd. Prev. Reptd.

BENSON, GUSTAVE, Cohoes....(WU) (MA)
CIESLA, J. S., Lackawanna....(WU) (MA)
ERNSTINE, F. C., Buffalo—Sgt..(RD) (MA)
FLANDREAU, W. A., Hollis..(Hosp.) (MA)
GAMBY, P. J., Saratoga Springs—Corp....(WU) (MA)
GOODRICH, S., Plattsburg....(KA) (WU)
HELENEK, STEPHEN, Maspeth.(Hosp) (MA)
KOKOCINSKI, M. F., Dunkirk....(WS) (MA)
KOMISAREK, JOSEPH, Buffalo. (D) (MA)
MILLER, ERNEST, Lincoln....(RD) (KA)
NAGELE, W. H., Kingston....(Hosp.) (MA)
SCHILDEN, J. H., Kingston....(WU) (MA)
SIMMONS, S., Copenhagen....(RD) (MA)
TROUTWINE, E. J., Gloversville.(RD) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

ALTMAN, L., White Lake, S. D.(KA) (MA)
ANDERSON, N., Nelson, Minn...(DW) (MA)
ANDRICCILLO, A., Chicago, Ill.(DW) (MA)
ARDIS, J. B., Brownsfield, Tex.(KA) (MA)
ASTON, G., Hartford, Conn....(WS) (MA)
BISHOP, C., Blackwater, Va....(KA) (MA)
BOHN, H., Cleveland, Ohio—Corp.(DW) (MA)
BOWEN, E., Sheboygan, Wis...(KA) (MA)
BRADY, W., Nerberlin, N. C....(D) (MA)
BRANDAU, E. H., Detroit, Mich.(DW) (MA)
BREWER, E., Haynes, Ark....(DW) (MA)
BROOKS, M. L., Waco, Texas...(Erroneously) (KA)
BROOTHEN, G. O., Chicago, Ill.(KA) (MA)
BROTHERTON, W. E., Guthrie, Ill.—Lt....(KA) (MA)
BURDETT, R. M., Lynn, Mass. (D) (MA)
BURNS, R. M., Cambridge, Vt.(WU) (DW)
BYIERS, J. S., Bumpass, Va....(KA) (MA)
CLARK, J., Waterbury, Conn...(RD) (MA)
CONROY, F. J., Burlington, N. J.—Lt....(Erroneously) (WS)
CROWLEY, B. A., Bradford, Conn....(In Hosp.) (MA)
DEERING, W. B., Cedar Springs, Mich.—Corp....(RD) (DW)
DELLANIPRETE, C., Jeannette, Penn....(KA) (MA)
DEMKO, PETER, Dunmore, Penn.(KA) (MA)
DOYLE, J. J., Scranton, Penn...(DW) (MA)
DUGAN, WM., Elizabeth, N. J..(KA) (MA)
DUGAN, W. J., Richmond, Va...(KA) (MA)
EDGREN, O. G., Munson, Penn. (D) (MA)
ELLENBERGER, FRANKLIN, Wilmington, Ohio....(KA) (WS)
ERICKSON, K. A., Minneapolis, Minn....(RD) (KA)
ERNHARDT, F. L., Mount Pleasant, N. C....(RD) (KA)
ESQUIRA, M., Parlin, N. J....(RD) (MA)
FAGAN, FRANK, Lancaster, Penn.—Sgt....(DW) (MA)
FAY, E. J., Rhinelander, Wis..(KA) (MA)
FERRINI, E. P., San Luis Obispo, Cal....(KA) (MA)
FILIPPELLO, D., Andoli, Italy..(KA) (MA)
FLACK, F. J., Volant, Penn....(KA) (MA)
FURPHY, J., E. Newark, N. J.(WU) (MA)
GAYLOR, J. M., Mahaffey, Penn.—Corp....(DW) (MA)
GILL, G. G., Independence, Kan.—Corp....(KA) (MA)
GLEASON, D. A., Hartford, Conn....(Sick) (MA)
GOCHNOUR, C. G., South Fork, Penn....(DW) (MA)
GOLDSMITH, G. V., Huey, Ill...(DW) (MA)
GRIFFIN, N., Elmo, Ark....(KA) (WS)
GULFO, D. A., Jersey City, N. J.—Corp....(WS) (MA)
HANSEN, F. S., Lakepark, Iowa.(KA) (MA)
HASH, J. H., Elwood, Mo....(RD) (KA)
HASS, L. J., Ute, Iowa....(KA) (MA)
HATFIELD, M. H., Worthington, Mo....(KA) (MA)
HAYWARD, W. E., Springfield, (Mo.)....(KA) (MA)
HENDRICKS, G. L., Erie, Kan..(KA) (MA)
HOLDER, T. S., Fockler, Ala...(KA) (MA)
HORAN, W. S., Scranton, Penn.(DW) (MA)
HUNT, W. G., Oakland, Cal....(Erroneously) (DA)
JONES, O. H., Lyons, Minn....(KA) (MA)
KAMINSKI, J. M., Chicago, Ill.(KA) (MA)
KERSEY, A. R., Grand Junction, Iowa....(RD) (KA)
KLAPP, C., Everett, Wash....(WL) (KA)
KLINE, J. S., Somerville, N. J....(In Hosp.) (MA)
KORANDA, M., Chicago, Ill....(KA) (MA)
KOTAVA, F., Christopher, Ill... (D) (MA)
KROHN, H., Omemee, N. Dak...(KA) (MA)
KUDRLICKA, C., Cleveland, Ohio(KA) (MA)
LANDAY, L., Washington, Penn.—Corp....(KA) (MA)
LANDRUM, W., Lockney, Tex..(DW) (MA)
LEMBKE, C. H., Albuquerque, N. M.—Lt....(WS) (KA)
LILYA, G. R., Murray, Utah...(D) (MA)
LINDENMUTH, WM. C., Ringtown, Penn....(Erroneously) (DD)
LONG, D. E., Union Deposit, Penn....(KA) (MA)
LOWER, W. W., Harrisburg, Penn....(KA) (MA)
McCOLLUM, C. F., Wallis Run, Penn....(KA) (MA)
McMAHON, ABRAHAM, New Weston, Ohio....(KA) (MA)
McPADDEN, E. F., Bridgeport, Conn....(In Hosp.) (MA)
MAGEE, F. A., Nanticoke, Penn.—Chaplain....(WU) (DD)
MALLOW, M., Passaic, N. J....(Sick) (MA)
MANLEY, L. L., Montgomery, Penn....(KA) (MA)
MANN, T. T., Lowell, Mass....(KA) (MA)
MARLOW, A., Globe, Ariz....(KA) (MA)
MATSON, A., Oregon City, Ore.(KA) (MA)
MAYERNICK, J. J., Scranton, Penn....(KA) (MA)
MEKUSKY, JAMES, Bridgeport, Conn.—Sgt....(WU) (MA)
MERRETT, C. B., Mercer, Penn.—Corp....(KA) (MA)
MILBURN, J. W., Rock Springs, Wyo....(KA) (MA)
MILKEY, W. A., Lansford, N.D.(KA) (MA)
MILLER, F. A., Boscobel, Wis..(DW) (MA)
MORITZ, E. E., Meadville, Penn.(KA) (WS)
MUSSACK, W. E., Rapidan, Minn.(KA) (MA)
MUSANTE, A., Athol, Mass.—Corp....(KA) (MA)
NUNAN, W. L., Manoa, Penn..(KA) (MA)
NYBERG, D. A., Kronabergslan, Sweden....(KA) (MA)
PANTANO, V., Roxbury, Mass..(DW) (MA)
PARETTI, L. J., Luigia-Grantola Mesenzena, Italy....(RD) (KA)
PERKINS, G. E., Tampa, Fla.—Cook....(KA) (WS)
PETTY, T., Paterson, N. J.—Sgt.(WU) (MA)
PHILLIPS, J., Milwaukee, Wis.—Corp....(KA) (MA)
PINQUOCH, M. J., Passaic, N. J.(Sick) (MA)
PROKOF, L., Wilber, Neb....(DD) (WS)
READ, J. J., Philadelphia, Penn.—Sgt....(KA) (WS)
ROSE, J. D., Henning, Tenn....(D) (MA)
ROWE, M., Rutland, Vt.—Corp. (D) (MA)
SALITERIS, J., Chicago, Ill....(KA) (MA)
SALMON, M. A., Arthur, Iowa..(DD) (MA)
SCAGLIO, G., Ridgefield, Conn..(KA) (MA)
SCIME, T., Lesandro de Rocca, Italy....(D) (MA)
SCHAFKE, A., Posen, Mich....(DW) (MA)
SCHUMACHER, H. R., Janesville, Wis....(KA) (MA)
SERAGO, NICK, West Fort Lee, N. J....(KA) (MA)
SHUTTLESWORTH, JAMES H., Worthington, W. Va....(KA) (MA)
SIPE, G. M., New Springfield, O.(RD) (KA)
SKINNER, C., Lower Newport, O.(KA) (MA)
SPICKER, S., Pottsville, Penn..(KA) (MA)
SPLANE, M. A., Sedro-Woolley, Wash.—Mch....(RD) (KA)
STAMATEL, R. T., Stamford, Conn....(Sick) (MA)
STEDMAN, J. M., Houston, Tex..(DD) (MA)
STORM, FRANK, Cleveland, O...(KA) (MA)
TANKOVICH, J. P., Portland, Me.(KA) (MA)
THOMAS, H. J., Warrior, Ala...(KA) (MA)
WALKER, R. T., Dongola, Ill....(Erroneously) (DD)
WALSH, J. J., Pittsburgh, Penn.(DW) (WS)
WEHRUM, F., Newark, N. J....(RD) (MA)
WILLIAMSON, P. H., Mount Washington, Md.—Lt....(WS) (DD)
WOOD, E. J., Dunn, N. C....(RD) (KA)
WRIGHT, R. A., Hornbrook, Cal.(KA) (MA)
WYLIE, G. C., Henderson, Tex.(RD) (KA)
YOST, F. T., Pottsville, Penn..(KA) (MA)
YOW, ELCANIE, Spies, N. C....(KA) (MA)

AGAINST CABLE CENSORSHIP

Secretary Redfield Tells Rubber Men He Is Trying to End It.

Declaring that he was making every effort to remove all restrictions to trade as soon as expedient, Secretary of Commerce William C. Redfield told the thousand members of the Rubber Association of America at their annual dinner held in the Waldorf-Astoria last night that the lifting of the cable censorship was part of his program. This announcement was greeted with tumultuous applause by the business men present. Secretary Redfield said:

"There are certain things in which we are not free to move alone. By the very terms of the armistice, the blockade remains, and that blockade we are not free to lift by ourselves. A part of that blockade is the cable censorship, and it is not in the power of the United States to act upon that matter alone. Nevertheless, I have within a few days cabled to Secretary Lansing in Paris, saying to him that it is my earnest hope that he may get our associates to release the cables and the censorship freely for America."

At the annual meeting held earlier in the day at the Waldorf, H. S. Vorhis of New York was re-elected Secretary and Treasurer of the Rubber Association of America. Mr. Vorhis said that the rubber industry in the United States is today a "billion dollar industry." Mr. Vorhis said that 1919 would see an importation of over 200,000 tons, as this year is expected to be the biggest in the history of the industry.

Charles T. Wilson, Chairman of the Committee on Rubber and Kindred Products, of the War Trade Board, said it was necessary for the Government to continue control of the rubber and other industries. Eight Directors were elected yesterday afternoon, as follows: James Newton Gunn, President of the United States Tire Company, New York; John S. Lowman, Philadelphia Rubber Works, Akron, Ohio; A. D. Thornton, Canadian Consolidated Rubber Company, Ltd., Montreal; Seneca G. Lewis of the Pennsylvania Rubber Company, Jeannette, Penn.; C. W. McLaughlin, Mohawk Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio; John Morgan, McGraw Tire and Rubber Company, East Palestine, Ohio; G. W. Henne, Mansfield Tire and Rubber Company, Mansfield, Ohio, and F. A. Seiberling, Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio.

REJECTS PHONE SCHEDULE.

Ohio Commission Holds That Burleson's Rates Are Unfair.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 16.—The Ohio Public Utilities Commission today rejected the proposed schedule of long-distance telephone rates ordered by Postmaster General Burleson and declared that they should not affect intrastate service in Ohio.

It is estimated by the commission that the new schedule of rates ordered by the Postmaster General would have compelled telephone users to pay 25 per cent. more for long-distance service.

In rejecting the Postmaster General's proposed schedule the Ohio Utilities Commission finds:

First, that the schedule contains an entirely new classification of the service which ought not, in the interest of the public, to be instituted without careful consideration supported by evidence.

Second—That the schedules do not comply with the requirements of the Ohio statutes.

Third—That the rates, tolls, and charges carried in the schedule are so greatly in excess of charges now being collected for similar service as to be injurious to business or interests of the public and ought not to be established without a showing that same are necessary.

Fourth—That rates, tolls, and charges do not appear to be based upon any investigation or data, but appear to be arbitrary and imposed for the purpose of creating a uniform standard of rates throughout the United States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Postmaster General Burleson declined today to make any statement as to steps to be taken by the Post Office Department as a result of the rejection by the Ohio Public Utilities Commission of the proposed schedule of long-distance telephone rates, which become effective Jan. 21. The department, however, made public a letter sent to the Public Service Commission of Massachusetts, asking that the commission take no action until the new schedule had been fairly tried.

EACH PLEDGED $100,000,000

Britain, France, and Italy Have Promised Funds for Food.

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PARIS, Jan. 16.—It is costing the Allies $30,000,000 a day to support their armies of occupation. In fifteen days the total cost will be $400,000,000. For that sum all the new nations and manifold republics which are struggling out of the welter of war can be furnished with food to ration them through the remainder of te Winter.

If food is not furnished, one after another of them is certain to go down into chaos. With each fall the demand for larger armies and for a longer stay in Europe of American soldiers will increase.

Great Britain, France, and Italy have already agreed to furnish one-quarter each of the $40,000,000 needed. Their delegates have the power and have exercised it to guarantee their share of funds necessary to keep the new republics out of the abyss.

Only the United States has thus far refused to appropriate its $100,000,000. The necessity is so great, the crisis is so acute that the Food Administration already has cargoes of food and supplies on the ocean, to pay for which no money is available.

POST TOASTIES
always make my meals more enjoyable
Most delicious corn flakes ever made
—Bobby

77TH DROVE ENEMY IN FOREST FIGHT

New York Draft Men, Says Engineer, Achieved Feats Declared Impossible.

BUILT RAILROAD UNDER FIRE

Capt. F. S. Greene Tells of City-Bred Troops and How East Side Lads Made Good.

Captain Frederick S. Greene, civil engineer and magazine writer, just back from France, told some details yesterday of the work of the 77th Division, made up of New York City boys, trained at Camp Upton, many from the east side and unfamiliar with forests, who accomplished what the French considered almost an impossibility in clearing the Argonne Forest of Germans. In the Argonne drive, Captain Greene commanded the 2d Battalion, 302d Engineers, of the 77th Division, a combatant force which followed the doughboys, building bridges, carrying forward the narrow gauge railroads, and doing other work under fire.

It had been expected that the 77th Division, occupying the forest part of the front, would advance as the pressure on each side of the forest caused the Germans to withdraw. Instead they went right ahead and with tremendous bravery and, in the face of positions that seemed impregnable, drove out the enemy, in some cases advancing ahead of their flank. No praise was too great for these New York lads, the Captain said.

"The Battle of the Argonne was on a large front and it was to the 77th Division that the task of advancing through the Argonne Forest was assigned," said Captain Greene. "It was a most difficult terrain, where the ravines were deeper and the hills higher than on other parts of the sector. There the forest was very thick and the Germans were strongly intrenched, but these men, though city raised, adapted themselves to 'Indian fighting' and drove the Germans before them."

To show some of the obstacles that the 77th Division overcame, the Captain took out a French war map of the sector showing in detail the "dugout cities," the crooked lines of the trenches, and the lines of the rails on which the Germans brought up ammunition and supplies. It was the sector from Vienne le Chateau on the left to Verrence on the right through which the 77th Division advanced.

They cut their way through nine main-line trenches and passed innumerable machine gun nests, until they were near Sedan, when they turned toward the west, as an act of courtesy, and let the French go on to Sedan. On the map Captain Greene pointed out the strong Charlevaux trench that was captured after a bitter fight, in which many on both sides were killed.

"The drive started on Sept. 26, and we had driven the boche out of the forest and across the Aire River by Oct. 12," the Captain continued. "After we passed the Charlevaux trench it was open warfare up to Sedan. At the end of the drive the battalion headquarters had been advanced to Angecourt.

"Those boys from New York were wonderful. They went right through the Germans. They took the Dépot de Machines and captured the dump at Abri, and in so doing took more than a million dollars' worth of military material.

"Great feats were performed. Companies E and F of the Second Battalion built in two days a light railway from Le Harazée two kilometers up a difficult ravine and connected it up with the railway system the Germans had been using. As we advanced the length of this line increased. I should say we were connected with some fifty miles of light railway.

"We immediately organized two trains a day to go up these lines. We had 110 horses to pull the little cars. We sent up from fifty to seventy-five tons of ammunition and supplies a day and brought out the wounded. One of the doctors told me that we got the wounded to the hospitals eight hours sooner than we could have by any other method.

"We kept behind the fighters and we were shelled while working. I remember that at one point a sniper bothered us for four days. In the maze of holes and trenches it was impossible to locate him. He was a very poor shot. When his food gave out, I suppose, he threw away his gun and surrendered.

"Before the drive I reconnoitered up the ravines with a French officer who was one of the most competent I met. In that forest of tangled growth and concealed death I asked him if he thought it could be taken. He replied that it would be 'a most difficult task,' but his tone and his manner told me that he thought it would be impossible.

"The French thought that if the forest was taken, it would be by keeping in touch with the enemy and advancing as they, flanked on the right and the left, had to abandon their positions and fall back. Instead of that, the 77th drove them back. We were in advance of the divisions on our left and we kept up with those on our right.

"We lost many men because of the positions we had to take and the machine gun nests. Our men fought well, and so did the Germans, for that matter. As they fell back, they left machine gunners behind and often these men sacrificed themselves in the effort to stay our advance. The Captain of a tank told me of a case where he had to run over a machine gun and a gunner who would not leave his post."

The 77th Division was 153 days in the line after it started in. On Oct. 31 it was taken out of the extreme front line and held in reserve for a few days. Then it was sent to support, and on Nov. 2, when the second phase of the battle was entered, it was again sent to the front.

OUR SHIPS CARRIED 46 PER CENT. OF TROOPS

And of All the Forces Sent Overseas 82.75 Per Cent. Were Convoyed by Our Navy.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Official figures are now available for the first time showing the full extent to which American ships transported the American Army of approximately 2,079,000 men to Europe, and also showing the very high percentage of vessels escorted by American warships, irrespective of what vessels were carrying the troops. These statistics vary from the previously announced figures, which represented a larger proportion carried in British ships and escorted by the British Navy.

The official figures show that 46.25 per cent. of all the American troops were transported exclusively in American ships. Of these, 43.75 per cent. were carried in American naval transports. The figures show that the percentage actually carried in British ships was 48.25 per cent., as against the much higher figures recently made public. An additional 3 per cent. was carried in Italian ships leased to the British, and another 2.50 per cent. was carried in ships of other nations.

The American Navy, however, escorted and guarded the transport of 82.75 per cent. of all the troops, representing 1,720,360 men. The British escorted 14.12 per cent., representing 297,903 men. The French escorted 3.13 per cent., representing 61,617 men.

During the week ended Jan. 8 there left France for the United States American troops to the number of 26,980. The homeward-bound contingents comprised 1,183 officers and 25,797 men.

The week's departures raised the total of soldiers returned to the United States to 178,104, of which number 11,618 were officers and 166,486 were enlisted men.

15 Reasons
Why First Mortgages Guaranteed by this Company Are the Best Investment for Prudent People.
12.
The Company makes frequent losses by having to take depreciated real estate and pay the lender his principal, but its losses are trifling compared with losses of investment companies on their investments in bonds and stocks.
The well managed savings banks have had the same experience. They have had to take some real estate, but the losses on it have been small compared with the depreciation of the best municipal and corporate bonds which they have to carry by law.
The lesson to all investors, individual and corporate, is that they should increase their mortgage holdings and limit their holdings of fluctuating securities.
No investor has ever lost a dollar.
BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE Co.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

FIFTH AVE. SALES CO., Inc.
Why Pay Storage? We Can Sell Your OBJECTS OF ART, ANTIQUES, FINE FURNITURE,
299 Fifth Ave, S.E. Cor 31st St. N.Y. City

$75,000 COAT
Reproduction of a beautiful sable garment that cost $75,000 shown in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

Many happy returns

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN
Born January 17, 1706
A great American who found it profitable throughout a career of usefulness to his nation and to the world, to save. He was a great apostle of "sensible spending" as a source of power to the individual and to the nation.

OUT of the war has come to us Americans the first step toward a great lesson, the lesson that saving is power.
We have begun to learn that thrift is not so difficult as we thought it was. Thrift means "spending sensibly," not spending all we earn.
We have begun to learn that thrift is happiness stored up for future use.
We have begun to learn that thrift means capital spread among millions of our people, as the soundest basis of personal and national strength.
For the long future of America this was the most vital lesson which a great people had left unlearned.
We have made a great start. We owe it to those who gave their lives for victory to keep on saving for America. We owe it to our country to be earners and savers, to be "sensible spenders," not wasters.
Keep on buying W. S. S.
They bring you "many happy returns"
WAR LOAN ORGANIZATION
Second Federal Reserve District
WAR SAVINGS COMMITTEE
120 Broadway New York City

MAJOR LEAGUES RETAIN THREE MAN COMMISSION BUT SEEK NEUTRAL CHAIRMAN

Scotch Tweeds owe their name to a slip of the pen and not to the River Tweed as one might readily suppose.

About a century ago in London there sprang up a great demand for Scottish "twills."

Now it so happened that "tweel" was the Scotish form for twill, better known to most of us as the "diagonal weave."

In making out an invoice the Scot, who was probably a much better weaver than penman, by a slip wrote "tweeds" instead of "tweels."

The London merchant, thinking the change intentional and the new name appropriate, used it when next ordering. As the cloth caught public favor, the name has been preserved ever since.

Scotch tweeds! A good showing among our men's winter suits.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St. | Broadway at Warren | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

OPPOSITION FAILS TO OUST HERRMANN

He Is to Remain as Chairman of National Commission Pending Further Action.

SEEK NEUTRAL CANDIDATE

Committee of Four Is Named at Joint Meeting to Find a Man Suitable for the Position.

It looks as if August Herrmann of Cincinnati, Chairman of the National Commission, had out-generaled his opponents in the National League and would retain his position at the head of the baseball tribunal. The joint meeting of the two major leagues at the Hotel Biltmore yesterday, which promised to produce a lot of oratorical fireworks, was as quiet and dignified as an afternoon tea of a Browning Society.

Those who expected to see Herrmann pushed out of the meeting room at double-quick step were disappointed, for as soon as the club owners got together the first thing they did was to pay a tribute to Herrmann by making him the presiding officer of the pow-wow. When the question of a new Chairman of the commission came up for discussion Herrmann left the chair and President John A. Heydler of the National League presided as traffic officer.

After talking the subject over it was decided to appoint a committee of two from each league to look carefully over the whole United States in search of a suitable Chairman. The American League, together with the National League, went on record as favoring a neutral man for Chairman. That cold statement in itself sounds rather bad for Mr. Herrmann, but there is a qualification to the statement, which takes much of the sting out of it.

While both leagues favor a neutral Chairman, it is only on the condition that a suitable candidate can be found. This committee of four, equally divided between the leagues, will report any and all candidates which they consider suitable back to Presidents Heydler and Johnson, and if they are satisfied with the choice the suitable candidate will be elected. In the meantime, Mr. Herrmann will continue in office.

Baseball men regard this move as favorable to Herrmann because no time limit is placed on the activities of the searching party and no provision is made in case the vote on a Chairman results in a deadlock. It was the general opinion that the new committee would have a long, trying search before finding a candidate who might be termed "suitable." Not one of the sixteen club owners at the meeting yesterday even suggested a likely candidate for the Chairmanship.

President Ban Johnson of the American League spent most of the afternoon listening to the remarks of the club owners and did a minimum of talking himself. What was done at the meeting was evidently to his liking.

There was no discussion at the meeting over the action of the National League in reducing salaries. It is certain that the American League will not follow the footsteps of the National League in this radical change. President Johnson will meet with his club owners today to ratify the 140-game schedule, and it is believed that the club-owners will go on record as opposing the wholesale cut of players' salaries in direct opposition to the older league's action.

"The subject of reducing salaries this season," said Mr. Johnson, "was discussed at our meeting in Chicago in December, and the sentiment of the club owners against it was rather emphatic."

After the American League meeting tomorrow Mr. Johnson will return to Washington. He said he had requested the War Department to release from service some thirty-two players who were overseas, in time to play next season. No request was made for the 100 or more major league players who are in the army cantonments in this country.

The matter of changing the present rules governing the distribution of the World's Series money was referred to the National Commission. Both leagues strongly favored the 140-game schedule, and no attempt was made to make any changes in the championship program which has been drawn up.

The National League decided on the twenty-one-player limit, the same as the American League. With the same number of players and a vast difference in the salaries in the two organizations, baseball men see much trouble ahead between the club owners and players when an attempt is made by the National League to put the new pay roll into effect.

Manager McGraw of the Giants does not believe that the new salary plan is practical, and predicts that the radical action of the National League will be rescinded before the season opens. The show-down will come in a couple of weeks, for all the clubs will send out their contracts beginning next week.

The leagues will appoint a committee to confer with the internal revenue officials on the war tax at next season's games.

Those present at the joint meeting were: National League—President John A. Heydler, Arthur E. Wise, Boston; August Herrmann, Cincinnati; Charles H. Ebbets and Charles H. Ebbetts, Jr., Brooklyn; William Veeck, Chicago; Branch Rickey, St. Louis; William F. Baker, Philadelphia; Barney Dreyfuss, Pittsburgh; Charles A. Stoneham, Judge Francis X. McQuade, and John B. Foster, New York.

American League—President Ban Johnson, Harry Grabiner, Chicago; Connie Mack and Ben Shibe, Philadelphia; Colonel Jacob Ruppert and Lieut.-Col. T. L. Huston, New York; Harry H. Frazee and Edward Barrow, Boston; Phil Ball, St. Louis; Frank Navin, Detroit; James C. Dunn and E. S. Barnard, Cleveland; Benjamin Minor and Clarke Griffith, Washington.

BASEBALL TRADE PENDING.

Boston, Washington, and Cleveland Consider Three-Cornered Deal.

No baseball trades were made at the baseball meetings yesterday, although there are several deals under way. A three-cornered transaction is now being considered by the Boston, Washington, and Cleveland clubs which may materialize before the club owners leave town. Roth of the Indians, Milan of Washington, and Janvrin, the Boston infielder, are being considered, but the managers of the various clubs have not yet agreed to terms.

It was rumored that Manager George Stallings had made an offer to President Ebbets of Brooklyn for Jake Daubert. The Dodger first baseman now has a suit pending against the Brooklyn club, and it is stated that he will not play at Ebbets Field next season. The manager of the Braves is willing to give Konetchy and some cash for Daubert, and is also willing to part with some of his catchers. As Brooklyn is in need of backstops, the two clubs may come to terms.

MEIGS AND McCORD WIN.

Golf Tourney at Pinehurst Reaches Semi-Finals.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 16.—The Advertisers' Tournament was brought down to the semi-finals at Pinehurst today by the playing of the third match round on the all twelve divisions and subdivisions. M. C. Meigs of Midlothian, and W. M. McCord of Rumson survived on the upper bracket of the championship division. Don Parker of Garden City and F. N. B. Close of Baltusrol came through in the lower frame. E. T. Manson of Framingham, who defeated R. M. Purves of Woodland in yesterday's round, and who was expected to come through to the final, was defeated today by W. M. McCord. The match was all even at the sixteenth, but Manson lost the seventeenth, and McCord took the contest by 2 up when Manson overplayed his last chance to square the match on the home green.

R. M. Purves gave eight strokes to W. V. O'Brien of Exmor in the second eight of the first division, and the match went to thirty-six holes in the absence of a decision with the eighteenth. Purves went out in thirty-eight on the second round and finally won by 3 and 2.

The finals were played in the women's section of the tournament today, Mrs. Clarence Cone of Inwood, handicap 14, winning the trophy in the first eight by defeating Mrs. W. F. Smith of Braeburn, the medal list, 3 and 2, Mrs. Smith playing from scratch.

The summaries:

Championship Division.—M. C. Meigs, Midlothian, beat E. J. Barber, Englewood, 1 up; W. McCord, Rumson, beat E. T. Manson, Framingham, 2 up; Don M. Parker, Garden City, beat A. R. Gardner, Siwanoy, 3 and 1; F. N. B. Close, Baltusrol, beat Z. T. Miller, Audubon, 5 and 4.

Women's Finals.—First Eight—Mrs. Clarence Cone, (14,) Inwood, beat Mrs. W. F. Smith, (0,) Braeburn, 3 and 2.

Second Eight—Miss Hannah Aronson, (18,) Inwood, beat Mrs. F. L. Wursburg, (18,) Scarsdale, 2 and 3.

Kirby Again Wins at Pool.

Edward Kirby defeated Norman Zibbard last night at Doyle's Academy in the national pocket billiard championship tournament of the A. A. B. A. by the score of 100 to 86. Zibbard held Kirby in check until the latter stages of the game, when Kirby came to the front. Zibbard made a high run of 14, while Kirby's highest was 15. This victory gives Kirby three straight wins, and he has not as yet met defeat in this tournament. Tonight George Barton will play Max Bache.

Klinger Defeats Coleman.

Jacob Klinger defeated Hal Coleman at Daly's Academy last night in the Class A tournament of the A. A. B. A. by the count of 300 to 233. Klinger made a high run of 51 and averaged 10 10-29. Coleman's highest was 29 and he averaged 8 11-28. Tonight Klinger will oppose F. W. Coar. This game will be for the leadership in the tournament, each man having won three games and lost one.

MINORS SPLIT WITH THE MAJOR LEAGUES

Relations Severed, and Each Body Will Conduct Affairs Independently Hereafter.

The major and the minor leagues came to the parting of the ways, at the Hotel Biltmore last night, when the national agreement in operation since 1903 was abrogated by mutual consent. Hereafter the minor leagues will conduct their own business in their own way and the whole minor league field will be an open market of ball players from which the major leagues can buy their talent as they like.

When the minor league committee, made up of Al Tearney of the Three-I League, Ed Hanlon of Sioux City, Acting President of the Western League; Joe Tinker of Columbus, and John H. Farrell, Secretary of the National Association, came before the joint meeting of the major leagues, their several demands were rejected by the majors. The minors were informed that the majors could not and would not consent to the elimination of the draft or grant representation on the National Commission.

Al Tearney, the spokesman for the minors, then said: "There is nothing that would make us so happy as to be able to go along by ourselves in our own way."

The major leagues immediately took Mr. Tearney up on his proposition and within a few hours the two leading bodies in baseball were separated. The details of the split have not yet been worked out, but each agrees to honor the other's territorial rights, contracts and reservations of players.

The outcome of the big baseball conference came as a big surprise to all the baseball men, but the minor leaguers, representing ten leagues from all parts of the country, seemed to be happy over the result. All liabilities now pending before the National Commission relating to minor league affairs will have to be settled before the new conditions can go into effect.

Just what will happen when there is a dispute over a purchased player is not known, but baseball men believe that some sort of board of settlement will have to be formed to take care of disputes. These details will be worked out by the minors at another session today.

How the minor leagues will work out next season as a separate organization is a problem. It is certain that all the best minor league ball players who are now free agents will flock to the major leagues, where they can get more money than the minors can afford to pay. The great amount of revenue which the majors turned over each year for drafted players will make a big hole in the minor league resources, but they figure that they can make this up by making sales of players on their own terms.

The minors and majors separated on the best of terms. Chairman Herrmann, in bidding the minors good-bye, said that the major leagues were always ready to do everything in their power to aid the smaller organizations.

ERASMUS SWIMMERS WIN.

Two Records Lowered in P. S. A. L. Championship Meet.

Swimmers of the Erasmus Hall High School, competing in the indoor swimming championships of the Public School Athletic League, last night sent two records by the boards when they lowered the best previous records for the 220-yard swim and the 880-foot relay in the City College pool. It was the second time this week that Clarence Ross, the sensational Brooklyn schoolboy, had bettered the previous record. Ross covered the distance in 2 minutes and 39 seconds, which is 6 4-5 seconds faster than the mark made by Leo Giebel of Stuyvesant in 1916. Erasmus Hall's time for the relay was 2 minutes and 42 seconds. This time was 5 seconds better than the record time, which was made by the Erasmus Hall team in last year's championships.

Erasmus beat out Stuyvesant for team honors by a point, winning the meet with 23 points. Stuyvesant followed close with 22 points. De Witt Clinton first team was third with 17 points; their second team fourth with 2 points, and Boys' High School brought up the rear with a lone tally.

William Eberhard of Stuyvesant High School was the individual star of the meet, winning first honors in both the 50 and the 100-yard swims.

The summaries:

800-foot Relay.—Won by Erasmus Hall High School, (Joseph Burril, Rudolph Franken, Horace MacMullen, and Clarence Ross;) second, De Witt Clinton High School first team, (John Pressman, Daniel Loewy, "Dutch" Taylor, and Luckett;) third, De Witt Clinton High School second team, (Meinwitz, Robert Hall, Frederick Fleischman, and Bergmaff;) fourth, Stuyvesant High School, (William Katz, Lydecker, Baumer, and Platt.) Time—2:42, new record.

50-Yard Swim.—First Heat—Won by Horace MacMullen, Erasmus Hall High School; second, William Katz, Stuyvesant High School. Time—28 1-5 seconds. Second Heat—Won by Walter Eberhart, Stuyvesant; second, L. Patton, Boys' High School. Time—29 1-5 seconds. Third Heat—J. Palmer, Townsend Harris Hall; second, C. Braisted, Boys' High School.

220-Yard Swim.—Won by Clarence Ross, Erasmus Hall High School; second, Bunker Rosettie, Erasmus Hall High School; third, Daniel Loewy, De Witt Clinton; fourth, C. Miller, De Witt Clinton. Time—2:44.

Fancy Diving.—Won by John Pressman, De Witt Clinton, with 65.16 points; second, J. Perry, Stuyvesant, with 63.65 points; third, Rudolph Franken, Erasmus Hall, with 61.12 points; fourth, G. Slater, Stuyvesant, with 57.76 points.

50-Yard Swim.—Won by William Eberhart, Stuyvesant; second, Horace MacMullen, Erasmus Hall; third, S. Patton, Boys' High School; fourth, William Katz, Stuyvesant. Time—0:31 4-5.

100-Yard Swim.—First Heat—Won by Walter Eberhart, Stuyvesant; second, Bunker Rosettie, Erasmus Hall. Time—1:16:02. Second Heat—Won by Joseph Burril, Erasmus; second, W. Bergman, De Witt Clinton. Time—1:14:05.

Plunge for Distance.—Won by Charles Rosengren, De Witt Clinton, 61 feet; second, Barthold Pick, Stuyvesant, 58 feet; third, Paul Stickel, Stuyvesant, 57 feet; fourth, David Loewy, Stuyvesant, 54 feet.

100-Yard Swim.—Won by Walter Eberhart, Stuyvesant; second, Joseph Burril, Erasmus Hall; third, Bunker Rosettie, Erasmus Hall; fourth, Bergman, Stuyvesant. Time—1:06.

Point Score—Erasmus Hall, 23; Stuyvesant, 22; De Witt Clinton, first team, 17; De Witt Clinton, second team, 2; Boys' High School, 1.

Boyd Wins at Balkline.

Frank Boyd defeated Claude R. Lewis last night in the Victory Handicap 18.2 balkline billiard tournament being conducted under the auspices of the N. A. A. B. P., at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. The score was 150 to 83. Boyd completed his string in thirty-three innings, for an average of 4 18-33. He had high runs of 27 and 24, in addition to four clusters of 12 points each. Lewis had a high run of 11, with an average of 2 19-32.

YALE SQUASH TEAM DEFEATS HARVARD

Princeton Also Triumphs Over Columbia in Metropolitan Championship Tournament.

Yale Club's squash tennis team overwhelmed the Harvard Club representatives by 5 matches to 0, and the Princeton Squash Club players defeated the Columbia Club quintet, 4 matches to 1, in yesterday's play of the metropolitan squash tennis team championship tournament. The matches were decided at the Yale Club and Princeton Squash Club.

The Yale Club victory was well earned. Two of the matches went to three games, and in a third strong Crimson opposition was encountered which necessitated some sterling play on the part of the Eli representative. H. R. Carhart gained the hardest victory for the Yale contingent. He dropped his first game to Arthur Lockett, Harvard Club, by 18-17. Carhart's form improved in the second and third games, and he took both with scores of 15-4 and 15-9.

Another three-game decision was furnished in the match between Donald McKay, Yale Club, and F. H. Davis, Harvard Club. McKay won after an interesting competition by 15-6, 15-17, 15-2. In the match between D. S. Baker, Yale Club, and D. L. Phelps, Harvard Club, the first game was carried to extra sessions through good rallies by both principals, but finally went to Baker by 18-15. Phelps played in the second game, showed the effects of his previous hard encounter, and he was defeated 15-8.

R. L. Strebeigh saved the Columbia Club team from a shut-out in its match against Princeton Squash Club. Strebeigh defeated R. Monks by 15-9, 15-13. One of Princeton Squash Club's successes came through a default by F. M. Kidde, Columbia Club. Fred S. Keeler of Columbia Club forced Harold Tobey to travel at top speed to take their match. The Blue and White player took the first game by 18-14 and dropped the second by 15-8. In the third, however, there were several rallies which made the play close. Tobey's work was steadier, and he earned the match by 15-11.

The summaries:

YALE CLUB VS. HARVARD CLUB.

Donald McKay, Yale Club, defeated F. H. Davis, Harvard Club, 15—9, 15—17, 15—2; D. S. Baker, Yale Club, defeated D. L. Phelps, Harvard Club, 18—15, 15—8; Livingston Platt, Yale Club, defeated J. W. Burden, Harvard Club, 16—7, 15—12; H. R. Carhart, Yale Club, defeated Arthur Lockett, Harvard Club, 17—18, 15—4, 15—9; J. A. Vietor, Yale Club, defeated J. W. Lee, Harvard Club, 15—3, 15—6.

PRINCETON SQUASH CLUB VS. COLUMBIA CLUB.

W. H. Vanderpool, Princeton Squash Club, won from F. M. Kidde, Columbia Club, by default; H. Tobey, Princeton Squash Club, defeated Fred S. Keeler, Columbia Club, 14—18, 15—8, 15—11; G. W. Mead, Princeton Squash Club, defeated R. E. Wigham, Columbia Club, 15—12, 15—4; A. D. Mittendorf, Princeton Squash Club, defeated I. H. Cornell, Columbia Club, 15—11, 15—6; R. L. Strebeigh, Columbia Club, defeated R. Monks, Princeton Squash Club, 15—9, 15—13.

PILKINGTON LOSES BOUT.

Walker Defeats Champion in Amateur Boxing Tourney.

Archie Walker, who held the metropolitan 108-pound amateur boxing championship title until he outgrew the class, sprung a surprise last night at the tournament of the Crescent A. C. in Brooklyn, when he defeated Charles Pilkington, New York State champion, in a bout at 125 pounds. The former bantamweight class leader earned the judges' award in three rounds. Walker previously had defeated Ray O'Malley of Philadelphia in three rounds, while Pilkington had scored over H. Ramsay of Boston in three rounds.

Other class winners were: 110 pounds, A. J. Devito, unattached; 130 pounds, A. Stanley, Glencoe A. C.; 165 pounds, Sam Lagonia, Bronxdale A. C.; 120 pounds, Sam Sieger, Rutgers Place Gymnasium; 145 pounds, J. Panguay, Boston.

STEINBUGLER WINS AGAIN.

Defeats Briggs in Amateur Billiard Tournament.

Charles J. Steinbugler scored his third victory in the N. A. A. B. P. national Class C 18.2 balk line billiard championship tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn yesterday, when he defeated Albert F. J. Briggs in the afternoon session by a score of 150 to 81. Steinbugler's success was scored with comparative ease. The victor completed his string in forty innings for an average of 3 30-40, and had two high runs of 17, with one of 14. Briggs had an average of 2 16-39, with high runs of 15, 14, and 11.

Steinbugler led his rival from the fifth inning to the finish. The winner played brilliantly at times, but there were moments when his form showed a reverse. Briggs was unable to approach his rival in the score, even in Steinbugler's unfavorable lapses.

Briggs was until recently a Sergeant in Uncle Sam's Army. His play showed lack of form, on the whole, but in his runs of 14, 11, and 18 he made many difficult draw and follow shots.

Briggs suffered his second defeat in the evening, when he was outpointed by Sydney Brussel after a hard match. Brussel was forced to extend himself to win by a score of 150 to 111 in thirty-six innings. The winner made a high run of 13, with an average of 4 6-36. Briggs had an average of 3 3-36, with a high run of 12.

The scores:

Afternoon Game.

Charles J. Steinbugler—2 6 4 4 10 10 5 7 11 6 3 0 0 9 2 8 0 0 0 4 2 11 0 3 1 10 9 5 11 0 17 0 0 4 1 17 0 14—150. Average, 2 30-40. High runs, 17, 17, and 14, unfinished.

Albert F. J. Briggs—14 1 0 1 1 0 2 0 0 2 6 1 4 0 0 0 3 1 1 1 8 1 2 2 0 0 1 1 5 7 0 2 4 1 6 1 0 1 1 9 0—94. Average, 2 16-39. High runs, 18, 14, and 11.

NIGHT GAME.

S. Brussel—0 8 13 1 1 6 1 7 3 0 0 7 4 8 6 2 2 1 2 3 0 0 5 7 12 1 10 0 4 8 9 0 8 0 8—150. Average—4 6-36. High run—13.

A. F. Briggs—0 9 2 0 4 3 1 1 12 7 4 0 0 11 6 4 5 2 10 0 1 0 0 5 8 4 0 3 8 0 2 7 2 8 4—111. Average—3 3-36. High run—12.

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Boys' and Girls' Hockey Outfit. Boys' and Girls' strong leather shoes; good steel skates. Regularly, $6.50. $3.79. 843 Outfits for Sale.

Men's and Women's Hockey or Rink Outfit. Men's low-cut, Women's high-cut shoes, with bevel runner, welded and tempered steel skates. Regularly, $9.50. $7.13. 996 Outfits for Sale.

Racing and Hockey Tubular Outfit. For Men and Women. Racing or Rink; good for fast skating; extra light weight. Regularly, $12.00. $8.95. 526 Outfits for Sale.

All outfits fitted and riveted free of charge while you wait. Largest stock of ice skating outfits in New York City, including Union Hardware, Spalding, Winslow and many other well known makes.

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK
2678 Pairs of Ladies' Ice Skating Outfits with extra high shoes, regularly $7.50. For This Sale $4.95
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"How is peace going to affect my pay check?"

That is for you to say. Business is good now. It will continue good if you do your part.

George E. Roberts, one of the soundest bankers in this country, says the responsibility rests on all of us.[1]

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We must produce—produce—produce.
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Our common interest is greater than our differences.
The more we do, the more there is to do.
The end of the war hasn't removed our burdens.
It has changed them

It is The American Magazine's job to live right along with you—through whatever conditions—collecting the best ideas from whatever sources—to help you solve your personal problems.

Nothing but the Millenium will end the job.

1 "What you and I must do now—to make business good," by George E. Roberts.

The American Magazine

The Crowell Publishing Company
Woman's Home Companion
The American Magazine
Farm and Fireside

THOUSANDS SIGN THEATRE TAX PLEA

Managers Put Their Case Against 20 Per Cent. Impost to Vote of Great Audiences.

BARUCH TO SEE PRESIDENT

Cable Message Sent to Paris and Plea Made for Flood of Telegrams to Washington Leaders.

A nation-wide fight against the proposed increase in the theatrical admission tax from 10 to 20 per cent. was launched by theatrical managers, actors, musicians, and stage hands last night, when speeches against the tax were made from the stage of every legitimate and vaudeville theatre in New York City and in hundreds of playhouses all over the country. In addition, petitions were circulated to be signed by the audiences, protesting to the Congressional Conference Committee against increasing the tax. In many houses, also, the audiences were asked for an audible expression of opinion, and in several instances audiences rose to their feet en masse to thunder their disapproval.

The decision to enlist the theatregoer in the fight against the tax was made at a meeting of the United Managers' Protective Association in the afternoon. In addition to representatives of every branch of the amusement field, except the motion picture interests, there were present at the meeting delegates from the Actors' Equity Association, the American Federation of Musicians, and the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes. It was the sense of the meeting that the placing of the additional tax upon admissions would be tantamount to a death blow to the theatres, and the suggestion was made by William A. Brady that the agency by which the theatre had helped in the various loan drives—that is, four-minute speeches from the stage at every performance—should now be employed in the interests of the theatre and its patrons.

Following the meting a cable dispatch was sent by John L. Golden to Bernard M. Baruch, who is in Paris with President Wilson, requesting that he take the matter up with the President and ask him to communicate his views to the Congressional committee. This message was, in part, as follows:

The United Theatrical Managers urge me to beg you to bring before the President the fact that the Finance Committee threatens to increase the war tax on theatre tickets from 10 to 20 per cent. This means the wiping out of a number of theatrical enterprises, and it will also seriously cripple a profession in which hundreds of millions of dollars and the employment of many thousands of people are at stake. The President and many high officials have frequently shown their regard for the theatre and their appreciation of the patriotic and charitable work it has been doing and will continue to do. The managers are taking the matter up at Washington.

Last night's speeches in the theatres were made, in most instances, by members of the company, while the chorus girls and others assisted the ushers in circulating the petitions. These petitions were addressed to the Senate Committee on Finance and the Ways and Means Committee of the House, and read as follows:

We theatre patrons hereby desire to respectfully make a protest against the proposed legislation whereby the tax on admissions to places of amusement is to be increased from 10 to 20 per cent.

At the Metropolitan Opera House, William J. Guard made an address during the first intermission, and the petition was circulated as in the other houses. There was a general signing of the petition, practically all of the boxholders putting their names to the protest.

By tonight, it is believed, the organization of the campaign will be perfected, and it is expected that every legitimate theatre in the country will have its speaker. Telegrams and letters, according to plans made yesterday, will begin to descend upon the members of the Conference Committee this morning. John L. Golden last night issued an appeal to the public asking that all persons interested in the subject send a telegram or a letter of protest to Senator Cummins of the Senate Finance Committee and to Representative Kitchin of the House Ways and Means Committee. J. N. Weber, President of the American Federation of Musicians, volunteered to have 5,000 telegrams sent from all parts of the country as the musicians' contribution to the fight.

The Actors' Equity Association, following the meeting in the afternoon, sent the following telegram to Senator Cummins and Representative Kitchin:

The Actors' Equity Association, representing many thousands in the theatrical profession, views with the greatest alarm any increase in the amusement tax. Our people have not recovered yet from the influenza epidemic which ravaged the country and closed all places of amusement, and which now threatens a resurgence. We believe the proposed increase in the tax will defeat its object and will only have the effect of closing down numberless companies, thus denying amusement of a theatrical nature to the smaller towns, and will throw out of employment large numbers of men and women of the theatrical profession, who, we venture to believe, have proved their patriotism during the many months of trial produced by the war.

The meeting of the managers in the afternoon was the best attended of the season, and the occasion marked the first time that the various workers in the theatre—managers, actors, musicians, and back-stage workers—have united in a fight of this sort. The resolution to take action was passed unanimously, and a committee to plan a campaign was appointed.

This consisted of Morris Gest, Chairman; William A. Brady, John L. Golden, Mark A. Luescher, and Arthur Hammerstein, representing the legitimate amusement field; Edward Ziegler of the Metropolitan Opera House; Sam Scribner, representing burlesque; J. J. Murdock of the Keith vaudeville circuit; Frank Gillmore, President of the Actors' Equity Association; Joseph N. Weber, head of the American Federation of Musicians, and Charles C. Shay, President of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes. A resolution was passed inviting the motion picture industry to participate in the campaign, inasmuch as motion picture admissions over 30 cents will also be taxed 20 per cent.

All of the men named on the protest committee, with the exception of Mr. Shay, were present at the meeting. Among others who attended were Marc Klaw, President of the Managers' Association; Lee Shubert, Arthur Hopkins, A. H. Woods, Alf Hayman, R. H. Burnside, Oliver Morosco, Sam H. Harris, Lawrence Anhalt, Thomas Broadhurst, and Crosby Gaige.

A telegram was framed to be sent to every prominent actor and actress in the country asking for a personal appeal to the White House to halt the passage of the bill. It is planned by the managers to continue the campaign, both in the theatres and out, until the 20 per cent. tax is either abandoned or irrevocably made into law.

Newsdealer Gets Injunction.

Joseph A. Sultan, a newsdealer of 240 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday obtained from Justice Benedict in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, a temporary injunction against the daily newspapers published in English in Manhattan, with the exception of the New York Tribune, restraining them from refusing to deliver to him their papers unless he sells Hearst papers. In answer, counsel of the newspapers say they are doing nothing illegal and allege that the matter is purely a question of the price to be paid for the newspapers by the dealers.

DRAMA

By John Corbin

"The Climax" Revived.

THE CLIMAX, a comedy in three acts, by Edward Locke, with incidental music by Joseph Carl Breil. At the Comedy.

Luigi Golfanti.................Walter Wilson
Pietro Golfanti.............Effingham Pinto
John Raymond.....................Roy Walling
Adelina Van Hagen............Eleanor Painter

Something has happened in the ten years since "The Climax" was first produced which has made it seem fresher and more vigorous than ever. Perhaps a decade of "the play with a punch" has rendered us all more responsive to a playwright who never once lunges at our solar plexus. There has seldom been a quieter, more evenly human and amusing comedy than this of Edward Locke's. Wellnigh perfect in its craftsmanship—in its development of story and situation, and curtain climax through the medium of character development—it all seems so simple and inevitable that the recognition of its virtuosity comes as an afterthought. Here, certainly, is a play in which the American theatre may take pride.

But there was something more than this in last night's success. Several episodes appear to have been rewritten to good purpose. This was especially the case with the curtain climax of the first act. In a whimsically humorous effort to escape from her two persistent lovers Adelina declares that she will platonically marry her "uncle" and singing master, old Luigi; and she proposes to him in the presence of her swains by means of an operatic love song most unplatonically sung. It is a deliciously modulated passage, in which the old man's embarrassment mounts, to dismay and anger at her unmaidenly advances—and finally melts beneath the wooing of the music and the charm of Adelina's humor until, at the curtain, he embraces her smiling. It is a brilliant comedy passage, charged with the tenderest and the most robust laughter.

But the passage would have missed its full effect without the voice and charm of Eleanor Painter; and these are perhaps the true secret of the effect of rejuvenation in the whole. Even the dramatic culmination of the second act seemed stronger. Finding that her voice has gone and that her career is blighted, as she thinks, for ever, Miss Painter passes from the first incredulous surprise through a period of gradual realization, stunned and motionless, finally mounting to a moment of despair in which she stands with a knife uplifted above her breast.

Scarcely a word is spoken and no cry is uttered. In the whole passage there is not a touch nor a suspicion of hysteria. Yet the effect is intensely dramatic, fundamentally tragic. Miss Painter's method is not yet under full control; there are still little awkwardnesses and faults of emphasis. Yet she does not once miss the effect so intelligently intended.

Walter Wilson plays the old musician, and gives full value to all the phases of its crotchety humor, tenderness, and good sense. It is a really admirable performance. Scarcely less vigorous and amusing is the young Pietro of Effingham Pinto. Not so much can be said of the John Raymond of Roy Walling, which is needlessly Methodistic and lacking in charm. Yet the dramatic values of the part are very ably rendered. Altogether the performance is abundantly worthy of an unusually sympathetic and charming play.

VOTING ON GARMENT STRIKE

Schlesinger, in Letter to Mayor, Asks City's Protection of Workers.

In a letter to Mayor Hylan yesterday, which is published as an advertisement, in this morning's newspapers, Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Garment Workers' Union, said that nothing could avert the coming strike of 35,000 garment workers but agreement by the manufacturers to submit the union demands to a special board of arbitration. The union began polling a strike vote among its members yesterday. Monday, it was said, would probably see definite action.

"Judging by the excitement prevailing among the workers," said Mr. Schlesinger last night, "the vote will be unanimous for a strike." He said a mass meeting, at which Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor will be the principal speaker, will be held in Madison Square Garden on Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Schlesinger's letter to Mayor Hylan recited negotiations since Jan. 1 with the Manufacturers' Association, and continued in part as follows:

The Board of Arbitration, under the Chairmanship of Justice Louis D. Brandeis and Judge Julian W. Mack, has on many occasions decided that the employers have the right to discharge any worker for fair, just and reasonable cause, but the board has held that in view of the fact that workers under the protocol had surrendered their legal right to strike as a remedy against abuses of the employers' prerogatives, they are entitled to a substitute for such remedy in the form of a machinery for the speedy adjustment of their complaints against unreasonable and unjust discharges. We are prepared to meet them on either side of the proposition.

You can readily see, Mr. Mayor, that our organization is doing all that is compatible with honor and sincere regard for public interest to avert this strike. May we, therefore, expect, in case all our attempts fail, that you instruct all your departments, particularly the police, that our workers shall have a fair deal and not be molested in legitimate exercise of their rights as citizens?

The letter referred also to the city's relations to its workers under Mayor Gaynor during the cloak strike of 1910, and under Mayor Mitchel during the cloak strike of 1916. In another part of his letter Mr. Schlesinger said that the protocol, which expired on Dec. 31, did not in all respects prove of benefit to the workers.

Complaints, the letter said, which could have been adjusted by the Committee of Immediate Action in five minutes, "dragged along for weeks and sometimes for months."

3,267 TROOPS IN ON BELGIC.

Some New Yorkers of 49th Infantry Back from War.

More New York men who had been fighting in France got home yesterday on the transport Belgic. The vessel had on board 3,267 enlisted men and officers. These included 240 men and 38 officers of the 49th Infantry. The steamer was met down the by a delegation of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome and the Street Cleaning Department Band.

Homer Rodeheaver, Billy Sunday's choirmaser, returned much impressed with the religious spirit of the men. He said he would join Mr. Sunday at Richmond, Va., where he opened a campaign a week ago.

Lieut. Murray K. Guthrie of Minneapolis, of the 13th Aero Squadron, returned with six German airplanes downed to his credit. He received the Croix de Guerre. Another passenger was Sergeant Roosevelt Gamble of South Orange, N. J., a member of the 367th Infantry, who was wounded in the Argonne. His father, Capt. George Gamble, died of wounds received at Toul, and his brother, Robert, was killed at Château-Thierry. "I am the only one left," he said. "After what I have been through I am lucky to be home again."

Many of the other returning soldiers had been wounded or gassed, some only a few hours before the armistice was signed.

Yale Hospital Unit Coming Home.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 16.—Yale mobile hospital unit sailed today from Brest on the steamship Melita for Boston, according to a cablegram received today from Lieut. Col. Joseph M. Flint.

LA FOLLETTE SAVED BY VOTE OF 50 TO 21

33 Republicans and 17 Democrats Support Resolution to Drop Disloyalty Charge.

WILLIAMS ASSAILS HIM

Brands St. Paul Utterance as an "Everlasting Lie" and a Slander Upon the Nation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—By a vote of 50 to 21, the Senate today exonerated Senator La Follette of Wisconsin of the charge of disloyalty brought against him, based on his St. Paul speech in September, 1917, in which he declared that the sinking of the Lusitania was not sufficient provocation for the United States to go to war. The vote came upon a resolution offered by Senator Dillingham, Republican, of Vermont, to dismiss the charge as the speech "does not justify any action by the Senate."

Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi in a vigorous speech urged the Senate not to allow Senator La Follette to go "blameless, unscathed, unblemished, and unpunished" for what he declared was a disloyal utterance.

During the speech Senator La Follette sat with his hands on his knees looking at the desk before him and made no reply.

Senator Williams, shaking his fist toward Mr. La Follette, declared he had uttered an "everlasting lie" in saying that the Lusitania was armed, that Americans rode on the ship to protect munitions for Great Britain, and that the war was being fought for the Morgan and other capitalistic interests.

The vote by which the charges, brought before the Committee on Privileges and Elections by the Minnesota Society, were dismissed found 33 Republicans aligned with 17 Democrats in favor, with 20 Democrats and 1 Republican—Smith of Michigan—against. The vote was as follows:

For the Resolution—50.

DEMOCRATS—Ashurst, Bankhead, Beckham, Chamberlain, King, Kirby, Lewis, Martin, (Va.,) Nugent, Phelan, Reed, Shafroth, Smith, (Ga.,) Swanson, Thomas, Vardaman, Wolcott—17.

REPUBLICANS—Borah, Cummins, Curtis, Dillingham, Fernald, France, Frelinghuysen, Gronna, Hale, Johnson, (Cal.,) Jones, (Wash.,) Kellogg, Kenyon, Knox, Lenroot, Lodge, McLean, McNary, Moses, Nelson, New, Norris, Page, Penrose, Poindexter, Smoot, Spencer, Sutherland, Townsend, Wadsworth, Warren, Watson, Weeks—33. Total—50.

Against the Resolution—21.

DEMOCRATS—Culberson, Fletcher, Gay, Henderson, Hollis, Jones, (N. M.,) McKellar, Martin, (Ky.,) Myers, Pittman, Pollock, Pomerene, Ransdell, Saulsbury, Sheppard, Simmons, Smith, (Ariz.,) Trammel, Walsh, Williams—20.

REPUBLICAN—Smith, (Mich.)—1.

When the Dillingham resolution was brought up, Senator Williams took the floor.

"As I read the speech made by the Senator from Wisconsin in St. Paul," he said, "it was a series of false statements which must have been consciously made. I find in this speech a charge that the United States went to war to protect Morgan interests of some sort or other. I find in that speech a charge that we went to war and sacrificed our children that rich Americans might ride on munitioned and armed ships. It is an everlasting lie that these United States went to war to protect any Morgan interests or any capitalistic interests of any sort. It is also an everlasting lie that the people of these United States ever sent their boys to be fed as cannon fodder in Europe in order that American citizens might ride upon munition ships. It is an everlasting lie that the Lusitania was armed or had dangerous explosives aboard and that any law of the United States was ever violated by any American citizen who took passage on the Lusitania. It is an everlasting lie that the 114 American citizens who went to their graves unknelled and unsung upon that memorable day of German barbarity were there to uphold the doctrine of capitalism or of money-making.

"He had the audacity to say that Mr. Bernstorff, as Ambassador from Germany, gave us notice to keep off the ship. Gave us notice—gave us—and who the devil are us? We are the American people under the Providence of God. This miserable Kaiser who has since been dethroned gave us notice through his Ambassador that we might be hurt if we went on this ship and then we were guilty of audacity and folly and insanity because we went on the ship and 114 American citizens did not have cowardice enough to take the German warning and keep off the ship.

"I do not know what the Senator thought. I have begun to believe that he does not think; that if he thought anything at all, he thought that the self-seekers, the sloth-lovers, the peace worshippers, the men and women who were willing to give up everything in the world in order that they might have a nice easy time, would finally control America and that somehow or other he or somebody else advocating that sort of doctrine would come out in front."

Dillingham Explains.

Senator Williams demanded to know of Senator Dillingham, who had brought in the majority report from the committee urging that the charge against Mr. La Follette be dropped, if he intended that the Senate go on record as "condoning the Wisconsin Senator's disloyalty." Mr. Dillingham explained that the committee by a nonpartisan vote of 9 to 2 had decided there was nothing upon which to base the charge, this after having consulted with the Department of Justice. The department, Mr. Dillingham said, had advised that the speech must be read in its entirety and not with reference to the particular phrases Mr. Williams had picked out.

After the vote had been taken, Senator La Follette's face broke into an expansive smile. Various Senators upon the Republican side, including Mr. Lodge, going past his desk immediately afterward, paused to talk with him. The Wisconsin Senator sat in his seat, smiling amiably.

CLARIETTE ANTHONY WEDS.

Artist Marries Capt. Howard C. Okie After Five Days' Acquaintance.

Miss Clariette Anthony, artist and screen actress, was married on Wednesday to Captain Howard C. Okie, 14th Cavalry, U. S. A., at St. Patrick's Cathedral. Their marriage followed an acquaintance of five days.

Last week Captain Okie was being shown through the Famous Players Lasky Studio where Miss Anthony was posing in a new production, and their introduction followed.

The bride is a daughter of Jean Anthony, an artist of Antwerp, and is a direct descendant of Rubens. When she fled to England from Belgium after the German invasion with her family many valuable paintings were placed in her charge.

Captain Okie enlisted in the British Army in 1914 and served two years in France. When this country entered the war he returned and attended the Plattsburg camp, where he won his commission, and became at 21 the youngest Captain in the Regular Army.

More Demonstrations in Catalonia.

BARCELONA, Spain, Jan. 16.—Demonstrations in favor of autonomy for Catalonia began again here yesterday. Many arrests were made by the authorities.

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

Philharmonic Plays.

Four big plain-clothes men stood in the rear of Carnegie Hall auditorium last night and carefully listened to the performance of "Forest Murmurs" from Wagner's "Siegfried" by the Philharmonic Orchestra. At the close of the idyllic rapture one of the giants in bulk, as huge as Fafner, turned to a companion and remarked: "It's a wonder they don't throw a bomb at that fellow." He meant Richard Wagner, not Conductor Josef Stransky. Then the quartet left the hall. The trouble began with a warning telephoned to Manager Leifels that if Wagner was played at this concert he must expect a demonstration. A well-known patriotic organization was said to have made the threat. Hence the presence of the officials. The only demonstration made was one in honor of the Russian composer, Serge Rachmaninoff, after his symphonic poem, "The Isle of the Dead" had been delivered with telling effect by the orchestra. He sat in an end box on the first tier and twice he was compelled to acknowledge tumultuous applause. In another box across the house sat Mme. Margaret Matzenauer of the opera, in company with Mrs. Stransky.

The program contained no novelty. Beethoven's Second Symphony and three excerpts from "Siegfried," "Tristan and Isolde," and "Tannhäuser," and the Rachmaninoff poem. The playing throughout the evening was brilliant, especially in the largely molded poem, which long as it is contains some moments of poignant pathos. The reading of the Beethoven symphony was clean cut, liberal, rather imaginative, but Mr. Stransky outdid himself in the tone poem of the distinguished Russian.

Fonariova in Russian Songs.

Genia Fonariova sang some Russian music by Glinka, Rachmaninoff, Moussorgsky, Tcherepnin, and Rimsky-Korsakoff at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon and thus saved a program that began rather dubiously. She is a handsome Russian girl, with a musical temperament, marked dramatic aptitude, and fervid manner. She is said to have sung in opera. But the placement of her voice is so faulty that her naturally sonorous contralto, with a mezzo-soprano range does not always show to the best advantage. At times it is cavernous in the lower notes, colorless in the middle, and strident in the upper. It sounds as if it had been "pulled up," and with doubtful results, among which are deviation from pitch and an undue forcing. All of which is regrettable, as the young singer is endowed with the true interpretative power. In such an aria as Gluck's "Divinités du Styx" she was at sea, also handicapped by nervousness.

She sang in Italian, French, English, but in her beautiful native tongue she was another person, eloquent, dramatic, patriotic. The two Moussorgsky lyrics proved not only original, but thrilling. Mme. Fonariova could accomplish much more with a freer tonal emission. She is bound to hurt her voice if she persists in forcing it as she did yesterday. Kurt Schindler was at the piano and his accompaniments were as ever discriminating. There was present a friendly audience.

Richard M. Hurd Explains.

Richard M. Hurd, of the American Defense Society, said last night that earlier in the evening he had telephoned several of the Directors of the Philharmonic Society of New York, declaring his conviction that Wagner was inappropriate on the society's program.

"I informed the Directors," said Mr. Hurd at his home, 12 East Sixty-eighth Street, "that many people had informed me that they did not wish to listen to German music. I did not specifically ask them to take Wagner off tonight's program, but I did present the fact that not all of the audience probably would enjoy the German music."

JULIA CULP TO SING HERE.

Berlin Paper Views German's Engagement as an Interesting Sign.

BERLIN, Jan. 14, (By Wireless.)—The Lokal-Anzeiger announces that the German singer, Julia Culp, has just been offered an engagement in New York next season, in a telegram reaching here via Holland. The Lokal-Anzeiger counts this among the interesting signs of the time.

Julia Culp first sang here on Jan. 10, 1913, and made tours annually thereafter till America entered the war. Though born in Holland, she is married to a German and makes her home in Berlin. She sang with symphony orchestras throughout America, and gave recitals of German "Lieder," especially of Brahms, Richard Strauss, and Hugo Wolf.

Harriette Cady Plays New Works.

Harriette Cady, whose annual piano matinée yesterday at the Princess was like a season's showing by the independent painters, all new works, some ultramodern styles, made a record probably in playing not one hackneyed piece in sixteen numbers. Only three were marked "first time," her own paraphrase of a "Cossack Folksong," and also "Shulbrede," by Sir Hubert Parry, and "Fragrance," by Frank Bridge. In a League of Nations order, the pianist grouped Mrs. Beach and MacDowell, Cyril Scott, then Debussy, Saint-Saëns, and Isidor Philipp; Chopin-Sgambati, Stojowski, Paderewski—the "Air and Variations"—Borodine's "Au Couvent," a Stravinsky étude, and another by Arensky from the Chinese. Miss Cady's interpretations, sincere, refined, were as the firm, continuing frame in which an artist exhibits and tries out many canvases.

Puccini's Little Operas Sung Again.

Puccini's "Il Tabarro," "Suor Angelica," and "Gianni Schicchi," which have just had a royal welcome in Italy, following their world première in New York, were sung for the fourth time to a large audience at the Metropolitan last evening. Mmes. Farrar, Easton, Muzio, and Messrs. Crimi, Montesanto, and De Luca reappeared, and Mr. Moranzoni conducted.

French Gift to Mrs. Wilson.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The French Maritime League has presented to Mrs. Wilson a painting symbolical of the union of the United States and France. The painting represents Count de Grasse's frigates sailing for the west in 1781 and an American dreadnought sailing to Europe in 1917.

Col. House Able to Sit Up.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Colonel E. M. House, who has been ill for several days past, was greatly improved in condition today. He was sitting up in bed during the day and it is expected he will be able to leave his bed tomorrow.

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played by Master Musicians
BAUER HOFMANN
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Admission without charge
The Aeolian Company
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AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2.
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in
41st Week in New York. SINBAD 41st Week in New York.
Sunday Night Concert
A SENSATIONAL BILL OF STARS

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre
NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL —AT 11:30— A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Tom'w, Wed. & Thurs., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
"ADORABLE."—Mail.
EAST IS WEST
A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
MARY NASH IN THE BIG CHANCE

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

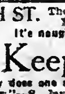
PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST.
SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS
THREE COMIC OPERA GEMS
Tonight at 8:30. LAST TIME........... GONDOLIERS
Sat. Matinee, 2:30 LAST TIME........... MIKADO
Sat. Night at 8:15 FRA DIAVOLO
With Orville Harrold and Bianca Saroya

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE.
THIS AFT., 2:30, and Tom'w, 10:30 A. M.
WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
"Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

LYRIC 42d St., west of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers.
8th Month | Not a War Play | THE UNKNOWN PURPLE | The Season's Hit. With RICHARD BENNETT

SHUBERT West 44th St. Tel. Bryant 8439. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30
73rd TIME TONIGHT
BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, author of "The Blue Bird."

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. Smartest Musical Show in Town.

LITTLE SIMPLICITY
WITH THE PRETTIEST GIRLS IN THE WORLD.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
It's naughty but it's nice—SH!
The Laugh Play Keep IT TO Yourself
"Rarely does one see an audience so convulsed by laughter."—S. Jay Kaufman, Globe.

LONGACRE West 48th St.
WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES"
Eve. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., at 2:30.

LOEW'S 7th Av. at 125 St. Eve. 25c to $1. Mat. Sat., 25c to 75c.
"Under Orders"
Next Week, "An Ideal Husband."

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.
Edward Locke's Comedy | THE CLIMAX With ELEANOR PAINTER

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eve. at 8:30. First Mat. Tom'w, 2:30.
A. H. WOODS Presents
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
A. H. WOODS Presents
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13
A New Play by Samuel Shipman & Max Marcin.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
WILLIAM COURTENAY AND TOM WISE
in Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit. CAPPY RICKS

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Jane Cowl IN The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way.
THE COMEDY HIT
Tea for 3
Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
A COMEDY ABOUT THE LOVE AFFAIR THAT EVERY WOMAN'S MISSED.
H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners | with IRENE BORDONI

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Eve. 8:30 Sharp. Matinees Tom'w & Wed. at 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' Comedy, A LITTLE JOURNEY
with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
WHITESIDE in THE LITTLE BROTHER | 3RD MONTH | with TYRONE POWER.

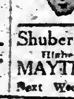
ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits
New Musical Play—The 100% Cast
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
Sun. Eve. Concert | Mario Dressler | Wm. & Gordon Dooley | Big Bill
A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning
"RIDDLE: WOMAN"

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Tom'w & Thurs. 3:15
THIS WEEK, CHATTERTON
Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

PRINCESS Matinees Tomorrow & Wednesday. Evenings at 8:30.
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes, OH, MY DEAR!
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. Eve. 8:15.
NORA BAYES | LADIES FIRST
IN HER JOYOUS PLAY
Nora Bayes Nifty Sunday Nights

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:15.
Riotous Comedy with Music

THE MELTING OF MOLLY
With CHARLES PURCELL
CHORUS WITH A KICK

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Tomorrow, 2:15.
Highest Price Orchestra Seat, Evgs. $1.
MAYTIME | PEGGY WOOD | WILLIAM NORRIS | Melvin Stokes
Next Week..................."UNDER ORDERS"

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
William Gillette | "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY" —Herald. | Dear Brutus
"To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

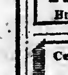
If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long Legs," you'll love
PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE
Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:15.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Bryant 392. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed., 2:20.
THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. "A PRINCE THERE WAS"
GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS
DADDIES

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:20.
FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!
"THE BEST, BRIGHTEST AND LIVELIEST PERFORMANCE ON BROADWAY."—Ev. Journal

CORT West 48th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:20.

"'ULLO, 'ERE'S A 'IT!" The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written.
THREE FACES EAST
Hundreds turned away at every performance.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eve. 8:15.
MATINEES TOMORROW and WED., 2:15.
THE REAL LAUGHING MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON
KLAW & ERLANGER'S TIMELY GEM OF JOY AND MELODY.
THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE.
Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
Two Entirely Different Shows.

EXTRA MATINEE TODAY
LIGHTNIN Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Today, Saturday & Wed. 2:30.
GAIETY, B'way & 46 St.
AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT
3 Wise Fools Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30
CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

VANDERBILT Thea. W. 48 St. Eve., 8:30. Matinee Tomorrow, 2:30.
EMILY STEVENS in THE GENTILE WIFE

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42d St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
The New Sensation of Psychic Mystery!
THE INVISIBLE FOE
TREMENDOUS HIT! "Not a war play."

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:15. | LAST 3 TIMES
The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies
GLORIANNA

NEXT MON. NIGHT. Seats Now.
MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN
in HENRI LAVEDAN'S
COMEDIE FRANCAISE SENSATION
THE MARQUIS de PRIOLA

GLOBE. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:20.
JULIA Sanderson | JOSEPH Cawthorn | IN "THE Canary"
Sam Hardy, Doyle & Dixon, and Maud Eburne.

Standard Eve. 25c to $1. Mat. Tom'w, 25-75c. B'way, 90 St. SEVEN DAYS LEAVE
Next Week, Florence Nash in "Remnant"

Century Theatre, Wed. Jan. 22, at 8:30
New York's Tribute to
CAPTAIN CARPENTER, V. C.
OF H. M. S. VINDICTIVE
The Hero of Zeebrugge
Who Will Tell His Own Story of
THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE
The Greatest Naval Exploit of the War
BENEFIT DOVER PATROL FUND
Rear-Admiral Usher, presiding
Tickets $5.00 to 50c at Box Office, agencies, or from the J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42nd St.

LEXINGTON THEATRE 51ST ST. & LEX. AVE.
POSITIVELY LAST WEEK.
TO SEE
ATTA BOY with CAPT. FRANK TINNEY.
"Atta Boy is a wonderful show."—N. Y. Tribune.
Prices 50c, to $2.00. No War Tax.
Matinee Saturday, 2:15.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinee Today, Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Eve. at 8:15

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mat. Daily 25c-$1
Jack Norworth, Nan Halperin, Bob Hall, Harry Green, Jimmy Hussey, Toto, and BESSIE CLAYTON with Eduardo & Elisa Cansino.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St.
Phyllis Neilson-Terry | Marmein Sisters & Schooler, Lydell & | Rooney & Bent, David Macy.

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French Institute in the United States,
599 Fifth Avenue (48th St.)
Loan Exhibition of French Art
Periods of Louis XV and Louis XVI
Daily except Sundays, 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Admission, 50c. Saturdays Free.
January 15th to January 29th, inclusive

Burton Holmes
CARNEGIE HALL
Sund. Eve. AT 8:30 | Mon. Mat. AT 3 | With the "YANKS" IN PARIS
POPULAR PRICES, 50c to $1.50

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri., Sat. 2:30
STUART WALKER'S
PORTMANTEAU SEASON
Mat. Today AT 2:30 Tel. Circle 1366. | First Bill: "A Night in Avignon," "Stingy" and Lord Dunsany's "The Laughter of The Gods."

POULTRY SHOW
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
NEXT WEEK

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15.
8 VIRGINIA STEPPERS, BERTHA & BETTY WHEELER, CONRAD & MAYO, 8 OTHER BIG ACTS. Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily. ALL NEW | Pop. Prices Behman Show

AMUSEMENTS.

Manhattan O. H., 34th, W. of B'way. Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:15. | Evgs. 8:15.
Last 3 Times CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in SED. M. COHAN'S Newest Comedy
THE VOICE OF McCONNELL
25c to $1.00. A few front Orch. Seats at $1.50
Sat. Ev., Jan. 25, Marjorie Rambeau, Eyes of Youth

MOTION PICTURES.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20, 30, 55. Lo. $1 | William FAVERSHAM in "The Silver King," "Catalina," a Prizma, RIVOLI ORCHESTRA
RIALTO Times Square 20—30—60. | Pauline FREDERICK in "Out of the Shadow" Scenic. Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

MOTION PICTURES.

LAST 2 DAYS
OF THE SENSATIONAL PICTURE THAT ALL NEW YORK IS TALKING ABOUT.
"THE HEART of HUMANITY"
The Picture That Will Live Forever.
BROADWAY
THEATRE, B'WAY AT 41ST ST.
10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
MAE MARSH in "The Racing Strain."
RUTH CLIFFORD in "The Game 's Up."

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 8080
WM. S. HART in His Latest "BRANDING B'WAY"
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

STRAND B'way at 47th St. | MADGE KENNEDY in "Day Dreams." Flagg Comedy. Strand Orchestra.

BILLIE RHODES | PLAZA Madison Ave. at 59th St. | THE GIRL OF MY DREAMS

AMUSEMENTS.

LEXINGTON THEATRE
Lexington Ave. at 51st St.
CHICAGO GRAND OPERA
CHICAGO OPERA ASSOCIATION
Cleofonte Campanini, Gen. Director.
FIRST WEEK—MONDAY, JAN. 27.
Mon., "Gismonda," Mary Garden, Charles Fontaine, Alfred Maguenat, Marcel Journet, Pavley-Oukrainsky Ballet. Tues., "Madam Butterfly," Tamaki Miura, Forrest Lamont, Irene Pavloska, Giacomo Rimini. Wed., "Romeo and Juliet," Yvonne Gall, John O'Sullivan, Auguste Bouilliez. Thurs., "Monna Vanna," Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Fri., "Le Chemineau," Gall, Maguenat, Baklanoff. Sat. Mat., "Thais," Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Sat. Night (Popular Prices), "Tales of Hoffmann," Florence Macbeth, Marguerite Namara, Myrna Sharlow, Fontaine, Maguenat.
SEATS ON SALE AT LEXINGTON BOX OFFICE, Beginning Monday 9:00 A.M.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight, 8:15, Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sat. at 2, Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond. Papi.
Sat. at 8, Special Performance Le Prophete. Muzio, Matzenauer; Caruso, Rothier, Diaz, Schlegel, Mardones. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $2. Zimbalist, Violinist; Sundelius; Althouse, Mardones. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8, Cav. Rusticana. Muzio, Perini; Crimi, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison, Sundelius, Braslau; Diaz, Didur.—Galli-Bohm. Cond. Monteux.
Wed. at 8:15, Manon Lescaut. Alda, Perini; Martinelli, De Luca, Segurola. Cond. Papi.
Thurs. at 8:15, Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond. Papi.
Fri. at 8, (1st time) La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux.
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JOHN QUINE

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Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 25, 2:30. PIANO RECITAL. JOSEF
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JOSEF STRANSKY..............Conductor
Carnegie Hall, This Afternoon at 2:30.
BEETHOVEN..........Second Symphony
RACHMANINOFF......"Isle of the Dead"
WAGNER..........."Sounds of the Forest"
Prelude "Tristan." Overture "Tannhaeuser"
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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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LABOR'S AMERICAN PROGRAM.

The American Federation of Labor has presented to the Senate Committee on Labor a platform for reconstruction which is an argument rather than an appeal, and which is expressed with such restraint that dissent on any of the many contentious points raised should be equally moderate. Labor itself cannot expect that there should be no dissent. Of eighteen points first place is given to insistence that wages should not be reduced, in many cases should be raised, and conditions of employment bettered. "The American standard of life must be maintained and improved." Who ever proposed that it should be reduced? Capital certainly wants labor to be strong and efficient, and would prefer to pay high wages. High wages mean high prices, and a high standard of life for capital as well as for labor. Labor may regard the point which it most stresses and emphasizes as unanimously approved, subject only to economic considerations which apply to labor and capital alike, regardless of other statutes or labor edicts.

Wages and prices should be as high as the traffic will bear, and can be no higher. Hours should be as short as practicable on the same standard, and can be no shorter. Capital and labor alike want and need to keep shops open for selfish as well as humane considerations. When shops limit wages and profits stop, in New York as well as Berlin or Petrograd, and shops must shut if shortening hours reduces product, or raising wages stops the sale of the product. Labor sees the point, but still has the idea that wages can be forced from capital. There is not wealth enough in the world to keep that plan going long. Just as truly and surely as farmers depend upon yearly crops labor must depend upon the operation of the factories. The National Industrial Conference Board has just reported that the adoption of a fifty-four-hour week reduced production in every factory employing over 750 hands, and increased production with moderate and various results only in the case of small and relatively inefficient factories. Labor's proposal on this point is acceptable in principle, but labor cannot evade the economic objections in detail.

Labor's contention that labor should be allowed to organize and bargain collectively is almost unanimously admitted and in operation. It is no objection to unionism that "legitimate" activities are asserted. But labor itself must see the distinction between allowing labor freely to organize and do whatever is lawful and enacting that whatever unions do is lawful. The position of unionism would be stronger if it did not so readily approve unlawful and inhumane acts because done by unions or ratified when done without authority. There is an obnoxious partisanship of labor as well as of capital, and it is the interest of both to restrain whatever discredits either.

Labor's proposal for the extension of farmer proprietorship and housing improvement by Government assistance has been anticipated. Land workers have only to use the farm loan law to enlarge their class with the approval of all. Idle land is an economic fault while there are hungry workers ready to till the soil. The men of the Federation would prevent "the extension of the tenant class" on farms. Are they aware that all over the country tenant farmers, taking advantage of the Loan act, are becoming farm owners? All want farmers to be prosperous and crops good. But the proposal for the progressive increase of taxes on incomes and land should be kept from conflict with the following proposal that taxation should rest lightly on constructive enterprise. There is need for that. In this State $75,000,000 taxes annually have been placed on active capital, with tendency toward making capital shrink from activity just as excessive taxes will discourage farm work. Land cannot be increased as capital may be, and the single land tax has elements of danger. But the idea of fostering the farmer class is not opposed. Regret, however, must be expressed at labor's adoption of the proposal for inheritance taxes to an extent which some design to abolish inheritance. The feudal idea that the property of the deceased belongs to the sovereign, and that the family succeeds by his grace, is not consistent with the modern idea that the State is a creation of the people, for their benefit, and has no divine rights or prerogatives in property. Natural heirs take from their ancestors or relatives, not from the State. Heirs get their right by being born, not by being citizens. "The inheritance tax shows on its face that it is a thief," said America's greatest democrat. The inheritance tax is right for revenue, like other revenue taxes, but it is not generally admitted that it should be punitive on the heirs or confiscatory.

Labor's proposal of Government ownership of utilities and Government operation of them to supply their product "at cost" is not distinctively a labor project. Dissent, therefore, is not antagonism to labor. The proposal that corporations should be admitted to interstate commerce by license is anticipated, there being an official recommendation to that effect now pending. That proposal is more for the hampering of capital than for the favor of labor. It is a proposal to substitute bureaucracy, junkerism, for the freedom of all citizenship to all activities such as labor claims for itself. Interstate commerce is "legitimate." The proposal to license it is a proposal to make it illegitimate for all but the licensed. Where methods of control are already excessive and the practice of regulation is little short of destructive there can be no need of a license system except by those with antagonism to capital such as labor resents toward itself, and such as would be as harmful to labor as to capital. Idle capital employs no labor any more than idle land or closed shops.

ARTICLE EIGHTEEN.

It was poetically and politically just that the State of Mr. BRYAN should have been the decisive thirty-sixth to ratify yesterday the prohibition amendment. Missouri of his dearest foe, Speaker CLARK, was as willing but not quite so quick. Thus Jan. 16, 1919, becomes memorable as the Ratification or Prohibition Day.

Article XVIII. takes its place in the Constitution. In a year from yesterday the United States will be Dry constitutionally as by Act of Congress it is to be after June 30 next indefinitely.

With what dizzying swiftness have the Legislatures competed with one another in the race to add this Article to the Constitution! Has this contagion or consensus of emotion and politics been accompanied with an equal conviction among the people, a corresponding unanimity of public opinion? Have the people had much to say about it?

Prohibition is not yet a fact. The imperfection of human nature may to some extent interfere with its becoming a general and absolute fact in the United States. But the wet bad days are almost over. It is for the country and many belated and surprised persons in it to realize that legal, to be succeeded by the constitutional, Federal prohibition will soon be in effect. Even at Washington, Congress, which started the engine of virtue, with perhaps none too eager hope that it wouldn't run off the track, is blind to the new light. Senate and House conferees were agreeing about the rates on distilled and divers other spirits and intoxicants just before the news from Nebraska came.

Taxes are trifles if the ameliorations, moral, physical, social, economic, foreseen by the advocates of prohibition come to pass. Only grumolers and friends of the saloon will note that the $1,137,000,000 which the House originally designed to raise from beverages has been cut to $450,000,000. Eventually all the liquor revenue is to be wiped out, like the business. But what are base matters of taxation, business, unemployment, to the triumph of a theory? May the amendment surprise its foes, surpass the hopes of its enthusiasts, and the nation be as easy to rehabilitate and improve as Article XVIII. was to sweep through the Legislatures!

A REBUKE TO THE LAWLESS.

Mayor HYLAN'S letter to ERNEST BOHM, Secretary of the Central Federated Union, who had protested against the employment of policemen to keep the municipal ferries in operation during the harbor strike, is a model worthy of the study and adoption of civil authority everywhere when challenged by the spokesmen of lawless agitation and Bolshevism. The employés of the city who operate the municipal ferries were not concerned in the controversy between the private boat owners of the harbor and their men. Hours and wages of the men who run the ferryboats are established by law, they must conform to the prevailing rate. They had no quarrel with the city as to hours or wages. But they were ordered out on sympathy strike to make it easier for the employés in private service to win their fight.

In his letter to Secretary BOHM, Mayor HYLAN points out that the city used the police to continue the operation of the boats in order that it might prevent the starvation of wounded soldiers and sailors in hospitals on Staten Island and babies and children and the population in general, "who were to be sacrificed, if "necessary, as a cold-blooded piece of "strategy, as a part of the fighting "plan of certain labor leaders." The Mayor points out that, enjoying the benefit of the civil service law, city employés are a favored class, protected in their wages, their hours, and their conditions of employment. Captain MAHER, representing the Marine Workers, had been obdurate to the appeal of mercy for starving soldiers and babies; he insisted that the greater the hardship inflicted "the better our chance of winning." The Mayor very properly describes this as a "wicked, outrageous, cruel, and inhuman policy." He quotes Mr. MAHER'S answer to the statement of the Corporation Counsel calling attention to the position of ferry employés under the civil service law. Said Mr. MAHER:

> I have no regard for the civil service law; the laws are of no use to workingmen anyhow; the only laws that are any good are those passed by the unions; they can be enforced by the unions if the unions are strong enough, and can be repealed by the unions if necessary without being subject to any interpretation by the courts.

These are doctrines of late made familiar in Petrograd, they have failed of application in Berlin. Mayor HYLAN is resolved that they shall not be successfully applied here. He reminds Mr. BOHM that when the spokesmen of the unions seek to have organized labor in this country "regarded as the disciples of LENINE "and TROTZKY," they are not only defiant of the laws of the land but willing to sacrifice the lives of the people and of the helpless in order to win a labor dispute. These brutal methods, he insists, "can never win "any real substantial victory for the "cause of organized labor any more "than it did for the Kaiser." There is a pretty solemn warning for persons of Mr. MAHER'S reckless temper in this passage of the Mayor's letter:

> When Mr. MAHER reckoned to use his great power to cut off the supplies of the sick and helpless of this community and commanded the city employés to back him up, he not only violated the law of humanity, but by attempting to terrorize the city employés into violating their obligations to all the public Mr. MAHER and these employés ran foul of the penal law regarding conspiracies against the public health.

This is the spirit which should prompt the action of civil authority everywhere when lawless acts are perpetrated or threatened by agitators who have assumed the right to make and repeal the laws. And the time to show that spirit is the moment when Bolshevism raises its head, not after it has begun its work.

A CHICAGO IDYL.

It would be easy to enumerate nine or ninety-nine reasons why Mr. JAMES R. MANN shouldn't be the Republican candidate for Speaker of the next House of Representatives. Least and last among them would be his horrendous conduct or want of conduct in accepting from a Chicago packer one steak or roast, valued at $3.50, and one twelve-year-old horse which cost $150 in its lusty youth. That Mr. MANN'S midst was so reminiscent of the flavor of that steak or roast ten years afterward; that Mr. MANN'S heart beat warmly in 1917 for the packer who gave him a working "plug" which, with polite facetiousness, he described in 1907 as "a magnificent animal"; that his words, actions, or votes, general or particular, in regard to the packing industry were determined or affected by that minimitude of unbought steer and horse—only those who judge gladly to the baser end will believe that.

Mr. MANN should have had a more sensitive delicacy, but Mr. MANN, who has many qualities that fit him to be a useful legislator, who has been a useful legislator in many ways by dint of close attention to public business, and long experience in it, belongs to rather a rude type of the urban canny politician. He is often narrow and petty. He sees things before his nose, and in his district, but has no ample view of great principles and causes. Even if his standards are not of the highest, the suggestion that he swapped his influence on certain legislation in consideration of one steak or one roast and a horse of all work, is too much for the most gluttonous partisan credulity to gulp down. A good enough Morgan, however.

What the anecdote teaches us is that Mr. MANN has ceased to be formidable as a candidate and is now become ridiculous or impossible. This story is the last straw on the Elephant's back.

Yet the eclogue, the pastoral, the essay on gardening, or whatever Mr. MANN'S apologia should be called, has a loveliness not always associated with country life in Cook County. He looks back to himself as a kindly Adam, gardener of a large garden, growing things for joy and giving them away. The "magnificent animal" was an old horse, a pack, not to say a packing, horse, the remains of a steed, a truck Rosinante. The steak was "a pretty fine steak." A variant tells us that the steak was a roast, "a very good roast." Why, indeed, should the tablets of midriff or memory record old forgotten meals and meats? Why should this silly tale of beef and horse meat have any effect on the gardener's canvass for the Speakership?

Alas, Mr. MANN, so runs the world away. Be pure as snow pudding, yet calumny will bite. One hears the campaign hymn already:

> Can, can,
> The packers' MANN!

It may be foolish, unjust, wicked, but Mr. MANN has dished himself. The best thing he can do is to introduce a universal antitreating amendment to the Constitution. He lets folks treat him to cigars and flowers, he says. Where's the harm? Well, so far as his "boom" or hope for the Speakership is concerned, Mr. MANN had better ask his friends to please omit flowers.

THE EMERGENCY STILL EXISTS.

The selective service law was "an "act to authorize the President to in"crease temporarily the military es"tablishment of the United States," including the Regular Army and the National Guard, as well as the force to be raised by drafting men of military age that came to be known as the National Army. The forces so created and organized were to serve during the "existing emergency," a description that occurs here and there in the selective service law approved May 18, 1917. It could have only one meaning, the duration of the war from that date until the President issued a proclamation of peace with the Central Powers and their allies. Yet there seems to be an impression, which is not confined to our civil population, that the armistice of Nov. 11, 1918, marked the end of the war.

Members of Congress frequently call at the War Department to inquire when their home divisions are coming back, and they complain if Secretary BAKER or General MARCH tells them that General PERSHING has not placed the troops they are interested in on the priority list. General SHANKS in a public statement has deplored the tendency of officers, not regulars, it need hardly be said, to absent themselves from their commands for days at a time when units land at this port. Apparently these careless officers take the view that there is no longer an "existing emergency." The effect of their behavior upon the men is subversive of discipline, and naturally the men are impatient under the military restraint that is so necessary until they can be discharged from the service.

Officially the war still continues. Members of Congress may protest that they understand that to be the case, but when they bombard the War Department with their importunities they foment a spirit of dissatisfaction with the Government for retaining troops in France; also these persistent members of Congress and their abettors encourage the illogical belief that the "existing emergency" really ended when the armistice was signed. The impatience of the troops and the murmuring of their families are not peculiar to the American people. In England soldiers have assembled in London to make "demonstrations" of protest, and they have not hesitated to object to being sent back to France for active duty. The citizen armies are inclined to decide for themselves whether the war is ended and their services are still needed. Yet it may be necessary to occupy districts in Germany to preserve order because stable governments have not been established; and, in view of the new conditions added to the armistice terms in the last forty-eight hours, there may follow armed resistance to the will of the United States and its allies.

Peace is so far from being assured that the Conference may sit for months before it is consummated and proclaimed. Until then the "emergency" of the selective service law will continue. As Commander in Chief of the Army, President WILSON has authority to order units home, but it is obvious that he should not interfere with the authority of General PERSHING to retain the troops he wants in France and to dispense with those he can spare. Thousands of soldiers are now being sent home, and he is adding contingents to his priority list every day. Home-returning regiments will be demobilized as expeditiously as possible. Congress may call upon the War Department for information about its plans and their execution, but members of Congress are not within their rights when they demand preference for local troops. The war, that is to say, the emergency" is not over. It will be time enough to complain that demobilization is going slowly and that injustice has been done this unit or that when the President's peace proclamation signals the end of the great war and the beginning of a permanent peace.

TROUBLES OF DEMOCRATIC RUSSIA.

The difficulties of organizing opposition to Bolshevism are illuminatingly displayed by Admiral KOLCHAK'S statement to an Associated Press correspondent at Omsk. KOLCHAK was chosen Supreme Governor of the Omsk Government by a decision of the Cabinet which had hitherto had charge of the affairs of that organization, but says that his power is only temporary and that he is leaving civil affairs entirely to his colleagues. His appointment was necessary, he says, because the military situation demanded that power be put into the hands of one man, and because some of the members of the directorate were partisan and used their influence to disorganize the army. That is to say, in a group of five men which represented the soundest concentration of democratic influence in Russia, men who realized better than anybody else the necessity of standing together for overthrowing the Bolsheviki before attempting to get anything else done, there were some who insisted on putting their own political conception to the forefront even if they had to demoralize the strongest anti-Bolshevist army to do it.

KOLCHAK says that the two great needs are the creation of an army and the suppression of Bolshevism; he wants an all-Russian election for a new Constituent Assembly (many persons elected to the old one have presumably been massacred) as soon as it is feasible, and then he wants to retire. From this distance it appears that his appointment to a sort of constitutional dictatorship was the best thing that could have been done in the circumstances; but suspicion was unavoidable, and apparently SEMENOFF and HORVATH are still unwilling to co-operate with KOLCHAK. The situation is not unlike that on the other frontier of Bolshevism, where Poles and Ukrainians are at war, Poles and Lithuanians at odds, and Polish parties quarreling among themselves while the Bolsheviki go marching on.

It is another instance of the ease with which a fanatical and united minority can make headway against a leaderless and uncertain majority. A faction fighting for Bolshevist principles and by Bolshevist methods has as great an advantage over democracy as did the German Empire; and democracy can beat the one, as it beat the other, only by getting together.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Arguments Against Publicity.

Before reaching a final decision with regard to keeping the proceedings of the Peace Conference secret or making them public, the eminent statesmen with whom the settlement of the question rests should consider carefully the two sides which it, like most other questions, possesses. They already have given thought, evidently, as well they might, to the dangers and inconveniences incidental to the discussion of delicate problems, involving large and adverse interests, in the presence of more or less irresponsible listeners, gathered about in great numbers and most of them eager to give advice and exert pressure.

That, undoubtedly, is about the best way there is to make each of the several groups of delegates stick obstinately to extreme demands from which otherwise it could be persuaded to recede in order that harmony might be attained. It is the way, also, to turn divergent views still further apart and to change disagreements into settled animosities. That is the lesson of universal human experience, and it is no wonder, therefore, that among the first actions of the conference was to decide that during the period of discussion nothing should be given out except a single statement of the conclusions reached, and that the delegates should do no talking with outsiders while the deliberations are in progress.

Action is not proved wise, however, by the fact that some of its consequences are desirable or by the fact that opposite action would have some consequences that are undesirable.

Secrecy Has Its Penalties.

What the statesmen seemingly forget is that mystery invites investigation and that it is the mother of rumors which, in the absence of knowledge, gain the power of truth, especially for evil. Paris is full of professional newsgatherers, all eager to prove their competence in the overcoming of just such difficulties as the decision of the conference has created for them. They are there to write about what goes on in those meetings, and certainly they are going to do it unless they are suppressed by a censorship of a severity which the world is in no mood to tolerate. That they will remain content with the information contained in an official communiqué is to be believed only by very credulous and unsophisticated people.

And the decision of the conference will be far from making it impossible, all the time or even most of the time, for the correspondents to find out what is going on, or to find it out as it goes on. The United States Senate has not succeeded in keeping the secrets of its executive sessions. Indeed, its utter failure to do that is a joke so familiar that it long since ceased to be amusing. There is even less likelihood that the Peace Conference can prevent the drawing aside of the veil with which it has surrounded itself. Every one of its secrets will be known to many men, and always there will be at least one of them so resentful, in his own behalf or that of his country, at the failure of his contentions, as to find a means of making his grievance known.

The dilemma is a puzzling one, and both of its horns are sharp. To land safely between them will be no small achievement.

A Serious Study of Possibilities.

Without having the slightest desire to deepen what so many regard as the encircling gloom of prohibition, to do so seems to be necessary lest intolerable disappointments come upon those persons who are now laying in large stocks of alcoholice as a defense against the days when none can be made or bought. Have these persons read the constitutional amendment as drawn by the subtle foes of the cheering cup? Have they considered its terms with the attention those terms deserve? Let them do so, giving especial thought to the words "transportation of intoxicating liquors."

That phrase, as they will see if they fix their powerful minds on it, forbids any movement whatever of those liquors, and of every one of them anywhere within the country. Now "transportation" presumably means "transportation," and, as it stands quite unqualified, it means every sort and degree of "transportation." The very kindliest of courts could hardly fail to decide that the moving of liquids in any degree intoxicating from one house to another came under the ban. So they who are now filling their cellars with the products of distillation, fermentation, or malting must abandon their treasure if ever they make a change of residence. The alternative is never to move, and, to the typical American, the right to make periodic movings is among his most valued liberties.

But the possibilities of the situation—almost the probabilities of it—are even more appalling than that. Who shall say that it is not "transportation" to carry a bottle from the cellar to the dining room or from the sideboard to the table? Why, the word fits snugly the mere raising of a filled glass to the lips!

Truly pathetic, therefore, are the efforts in mitigation and avoidance now reported as making in so many quarters. At best they will end in life imprisonment, at worst they are a waste of money, considered in relation to the vast contiguity of dry years.

They Know Their Place and Fill It.

Critics of our army chiefs make strange proof of their competence for that task when, as is their constant habit, they speak scornfully of men in high command who send others into battle and themselves remain safely in the rear. Chatter of this kind is nothing less than sickening to anybody with even a rudimentary knowledge of what is the duty of Generals like FOCH and HAIG and PERSHING and many another who has lately been reproached for "taking part in no combat since the war began."

Of course they have not, in the sense these strange persons mean; if they did habitually expose themselves to the hazards of the front line they would instantly be retired to private life, and well would they deserve that disgraceful fate.

But to say that these men have taken part in no combat is equally false and absurd. They have taken part in every one of the battles, and most efficient part of that. As it happens, too, all of them know from long personal experience in other wars just what it is to be under fire, and that is one of several reasons why they planned battles to the perfect satisfaction of all qualified observers not German.

ARTISTS' EXHIBIT IN PARIS.

Americans to Show Work in Museum of the Luxembourg.

By invitation of the French Government an exhibition of the work of living American artists, painters, and sculptors will be held in the Museum of the Luxembourg, Paris, this Spring or early Summer. William A. Coffin, the New York artist, upon the invitation of M. Alfred Cortot, representing the French Government, has formed a committee to select the works to be included in the exhibition and to take charge of the undertaking. With Mr. Coffin, who is President, are Herbert Adams, Vice President; Francis C. Jones, Second Vice President and Treasurer; Ernest T. Rosen, General Secretary, and Chauncey F. Ryder and Jonas Lie, Committee Secretaries, the six forming the Executive Board. The remaining members of the committee, bringing the number to eighteen, are George Bellows, Edwin H. Blashfield, Arthur Crisp, Daniel Chester French, Robert Henri, Max Weber, J. Adler Weir, Irving R. Wiles, and Mahonri Young. The sculptors are represented by Messrs. Adams, French, and Young.

There will be a distinguished list of honorary members of the committee headed by M. Edouard de Billy, Deputy High Commissioner of France and head of the Mission in the absence of M. André Tardieu; Henri Caro-Delvaille, the French artist, residing in New York; Ernest Guy of the French High Commission; Robert W. de Forest, President of the Metropolitan Museum of Art; Theodore Hetzler, President of the Fifth Avenue Bank, who is Treasurer of the committee; Denys Amiel, and Henri Casadesus. Others have been invited, among the number A. Augustus Healy, President of the Brooklyn Museum, but their responses have not yet been received.

In admitting the exhibition to the Luxembourg Galleries the United States receives an honor never previously accorded to any other nation. In the exhibition will be 100 paintings, twenty figurines or small bronzes and busts, reliefs in bronze or marble, and it is probable that a small number of works in black and white will be included. The committee will have three or four corresponding members, professional artists of high standing, in several large cities of the country. Representation in the exhibition will be by invitation only.

A return exhibition of French art is expected to take place next Winter and will be shown not only in New York but in many large cities of the country.

The Kansas Division.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial in today's issue on Governor Allen's speech at Topeka induces me to say a "few remarks" as a member of the Kansas division who was to the battle in the forest and who is now returning to his home in Kansas with a wound stripe.

Governor Henry Allen was with the Red Cross, and after some political talks with the soldiers in France he was diplomatically requested to absent himself. He then went to the "Y" and had himself assigned with the boys from our home State.

We certainly had a good lesson of a politician using warfare for self-advancement. Everything done by him was for "home stuff" for his newspaper. The officers catered to him, thinking of his influence, &c. He knew more of strategy and tactics than Foch.

And now he tells our fathers and mothers a lot of trash.

We had a tough time, sure. It was terrible, but it was war, and his stories of horses, &c., are simply imagination.

We of Kansas know him, but it's dead wrong to bring down such charges on a lot of wonderful boys and hard-working officers.

As one on the ground, let me state that Governor Allen has colored his facts and used figures that are ridiculous.

A. B. CULLOM.

New York, Jan. 15, 1919.

TO THE SHIPS.

I see you not as others see,
O gallant warriors of the deep!
For as the waves about you leap
Again the vision comes to me
Of fear-filled nights and weary days—
Strained, tearless hours of agony—
When all along the treacherous way
Lurked hidden foes—the enemy!

I do not see your glittering decks
That stretch today beneath the sun.
I only note each sullen gun
And dream of broken, floating wrecks,
White, upturned faces, and the moan
Of eddying waters as they creep
Where once a splendid ensign shone—
A flag gone down beneath the deep!

I cannot sense your calm, Great Ships,
For one there was that bore my heart!
Yet closed forever are my lips—
I, too, must bear my humble part!
I cannot see you there at rest
Beneath your country's peaceful skies,
For ever, on a mad sea's breast,
A doomed ship looms before my eyes!

LURANA SHELDON.

DEMANDS ARGONNE INQUIRY.

Campbell's Resolution Recites the Charges Affecting 35th Division.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Investigation of conditions during the Argonne fighting is demanded in a resolution offered in the House today by Representative P. H. Campbell of Kansas. His resolution recites that there were 7,000 casualties in the 35th Division, composed of Missouri and Kansas National Guard troops, due to the alleged lack of artillery, airplanes, ammunition, and food, and that 1,200 wounded men were left on the field thirty-six hours without food or medical attention.

Mr. Campbell requests the House to appoint five members to investigate this condition and report. He said, in explanation of his resolution, that he had received the alleged facts upon which he based his resolution from men who had participated in the fight. The 35th Division, he said, in addition to being imperfectly supplied with food and ammunition and not properly backed up with artillery, was without experienced officers at the time of the heaviest conflict.

"Several commanding officers," Mr. Campbell said, "had been withdrawn and placed on the staff, and subordinates were in command during the fight. If the reports that have come to me are at all justified by the facts there should be court-martial proceedings. I am not animated by a desire to expose anybody, but my State is very much exercised by these reports, and I want an investigation to determine the truth or falsity of the charges which are being made as the troops return home."

Mr. Campbell's resolution was referred to the Rules Committee, of which he is ranking Republican member.

TALKS WITH PILOT IN AIR.

Kenly Takes Part in Demonstrating Radio-Land Telephony.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—A conversation was held this morning between Major Gen. William L. Kenly, Director of Military Aeronautics, seated before the ordinary desk telephone in his office, and Lieutenant Lucas of the Air Service, piloting a radio-equipped airplane. This communication involved the use of telephone lines of the Chesapeake & Potomac system, was made at the local radio station at Bolling Field, where apparatus was connected in such manner that speech originating in either system would be automatically transmitted over the other. Besides General Kenly Colonel F. R. Kenney and Colonel C. C. Culver talked with Lieutenant Lucas.

The airplane radio telephone has been in use for more than a year, and air fleets are being commanded by the voice of their commanders at several flying fields in the country. In aviation, communications have been made between the pilot in the air and land lines on the field. The conversation this morning, however, was the first official demonstration of a two-way conversation direct between a person using a line telephone and an aviator in flight.

The great degree of efficiency reached makes it possible for a telephonic conversation to be carried on between New York and San Francisco. By substituting a transcontinental line for General Kenly's branch line, the element of distance is practically eliminated and conversation is made possible between an airplane in flight and any point reached by a good telephone circuit. Thus it becomes a mere matter of detail to have an aviator in the air over Washington in conversation with a man in his office in San Francisco, or with an airplane in flight over San Francisco.

WOULD SETTLE WAR CLAIMS.

Stettinius Urges Senate to Hasten Action on Contracts Made Ahead.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Enactment of legislation authorizing the Secretary of War to immediately settle claims growing out of cancellation of contracts placed in foreign countries for supplies for the American Expeditionary Force was urged before the Senate Military Committee today by Assistant Secretary of War Stettinius. Delay in adjusting these claims is costing the Government "thousands of dollars daily," Mr. Stettinius said.

The Assistant Secretary, who is charged with handling war contracts abroad, was before the committee in connection with consideration of legislation to validate informal war contracts made in the United States. Senators agreed that some action should be taken for settlement of the foreign claims, and said the necessary legislation could be expedited by attaching it as an amendment to the pending War Contract bill.

CROSBY GIVES UP HIS POST

But Will Stay Abroad to Advise Peace Delegates on Finance.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Oscar T. Crosby has resigned as special Commissioner of Finance for the United States in Europe. Secretary Glass will accept the resignation soon, but Mr. Crosby intends to remain in Europe to advise the American peace delegation on financial questions.

Mr. Crosby was President of the Interallied Council on Finance and Purchases, which had charge, during the war, of the allocation of American loans to the Allies and the determination of priorities on purchases in this country. With the cessation of hostilities, he is said to have felt that his work there was finished. Previously he had been Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

KEEPS UP FOOD CONTROL.

England's Restrictions to be Governed by Europe's Needs.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—George H. Roberts, the new British Food Controller, said today that the continuance of food control in England would be governed by the needs of Europe as a whole, just as during the war.

"Rationing was more drastic and complete here than in any other allied country," he said. "This was the direct outcome of ever-increasing calls upon British tonnage by the needs of the Allies for munitions, clothing, food, coal, and other materials. The Supreme Food Council is now going to do for the rest of Europe what the Inter-Allied Food Council and the inter-allied executives for wheat, sugar, meat, &c., did during the war for the Allies alone.

"Great Britain, of course, takes her share with the United States, France, and Italy in the necessary financial arrangements. My duties are thus not limited to this country, and, just as England helped to save the Allies in the war, so she will take her part in helping to save Europe from starvation and chaos now that peace has come."

CALLS ROOSEVELT LAST OF SUPERMEN

James M. Beck, at Merchants' Luncheon, Ranks Him with Giants of the Renaissance.

CANAL A NOBLE MONUMENT

Speaker Illustrates His Promptness of Decision with Story of the Kaiser and Venezuela.

James M. Beck, formerly United States Attorney General, at a luncheon of the Merchants' Association at the Hotel Astor yesterday, where Secretary Franklin K. Lane of the Interior spoke on the League of Nations, paid a stirring tribute to Theodore Roosevelt. At the conclusion of Mr. Beck's address a silent toast was drunk to the late President and the last verse of "America" was sung.

"We have met today in the shadow of a great calamity," Mr. Beck said. "The best known and best loved American of this generation has gone. To be the President of the United States no longer insures more than a nominal fame. As President succeeds President, they become merely as Roman Consuls who mark periods of time. But we hazard little in believing that, among the Presidents who will mark distinctive epochs in our history, Theodore Roosevelt will surely be one. If nobility of character alone suffices to insure immortality, we would have no misgivings as to the permanence of his fame.

"It is little to say that Roosevelt was an extraordinary man. In the matter of versatility, he was the last of the supermen. Our complex and highly specialized age makes almost impossible the combination of rare and varied achievement that earlier and simpler ages witnessed. Men marvel at the varied accomplishments of the giants of the Renaissance, of Leonardo da Vinci, Michael Angelo, Erasmus, Francis Bacon, and Shakespeare. In the eighteenth century the race of supermen still existed, and the varied achievements of such men as Franklin, Jefferson, and Hamilton stagger credulity. Of this type was Roosevelt. I know of no man of this generation who can be recalled whose achievements were as varied and whose industry was more amazing. His work was largely in the public service, and, working on the very day of his death, it can truly be said of him that he died in the harness. Few men ever exceeded him in the swiftness, courage, and general accuracy of his decisions. I may illustrate by an incident which is of peculiar interest to the Merchants' Association.

"His swift and courageous action in times of international crises can be illustrated by the fact that when the German Kaiser threatened to take possession of a Venezuelan port and disregarded the protest of this country and declined to arbitrate, President Roosevelt calmly advised the Ambassador that unless within one week the Kaiser agreed to arbitrate, Admiral Dewey and his fleet would sail for the Venezuelan coast; and when, in reply, the Ambassador informed Mr. Roosevelt that the Kaiser nevertheless was unwilling to arbitrate, Roosevelt grimly remarked that, in view of that fact, Admiral Dewey would sail two days sooner than had been contemplated. The Kaiser then agreed to arbitrate, and Roosevelt announced the fact to the public in one of his flashes of sardonic humor by stating in substance that the Kaiser's well-known advocacy of international arbitration had induced him to accept the proposition of the American Government.

"It was this swiftness of decision that enabled President Roosevelt to accomplish one of the greatest of his works, the Panama Canal, and it would be simple justice to his memory if the canal that owed its accomplishment to his masterful mind were hereafter known as the Roosevelt Canal. If so, that would be the noblest monument ever erected to man at any time or at any place.

"This, however, is not a time to discuss his varied achievements. It is enough to recall that his vital message which, with the zeal of a prophet, he voiced for forty years of his career, was of the necessity of a higher light. When he entered public life, he found this nation sunk in a sordid materialism, due to our amazing prosperity as a nation, which had somewhat obscured the great ideals to which the Republic was dedicated. Roosevelt, in the spirit of an ancient prophet, preached the higher life, both for nation and for individual; and while many of his fellow-countrymen differed with him in details and in applications, few ever questioned his sincerity or nobility of purpose.

"I will not say that he is gone; for, in a sense, he will always be with us—certainly with the generation that knew him in the flesh. No race has a richer mythology than the Arthurian Legend. The joyous spirits of the Greek gods and the morose and terrible deities of the Norse mythology bear no comparison with the legendary Christian knight, King Arthur, to whom dishonor was as a wound. According to the legend, King Arthur sleeps at Avalon; but it is said that he will come again and draw his knightly sword, if ever England were in desperate need. Our King Arthur does not sleep. His flaming spirit still leads us on. His masterful influence for true Americanism will be felt for generations to come. The republic is richer for his having lived; it is poorer for his having died."

Senate for a Roosevelt National Park

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The bill designating the California giant redwood district as a "Roosevelt National Park" was passed unanimously today by the Senate and now goes to the House.

WORK OF WOMEN'S LEAGUE.

Reports on Canteen and Other Activities Read at Annual Meeting.

In an all-day annual meeting at the Biltmore yesterday the National League for Women's Service reported upon the work its members have done and its continuance for another six months. The league is operating fifty-six service clubs for men in uniform, nine of them in California, which has the largest club, entertaining an average of 65,000 men a month. Twenty thousand women have served several million meals in the canteens during the year.

The Home Economics Division of Chattanooga, Tenn., made a record in food conserving, its members having canned fruits and vegetables to the value of $97,371. The Motor Corps organized in seventy-eight cities, and its greatest work has been done in transporting the returned wounded in ambulances from the ships to the hospitals.

The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning in an address said the women must combat the tendency to slackness which would follow the war. Casper Whitney and Thomas Curtin also spoke. Miss Maude Wetmore, who was re-elected Chairman, paid a tribute to Colonel Roosevelt in opening the meeting. Other officers re-elected were Mrs. Coffin Van Rensselaer, Vice Chairman; Miss Anne Morgan, Treasurer, and Miss Grace Parker, National Commandant.

Harrison Returning from Manila.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Francis Burton Harrison, Governor General of the Philippines, is on his way home for a vacation of six months. He sailed by way of Panama and is due in New York in about a week. War Department officials said today that they thought the trip had no significance in connection with reports that Mr. Harrison intended to resign.

Glass to Retain Williams.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The nomination of John Skelton Williams as Comptroller of the Currency when his term expires Feb. 2 will be recommended by Secretary Glass. The Secretary today disposed of reports that he would not favor the reappointment of Mr. Williams and said that he would urge the President to continue the Comptroller in his position.

SMITH AGAIN ACTS ON MILK SITUATION

Governor Says Solution Is Up to Department of Farms and Markets.

ASKS IF INQUIRY WAS MADE

Reported to Despair of Relief Through Commission He Appointed Here.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Governor Smith today practically called upon the State Department of Farms and Markets for a solution of the acute milk situation in the State. In a letter to the department, the Governor asks for results of any investigation that may have been conducted by the department, a power which was vested in it under the law creating the department. The Governor also asked to be advised when the department proposed to report to the Legislature the results of its investigation, if an inquiry was conducted.

"I find," said Governor Smith this afternoon, "that this matter is really up to the department." In his letter he pointed out that the department is authorized to "investigate and report to the Legislature what plan in the judgment of the council should be established by law for the purpose of securing an ample supply of pure milk in centres of population upon an economic basis of distribution, and to aid in the accomplishment of such purpose within the provisions of the existing law."

The Governor is said to have decided upon this action after becoming convinced that no relief could be hoped for from the commission he appointed in New York City to study the situation.

Discuss Miss Perkins's Appointment.

James P. Holland, President of the State Federation of Labor, called upon Governor Smith today, and, according to the Governor, denied that he had protested the appointment of Miss Frances Perkins of New York to the State Industrial Commission. Asked if he had received any formal protest to Miss Perkins's nomination, the Governor said he had a communication from the Thirty-fourth Street Association of New York, which, however, he did not regard as a protest. The association, he said, looked upon Miss Perkins as having radical ideas on some labor laws, and suggested that the Governor appoint some one else with less pronounced views.

"The communication came, however, after I had sent in the nomination and would not have influenced me if received before I sent in her name."

An indication that the Senate Finance Committee may not confirm Miss Perkins's nomination was made today, when Majority Leader Walters said that if the committee refused confirmation he would explain its action from the floor. Told of this, Governor Smith's only comment was that he did not expect adverse action by the Senate committee.

The Governor announced that he expected to make public the personnel of his Reconstruction Committee on Monday. He looks for organization of the committee early next week and immediate application to its duties. The committee members will choose their own Chairman.

FAILS TO END MILK STRIKE.

Absence of Members Delays Action by Governor's Commission.

Contrary to expectation, the Governor's Milk Commission failed to settle the milk strike yesterday afternoon, the milk inquiry before Chief City Magistrate McAdoo having conflicted with the work of the commission because of the fact that the presence of the Dairymen's League counsel, Bradley Fuller, was required in court, where Albert Manning, Secretary of the Dairymen's League, was a witness. At the close of a four hours' conference Chairman Robert E. Dowling announced that unforeseen circumstances had made necessary another meeting, which will be held in his office at 165 Broadway at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

"The situation is just this," said Mr. Dowling as he left the meeting. "The commission met at 3 o'clock. The Dairymen's League members of the commission, R. D. Cooper and John D. Miller, brought with them Albert Manning, Secretary of the league, and their counsel, Bradley Fuller. Mr. Manning's presence at the hearing before Magistrate McAdoo was requested, and Mr. Fuller said that he, too, would have to attend the inquiry if Mr. Manning went. Isaac A. Van Bomel and Charles A. Weiant, the distributer members of the commission, telephoned that they were delayed, presumably in conference with their own members, and they did not arrive until about 5 o'clock. Mr. Fuller never returned, with the result that no conclusion could be reached in the matter."

While the wrangling over milk prices to the distributer is going on, the milk supply is steadily increasing. Receipts yesterday amounted to 1,501,865 quarts, or 83 per cent. of the normal requirements. This is an increase of 32,821 quarts over the day before. The distributers say that there will be an increase of at least 2 per cent. in the supply today.

When the inquiry before Magistrate McAdoo was resumed in the afternoon, Mr. Manning said that the middleman was standing between the farmer, or dairyman, and the consumer. "There is ample milk if the distributer will only get it to the consumers," he declared. "The producers have the milk for sale, but the distributers won't buy it." Mr. Manning said that, according to reports from consumers, they are not getting enough milk, and are paying 20 cents for two pint bottles.

At the resumption of the hearing yesterday morning, Assistant District Attorney Dooling said that reports had come to him from up-State indicating that acts of lawlessness had been committed in many parts of the State to shut off the supply of pure, fresh milk. He read a score of reports from dairy centres purporting to show methods members of the Dairymen's League used to keep farmers from shipping their milk to this city. He said that at Truxton, N. Y., farmers who were delivering milk to the Sheffield Farms were forced to stop. One man, according to the report, found his milk spilled in his barn.

CALL IRISH PARLIAMENT.

Sinn Feiners Said to Have Fixed Next Tuesday for Meeting.

DUBLIN, Jan. 16.—The Sinn Feiners have fixed Tuesday for the assembly of an Irish republican parliament.

Only urgent matters will be dealt with in the absence of imprisoned members of the organization.

The Sinn Fein organization at a meeting on Wednesday announced that at a conference of Irish Republican members of the British Parliament on Tuesday the drafts of a declaration of independence and a message to the nations of the world were considered. Both matters were referred with amendments to committees for final revision.

The meeting decided to recommend to the all-Irish conference the sending of Professor de Valera, Arthur Griffiths, and Count Plunkett as Ireland's delegates to the Peace Conference.

EDGE URGES VEHICLE TUBE.

Costs Less Than Harbor Strike, He Writes Gov. Smith.

Governor Edge, at Trenton yesterday, said the failure of New York to arrange to finance its half of the proposed New York-New Jersey vehicular tunnel is the only thing that stands in the way of starting the project. In a letter to Governor Smith he wrote that the harbor strike showed the necessity and importance of the tunnel.

"The recent strike has caused the business men of New York to lose more money than the tunnel would cost to construct," asserted Governor Edge in his letter. "In these days of modern development I cannot conceive how two enterprising and progressive communities like New York and New Jersey can longer permit such a possibility with its attendant results.

"New Jersey has passed the necessary legislation to finance one-half of such a tunnel. Can we not depend upon your good offices to use your best efforts to endeavor to prevail upon your Legislature now in session to take the necessary action to make possible this much-needed improvement? You have a commission thoroughly interested in the work, and, of course, the resources to easily provide for the improvement; but New Jersey can now only await your action in the matter."

ALBANY, Jan. 16.—Governor Smith said today that the letter from Governor Edge of New Jersey, suggesting that he recommend legislation to provide for the construction of a vehicular tunnel between New York and New Jersey, had not been called to his attention.

He had previously heard from Governor Edge in regard to the proposal, and he explained that General George W. Goethals, constructor of the Panama Canal, had prepared plans for a tunnel between the two States, the estimated cost of which would be $12,000,000.

It had been suggested that the Federal Government pay half the expense of construction, the balance to be divided between New York and New Jersey. The United States Senate rejected the proposition.

The Governor said he had talked the matter over with Majority Leader Walters of the Senate and Speaker Sweet of the Assembly, and that there was a belief that the Federal Government might yet be induced to assist in the project.

He added that he did not care to commit himself to any definite program until the question of State revenues had been settled and other needs of the State met, including the requirements of the State hospitals, which are much overcrowded.

SEIZE 3,000 IN BUDAPEST.

Expulsion from Hungary Ordered of Foreigners Suspected as Reds.

BERNE, Jan. 16.—There is much political unrest in Hungary, according to advices received here, and the position of Count Karolyi as President of the republic is by no means secure. The Socialists are very active and have demanded that one of them be appointed to the important post of Minister of the Interior in the Cabinet which Count Karolyi is forming.

The police of Budapest are reported to have arrested 3,000 suspected foreigners recently and their expulsion has been ordered. The Bolshevist leader, Samuell, is reported to have been arrested.

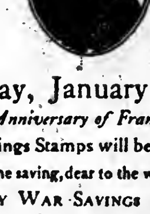
Roosevelts Return to Oyster Bay.

FARMINGTON, Conn., Jan. 16.—Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Mrs. Richard Derby, and Captain Archie Roosevelt, who have been visiting Rear Admiral and Mrs. Cowles here since last Saturday, left late today for Oyster Bay.

Franklin's Natal Day

will be observed

by offering to the public the new "FRANKLIN" War Savings Stamps of the United States Government



On Friday, January 17th, 1919

213th Anniversary of Franklin's birth

these new War Savings Stamps will be ready for distribution.

"All things are cheap to the saving, dear to the wasteful."—*Benjamin Franklin*

SAVE—BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS AT THE

Franklin Trust Company

46 WALL STREET, NEW YORK
166 MONTAGUE STREET, BROOKLYN
569 FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN
1001 WALLABOUT MARKET, BROOKLYN

HOLD NAVAL OFFICER ON CHARGE OF GRAFT

Young Man Alleged to Have Taken Money to Aid in Promotion of a Reserve Officer.

INQUIRY STILL UNDER WAY

Name of the Accused Unknown to Daniels, on Whose Order Investigation Was Begun.

A young naval officer on the staff of the Third Naval District is under arrest, charged with accepting money in connection with a promotion sought by an officer in the Naval Reserve. Details were refused at the headquarters of the Third Naval District, 280 Broadway, but when asked last night, Rear Admiral Usher confirmed the report.

The investigation had not been completed, Rear Admiral Usher said, and an effort was being made to determine the scope of the activities of the officer involved. Enough evidence had been obtained, however, to justify the arrest of one officer. Admiral Usher added that a report of the investigation would be sent to Washington as soon as completed, and that information would have to come from the Secretary of the Navy.

It is understood that the officer has not been court-martialed, these proceedings awaiting the result of the investigation. There are several branches in the personnel division of the Third Naval District.

DANIELS ORDERED INQUIRY.

Sent Officer, with Power to Make Arrest, to Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Secretary of the Navy Daniels said tonight that he had not yet been notified of the arrest of an officer in the Third Naval District for an alleged acceptance of a bribe, but confirmed the fact that an investigation of alleged selling of promotions had been instituted under his orders at the Brooklyn Navy Yard and that an officer had been sent from Washington with full authority to order the arrest, if justified by the investigation.

Secretary Daniels was unable to furnish the name of the officer arrested because it had not been reported to him. He said he was sorry the matter had come out at this time, but explained that this regret was based merely on his belief that the investigation could have been better conducted had there been no publicity.

"I wanted to get at the bottom of this matter," said Mr. Daniels, "and was afraid that if anything were published in advance that some one, who might be involved, might get wind of it, and the investigation might be partially balked. The facts of the matter, so far as I am able to discuss them tonight, are that a report reached me that a young officer had taken money in connection with examinations for promotions. It did not affect promotions in the regular Navy, but the Naval Reserves service. One of the allegations was that the officer had taken money to make a report that some one had passed an examination when he had not.

"When this matter was brought to my attention I sent an officer to New York clothed with full power to go to the bottom of the matter. This officer was a member of the Judge Advocate General's branch of the service. He has communicated with me since his arrival there that there seemed to be no foundation for the allegations. I empowered this officer of the Judge Advocate General's Department to make any arrests that seemed necessary in the case, but I have been notified of no arrest yet."

CHARLES SUFFERS RELAPSE

Ex-Emperor Ill Again After Partial Recovery from Influenza.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Former Emperor Charles of Austria has been ill for the last fortnight, having suffered a relapse after partly recovering from an attack of influenza, according to a German wireless message received here.

Old Guard and Charity Balls.

The Old Guard ball is to be held this season in the ballroom of the new Hotel Commodore on Jan. 31. The first ball was held in the Academy of Music in 1860.

The sixty-second annual charity ball for the benefit of the New York Nursery and Child's Hospital is to take place on Friday evening, Feb. 7, at the Waldorf-Astoria. This ball was abandoned one season during the civil war, and last season on account of the world war, and is one of the oldest social institutions of New York.

Benson-Smith Wedding on Jan. 25.

The wedding of Miss Sara Redway Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo R. Smith, and Captain Reynolds Benson, will take place at the home of the bride's parents, 14 Fifth Avenue, on Saturday, Jan. 25. Captain Benson, who has just returned from France, where he was in the air service of the American Army, was decorated with the Croix de Guerre. He is the son of Edwin J. Benson of 255 West 101st Street, and is a graduate of Columbia.

Mrs. Blake Weds A. D. Vibbert.

The marriage is announced of Mrs. Katarina S. Blake, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick E. Suse of 745 Madison Avenue, and Aubrey D. Vibbert, which took place on Wednesday at the home of the bride's parents. The Rev. W. D. Martin of St. Patrick's Cathedral officiated. The bride was the widow of Alexander V. Blake. Mr. Vibbert is the son of the late Rev. Dr. William H. Vibbert, who was vicar of Trinity Chapel in Twenty-fifth Street for more than twenty years.

Rutgers Alumni Dinner Tonight.

The annual dinner of the Rutgers Alumni Association will be held at Delmonico's this evening. Otto H. Kahn will speak of "Reconstruction and the College Man," and William H. S. Demarest, the President of Rutgers College, will speak.

INNESS LANDSCAPES LEAD AMES SALE

One Brings $6,100 and Another $5,100—Artist's "The River" Sold for $3,250.

Two Inness landscapes and a river scene brought the highest prices at the sale of the paintings of the late Governor Oliver Ames of Massachusetts, sold under the auspices of the American Art Galleries by Thomas E. Kirby at the Plaza last evening. The two landscapes went to John Levy. The largest—No. 45 in the catalogue, 22½ by 34 inches—in the manner of Inness's later period, meadow land, trees, and a pond reflecting pink-tinted clouds, brought the highest price, $6,100. A smaller landscape, 16 by 24, No. 24, of Inness's middle period, showing a dark belt of trees at the back, a pond in the foreground with a man in a boat, and warm-tinted clouds, went to Levy for $5,100. "The River," No. 29, another painting of Inness's middle period, a stream running through the centre with tree-covered banks on either side, a man in a boat in the foreground and a bridge in the distance, went to the Holland Galleries for $3,250.

"Venice," by Ziem, No. 69, went to W. G. Downey for $2,250, and another pleasing Venice by Franz Richard Unterberger, No. 64, went to M. G. Hogan for $465. William Trost Richards's "Sea and Shore," No. 72, went to Henry Schultheis for $1,000; "Landscape and Cattle," by Friedrich Voltz, No. 37, went to S. Laird for $450; Leroy paid $310 for No. 40, Van Boskerck's "High Noon, Near Niantic, Conn."; the Holland Galleries paid $760 for No. 44, "Carlsbad," an avenue of trees with women in light gowns walking; Edwin Lord Weeks's "Gossip at the Fountain," No. 47, went to M. A. Hogan for $280.

"Youth," No. 55, by Charles Landelle, went to the Arlington Galleries for $500; "Floreal," a graceful young woman robed in white, carrying a basket of roses, about to ascend the stone steps of a terrace, No. 66, went to J. Sanford for $400; "Youth and Old Age," by Girolamo Induno, No. 73, went to August Flatteau for $300. William Lamb Picknell's "A Cottage by the Sea," No. 82, went to C. W. Kraushaar for $450.

Holland Galleries bought Jules Joseph Lefebvre's "Salome," No. 87, for $510. A large "Forest of Fontainbleau," by F. Visconti, No. 94, went to Bernet, agent, for $500, and to the same buyer went No. 96, "La Primière Arrivee," by Jean Gustave Jacquet, for $425. Henri Lerolle's "The Potato Gatherers," a Paris Salon picture, and said to be the artist's masterpiece, No. 97, went to Leroy for $1,100. The ninety-seven paintings of the collection brought $33,075.

G. W. PERKINS ILL IN PARIS.

Suffers from Attack of Bronchial Pneumonia in American Hospital.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Y. M. C. A., is suffering from an attack of bronchial pneumonia at the American Hospital here. The attending physicians say that the attack is a light one.

Mr. Perkins returned from Coblenz Saturday, where he made an inspection of the Y. M. C. A. services and visited his son, who is with the Army of Occupation.

UNCOVER GERMAN STORES.

Americans Find 150 Field Guns and $500,000 Worth of Leather.

COBLENZ, Jan. 14, (Associated Press.)—Treasured German war material continues to be revealed as American troops search the vast warehouse area in Coblenz and its vicinity. Officers found more than 150 guns of .77 calibre and leather worth half a million dollars today. The guns and leather come into the possession of the Americans as abandoned material under the terms of the armistice. The cannon are virtually all as good as new, having apparently been repaired during the last few months of the war.

Since the Americans have arrived, the warehouses have all been guarded by troops, but the chain of storage places in the region of Coblenz is so extensive that the Americans have not yet completed their investigation as to what material is hidden. All military stores, food, munitions, and equipment belonging to the German Army on Nov. 11, and which were not removed during the period fixed by the armistice are forfeited under the terms of that agreement.

Twenty German girls who were engaged in sweeping streets at Andernach, near here, have been arrested, charged with a violation of General Pershing's order forbidding them to talk with American soldiers. These arrests have served to emphasize the determination of the American command not to permit fraternization in the occupied regions. Approximately the same number have been found guilty of violating the order, and have been deported to points within the German lines.

Dos Passos Left $80,192.

The estate of John R. Dos Passos, a well-known lawyer, who died on Jan. 27, 1917, was appraised yesterday at $105,738 gross and $80,192 net. The bulk of the estate is left to his sons, Louis and John R. Dos Passos. He had stocks and bonds worth $72,873, and his interest in the law firm of Dos Passos Bros., consisting of his share of claims outstanding, was $22,000.

T. F. Farrell Heads Catholic Club.

The Catholic Club, at 120 West Fifty-ninth Street, held its annual election of officers last night, choosing as President, Thomas F. Farrell; First Vice President, William E. Walsh; Second Vice President, Almerindo Portfolio; Treasurer, Arthur J. Morris, and Secretary, Edward A. Arnold. Those elected to the Board of Management for two years were John Daly, William F. Clare, Dr. H. P. Swift, James A. McKenna, Lawrence Grinnon, John F. Farrell, Justin C. O'Brien, and Thomas B. Cleary.

Calderon Is Peru's Delegate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The American Legation at Lima has been notified by the Minister of Foreign Affairs that Francisco Garcia Calderon has been appointed Peruvian delegate to the Peace Conference. Señor Calderon is Peruvian Minister to Belgium.

A NATIONALLY known merchant told us not long ago, "I'm looking for a witty Irishman to write my Advertising." We haven't the face to deny being Irish, and we have that merchant's business. Confer with us!

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New York

EDWARD K. WARREN DEAD.

President of International Sunday School Union Was in 72d Year.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Edward K. Warren, President of the International Sunday School Union, died today at Evanston, Ill., a suburb. His home was at Three Oaks, Mich.

Mr. Warren, who was one of the world's most earnest Church and Sunday school workers, was born at Ludlow, Vt., April 7, 1847, a son of the Rev. Waters Warren and Caroline C. Parsons Warren. The family located at Three Oaks, Mich., in 1858, where the Rev. Waters Warren was a pioneer in missionary work and pastor of the Congregational church there. On Jan. 24, 1914, Edward K. Warren celebrated the completion of a business life of fifty years in Three Oaks. He acquired a fortune in the manufacture of a substitute for whalebone, "Featherbone," which he invented in 1882. He was also interested in other business enterprises, and owned several ranches in Texas, New Mexico, and Mexico, carrying on cattle raising on a large scale.

He was President of the World's Sunday School Convention held in Jerusalem, April, 1904. As Chairman of the World's Sunday School Executive Committee, he promoted and carried through a cruise to Jerusalem and the Holy Land, chartering a ship, which carried 800 delegates from North America, which was joined by an English ship carrying 500 delegates.

BRAZIL'S PRESIDENT DIES.

Dr. Alves, Too Ill to Assume Office, Was Stanch for Allies.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, Jan. 16.—Dr. Rodriques Alves, President-elect of Brazil, died today. He had been critically ill for some time. Under the Constitution, an election will be held to choose a new President.

Dr. Francisco de P. Rodriques Alves was one of the leading statesmen of Brazil. He served as President of Brazil from 1902 to 1906, and was the only candidate for the Presidency in 1918. Under the Constitution of the country, the President serves a four-year term and is not eligible for re-election for the term immediately succeeding. Dr. Alves was elected under a pledge for a continuance of the war policies of the Government of President Braz.

After his retirement from the Presidency in 1906 Dr. Alves was sent on various missions by the Brazilian Government.

Dr. Alves was not able to assume office on Nov. 14, 1918, the date originally set for his inauguration, because of illness, and had not yet taken the oath of office when death intervened. The Vice President, Delfin Moreira, assumed office on Nov. 14, and has been the acting head of the Government.

Joseph Henry Oliver.

Joseph Henry Oliver, for the last twenty years importer of laces and linens, at 51 Barclay Street, and for many years prior to that time one of the buyers for Lord & Taylor, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 520 West 157th Street, at the age of 55 years. He was born in New York, the son of the late Henry and Ann Oliver, and was educated at St. Patrick's and St. James's Parochial Schools and at City College. For a number of years he was connected with the Board of Education of the city. He was a member of the Knights of Columbus and other Catholic societies. He was a brother of Congressman Daniel C. Oliver of the Twenty-first New York District.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN ADAMS QUELL, a retired shoe manufacturer and merchant of Brooklyn, and Treasurer of the Fulton Street Board of Trade, died from heart disease on Wednesday at his home, 478 Decatur Street, Brooklyn. He was 69 years old.

Mrs. LENA BISCHOFF VON DOHLEN, wife of Henry von Dohlen, died at her home, 216 Lee Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday of pneumonia. Her son, Henry C. von Dohlen, a stock broker, died of the same disease on Thursday of last week.

EDWARD F. GAYLOR, a commercial traveler for the H. & D. Folsom Arms Company, died on Wednesday at his home in Woodhaven, L. I., of pneumonia. He was a son of the late Colonel Edward F. Gaylor, a prominent architect and commander of the old 47th Regiment, N. G. N. Y. Mr. Gaylor was 34 years old.

Mrs. ELIZABETH G. REDDY, one of the founders of the Auxiliary of the Holy Family Hospital and a member of the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Mary's Hospital, died on Wednesday at her residence, 300 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. She was the wife of Joseph B. Reddy.

Mrs. LUCY JOSEPHINE WHEELER SMITH, widow of Sterling Smith, a merchant, died in her ninetieth year on Wednesday at her home, 173 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn. She was born in Augusta, Ga., and came of Revolutionary stock. She was a sister of the late General Joseph Wheeler.

Mrs. KATE H. PARSONS, wife of Henry H. Parsons and a resident of Brooklyn for forty-five years, died of pneumonia on Wednesday at her home, 150 Monroe Street, Brooklyn.

DANIEL ALMOND, who died at his home, 2,321 Eighty-first Street, Bath Beach, on Tuesday, was for many years in the roofing business in that section and head of the Daniel Almond Company.

ALBERT BUTTNER, 58 years old, a cafe proprietor in Brooklyn and member of Hyatt Lodge, F. and A. M., and of the Hebrew Mutual Benefit Society, died on Wednesday at his home, 230 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM TILLY, a native of London, England, and a resident of Brooklyn for nearly half a century, died in the Swedish Hospital on Wednesday. He lived at 153 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MAZIE IRENE BYRNE, wife of James A. Byrne, a member of the law firm of Ingraham, Sheehan & Moran, in Manhattan, died of pneumonia on Monday at her home, 1,210 Avenue R, Flatbush, aged 31 years.

WALTER LONGWORTH WILLIAMS, 34 years old, with the Diamond Match Company, died in Asheville, N. C., on Tuesday, and the funeral services will be held at the home of his parents, 455 Eighth Street, Brooklyn, tomorrow evening.

ROBERT L. BRACKLOW, who died Sunday at his home in this city, was for more than fifty years connected with the manufacturing stationers' business in Maiden Lane.

JOSEPH TANCO, 84 years old, for many years in the wholesale tobacco trade in this city, died Wednesday at his home, 1,071 Franklin Avenue, the Bronx.

Mrs. CAROLINE GUNDLACH, wife of Frank E. Gundlach, head of the sales department of the Waterbury Chemical Company of this city, died Wednesday at her home, 660 West 180th Street. She was 45 years old.

BERNT BERGER, past President of the Brooklyn Engineers' Club and member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, died last night from heart disease. He was for many years consulting engineer of the Edison Company. Mr. Berger was 55 years old.

Mrs. MARY E. RANDALL, an actress, wife of George Randall, with whom she appeared for several years in a dramatic vaudeville sketch, died yesterday at her home, 315 West Forty-sixth Street, of pneumonia. She was 44 years old.

PHILANDER A. STREETER, first Union soldier to enter Libby Prison, died yesterday morning at Holyoke, Mass., at the age of 78. He was captured at the first battle of Bull Run while serving with the Second Vermont Infantry. He was born in Vernon, Vt.

JONAS M. FARRINGTON, who until his retirement a year ago was in the wholesale marketing business at Broadway and Bleecker Street, died yesterday at his home, 27 Fleetwood Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., at the age of 76 years. He was proprietor of Browne's Chop House on Broadway, near Fortieth Street, having first acquired an interest in the business twenty years ago, when it was in Twenty-seventh Street, near Broadway.

WILLIAM H. BARTH, manager for the last eleven years of Kohler Company, dealers in enamel ware, at 20 West Forty-sixth Street, died Wednesday at his home, 449 West Twenty-third Street.

CHARLES C. B. HOGAN died Monday at Camp Stewart, Va. He had just returned from France, where he was wounded in the service of his country. Mr. Hogan was a son of M. M. Hogan of Belle Harbor, L. I., and the husband of Mrs. Lillian Hogan.

Captain EDWARD GULL, for the last twenty-five years a harbor pilot with the Dalzell Tow Boat Company, died Wednesday at his home, 35 Waverly Street, Jersey City, in his fiftieth year. He was born in Europe and came to America when a boy.

Sister MIRIAM AGNES LYNCH died yesterday of heart disease at St. Vincent's Hospital, West New Brighton, Staten Island. Born in this city, the daughter of the late Matthew and Bridget Smith Lynch, she was graduated from the Ursuline Convent and then entered the Order of the Sisters of Charity more than thirty years ago.

Born.

GAINES.—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Gaines (Beatrice Wallach) of 176 West 87th St. announce the birth of a daughter on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919.

GORDON.—Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon of 438 East 3d St., Flatbush, announce the birth of a daughter, Jan. 14.

ISERSON.—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Iserson of 634 West 161st St. announce the birth of a daughter, Jan. 13, 1919.

Married.

COUGHLIN—BROWN.—On Saturday, Jan. 11, 1919, Mae Ellen Brown, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Brown of Pelham Manor, N. Y., to Sergeant Eugene Carroll Coughlin of Augusta, Me.

CULBERT—CARON.—In Paris, France, Saturday, Jan. 11, 1919, Lucette Blanche Marie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marcel Caron, 20 Rue des Marroniers, to Lieutenant Frederic Paul Culbert, U. S. N., son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Culbert, East Orange, N. J.

Died.

ADAIR.—At the home of his daughter, Mrs. Justin R. Swift, Franklin, Penn., on Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, William Alexander Adair, husband of Helen Fanning Mankintosh. Interment at Sewickley, Penn.

AHERN.—At Rhinecliff, N. Y., Jan. 16, 1919, James J. Ahern, beloved husband of the late Margaret Corrigan. Requiem mass at St. Joseph's Church on arrival of train leaving New York 9:40 A. M. Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919.

BANGS.—After a prolonged illness, at the Presbyterian Hospital, on Wednesday, Jan. 15, Anson Myron Bangs. Funeral private, from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Lorenzo Armstrong, 53 East 51st St.

BARRERA.—Octavio. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Fri., 3 P. M.

BARTH.—Wednesday evening, at his city home, 449 West 23d St., William H. Barth, manager of Kohler Co., 20 West 46th St., New York City. Mr. Barth opened the New York branch of Kohler Co. eleven years ago and since that time has made a host of friends. Every member of the plumbing trade in New York City and numerous others will remember Mr. Barth as one of the pioneers in the business and a man of broad views, liberal, and generous to a fault. He is survived by Mrs. W. H. Barth of Sayonoe, N. J., two sons and a daughter, and Mrs. J. Barth, his mother. Funeral will be held at his late residence, 449 West 23d St., Saturday, at 10 A. M., followed by mass at the Church of the Guardian Angel, 506 West 23d St. Interment at Kensico Cemetery.

BARTON.—On Jan. 15, Martha Olive, beloved wife of the late Edward H. Barton. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Friday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Interment Mt. Hope Cemetery. Rochester papers please copy.

BERGER.—Bernt, suddenly, Jan. 16, aged 53. Funeral at his late residence, 364 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Jan. 18, 3 P. M. Interment private.

BLOG.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Bella Blog, (nee De Vries,) aged 61, beloved wife of Henry Blog and dear mother of Louis, Maurice, Bessie Politzer, and Clarence. Funeral Friday, Jan. 17, at 10:30 A. M., from Rothschild's Chapel, 7th Av., near 120th St.

BLOOM.—Simon J., at Mt. Sinai Hospital, Jan. 16. Funeral Friday, Jan. 17, at 1:30 P. M., from 228 Lenox Av.

BOORAEM.—Rolfe Roosevelt, son of Antoinette Van Vorst and the late Hugh Toler Booraem, at Memorial Hospital, Morristown, N. J., on Jan. 16, 1919. Funeral service at St. Peter's Church, Morristown, on Saturday, Jan. 18, at 11 A. M. Train leaves Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad, at 9:15 A. M. Newark papers please copy.

BREEN.—Jan. 16, Ruth Reid Breen, beloved wife of Eugene Lowry Breen, daughter of James and Sarah Reid, and granddaughter of the late Michael Reid, at her residence, 838 Riverside Drive. Notice of funeral later.

BURGESS.—On Jan. 15, Martha, mother of Frederick A. Burgess, at her residence, 644 Riverside Drive. Interment Denver, Col.

BUTTNER.—Members of Piatt Lodge No. 194, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend Masonic funeral services at the home of our late brother, Albert Buttner, 230 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, Friday, Jan. 17, 1 P. M. sharp.
AARON SCHNEIDER, Master.
CHARLES MYERS, Secretary.

CAMMANN.—On Jan. 15, at the New York Hospital, Athol, son of Oswald N. and the late Maude Church Cammann, in his 25th year. Funeral services at Grace Church Chantry, Broadway and 10th St., Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

COHEN.—Jan. 16, of pneumonia, Harry Cohen, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Cohen and brother of Moe and Nathan, aged 19. Funeral Friday, Jan. 17, at 9:30 A. M. from residence.

CONNELLY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, Thomas F. Connelly, retired Captain, New York Fire Department, beloved husband of Anna C. (Byrne) and father of Edward, Vincent, Raymond, and Katherine Connelly. Funeral from his late residence, 251 East Kingsbridge Road, Bronx, Friday, Jan. 17, at 8:30 A. M. sharp. Thence to St. Mary's Church, Grand St. Solemn high mass of requiem will be offered at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary. Auto cortege.

COUGHLAN.—Timothy, Jr., on Jan. 14. Funeral Friday at his brother's residence, 304 Windsor Place, Brooklyn; thence to Church of the Holy Name. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CRAWFORD.—Jan. 14, 1919, Florence Crawford, aged 66 years. Funeral services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304-306 West 126th St., Friday, 2 o'clock.

CROUCHLEY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, at his home, Ridgefield, Conn, Benjamin F. Crouchley. Services Friday, the 17th, 2:30 P. M., at Episcopal Church, Ridgefield.

DALAND.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, William B. Daland. Funeral at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. V. Bonnell, 545 Morris Av., Friday, Jan. 17, at 8 o'clock P. M.

DAVIDSON.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, at the Women's Hospital, N. Y., Louise Colgate Pendrell, wife of B. A. Davidson, daughter of M. Starr Colgate.
Funeral services will be held at Davis's Chapel, Rose Street, New Rochelle, on Friday, Jan. 17, at 1:30 P. M.

DAVIS.—Susie M., Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, after a brief illness. Service at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Park Av. and 50th St., at 5 P. M., Friday, Jan. 17, 1919.

DEMAREST.—Suddenly, on Jan. 15, Florence Seavey, wife of William T. Demarest. Funeral from her late residence, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 18, at 2:30 P. M. Autos will meet train leaving Grand Central Station 1:27 P. M.

DODD.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, Mary Dodd, beloved sister of Mrs. P. McCarty. Funeral on Saturday, Jan. 18, from the residence of her sister, 4,515 6th Av., Brooklyn. Requiem mass at 10 A. M., St. Michael's Church, 43d St. and 4th Av., Brooklyn. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited.

DOUGLASS.—On Jan. 16, Walter, beloved husband of Carrie Van De Water Douglass. Services at FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., on Saturday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Interment Albany, N. Y.

DU BOIS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, at his residence, 667 Madison Av., William A. Du Bois, son of the late Dr. Abram and Catherine Brinckerhoff Du Bois, in the 80th year of his age. Funeral private. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

DU BOIS.—On Jan. 14, at his home, 105 East 80th St., Joseph Rutter Du Bois, aged 5 years 2 months, beloved son of Eugene Floyd and Rebeckah Rutter Du Bois.

DUVEEN.—On Jan. 15, at his residence, 907 5th Av., Henry J., beloved husband of Dora Duveen and father of Geoffry Duveen. Funeral private.

DWYER.—At her residence, 430 West 147th St., on Jan. 15, of pneumonia, Mary Elizabeth Hackett, beloved wife of Denis J. Dwyer. Solemn requiem will be offered for repose of her soul at Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, West 142d St., on Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, at 10 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

ELLIS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Margaretha, wife of the late Chas. W. Ellis, at the residence of her son, Augustus, 142 80th St., Brooklyn. Interment in Greenwood Cemetery Friday, 2 P. M.

FAHNESTOCK.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Abby Rhodes, wife of Ernest B. Fahnestock. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Building,) Friday afternoon, 5 o'clock. Interment Orlando, Fla.

FLETCHER.—At his home, 143 Sterling St., on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, George H. Fletcher, in his 32d year. Funeral services at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2:45 P. M.

FLETCHER.—Veterans of the 7th Regiment, N. G. N. Y.: Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Nicholas A. Fletcher, (formerly Pfletschinger,) 4th Company, at St. Matthew's Church, 28 West 84th St., New York City, on Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, at 11 A. M.
Colonel WILLARD C. FISK, President.

FRANCIS.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Judson T. Francis, in his sixty-fifth year. Funeral services at his home, 33 Chestnut St., Englewood, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 18, on arrival of Erie Railroad train leaving Jersey City at 3:44 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

GOGGIN.—Ellen, at her residence, 18 West 16th St., daughter of the late Patrick Goggin and Ellen Barry. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GOLDBERT.—On Jan. 15, at her residence, 949 Hoe Av., Molly Goldbert, (nee Lasky,) beloved wife of Max L. Goldbert, mother of Irving Goldbert, daughter of Mrs. L. Lasky.

GREEN.—At N. Y. C., Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, Howard C., beloved husband of Harriet A. Hornbeck and son of John C. and Harriet J. Green. Funeral services at 231 Boulevard, Passaic, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2:30 P. M.

GREENBERGER.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, at his residence, 320 West 87th St., Albert Greenberger, in his 28th year, beloved husband of Gertrude Mannheimer, father of Alberta and Stanley. Funeral services at the Chapel of Salem Fields Cemetery, (Cypress Hills,) Sunday morning, Jan. 19, at 11 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

GUNDLACH.—On Jan. 15, Caroline A., aged 45, beloved wife of Frank A. and mother of F. Kenneth. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Friday evening, 8:30 o'clock. New Rochelle papers please copy.

HALBERSTADT.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Josephine B., wife of the late Charles L. Halberstadt and beloved mother of Albert G. and Charles L. Halberstadt. Funeral private, from her late residence, 780 North Oak Drive, on Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919. Interment Kensico.

HART.—At his residence, 190 Daniel Low Terrace, New Brighton, S. I., on Jan. 15, Patrick A. Hart, beloved husband of Agnes Funck. Requiem mass at the Church of Our Lady of Good Council, St. Paul's Av., Tompkinsville, S. I., Friday, at 10 A. M. Interment St. Peter's Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

HELLMAN.—Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, Max Hellman, beloved husband of Louise Hellman, in his 68th year. Funeral from his late residence, 791 Prospect Av., Bronx, Friday, Jan. 17, 2 P. M. California papers please copy.

HINCH.—On Jan. 16, 1919, Jennie, beloved wife of James P. Hinch, at her residence, 321 West 36th St. Funeral Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock, from her late residence. Thence to St. Michael's Church.

HOGAN.—Charles C. B., on Jan. 13, of pneumonia, at Camp Stewart, Virginia, beloved husband of Lillian and son of M. Matilda Hogan of Belle Harbor, L. I., having just returned from France, wounded in the service of his country. Funeral from 4 North 20th St., Elmhurst, L. I., Saturday, Jan. 18, at 9:30 o'clock; thence to St. Bartholomew's Church. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

KAUFMANN.—On Jan. 15, after a short illness at Atlantic City, N. J., Nanette E., beloved wife of William G. Kaufmann and daughter of the late Julius and Mathilda Ehrmann. Funeral private.

KAVANAGH.—On Jan. 14, after a long illness, Thomas F. Kavanagh, beloved son of Thomas P. and the late Ellen Kavanagh. The interment was in Calvary Cemetery Thursday, Jan. 16.

KRATZ.—Dorothy, beloved widow of the late Conrad Kratz and mother of Mrs. John Beiswanger, in Steubenville, Ohio, Jan. 6, 1919. Funeral services were held in Grace English Lutheran Church, Baltimore, Md., Jan. 9, 1919. Burial at Baltimore Cemetery.

LESSER.—Esther, (nee Branower,) Thursday, Jan. 16. Funeral Friday, Jan. 17, from residence, 31 West 124th St., at 10:30 sharp.

LEWINE.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, in her 89th year, Julia, beloved mother of the late Rachel and Josephine Goldberg and the late Ascher Lewine. Funeral services at the residence of her granddaughter, Mrs. Leo Kaufmann, 35 West 81st St., Friday, Jan. 17, at 10 A. M.

LITTELL.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, at St. James's Rectory, West Hartford, Conn., Gertrude, wife of Rev. John S. Littell, daughter of Walter Townsend and Jennie Morse Wilson of Buffalo, in her 42d year.

LUMELLO.—Jan. 15, Adrien Louis, beloved husband of Sarah Lumello, (nee O'Neill.) Funeral Saturday, 9 A. M.

LYNCH.—Sister Miriam Agnes, (Bessie Lynch,) at St. Vincent's Hospital, Staten Island, N. Y., Thursday, Jan. 16. Funeral at hospital on Saturday, Jan. 18, 10 A. M.

MANN.—Jan. 14, Helen L. Mann. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Friday, 1 o'clock.

McKEAG.—On Jan. 16, 1919, Harriet McKeag, at Seney Hospital, Brooklyn. Funeral services at her late residence, 173 Macon St., Brooklyn, Friday evening at 8:30 o'clock.

MEINHARD.—On Jan. 15, Rosa Frank, beloved wife of the late Henry Meinhard. Funeral service will be held at the Chapel in Salem Fields Cemetery on Friday morning, Jan. 17, at 10 o'clock. Savannah (Ga.) papers please copy.

MOORE.—Jan. 15, Susan Moore. Funeral from James E. McLarney & Son., Lexington Av. and 65th St. Requiem mass St. Vincent Ferrer's Church on Saturday at 11 o'clock.

MORRISON.—Suddenly, Thursday, of pneumonia, Florence G. Morrison, graduate of Mount Sinai Hospital, native of Brockville, Ontario, Canada.

NAYLOR.—At Peekskill, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1919, John Naylor, in his 73d year. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

OLIVER.—Suddenly, on Thursday, at his residence, 520 West 157th St., Manhattan, Joseph Henry, son of the late Henry and Ann Oliver, beloved brother of Mrs. Mary J. Thelluseos and Honorable Daniel C. Oliver, and beloved uncle of Charles F., Joseph O., William P., Henry A., and Ann Thelluseos. Notice of funeral hereafter. Kindly omit flowers.

O'REILLY.—James F., on Wednesday, Jan. 15, James F., youngest son of the late Luke and Anne O'Reilly. Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. William J. Cunningham, 268 West 132d St., thence to St. Aloysius Roman Catholic Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated on Saturday at 10 o'clock, Jan. 18, 1919. Automobile cortege.

PARSONS.—On Jan. 15, Kate H., beloved wife of Henry H. Parsons. Funeral services Friday, Jan. 17, at 5 P. M., at her late residence, 150 Monroe St., Brooklyn. Interment at Bethel, Conn.

PETTERSON.—Alice O., of 225 West End Av., on Monday, Jan. 13, of influenza-pneumonia, in Los Angeles, Cal.

PIEDRA.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, Jacquin H. Piedra, aged 58 years. A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at the Spanish Church, Broadway and 155th St., on Saturday, Jan. 18, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

PILLOT.—On Jan. 15, at 116 East 56th St., of pneumonia, Gertrude Hubbard, wife of Peter Stuyvesant Pillot. Funeral private. Interment at Washington, D. C.

PURDY.—Suddenly, at Purdys, N. Y., Jan. 15, 1919, Isaac Purdy. Funeral services at his late residence, Purdys, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, Jan. 18, at 2:45 P. M. Interment Ivandell Cemetery, Somers, N. Y.

QUELL.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, at his residence, 478 Decatur St., Brooklyn, N. Y., John Adam Quell, in his sixty-ninth year, beloved husband of Maria, (nee Fisher.) Requiem high mass, Saturday morning at 10 o'clock at St. Benedict's Roman Catholic Church, Fulton St., near Ralph Av.

RANDALL.—Mary Elizabeth. Lying in state THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

RANDOLPH.—At North Tarrytown, N. Y., on Jan. 18, 1919, Richard H. Randolph, aged 68 years. Funeral from his late residence, 274 North Washington St., on Friday, Jan. 17, at 2 P. M.

RAVEN.—At his residence at Caldwell, N. J., on Jan. 15, Anton A. Raven, in the eighty-sixth year of his age. Funeral services at the Reformed Church on the Heights, Pierrepont St., near Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

ROCHE.—On Jan. 15, 1919, John P., 527 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Interment at Lewiston, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 18.

ROCHESTER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, at 2,122 California St., Washington, in her 74th year, Louisa Agatha Bamman, widow of Roswell Hart Rochester and mother of Anna Rochester. Funeral at Brookside Cemetery Chapel, Englewood, N. J., Friday, Jan. 17, at 2:30. Train leaves Erie station, Jersey City, at 1:27. Automobiles in waiting at Englewood station.

ROSENBLATT.—Frieda, on Jan. 16, after a short illness. Funeral private.

SCULLEY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, Joseph V. Sculley. Funeral from his late residence, 260 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 17, at 10:45 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Francis Xavier, 6th Av. and Carroll St., Brooklyn, where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated.

SHARKEY.—On Jan. 16, 1919, Thomas A., beloved husband of Sarah A. Sharkey, at his residence, 151 West 103d St. Funeral Friday morning, 9:30. Requiem mass Ascension Church, 10:30. Fredericton, New Brunswick, and Philadelphia papers please copy.

SHELDON.—George R., on Tuesday, Jan. 14, at Carbondale, Ill., as result of accident. Services will be held at the Church of the Holy Communion, 6th Av. and 20th St., on Friday at 11 A. M.

SMITH.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Lucy Josephine, widow of Sterling Smith and sister of the late General Joseph Wheeler, in her 90th year. Funeral from her late residence, 173 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 18, at 3 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

SOMMER.—At Quakertown, Penn., Jan. 13, 1919, Mary C., widow of Henry Joseph Sommer, aged 71 years. Funeral at her late home, 32 South 10th St., Quakertown, at 11 A. M., Jan. 17. Interment private.

SOMMER.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, Leopold Leicht Sommer, in his 32d year, beloved husband of Gertrude Rohe. Funeral from his late residence, 315 West 97th St., on Saturday, Jan. 18, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of Holy Name, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av., where a requiem mass will be said for the repose of his soul.

SPORBORG.—Jan. 15, after a short illness, in his 68th year, at his home in Albany, N. Y., Silas Sporborg.

STERRY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1919, William De Witt, eldest son of the late George E. and Catherine Van Vliet De Witt Sterry. Funeral Friday at 10 A. M., First Presbyterian Church, Roselle, N. J. Interment at convenience of family.

STEWART.—Thursday, Jan. 16, Jane S. Stewart, widow of the late George S. Stewart, resident of New York and Mountainvale, N. Y. Services at the residence of her son, Charles B. Campbell, 1,160 Union St., Brooklyn, Saturday evening, 8:30.

STIRLING.—Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, Emma G. Stirling, (nee Kley,) beloved wife of Thomas Stirling, aged 31 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services Saturday, Jan. 18, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, 186 Prospect St., Jersey City. Funeral Sunday at 2 P. M.

SWAN.—On Jan. 16, Eloise Coulter, beloved wife of Lawrence Swan, in the 29th year of her age. Funeral services and interment at Bellefontaine, Ohio.

TATHAM.—At the residence of her brother, William H. Collins, Esq., Haverford, Penn., on Jan. 12, 1919, Cornelia Collins Tatham, widow of the late Benjamin Tatham. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Beloved Disciple, 89th St., east of Madison Av., at 11 A. M. Friday, Jan. 17.

TAYLOR.—Of pneumonia, at her residence, 122 East 82d St., Jennie McComb Taylor, daughter of the late Talbot J. and Lavinia K. Taylor of Baltimore, Md. Services at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Park Av. and 50th St., on Saturday morning, Jan. 18, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock. Baltimore papers please copy.

TISCH.—Mollie, (nee Rothman,) of pneumonia, Thursday, 3 P. M., beloved daughter of Herman and Katie Rothman, beloved sister of Henry Rothman, Sadie Rosen and Dora Weiss, beloved wife of Abe Tisch. Funeral Friday, 10:30 A. M., from 111 Lee Av., Brooklyn. Interment Mount Judah Cemetery.

UNTERBERG.—Florence, after short illness, Jan. 15, beloved daughter of Louis and Ernestine Unterberg. Funeral from her late residence, 110 East 116th St., Friday, Jan. 17, at 2 P. M.

VON DOHLEN.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Lena von Dohlen, beloved wife of Henry von Dohlen. Funeral service at her late residence, 216 Lee Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 17, at 8 P. M. Interment private Saturday, Jan. 18, 2 P. M.

VON ENDE.—On Jan. 13, Remenyi Herwech, beloved husband of Adrienne Remenyi Von Ende. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) on Thursday afternoon, 3:30 o'clock. Private.

WALDRON.—A month's mind mass of requiem will be offered for the late Mary E. Waldron Saturday morning at 9 at the Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Putnam Av., Brooklyn. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

WATSON.—Abraham Augustus, suddenly, at his home, Tappan, N. Y. Funeral services Sunday, Jan. 19, 9:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

WHITCOMB.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, Emily Frances, daughter of the late John A. and Margaret Whitcomb. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,340 7th Av., on Friday evening, Jan. 17, at 8 o'clock. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery. Boston papers please copy.

WHITNEY.—Thomas Andrew, late of New York, on Wednesday, of pneumonia, at Roxbury, Mass.

WICHELNS.—On Wednesday, Jan. 15, 1919, after a brief illness, Alma Wichelns, beloved daughter of Frederick Wichelns. Funeral services on Friday, Jan. 17, at 8 P. M., at her late home, 635 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. Interment private.

WILLETS.—On third day, first month, fourteenth day 1919, Amelia Willets, in her 82d year, widow of John T. Willets, and daughter of the late Samuel and Hannah W. Underhill. Funeral service at her late residence, 907 5th Av., on sixth day, (Friday,) first month, seventeenth, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment Westbury, L. I.

WIRT.—On Jan. 16, 1919, Herbert Clarence Wirt, in his 53d year. Funeral service at 23 Prescott St., Brookline, Mass., Saturday, Jan. 18.

In Memoriam.

PEYTON.—John A. In loving memory of a friend, who was a seaman on the U. S. S. Agamemnon.

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HINTS AT GERMAN MONEY IN STRIKE

Boat Owners' Counsel Finally Withdraws Insinuation Against Workers.

ALL BOOKS ARE CALLED FOR

Employers and Unions Ordered to Produce Their Records Before War Labor Board.

The hint by counsel for the boat owners' associations that the unions comprising the 16,000 marine workers, who tied up all harbor traffic by their strike last week had received "money from German sources" caused a series of colloquies at the hearing of the sub-committee of the National War Labor Board in the Board of Estimate Room at City Hall yesterday. Several other points of friction also arose during the day over the admission of testimony to be turned over to the War Labor Board for use in making its decision upon the workers' demands for the basic eight-hour day and in increase in wages.

Before Paul Bonynge, counsel for the boat owners, had announced at the morning session that the Red Star Towing and Transportation Company had agreed to recognize the jurisdiction of the board and accept any award made by it, a demand was made by Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the workers, that all the books of the New York Boat Owners' Association and the New York Towing Exchange, with the officers of the associations, be brought into the hearings. Mr. Walsh said he wished to read the correspondence of the Towing Exchange upon the settlement of the demands of the workers and to find out exactly how much money had been paid to newspapers when the demands of the workers were made last year, and also during the strike last week.

In replying to this request, Mr. Bonynge said that all the books requested by counsel for the marine workers would be produced, and he concluded with the demand that similar books of the unions be produced, "particularly those showing money received from German sources." W. L. Hutcheson, who was acting yesterday as Chairman of the subcommittee, termed the remark of counsel "unfair and uncalled for" and ordered it stricken from the record. Mr. Walsh also protested on behalf of the unions and Mr. Bonynge said he would withdraw the insinuation.

Money Question Up Again.

No more was said about the charge that "German money had been received" until the conclusion of the hearing late in the afternoon, when Mr. Walsh sought to force counsel for the boat owners to make the charge more explicit. A stenographic report of this colloquy was given out with consent of counsel for both sides and the approval of the members of the sub-committee.

"This morning counsel for the other side said he wanted us to bring in certain books which would show the expenditure of 'German money,'" said Mr. Walsh. Chairman Hutcheson interrupted to say that all reference to the remark had been stricken from the record, but Mr. Walsh continued:

"Yes, that is stricken out of the testimony, but the statement was made here, and, of course, it has been scattered broadcast. It is a very serious charge, and I want to ask now on behalf of those men whom I represent that Mr. Bonynge state into this record—represented in this controversy, and what information he has about any German money paid to any person, the name of the person and the amount of the money. It involves a charge of treason."

Chairman Hutcheson replied that he thought the request "reasonable," and Mr. Bonynge answered:

"As counsel made his statement a moment ago that he intended to try his case in his own way I would reply in like kind to him. I say, when my time comes, I shall produce all evidence I have on that or any other subject."

"Then I understand that you do have evidence of that?" asked Mr. Walsh.

"I have not said I have or have not," replied counsel for the boat owners. "I made no statement whatever in connection with it. I say I will prove my case in my own way when I get to it."

When Mr. Walsh suggested that the names of the persons be given to the members of the subcommittee and to the Federal authorities with the agreement that they were not published at once, Mr. Bonynge said that he had "nothing more to say on the subject."

"If that is refused I ask that he give forthwith to the Department of Justice the name of the person who received any 'German money' and the amount received," concluded counsel for the marine unions, "so that if there be such facts in existence the criminal may be apprehended at once. Of course, if such a thing exists and there is a traitor, in our midst he might escape from this jurisdiction and elude justice before Mr. Bonynge reaches his part of the case."

William A. Maher, President of the Masters, Mates, and Pilots' Union, testified that the officers of three tugs under control of the Government had not been taken back when the marine workers decided to go back to work pending a decision upon their demands by the War Labor Board, and counsel for the unions asked that an interlocutory order be issued by the board requiring re-employment of the men. Chairman Hutcheson said such an order could be issued only by vote of the entire board. In his argument upon the ruling Mr. Walsh said that the War Labor Board "had more power than any board ever created by the Government," and that "through it the President is the absolute arbiter of labor in this war."

Crews Not Taken Back.

Captain Maher testified that men of three crews of Baltimore & Ohio railroad tugs had not been taken back, including one Captain. Members of the crew of a tug of the Atlantic Company, two deck hands on a steam lighter of the Army Transport Service, and the chief engineers and members of the crew of a tug in the army service had not been reinstated, he said. It was complained, also, that Captain Godfrey L. Carden, in command of the Coast Guards, had refused to reissue harbor passes to a tug crew whom the Johnson Lighterage Company wished to take back.

Dr. William F. Ogburn, the professor of sociology who had been called by Basil M. Manly, the joint Chairman representing labor on the War Board, to give expert testimony upon the cost of living, reasserted his belief yesterday that no family of five persons should have less than $1,500 a year for maintenance under his "bare subsistence budget." After it had been deduced that policemen and firemen of some grades in this city received only $1,200 a year and seamen and other employes of the United States Shipping Board received hardly more than half the sum estimated by Dr. Ogburn as a "minimum wage" Mr. Bonynge asked:

"Do you mean to appear here as an official of the Government and assert that $1,500 is a minimum wage to be paid to all persons?"

"Yes, absolutely yes," replied Dr. Ogburn, who had previously said that all classes of labor and nationalities should have the same pay so that they would have equal opportunity for social development. Counsel for the boat owners, in questioning Dr. Ogburn, sought to ascertain his opinion as to whether Lascars, Arabs, or other races not having the intelligence of workers speaking English should receive the same pay of $1,500 a year as a minimum wage. Chairman Hutcheson ruled this question inadmissible because, he said, it distinguished between races, but Dr. Ogburn replied that he thought there should be no "discrimination."

After Dr. Ogburn had left the stand counsel for the unions introduced several other witnesses in attempts to show that his estimates for a wage necessary now were low. They were Miss Anne Hogan, secretary of the Bookkeepers, Stenographers and Accountants' Union; Mrs. Grace Klueg, President of the auxiliary of a Machinists' Union in Brooklyn, and Olof Julliesen, a walking delegate for the Lighter Captains' Union. Several tilts by counsel were had upon the admission of points of the testimony, and when Chairman Hutcheson ruled that a long list of prices of food should not be given by Miss Hogan on direct examination, counsel for the unions abruptly left the room to confer giving the impression that they intended to withdraw their case from arbitration by the War Labor Board. The hearing will be resumed in the Aldermanic Chamber at City Hall at 10 o'clock this morning.

MANY IDLE, MORRISON SAYS.

Federation Secretary Urges Four-Year Immigration Barrier.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—"When the men in the army are demobilized," said Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, before the House Immigration Committee, today, "we are going to have bread lines in every industrial centre by May 1. After that date it is hoped that building will pick up and take some of the men."

Surveys of industrial conditions in many cities showing unemployment were presented by Mr. Morrison, who urged legislation prohibiting immigration for four years. Labor leaders, he said, made the survey on Tuesday at his request. The estimated number of unemployed included:

Chicago, 75,000; New York, New Orleans, and Boston, 20,000 each; St. Louis, 15,000; Cleveland, 40,000, and Toledo, 17,000.

The Jersey City report said there was "no notable distress because of unemployment." Newark, N. J., reported "five men for every job."

Mr. Morrison urged that Congress pay soldiers until they get work; that provision be made for work on public buildings, and that money be provided so that Secretary Lane's land development plans may proceed immediately.

Raw Silk Situation.

Supplies of raw silk in the hands of manufacturers are low, and inquiries for further quantities are increasing. While the local market continues quiet prices are holding their own. At Yokohama, according to advices received by H. L. Gwalter & Co., a moderate business is doing at unchanged prices. Sinshiu No. 1 being variously reported at 1,490 and 1,500 yen per picul. Holders' prices for Kansai filatures, double extra, are 1,630 yen, and for extras 1,600 yen. Canton reports dullness with unchanged prices, and Shanghai shows easier quotations, but with silver exchange manifesting a hardening tendency. The Milan market is unchanged, with a small demand for home consumption, and very little export business. At Lyons the tone of the market is slightly better.

Crockery in Large Demand.

Despite the fact that manufacturers of crockery are doing everything possible to increase their output, the demand is still far greater than the supply. One of the firms in this line said yesterday that much crockery is needed by the hotels throughout the country. In fact, if all the manufacturers concentrated their efforts in this direction it would be many months before the necessary supply could be obtained. Although there is still a brisk sale for dinner sets with gold edgings, more calls are being received of late for colored patterns, and those made in blue and white designs.

BRITISH ALTER ARMY PLAN.

Slow Down Demobilization — May Reorganize Forces.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—With reference to the demobilization arrangements articles are printed into today's newspapers warning the country against too much impatience and emphasizing the difficulties which have to be overcome. It is especially pointed out that even in the most favorable circumstances many months must elapse before there is the slightest possibility of absorbing the immense amount of labor which very rapid demobilization would render available, thus leading to a calamitous amount of unemployment. Moreover, it is pointed out, the war is not finished and the country cannot be left with inadequate forces pending the conclusion of peace. Even then, it is added, an adequate number of troops will be required until the situation in Europe becomes definitely clear.

All the newspapers lay stress upon the necessity of maintaining a first-class army on the Rhine until Germany's status is decided. Every effort is being made, it is explained, to make the burden as light as possible for the nation. One plan being considered is the creation of an army of occupation of moderate size, but of a high standard of efficiency, to be maintained until the Germans make the reparation required, this army to be chosen in the main of men who have done the least military duty, while demobilization is to be carried out as speedily as possible of other soldiers, according to their trade category.

It is also planned to open up in the near future a scheme for a post-war imperial army to garrison India and other places abroad.

The Southport Miners' Federation, which demanded on Wednesday that the Government demobilize all miners in the army, also decided by a majority of more than two to one to demand an advance of 30 per cent. over present wages other than war wages.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
January	$1.39¾	$1.36½	$1.37¼	$1.37¼	$1.27½
February	1.35	1.32	1.33¼	1.32¾	..
March	1.33	1.30⅝	1.31¼	1.31¼	..
May	1.30½	1.27	1.28⅜	1.28⅜	1.24½
July	1.28½	1.25½	1.26⅝	1.27¼	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	67¾	66⅛	66⅝	66¾	78½
February	67¾	66⅝	67	67½	..
March	68⅜	66⅞	67¼	67¼	77½
May	68⅜	67¼	67⅝	67⅝	76
July	66⅛	64¼	64⅝	64⅝	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 77c; No. 2 white, 77c; No. 3 white, 76¼c; No. 4 white, 76c; ordinary clipped, 76½@77½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	...	...	$23.70	$23.77	$24.85
May	23.95	23.70	23.70	23.77	25.05
Ribs—					
January	24.75	24.60	24.75	24.42	24.10
May	22.60	22.10	22.20	22.22	24.50
Pork—					
January	...	...	46.25	45.50	46.55
May	40.95	39.70	40.30	40.20	45.80

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close
May	13.90	13.25	13.40	13.95
July	13.73	13.10	13.20	13.80
September	13.55	12.95	13.10	13.65
December	13.40	12.90	12.95	13.50

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	..	..	$1.61
February	1.59½	1.59	1.59
March	..	..	1.58¾
May	..	..	1.56¾

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,393 pkgs. Supplies are still excessive and market is lower and weak for all grades of creamery. Buyers are taking hold very slowly and stocks are accumulating. Renovated not overplenty and steady. Ladles and packing stock easy. Creamery, higher than extra, lb., 66¼@67c; extras, 92 score, 66c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 63@63½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 60@62½c; lower grades, 55@59c; unsalted, higher than extras, 68¼@69c; extras, 67½@68c; firsts, 64@67c; seconds, 60@63c; State dairy tubs, finest, 65@65½c; good to prime, 61@64c; common to fair, 53@60c; renovated, extras, 53¼@54c; firsts, 51@52c; lower grades, 44@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 48@49c; ladles, current make, firsts, 46@47c; seconds, 44@44½c; lower grades, 47c; seconds, 44@44½c; lower grades, 42@43½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 44c; No. 2, 43c; lower grades, 37@42c.

EGGS.—12,925 cases. With continued liberal receipts, the buying has slackened somewhat and the market is no more than steady at unchanged prices. White eggs, however, have been in better demand at the recent reduction, and some of the fancy nearby eggs are bringing rather better prices than last quoted. California stock is meeting a limited demand. Finest goods offering at 68c. There are still accumulations of lower qualities, values for which are uncertain in the absence of important trading. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 64c; extra firsts, 62½@63c; firsts, 61@61½c; seconds and poorer, 55@60c; dirties, No. 1, 56@57c; No. 2 and poorer, 53@55c; checks, good to choice, dry, 49@51c; under grades, 45@48c; refrigerator, 43@53c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 69@70c; ordinary to prime, [illegible]; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, [illegible]; pullet whites, 61@62c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 68c; lower grades, 62@65c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 62@65c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 66@68c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 62@64c.

SAYS OUR TEXTILES UNDERSELL FRENCH

Dry Goods Dealers Told of Opportunities in European Markets.

HOLDING CONVENTION HERE

Expect Production Costs to Equal 1918 Figures—Uncertain as to Prices.

Many American textile goods can now not only be produced cheaper in this country than in Europe, but after standing transportation and insurance charges, together with foreign customs duties, actually sell in the French market at a lower price than practically similar fabrics made in France, thus completely reversing conditions prevailing prior to Aug. 1, 1914, according to a statement made yesterday at the fifteenth annual convention of the National Wholesale Dry Goods Association at the Waldorf-Astoria by Charles Claquin of Demetre Bros. & Beals, selling agents for the Andrews Mill Company, a French manufacturing concern with plants in this country and in France. Mr. Claquin, who said that he had served two years with the French Army in Northern France, before returning to the United States to again represent the French manufacturers, compared existing conditions in the French textile industry with those prevailing here.

"One of our mills was located in the Picardy region, in which before the war there were 25,000 looms," Mr. Claquin said. "Our mill had about 500 looms. We have just learned that practically all of the plants, looms, and other machinery in this region were destroyed by the Germans in the first year of occupation. All brass parts of the machinery were taken away, and the looms were left exposed to the weather, and, of course, are now useless. Surveys made in those sections show that the manufacturers will be able to make some goods, but it will require at least six months for them to get on a real working basis, and, naturally, when they again begin producing the French consumers will want the fabrics to remain in France, to meet domestic needs. This will curtail export business for a while, at least. French manufacturers will also labor under the disadvantages of high costs and heavy outlays for replacements, due to the destruction wrought by the invaders."

Mr. Claquin, in speaking of the reversed conditions now obtaining in the French and American textile industries, cited the case of serges. He stated that an investigation disclosed that French-made serges were selling in the Paris market for 20 francs per metre, whereas American serges could be landed in France, including all costs, at 18 francs, or 40 cents per meter below the Paris selling price of the similar French manufactured goods.

In this connection W. M. G. Howse, President of the Johnston-Larimer Dry Goods Company, Wichita, Kan., stated that at a conference he had had with textile manufacturers on Wednesday, assurances were given that the newly formed Textile Export Corporation was confident of doing a very large overseas business in American fabrics, thus eliminating the possibility of a dangerous surplus of goods in this country.

F. A. Patrick, President of the National Wholesale Dry Goods Association, who presided at the convention, in his annual address said that the jobbers had felt the great danger to the usual course of trade in the tremendous stocks of textiles and other supplies held by the Government, and added that assurances had been given that these surplus stocks would be used in relief work abroad and disposed of in ways that would not disturb the home market.

Dr. George W. Kirchwey, Assistant Federal Director of the United States Employment Service, said that while there was a considerable increase in the supply of available labor it had come about so gradually that the menace of unemployment had been avoided.

The afternoon session was taken up in a discussion setting forth why manufacturers could not at this time fix definite prices on Fall goods. W. M. G. Howse, who headed a committee of jobbers that conferred with a similar committee of manufacturers in an endeavor to get the manufacturers to name prices, reported that the mill men wanted to co-operate but were unable to give any concrete idea of how prices would be in the immediate future. The manufacturers, Mr. Howse said, held that production costs would not be less this year than in 1918, and might be higher. At the same time the manufacturers, several of whom were present, promised to do all within their power to help the jobbers keep merchandise moving.

This morning there will be a conference of 400 knit goods manufacturers, selling agents, and jobbers at the Waldorf for a discussion of prices, and if possible to formulate a selling policy for the current year.

Russian Enameled Bronzes.

Some time during the Summer the new door knockers of Russian enamel will have reached the country dwellers and will shine out gayly on doors of Colonial design shaded by vine-covered trellis-work arches. This Russian bronze, enameled or simply engraved without color, is something new within the last few months. It is made by Russian craftsmen in this city. It is also made up in trays, candlesticks, and candelabra. Many of the small candlesticks are in graceful Colonial shapes. It is all handwork. In the bright reds and blues of the Russian color schemes the work is effective. An extra tall pair of candlesticks in the enamel work will probably retail for about $50. Knockers will retail for $9 or $10 enameled, and for less without color.

A Difference of Opinion.

Owing to the labor trouble in the industry the conditions in the women's shirt waist trade are very unsettled. There is also a wide difference of opinion as to the sale of the goods. Some firms said yesterday that it was almost impossible to sell goods at the present time owing to the condition of the market. Others contend, however, that business is very good, especially in the better grade of waists.

Food Board Spent $6,785,253.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—In response to a resolution, the Food Administration reported to the Senate today that its actual war-time expenditures, according to incomplete estimates, totaled $6,785,253, of which $2,342,096 was taken from the President's special funds. In addition contract obligations of $1,432,542 are outstanding.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26370.

Notice is given that BELLPORT NOVELTY WORKS, Inc., bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on January 27, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the composition should not be confirmed.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25,903.

Notice is given that RALPH P. WILLIS, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, Feb. 17, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTCRAFT WAIST CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, January 23, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 43 West 24th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of silks, Georgettes, trimmings, bindings, silk and Georgette waists, newly equipped plant of machinery, power tables, motors, office and factory fixtures, safe, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest of the lease of the above premises up to February 1, 1920, together with a deposit of $1,000 as security for said lease.

BERTHA REMBAUGH, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—157—M. L. Lukens, plaintiff, v International Life Ins. Co.—Dismissed, per stipulation.

132—Baltimore & Ohio Rd. Co. et al., petitioners, v J. G. Leach.—Argument continued for respondent and concluded for petitioners.

137—Pierce Oil Corp., plaintiff, v. The City of Hope.—Submitted for plaintiff. No appearance for defendant.

138—The Chicago & Eastern Ill. Rd. Co., plaintiff, v. Collins Produce Co.—Submitted.

139—Adams Express Co., plaintiff, v. W. N. Reynolds.—Argument commenced.

367—U. S., plaintiff, v. C. T. Doremus.—Submitted for plaintiff. No appearance for defendant.

370—W. S. Webb et al., v. U. S.—Argued.

141—A. D. Matters, appellant, v. M. Ryan.—Submitted for appellant. No appearance for appellee.

142—W. W. Withnell, plaintiff, v. Rueckling Const. Co.—Argued for defendant and submitted for plaintiff.

143—Corsicana Nat'l Bank of Corsicana, plaintiff, v S. W. Johnson.—Argued for plaintiff and submitted for defendant.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 17: Nos. 144, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 155, 156, and 157.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Batson<Bianchi.
Holt<Wabash Ry.
US<Royal Dutch West India Mail Co.
Same<Ludstevis-Stokvis Co.
Same<Union Bank of Canada.
Same<3 Diamonds in Lavaliere.
Stumpp & Walter Co<N Y Steam Co.
Miles<Boody.
Woodbury<same.
Van Vliet<same.
Gallagher<Erie RR.
Rist<Boody.
Masek<same.
Blumenstock<D, L & W RR.
Maxham<Boody.
Re Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Nat Surety Co<Mass B & I Co.
Saunders<Stair.
Home Ins<Faukona.
Nat Sanitary Serv Co<US S E A, Inc.
Red Star Tow, &c, Co<C RR of N J.
Western Assur Co<Atl Transport Co.
Grimes<Tug N Y C 17.
James<Tug Montclair.
Federal Ins Co<Tug Maria Hoffman.
MacGregor<Shubert.
Lapman & Heggie<Atl Transport Co.
Comp Francaise<Titania.
Niebet<Perkins.
Clarke<Otto.
US<251 cases eggs.
Stuart<Tug Ganoga.
Lloyd Royal Belge<Duckett.
US Aristotype Co<Eastman.
Grasselli<Aetna.
Re Mason Motor Car.
US<Fricke.
Simon<Babcock & Wilcox.
Cohen<Edwards.
Seleon<NY C RR.
Re Palso.
Bingham<Homer.
Re Stallforth.
Myers<Mail & Exp Co.
Blake<Enoch.
Am Star Line<Doe.
Re Malkan.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.
Trials:
Lum Suey.
Joseph Berman & Joseph Phillips.
Hyman Morman.
Sentences:
Thomas Owens et al.
Motion:
Thomas H Craven.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 2 P. M.—Bankruptcy calendar.
Discharges:
Harold Manning, trading as H. M. Auto Supply Co.
Chauncey Holcombe.
Sigmund Solowitz.
Louis H. Rose.
Motions:
J. R. Marquette, Jr., Inc.
A. Ratkowsky.
B'klyn Ice Palace.
Julius Gottfried.
B. Gellerstein, (2.)
Katie Bausch.
Harry Elgenfeld.
Franklin Brew Co.
Isidore J. Rose.
D. Manzolino.
Dora Faber.
Frank R. Elkin.
Coney Island Const Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Common law calendar.
Teleshaski<Richmond Light & RR Co. (on trial.)
US<Palmieri & Canelos.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Chapman<Selover.
Kern<Stutykcwicz.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Smith, and Merrell, JJ.—At 2 P. M. Enumerated motions.
East River Nat Bank<Columbia Trust Co.
Met Trust Co<Krans.
People<Cummings.
Guaranty Trust Co<US Steel Corp, (2.)
Lord & Taylor<Yale & Towne Mfg Co.
Miller<Met Distribut.
Hooley<Watson-Flagg Eng Co.
Hoag<NY Herald Co.
Rieger's Sons<Casterlance.
Williams<Alt.
Ryan<Carnegie Trust.
Palmer<Einsetter.
Rappaport<Williamson.
Queens Co Water Co<CNY.
People<Pastor.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Finch, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Litigated motions.
Hyde<Hyde.
Re Chappel.
Re McDermott.
Bayliss<Bayliss.
Price<Archibald.
Re Aubel, (Ormond.)
McKay<American Autopress Co. (2.)
CNY<City of Rochester.
Calame<Joseph.
Ludlow<Albany & Troy St'boat Co.
Re Iwanowius.
Connolly<Albany & Troy St'boat Co.
Anderson<same.
Henderson<Stilger.
Roberts<NY Life Ins.
Seymour<Mech & Met Nat'l Bank.
Resny<Judge.
McAliese<Biegler.
Small<Greeley Square Hotel Co.
Brody<Brody.
Cole<Fornia.
Purdy<Krulewitch.
Horsch<Aspinwall.
Koffmann & Co<Mathushek & Son Piano.
Taylor<Taylor.
Young<Rey.
Sternberg<Archer Rubber Co.
Keller<Keller.
Haberman<Haberman.
Webber<Raskin.
Legroe<Chain Shirt Shops, Inc.
Stern Bros<Makoske.
Sullivan<Boettger.
Welth<Alexander, (2.)
Schneiderman<Naples Marconi, Inc.
Gross<Levinsky.
Schwartz<Green.
Marellus<Blum Bros.
Clark<Lauter, (2.)
Luca<Sabando.
Bahnsen<Phillips.
Finn<Weltman.
Bollermann<Bollermahn.
Titus<Cent P, N & E River RR.
Greenhaus<Greenhaus.
Weintraub<Weintraub.
Considine, Inc<Subway Cent Bldg.
Cohn<Cohn.
Oriental Am Trad, Inc<Slocum, Avram & Slocum Trading Co.
Schumann<Enright.
Abelow<Aprill, (2.)
Re Fettoroif, (Terry.)
Finn<Weltman.
Smith<Jordan.
Schreiber<same.
Wellenbrink<Wellenbrink.
Pomeroy<Catharine & Water St Con & Rty.
Straigold<Lewowitz.
Folda<Jordan.
Murray<Fechtman (2)
McClelland<Terry Shpbldg Co.
James McCreery Rty Co<Sadowsky.
Greathead<Diop Metal & Mfg Co.
Olsen<Grening.
Veverka<Storm.
Pisciotta<Reich.
Wolfsohn<Am Bead.
Re Dmyteryezn.
Caputo<Rohlfs.
Re Horton.
CNY<Watkins.
Horowitz<Litchfield Con Co. (2.)
Goldsmith Bros. Sm & Ref Co<Brantley.
Pains<France & Canada SS Co.
Gleich<Gleich.
Karp<Wildman.
Pottash<Cleveland-Akron Bag Co.
Manhattan Cut Stone Co<1,067 6th Av Co.
Dauer<Frank.
Roth<Roth.
Benedict<Benedict.
Keppler<Billboard Pub Co.
Guaranty Trust Co<Schmidt, Jr.
Gundersheimer<Rozgen.
Greco Canning Co<Buscaglia.
Re Perkins.
Leff<Levy Dairy. (2.)
Heineman<Joslin.
Rainsford<Szathmary.
Legros<Chain Shirt Shops, Inc.
Smith<Johansen.
Meagher<Meagher.
Tyrol<Mayrix Photo Plays, Inc.
Leonard<Vols, (2.)
Black & White & T Taxis, Inc<Gilchrist.
Gilford<Gilford.
Mahon<Waddell & Mahon Co.
Re Smith.
Re Flynn.
Phaff<Waller. (3.)
Baker<Holmes.
Schweit<Doubleday.
Hyman<Coviello.
Lesher<Mfg Jewelers' Export Co.
Michelow<Runets.
Reichlin<Kaplan.
Greenwich Sav Bank<Franklin Madison Rty Co.
Re Columbia Trust Co.
McKenzie<Lane.
Boefs<Cyp. Fabre & Cie.

PART II.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Stewart<Waxenbaum.
Borscher<Borscher (2)
Crystal<Junior Plattsburgh, Inc.
McMullen<McMullen.
Preferred causes:
Abadie<NY Sav Bank.
Roberts<Gruher.
Abadie<Greenwich Sav Bank.
Undefended divorces:
Whitmore, Best, Flatow, Platoff, Mendel, Fleux, Markanin, Swift, Varat, Hall, Ross, Leterman, Minutolo, Mendelovitch, Goertz, Bark, Jones, Drummond, Cohen, Green, Rudinsky, Kaiser, Risso, Ludovico, Seidl, Kelley, Adams, Schindler, Milletein, Weinstein, Morrison, Anderson, Kessler, Davis, Mack, Staford, Hatzel, Simone, Weinberg, Reiss, Yondelofsky, Schwed, Lane,
G Strong<E Strong.
Barone, Thompson,
A Strong<E Strong.
Dolaro, Browning, Schwartz, Sokoloff,
General calendar:
New Holland, &c, Co<Schalck.
Rosansky<Marksamer.
Tyers<Tyers.
Brinkman<Brinkman.
Tisch<Duh.
Tag<Zarin.
Kessler<Johnson.
Wilmer<same.
US Trust<Spear & Co.
Lewis<State Bank.
Clear.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART IV., (October Term Continued.)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on—Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.—Adjourned to Jan. 20.

PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.
Zin<Com Cloak & Suit Corp.
Royal Card & Paper Co<Metro Lith Co.
Breslow<Weinber.
Same<Altman
Sobel<Salaman.
Friedlander<Rosenthal.
Goetz<Wharton.
Atlantic Sales Co<E Shore Shpbldg Co.
Berg<Erts.
Goodman<Rubinstein.
Kuble Co<River Leafe.
Waterman<Tumble-In Co, Inc.
Breweaugh<Keatinge.
Post<Megales.
Paulson<Benenson Rty Co.
Dickler<Freedman.
Trainor<Trainor.
Waydell & Co<Am Trading Co.
Berensman<Weber.
Solomon<Union S Bk of Augusta.
Irvin Trust Co<Tull.
Oil, Paint & Drug Reporter<Hechtkopf.
Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner.
Village Garage<Farrell.
James<Steinburger.
Liberty Nat'l Bank<MacFarland.
Rossman<Woodmansten Inn, Inc.
Nordstrom<Ledyard.
Case on.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.
...anq.—Rudnick<Katz.
Lacher<CNY.
Senschuck<Fitzgerald.
Cohen<Lewis (2.)
Shinnick<Main Paper Stock Co.
Griffin<Bases.
Green<Shapiro.
Halley<Royal Mail St Packet Co.
Malley, Jr<Petrucci.
Hansch<3d Av Ry.
Dooley<Bartley.
Donaker<NY Cons RR.
Dickinson<NY Rys.
Napan<Hinigin.
Solomon<Cohen.
McGarry<Italia Wine.
Bailey<Rafallovuch.
Wilkining<Mt Hope Building Co.
Wattles<Brown.
Blau<Lee Hung (2.)
Stiefel<NY Tel Co.
Mitchell<Ludin Rlty.
Manning<NY Rys.
Sullivan<Hecht.
Leff<NY Rys.
Murphy<Bradley.
Ray<US Garages, Inc.
Hutler<Abbott.
Tararsky<Int R T.
Stotsky<Bunge.
McCormick<CNY.
Lehman<Bklyn Imp.
Schott<Coopersmith.
Palumbo<Kalbach.
Silver<NY Edison Co.
Meyer<NY Cons RR.
Tyler<B H RR.
Schendel<Int R T.
Grief<Swan.
Hart<Champion Ldry Domestic Corp.
Reichel<Palmer-Herring Motor Co.
Ryan<Burridge.
Briggs<Weil.
Filippi<Union Ry.
Rudnick<Katz.
Paelman<Walton.
Davis<Olson.
De Miglio<Baldi.
O'Shea<Armstrong.
Bayer<Schlechter.
Elefante<Sayles-Zahn Co.
Raltano<Frommert.
Farrell<Morris.
Dalmas<Bickley.
Moran<Shults Bread Co.
Mulvey<Hotel Martinique.
Horning<Hamilton.
R. Zuckerberg<Cohen.
S. Zuckerberg<same.
M. Trimbles<Levine.
G. Trimbles<same.
Hopkins<42d St, &c, Ry.
McKinney<Agosyini.
A. Schlesser<South Brooklyn Ry.
J. Schlesser<same.
Fournasa<Hanson.
A. Wendroff<Union Ry.
E. Wendroff<same.
Lynch<Yonkers RR.
Friedman<Cohen.
Murphy<Broadway Improvement Co.
Moore<3d Av RR.
Ott<Board of Education of the CNY.
Smith<Int R T Co.
Ruth<N Y Rys.
Berry<Concrete Bros Co.
Spinelli<Kalbach.
Clears<Kimmelman.
Rambaugh<Yeska.
Braxton<Mendelson.
Halady<N Y Rys.
Johnson<Mason.
Johnston<Crawford.
Same<Exhibitors' Trade Review, Inc.
Vassos<Post-Standard Co.
Curran<C, M & St P RR.
Callahan<Sanzo.
Coscino<Robinson.
Sullivan<J L Realty Co.
Kolish<Silverstein.
Reilly<N Y Edison Co.
Ringel<Gitsky.
Weinrub<Bloch.
Zwallsky<N Y Rys.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.
Marsden<Pfeffer.
Arbus<Am-Hawaiian SS Co.
Epstein<Rosenthal.
Int'l Cloak Mfg Co<Mass Bonding Co.
Indelli<Penn Fire Ins.
Ryland & Brooks Lum Co<Keenenly.
Sykes Co<Fid & Dep Co of Maryland.
Colonimos<Newburger.
Schwartz<Gerli & Co.
Brill<Friedhoff.
Williamsburgh Marble Co<G & M Imp Co.
Friedenberg<Rosenwasser.
Van Norden<Hanscom.
Lazer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Eastman Mach Co<Weinstein.
Pictorial Review Co<Selmeer.
Odell<CNY.
Allied Silk Mfg, Inc<Erstein.
Ginsburg<Weiss.
Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck, (2.)
Goodwin<Ansonia.
Hartwell & Lester, Inc<Ward.
Marden, Orth & Hastings<Baldwin.
Kalbach<Hamilton.
Assets Liab Assn<NY Lodge 1, B P O Elks.
O'Hanlon<McCreery & Co.
Leiberger<Weyhmann.
Heilner<Olmstead Quaboag Corset Co.
Martorelli<Italian Imp Co of NY.
135 E 21st St<Wolfe.
Richmond, Levering & Co<Blair.
Warehouse Merc Co<Mach & Met Sales.
Fernandes<Moore & Sons Co.
Mills<Carroll.
O'Connell<Conklin.
Arezzo<Tascher.
Sverdloff<Iznosakoff Zuxkau & Co.
Cohen<Annunziata.
Blackburn<Tomlinson.
Fontaine<Durand.
Nat Surety Co<Thayer.
Werner<CNY.
Liner<Endel.
Eldridge<Wayte.
Brandt Bros Bldg Co<Luetgarten.
Union Pac Tea Co<Mesh.
Karten<Bachmeier & Co.
Goodney<Ehrich.
Goldberg<Hertzberg.
Potts<City of Hornell.
Giniger<Schmookler, Cohen & Co.
Buchman<Freitag.
Livingston<Halgren Overgaiter Co.
Rotolo<NY, NH&HRR.
Sellers<Barton.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Zimetbaum Co<Simon.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Motion calendar:
Benjamin Blum.
Thomas J Dillon.
Oscar Lewisohn.
Victorine Lee.
Winthrop V Taylor.
Heber R Bishop.
Hydesaburo Ohashi.
Samuel H Haley, &c.
Sheppard Knapp.
Dorothy Garcia, inft.
Milton Garcia, inft.
Manuel Garcia, inft.
Michel Peterson.
Klementi Ballewies, &c.
Mary McGuire.
James Duffy.
August Kinderman.
Sak Yeorman.
Lauritz C Lauritsen.
Theodore Mameeff.
Mirriam A Clarke.
Spiros Thamelin.
Michael O'Malley.
August Thomsen.
Anna Schmidt.
Anna Roeckel.
Julia Keringer.
Elias Tedarowitz.
Cornelia J Knoppert.
Margaret Troppmann.
John W Pace.
Maria Abramo.
Emidio Magliesta.
Sebastiano Fahla.
Emily Jones.
Mildred Schwartz.
Wassilly G Schedko.
Wolf Beller.
Elizabeth B Haldane.
John Baird.
Louis M Micheau.
Mitchell infante.
Rudolph Berger.
Charles F Trapp.
Mary A O'Connell.
Hobbard H Upham.
Marie Hacker.
Catherine E Carr.
Harriet M Ver Nooy.
Albertina Bamberger.
Louise B Schneider.
John Kartmann.
William Dieterich.
Ferdinand Blumenthal.
Frances A French.
Emanuel Einstein.
Minna Buhe.
Edward C Sheehy.
Van S Tappen.
Marie A Dunlea.
Clara S Macy.
Jean B Bourdis.
Charles B Dodd.
Henry M Leipziger.
Rachel A Elting (2.)
Mary V Green.
Kate Goodman.
Wills for probate:
Annie E Morfit.
Ann F Fallon.
Oscar W Vatel.
Joseph P. Morette.
Robert F Napier.
G V Converse.
Louise Inglis.
Patrick McConnell.
Annie M Flagler.
Natalie Brail.
Louis A Walker.
Maximilian C Cavall.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
O'Meara Co<Am Cap Mfg Co (2.)
Liebenthal<Cohen.
Schneider<Straus.
Lowe<Manges.
Buck<MacDonald.
Johnston<Richardson & Boynton Co.
Scheckowitz<Tax-A-Cab Transit Co.
Hansen Co<Hamburger.
Hatry<Glassner.
Dorsma Garage Corp<Heilbron.
Wendel<Loeb.
Gretzer<Sherri.
NY Master Printers' Assn<Eichner.
Haender<Gibson.
Steinhardt<Gray.
Shor<Mirkin.
Sulsky<Wolf.
Hallberg<Fried.
Sprickerhoff<Garstle.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Schlamofsky<NY Rys.
Levitsky<Bruestle (2)
Volino<Ferrante.
Bumfeld<Kress.
Speckman<Schenker.
Schechter<Int R T.
Guttfeld<NY Rys.
Weinberger<Kosofsky.
Altman<Zachtmann.
Jacobs<Stone.
Samuels<same.
Le Petit Paris<Economu-Ritsos Co.
Kandel<Grenstein.
Lahm<Litwin.
Claman<NY Rys.
Loury<3d Av RR.
Smith<Pechter B Co.
Walkowitz<NY Rys.
Feinman<Weil.
Adler<Greengrass.
Kesper<NY Rys.
Fuchs<same.
Katz<same.
Berman<Cons Gas Co.
Stadler<Samuels.
McGowan<Miller.
Sinderman<Hudson & Man RR.
Cutler<5th Av Coach Co (2.)
Laufer<NY Rys.
Pogrivsky<Rosedale Dairy Co.
Pohorille<NY Rys.
McDonald<Metzner.
Tierney<Weisbecker.
Buchman<Gottlieb.
Sipkin<Modern Cloak, &c, Co.
Same<Dorfman.
Everwear Play Suit Co<Phoenix Mfg Co.
Newman<Levy.
Qualley<Weil.
Siegel<Mendel.
Aristo Hosiery Co<Liebter.
Woza<Harris.
Faas<Pollsink.
Davis<NY Rys.
Boylan<Butler, Inc.
Krughk<Elec Auto Del Co.
Bimonte<Sawyer Biscuit Co.
Leipsig<Engel.
Bernstein<Nissenshall
Feld<B'way Trust Co.
Goldman<Bloom.
Goldman<Penn RR.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Miller<Mackinery & Metals Sales Co.
Hirsch<Hirsch. Clear.

PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Bernstein<Rosenthal & Grotta, Inc.
Shukovsky<Mirkus.
Greeff<Rothschild.
Goldman<Brown.
Greenberg<Fulton Bar & Cotton Mills, Inc.
Gluck<Schnell.
Feinstein<Blumenthal & Co.
Sherwood<Syndicate Waist Co.
Ackerman<Blumenthal
Kimmerle<Hamburg-Bremen F I Co (2.)
Prudential Knitting Mills<Krasney.
Rosenberg<Schulman.
K & G Gracey Co<Gordon.
Greenberg<Carp.
Noeshkee<Stone.
Dixon<Heale.
Schafuss<Ford Co.
Nenino<Bronx Exposition.
Kupferman<Mirsky.
Shaftman<Bronstein.
Regan<Jackson.
Field<Zuckerman.
Marron<Casey.
Bank of US<Am Sea Grass Co
Stein<Peragallo.
Fein<Kruger.
Rotto & Rabinowitz<Goldman.
Vidal & Co<Hermans De Loos & Co.
Birch<Carvel Const.
Rosenblatt<Franken.
Germain Co<Woods Const Co.
Winter<Miltex C & S Co.
N Eng Woolen, &c, Mills<Schaum.
Globe & Rutgers F I Co<Am Union Line.
Gross<Rosenfeld.
Oliver<Bronston. (2.)
Broadway Central B'k<Hoyt. Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—House of Mercy<Goldberg—Arthur N. Giegerich.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Quinn<Peets—Albert Ottinger. De Witt<Seigel—Appleton L. Clark. Hillson<Schlang—Hugo Levy. Matter of Farish Co (Farish-Stafford Co)<Cooper—William W Pellet.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Lewenthal<Lewenthal—Lawrence S Greenbaum.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Jessie R. Green<Miltein Corp—Edward R Cohn. Isaac Shiman<Terry Holding Co—Mark Eisner.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Harry Pollack<Mayer Edelstein—Albert J Berwin.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.
Domree<Parrotta.
Munio Liens<Ranahan
Wilson<Dula.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J. Case on—Higgins<Union Rwy Co. No day calendar.

PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Cohen<Driskin.
Reiter<Salkowitz.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Second Department—Jenks, Mills, Putnam, Kelly, Jaycox, JJ.—Motion calendar at 10 A. M.
Re Nassau Co Jail.
Mitchell<CNY.
McGratty<Krantz Mfg
Lamchick<Goldstein.
Lloyd<Kenden & Crittenden
Re Driggs Av.
Habblethwaite<Flint.
Beinert<Miller.
Nickerson<Electro Silicon Co.
Bernscheff Con Co<Ohio Farm Ins Co.
Fairhurst<Tag.
Hopkins<Dold Rty Co.
Cassin<Stillman, Delehanty, Ferris Co.
Zeisler<Dandridge Rty
Illingworth<Illingworth.
Realty Associates<Conrad Con Co.
Star Co<Brush.

Nonenumerated day calendar at 10 A. M.:
Crowell<Crowell.
Public Service Com<Richmond RR.
Baumann<Bell.
Re Lang.
Kerrigan<McStay.
Re Lonergan.
O'Connor<O'Connor.
Kent<Fraser.
Thatcher<Delton Lumber Co.
Re Ries.
Reargument:
Howard<Robinson.
Enumerated day calendar:
Re Thomas.
Coine<Smith
Merry Rty Co<Shamokin Co.
Clark Co<Plass.
People<Saul.
Same<Frasco.
Same<Sheridan.
Same<Brach.
Re Herborn.
Gordon<Grady, (2.)

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Maunino<Brady & Gloe.
Coombs<Coombs.
Davis<Davis.
Bedford<Bedford.
Van Cleef<Maxfield.
Northwestern Mutual Life Ins<Fordham.
Re Superior Fabric Glove Co.
Schildewachter<Keil, Jr.
Del Gatto<Onorato.
Wolfert<D L & W RR
Re Rosenberg, (Shapiro.)
Re Kalmanowitz, (same.)
Horning<Bernstein.
Weiler<Ullrich.
Newman<Bennett.
People SNY (Boyle)<Livingston.
Anderson<Anderson.
People SNY ex rel Meyron<Craig, Con.
Springsteen<Springsteen.
Re Buckley.
Thomas<Post.
Green<Parino.
Oppenheim, Collins & Co<Wier.
Kimler<Nassau RR.
Lamb<B H RR.
Cutler<same.
Liens Purchasing Co<Meehan.
Rakowski<Mollenhauer.
Beot<Robinson.
Stone<Morris.
Darling<Fanning.
Polo<Suozzo.
Kolman<Bauer.
International Prov Co<Holmberg.
Obermeyer & Liebman<Murno.
Johnson<Pellegrino.
Dziengalewsky<Turner & Blanchard.
Re Plohn, (Com Public Works.)
State Industrial Com<Barberin.
Fassler<Mendez.
Federal Sign System (Electric)<George's Flower Shop.
Re Partola Mfg Co, (Coon.)
Gallo<Gallo.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.
Koeppel<Friedman.
Pattelli<Peterson.
Stutsky<Rosenblum.
Taub<Gold.
Bourke<Bourke.
Cibbe<Stiner.
Davis<Isaacs.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 1254.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.
Antonio Pepe Co<Hershenov.
Klein<MacMillan.
Mason<B H RR.
White<So Bklyn Ry.
Smith<Gleason-Tiebout Glass Co.
Grigaitis<So Bkln Ry.
Bungert<Bkn Builders Supply Co.
Finkelson<B Q Co & Sub RR.
Katzenstein<Salit & Sons.
Clark<Baird.
Kaufman<Greenhut Co.
McBride<B H RR.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Colombo<B H RR.
Heinemann<B H RR.
Maloof<Saydah.
Feeney<Nassau RR.
Schnur<Perlman.
Gardner<Courtney & ano.
Rosenberg<Mandel.
Salit<Amer Alcohol Co
Hagenaers & ano<Gross & ano.
Harriett<B H RR.
Devitto<Cerillo & ano.
Sager<NY Rys.
Gross<Berman & Swerdlick Co.
Hines<Cuneo et al.
Smith<Koonz & ano.
Borkowsky<NY Rys.
Nielsen<Coastwise Dredging Co.
Esposito<Auditore Contracting Co.
Celler<Drake Bros Co.
Coleman<NY Cons RR & ano.
Holtz<NY Cons RR.
Markowitz<Mendelson & ano.
Jones<Loeser & Co & ano.
Shapiro<Borden's Farm Prod Co.
Legats<Pfaff.
Fearon<So B'klyn Ry.
O'Neill<Fife.
Danny<B H RR.
Teague<same.
Moguil<Goldfarb.
Societe Des Anciens<Thom & Bailey et al.
Johnston<Haigney.
Slegler & ano<Wadler.
Duffy<Int R T.
Whalen<Nas RR.
Kinney<Hillin.
Reller<So B'klyn Ry
Brew<Clib Realty Co.
Scheffel<Koch.
Ghiraldi<Prospect Coal Co.
Thompson<C I & B R R.
Highest number reached on regular call, 6503.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV., May, J.; Part V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M. Calendar called in Part V.
Case on—Elonstein<Vogel.
Sankin<Flex.
Dexheimer<Nichols.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.
Welman<Welman.
Purow<Purow.
Amos<Amos.
Highest number reached on calendar is 748-d.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Wright<Vogel.
Baker<NY Rys Co.
Schrieber<The Motor Car Equipment Co.
White, an infant<Huber.
O'Beirne<Moll.
Cohen, an infant<Laracco.
Faltrauer<Ringling et al.
Moore<Jacobus
McPhillips<N Y & Q Co Ry Co.
Kubelka<Kretchmar, &c.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2350.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tompkins, J.—At 10 A. M. For the hearing of motions and ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Keogh, J.—At 10 A. M.
Rich<Nausbaum.
Clark-Lee-Tibbetts Co<Ford.

Surrogate's Court.

AT WHITE PLAINS—Slater, S.
Wills for probate:
Augusta Lockwood.
John Miller.
Executor's acc'tg:
T. F. Mooney.
Adm'r's accounting:
David Doherty.
Adam Danner.
Compulsory acc'tg:
Patrick J. Tierney
Order to show cause
Nathan P. Bushnell.
Motion:
William C. Beer
The following case will not be called because no proofs of service have been filed under Rule II.: Will for probate—Mary L. Ferguson.

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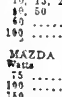

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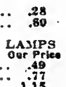

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THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

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BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botany, F. & H., odd pieces, all colors; must be cheap. Madison Square 8598.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Quillard's 110 black, spot cash; must be cheap. Madison Square 3038.

CAMBRICS AND NAINSOOK Wanted—At once, quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

CAPES AND CAPE COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at medium and high priced. 29 West 30th, 9th floor.

CLOTH Wanted.—Will exchange American navy, poplins for 966 Lemi, or will buy same. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing immediate orders on ladies' and children's Spring coats. Call with samples, 56 West 22d St., 5th floor.

COATS, CAPES and Dolmans Wanted.—Better grade only; placing orders, call mornings. 10 West 25th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders for juniors' coats and capes, better grade, snappy styles. 16 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber buying better grade Spring coats. First floor, 279 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash; prices must be exceedingly reasonable. Box Y 614, 1,265 Broadway.

COVERTS Wanted.—Good quality only; Samuels & De Maio, Madison Square 9258.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large cloak and suit house wants to connect with dress manufacturers who have their own material; only those making up to date stylish and well made merchandise need answer. Box W 614, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on crepe de meteor, crepe de chine, Georgette, Jersey, tricolette, tricotine and taffeta dresses; samples daily 9 to 12. Wiener, 53 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—S. Solomon, 470 4th Av., wants jobs for spot cash, silk, satin, and serge dresses, also georgette, for immediate delivery; also placing orders for ten days delivery.

DRESSES Wanted.—Stock orders placed on smart-looking silk dresses. 21st floor, 6-8 East 27th St.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DUVET DE LAINES, Lapin and Chinchilla Wanted.—Any quantity; cash. Greeley 4322.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

JERSEY WOOL Wanted.—Open for 35 pieces dress weight at around $2 per yard. Harry A. Roman & Co., 22 West 32d St. Madison Square 1218.

JUILLIARD'S Wanted.—2070, colors 3 and 5; Fowell Bros. 644-16 navy. Madison Square 3406.

PLAIDS Wanted.—All wool, for skirting; spot cash. Imperial Skirt, 27 West 27th St.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Garfield's 4666, navy and tan; also velours, reindeer; cash. Farragut 3176.

POM POM Wanted.—American 12075; must be cheap. Spring 8076.

POPLINS, silk and cotton, wanted in copen, rose, tan; any quantities; spot cash. Irving Finkelstein, 30 West 33d.

POPLINS AND VELOURS Wanted.—High shades; American or similar. Levine & Soloff, 162 W. 21st.

POPLINS Wanted.—American; Walworth, high shades; also silvertones and velours. Haft. Farragut 9752.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610 Clay, 876 Black; or will exchange navy for same. Farragut 2618.

POPLINS Wanted.—American, Pekin, for cash. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. 9644 Farragut.

POPLINS AND DELHI Wanted.—American, for cash. Zimmerman & Carner, 48 West 23d St.

POPLINS Wanted.—Will exchange 06077, or 9610, navy for black. Madison Square 7049.

POPLINS Wanted.—Pekin, gray, terra cotta, American preferred; cash. Chelsea 9955.

POPLINS Wanted.—American, in all shades. D. Marks & Bro., 16 East 17th St.

SATIN-STRIPED TUB SILK Wanted.—We are open to buy a quantity at a price; also other light brown striped material in silk. Livingston & Lieberman, 547 Broadway.

SATIN Wanted.—Washable evening shades, Eagle 37; also job white Georgette. Chelsea 4976.

SATINS Wanted.—Yarn dye cotton back satins, black. D. Freid, 166 West 27th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Twelve to fourteen ounce blue and black, all worsted; must be cheap for cash. Send samples, with price and quantity, to Montgomery Clothing Co., 141 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Large quantities; 0936, $2; 99-9, $1.60; 11433-519, $1.45; 7120-54289, $1.20; W. F. X. $1.10. O 341 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—500 pieces 800-11433, 519, cash $1.50; 7120-54289, cash $1.25; W. F. X., cash $1.10. Greeley 4784.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy 160 pieces W. F. X. for spot cash. Phone between 8:30 and 10 A. M., Gramercy 2307.

SERGES AND POPLINS Wanted.—U. S. 235, 09070, 0936, 90610, high shade velour tricotine. Gramercy 1074.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy 11433, 519, 54289, or similar, for spot cash at a low price. Farragut 8850.

SERGE Wanted.—800 and 1464, navy and colors. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th St., 11th floor.

SERGES Wanted.—4408; also can use 54-inch, not higher than $1.25. 9 West 29th St., 5th floor.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 838; also exchange Cleveland 812 navy for black. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity 4408 navy colors at a price. H. Davidoff Co., Madison Square 4021.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity no object, all kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES, POPLINS Wanted.—All colors, 104, 99, 90610, 3866. Madison Square 5671.

SERGES Wanted.—99 or similar; also high shades of poplin. Farragut 2347.

SERGES Wanted.—11433-99-04-7301, cheap for cash. Gramercy 6544.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 0936, 09070, 9, 235; must be cheap. Greeley 8573.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 54289 and 7120. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st.

SERGES Wanted.—87, navy, tan, copen; spot cash. Irving Finkelstein, 30 West 33d St.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 235 U. S. navy; cash. Gramercy 2452.

SERGE Wanted.—Stevens 3850. Farragut 4717.

SEW SILK Wanted.—At once, white and colors; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All constructions, 54-inch. Box R. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SILK SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobs striped and plaid. Call Friday, Room 518, Wilson Bldg.

SILKS Wanted.—Stripes, Radium, Crepes, and Fancies at a price. Pansy, 145 W. 30th.

SILVERTONE, TRICOTINE Wanted—All shades, Joels, Leonard, and Bachman; reasonable. Gramercy 1429.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All high shades, for cash. J. & M. Yellin, 22 West 32d St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Reindeer, Pekin, Copen, navy, tan. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden, Leonard, Oxford, Copen, and Reindeer. Madison Square 8276.

SILVERTONES, TRICOTINES, AND COVERTS Wanted.—Chelsea 8980.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Spring shades; cash at right price. Gramercy 6174.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Copen, tan, Pekin, navy, reindeer. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SUITS Wanted.—Silk and cloth suits of the better kind only; looked at from 9 to 12 A. M., 10th floor, 36th St. entrance, 1,333 Broadway.

SUITINGS Wanted.—Open for any big quantity of Colton suitings, Beltor & Achelis's. Rugby Mfg Co., 520 B'way. Spring 7396.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade. 32 East 31st, 1st floor.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Reseda and other street shades; good quality only desired. Phone Madison Square 7480.

TRICOTINES and Poiret Twills Wanted.—All colors; also botany, velours. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINE Wanted, all shades, and serges 99, 1464, at a price; cash. Farragut 707.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718. F. & H. 8057, all colors. Madison Square 4173.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Poiret twills. Madison Square 8585.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Tan. Farragut 9805.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweights, taupe, brown shades; also silvertones and other Fall coatings; state quantities; best cash price. John Northway & Son, Ltd.

VELOUR Wanted.—Quantity American heavyweight velour; also spring shades light-weight velours; will pay cash. Madison Square 3267.

VELOURS Wanted.—Any make, rose color. Chelsea 590.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APRONS.—Various styles, close out lots from factory inventory. The W. H. Dean Co., 45 East 17th St.

BOLIVIA.—221 colors; Stoney-Starkey heavy-weight velours, all colors. Farragut 9535.

BROADCLOTH.—E. & R., and Botany; also black, all shades tan, Pekin, reindeer, navy, brown, burgundy, velours. Farragut 8759.

BROADCLOTH, poplin, serges, cheap; moving to larger quarters. Phone 5264 Madison Square.

BROAD SILKS.—Several thousand yards, all widths, close-outs; good for department stores' special sales. Kinstler, 440 4th Av.

BURELLA.—Brightwood, tan, gray, low price. Gramercy 1660.

CHIFFONS.—All colors; low-market price. Vanderbilt 3318.

COATEES.—Beaver, mole, and Baffin seal; 500 sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—High-grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom poms, pile fabrics, &c., Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritsky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed silvertone, pom pom, velour, plushes; sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—Salt's plush coats, plain and fur trimmed, for January sales. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 20th.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh & Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—300 snappy velours, kerseys, pom poms; fur trimmed and self collars; very, very cheap. Emanuel, 43 W. 27th.

COATS.—Suitable for January and February sales at very low prices. Joseph Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

COATS.—250 coats to close out at a price; fur and silk plush trimmed. Samuel Ginsburg, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—All wool, pom pom, velours, broadcloth, fur trimmed; closing out. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—Closing out 500 smart velour coats; fur-trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—300 beautiful Winter coats, mostly fur trimmed; $6 up. Freedman Bros., 1,333 Broadway.

COATS.—100 fur-trimmed coats, to close out at the price. I. Kanner & Co., 28 West 25th St.

COATS.—Plush, broadcloth, velours, fur trimmed; big sacrifice. A. Russakow, 484 5th Av.

COATS.—Better kind, fur-trimmed, at a price. Louis Bauman & Co., 12 East 32d.

COATS.—300 fur-trimmed, better kind, to close out. Gottlieb, 10 West 32d.

COATS.—Velours, full lined, fur trimmed, $10. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

COTTON GOODS.—Dress manufacturer has high class new 1919 patterns for sale at a price. Mannie Solomon Co., Inc., 31 E. 31st.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Three-thread ivory, flesh, navy, black; also Georgette, all colors, below market price. Madison Square 3047.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Four thread; to close, 40 pieces ivory and flesh. Phone Spring 1680.

DRESSES that create sales, Spring models, all-wool French serge, $5-$10.50; embroidered satins, taffetas, georgettes, $6.75-$16.50. "There is a reason." I want to be known by the values I give. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—800 dozen house dresses, ladies', children's bloomers, to close out; various styles; factory inventory. Friedman, 4,239 Jerome Av., Ozone Park. Richmond Hill 5388.

DRESSES.—Jobs of serge dresses to close out; Spring line of serges, georgettes, and taffetas for immediate delivery; exceptionally good values. Redfern Costume, 22 West 27th.

DRESSES, big inducement on serge, jersey, and taffetas to big users only; also jobs on hand. London Apparel Co., 9 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersal dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Nifty line of Spring silks ready; let us show you our $5.75 taffeta special. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values velvet, Spring styles, good quality French serge; immediate deliveries. Annetta Dress, 111 W. 27th.

DRESSES, 2,000 velvetians, serges, and silks, to close out, $3.75. American Shirtwaist, 151 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values; wool French serges, $6; Jerseys, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serge, Georgette, taffeta foulard to close out at a price. M. Taub & Co., 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Children's wash dresses 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big value. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, Jerseys, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 17 East 20th St.

DRESSES.—Georgette, serges, silks; something special; don't miss. Deutsch, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge dresses to close out at a price; new Spring models. S. Simon Co., 135 West 27th St.

DRESSES, better grade silk, georgettes, serge, and evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, velvets, close out good assortment. Seld, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—For January sales, serges and satins. Elite Dress, 126 West 34th.

DRESSES.—Velours, $10.75, $13.75; best in market. Michael Senft, 29 West 35th St.

GABARDINES.—F. & H., all colors. Greeley 3878.

GEORGETTE.—All silk, pure dye, superior quality. Manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribbon Co., 456 4th Av., 31st St. Phone Madison Square 1034.

GEORGETTE league waist shades and dress shades for immediate delivery. Madison Square 8314.

GEORGETTE and SATIN.—Will exchange for taffeta; excellent quality. 31 East 31st, 12th floor. Madison Square 2540.

GEORGIENES, large quantity, in all colors, very reasonable. Farragut 9501.

GINGHAMS and Percales.—400 cases, all kinds; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 B'way. Madison Square 3822.

KNEE PANTS.—Corduroy serges, and mixtures; large jobs cheap. Reliance, 130 Bleecker St.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black all wool and cotton warp in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

POIRET TWILL.—Andrews, all colors; Bahnsen's, all colors; will sell at reasonably low prices. Phone Knickerbocker 1166.

POIRET.—Twills, F. & H., all colors. Greeley 3878.

PLUSH, Peerless T 10, reasonable. Farragut 9975.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS, high shades and navy, 774, 639, Gera 503, Dobson Andrews poplins, 7802 Panama. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS.—50 pieces navy at a price, gabardines, 5 pieces white, 20 pieces tan. Farragut 8880.

POPLINS.—American 6600½, Dobson's 503, Brightwood 4916, Scotia 0302. Gramercy 4404.

POPLINS.—P. P. L. 4860, 4927, 777, 4916, 1080; broadcloths and velours. Madison Square 651.

POPLINS.—A. W. Co. navy 90610, rookie 06077. Murray Hill 3799.

SATINS.—Navy and black, 36-inch, all silk, at $1 yard. La Rose Waist, 31 West 21st.

SECO SILK.—25c, first quality; cambrics, voiles, organdies, plain and fancy; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—Also high shades and black, 0936, 09070, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, 7120, 8158, Botany 809, 1464, 7008, W. F. X., M. F. L., 528, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, P. P. L., B. P. N. L., American poplins 90610, 06077, Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—3850 Stevens, $1.55; 6002 Amoskeag, 95c.; K. S. W. Pacific, $1.02½; 774 Whitman's, $1.95; 54-inch Shepherd checks, 75c. R. Smith & Co., Gramercy 1280.

SERGES, Poplins, Broadcloths, and Velours. —519 W. F. X., 4632, 8703, Newports, 11433, Cleveland 9288, M. F. L. 4860, 1080. Madison Square 651.

SERGES, all high shades navy and black, 54289, 528, 519, 1464, 809, 6234, 3708, Woolworth. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—Biggest assortment; all kinds; great sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1404, 800, 11433, W. F. X., 500, 7302, 4632, poplins 6600½, 6009, 503, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—All popular numbers and brands, below market price. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—54289, 7120, 235, 838, 0936, 519, 1464, 9288, 0600, 820, 3665, 9, Newport, below market price. Gramercy 8544.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 99, 104, 11433, 0609, 9240, 642, 8665, 54274; poplin 4916, 6009, 774, 1010; on terms. Gramercy 2961.

SERGES.—8200 Gilbert, 4360 Dunmore, 41-1 Huebshman, 9246 Auco; no reasonable offer refused. W 302 Times.

SERGES.—838, 235, 9, 09070, 54289, 7120, 11433; below market price. M. Weinstein Co. Madison Square 2639.

SERGES.—Erlanger Blumgarts' 711, navy and black, 80 cents. Schachner & Day, 38 West 25th St.

SERGES.—510, 11433, 528, 104, 3850, 99, 11554, V. S. L., poplins 6500, 774. Mad. Sq. 5825.

SERGES.—09070, 8200, 9234, 519, 809; poplins 06077, navy; cheap. Mad. Sq. 8508.

SERGES.—Navy 7713, 7122; also Pan Newport 14433. Pom Pom 12075. Gramercy 4405.

SERGES.—Garfield's 519, Cleveland's 9058, American 9079. Orchard 8744.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES.—7120, $1.50; 54289, $1.45; W. F. X., $1.35; 4408, $1, net 70 days. Madison Square 5669.

SERGE.—7120, original tickets, navy, 30 pieces; will sell cheap. Greeley 3535.

SERGES.—7120, 528, 1461, 1210, 54289, 3865, all shades; reasonable. Spring 4369.

SERGES.—6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.50 net, 60 days. Gramercy 1482.

SERGE.—All-wool French serge skirts, $3.50; poplins, $4.25. 37 West 28th, 9th floor.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All cotton and 25 per cent. worsted, 54-inch only. Box S. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SHIRTINGS.—Hundreds of pieces, colored, yarn shirtings; very low. 396 Broadway, Room 713.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9880.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILKS, fancy, for the cloak and dress trade; large assortment on hand. Liberman Horwitz, 109 West 26th. Farragut 4250.

SHIRTINGS.—100 pieces, colored, yard shirtings; very low. 396 Broadway, Room 713.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—All-wool French serge at $3.50; other good values. Quitrite Skirt, 37 West 28th.

SKIRTS.—2,000 to close out; cloths and silks. Albert Skirt, 142 West 26th.

SKIRTS.—Tricolette 675, all colors. Quitrite Skirt, 37 West 28th.

SUITS.—100 ladies' and misses' sport and norfolk model suits, made in gabardines, navy serge, and mixtures, to close out at a price. 8792 Chelsea.

SUITS.—All-wool lightweight poplins, lined throughout, $10.75. Supreme Mfg., 19 West 24th.

SUITS.—Serge uniform suits; odd lot; sell cheap. Murray Hill 1525.

TAFFETAS, CHIFFON. — Navy, black, brown; 36 inches; very special price. Vanderbilt 3318.

TAFFETA.—Black, navy and changeables, about $1 per yard; good value. Eagle Skirt, 44 West 28th.

TAFFETAS, georgettes, all shades, for immediate delivery. Madison Square 8318.

TRICOTINES.—Will sell for cash Garfield's 4718, rookie, black, Copen. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINE.—Garfield's 4718, copen, black, Arthur Joel's navy, black. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINE.—Wm. F. Reade 5800, Garfield 4718; also Poiret twills. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINE.—Garfield 5010, navy, rookie, and black. Mad. Sq. 8274.

VELOURS, Serges, Poplins; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 202.

VELOURS.—American Spring shades, also Forstmann & Huffmann, Duvet de Laine. Greeley 1544.

VELOURS, checks, Oxfords, 0936, 11433; cheap. Greeley 6942.

WAISTS.—Plaid and striped taffetas, crepe de chines, tub and fibre silk, as low as $18 dozen; must dispose of same before moving. La Rose Waist, 31 West 21st.

WAISTS.—300 dozen, white and black cotton, voile, $10.50 waists, for $7.50 per dozen. Room 507, 1,170 Broadway. Madison Square 0172.

WAISTS.—600 dozen, $18 to $24 voiles to sell at a sacrifice. Queen Waist Co., Inc., 246 5th Av.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS Wanted on better grade dresses; bring samples between 9 and 11 o'clock all week. 118 W. 29th, 9th floor.

CONTRACTORS on ladies' better grade suits; bring samples between 9 and 11 all week. 118 W. 29th, 9th floor.

DRESS CONTRACTORS wanted on dresses; call with samples, at 38 West 32d, 9th floor. T. Breuelber & Bros.

Allied Industries.

CHEVRONS.—We manufacture gold, silver, scarlet, blue division insignias to order on short notice; pillow tops and pennants to close out. Pennant Novelty, 332 Broadway.

CHEVRONS.—Look, we beat them all; red and blue, felt chevrons, $3.25 per gross, in quantities; immediate delivery. Nat Bloom, 198 6th Av. Farragut 9346.

CHEVRONS.—Red and blue; immediate delivery; embroidered, $3; felt, $3.25. Belle Novelty Co., 21 East 14th. Telephone 2153 Stuyvesant.

NEEDLES, sewing, English and Japanese, assorted sizes; attractive prices; stock. Rector 6534.

SERVICE BARS.—Overseas campaign service bars; also ribbon and bars separate, for immediate delivery; also overseas caps, leggins, and chevrons. Pudlin & Perry, 125 Prince St.

Situations Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; tax estimates made, balance sheets, profits statements prepared. R 765 Times Downtown.

SILK SALESMAN, proven ability, wishes to make change; seeks connection with manufacturer able handle large business. O 289 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¼ per cent. for the best names

Wednesday..5@5¼

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Good Outlook for Silverware.

Indications point to some very heavy buying in the retail jewelry trade during the early Spring months. During the last few days the jobbers have been placing some very substantial orders for silverware, which are much larger in proportion than those received by the manufacturers at this time last year. In the hollowware lines, most of the orders that are being received are for the more staple goods such as tea sets, bread trays, and cake baskets.

Gray Goods Prices Lower.

What business there was done in the local gray goods market yesterday centred mostly about a few constructions. In printcloths substantial sales were reported of 39-inch 68-72s from first hands at 12¾ cents. From second hands came fairly large sales of 38½-inch 64-60s at 10 cents, a pretty good reduction from the price of the day before. Among the sheetings reported sold were 36-inch 4.70s at 11 cents and 5.50s at 10½ cents.

Lamp Shades of Parchment.

Parchment lampshades for electricity, gas, &c., are the latest to go out to the trade. They come in landscape designs, but more attractive are those designated simply as polycrome, but actually in Italian or Pompeian designs, in rich colors, decorative and effective on the soft, old-parchment tone of the shade proper, which makes for an agreeable lighting.

Handbags and Pocketbooks.

Some of the manufacturers of leather handbags and pocketbooks are a little later than usual this year in completing their new Spring lines. This has not, however, interfered to any great extent with the sales. A number of buyers who are interested in this line are now in the city, and are placing some good-sized orders for early delivery. Information received from the men on the road states that they are meeting with much success in almost every section of the country. There is more of a tendency toward colored goods this year, including shades of red, blue, green, and gray.

Madeira Embroideries' Supply.

Owing to the shortage of raw materials, importers of Madeira embroideries are having much difficulty in obtaining a sufficient amount of merchandise. This is due mainly to the scarcity of flax, a large part of which was formerly obtained from Russia. With the increased sale for these goods the stocks that are now on hand are very badly depleted, especially in the line of luncheon sets and napkins. Large orders are being received from retail sources, and it is now becoming a serious matter to the importers regarding their future supply of merchandise.

Orders for Capes and Dolmans.

Although the season is still a little early for women's capes and dolmans, some good sized advance orders have been received by firms in this line. Some of the buyers who have already placed their orders for these goods were more favorably disposed to the higher class merchandise. Last year these lines met with a fair sale, but it is said by the makers that this season they will be worn much more extensively, especially outside of the city. The trimmings used on the new offerings are plain and simple, being confined mostly to braids and buttons, with many silk collar effects.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABINGTON, Va.—Sachs D. G. Co.; A. Sachs, Spring dresses, skirts; Breslin.

AKRON, Ohio—A. Polsky Co.; H. Polsky, coats, suits; Mr. Morgenroth, dresses; Mr. Bursell, silk underwear, lingerie; 141 Madison Av.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Niall-Herrin Co.; W. A. Niall, rugs; Holland House.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Justin-Bergman; silk, serge dresses; 37 W. 26th.

AUGUSTA, Kan.—J. M. Schwan, general mdse; Knickerbocker.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. R. Reid, silks, dress goods; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Oppenheim, Obendorff & Co.; J. A. Oppenheim, mfrs. white, negligee shirts, nightshirts, pajamas; 362 Church.

BANGOR, Me.—A. L. Freese, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.

BOISE, Idaho—The Mode; Mr. Falk, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

BOISE, Idaho—Folk Wholesale Co.; L. F. Folk, notions, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 395 B'way.

BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; H. W. Schaschke, gen. mdse; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Mrs. E. Jones, waists, sweaters; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; Miss McCloskey, jobs dresses; Miss O'Brien, suits; Mr. Wilson, ready-to-wear; 200 5th Av.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; L. B. Withstanley, domestics, linens; 404 4th Av.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Smith-Murray Co.; C. F. Kleindienst, domestics, flannels, blankets, linings, linens; 105 Grand.

BRISTOL, Tenn.—E. W. King Co.; E. W. King, general mdse.; 258 Church.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Sinclair, Rooney & Co.; S. E. Keefe, millinery; 621 Broadway; St. Andrew.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss Cummings, books, stationery; L. Stegmaier, notions, leather goods; Miss P. Brinton, coats, suits, dresses; 2 W. 37th.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—J. Turtletaub, clothing; Broadway Central.

CHATTANOOGA—M. Kreis, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,160 Broadway.

CHATTANOOGA—G. Edelstein & Sons; M. Edelstein, clothing; Grand.

CHICAGO—S. Ginsburg & Bro.; S. Ginsburg, men's furn. goods, hats, shoes; Wentworth.

CHICAGO—Meyer, Hess & Co.; S. S. Hess, men's furn. goods; Knickerbocker.

CHICAGO—Consolidated Millinery Co.; J. Weinberg, millinery; 621 B'way.

CHICAGO—Rosenthal & Allen Tailoring Co.; A. Rosenthal, mfrs. clothing; Wallick.

CHICAGO—Ellasberg Co.; A. Goldstein, suits; 1,133 B'way.

CHICAGO—N. Shure Co.; N. Shure, stationery; 874 B'way.

CHICAGO—Hovland, Sardenson, McComb Co.; J. P. Hovland, suitings; 303 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; A. B. Nelson, knit goods, ribbons, umbrellas; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; C. M. O'Farrell, silks; T. A. Lamond, domestics; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Western Garment Co.; J. Spitzer, mfrs. petticoats; 1,261 B'way.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; H. M. Anning, flannels, outings, blankets; H. H. Anning, ginghams; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; V. J. Bert, domestics; C. J. Cornwall, men's furn. goods; B. M. Karasick, hats, caps; C. A. Walter, novelties, toys; D. M. Reedy, toys; L. M. Forkell, fancy goods, novelties; 115 5th Av.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; W. Foster, coats, suits, dresses; 366 5th Av.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—J. Shillito Co.; Miss A. F. Gately, corsets, lingerie, muslin underwear, waists, negligees, sweaters; 432 4th Av.; Breslin.

CLEVELAND—Reed Bros. & Co.; J. Ballor, flowers, feathers; 621 B'way.

CLEVELAND—Printz-Biederman Co.; M. Printz, mfrs. cloaks, suits; 200 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Mrs. H. G. Levine, silk, serge dresses; 37 W. 26th.

COLUMBIA, Mo.—Branham-Hinkle Co.; W. S. Branham, cloaks, suits; Latham.

CUMBERLAND, Md.—Cumberland D. G. & Notion Co.; J. S. McCauley, notions; 395 B'way.

DALLAS—C. Rosner, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 3 West 29th.

DALLAS, Texas—W. A. Green & Co.; R. H. Russell, shoes; 1,150 B'way.

DETROIT—Heyn's Bazaar Co.; B. Halpern, kid, fabric gloves; 39 Union Square.

DENVER, Col.—Denver D. G. Co.; H. E. Karns, furniture; 200 5th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner Co.; Miss E. Maurer, neckwear, veilings; 116 W. 32d.

DETROIT—Edson, Moore & Co.; F. F. Hughes, blankets; 43 Leonard.

DURHAM, N. C.—Lamble, Burch, Bowen Co.; J. R. Bowen, clothing; S. R. Burch, clothing; York.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—W. Hughes, Inc.; W. Hughes, millinery; 621 B'way.

FINDLAY, Ohio—Charles D. Levy, boudoir caps, camisoles; 37 W. 26th.

GREENSBORO, N. C.—Meyers Co.; Miss L. Hoekins, jobs Winter, misses' coats; 8 W. 32d.

GREENWOOD, Miss.—Fontain D. G. Co.; W. T. Fontain, dry goods; Gregorian.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; M. A. Cook, wash goods; W. A. Miller, domestics; 230 5th Av.; Herald Square.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; G. S. Gets, wash goods; 404 4th Av.; Herald Square.

HOUSTON, Texas—Pincus & Jarret D. G. Co.; I. Cohen, millinery; 343 B'way; Albert.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss F. Brice, Spring suits; 225 5th Av.

INDIANAPOLIS—Hibben, Hollweg Co.; W. B. Cummins, hosiery, underwear; 320 B'way.

INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; C. W. Gay, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.

JONESBORO, Ark.—Eagle Clothing Co.; A. Faught, clothing; Martinique.

KANSAS CITY—H. D. Lish Merc. Co.; E. E. Benson, I. R. Cowden, furn. goods, notions, knit goods; McAlpin.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery, Bird, Thayer D. G. Co.; F. L. Woosley, men's, boys' clothing; 25 Madison Av.

LANCASTER, Penn.—The Cloos Co.; E. F. Simon, coats; 15 E. 26th.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; J. F. Rippe, carpets; E. E. Snyder, clothing; 404 4th Av.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Leinbach & Co.; C. Simmons, millinery; 11 W. 36th.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Herpolsheimer Co.; H. E. Schmidt, cloaks, suits, waists; 39 Union Square.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; F. W. Gardner, dress goods, silks; 225 5th Av.; Cumberland.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Palais de Modes; B. B. Hershey, ready-to-wear; 100 West 32d.

LOS ANGELES—Lane, Thayer D. G. Co.; J. W. Strickrow, ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,140 B'way; Cumberland.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—New York Cloak and Suit House; H. C. Henshey, ready-to-wear; 100 West 32d.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Paris Cloak and Suit House; J. L. Koerner, ready-to-wear; 100 West 32d.

MACON, Ga.—The Dannenberg Co.; J. D. McMurray, millinery, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—E. Schuster & Co., Inc.; C. Kant, silks, velvets, woolens, flannels, dress goods, linings, domestics, cottons, white goods; 105 Grand.

MOBILE, Ala.—G. Jackson Clothing Co.; M. S. Jacobson, clothing, furn. goods, hats; Empire.

MOBILE, Ala.—Lichtbach Bros.; J. Lichtbach, clothing, furn. goods, mfrs. pants; 13 East 26th; Wallick.

MONTREAL—Dupuis Freres, Ltd.; C. Marchand, ladies' ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d; Breslin.

NAVASOTA, Texas—R. A. Patout Co.; R. A. Patout, men's furn. goods; 1,150 B'way; Imperial.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; F. P. Brown, millinery; 404 4th Av.

OMAHA, Neb.—Benson & Thorne; E. M. Reynolds, children's wear; 100 West 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Wanamaker; A. G. McGowin, shoes; Broadway and 10th St.

PHILADELPHIA—"Bladner's"; Miss Mahoney, skirts; 15 East 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—J. J. McLaughlin, skirts; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; T. Power, hdkfs, ribbons; F. P. Walsh, house furn. goods, china; 230 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—Dreifus & Co., Inc.; S. J. Guggenheimer, mfrs., dealers, army, navy uniforms; Holland.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; A. J. Kunkle, clothing; 1,140 B'way.

PITTSBURGH, Penn.—Mansmann Bros. Co.; R. Mansmann, men's furn. goods; Breslin.

PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; L. E. Minoque, hosiery, gloves; 23 E. 26th.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; L. Ferber, millinery; L. Kaufmann, women's ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Weiman Co.; Mrs. M. Flatow, jobs silk, serge dresses; B. Neiman, silk, serge Spring dresses; 470 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; Miss E. Ball, coats, suits, skirts; 212 5th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; F. E. Leach, silk, dress goods; 230 5th Av.

QUINCY, Ill.—Reibs; J. J. Reib, Miss Ussell, suits, dresses, coats, skirts; 220 5th Av.

READING, Penn.—The Cloos Co.; E. F. Simon, dresses; 15 E. 26th.

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; Miss R. Hexter, corsets, underwear, infants' wear; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy-Robinson Co.; J. C. McCurdy, dry goods; 141 Madison Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Michaels, Stern & Co.; H. W. Stern, woolens; 220 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; J. M. Pratt, shoes; 432 4th Av.

SAN ANTONIO—Wolff & Marx Co.; J. J. Sterne, coats, suits, dresses; 141 Madison Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—City of Paris D. G. Co.; Mr. Moore, Miss Siever, Miss Tull, ready-to-wear; 170 5th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss K. Good, misses' coats, suits, dresses; 225 5th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros., Inc.; F. A. Lyon, hosiery, corsets, underwear; W. D. Sayers, notions, fancy goods, gloves; 50 Union Square.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—The Boston Store; M. J. Harris, women's garments; Grand.

SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; Miss L. Thrommel, millinery designer; 23 E. 26th.

SELMA, Ala.—I. Kayser Co.; I. Kayser, coats, suits, dresses; 141 Madison Av.

SELMA, Ala.—Tepper Bros.' Mercantile Co.; M. B. Hagerdorn, domestics, blankets; L. Eagle, ready-to-wear; Latham.

SPARTANBURG, S. C.—A. W. Smith Co.; Mr. Lyles, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

SPRINGFIELD, O.—C. Rabbitt, women's ready-to-wear; Wolcott.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—N. T. Murphy, women's, misses', children's garments, furnishing goods, hosiery, underwear, neckwear, leather goods; 1,140 Broadway.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Lehman Bros.; M. H. Lehman, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss J. Bishop, women's neckwear; 37 West 26th.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss J. E. Bishop, ribbons, neckwear; 37 W. 26th.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; R. E. Tilles, mdse. manager, toys, shoes; 470 4th Av.

SYDNEY, Australia—H. A. Parker Co.; A. Tartakover, aluminium ware, kitchen utensils, general mdse.; Knickerbocker.

TACOMA, Wash.—E. T. Bates & Co.; E. T. Bates, clothing; Longacre.

TERRE HAUTE—A. Herz; E. J. Carpenter, bargains, basement; 116 West 32d.

TEXARKANA, Ark.—Sandberger Bros.; A. Sandberger, ready-to-wear; 25 W. 33d.

TOLEDO—Lober, Samuels Co.; J. C. Samuels, ready-to-wear; 35 West 32d.

TOLEDO—The Lasalle & Koch Co.; Miss C. Storck, dresses; 225 5th Av.

TOLEDO—Reynolds-Monro Co.; A. J. Reynolds, millinery, ready-to-wear; 100 W. 32d.

TOLEDO, Ohio—La Salle & Koch Co.; Miss J. M. A. Bonner, representing; 225 5th Av.; Aberdeen.

VALLEY CITY, N. D.—C. C. Chaffee, Miss A. Von Sien, dry goods, women's furnishing goods; 1,170 Broadway; Broztell.

VANCOUVER, B. C.—Lady Wear, Ltd.; Mr. Robertson, coats, suits; 25 West 33d.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—J. E. Cunningham & Co.; J. E. Cunningham, ready-to-wear; Miss Maher, millinery, infants' wear; 1,270 Broadway.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Abercrombie Bros.; C. H. Abercrombie, Miss B. Gillilan, millinery; Broadway Central.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Graham & Co.; A. W. Graham, dry goods, notions, fancy goods, children's wear, women's waists, skirts; Grand.

WHEELING, W. Va.—A. W. Graham, ready-to-wear; Grand.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio — Youngstown D. G. Co.; W. C. Stitt, general mdse.; 72 Leonard.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Jules Schwab, who for twelve years represented the jewelry firm of Wiener Bros. in the Middle West, has entered business with his brother, M. L. Schwab, the firm handling pearl beads and novelty necklaces. The firm's quarters are at 366 Fifth Avenue.

Miss C. Weisberg, buyer of coats and suits, has been engaged by the Munzer Co., resident buyers, of 1,133 Broadway.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

NEW YORK GAS TUBING CO. of 97 Bank Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the company by the following creditors: Marx & Rawolle, Inc., $474; Vorhees Rubber Manufacturing Co., $954, and Israel Rollin, $162.

HERMAN M. MACKLER, a fur merchant, at 1,630 St. Nicholas Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $8,170 and assets of $1,582, consisting of stock, $750; machinery, &c., $150; accounts due, $527; unliquidated claims, $50, and money in bank, $5. Among the largest creditors are Benjamin Goldin, $2,207; Adolph Behrman, $600, and Sam Tesker, $582. Judge Mayer has appointed Hugo Levy receiver in $500 bond.

GEORGE H. TERWILLIGER, 165 West Twenty-first Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $17,200 and no assets. The National Bank of Newburg, Newburg, N. Y., is a creditor for $15,700.

FRANZ F. DEINER of 630 West 139th Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,651 and assets of $1,205, consisting of accounts due $1,205 and stocks, &c., $00. Among the largest creditors are E. H. Van Ingen & Co., $2,072; F. H. Colcolt & Co., $655, and Everett, Clear & Haywood, $446.

DAISY T. GERSTLE, a housewife, of 528 West 111th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $10,277 and assets of $57, consisting of cash in bank.

CLARENCE PAYNE, real estate owner, Sixty-fourth Street and Madison Avenue, and California, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $834,660 and assets of $156,150, consisting of real estate, $148,157; patents, copyrights, &c., $7,000, and stocks, &c., $1,000. Among the largest creditors are Tiffany & Co., $23,320; Black, Starr & Frost, $22,273; Wetzel, $788; Ritz-Carlton Restaurant and Hotel Co., $14,543; Hotel Biltmore, $274; M. Pauline Payne, $295,000; Archer Payne, $300,000. Several of the creditors live in California.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and Over.

Saltzman, George F., and Nathan Berman, (Saltzman & Berman)—V. E. Meyer $3,783.64
American Lincrusta Co.—B. Scobel..1,580.92
Altman, Rose—I. M. Levy et al.......278.35
Bentinuto, Nicholas—City of New York.110.70
Badenhausen Co.—J. J. Neenan.......517.00
Best Knitting Mills, Inc.—I. Tager....161.61
Brenner, Leo—J. Perlman 552.70
Borough Apartment Co.—M. C. McCaffrey 720.70
Bosch Magneto Co. — Walter Motor Truck Co. 4,821.00
Coochiarelli, George—S. Eckstein......132.80
Cohen, Israel—J. Morrison et al.......436.23
Dewey, Wm. C., and Remor Corp.—S. Echselman 185.03
Devlin, John O., Const. Co.—Betz Bros. 1,320.73
Filardo, Jennie—Department of Health.100.50
Fullan, Daniel J.—G. Dolin............209.30
Goodman, Joseph—Steinhardt Bros. & Co. 153.35
Grand Delancey Co.—City of N. Y......108.50
Greenberger, Nathan—A. A. Bernstein..490.50
Galaif, Abraham, Irving Galaif, Louis Solomon, Jacob Schwartz, and Isidor Schwartz—A. Zimbler et al.......412.80
Great Central Palace Co.—M. Hurwitz.172.97
Hercules Ore Corp. and John McKinley—G. T. Williams........25,360.34
Hecht, Meyer and Emma—People, &c..500.00
H. Labovitz Clothing Co.—Liberty Trimming Co. 186.71
Kruglin, Yetta—E. Greenbaum Co......114.10
Katzman, Louis—American Newspaper Pub. Association 146.36
McKinley Music Co.—L. R. O'Neil....8,299.60
Miers, Robert—Haywood, Strasser & Voight Litho. Co. 375.93
Mintz, Louis—W. A. Jamison et al.....176.15
M. J. Walsh Printing Co.—J. E. Linde Paper Co. 316.22
N. Y. Railways Co.—C. Diorio........1,236.03
Pasinsky, Rachel—City of N. Y........111.70
Pierini, Attilio (Great Northern Fur Dyeing Co.)—L. Cohen..........243.30
Plunkett, Wm. H.—R. M. Hollinghead Co. 148.98
Persion, Achilles, trustee—A. Grogan, costs 110.70
Roth, Louis (Roth's New Olympia Market)—City of N. Y. 110.70
Reilly, Marc V. (Park Air Inn)—Jules Weber, Inc. 388.52
Rheinish, Augusta and Frank—K. Dowling et al. 762.70
Rice, John and Catherine—Lion Brewery of N. Y. City..........360.83
Sweezey, Lawrence V.—B. J. Conroy..186.28
Simon, Louis, Prest.—I. Brownfield, costs 147.67
Tomeck, Martin, and George Matula—V. Loewers Gambrinus Brewing Co..2,865.86
39 Sidney Place Corp. and Philip Levy—Ginsburg Realty Co. 145.02
Van Wye, Garry P.—H. Witzleben.....545.11
Weinstein, Harry—City of N. Y.......110.70
Wilbrand, Bernard—S. Stein & Co......210.93
Wove Realty Co., Nathan Wolf, Rose Wolf, Hattie Miller, and Pearl Niles—L. A. Buddington 1,797.94
Zlotnick, Jacob—Lawyers Mortgage Co. 2,953.28

In Bronx County.

Berenson, Louis—N. Hirschfeld........$232.53
Charles Essenwanger & Son—Warren Chemical and Mfg. Co. 320.72
Diamond, Benjamin—J. Mercurio et al.171.42
Dietsch, George E., Minerva I., and Sara.—Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co. 431.78
Longo, Tommasina—L. Di Palma.........83.75
McEvoy, Ellen—H. Held...............126.84
Natale, Angelo—Ebling Brewing Co....394.04
Nelson, Nathan, and Ackley C. Schuyler—Travelers Indemnity Co.........252.20
Russell, Emaline L.—H. Geismar.......161.22
Ruhbaum, Paul—A. Cioffalo............122.22
Solimando, Antonio—J. B. M. Pennetto..30.72
Turck Realty Corp.—C. A. Eberhardt.1,277.86
Zompante, Antonio—American Bead Co.557.88

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Premier Snap Fastener Co.—Benjamin F. Levy Factory and Mill Supply Co., Dec. 24, 1918..........$560.76
Von Hagen, Hugo—M. McCarty, Nov. 22, 1910..........12,440.29
Olmstead-Quaboag Corset Co.—D. N. Hellner, Jan. 13, 1919, vacated........6,793.20
Bahr, Henry D.—J. Geelan, Nov. 28, 1914..........10,133.48
Bogun, Jacob—G. W. Spitzner et al., Aug. 1, 1918..........2,106.94
Patsel, Charles—V. Pakrek, Dec. 17, 1916, vacated..........2,500.00
George Liss & Co.—D. Pototzky et al., March 21, 1918..........5,095.35
Bernard Greenwood Co.—G. Specchiale et al., Dec. 24, 1917..........5,417.09
Petroccine, Silvio—Morris Park Estates, Sept. 18, 1917..........678.91
Starr, Michael—R. Rosenstein et al., Oct. 29, 1918..........491.35
Eckerson, Edith C., executrix—F. P. Nichols, Jr., Dec. 12, 1918..........102.10
Jardin Co.—J. W. Sheridan et al., Dec. 21, 1918..........458.59

In Bronx County.

Kirchhof, William B. — E. C. Betzig, July 18, 1918, canceled..........$10,545.83
Sudbrink, William and Ebling Brewing Co.—E. A. Ridley, Nov. 16, 1918.1,026.30
Same—Same, Nov. 16, 1918..........27.72

SWEATER BUYERS

Judging by the Immense Business we are now booking, you can safely place your orders with us for SWEATERS with a full assurance of a strong demand and excellent profit.

OUR SPRING 1919 LINE

is priced on a basis consistent with the Standard of Our Quality Merchandise

450 New Models and Exclusive Styles in

SWEATERS — SLIPONS

MERCERIZED
FIBRE SILK
THREAD SILK
WOOL
WORSTED
ZEPHYR

For LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

Now Showing in Our Immense Show-rooms

Exporters Cohen Brothers Importers

The Leading Sweater House

16-18-20 WEST 32nd STREET

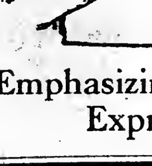
NEW YORK.

LEO FINKENBERG, INC.

Announces

FIRST SPRING SHOWING OF "UP-TO-THE-MINUTE DRESSES"

Tailored and Soft Models



AT OUR NEW ADDRESS

31 East 31st St., New York

Emphasizing the Most Advanced Expressions of Spring

FOR EXPORT

Our Foreign Office Reports the Following Requirements:

Shoes, rubbers, hosiery, underwear, and clothing for men, women and children; upper and sole leather, blankets, shawls, flannels, cotton piece goods, sheetings and linings, all varieties of woolen piece goods, shirts, needles, pins, buttons and thread; stationery and office supplies, electrical supplies, hardware, tools, soap, tobacco, coffee, cocoa and all kinds of canned goods.

Merchants desiring to sell the above merchandise in Foreign Markets will get further information at

INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION FOR FOREIGN TRADE.

Ask for MR. MILLER, Room 332, 119 Nassau Street.

Abundant Working Capital

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Sound Manufacturing or Mercantile Enterprise

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Accounts Receivable Without Notification—
Acceptances — Drafts With Documents—
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26 Exchange Place. Phone Hanover 6590.

Representative will call on request.

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Merchandise Loans
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FINANCING

of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.

WORMSER & CO.

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Our function begins where your Bank leaves off.

WE ARE OPEN TO REPRESENT IN New England a popular priced line of suits and coats. The best of reference furnished. Margolis & Martin, 515 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

Auctioneers.

SAMUEL MARX,

Office and Salesrooms, 115-117 W. 23d St.
Tel. Farragut 9660-9662.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS, Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 238 CE.

Auctions.

ON EXHIBITION WITH DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES

On Monday, Jan. 20th, 1919.

special peremptory sale of the entire stock of

SHONINGER BROS.

In Liquidation

Inventoried at over $250,000.00

On Tuesday, Jan. 21st, and Wednesday, Jan. 22d, 1919,

at 10:30 A. M. each day on the premises

881 Broadway (at 19th St.) N. Y. C.

This offering will comprise in part complete lines of Valenciennes Venice, Net top, Calais, Nottingham, St. Gaul, and domestic laces; also a large asst. of Paris and Lyons Novelty, metal, and beaded laces; also a large quantity of chiffons, georgettes, nets, white goods, etc., etc., all in original packages,

also quantity of merchandise in bond. The reputation of this firm for carrying high class goods has been supreme for years, and the quantities of merchandise included in this offering are of such magnitude and variety that every up-to-date concern in the United States should be represented at this sale.

The Entire Fixtures

(all cabinet work) consisting of over 300 hardwood tables, partitions, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, about a dozen Oriental and domestic rugs, and contents of the shipping department will be sold on Wednesday, Jan. 22nd, P. M.

A. SCHAAP AND SONS AUCTION DEPT.
394 Broadway, N. Y. C.
Phone Franklin 42-43.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26386.—In Bankruptcy.—HYMAN SHEINER, Bankrupt.

Hyman Sheiner was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 18, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 30, 1919, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NEW YORK

Peace Investments

LONG-TERM bonds at present prices appear to be desirable as permanent peace investments.

A circular describing a selected and varied list of such issues yielding from 5.45% to 6.65% will be furnished upon request for

AG-201

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.

Correspondent Offices in 33 Cities

Comparison of Income

from tax-exempt and taxable securities

We have prepared a table comparing the income yield from tax-exempt securities with the income yield from taxable securities. This comparison is at the rates applied to 1918 income in the new schedule passed by the United States Senate.

The leaflet contains also the details of each Liberty Loan Issue. The conditions under which the maximum amount of tax-exemption value may be obtained are tabulated

Ask for Circular A-4.

Harris, Forbes & Co

Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK

Facts about Your Investments

Our Investors' Service Department is prepared without charge or obligation to give statistical information regarding practically any bond or stock having a market in this country.

Correspondence invited

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

Tax Exempt Bonds

DES MOINES, IOWA
Funding 5's
Due Nov. 1, 1929-36
Prices to Yield 4.40%

SIOUX CITY, IOWA
Refunding 4¾'s
Due Jan. 1, 1938
Price to Yield 4.40%

HILLSBOROUGH CO., FLA.
Highway 5's
Due Jan. 1, 1922-48
Prices to Yield 4.75%

MEMPHIS, TENN.
Refunding 4½'s
Due Aug. 1, 1921-23
Prices to Yield 4.75%

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK
Boston Chicago

THE CONSERVATIVE INVESTOR'S OPPORTUNITY

Public Utility Bonds
To yield about 5¼% to 6¼%

Railroad Bonds
To yield about 5% to 6%

Industrial Bonds
To yield about 5¼% to 6½%

Municipal Bonds
To yield about 4¼% to 5¾%

Short-Term Notes
To yield about 6% to 7%

Write for Circular 1226
"Current Investment Opportunities"

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Liberty 4 Per Cent. Bonds Gain Ground on Conversion Proposal—Stocks Dull.

The task of distributing the forthcoming victory loan, which is expected to amount to $5,000,000,000 or more, is beginning to occupy the minds of bankers and investment men to the exclusion of many matters of lesser importance. The effect of this gradual concentration on what is hoped to be the last great Government war loan is reported to be having reflection in the general bond market, and a diversion of part of the current interest in corporation issues is looked for during the weeks remaining before the campaign opens. This does not mean that plans for much new financing are to be held back on account of the Government issue. On the contrary, several sizeable offerings are looked for in the near future, but in the opinion of some investment bankers original programs for long-term bonds may in some cases be changed into notes. Negotiations for one or more foreign Government loans in this country are awaited in the near future.

In yesterday's security market a sharp advance of the 4 per cent. Liberty bonds supplied a feature of business. The upturn, which amounted to more than a point, was influenced by the suggestion made by Secretary of the Treasury Glass that the privilege of conversion into 4¼ per cent. bonds be reopened. The forward movement quite naturally stimulated conjecture in respect to terms which will surround the next loan, having to do primarily with measures to make the issue attractive. A higher interest rate than 4¼ per cent. is looked for, and it is thought in finanical circles that additional privileges in the line of income tax exemptions to holders may be devised by the Treasury Department. An interesting item in the day's news surrounding war bonds dealt with the rapid conversion of United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland 5½s, due Feb. 1, into the twenty-year 5½ per cent. British Government issue. Nearly $50,000,000 of the $148,000,000 or so of notes have already been turned in for exchange into the bonds.

The stock market was of the same general nature as the preceding sessions of the week, with trading dull and speculative fancy finding expression in specialties for the most part. Some of the oil stocks were under pressure, and the steel group displayed a better demand than had been seen for several days. The flat appearance of the market was by no means explained through the state of money rates, as there was a free supply of demand funds, and the quotations of time money were somewhat easier than the day before. The demand for commercial paper was active among the banks, and the tendency of rates was felt to be downward. In the foreign exchange market Swiss rates reacted, a movement which had as little explanation as the stiffening process in evidence the day before. Rates on Paris also eased off. The Bank of England again reported an increase in the reserve ratio of slightly more than 2 per cent. to 19.14, a figure which showed a rise of more than 7 per cent. since Jan. 1. The bank's loans declined more than $75,000,000. The increase in the ratio of reserve to liabilities was emphasized by the fact that the gain in gold holdings was little more than $1,000,000.

Trading Active in Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Trading was active on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62 francs 50 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 25 francs 98 centimes. Five per cent. loan, 90 francs.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5
Low	4½	Low	5
Renewals	4½	Renewals	5
Last	5	Last	5

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4¼@4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5 @5¼	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5½
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5½
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4½
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4½@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months....5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling— Demand	$4.75¾	$4.75¾	$4.75¾	+ .0005
Cables	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655	—.000125
Francs— Demand	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	— .00¼
Cables	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	— .00¼

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		—Yesterday's Close— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75¾	$4.7655
5.1813	Paris	5.45¾	5.45⅛
5.1813	Belgium	5.62	5.60
	China— Hongkong	79.25	79.50
	Peking	130.75	131.00
	Shanghai	121.75	122.00
40.29	Holland	42.375	42.625
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India— Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.36¼	6.35
	Japan— Kobe	53.25	53.50
	Yokohama	53.25	53.50
19.30	Spain	20.12	20.20
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia— Stockholm	28.75	29.00
	Copenhagen	26.625	26.95
	Christiania	27.75	28.00
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42	Rio	25.35	25.50
5.1813	Switzerland	4.83¼	4.80
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	13.60	13.80
	500 rubles	13.50	13.70

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71⅝	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $965,988,257; balances, $76,982,057; United States Treasury credit balance, $2,469,582; Federal Reserve credit balance, $54,706,862.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Bonbright & Co. have organized classes in investment salesmanship for women in connection with the firm's plan to open an uptown investment office, to be managed exclusively by women. The course is under the direction of Mrs. Jacob Riis, who will be in charge of the new office.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co. have published for distribution an analysis of the St. Louis Southwestern Railroad, showing the position of bond issues, earnings of the road, and new developments.

Jones Brothers Tea Company reports sales for December of $1,158,548, an increase of $16,741 over the corresponding month of 1917. For the year ended Dec. 31 sales were $13,561,403, an increase of $1,558,603 over the preceding year.

The annual report of the Manhattan Shirt Company for the year ended Nov. 30, 1918, shows a surplus, after all charges and taxes, of $661,044, equivalent, after the deduction of preferred dividends, to $10.98 a share on the common stock.

The Tobacco Products Corporation has purchased the plant of Harris Brothers at Reidsville, N. C.

Captain Arthur B. Lawrence, Major Herbert B. Smithers, Captain H. H. Spencer, and Ensign Theodore B. Bleeker have rejoined the firm of F. S. Smithers & Co.

Carl R. Gray was elected Director, President, and Chairman of the Board of the Western Maryland Railroad Company and the Lake Erie Railroad Company yesterday. He resigned the positions a year ago to become Director of Operations in the Railroad Administration.

Spitzer, Rorick & Co. are offering $400,000 City of Portsmouth, Va., water works 5½ per cent. bonds, payable in New York City, at a price to yield 4.85 per cent.

H. L. Nicholas & Co. have issued a special circular on the bonds of the larger coal companies.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 16, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	472,981	666,833	590,990
Year to date	5,598,010	9,067,713	11,183,744

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
23½	24	100	Advance Rumely	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅝
58	58⅝	400	Advance Rumely pf.	58	58⅝	58	58⅝	— ⅞
73½	74	4,000	Ajax Rubber	74	75	73½	73½	+1
3¾	4	300	Alaska Gold Mines	4	4	4	4	...
2	2½	300	Alaska Juneau	2½	2½	2	2	...
32⅞	33	1,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	33⅞	33⅞	33	33	...
83	84	300	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	84	84	84	84	...
101	101½	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	...
97½	98½	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	+ ⅞
69⅞	70	300	Am. Beet Sugar	70	70	69⅞	69⅞	+ ⅞
48	48½	3,000	Am. Can	48½	49	48	48	+ ⅝
100¼	101⅛	200	Am. Can pf.	100⅞	101	100¼	101	+ ⅝
91	91½	3,000	Am. Car & Fdry	90⅞	91⅜	90½	90⅝	—1½
112	114½	300	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	114½	114½	114½	114½	+ ½
43¾	44	900	Am. Cotton Oil	44½	44½	43⅝	43⅝	+ ⅝
15¼	16	1,500	Am. H. & Leather	15½	15¾	15	15½	+ ½
81½	81⅝	12,600	Am. H. & L. pf.	79	81⅝	79	81½	+3½
41½	41⅞	200	Am. Ice	42	42	42	42	— ½
55	55⅝	1,100	Am. International	55½	55½	55	55	— ½
49⅛	50	100	Am. Linseed	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	— ½
89	90	200	Am. Linseed pf.	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	+ ⅞
60⅝	61	1,700	Am. Locomotive	60	60⅞	60	60⅞	+ ⅝
1	1½	1,900	Am. Malting s	2½	2½	1½	1½	— ½
73¼	73½	2,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	73⅞	74⅛	73⅛	73⅝	— ⅝
106⅞	107½	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	107	107	107	107	...
95	101	100	Am. Snuff pf.	99	99	99	99	+7
84	84⅝	1,200	Am. Steel F'dries	83⅞	84½	83⅞	84½	...
113⅞	114	300	Am. Sugar Ref.	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞	+ ⅝
114⅞	115½	300	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	115	115	115	115	...
104	104⅛	5,300	Am. Sumatra Tob.	105	105⅛	104¼	104¼	+ ¼
101¼	101½	600	Am. Tel. & Tel.	101½	101½	101½	101½	— ⅛
203½	205	100	Am. Tobacco	203½	203½	203½	203½	...
46½	46⅞	1,300	Am. Woolen	45⅞	46⅞	45⅞	46½	+ ¼
30½	31	400	Am. Writing P. pf.	29⅞	30½	29⅞	30½	+ ½
40⅛	43½	100	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf.	42½	42½	42½	42½	— ½
60⅛	60⅝	3,200	Anaconda Copper	60⅛	60⅝	60⅛	60⅝	+ ½
23	24	1,900	Asso. Dry Goods	25½	25½	23	23	—2½
60	..	100	As. Dry Gds. 2d pf.	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	+2⅝
73½	75	200	Associated Oil	73½	73½	73½	73½	+1½
93	93¼	1,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	92⅞	93⅞	92⅞	93⅞	+ ⅝
103	103¼	1,100	At. Gulf & West I.	102⅝	104½	102⅝	103½	+ ½
72¼	72⅝	8,600	Baldwin Loco.	72½	73½	72¼	72½	+ ½
48½	49	1,800	Baltimore & Ohio	49½	49½	48⅞	48⅞	— ½
55¼	55⅝	100	Baltimore & O. pf.	55½	55½	55½	55½	— ½
..	..	21	Bank of Commerce	213	215	213	215	...
112	112½	100	Barrett Co.	113	113	113	113	— ¼
1⅜	1½	600	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ½
57	58	300	Bethlehem Steel	57½	57½	57½	57½	+ ½
57⅝	57⅞	11,700	Beth. Steel, class B	57⅞	58⅝	57⅞	57⅞	+ ⅝
103¼	103½	600	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103½	103⅝	— ½
19½	19½	200	Booth Fisheries	20	20	19½	19½	— ½
24¾	25¼	1,100	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	25¼	25⅝	25	25	...
6⅝	6⅞	700	Butte Cop. & Zinc	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ½
18	18¼	300	Butte & Superior	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅝
52⅞	53¼	5,100	California Packing	51	53	51	53	+2
23⅞	24	12,500	California Petrol.	23	24⅝	22½	23½	+ ½
69	69¼	4,200	California Pet. pf.	68½	69⅝	68½	69	+1½
157⅞	159	1,300	Canadian Pacific	159⅞	159⅞	157⅞	157⅞	—1½
58⅞	58⅞	1,400	Central Leather Co.	59	59⅞	58⅞	58⅝	— ½
105⅜	106	100	Central Leather pf.	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	...
33⅛	34	600	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	33⅞	33⅞	33⅛	33¼	— ½
55⅞	56	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	56	56	55⅞	55⅞	— ⅞
7½	7⅝	1,600	Chi. Great Western	8	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅝
24	25	800	Chi. Great West. pf.	25	25	24⅞	25	— ½
39	40	1,900	Chi. Mil. & St. P.	40	40	39	39	—1
71¼	71⅝	2,000	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	73	73	71½	71½	—1½
95⅞	96	200	Chi. & Northwest'n	96½	96½	96	96	...
24½	24⅝	1,400	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	25¼	25¼	24½	24½	— ⅝
77⅞	78¼	300	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	79	79	78½	78⅞	— ½
65⅞	66	700	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	66½	66½	65⅞	65⅞	—1
105	120	100	C., St.P., M. & O.pf.	105½	105½	105½	105½	—4½
17⅜	18	400	Chile Copper	17⅝	17⅝	17½	17½	+ ¼
33⅞	34	200	Chino Copper	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	— ½
62½	75	100	C., C., C. & St. L.pf.	70	70	70	70	+3½
64½	69	200	Cluett, Peabody	65	65	65	65	...
104	105	20	Cluett, Peabody pf.	104	104	104	104	...
35½	36	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	36½	36⅝	36	36	...
42	42½	1,700	Columbia Gas & El.	42½	42½	42	42	— ⅛
37½	39½	100	Comput. Tab. Rec.	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	...
95	96	100	Consolidated Gas	95	95	95	95	...
8½	8⅞	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min.	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	...
49	49⅝	2,200	Corn Products Ref.	49½	49⅝	49	49	— ¼
57⅞	58	8,600	Crucible Steel	58	59	57⅞	57⅞	+ ½
90½	94	100	Crucible Steel pf.	92	92	92	92	— ½
25⅞	26	5,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	26½	26⅝	26	26	— ⅛
77	77½	500	Cuba Cane S. pf.	77½	77½	77½	77½	+ ½
93	96	200	Deere & Co. pf.	95½	95½	95½	95½	— ¾
6¼	7	100	Den. & Rio Grande	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	...
..	..	4,000	Det. Edison rights	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	...
51	51¼	8,300	Distillers' Secur.	51⅝	51¼	50¾	51	— ⅝
12	12¼	300	Domes Mines	12⅛	12⅛	12	12	...
28⅞	29½	100	Elk Horn Coal	29	29	29	29	...
16½	16⅞	900	Erie	16⅞	16⅞	16½	16½	— ½
27	27½	100	Erie 1st pf.	28	28	28	28	+ ½
19½	20½	100	Erie 2d pf.	20	20	20	20	—2
36½	37	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞	— ¼
29½	29⅞	600	Gaston, W. & W.	29½	29½	29⅜	29½	...
51⅞	52	400	General Cigar	52	52½	52	52	+ ¼
149½	149⅞	200	General Electric	150	150	150	150	+ ¼
125½	125¾	1,100	General Motors	125	125⅞	125	125	+ ½
1⅝	1½	2,400	Gen. Motors rights	1⅝	1½	1¼	1⅝	...
82	85	200	General Motors pf.	83½	84	83½	84	+1½
61	61½	1,200	Goodrich Co.	61⅞	61⅞	61¼	61¼	...
78½	79⅞	100	Granby Consol.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	+ ⅛
92½	93	1,700	Great Northern pf.	93⅞	93⅞	92½	92½	— ½
36⅝	37	14,300	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	37½	38	36⅝	36⅝	— ½
44	45	800	Greene-Can. Cop.	44½	44½	44½	44½	+ ½
56½	57⅞	400	Gulf States Steel	57½	57½	57	57	—1½
30	35	100	Gulf, Mob.& Nor.pf.	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	—1½
43	44¼	100	Haskell & Barker	44	44	44	44	...
44	44⅛	1,100	Inspiration Copper	44	44⅝	44	44½	+ ½
5⅝	5⅞	300	Interboro Consol.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅝
20⅞	21	200	Interboro Con. pf.	20½	20⅞	20½	20⅞	...
13	13½	100	Int. Agricultural	13½	13½	13½	13½	...
55	56	100	Int. Agricultural pf.	56½	56½	56½	56½	+1
113	114	200	Int. Harvester new	113½	113½	113½	113½	+ ½
24⅞	25	1,600	Int. Mer. Marine	24⅞	25⅞	24⅞	25¼	+ ½
103⅞	104	10,250	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	103⅞	104⅞	102⅞	104	+1½
26⅞	27	15,200	Int. Nickel	27⅛	27¼	26	27	+1
31½	31⅞	2,100	Int. Paper	31⅞	32⅜	31⅞	31⅞	...
33⅞	34	1,500	Jewel Tea	30¼	33⅞	30¼	33⅞	+3½
..	..	100	Jewel Tea pf.	90	90	90	90	+1½
18	18½	400	Kansas City South.	18½	18½	18½	18½	...
51	53	100	Kan. City South. pf.	51½	51½	51½	51¼	—1¼
71	71½	400	Kelly Spring. Tire	72½	72½	71½	71½	—1½
90	100	100	Kelly Spring T. pf.	92	92	92	92	+1½
91	95	100	Kelsey Wheel pf.	91	91	91	91	+1
32⅛	32⅝	2,100	Kennecott Copper	32¼	32⅝	32¼	32½	...
64¼	65	400	Lackawanna Steel	64¼	64¼	64¼	64¼	+ ½
22½	22⅞	300	Lee Rubber & Tire	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22½	...
54⅞	55	1,100	Lehigh Valley	55⅛	55½	54⅞	55	— ½
43½	44	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	43½	43½	43½	43½	...
167	169½	200	Lorillard (P.) Co.	168⅞	168½	168½	168½	+ ½
118	119	100	Louis. & Nash	119	119	119	119	...
64	65	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	64	64	64	64	...
28	29	100	Maxwell Motors	28½	28½	28½	28½	...
20	21	100	Max. Motors 2d pf.	20½	20½	20½	20½	...
63½	64	200	May Dept. Stores	63½	63½	63½	63½	...
180⅞	181	36,700	Mexican Petroleum	186½	187⅞	181	181	—3⅝
24	24¼	400	Miami Copper	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
42½	43	1,900	Midvale Steel	43	43½	42⅞	42⅞	+ ⅞
10	10½	100	Minn. & St. L. new	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ⅞
88	90	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	88	88	88	88	...
5	5⅛	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5	5	5	5	...
24½	24⅝	2,800	Missouri Pacific	25¼	25⅞	24½	24½	— ½
53	54	800	Missouri Pacific pf.	53½	53½	53	53	— ½
110	114½	200	Nat. Biscuit	112½	112½	112	112	...
116	120	100	Nat. Biscuit pf.	116	116	116	116	+ ¼
15⅛	16	300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	— ¼
49½	50	5,700	Nat. Enam. & St.	49⅞	50⅝	49	50	+ ½
93½	100	100	Nat. En. & St. pf.	94	94	94	94	+1
67½	67⅞	2,000	Nat. Lead	67⅞	68	67½	67⅞	+1½
108	110	100	Nat. Lead pf.	109½	109½	109½	109½	+1½
16⅞	16⅞	400	Nevada Con. Cop.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	...
34½	35	1,100	N. O., Tex. & Mex.	33⅞	36	33⅞	34½	+1¼
73¼	73¾	1,000	N. Y. Central	74¼	74¼	78	73½	—1½
25	25⅞	200	N. Y. Dock	25	25	25	25	— ½
30⅛	30⅝	3,500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	31	31	30⅛	30½	—1
17	17½	100	Norfolk Southern	17	17	17	17	...
105	106	100	Norfolk & Western	105½	105½	105½	105½	— ½
..	..	6,235	Norf. & West. rgts.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	...
72½	74	600	Norfolk & West. pf.	73	73⅞	73	73⅞	+ ⅞
92¼	92½	1,200	Northern Pacific	92⅝	92⅝	92	92½	— ½
43½	43⅝	2,100	Ohio Cities Gas	43⅝	43⅞	43⅝	43⅞	— ½
9½	9⅝	9,600	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	9⅞	9⅞	9½	9½	— ½
5⅞	6	100	Ontario Mining	6	6	6	6	+ ⅝
33½	34⅞	600	Pacific Mail	35	35	34½	35	—1
70	70½	4,800	Pan-Am. P. & T.	71¼	71⅞	70	70	—1
44⅞	44⅞	4,150	Penn. R. R.	45	45	44½	44⅞	— ¼
4½	6	200	Peoria & Eastern	5	5	5	5	— ½
30⅞	31½	100	Philadelphia Co.	31½	31½	31½	31½	+ ½
39⅞	40½	1,600	Pierce-Arrow	40	40	39½	38⅞	+ ½
17⅞	18	3,000	Pierce Oil	17⅞	18¼	17⅞	18	+ ½
90	94	200	Pittsburgh Steel pf.	90½	90½	90½	90½	+ ½
36⅞	37	500	Pitts. & West Va.	37	37	36⅞	36⅞	— ½
79⅞	81½	200	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	80¼	80¼	80	80	— ½
13¼	13¾	200	Pond Creek Coal	13½	13½	13½	13½	+ ½
63½	64½	300	Pressed Steel Car	64	64½	64	64	— ½
120	121	100	Pullman Co.	120⅞	120⅞	120⅞	120⅞	...
20⅜	20½	400	Ray Con. Copper	20⅞	20⅞	20½	20½	— ⅜
79⅞	80	11,200	Reading	80⅞	81	79⅞	80	— ¾
72½	72⅞	400	Rep. Iron & Steel	72½	72⅝	72½	72½	— ½
72⅞	73¼	1,500	Royal Dutch t r	75½	75⅞	73⅞	73½	—1½
13⅞	13⅞	100	St. Louis-San Fran.	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅞
59	60	100	Savage Arms	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	+1½
7½	7⅝	200	Saxon Motor	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ¼
8	8½	200	Seaboard Air Line	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	— ½
16½	17	500	Seab. Air Line pf.	17⅝	17⅝	16½	16½	— ½
35⅛	35¼	3,200	Sinclair Oil Refin.	35⅞	35⅞	35¼	35¼	— ½
51½	52½	1,000	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	51½	53	51½	52	+2
99⅞	99⅞	14,000	Southern Pacific	100⅛	100⅛	99⅞	99⅞	— ⅝
27⅞	27⅞	7,300	Southern Railway	28⅞	28⅞	27⅞	27⅞	— ⅞
68	68½	500	Southern Ry. pf.	69	69	68⅞	68⅞	— ¾
41	41⅞	2,000	Strom. Carburetor	41⅞	41⅞	41	41⅞	— ½
50⅛	50½	17,100	Studebaker Co.	49⅞	50⅞	49	50½	+ ⅝
49	50	100	Stutz Motor	50	50	50	50	...
33¼	34	600	Superior Steel	34½	34½	33	33⅝	—1½
13⅞	14	100	Tenn. C. & C.	14	14	14	14	...
190	191	14,900	Texas Co.	194	195⅞	190⅞	191	—3
17¼	17½	7,600	Texas Co. rights	17⅞	18⅛	17¼	17¼	...
30	30⅞	2,600	Texas & Pacific	31½	31½	30⅞	30⅞	— ⅞
200	300	100	Texas Pacific L. T.	230	230	230	230	—20
219⅞	230	500	Tidewater Oil	220	220	220	220	+5
219⅞	230	40	Do., odd lot	222	222	222	222	...
77⅞	78	8,500	Tobacco Products	77½	78⅞	77⅞	78	+ ¼
87	90	100	Twin City R. T.	88	88	88	88	+3½
76	76⅞	100	Union Bag & Paper	76	76	76	76	+1
127⅞	128	3,600	Union Pacific	128⅞	128⅞	127⅞	127⅞	— ⅜
72½	73	900	Union Pacific pf.	73	73	72⅞	73	+ ⅝
37½	37⅞	300	United Alloy Steel	37½	37⅞	37½	37⅞	+ ⅞
117⅞	117⅞	11,100	United Cigar Stores	117⅞	118½	117⅞	117⅞	...
163½	165	100	United Fruit	164½	164½	164½	164½	— ⅜
15⅞	16	200	United Ry. Inv. pf.	16⅞	16	16	16	— ½
13⅞	14½	200	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	14	14	14	14	...
42	46½	200	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf.	42½	42½	42½	42½	—1
26	26⅞	800	U. S. R. & Imp.	26	27½	26	26½	+2½
100¼	101	5,000	U. S. Indus. Alco.	102½	102¼	99	100¼	—2¼
76⅞	76⅞	2,300	U. S. Rubber	78	78	76⅞	76⅞	— ½
92⅞	92⅞	56,500	U. S. Steel	91⅞	92⅞	91⅞	92⅞	+ ¼
72	72⅞	1,800	Utah Copper	72	73½	72	72½	+ ¾
13⅞	14½	200	Utah Securities	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
53½	53½	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	53⅞	53⅞	53	53	—1½
7⅞	8⅞	100	Wabash	8½	8½	8½	8½	+ ½
31⅞	32	600	Wabash pf. A	32½	32½	32	32	— ½
87⅞	88½	400	Western Union Tel.	88⅞	88⅞	88	88	—1½
41½	41⅞	1,300	Westingh. E. & M.	41⅞	42	41⅞	41⅞	— ⅝
8⅛	8½	300	Wheeling & L. E.	8½	8½	8⅝	8⅝	...
70	70½	900	Wilson & Co.	70⅞	70⅞	70	70	— ⅝
24½	25	3,300	Willys-Overland	24⅞	25	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅜
88⅛	89	100	Willys-Overland pf.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	...
125	129	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	125⅞	125⅞	125⅞	125⅞	+ ¼
55½	56½	100	Worthington Pump	56	56	56	56	— ½

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.35	61.73	61.99	.46
25 industrials	84.66	83.62	83.79	—.24
50 stocks	73.51	72.87	72.84	—.35

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 15	73.49	72.94	73.19	+.05
Jan. 14	73.52	72.92	73.14	+.12
Jan. 13	73.47	72.86	73.02	—.16
Jan. 11	73.47	72.86	73.02	—.14
Jan. 10	73.91	72.99	73.51	—.27
Jan. 9	74.53	73.66	73.78	—.06

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	72.80	Jan. 13	72.84
1918	69.09	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46	Jan. 1	84.71	Jan. 31	85.81
1916	91.83	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	86.17
1915	64.68	Jan. 22	60.07	Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	72.67	Jan. 16	72.84
†1918	68.37	Jan. 3	64.12	Jan. 15	68.29
Full Years:					
1918	80.16	Nov. 18	64.12	Jan. 15	78.29
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.18	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	81.38

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.59	—.05	—1.09	+1.81

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 15	78.64	—.08	Jan. 8	79.08	+.04
Jan. 14	78.67	—.15	Jan. 7	78.84	+.12
Jan. 13	78.82	..	Jan. 6	78.82	—.11
Jan. 11	78.82	—.15	Jan. 4	78.93	—.08
Jan. 10	78.97	—.01	Jan. 3	79.01	+.16
Jan. 9	78.98	..	Jan. 2	78.85	+.07

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	78.59	Jan. 16	79.59
†1918	77.26	Jan. 3	76.78	Jan. 17	74.78
Full Years.					
1918	82.38	Nov 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Baltimore & Ohio Financing.

Definite plans for Baltimore & Ohio financing to meet the company's $18,500,000 6 per cent. notes and $4,000,000 bank loans which were extended from Oct. 1, 1918, for four months, and an additional maturity of $1,000,000 4½ per cent. equipment trust certificates which also fall due on Feb. 1, have not yet been mentioned in banking circles. It has been suggested that this substantial financing is awaiting approval of the Railroad Administration, which has proved dilatory in meeting questions of this kind. The collateral behind the notes consists largely of stocks of the Reading Company.

Steel Outlook Brighter.

Recent reports as to the iron and steel industry indicate apparently that the steel companies have not been suffering from any such lack of new business as was generally supposed. Curtailment from the high production level has been going on slowly ever since the Government contract cancellations began to be felt, but the fact is sometimes overlooked that while production is lessened, the output is probably larger than in the period immediately before the war, even though the percentage of output as to capacity is lower. This is because of the increased facilities for steel making which were established to meet the demands of the war period. It was only natural that some of this extra equipment should be forced into idleness with the advent of peace. With buying orders of a more substantial nature appearing, and prices for steel products much higher than before the war, the steel industry, it seems, is far from facing the calamitous situation which was forecast in some quarters.

The Decrease in French Rates.

The cut in ocean freight rates announced by the French High Commission on general cargo steamships and French passenger vessels, from United States Atlantic ports to French Atlantic ports, from 60 to $41 per ton weight or measurement has been generally accepted in shipping circles as an indication of the step which the United States Government will eventually take to decrease the rates on Shipping Board vessels, which still hold at $60 plus 10 per cent. primage. The general cargo rate on French requisitioned and French or allied chartered steamers is $27, as compared with the $60 rate heretofore maintained.

Gillette Safety Razor Gains.

The steady advance of Gillette Safety Razor stock on the Curb has attracted considerable attention since the beginning of the year. There has been consistent buying of the issue, which has resulted in a steady rise, the bid at the close of yesterday being 120 with 122 asked. The stock was brought out last year at 80 and sold off to a low at 77½, with a sharp upturn at the end of the year to 114, which was the maximum. There have been several reactions which have been attributed to profit taking, but the upward movement has been maintained.

Russian External 6½s.

There is much speculation in banking circles as to whether the Russian external 6½ per cent. bonds, obligations of the old Russian Government, will be paid when they mature on June 18. Thus far the interest has been steadily paid on this issue at the National City Bank. This is taken in some quarters to mean that the principal will also be paid when it falls due. Where the interest money comes from has been something of a mystery. Some believe that it has been advanced by the United States Government out of the balance of a fund granted to Russia but never used for the fall of the Kerensky Government. This, it is said, amounts to about $130,000,000, and those who look for the retirement of the Russian bonds at maturity believe that the necessary funds will be advanced from this fund. The issue of external 6½s total $50,000,000.

American Hide and Leather.

American hide and leather preferred was a feature in yesterday's trading, advancing from an opening price of 79 to 81¾, just before the close. The closing quotation on Wednesday was 78. The movement was apparently due to rumors that the Directors would maintain the quarterly dividend rate at 1¾ per cent. when they meet early next week and was accelerated by short covering. The short interest was said to have been established as the result of earlier rumors of adverse action by the Directors.

The Copper Situation.

Apparently the deadlock between producers and consumers still continues with regard to copper. The market shows little activity, the consumers not being attracted by 23 cent copper and the producers refusing to sell for anything below this figure except in the case of a few small companies which are said to have negotiated some sales at 20 cents. How long the situation will continue is hard to forecast. If the stocks of copper available for the use of certain industries are as large as supposed the consumers do not need to come into the market for some time. On the other hand the producing companies are all more firmly intrenched as to cash than ever before in their history and therefore more able to wait. This has produced a condition of stagnation which the copper companies are determined shall be changed only by urgent demand which would at once establish prices at the level now asked, or even higher. The producers point out that it would be poor business policy to continue capacity operation under the high existing costs, with no real market in sight which would give a fair return to stockholders.

The Equipment Companies.

There is some doubt as to just how the transition period is going to affect the equipment companies. The railroad situation is unsettled and the individual companies are showing a disposition to hold up orders until there has been clarification of the many perplexing problems. The war emergency having passed the railroads are loath to place orders under the high costs now prevailing, pointing out that there would have to be a heavy marking down in the value of the equipment so purchased when industrial conditions returned more nearly to normal. With lessened demand upon facilities there is said to be little urgent need for either new cars or locomotives.

Mexican Situation Unchanged.

The basis of an agreement between the oil producers in Mexico and the Mexican Government is said to be as far from determination as ever. Several meetings have been held recently but it is not expected that any definite steps will be taken, by either the producers or the Mexicans, for some time.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	6,207,000
Silver in hand decreased	773,000
Notes in circulation increased	511,813,000
Treasury deposits increased	6,351,000
General deposits increased	84,844,000
Bills discounted increased	161,168,000
Advances decreased	23,001,000

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 16, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$11,261,000	$4,090,000	$5,703,500
Year to date	188,571,000	59,362,000	81,118,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47: 58....99.16, 2....99.12, 25....99.16, 6....99.16, 5....99.20, 47....99.16, 5....99.12, 8....99.20, 10....99.18, 1....99.20, 4....99.12, 42....99.16, 25....99.18, 20....99.20, 28....99.16.

$282,000 1st conv 4s, 1932-'47: 85....94.00, 12....94.10, 1....94.08, 1....94.02, 6....94.06, 14....94.00, 1....94.02, 8....94.00, 5....93.82.

$61,000 2d 4s, '27-'42: 14....94.00, 5....94.10, 152....94.00, 4....93.90, 10....93.80, 90....93.82, 20....93.86, 1....93.82, 50....93.82, 25....93.86, 584....94.00, 15....93.90, 10....93.86, 3....93.82, 10....93.88, 9....93.80, 5....93.82, 8....93.70, 1....93.72, 27....93.70, 2....93.80, 8....93.70, 20....93.74, 4....93.70, 5....93.80, 1....93.64, 10....93.70.

$1,027,000 1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47: 1....93.10, 12....93.20.

$18,000 2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42: 250....95.00, 20....95.02, 15....95.04, 41....95.02, 59....95.06, 8....95.02, 1....95.04, 10....95.02, 10....95.08, 15....95.06, 10....95.08, 1....95.02, 10....95.06, 5....95.04, 3....95.08, 20....95.06, 2....95.02, 40....95.08, 3....95.02, 5....95.06, 25....95.08, 8....95.02, 20....95.06, 10....95.04, 50....95.06, 124....95.08, 4....95.04, 16....95.08, 20....95.06, 2....95.00, 50....95.06, 10....95.02, 40....95.04, 50....95.08.

$968,000 3d 4¼s, 1928: 190....96.06, 27....96.06, 25....96.06, 13....96.06, 12....96.04, 40....96.02, 7....96.00, 40....96.04, 27....96.02, 31....96.00, 4....96.02, 60....96.04, 5....96.02, 40....96.04, 8....96.00, 2....96.04, 1....96.02, 4....96.00, 60....96.02, 255....96.00, 22....96.04, 78....96.00, 70....95.98, 128....96.00, 15....96.00, 50....95.98, 14....95.98, 56....96.00, 20....95.98, 10....95.98, 3....95.96, 80....96.00, 25....95.96, 60....95.98, 25....96.00, 12....95.98, 10....95.98, 50....96.00, 3....95.98, 82....96.00, 25....95.98, 27....96.00, 20....95.98, 2....96.04, 40....96.00, 80....95.98, 2....95.96, 10....95.98, 425....96.00, 50....96.02.

$2,161,000 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38: 95....95.08, 86....95.10, 102....95.06, 10....95.08, 190....95.06, 9....95.10, 216....95.08, 134....95.06, 11....95.04, 1....95.02, 50....95.06, 1....95.02, 1....95.00, 5....95.04, 11....95.00, 5....95.02, 10....95.04, 70....95.02, 1....95.04, 90....95.06, 20....95.02, 50....95.04, 188....95.02, 8....95.00, 20....95.02, 15....95.04, 10....95.00, 47....95.04, 35....95.02, 9....95.04, 1....95.06, 10....95.04, 1....95.06, 47....95.02, 15....95.04, 30....95.02, 10....95.04, 111....95.00, 24....95.02, 30....95.04, 83....95.02, 207....95.00, 104....95.04, 6....95.02, 5....95.04, 5....95.02, 1....95.04, 10....95.02, 20....95.04, 34....95.02, 59....95.00, 20....95.02, 7....95.04, 8....95.02, 30....95.00, 10....95.04, 50....95.00, 2....95.04, 10....95.00, 8....95.02, 2....95.00, 40....95.02, 10....95.04, ...95.02, ...95.00, 19....95.00, ...95.04.

$2,538,000

Am For Sec 5s: 67....99⅝.

Anglo-Fr 5s: 2....97¼, 20....97⅜, 21....97½, 2....97⅝, 20....97⅝, 2....97⅝, 2....97⅝, 13....97⅝, 18....97⅝, 10....97⅝, 1....97⅝, 2s&f....97⅝, 24....97⅝, 86....97⅝, 17....97⅝, 5....97⅝, 5....97⅝.

ChineseRy5s: 2....71.

C of Bordx 6s: 1....100⅜.

C of Marsl 6s: 5....100⅜, 7....100⅜.

C of Paris 6s: 2....98⅝, 10....98⅝, 8....98⅝, ½....99⅛.

Dom of Can 5s, 1921: 1....97⅝, 5....97. 1931: 4s&f....97⅝.

French G 5½s: 27....103⅝, 15....103⅜, 60....103⅜, 480....103⅝, 188....104.

U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919: 6....100, 8....100⅛, 14....100. new: 88....100⅜, 251....100⅜, 25....100⅜, 6....100⅛, 5....100⅛, 47....100⅜, 188....100⅛, 1....100, 4....100⅛, 1....100⅜.

5½s, 1921: 1....98⅜, 5....98, 1....98⅛, 10....98, 5....98⅛, 181....98⅛, 20....98⅛.

5½s, 1937: 90....100⅜, 46....100⅜, 50....100⅜.

N Y City 4½s, 1964: 11....97, 1....98, 4....97. 4½s, Nov, 1957: 2....101. 1965: 5....101. 1967: 1....100½.

Adams Exp 4s: 8....65.

AmAgCh cv 5s: 5....98.

AmHide&L6s: 10....100.

Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 1....92⅝, 1....92⅝, 8....92½.

Am T & T col tr 5s: 3....94, 2....93½, 3....93¼. conv 6s: 4....101⅜, 4....101⅜, 15....101⅜, 6....101⅜, 3....101⅜, 2....101⅜, 3....101½.

Arm & Co 4½s: 7....87⅝, 3....88.

At, T & S Fe gen 4s: 3....85, 3....84⅝. cv 4s, 1955: 1....78.

Baldwin L 5s: 1....101.

B&O pr ln 3½s: 1....88⅝. gold 4s: 10....80. conv 4½s: 1....78, 2....77⅝. ref 5s: 8....82, 1....81½.

P,LE&WVa4s: 1....76.

Beth Steel pur money 5s: 5....91¼.

BRT gold 5s: 10....78⅜. 7s, 1921: 6....82⅝. ref cv 4s: 10....52½.

Cal G & El 5s: 5....90½.

C of Ga Ry, MobileDiv5s: 1....91¾.

Cent Leath 5s: 13....96⅛, 1....96⅝.

CofNJ gen 5s: 1....104.

C & O con 5s: 15....90⅝, 6....90. gen 4½s: 1....79⅛. conv 4½s: 11....79⅛. conv 5s: 9....86⅛, 18....86⅛, 2....86⅛, 3....86⅝.

C,B&Q gen 4s: 1....82½. joint 4s: 12....95¼, 26....95⅝, 1....95¼.

Chi Gt Wn 4s: 8....61½, 1 c....62½, 2....61½.

Chi.M&StP4s, 1925: 1....88½. conv 4½s: 1....80. refund 4½s: 1....71⅝.

Chi&NWgen5s: 1....100⅝, 2....100⅝, 5....100.

C,RI&Pgen4s: 1....78, 6....77⅝.

Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s: 4....75, 10....74⅝.

Chile Cop 7s: 1....106. col tr 6s: 8....83½.

ColF&Igen5s: 5....88.

Col&Solst4s: 1....89⅝. ref&ext4½s: 2....79, 1....78½.

Con Gas cv 6s: 10....101⅝, 37....102.

Den&RGcon4s: 3....70.

Det Edison col tr 5s: 5....95½.

Eriecv4s,SerD: 3....52.

Hud&Man1st &ref5s,SerA: 1....58⅝, 11....59, 2....58⅝. adj inc 5s: 1....17⅝, 1....17½.

Ill Steel 4½s: 5....84, 5....83.

Inter-Met 4½s: 8....41⅜, 10....41½, 18....41.

IRT1st&ref5s: 5....71⅝, 5....71⅝, 2....71, 9....71½, 57....71.

Int Agr Corp col tr 5s: 1....78.

IntMerMat6s: 1....99⅝.

KanCitySo5s: 1....84⅛.

LacledeGLof SLref&ext5s: 8....98.

LS&MSo3½s: 3....73. 4s, 1931: 5....89⅝, 5....88⅝.

Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcs: 1....102⅝, 25....102⅛.

Liggett&Mys: 6....93¼.

Louis & Nash unified 4s: 6....86⅛, 1....86⅝, 2....86, 2....85⅝. Pad&Mem4s: 15....79½.

MexPet1stref cv 6s, Ser C: 3....185.

MichCendeb4s: 2....82.

Midvale Steel col tr 5s: 10....87⅞, 2....88.

MoPac1stcon6s: 9....99⅞. 1st & ref 5s, 1965: 1....87⅝. gen 4s: 11....61⅛, 7....61½.

MonPower5s, Ser A: 1....96⅛, 10....96.

Nat Tube 5s: 1....96.

NO,Tex&Mex 6s, Ser A: 4....97. income 5s: 26....58.

NYAirBrake 1st 6s: 6....100.

NYCentdeb6s: 43....98¼, 9....98⅜, 5....98⅜, 4....98¼, 2....98⅜, 15....98⅜, 1....98⅜. gen 3½s: 1....72. deb 4s, 1934: 1....86, 1....85½.

NY,Chi&StL deb 4s: 5....73, 5....72½.

NYRysref4s: 1....43½. adj 5s: 8....13¼.

NYStateRys con 4½s: 1....61⅝.

N Y Tel 4½s: 5....90⅝.

NY,W&B4½s: 7....52.

NorfSo1stref 5s, Ser A: 1....60½.

Norf&Wcon4s: 8....85⅝. cv 6s, w i: 1....107⅝, 5....107½, 1....107⅝.

Nor Pac 4s: 7....85⅝, 10....85⅝.

Nor Pac 3s: 3....60⅛.

Nor States Pr 1st & ref 5s: 1....90.

Oreg-WRR&Nv1st&ref4s: 1....79⅛.

PacGas&E5s: 10....87⅝.

PRRcon4½s: 13....95. gen 4½s: 1....89. gen5s temcfs: 32....97⅝, 6....97⅝, 129....97⅝, 27....97¼.

Peo&E inc 4s: 9....12.

PereMar1st5s: 8....87⅝. 1st 4s: 5....71⅝.

Phila Co conv 5s, 1922: 3....91.

Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1920: 5....101⅛. 1924: 2....92⅞.

Read gen 4s: 4....85⅛, 7....85⅛.

St L, I M & S uni & ref 4s: 3....82.

St L & S F pr lien 4s, A: 4....62½, 9....62⅝, 1....62⅝. pr lien 5s, B: 1....78, 8....78⅝. adj 6s: 10....67. income 6s: 12....44⅝.

S A L ref 4s: 10....56½, 1....56. adj 5s: 3....52½, 2....52½, 2....52, 4....51⅝, 1....52, 1....51½.

Sincl Oil & R 1st s f 7s: 1....96⅝.

So Pac cv 4s: 15....84⅝, 20....84½, 25....84⅝, 18....84½, 15....84⅝, 10....84½. conv 5s: 28....103¼, 85....103, 48....102⅞, 20....102⅞, 10....102⅞, 30....102⅞, 1....102⅞, 20....102⅞, 5....103⅛. 1st ref 4s: 6....83⅝, 24....83. S F Term 4s: 2....78⅝.

SouthRy 1st 5s: 2....95½. gen 4s: 36....67¼, 10....67⅜.

Tex Co deb 6s: 8....101⅝.

ThirdAv ref 4s: 1....52½. adj 5s: 1....30.

Tri-City 5s: 4....94⅝.

Un Pac 1st 4s: 2....88⅝, 2....89⅝. 1st & ref 4s: 2....81. conv 4s: 5....88½.

Union Pac 6s: 3....104¼, 12....104, 1....104¼.

U R Rs of S F 4s, Eq Tr cfs of dep: 1....22½.

USR&Imp5s: 17....61, 12....61¼, 3....61⅝, 2....62, 2....61¼, 23....61¼, 10....62, 2....61½.

U S Rubber 7s: 1....103. 1st & ref 5s: 8....87, 1....86⅝, 2....87, 3....86⅝, 5....87, 1....86⅝, 3....87, 2....86⅝.

U S Stl Corp s f 5s: 20....100⅛, 11....100, 2....100⅛.

Va-C Ch 1st 5s: 8....96⅝, 2....96.

W, T & C 4s: 1....74.

Wabash 1st 5s: 4....96⅝.

Westch Lgt 5s: 1....92.

Westn Elec 5s: 1....97¼.

Westn Par 5s: 12....85⅛, 10....85.

Wilson & Co 1st 6s: 2....98⅝, 16....98, 10....97⅞, 1....98⅝, 1....98, 15....97⅞, 1....96.

WisCentgen4s: 6....79⅝.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98	..	Pan 2s, r, 1938	98	..
2s, c, 1930	98	..	Pan 3s, r, 1961	83	..
3s, r, 1946	83	..	Pan 3s, c, 1961	83	..
3s, c, 1946	83	..			
4s, r, 1925	..	106¼			
4s, c, 1925	..	106			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98	..			

FOREIGN ISSUES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Foreign Sec. 5s	99⅞	99⅝
Anglo-French 5s	97⅝	97⅝
Argentine 5s	90	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅝	98
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96½	97½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅝
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	87	93
Chicago Government 5s	71	72
Republic of Cuba 5s, 1944	92	95
Republic of Cuba 5s, 1949	89⅝	96⅝
Republic of Cuba 4½s, 1949	82	83
Dominican Republic 5s	92	..
French Government 5½s	104	104⅛
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Lyons 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	98⅝
Japanese Government 4½s	87	88
Japanese Government 4½s, 2d ser.	87	88½
Japanese Government 4s	72	76
City of Tokio 5s	82	83
United States of Mexico 5s	66	70
United States of Mexico 4s	47¼	55
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98	98½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100⅛	100½

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	48	50
Alle & W.	97½	..
Am B N	32½	35
Do pf.	43	48
Am B Sug pf.	85	80
Am Coal	46	..
Am Col Oil pf.	88	90
Am Exp	91½	95
Am Ice pf.	54½	55½
Am Lo pf.	101	102
Am M 1st pf.	44	47
Am Shipb.	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	92½	93½
Am Snuff	110½	125
Am S Tob pf.	92	97
Am T & C.	55	70
Am Tob pf.	101½	102⅝
Am W pf.	95	95⅝
Am Zinc	11⅝	12
Assets R.	1	1½
Asso D G 1st pf.	68	..
A, T & S F pf.	87½	88½
A, B & A.	7½	8½
Atl C L.	98	98½
A, G & W I pf.	66½	67
Bald Lo pf.	101	107
B'ch Cr'k.	80½	..
Beth S 7% pf.	90	100
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh.	66	70
Do pf.	97	100
Bruns Ter.	9⅝	10⅝
B, R & P.	65	72½
Do pf.	90	107
Burns Bros	152½	154
Do pf.	110	115
Bush Ter.	..	97
But'k Co.	17	17½
Cal & Ar.	58½	60½
Can So.	..	50
C, C & O.	..	26
Do pf.	..	50
Case (J I) pf.	91½	93½
Cent Fdy.	17	23
Do pf.	31	40
C R R of N J.	209	230
C & S A T.	117	118
C'tain-teed	..	35
Do 1st pf	88	..
Chand Mot.	105	106
Chi & Alt.	7	10½
Do pf.	..	12
C & N W pf.	133	136
Chi, St P, M & Om.	78	82
C, C, C & St L.	34	38½
Cl & Pitts.	69½	80
Do spec.	38	..
Col F pf.	102	..
Col & So.	21½	23½
Do 1st pf	48	50
Do 2d pf.	41½	48
Cont Can.	68¼	69½
Do pf.	104½	107
Corn P R pf.	103½	104½
Crex Carp.	47	55
C-Am Sug.	150	160
Del & Hud.	102½	104
D, L & W.	172	178
D & R G.	3⅝	5
Det Ed.	110	117½
Det & M.	..	85
Do pf.	..	110
Det U Ry.	80	89
Dia Match	..	142
D, S S & A.	3	3½
Do pf.	5	7
Elk H Coal pf.	..	47
Elec S B.	50	55
Erie & P.	..	70
F M & S.	10	11
Fisher Bdy	36½	43
Do pf.	92½	92⅝
Gen Chem.	169	175
Do pf.	103	106
Gen Cig pf.	100	108
G'drich pf.	101	103⅝
G, M & N.	7	9
Gulf S S 1st pf.	94	99½
Hartman	54½	60
Homestake	93	98
Ill Cent.	97⅝	98⅝
Int H pf.	115	..
Int N pf, ex div.	95	..
Int Pa pf.	75	88
Do pf, s.	62	62½
Int Salt	52	62
Iowa Cent.	3	4
K C, Ft S & M pf.	59	..
Kelsey Wh	32½	35
K & D M.	3	5
Do pf.	..	76
K'gs Co El L & P.	97	98
Kresge(SS)	105	..
Do pf.	106	..
Kress(S H)	58	67½
Do pf.	105	..
Lacl Gas.	83	88
L E & W.	8⅝	9½
Do pf.	18	20
Ligg & M.	205	220
Do pf.	109	109⅝
L-W Bisc 1st pf.	95½	..
Do 2d pf.	94	97
Lorill'd Co pf.	107	110
M'kay Cos.	69	72½
Man B'ch.	¾	3
Man El S.	..	44
Man Elev.	84	87
Man Shirt.	67	78
Marlin R.	71	80
Math Alk.	..	45½
Max M 1st pf.	52½	52⅝
M Dep Sts pf.	104	105
Mex Pet pf.	106¼	109
Mich Cent.	85½	96
M, St P & S S M pf.	100	108
Do t l.	61	70
M, K & T pf.	8⅝	10
Mon Pow.	70½	75
Do pf.	104	..
Mor & Es.	71½	79
N, C & St L.	110	120
Nat Acme.	30½	31½
Nat C & S.	72	76
Do pf.	103½	104
N Y AB.	104	105
N Y, C & St L.	29	30
Do 1st pf	60⅝	66
Do 2d pf.	45½	47
N Y Dock pf.	40	47
N Y, L & West.	92½	100
N Y, O & West.	19½	21
North Am.	47	48½
Nor Cent.	67	..
Nova Sc S.	55	56
Ohio F S.	43	44½
Owens B M	47	48⅝
Do pf.	104	108
Pac Coast.	41	50
Do 1st pf	88	100
Do 2d pf.	55	60
P T & Tel.	17½	22
Peo G, C.	48	48½
Pan-Am P & T pf.	120	125
Pere Marq.	12⅞	13½
Do pr pf.	57	59
Do pf.	40	43
Pett-Mull.	29	40
Do 1st pf	94	100
Pierce-A pf	101½	102½
P, C, C & St L.	47	48
Pitts Coal.	46½	47
Do pf.	86	87½
P, Ft W & C.	133½	138
Pr Stl Car pf.	99	104
P S, N J.	91	..
R R Sec. I C stk cfs.	..	79
Ry Stl Spr.	73	73½
Do pf.	102	107
Rdg 1st pf.	37½	38½
Do 2d pf.	37⅝	38½
Rep I & S pf.	101	101½
St L S F pf.	24	27
St L S W.	17½	22
Do pf.	30	32
Sears-R.	178½	180
Do pf.	116	125
Shat Ariz.	13	13½
S-S S & I pf.	87	92
So P R S.	135	138
Do pf.	107	108½
St'd Mill.	124	133
Do pf.	88	90
Studeb Co pf.	92½	95½
Sup Stl 1st pf.	95	100
Third Av.	14	15
Tob P pf.	102	104½
T, St L & West.	..	8
Do ctfs.	..	8
Do pf.	10	20
Do pf c.	10	15
Tran & W.	37½	38½
T C R T pf.	70	125
Und Type.	117	125
Do pf.	110	..
Un Cig Sts pf.	110	125
Un Drug.	94	94⅝
Do 1st pf	50	53
Do 2d pf.	91	94½
U Dyew'd.	50	61
Do pf.	90	95
U Rys Inv.	7½	9
U S Exp.	16½	18
U S Ind A pf.	100	..
U S R 1st pf.	108⅝	111
U S Smelt.	43⅝	44½
Do pf.	45	45½
U S Stl pf.	115	115½
Va-Car Ch pf.	111	114
Va I, C & Coke.	57	62
Va R & P.	..	48
Wab pf. A	20	24
W F Exp.	66	74½
West Md.	10⅝	11
Do 2d pf.	23	29
West Pac.	19	20
Do pf.	..	61
W. E & M 1st pf.	60	65
W & L E pf.	17	19
White Mtr.	45	46
Wilson pf.	90	99
Wis Cent.	31	35
W'w'th pf.	117	121
Wor Pump pf. A.	86	90
Do pf. B.	66	67½

EARNINGS.

Public Utilities.

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
DETROIT EDISON COMPANY—			
Dec. gross	$1,415,132	$1,296,186	$118,946
Net aft. taxes	486,078	414,025	72,053
Sur. aft. chgs.	356,741	326,650	30,091
12 mos.' gross	13,801,527	12,279,925	1,521,602
Net aft. taxes	3,747,990	3,664,410	83,580
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,394,223	2,635,848	*241,625
HUDSON & MANHATTAN—			
Nov. gross	569,150	527,260	42,000
Net aft. taxes	183,757	248,310	*64,553
Net income	179,755	245,219	*65,464
11 mos.' gross	6,032,741	5,596,927	435,814
Net aft. taxes	2,541,426	2,782,583	*241,157
Net income	2,498,043	2,739,458	*241,415

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

Jones Brothers Tea Company, Inc., sales for December, 1918, $1,158,543, as compared with $1,141,801 for the same month in 1917, an increase of $16,741. Sales for the year ended Dec. 31, 1918, $13,561,403, which compares with $12,002,800 for the year of 1917, an increase of $1,558,603.

MANHATTAN SHIRT COMPANY for the year ended Nov. 30—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Net op. prof.	$1,071,781	$980,723	$821,016
Total inc.	1,076,776	902,964	846,676
Balance chgs.	661,044	789,126	846,676
Pf divs	112,000	120,750	154,000
Com. divs	300,000	300,000	150,000
Surplus	249,044	468,376	542,676

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BELGIAN EXCHANGE AGAIN QUOTED HERE

Bankers Ask 5.62 Francs to the Dollar for Checks, 5.60 for Cables.

8 PER CENT. BELOW NORMAL

Expect Belgian Loan Here Soon to Stabilize Exchange and Facilitate Exports.

For the first time since the German invasion disrupted the finances of Belgium foreign exchange business direct with that country was begun yesterday. Local bankers with connections in Antwerp quoted exchange rates on the basis of 5.62 francs to the dollar for remittances by check, and 5.60 for cables. Exchange facilities were made available for general commercial transactions, and while dealings were not extensive, they were considered significant of improved banking operations in Belgium.

The Belgium banks in recent weeks have been gradually reopening in the cities surrendered by the German troops, and a great amount of funds which had been removed by the Germans and ordered returned under the provision of the armistice are once more in the vaults of the Belgian banks. It is understood also that exchange transactions have been furthered by credits established for the Belgian Government and Belgian banks in London. The Belgian Government a few days ago discussed with American bankers and officers of the Treasury Department a proposal for a loan in this country, and when negotiations are completed it is expected that transactions in Belgian exchange will increase.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company for several weeks has been supplying facilities for transferring funds to the devastated regions of Belgium, but as far as is known these have had to do solely with money for charitable and reconstruction purposes. In the main these transfers were conducted for some time through Paris.

The reopening of Belgium banks and the expansion of commercial dealings with other nations has now made possible the resumption of exchange transactions through Belgium's leading financial centre. The possibility of doing business direct with Belgium paves the way for exports to the stricken country, and it is expected that the movement of agricultural and mill machinery, merchandise, and food supplies will grow rapidly.

The rate of 5.60 cable transfers represents a discount of approximately 8 per cent. on Belgian exchange as compared with the normal quotation of 5.1813. French exchange stands at a discount of about 5 per cent. If a Belgium loan is floated here in the near future bankers believe that the discount will be considerably reduced, and thus increase the purchases of goods by Belgium in the United States, inasmuch as a movement toward normal parity will lighten the expense of importing commodities and finished materials.

The matter of a Belgian loan, it was learned in banking circles yesterday, is expected to come up for additional discussion soon. The preparations for the victory loan of $5,000,000,000 early in the Spring is not expected to interfere with the Belginn transaction, provided that investment conditions are found satisfactory for an offering of foreign bonds in the meantime.

May Change Cuba Sugar Financing.

New financing by the Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation is being considered by the directors of the company, although no definite steps in this direction have as yet been taken. The matter has been talked over informally and it is expected that it will come before the directors for a final decision at the next meeting, which may be held shortly. It is said that the company may propose to float an issue of $15,000,000 6 per cent. ten year notes. The annual report of the company, issued recently, disclosed that it had heavy outstanding obligations and that earnings were low because of high costs, both as to labor and material. The balance sheet showed a floating debt of $12,000,000, the liquidation of which it is expected the proposed new financing is to provide for.

Foreign Trade Council to Meet.

The National Foreign Trade Council will hold its sixth convention at the Congress Hotel, Chicago, on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, April 24, 25, and 26. The formal call will be issued shortly by James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, and representatives of industry, commerce, finance, and labor will be in attendance. Some of the problems which will come before the gathering for discussion are the conversion of war industries to needs of peace, the development of our foreign trade to provide employment for our soldiers, sailors, and war workers, and the formation of a definite policy with regard to our new shipping.

Detroit Edison Co. Income Drops.

The annual report of the Detroit Edison Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1918, shows a net income of $3,747,990, an increase of 2.2 per cent. over 1917. The total gross revenue amounted to $13,801,527, an increase of 12.3 per cent. over the 1917 total, which was $12,279,925. The total expenses of the year were $10,053,536, an increase of $1,438,021 over the preceding twelve months. The net income after the deduction of interest charges was $2,394,223, a decrease of $241,625 from the figures of 1917.

Want Free Lighterage Restored.

Representatives of the financial and business interests of the city will meet this afternoon at the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York to protest against the action of the United States Railroad Administration in refusing to restore free lighterage in New York Harbor. Free lighterage was abolished a year ago. John F. Wallace, Acting Chairman of the Committee on Harbor and Shipping of the Chamber of Commerce, and Julius Henry Cohen will address the meeting.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$4,756,531	$81,208,113
Internal revenue, income and excess profits tax	12,509,177	698,072,830
Miscellaneous	40,588,040	639,007,306
Miscellaneous rev	9,602,947	266,854,909
Total receipts	$78,036,705	$1,685,143,169
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	659,158,246	7,609,805,812
Excess of total rec'pts. over total dis.	127,368,678	377,581,865
Expenditures	785,194,951	9,294,948,981

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Julia	.02
Alta	.01	Mexican	.02
Andes	.04	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.01	Ophir	.01
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con.	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.05	Sierra Nevada	.05
Con. Virginia	.04	Union Con.	.08
Hale & Norcross	.01	Mexican dollars	.77½
Jacket	.03		

TONOPAH.		GOLDFIELD.	
Belmont	2.60	Atlanta	.04
Brougher Divide	.20	Booth	.15
Cash Boy	.07	Florence	.14
Gold Zone	.20	Goldfield Con.	.21
Halifax	.17	Goldfield Merger	.0[illegible]
Jim Butler	.35	Great Bend	.03
McNamara	.29	Jumbo Ext.	.14
Midway	.26	Kewanas	.06
Mizpah	.05	Lone Star	.06
Monarch Pitts	.07	Silver Pick	.05
Montana	.14	Spearhead	.19
North Star	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.07	Manhattan Con.	.04
Tonopah Divide	2.95	Nevada Hills	.03
Tonopah Ext.	2.20	Packard	.30
West End	1.25	Rochester	.20
West Tonopah	.16	Round Mountain	.25
		United Eastern	4.25
		White Caps	.16

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5	5½	Isabella	6	7
Dr. Jackpot	4	5	McKinney	8	8½
Elkton	6	7	Portland	100	105
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	15	15½
Golden C.	175½	177	Vindicator	42	43
Granite	19½	20	Rose Nicol.	13¼	13½

RAILROAD EARNINGS LOW.

Below Danger Level Marked by Commerce Board, Senators Are Told

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16. — Alfred P. Thom, general counsel of the Association of Railway Executives, in his appearance today before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee, which is studying the railway situation growing out of Government control of railroads and Secretary McAdoo's request for an extension of such control for a period of five years, stated that the free flow of investment capital into railroad development had been checked since 1910. This he attributed to the declining tendency of net earnings, the rigid State and national regulation of both revenues and expenses, and the lack of any assurance to the investing public that new funds invested in the business would earn a fair return.

Mr. Thom reviewed the earnings of the carriers from 1910 to 1916, before the United States entered the war, by reference to the reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission. He said that every year but one after 1910 up to 1916 showed a much lower operating income than 1910.

"In every year," he said, "there was a large increase in the property investment, so that the investment was expanding, while earnings were shrinking. In but one year between 1910 and 1916 were earnings sufficient to pay interest and dividends. The total operating income from 1910 to 1916 was not enough to pay the total interest and dividends. From 1910 to 1916 the funded debt increased $2,200,000,000, while the stock increased only $733,000,000; this threefold increase in indebtedness resulting from insufficient credit to raise new capital from the sale of shares.

"In no year from 1910 to 1916 did the carriers earn on their investment as much as 5.35 per cent., a figure which the Commerce Commission had held was less than was necessary in the public interest. The average earnings for the whole period were only 4.94 per cent., or considerably below the danger level marked by the Commerce Commission."

Mr. Thom argued that an extension for five years during peace of the present war control law affecting railroads would be unconstitutional, because it would give to the President the power to set aside any and all laws affecting interstate commerce.

CONVERTING BRITISH BONDS

$50,000,000 Worth Have Already Been Changed to 20-Year Issue.

The conversion of the two-year 5½ per cent. notes of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland into the twenty-year British Government issue carrying the same rate of interest has made rapid progress since Jan. 1, although the notes do not mature until Feb. 1. The Bankers' Trust, as conversion agent, had received a total of $13,700,000 notes by Jan. 3, and about $18,000,000 came in between that date and Jan. 13. During the last two days, it was learned yesterday, fully $18,000,000 have been converted, the aggregate so far reported being practically $50,000,000.

The original issue of notes was $150,000,000, of which about $144,000,000 are listed on the Stock Exchange, the balance having been retired last year through the sale of the collateral behind them. The amount of the long-term bonds now outstanding is little more than $50,000,000, as some of the holders of the one-year United Kingdom notes which matured on Feb. 1, 1918, exercised their conversion rights. Interest on the twenty-year bond is payable free from deduction of all British income taxes, although the bonds are not free from the British income tax while in the hands of an Englishman liable to such a tax.

HEAD OF MERCHANTS' BANK.

Raymond E. Jones, Just Elected, Is Youngest President In This City.

Directors of the Merchants' National Bank yesterday elected Raymond E. Jones as President, to succeed Theodore E. Burton, the latter becoming Chairman of the Board. Mr. Jones was formerly Vice President and one of the resident agents for the Royal Bank of Canada. He went to the Merchants' National more than a year ago, when control of the bank changed hands. He is 34 years old, the youngest President of a national bank in the city.

William Grafe and H. A. Mathews have been appointed assistant cashiers of the Irving National Bank, and H. B. Fonda, formerly with the National Bank of Commerce, and M. S. Billmire, lately with the Citizens' National Bank of Baltimore, have been appointed to similar places in the Harriman National. W. Averell Harriman has been elected a Director of the National Surety Company. Abner S. Pope, Vice President of the Industrial Finance Corporation, has been elected a Director of the Morris Plan Company of New York, to succeed the late Major Willard D. Straight. Other new Directors of the Morris Plan Company, recently announced, are T. Coleman du Pont, Eugene W. Stetson, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, and E. V. R. Thayer, President of the Chase National Bank.

Company's Tribute to G. R. Sheldon.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of The North American Company a resolution of tribute to the late George R. Sheldon, Treasurer of the company, was adopted. Mr. Sheldon died as a result of an accident which occurred when he was on a tour of inspection of one of the company's subsidiaries at Carbondale, Ill. He was elected a Director of The North American Company in 1893, became Treasurer in 1898 and Chairman of the board in 1917.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£466,000
Circulation decreased	442,000
Bullion increased	23,669
Other securities decreased	6,600,000
Public deposits increased	3,000
Other deposits decreased	15,390,000
Notes reserve increased	394,000
Government securities decreased	9,211,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liabilities this week is 19.14 per cent.; last week it was 17.12 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.87½	...	5.87½
Spelter	...	7.75	...	7.75
Antimony	7.87½	7.62½	7.87½	7.62½
Quicksilver	$110.00	...	$110.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron. No. 2 X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	90	..	..	91	..	..
Copper, futures	80	..	..	81	..	..
Tin, spot	250	10	..	250	..	..
Tin, futures	245	10	..	246	..	..
Spelter	56	..	..	56	..	..
Lead	40	..	..	40	..	..

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil	4½	5	Houghton	.30	60
Bay S Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	.24	28
Bos Ariz	..	1½	Iron Bloss	.45	52
Boston Ely	.95	99	Iron Cap	15⅝	15½
Bos Mont	.50	51	Jer Verde	.43	45
Begole	..	50	La Rose	.22	28
Black Hawk	.25	50	Majestic	.22	28
Bohemia	.75	85	Mex Metals	.27	31
Butte Lon.	.14	15	Moj Tung	5	7
Calaveras	1½	..	New Baltic	1	1½
Champ. old	3	4	Nat Z & L	9	10
Chief Cons	3⅝	3⅞	Nixon Nev	.37	39
Cons Cop	5⅝	6	Nev Doug	.35	39
Cons Ariz	1⅜	1⅝	Oneco	.20	45
Cortez	.12	15	Onondaga	.10	20
Crown Res	.48	50	Seven Mets	.30	39
Crystal	.20	21	S W Miami. full paid	.85	1
Denbigh	.52	54	Un Ver Ext	.33½	35
Earl Eagle	..	2	Vic Mines	..	75
Eagle B B	2¼	2½	Yukon Gold	.70	75
Fortuna	2	3			
Gold Lake	2	4			

AMERICAN SHIPS GO BACK TO OWNERS

Government Will Retain Only Those Now Engaged in Army Service.

EXTRA STEAMERS ALLOTTED

34 Owned by Shipping Board Are Turned Over to Various Lines to Replace Transports.

All American ships which have been requisitioned by the Government during the war have been released to their owners, with the exception of those engaged in army service, it was announced yesterday by the United States Shipping Board. In the place of those retained for service and which are fitted for the transportation of troops, the owners will receive an equal tonnage of Government built and owned vessels. A. E. Clegg, Assistant Director of Operations, said that all the ships referred to now in American ports would be turned over to their owners at once; those on voyages would be released on their return to the United States.

In addition to the return of requisitioned ships to their owners and replacement of vessels in Government service, thirty-four ships of 275,194 deadweight tons, owned by the Shipping Board, were today allotted to various lines by the board. A report showed that on Jan. 9 there were under requisition 248 American ships, of a total of 1,219,283 gross tons. Of these possibly seventy-five are in the service of the War Department as troop and supply ships.

The total number of ships owned by the board is 636, of 2,348,250 gross tons, of which 534, of 1,994,913 tons, are new vessels; 59, of 257,962 tons, are former German ships; 6, of 24,417 tons, former Austrian ships, while 37, of 100,962 tons, are former Great Lakes ships.

Although not yet officially announced, it is understood that eighty steamships of 478,769 tons requisitioned from Dutch owners for the war emergency will also be returned to their owners at an early date, with the same proviso that where the former Dutch ships are now in service as transports they will be replaced ton for ton by Shipping Board owned vessels. The board also has under requisition approximately 300 steamers of about 1,417,000 tons owned by other foreign Governments than Holland.

The ships allotted by the Shipping Board are:

New York-Finland service—Abron, 7,500 deadweight tons, ready promptly, to the American Line; Waubesa, 9,000 tons, ready Jan. 30, to Moore & McCormack.

New York-United Kingdom—Marne, 9,600 tons, ready Jan. 20, and East Indian, 11,000 tons, ready Feb. 1, to the American Line.

Philadelphia-United Kingdom — Ozaukee, 6,000 tons, ready promptly, to the American Line.

New York-Portugal — Bellingham, 7,500 tons, ready Jan. 25, to the Cosmopolitan Shipping Company; Hoxie, 7,400 tons, ready Feb. 20, to the Kerr Steamship Company.

New York, North Africa, and Egypt—Mirach, 6,290 tons, ready promptly, and Moline, 4,350 tons, ready Feb. 15, to J. W. Elwell & Co.

New York and Greece—Oscoda, 8,800 tons, ready Feb. 5, and Tollard, 8,800 tons, ready March 1, to Phelps Brothers.

New York-West Africa—Steamers Beatrice, 5,144 tons, ready promptly, and Marshall, 4,000 tons, ready Jan. 25, to A. H. Bull & Co.

New York-South Africa—Sapinero, 7,500 tons, ready Feb. 10, and Marico, 10,000 tons, ready March 1, to the United States and Australasia Steamship Company.

New York-Dutch East Indies—Osakes, 7,500 tons, ready Feb. 15, and Wanconda, 9,000 tons, ready March 1, to the Independent Steamship Corporation.

New York-Australia and New Zealand—Western Cross, 9,800 tons, ready promptly; Poughkeepsie, 9,000 tons, ready Feb. 28; Gunston Hall, 9,400 tons, ready April 10, to the United States and Australasia Steamship Company; Watonwan, 9,000 tons, ready Feb. 15, and Duquesne, 9,000 tons, ready March 15, to the Luckenbach Steamship Company.

New York-Philippines and China and Japan—Cabezon, 9,000 tons, ready Feb. 15, and Homestead, 9,800 tons, ready March 1, to Barber Steamship Lines.

New York-India—Wathena, 9,000 tons, ready Feb. 10, and New Windsor, 9,000 tons, ready March 1, to W. R. Grace & Co.

New York-Bahia Blanca, Port Madryn, and Punta Arenas—Mercer, 9,600 tons, ready promptly, and Gallahad, 8,800 tons, ready Feb. 28, to W. R. Grace & Co.

New York-Antwerp—Alredo, 7,300 tons, ready Feb. 5; Wynooche, 9,000 tons, ready Feb. 28; Sangamon, 7,500 tons, ready March 10, and Sangus, 7,500 tons, ready March 25, to the Red Star Line.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—There are 408 American steam vessels of the total deadweight tonnage of 2,622,550 affected by the Shipping Board's release order. Board officials said today that about forty ships were released Dec. 31, this being the total number of less than 3,500 tons capacity which were in the Government service. No compilation has yet been made to determine how many of the vessels will be retained by the Government.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99¾	..
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99	99⅝	5.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	100	100⅝	5.80
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	99	99	6.00
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	52	54	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	122	126	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	48	52	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99½	5.50

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100⅛	100⅜	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.40
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	101	102	5.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101¼	101⅝	5.35
Am. Tob Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅝	102	5.90
Am. Tob Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103	6.05
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅛	103⅝	6.10
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	99½	99⅞	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅝	6.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100⅛	100⅜	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	100⅝	101	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100⅛	100⅝	6.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅛	100⅞	6.70
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	101	101⅜	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100¼	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	89	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1920	97⅞	98½	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1921	96⅝	97⅞	7.19
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99⅝	100⅛	5.50
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99⅝	100⅛	5.85
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102¼	102⅝	6.80
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98⅜	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	94	95½	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	97½	98⅜	6.20
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100¼	100½	5.45
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100⅝	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99½	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	98½	100	6.00
Met. C. C.	5	Feb. 1,'19	99	99¼	..
M. V. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	85	87½	9.25
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	94½	97½	7.75
Met. Ed. 1st & ref.	5	Aug., 1922	90	93	..
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99⅛	99½	5.80
Okl. O. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99⅝	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	96	99	8.00
P. S. C. N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitts. & S. R. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100½	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100½	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101½	102	5.15
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102½	103	6.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103½	104¼	5.75
Read. T. & L.	6	Aug., 1919	94½	98⅝	7.50
Rem. A. U. M. Ctgs. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99½	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	..
St. G. & E. sec.	7	Sep., 1921	98	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99¼	99⅝	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	100½	100¼	6.75
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1920	96½	97½	7.35
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	98½	8.00
U. L. & Ry. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98⅝	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	89	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99⅝	100	7.00

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IN JANUARY, 1915, we predicted an easy money market and the great rise in war securities;
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IN JANUARY, 1917, we predicted the collapse of the war boom and the period of liquidation;
IN JANUARY, 1918, we predicted the effect of America's effort in the war and the result on investments of the war's ends;
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

WESTFIELD MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Westfield, Massachusetts.

To the Holders of the Preferred Stock of Westfield Manufacturing Company:

Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of Section 3, Article V., of the Agreement of Association of Westfield Manufacturing Company, all of the outstanding Preferred Stock of said Company has been duly called for redemption and will be redeemed on the next dividend payment date, to wit, February 10th, 1919, at one hundred and ten ($110) dollars per share and dividends accrued on that date. All holders of said stock are requested to present and surrender their certificates for the same duly endorsed for transfer to the Company or in blank, at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, 37 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y., on or before February 10th, 1919, on which date payment in full for said stock so presented and surrendered will be made by said Trust Company at the redemption price above mentioned.

As the redemption price will include the quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share, payable February 10th, 1919, the usual dividend checks will not be mailed to the holders of the Preferred Stock.

From and after February 10th, 1919, dividends shall cease to accumulate upon every share of Preferred Stock of said Westfield Manufacturing Company and the holders of such shares shall cease to have or exercise any vote or voting power by reason of being the record holders of such shares, and such shares shall not be transferable upon the books of the corporation, except to the corporation or its nominee, under the terms of such redemption, and the holders of such shares shall have no further rights or interest in respect to the corporation other than to receive the redemption price without interest upon the subsequent surrender of such shares.

By order of the Board of Directors of Westfield Manufacturing Company,
CUTHBERT P. GORMAN, Clerk.
Dated January 2d, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL TRACTION COMPANY

TO HOLDERS OF COLLATERAL TRUST FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS:

YOU WILL TAKE NOTICE that the time within which bonds of the above-mentioned issue may be deposited under the Protective Agreement, dated December 10, 1918, has been extended to the close of business on Monday, January 20, 1919.

Until then bonds may be deposited with the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary, at its New York office, 140 Broadway, or its London office, 32 Lombard Street, E. C., or its PARIS OFFICE, Rue des Italiens 1 & 3, or with its Agent, the CITY TRUST COMPANY, at its office in the Erie County Bank Building, Buffalo, N. Y.

Registered bonds must be accompanied by proper instruments of assignment and coupon bonds by all coupons maturing on or after January 1, 1919.

ELLIOTT C. McDOUGAL, Chairman;
JACOB GOULD SCHURMAN,
THOMAS DEWITT CUYLER,
R. WALTER LEIGH,
THOMAS E. MITTEN,
Protective Committee.
SIMPSON, THACHER & BARTLETT,
JOSEPH G. DUDLEY, Counsel.
A. F. HALSTED, Secretary,
62 Cedar Street, New York, N. Y.

WOODWARD IRON COMPANY
5% Sinking Fund Gold First and Consolidated Mortgage Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received up to 12 M. January 31st, 1919, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York City, for the sale to the Trustee of a sufficient number of bonds to invest the money in the Sinking Fund under the above-mentioned mortgage. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.
New York, January 6, 1919.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

COLORADO FUEL & IRON COMPANY OF DENVER, COLO.
General Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bond

Notice is hereby given that fifty-three (53) General Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company of Denver, Colo., were this day drawn for the Sinking Fund in accordance with the requirements of the Sinking Fund clause of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows:

20	1397	2275	8170	4179	5598
60	1416	2353	8180	4221	5617
180	1451	2400	8437	4275	5738
266	1482	2436	8578	4314	
418	1668	2540	8616	4551	
889	1814	2593	3617	4853	
1059	1850	2708	8777	4986	
1207	1916	2774	8837	4999	
1224	1998	2800	8806	5153	
1385	2022	3069	4027	5266	

All future interest on any of the bonds so designated ceases with the coupon due Feb. 1, 1919, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

The above mentioned bonds will be paid at this office on or after Feb. 1, 1919, at 105% and interest (say $1,075 per bond).

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By E. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 20, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 24, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,013.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By O. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 5, 1919.

Cumberland Street Railway Company. "The bonds of the above-named company, due October 1, 1918, will be exchanged for First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company, due January 1, 1950, at the office of the Controller of the Rhode Island Company, 100 Fountain St., Providence, R. I.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
5% Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Gold Bonds
OF THE
SYRACUSE LIGHT & POWER CO.
DUE JULY 1, 1954

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as successor to the TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA, Trustee, under the Deed of Trust of the Syracuse Light & Power Company, dated April 10, 1907, hereby invites proposals for sale to it of as many bonds secured thereby as will exhaust the sum of Nine Thousand, Six Hundred Thirty-two and 99/100 ($9,632.99) Dollars, in accordance with the Sinking Fund provisions of the said Deed of Trust.

Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon on January 24th, 1919, and should be endorsed "Proposals to the Sinking Fund of the Syracuse Light & Power Co."

The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

Proposals of bidders unknown to the Trustee must be accompanied by satisfactory references.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice-President.
Dated, New York, N. Y., January 17, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

PORTLAND GAS & COKE COMPANY,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 36.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of Portland Gas & Coke Company, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 22, 1919.
GEORGE F. NEVINS, Treasurer.

Texas Power & Light Company
Preferred Stock Dividend No. 27

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of Texas Power & Light Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, to the stockholders of record at the close of business January 20, 1919.
M. H. ARNING, Treasurer.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 16.
Columbia Gas and Electric Company.

A quarterly dividend of one per cent. (1 per cent.) on the capital stock of this company has been declared payable Feb. 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business Jan. 31, 1919. T. F. Wickham, Secretary, Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 16, 1919.
THE BLAINE THOMPSON CO.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY.
New York, January 15th, 1919.

The Board of Directors this day declared a dividend of (1) One per cent. per share on its capital stock, payable February 1st, 1919, to Stockholders of record January 25th, 1919.
CHARLES E. CALHOUN, Asst. Secretary.

Madison Safe Deposit Company.

A dividend of three per cent. (3%) on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable on February 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 10th, 1919.
ARNOLD F. SCHMITT, Secretary.

ISLAND OIL.
Latest developments and work in progress of completion reviewed.
GLENROCK OIL.
Importance of drilling in Lance field.
GENERAL ASPHALT
Aggressive production campaign to be inaugurated.
These and other prominent issues reviewed in our
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PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE RODGERS COMPANY.
A. Albert Marks is no longer a member of this firm since Jan. 2. Morris J. Rodgers and Fred Hasler will continue under the same firm name.

CONSOLIDATED SUES TO RAISE GAS RATE

Asks U. S. Court to Declare 80-Cent Law Confiscatory, and, Hence, Unconstitutional.

PROFIT PUT AT ¼ PER CENT.

Petition Based Upon U. S. Supreme Court Decision Granting Leave to Bring New Action.

The Consolidated Gas Company, in a suit begun yesterday in the Federal District Court, asks that the 80-cent gas law enacted by the Legislature in 190 be declared invalid because it is unconstitutional, on the ground that it is confiscatory of the company's property. The company says that for the year ended Oct. 31 last its net income was only 99,241.65, or less than ¼ per cent. on its investment of $69,697,700, exclusive of good will and other intangibles. A temporary injunction is asked to restrain the Attorney General of the State, the District Attorney, and the Public Service Commission, the three defendants, from taking any measures to enforce the 80-cent law.

Commenting on the suit last night a former attaché of the Public Service Commission said the company was evidently taking advantage of the opinion of the United States Supreme Court in 1909 which pheld the law in a suit by the same company, but gave the company leave to apply again under changed conditions. He also said it was clear, and that any company which could prove that the statutory rate was confiscatory could have the law set aside on constitutional grounds. His opinion was that the company, should it obtain a temporary injunction, would raise the rate to $1 or more, setting aside the difference to be returned to the consumers if it lost the suit.

In its complaint the company offers a mass of figures to show that its life is being eaten up lack of income to pay charges. Its gross operating revenues for the year ended in October, it says, was $15,764,288.11, while the cost of manufacturing and distributing the gas, including taxes and other expenses, was $15,665,046.46. Its net income of $99,241.65 represents a 6 per cent. return upon only $1,654,027.

Reference is made in the complaint to the decision of the United States Supreme Court when the first suit was dismissed, which was, in brief, that, although a return of less than 6 per cent. upon the value of the property employed would be confiscatory, and that while the lower courts found that the return at that time was less than 6 per cent., the margin "between possible confiscation and valid regulation" was so close that it failed to show clearly that a charge of 80 cents for gas would not yield a fair and reasonable return. The company says that at no time since this decision was rendered has it earned as much as 6 per cent.

Since the statutory rate has been in effect, the company says, there has been a steady deficiency which now aggregates at least $12,000,000, which should be added to the value of the property and upon which a return shoul be allowed. Then the complaint says:

"Since Dec. 31, 1906, there has been $14,085,265 added to the value of the company's property devoted to its gas business which was valued by the United States Circuit Court in the former suit at $55,612,435. The cost of reproducing the property at the present time would greatly exceed $69,697,700.

"A return of only 6 per cent. upon the investment would amount to not less than $4,181,862 per annum. The net earnings of $99,241.65 for the year ended Oct. 3, 1918, amounted to only 55-100 of 1 cent a thousand cubic feet of gas sold."

It is claimed that the deficiency is caused directly and solely by the "arbitrarily restricted price" at which the company is compelled to sell its gas. The company's average daily sales are stated to amount to 62,728,800 cubic feet, which makes the daily loss $14,264.53, which is rapidly swelling the deficiency in the company's earnings. The complaint sets forth the various items needed in its business which have grown so greatly in cost as well as the large increases in wages, and the greatly depreciated value of money, which makes the purchasing power of a dollar not more than about 60 cents.

A statement sent out last night by the company quoted one of its officers as saying that there was no prospect of any improvement in conditions during the coming year affecting the high cost of labor and materials, and that in the meantime the price of gas and other essentials should be adjusted to meet the increased cost of production.

The Public Service Commission was notified yesterday by the Brooklyn Borough Gas Company that if the application of the Corporation Counsel to Justice Cropsey for an injunction restraining the company from advancing the price of gas from 95 cents to $1.10 was successful the company would be compelled to ask for a receiver. Improvements in the plant, ordered by the commission, it was said, could not be made at the present nine-ty-five-cent rate. General Manager G. H. Woodhull of the company and his assistant, Miss Mary E. Dillon, testified before the commission to these facts, and then the hearing was adjourned for two weeks pending Justice Cropsey's decision.

In a suit last year for permission to raise its rates Charles E. Hughes was named as the referee with all powers of a court. He held that the eighty-cent rate was confiscatory, but made no recommendation. Thereupon the company sought to charge $1.25 per thousand, but was prevented by an injunction obtained by the Public Service Commission.

Coffee Exchange Officers.

The following officers were elected by the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange yesterday: President—Clarence A. Fairchild; Vice President—A. Schierenberg; Treasurer—C. H. Middendorf. The members of the Board of Managers elected were Benjamin R. Peabody, E. L. Leuder, Leon Israel, C. J. Walter, George H. Finlay, Franklin W. Hopkins, and C. B. Davison.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Nat. Lead pf	1¾	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 21
Peckard Motor Car	2	Q	Jan. 31	Jan. 15
Pere Marquette pr pf	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 27

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.95	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.80	5.60
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.50	5.23
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.75
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.90	5.40
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.10	5.60
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.95	5.55
Erie R. R.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.75	5.25
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.75	5.25
Mich. Central	1919-'30	5	6.00	5.50
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	6.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.50	6.00
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	6.50	6.00
Norfolk & West	1919-'24	4½	5.80	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.00	5.50
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.75	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.25
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.00
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.50
Southern R. R.	1919-'24	4½@5	6.75	6.00
Union Tank Line	1919-'20	5	6.75	6.00

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE BABIES' HOSPITAL OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
The annual meeting of the Society will be held in the Directors' Room of the Hospital, 55th Street and Lexington Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, on Tuesday, January 21st, 1919, at 4:30 o'clock, for the purpose of electing five Directors for three years and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
At the adjournment of the Annual Meeting the regular Quarterly Meeting will be held.
B. OGDEN CHISOLM, Secretary.

COTTON PRICES RALLY ON MODERATE BUYING

Advance Ranges From 45 to 89 Points in Sympathy with Strength in Liverpool.

There was a noticeable improvement in the tone of the cotton market yesterday, although after the severe break in prices of the last several days there was some slight evidence of nervousness and irregularity. With no marked change in conditions surrounding the trade local operators are disposed to act cautiously in their commitments in the market. Taking the range of prices for the day, the recoveries yesterday, while not large enough to make up the losses of the preceding day, ranged between 45 and 89 points. The underlying influences in the rally were the sharp advances in Liverpool, after showing a certain amount of weakness in response to our declines on Wednesday, and the complete recovery in New Orleans, the latter showing gains for the active months, averaging 37 to 90 points. The opening was firm, first prices early reflecting the changed sentiment of the traders. After the call buying orders came into the market in such preponderance that the position of weakness of the preceding day quickly changed to one of strength, and quotations turned up under the lead of March and May. The demand soon spread to other options and the morning session, one of activity, was a sharp contradistinction in price trend to that of the preceding day, sharp advances on the buying soon eliminating the last of the long interest which proved disastrous to values on Wednesday. The advances continued until around 2 o'clock, when the high levels of the day were touched. All options showed substantial recoveries from the preceding night's closing, January selling at 26.50c, March 25.47c, May 23.90c, July 22.95c, and October of the new crop 20.82c. The usual profit taking, always in evidence after a bulge, caused the market to react moderately in the last hour's trading, but the movement was not broad enough to more than nominally affect the earlier top prices.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Jan.	20.25	26.50	25.95	26.35@26.40	26.05
Feb.				25.45 bid	24.85
March	24.99	25.47	24.68	25.19@25.25	24.58
April				23.90@24.10	23.40
May	23.30	23.90	23.25	23.70@23.75	23.12
July	22.43	22.95	22.25	22.60@22.70	22.10
August		21.70	21.60	21.65@21.75	21.20
Sept.		20.60	20.50	20.55 bid	20.30
Oct.	20.28	20.82	20.16	20.45@20.50	20.10

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 29.85c for middling upland, 20 points decline, sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29c; New Orleans, 29c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 27½c; Memphis, 29¾c; Houston, 28.40c; Little Rock, 28¾c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	19,850	21,101	15,548
Exports	8,435	57,513	100
Exports, season	2,059,508	......	2,247,027
New York stocks	86,047	......	141,808
Port stocks	1,462,382	......	1,300,128
N. Y. arrivals	2,895	......	......

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton, more inquiry, 18.88d for middling, and 20.15d for good middling. Sales, 1,000 bales, American, 500. Imports, 23,000 bales, American, 18,000 bales. Futures opened steady, 22 to 37 points decline. Closed steady 3 to 12 points advance. January, 18.44d; February, 17.41d; March, 16.26d; April, 15.22d.

Manchester: Yarns easier and cloths dull.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup.	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg.	97⅝	98¾	5s, Fed Land Bk, '38	102⅝	103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup.	97⅝	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	101
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104¼	105¼
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104⅝	105⅝
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed's-day Bid.
4½s July,	1967	100⅝	101¼	100⅝
4½s June,	1965	100⅝	101¼	100⅝
4½s Mar.,	1963	100⅝	101¼	100⅝
4½s Nov.,	1957	100⅝	101¼	100⅝
4½s May,	1957	100⅝	101¼	100⅝
4¼s Mar.,	1960-30	96¼	97⅜	96⅝
4¼s Mar.,	1964	96¼	97⅜	96⅝
4¼s Apr.,	1966	96¼	97⅜	96⅝
4¼s Mar.,	1962	96¼	97⅜	96⅝
4¼s Sept.,	1960	96¼	97⅜	96⅝
4s May,	1959	91½	92¼	91¾
4s Nov.,	1958	91½	92¼	91¾
4s Nov.,	1957	91½	93	91¾
4s Nov.,	1956	90¼	92	90¼
4s Nov.,	1955	90¼	92	90¼
4s Nov.,	1936	92¼	93⅜	92¼
4s May,	1919	99¼	..	99¼
3½s Nov.,	1965	81	..	81¼
3½s Nov.,	1954	81	82¾	81¼
3½s May,	1954	81	..	81¼

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

		Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day Bid.
4½s	1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.60
4½s	1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.60
3½s	1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1930-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1926-1930	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1919-1925	4.60	4.40	4.60

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
545	Cities Service	294	292	292	295
1,348	Cities Service pf	79	78	78	79
$120,500	Cities Service deb. "B"	124	123	123	125

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	17	Miss River Power	10½	12½
Adiron Elec Power pf	70	74	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Electric	100	105	Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Am Gas & Electric pf	44	47	Northern Ohio Elec pf	57	62
Am Light & Traction	236	240	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light	55	60	Northern States Power	57	60
Am Power & Light pf	77	80	North States Power pf	88	91
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern Texas Elec	57	61
Am Public Utilities pf	36	40	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & E 1st pf	65	68	Pacific Gas & Electric	47	49
Am W W & E partic	11	13	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	86	89
Carolina Pow & Light	84	88	Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	18
Colorado Power	27	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	52	54½
Colorado Power pf	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf	78	84
Columbus Electric pf	70	75	Republic Ry & Light	17	18
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	19	21	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	42	44	Southern Cal Edison	85	88
Conn Power pf	72	76	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec	14	16
Eastern Texas Elec	52	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	31	33
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76	Tampa Electric	108	112
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	3
Electric B & S pf	92	95	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	14	17
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	United Light & Rys	38	39
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	United Light & Rys pf	70	72
Federal Light & Tr pf	40	44	Wash I W L & P pf	80½	84
Galveston-Houston Elec	21	26	Western Power	17½	19
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	63	Western Power pf	65	68
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West, Church & Kerr	64	67
Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85	West Church & K pf	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Int Elec 6s, 1933	86	87½
Am W W & E col 5s	68	71	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	77½	79
Appalach Power 1st 5s	74	77	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '60	92	95	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	90	91
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	80	85
Commonwealth Power (Nob) 1st 6s, 1944	94	100	Puget S T, L & P 7s	98	99½
Conn Power 5s, 1963	80	86	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96¼	98
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	92
East Tex Elec col 5s	84	89	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	78
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97¾	99	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	88	90
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Gt West Power 5s, '46	85	86½	Un Util cv 6s, '43	90	95
Gt West Power 6s, '25	89½	92	Utah Securities 6s	89	...
Int M Ry, L & P 6s	95	99½	Wash I W L & P 6s	95	98

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	‡Aetna Expl.	7¼	6⅝	7¼	1,000	‡LibMcN&L	23	22½	22½
500	‡Am W P	3	2⅝	3	3,500	Marc of Am	4½	4¼	4½
500	B-AmTob,cp	25	25	25	600	‡Nat C & I	56⅝	56	56
2,600	‡Dicto Prod	9½	9	9½	1,000	‡PerfecT&R	⅝	1½	⅝
5,000	‡Gen Asph	57½	52⅝	53¾	200	‡Poulsen W	7	6⅞	7
100	‡ Do pf	91	89	89	300	Sub B y t c	12	11½	11½
1,800	‡GenMosdbwi	82	80½	82	1,500	‡Swift I w i	45⅝	45	45
1,800	‡Gillette S R	121¼	119	121¼	2,500	Un Motors	36½	35½	35⅝
7,500	Hupp M Car	6½	5⅞	6⅛	2,000	Un Prof S	1¼	1	1¼
7,800	Intercon R	20½	17⅝	18	3,300	U S S Co	5	4⅞	5
8,900	Key T & R	56⅝	53⅝	53⅞	1,000	Wayne Coal	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝
3,500	‡Kirby Lum	26	22	25	400	‡W-Mar Air	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
100	‡Lake Tor B	2¼	2¼	2¼	300	World F vtc	½	⅜	⅜

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
250	‡Anglo-Am	16⅝	16½	16¾	150	‡Std Oil Cal	275	266	272
65	‡PrairieO&G	685	675	675	10	‡Union Tank	117	117	117
80	‡S Penn Oil	320	305	316					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	‡Barn't O&G	1/16	¼	1/16	2,500	‡ Do pf	1⅛	1¼	1⅛
2,000	‡‡Bos-Wyo	20	20	20	1,450	‡Midw Ref	131	128	129
2,500	‡Cosden & Co	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	3,000	‡‡Northw Oil	51	50	51
3,000	‡‡Crown Oil	15	13	15	10,000	‡Omar O & G	35	30	32
10	‡‡Crystal Oil	1½	1¼	1¼	3,600	‡Pennock Oil	14	13¼	13¼
18,500	‡‡Esmeralda	6	5½	6	7,000	‡‡Queen Oil	18	15	18
3,000	‡Federal Oil	2¼	2⅛	2⅜	1,000	‡RoyalDutch, new	72⅝	72	72
1,800	‡Glenrock Oil	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	1,100	Sapulpa O&R	7½	7⅛	7½
600	‡Houston Oil	80	70	79	1,200	‡Security P&R	½	⅜	½
6,300	‡‡Hudson Oil	73	70	72	1,500	‡Sequoyah	3/16	⅛	3/16
9,000	‡Int'l Petrol	22⅝	22	22½	4,200	‡SinclairGulf	26	24½	24¾
10,000	‡Isl'd O & T	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝	3,950	‡Stanton Oil	1⅝	1¼	1⅝
5,800	‡‡Kenova Oil	14	13	13	11,000	‡UnitedWest, new	1⅞	1⅛	1⅞
4,500	‡La Oil & R	25	24	24⅜	400	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2½	2⅜	2½
450	‡Merritt Oil	22⅝	21⅝	22					
10,000	Met Petrol	3⅞	3⅛	3½					
2,500	‡‡Mex Gulf	44	42	44					
25,000	‡‡MidwestOil	134	128	130					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	†Al-Brit Col Metals	43	43	43	650	Hecla Min	4⅝	4¼	4⅛
2,000	†‡Am Mines	90	88	90	1,700	†‡Jim Butler	36	35	36
3,000	Ariz Bing O	1½	1	1½	1,000	†Jumbo Ext	13	13	13
9,000	Big L Cop	11/16	⅝	11/16	10,000	†Lone Star	7	6½	6½
10,000	†Bos & Mon	51	49	50	100	Mason Val	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
500	Butte-N Y	½	½	½	1,000	†McKin-D	46	46	46
2,300	†‡Caledonia	29	28	28	1,000	†‡Moth Lode	34	34	34
7,500	†Cal & Jer	½	7/16	7/16	7,000	†Nixon Nev	42	38	40
500	Canada Cop	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	1,900	†Oonon M	3½	3	3½
4,700	†‡Candel Sil	56	54	56	1,500	†Ray Herc M	2½	*2¼	2⅜
1,800	‡Cer S M & M	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	1,500	†Roch Mines	27	26	27
10,000	Con Ariz Sm	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛	200	Stand S-L	¼	¼	¼
2,500	Con Cop M	6	5⅝	6	500	†Success M	5	4	4
800	Cress Con G	5	4⅞	5	600	Tono Ext	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
950	Eureka C M	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝	2,500	U Eastern	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝
500	First Nat C	2	1⅝	2	8,500	†U S Con M	9	8	8
2,200	†‡Flor Silv	63	64	65	2,000	†‡WardM&M	25	24	25
7,500	†Goldf Cons	22	21	22	1,100	†Wash G Q	90	89	89
2,000	†‡Goldf Mer	6½	6¼	6½	4,500	†‡WUExt(p)	16	15	15
1,000	†‡H M & S, (a pros.)	48	45	47	7,000	†W C Min	18¼	17	17
					7,500	W C Ext (p)	4	3½	4

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$100000	‡Am T & T 6s, w i	99⅛	98⅝	99	10,000	‡Laclede Gas L 7s, w i	100¼	100¼	100¼
60,000	‡Anacon 6s, w i	98	97⅝	97⅞	50,000	‡Lig & M 6s, 1921	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
10,000	‡Brad 8s, '31	96	96	96	50,000	‡N Y Tel Co deb 6s, wi	101¼	101⅛	101¼
10,000	C & N W E m 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	20,000	‡RusGov6½s	53	52	53
15,000	‡Cud 7s, '23, w i	102⅝	102½	102½	25,000	‡St P Union Depot 5½s	99⅛	99⅞	99
1,000	‡Int R T 7s	91	91	91	25,000	‡Wil & Co cv 6%	93¼	93	93¼
2,000	‡K C Ry T 6s, 1923	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note.—There were no sales of Br-Am Tob registered Wednesday. Sales should read coupon.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Wednesday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.	Wed'sday Ask.
Am-Br Mfg	2	5	2	5
Brit-Am Tob, registered	23½	25	23½	25
Butler Judson	15	20	15	20
Carbon Steel	90	96	90	96
Car L & P	2	2½	2	2½
Charcoal Iron	7	7½	7	7½
Do pf	6½	6⅞	6½	6⅞
Chev Motor	145	155	145	155
Chevrolet rts	⅞	1¼	⅞	1¼
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝
Curtiss Aero	11½	12	11½	12
CurtissAeropf	45	55	45	55
Edmund & J	20	22	20	22
Em'son Phono	2	2¼	2	2¼
Free Texas	34	35½	34	35½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22¼	22	22¼
Gen Mot rts	1¾	2	1¾	2
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88
Lima Loco	30	40	30	40
Lukens Steel	46	50	46	50
Man Transit	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
N Y Shipbldg	33	36	33	36
N Y Transp	14¼	17	14¼	17
N A P & P	2⅝	2½	2⅝	2½
Peer T & M	18⅝	19¼	18⅝	19¼
Penn C & C	22	24	22	24
Penn Seab Stl	40	40½	40	40½
PennSeaboard Steel rts	3/16	¼	3/16	¼
Relc Equip	10¼	11⅛	10¼	11⅛
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38
Smith M T	⅛	3/16	⅛	3/16
Stand Motors	7½	8¼	7½	8¼
Steel Alloys	7½	8¼	7½	8¼
St Joe Lead	13	14	13	14
StL, R M & P	40	..	40	..
Todd Ship	107	108¼	107	108½
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed'sday Bid.	Wed'sday Ask.
Wright-M pf	60	64	60	64
U S Lt&H pf	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
U S Lt & H	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
OIL STOCKS.				
Allen Oil	11/16	11/16	11/16	11/16
Atlantic Pet	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Elk B Pet	6	6½	6	6½
Globe Oil	1	1½	1	1½
Okm P & R	2	2½	2	2½
Pitts O & G	8	8½	8	8½
Savoy Oil	6½	7	6½	7
South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Southwest Oil	35	40	35	40
Texana Oil	10	13	10	18
Way Oil & G	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
MINING STOCKS.				
Atlanta	4	5	4½	5½
Austin Ama'n	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Bradshaw	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
Cashboy	6	7	6	7
Cerro Gordo	½	1	½	1
Con Homes'd	⅛	3/16	⅛	3/16
El Salvador	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Great Bend	4	5	4	5
Howe Sound	3⅜	4¼	3⅜	4¼
Kerr Lake	5¼	5½	5¼	5½
Kewanas	6¼	7¼	6¼	7¼
Liberty Silver	50	52	50	52
Magma Cop	26	28	26	28
N Y & Hon R	11	12	11	12
Ohio Copper	3/16	⅜	3/16	⅜
Seneca Cop	15½	16	15½	16
Stewart	15	17	15	17
Tono Belm't	2⅛	2 11/16	2⅛	2 11/16
White K pf	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1½
BOND.				
Beth. S. '20	101	101¼	101	101¼

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was a reactionary tendency to the market at the close yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. With the exception of the steel and copper stocks and tobacco shares, the remainder of the active list, both industrials and rails, recorded net losses from a fraction to more than three points. The latter represented the decline in Mexican Petroleum. This issue, after advancing two points in the morning, was subjected to heavy pressure after midday and sold off rapidly.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alaska-Jun	2	2	2
120	Allis-Chalm	33⅞	33¼	33¼
30	Am Beet Sug	70½	69⅝	69⅝
320	Am Can	48⅞	48¼	48¼
110	Am Car & F	91	90⅝	90⅝
10	Am Cot Oil	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞
20	Am Hide & L	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
230	Do pf	80⅝	79½	80⅝
20	Am Linseed	49½	49½	49½
30	Am Locomo	60⅝	60	60⅝
520	Am Sm & R	74	73½	73½
160	Am Su Tob	105⅜	104¼	104⅝
20	Am T & T	101½	101½	101½
10	Am Woolen	46½	46½	46½
870	Anaconda	60⅝	60¼	60¼
10	Atchison	92½	92½	92½
16	A,G & W I	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
650	B'dwin Loco	73½	72¼	72⅞
60	Balt & Ohio	49¼	48⅝	48⅝
1,178	Beth Stl, B	58½	57⅝	57⅝
20	B'klyn R T	25¼	24⅞	24⅞
1,040	Cal Petrol	24¼	22⅞	23⅝
80	Cent Leather	60	59½	59½
60	C, M & St P	40	39	39
120	C, R I & P	24⅝	24¼	24⅝
210	Corn Prod	49⅝	49½	49½
830	CrucibleSteel	59¼	57⅞	58¼
270	Cuba C Sug	26⅝	26¼	26¼
100	Distillers	51¼	50	51
70	Erie	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝
70	GoodrichRub	61⅞	61	61
20	Gt Nor pf	93⅝	93½	93⅝
530	Gt Nor Ore	38⅛	37	37
100	Gast'n,W&W	29⅝	29½	29⅝
20	Inspiration	44½	44	44½
50	Int Mer Mar	25¼	24⅝	25¼
1,095	Do pf	104¼	102½	104¼
460	Int Nickel	27⅛	26¾	27⅛
10	Kan City So	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
10	Kennec'tCop	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
60	Lehigh Val	55½	54⅝	54⅝

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,430	Mex Petrol	187⅝	181¼	181¼
10	Miami Cop	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
630	Mo Pacific	25¼	24⅝	24⅝
244	Nat Enamel	50½	49⅞	50⅛
60	N Y Central	73⅝	72⅞	73⅝
60	New Haven	30⅝	30	30
10	Ohio Cit Gas	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝
330	Okla Oil	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
10	Pacific Mail	35	35	35
245	Pennsylvania	44⅝	44½	44⅝
60	Pierce-Arrow	40	39⅝	40
10	Pan Am Pet	71½	71½	71½
130	Pierce Oil	18⅛	17⅝	17⅞
150	Ray Con Cop	20¼	20	20
950	Reading	80⅝	79⅝	79⅝
100	Str'mb'gCarb	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝
85	Sinclair Oil	36	35	35
880	So Pacific	100¼	99	99⅝
190	Southern Ry	28⅝	27⅞	27⅞
1,220	Studebaker	50⅝	48⅞	50½
50	Tenn Copper	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
210	Texas & Pac	31¼	30⅝	30⅝
195	Tob Prod	78	77⅝	78
240	Union Pac	128⅝	127½	127⅝
250	U C Stores	118¼	117⅝	117⅝
240	U S Ind Alco	99⅝	98⅝	99⅝
120	U S Rubber	77½	76⅞	77⅛
10,050	U S Steel	92⅛	91⅝	92⅛
80	Utah Copper	72⅞	72⅝	72⅞
10	Va-Car Ch	53¼	53¼	53¼
45	Wabash	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
10	West'ghouse	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞
140	Willys-Over	25¼	24⅝	24⅞
	*U. S. BONDS.			
$2,000	Lib 3½s	99.48	99.42	99.44
2,250	1st 4½s	96.48	96.42	96.36
3,700	2d 4¼s	95.74	95.64	95.70
1,700	3d 4¼s	97.40	97.28	97.30
5,000	4th 4¼s	96.06	95.90	95.92

*Prices include interest.

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Atl Pet	2½	2¼	2½	10	Kirb Lum pf	76	75	75
25	Con Power	106	106	106	10	Md Casualty	87	87	87
55	Con Coal	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	15	New Ams G	46	46	46
1,200	Cosden	7⅛	7⅛	7⅝	110	North Cent	74	73½	73½
100	Cosden pf	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	10	Penn W P	78	78	78
55	Con Coal	81½	81½	81½	20	Un Rys	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
100	Davidson	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$11000	Bal & II 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼	$1,000	Kirby L 6s	99	99	99
11,000	Con G 4½s	89	89	89	10,000	Md & Pa-Ino	15	15	15
1,000	Con Coal 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1,000	N Balt 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	CentRyBal5s	100	100	100	1,000	Sea & R 5s	96	96	96
4,000	Cos A 6s	88	88	88	5,000	Va Ry & P 5s	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛
7,000	Cos B 6s	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	3,000	Un Rys Inc	53	53	53
6,000	Ga&Acon5s	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	1,000	Un Rys 5s	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alaska	4⅝	4	4	500	New Idria	9½	9	9½
40	Anaconda	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	60	New Corn	16¼	16¼	16¼
60	Ariz Com'l	11¼	11	11¼	110	North Butte	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛
100	Bingham	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	40	Osceola	50	50	50
700	Butte & Bal	25c	25c	25c	5	Pond Creek	13½	13½	13½
5	Cal & Ariz	59	59	59	10	Quincy	59	59	59
9	Cal & Hecla	431	430	430	125	Shannon	3	2⅞	2⅞
50	Chino	33⅝	33⅜	33⅜	150	Sup & Bost	2½	2½	2½
55	Cop Range	42	41⅞	41⅞	20	Trinity	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
50	Davis-Daly	5	5	5	65	U S Sm pf	46	45¼	46
100	Inspiration	44	44	44	160	Utah Apex	3	2⅞	3
10	Island Creek	46½	46½	46½	50	Utah Copper	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
375	Isle Royale	25	24½	24⅝	1,075	Utah Metal	1½	1⅛	1½
50	Kerr Lake	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	100	Victoria	2	2	2
50	Michigan	3½	3½	3½	15	Wolverine	18	18	18
50	Mohawk	54¼	54¼	54¼					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8	Bost & Alb	133	132	133	520	Mass Elec	3	2⅞	3
70	Boston Elev	71	70	70	3,690	Do pf	16½	15	15⅝
10	Bos & Low	94	94	94	14	NY, NH & H	30½	30⅝	30⅝
25	Bos & Me	31	30½	31	10	West End	46	46	46
10	Fitchb'g pf	57	57	57	6	Do pf	53	53	53
30	Maine Cent	81	80¼	80¼					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Am Ag Ch	102	101⅝	102	100	Mass Gas	83	82	83
88	Do pf	99	98½	98½	4	Do pf	70½	70½	70½
5	Am Sug pf	115	115	115	5	Merg'thaler	133	133	133
460	Am T & T	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	51	N E Tel	92½	92	92
25	Am Wool pf	95½	95	95½	10	Pac Mills	160	160	160
160	Booth	19⅝	19½	19½	115	Punta Sugar	52	52	52
75	Century	14	14	14	20	Reece Button	15	15	15
100	Cu Por Cem	13	13	13	84	Stewart	84½	84¼	84¼
7	Edison	169	166	169	156	Swift	125	124½	124½
250	East Boston	6¼	6	6	87	United Fruit	165	164	165
765	Fairbanks	56½	54½	54½	427	United Shoe	45⅝	44¾	44¾
255	Gorton	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞	138	Do pf	28	27½	28
125	Gen Elec	150½	149½	150	100	Ventura	8⅝	8½	8⅝
385	Island Oil	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	205	Walworth	18¼	18	18¼
100	Int Por Cem	5½	5½	5½	12	West Union	89	89	89
50	Loew's	10	10	10					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A T & T 6s	100½	100¼	100¼	$8,000	Swift 5s	96½	96⅜	96½
2,000	N E Tel 5s	91	91	91	5,000	U K 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am Radiat	298	296	298	10	Do pf	52½	52½	52½
430	Armour pf	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	10	Pub Serv pf	92	92	92
805	Booth Fish	20	19½	19½	20	Qu Oats pf	102½	102½	102½
100	Chi Pneu T	65	65	65	110	Sears, Roeb	180	180	180
203	Cudahy	103⅞	103	103⅞	530	Stew Warn	89	89	89
100	Do rights	⅞	⅞	⅞	587	Swift Int	45⅝	43¼	45¼
135	Deere pf	96½	95⅝	96	575	Swift	124⅝	124½	124¾
100	Ill Brick	58	58	58	2,160	Un Carbide	57⅝	57¼	57½
716	Libby	22⅞	22¼	22¼	20	West Stone	5	5	5
90	Mont W pf	110	109½	110	65	Wilson pf	98	98	98
10	Mid'west Ut	24½	24½	24½					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	Chi C O 5s	49⅝	49	49	$5,000	C Ed 1st 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼
1,000	C Rys 1st 5s	80½	80½	80½	3,000	Pub Ser Nor Ill 5s	87½	87⅝	87½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Am Ry pf	66	66	66	532	Phila Elec	25¼	25⅛	25¼
62	Ins Co, N A	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	32	Phila Trac	70	70	70
5,780	Gen Asph	57¼	52½	53½	290	Phila R T	27½	27	27
2,100	Do pf	90	88	88	1,100	Tono Bel	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
15	Leh Nav	72½	72½	72½	135	Un Gas Imp	74	73⅞	74
215	Leh Val	55⅝	55	55⅝	60	Un Traction	38½	38⅛	38⅛
5	North Cent	74½	74½	74½	4	Un Cos, N J	188	188	188
85	Penn R R	45½	45½	45½					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Bald Loco 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	$1,000	L V 6s con	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
2,000	El & P 4s cf	87	87	87	3,000	Phil El 1 5s	96	96	96
6,000	Phil Elec t c	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	1,000	Read gen 4s	86	86	86
2,000	Lake S inc	59¼	59¼	59¼					

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	W'nesday Bid.
Anglo Am Oil	16½	17	16½
Atlantic Refining	1090	1115	1065
Borne-Scrymser	465	485	465
Buckeye Pipe L	95	97	95
Chesebrough Mfg	300	320	300
Continental Oil	500	520	500
Crescent Pipe Line	37	39	37
Cumberland P L	180	190	180
Eureka Pipe Line	185	195	185
Galena Signal Oil	88	90	88
Do pf, new	102	106	102
Do pf, old	125	140	125
Illinois Pipe Line	165	168	163
Indiana Pipe Line	104	107	104
Int Pet Co	21½	22¼	21¼
National Transit	16½	17½	16½
N Y Transit	190	200	190
Northern Pipe L	110	115	108
Ohio Oil	324	329	323
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	58	60	58
Prairie O & G	670	680	675
Prairie Pipe Line	272	278	270
Solar Refining	360	370	360
Southern Pipe L	177	182	177
South Penn Oil	315	320	300
S W Penn	100	104	100
Stand Oil of Cal	270	275	260
Stand Oil of Ind	785	795	780
Stand Oil of Kan	525	540	525
Stand Oil of Ky	360	370	360
Stand Oil of Neb	475	495	475
Stand Oil of N J	713	718	720
Stand Oil of N Y	315	320	318
Stand Oil of Ohio	470	400	470
Swan & Finch	98	102	98
Union Tank	116	119	116
Vacuum Oil	415	420	418
Washington Oil	33	37	33

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed's-day Bid.
Am Cigar	114	..	114
Do pf	85	90	85
Conley Foil	180	..	180
J S Young	125	150	125
Do pf	98	106	98
MacA & Forbes	190	210	190
Do pf	85	95	85
P R-Am Tobacco	132	138	132
R J Reynolds, A	390	425	400
Do B	310	325	310
Do pf	107	109	107
Weyman-Bruton	165	180	165
Do pf	105	110	105

*Ex dividend.

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wed's-day Bid.
Am Brass	218	220	216
Atlas Powder	152	157	150
Do pf	91	94	89
Babcock & Wilcox	108	109½	108
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf	60	80	60
Colt's Arms	37	42	37
Du Pont	270	285	260
Du Pont debs	91	92½	91
Hercules	202	206	202
Do pf	106	109	106
Niles-Bem't-Pond	104	108	104
Do pf	95	100	95
Scovill Mfg	320	350	320
Standard Screw	230	250	230

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,206 and 1,208, store and basement, lessee to alter at a cost of $12,000; Charlotte E. A. Throckmorton to Brown's Buffet Lunch, 41 Park Row, 10 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, A. J. Halprin, 41 Park Row......$6,500 to $8,000

COLUMBUS AV, 485, part of ground floor; John Bremer to Jacob Abrams and Abe Cohen, 485 Columbus Av, 5 8-12 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Leo Nachtmann, 166 East 86th St......$900

GREENWICH ST, 353, s e corner of Harrison St, 19-21, all; Emilie T. and Frederick A. Post to William Gerken, on the premises, 5 years from May 1, 1919; taxes, &c., and $4,500 and......$5,000

JAY ST, 30, and Greenwich St, 332, west store; Lillian F. Hinslage and another to Joseph Ruggirello, 33 Oliver St, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1920, 5-year renewal......$600

MADISON AV, 1,683 and 1,684, 2 stores; N. Goldesman to Ike Litman, 1,681 Madison Av, from Feb. 1, 1918, to May 1, 1921, 2 years' renewal; attorneys, Kirk & D., 180 Fulton St......$1,820

MADISON AV, 1,684, 2d and 3d floors; Nachson Goldesman to Ike Litman, 1,684 Madison Av, 2 5-12 years from Dec. 1, 1918, 2 years' renewal; attorneys, Kirk & D., 180 Fulton St......$804

PIER 10 East River; City of New York, by Commissioner of Docks, to New York and Baltimore Transportation Line, on the premises, 10 years from Aug. 1, 1916; attorney, Corporation Counsel, City of New York......$33,000

STANTON ST, 25, s and rear ½ of cellar; Monroe Ekstein Brewing Co. to George Andricos, 55 Delancey St, 11 mos. from Aug. 1, 1918; attorney, Walter F. Welch, 120 Broadway......$1,200

WARREN ST, n w corner of Broadway, window space, west of Broadway, 12x2.6, for fruit stand, &c.; D. A. Schulte, Inc., to Harry Karhulas, 237 Washington St, 10 years from Oct. 1, 1917......$960

8TH AV, 391-93, all; Eclipse Realty Co. to D. Silverman, 56 East 106th St, and another, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1919......$3,600

42D ST, 136 West, all; Robert M. Fuller to Hugh Dougherty, 35 West 38th St, 10 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, J. S. Bernstein, 235 Broadway...Taxes, &c., and net $8,400

93D ST, 162 East, all; Katherine Stehlin to John J. Dietz, 162 East 93d St, 5 8-12 years from Jan. 1, 1919; attorney, S. F. Swinburne, New Rochelle, N. Y.; repairs, &c., and......$600

Bronx.

187TH ST, 606 East, 25x100, store; Leonardo Di Jorio to Philip Bergman, 2,282 Bathgate Av, 10 years from May 1, 1919; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway......$1,560

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Bronx.

BECK ST, e s, 200 ft s of 156th St, 25x100; Clair Payne to John P. Wade, 178 West 45th St; attorney, T. A. Leary, 2 Rector St......$1

HOLLAND AV, 1,781; Amelia Orth to Elizabeth M. Dettner, 790 East 160th St; attorney, E. A. Acker, 287 Broadway......$4,000

WATERBURY AV, e s, 225 ft w of Zerega Av, 20x108; Elizabeth Helmstetter to Edward A. Acker, 776 Forest Av; attorney, Edward A. Acker, 776 Forest Av......$2,500

165TH ST, 582 East; Edward A. Acker, exr., to Ella A. Gregg, 150 West 75th St, et al., exrs.; attorney, E. A. Acker, 776 Forest Av......$15,000

180TH ST, 944 East; Frederick Dreher to Ida Dreher, 860 East 161st St; attorney, F. E. Holahan, 501 Tremont Av......$3,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

96TH ST, 113 East; Joseph E. Hurwitz against Calvin Realty Corp., owner; Salomon Levin, contractor......$2,062.03

LAIGHT ST, 34, and Vestry St, 13; Unity Contracting Co., Inc., against John Fleming, owner and contractor......$5,600.00

Bronx.

RYER AV, 2,035; Jacob Lieberman against Secile Brest, owner and contractor...$39.00

138TH ST, 410-412 East; Berger Mfg. Co. against Mary J. McNamara, owner; William H. Tiedeman, Inc., contractors, renewal......$53.00

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK

New York, January 16, 1919.
At the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Directors, held on January 14, 1919, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected to serve for the ensuing year:

Samuel G. Bayne	Edw. H. R. Green
Robert J. Caldwell	David H. E. Jones
William K. Cleverley	Peter McDonnell
Edward J. Cornish	Joseph Seep
Henry C. Folger	Charles C. Thompson
Bennett L. Gill	Henry Whiton

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the following officers were unanimously elected:
S. G. Bayne, President.

C. C. Thompson, Vice-President.	O. M. Jefferds, Asst. Cashier.
B. L. Gill, Vice-President.	C. C. Fisher, Asst. Cashier.
W. K. Cleverley, Vice-President.	J. D. Smith, Asst. Cashier.
L. N. DeVausney, Vice-President.	B. I. Dadson, Asst. Cashier.
H. W. Donovan, Cashier.	J. E. Orr, Asst. Cashier.

H. W. DONOVAN, Cashier.

THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Corn Exchange Bank, New York City, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the Banking House, 13 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 21st, 1919, at 12 o'clock Noon.
At said meeting a proposition will be submitted and voted upon to increase the Capital Stock of said bank from Three Million five hundred thousand dollars to Four Million two hundred thousand dollars by the issue of seven thousand additional shares of $100 each, to be offered to stockholders at par in proportion to the stock already held by them.
The polls will be open from 12 o'clock Noon to 1:00 P. M.
WALTER E. FREW, President.
EDWARD S. MALMAR, Cashier, Acting as Secretary.
December 18, 1918.

THE LINCOLN NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
60 East 42d Street, Opposite Grand Central Terminal.
New York, January 16th, 1919.
At the annual meeting of the shareholders of this bank held January 14th, 1919, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Eben E. Olcott	William A. Simonson
Joseph P. Grace	Edward L. Rossiter
William G. Rockefeller	Howard S. Borden
Marcellus Hartley Dodge	Howard C. Brokaw
William Brewster	William S. Hawk
Harry J. Luce	Edward W. Brown
Chas. Elliot Warren.	

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, Mr. Chas. Elliot Warren was unanimously re-elected President; Mr. William A. Simonson and Mr. David C. Grant were unanimously re-elected Vice Presidents; Mr. John S. Sammis was appointed Cashier, and Messrs. Henry E. Stubing, Thomas Kenworthy, and Edward L. Bishop were appointed Assistant Cashiers.
JOHN S. SAMMIS, Cashier.

THE UNITED STATES SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
New York, January 14, 1919.
At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, held this day, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:
Charles S. Brown,
Lewis L. Clarke,
David L. Gallup,
Donald G. Geddes,
Alexander J. Hemphill,
William A. Jamison,
John W. Platten,
Mortimer L. Schiff,
Charles B. Segar,
James Timpson,
Arthur Turnbull,
William H. Williams,
J. Lynch Pendergast.
JOSEPH ADAMS, Secretary.

THE CONTINENTAL BANK OF NEW YORK.
New York, January 15th, 1919.
At the annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank held the 14th inst., the following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Henry Block	Martin J. Quinn
Oscar Dressler	Bernard Rentrop
John H. Duys	Edward Schafer
J. F. Frederichs	D. Schnakenberg
Harmon W. Hendricks	Wm. Siegel
Frederick H. Hornby	Albert Tag.
Frank Poel	

At a meeting of the Directors held this day, Mr. Albert Tag was reappointed Chairman of the Board. Mr. J. F. Frederichs President, and Messrs. D. Schnakenberg and Henry Block, Vice Presidents, were unanimously re-elected. Mr. Frederick H. Hornby was reappointed Cashier.
F. H. HORNBY, Cashier.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET
January 6th, 1919.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.
R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.
The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.
By order of the Board of Directors.
C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

New York, January 15th, 1919.
To Stockholders of Oriental Navigation Corporation:
A special meeting of the stockholders of ORIENTAL NAVIGATION CORPORATION will be held on the 3rd day of February, 1919, at 12:30 o'clock P. M. at the office of the Company, No. 17 Battery Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from $2,000,000, consisting of 20,000 shares of the par value of $100 each, to $5,000,000, to consist of 50,000 shares of the par value of $100 each.
PHILIP DeRONDE, President.
FRANK H. HALL, Secretary.

INTERBOROUGH CONSOLIDATED CORPORATION.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation will be held at the principal office of the Corporation, No. 165 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of January, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes, namely: For the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
H. M. FISHER, Secretary.
Dated, New York, Dec. 27th, 1918.

ALABAMA MINERAL LAND COMPANY.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Alabama Mineral Land Company will be held in the City of New York, at No. 22 William Street, Room 20, on Monday, January 20th, 1919, at twelve o'clock M.
EDWIN GIBBS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Barney-Ahlers Construction Corporation will be held on January 20th, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing officers, Directors, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of Lederle Laboratories, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for such other business as shall be legally brought before it, will be held at the offices of the Company, 39 W. 38th St., Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on Monday, January 27th, 1919, at 4 P. M.
Signed, J. A. MARSH, Sec'y.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Land Value Refunding Company, Inc., will be held January 24th, 1919, at the Branch Offices of the Company, 15 William Street, at 2 P. M.
ERNEST FREDERICK LAWES, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

At a meeting of the Directors of this company held in London to-day, it was decided to recommend to the shareholders at the Annual Meeting fixed to be held January 28, 1919, payment on January 31, 1919, of a final dividend of six per cent. free of British income tax upon the Ordinary shares, making with interim dividends already paid 30 per cent. for the year ended September 30, 1918, as against 30 per cent. for the year ended September 30, 1917.

In their annual report, the directors say that the factories in England have during the year continued to be largely employed on supplies for troops abroad and the American factories have also been fully employed. The cost of leaf and other materials has materially increased during the year and the employment of much larger capital has been necessary. Net profits for the year after deducting all charges and expenses for management, etc., and providing for income tax and estimated excess profits duty for the year are £3,140,174. 8.10. as against £3,105,002.0.6. for the previous year before providing for excess profits duty for that year the amount of which is estimated at £560,000. After paying final dividend of six per cent. carry forward will be £3,005,578.4.4.

The directors have also decided to pay on January 31, 1919, with final dividend for past year, an interim dividend of six per cent. for the year 1918-1919 on the Ordinary shares of the Company, free of British income tax. Transfers received in order at registered office in London up to January 15, 1919, will be in time to be passed for payment of dividends to transferees.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY LIMITED
January 15, 1919.

DONALD STEAMSHIP COMPANY, INC.
Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of Donald Steamship Company, Inc., held January 15th, 1919, a dividend of 6% was declared upon the outstanding common stock payable on January 27th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 20th, 1919.
Dated January 16th, 1919.
FRANK H. HALL, Secretary.

DONALD STEAMSHIP COMPANY, INC.
Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of Donald Steamship Company, Inc., held January 15th, 1919, a quarterly dividend of 1½% was declared upon the outstanding preferred stock payable on January 27th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 20th, 1919.
Dated January 16th, 1919.
FRANK H. HALL, Secretary.

SANTA CECILIA SUGAR CORPORATION
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 3
The regular semi-annual dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. upon the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company has been duly declared, payable February 1, 1919, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business January 25, 1919.
Transfer books will not be closed.
ROBERT L. DEAN, Treasurer.
New York, January 16, 1919.

READING COMPANY,
General Office, Reading Terminal.
Philadelphia, January 15, 1919.
The Board of Directors has declared from the net earnings a quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the Common Stock of the Company, to be paid on February 13, 1919, to the stockholders of record at the close of business, January 23, 1919. Checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed dividend orders with the Treasurer.
JAY V. HARE, Secretary.

S K F ADMINISTRATIVE CO., INC.
The regular semi-annual distribution of three per cent. (3%) and an extra distribution of four per cent. (4%) on the Participation Certificates of this Company have been declared, payable on February 13th, 1919, to holders of Participation Certificates of record at the close of business February 10th, 1919.
New York, January 8th, 1919.
GEO. A. W. ACHENBACH, Treasurer.

ORIENTAL NAVIGATION CORPORATION.
Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of Oriental Navigation Corporation, held January 15th, 1919, a quarterly dividend of 2% was declared upon the outstanding stock payable on January 27th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 20th, 1919.
Dated January 16th, 1919.
FRANK H. HALL, Secretary.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.
The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 24, 1919.
S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY.
January 7, 1919.
DIVIDEND NO. 533.
The Board of Directors has today declared a monthly dividend of fifty cents (50c.) per share, payable January 25, 1919, to stockholders of record three o'clock P. M. January 20, 1919.
Checks will be mailed by Columbia Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.
FRED CLARK, Secretary.

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Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.
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Hotel Beechwood
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Favorable rates; open all year; folder.
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RESORTS.
NEW JERSEY.
IDEAL WINTER HOME
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MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS.
OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY.
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ATLANTIC CITY
NEW JERSEY
The Brightest Winter Promenade in the World
Have you ever strolled along Atlantic City's Famous Boardwalk on a winter's day? If not, you have never realized the full beauty and attraction that this Wooden Way affords. The Boardwalk has been compared by a critical observer to a "half dozen of the world's best known boulevards all rolled into one and stretched out along a flawless beach washed by the breakers of the Gulf Stream." Wonderful, healthful climate, invigorating breezes, luxurious hotels with congenial companionship. Every outdoor attraction, Golf at its best, Theatres, Piers, Concerts, &c.
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Hotel Dennis — On the Ocean Front, Walter J. Buzby
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Hotel Chelsea — On the Ocean Front, J. B. Thompson & Co.
Seaside House — On the Ocean Front, F. P. Cook's Sons
The Holmhurst — Central: near Beach, A. H. Darnell
Hotel St. Charles — On the Ocean Front, Wm. A. Leech, Mgr.
Marlborough-Blenheim — On the Ocean Front, American and European Plans, JosiahWhite&SonsCo.
Hotel Strand — On the Ocean Front, F. B. Off and H. C. Edwards
The Shelburne — On the Ocean Front, After Improvements will Re-open Feb. 1
The Wiltshire — Central: near Beach, Samuel Ellis, Re-opens about Feb. 15
For information and schedule of convenient railroad facilities, consult local ticket agents

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales, with complimentary Tea Service. Garage.
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The Leading Resort House of the World
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"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
Health Is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments.
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EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
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AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

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Family Hotel. Mrs Gerson L. Kahn

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MOUNT CLEMENS MINERAL BATHS
For Rheumatism, nervousness and that run-down condition. Open all the year. Booklet.
Business Men's Association, Mt. Clemens, Mich.

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ON CAMDEN HEIGHTS
Open January to May
SOUTH CAROLINA
18-Hole Golf, Riding, Climate.
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INDIAN RIVER and ROCKLEDGE
ROCKLEDGE, FLORIDA
Golf, Tennis, Boating, Fishing, Hunting, etc. Ideal climate. Write for circular. W. W. BROWN. Summer season: Granliden Hotel, Lake Sunapee, N. H.

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AIKEN, S. C.
OPENS JANUARY 10. AMERICAN PLAN.
New hotel all modern conveniences. Golf, tennis, polo, driving and horseback riding; ideal climate. J. J. SWEENEY, Mgr.
FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT.

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THE DE SOTO Savannah, Georgia.
Golf through the Winter. 18-Hole Course.

Hotel Royal Palm Open Jan. 4th. Fort Myers, Florida.
Fine 18 Hole Golf, Fishing, Swimming Pool. Every Room with Bath. J. L. NELSON, Mgr.

Hotel Windsor, facing beautiful Hemming Park, is Jacksonville's largest and Florida's finest Hotel. Robt. R. Meyer, Proprietor. J. E. Kavanaugh, Mgr. Jacksonville, Fla

PINE FOREST INN—Summerville, S. C. 21 miles from Charleston. 18-hole Golf Course. Riding, Driving, Hunting. Open Dec. 1. F. W. Wagener & Co., Props. Willard A. Senna, Mgr.

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431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The old retail shopping district, south of Twenty-third Street, which has not figured prominently in the speculative market for many months, furnished an interesting transaction yesterday in the sale of the building at 140, 142, and 144 West Twenty-second Street, held at $350,000.

The property consists of a twelve-story store and loft structure, on a plot 62.5 by 100, which was sold by the Postal Life Insurance Company to Frederick Brown, operator. It has an annual rent roll of about $32,000, and was acquired by the sellers in July, 1915, in foreclosure proceedings against the Ritaro Realty Company and others on a bid of $270,000. Greenfield & Saffin were the brokers in the transaction.

This is the second large purchase made by operators in the district in the course of a few weeks, and brokers predict a revival of speculative activity. On Dec. 28 last Bing & Bing, builders and operators, purchased from Isaac Clothier of Philadelphia the eleven-story loft building at 119 and 121 West Twenty-third Street, held at $500,000. Several other deals in the section are reported pending.

N. Y. A. C. Negotiating for Coronet Apartment.

At the annual meeting of the New York Athletic Club last Tuesday a committee was appointed to enter into negotiations with the heirs of the estate of William E. Burgess for the purchase of the ten-story Coronet apartment house, on the northeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street. The club building has an entrance on Fifty-eighth Street, adjoining the apartment structure, and the main edifice also adjoins it on Sixth Avenue. There has been considerable discussion regarding the purchase of the property to accommodate the increasing club membership for several years. The Coronet covers a plot 100 feet on Fifty-eighth Street and 100.5 on Sixth Avenue, and is assessed at $625,000. The athletic club leases two floors at an annual rental of $15,000. Lawrence McGuire, President of the United States Realty and Improvement Company, is Chairman of the committee.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

Martha C. Elsing and Morris Joseph sold to Frederick Brown, operator, 32 East Sixty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, held at $55,000. Pease & Elliman negotiated the sale.

The four-story dwelling at 273 West Seventy-third Street, on lot 18 by 102.2, near West End Avenue, has been purchased by Mrs. Julia Bacon, who gave in part payment her house at 1,902 Marmine Avenue, Bronx Borough. The Everett M. Seixas Company, in conjunction with the Ogden Clarkson Company, were the brokers.

William E. Spencer sold the four-story dwelling, 16.8 by 98.8, at 145 West Twenty-sixth Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues.

Mary L. Broidy sold to an investor 180 Lexington Avenue, a three-story dwelling with stores, on the northwest corner of Thirty-first Street.

An investing client of Pease & Elliman purchased from Frederick Brown, operator, 982 Lexington Avenue, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 80. The buyer will alter the building into small apartments.

Tenement Deals.

The estate of Mabel E. D. Taylor sold to the Charles Galruski Company, Inc., 2,075 Eighth Avenue, a five-story triple tenement, on a lot 25 by 100, located near 112th Street. L. B. Crane negotiated the sale, the property being held at $35,000.

An investor purchased from the Metropolitan Mortgage Company the six-story elevator apartment house 230 West 113th Street, on a plot 50 by 100.11. The structure is located at the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 113th Street, recently purchased by the Manhattan Heights Improvement Company from the Central Savings Bank.

Brooklyn.

Jules Blumberg has sold his two-family house at 193 Hewes Street to Morris Bessen.

Four lots, each 20 by 100 feet, on the east side of Twenty-second Street, 465 feet north of Avenue R, have been sold to an investor by William P. Jones for Ella Townsend.

Queens Borough Sales.

The two-story brick dwelling at 602 Hamilton Avenue, Richmond Hill, has been sold by H. R. Williams & Son for a client to Miss Bahr.

H. Miles has sold to G. Johnson a plot 40 by 100 feet on the east side of Sherman Street, north of Hill Street, Jamaica.

The Dana Realty Company has purchased from W. Belloff a plot 50 by 100 feet at the southwest corner of Eighty-seventh and 102d Streets, Richmond Hill.

L. Bass has sold to J. Halprin a plot 75 by 75 feet on the east side of Stratton Avenue, south of the Boulevard, Far Rockaway.

Staten Island Sales.

W. S. E. Hall has sold for Mrs. E. C. Clifford the properties at 252 to 258 Davis Avenue, West New Brighton, to William Bernecker.

Crippled Soldiers Fund Leases House.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased the five-story house at 247 Madison Avenue, corner of Thirty-eighth Street, for the estate of Mary C. Wallace to the Blind and Cripple Fund for the Relief of American Soldiers and Sailors for a short term.

Drug Firm Leases at Columbus Circle.

The Liggett, Riker-Hegeman Company has purchased the lease of the building at 11 and 12 Columbus Circle, being on the corner of Fifty-ninth Street, from Meserik & Schonhard, the present tenants. It has six years to run and the drug firm has obtained an extension of the lease from George Ehret, owner of the property. The firm will take possession July 1, occupying the ground floor store. Nathan J. Mitchell and Robert J. Coverdale were the brokers. Schmidt & Donahue represented Mr. Ehret.

Clarendon Theatre, in Brooklyn, Leased for Auto Use.

The McInerney-Klinck Realty Company, as broker, has leased the Clarendon Theatre, Brooklyn, at 1,1109 to 1,113 Flatbush Avenue, 200 feet north of Clarendon Road, fronting 50 feet on Flatbush Avenue, with a depth of 150 feet. The lease is for a long term of years at a total rental of $50,000. The building will be altered for automobile sales and show rooms.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co.'s Annual Meeting.

At the annual meeting of Douglas L. Elliman & Co. the following officers were elected: Douglas L. Elliman, President and Treasurer; Argyll R. Parsons, Vice President; Roland F. Elliman, Vice President and Assistant Treasurer; Henry A. Frey, Secretary. The Directors elected were: Douglas L. Elliman, Argyll R. Parsons, Roland F. Elliman, Henry A. Frey, Herbert A. Wildman, Alfred E. Taylor, Robert C. Knapp, and R. W. Murray. The business of this corporation during the past year exceeded that of any previous year by 30 per cent. The President and many other members were in Government service.

Commercial Leases.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., have leased for the Ellisdale Company, Inc., Charles H. O'Connor Company, agent, the eighteenth floor, containing 18,000 square feet, at 53 and 55 Fifth Avenue, northeast corner of Twelfth Street, to the National Shirt Shops, Inc., for stockroom and executive offices. The main reason for the lessees' choosing the building is due to the change in the nature of its occupancy from manufacturing to nonmanufacturing tenantry. The lease is for a term of years at a rental aggregating $70,000.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased to Zimmerman & Forshay, for a long term of years, at a total aggregate rental of approximately $300,000, the ground floor of the eighteen-story Broadway-Maiden Lane Building, 170 Broadway, together with the mezzanine floor and a large amount of space on the first floor adjoining. Zimmerman & Forshay have been located for forty-two years in the Mortimer Building, at 11 Wall Street, which building was recently purchased by Robert E. Dowling and resold to the New York Stock Exchange.

Realty Notes.

Abram Kamlet is the buyer of 248 East Broadway, sold recently by the Cruikshank Company.

Loring M. Hewen, who has been serving in the United States Navy for the past year, is now connected with Cushman & Wakefield, Inc.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By I. Lincoln Seide.

Mulberry St, 235, w s, 241.8 ft n of Spring St, 25.2x97x25.1x98.3, five-story tenement and four-story rear tenement; N. Y. Trust Co. against W. J. Cunningham et al.; Merrill, I. & T., attorneys; due $20,004.93; taxes, &c., $562.60; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

117th St, 428 East, s s, 294 ft e of 1st Av, 43x100.10, six-story tenement and stores; Tennent Ronalds et al, executors, against Loretta Corp et al; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $33,280.94; taxes, &c., $1,411.47; to the Lawyers Mortgage Co., a party in interest, for $32,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JAN. 16.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BETHUNE ST, 46 and 48, n e corner of Washington St, (755 to 761,) 82.1x100x77.7x100, (foreclosure Jan. 9, 1919;) Powell Crichton, referee, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St....$50,000

CATHARINE ST, 82, w s, 176 ft n of Cherry St, 25.2x101.2; Vincent C. Pepe to Andrew Flori, 95 James St, mtg $18,000, all liens, Jan. 11....$100

GREENWICH ST, 394, n w cor Beach St, 25x79.10; Jesse S. Phillips, as Supt. of Ins. of State of N. Y., to Laura E. Walker, 538 West 179th St, mtg $27,000, Dec. 26; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$4,000

SAME PROPERTY; Laura E. Walker to Leonard Weill, 155 West 103d St, mtg $26,500, all liens, Jan. 14; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$1

LAFAYETTE ST, 208, w s, 179 ft n of Broome St, 21.3x100; Juliette Appelbaum, 1,406 Vyse Av, Bronx, mtg $16,500, Jan. 2; attorney, Brison Howie, 128 Broadway.$100

MAIDEN LANE, 91, n e s, 27.10 ft s e of Gold St, 8.1x21.6x irregular; Preferred City Real Estate Co. to Empire Mortgage Co., 46 Cedar St, mtg $36,000, Dec. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

PARK AV, 1,807-1,813, e s, 75.8 ft e of 125th St, 68x90; Wilton Holding Corpn. to I. Schlachetsky, 1,853 Madison Av, mtg $30,000, all liens, Jan. 15; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$100

PARK AV, e s, 25 ft n of 124th St; Josephine A. Finn and another to Dyckman Stores Corp., 162 W. 72d St, Jan. 9; attorney, T. L. Durland, 15 Wall St....$100

PRINCE ST, s s, 75 ft w of Thompson St, 25x100; Julius Braun to Max S. Weil, May 17, 1902; attorneys, Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway....$1

7TH AV, 236, w s, 128.3 ft n of 23d St, 19.8x80; Markham Realty Corp. to Ida Seligman, 236 7th Av; attorney, Frank H. Wolfson, 299 Broadway....$1

7TH AV, 2,484-86, w s, 40 ft n of 144th St, 40x100; Fredk. Dreher to Idad Dreher, 800 East 161st St, mtg $40,000, all liens, Dec. 23; attorney, Frank E. Holahan, 501 Tremont Av....$100

18TH ST, 406 East, s s, 119 ft e of 1st Av, 25x92; Belmont Building and Improvement Co. to Bessie Goldberg, 928 Kelly St, Bronx, Jan. 15; attorney, Leo Schafran, 51 Chambers St....$1

73D ST, 137 East, n w corner of Lexington Av, 26x102.2, foreclosure Jan. 8, 1919; Edward Jacobs, referee, to Louis Roth, 983 Lexington Av, Jan. 15; attorneys, Tausch; H. & H., 32 Broadway....$6,000

73D ST, n s, 135.6 ft e of Avenue A, 37.6x102.2; 73d St, n s, 173 ft e of Avenue A, 37.6x102.2; 73d St, n e, 210.6 ft e of Avenue A, 37.6x102.2; Harry Halpern to Morris Rosenfeld, 661 Putnam Av, Brooklyn, mtg $66,400....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Morris Rosenfeld to Adolf Horowitz, 1,923 2d Av, mtg $66,400, Jan. 15; attorney, Ernest Adler, 1,506 1st Av....$1

89TH ST, 218 and 220 East, s s, 250 ft e of 3d Av, 50x102.2; Vermilyea Realty Co. to James Beaver, 2,010 Watson Av, Bronx, mtg $38,000, all liens, Jan. 15; attorney, Lewis S. Marx, 42 Broadway....$100

93D ST, 162 East, s s, 283.8 ft w of 3d Av, 16.0x100.8; Kath. Stehlin to Kath. M. and Caroline Stehlen, as joint tenants, at Hotel Theresa, 7th Av and 125th St, Jan. 3; attorney, S. F. Swinburne, New Rochelle, N. Y....$100

93D ST, s s, 192.8 ft e of 5th Av, 19.6x100.8; Louis Weber to Elsa Weber Stemme, Maywood, N. J., mtg $20,000, &c.; attorneys, Chedsey & D., 320 Broadway....$1

95TH ST, 170 West, s s, 117 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x100.8, foreclosure Jan. 7, 1919; Alfred H. Townley, referee, to Equitable Life Assurance Society of United States, Jan. 16; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway....$8,500

108TH ST, 3-5 West, n s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, 50x100.11; Minnie W. Teets and the Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Stelton Realty Corp., 15 William St, mtg $58,000, Jan. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; A. Alonzo Teets to same, mtg $58,000, all title, b. and s., Jan. 14; attorney, same....$100

110TH ST, 12-14 East, s s, 150 ft w of Madison Av, 52x100.11; Stars and Stripes Realty Co. to Samuel Carner, 1,423 Bryant Av, mtg $28,000, Jan. 13; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row....$100

110TH ST, 12-14 East, s s, 150 ft w of Madison Av, 52x100.11; S. and Lillian Carner to Bertha and Anna Wolf and Lillian Carner, 971 Trinity Av., Bronx, each 1-3 part, all liens; attorneys, Greenberg & L., 38 Park Row....$1

119TH ST, 82 West, s s, 103 ft e of Lenox Av, 16x100.11; Ogden Davidson to Congregation Ukadisha, Sons of Israel, M. Kalvarye, 13-15 Pike St, mtg $6,000; attorneys, Davis & D., 51 Chambers St....$8,250

119TH ST, 84 West, s s, 85 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.11; Martin Beck to same, mtg $7,000; attorneys, same....$100

119TH ST, s s, 225 ft e of 1st Av, 25x148.3x37.1x120.7; John E. Dordan to Isabel G. Owen, 402 W 153d St, mtg $15,000, b. and s., Jan. 15; attorneys, McCombs & Ryan, 15 Wall St....$1

125TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 8th Av, 30x99.11; Frank Peterson to Anna A. and Amy F. Paterson, 965 West End Av, 1-3 part, Jan. 7; attorney, Wilmore Anway, 141 Broadway....$100

128TH ST, 415 West, n s, 135.7 ft e of Convent Av, 60x99.11; Lawrence Holding Co. to the Manchester Constr. Co., 84 5th Av, b. and s., Jan. 15; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway....$100

134TH ST, 510 West, s s, 230 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 40x99.11; Benjamin Cohen to Ilwood Holding Corp., 47 West 34th St, mtg $33,000, correction deed, all liens, Oct. 28, 1918; attorney, I. Josephson, 5 Beekman St....$1

179TH ST, 538 West, s s, 125 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 38x100; Abr. Ruth to Arrow Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, mtg $31,500, all liens, Jan. 15; attorney, R. B. Kelly, 233 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Arrow Holding Corp., to Wilhelmine Walther, 395 Manhattan Av, mtg $31,500, all liens, Jan. 15; attorney, same....$100

180TH ST, 707 and 709 West, n s, 329.5 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 50x110; Ernwall Realty Co. to H. & M. Building Corp., 1,138 St. Nicholas Av, mtg $52,500, all liens, Jan. 15; attorneys, Dunn & Daly, 261 B'way.$100

Bronx.

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 271.11 ft n of 165th St, runs n 86.2 to Boston Road x s w 102.3x e 54.11; Van Curlear Realty Co. to Crotona Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, mtg $22,000, Jan. 15; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St....$100

COSTER ST, 622, e s, 20x100; Ellie J. Donelan to Bessie Goldberg, 928 Kelly St, mtg $4,500, Dec. 28, 1918; attorney, Leo Schofran, 51 Chambers St....$1

CRESTON AV, s e corner of 188th St, 65.1x95x51.8x95.11; Catharine Featherstone to Erda Realty Co., 200 5th Av, mtg $60,000, Jan. 13; attorney, Otterbourg, S & H., 200 5th Av....$100

DOON AV, w s, 450 ft s of Jefferson Av, 50x95.8; Edenwold Nelson to Peter Brady, 416A Jersey St, San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 22, 1918; attorney, William C. White, 507 5th Av....$100

FORDHAM ROAD, EAST, s w corner of Crotona Av, 52.1x204.7x89.2x209.4; William G. Keir, referee, to Walton Holding Corp., 135 Broadway, Jan. 6; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 B'way...$10,500

SAME PROPERTY; Wilton Holding Corp. to Land Estates, Inc., 135 Broadway, mtg $8,000, Jan. 6; same attorney....$1

INTERVALE AV, w s, 193.10 ft n of Westchester Av, 50x100; P. K. B. Realty Co. to Henry Greenspan, 777 West End Av, Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

LOTS 49 and 50, map of F. P. and H. A. Forster; Lillian E. Herrmann to Riverdale-City Line Realty Co., 102 West 105th St, mtg $1,000, Jan. 15; attorneys, Sayers Bros., 31 Nassau St....$600

MARION AV, n w corner of 194th St, 126.6x275.3 to Bainbridge Av x132.2x238.9; Farmers Loan and Trust Co., trustee, to Arrow Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, Jan. 7; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Arrow Holding Corp. to Anna M. Jones, 2,463 Valentine Av, mtg $34,000, Jan. 14; same attorney....$100

MORRIS AV, e s, 213.3 ft n of 174th St, 50x85; Thomas R. M. Wilson to John O'Leary, 2,218 University Av, Jan. 15; attorney, John O'Leary, 2,218 University Av....$100

VYSE AV, 1,511, 20x100; Daniel F. Farrell to Raphael Sacks et al., 61 East 7th St, mtg $5,000, Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WESTCHESTER AV, s w corner of 171st St, 99.6x163.1x108.11x181.6; John Anderson to Blanche Anderson, 1,750 Westchester Av, ½ part, mtg $15,000, Aug. 1, 1918; attorney, R. Dudensing, Jr., 156 Broadway..Gift

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest at 5 per cent, unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

127TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x99.11 supplement and correction of mortgage recorded Aug. 3, 1918, July 24, 1918; William Michaelson to Dexter P. Maynard, Erieville, N. Y., individual and trustee of Erieville Branch of the Dairymen's League of Madison Co., N. Y., due and interest as per bond, for mtg. $14,000; address, D. P. Maynard, Erieville, N. Y....$16,000

55TH ST, 25 West, n s, 350 ft w of 5th Av, 17.6x100.5, this mortgage for $6,000 and another mortgage for $20,000 are equal liens and subject to prior mtg. for $30,000, Jan. 15; Honore M. Bergor to Emery L. Ferris, 65 Central Park West, 1 year; attorneys, Anderson & A., 15 Broad St....$9,000

75TH ST, 241 East, n s, 106 ft w of 2d Av, 20x101.6, with a. t. to strip in rear, 20x0.8, P. M., Jan. 15; Charles E. Haskell to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St...$7,500

54TH ST, 432 West, s s, 383.4 ft e of 10th Av, 16.8x53.6, P. M.; Charles E. Haskell to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. and W. Hutchins, 84 William St....$2,000

7TH AV, 236, w s, 128.3 ft n of 23d St, 19.8x80, P. M. Jan. 15; Ida Seligman to William Biglow, 1,308 Summit Av, Seattle, Wash., and another, trustees, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, A. S. Bacon, 111 Broadway..$12,500

SAME PROPERTY, Jan. 15; same to Markham Realty Corp., 31 Nassau St, 4 years, 5½ p. c., prior mtg $12,500; attorney, Seth S. Terry, 46 Cedar St....$3,500

SOUTH ST, bounded s e by South St, n w in rear by 81 Front St, n e by 43 South St, and s w by 41 South St, 23.6x98.3x23.6x97, s w s, Jan. 10; Richard Rochester to Union Square Savings Bank, 20 Union Square, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Stephen P. Nash, 30 Pine St....$30,000

LAFAYETTE ST, 208, w s, 179 ft n of Broome St, 21.3x100, P. M. Jan. 2; Juliette Apfelbaum to Little Streets Co., 14 West 40th St, due Jan. 15, 1922, 6 p. c., prior mtg $16,500; attorney, Brison Howie, 128 Broadway....$3,250

1ST AV, e s, 50.7 ft s of 80th St, 24.11x81, Jan. 14; Mortimer Realty Co. to Louis Loewenthal, 11 Broadway, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lazarus & Menin, 1 Madison Av....$3,000

112TH ST, 314-16 East, s s, 185 ft e of 2d Av, 40x100.10, Dec. 5; Alexandra Cioffi to L. Sowarese, 529 West 125th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $34,000; attorney, A. Ruggiero, 225 East 115th St....$1,500

18TH ST, 406 East, s s, 119 ft e of 1st Av, 25x92, Jan. 15; Bessie Goldberg to Belmont Bldg. and Impt. Co., 47 East 34th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $11,250; attorneys, Lorence & Harkavy, 42 Broadway....$2,250

PARK AV, 1,807-9 and 1,811-13, e s, 75.8 and 107.2 ft e of 125th St, 2 lots, each 31.6x90, 2 prior mtgs, each $25,000, and 2 prior mtgs, $15,000 each, Jan. 15; Israel Schlachetsky to Wilton Holding Corp., 135 Broadway, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. Y. Title and M. Co., 135 Broadway....$5,000

108TH ST, 3-5 West, n s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, 50x100.11, P. M., Jan. 15; Stelton Realty Corp. to Gottmore Holding Co., 299 Broadway, due April 13, 1921, 6 p. c., prior mtg $58,000; attorney, Herman Gottlieb, 299 Broadway....$5,000

24TH ST, 439 West, n s, 308.4 ft e of 10th Av, 20.10x98.9, Jan. 14; George M. Perkins to James A. Trowbridge, Noroton, Conn., 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

73D ST, n s, 135.6 ft e of Avenue A, 37.6x102.2; 73d St, n s, 173.1 ft e of Avenue A, 37.6x102.2, P. M., Jan. 15; Adolf Horowitz to Morris Rosenfeld, 661 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, due May 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, David L. Schwartz, 320 Broadway....$3,000

110TH ST, 12 East, s s, 176 ft w of Madison Av, 26x100.11, P. M., Jan. 15; Samuel Carmen to Stars and Stripes Realty Co., 51 Chambers St, due April 15, 1921, 6 p. c., prior mtg $14,000....$2,000

110TH ST, 14 East, s s, 150 ft w of Madison Av, 26x100.11, P. M.; same to same, due April 15, 6 p. c., prior mtg $14,000; attorney, Joseph E. Greenberg, 51 Chambers St....$2,000

2D AV, 1,357 to 1,363, s w corner of 72d St, 102.2x59.4; Jan. 13; Edward H. and Harold K. Mount to Dry Dock Sav. Instn., 341 Bowery, due as per bond; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row....$48,000

8TH AV, 526 and 528, e s, 74.1 ft s of 37th St, 49.4x100, Jan. 13; Edward H. and Harold K. Mount to Dry Dock Sav. Instn., 341 Bowery, due and int. as per bond; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row....$37,000

BROADWAY, 1,699, w s, 75.10 ft s of 54th St, 25.1x62x25x59.4, Jan. 13; Edward H. and H. K. Mount to Dry Dock Sav. Bank, 341 Bowery, due and int. as per bond; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row....$35,000

Bronx.

CRESTON AV, e e corner of 188th St, 65.1x95x51.8x95.11; Erdor Realty Co. to Catherine Featherstone, 308 Huguenot St, New Rochelle, N. Y., prior mtg $60,000, Jan. 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$8,000

FORDHAM ROAD, s w corner of Crotona Av, 52.1x204.7x89.2x209.4; Wilton Holding Corp. to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, Jan. 6, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co....$8,000

HILL AV, e s, 250 ft n of Jefferson Av, 50x100; Lillian Aginsky to Jacob Janse, 2,534 Creston Av, Jan. 13, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,500

LOT Q Q, map of Unionport; Cosimo Lombardozzi to Louise Manzo, 2,207 1st Av, Jan. 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Ruggiero, 225 East 115th St....$800

MARION AV, n w corner of 194th St, 126.6x257.3 to Bainbridge Av x182.2x238.9; Arrow Holding Corp. to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., trustee, 22 William St, Jan. 7, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place....$34,000

MORRIS AV, e s, 213.3 ft n of 174th St, 50x85; John O'Leary to Thomas R. M. Wilson, 125 Tyson St, New Brighton, S. I., Jan. 15, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Thomas R. M. Wilson, 50 Church St....$2,200

174TH ST, 452 to 456 East, s s, 65x100, leasehold; Warshauer Steam Rye Bread Co. to Mary Brainos, 104 East 81st St, Jan. 16, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, William M. Lesselbaum, 128 Broadway....$2,250

183TH ST, n s, 75 ft w of Hughes Av, 25x100; Leonardo Di Torio to Philip Bergman, 2,292 Bathgate Av, prior mtg $6,000, Jan. 15, due May 1, 1920, 4 p. c.; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway....$2,500

201ST ST, n e s, 114.6 ft n of Decatur Av, 37.6x117.11; Luer Immen, 359 East 201st St, to Botilde Sorensen, 359 East 201st St, Jan. 9, 5 years, 4 p. c.; attorney, Henry Wendt, 99 Nassau St....$3,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 2,452; Henry G. Ward, administrator, against Fanny Gruen et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Everett, Clarke & Benedict.

31ST ST, 39 East; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against Carlisle Norwood et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. L. Allen.

SUFFOLK ST, 14; Fred Kuser et al. against Dora Schall et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Foster & Newman.

86TH ST, 3 East; Wymond Le B. Milcheack against William F. Gill et al., (action to determine ownership;) attorney, M. D. Steuer.

Bronx.

188TH ST, 222 East; City Real Estate Co. against Valentine Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, N. Swain.

BOSTON ROAD, s w corner of 168th St, 51.2x97; Edward S. Murphy against Evelyn H. White et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Gillespie & O'Connor.

3D AV, w s, 177.1 ft n of 139th St, 49.6x197.4; E. W. K. Holding Corp. against J. C. Hoffman, Inc., et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. Blitzer.

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

130TH ST, 110 to 114 East; Torregiani & Severino against Wm. T. Carleton et al., Sept. 21, 1917....$1,783.72

180TH ST, 529 West; Abraham Wilkes against N. S. & J. Corp. et al., Dec. 3, 1918....$339.05

141ST ST, 351 West; Abraham Wilkes against Joseph Newmark et al., Dec. 3, 1918....$164.50

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On Chester Hill, near Station

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Space in Loft Building
IN JERSEY CITY OR NEWARK
SUITABLE FOR MANUFACTURING
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Cosy 6-room house, all improvements; sewer, macadam road; A1 condition; garage; plot 50x100; for sale $6,000. Owner, Box L, Scarsdale.

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Furnished bungalow in Bronxville or town nearby to rent; must have good heating and modern conveniences. A 43 Times.

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Garage.—A first-class, well-established garage for sale or rent in a fine 1-story up-to-date brick and stucco building. At present 35 cars, live storage. In the centre of the Flatbush section of Brooklyn. Telephone 615 Midwood 9 to 10 A. M.; owner has other business demanding his personal attention.

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For sale, northern Westchester County, estate of 178 acres, modern house, sanitary barns, good orchard; land high and fertile. Apply owner, Granite Springs, N. Y.

FACTORY SITE for Sale.—4 acres; railroad frontage three hundred fifty feet; Tarrytown, N. Y. Inquire H. H. & W. L. Morse, Attorneys, Tarrytown, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 8 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

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Wanted to buy by next Sunday, modern 7 to 8-room house; $10,000 to $12,000, near depot; 15 to 25 minutes out. F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Co., Broadway, cor 80th St.

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FACTORY.—FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STATION; WILL ERECT TO SUIT YOUR BUSINESS; ON RAILROAD SIDING; 10,000 TO 30,000 SQUARE FEET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Office in 30 East 42d St. for rent to May 1; else 21 ft. by 34 ft., with large vestibule. L. J. RICE, 282 East 134th St.

75,000 SQ. FT. IN AUTOMOBILE SECTION. HEAVY FLOOR CAPACITY. EXCELLENT LIGHT; POSSESSION MAY 1; LONG LEASE; FIREPROOF BLDG. AUTO LIFT. A. B. C., 160 TIMES.

Entire lower floor, 25x100, on high-class business block; fine display space; suitable for business, studios, or offices; will divide. 29 West 57th St., near 5th Av. Phone Circle 1651.

Lower East Side.—Seven-story building, 17,000 square feet; floors 175 pounds per foot; electric elevator; suitable for storage or manufacturing. Wolins & Bull, Inc., 214 Fulton St. Phone Cort. 521.

To Let.—Factory, second floor, elevator service, 60x100 ft. floor space; equipped with 40 sewing machines, ready to operate; can manufacture tomorrow; plenty help; no labor trouble. B 135 Times.

Loft, 13,000 square feet, new building, second floor; good light, ventilation; will rent not less than half of space to one tenant. O. Benzing, on premises, 418-20 West 125th St.

FURNISHED OFFICES and desk room, with telephone and stenographic service; high-class office building, directly connected with subway express station. Room 212, 51 E. 42d.

Three-story brick building, downtown Brooklyn, 25,000 feet, freight elevator; rental $4,500, lease whole or part. Telephone Coney Island 1675.

For Rent.—4 lofts, over 2,500 square feet each; moderate rent, 812 Broadway. Phone Stuyvesant 2597.

Showroom or office to sublease in Wilson building, with or without fixtures; immediate possession. Farragut 2420.

Office to sublet from Feb. 1 and furniture for sale. Room 404 Tribune Building. Phone Beekman 7588.

42d, 7 East.—Desirable tenant can rent part light office; service. Office 613.

STORES.—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th.

Offices, $20 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St. Room 1203.

10,000 Square feet, power, light, heat; Astoria, L. I. R. Y., 220 Times Downtown.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Offices wanted, financial district, furnished or unfurnished, about 1,500 to 3,000 square feet; light and air; good service. H 703 Times Downtown.

PLANT WANTED, from 10 to 20 machines, suitable for manufacturing dresses in New York and out of town; state full particulars and an interview will immediately be given. P. F., 801 Times Downtown.

Wanted by printer, about 2,500 to 3,000 sq. feet, light loft, steam heat, elevator service, preferably between 14th-42d; will consider sub-lease; what have you to offer? W 370 Times.

Ground floor front parlor and anteroom wanted in first-class house, select neighborhood, for business woman's high-class trade; references exchanged. P. O. Box 42, Palisade, N. J.

Desk room or private office, professional, wanted below Fulton downtown. L 709 Times Downtown.

LOFTS.—Two; light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

Space wanted, 20x50, steam and electric, for light manufacturing, loft preferred, business centre New York. W 374 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 615.—Two exceptional front rooms, bath, fireplaces, hotel service.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

43D, 11 EAST.—Elegant bachelor apartments, 2 rooms, bath; convenient to Grand Central.

50TH, 51 EAST.—Attractively furnished, sunny corner, living room, bedroom and bath for bachelor; monthly lease; $125; club district.

57TH ST., 24 EAST.—Bachelor apartment, two large rooms, bath.

60S, (near 5th Av.)—Apartment, (nonelevator,) 2 big rooms, kitchen, bath, city steam; $100 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

LARGE LIGHT ROOM AND BATH To sublet to Oct. 1; Rent $300 per year; apply Superintendent. 152 MADISON AV.

PARK AV.—6 rooms, unusually attractive; two months or longer; $300 monthly. Tel. 360 Lenox.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

Rafael de Florez—402 Madison Avenue (47th) Specialists—Furnished—Unfurnished Apartments, offer several very choice (large and small) furnished apartments, Park Av. Section. 60's (Park Avenue) 9 rooms, 3 baths, 3 bedrooms, 3 servants' rooms—immediate occupancy to May 1, accept $2,000. Exceptionally furnished; adult family only. Below 59th St.: 4 rooms duplex, complete kitchen, open fireplace, roof garden, exclusive; 18-month exceptional sublease, $215 monthly. Desirable for bachelor or couple.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV., (50's.)—5 rooms, completely furnished housekeeping, $125. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th Av.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6253.

50S. (Near 5th Av.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, two large rooms, kitchenette, bath, $135 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

50S, WEST.—High-class elevator apartment, six rooms, bath, finely furnished, $150 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST ST., 34 WEST.—Foyer, parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; open fireplace; sunny, bay and English windows; the beautiful apartment formerly occupied by Cyril Harcourt; immediate possession. 4669 Circle. Prescott.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

58TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—To sublet, 3 or 4 months or longer, 2 large rooms, alcove, kitchen, bath; beautifully furnished. Plaza 8189.

59TH, 222 WEST.—For rent, furnished, until first or middle May, exceptionally attractive nonhousekeeping apartment, suitable for one or two people; restaurant in building.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex studio, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. Apartment 607. $150.

72D ST., 166 WEST.—Apartment, two exceptionally large rooms, kitchenette, and bath; handsomely furnished; all appointments are of highest standard; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel Col. 7640.

77TH, 50 WEST.—Four rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; sublet at $178 monthly; to Oct. 1; free maid service, linen, and light. Apt. 96, Manhattan Sq. Hotel.

80S, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, five rooms, bath; grand piano; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80's, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

82D, 55 WEST.—New house, new furnishings, two rooms, kitchen, bath, shower; every modern convenience; lease $125; concessions for long lease.

89TH, 305 WEST.—Private house, beautiful parlor floor, bath, kitchenette; $125 Suite $70.

94TH, 308 WEST, (Joan d'Arc monument.)—8 rooms, 2 baths; splendid apartment; ground floor.

97TH, 0 WEST.—Elegantly furnished three rooms, bath; immediate possession. 8968 Riverside.

110TH, 500 WEST.—Six-room apartment, furnished, to sublet until Oct. 1; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

116TH, 616 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—6 beautiful rooms, new furnishings, grand piano, phonograph. Monger, Morningside 8274.

120TH, (Morningside Drive.)—Five rooms, light, well-furnished, piano, $150. E. Tripp, 416 West 118th; hours, 12:2. Morn. 3502.

158TH ST., 473 WEST, (Apt. 61.)—Elevator apartment to let and furniture for sale.

179TH, 825 WEST.—Naval officer wishes to let furnished 5-room elevator apartment; piano, Victrola, &c.; best residential district. Rotheim. St. Nicholas 9250.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 4677.

Duplex studio apartment, 4 rooms; West 10th, near 5th. Stuyvesant 7069.

HANDSOMELY furnished 3-room apartment, with kitchen, Washington Square section, from Feb. 1 to Oct. 1; rent $75 per month. Room 121, 27 Pine St.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 6-room apartment, seventh floor, elevator house. Petigny, 2,465 Broadway, 91st.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125.—Furnished; nine rooms, two baths, also two maids' rooms and bath, grand piano, Victrola; beautiful river view; will rent to June 1, $300 per month; immediate possession; free rent until Feb. 1. Telephone Schuyler 5990, Apartment 3 North.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420—"The Hamilton." Apartment 1 H, newly decorated, beautifully furnished, 7-room foyer and 2 baths apartment; long lease; references required.

RIVERSIDE, (72d St.)—Attractively furnished, modern, 8 rooms and 2 baths; Feb. 15 to Oct 1; $225 month. Phone Schuyler 6857.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH, furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

8 ROOMS and bath, 3 months or longer, in select section, $150 a month. Phone Cathedral 8945.

Furnished—New Jersey.

Ocean front building, high class; hot and cold sea water; refrigeration; 3-4-5 rooms and bath; furnished or unfurnished; any season. H. G. Harris & Co., Guarantee Trust Building, Atlantic City.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Three large, sunny, attractively furnished rooms, kitchenette, private bath, (entire upper floor,) steam, gas, electricity; 76 Bruce Av., S. Yonkers; 45 minutes Times Sq.

Unfurnished—East Side.

MADISON AVE. (93d St.)—Corner apartment, 2, 3, 4 rooms, bath, kitchenette, large light rooms, every convenience.

MADISON AV., 747.—Parlor floor, studio, bath, kitchenette; reasonable.

THE SHELDON HOTEL. 2-room and bath apartments; modern; 1 first-floor suite, suitable for physician. 780 Madison Av., at 66th St. References.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125 monthly. Apply on premises.

50TH, 5 WEST.—Apartment, high class; one and two rooms, bath and kitchenette.

56TH, 327 WEST.—Two, four, seven large, light rooms; elevator; $720 up.

59TH, (Near 5th Av.)—Apartment, (first floor,) three rooms, kitchenette, bath; doctor or living; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

58TH, 200 WEST.—To sublet, very desirable apartment, 6 rooms and 2 bath, to 1920. Apt. 12A.

74TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive four-room apartment; open fireplaces; steam, electricity; service.

80'S and WEST END AV.—High-class apartment, nine rooms, 3 baths, $2,800 year. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

TWO apartments, consisting of four very large rooms, kitchenette, and 2 baths, covering entire floor of extra deep private house in fine neighborhood; convenient to 72d St. subway station; parlor floor especially adapted for doctor; rent $1,500 and $1,600. Key at Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

ROSEVILLE AV., 220, (Newark.)—Three and four large, light rooms, two blocks from Roseville Station on D., L. & W.; 35 minutes from 33d St., New York; high class, newly finished apartment; all modern improvements; agent on premises from 2 to 5.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

APARTMENT, 5-6 SUNNY ROOMS, FOR ABOUT THREE MONTHS; WILL PAY $200 PER MONTH; MUST BE ABOVE 163D, WASHINGTON OR HAVEN AV., OVERLOOKING HUDSON. TEL. 3817 CIRCLE, GUTHRIE.

Family, three adults, want two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette, Feb. 1, three months; good opportunity; party wishing to sublease; can guarantee best care and references; vicinity Central Park West or Morningside Drive; liberal price. S 364 Times.

Southern business man and two adult daughters in city for two months desire furnished kitchenette apartment, about $100; immediate possession; excellent references. K 631 Times Downtown.

Refined Japanese gentleman desires furnished suite of rooms with bath, preferably on Riverside Drive. Room 1209 Biltmore Hotel.

Couple want 2 rooms and bath for 2 months, in hotel or private family; $100 per month; best references. B 988 Times Harlem.

Apartment, furnished, 3 or 4 rooms; must be reasonable; west side; state rental; references exchanged. G 267 Times.

Furnished, 1 or 2 rooms, private bath, kitchenette; reasonable; couple. A 46 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Bachelor quarters wanted; parlor, bedroom, and bath; Fordham section preferred. G 232 Times.

Small apartment, modern improvements, near 50th St. West, about $50. O 307 Times.

Comfortably furnished three or four room apartment, west side, above 72d, to July 1 or longer. O 306 Times.

Furnished one or two rooms, bath, kitchenette, not over $50 month, between 75th and 78th West. W 377 Times.

Four or five rooms, walk up, elevator. Morningside 6760, at once.

BELOW 65TH.—$600 month; responsible client. R. de Florez, 402 Madison Av.

Unfurnished.

Four or six room modern or remodeled apartment immediately by young couple; East, below 90th; West, below 125th. Address M. L., 151 Riverside Drive.

Liberal bonus to any one securing for me a four or five room electric, steam-heated apartment, Bronx, west side, or Brooklyn. Phone Franklin 5319.

Three or four rooms; family of three adults; between 4th and 59th Sts.; $50 to $60. Welters, K 615 Times Downtown.

Four or five rooms, two bedrooms, 72d to 116th St., near Broadway, $60-$70 per month. Anthony, 253 West 42d St., Apt. 31.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

59TH, 154 EAST.—Large room, with private bath, suitable two; subway; phone.

CLEAN, large room, washroom; running water; closet; electricity; gentlemen only. 284 Lexington, (36th.)

THE HOTEL BELMORE, northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

4TH ST., 294 West, (Greenwich Village.)—Clean, comfortable room; steam heat and improvements.

34 WEST 56TH. 2-ROOM SUITE.

65TH, 164 WEST.—Physician, owning modern house; room, dressing room; steam; $7.

70TH, 220 WEST.—Newly furnished front; running water; electricity; gentlemen, couple; references.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large double room; private bath; electricity, steam; exclusive.

71ST, 126 WEST.—Attractive parlor, floor suite, suitable for physician.

72D, 336 WEST.—Large back parlor, kitchenette privileges; electricity, references.

73D, 103 WEST.—Large front room, lavatory, hot, cold water.

74TH, 104 WEST.—Desirable sleeping room to business man.

75TH, 118 WEST.—Single room; steam heat, electricity, running water; gentlemen only; permanent.

75TH, 327 WEST, (at Drive.)—Attractively furnished rooms, single, en suite; electricity; residential.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Furnished room for rent in medium apartment, for men only.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Newly furnished house; electricity; large, sunny room, with bath; $14.

76TH ST., 54 WEST.—Refined room, furnished, in select French private house; electric light; hot and cold running water.

76TH, 42 WEST.—Unusually attractive double room; also single room; select house.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Suite 2 rooms, bath; continuous hot water; telephone; electricity.

78TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large, front room, southern exposure; running water; reasonable.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private bath; suitable two gentlemen; electricity, telephone.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Nicely furnished parlor floor; private bath; piano; will divide.

79TH, 131 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished second front; private bath.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional large, elegant room; 4 windows facing parks; steam heat, all conveniences; private house.

82D, 1 WEST.—Comfortable room for business man or woman. Janvrin.

83D, 28 WEST.—Sitting room, bedroom, with twin beds, bathroom, 2 dressing rooms, all communicating; fine linen; large, light, warm, pleasant; in select private house, first floor; also single rooms for gentlemen. Phone Schuyler 8250.

84TH, 16 WEST.—Well-furnished, large, sunny room; private bath.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, dressing room; bath adjacent; $12.

94TH, 35 WEST.—To let, large room, private bath; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

97TH ST., 309 WEST.—Business man or couple, with unquestionable references; well-furnished, warm suite; sitting, bedroom; electricity; private phone; with quiet French family; subway express; $15 weekly. Mrs. Rabelin.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room adjoining bath; American home; references.

100TH, 243 WEST.—Large and small rooms, neatly furnished.

103D ST., 253 WEST, (Riverside Section.)—Well-furnished, scrupulously clean, quiet rooms, bath adjoining; electricity, telephone; express subway block distant; gentlemen or business women; private house; moderate rate.

112TH, 542 WEST, (Apartment 48.)—Well furnished; medium; private bath; gentlemen. Cathedral 3724.

118TH, 544 WEST.—Large front room, with running water; suitable for couple.

BROADWAY, 2,131, (74th St.)—2 bright, well furnished rooms. Phone Col. 1518.

DESIRABLE ROOM and bath; accessible, select neighborhood; small family. Ellis. Phone 211 Morningside.

WEST END AV., 820.—Exclusive bachelor accommodations, with or without bath; references.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Young business man requires well furnished room with steam heat and electricity; private bath preferred; not above 96th St.; state price and full particulars; no rooming houses considered. O 328 Times.

Refined, responsible young business man would appreciate attractive room, near bath, in very small private family; location west side, 72d to 96th; state full particulars; best references. O 327 Times.

Large furnished room wanted with private family; location near subway or elevated. Please address Mr. D. M. C., 331 West 22d St.

American business man desires furnished room, private bath, with family, below 116th-Broadway substation; references gladly exchanged. A 42 Times.

Room and private bath for gentleman for 3 months; below 34th St., Gramercy section preferred. K 623 Times Downtown.

Furnished room, with private bath, in Harlem, west side; must be clean and quiet. O 18 Times.

Couple want attractive two rooms or suite, between 40th and 60th or near Columbia. Phone Morningside 8760, Friday morning.

Gentleman wants high-class room, with or without board; private bath; location West 78th to 86th. Permanent, 442 Columbus Av.

Lady desires room; southern exposure, steam heat, electricity, running water. O 243 Times.

Exceptionally clean room, $4 to $5, below 96th St.; must practice on own piano. Hubert, 206 West 118th St.

Furnished one or two rooms, bath, kitchenette privilege; not over $50 month; between 75th and 78th west. W 378 Times.

Gentleman wishes room and bath; vicinity Gramercy or Washington Park. A 38 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

38TH, 20 EAST.—One large room, adjoining bath.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $18 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST. Rooms, with board; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table service; convenient location.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large, double rooms, with bath, by Holland family; gives superior accommodations; European style; home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for 2 adults in private Christian American family; front room, 4 southern windows; private bath.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; private residence; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

120TH ST., 116 WEST.—Double room with private bath; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. 50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 855, corner 102d St.—Southwest corner room, running water; excellent board. Osborne.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Attractive Danish student, young engineer, wishing to learn English, desires home in American family, near Columbia University. Reply American-Scandinavian Foundation, 25 West 45th.

Young man and wife desire accommodations and board, preferably with private family and in pleasant location. W 380 Times.

By business woman, comfortably furnished room, with board; no objection apartment. G 269 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH, 45 North Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J. "45 Minutes from Broadway." Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day. W. T. READE, Pro.

ELMWOOD HOTEL, 43-45 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J. A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway. Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40. Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20. Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $33 to $46. Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

Miscellaneous.

Young couple desire to share excellent country home, good board; all conveniences and privacy; express commutation. K 601 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, high school graduate, several years' experience, desires position; best references. K 627 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER.—Competent; Christian; full charge double entry books, office; 15 years' experience; salary $25. K 632 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, good, conscientious worker; thoroughly informed, excellent penman; highest reference; salary $23. O 308 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER wishes employment evenings and Saturday afternoons. Box 236 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, competent, six years' experience; good reference; salary $22. G 562 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thoroughly experienced manufacturing lines; best references; salary $25. W 366 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' practical experience, trial balance, knowledge typewriting; $22. G 563 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—5 years' experience; capable assuming responsibility; Christian; $18. B 766 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Typist, 8 years' experience; thoroughly competent managing office references. B 991 Times Harlem.

CHAMBERMAID wishes position; neat and clean. Call, Miss Barr, 554 West 163th.

CLERICAL.—Young lady, (24,) educated and refined, desires clerical position in office. M. Long, 4 Ridge Court, Brooklyn.

COLLEGE WOMAN desires position as private secretary; research work, typewriting, literary and educational experience; no stenography. W 364 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE.—Practical business experience; stenographer, beginner; intelligent, conscientious worker. [illegible] 261 Times.

COOK.—First-class Hungarian wants position with refined, private family; salary $50. Kovari, 374 West 125th St., 4th floor.

DRESSMAKER.—Expert with original ideas for costumes, dresses; will work by day, in customer's home. B 967 Times Harlem.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients; references. Miss Houseman, 101 West 109th. Apt. 208.

NURSE.—Graduate, refined, capable, entire charge children; prefer country; references. O 329 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—College woman, capable, earnest worker, three years' office experience, knowledge stenography, wishes position, preferably law or engineering firm, with possibility for rapid advancement to responsible place. A 41 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent, detail office responsibilities; initiative; educated; $22. A 44 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Young woman with exceptional experience in office work, seeks a position where intelligence and close attention to duty will be appreciated. She wishes to be careful as to the place she accepts, because of her desire to obtain a permanent place. Is accustomed to handling correspondence and invites an interview; salary $25 per week at beginning. Z 895 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — High school graduate; 5½ years' experience; desires responsible position with reliable concern. Murray Hill 7920, Extension 1601, or R. F., 339 E. 58th.

STENOGRAPHER-Assistant Bookkeeper. — Five years' experience; familiar with general office routine; $20. B. P., 1,021 Simpson St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, General Office Asst., 3 years' experience, capable, willing; excellent endorsements. Miss Shapiro, Vanderbilt 7055.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position mornings. Box 29, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2 years' experience; references; $15. K 580 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, beginner, desires position; reliable firm. J. G., 1,418 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER desires position, experienced, export or commercial line; accurate. K 621 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires position downtown; capable, experienced; insurance preferred; salary $17. K 622 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — HIGHLY EFFICIENT; EXPERIENCED; $18. B 759 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Bright beginner; $10 to start. H. G., 315 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, manufacturing, general, business-like, high school, American; $18. K 574 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 8 years' experience; capable of handling detail work. G 254 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER. — Beginner wishes position reliable firm. Box 104, 1,676 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Expert; 8 years' experience; academic education; accurate; $21. B 758 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER: experienced, efficient, accurate, desires position with reliable concern; $15. B 996 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; conscientious worker; salary $10. H. Adler, 691 East 135th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; educated; fine character; $18. A. L., 366 West 162d.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR; CENTRAL OFFICE EXPERIENCE. G 247 TIMES.

TYPIST, 21, reliable, experienced general office work, desires good connection. G 364 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, office assistant, knowledge of stenography; good references. E. Koenig, 180 Moore St., Brooklyn. Tel. Stagg 1678.

WELL-BRED YOUNG LADY of pleasing personality desires secretarial position; stenographer, typist; able to take complete charge of office and answer mail; highest references; knowledge of French and Italian; until recently secretary to Italian Mission in Washington. J. B., 205 Times.

WOMAN who has been in hotel business desires position as housekeeper or assist manager; references. Phone Cathedral 8945.

YOUNG LADY.—2 years' business experience, knowledge of typewriting, desires permanent position; $15 start. W. Cogan, 825 East 179th St.

YOUNG LADY would like position evenings; fair knowledge of typewriting. K 617 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 167 W. 133d St. Morn. 8916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, OFFICE EXECUTIVE, with thorough training and varied experience, constructive worker and tactful organizer, understanding credits, collections, systems, correspondence, tax reports, office [illegible], seeks connection with concern requiring immediate and money-saving results. O 836 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, broad manufacturing experience, modern cost and financial accounting; present assistant senior auditor connected with fifteen plants; age 37, married; salary $3,000; thorough executive, capable, mature business judgment. L 793 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Two young men seek positions with opportunities for developing into high-grade sales or office executives; best references regarding character, ability, experience. H 253 Times.

ACCOUNTANT AND SYSTEMATIZER. Monthly, yearly audits, reports; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT, 24 years old, broad-gauged, good correspondent, pleasing address, seeks position where intelligent application to work will bring advancement; minimum $150. G 553 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Tax reports, books opened, systematized, arrangements $2 weekly. May, Beekman 3366.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT and OFFICE MANAGER, 26, systematic and practical, five years' experience in office details, correspondence and extension of credit; college education; honorable discharge. W 373 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive with record of achievement, seeks position of responsibility with large corporation. G 500 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports. Bookkeeping done, $1 week. (Saves $25 bookkeeper;) new method. Beekman 908. 1,701 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 23, 7 years' experience, Pace training, desires connection with C. P. A., temporary or permanent. Weiss, 590 East 138th St.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $3 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau, Beekman 908.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 2½ years' training, desires position commercial or accountants. G 573 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, senior, seeks temporary or part time engagements; competent; reasonable. K. L. Smith, 8 West 52d.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; tax estimates made, balance sheets, profits statements prepared. B 765 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN.
Broad experience, desires connection with progressive trade paper or agency. Good percentage basis, salary. W 320 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, 7 years' newspaper experience, age 34, married, reliable. O 332 Times.

ARCHITECT, who thoroughly understands construction, estimating, contracting, and superintending, wishes connection; holds honorable discharge from Government along these lines; references. O 337 Times.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER; American; 33; constructive supervisor, office procedure, records, salesmen, stenographers, filing; thoroughly efficient; unquestionable credentials. G 266 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, released from Government service, five years' experience, N. Y. University student; trial balances, financial statements. W 380 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Young man; bookkeeper, stenographer, typewriter; eighteen months' army clerical work; excellent references. C. Gordon, 373 Vienna Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, 23, seven years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts, unquestionable reference. K 616 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thorough double entry, efficient, reliable, cost, statistics, systematizer, desires conection with future. A. K., 1,418 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced modern accounting methods; excellent references; 22. B 755 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, with many years' practical experience, desires position: collection, credit man; high testimonial; salary $30. B 742 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22,) four years' experience, entire charge controlling accounts; $20. O 317 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, 34, married; 15 years' practical experience; best references. K 640 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; financial statements, controlling accounts; highest credentials. S., 805 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST; knowledge of stenography; bright beginner; $10 to start. A. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BUYER AND MANAGER
MEN'S FURNISHINGS; UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES; NO OBJECTION TO GO OUT OF TOWN. S 324 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman leaving for Florida, discontinuing automobiles, highly recommends exceptional, trustworthy, economical, temperate chauffeur; traveled extensively 15 years; personal recommendations. Mr. Ackerman. B 802 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, (23,) single, wishes position, private family; honest and reliable, neat appearance, $20 weekly, willing to be useful; references. W. N., 1,929 Madison Av., city.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC. — Sober, neat; careful driver; long experience valet; city or out; good references. Chauffeur, Murray Hill 2858.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 15 years' experience, reliable, steady habits, foreign or American cars, city or country; references. A 37 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, 10 years' experience, desires position, with best references; Packard, Cadillac preferred; $30. K 1,124 St. Nicholas Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married; 16 years' experience high-grade cars. Scheiblin, 528 East 89th St.

CHAUFFEUR, careful driver, mechanic, wishes position, city-country; references. O 319 Times.

CHEMIST, organic, graduate, three (3) years' experience specialized in chemistry of dopes, pigmented dopes, varnishes, enamels. G 192 Times.

CREDIT MANAGER,
AT PRESENT WITH VERY LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN, IS OPEN FOR IMMEDIATE CONNECTION WITH PROGRESSIVE AND RELIABLE HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD RECORD AND FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. G 260 TIMES.

CREDIT MAN.—Collections and adjustments; thoroughly capable; executive ability; 12 years' business experience; four years in charge credit department; honorably discharged from army; age 28; American; good education. Z 369 Times Annex.

COLLEGE MAN.—Experienced; afternoons or evenings, to enable him pursue studies; speaks well Slovak and Magyar; good references; state particulars. H 794 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN, (22,) just discharged from officers' training camp, desires connection with reliable concern. G 572 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Japanese, 25 years' experience, for cooking, hotel, restaurant, private family. O 313 Times.

CORRESPONDENT-SECRETARY-ASSISTANT MANAGER.
Young man, 26, married, 8 years' experience and still employed in above capacities, desires connection with first-class concern; familiar with import and export details, hardware and miscellaneous lines; possesses tact and ability to promote sales; present compensation $2,600 yearly plus commission; remuneration secondary to future. W 332 Times.

CORRESPONDENT and general export man, well experienced; knows thoroughly English, Spanish, French, German; good references. G 537 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT; ten years' automobile industry, technical training; knowledge gasolene engines. B 735 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN-ACCOUNTANT. — Age 35; thoroughly experienced; capable taking charge of office; asset to young, progressive business; excellent references; salary $3,000. W 367 Times.

COUPLE, FRENCH; BUTLER, COOK; experienced; good wages; anywhere. O 340 Times.

DISCHARGED SAILOR, married, one year on second enlistment, have handled men in large numbers, executive ability. Write to Robert Emmett, 246 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

DRAUGHTSMAN, 32, married, technical training, 16 years machine designing, reinforced concrete, general engineering, open for engagement. H 624 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural desires work after hours; also work at home. W 383 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical; four years' experience, detailing; best references. H 796 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, 9 years' experience, jigs, fixtures, dies, auto mach.; references. G 923 Times Harlem.

EDITORIAL WRITER, possessing forceful and finished style, has time for limited amount of particular correspondence or similar work; would consider prospectus or high-class advertisement production; no selling or stock peddling. Z 396 Times Annex.

EFFICIENT EXPERT in organizing, investigations, systems, and accounting, now with the Government as supervising expert, and having traveled extensively all over the world, desires to communicate with responsible corporation for connection in Europe as representative auditor. P. D. Hall, Bay City, Mich.

ESTIMATOR AND DRAFTSMAN, INTERIOR MARBLE WORK; RELIABLE, ACCURATE, AND THOROUGHLY COMPETENT; FOURTEEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE. W 381 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE ABILITY PLUS
8 years' chemical training, iron, steel, nonferrous alloys, brasses, bronzes; college man, 24, single, possessing best credentials, wishes to connect with metallurgical concern in any capacity, office or plant, where a versatile man can be used to advantage. G 568 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Young man, office man, 5 years as executive for building company, thoroughly familiar with apartment house construction, management, desires position in similar line or new field where competence and initiative will bring advancement. O 315 Times.

EXECUTIVE-CIVIL ENGINEER. — ARMY OFFICER, JUST DISCHARGED, SEEKS POSITION; 12 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. G 57[illegible] TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE MAN, (28,) correspondent, also six years' experience as assistant sales manager and salesman, desires connection with a progressive house. W 361 Times.

FOREMAN, superintendent, many years' experience, auto or fine machine shop. J. E. Kraft, 416 Amsterdam Av.

GOVERNESS.—Visiting; young Parisienne diplomee; French, German, English, kindergarten. Pianist, 2,420 Broadway.

LAWYER, 34, university, ten years' experience, six on bench, formerly secretary to Governor, State Senator, prosecuting attorney, high civic standing; can manage important affairs requiring tact, judgment, and knowledge.
Just returned Major. In every American drive—St. Mihiel, Argonne, Meuse—to Nov. 11; First Corps, First Army, largely N. Y. troops; personal work has received indorsement by command Gen. Pershing.
Jury and public speaker, close student; has handled large office and court practice; desires connection, salaried or otherwise, N. Y. or vicinity. Major, 74 West 91st St., N. Y.

MAN, with creative vision, executive ability, and a faculty for invention, combined with wide experience in advertising, writing and promoting; seeks employment where a fertile brain is required. G 257 Times.

MAN, 33; married; executive ability; good personality; conscientious and trustworthy. G 560 Times Downtown.

MAN, 37, executive ability, solicits position office manager, bookkeeper, salesman. L 794 Times Downtown.

MANAGER. — Long association with large auto and steel manufacturer; knows modern cost accounting, production efficiency, modern storeroom systems, purchasing; A1 executive; will locate any place. Address F. N., 220 Times Downtown.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER. — Technical graduate, recently discharged from army, 1½ years' experience, desires a position with good progressive concern affording chance for advancement. W 304 Times.

PRINTING EXECUTIVE AND SALESMAN, who controls large volume of good paying business desires to affiliate himself with modern plant. K 443 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT, 9 years' practical experience in building materials, equipment, supplies; now employed. Clark, 619 East 8d St., Brooklyn.

RAILROAD AND STEAMSHIP MAN, (36,) familiar with South Atlantic and Gulf ports, traffic, claim, and accounting experience; fast worker. K 624 Times Downtown.

RELEASED OFFICER, MARRIED, EXECUTIVE ABILITY, DESIRES POSITION RELIABLE MANUFACTURING OR EXPORTING CONCERN; GOOD EDUCATION; TWO YEARS' BUSINESS EXPERIENCE. W 379 TIMES.

ROOFING and sheet metal trade, advertiser seeks position as manager or Supt., 10 years' experience in similar capacity; Canadian, 36. G 248 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 28 years old, for last 4 years connected with lace and cotton goods house as salesman, desires position. O 312 Times.

SALESMAN desires position wholesale groceries, canned goods, specialties, cereals; bright, experienced. Rice, care H 234 Times.

SALESMAN desires position; experienced, energetic, up to date; ribbons, silks, dry goods; either on road or city. Address Success H 235 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—Thoroughly experienced, capable general executive; fine record; gilt-edge references; salary secondary to opportunity. G 250 Times.

SALESMAN, 29, wants to connect with reputable house; experienced. L. W. Levy, 867 West 181st.

SECRETARY.—Man, 37 years of age, wants secretarial or executive work; college graduate; has had financial experience; good knowledge of French language and people; for past 20 months in U. S. Navy base on French port; fair knowledge of typewriting. N. Y., 1,358 Broadway.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, extensive experience with executives in responsible positions, seeks position progressive concern offering favorable future. K 582 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, office manager or assistant; high-class American. 37; references. O 284 Times.

STATISTICAL WORKER.—Young man, 27, honorably discharged officer, college graduate, with executive and administrative ability and seven years' statistical experience with Government, desires position with an opportunity. K 630 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper desires position with mercantile house; five years' experience; high commercial college education. G 574 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Office clerk, experienced; former government employe; honorable army discharge. K 614 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years' experience in responsible position, seeks position with reputable concern; references; $25-$30. O 326 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable, honorably discharged; position with advancement. O 309 Times.

STOCK CLERK, experienced in women's wear; can give best references. Dane Lenhorn, 1,301 Wilkins Av., Bronx.

SUPERINTENDENT wants position, apartment house or office building; good renter, mechanic; own tools. Doyle, care Supt., 39 East 27th St.

YOUNG MAN of education, thorough knowledge of business methods, refined, experienced, tactful, open for position of confidential character as representative or assistant to man of affairs in America or abroad; only position requiring best qualifications considered; excellent references. W 372 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) honorably discharged, executive ability, experienced correspondent, cashier, knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, credits, desires employment with reliable concern. Box 234 Times, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG MAN, 25, good appearance and selling ability, general business knowledge and bookkeeping experience; recently released from Government work; highest credentials. G 263 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, high school graduate; can adapt himself to all conditions; general business experience, now open for position where good work is rewarded; salary to start $20. G 566 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) ambitious, pep, selling ability, desires connection with manufacturing or export concern; salary secondary to opportunity. F., 811 Sutter Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years old; just discharged from navy; nine years' experience marine insurance business, desires position in insurance department, growing firm. K 620 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (Japanese) wants position useful butler or general housework small family; good reference; honest, sober, willing, obedient, deferential. O 277 Times.

YOUNG MAN, capable, 29, married, executive ability and initiative, good business training, seeks connection in executive capacity; best references. J. S., 324 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school graduate, two years' college education, capable, honest, reliable, desires position with firm where advancement is promised; salary $17-$20. B 900 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, neat appearance, energetic, and good office clerical man, desires employment with reliable firm. K 628 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school education, desires position with advancement, knowledge bookkeeping and general office work. B 902 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (30,) married, 8 general office, 3 years police experience, desires position; confidential capacity preferred. G 268 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school education, 4 year's experience, seeks clerical, shipping, or stock position; capable waiting on trade; able to take charge. G 253 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, good appearance, 4 years' business experience; will tackle anything with possibilities; prefer theatrical; has selling ability. G 261 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school education; knowledge of bookkeeping; good at figures; 2 years' experience as clerk. K 613 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, honorably discharged, high school graduate, has evenings and Saturday afternoons open; selling ability, hustler. G 256 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Three years' drafting experience, wishes any position along engineering lines; best references. H 797 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, general office man, fast figurer, payroll man, bookkeeper, cashier, correspondent, typist, penman; references. O 331 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, desires position with responsible company; full knowledge of clerical work. G 527 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position; anything advancement; selling ability; will travel. H 799 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 27 years, experienced shipping and stock clerk, and can act as general inside man. O 274 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, typist; experienced in office work, desires position. G 561 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, 9 years' unquestionable reference; capable clerk; anything. K 642 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, reliable, energetic, with warehouse experience, desires position, export or import house. Box I, 1,508 2d Av.

YOUNG MAN, honorably discharged, Columbia University, architecture, 1914, at liberty. W 384 Times.

YOUNG MAN, desires to learn optical or diamond cutting trade; first class reference. K 612 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,)—Evening employment, any kind. Sircus, 92 Chrystie St., N. Y. C.

YOUNG MAN (19) desires position, anything; good reference. O 318 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BILLING CLERK. — MOTION PICTURE BUSINESS; SALARY $15 PER WEEK. CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, AND WHETHER EMPLOYED AT PRESENT. G 265 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; must be experienced double entry bookkeeper and rapid typist, write a good business hand, capable of taking entire charge of books and rendering financial statements; only those who can furnish A1 references from last employer need apply; answer in own handwriting and state experience and salary expected. Address Box B 121 Times.

BOOKKEEPER,
experienced, for a dress house; must be reliable; good opportunity for right party. Brenner Bros., 146 West 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; one capable of taking trial balances and reconciling bank statements; good writer and accurate; splendid opportunity. Apply to Mr. Hersch, 126 West 45th St., 8th floor.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable of taking complete charge of bookkeeping in small industrial concern. Give full details, experience, salary, &c., in application. B 762 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced, double entry and controlling; only those with highest recommendations and thorough knowledge need apply. Sherwin, 715 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wanted, experienced; advancement assured, based upon efficiency. Kennedy, care Sibley-Putman Elec. Corp., 190 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in stock broker's office; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. Apply in own handwriting. Address J. D., Box 67 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by publishing company. State experience and salary expected to Box A 719 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Cloak and suit experience; references. Goldstein Co., 43 West 24th St.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5TH AV. AND 38TH ST.,
requires the services of
several experienced
CORSET SALESWOMEN;
permanent positions, very good salaries, assured the proper applicants.
Employment Department,
5 E. 38th St.

BURROUGHS BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATORS.—Experienced operator desired. In reply state experience, also salary desired. Address Z., Box 302, Madison Square Station.

CAFETERIA POSITIONS in large corporation for young women desiring opportunity for practical training to fit them for supervisory work; high school graduates preferred. G 550 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS, 30 wanted, to solicit subscriptions; commission basis only; splendid opportunity for willing workers. Apply all day. 220 West 42d St., Room 1613.

CANDY WRAPPERS wanted; light, sanitary factory; short hours; fine wages. Apply Room 216E, 30 Church St.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS.—Experienced, refined young girl, care for nine-year-old girl afternoons; good wages; city reference required. Mrs. P., 324 West 103d.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress, neat, refined young white woman; private family; apartment. R. H. Williams, 81 West 12th St.

CHAPERON.—Refined young lady to take children to and from school, afternoons only. Cathedral 9271.

CLERKS.—$45 monthly; big company; rapid advancement; hours, 9-4, Saturdays 12; high school graduates; ages 18-23. Write clerk, Box 50, Wall Street Branch.

COPY WRITER in advertising office of silk house; call at 12:30 Saturday; must know stenography. J. A. Migel, 422 4th Av.

DENTIST ASSISTANT, experienced, about 24; state salary expected. O 301 Times.

DISCOUNT CLERK wanted by downtown banking house; young woman with experience preferred; state age, references, experience, and salary expected. Address H. B., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York.

FILING, general office work, switchboard; thoroughly experienced; $15. Curry, 420 St. Nicholas Av.

FORELADY.
One who has had thorough experience in millinery line, able to take charge of workroom.
WHITMAN, 598 BROADWAY.

FORELADY
in packing dept. of candy factory; excellent opportunity. G. M., 24 Times.

FRENCH STENOGRAPHER.
R. H. MACY & CO. REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A FRENCH STENOGRAPHER WHO CAN TAKE DICTATION IN FRENCH SHORTHAND.
APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, family of 4; 8-room apartment and no laundry; telephone for appointment, Morningside 217.

GIRLS.—Mills & Gibb Corp., 286 4th Av., Department G, have several vacancies in the wholesale notion business.
YOUNG GIRLS
to work in stock and learn wholesale notion business; good opportunity to advance.
ALSO GIRLS
take the place of boys; run errands and learn the wholesale notion business; good advancement.

GIRLS,
14 TO 16 YEARS OLD, IN THE FILING DEPT. OF A LARGE OFFICE; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; SALARY $8 PER WEEK TO START; APPLICATION IN OWN HANDWRITING, WITH REFERENCES, BOX W. K., 104 E. 14TH.

GIRLS under 20 years of age for internal messenger service in financial institution, Wall Street district. Answer G. W., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York, stating age, education, and whether living with parents; also give references; previous experience not necessary.

GIRLS TO LEARN EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD TRADE; $8 WEEK START. USTCO THERMOMETER, 830 WESTCHESTER AV., BRONX.

GIRL for laboratory work; one used to wrapping chemicals preferred. Powers, Weightman, Rosengarten Co., 143 Front St.

GIRLS, bright, intelligent, to train for nurses; ordinary school education sufficient. Apply 2,076 Fifth Av.

GIRLS.—Refined, to keep stock in high-class underwear establishment. Brand, 3 East 46th St.

GIRL for vaudeville; requirements, singing voice, contralto, able to play piano. Address Vaudeville, Box 315, Providence, R. I.

KITCHEN MAID, experienced; good worker; sleep out. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th St.

MARRIED COUPLE for family of four to do all housework; salary $70 per month. Apply H. G., 103 Park Av., Room 1113. Telephone Murray Hill 2013.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.
Ready-to-wear hats; good pay; steady position. Whitman, 598 Broadway.

MODEL.—TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY, FULL SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MILLAR-MANDEL, 38 E. 30TH.

MODELS, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, IN SUITS AND COATS, SIZE 36; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY. J. & M. YELLIN, 22 WEST 32D.

MODELS.—SEVERAL STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, 16 SIZE, FOR SUITS AND COATS; LONG SEASON; BEST SALARY. R. A. DAY CO., INC., 1,115 BROADWAY.

MODEL, experienced, wanted in cloak and suit line; size 36. Call before 9:30 or after 1:30. 45 West 25th.

MODELS FOR CLOAKS AND SUITS, SIZE 16 AND 36; GOOD PAY. G. B. H. MFG. CO., INC., 15 EAST 26TH.

MODEL, experienced, wanted in cloak and suit line; size 16. Call before 9:30 or after 1:30. 45 West 25th.

MODELS, ATTRACTIVE, SIZE 16, FOR DRESSES; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; SALARY $30. SIMON, 44 EAST 32D.

MODEL.—Stylish young lady, size 16, for dress house. Apply between 4 and 6 P. M., D. Kohn & Rosenberg, 25 West 38th St.

NURSE wanted; middle-aged woman to take entire charge of infant only; no housework; with refined Jewish family; good home; must have first-class references. B. Cohn, 901 Prospect Av. Phone Melrose 2548.

NURSE take entire charge two children, 4 and 5 years old; must be experienced; references required; wages depending on experience; telephone, for appointment, Morningside 217.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

NURSE, office secretary; knowledge stenography, typewriting; 9-11 daily, Monday and Friday 9-5; $12-$15; references. Address Doctor, 42 West 77th St.

NURSE, (trained,) with stenographic experience, as office nurse to a surgeon, for afternoons. 16 West 85th.

NURSE, experienced German or French-American, to take charge of baby 4 years old. Call Friday afternoon, 1,331 Broadway, Room 507.

NURSE for nose and throat specialist's office, with surgical training; live in; state training and salary expected. B 163 Times.

NURSE for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, some experience; neat, accurate; knowledge of typewriting; reference required; salary $10. Bell Son & Co., 437 5th Av.

OFFICE GIRL with Christian firm for general clerical work; must have knowledge of typewriting; hours 9-5; salary $9 week. Longman & Martinez, 54 Maiden Lane.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, experienced, must possess initiative and ability to absorb detail; capable of handling employes to secure best results; Christian firm. Call Room 2302, 110 West 40th.

OPERATORS to wind lace on cards. Apply North American Lace Co., 105 Fifth Av.

SALESWOMEN.—Attractive proposition for live wires, commission. Apply 8:30 to 9:30 A. M., or 5 to 6 P. M. Guaranty Electric Lamp Co., 26 West 49th St.

SALESWOMAN for pastry counter; wages $16 and meals. Halloran's, 213 6th Av.

SAMPLE GIRL wanted by silk commission house to make up sample cards; state age, experience and references. K 596 Times Downtown.

SALESLADIES wanted to wait on high-class trade; first-class tailor's establishment; good salaries. Apply H. Milgrim, 2,121 Broadway.

SECRETARY to physician and mother's helper in doctor's household; excellent position and salary. B 168 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent; one experienced manufacturing, cutting up trade for manufacturing department shirt house; closed Saturdays; open Sundays; good opportunity for efficient correspondent; state age, salary, references. A 722 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER;
must spell well; neat in appearance; $12 week to start; hours 9 to 5:30 P. M., 1 P. M. Saturdays. Dickar Corp., 1,806 Times Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED IN OFFICE OF REPUTABLE RESIDENT BUYER; ONE WITH PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND KNOWLEDGE OF DICTAPHONE PREFERRED; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY, &C. B 162 TIMES.

SOLICITORS.—Good proposition, legitimate work; guaranteed customers' list supplied; experienced preferred; salary and commission to right party. Call 10-3, Herzig & McLean, Publishers, 110 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, good in English and Italian, for half day work; write in English, Spanish, and Italian; references; exceptional high salary to right person; after competency proved full time employment assured. Address O 325 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman, be generally useful physician's office; must be able to live on premises; salary $60 month, including lodging. Apply Doctor, 45 East 60th.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in busy law office; salary about $120 month; must be experienced, capable, and accustomed to hard work; state length and kind of experience, past salaries, and references. A 716 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, some knowledge of bookkeeping; beginner considered if competent; salary $14 to start; rapid advancement. Call, with written application. Suite 122, 8-10 Bridge St.

STENOGRAPHER, French-English, in old-established firm; splendid opportunity for competent party; good salary. Address, stating full particulars, B 754 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER of ability and refinement wanted by magazine publisher; pleasant surroundings; send kodak if convenient; all letters answered; salary $18 at start. W332 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, HUNGARIAN, perfect in English; references; write in English and Hungarian; permanent employment; good salary to right person. G 258 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, with lumber experience; state age, nationality, and salary desired. A 702 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; must be bright; $12; chance for advancement. Harris, 2 Columbus Circle.

STENOGRAPHER wanted to take English and Spanish dictation; state age, reference, and salary expected. B 166 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient, who can write good letter. Joseph Migliore, 46 W. 24th St., Masonic Bldg, Room 1423.

STENOGRAPHER in large law office as second stenographer; salary, $20. Apply in person, Room 1309, 26 Liberty St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER; bright beginner; experience unnecessary. Maintenance Co., 417 Canal St.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of Italian. Italian Hospital, 617 East 83d.

STENOGRAPHER, $10-$15 per week. Apply the Woodrus Art Service, 31 East 27th St.

SUPERVISOR of 30 people in recording and indexing files of insurance company, handling over four million cards; write, stating age, education, experience, and salary. K 634 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced, for Christian law office; salary $12. L 780 Times Downtown.

TEACHER of touch typewriting, bookkeeping, Gregg's shorthand, commercial English. Apply immediately after 3 P. M., Drake's Secretarial College, Union Hill, N. J.

TYPIST
FOR ADDRESSING ENVELOPES IN THE OFFICE OF A LARGE BUSINESS; MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA; APPLICATION IN OWN HANDWRITING, WITH REFERENCES; STATE SALARY EXPECTED. BOX L. D., 104 E. 14TH.

TYPISTS, experienced listing names, transcribing from records; $12 to start; early advancement if capable; state age, experience, &c. P. O. Box 395, C. H. Station, New York City.

TYPISTS in large publishing house; only those well experienced need apply; good salary, short hours. Call Miss Kearney, 119 West 40th St., 8th floor.

TYPIST, age 18-25, expert, special work, lasting about 6 months, with possibility of permanency. Call Room 316, 103 Broadway.

TYPISTS, PIECE WORK, EXPERIENCED, CAN EARN $15 TO $20 WEEKLY. APPLY 9 A. M., BOYD'S, 19 BEEKMAN ST.

TYPIST—Young lady for billing. Charles & Co., 48-50 East 43d.

WOMAN wanted, experienced, to take charge of stenographic and filing departments; state experience, age, salary expected. W 308 Times.

WOMAN for housework; new career, with business hours, eight hours day, six days week; good hourly pay; written applications only. H. S. Paterson, 130 East 62d St.

WOMAN for general housework, family of three; good salary to right person; must come well recommended. Apartment 6 A, 780 Riverside Drive, 155th St. Audubon 7100.

WOMAN CLERK, competent, familiar with computing and checking invoices; state salary and give confidentially full information. G 578 Times Downtown.

WOMAN to care for four-year-old boy, 2-6 P. M. Apply between 2-3, 12 West 77th St.

WOMAN to assist in cafeteria and tea room. 18 W. 43d St.

WOMAN for general work in cafeteria and tea room; short hours. 18 W. 43d St.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted; good cook; no laundry. Write age, nationality, wages, and references. 10 Hillcrest Av., Park Hill, Yonkers.

YOUNG LADY wanted for a Christian advertising agency, to operate addressograph and multigraph machine; must be thoroughly experienced; good position and salary to one who can qualify; state qualifications. B 119 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN
to assist buyer and sales manager of candy department of large corporation; unusual opportunity for capable, experienced business woman. J K 8 Times.

YOUNG LADY for clerical office work; Christian firm; must be a neat, industrious worker, accurate at figures, and write a good hand; good opportunity to satisfactory person. Address in own handwriting, stating salary to start, age, references, nationality, and experience. B 753 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, high school graduate; experienced stenographer and typist, with ability to sell goods in sample rooms; write, giving past experience and salary desired. A 721 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for light clerical work in large insurance office. A 715 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, stenographer, typist, and office assistant; state salary and experience. Write G. F. Campbell & Co., 354 4th Av.

YOUNG LADY wanted in bank as file clerk; write, stating age, experience and salary desired. B 159 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN TO ENTER A FIRST-CLASS REGISTERED TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES; COURSE TWO YEARS AND SIX MONTHS. NORTH HUDSON HOSPITAL, PARK AV., WEEHAWKEN, N. J.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG WOMEN wanted; bottle wrappers and labelers, with or without experience; give particulars as to age and experience. Address Medical House, W 380 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN for general office work; good writer and accurate; one having had experience in dressmaker's workroom preferred. Dunham, 628 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN for filing; advancement. P. O. Box 323, City Hall Sta., N. Y. C.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

BE A FILING CLERK
and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing. Salaries $15 to $30 per week. Our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position. Afternoon and evening classes. Enter our new classes starting next Monday, January 20th. Number of students limited. Apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

OVER THREE THOUSAND GIRLS AND WOMEN
have been placed by us in positions paying FROM $12 TO $35 PER WEEK.
Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building.
Branches: Philadelphia, Boston.

BECOME A DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER IN SIX WEEKS.
Many of the best and most progressive firms are in urgent need of ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS on Billing and Bookkeeping machines. Three to six weeks' course perfects you to fill a good-paying position. Easily learned and inexpensive. Big firms are willing to pay good salaries to competent help. Here is an opportunity for the dissatisfied clerk and bookkeeper to be somebody. Call today, or write for Booklet "B."
ELLIOTT-FISHER COMPANY,
88 Park Place, nr. West B'way.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is nowdemanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL for women; largest and best equipped; visitors who wish to inspect the school should secure free pass at West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENO.-SEC'Y. Publishing, $30.
STENO., law, $25, $23, $20.
STENO.—Numerous positions, uptown, downtown, $22, $20, $18, $15; beginners $12, $10.
BOOKKEEPER—Brooklyn—$35.
BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, $16, downtown.
TYPISTS—$15, $12—downtown, uptown.
OFFICE ASSISTANT, good figures, $12, $10.
STENO., Elliott Fisher op., $18.
TEL. OP. and OFFICE WORKER, $12.
DICTAPHONE OP. STENO., $20.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH STREET.
ESTABLISHED 1909.
STENOGRAPHER.—Law office; excellent opportunity; downtown law firm. Want young woman about twenty-five, with good legal experience and education; salary $1,300-$1,400.
CALL 9—1.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Free registration. Est. 1899.—Stenographers, (4,) publishing, $20, $18, $15, $18; dozens, commercial, $12, $15; Brooklyn, law, $95; other legal, export, $18, $22; typist, $12; filer automatic system, $16; bookkeepers, clerks, typists.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU. CORT. 3319.
STENOGRAPHERS .... TYPISTS
SECRETARIES .... BOOKKEEPERS
EXPERIENCED OR BEGINNERS.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 BROADWAY.
Secretary-Stenographer, bank, college graduate, $30. Many other positions for stenographers and typists. Register free.

FULTON AGENCY,
93 Nassau St. 489 Fifth Av.
STENOGRAPHERS $18
STENOGRAPHERS, legal $20

BOOKKEEPER, take charge, $25; assistant, $15; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 250 Broadway.

ACME AGENCY, 145 NASSAU.
STENOGRAPHERS, $22, $20, $18; Christian firms.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS, (seniors and semi-seniors,) on permanent staff C. P. A. (American) firm; unusually desirable opportunities; public accounting experience essential; give full particulars and commencing salary expected. K 635 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—A number of juniors and semi-juniors for a firm of C. P. A.'s; public accounting experience preferable but not essential; state salary, age, experience, and nationality. B 150 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—A firm of C. P. A.'S has an opening offering excellent opportunity to a number of accountants thoroughly experienced and operating a comptometer. B 151 Times.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, to take charge of office, thorough knowledge of business methods; responsible position. O 305 Times.

AGENTS.—Live wires, good opportunity, those interested; commission basis only. Apply Room 1613, 220 West 42d St.

ARTIST, one with advertising agency experience in all-around agency work; lettering, designing, figures, layouts in any medium; A1 men only apply with samples of work to Mr. Wishauer, Art Department, Albert Frank & Co., 26 Beaver St., N. Y.

ASSISTANT wanted in discount cage of banking house; must be accurate at figures; knowledge of commercial paper and discounts will be of value; opportunity for the man who understands the meaning of work and loyalty; application must state in detail experience, salary expected, &c. G 565 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO CASHIER in bond and stock cage, by Stock Exchange house; must know Wall Street rules; position holds possibilities for the right man who understands the meaning of work and loyalty; give full particulars as to experience, salary expected, &c., by letter. K 611 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT ADVERTISING MAN, competent at copy writing and laying out matter for printer; state salary desired and give qualifications and references in reply; excellent opportunity for advancement. A 685 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT EDITOR wanted by weekly trade journal; state experience and salary expected to A 720 Times Downtown.

AUDIT CLERK, junior, wanted for chartered accountant's office; good opportunity; give full particulars regarding experience and references. A 626 Times Downtown.

BILL AND ENTRY CLERK wanted in charging dept. of a large publishing house; excellent working conditions and splendid chance for advancement are offered to a capable man; salary to start $15. O 343 Times.

BILL CLERK, experienced; familiar with Elliott-Fisher machine. Apply North American Lace Co., 105 5th Av.

BILLIARD MECHANICS to set up, overhaul, and cover. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Printing house wants reliable, sober man, familiar with controlling accounts; must be capable of handling 1,500 charges per month, take trial balance, handle payroll and take full charge; full particulars, salary expected, &c. B 161 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and CASHIER.—Wanted in long-established law office, a competent bookkeeper and cashier; one familiar with double entry and controlling accounts; state age, experience, and salary expected. H 781 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable young man of good appearance and manners wanted for large country club; must be active, industrious, and know typewriting; state experience and apply to G 227 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Christian concern desires competent bookkeeper, typist, and general office assistant; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 160 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT wanted by a foreign banking house; knowledge of French desired; state experience and salary expected. Address G. Y., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—One able to assist in shipping. Apply R. & B. Dress Co., 130 West 26th.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, young man, experienced. Shapiro & Aronson, 29 Warren St.

BOYS.
For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS.—A large downtown corporation requires the services of a few bright, ambitious boys to act as messengers; opportunities for rapid advancement exist for right boys; entrance salary, $35 monthly; in replying state fully age, education, and experience, if any. A 695 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED
in office as typist; excellent opportunity for advancement; must be rapid and accurate and of good education; previous experience unnecessary; $12 to start; address in own handwriting; opportunity. B 804 Times Annex.

BOY.—Downtown advertising agency offers a willing boy a real opportunity to learn the business from the beginning; part errands and part inside duties. Address, stating age, nationality, &c., B 756 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14-17, bright, energetic, in large corporation; excellent opportunity for permanent position and bright future. Future, 273 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Three bright boys, willing to learn and expecting to progress; large downtown firm; give name, age, nationality, and salary expected. G 525 Times Downtown.

BOY in downtown office of established engineering company; good opening, with bright prospect of advancement. Address Box A 706 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
Exceptional opportunity for bright, ambitious boys in downtown office; good salary start. R. C., 335 Times.

BOY over 16 to assist bookkeeper, file papers, substitute at switchboard. Lowenstein Radio Co., Inc., 397 Bridge St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOYS TO LEARN EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD TRADE; $8 WEEK START. USTO THERMOMETER, 830 WESTCHESTER AV., BRONX.

BOY.—Bright, active, for steamship office; excellent chance for advancement; state age and salary expected. K 618 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in law office; real opportunity to study law; steady position for right boy. Blandy, Mooney & Shipman, 37 Wall St.

BOY.—Begin as messenger in bank; good chances for advancement; state age. Write Box 53, 2,121 3d Av.

BOY wanted by chemical house; good advancement; salary $8 per week. Florasynth Laboratories, 15 Beekman St.

BOYS, $36 monthly, big company, rapid advancement; hours 9-4; Saturdays, 12. Apply Room 1046, 120 Broadway.

BOY wanted, $9 a week to start. Apply between 2 and 4 P. M., Vanity Dress Co., 32 East 22d St.

BOY for mailing and errands. A 711 Times Downtown.

BOY, colored, for general work in billiard club. Apply noontime. 227 West 74th St.

BUYER wanted for jewelry, who is well acquainted with the 5, 10 and 25 cent trade. Box B 106 Times.

CASHIER,
LIFE INSURANCE.
A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance, cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. K 625 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR wanted to drive Premier sedan; private garage; must have first-class references; salary $22. Apply shoe factory, 963 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

CHEMIST wanted to take charge of laboratory of pharmaceutical house; must be aggressive, practical, and capable of originating and manufacturing new preparations; state experience and references; excellent opening; applications confidential. Z 382 Times Annex.

CHIEF CLERK wanted to take charge of front office in a large club; must have experience in hotel or club office and capable of taking charge of ten men; only a man having executive ability need apply; salary $1,800. W 349 Times.

CLERK.—Freight forwarding concern requires clerk with sound general knowledge of exporting; thorough experience essential. B 757 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Government institution wants chief cook, assistant cook and dining room help. Apply Room 106, basement, 263 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

CORRESPONDENT to dictate sales letters in correspondence school; must understand physiology, anatomy, and all matters of hygiene; also experienced in mail order business. Lionel Strongfort, 86 Park Place, Newark, N. J.

COST CLERK.—Young man, familiar with costs; one with previous experience in manufacturing steel products. Apply Mohegan Tube Co., Scott Av. and Meserole St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN wanted; first-class man, experienced on high grade automobile body designing. In your reply state fully age, experience, and wages expected. The Locomobile Company of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

DRUG INVOICE CLERK wanted; must be experienced at pricing and billing, good opening with large house; state experience and salary wanted. A 714 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER.—Opening for chief engineer in one of the city's largest hotels; only exceptional men need apply; state experience for past ten years. E. M., 806 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER.—Day's work in factory. F., 240 East 136th St.

ENTRY CLERK, also accustomed running billing machine; young man. L 790 Times Downtown.

EXPERIMENTAL ENGINEER for developing and testing laboratory, large manufacturer; must be familiar telephone work and considerable mechanical experience; salary $2,000 begin; location Newark; write only. United Motors Section, 33 West 42d St., New York City.

FOOD PRODUCTS.
Industrious young man, with references, long experience in canned goods and dried fruit business, favorably known to trade, wanted to manage food department in connection with import and export house; reasonable salary and commission; only those answering above requirements considered; state full details. W 664 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN TRADE.
A fine opportunity for the right man; a large corporation, wholesale paper merchants, wants a New York manager; a man experienced in the paper business and with some knowledge of foreign trade; a man now engaged in foreign trade, with some experience in buying and acquaintance with Eastern manufacturers preferred. X 202 Times Annex.

FURNITURE SALESMEN.
Only those with experience in high-class shops need apply
AT WANAMAKER'S
Employment Office.

GENTLEMAN capable making appointments over phone with high-type business men wanted by publication concern; salary and bonus. Call, between 10-1, 304 Madison Av., Room 301.

GLASSBLOWER.—Experienced; good wages. Z [illegible] Times Annex.

GROCERY STORE FOREMAN.
Man experienced in storing and handling grocery merchandise; apply by letter only, giving age, nationality, experience, references, salary expected. T. M., 217 Times.

HELPERS, house departments; also errand boys over 15. K 637 Times Downtown.

HELPER, all around, shipping room; young man over 16. L 789 Times Downtown.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

INVOICE CLERK by large export house; Underwood machine used; must be good at figures; state salary. G 575 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS, repair dies, machines, and do general bench work. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

MAN wanted to take charge of accounts payable, office of a large Boston department store; one who is familiar with terms, discounts, &c.; state full particulars as to past experience; also a young man as assistant in accounts payable office who has had practical experience. Address W. D. W., P. O. Box 55, Boston, Mass.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN to manage large ballroom of 6,000 square feet, formerly Pabst's, Columbus Circle, in a manner similar to Wilson's or St. Nicholas Rink; experience in operating other dance halls necessary; no alcoholic drinks to be sold upon premises; applicant must give good references and state salary desired. L. O., Box 50 Times.

MAN in accounting department of large daily newspaper; hours 5 A. M. to 1:30 P. M., six days a week, including Sunday; experience in advertising department of newspaper preferred; give experience and salary desired. B 803 Times Annex.

MAN.—Periodical wants thoroughly experienced makeup man with artistic ideas and thorough training in publishing. Financial experience an advantage; no interviews unless salary, experience, and references stated fully. Z 298 Times Annex.

MANAGER.
A good proposition is open to a live, progressive man who can manage a furniture store in Wilmington, Delaware; the applicant must be energetic, trustworthy and able to furnish credentials; a good salary is attached to this position. Box Z 367 Times Annex.

MANAGERS for speciality shirtwaist and undergarment shops; must have executive ability and experience in this line; must know window trimming. P 614, 1,265 B'way.

MANAGER.—Importing house; experienced; for raw fur department. B 167 Times.

MIDDLE WEST and Western representatives, now representing other magazines, to represent three additional ones of contrasting editorial character and appeal, on a commission basis; state references and detail experience. B 805 Times Annex.

MILLINERY MAN.—Thoroughly capable of managing large retail store in South, doing business of $100,000 yearly; previous experience in this line absolutely essential; salary $3,000 per year and interest in business. X 205 Times Annex.

MILLS & GIBBS CORP., 286 4TH AV.,
Department G, have several vacancies in the wholesale notion business.
YOUNG MEN
to do stock work, fill orders, and become inside salesmen.
BOYS
to run errands and work at stock; all steady positions, with good prospects for the future. Apply by letter only.

OFFICE BOYS
TO DO ERRANDS AND MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL; ONLY THOSE NEED APPLY WHO APPRECIATE A THOROUGH BUSINESS TRAINING, WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS FOR A GOOD FUTURE, AND WILLING TO START AT THE BOTTOM; APPLICATION IN OWN HANDWRITING, WITH REFERENCES, SALARY $8 PER WEEK. BOX A. F., 104 EAST 14TH.

OFFICE MANAGER; must be competent to take charge of all branches bookkeeping, stenography; &c.; Christian firm. W 371 Times.

OFFICE BOY.
Exceptionally good opportunity for bright boy who is anxious for advancement; general office work at first; write fully. H 787 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY for large publishing company; splendid chance for advancement; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 896 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOYS, 14 to 16, in large downtown office; salary $8. Write H 774 Times Downtown.

PAPER RULER wanted, one accustomed to job and loose leaf ruling. Adkins Printing Company, 66 Church St., New Britain, Conn.

PHARMACIST.—Registered; best of references required. Larimore & Co., 1 West 46th St.

PORTER, WHITE, IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; STATE REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 679 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PRINTING SALESMAN understanding hotel forms, sales books; having good commercial trade; to producer good position offered with high efficiency plant; specify references, expectations; good salary. P. S., 808 Times Downtown.

RENTING MAN FOR LARGE REAL ESTATE OFFICE; MUST BE GRADUATE OF HARVARD, YALE OR PRINCETON; PREFERENCE WILL BE GIVEN TO MAN DISCHARGED FROM ARMY; APPLY W., 344 TIMES.

RUBBER TIRE PRODUCTION MANAGER.
Man who has successfully managed a rubber tire manufacturing plant; location near New York; must be capable of directing the production of a factory with a capacity of about 80,000 tires a year. Engineering Supervision Co., 2 West 35th St.

SALESMAN.—Young man, aggressive, preferably high school graduate, for position as advertising salesman; must be convincing talker, with determination and initiative; moderate salary, with good prospects, for a hard worker; if you do not possess these qualities do not call. Apply Room 253, 1,834 Broadway.

SALESMAN on medium-priced skirts and dresses; all territories opened by prominent firms; commission basis. Write Box 18, 1619 St. James Bldg.

SALESMAN
AND REPAIRMAN
for our Victrola department; steady position for right party; one residing in the Bronx preferred. Piser & Co., 150th St., 3d Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN.—We will pay liberal commission to competent men who can take orders for lithographing and printing; previous experience preferred. A 717 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted covering southern territory with a strong line of popular price dresses; one that is familiar with trade; will turn over established accounts to right party; commission. Majestic Dress Co., 129 West 29th St.

SALESMEN.
High Speed Twist Drills.
Metropolitan district; must be experienced in line; references required; splendid opportunity; commission and drawing account. X 220 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, inside, commercial stationery store, experienced in loose leaf, blank books, and general line only; give age, where employed, salary wanted, nationality. B 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our high-grade teas and coffees to our old customers on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. B8, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMEN.—$2 to $5 per day in commissions easily earned by specialty salesmen, calling on drug, cigar, hardware, stationery and similar retail stores. L. G. Shatney, 5th floor, 279 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted by large meat packer, first-class, acquainted with New York and Brooklyn trade; none but men with ability need apply; salary. Pork Packer, Z 372 Times Annex.

SALESMEN WHO HAVE HAD SPECIALTY EXPERIENCE PREFERRED TO SELL A NATIONALLY ADVERTISED CHECK WRITER. LIBERAL COMMISSION. CALL 1 TO 4 P. M., 9TH FLOOR, 450 4TH AV.

SALESMAN for line of silk and cottons to cover New York State; commission basis. Call Friday, Room 513 Wilson Building.

SALESMAN, securities man, ability; live leads, strong co-operation, drawing account and commission, ambitious worker. K 508 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, well recommended, desirous of learning provision business; salary and commission. P. O. Box 43, Station W. Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN, on commission, for a new art publication of unique quality and universal interest and educational value. George D. Sproul, 160 5th Av.

SALESMAN for large installment furniture house; we desire the services of A1 experienced salesman. Write, stating age, experience, and salary desired. B 159 Times.

SALESMEN.—Two discharged soldiers fitted to sell popular one-dollar war book in office buildings; $5 day straight salary. Apply 110 West 40th St., Room 1204, before 10 A. M.

SALESMAN, coats and suits, for city and vicinity; only those with good following among resident buyers need apply; commission basis only. B 139 Times.

SALESMEN, familiar with supply store or garage trade, to sell established oil specialty as side line, on commission. H 634 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for wholesale grocery firm having established restaurant, hotel, and institution trade; state particulars; salary and commission. A 718 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 16-18, salesman, stationery store, with knowledge all office supplies. Call from 3 to 5 Saturday. R. H. Marshall, Woolworth Building Arcade.

SALESMAN, experienced in provision line; salary and commission. P. O. Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN wanted to sell necessary electrical article on commission. K 636 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN.
If you can prove you are a real producer, can meet and mingle with men of affairs, have brains, resourcefulness, and ability to close contracts for an advertising service and have no objections to traveling, my concern can use your services permanently [illegible] opportunity to earn $15,000 per year in commissions; if you can measure up write me for an appointment, giving age and details of what you have done in the past, in strict confidence; state telephone number. S [illegible] Times.

SALESMEN.—An organization established over 30 years is desirous of training men between the ages of 25-45 years; experience in our line is not necessary, but must be well educated and of refined and pleasing personality, capable of earning under proper conditions not less than $2,500 a year; we furnish the leads and pay a liberal commission; the up-to-date business woman or man as well as those who travel for business or pleasure urgently need our courses. Write for appointment today to B 164 Times.

SALESMEN.—Part or full time, opportunity to make $1,500 to $2,500 yearly selling a new "Triple" Indemnity Policy; nothing like it ever issued; pays $120 monthly for every accident and sickness, $240 monthly [illegible] $360 monthly for travel accident; cost $24 yearly; one-half benefits, $12; great demand for same and easy seller; big commission. Call or write for particulars. Fred J. Schaefer & Co., Managers, [illegible] Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN and manager, experienced [illegible] coats, suits, dresses, furs; salary and commission. Louis Bernstein, 661 8th Av.

SALESMAN, handling candy line preferred, to sell high grade milk chocolate; commission only. M. J. Ahrens, 267 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, for packing boxes; good opportunity for right man; commission basis. A 710 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN; experienced men's furnishings; good salary; steady position. [illegible] Bros., 246 West 125th.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANT
A situation has developed at one of our Eastern offices which offers an unusual opportunity to an experienced senior accountant, with the right personal and professional qualifications, preferably a member or associate of the American Institute of Accountants, or a C. P. A. in some state where the degree has a recognized standing. A combination of a strong experience in industrial accounting and some public practice will be given serious consideration.
The range of work is agreeably varied and the requirements for travel away from home are decidedly less than the average. We want a man prepared to do high grade work and qualified to take a responsible part in the future developments of our organization.
Replies by letter only, should state age, education; whether married or single, complete chronological account of business and professional experience, salary experience and expectations, and when free for a new connection. Be brief, be precise. If your record, likely to satisfy these requirements, is already on file in any of our offices please call it to our attention.
Replies will be received in strict confidence and no inquiries made of present or past employers or references without express permission from the candidate. No attention will be paid to incomplete answers. [illegible]VELL, WELLINGTON & COMPANY, Certified Public Accountants, Industrial Engineers, New York, Boston, Springfield, Cleveland, Chicago.
Address reply to 902 Woolworth Building, New York, giving business and residence telephone numbers. Selected applicants will have an early interview.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man who is desirous of being affiliated with a new concern, excellent opportunity for advancement; free life insurance and bonus. Apply Republic Player Roll Corporation, [illegible] W. 51st St.

SOLICITORS, good proposition legitimate work, guaranteed customers' list supplied; experienced preferred; salary and commission to right party. Call 10-3, Herzig & McLean, publishers, 110 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, with ability to quickly develop into substantial position as office manager; must have had at least five years' experience, be very rapid and accurate, and not afraid of any kind of hard work; good salary at once and more soon as deserved. Write fully, O 333 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Pay $15 week, board and room. Call 146 East 28th St., today, 4 P. M.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.
Two high-class telephone salesmen to sell exceptional high-grade dividend-paying security passed by the Capital Issues Committee over the telephone; good salary, liberal commission, and bonus to producers only. Apply Investment Brokers, 1,845 Broadway.

STORE ROOM MAN.—Good salary and meals. Apply Hotel Margaret, 97 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

SUPERINTENDENT for 2 up-to-date 4-story houses, containing 2-room apartments; heat, hot water, electricity; near [illegible] and Park Av.; $60 per month; no living quarters. Call Friday, 10-11 A. M., or write Huberth & Huberth, 253 West 58th.

TOOL STEEL SALESMAN.
Firm representing Sheffield high grade steel manufacturer desires salesman who has established connections with users; commission basis only; if good results proven, will accord exclusive territory to right party; give full particulars, experience. "Steel," G [illegible] Times.

TUTOR wanted for boy 15 years old; hours 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.; position for several years for good educator with best references. Apply 144 Harmon Av., Pelham, N. Y. Phone Pelham 1083.

TYPISTS, experienced listing names, transcribing from records; $12 start; early advancement if capable; state age, experience, &c. P. O. Box 395, City Hall Station, N. Y.

WANTED, A HIGH-GRADE MAN OF EXPERIENCE ON AN EXPORT TRADE JOURNAL TO TAKE A RESPONSIBLE POSITION ON A NEW PUBLICATION IN A SPECIAL FIELD, TO BE PUBLISHED BY AN OLD-ESTABLISHED CONCERN; A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH OR SPANISH IS ESSENTIAL. ADDRESS, WITH FULL PARTICULARS, O 2[illegible] TIMES.

WELDERS. — EXPERIENCED ALL AROUND WELDERS ON ALL KINDS OF METAL; MUST BE EXPERT WORKERS ON HEAVY CAST IRON. U. S. WELDING, 155 LAFAYETTE.

WELL-KNOWN financial house has opening for high-grade man with legal education; man preferred who has good academic training or experience in financial, accounting, or income tax matters; must be willing to go through apprenticeship period; reply giving age, salary expected, complete details regarding education and experience. Address M. K., Post Office Box 372, City Hall Station.

WINDOW TRIMMER AND CARD WRITER WANTED FOR DEPARTMENT STORE; STATE IN FIRST LETTER WHERE PREVIOUSLY EMPLOYED, AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED. THE HUNTER, TUPPEN CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, bright, thoroughly experienced in renting, collecting and managing real estate for a firm of builders and operators; good salary. Call 2 to 4 P. M., Room 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN to work on cost sheets; must be quick and accurate at figures. Address, stating age, references, and salary expected, A. N., 211 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by silk commission house to assist in shipping department; state age and references. K 595 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in art sales room; opportunity for advancement, best references required. Campbell Art Company, 2 East 40th St.

YOUNG MAN, good education and personality as reporter and advertising solicitor of men's fashion journal, good opportunity. Croonborg Fashion Co., 235 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, useful, over 16; light, inside clean work. K 638 Times Downtown.

YOUTHS over 16, learn care stocks, mercantile business. K 639 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 BROADWAY.
Statistician, Wall St. experience; $40; many others; messengers and boys, Wall St.; register free. B 158 Times.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN for Havana, Cuba, $150-$175. The Beers Agency, [illegible] Iron.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Stenographers, commercial, $15-$16; free registration. Est. 1899.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

CAN YOU JUDGE PEOPLE?
Can you "size up" the people you meet daily? A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to know the people you meet as well as yourself. Write, or phone Chelsea 4054, for details of classes in Character Analysis and Vocational Counselling now forming.
MERTON INSTITUTE,
96 5th Av., at 13th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707 Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4543.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MEN, over 21, plenty of positions now open, moving picture operating; large field; pays $30 weekly upward; we teach you day and evening. Call at once. 644 8th Av., 42d St.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1918 Roadster, wire wheels.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1918 "48," convertible coupe.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

A LIMOUSINE OF QUALITY.
Standard "8," beautiful, late model; every modern improvement; interior nickel trimmings, inlaid vanity and smoking cases; newly painted and guaranteed; demonstration anywhere; list price $4,000; now $2,450; must be seen to be appreciated; also other makes. Taylor Motors Corp., 1,920 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

AN EXCELLENT BARGAIN.
1917 Marmon Landaulet Brom.; perfect mechanical condition; newly painted; equipped with wire wheels and new cord tires, ready for immediate delivery.
Exchange Car Department,
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
61st St., west of Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.

1917 Franklin Sedan.	1918 & '17 Dodge Sed's
1917 Hudson Sedan.	1917 Hudson Limous.
1917 Hudson T'n Car	1917 Hupmobile Sedan
1917 Buick Sedan	1917 Oldsmobile Sedan
1916 Cadillac Sedan.	1917 Maxwell Sedan

1,778 Broadway, (57th.)one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK six sedan, 5 passenger, excellent order. $875. Jersey Auto Co., Passaic, N. J. Tel. 2069.

BUICK late 1918 sedan, 4 doors, 7-passenger, shock absorbers and extras; big sacrifice. Regal, 551 West 52d.

BUICK 1916-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,100 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUY now. Prices advance in spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLACS.

The man who wants to enjoy the advantages of CADILLAC ownership, and prefers not to invest the amount which a new CADILLAC requires, can gratify his desire in one of our used CADILLACS which has been overhauled and repainted.

1918 Model 57, 5-pass. Touring.
1918 Model 57, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 7-pass. Touring.
1915 Model 53, 5-pass. Touring.
1915 Model 51, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Limousine.
1917 Model 55, Landaulet Brougham, new body; exceptional car.
NEWARK BRANCH,
Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co.,
536 Broad St., Newark.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC, BEAUTIFUL LIMOUSINE, NOW IN STORAGE, 1917 BODY, IN EXCELLENT CONDITION, WITH SPECIALLY BUILT WHITE METAL RADIATOR, SQUARE HOOD, SIX WIRE WHEELS, HOUDE ABSORBERS, FINE CARRIAGE LAMPS, GOOD TIRES, FOR IMMEDIATE SALE TO PROSPECTIVE OWNER ONLY; LIBERAL BROKER'S COMMISSION PAID. APPLY C. D. CO., ROOM 1167, 5TH AV. BUILDING. PHONE GRAMERCY 4571.

CADILLAC 1917—LANDAULET.—A perfect car, dark blue body and white wheels, with the brand new U. S. cord tires; no dealers. Weiner, 147 West 77th St. Phone 9050 Schuyler.

CADILLAC 1916-1917 four-passenger sport. Pierce-Arrow 1918 Landaulet, 38 h. p. Packard 1918 Limousine, 3-35. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 seven-passenger limousine; perfect condition. Phone 6318 Yonkers or call at 222 Valentine Lane, Yonkers.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; absolutely perfect condition; make offer. Telephone owner, ... Rector.

CADILLAC limousine brougham, wire wheels, mechanically almost new. Ryan, Lincoln Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 7-passenger touring, overhauled and repainted, can't be told from new. J. Helbig, 918 Union St., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1918 Sedan; 1917 Sedan; 1918 Limousine, bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new, sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHANDLER model 17 seven-passenger touring car, perfect mechanical condition; all extras including slip covers and spare tire; will trade small five-passenger car or roadster. C. W. Lowe, 197 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

CHANDLER model 18, seven-passenger touring car; perfect condition; full equipment, including slip covers; newly painted; will trade small touring car or runabout. C. W. Lowe, 197 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

FORD touring, closed top, electric starter, lights, extras, bargain. 738 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

FORD sedan, new 1918, electric starter, ... $675. King, Fordham 5412.

HAYNES 1918 7-PASSENGER TOURING. IDEAL GARAGE, 266 WEST 135TH.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1918.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON SEDAN, MODEL J, 1917—$1,525. IDEAL GARAGE, 266 WEST 135TH.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan. Apt. 8-G, 780 Riverside Drive. 7100 Audubon, after 8 P. M.

HUDSON 1918 sedan, condition new. Meyers & Stark, 1,790 Broadway. Circle 5692.

HUPMOBILE 1917, Model "N" chassis, Landeau brougham body; distinctively beautiful car, Westinghouse shock absorbers; used very little; can be seen and demonstrated. William Moller, Hupmobile Agent, 1,852 Concourse, at 176th St., Bronx.

HUPMOBILE Sedan, 1917, Model "N," almost new, excellent opportunity. William Moller, Hupmobile Agent, 1,852 Concourse, at 176th St., Bronx.

LATEST MODEL SEDAN.
12 series Studebaker light six, 4-door sedan, practically brand new; beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., second floor. See Mr. Christie.

LOBELL ABORN CO.
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1918 PACKARD Tr., used 2,800 miles.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 CADILLAC Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1918 STUTZ 4 passenger.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices and rate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

LOZIER 1916 Touring.
LOZIER 1917 Touring.
STUTZ 1918 Touring.
HAL 1918 Limousine.
1918 NATIONAL Chummy Roadster.
Trucks.
PULLMAN, one-ton.
PULLMAN, three-ton.
LOZIER Motor Co. of N. Y., Inc.,
601 West 47th St. Phone Bryant 3668.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

MACFARLAN 1917, A1 condition, Victoria top; cost $4,200, sell $1,600. West Side Auto Repair Co., 214 West 65th.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES, Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

MERCER SPEEDSTER. Dandy Car, Original factory job, bargain for immediate sale. Federal Warehouse, 250 West 54th.

MERCER 1917 four passenger, 1918 touring, 1916 runabout. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MERCER Raceabout, 22-72; condition guaranteed; must sell. Slocum, 5910 Schuyler.

MURRAY CARS.—Enclosed drive limousine and touring car Victoria top; both rebuilt and newly painted; 7 passenger demonstrator fine condition; also 4 passenger. New Bourdavis touring car at reduced price. Morton W. Smith Co., 19 West 44th Street, N. Y. Telephone Murray Hill 1138.

NATIONAL 1916 Newport 6, with Special New Haven Sedan body; Westinghouse starting and lighting; condition perfect throughout; cost, new, $4,800; will sell reasonable. Telephone Circle 5692.

OLDSMOBILE 1918 Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND, 1918, Model 90 touring, $425; any demonstration desired. Tel. Fordham 5412.

PACKARDS.
1917 2-35 Landaulet, fine condition.
1917 2-35 Fleetwood, five-passenger.
1916 1-35 Limousine, newly painted.
George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 5-passenger, six-cylinder touring car, model 6-38; good condition, just overhauled; no dealers; sold to satisfy creditor. E. Jensen, 2,576 Park Av., near 138th. Melrose 9635.

PACKARD 1918, Fleetwood Brougham Limousine, driven less than 4,000 miles; immediate sacrifice. M. J. Tymoff, 920 Union St., Brooklyn.

PACKARD 3-38 limousine and touring 18 1911 landaulet; bargain. Pulvin, 112 West 32d.

PACKARD 1918 touring, used 2,800 miles; almost new. Lobell Aborn, 230 West 56th.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN. Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE 6-38, touring, 5-passenger; foredoor, electric starting, lighting; good looking; $750. P. J. Durham, 244 West 49th St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917—48 h. p. landaulet limousine; practically new. Herman N. Karp, Inc., 1,676 Broadway. Circle 63.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE.
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

SIMPLEX, 1918 limousine, Holbrook body; elegant condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
413 West 55th St. Columbus 7608.

STEARNS-KNIGHT 3-passenger Cabriolet Landaulet, newly overhauled and painted; any demonstration. Fordham 1125. Apt. 40. Warwick, at 8 P. M.

STUDEBAKER.—Economical family car; a small '18 "Six" touring, equipped with two extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally comfortable car; overhauled and in perfect condition; new model costs $2,144. SPECIAL TODAY, $785. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway and 56th St., second floor.

STUDEBAKER roadster, beautiful 1918 "Six," in absolutely perfect condition throughout; wire wheels; extra equipment; driven only 1,342 miles and fully guaranteed; new car costs $2,144. SPECIAL PRICE TODAY, $975. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway, second floor.

STUDEBAKER brougham, beautiful 1918 six-cylinder TOWN CAR; used only 240 miles for demonstrating purposes; brand new and fully guaranteed; you can save $1,000 on this car if you act quick. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St.; SEE MR. CHRISTIE.

STUDEBAKER, small '18 touring; thoroughly overhauled and revarnished and in beautiful condition throughout; new model costs $1,732. SPECIAL TODAY, $875. Studebaker Corp., 1,751 Broadway, second floor.

STUTZ 1917, 4 passenger; excellent mechanically and in appearance. William Moller, Hupmobile Agent, 1,852 Concourse, at 176th St., Bronx.

"TAXICABS"

SAVE $675 ON A BRAND-NEW TAXICAB, 1918 model, 4-cylinder, double-tariff taxicab, BRAND NEW, but slightly scratched; fully guaranteed; list price, $2,150; special sale price, $1,475. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., second floor. SEE MR. CHRISTIE.

Two 7-passenger limousine automobiles for sale or hire, day, week or monthly, monthly preferred. Westinghouse shock absorber equipment; can be seen and demonstrated at 15 East 58th St.

WHITE Touring Car, 4-cylinder, 8 valves; Herz spark plugs; Goodyear tires, 37x5, all weather; Bosch magneto; town body for the Winter months; Weed chain, with springs; no dealers. G 516 Times Downtown.

WHITE—16 valve, special body, town brougham; excellent condition; run 5,000 miles; owner going abroad. Telephone Sunset 3500.

Motor Trucks.

MOTOR TRUCKS REPAIRED AND OVERHAULED; WORK GUARANTEED; MODERATE CHARGES. CONTINENTAL MOTORS A SPECIALTY. ONLY SKILLED MECHANICS EMPLOYED. HIGHEST REFERENCES.
ROBERT D. KING & CO., INC.,
HALL TRUCK SALES & SERVICE AGTS.,
324 JACKSON AV., LONG ISLAND CITY.
TEL. 3397 ASTORIA.

HURLBURT 1918 3½-ton truck, with stake body; this truck has been in actual use for only four months and still carries the Hurlburt factory warranty; cost $4,730, will sell for $3,500 or best offer; good reason for selling. Z 370 Times Annex.

STANDARD.—Account leaving city, must sell at once three and one-half ton Standard truck, rack body, little used, fine condition; make offer. Olandt, Port Washington, L. I. Phone 271.

PACKARD.—ONE TRUCK FOR SALE; 1½ TON, MODEL E, ONE YEAR OLD. WESTERN CHAIR CO., DUPONT CORNER, PROVOST ST., BROOKLYN.

THREE WHITE ONE-TON TRUCKS, with Brill 16-passenger enclosed pay enter bus bodies. T. C. Smith & Co., 1,531 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Penn.

FORD 1½-ton, express body, good condition, just overhauled; cost $1,300 six months ago. Ford Agents, White Bros., Inc., 2,402 Grand Concourse. Fordham 11.

PACKARD.—Five-ton dumper worm drive Packard, 1917; cost new about $6,800; sell for $3,800. O 17 Times.

MACK DUMPER, 7½-TON; NOW WORKING; PARTICULARS, CALL MELROSE 4520.

REPUBLIC ¾-ton, slightly used, $700; Autocar 1915 2 ton, $720. Jersey Auto Co., Passaic, N. J. Tel. 2069.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD.—Beautiful landaulet for hire, hour or day; owner drives; shopping and suburban trips solicited. Telephone St. Nicholas 2203.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-2530 Bryant.

LOCOMOBILE limousine for hire, reasonable. Garage, 126 East 54th St. Plaza 6454.

Automobiles Wanted.

OWNERS.
We will pay spot cash for used cars, in good condition.
LINCOLN SQUARE AUTO EXCHANGE.
1,930 Broadway.

WANTED.—CADILLACS, PACKARDS, Buicks, Pierces, or other good makes. Bring Car; Telephone or Write.
SPOT CASH PAYMENTS.
Jandorf, 1,763 B'way. Telephone Circle 2478.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

Wanted, light delivery truck, with chauffeur, for four hours daily; yearly contract. New York Woodheel Co., 20 Quincy St., Brooklyn.

Automobile Bodies.

PACKARD.—Have a four-passenger coupe body, new, never mounted; cost $1,300; will sacrifice $750. Dunham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th st. 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $0.50
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

We offer for sale at bargain price magnificent Mandarin Chinese sable coat, consisting of sixty-four skins. Can be seen any time between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. at the office of A. O. Andersen Trading Co., Ltd., 50 Broad St., Room 730.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Lady's black lace scarf, an heirloom, on Monday evening on way to Knickerbocker Theatre, 62d St. and Broadway, thence to Century Roof, East 90th St., or East 70th St.; liberal reward; no questions asked. 134 East 70th. Telephone Rhinelander 9373.

LOST—$75 REWARD.
No questions asked, return small oblong-shaped platinum and diamond wrist watch; initials M. H. N. on back; lost Jan. 11 between West 77th and 45th Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 613, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Bundles containing pillow cases, sheets, tablecloths, towels, between Dyckman and immediate vicinity, probably on Fort George Hill; liberal reward. The White Swan Laundry, 411 Ittner Place, Tremont 5265.

LOST—Bank Book No. 91,698 of Peoples Savings Bank; payment stopped; all persons are cautioned not to purchase or negotiate the same. Please return to bank, Getty Square, Yonkers, N. Y.

LOST—In John Wanamaker's store, Wednesday afternoon, pocketbook containing bankbook and valuable papers; reward and no questions asked. 2,216 Homecrest Av., B'klyn.

LOST—Pearl horseshoe pin, 42d St., Broadway, 46th St., 8th Av.; initials on back, E. M. B., Los Angeles; return Mrs. Boothe, Hotel Richmond; reward $25.

LOST—In subway, Tuesday, P. M., package, containing French manuscript; reward for return to address on package. Notify Potter, 610 West 116th.

LOST—Bank book No. 609,568, Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St., New York. Payment stopped and cancellation applied for. Please return to bank.

LOST—Blue beaded bag, in Healy's, 66th St. and Broadway, Saturday night, between 10:30 and 11. Reward offered if returned to Kimball, 140 West 58th St.

LOST—Jan. 16, Broadway, between 79th and 84th, glasses, E. B. C. inside case; reward. Return 114 West 79th.

LOST—Lady's small gold watch, Waltham, monogram "M. G." G 559 Times Downtown.

LOST—Silver sword pin, marked Roma, 84th St., in Broadway subway; reward. A. Smith, 430 West 110th St.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, Wednesday, Pennsylvania Station; reward. Room 807, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Reward, no questions asked, for return to 54 East 87th St. package of plate and lace, in vicinity East 87th St., Jan. 15.

$25 REWARD.
On Wednesday evening, 15th inst, either at 39th Street Theatre or in taxi later, a gold cigarette case; please return to Knickerbocker Club.

$5 REWARD for return of beaver muff lost from machine in park, Broadway, 72d St., 106th St., or Central Park West. Return 568 Broadway, 4th floor.

$200 REWARD, return of flexible chain bracelet, 47 square cut rubies, lost Jan. 11 between 5th Av. and 82d St. and East 45th St. and Altman's. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$120 REWARD.—The undersigned will pay a reward of $120 for the return of a diamond and platinum circle pin. Mrs. Clara Simpson Brady, 615 Monroe Av., Scranton, Penn.

Found.

FOUND—Black purse, Pacific St. station; owner identifying contents claim at Princeton Hotel, Room 44.

FOUND—In Central Theatre on Jan. 2 purse with money. Phone 961 Madison Square.

FOUND—Tuesday evening, sum of money, Amsterdam, 117th. Richmond Hill 175M.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Reward and no questions asked for information concerning small black and white fox terrier with black and brown face, not a thoroughbred, disappeared Nov. 28. When last seen was wearing black spiked collar with small brass padlock; license No. 289654. Please communicate with I. J. Taylor, 125 Paine Av., New Rochelle. Telephone New Rochelle 4534.

LOST—Wire-haired fox terrier, all white except half of head, which is black; green collar. Mrs. Louis Haight, 60 West 49th St.; reward.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Desks, $6, $10; filing cabinets, $3, $1.50; tables, chairs. 60 Cortlandt St.

Nine stock and show tables, cheap. 335 Broadway, Room 15. Franklin 3522.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Brooklyn Headquarters.
Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day. Telephone Mr. Warren, our rental manager, who will personally select machine. Initial payment applies if purchased.
CORONA SALES CO., Inc.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES.
Brooklyn. 531 Fulton St.
Telephone 9272-9273 Main.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $6.
Visible, three months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Billing machines wanted; one or two Elliott-Fisher machines. Box Z 614, 1,265 B'way.

Government Sales.

SALE OF SODIUM PERMANGANATE.—Material Disposition Section, Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of Forty Thousand Pounds, dry basis, of Sodium Permanganate, in solution, averaging twenty-two per cent. strength. Bids made on form M. D. 3; obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M. January Twentieth, 1919.

SALE OF COKE-COATED TIN PLATE Material Disposition Section Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for 1145.4 base boxes of coke-coated tin plate. Bids made on form M. D. 4, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 24th, 1919.

LEGAL NOTICES.

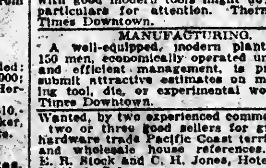
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—MILTON A. RAUH, Plaintiff, against ISAAC REUBENSTONE and others, Defendants.—Clerk's index number 13,580, year 1918.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the second day of January, 1919, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: "All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and bounded and described as follows:

"BEGINNING at a point in the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street, distant one hundred and one (101) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Lexington Avenue with the said northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; running thence northerly parallel with Lexington Avenue one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence westerly, parallel with One Hundred and Twelfth Street, twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches; thence southerly parallel with Lexington Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; thence easterly along the said last-mentioned line twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches to the point or place of beginning. Being known as No. 125 East One Hundred and Twelfth Street."

LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.
MILTON DAMMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 125 East 112th Street:



The approximate amount of the mortgage debt, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $22,250.62, with interest thereon from the 30th day of December, 1918, together with the costs and allowance amounting to $348.34, with interest from December 30, 1918, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $628.09 and interest.
Dated, New York, January 8, 1919.
LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.

Education Notes.

A class in bookkeeping and office practice is now being formed at the Washington Heights Evening High School for men and women. Registration will take place every evening this week and next week.

A course in dietetics and economical cooking is offered at the New York Evening High School for Women. The class meets on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday evenings from 7:30 to 9:30. Students may register any evening.

The academic teachers serving in the prevocational departments of the various schools of this city have asked the Board of Education to grant them a bonus of $200 a year for their additional labors and their additional daily hour of service.

President Somers has been authorized to appoint a committee of three members of the Board of Education to report on teachers' salary schedules and to co-operate with the Chamber of Commerce, realty owners, and labor representatives on the subject.

Rapid advancement classes will be established in P. S. 43 and 85, Brooklyn, in the general and commercial courses, to complete the work of the seventh, eighth, and ninth year grades in two years.

The Committee of the Whole of the Board of Education has approved the nominations of Elmer E. Bogart for Principal of the Morris High School and Charles H. Vosburgh for Principal of the Jamaica High School.

It has been decided to excuse all employes of the Board of Education and teachers and members of the supervising staff who were absent from duty on Jan. 9 and 10 owing to the strike of the boatmen in New York Harbor.

The Teachers' Council announces that a meeting of delegates and alternates eligible to serve in the group of Principals of elementary schools will be held in Room 514, Board of Education Hall, Park Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, Manhattan, on Jan. 24 at 4:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing a successor to Miss Mary A. Carr. The term of the member to be elected will expire in December, 1921.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25642 —In Bankruptcy.—KALMAN BLOOM, trading as K. BLOOM & CO., Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that on March 14, 1918, the above-named bankrupt was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and a first meeting of creditors was held August 1, 1918, and the Trustee then elected not having qualified, a second first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, New York City, on January 30, 1919, at 10:45 A. M., for the purpose of electing a Trustee, and to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,319. —In Bankruptcy.—MENDEL EPSTEIN, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that on October 29, 1918, the said Mendel Epstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and a first meeting of creditors was held November 21, 1918, and the Trustee then elected not having qualified, a second first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, New York City, on January 30, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., for the purpose of electing a Trustee and to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26454. —In Bankruptcy.
FIDELITY ADJUSTMENT COMPANY, Bankrupt.
The above-named bankrupt was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 30, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 30, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26487. —In Bankruptcy.
NORMAN KAISER, Bankrupt.
Norman Kaiser was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 3, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 30, 1919, at 12:15 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,409. —In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS MARKS, Bankrupt.
Morris Marks was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 13, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 30, 1919, at 1 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee; examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26455. —In Bankruptcy.—JACOB J. FURER, Bankrupt.
Jacob J. Furer was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 20, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 30, 1919, at 11:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25871.
Notice is given that CHARLES MOSER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 17th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25198.
Notice is given that SAMUEL RUTT, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 17th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26092.
Notice is given that SAMUEL VORZIMER and GEORGE SYLVIA, individually and as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of VORZIMER & SYLVIA, bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 17, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26125.
Notice is given that LOUIS M. HEMINWAY and BENJAMIN E. GUIBERT, individually and as co-partners trading as HEMINWAY & GUIBERT, bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 17th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26503.—In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS LENKOWSKY, Bankrupt.
Louis Lenkowsky was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 10, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 30, 1919, at 11:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26481.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES M. CLOSE, Bankrupt.
Charles M. Close was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 31, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 30, 1919, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 25638. —In Bankruptcy.—ISADORE FIGHT, individually, and JOHN R. WALSH, copartners trading as Anglin & Walsh, Bankrupts.
Notice is hereby given that on April 2, 1918, the above named bankrupts were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and a first meeting of creditors was held April 25, 1918, and the Trustee then elected not having qualified, a second first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, New York City, on January 30, 1919, at 11 A. M., for the purpose of electing a trustee, and for such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26499.—In Bankruptcy.—GEORGE A. SIPP, Bankrupt.
George A. Sipp was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 6, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on January 30, 1919, at 12:45 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the late JACOB SOFRANSKI, deceased, forward same to Miss Ida Sofranski, 409 Ocean Av., Lakewood, N. J.
IDA SOFRANSKI.

WILL THE PERSON OR PERSONS WHO were in the company of, or who know of, the movements of Mrs. Haskins the afternoon and evening of Oct. 8, 1918, please communicate with G 225 Times.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 16.—Thirty-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,818,200, were chartered today. They include:

M. Gottlieb, Inc., Manhattan, tailoring, dressmaking, and millinery, $20,000; M. and T. Rosenbaum, M. Gottlieb, 104 West 70th St.

Lackawanna County Coal Co., Manhattan, $500,000; M. T. Ford, G. H. Rice, E. J. Bullwinkel, 66 Broadway.

South Eleventh Street Warehouse Corp., Brooklyn, $30,000; W. J. Vreeland, W. H. Aspinwall, H. F. Mollenhauer, 167 Hewes St., Brooklyn.

Bennett Garage, Inc., Brooklyn, $20,000; F. W. Weingetz, G. S. Hice, L. K. Bennett, 38 Jerome St., Brooklyn.

A. C. Kingsbury Co., Gloversville, jewelry and optical business, $12,000; F. Chatwynd, E. and A. C. Kingsbury, Gloversville.

Wirtschafter Rev Co., Manhattan, furs, $25,000; M. Miller, G. Rev, E. Wirtschafter, 2,075 Daly Av.

Nevograph Film Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; R. Seixas, S. Kreilburg, B. H. Bernstein, 1,476 Broadway.

Neb. Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; R. J. Robeson, L. Wendell, Jr., M. J. Elliott, 217 Broadway.

Easton Productions, Inc., Manhattan, theatricals, $45,000; F. C. Barley, H. C. Cecil, G. W. Campbell, 1,458 Bryant Av.

Northern Stevedoring Co., Manhattan, $28,000; T. Harrington, E. F. Watt, G. G. Dalton, 390 Dean St., Brooklyn.

Riess Retrading Corp., Manhattan, auto tires, 1,000 shares preferred stock, $50 each; 500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $52,500; E. M. and E. C. Brainard, M. W. McConnell, 229 West 52d St.

Washington Egg Co., Manhattan, $10,000; L. Coquet, S. and M. Rosenfeld, 601 West 141st St.

Rialto Theatre Corp. of Glens Falls, N. Y., $63,000; F. E. Colburn, F. W. Mausert, G. Bird, Glens Falls.

Auditore & Sons, Brooklyn, stevedoring business, $100,000; J. H. Reiher, 66 Smith St.; C. Auditore, 1,730 East 7th St., Brooklyn.

General Fumigating Co., Manhattan, $25,000; L. Roman, G. and A. Gonzales, 510 5th St., Brooklyn.

Cross Hermanos, Ltd., Manhattan, tanning of hides, leather, and skins, $25,000; R. L. Stein, Sr., A. Grombach, M. Cross, 154 Nassau St.

West-McDonald Co., Rochester, auto supplies, $10,000; E. V. McDonald, H. L. and F. E. West, Rochester.

J. F. Taylor Co., Manhattan, realty and advertising business, $10,000; B. Ewinge, J. McGuire, M. A. Horan, 125 West 86th St.

W. J. Hinrichs & Co., Manhattan, commission merchants in food products, $75,000; F. Gulick, L. E. and W. J. Hinrichs, 423 West 14th St.

Victor Supply Co., Manhattan, house furnishings, $10,000; P. Korn, N. Rodner, S. Eder, 72 2d Av.

Mutual Leather Goods Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Tabashnik, J. Miller, J. Weiss, 118 West 112th St.

A. and M. Furniture Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; F. W. Alger, L. Klinger, H. Mickelas, 155 McKibben St., Brooklyn.

Senter & Stein, Inc., Manhattan, infants' wear and children's dresses, $10,000; S. Senter, J. and A. Stein, 2,120 Jerome Av.

Butler's Warehouses, Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; J. B. Butler, C. and O. Kuselmann, 1,450 East 15th St., Brooklyn.

Blumenthal, Davidson & Kurtzman, Inc., Manhattan, furs, $19,000; H. Kurtzman, M. Davidson, A. Blumenthal, 2,031 Monterey Av.

Commanday-Roth Co., Manhattan, printers and stationers, $20,000; B. Chambers, L. Roth, F. I. Commanday, Yonkers.

Colonial Pickle Works, Inc., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. Spaet, M. Bach, M. Gruber, 48 Lewis St.

H. L. Feasel's Laboratory, Manhattan chemists, and druggists, $10,000; G. M. Harris, N. A. Burgess, H. L. Feasel, 248 St. Nicholas Av.

Montross Stable and Garage, Inc., Peekskill, taxicab and express business, $5,000; A. M. Miller, L. C. and F. Montross, Peekskill.

Baren, Lehman & Berler, Inc., Manhattan, clothing and haberdashery, $25,000; D. R. Baren, H. A. Lehman, N. Berler, 47 Fort Washington Av.

Capital increases:

Cosmos Sales Corp., Manhattan; $5,000 to $50,000.

Cohen, Matthews & Levine, Inc., Manhattan; $15,000 to $35,000.

Hudson Bag Co., Brooklyn; $200,000 to $400,000.

Augustus H. Walbridge, Inc., Manhattan; $5,000 to $50,000.

Columbia Rotisserie, Inc., Brooklyn; $4,600 to $15,000.

Best Linen Supply and Laundry Co., Manhattan; $10,000 to $300,000.

Strong Veneer Co., Albany; $100,000 to $150,000.

No. 2 West 67th St., Manhattan; $271,400 to $491,400.

REORGANIZATION.

Hill-Ware Co., Manhattan, 1,020 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $32,000.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

The Pre-cast Concrete Co., Ohio, $75,000; representative, F. R. Ryan, 15 Wall St.

National Bearings Service Co., Del.; ball bearings; $100,000; representative, M. G. Tigar, 18 West 62d St.

REVOCATION AND NEW DESIGNATION.

William Ewart & Son, New York, Ltd., Manhattan; new representative, V. F. Clarendon, 115 Franklin St.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Mapes, Mead & Roy Co., Middletown, to Mapes-Roy Co.

German Hospital, Buffalo, to Memorial Hospital of Buffalo.

National Woodenware Mfg. Corp., Tarrytown, to National Body Corp.

L. F. Strobel & Co., Manhattan, to Clover Leaf Produce Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Esperance Hall Co., Ltd., Esperance.
Michigan By-Products Chemical Co., Manhattan.
Intelligencer Publishing Co., Manhattan.
Standard Navigation Co., Buffalo.
Chazy Marble Lime Co., Chazy.
Melton House-Wrecking Co., Astoria.
The Palmer Steamship Corp., Manhattan.
White & Co., Manhattan.
W. J. Hinrichs Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 16.—Charters filed:

Chief Motors Corp., $1,000,000; Harry McDaniel, Charles D. Alee, A. J. Kingsbury of Dover.

Pennsylvania and West Virginia Coal Co., $600,000; Ferris Giles, M. M. Lucy, G. E. Biddeson of Wilmington.

Clarkson Securities Co., $500,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George T. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

Allen Windows Co. of America, $500,000; Victor M. Allen, Shingle House, Penn.; George A. Scott, Waverly, N. Y.; George A. Dudley, Elmira, N. Y.

Consumers Graphite Co., $500,000; Samuel W. Osgood, Albert C. Bell, James W. Luther, all of Chicago.

Sobel Multiplying, Bookkeeping Machine Co., $300,000; Phillip L. Sobel, John McAlister, John L. Herman of Philadelphia.

Universal Stamping Machine Co., $200,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Central American Exploration, $200,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland of Philadelphia.

Caparta Oil Co., $150,000; David Ackerman, Dr. S. Denosque, Henry P. Blumfeld, Charles E. Hammersley, all of Milwaukee.

Willis Electric Corp., $100,000; James A. Willis, Emily B. Parson, Stelmo C. Oyer, all of Buffalo, N. Y.

The Reliance Corp., chemical business, $100,000; Alfred Dechner, Ernest Rudolph, New York; Charles A. Whilling, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Annawana International Exchange Corp., to obtain foreign market for sale of American raw materials, $100,000; Edward H. O'Neil, Andrew P. Leacy, Earl W. Smith, all of Kansas City, Mo.

Decorative Lamp and Shade Co., $100,000; Ludwig S. Zalo, Charles Sase, E. E. Legg of Philadelphia.

Florence Importing Co., food products, confections, &c., $100,000. C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Short Mountain Coal Co., $100,000. Incorporators same as above.

Coco River Dredging Co., $100,000. F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland of Philadelphia.

The General Potash Co. C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

The Oriole Toy Co., $25,000. Incorporators same as above.

The McCormick Co., architects; $10,000. Incorporators same as above.

The Great Western Development Co. of America, to acquire mineral lands and to develop same; $300,000. L. E. Smack, Cyril Loveland, A. K. Golf, all of Pocatello, Idaho.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Co-operative Drug Co., Philadelphia; from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 16.—Charters filed:

D. H. H. Realty Co., Newark, $25,000; Alonzo Devoe, Louis Handler, Samuel Herman, Newark.

Hudson Brokerage Corp., Jersey City, $10,000; Wendell P. Barker, John T. Barker, New York, Ira A. Anderson, East Orange.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., and Ga.—Rain Fri.; clearing and colder Sat.

Fla.—Rain and colder Fri.; clearing and colder Sat.

Ala. and Miss.—Rain and colder Fri.; fair Sat.

Tenn. and Ky.—Rain Fri.; fair Sat.

Ind.—Rain Fri.; fair and colder Sat.

Ohio—Rain Fri.; clearing and colder Sat.

Mich.—Rain and colder Fri.; unsettled Sat.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following list for carpenters is announced:

Joseph Breiman, John O'Neill, William Burnett, R. Sain, Gastano Carra, A. Julion, Julius Franzik, M. Cherkoff, Joseph Sorrento, A. Biondo, Harry Jammerson, Thomas Storey, Samuel Sipress, Gustave Hahn, David Badel, Frederick Janson, Samuel Libinsfield, William Anson, Arthur Italo, F. Marino, Anton Arnold, George Cotter, Peter Schopp.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for dragmaster, for men. Vacancies in the Coast and Geodetic Survey at salaries ranging from $100 to $140 a month, and in positions requiring similar qualifications, will be filled from this examination. The duties include the care of all drag and boat equipment, the charge of the drag under the direction of the chief of party, and the assembling and overhauling of all equipment during the winter. It is expected to obtain eligibles who are familiar with the navy semaphore code and the wigwag system of signaling, who are familiar with the use of sextant and lead line, who have a working knowledge of gasoline engines, or machine shop and carpenter tools, and who are experienced boatmen.

Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability (20), education, training, and experience (80). A common-school education and at least two seasons' experience in a wire-drag party are prerequisites. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of making oath to the application. On account of the needs of the service applications will be received until further notice. Papers will be rated promptly and certification made as the needs of the service require.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 17: Sergt. J. L. Unger from 46th to 18th; Patrol. C. J. O'Conner, from 224 to 109th; T. L. Connor, from 125th to 123d; Michael Neu, Bridge Precinct, assignment changed from Bridge C to Bridge D. To take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 18: Assigned as Corporals in precincts indicated, 3d Insp. Dist.: David Elman, 18; Samuel Brandwein, 18; J. J. Levy, 21; W. J. Fitzgerald, 221 Frederick Allgeier, 23; W. J. Murray, 25; J. J. Connolly, 18; J. J. Keating, 21; Florence Rempe, 21; Charles Hoffman, 22; D. H. Mitchell, 23; W. I. D. Court, 25; A. W. Fraser, from 31st to 23d; J. O. Ahern, from 39th to 22d; F. C. Wendell, from 42d to 25th. 4th Insp. Dist.: Patrick McNamara, 26; John Fitzgerald, 28; G. C. Sherman, 26; Peter Begina, 26; J. J. Martin, 28; J. P. Murray, from 45th to 32d; S. E. De Witt, from 46th to 32d; Robert Tatnell, from 49th to 32d; W. F. Coulter, from 79th to 26th.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. W. A. Gibbons, 13th, from 9:45 P. M., Dec. 26, during disability; Nicholas Campo, 224, from 2:50 P. M., Dec. 16, to 12 P. M., Dec. 25; J. S. Powers, 49th, from 12:40 P. M., Jan. 3, to 12 P. M., Jan. 4; R. J. Kelly, 81st, from 11:45 P. M., Jan. 6, during disability.

Fire Department.

Detail to attend funeral of Fireman First Grade J. F. Flynn, Eng. 31, from his late residence, 442 East 174th Street, at 9:30 A. M., Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919. Interment at Calvary Cemetery. Two officers and twelve men of Engine Co. 31 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of Eng. 46, 451 East 176th Street, at 9:15 A. M., proceed to residence, thence to the Church of Our Lady of Victory, 171st Street and Webster Avenue, and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 2d Battalion will detail an officer, engineer of steamer, and one man, and the Chiefs of the 1st, 3d, and 4th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of Engine Co. 31, at 8 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

Detail to attend funeral of Fireman First Grade Harry Monsky of H. & L. Co. 7, from his late residence, 318 East 9th Street, at 10 A. M., Fri., Jan. 17. Interment at Mt. Carmel Cemetery. Members of H. & L. Co. 7 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the above residence, at 9:45 A. M., and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 8th Battalion will detail an officer and two men, and the Chiefs of the 6th, 7th, and 9th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of H. & L. Co. 7, at 9 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

Transfers, to take effect at 8 A. M. Jan. 17: Firemen 1st grade, William Murray, Eng. 238, to Eng. 275; W. H. Hars, Eng. 226, to Hose 3; D. F. O'Sullivan, Eng. 238, to Hose 4; Emil Ubekaut, Eng. 221, to Hose 6; Robert Hierons, Eng. 224, to Hose 3; John Corry, Eng. 211, to Eng. 298; F. W. Hyde, Eng. 202, to Eng. 298; E. J. Lewis, Eng. 224, to H. & L. 126; J. N. Collins, Eng. 233, to H. & L. 126; W. P. Schulz, H. & L. 106, to H. & L. 126; John P. Frank, H. & L. 21, to Eng. 275; William Leichsenring, H. & L. 108, to H. & L. 140; David Rees, Eng. 278, to Hose 4; Edward Pullen, Eng. 216, to Hose 8.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 21, they having been honorably discharged from the army: Engineer of Steamer C. H. Tennis, Eng. 208; Fireman 1st grade J. W. Juster, Eng. 215.

Special leave of absence: Fireman 1st grade J. N. Dahl, Eng. 94, for 96 hours, from 8 A. M. Jan. 17.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Salesman.—Wanted, high-class stock salesman to place capital of corporation organizing for large foreign trade business; management has right connections for effective co-operation; liberal commission to right man; no advances; big opportunity for man with record as worker and producer. W 365 Times.

RUBBER TIRE PRODUCTION MANAGER. Man wanted who has successfully managed a rubber tire manufacturing plant, location near New York; must be capable of directing the production of a factory with a capacity of about 80,000 tires a year. Engineering Supervision Co., 2 West 35th St.

An experienced printer to make estimates, wait on trade and do general office work; only applications with references and complete details will be considered. Rand Avery Supply Co., Boston.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

$50,000 and expert business services are available for any legitimate and profitable enterprise; no attention paid to agents or brokers. W 324 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

$50,000 capital wanted for extension of going factory and to enable marketing new process where considerable profits can be realised; correspondence. Z 879 Times Annex.

Splendid opportunity, salesman, executive, accountant with $5,000 or more each; enlarging machinery railway equipment business established twenty years; large profits. H 795 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted with a cash capital of $5,000 in an old-established silversmith mfg. Co. who has a full equipped factory, big trade, and A1 reputation. Write D 237 Times.

Reliable concern wishes to secure $20,000 bond for six months at a reasonable rate; good business proposition. Write for private interview. Address A. D., 48 Times.

Want help to finance navy contract showing net profit of over $80,000; about $25,000 required; liberal arrangement and absolutely no risk. B 760 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

$5,000.

Will sell my interest in largest and profitable fur retail and wholesale business out of town; established six years; want man with $5,000 capital. B 155 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

OPEN FOR
LEGITIMATE BUSINESS CONNECTION.
Protestant gentleman, age 47, record absolutely clean, 21 years' successful mercantile experience one house, sales managerial and executive, is open for salaried position under proper conditions; if necessary would move to small town, especially South, or would establish New York sales offices or mail order or jobbing business. Z 390 Times Annex.

We are desirous of becoming directly identified, perhaps financially, with one or more local or nearby manufacturers of metal specialties or staples suitable for export markets; many years' experience in exporting work through all fields. Sterling Gensen Corporation, Export Representatives, 100 Hudson St., New York, N. Y.

Manufacturer of staple product wants to buy for cash a metal stamping and machine shop that is unincumbered; with real estate or good-will; some large war plan with good modern tools might do; send full particulars for attention. Thermo, B 752 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURING.
A well-equipped, modern plant, capacity 150 men, economically operated under skilled and efficient management, is prepared to submit attractive estimates on manufacturing tool, die, or experimental work. S 804 Times Downtown.

Wanted, by two experienced commercial men, two or three good sellers for grocery and hardware trade Pacific Coast territory, bank and wholesale house references. Address E. R. Stock and C. H. Jones, Hotel Oakland, Oakland, Cal.

HIGH-CLASS MAN, with established trade connections in Europe, to sail soon, seeks profit-sharing arrangement, with drawing account, with well-established textile or shoe exporters. H 264 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

BERGER & EIDELHOCH HAS BEEN SUCceeded by the firm of Berger & Burg. The firm will be known as heretofore under the name of the Arrow Neckwear Mfg. Co.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Atmospheric conditions are very much disturbed, as indicated by the number of storm centres and their rapid movements on the weather chart of Thursday. At 8 P. M. four storms were central within the field of observation, one over the Canadian Maritime Provinces, another over Lake Superior, another over Alberta, Canada, and still another over the Lower Mississippi Valley. High pressure prevails off the South Atlantic Coast and over the Far Southwest.

General rains fell in the last twenty-four hours in the Pacific States, except Southern California, and in the Gulf States, Tennessee, and Arkansas, and light snows in the Northern Rocky Mountain region and Minnesota. Gales have been reported from the Northern Pacific Coast, and there were heavy rains in Texas, Louisiana, and Southern Mississippi.

Temperatures remain above the seasonable average in all parts of the country, except the West Gulf States and the Southern Rocky Mountain region.

The storm now over the Lower Mississippi Valley will advance northeastward and be attended by general rains east of the Mississippi River within the next thirty-six hours.

Temperatures will be somewhat lower Friday and Friday night in the region of the Great Lakes, the Ohio Valley, and the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, and Saturday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh south, probably shifting to east Friday night and increasing, unsettled weather, followed by rain; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh south, backing to east, probably increasing by Friday night, rain; South Atlantic Coast, fresh east and southeast, probably becoming strong, rain.

FORECAST TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Cloudy, followed by rain, Friday. Saturday, rain and colder.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain Friday. Saturday, rain, followed by clearing and somewhat colder weather.

Western New York—Rain Friday. Saturday, clearing and colder.

Northern New England—Cloudy Friday. Saturday, probably rain or snow; lower temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	21	30	4 P. M.	27	43
6 A. M.	19	29	6 P. M.	26	41
9 A. M.	20	29	9 P. M.	27	39
12 M.	24	37	11 P. M.	28	38

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 24; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 29; at 8 P. M. it was 40. Maximum temperature, 44 degrees at 1:50 P. M.; minimum, 28 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 66 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 49 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.20 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.17 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
12:50—Fort Washington Park & 173 St., (brush;) not given .... None
3:50—1,713 Lexington Av.; Isidore Holstein .... Slight
7:30—6 E. 133 St.; William Johnson .... Slight
8:20—826 Hunts Point Av.; Dominick Saccacio .... Slight
9:00—21 Morris St.; not given .... Slight
9:45—947 Forest Av.; Phillip Lesser. Not given
10:30—81 E. 113 St.; not given .... Slight
10:55—548 W. 23 St.; United Forwarding Co. .... Slight
11:00—157 Orchard St.; not given .... Slight
P. M.
12:30—128 Delancey St., (auto;) Isidor Adler .... Slight
2:50—110 W. 111 St.; Lawrence Berger. Not given
2:50—401 E. 16 St.; Joseph Vosborns. Not given
3:20—300 E. 160 St., (rubbish) .... Not given
3:50—Grand & Tremont Avs., (brush;) not given .... None
3:50—1,065 Simpson St.; not given .... Slight
4:30—409 W. 14 St.; Nathan Schweitzer .... Slight
4:55—Boston Road & Williamsbridge Road .... Not given
5:35—320 W. 45 St. .... Not given
5:45—220 Cherry St.; Sarah Horowitz. Slight
5:50—37 W. 140 St. .... Not given
5:55—759 E. 229 St., (auto;) John Green .... Slight
6:20—216 E. 121 St. .... Not given
6:20—179 Mulberry St.; Benjamin Caposso .... Not given
6:30—1,237 Taylor Av.; Charles Myers. Slight
6:30—860 10 Av.; Sheffield Farms Co., Inc. .... Not given
7:20—Ft. Washington Av. & 196 St.; George A. Jones $1,000
9:00—850 10 Av.; Charles Sing .... None
10:25—126 Pearl St.; Ranavsloa Bros. Slight
10:40—175 E. 122 St.; not given .... Slight

Estates Appraised.

BALDWIN, SIMEON, (Feb. 11, 1918;) total estate, $101,080. Assets: Real estate, $22,000; cash, $2,989; personal, $636; stocks and bonds, $75,405. His wife, Mary S. M. Baldwin of 322 Lexington Av., has a life interest in the whole estate.

SCHLEIF, MAX F., (Sept. 7, 1917;) total estate, $71,628. Assets: Cash, $53,039; personal, $316; interest in Max F. Schleif & Co., iron and steel, 141 Broadway, $18,284. His wife, Kathleen Schleif, gets $22,602, and his son and daughters, John G., Phyllis P., and Constance D. Schleif, all of 517 West 113th St., $15,068 each.

TANNOR, JOHN, (Oct. 13, 1917;) total estate, $109,875. Assets, chiefly personal, $12,157; stocks and bonds, $85,206; membership in N. Y. Cotton Exchange, $12,500. The entire estate goes to his wife, Annie F. Tannor of 183 East 74th St.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
T. S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM
WILL SAIL FROM
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
VIA FALMOUTH
ON OR ABOUT JANUARY 22.
Passengers for England and France Will be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply
GENERAL PASSENGER OFFICE, 24 STATE ST., NEW YORK

CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer .... Jan. 27
Caronia .... Jan. 29
Prinses Juliana .... Feb. 5
Saxonia .... Feb. 12
Carmania .... Feb. 17
Royal George .... Feb. 22
Orduna .... Feb. 26
Caronia .... March 3
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW
Oriana .... Feb. 6
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia .... Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland... Jan. 25 | Adriatic.... Feb. 3
Baltic.... Feb. 8
And Regularly Thereafter.
HALIFAX—SOUTHAMPTON
Olympic .... Jan. 25
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7800.

Commercial South American Line
To West Indies and South American Ports.
Sailing January 22.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts. 22 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE
(COMPANIA TRASATLANTICA)
FREQUENT SAILINGS. Direct to Vigo, Coruña, Gijon & Santander; Cadiz & Barcelona; Havana & Vera Cruz.
L. LLANSO, Agt., Pier 8, E. R. Tel. Hanover 210.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South. Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.16 to $2.32.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

Fall River Line
TO BOSTON
Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 6:00 P. M. Music.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH LINE) Str. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., weekdays only, 6:30 P.M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 23d St., 6 P.M.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

(By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

Sun rises .... 7:18 | Sun sets 4:54

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:14	8:43	2:03	2:41
Governors Island	8:49	9:21	2:40	3:16
Hell Gate	10:15	12:21	4:56	5:26

Arrived—Thursday, Jan. 16.

SS Belgic, Liverpool, Jan. 4.
SS Wells City, Bristol, Dec. 23.
SS Dayton, Glasgow, Dec. 22.
SS Italia, Glasgow, Dec. 31.
SS Nunamar, Antilla, Jan. 11.
SS Santa Marta, Santiago, Jan. 8.
SS Vestnorge, Santiago, Jan. 5.
SS Touja, Nantes, Dec. 27.
SS Madison, Norfolk, Jan. 15.
SS Pastores, Norfolk, Jan. 15.
SS Hammershus, Savannah, Jan. 14.
SS Comal, Galveston, Jan. 9.
SS Urkiola, Philadelphia, Jan. 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Wilhelmina	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Curvello	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 29
Masconomo	Cardiff	Dec. 30
Santa Marta	Brest	Dec. 27
Tasmanic	Cape Town	Dec. 10
Benmore	Avonmouth	Dec. 31
Malancha	Avonmouth	Jan. 2
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
Hollandia	Grimsby	Jan. 6
President Grant	Brest	Jan. 8
Tapajoz	Bahia	Dec. 17

DUE TOMORROW.

Suffolk	St. Nazaire	Jan. 6
Goentoir	Plymouth	Jan. 8

DUE SUNDAY.

Rochambeau	Bordeaux	Jan. 9
Giuseppi Verdi	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Lapland	Brest	Jan. 10
De Kalb	Brest	Jan. 7
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 3

DUE MONDAY.

Cretic	Brest	Jan. 8
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Alban, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Mayaro, Trinidad	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Imperator, Georgetown	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Owego, Gibraltar	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Coamo, Porto Rico	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bahon, Santa Marta	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Amalia, Kingston	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Colon, Cristobal	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.

SAIL SUNDAY.

Louisville, (cruiser.) Brest	——	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Nieuw Amsterdam, Falmouth	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS San Mateo, at Bergen, Jan. 12.
SS Western Hero, at Rotterdam, Jan. 14.
SS Anchises, at Liverpool, Jan. 15.
SS Pacific, at Portland, Eng., Jan. 15.
SS F. A. Tamplin, at London, Jan. 16.

Sailed.

SS Manitowoc, from Bordeaux, Jan. 14.
SS Tricolor, from Rotterdam, Jan. 13.
SS Algenib, from Rotterdam, Jan. 14.
SS Celebes, from Havre, Jan. 15.
SS Mount Hood, from Iquique, Jan. 11.
SS Sonja, from Cardiff, Jan. 16.
SS Inmelin, from Rotterdam, Jan. 14.
SS Charles E. Everest, from Lisbon, Jan. 31.
SS Kentucky, from Copenhagen, Jan. 11.
SS Montserrat, from Cadiz, Jan. 12.
SS Mississippi, from Havre, Jan. 13.
SS Topajos, from Para, Jan. 13.
SS Trumf, from Shields, Jan. 15.
SS Kronstadt, from Caleta Colosa, Jan. 8.

Passed.

SS Mina Brea, New York for Rotterdam, passed Dover.
SS Toften, New York for Rotterdam, passed Portland Bill.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Jan. 20, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 18, SS Owego.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Gea.
Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru .... Jan. 18
Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura .... Jan. 20
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura .... Jan. 31
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Patten has been advised by the Third Assistant Postmaster General at Washington that money orders may be issued for the parts of Palestine and Syria occupied by the allied armies, but the extent of the territory thus occupied is not precisely defined by the authorities abroad, and it is inferred the occupied territory is continually enlarging. In cases where money orders are intended for places not known to be within the occupied territory they will still be forwarded if desired, but at the risk of the remitter, and in such cases the British Government, which acts as intermediary, has been requested to cancel the money order, if it proves not to be payable, with the view of refunding it to the remitter.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26515. —In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS JACOBS, Bankrupt.
Louis Jacobs was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 14, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on January 28, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26483.
Notice is given that DAVID ROSENZWEIG, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 17, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26366.
Notice is given that GEORGE D. HAMPTON, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 17, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

RUSSIAN TROUBLES

Manuel Komroff, just returned from Russia, describes Syndicalism, one of the forces more violent than Bolshevism, in the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

Are we wasting twelve million American Women?

SIXTEEN million women cooking, scrubbing, washing, tending children—all day long—in sixteen million homes!

What if twelve million of them could be released?

What if four million trained experts could perform the work now being done by sixteen million American housewives?

Charlotte Perkins Gilman, America's sanest and foremost feminist, discusses this burning subject in Pictorial Review for February.

The world is short-handed of workers! $9,600,000,000, at a conservative estimate, would be released towards the world's shortage of money and labor, by releasing these twelve million women for gainful work. Think what that would mean in France, in Belgium, in Serbia!

"But our homes? Our men? Our babies? If *they* must suffer we have no right to change." It is the old, old cry that has kept millions of women the world over "non-gainful."

Out of the world's necessity has been born the answer that is electrifying women the country over. Wherever you are, whoever you are, you cannot escape its contagion.—Greater usefulness to the world, greater well-being for the home and family, decreased cost of living.

Already the astounding change is making its way into our everyday life. The cooking, the laundry and cleaning, the care of the babies in sixteen million homes—how can it be done by four million women? How can individual household drudgery be abolished?

In detailed, practical fashion, Mrs. Gilman tells. What she has to say about this most extraordinary development in the world's history, no forward-looking man or woman can afford to miss. Read "The Work and Waste of Women" in Pictorial Review for February.

Specially good fiction

Her wifely duty—

Ugh! How Mattie hated it

NOT to be "wifely" was to be in Jacob's eyes, unsexed, a Jezebel, a monstrosity

But to Mattie, ugh! That word "wifely" stood for so many delightful things you had to deny yourself. Movies and soda fountains and frilly clothes!

Dishwasher for Jacob's family, that's all she was now. And so she rebelled! A feminist revolution in a Pennsylvania Dutch community!

Inimitably, and with rich humor, Helen R. Martin has told this rare story.

Your enemy's wife—the enemy you had killed!

ONCE, before the war, they had raced—the American and the German aviator. And at Kieber's home, Kieber's kids had climbed over his lap, rubbed their cool little faces against his—their father's friend's.

Then they had met as enemies—and Culberson, "iciest of aces", had killed his German antagonist.

But the wife and children he had known! How would you feel toward the family of the enemy you had admired—and killed? In "Straight as a Flame"—Will Levington Comfort has written a big story in a big way.

How about clothes?

Lingerie, Embroideries, Frocks, Blouses, Suits—Pictorial Review's Fashion Department for February shows a wealth of practical chic styles. And color pages featuring charming varieties of the season's mode!

All these pretty and useful things can be made easily and economically with Pictorial Review Patterns.

Thousands of babies wanted!

What are women saying about Birth Politics?

THREE hundred thousand babies in this country alone die unnecessarily every year—and the world is crying for more babies!

The appalling waste of it! Think! And what is being done to stop it?

KATHLEEN NORRIS

Author of "Mother", "The Luck of Geraldine Laird", etc.

answers this imperative question in Pictorial Review for February. In the same issue, *Helen Ring Robinson*, first woman state senator, discusses this vital problem.

Four years of war have brought home to the world that, more important even than the bearing of babies is the *saving* of babies. France and England are awake to the situation. Uncle Sam, too, has learned what sorrow-stricken mothers who sit beside empty cradles knew long ago; that a baby is worth more than a mine, a forest, a municipal building.

Just what is being done, what you must begin at once to do, Mrs. Norris tells you. Her article, and Helen Ring Robinson's keen analysis of the issue, are thrilling commentaries on America's splendid baby-saving achievements and plans up to the minute.

Wrapped in Silk

The greatest mystery story of the year

DOWN the fire-escape the figure came. Slowly, cautiously—a veiled unrecognizable feminine figure. And in the dead of night in Washington!

The woman spy! ... Which of the two girls was this—the two who had so spectacularly boarded the ocean liner in mid-ocean from a German submarine? Renée? Or Rachel? Which?

With consummate skill Clarence Budington Kelland has sustained in this second installment the breath-taking mystery of his vivid novel.

A regular $1.50 book in three issues. A million and a half men and women are following breathlessly this greatest mystery story of the year.

Birthday cards for the youngsters! Color cut-outs

Such amusing ones—that the children will love cutting out and sending to little friends. A whole dozen of them. No wonder the kiddies are enthusiastic over this novelty introduced by Pictorial Review. And there are adorable studies of the Twelve-trees babies.

REMARKABLE SERIES OF GREAT WAR PICTURES

BEGINNING with the February issue, Pictorial Review will publish month after month a new series of stirring full-page War Pictures. You would gladly pay $1.00 for any of these remarkable full color reproductions.

"Taking the Guns", from the masterly brush of F. Matania, tells you more graphically than any words could how the German gun nests were broken up by our brave boys. You will want to frame this picture and those that are to follow for their historic record of the Great War as well as for their artistic value.

PICTORIAL REVIEW

For February—on sale now

If there is no Pictorial Review Pattern Agent or Newsdealer in your town, send 20 cents for a single copy or $2.00 for a whole year's subscription to Pictorial Review, 229 West 39th Street, New York City

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain today; Sunday cloudy, cooler; fresh winds, mostly southeast.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,274. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JANUARY 18, 1919. EIGHTEEN PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 40 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

PRESS WINS LIMITED ADMISSION TO PEACE CONGRESS; RHINE MUST BE THE BARRIER OF THE ALLIES, SAYS FOCH; LIEBKNECHT SLAIN IN FLIGHT; ROSA LUXEMBURG LYNCHED

ASSAIL HEARST AS 5,000 CHEER IN THE GARDEN

Dr. Manning Stirs Great Audience by Attack on Publisher.

URGES MAYOR TO ACT

Deplores Hearst's Appointment to Soldiers' Welcoming Committee—Calls It Insult.

BECK DENOUNCES DISORDER

Says Interruptions by Hearst Agents Show Spirit That Would Substitute Mob's Voice for Law.

William Randolph Hearst was described as Germany's most useful friend in this country, and his appointment on a committee to welcome American returning soldiers was described as an insult to these soldiers, at a meeting of the Independent Citizens' Committee of New York to Welcome Soldiers at Madison Square Garden last night.

While generally sober and restrained in tone, the arraignment of the publisher was the most severe which he has undergone in public since the speech of Elihu Root in Utica when Hearst was running for Governor of the State. The bitterest sentences produced cheers and great enthusiasm from about 5,000 persons, and just as regularly evoked hisses and cries of "three cheers for Hearst" or "three cheers for Hylan" from about 150 persons, who kept the meeting in an uproar about one-third of the time. The disturbers were characterized by James M. Beck as "hired agents," and this description of them provoked a lively reaction from the pro-Hearst contingent.

The New York American issued a statement last night in which it said that it had had reporters count the audience and they had found that 3,488 persons were present.

Commissioner Enright had a police guard of 375 men in and outside of the hall, including 40 mounted policemen in the basement of the Garden. A Provost Guard of 250 men also had been assigned to preserve order. There were also present fifty members of the Navy Beach Guard. Thus, there were 675 protectors of order at the meeting.

At the outset of the meeting a tribute to Dr. John Grier Hibben, President of Princeton University and the presiding officer, to the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt as "the man who saved our country from the purchase of peace at the cost of her honor," brought the entire house to its feet.

Dr. Manning Assails Hearst.

One of the most bitter attacks on Mr. Hearst came from the Rev. Dr. William Manning, rector of Trinity Church. Most of those in the audience jumped to their feet and applauded him when he attacked Mr. Hearst by name, and about 150 hissed.

"We don't like to feel," Dr. Manning said, "that there is a stigma on our city. We don't like to hear that loyal Americans in other States are asking that their troops shall not be sent home through New York because of the kind of welcome that has been arranged here for them. This is what is now happening. The Legislature of South Dakota has made this request to Congress, and it seems that other States are about to take similar action."

Some of the Hearst champions made an uproar at this point, and Dr. Manning shouted:

"Hurrah for South Dakota!"

This was taken up all over the house, and that State received a great ovation. Amid great enthusiasm Dr. Manning praised the valor of the various New York regiments that the committee of which Hearst is a member is to welcome, and then continued:

"We feel deep respect for the office of Mayor, and wish to show all proper reference to the occupant of that high office, but we are here tonight to tell our Mayor politely, but plainly and publicly, that he has made a mistake in the appointment of his Committee of Welcome. In our welcome to our soldiers there should be nothing but harmony and good-will.

"The Mayor has made an appointment which he knew would make harmony impossible. He has made an appointment which has brought opprobrium on our city, which is an insult to the brave men in the service and which is justly condemned by loyal citizens, not only in New York, but all over our land. We all make mistakes at times. And when a Mayor or any other man makes a mistake the best thing he can do is to acknowledge it and set it right."

Mr. Manning said that Vice President Marshall had been generally acclaimed for his courage and sincerity when he made a public statement that he was sorry for his attitude toward the European war before this country entered it, and that he felt humiliated because he had been misled into the position of being neutral between right and wrong.

"We are here to say," continued Dr. Manning, "that no committee can be a proper committee to welcome our soldiers and sailors which includes the name of William Randolph Hearst. Mr. Hearst's attitude during this war is not a matter of doubt or debate. It is recorded in his own newspapers.

"Mr. Hearst cannot object to being judged by the words printed in his own publications. Throughout this war he had been Germany's most useful friend in this country, and the Germans themselves have recognized and acknowledged this. If Mayor Hylan will allow

Continued on Page Six.

McKESSON & ROBBINS
Manufacture and recommend
CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

PINEHURST, N. C.—Hotel Carolina now open. Special weekly events in all sports.—Advt.

Vienna Faces Meatless Weeks; Bread Ration Cut in Half

VIENNA, Jan. 17, (via London.)—The authorities contemplate the institution of meatless weeks, owing to the almost total cessation of meat imports.

There has been a cutting in half of the bread ration recently, and the two facts, taken in conjunction with the additional fact that potatoes are virtually unobtainable, have caused consternation among the population.

PROHIBITION ISSUE UNDER LEGAL FIRE

Opponents of Amendment Think There Are Some Ways to Attack Its Validity.

TWO MORE STATES RATIFY

Minnesota and Wisconsin Join Dry Column — Demonstration Planned at Albany.

Plans for an attack on the constitutionality of the Prohibition amendment progressed so far yesterday that William H. Hirst, attorney for the New York State Brewers' Association, was able to announce the general line of argument to be used in an effort to convince the courts that the amendment should never be allowed to become operative.

Just when the attack will be launched is as yet uncertain, although it is probable that the opening skirmish will come in California next Monday with argument in the State court for a permanent injunction restraining the Governor from certifying to the Federal Secretary of State that the amendment has been ratified by that State.

Besides planning an attack on the constitutionality of the measure the "wets" devoted themselves yesterday to efforts to insure an expression of sentiment in New York State against the measure. The Association Opposed to National Prohibition appealed for a demonstration of sentiment when the Legislature holds a public hearing on the question next Tuesday.

"The action of the thirty-eight States which have ratified the amendment," said Mr. Hirst, "may be attacked in this manner: First, there is a question as to whether it is necessary for those reported ratifying States whose Constitutions provide for referendum to submit the action of their Legislatures to the vote of the people before it becomes binding and operative as a ratification of the amendment. There are fourteen or fifteen such States among those where the Legislatures have voted approval. If it is necessary to submit to the people, then the necessary number of States is by no means obtained.

"The Federal Constitution provides that the amendment is to be submitted to the Legislatures of the States. What is meant by the Legislatures of the States? If it means the persons chosen to sit in the elected body called the Legislature, then there need be no referendum. That was the only kind of Legislature which was known at the time the Constitution was adopted, in 1787. If it means the legislative machinery of the States, then ratification is not complete until in addition to the action of the elected legislators it is also submitted to the vote of the people and approved by them. There is eminent legal authority to the effect that in States having referendum the amendment must be submitted to the vote of the people before it can be finally disposed of in the State.

"There is this further questionable and objectionable feature in the amendment—It gives to Congress and the several States concurrent power to enforce the amendment by appropriate legislation, a doubtful, dangerous, and mischievous provision, and one which most lawyers believe will lead to such a conflict of authority and action as to make the amendment meaningless and a mockery, as well as a menace to national unity. The Federal Government derives its authority from powers delegated to it by the several States. In any matter where it has jurisdiction its power is exclusive. Therefore the attempted delegation of power back to the States which is involved in this proposal of concurrent jurisdiction is contrary to constitutional intent and sanction.

"It must not be forgotten that the national prohibition amendment is not only aimed at the traffic in liquors but also at the private manufacture and use of beer and wine."

Demonstration at Albany.

In its appeal for a demonstration at Albany next Tuesday, the Association Opposed to National Prohibition called upon the voters of the State to "stand as firm as a rock in the faces of the enemies of liberty," and asserted that a referendum in this State would show a majority of a million against the amendment. Every citizen who could was urged to go to Albany and register his protest, and those who could not go were asked to enroll in the association, without fee, and to telegraph or write to their Representatives in the Legislature.

The prohibitionists' jubilee meeting is to be a union gathering of all ministers of Greater New York and vicinity who care to come to the Metropolitan auditorium on Jan. 27. They will consider the nature of legislation for enforcement of the amendment to be introduced at Albany.

Wayne B. Wheeler, counsel of the Anti-Saloon League of America, will answer

Continued on Page Four.

USE SONORA NEEDLES!
Sonora Semi-Permanent Silvered Needles replace steel needles. They play 50 to 100 times. Loud, Medium or Soft grades, 30c. per card of 5.—Advt.

BERLIN AGITATORS MOBBED

Liebknecht Spirited Away but Shot in Dash for Liberty.

WOMAN LEADER BEATEN.

Thrown Into a Motor Car and Later Finished by Bullet in the Head.

CABINET STARTS INQUIRY

Promises Punishment if Blame Can Be Fixed—Fear of Spartacide Vengeance.

BERLIN, Jan. 16. (Associated Press.) — Dr. Karl Liebknecht was killed by soldiers yesterday while he was trying to escape from custody.

Rosa Luxemburg was beaten into insensibility by a mob and afterward was shot to death.

When it became known yesterday that Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg were at the Hotel Eden, in the western part of the city, a crowd rapidly congregated and stormed the hotel lobby to lay hands on them. Both were spirited to a side entrance to the hotel, but the mob forestalled the attempt of the troops to save Fraulein Luxemburg. She was beaten into insensibility and then thrown into an automobile by the crowd, which intended to take her to prison.

A few blocks down the street the machine was halted by a second mob, and when the presence of Fraulein Luxemburg became known a man jumped on the running board of the car and shot her through the head. The body was dragged from the car and carried off. It is supposed that it was thrown into the canal, but it has not been found.

Liebknecht's Desperate Dash.

In the meantime Dr. Liebknecht was hurried into another automobile by officers and troops, and the car was headed for the Moabit prison. While going through the Tiergarten the machine was halted by a punctured tire.

Dr. Liebknecht was asked to get out by the officers, who intended to hail another automobile and continue toward the prison. While waiting he made an attempt to escape and was shot dead by soldiers, who had anticipated such an effort on his part.

This dash for liberty was the last desperate effort for freedom on the part of a man who had left prison only last October. When the automobile which was carrying him broke down, he was warned against any attempt at flight.

The officer in charge asked Dr. Liebknecht, who was bleeding from a wound in the head which he had received in being struck by a cane in the hands of some member of the mob, whether he felt able to walk a few hundred yards to the next street, where a new automobile could be found. Dr. Liebknecht said that he could do so, and the party started to walk.

When near a group of trees Dr. Liebknecht pushed aside the soldier nearest him and dashed for the underbrush in the Tiergarten. The soldiers ordered him to halt. He paid no attention to their demands and several shots were fired at him. One bullet struck him in the base of the neck, squarely between the shoulders, and his death was virtually instantaneous.

Denied Identity When Taken.

When Dr. Liebknecht was arrested at the home of a relative on Mannheimerstrasse yesterday morning he stoutly denied his identity. After being escorted to the Eden Hotel he was searched and his monogram, "K. L.," was discovered on his shirt.

His capture was due to a telephone conversation overheard by detectives in which he and Rosa Luxemburg agreed to meet at the home of a man named Marcusson in the suburb of Wilmersdorf. Marcusson's home, the police say, has long been one of the gathering places of the Spartacides.

The Government announced today that the circumstances attending the deaths of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg would be investigated and that punishment would be meted out if it appeared that the custodians of either victim had neglected their duty or had any part in the tragedy.

Virtually the entire Berlin press re-

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Bolsheviki Hold Bremen, Cuxhaven, and Duesseldorf

BERLIN, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—While the Spartacide revolt in Berlin has been at least temporarily crushed, the German Bolsheviki appear to be in full control in Bremen, "the republic of Cuxhaven," and Düsseldorf.

The "Brunswick Republic" is also in the hands of the radicals, who, while ready to protect the results of next Sunday's elections, in other respects share Spartacide views.

Martial law has been declared at Bremen and the counter-revolutionists have been threatened with summary execution.

The Cuxhaven proletariat rulers have also occupied the Government of the District of Hadeln. All the officials, city employes, and teachers have presented an ultimatum to the People's Commissioners, demanding the repeal of the decree constituting the new republic.

The Brunswick Government, whose President is a tailor named Morges, continues in open rebellion against the National Government.

BATTLE FOR VOTES HOT IN GERMANY

Appeals of Political Parties Fill Whole Pages of Berlin Newspapers.

CONSERVATIVES ARE UNITING

Socialists Announce War Profits Taxes, Which May Tend to Offset Distrust.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 15, (via Copenhagen.)—The advertising sections of the Berlin newspapers today contain nothing but advertisements of campaign meetings and party proclamations, some of which, especially those of the reactionary parties, fill a whole page each.

It is quite evident that the reactionaries hope to profit from the weakness displayed by the Government toward the Spartacides and doubtless the Government has lost considerably even with the laboring and middle classes, but judging from reports from all over the country not the reactionaries but the German Democratic Party is the gainer.

The reactionaries, dethroned from their despotic position, which never brooked opposition, prove to be very clumsy politicians, unable even to keep their sinister plans until time for action arrives. The tone of their proclamation reminds one too strongly of the old days of Kaiserism.

This is how Field Marshal von Worysch, whom the Lokal-Anzeiger hails as the defender of the Silesian frontier, concludes his command to vote the reactionary ticket:

"It needs a strong hand to restore order. The present Government does not possess it, which is proved by its attitude toward the new enemy in the East. Therefore whoever loves his Silesia must not vote for the Socialist but the German National People's Party candidate. Just listen only once more to old honest Worysch. He means well."

Alliance Against Democrats.

Until the result of the elections in Bavaria, Baden, and Würtemberg became known the reactionaries looked at the Christian People's Party, the former Centrists, as a secret partner, but those elections having proved the Centrists' strength to be far less than had been expected, the National People's Party, the former Pan German organization, and the former Conservatives have openly joined ranks with the Christian People's Party to save what they can and make a united stand against the Socialists and Democrats.

The Government, feeling that the Socialist Party has lost a great deal of prestige with the masses by its vacillating attitude toward the Spartacides, at this late hour is making public a new bill, taxing war profits in the most radical manner, which will doubtless find favor with a majority of the people. The bill taxes profits progressively, beginning with 10 per cent. on profits amounting to more than 10,000 marks, and ending with 100 per cent. on any increase of fortune amounting to more than 500,000 marks. The highest war profits permitted to remain in the hands of the profiteers will amount to 199,500 marks.

The war profiteers, whose reckless profusion even in these hard times has greatly scandalized the average

Continued on Page Three.

TEA CLUB DE VINOT. SUPPER DANCES 44 East 59th Street. DANCES Monday, Wednesday, Friday Evenings, 10:30. Open to Public as well as Club Members. Thes Dansants, Every Afternoon, 4 to 7.—Advt.

WANTS FRANCE PROTECTED

Foch Tells American Writers That Rhine Must Be Held.

THIS WILL GUARANTEE PEACE

Let Us Watch Together, He Adds, That Fruits of Victory May Not Be Lost.

CALLS OUR TROOPS SUPERB

"Your Men Have the Devil's Own Punch," He Told Pershing; "Go to It!"

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TREVES, Jan. 15.—"The natural barrier which will protect civilization is the Rhine," was a pregnant sentence uttered by Marshal Foch in an interview with American war correspondents which is full of meaning for America and Americans.

Furthermore, its full meaning is this: "The Rhine is the common barrier of the Allies, of precisely those who united to save civilization. The Rhine is the guarantee of peace for all the nations who have shed their blood in the cause of liberty."

In America's reception of these statements may be wrapped up the story of the role the Americans will play in European politics—world politics, if one pleases—after their last war task is done.

Marshal Foch's speech may give the American people a better grasp of the great task before the Peace Commissioners, who must shape America's stand so as to support America's position as an agent of world liberty, and who at the same time are bound to respect the traditions to which America was born and under which she has grown to full stature.

Marshal Foch's statement was made just after he had come from the first meeting of the Peace Delegates. What Foch said to American correspondents is what he says to the Peace Conference, and one knows how Clemenceau and the ruling statesmen of France rely on Marshal Foch's judgment.

America will receive with glad ears and hearts the Marshal's praise of our fighting men. She will think seriously of the momentous proposition which Marshal Foch today suggested that the correspondents place before the American people.

"It is the using of the Rhine that must impose fear on the Germans, lest they repeat their assault of 1914," says Marshal Foch.

Americans may well ask, How long shall the Allies "use" the Rhine, how long shall Americans "use" the Rhine? That is, perhaps, the largest question before Americans today, perhaps the largest question in its potentialities that they were ever called on to answer.

Marshal Foch received the correspondents in his train at Treves, where he had come to attend the meeting of the Armistice Commission. He read a prepared address.

For Peace to Match Price Paid.

TREVES, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—It is the conviction of Marshal Foch that the Rhine must be made the barrier between Germany and France. He expressed this clearly today when he received American newspaper correspondents. The Marshal is here in connection with the meeting concerning the extension of the German armistice.

Marshal Foch pointed out the difficulties that had been overcome, and said that peace must be commensurate with the price of victory. Germany now was beaten, he added, but with her resources, especially in men, recuperation in a comparatively short time was quite possible. It was now the duty of the Allies to prevent further aggressions.

Marshal Foch praised the work of the American troops and said that General Pershing had asked that the American forces be concentrated for an attack on one sector. The allied Generalissimo admitted that the Argonne-Meuse front, where the Americans began their offensive on Sept. 26, was a "sector hard to tackle." The Marshal said that he had told General Pershing:

"Your men have the devil's own

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WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

Full Peace Conference Will Open at 3 P. M. Today; President Wilson to Sit on the Right of Clemenceau

PARIS, Jan. 17, (Associated Press.)—The scene is set for the opening of the Peace Congress at 3 P. M. tomorrow with impressive ceremony befitting such an occasion.

Final preparations were concluded today in the beautiful Salle de la Paix at the Foreign Office, where the Congress will meet, and the green table now awaits its guests.

When the delegates are seated around the great horseshoe conference table Raymond Poincaré, President of the Republic, will make his entry into the hall with an escort of Premiers and take his place in the presiding officer's chair at the head of the table.

The opening address of M. Poincaré, in welcoming the Congress, will sound the glories of the war just won and tell of the work of reconstruction entrusted to the Congress.

It is likely that President Poincaré's greetings will call for response by a foreign representative, in which case President Wilson may address the gathering for the United States and the other countries represented.

With the conclusion of M. Poincaré's address and the response, the session of the congress will be declared to be open, and Premier Clemenceau will take the presiding officer's chair, as the head of the French delegation. President Wilson will sit at the right of M. Clemenceau; Premier Lloyd George will sit at the left.

Such address as M. Clemenceau will make will be brief, and mainly in the nature of an initiation of the procedure of the congress, such as the selection of officers, Chairman, Vice Chairman, and General Secretary.

The report of the Supreme Council on the rules governing the congress will then be presented. These were elaborated at the sessions concluded tonight. It is expected that they will be approved without discussion and that on their approval they will be made public. This, and possibly some further adjustments in the representations of the smaller countries, will probably embrace all the work to be undertaken at the opening ceremony. The main issues will await the business sessions.

PEACE CONGRESS MAY HEAR REDS

Strong Belief in Paris That America and Japan Will Back Britain's Plan.

FRANCE AND ITALY OPPOSED

But All Questions Are Expected to be Argued Out to Unanimous Indorsement.

Reports Bolshevist Plea for Peace Through Wilson

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 17. — The Social Demokraten of Stockholm learns that Maxim Litvinoff, the former Bolshevist Ambassador in London, has on behalf of the Russian Soviet sent a message to President Wilson offering to cease its world propaganda if the Entente will enter into peace negotiations.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—It seems most probable this afternoon, on the eve of the opening of the Peace Conference, that after President Poincaré's speech and other ornamental beginnings the first real business taken up will be that of Bolshevism in Russia and elsewhere in Europe rather than the question of the League of Nations as originally planned. This for the same reason that if the house you have got to live in for some time to come is on fire you will devote yourself to putting out the flames before examining the architect's plans for the house you hope to live in later on.

There are two phases to this Russian question: First, that of going to the Bolsheviki with the armed forces of all the Allies—in other words, intervention; second, that of having the Bolsheviki come to the Peace Conference to state their case through delegates.

The first plan seems to have gone into the international discard. America will positively not be a party to military intervention on a large scale. France is not in position to send large armies there, because of her own interior political and industrial situation, and she cannot act in the matter without the full co-operation of the other allies, which is not forthcoming.

Therefore the form in which Bolshevism will first come before the conference is in all probability the proposal made by Lloyd George that delegates of the Bolsheviki as well as the representatives of the other Russian factions be received. The attitude of two delegations on this proposal is already known in advance, and there is shrewd plausible speculation as to how the others will stand.

In this connection only five powers are considered as having any voice in

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

"PREPAREDNESS!"—The price of good fruit, like the price of peace—" See top 7th page—Advt.

FORCES AT WAR IN PEACE CONCLAVE

Ralph Pulitzer Sees Influences at Work for a "Sinister Peace."

OTHERS FOR LIBERALISM

Wilson He Counts as Great Factor Toward Obtaining a Right Settlement.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Ralph Pulitzer, publisher of The New York World, who is leaving for New York tomorrow, has given me the following statement:

"Today, on the eve of the Peace Conference, the allied Governments are suffering all the vicissitudes of victory. The solidarity of a common danger has departed.

"The joint instinct of self-preservation has given place to conflicting aims of self-aggrandizement. The vanities, cupidities, and pugnacities which masquerade as 'national aspirations' are seething beneath the serenity of the Quai d'Orsay.

"If the Peace Conference is allowed to remain a conference between governments instead of between peoples it is apt to degenerate into a saturnalia of statesmanship which will crown a war to end war with a peace to end peace.

"Three forces are laboring for such a sinister peace: (1,) the bourbonism of politicians, instinctive or opportunist, playing for advancement on the chauvinism of the people; (2,) the materialism of industrial and commercial circles appealing to the business classes; (3,) the militarism of professional soldiers appealing to pride or fear of imperialism and Jingoes.

"Fortunately, there are also three forces which, if properly used, will tend powerfully to protect the world from such a 'peace.' They are: (1,) the inarticulate masses of the nations whose hearts' desire is the perpetuation of peace and who place such peace above the most brilliant technical triumphs of their statesmen; (2,) the liberal and thoughtful minds of these nations, among whom appear to be a minority of their statesmen who have outgrown the discredited old tricks of trade—balance of power, strategic frontiers, punitive indemnities, economic isolation—and who wish to substitute the confessed experiment of a League of Nations and who support other detailed settlements of peace in a liberal and progressive spirit in harmony with such a league; (3,) President Wilson, whose moral initiative and material disinterestedness make him the accepted leader and mouthpiece of the inarticulate masses and the rallying point of liberal minds of all countries.

"Without national unity, it seems safe to assert that lacking the potentiality of President Wilson's physical presence here his fourteen points, which with one qualification were the bases of the armistice, accepted by the

Continued on Page Two.

When You think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

COUNCIL MAKES CONCESSION

But Reserves Right to Hold Executive Sessions When Necessary.

3 MEN FOR EACH COUNTRY

Long, Official Statement of Considerations Forbidding Full Publicity Is Issued.

ANOTHER SEAT TO BELGIUM

She and Serbia to Have Three Delegates Each—Two for Kingdom of Hedjaz.

PARIS, Jan. 17, (Associated Press.)—All is in readiness for the opening tomorrow afternoon of the Peace Congress, with representatives of the press in attendance.

At today's meeting of the Supreme War Council it was decided that the newspaper men should be admitted to the meetings of the full conference, but that on necessary occasions the deliberations might be held in secret. It was determined in reaching this decision limiting the activities of the press that, while the conferees did not underrate the importance of public opinion, the process of reaching a favorable solution of the task before the congress would be hindered if discussion of every disputed question were open by a public declaration by each delegation of its own national point of view.

It has been tentatively decided that three representatives of the press of each of the allied and associated powers will be admitted to the conference.

The conference will probably be organized in a manner similar to the American Congress, with secret committee meetings to discuss delicate questions, with formal open sessions and with executive sessions, as in the United States Senate.

It was at the instance of President Wilson that the Council yesterday decided to hold in abeyance the proposed rule for virtual secrecy beyond bare official communiqués, and to request representatives of the British, American, and Italian press to present some plan for reporting the peace meetings.

The following official communication was issued this evening:

"The President of the United States of America, the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of the allied great powers, assisted by the Japanese Ambassadors in Paris and London, met at the Quai d'Orsay today, in the morning from 10:30 to 12:30 P. M., and in the afternoon from 3 to 5:30.

"The French President of the Council read out the terms of the renewal of the armistice.

Three Delegates for Belgium.

"The meeting decided to give Belgium and Serbia three delegates each at the conference. It was decided also that the King of the Hedjaz should be represented by two delegates. The question of the number of delegates for the various powers thus was finally established.

"The program for the opening conference, which will take place at the Foreign Office tomorrow at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, was afterward arranged.

"The meeting finally examined into the question of the publicity to be given to the discussions of the conference, and unanimously approved the following text, to be handed to the press in the name of the five great powers:

"'The representatives of the allied and associated powers have given earnest consideration to the question of publicity for the proceedings of the Peace Conference. They are anxious that the public, through the press, should have the fullest information compatible with the safeguarding of the supreme interest of all, which is that a just and honorable settlement should be arrived at with the minimum of delay.

Analogy of Cabinet Meetings.

"'It is, however, obvious that publicity with regard to the preliminary conversations now proceeding must be subject to the limitations necessarily imposed by the difficult and delicate nature of their object. The proceedings of a Peace Conference are far more analogous to the meetings of a Cabinet than to those of a Legislature. Nobody has ever suggested that Cabinet meetings should be held in public, and if they were so held the work

of Government would become impossible.

"'One reason why Cabinets are held in private is in order that differences may be reconciled and agreements reached before the stage of publicity is begun. The essence of the democratic method is not that the deliberations of a Government be conducted in public, but that its conclusions be subject to the consideration of a popular chamber and to free and open discussion on the platform and by the press.

"'Representatives of the allied and associated powers are holding conversations in order to solve questions which affect the vital interests of many nations and upon which they may at present hold many diverse views. These deliberations cannot proceed by the method of a majority vote. No nation can be committed except by the free vote of its own delegates. The conclusions arrived at in these consultations, therefore, can only be formed by the difficult process of reaching an agreement among all.

"'This vital process would only be hindered if the discussion of every disputed question were opened by a public declaration by each delegation of its own national point of view. Such a declaration would in many cases be followed by premature public controversy.

"'This would be serious enough if it were confined to controversy between parties within each State. It might be extremely dangerous if, as would often be inevitable, it resulted in controversy between nations.

"'Moreover, such public declarations would render the give-and-take on the part of the delegates themselves, which is essential to a successful negotiation, a matter of infinitely greater difficulty. It is also extremely important that the settlement should be not only just but speedy.

"'Every belligerent power is anxious for the early conclusion of peace in order that its armies may be demobilized.

Where Publicity Means Delay.

"'If premature publicity is given to the negotiations, the proceedings of the Peace Conference would be interminably protracted and the delegates would be forced to speak not only of the business before the conference but to concern themselves with the controversies which had been raised by the account of their proceedings outside.

"'Finally, there will often be very strong reasons against announcing the conclusions of the conversations as they are arrived at. The representatives of a nation may be willing to give their assent on one point, only provided that they receive a concession on another point which has not yet been discussed. It will not be possible to judge of the wisdom and justice of the peace settlement until it can be viewed as a whole, and premature announcements might lead to misapprehensions and anxiety as to the ultimate results for which there was no real foundation.

"'In calling attention, however, to these necessary limitations of publicity, these representatives of the powers do not underrate the importance of carrying public opinion with them in the vast task by which they are confronted. They recognize that unless public opinion approves of the results of their labors they will be nugatory.

"'This reasoning applies with conclusive force to the present conversations between the representatives of the great powers.

"'With regard to the full conferences the following rule was adopted.

"'Representatives of the press shall be admitted to the meetings of the full conference, but upon necessary occasions the deliberations of the conference may be held in camera.'"

The Supreme War Council ended its sessions at 5:30 o'clock, having completed its work. It will not meet again before the opening of the Peace Congress tomorrow.

Noulens Reports on Russia.

Joseph Noulens, the French Ambassador to Russia, entered the Foreign Office just before the meeting, and it developed later that he was invited by the council to meet with it and express his views on the Russian situation.

The council at its morning session received a statement of the actions taken by the press representatives of the various countries regarding the proposed restrictions of the news of the conference proceedings. The statement set forth that the American, British, Italian, Serbian, and Belgian correspondents asked the admission of the press to the sittings of the council. The French press delegation, on the other hand, was unanimous in taking the contrary position.

The resolution adopted by the press representatives of America, Great Britain, Italy, and the smaller nations acting with them was also presented.

The separate representation accorded the British colonies in the Peace Conference having unfavorably impressed the French colonial world, the Havas Agency has issued a note pointing out that by reason of the interchangeability of the delegates the French Government can, when necessary, call in specially qualified plenipotentiaries, and that thus the different colonial problems will be discussed with all the necessary safeguards.

Reports Press Limit 15 Men.

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PARIS, Jan. 17.—The Peace Conference made its first concession to public opinion tonight in the matter of publicity. The representatives of the great powers, after considering the demands of the press that the padlock be removed, voted to open the door a few inches.

The number of press representatives was not decided, but the delegates are talking of fifteen, giving three each to each of the four Big Powers and three to the other Powers. For the opening session tomorrow they may let in all the press, but will decide this tomorrow.

PRESS DEMANDS MADE ON COUNCIL

Unanimous for Publicity in Principle, but Differing as to Details.

FRENCH IN THE MINORITY

Refused to Demand Direct Representation for Definite Number of Newspaper Men.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Wireless and Cable Dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Practically all activities of the Peace Conference deliberations are at a standstill. The effect of the protest made by the press representatives, particularly those of the United States and Great Britain, against the attempt to keep from them information of what takes place around the conference table, except such as the conference chooses to give out in colorless communiqués, was apparent in the interest displayed by the allied plenipotentiaries.

The announcement was made that the conference devoted itself today to consideration of the suggestions made by the newspaper delegations in conformity with the request of the conference after the plenipotentiaries had begun to realize the indignation aroused over what is designated in some quarters as an attempt to gag the press and conclude a peace treaty in secret.

The committee appointed by the newspaper correspondents of the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, and the smaller nationalities sat until 3 o'clock this morning seeking to reach unanimous agreement on a plan for press representation at the conference to be presented to that body for action.

The American correspondents felt that their interests were more intimately involved than those of the press of any other country because the closure resolution adopted by the Council on Wednesday appeared to mean a deathblow to the first of Wilson's fourteen points, which asserted the principle of "open covenants of peace, openly arrived at."

First American Demand Rejected.

Their representatives went to the press conference with instructions to ask that ten representatives of each of the allied countries be admitted to the Peace Conference. The French newspaper men refused to agree to this or any representation whatever, and the Americans, British, Italians, and smaller nationalities decided to recommend that not less than five representatives of each country be admitted.

All, however, including the French, agreed to a declaration of principles which called for official communiqués as complete as possible, the abolition of the censorship for all allied countries, and permission to the plenipotentiaries to have free communication with newspaper representatives.

Fear of Irresponsible Journalism.

Jan. 16.—It would be an exaggeration to say that publicity remains as great a bugbear in the eyes of modern diplomacy as it was half a century and more ago, out those defending the restrictions on news transmission assert that it is still a fact that unrestrained and irresponsible journalism may make the already difficult task of the peace delegates more arduous. Responsible journalism, it is contended, may have to suffer from the fact that thoughtless or premature publication may prejudice a good cause.

L'Humanité's publication of the Pichon statements has been followed by pointed assertions which, it is charged here, have created no little trouble.

On the other hand, it is contended that such publications are so few as to be negligible, especially when compared with the great bulk of the Peace Conference news published in France, America, and other allied countries.

But, it is asserted, considerations of this character brought about the compromise decision of Wednesday. There being no censorship, it was felt, the defenders of the conference resolution say, that some measures to safeguard the conference from premature and ill-advised publications respecting matters still under discussion by the delegates was necessary.

The plan of issuing annotated minutes of the conference proceedings, which had been approved by the delegates of all the powers concerned, was hit upon as likely at least to draw a ring fence around the deliberations and to some extent guarantee the results arrived at against hasty and ill-informed comment. The theory was advanced that by making the official annotations exhaustive and specific, which each power concerned, with the consent of the rest, would be enabled to do, the public would be kept adequately informed of the progress of the conference and its lines, and responsible comment would likewise be indicated.

Resolutions of the Press Conference.

PARIS, Jan. 17, (Associated Press.)—Representatives of the allied and American press at their meeting Thursday unanimously adopted the following resolution:

First—It is essential to insure full publicity for the peace negotiations.

Second—The official communiqués shall be as complete as possible.

Third—In addition to the communiqués, full summaries of the day's proceedings should be issued, not necessarily for textual publication, but for the guidance of the press.

Fourth—There should be no interference with free intercourse between the delegates and responsible journalists.

Fifth—Journalists should be permitted to attend the formal sessions of the conference.

Sixth—It is recommended that there be equal treatment of the allied press by the abolition of the censorship in all allied countries.

All except the French delegates also agreed to these recommendations:

First—There should be direct representation of the press at the sittings of the Peace Conference.

Second—The press of each of the great powers should be represented by not less than five delegates, and each of the smaller powers who actively participated in the war should be represented proportionately.

REBUFF ALLIED ENVOYS.

Germans at Bialystok Won't Receive Col. Wade and Lieut. Foster.

WARSAW, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—The Germans have refused to receive at Bialystok Lieutenant Reginald Foster, a political agent of the American Peace Commission, and Colonel Wade of the British Army, who went to Lapy on the Polish frontier to confer with the commander of the German Tenth Army. It was their object to persuade the Germans to hold the frontier against the Bolsheviki.

Lieutenant Foster and Colonel Wade received the reply that, if they attempted to pass over the frontier, they would be regarded as enemies by the German sentinels. Foster and Wade have reported the action of the Germans to their respective Governments.

BISSOLATI GOING TO PARIS.

Will Attend League Demonstration at Wilson's Request.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Jan. 17.—By President Wilson's express desire Leonida Bissolati has been invited to represent Italy among the speakers at the interallied demonstration in favor of a League of Nations to be held at the Sorbonne in Paris on Sunday, Feb. 2. Bissolati is President of the Italian branch of the movement.

LIST OF PEACE DELEGATES.

Approximately Complete Roster of Those Who Will Sit in Congress.

PARIS, Jan. 17, (Associated Press.)—The official list of the Peace Delegates may not be given out tonight, but its composition is known in the main, as follows:

France—Georges Clemenceau, Prime Minister; Stephen Pichon, Foreign Minister; Louis Klotz, Finance Minister; Andre Tardieu, French High Commissioner to the United States, and Jules Cambon.

Great Britain—David Lloyd George, Prime Minister; Arthur J. Balfour, Foreign Secretary; Andrew Bonar Law; George Nicoll Barnes, the Labor leader, and another alternate delegate.

United States—Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States; Robert Lansing, Secretary of State; Henry White, Colonel Edward M. House, and General Taskar H. Bliss.

Italy—Vittorio Orlando, Prime Minister; Baron Sonnino, Foreign Minister; Antonio Salandra, former Premier; Marquis Salvago Raggi, and the Italian Minister of Finance, who will succeed Francesco Nitti, who has resigned.

Japan—The Marquis Saionji, former Prime Minister; Baron Makino, Baron Chinda, Baron Matsui, and Count Hayashi.

Brazil—Senator Epitacio Pessoa, Dr. Fandia Calogeras, and Deputy Raoul Fergandez.

Belgium—Paul Hymans, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Emile Vanderveide, and M. Vandenheuvel.

Serbia—Nikola Pachitch, former Prime Minister, and M. Trumbitch, former President of the Dalmatian Diet, who will alternate with Dr. M. R. Vesnitch, Serbian Minister to France, and M. Reber.

Greece—Elentherios Venizelos, Premier, and M. Politis, Foreign Minister.

Rumania—M. Bratiano, Prime Minister, and M. Mishr.

Czechoslovakia—Dr. Karl Kramarcz, Premier, and M. Benes, Foreign Minister.

Poland—M. Dmowski, Polish representative to the Allied Governments, and a second delegate representing General Pilsudski.

China—Lu Cheng-Hsiang, Foreign Minister, and one other.

Canada—Sir Robert Borden, Premier; Sir George Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, with others of the delegation alternating.

Australia—William Morris Hughes, Premier, and one other.

Union of South Africa—General Louis Botha and General Jan C. Smuts.

India—The Maharajah of Bikaner and Sir S. P. Sinha.

Siam—M. Charoon, Minister to France, and one other.

New Zealand—William F. Massey, Premier.

Portugal—Ejas Moniz.

SENATORS VOICE SECRECY PROTESTS

Borah, Williams, and Lewis Applaud President's Stand for Open Peace Conference.

READY TO BACK HIM UP

Senator Johnson Would Withdraw Army and Leave Policing to the European Forces.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In the course of a speech today on the necessity of publicity in connection with the Peace Conference Senator Borah said:

"I am perfectly sure that there are those who differ with me, but I regard it as one of the most vital propositions before the congress, and we at least ought to permit it to be known, that we are in full sympathy with the views of the American delegation with reference to publicity in the proceedings at Versailles.

"I cannot say that it is a surprise that a movement has been inaugurated in favor of secrecy, and yet I had supposed from the announcements not only in this country and in Europe that more consideration would be given to the question than seems to have been given to it. It seems to have been disposed of without much discussion.

"When the President delivered his address to Congress upon the 8th of January, the first proposition looking to the permanent peace of the world reads as follows:

"'Open covenants of peace, openly arrived at, after which there shall be no private international understandings of any kind, but diplomacy shall proceed always frankly and in the public view.'

"There can be no possible construction placed upon this language other than that it was intended to cover just such proceedings as are now being initiated at the Peace Conference.

"'Open covenants of peace.' Had the statement stopped there, it might be said that it was intended to cover the simple proposition of publishing the covenants of peace after they had been negotiated and concluded but the President was careful to say: 'Open covenants of peace, openly arrived at.' And the question now is, whether or not that proposition is to be utterly discarded and disregarded in the proceedings at Versailles. It would seem that they have practically concluded upon a program adverse to this proposition."

People Opposed to Secrecy.

Senator Borah quoted some news dispatches of the last few days bearing on the action of the Peace Conference in regard to publicity.

"I observe by the press dispatches," he continued, "that the President has taken up this matter and that it may be reopened for consideration, and it is indicated in the press dispatches this morning that the ultimate result may be open sessions of the conference. It is by reason of this last item in the news that I felt disposed to say a word because I should like to have the President know, and have the delegates representing this country at the conference know, that the great majority of the American people expect those proceedings to be open and that all details of substantial matters shall be made known as the Congress proceeds in its deliberations.

"Secret diplomacy has left the germ of conflict and of war in every great peace congress in the last 230 years. There has not been a single peace congress but there has been left for future contention suspicion, prejudice, and feeling resulting from secret negotiations and secret proceedings. If we are proposing to take a correct and accurate step toward permanent peace, the people who fought and won this war must know the conditions upon which it is being settled. It will be a distinct discouragement, not only to the people of this country, but to venture to say, to the masses of the world over, if at the first initiatory step the same bid practices of absolute government are reinaugurated and readopted by a congress which comes together as a result of a fight to make the world safe for democracy."

After Senator Borah had spoken Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi said he was glad that at least one voice had gone up on the other side of the Senate chamber to hold up the President's hands instead of "pulling them down."

"Yet, at the very instant when the Peace Conference assembled in Europe, the first of these points of peace is deliberately violated, and instead of open covenants of peace, openly arrived at, we are given a communiqué which we know, from experience of the last four years, is made merely to cover up what has been done and which does not state all the facts of what is transpiring," he said.

"I think that if I had the power I would have the Senate take some affirmative action, something by which we may say affirmatively that we insist, as a part of the treaty-making power, that there shall be open discussions, or at least information given out daily, of all that is transpiring, that the truth shall be known to all our people.

"There is another aspect of this thing that appeals to me. It is humiliating and irritating to me to have the President of the United States bottled up in any kind of a conference. It is humiliating and irritating to me to have our President enmeshed in the entanglements of secret European diplomacy, and to have him sitting there as a member of conference with his lips tied and unable to say to the press and the people of the United States exactly what is transpiring there.

"The President may fight his way through this peculiar entanglement and this net of secret diplomacy, and I will be very glad to lend him such humble support and give him such cheer as can be given by one member of this body. It emphasizes, in the last analysis, the necessity for what has been suggested upon this floor of an American policy respecting all that is transpiring across the water today.

"I hope that out of it will come one thing, at least: that with the least possible delay the men in khaki, who represent the United States across the sea, be brought home at the earliest possible moment. I hope that out of it, too, will come the determination on the part of the Senate and the Government of the United States to leave to other nations, the nations beyond the seas, the policing of the world hereafter, and to bring home our troops, wherever they may be, as soon as our present obligations shall have been fulfilled."

PRESIDENT IS OPTIMISTIC.

Cables Civic Forum League of Nations Prospects Are 'Most Favorable'

President Wilson yesterday cabled Henry Clews, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Civic Forum, that the prospects for an agreement on a League of Nations were at present most favorable.

The President's message, which was in answer to one sent by the Forum, informing him that a mass meeting under its auspices here last Friday night had indorsed the idea, read as follows:

"I received with the deepest interest and gratification the action of the mass meeting at Carnegie Hall and am glad to report that the prospects for an agreement upon a League of Nations are at present most favorable.

WOODROW WILSON.

SOCIALISTS TAUNT "TIGER."

Clemenceau Denies Deputy's Charge of Secret Diplomacy.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Premier Clemenceau spoke this afternoon in the Chamber of Deputies on the decision to keep proceedings of the Peace Conference secret. He had been interpellated by several Socialist Deputies and had asked that discussion of their questions be postponed, when he said:

"We have not yet found a final form in which communications from the Peace Conference will be made, but in a general way the principle of publicity has met with favor."

Here he was interrupted by Deputy Mistral, who said: "Except by you, M. Clemenceau."

"I have the honor emphatically to deny that statement," the Premier rejoined. "We all should like to keep proceedings secret so that it may not be said that such and such a country made such and such a proposition which has been fought by such and such other Governments. We are unanimous in thinking that that might create a bad feeling. We think that in the preliminary conversations we must, at all costs, arrive at an agreement so that there shall be a solid front at the general discussion.

"If we wish to form a League of Nations, writing phrases is insufficient. There must be a prevailing spirit which will insure the life of this League of Nations. We would like to finish this war by a full agreement of the civilized nations for a supreme ideal of a better humanity."

FUTURE OF LIMBURG EXCITES DUTCH PRESS

Member of Parliament Who Favors Union with Belgium Branded as Traitor.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 16.—The Dutch press is still excited over the question of Limburg, and two articles appearing in the Paris Matin and the Petit Parisien, which are quoted liberally, have not allayed its fears.

The Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant remarks that on the day of the first meeting of the Peace Conference the two most widely circulated French papers published articles explaining to the French nation that Limburg must be taken from Holland and the Scheldt frontier altered, which they say merely means a violation of Holland's rights and a serious weakening of her international position. The Courant, discussing the Matin's four-column article, accompanied by a map with the title "Changes About to be Made in Europe," objects to the proposition to take over the Scheldt territory.

The Catholic Tijd says that there are new signs which give reason to suppose that not Belgium, but France, is behind the movement to annex Limburg.

The ardent desire to see President Wilson in Holland is doubtless expressed in connection with this burning question.

The case of Van Groendal, the member of the first Chamber who is accused of treason in favoring the annexation of Limburg to Belgium, continues to be the subject of discussion and official investigation. According to the Limburgsche Koerier, Van Groendal said that most Limburgers desired separation from Holland, as Limburg did not belong to the latter, but that geographically and ethnologically it was a part of Belgium, and that propaganda in favor of annexation showed this. Moreover, the towns of Wert and Maastricht, he said, were in favor of this plan. It further asserted that when Van Groendal was told that he should have stopped the propaganda he replied that, on the contrary, it must be encouraged as much as possible.

DUTCH WANT TO SEE WILSON.

Chamber Cheers Formal Announcement of Invitation.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 16.—The idea that there is still a possibility of President Wilson coming to Holland appears to be prevalent in many quarters.

In spite of the President's answer that he did not know if he would have time to come, the Second Chamber today applauded the Government's invitation to President Wilson amid great enthusiasm. The President of the Chamber stated that it would be considered a great honor for the country should Mr. Wilson be able to come.

This statement also was greeted with loud applause, although the revolutionary socialist, Wynkoop, interrupted the speaker and wished to lodge a protest, saying he could not take part in the demonstration in favor of the invitation. He was informed that no discussion could be opened on the question. Wynkoop, however, again insisted that he wished to open such a discussion. The motion was not carried, however.

Belgium Wants Three Delegates.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 17.—The Belgian Cabinet has decided to send to the Allied Governments a strong protest against a reduction in the number of Belgian delegates to the Peace Conference. The Supreme Council has fixed the number of Belgian delegates at two, whereas Belgium expected to have three.

GERMAN RADIO FOR DUTCH.

Telefunken Company to Build Station to Reach East Indies.

Details of the giant wireless telegraph station to be erected in Holland by German interests for the purpose of facilitating communication between Holland and her East Indian possessions, according to a contract concluded Sept. 23 between the Dutch Government and the Telefunken Company of Berlin, are found in a recent issue of Commerce Reports.

Paul L. Edwards, Commercial Attaché at The Hague, reports that the receiving station of the new plant, which is expected to cost about $2,000,000, will be at Boarneer, in the Province of North Brabant, and the sending station will be located on a hill at Kootwijk, Province of Gelderland, near Apeldoorn, some thirty-five miles from the receiving station. The sending station will consist of six steel towers, each 210 meters (about 688 feet) in height. The Radio Nieuws says that the Kootwijk sending station will have the same reach as the German station at Nauen. The installation will be able easily to transmit to and receive from a station of like dimensions and capacity which is shortly to be built at Bandoeng, Java. The distance between the Kootwijk and the Bandoeng station is about 6,830 miles.

It is understood that an engineer representing the Telefunken Company is in Java with a view to supervising the construction of the station at Bandoeng. De Nieuwe Courant said some time ago that all of the apparatus and raw material for the construction of the Bandoeng station were in Berlin ready for shipment at the first opportunity. The apparatus for the station in the Netherlands is not yet completed, but parts are already said to be arriving from Germany.

D. S. C. TO FRENCH LEADERS.

President Wilson Confers the Decoration on Thirteen Generals.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—President Wilson has bestowed the American Distinguished Service Cross on the following French Generals:

Franchet d'Esperey, de Castelnau, Fayolle, Maistre, Debeney, Hirschauer, Gouraud, Mangin, Degoutte, Berthelot, Humbert, Guillaumat, and Weygand.

DOCTORS NEEDED IN SIBERIA.

Nurses and Medical Supplies Also Required, Dr. Teusler Says.

VLADIVOSTOK, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—There is urgent need for doctors, nurses, and medical supplies in Western Siberia, declared Dr. Arthur Rudolph Teusler, head of the Czechoslovak Medical Service, who arrived here today from Ekaterinburg and Omsk. The spread of typhus and the coming of 200,000 Russian soldiers formerly imprisoned in Austria and Germany, the doctor said, will tax every agency to the utmost.

Dr. Teusler directed the establishment of Red Cross hospitals at Omsk, Ekaterinburg, Cheliabinsk, and Tiumen. At Ekaterinburg the public bathhouse was transformed into a typhus hospital. The tide of former prisoners already has begun to flow into Western Siberia and probably will continue two months.

NO RELAXING OF BLOCKADE?

Central News Says British Admiralty Has No Such Purpose.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Admiralty has no immediate intention of relaxing its strict blockade against Germany, according to a statement of the Central News.

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FORCES AT WAR IN PEACE CONCLAVE

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Allies, would not have the remotest chance of surviving obliteration or at least mutilation at the hands of the elder statesmen of the conference, and the war, which began with one scrap of paper, would have ended with fourteen.

"Fortunately, President Wilson is here and his preparatory work among the peoples of the Allies and possibly among the statesmen of some of them has been well performed.

"He has, too, an uncongenial but powerful ally in the growing menace of Bolshevism. This menace seems likely to introduce among the allied statesman the reintegrating factor of a common fear which the prostration of Germany removed. It is also likely that the practical radicalism of Bolshevism may make the present liberalism seem more moderate and less theoretical than it has hitherto seemed to many of the allied statesmen.

"Up to the present these men have had as alternatives the President's progressiveness and their own conservatism. Now, with the alternatives threatening to consist of their own conservatism and Bolshevism, they may well look upon American principles no longer as an extreme but as a desirable compromise.

"The two most vital and most urgent of these projects seem to me to be the League of Nations and food for Germany.

"A league of nations, accepted in enough detail to be the catchbasin for a multitude of embittering international dilemmas, should be essentially a preliminary and not a sequence to the rest of the peace terms. This alone will prevent the present distrust and rivalry among the Allies from making the Peace Conference interminable. This alone will prevent the conference from engendering more resentment among the allied Governments than now exists between them and the Central Powers. The present situation here shows that Premier Clemenceau's claim for a balance of victorious powers is more chimerical than any league of nations that President Wilson ever dreamed of. At the present moment there exists not a balance but a vestige of power, and a peace built in this spirit upon ancient lines would render the Central Powers an impotent foe to all but a potent ally of some.

"No one who has not recently talked with the soldiers and civilians of various nations in their own countries and in the occupied zone in Germany can have any idea of the kaleidoscopic shifting which has taken place in sympathies and anticipations, not only among statesmen but among officers and privates and civilians by the millions.

"Many of these shiftings are no doubt superficial. Most of them may be unfair, but they make imperative a swift settlement in a spirit of conciliation which a league of nations may, indeed, not produce, but which no other plan even promises.

"As a league of nations is the paramount principle, pressing for quick adoption, so a modification of the food embargo on Germany and her allies is the most urgent policy. While the majority of the allied Governments are considering justice in terms of retribution to Germany, they are paltering with a condition which threatens them all alike—just and unjust, victors and vanquished.

"What is the use of a painstaking research into the dividing line between malnutrition and starvation in Germany? It is not going to placate a hungry stomach to prove to it statistically that it is undernourished but not famished. Nor will a man who feels as if he and his family are starving be dissuaded from discontent and disorder by proving to him that his hunger is but a just punishment for his sins. As long as the German people feel hungry and fear that organized government is unable to relieve that hunger, they are likely to become the dupes of the organized anarchy which beckons to them from Russia.

"The present allied policy is nothing more or less than isolating a healthy criminal in a contagious ward with a diseased maniac, with the expectation of subsequently treating one and trying the other before a jury predisposed to the disease.

"It may be hard to extend to Germany the degree of seeming forgiveness which goes with feeding her; but, leaving higher ethics out of the question, it is the politic thing to do.

"The apparent victory of the Ebert Government over the Bolshevist group does not prove that the spirit of order is more powerful than the spirit of hunger in Germany. It appears to demonstrate, on the contrary, that Ebert was saved by the popular belief that his Government would be able to secure allied food for the people and that the Spartacide group would not. Disappoint that belief, and who can tell to what extremes reaction may carry Germany?

"A third problem that faces the Allies is the Russian problem itself. It seems to me that just as a league of nations, which many want to put last, should come first, so the Russian problem, which is now discussed as coming first, might well come last. With Germany offered food for the present and some degree of hope for the future by the letter and the spirit of a league of nations, it is very improbable that Bolshevism would make any headway there.

"With enlightened sympathy extended to the aspirations of the masses of workers by one of the various sorts of international committees, which have been suggested in connection with the League of Nations, it is highly improbable that Bolshevism would skip Germany and break out to any serious extent in the allied countries. There would remain the problem of its spread by conquest to the small neighboring peoples, but a League of Nations could work at the problem more disinterestedly and, therefore, more efficiently, than could the organized rivalry of victors, at present in session in Paris.

"One thing, at least, seems clear, and that is that the most certain way of stimulating the spread of Bolshevism to the rest of Europe and, perhaps, to our own country, is to leave Germany hungry, to discard the League of Nations, to force a peace settlement on the ancient and reactionary lines upon the liberal masses of the various nations, to ignore their desire for some method of international consideration for their international industrial aspirations, and, finally, to attempt to suppress Bolshevism in its own country by force of arms.

"Finally, we face the question as to how these various liberal New World solutions of grave Old World problems before us can be achieved.

"President Wilson at the head of a mission, maladroitly constructed and, as concerns the members who accompanied him abroad, mediocre in force and talent, compared with the statesmen they are meeting at the Peace Conference, has a precarious task. He has well performed his preparatory work among the peoples of the chief allies. They are in closer sympathy with him than they are with most of their own leaders.

"If he allows precedent to keep him closeted with those leaders and to keep their peoples and our own locked out his task seems hopeless of accomplishment. If he boldly breaks out through precedent and takes the issue between liberalism and reaction to the peoples of the nations, as he has so often taken the issues of less world-wide importance to our own people, I believe he will win his victory for humanity and peace."

PEACE CONGRESS MAY HEAR REDS

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

the matter—America, England, France, Italy, and Japan. England is already committed by her Premier to receive Bolshevist delegates. France is absolutely opposed to it, as declared by Pichon in his note rejecting Lloyd George's proposal and subsequent utterances.

As to the other three, speculation among diplomats is this: Italy will stand with France because Italy has fears of Bolshevism within her own borders, and Sonnino's only method is to crush that to which he is opposed.

On the other hand, there is strongly held opinion that America will support Lloyd George's proposal. This opinion is based on the belief that President Wilson is convinced that Bolshevism cannot be conquered by troops, and the only alternative in sight is parleying.

Thus far speculation accounts for all but Japan, but that country also is placed by prophets in the group with America and England as against France and Italy; that is, three nations favoring reception of Bolshevist delegates and two opposed.

The prediction as to the lineup of Japan is based on the assumption that in matters not directly opposed to her own interests she will support her ally Great Britain. But it is not safe to jump to an apparently obvious conclusion from that numerical statement of the case and assume that the Bolsheviki will win all the recognition that Lloyd George has proposed to give them.

For it is not the purpose of the conference delegates to allow things in dispute to be settled by mere majority votes, leaving minorities on this or that issue merely defeated by being outnumbered. On the contrary, it is hoped to argue each issue out to a conclusion that will receive unanimous indorsement, after the process of argument with give and take compromise. Such is to be the principle adhered to in each controversy arising throughout the conference.

For example, in this specific matter of Bolshevism it is a reasonably safe inference that instead of rushing the thing through by weight of majority and deciding out of hand on a vote of three against two, a conclusion will be postponed, pending investigation by all the powers concerned, to get much more authentic information on Bolshevism than is now available.

Such an enterprise is not now such a hopeless impossibility as it has been hitherto, if the Bolsheviki are really sincere in their desire to be represented at the conference, as declared by their representative, Litvinoff. Lloyd George's proposal is no doubt based on this promise.

The suggestion from Litvinoff was that the Bolsheviki be received on condition that they cease fighting and all violence during the period of the conference.

There is room for compromise here in the opinion of those favoring the Lloyd George proposal. If the Bolsheviki are willing to cease atrocities in order to be let into the conference they may be willing to cease long enough to give the powers an opportunity to investigate and decide whether they may be let in.

REVOLT IN PETROGRAD.

Lenine Is Reported to Have Arrived in Barcelona.

HELSINGFORS, Jan. 17.—A counter-revolution has broken out in Petrograd, according to reports from Reval, and the Bolsheviki have started a general hurried retreat eastward from Esthonia.

MADRID, Jan. 17.—Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier of Russia, was among Russians who landed at Barcelona recently, according to newspapers here.

Trotsky's Brothers Escape.

GENEVA, Jan. 17.—The Swiss newspapers announce that two brothers of Léon Trotzky, the Russian Bolshevist Minister of War and Marine, who were interned in France, escaped into Switzerland yesterday near Delmont after shooting and wounding a French soldier. The younger of the brothers has been arrested and is being interrogated.

PARIS, Jan. 17, (Havas.)—A dispatch from Geneva to Le Temps says that on orders received from Berne any person in Switzerland suspected of being employed in Bolshevist propaganda is to be closely interrogated. The dispatch adds that the police of Geneva had arrived at the conclusion that certain suspected persons there were preparing to foment riots similar to those carried out in Russia and Germany.

The Lausanne police have made a number of arrests of Bolsheviki. It is said that a conspiracy was afoot to murder M. Clemenceau, the French Prime Minister.

A train taking these undesirables out of Switzerland, the dispatch continues, was due to leave Geneva for Moscow Thursday. The same train was to carry forty-five interned Russian soldiers and 400 other persons desiring to return to Russia.

EXTEND ARMISTICE ANOTHER MONTH

Germans Accept All Allied Conditions, Including Further Guarantee at Strasbourg.

PROTESTS BY ERZBERGER

Complains of "Financial and Economic Dictatorship" and Delay in Preliminary Peace.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—The German armistice has been extended one month by the Commissioners, who have concluded their session at Treves.

The clauses offered by the Allies concerning agricultural implements, Russian prisoners of war, naval conditions, and the restitution of material stolen by the Germans from invaded countries were signed by the enemy delegates.

The Havas Agency announces the signature of the new clauses of the armistice as they stood concerning the surrender of German submarines ready for sea and the destruction of the submarines in course of construction which the Allied Commissioners discovered in German ports in December. The clause placing the German merchant fleet at the disposal of the Allies also was signed.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Under the terms of the prolongation of the armistice Germany must deliver by Feb. 17 some 35,000 agricultural machines of various kinds.

As a guarantee for the fulfillment of its demands the Entente also reserves the right of occupying the sector of the Fortress of Strasbourg formed by the fortifications on the right bank of the Rhine, together with a strip of territory from five to ten kilometers in front of it.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 17.—The armistice between the Allies and Germany has been extended, the agreement to that effect being signed by Mathias Erzberger, the German Armistice Commissioner, at Treves late Wednesday, according to a Berlin dispatch received here.

The meeting between Marshal Foch and the German delegates was featured by protests by Mathias Erzberger, representing the Germans, against the status in which Germany was left during the period of the armistice. The financial and economic dictatorship of the Entente" was the theme of his main protest.

"When will you raise the blockade?" Herr Erzberger asked. "The food conditions in Germany are daily growing worse and hunger will produce a mental state which the Allies cannot desire. Your peoples themselves are not proof against a world revolution. Will the Entente undertake binding obligations respecting the return of the German prisoners of war? When will you be in a position to conclude a preliminary peace? Germany has asked six times for negotiations for a preliminary peace but has received no reply."

Herr Erzberger, who made these statements in a speech opening the proceedings, declared the Germans had fulfilled the terms of the armistice up to the limit of possibility. In the cases in which the terms had not been complied with the Entente was responsible, he insisted, especially so as regarded the delivery of transport material.

Herr Erzberger complained that freedom of movement had been impeded between the occupied territory and the rest of Germany, and he declared that the measures taken by the Allies in Alsace-Lorraine proved that France aimed to anticipate the decision of the Peace Conference by annexing the provinces without respecting the right of the people to self-determination.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Rudolf Havenstein, President of the Imperial Bank of Germany, (the Reichsbank,) has been ordered to Spa by Marshal Foch, according to a dispatch from Berlin, to attend a conference concerning the Entente financial demands on Germany.

A Copenhagen dispatch on Dec. 26, 1918, reported that Dr. Havenstein had resigned as President of the Reichsbank. However, there has been no official confirmation of the report.

NEW CABINET CRISIS DETAINS ORLANDO

Reorganization on a Larger Scale Keeps Him From Today's Paris Conference.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Jan. 17.—Premier Orlando has been unable to leave Rome for the Peace Conference in consequence of complications in resolving the Ministerial crisis.

Changes have become inevitable on a larger scale than was expected. The latest reports say that in any case the new members of the Cabinet cannot present themselves to the King for the taking of the oath of allegiance earlier than this evening; hence Signor Orlando will necessarily be absent from the first plenary meeting of the conference tomorrow.

AIR SERVICE FOR CONFEREES.

British Delegates Will Make London-Paris Trip in Two Hours.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—A regular aerial passenger service between London and Paris for the benefit of British members of the Peace Conference will be opened Monday. Several airplanes have been fitted up for this purpose. They have a comfortable cabin for two passengers, heating conditioned seats and a table, the whole inclosed with glass.

The airplanes will make the trip in two hours.

CABLES PROTEST TO WILSON.

League of Free Nations Association Demands Peace Publicity.

The League of Free Nations Association, of which Norman Hapgood is President, yesterday sent the following cablegram to President Wilson:

"League of Free Nations Association vigorously protests against announced restriction of publicity regarding Peace Conference. Distrust aroused in America greatly outweighs any possible advantage."

GERMAN ARMY DWINDLING.

500,000 or More Still Under Arms, British Experts Believe.

LONDON, Jan. 16, (British wireless service.)—There may be 500,000 German soldiers still under arms, according to estimates of experts of the Home Army. The situation in Germany is very uncertain, however, and it may be that the men still with the German colors number far above the estimate.

Should Premier Ebert maintain the upper hand in Germany, the men still held in the army would be freed, it is believed. On the other hand, it is pointed out, a Bolshevist triumph in Germany would result in a serious situation.

Slain Leaders of the Berlin Revolt.

KARL LIEBKNECHT. ROSA LUXEMBURG.

BERLIN AGITATORS MOBBED

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

gards the fate of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg as having "something of divine justice in it," as the Tageszeitung phrases it. Of Dr. Liebknecht the Lokal-Anzeiger remarks:

"He brought his fate upon himself."

Continuing its comment, the newspaper says:

"The murder of Rosa Luxemburg shows how tremendous must have been the indignation which has seized the people of Berlin as the result of the criminal activities of the Spartacides. Such summary judgments have ordinarily been foreign to the German manner of thinking."

The press in general deplores the lynching of Rosa Luxemburg, but declares that she fell a victim to the basest passions which she herself had awakened.

The Pan German Deutsche Zeitung and the radical Tageblatt alike agree that Dr. Liebknecht was an "honest fanatic." The Conservative newspapers, however, explain his career as a terrible example of the socialistic infection which made the ground fertile for Bolshevism, while the Tageblatt considers him to have been a megalomaniac.

There is general agreement that Dr. Liebknecht lacked the qualities for a really constructive leadership.

Rosa Luxemburg was dubbed "the strongest woman in Germany," but, contrary to the general impression, she did not have an active personal part in the staging of the revolutionary movements in Kiel and Berlin, as she was in prison until a few days before the outbreaks in November. However, she lost no time in entering the fray, and in a nine weeks' campaign she became even more radical than Dr. Liebknecht, earning the title of "High Priestess of Bolshevism."

She was small, misshapen, and uncomely, but keen-eyed and mentally vigorous. She possessed a remarkable, almost masculine, vocal equipment.

Rosa was born in Russian Poland on Dec. 25, 1870. She married "Dr." Lübeck in Dresden for the sole purpose of obtaining German citizenship. They parted the day after the wedding.

The Russian Government did not recognize the marriage, the purpose of which was to prevent her extradition. Her dual citizenship annoyed her constantly at international gatherings of radical Socialists.

Rosa was a skilled parliamentarian, although many of her intellectual comrades called her a superficial agitator. For Bebel, Haase, and other German Socialists she was formerly the Socialist Party's "enfant terrible." She had studied in Zurich, specializing in economics, but she was never permitted to participate in the inner councils of the radicals.

She seemed to cast a spell over her German comrades with her lurid fanaticism. Her effect on the masses was even more pronounced. She would step to the edge of the platform the minute she was announced, and with a wonderful flow of oratory and sledgehammer gestures she would convert herself into a vocal dynamo.

It is believed that Rosa at the bottom of her heart was convinced of the hopelessness of the Russian brand of socialism. She made this statement in a recent speech in Berlin:

"Socialism does not mean the convening of Parliaments and the enactment of laws; it means the overthrow of the ruling classes with all the brutality at the disposal of the proletariat."

Rosa first came into public notice in 1901 in the lesser courts of Prussia. She was repeatedly fined and imprisoned for minor offenses and proved an obstreperous prisoner.

Her name appeared on the editorial page of the Spartacide Red Flag as co-editor with Dr. Liebknecht, but her editorials were rarely in evidence during the revolution.

Fear of Spartacide Desperation.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 17.—News and comment from Berlin make the fact startlingly clear that the announcement of the death of Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, though heard with satisfaction by a few of their bitterest opponents, has been received by the public generally with emotions in which horror and fear predominated, horror at the circumstances and fear of the possible consequences.

The city is described today as being in the same state of nervous tension as it was on the eve of the Bolshevist uprising, when every one felt that civil war was in the atmosphere.

Rightly or wrongly, the people dread lest the killing of their two leaders will drive the Spartacides to desperate deeds of revenge. This is not so likely, however, to be the case in Berlin itself as in other places, where the revolutionists have the temporary power in their hands, but in any event it is believed that even if the extremists feel themselves not strong enough to attempt new deeds of violence in Berlin there will be a fresh outbreak of strikes inspired by fierce indignation among the classes outside the ranks of the Spartacides at the circumstances under which Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg were done to death.

The whole Liberal press condemns the deed, and even the Vossische Zeitung declares:

"Nothing can justify this exercise of lynch law, even against the authors of the recent regrettable events. In the name of humanity we protest against it. It should have been left to a court of justice to make them harmless for the future, and in case of a judgment, such a court would not have left out of account that Liebknecht was an idealist, even though he believed that his mission could only be achieved by violence."

Die Freiheit, the organ of the Independent Socialists, has a short but bitterly worded comment. It says:

"This is the fruit of the policy of force of Ebert, Scheidemann, and Landsberg, the fruit of the ruthless incitement by the Vorwärts and its bourgeois auxiliaries. It is the work of Noske, Governor of Berlin, and his commander in chief, Reinhard, the new War Minister. The blood be upon them. The German proletariat will pass judgment upon them."

The Berliner Tageblatt writes of Rosa Luxemburg:

"She was undoubtedly a much stronger character than Liebknecht. She was the real 'man' in the Spartacus movement. By her extraordinary intelligence and energy she dominated her comrades, and sometimes one had the impression that Liebknecht was almost childishly subject to her.

"Fundamentally she may be compared to the Russian Nihilist type. Not even her strongest opponents can deny that she was sincere in her desire to help the poor and oppressed, but her hatred was boundless, and she worked passionately and with every available means to undermine and destroy the existing social system."

LONDON, Jan. 17.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that it is doubtful if the elections to the German National Assembly can be held on Sunday because of the tremendous excitement over the killing of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg.

Several more Spartacide leaders have been arrested, but the former Chief of Police, Eichhorn, is still at large.

OFFICERS OF GUARD ARRESTED

Punishment Predicted for the Custodians of Slain Radicals.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Officers commanding the troops who were escorting Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg when they were killed have been provisionally arrested, according to a Berlin dispatch received in Amsterdam, which adds that all persons implicated in the incident will be severely punished.

The Amsterdam Handelsblad's Berlin correspondent, in a dispatch received today, says:

"The whole city is now swarming with soldiers, wearing steel helmets, carrying loaded rifles, and with hand grenades hanging on their belts. They have occupied all the bridges, where they halt and search pedestrians for arms and call for the exhibition of identification papers. Similar searches are even being made on the street cars."

Karl Kautsky, former Under Secretary in the Foreign Affairs Ministry of the Ebert Government and more recently said to be a supporter of Dr. Liebknecht, was arrested at Berlin yesterday morning. He was liberated later.

Negotiations by the Central Soldiers' and Workmen's Council with Independent Socialists and Social Democrats with the view to promoting a joint Socialist program have resulted in the Independents refusing to enter the Government, according to a Berlin dispatch.

The entire street car service at Frankfort-on-the-Main has been suspended owing to a strike.

GERMANS SEND MONEY ACROSS THE FRONTIER

Some of It Is for Speculation and Another Object Is to Escape New Taxes.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 16.—In spite of the measures taken on Dec. 21 to prevent the export of German securities and money to neighboring countries, a lively traffic continues. During the last few weeks many Germans and Austrians have been crossing the Dutch frontier with money in order to speculate in Holland. These in future will be stopped by Dutch sentries for fear that they may be revolutionaries.

Large sums have also been arriving in registered letters, according to a financial informant. The Frankfurter Zeitung says that it is obviously no longer to Germany's advantage to export German banknotes, and refers to the Imperial Bank's preventive measures of printing all new banknotes in other colors.

"The new green notes," says the paper, "are thus indicated as not having been in foreign countries during German occupation, but as having been brought in later for speculation, especially in Belgium and Alsace-Lorraine. Smuggling of notes are apparently not to be stopped by any measures, and are up to all sorts of tricks to get the old notes across the border.

"In Berlin agents are already offering 1½ per cent. more for old notes, which can be paid with German checks. It is an unfortunate fact that German bankers appear to be lending a helping hand to these transactions."

The paper proposes a sharper watch on the frontier, pointing out that more Dutch paper money is arriving in Germany.

Doubtless the prospect of tremendous new taxes, a list of which has just been published in Germany, leads to the desire to export as much wealth as possible.

The industrialist organ, the Cologne Volkszeitung, remarks indignantly that a big philanthropist, who has given tremendous sums of money during the war, will be obliged to pay taxes on these sums. It states that while the new law sets forth that these charities will be taken into consideration this point should be made definite by the State.

BAN ON TIPS IN BERLIN.

Waiters Forbidden to Take Them Since Wages Were Raised.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 16, (via Copenhagen.)—All wine-houses, cafés, and hotels have posted signs today stating that waiters were prohibited from taking tips. They are now being paid 400 marks monthly.

The proprietors, to compensate themselves, charge 10 per cent. above the former prices.

Bulgars Still Ill-Treat Greeks.

SALONIKI, Jan. 16.—Reports from apparently authentic sources state that Greeks who showed enthusiasm when Greek officers appeared in eastern Rumelia have been thrown into prison by Bulgarian officials. Drastic steps have been taken against Greek priests, and funeral and marriage ceremonies have been performed secretly to avoid the infliction of new oppressive measures, it is alleged.

Religious Notices will be found on Page 16.

GERMAN DELEGATES TO PEACE CONFERENCE

Will Be Brockdorff-Rantzau, Lichnowsky, Arco, and Kantsky, It Is Said.

ZURICH, Jan. 17.—The Munich newspapers state that the German delegates to the Peace Conference will be Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the Foreign Minister; Prince Lichnowsky, former Ambassador at London; Count Georg Arco, and the Socialist Carl Kautsky, former Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs in the Ebert Government.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau succeeded the imperialist survivor, Dr. Solf, as Foreign Minister on Dec. 19. Although he had been German Minister at Copenhagen under the old régime, he had strong republican leanings and possessed the confidence of the Diplomatic Corps at the Danish capital.

Prince Charles Max Lichnowsky was Ambassador at London when the war began. His famous memorandum blaming Germany for the war was first published in America in THE NEW YORK TIMES of April 21, 1918. He was expelled from the Prussian House of Lords.

Count Georg Arco, a well-known Prussian landowner and prominent in the old Agrarian Party, is supposed to be affiliated with Count zu Reventlow and Count von Westarp in keeping the old Conservative Party together.

Carl Kautsky was one of the twenty deputy founders of the Independent Democratic Party—the Minority group—who in March, 1916, left the Social Democratic Party and declined to vote war credits. His associates were Hugo Haase and Eduard Bernstein, until the activities of Dr. Liebknecht seduced some of the group.

LIEBKNECHT FOUGHT FOR WORKERS' RULE

Had Long Been a Firebrand in the Reichstag and Out of It.

BITTER AGAINST THE WAR

Climax of His Career Followed His Recent Release from Imprisonment.

Although Dr. Karl Liebknecht's political career of twenty-five years had seemed at certain successive periods to reveal three distinct personalities, yet the line of evolution was always the same, and from first to last he continued to be the most consistent industrial Socialist in Germany and perhaps the most uncompromising internationalist in the world.

He was practically a man without a party for most of the time. Those in his group who have gone down in the recent Berlin fighting have been his fanatical admirers of a few weeks, rather than disciples of the man, advocates of his principles, or members of a party which he had vaguely been trying to form.

Before the war, in both the Prussian Landtag and the German Reichstag, Liebknecht was an uncompromising advocate of internationalism, (the brotherhood of the hand workers of the world,) whenever he got a chance, of woman suffrage and industrial education, and, on all occasions, the champion enemy of Prussianism and all that is connoted—junkerism, militarism, and Hohenzollernism.

Born at Leipsic on Aug. 13, 1871, he entered politics as a Socialist after being graduated from the University of Leipsic. His radical opposition to the militarist policies of Germany brought about his trial on a charge of high treason in 1907, following the appearance of an anti-military pamphlet written by him. The charge of high treason was not proved, but he was convicted on a less serious count and sent to prison for eighteen months.

Dr. Liebknecht visited America in 1910 and lectured in New York.

Brought Charges Against Krupps.

In 1912 he was elected to the Reichstag and the next year caused a furor in Germany by bringing charges against the Krupps, saying that that organization was inspiring war spirit against the French. He continued his attacks and in the course of debates mentioned Emperor William and the Crown Prince as being involved in the alleged conspiracy centring around the Krupps.

As a result of his revelations several army officers were tried for accepting bribes from the Krupps. They were convicted, but received light sentences.

When the war came on he was a member of the Reichstag for Potsdam, and there was talk that he would succeed Herr Bebel as the leader of the Social Democracy. From the 4th of August, 1914, however, when his party supported the Government in its war program, he found himself alone, for he stood consistently against the war, and sent messages to Socialist leaders abroad to do likewise.

At the same time his belief in Germany's guilt as the instigator of the war caused his unsupported internationalism for the time to appear as a manifestation of a championship of the Entente. Although it was good propaganda for the Entente in Germany as far as it went, it never had the influence that the writings of Maximilian Harden had.

Expelled from His Party.

As early in the war as January, 1915, Liebknecht was expelled from his party, and later, when that party itself divided on the question of war credits and a victory by conquest, and the Minority or Independent faction formed, even these radicals would have none of him. He had put internationalism above patriotism.

For a year, from his seat in the Reichstag, he was a thorn in the side of the war party. Thus came the memorable May Day when he advertised by means of handbills a great demonstration against the war in Potsdamer Platz, and was arrested. The Wolff Agency thus briefly dismissed the incident:

"We learn that among the nine demonstrators arrested in Potsdamer Platz on May 1 was the Reichstag Deputy Karl Liebknecht. As Liebknecht, who was in mufti when arrested, is an Army Service Corps soldier, the competent military authority has ordered an investigation and issued a formal warrant for arrest on the basis of the fact already ascertained."

The handbill whose authorship Liebknecht boldly acknowledged contained this phrase:

"Germany, an accomplice of Czarism and hitherto a model of political reaction, has no vocation for the rôle of deliverer of nations. The deliverance of the Russian, as of the German, people must be brought about by themselves. The war is not a German defensive war."

Trials and appeals succeeded each other until August, 1916, when Liebknecht was finally sentenced on several counts for "war treason" to penal servitude for four years and one month, with a forfeiture of civil rights. In prison he still found the opportunity to send messages abroad to proletarian leaders advocating a general strike against the war.

Freed from Prison Recently.

When he emerged from prison, in the first week in November, due to the amnesty sop thrown by Prince Max, then Imperial Chancellor, to political agitators, he still found himself without a party. He attempted to make common cause with the delegates of the Soldiers' and Workers' Council, who, coming from the naval ports, practically held control of Berlin for a time on Nov. 9. But they would have none of him.

Together with the anarchist, Rosa Luxemburg, he spoke in the streets, attracted crowds to listen, and then to follow him. Shut out from the deliberations of the Congress of Soldiers and Workers, he attempted to address the populace from the roof.

On one or two occasions it was believed that he had gained the upper hand, but his power was never substantial.

It was in 1904 that Liebknecht first came under the blaze of notoriety as the counsel for the defense in the famous "conspiracy" trial of German Socialists charged at Königsberg with assisting Russian revolutionists living abroad in transporting over the frontier seditious literature and rendering them other service. Young lawyer as he was then, Liebknecht succeeded in turning the trial into a huge political indictment of the Prusso-German régime; but this piece of political agitation was more sympathetically commented on abroad than in Germany, where it was regarded as little less than treason.

ROSA LUXEMBURG'S CAREER.

Often Arrested, but Never Ceased in Her Violent Agitation.

Rosa Luxemburg in the early nineties left her native country, Russian Poland, for Switzerland, where she studied political economy and won her doctor's degree. According to Sidney Ziniand, who has written the story of her life to appear in the Nation of Jan. 25, and who has known both Rosa Luxemburg and Dr. Liebknecht intimately, she deliberately chose Germany as the field in which she could best spread the revolutionary doctrine.

Living in Südende, a suburb of Berlin, she spent her time in writing and lecturing in the German capital. Day by day in the Socialist College she shot forth the "liquid fire of Bolshevism," and earned the reputation of being the most powerful debater in the Socialist Party. A comrade said: "This Rosa Luxemburg is a devil."

She was continually in conflict with the authorities, so that Gustav Hervé once said: "She leaves the Czar's Court to go into the Kaiser's." In 1900 she went to prison, in 1904 she repeated the visit, in 1906 once more, and in February, 1914, she was condemned for a fourth time.

In July, 1914, she was brought before a court for speaking against the maltreatment of soldiers in barracks, and it was said that there were 30,000 soldiers ready to testify to the truthfulness of her statements. So great was the embarrassment of the military authorities that they repeatedly postponed her trial.

Rosa Luxemburg was opposed to the war from its inception. She fought consistently against militarism, and advocated the repudiation of all war debts. She was the author of "Akkumation des Kapitaliamus," a work on economics, and the "A B C of Socialism."

In person she combined a far from handsome face with an unprepossessing figure and a shuffling gait, but these handicaps she overcame with a fiery personality. At party conventions she presented her arguments with powerful feeling, so that it was said of her that only the Russian soil and Jewish suffering could have produced her like.

Mr. Zimand often saw and heard Liebknecht in action. He writes:

"Whatever one may think of his economic theories or of the methods he used to put them into practice, one thing is sure, and that is that he was one of the few people in history who held to a single idea regardless of his own safety. He was a fighter for the people, and it was his indomitable stand for them that drew such high tribute from James M. Beck in an article in Harper's for July, 1917. Parenthetically he remarks, 'while the party voted for the war, Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the bravest of the brave, to whom be immortal honor,' and later he says, 'Again and again in subsequent debate in the Reichstag, the superlatively brave man, as brave as Luther at the Diet of Worms—although jeered and howled down, attempted to tell the German people the truth.'"

PADEREWSKI FORMS NEW POLISH CABINET

Reaches Agreement with General Pilsudski, Who Will Be Foreign Minister.

WARSAW, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—Ignace Jan Paderewski having reached an agreement with General Pilsudski, (military dictator of Poland,) has succeeded partly in forming a new Polish Cabinet. General Pilsudski will be Foreign Minister under M. Paderewski, as Premier, which will permit Pilsudski to retain much of his power.

Three members of the present Cabinet will be in the new Ministry, which will be constituted primarily of non-political experts.

The new Cabinet is subject to the approval of German Poland. It will continue in office until elections are held within the next fortnight.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The following statement was given out at the Polish National Committee headquarters here tonight:

"Negotiations between M. Paderewski, representing the Polish nation, and General Pilsudski have resulted in the establishment of a basis of agreement. Upon this basis a reconstruction of the Cabinet is expected soon, with M. Paderewski at the head of the new Ministry. The terms of the compromise include a definite agreement upon delegates to the Peace Conference."

M. Demoski, President of the Polish nation and former Polish leader in the Russian Duma, has been decided upon as delegate by both sides, it was announced.

ALLIED MISSION TO LEMBERG

Will Arrange Armistice Terms Between Poles and Ukrainians.

WARSAW, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—Colonel Grove of the American Mission in Poland left Warsaw today for Lemberg, where the situation is reported to be considerably improved.

Colonel Grove was accompanied by British and French officers, and they will arrange armistice terms which are expected to permit the release of Polish troops in that region for transfer northward to oppose the Bolshevist tide from Russia.

BATTLE FOR VOTES HOT IN GERMANY

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

German, are nearly all found in the ranks of the reactionary parties, the captains of industry and the junkers forming the largest number. To ally themselves with these elements will cost the Christian People's Party still more popularity and votes, which the Socialists and Democrats will divide.

In Bavaria the Christian People's Party is still heading the list, with over 1,000,000 votes and 58 mandates, which are insufficient to form a Government. A cabinet will probably be formed by the Socialists, with more than 900,000 votes and 51 mandates, allied with the Democrats, having 22 mandates, and the Peasants' League, having 17. The latter, being largely composed of soldiers returned from the war, are mainly responsible for reducing the Centrist mandates.

Kurt Eisner, the Independent Socialist leader, failed completely. The national election result probably will not differ much from this.

Solf Making Campaign Tour.

The former Foreign Secretary, Dr. Solf, the German Democratic Party's champion, is winning many votes in Westphalia and the Rhineland, where he is stump speaking. At Bielefeld yesterday the Socialists interfered in his favor against the Independents, who sought to break up a meeting, and compelled them to leave the hall.

Solf said that the Democrats stood for a federal republic, with a President elected by the people, and invested with large executive powers. For the present, he said, the coalition Cabinet formed by the Social Democrats was the only practical Government. The Socialists, he believed, would prove to be sufficiently conservative when responsible for the Government.

Certain industries were socialistic, he continued, because they would thus create new values for the public and the State. The separation of Church and State might be considered, but the decision should be left to the National Convention. Religious feelings must be respected. With all his might he would always work for a League of Nations, with Germany on equal terms with all others.

Solf said that he still counted on the return of part of the German colonies, basing his hopes on President Wilson's program. He condemned Kurt Eisner's revelations concerning the origin of the war as absolutely undignified, asserting that the question was too complicated to single out one nation as responsible.

Predict Radical Setback.

BERLIN, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—With the elections to the National Assembly less than four days off, the bourgeois parties are bending every effort to rally both male and female voters in a gigantic protest against Bolshevism.

It is now considered highly doubtful if the Radicals jointly poll more than 45 per cent. of the total vote, with the chances that it may be considerably less. The bourgeois German Democratic Party, according to the estimates, is likely to poll 15 per cent. of the vote and possibly more. The Clericals and Conservatives are being allowed 30 per cent. In the figuring while the former National Liberals may secure a scanty 10 per cent.

The women of Berlin are carrying on an active campaign. They are keenly alive to the issues involved an appear to be taking to their new franchise privilege with a spirit of understanding. Their votes will probably be cast in an overwhelming preponderence in favor of the Socialist and bourgeois Democratic tickets.

The Government is making extensive preparations to protect the polling booths while the voting is going on next Sunday. Outside of Berlin the only disturbances are expected to be in Posen, where the Poles are in authority, according to the official view here.

It is not expected that it will be possible to get any definite idea of the result of the balloting before the middle of next week, because of the badly interrupted telegraphic and railway communication.

The Communistic Party, which is the polite name for the Spartacide Bolshevik, is not officially taking any part in the election.

Warn Americans to Hold Aloof.

COBLENZ, Jan. 17, (Associated Press.)—The officers and men of the American Army of Occupation have been prohibited from taking any part in the elections to select delegates to the new German National Assembly, which will be held Jan. 19, and for the Prussian National Assembly, which will be held Jan. 20, and from expressing preference for or against any German political principle, candidate, or party.

By order of Major Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, commander of the Army of Occupation, responsibility has been placed upon the German officials to see that the elections are conducted without fraud or intimidation of any kind. A notice published by the army officials for the benefit of civilians throughout the occupied zone says:

"The proper German officials shall take such steps as are necessary to secure a full, free, and fair expression of the will of the voters of Germany, in order that the constitution about to be written and the Government now about to be established may be founded upon the immovable foundation of the will of the people."

The women are particularly active in political affairs, holding meetings daily at Coblenz, Treves, and other towns. Throughout the Rhineland, according to reports received by the Army of Occupation, every effort is being made to conduct an orderly election and "one that will reflect credit on the people by the election of candidates pledged to the conservation and reconstruction of stable government."

There has been no disorder at any of the political meetings, which in Coblenz alone average about sixteen each day.

DISPUTED DISPATCH ALLOWED TO COME

Tribune Message, Denied by Wilson, Was Temporarily Withheld by Clemenceau.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Premier Clemenceau in the Chamber of Deputies today gave a warning against false reports concerning the Peace Conference, citing as an instance a cablegram addressed to The New York Tribune:

"I saw yesterday a cablegram addressed to The New York Tribune," he said, "in which it was said that President Wilson has threatened to withdraw all his troops and himself retire if certain stipulations of his were not granted. When I showed this telegram to Mr. Wilson this morning he replied to me: 'What an abominable falsehood!'"

With regard to the foregoing dispatch this statement was issued by The New York Tribune last night:

"At 11:30 A. M. Friday, Jan. 17, The New York Tribune issued a statement denying that it had ever received from Paris or had ever printed in its columns a statement remotely resembling that which was referred to by Premier Clemenceau in the Chamber of Deputies. At 2:20 P. M. there was received in The Tribune office what appears to be the message in question. Owing to the fact that it has been made the basis of controversy The Tribune prints it just as the correspondent sent it, without exercising editorial judgment upon the text. The message follows:

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Among the many sensational rumors habitually afloat in the Chamber of Deputies there has been one to the effect that President Wilson has threatened to withdraw American troops from Europe if certain of his ideas are not followed by the Peace Conference. How far these things have gone in the three conferences already held it is impossible for me to say, but that the Chamber's report is pretty nearly correct there is no doubt.

There are numerous indications of this recent attitude on Wilson's part, and that he is now tacitly but definitely, if not actually, threatening other commissioners. He has come here to make a certain kind of peace and intends to do so, his supporters say. And his supporters have frankly said that he will refuse to sign any peace not in accord with what he considers a fair and equitable interpretation of the armistice agreement which accepted his fourteen points with reservations only as to the freedom of the seas.

Now, his supporters say, some of the Allies are unwilling to abide by the armistice terms and will seek at each renewal to go beyond the armistice terms and impose further penalties on the Germans, who accepted the armistice in good faith.

Mr. Wilson's supporters feel furthermore that some of the Allies—not including Great Britain—desire to prolong the armistice in order to penalize Germany to the utmost before concluding a peace with her.

"There is nothing on the face of the message to show when it was filed by The Tribune correspondent in Paris, but there is evidence to show that it was not held longer than forty minutes by the cable company on this side. Therefore, the delay was in Paris, which indicates that there is still in existence an effective press censorship. This was known already in every newspaper office, because correspondents had been complaining about it, but no one had made a point of publishing the fact.

"It will be noticed that The Tribune correspondent does not make of his own authority the statement which the President, according to Premier Clemenceau, could characterize as an 'abominable falsehood.' He merely asserts that there was such a rumor afloat in the Chamber of Deputies.

"Apparently, this is one of those circumstances under which a correspondent would feel justified in making a statement of fact about the existence of a rumor without assuming any responsibility for the rumor itself."

FRENCH DENY CENSORSHIP.

Temps Resents Intimation That News Is Interfered With.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—The semi-official Temps, reverting to the question of publicity of the proceedings of the Peace Conference, says the French censor is exercising no control over news destined for the allied or associated countries.

"Certain dispatches sent from Paris to American newspapers," it remarks, "insinuate that the French Government exercises control over all news relative to the conference, and over all means of communication with other countries. These allegations are erroneous. Censorship is not exercised over news destined for the allied or associated countries. The French press can render a service to the common cause by denouncing to our friends across the Atlantic the malevolent rumors by which it is attempted to alter the truth."

460 LOST WITH SHIP WHICH STRIKES MINE

The Chaouia Sunk in Straits of Messina—Many of 230 Survivors Injured.

ROME, Jan. 17.—When the French steamer Chaouia struck a mine in the Straits of Messina 460 of the 690 passengers and crew on board were lost. The steamer was on its way from the Piraeus to Constantinople, and sank in four minutes.

Many of the 230 survivors were injured by the explosion and were removed to hospitals in Messina. The Chaouia was formerly the steamer Koningen Wilhelmina.

Two Americans were aboard the Chaouia, but their identity has not been ascertained.

The Chaouia was a vessel of 4,334 gross tons, built in 1896.

UNITY OF COMMAND IN SIBERIA ARRANGED

French General Janin to Have Supreme Direction of Allied Campaign Against Reds.

OMSK, Siberia, Jan. 16, (Associated Press.)—Unity of command on the Siberian front has been arranged, and the French General Jules Janin, who has been commander of the Czecho-slovak Army, will have supreme direction of the allied forces in Russia.

The appointment of General Janin is hailed as augurring the ultimate defeat of the Bolsheviki.

General Knox, chief of the British military mission and also in charge of the commissariat, is occupied in the task of selecting a representative commission to study and formulate a plan for the election of a National Assembly.

The newspapers call attention to the fact that the workmen's co-operative organizations of Omsk and elsewhere have proclaimed their support of the new Government. The Government is actively negotiating with the powers for recognition and also for participation in the Peace Conference.

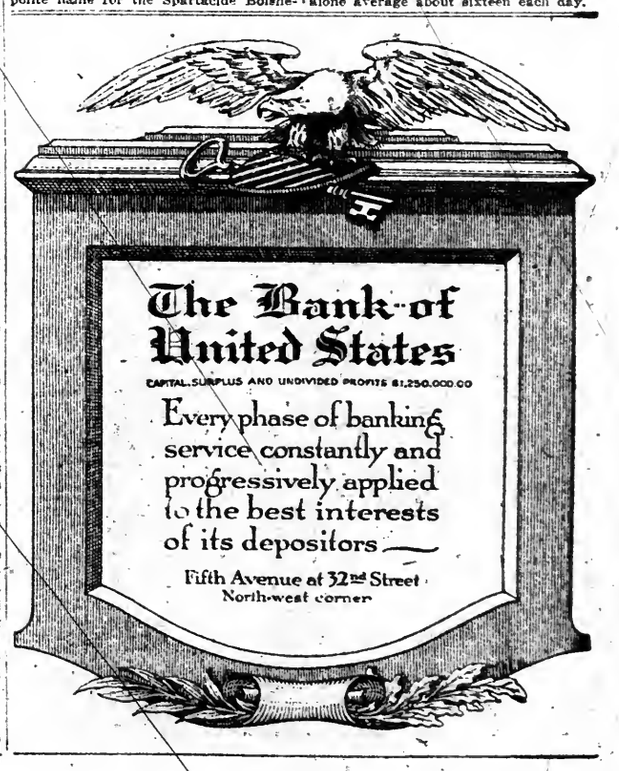
MOSCOW STARVING NOW.

WARSAW, Jan. 15, (Associated Press.)—The rigors of Winter setting in at Moscow are said to have reduced the city to the same condition as Petrograd, with the streets littered with cats, dogs, and horses dead from starvation.

The lack of coal has compelled the closing of the public baths, while meals cost 50 rubles each at those restaurants which are still able to remain open, according to the latest refugees arriving here.

Soup kitchens have been established, and the Red Army is the only group receiving sufficient to eat.

The refugees say that the Bolsheviki are endeavoring to aggrandize their régime by the erection of memorial arches similar to those in Paris and Rome.



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BAUME ANALGÉSIQUE BENGUÉ

that famous French reliever of pain.

When the pain comes—be it from cold, headache, neuralgia, gout, rheumatism, sciatica or muscular strain—rub on a little of this Baume.

Almost instantly there is a warm glow which lasts perhaps twenty minutes—and when that goes, the pain should be gone, too.

Get the genuine. Order by full name.

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Superb Tapestry Furniture from a French Chateau.

One of our customers bought for 30,000 francs, in France, fifteen years ago, and brought to this country, a Louis XVI sofa and four arm-chairs in exquisite Aubusson tapestry. She is now compelled to dispose of them immediately, at an enormous sacrifice, and they are on view at our establishment. Someone who comes at once will secure, at much less than their value, the finest specimens in America of genuine Louis Seize.

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Will the relatives and friends of members of Batteries A, B and C of above, and of BROOKLYN MEMBERS of Headquarters and Supply Companies attached thereto, please furnish at once names and communicate addresses of Overseas Boys to

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QUESTION DICKINSON, AGENT OF VIERECK

Senators Hear Letters Assailing Wilson, Tumulty, Lansing, and Others.

TOLD NAVY 'SECRET ORDERS'

Writer Asserted They Were Against Teutons—Explains "Leak" of Peace Note.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—There was read today into the records of the Senate committee which is investigating German propaganda a large number of letters written by J. J. Dickinson, until Nov. 13 last a Captain in the army, to George Sylvester Viereck of New York, who during the period of American neutrality was one of the most active German propagandists in this country.

Most of these letters, according to the Army Intelligence Service, were really intended for Dr. Karl A. Fuehr, one of the propaganda chiefs sent to this country by the German Foreign Office. The Military Intelligence Service further alleges that the letters as a result were promptly transmitted by wireless to Berlin. The letters were all signed "Josiah Wingate," which Dickinson admitted was a nom de plume.

In his testimony before the letters were produced by Major E. Lowry Humes, Dickinson swore that at no time did he have reason to believe that he was employed by agents of the German Government. Until Bernstorff was ordered out of the country he had no inkling that Fuehr was one of the important cogs in the German propaganda machine. He said he worked simply as a Washington correspondent of Viereck's weekly, The Fatherland, and subsequently for the Transocean News Service, the German semi-official news organization, of which Dr. Fuehr was directing head in this country.

Dickinson was on the stand several hours. It never dawned upon him, he swore, until just before this country entered the war, that he had been "duped." After we entered the war, he said, he did all he could to help the Government build up a case against Viereck. Referring to the so-called "peace note leak" of January, 1917, he said he was led to believe that he was in a way responsible.

He said he "doped out" the situation correctly, and gave his deductions to John F. Harris of Harris, Winthrop & Co., Wall Street, New York. He also added that Bernard Baruch, who, he said, made $300,000 on steel common as a result of his (Mr. Baruch's) foresight, had figured the situation out as he himself had done.

Dickinson said that in the controversy that followed the "leak" he went to Chairman Henry of the House Committee on Rules and told him what he knew of the matter. He also communicated, he said, with Secretary Tumulty.

Various letters read into evidence were written in 1916. Dickinson admitted the authorship of all except one, which purported to report an interview with President Wilson at Shadow Lawn in October, 1916. Major Humes said that only a part of the letters were put into records.

First Letter to Viereck.

The first letter from Dickinson to Viereck which was read into the record, dated June 4, 1916, bore a reference to Captain Guy Gaunt, then Naval Attaché of the British Embassy at Washington. In part it read:

"National Press Club,
"Washington, D. C., June 4, 1916.
"My Dear Mr. Viereck:

"Please note by the above that I am now receiving my mail at the National Press Club instead of the Army and Navy Club, as heretofore, the reason being that I find it more convenient to use the first-named club in doing my work than the latter.

"I learned yesterday from an authoritative source that the President has been informed that Secretary Lansing's attitude toward every newspaper man in Washington, who exhibits by his questions when calling at the State Department even a sense of fairness toward German interests, is growing more insulting every day. It is particularly marked in the case of the representatives, whether foreign or domestic, of the German-language press.

"Wilson, I know, is in a near-panic over the coming campaign. His desperation is perceptibly growing daily. This frame of mind may lead him to almost any outburst against Lansing or other Cabinet officers who may fall under just criticism because of their unneutral attitude toward Germany. I had a long talk, somewhat startlingly frank, this morning with a Cabinet officer on this whole subject.

"In spite of denials from the White House recently of friction between Lansing and Wilson, I would not be at all surprised if Lansing would leave the Cabinet, possibly because of 'failing health,' within a few weeks. The Republican campaign managers are raking his Mexican relations and activities, past and present, with a fine-tooth comb. This the President knows, too. I confidently expect to have photographic copies of certain of his financial transactions with the Huerta Government at the City of Mexico within a couple of weeks. At any rate, I have been faithfully promised this by responsible Mexican representatives.

"Exposure of the Britisher."

"I have been expecting to receive from you the promised resolutions on the Captain Gaunt affair. I have spoken to several members of Congress about the matter, men who have read with interest your exposure of the Britisher and who hope that the subject matter may be so presented in resolutions that they can handle them in some form in Congress.

"Schrader was with me several hours yesterday and doubtless will discuss with you several very interesting points I gave him for his next letter.

"I was not here when Bryan was last in Washington, but I have learned from two or three of his intimates who talked with him that he will give the Wilson cause only the most perfunctory support in the campaign. This will also mark the course of Speaker Clark. I do not know whether I told you in one of my last letters the story related by Mrs. Bryan to T. H. Pickford, a local Democratic magnate, of the immediate cause of her husband's precipitate retirement from the Cabinet. It was that Tumulty told a prominent German-American that Bryan was the sole cause of the Administration's anti-German policy. Pickford went to Tumulty with the story, and the atmosphere of the White House was blue with curses of the Bryans all the time Pickford was there. Pickford has since written to Mrs. Bryan a full account of his interview with Tumulty.

"This matter could be so worked up as to force Wilson to rid himself of Tumulty. What suggestions have you to make as to its handling? I believe it is too big an opportunity to be neglected. Mrs. Bryan possibly would be willing to come out in an open statement. She is a very able and a very determined woman. She loathes the whole Wilson outfit and especially Tumulty, the tumultous. Faithfully yours,

"JOSIAH WINGATE."

On Eve of Convention.

Three days later, on June 7, Dickinson wrote that the Administration would "remain excessively quiet on everything of domestic or international concern," until after the result of the Republican National Convention in Chicago was known.

The next letter, dated June 8, 1916, contained an invitation to Viereck to come to Washington and meet Burleson, Tumulty, and Daniels. The letter indicated that the President would not receive the visitor, but "Wingate" could introduce him to Tumulty, who would report everything he said to the President. He also touched on the punitive expedition into Mexico under Pershing in this letter.

In a letter of June 9, 1916, which also referred in the main to the impending Presidential campaign, Dickinson reported that he had talked with Secretary Tumulty, who "manifested an unusually keen concern, asking me if I thought you would support the President or the Republican nominee at Chicago if he were other than Roosevelt." Dickinson said he had been unable to answer so pointed a question, and added that he had also been unable to answer when Tumulty asked him whether or not you would direct the Fatherland (the pro-German weekly of which Viereck was editor) along a neutral course in the campaign." Continuing, Dickinson wrote:

"This only demonstrates how anxious the Administration people are growing over the question of the attitude of the German-American element in the forthcoming campaign. When I told Tumulty that you probably might make a visit to Washington shortly and that I should want to have him meet you and two or three others at luncheon, he was silent for a moment and said that it might be embarrassing all around, should he be seen with you. I ridiculed this strange declaration, and he finally said without explanation that you certainly ought to meet and talk with Burleson when you come here. However, I dare say that all he meant was that he would take the subject up with the President and be governed wholly by his chief's instructions."

In Doubt Over President.

In a letter of June 11, Dickinson wrote that he was still without information as to what the President would write into the Democratic platform "on this subject," his reference apparently being to the "Americanism" question.

"He, (the President)," the letter continued, "is naming the officers of his convention, is writing its platform, will man the National Committee through Tumulty and his son-in-law, McAdoo, and will run his own committee. What Bryan thinks of all this or intends to do about it I do not know now. I wrote Mrs. Bryan a letter today in the hope of obtaining some expression from her that might reflect her husband's mind."

In this same letter, Dickinson prophesied that the Morgans would finance the Wilson campaign through Cleveland H. Dodge. He said that the politicians believed that the Standard Oil and Cowdray Oil interests would back Hughes.

On June 14, 1916, Viereck was informed by letter that "by order of the President the War Department is preparing advertisements for 3,000 army trucks, in addition to 2,000 already to be bid for at the Depot Quartermaster's headquarters in New York on June 30.

"This is," he observed, "one of the most positive signs observable of Wilson's purpose to do something sensational before the Presidential campaign closes."

On June 18, 1916, in a letter to Viereck, Dickinson wrote:

"* * * if you want to meet any of the folks here in high and responsible place I will attend to this end of the negotiations with pleasure. I would suggest that Untermyer, whom I know very well, be approached on the subject at once. I have no doubt at all that he would promptly and gladly respond. Fred Lynch told me recently that he had met you at Untermyer's Yonkers place several weeks or months ago. Samuel is a shrewd citizen and knows how to do things."

Suspected a Wilson "Scheme."

In a letter of June 23 Dickinson made reference to what he termed was "further evidence of my conviction of a shrewdly devised scheme to tie us to the body of a corpse—England," adding that this was propaganda "started by the Wilson forces to place the blame for the extremely embarrassing situation in Mexico upon Germany."

"Let us do something to reveal this whole damnable business and do it quickly," he added. "I am willing and anxious to serve in this cause in any capacity to which I may be assigned."

Under date of July 20, Dickinson wrote in part:

"Nothing of the same relative importance has occurred since the opening of the war in Europe as the U-boat inquiry at Baltimore promises. If the Deutschland shall be captured or destroyed by a vessel of the allied powore the fault will be ours.

"Our navy has been secretly instructed to work against the interests of the Central Powers. A considerable element of the navy, whom I happen to know personally, is opposed to discrimination between the nations; but most of the element is favorably inclined toward the Teutonic element.

"If we can arrange to get together the various elements which in detail may be opposed to the British program, but which may indorse our general program, without admitting that they do so, I am confident that we may accomplish something worth while."

Dickinson wrote on Aug. 29 that he knew that "the Administration is anxious to catch Germany in a trap on the submarine question, and that we shall probably hear a great deal on this question before the votes are cast in November." In this letter he also made reference to a conference the President had the previous day with the railroad executives.

Wilson's "Cunning and Craft."

"Before he called these men of affairs into the conference," he wrote, "the President had prepared his statement, and he gave it to the newspapers through Secretary Tumulty while the conference was in session. In other words the President 'put one over' on the railroad executives and caught them napping. * * * This incident savors so of Wilson's cunning and craft that I think it could be used as a good text for an article in The Fatherland."

Under date of Aug. 23, 1916, "Wingate" wrote to Viereck:

"Here is a narrative that would be almost unbelievable if it were not for the fact that so many strange things have attended the Wilson foreign policies—not to say have influenced them. I obtained it recently from two Democratic members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations:

"When the President was recently hard pressed by them to let them know what he was up to in Mexico—whether or not he intended eventually to intervene—he should be re-elected—he told them that that eventuality would depend almost wholly on the conditions in Europe. He pointed out to them that he had announced a policy of broad and far-reaching neighborliness with all Latin America in his able speech two years ago, when he declared that never again, or at least so long as he was the responsible head of the Government, would the United States take a single foot of territory by conquest. * * *

"Now, said the President to my two friends at different times—I mean they were not with him at the same time—our word on this point has gone forth to the whole world, and it is doing us good in Latin America. Therefore, should we be forced to intervene in Mexico, which would mean war, we could not in plain honor take a foot of Mexican territory as indemnity after we had overrun and conquered the country. We could only demand and levy a money indemnity.

"More than 50 per cent. of the productive wealth of Mexico, Wilson pointed out from statistics which he held in hand, was owned by foreigners, largely Americans, the next in holdings being the English and French. The levying of a money indemnity, therefore, would wring from 'our friends' the bulk of the extra taxation imposed through which to pay the indemnity. That would place a burden upon corporations in this country which own mines, ranches, &c., which it would be bad domestic politics to impose. It would also cause irritation in England and France.

"The Morgan-Guggenheim group are the largest owners of productive wealth in Mexico. Next to them comes the Lord Cowdray outfit in England.

"Need I tell any more of this remarkable story to enlighten you on the Wilson Mexican policy?"

Disavows Shadow Lawn Letter.

The so-called Shadow Lawn letter, the authorship of which Dickinson denied, advancing the theory that it had been written by Viereck, was the last of the documents read into the record. It read in part as follows:

"Oct. 24, 1916.

"My Dear Mr. Viereck:

"At Shadow Lawn last Saturday the President initiated a conversation with me about you, which at least I regard as curious if not significant and of importance to you.

"He started the conversation by asking me how long I had known you personally and how well I knew you. I told him that while our personal acquaintance intercourse had extended over only two months, still I thought I knew you pretty well, mainly because I had for several years been very intimately associated with a German of your general type—the late Count Seckendorff—who temperamentally was a great deal like yourself, in that he was a man of punctilious honor and hence with strong inclinations always to be fair.

"Then the President asked me if I thought you were judicial-minded. I facetiously replied that you were a poet and that I had never known a poet of judicial mind.

"He then inquired with very apparent interest about what he called your 'equipment.' I dwelt upon your culture in a broad literary sense.

"While he was discussing your 'apparent' sense of fairness I related to him briefly the gandsis of your statement for the press. I told him that you had in the original statement this assertion, 'an ounce of performance is better than a pound of promise,' and that you had added this without any request or hint from me. This obviously pleased him very much.

"I infer—and my inference may be wide of the mark—that he has determined to appoint some sort of neutrality board after the election to aid him in reaching some new judgment in regard to our international relations in order that he may act within the new lights which may be thrown upon the subject.

"I was strongly tempted, of course, to ask him what he had in mind, but you can understand the sense of delicacy I felt when that thought was evolved in my mind.

Attitude of Hyphenates.

"On the general subject of the hyphenates he seemed wholly at ease. He said he believed a year ago that their blood had been so heated against him that they were violently against him en masse. He added, however, he was convinced that their blood had cooled and that only their exclamatory leaders were in the main the only element that persistently took an unfair view of his conduct.

"He had on his desk while talking to me about you, a full copy of the statement you had prepared for the press in re the Ridder statement concerning Stone and Burleson. He remarked upon the fairness of its tone as illustrated by your assertion that you did not regard his Americanism as inferior to that of Hughes. Before I left him he looked around and said that he was sorry no stenographer had been present while he was talking to me so that what I had said concerning you might have been taken down.

"I remarked again that I was sorry he had replied at all to 'that crazy man O'Leary' and he said that he had not dictated that statement in haste or heat, but that it was the result of very cool and careful thought on his part.

"I had almost forgotten to tell you that during the conversation the President said in effect that he wanted to know about you and others, who like yourself have individualized themselves in these troublesome times, because you might be useful when settlement time comes."

Dickinson, in a statement to the committee, said he had served as a Major in Cuba in 1898 and had been commissioned soon after this country entered the European war as a Captain in the National Army. He said that his resignation became effective on Nov. 15 last.

The result of the investigation of his record was placed in evidence by Major Humes. In this report, signed by Brig. Gen. Marlborough Churchill of the Military Intelligence Service, General Churchill recommended that Dickinson be discharged from the service by the President. His resignation followed and was accepted by President Wilson. Dickinson read into the record a letter which vouched for his loyalty and which was signed by Major Gen. Frank McIntyre of the General Staff.

J. M. Kennedy of Montana followed Dickinson on the stand. His testimony had to do with brewery and German activities in Montana. Both of these interests, he said, had been very active.

BRITISH HAD 90-MILE GUN.

Giant Weapon Was Made to Bombard Rhine Towns.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—A big gun, which was expected to be of even greater power than "Big Berths," was among the secret productions of the Sheffield Cannon Works, it became known today. This gun, which it is said was to have been used to bombard Rhine towns, was about eighty-three feet long, and its weight, presumably when mounted, is given as 124 tons.

It was stated officially today that the monster cannon would carry to a distance of fifty miles, but the men working on it were of the opinion that it probably would be destructive at ninety miles. As far as could be judged by a layman, the gun was made by inserting an extra tube into a fifteen-inch longrange naval gun's barrel, thus doubling the thickness of the barrel to carry a shell of about eight inches instead of fifteen. The end of the war came before the gun could be put into action.

PROHIBITION ISSUE UNDER LEGAL FIRE

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

the legal arguments of the "wets" and will tell the ministers how to avoid such efforts of the liquor men to nullify the operation of prohibition laws as he has encountered in the past. Others speakers will be William H. Anderson, Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, and Congressman J. Y. Sanders, who will talk on "Prohibition and the Boys in the Trenches."

Commenting on the rapidity with which the amendment was ratified, once the State Legislatures started voting for it, the Rev. Dr. Rollin O. Everhart, editor of The American Issue, declared that to those who had understood the change in the psychology of the nation during the last few years the result seemed inevitable.

On behalf of the local brewers it was said yesterday that the industry had made no plans for converting its plants to other uses. Unlike the distilleries, which can be more or less readily converted into places for the manufacture of commercial alcohol and other industrial distillates, it was explained, the breweries find no other line of endeavor open to them without practically re-equipping the plants.

EUROPE'S EYES ON 'DRY' MOVE.

London Paper Thinks It May Affect England's Policy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Daily Chronicle says:

"America's decision that the whole United States shall go 'dry' is indeed a portend for us all. In the wine growing countries of the Continent, the new policy will probably be received with something like incredulity. In Great Britain, on the other hand, it cannot but be sympathetically and anxiously watched, and all parties will realize that in the long run its success or failure will decide not only the American policy on this subject but the Anglo-Saxon."

TWO MORE RATIFICATIONS.

Minnesota and Wisconsin Legislatures Approve Dry Amendment.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 17.—Minnesota ratified the Federal prohibition amendment today when the House adopted the joint resolution. The Senate acted yesterday.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 17.—The Legislature of Wisconsin today completed ratification of the national prohibition amendment. The vote in the House was 58 to 39.

The Senate ratified the amendment last Wednesday.

Forty of the forty-eight States have now ratified the amendment.

TAFT POINTS TO CUBA AS PEACE EXAMPLE

Finds League of Nations Vital for Peace and Creation of New Republics.

ALL WILL NEED PROTECTION

League Would Cause Extension of the Monroe Doctrine to the Entire World.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—William H. Taft, in an address tonight before the National Geographic Society, supported President Wilson's contention that the creation of a League of Nations is not only vital to the future peace of the world, but also essential to the creation of a half-dozen new republics.

Mr. Taft declared that the experience of the United States in Cuba should teach us how uncertain is the fate of a new republic, unless it has a protector which can aid it to stand upon its feet. "Such a protector," declared Mr. Taft, "the League of Nations must be to the to-be-created States of the Ukraine, of the Baltic provinces of Old Russia, of Finland, of Poland, including Russian, Austrian, and German Poland, and of Czechoslovakia."

Instead of endangering the Monroe Doctrine, Mr. Taft declared that the League of Nations would be merely an extension of this doctrine to the entire world. "Instead of impairing it," said Mr. Taft, "it would strengthen the Monroe Doctrine, because in case of its violation the obligations of the league would require all the great powers to unite in the maintenance of it."

Mr. Taft asserted that the projected new States of the Ukraine, of the Baltic provinces, Finland, Poland, and Czechoslovakia would hem Germany in, preventing Germany from extending herself into Russia and also thwarting her ambitions for the control of Middle Europe to Bagdad and the Persian Gulf.

"In addition to these States," added Mr. Taft, "the Jugoslavs are created into an independent republic, Palestine is to be set up as an independent State, and so, too, Armenia and the Caucasus."

Following the expression of his belief in the establishment of the State of Palestine, Mr. Taft voiced a personal view of far-reaching significance with regard to the extension of the colonial empires of any of the allied nations. The German colonies, he said, must not be given to Great Britain or to any other of the great powers, but must be internationalized and placed under the control and administration of the League of Nations itself.

"It will not be satisfactory to all the Allies," said the former President, "to turn either the German colonies or Constantinople over to one Government. Germany has forfeited her right to the colonies by her mistreatment of them in the past. She has been as murderous in dealing with the backward tribes as she was in Belgium and Northern France.

"Were we to turn her colonies over to Great Britain or France there would at once arise a suspicion that the trustee was exploiting the colonies for the benefit of its home people. The acquisition of these lands by any one or another Government would give the appearance of selfishness to the aims of the Allies in the war.

"What is true of the German colonies is also true of Constantinople. It must be internationalized."

The former President characterized as "a bugaboo which ought not to attract the support of serious men" the suggestion that by entering the League of Nations the United States would be parting with its sovereignty as a nation."

STRAUSS TO ADVISE MISSION

Federal Reserve Vice Governor and T. W. Lamont to Go to Paris.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Secretary Glass announced that with the approval of the President, Albert Strauss and Thomas W. Lamont would soon leave for Europe for the Treasury in an advisory capacity in connection with the armistice discussions and other financial questions arising at the Peace Conference.

Mr. Strauss has received leave of absence from the Federal Reserve Board, of which he is Vice Governor, to enable him to undertake these duties.

When Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co. was informed of Secretary Glass's announcement he said:

"I can, of course, add nothing to Secretary Glass's announcement except to say that I am happy to be able to serve the Government in any way possible."

PACKERS' PROFITS INCREASED BY WAR

Aggregate for the "Big Five" $95,000,000 in 1917, Against $18,000,000 in 1912.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Food Administration regulations neither regulated profits of the meat packers nor benefited the public or the consumers, Stuart Chase, an expert accountant, employed by the Federal Trade Commission, told the Senate Agriculture Committee today in presenting figures to show that profits of the five big packing concerns doubled and trebled during the war.

Mr. Chase, who was testifying at hearings on the Kendrick bill, providing for Government supervision of the meat industry, said that no one knew accurately what the packers' earnings were because their methods of bookkeeping had the effect of covering up their profits. He asserted, however, that examinations by the commission of the books of the Armour, Morris, Swift, Wilson, and Cudahy Companies showed their aggregate profits in 1912 were $18,715,000, and in 1917 $95,639,000.

Based on capital stock, Mr. Chase said Morris & Co.'s profits in 1917 were 267.7 per cent. and that on the same basis Armour & Co.'s profits in 1916 were 114.2 per cent. Because of a later increase in capital stock the percentage for Armour & Co. dropped to 27.1 in 1917. Swift & Co.'s profits in 1917 on the same basis were 63 per cent., while those of the Cudahy Company in 1917 were 23.2 per cent., based on capital stock and surplus. Wilson & Co.'s earnings for the same year were 29.6 per cent. on the capital and surplus.

HENEY ASSAILS PACKERS.

Declares They Illegally Fixed Prices for Army Equipment.

Francis J. Heney, chief counsel for the Federal Trade Commission in its investigation of the meat packers, repeated the charges he made before the Senate Agricultural Committee last week at a meeting in Cooper Union last night. Unless the Government undertakes the regulation of the packing industry, he asserted, the packing monopoly will spread until a multitude of businesses have been drawn into the web.

"The packers have a death grip on the clothing industry now in addition to the food monopoly. Their tentacles are reaching far and wide. Wool and hides have come so into their grasp that they can dictate the price of leather, and soon will dictate the prices of other commodities. They fixed the prices for saddlery and harness sold to the army in an unlawful combination. Kaiserism in industry in this country is coming at a very rapid rate, and these economic evils cannot be cured by criminal prosecutions.

Mr. Heney said he was in favor of Government ownership of public utilities, and he strongly advocated legislation for the regulation of the meat industry. The packers, he said, had recently tried to interfere with the Government's investigation in many ways.

DAWSON MAKES CHANGES.

Columbia Five Strengthened for Game with St. John's.

The Columbia basket ball team will meet St. John's tonight on the Morningside Heights gymnasium floor. It will be a slightly changed Columbia lineup. Fred Dawson has effected several shifts which he believes give the team more scoring power.

Johnson, who was a forward, has been shifted to centre. Farrell has been moved from his guard position to Johnson's old place, while Kiendl will fill the berth vacated by Farrell.

Candidates for a freshman five were called out yesterday and reported for practice to Carl Merner. Merner will spend part of his time with the freshman players and will develop a team for games with nearby high schools.

WANTS FRANCE PROTECTED

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

punch. They will get away with all that. Go to it."

The American attack succeeded, the Marshal continued, "and here we are on the Rhine."

The armistice was not concluded too soon, and the Allies got all they asked for from Germany without continuing the fighting. The Allies, the Marshal said, were prepared for another offensive stroke, which would have forced the Germans to give up. This was to have been made in Lorraine on Nov. 14 with six American and twenty French divisions.

Our Soldiers "Superb."

"This is for me a happy opportunity," Marshal Foch began, "to tell you all the good things I think of the American Army and of the part it played on our side. Your soldiers were superb. They came to us young, enthusiastic, and carried forward by a vigorous idealism, and they marched to battle with admirable gallantry.

"Yes, they were superb. There is no other word. When they appeared our armies were, as you know, fatigued by three years of relentless struggle and the mantle of war lay heavily upon them. We were magnificently comforted by the virility of your Americans.

"The youth of the United States brought a renewal of the hope that hastened victory. Not only was this moral fact of the highest importance, but you also brought enormous material aid and the wealth which you placed at our disposal contributed to the final success. Nobody among us will ever forget what America did.

"And you know what happened on the field of battle since the month of July; first on the Marne, then in the region of Verdun. General Pershing wished as far as possible to have his army concentrated in an American sector. The Argonne and the heights of the Meuse were a sector hard to tackle. There were considerable obstacles there.

"'All right,' I said to him. 'Your men have the devil's own punch. They will get away with all that. Go to it.'

"And finally everything went well; everything went so well that here we are on the Rhine."

Germans Faced Disaster.

Marshal Foch was asked by the correspondent:

"But was not the armistice concluded too soon?"

"It was not possible to do otherwise," answered the Marshal, "because the Germans gave us everything that we asked for at once. They satisfied all of our conditions. It was difficult to ask more.

"Doubtless any General would have preferred to have continued the struggle and to have battle when the battle which offered itself was so promising, but a father of a family could not help but think of the blood that would be shed. A victory, however easy, costs the lives of men. We held victory in our grasp without any further sacrifice. We took it as it came.

"The German high command was not ignorant of the fact that it faced a colossal disaster. When it surrendered everything was prepared for an offensive in which it would infallibly have succumbed. On the 14th we were to attack in Lorraine with twenty French divisions and six American divisions. This attack would have been supported by other movements in Flanders and in the centre.

"The Germans were lost. They capitulated. There is the whole story.

"And now we must make a peace which will correspond with the magnitude of our victory. We must have a peace as absolute as was our success and which will guard us against all future aggressions.

"France has a right to effective measures of protection after the formidable efforts she put forth to save civilization. The natural frontier which will protect civilization is the Rhine.

Must Hold Germans on Rhine.

"It is on the Rhine that we must hold the Germans. It is by using the Rhine that we must make it impossible for them to recommence the coup of 1914. The Rhine is the common barrier of all the Allies, precisely of all those who united to save civilization. The Rhine is the guarantee of peace for all the nations who have shed their blood in the cause of liberty. Then let us watch on the Rhine.

"We have no idea of attacking Germany or of recommencing the war. Democracies such as ours never attack. They ask but to live in peace and to grow in peace, but who can say that Germany—where democratic ideas are so recent and perhaps very superficial—will not quickly recover from its defeat.

"England has the Channel to cross. America is far away. France must always be in a position to safeguard the general interests of mankind. Those interests are at stake on the Rhine. It is there that we must prepare to guard against the painful surprises of the future.

"The armistice is signed, but peace is not yet concluded. So long as the status of Europe has not been settled, let us watch, let us watch together, so that we lose not the fruits of our common victory. Let us remain united as we were in battle."

Religious Notices will be found on Page 15.

CALLS PRINCE FOR TRIAL.

Budapest Prefect Sends Summons to Windischgraetz.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Jan. 17.—The police prefect of Budapest has summoned Prince Windischgraetz, whose intrigues in Switzerland in favor of former Emperor Charles are well known, to return at once to Hungary for trial.

According to Budapest papers the former director of the Hungarian potate monopoly, Eugene Mikles, has admitted having handed over to Windischgraetz the sum of $830,000 for which no account was rendered.

Letters from the Prince to Mikles have been discovered in which the Prince inquires "When are you going to send me the tobacco?" tobacco being a slang Hungarian expression for money, which in this case is peculiarly appropriate because Mikles sent the money to Windischgraetz in four sealed cigar boxes, each containing over $200,000. Windischgraetz has been using these funds for the Austrian monarchist propaganda in Switzerland.

Former Emperor Charles is seriously ill with influenza and unable to leave his bed. On Jan. 1 he attempted to rise, but fainted immediately. Since then he has stayed in his bed, which on fine days is moved to an open window for a few hours.

His entourage denies reports that his condition is really due to habits of intoxication and that he is continually under the influence of liquor.

Rush for British War Bonds.

LONDON, Jan. 17, (British Wireless Service.)—The rush which began Monday to obtain war bonds before they are withdrawn has increased daily. The banks have been deluged with applications and the Post Offices have been besieged by small investors, anxious to follow the lead given them by big financial and commercial houses. The Treasury hopes that the final total tomorrow, the last day for applications, will reach £1,600,000,000.

In every cup of CHILDS coffee you get a delicious stimulating beverage and nourishing food as well.

CHILDS coffee is distinguished for its pleasant aroma and its full, rich flavor.

The secret lies in the original quality of the coffee and the skill with which it is treated.

From the selecting of the coffee beans to the blending of coffee and milk in the cup, making coffee at CHILDS is an exact science.

At the greatly increased cost of coffee, and of the high grade milk used at CHILDS, patrons are getting double value in the generous cups served.

A plate of hot, golden griddle cakes with rich butter and syrup, and a cup of CHILDS sparkling coffee, is a complete meal.

Childs

EXHIBITIONS OPEN SUNDAYS, 1-5 P. M.

EXHIBITIONS & SALES AT THE
ANDERSON GALLERIES
PARK AVENUE & 59TH STREET, NEW YORK

¶ *To be sold Wednesday evening, January 22, at 8:15.*

PAINTINGS & MINIATURES
THE COLLECTION OF THE LATE
FREDERIC R. HALSEY

¶ Includes examples of Edouard Detaille, Gabriel Max, Desgoffes, Charles Jacque, Toby Rosenthal, Lenbach, and miniatures by Andrew Plimier and Antoine Vestier.

IN THE SAME CATALOGUE
TWELVE PAINTINGS
TO BE SOLD BY ORDER OF A. MITCHELL PALMER,
ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN
in accordance with the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended.

¶ *To be sold Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday afternoons, January 22, 23, 24, 25, at 2:30.*

HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS
INCLUDING
MASSIVE ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, EUROPEAN AND ORIENTAL PORCELAIN AND OTHER ART OBJECTS, BRONZES, GLASS, DRAPERIES AND RUGS
FROM THE ESTATE OF THE LATE
FREDERIC R. HALSEY

¶ A rich array of art objects, including Enamels, Chinese Snuff Bottles, Delft Ware, Ivories, etc.

¶ *To be sold Monday and Tuesday afternoons, and Tuesday evening, January 20 and 21, at 2:30 and 8:15.*

RARE AMERICANA, AMERICAN FIRST EDITIONS
FROM THE LIBRARIES OF
J. K. PAULDING AND H. C. BERNHEIM
WITH ADDITIONS FROM OTHER SOURCES

SALES CONDUCTED BY MR. FREDERICK A. CHAPMAN.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.

MEMORY

A good memory is a big asset in business. That fact is so generally recognized that many individuals and commercial establishments which employ large numbers of men lay stress upon memory cultivation as a means of promotion.

Roth Memory Course—*David M. Roth,*	$4.49
How to Train Your Mind—*Marvin Dana,*	$1.12
A Perfect Memory—*Marvin Dana.*	$1.12
Practical Memory Training—*Theron Q. Dumont,*	$1.17
Memory Culture—*W. W. Atkinson,*	89c
Assimilative Memory—*Prof. A. Loisette,*	$2.24
Your Mind and How To Use It. *W. W. Atkinson,*	1.08

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

A GENUINE "PASS TO THE MARNE" FRONT. IBANEZ'.

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse

IT IS ONE NOVEL YOU MUST NOT LEAVE UNREAD

Cloth, $1.90 (postage extra). At all bookstores or may be ordered direct from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

TO RAISE $16,000,000 FOR B. R. T. PURPOSES

Minimum Amount of Certificates Which Receiver Garrison Plans to Issue.

ALL NOT NEEDED AT ONCE

Shonts, in Letter to Civic Bodies, Compares Municipal and Private Ownership.

Lindley M. Garrison, receiver for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, announced yesterday that it would require from $16,000,000 to $17,000,000 to finance the three companies of which he is the receiver—the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, and the New York Consolidated Railroad Company. This money will have to be borrowed on receiver's certificates, and as soon as Mr. Garrison determines the exact amount he will need he will apply to Judge Mayer, in the United States District Court, for a hearing. The application probably will be made on a Monday.

In his application Mr. Garrison will suggest to the court to what extent the lien on the properties which will secure the certificates of the receiver should have a prior claim over the outstanding securities of the companies. Not all of the money asked for by Mr. Garrison will be needed at once.

Mr. Garrison received a letter yesterday from James E. West, Chief Scout Executive of the Boy Scouts of America, suggesting that the receiver "organize a small citizens' committee among those who use each of the various divisions of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit lines in receivership, to serve without pay compensation as advisers to you with reference to improvement in the service on the various lines."

Mr. West said that he was convinced that "men and women of ability would gladly enter into the spirit of such a scheme and render you valuable service, not primarily to increase the dividends of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, but to give the public better service, and this course would mean increased dividends in the long run. Certainly it would serve as a clearing house for the consideration of the merits of various complaints and suggestions which will be made to you."

Mr. Garrison wrote to Mr. West immediately accepting the suggestion, but in somewhat different form from that in which it was made. In his letter Mr. Garrison said:

> I do not think it would be desirable for me to organize the citizens' committee of which you speak, but I would be very glad if such a committee should be organized. I am extremely desirous of rendering the very best service with the facilities under my control, and I recognize the benefit of sensible and well-meaning advice from every source, and I have no doubt that such a committee as you speak of would be of great use to me in the proper execution of my duties. May I venture to suggest that you set about organizing a committee for that purpose, and I assure you that I will work in the fullest co-operation with you and with such committee.

Mr. West uses the Sea Beach line in journeying from his home to his office in the Fifth Avenue Building, and in his letter he volunteered to serve on an advisory committee of the patrons of that line.

Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough, yesterday addressed a letter to various civic and commercial organizations, in which he said that, when the Board of Estimate, in its report of a week ago Friday, denying an increase of fares, said that "there appears to be no reason why the burdens caused by the war or otherwise ought to be shifted from the holders of Interborough securities to the traveling public," the board "did nothing less than make a frank announcement of a policy of confiscation."

Mr. Shonts asserted that, in the traction controversy, no question of economics or law was involved, but only the question of public policy. Then, after asking the question, "Does the public want the subways and elevated operated by the city?" in parallel columns he indicated as follows what in his opinion would happen under municipal operation and under private operation.

UNDER CITY OPERATION.	UNDER PRIVATE OPERATION
Increase of fares to meet costs due to war after having violated the spirit of the agreement with the Interborough and after destroying its credit and by that act shutting off all future investment of private capital necessary for development of the city's transportation.	Increase of fares to (1) meet costs due to war, and (2) to permit current payment of preferential due Interborough, and (3) to make the city's investment self-supporting and thereby avoid increase in taxes otherwise necessary to meet interest on city's investment.
Operating officials subject to political change every four years or oftener.	Tenure of position dependent upon demonstrated and maintained efficiency.
Governing policies subject to political expedy decisions to hold until those exigencies change.	Governing policies determined jointly by company and public authorities; decisions to hold so long as they are beneficial.
Political incentives to govern employes.	Efficiency incentives to govern employes.
Low discipline and morale, with high accident rate.	High discipline and morale, with low accident rate.

The letter from Mr. Shonts concluded as follows:

> Inasmuch as the question at issue is not the profit of the company, that being limited by the terms of the contract, the only immediate practical question is whether the city should, at no loss to itself, protect the credit of its partner over the period of abnormal prices due to war and until normal conditions are restored.
>
> The President of the United States, the Secretary of the Treasury, and other Government officials have publicly asked local authorities to adopt such a policy. Some 400 other communities, including several in New York State, have already done so. They have considered it unwise public policy to cripple their vital utilities. But the present city Government told that all these 400 communities have been false to their trust in refusing to act the Shylock in demanding what was "nominated in the bond"?

Roosevelts Return to City.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Jan. 17.—Messages of condolence from all parts of the country have been accumulating at the Roosevelt home on Sagamore Hill in the absence of the late Colonel's widow and son, Captain Archibald Roosevelt. It was announced today that the family would reply to all the messages where the names and addresses of the senders were known. Mrs. Roosevelt, Captain Archibald, and Mrs. Richard Derby returned to New York City today after having spent a week with Mrs. Roosevelt's sister-in-law, Mrs. W. S. Cowles, at Farmington, Conn. They will remain in the city a few days.

Serve him right, with

Club Cocktails

Your friend knows a compliment when he tastes one.

ENGINEERS ENTER PROTEST.

Criticise Estimate Board for Curtailing Transit Appropriations.

At a meeting on Tuesday afternoon of the Engineering Council, representing 36,000 members of national engineering societies, the action of the Board of Estimate in so curtailing the appropriation of the Public Service Commission as to necessitate the dismissal of more than 300 engineers was severely criticised. Invitations to attend the meeting were accepted by representatives of the Public Service Commission, the engineering societies, the Merchants' Association, and the Committee of Allied Trades, but invitations sent to the Board of Estimate and to the Mayor and Controller brought no response.

Statements were made at the meeting that the city was losing $1,000,000 a year in interest and other millions of income through delays in rapid transit work; that $60,000,000 spent for subways and more millions for equipment were lying useless for lack of engineers to forward the work and that damage claims by contractors because of delay may easily aggregate $6,000,000.

SINN FEIN EXPECTS SUPPRESSION MOVE

Rumor in Ireland That British Government May Apply the Crimes Act.

AGITATORS LOOK TO WILSON

Two Home Rule Elements Eager for President to Interest Himself in Their Cause.

DUBLIN, Jan. 17. (Associated Press.)—The Government, it is reported here, is about to issue a proclamation tightening the laws against the Sinn Feiners. Some months ago a proclamation was issued under the Crimes act, declaring that the Sinn Feiners were dangerous. This was the necessary preliminary step to the suppression of the organization, but no subsequent step has yet been taken.

Once a proclamation suppressing the Sinn Fein is issued, it becomes a crime to belong to the organization, and the Government can prosecute any member and send him to jail. Imprisonment does not affect the Sinn Feiners unless it prevents their having their own way. They cause trouble in the prisons, and at the present time there is virtually a state of seige in the Mountjoy Prison in Dublin because one Sinn Feiner there is not treated as a political prisoner.

The Sinn Fein intends to summon its own Parliament, and has already held two preliminary meetings. They treat the last election as an act of self-determination and look upon all persons elected, regardless of party, as members of the Irish Republic Assembly. Accordingly, they have issued invitations to their own members, as well as the Carsonites and Nationalists, but no one of the other party members is taking any notice of it.

Thirty-four of the Sinn Feiners elected are imprisoned in England and Ireland, while Patrick MacCarten, Liam Mellowes, and Diarmuid Lynch are in the United States. This situation has delayed the calling of the National Assembly.

When the assembly is called, the question is whether the Government will ignore it or suppress it. Two influences are operating on the judgment of the Lord Lieutenant, Viscount French, who is the real ruler. One side declares that the Sinn Feiners have an impractical policy and will wear themselves out if let alone, while if they are harassed they will retain the support of the country. Viscount French is said to lean to the former view. It is said that he is a Home Ruler, but will insist on obedience to the law.

Look to Wilson for Help.

The Sinn Feiners intend that if the National Assembly meets to nominate Professor de Valera, Arthur Griffiths, and Count Plunkett as delegates to the Peace Conference. They will claim representation as if Ireland were a separate State, like Belgium or Serbia. They do not expect that their claim will be granted, but are doing all they can to induce President Wilson to raise the Irish question.

The Sinn Feiners are not the only Irishmen who look to President Wilson for aid. Another group is a section of moderate opinion under Captain Gwynne, a former member of Parliament, who has a scheme for home rule along federal lines. This plan involves a parliament for all affairs, other than imperial, common to Ireland, and three or four provincial parliaments with full power, including taxation, over their own local business. This scheme would give Ulster protection without putting it in a privileged position.

It is believed that Ireland would accept this or a similar plan if it came from a neutral tribunal instead of from the British Parliament. If President Wilson should become interested in such a plan, it is argued by its supporters, the Government would be relieved of a difficulty and the President would get credit from Irish-Americans for finding a way out of a critical situation. They declare that the Sinn Feiners, although they probably will still protest against a link with England, would either have to accept this plan or be deserted by their supporters.

If some such settlement is not reached, it is believed that there will be the usual disorder and imprisonments. Ireland, some hold, will probably reply to imprisonments by more disorders. There is said to be a good deal of ammunition and explosives in the hands of wilder spirits. Meanwhile, there is comparative calm in Ireland. The leading Sinn Feiners in their speeches ask for time to carry out their policies and deprecate impatience.

Denies Dublin Rumors.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The British Government is not expected to interfere with meetings of the Sinn Fein Parliament as long as it keeps to the bounds permitted to debating societies and only passes its resolutions, says a Dublin dispatch to The Mail. If it exceeds these limits, however, the dispatch adds, and does anything interfering with liberty or the rights of individuals, the Government will be compelled to take action.

A number of revolvers and several hundred rounds of ammunition belonging to Sinn Feiners have been seized, according to The Mail. Two arrests have been made.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

"In the Heart of New York"—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

Saturday—An Extraordinary Special

Sale of Women's Smart Suits

In Luxurious Fur Trimmed and Strictly Tailored Styles

Formerly $39.50 to $59.00

At $32

A rare ensemble of the most individual styles produced this season, tailored in a manner comparable only to suits of a much costlier to-order variety. Fashioned of Duvet de Laine, Suede Velour, Chiffon Broadcloth, Velour Cloth, Oxfords, Velour Checks, and Twill Back Velveteen.

Sizes 34 to 44; Also a few models to 50½ bust

Fourth Floor

Today Only—

Women's Gold-Filled Bracelet Watches

Special

$14.50

Exquisite engraved model, with gold dial. Fitted with reliable 15 jewel movement. Quantity limited.

The Newest and Most Charming Ideas in Youthful Fashions are Shown Today in

A Special Sale of Misses' New Silk Taffeta Frocks at $18.75

New Taffeta Silk Frocks that are brimful of originality, smartly expressed. Skirts are in the much-favored narrow silhouette and youthful tunic effects. Trimmed with Worsted Embroidery, Silk Stitchery, or Pinched Tucks.

Obtainable in Rose, Taupe, Copenhagen Blue, Navy Blue and Black. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Two styles *Pictured.*

Misses' Tailored and Fur-Trimmed Coats Greatly Reduced

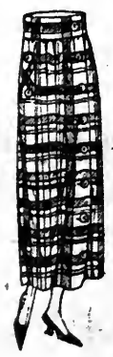
for Immediate Clearance

These Coats are beautifully tailored in the most successful materials, and at these prices are values seldom, if ever, equalled

Coats....Formerly $25.00....Reduced to **$12.95**
Coats....Formerly $30.00....Reduced to **$19.75**
Coats....Formerly $35.00....Reduced to **$25.00**
Coats....Formerly $39.50....Reduced to **$29.50**
Coats....Formerly $45.00....Reduced to **$35.00**
Coats....Formerly $50.00....Reduced to **$39.50**
Coats....Formerly $55.00....Reduced to **$45.00**
Coats....Formerly $75.00....Reduced to **$55.00**

Saturday Only!

Women's All-Wool Plaid Skirts, Special, $10.50



In seven of the most delightful tailored models introduced, with novelty pockets, and broad tailored belts. They come in good looking two-tone effects and smart Plaids. Sizes from 25 to 36 waistbands. *Illustrated.*

We Shall Also Offer Today

Unusual Values in Men's-Wear Serge Skirts

Beautifully tailored and shown in several cleverly styled models. Priced very modestly.

At $7.95, $9.75, $10.75, $12.75

Exceptional!

Women's Wool Serge Frocks

in Two New Models

Saturday

At $15

Practical but very charming frocks tastefully trimmed with Braiding.

One is in Blouse effect, and very suitable for women requiring sizes 38 to 44.

The other style is for smaller figures, those requiring sizes 34 to 40. This one is in smart tunic effect, as shown at left.

Under Present Conditions Such Values are Nothing Short of Phenomenal.

We Shall Also Offer Today Six Very Charming Models in

Taffeta and Georgette Crepe Frocks at $25

Exquisite Afternoon Frocks of Taffeta and Georgette Crepe, beautifully bead embroidered. Also—Dainty Crepe de Chine Frocks, in stunning hand-embroidered and tucked effects. Colors: Copenhagen Blue, Silver Grey, Taupe, Wisteria, Beaver, Navy, and Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Boys' Corduroy Suits

With Extra Knickers

Special

$10.50

Sturdy, well-tailored suits that will give splendid service, in a snappy Norfolk model, as *pictured.*

This low price will be in effect only until our present assortment is depleted. Sizes 7 to 16 years.

Junior Boys' Coats Reduced Saturday to $6.75

Winter's smartest styles, produced in Fancy Mixtures, and warmly lined. At this price they cannot be had today *wholesale!* Sizes 3 to 8 years.

Boys' Winter Overcoats Reduced to $16.75

Regardless of what you pay, Boys' Overcoats cannot be better tailored than these. The styles are mostly double-breasted, in snappy military effect. Full lined to insure plenty of warmth. Sizes 9 to 18 years.

Radically Reduced Saturday

A Superb Collection of

Women's Winter Coats

in Handsome Fur-Trimmed and Tailored Models

Distinctive belted and draped styles, the best productions of European and American designers for the present season, fashioned of Lustrous Broadcloth, Silvertone, Bolivia, Wool Velour, Normandy, and Rich Mixtures. Beautifully lined with Peau de Cygne or Satin and warmly interlined.

Coats..Formerly $25 to $29.50....Now **$16.50**
Coats..Formerly $29.50 to $35.00..Now **$25.00**
Coats..Formerly $35 to $39.50....Now **$29.50**
Coats..Formerly $45 to $55.....Now **$35.00**
Coats..Formerly $59.50 to $75....Now **$49.50**
Coats..Formerly $78.00 to $95....Now **$59.50**

Women's Pile Fabric Coats

Many Handsomely Fur-Trimmed

Saturday at $29.50 to $95

They have all the warmth and beauty of high priced fur garments. Fashioned of Arcadian Lamb, Silk Velour de Nord, and Sealskinette.

Girls' Fur-Trimmed Coats

in an Important Sale Saturday

At $14.75

The surplus stock of a well known manufacturer. All well tailored coats, in Flared models with tucked belt and large pockets, developed in Velour, Delhi, and fine wool coatings. Collars are of Near Seal, Nutria, and Coney. Each coat full lined and warmly interlined. Sizes 8 to 16.

Illustrated.

Saturday Only—

Girls' Smart Serge Dresses at $5.95

Practical, Sailor model, fashioned of durable Navy Blue Serge, finished with wide leather belt. Collar and cuffs are trimmed with Braid. Sizes 8 to 14 years.

Miss Burleigh, Expert Corsetiere, Is Now Demonstrating

The New Binner Corsets

on the Third Floor. No Corset so ably helps to idealize the figure as the Binner, and there are so many wonderful features about the New Binner models that no well dressed woman should fail to see them. Miss Burleigh will gladly make individual fittings, which may be arranged by 'phone or mail.

Today, Saturday, Only

Binner Corsets---Special $6.95

Regularly $10. In models for every figure, beautifully produced in Fancy Broche Coutil.

In a Remarkable Sale Today—

500 Men's and Women's Umbrellas at $1.95

With Outside Silk Cover

Fine American Taffeta Umbrellas, a substantial tape-edged cotton mixture, on Paragon frames. The handles are in Hooked, Straight, and Ring Shapes, made of Bakelite or Natural Woods, some Sterling Silver trimmed. None like them at $1.95 anywhere!

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only:

Store opens 9:00 A.M. and closes 5:30 P.M.

Brighten the Corner

A little paint plus a little energy can do wonders to make a room more cheerful, and our paint specialist will explain how to get most satisfactory results at low cost with least labor.

Floor and Varnish Stains,
33c ½ pt., 51c pt., 92c qt.

For floors this stain gives a durable, lustrous color and can be used on either hard or soft woods.

Furniture which is scratched or marred may be restored with a single coat.

Shelves and wainscoting are easily decorated and freshened with this durable paint.

Macy's—Basement, 35th St., Front.

Unusual Antique Drawings

This opportunity to obtain antique color drawings is as interesting as it is rare. The number is limited and no more can be obtained.

Subjects are portraits of distinguished persons, all copies after Holbein. The originals hang in Windsor Castle.

In color and drawing the delicacy of these old fashioned lithographs makes them most desirable for halls or dens.

Appropriately framed in antique gold and black.
$9.94 to $14.89

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 34th St.

The Kindliest of Lights

is our translucent desk lamp which spares the eyes by eliminating all glare, yet shedding a brilliant radiance.

Models for either roll top or flat desks. Made in different heights with either one or two bulbs.

Handsomely finished in brush brass and black or statuary bronze.

The translucent shade is emerald green glass lined with white; adjustable.
$5.59 to $19.74

Macy's—Basement, Broadway.

Help!

Gentlemen, our shopping service is always at your command if you wish to save time in selecting merchandise or need assistance in purchasing articles from our women's departments.

As a courtesy to foreigners we have an interpreters' staff acting as hosts and hostesses to strangers within our gates.

Macy's Personal Shopping Bureau, Main Floor, 34th Street, Near Elevators.

REPORTED CASUALTIES TOTAL 221,968

591 Named in Latest Lists for the Army Include 253 Dead and 13 Missing

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The War Department gave out two casualty lists today, which contained 591 names, bringing the total for the army up to 216,267. No Marine Corps casualties were reported today, but the total for that arm of the service previously announced was 5,701. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 221,968.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 123 killed in action, 128 died of disease, 144 severely wounded, 122 wounded to a degree undetermined, 59 slightly wounded, and 13 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 17.	Total.
Killed in action	29,141	125	29,266
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,672	..	12,672
Died of accident	2,417	..	2,417
Died of disease	18,341	128	18,469
Total	63,303	253	63,556
Wounded	132,403	325	132,728
Missing	19,970	13	19,983
Total	215,676	591	216,267

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded. (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ADELL, MAX, 228 Division St......(WU)
AUG, C. H., 79 E. 108th St.—Lt......(KA)
BURNS, R. J., 351 W. 16th St......(WS)
CALAMARI, JOHN, 1,826 1st Av......(WS)
COLELLA, RALPH, 336 E. 148th St...(KA)
COOPER, A. B., 1,036 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn—Corp......(WU)
DEBRUHL, C. F., 2,268 7th Av......(WU)
ECKSTEIN, G. H., 387 Sumpter St., Brooklyn......(WL)
FAZIO, JOE, 45 Scholes St., Brooklyn..(MA)
FLACK, HERBERT, 314 W. 18th St....(KA)
GRUSHKA, LEON, 159 2d Av.—Corp...(WU)
HAWXHURST, H. D., 638 Greene Av., Brooklyn—Corp......(KA)
HOLZER, WILLIAM 1,354 1st Av......(WS)
JACKSON, E., 349 W. 37th St.—Sgt....(KA)
KELLY, T. J., 225 W. 123d St......(WS)
KING, N., 350 Madison St., Brooklyn..(KA)
LIGGIRO, N., 462 Fordham Road......(WS)
MAURO, V., 145 Columbia St., Bklyn..(KA)
MINITER, W. R., 77 High St., Bklyn..(WS)
MURPHY, A. J., 402 Ridgewood Av., Brooklyn......(KA)
PURCELL, J. E., 421 12th St., Bklyn.(WS)
REISENLIETER, WALTER, 460 Lexington Av., Brooklyn......(DD)
RUSSO, SAVERIO, 320 E. 11th St....(WS)
ROWLAND, DANIEL, 69 Sheepshead Bay Road, Brooklyn......(DD)
SARLIN, ABRAHAM, 261 S. 2d St., Brooklyn......(WS)
SCHWARTZ, PHILIP, 2,031 Monterey Av......(WS)
SCHWEICKERT, E. L., 978 Freeman St......(KA)
STEPHENS, J. E., 57 W. 48th St.—Brig. Gen......(DD)
TYLER, PAUL, 132 Gratton St., Bkln.(WS)
WATSON, R. A., 772 9th Av......(WS)
WESTERBERG, J. L., Walcott Hotel, 31st St. and 5th Av......(WL)
WILSON, A. G., 435 Waverly Place...(WU)
WISE, A. B., 2,028 E. 47th St., Bklyn.(WU)
ZINGONI, DANIEL, 818 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn......(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

ARENA, FRANCESCO, Rochester......(KA)
BURNS, F. W., Syracuse—Sgt......(WU)
CITRINITI, VINCENT, Utica......(KA)
CURRY, THOMAS D., Buffalo......(WU)
GAINER, JOHN M., Rome—Corp......(KA)
GARCEAU, LAWRENCE E., Theresa...(WU)
GUSTAVSON, EGNAR A., Dunkirk......(KA)
HAKE, WALTER A., Alden......(KA)
HALSEY, EDWIN C., East Hampton..(DD)
HOFFMAN, J. E., Springville......(WL)
KUTCHUK, HARRY, Ilion......(WS)
LICATO, VINCENZO, Buffalo......(WU)
LUNDY, LUDWIG, Jamestown......(KA)
MARSHALL, JOSEPH, Port Henry......(DD)
MILLER, LESLIE A., Endicott......(WU)
MULLEN, FRANK J., Utica......(MA)
PIWOWARISKI, STANLEY, Syracuse..(WS)
RIFENBURGH, J. H., Rhinebeck......(WU)
SCHURR, ALTON, Arcade......(KA)
SHERIDAN, E. G., Watervliet......(WL)
SMITH, JAMES P., Utica......(WL)
STINE, CHARLES A., Albany......(DD)
TOPINI, DOMENICK, Corning......(WS)
WALSH, WILLIAM, Ruskirk......(WS)
WARD, JOHN, Schenectady......(WU)
WESTERVELT, GEORGE L., Elmira..(WU)
WHITE, WILLIAM T., Strasburg......(KA)
WILJEWSKI, WLADYSLAW, Buffalo.(WS)
WILLIAMS, CLAUDE W., Elmira......(WL)
ZOLLER, ARCHIE, Woodham, L. I....(WU)

ALABAMA.

FLOYD, TALLY L., Newville......(DD)
JACKSON, PINK, Anniston......(DD)
MITCHELL, THOMAS, Lineville......(DD)
NUNELLY, A. L., Chatchie......(DD)
RABB, LAZARUS P., Castleberry......(DD)
SAVAGE, HARRY L., Camden—Lt......(DD)
SMITH, HENRY, Florence......(DD)
SIMS, EDWARD C., Jemison......(KA)
WARD, BEN, Bessemer......(DD)

ARIZONA.

ANTON, WALLACE, Scottsdale......(KA)

ARKANSAS.

AVERY, THOMAS J., Lexa......(DD)
DENNIS, JOE H., Magnolia......(KA)
GEORGE, JOSEPH H., St. Francis......(DD)
GOWER, LLOYD, Newnal......(KA)

CALIFORNIA.

LUCHSINGER, F. W., San Pablo......(KA)
McCARTHY, J. R., San Francisco......(DD)
MORKEN, HENRY, Boy Point......(DD)
ROOME, H. V., Los Angeles—Corp....(DD)
SMITH, IRA M., Santa Clara......(KA)
YOUNG, G. S., Santa Monica......(KA)

COLORADO.

HOLES, H. G., Denver......(DD)
KITTO, WILLIAM, Rockvale......(KA)
McENTARFER, L. J., Fort Morgan...(DD)
ZAISS, A. O., Denver......(KA)

CONNECTICUT.

DAVIS, JAY S., Farmington......(KA)
LENNON, THOMAS, Hartford......(WS)
MASON, W. A., Waterbury......(WS)
MORGAN, R. A., Old Lynn......(KA)
O'CONNELL, T. E., Hartford......(DD)
ROSEN, HARRY, New Haven......(WS)
FAUCIER, J. L. A., Waterbury......(WS)
SCIARINI, LOUIS, Branford......(WS)

DELAWARE.

NERO, FRANK, Bracker, Wilmington..(DD)
STEWART, JOHN, Wilmington—Lt....(DD)

GEORGIA.

DUNNAHOO, NEWTON B., Mayesville.(KA)
GREEN, HENRY E., Alpharetta......(DD)
JORDON, CLERO, Culladen......(DD)
PARSON, GILES, Homer......(KA)

IDAHO.

WHITTEMORE, LEONARD, Ashton...(DD)

ILLINOIS.

ALEXANDER, O. B., Springfield......(DD)
BLOMGREEN, NILS A., Chicago......(KA)
FIZER, ALONZO, Belleville......(DD)
HART, ROY S., East St. Louis......(DD)
KOVNAT, HYMAN, Chicago......(KA)
LUJAWSKI, T., South Chicago......(KA)
PARKER, G. E., Chicago—Sgt......(DD)
REDING, JOHN A., Marine......(DD)
SHARP, DANIEL, Chicago—Lt......(DD)
WARNER, C. E., Berwyn—Lt......(DD)

INDIANA.

CHERRY, E. H., Indianapolis......(KA)
HOLLER, HARRY, Edgewood......(KA)
MARLEY, W. R., Indianapolis......(KA)
PLACE, OTHO B., Bremen—Lt......(KA)
TAYLOR, OTTO V., Alexandria......(KA)
TAYLOR, SAMUEL T., Millersburg...(KA)
WEBSTER, JOHN, Indianapolis......(DD)

IOWA.

HOLCOMB, RALPH E., Dubuque......(DD)
NELSON, OLE E., Inwood......(DD)
RETTMAN, JOHN, Wilton Junction...(DD)

KANSAS.

CLARK, C. F., Junction City—Lt......(DD)
FENTON, N. D., Hutchinson......(KA)
MULHOLLEN, JOHN, Hoxie City......(DD)

KENTUCKY.

BALENTINE, JOHNNIE, Louisville....(DD)
BUTRUM, J. T., Fountain Run......(KA)
CAIN, J. E., Paris......(KA)
CONLEY, CHARLEY, Hager Hill......(KA)
DONNELLY, HOWARD, Louisville—Sgt.(DD)
HURT, R. C., Hazard—Sgt......(KA)
McKEEHAN, H. S., King......(KA)
SMITH, F. H., Middlesboro—Capt......(DD)
SPEARS, WILLIAM, Eminence......(DD)
STEGER, OLLIE, Olive Hill......(DD)

LOUISIANA.

DOTY, THOMAS E., Bossier City....(KA)
FENCKBEINER, W., New Orleans....(DD)
LANDHART, JOSEPH, New Orleans...(DD)
SAUREZ, M. G., New Orleans......(DD)
TRALOR, WEST, Holmes......(DD)

MARYLAND.

BRUFF, L. J., Baltimore—Sgt......(KA)
PORN, ANDREW, Baltimore......(KA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

CARTER, T. K., West Andover—Lt....(KA)
GOSSELIN, W. J., Bradford, Mass..(KA)
GUERTIN, HERVE, Holyoke......(KA)
HOULE, NAPOLEON, Danvers......(KA)
REINHALTER, E. J., West Newton....(DD)
TASNEY, E. E., Roxbury......(DD)
WINSER, PHILIP, Boston......(DD)

MICHIGAN.

BISKY, JOSEPH A., Alpena......(KA)
BROWN, EDWARD, Wakefield......(KA)
IRWIN, HERBERT, Smyrna......(KA)
LAMKE, GUSTAV O., Weston......(KA)
STREET, ALBERT N., Detroit......(DD)

MINNESOTA.

ANDERSON, WALDO E., Dale......(KA)
DRAKE, FRANK G., Minneapolis......(KA)
KITTLESON, CHARLES, Frazee......(DD)
MOHR, WILLIAM J., Worthington....(KA)
OLSON, JOHN A., Minneapolis......(DD)
RUNBERG, M. O., Minneapolis—Corp..(DD)
SOLIE, HENRY, Winger—Mch......(DD)

MISSISSIPPI.

SPEARMAN, TRAY J., Fulton—Corp...(DD)

MISSOURI.

BARNICLE, ALIAS S., St. Louis......(KA)
BILLOTT, L. W., East Leavenworth..(DD)
CRAIG, R. B., Kansas City......(DD)
CURTRIGHT, R. F., Paris......(DD)
JOHNSON, O. V., Grant......(KA)
LANDWEHR, A. J., St. Louis......(KA)

MONTANA.

HAAS, CARL, Red Lodge—Corp......(DD)
HUSTON, CLYDE L., Preston......(KA)
KNEBEL, EVERETT E., Bloomfield..(DD)
McGOWAN, T. P., Redstone......(DD)
SKIERKA, JOHN, Chester......(KA)
WASHBURN, C. R., Grass Range......(DD)

NEBRASKA.

SHANER, ELMER, Maxwell......(KA)

NEVADA.

HALL, JAMES, Fallon......(DD)

NEW JERSEY.

AUSTIN, SANTO J., Roselle Park......(KA)
BAUER, JOHN F., Rutherford—Sgt....(DD)
BECKLEY, EDWARD, Camden......(DD)
BROWN, BERT E., Warwick......(WS)
CARR, JAMES, Freehold......(DD)
COLLARD, GEORGE D., Elizabeth......(KA)
CORSSOBINI, L. R., Glassboro—Corp..(WU)
DUNN, JAMES J., Jersey City......(KA)
FORNATARO, R. E., Long Branch....(WS)
GILBERT, JOHN, Jersey City......(WU)
JACKSON, JAMES, Hackensack......(DD)
KOLSKI, SAMUEL, Trenton......(WU)
MAAS, ERNEST C., West New York..(WL)
SABOL, FRANK J., Newark......(WU)
SCHAFFER, CHARLES S., Riverside..(KA)
SCHOCH, JOSEPH, Trenton......(WS)
TRENTACOSTA, JOSEPH, Garfield...(WU)
WESTERMAN, JOHN, Hoboken......(WL)
WILLIAMS, WILLIAM J., Woodcliff..(DD)
WIRTH, RUDOLPH J., Jersey City....(WL)
WOOLLEY, F. W., Long Branch......(WU)

NEW MEXICO.

BELLHOUSE, BRIGIDO L., Tyrone...(DD)

NORTH CAROLINA.

JORDAN, CHARLES F., Cooleemee....(KA)
KING, JAMES, Dover......(DD)
NIXON, LESTER G., Round Peak.....(DD)

NORTH DAKOTA.

BROBERG, EDWARD A., Aneta......(KA)
FORSMAN, CHARLES, Grafton......(KA)
TACKABERRY, ROY N., Mandan—Sgt.(DD)
WISNESS, MELVIN, Mekinock......(DD)

OHIO.

BARTEL, EDWARD, Cleveland......(KA)
BARTO, REXFORD E., Portland......(KA)
BUDZYNSKI, JOHN S., Toledo......(KA)
CARLSON, JOHN, Akron......(KA)
CHERRY, F. H., New Plymouth......(DD)
COY, CARL, Hudson......(DD)
De VINCENZO, E., Youngstown......(DD)
FUCHS, G. H., Mount Healthy—Corp..(KA)
LEHWALD, W., Old Troy Pike Dayton......(KA)
MALONEY, G. S., Mentor......(DD)
NAUBACHER, ALBERT, Cleveland....(KA)
NEIL, C. F., Ashtabula......(DD)
SCHULTE, A. J., Cincinnati......(KA)
SEESE, G. H., Wellsville......(KA)
WAGNER, FRANK, Lewisburg......(DD)

OKLAHOMA.

CLARY, ROLLA, Hardy......(DD)
McCURDY, R. J., Daisy—Corp......(DD)
MAY, DWIGHT, Kendrick......(DD)
WALLS, OKLA M., Ringwood......(KA)

OREGON.

GREGORY, CECIL, Berlin......(KA)
KELLY, EDWIN J., Drain......(KA)
SCHNIDER, E. J., Mount Angel......(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BLAINE, THOMAS, Beaver Falls—Sgt.(KA)
BOLAND, W. T., Callitzin......(KA)
BOOTH, E. K., Linwood, Marcus Hook.(DD)
DEDMON-NICIS, A. T., Langeloth....(DD)
FOLCKEMER, H. M., Bornesboro......(KA)
FOLK, M. H., Reading......(DD)
HARNER, L. E., Berwick......(KA)
HOCKENBURY, G. W., Philadelphia...(KA)
JEBLUNSKY, JAMES, Pittsburgh......(KA)
LABUDA, J., Edwardsville......(DD)
MARSHALL, C. N., Wilkes-Barre......(KA)
MARTIN, J. H., McKeesport......(KA)
MOORE, EDWARD, New Bloomfield—Lt......(KA)
PETRELLA, DANIEL, Greensburg....(DD)
REED, J. J., Emporium......(KA)
WASKAERIC, TONY, South Fork......(KA)
WEST, F. T., Bolivar......(DD)
WIPFLER, H. A., Pittsburgh......(DD)
ZORB, A. W., Butler......(DD)

RHODE ISLAND.

AKERS, Q. J., Bradford......(DD)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

DAVIS, ISAAC E., Trio......(DD)
MEETZE, JOHN S., Irmo—Corp......(DD)
METZE, JOHN E., Irmo—Corp......(DD)

TENNESSEE.

CARTER, ALONZO, Morristown......(KA)
GOODE, ERNEST M., Covington......(KA)
HURST, OSCAR, Righi......(KA)
PARKER, JOHN T., Wartrace......(DD)
ROBERTS, LAWRENCE, Chattanooga.(KA)
SELLS, DILLARD O., Livingston......(DD)
WILLIAMS, DON S., Butler......(KA)

TEXAS.

BARKDULL, EARL, Houston......(KA)
BLAKEMORE, RAY, Plainview......(KA)
BLANDINO, JOHN, Austin......(KA)
CHOATE, THOMAS O., Fort Worth....(DD)
CLOW, CALVIN C., Dawson......(KA)
GROVER, EDWIN C., Mathis......(DD)
McELROY, JOHN T., San Augustine...(DD)
RUFFIN, BRADSHAW, Giddings......(DD)
TEAGUE, BRYAN W., Waco—Sgt......(DD)
WRIGHT, GEORGE, Orange......(DD)

UTAH.

BUTLER, EMIL W., Sandy......(DD)
VANDUSEN, W., East Salt Lake City.(DD)

VIRGINIA.

SCOTT, CHARLES, Winchester......(DD)
WILEY, WILMER W., Boyce......(DD)
WILLIAMS, ERNEST M., Pembroke..(DD)

WASHINGTON.

ADAMS, URA L., Prescott......(DD)
BEEBE, LEON A., Rochester......(KA)
BLUM, JOHN, Ritzville......(KA)
McGOWN, GEORGE R., Garfield......(KA)
MILLS, KENNETH, Spokane......(DD)

WEST VIRGINIA.

HARLESS, NAIN, Lewiston......(KA)
HEDGES, JOSEPH, Moundsville......(KA)
HOLLEY, CHESTER A., Guyandotte..(KA)
JONES, FRED E., Philippi......(KA)
MATHESS, CHARLES, Big Springs......(DD)
MATSON, WILLIAM T., Elizabeth......(DD)
ROUSH, WARNER E., New Haven......(KA)
STANTON, ROY, Barboursville......(KA)
STARCHER, RAYMOND E., Camden..(DD)

WISCONSIN.

ANTHONY, ROLLA, Granton......(DD)
BARNHARDT, FLOYD, Augusta......(DD)
BROEREM, BERNARD, Kaukauna....(DD)
LOPEZ, ARCHIE, Ocala......(DD)
MERRILL, PERCY E., Greenwood......(DD)
OLSEN, ODIN F., Baldwin......(KA)
PAPKE, LESTER A., Milwaukee......(KA)
RIEMER, MIKE, Collins......(KA)
SCHUMANN, ADOLPH, Milwaukee....(KA)
SCHWARTZ, C., Jr., Marinette—Lt......(KA)
STAALSON, OSCAR, Manitowoc......(KA)
VOIGHT, FRED H., Fall Creek......(DD)
WEHRLE, R. F., Superior—Lt......(DD)
WERTZ, RAYMOND J., Potter......(KA)
WOCHERT, OSCAR, Wausau......(DD)

WYOMING.

DEAN, DAVID L., Evanston......(DD)

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

DANIEL, JAMES, Sandy Point......(DD)

ITALY.

FELICI, PALMIRO, Natchi......(DD)
FERRARI, C., Fossato, Serralta, Province Catanzaro......(KA)
LEKAN, MIKE, Fu Francesco, Bari Fu Bitritto......(KA)

RUSSIA.

KWAITKOSKI, JOSEPH, Warsaw......(KA)

SCOTLAND.

LOGAN, ROBERT, Rutherglen......(DD)

REVISED CASUALTIES

NEW YORK CITY.

	New Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
ALEXANDER, A., 101 W. 38th St.	(WU)	(MA)
ANSBRO, P. J., 104 E. 124th St.	(Sick)	(MA)
BISCHOFF, F., Frey St., Woodside	(WU)	(MA)
BUCKLEY, J. E., 230 W. 141st St.—Sgt.	(WU)	(MA)
BULLOCK, R. F., 61 15th St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
BURGESS, J. L., 1,146 57th St., Brooklyn—Sgt.	(WU)	(MA)
CULETTA, JOHN, 130 Cherry St.—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
DAHL, JOHN E., 48 Nassau St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
DUBIN, A., 611 E. 178th St.—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
FASCIA, C., 39th St., Brooklyn.	(Sick)	(MA)
FARRELL, J. A., 1,668 E. 81st St., Bath Beach—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
GOLDBERG, URIAH, 234 Rochester Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
JOCHHEIM, J., Woodside—Corp.	(WU)	(MA)
KANE, W., 561 Warren St., Bkln.	(DD)	(P)
MILLER, C. H., 182 Stockton St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
MUSTO, CHARLES, 27 Mill St., Brooklyn—Corp.	(WU)	(MA)
REYNOLDS, G. H., 59 Richard Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
SHARROT, C., 469 2d Av.	(RD)	(MA)
SWANSON, ALBERT D., 532 W. 178th St.	(RD)	(MA)
VOLLKOMMER, PETER, 1,312 Olmstead Av.	(WU)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

DEBSKI, S., Buffalo—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
KOZLOWSKI, J., Buffalo—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
INGRAM, G. F., East Pembroke.	(WU)	(MA)
LAMBERT, E., Kings Park.	(WU)	(MA)
McCARTHY, H. A., Niskayuna—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
O'CONNOR, T. F., Niagara Falls	(WU)	(MA)
PORKLAB, L., Maspeth	(WU)	(MA)
ROHRBACH, C. W., Hastings-on-Hudson	(RD)	(MA)
SULLIVAN, W. J., Salamanca—Sgt.	(RD)	(MA)

OTHER STATES.

CONNELL, C. E., Trenton, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
FERGUSON, F. F., Bloomfield, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
FOLEY, J. J., Jersey City, N. J.—Corp.	(WU)	(MA)
LEONARD, C. E., Newark, N. J.—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
RESH, W. T., Newton, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
RIGA, A. J., Hartford, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
TESAR, C. J., West Wilmington, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)

ACTRESS ALLEGES FRAUD.

Says She and Ten Others Were Misled as to Argentina Engagement.

Miss Hedvig Brosseit, an actress, who played at one time with Maude Adams in "Peter Pan," returned to New York yesterday from Argentina on the Swedish steamship Sagua. She asserted that she and ten other American actresses had been sent there under contracts to appear in supposedly reputable theatres. In Buenos Aires they were sent to sing at the Casino, where the audience was composed entirely of men. She said she intended to bring the matter before the Federal authorities to see if she could not have the theatrical agent who booked her punished.

ASSAIL HEARST AS 6,000 CHEER

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

some of us to prepare and present to him a document consisting entirely of statements about the war quoted from Mr. Hearst's own papers. I do not see how he can wish to retain Mr. Hearst on his committee.

"We Americans are a tolerant people, and it is well that we are. But tolerance can be carried too far, and we cannot assent to the presence on the official Committee of Welcome to Our Soldiers of a man who defended Germany when she sank the Lusitania, (you will find that in The New York American of June 6, 1915,) who was in close association with Bolo and von Bernstorff, who did his utmost to create prejudice against our Allies, and is still doing this, and who did all that he could to keep our country from entering into the war with Germany.

"Every intelligent man or woman in New York knows that Mr. Hearst did these things. Mayor Hylan knows this, I am sure, as well as any of us. I hope, therefore, that our Mayor may be willing to correct his mistake.

"If the Mayor is not willing to do this, then New York will continue to stand shamed before this country, but we will not be parties to it. We will do our best to show that New York wishes to stand by the work of this Independent Citizens' Committee.'"

President Hibben's Speech.

Dr. John Grier Hibben said in opening the meeting:

"By our presence here tonight we wish to express the insistent demand that there must be an American welcome to our American soldiers and sailors. We propose to form an independent committee of citizens, free from any Teutonic taint, men who have never given, directly or indirectly, comfort or aid to the enemy; men whose patriotism has not been due to the pressure of public opinion from without, but to a kindling fire of loyal devotion within; men who believed from the beginning that it was the imperative duty of our country to go to the help of the allies in their desperate struggle to save the world.

"I would assure the soldiers and sailors before me in this great audience, and all of their comrades whom they represent, that we look upon you with a feeling not only of pride and of gratitude, but of affectionate reverence as well. You have gone down into the very gates of hell for us. Your wounded and disabled are daily witnesses on our streets of the terrible suffering and sacrifice which you have gladly made for us. And your heroic dead upon the field of honor have sealed forever with their blood the holy heritage of our liberty.

"The welcome which this city and nation shall extend to such men must be in the hands of citizens whose names and records through the war have been without reproach and without suspicion. When this committee was first suggested the name which was in the minds of every one as its Honorary Chairman was that of Theodore Roosevelt, the one who above all others awakened the conscience of the American people to their duty in this war and saved our country from the purchase of peace at the cost of her honor. The invitation to act as Chairman of this committee was presented to Colonel Roosevelt on the day preceding his death.

"He sent a telegram accepting this position, and adding that he would be at call for active service in the Spring. Let the spirit of Roosevelt rule this meeting tonight and direct the purposes and activities of your Citizens' Committee so that our homecoming troops may feel, in the welcome they receive, the presence of one who is dead and yet lives, who rests from his labors, but his works do follow him."

Cadman Assails "Apostles of Hate."

The Rev. Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, another of the speakers at the meeting, did not mention the name of Mr. Hearst, but when he spoke of men who had apologized for German atrocities, cries of protest arose from scattered groups which had cheered for Mr. Hearst. Dr. Cadman said:

"It would be treason to the millions who have entered into rest to permit the apostles of hate, prejudice, and dissension to overcome their unity, which was born, not of the will of statesmen, but of consecrated flesh and blood held in battle and of the will of God. We are not blind to the sinister fact that efforts are being made by perverse and misleading publicists and journalists to dissolve the concord our President and Lloyd George and Clemenceau are endeavoring to establish on a sound and intelligent basis. Even the devotion of our defenders is being capitalized for the political and commercial advantage of those who played the Kaiser's game to the limit of their personal safety.

"They encouraged the common antagonist, they caricatured his opponents, they lied about our allies, they sought to clasp the hand still wet with the blood of massacre, and bade him be of good cheer. No evasion, no subterfuge, no misrepresentation, no duplicity that brains fertile in these products could bring to bear was neglected. Now that the hour of reckoning and award has dawned, these men have the unspeakable effrontery to push themselves forward and turn about with an ease born of custom that they may profess to be what they never were.

"As Americans, as citizens of the new world in which we want our warrior men to have a distinguished part, we repudiate these individuals. In doing so, we act for the nation which loathes their treacherous ways, for if a referendum vote were to be taken throughout the land on which Committee of Welcome should officiate in New York City to greet in this port of entry the sons of every State of the Union, an overwhelming majority would decide for the committee in session here. As New Yorkers, and as Americans, we bid you welcome with an affectionate ardor unstained by deceit, and pledge ourselves to your future welfare."

The Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton said that the returning soldiers might not know on landing who had acted the part of patriots during the war and who had not, but he said they would soon find out.

"The soldier knows the difference," he declared, "between a 50 per cent. loyalty, or a 75 per cent. loyalty, and a 100 per cent. loyalty. You give him a chance to find himself, now that he has got home, and we will have no trouble at all with those individuals who here and there among us assume to be patriots, but who are really pygmies in loyalty to their country."

James M. Beck, former Assistant Attorney General, after an eloquent speech in praise of the American achievements on the battlefields, said the present was a time of internal peril for this country.

"We have had some evidence tonight of the lawless spirit in this City of New York, the spirit that would defy and destroy free speech, the spirit that would substitute for the reign of law the voice of the mob; and there is no city in which such a spirit can be invoked by men of evil passions with such danger as this great City of New York. We must for our own protection combat the evil tendencies that are already at work.

"I do not propose to exaggerate or place an undue emphasis upon a group of hired men that tried to break up this meeting. They are but bubbles floating on the surface.

"I, for my part, came only with the intention of welcoming these American boys, and I was shocked to see the deliberate and concerted attempt to defeat our efforts to extend the right hand of fellowship to the boys who have covered this Empire State of ours with immortal glory."

Men said to be Hearst employes and agents were in all parts of the Garden. Outside of the meeting were a number of men passing cards urging soldiers, sailors, and marines to attend the meeting and vote in favor of a resolution to send American soldiers home immediately and give them six months' extra pay; proposals which have been urged recently by the Hearst papers. An attempt was made to read this resolution from the floor, but the speaker's voice was drowned and he finally took his seat.

When the meeting was about half over Dr. Hibben called for all supporters of William Randolph Hearst who had been disturbing the meeting to leave. About 100 persons left the hall, half of them being soldiers or sailors. Then "The Star-Spangled Banner" was sung.

As the crowd was filing out of one of the Madison Square entrances after the meeting, one Hearst enthusiast started an argument in which, according to bystanders, he defended the publisher's editorial stand at the time the liner was sunk. Several men and women took exception to his remarks, and a lively colloquy ensued. A young woman dressed in a yeowoman's uniform joined in the argument by crying, "Somebody stop him. Don't let him talk that way."

No one made any attempt to stop him. He continued to argue in a heated tone with the bystanders. Suddenly the young woman jumped forward, seized the man by the neck, and began to pummel him in the face.

"I lost a brother in the war and I can't stand such talk from you," she cried as she seized him.

Those near by rescued the man, who was escorted out by several ushers before two men who had jumped in to assist the yeowoman had a chance to attack him.

Make Protest to Hylan.

Accompanied by several employes of William Randolph Hearst, sixteen sailors and nine soldiers rode up to the home of Mayor Hylan in Brooklyn at 12:30 o'clock this morning. The Mayor came out of his house to meet them. The Mayor was informed that the men in uniform were there to protest on the ground that they had been ordered out of the Madison Square Garden meeting, and on the further ground that, although they had asked for the playing of "The Star-Spangled Banner," the band had responded with "God Save the King." Mayor Hylan made a brief reply, in which he said that it appeared to him that the meeting was held for the purpose of attacking and harming a single individual.

Some of the men in uniform told bystanders that they had not been ordered out of the meeting, but had left voluntarily when it was suggested that Hearst sympathizers should go. "The Star-Spangled Banner" was played after the Hearst supporters had left the meeting, but previously the band had played "America," the music of which is, of course, the same as that of "God Save the King."

MAYOR UPHOLDS HEARST.

Lauds Publisher on Receiving a Memorial on His Appointment.

A committee made up of residents of Brooklyn, headed by Edmund O'Connor of 7,225 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, called on Mayor Hylan yesterday and presented a memorial with 3,000 signatures commending his appointment of William Randolph Hearst as a member of the Soldiers' Welcoming Committee.

On receiving the memorial which said that Mr. Hearst had done more than anybody else to support the Government during the war and that Mr. Hearst was opposed to "privilege, plutocracy, and autocracy," the Mayor said in reply:

"I want to thank you for the presentation of this memorial with all these names in commendation of Mr. Hearst, who is a member of the Mayor's Committee. There is no man to my mind who has done more for the people of this city, State, and country than has Mr. Hearst. He has fought the profiteers in ice, the profiteers in coal, the profiteers in milk, the profiteers in foodstuffs, and at all times he has stood on the side of the people against the interests, the special interests, who are endeavoring to condemn him.

"Of course they realize that Mr. Hearst's papers take the side of the people, and tell the people just what these profiteers and exploiters are doing. Consequently, they are embittered against him because of his publicity of their exploitation of the people, which deprived them of benefits, financial or otherwise, which they received from such exploitation. Mr. Hearst should be commended for the good work he is doing in this city and throughout the State and nation in behalf of the people. I want to thank the committee for presenting this memorial to me in commendation of Mr. Hearst."

QUESTION MME. ARTOIS.

Department of Justice Officials Ask Writer for Hearst to Explain.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Department of Justice officials today summoned "Mme. Marie Philippine Artois," self-styled spy in Belgium for the Allies, while in the employ of the German Government and writer of sensations for Hearst's Chicago Herald and Examiner, to explain claims to "letters of recognition from the United States Department of Justice."

When questioned the closest that she could come to such letters was one from a "four-minute man" in St. Paul. He is J. Harry Lewis, editor of Crescent Monthly, and the letter praised a story she had written.

She admitted to Government operatives that she had received payment from Bernstorff for spreading German propaganda in this country prior to America's entrance into the war, but protested that she was "intimidated" into doing it.

She "explained" the bogus advertising she has received by blaming her press agent, George H. Coryell, for mistaking the "four-minute man" letter for a Department of Justice epistle.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE-FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

A Clearance Sale of BOYS' CLOTHING

IS NOW BEING HELD ON THE SIXTH FLOOR

Special Values are offered in

Boys' Overcoats (3 to 9 years) made of chinchilla or fancy overcoatings and lined with red flannel or woolen plaid; reduced to $13.50

Boys' Overcoats (10 to 16 years) of fine-quality mannish materials; some lined throughout, others yoke-lined with woolen plaid; all especially well tailored; reduced to $18.50

Boys' Military Overcoats (wool-lined)

Sizes 3 to 8 years . . . . . . reduced to $13.50

Sizes 9 to 16 years . . . . . . reduced to 18.50

Boys' Mackinaws (8 to 16 years) of all-wool mackinaw cloth in navy blue or olive drab; reduced to . . $12.50

Boys' Knitted Skating Caps; and Imported Woolen Scarfs

each reduced to . . . . 95c.

Boys' Sam Brown Belts reduced to . $1.45

Little Boys' Hats

of felt, velvet, plush and velour have been variously reduced to

90c., $1.75 & 3.75

offering exceptional values at these prices.

(The sizes are incomplete)

W. & J. SLOANE

ESTABLISHED OVER 75 YEARS AGO

A CLEARANCE SALE

DOMESTIC RUGS Of Standard Qualities

The large and desirable selection, the high standard of quality and the great price savings represented make this the most noteworthy Sale of Domestic Rugs that we have ever held.

The range of size is from 1 ft. 10½ in. x 3 ft. 0 in. to 11 ft. 3 in. x 15 ft. 0 in.

Many patterns at less than the present wholesale prices.

We quote below a few examples—other sizes at proportionate savings.

WILTON RUGS

Regular and Extra Qualities

9 ft. 0 in. x 12 ft. 0 in. Formerly $85.00 Now $63.00
8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. Formerly 113.00 Now 73.00
9 ft. 0 in. x 12 ft. 0 in. Formerly 125.00 Now 78.00

SAXONY RUGS

8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. Formerly $101.00 Now $70.00
9 ft. 0 in. x 12 ft. 0 in. Formerly 110.00 Now 82.50

RUGS WITHOUT SEAMS

Plain Color Effects

8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. Formerly $92.00 Now $60.00
9 ft. 0 in. x 12 ft. 0 in. Formerly 105.00 Now 70.00

JAPANESE JUTE RUGS

9 ft. 0 in. x 12 ft. 0 in.................. $38.50
6 ft. 0 in. x 9 ft. 0 in.................. 19.25

AXMINSTER RUGS

3 ft. 0 in. x 6 ft. 0 in. Formerly $9.00 Now $6.75

IMPERIAL AXMINSTER "MADE-CARPET" RUGS

Small self-colored designs, taupe, grey, green, rose and blue, size 9 ft. 9 in. x 12 ft. 0 in.

Regular Price, $138.50; *Sale Price, $85.00*

SANDRINGHAM AXMINSTER RUGS

Imported and Domestic

Persian designs, 9 ft. 9 in. x 12 ft. 0 in.

Regular Price, $208.00; *Sale Price, $125.00*

"MADE-CARPET" RUGS IN ALL SIZES AT SPECIAL PRICES

Brussels, 9 ft. 0 in. x 12 ft. 0 in., $32.25

SLOANE VACUUM CLEANERS, $39.75 each

FIFTH AVENUE & 47TH STREET, NEW YORK

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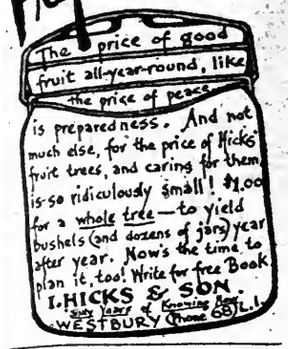

Receiver's Sale
MALKAN'S
America's Largest
BOOK STORE
42 Broadway
Week of Jan. 13th
This Sale is part of Receiver's Gigantic Stock-taking scheme. Purchasers get the benefit of the difficulties in making inventory of
More Than 200,000 Volumes
Single Volume Values—
50c. to $160
FINEST SPECIMENS OF THE BINDER'S ART
RARE BOOKS
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Nature Books
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Biography Philosophy
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ALL AT
Unprecedented Prices
SATURDAY LAST DAY OF SALE
STORE CLOSES AT 6 P.M.
C. C. WEDEKIND, Receiver.

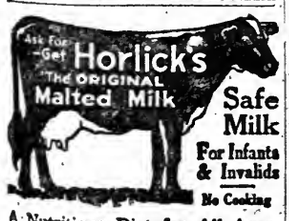
THE EAGLE'S EYE
By WILLIAM J. FLYNN
Recently Retired Chief U. S. Secret Service
Novelized by Courtney Ryley Cooper
Relates in detail the dastardly plots attempted against the U. S. Government and people by German agents. The plot to destroy the American Fleet; arson, bombing, intimidation, etc., and the Lusitania crime.
It is your patriotic duty to read this book
PRICE $1.50 NET. Postage Extra
For Sale by
Prospect Press, Inc. 186 W. 4th St. N. Y. C.
and all bookstores

This rash may become serious.

Some people are inclined to neglect a slight rash. They consider it a mere trifle and expect it to disappear next day. On the contrary this delay permits the rash often times to become more malignant in nature, and consequently more difficult to overcome and heal.

Save yourself hours of torture. On the first indication of soreness to the touch, an irritated and inflamed skin, spotty, with a tendency to become swollen and painful—apply

Resinol
the famous healing ointment prepared especially for the treatment of such ailments



Safe Milk
For Infants & Invalids
No Cooking
A Nutritious Diet for All Ages.
Quick Lunch; Home or Office.
OTHERS are IMITATIONS

Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

Open Market for Securities

The Annalist Open Market is a list of bonds and stocks of United States and Territories, Municipals, State, Public Utilities, Railroads, Banks, and Trust Companies not listed elsewhere. Bid and asked prices and names of firms given. The Annalist, every Monday, published by The New York Times Company. On news stands, 10 cents—$4 yearly by mail.—Advt.

STRIKE ON JULY 4 IS MOONEY VERDICT

Chicago Convention Decides, However, That Walkout Shall Occur Only as Last Resort.

VICTORY OF CONSERVATIVES

After Fiery Debate Bolshevist Element Is Defeated, and Body Pays Tribute to President.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—A general strike of organized labor designed to paralyze every industry in the country beginning the 4th of next July, was decided upon today by the National Board Congress as a means of obtaining a new trial for Thomas J. Mooney and Warren Billings, if Federal intervention and every other means adopted to procure the desired relief fail.

The convention authorized the raising of a fund of $1,000,000 to carry on a campaign of education to liberate the labor leaders and to promote the proposed general strike. It is planned to finance the movement by levying an assessment of 50 cents on each member of organized labor in the country.

The convention, which concluded its four-day session tonight and adjourned, also adopted a resolution embodying a declaration of national policies affecting labor which demands that the people of Russia and Germany be permitted to work out their own destiny, that American troops be withdrawn from Russia, that all political and industrial prisoners receive the same consideration as prisoners of war, and proclaiming the dawn of a new day for true democracy in which the rights of labor shall be fully recognized.

The convention adopted the program recommended by the International Workers' Defense League to obtain the liberation of Mooney and Billings. This was presented to the delegates in the final report of the Committee on Resolutions. It provided that a committee of five labor representatives be named to go to Washington and ask President Wilson and members of Congress for Federal intervention.

Chairman Edward D. Nolan named the following committee to undertake this work:

JOHN FITZPATRICK, President of the Chicago Federation of Labor.

ALEXANDER HOWATT, President of the Kansas District, United Mine Workers of America.

MARTIN T. FLYZIK, President of the Washington District, United Mine Workers of America.

J. F. ANDERSON, Washington, D. C., Vice Presidents of the International Association of Machinists.

ANDREW FURUSETH, San Francisco, President of the International Seamen's Union.

The committee will ask that a special Assistant United States Attorney General be appointed to obtain the release of Mooney and Billings by habeas corpus proceedings or other means in order that they may have new trials in a court outside of California.

The Legislature of California will be asked to pass a law which will enable the courts of that State to grant new trials in cases where convictions are obtained by perjured evidence or other fraudulent means.

If these means fail, then organized labor will be asked to call the general strike. The plan of the International Workers' Defense League is that the general strike will not be called unless every other means to free the men shall fail.

The report of the resolution on the Mooney case read in part:

"Your committee realizes at this time that the grave industrial and economic power of labor may in the last analysis have to be invoked in order to demonstrate to the hostile and anti-labor interests that the labor movement of America is determined that real and substantial justice shall finally prevail in the Mooney case.

"Your committee takes the position that the program should be worked out and exhausted, step by step, until there is no remaining doubt among the laboring masses that there is no other solution left, and that solution will then lie in the use of the strike weapon.

"We therefore submit that no sporadic strike not properly organized will be of value.

"Your committee recommends that the taking of a strike vote commence at the earliest possible date, and that the vote shall be in and tabulated on or before June 1, and that the date for general strike be set for the fourth of July, 1919, the day of American independence.

"The American Federation of Labor will be asked to indorse the general strike at its next annual convention.

The Mooney case program resulted in fiery debate lasting five hours in the course of which radical delegates opposed sending a committee to Washington to ask Federal intervention, and demanded that the date of the general strike be set for May 1. The conservatives finally succeeded over the Bolshevist element in having the committee report adopted by a vote of more than two to one. In the discussion President Wilson's name was hissed and July 4 was referred to as "the Master's Holiday."

Later William Spooner of Oakland, Cal., paid a tribute to President Wilson for his sympathetic attitude toward labor and the convention by a rising vote extended thanks to the President for his efforts to obtain Mooney's release.

William Kobbs of Boston said that labor had often been damned by ill considered strikes, and he warned the radicals that the Mooney strike might fail if it was called for May 1 without sufficient time properly to organize the movement.

C. L. Nicholsen of Cleveland, Morris Braun of New York, and others spoke in support of the committee report.

Chairman Nolan was compelled to adjourn the convention under the gavel over the loud protests of the radical delegates, who wanted to stay and pass other resolutions.

AIMS OF JEWISH WORKERS.

Dr. Magnes Addresses Their First Labor Congress.

Dr. J. L. Magnes, speaking yesterday at the First Jewish Labor Congress at 210 East Eighty-sixth Street, which is to continue with sessions until tomorrow, said that the first thing the organized Jewish workers will do is to declare their solidarity with the hand and head workers of all peoples and of all nationalities. The Jews sympathize with the aspirations of all peoples and nations for freedom, he asserted, because Jewish freedom can be attained only by a world politically free.

"The Jewish people in Poland, for instance, can be free only if there be a free Polish people," said he. "And the Polish people can be freed only if there be a free Polish laboring class and the establishment of the fundamental conceptions of democracy and of justice and of right. Take the present situation in Russia and Germany. The revolution set creative forces free, and see what a large company of Jews was available for immediate service—Socialist revolutionaries, and Mensheviki and Bolsheviki, majority and minority Socialists—whatever they may be called; and I assume that it is not a question at all at this moment of agreeing or disagreeing with any one of them.

"Jews are to be found among the trusted leaders and the routine workers of all those revolutionary parties. There are some of us who say that we ought not to admit this, because it will lead to anti-Semitism. What if it does? It will be another evidence in our long history of that stupidity, of that brutality, which we want the free men and women of the world to condemn and crush out."

There are some 500 delegates to the congress, representing organized Jewish labor throughout the country, who seek to attain recognition and guarantees for civil, political, and national rights for the Jews in the countries of Europe, where they are now deprived of those rights.

Religious Notices will be found on Page 18.

COLUMBIA NEEDS $600,000.

Four Weeks' Drive Begun to Reach Every Alumnus in World.

Alumni of Columbia University launched a drive for $600,000 to pay running expenses incurred during the war at a dinner and conference held last night at the Waldorf-Astoria. More than 800 members were present, including a delegation from Barnard College. President Butler, as the guest of honor, expressed his appreciation of the alumni in organizing for financial aid at a time peculiarly critical for the university.

"Columbia's emergency, while caused by the war," he said, "really goes back to the panic of 1893, which rendered it necessary to buy the present site and erect the building on borrowed money representing $3,000,000.

"The university saved about $100,000 in salaries of its staff who entered the pay of the Government, but the loss of students' fees and the increased cost of operation were so great that in June last the deficit was about $215,000. The deficit this coming year will be, from the best estimates, the $600,000 which the alumni are preparing to raise."

Following an address by former United States District Attorney H. Snowden Marshall of the Alumni Association of the University of Virginia, methods of conducting the drive were explained by Charles Sumner Ward, who has been active in the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. drives, and by Frederick Courtney Barber, who will be the Director General of Columbia's drive.

Plans have been made to reach every Columbia alumnus in every part of the world, and the drive will continue for four weeks. Twenty teams of ten men each will have charge of the New York territory. Frederick Coykendall presided at the meeting in the absence of Willard V. King.

Among those on the Executive Committee are George W. Seligman, James Duane Livingston, Ambrose D. Henry, William A. Meikleham, Charles E. Hayden, John G. Sage, Alexander M. Welch, Charles H. Mapes, Dr. Samuel W. Lambert, Mrs. George Hellman, Mrs. James L. Laidlaw, and Miss A. C. Wheelock.

Governor to Visit All Cities of State.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Governor Smith announced today his intention of visiting all the larger cities of the State from time to time, to hear complaints of citizens or to give his personal attention to other State matters. "My present idea is that I should give the other end of the State a chance, as well as New York, in making known its wishes," declared the Governor. Adoption of this policy was prompted by the success of his hearings in New York last Saturday, when he was available to the public in the Governor's Room in the City Hall.

To Run for Brazil Presidency.

RIO JANEIRO, Jan. 16.— , Pecanha, Foreign Minister; Ruy Barbosa, Brazilian Ambassador to Argentina; Altino Aranter and Arthur Bernardes will be candidates for the Presidency at the special elections to be held within thirty days as a result of the death of President-elect Rodrigues Alves.

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

IT may be that somewhere there is a make of clothing as superbly tailored as ours. We have never seen it, but we repeat: *it may be.* And if in sixteen years we haven't discovered it, do you think it at all likely that you will?

Suits from $28 up
Overcoats from $28 up

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

THE NOVEL MOST IN DEMAND AT MANY PUBLIC LIBRARIES AND LARGE BOOKSTORES

"SHAVINGS"

By JOSEPH C. LINCOLN

THE BEST SELLING BOOK IN TWENTY CITIES
THE MOST ENTERTAINING STORY OF THE YEAR

Illustrated. $1.50 net.

At All Bookstores — This is an Appleton Book

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

STORM-DEFYING ULSTERS
VERY DRESSY OVERCOATS
Much Reduced in Price
500 Fine Garments
$23.75 and $29.75

These coats taken right out of our regular stock and marked down. An opportunity certainly worth while to men and young men who want really good clothes at small cost.

Styles the newest and most popular of the winter—loose, slip-on box overcoats; short town ulsters, double breasted with belted backs (smart for young men); also similarly made regulation length ulsters, or greatcoats.

Tailoring and cut splendid. Materials—rich mixtures and plaids in the virile ulsters—plain and mixtures in the topcoats.

All-Wool Tailored Suits
In a Semi-Annual Reduction Sale

Every suit in our stock except evening clothes—and this year's stock was unusually good—in this sale. We hold such sales only twice a year—January and July.

Prices—$23.75, $28.75, $32.75, $36.75, $43.75
No Charge for Alterations
Men's Shop—Fourth Floor

In Progress—The Annual Sale of
Men's High Grade Shirts

At $2.95 — Imported Madras in a large assortment of fine neat stripes in various colors; Soft French cuffs.

At $1.95 — Madras, Percale and fine mercerized materials in new patterns and colors; Soft French cuffs.

At $1.45 — Madras, mercerized materials and Percales in Plain and Novelty Stripes in various colors; Soft French cuffs.

Ground Floor

Men's Winter Boots
Special Values Arranged for the January Sale

Heavy Winter Boots — Tan grain leathers; Blucher style; damp-proof soles..... $7.85

Cordovan Boots — Rich shades of dark cordovan leather ..... Splendid value $9.75

Clearance of 200 Pairs of Men's Tan Boots at $5.40
Sizes Incomplete

Fourth Floor

Gimbel Brothers
31st ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST

Men's Winter Overcoats

Particular attention is called to the style of these coats, combining warmth and endurance with graceful lines.

At $22.50

This group consists mainly of those much liked, dressy double breasted skirted models, with velvet collars. Then there are regulation ulsters and a number of ulsterettes.

At $27.50

Another group of double breasted skirted models, with either velvet or ulster collars. Also double breasted regulation models and the popular ulsterettes. A very exceptional group.

Men's Suits $25.00
A Saturday Special Attraction, Broad collection.

Men's Ulsters $42.50
A group of our own best coats at a special price.

GIMBELS Men's Clothing Section—Fourth Floor.

Military Clothing
½ Price Sale
Trench Coats, Raincoats, Overcoats, Shirts, Suits, Puttees, etc.

Civilians, Take Notice!
Better clothing for outdoor work doesn't exist. Designed by Uncle Sam to enable his boys to stand the meanest of weather, these clothes are ideal for hiking, gunning, camping and other outdoor activities.

125 Officers' Trench Coats
$55.00 *Now* $27.50
Separate wool linings.

Officers' Trench Coats. *Moleskin and belted, single or double breasted.*	$50.00	*Now* $25.00	Officers' Leather Puttees	$11.75	*Now* $5.88
Officers' Winter Overcoats	$60.00	*Now* $30.00	Wool Army Shirts	$7.00	*Now* $3.75
Officers' Winter Overcoats	$50.00	*Now* $25.00	Wool Army Shirts	$8.00	*Now* $4.00
Officers' O. D. Mackinaws	$28.50	*Now* $14.25	Wool Army Shirts	$9.00	*Now* $4.50
Officers' Raincoats	$40.00	*Now* $20.00	Cotton Khaki Shirts	$5.50	*Now* $2.75
Officers' Raincoats	$22.50	*Now* $11.25	Cotton Khaki Shirts	$3.50	*Now* $1.75
U. S. Navy Raincoats (Black)	$30.00	*Now* $15.00	Silk Khaki Shirts	$10.00	*Now* $5.00
Corduroy Vests, sheepskin lined	$11.50	*Now* $5.75	Officers' Whipcord Suits	$70.00	*Now* $35.00
Moleskin Vests, sheepskin lined	$11.50	*Now* $5.75	Officers' Serge Suits	$65.00	*Now* $32.50
U. S. A. Spiral Puttees	$6.00	*Now* $3.00	Officers' Serge Suits	$55.00	*Now* $27.50
Officers' Leather Puttees	$15.00	*Now* $7.50	Officers' Serge Suits	$50.00	*Now* $25.00
			Officers' O. D. Wool Suits	$50.00	*Now* $25.00

No C. O. D.'s - - - - - *No Returns*
GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

Best & Co.
40th ANNIVERSARY SALES
Men's Suits & Overcoats Reduced Today
32.50
Underpriced $5 to $7.50 when marked $37.50 and $42.50

THE splendid garments offered you in this event were all made in our own shops, tailored by tailors who produce a quality that is equal to the average custom tailor's work.

The fabrics are strictly all wool, carefully selected from the world's best weavers.

The models are Best & Co. types developed exclusively for critical New York men, correct in every detail, custom in style.

The assortments are unusually choice and men of every taste will find garments here for every service.

Were it not for the fact that these garments were tailored in our own shops from fabrics owned at low prices, our original prices would have been $42.50 to $50.00.

This is an event for men who demand highest quality and minimum price. Included are sizes for men 33 to 44 and students 13 to 20 years.

1879 Best & Co. 1919
Men's Shop—Fifth Floor — Entrance—1 West 35th St.

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESCINDS RULE WHICH LIMITED SALARIES TO $11,000 PER MONTH

They point to us now as—

New York's "Civilian Quartermaster's Depot"!

Four complete "divisions":

Clothing
Furnishings
Hats
Shoes

A dependable standard.
A wide range of sizes.
A variety designed to cater to every degree of good taste.

A guarantee of satisfaction that means you simply can't be stung--*moneyback* if you want it.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Cut right into your high cost of *dressing* — buy some of the shirts we are offering in our CLEARANCE SALE.

Our shops specialize in shirts of a distinctive character — ordinarily they are excellent value and now we offer *extraordinary values.*

Silk and Madras SHIRTS

Actual $5.00 and $6.00 Values

$3.95

Other Shirt Values in Proportion.

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

517 Broadway, 1407 Broadway
at Cortlandt St., 1484 Broadway
129 Nassau St., Near 42d St.
110 Chambers St. 62 E. 14th St.
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Reduced to
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JANUARY SALE OF SHIRTS

Short Stiff Bosom Shirts, $1.50
Cuffs Attached

$1.50 Negligee Shirts, $1.15
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$2.50 Negligee Shirts with Stiff Cuffs, $1.75

HEAVY UNDERWEAR SPECIAL
$2 and $3 Odds and Ends, at $1.50

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

BOYS Help Your Skin With Cuticura

All druggists: Soap 25. Ointment 25 & 50. Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. 6B, Boston."

CLUBS ADOPT PLAN FOR SEASON LIMIT

Payroll of Each Team to be Limited to an Amount Between $75,000 and $100,000.

GIANTS FORCED ACTION

Figure Raised at Extra Meeting Until it Met Approval of New York and Chicago Owners.

The ball players of the National League will not be asked to accept minor league salaries, after all. The $11,000 monthly salary limit, which was adopted by the club owners three days ago, was rescinded at a meeting of the League yesterday. It was a foregone conclusion that no major league club could operate on the limited-salary plan, but the National League passed the measure, evidently believing that the American League would also adopt some similar rule.

When the American League refused to make a wholesale cut in players' salaries there was nothing for the National League to do but go back to something like the old standard salary. President John A. Heydler would not say what the new salary limit would be. It was announced by President Heydler that no monthly limit had been set, but that a season's limit had been decided on.

It is reported that the season's salary limit agreed upon will be between $75,000 and $100,000.

When the club owners assembled in President Heydler's office yesterday, the New York and Chicago Clubs took a firm stand on having the vote of three days before rescinded. Several suggestions were made until the salary limit for the season was raised to a high figure, although not as high as some of the teams had during the past few seasons. The owners of the Giants and Cubs still held out for a higher figure, and finally the League approved a season's figure which met the approval of all clubs. The vote on the new season's pay roll was unanimous.

The action of the National League on the reduction of salaries was taken on the basis of the large losses which many of the clubs sustained last season. After much discussion the club owners who favored the radical retrenchment policy were finally won over when it was explained that the coming season in the national game promises to be so prosperous that the receipts will easily come up to normal.

With the return to a normal salary list, the National League club owners are already planning to be more liberal with their Spring training plans. When Manager Robinson of the Dodgers learned that President Ebbets was planning to take the Brooklyn Club to Richmond, he explained that the weather at Ebbets Field at that time of the Spring would be about as favorable as the weather in Richmond. The plan now is to send the Dodgers to Florida or Georgia to train, and it is expected that in a few days Manager Robinson will announce his Spring plans.

The Detroit Club has already taken over the Yankees' training park in Macon, and the Boston Braves will be near by, at Columbus, Ga. The Yanks and Giants will not be very far apart in Florida, the Yanks going to Jacksonville and the Giants to St. Petersburg. Although there has been some talk of the Yankees and Braves again joining on their trip North for an exhibition tour, it is probable that the Braves will pair up with Detroit, and that the Yankees and the Giants will play the principal Southern cities on their way North in April. Manager Huggins plans to take a squad of pitchers South as early as March 20.

NO BIG LEAGUE "FARMS."

Minors Cut Last Connecting Link with Major Organizations.

The major leagues can not longer use minor league clubs as "farms." The optional agreement between the two organizations has been done away with and every minor league player in the future must be the sole property of the club with which he plays. The receiving and releasing of players under optional agreement is a thing of the past.

The minor leagues yesterday appointed a committee to draw up an agreement with the National Commission in relation to the recognition of the territorial rights, contracts, and reservations. This agreement will be presented to the National Commission for consideration today.

The committee also provided fines ranging from $100 to $1,000, according to classification, for minor league clubs violating the rule forbidding optional agreements with major league clubs. In the past minor league teams have taken major league youngsters and used them until they were ready to come up to the major league standard. In the future the minors and majors can obtain players from each other only through purchase.

The minor leagues believe that the new arrangement of conducting their own business will raise the standard of the various organizations. Joe Tinker of Columbus last night predicted that in a couple of seasons the standard of baseball in the American Association and other Class AA leagues would be on a par with the major leagues.

TIGERS WIN FROM RUTGERS.

Princeton Wins Opening Game from Scarlet by 28 to 21 Score.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 17.—Princeton opened her basket ball season here tonight by defeating the Rutgers five 28 to 21. The play of both teams during the first half was ragged, neither showing up to advantage. The half ended 14 to 13, with the Tigers in the lead.

In the second half Princeton recovered from her wildness and succeeded in pulling away from her opponents. Captain Gray for the Tigers and Robeson of All-American football fame for the visitors were the mainstays of their teams. The lineup:

Princeton. (28.)	Position.	Rutgers. (21.)
Margetts	R. F.	Boudinot
Bauhan	L. F.	French
Gray	C.	Robeson
Opie	R. G.	Meury
Davis	L. G.	Neuschatz

Goals from field—Margetts, (2.) Bauhan, Gray, (3.) Opie, (2.) Davis, (3.) Boudinot, (3.) French, (2.) Meury, Taliaferro. Goals from fouls—Meury, 7 out of 8; Opie, 8 out of 10. Referee—Mr. Deering, Manhattan College. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes each.

McCord and Parker in Final.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 17.—William McCord of the Rumson Country Club, and Don M. Parker of the Garden City Golf Club, will meet in the thirty-six-hole final contest of the Advertisers Tournament at Pinehurst tomorrow. McCord defeated M. C. Meigh of Midlothian by 4 and 3 in today's semifinal. Parker, playing against F. N. B. Close of Baltusrol, indulged in only seven putts for the first seven holes, arrived at the turn 5 up in 33, and won by 4 and 2.

EIGHT GOALS FOR KINNEY.

Royal Air Force Team Wins Polo Match from Rovers at Durland's.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
White Owls	3	0	1000
Royal A. F.	3	0	1000
Squadron A.	1	1	.500
Meadowlarks	0	3	.000
Rovers	0	2	.000
Foxhunters	0	2	.000

The Royal Air Force polo trio, which defeated the Meadowlarks in an overtime contest at Durland's Riding Academy early in the week, won another match from the Rovers in the Victory Cup series last night. The score was 15 to 10½. The Canadian players outrode their opponents, especially in the second period, when Kinney, playing at No. 2, brought his total number of goals up to 8.

The Rovers had a handicap of 4 and were penalized half a point for a foul. Levenski, playing at No. 1 for the Rovers, played a fine game and scored 6 goals.

The White Owls and the Royal Air Force teams are now tied for first place, with three victories each. These teams will meet on next Wednesday night at 10 o'clock in a match which should be the fastest of the season.

The lineup and summary:

R. A. F. (15.)	ROVERS. (10½.)
No. 1—Levenski.	No. 1—Henley.
No. 2—Grannies.	No. 2—Kinney.
Back—Dr. Blackwell.	Back—Baker.

Goals—Kinney, (8.) Henley, (5.) Baker, (2.) Levenski, (6.) Dr. Blackwell. Penalty—Rovers, 1. Referee—George Sherman. Time of periods—Ten minutes each.

SPEAR IN GOOD FORM.

Wins Two Games in Class C Billiard Tourney.

George W. Spear, Metropolitan Class C champion, gained a victory in the matinée match of the national Class C 18.2 balk-line championship tournament at Lawler Brothers Academy, Brooklyn, yesterday. Spear defeated Humboldt Foss by the score of 150 points to 70, in thirty-nine innnings.

As a beginning to his string Spear led off with 20 carroms from the spot shot. In his sixth inning he compiled a cluster of 32 that was the top run of the match. During this run he held the ivories bunched.

Spear held to an average of approximately 7 for his first nine turns at the table. At this period Foss began to spread the balls somewhat. Spear's average thereafter suffered through misses on difficult cushion combinations. The champion did well to finish with an average of 3 33-39; and top runs of 32, 20, and 15.

The high run of Foss was 12. Foss did not appear to possess the delicacy of touch necessary for close balk line.

In the evening Spear scored his second success of the day when he defeated Ardie Wickers by a count of 150 to 84 in forty-seven innings. Spear took the lead after the tenth inning and never relinquished it. The champion had a high run of 19 and an average of 3 9-47. Wickers had a high run of 12.

The other evening contest resulted in a victory for Gus Gardner over Jesse T. Jaeger, by a score of 150 to 97. Gardner completed his string in thirty innings, for an average of 5, and he had two high runs of 18.

The scores:

George W. Spear—20 1 0 0 0 32 2 2 2 0 3 1 1 1 1 3 5 6 2 0 1 2 0 15 15 8 0 0 0 1 0 0 4 0 1 0 2 0 8—150. Average, 3 33-39; high runs, 32, 20, and 15.

Humboldt Foss—0 0 3 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 2 5 9 1 1 2 12 5 2 1 4 0 5 0 0 1 0 1 1 2 0 1 2 2 2 1 2 2—70. Average, 1 32-39; high runs, 12, 8, and 8.

EVENING GAMES.

George Spear—0 0 1 0 2 0 1 0 6 5 6 2 0 16 4 3 0 2 10 0 0 10 0 0 6 1 0 1 6 0 0 2 7 0 0 16 4 5 0 5 0 0 0 3 1 0 5—150. Average—3 9-47. High run—19.

A. Wickers—2 5 3 0 4 0 2 4 1 0 6 0 0 0 0 1 4 5 0 0 0 5 1 2 1 0 7 2 2 0 0 1 2 2 3 0 1 2 0 1 0 1 1 0—84. Average—1 38-46. High run—12.

G. Gardner—0 2 6 14 1 3 7 13 10 1 1 2 3 0 12 1 11 2 0 0 0 2 1 15 2 7 1 15 5 1—150. Average—5. High runs, 18, 15.

J. T. Jaeger—2 1 0 2 0 0 1 0 9 4 1 1 2 5 5 8 0 1 0 2 1 1 10 0 1 2 10 6 1 0—97. Average—3 10-29. High runs—20, 10.

BABE RUTH COMES HIGH.

Red Sox Slugger Says His Demands May "Knock Frazee Silly."

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—Babe Ruth of the Red Sox, who was the outstanding figure of the world's series between the Boston and Chicago teams, has not yet come to terms with the club. Ruth says that he believes that his work last season should be rewarded by a big contract for this year.

"I am going to ask for a figure in my contract for next season," said the home-run slugger and pitcher, "which may knock Mr. Frazee silly, but nevertheless I think I am deserving of everything I ask."

Coar Wins Cue Tournament.

Frank W. Coar, by defeating Jacob Klinger last night at Daly's in the Class A billiard tournament of the A. A. B. A. by the score of 300 to 198, won the championship of the class. Coar outplayed his opponent. He made a high run of 61 and averaged 12-12-24. Klinger's best effort was 27 and he averaged 8 14-23. Coar, Klinger, and Hal Coleman stand in the order named in the final championship standing.

BIG TRADE CLOSES BASEBALL CONCLAVE

Boston, Washington, and Detroit Make Three-Cornered Deal Involving Six Players.

The biggest deal of the baseball conference was put through yesterday when the Washington, Boston, and Detroit Clubs made a three-cornered trade which sends Shortstop Hal Janvrin of the Red Sox to Washington, George Dumont, the Washington pitcher, and Oscar Vitt, the Detroit third baseman, to the Red Sox, and Chick Shorten, the Washington outfielder, Slim Love, the Red Sox pitcher, and Eddie Ainsmith, the Washington backstop, to Detroit.

This is the most important trade that has been made in some time and was arranged so as to benefit all clubs concerned. Washington needed a shortstop to take the place of Doc Lavan, who is through with the game. The Red Sox were badly in need of a third baseman, and in Vitt they landed one of the best fielders and batsmen in the business. Detroit got a promising outfielder in Shorten, and the Tiger catching staff is strengthened by the addition of Ainsmith, who for many years has been the catcher for Walter Johnson. Another Detroit acquisition is Dan Howley, formerly manager of Toronto. He was signed yesterday by Manager Hughey Jennings as coach and scout.

Just as soon as Jake Daubert of Brooklyn adjusts his legal differences with the Brooklyn Club he will probably figure in a trade. Each day of the league conference brought forth new rumors of offers for Daubert. It is known that Manager Robinson will not let his first baseman go unless he gets something worth while in return. Cincinnati is said to be angling for Daubert, as it is not expected that Chase will play with the Reds again, even if he is cleared of the charges now pending against him in the National League. It is expected that President Heydler will give Chase a hearing within a short time.

Manager Huggins of the Yankees made another attempt yesterday to land Outfielder Bobby Roth for the New York Club. It is stated that he offered Pitcher Dutch Leonard to Manager Lee Fohl, but the proposition was turned down.

N. Y. U. WINS CLOSE GAME.

Defeats Wesleyan After Playing Two Extra Periods.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Jan. 17.—Wesleyan and New York University broke even at the close of the basket ball game tonight, and two extra periods of five minutes each had to be played before the game could be decided, the visitors finally winning, 43 to 37.

At the close of the game the score was 35 to 35. In the last extra period Marin and Holman played desperately for New York, and between them caged three baskets.

The summary:

N. Y. U. (43.)	Position.	Wesleyan. (37.)
Holman	L. F.	Travis
Marin	R. F.	Ryalls, Davis, Cole
Delaney	C.	Hattman
Brown	L. G.	Deppen, Gravatt
Egan	R. G.	Dixon

Goals from floor—Marin, (6.) Holman, (4.) Delaney, (5.) Egan, Ryalls, (7.) Travis, (6.) Hartman, (5.) Goals from fouls—Marin, (6.) Egan, Gravatt. Referee—Johnson of Springfield Y. M. C. A. College. Timer—Mr. Hubbell. Time of halves—Ten minutes each.

BAILEY WINS FOR BARNARD.

Two Goals Near Finish Result in 23 to 19 Victory.

Barnard School's basket ball team won its seventh straight victory yesterday when it defeated the Ethical Culture School five, by a score of 23 to 19. Up to the last five minutes of play the Ethical Culture aggregation led. At that time the score was 18 to 16. Then T. Bailey caged two field goals in rapid succession, giving Barnard the victory.

The line-up:

Barnard. (23.)	Position.	Ethical C., (19.)
Bolles	R. F.	Kurtz
Farrell	L. F.	Brennan
Robertson	C.	Doolittle
Tighe	R. G.	Levien
Hubbell	L. G.	Willenchick

Field goals—Bolles, Farrell, T. Bailey, (2.) Robertson, (5.) Kurtz, (4.) Brennan. Goals from foul—Robertson, (5.) Kurtz, (9.) Substitutions—For Barnard School: T. Bailey for Farrell, Campbell for Tighe. Referee—William T. Cooke, De Witt Clinton H. S. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

Bill Donovan to Lead Skeeters.

Bill Donovan, former manager of the Yankees, has been signed to manage the Jersey City Club of the International League next season.

Damico Leads in Scoring.

St. John's College of Brooklyn prep basket ball team defeated the Fordham University prep quintet last night on the Brooklyn college's court by a score of 29 to 15. Damico, the St. John's forward, made the victory possible for his team. He caged eight field goals and eleven from foul, for a total of 27 points. The St. John's five led throughout, ending the first half in the van by 16 to 7.

SELLERS LOSES FAST RACE.

Barnes of Boys' Club Beats Champion in 1,000-Yard Run.

By a margin of about three yards, J. J. Barnes of the Boys' Club defeated Jack B. Sellers, New York A. C., junior national 1,000-yard champion, last night in the 1,000-yard handicap run at the 71st Regiment Armory. Barnes had a handicap of 55 yards, and covered the distance in 2:23. Sellers, starting from scratch, made his bid for the first place too late, and this bit of bad judgment cost him the leading prize. J. P. Knox of the Morningside A. C., who had 57 yards start on Sellers, finished third.

Pat McDonald of the New York A. C., former shotputting champion, failed to retrieve the handicaps he allotted in the twelve-pound shotput. This event was won by Jack Lichtman of the Clark House A. A., who had a handicap of 6 feet and returned the winning performance of 52 feet 6¼ inches. McDonald failed to place.

The program was given over mostly to competitions of the 71st Regiment, N. Y. G. These events furnished plenty of interesting sport for the service men and the crowd of about 5,000 which jammed the armory.

MANUAL OUTPLAYS ERASMUS ON ICE

Commercial Also Defeats Boys' H. S. Sextet in P. S. A. L. Hockey Tournament.

Manual Training High School's hockey sextet defeated the Erasmus Hall H. S. skaters by 4 goals to 2, and Commercial H. S. vanquished Boys' H. S., 3 to 0, in the two games decided yesterday at the Brooklyn Ice Palace, in the Public Schools Athletic League hockey tournament.

Manual Training's success places the team in front in the tournament standing, with two victories and no defeats. The victory came after a rough game, in which penalties were handed more freely than in any other game of the tournament to date. Bob Hall, Erasmus Hall's star cover point, was the chief offender. He was ruled off twice, once for tripping and again for slashing. For each offense his period of retribution was two minutes, and in that time the Manual Training boys lost no chances to score goals.

The Manual Training sextet ended the first period in the lead by 2 to 1, Callahan and Berry counting for the victors, while Rollins scored for Erasmus Hall. In the second period Sparks and Jahn scored goals, giving Manual Training a commanding lead. Hall shot one goal for Erasmus in this period.

Commercial's victory over Boys' came after the teams had battled through the first period and part of the second without either side scoring. The Boys' defense weakened in the final few minutes of play, and three Commercial goals were scored in quick succession. Feinler got two of them and Fleig the other.

The lineups:

Manual T., (4.)	Position.	Erasmus H., (2.)
Tredwell	G.	Huntington
Berry	P.	Hartwell
Titus	C. P.	Hall
Callahan	C.	Cress
Sparks	L. W.	Rollins
Jahn	R. W.	Wyckoff

Goals, first period—For Erasmus Hall: Rollins in 8:40. For Manual Training: Callahan in 10:58, Berry in 11:58. Second period—For Erasmus Hall: Hall in 7:16. For Manual Training: Jahn in 6:18, Sparks in 9:30. Referee—Thomas Howard, Hockey Club of New York. Goal umpires—Thomas Howard, Jr., United States Navy, and B. Farah, University of Pennsylvania. Timekeepers—C. Griffen, Swarthmore, and Fred B. Mohle, Brooklyn Hockey Club. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes each. Penalties—Hall, 2 minutes for tripping; Hall, 2 minutes for slashing; Sparks, 2 minutes for tripping.

Commercial, (3.)	Position.	Boys', (0.)
Thomas	G.	Rums
Peak	F.	Wieting
Jewell	C. F.	McMoud
Feinler	C.	Conner
Horstman	L. W.	Pepe
Fleig	R. W.	Baldwin

Goals, second period—For Commercial: Feinler in 6:19. Feinler in 13:24. Fleig in 14:30. Referee—Thomas Howard, Hockey Club of New York. Goal umpires—Thomas Howard, Jr., United States Navy, and B. Farah, University of Pennsylvania. Timekeepers—G. Griffen, Swarthmore, and Fred B. Mohle, Brooklyn Hockey Club. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

Barton Victor at Pool.

George Barton defeated Max Barbe last night at Doyle's Billiard Academy in the national pocket billiard championship tournament of the A. A. B. A. The score was 100 to 60. Barton retained the lead throughout the game, never at any time was his success in doubt. High runs of 15 and 11 were made by winner and loser respectively

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Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public sale, on the premises of the White Metal Manufacturing Company, Ltd., at 1006-1012 Clinton Street, Hoboken, New Jersey, at 11 o'clock A. M. on the 18th day of January, 1919, all the assets of every kind and description belonging to White Metal Manufacturing Company, Ltd., as a going concern, including good will and real estate situated at 955-961 Hill Street, North Bergen, New Jersey, leasehold on the property situated at 1006-1012 Clinton Street, and adjoining premises, Hoboken, New Jersey, personal property, machinery, tin and other metal in the factory, equipment, auto trucks, inks, paints, and office furniture (excepting the corporation books, and further excepting cash on hand and in banks, accounts receivable, and securities, belonging to said White Metal Manufacturing Company, Ltd., a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of Germany).

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UNPARALLELED OVERCOAT SALE

Offering an Entirely New Purchase of

"Grampion" Overcoats

For Men and Young Men

$33.50

"Grampion" overcoats are tailored by one of New York's highest grade Fifth Avenue manufacturing tailors, and are conceded to be as fine as any overcoats produced

This offering is unparalleled inasmuch as the lot of overcoats is composed of none but the very finest garments

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Full silk-lined
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NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

MEN'S CLOTHING DEP'T—5TH FLOOR

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second and Forty-third Streets

For To-day, Saturday, a Sale of

MEN'S FINE CLOTHES

Made by the Kirschbaum Shops

Suits that were $30 to $35
Overcoats were $30 to $40

at $25

IN the $25 group are double-breasted Ulsterettes, English Box Overcoats, Chesterfield Overcoats, silk lined; Sack Suits of worsteds, cheviots and serges. These garments, in many cases, are below to-day's wholesale quotations.

Suits that were $40 to $47.50
Overcoats were $42.50 to $55

at $35

IN the $35 group are our fine Ulsters of pure Australian wool fabrics, Duvyteens, Cheshires and Scotch mixtures—Chesterfield Overcoats, Sack Suits of unfinished worsteds, finished worsteds, serges and flannels.

SEND THEATRE TAX APPEAL TO WILSON

Ziegfeld Cables to President as Friend and Well-Wisher of Stage.

560,000 SIGN PETITIONS

Musical Managers Join in Asking Protest by 2,000,000 in Women's Clubs Against Double Tax.

A direct appeal to President Wilson was made yesterday by Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr., as a part of the campaign of the theatrical managers to head off the 20 per cent. amusement tax. Mr. Ziegfeld's cablegram, sent to the President in Paris, read as follows:

"The distressing gravity of the situation that now confronts American theatres inspires the sending of this cable to you as a genuine friend and well-wisher of the dramatic profession, with its best interests undoubtedly close at your heart. In every country in the strenuous times of war the theatre has been properly encouraged as a means of furnishing the amusement and recreation absolutely necessary to the heavily burdened masses.

"The American theatres and all connected with them have contributed magnificently to the winning of the war. Not alone have they furnished innocent diversion, but they have raised vast sums for charitable purposes, and have aided largely in the successful exploitation of the Government's various Liberty loans. They have sacrificed their own interests, and willingly suffered, in the greater needs of their country. The placing of a 10 per cent. tax on all theatre tickets was a heavy exaction that only the most prosperous and successful theatrical organizations could withstand. It forced many out of business altogether, and brought non-employment to a great number of men and women in an honored profession whose hand has invariably been outstretched to aid others, and whose heroic services have never yet failed in fire, famine, flood, war, and other devastating horrors.

"And now, with this gigantic burden laid upon the weak shoulders of the theatre, it is proposed by the Government authorities in Washington that this already severe tax of 10 per cent. should be increased to 20 per cent. Not only would such a drastic procedure be an absolute wrong and crying injustice to the theatre itself, but to the whole American people. If this appalling plan is carried into effect it would mean the death-blow to all American theatrical interests, for, with the added high cost of labor and material, bankruptcy and ruin face all concerned, manager, actor, and workman alike. Theatres and companies will be forced to close, and many thousands will be thrown out of employment. I earnestly appeal to you as our friend to use your every endeavor to avert an overwhelming catastrophe."

Speeches and circulation of anti-tax petitions were continued last night at theatres in this city and throughout the country. It was estimated, from returns made yesterday to the Managers' Committee, that 560,000 persons had signed the petition on Thursday night. Of this number approximately 375,000 signatures were obtained in New York.

The National Musical Managers' Association met yesterday in the offices of Milton Aborn and voted to uphold the United Managers' Protective Association in their action. After the meeting about 300 telegrams were sent to concert managers and musical clubs, said to represent 2,000,000 members, all over the country, urging that immediate protests against the increased tax be lodged with the heads of the Congressional Conference Committee.

The Merchants' Association, the Broadway Association, and the Hotel Men's Association will hold meetings this afternoon, at which protests against the tax will be made to Washington. Lawrence McGuire of the Real Estate Board sent a telegram yesterday in which possible depreciation of theatrical property was urged as a reason why the tax should not be increased.

At a committee meeting of the United Managers' Protective Association in the Century Theatre the possible impairing of the theatre's effectiveness in the coming Fifth Liberty Loan drive was considered, and a long telegram was dispatched to Carter M. Glass, Secretary of the Treasury, earnestly pleading with him to do his utmost to "save the theatres whose industry in previous loan drives had been publicly acknowledged by former Secretary McAdoo."

William H. Edwards, Internal Revenue Collector for the Second District, said yesterday that he had already received many protests against the proposed tax.

Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, came to New York from Washington last night to confer with Charles C. Shay, head of the International Alliance of Theatrical Stage Employes, and Joseph N. Weber, President of the American Federation of Musicians, regarding the effect which the new tax would have upon labor. He was informed that 40,000 back stage workers and 800 music locals would be affected.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Little Journey," now at the Little Theatre, will move to the Vanderbilt a week from Monday. "The Gentile Wife" will close at the latter house tonight.

In the cast of "The Slumber Party," now in rehearsal, are Peggy O'Neil, Frisco, Charles Ruggles, Zelda Sears, William Halligan, Dama Sykes, Bert Gardner, Fred Leslie, Mary Milburn, and Olga Mishka. The piece is a musical comedy.

Marie Dressler will soon return to the New York stage under the management of the Shuberts.

Frances Byrne will be in the cast of "The New Song" to be seen here.

Frederic Santley, discharged from the Naval Air Service, has been engaged for the Cohan & Harris musical production, "The Royal Vagabond."

ZIONISTS START NEW DRIVE.

Will Try to Raise $3,000,000 for Palestine Restoration.

The Zionist Organization of America is forming a committee of one hundred, covering all the trades and industries in the city, for the $3,000,000 Palestine Restoration Fund campaign, to be launched tomorrow and continue two weeks. Judge Julian W. Mack, President of the organization, will give a dinner tonight at the City Club, where captains will be appointed for the various industries and districts of the city.

The committee representing the trades, industries, and professions includes Sigmund Eisner, who has started the fund with a $50,000 contribution; Harry Fischel, Bernard Semel, S. C. Lamport, Judge Moses H. Grossman, E. M. Rosenthal, S. Liebowitz, Sol Strook, Walter E. Meyer and others.

Judge Mack, explaining the object of the fund, said last night that it was a "radical departure" from funds hitherto collected for Jewish purposes.

"The Palestine Restoration Fund," he said, "does not concern itself with immediate charitable relief. Its purpose is to build. Of the $3,000,000, $420,000 will be devoted to the Zionist Medical Unit for sanitary improvement, hospital service, dispensary aid, and public health work in Palestine.

"To education $460,000 is to be devoted. Palestine has an educational governing body which subsidizes all secular and all religious schools, provided that Hebrew is the medium of instruction and certain standards of sanitation and hygiene are maintained.

"For the Zionist Commission's further operations $550,000 will be needed. A Judiciary, an Agricultural Department, a Bureau of Commerce and Labor, a Department of Relief, a Board of Education, and a Health Department are contemplated.

"One million dollars will be invested in the Zionist financial institutions, the Jewish Colonial Trust and Anglo-Palestine Company. It is an excellent business institution which never forgets that it exists for the purpose of developing Palestine and aiding the Jews of the land. And they need much aid—not charitable, but business aid—short time loans, loans for co-operative societies, loans that mean reconstruction in every sense of the term.

"Then we shall need about a quarter of a million for special loans, to communities, merchants, and individuals, and in addition there is the vast administration in this country.

"The historic opportunity confronting the Jewish people imposes a clear and solemn obligation on every individual Jew. The world can give the Jewish people only the opportunity to restore their homeland. The restoration must be accomplished by the Jews themselves."

Concert at Art Museum Tonight.

At the Metropolitan Museum of Art this evening the third of the big public promenade concerts, which are a gift of a friend of the Museum to the people, will begin at 8 P. M. To accommodate the guests and permit those who attend the concert to visit the collections comfortably these will be open continuously from 10 A. M. to 10:45 P. M. The Museum restaurant will be open until 8 o'clock to allow guests to take dinner. On the program there will be represented Elgar, Beethoven, Dvorak, Tschaikowsky, Moussorgsky, Shubert, Grieg, Handel, and Wagner music by a symphony orchestra, David Mannes conductor.

Chicago Opera's First Week's Bills.

The Chicago Opera Association announced here last night the operas for its opening week at the Lexington Theatre, to start Monday, Jan. 27, with Mary Garden in Fevrier's "Gismonda." Succeeding days add "Madame Butterfly," with Tamaki Miura, "Romeo and Juliet," with Yvonne Gall and John O'Sullivan, and "Monna Vanna," with Garden. On Friday, Jan. 31, Campanini will produce Leroux's "Le Chemineau," followed by both "Thais" and "Tales of Hoffmann" next day.

Charles F. Hackett, Tenor, Arrives.

Charles F. Hackett, an American lyric tenor, who has been away two years in Italy and South America, arrived yesterday from Rio Janeiro on the Swedish steamship Sagia to join the Metropolitan Opera Company. After finishing his contracts in Buenos Aires and Rio Janiero Mr. Hackett would have sailed for New York more than a month ago, but was attacked by Spanish influenza which is epidemic in Brazil. He created the tenor rôle at the world's premier of Puccini's opera, "Rondine" at the Colon Theatre, Buenos Aires.

"Oberon" Sung in English.

"Oberon" in English was sung to a large audience at the Metropolitan last evening. Mr. Bodanzky conducted his arrangement of the score, and Miss Ponselle, Mr. Martinelli, and others sang Weber's melodies. The opera is reannounced for Wednesday, Jan. 29, more than a week away, while on the preceding day, Jan. 28, there will be an extraordinary Tuesday matinée of "Madame Butterfly"—with Farrar and Lazaro.

Haag Candidate for Chamberlain.

Joseph Haag, Secretary of the Board of Estimate, announced yesterday that he was a candidate for the office of City Chamberlain, which is to be filled by the Mayor between now and Feb. 1, when the resignation of Alfred Johnson becomes effective. Mr. Haag has been an employe of the city since 1870, when he began as a messenger boy in the Comptroller's office. He has been Secretary of the Board of Estimate for ten years.

MUSIC NOTES.

Abraham Haitovitch will play and Esther Benson will sing in aid of the Guild for Jewish Blind tomorrow at the Educational Alliance.

W. Lyndon Wright will conduct the University Heights Choral Society's first concert next Tuesday in the New York University Hall.

GARFIELD RESCINDS SOFT COAL RULES

Fuel Administration Expects Decrease in Price to Follow New Order.

ELIMINATES ZONE SYSTEM

New Regulations End Control of Purchasing Agents' Commissions and Profit Margins.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Fuel Administration officials expect a decrease in the price of bituminous coal and coke to result from an order today discontinuing maximum prices on these commodities and eliminating the zone system of their distribution. The order is effective Feb. 1, but does not affect anthracite.

The regulations rescinded by today's order include those governing purchasing agents' commissions and profit margins allowed wholesale and retail dealers. The Fuel Administration announced, however, that these were subject to reinstatement if price, wage, labor, production, or other conditions which may arise require it.

Reduction in the demand for bituminous coal as the result of the ending of hostilities and the mild weather this Winter made it impossible to maintain maximum prices, officials said.

The only restrictions on domestic consumption of fuel that remain are on anthracite and natural gas.

With the issuing of the order affecting bituminous coal and coke, the Fuel Administration began preparations for the stoppage of most of its activities. Orders went to district representatives to give notice to employes that the offices would cease functioning on Feb. 1.

SENTENCE 43 I. W. W.'S TO TERMS IN PRISON

One to Ten-Year Terms Imposed—Sentence on Three Held Up by Counsel.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 17.—Sentences of one to ten years' imprisonment were imposed today by District Judge F. H. Rudkin of Spokane on forty-three of the forty-five defendants convicted in the Industrial Workers of the World anti-war conspiracy case.

Sentence of Miss Theodora Pollok, Basile Safforea, and A. L. Fax, the only defendants represented by an attorney, was held up by their counsel, who said that a motion for a new trial would be offered.

The sentences came as a climax to a morning of oratory in which many of the forty-three defendants, who had maintained silence throughout the trial, made addresses to the court.

FRICKE OBJECTS TO JUDGE.

Man Accused of Treason Wanted Trial in Another Court.

Albert Paul Fricke, under indictment for treason, objected yesterday to trial before Federal Judge Mayer, before whom he was brought for pleading. In long affidavits by himself and his counsel, Thomas J. O'Neill, the complaint was made that Judge Mayer had shown himself prejudiced in favor of the Government, and that, therefore, another Judge should preside when the issue was tried.

After reviewing the proceedings and commenting on the unpleasant phase of duty devolving upon him to preside at a trial of a citizen for treason, Judge Mayer said that the duty must be performed if the orderly routine of court procedure was to be observed. The defendant, he said, had in no way prejudiced his case by his desire for another Judge to preside, and having conferred with Judges Learned and A. N. Hand, he declined to comply with the request to withdraw as the Presiding Judge.

Fricke, an agent for a German toy concern, was indicted for treason with Herman Wessells, alias Karl Rodiger, described as an officer in the German Navy and a spy in this country for the German Government. Both are in the Tombs.

John Quine Gives His First Recital.

John Quine, a young baritone of the Society of American Singers, made a good impression at his first recital in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, singing an old air of Caccini and others arranged by Floridia, as well as new songs such as Treharne's "Mother, My Dear," which his audience would have encored. Kurt Schindler accompanied the singer, and William Hinshaw, President of the society, heard the closing group.

Sarah Sokolsky Fried reappeared as pianist and organist last evening in Aeolian Hall, as she has for several seasons. At the piano she began with the sonata Op. 111 of Beethoven, and later at the organ with Bach, a concert novel in manner rather than in material, though Mrs. Fried introduced a work by Richard Hammond among new composers.

AMES ART BRINGS $59,093.

Top Price of Closing Sale, $1,225, for a Royal Minton Porcelain.

At the closing sale of the art collection of the late Governor Oliver Ames of Massachusetts at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon the returns were $19,868, making a grand total for the collection, including the pictures, of $59,093. The highest price of the afternoon for an individual piece was $1,225, paid by Bernet, agent, for a Royal Minton porcelain Solon, pâte sur pâte vase, 25 inches high, body of rich olive green. The decorations were in white, the two principal groups on the body of the vase, "Cupid's Judgment" and "Cupids in Martial Array." It was signed "L. Solon," is said to have been the artist's masterpiece, and is from the Mary J. Morgan collection.

The famous Dennis cameo vase, also from the Mary J. Morgan collection, with designs of Venus and Cupids, with Pegasus for a terminal and winged horses' heads for handles, went to W. D. Breaker for $1,200. This was made at the Dennis works in England by George Woodall, the noted cutter, under the superintendence of Wilkes Webb, one of the greatest men in the glass industry. Two other vases from the Morgan collection, Royal Minton pâte sur pâte, signed by Solon, with designs of Minerva and Cupids, went to Mr. Breaker for $1,500.

A magnificent Sevres vase, with cover, went to B. A. Starbuck for $800. A large Indian carpet went to Henry M. Lloyd for $800, and a Kurdistan carpet to Noorian for $530, and an Iran carpet to Kent Costikyan for $475.

ROBBERS' AID TO PRISON.

Chauffeur Who Drove Highwaymen Gets 4 Years 9 Months.

Frank R. Gaffney, a chauffeur of 220 Crescent Street, Long Island City, who was convicted by a jury on a charge of implication in the robbery of a paymaster of the Westinghouse Electric Company on East Seventy-fourth Street, near Avenue A, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions to from not less than four years and nine months to not more than nine years and nine months. Gaffney was the chauffeur of the automobile in which the three robbers made their escape. He denied any actual participation in the holdup and declared he had not known that his fares had committed a robbery. None of the thieves has been captured.

In passing sentence Judge Rosalsky said that chauffeurs often appeared too willing to lend their services to holdup men throughout the city.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. WILLIAM GILLETTE | BARRIE'S BEST COMEDY | DEAR BRUTUS

If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long Legs," you'll love PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE
Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:15.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Bryant 392. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:20.
THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. "A PRINCE THERE WAS" GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS DADDIES

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30. FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. TODAY, 2:15. LAST 2 TIMES. The Rainbow Division of Musical Comedies GLORIANNA

NEXT MON. NIGHT. Seats Now. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in HENRI LAVEDAN'S COMEDIE FRANCAISE SENSATION THE MARQUIS de PRIOLA

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20. "'ULLO, 'ERE'S A 'IT!" The Better 'Ole WITH MR. and MRS. COBURN

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written. THREE FACES EAST Hundreds turned away at every performance.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. MATINEES TODAY and WED., 2:15. THE REAL LAUGHING MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON KLAW & ERLANGER'S TIMELY GEM OF JOY AND MELODY. THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic Two Entirely Different Shows.

LIGHTNIN Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today, Wednesday & Fri., 2:30. GAIETY, B'way & 46 St. AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT

3 Wise Fools Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

VANDERBILT Thea. W. 48 St. Eves., 8:30. Matinee TODAY, 2:30. EMILY STEVENS in THE GENTILE WIFE

HARRIS West 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. MATINEE TODAY 2:30. The Big Sensation of Psychic Mystery grips New York! Follow the Crowd to THE INVISIBLE FOE. "Thrills that bite to the marrow."—Dorothy Dix.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY LISTEN LESTER! "The best musical show New York has seen in many a day."—Telegram.

Standard B'way, 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25-75 SEVEN DAYS LEAVE Next Week, Florence Nash in "Remnant"

GLOBE, Evgs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. JULIA Sanderson | JOSEPH Cawthorn | IN "THE Canary" Sam Hardy, Doyle & Dixon, and Maud Eburne.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN Evening 8. Matinee Today, 2. AL JOLSON in "SINBAD" Sunday Night Concert A SENSATIONAL BILL OF STARS

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL AT 11:30 A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. Matinee Today, Wed. & Thurs., 2:30. ALICE BRADY Personally in FOREVER AFTER

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13 A New Play by Samuel Shipman & Max Marcin.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. MARY NASH in THE BIG CHANCE

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Jane Cowl IN The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way. THE COMEDY HIT Tea for 3 Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST. SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS TWO COMIC OPERA GEMS Today Matinee, 2:30 LAST TIME MIKADO Tonight at 8:15 FRA DIAVOLO With Orville Harrold and Blanca Saroya

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15. Eves. 8:15. NORA BAYES IN HER JOYOUS PLAY | LADIES FIRST Nora Bayes Nifty Sunday Nights

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES" LONGACRE West 48th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30.

PRINCESS Matinees Today and Wednesday Evenings at 8:30. Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. OH, MY DEAR! "BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:15. Musical Comedy Melting of Molly With Charles Purcell. "Oodles of laughter."—Alan Dale.

44TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. LITTLE SIMPLICITY Smartest Musical Show in Town.

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. JOHN BARRYMORE In Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

LOEW'S 7th Av. at 124 St. Eve. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c to 75c. "Under Orders" Next Week, "An Ideal Husband."

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30. Edward Locke's Comedy THE CLIMAX With ELEANOR PAINTER

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20. WILLIAM COURTENAY AND TOM WISE In Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit CAPPY RICKS

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15. "ADORABLE."—Mail. EAST IS WEST A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits New Musical Play—The 100% Cast "SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART" CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. Sun. Eve. Concert | Marie Dressler | Wm. & Gordon Dooley | Big Bill

A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.

SHUBERT West 44th St. Tel. Bryant 5439. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:30. 74th TIME—MAT. TODAY BETROTHAL By Maeterlinck, author of "The Blue Bird."

LYRIC 42d St., west of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. 5th Month | Not a War Play | THE UNKNOWN PURPLE | The Season's Hit. With RICHARD BENNETT

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE, THIS MORNING, 10:30 A. M. WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET "Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. The Laugh Play Keep It To Yourself "So funny you are sure to explode with laughter."—Charles Darnton, Ev. World.

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Evgs. 8:30 Sharp. Matinees Today & Wed. at 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Comedy, A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners | with IRENE BORDONI

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:30. A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35 St. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Today & Thurs. 2:15. THIS WEEK CHATTERTON Seats 50c to $2. Tonight Pop. Prices.

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. Today, 2:15. Highest Price Orchestra Seat, Evgs. $1. MAYTIME PEGGY WOOD | WILLIAM NORRIS | Melvin Stokes Next Week......"UNDER ORDERS" SUNDAY CONCERT—1:30 TO 11:30.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK JOSEF STRANSKY.............Conductor Carnegie Hall, Tomor. (Sun.) Aft. at 3. TCHAIKOVSKY-LISZT "PATHETIQUE" SYMPHONY TASSO—SECOND RHAPSODY Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

Aeolian Hall, THIS AFTERNOON at 3. Piano Recital—(Steinway) LEGINSKA Benefit for the Manassas Industrial School Tickets 50c to $2. Mgt. Haensel & Jones.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily. ALL NEW | Pop. Prices Behman Show

BROOKLYN.

N. Y. PHILHARMONIC JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTING BEST SEATS, 44c & 55c (including War Tax) Tonight, 8:15—Commercial High School, Albany Ave. & Bergen St. Seats—People's Institute, 176 Nassau St.; Chandler-Ebel, 222 Livingston St.; Brick's, 1403 Pitkin Ave.

CARNEGIE HALL, Mon. Eve., Jan. 20. Song Recital By ANNA CASE Seats now at box office or the Edison Shop, 473 5th Ave., 75c to $2. Steinway Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Eve., Jan. 21. Violin Recital By TOSCHA SEIDEL Seats now at box office or Metropolitan Musical Bureau, 33 W. 42d St., 75c to $2. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Jan. 23, at 3 GANZ ONLY PIANO RECITAL IN NEW YORK. Benefit: Societe Mutuelle Des Professeurs Du Conservatoire Paris. Prices 50c to $2.00. Boxes $15, on sale at Box Office. (Steinway Piano)

AEOLIAN HALL—TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 PIANO RECITAL BY FREDA TOLIN Mgt. Julian Pollak, 47 West 42d St., N. Y.

OPERA TICKETS Seats today Mat., Eve., Caruso. Sun. Eve. Concert, Zimbalist. All operas. Subscriptions bought, sold. 1433 B'way (40-41 St.) Phones Bryant 7677-7678.

AMUSEMENTS.

LEXINGTON THEATRE Lexington Ave. at 51st St. Phone 4014 Plaza CHICAGO GRAND OPERA CHICAGO OPERA ASSOCIATION Cleofonte Campanini, Gen. Director. FIRST WEEK—MONDAY, JAN. 27. Mon., "Gismonda." Mary Garden, Charles Fontaine, Alfred Maguenat, Marcel Journet, Pavley-Oukrainsky Ballet. Tues., "Madam Butterfly." Tamaki Miura, Forrest Lamont, Irene Pavloska, Giacomo Rimini. Wed., "Romeo and Juliet." Yvonne Gall, John O'Sullivan, Auguste Bouilliez. Thurs., "Monna Vanna." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Fri., "Le Chemineau." Gall, Maguenat, Baklanoff. Sat. Mat., "Thais." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Sat. Night (Popular Prices), "Tales of Hoffmann." Florence Macbeth, Marguerite Namara, Myrna Sharlow, Fontaine, Maguenat. SEATS ON SALE AT LEXINGTON BOX OFFICE. Beginning Monday 9:30 A.M.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Today at 2. Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond. Papi.
Tonight at 8. Special Performance Le Prophete. Muzio, Matzenauer; Caruso, Rothier, Diaz, Schlegel, Mardones. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $2. Zimbalist, Violinist; Sundelius; Althouse, Mardones. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8. Cav. Rusticana. Muzio, Perini; Crimi, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison, Sundelius, Braslau; Diaz, Didur.—Galli-Bolm. Cond. Monteux.
Wed. at 8:15. Manon Lescaut. Alda, Perini; Martinelli, De Luca, Segurola. Cond. Papi.
Thurs. at 8:15. Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond. Papi.
Fri. at 8. (1st time) La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. Mat. at 2. L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta. Cond. Papi.
Sat. at 8:15. (75c to $3.) Lucia. Garrison; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Bada. Cond. Papi.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Jan. 21, at 8:15 Flonzaley Quartet Recital. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian, Evgs., Jan. 23, March 4 & 31. Bauer-Thibaud 10 PIANO-VIOLIN SONATAS OF BEETHOVEN Subscriptions NOW Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Tel. Circle 2156

Aeolian—Friday Aft., Jan. 24, at 3. Piano Recital GABRILOWITSCH ALL CHOPIN PROGRAM Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

Metropolitan Museum of Art FREE CONCERTS on consecutive Saturday evenings, Jan. 18 and 25, at 8 A Symphony Orchestra directed by DAVID MANNES NO TICKETS REQUIRED Museum open continuously 10 A. M. to 10:45 P. M.

SIXTH BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Jan. 24, at 11. HELEN STANLEY LEOPOLD GODOWSKY ANDRES DE SEGUROLA Res. Seats, $3. Box Seats, $5. Now on sale at R. E. Johnston's office, 1451 B'way. Knabe Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Jan. 23, at 3. Auspices Society for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, Inc. MRS. HERMANN M. BIGGS....President MISS RUTH TWOMBLY...Vice President RACHMANINOFF CONCERT OF MUSIC FOR PIANO. Orchestra Seats and Boxes on sale at Hotel St. Regis. Balance at Carnegie Hall. Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano used.

CARNEGIE HALL TODAY, 2:30 ALMA GLUCK ONLY SONG RECITAL IN N. Y. EFREM ZIMBALIST will play Mme. Gluck's acco'ts. (Knabe Piano)

CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Eve. at 8:15 JAN. 25 Violin Recital MAX ROSEN Seats at Hall. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Steinway Piano

39TH STREET THEATRE, Sunday Evening, Jan. 26th at 8:30. PROGRAM OF DANCES BY CHALIF'S PUPILS with Frederick Dixon, Pianist. Benefit Permanent Blind Relief Fund. Tickets at 163 West 57th St. (Opp. Carnegie Hall.)

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Jan'y 29, 8:15 P. M. GODOWSKY Seats 50c and $1.00 at Humanitarian Cult, 266 West End Ave.

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA TUES. AFT., CARNEGIE HALL, at 3:00. JAN. 21 Soloist: ZIMBALIST and Chorus from Schola Cantorum. Tickets 50c to $2.00, at Box Office.

Century Theatre, Wed. Jan. 22, at 8:30 New York's Tribute to CAPTAIN CARPENTER, V. C. OF H. M. S. VINDICTIVE The Hero of Zeebrugge Who Will Tell His Own Story of THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE The Greatest Naval Exploit of the War BENEFIT DOVER PATROL FUND Rear-Admiral Usher, presiding Tickets $5.00 to 50c at Box Office, agencies, or from the J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42nd St.

COL. W. A. BISHOP The World's Greatest Ace Official Record, 72 Hun Machines First Lecture in America (Illus.) "AIR FIGHTING IN FLANDERS FIELDS" LEXINGTON THEATRE 51st Street & Lexington Ave. Tomorrow Night at 8:30 o'clock Benefit War Relief Fund of the Rubinstein Club. Seats 50c to $2.00. No War Tax. 100 per cent. of net receipts goes to beneficiary. Tickets at Theatre Box Office, or at office of Lee Keedick, 437 Fifth Avenue.

Burton Holmes CARNEGIE HALL Sund. Eve. AT 8:30 Mon. Mat. AT 3 With the "YANKS" IN PARIS POPULAR PRICES, 50c to $1.50

ANNUAL BENEFIT ACTORS' FUND CENTURY THEATRE, FRIDAY, AT 1:30 PRICES 50c TO $2.50 BOX OFFICE OPENS MONDAY

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri., Sat. 2:30. STUART WALKER'S PORTMANTEAU SEASON Mat. Today AT 2:30 Tel. Circle 1380. First Bill: "A Night in Avignon," "Stingy" and Lord Dunsany's "The Laughter of The Gods."

POULTRY SHOW MADISON SQUARE GARDEN NEXT WEEK

OPERA TICKETS Seats for Caruso Tonite Jacobs Ticket Office, Normandie Hotel, B'way & 38th St. Telephone Greeley 4180, 4186, 6446.

Loew's American Roof 42d St., W. of B'way Every Eve at 8:15. 8 VIRGINIA STEPPERS, BERTIAN & BETTY WHEELER, CONRAD & MAYO, 6 OTHER BIG ACTS. Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome Matinee Today, 2:15 Evgs. at 8:15

LEXINGTON THEATRE 51ST ST. & LEX. AVE. POSITIVELY LAST WEEK TO SEE ATTA BOY with CAPT. FRANK TINNEY "Atta Boy is a wonderful show," N. Y. Tribune. Prices 50c. to $2.00. No War Tax. Matinee Today, 2:15.

Manhattan O. H., 34th, W. of B'way. Last Mat. Today, 2:15. Evgs. 8:15. Last 2 Times CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in GEO. M. COHAN'S Newest Comedy THE VOICE OF McCONNELL 25c to $1.00. A few front Orch. Seats at $1.50 Sat. Ev., Jan. 25, Marjorie Rambeau, Eyes of Youth

MOTION PICTURES.

LAST DAY! OF THE SENSATIONAL PICTURE THAT ALL NEW YORK IS TALKING ABOUT. "THE HEART of HUMANITY" The Picture That Will Live Forever. BROADWAY THEATRE, B'WAY AT 41ST ST. 10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20, 30, 50. Lgs. $1 William FAVERSHAM in "The Silver King." "Catalina," a Prizma. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

RIALTO Times Square 20—30—50. Pauline FREDERICK in "Out of the Shadow" Scenic, Comedy. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

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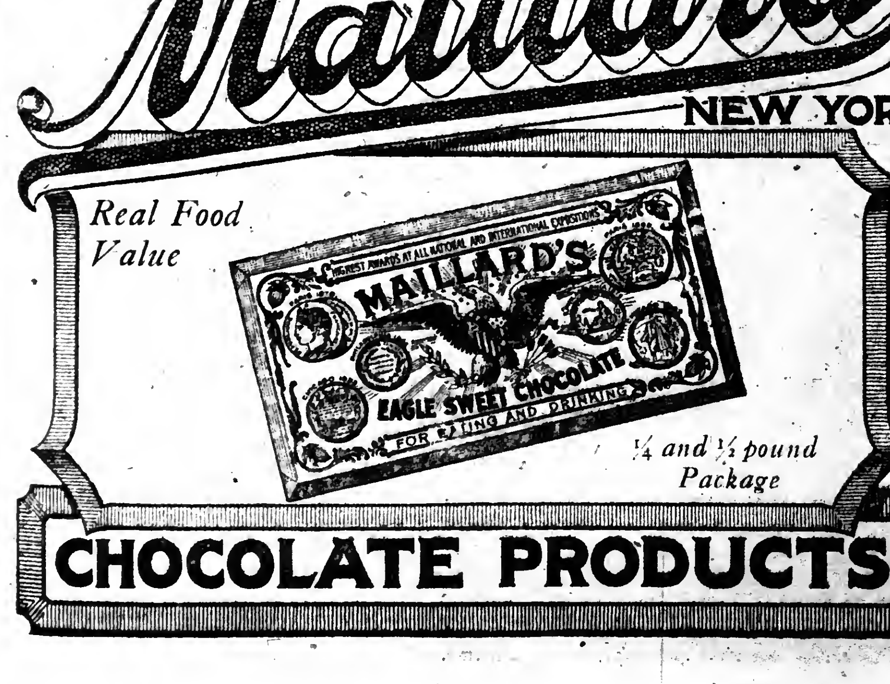

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President. B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR.

Commenting on the reported intention of President WILSON to make a speaking tour of the country, in which he will set forth his arguments for his peace policies, The Rochester Post-Express says:

> It is a repeated report from abroad that the President regards his cordial reception as indorsement by the peoples of France, Great Britain, and Italy of his peace position. If his judgment is accurate, then these peoples seem to enjoy an advantage over his own nation; they must completely understand what the President is standing for, and a great part of this nation does not clearly understand this.

"These peoples" enjoy no advantages over "his own nation." They "clearly understand" that he desires to make war impossible or difficult in the future, and to that desire they give their "indorsement." His own nation understands that as well as do the cheering people in Europe. His own nation would give the same kind of indorsement that he has received from others, if he were to appear here, as he did there, merely as the man who represents that desire.

But when the President makes his speaking tour of the United States, if he does make it, he will not appear, as he did there, simply as the embodiment of a desire. By the time he arrives here the aspiration which he embodies will have begun, at least, to take solid form. There will be details to talk about, whether the whole peace treaty has been concluded or not. From the basis of a universal desire labor toward its realization will have begun. There is no quarrel about the desire, but there will be immediate differences of opinion about the form of its realization as soon as the Peace Conference begins to shape it. The President's tour, without doubt, will be for the purpose of reconciling these differences and explaining and defending the form the great work takes. Specifically, we assume, he will undertake to convince the people first, and through them the Senate, not that permanent peace is a good thing but that the things done at Versailles will advance that end.

PUTTING TEETH IN IT.

"The work of the Anti-Saloon "League will neither cease nor lessen "when the amendment goes into effect." That is one of the drawbacks of being a crusader—a drawback, that is, if you are a private individual supporting the crusade, an advantage if you make a living by crusading. On moral issues, where any compromise or concession is a covenant with death, you have to keep up the fight so long as the enemy survives anywhere. And your fight is both internal and external. When Islam had won Arabia it set forth to conquer Syria and Egypt, but meanwhile had to repress rebellions within Arabia itself. Bolshevism, having overrun Russia, goes out to overrun the world, but at the same time must put down counter-revolution at home. So the Anti-Saloon League will be kept busy in the struggle to enact prohibition abroad and enforce it here.

Its program offers small hope for those who clung to the conviction that, after all, prohibition would not really be prohibition for gentlemen of moderate tastes, nor for those who anticipated the evil day by laying in as much liquor as they could buy. The enforcement bill, which will doubtless go through Congress and the Legislatures as readily as did the amendment itself, provides that not only the manufacture, sale, and transportation but the possession of any liquor for beverage purposes shall be illegal. There is no minimum quantity permitted, at least in the statements made so far; it is going to be a crime to have any of the "vile stuff" at all. "An adequate search and seizure provision" will open the way for the invasion of suspected cellars by Federal and State officials, and a woeful prospect of blackmail by janitors and drivers of moving vans confronts the city dweller.

The battle with the hydra-headed and hydrophobic liquor serpent will not be moderated out of any consideration for art. Another clause of the Force bill inhibits "any advertise-"ment or notice containing the pict-"ure of a brewery, distillery, bottle, "keg, barrel or box, or other re-"ceptacle, represented as containing "intoxicating liquors." The word "advertisement" implies a commercial character, but the pliancy of our interpretations of the law before the indignation of moral militants is shown by the rejection of a similar implication in the Mann act; it is hardly to be doubted, in view of the prohibition tendency toward extreme measures, that before long this will be construed as justifying the destruction of any picture which displays a brewery, distillery, bottle, keg, barrel, box, or other receptacle. Now, this is quite a hardship to art. A certain small town on the Ohio River prides itself on a deserted and half-ruined brewery perched on a cliff, which on moonlit nights looks like a castle on the Rhine. Under the new law no artist could paint that moonlit scene in glorification of the beauties of Indiana, for his picture would have to contain a brewery—a ruined brewery, to be sure, but a brewery. And deputies of the Prohibition Commissioner would go through our museums, cutting up paintings in which appeared bottles containing liquor.

And what of literature? Newspapers and magazines containing liquor advertising have long been forbidden in certain dry States; but some of the best advertising of the forbidden joys of intemperance is in literary classics. Before long we may expect to see wholesale confiscation, and burning in the public square, of the writings of authors personally intemperate or given to mentioning rum without expression of disapproval. Those who possess the writings of Q. HORATIUS FLACCUS, OMAR KHAYYAM, or EDGAR ALLAN POE will do well to lock them up in the secret cabinet behind the chimney along with that last priceless bottle.

LYNCH LAW IN BERLIN.

Regrettable as is the manner of death, the work of private violence, not the law, that came to Dr. LIEBKNECHT and ROSA LUXEMBURG, it was to be expected, and does a summary, if irregular, justice to the fomenters of robbery, murder, and anarchy. The patience, the aversion to strong measures, perhaps the reluctance of the Majority Socialist Government to proceed against old associates, spared too long the Spartacan terrorists. A pitiful minority, they thrived for a time on the unwillingness of their adversaries to make the final test. Into a country permeated with the instinct of order they brought disturbance, started a revolution which lacked rebels, united against them substantially all other parties, most Germans.

These two leaders, the man violent but weak, the woman a termagant of the familiar revolutionary type, have perished miserably by the sword they drew. The defeat of the imitation Bolshevists, the victory everywhere where elections have been held of the parties of order, Conservatives, Centrists, Democrats, Majority Social Democrats, are of the best omen for a representative moderate National Assembly, for a responsible and stable Government. The Allies and the United States have hardly less interest than Germany itself in such an outcome.

GREEKS OF ASIA MINOR.

There never was a time from long before the writing of history when Asia Minor did not have a Greek population. The claims which the Greek Government published last week included territory long indisputably Greek. In the Sanjak of Smyrna alone there are 450,000 Greeks, more than double the number of Turks. In the vilayet of Buessa, Aivali, modern successor of an older colony, has nearly 30,000 inhabitants. Not merely on the coast, but scattered all about, artisans and peasants, and not merely fishermen and sailors and traders, as many believe, are Greeks. Along valleys through which flow rivers of old name, Meander and Hermus, in ancient cities, live these representatives of the secular Hellenism of Asia Minor.

Of the 2,500,000 or more Greeks in the Turkish Empire that was, these of that region of civilization and its memorials piled one above another, like the Troys of SCHLIEMANN'S Troy, make not the least appeal to the kindly interest of nations that have inherited their culture. Good old HERODOTUS is alone enough, if one could forget a multitude of other famous names, to make the Greek of Asia Minor a sympathetic figure. Dorian, Aeolian, Ionian most of all, come to the memory. The ingenuity, subtlety, liveliness that we like to ascribe to some favored communities of old Greeks live in no small measure in their faraway successors.

From the south, Greek civilization came to the southwestern shore of Asia Minor, thence spreading northward. Its memorials begin in the Neolithic Age. In the dim quaternary foretime, if the geologists guess right, the Aegean Sea was solid earth, binding together the later Balkan and Anatolian peninsulas. The Aegean islands and the salient coasts look back to some old catastrophe and land-swallowing. Long valleys screened by mountains but open to the sea of abundant rainfall made the Anatolian coasts a sort of paradise, green and bright, while Summer burned the Anatolian plateau. For ages Hellenism was great in Asia Minor. Nations, or city States of the familiar Greek type, got rich selling to Europe the productions of the mighty hinterland and charging all the traffic would bear on the East-going freight.

The splendor of Ionian art and literature is imperishable. Byzantine succeeded the pagan sway till the Turk, himself retaining the ceremonials of the empire he destroyed, submerged the old civilization. Travelers and archaeologists tell us of old Greek settlements hidden among the mountains, speaking still with considerable purity the ancient, unliterary dialects of Greek Asia Minor. A curious Greek community, if its inhabitants have escaped the mercies of the Turks, is that of the so-called Mezzo-Mezzos, of Jevizlik, Mohammedans in public, Orthodox Greek in private, who took an imprudent advantage of the Turkish millennium of 1908 openly to profess their real faith. In the interior again are or were Greek communities that have lost their Greek and talk Turkish, and Greeks of no Mediterranean look, descendants of ancient races conquered by the Greek States or Byzantium. May the new Hellenism flourish like the old!

A CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER.

The term of Mr. WILLIAM GORHAM RICE as a State Civil Service Commissioner ends on Feb. 1. Nearly four years ago THE TIMES, knowing him as GROVER CLEVELAND'S assistant secretary, as Mr. ROOSEVELT'S successor in the United States Civil Service Commission, as a man who had given long thought and faithful service to the betterment of municipal, State, and national administration, testified to his fitness for his present post. His record in it for nearly four years much more than justifies that opinion and is his more than sufficient recommendation for reappointment.

Mr. SMITH, asked by the Executive Committee of the New York Civil Service Reform Association last Fall if he did not "agree that when a "Commissioner is to be appointed, the "State's business requires that he "should be not only sympathetic with "the law but technically prepared to "administer it wisely," replied, "I do."

Commissioner RICE is undeniably and eminently such a Civil Service Commissioner. Governor SMITH, a rare find among politicians, seems resolved to keep the promises he made in his canvass.

MR. LA FOLLETTE.

Senator LA FOLLETTE'S St. Paul speech of Sept. 20, 1917, contained passages which Americans worthy of the name cannot read without much of the indignation and anger that boiled up in Senator WILLIAMS in the Senate Thursday. After a long-drawn, half-hearted investigation the Senate, always too lenient of its errant members, gives a sort of Scotch verdict, to the effect that the speech "does not justify any action by the Senate." Only one Republican, the soon-to-leave SMITH of Michigan, voted against the Republican brother from Wisconsin. Republican harmony and votes will be sorely needed in the next Senate.

Mr. LA FOLLETTE has little eccentricities of temperament that apologize for him to a certain extent; and it may be that, like CHARLES SUMNER, he is sometimes surprised by the effect of his own language. His entire misconception of public opinion in his opposition to the war may teach him to be more careful in future. He made enormous errors, to put it mildly. No resolution of the Senate, nothing but a steady patriotic conduct can restore him to public confidence. Doubtless he never meant to be disloyal; but a genius for singularity and enlargement of the bump of self-confidence have led him astray. He is eager to remake the social, economic, and political world. Can't he remake himself a little?

SHOULD BE CARRYING FOOD.

Many ships for the transportation of food are needed, in addition to those now in service, by the use of which we are exporting the 17,500,000 tons promised to England, France, and Italy, and also the quantities specified in agreements with the northern neutrals. Mr. HOOVER shows that the liberated lands must have 1,400,000 tons. His survey does not include Germany or the greater part of Austria. It is estimated that about 2,250,000 tons of German ships are now lying in the nation's ports. These, he says, are to be used in bringing food. But they must make long voyages to reach sources of supply near which at least 122 other German ships have been lying idle for more than four years.

Nothing is said about the thirty-eight in Argentine ports and the eighty-four in those of Chile. These vessels should be at work. They are conveniently placed for the food trade. Argentina sells meat and now has a wheat surplus of 163,000,000 bushels. The ships in Chilean waters could quickly cross the South Pacific to Australia and take cargoes there from 190,000,000 bushels of wheat that wait for transportation. And in Spain's harbors there are ninety German or Austrian ships. These should be in service. Spain will ask for nearly all of them to replace eighty-eight of her own vessels which German U-boats or mines destroyed, but her claim should not keep them idle. An agreement providing for the use of them could easily be made. The losses of Chile and Argentina have been comparatively small. Settlement of their claims would leave more than a hundred of the German ships now anchored in their waters absolutely free.

All of the 212 interned vessels held by the three countries ought to be at work now on the seas, at a time when the destruction of 4,000 ocean carriers by German torpedoes and mines makes it difficult to save millions from starvation.

RUSSIA IN POLAND.

Certain obstacles to self-determination have appeared in Poland, Lithuania, and adjacent territories. It cannot be said that they were not foreseen, but neither the Poles, the Lithuanians, nor the Allies seem to have taken precautions. A few days ago Poles and Lithuanians were disputing over the possession of Wilna, or Vilnius, to give it both names and preserve impartiality; but now Wilna is in the hands of an army of Russian Bolsheviki who are advancing toward Warsaw. Poles and Ukrainians are still fighting over Lemberg, and further east the tertius gaudens is getting ready to Bolshevize Galicia when Poles and Ukrainians have killed each other off.

Mr. PADEREWSKI, despite the pertinacity of would-be assassins, is still able to get about, and is trying to get General PILSUDSKI to reorganize the Polish Government and take in all parties. PILSUDSKI appears to be still holding out for a Government by his own supporters alone; and the ill-judged attempt of Prince SAPIEHA to bring about a reorganization by force does not seem to have promoted harmony. PILSUDSKI is an able man and has done great service to Poland; he was on the spot when the new Polish Government was set up, he took charge of it, and he has kept it going. Great differences separate his party and the National Democrats, whom Mr. PADEREWSKI represents at Warsaw; but on the fundamental question of protecting the liberty of Poland against the new Russian conquest there is no difference. Mr. PADEREWSKI bears credentials from the four million Poles in the United States; his personality and his efforts have done great service to the Polish cause; and his colleagues of the National Committee, notably Mr. DMOWSKI, have served their country well at the allied capitals. Just now Poland could use a Government of national defense which included PILSUDSKI and PADEREWSKI and any other statesman whose first interest is in seeing that his country keeps the liberty she has so lately won.

As for the allied Governments, they have given no sign of any particular interest in Poland. It might be thought that France and England and Italy and the United States could see some profit to themselves as well as to Poland in doing something to head off the reconquest by the Bolsheviki, but if any action is to be taken it will have to be taken soon.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Clearly the Crime of a Maniac. Fortunately for the preservation of a belief in the existence of a limit to the criminality of which human beings are capable, when confronted by an atrocity such as the murder of MARIE RIDDELL, one can, and from the circumstances of the deed must, recognize that it was committed by something less than and different from a man. For reason—the ability to think and act in a way not too far removed from normality—is required to bring its possessor within the category of the human race and to impose upon that race responsibility for what has been done.

Only madness explains such an act as this. It lacks all the motives that prompt human action; and not only that, it was the result of impulses of a kind exactly opposite to those characteristic of the human species in all its grades. Miss RIDDELL, as she was hurrying home, was not less safe than she would have been after arriving there from anybody except a lunatic. Her youth, her appearance, and her character made an appeal for protection, for kindness, that would have met scrupulous response in any part of the city. Her fate, therefore, points directly to the perpetrator of the murder, and he will be found if the police promptly and intelligently use the evidence at their disposal for the identification of the murderer.

His Theft Entirely Irrelevant. Somewhere, not necessarily, but probably, near the spot where Miss RIDDELL'S body was found there is a man who is known to many as different from other men, and different in ways and to a degree that have made all who know him think of him the moment they heard of the girl's death. It is for such a man that the police should seek.

They can safely ignore as irrelevant the fact that she was robbed of the few dollars in her purse. That was merely incidental. It discloses, not motive, but the gleam of shrewdness of which most maniacs are capable. Far more significant is the absence of the girl's left glove, and it is made so by the circumstance that there was the like disappearance of a left glove when another woman was similarly killed a few days ago and not far away.

Therein is more than a hint of an obsession—of what the psychiatrists call a compulsive neurosis. Such a neurosis cannot be hidden, and its compulsion is not and can not be resisted by its victim. It makes him in a sense irresponsible, but not in any such sense as to abolish, or even to weaken, society's right to defend itself against him. To the law he will probably seem able to discriminate between right and wrong—to be atrociously vicious. That will justify putting him to death when caught and convicted. But from any point of view his life is forfeit.

Mad dogs are killed, not because they are wicked, but because they are intolerably dangerous and can be made safe in no other way.

Enthusiasm Easily Explained. It can hardly be called surprising that when the people who gather in theatres are asked whether they are for or against increasing the tax on theatre tickets they respond with unanimity and vehemence that they do not want it done. Not while human nature remains what it is could any other answer be obtained to any like request in regard to that or any other tax.

Somebody has said that to be wise when in love and popular when laying a tax were both in the domain of the impossible. However it may be as regards the first point; there is no doubt of the second's soundness. All taxes are paid with reluctance, in part, probably, because the return for them is impersonal and for the most part immaterial, and in part on account of something between a suspicion and a conviction that the return is inadequate—that tax money is for those who spend it such "easy" money that they waste a lot of it. The theatre managers would have evoked an even more enthusiastic reply if they had asked the people in front of them if they didn't want the ticket tax abolished altogether. Of course they do. But what of it? Such questions and answers have nothing to do with the problem under consideration—that of raising money with which to meet the country's expenses and to pay its debts. A tax on theatre tickets would be popular, if any tax could be, because no other tax could be so easily avoided and of none other can it be said with as close an approach to truth that only they pay who choose to do so.

Whether this particular tax should be increased or not does not depend on the feeling toward such action of either managers or public, but on whether or not an increase of the tax will increase or diminish the amount that thus can be raised. As to that nobody seems to have any very definite information.

Statehood Has Its Own Dangers. In the new German federation proposed by the Ebert Government, almost as noticeable as the partition of Prussia and the disappearance of that sinister and detested name is the making of Berlin, with its suburbs, into a separate State, with the same rights of self-control as are to be exercised by the other German States geographically much larger.

Whether or not Berlin is to be the capital of the new federation seems to be as yet undetermined, but if the Germans, in their new love for America, follow the American plan they will establish somewhere else, as far from Berlin as they conveniently can, an analogue of our District of Columbia to be the seat and centre of political power.

But Berlin as a State will be, in that respect at least, an object of envy for New York City, so long and so cruelly the victim of rural control. Still, every now and then, not unimportant fractions of this city's population have been grateful for the protection from other fractions of it that "Albany" could and did give them. So the Berliners should think twice, and perhaps three times, before they consent to have themselves put in a magnificent but somewhat dangerous, isolation. The Bolsheviki—"Black Things," indeed!—may get them if they don't watch out.

The High Theatre Tax.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The appeal that theatre managers are about to make to the President of the United States with respect to the imposition of a 20 per cent. tax on theatre tickets should emanate from playgoers, who will pay the tax. If playgoers do not pay this tax, the ultimate sufferers will be the managers of theatres; but those who do go to theatres will pay the tax. This development of taxation is foolish and wrong. It is a poor return for the work done in many patriotic activities, notably the Liberty Loan campaigns, in which managers of theatres endeavored to outdo one another in patriotic service. We have willingly paid all along the tax on tickets, but this 20 per cent., which means 60 cents on many a theatre ticket, is rather too much for even the best American citizens. The orchestra ticket, for instance, is $2.50; the law allows the theatre agent a charge of 50 cents, and the tax is levied on $3, making the admission $3.60. I protest against this and propose that playgoers support the petition of the managers. The theatres have done a great deal to lighten our worries in war time. If this surtax is insisted on, there will be another nail in the coffin in which all gayety is to be buried. PLAYGOER.

New York, Jan. 16, 1919.

Sinn Fein and the War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We have heard, and shall hear again, appeals of the Sinn Fein to the Peace Conference, and especially to Americans. There is just one question for Americans to put to the Sinn Fein. It is a very simple one: "What did you do during the great war?"

PERCY DEARMER.

Berkeley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., Jan. 15, 1919.

The Original Whitlock Man.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to go on record as offering a prediction that the Democratic Party will nominate Brand Whitlock as the next candidate for President. W. L. K.

Indiana, Penn., Jan. 14, 1919.

EBERT TO THE GERMANS BACK FROM WAR.

"You can return with heads erect!"
So Ebert, to the German hosts.
Well beaten! Aye! your banners flecked
With guiltless blood, with swarming ghosts
Wailing about your ears, your name
Foul in all nostrils, greedy Night's
Deep maw full-glutted with the shame
Of all you fed her with, new blights
Of your devising, torturing flesh,
Your own and alien, cross-bedecked—
You can return with heads erect!

Though Michael, with the flail of thunder, thrash
The deadly harvest of the hate you sowed,
And winnow with the hurricane, to find
The sharpest gibe, the perfect, bitterest curse,
He shall not garner worse
Than this, from one of your own kind:
"You can return with heads erect!"

Just God! the German intellect!
Until the Day when battle-mold
Shall flower with slain; until forgotten pits
In field and town no more withhold
Their words; until, to Him that sits
As Judge above, shall rise the German name;
None shall more venomously hiss.
Upon that name than Ebert—German fame
Shall bear no darker smirch than this:
"You can return with heads erect!"

WILLIAM LAIRD.

LEAGUE OF ALLIES ENOUGH, SAYS HILL

Would Bar Germany from Partnership with Nations That Maintained the Law.

AGAINST A "SUPER-NATION"

Charles E. Hughes Attacks Growth of Bureaucracy at State Bar Association Meeting.

The New York State Bar Association began its forty-second annual meeting in the Meeting Room of the New York City Bar Association, 42 West Forty-fourth Street, yesterday afternoon, at which Charles E. Hughes, the retiring President, was the principal speaker. The annual address to the association was made at the evening session in the Grand Ballroom of the Astor by Dr. David Jayne Hill, former Ambassador to Germany. His topic was "Authority of International Law," and dealt largely with the League of Nations idea.

To be of value, he said, the league would have to be composed of treaty-keeping nations, which had proved their sense of honor in the past, and he opposed any scheme which would admit Germany to fellowship with the Allies.

"The authority of international law," said Dr. Hill, "rests on national character. We cannot change that by forming new partnerships, and particularly not by receiving into them a doubtful member, in the hope of rendering the defaulter and the embezzler an honest man by giving him an interest in a business for which we furnish most of the capital.

"I profoundly distrust the professions and the plausibilities of death-bed repentances, and also the improvements of society supposed to result from merely emotional impulses. If we are to build wisely, we shall build on the foundations of tested knowledge and experience. We shall put no trust in any 'scrap of paper,' no matter with what pious phraseology it may be inscribed, except in so far as we know that there are both strength and character behind it. We went into this war a free people. Let us come out of it a free people.

"Men talk glibly of world federation. What does it mean? It means, if it signifies anything, that this nation, with other nations, is to place itself under some kind of a central authority, with power to raise and expend taxes, to organize and command armies, to regulate the trade and commerce of the world, and upon occasion to declare war—powers which, under our national Constitution, the most far-seeing document of government ever written by the hand of man, are placed solely in the control of the responsible representatives of the people of the United States.

Our Free Institutions Adequate.

"Those powers will, I believe, never be transferred to a new nation, of which the United States would be only a parochial part; nor will they ever be subject to being overruled by the decisions of any association whatever, without the free consent of our own law-making bodies.

"We have, during the war, put to the test the strength of our free institutions, and we have found them adequate for war as well as for peace. They have been adequate, because we have never for a moment lost the conviction that we are a free people, and that we were acting in perfect freedom. Had the matter of our food been under the control of a supernational body, had our young men been ordered by an authority not American to leave their business and report for conscription to cross the sea and fight at the dictation and in the interest of a foreign people, had the occasion called for action that was in any degree doubtful to the American conscience, this people would not have made the sacrifices of life and treasure which they have gladly made with unreluctant consecration of mind and body.

"There is a limit to national, as there is to personal, responsibility. Nationally, that limit is defined by the maintenance and vindication of law. I fear the imperial sodality of great powers associated for any other purpose. No condominium has ever been freer from jealousies and friction. Even so trifling a partnership as the control of the Samoan Islands was a thorn in the side of three nations until it was dissolved. Every such condominium has ended either in quarrel or partition, or in both; and the net result is always merely deferred annexation. A partnership for equal economic opportunities among unequal nations offers the prospect of unexpected demands; which, if not granted, will lead to the accusation of bad faith.

"How, then, can we find a modus vivendi for sovereign States? How, indeed, if not in a united support of law, the recognition of their equal freedom, and their mutual obligations? Law does not require a renunciation of rights; it affirms, guarantees, and protects them. That is its very purpose and its whole significance.

"Let there be, then, a union for the maintenance of the law. Such a union now happily exists. It consists of the nations that have had the force and the courage to enter the war, in order to bring the lawbreakers to justice, and of no others. I say of no others, because a nation is of value in providing a real sanction to the authority of law only when it is ready to defend the law. A neutral nation at best only renders a passive respect to the authority of the Law of Nations. In the cause of equity it is not an asset, it is only a liability."

The Treaty Making Power.

Taking up the making of treaties, Dr. Hill said:

"Indeed, the making of treaties very narrowly escaped remaining under the Constitution, what it had been under the Confederation, an act intrusted to the legislative branch alone. It was only toward the end of the sessions that the previous method was modified.

"'It was evident,' says Ferrand, in his 'Framing of the Constitution,' 'that the convention was growing tired. The committee had recommended that the power of appointment and the making of treaties be taken from the Senate and vested in the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. With surprising unanimity and surprisingly little debate, he adds, 'these important changes were agreed to.'

"By this division of the process of treaty-making, the Executive was, in effect, charged with the duty of recommending legislation which he might find desirable and practicable, but upon which a truly legislative seal was to be placed only with the advice and consent of a lawmaking body.

"Regarding the motives for this decision, Alexander Hamilton wrote, in The Federalist: 'However proper and safe it may be in governments where the executive magistrate is an hereditary monarch, to commit to him the entire power of making treaties, it would be utterly unsafe and improper to intrust that power to an elective magistrate of four years' duration. * * * The history of human conduct does not warrant that exalted opinion of human virtue which would make it wise in a nation to commit interests of so delicate and momentous a kind as those which concern its intercourse with the rest of the world to the sole disposal of a magistrate created and circumstanced as would be the President of the United States.'

"'To have intrusted the power of making treaties to the Senate alone,' he continues, 'would have been to relinquish the benefits of the constitutional agency of the President in the conduct of foreign negotiations. * * * Though it would be imprudent to confide in him solely so important a trust, yet it cannot be doubted that his participation would materially add to the safety of the society. It must indeed be clear to a demonstration that the joint possession of the power in question, by the President and Senate, would afford a greater prospect of security than the separate possession of it by either of them.'

"The judgment of American statesmen and the results of experience have confirmed the view expressed by Hamilton. It has been the custom of the Executive, in matters of large import, to avail himself of 'the advice and consent of the Senate,' at all stages of negotiation; and, in fact, the need of negotiations on particular subjects has sometimes been first brought to the attention of the Executive by the legislative branch of the Government. Much of this exchange of views is not, however, a matter of record; for it has been in great part oral, and the nature of the questions under discussion often rendered these private conversations too delicate to be given publicity when opinion on all sides was still merely in a state of formation by the competent participants."

Hughes Attacks Bureaucracy.

Mr. Hughes, in his address in the afternoon, attacked the tendency of the Government to lodge large general powers in the hands of bureaus, which was resulting, he said, in placing the rights of men at the mercy of petty tyrants, who were able to enforce their decrees, good or bad, by threatening legal proceedings and unfavorable publicity against any who questioned or resisted a bureaucratic policy.

"In increasing measure," he said, "we are ruled not by Congress or by the Executive, not by State Legislatures or by Governors, but by department officials, whose personal will, whose favor or disfavor, measures for practical purposes the rights of American citizens. This condition is aggravated by the constant and necessary practice of giving to administrative order the sanction of the penal law.

"Disobedience to the bureaucrat is a crime and the citizen prefers to obey rather than to chance the disgrace of an indictment. For him due process of law is largely an unreality, for reputation is too dear to enable him to risk the displeasure of a bureau chief or even of a subordinate who can enforce his will by the threat of a criminal charge.

"There is not the slightest doubt that administrative agencies will have to be multiplied in order to meet the needs of public work and to enforce public rights which cannot be maintained without adequate administrative supervision. And wherever an adequate remedy is found through administrative discretion in applying rules, there is also an open door to serious abuses. Recognizing this danger, what can we do to minimize it?

"No relief can be found short of a sound public opinion with respect to administrative standards. It should be treated as axiomatic in a free Government that necessity is the only justification for the creation of administrative agencies which are virtually law-givers in their respective spheres. Each new proposal should show cause to a people instinct with the love of liberty.

Tribunals Multiplying Rapidly.

"We are at the threshold of the development of administrative law, and I believe that we shall find it increasingly necessary to separate administrators who judge—those who investigate and decide—from those who execute or prosecute. We are multiplying rapidly what are in fact tribunals of adjudication affecting most important rights. Their action upon evidence within their sphere is unreviewable; their findings of fact are final. This means that for the most part the citizen has no appeal of any kind from the decisions of the bureaus. The only safeguard is to be found in every possible guarantee of a fair hearing before those who have no interest to depart from judicial standards.

"In addition, the regularly constituted courts of justice, while recognizing their own proper sphere, and the necessity of the appropriate freedom for administrative agencies, should be keen to detect the stepping over the line of official authority. The most vicious wrong in democracy is the abuse of power—the betrayal of the people by their own agents, and the only protection from this evil, when the rights of persons and property are concerned, is to be found in courts of justice. We have, of course, a government of men—there is no other government—but we have a government of men whose duties are defined by law, and hence a government of law, and there never should be hesitancy to unmask the officer who usurps power.

"The pressure of administrative work must ultimately enforce the demand for expert administrators. The war has greatly helped in bringing to the aid of the Government, in its great need, men of skill and experience, whose aid was formerly less welcome. Ignorance supplied with the opportunities of tyranny provides a travesty of administration. Our efforts at social betterment through administrative plans are all in vain, if there is not a strong public demand for officials at once able, firm, and just."

John Lord O'Brian, who conducted most of the important prosecutions of the Department of Justice in alien enemy cases, who also spoke at the afternoon session, said:

"No other nation came through the struggle with so little disorder and with so little interference with the civil liberty of the individual. How much this was due to our remoteness from the fields of warfare, how much it was due to the instinctive habits of our people, and how much it was due to respect for positive law are now matters of conjecture. It is for the future to ascertain accurately the explanation; but no historical appraisement will leave out of its reckoning consideration of the attitude of Attorney General Gregory and his department."

The meeting will close with a dinner in the Astor tonight.

ART NOTES.

Drawings of Forain and Steinlen—Mary Prindeville's Paintings.

At the Arden Galleries until Jan. 28 the public has an opportunity to see some of the best drawings of Forain and Steinlen, those typically Parisian artists who have celebrated the manners and customs of the French capital for many years, and who, since the breaking out of the war, have loosed their remarkable talents in an unceasing bombardment of the enemy with satire, scorn, wit, rage, and merciless understanding.

The exhibition is retrospective, and we see how the caustic Forain could turn from recording the shoulders and eyes of the café and opera to registering the rebuke of the German officer to his men who have had a bad day's hunting and have brought down "not even a child!" We see how Steinlen could spend the wealth of his mental equipment on drawing cats, the temperamental cats of the Paris streets; upon celebrating the jaunty charms of Yvette Guilbert in a poster worthy of them at their best, from celebrating with equal ardor the industrious Paris workmen swarming to and from their work; and turn with a noble gesture to his war cartoons, the most impassioned, convincing, and artistically just that have come from France.

The drawings and lithographs in the exhibition come from the collection of Albert E. Gallatin, who has written for the catalogue a preface full of personal enthusiasm and sound criticism.

A pupil of Henry Golden Dearth and strongly influenced by Mr. Dearth's later manner, Mary Prindeville, whose pictures are on view until Jan. 25 at the Milch Galleries, is an artist to remember and watch with much confidence that her original talent will conquer acquired mannerisms. Even in those pictures containing most evidence that Mr. Dearth's passion for Oriental objects of art is shared by her she escapes somewhat from the mere scrupulous portraiture of Persian dishes and bibelots. Her flowers have been studied in the garden as well as in the painting room. And in her landscapes trees have character and little red houses are more than a patch of necessary color. Her pictures of "Esther," a negro woman of the paintable type, show still more of this research into nature. The plastic bronze form is carefully studied, and shows those potentialities of motion and change without which no suggestion of life can be gained. There is much that is good in all the pictures, but the good qualities fail to unite in one satisfying impression. They are lying about waiting to be made into an organic whole. That will come later.

HARBOR WORKERS SUBMIT WAGE SCALE

Unions Also Present Chart Purporting to Show Great Increase in Towing Rates.

CLASH OVER HYLAN LETTER

Capt. Maher Declares Quotations from Him in Mayor's Communication Were Untrue.

Counsel for the marine unions which tied up harbor traffic three days last week, submitted a proposed wage scale yesterday to the subcommittee of the National War Labor Board taking evidence in the controversy with the boat owners. The meeting at the City Hall was so marked by clashes of lawyers and witnesses that at the noon recess C. E. Michael, the Acting Chairman, warned both sides to forego unkind remarks.

The unions introduced a chart purporting to show that towing rates in this port had been increased from 250 to 400 per cent. since March, 1917, a few weeks before this country entered the war. Paul Bonynge, counsel for the Red Star Towing and Transportation Company, opposed the filing of the chart, because, he said, he doubted its accuracy. He was overruled and instructed to bring evidence to show that the figures were incorrect.

In his argument on the admission of this chart Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the Marine Affiliation, declared that it showed "a terrible case of profiteering against the Government" and that it was "unconscionable and unmoral" for the boat owners "to come here to try to beat down the wages of the men."

One of the many clashes came with the introduction of Mayor Hylan's letter to Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the Central Federated Union, in which the Mayor criticised James A. Maher, Vice President of the Marine Affiliation, for his alleged assertion during the strike that he did "not care how much suffering or inconvenience may come to anybody" and that "the more inconvenience and the more hardship there is inflicted on the people the better will be our chance of winning."

Captain Maher, who was on the stand, declared that "many statements in that letter are not true." He added that he had no conference with the Mayor, who had received his information "second-hand" from the Corporation Counsel, who had "twisted the facts to suit his purpose." The charge that he had opposed a humane course in the strike the witness declared to be "untrue."

Intimations of conspiracy on the part of the boat owners were made by counsel and witnesses for the union in referring to the rise in towing rates, and counsel for the Red Star Towing Company questioned Captain Maher upon the affairs of the Marine Affiliation and the seven unions composing the affiliation. At first he declined to answer questions as to the income of the affiliation, but at the afternoon session withdrew his refusal and said the only income of the affiliation came from its seven units.

In the cross-examination Mr. Bonynge elicited from Captain Maher that he was employed by the Hamburg-American Line as a tug Captain about 1904, but left that company soon after and was re-employed in October, 1914. The witness said he left the German company in January, 1917, three months before this country entered the war, and became a Captain for the Ocean Steamship Company, an American line. At this point counsel engaged in a long argument upon the admission of New Jersey court records purporting to show that Captain Maher on March 27, 1916, had pleaded non vult in the Hudson County Court of Quarter Sessions to the charge of making false election reports in the primaries and that a fine of $500 had been imposed. Official copies of other court documents were offered to show that Captain Maher had been convicted of a similar offense in 1914, but the board ruled that "this and all similar evidence shall be excluded."

When Captain Maher presented the demand for the basic eight-hour day, counsel for the boat owners asked whether the unions had any plan for supplying the extra crews necessary if boats were to be operated continuously. Captain Maher said he knew of 400 or 500 pilots who had left the service because of wages and working conditions. Pressed for the names of these men, he said he would supply them if the eight-hour day should be adopted. The wage scale proposed by the unions in comparison to that now prevailing under the award made by the New York Harbor Wage Adjustment Board last July follows:

	Present Monthly Scale.	Proposed Scale.
Captains	$140-$160	$225.00
Pilot or mate required to navigate	140	200.00
Mate on transport tug	115	150.00
Mate on freight or passenger boat, (not required to navigate)	115	150.00
Ferry Quartermaster	95	150.00
Chief engineers	130-150	225.00
Assistant engineer	120-140	200.00
Oilers	80	146.00
Firemen (1)	80	146.00
Firemen (2)	75	135.00
First deckhand	80	132.50
Second deckhand	75	127.50
Cooks	77	[illegible]
Floatmen	75	130.00

Separate schedules giving the demands of the Lighter Captains' Union were filed. They follow:

	Present Daily Wage	Proposed Wage.
Captains, (covered barges)	$3.50	$5.00
Lighters, with 10-ton hoisting gear	3.75	6.00
Lighters, 10 tons and over	4.00	6.00

All the demands include the eight-hour day, with time and one-half for overtime, Sundays and holidays, even if the worker has taken another rest day in lieu of Sunday to suit the convenience of the owner. The hearing will be resumed in the Board of Estimate room in the City Hall at 10 o'clock this morning.

PLEA FOR FREE LIGHTERAGE

Shippers Protest to Railways Against Present Charges.

A meeting of persons interested in the restoration of free lighterage in the Port of New York, as it existed before the war, was held at the Chamber of Commerce yesterday. Freight for New York was formerly delivered with lighterage included in the freight charges. Since the United States became a belligerent the owners of lighters have charged 3 cents a hundred pounds for bringing freight from New Jersey, South Brooklyn, or Queens piers to Manhattan.

The meeting was attended by representatives of the Chamber of Commerce, the Merchants' Association, the Chamber of Commerce of Queens, the New York Board of Trade and Transportation, the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, and the Produce Exchange. Alfred E. Marling, President of the Chamber, presided, and speeches were made by Julius Henry Cohen, counsel to the chamber; John F. Wallace, ex-Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins and others. Mr. Tomkins wanted the meeting to go on record as favoring a vehicular tunnel under the East River, but the suggestion was not approved. After some further discussion the following resolutions, offered by Harry A. Hanbury of the Morse Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company, were adopted:

> Resolved, That this conference of merchants, manufacturers, and shippers earnestly request the United States Railroad Administration to restore, at the Port of New York, the lighterage service, guaranteed under existing tariffs, and that a committee of five be appointed to make earnest representation to the proper Government and railroad authorities in this matter; and be it further
>
> Resolved, That the committee present a copy of these resolutions to the several chambers of commerce and trade organizations in Greater New York and ask their co-operation in securing an immediate restoration of lighterage service.

A committee will be appointed to go to Washington to do what is possible to carry out the mandate of the resolutions.

SCHRIER PAINTING IS SOLD FOR $5,500

"Arabian Horsemen" Brings Top Price at J. W. Sterling Sale —A Ziem, "Venice," $2,500.

72 PICTURES FOR $25,420

Cazin's "Elsinore" Fetches $1,625 and Cot's "The Storm" and "Springtime" $775 Each.

Modern paintings, the collection of the late John W. Sterling, sold by order of his executors at the Hotel Plaza last evening, under the auspices of the American Art Association, Thomas E. Kirby, auctioneer, brought $25,420 for the seventy-two numbers.

A Schrier, "Arabian Horsemen," No. 65, of an agreeable size, 19 by 32 inches, brought the highest price of the evening, going to Clapp & Graham for $5,500. A Ziem, "Venice," No. 64, a fête day on the canal, the Doge's Palace and the Campanile seen in the distance, brought the second highest price, $2,500, going to Lorenz, agent. A Cazin, No. 44, "Elsinore," a limpid stream, a garden wall, a narrow road, poplars, went to the Holland Galleries for $1,625.

A couple of interesting pictures of the collection were Nos. 45 and 46, "The Storm" and "Springtime," by Pierre Auguste Cot. They are the original studies of the larger paintings, the first in the Metropolitan Museum of Art and the second in the Brooklyn Museum. They are familiar pictures, much reproduced. That of the Metropolitan shows a dark-haired youth and a blond maiden, the latter robed in thin gauze, running from a storm, their arms raised, holding over their heads a piece of drapery as a protection. The Brooklyn picture shows the same youth and maiden in a swing. The originals are 2?, by 16 inches. They went last night to Herbert Day for $775 each. Following is a list of the pictures bringing the higher prices:

The Pictures and Prices.

1—The Bathers—Henner; A. Reimann	$375
?—Ready and Waiting—Charles Meissonier; Lorenz, agent	200
14—The Sentinel—Vilbert; S. S. Laird	400
?—Happy in His Own Music; Erskine Nicol; S. S. Laird	150
?—Le Repos—Paul Louis Grolleron; S. S. Laird	230
?—Evening Glow—Bruce Crane; A. Reimann	435
20—After the Bath, Jules Lefebvre; Lorenz, agent	325
27—Innocence—William Adolphe Bouguereau; Holland Galleries	320
28—The Ducal Ball—Charles Louis Mueller, Clapp & Graham	250
40—Ideal Head—Angelo Asti, Bernet, agent	310
4?—Wants to Shine—John G. Brown; Bernet, agent	450
50—Brunette—Jean Gustave Jacquet; Seaman, agent	230
54—The Cardinal's Judgment—Giuseppe Castiglione; August Flatau	210
55—An Important Occasion—Johann Hamza, (the Austrian Meissonier;) Henry Schultheis	260
56—A Game—Edward Portielje; F. A. Lawlor	420
57—Venice—Martin Rico; Bernet, agent	1,350
58—Milking Time—Julien Dupre; Henry Schultheis	190
59—Meditation—Alfred Stevens; Holland Galleries	675
61—Cows in a Stream—Louis Aime Japy; George H. Ainslie	200
6?—Evening—David Adolphe Constant Artz; A. Reimann	1,050
67—Off for the Hunt—Jean Richard Goubie; Holland Galleries	210
6?—Courtship—Madrazo; W. G. Downie	775
6?—Deep Among the Mountains in Norway—Adelsteen Normann; Seamon, agent	400
70—The Capture of a British Flag at Waterloo, (pastel)—Edouard Detaille; E. W. Band	1,000
71—The Fair Critic—Berel Karlovsky; W. G. Downie	600
72—A Ceremony of the Church—Wilhelm Ludwig Friedrich Reifstahl	135

Prices for the less important paintings ranged from $12.50 up.

BRONZE ELEPHANT, $825.

Ch'ien-lung Piece from Palace of Peking in Sale of Curtis Art.

There was a continuation of the sale of the art collection of the late Thomas E. H. Curtis, sold by the direction of F. Louise Curtis, at the Anderson Galleries yesterday. Japanese sword guards, lacquers, bronzes, &c., the returns for the day being $5,737. A Ch'ien-lung piece, from the Imperial Palace of Peking, a bronze elephant, the trappings in enamels, gold and silver, coral, turquoise, and other stones, with a large crystal ball, brought the highest price, going to J. R. Langford for $825.

A beautifully enameled incense burner from the Robert Hoe collection went to K. O'Shima for $130 a flawless rock crystal ball 3¼ inches in diameter, went to J. C. Noorian for $132; another, 3 inches in diameter, the mounting in dragon shape, went to F. R. Kaldenberg for $130; a pair of Japanese color prints, fishing scenes, by Utamaro, went to F. E. Chandler for $117; a print by Shuncho, group of girls and a man "In the Country," went to L. V. Lenox for $101; a K'ang-hsi tall porcelain vase, powdered blue, cylindrical body, went to Yamanaka for $95, and another of the same period, inverted pear shape, went to Roland Moore for $90.

The sale will be concluded this afternoon.

In Aid of Children of Frontier.

New York children are to appear in a benefit play which will be given on Saturday morning, Jan. 25, and the following afternoon, at the Punch and Judy Theatre, in aid of the the Children of the Frontier of 650 Fifth Avenue. The play is adapted from the French and is to be produced under the direction of the Misses Dorothy King and Edith Cott of Cambridge, Mass. Members of the French High Commission are to speak, also Frederic R. Coudert, who with A. F. Jaccaci started the organization in 1914.

Fine Books and Fine Bindings at Reduced Prices through January at DUTTON'S

681 Fifth Avenue, near 54th St.

The Putnam Bookstore 2 west 45th St. Just west of 5th Ave.

A visit to the store during the

January Clearance Sale

will be more than worth while. Thousands of good books in every branch of literature are being offered at surprisingly low prices, many at positive bargains.

LOVING CUP FOR C. R. MILLER

Fellow-Workers on The Times Remember Editor's 70th Birthday.

Charles R. Miller, editor in chief of THE TIMES, was 70 years old yesterday. Members of the editorial staff celebrated the event by surprising him with a silver loving cup.

At the regular editorial council, which assembles daily at 2 P. M., short addresses were made by Adolph S. Ochs, C. V. Van Anda, George McAneny, Louis Wiley, C. W. Thompson, Osmund Phillips, Edward Kingsbury, Elmer Davis, E. A. Bradford, and F. C. Mortimer. Mr. Miller's service on THE TIMES, extending over forty-five years, was highly praised.

THANKS FOR 100 NEEDIEST.

Charity Society Voices Appreciation of New York Times Campaign.

The Central Council of the Charity Organization Society at a meeting held recently heard a report on the results of the appeal of THE NEW YORK TIMES for the 100 neediest cases. The council adopted unanimously this preamble and resolution:

Whereas, For seven years THE NEW YORK TIMES has annually at the Christmas season presented to its readers an appeal for needy families under the care of the Charity Organization Society and has made this appeal so effectively that the money contributed for families cared for by this society in 1918 amounted to $25,298.68.

Resolved, That the Charity Organization Society records its appreciation of the service rendered by THE NEW YORK TIMES to the needy families whose necessities have been relieved and to generous minded persons in the City of New York and throughout the country to whom has been given an opportunity to give not only generously but wisely and effectively.

WEDS COUNT KORZYBSKI.

Mira Edgerly, American Artist, Marries Polish Soldier.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Count Alfred de Skarbek Korzybski, Polish soldier, and Mira Edgerly, American artist, were married this morning in the chambers of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Mira Edgerly is a portrait painter on ivory. Among her sitters in this country and abroad have been the late Duchess of Connaught, Princess Patricia of Connaught, Mrs. James A. Burden, the Duchess of Hamilton, Mrs. Lydig Hoyt, Mrs. Oliver Iselin, Mrs. John Sanford, Mrs. Willard Straight and Mrs. Vanderbilt Webb.

Count Korzybski is the present head of an ancient Polish family with huge estates just out of Warsaw. At the opening of the war he enlisted with the Russian Army and was sent immediately to the front. With him he took his favorite horse, a white Arabian. Shortly afterward, during a heavy barrage fire, the Count in an effort to save the valued animal slipped over a steep incline, horse and rider plunging into a rocky ravine. After his recovery from the fall it was discovered that to return to active service would be impossible, and he was sent to Petrograd to serve on the staff of Grand Duke Nicholas.

In 1916 Count Korzybski was sent to Canada as an expert on ammunition and later to the United States as recruiting officer for the Polish Army. At present he is in Washington with a number of military inventions.

The Count and his wife expect to return to Poland within a few months to enlist in the reconstruction work in that country.

HEAR TUMULTY MAY RUN.

Rumored That President's Secretary May Stand for Jersey Governor.

The report has gained currency that Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to the President, will soon announce his candidacy for Governor of New Jersey, but it has been impossible to have the report confirmed or to draw comment from Democratic politicians. The two candidates who are being considered are Senator Edwards and Congressman Thomas J. Scully of South Amboy, and it is the prevailing opinion that only in case the fight between them becomes close would Mr. Tumulty be considered as a compromise. Senator Edwards, when questioned regarding the candidacy of the President's secretary, would do no more than express high admiration for him, while ex-Governor James F. Fielder thought he would be a strong candidate in Hudson County and probably in Essex.

A committee will wait on ex-State Senator Everett Colby tomorrow to urge him to run for Governor on the Republican ticket. Major Colby, when he heard it yesterday, expressed willingness to accept the nomination if the reason for urging him was his attitude toward labor and other legislation.

PROTEST MILWAUKEE MAYOR

Officers Ask Him Not to Head Committee to Receive Troops.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 17.—A committee of army officers today requested Mayor D. W. Hoan to withdraw from the Chairmanship of the committee which will have charge of a reception tomorrow night for returned soldiers, but the Mayor declined to resign.

The Mayor was told that the feeling that had arisen since he presided over a Socialist mass meeting Sunday night which indorsed the actions of Victor Berger and others, convicted of violating the Espionage act, would make it impossible for him to welcome American soldiers.

The committee of officers left the Mayor's office declaring that if the Mayor refused to withdraw there would be no violence, but "the Mayor would not speak."

EVOLVES NEW THEORIES.

Tesla Says Wireless Waves Pass Through the Earth, Not the Air.

The forthcoming issue of The Electrical Experimenter will contain an article by Nikola Tesla, inventor, in which he takes issue with the generally accepted theories of the moon's axial rotation, the pointed lightning rod, and the passage of wireless messages through the air.

Dr. Tesla says that "the moon does rotate, not on its own, but about an axis passing through the centre of the earth, the true and only one." He says that wireless messages pass directly through the earth itself, instead of following the earth's curvature through the air, between stations of any great distance apart. He believes that some day there will be a great station that will keep the earth charged with just enough electricity to make wireless sending very simple. Disagreeing with Franklin that the pointed lightning rod makes surrounding air attractive to heavenly bolts, Dr. Tesla says that he has invented a rod with rounded surface which repels lightning.

Colonel House Sitting Up.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Colonel E. M. House, who has been ill for several days, was so much improved that he sat up today. Last night he had a half-hour conference with President Wilson, who drove to the Colonel's apartment.

After this morning's session of the Supreme Council President Wilson called on him again.

It is believed that the Colonel's physicians, as a precautionary measure, will forbid his attendance at the opening of the Peace Conference.

Army Takes Over Candy Factories.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Ten candy factories were transferred by the Y. M. C. A. to the American Expeditionary Forces today. Thirty others have been taken over by the Quartermaster Corps recently. The army will continue to manufacture jam, cookies, and candies at the forty factories.

CABINET ACTION IN SPANISH CRISIS

Government Issues a Decree Suspending Guarantees in Barcelona Province.

IN FEAR OF BOLSHEVISM

Premier Would Not Be Surprised at Anything Happening in the Disturbed Area.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Spanish Government has published a decree suspending constitutional guarantees in the province of Barcelona, according to a wireless dispatch from Madrid.

BARCELONA, Jan. 17.—Today's newspapers express the belief that the suspension of constitutional guarantees was was due to the fear that the Syndicalist Bolshevist movement was likely to culminate in the strike of 300,000 men.

MADRID, Jan. 17, (Associated Press.)—Premier Romanones, after a meeting of the Spanish Cabinet today, told the newspaper correspondents that he would not be surprised at anything which would happen in Barcelona. The Cabinet, he said, had discussed the situation in Barcelona, which was quite abnormal.

Count Romanones informed the Cabinet that the trouble at Barcelona arose from the hostility of the Nationalists to the military and the latter's refusal to tolerate Nationalist disturbances. He said he had authorized the Captain General of Barcelona to take measures to prevent collisions, because such encounters would be prejudicial in the highest degree to a solution of the Catalonian problem. The Ministers accorded the Premier a vote of confidence.

Barcelona and the province of which it is the capital have been the centre of recent agitation in favor of autonomy for Catalonia. After disturbances in Barcelona and other parts of Catalonia early in December, the Spanish Government offered to submit the demands of Catalonia to a Parliamentary committee. A Madrid dispatch on Jan. 4 reported that a commission of political leaders of Spain had decided in favor o fautonomy for Catalonia, and it was expected that the matter would be brought before the Spanish Parliament when it resumed its sessions on Jan. 20.

CAPT. F. M. GIBSON DIES.

Indian Fighter Was Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner 17 Years.

Captain Francis Marion Gibson, U. S. A., retired, for seventeen years Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner of New York City, and at one time mentioned as a candidate for Mayor of New York City by the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, died last night at his home, 318 West Eighty-fourth Street, at the age of 71 years.

Captain Gibson was born in Philadelphia and was appointed by President Johnson in 1867 a Second Lieutenant in the United States Army, and soon rose to be a Captain. He retired in 1891. Captain Gibson was first assigned to duty on the Western frontier. He became famous as an Indian scout, and he was with the Second Battalion of the Seventh United States Cavalry, under command of General Custer, when the latter was surrounded and killed, and his supporting battalion was wiped out by the Indians. Captain Gibson was among the first to go to his rescue, but the reserves arrived too late.

Captain Gibson served as Deputy Commissioner of the Street Cleaning Department from 1895 to 1912, beginning his service with the city with Colonel Waring, under the Strong administration.

When the United States entered the world war Captain Gibson offered his services to the Government and was assigned to recruiting duty in Brooklyn, where he served for more than a year.

Captain Gibson is survived by his wife, Mrs. Catherine Gibson, and daughter, Mrs. Catherine Gibson Lewis. The funeral will be held Sunday at St. Agnes' Episcopal Church, West Ninety-second Street, where a full choral service will be held. Burial will be at Arlington National Cemetery, Washington. The pallbearers will be Major Gen. Thomas Barry of the Department of the East, General William Nicholson, commander at Camp Upton, L. I.; General Edward Godfrey, General Charles F. Roe, Colonel N. S. Jarvis, Colonel Edward Brewer, Colonel Alexander Pipe, and an old companion, W. S. Sanshawe.

FLORENCE GUERNSEY DEAD.

Ex-Head of Federation of Women's Clubs Dies in a Coughing Fit.

Miss Florence Guernsey, President of the Eclectic Club and former President of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs, died yesterday morning in her apartment at 362 Riverside Drive. She had been ill of bronchitis for a week and died in a spell of coughing, which affected her heart. She was dead when her physician, Dr. Samuel Moore, of Eighty-first Street and Riverside Drive, reached her, having been summoned by her maid, Jennie Train, who had been with her for more than twenty years.

Miss Guernsey was the only daughter of the late Dr. Egbert Guernsey, who was a leading homeopathic physician of New York. For a number of years she had been prominent in club work. She was Chairman of the Board of Managers of the William H. Davis Free Industrial School for Crippled Children at the Lulu Thorley Lyons Home, at Claverack, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Rogers of Larchmont, N. Y., who are her nearest relatives, made the arrangements for the funeral, which is to be held at the Church of the Transfiguration, at Twenty-ninth Street and Madison Avenue, Monday morning, at 11 o'clock.

Capt. Buckingham Dies on Lapland.

Captain John R. Buckingham, secretary to the Chairman of the Consolidated Coal Company, 14 Wall Street, died yesterday on the Lapland while en route to New York from France, where he had been in active service.

Captain Buckingham was 40 years old and was graduated in law from the University of Maryland. He enlisted in the army when the United States entered the war and was assigned to the Ordnance Department in Washington, and four months ago was sent to France on the staff of General MacRoberts.

Chapin Taken to Sing Sing.

Charles E. Chapin, the former city editor of The Evening World, who was sentenced on Tuesday to an indeterminate term of twenty years to life on his plea of guilty to the murder of his wife, Nellie Beebe Chapin, was taken to Sing Sing Prison yesterday by Sheriff Knott. Should Chapin survive the minimum of his sentence and be released he would then be more than 80 years old, as his age was recorded as 60 years when he was arraigned before Justice Weeks in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. Chapin's mental condition, which was the subject of an inquiry by a commission in lunacy, had improved during his recent days in the Tombs, but it was said that he would probably be placed in the Sing Sing Prison hospital for several days for a study of his condition and to determine what work he is fitted to do.

Engaged to Lieut. C. E. Braine, Jr.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Miriam Maude Ellis, daughter of the Rev. and Mrs. Paul Ellis of Ledbury, Herefordshire, England, to Lieutenant Clinton Elgin Braine, Jr., U. S. N., of the battleship Wyoming, son of Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Braine of 49 West 44th Street. Lieutenant Braine was graduated from the Naval Academy at Annapolis in 1916, and has recently returned from the North Sea, where he saw service with the British Grand Fleet. He is a member of the St. Nicholas Club of this city, and the Army and Navy Club of Washington, D. C.

THRONG AT SHELDON'S BIER

Many Prominent Men Mourn the Banker and Republican Leader.

The Church of the Holy Communion, at Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street, was crowded yesterday morning with men of affairs—financial, political, professional, and industrial—for the funeral services of George R. Sheldon, banker and former Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, whose death occurred at Carbonville, Ill., Tuesday, as the result of injuries received while inspecting a coal mine at that place last week.

Among those present were two former Governors of New York, Benjamin B. Odell and Charles Evans Hughes, both of whom had been associated with Mr. Sheldon in his political as well as other activities. Others in attendance were George T. Wilson, Perry Belmont, S. Montgomery Roosevelt, R. A. C. Smith, G. B. Schley, W. M. K. Olcott, Thomas W. Lamont, and Frederick S. Von Stade. There were present ninety members of the Union League, of which Mr. Sheldon was a member and at one time President; forty delegates from the Brook Club, a dozen from the Republican Club, and smaller delegations from the Union, Harvard, Racquet, Metropolitan, and New York Yacht Clubs. There was also in attendance a group of pupils and tutors from St. Paul's School, of which Mr. Sheldon had been a trustee for many years.

The simple but impressive service of the Episcopal Church was conducted by the Rev. Dr. Henry Mottet, rector of the parish, of which Mr. Sheldon had long been a member. The chancel was filled with flowers and the coffin was covered with American Beauty roses. Following the service the body was taken to Greenwood Cemetery and placed in the family vault.

There were no honorary pallbearers. The funeral party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Sheldon, brother and sister-in-law of Mr. Sheldon; Mr. and Mrs. Richard Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel F. Murphy, the wives of the latter being Mr. Sheldon's two daughters; Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Reeve Schley, Mr. and Mrs. Bernon Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. Frazier Harrison, Mrs. A. T. Plummer, and Franklin A. Plummer.

William Dean.

William Dean, one of the oldest residents of Yonkers and the oldest member of the legal profession in that city, died in his eighty-fifth year yesterday at his home, 17 Andrews Place. He was a graduate of Columbia University in the class of 1855 and went to Yonkers in 1859 as a law associate of the late Judge William Warburton Scrugham. He made a specialty of real estate law, and for many years was legal counsellor for the Mutual Life Insurance Company. He retired from practice several years ago and devoted the latter part of his life to scientific and literary pursuits.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD GLINNEN, who was a Coroner of Brooklyn from 1910 to 1914, and active in Democratic affairs in that borough, died yesterday at his home, 64 Herbert Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 55 years. Mr. Glinnen served as Deputy Charities Commissioner of Brooklyn during the administration of Mayor Van Wyck. He was in the undertaking business as a member of John Glinnen's Sons.

Mrs. MARY R. COMSTOCK, a resident of the Hill section of Brooklyn for more than seventy years, and a member of the Board of Directors of the Brooklyn Baptist Home for the Aged, died of pneumonia on Thursday at her home, 364 Adelphi Street, Brooklyn, in her eighty-third year. She was the wife of James C. Comstock.

WILLIAM A. DOWNING, Civil War veteran and a member of Tefft O'Dell Post, No. 443, G. A. R., and of the Union Veteran Legion, No. 70, died at his home, 319 Seventy-fifth Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday.

WILLIAM FREDERICK FORD, a thirty-second degree Mason and for many years Secretary of Stuyvesant Lodge, No. 745, F. and A. M., died on Thursday at his home, 197 South Eighth Street, Brooklyn, aged 80 years. He was also a member of the Brooklyn Masonic Veterans' Association.

JAMES M. HERRING, 69 years old, a retired carpenter and builder of Brooklyn, died at his home in Woodhaven, L. I., on Thursday.

Mrs. JANE G. STEWART, widow of George S. Stewart, who was a former Justice of the Peace of Mountain Dale, N. Y., died on Thursday at the home of her son, Charles B. Campbell, 1,160 Union Street, Brooklyn, aged 71 years.

Mrs. ANN MANAL, widow of Charles Manal, who was one of the first shoe merchants of Brooklyn, and a resident of that borough for seventy-five years, died in her ninety-second year, on Wednesday at her home, 2,759 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn.

GEORGE H. WEBSTER, 73 years old, retired, died at his home, 178 Albany Avenue, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was formerly in the transportation business in New York Harbor.

PETER BURNS, for more than twenty years in the employ of the city, died on Thursday at his home, 56 Union Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 62 years. He was connected with the Surrogate's Office in Kings County and prior to that was an armorer at the old 32d Regiment Armory in Brooklyn.

The Rev. PAULINUS DORAN, C. P., is dead at Corpus Christi, Texas, where he was pastor of the Cathedral. He was 38 years old.

Miss JENNIE TAYLOR, who was active in starting the New York Home for Friendless Boys, died Thursday at her home, 422 East Eighty-second Street.

ALBERT GREENBERGER, President of Bernhard Ulmann Company, Inc., 107-113 Grand Street, died Thursday at his home, 320 West Eighty-seventh Street.

CHARLES L. MILLER, 65 years old, for 23 years a clerk in the Record Room of the Hall of Records, dropped dead of heart disease while at his work yesterday afternoon. He lived at 63 West 100th Street.

Dr. CHARLES D. KELLEY, for twenty-three years a practicing physician of Mount Vernon, N. Y., died suddenly of heart disease at his home in that place Thursday night. He was 50 years old.

WALTER DOUGLASS, for thirty years engaged in the manufacture of steam boilers in this city, died Thursday at his home, 523 West 152d Street. He was 69 years old.

Sergeant JOHN F. BAUER of Company A, 107th Regiment, United States Infantry, who died on Oct. 25 of wounds received on the battlefield in France, was a son of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Bauer, 59 Beech Street, Rutherford, N. J., and before he entered the service he was with the credit department of Rusch & Co., 287 Fourth Avenue, New York.

Judge PETER A. LAURIE, 89 years old, for thirty-six years on the Ohio Appeals bench, died yesterday in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. LUELLA E. BURDSALL, wife of Elwood Burdsall and formerly President of the Portchester (N. Y.) Women's Club, died last night at her home in that place, at the age of 51 years.

SAMUEL BAUMANN, for the last twelve years a clerk in the Post Office at Station P, the Custom House, died Thursday night of influenza at Liberty, N. Y., in the thirty-ninth year of his age. He was a son of Robert G. Baumann, 2,253 Valentine Avenue.

Colonel JAMES H. SNYDER, a veteran of the civil war, former Commander of the State Department, G. A. R., and for years Republican County Committeeman, died yesterday at his home at Troy, N. Y.

GEORGE OTTO VERGES, a member of the Porto Rican Legislature, died in Brookline, Mass., yesterday of pneumonia. He was largely interested in sugar plantations in Porto Rico and was elected to the Legislature from his native town of Arroyo.

Born.

MURPHY.—To Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Murphy of 224 East Tremont Av., Bronx, at the Women's Hospital, on Jan. 17, a daughter.

Died.

ARAPS.—Leon, aged 39, beloved husband of Anna J. Araps, (nee Abrahms,) suddenly. Papers please copy.

BASSI.—Rev. Francis Bassi, brother of Rev. Victor Bassi, Jan. 16, 1919, at Hawthorne, N. Y., 39 years of age, ordained priest for the Diocese of Dallas, Texas. Funeral will take place at St. Lucy's Church, East 104th St., Monday morning, at 10 o'clock. Dallas papers please copy.

BAUMANN.—On Jan. 16, Samuel, of Liberty, N. Y., beloved son of Robert G. and the late Nancy Baumann, (nee Buckmann.) Funeral 10 o'clock, Sunday morning, from 10 East 22d St. Burial in Union Fields Cemetery, Congregation Rodeph Sholom.

BEEKLER.—Elsie, wife of Walter Becker, at residence, 2,350 Webster Av., Bronx. Funeral services Sunday, 2 P. M., John Graham's chapel, 4,221 Park Av., near Tremont Av., Bronx.

BENNETT.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, at her residence, 92 Oates Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Jane Maine Bennett, widow of Webb Bennett, in her 87th year. Funeral private.

BERGER.—Bernt, suddenly, Jan. 16, aged 53. Funeral at his late residence, 364 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Jan. 18, 3 P. M. Interment private.

Died.

BERGER.—Jan. 16, I. Berger, beloved husband of Dora Berger, father of Jack, Morris, and Mary Scherer. Funeral from late residence, 856 Dawson St., Bronx, Sunday, Jan. 19, 10 A. M.

BOORAEM.—Rolfe Roosevelt, son of Antoinette Van Vorst and the late Hugh Toler Booraem, at Memorial Hospital, Morristown, N. J., on Jan. 16, 1919. Funeral service at St. Peter's Church, Morristown, on Saturday, Jan. 18, at 11 A. M. Train leaves Hoboken, Lackawanna Railroad, at 9:15 A. M. Newark papers please copy.

BREEN.—Jan. 16, Ruth Reid Breen, beloved wife of Eugene Lowry Breen, daughter of James and Sarah Reid, and granddaughter of the late Michael Reid, at her residence, 838 Riverside Drive. Funeral Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St., at 11 o'clock.

BURDSALL.—At Port Chester, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1919, Luella Morris, wife of Ellwood Burdsall, in the 52d year of her age. Services at the residence, on King St., second day, Monday, Jan. 20, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

COHEN.—Philip, beloved husband of Helen Gilbert, son of Sarah Cohen, brother of Abner, Florence, and Rosabelle Cohen, on Jan. 17, 1919. Funeral services on Sunday, 10 A. M. sharp, at Meyer's Chapel, 228 Lenox Av. Omit flowers.

CONNET.—John L., at Flemington, N. J., on Jan. 16, in the 71st year of his life. Funeral services at the Flemington Presbyterian Church, Monday, Jan. 20, at 11 o'clock.

CROWLEY.—Grace, daughter of James and Ellen, Jan. 17, 1919, at her residence, 1,001 Boulevard East, Weehawken, N. J. Funeral will be held Monday, Jan. 20, from St. Augustus's Church, at 10 o'clock, where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment at Holy Name Cemetery.

DEAN.—William, beloved husband of Emma Frances Bashford Dean and son of Thomas Dean of Tarrytown and Harriet Martine Dean, in his eighty-fifth year. Funeral services at his late residence, 17 St. Andrew's Place, Yonkers, N. Y., Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M.

DEMAREST.—Suddenly, on Jan. 15, Florence Seavey, wife of William T. Demarest. Funeral from her late residence, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 18, at 2:30 P. M. Autos will meet train leaving Grand Central Station 1:27 P. M.

DEZENDORF.—After a short illness, Mary, widow of Charles Warren Dezendorf, in her eightieth year. Funeral services at the home of Mrs. James Berry, Middlebush, N. J., on Sunday, 2:30 P. M. Interment at Greenwood, Monday morning.

DICKINSON.—At Corning, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1919, Edward Leslie Dickinson, husband of late Isabelle Young and father of Mrs. Willard S. Way, New York; Mrs. Andrew B. Maltby and Mrs. Curtis W. Maltby, Corning, N. Y. Funeral at Corning, N. Y., Monday afternoon, Jan. 20.

DONOVAN.—On Jan. 17, 1919, at 54 Morning Star Road, Port Richmond, S. I., Mary C., the beloved wife of Timothy F. Donovan and mother of Joseph F., Dr. F. T., Mary E., and Stephen A. Donovan. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DOUGLASS.—On Jan. 16, Walter, beloved husband of Carrie Van De Water Douglass. Services at FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., on Saturday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Interment Albany, N. Y.

FLETCHER.—At his home, 143 Sterling St., on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, George H. Fletcher, in his 32d year. Funeral services at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2:45 P. M.

FRANCESCONI.—On Jan. 17, Eliza, beloved wife of Charles Francesconi and only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jose De Souza. Funeral from the residence of her parents, 428 58th St., Brooklyn, on Monday, Jan. 20, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, 5th Av. and 59th St. Automobile cortege.

GARST.—Stuyvesant Lodge No. 745, F. and A. M. Brethren: You are hereby summoned to attend funeral services for our late brother, Fred. R. Garst, at Empire Room, Masonic Hall, 23d St. and 6th Av., on Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, at 10 A. M.
C. E. GERHOLD, Master.
C. H. PAPE, Secretary.

GARZA.—Henrietta Sanchaz, (nee Ehrlich,) beloved wife of J. S. Garza and devoted daughter of Aaron and Johanna Ehrlich. Funeral from her late residence, 520 West 139th St., on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 1:30 P. M.

GIBSON.—On Friday, Jan. 17, at his residence, 318 West 84th St., Captain Francis M. Gibson, U. S. Army. Funeral services at St. Agnes Church, Columbus Av. and 92d St., Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M. Interment Arlington Cemetery, Washington, D. C.

GITTERMAN.—Bertha, (nee Porges,) Jan. 17, 1919, beloved wife of Gustav Gitterman, devoted mother of Morton and Loretta, sister of Gustav and Carl Porges. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, at 2 P. M., from her late residence, 204 East 72d St.

GLENNEN.—Edward, beloved husband of Lillian Glennen, (nee Rossiter,) and son of the late John and Ann Glennen and brother of the late William J. Glennen, M. D., and David Glennen. Notice of funeral later.

GOGGIN.—At her residence, 18 West 16th St., Ellen, daughter of the late Patrick Goggin and Ellen Barry, Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919. Funeral on Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M.; thence to St. Joseph's Church, 6th Av. and Washington Place, where a solemn requiem mass will be said. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

GOODHEART.—James F., beloved husband of Margaret Goodheart. Funeral service at undertaking parlors, 223 Wadsworth Av., Sunday, Jan. 19, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

GREENBERGER.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, at his residence, 320 West 87th St., Albert Greenberger, in his 38th year, beloved husband of Gertrude Mannheimer, father of Alberta and Stanley. Funeral services at the Chapel of Salem Fields Cemetery, (Cypress Hills,) Sunday morning, Jan. 19, at 11 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

GUERNSEY.—Jan. 17, at her residence, 362 Riverside Drive, Florence, daughter of the late Dr. Egbert Guernsey and Sarah Lefferts Schenck Guernsey. Funeral at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St. and Madison Av., on Monday, 11 A. M. It is requested that flowers be sent direct to the church.

GUERNSEY.—The Board of Managers of the William H. Davis Free Industrial School for Crippled Children of the Lulu Thorley Lyons Home at Claverack, N. Y., announces with deep regret the death of its Chairman, Miss Florence Guernsey.

HAYES.—Mary A., beloved wife of Thomas J., on Jan. 16. Funeral from her late residence, 3,004 Perry Av., Bronx, Monday, Jan. 20, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass, Church of St. Philip of Neri, Concourse and 202d. Interment private. Omit flowers.

HILL.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, at Hartford, Conn., Robert Hill. Funeral services will be held at Central Presbyterian Church Parlors, 57th St. and Madison Av., (entrance on 57th St.,) Sunday afternoon, Jan. 19, at 2:30 o'clock.

HINCH.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Jennie, beloved wife of James P. Hinch, at her residence, 321 West 36th St. Funeral Saturday morning at 9:30 o'clock, from her late residence. Thence to St. Michael's Church.

JACQUES.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, William Jacques, aged 86 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 431 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Monday afternoon, Jan. 20, at 2 o'clock.

KELLEY.—Charles D., M. D., at 230 South 2d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Jan. 16, 1919. Funeral from the Sacred Heart Church, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 o'clock.

KELLY.—Suddenly, on Jan. 17, Dr. Thomas Kelly of 357 West 57th, beloved husband of Katherine Kelly (nee Cremin) and father of May, Thomas, and Constance Kelly. Funeral service at Paulist Fathers' Church, 60th St. and Columbus Av., Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M.

KIRCHHEIMER.—On Jan. 17, 1919, Sam, beloved husband of Hannah and brother of Lena and Clara. Funeral services Sunday, Jan. 19, from his late residence, 410 St. Nicholas Av., at 1:30 P. M.

LEVENE.—Essie, on Jan. 17, in her 42d year, beloved wife of Arthur Levene and mother of Irving. Funeral from her late residence, 49 East 104th St., Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M. Please omit flowers.

LUDWIG.—On Jan. 17, Louisa Ludwig, in her 81st year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., Monday, Jan. 20, at 10:30 A. M.

MADSEN.—Peter A., at the Nyack Hospital, Thursday evening, after a long illness. Funeral services on Sunday, 2:30 P. M., at the Masonic Temple, Nyack, N. Y.

MESSER.—At Hudson, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1919, Harriet Emma, widow of Thomas H. Messer of Yonkers, N. Y. Funeral from the residence of her brother, Fred Sultzer, 188 Woodworth Av., Yonkers, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery.

MOORE.—Jan. 15, Susan Moore. Funeral from James E. McLarney & Son., Lexington Av. and 65th St. Requiem mass St. Vincent Ferrer's Church on Saturday at 11 o'clock.

MOORE.—On Jan. 17, Matthew H. Moore, the beloved husband of Eugenia Moore, (nee Wood.) Funeral from his daughter's residence, Mrs. Loretta Kinstrey, 423 East 137th St., Monday, Jan. 20, at 10:30, thence to St. Luke's Church, East 138th St., where a requiem high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment St. Raymond's.

MULLER.—Entered into eternal life at Catskill, N. Y., on Jan. 15, 1919, Alvia L. Muller, beloved wife of J. J. Henry Muller, Jr., and daughter of Mary M. Eisele and the late Gustav Eisele. Funeral services Saturday evening, 8 o'clock, at 55 Farley Av., Newark, N. J. Interment at convenience of family.

Died.

OLIVER.—Suddenly, on Thursday, at his residence, 520 West 157th St., Manhattan, Joseph Henry, son of the late Henry and Ann Oliver, beloved brother of Mrs. Mary J. Thellusson and Honorable Daniel C. Oliver, and beloved uncle of Charles F., Joseph O., William P., Henry A., and Ann Thellusson. Notice of funeral hereafter. Kindly omit flowers.

PIEDRA.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, Jacquin H. Piedra, aged 56 years. A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at the Spanish Church, Broadway and 156th St., on Saturday, Jan. 18, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Havana papers please copy.

PILLOT.—On Jan. 16, at 116 East 56th St., of pneumonia, Gertrude Hubbard, wife of Peter Stuyvesant Pillot. Funeral private. Interment at Washington, D. C.

POWERS.—On Jan. 17, Honora V. Powers, beloved daughter of David and Ellen Powers, (nee Sullivan.) Funeral from her late residence, 409 East 135th St., Monday, Jan. 20, at 9:30; thence to St. Luke's Church, where a requiem high mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment St. Raymond's.

QUILTY.—John, at his residence, 467 West 159th St., on Jan. 17, 1919. Mass at St. Catherine's Church, Monday at 9 A. M. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

RANDALL.—Mary Elizabeth. Lying in state THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

RAVEN.—At his residence at Caldwell, N. J., on Jan. 15, Anton A. Raven, in the eighty-sixth year of his age. Funeral services at the Reformed Church on the Heights, Pierrepont St., near Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

REDERSCHEID.—At Caldwell, N. J., Thursday evening, Jan. 16, 1919, Ethel Rederscheid, in her 19th year, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y. Services at her late home, 114 Hatfield St., Sunday afternoon, Jan. 19, at 2:30 o'clock.

ROSS.—Suddenly, on Jan. 15, 1919, Gulian Ross, at his residence, 848 Carroll St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

SAALFIELD.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y.—Announcement is made with deep regret of the death of Arthur J. Saalfield (Fourth Company) on Jan. 10, 1919.
Colonel WILLARD C. FISK, President.

SHARKEY.—On Jan. 16, 1919, Thomas A., beloved husband of Sarah A. Sharkey, at his residence, 151 West 103d St. Funeral Saturday morning, 9:30. Requiem mass Ascension Church, 10:30. Fredericton (N. B.) and Philadelphia papers please copy.

SHERIDAN.—Peter P., suddenly, on Jan. 17, at his residence, 875 West 180th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SIEVEKING.—Jan. 17, after a short illness, Rose Marie Fontaine, beloved wife of Charles Sieveking of 533 West 112th St., and daughter of Mrs. Marie MacKenzie. Services at Fresh Pond Sunday, 3 P. M.

SIMON.—Moses, beloved husband of Sadie, father of Felix and Stella Schrieber, brother of Herman F. Simon, in his 59th year. The Republic Lodge No. 154, K. of P.; Justice Lodge, F. and A. M.; Amity Lodge, F. S. of I., respectfully invited. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M., at Millheiser's Funeral Parlor, 1,460 Lexington Av.

SIMON.—Republic Lodge No. 154, K. of P.: Officers and brothers of this lodge are requested to attend the funeral services of their late brother, Moses Simon, at J. Millheiser & Sons' Funeral Chapel, 1,460 Lexington Av., N. Y. C., on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M.
B. F. KAHN, K. of R. and S.

SMITH.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Lucy Josephine, widow of Sterling Smith and sister of the late General Joseph Wheeler, in her 90th year. Funeral from her late residence, 173 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 18, at 3 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

SNEVILY.—Marie H., beloved wife of Charles E., First Sergeant, Company 1, M. G. T. C., Thursday, in her 30th year. Funeral will be held Sunday from funeral parlors P. McCanna's Sons, 804 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery. Rhode Island, Massachusetts, and Providence papers please copy.

SOMMER.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, Leopold Leicht Sommer, in his 32d year, beloved husband of Gertrude Rohe. Funeral from his late residence, 315 West 97th St., on Saturday, Jan. 18, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of Holy Name, 96th St. and Amsterdam Av., where a requiem mass will be said for the repose of his soul. Interment private.

SOMMER.—At Quakertown, Penn., Jan. 13, 1919, Mary C., widow of Henry Joseph Sommer, aged 71 years. Funeral at her late home, 32 South 10th St., Quakertown, at 11 A. M., Jan. 17. Interment private.

SPENCER.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, at her residence, 211 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, Gertrude, beloved wife of Charles H. Spencer. Notice of funeral hereafter. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SPOONER.—On Jan. 16, Caroline M. Spooner, beloved wife of the late Frederick B. Spooner. Funeral from her late residence, 448 West 151st St., Sunday, Jan. 19, at 12 o'clock. Interment Greenwood.

STEWART.—Thursday, Jan. 16, Jane G. Stewart, widow of the late George S. Stewart, resident of New York and Mountain Dale, N. Y. Services at the residence of her son, Charles B. Campbell, 1,160 Union St., Brooklyn, Saturday evening, 8:30. Interment in Greenwood on Sunday.

TAYLOR.—Of pneumonia, at her residence, 122 East 82d St., Jennie McComb Taylor, daughter of the late Talbot J. and Lavinia K. Taylor of Baltimore, Md. Services at St. Bartholomew's Chapel, Park Av. and 50th St., on Saturday morning, Jan. 18, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock. Baltimore papers please copy.

TOBIN.—Ella, in her 72d year, on the 17th day of January, 1919, widow of Captain James Tobin and beloved mother of Harry A., John L., and Frank A., and of Mrs. Gertrude Armstrong. Notice of funeral hereafter.

TRACY.—On Jan. 17, John Frederick, beloved husband of Margaret Florence Fleming and son of the late Joseph Charles and Maria Antonina Tracy. Funeral services will be held at the Spanish Church, West 157th St., between Broadway and Riverside Drive, on Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

VAN DEVENTER.—At Plainfield, N. J., Mabel, on Jan. 16, 1919. Services at her late residence, Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

VON DOHLEN.—On Jan. 15, 1919, Lena von Dohlen, beloved wife of Henry von Dohlen. Funeral service at her late residence, 216 Lee Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 17, at 8 P. M. Interment private Saturday, Jan. 18, 2 P. M.

WATSON.—Abraham Augustus, suddenly, at his home, Tappan, N. Y. Funeral services Sunday, Jan. 19, 9:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

YUNGEL.—Frederick, of 21 Park Av., Port Chester, N. Y., beloved husband of Bertha W. and father of Frederick Yungel, Jr., suddenly, on Jan. 16. Funeral services from the parlors of York & Swift, 352 East 145th St., Bronx, on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

In Memoriam.

CAMPBELL AND DeBAUN.—A memorial service in loving memory of Miss Florence W. Campbell, Army Nurses' Corps, Base Hospital No. 9, France, and Private Henry DeBaun, 107th U. S. Inf., will be held Sunday, Jan. 19, at 4:30 P. M., in Presbyterian Church, Suffern, N. Y.

McKEE.—In fond memory of our dear wife and mother, Lila G. McKee, (nee Wylie,) who died Jan. 18, 1918, but still lives in our hearts.
HUSBAND AND CHILDREN.

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RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

DR. NATHAN KRASS
Lectures Sunday Mornings at 11 Promptly.
at CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE
Lexington Avenue at Fifty-fifth Street
Subject, January 19th:
"Immigration and Americanization."
A Feature:
Questions submitted in writing will be answered by Dr. Krass
FINE MUSICAL PROGRAM

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Open Letter to Chairman Will H. Hays

Jan. 16, 1919.

MR. WILL H. HAYS,
Chairman, National Republican Committee,
923 Woodward Building, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

As a political party of women voters organized to fight with our ballots the twin dangers of woman suffrage and radicalism, we beg to ask what the National Republican Committee expects to gain at the hands of the people by the contradictory resolutions passed on January 10, in favor of the Federal Suffrage Amendment and against Socialism and Bolshevism?

Surely you are aware that Socialist and Bolshevist propagandists from Petrograd to New York are preaching woman suffrage, that Morris Hillquit and the Socialists claim full credit for the suffrage victory in New York State, and that they are working ceaselessly, solidly backed by the disloyal press, to get the political weapon—the ballot—in the hands of women. How do you propose to protect our institutions if you do not safeguard the polls?

It is the Socialist party that profits by women's votes. It is the radical women who are fighting to get to the polls. The conservative women are reluctant voters. In backing woman suffrage you are playing into the hands of the Socialists. You must know that with women voting in New York, Republicans and Democrats were forced to combine in the last election in four congressional districts as the only means of protecting Congress from four Socialist members from Manhattan. While the Republican and Democratic vote was increased only 30% with women voting in New York State, the Socialist vote increased 133%, the Socialist candidate for Governor polling 121,705 votes in 1918 with women voting, as against 52,550 in 1916 without woman suffrage.

By what authority do you pledge the Republican Party to the Federal Suffrage Amendment?

There has been no National Party Convention since 1916, and it then declared for settlement by state, not national, action. It was not the Party, but the Republican candidate himself that fastened the millstone of the Federal Amendment about his own neck. It is amazing that any Republican with a memory two years old, and facing another Presidential campaign, should repeat Judge Hughes' blunder.

May we ask if the so-called Women's Republican National Committee is really a Republican Committee or a suffrage committee?

It is reported that it "plans to take up active work for the immediate passage of the Federal Suffrage Amendment by the Senate" (Suffragist, Jan. 4, 1919). This indicates that your "Women's Committee" will use the machinery (and funds) of the Republican Party as a vehicle to further votes for women, and also that your party will get the same so-called "support" from suffragists that Judge Hughes got in 1916 after his endorsement of the Amendment. Having proclaimed Judge Hughes' surrender, and featured him on the front page of their official organ wearing a votes-for-women sash, and featured in another issue the Republican elephant ridden by a woman, and waving a National Woman Suffrage banner in his trunk, suffragists appear to have abandoned the Republican candidate and his party.

These women wage only wrecking campaigns—campaigns of elimination. A candidate or party that capitulates to them merely becomes a surrendered enemy. They threaten and attack their foes and do not or cannot support their friends and victims.

The chief campaign speaker in the double-suffrage states during the last Presidential campaign took this message to the women voters:

"Now let us not be misunderstood. We are not pro-Hughes, pro-Republican, pro-Socialist, or pro-Prohibition. We are simply pro-Woman. . . . We are appealing to those women who have obtained the franchise and are asking them to hold their votes as a *whip over all parties.*"

After election the official organ of their party stated editorially:

"We were not concerned with the result of the election. Ours was a campaign in which it made no difference who was elected. We did not endorse any candidate. We did not care who won. . . . We were simply pro-Woman. . . . What we did try to do was to try to organize a protest vote against Mr. Wilson's attitude toward woman suffrage." (Suffragist, Nov. 11, 1916.)

You will recall the intensive campaign suffragists waged in double-suffrage states against President Wilson (who then stood like a rock against the amendment.) In spite of their wrecking campaign, every state, except Oregon, where women had full suffrage was carried by Mr. Wilson.

We are amazed that as Chairman of the National Republican Committee and responsible for the outcome of the campaign that you should connive at the use of the Republican Party as a suffrage tool.

You remember that it was so used by Governor Whitman in New York in 1917. The New York Sun, a Republican paper, described the New York Legislature and Governor Whitman as "roped, thrown and tied by the suffs." When Governor Whitman came before the men *and women* voters for re-election in November, he ran 180,000 behind his ticket upstate, and polled 16,000 fewer votes in New York City with women voting than in 1916 from men alone.

Recent elections, both National and State, prove one of two things: Either, suffragists cannot deliver their "Woman's Vote," or, if they do, *it is too small to count* in the whole woman electorate.

If suffragists are able to extend the field of their operations, and to "rope, throw and tie" the Republican Party throughout the country, its candidates may expect the fate of Judge Hughes and Governor Whitman.

WOMEN VOTERS' ANTI-SUFFRAGE PARTY
Co-operating with Established Parties Against Radicalism.
MARY G. KILBRETH,
Congressional Chairman
Room 809, 280 Madison Avenue, N. Y.

YOU ARE MOST CORDIALLY INVITED TO THE
INTERCHURCH EMERGENCY MEETING
IN WHICH FOURTEEN CHURCHES ARE UNITING
TO BE HELD AT
The Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church
Monday Evening, January 20th, 1919, Eight o'Clock
SPEAKERS:
BISHOP LUTHER B. WILSON
of the Methodist Episcopal Church
DR. ROBERT E. SPEER
Chairman of the General War Time Commission of the Churches
RIGHT REVEREND THEODORE IRVING REESE
Bishop Coadjutor of Southern Ohio of the Protestant Episcopal Church, presiding
AN INSPIRATIONAL MEETING
NO APPEAL FOR MONEY OR PLEDGES
Music by a United Choir from Six Churches, Fifty Voices
ORGAN RECITAL AT 7:45 P. M.

Free Synagogue
CARNEGIE HALL
57th Street and 7th Avenue
Sunday Morning, January 19th, at 10:45
HON. HENRY MORGENTHAU
President of the Free Synagogue and former Ambassador to Turkey
Will Speak on
"THE FUTURE OF TURKEY"
ALL ARE WELCOME.
Free Synagogue Forum
36 West 68th Street
Sunday, 8:15 P. M., TRAVIS H. WHITNEY, Esq., Will Speak on
"New York's Present Transportation Problem."

A Paris Commission house of high standing and vast resources wishes to represent leading American manufacturers in the French market.

Products for general usage such as textiles, metals, foodstuffs, etc., could be successfully handled. Authorized representative actually in this country would personally negotiate.

Only first-class manufacturers need apply.

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Monthly Earnings Statements

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Int'l Cigar Machine
Jones Bros. Tea
Kirby Lumber Com. & Pfd.
Lone Star Gas
Mohawk Valley
National Fuel Gas
New England Fuel Oil
N. Y. State Rys. Com.
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Com. "B"
Remington Typewriter 2nd Pfd.
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Standard Oil of California
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Texas Pacific Land Trust Ctfs.
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PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES M. SANFORD, President.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Turn Weak on Scattered Selling with Rails Steadier Than Others.

The weakness which developed among stocks yesterday caused a renewal of study of market conditions, not so much because of the extent of the declines as by reason of the fact that a recession had not been forecast by developments the day before. In some respects transactions bore the earmarks of bear pressure, coupled with scattered liquidation of speculative accounts. The quality of business on the Stock Exchange in the first half hour indicated little if any change from the irregular tendency previously noted, but this indifferent sort of trading became altered rather quickly into a retreating movement of industrial stocks which left prices at the end of the session from 1 to more than 8 points lower, with larger declines in some cases. The decline of 2 points in Consolidated Gas was chiefly explainable by the suit to annul the 80-cent gas provision on the ground that sufficient income was not obtainable under the current rate. Some of the steel and equipment issues appeared to be depressed by discussion of a slackening in demand for particular products, a discussion not unconnected with an impression obtained from Washington dispatches that railroad improvements and betterments would probably be curtailed in the near future.

Considered broadly, traders in securities, and investors as well, found considerable to ponder over in the day's news and rumors. The telegram from Washington supplied much of the material. A deduction to be made from the statement that less than half the $1,218,000,000 worth of railroad improvement had been completed was that the carriers were not hurrying through the program. Railway managers have objected to a large amount of contemplated expenditures, now that the war emergency is passed. One controversy between a railroad receiver and the Railroad Administration over an allotment of new equipment has occurred, and it is expected in some quarters that differences of opinion over outlay for betterments will come to light shortly. The revolving fund of $500,000,000 provided for the conduct of the railways under Government supervision is not far from exhaustion, and with a heavy deficit looming up for the year it was not extraordinary that talk of a movement on the part of the Railroad Administration for another increase in freight rates was heard. It may have been that the possibility of an increased income worked to stabilize railroad stocks, as they shared only to a moderate degree in the day's decline.

The mercantile agencies report reduced operations during the week at many manufacturing centres, with the offsetting favorable comment that price reductions in certain lines have gone far enough among basic commodities to arouse hopes of an early revival of operations. A slowing down of mills and factories means, of course, less employment for labor, and it is to be hoped that a renewal of buying will appear before the forces of labor are augmented largely by returning soldiers. The current gradual expansion of export inquiries is encouraging, a movement which may gain force quickly after the efforts of representatives of manufacturing interests who are going abroad are more clearly defined.

The state of the money market continues to be favorable to the output of new securities, and active work on a number of corporation issues, running to a sizable total, is being done. The feeling seems to be rather general among bankers that needed financing may safely be carried out up to March 1, or a little later, without impairing the amount of funds necessary to put through the Victory Loan. There is reason to believe that loans for foreign Governments running well into the tens of millions will be arranged for in the next two months.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	4½	High	5
Low	4	Low	4½
Renewals	4½	Renewals	5
Last	4	Last	4½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4¼@4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5@5½	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5½	Ninety days	5½@5¾
Four months	5½	Four months	5½@5¾
Five months	5½	Five months	5½
Six months	5½	Six months	5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

60 to 90 days....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months....5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	$4.75⅝	..
Cables	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	+.00⅛
Cables	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	+.00⅛

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75⅝	$4.7655
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅛	5.45⅛
5.1813	Belgium	5.62	5.60
	China—		
	Hongkong	78.25	79.50
	Peking	130.75	131.00
	Shanghai	121.75	122.00
40.20	Holland	42.25	42.50
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.36	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	53.25	53.50
	Yokohama	53.25	53.50
19.30	Spain	20.12	20.20
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.75	29.00
	Copenhagen	26.625	26.85
	Christiania	27.75	28.00
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
54.42	Rio	25.35	25.50
5.1813	Switzerland	4.80	4.62½
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	13.80	13.90
	500 rubles	13.50	13.70

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.—		—Commercial.—	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71¾	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $716,894,505; balances, $70,013,485; United States Treasury credit balance, $770,114; Federal Reserve credit balance, $45,587,208.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@89½c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	...	5.87½	...	5.87½
Spelter	...	7.65	...	7.75
Antimony	7.37½	7.62½	7.37½	7.62½
Quicksilver	$110.00	...	$110.00	...
Aluminum	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron. No. 2 X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, Spot	92	0	0	90	0	0
Copper, futures	88	0	0	80	0	0
Tin, spot	250	0	0	250	10	0
Tin, futures	245	10	0	245	10	0
Spelter	50	0	0	56	0	0
Lead	35	0	0	40	0	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JAN. 17, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	558,672	430,250	583,275
Year to date	6,156,682	9,497,653	11,767,019

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
23⅜	24	100	Advance Rumely	23½	23½	23½	23½	— ½
56	57½	300	Advance Rumely pf	58	58	57	57	—1½
71½	72½	1,300	Ajax Rubber	74	74	72	72	—1½
3⅞	4½	500	Alaska Gold Mines	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	...
2	2⅛	600	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
32	32¼	3,900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	32⅝	32⅝	31¾	32	—1
83	84	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	83	83	83	83	—1
100¼	100⅞	700	Am. Agricul. Chem	101	101	100	100	—1¼
68⅝	69	1,100	Am. Beet Sugar	70	70	68¼	68⅝	— ⅛
160	175	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf	165	165	165	165	+5
47	47¼	14,700	Am. Can	48¼	48¼	46⅝	47¼	— ⅜
89⅝	90	2,100	Am. Car & Fdry	90½	90⅝	88⅝	89⅝	— ½
43	43½	1,300	Am. Cotton Oil	44	44	43	43½	— ½
86	93	100	Am. Express	91	91	91	91	—4
16	16¼	3,600	Am. H. & Leather	16	16¼	15¾	16	+ ½
82½	83⅜	19,700	Am. H. & L. pf	82½	84⅞	81	83	+1½
41	42	200	Am. Ice	41½	41½	41½	41½	— ½
55	55½	100	Am. Ice pf	55½	55½	55½	55½	+ ½
54¼	55	900	Am. International	54⅞	54⅞	54	54⅞	— ⅞
48	48½	2,100	Am. Linseed	49	49	48	48	—1½
88⅞	90	100	Am. Linseed pf	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	...
60	60½	400	Am. Locomotive	60½	60½	60	60⅞	— ¼
101¼	102	100	Am. Locomotive pf	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	+1⅝
1⅛	1¼	1,200	Am. Malting	1⅛	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛
47	48	100	Am. Mlt. 1st pf. c. of d	48	48	48	48	+1½
71⅞	72	7,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	73⅝	73⅝	71⅞	72	—1½
83	84	1,200	Am. Steel F'dries	83⅞	83⅞	81½	83½	—1
112¾	113¼	1,000	Am. Sugar Ref	114	114	111⅝	113	— ½
115	115½	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	+ ⅝
102⅝	102¾	8,200	Am. Sumatra Tob	104	105	102	102⅞	—1½
100⅞	101¼	400	Am. Tel. & Tel	101¼	101¼	101	101	— ½
199	201	200	Am. Tobacco	201½	201½	200	200	—3½
46	46½	700	Am. Woolen	46½	46½	46	46¼	...
32	33	2,300	Am. Writing P. pf	31	33	31	33	+2¼
11½	12	100	Am. Zinc L. & S	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
58⅝	58¾	5,700	Anaconda Cop. x d	58⅝	58⅞	57⅝	57½	— ⅜
21½	22¼	1,300	Asso. Dry Goods	23½	23½	21½	21⅝	—1½
73⅞	75	200	Associated Oil	74	74	73⅞	73⅞	+ ⅜
92	93	900	Atch., Top. & S. F	93	93	92	92	—1½
86½	88¼	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	88	88	88	88	— ½
7½	8¼	100	At., Birm. & At	7½	7½	7½	7½	— ½
97½	98½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	98	98	98	98	— ½
102½	102¾	500	At. Gulf & West I	103⅛	103¼	102½	102½	—1
71⅝	71⅞	8,000	Baldwin Loco	72½	73⅞	70⅞	71⅞	— ⅞
48	48¼	1,000	Baltimore & Ohio	48½	48½	48	48	— ½
		22	Bank of Commerce	217	217	217	217	...
111	112⅞	100	Barrett Co	113	113	113	113	...
1⅛	1⅝	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	...
56⅞	58	100	Bethlehem Steel	56½	56½	56½	56½	—1
57⅝	57½	10,200	Beth. Steel, class B	58⅝	58⅝	56⅝	57½	— ½
102½	103	1,000	Beth. Steel 8% pf	103⅛	103¼	102⅝	102½	— ⅝
18⅝	19⅝	400	Booth Fisheries	19	19⅝	19	19¼	— ¼
24¼	24⅝	300	Bklyn Rapid Tran	24⅛	24⅞	24⅛	24¼	— ⅜
152½	156	400	Burns Brothers	155	155½	152½	152½	—3½
17⅛	18	600	Butte & Superior	18	18	17⅛	17⅛	—1
52⅛	52½	1,300	California Packing	53⅝	53⅝	52⅛	52⅛	— ⅛
23⅛	23⅝	2,300	California Petrol	23⅝	24⅛	23⅛	23⅛	...
68½	69	800	California Pet. pf	69¼	69⅞	68⅞	68⅞	— ½
157	158	500	Canadian Pacific	158	158	156⅝	156⅝	—1
58¼	58⅝	1,700	Central Leather Co	58½	59	58⅝	58⅝	+ ⅛
33	33¾	400	Cerro de Pasco Cop	33⅛	33¼	33⅛	33¼	...
104	105	300	Chandler Motor	105	105	104⅛	104⅛	— ⅛
55¼	56	300	Chesapeake & Ohio	55⅞	55⅞	55½	55½	— ⅝
7½	7⅞	200	Chi. Great Western	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
39	39½	900	Chi., Mil. & St. P	39	39	38⅞	39	...
70¼	71	2,530	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	70⅝	70⅞	70⅛	70¼	—1
95¼	95⅝	200	Chi. & Northwest'n	95⅞	95⅞	95½	95½	— ½
131	136	100	Chi. & Northw. pf	133	133	133	133	...
24	24¼	1,500	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	24¼	24⅜	24	24	— ⅛
77	78	200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	77½	77½	77¼	77¼	—1
65	65¼	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	65½	65½	65¼	65⅛	— ⅝
17⅝	18	1,000	Chile Copper	18	18	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅝
33⅝	33⅞	200	Chino Copper	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	...
104	107	100	Cluett, Peabody pf	105	105	105	105	+1
35¼	36	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	36	36	36	36	...
21	24	100	Col. & Southern	21½	21½	21½	21½	— ½
41¼	41⅝	900	Columbia Gas & El	42	42	41½	41½	— ½
92⅞	93¾	2,000	Consolidated Gas	94¼	94¼	91⅝	93	—2
68¼	69	100	Continental Can	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	+ ¼
59¼	60	100	Continental Insur	59½	59½	59½	59½	+ ½
48¼	48⅜	6,100	Corn Products Ref	48⅞	48⅞	48⅛	48⅛	— ⅛
102⅛	103⅞	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	...
54⅛	54⅜	76,600	Crucible Steel	57½	58	53⅝	54⅛	—3¼
25⅝	25⅞	9,900	Cuba Cane Sugar	25⅝	25⅝	24⅝	25⅞	— ⅜
76⅜	76¾	8,600	Cuba Cane S. pf	77	77	76⅜	76⅜	—1½
51⅛	51¼	8,900	Distillers' Secur	51⅝	52⅝	51¼	51⅛	+ ⅝
27½	29	100	Elk Horn Coal	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅝
16⅜	16½	2,800	Erie	16½	16½	16⅜	16⅜	...
35½	36½	200	Federal Min. & S. pf	36½	36½	36½	36½	—2
29⅝	29½	100	Gaston, W. & W	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
102½	106	100	Gen. Chemical pf	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	— ⅝
50⅝	51¾	900	General Cigar	52⅝	52⅝	51	51	—1
148⅝	150	100	General Electric	149	149	149	149	—1
123½	124¼	2,800	General Motors	125½	125½	122¼	124¼	—1½
1½	1⅝	5,100	Gen. Motors rights	1⅝	1⅝	1	1⅛	— ½
60¼	60⅞	900	Goodrich Co	61	61⅞	59⅞	60¼	—1
92½	92½	600	Great Northern pf	92⅝	92½	92¼	92¼	— ⅝
36	36½	14,600	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	37¼	37¼	35½	36	— ⅝
43½	45	200	Greene-Can. Cop	44	44	44	44	— ⅛
54½	56	300	Gulf States Steel	55	55	55	55	—2
97	98¼	600	Illinois Central	97½	97⅝	97½	97½	— ⅛
44⅛	44½	3,500	Inspiration Copper	44¼	44⅝	43½	44½	+ ⅛
5⅛	5⅝	200	Interboro Consol	5½	5½	5½	5½	— ⅛
19⅝	20	700	Interboro Con. pf	20½	20½	20½	20¼	— ⅛
113	114	100	Int. Harvester new	113	113	113	113	— ⅛
25	25¼	1,800	Int. Mer. Marine	25¼	25¼	24⅞	25	— ⅛
102¾	103	14,900	Int. Mer. Marine pf	104⅛	104⅛	102	103	—1
26⅝	26¾	4,200	Int. Nickel	26⅝	27	26¼	26¾	— ⅛
33¼	33¾	4,000	Int. Paper	32	33¼	31½	33¼	+1½
62½	63	700	Int. Paper pf., sta	62½	62⅝	62	62	+2¼
36	37	1,000	Jewel Tea	36	36¾	36	36	+2
18	19	400	Kansas City South	18	18	18	18	— ½
49	50	100	Kan. City So. pf x d	50	50	50	50	...
69	70¼	300	Kelley Spr. Tire x d	69½	70	69	69	—1½
32⅝	32½	2,500	Kennecott Copper	32½	32½	32⅛	32⅝	— ⅛
3	5	100	Keokuk & Des Mo	3	3	3	3	...
64¼	65¼	500	Lackawanna Steel	64½	64⅝	64¼	64½	...
22½	...	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	22½	22½	22	22	— ½
54⅞	55¼	400	Lehigh Valley	54⅞	55	54⅞	54⅞	— ½
44⅛	45	800	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	42⅛	44¼	42⅛	44⅛	+ ⅝
95⅛	95¼	100	Loose-W. Bis. 1st pf	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	+ ¼
163	170	200	Lorillard (P.) Co	167½	167½	167	167	—1½
118	118⅝	100	Louis. & Nash	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	— ⅛
64	65	100	Mackay Cos. pf	64	64	64	64	...
87	89½	100	Manhattan Elev	87	87	87	87	— ½
28	29	500	Maxwell Motors	28	28	27⅞	28	— ½
51	51¼	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	52	52	51	51	—1
20	21	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	20	20	20	20	— ½
63⅝	64	200	May Dept. Stores	63	63¼	63	63⅛	+ ¼
104	106	300	May Dept. St. pf	104	104	104	104	...
174	174¼	77,000	Mexican Petroleum	181½	182¼	171	174½	—6⅞
24¼	24⅝	900	Miami Copper	24⅛	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	+ ½
42½	43	2,500	Midvale Steel	43	43	42½	42½	— ⅛
24⅛	24⅞	2,500	Missouri Pacific	24⅝	24⅞	24⅛	24⅝	+ ⅛
53	53½	300	Missouri Pacific pf	53	53¼	52½	53¼	+ ¼
110	114	500	Nat. Biscuit	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	+ ¼
15¼	15½	700	Nat. Cond. & Cable	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
49½	50	1,000	Nat. Enam. & St	50⅜	50⅜	49½	50	...
68	68¼	2,300	Nat. Lead	68	68⅛	67⅝	68	+ ¼
8	8½	200	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	7½	7½	7½	7½	—1
33	33½	200	N. O., Tex. & Mex	33⅛	33½	33½	33½	— ⅝
73⅝	73⅞	2,000	N. Y. Central	73⅛	73⅞	73	73⅞	...
30¼	31	900	N. Y., N. H. & H	30⅜	30½	30¼	30¼	+ ¼
19⅝	20¼	700	N. Y., Ont. & West	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
16⅝	17	400	Norfolk Southern	17	17	16⅝	16⅝	— ½
91⅝	92¼	1,300	Northern Pacific	92¼	92¼	91⅝	91⅞	— ¼
53	54	100	Nova Scotia S. & C	55	55	55	55	— ⅛
42⅝	43	3,100	Ohio Cities Gas	43¼	43⅝	42⅞	42⅞	— ½
9⅝	9¾	6,700	Okla. Prod. & Ref	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
6	6⅝	300	Ontario Mining	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	...
35¼	35½	900	Pacific Mail	35¼	35½	35	35¼	+ ¼
69	69¼	3,420	Pan-Am. P. & T	70¼	70¼	68⅝	69	—1
44⅝	45	500	Penn. R. R	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	+ ¼
47	47½	300	People's Gas, Chi	47⅛	47½	47⅛	47½	...
57	58	100	Pere Marq. prior pf	58	58	58	58	+ ¼
30¾	32	100	Philadelphia Co	31½	31½	31½	31½	...
39⅝	40	400	Pierce-Arrow	39⅞	40	39⅝	40	+ ¼
17⅛	17⅝	4,800	Pierce Oil	18	18	17¼	17⅝	— ⅜
46⅛	46½	700	Pittsburgh Coal	46	46½	46	46⅝	— ⅝
86	86½	100	Pittsburgh Coal pf	86	86	86	86	—1
35⅝	36¼	600	Pitts. & West Va	36⅝	36⅝	36	36	— ⅞
62	63½	100	Pressed Steel Car	63	63	63	63	—1
120	121	300	Pullman Co	120¼	120⅞	120¼	120⅞	...
72¼	72¾	1,600	Railway Steel Sp	73⅝	73⅝	72	72¼	—1⅜
20⅛	20½	400	Ray Con. Copper	20⅝	20⅝	20¼	20¼	...
79⅞	80¼	3,600	Reading	80⅜	80⅜	79¼	80	...
72	72¼	2,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	72⅞	72⅝	71⅝	72	— ⅛
72½	73½	2,000	Royal Dutch t r	72½	73¼	72½	72⅝	— ⅛
12⅝	12⅞	500	St. Louis-San Fran	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	— ½
58	60	100	Savage Arms	61	61	61	61	+1½
7¼	7½	300	Saxon Motor	7⅜	7⅜	7½	7½	+ ⅛
178	180	500	Sears, Roeb. & Co	179⅞	179⅞	178	178	—2
34⅝	35	3,800	Sinclair Oil Ref	35⅛	35⅛	34½	34½	— ⅝
50	51	200	Sloss-S. Steel & I	51	51	50	50	—2
99⅞	99¼	9,500	Southern Pacific	100⅛	100⅛	98⅞	99¼	— ⅝
27⅝	28	3,600	Southern Railway	27⅝	28	27⅝	27½	— ¼
68¼	69	200	Southern Ry. pf	68¼	68¼	68⅛	68¼	— ⅛
39	39½	2,900	Strom. Carburetor	40½	40½	37⅞	39	—2½
49⅝	49¾	11,000	Studebaker Co	50⅛	50⅛	48	49⅝	—1
13⅛	13¾	100	Tenn. C. & C	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ¼
188	188¼	15,500	Texas Co	192½	192½	187	188	—8
16⅝	16⅞	4,100	Texas Co. rights	17¼	17⅛	16⅛	16⅞	— ⅝
29	29½	3,800	Texas & Pacific	30⅝	30⅝	28⅝	29⅝	—1
75⅝	76	11,300	Tobacco Products	78⅛	78⅝	75⅝	76	—2
102	104½	100	Tobacco Prod. pf	104	104	104	104	...
76	78	100	Union Bag & Paper	76	76	76	76	...
127¼	127½	1,400	Union Pacific	127½	128	127¼	127¼	— ½
72	73	800	Union Pacific pf	72½	72⅞	72½	72½	— ¼
37¼	37⅝	200	United Alloy Steel	37½	37⅝	37⅛	37⅝	+ ¼
114⅝	115	11,900	United Cigar Stores	117½	117½	114⅝	114⅝	—2½
93⅝	94⅝	100	United Drug	94	94	94	94	—1
160	164	300	United Fruit	164½	164½	163	163	—1½
42	46⅛	100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	43	43	43	43	+ ½
26¼	27	700	U. S. R. & Imp	25	26¼	25	26¼	— ⅛
99½	100	4,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	100	100	98⅝	99½	— ½
75⅝	76	5,600	U. S. Rubber	76½	76½	75	75⅝	— ⅝
43½	44¼	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	— ⅛
90⅞	91	83,400	U. S. Steel	92½	92⅝	90⅝	90⅞	—1⅛
114¼	115	300	U. S. Steel pf	115	115	114¾	114⅝	— ¼
71⅝	72¼	2,400	Utah Copper	72	72	71⅛	72	...
52	53	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	53⅛	53⅛	52⅞	52⅞	— ⅛
8	8⅛	800	Wabash	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	...
31½	31⅞	600	Wabash pf. A	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝	...
10½	11⅛	1,700	Western Maryland	11	11	10½	10½	...
18½	19	100	Western Pacific	19	19	19	19	...
88	88⅝	200	Western Union Tel	87⅞	88	87⅞	88	...
41¼	41⅝	2,000	Westingh. E. & M	41⅝	42⅛	41⅝	41⅝	...
8⅛	8½	500	Wheeling & L. E	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	...
17½	19½	100	Wheel. & L. E. pf	18	18	18	18	...
45½	46	400	White Motors	45½	45⅝	45½	45⅝	+ ...
69	70	1,300	Wilson & Co	69⅝	69⅝	69	69	—1
24⅝	24⅝	6,800	Willys-Overland	24½	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	...
88½	88½	500	Willys-Overland pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
125	127	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	126	126	126	126	+ ⅝
117	121	100	Woolworth pf	117¼	117¼	117¼	117¼	+4¼
55¼	56	100	Worthington Pump	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	— ⅛

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$5,168,234	$81,619,816
Internal rev., inc. and excess profits taxes	14,428,623	609,962,283
Miscellaneous	53,161,672	642,581,130
Miscellaneous rev'nue	9,575,023	267,336,984
Total receipts	$82,833,754	$1,601,440,217
Excess of ord. dis-b'm's over ord. rec	735,850,579	7,676,196,146
Excess of total dis-b'm's over tot'l rec	40,658,758	545,604,297
Expenditures	907,364,338	9,267,635,5[illegible]

Reserve Bank Force Increases.

The number of employes in the local Federal Reserve Bank increased in the last year from 1,000 to 2,000, it was said yesterday, and while the quarters of the bank in the Equitable Building were large enough when the bank first opened they were considerably crowded now. No plans for the bank's new quarters are in sight at the present time and it is understood that nothing will be done in the way of a new building until prices for building materials become more stable.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.79	61.51	61.60	—.29
25 industrials	83.82	81.81	82.25	—1.54
50 stocks	72.80	71.71	71.92	—.92

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 16	73.51	72.67	72.84	—.35
Jan. 16	73.40	72.94	73.19	+.06
Jan. 14	73.62	72.92	73.14	+.12
Jan. 13	73.47	72.88	73.02	—.16
Jan. 11	73.61	73.14	73.18	—.33
Jan. 10	73.91	73.20	73.51	—.27

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	71.71	Jan. 17	71.92
1918	69.09	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46	Jan. 1	84.71	Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.83	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.68	Jan. 22	60.07	Jan. 2	63.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	71.71	Jan. 17	71.92
†1918	68.37	Jan. 3	64.12	Jan. 15	66.26
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 16	64.12	Jan. 15	78.89
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	89.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.38

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.48	—.11	—1.45	+1.66

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 16	78.59	—.05	Jan. 9	78.98	..
Jan. 15	78.64	—.03	Jan. 8	78.98	+.04
Jan. 14	78.67	—.15	Jan. 7	78.94	+.18
Jan. 13	78.82	..	Jan. 6	78.83	—.11
Jan. 11	78.82	—.15	Jan. 4	78.95	—.06
Jan. 10	78.97	—.01	Jan. 3	79.01	+.16

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	78.48	Jan. 17	78.48
†1918	77.28	Jan. 3	76.78	Jan. 17	76.82
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 13	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.94

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

United Kingdom Note Payment.

At the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. it was said yesterday that the unconverted balance of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland 5½ per cent. notes, maturing Feb. 1, would be paid off in cash. At the present rate of conversions into the twenty-year British Government 5½ per cent. bond issue, it is expected that a comparatively small amount of the notes will be left outstanding at the due date.

Another Young Bank President.

Bank Presidents are growing younger. H. C. Richard, who is 33 years old, was elected President of the State Bank yesterday, to succeed his father, O. L. Richard, who was head of the bank for twenty-nine years. The new President is a year younger than Raymond E. Jones, who heads the Merchants' National Bank. Directors of the State Bank elected Albert I. Voorhis as Vice President, to succeed Arnold Kohn, who retired. John Kneisel was appointed to Mr. Voorhis's place as cashier.

Protecting Liberty Bond Sellers.

The Stock Exchange has set out to impress upon owners of Liberty bonds the fact that accumulated interest should be taken into account when a bond is sold. The Exchange authorities are persuaded that the addition of interest to the quoted price, while generally understood among bond dealers, is not broadly known among new investors in funded securities, particularly Government bonds. Complaints have come to the Exchange that unscrupulous buyers of Liberty bonds have frequently, by offering a little more than the market price, been able to profit substantially on the interest at the expense of the seller.

Crucible Steel's Operations.

The decline of 3¼ points in Crucible Steel yesterday appeared to be connected with information of reduced operations of the company. The Norwalk (Ohio) and Midland plant, near Pittsburgh, were reported to be operating at no more than 60 per cent. of capacity, with indications that other plants would shortly slow down. Cancellation of war orders is said to be the chief cause.

Railway Improvements Restricted.

Information from railroad quarters goes to show that many improvements planned by the Railroad Administration have been halted. The Pennsylvania Railroad, it is understood, has stopped work which in preliminary estimates called for the outlay of about $10,000,000. The Government apparently has decided to reduce expenses which were originally contemplated under the war emergency and are not now believed to be essential, in view of current high costs.

Cuba Cane Financing.

After a day of rumors, it was said last night in authoritative quarters that Directors of the Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation had met and decided to finance the company's floating debt of approximately $12,000,000 through the authorization and subsequent issuance and sale of a substantial amount of long-term bonds. This means that the company will have to create a mortgage and that an actual offering of the bonds will not be made until the mortgage is authorized by the stockholders. A Director of the company denied the rumor that between the time of the authorization and offering of bonds there would be a short-term note floated.

Yesterday's Selling.

The selling pressure which developed in the early trading yesterday in the stock market was received by the Street as a bona fide bear raid before the movement had obtained its full momentum. One large operator whose market actions are usually spectacular was reported to have sold more than 50,000 shares of stock, which were distributed generally but concentrated for a part of the issues which have recently moved forward. Another interpretation of the early selling pressure was found in the rumor that brokers have been warned about their loans and were selling to even up.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Commenting on the condition of business in the last week, Dun's Review says that buyers are still disposed to purchase so as to meet only their current requirements until the various markets are readjusted to a less inflated position. The review says in part:

The existing irregularities and uncertainties in business, sharply defined in leading branches, are a natural concomitant of the economic transition which is now in progress. That in some directions the lull in activities has become more conspicuous, especially in the larger industrial centres, is a not unforeseen occurrence, but is only what was anticipated with the war's ending relaxing the great pressure on both producing and distributing facilities.

With many Government contracts already canceled, and others steadily expiring, there has not yet appeared a sufficiently broad development of strictly commercial demands to act as a full offset, and various manufacturing establishments are running under reduced capacity, with idle machinery and labor resulting. The present check, however, is not a sign that important requirements are absent, or that faith in the future is lacking, but is chiefly the outgrowth of buyers' disposition to await more favorable prices and to limit operations mainly to immediate needs while the markets are being readjusted to a less inflated position.

Bradstreet's says:

Wholesale and jobbing trade is quiet, but probably no more so than a week ago, there being rather more life at some large primary markets, balanced by a slowing down movement West and South. There is more talk of going slow at the latter centres and of country buyers ordering simply necessities and staples, but it is notable that retail trade, despite very mild mid-Winter weather, is fully as active as last week, and collections, except at Southern points where cotton holding affects settlements, are nearly as good as shown in last week's exceptionally fine report.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JAN. 17, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$10,699,500	$3,624,000	$5,200,000
Year to date	149,270,500	62,986,000	86,318,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
60....99.16
46....99.12
5....99.06
20....99.10
25....99.08
6....99.06
2....99.08
25....99.12
7....99.10
50....99.12
119....99.16
10....99.14
4....99.16
16....99.18
4....99.12
25....99.16
2....99.12
11....99.16
4....99.12
6....99.16
10....99.14
15....99.18
2....99.12
4....99.18
$485,000 1st conv 4s, 1932-'47
10....94.02
1....94.04
2....94.00
8....94.02
$16,000 2d 4s, '27-'42
46....93.90
20....93.70
5....93.80
35....93.84
2....93.80
6....93.76
11....93.86
15....93.80
89....93.72
20....93.80
7....93.86
1....93.72
2....93.80
2....93.62
1....93.60
1....93.66
21....93.78
15....93.70
18....93.68
2....93.64
1....93.60
8....93.64
10....93.76
12....93.62
1....93.60
1....93.84
5....93.68
108....93.70
$412,000 1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47
20....96.24
18....96.20
2....96.12
1....96.12
18....96.16
11....96.12
6....96.20
19....96.12
48....96.10
8....96.12
16....96.10
5....96.04
$157,000 2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42
58....95.00
44....95.02
60....95.00
6....94.80
154....95.00
50....95.04
10....95.02
21....95.00
1....95.04
55....95.02
1....95.00
1....94.98
2....95.00
40....95.02
33....95.00
32....95.04
65....95.04
1....95.00
40....95.02
15....95.04
1....95.02
1....95.00
15....95.06
6....95.02
25....95.00
42....95.08
33....95.04
15....95.00
20....95.08
15....95.06
1....95.02
1....95.04
60....95.06
8....95.04
45....95.06
1....95.02
40....95.04
50....95.06
$1,050,000 3d 4¼s, 1928
240....96.00
150....96.02
150....96.00
83....96.02
1....95.98
11....96.00
261....96.02
78....96.00
121....96.02
119....96.04
26....96.04
5....96.02
85....96.04
65....96.06
20....96.04
40....96.06
2....96.00
6....96.04
1....96.02
79....96.04
25....96.06
21....96.04
15....96.06
8....96.06
4....96.06
2....96.04
5....96.06
16....96.04
6....96.02
20....96.06
20....96.08
1....96.02
15....96.04
15....96.06
25....96.04
60....96.08
1....96.02
7....96.01
50....96.10
20....96.06
1....96.06
66....96.08
10....96.06
40....96.04
15....96.10
25....96.08
2....96.02
50....96.06
2....96.08
1....96.02
22....96.04
2....96.06
15....96.08
18....96.06
34....96.04
15....96.02
10....96.04
18....96.06
20....96.04
8....96.02
20....96.06
16....96.02
20....96.04
5....96.06
9....96.02
8....96.00
50....96.06
$2,825,000 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
130....95.00
5....94.98
4....94.98
46....95.00
42....94.96
165....95.00
18....94.98
4....95.00
5....94.96
15....95.02
80....95.00
11....94.98
9....94.98
80....95.00
4....94.98
17....94.96
20....95.00
1....95.04
18....95.00
7....95.02
10....95.00
18....95.02
6....95.00
10....95.02
71....95.00
88....95.02
2....95.04
70....95.00
15....95.02
150....95.00
4....95.00
30....95.04
51....95.00
4....94.96
15....95.00
25....94.98
25....95.00
30....94.98
20....95.02
20....95.00
25....95.02
10....95.00
45....95.02
8....95.04
50....95.02
5....95.04
10....95.02
87....95.00
5....95.04
44....95.00
35....95.00
15....95.02
42....95.04
10....95.02
52....95.00
48....95.02
85....95.04
8....95.02
1....95.04
18....95.00
2....95.02
8....95.00
144....95.02
40....95.04
48....95.00
4....95.04
17....95.02
16....95.00
60....95.04
$2,146,000 AmForSec5s
15....99⅝
10s8f....99⅝
5 c....99⅝
5....99⅝
Anglo-Fr 5s
300....97¼
2....97¼
166....97⅛
5....97⅛
56....97⅛
22....97⅛
298....97¼
50....97⅛
12....97⅛
CityofBordeGs
18....100⅛
CityofLyons6s
14....100⅛
CityofMars6s
22....100½
CityofParis6s
6....98⅞
50....98⅞
16....98⅞
1....98⅞
2....99
DomofCan5s, 1921
13....98
1926
4....97½
2....97⅝
1931
5....97⅝
1....97⅝
FrenchGov5½s
100....104
52....104⅛
2....104⅛
44....104⅛
2....104⅛
117....104⅛
46....104⅛
287....104
62....103⅞
UnKofGtBr&Ire5½s,1919
187....100
2....100⅛
47....100
new
9....100⅛
11....100⅛
9....100⅛
1....100
3....100⅛
80....100⅛
4....100
5½s, 1921
65....98⅛
80....98⅛
46....98⅛
5½s, 1937
91....100⅝
NYCanal 4s, 1961
1....97½
NYCty4s,1959
2....91½
NYCity4½s, Nov, 1957
1....101
1963
1....100⅝
1965
1....101
NYCity 4¼s 1964
3....96½
AS&R temp 1st 5s
1....92½
AT&T col 4s
1....84⅝
col tr 5s
3....93⅛
1....93⅛
4....93⅛
conv 6s
10....101⅛
3....101⅛
2....101⅛
20....101⅛
8....101⅛
4....101⅛
3....101⅛
9....101⅛
5....101⅛
AmTob 6s
3....119
AmWrP 5s
4....90½
Tr Co ctfs
1....86
Arm&Co4½s
1....88⅛
A,T&SFgis
11....84¾
23....84⅝
2....84¼
conv 4s, 1960
5....96½
AOL,L&N6s
5....78⅜
B&Ocv 4½s
2....77⅞
8....78
25....77⅝
BethSt ext 5s
1....95½
pur mon 5s
8....81⅝
BrCop s f 6s
239....96
BRT gold 5s
10....72
1....72½
7s, 1921
9....82⅞
8....81
CG&E 5s
1....96¾
Cen Leath 5s
4....96¼
4....96⅜
registered
1....96⅛
CofNJ gen 5s
3....105
C&O con 5s
1....99
conv 4½s
2....79⅝
C,B&Q gen 4s
6....82⅛
3....82⅛
C,B&Q jt 4s
1....95⅛
2....95⅛
6....95⅛
18....95⅛
Iowa div 5s
3....98⅝
O G W 4s
1....61
5....61⅛
C,M&SP gen 4s, Ser A
1....75
conv 4½s
5....79
1....79⅛
refund 4½s
14....71⅛
5....71
14....70⅞
3....70⅛
C&NW gen 5s
3....100⅛
ChiRys 5s
3....80⅛
C,RI&P ref 4s
2....74⅛
1....75
5....74⅜
2....75
1....74⅞
7....74⅝
C&WI con 4s
3....63⅝
Chile Cop 7s
1....108⅛
cv 6s, rcts pt pd, ext'd
10....84
col tr 6s
12....83⅛
Col Ind 6s
2....77⅛
C&Sr&ex4½s
1....78⅛
ConGas cv 6s
6....101⅛
10....101⅛
2....101⅛
D&RG con 4s
4....70
DetURy c4½s
1....73⅛
DisSCor5s
6....90⅛
Erie 1st g 4s
6....54
1....53⅛
cv 4s, Ser A
3....48½
1....48
Ser B
3....48
Ser D
6....51⅛
2....51
Erie&J s f 6s
1....101
Gen El deb 5s
1....98⅝
H&M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
1....58⅛
1....58⅛
1....57⅝
3....57⅝
3....58
1....58⅜
adj inc 5s
6....17⅛
1....17⅛
1....17⅛
14....17
IndSteel 5s
2....96⅛
Ill Steel 4½s
1....82⅛
1....82
Int-M 4½s
2....40⅛
1....41
16....40⅝
1....40⅜
7....40⅜
10....40⅜
IRT1st&ref5s
10....70½
10....70⅝
51....70⅝
5....70⅞
6....70⅝
26....70
2....70⅛
5....70⅝
KC,FtS&M4s
2....74⅛
LacGLof St L 1st 5s
1....99⅛
LS&MS4s,'31
4....88⅛
LehVal c t 6s, temp rects
1....102⅛
10....102⅛
Lig&Mey 5s
10....93⅛
L&N,PA&6s
1....101⅝
MidSt c t 5s
1....87⅛
2....87⅛
14....87⅛
M,K&T1st 4s
1....65½
MoPac 1st&ref 5s, 1926
8....91⅝
gen 4s
6....61
10....60⅝
20....60⅛
1....60⅛
11....61
11....60⅛
5....60⅝
18....61
MPow5s,SerA
6....92⅛
2....93
3....93⅛
N,C&SL 1st con 5s
1....100
NYABist5s
1....99⅛
NYCdeb6s
3....98⅝
1....98⅝
12....98⅝
11....98⅝
1....98⅝
gen 3½s
2....71⅛
1....71⅛
NYC&SL1st 4s
1....82
NYG,ELH&P col tr 5s
3....82⅝
1....82⅛
1....82⅛
3....82
NY,L&W cns5s
1....95⅛
NY,NH&H cv deb 6s
1....85⅛
NYRysref4s
10....43
4....42⅛
10....42⅝
5....43
6....43⅛
6....43⅛
4....43⅛
adj 5s
11....13⅛
2....13⅛
55....14
N Y Tel 4½s
5....80⅝
NY,W&B4½s
1....52¼
NorfSolst ref 5s, Ser A
1....66⅛
Norf&Wconv 6s, w i
22....107
6....106⅝
Oreg&Clst5s
3....96
OrR&Ncon4s
2....85
PacGas&E5s
10....87⅝
1....87⅛
10....87⅛
PRRgen4½s
5....89
gen5s,temcfs
45....97⅛
50....97⅛
5....97⅛
43....97⅛
26....97⅛
80....97⅛
10....97⅛
PRRcon4½s
1....95⅛
4....95
PennCogtd4s, Ser E
1....87
Peo&E1st4s
2....86
PereMar1st4s
5....71⅛
PierceOil6s, 1920
5....101⅛
1924
3....92⅛
3....92⅛
PubServCorp s f 5s
4....78⅛
StL&SFprior ln 4s, Ser A
3....62
prin5s,Ser B
2....78
income 6s
5....44
2....45⅛
St L S W 1st term 5s
5....58⅛
StP&Dul 1st 5s
1....98⅛
StP&KanCity SLine1st4½s
3....71
StPaul,M&M, Mon Cent 5s
1....99⅛
SeabALadj5s
4....51⅛
SinclairOil&R 1st s f 7s
11....96⅛
with war
1....99⅝
1....100
So Pac cv 4s
15....84⅛
4....84⅛
1....84⅛
conv 5s
1....102⅛
22....102⅛
3....102⅛
1st ref 4s
7....82⅛
5....82⅛
SanFrTer4s
12....78⅛
So Ry 1st 5s
5....95⅛
5....95
2....95⅛
4....95
10....95⅛
gen 4s
1....67⅛
10....67⅛
4....67⅛
5....67⅛
1....67⅛
Term Asso of St L 1st 4½s
1....91⅛
ThirdAvref4s
1....52¼
adj 5s
1....30
6....29⅛
6....29⅛
10....30
Tol&OhioCent West div 5s
1....87
Tol,StL&W4s
2....49
Un Pac 1st 4s
26....88⅛
1st & ref 4s
1....80⅛
2....80⅛
Union Pac 6s
2....104⅛
1....104⅛
2....104⅛
USR&Imp5s
10....62⅛
18....62
5....61⅝
5....62
1....61⅛
U S Rubber 7s
6....103
1st & ref 5s
1....87
1....86⅝
5....87
4....86⅝
2....86⅝
4....86⅝
USSm,Ref&M conv6%notes
1....100
USSteelCorp s f 5s
2....100
2....100⅛
17....100⅛
6....100
2....100⅛
registered
2⅛....99⅛
UtahPr&Lt5s
1....89
1....89⅛
VirgnRy1st5s
4....96⅛
West Md 4s
5....58⅛
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
6....97⅛
1....97⅛
1....97⅛
6....97⅛
Wis Cent S&D div&term4s
1....72⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

FOREIGN ISSUES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Foreign Sec. 5s	99⅛	99⅝
Anglo French 5s	97⅛	97¼
Argentine 6s	90	93
Dom of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅞	98
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96⅝	97⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅞
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	87	93
Chinese Government 5s	71	72
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	92	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	89⅛	90⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82	83
Dominican Republic 5s	92	..
French Republic 5½s	103⅞	104
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Lyons 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	99
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87	88¼
Japanese 4s	73	75
City of Tokio 5s	82	83
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅛	98⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100	100⅛
United States of Mexico 5s	68	70
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55
Russian Rente 4s	100	160

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 2s, reg	97½	98⅛
United States 2s, coupon	97½	98⅛
United States 3s, reg	88	91⅛
United States 3s, coupon	88	91⅛
United States 4s, reg	104¼	104⅝
United States 4s, coupon	104¼	...
Panama 2s, 1936, reg	97	98
Panama 2s, 1936, coupon	97	98
Panama 2s, 1938, reg	97	98
Panama 2s, 1938, coupon	97	98
Panama 3s, reg	89	92
Panama 3s, coupon	89	92
Philadelphia 4s, 1934	89	93½
Philadelphia 4s, 1935	89	96
Philadelphia 4s, 1936	89	96
District of Columbia 3-65s	95	98

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp	48	49½
Alis & W	97½	..
Am Ag Ch pf	97	98½
Am B N	82½	85
Do pf	43	48
Am B Sug pf	85	89
Am Can pf	100	101½
Am C & F pf	113	114
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf	88	90
Am Shipb	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	92	93¼
Am S & R pf	106½	108
Am Snuff	112	126
Do pf	95	101
Am S Tob pf	92	97
Am T & C	55	70
Am Tob pf	101¼	103
Am W pf	95	95¼
Am Z pf	42¼	43½
Assets R	1	1⅛
Asso D G 1st pf	68	75
Do 2d pf	60	..
A G & W I pf	66½	67½
Bald Lo pf	102	107
B & O pf	55¼	56
B'ch Cr'k	80½	..
Beth S 7% pf	98	100
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh	66	70
Do pf	97	100
Bruns Ter	10	10½
B, R & P	68	72½
Do pf	90	107
Bush Ter	..	87
Burns Bros pf	110	115
R G & Z	6⅛	6½
But'k Co	17	17½
Cal & Ar	59	60½
Cah Sc	..	50
Case (J I) pf	91½	93¼
Cent Fdy	17	23
Do pf	31⅛	34
Cent L pf	105⅛	106
C R R of N J	209	230
C & S A T	117	118
C'tain-teed	..	38
Do 1st pf	82½	..
Chi & Alt	6⅛	10⅛
Do pf	..	12
Chi Gt W pf	24	24½
Chi, St P, M & Om	78	82
Do pf	105	120
C, C, C & St L	33	36½
Do pf	62½	75
Cl & Pitts	69½	80
Do spec	38	..
Clu-Peab	64½	70
C & S 1st pf	48	50
Do 2d pf	41½	46
Comp T R	36¾	38¼
C I O M	83	..
Cont C pf	104⅛	107
Crex Carp	47	55
Cruc S pf	91	94
C-Am Sug	150	160
D & Co pf	95	96½
Del & H	102⅝	105
D, L & W	173	178
D & R G	5⅛	5
Do pf	6⅞	7
Det & M	..	85
Do pf	..	110
Det Ed	110	117½
Det U Ry	81	98
Dome M	12	12½
D S S & A	3	8½
Do pf	5	7
Elec S B	50	55
Elk H Coal pf	..	47
Erie 1st pf	27⅛	27½
Do 2d pf	19⅝	20
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	10	11
Fisher Bdy	36½	43
Do pf	92½	93⅛
Gen Chem	169	175
Gen Cig pf	100	106
Gen M pf	82½	85
G'drich pf	101	103⅛
Granby C ex div	77	78
G M & N	7	9
Do pf	30	35
Gulf S S 1st pf	94	99½
Hartman	54½	60
Hask & B	43	44½
Hock Val	74	..
Homestake	94	98
Int Agric	13	15½
Do pf	55	56
Int H pf	115	..
Int N pf	95	..
Int Pa pf	75	95
Int Salt	52	62
Iowa Cent	3	4
Jewel Tea pf	89½	91
K C, Ft S & M pf	59	..
Kelly S T pf	90	100
Kelsey Wh	30	35
Do pf	90	101
K & D M pf	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P	87	98
Kresge (SS)	105	..
Do pf	106	..
Kress (S H)	59	67½
Do pf	105	..
Lacl Gas	85	88
L E & W	8⅛	9¼
Do pf	18½	20
Ligg & M	205	220
Do pf	109	109⅜
L-W B 2d pf	94	97⅛
Lorill'd Co pf	109	110
M'kay Cos	69	72¼
Man B'ch	%	3
Man El S	..	44
Man Shirt	67	75
Marlin R	71	80
Math Alk	..	43½
Mex Pet pf	102½	..
Mich Cent	85½	96
M & St L	10	10½
M, St P & S S M	88	90
Do pf	100	108
Do l l	60	75
M, K & T	5	5⅛
Do pf	8½	10
Mon Pow	70⅝	74
Do pf	104	..
Mor & Es	71½	79
N, C & St L	110	120
Nat Acme	30⅝	31
Nat R pf	116	120
Nat C & S	72	78
Do pf	103½	104
Nat En pf	95½	99
Nat L pf	108	..
Nev Con C	16½	16⅞
N Y A B	104	100
N Y, O & St L	29	50
Do 1st pf	60⅛	66
Do 2d pf	42	47
N Y Dock	25	25½
Do pf	40	47
N Y, L & West	92½	100
Norf & W	105½	108
Do pf	72½	74
North Am	47	48
Nor Cent	67	..
Ohio F S	43	44½
Owens B M	47½	48½
Do pf	104	109
Pac Coast	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf	55	80
P T & Tel	19½	22¼
Pan-Am P & T pf	120	125
Peo & E	4⅛	6
Pere Marq	12⅛	13⅛
Do pf	40	43
Pett-Mull	25	45
Do 1st pf	94	100
Pierce-A pf	101½	102½
P, C, C & St L	46	50
P, Ft W & C	133½	138
Pitts S pf	90⅛	94
P & W Va pf	80	81½
Pond C C	13	13¼
Pr Stl Car pf	99	104
P S, N J	91	..
R R Sec I C stk cfs	..	79
Ry Stl Spr pf	102	107
Rdg 1st pf	37½	38¼
Do 2d pf	37⅝	39
Rep I & S pf	100	101
St L S F pf	23	27
St L S W	18⅛	22¼
Do pf	30	31
Seab A L	8	8⅛
Do pf	16⅛	16⅝
Sears-R pf	115	125
Shat Aris	13	13⅛
S-S S & I pf	87	92
So P R S	135	138
Do pf	106	108½
St'd Mill	124	134
Do pf	88	89⅝
Studeb Co pf	92½	95
Stutz Mtr	49	50
Sup Steel	33	34
Do pf	95	101
T P L Tr	200	230
Third Av	14	15
Tide W O	219	220
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs	..	6
Do pf	10	20
Do pf c	10	12
Tran & W	37½	38
T C R T	23	39
Do pf	70	125
Und Type	117	135
Do pf	110	..
Un Cig Sts pf	116	125
U Drug 1st pf	51½	53
Do 2d pf	91	95
U Dyew'd	58	61
Do pf	90	95
U Rys Inv	7½	8
Do pf	15⅛	17
U S C I P	14	15
U S Exp	17	18
U S Ind A pf	100	103
U S R 1st pf	109½	109⅝
U S Smelt	45	45⅛
Utah Sec	14	14⅛
Va-Car Ch pf	111	113⅛
Va I C & Coke	57½	62
Va R & P	..	48
Wab pf B	19⅛	21
W F Exp	66	73½
W Md 2d pf	28	30
W Pac pf	58	60
W E & M 1st pf	60	65
Wilson pf	95	99
Wis Cent	50	54
Wor Pump pf A	88	90
Do pf B	66	67½

TO PUSH FOREIGN TRADE.

New Export Organization Formed by General Electric Company.

The International General Electric Company has been incorporated under the laws of this State with a capital of $20,000,000, of which $10,000,000 is in 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock and the remainder in common stock, all of which has been paid in and will be held by the General Electric Company, for which the new concern will handle an export business.

The General Electric Company has for a long time had wide affiliations in foreign countries and proposes to expand even further in the quest for foreign trade by the formation of the export concern. The company has interests in South America and a number of European countries, including Russia.

The officers are: Charles Neave, Chairman of the board; Gerard Swope, Vice President. The Directors are: Gordon Abbott, A. W. Burchard, C. A. Coffin, George P. Gardner, J. R. Lovejoy, S. Z. Mitchell, G. F. Morrison, Charles Neave, E. W. Rice, Jr., Gerard Swope, and O. D. Young.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company to be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on Saturday the 25th day of January, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:

(a) To authorize the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company to negotiate and cause to be executed and delivered such contract with the President of the United States, the Director General of Railroads, or such other person as the President may direct, as said Board or said Executive Committee shall deem expedient, relating to the compensation to be paid for the possession, use and control of the railroad and system of transportation and appurtenances thereof of the Company, the operation, maintenance and return thereof, and to any other matter connected with or growing out of the taking over by the President of said properties; to alter, amend or add to such contract, by mutual consent to be signified on behalf of the Company by vote of its Board of Directors or Executive Committee; to collect the aggregate compensation to be paid under such contract; and generally to take such action as said Board of Committee shall deem necessary to secure, either by such contract or otherwise, adequate compensation for, and proper maintenance and a timely return of, the property so taken over;

(b) To consent to, approve and authorize the creation and issue of mortgage bonds of the Company to be limited to a principal amount, in United States Gold Coin, of not exceeding $50,000,000 at any one time outstanding; such bonds to mature at such date or dates, to bear interest from such date or dates and at such rate or rates, to be issuable for such purposes and in such denominations, and to be in such form and to contain such terms and provisions, including provision for conversion of any or all such bonds into stock of the Company, as the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company may determine;

(c) To consent to, approve and authorize the execution and delivery, to secure such bonds, of a mortgage and deed of trust on and of all or any part of the railroads, equipment, franchises and property, including corporate stocks and obligations, owned by the Company at the date of the execution and delivery of such mortgage and deed of trust or at any time thereafter acquired by it;

(d) To approve, or to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company in its discretion to determine, the form and terms of such mortgage and deed of trust, and the property of the Company to be embraced therein;

(e) To ratify and confirm, and to authorize and consent to, any action theretofore taken or authorized by said Board of Directors or by the Executive Committee, of the Company, which may be submitted to the meeting, whether for the purposes of, or in connection with, or in contemplation of, any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise;

(f) To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed for the meeting on Thursday the 26th day of December, 1918, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Monday, the 27th day of January, 1919, at ten o'clock A. M.

Dated, Columbus, Ohio, December 10th, 1918.

By order of the Board of Directors,
A. TREVVETT, Secretary.

THE
Citizens National Bank
OF NEW YORK

New York, January 17, 1919.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, held January 14th, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Charles L. Bernheimer
Henry A. Caesar
Howard F. Clark
Garrard Comly
Ralph L. Cutter
Otto L. Dommerich
Frederic W. Elliott
John A. Garver
William S. Gray
Robert B. Hirsch
Darwin P. Kingsley
Walton F. Kingsley
Augustus F. Libby
William Fellowes Morgan
Charles Allen Munn
Frank Presbrey
Edwin S. Schenck

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, Mr. Edwin S. Schenck was unanimously re-elected President; Mr. Garrard Comly was unanimously elected First Vice President; Mr. Albion K. Chapman was re-appointed Cashier; Messrs. Jesse K. Smith, James McAllister, William M. Haines and Clifford B. Dunham, Assistant Cashiers, and Mr. Robert B. Raymond was appointed Manager Foreign Department.

ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

THE STATE BANK,
376-378 Grand Street,
New York, January 17, 1919.

At the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, held on the 14th inst., the following named gentlemen were duly elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Oscar L. Richard	Harold C. Richard
Arnold Kohn	Albert I. Voorhis
Lucius N. Littauer	John Kneisel
Harry W. Vogel	William B. Roth
Walter T. Kohn	Sol. Wexler
Robert H. Mainzer	M. H. Mann
Walter L. Burckett	W. L. Ball
Michael Tuch	

At the Meeting of the Directors, held January 17th, 1919, the following Officers were unanimously elected, viz:

Harold C. Richard, President;
Albert I. Voorhis, Vice President.

The following Officers were appointed:—
Walter L. Burckett, Vice President;
John Kneisel, Cashier;
Charles A. Smith and Frank A. Pappe, Assistant Cashiers.
Chester A. Woodworth was appointed Auditor.

JOHN KNEISEL, Cashier.

FOUNDED 1803

The Merchants National Bank of the City of New York

New York City, Jan. 16, 1919.

At the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, held the 14th instant, the following Directors were elected for the ensuing year:

J. E. Aldred	Minor C. Keith
Nicholas F. Brady	Arthur G. Meyer
Theodore E. Burton	William F. Ne[illegible]
Arthur V. Davis	Charles E. Potts
Eberhard Faber	Carl F. Sturhahn
Raymond E. Jones	George Zabriskie

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of this Bank held this day, Mr. Raymond E. Jones was unanimously elected President of the Bank, succeeding Mr. Theodore E. Burton, who was at the same meeting unanimously elected Chairman of the Board of Directors.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, Room No. 2001, Heckscher Building, No. 50 East 42nd Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, New York, on the 1st day of February, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing three directors for the ensuing year and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, January 15th, 1919.
NILS JOHANESON, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE copartnership, ISAAC WACHTER and JACOB KAVANOV, known as the W. & K. SILK MILLS, 496 Fourth Avenue, New York City, has been dissolved.

SEEK AID IN PARIS FOR EVILS IN MEXICO

National Association Wants Action Taken to Establish the Rights of Foreigners.

TO SEND SPOKESMEN OVER

England, France, and Canada Also to Send Delegations Who Seek Settlement of Mexican Difficulties.

The National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, an outgrowth of the Association of Producers of Oil in Mexico, is planning to send representatives to Paris while the Peace Convention is in session, who will ask that the rights of foreigners in Mexico be firmly established by international agreement and that protection be arranged. While definite plans have not as yet been fully worked out, it is understood that the delegation will include from six to ten men and that there may be an additional representation to set forth the grievances of the oil producers. These delegations will carry full data as to conditions in Mexico, and hope that they will be called before the Peace Convention.

Similar organizations in Canada, France, and England are forming, and it is expected will co-operate with the delegations from this country. Canada's organization is further advanced than those of France or England, and it is believed it will shortly appoint its delegation. Additional support for a settlement of Mexican affairs will be given by more than 100,000 Mexicans in this country, most of whom are in Texas. The majority are Mexicans who have been forced to leave their country, who will now ask that the Peace Convention give heed to the turmoil in the republic and arrange a settlement which will permit of their repatriation. Word of the proposed concerted action looking toward a return to normal conditions in Mexico came yesterday from Pittsburgh, where there are large interests identified with Mexican oil lands.

The National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico it is said will include practically all of the American interests which have had difficulties in Mexico. Among them are two Rockefeller companies, the chief being the Standard Oil of New Jersey and the other a rubber company. Others are the American Smelting and Refining Company, the Mexican Petroleum Company, the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, and in addition, cattle men, cotton growers and allied interests.

It is estimated that the foreign interests in Mexico represent a capital investment of $2,500,000,000. Of this amount about $1,000,000,000 has come from American sources, $700,000,000 from England, $500,000,000 from France, and about $300,000,000 from Canada. The British capital is invested in mining railroads, banks, and oil lands. Next to the United States, England through the Pierson interests is the largest holder of Mexican oil properties.

For a number of years conditions have been such in Mexico that property rights and life itself were in danger. The most recent difficulty has come about with the endeavor of the Mexican Government to take over as its own all the subsoil rights in Mexico. This was attempted under a clause of the new Mexican constitution which asserts that all of these properties are inherently owned by the Government, and therefore could not be sold. This action has been described as confiscatory by both the mining and oil interests and has been the basis for two protests which have been sent to the Carranza Government by the State Department. Great Britain has also entered a protest, but thus far the Mexican Government has given small heed. There has been no recession from the original statement of possession, but as yet the notes have served to halt confiscatory proceedings.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	5	6	Houghton	50	60
B. S. Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	22	25
Boston Ariz	..	1¼	Iron Bloss	45	52
Boston Ely	95	99	Iron Cap	15½	15½
Boston Mon	49	50	Jerome V	43	50
Begole	..	50	La Rose	25	30
Black Hawk	25	50	Mex. Metals	27	31
Butte Lond	14	15	Majestic	23	25
Bohemia	75	85	Moj. Tung	5	7
Calaveras	1½	..	New Baltic	1	1½
Chief Con	3¾	3¾	Nat. Z. & L.	9	11
Champ., old	3	5	Nixon Nev	38	40
Con. Copper	6¼	6½	Nev. Doug	35	40
Con. Ariz	1½	1¾	Oneco	20	25
Cortez	12	16	Onondaga	10	20
Crown Res	45	50	Seven Mets	35	41
Crystal	19	20	S. W. Miami, full paid	85	1½
Denbigh	54	55	T. V. Ext	33½	35
Earle-Eagle	..	2	Vic. Mines	..	80
Eagle B. B.	2¼	2½	Yukon Gold	70	80
Fortuna	2	3			
Gold Lake	2	4			

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.38½	$1.36¼	$1.38½	$1.37½	$1.27¾
February	1.34¾	1.32	1.33¾	1.33¼	..
March	1.32¾	1.30¼	1.31¾	1.31¼	..
May	1.29½	1.27	1.28¼	1.28½	1.24½
July	1.27¼	1.25	1.26	1.26¾	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	.67½	.66½	.67¾	.66¾	.79½
February	.67¾	.66¾	.67¾	.67	..
March	.67¾	.67	.67¾	.67½	.78¾
May	.68¾	.67½	.68¾	.67¾	.76¾
July	.65½	.64	.65¼	.64½	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 77c; No. 2 white, 77c; No. 3 white, 76½c; No. 4 white, 76c; ordinary clipped, 76½@77½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	$23.75	$23.70	$23.75	$23.70	$24.82
May	23.80	23.70	23.75	23.70	25.10
Ribs—					
January	..	..	..	24.25	24.12
May	22.37	22.32	22.47	22.20	24.33
Pork—					
January	..	..	..	46.25	46.75
May	40.55	40.50	40.55	40.50	45.85

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.35	13.12	13.60	13.40
July	13.00	12.95	13.33	13.20
September	13.30	12.80	13.30	13.10
December	13.15	12.70	13.15	12.95

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.59	$1.58	$1.58¾
March	1.59	1.58½	1.59
May	1.59¾	1.59	1.59¾

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 5,962 packages. Market about 1c lower on nearly all grades of creamery, and at the decline the feeling is still quite unsettled. Buyers are taking hold very slowly and there is pressure to sell. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 65½@66c; extras 92 score, 64½@65c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 62½@64c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 59@62c; lower grades, 54@58c; unsalted, higher than extras, 67½@68c; extras, 66½@67c; firsts, 63½@66c; seconds, 60@63c; State dairy tubs, finest, 63@64c; good to prime, 60@62c; common to fair, 52@59c; renovated extras, 53@54c; firsts, 51@52c; lower grades, 44@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 47½@48½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 45½@46½c; seconds, 44c; lower grades, 42@43½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 44c; No. 2, 42½@43c; lower grades, 37@42c.

EGGS.—10,551 cases. The market opened weak with a number of offerings at 61c. These were taken, however, and later higher bids were made, with sales generally 61¼@62c., two or three lots of Northern eggs being taken up to 62½c for firsts. The market is closing unsettled and irregular, trade from store is moderate and there is enough stock available at 61½@62c for firsts to supply urgent needs, although most of the supply here is held for higher prices. Nearby white eggs have been in somewhat lighter receipt during the last day or two. Demand is a little better and stock is cleaning up in better shape. The market closes firm, but most receivers report no advance in price, although some are sending a little more than top figures for strictly fancy, large henery stock. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 64@64½c; extra firsts, 63@63½c; firsts, 61½@62c; seconds and poorer, 58@60c; dirties, No. 1, 56@57c; No. 2 and poorer, 53@55c; checks, good to choice, dry, 49@50c; undergrades, 43@46c; refrigerator, 48@53c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 68@70c; ordinary to prime, 62@67c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 62@68c; pullet whites, 61@62c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 68c; lower grades, 62@66c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 62@65c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery browns, 67@68c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 62@64½c.

COTTON PRICES REACT ON STEADY SELLING

Maximum Decline From 70 to 75 Points in Sympathy with Security Weakness.

There was an irregular and unsettled tone to the cotton market yesterday, more or less in line with the weak securities markets. The pressure in the cotton market was mainly attributed to the selling by Liverpool interests, with old longs as an additional stimulus in the liquidation. Opening prices ranged from 10 points on January to 25 to 35 points on the rest of the list, below Thursday's closing quotations, with a later broadening in the reaction to a maximum decline of 70 to 75 points on the general list, October excepted, which was off 45 points. Aside from the depressing influence of weak Liverpool cables, which revealed losses of 25 to 50 points on the general list for the day, the decline was helped by heavy selling by traders who were active in Thursday's market in covering short commitments, and by fresh Southern selling, principally from New Orleans. At the low prices of the day January was selling at 25.60c.; March, 24.51c.; May, 23.08c.; July, 22.95c., and October of this crop, 20c. The selling seemed to have spent itself when these levels were reached, and on a moderate amount of fresh buying, coupled with a renewed covering of shorts, the market rallied to within 10 and 20 points of the preceding day's closing. The last hour's trading was alternately weak on fresh selling and strong on covering by the shorts, who very discreetly dropped out when the bulge came to an end by the ready absorption of the staple as offered.

Clearances for the day of 25,195 bales were the largest for the week. Galveston sent out 10,587 bales and Mobile 9,536 bales of this total. For the week exports amounted to 79,168 bales.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Jan.	26.00	26.27	25.60	26.10@26.15	26.85
Feb.	..	..	..	25.25 bid	25.45
March	24.92	25.07	24.51	25.00@25.02	25.19
April	..	..	..	23.78 bid	23.90
May	23.88	23.66	23.08	23.58@23.60	23.70
July	22.10	22.57	22.05	22.48	22.60
Aug.	21.05	21.55	21.05	21.45 bid	21.65
Sept.	..	20.50	20.45	20.75 bid	20.55
Oct.	20.28	20.49	20.00	20.46	20.45

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 29.10c for middling upland, off 75 points. Sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29c; New Orleans, 28⅝c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 29¼c; Memphis, 29⅝c; Houston, 28.30c; Little Rock, 28⅝c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	19,875	17,589	21,880
Exports	25,105	8,107	5,688
Exports, season	2,162,298	2,005,534	2,299,653
New York stocks	92,168	82,100	141,179
Port stocks	1,454,858	1,404,210	1,375,223
N. Y. arrivals	8,550	6,483	......

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet at 19.04d for middling, 20.13d for good middling. Sales, 2,000 bales; American, 1,000. Imports, 9,000 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet, 2 points up to 4 points down, closed barely steady, 25 to 50 points decline. Jan., 18.19d; Feb., 17.03d; March, 15.85d; April, 14.72d. Manchester: Yarns irregular and cloths dull.

Would Abolish Sub-Treasuries.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The House today adopted a provision of the Legislative Appropriation bill directing the Secretary of the Treasury to abolish on July 1 next the sub-treasuries at Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, New Orleans, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, and San Francisco. Similar action by the House a year ago was killed by the Senate.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Western Power Company, Limited, of Vancouver, reports November, 1918, operating revenue at $40,425, a decrease of 2 per cent from November, 1917, while net earnings of $27,583 showed a decrease of 13.6 per cent. For the twelve months ended with November last operating revenues increased .01 per cent. to $449,536, compared with the preceding year, while net earnings decreased 8.5 per cent. to $298,775.

A dividend of 1½ per cent. on the capital stock of the West Penn Railways Company has been declared for the quarter ending March 15, 1919, and payable on that date to stock of record March 1.

R. P. Staigg, former Assistant Secretary of the London office of the Guaranty Trust Company, has been appointed as Assistant Secretary at the home office here. Ellsworth Grey, former Secretary to Vice President Grayson M. P. Murphy, has been appointed Assistant Treasurer at the company's Paris office.

Harold S. Schultz, formerly Secretary of the New York Chapter, American Institute of Banking, has joined the credit department of the National Bank of Commerce. He was recently discharged from the Army Air Service.

North McLean, former manager of the foreign department of the Mechanics and Metals Bank, has been appointed a Vice President of that institution.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15, '20	98	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99¾	99¾	..
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99	99¾	5.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99¾	100¼	5.80
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	8.00
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	54	55	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14, '26	122	126	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	49	51	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99½	5.50

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100¼	100¾	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99¾	99¾	5.40
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	101	102	5.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101¼	101½	5.35
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101¾	102	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102¾	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102¾	103	6.05
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103¼	103¾	6.10
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96¼	99¼	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99¾	99¾	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '19	100¼	100½	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '20	100¾	101	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '21	100¼	100¾	6.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	100¼	100¾	6.70
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	101	101¾	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	100¼	100¾	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	89	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1920	97¾	98¼	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1921	96¾	97¼	7.10
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.55
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99¼	100¼	5.85
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15, '23	102¼	102¾	6.80
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98¾	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97¾	98¼	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	94	95	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	97¼	98¼	6.30
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100¼	100¼	5.45
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100¾	100¾	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	98¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	98¼	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97¼	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99½	5.50
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99¾	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitts. & S. R. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100¼	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100¼	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	101¾	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102¼	103	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103¼	104¼	5.75
Rem. A. U. M. Ctge. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99½	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102¼	103¼	..
St. G. & E. sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	99¾	99¾	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.75
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1920	96½	91½	7.35
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	98½	8.00
U. L. & Ry. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	96½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15, '22	88	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99¾	100	7.00

EARNINGS.

LEHIGH VALLEY TRANSIT COMPANY for the year ended Nov. 30—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Gross	$3,320,145	$2,875,074	*$445,072
Net after taxes	956,524	1,084,654	148,130
Total net inc.	1,029,359	1,179,409	150,050
Sur. aft. chgs.	343,255	453,537	100,282

*Increase.

PACIFIC TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Nov. tel. op. rev.	$1,882,905	$1,652,237	$230,668
Net tel. op. rev.	475,560	412,478	63,082
Oper. income	367,246	314,993	52,253
11 months' tel. oper. rev.	19,671,567	18,047,830	623,737
Net tel. op. rev.	5,708,128	5,024,114	684,014
Oper. income	4,525,495	3,911,584	613,911

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Am. W. W. & El. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Col. Fuel & I.	¾	Q	Feb. 20	Jan. 31
Col. Fuel & I. pf.	2	Q	Feb. 20	Jan. 31
Columbus Gas & El.	1	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
First Nat. Copper	15c	..	Feb. 25	Feb. 5
Houston Oil pf.	3	SA	Feb. 1	..
Pacific P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Portland Gas & C. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Santa Cecilia Sug. pf.	3½	SA	Feb. 1	Jan. 25
Sloss-Sheff. S. & I. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 10	Feb. 1
Texas Power & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
N. Pot. non-cum. pf.	2	..	Jan. 25	Jan. 15

CONFEREES AT ODDS OVER PROFITS TAXES

Kitchin and His Associates Unwilling to Surrender Demand for Higher Imposts.

FLOODED WITH PROTESTS

Senators Think Outcry Over Proposed Tax on Theatre Tickets Is Justified.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The Senate and House conferees reached a deadlock today in the debate on war profits taxes and adjourned at noon without having come to any agreement on the more important issues involved in the Senate amendments, which call for radical reductions. It is still believed that a compromise will have to be effected by rewriting some of the amendments, as Representative Kitchin and other House conferees are unwilling to make a complete surrender. The conferences will be resumed tomorrow, when new proposals will be made by both sides, it is understood.

The wide growth of the movement to bring about a reduction of the tax on admissions to theatres and other places of amusement, and the fact that members of the conference were flooded with protests against the increases proposed, brought forward another bone of contention which may result in protracted debate. As far as could be learned, the House conferees are still firm in their stand that the tax of 20 per cent. on theatre tickets costing more than 30 cents and 25 per cent. on boxes at theatre or opera are not excessive.

The theatrical managers and the theatregoing public who have leveled their guns at the Senate conferees who amended the original bill to cut the 20 per cent. tax in half, and then agreed to rewrite the higher tax suggested by the House Ways and Means Committee into the bill, have been referred to Representative Kitchin, leader of the House conferees, and his followers.

The point is being emphasized by the protestants that the tax not only threatens the successful operation of the theatres, but hits the pocketbooks of millions of citizens in all walks of life. The adoption of the House suggestions, which has now been accepted tentatively by the conferees, will mean that the price of tickets in the orchestra pits of most theatres will jump to $2.40, an increase of 40 cents over the prewar price, and 20 cents more than is paid by the theatregoer under the provisions of the present revenue law. The theatre managers are arguing that this will drive thousands of people away from their theatres and that the public will be called upon to pay an unfair premium on necessary recreation or abandon theatregoing.

The Senate conferees, it is understood, are practically unanimous in the belief. At the same time, however, the attitude of the House conferees for the higher tax is so firm that there seems little likelihood of bringing about a change of heart. The Senate conferees therefore realize that no headway in arriving at a completed bill can be hoped for unless a spirit of compromise is shown in some direction.

It is indicated that there may be further discussion of the theatre tax before the final draft of the conference report is adopted. Individual members also may give hearings to those who have protests to lodge against what they hold to be unjust decisions.

The conferees would make no comment for publication today concerning the progress being made in arriving at an agreement on the war and excess profits taxes. It is understood, however, that no great headway was made, and that the big principles involved were left unsettled. Mr. Kitchin, it is understood, is firmly of the opinion that corporations which made large sums out of the war will escape too lightly, if all the Senate amendments to the original House bill are granted, and has so far been unwilling to give ground on a number of points.

The necessity of completing the conference report, however, has become so pressing and there are so many other questions of vital importance to be decided upon that it is possible that a compromise on the war profits taxes will be reached tomorrow or Monday.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg	97¾	98¾	3s, Fed Land Bk, '38	102¾	103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup	97¾	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	101
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104¼	105¼
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
4½s July,	1967	100¾	101¼	100¾
4½s June,	1965	100¾	101¼	100¾
4½s Mar.,	1963	100¾	101¼	100¾
4½s Nov.,	1957	101½	101¾	100¾
4½s May,	1957	100½	101¼	100¾
4¼s Mar.,	1960-80	96¼	97	96½
4¼s Mar.,	1964	96½	97¼	96½
4¼s Apr.,	1966	96½	97¼	96¼
4¼s Mar.,	1962	96½	97	96¼
4¼s Sep.,	1960	96½	97	96½
4s May,	1959	91	92½	91½
4s Nov.,	1958	91	92½	91½
4s Nov.,	1957	91	93	91½
4s Nov.,	1956	90½	92	90¾
4s Nov.,	1955	90½	92	90¼
4s Nov.,	1936	92½	93¾	92¼
4s May,	1919	99½	..	99¼
3½s Nov.,	1955	81	..	81
3½s Nov.,	1954	81	82½	81
3½s May,	1954	81	..	81

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

		Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
4½s	1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4¼s	1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
3½s	1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1960-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1926-1930	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1919-1925	4.60	4.40	4.60

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Prices at the close of a fairly active market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange were steady, but represented losses of from 1 to more than 3 points in the active list. The market made but a fractional recovery from the heavy liquidation of the forenoon, and the latter half of the session found trading activity lessened and price fluctuations unimportant.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Alaska Gold	4¼	4	4	70	Kennec't Cop	32½	32¼	32¼
180	Allis-Chalm	32½	31¾	31¾	7,520	Mex Petrol	182¼	173	174¼
50	Am Beet Sug	70	68½	68½	70	Midvale Stl	42¾	42¾	42¾
600	Am Can	48¾	46¾	47¼	300	Mo Pacific	24¾	24¼	24½
80	Am Car & F	90¾	90	90	30	Nat Enamel	50½	50¼	50¼
70	Am Cot Oil	43¾	43	43¼	10	Nat Lead	68	68	68
60	Am Hide & L	16	15½	16	120	N Y Central	73¾	73	73
530	Do pf	84¼	81¾	84¼	30	New Haven	30¾	30¼	30½
30	Am Linseed	49¼	48¼	48¼	140	Ohio Cit Gas	43¾	43	43
80	Am Locomo	60¼	59¼	60¼	240	Okla Oil	9⅜	9¼	9⅜
720	Am Sm & R	73¼	71¼	71¾	30	Pan Am Pet	69	69	69
20	AmStlF'dries	84	83¾	83¾	61	Pennsylvania	44¾	44¾	44¾
820	Am Su Tob	105½	102¼	103	150	Pierce Oil	18	17½	17½
1,440	Anaconda	58¾	57¾	58¾	170	Reading	80¼	79¼	79¾
1,590	B'dwin Loco	73	70½	71½	70	Rep Iron & S	72¾	71¼	72¼
85	Balt & Ohio	48¾	47¾	47¾	150	Sinclair Oil	35¼	34¾	34¾
280	Beth Stl, B	58¾	57	57¾	1,060	South Pac	99¾	98¾	99
40	B'klyn R T	24¼	24	24¼	30	Southern Ry	27½	27½	27½
10	Butte & Sup	17½	17½	17½	1,255	Stodebaker	50	48¼	49¼
60	Cal Petrol	24	23¾	23¾	80	Texas Co	190¼	189¼	190¼
100	CentLeather	58¾	57¾	58¼	200	Texas & Pac	30	29	29
10	Ches & Ohio	55¾	55¾	55¾	43	TobProducts	78¾	78¾	78¾
80	C, M & St P	39¼	39	39¼	110	Union Pac	128	127½	127½
10	C, R I & P	24	24	24	825	U C Stores	117¼	114¾	115¾
10	Con Gas	93¾	93¾	93¾	70	U S Ind Alc	100¼	99¼	99¼
150	Corn Prod	48¾	48½	48½	450	U S Rubber	76½	75¼	75½
2,860	CrucibleSteel	58	53¾	54½	30,110	U S Steel	92¾	90¾	91
460	Cuba C Sug	25½	24¼	25	40	Utah Copper	71½	71	71½
120	Dist Secur	52¼	51	51	10	West'ghouse	41¾	41¾	41¾
70	Erie	16¾	16½	16¾	30	Willys-Over	24¾	24¾	24½
10	Gaston, W&W	29¾	29¾	29¾		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
40	Goodrich Co	61	60¾	61	$2,100	Lib 3½s	99.52	99.36	99.42
200	Gt Nor Ore	37¼	35¾	36¼	400	1st 4¼s	96.66	96.38	96.66
140	Inspiration	44¼	43¾	44¼	2,150	2d 4¼s	95.78	95.64	95.68
70	Int Mer Mar	24¾	24¾	24¾	700	3d 4¼s	97.44	97.38	97.44
1,135	Do pf	104¼	102¼	103	4,100	4th 4¼s	96.08	95.92	96.06
160	Int'l Nickel	27¼	26¾	26¾		*Prices include interest.			
40	Int'l Paper	33¾	31¼	33¾					

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
32	Con Power	106	105¾	105¾	100	Dav Chem	38¾	38	38
800	Cosden	7¾	7⅝	7¾	15	Mt V M pf	74½	74½	74½
35	Maryland	88½	88	88½	50	North Cent	74½	74½	74½
15	Elk Fuel	29	29	29	25	Un Rys	19½	19½	19½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10000	Cosden 6s A	88	88	88	$4,000	Con Pow 5s	97	97	97
3,000	Cosden 6s B	88½	88½	88½	4,000	W, B & A 5s	83	82¾	82¾

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Ahmeek	72	72	72	10	La Salle	2½	2½	2½
100	Allouez	43	42½	42½	150	May-Old C	2¾	2½	2½
200	*Anaconda	59	57¾	58¾	150	Michigan	4	4	4
50	Ariz Com'l	11	11	11	35	Mohawk	52½	51¾	52½
100	Butte & Bal	30c	30c	30c	40	NewArcadian	1½	1½	1½
35	Cal & Ariz	60	59½	59½	200	New Idria	9	9	9
16	Cal & Hecla	431	430	430	200	New Corn	16½	16	16
10	Chino	34	34	34	220	Old Domin	36	36	36
155	Cop Range	42½	42	42	150	Shannon	3	2¾	3
150	Davis-Daly	5	5	5	110	Sup & Bost	2¾	2¾	2¾
25	Franklin	3½	3¾	3¾	20	Trinity	2½	2½	2½
190	Hancock	5½	5½	5½	20	Tuolumne	85c	85c	85c
200	Helvetia	25c	20c	20c	25	U S Smelt	43¾	43½	43¾
10	Inspiration	43¾	43¾	43¾	95	Do pf	46¼	45	45
23	Isle Royale	24¾	24½	24¾	56	Utah Apex	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
45	Karr Lake	5½	4	4	1,075	Utah Metal	1½	1⅛	1⅛
160	Lake Copper	4	4	4	10	Wolverine	18	18	18

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8	Bost & Alb	133	133	133	20	Chi Jct pf	86¾	86¾	86¾
184	Boston Elev	71	71	71	9	Fitchb'g pf	51	57	57
10	Do pf	93½	93½	93½	600	Mass Elec	3¼	3	3¼
15	Bost & Low	92	93	93	4,970	Do pf	17¼	16	16½
220	Boston & Me	31½	31	31½	200	NY, NH & H	30¾	30½	30½
20	Conn River	113	113	113	20	West End pf	54	54	54

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
61	Am Ag Ch	102	101¾	101¾	8	Do pf	70¾	70¼	70¼
68	Do pf	98½	98	98½	7	McEl 1st pf	100¼	90	90
30	Amoskeag	82	82	82	17	N E Tel	93	92	92
23	Do pf	80	80	80	5	Pac Mills	161	161	161
70	Am Sugar	113	112½	112½	50	Punta Sugar	51	51	51
91	Do pf	115	115	115	7	Reece Button	15	15	15
750	Am T & T	101½	100¾	101	240	Stewart	34½	33½	33½
23	Am Wool	46¾	46¼	46¾	286	Swift & Co	124¾	124	124¾
51	Do pf	95¼	95¼	95¼	85	United Drug 2d pf	93	93	93
70	Booth	19½	19¼	19¼	172	United Fruit	165¼	163	164
2,135	Century	14¼	14	14	177	United Shoe	45¼	44¾	44¾
10	Edison	168¼	168¼	168¼	67	Do pf	28	27¾	27½
120	Fairbanks	54¾	54¾	54¾	1,055	U S Steel	92¼	90¾	91
190	Gorton	50¾	50¼	50¼	75	Do pf	115	115	115
41	Gen Elec	150	148¾	149	20	Ventura Oil	8¼	8¼	8¼
525	Island Oil	7¾	7¾	7¾	10	Walworth	18	18	18
15	Loew's	10	10	10	7	West Union	87½	87½	87½
78	Mass Gas	83	82	83					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. G. & W. I 5s	82¾	82¾	82¾
1,000	N E Tel 5s	90½	90½	90½

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
110	Armour pf	101¾	101¾	101¾	25	Public Svc	90	90	90
360	Booth Fish	19¾	19	19¾	20	Q. Oats pf	102½	102½	102½
310	Chi C & C pf	10	9	10	150	Sears	180	177¾	177¾
60	Chi R, Ser 2	8¼	8¼	8¼	605	S Warner	89	88½	88½
295	Cudahy	104	103	104	996	Swift Int	45¼	44¼	44¾
224	Do rights	⅞	⅞	⅞	360	Swift	124¾	124	124¼
25	Deere pf	96	96	96	2,897	Un Carbide	58	57	57½
10	H, S & M	75	75	75	18	Un Paper'd	18½	18¼	18¼
432	Libby	22½	22¼	22¼	70	Wilson	70	70	70
15	Nat Car pf	121	121	121	15	Do pf	98	98	98

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Booth F 6s	90½	90½	90½	$1,000	Chi R 1st 5s	80¼	80¼	80¼
2,000	Chi City & C Ry 5s	49	49	49	1,000	Chi Rys, Ser B 5s	49¼	48¼	49¼
2,000	Chi City Ry 1st 5s	82½	82¼	82¼	5,000	C Ed 1st 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾
					5,000	Liberty 3½s	99	99	99

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
43	Cramp	79	79	79	56	Leh Val	55¼	55¼	55¼
51	Elec S Bat	53½	53½	53½	2	Penn S Mfg	84½	84½	84½
96	Ins Co. N A	26½	26	26½	185	Phila Elec	25½	25¼	25½
582	Gen Asphalt	54½	52½	53½	12	Phil R T	27	27	27
280	Do pf	87	85	86	140	Tono Bel	2¾	2½	2¾
110	Lake Sup	17¾	17¼	17¾	30	Un Gas Imp	73¾	73½	73½
11	Leh Nav	72	72	72	100	Warwick I	8¼	8¼	8¼

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	El&Peo4scfs	70½	70½	70½	$6,000	Phil El 1 5s	96	95¾	96
2,000	L V 6s con	102½	102¼	102¼	1,000	Ja-Mid S 6s	102¼	102¼	102¼
1,000	L V gen 4½s	88	88	88	2,000	Un Rys inv 5s	62½	62½	62½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	16¼	17¼	16¼	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	56	60	58
Atlantic Refining	1100	1115	1080	Prairie Oil & Gas	670	680	670
Borne-Scrymser	465	485	465	Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	272
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	96	95	Solar Refining	360	370	360
Cheesebrough Mfg	300	320	300	Southern Pipe L	177	182	177
Continental Oil	500	520	500	South Penn Oil	310	320	315
Crescent Pipe Line	37	38	37	S W Penn	100	104	100
Cumberland P L	180	190	180	Stand Oil of Cal	270	274	270
Eureka Pipe Line	185	195	185	Stand Oil of Ind	775	785	780
Galena Signal Oil	89	91	88	Stand Oil of Kan	525	540	525
Do pf, new	103	106	103	Stand Oil of Ky	360	370	360
Do pf, old	125	140	126	Stand Oil of Neb	485	515	475
Illinois Pipe Line	165	168	165	Stand Oil of N J	708	713	715
Indiana Pipe Line	104	107	104	Stand Oil of N Y	318	322	315
Int Pet Co. Ltd	21	21½	21¼	Stand Oil of Ohio	410	490	470
National Transit	16½	17½	16½	Swan & Finch	98	102	98
N Y Transit	190	200	190	Union Tank	116	118	118
Northern Pipe L	110	115	110	Vacuum Oil	410	420	418
Ohio Oil	327	332	324	Washington Oil	33	37	33

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
629	Cities Service	294	290	290	291
1,255	Cities Service pf	79	77¾	77¾	78¼
$144,500	Cities Service deb "B"	124	123	123	125

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	17	Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf	70	74	Miss River Power	10½	12½
Am Gas & Electric	100	103	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Electric pf	44	47	Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Am Light & Traction	236	240	Northern Ohio Elec pf	57	62
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Power & Light	55	60	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pf	77	80	Northern States Power	57	60
Am Public Utilities	..	25	North States Power pf	88	91
Am Public Utilities pf	36	40	Northern Texas Elec	57	61
Am W W & Elec	5	6	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & E 1st pf	68	70	Pacific Gas & Electric	47	49
Am W W & E partic	12	14	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	86	88
Carolina Pow & Light	34	38	Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	18
Colorado Power	27	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	52	54½
Colorado Power pf	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf	75	80
Columbus Electric pf	73	75½	Republic Ry & Light	17	18
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	19	21	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	42	44	Southern Cal Edison	85	88
Comm Power pf	72	76	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers Power pf	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec	14	16
Eastern Texas Elec	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76	Tampa Electric	108	112
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	3
Electric B & S pf	92	96	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	14	17
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	76	United Light & Rys	38	39
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	United Light & Rys pf	70	72
Federal Light & Tr pf	40	44	Western Power	17½	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf	65	68
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West, Church & Kerr	64	67
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West Church & K pf	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	77½	79
Am W W & E col 5s	68	71	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Appalach Power 1st 5s	74	77	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	89	92
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	75	83
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Puget S T, L & P 7s	98	99½
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	95	100	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96	97½
Corn Power 6s, 1965	82	86	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	92
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	78
East Tex Elec col 5s	84	88	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	86	90
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97¾	99	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un Util cv 6s, '43	90	95
Gt West Power 5s, '46	85	86½	Utah Securities 6s	89	..
Gt West Power 6s, '25	89½	92	Wash I W L & P 6s	95	98

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,200	‡Aetna Exp	7	6¾	6¾	1,100	‡Nat C & I	55	52	53
500	‡Am W P'r	3½	3¼	3¼	1,000	N A P & P	2¾	2¾	2¾
900	‡Dist Prod	9½	9¼	9¼	1,000	‡Perf T & R	⅞	11/16	⅞
10,000	‡Gen Asp't	54½	51¾	53½	600	Peer T & M	19	18¾	18¾
50	‡Do pf	88	88	88	100	‡Poul Wire	7	7	7
600	‡Gen Mot 6s deb, w i	82	81½	82	200	‡Stand Mot	8	8	8
1,850	‡G S Razor	123	119½	122	800	Sub'o Boat v t ctfs	11¾	11½	11¾
15,000	Hupp M C	6¾	6¼	6¾	1,000	‡Swift I, w i	45	44½	44¾
6,200	Int Rubber	19	17	18¾	2,000	Un Motors	36	35½	36
7,450	Key T & R	54¾	52¾	53¾	2,300	U S S'p Co	5	4¾	5
3,000	‡Kirby L'r	27	23	23	1,500	Wayne Coal	4¾	4¾	4¾
1,400	‡S S Kresge	92	85	85	1,000	‡W-M A Cp	3¾	3¾	3¾
800	‡L McN & L	22½	22	22	1,500	World F Cp v t ctfs	½	⅜	½
2,000	Mar of Am	4½	4¼	4¾					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
52	‡South Penn	320	315	315	83	‡Std Oil N J	713	705	706
25	‡Std Oil Cal	271	270	271	30	‡Vacuum Oil	414	410	412

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	‡Atlantic Pet	2⅝	2½	2½	25,000	†‡Midw Oil	130	124	127
3,000	‡Barn't O&G	1/16	⅛	1/16	400	‡Midw Ref	130	127½	128
5,000	‡Cosden & Co	7⅝	7½	7½	3,500	†‡Northw Oil	51	50	51
1,000	‡Do pf	4	4	4	7,000	†Omar O & G	31	28	30
350	‡Elk Basin	6⅝	6½	6½	3,000	‡Pennock Oil	13¾	12¾	13
12,000	†‡Esmeralda	6	5½	5½	7,000	†‡Queen Oil	20	15	17
3,000	‡Federal Oil	2½	2¼	2⅜	1,500	‡RoyalDutch, new	71½	70¾	71¼
100	‡Glenrock Oil	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	500	‡Sapulpa	7½	7¼	7¼
300	‡Houston Oil	78	77	77	800	Security P&R	½	½	½
8,450	†‡Hudson Oil	75	73	75	1,400	Sequoyah	7/16	½	7/16
3,500	‡Int'l Petrol	22	20¾	21¼	2,500	‡SinclairGulf	25	24	24½
18,500	‡Isl'd O & T	7½	7	7	2,700	‡Stanton Oil	1¾	1⅝	1⅝
3,200	†‡Kenova Oil	14	13	13	7,000	United Western, new	2	1¾	1 15/16
1,500	‡La O & R	24½	24	24½	160	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2⅝	2½	2½
100	‡Merritt Oil	22	22	22					
8,000	Met Petrol	3½	2⅞	2⅞					
1,000	†‡Mex Gulf	44	44	44					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	†Alas-BCMet	43	42	42	1,500	†‡Mother L	34	34	34
2,600	Ariz-B Cop	1⅛	1	1⅛	900	NY&HonRos M Co	12¾	11	12¾
4,000	Big L Cop	11/16	⅝	⅝	1,000	†Nixon Nev	39	37	37
10,000	†Bos & Mon	50	48	49	700	‡Onon Mines	3¼	3	3¼
2,500	†‡Caledonia	29	28	28	1,050	‡RayHercM	2⅝	2½	2⅝
1,000	‡Cal&Jerome	½	7/16	½	2,500	†Roch Mines	28	26	27
3,900	†‡Candel Sil	56	54	56	800	Stand S-L	¼	¼	¼
1,000	†Cashboy	7	7	7	6,700	†Stewart	18	16	17
1,300	‡CorbSM&M	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	400	†‡Success M	5	5	5
8,600	Con Ariz Sm	1 3/16	1⅛	1 3/16	2,500	Ton Ext	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
4,500	Con Cop M	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	7,500	†‡U S Con M	9	7	9
600	Cres Con G	5	4⅞	5	2,000	†‡W M & M	25	24	25
1,200	‡Eu Croes M	1½	1⅜	1⅜	5,000	†‡W U Ext (a pros)	16	13	16
600	First N Cop	2	2	2	500	†West E C	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	†Goldf Con	22	22	22	3,500	†White C M	17½	17	17
700	†‡HamM&S,p	48	47	48	4,500	†White C E (a pros)	3½	3	3
1,250	Hecla Min	4⅝	4½	4 9/16					
1,000	La Rose Ltd	7/16	7/16	7/16					
18,000	†Lone Star	6½	6	6½					
5,000	†‡Marsh Min	4	4	4					

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$100,000	‡Am T & T 6s, w i	99¼	98¾	99	$5,000	‡Kan C Ry T 6s, 1923	100¼	100¼	100¼
55,000	‡Anac'a 6s w i	98	97¾	97¾	15,000	‡Lac Gas L 7s, w i	100¼	100	100¼
7,000	‡Beth St'l 7%, 1923	101¼	101¼	101¼	60,000	‡Liggett & M 6s, 1921	99¾	99¾	99¾
16,000	‡Braden 6s, 1931	96	96	96	50,000	‡N Y Tel deb 6s, w i	101¼	101¼	101¼
10,000	‡Can Gov't 5s	99½	99½	99½	35,000	‡Russ Gov't 6½s	54½	53½	54½
25,000	‡C & N W gen m 6s	99⅝	99¾	99¾	2,000	‡St P Union Depot 5½s	99½	99¼	99¼
25,000	‡Int Rapid Tran 7s	91	90½	90½	25,000	‡Wilson & Co conv 6%	93½	98	93½

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Thursday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.	Ask.
Am-Br Mfg	2	5	2	5
Brit-Am Tob. registered	23½	25	23½	25
Do coupon	25	25¼	25	25¼
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20
Carbon Steel	90	96	90	96
Car L & P	2	2¼	2	2¼
Charcoal Iron	7	7½	7	7½
Do pf	6¼	6¾	6¼	6¾
Chev Motor	145	155	145	155
Chevrolet rts	⅞	1½	⅞	1½
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾
Curtiss Aero	11½	12	11½	12
CurtissAero pf	45	55	45	55
Edmund & J	20	22	20	22
Em'son Phono	2	2¼	2	2¼
Free Texas	84	86½	84	85½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½
Gen Mot rts	1⅝	2	1⅝	2
Lake Tor Bt	2	2¼	2	2¼
Do 1st pf	2½	5	2½	5
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88
Lima Loco	30	40	30	40
Lukens Steel	46	50	46	50
Man Transit	½	⅝	½	⅝
N Y Shipbldg	33	36	33	36
N Y Transp	14¼	17	14¼	17
Peer T & M	18¾	19¼	18¾	19¼
Penn C & C	22	24	22	24
Penn Seab Stl	40	40½	40	40½
PennSeaboard Steel rts	1/16	3/16	1/16	3/16
Rels Equip	10½	11¼	10½	11¼
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38
Smith M T	1/16	3/16	1/16	3/16
Stand Motors	7½	8½	7½	8½
Steel Alloys	7½	8½	7½	8½
St Joe Lead	13	14	13	..
Stl. R M & P	40	..	40	..
Todd Ship	107	108½	107	108½
Thiegen	4	4½	4	6½
Un Mot rights	¼	½	¼	½
U S Lt&H pf	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.	Ask.
U S Lt & H	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Wright-M pf	60	64	60	64
OIL STOCKS.				
Allen Oil	11/16	13/16	11/16	13/16
Boston-Wyo	18	20	19	21
Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Globe Oil	1	1¼	1	1¼
Midw Oil pf	1¼	1⅝	1¼	1⅝
Okm P & R	2	2¼	2	2¼
Pitts O & G	8	8¼	8	8¼
Savoy Oil	6½	7	6½	7
South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Southwest Oil	35	40	35	40
Texana Oil	10	13	10	13
Way Oil & G	3¼	3¾	3¼	3¾
MINING STOCKS.				
Am Mines	⅞	1	88c	90c
Atlanta	4	5	4½	5½
Austin Ama'n	1/16	⅛	1/16	⅛
Bradshaw	⅛	½	⅛	½
Booth	13	15	13	15
Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
Butte N Y	⅛	½	⅛	½
Cerro Gordo	½	1	½	1
Con Homes'd	1/16	3/16	1/16	3/16
El Salvador	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Florence	62	65	62	65
Goldf Merger	6	7	6	7
Great Bend	4	6	4	6
Howe Sound	3⅝	4½	3⅝	4½
Jim Butler	36	37	36	37
Jumbo Exten	13	15	13	14
Liberty Silver	50	52	50	52
Magma Cop	26	28	26	28
Ohio Copper	7/16	⅝	7/16	⅝
Seneca Cop	15½	16	15½	16
Tono Belmt	2⅛	2½	2⅛	2½
United East	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
Wash G Q	88	90	88	90
White K pf	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
BOND.				
Beth. S. '20	101	101¼	101	101¼

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Am Brass	218	220	218	Du Pont debs	91	92½	91
Atlas Powder	152	157	152	Hercules	202	206	202
Do pf	91	94	91	Do pf	106	109	106
Babcock & Wilcox	108	109½	108	Niles-Bem't-Pond	104	108	104
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	95	100	95
Do pf	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg	320	350	320
Colt's Arms	37	42	37	Standard Screw	230	250	230

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Am Cigar	*114	—	114	P R-Am Tobacco	132	138	132
Do pf	85	90	85	R J Reynolds, A	390	425	390
Conley Foil	180	..	180	Do B	310	325	310
J S Young	125	150	125	Do pf	107	109	107
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton	165	180	165
MacA & Forbes	190	219	190	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85				

*Ex dividend.

ESTABLISHED 1832

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

Capital Authorized $10,000,000.

Capital Paid Up, $6,500,000. Reserve Fund & Undivided Profits, $13,345,537.10

Head Office, Halifax, N. S. General Manager's Office, Toronto, Ont.

CHAS. ARCHIBALD, President; H. A. RICHARDSON, Gen'l Manager; J. A. McLEOD, Asst. Gen'l Manager

CONDENSED STATEMENT TO THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT as at November 30, 1918.

LIABILITIES		ASSETS	
Deposits by the Public	$122,362,116.96	Cash and Checks on Other Banks	$24,449,900.95
Deposits from Other Banks	2,183,819.69	Deposit in Central Gold Reserve	11,500,000.00
Notes in Circulation	17,844,915.17	Due from Other Banks	4,417,282.12
Acceptances under Letters of Credit	321,008.73	Government and Other Bonds	34,862,490.88
Other Liabilities	227,163.10	Call and Demand Loans	20,261,778.88
Total Liabilities to Public	$142,889,023.65	Total Quick Assets	$95,490,861.79
		Commercial Loans	63,539,164.70
		Deposit with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	328,177.28
Capital	6,500,000.00	Bank Premises	2,544,324.56
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	13,345,537.10	Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit as Per Contra	321,008.73
		Other Assets	211,023.39
	$162,734,560.75		$162,734,560.75

187 Branches throughout Canada, Newfoundland, Cuba, Jamaica, Porto Rico, and in Boston, Chicago and New York. Commercial and Travelers' Credits issued available in all parts of the world. Bills on Canadian, Newfoundland, and West Indian points favorably negotiated or collected by our Branches in the United States.

BOSTON — W. Caldwell, Mgr., Sears Bldg. CHICAGO — W. H. Davies, 105 W. Monroe St. NEW YORK — H. F. Patterson, Agt., 52 Wall St.

Position Wanted as Credit Man or Financial Officer

By a man of wide experience, both banking and commercial. Best of references. X 238 Times Annex.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue

At Forty-first Street

New York

London Paris

Foreign Exchange

Administrator Guardian

Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

A Business/Opportunity

Dealing in Fractional Lots of Securities.

A Wall Street man who thoroughly understands this business and its organization seeks a connection with a firm contemplating taking up this branch of the security business. Address Fractional Lots, A 894 Times Annex.

Canada Copper Co.

6% Convertible Bonds at a price to yield 7% on the Investment with exceptional speculative possibilities

Wm. G. Gallagher

15 Broad Street New York

Telephone Hanover 7706-7707

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

STATE OF GEORGIA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, ATLANTA. NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority conveyed by an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia, approved August 13, 1915, and printed in the Georgia Laws of 1915, Pages 56-57, I will receive at the Governor's Office at the Capitol in Atlanta, Wednesday, February 5th, 1919, up to twelve o'clock noon, Central Standard Time, sealed bids for the purchase of $2,500,000.00 of warrants to be drawn by the Governor on the funds appropriated by the Legislature for the public schools for the year 1919, said warrants to be drawn at the end of each month as needed and for such amounts as are then due the teachers. The warrants to be disposed of to the bidder offering the lowest rate of discount.

Said warrants will be issued by the Governor for the purpose of anticipating the collection of taxes for the year 1919, and will be payable on February 1st, 1920.

Under the same law warrants were issued and sold as follows last year: February, $323,192; March, $306,613; April, $306,813; May, $202,532; June, $173,026; July, $118,926; October, $96,929; November, $110,554; total, $1,731,585.00. This should give an approximate idea of the time and amount of loans needed.

Bids will be opened at the Governor's Office at noon Wednesday, February 5th, 1919. The right is hereby reserved to reject any and all bids.

This January 9th, 1919.

HUGH M. DORSEY, Governor.

By the Governor: C. A. WEST, Secretary Executive Department.

COLORADO FUEL & IRON COMPANY OF DENVER, COLO. General Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bond

Notice is hereby given that fifty-three (53) General Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company of Denver, Colo., were this day drawn for the Sinking Fund in accordance with the requirements of the Sinking Fund clause of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows:

20	1397	2275	3176	4179	5598
60	1416	2358	3160	4221	5617
190	1451	2400	3437	4275	5758
266	1482	2486	3578	4814	
418	1668	2540	3616	4351	
889	1814	2593	3617	4583	
1089	1850	2708	3777	4986	
1207	1916	2774	3837	4999	
1224	1998	2800	3866	5155	
1385	2023	3069	4027	5266	

All future interest on any of the bonds so designated ceases with the coupon due Feb. 1, 1919, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

The above mentioned bonds will be paid at this office on or after Feb. 1, 1919, at 105% and interest (say $1,075 per bond).

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, By E. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice President.

Dated December 31, 1918.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1913, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., By G. L. KING, Secretary.

Dated January 5, 1919.

TO THE HOLDERS OF 5% FIRST MORTGAGE 20 YEAR SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE CANADIAN NORTHERN COAL & ORE DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED, DUE JANUARY 1, 1936:

Notice is hereby given that (in accordance with the terms of the Mortgage from said Company to Columbia Trust Company, and National Trust Company, Limited, Trustees) sealed tenders of bonds of the above described issue for account of the Sinking Fund, to an amount sufficient to exhaust the sum of Thirty-Nine Thousand Four Hundred Twenty-five Dollars and fifty-six cents ($39,425.56) are hereby called for, and will be received at the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, not later than January 23rd, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon.

The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all tenders.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee. By GEORGE E. WARREN, Vice-President.

Dated, January 2nd, 1919.

Cumberland Street Railway Company.

The bonds of the above-named company, due October 1, 1918, will be exchanged for First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company, due January 1, 1950, at the office of the Controller of the Rhode Island Company, 100 Fountain St., Providence, R. I.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.

Dated December 31, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK 130 EAST 15th STREET

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M. The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. By order of the Board of Directors.

C. L. HOLMAN, President. W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of GARDINER, ATKINSON & WELLS, INC., will be held at the office of the company, at No. 150 Madison Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of January, 1919, at 4 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of changing the name of the company from GARDINER, ATKINSON & WELLS, INC., to GARDINER & WELLS CO., INC.

Dated New York, January 10, 1919.

(Signed) WM. RAY GARDINER, JR., President.

(Signed) JOS. H. WEINBERG, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY Preferred Stock Dividend

A semi-annual dividend of three per cent. on the Preferred Stock has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable February 1st, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business January 15th, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

H. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.

To the Holders of Stock Trust Certificate for Preferred Stock of the INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

Notice is hereby given to holders of outstanding stock trust certificates for Preferred Stock of the International Mercantile Marine Company to present their certificates at the Agency of the Voting Trustees, 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, N. J., to be exchanged for definitive stock of the Company.

Pursuant to the foregoing notice the undersigned, as Agents for the Voting Trustees, will be prepared, on and after February 1st, 1919, to distribute the dividend of 3% to holders of Preferred Stock issued in exchange for Stock Trust Certificates.

THE NEW YORK TRUST CO. For Voting Trustees.

New York, December 19, 1918.

ATLAS POWDER COMPANY.

Wilmington, Del., January 7, 1919.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable February 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, January 20th, 1919. Stock transfer books will be closed for the transfer of Preferred Stock on Monday, January 20th, 1919, and reopened at 9:00 o'clock A. M. on Saturday, February 1st, 1919.

LELAND LYON, Treasurer.

WEST PENN TRACTION AND WATER POWER COMPANY.

January 16, 1919.

The Board of Directors have declared Dividend No. 17 of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. on the preferred capital stock of the company for the quarter ending December 31, 1918, payable on February 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 20, 1919.

C. C. McBRIDE, Treasurer.

THE TRENTON POTTERIES CO.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 16, 1919.

DIVIDEND NO. 75.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of TWO PER CENT (2%) was declared on the Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company, payable Jan. 25, 1919, to Stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. Jan. 18, 1919. Transfer books do not close.

C. F. LAWTON, Secretary & Treasurer.

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT CO., PORTLAND, OREGON. PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 34.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the preferred stock of Pacific Power & Light Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 22, 1919.

GEORGE F. NEVINS, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

WEST PENN RAILWAYS COMPANY

January 16, 1919.

The Board of Directors have declared Quarterly Dividend No. 7 of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. upon the preferred capital stock of the company for the quarter ending March 15, 1919, payable on March 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 1, 1919.

C. C. McBRIDE, Treasurer.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 24, 1919.

S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

St. Louis, Missouri, Jan. 7, 1919.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the BROWN SHOE COMPANY, INC., held today there was declared the usual quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share upon the preferred stock, payable February 1, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record on January 20, 1919.

BROWN SHOE COMPANY, INC., WILLIAM KRAIL, Secretary.

THE AMERICAN WATER WORKS & ELECTRIC CO., INC.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1½% on the 7% Cumulative Preferred stock of this Company for the quarter ending January 27, 1919, has been declared payable February 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on February 1st, 1919.

HARRY E. TOWLE, Secretary.

Idaho Power Company

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 9.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the preferred stock of the Idaho Power Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business January 20, 1919.

E. C. GIVEN, Treasurer.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., 111 Broadway, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared payable March 15, 1919, to Stockholders of record at close of business February 21, 1919.

FRED R. FORTMEYER, Treasurer.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. EMMA de CRINYS, Plaintiff, against JOSEPH VICTOR de CRINYS, Defendant. Action for an absolute divorce. Summons. To the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above-entitled action, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorney herein within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, November 20, 1918.

SIDONIA FRIED, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office address, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To JOSEPH VICTOR de CRINYS:

The foregoing summons is served upon you, by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward J. Gavegan, Judge of the Supreme Court, dated the 29th day of November, 1918, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York.

SIDONIA FRIED, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office address, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. ANTON ALADAR DEUTSCH de SIO, Plaintiff, against MARIA DEUTSCH de SIO, Defendant. Action for an absolute divorce. To the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorney herein within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, December 2, 1918.

SIDONIA FRIED, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office address, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To MARIA DEUTSCH de SIO:

The foregoing summons is served upon you, by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Eugene A. Philbin, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 3rd day of December, 1918, and filed with the complaint, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York.

SIDONIA FRIED, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & Post Office address, No. 200 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

STATES FIGHT RISE IN UTILITIES RATES

Several Hold Up Federal Orders Affecting Telephone and Express Charges.

WASHINGTON OFFICIALS FIRM

Say Higher Rates in Carrying Business Will Be Collected, Despite Opposition to Schedules.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—The Public Service Commission announced at a hearing today that the new Federal schedule of telephone rates, due to become operative on Jan. 21, would not be put into effect in Massachusetts until the hearings on the proposed changes had been completed.

The schedule was defended by M. B. Jones, Vice President of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company, who appeared for the Government.

The hearing was adjourned until Jan. 30.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 17.—The State Railroad Commission today announced that it had declined to give immediate approval to new telephone rates in Michigan as provided for in an order of Postmaster General Burleson.

The commission held that the companies concerned, including the Bell system, have neither advertised the proposed new rates sufficiently nor published their application for hearing as required by the Michigan law.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 17.—An order suspending for five months the enforcement of the telephone rates, which would have become effective in Illinois Jan. 21, under a ruling of Postmaster General Burleson, was entered by the Illinois Public Utilities Commission today.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Jan. 17.—The Florida Railroad Commission will make application in the courts for an injunction to restrain the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company from putting into effect rates for long-distance telephone calls ordered recently by Postmaster General Burleson to become effective Jan. 21.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 17.—The Ohio Public Utilities Commission will fight in the courts any attempt of the Federal railroad officials to override the action of the State Commission today in refusing to approve zone express rates ordered by the Director General of Railroads. Chairman C. C. Marshall announced today after being advised that the Railroad Administration had declared it would not recognize the action of the State Commission.

The commission yesterday rejected Postmaster General Burleson's schedule for long distance telephone rates on the ground that they were excessive and had been made without due investigation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Railroad Administration officials said today higher express charges would be collected in Ohio regardless of the action of the Ohio Public Utilities Commission in declining to approve the new schedule. Their attitude was that the railroad control act authorized the President through the Director General to put new rates into effect and did not authorize State Commissions to suspend.

Action similar to that of the Ohio Commission has been taken in Nebraska, South Dakota, and other Western States where increased express charges have been collected since Jan. 1 without reference to the State Comission's orders.

HOTELS TELL PHONE LOSSES

Four of the Largest Reply to Complaints Before Service Board.

Accountants for a number of hotels testified yesterday before the Second District Public Service Commission concerning the cost and receipts from telephone service in the final hearing on complaints of overcharges. Four large hotels were taken as examples of the situation under the old rates, compared with the reduced prices ordered by Postmaster General Burleson.

The McAlpin, which has 1,881 telephones and is the largest operator of telephones in the hotel world, lost in the year ended on Oct. 31, $28,797.24. Under the reduced rate it lost in December last $4,800. The total income of the system for the year preceding Oct. 1 was $116,879.92, the charge against the system for rent was $20,400, and there were other charges for bookkeeping, messenger service, &c. Arthur J. Lee, who has charge of the hotel's books, told the commission that even under the old 10-cent rate the hotel lost 2 2-3 cents a call, and that under the new rate it was losing more than 7 cents a call. Operators employed by the hotel were paid from $55 to $60 a month.

The telephone company charged the hotel 2½ cents a call for locals and the regular rate for other calls. Intercommunicating service in the hotel, he testified, cost the hotel four or five times as much as for other calls, because employes were required to attend to them, especially those originating outside the hotel. He also testified that the McAlpin had applied to the telephone company for slot machines, but that the request had been refused. If the outside trunk lines could be tapped for service installed by the hotels, the cost would be much less, but the company declined to permit its lines to be used by privately owned systems.

Figures produced by witnesses showed that the Waldorf had a total income from telephone service in the year ended Oct. 31 of $103,146.76; that it charged against the service $13,800 for rent, the cost of accounting, and other charges, and that it lost $5,824.74. The Biltmore receive $143,973.66 in the same period. It charged $25,000 for rent and $6,000 for accounting and paging, and lost $2,137.17. The Astor, the only one of the four that made a profit, earned $4,620.92 in excess of charges.

There was some testimony concerning the cost of pages, detailed bookkeeping, and other expenses that could not be reckoned precisely. One clerk is needed to take care of the telephone calls, and there is another expense for sorting the calls. About 750,000 outgoing telephone calls are handled at a big hotel in a year, and the incoming calls amount to thrice as many. Decision will be rendered later.

GARMENT STRIKE EXPECTED

Leaders Think Union Has Voted to Quit—Manufacturers Meet Today.

The strike vote taken by the 35,000 members of the International Ladies' Garments Workers' Union will be announced this afternoon at a mass meeting in Madison Square Garden. Benjamin Schlessinger, the President, announced yesterday. The polls closed late last night, and the union leaders said they were confident that the strike had been voted.

The manufacturers will meet this morning to decide whether to refuse the demands of the workers. More than 300 shop owners, it was said yesterday, would attend this meeting, which will be addressed by Morris Weiss, President of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, and Harry A. Gordon, counsel for the association. Frank Morrison, Secretary of the Federation of Labor, will address the workers at the Garden.

The Silk Association of America, Secretary Ramsay Peugnet announced yesterday, is opposed to the forty-eight-hour week for the textile industries, because it cannot be made effective throughout the country. Mr. Peugnet said, in a statement, that demand for the eight-hour day would be refused. The association, the statement said, is expecting legislation that will standardize hours of work in various industries. "The Federal Government should take steps, either through legislation, or other means," the statement says, "to remove the question of hours from the field of industrial controversy. We do not believe the necessary uniformity of practice can be attained through local adjustments or State legislation. Such methods will result, in the future, as they have in the past, in sectional differences and consequent injustices."

MUST ACCOUNT FOR PROFITS

Appellate Court Upholds Grand Central Terminal Decision.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday affirmed a ruling by the Supreme Court that the firm of Warren & Wetmore, architects, must account to Allen H. Stem, formerly of Reed & Stem, architects, for a share of the profits on the construction of the Grand Central Terminal and the Hotel Biltmore. The sum involved is about $500,000.

In directing the accounting the court found that Reed & Stem got the contract to draw the plans for the Grand Central improvement and were requested by the railroad to have Warren & Wetmore become associated with them on an equal basis. A few days after Mr. Reed's death Charles D. Wetmore of the defendant firm wrote William H. Newman, head of the Grand Central Terminal Improvement Company, suggesting that Mr. Reed's death terminated the contract with Reed & Stem and that Warren & Wetmore should continue the work alone.

The Appellate Division found that the cancellation of the contract with Reed & Stem was brought about "through the secret actions, solicitations, and procurements" of Warren & Wetmore, with the purpose of excluding the plaintiff from the profits of the work after 1911.

General Chemical Company Accused

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Complaint was filed against the General Chemical Company of New York today by the Federal Trade Commission, charging that the concern had fixed resale prices for "Rizon" baking powder and had refused to furnish its product to dealers which did not maintain the prices so fixed.

MILK CONTROVERSY AGAIN DEADLOCKED

Agreement Between Dairymen and Distributers Is Upset by Minor Detail.

DOWLING THREAT TO QUIT

Chairman Remains on Commission Only at the Urgent Request of the Governor.

A few minutes after the producers and distributers, at a meeting of the Governor's Milk Commission yesterday afternoon, had reached an agreement on the milk prices for New York City for January, February, and March and a telephone report of the terms had been made to Governor Smith, to be released by him from Albany, there arose a dispute between the two factions over a minor detail of the agreement, involving the handling of milk at one small place in the territory, which caused a second message to be sent to the Governor, telling him that the commission was again deadlocked.

Chairman Robert E. Dowling of the Milk Commission asked the Governor to relieve him from further service on the commission, but he was urged by the Governor, at the suggestion of counsel for the New York Milk Conference Board, to hold another session of the body at 11 o'clock this morning, in the hope that the one detail in controversy might be settled. This he consented to do. If the two factions have not agreed by that time, Chairman Dowling said he was requested by the Governor to make public the point at issue.

Milk receipts yesterday were 1,574,374 quarts, or 87 per cent. of the normal supply, an increase of 5 per cent. over Thursday.

Alfred W. McCann, a food expert, was a witness in the milk inquiry before Chief City Magistrate McAdoo yesterday. He declared that corruption among officials and inspectors of the State Department of Agriculture had caused the farmers to become afraid of being victimized by these officials. Meantime, he said, the children of the city suffered. Mr. McCann said that nobody knew whether the milk coming into the city from long distances, as at present, was pure or not. He remarked that he would not feed it to his own children.

Assistant District Attorney Dooling, who is conducting the milk inquiry, was visited at his office yesterday by State Senator James J. Walker and Assemblyman Joseph D. Kelly, who came here to seek information which they said they intended to use in trying to enact legislation to correct conditions which now exist in the milk trade.

Charles W. Burkett, editor of The American Agriculturist, returned yesterday from Albany, where he had attended the annual meeting of the New York State Agricultural Society, which was taken up largely, he said, with the milk situation. The meeting, attended by 1,500 farmers from all counties of the State, adopted resolutions emphatically indorsing the position of the Dairymen's League, and promised their support in the fight, he said. He said that the Horticultural Society meeting at Rochester, N. Y., at the same time had taken similar action.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—The Governor was told by Chairman Dowling that after it was thought the milk controversy had been adjusted a question arose regarding a milk station in New Hampsire, and that the representatives of the distributers asked that they be given until tomorrow morning to confer with the distributers. While admitting that no agreement had been formally reached, the Governor said that he believed the matter of the one milk station was of a minor character and would not seriously hinder the producers and distributers from reaching an agreement.

Under the terms of the agreement the producer would be paid $4.01 a hundred pounds of milk in January, $3.54 in February, and $3.31 in March. In March the $3.31 rate would apply to producers within a radius of 150 miles of New York, while producers in the 250-mile zone would be paid $3.23. After Jan. 25 the distributers would take all the milk the dairymen sent, and from now until Jan. 25 shipments would be limited only by the number of cans available.

Small Ships May Cross Atlantic Again.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Restrictions against the use in transatlantic trade of sailing vessels and steamers of less than 2,500 tons were withdrawn today by the Shipping Board. Sailing craft had been barred from this traffic because of the danger from submarines, and small steamers were prohibited from crossing the Atlantic because their slow speed made it impossible for them to keep up with the convoys.

FEARS RAILROAD POLITICS.

It Has Received Too Much Consideration, Thom Tells Senators.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Elimination of political influences, which, he said, had "inevitably been injected into consideration" of railroad regulations by a commission, was urged by A. P. Thom, counsel for the Association of Railway Executives, today, in continuing his argument for the establishment of a department of transportation, before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee.

While disclaiming any purpose of criticising the men who have served on the Interstate Commerce Commission, Mr. Thom said it was generally admitted political consideration had arisen which ought to be eliminated in dealing with railroad problems.

"When a man reaches the dignity and responsibility of a Cabinet officer," he said, "he is less subject to petty political influences and more likely to decide large questions of public policy solely to the public interest.

"Questions relating to railroad revenues would not be determined by the selfish interests of the railroads or the selfish interests of the shippers, but by the public interest. Transportation ought to have its representative in the Cabinet along with those of agriculture, commerce, and the army and navy.

"Under the plan we have offered the Interstate Commerce Commission would be relieved of some of its burdens and would be raised in dignity as a judicial body. It would act as a check both on the railroads and the Department of Transportation."

The proposed Cabinet member, he said, would not be able to build up a political machine by organising railroad employes under the railway executives' plan, because the individual roads would have charge of their own employes. He urged that Federal incorporation should be compulsory.

Mr. Thom had not concluded his statement when the committee adjourned until Monday.

McCABE'S MAN APPOINTED.

Governor Has McDonald Placed as Deputy Superintendent of Buildings

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—Rumblings of discontent growing out of the fight for up-State leadership between Patrick E. McCabe and William V. Cooke, both of Albany, were dissipated today in the appointment of Patrick H. McDonald as Deputy State Superintendent of Public Buildings.

McCabe, while generally recognized as the local Democratic leader, has had his place contested by Cooke, a follower of Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall, who had some trouble with McCabe. The Albany leader wanted the public buildings appointment and patronage. So did Cooke.

The breach widened until today when Governor Smith stepped in and poured oil on the troubled political waters. McDonald is said to be Smith's own appointee, the Governor having insisted that Superintendent McDonough name him.

McDonald is a McCabe man, and on the face of his appointment it looks like a victory for the leader. This aspect is changed, however, by the fact that McCabe, while apparently successful in obtaining the job for one of his followers, will not have the distribution of any of the patronage that goes with the appointment, as it is understood that the Governor has ruled that appointments to any of the twenty-four paying jobs ready for distribution will have to come through local State committeemen first.

The McDonald appointment also brings to light that the Democratic State Committee will meet Tuesday afternoon next in Syracuse when an entirely new method of handling patronage will be adopted. Hereafter State Committeemen are not going to be mere figureheads in the Democratic organization. They will receive more recognition, it is understood, in the hope that trouble may be averted within the ranks.

McDonald gained some notoriety four years ago when he was confidential agent in the State Prison Department and had a physical encounter with Thomas Mott Osborne, then Warden of Sing Sing. His new position pays $3,500 a year.

TO HEAR FORD CASE IN OPEN

Senate Committee Will Hold Public Sessions in Senatorial Contest.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In taking up Henry Ford's petition contesting the election of Truman H. Newberry to the Senate from Michigan, the Senate Elections Committee adopted unanimously a resolution by Senator Ashurst of Arizona, Democrat, for public hearings.

A sharp conflict developed over the right of the committee to decide a contest for a seat in the next Senate. Chairman Pomerene said, when his resolution for an investigation of the Michigan election was voted down recently, that Mr. Ford's petition for a recount had not been filed and that a new issue was presented with the formal contest. Senator Kellog of Minnesota, Republican, in denying that a new issue had developed, insisted that the contest should be decided by the next Congress. The Chairman said, however, the question would have to be settled later, and discussions with counsel proceeded.

Henry E. Bedman of Detroit, counsel for Newberry, in announcing that the latter desired to co-operate with the committee in preserving all evidence, declared the bill introduced in the Michigan Legislature to have the Michigan Supreme Court take charge of the ballots would protect all interests. Senator Pomerene and other Democrats contended that the Senate itself, through the Privileges and Elections Committee, should act.

Alfred Lucking, Mr. Ford's counsel, in contending that the injunctions and proposed legislation did not meet the situation, asked for an immediate investigation and recount by the committee. He declared that the acknowledged expenditures of $176,000 in Mr. Newberry's campaign were "only a fraction," and charged that they actually reached about $500,000.

Ballots at Marquette and Saginaw already had been destroyed or removed, he said, and correspondence of the Newberry campaign managers had been burned.

"It follows that every day's delay is dangerous," said Mr. Lucking. "If the Senate postpones an investigation for six months or a year, the time will be utilized to destroy and suppress the evidence and put witnesses beyond reach."

CHURCH MADE RICH BY OIL.

Refuses $1,000,000 for Right to Develop Wells in Graveyard.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Jan. 17.—The Merriman Baptist Church of Ranger, which already has acquired an income of $200,000 a year through oil wells sunk in its church yard, has refused $1,000,000 for the right to develop wells in the grave yard which adjoins the church, it became known here today.

The graveyard now is surrounded by oil wells, and numerous companies have made the congregation, which has only twenty-nine members, fabulous offers for the burying ground.

The congregation has voted that none of its members shall profit personally by its good fortune, but that the entire income shall be devoted to the glory of God. One hundred thousand dollars already has been distributed among Baptist institutions in this State.

Liners to Use Havre Again.

HAVRE, Jan. 17.—The French line of steamships, which abandoned the port of Havre as the French terminus of its transatlantic service during the war, will resume the use of that port for its steamers from New York, beginning next month. The first vessel of the line scheduled to reach here will be the Rochambeau, on Feb. 4.

REACH AGREEMENT IN KNIT GOODS TRADE

Manufacturers and Jobbers Arrange for "Adjustments" to Stabilize Prices.

BUYERS FEARED DECLINE

Wholesalers Predict Heavy Volume of Business, Especially in West and Southwest.

The American knit goods and hosiery industries yesterday made a working agreement with the big dry goods jobbing interests of the country, which had the effect of removing much of the post-war uncertainty as to the immediate future course of prices, and which had caused wholesalers to hesitate in placing orders for Fall merchandise.

Nearly 600 manufacturers, selling agents, and jobbers from every part of the United States gathered yesterday morning at the Waldorf-Astoria to effect such stabilization of the underwear and hosiery markets, as would make it feasible for jobbers to place orders without fear that commodity prices might sag between the time of placing orders and the delivery of the goods. Yesterday's conference, which was held under the auspices of a special committee appointed by the Jobbers' Association of Knit Goods Buyers, was the culmination of a series of dry goods jobbers' meetings held in this city this week. Buyers had refrained from placing their usual orders until it was definitely ascertained whether they would be protected in their purchases against a falling market. On the other hand, manufacturers were confronted with the possibility that the buyers would return to their homes without satisfying their future requirements in the matter of stocks.

At the afternoon session a committee of five from each of the big organizations met and canvassed the war's readjustment period in all of its phases. It was realized that if the mills were to be kept in operation it would be necessary to make concessions to the distributers, and, accordingly, when the committees reported back to the general meeting, the statement was made that the manufacturers would make "adjustments" on the lowest prices quoted on goods sold between now and June 1 or July 1 next, depending upon the character of the merchandise involved. This action proved gratifying to the buyers attending the conference, and the meeting broke up with the feeling that for the next six months or so distributers could place orders without fear of losses.

Nearly all of the wholesalers predicted a heavy volume of business, while those from the West and Southwest said the purchasing power of their respective communities was simply limitless.

Formal resolutions adopted at the conference specified that in the matter of Fall wool and cotton underwear the price of the goods on a given order would be adjusted to the lowest price the manufacturer made to July 1, 1919, providing 50 per cent. of the manufacturer's average annual production to the American trade was sold by the above-mentioned date. In consideration of this recommendation to adjust prices the manufacturers insisted that no cancellation be given on their merchandise except for nondelivery, goods thirty days late, or for inferior goods.

Relative to hosiery, the manufacturers recommended that the sellers of cotton hosiery agree to adjust their prices on their sales up to June 1, 1919. This was explained to mean that if the manufacturers sold an article at $3, and if they reduced the price on March 1 or any other date to $2.75, any undelivered goods which they had on order would be billed at such lower price up to June 1.

It was set forth in the resolutions that fleeced and woolen hosiery was to take the same adjustment recommendation as that applying to Fall underwear. "In consideration of this recommendation to adjust prices," the resolution said, "we insist that no cancellation be given on our merchandise except for nondelivery which is thirty days late or for inferior goods."

The organizations represented at yesterday's meeting included the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers, National Association of Knit Goods Selling Agents, Southern Wholesale Dry Goods Association, Underwear Manufacturers of America, and the National Wholesale Dry Goods Association.

Mascot Design in Ribbons.

Latest in the hearts and in the fashions for little girls are hair ribbons made with a jolly design of the French mascots, Nennette and Rintintin, upon them. These are in all colors and the proper widths, and little girls who wear them are supposed to be sure to have the good luck never to be late to school or to fail in their lessons.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BEARSKIN Wanted.—All colors. American Produced Stuffed Toy Co., 116 Wooster St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing immediate orders on ladies' and children's Spring coats. Call with samples, 36 West 22d St., 5th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders for juniors' coats and capes, better grade, snappy styles. 16 West 25th, 4th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade; call with samples all week. 27 East 22d, Suite 52.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large cloak and suit house wants to connect with dress manufacturers who have their own material; only those making up to date stylish and well made merchandise need answer. Box W 614, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—S. Solomon, 470 4th Av., wants jobs for spot cash, silk, satin, and serge dresses, also georgette, for immediate delivery; also placing orders for ten days delivery.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Lorraine 3667, black and navy; also all shades tricotine. Farragut 5759.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for 9958, Amoskeag, black; Gins Bros., 109 West 26th. Farragut 2228.

POPLINS Wanted.—Can use black 90610 or 06077 Poplin. Finkelstein. Spring 6311.

SATINS Wanted.—Yarn dye cotton back satins, black. D. Freid, 106 West 27th St.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy 11433, 518, 54289, or similar, for spot cash at a low price. Farragut 8880.

SERGE Wanted.—Black and navy, 104; big quantity for cash. Ward & Levy, 127 West 25th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity, 4059, 4060, 4061, 4408, all colors; tricotine 4718, serge 809. Gramercy 6227.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 0609, shade 145; also American 90610, black; cash. Mad. Sq. 3386.

SILKS Wanted.—Striped and plaid taffetas and messaline; also three-thread crepe; must be cheap. Apply Saturday, 1,270 Broadway, Room 516.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—Tan, pekin, navy, reindeer. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SUITS Wanted.—Silk and cloth suits of the better kind only; looked at from 9 to 12 A. M., 10th floor, 36th St. entrance, 1,333 Broadway.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Tan and other street shades; good quality only desired. Madison Square 7480.

TRICOTINES and Poiret Twills Wanted.—All colors; also botany, velours. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—F. & H., navy and colors, $4.50. Einhorn, 112 Madison Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Tan; also tan gabardines. Phone Farragut 9605.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweights, taupe, brown shades; also silvertones and other Fall coatings; state quantities; best cash price. John Northway & Son, Ltd.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will buy all colors, cotton back, for cash. Litty & McElroy. Farragut 8439.

VELOURS Wanted.—American 0360 buss tan at right price. Gramercy 6174.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spring shades; also tricotines. Mad. Sq. 8585.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—Quantity in dress weights and dress shades. Harry A. Roman Co., 22 West 32d. Madison Sq. 1218.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APRONS.—Various styles, close out lots from factory inventory. The W. H. Dean Co., 45 East 17th St.

BROADCLOTH.—E. & R., and Botany; also black, all shades tan, Pekin, reindeer, navy, brown, burgundy, velours. Farragut 5759.

COATS.—300 snappy velours, kerseys, pom poms, fur-trimmed and self collars; very, very cheap. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Salt's plush coats, plain and fur trimmed, for January sales. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 28th.

COATS.—Suitable for January and February sales at very low prices. Joseph Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

COATS.—300 beautiful Winter coats, mostly fur trimmed; $6 up. Freedman Bros., 1,333 Broadway.

DRESSES, big inducement on serge, jersey, and taffetas to big users only; also jobs on hand. London Apparel Co., 9 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersey dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

GARFIELDS' For Sale.—519, at $2.25 net; W-423, 19 pieces; A-127, 18 pieces; A-313, 9 pieces; Andrews' mills, style 1464, at $2.25 net, shade 349, 5 pieces; shade 386, 17 pieces; shade 467, 5 pieces. The Landesman Hirschheimer Co., 1,323 West 9th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

HOSIERY.—Have quantities of wool hose, also heavy underwear. 390 Broadway, Room 906. Franklin 589.

OVERALLS.—A lot on hand and would sell at a sacrifice to right buyer. Tel. 3855 Canal.

POPLINS.—50 pieces navy at a price, gabardines, 5 pieces white, 20 pieces tan. Farragut 8880.

POPLINS.—All wool 8158, black and navy, at $1.80 net, cash. Farragut 9943.

SERGES.—All brands, all numbers; below market price. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—8200 Gilbert's, 09070, 528, 519, 800, navy, very cheap. Mad. Sq. 8598.

SERGES.—Garfields 519, Andrews 1464, Americans 09709. Orchard 8744.

SKIRTS.—All-wool French serge at $3.50; other good values. Quitrite Skirt, 37 West 28th.

SKIRTS.—Tricolette 675, all colors. Quitrite Skirt, 87 West 28th.

SUITS.—100 ladies' and misses' sport and norfolk model suits, made in gabardines, navy serge, and mixtures, to close out at a price. 8792 Chelsea.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

TRICOTINE.—Wm. F. Reade 5800, Garfield 4718; also Poiret twills. Farragut 8759.

VELOURS, Serges, Poplins; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

VELOURS, checks, Oxfords, 0996, 11433; cheap. Greeley 6842.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted on silk waists, out-of-town factories; must know every detail of manufacturing, have facilities to turn out work; best prices paid and all-year work. A 79 Times.

CONTRACTORS wanted on girls' fine silk dresses; work cut and not out; we furnish patterns. Write for appointment, K 4 Times.

CONTRACTORS with plants out of city on silk waists; those who can make a good waist. Box B. B., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

Allied Industries.

CHEVRONS.—Look, we beat them all; red and blue felt chevrons, $3.25 per gross, in quantities; immediate delivery. Nat Bloom, 126 6th Av. Farragut 9846.

DRUMMER TRUNKS Wanted.—Suitable for children's bathrobe line. Apply Loxiton Mfg. Co., 1,182 Broadway. Phone Mad. Sq. 7135.

SERVICE BARS.—Overseas campaign service bars; also ribbon and bars separate, for immediate delivery; also overseas caps, leggins, and chevrons. Pudlin & Perry, 125 Prince St.

Situations Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; tax estimates made, balance sheets, profits statements prepared. B 765 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER with executive, designing, and sales experience, speaking seven languages, wishes interview referring domestic or foreign connection. G 313 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Thursday..5@5¼

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Have Reduced Their Prices.

Information received in the muslin underwear trade is to the effect that very little buying is being done at the present time, especially where the materials were bought at the higher prices. One firm said yesterday that it is almost impossible to sell merchandise at the prevailing prices. Although in some cases the price has been reduced from 25 to 30 per cent., it has not proved much of an inducement to the jobbing and retail trade.

Higher-Priced Blouses in Demand.

Buyers who are now in the city purchasing the new lines of women's blouses are apparently more interested in the higher priced goods. Some firms say that the orders now being received are relatively small in comparison with those taken last year. Others state that they are taking some large orders from the out-of-town trade, but find the local stores a little slow in buying their Spring lines.

Negligees Are Selling.

Reports received from salesmen in the West and South are to the effect that negligees selling at wholesale from $10 to $25 are much more in demand than the cheaper lines. In almost every section good-sized orders are being taken, except in the New England States, where buyers are not particularly interested in these goods. In the Spring showing georgette and combinations of chiffon and georgette are being used quite largely. Several embroidery and hand-painted effects on lightweight materials are among the new offerings.

Buying a Little Earlier.

In view of the unsettled conditions in the dress manufacturing industry, the local trade are placing their orders a little earlier this season. It is said that this precaution is being taken in order that they will be covered if things become worse. A large number of out-of-town buyers were in the city yesterday, and the orders that were placed more than measure up to the ones received last year. In almost every case buyers are more inclined toward purchasing the higher grade merchandise.

Gray Goods Prices Firmer.

There was a decidedly firmer tone to the local gray goods market yesterday and the tendency was toward higher prices than the day before. There were a number of sales of printcloths from first hands for January, February, and March delivery, the constructions being 39-inch 68-72s, which went at 12¼ cents, and of 38½-inch 64-60s, which brought 10¾ cents. It looked extremely doubtful, as the market closed, if any more goods could be had at these figures. In sheetings there were sales of 36-inch 5.50s at 10¾ cents. Some business was also done in sateens and twills, but in these the market was easier.

Orders for Infants' Wear.

Believing that prices will be lower, many cancellations have been received of late by manufacturers of infants' wear from retail stores throughout the country. Despite this fact, the road business is very good, although the volume of orders is not as large as was received during the last season. It is said that the price of the cheaper grade of goods will possibly be lower, and that of the better grades higher. Some of the buyers outside of the city are not placing any orders until they come into the market, believing that merchandise can be bought cheaper here.

Sweater Trade Active.

There has been much activity in the local sweater trade during the week, and some very substantial orders are being received. The demand for women's fibre silk sweaters has increased to such an extent that some difficulty is being had in making shipments fast enough. At first it was thought by the manufacturers that the sale was confined to certain sections of the country, but with the arrival of the out-of-town buyers it was found to be general. In the South and on the Pacific Coast, business has been exceptionally good. From the latter section an order was received during the first part of the week for $7,000 worth of this merchandise.

Coal Trade Situation.

Another week of moderate temperatures has increased the apathy of the public toward the coal question, and this, of course, is felt in wholesale as well as retail offices, Saward's Weekly will say today. Locally, the anthracite situation is so dull that the tying-up of harbor transportation for half a week did not cause the least trouble to retail dealers. They are loaded up with broken, egg, and pea coal, which their customers will not take as long as stove and chestnut are available. Conditions have not yet reached a point where individual operators are obliged to make price concessions on their domestic coal, but retailers are looking for weakness to develop at any time and so are buying only from hand to mouth. Price weakness is becoming more general in the bituminous trade. The lower grades are steadily slipping, and the instability in this part of the market is beginning to extend to the medium quality coals. The best grades remain firm, but are available in larger volume to spot buyers.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; R. A. Conlif, china, toys; 1,150 Broadway; Latham.
BALTIMORE—M. Schwartz, furs; Gregorian.
BALTIMORE—Schloss Bros. & Co.; M. Schloss, woolens; 230 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Klein, Moffett Co.; H. Green, cotton piece goods; 1,270 Broadway; Gregorian.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Sisson Bros.-Welden Co.; B. F. Welden, dry goods; Imperial.
BUTTE, Mont.—The Symons Dry Goods Co.; B. A. Myers, shoes, 141 5th Av.
CANTON, Ohio—Federal Garment Co.; J. A. Fawcett, house dresses, aprons; Holland House.
CHARLESTON, S. C.—L. Cohen Co.; P. Schatz, ready-to-wear; 44 East 23d.
CHATTANOOGA—Model Shop; M. Feld, ready-to-wear; 1,161 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; L. Metzenberg, jewelry, silverware; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Glickman Bros.; J. Glickman, men's, women's furnishing goods; B'way Central.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; V. R. Birch, furniture, gift department, silverware; 366 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—E. Sperling Co.; E. Sperling, cloths, silks, trimmings; 302 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss C. E. Thompson, infants' wear; 37 West 28th.
CLEVELAND—S. M. Hexter Co.; S. M. Hexter, tailor's trimmings; 1,140 B'way.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—The Stern Co.; Marc Peteot, millinery, waists; 35 West 32d.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Union Clothing Co.; Miss A. White, waists, corsets; 116 W. 32d.
DALLAS—A. Harris & Co.; M. Baum, notions, laces, ribbons, hosiery, gloves; 1,150 Broadway.
DALLAS, Texas—M. Sant, millinery, ready-to-wear; Miss O. Greenstein, millinery; 366 5th Av.
DANVILLE, Va.—Conway, Swanson & Co.; J. W. Boswell, carpets; Breslin.
DAYTON, O.—Rike, Kumler Co.; Mr. Bourne, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.; R. G. Kramer, sweater coats; 377 Broadway.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; G. A. Marhew, muslin underwear; L. Brownhill, basement coats, dresses; 225 5th Av.
DRUMRIGHT, Okla.—Kiefer Mercantile Co.; A. Knight, Mrs. A. Knight, ready-to-wear; 1,199 Broadway.
DURHAM, N. C.—Strauss, Rosenberg Co.; Mr. Strauss, coats, suits, dresses; 38 W. 32d. R. 1,506.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—Feldman Co.; S. Feldman, clothing; Broadway Central.
HARRISBURG, Pa.—Brown & Co.; W. H. Brown, house furn. goods; Imperial.
HORNELL, N. Y.—Babcock & Davison; C. F. Babcock, dry goods; Empire.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Watts, Ritter & Co.; Mr. Watts, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
JASPER, Ala.—C. E. Tweedy & Co.; C. E. Tweedy, dry goods, clothing; York.
JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—Penn Traffic Co.; G. W. Hollenbeck, rugs; Imperial.
JONESBORO, Ark.—C. Grossman, ready-to-wear; 89 West 32d.
JONESBORO, Ark.—Chicago Millinery Store; J. Grossman, coats, suits, millinery; 89 West 32d.
JOPLIN, Mo.—Christman Dry Goods Co.; L. A. Dawson, ready-to-wear; Prince George.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Burnham-Minger-Root D. G. Co.; R. S. Jones, linens, white goods, laces, ribbons, notions, fancy goods; 43 Leonard.
KEY WEST, Fla.—W. Mandell, dry goods; Broadway Central.
LIBERTY, N. Y.—H. J. Sarise Co.; L. Payne, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.; Grand.
LITTLETON, Ohio—E. Hirsch, jobs, serge dresses; Room 1,015, 1,150 B'way.
LONDON, Eng.—A. H. Silverbutts, novelties; Continental.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Heffley & Aboner; S. Heffley, piece goods; Albert.
MIDDLETOWN, N. Y.—M. B. Wolf & Bros.; M. B. Wolf, clothing, furn. goods; Continental.
MILES CITY, Mon.—L. Goldstein, men's, women's clothing; 39 West 32d.
MONTREAL—H. Morgan & Co.; W. D. Miller, stationery; Breslin.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; F. K. Harris, boys' clothing; J. C. Mizer, notions, ribbons, jewelry, leather goods; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Stones & Seiner; R. Stone, women's furn. goods; Herald Square.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufman's Dept. Store; J. W. Horne, toys, pictures; 1,261 Broadway, Imperial.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co., Inc.; H. M. Lipman, waists, suits, petticoats, dresses; 1,123 B'way.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Hancock Co.; C. E. Hancock, jewelry; Herald Square.
PULASKI, Va.—S. B. Steger, H. W. Steger, gen'l mdse.; Imperial.
QUINCY, Ill.—"Reib's"; J. J. Reib, Miss Usati, coats, suits, dresses, skirts, waists; Room 1118, 220 5th Av.
READING, Penn.—Titlow, Schular & Co.; J. R. Schuler, notions, furn. goods; Broadway Central.
RUTLAND, Vt.—Kamber, Frank & Co.; H. H. Walk, general mdse.; Breslin.
SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Marston Co.; W. E. Short, waists, sweaters; 220 5th Av., Breslin.
SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Holzwasser, Inc.; Mr. Peiser, jobs women's Fall, Winter coats, suits, dresses; 1,150 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—Neustadter Bros.; M. Walfe, hosiery, underwear; 377 Broadway.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros. Co.; W. W. Holmes, furn. goods; 1,261 B'way.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa — Hicks-Fuller-Pierson Co.; E. A. Griffith, floor coverings; 320 Broadway; Latham.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—J. C. Ellsworth; R. Robertson, mdse. manager; 105 Grand.
ST. LOUIS—J. Crone & Co.; J. Crone, millinery; Continental.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co.; E. P. Cave, domestic prints, 395 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss I. E. Rosenblatt, infants', children's, boys' wear; 37 West 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix Dry Goods Co.; W. V. Eaton, shirts, shirtings; W. A. Dooly, dress goods; 377 Broadway.
TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; Miss S. Myer, infants' wear; 225 5th Av.
VICTORIA, Texas—A. & S. Levy; A. Levy, ladies' Spring dresses; Room 1015, 1,150 B'way.
WICHITA FALLS, Texas—Colonna Tegrey Shop; J. Colonna, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.
WILKES-BARRE — MacWilliams; H. A. Grimm, upholstery goods, trunks, bags; Hermitage.

Nearlinen British Manufacture THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York.

Wormser & Co.
Commercial Bankers
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360
Accounts Financed.
Advances on Merchandise

Auctions.

ON EXHIBITION WITH DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES

On Monday, Jan. 20th, 1919, special peremptory sale of the entire stock of SHONINGER BROS. in liquidation, inventoried at over $250,000.00. On Tuesday, Jan. 21st, and Wednesday, Jan. 22d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. each day on the premises 881 Broadway (at 19th St.) N. Y. C. This offering will comprise in part complete lines of Valenciennes Venice, Net top, Calais, Nottingham, St. Gall, and domestic laces; also a large asst. of Paris and Lyons Novelty, metal, and beaded laces; also a large quantity of chiffons, georgettes, nets, white goods, etc., etc., all in original packages.

also quantity of merchandise in bond.

The reputation of this firm for carrying high class goods has been supreme for years and the quantities of merchandise included in this offering are of such magnitude and variety that every up-to-date concern in the United States should be represented at this sale.

The Entire Fixtures (all cabinet work) consisting of over 200 hardwood tables, partitions, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, about a dozen Oriental and domestic rugs, and contents of the shipping department will be sold on Wednesday, Jan. 22nd, P. M.

A. SCHAAF AND SONS AUCTION DEPT.
884 Broadway, N. Y. C.
Phone Franklin 42-48.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 17.—Forty new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $21,212,100, were chartered today. They include:

Texoleum Co. of New York, Manhattan, floor coverings, $100,000; C. O. Karpe, S. J. Siegel, J. S. Phillips, 80 St. Nicholas Av.

B. E. Hedges Co., Auburn, tools, engines, and appliances, $40,000; B. E. Hedges, L. W. Moulton, G. McPherson, Syracuse.

Louis Rosenthal Cigar Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. A. Goldstein, S. Hyams, L. Rosenthal, 1,526 55th St., Brooklyn.

Atlantic Cinema Corp., Manhattan, films, $10,000; A. Kipp, J. Lewisohn, L. D. Froelich, 165 Broadway.

Associated Mercantile Corp., Manhattan, exporting and importing of merchandise, $50,000; E. I. Gottlieb, J. H. Mulrane, J. Rogue, Jr., 275 Central Park West.

Grant Avenue Garage Co., Bronx, $5,000; W. H. and J. Greer, P. Gallagher, 360 East 166th St.

Jordan Export Corp., Manhattan, importing and exporting business, $15,000; D. Pearl, J. J. Arnold, J. Jacobs, 2,141 Fifth Av.

H. J. Macbeth Co., chemists, druggists, and make hardware, $100,000; C. W. Holloway, H. J. Macbeth, A. P. Anderson, 31 Nassau St.

The Berk Co., Manhattan, children's wearing apparel, $20,000; S. Berkowitz, I. E. Schlesinger, S. R. Gertstein, 299 Broadway.

Leco Electric Lamp Co., Manhattan, $5,000; C. & H. Leopold, L. Kline, 3,920 Broadway.

James T. Williams Piling and Lumber Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. G. Price, E. W. Warren, J. T. Williams, 273 West 140th St.

Bankers' Statistics Corp., Manhattan, $200,000; O. Harold, F. H. Butehorn, R. A. MacLean, 813 74th St., Brooklyn.

Lorraine R. and C. Co., Manhattan, realty and construction, $10,000; I. Witkind, J. Ritter, M. Lewis, 310 Windsor Place, Brooklyn.

130th Street Garage Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; D. Jacobs, J. Ehly, A. Rosenwald, 379 West 125th St.

Ideal Coin Container Co., Brooklyn, stationery and bank supplies, $50,000; G. T. & C. E. Long, F. W. La Chappelle, 422 State St., Brooklyn.

The Bakers' Fixtures and Utensils Co., Manhattan, $5,100; M. and M. Baker, S. Feldman, 540 Claremont Parkway, Bronx.

Waneta Cloak House, Manhattan, make ladies and misses' apparel, $6,000; M. Horowitz, S. Abelson, A. Klingman, 337 East 123d St.

Schulse & Vanstee Mfg. Co., Jamestown, furniture, $50,000; A. C. and M. C. Schulse, J. Vanstee, Jamestown.

The Heid Mfg. Co., Manhattan, ladies' tailored shirtwaists, $200,000; R. Goldman, H. Kaufman, J. Steinbrink, 566 Prospect Av., Brooklyn.

Apollo Trading Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures, $100,000; A. Werner, M. E. and E. M. Klein, 817 West End Av.

Puritan Export Co., Manhattan, $30,000; A. F. Morewood, J. J. Hert, W. Matthews, 32 Broadway.

Fibre Yarn Co., Manhattan, artificial silks, braids, &c., $20,000; L. E. Farber, W. and J. B. Miller, 15 William St.

Empire Raincoat Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Weisberg, J. and E. Freedgood, 192 Nagel Av.

Sussman & Unger, Manhattan, clothing and wearing apparel, generally, $5,000; A. T. Rook, R. Stoffer, H. A. Cone, 51 Chambers St.

Empire Fur Dyeing Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Levy, C. Smith, A. Singer, 154 Nassau St.

International General Electric Co., Manhattan, electrical and other merchandise, $20,000,000; G. Abbott, A. W. Burchard, C. A. Coffin, 120 Broadway.

Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Corp., Manhattan, transportation, trade and commerce, $100,000; J. P. Grace, J. L. Schaeffer, L. H. Sheaman, no address given.

The Louden Machinery Co., Albany, barn and hay handling machinery, $10,000; R. B. Louden, C. M. Houck, O. B. Stichter, Albany.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

I. T. Motor Renting Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $5,000.

The Farmers' Standard Carbide Co., Canastota, $25,000 to $300,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Consolidated Ruby Co., Esopus, $50,000 to $1,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Perfect Fuse Co., Buffalo, to Pierce Fuse Corp.

AUTHORIZATION.

The Van Sam Cara Co., Delaware, nonalcoholic beverages, $3,000; representative, W. H. Brown, 583 Hudson St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Creek Lumber Co., Middleburgh.
No. 2,833 Creston Avenue Co., Manhattan.
Phoenix Hat Co., Manhattan.
Eisenberg Catering Co., Manhattan.
Wolf Seller, Inc., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 17.—Charters filed: Fairfield Co., real estate, Atlantic City, $125,000; Charles S. Miller, Northfield; Raymond P. Read, Alice Alkazin of Atlantic City.

S. & S. Supply Co., guns, Newark, $50,000; Henry M. Stern, Jr., Irvington; John E. Chapman, Benjamin Staufenberger, Irvington.

Violet Silk Co., Paterson, $25,000; Joseph Saydeh, George Bashkinjy, Naim Bostanieh, Paterson.

George E. Nolan, Inc., brokers, Newark, $500,000; J. Bayard Kirkpatrick, Warren E. Jacobs, Ruth C. Robinson, Newark.

Drake Secretarial College, business college, Jersey City, $100,000; E. O. Gleason, D. S. Gleason, A. J. Gleason, Jersey City.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 17.—Charters filed: La Salle Oil and Refining Co., $300,000; S. H. Boynard, Jr., A. M. Fox, Charles B. Bishop of Wilmington.

S. H. Van Geuns & Co., merchandising business, $200,000; F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

Home Mutual Loan Association, $199,892.

Drilling Engineering Co., $150,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm of Philadelphia.

Seashore Development Co., real estate business, $100,000; Franklin L. Mettler, M. E. Mettler, T. F. Mettler of Wilmington.

Federal Security Co., $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

American Shipping and Trading Corp., $100,000; John T. McGovern, Gertrude C. Plumbin, Thomas C. Blake, all of New York.

The Lehreneld Printing Co., $100,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm of Philadelphia.

Chester Auto Express, Inc., $30,000; Daniel Willey, Fred E. Willey, Chester, Penn.; Henry J. Pollard of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Sachapaulon Northern Co., Wilmington, Del., from $100,000 to $1,000,000.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

RITTER RESTAURANT CO., INC., of 20 Lenox Avenue and 66 West 116th Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by the following creditors: Aaron Lapidos, $308; Alyce E. Dunn, $239, and Silberman Herring Co., Inc, $1,014. Judge Mayer has appointed Charles L. Greenhall, receiver in $1,000 bond. Assets said to be at least $5,000, and amount of liabilities not given.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS SALES CO., INC., auto trucks, at 256 West Sixty-ninth Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this corporation by David P. Saltzman, $142; Anselle Walker, $40, and George Rosenberg, $1,690. Judge Mayer has appointed Charles L. Greenhall receiver in $1,000 bond. Assets said to be $5,000 and liabilities $15,000.

HURLBURT MOTOR TRUCK CO. of Third Avenue and Harlem River.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against this company by the following creditors: Joseph Freisner, $685; Meyer Sindel, $200, and James Stevenson, $1,500.

ABRAHAM L. ULLNICK, an employer in the cigar manufacturing business, residing at 518 West 151st Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $22,243 and no assets. Among the largest creditors are J. Blackburn Miller, $13,327; Max Backhaus, $5,343, and A. Golden & Co., $1,000.

SHORE ROAD TRUCKING CO., with offices at 151 West Thirty-seventh Street, has assigned to George C. Woolf.

TEXTILE PAPER CO., INC., of 13 Park Row.—Judge Mayer has issued an order dismissing the petition in bankruptcy filed against this company.

Business Failures.

Bradstreet's reports 137 failures in the United States for the week ended Jan. 16, against 119 for the previous week and 238, 335, 421, and 851 for the corresponding weeks 1918 to 1915. The New England States had 18, Middle 32, Western 44, Northwestern 11, Southern 24, and Far Western 13. Canada had 16, against 16 for the previous week. In the United States about 77.3 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less and 13.8 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Angiola, Elsie—J. Cresky.......$1,158.75
Barnstein, Jacob—D. Bussel.......1,668.85
Brady, Thomas J.—Mass. Bonding & Ins. Co.......396.00
Bigham, Elsa, or Mrs. Elsa Hollander—Oliver A. Olson.......141.60
Bluver, Harry—H. Davidson.......372.27
Branigan, Thomas J.—T. Kelly.......1,396.91
Same—Same.......105.31
Bassett, Hannah V. C. and Acton C.—H. A. Collins, Jr.......376.66
Campbell, Thomas J.—E. O. Hahn.......626.72
Carsle, Greta M. V.—C. Badell.......160.40
Deutsch, William, and Louis Labowitz, (Deutsch & Labowitz)—J. M. Saulpaugh.......800.66
Findeisler, Berti—S. Kaufman.......170.65
Frank, Tillie, and Benjamin Green—People, &c.......500.00
Flashner, Karl—S. Kraus & Bro.......483.51
Fook, Yee H.—C. Eschenbacher.......2,633.35
Glickstein, Samuel—E. Glickstein.......3,628.30
Greenhaus, Harry, (A. Greenhaus & Co.)—A. Ettenson et al.......108.36
Goldstein, Harry—Prince Fish Co.......206.43
Greeber, Peter W.—James Everard's Breweries.......134.86
Hirschfeld, Harry—S. Kraus & Bro., Inc.157.84
James, Morgan T.—J. D. Gordon.......337.81
Kimball, Francis H.—T. W. Mills.......229.37
Lander, Henry C.—M. P. Jonas.......1,860.60
Leech, Edw. K.—E. McGuckin.......3,108.45
Levinstim, Max, (Edwin Garage)—I. S. Yewdell.......113.45
Martin, Marie, and Benjiamin Green—People, &c.......300.00
Minolfi, Salvatore—V. Cagazza & Bro..485.73
Montufar, Rafael, (Anita da Montufar-Manuel de J. Galvan—F. Andrew.......265.71
Ninis & Ninis, Inc.—Crannell, Nugent & Keauzer.......1,321.67
Paulovice, Maude M.—J. Herold.......695.20
Pierce, Edw. B.—N. Y. Veal and Mutton Co.......121.38
Pompei Const. Co.—Bonagur Building Co.......1,121.33
Rabinowitz, Ella, and Philip Kaplan, (Rabinowitz & Kaplan)—Philip Herzog & Sons.......1,129.00
Renke, Geo. T.—Wm. C. Reynolds, Inc.309.24
Sherwin, Harry E.—L. A. Legros.......1,068.65
Stratton, Bertha—M. Salomon et al.......101.16
Streep, Robert S—M. L. Peters.......4,071.23
Trachtenberg, Abraham and Jennie—Bank of U. S.......700.65
Tichener, Walter K.—Cortina Academy of Languages.......104.74
Vowinkel, Catherine—G. Reis & Bros., Inc.......337.80
Vix, Geo., Sr., and George Vix, Jr.—F. Forman.......659.67
White Plains Vanity Shop, Inc.—H. Cohen et al.......166.30
White, Joseph J.—A. Laine.......174.91
Wasserman, Isidor—Burns Bros.......5,175.85
Zenelle, Cecelia—Friesstedt Underpinning Co.......399.26

In Bronx County.

Bloomer Lime Co.—City of N. Y.......$124.11
F. Koref Co.—Gundlach-Bundschu Wine Co.......454.50
Film Fire Prevention & Motion Picture Corp., Wallace MacDongall, and Walther Behm—Mechanics Bank.......438.54
Guinn, Mabel K.—F. B. Austin.......303.23
Klipper, Louis—Nagle Packing Co.......108.60
Martin Fletcher Const. Co. and Martin Fletcher—J. Cordes.......328.32
Robinowitz, Jacob—S. Afromowitz.......147.89
Yockel Bros. Corp. and Washington Garage Co.—E. E. Nebel, admr., &c.1,280.65

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Braus, Arthur L.—Public Bank of N. Y. City, Jan. 11, 1917, canceled.......$5,852.57
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—J. Boosman, May 20, 1918, reversed.......1,136.43
Interborough Rapid Transit Co. and Stephen J. Sullivan—E. Waldo, June 5, 1918.......300.00
N. Y. Rys Co.—P. Hardy, May 8, 1918.......2,380.10
Same—D. Draisin et al., Feb 1, 1918.2,706.89
Hutcheson, Howard S. and Louis C.—W. Ramsey, July 10, 1916.......296.29
De Lorenzo, Bernardo, and National Surety Co.—People, &c., Oct. 30, 1918.......1,500.00
Juditsky, Max B. and Albert—J. Aron & Co., Inc., Jan. 29, 1918.......835.94
Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co.—S. Helden, Dec. 10, 1919.......387.10
Same—Boston Ins. Co., May 22, 1918.1,736.87
N. Y. Consolidated R. R. Co.—M. Riederman, Nov. 13, 1918.......332.55
Same—I. Goldman, Dec. 21, 1918.......584.00
Nassau Electric R. R. Co.—J. Greenstein, Nov. 27, 1918.......384.13
Iserson, Abraham S. — Seanneff Mills, Inc., May 27, 1918.......1,111.83
Stiberstein, Meyer—M. W. Dryfoos, Jan. 8, 1919.......1,929.02
Crescent Star Realty Co.—L. Paul, Jan. 13, 1919.......500.00
Davey, Andrew—M. von E. Satare, Dec. 13, 1918.......1,130.03

In Bronx County.

Vernaglia, Antonio — Bronx Borough Bank, March 20, 1918.......$2,787.85

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, SUPREME Court, Livingston County. — SECURITY TRUST COMPANY of Rochester and WILLIAM W. VAUGHAN, as Executors of the Last Will of William A. Wadsworth, deceased, Plaintiffs, vs. EDWARD FOLEY, CHARLES FOLEY, FRANK K. COOK, as committee of the person and property of Charles Foley, an incompetent person; HERMAN W. STALEY, MARGERY B. McCULLY, if living, and UNKNOWN, thereby meaning to designate all persons (other than those above mentioned,) who are heirs at law of Mary Britton, late of Geneseo, N. Y., and the wife, widow, or widower of any of them, and the grantees, mortgagees and judgment creditors of any of them, and all persons who have any title to or lien upon or who are tenants or lessees of the homestead property on North Street, Geneseo, N. Y., which was owned by said Mary Britton at the time of her decease, and also meaning to designate all persons who, if said Margery B. McCully be dead, have any title to or lien upon said premises above described as her husband, heirs at law, devisees, grantees, mortgagees or judgment creditors, or the wife, widow or widower, grantee, devisee, mortgagee or judgment creditor of any such persons, all of whose names and places of residence are unknown to plaintiffs, Defendants.

To the above named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and, in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Trial to be held in the County of Livingston.

Dated this 12th day of December, 1918.

HARRIS, BEACH, HARRIS & MATSON, Attorneys for Plaintiffs. Office and Post Office Address, 15 Rochester Savings Bank Bldg., Rochester, N. Y.

To Margery B. McCully, if living, and Unknown, thereby meaning to designate all persons (other than those above mentioned,) who are heirs at law of Mary Britton, late of Geneseo, N. Y., and the wife, widow or widower of any of them, and the grantees, mortgagees and judgment creditors of any of them, and all persons who have any title to or lien upon or who are tenants or lessees of the homestead property on North Street, Geneseo, N. Y., which was owned by said Mary Britton at the time of her decease, and also meaning to designate all persons who, if said Margery B. McCully be dead, have any title to or lien upon said premises above described as her husband, heirs at law, devisees, grantees, mortgagees or judgment creditors, or the wife, widow or widower, grantee, devisee, mortgagee or judgment creditor of any such persons, all of whose names and places of residence are unknown to plaintiffs:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. J. B. M. Stephens, Justice of the Supreme Court, dated the 13th day of January, 1919, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of Livingston County, at Geneseo, New York.

HARRIS, BEACH, HARRIS & MATSON, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 15 Rochester Savings Bank Bldg., Rochester, N. Y.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS, Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 800 CH.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY,
Auctioneers, 1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Penna.
TRUSTEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY
In the matter of Philadelphia Brass Works, Bankrupt. No. 6376.

Valuable Plant, Real Estate & Machinery

OF THE

PHILADELPHIA BRASS WORKS

EAST DOWNINGTOWN, PENNA.

Monday, February 17, 1919, at 11 A. M.

ON THE PREMISES

REAL ESTATE—Comprising nearly 17 acres on Chestnut St. and the Pennsylvania Railroad in East Downingtown, Pa., with Stone Foundry Buildings, Railroad Sidings, etc.

MACHINERY—The machinery comprises the completely equipped Brass Rod Mill, including 1,000-Ton 4-Column Hydraulic Press with Air Compressor and Accumulator, Dean Duplex Pump, and 200 H. P. Motor, 2 Rod Straightening Machines, 2-3 inch Hydraulic Cold Drawing Presses, Drop Hammers, Air Compressors, Wire Drawing Machine, Band and Circular Saws, Engine Lathes, Drill Presses, Grinding Machines, Wood-working Machines, Engines, Boilers, Brass Melting Furnaces, Cranes, Hoists, Laboratory Outfit, Motors, Small Tools, Shafting, Belting, Piping, Wiring, Brass and Scrap Iron, etc.

By order of PHILIP F. STOEVER, Trustee.
JACOB I. WEINSTEIN, Esq., ALFRED AARONS, Esq., Pennsylvania Bldg., Phila., Pa.
Attorneys for Trustee
Catalogues mailed upon application to
SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY, Auctioneers,
1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Penna.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CAVALRY BAPTIST CHURCH.
WEST 57TH ST., BET. 6TH & 7TH AVS.
REV. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
10:30, "GOD'S CALL TO MAN."
12, SUNDAY SCHOOL AND PASTOR'S BIBLE CLASS.
8, "A SATISFIED SAVIOR."
ORDINANCE OF BAPTISM AT EVENING SERVICE.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"THE FOUNDATIONS OF OUR FAITH."
8—"WE ARE SONS OF GOD."
Mr. Shackleford will sing "SAVED BY GRACE."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th St.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN at 11.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.
John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Men's Class, 9:40.
Mrs. Merrett, Leader, Women's Class, 10.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"WHEAT AND TARES."
Tares are those children of the Devil who constitute the false systems of Christianity in the world. Will Christ come and take the wheat into his barn before he burns up the tares?
8 P. M.—"PERILOUS TIMES. A LEAGUE OF NATIONS CANNOT CURE THEM."
Dr. Haldeman's sermons are attracting great audiences. He will give the causes of present and coming perils. One hundred million dollars' worth of food cannot stop anarchy. The Roman cornship expedient no longer satisfies people. Anarchy needs FORCE, NOT FOOD. Is organized national friendship a rhetorical fallacy? Can there be any permanent peace until Christ comes? Friday Night, January 24, 8 o'clock, "All About Jews."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square. 11 A. M., A. RAY PETTY, Pastor, "A SECOND CHANCE." 8 P. M., JOHN KENDRICK BANGS, "LIGHT AND SHADE IN THE LAND OF VALOR."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST ST.
CHARLES A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR,
(CHAPLAIN) CLINTON WUNDER will preach at both services.
11 A. M.—"OLD ABRAHAM IN U. S. A. UNIFORM TODAY."
8 P. M.—"A GUARANTEED CURE FOR UNHAPPINESS."
Eaton Class for Men, 10 A. M. Led by Mr. Wunder. Women's Bible Class, 10 A. M.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"What's Wrong with the Church?" 8 P. M.—"Nationalism," Problem Confronting League of Nations in Series on "Building the New World."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Selling a Shadow."
8 P. M.—Lieut. Dodelle, French Army.

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES.
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Ft. Wash. Av.
Fifth Church—Aeolian Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.
Seventh Church—260 W. 83d St. 11 A. M. only.
Eighth Church—Subway Bldg., 86th & Lex. Av.
Bedford Park Society—2,562 Briggs Av., on Sunday, 11 A. M. only.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
Dr. JEFFERSON preaches at 11 and 8.
11, "Building a Better World."
8, "What the War Has Taught."

MANHATTAN CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St.
Dr. McELVEEN at 11 and 8.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH. 142 West 81st St. Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor. Prof. W. A. PARKER of Columbia preaches at 11 A. M.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE,
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Service Sunday, 11 A. M.;
Speaker: Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Subject: "Perpetual Rejoicing."
ADULT BIBLE CLASS, 10 A. M.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 64TH ST.
Sunday Morning, Jan. 19, at 11 o'clock.
Speaker, Dr. FELIX ADLER.
Subject: "THE GREAT PROBLEM OF AMERICANIZATION."
Sunday Evening, Jan. 19, at 8 o'clock.
Speaker, MR. ALFRED W. MARTIN.
Subject: "ELIJAH AND THE CONFLICT OF RELIGION."

Interdenominational

THE NEW OUTLOOK IN THE MOHAMMEDAN WORLD
is the theme of an address which the public is invited to hear on Thursday, January 23d, at 8:30 P. M., at the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and 29th Street, under the auspices of the American Christian Literature Society for Moslems, by DR. S. M. ZWEMER, F. R. G. S., of Cairo, Egypt.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. DAVID M. STEELE, D. D., of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, Philadelphia.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
Corner Broadway and 104th St.
11 and 8. Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP.
11 A. M., "No Compromise."
8 P. M., "Revival Preparedness."
Thurs., 8 P. M., Mid-Week Bible Study.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
44TH ST. AND 8TH AV.
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor.
Services at 10:45 and 8 P. M.
Preaching by Rev. R. A. Forrest, Toccoa, Ga.

NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE,
214 West 35th St.,
ALWYN BALL, JR.,
4:16 P. M.—"The Revelation of Jesus Christ."

Jewish

FREE SYNAGOGUE.
CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY AT 10:45 A. M.
HON. HENRY MORGENTHAU
WILL SPEAK ON
"THE FUTURE OF TURKEY."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

FREE SYNAGOGUE FORUM,
34 WEST 68TH ST., SUNDAY, AT 8:15 P. M.
TRAVIS H. WHITNEY, ESQ.,
WILL SPEAK ON
"NEW YORK'S PRESENT TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM."

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
FIFTH AV., AT 76TH STREET.
REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN,
SATURDAY MORNING, (SERMON,) 10:15.
SUNDAY MORNING AT ELEVEN.
"THE JEW'S CLAIM AND THE WORLD'S CHALLENGE."

INSTITUTIONAL SYNAGOGUE,
Mount Morris Theatre, 116th and 5th Av.
Sunday, 10:45 A. M. Dr. WILLIAM MacANDREWS, (Associate Supt. of Schools,) will speak on "THE SCHOOLS AND AMERICANISM."

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, Lexington Av. and 55th St.—Dr. KRASS lectures today, 10 A. M. Sunday, 11 promptly. Subject, IMMIGRATION AND AMERICANIZATION.

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway at 93d St.
Rev. A. STEIMLE, D. D., Pastor.
Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Monday Evening, Jan. 20, 1919,
ANNUAL MEETING INNER MISSION SOCIETY.
Speakers: Rev. M. G. G. Scherer, D. D.; Major John T. Axton, Rev. W. C. Schaeffer, Jr.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
11—Rev. Charles J. Smith, D. D., preaches.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 72d St.—Dr. Remensnyder at 11.

Methodist Episcopal

CHELSEA, FT. WASHINGTON AV. & 178.
REV. GEORGE BENTON SMITH.
11 A. M.—Pulpit Exchanged. 8 P. M.—Motion Pictures, "The Cross in Pagoda Land."

GRACE, West 104th, bet. Columbus and Amsterdam Avs.
11 A. M.—Dr. Harris.
7:30—McAllister Sisters and Dr. Preston.

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH,
Sunday 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.
Special 1 o'clock Thursday service, (Jan. 23,) by Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor Plymouth Church, Brooklyn. Topic, "The Church in the New Age."

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. & 7th Av.
Rev. J. W. CHASEY, B. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Prince of Promises."
8 P. M.—"The Influence of Theodore Roosevelt."

ST. ANDREW'S,
76th St., near Columbus Av.
11 A. M.—Rev. I. G. McCORMACK, D.D.
8 P. M.—CHAPLAIN E. L. NIXON.
6:30 P. M.—Fellowship. Soldiers and sailors invited; refreshments.

ST. JAMES, Madison Av. and 126th St.
8 P. M., BISHOP LUTHER B. WILSON, Religious Director Overseas Y. M. C. A.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th Street.
Rev. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Crossing the Sea."
4:30 P. M.—"Five Barley Loaves."
10:15 A. M.—Men's Bible Class. Soldiers and Sailors invited.

UNION M. E. CHURCH,
48TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY.
Sunday School, 10 A. M.
Preaching by Rev. HALFORD E. LUCCOCK.
11 A. M.—An Essential Occupation.
8 P. M.—The Intelligence Office.

New Church
(Swedenborgian)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10:15 A. M. Service, 11. The Pastor will preach. Subject: "THE BONES OF THE PROPHET."
Evening meeting 8 o'clock. Address by GENERAL T. COLEMAN DU PONT. "WITH THE AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES IN FRANCE."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

New Thought

To-morrow at 4 P. M.
"LOVE—
How to Obtain and How to Retain It."
By MRS. GENEVIEVE BEHREND
(Only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward)
AT COHAN THEATRE,
Broadway and 43d Street.
Doors open at 3:30 P. M.
A copy of a personal letter from Judge Troward on this subject will be given free to all who attend the Sunday lecture.
SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC.
FREE DAILY LECTURES
Bretton Hall, 86th Street and Broadway, every morning at 11 o'clock (except Saturdays and Sundays).
Friday Evenings at 8:30 o'clock
At *Bretton Hall*.
Subject Free Friday Evening Lecture,
"WHY THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE WILL IS ESSENTIAL."

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE.
222 WEST 72D STREET.
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., EDITH A. MARTIN.
3:30 P. M., ANNA C. NOLLE.
5 to 8 P. M., Informal Reception to Mrs. TOWNE. All Welcome.
8:15 P. M., ELIZABETH TOWNE.
Monday, 8:15 P. M., EDITH A. MARTIN.
Tuesday, 3 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE.
8:15 P. M., LAURA G. CANNON.
8:15 P. M., HARRY GAZE.
Wed., 3 P. M., Healing, Mrs. CANNON.
8:15 P. M., MARY ALLEN.
8:15 P. M., Mrs. VANCE CHENEY.
Thurs., 3 P. M., Healing, Mrs. Conoe Smith.
8:15 P. M., LAURA G. CANNON.
Friday, 3 P. M., Healing, Mrs. CANNON.
8:15 P. M., Dr. O. S. MARDEN.
Sat., 8:15 P. M., SUCCESS FORUM.

CHURCH OF SILENT DEMAND.
The Business Church of New York City, Hotel McAlpin, (Green Room,) 11:15.
THEODORE G. NORTHRUP will begin a course of 10 Lessons, and if the public of New York realized their value to them no hall in the city would hold the people. He DEMONSTRATES and will tell you how.
Sunday evening at 8:15, (Room A,) same hotel, Mr. Northrup will speak. Subject: "How to Provide for the 'I Wante'." Admission free to both meetings.

SOCIETY OF THE INNER LIFE AND UNITY CENTER.
28 West 72d St.—Sunday, 9:30 A. M., Sabbath School. 11:15 A. M., WALTER NEWELL WESTON. Subject: "Christ in You." 3:30 P. M., PAULA VERDU. 8:15 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Mondays and Fridays, 8:15 P. M., ADA RAINEY, "Law of Prosperity." Wednesday, 3 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Meetings at 3 and 8:15 P. M. daily, except Saturday.
WALTER NEWELL WESTON, Advanced Lectures, Thursday, 3 and 8:15 P. M.

THE FIRST CHURCH OF LIFE AND JOY.
J. HARRY GAZE, Messenger.
Opening Sunday Morning, Jan. 19, at 11.
GOLD ROOM OF THE CHALIF STUDIOS, Opposite Carnegie Hall, 163-5 West 57th St.
"HOW TO FIND THE SPRING OF LIFE AND HAPPINESS."
All Invited. Bring Your Friends.

Mrs. MARY CHAPIN,
Sundays, 11 A. M., 4 East 43d St., Mehlin Hall, Corner 5th Av.
"WHY WE ARE LOVED."
"We all crave the satisfaction and support for our spirits in being loved. What wins that which is so important to us?"
Classes Monday Evening, 8.
Interviews Biltmore, Room 461.

Dr. JOSEPH PERRY GREEN,
President of the College of Divine Metaphysics,
Will Speak SUNDAY, 8:15 P. M., at CHALIF'S HALL, 163 West 57th St., on "UNFAILING LOVE AS A HEALING POWER."
Everybody Welcome.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE,
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M.
Brooklyn Masonic Temple, cor. Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Subject, Jan. 19, "The Difference Between Looking and Seeing." Music. All welcome.

UNITY SOCIETY OF PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY,
163 West 57th, opp. Carnegie Hall.
Sunday, 4 P. M. Monday, 3 P. M.
KATHARINE EGGLESTON, Speaker.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
DR. MERRILL preaches at 11 and 4.
Bible School at 9:40.
At 4 P. M. Elgar's Oratorio "THE LIGHT OF LIFE." Chorus Choir. Inez Barbour, Rose Bryant, Lambert Murphy, Frank Croxton, Soloists. Clarence Dickinson, Organist and Choirmaster.
At 7:30 P. M., Army and Navy Evening Service. Speaker, WILLIAM SLOANE COFFIN, Assistant Director of the Foyers du Soldat with the French Army, who will speak of his work and experiences in France.
NOONDAY SERVICE daily at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th Street.
Rev. W. Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D.D., Pastor
10:00 A. M.—Men's Bible Class.
11:00 A. M.—Rev. Wilton Merle-Smith, D. D.
4:30 P. M.—Rev. Hugh Black, D. D.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. JOHN DOUGLAS ADAM, D. D., will preach at both services.
Offering for Church Extension Committee of N. Y. Presbytery.
Bible School at 9:30. Men's Class at 10: Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. in the Chapel, Rev. HUGH BLACK, D. D.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Founded 1716.
Old First, University Place, Madison Square Foundation.
FIFTH AVENUE, 11TH TO 12TH STREET,
11 A. M.,
REV. DR. HUGH BLACK.
8 P. M., MUSICAL SERVICE,
Schubert's Cantata,
THE SONG OF MIRIAM,
Rev. Dr. CHARLES P. FAGNANI.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway, at 174th St.
Rev. Daniel Hoffman Martin, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Church for the Times."
7:45 P. M.—"Celebration of Ratification."
Prominent Speakers; Special Music.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work preaches 11 and 8.

HARLEM-NEW YORK. 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
Rev. WILSON AULL, D. D., will preach at both services.

Presbyterian

LABOR TEMPLE,
Fourteenth Street and Second Avenue.
OPEN FORUM—3 P. M.
"Making Democracy Safe for Humanity."
8—"The Shop, the Machine, and the Worker." Speaker—RICHARD ROBERTS of London.
LECTURE—5 P. M.
"Shelley; The Revolutionist."
DR. WILL DURANT.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
4:30—REV. LYMAN ABBOTT, D. D.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Dr. Mackay.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av. and 85th St.
REV. TERTIUS VAN DYKE, PASTOR, will preach at 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. HARLAN G. MENDENHALL, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV. PRESBYTERIAN, Corner 141st St.—Services 11 and 8.
Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D., Pastor.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam, Cor. 105th.
Dr. A. Edwin Keigwin preaches, 11 and 8.
11—"The Great Dry Mystery."
8—"The End of a Perfect Day," with musical interpretations by Hans Kronold, 'Cellist.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. EVANS will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Evening subject: "The Church of the Future."

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Wm. Austin Smith.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. H. Percy Silver.
Daily Services, 7:30 A. M.; 5 P. M.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector) 11 A. M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas) .. 4 P. M.
Strangers Welcome.

ASCENSION, 5TH AV. AND 10TH ST.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11—"Religious Self-Determination," (Rector.)
4—Music: "The Beatitudes," Caesar Franck.
8—Forum: "Experiences in Russia under the Czar, Kerensky, and the Bolsheviki." Speaker, Mr. Jerome Davis, in charge all Y. M. C. A. work in Russia to Nov. 10 last.

MR. JEROME DAVIS,
in charge of all Y. M. C. A.
Work in Russia,
Will Deliver an Address on
EXPERIENCES IN RUSSIA UNDER THE
CZAR, KERENSKY, AND THE
BOLSHEVIKI,
at the
"THE PUBLIC FORUM,"
CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street,
Sunday, Jan. 19, at 8 P. M.
THE PUBLIC IS INVITED.

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
89th St., near Madison Avenue.
Rev. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D.D., Rector.
Services at 7:30, 10, 11 A. M. (Rector.)
4 P. M. (Rev. JOHN ACWORTH.)
Tours' Communion Service in C. at 11; HARP SOLO, "Evensong," by Hasselmans; INSTRUMENTAL QUARTET, "Exaltation," by Dickinson; ANTHEM, "Seek Ye the Lord," by Roberts, at 4.
VIOLIN, 'CELLO, HARP, ORGAN.
ALL WELCOME.

CALVARY CHURCH,
4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Services 8, 10:15, and 11 A. M., (Rector.)
8 P. M., Rev. Arthur F. Gray, D. D.

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway at 71st St.
The Rev. JOHN R. ATKINSON, B.D., Rector.
Services 8:30 and 11 A. M.
7:45 P. M.—Carol Service, (repeated by request.)
9 P. M.—Dean Robbins, of the Cathedral.

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street.
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Patriotic Service, (The Rector) ..... 11 A. M.
Later Evensong, (Rev. C. C. Bentley) 8 P. M.
Daily Noonday Service at 12:30.

The Rt. Rev. FRANK du MOULIN, D. D., Bishop Coadjutor of Ohio,
Will preach at 11 o'clock service.
CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
Fifth Av., above 45th St.
Rev. HERBERT SHIPMAN, B. D., Rector.
Other Services 8 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th St. and 6th Av.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.
12.00 M.—Holy Communion.
3:00 P. M.—Children's Service.
8:00 P. M.—Speaker, Frank E. Jenkins.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
The Rev. HORACE PERCY SILVER, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Choral Evensong.
Address by T. R. BRIDGES, D. D.
SPECIAL MUSIC—VIOLIN AND ORGAN.
Prayers and Intercession, with address, daily except Saturday, 12:20 to 12:40.
Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION,
240 East 31st St.
Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar.
Holy Communion every Sunday at 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon at 11 A. M.
Service and Address, (in Italian,) 4 P. M.
Evensong and Sermon at 8 P. M.
Sunday school every Sunday, 9:30 A. M.
Intercessions Friday evenings, 8 o'clock.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, (Trinity Parish,) Broadway, 155th St.—Rev. M. H. Gates, D. D., Vicar. 8, 8:45, 9:45, 11 A. M., 4, 8 P. M. Popular Vespers, (4 P. M.) Leo Riggs, Recital Organist; Helen E. Vogel, Violinist; Florence W. Vogel, 'Cellist.

ST. ANDREW'S,
Corner 5th Av. and 127th St.
Rev. GEO. R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., RECTOR,
Preaches at 11 A. M. on
"UNRIGHTEOUS MAMMON." Also at Vespers. 4 P. M.—Organ Recital.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Park Av. and 51st St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D.D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Preacher, The Rt. Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, D.D.
3:00 P. M.—Sunday School.
4:30 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Address, (Rector.)

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on 16th St., East of 3d Av.
ALL SEATS ARE FREE.
Rev. KARL REILAND, D. D., Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES.
8, 11 (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Thanksgiving service for parents and friends of men in service.
Special Music. Address by Rector.
Doors open 7:30 o'clock.

ST. IGNATIUS'S CHURCH,
West End Av. and 87th St.
Rev. WILLIAM PITT McCUNE, Rector.
Masses—7, 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction, 4.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 71st Street.
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector, 8 A. M.; 11 A. M.; (RECTOR;) 4 P. M., (Rev. J. M. NEIFERT.)

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WM. T. WALSH, Rector.
8, 11, (Rector); 8 P. M., (Bishop Burch.)

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth Street, west of Second Avenue.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon by the Rector, "The Harsh Abusiveness of Christ."
4 P. M.—Patriotic Service, followed by lecture by G. Stanley Hall on "Religion and Modern Psychology."

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Low Masses 7:30, 8:15 and 9; Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 10:45; Evensong and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 4.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St., (126th and Amsterdam.)—Rev. FREDERIC W. GOODMAN, Rector, 8 and 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 26 W. 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 11, and 8.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL
Broadway and Fulton Street.
Services 8, 10:30 and 5; also
A PREACHING SERVICE, 8 P. M.
During Jan., Feb. Society of St. John Evangelist (Cowley Fathers)
Father Gavin, S. S. J. E.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th, near Broadway.
Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector.
SERVICES, 8, 11, and 4 o'clock.
Rev. C. A. ASHBY preaches at 11.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
FIFTH AV. AND 53D ST.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Service & Sermon (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address, (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Hour of Violin and Organ Music.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St.—DR HOUGHTON, Rector.
Services—7, 8, 9, 10:30 A. M.; 4 and 8 P. M.
SERMON and TOURS' MASS, 10:30 A. M.

TRINITY CHURCH,
Broadway and Wall St.
7, 8, 9—Holy Communion.
10:30—Morning Prayer.
11:00—Holy Communion and Sermon.
3:30—Choral Evensong and Sermon.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Litany, Holy Communion, Sermon.
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer.
4:45 P. M.—Instruction on Christian Doctrine.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
8, 11, (Rev. F. Burgess); 8, (Rev. F. Burgess.)

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.

THE MIDDLE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister,
11 A. M. Signor Giampiccoli, Moderator, Waldensian Church, Italy.
Subject: "The Italian Protestants in War and Reconstruction."
8 P. M. Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, D.D., of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.
Subject: "Theodore Roosevelt."

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
MALCOLM J. MacLEOD, ROBERT W. COURTNEY, } Ministers.
11 A. M. Dr. MacLEOD.
8 P. M. Rev. R. W. COURTNEY.
Subject: "Men for the Age."

THE WEST END CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. At 4:30 P. M. Special Music, Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise."

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D. D., Minister,
Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, D.D., will preach at 11 A. M.
Subject: "The Church of To-day."
Dr. BERG at 8 P. M.
Sunday School at 9:55 A. M.
All Seats Free.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St. Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services, 11 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE,
Convent and 149th, near Amsterdam Av.
Rev. John A. Dykstra, Minister. 11 and 8.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—Rev. Robert Bruce Clark will preach.
8 P. M.—Preaching by Dr. Tilton.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

Spiritualist.

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH,
Pabst Grand Circle, 59th St. and 8th Av.
Sundays at Eight P. M. Sharp.
LEARN THAT SPIRIT COMMUNION IS TRUE.
Mrs. M. E. Williams, Inspiration Speaker, Will Lecture. Messages Given.

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION,
Genealogical Hall,
226 West 58th St.
Services Friday at 2:30.
Sunday at 8.
Speaker next Sunday, Mrs. Florian Krug.
Message bearer, Mrs. Holmes.

Theosophy

AT 2,228 BROADWAY.
N. Y. LODGE, THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, FOUNDED 1897.
Internat'l President, Mrs. ANNIE BESANT.
Sunday, 8:15 P. M. Speaker:
DR. F. MILTON WILLIS.
"THE FINDING OF THE MASTER."
COMING.
Mr. A. P. Warrington, National President of the American Section Theosophical Society, at Hotel McAlpin, 34th St. and Broadway, Jan. 26 and Feb. 2, 8:15 P. M.
Subjects announced later.

AT HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE,
Broadway, 67th St.
Central Lodge Theosophical Society,
International President, Mrs. Annie Besant.
SUNDAY, JAN. 19, 8:15 P. M.
Mrs. MAUDE LAMBART-TAYLOR,
"THE FOREST NATURE SPIRITS OF ALGERNON BLACKWOOD."
Classes: Wednesdays, 8:15 P. M., The Secret Doctrine. Fridays, 8:15 P. M., Elementary Theosophy.
PUBLIC CORDIALLY INVITED.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, (Independent,) 25 West 45th St.—Public lecture Sun. Eve., 8:15, "Apparitions." George P. Russell.

Unitarian.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st St. Services at 11.
"THE WAY OF LIFE—IN BIOLOGY."
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister,
Forum 8 P. M., Dr. JONATHAN C. DAY, Commissioner of Public Markets.
"Milk Markets for Six Million."

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, Park Av. and 34th St.—11 A. M., JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, "THE REDISCOVERY OF GOD (2) A BETTER WORLD, THE WORK OF GOD." 8:15 P. M.—HARRY F. WARD, "LABOR AT THE PEACE CONFERENCE."

ALL SOULS, 4th Av. at 20th St.
WILLIAM L. SULLIVAN, Minister.
11 A. M.—"Christian Denominations; To What End?"
A CORDIAL WELCOME TO ALL.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Pl., Brooklyn.
11 A. M., Rev. JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP.

Universalist

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.
"IN SIGHT OF THE PROMISED LAND."

Y. M. C. A.

Sunday, C. WALLACE PETTY, 4 P. M.
"Breaking Into the Big League."
Music.—Members Lt. Ridgley's 69th Reg. Band.
Thursday, 8:30 P. M., The Public Welcome. Dr. C. B. SHAW, Recital of Modern Opera, "The Jewels of the Madonna."
EAST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 153 East 86th St. Lexington Av. Subway Express Stop.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS Y. M. C. A.,
531 West 155th St., Near Broadway.
HENRY HAINES.
"A Man Who Came Back."
A Human Life Story.
4:30 P. M. Ladies Invited.

"WORLD PROBLEMS AND MINE."
Dr. FRANK CRANE,
West Side Y.M.C.A., 4 P. M., 318 W. 57th St.
MEN ONLY.

DR. KARL REILAND,
"AMERICAN RECONSTRUCTION."
23d St. Y.M.C.A., 215 W. 23d St., Sun., 4 P.M.

Y. W. C. A.

CENTRAL BRANCH, Lexington Av., (53d St.)
4:30, MISS MINETTE ARBOTT, Speaker.
7:30, MR. E. GRAHAM WILSON, Speaker, (Gen. Secretary West Side Y. M. C. A.)

Y. W. C. A.

WEST SIDE BRANCH, 501 West 50th St.
MRS. E. F. BURGER, Speaker.
VESPERS at 4 P. M.

HARLEM BRANCH, 240 Lenox Av.
RED CROSS SUNDAY.
4:30, MRS. FRANK WRIGHT BALDWIN.

BRONX BRANCH, 329 East 176th St.
REV. LYMAN R. HARTLEY of the Ft. George Presbyterian Church.
VESPERS, 4:30. Social Hour following.

STUDIO CLUB, 35 East 62d St.
DR. WILTON MERLE-SMITH of the Central Presbyterian Church.
VESPERS at 5 P. M. Tea, 4 to 5 P. M.

Other Services

A STRIKING SUBJECT,
NOT A DULL MOMENT.
"THE MUCH MARRIED MAN OF THE BIBLE;
HIS MESSAGE TO YOU."
Casino Theatre, 39th and Broadway, Sunday, 8 P. M.
Prof. C. T. Everson, Lecturer.
Good Music. Free.

SUNDAY NIGHT—8 O'CLOCK.
Broadhurst Theatre, 44th St., W. of B'way.
ELMER E. FRANKE.
"PERMANENT PEACE."
An Utopian Dream—An Idealistic Illusion.
Seats Free. Questions Answered.
Doors Open 7:15. Miss E. Boskell at Piano.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY
makes life livable here and hereafter.
Nothing like it anywhere.
Not better—Not worse—*But Different.*
CRITERION THEATRE, B'way at 44th St.
Sunday, 11 a. m., F. W. Sears, M. P., Orator.
Subject: "THE THREE MONKEYS."
A wonderful lecture by a Big Man.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
On Saturday, Jan. 18, our Superintendent, T. J. Noonan, will complete 15 years of active service with The Rescue Society, Old Chinese Theatre, 5-7 Doyers St. We anticipate a remarkable gathering. You are invited. Gospel service nightly, 10 P. M. Nothing like it in the world.

"The Desire of All Nations Shall Come."
How? When? Where?
Lecturer—W. J. HOLLISTER.
Sunday, 3 P. M., Berean Bible Class,
Carnegie Hall, Studio 61,
154 West 57th St., New York City.
All welcome. Seats free. No collection.

MRS. L. DOW BALLIET,
Philosophy of Number Vibration,
WILL LECTURE AT 2,228 BROADWAY,
JAN. 19 at 11 A. M.
Also Jan. 20, 22, 23, 25, 27, 29, at 11 A. M. & 8:15 P. M. Students' & Leaders' Class 2 P. M.

ORDER OF CHRISTIAN MYSTICS.
DR. and Mrs. F. HOMER CURTIS.
Sun., 11 A. M., "God and the Number Seven."
Wed., 8 P. M., "The Ouija Board, Its Uses and Dangers."
Public Healing Service Daily at Noon.
296 West End Av., cor. 74th St.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
Hancock Street, between Bedford and Franklin Avenues. (Take Fulton Street "L" or surface car to Franklin Avenue.)
Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Do the Criticisms of the Churches by Odell and Fosdick Argue the Necessity of Reconstructing the Churches to Meet the Coming Crisis in American Society." Sermon by Dr. Hillis.
7:45 P. M.—Address by Dr. Talcott Williams on "The League of Nations."

Ethical Culture

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE,
B'klyn Academy of Music.—11 A. M., Dr. HENRY NEUMANN, "THE WILL TO POWER TO-DAY."

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner South Oxford St.
Dr. CHARLES C. ALBERTSON
Will Preach at 10:30 and 7:45.
Morning—Holy Communion.
Evening—"Great Men a Nation's Best Asset"—Roosevelt Memorial. The choir will sing selections from Mendelssohn's "Elijah."

Protestant Episcopal

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
Montague St., near Borough Hall.
Morning Prayer (Mr. Melish) 11
"Russia"—Albert Williams, Mr. Melish.. 8

Universalist

ALL SOULS, THE CHEERFUL CHURCH,
Ocean and Ditmas Avs.
Rev. A. Eugene Bartlett, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Religion of a Modern Man."
7:45 P. M.—"Canada, from Niagara to Sea." Illustrated.

Y. M. C. A.

Dr. S. PARKES CADMAN:
"States and Statesmen."
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av.
Sunday, 3:30 P. M.—Men Only—Free.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater New York.

Wanted, room on Fifth Ave.; locality 50th-59th St., donated one night weekly; object, prayer effort toward conversion neighborhood folks. Fifth Ave. Gospel Society, 140 Times.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 26,469.—In the Matter of STRAIGHT EDGE BAKING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York the undersigned, Arthur Y. Dalziel, Receiver in Bankruptcy of Straight Edge Baking Company, offers for sale the property, assets and effects of the said bankrupt.

The property to be sold consists of the following: Office fixtures, baking utensils, machinery, fixtures and equipment, located at Nos. 100, 102 and 104 Lawrence Street, Manhattan, New York City, inventory of which can be seen at the premises, together with the right, title and interest of the bankrupt in and to the good will of the business and in and to the unexpired term of the lease and the option to purchase the said real property, and the right, title and interest of the bankrupt in and to two Duhrkop Patent ovens installed at said premises, which are subject to an alleged lien of $1,151.00 and interest from August 15, 1918, also 1 cake mixing machine and motor, subject to an alleged lien of $44.15, with interest from April 15, 1918, and one Steel revolving oven located at 209 Greenwich Street, Manhattan, New York City.

The above described property may be inspected on the premises from January 15, 1919, to January 20, 1919, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Sealed bids for the above described property, assets and effects as an entirety or exclusive of the unexpired term of the lease and the option to purchase said premises may be submitted to the Receiver at the office of the Referee herein, Seaman Miller, Esq., 2 Rector Street, Manhattan, New York City, on or before 3 o'clock P. M. on January 20, 1919, at which time and place the bids will be opened by him, and creditors may attend and express themselves in reference thereto. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for at least ten per cent. (10%) of the amount of the bid, and must specify whether the bid is made for the entire assets and effects or is made exclusive of the unexpired term of the lease and the option to purchase said premises.

The Receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event the said property will be sold at public auction on the premises by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, on January 23, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated, New York, January 13th, 1919.
ARTHUR Y. DALZIEL,
Receiver, 31 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York City.
PAUL M. CRANDELL, Attorney for Receiver, 233 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IRVING GURFINKEL and SAMUEL MEISTER, individually and as copartners trading as GURFINKEL & MEISTER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, January 27, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 37 Maiden Lane, (8th floor,) Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of loose diamonds, gold and plated jewelry of every description, safe, fixtures, &c. MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver. KLEINER & KLEINER, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

PROFESSIONAL WANTS.

The best way to reach intelligent and educated workers in all professions is the want columns of The New York Times.—Advt.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Frederick Brown, who purchased the twelve-story loft building at 140 to 144 West Twenty-second Street on Thursday made another large mid-town investment yesterday when he acquired the ten-story commercial structure at 16 East Eighteenth Street, on a lot 24 by 94, between Fifth Avenue and Broadway. It was held at $150,000 and was purchased from the Central Union Trust Company, which took over the property at foreclosure proceedings last April for about $100,000. The building is entirely rented, showing an annual return of about $13,500. The Charles F. Noyes Company acted as broker.

In addition to this purchase Mr. Brown figured in two other good investments, one being the four-story residence at 32 East Sixty-fifth Street, on a lot 20 by 100, purchased from Martha C. Elsing and Morris Joseph through Pease & Elliman. It was held at $55,000.

The third deal involved a purchase in the Dyckman section, being the five-story apartment house at 112 Nagle Avenue, on a plot 40 by 130, near the Dyckman Street subway station. It was bought from the Penzance Realty Company, Samuel Goubstein, President. It was held at $65,000, and is fully rented. Nehring Brothers were the brokers.

E. W. Browning Buys Harlem Apartment.

The two six-story apartment houses at 15 to 19 West 133d Street, covering a plot 100 by 99.11, between Fifth and Lenox Avenues, have been purchased by Edward W. Browning for investment from the State Investing Company, F. B. Menke was the broker.

Lower Washington Street Sale.

Th Cruikshank Company has sold for the Almy Realty Corporation the two-story business building at 20 and 22 Washington Street, on a plot 36.8 by 75.2. It adjoins the Whitehall Building courtyard on the north.

Investor Buys on Washington Street.

The Almy Realty Corporation sold to an investing client of the Cruikshank Company 20 and 22 Washington Street, a two-story and basement building, on a plot 36.8 by 75.2, adjoining the Whitehall Building courtyard.

Quick Resale on the Heights.

The Jules Realty Company resold to Max N. Natanson, operator, 642-650 West 173d Street, two five-story new-law apartments, each on a plot 75 by 100. The sellers acquired the houses, which were held at $210,000, last week from Glickman & Lippman. William S. Baker negotiated both transactions.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

Shaw & Co. sold for Eileen Hoffmann to an investor, 221 West 131st Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 17.8 by 50 by 100.

James H. Cruikshank purchased from Barbara Tausky the three-story private dwelling at 116 East 112th Street, 17.4 by 100.11, assessed by the city at $7,000. Charles E. Moore was the broker.

Tenement Deals.

The Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin Corporation sold for the New York Title and Mortgage Company, 1,807-1,813 Park Avenue, two five-story flats, on a plot 63 by 90, to Dr. Israel Schlachetzky for investment. The property was held at $60,000.

Daniel H. Jackson, operator, sold to Edward H. Burger, for investment, 503 to 509 West 133d Street, two six-story tenements, on a plot 75 by 100.

The Bronx Market.

The Denwood Realty Company, (Benjamin Benenson) purchased from the estate of Miles A. Seed, 326-328 East 155th Street, a five-story apartment house, on a plot 50 by 100, held at $45,000. J. Clarence Davies negotiated the sale.

Cahn & Pittman, operators, purchased from Lena Ohlesen the two four-story brick double flats, 483-485 College Avenue, 50 feet south of 148th Street, held at $30,000. A. G. Bechmann negotiated the sale.

Julius Winters sold to Mrs. G. Weiner 746 Kelley Street, a one-family brick dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100. Leitner, Brener & Starr were the brokers.

The Charles Galewski Company, Inc., purchased from the Clinton Avenue Realty Company, Inc., the five-story apartment house, 40 by 100, at 825 East 167th Street, near Prospect Avenue. The property rents for $6,500, and was held at $40,000. George J. McCaffrey was the broker.

Brooklyn.

The Realty Trust sold for the Alco Building Company the one-family semi-detached brick dwelling, 2,051 Sixty-sixth Street, Mapleton Park, to I. Levinson, for his residence.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold 1,663 Eighty-fourth Street, a two-story brick dwelling, to William Wolf, for occupancy.

Frank A. Seaver & Co. and Walter L. Johnson sold for Henry Bixby to Charles Waters, for occupancy, the one-family dwelling 1,250 Eighty-fourth Street, on a plot 120 by 100.

M. J. Kane sold to an investing client of J. E. Sullivan, 430 Sixty-seventh Street, a one-family dwelling on a plot 30 by 100.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Markwell Holding Company purchased from F. Freidland a plot 75 by 100, on the west side of Winans Street, south of Jamaica Avenue, Long Island City.

I. Giller sold to W. Reger a plot 40 by 100, on the east side of Herald Avenue, south of Fulton Street, Richmond Hill.

Christopher A. Berger has sold for William Wojtsch, the two buildings on the southeast corner of Carver Street and Flushing Avenue, Long Island City, on a plot 50 by 80 feet, to Charles Vitellaro, and also for Elizabeth Kearns to Joseph Sigal, the frame dwelling at 71 Carver Street.

Lease and Furnishings of The Royalton Sold.

Daniel P. Ritchey sold for Harry S. Proctor his lease and furnishings of The Royalton Apartment Hotel, 42 West Seventy-second Street, to H. Stanley Green, recently of the Hotel Marie Antoinette. The buyer secured a ten-year extension of the present lease from E. W. Browning, the owner.

Recent Buyers.

The Wall Realty Company is the buyer of 61 East Eighty-second Street.

John Wolfe is the buyer of 962 Lexington Avenue.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

78th St, 351 East, n e, 25 ft w of 1st Av, 25x78.1x25.4x68.7, three-story clubhouse; Empire Trust Co. against Hugo Prager et al.; Myers & G., attorneys; due, $8,450; taxes, &c., $500; to Ernest N. Adler for $9,700.

By Samuel Marx.

71st St, 214 West, s s, 154 ft w of West End Av, 17x100.5, three story and basement dwelling; H. P. Whitlock et al., executors, &c., against S. J. Murphy et al.; Alexander & G., attorneys; due, $16,096.77; taxes, &c., $630.70; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

By Henry Brady.

St. Peter's Av, 1,704, n e, 50 ft w of Maclay Av, 25x99.2; M. S. Stone against Wilgus Realty Co. et al.; F. D. Arthur, attorney; due, $4,229.60; taxes, &c., $1,226.51; to the plaintiff for $4,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JAN. 17.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 151, e s, 50.2 ft s of 67th St, 25.1x100; Thomas Kelly to Margaret Kelly, 177 West 83d St, mtg $12,000, July 18, 1918; attorney, Jacob Wolz, 271 West 125th St....$100

BARCLAY ST, n s, 80 ft w of Washington St, 22.3x100.3x23.11x100.5; Helen C. Irving to Jeanette Jaburg, 332 Park Av, Newark, N. J., mtg $19,000, all liens, Dec. 2; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BROADWAY, 915, w s, 46 ft e of 21st St, 24.1x104.4x23x97.1; Agnes Sillcock to Metropolitan Life Ins Co., mtg $48,000, all liens, Jan. 17; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av....$1

CHURCH ST, n w corner of Thomas St, runs w 75 x n 50 x e 25 x e 50 to street x s 25 to beginning; Peoples Trust Co. of Brooklyn, sub-trustee, to Claflin's, Incorporated, 224 Church St, Jan. 16; attorneys, Wingate & Cullen, 189 Montague St, Brooklyn..$45,000

ELDRIDGE ST, 197, w s, 100 ft n of Rivington St, 100x24.8x irregular, foreclosure Jan. 8, 1919; John B. Doyle, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Jan. 15; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St....$22,500

MADISON AV, 1,824-26, w s, 40.11 ft s of 119th St, 40x75; Florentine M. Fuld to Leonhard Realty Co., 130 East 110th St, b. and s., Jan. 2; address Leonhard F. Fuld, 130 East 110th St....$1

SHERMAN AV, 124-126, n s, 140 ft w of Academy St, 40x150, foreclosure Dec. 30, 1918; Charles Putzel, referee, to Equitable Trust Co. of New York, 37 Wall St, mtg $30,000; attorneys, Taylor, J., B. & N., 30 Pine St....$1,000

SAME PROPERTY; Equitable Trust Co. of New York to Barbara Stader, 275 West 145th St, mtg $30,000, b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 6; attorney same....$100

SPRING ST, 148, s s, 20x80; Manhattan Savings Institution to Benjamin Harris, 734 Kelly St, b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

3D AV, 1,710-12, n w corner of 96th St, (179 East,) 50.7x77; Mary Klemann to Anna M. Klemann, 310 East 5th St, and Maria A. Koch, Jan. 8, 1912; attorneys, Kramer & Bourke, 220 Broadway....$1

7TH AV, 2,301, n e corner of 135th St, 165-7, runs e 125 x n 100.11 x w 50 x s 73 x w 75 to east side avenue, x s 24.11 to beginning, mtg $56,000; 133d St, 210 West, e s, 250 ft w of 7th Av, 42x99.11, mtg $23,500; Carl A. Koelsch to Minnie M., his wife, 1,925 7th Av, all title, ½ part, Jan. 16; attorney, Denis Quinn, 271 Broadway....

SAME PROPERTY; Emma J. Koelsch et al to same, ½ part, mtg $23,500, all title, b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 16; attorney, same.$100

8TH AV, s w corner of 13th St, runs n 33.4 x e 51.4 to avenue x n e 45.7 to beginning; Madeline A. Carey to Peter Nagler, 977 Teller Av, all liens, Jan. 10; attorney, Walter E. Phelps, 435 East 149th St....$100

29TH ST, 240 and 242 West, s s, 250 ft e of 8th Av, 50x24.6x51x29.11; Edw. M. and Florence R. Cary to Cary Spring Works, 242 West 29th St, mtg $2,500, Jan. 2; attorneys, Griggs, B. & B., 27 Pine St....$1

43D ST, 141-5 West, n s, 465 ft w of 6th Av, 60x100.5; 44th St, 150 West, s s, 275 ft e of 7th Av, 10.8x100.4; Kineo Realty Co. to Woodstock Hotel Co., 127 West 43d St, mtgs $175,000, Jan. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

53D ST, n s, 214 ft e of 1st Av, 20x100.5; James J. Markey et al. to Hygeia Distilled Water Co., 412 East 53d St, mtg $3,000, Dec. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

56TH ST, 27-31 West, n s, 367.6 ft w of 5th Av, 52.6x100.5; Adele L. Browning to John A., her husband, 1 West 72d St, mtg $60,000, all liens, March 12, 1915; attorneys, Brush & Crawford, 30 Broad St....$1

65TH ST, 31-33 West, n s, 221.3 ft e of Columbus Av, 62.6x100.5, foreclosure Nov. 7, 1918; Samuel Mandelbaum, referee, to William Einstein, 121 East 57th St, et al., executors and trustees, Nov. 14, 1918; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 B'way..$65,000

74TH ST, 321 East, n s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2; Gustave A. Karker to Isidor Wolf, 218 West 112th St, all liens; attorney, S. G. Schwabach, 1,347 1st Av....$100

80TH ST, 162 West, s s, 105 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x102.2; Normar Real Estate Corp. to Vandeveer Estates, Inc., mtg $16,000, March 28; attorney, H. B. Davis, 32 Broadway....$100

84TH ST, 45 West, n s, 104 ft e of Columbus Av, 18x102.2, foreclosure Jan. 10; Phoenix Ingraham, referee, to Marie L. Peters, 40 West 70th St, mtg $15,000, Jan. 17; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row....$1,000

99TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 100x100.11; Milton M. Silverman et al., exrs., &c., to Meyer Schuman, 52 East 101st St, mtg $32,500, Jan. 15; attorney, Emanuel S. Cahn, 160 Broadway....$40,000

100TH ST, s s, 438 ft w of Columbus Av, 19x101.11x22.11x100.11; Jacob Frank to Carrie Bilts, 518 West 143d St, ½ part, all title, b. and s., Jan. 2; attorneys, Yankauer & D., 261 Broadway....$1

125TH ST, 548 West, n s, 175 ft e of Broadway, 25x99.11; Sophia and Fanny Goodman to Martin A. Graham, 156 West 35th St, subject to P. M., mtg $15,000, all liens, Jan. 11; attorneys, Everett B. Heymann, 35 Beekman St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Martin A. Graham to Bridgetown Realty Co., 156 West 35th St, all liens, Jan. 16; attorney, same....$1

133D ST, 503-9 West, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x99.11; D. H. Jackson Co. to Edw. H. Burger, 50 West 133d St, mtg $76,300; attorneys, Burger & B., 233 Broadway....$1

179TH ST, 617 West, n s, 162.6 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 18.9x100; Mary G. Murphy to Maria A. O'Reilly, 31 West 96th St, all liens, Jan. 16; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV, 2,982, e s, 16.8x95.6; Christian Biersach to Peter Biersach, 2,982 Bainbridge Av, March 18, 1913; attorney Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

CLINTON AV, 2,150, s e s, 33x150; Jacob Ullian to Sadie Swartz, 2,150 Clinton Av, mtg $8,000, Jan. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

CROTONA AV, s s corner of 177th St, 109.9x96.4x101x126.11; Rosa Realty Co. to Honeoye Realty Corp., 1,966 Valentine Av, Jan. 16; attorneys, Guggenheimer, U. & M., 120 Broadway....$1

CROTONA PARKWAY, e s, 384.3 ft s of 177th St, 54.11x129x52.2x136.9; also Daly Av, w s, 353.8 ft s of 177th St, 50x129x52.2x136.9; Rosa Realty Co. to Honeoye Realty Corp., 1,966 Valentine Av, Jan. 16; attorneys, Guggenheimer, U. & M., 120 B'way..$1

EDGEWATER ROAD, 1,493, w s, 25x100; Denis O. L. Cohalan, referee, to Frances B. Austin, 20 West 75th St, Jan. 15; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row....$4,000

GRAND BOULEVARD and CONCOURSE, 2,403-2,405, w s, 50x100; Excelsior Realty Co. to Arrow Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, mtg $26,340, Jan. 11; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway....$100

HOME ST, s e corner of Tinton Av, 100x22.2; John Friedrich to Crotona Realty Co, 30 East 42d St, ½ part, mtg $15,000, May 24, 1917; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St....$1

JEROME AV, e s, 150 ft n of Bedford Park Boulevard, 75x100; F. R. Van Kleeck, referee, to Anne Gully, 114 East 19th St, Jan. 2; attorney, Anne Gully, 114 East 19th St....$6,400

JEROME AV, e s, 367.5 ft n of 184th St, 22.8x38.2; John H. Beckmann to Beckmann Realty and Construction Co, 2,295 University Av, mtg $4,500, July 10-18; attorney, John H. Beckmann, 2,295 University Av..$1

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,153, w s, 25x100; Bernard Schwartz to Harry Gidinsky, 1,153 Longfellow Av, Sept. 9, 1918; attorney, Harry Gidinsky, 1,153 Longfellow Av....$1

LOTS 78 to 80, Block 2,929, map of Bathgate estate; Rosa Realty Co. to Honeoye Realty Corp., 1,966 Valentine Av, Jan. 16; attorneys, Guggenheimer, U. & M., 120 B'way..$1

PARK AV, e s, 150 ft s of 174th St, 50x irregular; Brand & Silverstein Iron Works to Universal Sheet Metal Works, Inc, 4,014 Park Av, mtg $8,560, Jan. 15; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 911, w s, 76x105; Utility Realty Co. to Henry Morgenthau Co, 30 East 42d St, Jan. 16; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St....$1

VALENTINE AV, n e corner of 183d St, 60.7x71.2x77.6x62.7; Arrow Holding Corporation to Charles Danzwitz, 2,662 Valentine Av, mtg $38,000, Jan. 16; attorney, O. J. Kalt, 2,804 3d Av....$100

WEBSTER AV, n w corner of 175d St, 36.6x100.3x42.9x99.6; Philip F. Donohue to William P. Kenneally, 223 East 17th St, March 21, 1918; attorney, J. D. Kelly, 51 Chambers St....$1

137TH ST, 475 East, n s, 16.3x7.7; Samuel S. Koenig, referee, to Harlem Savings Bank, 124 East 125th St, Jan. 14; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row....$5,0[illegible]

161ST ST, 770 East, s s, 21.9x76.2; Sadie [illegible] Weckstein to Lawrence Davis, 76 Green St, Newark, N. J., mtg $5,000, Aug. 20, 1918; attorney, R. Loewenthal, 1,821 Boston Road....[illegible]

SAME PROPERTY; Lawrence Davis to Pauline Kaplan, 701 St. Nicholas Av, mtg $3,500, Jan. 15; attorney, same....$100

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

45TH ST, n s, 300 ft w of 5th Av; Cerussi Marble Works, Inc., against I. Jules Mayer et al., July 12, 1918, (canceled)....$110.[illegible]

87TH ST, 63 East; Benjamin Rosengarten against Regina B. Saportas et al., Nov. 27, 1918....$25.[illegible]

114TH ST, 605 to 609 West; Griesser & Halstead, Inc., against Grenell Corp. et al, Dec. 10, 1918....$147.[illegible]

138TH ST, 309 West; Morris Watkins against B. W. Smith et al., Dec. 4, 1918 (canceled)....$150.00

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—149—Missouri & Arkansas Lumber and Mining Co., plaint., v. Greenwood District of Sebastian County, Ark., et al.—Submitted.

152—Douglas Park Jockey Club, plaint., v. T. H. Talbot et al., composing Kentucky State Racing Com.—Continued, per stipulation.

156—U. S. pet., v. W. B. Poland et al.—Passed, per stipulation.

158—The Del., Lackawanna & Western Rd. Co., aplt., vs. U. S.—Passed, to be restored.

144—American Steel Foundries, pet., v. the Tri-City Central Trades Council et al.—Argued.

147—A. A. Wolland, as State Engineer, &c., et al., aplts., v. the Pioneer Irrigation Co.—Argued.

Adjourned until Monday.

Call for Jan. 20—Nos. 148, 151, 153, 155, 159, 160, 161, 162, (and 181,) 163, and 167.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. American Engineering Co<Metropolitan By-Products Co. (two motions.) Criminal calendar at 10:30 A. M.
For trial: US<M. F. Palmer. For call: US<N. Kraus. | Same<W. W. C. Kloepfer. For sentence: US<Harry Smith. Same<R. Nedar.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Criminal calendar. For sentence. US<The White Tar Co Same—Eva F. Blot.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — First Department.

DECISIONS.

Jay C. Wilbraham, respt., v. Jennie S. Murphey, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Pipe and Contractors Supply Co., aplt., v. Cleaver M. Liphart, respt.—Orders affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

John H. Doscher, respt., v. John Begg, Ltd., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. (Shearn, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Re Annie F. Burnham, dec'd.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Edward M. Decker et al. as temporary admrs., &c., respts., v. Frederick H. Decker, aplt.—Order modified by providing that plaintiffs file a written stipulation that the testimony heretofore given on the accounting proceeding may be received in any other action that may be brought by the personal representatives of the deceased plaintiff and the defendant for an accounting. If such stipulation be not so filed, the order appealed from is reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and the motion denied, with $10 costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Harry Gordon, respt., v. Bona Realty and Improvement Co., Inc., et al., aplts.—Order so far as appealed from affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Abraham Weintraub, respt., v. Murray Electric Light and Power Co., aplt.—Order reversed and motion granted, without costs. No opinion. Order filed.

J. B. Crockett Co., aplt., v. Alexander S. Hecht, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Re Madison Chambers Co., re Anna M. K. Hawkesworth et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Eugene L. Nelson et al. v. Morris Walter, aplt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs, unless aplt. comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Re Elizabeth Connell, dec'd.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Gustave Leventhal v. North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., impld., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Same v. same, impld., with Lee Levy.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Re Charles Leopold, re John G. Wait.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs, unless aplt. comply with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Re Bel B. Purdy, deceased.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

William G. Wilson v. Florence M. Christal.—Application granted. Order signed.

Karl W. Wohn v. Leon Treboul.—Application denied, with $10 costs, and stay vacated. Order signed.

D. Tabachnick & Co. v. F. C. Linde Co.—Application granted. Order signed.

Alfred Palmer v. Walter J. Burke Garage Co. et al.—Application granted upon plaintiff's filing stipulation required by order. Order signed.

Luana Corp. v. David Bumbiner.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Edward Wetter v. Walter Russell.—Application granted. Order signed.

Alexander G. Harris v. Black and White Cab Co.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

James Martin v. Louis J. Nunnally, (2 cases.)—Applications denied, with $10 costs. Orders signed.

Eastern Steel Co. v. Globe Indemnity Co. et al.—Motion granted. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

Herman L. Edgar et al v. Rhinelander Waldo et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Herbert S. Sisson as State Commr., v. William Todd, impld.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Alex Cohn v. Barnett Levine et al.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

George W. Butts v. Elizabeth A. Butts.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Martin Walsh v. the Butterick Publishing Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Re Maxwell Golberg.—Motion denied. Order filed.

Mary B. Judson, as executrix, &c., v. Herbert H. Gibbs, impld.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Carl Steinberg v. Erie Railroad Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Martha W. Kaiser v. the City of New York.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Stevens Aylsworth Co. v. C. Hiltebrant Dry Dock Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Joseph Robinson v. Crescent Talking Machine Co.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Re Ludlow Av., &c.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with $10 costs. Memorandum per curiam. Order filed.

H. M. Kennedy, Jr., & Co. v. Jamesville Woolen Mills Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs, and stay vacated. Order filed.

Annie Rappaport v. Lena Williamson, impld.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Re Thomas P. McKenna, an attorney.—Reference, ordered to Hon. John J. Freeman, official referee. Settle order on notice.

Greenwich Savings Bank v. Franklin Madison Realty Co., impld., &c.—Motion denied, without costs, with leave to renew as stated in order. Order filed.

APPELLATE TERM.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—PART II.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J.—House of Mercy<Goldberg—Arthur N. Olegerich.
SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Webber<Bossuffi—Morris Streusand. Shapiro<Cohn—Edward C. Cohen. Mehrbach<Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. (2)—Robert McL. Marsh. Gleeson<Kerrigan—Ezekiel Firman. Matter of Clark (N. Y. Life Ins. and Trust Co.)—Edward A. Pfeffer.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Henry G. Ward<Fanny Gruen—Henry Brady. Isaac Shiman<Terry Holding Co.—Mark Elsner.
SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Katherine Ramsford<Franziska Szathmary — George A. Lewis.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Mitchell, J.—Webber<Walther.—Joseph V. McKee.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION, Second Department.

DECISIONS.

In re application of T. R. Putsche for admission to the bar.—Application granted.

J. Acken et al., pltfs. R. N. Steinfeld, attorney, applt., v. Guaranty Trust Co. respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, in one case only.

P. Baillet, as admr., &c., of A. Baillet, decd., aplt., v. F. B. Borrick et al., respts.—Judgment reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

M. Dansky, respt., v. Staten Island Midland R. R. Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

C. Calinis, an infant, by J. Calinis, his guardian ad litem, aplt., v. M. Goldstein, respt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

P. Goldfarb, respt., v. G. G. Fries et al., aplts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

J. McCloskey, respt., v. G. M. Henderson, aplt.—Judgment of the County Court of Kings County and order denying the defendant's motion for a new trial reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs to the aplt.

F. D. McGarey, respt., v. N. Y. Con. R. R., aplt.—Judgment affirmed by default, with costs.

M. Poppa, an infant, by A. Poppa, her guardian ad litem, respt., v. City of Yonkers and J. O. Weston, aplts. Actions 1 and 2.—Judgment and order as to the contractor Weston affirmed, with costs. Judgment and order as to the City of Yonkers reversed and complaint dismissed with costs.

The People, &c., aplts., v. D. Steinbech, respt.—Judgment of the dismissal affirmed, with costs.

The People, &c., ex rel. J. Brodsky, relator, v. R. Enright, as Police Com., &c., respt.—Determination confirmed and writ annulled, with $50 costs and disbursements.

The People, &c., ex rel. J. Fahe, respt., v. St. Michael's Home, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

The People, &c., ex rel. M. Lawless, relator, v. A. Woods as Police Com., &c.—Determination confirmed and writ annulled, with $50 costs and disbursements.

The People, &c., ex rel. P. F. Ryan, relator, v. same.—Determination confirmed and writ annulled, with $10 costs and disbursements.

H. Schinsel, respt., v. R. F. Stevens Milk Co., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

E. P. and S. P. Smith, respts., v. S. Walter, aplt., et al., defts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

A. Waterman, respt., v. A. Rigby et al., aplts.—Judgment of the County Court of Kings County affirmed by default.

C. Wilkins, as admx., &c., of L. Wilkins, decd., respt., v. I. R. T. Co., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

MAIDEN LANE, n w corner Front St, 69x50.5 to s s Fletcher St, x76.8x79.8; Maiden Lane, n e corner Water St, 87.4x80.5 to s s Fletcher St, x84.6x80.2; this equal lien with mtgs recorded Nov. 30, 1917 and March 4, 1918; Smith Valley Realty Corp. to New Jersey Zinc Co., 55 Wall St, Dec. 31, 1918, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Frank P. Nolan, 55 Wall St........$85,000

SPRING ST, 148, s s, 20x80, P. M., Jan. 15; Benjamin Harris to Manhattan Savings Institution, 641 Broadway, 5 years, interest as per bond; attorney, Henry W. Kennedy, 66 Broadway........$22,500

1ST AV, 1,374, e s, 52.2 ft n of 73d St, 25x87, Jan. 17; Siegfried F. Fantel to William Klapper, 351 East 72d St, due and interest as per bond, prior mtg $20,000; attorney, Moses Goodman, 287 Broadway........$2,000

43D ST, 141-5 West, n s, 465 ft w of 6th Av, 60x100.5; 44th St, 150 West, 18.8x100.4, P. M., Jan. 17; Woodstock Hotel Co. to Kines Realty Co., 111 Broadway, due Dec. 31, 1919, 5½ p. c., prior mtg $125,000; attorneys, Leventritt, C., N. & L., 111 Broadway........$50,000

125TH ST, 543 West, n s, 175 ft e of Broadway, 25x99.11, P. M., Jan. 16; Martin A. Graham to Sophia and Fanny Goodman, 640 West 171st St, due Jan. 1, 1924; attorney, Everett B. Heymann, 35 Nassau St........$15,000

136TH ST, 113 West, n s, 175 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, P. M.; Theresa W. Robinson to Fineinoro Corp., 2,588 Broadway, due and interest as per bond, prior mtg $7,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$500

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, 2,122, e s, 18.8x100.4; John J. Byrnes to Tremont Building and Loan Association, 1,931 Washington Av, Jan. 16, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$3,000

BROOK AV, 558, e s, 25x160; William B. Kirchhof to William P. Maack, 7,324 6th Av., Brooklyn, prior mtg $12,500, Jan. 16, due June 16, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$3,000

CLINTON AV, 2,150, e e s, 33x150; Sadie Schwartz to Jacob Ullan, 2 Jackson Av., Corona, L. I., July 13, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$650

JEROME AV, e s, 150 ft n of Bedford Park Boulevard, 75x100; Anne Gully to Edward J. Schaeffler, 400 West 160th St, Jan. 11, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Holden & C., Mt. Vernon, N. Y........$5,600

PARK AV, e s, 150 ft s of 174th St, 50x irregular; Universal Sheet Metal Works, Inc., to Aaron Brand, 1,510 Crotona Park East, et al., Jan. 15, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$5,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, prior mtg $5,000, Jan. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; same attorney........$3,500

VALENTINE AV, n e corner of 183d St, 69.11x71.2x77.6x62.7; Charles Danewitz to Arrow Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, prior mtg $38,000, Jan. 16, due Jan. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway........$8,000

WEST 1-3 of Lot 166, map of Wakefield, 33.4x114; Louise Von Dwingelo to Morris Liberman, 718 East 218th St, prior mtg $3,500, Jan. 16, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$1,060

154TH ST, n s, 450 ft w of Courtland Av, 50x100; Fred Meyer to Charles D. Siemer, 311 Willis Av, prior mtg $34,000, Jan. 9, due Jan. 2, 1923, 6 p. c.; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av. and 148th St......$10,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 574; Robert F. Hubbard to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row........$40,000

RIVINGTON ST, 227; Ida Klingstein to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St....$25,350

ROOSEVELT ST, 36; Louis Babino to James Babino, 242 Frost St, Brooklyn; attorney, S. J. Comfort, 128 Broadway........$2,000

WEST END AV, 738; Mount Vernon Trust Co., administrator, to Ephraim B. Levy, 2 West 72d St; attorneys, Lachman & G., 35 Nassau St........2 assignments, $1,500 and $2,750

10TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of 2d Av; Equitable Trust Co. of New York to Bessie M. F. Hill, 174 Morris St, Morristown, N. J.; attorneys, Murray, P. & H., 37 Wall St........$7,500

20TH ST, 323 East; James A. Trowbridge to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$6,500

97TH ST, n s, 225.6 ft e of 10th Av, mtg $16,000; 97th St, 118 and 120 West, mtg $6,000; Cathedral Parkway, 45 to 53, mtg $20,000; Charles Freeman to Philip Freeman, 68 Lenox Av...3 assignments, each $1

110TH ST, 12 and 14 East, 2 mtgs, each $20,000; Stars and Stripes Realty Co. to Samuel Cohen, 254 West 112th St; attorney, Joseph E. Greenberg, 299 Broadway........$100

122D ST, 171 and 173 East, mtg $2,000; Carrie Altman to Ella J. Daniels, 460 Greene Av., Brooklyn........$1

162D ST, n s, 241.6 ft e of Amsterdam Av; Sally B. Lowinger to Louis S. Hirsch, 445 West 162d St; attorney, J. C. Guggenheimer, 27 William St........$12,500

182D ST, 524 West; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Herbert E. Sudderly, 102 West 85th St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$6,500

242D ST, 136 to 164 East, mtg $11,000; Georgina M. Bowe to Beeckman Lorillard, Phoenix, Ariz.; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St........$1

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, s w corner 168th St, 51.2x79; Francis J. Murphy to Edward S. Murphy, 1,295 Park Av; attorneys, Gillespie & O'C., 20 Vesey St........$8,000

BROOK AV, w s, 100 ft s of 171st St, 62.7x89.3x32.7x79.3; Theresa E. McGoldrick to Cath. Lösser, 120 Lewis Av, Elmhurst, L. I.; attorney, E. T. Martin, 507 Tremont Av........$9,000

FREEMAN ST, 970; William N. Harte to Aaron Futterman, 867 East 164th St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; an interest of........$2,000

SAME PROPERTY; Aaron Futterman to Meyer Futterman, 779 Katonah Av; attorney, same........$2,000

SAME PROPERTY; Meyer Futterman to Albert M. Banker, Johnston, N. Y.; attorney, same........$2,000

MELROSE AV, 690; Gus Fuld and another to Bronx Savings Bank; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$1

WEBSTER AV, s w corner of 197th St, 100x50; Columbia Trust Co. to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway........$1

SAME PROPERTY; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Greater New York Savings Bank, 498 5th Av; attorney, same....$27,500

3D AV, s e corner 166th St, 75x70; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Greater New York Savings Bank, 498 5th Av, Brooklyn; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway........$13,600

173D ST, n s, 44.5 ft w of Bathgate Av, 42x100; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Ida Klingenstein, 77 East 89th St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St........$27,000

174TH ST, 452-56 East, leasehold; Simon Schylosky to Mary Bramos, trustee, 104 East 81st; attorney, William W. Lesselbaum, 128 Broadway........$1

178TH ST, 412 East; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to George Ashforth, at New Rochelle, N. Y.; attorneys, Otterbourg, G. & H., 200 5th Av........$4,500

SAME PROPERTY; George Ashforth, New Rochelle, N. Y., to Annie Sipkin, 412 East 178th St; attorney, same........$3,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,482, portion of store, part of cellar and use show window, 1,490 Broadway; Gray Drug Co. to Frank Kalen, 1,830 Southern Boulevard, from Jan. 6, 1919 to Dec. 31, 1923; attorney, George Hirsch, 1,123 Broadway........$10,000

8TH AV, 413, all; Max Caeser to Leon Feinberg, 50 West 112th St, and another, 12 2-12 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Benjamin chattel mtgs of $6,200 and — $4,700 to 6,200

72D ST, 213 East, all; Keva C. Arluck to Aug. Graf, 214 East 37th St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1919; address A. Graf, 213 East 72d St, repairs, &c., and........$1,000

109TH ST, 60 East, all; Ada C. Lockwood to Aaron Rosenkrantz, 54 East 109th St, 5 years from Dec. 1, 1918; attorney, James A. Turley, 233 Broadway, repairs, &c., and $420

182D ST, 521 and 523 West, all; Anna D. Trowbridge and another to Goelet Leasing Co., 115 Broadway, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1919; attorney, Jacob S. Berman, 346 Broadway........$4,200

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON AV, 514; Rudolph Levin against Annetta Villard, owner; Victoria Building and Contracting Co., contractor....$336.50

58TH ST, 32 East; Joseph E. Hurwitz against estate of Jonathan Petrie, owner; Florence A. Scheftel, lessee and contractor........$3965.00

47TH ST, 257 and 259 West; Vincent Valentine Contracting Co. against Francis X. O'Connor, owner; Donald Construction Co., Inc........$850.00

53D ST, 5 East; Feinberg & Feinberg, Inc., against William S. Pyle, owner; Building Repair Co., contractor (renewal)....$206.00

116TH ST, 66 West; Eagle Cornice and Skylight Works, Inc., against 68 West 116th St, Inc., owner; William Sinkowitz, Inc., contractor........$137.00

Bronx.

HONEYWELL AV, 2,081; Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg. Corp. against Petronella Barone, owner; Louis Bianco, contractor. $137.68

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BAXTER ST, 91 and 93; 118th St, 336 and 338 East, and 132d St, 80 West; Mary Tarditi against Lewis H. Tomazzolli et al., (action to construe will, &c.;) attorneys, Lind & Pfeiffer.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 126th St, 99.11x73x irregular; Farmers Loan and Trust Co. against Samuel McMillan et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Geller, Rolston & Horan.

9TH AV, e s, 98.1 ft s of 30th St, 8½ inches by 70; Frederick O. Reynolds et al. against Clara W. Neumagen et al., (action to recover possession;) attorney, R. K. Brown.

38TH ST, 32d and 328 East; Henry Dryfoos et al. against Ede Levenson et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. R. Adams.

116TH ST, 58, 60, and 62 East; Central Union Trust Co. of N. Y. against Broadway-John St. Corp. et al., (foreclosure of three mortgages;) attorneys, Larkin & Perry.

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 2,173; Mary Tarditi against Lewis M. Tomazzoli et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lind & Pfeiffer.

LOT 67, Block 2,615, Section 10, on tax map; City of New York against Joseph O. Downes et al., (action to foreclose tax lien;) attorney, W. P. Burr.

OAKLAND PLACE, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 25x100; Henry Berghorn's Sons, Inc., against Filemena de Lorenzo et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Elfers & Abberley.

160TH ST, s w corner of Stebbins Av, 19.5x80; Farmers Loan and Trust Co., as trustee, against Violet Corwith et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Geller, Rolston & Horan.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED
75,000 to 100,000 Sq. Ft.
Space in Loft Building
IN JERSEY CITY OR NEWARK
SUITABLE FOR MANUFACTURING
LIGHT, HEAT, AND POWER.
GEORGE J. RYAN,
46 Jackson Ave., Long Island City

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Live, Experienced Real Estate Broker

Can find exceptional opportunity with long-established downtown general real estate concern. Commission basis. Only live wire considered. Apply in confidence to address "H. A." P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$45 MONTH and small quarterly payment buys California type Comfort Home. Garage, sleeping porch, etc.; beautiful street. Two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1776 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Modern 10 room dwelling. Garage. $7,000
Open Sundays
New 2-family house semi-attached, 16 rooms; 50x100. $10,500
Chester Hill 9 room modern dwelling, 2 baths; garage, a beauty. $13,500
New hollow tile dwelling, 11 rooms, 3 baths. Garage. $26,500
18 room hollow tile dwelling, 4 baths, 5 open fireplaces, 4 car garage; 260x157. $45,000
Wolfe & Douglas Harlem Station, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

AT LARCHMONT

Taken in at foreclosure. Cost to built about $12,000. Can be had for $9,500 if taken soon. Eight-room stucco, hot water heat, gas, electricity, 3 baths. Plot 100x250. Old shade trees. Five minutes' walk to station. Garage.
H. M. OLCOTT 51 East 42d St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 2328.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

On Chester Hill, near Station

Modern 11-room house with garage. Enclosed porch, steam heat, electric lights. Well-built and attractive, 2 baths. Possession March 1st. Price, $15,000. Terms to suit. Might rent on long lease at $1,500.
Anderson Realty Co. Near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GREENWICH, CONN.

A Gentleman's Estate, known as Fairholme, at Bell Haven, town of Greenwich, Conn.
STONE, stucco, heavy timber and tile roof residence of 22 rooms, six bathrooms; garage, greenhouses, gardener's cottage and chauffeur's cottage.
GROUNDS attractively laid out (of 5.3 acres) in lawn and shrubbery, garden, drives and walks, large vegetable garden and tennis court.
TO be sold at public auction on Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 2 o'clock, on the premises.
TERMS of sale 10% cash, to be paid the date of sale, balance within 30 days.
SATISFACTORY mortgage may be arranged.
FOR other information concerning this sale
Apply to
THOMAS N. COOKE. Smith Bldg., Committee Appointed. Greenwich, Conn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY HOMES

$500 CASH.
Balance monthly payments less than rent, buys beautiful new suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; 8c commutation; on plot 40x120; six rooms and bath, finished with hardwood trim, mahogany doors, white enameled woodwork; beautifully decorated; up-to-date fixtures; large porch; streets paved, sewers, gas, and electricity; plenty of space for a garage and a garden; 70 trains daily.
PRICE $4,500
AMERICAN HOME BUILDERS.
26 Cortlandt St. Phone Cortlandt 984.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x25, fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

Light Loft, 25x148
18 E. 14th St., nr. 5th Av.
Morris E. Sterne, 9 E. 14th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Forest Hills Inn
Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.
Modern fire-proof hotel (Am. plan) combining city and country life. Only 15 minutes from Penna. Sta. (L. I. R. R.). Direct connection by subway to uptown and downtown Manhattan; 25 minutes by motor to shopping and theatre districts. You can reach your office more comfortably and in less time from Forest Hills than from 96th Street, Man. More than 70 trains (electric service) daily. For further information—Tel. 6290 Forest Hills.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Long Island.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Long Beach West.—Cottage, 3 rooms, improvements, for sale; $1,300, terms. Write Thomas Walsh. Phone Murray Hill 1060.

Westchester County.

Nine-room house, plot 85x150; garage, truck garden; highest point in Pelham; ten minutes to station, 31 minutes to Grand Central; commutation $7.95 monthly; by motor 15 minutes to Mt. Vernon, 10 to New Rochelle, 10 to Hudson Park and 20 to Rye Beach; well furnished in taste with refinement; 4 master bedrooms, 2 maids'; fireplace and excellent heating system; huge porch facing south and west; coal and cordwood in at a reduction; player piano, Victrola, electric vacuum cleaner, &c.; some linen and silver; really complete home; rent, $100 per month; immediate possession. Phone Pelham 4861 or address or call 57 Willow Av, Pelham.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

New Jersey.

Bargain.—Six-room house; all improvements; half hour out; $3,650; suitable terms. Owner, Room 628, 30 Church, New York.

Houses Wanted.

Furnished bungalow in Bronxville or town nearby to rent; must have good heating and modern conveniences. A 43 Times.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Ninety-acre farm, forty-five tillable, rest woodland and pasture; good house; large barn; near Middletown, N. Y.; fine location; 1½ miles to station; bargain at $1,500; present mortgage $2,000; or will exchange for smaller farm within commuting distance of city, or will exchange for good touring car of same value. J. B. Morris, 281 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted to buy investment property for a client; Fordham or Tremont section preferred. Goldae, Atty, 3 Bible House.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Garage.—A first-class, well-established garage for sale or rent in a fine 1-story up-to-date brick and stucco building.
At present 35 cars, live storage. In the centre of the Flatbush section of Brooklyn. Telephone 615 Midwood 9 to 10 A. M.; owner has other business demanding his personal attention.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, northern Westchester County, estate of 178 acres, modern house, sanitary barns, good orchard; land high and fertile. Apply owner, Granite Springs, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Kew Gardens.—Plot 120x100, Abingdon Road; subdividing possible. O 282 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

Real Estate for Exchange.

WANTED,
farm, not over $18,000, in section bounded by Rye, New Canaan, Mt. Kisco; will give in exchange property at Merrick, Long Island, house of 12 rooms, 3 baths; excellent location; best residential section; house built 6 years ago at cost of over $12,000; free, clear, subject to lease for 3 years at $800 a year, or possession can be given; give full details and exact location of farms offered; 5% commission to brokers. G 588 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

We have a responsible concern that will purchase, or lease with an option to purchase,
A LARGE BREWERY PLANT.
Must be near or have a waterfront, and be within a radius of 100 miles of New York City. Immediate possession essential. Send particulars to
L. TANENBAUM, STRAUSS & CO., 640 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

TO SUBLET UNDER MARKET, ONE OF FINEST OFFICE BUILDINGS ON FIFTH AV.; SPECIAL LAYOUT OF VERY EXCEPTIONAL SUITE, ABOUT 1,060 FEET, FOR HIGH CLASS EXECUTIVE OFFICES OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE; TERM OF LEASE TO SUIT TENANT. TO SEE SPACE CALL VANDERBILT 1200, EXT. 251.

MODERN MARBLE 3-STORY AND BASEMENT BUILDING WITH GOOD STORE, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE AND 42D ST., TO LEASE TO ONE TENANT; ELECTRIC ELEVATOR; RENT, $10,000 GROSS. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

FACTORY.—FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STATION; WILL ERECT TO SUIT YOUR BUSINESS; ON RAILROAD SIDING; 10,000 TO 30,000 SQUARE FEET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Entire lower floor, 25x100, on high-class business block; fine display space; suitable for business, studios, or offices; will divide. 20 West 57th St., near 5th Av. Phone Circle 1651.

Lower East Side.—Seven-story building, 17,000 square feet; floors 175 pounds per foot; electric elevator; suitable for storage or manufacturing. Wollins & Bull, Inc., 214 Fulton St. Phone Cort. 521.

Loft, 13,000 square feet, new building, second floor; good light, ventilation; will rent not less than half of space to one tenant. O. Benzing, on premises, 418-20 West 125th St.

To Let.—Factory, out of town; second floor, elevator service, 60x100 feet floor space; equipped with 40 sewing machines, ready to operate; can manufacture tomorrow; plenty help; no labor trouble. B 135 Times.

For Rent.—4 lofts, over 2,500 square feet each; moderate rent. 812 Broadway. Phone Stuyvesant 2597.

BROADWAY, 377, (Cor. White St.)—Large, light offices and showrooms. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

Desirable office space or desk room to rent; warehouse room for small stock of goods if desired and use of phone. Phone Bryant 585.

Store, 3 West 16th St., near 5th Av., $75. Inquire, Pease & Elliman, or premises; brokers' full commission.

Office to rent facing Bryant Park. Room 205, 47 West 42d Street.

STORES.—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th.

Offices, $20 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

10,000 Square feet, power, light, heat; Astoria, L. I. B. Y., 220 Times Downtown.

Salesrooms and offices in modern building. 110 East 23d St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

PLANT WANTED,
from 10 to 20 machines, suitable for manufacturing dresses in New York and out of town; state full particulars and an interview will immediately be given. P. F., 801 Times Downtown.

WANTED TO RENT
large dwelling or floors, desired by a charitable organization, in centre of city, near East 25th St., to provide additional space and sleeping accommodations for its children's department. B 814 Times Annex.

Desk room or private office, professional, wanted below Fulton downtown. L 799 Times Downtown.

LOFTS.—Two; light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., 615.—Two exceptional front rooms, bath, fireplaces, hotel service.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

43D, 11 EAST.—Elegant bachelor apartments, 2 rooms, bath; convenient to Grand Central.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Southern exposure; double, single; connecting bath; permanent; rent $15.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

For Sale.—Elegant furniture and appointments, practically new, in new high-class six-room apartment, with lease, on the east side in the 60s; can be seen by appointment only by phoning Plaza 279.

MADISON AV., 121, (Corner 30th St.)—An attractive duplex apartment, nine rooms and bath, 2 maids' rooms; elegantly furnished, hardwood floors, &c.; will sublet from February to September $850 per month; can be seen by appointment. Phone Madison Square 3847.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

Furnished—West Side.

39TH, 54 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, bath, kitchen complete, with private roof garden; lease $85; references. Superintendent.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 4255.

51ST ST., 34 WEST.—Foyer, parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; open fireplace; sunny, bay and English windows; the beautiful apartment formerly occupied by Cyril Harcourt; immediate possession. 4669 Circle. Prescott.

56TH, 216 WEST, (cor. Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished 4-room suite, 2 bedrooms, dining room, kitchen. 4281 Circle.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

67TH, 1 WEST.—Duplex studio, bedroom, bath, kitchenette. Apartment 607. $150.

71ST, 55 WEST.—I have acquired the mansion and furnishings of old and wealthy New York family; I wish to lease two suites containing sitting room, dressing room, bedroom, and bath; each suite occupying floor; walls done in brocade silk; furniture, pictures and fireplaces imported by family for their own pleasure and comfort; $400-$800 month; Japanese servant; social and financial references required. Columbus 8055.

73D, 140 WEST.—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM, KITCHENETTE, COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, ELECTRICITY; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

77TH, 50 WEST.—Four rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; sublet at $175 monthly; to Oct. 1; free maid service, linen, and light. Apt. 96, Manhattan Sq. Hotel.

80'S.—Attractive five-room apartment, new building; short lease. Phone Columbus 1278.

80'S, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 8974.

82D, 55 WEST.—New house, new furnishings, two rooms, kitchen, bath, shower; every modern convenience; lease $125; concessions for long lease.

90'S, (WEST,)—Two blocks 96th subway, seven outside rooms; southern exposure; piano, Victrola, linen, silver; immediate possession; $175. Apply 745 West End Av., near 97th.

94TH, 308 WEST, (Joan d'Arc monument.)—8 rooms, 2 baths; splendid apartment; ground floor.

110TH, 141 WEST.—8 rooms and 2 baths, all light, facing Central Park; half block from subway station; completely furnished; rent $250 per month for short term; $200 for long term. Mitchell.

113TH, 621 WEST.—American basement, private house; 2d floor back, private bath, $18; 3d floor back, bath adjoining, $12.

141ST, 558 WEST.—2 rooms, kitchenette; southern exposure; private house; $15.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—7 large rooms, beautifully furnished; $140. Phone Morningside 9740.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

PERFECTLY appointed apartment, 4 rooms, kitchenette, and bath; facing Hudson River; silver, linen. Phone Griffith, Morningside 9080.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125.—Furnished; nine rooms, two baths, also two maids' rooms and bath, grand piano, Victrola; beautiful river view; will rent to June 1, $300 per month; immediate possession; free rent until Feb. 1. Telephone Schuyler 5990, Apartment 3 North.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420—"The Hamilton." Apartment 1 H, newly decorated, beautifully furnished, 7-room foyer and 2 baths apartment; long lease; references required.

ST. NICHOLAS TERRACE, 49, (cor 130th.)—Beautifully furnished front suite; southern exposure; home comforts; high-class Japanese preferred. Dixon.

WEST END AV., 808.—Nine outside rooms, 3 baths; $600 October, $700 5 months. M., Schuyler 9361; mornings.

WEST END AVENUE, 410.—Handsomely furnished 7-room apartment; $225 month to July. Clark, Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 8974.

Unfurnished—East Side.

MADISON AVE. (93d St.)—Corner apartment, 2, 3, 4 rooms, bath, kitchenette, large light rooms, every convenience.

THE SHELDON HOTEL.
2-room and bath apartments; modern; 1 first-floor suite, suitable for physician. 780 Madison Av., at 66th St. References.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH.
Furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals, if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125 monthly. Apply on premises.

50TH, 3 WEST.—Apartments, one and two rooms, bath, kitchenette.

56TH, 327 WEST.—Two, four, seven large light rooms; elevator; $720 up.

57TH, 140 WEST.—Four bright rooms, two baths; high-class building; 10th floor.

58TH, 200 WEST.—To sublet, very desirable apartment, 6 rooms and 2 bath, to 1920. Apt. 12A.

74TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive four-room apartment; open fireplaces; steam, electricity; service.

BROADWAY, (S. E. 103d St., Subway Station.)—Seven beautiful rooms. See Huston.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted.—Furnished apartment, three rooms, private bath, with kitchenette; or two large rooms, with kitchenette, private bath, for two couples; immediate occupancy; must be first class; willing pay well for suitable accommodations; between 45th and 100th Sts.; useless apply except on above conditions; state conditions. Address "Best," 10 Bridge St., New York. Telephone Broad 2475.

REFINED COUPLE DESIRE COMPLETELY FURNISHED APARTMENT WITH THREE MASTER BEDROOMS AND TWO BATHS, FROM FEB. 1 TO JULY 1; $175 PER MONTH; BEST CARE ASSURED. K 850 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Refined Japanese gentleman desires furnished suite of rooms with bath, preferably on Riverside Drive. Room 1209 Biltmore Hotel.

Modern three or four rooms, furnished, for about 6 months; west side, from 66th to 110th St.; not over $125 monthly. A 729 Times Downtown.

One or two rooms and bath, furnished or not; private entrance; bet. 50th and 70th, east or west. Dr. Prichard, 137 West 95th.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Bachelor quarters wanted; parlor, bedroom and bath; Fordham section preferred. G 232 Times.

Wanted immediately 6, 7 rooms, 2 baths, furnished apartment, below 106th St., $250 to $300 month to July. Vanderbilt 1450.

Wanted immediately 4-room furnished apartment below 116th St. to October; $125 month; couple. Tel. Vanderbilt 1451.

Small apartment, kitchen or kitchenette for February-March; responsible couple. A 64 Times.

Reliable couple want immediately 2 or 3 room apartment, with kitchenette, private bath; permanent; about $50. G 307 Times.

Small apartment, modern improvements, near 50th St. West, about $50. O 307 Times.

2 to 6 rooms, furnished and unfurnished, east and west side. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St.

4 to 6 rooms, responsible party; best references. Phone Columbus 1277.

Unfurnished.

Four or five rooms, two bedrooms, 72d to 116th St., near Broadway; $60-$70 per month. Anthony, 233 West 42d St., Apt. 31.

Five rooms, small family, by Feb. 10, with improvements; reasonable; upper west side. G 319 Times.

Four or five rooms, walk up, elevator. Morningside 6760, at once.

Four or five rooms, walk up, elevator. Morningside 6760, at once.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

68TH, 223 EAST.—Well furnished, large light room, $2; doctor's house; references.

89TH, 154 EAST.—Large room, with private bath, suitable two; subway; phone.

90TH ST., (Madison Av.)—Furnished room for gentleman. Tel. Lenox 789.

CLEAN, large room, washroom; running water; closet; electricity; gentlemen only. 284 Lexington, (36th.)

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates. $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

34 WEST 56TH.
2-ROOM SUITE.

65TH, 161 WEST.—Physician owning modern house; room, dressing room; steam; $7.

69TH, 30 WEST.—Attractive room, southern exposure; second floor; electricity; bath adjoining.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Attractively furnished large second-story front room; private bath, electricity, steam heat; gentleman; references.

71ST, 62 WEST.—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED LARGE FRONT PARLOR; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ELECTRICITY, STEAM; TWIN BEDS; PIANO.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large double room; private bath; electricity, steam; exclusive.

72D, 336 WEST.—Large back parlor, kitchenette privileges; electricity, references.

73D, 110 WEST.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED LARGE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large 2d floor front room; twin beds. Columbus 9635.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Single room; steam heat, electricity, running water; gentlemen only; permanent.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Attractively furnished large and small rooms; electricity; gentleman.

75TH, 327 WEST, (at Drive.)—Attractively furnished rooms, single, en suite; electricity; residential.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Clean, warm, large, sunny front room, private bath; electricity; references.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Medium and small rooms, $3, $4; all conveniences.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Comfortable, small room, adjoining bath; phone, electricity; references.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private bath; suitable two gentlemen; electricity, telephone.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive room, $8; hall room, $4; private house; references.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; gentleman preferred.

79TH, 177 WEST.—Sunny suite, facing street; use kitchen; gentleman, couple. Schultz.

79TH, 211 WEST.—Small sunny room; electricity.

82D, 118 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large front rooms, newly decorated; private house.

82D, 1 WEST.—Comfortable room for business man or woman. Janvrin.

83D, 28 WEST.—Sitting room, bedroom, with twin beds, bathroom, 2 dressing rooms, all communicating; fine linen; large, light, warm, pleasant; in select private house, first floor; also single rooms for gentlemen. Phone Schuyler 8250.

84TH, 301 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double room; private house; just off West End Av.; also small rooms.

86TH, 113 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished front room; alcove bedroom; running water; electricity; no couples.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive single room; table a specialty.

94TH, 35 WEST.—To let, large room, private bath; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room adjoining bath; American home; references.

100TH, 243 WEST.—Large and small rooms, neatly furnished, with running water.

104TH, 308 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, exceptionally large front room; refined location; select; $12.

109TH, 212 WEST.—Attractive, large room; running water; near subway station.

112TH, 522 WEST.—Sunny, bright, outside room; private family; reference. Schoenholz.

113TH, 324 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; splendid location; private American family; telephone.

114TH, 609 WEST, (Apartment 55.)—Nice room adjoining bath; no other roomers.

116TH, 620 WEST.—Business woman of refinement, choice room in private apartment; references essential; $8. Tel. Morningside 3596.

142D ST, 639 WEST, Corner Riverside Drive.—Private house, large, warm front room adjoining bath, all conveniences; private family; gentleman.

VERY large parlor and bedroom, suitable for two or three, or will rent singly; southern exposure; exclusive use of bath; in one of the most pretentious apartment houses on Riverside Drive, one block from 157th St. subway. Audubon 5400, Apartment 5-L.

WEST END AV., 826.—Exclusive bachelor accommodations, with or without bath; references.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 182, (Corner 90th.)—International Studios; with or without grand piano; furnished or unfurnished; hour, day, week, or month.

87TH, WEST.—Two large, unfurnished connecting rooms; private bath, southern exposure; elevator apartment. Schuyler 1426.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

American business man desires furnished room, private bath, with family, below 116th-Broadway substation; references gladly exchanged. A 42 Times.

Furnished one or two rooms, bath, kitchenette, not over $50 month, between 75th and 8th West. W 377 Times.

Young Japanese gentleman wants a furnished room in American family. G 380 Times Downtown.

Young gentleman desires room, nice location, with congenial surroundings. A 48 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms, with board; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table service; convenient location.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive large room, second floor; southern exposure; excellent table.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive single room; good table; electricity, telephone; gentleman; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

102D, 244 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor suite, private bath; other rooms, with baths; gentlemen or family. Riverside 16219.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for 2 adults in private Christian American family; front room, 4 southern windows; private bath.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; private residence; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

118TH, 147 WEST.—Elegant furnished rooms; excellent board; steam; near subway; elevator.

120TH ST., 116 WEST.—Double room with private bath; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. 50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 693, (94th.)—Large front room, three windows; running water, electric; little automatic elevator; French spoken; table guests; references.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Refined English business man wants large bedroom, with comfortable living room, well furnished, and meals served privately in living room; willing to pay $14, including meals, per week. Vico, 115 Broadway.

Gentlewoman, Hebrew, wishes room and board with private family, elevator apartment, west side. Phone Audubon 5059, 10-12 A. M. and 5-7 P. M.

CHILD, MONTH OLD, RESPECTABLE FAMILY; REFERENCES. B 806 TIMES ANNEX.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 3165, White Plains.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."
Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.
W. T. READE, Pro.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, typist, expert systematizer; full charge trial balance; several years' experience; $25. G 509 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, good, conscientious worker; thoroughly informed, excellent penman; highest reference; salary $23. O 308 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thoroughly experienced manufacturing lines; best references; salary $25. W 366 Times.

CHAMBERMAID.—Light colored girl wishes position as nurse or chambermaid; sleep in; state wages. Cochrane, 33 West 99th St.

GOVERNESS or Companion.—Refined young lady, Alsatian, would like to travel around the world as interpreter or companion; speaks English, French, Spanish, Greek, German, and is acquainted with European cities; best references. W 359 Times.

GOVERNESS or Spanish instructor, refined South American lady, desires position in American family. B 685 Times Downtown.

GRADUATE NURSE wishes position as nurse in factory or store. S 408 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER, Scotch, experienced; good cook; no laundry; wages $50-$55. Write Sutec, care G. D., Rockville Centre, L. I.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, young woman, capable handling correspondence; nine years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping, filing, and general office work; hard worker. G 311 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, with some experience; ambitious; willing to do any clerical or office work; very moderate salary. M. S., 117 Rivington St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; knowledge bookkeeping; neat; references. Telephone Mrs. Mann, 6265 Tremont. Address 453 Tremont Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, neat, competent, wishes position with reliable firm; salary $15. E. Mashin, 1,703 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced French-English, wishes to take good permanent position. A 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER desires position C. P. A. office; 3 years' experience. K 648 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 8 years' experience, capable of handling detail. A 54 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, accurate, neat. Mabel Barr, 200 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Bright beginner; $10 to start. H. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced legal work, capable, efficient. G 567 Times Downtown.

TYPEWRITER, refined young lady, Alsatian, speaks English, French, Spanish, Greek and German, would like to connect with hotel, dept. store, or reliable concern as interpreter; best references. W 358 Times.

YOUNG LADY, speaking beautiful English, wishes to instruct foreign ladies and children in conversation and writing; ladies of neglected literary and social education also tutored. B. B., 442 Columbus Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, having eight years' experience, wishes an executive position; particularly qualified to handle correspondence. G 660 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT AND SYSTEMATIZER.
Monthly, yearly audits, reports; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT, New York University graduate 1916, six years' corporation auditing, public accounting experience, accustomed to independent audits, reports, seeks senior position with C. P. A. O 380 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive with record of achievement, seeks position of responsibility with large corporation. O 509 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, Bookkeeping done, $1 week. (Saves $25 bookkeeper;) new method. Beekman 908. 1,701 Tribune Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 908.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior, 1½ years with C. P. A., desires to make a change. K 546 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; tax estimates made, balance sheets, profits statements prepared. B 765 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, 7 years' newspaper experience, age 34, married, reliable. O 332 Times.

ATTORNEY, newspaper man, public official, just discharged as Captain, Quartermaster Corps, U. S. Army, seeks work which will fully utilize his skill and powers; I was for five years on the city staff of a New York newspaper, resigning to become Secretary to an important department of the City Government under Mayor Mitchel; I am a graduate of the Cornell University College of Arts and Sciences and the Fordham University Law School; I was President of my law school class in my senior year; I have served as publicity representative of several money raising campaigns; for one year I was connected with a leading law office in the financial district, handling important banking, corporate, Sherman law and Surrogates' matters; I have a wide acquaintance in all the courts of New York County, gained in four years as a court reporter. Z 378, Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 21; honorably discharged; high school graduate; 4 years' experience; modern accounting methods; excellent references; $25. B 778 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22,) competent, reliable, experienced, well recommended, would connect with progressive house; salary $23. G 581 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, age 42, single, American, Christian; trial balance, also stenographer; reliable; references; $23. K 660 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST; knowledge of stenography; bright beginner; $10 to start. A. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOY, 17, high school education, office experience, desires position; reference. B 775 Times Downtown.

BUTLER.—Young Korean wants position in evening; reference. A 70 Times.

BUYER AND MANAGER MEN'S FURNISHINGS; UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES; NO OBJECTION TO GO OUT OF TOWN. S 324 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR.—Lady, putting up her car for the Winter, desires to find position for her chauffeur, whom she can recommend most highly as an excellent chauffeur in every respect, with unquestionable character. For particulars telephone Schuyler 2038.

CHAUFFEUR and wife, young couple, desire positions; wife, housekeeper. Seppala, 132 East 127th.

CHAUFFEUR, careful driver, mechanic, wishes position, city-country; references. O 819 Times.

CHAUFFEUR; eight years' practical experience foreign and domestic cars; A1 references. Write Box 7, 1,515 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, all cars. J. B., 2,504 E. 14th st., Brooklyn; telephone 625 Coney Island.

CHAUFFEUR, (21,) wishes position; 5 years' experience. Shindel, 963 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

CHEMIST, organic, graduate, three (3) years' experience specialized in chemistry of dopes, pigmented dopes, varnishes, enamels. G 192 Times.

CHEMIST, college man, knowledge of chemistry, desires position as assistant in laboratory; $22. A., 1,432 Crotona Park East.

CHEMIST, (21,) college graduate research, analytical experience; research preferred. K 657 Times Downtown.

COLUMBIA technical graduate, 4½ years' experience, desires to utilize training in a position offering opportunity at administrative, executive, sales or industrial work. A 50 Times.

COOK.—Japanese, 25 years' experience, for cooking, hotel, restaurant, private family. O 313 Times.

COUPLE.—Chauffeur, 32, does own repairs; 10 years' experience; wife, 24, excellent cook; best references. Weler, 407 E. 84th.

COUPLE, FRENCH; BUTLER, COOK; experienced; good wages; anywhere. O 340 Times.

CREDIT MANAGER.
AT PRESENT WITH VERY LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN, IS OPEN FOR IMMEDIATE CONNECTION WITH PROGRESSIVE AND RELIABLE HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD RECORD AND FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. G 260 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN.—Technically educated young man desires position as draftsman; two years' experience power plant design; age 27. K 672 Times Downtown.

DRUG HOUSE.—Soldier, honorably discharged, medical department, transportation branch Surgeon General's office, seeks position; knowledge technical terms; former translator for medical publication. Louis Goodman, 143 West 113th St., City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

EMPLOYMENT wanted; a great big fat fellow, 37, weighing 285 pounds, is seeking employment with some one who will appreciate loyalty and energy; have had varied experience and traveled extensively. W 301 Times.

EXECUTIVE, (30.)—Has thorough business training, ability to promote sales; good credit manager and correspondent; 15 years' experience in commercial line; excellent references. Box J. S., 96 Times Downtown.

EXPORT HOUSE DESIRING CAPABLE, EFFICIENT AND TECHNICAL MANAGER OR PARTNER SPEAKING FRENCH, WITH EXTENSIVE ACQUAINTANCE AMONG AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS, FRENCH FACTORIES AND DEALERS. O 274 TIMES.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT, American, 30 years' experience; understands every branch; capable taking full charge; best of references. Z 273 Times Annex.

FOREMAN, superintendent, many years' experience, auto or fine machine shop. J. E. Kraft, 410 Amsterdam Av.

FRENCHMAN, 36 years old, highest references, large business experience, soon sailing for France, will accept agency or representation of big and steady American concerns; oil, machinery, writing and printing paper, cements, stationery, alimentation, &c.; also will represent buyers in France. X 237 Times Annex.

LACE AND EMBROIDERY DESIGNER.—Thoroughly experienced; open for responsible position; start with moderate salary. G 317 Times.

LAWYER, relieved from "Army Draft Board" membership, seeks professional or other work where his training, business experience, or his 20 years' law practice will be worth $5,000 yearly; invest savings if desired. "Jerseyman," K 655 Times Downtown.

MAN, Swiss American, speaks and writes English, French, German, absolutely trustworthy, seeks position as ledger clerk or general office work; last position 16 years. Answer O 365 Times.

MANAGER, efficient, initiative; apartments or small hotel. A 62 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER WITH EXECUTIVE, DESIGNING, AND SALES EXPERIENCE, SPEAKING SEVEN LANGUAGES, WISHES INTERVIEW REFERRING DOMESTIC OR FOREIGN CONNECTION. G 313 TIMES.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER. — Technical graduate, recently discharged from army, 1¼ years' experience, desires a position with good progressive concern affording chance for advancement. W 304 Times.

PRINTING EXECUTIVE AND SALESMAN who controls large volume of good paying business desires to affiliate himself with modern plant. K 443 Times Downtown.

RELIABLE YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position export or import house. G 296 Times.

ROOFING and sheet metal trade, advertiser seeks position as manager or Supt., 10 years' experience in similar capacity; Canadian, 36. G 248 Times.

SALESMAN, AGE 37,
good appearance and approach, traveled extensively, with knowledge of several languages, open for position as salesman or any other where ability, tact, integrity, and honesty are required. B 774 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with good following in Southern coal region is open for good proposition. Address Salesman, Room 1104, 1,482 B'way.

SALESMAN going West wants salable lines. G 314 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—Thoroughly experienced, capable general executive; fine record; gilt-edge references; salary secondary to opportunity. G 250 Times.

SECRETARY, office manager or assistant; high-class American, 37; references. O 284 Times.

SPANIARD desires home work translating Spanish to English or vice versa. G 271 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, ten years' experience, desires connection, good future; A1 references. S 412 Times Downtown.

VALET, experienced presser, speaks five languages, wishes position. Robert, care Cummings, 190 West 100th.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) honorably discharged, executive ability, experienced correspondent, cashier, knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, credits, desires employment with reliable concern. Box 234 Times, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, experienced in real estate business, bookkeeping, collecting, repairs, renting, desires any position with real estate firm or real estate department of bank or law firm. B 813 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) honorable army discharge, capable and ambitious, desires position with reliable concern; office experience. B 768 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, typist; experienced in office work, desires position. G 561 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires position with reliable concern; have had two years of technical education. B 1001 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) desires position large concern; best references. K 645 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, married, wishes position with hosiery, underwear, notion house; experienced. B 776 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, desires clerical work in office; speaks English. G 270 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, willing worker, as stock or shipping clerk. G 274 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Japanese, wishes position mornings. Mass. Plaza 4026. 463 E. 57th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR on liberal commission basis. Apply Saturday, 2 to 3, "Our Garden Journal," 331 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—A splendid opportunity for thoroughly competent young woman who will take earnest interest in the business. Call Saturday afternoon, Joseph E. Baer, 347 5th Av., corner 34th.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable of taking complete charge of bookkeeping in small industrial concern. Give full details, experience, salary, &c., in application. B 762 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS, 50 wanted, to solicit subscriptions; commission basis only; splendid opportunity for willing workers. Apply all day, 220 West 42d St., Room 1613.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS.—Experienced, refined young girl, care for nine-year-old girl afternoons; good wages; city reference required. Mrs. P., 324 West 103d.

COPY WRITER in advertising office of silk house; call at 12:30 Saturday; must know stenography. J. A. Migel, 422 4th Av.

FORELADY,
One who has had thorough experience in millinery line, able to take charge of workroom.
WHITMAN, 598 BROADWAY.

FORELADY
in packing dept. of candy factory; excellent opportunity. G. M., 24 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, family of 4; 8-room apartment and no laundry; telephone for appointment, Morningside 217.

GIRL for laboratory work; one used to wrapping chemicals preferred. Powers, Weightman, Rosengarten Co., 145 Front St.

GIRLS, bright, intelligent, to train for nurses; ordinary school education sufficient. Apply 2,076 Fifth Av.

HOUSEWORKER.—Neat, willing, intelligent; 2 in family, work light; call afternoons week day or Sunday. Hawley, 465 Central Park West.

HOUSEWORKER and cook in small family; no washing; good home; wages $50. M. Porter, 73 Hamilton Terrace, near 144th St. and Broadway.

LADY'S MAID, Scotch or English, not over 35, to do some chamberwork; references required; liberal wages; residence in country this Winter. Address L. L., 60 Wall St.

MAID WANTED, (white,) for general housework; no washing; good home; $45 month. J. Leblang, 501 West 110th. Call between 10 and 1.

MARRIED COUPLE for family of four to do all housework; salary $70 per month. Apply H. G., 103 Park Av., Room 1113. Telephone Murray Hill 2013.

MILLINERY.
EXPERIENCED COPYIST. ALSO MILLINERS AND IMPROVERS; APPLY ALL WEEK. MARGOT, 516 5TH AV.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.
Ready-to-wear hats; good pay; steady position. Whitman, 598 Broadway.

MODEL.—TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY, FULL SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MILLAR-MANDEL, 38 E. 30TH.

MODELS.—SEVERAL STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, 16 SIZE, FOR SUITS AND COATS; LONG SEASON; BEST SALARY. R. A. DAY CO., INC., 1,115 BROADWAY.

MODEL.—Stylish young lady, size 16, for dress house. Apply between 4 and 6 P. M., D. Kohn & Rosenberg, 25 West 38th St.

MODEL, ACCUSTOMED YOUNG LADY, SIZE 16, FOR DRESS HOUSE. LEO FINKENBERG, 31 EAST 31ST ST.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Assist with eight-year-old girl, who goes to school, and light work in city apartment; good home; sleep in; wages, $35 to start, advancement; two adults; we have cook, who also assists with housework; good references required. G 315 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER or NURSE, to take entire charge of two little girls 2 and 4 years of age, in suburbs; good wages; references required; call or write to Room 1,604, 437 5th Av., Monday morning 10 to 12.

NURSE take entire charge two children, 4 and 5 years old; must be experienced; references required; wages depending on experience; telephone, for appointment, Morningside 217.

NURSE.—One child, light chamberwork, small family in Pelham Manor, New York; phone Rector 4621 from 10 to 4, or Pelham 1406 any time.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

NURSE, experienced, for two children, 3½ and 1½ years; must be competent and loving. 644 Riverside Drive, Apt. 10B. Audubon 943.

NURSE for nose and throat specialist's office, with surgical training; live in; state training and salary expected. B 162 Times.

NURSE for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

OPERATORS to wind lace on cards. Apply North American Lace Co., 106 Fifth Av.

SALESLADIES, school work, calling on students; salary and commission. Call School, 453 Tremont Av.

SALESLADY wanted. Page & Shaw, 262 5th Av.

SALESWOMAN for pastry counter; wages $16 and meals. Halloran's, 213 6th Av.

SOLICITORS.—Good proposition, legitimate work; guaranteed customers' list supplied; experienced preferred; salary and commission to right party. Call 10-3. Herzig & McLean, Publishers, 110 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; one with experience, initiative and ambition to advance; excellent opportunity for a capable worker. Apply to Mr. Boehm,
ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
842 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER having good business training, one accustomed to rapid dictation, must be accurate and competent of assuming responsibilities; Oliver machine; salary $18; Brooklyn position. A 753 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, good in English and Italian, for half day work; write in English, Spanish, and Italian; references; exceptional high salary to right person; after competency proved full time employment assured. Address O 325 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—One with Wall St. or banking experience preferred; Christian firm. Address with full particulars, Box 240 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHERS and FINANCIAL SECRETARIES; expert; $35 to $40 a week; only best testimonials considered. Mail them to A 51 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, HUNGARIAN,
perfect in English; references; write in English and Hungarian; permanent employment; good salary to right person. G 258 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, who wishes position with Christian organization; start at $15 per week. Call between 9 and 12. Mr. Denison, Y. M. C. A., 318 West 57th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent stenographer, with knowledge of bookkeeping, wanted by Christian firm; permanent position. Room 802, 1,182 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted to take English and Spanish dictation; state age, reference, and salary expected. B 166 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-ASS'T BOOKKEEPER—Good position for right party; state particulars. H 785 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat beginner; opportunity to learn accounting. Room 302, 1,431 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER; one familiar with steel business preferred; state age, nationality, salary expected. O 20 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, good education; about two or three years' experience. K 668 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, rapid at both stenography and typewriting. Room 1046 Marbridge Building.

STENOGRAPHER, law experience, wanted in law office. Apply Room 900, Times Bldg.

STOCK SALESMEN.—We want well-connected, dynamic, forceful salesmen for a dividend-paying rubber concern; no advances; commissions. W 356 Times.

TYPISTS on Oliver typewriters; first-class connection, brokerage house; hours 9:15 to 5; good salary and opportunity. Call 316 Broadway, ask for Mrs. Daniels.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—Young English woman to take charge of two little girls from 9:30 till 6; must understand kindergartening; references required; please write fully to Box X 227 Times Annex.

WOMAN for housework; new career with business hours, eight hours day, six days week; good hourly pay; written applications only. H. S. Paterson, 159 East 62d St.

WOMAN CLERK, competent, familiar with computing and checking invoices; state salary and give confidentially full information. G 578 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, middle aged, to take care of 5 months' old baby boy. Church, 550 West 114th St.

WOMEN of refinement wanted to handle the sale of the Burton Holmes Travelogues; unique plan, eliminating canvassing; commission basis. Call 1216 Aeolian Hall.

YOUNG WOMAN
to assist buyer and sales manager of candy department of large corporation; unusual opportunity for capable, experienced business woman. J K 8 Times.

YOUNG LADY, neat, to assist in office of dressmaking establishment; understand typewriting; good opportunity for advancement. I. Jacobs & Co., 49 West 46th.

YOUNG LADY.—Stenographer; address with reference and salary expected, which must be moderate to start. B 182 Times.

YOUNG LADY for light clerical work in large insurance office. A 715 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN TO ENTER A FIRST-CLASS REGISTERED TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES; COURSE TWO YEARS AND SIX MONTHS. NORTH HUDSON HOSPITAL, PARK AV., WEEHAWKEN, N. J.

YOUNG WOMAN for general office work; good writer and accurate; one having had experience in dressmaker's workroom preferred. Dunham, 628 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN, to interview students' school work; salary and commission. E. B. S., 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1486.

YOUNG WOMEN for filing; advancement. P. O. Box 325, City Hall Sta., N. Y. C.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BE A FILING CLERK
and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing. Salaries $15 to $30 per week. Our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position. Afternoon and evening classes. Enter our new classes starting next Monday, January 20th. Number of students limited. Apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2281.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company.
60 Franklin St. Near Broadway.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship; individual instruction by specialists, day, night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalog. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

FRENCH TEACHER would like mornings or evening engagements; reasonable terms; highly recommended. Bl. Javy, 225 East 53d St.

MOVIE STAR will accept limited number of pupils anxious for screen appearance. For appointment write Movie Star, Room 611 World Building, N. Y. C.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

CAN YOU JUDGE PEOPLE?
Can you "size up" the people you meet daily? A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to know the people you meet as well as yourself. Write or phone Chelsea 4054 for details of classes in Character Analysis and Vocational Counselling now forming.
MERTON INSTITUTE.
96 5th Av., at 15th St.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.
99 NASSAU. CORT. 3516.
STENOGRAPHER, secretary, college graduate
STENOGRAPHERS ....TYPISTS
SECRETARIES ....BOOKKEEPERS
EXPERIENCED OR BEGINNERS

FULTON AGENCY, 93 NASSAU ST.
STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, $20-25

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced on customers' ledgers and controlling accounts; state in detail past experience, salary expected, and references. S. D. 106 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, with public accounting experience, for office of C. P. A.; excellent opportunity for qualified man; state age and salary; give full details of experience. A 739 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, to take charge of office, thorough knowledge of business methods; responsible position. O 205 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced, insurance accountant wanted for Boston branch office large insurance company. Apply Room 110, No. 80 William St.

ACCOUNTS, SENIOR AND JUNIOR, CALL SATURDAY, 2 P. M., INTERNATIONAL AUDIT CO., 2 RECTOR ST.

AGENTS—Live wires, good opportunity, those interested; commission basis only. Apply Room 1613, 220 West 42d St.

ARTIST, high class, required to work in Buffalo, capable of handling best class of illustrative work for newspapers; one who is strong on men's figures preferred; advertiser is prepared to pay $100 to $125 a week to commence with; a year's engagement will be given; when first replying give particulars as to where you have worked, which will be treated confidentially, and any special advertising campaigns your work may have appeared in; if interesting you will be requested to send on samples. X 209 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN.
Only High Grade men with A1 references considered.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORP.,
1,920 Broadway.

BILL CLERK, experienced, familiar with Elliott-Fisher machine. Apply North American Lace Co., 105 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT wanted by a foreign banking house; knowledge of French desired; state experience and salary expected. Address G. Y., P. O. Box 322, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typewriter, capable of handling correspondence. Apply Room 1010 Marbridge Building.

BOYS.
For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY for office, good education, $10 per week, fine opportunity for advancement; refined surroundings; reply in own handwriting, state age and education. B 172 Times.

BOYS—Three bright boys, willing to learn and expecting to progress; large downtown firm; give name, age, nationality, and salary expected. G 525 Times Downtown.

BOY—downtown office of established engineering company; good opening, with bright prospect of advancement. Address Boy A 705 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
Exceptional opportunity for bright, ambitious boys in downtown office; good salary start. R. C. 235 Times.

BOY wanted not under 16 years of age, in office of large corporation; good chances for advancement; salary to start, $9 week. C 595 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, active, for steamship office; excellent chance for advancement; state age and salary expected. K 618 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for export office; American or Spanish; give references and state salary expected. E. B. 115 Times.

BOYS, $.. monthly, big company, rapid advancement; hours 9-4, Saturdays, 12. Apply Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

BOY to work in electrotype foundry; opportunity to learn trade. Apply Knickerbocker Electrotype Company, 424 West 33d St.

BOY, bright, for office work. Apply Room 1115, 501 Fifth Av.

CASHIER
LIFE INSURANCE.
A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. K 625 Times Downtown.

CASHIER for bar; must be quick and accurate, do some bookkeeping. Answer, giving references and salary expected. G 318 Times.

CHEMIST wanted to take charge of laboratory of pharmaceutical house; must be aggressive, practical, and capable of originating and manufacturing new preparations; state experience and references; excellent opening; applications confidential. Z 382 Times Annex.

CHIEF CLERK wanted to take charge of front office in a large club; must have experience in hotel or club office and capable of taking charge of ten men; only a man having executive ability need apply; salary $.... W 540 Times.

COLLECTOR for wholesale grocery, man of good habits, steady and reliable; state salary and past experience. S. R. 172 Times.

COMMISSARY CHIEF STEWARD for building operation near Wilmington, Del.; $125 per month and board; must be experienced; knowledge of Fred Harvey dining system desirable but not required. G 291 Times.

DRAFTSMAN wanted, first-class man, experienced on high grade automobile body designing. In your reply state fully age, experience and wages expected. The Locomobile Company of America, Bridgeport, Conn.

ELECTRICIAN wanted for wire and conduit work in Chile, South America, three-year contract, transportation and salary paid while traveling; submit full details of experience and salary expected. X 240 Times Annex.

ENGINEER—Opening for chief engineer in one of the city's largest hotels; only experienced men need apply; state experience for past ten years. E. M. 806 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER or MECHANIC wanted, young man with experience operating gas engines, small place. Address D. H. Townly, 68 Front St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ENGINEER—Day work in factory. F., 40 East 13th St.

FIREMAN in apartment house, day work, steady job. Apply Superintendent, 71 East 9..

FOREIGN TRADE
A large wholesale paper distributing institution wants a man for ... work in South America, one who ... something of the paper ... and ... make a thorough trade ... certain South American republics; ... something of the principles ... advertising and trade promotion; in replying ... state qualifications ... expected. X 218 Times Annex.

FOREIGN TRADE
A fine opportunity for the right man; a large corporation, wholesale paper merchants, wants a New York manager; a man experienced in the paper business and with some knowledge of foreign trade, a man now engaged in foreign trade with some experience ... and acquaintance with Eastern ... preferred. X 202 Times Annex.

FURNITURE SALESMEN.
Only those with experience in high-class shops need apply
AT WANAMAKER'S
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

FLOORWALKER—Experienced; good wages. .. Times Annex.

HELPERS, house departments, also errand boys over 15. K 637 Times Downtown.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B 704 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MACHINISTS repair dies, machines and general ... work. Sprague Electric, 527 West ...

MAN WANTED.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE. A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN wanted to take charge of accounts payable office of a large Boston department store, one who is familiar with terms, discounts, &c.; state full particulars as to past experience, also a young man as assistant in accounts payable office who has had practical experience. Address W. D. W., P. O. Box 55, Boston, Mass.

MAN to manage large ballroom of 6,000 square feet, formerly Pabst's, Columbus Circle, in a manner similar to Wilson's or St. Nicholas Rink; experience in operating large dance halls necessary; no alcoholic drinks to be sold upon premises; applicant must give good references and state salary expected. L. O. Box 50 Times.

MANAGERS for specialty shirtwaist and underwear shops; must have executive ability and experience in this line; must know window trimming. P 614, 1,265 B'way.

MEN wanted of good address, to handle the sale of the Burton Holmes Travelogues; new plan, eliminating canvassing; commission basis. Call 1216 Aeolian Hall.

MIDDLE WEST and Western representatives, now representing other magazines, to represent three additional ones of controlling editorial character and appeal, on a commission basis; state references and detailed experience. B 505 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MILLINERY MAN.—Thoroughly capable of managing large retail store in South, doing business of $100,000 yearly; previous experience in this line absolutely essential; salary $3,000 per year and interest in business. X 205 Times Annex.

OFFICE MANAGER; must be competent to take charge of all branches bookkeeping, stenography, &c.; Christian firm. W 371 Times.

OFFICE BOY, intelligent, who wishes position offering good business training and a future, in the office of machine tool house; Christian firm; salary $8. C. H. Westerberg, 9 West Broadway.

OFFICE BOY for large publishing company; splendid chance for advancement; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 898 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOYS, 14 to 16, in large downtown office; salary $8. Write H 774 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY in large publishing house; salary to start $12, with advancement. B 184 Times.

OFFICE BOY, bright, neat, active, wanted by electrical firm. Apply J. Swingston & Co., 70 East 45th St., Room 2,117.

OFFICE MANAGER to take charge of books for large suburban commercial school; should know all filing systems and use of principal office appliances; state clearly who you are and what you are worth. X 236 Times Annex.

OFFICE WORKER.—Young man with export experience and good reference for light office work and answering telephone; salary $15. Apply to Mr. Meyer, 606 West 49th St.

PAPER RULER wanted, one accustomed to job and loose leaf ruling. Adkins Printing Company, 66 Church St., New Britain, Conn.

SALESMEN. — FIRST - CLASS SWEATER AND KNIT GOODS SALESMEN FOR OLD ESTABLISHED MIDDLE WESTERN TERRITORY; COMMISSION BASIS; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. B 173 TIMES.

SALESMEN.
High Speed Twist Drills.
Metropolitan district; must be experienced in line; references required; splendid opportunity; commission and drawing account. X 220 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Experienced on cotton, silk, and mercerized yarn; salary and commission. G. S. 819 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.
with large retail following, to handle good line of middy blouses and dresses through Western, New England and Pennsylvania States, on commission basis. X 251 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, inside, commercial stationery store, experienced in loose leaf, blank books, and general line only; give age, where employed, salary wanted, nationality. B 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our high-grade teas and coffees to our old customers on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. B3, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMEN.—$2 to .. per day in commissions easily earned by specialty salesmen, calling on drug, cigar, hardware stationery and similar retail stores. L. G. Shatney, 5th floor 279 Broadway.

SALESMAN, for Greater New York, to call on hotels, restaurants, steamships, hospitals, &c., to sell food products; commission basis; excellent opportunity for a live wire. A 725 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, securities man, ability; live leads, strong co-operation, drawing account and commission, ambitious worker. K 598 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, well recommended, desirous of learning provision business; salary and commission. P. O. Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN wanted to sell gas lamps; easy to make $40 to $50 weekly commission basis; apply before 10 A. M. to Public Appliance Co., 591½ Summit Av., Jersey City.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted for work shirts and overalls, on commission basis. American Shirt and Overall Manu. Co., 524-28 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced man, for Swiss embroideries; only those experienced in this line need apply; commission basis. O 344 Times.

SALESMAN, with some experience in steel line, to represent large company; give age, qualifications, experience and salary desired. A 732 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced grocery specialties; liberal commission arrangement; good territory open in Brooklyn. Call, all day, 391 Fulton St., Brooklyn, Room 11.

SALESMAN.—Waist salesman for New York State, Texas, Ohio, and Michigan; commission basis. Apply Saturday, 1,270 Broadway, Room 518.

SALESMEN.—School work, calling on students; salary and commission. Call school, 453 Tremont Av.

SALESMAN, experienced in provision line; salary and commission. P. O. Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN, experienced, for packing boxes; good opportunity for right man; commission basis. A 710 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER, experienced in steel and metal trade; state reference, nationality, salary expected. O 19 Times.

SERVICE MEN wanted by large insurance company; desirable positions are open for ex-service men of the Engineering Corps of the U. S. Army who have been bodily wounded, noncoms preferred; good personality and mechanical training essential for success in this branch of work. Address Box 254 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man who is desirous of being affiliated with a new concern, excellent opportunity for advancement; free life insurance and bonus. Apply Republic Player Roll Corporation, 655 West 51st St.

SOFT CAPSULE MAKER, EXPERIENCED, BY LARGE MANUFACTURER; APPLICANT MUST THOROUGHLY UNDERSTAND MANUFACTURE OF SOFT ELASTIC AND HARD ROUND CAPSULES. APPLY IN PERSON OR BY MAIL TO THE WM. S. MERRELL CHEMICAL COMPANY, 25 CHURCH ST.

SOLICITORS, good proposition, legitimate work, guaranteed customers' list supplied; experienced preferred; salary and commission to right party. Call 10-3. Herzig & McLean, publishers, 110 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER,
capable, 18 to 20 years of age, for responsible work in bank; state schooling and experience. A 734 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Pay $15 week, board and room. Call 14d East 28th St., today, at 4 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, bright, ambitious young man, in stock and bond house. Call after 3 P. M., Mr. Ware, 62 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, must be experienced; state age and salary expected. A 738 Times Downtown.

STRONG MEN to carry salesman's samples; state salary wanted. G 586 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT, high-class apartment; thoroughly understanding refrigerating plant; single man preferred; state references and salary; splendid position. S. B. 117 Times.

TUTOR wanted for boy 15 years old; hours 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.; position for several years for good educator with best references. Apply 144 Harmon Av., Pelham, N. Y. Phone Pelham 1083.

TUTOR desired; have splendid opportunity for a well-educated young man. English and Hebrew scholar; write for appointment. Frank Cohen, 1,660 East New York Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly conversant in every detail with figuring discounts on pipe fittings, valves and mill supplies; reference required; make application in person. M. W. Kellogg Company, 117 West Side Av., Jersey City, N. J.

YOUNG MEN to interview students, school work; salary and commission. E. B. S., 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

YOUNG MAN.—Experienced packer and help in shipping room; references required. I. Neuman & Sons, 222 4th Av.

YOUNG MAN, useful, over 16; light, inside, clean work. K 638 Times Downtown.

YOUTHS over 16, learn cars stocks, mercantile business. K 639 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY. Men wanted to learn a paying professional trade, Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained man; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MEN, over 21, plenty of positions now open, moving picture operating; large field; pays $30 weekly upward; we teach you day and evening. Call at once. 644 8th Av., 42d St.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster, wire wheels.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1918 "48," convertible coupe.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

APPERSON, 1917, just overhauled and painted; 4 new Silverton tires; cost $2,150 without extras; owner must leave town Sunday night; bargain at $1,000; run 6,000 miles. J. T. MacWilliam, 130 West 51st St. Call today.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.
1917 Franklin Sedan. | 1918 & '17 Dodge Sed's
1917 Hudson Sedan. | 1917 Hudson Limous.
1917 Hudson T'n Car. | 1917 Hupmobile Sedan
1917 Buick Sedan. | 1917 Oldsmobile Sedan
1916 Cadillac Sedan. | 1917 Maxwell Sedan
1,778 Broadway, (57th) one flight. Circle 1417.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
BUY NOW, SAVE MONEY.
ABBOTT-DETROIT, 1919, brand new.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1918, suburban sedan land.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, landaulet limousine.
STUTZ, 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
STUTZES, 1917, 4 and 6 passengers.
HUDSON, 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
HUDSON, 1917, 4-passenger Sport.
CADILLAC, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
BUICK, 1918, 7-passenger touring.
PACKARD, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
MARMON, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
FRANKLIN, 1917, 5-passenger touring.
LANCIA, 1916, runabout, disappearing seats.
LANCIA, 1915, runabout, disappearing seats.
LANCIA, 1915, 4-passenger Sport.
Latest importation Fiat Fleetwood landaulet.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., Est. 1902,
1,676 Broadway, open evenings. Circle 65.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK six sedan, 5 passenger, excellent order; $875. Jersey Auto Co., Passaic, N. J., Tel. 2969.

BUICK 1918 seven-passenger car for sale; practically new; price right. J. C. Dehls, 237 South St., Newark, N. J.

BUICK 1915-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLACS.
The man who wants to enjoy the advantages of CADILLAC ownership, and prefers not to invest the amount which a new CADILLAC requires, can gratify his desire in one of our used CADILLACS which has been overhauled and repainted.

1918 Model 57, 5-pass. Touring.
1918 Model 57, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 5-pass. Touring.
1915 Model 51, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Limousine.
1917 Model 55, Landaulet Brougham, new body; exceptional car.

NEWARK BRANCH,
Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co.,
536 Broad St., Newark,
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC, BEAUTIFUL LIMOUSINE, NOW IN STORAGE, 1917 BODY, IN EXCELLENT CONDITION, WITH SPECIALLY BUILT WHITE METAL RADIATOR, SQUARE HOOD, SIX WIRE WHEELS, SHOCK ABSORBERS, FINE CARRIAGE LAMPS, GOOD TIRES, FOR IMMEDIATE SALE TO PROSPECTIVE OWNER ONLY; LIBERAL BROKER'S COMMISSION PAID. APPLY C. D. CO., ROOM 1167, 5TH AV. BUILDING. PHONE GRAMERCY 4371.

CADILLAC 1917—LANDAULET.—A perfect car; dark blue body and white wheels, with five brand new U. S. cord tires; no dealers. Owner, 147 West 77th St. Phone 9050 Schuyler.

CADILLAC 1917 Limousine, condition perfect; interior almost new.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

CADILLAC 1918-1917 four-passenger sport.
PIERCE-ARROW 1918 Landaulet, 38 h. p.
PACKARD 1918 Limousine, 3-35.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC Sedan, almost new, beautifully upholstered, excellent running condition, fully equipped, with extra tire; $1,200; no agents. Dr. Gottlieb, 45 East 60th St.

CADILLAC 1918, Amesbury, Suburban Sedan.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 5th Av. Plaza 4837.

CADILLAC Brougham Sedan 1916, must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition; slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; absolutely perfect condition; make offer. Telephone owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC limousine brougham, wire wheels, mechanically almost new. Ryan, Lincoln Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917, 7-passenger touring, overhauled and repainted, can't be told from new. J. Helbig, 918 Union St., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHALMERS, 1917, little six, touring, almost new.
Franklin Used Car Dept.,
225 W. 58th, (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

DETROIT ELECTRIC.—Rare chance; fashionable; $1,000; cost $3,000; leaving city. Riverside 7472.

FORD sedan, new 1918, electric starter, other extras, $675. King, Fordham 5112.

FRANKLIN, 1912, little 4-cylinder touring, $375.
Franklin Used Car Dept.,
225 W. 58th, (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

FRANKLIN touring, 1917, wire wheels, many extras; also 1918 demonstrator, guaranteed. Franklin Used Car Dept., 225 W. 58th, (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

FRANKLIN brougham, 1917; FRANKLIN close-coupled sedan.
Franklin Used Car Dept.,
225 W. 58th, (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

HUDSON, 1917, Speedster; disappearing seats; extra wheels and shoes; excellent shape; make offer. Inquire Oberweger, 136 West 52d St.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 sedan, 1917 speedster, 1918 roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan. Apt. 8-G, 780 Riverside Drive, 7100 Audubon, after 6 P. M.

HUDSON 1918 sedan, condition new. Meyers & Stark, 1,790 Broadway. Circle 5692.

HUPMOBILE Sedan, 1917; beautiful-looking car; motor in excellent condition; run only 5,000 miles; unusual opportunity to secure a rare bargain. Telephone Riverside 3157.

LATEST MODEL SEDAN.
'19 series Studebaker light six, 4-door sedan; practically brand new; beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., second floor. See Mr. Christie.

LOCOMOBILE, 1918, special built town car, perfect. Cukor, 200 West 86th St. Schuyler 5200.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1918 PACKARD Tr., used 2,800 miles.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 CADILLAC Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1918 STUTZ, 4-passenger.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

MACFARLAN 1917, A1 condition, Victoria top; cost $4,200, sell $1,600. West Side Auto Repair Co., 214 West 65th.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES, Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

MERCER Raceabout, 22-72; condition guaranteed; must sell. Slocum, 5910 Schuyler.

NATIONAL 1916 Newport 6, with Special New Haven Sedan body; Westinghouse starting and lighting; condition perfect throughout; cost, new, $4,800; will sell reasonable. Telephone Circle 5692.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 Touring. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. | Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND, 1918, Model 90 touring, $425; any demonstration desired. Tel. Fordham 5412.

PACKARD 5-passenger, six-cylinder touring car, model 6-38; good condition, just overhauled; no dealers; sold to satisfy creditor. E. Jensen, 2,576 Park Av., near 138th. Melrose 9635.

PACKARD 1918, Fleetwood Brougham Limousine, driven less than 4,000 miles; immediate sacrifice. M. J. Tymoff, 920 Union St., Brooklyn.

PACKARD 1918 touring, used 2,600 miles; almost new. Lobell Aborn, 230 West 56th.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

JOHANNA OR GENVANIA ALLOCCA, No. 10,281.—Take notice, unless your contract, within five (5) days, is paid up to date the forfeiture clause will be enforced. Contract number is indicated after name. E. E. MEACHAM & SON, 13 Park Row, New York.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN.
Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE berlin, with starter, $750.
CHALMERS light touring, 1917.
FRANKLINS, all models, $300 to $2,700.
STEARNS-KNIGHT sedan.
STUTZ touring.
We have a big list of real bargains.
Franklin Used Car Dept.,
225 W. 58th, (4th floor,) just east of B'way.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917.—48 h. p. landaulet limousine; practically new. Herman N. Karp, Inc., 1,676 Broadway. Circle 65.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48"; Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Will sell my town car, model 1917. Apply Ritz Garage of Mr. Hirsch. Plaza 9868.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 56TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

SIMPLEX, 1918 limousine, Holbrook body; elegant condition. Brady-Murray Motors Corp., 62d St. and Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
418 West 55th St. Columbus 7808.

WHITE Touring Car, 4-cylinder, 8 valves; Herz spark plugs; Goodyear tires, 37x5, all weather; Bosch magneto; town body for the Winter months; Weed chains, with springs; no dealers. G 516 Times Downtown.

WHITE.—16 valve, special body, town brougham; excellent condition; run 5,000 miles; owner going abroad. Telephone Sunset 3500.

WINTON, 1917, 48 H. P., 7-passenger, limousine, almost new; all Goodyear tires; will demonstrate; private parties; no dealers. Rudini, 507 West Broadway, New York.

Motor Trucks.

HURLBURT 1918 3½-ton truck, with stake body; this truck has been in actual use for only four months and still carries the Hurlburt factory warranty; cost $4,730, will sell for $3,500 or best offer; good reason for selling. Z 370 Times Annex.

PACKARD.—ONE TRUCK FOR SALE; 1½ TON, MODEL E, ONE YEAR OLD. WESTERN CHAIR CO., DUPONT CORNER, PROVOST ST., BROOKLYN.

THREE WHITE ONE-TON TRUCKS, with Brill 12-passenger enclosed pay enter bus bodies. T. C. Smith & Co., 1,531 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Penn.

FORD 1½-ton, express body, good condition, just overhauled; cost $1,300 six months ago. Ford Agents, White Bros., Inc., 2,402 Grand Concourse, Fordham 11.

REPUBLIC ¾-ton, slightly used, $700; Autocar 1915 2 ton, $720. Jersey Auto Co., Passaic, N. J., Tel. 2969.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD. — Beautiful landaulet for hire, hour or day; owner drives; shopping and suburban trips solicited. Telephone St. Nicholas 2203.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. WILLIAMSON, 204 West 43d St. Phones 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD limousine, newly painted, for rent, day, week or month; liveried chauffeur optional. Simons, Columbus 6482.

PACKARD six limousine, hourly, monthly; reasonable; owner drives; references. Jones, Columbus 9021.

LOCOMOBILE limousine for hire, reasonable. Garage, 126 East 54th St. Plaza 6451.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED. — CADILLACS, PACKARDS, Buicks, Pierces, or other good makes.
Bring Car; Telephone or Write.
SPOT CASH PAYMENTS.
Jandorf, 1,763 B'way. Telephone Circle 2478.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

Automobile Bodies.

PACKARD.—Have a four-passenger coupe body, new, never mounted; cost $1,500; will sacrifice $750. Dunham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. — 20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue I.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. — Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. — Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVENUE. DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

For Sale—100 feet of solid bronze rail, steel bookkeeper's desks and steel filing cabinets; must sacrifice to secure storage space. K 682 Times Downtown.

Furniture.

Desks, $6, $10; filing cabinets, $5, $7.50; tables, chairs. 60 Cortlandt St.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Brooklyn Headquarters.
Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day. Telephone Mr. Warren, our rental manager, who will personally select machine. Initial payment applies if purchased.
CORONA SALES CO., Inc.
TYPEWRITERS · ALL MAKES.
Brooklyn. 531 Fulton St.
Telephone 9272-9273 Main.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—To buy a second-hand, nine-column Burroughs adding machine. Write M. Posmantur, 992 Broadway, Buffalo, N. Y.

Government Sales.

SALE OF SODIUM PERMANGANATE.—Material Disposition Section Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of Forty Thousand Pounds, dry basis, of Sodium Permanganate, in solution, averaging twenty-two per cent. strength. Bids made on form M. D. 3, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M. January Twentieth, 1919.

SALE OF COKE-COATED TIN PLATE Material, Disposition Section Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for 1146.4 base boxes of coke-coated tin plate. Bids made on form M. D. 4, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 24th, 1919.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Salesman.—Wanted, high-class stock salesman to place capital of corporation organizing for large foreign trade business; management has right connections for effective co-operation; liberal commission to right man; no advances; big opportunity for man with record as worker and producer. W 365 Times.

An experienced printer to make estimates, wait on trade and do general office work; only applications with references and complete details will be considered. Rand Avery Supply Co., Boston.

OIL ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. O 349 Times.

Am going to Scandinavia in February and would like to have some kind of commission for a firm or private person. Theo. Swenson, 28 Putnam St., Waterbury, Conn.

New, patented house article to sell outright for cash; about $5,000 required. B 82 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.
PRACTICAL LUMBERMAN.
The services of a practical lumberman are available now; have had practical experience in all branches of the industry; am 43, married, no bad habits. Do not reply unless you want high grade man and will compensate accordingly. If necessary can invest $25,000 in a going operation that will bear fullest investigation. G 289 Times.

$50,000 and expert business services are available for any legitimate and profitable enterprise; no attention paid to agents or brokers. W 324 Times.

Wanted, to buy family liquor store with small stock. G 293 Times.

Experienced automobile supplies man will invest capital and services. A 76 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.
Partner wanted with a cash capital of $5,000 in an old-established silversmith mfg Co. who has a full equipped factory, big trade, and A1 reputation. Write D 287 Times.

Partner wanted in largest and profitable fur retail and wholesale business out of town; established six years; want man with $6,000 capital. B 155 Times.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Cunningham, 1st Lt. J. W., 7th Cav., provisional appointment in Regular Army made permanent.
Pierce, 1st Lt. C. A., 12th Cav., provisional appointment in Reg. Army made permanent.
Wood, 1st Lt. D. S., 7th Cav., provisional appointment in Reg. Army made permanent.
Carswell, 1st Lt. R. M., 8th Cav., provisional appointment in Reg. Army made permanent.
Jones, Capt. K. S., Corps of Engs., appointment as provisional off. of the Reg. Army hon. terminated.
Farrell, Capt. T. F., Corps of Engs., provisional appointment in Reg. Army made permanent.
Mann, Capt. W. R., 3d Inf., provisional appointment in Reg. Army made permanent.
Frederick, 1st Lt. J. H., Dental Corps, promoted to be Capt.
Reed, 1st Lt. J. O., C. A., provisional appointment in Reg. Army is made permanent.
Knopf, 1st Lt. S., 47th F. A., provisional appointment in Reg. Army made permanent.
Frohwitter, Capt. G. L. J., U. S. A., ret., advanced to grade of Major on the retired list.
Stuart, Maj. E. A., U. S. A., ret., advanced to grade of Lt. Col. on retired list.
Elliott, Capt. C. P., U. S. A., ret., advanced to grade of Major on retired list.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments: To take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 18—Lieuts. T. H. Rorke, from 2d Insp. Dist. to 11th Insp. Dist., assigned to desk duty; G. B. Starkey, from 10th Insp. Dist. to 72d Prec.; C. C. Pierne, from 11th Insp. Dist. to 2d Insp. Dist., assigned to desk duty. Mounted Patrol (with horses and equipments) J. F. Glassey, from 112th to 118th; J. R. Steinle, from 118th to Traffic Div., Sub. D. Patrol. J. P. Boyle, from 22d to 38th; D. J. Leibman, from 31st to 104th; J. F. Malloy, from 88th to 112th, assigned to mounted duty; Simon Blumel, from Bridge D to 35th. To take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 19—Patrol, assigned as Corporals in precincts indicated, 5th Insp. Dist.: P. F. Markey, 29; Thomas Lynam, 29; J. M. Murray, 31; Patrick Reilly, 31; W. P. Bennett, 31; D. F. Harrington, 35; Cornelius Sheehan, 29; James McDade, 29; Sylvester Hlavac, 39; T. J. Ryan, 43. J. J. Muck, from 31st to 35th; Matthew Manning, from 31st to 43d; P. J. Sweeney, from 39th to 43d; Cornelius McNamara, from 46th to 29th; G. E. Harwood, from 49th to 35th. 6th Insp. Dist.: M. A. Neely, 36; J. F. Brawley, 36; E. A. Conrad, 36; P. J. Siegener, 37; Eddie Brady, 37; A. O. Hayes, 36; J. J. Bulman, 40; J. J. Malcolmson, 40; W. J. Mahan, 42; J. R. Conroy, 42; Richard Holt, 42. James Spelman, from 46th to 37th; Charles Strasser, from 46th to 38th; F. J. Wilson, from 42d to 40th; G. A. Musgrave, from 51st to 38th. Leave of absence, (without pay:) Patrol. D. J. Collins, 4th, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Jan. 18.

Fire Department.

Detail to attend funeral of Fire. 1st Gr. W. F. Arnold, Eng. 85, from 167 West End Av., at 2 P. M., Sat., Jan. 18. Interment at St. Michael's Cemetery. Two officers and twelve men of Eng. 85 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the above residence, at 1:45 P. M., and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Deputy Chief of the Marine Division will detail an officer and a sufficient number of men to properly man boat during the absence of company.

Revocation of indefinite leave of absence, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 22, he having been honorably discharged from the army: Fire. 3d gr. J. J. Fuhrmann, Eng. 219.

Special leaves of absence: Lieut. P. J. Grace, Eng. 284, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Jan. 18; Fire. 1st gr. J. J. Thompson, H. & L. 26, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M., Jan. 19.

Estates Appraised.

KEYES, ELIZABETH H., (March 20, 1918.) Total estate, $315,465; assets, cash, $5,449; personal, $102,888, chiefly mortgages; stocks and bonds, $207,126, plus one-fifth interest in the estate of Sun Mapleson, $18,978, and a one-third interest in the estate of Mary J. Mapleson, $21,146. There are fourteen beneficiaries, the principal being her daughters, Alice M. and Marion S. Keyes of 331 West Eighty-eighth Street, $117,918 and $67,918, and Grace S. Ramsey of Sewickley, Penn., $102,918; Conference of the M. E. Church of New York, $10,000; Presbyterian Hospital, $5,000; M. E. Immigrant Girl's Home, $3,000. Three grandchildren and six sisters receive $5,000 each, and two nieces and a friend $3,000.

PURDY, AMELIA A., (Jan. 21, 1918.) Resident of Norfolk, Conn. Estate taxable in New York of $62,350, consisting of jewelry, $9,201; one bond of Noreoma Realty Co., $35,079, and 331 West 119th Street, $21,000. Her husband, Thomas P. Purdy of Norfolk, receives an annuity of $1,000. Her friend, Addie F. Seymour of Washington, D. C., an annuity of $500, and her daughter, Amelia E. S. Taylor of Norfolk receives the residuary estate of $60,924.

TOEL, IRENE F., (May 21, 1912.) Total estate, $65,028; assets, cash, 5,212; personal, $21,933; stocks and bonds, $37,882. Her son, Edward G. Toel, received $44,508, and her daughter, Adeline L. Toel, $17,538.

Education Notes.

Commencement exercises of the class of January, 1919, will be held at 8 P. M. on Jan. 29 in the auditorium of the De Witt Clinton High School.

The Stuyvesant High School has won the eighth contest for the Municipal Art Society Trophy by a total of 253 points out of 300. The Manual Training High School won second place and the Evander Childs High School third place. A similar trophy offered by the School Art League was won by the De Witt Clinton High School, Bushwick High School second, and Bay Ridge High School third.

President Somers says that the Board of Education is seriously concerned because the Board of Superintendents has failed to report where junior high schools should be organized. The Board of Education committed itself to the junior high school policy more than a year ago.

The Association of Men Teachers of graduating classes in elementary schools will hold a meeting at 1:30 P. M. today at Terrace Garden.

The metropolitan school championship shorthand contest will be held at 7:30 P. M. on Jan. 25 in the High School of Commerce.

The Civil Service.

City.

The eligible list for typewriting copyist, Grade 2, is announced. One hundred took the test. The list is as follows: Dorothy Feist, 96; John Cleary, 95.80; Gertrude Scott, 95.60; Marie Hennessy, 95; Hazel Reynolds, 92.60; Mary Dowling, 92.40; Lena Berger, 91.40; Madeline Luchesi, 91.20; Lillian Schwartz, 91.20; Patrick O'Toole, 91; Anna Grogen, 91; Stewart Bell, 90.80; Mary Trebra, 90.40; Freda Lillian, 90; Loretta Fitzgerald, 89.20; Lillian Egan, 89; Isabelle Gough, 88.60; John Derby, 88.60; Bella Newman, 88; Martha Malce, 86.60; James O'Meara, 86.40; Mary Dooley, 86.20; Catherine Shaughnessy, 86.20; Helen Boyle, 85.20; Elizabeth Sheridan, 85; Clinton Darcy, 84.80; Sophie Ulman, 84.20; Pauline Levy, 84; Belinda Herbert, 84; Mae Brennan, 84; Grace Hanna, 83.80; Josephine Ryan, 82.80; Edna Keeling, 82; Anastasia Carraher, 81.80; Margaret Cassidy, 81.80; Laura Franz, 81.40; Marion Egan, 80.60; Margt. Craig, 79.60; Teresa Shea, 79.20; Mary Quirke, 78.20; Elizabeth Yates, 78.20; Harriet Compers, 77.40; Alice Costello, 77; Anna Gallagher, 73; Hilda Wolff, 72.20; Lillian Rabinowitz, 70.60; Mary Shaughnessy, 70.

United States.

The commission announces that both men and women will be admitted to the examination for physician, for filling vacancies in the Indian Service, at entrance salaries ranging from $1,000 to $1,200 a year. Applications for this examination may be filed with the commission at Washington, D. C., at any time until further notice. Persons desiring early appointment should apply without delay.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

FOR SALE.

Big opportunity; first-class big stock, hardware and electrical store; sacrifice price. Samuel, 54 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

EXPORT LINES WANTED.
OUR PRESIDENT, MR. MILTON H. KOHN, WHO HAS BEEN TRAVELING SOUTH AMERICA FOR 26 YEARS, IS NOW GETTING READY FOR ANOTHER 14 MONTHS' TRIP, LEAVING NEW YORK ABOUT MARCH 1 NEXT. HE IS STILL OPEN FOR A FEW LINES TO SELL ON A STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS. DO NOT REPLY UNLESS YOU HAVE A DESIRABLE AND STAPLE LINE AND CAN HANDLE A BIG VOLUME OF EXPORT BUSINESS. WE REPRESENT OVER 50 LARGE NEW YORK HOUSES. THIS IS A GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR YOU TO START IN THE EXPORT TRADE PROPERLY. ADDRESS KOHN STARK EXPORT CO., 90 WEST ST., NEW YORK.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Low pressure persists along the northern border and in the Southeast. On the weather chart of Friday night storms were central over Newfoundland, Lake Superior, Alberta, (Canada,) and Eastern Tennessee. Pressure is relatively high over the Southwest. General rains fell within the last twenty-four hours in the South Atlantic and Gulf States, Arkansas, Tennessee, the Ohio Valley, and in the Pacific States, except Southern California.

Light snows fell in Northern New England, near Lake Superior, and in the Northern Rocky Mountain region. Temperatures remain near or above the normal in all parts of the country, except the Gulf States. The weather will be unsettled, probably with rain Saturday and clearing Sunday, in the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

Unsettled weather and probably snow flurries will prevail in the lake region, while in the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, the South Atlantic, and East Gulf States the weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday. Temperatures will not change decidedly east of the Mississippi River during Saturday and Sunday, except in the lake region, where it will be colder.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate to fresh variable, unsettled weather, probably rains; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh east and southeast, unsettled, and rain; South Atlantic Coast, fresh southwest and west, clearing.

FORECAST TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Rain Saturday. Sunday, partly cloudy, with somewhat lower temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Threatening, probably with rain Saturday. Sunday, partly cloudy, not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday and Sunday; somewhat lower temperature Sunday.

Northern New England — Unsettled, probably rain or snow Saturday. Sunday, partly cloudy.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	30	37	4 P. M.	38	44
6 A. M.	33	36	6 P. M.	36	44
9 A. M.	32	37	9 P. M.	32	43
12 M.	35	40	11 P. M.	31	41

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 36; at 8 P. M. it was 43. Maximum temperature, 45 degrees at 3:20 P. M.; minimum, 35 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 64 per cent. at 8 A. M., 60 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.04 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.97 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:01—923 Broadway; Liberty Loan Committee		Slight
1:55—70 1 Av.; Mike Schevensky		$500
5:30—525 6 Av.; Chinese restaurant		Slight
6:30—68 E. 161 St.; J. Nusdicale		Slight
8:00—3,783 3 Av.; not given		Slight
8:00—143-145 W. 20 St.; Spear & Co.		Not given
9:35—53 W. 16 St.; Sidney Coreedock		Not given
P. M.		
12:18—648 3 Av.; William Vogt		Slight
1:20—123 E. 37 St.; A. Millbank		Not given
3:20—34 Pitt St.; Harry Lychta		Slight
3:45—211 E. 28 St.; Emily Lochel		Not given
4:00—842 Hewitt Place; Tony Kolofsky		Not given
4:30—5 E. 114 St.; S. Goodman		Not given
4:40—55 Columbia St.; Nettie Burmani		Slight
5:25—89 3 St.; not given		Slight
6:00—Madison Av. and 126 St.; (auto.)		Not given
8:10—519 W. 183 St.; not given		Slight
9:10—277 Lafayette St.; Meyer Hemolewitz		Slight
11:10—6 Av. and 89 St.; (auto.) Abraham Schuman		Slight

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Forecast:
N. C. and S. C.—Clearing and colder Sat.; fair Sun.
Fla.—Fair and cooler Sat. and Sun.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Tenn. and Ky.—Rain Sat; fair Sun.
Ind. and Ohio—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.
Mich.—Cloudy Sat.; snow and colder Sun.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

(By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

Sun rises ....7:17 | Sun sets 4:56

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:57	9:27	2:51	3:23
Governors Island	9:34	10:16	3:28	4:01
Hell Gate	11:33	....	5:45	6:1.

Arrived—Friday, Jan. 17.

SS Santa Marta, Barry, Jan. 3.
SS Molancha, Avonmouth, Jan. 2.
SS Aracaju, Havre, Dec. 30.
SS Cristobal, Colon, Jan. 8.
SS Monterey, Vera Cruz, Jan. 3.
SS Saga, St. Thomas, Jan. 12.
SS Maraval, Trinidad, Jan. 8.
SS Banan, Kingston, Jan. 10.
SS Amelia, Port Antonio, Jan. 10.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Wilhelmina	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
U. S. South Dakota	Brest	Jan. 6
Tasmanic	Cape Town	Dec. 19
Benmore	Avonmouth	Dec. 31
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
Hollandia	Grimsby	Jan. 5
President Grant	Brest	Jan. 8
Tapajos	Bahia	Dec. 17
Suffolk	St. Nazaire	Jan. 6
Goentoie	Plymouth	Jan. 8

DUE TOMORROW.

Giuseppi Verdi	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Lapland	Brest	Jan. 10
De Kalb	Brest	Jan. 7
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 3

DUE MONDAY.

Cretic	Brest	Jan. 8
Rochambeau	Bordeaux	Jan. 8
Atlenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Suriname	La Pallice	Jan. 3

DUE TUESDAY.

Calabria	Rotterdam	Jan. 2
Carlsholm	Rotterdam	Jan. 3
Cadillac	Liverpool	Jan. 3

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Owego, Gibraltar	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Coamo, Porto Rico	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Banon, Santa Marta	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Amalia, Kingston	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Colon, Cristobal	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Louisville, (cruiser,) Brest	———	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Alliance, Cristobal	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Juno, Haiti	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Nieuw Amsterdam, Falmouth	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Angouleme, at Cherbourg, Jan. 13.
SS H. C. Flood, at Christiania, Jan. 13.
SS Susquehanna, at St. Nazaire, Jan. 14.
SS Zacapa, at Bordeaux, Jan. 15.
SS Nordlys, at Pisaqua, Jan. 14.

Sailed.

SS Ision, from London, Jan. 16.
SS Cairnvalona, from Gibraltar, Jan. 14.
SS Viken, from Rotterdam, Jan. 14.

By Wireless.

U. S. battleship, incoming from Brest, due Saturday forenoon.
SS Lapland, incoming from Brest, due Sunday afternoon.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Jan. 22, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 18, SS Owego.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Goa.
Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru ....Jan. 18
Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura ....Jan. 30
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura ....Jan. 21
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

STEAMSHIPS AND STEAMBOATS.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
T. S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM
WILL SAIL FROM
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
VIA FALMOUTH
ON OR ABOUT JANUARY 22.
Passengers for England and France Will Be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply
GENERAL PASSENGER OFFICE, 24 STATE ST., NEW YORK

CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL

Goentoer	Jan. 27
Caronia	Jan. 29
Prinses Juliana	Feb. 5
Saxonia	Feb. 12
Carmania	Feb. 17
Royal George	Feb. 22
Orduna	Feb. 26
Caronia	March 3

HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA ....FEB. 1
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia ....Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland...Jan. 25 | Adriatic....Feb. 3
Baltic....Feb. 8
And Regularly Thereafter.
HALIFAX—SOUTHAMPTON
Olympic........Jan. 25
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

WARD LINE.—Regular steamship service to Havana; Mexico, including Progreso, Vera Cruz and Tampico; Nassau, Bahamas. Information on request. New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co., foot Wall St., New York.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7500.

Commercial South American Line
To West Indies and South American Ports.
Sailing January 22.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents.
398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts.
29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 600.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South. Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

TOURS.

California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
398 B'way, 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

NOW OPEN—The NEW GRILL—Prompt Service
Wonderful Southern Chicken Dinner—Jazz Band
DANCING CONTESTS BEGINNING THIS EVENING
and a new FEATURE each following Night,
SYMPHONY CONCERTS, and Dancing from 7:30 to Closing.
Table D'Hote Dinner
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway
The Buyers' Rendezvous At Luncheon, Dinner & Supper.

Motor Out to New York's Most Beautiful Inn
Pelham Heath Inn
On Pelham Parkway
"Smartest of Motor Resorts"
It's Delightful For Luncheon & Afternoon Tea
Special Music—Dancing
Harry J. Susskind
Proprietor.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.

Luchow's
14th Street near Fourth Ave.

The George Washington
118 WEST 72D ST.
Catering to a Select Clientele.
Dinner Served Every Evening, $1.25
Special Chicken Waffle Dinner Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, $1.25.

HOBOKEN REJOICES
Vivid picture of relatives and sweethearts marching through the streets of Hoboken with the soldiers of the 57th Coast Artillery, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
Summit, N. J.
Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
OPEN ALL YEAR.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
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Eleven stories of real comfort with an environment of distinct refinement without extravagance.
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FRENCH GRILL AND RIVIERA TERRACE
Reopens February 1st
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Under same liberal direction.
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The Leading Resort House of the World
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Health Is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments.
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HOTEL and COTTAGES
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EVERY CONVENIENCE for COMFORT and PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS and AMUSEMENTS
Cap. 600. Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen
Open All Year. S. Hanstein, Prop.

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FIREPROOF
On the ocean front
Capacity 600. Always open
Sea water in all baths. Orchestra
THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL

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Michigan Ave., near Beach.—Attractive in location, equipment, service and comforts. Winter rates.
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Family Hotel. Mrs. Gerson L. Kahn

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The Laurel House is justly famous for its homelike atmosphere, hospitality and charming social life. Laurel House Gun Club, Trap Shooting. Complete Hydro-Therapeutic Baths in Hotel. Booklet and information on request. Tel. 430 Lakewood.
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"Just the Place"
for rest, recreation and health. Fine all-year-round climate. Splendid mountain roads. Free Garage. Electric and movement treatment when desired. Resident physician and nurses. 4 hours from New York. Express service. Always open. Ownership management. Est. 46 years.

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HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
Swimming Pool, Golf, Seafood Cuisine. Every European Bath and Treatment. Write GEO. F. ADAMS, Manager, Fortress Monroe, Va., or
Booklets and information at Bertha Ruffner Hotel Bureau, Hotel McAlpin; Cook's, 245 B'way, 561 Fifth Ave.; Marsters, 285 Fifth Ave.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Ave.; "Ask Mr. Foster" at Lord & Taylor's; Frank Tourist Co., 489 Fifth Ave.; Brooklyn Eagle Resort Bureau.

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AUGUSTA, GA.
A convenient and delightful place to spend your holidays. Good driving and motoring, excellent saddle horses, 2 golf courses and all outdoor sports.
Address C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager

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ASHEVILLE, N. C.
IN THE LAND OF THE SKY ON THE DIXIE HIGHWAY
Famous everywhere for its location, service and cuisine.
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OPENS JANUARY 10. AMERICAN PLAN. New hotel all modern conveniences. Golf, tennis, polo, driving and horseback riding; ideal climate. J. J. SWEENEY, Mgr.
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WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:
This certificate, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the WALSER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 28th day of December, 1918, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.
Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City [Seal.] of Albany, this twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.
(Signed) A. B. BARKER
Deputy Secretary of State.
NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
All persons having claims against the above named corporation are directed to present the same forthwith at the office of Coudert Brothers, attorneys, at No. 2 Rector Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

SURE GIRL'S SLAYER WAS HER PURSUER

Woman Neighbor of Miss Riddell Tells of Chase by Man the Day of the Murder.

LITTLE PROGRESS BY POLICE

Several Suspects Questioned, One Being an Austrian, in Jail—Victim's Funeral Today.

Detectives made little progress yesterday in attempting to solve the murder of Marie Elizabeth Riddell, the 17-year-old stenographer whose body was found in a vacant lot near her home in the Glen Morris district of Richmond Hill, Long Island, on Thursday morning, though during the day suspects were picked up in various parts of Queens. Most of these were discharged.

Last night detectives hastened to the Long Island City Jail to question John Musse, an Austrian, who was arrested as a vagrant in Elmhurst on Thursday evening. Early in the day they had treated the arrest of Musse with indifference. What caused them suddenly to become interested in him could not be learned. Musse, ragged and unkempt, was arrested by a policeman who accused him of accosting a woman. His head had been cut and he told the police he was injured while at work in Potsdam, N. Y.

A witness came forward yesterday who believes she was pursued by Miss Riddell's assailant. She is Mrs. George J. Blackhall of 10,416 110th Street, a neighbor of the Riddell family and the wife of a policeman attached to the Clymer Street Station, Brooklyn. On Wednesday afternoon, she said, she went for a walk, and when within a block or two of her home saw "a wild-looking" man coming across lots toward her. She turned back, and the fellow quickened his pace. She ran, and the man ran after her.

She said she got home and opened the door just as the man reached the house. He then walked away. She described the man as a "big, raw-boned fellow," and so sure is she that he was Miss Riddell's assailant that she spent most of yesterday looking for him.

A young woman whose name the police will not give has told of being followed by two white men on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings while walking in the Ridgewood section of Brooklyn.

Through witnesses the police have established that Miss Riddell was murdered soon after 6:20 o'clock Wednesday evening. Miss Emma Ahlers of Morris Park saw Miss Riddell enter an elevated train at the Brooklyn Bridge that would arrive at the Lefferts Avenue station about 6:20 P. M. She passed the lot where the body was found at 6:30 o'clock and saw nothing suspicious. This is corroborated by Miss Anna Carroll of Morris Park, who rode on the same train with Miss Riddell. She saw the girl get off, and no one was following her.

With tears streaming down his face and clutching a newspaper containing a picture of the girl, a youth paced up and down in front of the Riddell home yesterday morning. To the police he sobbed: "I loved that girl, although I never saw her. I loved her from her picture. I want to find her murderer." He proved to be Abraham Eke, of 242 Vermont Street, East New York. The police told him to go home.

The men who were picked up yesterday were in most cases found loitering in various sections of Queens and could not give satisfactory accounts of themselves. One man was arrested because there were bloodstains on a bundle he carried. He proved in the Jamaica Court that the blood came from a cut on his finger.

Miss Riddell will be buried today. High requiem mass will be celebrated at 10 o'clock this morning in St. Benedict Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, Morris Park. Burial will follow in St. John's Cemetery, Middle Village.

COURTS TO BE SEVERE.

Abduction Charges to be Made Against Assailants of Women.

The criminal court Judges and the District Attorney have agreed on more severe punitive measures as a deterrent of crimes against women on the public streets. It has been decided that men who attack women on the streets and drag them into hallways may be charged technically with abduction instead of the lesser crime of assault, as heretofore. Conviction for abduction means much more severe punishment, and a maximum sentence under the law.

Gusta Mastaple of 305 East 103d Street, one of a gang of Harlem thugs who have been annoying women on the upper east side, and the first of his type of abductors to be tried on the new charge, was found guilty yesterday in General Sessions within five minutes after the case went to the jury. Mastaple was charged with seizing Annie Simon, 13 years old, of 1,941 First Avenue, and dragging her into the hallway at 240 East 102d Street on the night of Nov. 25. The girl was rescued by the janitress of the building, Mrs. Elizabeth King, assisted by some of the tenants, who beat the girl's assailant before he succeeded in making his escape.

Many other complaints came from that section and Assistant District Attorney Goldstein was assigned to investigate conditions. As the result the police made numerous arrests. Judge Mulqueen, announcing that he would sentence Mastaple on Jan. 27, said to Mr. Goldstein:

"Continue your work against men of Mastaple's type. I want you to rid the city of such rascals and I will help you to do it."

JACQUES LEBAUDY BURIED.

Little Daughter Principal Witness at Inquest in Hempstead.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., Jan. 17.—Jacques Lebaudy was buried in the church yard of St. Brigid's Roman Catholic Church today. There were only a few persons at the funeral, the principal mourner being Jacqueline Lebaudy, the eleven-year-old daughter. Before the service in the church, Father William F. McGinnis explained that Lebaudy was buried in consecrated ground because, though his life had not been that of a good Catholic, he was not considered responsible for his actions.

Mrs. Lebaudy was not present at the inquest before Coroner Jones in Hempstead as she was too ill to attend. Little Jacqueline was the principal witness. She identified the revolver found on a dresser in her mother's room as one she had seen her mother carry three weeks before the shooting, and told of the incidents of the night her father was killed.

Mrs. Minnie Wiedner, the nurse, testified that she was in a room upstairs with Mrs. Lebaudy when they were startled by the sound of tables and chairs being overturned on the floor below. Mrs. Lebaudy went downstairs while the nurse went into the bathroom. Then came the shots. She ran back into Mrs. Lebaudy's room, and as Mrs. Lebaudy entered she put one hand on the dresser and then fell sobbing across the bed, crying: "God will never forgive me!"

Constable Leonard Thorn identified a revolver shown as the one found on Mrs. Lebaudy's dresser, which Mrs. Wiedner said she thought Mrs. Lebaudy had placed there. He told also of finding a loaded revolver in Lebaudy's overcoat pocket. Drs. Paul T. Ferrer and Howard M. Phipps, who were called to the house after the shooting, also testified.

No will has yet been found, and it was said today that Mrs. Lebaudy's counsel will apply for letters of administration for her.

LEO FRANK'S ACCUSER SHOT

Jim Conley, Atlanta Negro, Wounded in Attempt at Burglary.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 17.—Jim Conley, the negro whose testimony was largely responsible for the conviction of Leo Frank for the murder of Mary Phagan, was shot recently while trying to break into an Atlanta store. Conley was only slightly wounded. He admitted the attempt to commit burglary, and is in jail awaiting trial.

Jim Conley was the negro whose testimony was the chief factor in the evidence against Leo M. Frank, who was charged with the murder of Mary Phagan, a 14-year-old factory girl, at Atlanta, on April 26, 1913. Every resource of the courts of this country was tried unsuccessfully to free Frank, and prominent lawyers analyzed the testimony and wrote articles tending to show how the evidence, so far from convicting Frank, seemed to fix the guilt on Conley.

Governor Slaton commuted the sentence of Frank. This decision was made on June 21, 1915. On July 17 an attempt was made on the life of Frank by William Green, a fellow-convict at the prison farm at Milledgeville. Frank's throat was cut, the jugular vein being severed, and he had not recovered from the effects of the attack when the whole country was aroused by his lynching. Twenty-five armed men overpowered the prison guards and warden at 11:30 P. M. on Aug. 16. Frank was then taken on a wild ride to the outskirts of Marietta, 100 miles away, where he was hanged within a stone's throw of the hillside birthplace of Mary Phagan.

Fraternity Honors Fallen Members.

Members of the Phi Delta Pi fraternity now in this city attending its convention held memorial services last night at the Hotel McAlpin for Douglas Curtis, a member of Alpha Chapter, and William Kirschner of Cornell University, who died in the military service. Conrad J. Saphire of New York, Supreme Proctor, presided. The convention is considering the most effective means of aiding crippled soldiers returning to this country. The convention will end tonight with a dinner at the Hotel Martinique.

Charlotte Seeks Allies' Favor.

LUXEMBURG, Jan. 17.—Grand Duchess Charlotte Adelgonde, after she had taken the oath of office Wednesday, addressed the delegation of the Chamber of Deputies which had been sent to her to receive her affirmation. She said she desired to work with the people "in strengthening the ties of friendship which must exist between this country and the Entente powers."

Religious Notices will be found on Page 15.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Lady's black lace scarf, an heirloom, on Monday evening on way to Knickerbocker Theatre, 62d St. and Broadway, thence to Century Roof, East 90th St., or East 70th St.; liberal reward; no questions asked. 134 East 70th. Telephone Rhinelander 9373.

LOST—Wednesday, Jan. 15, between 8 A. M. and 4 P. M., round gold brooch with single diamond in centre, between Montclair and Union Square, or Union Square and Waldorf Astoria. Finder please return to Room 5, 20 Union Square. Telephone Stuyvesant 3248.

LOST—Dyed melon-shaped skunk muff, Friday evening, Jan. 17, either in restaurant 2,365 Broadway or taxi, taken at 86th St. and Broadway at 7:45 P. M.; suitable reward. Phone Mallaby, Schuyler 8044 or Worth 745.

LOST—$75 REWARD.

No questions asked, return small oblong-shaped platinum and diamond wrist watch; initials M. H. N. on back; lost Jan. 11 between West 77th and 45th Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 46th St.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST, in Crystal Room, Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Wednesday evening, Jan. 15, small gold powder box and vanity case, engine turned, name inside, with sapphire clasp. Reward $15. B 786 Times Downtown.

LOST—Bank Book No. 91,698 of Peoples Savings Bank; payment stopped; all persons are cautioned not to purchase or negotiate the same. Please return to bank, Getty Square, Yonkers, N. Y.

LOST—Jan. 17, at Park Av., between 60th and 70th Sts., a partly paid fourth Liberty Loan booklet. Finder will receive suitable reward by returning to H. G. Thomson, 340 Park Av.

LOST—Officer's military overcoat, lost or exchanged Wednesday, West New York. Communicate with Captain Potter, Picatinny Arsenal, Dover, N. J.

LOST—Blue headed bag, in Healy's, 59th St. and Broadway, Saturday night, between 10:30 and 11. Reward offered if returned to Kimball, 140 West 58th St.

LOST—On Wednesday evening in Park Theatre, first balcony, gold lorgnette. Return to Hotel Calumet, 340 West 57th. Apt. 56, and receive reward.

LOST—Money bag, Thursday evening, containing currency, railroad ticket to San Francisco; reward. Return to Manager Belmont Hotel.

LOST—Thursday night, gold bracelet, diamond and two rubies. Notify Ida Pasquali, Palisade, N. J. or 587 Times Downtown.

LOST—Plain gold Waltham wrist watch, 72d St. or subway express to Pennsylvania Station; reward. Telephone Columbus 606.

LOST—Friday noon, 94th St., Amsterdam Av. Post Office, 162d St., roll of bills; reward. F. Ware, 142 West 94th St.

LOST—Two checks and notes, in or near 42d St., West; finder liberal reward. J. Simonson, 110 West 42d St.

LOST—Black velvet bag, striped pink lining, Wednesday night; reward. B 174 Times.

LOST—Beaver muff, Tuesday, 5th Av. bus, Washington Square; reward. Spring 8620.

$200 REWARD.

No questions asked, return gold meshbag and gold vanity case, monogram R. S. W., lost Jan. 10, vicinity of East 59th St. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$25 REWARD.

On Wednesday evening, 15th inst., either at 59th Street Theater or in taxi later, a gold cigarette case; please return to Knickerbocker Club.

$100 REWARD.

No questions asked, return round pink pearl, lost Jan. 11 on platform of Hudson Tube, 33d St. station. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$20 REWARD.

no questions asked, for the return of diamond back of watch case. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$120 REWARD.—The undersigned will pay a reward of $120 for the return of a diamond and platinum circle pin. Mrs. Clara Simpson Brady, 615 Monroe Av., Scranton, Penn.

$7 reward, no questions asked, for return to 54 East 87th St. package of plates and lace lost in vicinity East 87th St., Jan. 15.

Found.

FOUND—41st, evening Jan. 16, portion of lady's jewelry. Apply G 325 Times.

FOUND—In Central Theatre on Jan. 2 purse with money. Phone 961 Madison Square.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Reward and no questions asked for information concerning small black and white fox terrier with black and brown face, not a thoroughbred, disappeared Nov. 28. When last seen was wearing black spiked collar with small brass padlock; license No. 2590854. Please communicate with I. J. Taylor, 125 Pains Av., New Rochelle. Telephone New Rochelle 4534.

LOST—Wire-haired fox terrier, all white except back of head, which is black; green collar. Mrs. Louis Haight, 60 West 49th St.; reward.

RADIO TELEPHONE DIRECTS AIRSHIPS

Demonstration by Navy in Opening Campaign for War Savings Stamps.

PLANES DO AS INSTRUCTED

Change Course While Flying in Heavy Mist on Orders from Roof of Equitable Building.

A demonstration in directing aircraft by radio telephone was given yesterday from the roof of the Equitable Building. It was arranged by the navy as a feature of the opening of the $2,000,000,000 War Savings Stamp campaign. The radio communication was between a group of men on the roof of the Equitable Building and Navy Dirigible A242, escorted by a formation of airplanes from the Rockaway Station. The airship, commanded by Ensign John Benridge, cruised over the city for about half an hour, following the directions given by wireless telephone. The weather was thick and the machines appeared at an altitude of about 1,000 feet.

James S. Alexander, President of the National Bank of Commerce, was the first of the civilians present to communicate with the airship. He got into touch with Ensign Bark, the radio man on the dirigible, after the navy operators had made the necessary adjustments. At that time the weather was so thick that the aircraft could not be seen. Mr. Alexander inquired when they would come into sight, and almost while he was talking the formation came through the mist.

"You will circle about the Woolworth Building," directed Mr. Alexander. The blimp almost immediately changed her course, and headed to execute the order. This accomplished it carried out other spoken orders from the group on the housetop. Mr. Alexander said Ensign Bark's brief replies had been quite distinct. He had requested the Ensign to speak slowly and distinctly, and when this was done he heard every word clearly.

Others who conversed with the operator on the airship as it circled over the lower part of the city were George T. Wilson, Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, Major Gen. Davis C. Shanks, Guy Emerson, Vernon Munroe, and A. M. Anderson.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Jan. 17.—As an example of thrift to his employes Thomas A. Edison bought today $1,000 in War Savings Stamps of the 1919 issue. Mr. Edison made a personal appeal to his men to lend their money to the Government by buying stamps. "Prosperity is on the way as soon as we clear up the war debts," he said. "The individual will get his share of that prosperity in proportion to his willingness to work for it." Charles Edison, the inventor's son, is Chairman of the Edison War Committee.

WANTS RADIOS RETURNED.

Congressman Rowe Also Thinks $3,000,000 Should Be Recovered.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Representative Rowe of New York, a member of the Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee, urged in the House today, referring to the purchase by the Navy Department of the Marconi and Federal Wireless System, that the Attorney General's Department should institute proceedings to force a restitution of the money expended by the Navy Department for these systems, approximating $3,000,000, and the restoration of the properties to their original owners.

His speech followed the action yesterday of the committee in laying on the table the bill to authorize the navy to purchase the entire wireless systems of the country.

"I think that this matter should be referred to the Attorney General to recover and put back in the Treasury of the United States the money paid to the Marconi Company and the Federal Company," said Mr. Rowe. "When the United States declared war against Germany all the companies doing a wireless business in the United States and on shipboard turned their plants over to the Secretary of the Navy and he has been operating them ever since. There is no excuse that can be offered for the purchasing of these stations without the full authority of Congress."

CONGRESSMEN WARN ORTH.

Security League Official May Be Cited for Contempt.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Charles D. Orth, Chairman of the Congressional Committee of the National Security League, was warned today by Chairman Johnson of the special House committee investigating the league's political activities, that his attitude had been exasperating, and that if continued he would recommend that the witness be taken before the bar of the House for contempt.

"If such answers as Mr. Orth has made were given in any court of the land," Chairman Johnson said, "he would have been in jail long ago. They have been unmistakably evasive. I will not attempt to say what his motive is, but will say the committee has stood for them long enough."

The witness said he had tried to be frank, but that he was unable to answer abstract legal questions. He asked if he would be permitted to employ counsel to advise him in regard to the relevancy of the questions, but the Chairman replied that committee members could decide that for themselves.

"In that case I guess a lawyer would be useless," said Mr. Orth.

$15,000 Verdict for Baby Upheld.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 17.—An award of $15,000 damages to the baby son of a man killed by a railroad and an award of $12,000 to the widow is not excessive, Supreme Court Justice Seeger decided here today. The verdict against the New York Central Railroad for the death of John Schwarz of the Bronx, was brought in here on Tuesday. The baby was born six months after the father was killed.

WARNS AGAINST AGITATORS.

Kahn Says Future Standards Will Be Measured by Achievement.

Against foes within no less than enemies without, the American people would ever know how to preserve and protect their treasured inheritance of democracy, said Otto H. Kahn, speaking last night at the annual dinner of the Rutgers Alumni Association at Delmonico's. Mr. Kahn warned against the disturbing agitators of foreign birth "who seek to uproot the foundations of the house that gave them shelter," declaring that these "devotees of liberty" were not the representatives of labor, either organized or unorganized.

"After the profound upheaval of the war," said the speaker, "the standard by which men will be judged and rewarded will be more strictly, exactingly, and far-reachingly than heretofore that of work done, duty performed, service rendered. The world will have no place for idlers and social slackers. Rank will reside not in birth or wealth—neither, I trust, will it reside in an office holding caste but in useful achievement."

158,431 British Prisoners Freed.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—British prisoners numbering 158,431 have been released by the Germans. Of these 8,047 are officers, 145,776 are of other ranks, and 4,608 are civilians.

"OKEH" the new ARROW FORM-FIT COLLAR
25 CENTS EACH
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$32.50 and $30 Suits and Overcoats, now $27.50
$38 and $35 Suits and Overcoats, now $32.50
$45 and $40 Suits and Overcoats, now $37.50
$50 and $48 Suits and Overcoats, now $43.50
$60 and $55 Suits and Overcoats, now $49.50

Higher Grades Reduced Proportionately

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Broadway, cor. 29th
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3d Ave., cor. 122d

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Our readjustment sale!
Just in time for our home-coming Boys.
By ordering their suits now a saving of 5, 10, or 15 dollars.

$30 suitings, $35 suitings, $40 suitings, $50 suitings, $60 suitings — Now $25 to $50 — Big variety of patterns and colors

Evening dress suits, silk lined, made to your measure, $65. Tuxedos, $60. Samples mailed on request.

Army and Navy Uniforms made to order or ready to wear away at reasonable prices.

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TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*No man has a right to all his rights.*
Arnheim Axioms

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Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. MITCHELL PALMER, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale, at public sale, to the highest bidder, on the premises, at the front door of the plant of George Benda, Boonton, New Jersey, at three o'clock P. M., on the 18th day of January, 1919, all the property and assets of every kind and description belonging to George Benda, a partnership, as a going concern, including the leaseholds, trade names, good will, plant, machinery, and other property, for the manufacture of bronze powders.

Full description of and information concerning the above property, and the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, may be obtained by application to

JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES,
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A. MITCHELL PALMER,
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Are Our Soldiers Getting a "Square Deal?"

As the din of war dies away, lesser sounds become audible and our papers are beginning to give ear to various creakings and joltings of our military machine with special attention to their effect upon the individual soldier.

Thus we hear many complaints that discharged soldiers are stranded far from home without money or a job, that we have not provided adequate hospital accommodation for our returning wounded; that there is an unpardonable holding back of soldiers' pay and the allotments of pay made by soldiers to their families; and that there is delay and inaccuracy in publishing the casualty lists and excessive slowness and failure in handling the soldiers' mail.

In an important article in this week's LITERARY DIGEST these various complaints are set forth and the views of newspaper editors and others regarding them are presented. Other articles of great interest in this number are:

Theodore Roosevelt—American

A Summary of the Life and Achievements of Our Former President, As Told By American Newspapers of All Shades of Political Opinion

What Next in Ireland?
Chaotic Conditions in Germany
Why We Are Invading Russia
A Scale Model of the Universe
Five Talks Over One Telephone Wire
The Resurgence of the American Art "Primitives"
The Marines Adopt a Preacher
Personal Glimpses of Men and Events
The Best of the Current Poetry
The New Railroad Era
Belgium Asks For a Slice of Holland
Why Not Homelike Hospitals?
Facts About the Trench Shotgun
The Sinking of An "Unsinkable"
Deciding on Barnard's "Lincoln" Without Seeing It
Hans Delbrück—A Disillusioned German Professor
The Y. M. C. A. Viewed at the Front
Important News of Finance and Commerce

The Usual Fine Collection of Illustrations, Including the Best Cartoons

"The Literary Digest" a Constant Companion of the American in Europe

Go where you will among the millions of our people on the other side, whether in camp or hospital, in occupied or friendly territory, you will find everywhere the men and women in and out of uniform eagerly reading THE LITERARY DIGEST, which to them represents home and all that the word connotes, the peace, progress, and prosperity that they have left behind them for a while to help make the world a better and safer place to live in. The general at headquarters, the private when off duty, the Y. M. C. A. and K. of C. worker, the Red Cross nurse or orderly, all these and many other representatives of our great service for humanity keep busy the largest distributors in France with their constant demands for this greatest of news-magazines. Even in the air it finds a hearty welcome. Witness this tribute received from a Major in the Aviation Service, along with a battered and discolored specimen of a recent issue: "I am returning herewith a copy of THE LITERARY DIGEST, which might possibly interest you. This copy accompanied me in an aerial trip of about 600 miles over France, and was read practically from cover to cover, at an average altitude of about 8,000 feet." You can not do better than follow the example set you by this great host of your compatriots.

January 18th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

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$5,000 Reward in Cash and No Questions Asked

For the Return of $250,000 Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds

The above reward will be paid in cash upon the return to us at any one of our offices mentioned below of twenty-five Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds of $10,000 each, numbered 23734 to 23758 inclusive, and no questions will be asked. This offer expires February 1st, 1919.

(Signed)
THE STUDEBAKER CORPORATION
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AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!
Coughing Spreads Disease
SHILOH SINCE 1870
A FEW DROPS AID IN RELIEF

Section 1

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, somewhat cooler Sunday; Monday fair; fresh west winds.
For full weather report see Page 22.

Section 1

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,275. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, JANUARY 19, 1919.—104 PAGES, in Nine Parts, Including Picture and Magazine Sections (Rotogravure) and Book Section. FIVE CENTS In Greater New York; ELSEWHERE SEVEN CENTS

ALLIED UNITY MARKS OPENING OF THE PEACE CONGRESS; CLEMENCEAU MADE CHAIRMAN; POINCARE PRAISES AMERICA; LEAGUE OF NATIONS TO BE FIRST BUSINESS CONSIDERED

TROOPS MASSED TO GUARD VOTING IN BERLIN TODAY

Full Protection Believed to be Assured as New Forces Enter the City.

CALL ASSEMBLY FOR FEB. 16

Police Precautions Taken by Richter, the New Head of the Berlin Forces.

PARTIES CONFUSE VOTERS

Women Electors Largely Outnumber the Men — Socialists Fear Drift to Moderates.

LONDON, Jan. 18, (Associated Press.)— A Berlin dispatch states that full protection for Sunday's election of delegates to the German National Assembly seems to be assured in that city and its suburbs.

A German Government wireless message says that Philipp Scheidemann, the Foreign Secretary, announced today that the Government had decided to convoke the National Assembly on Feb. 16.

Troops are being massed in the capital in overwhelming force. The rounding up of the criminal element and unauthorized bearers of arms there is proceeding satisfactorily.

Additional troops who have entered Berlin have occupied the whole centre of the city, as well as the northern and northwestern sections. Heavy artillery has been placed in Doenhoff-Platz and Spittel-Markt, field guns stand at various points in the closely guarded district, including Unter den Linden, and armored cars and tanks have been prepared for instant use.

All the streets in the sections named are under guard. It is impossible to pass without identification and without satisfying the soldiers that arms are not carried.

Police Mobilized for Election.

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BERLIN, Jan. 14. (via Copenhagen.)—Police President Richter informed THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today that he had already taken measures to have all the Berlin polling places strongly guarded by police next Sunday to prevent any interference in the election by the Spartacides, who have put up no candidates for the National Assembly, being determined to prevent it if they can do so.

The Military Governor of Berlin, Herr Noske, is also preparing energetic measures for the suppression of any riots on the critical Sunday. He has now a large force of soldiers, perhaps 12,000 men, and more are enlisting hourly, permitting the hope that Berlin will be patrolled effectively.

Still the public is prepared for localized trouble in Berlin as well as other parts of Germany. This fear, however, is in nowise dampening the ardor of the election campaign, which has now reached its climax. While housetop wars have been proceeding overhead impromptu meetings have been held in the streets below and stump speakers' shrill voices have mingled with the barking of machine guns and the thud of hand grenades.

At every street corner in the centre of the city campaign literature is sold or distributed and the show windows are covered with large posters advising citizens to "Vote for Karl; he will get you all" — meaning all they desire in the way of efficient government.

The candidates of all parties love to pose in poetry before their constituencies.

People Confused About Parties.

Despite the great interest taken in the elections by the people, many are still utterly confused regarding the merits of the different parties. In place of the old parties, except the Socialist, new parties have made their appearance, all having adopted names which would lead the unsophisticated to believe that they are the stanchest supporters of government for the people and by the people.

The Pan Germans are disguised as

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

TERRACE GARDEN Dance Palace. Dancing Evenings, 7 to 12. Saturdays and Sundays, 7 to 12.—Advt.

Bank to Sue ex-Kaiser Karl for Big Debt to War Loan

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GENEVA, Jan. 18.—The newspaper Deli Hirlap of Budapest says the Commercial Bank of Budapest has decided to sue ex-Emperor Charles for the payment of 100,000,000 crowns, representing the amount subscribed by Charles during the war to eight Austro-Hungarian war loans.

The money was never paid at the time and the ex-Emperor now refuses to honor his signature, and has left unanswered all communications addressed to him by the bank on the subject.

The Archdukes of Hapsburg are following the ex-Emperor's example and likewise refuse to acknowledge the debts they contracted with Austro-Hungarian banks by their subscriptions to war loans.

ALLIES TO ALLOT GERMAN SHIPS

Pay to Include 70,000 Tons of Pork and 200,000 of Cereals, New Armistice Provides.

TO BE RIGIDLY ENFORCED

Foch Prepared to Break Off Armistice if Violated—German Officials Protest Terms.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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TREVES, Jan. 16.—The meeting of the Allied and German Armistice Commissions here was adjourned late today after the armistice had been extended for one month from Jan. 16. The most important of the new conditions are those relating to supplying food to Germany and other peoples of Europe. The amount supplied to Germany will be limited, and Germany must turn over shipping in German and neutral ports for the transportation of this food from America not only for Germany but for other nations.

The announcement of this decision of the Allies brought forth a somewhat stormy session because the Germans thought they should have recompense in money for use of their shipping.

In consideration of the shipping proposition, Chairman Hurley of the United States Shipping Board made some provisions looking to the taking of the American Army of Occupation home by way of the Rhine, using some German ships.

The German Commissioners were told shortly that Germany must speed up on fulfilling the armistice terms relating to the turning over of railroad stock and naval equipment.

The details of the adjustment of the Commissioners will be made public at Paris.

Allotment of German Steamers.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—All the great German liners and the more important of the other German passenger steamers, the list including the huge Imperator, may be placed on the North Atlantic route to transport American troops homeward, under the agreement for the extension of the German armistice signed at Treves. The German mercantile fleet, virtually in its entirety, is placed at the disposal of the associated Governments, to be distributed among them in accordance with the needs of the various nations. Only some of the smaller steamships are left to the Germans.

The allotment of the steamers among the associated powers will be governed partly by the respective needs of the nations and partly by the suitability of the steamers for use on particular routes. The giant liners, like the Imperator and the other big modern steamers finished during the war, are too deep in draft to pass through the Suez Canal. Hence Great Britain will take the moderate-sized steamers for the Australian service. The smaller steamers that are left to the Germans are for their needs in the Baltic coastal traffic.

Equitable remuneration for the use of these ships is to be paid to Germany. The money will be applied in payment for foodstuffs furnished to Germany under another part of the agreement. The supplies to be furnished include 70,000 tons of pork, to satisfy the urgent need of Germany for fats. The furnishing of 200,000 tons of cereals is provided for, but for part of this amount condensed milk may be substituted.

The meetings at which the shipping arrangement was elaborated were held separately from those of the regular

Continued on Page Eight.

DURING CONVALESCENCE FROM INFLUENZA—and pneumonia—take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing, strengthening, delicious, with no sickish sweetness. Any druggist. 25c.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

CONFERENCE OPEN TO PRESS

Newspaper Men of All Nations Allowed to Attend Session.

FUTURE COURSE IN DOUBT

But American Correspondents Draft a Formal Demand for Five Seats at Meetings.

ASK ACCESS TO DELEGATES

Also Want Reports on Secret Sessions That May Be Held by Envoys.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The first formal session of the Peace Conference was opened freely to the press of all nations today. At how many of the succeeding sessions the decisions of the conference will be reached in camera has not been indicated, but the American newspaper men, and probably also the British and Italians, are preparing to reopen the question of publicity if they should decide that the flow of news is impeded by rules of secrecy.

The representatives of the American newspaper men, in acknowledging the receipt of the Supreme Council's decision regarding publicity, requested that in case secret sessions were held the names of the delegates presenting motions for secrecy and the agreements reached in camera should be announced later. They demanded a minimum of five press seats for the Americans, with priority for the three press associations serving newspapers generally.

They also assumed in their communication that the rule forbidding the delegates to discuss the doings of the conference with the correspondents would not be enforced. While no announcement on this subject has been made, it is learned on the authority of delegates that the rule does still obtain.

What further action the correspondents will take will probably appear next week, when the exact character of the press representation and the number of newspaper men to be admitted to the conference will be determined.

Following is the text of the American communication to the Supreme Council:

"The American press delegation acknowledges the reply of the Peace Conference to the resolutions addressed to them. The delegation notes that the decision 'that representatives of the press shall be admitted to the meetings of the full conference' is an acceptance of the principle of direct press representation, for which the press of America, Great Britain, Italy, and smaller nations have contended.

"The value of this principle, however, turns on the extent and frequency of its limitations in practice. The Peace Conference announces its intention to limit it to the extent that 'upon necessary occasions' the deliberations of the Conference may be held in camera.' Without assent on our part to this limitation, we trust that if ever it is applied, the public will be advised through the press at the outset of each session in camera of the subject to be discussed and the name of the delegate or delegation making the motion to go in camera, and at the close of the session the conclusions or agreement reached.

"In view of the fact that we have not been advised to the contrary, we assume that any rule designed to prohibit communication between individual delegates and the press on subjects of the conference has now been abrogated, and that the press is to have access to the verbatim records of proceedings.

"We call the attention of the Peace Conference to our request for not fewer than five direct press representatives at each session of the conference, and we submit that because of the manner in which the several press associations serve the newspapers of America, and because of attendance upon the conference of numerous individual press representatives, the American newspapers cannot carry on their business of informing their vast public with fewer than five representatives."

Jan. 17.—It is understood that when the Supreme War Council adjourned today there was pending a plan for one open and five secret sessions per week.

It now seems that the concessions made by the Supreme Council today constitute what might be called "half a loaf." It is understood that these concessions were made after a vigorous discussion led by President Wilson, who was supported by British delegates.

Mr. Wilson has received many cablegrams from the United States, almost all of which have urged him to contend for the fullest publicity consistent with the success of the congress.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

1,000,000 Russians Died in German Prison Camps

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Of the 2,000,000 Russian prisoners scattered throughout the Central Empires, 1,000,000 died in captivity, according to The Morning Post. Repatriated British prisoners of war have brought reports of the inhuman treatment of Russian prisoners in the concentration camps of Germany and Austria, and these stories have been borne out by a report recently received by the International Red Cross from some of its delegates who have just returned from Germany.

According to these reports, the Russians were subjected to terrible brutalities and were forced to do heavy and degrading work, whether sick or well. They were always half starved and were under the constant stimulus of the lash. Some 800,000 of the Russians still remain in Germany.

PERMANENT PEACE IS BRITAIN'S AIM

Terms Regarded as Coinciding in Almost Every Detail with Those of America.

ALL SEAS OPEN TO TRADE

Indemnity Claimed to Include Air Raid Damage and Shipping Losses.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Careful investigation here has made it possible to give more concretely than previously an outline of the war claims of Great Britain and her general desires regarding the making of peace.

The British aims, the unofficial representation of them shows, are regarded as in general coinciding with those of the American delegation at the Peace Conference. There are some minor differences of opinion between Great Britain and America regarding the final adjustment of the world's affairs, and these differences remain to be reconciled. On the whole, however, the aims of the two nations are considered by British commentators as identical.

Great Britain believes, first, it is declared in these sources, that a League of Nations is desirable and attainable, and that none of the British war aims will be considered practicable unless they conform with the tenets of such a league as is contemplated to realign and govern the affairs of the universe. She also believes that things should be so adjusted that the war aims of every country will conform with those of the others—in other words, that there should be a compact of give and take.

Raid Damages; Payment for Ships.

As to indemnities, Great Britain expects to enter a pool with other nations. Her claims are comparatively small, it is said, but she wants her air raid damage and her shipping losses paid for.

In addition to the League of Nations, one of the great things which Great Britain hopes will grow out of the Peace Conference, it is apparent, is a thoroughly good working agreement with the United States. Great importance is attached to this.

Great Britain, it is declared by the interpreters of her views, has no interest on the Continent of Europe other than that permanent peace and justice be maintained. She thinks that the principle of self-determination should have full play, and that freedom of transit, both by rail and waterways, should be kept up. She desires, it is stated, to see countries such as Switzerland have access to the sea, this not only in the interest of the trade of Great Britain, but of that of the world, and she holds that there are numerous ports which should be made free, including Constantinople.

As to the freedom of the seas, Great Britain, it is maintained, will in the future as in the past aim at securing the greatest possible freedom for commerce to all nations in times of peace. This, it is said, is what she means by the freedom of the seas. The question of the rules of warfare by sea she considers quite separate and as requiring discussion, but she hopes that the causes of the war will be removed.

Great Britain desires the greatest freedom of trade on land and sea and she expects a League of Nations to guarantee this, it is stated. Before the war, it is pointed out, British colonies were open to the world. The British consider that Germany abused the privileges offered and that each German tradesman was a potential spy and Great Britain has no desire to return to this condition of affairs. She wants to rid trade of the political element which Germany injected into it.

Great Britain does not want to become a protectionist power, it is declared, but she does not wish free trade to put her at a disadvantage. Unless the Peace Conference eliminates the objectionable features existing before the war it is

Continued on Page Two.

McKESSON & ROBBINS
Manufacture and recommend
CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

BRILLIANT OPENING SCENE

Troops Pay Military Honors as Plenipotentiaries Arrive.

SERIOUS MIEN OF CROWDS

"Let's Hope They Make Peace Soon," the Keynote of Their Comments.

CLEMENCEAU THE FAVORITE

Wilson Received with Doffing of Hats—Many American Soldiers as Spectators.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Imagine that you are standing in front of the French Foreign Office on the Quai d'Orsay, beside the Seine, at 2:30 this afternoon. Before you stretches a long, low building with the Tricolor on its summit waving in the bright Winter sun. The courtyard is thronged with soldiers and officers in picturesque uniforms.

There are sentries at the gates around which the crowd presses eagerly, and on the railings of the garden running along to the Chamber of Deputies on the left—like a Greek temple, with columns and sculptured frieze—soldiers in khaki, Americans and Australians for the most part, are clinging, perched head and shoulders above the crowd. On the right the gilt eagles that top the columns at the entrance to the Alexander III. Bridge across the Seine glitter in the sunlight. That bridge was the symbol of France's friendship with Russia; but now, in the hour of France's triumph, Russia alone among her friends is unrepresented.

Behind runs the Seine, no longer flooded, but still swollen, and behind the river the wide expanse of the Place de la Concorde, with the slim obelisk in the centre that commemorates the epoch in which the "rights of man" and human freedom were baptized in blood. Far in the background the sun irradiates the gilt dome of the Invalides, where sleeps the great despot and war-maker, Napoleon Bonaparte.

And just under the shadow of his tomb the free nations of the world are meeting this afternoon in order that there may be no more despotism and no more war.

The crowd is small and apathetic—barely 2,000 at the outside. The people are massed on the sidewalks six or seven deep for a hundred yards to the right and left of the Foreign Office gates. As the stately limousines bearing the delegates to the conference glide past there is a ripple of interest.

Military Salutes for Wilson.

"Which is President Wilson?" is the most frequent question, and as the car with the tall, upright figure of the President enters the courtyard the soldiers in the crowd salute, and many civilians doff their hats. They do the same for Lloyd George and Clemenceau, whose arrival is greeted by a fanfare from the military band within the courtyard, but there is no cheering, no excitement.

As Clemenceau passes with his bristling white mustache and fighter's profile, a poilu beside me murmurs:

"He looks calm, the old one. You can't stir him easily. He was like that when I saw him in Champagne, right at the very front. A shell burst twenty yards away, and he never turned a hair—just threw his head back and looked right ahead of him. You know the way he does."

"I'd like to see him sitting at the head of the table in there. If it were not for him we might be waiting long enough yet for our peace conference."

As 3 o'clock approaches the cars succeed one another more rapidly, and the crowd gives up the attempt to recognize the delegates or even guess their nationality. The major nations have a tiny national flag above the bonnets of their cars, but the others have a perfect festoon of allied bunting across the windshield.

Finally, at two minutes before 3 o'clock comes the huge black limousine of President Poincaré, preceded by another containing his Military Attaché. As the crowd swirls around the sentries at the very entrance of the courtyard, a fanfare again blares out to greet the chief of the French State.

The President pauses for a moment at the head of the steps before the doorway, where Clemenceau is waiting to greet him. Then the two pass the folding doors together.

The privileged occupants of the courtyard move away, and outside the police resume without difficulty the control they had lost for the moment over the sightseers. The latter drift off slowly, pausing here and there to admire some of the delegates' automobiles drawn up by the quayside in default of accommodation for all in the courtyard.

There is little comment as we move slowly across the bridge to the Place de la Concorde, beyond which two American flags fly at half staff in mourning for Colonel Roosevelt.

"Well, they've made a beginning at last," says a woman in a plain black dress. "Now let's hope they end it quickly, so that my boy can come home again, and we all can make a new start."

If the whole of France had a voice it would echo her words as an invocation to the Peace Conference.

The Grapebrier, White Sulphur Springs, Thrives! Sleepers south says free New York. Winter best for Cure. New York Booking Office, Plaza.—Advt.

Hotel Seville, 5th Av. and 29th St.—Rooms with private bath, $2.50; suites at moderate rates. Restaurant and grill.—Advt.

Wilson Praises Clemenceau, Moving Election; Premier, Accepting, Pleads for a Closer Union

PARIS, Jan. 18.—In his speech at the opening of the Peace Conference today, proposing Premier Clemenceau for the permanent Chairmanship, President Wilson said:

Mr. Chairman—It gives me great pleasure to propose as permanent Chairman of the conference Mr. Clemenceau, the President of the council.

I would do this as a matter of custom. I would do this as a tribute to the French Republic. But I wish to do it as something more than that. I wish to do it as a tribute to the man.

France deserves the precedence not only because we are meeting at her capital, and because she has undergone some of the most tragical suffering of the war, but also because her capital, her ancient and beautiful capital, has so often been the centre of conferences of this sort, on which the fortunes of large parts of the world turned.

It is a very delightful thought that the history of the world, which has so often centred here, will now be crowned by the achievements of this conference—because there is a sense in which this is the supreme conference of the history of mankind.

More nations are represented here than were ever represented in such a conference before. The fortunes of all peoples are involved. A great war is ended, which seemed about to bring a universal cataclysm. The danger is passed. A victory has been won for mankind, and it is delightful that we should be able to record these great results in this place.

But it is more delightful to honor France because we can honor her in the person of so distinguished a servant. We have all felt in our participation in the struggles of this war the fine steadfastness which characterized the leadership of the French in the hands of Mr. Clemenceau. We have learned to admire him, and those of us who have been associated with him have acquired a genuine affection for him.

Moreover, those of us who have been in these recent days in constant consultation with him know how warmly his purpose is set toward the goal of achievement to which all our faces are turned. He feels as we feel, as I have no doubt everybody in this room feels, that we are trusted to do a great thing, to do it in the highest spirit of friendship and accommodation, and to do it as promptly as possible in order that the hearts of men may have fear lifted from them, and that they may return to those purposes of life which will bring them happiness and contentment and prosperity.

Knowing his brotherhood of heart in these great matters, it affords me a personal pleasure to propose that Mr. Clemenceau shall be the permanent Chairman of this conference.

Clemenceau's Speech of Acceptance

Premier Clemenceau responded as follows:

You would not expect me to keep silence after what the two eminent statesmen, who have just spoken, have said. I cannot help expressing my great, my profound gratitude to the illustrious President of the United States, to the Prime Minister of Great Britain, and to Baron Sonnino for the words I have just heard from their lips.

Long ago, when I was young, as Mr. Lloyd George has recalled to you, when I was traveling in America and in England, I always heard the French reproached for an excess of courtesy, which sometimes went beyond the truth. As I listened to the American statesman and to the English statesman I wondered whether they had not caught in Paris our national disease of courtesy. Nevertheless, gentlemen, I must say that my election is necessarily due to the old international tradition of courtesy to the country which has the honor to receive the Peace Conference in its capital.

I wish also to say that this testimony of friendship, if they will allow to me the word, on the part of President Wilson, and Mr. Lloyd George in particular, has touched me deeply, because I see in it a new strength for all three of us to accomplish, with the co-operation of the entire conference, the arduous work which is intrusted to us. I gather from it a new confidence in the success of our efforts.

President Wilson has special authority to say that this is the first time in fact that the world has ever seen assembled together a delegation of all the civilized nations of the earth.

The greater the bloody catastrophe which has devastated and ruined one of the richest parts of France, the greater and more splendid must be the reparation—not only the material reparation, the vulgar reparation, if I dare speak so, which is due all of us, but the higher and nobler reparation of the new institution which we will try to establish, in order that nations may at length escape from the fatal embrace of ruinous wars, which destroy everything, heap up ruins, terrorize the populace and prevent them from going freely about their work for fear of enemies which may rise up from one day to the next.

It is a great, splendid, and noble ambition which has come to all of us. It is desirable that success should crown our efforts. This cannot take place unless we have all firmly fixed and clearly determined ideas on what we wish to do.

I said in the Chamber a few days ago, and I wish to repeat here, that success is not possible unless we remain firmly united. We have come together as friends, we must leave this hall as friends.

That, gentlemen, is the first thought that comes to me. All else must be subordinated to the necessity of a closer and closer union among the nations who have taken part in this great war and to the necessity of remaining friends. For the League of Nations is here. It is yourself. It is for you to make it live, and to make it live we must have it really in our hearts.

As I told President Wilson a few days ago, there is no sacrifice that I am not willing to make in order to accomplish this, and I do not doubt that you all have the same sentiment. We will make these sacrifices, but on the condition that we endeavor impartially to conciliate interests apparently contradictory, on the higher plane of a greater, happier, and better humanity.

That, gentlemen, is what I had to say to you. I am touched beyond words at the evidence of good will and friendship which you show me.

The program of this conference has been laid down by President Wilson. It is no longer the peace of a more or less vast territory, no longer the peace of continents; it is the peace of nations that is to be made. This program is sufficient in itself. There is no superfluous word. Let us try to act swiftly and well.

BOURGEOIS WOULD BAR GERMANY AT FIRST

Tells What Must Be Done to Qualify Her for League Membership.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—The admission of Germany to the League of Nations is the subject of considerable discussion in Peace Conference circles. While they are as yet academic, some interesting views have developed.

In the opinion of Leon Bourgeois, the French authority on the League of Nations, the league for the present must be composed exclusively of the associated nations and those neutral States which since 1917 have adhered to the rules of the Second Hague Peace Conference and who have during the war strictly obeyed the obligations of international rights. Later, M. Bourgeois feels, Germany may prove her title to membership.

"It is the free peoples who have fought for justice and right who must lay the unshakable foundations of the edifice of a League of Nations," said M. Bourgeois to The Associated Press, "and who must in a spirit of perfect and mutual trust promulgate its laws, determine the guarantees, and shoulder its obligations."

"Ought Germany, then, not form a part of the league?" he was asked.

"This is a very difficult problem, on which opinions differ," he replied. "My own opinion is that a League of Nations tends to become universal, but, owing to the very object which we are trying to achieve, it can only be instituted among free nations which are true to their word, which have discharged all obligations incurred through previous faults, and which are ready to give all the guarantees which are legally and materially necessary. Germany can join the league when she fulfills all these."

BUGLES GREET DELEGATES

Wilson's Arrival the Signal for a Popular Demonstration.

OUTLINES CONGRESS WORK

Clemenceau Says It Will Fix War Responsibility—Has Opinions on the Kaiser's Guilt.

NOMINATED BY WILSON

Glowing Tributes to the French Premier by the President and Lloyd George.

PARIS, Jan. 18, (Associated Press.)—The Peace Congress, on which the eyes of the world are now centred, was opened this afternoon in the great Salle de la Paix of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The proceedings, which were confined to the election of Georges Clemenceau, the French Premier, as permanent Chairman of the conference, an address of welcome by the President of the French Republic, Raymond Poincaré, and speeches by President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George, and Baron Sonnino, were characterized by expressions of lasting friendship and the apparent determination of the representatives of the various nations to come to an amicable understanding with respect to the problems to be decided by the conference.

M. Clemenceau's acceptance of the Presidency of the congress was both a feeling expression of personal gratitude and an outline of the great questions immediately ahead. Three of these larger general subjects he defined as responsibility for the war; responsibility for crimes during the war, and international labor legislation. The League of Nations, he said, was at the head of the program for the next full session.

"Our ambition is a great and noble one," said M. Clemenceau. "We wish to avoid a repetition of the catastrophe which bathed the world in blood. If the League of Nations is to be practicable we must all remain united. Let us carry out our program quickly and in an effective manner."

Referring to the authors of the war, he said he had consulted two eminent jurists on the penal responsibility of the former German Emperor, and each delegate would receive a copy of that report.

As the delegations arrived they were greeted by fanfares of trumpets, and military honors were accorded by the troops. The Japanese were among the earlier arrivals, and were followed by the Siamese and East Indians in picturesque turbans.

President Wilson's arrival at 10 minutes to 3 was the signal for a demonstration from the crowds. The President passed into the antechamber where M. Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, awaited him, and conducted him to the council room.

Already the chamber was crowded with delegates, who greeted President Wilson warmly as he passed toward the table of honor. Here he was joined by Secretary Lansing, Mr. White, and General Bliss, and exchanged greetings with the British and many other delegates.

Just at 3 o'clock a ruffle of drums and blare of trumpets announced the approach of President Poincaré. He was escorted by the group of Premiers to the head of the table, while a hush fell upon the assemblage as the moment arrived for the opening of the Congress.

It was exactly three minutes past 3 when M. Poincaré began his address, and the Peace Conference came into being. The entire assemblage stood as the French President spoke. President Wilson stood immediately at his right and listened attentively. M. Poincaré spoke in an earnest but easy manner, without declamatory effect, and, according to usage, there was no applause or interruption.

He spoke in French, and when he had concluded an interpreter read the Presidential discourse in English.

As M. Poincaré closed he turned to receive the congratulations of President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George, and then withdrew, saluting each delegation as he retired.

As M. Poincaré made his exit President Wilson rose to propose M. Clemenceau as permanent Chairman of the conference. He spoke in a conversational voice, which, however,

carried throughout the chamber as he paid eloquent tribute to the French Premier.

Lloyd George's Tribute to "Tiger."

Mr. Lloyd George seconded President Wilson's motion in these words:

"I count it not merely a pleasure, but a great privilege, that I should be expected on behalf of the British Empire delegates to support the motion of President Wilson. I do so far the reason which he has so eloquently given expression to—as a tribute to the man. When I was a schoolboy Mr. Clemenceau was a compelling and a conspicuous figure in the politics of his native land, and his fame had extended far beyond the bounds of France.

"Were it not for that undoubted fact, Mr. President, I should have treated as a legend the common report of your years. I have attended many conferences with Mr. Clemenceau, and in them all the most vigorous, the most enduring, and the most youthful figure there has been that of Mr. Clemenceau. He has had the youthfulness, he has had the hopefulness and the fearlessness of youth. He is, indeed, the 'Grand Young Man' of France, and I am proud to stand here to propose that he should take the chair in this great conference that is to settle the peace of the world.

"I know of none better qualified, or as well qualified, to occupy this chair than Mr. Clemenceau. And I speak from my experience in its claim. He and I have not always agreed. We have very often agreed. We have sometimes disagreed, and we have always expressed our disagreements very emphatically because we are ourselves.

"But, although there will be delays, and inevitable delays, in the signing of peace, due to the inherent difficulties of what we have to settle, I will guarantee from my knowledge of Mr. Clemenceau that there will be no waste of time, and that is important.

"The world is thirsting and hungering for peace. There are millions of people who want to get back to the world work of peace. And the fact that Mr. Clemenceau is in the chair will be proof that they will get there without any delays which are due to anything except the difficulties which are essential in what we have to perform. He is one of the great speakers of the world, but no one knows better than he that the best speaking is that which impels beneficent actions.

"I have another reason. During the dark days we have passed through his courage, his unfailing courage, his untiring energy, his inspiration have helped the Allies through to triumph, and I know of no one to whom that victory is more attributable than the man who sits in this chair. In his own person, more than any living man, he represents the heroism, he represents the genius, of the indomitable people of his land.

"And for these reasons I count it a privilege that I should be expected to second this motion."

Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister, added Italy's tribute, whereupon the election of M. Clemenceau as permanent presiding officer was effected unanimously.

In a feeling address M. Clemenceau acknowledged the honor conferred upon him. He turned first to President Wilson and bowed his thanks, then to Mr. Lloyd George for the tribute he had paid him. It was not alone a tribute to him, he said, but to France.

"Must Leave This Hall as Friends."

"We have come together as friends," he exclaimed. "We must leave this hall as friends."

Referring to the League of Nations, M. Clemenceau declared it was already in the way of being achieved by the gathering of this conference.

He then turned to the program of the conference, which he said covered the following main subjects of general order: First, responsibility of the authors of the war; second, responsibility for the crimes committed during the war; third, legislation in regard to international labor.

All the powers represented, he said, would be invited to present memoranda on these three questions. The powers having particular interests, M. Clemenceau continued, would be asked to present further memoranda on territorial, financial, and economic questions.

"The League of Nations will be placed at the head of the order of the day of the next full session," M. Clemenceau announced. He then paused for further suggestions of business, and, as none was made, he declared the session adjourned.

It was 4:30 o'clock, and the opening session had lasted exactly one hour and a half. No exact time was fixed for the reassembling of the full session of the conference, as that awaits the call of the Supreme Council of the five Great Powers, which will probably meet Monday morning.

In all seventy-two seats were provided for the opening session of the conference. On the outer side of the great horseshoe were arranged the Japanese, the British and colonial delegates and the seat of the fifth British delegate. A chair for the fifth American delegate was also reserved immediately to the right of the table of honor.

The Italian, Belgian, Brazilian, Cuban, Haitian, Peruvian, Portuguese, Serbian, Czechoslovakian, and Uruguayan delegates sat in the order named. Across at the left wing of the table sat the Siamese, Rumanian, Polish, Liberian, Hedjaz, Guatemalan, Ecuadorean, Chinese, and Bolivian delegations.

All preparations had been completed at an early hour for the holding of the first formal session.

The Salle d'Horloge, now rechristened the Salle de la Paix, and one of the most splendid reception rooms in Europe, had been placed in readiness for the delegations of the nations as they entered to begin the sittings of the full congress, the entire chamber having been rearranged for the special purpose to which it is now being put.

First to catch the eye of the plenipotentiaries entering the hall was a statue of Peace holding aloft the torch of Civilization. This heroic marble figure stood directly behind the chair of Premier Clemenceau.

In front of the statue was spread the council table, covered with the traditional green baize of diplomacy. This table is in the form of a huge horseshoe. Across the upper end are nine seats of honor, for the presiding officer, the Vice Presidents, and Premiers. On each side of the two arms of the horseshoe there are fifteen seats, making sixty seats, besides the nine at the head of the table.

Each delegate's chair is upholstered in bright red leather, and before each place is a complete equipment of writing materials. The fittings of the room are in white and gold, with a frescoed ceiling bordered by dancing Cupids. Four great lustre chandeliers hang from the ceiling, while five large windows, looking out over the Seine River, cast a flood of light over the sumptuous apartment.

Leading from the council room is another large chamber overlooking the gardens. To this room the delegates can retire for consultations.

Further on was a gorgeous state dining room, where luncheon and dinner may be served to the delegates in case protracted sessions are held. The whole suite of rooms is suggestive of elegance and beauty and the artistic taste of the French.

The Foreign Office was the centre of interest from an early hour this morning as the crowds gathered, and the final preparations were made for the opening of the Peace Congress. Bright skies greeted the plenipotentiaries for the first time in a fortnight, sunshine and a bracing air succeeding the weeks of rain.

Along the Quai d'Orsay the crowds awaited the appearance of the delegates and gazed at the tall windows of the Salle de la Paix, where the congress was about to meet. Toward midday the troops called out for the occasion began to take their assigned positions fronting the Palais Bourbon and the Foreign Office, with a guard of honor drawn up in the court leading to the entrance to the Foreign Office. The guard took the form of a double file of soldiers through which the delegates were to pass.

ASSAIL COMMUNIQUES ON PEACE CONFERENCE

London Newspapers Say They Are Drawn in Such a Way as to Kill All Interest.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The London newspapers this afternoon carry hardly any Conference news and confine themselves strictly to the communiqués. They continue their protests at the press restrictions and agree generally with the Westminster Gazette in its statement that the "Peace Conference has made a thoroughly sad start in attempting to hide its proceedings from the public behind a veil of soulless communiqués."

These same communiqués have come in for a good deal of criticism as being so far drawn in such a way as to kill all interest in the Conference. It has been pointed out that the very announcement limiting the press is obscure, for it is not clear what it meant by the word "authorized." If it is intended that only the official statements are to be published, it is argued here, it means a reimposition of the censorship in the severest form the very day after its abolition was announced. If it doesn't mean that, no newspaper would ever have asked that its correspondents' dispatches be "authorized."

The official statement concerning the system of representation at the Conference is also being pilloried as all that communiqués should not be.

The Westminster Gazette admits the difficulties connected with the full publication of the Conference proceedings and the danger that differences of opinion may be exaggerated, but it declares that the "risk must be taken and the good sense and loyalty of the press must be relied on."

It argues that we live in a democratic age, and it would be absurd if the people whose future happiness is at stake, after the sacrifice of war, should be compelled to accept the final arrangements as accomplished facts.

Even The Evening Standard, which still maintains an isolated support of the Conference's action, lays stress on the need of fullness and frankness in such official reports as are published, but speaks of the grave mischief which might arise from the delegates giving their own versions of debates. It says:

"Already we have had an example. President Wilson was represented in an American paper as having declared that 'if certain demands were not conceded he would leave Paris and withdraw all the American troops from France. Millions of American citizens must have read this report and believed there was something in it.' Yet when President Wilson's attention was called to the matter by Premier Clemenceau, his sole comment was, 'What an abominable lie.'"

The Star, on the other hand, pins its faith on the American press. After declaring that Wilson is determined to secure publicity, it suggests that it may be necessary to get our news via New York, for our censor would not venture to sit on the American wire to London. What the Americans get in the way of publicity we must also get. The argument for publicity is unanswerable. Fresh air is safer than foul air. Open windows are more healthful than closed windows, freedom is manlier than fumes, fog and fug.

FEW FULL SESSIONS LIKELY.

Representatives of 5 Great Powers Will Decide When to Hold Them.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—With the assembling of the first full session of the Peace Congress today the prospects of the notable assemblage of statesmen making rapid progress with its work seem enhanced by the apparent defeat of Bolshevism in Germany, which may open the way to the stabilizing of the Government and enable it to send responsible representatives to the Conference.

The Congress is expected to devote itself single-mindedly to the creation of a League of Nations. A study of the methods by which the League can be organized will be committed formally to an inter-allied commission, sitting contemporaneously with the Congress, which will present the result of its labors for ratification at the end of the Congress.

All questions at issue, of whatever kind, will be settled before the enemy delegates arrive, the Allied Ministers recognizing the vital importance of presenting an unbroken front to the enemy. As regards Russia, it is stated that the five leading powers have agreed that her representation by any Russian element is impossible for the moment. It is argued that the admission of ex-Premier Lvoff or any other man who figured in previous Russian Governments, might give the Bolsheviki a chance to declare that the Powers were supporting a monarchical régime.

As to the other questions before the Congress, territorial, financial and economic, the order of their consideration will be indicated in the rules of procedure to be read by Premier Clemenceau as President of the Congress. It is understood that the method of work will be such that each delegation will record its opinion on each question in a memorandum which it will hand to the general secretariat. The five Great Powers, the organizers of the Conference, will deliberate on these memoranda, either making a decision at once or inviting the delegates of the countries especially affected by the question at issue to come and discuss it with them.

Thus the twenty-five representatives of the Great Powers will act, in a way, as the arbiters of the conflicting claims of the small nations.

By this method there will be few plenary sittings, there being no reason for holding them except when the question is one of ratifying an entire category of decisions affecting the assembled States as a whole, and, above all, when the future organization of the world, that is to say, the question of the League of Nations, is dealt with.

Poincare Welcomes Makers of Peace of Justice; Lauds America's Coming and Work of Wilson

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The greeting of the French Republic to the members of the Peace Conference was extended at the opening session this afternoon by President Poincaré, who in his address praised the unselfishness of the American Republic in entering the world war and assumed the intention of the congress to establish a League of Nations.

President Poincaré's speech was as follows:

"Gentlemen: France greets and thanks you for having chosen as the seat of your labors the city which for more than four years the enemy has made his principal military objective and which the valor of the allied armies has victoriously defended against unceasingly renewed offensives.

"Permit me to see in your decision the homage of all the nations that you represent toward a country which more than any other has endured the sufferings of war, of which entire provinces have been transformed into a vast battlefield and have been systematically laid waste by the invader, and which has paid the human tribute in death.

"France has borne these enormous sacrifices, although she had not the slightest responsibility for the frightful catastrophe which has overwhelmed the universe. And at the moment when the cycle of horror is ending all the powers whose delegates are assembled here may acquit themselves of any share in the crime which has resulted in so unprecedented a disaster. What givee you the authority to establish a peace of justice is the fact that none of the peoples of whom you are the delegates has had any part in the injustice. Humanity can place confidence in you because you are not among those who have outraged the rights of humanity.

Germany's Guilt Clearly Shown.

"There is no need of further information or for special inquiries into the origin of the drama which has just shaken the world. The truth, bathed in blood, has already escaped from the imperial archives. The premeditated character of the trap is today clearly proved.

"In the hope of conquering first the hegemony of Europe and next the mastery of the world the Central Empires, bound together by a secret plot, found the most abominable of pretexts for trying to crush Serbia and force their way to the east. At the same time they disowned the most solemn undertakings in order to crush Belgium and force their way into the heart of France.

"These are the two unforgettable outrages which opened the way to aggression. The combined efforts of Great Britain, France, and Russia were exerted against that man-made arrogance.

"If, after long vicissitudes, those who wished to reign by the sword have perished by the sword, they have but themselves to blame. They have been destroyed by their own blindness. What could be more significant than the shameful bargains they attempted to offer to Great Britain and France at the en dof July, 1914, when to Great Britain they suggested: 'Allow us to attack France on land and we will not enter the Channel,' and when they instructed their Ambassador to say to France: 'We will only accept a declaration of neutrality on your part if you surrender to us Briey, Toul, and Verdun.' It is in the light of these things, gentlemen, that all the conclusions you will have to draw from the war will take shape.

"Your nations entered the war successively, but came one and all to the help of threatened right. Like Germany, Great Britain had guaranteed the independence of Belgium. Germany sought to crush Belgium. Great Britain and France both swore to save her. Thus from the very beginning of hostilities there came into conflict the two ideas which for fifty months were to struggle for the dominion of the world—the idea of sovereign force, which accepts neither control nor check, and the idea of justice, which depends on the sword only to prevent or repress the abuse of strength.

"Faithfully supported by her dominions and her colonies, Great Britain decided that she could not remain aloof from a struggle in which the fate of every country was involved. She has made, and her dominions and colonies have made with her, prodigious efforts to prevent the war from ending in the triumph of the spirit of conquest and the destruction of right.

"Japan, in her turn, only decided to take up arms out of loyalty to Great Britain, her great ally, and from the consciousness of the danger in which both Asia and Europe would have stood of the hegemony of which the Germanic empires dreamed.

"Italy, who from the first had refused to lend a helping hand to German ambition, rose against an age-long foe only to answer the call of oppressed populations and to destroy at the cost of her blood the artificial political combination which took no account of human liberty.

"Rumania resolved to fight only to realize that national unity which was opposed by the same powers of arbitrary force. Abandoned, betrayed, and strangled, she had to submit to an abominable treaty, the revision of which you will exact.

"Greece, whom the enemy for many months tried to turn from her traditions and destinies, raised an army only to escape attempts at domination of which she felt the growing threat.

"Portugal, China, and Siam abandoned neutrality only to escape the strangling pressure of the Central Powers.

Tribute to American Republics.

"Thus, it was the extent of German ambitions that brought so many peoples, great and small, to align themselves against the same adversary. And what shall I say of the solemn resolutions taken by the United States in the Spring of 1917, under the auspices of its illustrious President, Mr. Wilson, whom I am happy to greet here in the name of grateful France and, if you will allow me to say so, gentlemen, in the name of all the nations represented in this room?

"What shall I say of the many other American powers which either declared themselves against Germany—Brazil, Cuba, Panama, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Haiti, Honduras—or at least broke off diplomatic relations—Bolivia, Peru, Ecuador, Uruguay. From the north to the south the New World rose with indignation when it saw the empires of Central Europe, after having let loose the war without provocation and without excuse, carry it on with fire, pillage, and the massacre of indffensive beings.

"The intervention of the United States was something more, something greater than a great political and military event. It was a supreme judgment passed at the bar of history by the lofty conscience of a free people and their Chief Magistrate on the enormous responsibilities incurred in the frightful conflict which was lacerating humanity.

America's Defense of Free Ideals.

"It was not only to protect itself from the audacious aims of German megalomania that the United States equipped fleets and created immense armies, but, also, and above all, to defend an ideal of liberty over which it saw the huge shadow of the Imperial Eagle encroaching further every day. America, the daughter of Europe, crossed the ocean to rescue her mother from the humiliation of thralldom and to save civilization.

"The American people wished to put an end to the greatest scandal that has ever sullied the annals of mankind. Autocratic Governments, having prepared in the secrecy of the Chancelleries and the General Staffs a mad program of universal dominion, let loose their packs at the time fixed by their genius for intrigue and sounded the horns for the chase, ordering science (at the very time it was beginning to abolish distances, to bring men closer together and make life sweeter) to leave the bright sky toward which it was soaring and to place itself submissively at the service of violence, debasing the religious idea to the extent of making God the complacent auxiliary of their passions and the accomplice of their crimes—In short, counting as nought the traditions and wills of peoples, the lives of citizens, the honor of women, and all those principles of public and private morality which we for our part have endeavored to keep unaltered throughout the war, and which neither nations nor individuals can repudiate or disregard with impunity.

Rising of Oppressed Nations.

"While the conflict was gradually extending over the entire surface of the earth the clanking of chains was heard here and there, and captive nationalities from the depths of their age-long jails cried out to us for help. Yes, more, they escaped to come to our aid. Poland came to life again and sent us troops. The Czechoslovaks won their right to independence, in Siberia, in France, and in Italy. The Jugoslavs, the Armenians, the Syrians and Levantines, the Arabs, all the victims, long helpless or resigned, of the historic deeds of injustice—all the martyrs of the past, all the outraged in conscience, all the strangled in liberty—viewed the clash of arms and turned to us as their natural defenders.

"The war gradually attained the fullness of its first significance and became in the full sense of the term a crusade of humanity for right, and if anything can console us, in part at least, for the losses we have suffered it is assuredly the thought that our victory is also the victory of right. This victory is complete, for the enemy only asked for the armistice to escape from an irretrievable military disaster.

"In the interest of justice and peace it now rests with you to reap from this victory its full fruits. In order to carry out this immense task you have decided to admit at first only the allied or associated powers, and, in so far as their interests are involved in the debates, the nations which remained neutral. You have thought that the terms of peace ought to be settled among ourselves before they are communicated to those against whom we have fought the good fight.

"The solidarity which has united us during the war and has enabled us to win military success ought to remain unimpaired during the negotiations for and after the signing of the treaty.

A Congress of Free Peoples.

"It is not only the Governments, but the free peoples, who are represented here. To the test of danger they have learned to know and help one another. They want their intimacy of yesterday to assure the peace of tomorrow. Vainly would our enemies seek to divide us. If they have not yet renounced their customary manoeuvres they will soon find that they are meeting today, as during the hostilities, a homogeneous block which nothing will be able to disintegrate. Even before the armistice you reached that necessary unity under the aid of the lofty moral and political truths of which President Wilson has nobly made himself the interpreter, and in the light of these truths you intend to accomplish your mission.

"You will, therefore, seek nothing but justice—justice that has no favorites, justice in territorial problems, justice in financial problems, justice in economic problems. But justice is not inert, it does not submit to injustice.

"What it demands first, when it has been violated, is restitution and reparation for the peoples and individuals who have been despoiled or maltreated. In formulating this lawful claim it obeys neither hatred nor an instinctive or thoughtless desire for reprisals. It pursues a twofold object—to render to each his due and not to encourage crime through leaving it unpunished.

"What justice also demands, inspired by the same feeling, is the punishment of the guilty and effective guarantees against an active return of the spirit by which they were prompted, and it is logical to demand that these guarantees should be given, above all, to the nations that have been and might again be most exposed to aggression or threat, to those who have many times stood in danger of being submerged by the perioclictide of the same invasion.

Dream of Conquest Banished.

"What justice banishes is the dream of conquest and imperialism, contempt for national will, the arbitrary exchange of provinces between States, as though peoples were but articles of furniture or pawns in a game. The time is no more when diplomatists could meet to redraw with authority the map of the empires on the corner of a table. If you are to remake the map of the world it is in the name of the peoples, and one condition is that you shall faithfully interpret their thoughts and respect the right of nations, small and great, to dispose of themselves and to reconcile with this the equally sacred right of ethnical and religious minorities—a formidable task which science and history, your two advisers, will contribute to assist and facilitate.

"You will naturally strive to secure the material and moral means of subsistence for all those people who are constituted or reconstituted into States, for those who wish to unite themselves to their neighbors, for those who divide themselves into separate units, for those who reorganize themselves, for those who divide themselves according to their regained traditions, and, lastly, for all those whose freedom you have already sanctioned or are about to sanction. You will not call them into existence only to sentence them to death immediately because you would like your work in this, as in all other matters, to be fruitful and lasting.

Call for a League of Nations.

"While introducing into the world as much harmony as possible, you will, in conformity with the fourteenth of the propositions unanimously adopted by the great allied powers, establish a general League of Nations which will be the supreme guarantee against any fresh assault upon the rights of peoples. You do not intend this international association to be directed against anybody in the future. It will not, of a set purpose, shut out anybody, but, having been organized by the nations that have sacrificed themselves in the defense of right, it will receive from them its statutes and fundamental rules.

"It will lay down conditions concerning present or future adherence, and, as it is to have for its essential aim the prevention as far as possible of the renewal of wars, it will, above all, seek to gain respect for the peace which you will have established and will find it the less difficult to maintain in proportion as this peace will in itself imply the greater realities of justice and safer guarantees of stability.

"By establishing this new order of things you will meet the aspirations of humanity, which, after the frightful convulsions of the blood-stained years, ardently wishes to feel itself protected by a union of free people against the every possible revival of primitive savagery. An immortal glory will attach to the names of the nations and the men who have desired to co-operate in this grand work in faith and brotherhood and who have taken the pains to eliminate from the future peace causes of disturbance and instability.

"This very day forty-eight years ago—on the 18th of January, 1871—the German Empire was proclaimed by an army of invasion in the Château at Versailles. It was consecrated by the theft of two French provinces. It was thus a violation from its origin and, by the fault of its founders, it was born in injustice. It has ended in oblivion.

"You are assembled in order to repair the evil that has been done and to prevent a recurrence of it. You hold in your hands the future of the world. I leave you gentlemen to your grave deliberations and declare the Conference of Paris open."

PERMANENT PEACE IS BRITAIN'S AIM

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

probable that Great Britain would be forced to defend herself by special laws.

In Asia Minor, notably in Arabia and Mesopotamia, Great Britain has certain commitments. In Arabia the people asked her for protection against the Turks and requested that they be not left under Ottoman control. Assurances of protection were given by Great Britain. The expedition into Mesopotamia was due partly to the same condition, it is added. In this part of the world there are French, Italian, British, Russian, and Turkish interests to consider. Great Britain is prepared for an amicable adjustment with her Allies and expects the League of Nations to act as a steadying power.

As far as Arabia is concerned, Great Britain will be largely guided by the wishes of the inhabitants. Arabia was recently recognized as a sovereign belligerent power, and Great Britain desires the principle of self-determination to work itself out as far as possible in these districts. Undoubtedly, it is said, she expects to supervise affairs in some parts of Arabia, and this is also true of Mesopotamia, where Great Britain is represented as feeling that she should hold the rudder.

The question of the Bagdad Railway must be disposed of, and whether it be regarded as a State railway or not is a matter for the Peace Conference to decide. Much of this railway was built with what might be called cosmopolitan money, and Germany did not have the share in its construction that many attributed to her, it is claimed. A part of the railway may be internationalized, it is suggested, but the part toward the Persian Gulf, terminating at Basra, should, it is felt, remain in British hands.

The presence of delegates from India at the Peace Conference has its significance in connection with the disposition of Mesopotamia. Should the Peace Conference approve, it is possible that the greater part of this territory would be placed under the supervision of the Indian Government.

In considering the return of the German colonies it is declared, the interests and desires of the British Dominions must be taken into account. Australia is deeply interested in the disposition of the German islands south of the equator and close to Australia. Up to the time of the signing of the armistice, it is said, Germany talked of retaining the Bismarck Archipelago. Australia is said to oppose the return of these islands which might give Germany airplane and submarine bases. The general feeling is declared to be that these islands should come under the control of Great Britain.

In the Far East Great Britain wants nothing except the assurance of stable administrations and the maintenance of the open door policy. Her affairs in the Far East, it is said, must be considered in conjunction with Japan and China. Great Britain is naturally interested in such matters as the future relations of China with Germany in view of England's settlements in China like that about Shanghai.

The welfare of the natives must be consulted in any adjustment of the African question. As far as Southwest Africa is concerned the South African Government at Cape Town, it is said unofficially, will demand its retention. Premier Botha and General Smuts are both in Paris, and their attitude in favor of the incorporation of this region in the South African Union has been made plain.

In German East Africa the claims of Great Britain, it is pointed out, cannot be considered apart from those of Portugal and Belgium. India also is interested, and then the French claims in Africa must be considered.

The feeling in British circles is that Germany has made a mess of her trust in the African colonies, and the natives do not want to be returned to Germanic influence. There must be a revision of the treaties of 1885 concerning the partition of the Congo Basin, it is held, because these can no longer stand.

It is possible that the United States will be asked to co-operate with Great Britain in the trusteeship in Africa outside of German Southwest Africa. Great Britain, it is said, does not want to carry the burden of the administration of Africa by herself.

President to Visit Ravaged France.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—President Wilson will avail himself of the first opportunity between the meetings of the peace delegations at the French Foreign Office to visit the devastated regions of France.

TODAY'S SUNDAY TIMES

Consists of 104 Pages,

as follows:-

I. General News Section.
II. News Section, Financial, Business, Sports.
III. Editorial Section.
IV. Drama, Music.
V. Rotogravure Picture Section, First Part.
VI. Rotogravure Picture Section, Second Part.
VII. Magazine Section.
VIII. Review of Books Section.
IX. Classified Advertisements.

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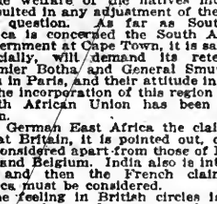

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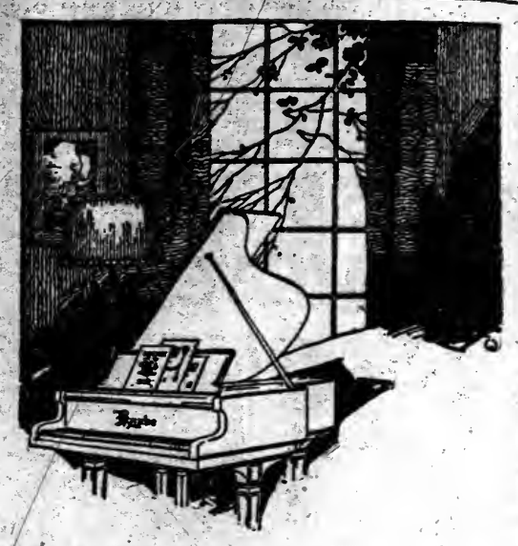

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DEMAND COLONIES BACK

Scheidemann, It Is Now Said, Will Head Delegation with Brockdorff.

BASLE, Jan. 18.—The German Government, according to a dispatch from Berlin, has appointed Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the Foreign Minister, and Philipp Scheidemann as the heads of the German delegation to the Peace Conference. The Government has drawn up lines of policy which the German delegation "must follow."

The delegation, the dispatch says, will oppose the demands of the Allies which go beyond the program outlined by President Wilson. It will seek the immediate suspension of all economic measures against Germany.

The German Government, according to the dispatch, will declare through the delegates its readiness in common with other States to disarm on land and sea and in the air. Germany, it is declared, has realized already the greater part of her disarmament under the terms of the armistice and it is alleged that this fact renders unjustifiable the retention of her men as prisoners by the Allies.

The Berlin dispatch further says that Germany will demand the return of her colonies. Germany will recognize the principle of the right of self-determination, which it holds should be applied to Germany as it was before the war, especially as regards Alsace-Lorraine. The delegates will support the creation of a League of Nations in accordance with the proposals of President Wilson.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 16.—The German Cabinet, at its sitting yesterday afternoon, discussed the preparations for the Peace Conference, and will probably tomorrow issue a communiqué setting forth the principles it will represent.

According to the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette, the German delegates will be led by Prince Lichnowsky, supported by Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, Foreign Minister, and Karl Kautsky, the greatest exponent of theoretical Socialism in Germany.

BOLSHEVIKI ASK ENTENTE AMNESTY

Want Crimes Overlooked and Confiscation Recognized—Anti-Red Protests in Petrograd.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Foreign Minister Litvinoff of the Russian Bolshevist Government has made several proposals on behalf of the Soviet régime, through the medium of a friendly emissary, for the opening of peace negotiations with the Entente, according to The Evening Standard today.

"None of these propositions has been substantial enough to receive serious consideration either in Paris or London. The main conditions of the Bolsheviki are that their régime be maintained intact, with amnesty for all crimes committed in their name, and that their confiscation of property and money be recognized as lawfully enacted measures.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 18.—According to a dispatch to the National Tidende, big mass demonstrations have taken place in Petrograd against Bolshevist rule, which is getting weaker in Russia.

"There seems to be a prospect that the anti-parties will succeed in getting the better of the proletarian dictatorship.

BOLSHEVIST ARMY RETIRES IN ESTHONIA

Executed 305 Persons in Dorpat Before Leaving and 170 in Wesenberg.

LONDON, Jan. 18. (British Wireless Service.)—The Esthonian General Staff reports that the Bolsheviki are rapidly retiring toward Pskov, 160 miles southwest of Petrograd.

The mouth of the Narova River, which flows between the Governments of Petrograd and Esthonia, has been occupied by the Esthonians. According to a communication from Reval, the Bolsheviki, before giving up Dorpat, Livonia, shot 225 men and 80 women. Among those executed were the chief orthodox Bishop of Esthonia and four Lutheran pastors. The number of persons shot at Wesenberg, Esthonia, before the Bolsheviki fled, exceeded 170.

WHY CABINET RESIGNED.

Rome at Last Announces Resignation of Entire Ministry.

ROME, Jan. 18.—An official note says today, says:

"Since the conclusion of the armistice and following a discussion in the Chamber and the vote on credits the Ministers have thought it well to place their portfolios at the disposal of the Premier for a reconstruction of the Cabinet.

"The events which followed and the absence of Premier Orlando delayed the plan, which was taken up at a Cabinet meeting held last Wednesday."

WILSON'S INDEMNITY IDEAS.

British Back Him in Making Foes Pay Damages Only.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 18. — The Morning Post's Paris correspondent says:

"President Wilson, in his speeches and statements of policy, has always favored payment by Germany for the damage caused by war, but he seems quite unwilling to acquiesce in any imposition of an indemnity in addition. In this he has the more or less tacit support of the English delegation."

The same correspondent says he has every reason to believe that the conference has no intention of discussing the question of the freedom of the seas, and adds:

"Since it was reserved in the first instance, it would appear that Wilson has accepted the reservation and has not the intention to go further into the question."

TROOPS MASSED TO GUARD VOTING

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

the Deutsche Volkspartei or German People's Party. Both former Conservative Parties, with a reinforcement from the right wing of the Liberals, now form the Deutsche National Volkspartei, or German National People's Party. The old Catholic Centrists, discarding all traditions, have allied themselves with certain religious organizations of other denominations under the name of the Christliche Volkspartei.

The Deutsche Demokratische comprises certain elements belonging to the old National Liberal, old Freisinnige, and old Progressive Parties. The Majority Socialists and the Independent Socialists are the remaining parties.

The communists and other more or less anarchistic groups are not participating in the elections, at least not as voters, however active they may prove to be in another sense.

Women Voters Outnumber the Men.

The six parties named are not the only factors to be reckoned with; there is the unknown quantity of the women's votes. Of 40,000,000 Germans entitled to vote, 18,000,000 are males and 22,000,000 females.

"Think what we could do with the men if we were properly organized and so minded," said Frau Cauters to THE TIMES correspondent when he visited the woman who for many years was the principal spirit in the German movement for woman suffrage. "We could vote the old men out of office and run the Government entirely ourselves."

Frau Cauters hastened to assure me that the German women had no such intentions and that various women's campaign organizations, of which about half a dozen with branches are spread all over parts of Germany, were not working for any distinctive women's party. They have simply tried their best to enlighten the female citizens as to the respective merits of the parties.

Asked about the number of female candidates, Frau Cauters thought that there were nearly 200. Some would probably be dropped before the elections, but she thought that some twenty might be elected, the latter mostly belonging to the Deutsche Demokratische Partei and the Socialists.

The enormous predominance of woman voters, Frau Cauters explained, is due to the losses in war, but even before the war the female German population surpassed the male by about 1,000,000.

The German newspapers, though intensely interested in the campaign, seldom venture to speculate on the result of the elections.

Socialists Fear Losses.

The Socialists, it is expected, will not have the overwhelming majority which they might have had if the elections had taken place before the second revolution. The Government's vacillating attitude and indulgence of criminals against the public safety has lost the majority Socialists much sympathy. They themselves feel this.

"Had the elections taken place two weeks ago," said a well-known member of the Government to THE TIMES correspondent, "we would have returned with a majority large enough to form a purely Socialist Government. Now we shall probably have to form an alliance with the Deutsche Demokratische Party, which may come out second best.

The Independents, to judge from the South German results, will hardly get more than 3 per cent. of the popular vote, and will count no longer. Their leaders, Haase and Dittmann, foreseeing the ruin of their party, have tried to save it by forming a new party, named the United Socialist Parties.

"They wish to eliminate the members compromised by sympathy with the Spartacides and other anarchists and to fill the gaping ranks with certain elements from the Majority Socialists, whom they hove to allure by high-sounding phrases. This manoeuvre might lead to the complete wrecking of the Socialist cause, but we shall see that it does not succeed.

The Deutsche Demokratische Party is sparing neither money nor energy, and employs perhaps the most modern methods. It is considered to be pretty certain to share in the future Government with the Majority Socialists.

The Pan German Deutsche Volkspartei and Deutsche Nationale Volkspartei both profess for the present to adhere to a republican form of government, but some of their speakers at recent meetings have proclaimed openly amid "thunderous applause" that they hoped the time would come when German Kaiserdom would be assured again of its old splendor.

These parties have only a small following in Berlin. Their strength is in the eastern provinces, where, however, for the first time, they are strongly opposed by Socialist candidates who are working hard among the peasants and laborers.

Recognizing the danger, they have called out all the old war horses, Heydebrandt, Westarp, and many others with names odious to all German ears except those of the Junkers.

Even Dr. Helffrich, who fled to Switzerland, has returned and is now stumping Pomerania in the interest of the reactionary parties. He has already experienced some very unpleasant receptions, even in that reactionary stronghold, and would not dare show his face in Berlin or South Germany.

The results of the South German elections have considerably dampened the expectations of the Christliche Volkspartei, which hoped for a much larger vote. It seems that the war caused many young men to lose faith in this party, as may be proved by the result in their stronghold, the Rhenish Provinces. It is estimated, based on results in the State elections, that over 90 per cent. of the persons entitled to vote will do so.

CANNOT FIND BODY OF ROSA LUXEMBURG

This Is One of Several Unsolved Mysteries About Berlin Tragedy.

BERLIN, Jan. 17. (Associated Press.)—At a late hour tonight the whereabouts of the body of Rosa Luxemburg continued to be a puzzling feature of the tragedy of Wednesday. The military authorities are still investigating the action of the commanding officer assigned to the motor car which was supposed to carry the woman to the Moabit Jail, and which halted just long enough to permit a stranger to jump on the running board and fire the fatal shot, after which other persons rushed up, seized the body, and disappeared.

The date of the burial of Dr. Liebknecht has not yet been fixed, but it was stated today that the dead leader would not be buried in Berlin. It is not unlikely that any attempt to make his funeral the pretext for a big demonstration would meet with prompt opposition by the military government, which for the present is prohibiting all street parades.

The city has been so garrisoned with new troops as to discourage the Spartacides from attempting any propaganda at this time.

With the death of the leaders, the Red Flag also disappeared from the list of Berlin's revolutionary journals. It was floated in the early weeks of the revolution by Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg as the official organ of the German Bolsheviki, for which purpose Russian rubles were available in conspicuous profusion. The Red Flag's editorial rooms have been occupied by Government troops. Herr Meyer and Herr Marcusson, co-editors with Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, have fled.

The Socialist newspaper Vorwärts, while condemning the lynching of the Spartacide leaders, also sees in their death the natural result of the victims' appeal to the lowest passions and violence.

While the Independent Socialists of Bavaria and other parts of Germany are endeavoring to consolidate the two Socialist parties independent of Greater Berlin, in their two newspapers they appeal to the workingmen for a general strike as a protest against the "domination of military anarchy." The appeal calls on the workmen to protest against the Government, "which disarms the workmen and arms unenlightened troops, officers, and students against the workmen," and closes: "Down with the Ebert-Scheidemann Government."

Spartacide rioters are causing disorder in various parts of Germany. A number of them today attacked the Hotel Viegner at Breslau, where the campaign bureau of the German Democratic Party was situated. After demolishing the interior they attempted to set the hotel on fire, but were dispersed by Government troops.

Five Spartacide leaders identified with the recent rebellion in Spandau were shot dead last night while attempting to escape.

Five-Day Republic Falls.

The Bolshevist Republic of Cuxhaven has collapsed after an existence of five days. The end came as a result of the failure of the Spartacide rulers to answer an ultimatum from citizens, teachers, and State and national officials, who threatened a strike. Work stopped completely at the expiration of the assigned period.

After a mass meeting the citizens visited the headquarters of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council and compelled the Council to revoke its decree establishing a republic.

The workmen in the Essen district are beginning to revolt against the efforts of the Spartacides to compel strikes. At several places, including Krupps, attempts to cause strikes resulted in the agitators being attacked by the enraged workmen.

At Duisburg the Spartacides demanded that the Government be turned over to them. The demand was refused, and they were then disarmed and ejected from the plant of the Volksstimme, which they had occupied. Order again prevails there.

Brunswick and Hanover Clash.

Jan. 16—Systematic search for Spartacides continues. Especially strong forces have been posted in sections most exposed to Bolshevist snipers in recent days, and citizens are warned to keep indoors at night.

Hanover dispatches report a clash between the authorities of the majority Socialist government and the Spartacide and Independent Socialist government in Brunswick. The Soldiers' and Workmen's Council, which in connection with the Brunswick State Government has been using all means to prevent the dispatch of troops to protect Germany's eastern border, gave notice that any troops passing through Brunswick railway stations would be disarmed. The Hanover Council thereupon sent strong forces, which occupied a railway station in Brunswick territory.

The Brunswick Council protested, saying that this act was "provocation to bring bloodshed and battle to the free States of Brunswick." The Hanover Council replied that all Brunswick troops belonged to the 10th Army Corps of Hanover.

Former Spartacide War Minister Schreiner of Stuttgart is reported arrested, with fifteen others of his group. The Spartacide coup at Stuttgart is reported to have cost seven lives.

The Executive Committee of the Central Soldiers and Workmen's Council has telegraphed to councils at Mülheim-am-Ruhr, Hamburg, and other places requesting that the councils order their own immediate reconstitution by new elections carried on by the proportional system. The Central Committee says that conditions at a number of places require this action.

A dispatch from Appeln says that the negotiations between the coal miners and the operators, which were being conducted by Herr Herch, Prussian Minister of the Interior, came to an abrupt ending because of the exorbitant demand of the workers. The meeting was very stormy, the conservative element among the miners being terrorized by Spartacide agitators who were well supplied with money and Bolshevist literature printed in Polish.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Independent Socialists at Berlin assert that Dr. Karl Liebknecht, who was shot and killed on Thursday, did not attempt to escape from an escort of troops, but was shot through the forehead at a few paces distance by soldiers guarding him, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

"Liebknecht and Luxemburg fell as victims of their own terrorist tactics," said Philip Scheidemann in a speech at Cassel today.

NONSOCIALIST VOTE UNITING IN GERMANY

Gen. von Maltzhahn Advises Royalists to Support the Centrist Candidates.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 17.—The greatest reason for believing that when the German National Assembly gets into operation it will turn out a safe and sane product is the fact that elements opposing the Socialists are showing increasing signs of co-operation without any expectation of reviving the monarchy.

Now come the out-and-out Royalists, advocating support of the Centrist or Catholic Party ticket as their ticket. Any one who in the old days pictured politicians who had tied up with Prussian royalty voting the Centrist ticket would have been laughed at. Yet Major Gen. von Maltzhahn urges the Royalists to hurry and choose between the lesser of two evils and support the Centrist ticket as the best way to curb the Social Democrats.

The Centrist ticket is the same as that of the German Popular Party, which is Democratic, as the Centrists now call themselves a Democratic Party. With Protestant churchmen joining the Centrists, the prospects of that party are looming brighter, as recent elections show.

General von Maltzhahn does not conceal the fact that he is not enthusiastic over voting any Democratic ticket, but he observes that if every one who feels that way stays away from the polls it will "help the Social Democrats and them only." His appeal to the Royalists says in part:

"Many voters, who are, like myself, stanch monarchists, will be unable to reconcile themselves to voting for a Democratic Party, but will be glad to vote the German National ticket, even though the slate of that party is also that of the Democratic Party.

"The number of voters of both sexes having monarchical sympathies in Germany is much larger than is generally supposed. In consequence of the impression of terror occasioned by the violent upheaval and assumption of control by the Social Democracy, with its Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils, those who are so inclined have not yet turned up to acknowledge that they still cling to the Kaiser and the empire.

"The pain and sorrow caused by the collapse of all that was lofty and sacred to us must not result in shy and silent self-restraint on our part, still less in our abstaining from voting on Jan. 19 and 26. By so doing we should be yielding our place to the Social Democrats without having made a fight.

"Let nobody hold back. Henceforth let every one acknowledge openly and freely in true German fashion his political opinions, his wishes, and his hopes. Just as every person who has attained full development has definite religious consciousness, so also must such a person have a definite political point of view.

"We who have the courage to avow openly our allegiance to Christianity—although those who have seen the light' regard this practice as out of date and contrary to the 'spirit of the times'—will still have courage to acknowledge aloud and in public that we are loyal Germans and cling to the house of Hohenzollern, our hereditary rulers, to whom Prussia and Germany are indebted for everything during the last 500 years.

"In openly avowing our feelings we are not doing enough. Reconstruction out of the wreck of the empire can only be set in motion by the energetic co-operation of all concerned. We desire no bloody counterrevolution, but we wish to make use of the right to the use of the ballot for the benefit of the candidate who will represent our political aspirations.

"You German men of Coblenz, Treves, and Birkenfeld election districts who cannot make up your minds to support directly the German Democratic Popular Party because the word 'democratic' is offensive to you, and you German women who are similarly disposed and who did not want the franchise right in the first place, you must not abstain from voting. Just because you are in your hearts monarchical and nationalistic you must vote on Jan. 19 and 26 with the German National Party, which is allied to the other middle class parties."

The American Army has allowed the free circulation of this appeal.

There is no evidence that the ex-Kaiser's friends are trying to get control of the Centrist Party and use its already great strength for the restoration of the monarchy. They simply think that they would get better treatment from a dominating Centrist Party than from a dominating Social Democracy.

FEAR OF A COUP PREYS ON EX-KAISER

Mysterious Visit of American Officers Is Still Being Investigated.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 14.—The German ex-royalties are living in fear of a coup d'état. The Handelsblad reports that the object of the mysterious visit of American officers to Amerongen on Jan. 5 is still being investigated, and that suspicion of the visitors' intentions has not yet been allayed, so that the guards have been doubled at the castle.

A flying machine of unknown nationality, flying very high, circled over the castle last Saturday, making the ex-royalties still more uneasy.

Two military attachés from the American Legation at The Hague went to Amerongen to investigate the affair and stated to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that the report in the papers of an automobile containing American officers was accurate, although the officers were entirely unconnected with The Hague Legation.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Jan. 14, (Associated Press.)—William Hohenzollern's illness, which manifests itself principally in the form of chills, is being aggravated by his constant worry, the effects of which are plainly visible in his features and his general physical condition.

The former Emperor looks to be perhaps fifteen years older than when he crossed the frontier of Holland. Although he is only about to complete his sixtieth year, his birthday coming at the end of the present month, his appearance suggests a man of seventy. He now wears a short, grayish beard and a drooping moustache, and his hitherto firm flesh is sagging.

The guards around the castle are maintaining the strictest vigilance in consequence of the revival of rumors, which, however, do not seem to be well founded, that an attempt might be made to kidnap the ex-Emperor.

The ex-Emperor, who had always been accustomed to smoke a considerable number of cigarettes daily, has now become a greater consumer of tobacco than ever. As soon as one cigarette is finished he starts another, his smoking continuing virtually from the moment he rises until he retires.

Herr Hohenzollern's meals with his wife are of the simplest sort. Water is the only beverage taken at the table, but in the forenoon the ex-ruler drinks a small glass of light red wine and in the evening half a glass before going to bed.

The former Empress recently sent her chamberlain to Amsterdam over the week-end to order a birthday present for her husband.

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2.50	Imported Gloves	Reduced to 1.75
2.00	Chamois Gloves	Reduced to 1.50
.35	Lisle or Cotton Sox	Reduced to .30
1.00	Ribbed Cashmere Sox	Reduced to .80
1.50	Ribbed Cashmere Sox	Reduced to 1.15

Men's $8.50 Sweaters *Now* $3.75

All Wool—Military Collar

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In the second place, machine-made clothes were consistently and liberally advanced in price all season long, whereas ours were not.

In the third place, we are now reducing our prices in spite of the unique values which our former prices represent.

$35 and $30	OVERCOATS	*Reduced to* $25
$50, $45 and $40	OVERCOATS	*Reduced to* $35
$60 and $55	OVERCOATS	*Reduced to* $45
$75 and $65	OVERCOATS	*Reduced to* $55

Regular Stock Only — All-Wool Fabrics Only

A small charge will be made for necessary alterations

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LIEBKNECHT COOL IN FACING DEATH

Smiled Derisively as He Heard the Howls of the Berlin Mob.

IDENTIFIED BY A WOMAN

Told Different Stories in a Vain Effort to Escape Being Recognized.

ROSA LUXEMBURG DEFIANT

Fears Had Been Expressed That Cabinet Would Be Lenient to Them.

The following is a delayed dispatch, giving fuller details of the killing of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg in Berlin than have been available hitherto:

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 16, (via Copenhagen.)—Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg were arrested late last night and while being transported to the Moabit Prison were thrashed by infuriated people and shot like mad dogs, the latter by an unknown man whose pistol may have saved her from a worse fate.

It would be idle to pretend that the overwhelming majority of the German people are grieved by the fate of the two foremost extremist leaders. On the contrary, satisfaction with the turn things have taken is almost general.

There was a possibility of the Government fearing that if Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg were treated as pernicious criminals an insignificant though very troublesome part of the people would consider them martyrs for the cause of the proletariat and that for that reason they might be spared perhaps to do more harm even than before. Their end, however cruel, will certainly do much for the restoration of peace and order.

Police Shadowed Meeting.

The police, having kept a close watch on the Spartacide leaders in the last few days, had overheard several of them mention a meeting at the house of a member of the Workers' Council, Marcusson, in Mannheimerstrasse, Wilmersdorf, from which it was concluded that they would hold a war council there. At 8 o'clock the house was surrounded by military forces and police and searched.

Among others caught were two persons resembling Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. Both, however, denied their identity.

Liebknecht was taken first to a Government post on Nickolsburger Platz. After a short examination, the officer in charge, fearing that Nickolsburger Platz might be attacked by Spartacides, sent Liebknecht in an automobile, strongly guarded, to the Eden Hotel in Kurfürstendamm. A cavalry division was in control of that part of the city.

Here Liebknecht was examined once more, but still denied his identity, insisting that his name was Marcusson. Letters addressed to Liebknecht and initials on his clothing he tried to explain by saying that the latter articles had been borrowed from a friend who had probably been intrusted with letters by Liebknecht.

He was then confronted by Frau Marcusson, who identified him as Liebknecht, whereupon he admitted the truth.

Mob Demanded His Death.

Meanwhile news of the arrest of Liebknecht spread like wildfire. A tumultuous multitude gathered in front of the hotel despite the late hour.

"Hand over the brute! Kill the swine!" howled the people, their yells penetrating to a large room on the first floor where Liebknecht was awaiting his fate.

Liebknecht smiled derisively, remarking to the soldiers on guard: "They would kill Jesus Christ Himself." He was very pale, but otherwise showed no fear.

The officer in charge, fearing violence, ordered one of the strongest and largest automobiles available to be drawn up at the side door of the hotel, through which Liebknecht was escorted. Somehow the people got wind of this and Liebknecht had hardly been seated in the car when he was surrounded by a wrathful mass howling "Kill him! Kill him!"

A dozen persons reached the car at the same time, and one of them hit Liebknecht on the head with a heavy cane. At this moment the car started and ruthlessly made its way through the masses trying to cling to it, but it pushed them away. It was chased for a block or two by the mob hooting and screaming.

Liebknecht Shot Twice.

The automobile's crew had orders to take Liebknecht by the safest way to the Moabit Prison, which was through the Tiergarten. There was an accident to the car in the Charlottenburger Chaussée, requiring considerable repairing.

It was then after 10 o'clock, very dark, and no vehicles were about. Liebknecht had been bleeding profusely, but had not lost consciousness. The soldiers asked if he could walk as far as Hofjaeger Alley, where possibly some vehicle might be found with which to continue.

Liebknecht asked that his handkerchief be bound around his head, whereupon he declared himself ready to walk. The party left the car in the midst of the meadow, but when they got under some trees, hardly a hundred yards distant, Liebknecht suddenly pushed into a ditch the soldier walking at his side and made a dash for a clump of bushes.

Three times the soldiers shouted, "Halt or you will be shot!" but Liebknecht sped on unheedingly. He had almost disappeared into the darkness when four rifles were fired and the fugitive dropped, two bullets having pierced his back.

There seemed to be some faint life left in him when he was examined, and a passing cab took the unconscious man to the nearest ambulance station. The physician on duty there found that he had died en route. The body was removed to the morgue.

Threats from Rosa Luxemburg.

Meanwhile Rosa Luxemburg and other Spartacide leaders had been arrested in the Marcusson House as they arrived one by one. Rosa arrived nearly an hour later than Liebknecht at the Eden Hotel. She protested furiously that she could only be arrested on the Government's warrant. She threatened unless liberated at once that the Spartacides would attack the hotel with heavy artillery.

The officer on duty at the hotel had received information that the crowds around the building were increasing every minute and assuming a very threatening attitude against the prisoner, while at the same time suspicious persons began to mingle, who doubtless sympathized with the prisoner.

"You hear them," said Rosa, referring to the yells in the street. "They've come to rescue me. Let me talk to them or take the consequences."

The officer said he preferred the latter. Having been made prudent by the reception that Liebknecht got from the people, he went below, shouting to the crowds:

"It's all over; you had better go home, because Rosa has left by the café door and is now safe in Moabit."

The officer then got into a waiting automobile, pretending to ride home. But two blocks below the car turned, speeding back to the hotel entrance. He rushed upstairs, where Rosa and five soldiers were waiting.

Before they reached the street, however, many hundreds of people returned, making a rush at Rosa as soon as she appeared at the portal.

Fought the Mob Furiously.

The officer tried to shield her with his outstretched arms, but he and his men were pushed aside and she was torn from them. She fought furiously, trying to escape into the hotel, but some half a dozen canes and umbrellas descended upon her head and she dropped unconscious.

The soldiers, having been reinforced, rescued Rosa and placed her in an automobile, which immediately bounded up the Kurfürstendamm. But the news of her arrest traveled faster than the car. All along the streets the people hooted and jeered.

Three blocks further a man jumped aboard and before the soldiers were aware of what had happened he fired a shot at Rosa, killing her. The car sped on despite the swarms of people trying to stop it. At Hitzigbridge the masses were so dense that it could not proceed.

"Neider, neider, neider mit Rosa," yelled the crowd, but a few strong voices cried: "Hoch, hoch, hoch." There was a tremendous rush, the soldiers feeling themselves swept away as if by a tidal wave, and before they recovered from their surprise Rosa's body had been snatched from the car and borne away into the darkness.

There are two versions explaining her extraordinary disappearance which was made possible only by the slight illumination of the Berlin streets, one being that the Spartacides made a daring attempt to rescue her when they believed she was still alive, and the other that the infuriated mob snatched the body, sinking it in a nearby canal, or a little lake in the Tiergarten.

Both of these were dragged for hours, but no trace of the body was found.

Military Governor Noske is conducting a sharp investigation, but it seems that the soldiers' conduct was faultless in both cases.

A. O. H. CABLES TO WILSON.

Asks American Delegates to Consider Ireland's Claims.

The Ancient Order of Hibernians, of New York County, at a convention held in 311 East Forty-fifth Street yesterday, sent the following cablegram to President Wilson.

Ancient Order of Hibernians, in convention assembled, respectively request you and the other American delegates to the Peace Conference to give full consideration to Ireland's claim to self-determination.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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Boys' Washable Suits
For 2 year olds up to 10 year olds

First and only reduction this season! Early buying is recommended!

$2.45
Heretofore $2.95 to $7.50

THIS is a great sale. Not only great in the extent of its selections, but great also in the quality of the garments and the little that is asked for them, for such reductions are particularly liberal in times like these. The models, materials and colors you want are here in abundance.

MODELS: Junior Norfolks, Regulation Middy, Belted Middy and Dutch Models.

FABRICS: Poplins, Drills, Galateas, Repps and Kiddie Cloth.

COLORS: Plain white, white with contrasting color trimmings, and all the desirable colors.

Boys' Shops—Fifth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Clearance Sale
Monday
Women's Winter Coats

Fur Shawl Collared Coats
Also Coats Without Fur
47.00
Heretofore $59.50 to $79.50

Coats of silvertone wool velour, silver tip Bolivia cloth, crystal cord or wool velour, shawl collars of taupe nutria or French seal fur, or of self material; silk lined and warmly interlined.

Coats and Wrap-Coats
Fur Trimmed or Without Fur
58.00
Heretofore $75.00 to $89.50

Coats and wrap-coats of silver tip Bolivia cloth, Pom Pom Bolivia, cashmere wool velour or crystal cord; self collars or of nutria or French seal fur; silk lined and warmly interlined.

NO CREDITS NO EXCHANGES

WOMEN'S COAT SHOP—Fourth Floor

OVER THREE THOUSAND GIRLS AND WOMEN
have been placed by us in positions paying
From $12 to $35 Per Week.
Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you.
Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING.
Singer Building.
Branches: Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

The Vogue for Sport Wear
Ribbed Wool Hosiery
For Women and Misses

In brown, green or Oxford gray heather mixtures; to wear with low shoes and for skating.

Unusual at 3.25

New Spring Style Features

PARIS Spring Modes have been received, and our exclusive designers have brought forth the loveliest of Spring Fashions.

Straight slender lines continue to dominate the dress Fashions; tunics and panels are still the vogue with just enough variation to make them interesting.

Capes both short and long, hip-length topcoats on semi-sport lines, dolman wraps or kimono-sleeved coats are the latest dictates of fashion.

Suits with box or belted coats, many with detachable vests, are prevailing new styles. Long tight sleeves are set into snug narrow shoulders, skirts are ankle length.

Women's and Misses'
Real Chamois Gloves
With One-Clasp

Real chamois gloves in white or natural, with self or black embroidered backs. P. X. M. sewn.

Monday only 1.50

Women's Spring Gowns

Embroidered, beaded or tailored are gowns of crepe meteor, satin, plain or flowered Georgette, chiffon, faille or fibre silk weaves, in draped, tunic or straightline models; also wool dresses or exquisite evening gowns.

29.50 to 295.00

Women's Spring Wraps

Featuring hood capes with Van Dyck pointed yoke, half-sleeved wraps with waistcoats or open-side capes; of silk duvetyn, duvet wool tricotine, velour cashmere, wool tricotine or serge; also two-fabric combinations.

49.50 to 195.00

New Spring Model and Fabric
Faille Silk Gowns
For Women

Charming is the graceful slenderness of the Gown, tailored simplicity and lovely shades of silver gray, beige, navy or taupe, also black. New is the lengthened waistline, tucked vest and tunic; net collar and cuffs are banded with organdie. 49.50

Jacquard Crepe or Chiffon Velvet
Reversible Capes
For Women

Exact copy of a new draped "Liberty" Cape. The Jacquard crepe is in wonderful combination colorings, reverse side of plain color Pussy Willow silk; the chiffon velvet is in rich shades, reverse side of contrasting plain color satin. 59.50

Women's Spring Suits

Exclusive suits for town, country, sport or Southern wear, many braided or embroidered; of wool tricotine, gabardine, Poiret twill, serge, Loretto cloth, covert, whipcord or worsted checks; also suits of silk or wool Jersey.

39.50 to 295.00

Misses' Spring Suits

Detachable vests and waistcoats have inspired unusually attractive tailored or dressy suits, of wool or silk fabrics. Distinctive suits have box coats of varying styles and lengths, also surplice belted or semi-fitted models. 14 to 20 years.

39.50 to 125.00

Misses' Spring Dresses

Charmingly piquant and picturesque are frocks of plain or figured Georgette, satin, crepe de chine, taffeta or tricolette; tailored dresses of serge, tricotine or wool Jersey; evening gowns of net, chiffon, taffeta or satin. 14 to 20 years.

29.50 to 145.00

Misses' Capes and Coats

There are many new styles of Spring capes, of new fibre silk weaves, silk duvetyn wool velour, serge, Poiret twill, tricotine or wool Jersey. Tailored or dressy coats of wool fabrics in new shades; also velveteen sport coats: 14 to 20 years.

29.50 to 145.00

Women's Millinery
From our French Millinery Shop

Directoire, Cloche or Watteau, are a few of the newer shapes; very smart are wide brim sailors or drooping mushroom hats, of fancy braids, tulle of silk and straw combinations; ostrich, paradise, flower, fruit or ribbon trimmed.

16.00 to 145.00

Tailored Millinery
From our Main Floor Shop

Tailored, dress or sport hats, for Women and Misses; of zeppa, lisere, pineapple, milan, leghorn or novelty straws, also of Georgette or tulle, suitable for Southern or immediate wear; sport hats of grosgrain ribbon or fancy straws.

5.00 to 15.75

Entirely Hand Made
New Over-Panel Waist
Of Georgette Crepe

Dainty model for Women and Misses, developed of Georgette in flesh or white; front of waist veiled with a tucked over-panel of Georgette in orchid, maize or Quaker gray; pleated frill around neck. Unusual at 19.75

New Models and New Lasts
Distinctive Dress Boots
For Women and Misses

Laced Boots of black patent kidskin with fawn buckskin top, black kidskin with gray buckskin top or brown kidskin with tops of fawn color buckskin or cloth; also of all brown or black kidskin. Unusual at 10.50

WANT US TO SHARE NEAR EAST PROBLEM

"Moral Monroe Doctrine" Proposed for Former Territories of Turkey.

WILSON WITH JUGOSLAVS?

Understood to Sympathize with Their Aspirations Along the Adriatic.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—At the opening of the peace conference it is already abundantly clear that in addition to the two great world problems presented by Russia and Germany there exist two other questions whose satisfactory settlement is likely to be a matter of considerable difficulty owing to international differences of opinion and the fact that both cases are complicated by previous agreements.

These questions are the disposition of the former Austrian territory on the Adriatic and the former Turkish territory in the Near East.

As regards the Adriatic, it was accepted in principle by France, Great Britain, and Russia that Italy should be given the eastern coast with its islands, as the price of her entry into the war in 1915. At the same time, provision was made that the Serbo-Croatian peoples of the interior who are united under the title of Jugoslavs should be given an outlet in the shape of a port on the Adriatic.

Various events, however, have brought about a modification of this agreement. The most notable was America's participation in the world conflict, after the acceptance by the Entente in January, 1917, of President Wilson's principles, according to which the right of peoples to dispose of their own destiny should be undisputed.

That immediately and vitally affected the Adriatic question because it is beyond question that along large portions of the eastern coast the great majority of the population is Jugoslav and by race is strongly opposed to Italian domination.

Tense Situation at Fiume.

In the last few weeks matters have come to a head around Fiume, where conditions at one moment were so acute that allied and American military and naval units were rushed thither to prevent the opposing parties from actually coming to blows. The Italians, whose vigorous nationalism finds its champion and expression in their aggressive Foreign Minister, Sonnino, assert that, first, the population of Fiume is overwhelmingly Italian, and secondly, that its occupation by any one else renders Italy's position in the Adriatic no less precarious than before the war.

As regards the town itself, the Italian claim is fairly just, but at the same time it is equally true that within a radius of twenty miles around Fiume the Jugoslavs outnumber the Italians in the proportion of nearly ten to one.

As far as self-protection is concerned it would seem that Italy, one of the great European powers, in possession of Trieste and possibly Pola, would have little to fear, even should a League of Nations not become a practical entity to avert war, from the comparatively minor Jugoslav confederation.

It is an open secret that President Wilson is in sympathy with the latter, and the general feeling both in France and England is that the Italian policy savors too much of that vexatious attitude of self-seeking imperialism which has caused so many conflicts in the past and which the new spirit of international co-operation for the common welfare is trying to eliminate.

Difficulties in the Near East.

The case of the Near East is somewhat parallel, here, too, we find a "secret treaty" among Great Britain, France, and Russia in 1916, which parceled out the whole "heritage of the Turk" from the Black Sea to the Persian Gulf in accordance with the wishes of these three powers irrespective of the populations concerned. By that treaty Russia was given the northern regions, Britain the southern, and, true to the best principles of "buffer areas," and "the balance of power," France was accorded the intermediate area comprising, roughly, Southern Armenia and Syria as far as the Persian frontier on the east and down to the port of Saint Jean d'Acre on the coast.

Now in this immense territory there are three distinct populations with claims to dispose of themselves, the Armenians, Jews, and Arabs, and a fourth, the Syrians, whose somewhat heteregenous elements are united by the general bond of Christianity.

The suggestion has been made, and is understood to have been favorably received in England, that America should be asked to establish a sort of moral doctrine over the whole of the Near East with the possible exception of Mesopotamia, which the British would administer, and Arabia, whose King would remain Britain's ally.

Seek Reliance on America.

Nothing more than the weight of America's prestige and certainly that of America's strength behind it to say "hands off" to any aggression would be needed, it is urged, to insure the free development of national life in Armenia, Syria, and Palestine, whose populations desire independence, yet realize that they are none of them strong enough to stand alone without at least the moral support of a great power.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent was received a few days ago by Boghos Nubar Pacha, head of the Armenian National Committee in France, who spoke in the warmest terms of the charitable aid given to his martyred countrymen by America during the war. He added that although it was the dearest wish of the inhabitants of Cilicia and the six northern vilayets or districts extending as far as Trebizond on the Black Sea that they should form an independent Armenian State, they felt that some backing would be necessary either from a League of Nations or a single disinterested power.

He insisted on the fact that such backing need not, and, in his opinion should not, involve interference in the Government of Armenia, but that it should be confined to "warning off" instruction in various directions, such as the United States was fully competent and, he hoped, willing to give.

Nubar repeated more than once that what the Armenians want is not exploitation by any power or group of powers or a protectorate as ordinarily understood by them, but aid and a guarantee that they will be able to work out their own destiny without alien domination and interference.

Syrian Claims Extensive.

The position of the Jews is almost exactly similar. As for the Syrians, they make up in vociferation and the extent of their claims for any lack of coherent nationality. The Syrian Committee in France demands practically everything included in the zone assigned to France under the secret treaty of 1916. The fact that Adana and Southern Cilicia, which are unmistakably Armenian, to say nothing of the Arabian territory further south, form a part of that region nowise moderates the Syrian ardor.

The conference is likely to reduce the new Syrian State to modest limits, but may well accede to the Syrians' request that France be appointed their guardian, in view of the age-old ties, both religious and commercial, between France and that region.

Constantinople is expected either to be internationalized or placed under the guardianship of the League of Nations or a single disinterested power, the United States, for example, if the latter be willing. The program would apply to such districts of Asia Minor as may not be apportioned to Greece, whose claim to certain sections there by right of racial population is undeniable.

FOCH'S RHINE PLEA LINKS WITH LEAGUE

France Wants Not Annexation of Territory, but Full Security There.

LEAGUE COULD CONTROL

And Perhaps See That Germans Built No Forts Nor Assembled Munitions.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Dec. 18.—The declaration by Marshal Foch to the American correspondents that the Germans must be in future years held on the Rhine represents one demand that the French will make in any plans for a League of Nations.

What Marshal Foch said may be construed to mean that if ever in the future Germany decides to make a move in the direction of France she must start from behind the Rhine, which means, of course, that she could not again attack France over night, and that if she moved toward France the first battles at least would take place on German soil between the Rhine and the French boundary.

Marshal Foch said that the Allies should insure, must insure, that the German military power must remain behind the Rhine.

"It is on the Rhine that we must halt the Germans," he said, meaning that the Allies should always be able to know that that was being done.

This, it is stated, links up with the League of Nations in this way: It is not meant that France should annex the Rhine provinces up to the Rhine. This territory could still remain an integral part of Germany. But those who agree with the Marshal assert that if the League of Nations plan is adopted there will be a necessity for an international police, and that it would be the duty of the international police or of some other League of Nations authority to see that all the decisions of the Peace Conference should be carried out, including any decision that Germany must keep all military machinery behind the barrier of the Rhine River.

Furthermore, it would be held that if the peace settlement imposed conditions upon any other nation it would be as permissible for the international authorities to examine into allegations of disobedience as it would be to inspect German activities along the Rhine.

It is suggested that some of the ways in which Marshal Foch's idea would be enforced would be to forbid Germany to have fortifications along the Rhine, or any guns, ammunition, or other military supplies west of the Rhine, or maintain any military establishment in that territory.

It is also advocated that no soldiers for the German Army should be raised from this region.

There are French statesmen who advocate the annexation of German territory up to the Rhine and others who would have a neutral State formed there. But from those close to the Marshal it is gathered that he would have his idea enforced through a League of Nations, providing a league was formed with power to enforce international regulations. Otherwise France would seek to find some other way to insure her safety.

Speaking as commander of all the allied forces, Marshal Foch spoke, perhaps as more than a Frenchman. That readers of THE TIMES may have his exact words on this subject, I give in French that portion of his statement referring to the Rhine. This has been read and approved by Marshal Foch:

"La barrière naturelle qui protégera la civilisation, c'est le Rhin. C'est sur le Rhin qu'il faut arrêter les Allemands. C'est en utilisant le Rhin qu'il importe des meutriers hors de l'état de recommencer le coup de 1914.

"Le Rhin, c'est la barrière commune de tous les Alliés, de tous ceux qui présentement se content unis pour sauver la civilisation; le Rhin, c'est la garantie de la paix pour tous les peuples qui ont versé leur sang pour la cause de la liberté. Donc veillons sur le Rhin!

"Nous n'avons pas l'idée d'attaquer l'Allemangne et de recommencer la guerre. Les démocraties comme les nôtres n'attaquent jamais. Elles ne demandent que vivre en paix et à se développer en paix. Mais qui nous dit que l'Allemangne—donc les idées démocratiques sont récentes et peut-être fort superficielles—ne se relevera pas rapidement de sa défaite et dans fort peu d'années ne tentera pas une deuxième fois de nous écraser?

"La Russie est hors de combat pour longtamps. L'Angleterre a la Manche à traverser. L'Amérique est loin.

"La France doit être en mesure de sauvegarder les interets généraux de l'humanité. Ils se joignent sur le Rhin. C'est là qu'il importe leur organizer pour éviter des surprises douloureuses dans l'avenir."

To some Marshal Foch's idea carries with it tremendous significance for the whole world, not so much in what it means of itself, as what it signifies. It would seem that one might read in it the development of an internationalism which means what nationalism meant for smaller States composing the integral nations, what the development of the community meant for the individuals composing that community.

Individual interests are supreme only until they interfere with the interests of neighbors. Then international interests will be sovereign only until they interfere with the interests of the world.

Marshal Foch's statement, translated into English, reads:

"The Rhine is the natural barrier which will protect civilization. The Germans must be stopped on the Rhine; and it is by the use of the Rhine that we can prevent them from being in a position to renew the attack of 1914. The Rhine is the common bulwark of all the Allies, of all those who have joined to save civilization; the Rhine is the guarantee of peace for all the peoples who have shed their blood for the cause of liberty. Then let us keep watch on the Rhine.

"We have no intention of attacking Germany and beginning the war again. Democracies such as ours never attack; they ask nothing but to live in peace and develop peacefully. But who can say that Germany—whose ideas of democracy are recent and perhaps quite superficial—will not rise rapidly from her defeat and in a very few years will not try a second time to destroy us?

"Russia will be incapacitated for a long time. England is on the other side of the Channel. America is far away. France should be in a position to safeguard the general interests of humanity. It can be done easily on the Rhine. It is there that measures should be taken to prevent the possibility of disastrous surprises in future."

HONORS ALLIED OFFICERS.

Baker Decorates Five Foreign Military Attaches.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18. — Secretary Baker, acting for President Wilson, formally presented the Distinguished Service Medal to five allied officers in recognition of their services to the United States Army today. The officers decorated were Major Generals James D. McLachlan, British Military Attaché; Emilio Guglielmotti, Italian Military Attaché, and John E. W. Headlam, chief of the Artillery Mission in the United States; Major Leon Oetterieth, acting Belgian Military Attaché and chief of the Belgian Military Mission, and Brig. Gen. Louis Collardet, French Attaché.

The Secretary also decorated sixteen American officers to whom the medal was awarded for services at the War Department.

Two civilians, S. M. Felton, Director of Military Railways, and Robert J. Thorne, assistant to the Acting Quartermaster General, were among those decorated.

Mine is Sunk Off the Maine Coast.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 18.—Captain E. C. Arey of the steamer Lake Buckeye, which arrived from Baltimore today, reported that the vessel just missed striking a floating mine nine miles off Winter Quarter shoal. The Lake Buckeye slowed down to warn the steamship Island, and Captain Robert Hudgkin of the Island sunk the mine with shots from a high-powered rifle. Another large mine was sighted off Fire Island by the crew of the Lake Buckeye.

MILWAUKEE'S MAYOR SILENCED BY JEERING

Hoan, Who Supports Berger, Compelled to Stop Speaking at Reception to Soldiers.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 18.—When Mayor Daniel W. Hoan attempted to speak tonight at a reception given by the city to returning soldiers, he was greeted with prolonged jeering at the conclusion of which he yielded to Governor E. L. Philipp of Wisconsin, who addressed the gathering.

Feeling against the Mayor has become intensified since last Sunday night, when he presided at a meeting which indorsed Victor L. Berger and his co-defendants, recently found guilty in a Federal court of violation of the Espionage act. Army officers here have been particularly vehement against the Mayor, and yesterday a committee of officers waited upon him and requested him not to preside at the reception. He told the committee he expected to be present.

Tonight the Mayor appeared at the Auditorium, where the reception was held, half an hour before the soldier and sailor guests arrived, marching in military formation. Mingled cheers and hisses greeted his first appearance. After the soldiers had marched around the hall they stood at attention and the Mayor arose to make his address. He was unable to speak for several minutes because of prolonged jeering, after which, without saying a word, he motioned to Governor Philipp to take the floor.

Mayor Hoan issued a statement late today in which he denied approving a doctrine of violence, one of the things said to have been indorsed at the Socialist meeting last Sunday and to which the army officers took exception

THREE AIRMEN KILLED.

Ensign Honeywell and Two Students Fall into Pensacola Bay.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Jan. 18.—Three navy airmen were killed near here today when a seaplane fell into Pensacola Bay. They were Ensign A. D. Honeywell of Geneva, N. Y., and John Wigmore of Los Angeles, Cal., and James J. Gray of Pittsburgh, Penn., student aviators.

All the bodies were recovered.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

AT REDUCED PRICES MONDAY

Fine Gauge Silk Hose *Regularly 1.50* **1.25**
Reinforced lisle garter tops and soles. In black only.

All Pure Silk Hose *Regularly 1.95 & 2.50* **1.75**
Reinforced lisle lined garter tops and soles. In black, white and the desirable shades.

Women's Wool Sport Hose *Special at* **3.50**
In brown or green heather mixtures.

NO MAIL ORDERS.

Closing Out—Five Hundred Pairs

WALKING and DRESS BOOTS

FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

5.75

Small Groups *Broken Lots*

Included in this sale are button and lace walking and dress boots of patent leather, all black or colored kid or with white kidskin tops.

Imported Llama Wool Sweaters *Regularly 32.00 & 35.00* **22.50**
A collection of distinctive sweater modes of imported Llama wool in plain colorings.

Light Weight Shetland Sweaters *Regularly 35.00* **22.50**
Sweaters of imported Shetland wool in unusual types with silk stripes.

Women's White Leatherette Gloves Short gloves with yellow lining. *Special at* **1.50**

French Kid Gloves *Regularly 3.25* **2.75**
Pique sewn French kid gloves with button and buttonhole.

Short Washable Gloves *Special at* **2.25**
Women's short washable cape gloves in the desirable shades.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Clearance Sale of

FUR COATS, WRAPS and SMALL FURS

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Natural Muskrat Coats
Loose, jaunty walking styles. Natural raccoon collars and cuffs.
Formerly 125.00 **95.00**

Taupe Nutria Coats
Chic 30 inch long trotteur coats; large shawl collars and cuffs.
Formerly 175.00 **125.00**

Hudson Seal Coats
Various smartly styled models with girdles of selected muskrat pelts.
Formerly 245.00 to 275.00 **195.00**

Trim'd Hudson Seal Coats
Unusual models of dyed muskrat, taupe nutria collars and cuffs.
Formerly 275.00 to 295.00 **225.00**

Trim'd Hudson Seal Coats
45 inch long full, loose model; natural skunk collar and cuffs.
Formerly 295.00 to 350.00 **245.00**

Hudson Seal Model Coats
A diversified assortment in original and exclusive styles.
Formerly 350.00 to 450.00 **295.00**

Taupe Squirrel Coats
Various jaunty trotteur coats, made from selected squirrel pelts.
Formerly 350.00 **245.00**

TO CLOSE OUT

Twenty-five Genuine

LEOPARD COATS

Combined with Contrasting Furs

145.00 30 inches long **165.00** 45 inches long

Scarfs		*Muffs*	
7.50 12.50	Natural Nutria	*12.50*	*16.50*
18.50 22.50	Taupe Nutria	*10.00*	*18.50*
12.50 16.50	Natural Raccoon	*12.50*	*18.50*
10.00 25.00	Hudson Seal	*14.50*	*16.50*
55.00 65.00	Natural Skunk	*22.50*	*39.50*
16.50 29.50	Beaver	*16.50*	*25.00*

CONFINERS & BRASSIERES

Formerly 1.75 to 10.00

1.00 to 4.95

An assortment of confiners and brassieres in lace-and-embroidery, lace and silk, or crepe de chine, open front or back styles.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Beginning Monday & Until Saturday Inclusive

French Week in Undergarments

At Extraordinary Reductions

Included are the finest French Handmade Undergarments—examples of the most exquisite needlework and hand embroidery in Nightgowns, Chemises, Envelopes and Combinations.

French Undergarments . . . *Formerly 14.50* **8.95**
French Undergarments . . . *Formerly 18.50* **11.75**
French Undergarments . . . *Formerly 22.50* **13.75**
French Undergarments . . . *Formerly 32.50* **16.50**
French Undergarments . . . *Formerly 37.50* **19.75**
French Undergarments . . . *Formerly 59.00* **28.50**
French Undergarments . . . *Formerly 69.00* **37.50**

Introduction of the New

SOUTHERN RESORT and EARLY SPRING MODES

For Women & the "Jeune Fille"
In Types Distinctively Bonwit Teller & Co.

Featured are the unusual and exclusive fashions that go to make up the Bonwit Teller & Co. ensemble of modes. Emphasized is a note of simplicity and elegance characteristic of this Shop's fashions.

TRAVEL SUITS, FROCKS, COATS, CAPES and HATS
THIN TISSUE FROCKS, HAND-MADE FROCKS, TAILORED FROCKS, DINNER & FORMAL EVENING GOWNS
DAYTIME COATS, CAPES, EVENING WRAPS
SPORTS APPAREL, COUNTRY CLOTHES and RIDING TOGS
SPORT HATS and FORMAL MILLINERY
OUTING and NOVELTY SKIRTS in TISSUE and COTTON FABRICS and SILK TEXTURES
BATHING FROCKS, BEACH COSTUMES, CAPES
SHIRTS and HAND-MADE BLOUSES
FOOTWEAR SWEATERS

Clearance Sale of

WOMEN'S & MISSES' COATS and SUITS

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Women's Winter Coats
A collection of splendidly fashioned models in marcella cloth, wool velour, two-toned velour and corduroy.
Formerly 42.50 to 59.50 **34.00**

Women's Fur & Self Collar Coats
Velour and two-tone velour in all the favored shadings and silvertone, with self collar or collars of Hudson Seal. Also shawl collars of French Seal.
Formerly 59.50 to 75.00 **44.00**

Women's Fur Trimmed Coats
Of duvet de laine and velour with nutria collars and cuffs. Also silvertone, frost-glow and velour trimmed with Hudson seal or nutria collars.
Formerly 75.00 to 89.50 **56.00**

Women's Exclusive Winter Coats
Handsomely fur-trimmed coats of bolivia, silvertone, Evora cloth and some of velveteen.
Formerly 110.00 to 145.00 **88.00**

Women's Tailored Suits
Plain mannish and demi-tailored types in silvertone, velour and duvet de laine.
Formerly 49.50 to 59.50 **37.50**

Women's Plain & Fur Trim'd Suits
A number of most attractive styles in silvertone, velour, trico-velour and duvet de laine.
Formerly 65.00 to 89.50 **44.00**

Women's Plain & Fur Trim'd Suits
One or two suits of a kind, in the season's favored fabrics, models and colorings.
Formerly 89.50 to 135.00 **75.00**

Misses' Winter Coats
Coats of zibeline, velour and heavy winter coatings in the favored colorings. Sizes 14 to 18.
Formerly 39.75 to 55.00 **32.00**

Misses' Winter Coats
Made of velour, pom-pom, bolivia and crystal cord in assorted shadings. Sizes 14 to 18.
Formerly 59.50 to 65.00 **44.00**

FRONT LACE and LACE BACK CORSETS

Formerly 5.00 to 12.50

2.95 4.95 6.95

Special groups of corsets in "Bontell" and "Gossard." Front Lace models. Among the various models of lace back styles are included the well-known "Bontell" Clerine and Joyeuse models.

MANN OPPOSITION GAINING STRENGTH

House Republicans Drifting Toward Gillett and Longworth for the Speakership.

FESS STILL IN THE RACE

Cooper Issues Statement Urging Election of Ohio Man—Hays Taking a Hand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Opposition to James R. Mann for Speaker of the House became stronger today when Representative John S. Cooper of Ohio issued a statement urging Republicans to support Representative Fess for the place.

This move must be taken in connection with other events which have been happening in the last few days. Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, has been canvassing the situation and has found strong sentiment in the Republican Party against the election of Mr. Mann.

Mr. Cooper's statement is in part as follows:

"Last Fall the Republican Party, through its press and its speakers, attacked most vigorously the old time seniority rule that has made the organization of Congress so defective and inefficient in the past. In the organization of the next Congress our party must not break faith, and should select men for the responsible position of leadership by reason of their qualifications, and not by reason of seniority. I trust the Republicans will look this question squarely in the face.

"I represent one of the greatest manufacturing districts in the country. My people have no concern regarding the patronage I will get, but they do demand that I shall use my best efforts to see to it that men of the highest qualifications are placed at the head of important committees.

"In regard to the selection of Speaker I am fully convinced that no one could be selected who would be better fitted and qualified than Hon. S. D. Fess."

Opposition to Mr. Mann is believed to be centring upon Representative Gillett or Representative Longworth. The latter has gained much strength as a compromise candidate for Speaker in the last ten days. He appears to have won the support of men from Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, and Wisconsin. While Mr. Fess is also from Ohio it is understood that their candidacies are friendly and that in due time, if it is seen that Mr. Longworth is the stronger, Mr. Fess will withdraw in his favor.

Mr. Mann has sixty of the 238 Republican members-in the next House pledged to him.

OCEAN RATES WILL BE CUT.

This Will Follow Writing Off of Cost of Our Shipping.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Early action toward carrying out the proposal to write off about 30 per cent. of the war cost of American shipping was forecast today in official quarters and at the same time it was said that this step would be followed by a Shipping Board order sharply reducing existing freight rates in American bottoms.

This policy, under which it is intended to charge to profit and loss nearly a billion of three billions, which merchant craft in this country cost to build during the war, was formulated by Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, now in France.

It was said today that some action, or at least some announcement, might be expected next week. Officials say that with the approval of President Wilson there is no doubt about the board's authority to make it without appealing to Congress for new legislation.

The program also contemplates the possibility of a similar "writing off" of costs by shipyards, all of which paid vastly increased prices for every extension and added facility during the war. This and other phases of the question will be discussed at the conference of shipping interests to be held here Wednesday and Thursday.

ONCE-A-SEASON OFFERING of COATS $25 & $35

THESE GARMENTS HAVE BEEN STUDIOUSLY SELECTED FOR PROMPT DISPOSAL. THEY HAVE BEEN ONLY RECENTLY RECEIVED, AND AS THEY WERE INDIVIDUALLY STYLED AND TAILORED IN THE CHARACTERISTIC AVEDON MANNER, AND PROFFERED AT PRICES WHICH WERE MUCH HIGHER, NO RESTRAINT IS FELT IN RECOMMENDING THEM.

AVEDON & CO.
448 Fifth Ave. at Fortieth St.

ROBINSON'S
25-27 West 42d Street N.Y.

Announcing
The Season's Latest Innovations in

Afternoon Street and Social Frocks

Taffetas, Satins, Charmeuse, Crepe Georgette, Crepe de Chine, Crepe Meteor, Tricotine, Tricolette, Velour Checks, and Wool Velour

25.00 & 35.00

Model illustrated in Gros de Londres 65.00

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & Co
34th Street—New York

Important Sales Offering Unusual Inducements Monday

Women's Attractive
Silk and Lingerie Underwear

Crepe de Chine Night Gowns
Lace trimmed and tailored models in several styles.
Special 3.95

Washable Satin Petticoats
Attractive models in flesh and white, lace trimmed.
Special 2.95

Crepe de Chine Chemises
Envelope Chemises, lace trimmed or hand-embroidered.
Special 1.85

Washable Satin Bodices
A number of attractive styles tailored and lace trimmed.
Special 1.00

Washable Satin Night Gowns
Sleeveless model, effectively trimmed with lace inserts.
Special 4.95

Washable Satin Petticoats
Superior quality wash satin, lace trimmed and tailored models.
Special 3.95

Washable Satin Chemises
Envelope Chemises with lace insertions or hand-embroidered.
Special 2.95

Satin Bloomers
Flesh color wash satin, lace trimmed and hand-embroidered.
Special 2.95

Women's Lingerie Underwear

Dainty undergarments, lace or embroidery trimmed, also tailored models.

Night Gowns	1.50	2.00	2.95
Petticoats	1.50	2.00	2.95
Envelope Chemises	1.00	1.50	2.00
Corset Covers	.50	.75	1.00
Drawers	.50	.75	1.00
Philippine Night Gowns		2.95	3.95
Philippine Envelope Chemises		2.95	3.95

All Sales FINAL

Coat House Goes Bankrupt
Stein & Schoenceit, 28 W. 25th St., leading wholesale coat house, goes bankrupt. Miss Bertha Rembaugh, the receiver, in order to bring about a quick cash settlement, sold the entire stock to Renards at a price which never would have been permitted except for Cash.

Doors Open 9 A.M.

Receiver Sells Bankrupt Coat Stock at Immense Losses to

Renard
47-49-51 West 42d Street

GREAT COAT SALE
FAR BELOW WHOLESALE
Largest Price Reductions Ever Made!

Winter Coats of Fine Materials

An immense assortment of smart new models, belted and loose back effects, in Bolivia, Wool Velour, Duvet de Laine, Pom Pom, etc., with large shawl collars of Sealine, Nutria, and Taupe Nutria. Some with fur cuffs. Noticeable features are the fine silk linings. (Some are pussy willow.) Interlined throughout including the sleeves. If made to order, they could not be better finished. About 15 different models in Black, Blue, Taupe, Reindeer, Brown, Green, etc. The unusual circumstances enable us to offer coats valued from $52.50 to $65.00 at the remarkably low figure of

Regular Price up to $65
27.50

Remainder of High Cost Models

Magnificently tailored Coats. These were display and exhibition models, Coats from which orders were taken. Extra large shawl and cape collars of choicest quality Raccoon, Hudson Seal, and Nutria. The materials are exceptional—Wool Velour, Silvertone, Crystal Cord, Velour du Nord, etc. These coats were intended for some of the most exclusive shops, where high prices are the rule. Fortunately, we are able to offer them at the nominal price of

Regular Price up to $95
35.00

Greatest Dress Value Ever Offered

About 500 Serge, Taffeta, Crepe Meteor, and Wool Velour Dresses, comprising every desirable new Spring model—a most remarkable bargain, considering that the material and trimmings cost more wholesale than the price at which they are offered by us. The assortment is very large, every shade is represented—Black, Blue, Burgundy, Taupe, Reindeer, Brown, Green and Navy—no one will be disappointed. All sizes, 14 to 44. Most sensational bargains at

Regular Price up to $39.75
12.95

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & Co
34th Street—New York

Exceptional Offering Monday

Smart Evening Gowns

For Women and Misses

Draped model of Chiffon Velvet with net sleeves; Rose, Turquoise, Maize, Nile, Orchid, Sapphire, Emerald, Gray, Copper and Black.

Special 35.00

Other charming models developed in Tulle, Brocaded Silk, Chiffon Velvet and Charmeuse, expressing Fashion's latest style-notes.

55.00 78.00 125.00

35.00

Special Values in
Women's and Misses' Box Coat Suits

Strictly tailored Box-Cloth Suit of Velour Cloth, in smart vestee effect.
Special 29.75

Nutria Fur Collar Suit of superior Velour Cloth in desirable colors.
Special 39.75

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & Co
34th Street—New York

Clearance Sale Tomorrow (Monday)

Women's and Misses' Coats

At a Very
Attractive Price
(Two Illustrated)

Straight-line models; also the favored Coat-Wrap in superior Velour Cloth in the season's prevailing shades, with handsome collars of Nutria, Raccoon or Seal. Full lined and warmly interlined.

Regular Values to 59.75

Reduced to

38.00

38.00

About 375 Fur-Trimmed Coats

For Women and Misses

Of Superior Velour Cloth with large collars of Raccoon, Seal and Ringtail. Full lined and warmly interlined.

Values 37.50 to 45.00

28.00

The Entire Stock of Higher-Cost Coats

At Extraordinary Price Reductions

DECLARES DRY DATE WILL BE JAN. 16, 1920

Dinwiddie Quotes Laws to Show Secretary of State's Certificate Is Unnecessary.

PLAN TO PRESERVE BREWERY

Ruppert Expects Beer to Come Back Within Three Years—Rental Loss from Prohibition.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—That the prohibition amendment to the Federal Constitution will take effect one year from the date of its ratification by Nebraska, the thirty-sixth State, on Jan. 16, and not one year after the Secretary of State issues a proclamation declaring that three-fourths of the States have ratified the amendment, is the view held by Edwin C. Dinwiddie, National Legislative Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League and Allied Temperance Organizations, and other prohibition leaders.

"I hold this view," said Mr. Dinwiddie today: "First, because the Constitution, which is all controlling, specifically says in Article V. that amendments properly proposed by Congress shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States.' If it had been intended that the incorporation of an amendment into the Constitution should not be complete until the Secretary of State should so announce, Article V. would have contained a clause following the one just quoted, like this: 'And upon the proclamation thereof by the Secretary of State.'

"Secondly, the Secretary of State, as will be seen by reference to Section 205 of the Revised Statutes, is simply charged with the duty of proclaiming the fact of ratification. His act is not needed to complete the ratification. All amendments and previous proclamations announcing the adoption of amendments to the Federal Constitution have not attempted to fix the day on which they have become valid, but have simply announced the fact that they have become valid as part of the Constitution.

"Section 205 R. S. reads:

"'Whenever official notice is received at the Department of State that any amendment proposed to the Constitution of the United States has been adopted, according to the provisions of the Constitution, the Secretary of State shall forthwith cause the amendment to be published in the newspapers authorized to promulgate the law with his certificate, specifying the States by which the same may have been adopted, and that the same has become valid, to all intents and purposes, as a part of the Constitution of the United States.'

"Third, in the proclamations of the Secretary of State, care has been taken to name in one paragraph the States which have ratified up to the number of three-fourths of all the States, and the following paragraph proclaims the fact of such proportion to the whole number of States in the Union; and when additional States beyond the required three-fourths have ratified the amendment, this fact has been set forth in additional paragraphs in the proclamation. The proclamation itself follows the law of Congress in Section 205, R. S., just quoted, and simply states that the amendment has become valid and in no wise has attempted to fix the date. The reasonable theory is that this date is absolutely fixed by Article V. of the Constitution itself."

Mr. Dinwiddie insists that there is no basis for the claim of the liquor men that this amendment must be submitted to a vote of the people of the twenty-two States which have some form of referendum.

"Without going into the question exhaustively," he said, "there are two overmastering reasons why a referendum under State laws cannot be had on the vote of a State Legislature ratifying an amendment to the Federal Constitution. There are two ways of submitting amendments to the Federal Constitution and also two ways by which they may be adopted. There is absolutely no way under our present Constitution for the people directly either to propose amendments or ratify them when proposed.

"The XVIIIth Amendment was proposed by Congress by the two-thirds vote required by the Constitution. Congress specified, as it could and must do under the Constitution, whether the ratification should be by the Legislatures of the States or by conventions in the States called for that purpose. It specified the Legislatures, as had been done in the case of the seventeen preceding amendments. It is absolutely beyond the power of any State to change the form of the amendment thus submitted by Congress or the method by which it shall be adopted. The States can ratify or reject as submitted, but they cannot add to or take from what Congress has proposed.

"The Constitution in Article V. says that amendments so submitted by Congress shall be valid, &c., 'when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States.' It is absolutely beyond the power of a State to attach another or supplemental condition to its Legislature's ratification of a Federal amendment by the requirement of a referendum to the voters of the State.

"Under the conditions and my view of the Constitution these efforts on the part of the liquor forces will not even delay for a day—much less defeat—nation-wide prohibition, though they may afford the retained legal lights of the traffic an opportunity to continue the milking process so long enjoyed and so reluctantly released."

Pin Faith on Future Beer.

George E. Ruppert, Vice President of the Jacob Ruppert Brewery Company announced yesterday that he felt confident that no more than three years would elapse before the manufacture of beer would again be allowed. Therefore, he said, his concern has decided to keep the plant intact, using it in the meantime for the manufacture of kumyss, a milk preparation.

"Today we are organizing a company known as the Kumyss Incorporated Company, of which concern Jacob Ruppert will be President and Dr. E. F. Brush Vice President," he added. "The preparation will be manufactured at the Ruppert Brewery plant immediately. Some new machinery will be installed, though most of the old brewery equipment can be used. We will keep all of our old employes and intend to start an extensive advertising campaign for the sale of the milk product."

Representatives of real estate interests said that in New York City about 10,000 stores, yielding $10,000,000 annually in rentals and upward of $6,000,000 in excise revenues to the city, would shut down within a year as the result of the prohibition amendment. Edward P. Doyle, Chairman of the Committee on City Budget of the Real Estate Board of New York, said:

"'It will mean a loss of $10,000,000, directly and indirectly, in rentals throughout the city, or a capital loss of $125,000,000, and an increase of taxes, through the abandonment of licenses, of $6,000,000. This will add between eleven and twelve points to the tax rate.

Frank Bailey, Vice President of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, said he believed prohibition would have even a more serious effect in Brooklyn than in Manhattan. He felt sure that the depreciation of real estate from the dry law would be severe and continuous.

The assertion that Theodore Roosevelt was favorable to prohibition was made yesterday by Andrew B. Wood, Assistant Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League. He quoted the Rev. Ferdinand C. Iglehart, D. D., contributing editor of The Christian Herald, as saying "the Colonel expressed himself as favoring the amendment," and produced a letter, dated Dec. 19, 1917, the day after Congress took final action in submitting the amendment to the States, in which Colonel Roosevelt wrote Dr. Iglehart as follows:

"I thank you for your book and appreciate your sending it to me, and I wish to congratulate you on what has happened in Congress and the success that is crowning your long fight against alcoholism. The American saloon has been one of the most mischievous elements in American social, political, and industrial life. No man has warred more valiantly against it than you have, and I am glad that it has been my privilege to stand with you in the contest."

SHIP WHISKY AS MUSTARD.

Authorities Seek Men Here Who Packed Cases for Virginia.

Deputies from the office of William H. Edwards, Internal Revenue Collector for the Wall Street District, are scouring the city in search of two prosperously attired Southerners who are wanted to answer the charge of having attempted to smuggle ten cases of whiskey into Virginia, a dry State.

The would-be smugglers carefully laid plans went astray when one of the cases, bearing the label of a well known brand of mustard, fell from a truck in front of the Old Dominion Line pier, and scattered demijohns and bottles over the concrete pavement.

Samuel Armour, a truck driver, with ten cases labeled "Mustard" and assigned to N. S. Horton Company, Norfolk, Va., was about to drive out on the Old Dominion Line pier when one of the cases fell off the truck and revealed its contents.

In a very few minutes the glad tidings spread and there was a small-sized riot as the crowd fought for the precious stuff. Patrolman Carns, on duty on the pier, with considerable difficulty, scattered the fighting crowd after several bottles had disappeared, and then commandeered the truck and its contents, taking them and the driver to the police station.

Immediately the police and revenue agents started an investigation. Armour, the truckman, said that he received the ten cases from another truckman, and was paid $5 for his trouble. Revenue agents found this truckman, who said that he was employed by an importer at 427 West Broadway. This truckman said that while driving down West Houston Street he was stopped by two well-dressed men who spoke with a Southern accent, and asked if he would cart ten cases which were stored in a packing box factory at West and West Houston Streets. He got the cases, he said, and turned them over to Armour, who had a truckman's license to go on the pier.

Pursuing their investigations further, revenue agents interviewed the owners of the packing box factory, who said that one morning recently the two Southerners entered the yard and bought the ten packing cases, saying they would pack the stuff in the yard as they did not want to dirty the floor.

The only clear description of the men other than the Southern accent was that one of them wore a diamond of big proportions, and that both were well supplied with money.

Must Vote Again on Prohibition.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 18.—The Michigan Legislature must again act upon the Prohition Amendment to the Federal Constitution, in the opinion of Secretary of State Vaughan, who ruled late today that failure of the Legislature to pass upon the exact wording of the resolution makes its ratification void.

Interference in Luxemburg Denied.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—At General Headquarters of the American Expeditionary Forces an official denial is made of the story printed in some American newspapers that the American Army en its entry into Luxemburg suppressed a movement directed against the existing Government. When the troops entered Luxemburg General Pershing issued a proclamation setting forth the reasons for the occupation, and assuring the inhabitants that the American Army would not interfere in the internal affairs of the duchy.

SEES NEED OF WARSHIPS.

Admiral Mayo Regrets Seeing Them Turned Into Transports.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18.—Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commander of the American Atlantic fleet, speaking last night before the fourteenth annual Poor Richard Club Franklin Day banquet, questioned the wisdom of converting battleships into transports to bring men back from France.

"Armistice does not spell peace," he declared. "If this great war ends without difficulties following, it will be different from any other war, and we may need our battleships at any time. The idea that the only thing to do now is to get the boys back quick is all wrong.

"The matter is settled now and we must leave the direction of these matters to wiser heads than mine, but this making of the battleships over into transports I very much regret.

"If you knew how great a task it is to get a battleship prepared for war and to train and equip a crew you would know how terrible a blow it is to the navy to have two-thirds of the crews taken off the ships, and have them torn apart and sent to transporting soldiers."

Out-of-Town Mail or Telephone Orders Filled, If Received Promptly

1879 **Best & Co.** 1919

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street

Established 1879

3 Most Important Events for Boys Monday & Tuesday in the 40th ANNIVERSARY SALES

Our Annual

Boys' Wash Suit Event

JANUARY is the time that mothers buy three boys' wash suits for the price of two. Every mother who has had anything to do with Best & Co.'s wash suits knows their points of superiority, knows how they go into the wash and how THEY COME OUT, NOT A BIT THE WORSE IN COLOR OR IN SHAP

The fabrics are most carefully tested and the details of workmanship, such as wide seams, binding, durable waistbands, buttonholes, and buttons, are all so carefully made and of such dependable quality that the suits will only be discarded when they are outgrown.

For 40 years we have made Boys' Clothes. We know what styles are best and the assortments included in this event are wide.

Not only is new merchandise from regular stock offered, but broken sizes of our best assortments and discontinued styles and suits soiled in handling, all go into this collection.

Although the quantity of suits is large, our response to this advertisement is always so heavy that we advise an early selection by those who would provide their Summer supply at once.

Junior Norfolks---Middies---Novelties---Smock Suits

Sizes 2 to 10 years.

At 2.70 — *Heretofore* 3.95 *to* 5.45 — **6 for 15.50**

At 4.10 — *Heretofore* 5.50 *to* 7.50 — **6 for 23.75**

Sizes 2 to 4—4th floor; sizes 4 up—5th floor.

Large Reductions in

Boys' Winter Clothing

At the original prices this clothing, all wool and made in our own shops, was the finest of its class and the best value in New York.

THIS department, one of the first to be established, is now one of the largest in this great store and is participating fittingly in this extraordinary January Sale.

You can now supply your boy with clothing backed by Best & Co.'s unquestioned standing of 40 years of experience at *extraordinary reductions* from our already low prices.

ALL WOOL CURLY WORSTED OVERCOATS *for boys 2 to 8 yrs. Heretofore 16.50* **12.50**

ALL WOOL OVERCOATS *for boys 2 to 10 yrs. Heretofore 19.50* **14.50**

ALL WOOL MACKINAWS *for boys 6 to 18 yrs. Heretofore 18.50* **14.50**

ALL WOOL OVERCOATS Military and Aviator Models *for boys 4 to 10 yrs. Heretofore 28.50* **19.50**

ALL WOOL OVERCOATS *for boys 8 to 16 yrs. Heretofore 28.50* **22.50**

ALL WOOL KNICKER SUITS *for boys 8 to 18 yrs. Heretofore 22.50 & 24.50* **19.50**

STUDENTS' SUITS & OVERCOATS *Sizes: Suits, 13 to 20 yrs.; Overcoats, 15 to 20 yrs. Heretofore 28.50* **22.50**

ALL WOOL KNICKER SUITS Made from *19.50 & 22.50* fabrics *for boys 7 to 18 yrs.* **Special 16.50**

Fifth Floor.

1750 Boys' New Shirts & Blouses

.94

Regular 1.45 & 1.65 Grade

FAST color, 1,750 of them, in new Spring shades and designs.

Made of woven and printed madrases and shirtings of the fine quality which particular mothers think it worth while to search for.

Shirts with French cuffs and neckbands. *Sizes 12 to 14½.*

Blouses with collars attached or neckbands. *Sizes 7 to 14 years.*

First Floor

You Never Pay More at Best's

Mme. Kaigere de Paris

DAINTY LINGERIE WAISTS, EXQUISITE CHILDREN'S DRESSES

New Address

611 Fifth Ave.

Cor. 49th St.

Leonard's

24 West 39th St.

Bet. 5th and 6th Aves.

Maternity Apparel

Expressing simplicity, fashioned on graceful and simple lines, and presenting exclusive models.

JANUARY CLEARANCE

Extraordinary Reductions

Exclusive Models Made on the Premises

Silk Dresses Crepe de chine, Satin or Taffeta **27.50** *Formerly $42.50*

Fine Serge Dresses **22.50 and 29.50** *Formerly $39.50*

Skirts of fine serge, and other fabrics **9.75** *Formerly to $16.50*

The garments are so designed that they may be worn with comfort through the entire period, as well as when the figure is normal. The prices are especially moderate, for we make every garment on the premises.

Fashionable Models for All Occasions Ready-to-Wear or Made to Order

Out-of-Town Mail or Telephone Orders Filled, if Received Promptly.

1879 **Best & Co.** 1919

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street

Established 1879

Advance Spring and Midseason Fashions

Reductions Monday & Tuesday in Our 40th ANNIVERSARY SALES

Women's New Coats For Midseason & Late Winter

Special 39.00

For MIDSEASON—ALL WOOL BOLIVIA in Sea Sand, Reindeer, Taupe, Sage Grey, Alice, Copen, Lapin.

For LATE WINTER—Velour, Velour de Cashmere, Wool Duvetyn and Velour Imperial. A straight line model with Taupe Nutria; semi-fitted model with French Seal collar.

Sizes 32 to 42

Third Floor

Women's Hats of the New Season

10.00

Regular 15.00 grade

The second hat of the winter, whether it be worn here, journeying, or in the south, expresses an entirely different tone from the early winter hat.

These included styles, some of crepes and satins for immediate wear in this climate, and straws, lisere and Russian braids, for southern wear, show the best of the late French and American tendencies.

There are tailored dress and semi dress hats, special for Monday and Tuesday only. First Floor

At 40th Anniversary Prices

Regular Best & Co. Children's Underwear

THERE are two very important reasons for Best & Co.'s children's undermuslins being the best in the world. They are made of finer quality and heavier muslins than most others, and they are cut larger to the size than any other standard make in the country.

Notwithstanding this and their perfect shape, it is possible for us to offer them at this time at less than the current price for inferior undermuslins for reasons that we buy in such large quantities.

These were purchases at last Spring's prices, when the materials were selling at *from 25% to 30% lower* than at present.

PRINCESSE SLIPS with flounces and neck trimmed with lace. *Sizes 10 to 16 years. Heretofore 5.50.* **3.95**

KNICKER DRAWERS of cambric or muslins trimmed with embroidery. *Sizes 2 to 8 years.* **Special .50 .69 .89**

PRINCESSE SLIPS trimmed with embroidery. *Sizes 1 to 8 years.* **Special 1.00 & 1.50**

PAJAMAS—one piece outing flannel, warm and well made. Pink, or blue, trimmed with ribbon. *Sizes 10 to 14 years.* **Special 1.95**

STRAIGHT LEG DRAWERS of cambric or muslin, embroidery ruffle. *Sizes 6 to 16 years.* **Special .59 to .89**

Second Floor.

For the Younger Folk

Apparel of Certain Style for Days of Uncertain Weather

NEW SCOTCH GINGHAM FROCKS FOR MISSES. Scotch gingham dresses have always been good; these new frocks of genuine David and John Anderson ginghams give assurance of excellent wear as well as dainty chic. All the dainty shades, as well as red or black check with white. *Misses' sizes.* **Special 22.50**

SPRING TAILLEURS OF WOOL JERSEY FOR THE MISS will be worn this year in both dark and light shades. Here they are in our usual excellent assortment. One new model is shown with silk tricolette vest. *Misses' sizes.* **Special 59.00**

WARM VELOUR COATS FOR THE COLLEGE MISS. Quite magnificent with large roll collar and cuff of natural Raccoon fur, but extremely youthful too; good colorings. *Misses' sizes.* **Special 59.00**

Almost Half Price

Girls' Wool Mixture Coats

10.50

Heretofore 19.50

Smart models, very practical and warm, in mixtures and plain wool fabrics. *Sizes 8 to 16 years.*

Second Floor

Reductions on Discontinued Styles of

Children's Negligees

CHILDREN'S ROBES of soft zenana, that crinkling material woven from wool and silk. Scalloped embroidery edges or ribbon trimming. Light blue, lavender, pink. *Sizes 4 to 10 yrs. Heretofore* 17.95. **9.75**

GIRLS' CORDUROY ROBES in copen or rose. Two models, both good. *Sizes 8 to 12 yrs. Heretofore* 5.00 *to* 7.95 **3.95 to 5.00**

WOMEN'S BLANKET & EIDERDOWN ROBES—Just the quality for cold mornings and nights—made in attractive ribbon trimmed styles. *Heretofore* 6.95 *to* 10.95. **5.00 6.95 7.95**

Second Floor

You Never Pay More at Best's

SHOWS POLICE HOW HE KILLED GIRL

O'Donnell, After Confessing to Riddell Murder, Goes Over the Ground.

CORROBORATES HIS STORY

Place Where, He Said, He Struck Her Down, Had Blood on Ground.

CIGARETTE BUTT FOUND, TOO

Man Now Held by the Police for Homicide Admits Having Had Epileptic Fits.

Patrick O'Donnell, 30 years old, a porter, of 67 Lexington Avenue, who was arrested near Yonkers on Friday and accused of the murder of the young stenographer, Miss Mary Elizabeth Riddell, at Richmond Hill last Wednesday, made a confession yesterday, according to the police, and then took the police over the scene of the crime, pointing out where he had attacked the 17-year-old girl and then indicating where he had left the body.

The police had found blood stains at the place where O'Donnell said that he had first struck the girl. He asserted that he committed the deed on an impulse of the moment, and had found near at hand a heavy piece of iron spring. He led the police further to show where he had dragged the body, and stopped at a certain point to say that he had thrown away a cigarette there. The police had found a half-smoked cigarette just at this spot.

Then he went on further into the lot where the body had been found, and pointed to the exact spot where he had left his victim. His familiarity with the scene made it certain that his confession was true, according to the police.

O'Donnell said that he had a wife and three children, 11, 5, and 3 years old, but that he had quarreled with his family. He asserted that he had parents living in Brooklyn, but had gone to visit them on the night of the murder, but found no one at their home and was wandering about aimlessly when he happened upon the young woman. Under questioning, O'Donnell said that he had once been in a home for epileptics.

Marks were found on the man's hands, which had apparently been inflicted by the teeth of the girl in her struggle to escape from him.

Patrolling along Tuckahoe Road, near Central Avenue, in the eastern outskirts of Yonkers Friday shortly after daybreak, Policeman Gilmartin noticed a tall gaunt man, with shoulders hunched up and hands thrust deep in the pockets of a shabby overcoat, striding along in the rain and muttering. Gilmartin caught up with the stranger and after a brief conversation decided to lock him up on a charge of vagrancy.

Police Lieutenant Dennis Cooper, before whom the man was arraigned yesterday, had just finished entering the early morning walker as Patrick O'Donnell, 30 years old, of 67 Lexington Avenue, a porter employed by the Waterman Fountain Pen Company, 40 Fletcher Street, Manhattan, when the prisoner mumbled something which the police said sounded like "I did it." Cooper had been requested to be alert for any clue to the man who murdered Miss Riddell.

Picking up a newspaper containing a photograph of the dead girl, Cooper suddenly thrust it in front of the prisoner and demanded: "Why did you kill that girl?" O'Donnell stiffened, but said nothing. Lieutenant Cooper then said he asked O'Donnell if he didn't know the girl, and, according to the police version, the man said:

"That is the girl I struck with the iron." O'Donnell, say the Yonkers authorities, then gave a fragmentary account of the killing. He was arraigned before City Judge Bleakley in Yonkers Court, while, responding to notification sent to Police Headquarters here, Assistant District Attorney Edgar M. Hazleton, Second Assistant District Attorney William F. Ryan, Police Captain Carey of the Homicide Bureau, and a score of detectives started for Yonkers.

His Story of Murder.

After Mr. Hazleton had questioned O'Donnell, he said the man volunteered to make a confession in writing. Excerpts from O'Donnell's signed statement as furnished by the Assistant District Attorney are:

"On Tuesday night, Jan. 14, I went to go to my father's home in DeKalb Avenue Brooklyn. On Wednesday morning at about 11 o'clock, having spent the night previous in walking about the streets, I got to my father's house. About noon I left, walked around the streets a little while, and then took a DeKalb Avenue car and obtained a transfer. I think I have the transfer in my pocket now—no, I guess I lost it. I took some trolley car to Richmond Hill, getting there about 6 o'clock. I walked around Richmond Hill toward a wooded parklike section and was walking up a street that had a cement sidewalk, when a girl dressed with a long coat and wearing a large, dark hat came walking along the same street toward me.

"I had found a piece of iron in one of the streets and I had it under my coat as the girl approached me. When I came to her I took the iron from under my coat ad hit her once on the head and she fell. Then I took her by the arms and pulled her into the park and hit her on the head again with the iron. I carried the iron with me when I pulled the girl into the park. I then left the body, took a trolley to Brooklyn, went over the Williamsburg Bridge. There I took a Third Avenue car intending to go home, but didn't."

The arrival of O'Donnell at the scene of the crime and his subsequent arraignment in the Richmond Hill police station possessed unusually dramatic features. When Mr. Hazleton, with O'Donnell, drove up to the place where Miss Riddell was struck down, a little knot of citizens stood on the sidewalk overlooking the vacant lot, still discussing the latest move of the case. It was in their presence, Mr. Hazleton says, that O'Donnell pointed out the various locations, all within a radius of 100 feet, that figured in the murder. After he had done this he fell into a fit.

When the automobile reached the police station a crowd of several hundred were massed about the entrance to the building. In some unknown manner word had spread through Richmond Hill that the murderer was being brought to the station house and hundreds flocked to the building. There were hisses and catcalls as O'Donnell was half lifted, half dragged from the car, but there was no display of open hostility toward him. With Assistant District Attorney Ryan supporting him on one side and Detective Krummel on the other he was hustled into the building and taken at once to the private office of Captain John Barnes, commander of the precinct. Policemen had to be sent outside to drive away those who persisted in staring through the windows in the hope of catching sight of the prisoner.

After Dr. Ballin had revived O'Donnell the latter was questioned about the iron bar that he said he hid under his coat before striking down Miss Riddell. He also told how he struck her a second time after carrying her into the lot.

"Would you know the bar again if you saw it?" he was asked.

"Of course I would," he replied.

"What's this?" asked Detective Caputo, drawing from behind his back a piece of iron which was picked up only a few feet from Miss Riddell's body. It is part of an old wagon spring. Caputo produced at the same time a thinner bar which was found in another part of the lot.

"It's that one," instantly replied O'Donnell.

The bar, when found, bore no blood stains, but this is due to the fact, the police believed, that Miss Riddell was struck over the hat which she wore. O'Donnell then described the clothes the girl had on when she met her death, the officers say. No description of these garments has been published at any time, but they declare he described her garments correctly. He readily identified the garments taken from the girl's body as those she wore when, as he insisted, he slew her. Asked for an explanation of his crime, he said:

"If I hadn't been drunk I never would have done it," he declared, according to his inquisitors.

"In my opinion we have the right man, and I do not believe that he is lying," declared Assistant District Attorney Hazleton last night. "O'Donnell knows too much about the murder to have gained his information from the newspapers, as we at first thought to be the case. The man knew things that had never been published. He is now under arrest on a charge of homicide, and will be arraigned in the morning."

Inquiry at the Waterman office where O'Donnell and his wife worked showed that on Wednesday they did not leave until 8:45 o'clock. Witnesses were found who said they saw O'Donnell at work during those hours when, according to his volunteered confession, he was in Richmond Hill. Investigating the transfer which O'Donnell said he lost, the police said that a similar ticket was picked up near where the body was found.

Wrist Watch Found.

Another development yesterday was the recovery of a wrist watch thought to have been worn by the girl when she was killed. Beyond stating that the watch had been found in a Bronx pawn shop and that the dealer had furnished a good description of the man who had pledged it, the police declined to give any details. It was ascertained, however, that none of the members of the Riddell family had been able to positively identify the timepiece.

Another attack on a young woman within a half a mile of the spot where Miss Riddell was murdered was reported to the Richmond Hill Station yesterday. The victim was Mrs. Dora Arnople, wife of Samuel Arnople, a fruit dealer, living at 519 Jerome Avenue, Morris Park, Queens. She was found unconscious on the front step of the home of William A. Sullivan, 1 Linden Place, on Friday night, when Sullivan got up to investigate the sound of a fall. When Mrs. Arnople was revived she said:

"I left my house intending to go to the store at the corner of Linden Place and Wicka Street. As I crossed the vacant lot opposite the store a tall man in a long black overcoat approached me and grabbed me by the arm. I struck at him and he struck me and threw me to the ground. I didn't scream: instead I got up and fought so that he ran away. The excitement made me shaky and I fell on Mrs. Sullivan's stoop."

First Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Leach announced last night that police dogs had been assigned to patrol the sparsely settled sections of Richmond Hill. Following issuance of the order construction of kennels was begun.

FINDS ENGINEER MURDERED.

Janitor Discovers Body in Victim's Thirtieth Street Apartment.

Winfield Scott Philhower, 58 years old, an electrical machinist and expert on time clocks, was found murdered in a rear parlor of his bachelor apartment in the Smithsonian Apartments, 148 West Thirtieth Street, at noon yesterday, by the janitor, who had noticed lights burning in the machinist's rooms. The body was lying on the floor, fully clothed, death having been caused by stabs in the head inflicted with a sword-bayonet, part of a collection of antique weapons which hung in the hall admitting to the back parlor.

Philhower had evidently defended himself against his assailant with an old fashioned policeman's leather blackjack, also a part of the wall collection. This was found on the floor, slashed in several places as if by the keen-edged bayonet. Things were topsyturvy in the room, but Captain Ward of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station found no evidence that the struggle had been carried on elsewhere in the apartment.

ALLIES TO ALLOT GERMAN SHIPS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Armistice Commission, and were the first civilian deliberations between the Germans and the representatives of the associated Governments since the conclusion of hostilities. They were marked by a less formal spirit than the strictly military deliberations of the Armistice Commissioners.

Edward N. Hurley, head of the American Shipping Board, presided over the sessions. Philip Heineken of the North German Lloyd Company was the leading figure in the German delegation of ten.

Marshal Foch planned to have the agreement drafted and signed at one short meeting, but the shipping experts found this to be impossible. Three meetings, lasting over midnight on Thursday and several hours into Friday, were necessary for the discussion of the details. Another meeting is planned to be held toward the end of the month.

To Furnish Coal and Stores.

The delegates of the associated Governments proposed that the Germans furnish the coal and the ships' stores. The Germans protested that this was impossible, specifying the lubricants particularly as something they were unable to furnish. It was finally arranged that the Germans should furnish the coal and the stores and take the steamers to ports designated by the Allies, who will then take them over and man them.

The Germans stated that the steamers were in condition for immediate service, having been kept in repair by the skeleton crews maintained aboard them during the war.

The agreement for the renewal of the German armistice signed by Marshal Foch, Admiral Browning and the German Armistice Commissioners on Thursday provided for the renewal of the armistice from time to time after the month for which the extension runs, until the conclusion of peace, subject to the approval of the allied Governments.

The terms of the renewal include a clause by which the allied command reserves the right to occupy that part of the Strasbourg defenses comprised by the forts on the eastern bank of the Rhine and a strip of territory from three to six miles beyond. Other clauses provide for the substitution for supplementary railroad material, fixed at 500 locomotives and 19,000 cars by the protocol of Dec. 17, by large quantities of industrial and agricultural implements, and give control of Russian prisoners in Germany to allied and associated delegates for repatriation. German headquarters at Berlin will act in collaboration with the allied and associated relief organizations in this phase of the work.

The naval clauses provide that all submarines must be turned over, including all submarine cruisers, mine layers, sweepers, salvage ships, and floating docks for submarines. They also stipulate that the building of all submarines must cease and those on the stocks must be dismantled or destroyed under allied supervision.

Germany undertakes to turn over all allied ships still detained in German ports. The clause providing that Germany shall place her mercantile marine at the disposal of the Allies in return for food supplies says that the agreement in no way affects the final disposal of those ships.

Foch Accepts Cry of "Famine."

Marshal Foch, according to The Matin, will immediately break off the armistice with Germany if the conditions of the armistice are not fulfilled. The allied Commander in Chief, the paper adds, does not believe that the Germans exaggerate when they cry "Famine." The situation of the populations of Austria and Prussia, the Marshal is quoted as saying, is near the starvation point.

Germany still possesses an army, the Marshal declared, but the Allies hold the Rhine, which constitutes a formidable strategical barrier. Marshal Foch is said to have declared that he did not believe that a Bolshevist invasion through Germany to France was possible.

The Allies have received formal assurance, it is declared in an official note, that on Dec. 1 there were no German prisons, fortresses, prisoners' camps, or any other place in which officers or soldiers of the Entente were kept shut up or from which they were forbidden to send news of themselves. Since the armistice no allied subject remains in prison, either as a penalty or to await trial.

The commander of the neutral zone east of the Rhine in the region of Duisburg, Rhenish Prussia, announces that allied troops will occupy the harbors and landing places on the right bank of the Rhine. Duisburg will be occupied by two companies of troops.

German Officials Protest.

BERLIN, Jan. 17. (Associated Press.)—Chiefs of departments in the German Government, and especially the Ministers of Commerce and of Trade, protest against acceptance by the German delegates of the latest armistice conditions, the fulfillment of which, they declare, "means for Germany the organized preparation of starvation."

The Minister of Commerce and Labor, according to the Tageblatt, declares that Germany will be unable to replace the agricultural machinery taken, because Germany lacks necessary metals, coal, and trained laborers. He says German agriculture will be crippled if the machines are delivered to the Allies.

The Boersen Courier says that Food Minister Wurm declared that he first learned of the conditions through the press, and that he could not accept responsibility for the consequences.

The Tageblatt asks in an editorial: "Where are justice and humanity which were to dictate peace? We behold always force, and only force, and the German people, after such great physical and mental sufferings, are delivered over to destruction."

GERMAN EYES ON AMERICA.

Expect Credits from Us and Many Want to Start Afresh Here.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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THE HAGUE, Jan. 18.—Discussing the question of Americans granting credits to Germany, the Frankfurter Zeitung reports that a member of the Armistice Commission who is in uch with Americans and who was with Hoover in Brussels said that the granting of foreign credits was looked upon skeptically in America. He said that the granting of such credits to Germany was under lively discussion, but there was at present a cooling off in the attitude toward Germany, which would compel the people to wait. If the Entente succeeds in putting through a program against the ideas of President Wilson, it is hardly to be assumed, says the newspaper, that American business men will want to do business with an enthralled Germany, even if involving little risk.

In the foreground of the whole discussion about Germany, continues the paper, is the future problem of emigration. Even today, it says, a big influx of experienced German workmen is counted upon in America, and the people are surprised that the question has not been discussed in Germany. America is represented as suffering from an increasing lack of workmen, as many Slavs are returning to Europe and there is still great opposition to the employment of coolies.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that the question as to whether and how soon America will allow German citizens to enter the United States is already eagerly discussed in many circles in Germany. Many business men think America the only place to start afresh, and many wish to visit relatives in America.

GERMANS PREPARE TO RESIST POLES

Government Forming Two Armies to Protect Frontiers, Despite Soviet Opposition.

PEOPLE APPEAL TO WILSON

Silesians Want President to Prevent Czech Invasion—Paderewski's Polish Ministry Popular.

BERLIN, Jan. 17. (Associated Press.)—The German Government is reported to be organizing two armies for the purpose of counteracting an invasion by the Poles, who already are threatening Brandenburg. Forces in West Prussia will be under the command of General von Quast, while an army in Silesia will be commanded by Field Marshal von Woyrsch.

Volunteers are joining the colors in great numbers at Koenigsberg to protect the boundaries of East Prussia from Bolshevist aggression and against the Poles.

Declaring that the eastern frontier will soon be lost unless the Germans awake to the danger, the Lokal-Anzeiger says: "The Poles have fallen upon our fellow-countrymen like vandals. They have proclaimed martial law and have utterly abolished German administration. Indications are that Bromberg will soon be in possession of the Poles."

The newspaper declares that 800,000 Germans in Posen are being prevented by the Poles from arranging for elections to the National Assembly.

Proclamations regarding the "advancing Polish Army" are being issued by the Poles, who also have regular war reports. In the meantime, the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council at Essen reported to have forbidden agitation for the raising of troops for home defense, and the Brunswick Government has forbidden their transportation in that section and is said to have disarmed many of them. At a meeting at Breslau, it was reported that the Czechs had an army of 500,000 men on the border, threatening an invasion.

Polish troops, numbering eighteen divisions, are said to be about to invade upper Silesia. Lemberg reports state that the people of the threatened districts have formulated an appeal to President Wilson, asking for protection against the Czechs. The appeal points out that their country has been overwhelmingly German since the thirteenth century and has been a part of Germany since 1742. Of its 170,000 inhabitants, the appeal says, only 5,000 speak the Czech language. Mr. Wilson is asked to prevent the forcible annexation of their country by the Czechs, saying that such an annexation would be in violation of the principles of elementary justice and "would help sow the seeds of a new war."

Paderewski Cabinet Popular.

WARSAW, Jan. 17. (Associated Press.)—The Polish Ministry formed by Ignace Jan Paderewski apparently meets with the approval of all parties except the Radical Socialists, who have threatened a general strike if the Paderewski Ministry holds office until the elections to the National Assembly, which are planned for the middle of February.

The new Cabinet represents most of the parties in German, Russian, and Austrian Poland. Bankers of Posen or German Poland, have placed 100,000,000 marks at the disposal of the new Government.

M. English, a banker of Posen, assumed office today as Minister of Finance. M. Pederewski will take charge of the Foreign Office tomorrow, with the assistance of five Under Secretaries of State. Food Minister Minkes of the old Cabinet remains at his post.

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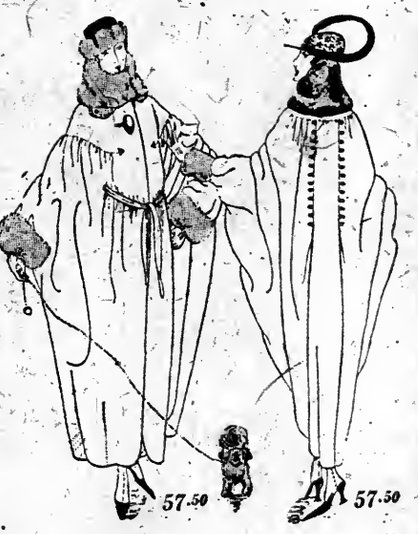
Entire Collections Women's and Misses' Highly Fashionable Garments

Superb Velour Coats
large shawl collar of Nutria or Seal
Swagger models, lined throughout with attractively designed silks and warmly interlined. 35.00 were 57.50

Dolman and Wrap Coats
Sumptuous collars and cuffs of Nutria or Seal.
Latest modes in all favored colors, including Henna.
Completely lined with gorgeous silks, and warmly interlined. 57.50 were to 97.50

Extra Large Size Coats
Sizes from 43 to 55.
Black and fashionable colors.
39.50 49.50 57.50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Of Velour de Laine in pastel shades.
Of Silk Velour du Nord with fur.
Of Velvet--Taffeta--Satin--Duvetyne.
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Possessing all the earmarks of finest custom tailoring.
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Artistically draped, exquisitely beaded; an extensive selection of models.
19.75 25.00 35.00

150 Charming Dresses & Gowns
For Street, Afternoon and Evening Wear
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SAVINGS of ONE-FOURTH to ONE-THIRD

Coats and Wraps

Regular Grade	Sale	Regular Grade	Sale
$1500.00 Mink Wrap	$1100.00	$295.00 Hudson Seal Coats (Squirrel Trim)	$245.00
1850.00 Ermine Wrap	1100.00	350.00 Hudson Seal Coats (Skunk Trimmed)	295.00
1500.00 Kolinsky Wrap	895.00	295.00 Nutria Coats	225.00
850.00 Mole Wrap—Ermine Trimmed	595.00	225.00 Nutria Coats	195.00
650.00 Mole Coat—Lynx Trimmed	450.00	195.00 Nutria Coats	155.00
850.00 Mole Wrap (Model)	650.00	175.00 Muskrat Coats	145.00
650.00 Taupe Squirrel Wrap	525.00	145.00 Muskrat Coats	125.00
650.00 Caracul Coat—Kolinsky Trimmed	495.00	95.00 Marmot Coats	75.00
225.00 Hudson Seal Coats	195.00		

Capes—Neckwear and Muffs

Regular Grade	Sale	Regular Grade	Sale
$250.00 Skunk Cape	$195.00	$125.00 Fox Sets	$95.00
195.00 Skunk Cape	145.00	110.00 Fox Sets	85.00
150.00 Skunk Cape	125.00	95.00 Wolf Sets	75.00
375.00 Kolinsky Cape	275.00	75.00 Wolf Sets	55.00
250.00 Kolinsky Stole	175.00	65.00 Skunk Scarfs	55.00
295.00 Kolinsky Squirrel Cape	225.00	55.00 Skunk Scarfs	45.00
250.00 Mole Coatee	195.00	45.00 Skunk Muffs	35.00
175.00 Mole Cape Stole	125.00	35.00 Taupe Nutria Scarfs	29.50
175.00 Mink Cape	125.00	30.00 Taupe Nutria Muffs	25.00

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Radically Reduced Tomorrow
High Class, Fur Trimmed
COATS

14.90 Formerly to $29.50

19.90 Formerly to $40.00

29.90 Formerly to $55.00

Wool Velour
Silvertone Bolivia
Broadcloth Pom Pom
Handsomely Fur Trimmed

LOSS OF $10,000,000 IN YEAR OF TRANSIT

Companies' Books Show Decrease of Net Income in New York Due to the War.

NOT DUE TO HIGH SALARIES

Increased Wages, Coal, and Taxes Changed a Surplus in 1914 to a Deficit in 1918.

Mayor Hylan frequently has asserted that, if it were not for the high salaries and high rentals paid by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the New York Railways Company, they would not find it necessary to ask for the subways and elevated an eight-cent fare and for the surface lines a five-cent fare, with a three-cent transfer. The Mayor also has suggested that a cut in salaries and rentals would enable both corporations to run along pretty smoothly now, even at the increased cost of operating expenses brought about by war conditions.

Here are figures from the companies' books for the five months ended November, 1914, and for the five months ended November, 1918. As to the Interborough the percentage of operating expenses to gross operating revenue for the five months ended November, 1914, was 39.04 per cent. The percentage of operating expenses to gross operating revenue for the five months ended November, 1918, was 61.02 per cent. In other words, it cost the Interborough, which operates the subways and the elevated, a little more than 39 cents out of every dollar it took in to operate its lines for the five months ended November, 1914, and a little more than 61 cents for the five months ended Nov. 30, 1918. For the five months ended November, 1914, the ratio of taxes to gross operating revenues was 6.48 per cent, while for the five months ended Nov. 30, 1918, it was 9 73 per cent.

The gross operating revenue for the five months of 1918 was $18,170,955. If the same conditions had then prevailed as in those same months in 1914 the operating expenses—39.04 per cent.—would have been $6,313,133, leaving a net operating revenue of $9,857,902. Taxes amounting to $1,044,642 would have cut this to $8,813,160, and to this would be added a nonoperating income of $233,459, making a total income of $9,046,619. From this would have to be deducted interest, rental, and other charges of $7,230,485, leaving a net income of $1,816,136.

But under the 1918 conditions the result shows a deficit of $2,266,527. Consequently the change from 1914 to 1918 shows a total decrease in net income of $4,082,663 for five months, which is at the rate of nearly $10,000,000 a year.

Higher Wages and Coal.

The comparison of the two items of wages and coal for the periods shows startling differences. For the five months ended Nov. 30, 1914, the Interborough paid for wages $3,111,360. For the five months ended Nov. 30, 1918, the company paid $6,741,611. For the five months ended Nov. 30, 1914, the company paid for coal $390,824. For the same period in 1918 it paid $1,525,796. But in 1918 the company operated 22 per cent. more car miles. Deducting the increase in wages and coal due to the increase in mileage the five months ended Nov. 30, 1918, compared with the same months in 1914, showed these increases: Wages, due to increased rates of pay, $2,561,613, and coal, due to higher price per ton, $626,993, a total increase of $3,182,606.

An examination of the conditions confronting the surface lines for the five months ended Nov. 30, 1914, as compared with the same months in 1918 showed that high rentals and high salaries cut small figure in the condition in which the surface lines find themselves. If the war had not intervened, and the company could have had the benefit of the normal cost of service, operating expenses, and taxes, such as prevailed in 1914, the New York Railways Company would be in what the examiner called a "seaworthy" condition, and, in any event, would have been able to meet its fixed charges, consisting of rentals for the use of leased properties and the interest on its prior lien bonds, as well as having something left to pay in interest on its 5 per cent. second mortgage income bonds.

This was shown by a comparison of the five months ended Nov. 30, 1918, with the same months of 1914. This comparison showed that, applying to the actual operating revenue collected under the car-miles run in 1918 the same ratio of cost (operating expenses and taxes) existing during the same five months of 1914, the situation, as to the surface railways, would be: The 1914 and 1918 operating revenue was practically the same, $4,018,972. For the five months ended Nov. 30, 1918, the operating expenses were $3,536,876, the ratio to revenue being 76.57 per cent. For the five months in 1914 the operating expenses were $2,889,167, the ratio to revenue being 62.55 per cent. This means an increase in operating expenses of $647,500, with a ratio to revenue of 14.02.

The taxes for 1918 amounted to $518,882, with a ratio of revenue of 11.23 per cent. The taxes for to revenue of 7.68 per cent., showing an increase in taxes for the period of $164,145, with a ratio to revenue of 3.55 per cent. The total operating expenses and taxes for the period in 1918 were $4,055, 558, with a ratio to revenue of 87 80 per cent. The total operating expenses and taxes for the 1914 period were $3,243,804, with a ratio to revenue of 70.23, showing an increase in operating expenses and taxes in 1918 over $4,055,558, with a ratio to revenue of of 17.57 per cent.

Decrease in Net Income.

It was found that the net income from street railway operations for the five months ended Nov. 30, 1918, amounted to $563,414, with a ratio to revenue of 12.20 per cent. Net income for the five months ended Nov. 30, 1914, was $1,375,068, with a ratio to revenue of 29.77 per cent., showing a decrease in net income of $811,654, with a ratio to revenue of 17.57 per cent. The nonoperating income for the 1918 and 1914 periods was the same—$219,366.

Therefore, the gross income for the 1918 period was $782,780, while the gross income for the 1914 period was $1,594,434, showing a falling off of $811,654. Deduct from the gross income for the 1918 period interest, rentals, and amortization charges, amounting to $1,390,581, and a net loss in the operation of the surface lines of $607,801 is shown. For the 1914 period, after deducting interest, rentals, and amortization charges, amounting to $1,390,581, the net profit on operations is shown to be $203,853.

The net income from street railway operations of $1,375,068 for the 1914 period, it was explained, is equal to about $3,300,000, on a monthly average basis, for one year. This amount, with the nonoperating income, it was said, would have been more than sufficient to meet the minimum annual requirements. It was further explained that the income from street railway operations, as reported to the Public Service Commission, for the five months ended Nov. 30, 1918, as being $563,414, was equal, on a monthly average basis, to about $1,352,000 a year. The difference in net incomes from operations for the two periods of about $1,948,000 is attributed entirely to the existing high cost of labor, material, and taxes arising from war conditions.

The facts as brought out by the examination show that the New York Railways Company has never earned or paid a dividend on its stock, and has not been earning in the last two years and more even the full paid interest on the first mortgage bonds or anything for interest on its income bonds. The company asserts that this condition is due wholly to the war, because, in normal times, the company was able to meet all fixed charges, including the interest and its mortgage obligations, and also pay a return on its adjustment mortgage bonds.

Hearing on City Lines.

Godfrey Goldmark, chief counsel of the Public Service Commission, has announced that this week the commission will hold hearings concerning the service, equipment, and regulations of the various transportation lines in the city, and that efforts will be made to close the hearings speedily, so that full information concerning these matters may be at the disposal of the public. It was understood that the commission was eager to help the courts, which have pending before them proceedings involving the interests of any of the railroad corporations, and for this purpose complete records of the physical condition of the companies would be prepared and placed within easy reach of the public.

Beginning at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon with a hearing relating to the service and equipment of the New York Railways Company, there will be hearings or conferences every day by the commission or by Mr. Goldmark and his assistants on railroad matters. Public hearings will be held on Tuesday on the application of the New York Railways Company for authority to increase the rate of fare, and concerning the transfer system, changes in schedules and in routes and service of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, a surface subsidiary of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company; and on Friday there will be an inquiry into the service and equipment of the New York Consolidated Railroad Company, one of the concerns now in control of Receiver Lindley M. Garrison.

During the week there will also be hearings on an application of the Kings County Electric Light Company for permission to issue $6,000,000 in bonds, concerning the discontinuance of the express station at Douglaston, and concerning the compliance of the Edison companies of Manhattan and Brooklyn with the system of accounts prescribed by the Public Service Commission.

SAYS THE CITY WILL SUFFER.

E. H. Outerbridge Warns Against Danger of Transit Receiverships.

Eugenius H. Outerbridge, formerly President of the Chamber of Commerce, said yesterday that if the business of transporting passengers is indicated as unprofitable by such a demonstration as forcing into receivership of all of the operating companies, the business of municipal transportation will be blighted in a manner from which it may not recover for a generation, and the greatest sufferer in that blight would not be the security holders of the companies, but the City of New York and the interests of its citizens as a whole. Mr. Outerbridge, in a letter addressed to the Board of Estimate, said in part:

"It appears to me that what is now on trial is not the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, or the New York City Railways Company, but the whole business of passenger transportation in the City of New York. No other city in the Union has the density of traffic that New York has. If transporting people in this city cannot be done so as to make the investment of capital in the enterprise safe, it will be generally concluded that it cannot be done elsewhere.

"There are billions of dollars of capital invested in the securities of municipal and interurban transit companies, and if the business is utterly discredited here in New York that discredit will spread like a conflagration to every other community where the people are dependent upon transit lines now or upon those to be built in the future. Such a discredit might very easily cause a countrywide financial panic much easier to start than to control, and the consequences of which could not be forecast. That gives the subject a national aspect not to be disregarded, the local aspect appears to be even more serious.

"The statement of your board that there is no pretense that the income from a 5-cent fare is not sufficient to meet all operating and other expenses seems to imply that your board assumes that operating and current expenses are all that concerns the city, and that if the present operating companies cannot meet their obligations and should either voluntarily or by compulsion surrender their operating contracts, it would be a simple and safe transition for the city to take over the operation.

"It must be apparent, however, to the members of your board, so intimately familiar with what has heretofore been the astounding growth in the population of the City of New York, that more subways and more outlying branches in the various boroughs will again be needed in a very few years if New York is to be permitted to grow in the future as it has in the past. It must also be apparent that the money for construction from time to time in the future of additional transit facilities must be raised from the private owners of capital whether the security offered be New York City corporate stock or the securities of a private corporation. The amounts needed for construction of subways will doubtless always be in excess of any normal borrowing capacity that the city is likely to have.

"The provision that self-supporting securities may be exempted from the computation of the city's debt was expected to permit of the creation of what might be termed a revolving credit fund, which could be constantly used to provide for these growing needs; namely—that the interest and amortization, being promptly earned through operating return as soon as the system was complete, would permit those obligations to be exempted, thus restoring an equal amount of borrowing capacity for the next operation. If it is now proved that this process is impracticable, and if it is a fact, as declaring in your statement, that the city's investment in the dual subway is a total loss, from what source can the city hope or expect to raise funds in the future additions to the system when they become necessary?

"New York as a municipality—and that means all its citizens without exception—is most vitally interested in having the transportation of its citizens a sufficiently safe and sound business to permit of securing capital for its extensions; and obversely, if permanent doubt of the safeness and soundness of the business of transporting the people is created, the municipality will not only be the greatest loser, but through checking its growth, restricting its future taxable values, and the loss of its credit, its suffering and loss would be so stupendous that no one could venture to predict or to calculate it."

Volunteer "War Firemen" Benefit.

A concert for the benefit of the Volunteer "War Firemen" will be given in the Hippodrome tonight. All the money will be used in buying equipment for the volunteers who have offered their services to the city during the shortage of firemen caused by the operation of the selective service law. Twenty volunteer vaudeville artists will be on the program. Governor Smith, Mayor Hylan, Fire Commissioner Drennan, and other city officials who aided in the formation of the reserve corps have been invited.

SEES STEADY RISE OF THE MOB SPIRIT

Congressman Lunn Tells Women His Hope for the Quelling of Unrest Lies in Wilson.

PRAISES ADMINISTRATION

Puts Deaths of Americans Due to War at 100,000, Many of Them from Influenza.

The total of American casualties here and abroad, from all causes, will reach 300,000, and the total of dead probably will be close to 100,000, declared Congressman George R. Lunn, Democrat, of Schenectady, a member of the House Military Affairs Committee, yesterday while discussing "Democracy on Trial" before 1,500 women members of the League for Political Education, in Carnegie Hall. Explaining his figures later, Congressman Lunn pointed out that the influenza epidemic in the home camps was largely responsible for the high death rate, the actual battle dead being comparatively small beside the losses of the Allies.

Mr. Lunn, developing his topic, warned his auditors of the steady growth of what he termed "the mob spirit," an increase which, as he pointed out, was strange since the history of all times proved that such tactics by the people never accomplished reforms. He indicated his conviction, however, that the President upon his return undoubtedly would be able to diminish the unrest. Warm praise of the Administration for the conduct of the war, the citing of example after example of what had been accomplished, afforded Mr. Lunn an opportunity to refer to those who had held back pre-war precautionary measures as "political cowards and fourflushers."

He disclosed that when the House Military Affairs Committee went into session to consider methods for raising an army the vote stood 13 for the volunteer system and 8 for the Selective Service bill, but that, after much debate back of the doors, all had come around to the fairness of the draft system.

Speaking of La Follette, Mr. Lunn said: "I find many persons, perfectly harmless sons of them, in jail, and yet I find the Senate voting to clear La Follette. He, you'll remember, said that America went to war for money and to save J. P. Morgan. Whether the Senate votes to clear him or not, the man who says that lies.

"Our boys in France," he continued, "understand why the President went overseas. They know that the future peace of the world depended upon it. He is there to try to bring about permanent peace, as diplomatically as possible. Don't think that all those European nations are as idealistic as we are. The future of the world depends upon a good understanding between the United States and the other great race of English-speakers.

"We are going to have the League of Nations or we are going to prepare for another war. I believe, however, that Woodrow Wilson, despite his foes, is coming back to America with the League of Nations in his vest pocket. There are men in France today for the express purpose of telling the people over there that Woodrow Wilson doesn't really represent the American viewpoint and that the American people aren't back of him. They lie!"

In reference to the proposal to keep the Peace Conference proceedings secret he said:

"They're trying to put the black curtain of quietness and ignorance before the people of the world. That is not going to be successful. Woodrow Wilson will rend that curtain, so that we shall not have another Congress of Vienna. A peace settled upon back of a curtain of darkness will be the cornerstone of the next war's foundation."

HENEY TELLS OF PLANS MADE BY PACKERS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Francis J. Heney, counsel for the Federal Trade Commission in its meat packing inquiry, told the Senate Agriculture Committee today of plans which he said the packers had discussed for establishing a joint office in Washington with a card index on Congressmen and their attitude toward legislation. He said the scheme was outlined by John Eversman, former Secretary of the National Republican Congressional Committee, and included arrangements for contributions by the packers for Congressional campaigns.

Letter heads of the Republican Committee, Mr. Heney said, were used by Eversman in correspondence in behalf of the packers. Eversman, he added, was employed as Washington representative of Wilson & Co. Senator Gronna of North Dakota stated he understood Mr. Eversman had not been in the employ of the committee for two years.

Senator France of Maryland inquired about relations between the packers and the food administration, declaring it was highly improper for Food Administrator Hoover to "arrange meat prices behind closed doors" in conferences with the packers.

"Do you think it was proper for Mr. Hoover to retain in his office men on the payrolls of the packers?" Senator Gore of Oklahoma asked.

"It was absolutely improper," replied Mr. Heney, who said he thought Mr. Hoover's efforts were directed toward "taking care of the middleman."

Senator Gore said that "with salaries of $1 a year from the Government and $10,000 from the packers, there isn't much question where lay the interest of these men, employed by the Food Administration."

Senator Norris of Nebraska remarked that he thought hog producers had been treated very unfairly by Mr. Hoover.

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Senator Gore asked if Mr. Heney knew what press association was meant and that he did not know its identity.

After the hearing Mr. Eversman said when the charge that he had arranged with an employe of a press association to get information on legislation was made first, a year ago, he wrote to the Chairman of the Standing Committee of Correspondents at the Capitol, explaining that he had asked his cousin, a young reporter, to give him the numbers and titles of bills pertaining to food after they had been introduced. The reporter in question was Willis J. O'Brien, who at that time and for a short time afterward was employed by the United Press Association.

Everett Brown, President of the Chicago Livestock Exchange, testified before the House Interstate Commerce Committee today that Government operation of stockyards would result in the stifling of competition in the purchase of livestock, and that producers would be forced to accept any prices the packers desired to pay. He said the stockyards were the "babies" of the packers, as shown by evidence of the Federal Trade Commission, and that if the Government took them over, the packers would buy direct from the producers.

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Hemstitched Damask Lunch Napkins,	from 6.75 dozen
Guests' Towels,	" 6.75 "
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Natural Muskrat Coats, 100.00
Extra large shawl collar and cuffs of Natural Raccoon or Hudson Seal. Walking length model.

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Skunk Scarfs, Stoles & Capes
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Finest quality skins, very carefully matched.

Handsome Fox Scarfs
Formerly 29.50, 49.50, 79.50—Reduced to
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Black, Taupe or Poiret, Rich Pelts, heads and brush

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Made of selected Hudson Seal (Dyed Muskrat).

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Marked by their immense fascination and cleverness of line. The new modes especially feature smart new silhouettes and embody new lines of a character that will win the admiration of the most discriminating. Executed in luxurious new materials.

Plain or figured Georgette and Chiffon, Foulard, Tricolette, Organdie, Voile, Canton Crepe, Crepe de Chine, Moonglo, Satin, Taffeta, Tricotine, Ruff-a-Nuff and Crepe Meteor.

24.50 to 198.50

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Exquisite conceptions by renowned modistes. Tasteful but effective and individual to an unusual degree. Charming tailored and clever sports models, displaying many unique and novel innovations. Admirably tailored in new materials of luxury and elegance:

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Also an unusually diversified assortment of smart new Sport Skirts, Sweaters and Blouses at remarkably low prices.

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Formerly up to 79.50—Reduced to

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Smart Box Coat, belted, strictly taillored, and other winsome models in an unusually varied assortment. The materials embrace: Bolivia, Velour de Cashmere and Silvertone. Shawl or Sailor Collars. Also a few handsomely fur-trimmed models included. Coats are lined throughout with silk and interlined.

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Dolman, Belted and Semi-Belted Coats, in many smart and exquisite designs. Developed in these luxurious fabrics: Bolivia, Crystal Cord, "Worumbo," Velour de Cashmere and Wool Silvertone, with large Shawl or Sailor Collars of Taupe Nutria, Real Skunk, Hudson Seal, French Seal and Natural Raccoon.

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Developed in Georgette, Serge, Wool Tricotine, Satin, Taffeta, Velveteen, and Wool Velour. Also many attractive combinations included. Some plain tailored, others handsomely trimmed with beads, embroidery and braid.

NOT TIME TO TALK LEAGUE, SAYS BECK

Nations Should Confine Themselves to Concrete, Not Abstract, Problems Now.

AGAINST OPEN CONFERENCE

W. D. Guthrie Tells Bar Association War Vindicated Honor of Nations in Upholding Treaties.

Henry W. Taft, the newly elected President of the New York State Bar Association, reviewed the work accomplished by lawyers in the war in his address at the dinner of the association which closed its annual meeting in the Hotel Astor last night. He said that 30 per cent. of the lawyers between the ages of 21 and 31 were in service, a larger proportion than had been contributed by any other profession, and he paid a tribute to the work of Provost Marshal General Crowder.

"This truly wonderful achievement," said he, speaking of the success of the draft, "required the intuition and training of the soldier, and the professional skill of a trained lawyer and the broad vision of the constructive statesman. The man was found in the great lawyer-soldier Major Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, the Provost Marshal General. His services in making the United States a potent factor in the winning of the war may fairly be ranked with the achievements of General Pershing."

At the afternoon session of the annual meeting in the association's rooms the League of Nations idea was the topic of discussion, in which the principal speakers were James M. Beck and William D. Guthrie.

James M. Beck's Address.

James M. Beck, who returned from Europe recently, said in his address that there was little interest in England, France and Italy in the project for a League of Nations and the impression here that the masses of the population were enthusiastic for it had been created by misleading dispatches from American correspondents.

Mr. Beck attacked the proposal for open and public conduct of the Peace Conference. He called attention to the fact that the Constitution of the United States had been framed behind closed doors, and insisted that it could never have been created if there had been a press gallery to advertise every point of difference and friction between the States. Vigorous and prolonged applause came from the member at the end of the speech and several came forward to shake hands with him.

"This is the worst time," said Mr. Beck, after a few preliminary words, "for nations in their collective capacity to construct or reconstruct human society upon broad and abstract principles, and no more unfortunate time could have been selected than the present for laying down rules for the governance of society.

"I say that for two or three reasons: First, I would have you observe that the abstract and the concrete in these problems are so interwoven that it is difficult to separate them, and the concrete is of such urgent importance that we can well confine ourselves to that feature for the present. Of course, I am not saying to a distinguished body of lawyers that the abstract may not be taken up in future days which may some day dawn. I am referring now to the collective effort of organized nations to do that which we are now discussing in the abstract.

"In the first place, to use an epigram which will always live in our language, an epigram of a late President, President Cleveland, 'It is a condition and not a theory which confronts us.' I hope I will not be accused, on the other hand, of entering into a controversial theme, when I say that in my opinion the greatest disservice that the United States has done in this great world's crisis, next to its unfortunate neutrality for three years, is the fact that it prematurely negotiated peace proposals, and included in those peace proposals certain abstract points, which for the moment confused the issues and made impossible the satisfactory adjustments of the concrete problem.

Other Nations Bankrupt.

"When this war ended on Nov. 11 there was one great urgent task before the nations of the world. It was to make peace with Germany, to make it quickly, justly, and to allow nothing to divert or confuse; and above all to allow nothing which would divide the councils of the allied powers, who, having been reasonably united on the field of battle, found it well to be reasonably united in the hour of peace.

"The world outside of our own rich country was bankrupt. That is a plain statement of fact. England has $40,000,000,000 of indebtedness. Its service alone is $2,000,000,000 a year. It is living on its capital today, paying its interest on its loans out of moneys it borrows, and that means only one thing.

"France has a debt of $35,000,000,000. Its expenditures before the war amounted to $1,000,000,000 annually. I do not know how much was allocated to the army and how much to the navy, but at least $500,000,000 was. If the French Army were demobilized and disbanded tomorrow and the navy was put in the docks, France would still have to raise $500,000,000, plus $2,000,000,000 to pay the service and the loan.

"If that be true of two great nations like England and France, you can well imagine somewhat the conditions in Italy. Therefore, from the standpoint of our allies, it was essential that peace should be restored, that the wheels of industry should move again, and that in that period following the restoration of business, negotiations could be acted upon that would enable subsequently these problems of League of Nations and the future codification of the law of nations, and freedom of the seas could be taken up.

"There is this second reason: That every day's delay means that the problems in Germany and Russia become increasingly more difficult. It is absolutely impossible to construct society on any foundation unless there is a stable Government formed in Germany; and at the time when the armistice was declared, when all the German States except Prussia withdrew and were disposed to form other groups, it would have been easy then for the Allies to have extended a helping hand—not out of consideration for Germany, but for the benefit of the Allies themselves.

"It was essential that Germany should have a stable Government with which, in the broadest spirit of liberality, the allied nations could treat. Meantime the streets of Berlin and of Petrograd are running with blood, while we are paltering with 'freedom of the seas' and 'League of Nations' and all manner of abstractions, which years from now may be translated into practice.

"It is absolutely the same condition prevailing as there is in a mining camp, where anarchy has gone from end to the other, when houses are in flames and men are being shot down on all sides—that would not be a time to meet to consider the governance of that section of the country. But the first thing to do there would be for law to prevail and peace to become established, and then when the blood is out of their eyes, possibly other problems could come to the surface.

No Time for Abstract Questions.

"The people of these allied countries are not in any mood at this time to discuss these abstract questions. If you had been there, as I have been, and saw them, as I was privileged to see them at the hour of the armistice, you would understand why they are not. They are coming out of a state of stupor; they have been sandbagged almost into insensibility by the greatest terrors of recorded history; France and England have lost, each of them, one million in dead. The two nations together have put under the sod more men than the total number of those we sent over. Over two million have been buried by Great Britain and France, not to speak of the almost innumerable hosts of casualties.

"That is not what the press representatives tell you. They tell you there is a profound agitation for the League of Nations. I tell you it is not so. There may be some such thing among the advanced Socialists. There is a great demand for the League of Nations—there is in England a party opposed to Lloyd George, who have it as a battle cry, and many men in the Church are attracted by the visions of a perpetual peace, forgetful that when we had The Hague Convention those principles were adopted in the form of treaty, and Great Britain and France were left to vindicate those principles.

"I say that, except for the people whom I have mentioned and the obvious policy of many leading officials who support it because it is believed to be pleasing to the United States, there is no real interest in England in the League of Nations at the present time.

"I believe that to be true also of France, and simple because when a man or a nation has been profoundly disillusioned, when they have found that treaties are scraps of paper, that great and enlightened civilized nations have violated their obligations as members of society, and forget or ignore their specific covenants, then under those circumstances you cannot get those people wildly interested in the new plan, which, so far as I can judge from their specific provisions, does not rise above the dignity of The Hague Conference, and is far less impressive as a moral authority.

"Today the League of Nations would find the world not merely torn with strife and hatred, hatred not likely to die for many generations, and by nations whose interests are so conflicting it would make any general consensus of opinion one of extraordinary difficulty.

"Our Government has a dominant position in Paris at this time because we are considered the greatest nation in the world. English publicists see the looming mountain mass of this great republic, and they know this republic will exercise a position of enormous influence in the future of the world; and, therefore, I know after talking with them that apart from the profound gratitude and appreciation for what they have done in the world, and on the broadest grounds of public policy, they will make any concession that seems to be demanded by the United States. And, therefore, the United States has this position of unique power.

Sagacity of Fathers Needed.

"If only it were used with the sagacity of the fathers! If only one voice could ring out in Paris at the conference: 'Let us do what is practical now. Let us put aside these visionary problems. Let us try to do what is now possible. Let us then take the five years that the founders of this republic allowed themselves, and after five years, when society is reconstructed, when these foundations are measurably restored and the results of industry are returning, let us then take up these questions of League of Nations, freedom of the seas, and so forth, when sanity has returned to an almost insane world.'

"No body of men in all history could stand before the general body of men who met at Philadelphia in the Continental Congress. It is amazing when we look back at that period to note the sagacity with which they wrought the great work which finally resulted in the Constitution of the United States.

"Now, during the Revolutionary War they neither talked terms of peace nor abstractions of any kind. Only one exception can be made to that remark with reference to abstractions, and that was when the issue of independence, being more or less in controversy among the Colonies themselves, the Declaration of Independence was adopted, which undoubtedly was a statement of abstract principles designed to uphold the great aim and goal toward which men could strive. But, with that exception, they were very, very careful to keep in mind the one concrete thing, and that was, to make peace with the only country with which they were warring, upon the terms and accomplishing the purposes and objects for which the war was brought. Therefore, the war ended.

"Now, mark. Did they then at once meet in a Constitutional Convention, with their credit gone, their industry practically destroyed, their homes gone, and with their minds paralyzed by the horrors of a seven years' war? No. If I remember correctly, the Continental Congress did not meet for five years after the treaty of peace with the mother country was signed. Just as the Allies should now in dealing with Germany, and in handling the other great problems before them, such as Russia, they should stick to the concrete proposition and solve that first. That was the wisdom of our fathers, and we should follow it now.

"After five years they met in a Constitutional Convention. The second day of that convention they passed a resolution that nothing taking place there should be divulged to any one outside, the provision being for absolute secrecy in relation to the proceedings. And as far as we now know, we know that without secrecy of proceedings the Constitution of the United States could never have been adopted. If after the close of proceedings every day a press gallery had gone throughout the country telling what Mr. Hamilton and Mr. Franklin and Mr. Morris had talked about, what points they had differed upon, and had in that way increased their difficulties."

Honor of Nations Vindicated.

William D. Guthrie, whose address opened the discussion of the League of Nations, opposed any sylelding of independence by the United States or other countries to any general federation, and said that no international military power was required to discipline nations which might in the future attempt to do what Germany did in 1914. Denying the assertion that the events of the war showed treaties and international law to be without value, he continued:

"The present war and its victory have vindicated the obligation of treaties and of the plighted faith and honor of nations infinitely more than ever before. In fact, the vindication of the sanctity and value of treaties has been most emphatic. Witness valiant and noble France, without a moment of hesitation or fear, facing the awful catastrophe of war and national ruin in order to keep her treaty with Russia. Witness heroic and sublime Belgium, braving destruction by and slavery to the savage and brutal Germans in order to keep her treaty obligation to maintain neutrality."

After a tribute to the "grandeur, nobility, and sublimity" of England's refusal to break faith in an old pledge to maintain the neutrality of Belgium, he said:

"The truth is that the sanctity and force of treaties are today more firmly established than at any time in the history of the world, that treaty obligations are more sacred and binding than ever before, and that we Americans can safely continue to rely upon their effectiveness in our dealings and intercourse with other civilized nations."

After urging great caution on the part of this country in entering into any league, and emphasizing the duty of the Senate to exercise its independent judgment on any plan vitally affecting America's future, he went on:

"Favoring, as I believe most of us do, the general idea of a League of Nations, which shall settle important questions of international law and establish a permanent court of arbitral justice, and recognizing the probable necessity of such a league in some form, let us nevertheless trust that its final terms will not impair the sovereignty and independence of the nation, and, above all other considerations, that it will not compel us to go to war for any cause unless the Congress shall at the time determine on the merits of the actual question that a matter of paramount national duty, honor or interest is involved sufficient in its judgment to justify war and the sending of our soldiers and sailors if need be to the ends of the earth to fight and to die.

Of Vital Importance to Us.

"The formulation of the terms of this League of Nations may turn out to be very much more important to our vital interests and welfare than the framing of any State constitution or, indeed, the Federal Constitution itself, for it may irrevocably commit our national honor to ruinous policies, duties, and obligations. Certainly this association would treat as foolhardiness and recklessness in the extreme a proposition to approve a State constitution of which most of its provisions were as yet undisclosed and unformulated. When the terms of the proposed League of Nations have been finally announced, the members of this association can consider them with the care they demand, and, if necessary, can call a special meeting at which the propositions can be thoroughly and exhaustively analysed and debated.

"In the meantime, it is hardly necessary for us precipately to approve the mere theory or principle of a League of Nations in the abstract, and any such hasty action on our part at the present crucial time is certain to be misinterpreted as favoring some plan or other called a League of Nations which is not before us and of which we may have little or no definite conception.

"In conclusion, I would venture to add a word on the subject of internationalism, which in theory is so attractive to some, but which in practice, as many believe, left France and England unprepared for war in 1914 and on the verge of disaster. It seems to me that not a step should be taken committing or covenanting our country which shall tend toward internationalism in the sense that its most persistent advocates conceive it, or which shall tend in any degree to diminish what we know as nationalism or independence in contradistinction to internationalism or the interdependence of nations.

"We are altogether too proud of the display of nationalism and peace throughout the world at whatever cost of American life and treasure. But before we assume any such extensive and far-reaching obligation and duty, and thereby mortgage our future and the future of our children, it is certainly not too much to demand great caution and deliberation in order that the nation shall not be committed to any particular League of Nations until it has been fully advised as to its terms and provisions and has had full opportunity to study and discuss them and weigh their obligations. At least due opportunity should be first afforded our representatives in the Senate to give their advice and consent, for we are still essentially a representative form of republican government and the Constitution still regulates the treaty-making power."

The association adopted a resolution introduced by Mr. Guthrie refusing its indorsement to any particular proposals for a League of Nations until some later date when the plan adopted is published in authentic form, but expressing the general adherence of the association to the principle of arbitration of disputes between nations, whether secured by treaties or by a League of Nations.

SENATE INQUIRY DIRECTED AT REDS

Propaganda Committee to Look Into Activities of Bolshevist Press in This Country.

EMBOLDENED BY ARMISTICE

Foreign Language Papers in New York and Elsewhere Outspoken in Urging Revolution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—That the signing of the armistice which ended hostilities on Nov. 11 "caused an apparent let down in the tense morale of the people of America" is the gist of a report of a Government official whose duties have to do with the German, Bolshevist, I. W. W., and certain phases of Socialistic propaganda in the United States.

These propagandists are carrying on their work through various newspapers, with a few exceptions all printed in foreign languages, and for the first time since April 6, 1917, when the United States entered the war, these papers are openly advocating class war in the United States and the setting up of a form of Bolshevist Government.

The Senate Committee on Propaganda will take up this question before it concludes its work.

Today a great mass of documents dealing with this propaganda, all of it data concerning matters which have come out since the signing of the armistice, was turned over to Major E. Lowry Humes by the Government. Major Humes is now going over the data and is expected to submit recommendations to the committee when it meets in executive session Monday morning.

"This is a matter," said Major Humes tonight, "of the greatest importance. I am going over all these documents with the greatest care and will submit my conclusions to the committee. Whether or not this form of propaganda shall be made a subject of the present inquiry, or course, rests with the committee."

"Since hostilities ceased," one of these Government reports reads, "there have been a number of newspapers which have become fiercely outspoken in their championship of the anarchial doctrines of the I. W. W. and its radical sisterhood, the Bolsheviki. A large Socialist group of foreign language papers have become distinctly more outspoken in their utterances, and these papers are to a greater or lesser degree steadily inculcating the principles which lead inevitably toward Bolshevism."

Many of these radical papers are published in New York City. One of the most active is the Labor Defender, the I. W. W. paper. In its issue of Dec. 1 this paper said:

"The working class and the employing class have nothing in common. There can be no peace so long as hunger and want are found among millions of working people. The Bolsheviki are coming, successful revolutions. Only when the masses have become inculcated with an intense spirit of class solidarity can they hope to reap the fruits of the great revolutionary struggle. They thought they would get the Stars and Stripes into Berlin first, but the red flag beat them to it. Will it require another war to cure the American workers?

The Elore, a Hungarian daily of New York, on the day the armistice was signed, printed the following: "The war was but the terrible coping of the interest which served the privileged class. The Socialist press has never forgotten to emphasize this fact. Today, when it is only a question of hours when the world war will end a daily increasing number of events proves the steadily growing conviction how true the above statement is, and daily more and more signs show that the preparation for our war is now going on."

The Arbetaren, a Swedish paper published in New York City, in its issue of Nov. 23 printed the following: "The right to live is decided by the right to the means of production, and with this at their disposition the capitalist class makes every reform into a scrap of paper, without value to the working classes. Evolution is ready for the next step. Let us be prepared for the revolution."

In The Workman and Peasant of New York City, which is a Russian weekly and is described as the official organ in New York of the Soviet and Russian Workers' Deputies, there appeared in the issue of Nov. 13 an article from which the following excerpts are taken:

"We are standing at the threshold of universal revolution. The crisis is ripe. All the future of the Russian revolution is at stake. All the future of the International Social revolution is at stake."

BRYAN ISSUES STATEMENT.

Tells Why Dickinson Letters "Could Not Explain Resignation."

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 18.—William Jennings Bryan made the following statement here today concerning the statement made in a letter written by J. J. Dickinson to George Sylvester Viereck, purporting to give the reasons for Mr. Bryan's resignation as Secretary of State.

"I do not care to discuss letters written by other people or their opinions, but in regard to the incident referred to I will say that all that I have seen so far in the Dickinson letters refers to things that took place after my resignation and therefore could not explain the resignation. My letter to the President and his reply explain the reasons for my resignation."

The letter was read at yesterday's hearing at Washington of the Senate committee investigating German propaganda. It stated that Mrs. Bryan had told T. H. Pickford, described by Dickinson as a Democratic magnate, that her husband had resigned from the Cabinet because Secretary Tumulty had told a prominent German-American that Bryan was the sole cause of the Administration's anti-German policy.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue Commencing Monday, January 20th *34th Street*

Phenomenal Sale

2,300 HIGH-GRADE SUITS

For Men and Young Men

$22.50

regularly $28.50, 30.00, 35.00 and 40.00

Offering the entire surplus stock of one of the largest and best known manufacturing tailors of Men's Fine Clothing, at a price that is less than present wholesale cost.

Every garment is made of superior quality all wool Fabrics; newest style features are represented; the assortment embraces various models—models that will be approved by the most critical man, whether he prefers extreme or conservative styles; attractive patterns; coats are full, half or quarter lined, all sizes in the lot from 34 to 44.

MEN'S CLOTHING DEP'T—FIFTH FLOOR

ALICE MAYNARD

18 West 46th Street

Few doors from Fifth Avenue.

WILL OFFER MONDAY AT REDUCED PRICES

16 Velveteen Gowns

Exclusive models for afternoon and street wear, braid-trimmed, while some are in Satin and Georgette combination.

Former prices $60 to $85 *Now* **35.00 to 65.00**

Afternoon Dresses and Gowns

Of crepe de chine, charmeuse, satin, Georgette or serge, including few evening gowns of taffeta, tulle or brocades.

Former prices $60 to $200 *Now* **35.00 to 125.00**

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

Annual January Sale

"McCREERY LINENS"

$50,000.00 Fine Linen Damask Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, etc.

At Reductions of 25% to 50%.

This is an unusual opportunity to replenish the Linen chest at substantial savings. Months of preparation were required to accumulate these high-grade Linens, therefore it is advisable to anticipate future requirements.

All Linen Irish Satin Damask Tablecloths.....
formerly 5.00 to 7.50, **3.25, 4.50 and 5.75**

Heavy All Linen Irish Satin Damask Tablecloths:
2x2 yards..... **5.75, 7.50 and 9.50**
formerly 8.00 to 12.50

2x2½ yards..... **6.75, 9.00 and 10.50**
formerly 9.00 to 14.00

2x3 yards..... **7.50, 10.50 and 12.00**
formerly 10.00 to 16.00

Heavy All Linen Irish Satin Damask Table Napkins:
22x22 inches.....doz. **4.50, 5.50 and 7.50**
formerly 6.75 to 10.50

24x24 inches....doz. **6.75, 9.00 and 12.50**
formerly 9.50 to 16.50

Superior Quality Irish Double Damask Tablecloths:

2x2 yards..... **12.50** formerly 16.50
2x2½ yards... **15.50** formerly 20.00
2x3 yards..... **18.50** formerly 25.00
2x3½ yards... **19.50** formerly 27.50
2x4 yards..... **22.50** formerly 30.00
2½x2½ yards. **13.50** formerly 17.50
2½x3 yards... **16.50** formerly 22.50
2½x3½ yards. **18.50** formerly 25.00
2½x4 yards... **20.00** formerly 30.00

Superior Quality Irish Double Damask Table Napkins:
22x22 inches.....formerly 18.50, doz. **14.50**
26x26 inches.....formerly 25.00, doz. **16.50**

Hemmed Muslin Sheets and Pillow Cases at Less Than Wholesale Prices

Sheets...each **1.00, 1.40, 1.75 and 2.00** | Pillow Cases....each **35c, 38c, 42c and 45c**

EXTRA SPECIAL

500 Dozen
Hemmed All Linen Scotch Huck Towels
doz. **5.50**
formerly 7.50

300 Dozen
Hemstitched All Linen Irish Huck Towels
doz. **6.00**
formerly 8.00

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue On Monday and Tuesday *34th Street*

A Specially Prepared Sale

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Shirts

Shirts of fine grade Madras in neat and bold designs; French cuffs. each **$3.15**

Shirts of fine grade Madras; newest patterns and colorings; soft cuffs. each **$2.20**

Pajamas

Pajamas of Madras; striped effects or fancy designs.... suit **$2.25**

Pajamas of fine grade Percale in striped effects..... suit **$1.95**

Gloves

Gloves,—Black Gauntlet Gloves; fleece lined; suitable for automobile wear. pair **$3.50**

Half Hose

Half Hose of Lisle thread in Black, Navy Blue, Tan and Gray; very durable quality. pair **40c**

Half Hose of Cotton in Black, Navy Blue, Tan, Balbriggan and Gray. pair **25c**

MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEP'T.—MAIN FLOOR

UNRESTRICTED SALES
of
EXTRAORDINARY
IMPORTANCE

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
NEW YORK CITY

ON FREE VIEW
BEGINNING WEDNESDAY
OF THIS WEEK
9 A. M. Until 6 P. M.
To be sold by direction
of the executors
On the Afternoons of January
27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st
and February 1st and 3rd
AT THE
AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
The Notable Collection
of
Beautiful Old
Chinese Porcelains
Rare Jades and other Hard Stones,
Antique Bronzes, Tang, Han, Sung,
and Ming Pottery, Enamels and other
Oriental Art Treasures
Collected by the Widely Known
Connoisseur, the late
Rufus E. Moore
Descriptive Catalogue illustrated by
color plates and half-tone reproductions
mailed to applicants on receipt of One
Dollar.

ALSO ON VIEW WEDNESDAY
The Important
INGLIS-MORTEN-
LAWRENCE COLECTIONS
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
PAINTINGS
By Celebrated Masters of the
Modern Schools
Included in This Important Sale
Is a Number of Representative Foreign
Works of Rare Artistic Quality
Collected by the Late
JAMES S. INGLIS
(COTTIER & CO.)
And to be Sold for account of
MISS ELIZABETH INGLIS, Owner.
The Private Collection
Formed by the Late
ALEXANDER MORTEN
Which includes fine examples of Childe
Hassam, Ryder (7 examples), Renoir,
Degas, Sisley, Twachtman, Weir, Law-
son (4), Lie, Mary Cassatt and Cazin,
and
IMPORTANT
REPRESENTATIVE
AMERICAN PAINTINGS
Collected by the Late
FRANK R. LAWRENCE
for many years President of the Lotos Club
which consists of important examples
of Ranger, Wyant, Dewey, Ballard
Williams, Bunce, Miner, Kost, Ri-
Eaneling, Moran, Wiles and others.
THE COMBINED COLLECTION
TO BE SOLD
On WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 29
IN THE GRAND BALL
ROOM OF THE PLAZA
(Admission by card, to be had free of the
Managers.)
Illustrated Catalogue Mailed on Re-
ceipt of One Dollar.

Of Interest to Print Sellers
ON FREE VIEW MONDAY &
TUESDAY, JAN. 27 & 28,
ON THE PREMISES
No. 58 West 45th Street
NUMEROUS
PRINT CABINETS
STORE FIXTURES AND
OFFICE FURNITURE
Of the Establishment of
the well-known firm of
Manzi, Joyant & Company
(Successors of Goupil & Co., Paris)
TO BE SOLD
TUESDAY, JANUARY 28TH.
Catalogue on application to the
Managers.

ON FREE VIEW
BEGINNING WEDNESDAY, JAN. 29
The Notable and Extensive
Collection of
Illustrated Books
and Caricatures
From the Private Library of
J. BARTON TOWNSEND, Esq.,
of Philadelphia
TO BE SOLD
BY ORDER OF THE OWNER
On Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday
February 4th, 5th and 6th,
At 3 and 8:15 o'Clock P. M.

ON FREE VIEW
BEGINNING MONDAY, FEB'Y 3rd,
The Very Important Collection
of
Ancient Arms
and Weapons
Formed by the Connoisseur
Mr. Theodore Offerman
To which has been added a number
of fine specimens from several other
important private collections.
THE WHOLE TO BE SOLD
On the Afternoons of Friday and
Saturday
February 7th and 8th, at 2:30 o'Clock
"Illustrated Catalogue," with Prefatory
Note by Professor Bashford Dean, Will Be
Mailed to Applicants on Receipt of One
Dollar.
—ALSO—
ON FREE VIEW
BEGINNING FEBRUARY 3rd,
A Collection of
Old and Modern
Paintings
Of Extraordinary Importance
TO BE SOLD
For Account of Several Estates, and For
Private Owners
IN THE GRAND BALL
ROOM OF THE PLAZA
On Monday and Tuesday Evenings,
February 10th and 11th.
Illustrated Catalogue in Preparation.
The Sales Will Be Conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his assistants, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION,
Managers,
6, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. South.

Remarkable Sale
BRACELET WATCHES

Bracelet Watches, gold filled; 20-year quality; plain polished case; ribbon or convertible extension bracelet; guaranteed 15 jeweled lever movement.
10.75
regularly 15.75

Attractive Showing of Wearing Apparel and Millinery for Southern and California Wear

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

Greatly Reduced
Sterling Silver Mesh Bags
10.50
formerly 15.75 to 19.75
100 Sterling Silver Mesh Bags,—fourteen different patterns; plain, etched or engraved frames; shirred or reversed mesh.

"McCREERY SILKS"

Famous Over Half a Century

The finest Silks the World produces in complete assortments:

Georgette Crepe, Crepe de Chine, Crepe Meteor, Chiffon Taffeta, Imperial Dress Satin, Faille and Poplin, Novelty Dress and Lining Silks, Printed Foulard, Printed Chiffon and Georgette Crepe, Pussy Willow and Kumsi-Kumsa.

January White Silk Sale
Now in Progress

Showing an extensive assortment of Lingerie Silks.
yard **85c** to **1.95**

SPECIAL
15,000 Yards of Brilliant
BLACK DRESS SATIN &
SATIN CHARMEUSE
36 and 40 inches wide.....yard **1.75** and **2.75**
regularly 2.25 to 3.50

Exceptional Offerings
WOOL DRESS MATERIALS

New Plaid Wool Skirtings in a choice assortment of the latest styles and colorings adapted to the present models, for dress and sport use. yard **3.50** to **6.50**

All Wool Dress Serge in Navy Blue in the popular twills of French, Imperial and Men's wear weaves; correct weight, suitable for the coming season's use for suits, frocks and skirts.
yard **2.25** to **5.50**

All Wool Velour Suiting,—Spring weight; a full line of newest colors, also Black or White; 54 inches wide.
Special, yard **4.00**

Special Values
COTTON DRESS FABRICS

New and complete assortments in a great variety of the most desirable Washable Cotton Materials in plain and novelty weaves with handsome color combinations, also White.

White Imported Dress Voile and Organdie,—sheer, transparent washable qualities; 40 to 44 inches wide.
yard **55c** to **1.95**

Sheer White Nainsook and Longcloth,—soft, chamois finish; 10 yards in a length. length **2.25** to **5.50**

2,500 yards Novelty Voile in a choice variety of styles and effective color combinations; 38 inches wide. yard **35c**

DRESS TRIMMINGS

Suitable for Afternoon and Evening Wear

Large assortments of desirable Dress Trimmings, including:

Spangled Allovers and Bands in all the leading shades.
Spangled or Bead Flouncings.
Black Silk Embroidered Bands or Ornamental effects.
Silk Fringes, Girdles and Tassels in all shades.

SPECIAL VALUES

Rhinestone Trimmings	yard	1.75 to 10.75
Spangled Bands	yard	50c to 7.75
Persian Bead Bands	yard	85c to 4.75
Jet Chain Trimmings	yard	85c to 3.00

January Sale
SILK & KNIT UNDERWEAR

At Decided Reductions
For Immediate Clearance

Women's Glove Silk Vests,—plain or bodice styles; Pink only. formerly 2.75	1.95
Women's Glove Silk Union Suits of superior quality; bodice or plain styles. Also Envelope Chemises,—lace trimmed. formerly 6.75 to 8.75	5.95
Women's Glove Silk Bloomers,—plain or lace trimmed; superior quality. formerly 5.95 to 7.50	3.75
Women's Glove Silk Vests,—superior quality; bodice style; lace trimmed. formerly 4.95	2.95
Women's Glove Silk Bloomers,—Pink only. formerly 2.95	2.45
Women's Ribbed Cotton Vests and Tights; discontinued styles. formerly 90c to 1.25	75c
Children's Ribbed Cotton Vests and Panties. formerly 65c to 95c	50c
Children's Gray Wool-finished Union Suits. formerly 1.95 to 2.95	1.50

An Important Sale
500 WOMEN'S HOUSE DRESSES

2.45
regularly 3.50 to 4.50

A large and attractive assortment of House Dresses developed in dependable quality Gingham and Percale in various stripes and colors; all sizes from 36 to 44 in the lot, but not in every style.

NO C. O. D.'S — NO APPROVALS — NO RETURNS

Remarkable Sale
TAILORED SILK & SATIN BLOUSES

(Fourth Floor)

5.00

High class Tailored Blouses developed in superior quality Crepe de Chine, Luxor Silk and Washable Satin in White or Flesh Color.

1—Crepe de Chine Blouse in White or Flesh Color; with smart patch pockets, finished with pearl buttons.

2—Luxor Silk Blouse in White or Shell Pink; new shaped scalloped collar and finished with dainty pearl buttons down front.

3—Washable Satin Blouse in White or Flesh Color with cluster tucking down front; flat collar and turn-back cuffs.

} 5.00

Extraordinary Sale
1,200 BOYS' WASHABLE SUITS

2.00
regularly 2.95, 3.95 and 4.75

A special purchase of Boys' Washable Suits offered at less than present wholesale cost.

Made of dependable Materials, including Devonshire, Kiddy Cloth, White Lawn, Peggy Cloth and Tan Beach Cloth; **every suit absolutely guaranteed to be fast color;** size 2½ to 10 years.

NO C. O. D.'S—NO APPROVALS—NO MAIL OR TELEPHONE ORDERS

585 WOMEN'S COATS

(Fur Trimmed)
22.50
regularly 39.50

The sample lines of two prominent manufacturers of high-grade Coats were purchased below regular prices, and will be offered at pronounced savings.

Fashioned of dependable Materials; attractively Fur-trimmed; a variety of colorings; distinctive models; all sizes in the lot.

Attractively Priced
WOMEN'S NEW SPRING DRESSES

38.00

Unusually smart and attractive Dresses in Satin, Foulard, Flowered and Plain Georgette Crepe, Plain and Striped Crepe de Chine, Taffeta and Tricotine; tailored, draped and tunic effects; in the most wanted colors.

WOMEN'S FUR-TRIMMED SUITS

39.50 48.00 59.50

Fashionable Fur-trimmed Suits,—reproductions of higher priced new Spring styles; developed in the season's most desirable Fabrics.

To Close Out
87 SMART WINTER SUITS

22.50
formerly 32.50 to 39.50

Distinctive Winter models in the fashionable Fabrics; Navy Blue and Black; all sizes in the lot, but not in every model.

Extra sizes in Navy Blue and Black.

Annual January Sale
HIGH-GRADE FURS

Entire stock of luxurious Fur garments, including Coats, Muffs, Scarfs and Coatees in the latest models; made of the most desirable pelts,

At Radical Price Reductions

MUFFS & NECKPIECES

Skunk Cape Scarfs	formerly 65.00,	55.00
Skunk Muffs	formerly 55.00,	45.00
Hudson Seal Neckpieces	formerly 37.50,	27.50
Hudson Seal Muffs	formerly 22.50,	18.50
Beaver Cape Scarfs,—finest quality	formerly 65.00,	55.00
Beaver Muffs,—finest quality	formerly 47.50,	37.50
Mink Capes	formerly 245.00,	185.00

FUR COATS

Caracul Coats,—45 inches long; with Japanese Sable collar and cuffs.	formerly 495.00,	385.00
Blended Mink Coats	formerly 575.00,	425.00
Moleskin Coats with Skunk collars	formerly 525.00,	385.00
Hudson Seal Coats with Squirrel collar and cuffs	formerly 485.00	365.00

Fur Gloves, Fur Caps and Baby Carriage Robes
At ½ Less Than Regular Prices.

Annual January Sale
AMERICAN-MADE LINGERIE

Night Gowns made of Nainsook,—lace or embroidery trimmed. **1.00** and **1.95**

Envelope Chemises of Nainsook,—lace or embroidery trimmed. **1.00, 1.50** and **1.95**

Chemaloons with bloomer drawers,—trimmed with combination of lace and embroidery. **1.25** and **1.95**

Corset Covers of Nainsook,—trimmed with lace or embroidery. **50c, 85c** and **1.00**

Crepe de Chine & Satin Underwear

Superior Quality Fabric and Workmanship.

Night Gowns of Flesh Color Crepe de Chine; tailored model. **3.95**

Night Gowns of Flesh Color Crepe de Chine; tailored or lace-trimmed. **4.95**

Envelope Chemises of Flesh Color Crepe de Chine; tailored or lace-trimmed. **2.95**

Envelope Chemises of Flesh Color Satin; V neck; lace trimmed. **3.95**

Evening Skirts of Flesh Color or White Washable Satin; elaborately trimmed with Filet lace. **5.95**

Pre-Inventory Clearance Sale
HAIR GOODS

At 25% Reductions

Naturally Wavy Hair Switches, also Transformations which may be worn on the inside or outside.

5.00 Switches or Transformations	3.75
8.00 Switches or Transformations	6.00
10.00 Switches or Transformations	7.50

ALARM IN ENGLAND OVER LABOR UNREST

Nearly All Trades Demanding Either Higher Wages or Shorter Hours, or Both.

BEER ISSUE IS REVIVED

Dock Workers Complain of the Quality of Beverage and Shortage of the Supply.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The industrial unrest prevalent throughout the country is causing serious anxiety, not only to large employers of labor, but even to conservative labor leaders. The labor leaders taking this attitude include J. H. Thomas, General Secretary of the Railwaymen's Union, who yesterday warned a meeting of postal workers who were demanding a forty-two hour week, more holidays, and curtailment of night work, that "the industrial and economic position of this country gives cause for alarm."

The postal workers are only one of many trade unions which are demanding shorter hours with the present or better pay. Up to this time the demands of the miners have been embodied in the resolutions of the Southport Miners' Federation, who on Wednesday demanded that the Government demobilize all miners in the army and that wages bther than war wages be advanced 30 per cent.

The attitude of the miners has caused the most comment, as coal and its price more directly affect the public. It is estimated that to grant a 30 per cent. increase in wages would send the price of coal up at least a dollar a ton.

In addition to the miners, the shipbuilders on the Clyde and in other centres are agitating for a forty-hour week, with daily wages of £1. The men engaged in the same industry in Belfast threaten to throw down their tools at the end of the month unless they get a forty-four-hour week. The carpenters throughout the United Kingdom are asking for a forty-seven-hour week, and the iron molders, who recently got forty-seven hours, are threatening to strike unless this is lowered to forty-four hours.

The dock laborers are putting forth a demand for forty-four hours for day workers and forty-one hours for night workers. They are also much agitated over the shortage of beer and the poor quality of that beverage, and during the week there has been much slacking, particularly at Liverpool, from the cause. There has been a temporary shortage of beer at some shipping points due to a strike of brewery employes, who also complain of long hours.

All these unions are strong numerically and well organized, and from the tone of speeches at their meetings the members apparently are prepared to go to extremes in their efforts to have conditions of labor improved along the lines laid down in their resolutions.

There also have been minor troubles in the labor world. One of these affected the crew of the liner Adriatic. The sailing of that vessel for New York with a full list of American passengers has been delayed several days, and there is yet no indication of a settlement.

BRITAIN MAY IGNORE SINN FEIN ASSEMBLY

Officials Divided as to Best Means of Dealing with Meeting Next Tuesday.

DUBLIN, Jan. 18, (Associated Press.)—Sinn Fein officials announced today that the meeting of the Irish Republican Parliament next Tuesday will be open to the press and public on presentation of tickets obtainable at Sinn Fein headquarters. Representation will be confined to elected members of the Parliament, but the unsuccessful candidates and men occupying Government positions will participate.

A confrence was held in Dublin Castle today at which the Lord Lieutenant, the Lord Chancellor, the commander of the forces, Attorney General, and Solicitor General considered the situation. Differences of opinion are believed to exist as to whether it would be wiser to ignore Tuesday's Assembly and proceed only against acts of intimidation or violence, or whether the Assembly should be suppressed as illegal. A majority of the people expect that the former vote will prevail.

SOCIETY OF GENESEE DINES.

Secretary Redfield Tells of America's Commercial Triumphs.

The twentieth annual dinner of the Society of the Genesee was held last night at the Hotel Biltmore. The speakers were William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce; Charles D. Newton, Attorney General of New York State; Captain Elbridge L. Adams, Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, and Congressman Fiorello La Guardia.

Secretary Redfield said it will be necessary to quickly build 1,000,000 homes in Europe, the material for which will have to come to a large extent from this country. He traced the commercial achievements of the United States in the war, and declared that this country must lend Europe many millions in order that it may pay for the goods purchased here.

In a resolution on the death of Theodore Roosevelt it was said before the entrance of the United States into the war "he pointed out the imminent menace of Germany's plans to free institutions, and reminded our people of their urgent duty to defend them." Another resolution protested against secrecy at the Peace Conference. The society sent greetings to President Wilson, and assured him that its members, comprising men in various walks of life and all parties, heartily support his efforts to make permanent the peace of the world through a League of Nations." The guests received copies of "Impressions of the Kaiser," by David Jayne Hill, ex-Ambassador to Germany, a member of the society, who was present as was also another former Ambassador to Germany, James W. Gerard, also a member. Mr. Gerard was elected President.

AMERICANS ON THE CHAOUIA

Two Are Reported Saved from the Disaster.

MARSEILLES, Jan. 18.—The two American citizens who were on board the French steamer Chaouia, which was sunk by a mine off Sicily with the loss of nearly 500 lives, are given on the passenger list as Thomas Rallis and Mrs. Susan Rallis. They are listed as "Americans" without any mention of what part of the United States they came from.

The list of survivors of the Chaouia received here includes: "Bailey and Madame Bailey, Americans."

Hughes IMPORTER

Clearance Sale

Evening and Afternoon Gowns Smart Coats and Suits

$50 Formerly $85 to $125

27 WEST 46TH ST. Just off Fifth Ave.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

CRETONNES

Exhibition and Sale of

Imported Linens and Cretonnes

From France and England have come new and interesting drapery fabrics, expressing in colors of rare beauty and patterns of real charm the very latest notes in decorative Textiles.

The display will be a source of delight and inspiration to those planning artistic new Spring and Summer furnishings.

Printed Linens—Exclusive Novelties—yard $2.25

Decidedly decorative and of a quality and character appropriate for the highest type of furnishing. Width 30 inches; a limited quantity.

***Cretonnes* 48c**

Bright, cheerful patterns and many of the light, rather dainty Chintzes, for Summer homes. Qualities adapted for draperies and slip covers.

A Special Purchase At Great Price Concessions

4,800 Yards of Cretonnes

59c yard

Newest patterns and colorings, unusually effective, in the heavier repps and canvas cloths. Many of the rather bold types for Summer homes; others for all the year round draperies and slip covers.

***Cretonnes* 33c**

A limited quantity at this very low price for Cretonnes of such excellent quality. Many patterns and colors from which to select.

Fifth Floor

Important Sale of *Oriental and Loom-Made Rugs*

Values That Will Interest Those Who Require Rugs for Present or Future Use

Oriental Rugs

Chinese	6.0 x 9.0	$125	Chinese	14.0 x 8.0	$375	Chinese	12.0 x 9.0	$295
Laristan	6.0 x 9.0	$145	Mahal	11.10x 8.5	$225	Meles	17.7 x14.2	$495
Chinese	6.3 x 8.0	$125	Chinese	12.0 x 9.0	$245	Chinese	11.6 x 8.8	$345
Mahal	10.4 x10.4	$225	Laristan	10.5 x 7.11	$195	Sarouk	11.8 x 8.8	$425
Kiva Bokhara	10.5 x 8.0	$165	Laristan	11.0 x 8.9	$225	Chinese	14.0 x12.0	$325
Chinese	9.7 x 7.9	$165	Laristan	11.0 x11.0	$295	Sarouk	11.8 x 8.9	$675
Laristan	9.8 x 7.10	$175	Mahal	11.7 x 8.8	$295	Ghorevan	19.0 x12.2	$550
Chinese	8.0 x10.0	$175	Savalan	16.11x13.0	$325	Mahal	20.10x13.10	$575
Anatolian	12.0 x 9.10	$225	Chinese	9.6 x 8.0	$175	Chinese	17.0 x12.9	$675

300 Wilton Rugs—Extra Heavy Quality

This Season's Patterns and Colorings—Unusual Effects in Novelty Designs and the Staple Persian Combinations—Suitable for All Furnishings.

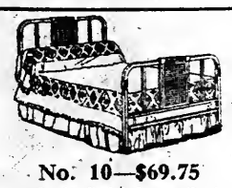
Size 8¼x10½ feet..... **$61.50** | Size 9x12 feet..... **$64.50**

Extra Special—500 Fine Quality Wilton Rugs

Solid colors and two-tone effects, suitable for bedrooms and bathrooms—or any space requiring a rug of this size—27x54 inches..... **$6.75**

Fifth Floor

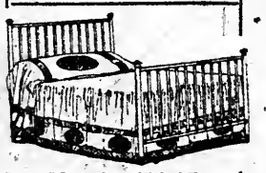
No. 1—$17.50
Mahogany finish metal Bed, three-quarter and full size.



No. 10—$69.75
Satin finish brass Bed, full size.

No. 11—$26.25
Mahogany finish metal Bed, single and full size.

No. 7—$29.00
Circassian Walnut finish metal Bed, single size.



No. 2—$32.95
Satin finish brass Bed, three-quarter size.

A Great Sale of 275 Brass and Enameled Beds

Simmon's Best Products
Highest Quality of Beds Made
Guaranteed for Service

Marked for Immediate Clearance At Extraordinarily Low Prices.

None C. O. D. No Returns. No Mail Orders.

No. 8—$31.85
Satin or bright finish brass Bed, single, three-quarter and full size.

No. 3—$30.00
Mahogany finish metal Bed, single size.

No. 5—$47.50
Satin finish brass Bed, three-quarter and full size.

No. 4—$14.85
White enamel metal Bed, all sizes.

Special Values in *Springs, Mattresses and Pillows*

Springs
Reinforced Woven Wire Springs; all sizes..... **$10.75**

Mattresses
Ostermoor Mattress; full size; choice of tickings..... **$24.00**

Springs
Upholstered Box Spring, tufted hair top..... **$27.75**

Pillows
Bed Pillows, 22x28; mixed geese feathers, striped tickings, each..... **$1.95**

Mattresses
Lord & Taylor Special black curled Hair Mattress; roll edge, 45 lbs.; full size..... **$38.75**

"Restgood" Pillows
22x28 inches, filled with pure South American curled hair..... **$2.95**

Mattresses
Hair Mattresses, gray drawings; full size..... **$58.00**

Springs
Super extra upholstered Box Springs..... **$35.75**

No. 12—$27.50
Satin finish brass Bed; three-quarter size.

No. 6—$9.70
White enamel metal Bed, full size.

No. 14—$34.25
Satin finish brass Bed, three-quarter size.

No. 9—$22.50
White enamel finish Bed, full size.

No. 13—$21.85
Circassian walnut finish metal Bed, single and three-quarter size.

No. 16—$16.75
White enamel metal Bed, all sizes.

No. 15—$9.65
White enamel metal Bed, full size.

Sixth Floor

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second and Forty-third Streets

A Most Extraordinary Sale To-morrow!

Women's and Misses'

FURS & FUR GARMENTS

AT ONE-HALF FORMER PRICES

Will comprise high cost Fur Coats, Coatees, Capelets, Stoles and Pelerines, together with popular priced Neckpieces and Muffs.

MISSES' & WOMEN'S FUR COATS

	Original Price	*Sale Price*		*Original Price*	*Sale Price*
Broadtail Coat,	1450.00	$725.00	Wallaby Coat,	$135.00	$67.50
Broadtail Coat,	$650.00	$325.00	Hudson Seal, (Dyed Muskrat)	$450.00	$225.00
Scotch Mole & Ermine,	$950.00	$475.00	Leopard Coat, nutria trimmed,	$450.00	$225.00
Scotch Mole & Kolinsky,	$825.00	$412.50	Nutria Coat,	$425.00	$212.50
Hudson Seal and Mole,	$675.00	$337.50	Hair Seal Coat,	$235.00	$117.50
Hudson Seal, variously trimmed	$575.00	$287.50	Natural Muskrat Coat,	$245.00	$122.50
Hudson Seal, " "	$450.00	$225.00	Taupe Caracul Coat,	$425.00	$212.50
Hudson Seal, " "	$375.00	$187.50	Scotch Mole Coat,	$265.00	$132.50
White Coney & Black Fox	$225.00	$112.50	Baby Caracul Coat,	$575.00	$287.50

FUR CAPES, COATEES & STOLES

Blended Sable Stole,	Originally $500.00	$250.00
Real Scotch Mole,	Originally $475.00	$237.50
Natural Stone Marten,	Originally $375.00	$187.50
Kolinsky,	Originally $185.00	$92.50
Real Ermine,	Originally $215.00	$107.50

FUR SCARFS

$14.75	Originally $29.50	
$27.50	Originally $55.00	
$17.50	Originally $35.00	
$21.25	Originally $42.50	
$22.50	Originally $45.00	
$32.50	Originally $65.00	
$19.75	Originally $39.50	
$11.25	Originally $22.50	
$33.75	Originally $67.50	
$21.25	Originally $42.50	

FUR MUFFS

Hudson Seal	Originally $24.50	$12.25
Hudson Seal	Originally $39.50	$19.75
Skunk	Originally $45.00	$22.50
Skunk	Originally $55.00	$27.50
Black Lynx	Originally $42.50	$21.25
Dyed Fox	Originally $45.00	$22.50
Wolf	Originally $47.50	$23.75
Natural Raccoon	Originally $29.50	$14.75
Beaver	Originally $48.00	$24.00
Australian Opossum	Originally $39.50	$19.75

COPELAND DECLINES TO TALK ON CHANGES

Says He Is Too Busy to Discuss Health Bureau Controversy Before Women's League.

WILL RECEIVE COMMITTEE

Rabbi Kaplan Says City Administration's "Tampering" Is "Political Sabotage."

In reply to the invitation extended to him by the Woman's Municipal League to speak at their meeting called for tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock in the Murray Hill Hotel to discuss the withdrawal of the Division of Industrial Hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, Health Commissioner Copeland said yesterday that he regretted the pressure of official business would make it impossible for him to attend.

Dr. Copeland said, however, that he would be glad to lay all the facts regarding the proposed change before a committee that the league might send to him at their convenience and that he would then explain his plan in full.

The league also asked Dr. Copeland's permission for Dr. Emilie I. Harris, head of the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, to address the meeting. The Commissioner made no response to this request but it was explained on his behalf by his Secretary that the Commissioner has no control over the actions of his subordinates outside of office hours.

The meeting will be a conference of representatives of more than sixty civic, labor, and social welfare agencies to discuss Commissioner Copeland's change in the Health Department. The speakers, it was announced yesterday, will be Mrs. Florence Kelley of the National Consumers' League; Rose Schneiderman of the Women's Trades Union League; James J. Bagley of Franklin Union No. 23, and others.

Dr. Mordecai M. Kaplan, Rabbi of the Jewish Centre, 131 West Eighty-sixth Street, discussing Commissioner Copeland's action in his sermon yesterday, said:

"It is the duty of every citizen to protest against the present political tampering with the successful and indispensable work of the Division of Industrial Hygiene. The present city Administration entered upon a policy of political sabotage from the moment it came into power. It has carried out that policy in a most high-handed manner. It has wrecked one department after another regardless of the consequences of its action upon the health and lives of the people of our city.

"It has driven out men trained by years of study and experience to satisfy the greed of job seekers; some of the most responsible positions are filled with dealers instead of experts. It has counted upon the distractions of the times and upon the public's general indifference to the inner workings of city administration. It has gone, however, just one step too far in attempting to raid the Division of Industrial Hygiene. In doing that it is robbing the worker of his only asset—his health—and makes him ready victim to occupational diseases, which, though incident to many an industry, are entirely preventable."

The Council of Women's Organizations, embracing 400 organizations of women, of which Mrs. Charles C. Rumsey is Chairman and Mrs. Willard Straight Vice Chairman, made public yesterday a resolution addressed to Mayor Hylan and Commissioner Copeland urging that the Division of Industrial Hygiene be restored to the Bureau of Preventable Diseases. The resolution said that the "vast increase in diversified industry during the war calls for correspondingly greater municipal provision for the study and application of industrial hygiene in New York City, the greatest centre of industry in the Western Hemisphere."

The resolution also recited that, "under Dr. Harris, the city Division of Industrial Hygiene has acquired a national and international reputation for valuable original work, and has contributed materially to the increased safety of workers employed in hazardous occupations."

WAGE ADVANCE IN FACTORIES

Labor Department Reports 81 Per Cent. Rise in Four Years.

A report just issued by the State Department of Labor says that for the period from June, 1914, to October, 1918, the average wages of office employes in factories increased from $10.18 per week to $18.41, or an increase of 26 per cent. During the same period the average wages paid to all employes in factories, shop and office combined, increased 81 per cent., as against a 73 per cent. increase in the retail price of food. The report adds:

"In considering the percentages of increase in office salaries for the above period in industries, it is seen that in the stone, clay and glass industry the increase is 46 per cent.; in clothing, 34 per cent.; in wood manufactures, 33 per cent.; in paper, leather, and rubber goods, 31 per cent.; in textiles, 29 per cent.; in metals and machinery, 28 per cent.; in chemicals, 26 per cent.; in light and power, 25 per cent., and in foods, liquors, and Tobacco, 16 per cent."

New Apparel for
Southern Wear
especially designed for
Stout Women

The very latest style ideas developed in materials suitable for Southern wear. Sizes up to 56 bust, ready-to-wear.

Gowns
Suitable for street, afternoon and evening wear.
24.75 to 175.00

Coats
Silk and light-weight woolens in newest modes for all occasions.
24.75 to 195.00

Suits
Taffeta, Silk Poplin, Tricotine and Gabardine. Newest styles.
39.75 to 125.50

Lane Bryant
21-23 West 38th St. New York

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

"Marne" Deckle Edge Stationery
$1.50 a Box
High-grade Stationery, single sheets with torn edges, and envelopes to match. Blue, buff or white, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes to the box.
Ground Floor

Fine White Glace Kid Slip-on Gloves
Special $1.78 a Pair
Smart "Biarritz" Gloves, to wear with the new bell sleeves. Overseam sewn and in the correct, 6 button length. The fashionable women's choice.
Ground Floor

Fashionable Silks
In a Thousand Shades

Chiffons, Georgette Crepes, Indestructible Voiles and other Silk fabrics in practically any color desired; all marked at very moderate prices.

Novelty Silks "Made in America"
High class fabrics shown in many novelties for Street, Afternoon and Evening wear at prices ranging from **$4.95** up to **$7.50** a yard.

Fantaisie Georgette
A most desirable sheer fabric in a selection of more than 150 fancy styles—greatly in demand—at **$2.75** a yard.

Special for Monday
Black Dress Satin
1200 yards of an excellent quality, 35 inches wide, will be on sale tomorrow at, yard..... **$1.50**

Real Laces
Priced With Rare Economy

Beautiful Irish Crochet and Filet hand made Laces, at much below actual values. Choice patterns in the widths now so scarce and in such demand.

Real Irish Crochet Edges and Insertions—1 to 2 inches wide, yard.....**35c** and **75c**
Real Irish Crochet Beading and Picot Edges—for dainty finishing touches; yard.....**9c**
Real Filet Lace Edges and Insertions—in 1 inch widths for lingerie and children's wear; special, yard.....**55c**
Ground Floor

A Special Purchase—An Important Sale
Women's Fur Collared Coats
$29.50
A Price Less Than Early Season Wholesale Cost

Three Models in Finest Quality All Wool Velour choice shades of Reindeer, Taupe, Henna, Brown and Green.

Large Collars of Nutria, Taupe Nutria and French Seal (dyed coney) in Smart Shawl and Muffler effects.

Coats of decidedly distinctive style, introducing novel belt effects, and fine finishing touches, usually characteristic of the highest grade garments. All coats warmly interlined and lined throughout.

Every Winter Coat in Stock Reduced for Immediate Clearance
Third Floor

Fine Cotton Fabrics
From Many Lands

For southern and early Spring wear we have assembled a magnificent assortment of foreign and domestic weaves in both white and colors—the largest assemblage of cotton dress fabrics Lord & Taylor have ever shown.

From France—Novelty Cottons, Organdies and Mulls.
From England—Madras, Batistes, Nainsooks and Lawns.
From Switzerland—Dotted Swisses, Mulls, etc.
From Ireland—Fine Dimities, Handkerchief Linens, etc.
From Scotland—The well known David and John Anderson Ginghams.
From America—Ginghams, Madras, Voiles, Batistes, Mulls, Dimities, Lawns, etc.

Special for Monday
Novelty Cotton Dress Voiles
38-40 inches wide—a very large collection of patterns in a sale tomorrow; at, yd. **48c**

Wool Dress Goods Section
Three Excellent Values

Dress Serges—an all wool Navy blue and black serge; yard.....**$1.58**
Fine French Suiting Serges—in black only; 54 inches wide; yard.....**$3.25**
Semi-made Skirts—Corduroy in Sport colors and white.....**$7.50**
Second Floor

Loveliest of Lingerie
Featured at Special Prices

Flesh color Crepe de Chine in models that will delight the woman who fancies these dainty and really durable Undergarments.

Crepe de Chine Gowns
$3.95, $4.95, $5.95, $6.95

Tailored effects, with washable satin or hemstitching; others trimmed with Filet or Valenciennes laces.

Envelope Chemises
$1.95, $2.45, $2.95, $3.45

Crepe de Chine and Satin garments, trimmed with Venise and Filet laces, hand embroidered or smartly hemstitched in color.

Crepe de Chine Pajamas—$5.95
One piece model, effectively hemstitched and prettily shirred.

Morning Dresses
Special January Sale Values

$2.95, $3.45, $3.95, $4.95, $5.95 and $7.95
Newest of House and Morning Dresses in neat Percales, crisp Chambrays and Ginghams, Crepes and sheer Voiles. Models with pretty and becoming collar effects and pockets. All very neatly finished so that they will launder and wear well.

Maids' Aprons, Caps and Uniforms
in complete assortments and at a wide range of prices.

Clearance of Corsets
At Greatly Reduced Prices

Fashionable models in leading makes, offered at much below actual value to effect a quick clearance.

Corsets of Broche, coutil and novelty materials; all sizes well represented, but not every size in every model.

Mme. Irene Corsets
$3.95, $5.95, $7.95, $9.75

Lord & Taylor Special Corsets
$1.65, $1.95, $2.95

American Lady Corsets.....**$1.95** and **$3.95**
Frolaset (front laced) Corsets.....**$5.00**
La Vida Corsets.....**$3.95** and **$7.50**
Bien Jolie Corsets.....**98c** and **$3.95**

Silk Jersey Petticoats
A Special Purchase on Sale Tomorrow

$4.95

All silk Jersey Petticoats, in a delightful variety of colors. Deep flounces, inset with squares or bands in contrasting effects or prettily fringed.

Taffeta Petticoats, Special $3.95
Changeable effects in smartly flounced models; exceptionally good value at the price.
Second Floor

The Best News of Fine Linens
We Have Yet Announced in the January Sale

Further large reductions from regular prices make these the most attractive values we have offered this season.

Irish Linen Weft Damask Table Cloths and Napkins
At Less Than Wholesale
Table Cloths
67x68 inches.....**$3.50**
67x86 inches.....**$4.38**
Napkins to Match
22x22 inches.....dozen **$4.95**

Fine All Linen Irish Damask Cloths and Napkins
At Greatly Reduced Prices
Table Cloths
2x2 yards.....**$6.75**
2x2½ yards.....**$8.50**
Napkins to Match
Per dozen.....**$8.95**

500 Dozen Napkins
Mercerized Irish Damask.
Reduced to....dozen **$2.75**

100 Doz. Huck Towels
Satin Stripe; Hemstitched.
Reduced to....dozen **$2.95**

1200 Turkish Towels
Excellent Quality.
Reduced to.....each **50c**

200 Odd Table Cloths
Pure Linen Damask; 2x2½ yds.
Reduced to.....each **$6.95**

150 Pairs Pillow Cases
Pure Irish Linen
Reduced to.....pair **$2.95**

1200 Crash Towels
For Kitchen Use.
Reduced to....dozen **$2.95**

150 Fine Hand Embroidered Pure Linen Madeira Luncheon Sets.....Reduced to each **$4.95**

Annual Sale of Blankets Comfortables and Bed Spreads
Standard grades have been further reduced from former low prices—making these the best values of the January Sale

500 Pairs White Blankets

Single Bed Size **$6.75** pair
Full Bed Size **$10.50** pair
Extra Bed Size **$14.25** pair

100 Pairs Plaid Blankets—now—$10.75 pair

100 Comfortables
Cotton filled, cambric covered.
Reduced to....each **$3.95**

100 Comfortables
Extra quality, wool filled.
Reduced to....each **$7.85**

500 Bed Spreads
Crinkled dimity.
Reduced to....each **$2.65**
Second Floor

Men's Sweaters and Half Hose
At Prices Far Below Their Value

All Wool Sweaters—$6.95
Heavy all wool Sweaters, with collar and V neck; in dark grey, maroon, navy blue, dark green and brown.

All Wool Vests—$3.95
Brushed Wool Vests in heathers and dark grey; also plain weave in heather brown.

Heavy All Wool Half Hose—95c
Men's heavy all wool ribbed Half Hose in heather mixtures and Oxford grey; also heavy plain weave in brown.

Wool Half Hose—45c
Men's Wool Half Hose in medium weight; seamless; exceptional wearing quality; in black only.
Ground Floor

Women's Dresses
A Special Purchase Will Be on Sale Tomorrow at the Very Low Price
$29.50

An occasion arranged to meet the fashionable woman's demand for the new, the smart, the distinctive in Spring Dress fashions.

Taffeta Afternoon Dresses
in models featuring new Apron effects, or on the redingote lines; often combining Georgette Crepe with the lustrous silk.

Tailored Serge Dresses
A new jacket model for youthful figures, introducing an embroidered waistcoat of contrasting satin. Others in smartly braid strapped styles, give the long lines of the modish silhouette. Of exceptionally fine quality Serge.

New Blouses
Most Attractively Priced

Latest arrivals forecast in fascinating fashion the trend of the Spring Blouse Mode:

Georgette Crepe Blouses—$5.00
In white, a frill collar model, simple but charming, with black ribbon cravat and wrist ties.

Voile Tablier Blouses—$6.95
Sheer white Voile in new Tablier effect, daintily tucked and trimmed with Valenciennes laces.

Braided Net Blouses—$7.95
Fine white net, with broad collar, revers and cuffs elaborately braided with soutache.

Georgette Crepe Blouses—$9.75
In flesh color, a box pleated tucked model with new Botticelli collar and cuffs of white satin.
Third Floor

Ground Floor Special Blouses
$3.95 and $5.00
Many models in Crepe de Chine or Washable Satins; high or low collar effects, tailored or dressy styles.

A Sale of Furs
At Greatly Reduced Prices

Our entire stock of handsome Fur Coats, smart Capelets, Muffs and Scarfs, as well as the specially purchased Samples of a leading Furrier.

Natural Muskrat Coats
Reduced to $142.50 and $195.00.
Hudson Seal Coats (dyed muskrat)
Reduced to $225.00, $295.00, $325.00
Muffs and Scarfs—Reduced

Skunk Scarfs.....**$42.50**
Skunk Muffs.....**$43.50**
Black Lynx Scarfs.....**$47.50**
Black Lynx Muffs.....**$43.50**
Raccoon Scarfs.....**$12.50**
Raccoon Muffs.....**$19.50**
Nutria Muffs.....**$14.50**
Third Floor

Newest Styles for Winter and Early Spring Wear

3,300 Pairs of Women's High Class Shoes
Offered at Very Low Prices in the January Sale

Finest Makes and Leathers, in All Sizes and Widths

1200 Pairs Finest of Women's Boots
$11.75
Patent leather with fawn suede tops.
Dark tan calfskin with fawn suede tops.
Black kidskin lace with dark grey kidskin tops.

1600 Pairs New Walking or Dress Boots
$8.75
Heavy dark tan calfskin laced Boots.
Brown kidskin laced Boots with brown cloth tops.
All black kidskin laced Boots.

500 Pairs Women's Fine Boots
$7.90
Fine black kidskin laced Shoes. Black cloth tops.
High arched Cuban heels. All sizes and widths.

Second Floor

GARMENT WORKERS VOTE FOR A STRIKE

Union Demands a 44-Hour Week and a Wage Advance of 15 Per Cent.

MANUFACTURERS TO MEET

Walkout Postponed Till Next Week, In the Hope That a Settlement May Be Arrived At.

A strike has been called by the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union to take effect on a day to be determined next week, unless the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association agrees to meet the demand of the workers for a forty-four-hour week and a 15 per cent. wage increase. The announcement was made at a mass meeting of workers held in Madison Square Garden yesterday afternoon by Elmer Rosenberg, Secretary of the union, who said that the strike vote taken during the week had demonstrated that 12,721 of the 25,000 members of the union who voted were in favor of the strike and 105 opposed.

The Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association last night announced that a meeting of its membership would be held at the Waldorf at 7 o'clock on Tuesday evening to outline the definite policy of the association to its members. Union leaders in deferring the strike hoped yesterday that the manufacturers would meet their demands.

The principal speaker at the mass meeting was Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, who told the workers they were entirely justified in their demands. Capitalists, he said, had been referring to strikers in general as Bolsheviki, whereas the real Bolsheviki were the "employers in big industries, such as the Steel Trust." In the present controversy, he added, employers have the solution of the matter in their own hands. If they desire harmony they can enter into a bargain with their employes as to both the wage question and the hours of labor.

Mr. Morrison was interrupted by a woman who inquired whether or not the American Federation of Labor would get a new trial for Mooney, the convicted Californian labor leader. Mr. Morrison replied that Mooney had the backing of the American Federation of Labor in his efforts to get a re-hearing of his case.

Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the union, introduced a strike resolution, which was adopted. It read in part:

"We realize now more than ever that our only protection against all assaults on the part of our employers lies in our organization; that our organization alone will shield us from the inhuman exploitation to which we have been subjected in the years before we organized our union, and we pledge ourselves with renewed determination and enthusiasm to stand loyally and unflinchingly by our union through all the struggles that may come.

"We hereby authorize the General Executive Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the Executive Boards of Locals 10, 23, and 25, to exert every effort of the organization to secure for us standards of life which will enable us and our families to live with the degree of decency becoming to American citizens, and we hereby solemnly bind ourselves to support our organization in such efforts with all of the means and resources at our command."

Mayor Hylan yesterday had conferences with representatives of the union and Harry A. Gordon, counsel for the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association. Both sides of the case were presented to the Mayor. Counsel for the manufacturers will meet the Mayor on next Tuesday and the representatives of the union later in the week.

NEED 500 WOMEN VISITORS.

Red Cross to Provide for Homes of Discharged Men.

A call for 500 women volunteers to aid in visiting the families of discharged soldiers and sailors was sent out by the Home Service Section of the Red Cross for Manhattan and Bronx, 353 Fifth Avenue, yesterday. "These families are suffering," said Mrs. John McGlenn, Chairman of the section, "because there are not enough visitors to handle the thousands of applications made at the section office. Allotments and payments have not been made and the visitors are needed to check up the statements of the soldiers and their families. Women volunteers with education, tact, and a deep interest in the work are asked to report at the office."

Autographed letters of celebrated men are offered at low prices at the Red Cross Shop, 387 Fifth Avenue. Among the writers are Zola, Edwin Arnold, Captain Dreyfus, President Diaz of Mexico, and Jules Verne. A letter from Theodore Roosevelt has just sold for $15.

DANIELS TO ENFORCE LABOR BOARD'S DECREES

Bethlehem Company Must Comply with Wage Order, He Tells Taft.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Every power of the Navy Department will be used to force the acceptance by companies with which it has contracts of awards made by the War Labor Board, Secretary Daniels said today, after a conference with Joint Chairman Taft of the board, on the situation growing out of the Bethlehem Steel Company's refusal to put into operation one of these awards.

Mr. Daniels said he was taking up the question of how the department should proceed. It appeared, he said, that the Bethlehem Company had agreed some months ago to permit collective bargaining and the establishment of shop committees among its employes, but as soon as the armistice was signed "the company lost interest."

No hint was given as to what form the Navy Department's action might take, but Mr. Daniels said that every contract let by the navy included a cancellation clause. The War Department has more and larger contracts with the Bethlehem Company than the navy.

Mr. Taft announced later that the War Labor Board would defer for ten days its decision on the complaint of Bethlehem Steel Company employes that the company had not lived up to the terms of awards.

Mr. Taft said that during the interval the board would investigate munition contracts held by the company to determine whether the Government had allowed the corporation money to pay the increased wages which the board awards.

Navy officials have arranged conferences with the War Department in order that a common plan of action might be agreed upon in dealing with the situation.

QUIZ TEACHER ON TROTZKY.

Glassberg Faces Charge of Upholding Bolsheviists In School.

Benjamin Glassberg, a teacher in the Commercial High School, Brooklyn, has been suspended for alleged utterance of Bolshevist doctrines made in the classroom. At a meeting of the Teachers' Union on Friday evening Mr. Glassberg presented his side of the case, and it was decided to give him the union's moral and financial support in his fight to retain his position.

It is charged against the teacher that among his comments made in the classroom upon the Russian situation were:

"The publication of the truth about Bolshevism was prohibited by the State Department.

"Red Cross workers, returning from Russia, have been prohibited by the Government to tell the truth about affairs there.

"A public school teacher is not allowed to tell the truth about those matters."

Resolutions have been prescribed for the conduct of public forums in the schools. Among them are the following: Only those speakers who are known to be positively loyal to the Government, and to the ideals and traditions of the nation, will be allowed to address the audience. "The Star-Spangled Banner" will precede every meeting.

Mr. Glassberg said in regard to the charges:

"I was asked in the classroom last Tuesday whether I thought Lenine and Trotzky were German spies, and I replied that I didn't think so, and quoted from several noted Bolsheviists. I was trapped by the questions asked, which I had to answer as I did or lie, and I didn't choose to lie."

Twelve boys of his class, he said, had been selected by the principal of the school, with regard to their religious convictions, to do questioning. He declared that the Board of Education was "trying to use the teachers to further its own views of history."

MORE GIFTS FOR NEEDIEST.

Week's Contributions Bring the Total to $80,073.07.

Contributions of $64 acknowledged today for New York's Neediest Cases bring the total since the appeal was made last month to $80,073.07. Contributions received during the week have been as follows:

Mrs. Annis Kline	$20
Ida S. Blancke	10
W. S. M. Meads	10
Mrs. Edwin W. Roberts	5
Mrs. Frank Heartfield	3
Mrs. E. Tepper	5
M. F. Wilson	5
Masters John and James Stewart	2
F. Miller	1
Mrs. T. Garvey	1
Total	$64

The One Hundred Neediest Cases, for whom the appeal was made, were completely provided for when $42,870 was received, and almost a hundred additional cases have been assured of aid for a year or until the families are self-supporting.

RUSSEK'S
FIFTH AVENUE

January Clearance Sale

Season's Newest Designs
Most Desired Materials

Dresses and Evening Gowns
Late Winter Suits Appropriate for Early Spring
Fur Trimmed Coats
Every Fur Garment and Smaller Piece

WASHABLE SATIN
30 inches wide; flesh color; good weight,
Special $1.15

Stern Brothers
West Forty-second and West Forty-third Streets

GEORGETTE CREPE
40 inches; street and evening colors & black
Special $1.50

A Highly Important Sale Monday!
Women's Fashionable Navy Blue
TAFFETA DRESSES
At the very special price of $33.50
An entirely new and exclusive model for street or afternoon wear, delineating the trend of fashion for Spring in an elaborately beaded two-toned effect.
A Special Clearaway from Regular Stock of
95 WOMEN'S SUITS & DRESSES
At reduction of 25 to 50% less than early season prices.

A Notable Offering Monday!
Advance Spring Styles in Misses'
GEORGETTE DRESSES
Special $35.00
Exclusive models made up specially for this occasion—two styles, featuring draped skirts, fancy borders and belts; new Spring colorings.
Regular value $47.50

Superior All Pure
LINENS
The Great Annual Sale Provides Extraordinary Savings from Regular Prices.

Irish Satin Damask Table Cloths
Full bleached, four attractive circular designs,
70 by 70 inches, regularly $9.00, at $5.50
70 by 88 inches, regularly $11.25, at 6.75
70 by 106 inches, regularly $13.50, at 8.75
Napkins to match
22 by 22 inches, regularly $10.75 doz. 6.25

Also Superfine Irish Satin Double Damask Table Cloths
Handsome circular designs,
2 by 2 yds, at 10.00 | 2¼ by 2¼ yds, 13.00
2 by 2½ yds, 13.00 | 2½ by 2½ yds, 16.00
Napkins to match
24x24 ins, doz. 14.50 | 27x27 ins, doz. 17.00

All Linen Huck Towels
Soft and absorbent, hemmed ends, regular value $6.50 a dozen,
SPECIAL $4.75

Irish Linen Pillow Cases, hemst'd, pair 2.25
Irish Linen Sheets, hemstitched, " 9.25
Irish Satin Damask Table Linen, pure flax, very special, yard $1.65

Specially Prepared Sale!
Women's High Class
DOLMAN WRAPS
Priced remarkably low, in two groups:
Group I.—$65.00
Exclusive model, fashioned in Bolivia or frost glo, with large shawl collars of Genuine Beaver, handsomely silk lined and warmly interlined; colors: taupe, mouse, Copenhagen or prunella,
Regular value $110.00
Group II.—$45.00
Stunning model, fashioned in Bolivia or frost glo, with huge collars of French Seal (dyed coney) handsomely silk lined and interlined. Winter colorings,
Regular value $69.75

Philippine Handmade
NIGHT GOWNS
and Envelope Chemises
Unprecedented values in hand-embroidered styles,
$1.95, 2.45 and 2.75
Crepe de Chine Env. Chemises
Tailored and lace-trimmed;
Regularly $2.75 to 4.95
$1.95 to 3.75
Crepe de Chine Bloomers
Also of Washable Satin,
Regularly $3.50 to 4.75
$2.50 to 3.45
Crepe de Chine Night Gowns
Tailored and lace-trimmed; regularly $5.50 to 8.95,
at $3.75, 4.50 and 6.75

FINE TWILL SERGE
All Wool, 54 inches wide,
Superior quality, in a fashionable shade of navy blue, also black, will furnish an extraordinary value on the Main Floor,
at 1.90 yd.

Blankets, Comfortables, Muslin Sheets and Pillow Cases
Special January Clearance at Unusually Low Prices on the Second Floor.
White Blankets
Double size; pink and blue borders,
$6.25, 8.50 and 11.50 a pair
Comfortables
Double size with attractive coverings
$3.95, 5.75 and 10.50 each
Fancy Colored Blankets at $3.50 and 4.75 each
Jacquard weaves in an assortment of colors.
Muslin Sheets, hemmed, $1.10, 1.50, 1.68, 2.25
Muslin Pillow Cases, hemmed, 30c, 38c, 42c, 45c
Muslin Sheets, hemstitched, $1.55, 1.95, 2.25, 2.55
Muslin Pillow Cases, hemstitched, 38c, 48c, 50c, 52c
Plush Motor Robes at $7.50 to 17.75

Upholstery Hangings and Furniture Coverings
An Extraordinary Clearance Sale will comprise Several Thousand Yards of
Tapestry, Damask, Armure and Fancy Weaves
All 50 inches wide; per yard
$2.25, 2.75, 3.25 and 3.95
Which are Greatly Below Present Cost Prices
Reversible Velour Portieres
Open French edge, in the leading colors, combining blue, brown, red, gold, mulberry, etc.; will provide excellent values
at $19.75

VOTE ON FOOD BILL DELAYED IN SENATE

Opposition Develops, but Supporters of Measure Expect to Pass It Tomorrow.

BORAH ASSAILS HOOVER

Declares He Has Yielded to Monopolies—Kenyon Against Government Charity in Europe.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—After many hours of debate the Senate failed tonight to reach a vote on the bill, already passed by the House, appropriating $100,000,000 for European famine relief, as urged by President Wilson. Despite the outspoken opposition of some members, Republican and Democratic leaders expressed the belief that the measure would be put through on Monday, they had hoped to pass it before adjournment tonight.

Senator Martin, the Democratic leader, and Senator Lodge spoke in favor of the measure, while Senators Borah of Idaho and Kenyon of Iowa, Republicans, led the opposition. Senator Myers of Montana, Democrat, also said he could not give the bill his support.

The opposition was based on alleged lack of authority of Congress to appropriate money, raised from the people by taxation, for European charity, and also because, it was asserted, sufficient information justifying the appropriation had not been submitted to Congress.

Objection to feeding peoples of enemy countries also was raised, and the Senate adopted an amendment by Senator Lodge adding Austria, Turkey, and Bulgaria, besides Germany, to the countries which shall not share in distribution of the fund. The Lodge amendment provides, however, that it shall not prevent food distribution to the peoples of Armenia, Syria, Greece, and the Christian and Jewish peoples under the yoke of enemy Governments.

Borah Attacks Hoover.

During the debate Herbert Hoover, American Food Administrator, was sharply attacked by Senators Borah and Kenyon, who charged that his administration had favored the meat packing interests. Senator Borah also asserted that Mr. Hoover's work had been carried out without thought of the interests of American taxpayers. Under Mr. Hoover's administration, Senator Borah said the packers had made larger profits in 1917 than ever before, and he demanded that President Wilson have the European work placed in the hands of some one more responsive to taxpayers' interests.

In support of the bill, Senator Martin cited precedents dating back to 1912, of similar relief appropriations by Congress, and Senator Lodge said the $100,000,000 appropriation was necessary to carry out the general work of this nation in concluding the war.

Opposition developed immediately after Senator Martin called up the bill. Senator Myers demanded to know under what constitutional clause Congress could raise money by taxes and then practically give it away to foreign people.

Senator Martin said such relief appropriations had been made many times and cited a number of precedents including the appropriation of $800,000 for Italian earthquake sufferers in 1909.

Senator Kenyon declared he did not believe it proper that the people of this country should be compelled to give to a charity fund for the aid of foreign nations, and that the relief should be carried out through private subscriptions. He contended that Congress had no right to take the money of the people by taxation for charity outside the country. Statements intending to show why the bill should be passed, he said, were indefinite, and declared that President Wilson got his information only from Mr. Hoover.

"Perhaps this is the result of secret diplomacy in Europe," the Senator said. "I wish the President would serve notice that if the foreign nations insist on the secret diplomacy now going on at Paris he and his staff will return to this country and also withdraw our army from Europe and let Europe go it alone."

Referring to President Wilson's statement that food would stop Bolshevism, Senator Kenyon declared:

"You will stop the Bolsheviki, not by feeding them, but by removing injustices."

Before giving relief to Europe the situation in the United States should be considered, Senator Kenyon said, adding that thousands of men are out of employment in the United States, and that there are inadequate hospital facilities to care for the return of wounded soldiers.

Thinks Packers Control.

Senator Borah said it was impossible for him to support the bill because of the connection Herbert Hoover would have with the disposition of the funds.

"Hoover's viewpoint is such," he said, "that I can't agree to turn over this money to him."

Senator Borah said investigation showed that "three vast monopolies that controlled the food supply have directed and controlled the Food Administration since he has been in charge. By this," he said, "he did not intend to say that Mr. Hoover had benefited in any way, but that it was Hoover's viewpoint that permitted this to be done."

"While express dispatches have described suffering at home for lack of food, the Idaho Senator said the packers admitted that their war profits were 47 per cent. on capital invested. Passage of the bill, he asserted, would increase the packers' profits. He contended that it would be unjust to hold the President responsible for proper relief distribution, as he would not know how the money was spent.

URGES NATION TO MOURN.

Honoring of Roosevelt Transcends Party Belief, Says Baker.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—By direction of Secretary Baker, Grosvenor B. Clarkson, director of the Council of National Defense, today requested all State, county, community, and municipal Councils of Defense to do everything possible to make successful the nation-wide arrangement for memorial services for Theodore Roosevelt, to be held on Feb. 9, at the same time that services are held by Congress.

"Because of the peculiarly non-partisan character of the great Council of Defense system," said the telegram, "it is singularly fitting that the foregoing action should be taken. The honoring of Theodore Roosevelt is a matter that transcends party belief and personal prejudice. He lived greatly for America and that is enough to justify even those who opposed him in mourning his death."

PLANS TO HONORROOSEVELT

Memorial Committee Embarrassed by Wealth of Suggestion.

OYSTER BAY, Jan. 18.—Members of the committee in charge of plans for the Roosevelt Memorial in this village met this evening and announced that they would not be able to make a report for a week or two, as they had so many suggestions under consideration.

Letters from all over the country have reached the committee, and prominent citizens have not only asked that they be included in any plan to raise funds, but offered suggestions as to what would be most fitting.

"Roosevelt Park" may be laid out near the railroad station as a fitting memorial, or it may be decided to erect a granite shaft in the centre of the town.

William Loeb, Jr., formerly Secretary to President Roosevelt, is Chairman of the committee.

In many departments not included in "January Sale" drastic price cuts have also been made to clear the decks for the New, arriving daily.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

Of Daily Increasing Interest Is Our Showing of Apparel and Millinery and Spring Novelties For Wear in the North and South

OUR 19TH JANUARY SALE IN FULL SWING

No let-up in Values or Assortments as Sale bears its end.
Unusual Money Savings for *all* due to months of careful preparation and judicious *Cash Buying*.

We ask you: What other house keeps up throughout the month its January Sale values and attains the volume of business as does the House of Hearn? Offerings like the following is the reason.

For Example—These for Both Monday and Tuesday:

Our January Sale Supplies All the Needs

For Babies and Tiny Tots

BABIES' WOOLENS

Infants' Shirts—All wool and silk and wool—sizes to 6 months—our reg. $1.35 and $1.45.....1.14

Babies' Ribbed Shirts—Shell finish—sizes to 3 yrs.—our reg. .75.....48

Ruben's Shirts—All wool—sizes 1 to 3 yrs.—our reg. $1.45 & $1.65 .97

Babies' Half Wool Shirts—Fine quality—sizes to 3 years—our reg. .95 *January Sale* .77

White Daisy Cloth Wrappers—Dainty pink and blue silk scallop edge—well made—our reg. $1.50—*January Sale* 1.14

Wool Flannel Barrow Coats—Cambric bands—our reg. .95—*January Sale* .72

Hand Crocheted Bootees—Our reg. .75.....46

Flannelette Gertrudes—Scalloped edge—our reg. .95....77

Wool Flannel Bands—Our "Little Wonder" leader—three in sanitary bag—our reg. $1.00.....85

Infants' Flannelette Wrappers and Nightgowns—With draw string—our reg. .85.....each .72

Long Embroidered Flannel Skirts—Cambric Waists—our reg. $1.95.....1.44

Nursery Pads—Crib and bassinette size—17x24 in.—our reg. .65.....54; 18x34 in.—our reg. .83.....62; 34x52 in.—our reg. $2.13....1.47

Bird's-Eye Diapers—Hemmed ready for use—Single—dozen—20x20.....1.44; 22x22.....1.77; 24x24.....2.14; 30x30.....2.94; Double—dozen—24x48.....3.74; 27x54.....4.54

DRESSES AND SLIPS

Tots' Tub Dresses—Belted and Empire models—gingham or chambray—sizes to 5 years—our reg. $1.27.....86

Babies' Yoke and Bishop Dresses—Of fine nainsook, lace and embroidery trimmed—sizes to 3 years—our reg. .87.....64

Tots' Fine White Dresses—Daintiest styles yoke, Empire and belted—sizes to 6 years—our reg. $1.27.....85

Infants' Nainsook Slips and Dresses—Yoke and bishop styles—embroidery trimmed—sizes to 3 years—our reg. .65.....43

Infants' Christening Sets—Consisting of dress and skirt—daintily trimmed with lace or embroidery—our reg. $6.97.....5.44

Infants' Slips—Yoke and bishop styles—some have lace trimmed yokes—our reg. $1.17.....83

Infants' Nainsook Slips—Yoke and bishop styles—lace and embroidery trimmed—our reg. .87.....65

Tots' White Skirts—Princess styles—lace and embroidery—to 6 yrs.—our reg. .97.....67

19th January Sale

Nainsook and Silk Underwear

Practical, dainty undersilks and sheer, fine nainsook lingerie. Sizes for Women, Misses and Children.

Just a statement of a genuine fact. We know our Underwear Sales are the busiest in town—by several indications we know this. We shopped and made comparisons, and the real reason is that our values are decidedly better than those offered elsewhere. This statement is no braggadocio, but a simple statement of facts, which it is entirely in your power to verify and judge for yourself.

Crepe de Chine and Satin Camisoles—Several models with fancy laces and silk embroidery—our reg. $1.18.....*Sale* .88

Satin Camisoles—Fancy yokes of Val. lace, medallions and ribbon—our reg. $1.94..*Sale* 1.46

Camisoles—Beautiful models—elaborate or dainty trim of fine laces, rosebuds and ribbon—our reg. $2.68.....*Sale* 2.24

Women's Satin Bloomers—Two rows of H. S., and elastic at knee and waist—our reg. $2.94.....*Sale* 2.48

Pink Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemises—Yoke made of inserts of Val. lace with medallions and wide satin, and loops with dainty buds—usually $5.68.....*Sale* 3.94

Daintiest Pink Satin Petticoats—Ruffles with hemstitching—our reg. $5.68.....*Sale* 4.90

Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemises—Deep yokes of filet pattern, lace front and back—lace or satin shoulder straps—value $2.68.....*Sale* 1.94

Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemises—Empire style—shirred or tailored yokes, with rows and bowknots of hemstitching—large satin bow or wide lace and satin ribbon—value $3.68....*Sale* 2.74

Pink Crepe de Chine Night Dresses—Empire style—rows of shirring, ribbon rosettes and rosebuds—usually $5.68.*Sale* 3.94

Pink Satin Petticoats—Knee flounce, entirely of perpendicular rows of fancy lace and satin bands—wide lace edge—our reg. $7.48.....*Sale* 5.88

Women's Corset Covers—Nainsook—round neck—lace and insert or embroidery—our reg. .48.....*Sale* .28

Nainsook Corset Covers—Snappy styles, with rows of lace and ribbon—our reg. .68....*Sale* .48

Corset Covers—Fine nainsook—daintily trim'd with laces, embroideries, medallions and ribbon—our reg. $1.48.....*Sale* 1.28

Envelope Chemises—Good cambric—well made—yoke with rows of lace—our reg. .94.....*Sale* .65

Envelope Chemises—Nainsook, in white or flesh—more than a dozen pretty models, variously trimmed with laces, emb's, etc.—our reg. $1.38.....*Sale* .94

Finer, beautifully trim'd models—1.28..1.48..1.94..2.68..2.94

Women's Night Dresses—Nainsook, round neck—a dozen good models—value $1.48 to $1.68—*Sale* 1.27

Night Dresses—Fine nainsook—fancy trimmed yokes of Val and Point de Paris laces, fine embroidery medallions, tucks, bows and ribbons—neat or elaborate—our reg. $2.94.....*Sale* 1.94

Night Dresses—Philippine hand emb'y and hand made—floral patterns—our reg. $3.68.*Sale* 2.64

Petticoats—Fascinating models with embroidery, ruffles or laces in dainty, new patterns—our reg. $2.64.....*Sale* 1.90

Handsomely Trimmed Petticoats—Ruffles of lace and embroidery—our reg. $3.28.....*Sale* 2.48

Women's Drawers—Ruffle with H. S. hem and tucks—extra quality muslin—our reg. .68.....*Sale* .47

Women's Drawers—Ruffle of good embroidery, tucks above—our reg. .78.....*Sale* .56

Combinations of Nainsook and Cambric—of excellent quality—lace and inserts, or good emb'y ribbon run—our reg. $1.68.....*Sale* 1.28

Fine Nainsook Combinations—Dainty lace or embroidery yokes—ribbon run beading at waist—our reg. $2.68 and $2.94.*Sale* 1.94

Extra Size Drawers—Good cambric—ruffle with tucks and hemstitching—our reg. .78..*Sale* .54

Extra Size Night Dresses—Several pretty models in nainsook—desirable styles—our reg. $2.28.....*Sale* 1.88

Extra Size Corset Covers—Muslin—high neck, tight fitting—well made—44 to 50 bust—our reg. .48.....*Sale* .28

Extra Size Petticoats—Ruffle of embroidery—our reg. $1.94.....*Sale* 1.46

Extra Size Night Dresses—Muslin—embroidery trimmed—our reg. $1.50.....*Sale* 1.18

Women's Petticoats—Soft finish muslin ruffle with lace and fine tucks—elastic at belt—flat seams—our reg. .94.....*Sale* .76

Women's Petticoats—Cambric ruffle—wide embroidery or rows of lace—our reg. $1.68..*Sale* 1.28

January Sale

Muslins—Sheets—Pillow Cases

We've been so very busy in these various sections that we feel everybody knows by this time the exceptional values offered. This is just to remind you that this sale is nearing the end, and we are pretty positive that you won't buy muslins, sheets and pillow cases again at these sale prices.

No Mail or Telephone Orders for the Following:

MUSLINS, Fruit of the Loom, Lonsdale or Hill— 36 inch—our reg. .34..... **.26**

No Mail or Phone Orders. Limit 20 Yards. None C. O. D. None Sent.

Remnants of Fruit of Loom Muslins, yd., .23—10 to 20 yd. Lengths

Limit, 20 yards to a customer. No Mail or Phone Orders. None C. O. D. None Sent.

Special Lot of Sheetings

81 inch—Value .73.....Sale .49
90 inch—Value .79.....Sale .54
Standard Quality

Bleached

42 in. wide—Value .44.....34
45 in. wide—Value .47.....36
50 in. wide—Value .52.....41
54 in. wide—Value .57.....47
63 in. wide—Value .64.....54
72 in. wide—Value .69.....58
81 in. wide—Value .76.....64
90 in. wide—Value .82.....69

Unbleached

45 in. wide—Value .44.....34
54 in. wide—Value .52.....41
63 in. wide—Value .57.....47
72 in. wide—Value .64.....54
81 in. wide—Value .69.....58
90 in. wide—Value .76.....64

Sale Values in White Bed Spreads

Full Size Spreads—our reg. $2.97.....Sale 1.87
Full Size Spreads—our reg. $3.97.....Sale 2.97
Full Size Satin Marseilles Spreads—our reg. $5.00.....Sale 3.67

Dwight Anchor and Utica Pillow Cases

42x36—regular .52.....Sale .39
45x36—regular .54.....Sale .44
50x36—regular .61.....Sale .49
54x36—regular .68.....Sale .54

Sheets

54x90—reg. $1.67.....Sale 1.27
63x90—reg. $1.87.....Sale 1.43
72x90—reg. $2.08.....Sale 1.57
81x90—reg. $2.28.....Sale 1.67
90x90—reg. $2.44.....Sale 1.87

Will Wash Heavier and No Brand Pillow Cases

42x36—value .43.....Sale .35
45x36—value .46.....Sale .37
50x36—value .51.....Sale .42
54x36—value .56.....Sale .46

Sheets

54x90—value $1.39.....Sale 1.14
63x90—value $1.41.....Sale 1.27
63x108—value $1.73.....Sale 1.44
72x90—value $1.73.....Sale 1.44
72x108—value $1.97.....Sale 1.67
81x90—value $1.91.....Sale 1.58
81x99—value $1.97.....Sale 1.67
81x108—value $2.09.....Sale 1.74
90x90—value $2.04.....Sale 1.67
90x99—value $2.09.....Sale 1.74
90x108—value $2.19.....Sale 1.83
Sizes Before Hemming.

No Mail or Telephone Orders on Above.

Mohawk, Wamsutta and New Bedford Sheets and Pillow Cases at January Prices Also. Sheets to 108 Inch. Pillow Cases to 40½ Inch. Hemstitched Sheets, 10 Cents Extra. Hemstitched Pillow Cases, 5 Cents Extra.

Monday *Semi-Annual Sale* Tuesday

WOMEN'S HOUSE DRESSES

A sale of our house dresses at any season of the year is welcome news, for they are all-year dresses of which every woman needs a goodly store. They are the costumes that save one's best dresses and are always dainty and crisply practical for home wear.

Chambray, Gingham and Percale House Dresses—In plain colors, checks and fancy stripes—belted and one-piece models—white or contrasting colored collars and trimming—novelty pockets in many attractive shapings—colors: gray, blue and green—sizes 36 to 46—our regular $2.94.....1.90

Extra Size House Dresses—blue and black checked gingham—also striped percales—various collars—novelty pockets—our reg. $3.74.....2.77

Gingham House Dresses—Fine quality—fitted and one-piece models—fancy stripes in gray, blue and green—plain colored chambray collars—sizes 36 to 44—our reg. $3.47.....2.67

Gingham House Dresses—Striped designs in gray and blue—waist line models—plain chambray collars, including styles piped with white pique or edging, which trims pockets, cuffs and waist line also—sizes 36 to 46—our regular $1.48.....1.00

These prices will appeal straight to the interests of every woman whose ideals of economy are based on a knowledge of values.

Novelty Spring Cottons

Now is the time to plan your Spring sewing, while the new Cottons are in their freshest beauty, and daily arriving to fill every available shelf in the department. As is our custom at this time of the year, we have given the greater part of our basement to the showing of these lovely fabrics, which in their quality, charm, and infinite variety splendidly uphold our established reputation for the finest, most comprehensive stocks of Novelty Cottons in the city.

The New Suit Dress

Exploits its charm in these two models so delightfully that, although their slim skirts once more limit our gait to the straight and narrow, we are consoled by their undoubted smartness and individuality.

Sketch A shows a smart wool velour which looks like a suit, is really a dress, and will serve you as either. A rich brocaded vest of black and gold gives distinction, as do also the antique silver buttons at neck and sleeves. Colors: Henna, Reindeer, Burgundy, Navy and Blue—

Special 26.75

When is a panel not a panel? is not so facetious as it sounds, for this clever suit dress (*Sketch B*) has a panel at the back which will either button down to the cuff of the skirt or, with equally smart effect, will fold up and flip its end into a fetching collar. This versatile costume is of fine navy blue serge. The coat is lined with victory red satin and opens to show a high satin vest, also of victory red—

Special 34.50

Filmy Summery Blouses

Delicate in texture and color as flowers, the new Blouses are masterpieces of the designer's art, each one an individual conception featuring some novel, exquisite effect.

(A) WHITE GEORGETTE AT ITS VERY DAINTIEST is seen in blouse with finely pleated frills inset with many rows of delicate lace which has a real Val. pattern.....Special **12.50**

(B) PEACH AND NAVY BLUE COMPOSE THE LOVELY COLOR HARMONY of this Georgette blouse, which has the new open front delicately embroidered in braid and silk.....Special **23.68**

(C) OF BISQUE GEORGETTE IS THE MODISH CONFECTION which features the collarless mode, and weaves an elaborate witchery of beads and silk embroidery as its special charm. Special **19.94**

(D) THIS LOVELY APRON-FRONT BLOUSE of navy blue and white invites you to admire its graceful bell sleeves, white deeply bordered with blue, and the unusual embroidery of chenille and bugle beads which mark this model as "different".....Special **19.94**

(E) EXQUISITE APPLIQUE POINT LACE AND CUT WORK EMBROIDERY make about the loveliest combination for a white Georgette waist that any one could find. This distinctive model is an aristocrat among blouses, and happy the woman who is so lucky as to wear it.....Special **33.47**

(F) SHE WHO HAS THE ARTIST'S LOVE for the unusual will rejoice in this rarely picturesque blouse of flesh Georgette, which has delicately embroidered at intervals on the deep pleated collar and cuffs musical motifs worked in soft blue.....Special **15.24**

(G) A BECOMING BLOUSE OF THE COLLARLESS TYPE is this of flesh Georgette, with scallop and cut work embroidery, and insets of fret lace which add to the sum total of charm. Special **22.00**

DELIGHTFUL SPORTS SKIRTS IN THE NEW MATERIALS, Dew-kist and Kumsi-Kumsaw, are now being shown in the skirt section. You will want one when you see how charming they look with these blouses.

Bewildering Assortments of

All White Fabrics

At January Sale Economy Prices

36-in. Cambric—our reg. .34.....26; our reg. .30.....21

36-in. Underwear Nainsook—our reg. .30.....21; our reg. 35.....25

44-in. Batiste—our reg. 68..58

36-in. Poplin—a general utility fabric—our reg. .68.....56

36-in. Long Cloth (10-yd pc.)—our reg. $2.38.....1.93; our reg. $2.68.....2.11; our reg. $3.38.....2.41; our reg. $3.75.....3.15; our reg. $4.45.....3.38

44-in.—our reg. $4.78.....4.18

36-in. Nainsook (10-yd. pcs.)—our reg. $2.58.....1.99; our reg. $3.58.....2.75; our reg. $4.18.....3.28

January Sale Offering of

Lace Flouncings

Chantilly, shadow and fine embroidered net effects are the kinds principally featured in an exhaustive array of delightful patterns—white or ecru—these values cannot be duplicated and you really cannot appreciate them unless you see the goods—our reg. .67.....47; our reg. .97.....67; our reg. $1.47.....97

Narrower Widths for boudoir caps and many other trimming purposes in a large variety of favorite patterns—Priced .19 to .67 yd.

Fancy Cotton Laces—desirable widths, many choice patterns—value 9..... Sale 5

Imitation Crochet and Cluny—pretty patterns—our reg. .12½.....yd. 8½; our reg. .20.....yd. .14; our reg .28.....yd. .20

Fine Embroideries—large selection of patterns—our reg. .67.....47

Embroidery Flouncings and Corset Coverings—our reg. .27.....21

Embroidery Edgings, Beadings and insertion—daintiest patterns.....10

Embroidery Edgings.....4

January Sale Specials
FOR
Monday & Tuesday

Georgette Crepe Blouses—embroidered and tucked styles—white, flesh and dark shades—our reg. $6.85.....4.66

Georgette Crepe Blouses—embroidered and tucked models—white or flesh—our reg. $4.94.....3.77

Lingerie Blouses—smartly tailored or prettily trimmed styles of linen and voile—our reg. $2.00.....1.48

Coutil and Broche Corsets—white or pink—medium or low bust—sizes 19 to 30—some with elastic inserts—our reg. $5.00.....2.95

Broche Bandeaux—white, elastic inserts—open back—our reg. $1.50.....1.05

Extra Size Petticoats—Jersey silk tops—taffeta flannels—smart suit shades—all lengths—our reg. $6.93.....5.00

Changeable Taffeta Petticoats—attractive new styles and colors, elastic fitted bands—our regular $3.93.....2.97

Lace Trimmed Doylies—linen centres—different styles—our reg. .28.....18

Decorative Linens—Centrepieces, Scarfs and Shams—our reg. $2.45.....1.65

Girls' Repp Frocks—attractive styles in white, blue or pink—6 to 14 yrs.—our reg. $1.94—Sale 1.62

Girls' Serge Frocks—all wool—good looking models—majority in navy blue—6 to 14 yrs.—our reg. $7.94 to $8.94....5.00

Military Blouses for misses and girls—all white or with colored collars and cuffs—our reg. $1.94.....1.43

The January Sale Effects Worth While Savings on

TOWELING

Dish or Roller Toweling—Including bordered effects and some glass checks—our regular .18½.....11; our regular .20.....14; our regular .23 and .27....17; our regular .28½.....21; our regular .35.....24; our regular .38.....28

January Sale Departments

Muslins Sheets
Pillow Cases
Pillows Quilts Blankets
Babies' Dresses Infants' Woolens
Women's Blouses
Negligees Corsets
Petticoats
Men's Shirts Linens
White Goods
Towels Towelings
Embroideries Laces
Decorative Linens
Curtains Curtainings
Muslin Underwear
Women's Coats
Women's Suits, Skirts
Women's Dresses
Furs and Fur Coats
Misses' Wear

Three Bargains in

Dress Goods

38-inch Novelty Plaids and Stripes—light and dark patterns—part wool.....Special .97

54-inch All Wool Cloakings—chinchilla and mackinaw weaves—good colors—to close—our reg. $7.97.....4.97

42-inch All Wool Storm Serges—in cream, copenhagen brown, garnet, myrtle, plum, navy and black 1.58

Our Dressmaking School Now Open

Course of Six Lessons
3.00
Sessions Daily
LESSONS HOUR AND A HALF EACH. APPOINTMENTS AT YOUR CONVENIENCE
APPLY AT INFORMATION BOOTH—MAIN FLOOR.

George Bernard Co.

For the South

Creations that breathe the Spirit of the dawning Spring—Smart, Joyous, New! Surpassingly lovely. Modestly priced!

GOWNS, WRAPS, HATS *and* SPORTS ATTIRE

NOTE: *All Winter Coats and Velvet Gowns and Wraps reduced to a fraction of their cost. Winter Hats reduced to $5.00.*

673 FIFTH AVENUE at 53d St

Just the Grand you have longed for

REALIZE your heart's desire for a beautiful little grand that will add the finishing touch to your home—and it takes practically no more space than an upright.

SMALLEST GRAND $575

FOR small apartments, or wherever space is limited, this beautiful little grand adds just the touch of distinction that you have always wanted. Tone? Be your own judge—come and hear it in our special booth arranged to show how little space is required.

Opera Grand
Only 4 ft. 8 in. long.

OPERA PLAYER GRAND, $950

Payments Arranged

MATHUSHEK
37 West 37th Street
Telephone Greeley 976-977

STRIKERS' EVIDENCE STIRS BOAT OWNERS

Testimony Given Before War Labor Board Called "Arrant Socialism."

DISPUTE "LIVING WAGE"

Witness for Workers Sticks to His Declaration That $1,800 a Year Is Needed for Comfort Here.

The charge that doctrines of "arrant sicilism" were being read into the evidence to be used by the National War Labor Board in making its decision upon a wage scale, and on the proposal for an eight-hour day for marine workers in this port, was made yesterday by Paul Bonynge, counsel for the boat owners, at the meeting of the subcommittee in City Hall. Argument upon this charge and upon other points of difference between counsel so impeded the introduction of evidence that the four members of the subcommittee of the War Labor Board themselves took over the questioning of witnesses for about fifteen minutes.

Mr. Bonynge made his assertion after Ben Howe, Secretary of the Community Councils of Defense, who had been summoned by the union leaders as an expert on the cost of living, had declared his belief that $1,900 should be fixed as a minimum wage for all workers in this city. Upon questioning by counsel, he expressed belief that policemen, firemen and postmen, and other public employes, who received less than $1,500, were underpaid, but he added that to increase the wages of municipal workers further "would force the city into bankruptcy." It was his opinion that the city could not float another big loan," while taxes were already so high, that more pay to municipal employes would throw upon the property owners' taxes that were too heavy for them.

When Mr. Howe expressed his opinion that there should be no variation from the minimum wage because a worker was not an American, or happened to be "floating" from port to port, or had no wife, children, or other dependents, adding emphatically that he would advocate $1,800 as such minimum wage, Mr. Bonynge addressed an argument to the members of the board. Counsel remarked that throughout the trial the lawyers for the unions had introduced witnesses who talked only upon minimum wages without regard for conditions of industry, and that counsel had been advancing sicialistic doctrines in their arguments and questions to witnesses.

Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the workers, took issue with Mr. Bonynge, but W. L. Hutcheson, acting yesterday as Chairman of the sub-committee, stopped the argument and directed both sides to confine their remarks to the taking of evidence.

In his testimony Mr. Howe said that every twelfth person in this city was buried in Potters Field and that 20,000 children were wards of the city because their parents were unable to care for them. He asserted that one child in every five was not properly nourished and that all of these conditions were caused by underpaying workers.

"It is not a theory," retorted the witness to a question based upon his minimum wage scale. "It is an upstanding, hard-headed fact that a man cannot get enough to eat, clothes to wear, and keep his family on less than $1,800 a year in New York City. His family cannot have comfort, his children cannot have an education even in the high school, and none of them can have leisure and entertainment on less than $1,500 a year."

Under cross-examination by Theodore H. Burgess, counsel for the United States Railroad Administration, the witness admitted that increases of pay to workers had been responsible for part of the rise in the cost of living. He said his remedies for the high cost of living were the elimination of middlemen, the establishment of municipal markets, and some measure to increase the buying power of the dollar. Mr. Howe said he had been a manufacturer for several years, and then had become buyer of city supplies for Louisville, Ky., before he came to this city to do similar work under the Mitchel administration. He said he was not a Socialist.

Mayor Hylan's letter to Ernest Bohm, President of the Central Federated Union, denouncing Captain James A. Maher, Vice President of the Marine Affiliation, caused more dissension at the hearing yesterday, although at the opening of the session Chairman Hutcheson warned counsel for both sides that no further personalities would be tolerated, because the members of the committee wished to take only the evidence upon the demands of the unions and the condition of the tow boat business as quickly as possible.

After a sharp discussion, counsel for both sides were called to order by Chairman Hutcheson, while Arthur E. Driscoll, counsel for the Marine Engineers Union, was permitted to read extracts from the letter, but when he sought to consider the authenticity of the letter, Chairman Hutcheson interrupted.

"Let the Mayor prove his charges if you seek proof," he admonished. "Take your controversy to the courts. This is the War Labor Board, convened to render a decision in this labor dispute, and we're not a court of law."

In the confusion the lawyer shouted to Captain Maher, who was on the stand, a question as to "why the Mayor wrote that letter" and Maher retorted that probably it was because he "was intimate with boat owners." Captain Maher picked up a newspaper clipping showing a picture of Mayor Hylan and Joseph J. O'Brien, a boat owner, basking on the sands at Palm Beach. Chairman Hutcheson ordered the last part of the colloquy stricken from the records, and warned counsel that "this committee is not interested in any personalities between Mayor Hylan and Captain Maher."

Members of the committee then took up the questioning themselves upon the plans made by the unions for running the boats on the eight-hour day schedule with three crews instead of two under the present agreement. Counsel for the Railroad Administration said that the basic eight-hour day had already been approved by the Director General of Railroads, and that it had been put into operation in all branches where there was no question of impracticability. In the operation of some of the railroad tugs and lighters in this port, he said, there was some question of impracticability.

Counsel for the boat owners also sought to show upon cross-examination of Captain Maher that he had been mistaken in asserting that a towing company had charged 300 to 400 per cent. increase in rates for taking mud scows to sea. It was brought out that the distance of towing had been increased ten miles, and the size of the scow greatly increased for each trip. Other witnesses were introduced yesterday in attempts to show that the wages of deckhands and other marine workers were not sufficient. The hearings will be resumed in the Board of Estimate room in the City Hall at 10 o'clock on Monday morning.

RUMELY WANTS TRIAL HERE.

Counsel Obtains Habeas Corpus Writ Returnable Saturday.

United States Commissioner Hitchcock having decided that Dr. Edward A. Rumely, late publisher of The Evening Mail, should answer in Washington the indictment found against him in this jurisdiction for alleged violation of the Trading with the Enemy act, his counsel yesterday obtained from Federal Judge Mayer a writ of habeas corpus returnable next Saturday.

It is alleged that Dr. Rumely failed to report to the Alien Property Custodian that he held certain shares of stock of The Evening Mail, which it was alleged were German-owned, and that he owed the German Government $1,451,700. The desire of the Government to have the trial take place in Washington was resisted on the ground that it would make necessary the transportation of witnesses and a great many documents, and would embarras the defendant.

L. P. HOLLANDER & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1848

APPAREL FOR SOUTHERN RESORT WEAR

MODERATE PRICES

FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH STREET
NEW YORK

1865 1919
ESTABLISHED OVER HALF CENTURY

C. C. SHAYNE & CO.
Manufacturers of
STRICTLY RELIABLE
FURS

Annual Reduction Sale
We are offering our entire manufactured stock at greatly reduced prices
126 West 42nd St., New York

B. Altman & Co.

Thirty-fourth Street — MADISON AVENUE—FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK — Thirty-fifth Street

Telephone 7000 Murray Hill

Many patrons will find the Madison Avenue entrance most convenient

A Specially-made Group of Distinctive Spring Hats

(which may very appropriately be included in the Southern outfit) will be offered to-morrow (Monday)

at the special price of

$17.50

There is a chic and "dash" about these hats--each and every one of them--that is especially appealing. The shapes are new and becoming (youthful styles predominating), and the trimmings are expressive of Fashion's latest word.

The value is unsurpassed.

The Sale will be held in the Millinery Salon on the Third Floor.

A Collection of Blouses

is just as necessary to the correctly tailored modern woman as the air she breathes; but it must, of course, be composed of blouses that are incomparably dainty, inimitably fashioned, essentially different.

All of these qualities are found in the many new blouses shown (on the Second Floor) for early Spring wear--or, with equal appropriateness, for the trip to Southern waters.

Among them are blouses of Georgette, sheer and delicate, exquisitely embellished with drawn-work, hand-wrought embroidery or cobwebby lace; blouses of crepe de Chine, and of plain and fancy silks; blouses of lingerie materials--in short, blouses for each and every occasion, and for each and every taste.

And the prices are every whit as varied--$5.75 to $98.00

The Vogue Pattern Section

(on the Second Floor) has now ready for selection

THE NEW PATTERNS

for Winter resort and early Spring costumes.

ANNOUNCING

An Unusual and Highly Instructive Exhibition of

Exclusive Model Gowns

indicating the trend of fashion for Spring and Summer, 1919, and pointing with special conclusiveness to a revival of interest in the artistic use of

FINE LACES AND EMBROIDERIES

in the faery realm of feminine dress.

The Exhibition embraces an assemblage of approximately forty new and rarely beautiful creations, each and every one of which represents the highest type of American sartorial art and American workmanship.

The Exhibition will be opened to-morrow, and continued on Tuesday and Wednesday, in

The Salon on the Third Floor

A Special Clearance Sale

for to-morrow (Monday) will comprise

A Large Number of

House and Morning Dresses

in simple, practical, but pretty models, developed in ginghams, voiles, tissues and percale; taken from regular stock and marked, for clearance, at the very low prices of

$1.95, $2.85, $3.45 & $4.90

(This Sale will take place on the SIXTH FLOOR)

Another Special-value Sale of Imported Lingerie

(French and Philippine; all hand-embroidered) will be an interesting Monday event on the Second Floor.

The low prices quoted for these dainty undergarments do not even begin to represent their real worth.

Nightrobes,	$2.35, 2.65 to 4.50
Chemises	1.75, 2.65, 4.25
Envelopes	2.45, 2.90, 3.90
Drawers	1.75, 2.90
Corset Covers,	1.75, 1.90, 2.75
Petticoats	3.50, 4.25, 5.50

These prices do not, in every instance, apply to both French and Philippine pieces.

(Second Floor)

The January Sale of Household Linens

which is still in progress on the Fourth Floor, continues to offer most attractive price inducements.

Housekeepers and others interested in the purchase of good linens will find a money-saving opportunity in these

SPECIALS FOR THE WEEK

All-linen Damask Table Cloths each $5.50, 6.75, 7.75 to 10.75

All-linen Damask Table Napkins doz. $5.00, 6.00, 7.50 to 13.50

All-linen Hemstitched Sheets per pair $12.50, 15.00 & 19.50

All-linen Hemstitched Pillow Cases per pair $2.75, 3.50, 4.00 & 6.00

All-linen Huckaback Towels (hemstitched) per doz. $8.50, 9.00, 10.00 to 13.50

Union Huckaback Towels (linen-and-cotton; hemstitched) per doz. $5.00, 6.00, 6.75 to 9.00

Special Salespeople will, if desired, be detailed to accompany patrons to the Store's various departments; or goods will be assembled for inspection in a private showroom.

The Department for Catalogue and Folder Merchandise (on the Sixth Floor)

has ready for selection and immediate wear large assortments of

Fashionable Attire for Women, Misses, Children, Men and Boys

as well as many articles of general interest for personal and household use

IN ALL CASES THIS MERCHANDISE IS MARKED AT POPULAR PRICES

FREE ZONES URGED BY TARIFF BOARD

Senate Committee on Commerce Issues Report Advocating Congress Action.

TO FOSTER FOREIGN TRADE

Abolishing of Delay in Re-export a Feature—Changes in Pending Bill Favored.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The Senate Committee on Commerce today made public a special report from the United States Tariff Commission urging the need of immediate action by Congress in favor of the creation of free zones in the ports of the United States.

The report was submitted in response to a resolution adopted by the Senate on May 13, 1918, following the introduction in Congress of the Sheppard-Sanders bill, which calls for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of free zones in American ports, and deals with a subject of great importance to the development of American foreign trade and the full use of the reviving American merchant marine.

The Sheppard-Sanders bill seeks to bring about the adoption at American ports of a plan well known and long in successful operation, notably at Hamburg and Copenhagen, whereby vessels engaged in foreign commerce are relieved from the burdens and delays incident to Custom House procedure, which cannot be eliminated by an amendment to present laws governing Custom House administration. The free zone policy has no relation to the fiscal plans of the Government, but furnishes opportunity, in the opinion of the members of the Tariff Commission, for avoiding delay and unnecessary procedure in the re-export of goods partly or wholly of foreign origin.

Made Exhaustive Inquiry.

Before submitting its report, which is signed by Chairman F. W. Taussig, Thomas Walker Page, David J. Lewis, William Kent, W. S. Culberson, and Edward D. Costigan, the Tariff Commission held hearings in New York City and Philadelphia, made investigations at New Orleans and Galveston, sent out questionnaires to several hundred merchants and shippers, interviewed men familiar with free zone practice, made a study of the history and working of the free ports of free zones in Europe and of the laws and regulations controlling them.

In its report the commission favors the establishment of the proposed free zones, but suggests certain important amendments in the pending Sheppard-Sanders bill. The commission argues that the free zone will encourage and expedite that part of the nation's foreign trade which its Government wishes to free from the restrictions necessitated by customs duties, and that it should foster the dealing in foreign goods that are imported, not for domestic consumption, but for re-export to foreign markets, and for conditioning, or for combining with domestic products previous to export.

"The policy of the United States," says the report, "has not been unfavorable to the kind of commerce that the free zone is designed to promote. On the contrary, it has been the obvious intention of the Government to relieve re-export trade from the restrictions to the administration of the tariff and customs laws."

The board points out that to that end three institutions had been devised. These are the bonded warehouse, the bonded manufacturing warehouse and the drawback, which latter is the repayment of 99 per cent. of the duties paid on imported goods, when they are exported.

Present System Criticised.

"The provision and retention of these three devices," the report argues, "show clearly that it has not been the purpose of the United States Government to place unnecessary obstacles in the way of its citizens when engaged in international trade. That such obstacles have arisen is due to the fact that the three devices mentioned are wholly inadequate to relieve foreign commerce from the regulations and restrictions placed upon the importation of foreign goods of domestic consumption. It would therefore involve no change of policy to supplement these devices by a system of free ports or free zones such as have proved singularly effective in other countries."

The commission explains in detail the inadequacy of the bonding and drawback devices showing how certain of their features detract from their usefulness in facilitating American foreign commerce. It emphasizes the limited usefulness of the bonded storage warehouse so far as export trade is concerned. The commission points out that the intent of the law authorizing what is known as the drawback is to aid production for foreign markets by relieving from customs dues imported materials that are manufactured or finished in this country and then shipped abroad, but asserts that the relief thus afforded, excepting the sugar and tinplate industries, has been relatively small and undertakes to prove this by presenting to the Senate Commission a table dealing with the principal imported articles used in the manufacture of articles exported upon which drawback was paid.

The report cites many illustrations, in detail, of the inadequacy of the present system, describes the advantages of the free zone and improved port facilities, discusses the effect of the proposed new facilities, the business proper to a free zone, the importance of transshipment trade, pointing out the decline in the transshipment trade of the United States, and emphasizes the need of recovering it.

Maritime Trade Expanding.

"The chief causes for the decline of the American maritime enterprise no longer operate," says the report. "The outbreak of the present war has again forced the United States into a position of prominence of international trade. It has devolved upon this country to find capital, to furnish ships, to modify her own production and to assemble and redistribute many products of other lands. Widespread interest has been aroused and considerable investments have been made in this long neglected field. For the promotion of foreign trade new corporations have been formed and old ones expanded, a great merchant marine is now under construction, the banks have extended their foreign agencies and created new ones. Indeed, it is not too much to say that American business as a whole tends to be reorganized on the basis of a permanent widespread and varied foreign commerce in which Americans shall be active participants.

"Even before the war it was already generally recognized that industry was becoming constantly more dependent on foreign markets, and that to secure and maintain these it was necessary not only to provide goods that foreigners might want, but also to furnish in return a market for their products.

"The present war by no means created the need for commercial expansion, but it has emphasized the need for it and has powerfully stimulated the growth of it. It has enabled, and indeed compelled, the United States to occupy a place in the world's commerce the retention and improvement of which will greatly contribute to her future welfare. Thoughtful men everywhere now see in the expansion of our foreign trade an added benefit to our international prosperity."

Held Man in Red Cross Uniform.

Charles Thomas, a very young man, was held in $100 bail yesterday by United States Commissioner Hitchcock to answer a charge of wearing the uniform of a Second Lieutenant of the Red Cross without legal right. The prisoner made no attempt to dispute the charge after the Red Cross denied knowledge of him. The prisoner has a number of ardent letters from young girls.

EXPECTS MIGRATION OF JEWS

—Emigration of Jews from America, not immigration into the country, is to be expected in the years that are ahead, in the opinion of Dr. B. Rosenblath, who spoke yesterday at the First Jewish Labor Congress in the Yorkville Casino, Eighty-sixth Street near Third Avenue. Many persons now living here will be anxious to get back to their native lands so as to help their relatives reestablish their homes. This condition should hold for the next three or four years, he thought.

The congress, called by the Jewish National Workmen's Committee, brought together 400 delegates representing 500,000 members of organized labor. The Jewish workingmen expect to handle problems that affect other countries through the labor organizations of those countries rather than through Governmental channels.

The taxing of Jewish workers 1 per cent. of their wages for the relief of Jews in Poland, Russia, and other war-stricken countries was advocated by Holmes B. Zuckerman, manager of the Jewish Relief Society.

Mr. Zuckerman spoke on the needs of those who live in the countries ravaged by war.

The rehabilitation of Palestine was the subject of talks by Dr. B. Hoffman and Dr. Charles Jitlovsky. They believe the Jewish republic should be modeled after that of the United States. Today the Resolution Committee will submit a resolution on the subject of the new Jewish republic, and this is expected to embody the suggestion that the new Government in Palestine be modeled after this country and that the rights of all inhabitants be safeguarded.

CONSUL SILLIMAN DEAD.

American at Guadalajara Was Prisoner of Mexican Federals in 1914.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—John P. Silliman, American Consul at Guadalajara, Mexico, and a classmate of President Wilson in the Princeton graduating class of 1879, died last night at his post in Mexico. The State Department was notified today that Mr. Silliman's death resulted from a clot on the heart after he had partially recovered from an attack of influenza.

Mr. Silliman, one of the best known members of the American Consular Service in Mexico, lived for ten years, engaged in farming, near Saltillo, prior to 1907, when he was appointed American Deputy Consul there. While serving as American Consul at Saltillo in the Spring of 1914, Mr. Silliman was placed under arrest and held prisoner by the Mexican Federals. For a month the State Department had received no word from Mr. Silliman, and it was believed that he had been executed.

Early in May, 1914, William Jennings Bryan, then Secretary of State, made renewed efforts to get into communication with Mr. Silliman, but his efforts failed. Later the French Legation in Mexico reported Mr. Silliman safe. Mr. Silliman was turned over to the Brazilian Minister and was told he must leave Mexico. General Maass was trying to accuse Mr. Silliman of aiding the rebels in Mexico. Mr. Silliman was released, sent to Mexico City, and returned to the United States in June of that year. In 1915 and 1916 he was assigned to special duty in Mexico by President Wilson, and on July 12, 1916, was sent to Guadalajara as Consul.

Gidding

PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK

"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Beginning tomorrow—

Prices will again be reduced to effect a Speedy Clearance

Luxurious Furs

At Lowest of the Season Prices

Handsome Mink Coat
Formerly $2000.....now $1095

Broadtail & Hudson Seal Coat
Formerly $950.....now $650

Luxurious Mole Coat
Formerly $875.....now $550

Hudson Seal Wrap Australian Opossum trim
Formerly $750.....now $500

Taupe Caracul Coat, Hudson seal trimming
Formerly $495.....now $325

Short Taupe Muskrat Coat
Formerly $250.....now $175

Short Marmot Coats
Formerly $195.....now $125

Pointed Fox Set
Formerly $295.....now $200

Hudson Seal Muffs
Formerly $45.....now $25

SCARFS AND STOLES of Mole—Seal—Kolinsky—Beaver—Sable—Ermine—Lynx and Mink, are now being offered at greatly reduced prices.

Street, Afternoon, Dinner and Dance Dresses

Formerly to $195—at $45 to $85

Dinner and Evening Gowns

For the more formal functions of the Social Season—

Formerly to $225—at $75 and $95

Fur-Trimmed Evening Wraps

Of chiffon velvet and rich velvet and metallic brocades—AT VERY GREAT REDUCTIONS.

Coats and Coat-Wraps

Formerly $195 to $350—at $125—$195 to $245

Luxurious fur-trimmed effects, developed in silk duvetyn, cashmere velour and other rich materials.

A Group of Untrimmed Coats in Duvetyn

Formerly to $145—at $75

Tailored & Fur-trimmed Suits

Formerly $75 to $135—$45—$65—$85

Remaining styles, with and without fur trimming—fashionable models and materials.

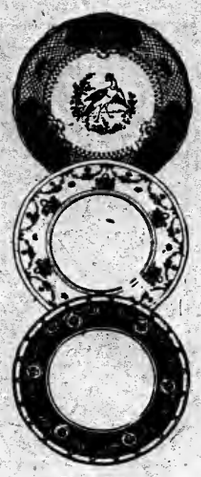
Clearance of Millinery—at $10

CHINA and CRYSTAL

at 10% to 50% Savings

Table Crystal in Sets, $25 to $500 a dozen.

Breakfast Sets, $10 to $50



Place Plates, $25 to $500 a dozen.

A DISCOUNT of at least 20 per cent. is marked on our entire stock of exquisite China and of at least 10 per cent. on all Table Glassware. In many cases the discounts are as high as 50 per cent. on both China and Glassware. Customers will find an unequalled range of designs at prices which have not been offered since pre-war days.

You will find stocks of Copeland Spode, Royal Worcester, Cauldon, Coalport, and Lenox China which cannot be duplicated elsewhere. Other notable values are:

Breakfast Sets
Bouillon Cups and Saucers
Soup Plates
Tea Sets
Salad Plates
Dinner Sets

From new and charming crystal plates to iridescent and colored crystal, you will find the widest variety of shapes, sizes and designs. Included are:

Etched Crystal
English Rock Crystal
Gold Encrusted Crystal
Crystal Service Plates
Crystal Dessert Plates
Crystal Soup Plates
Amber, Amethyst and Iridescent Crystal
Cocktail Sets
Sherbert Cups
Iced Tea Glasses
Refreshment Sets

Fine Engraved Crystal

For your convenience, those pieces sold by the dozen are arranged on tables according to price. Your selection can be made easily but it should be made as early in the week as possible to avoid disappointment.

OVINGTON'S

312-314 Fifth Avenue, New York

W. H. HALL

ESTABLISHED 1856

18 West 38th Street

NEAR FIFTH AVENUE

January Fur Sale

at a

Discount of 25% to 40%

Drastic Reductions that are certain to make loyal patrons for the house of Hall.

Women's Fur Coats

		Regular Price.	Sale Price.
Hudson Seal Coats,	Full Model, Crush Collar	$450	$325
Hudson Seal Coats,	Skunk Collar & Cuffs	$395	$275
Hudson Seal Coats,	Belted Model	$400	$285
Hudson Seal Coats,	Skunk Collar & Cuffs, Fancy Model,	$475	$350
Hudson Seal Coats,	Skunk Collar & Cuffs	$650	$475
Hudson Seal Coats,	Sable Squirrel Trimmed	$400	$265
Hudson Seal Coats,	Natural Squirrel Trimmed	$400	$290
Hudson Seal Coats,	Beaver Trimmed	$425	$320
Hudson Seal Coats,	Shawl, Collar & Cuffs	$365	$265
Hudson Seal Coats,	Jaunty Model	$250	$185
Nutria Coats,	Jaunty Model	$225	$150
Beaver Coats,	Handsome Color	$500	$350

Fur Scarfs and Capes

	Regular Price.	Sale Price.		Regular Price.	Sale Price.
Skunk Stoles	$130	$85	Taupe Fox Scarfs	$55	$35
Skunk Capes	$300	$225	Silvered Fox Scarfs	$100	$65
Skunk Collars	$100	$65	Poiret Fox Scarfs	$65	$40
Skunk Scarfs	$75	$50	Kamchatka Fox Scarfs	$125	$85
Beaver Collars	$60	$40	Black Fox Scarfs	$110	$60
Beaver Capes	$175	$125	Hudson Seal Stoles	$110	$75
Nutria Collars	$38	$22	Hudson Seal Capelets	$80	$45
Lynx Scarfs	$100	$60	Squirrel Belted Stoles	$225	$155

Fur Muffs

	Regular Price.	Sale Price.		Regular Price.	Sale Price.
Skunk Muffs	$45	$30	Mink Muffs	$50	$35
Skunk Muffs	$55	$40	Mink Muffs	$75	$45
Skunk Muffs	$75	$50	Hudson Seal Muffs	$30	$18
Natural Raccoon Muffs	$27	$20	Hudson Seal Muffs	$40	$25
Dyed Raccoon Muffs	$27	$20	Fox Muffs	$60	$45
Beaver Muffs	$40	$30	Fox Muffs	$85	$55
Beaver Muffs	$60	$45	Squirrel Muffs	$50	$35
Mole Muffs	$55	$32	Lynx Muffs	$75	$50
Nutria Muffs	$30	$16	Hudson Bay Sable	$225	$150

Parties not prepared to take advantage of this sale can make a selection, and by paying a deposit, goods will be held for future delivery.

W. H. HALL, 18 W. 38th St.

Telephone Greeley 2707. Formerly 6th Ave. and 22d St.

Sale Begins Monday, 9 A. M. Stocks Limited. We Urge Early Buying.

21 W. 38th St. Lane Bryant 21 W. 38th St.

The Specialty House for Women of All Sizes

Closing Out Winter Stocks

Sizes 36 to 56 bust, both long and short waisted

Coats 24.95 35.00 54.75

Blouses 5.95 7.50 24.75

Dresses 24.75 35.00 47.50

Dinner Gowns 69.75 to 175.00

Wraps 59.75 to 195.00

at Tremendous Savings

Not "Sale goods" but our regular models, selected from our own stocks and reduced to make room for Spring stocks.

White Sale for Stout Women

UNDERWEAR, CORSETS, BRASSIERES, HOSIERY, PETTICOATS, NEGLIGEES, ETC.

In our endeavor to provide for stout women the same advantages that other stores offer to the medium and slender, we have inaugurated this timely sale offering reduced prices in the above items.

Now in progress on our mezzanine floor at great reductions

MELLES

450 FIFTH AVENUE Between 39th & 40th Streets Over Mirror Candy Store

CLEARANCE SALE

For Street and Afternoon Wear. GOWNS For Dinner and Evening Wear.

At Half Price

$19.75 Gowns Now $10.00	$50.00 Gowns Now $25.00
$26.50 Gowns Now $15.00	$65.00 Gowns Now $32.50
$29.00 Gowns Now $16.50	$75.00 Gowns Now $37.50
$45.00 Gowns Now $22.50	$85.00 Gowns Now $42.50

Sale of Hosiery

Other Unusual Values

There are too many other Boots in the sale to describe them, so we simply mention that they were formerly marked up to $14.50

7.95 to 11.95

NEW YORK CHICAGO

I. MILLER

Creator of Distinctive Footwear

Sale High Grade Boots

This week's attraction of our Clearance Sale is a decidedly elegant Miller Made Boot, which we illustrate. It is a typical example of the extraordinary values in store for smart women who appreciate the superior style-elegance and distinctiveness of our nationally famous footwear and are agreeable to saving money.

This Boot Is Dark Mahogany Calf with Fawn Suede top and 1⅞-inch military heel. It is one of our very best sellers. We have been selling it regularly at $12.00. It is Miller-made. Sale price 8.95

NO C. O. D.'S—NO EXCHANGES

15 WEST 42d ST. (Near 5th Ave.)

1554 BROADWAY near 48th St. (Open Evenings till 9.)

50 CHURCH ST. TERMINAL BUILDING

Annual Reduction

FURS

of Superior Quality

20% Discount

C. G. Gunther's Sons

391 Fifth Avenue New York

Furriers Exclusively for Ninety-Eight Years

7,734 TROOPS GET STORMY TRIP HOME

Transport Steers South for Convalescents, Cruiser Halts for Operation.

ALL CHEERY ON ARRIVAL

Saddest Man Is New Yorker Who Broke His Leg Going East and Missed Part of Fighting.

Nearly 8,000 troops arrived yesterday from France after a stormy voyage across the Atlantic on the United States cruisers South Dakota and Montana and the transport President Grant, which brought 4,891 officers and men out of the total of 7,734.

Mayor Sunderland of Danbury, Conn., and a committee from that city went down the Bay on the police boat Patrol to greet the South Dakota, which had on board the 56th Regiment of Coast Artillery, less Battery F and thirty officers detached, among her complement of 1,540 troops. The regiment was formed of New England men, and the majority of them were sent to Fort Terry and the remainder to Camp Devens.

About 500 of the men hailed from the State of Connecticut. According to stories of the soldiers, confirmed by the naval crew, the South Dakota received a considerable buffeting on the voyage. The waves rolled over her decks, smashing rafts and dashing six of the seamen against the steel houses on deck with such force that they had to go into the ship's hospital. Captain J. M. Lubby, the commander, was knocked down on the bridge by a forty-foot sea and had to lie up in his cabin for five days, while Commander T. F. Caldwell and Lieutenant F. T. Montgomery were also thrown and badly hurt.

When the wind from the northwest was blowing its hardest the Captain slowed the South Dakota down to five knots to enable Major Crestman of the United States Army Medical Corps to perform an operation for appendicitis on Corporal E. O. Williams of Battery C of the 56th, who had been taken ill after the cruiser sailed from France.

The surgeon was assisted by Lieut. Commander C. I. Wood and was successful in the operation. The patient was still weak when the cruiser reached Hoboken yesterday morning, but he was smiling and cheerful and said to those around that "it was bully to be home in America once again."

The troops on the President Grant were mostly from the Field Artillery, and included the headquarters company of the 8th Field Artillery, 2 officers and 41 men, and the following other regiments of that service: 2d, 32 officers, 1,434 men; 81st, 32 officers, 1,294 men; 83d, 23 officers, 1,371 men. There were from Company H, 347th Infantry, 4 officers and 207 men. All these troops are regulars. The artillery went to Camp Mills and the infantry to Camp Merritt.

The transport left Brest on Jan. 5 and ran into heavy weather the second day out, when the soldiers had to be battened down below, and the surgeon, going his rounds, discovered that 150 cases of influenza had developed from the germs brought on board by the troops from Brest. Three of the patients died, Sergeant Edward Barnes of Iowa, with the Headquarters Co., 83d Field Artillery; Leroy B. Foltz, Co. M, 1st Pioneer Infantry, whose home was at Sterling Station, N. Y., and Dorian Fanning, Co. D, 6th Machine Gun Company, who lived in Illinois. In order that the sick men should rest easier, Captain Carey W. Cole steered to the southward and the ship had finer weather.

Among the unattached officers on the President Grant were two aviators, Lieutenant Arthur M. Clark of Jamaica Plain, Boston, 102d Aero Squadron, and Lieutenant Van H. Burgin of Atlanta, Ga., of the 134th Aero Squadron, who had been together in a German prison. Bergin was brought down in the Argonne with a bullet in his leg on Sept. 23 and Clark on Sept. 17 in the St. Mihiel district.

Burgin was put through a severe examination by a German artillery Captain, who spoke good English, and he replied: "You are wasting time on me, Captain. A Second Lieutenant in the United States Army is not supposed to know anything."

The two American officers were taken to a camp at Karlsruhe, where the food and living conditions were bad but they were not ill-treated. There were about 231 American prisoners there. Two days before the armistice was signed, Lieutenants Clark and Burgin were taken to Baden, where the conditions were worse. They did not take the revolution seriously in that part of Germany, the officers said, and when machine guns were brought into the streets everybody ran away and hid in cellars.

Captain A. F. Patterson, an aviator whose home is in this city, was accompanied by his bride, whom he had married in France.

Several of the wounded men on board were from New York and Brooklyn, and had taken part in the fighting at Chateau-Thierry, Argonne, and St. Mihiel. The saddest of them was Harry S. Stewart, 301 West 109th Street, of the 7th Marine Replacement Company, who fell down on the deck of the transport that took him to France and broke his leg.

Sergeant Louis S. Smith of Scranton, Penn., was on crutches yesterday, but was cheerful, and enjoyed the welcome from the band and Red Cross workers at the pier in Hoboken. He was with Company I of the 134th Infantry in the hard fighting at Verdun. He said that he was the only survivor of seventy of his company, who were all killed except Smith, by a high explosive shell which burst over them on Sept. 30, after they had been fighting steadily for nearly seventy-two hours.

The U. S. cruiser Montana brought 71 officers and 1,304 men, including the 1st Trench Mortar Battalion, 25 officers and 662 enlisted men; 4th Trench Mortar Battalion, 29 officers and 632 enlisted men, and a detail of 17 officers of the 56th Coast Artillery. All went to Camp Mills.

The transports due today are the Lapland with 95 officers and 1,040 men; Wilhelmina, with 1,041 troops, and the hospita ship Comfort, 7 officers and 231 men.

CHURCHES PLAN WAR DRIVE.

Confer Tomorrow on Means to Raise $10,000,000.

A series of conferences in preparation for the drive for $10,000,000 for the Inter-Church Emergency Fund in February will begin in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church tomorrow night. Representatives of the fourteen Protestant churches to engage in the work after the war will discuss the plans for the campaign and the spending of the money.

The Rev. Dr. Theodore Irving Reese, Bishop Coadjutor of the Episcopal Diocese of Southern Ohio, who is Chairman of the general committee in charge of the movement, will preside, and the other speakers will be Bishop Luther B. Wilson of the Methodist Episcopal Church and Robert E. Speer, Chairman of the General Wartime Commission of the Churches. There will be music by a united choir of seventy-five voices from the fourteen co-operating churches, led by Harold Gleason, organist of the Fifth Avenue Church.

In giving an outline of the plan for the work the announcement said: "The chaplain service will be maintained and expanded, troops returning from Europe will be met and assisted, active ministration will go on at war camps and munition centres in this country, and some of the churches are about to undertake the extensive programs to help in the regions of Europe devastated by the war."

BANKER'S WIDOW, 66, WEDS CHAUFFEUR, 24

Mrs. Helen Grant, Sewaren, N. J., Clubwoman, Marries William Tombs of Rahway.

TO HONEYMOON IN SOUTH

Relatives of the Couple Attend the Ceremony at St. John's Cathedral Here.

Mrs. Helen Glidden Grant of Sewaren, N. J., widow of Frederick Fierman Grant, the banker, was married yesterday afternoon to William H. Tombs of Rahway, N. J., who has been her chauffeur for the last three years. The bride is about 65 years old, and her husband is 24.

The ceremony was performed in the presence of relatives of the couple at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, this city, at 3 o'clock, the officiating clergyman being the Rev. H. A. Sadtler, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church at Rahway.

The bride is prominent in society at Sewarin, and is the organizer of the Civic and History Clubs of that place, being President of the latter club at the present time. Her first husband, who died in July, 1915, was connected with the First National Bank of New York for forty years when he retired several years before his death, and was Senior Warden of St. John's Church of Sewaren, also a Governor of the Land and Water Club.

Mr. Tombs is the son of Mrs. Margaret Tombs of 14 Cottage Street, Rahway, where he has lived all his life, and where he attended school. He is a member of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics in his home town, a patriotic organization. His sister, Mrs. Donald Nichols, and her husband, who were recently married, attended the wedding ceremony.

They will spend their honeymoon in the South.

ENDS WORK AT NEUILLY.

Dr. Blake's Ambulance Hospital to be Returned to France.

Mrs. Robert Bacon, Chairman of the American Committee that raised funds for the maintenance of American Military Hospital No. 1, at Neuilly, near Paris, announced yesterday that the work of the institution had been completed and that it would be closed soon. When it was first organized under the direction of Dr. Joseph A. Blake, it was known as the Ambulance Hospital.

"Patients are being evacuated, and provision is being made for the early return of the building to the French Government to be used as a school," said the announcement. "Four or five months may be required, but the committee has on hand sufficient funds for the diminishing needs of the hospital, and no further subscriptions will be solicited. Whatever balance may be left will be turned over to the former American Hospital at Neuilly, which held itself responsible for the Ambulance Hospital and the American Ambulance Service in the beginning of the war, and which has been especially serviceable in the care of American officers in the last eighteen months.

"In bringing to a close the labors of so many months, the committee feels a pardonable pride in the effectiveness and value of its achievement. It aimed to provide for the stilled wounded nothing less than the best medical, surgical, and nursing care, and it finds its justification in the notably high record of lives saved and of men restored to health or fitted for careers of usefulness. The ardent and devoted sacrifice of physicians, surgeons, nurses, and attendants has been made available by the patriotism and generosity of thousands in all parts of our country who have contributed through the American Committee more than $2,000,000 for the maintenance of this work. After Chateau-Thierry the capacity of the hospital was expanded from 375 beds to 2,000, and for an extended period from 600 to 800 new cases were received every day."

ROCHAMBEAU DELAYED.

Obliged to Put in at Halifax on Her Voyage Here.

The agents of the French Line at 17 State Street received a wireless dispatch yesterday from Captain Juhain of the liner Rochambeau stating that on account of rough weather and poor coal he was putting in at Halifax. It was expected that this would delay the arrival of the steamship at New York until next Wednesday.

In addition to her regular civilian passengers the Rochambeau has 883 American troops on board. They included parts of the 337th and 339th Field Artillery of the 88th Division and medical detachments and fifty casual officers.

Dispatches received last night from Halifax stated that up to 6 P. M. no word had been received from the Rochambeau.

Order 11th Division Demobilized.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP MEADE, Md., Jan. 18.—The 11th or Lafayette Division has been ordered demobilized, and all the men except those of the regular army will be discharged in a few days. This division was ready for overseas duty when the armistice was signed; in fact, the men were to have sailed the following week. The division was composed of men from Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia.

R. H. Macy & Co.

Herald Square. B'way, 34th to 35th St.

STYLE AUTHORITY—

We want a woman of tact, intelligence, taste and resourcefulness who is familiar with the correct fashions and can offer constructive criticisms and give assistance to the heads of our fashions sections.

To qualify for this position a woman should know style and fashions herself through having been associated with people who wear them. She may have bought them for herself or others.

Adequate salary and permanent position await right person. Call Tuesday after 10 A. M.

Comparison Office, Eighth Floor, 34th Street.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

The Store Shop of Women

ARE NOW SHOWING

Fashions for the Smartly Gowned American Woman

For Palm Beach
The Carolinas
Hot Springs
Southern California
and
Tropical Climates

TRAVEL SUITS — TOURIST COATS
SPORT COATS — OUT-DOOR FROCKS
BEACH SUITS — LINGERIE DRESSES
Evening Costumes
HATS FURS

PALM BEACH SHOP opposite the Royal Poinciana

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32nd Street

Once-A-Year Reduction Sale Of Stein-Bloch Winter Overcoats, Ulsters And Greatcoats. 100% Wool

$35 Stein-Bloch Overcoats	$28.75
$40 and $45 Stein-Bloch Overcoats	$34.50
$50 and $55 Stein-Bloch Overcoats	$42.50
$60, $65, $70 Stein-Bloch Overcoats	$48.50
$75, $85, $90, $100 Stein-Bloch Overcoats	$62.50

NEVER, since the inception of this business, have we been so fortunately circumstanced as to be able to offer Overcoats of such high-reaching quality at such deep-reaching reductions. In value, vogue and variety we believe that this event overtops any sale event of this or any other season, and proffers an opportunity without a peer or parallel.

Stein-Bloch only concerns himself with *genuinely fine garments* for which he has gained not only a national, but an international reputation from Broadway to Piccadilly.

The shop opens at *8 o'clock tomorrow morning* with all Overcoats grouped for quick-and-easy choosing. Experienced extra salesmen to avoid delay in service. *No charge for alterations, if needed.*

MAISON BERNARD

Fifth Avenue at FIFTY-SEVENTH ST.

Season's Clearance

WILL CONTINUE MONDAY AND TUESDAY

The highest-priced models in
GOWNS — WRAPS
COATS — FURS
Are Now Included in This Final Clearance Sale, At

½ and ⅓ Off Regular Prices

In addition, the remainder of imported, costly fabrics have just been made up into copies of our French Models, and are offered in this Sale—exemplified in the following items:—

AFTERNOON AND DINNER GOWNS
In Satin, Charmeuse, Taffeta, beaded Georgette, Chiffon, Tricolette; including many Spring shades. Former prices up to $95 ..... $35

TAILLEUR FROCKS
In French Serge, Tricotine and other fashionable cloths $35

FURS

Handsome Silver Foxes ..... $200 up.
Stoles and Capes in all the fashionable peltries ..... $75 up.
Short and Long Coats at Sweeping Reductions.

SPRING HATS

Introducing a New Department of Smart Trotteur Hats
Exclusive Maison Bernard Models, at
$10

WANTED—
A Real Competent Administrator

A STRONGLY established New York firm, serving a clientele of exceptional quality, finds it necessary, because of rapid expansion, to relieve its executive members of their binding duties on the major administrative measures of the business.

WE need a man who can accept and properly discharge these duties and who possesses poise and dignity, coupled with the tireless, enthusiastic vigor requisite to maintaining in smooth, rapid operation a large working personnel engaged on rather widely diversified tasks.

HE must, through his personality, inspire cooperation, and through his ability win confidence. He must be qualified to supervise and develop a sales force, to plan and administer office detail, to evolve and effectively utilize publicity ideas.

A COMPLETE description of qualifications and experience is a prerequisite to consideration.

Address
"Strictly Confidential."
X 276 Times Annex.

If you do not measure up to the qualifications above indicated, don't answer.

TO HASTEN RECALL OF FORCES ABROAD

Foch and Pershing Conferring Over Our Army's Size, Says General March.

MINIMUM ONLY TO REMAIN

1,177,000 Troops in the United States Are Already Listed for Demobilization.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The policy of the American Government relative to the retention of troops in Europe as disclosed today by General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff, will be to keep there only such a force as will be "consistent with our international obligations."

While there is considerable leeway in this statement, it was made plain by General March that it was not the purpose of this Government to maintain in France anything like thirty divisions of troops. Marshal Foch has been notified of this policy by General Pershing, and Marshal Foch and the American Army representatives in France are now computing the number of divisions to be held there.

"I can say definitely," said General March, "that it will not be anything like thirty divisions. Thirty divisions would be approximately 1,440,000 men, including combatants and noncombatants behind the line."

General March also expressed the opinion that the allied force in France would be able fully to handle any emergency situation. This opinion was drawn from the General when it was pointed out to him that a dispatch had come from London a few days ago saying that the British thought they might have to revise their intentions with respect to demobilization because of fear that there would be a resumption of warfare "somewhere."

"Have you any light to throw on that?" General March was asked.

Force for Any Emergency.

"No," replied the Chief of Staff. "I saw what was in the papers, but we have absolutely nothing official on that business. The force which the allied powers have in France is fully able to handle any military problem which may arise. It would be absolutely impossible for Germany to do anything in face of the force we now have there, and of course Marshal Foch would not allow the force to be cut down to the point where we could not handle any emergency. We have nothing official on England's attitude."

"Some time ago," it was suggested to General March, "there was a statement that thirty divisions would be allowed to remain abroad for the time being. Has there been any change in that figure?"

It was then that General March disclosed that the number to be retained in France would be nowhere like thirty divisions, and made the following statement:

"The War Department does not contemplate keeping in France such a force as thirty divisions. We propose to reduce the force to the lowest figure consistent with our international obligations and to bring back the men from France to the limit of available shipping. In that connection, I will say that negotiations for the use of British, French, and Dutch ships are proceeding very satisfactorily and we have secured a number of ships from all those nations and have a very good chance to get a large proportion of the German ships which are being turned over to the allied powers.

"We have transformed some cargo ships in the United States—our own ships—into transports by putting in bunks and cutting holes for ventilation. We will bring back our men from France as rapidly as possible. We have no intention of keeping any such force as thirty divisions in France."

"Can you indicate about how many divisions will be held there?" General March was asked.

Conferring On Our Army.

"The matter is in adjustment between General Foch and our own people," he replied. "And while the number is not yet definitely determined upon, I can say definitely that it will not be anything like thirty divisions."

"Have you any report as to there being a trade with regard to the German ships?"

"I don't know exactly what you mean by 'trade,' but I have a report from abroad indicating exactly what German ships we asked for, and while the negotiations are not completed, the indications are, as I have stated, that we will get a very substantial part of that tonnage."

General March made an interesting statement of the present situation regarding demobilization. He said he had received complaints that we were demobilizing too fast, asserted that there were two shades of opinion in America on this point, but did not express his own opinion as to whether we were demobilizing too fast.

"During the last week," said General March, "I have issued orders for the demobilization of the remaining half of the combatant divisions, so that now the demobilization orders for the United States include all the troops except those of a permanent character, which I will enumerate.

"In each infantry division, as I announced at the time of their formation, we put two regular regiments of infantry as a nucleus about which these divisions were to be formed, and these regular regiments will be, of course, in the permanent military establishment and will not be demobilized as regiments. In addition to that, we still have in the United States the greater part of the cavalry of the regular army, which is along the border, and Coast Artillery troops in the sea coast defenses. There will be retained, besides, a large medical personnel which will handle all the hospital facilities which we have constructed all over the United States for the use of the sick and convalescent who return from abroad and the number of officers and men necessary to handle these plants are excepted from the demobilization orders at this time.

To Handle Demobilization.

"There is also at each camp what we might call a demobilization detachment, of men who are selected to make the physical examinations of men, fix their papers and records, check up their property, handle their accounts and handle the demobilization generally. These detachments are of selected men, and, as far as possible, of men who want to stay in the service, and their number of course will be quite large because of the number of demobilization camps which are retained for the purpose of receiving the men who come back from France and attending to the details of demobilization.

"There will be at the port of debarkation embarkation personnel, who will remain there also for the obvious purpose of handling the debarkations of troops as they come in. Certain staff corps personnel—quartermaster men and men of that character—who are necessary in the demobilization problems are also excluded from this order, which we have now brought up to include everybody who can be spared.

"The number of men who are still under enlistment contracts in the United States after all the classes I have indicated have been mustered out will be gone over very carefully with the idea of bringing down the number to the minimum necessary to handle the demobilization of troops who are coming home from abroad. I mean, for example, with references to the medical personnel, that we have a personnel large enough to handle everybody who is reported sick and wounded in France, and as that number is cut down we will be able to cut down in the number of medical personnel needed.

Listed for Demobilization.

"The actual number of men now listed for demobilization in the United States is 1,177,000. Orders have been issued to date (Jan. 17) for the demobilization of approximately 1,281,000 men as follows:

TROOPS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Depot brigades, development battalions, replacements, and casuals	414,000
Industrial furloughs	8,000
Divisional troops	195,000
Corps and army troops	48,000
Coast Artillery	40,500
Engineers	48,000
Medical Corps	11,000
Ordnance	11,500
Quartermaster Corps	27,500
United States Guards	26,000
Military Aeronautics	41,000
Spruce Productions	30,000
Tank Corps	6,000
Chemical Warfare Service	8,000
Anthracite coal mines	5,000
Special service units	11,500
S. A. T. C.	160,000
C. O. T. S.	39,000
Attached local draft boards	3,500
Porto Rico troops	12,000
Hawaiian National Guard	1,500
Bakery companies	3,000
Construction and labor companies	57,000
Aircraft production	3,500
Signal Corps	6,500
Training center	10,000
Conscientious objectors	1,500
Total	1,177,000
OVERSEAS TROOPS RETURNED TO U. S.	
Casuals	28,000
Divisional and organization	76,000
Total	104,000
Grand total	1,281,000
Officers resigned and discharged	51,593

104,000 Returned from France.

"The number of men actually returned from France is 104,000; in other words, we have before us for demobilization 1,281,000 men, of whom we have actually discharged, up to the last reports received, 768,626. The number of officers whom we have now dispensed with is 51,593.

"Last week I said something about the different methods used in England and the United States in the demobilization of troops. We have report now of the method used in France, which is still a third method, being different from either the United States or Great Britain. In France, as they have universal military service, demobilization for them means going back from the colors to the reserve, not back to civil life as here and in Great Britain.

"Their idea is to demobilize by classes, beginning with the oldest men. They ordered the demobilization of the classes of 1887, 1888, 1889 to start with, men who came in the service in that year, passed back into the reserve and were called back for the war, men of approximately 50 years of age. Then an order was issued demobilizing the class of 1890, and they are working down, apparently by classes of service, if we can call it that, releasing men from military service with the active list and putting them back for service in the reserve.

"In the classes they give priority to men on the basis of the number of children they have. A man who has four children or more is given priority in his class in demobilization; a widower with three children is advanced in the order in which he is passed out.

"French papers of which we now have copies indicate that they are having about the same difficulty with public opinion as in Great Britain as to the slowness of demobilization. The newspaper comments are sharp, and interpellations in the French Chamber of Deputies follow up the same complaint as to the necessity for more rapid demobilization."

"Have you heard any complaints that we are demobilizing too fast?" General March was asked.

"Yes," he replied. "There apparently are two shades of opinion in America, one of which thinks the War Department is demobilizing too fast and the other thinks it is too slow. The War Department is going forward, with the results which I have given you today, and the machinery which we have now organized in our demobilization camps has practically a maximum capacity of 1,000 men per day per camp; and, as there are about thirty camps, the maximum capacity is about 30,000 men per day.

Retarded by the Holidays.

"We reached that number two weeks in December, but in Christmas and New Year's weeks, because of the holidays and Sundays, we fell back markedly, but then picked up, and while demobilization is not now proceeding at the maximum rate, it is proceeding very rapidly. The figures which I have given you are very largely in excess of what has been done in any other country on which we have figures.

"Some statement has been made in the press that the War Department had directed the American Expeditionary Force to hold up the casualties toward the end of the war. At the opening of Congress in December the Senate Military Affairs Committee had a hearing on the subject of casualties, and the War Department placed before it and in the presence of representatives of the press, all the cablegrams that had been exchanged with General Pershing for a period of six months, in which orders were given to him in the most mandatory form to send in all casualties, and in every case the replies which were read indicated he was doing the best he could.

"Dr. Keppel, Third Assistant Secretary of War, was sent over to the War Department to find out why we were not receiving the reports more rapidly, and the facts that he developed in his experience in France were then given to the Senate Military Affairs Committee, also in the presence of representatives of the press, and the facts of the case are perfectly well known to the people of the country and to all the journals, and, of course, it is not a fact that the War Department issued any such orders.

"The Surgeon General called me up this morning and directed my attention to a newspaper editorial which states that the wounded men who are under reconstruction process, being taught useful employments, had to buy their yarn or other things which they were learning to use, so that they would be self-supporting citizens when they got back to private life. The Surgeon General says the statement is absolutely untrue, and that the Government pays for everything of that kind. If any man has been buying yarn he has done it because he wanted to."

CONFEREES CLOSER TO TAX AGREEMENT

Mutual Concessions Point to Compromise on War Excess Profits Rates.

SETTLE SCHEDULE FOR 1920

That for 1919 Yet to be Agreed Upon—Senate Members Expected to Give Some Ground.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—What appears to be the first definite step toward a compromise on war excess profits taxes payable in 1919 was taken today by the Senate and House conferees on the Revenue bill, when the House conferees agreed to establish a definite rate for war excess profits taxes payable in 1920, and accepted the Senate schedule for the latter period. The single concession that the Senate members of the conference were called upon to make was an 80 per cent. war profits tax payable in 1920, but covering only war contracts which may remain at that time.

The big battle, of course, is over the war excess profits taxes to be paid in 1919, and the only announcement made for publication was that a decision on this matter had been deferred. Representative Kitchin, leader of the House conferees, is reported as still firm for his proposed 80 per cent. war profits tax or the alternative schedule proposed in the original House bill and known as the excess profits method.

The fact that the House conferees had given way to the Senate to the extent of adopting the lower schedule for war excess profits taxes payable in 1920 was generally accepted here as presenting two probabilities: First, that the danger of a deadlock which would end all hope of reaching a compromise agreement was less acute; and, second, that the Senate members would in all probability give some ground and join in a report recommending rates in increase of those which were quoted in their original amendment to the House proposals.

The fact that nothing which indicated an approach to an agreement on the rates on war excess profits taxes, payable in 1919, had been developed up to today had started all sorts of gloomy reports, and there were even rumors afloat that Mr. Kitchin and some of his followers were prepared to refuse to enter an agreement at all rather than make a surrender of the proposed 80 per cent. rate. The outlook now, however, is considered somewhat brighter, the belief being expressed that the House members, before agreeing to accept the Senate rates for taxes payable in 1920, undoubtedly had come to some tentative understanding upon the more important issue, which at least, gave healthy promise of progress.

Some saw significance in the fact that the Senate members were today willing to insert the 80 per cent. rate of taxation on war excess profits to cover war contracts which might remain in 1920, but there probably is little or nothing to the theory that in doing so the Senate conferees were indicating a willingness to adopt the higher House schedule in its entirety for 1919. The tax payable in 1919 will, of course, be higher than that for the subsequent year—even the Senate amendment provides for that—and it is understood on excellent authority that the 80 per cent. tax on war contracts remaining in 1920 was inserted almost wholly for the purpose of preventing any escape from the 1919 war excess profits tax on war contracts by holding them over until the end of the tax year.

The conferees desire, if possible, to complete their deliberations next week. There are many other important matters to be settled, such as the second-class postal rates, the inheritance tax, and other points.

The Senate proposals for the war excess profits payable in 1920 were added after the armistice was signed to the original House bill, which made no provision beyond the taxable year 1919. The inserted Senate provision reads:

(b) For the taxable year 1919 and each taxable year thereafter there shall be levied, collected, and paid upon the net income of every corporation a tax equal to the sum of the following:

FIRST BRACKET.

Twenty per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of the excess profits credit, (determined under Section 312,) and not in excess of 20 per centum of the invested capital.

SECOND BRACKET.

Forty per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of 20 per centum of the invested capital.

The provision also is made that "for the purposes of the act approved March 21, 1918, entitled 'An Act to Provide for the Operation of Transportation Systems While Under Federal Control, for the Just Compensation of Their Owners and for Other Purposes,' the tax imposed by this title shall be treated as levied by an act in amendment of Title II. of the Revenue act of 1917."

It is further provided that the tax to be paid in 1920 "shall in no case be more than 20 per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of $3,000 and not in excess of $20,000 plus 40 per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of $20,000." Nothing in this ruling, however, is to be construed in such manner as to increase the tax imposed under the schedule given.

Section 312 of the Revenue bill, which is quoted in the schedule proposed by the Senate for the taxable year 1920, provides "that the excess profits credit shall consist of a specific exemption of $3,000 plus an amount equal to 8 per centum of the invested capital for the taxable year." It further provides that a foreign corporation shall not be entitled to the specific exemption of $3,000.

It is probable that approximately $1,600,000,000 will be raised in the tax year 1919 under the Senate schedule adopted today.

The rates in the schedule for taxes payable in 1920 are one-third less than in the Senate proposal for the taxable year 1918, in which they are quoted as respectively 30 and 60 per centum, with the added condition that there shall be included in the taxation the sum, if any, by which 80 per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of the war profits credit exceeds the amount of the tax computed under the 30 and 60 per centum rate. The Senate had estimated that $2,400,000,000 would be raised in the taxable year 1918 by this schedule.

Under what is known as the 80 per cent. tax rate, with its alternative provisions, for the taxable year 1918, which was in the original House bill and has had the backing of Representative Kitchin and his followers, it was estimated that $3,200,000,000 would be raised.

The general protest of the amusement world against the proposal of the Senate conferees to increase the theatre admission tax to 20 per cent. of the cost of each ticket costing over 30 cents has extended to the theatrical labor unions. Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor received today a telegram from the Theatrical Federation of San Francisco protesting against the proposed legislation to increase the tax on admission to theatres to 20 per cent. on tickets costing more than 30 cents. The men assert that the tax, if put into force, would have a serious effect on their employment.

INCOME TAX FORMS READY.

Mark Eisner Prepared for Passing of New Law by Congress.

Mark Eisner, collector of the Third Revenue District of New York, said yesterday that, when the new revenue bill becomes a law, he will have the proper return forms distributed throughout the district and that everybody will be informed when the sworn return must be filed. Meanwhile, Mr. Eisner says, there is no need of delaying the preparation of the figures. "Anything that Congress does now," said Mr. Eisner, "will not affect the amount of a person's earnings in 1918. Let us avoid the belated throwing together of figures that may hit or miss. Guesses cannot be accepted as the basis of taxation. It is clearly the duty of every person to compile correct figures and ascertain whether his income for 1918 was not sufficient to make a sworn return."

Mr. Eisner said that many inquiries had been received by him from business men asking for the method of computing the individual tax of partners, where the partnership has a fiscal year differing from the calendar year. The difficulty, he says, arises because the individual partners must file according to the calendar year, whereas the firm may keep its books on the fiscal year basis. He says that here is how a typical case would work out:

A. and B. are co-partners with a fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1918. At that time they ascertain that the firm made a net profit of $32,000 after deducting the partnership excess-profits tax for the period beginning Oct. 1, 1917, and ending Dec. 31, 1917. (Partnerships were subject to excess-profits tax up to that date.)

Take the case of Partner A, whose share of the firm profits is $16,000 and whose income from other sources is $6,000.

Of the firm profits, since they were earned during the year beginning Oct. 1, 1917 and ending Sept. 30, 1918, one-quarter, or $4,000, will be taxed at the 1917 rates, and three-quarters, or $12,000, will be taxed at the 1918 rates.

1918 TAX.

Three-quarters of partnership profits =	$12,000
Other income =	6,000
Total	$18,000
Personal exemption	2,000
Income subject to normal tax	$16,000
Taxable at 6 per cent. of $4,000 =	$240 tax
Taxable at 12 per cent. of $12,000 =	1,440 tax
Total normal tax	$1,680
Surtax on income $18,000. (1918 rates) =	$550
Total tax 1918 income	$2,230 (1)

1917 CALCULATION.

Income for 1917—	
One-fourth of partnership profits is	$4,000
Normal tax at 4 per cent. is	160

Surtax for 1917 will be based on total income for 1918 to start with. The total income for 1918 being $18,000, the rates to be applied to the $4,000 earned in 1917 will be, (1917 rates:)

Income in excess of $15,000 and not in excess of $20,000 =	
$2,000 at 5 per cent.	= $100
Income in excess of $20,000 and not in excess of $40,000 =	
$2,000 at 7 per cent.	= 140
Total surtax, 1917	$240
Total tax, 1917	400 (2)
Tax 1917 and 1918, (1) and (2)	$2,630

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After a very few months no Wines or Liquors can be sold.
Prices are advancing rapidly and our stock is fast depleting.
If you desire quality and price we can serve you now.
PARK & TILFORD

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

Edward W. Browning Buys Big Loft in the Old Retail Shopping District.

ANOTHER HEIGHTS DEAL

Choice Corner on Riverside Drive Sold to an Investor—Suburban Market Active.

Edward W. Browning figured as a large investor in the midtown loft area by purchasing two six-story loft structures, being, respectively, at 136 to 139 West Twentieth Street and 141 West Twentieth Street, the former fronting 65 feet by 92 feet in depth, and the latter fronting 25 feet, a total frontage in the middle of the block between Sixth and Seventh Avenues of 80 feet.

The properties were purchased from the Seamen's Bank for Savings, which took them over in foreclosure proceedings a short time ago. The larger building is leased for a long term to a single tenant. Within the last few weeks Mr. Browning has purchased nine properties, including commercial buildings and apartment houses, between Washington Square and Washington Heights.

$190,000 Heights Sale.

Another important deal in the Fort Washington section of the Heights which has been unusually active during the last week was closed yesterday by Frederick Brown, operator, who purchased from John J. English 567 to 571 West 175th Street.

The property, which consists of two six-story non-elevator apartments, on a plot 100 by 112, located between Audubon and St. Nicholas Avenue, was held at $190,000. They were erected about four years ago and show an annual rent roll of about $25,000. William S. Baker negotiated the sale. The same broker also resold for Max N. Natanson, to an investing client, 642 to 650 West 173d Street, two five-story apartment houses, each on a plot 75 by 100, purchased a few days ago from the Jules Realty Company, which, in turn, had secured the houses a few days before from Max Glickman and Samuel Lippman.

Investor Buys Choice Corner on Riverside Drive.

One of the choice corners on the upper portion of Riverside Drive was sold yesterday by J. H. Jackson to J. F. McKean for investment. The property consists of a plot 100 by 23.6 on the southeast corner of the drive and 147th Street improved with a stone dwelling. This is the first transfer of the property in over twenty-five years. L. J. Phillips & Co. negotiated the sale.

Bronx Market.

The five-story new law apartment house at 1,711 University Avenue, on lot 52.5 by 100, has been purchased by Cahn & Pittman from Ida A. Butterworth. It was held at $65,000.

The five-story apartment house at 911 Southern Boulevard on plot 76 by 105 has been sold by Alexander Selkin and Joseph Mintz for the Henry Morgenthau Co. to Sam Minskoss. It was held at $90,000.

The F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Company sold for an estate to the Benenson Realty Company the five-story apartment house at 2,155 Crotona Avenue, on plot 30 by 200.

Brooklyn.

The two-story brick factory at 1,251 and 1,253 De Kalb Avenue, between Evergreen and Central Avenues, has been sold through the office of Baffa & Dixon for Chris Schneider to J. Mendell, who will use it for the manufacture of candy. It was recently used for the manufacture of airplanes. The same brokers have also sold the four-story building at 16 Broadway, near Kent Avenue, for Otto Huber. The new owner will alter it for factory uses.

B. J. Sforza has sold for Cortes Cavanaugh to Michael Rizzo the two-family cottage on plot 42 by 100 at 1,524 Fifty-ninth Street.

Leonard W. Taft sold to C. K. Baldwin of Asbury Park, 1,234 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, a six-story elevator apartment, on a plot 75 by 100, held at $100,000. An Asbury Park hotel was given in part payment. J. R. Rose negotiated the sale.

Two Good Flushing Deals.

Alexander Trowbridge, a New York architect, has bought at Flushing the old house of the late Dr. Joseph Hicks, on the corner of Whitestone Avenue and Chestnut Street, with a frontage of 240 feet and over 200 feet deep. The old house was owned by Mrs. William McCord, the heir of Dr. Hicks. The sale was made by J. Albert Johntra.

J. W. Doolittle has sold to the Metropolitan Masonry Company a plot in Flushing fronting 500 feet on Beech Street and Cypress Avenue, between Parsons and Bowne Avenues, in Flushing. It was held at prices ranging from $65 to $70 per front foot.

The section is restricted. The property was sold with building loans and the buyer will begin at once the construction of eight brick and hollow tile residences, with garages, to cost from $15,000 to $18,000 each.

New Jersey.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company leased the three-story and basement factory building at 169 Malvern Street, Newark, on a plot of about 7,500 square feet, for a term of years, to the American Benzoate Corporation.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman have sold for Mrs. Jennie B. Van Horn to Mrs. Mary C. Johnston the dwelling at 119 Claremont Road, Kathawood Park, Ridgewood.

The Doran farm at Florham Park, near Madison, containing twenty acres, a dwelling, and outbuildings, has been sold to Jacob Wester of Newark through the office of Joseph V. Keating.

A plot on the southwest corner of First Avenue and New York Boulevard, Seagirt, has been purchased by Joseph Naylor from Clara M. Bryde. John D. Miner was the broker.

Westchester County.

Mrs. Julia L. Hanlon has sold her residence at Monegan Heights, Bronxville, to S. and G. R. Schulze, Burke Stone, Inc., acted as broker.

Fish & Marvin have sold for Harry Anderson his residence on Sixth Avenue at Pelham to William A. Moore.

Joseph Lambden & Son, Inc., has sold for the City Realty Company lots 81, 82, and 83 of Webster Ridge, New Rochelle, to Louis Weber, a builder.

Commercial Leases.

The Duross Company has leased for Clarence Stephens the building at 626-630 West Twenty-fourth Street to the Mahoney Auto Truck Company for eight years; for Thomas McBride, the building at 272 West Nineteenth Street, to William Costello, and for the College of St. Francis Xavier, the building at 139 West Sixteenth Street to Luke J. Connolly.

Theodore Roth, head waiter of the St. Regis Hotel, has taken a twenty-year lease for the building, 15 East Fifty-fifth Street from David Mahany and Mrs. Ellen Mittendorf. An extension will be built and the front will be changed to an old French style at a cost of $20,000. Royal Scott Gulden was the broker in the deal.

Barnett & Co. have leased the building at 242 West 123d Street, formerly used as the Harlem Detective Office, for Harold Swayne to M. Raimer.

Realty Notes.

Lieutenant Herbert A. Sherman, Jr., has returned from war service and will continue the real estate business established by his father, the late Herbert A. Sherman. Offices are at 20 Nassau Street and 41 East Forty-first Street.

The first apartment project to be undertaken on Manhattan Island in many months is to be started shortly by G. L. Lawrence, pioneer builder of the upper west side, on four lots at the southeast corner of Broadway and Isham Street, purchased last week.

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Get along without COAL, ASHES and DIRT.
N. C. Burners are noiseless and odorless. You can use either Kerosene, Coal-oil or Distolite. Simple arrangement; takes but few minutes to install.
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Our $5 burner will give sufficient heat for any normal size cook stove or range.
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N. C. Burner as illustrated will fit any 16-inch firebox and will heat a 4 to 7 room house equipped with steam, water, or air furnace. Price $25, complete.
UNITED VAPO HEAT AND LIGHT CO., Inc.
155 West 33d Street
(Reliable Agents Wanted)

Lower Prices for Motor Trucks

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One Official act of the United States Government tells in the simplest way the outstanding story of GMC trucks in war.

When the War Department sought to solve the problems growing out of too many models in motor transport, standardized truck sizes resulted.

Where no commercial model could be found to fit the exacting requirements, government specifications supplied the lack.

When it came to the ¾—1 ton truck there was a commercial chassis ready-built.

It was the GMC Model 16.

It had already been proved in ambulance service on the Mexican Border.

It had served the Allies ably in ambulance work before the United States entered the war, and was selected by the Medical Department in anticipation of the United States joining the Allies. Thousands were subsequently purchased for ambulance service.

Later in the war, when the Government decided to select a truck chassis to be adopted as Class "AA" for all military purposes, this GMC Model 16, strictly on its merits, in competitive tests, in the hands of Government officials, and subjected to the most exacting trials, made a perfect score, and it became the official Government standard—picked as it stood.

Because of the enormous Government demand our production on this model had reached the point at the close of the war which now enables us, by continuing full speed ahead, to offer the trade this same model at our pre-war price of **$1,495, a reduction of $280.**

This is the truck that made good in France, Belgium and Italy in the days of battle; and it will continue to make good in peaceful pursuits.

This history-making Model 16 is but one of six good trucks built in the GMC factory; every one of which has equally as good a record—even though less spectacular—in more than two hundred lines of business—**prices reduced on all models.**

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One of the units of the General Motors Corporation, also builders of Cadillac, Buick, Oldsmobile, Oakland and Chevrolet Cars.

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GMC TRUCKS

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

WEST SIDE TENNIS CLUB WILL EXPAND

Forest Hills Organization Plans to Enlarge Clubhouse Before 1920 Season.

BID FOR BIG NET EVENTS

Will Seek National Championship and Other Title Events During Coming Season.

Plans for extensive improvements to the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills L. I., were presented to the officers of the organization at the annual meeting at Delmonico's, which ended early yesterday morning. The Building Committee, of which Theodore Hetzler, one of the Governors, is Chairman, is in charge of the work of expanding the club's present facilities. It is expected that by the time the season of 1920 comes around the club will have been expanded so that every accommodation will be provided to the ever-increasing number of members.

The plan of adding to the size and facilities of the club has been under consideration for a long time. The increased interest in tennis with each succeeding year, and the consistent additions to the Forest Hills organization's membership rolls have made it imperative for the club to make changes. The plans provide for the construction of two wings to the present building. When these wings are completed a complete rearrangement of the organization will be undertaken. This work will be concluded, it was stated yesterday by a prominent member of the club, in time for the season of 1920. The opinion at the meeting, which was attended by about fifty members, was that the war had given impetus to the sport.

William Alexander Campbell, Secretary, was delegated to represent the organization at the annual meeting of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, to be held Feb. 7. He was instructed to apply for the national singles championship on behalf of the West Side Club, and for the other competitions which go with it. These latter include the veterans', father and son, boys', junior, and junior doubles title tournaments. There has been no indication what disposition of these fixtures will be made by the officials of the U. S. N. L. T. A., but there is every reason to believe that the West Side Club will be the scene of some of the year's biggest attractions.

A report read at the meeting disclosed that 167 of the Forest Hills Club's members had enlisted in the nation's military and naval service. Five members have made the supreme sacrifice, and gold stars to this number will be added to the organization's service flag. The deceased heroes are Lieutenant Gordon Boyd, Lieutenant E. Lansing Satterlee, Lieutenant Marshall G. Peabody, Lieutenant Percy M. Hall, and Lieutenant Nelson P. Kenyon.

The Treasurer's report for the year just ended showed an improved financial condition over that which was reported at the 1918 meeting. No exact figures were divulged, but it was admitted that the club's financial standing was better than a year ago. The Secretary's report showed an increase of more than fifty in the membership rolls.

All the officers were re-elected with but one exception. This case in the office of club captain. William J. Gallon was chosen for this office to succeed Major T. B. Barringer, who is attached to the army medical service. Mr. Gallon is an expert on the growth of grass. During his term as captain, he plans to experiment with the use of sheep in place of lawn mowers on the club's extensive grass acreage.

Charles Scott Landers was re-elected president; Marshall S. Hagar, vice-president, and William Alexander Campbell, secretary. The Board of Governors, to serve two years, was elected as follows: Theodore Hetzler, Clarence G. Heylmun, Waldo D. Hadsell and Stuart Johnston. The Nominating Committee for 1919 is composed of L. J. Carruthers, chairman; Charles W. MacMullen, Ernest W. Mecale, Hugh L. Nehring and Otis Smith.

NAVY KEEPS ON WINNING.

Annapolis Makes It 10 Straight by Defeating Swarthmore.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Jan. 18.—Though Swarthmore was expected to give the Midshipmen some trouble, the Navy basket ball team won its tenth straight victory this afternoon by defeating their visitors, 43 to 16. Swarthmore played well at the beginning of each half, but could not maintain the pace.

With Farwell and Deringer leading in the scoring, the Midshipmen played at a fast clip, and did some clever passing and shooting. Swarthmore resorted almost entirely to long shots, few of which scored. The Navy made a complete change in its team during the second period.

The lineup:

Naval Acad., (43.)	Position.	Swarthmore, (16.)
Farwell	L.F.	Place
Banner	R.F.	Carter
Beringer	C.	Stowe
Double	L.G.	Kemp
Watters	R.G.	Clancy

Field goals—Naval Academy: Farwell, (8,) Geringer, (5,) Watters, (2,) Bolton, (2,) Banner, Lewis. Swarthmore: Stowe, (2,) Kemp, (2,) Carter, Benjamin. Foul goals—Naval Academy: Farwell, 5 in 7; Thomas missed 1. Swarthmore: Stowe, 4 in 10. Referee—Mr. Benjamin, Illinois Normal. Times of halves—20 minutes.

SCHOOLBOYS IN FAST SWIM.

Stuyvesant Defeats St. Paul's Team in Garden City Tank.

Stuyvesant High School's swimming team defeated the St. Paul's School swimmers yesterday in the St. Paul's tank at Garden City, L. I., by a score of 28 to 25. Performances which eclipsed the P. S. A. L. records were made in the 50 and 100 yard swims. The records, however, will not be recognized.

In the 50-yard event W. Katz of Stuyvesant won in 0:27, two-fifths of a second better than the record. Walter Eberhardt of Stuyvesant took the 100-yard swim in 0:58 4-5. The record is 1:02 2-5. A dead heat resulted in the relay swim, and the schools divided the points.

The summaries:

400-Foot Relay Swim.—Dead heat. Stuyvesant H. S., (E. Huebner, George Baumer, G. Lybecker, and W. Katz;) St. Paul's School, (T. Oxnard, D. Wheeler, L. Bogert, and C. Feltman.) Time—1:14.

Fancy-Diving Contest.—Won by G. Schieren, St. Paul's, with 28 2-3 points; L. Bogert, St. Paul's, 27 2-3 points, second; W. Terry, Stuyvesant, 28 2-3 points, third.

50-Yard Swim.—Won by W. Katz, Stuyvesant; W. Eberhardt, Stuyvesant, second; T. Oxnard, St. Paul's, third. Time—0:27.

200-Yard Swim.—Won by L. Bogert, St. Paul's; C. Feltman, St. Paul's, second; J. Schiebler, Stuyvesant, third. Time—2:40.

Plunge for Distance.—Won by I. Loewy, Stuyvesant, with 50 feet in 30 seconds; B. Piek, Stuyvesant, 50 feet in 42 seconds, second; B. Oxnard, St. Paul's, 48 feet in 38 seconds, third.

100-Yard Swim.—Won by W. Eberhardt, Stuyvesant; R. Howze, St. Paul's, second; W. Terry, Stuyvesant, third. Time—0:58 4-5.

Blair Swimmers Take Meet.

Swimmers of Blair Academy of Blairstown, N. J., defeated the Boys' High School natators yesterday in their dual meet, held in the Blair pool, by a score of 39 to 11.

OTHER NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 3, SECTION 2.

LARNER COMING BACK.

American Ace Will Be Catcher at Columbia.

Columbia will have an American ace as catcher of its 'Varsity baseball team this Spring in the person of Lieutenant G. de Freest Larner, who, according to the official records announced by the War Department last week, has eight German planes to his credit. Before going to war Larner, as a freshman in the class of 1920, was an outfielder on the Columbia nine and he also showed rare skill as a catcher. He was a heavy hitter and a dependable player in every way.

With Larner back Columbia will have a powerful battery, in the opinion of Fred Dawson, coach of the team. Larner will have as a co-worker behind the bat, Johnny Ackerman, who was first-string catcher last season. Ackerman has returned to Morningside Heights after six months in the army.

For the pitching staff there is an apparent abundance of experienced material. Three veterans and one newcomer will be on hand. The three veterans are Tom Farrell and Edward Koenig of last year's nine, and John Hauck, who played on the 1915 and 1916 teams. Hauck was in the outfield because his heavy hitting was needed in the batting order. The new man is McHughey, from Missouri, who, it is said, has refused several offers from professional teams in the West, and was a star in interscholastic circles west of the Mississippi. With these four experienced pitchers to count on Dawson is sanguine over the prospects for the team. Farrell and Koenig were not stars last season, but they showed much improvement under Andy Coakley's skillful coaching, and are counted upon to take care of the bulk of the pitching should McHughey not live up to his reputation.

BASKET BALL FIVE RESIGNS.

Morningside Team's Action Makes Investigation Unnecessary.

Members of the Morningside A. C. who have been playing professional basket ball have severed their connection with the club, it became known yesterday. This will make unnecessary the proposed investigation of the Morningside A. C., which was to have been undertaken by the Metropolitan A. A. U. Registration Committee.

S. Belsky, Captain of the basket ball team, has sent in his registration card to the A. A. U., declaring his intention of playing as a professional. Belsky was a high jumper and held the position of Chairman of the Morningside A. C. Athletic Committee. This office will in future be occupied by Fred A. Niles, Jr., Chairman of the Metropolitan A. A. U. Registration Committee.

HORACE MANN TAKES GAME.

Defeats Montclair Academy at Basket Ball, 28 to 10.

Horace Mann School's basket ball team won its fourth straight victory yesterday, when it defeated the Montclair Academy representatives in one-sided fashion on the Horace Mann court by a score of 28 to 10. The victorious team led throughout. The line-up:

Horace M., (28.)	Position.	Montclair, (10.)
Eder	R.F.	Stauffer
Van Benschoeten	L.F.	Snyder
Pulleyn	C.	Cortner
Farrell	R.G.	Caldwell
Burbridge	L.G.	Buck

Field goals—Eder, (4,) Van Benschoeten, (2,) Pulleyn, (3,) Farrell, (2,) Burbridge, (2,) Edersol, Buck. Goals from foul—Eder, 2; Stauffer, 6. Substitutions—For Horace Mann: Wightman for Van Benschoeten, Landauer for Wightman, Wilner for Farrell. For Montclair Academy: De Cordova for Snyder, Edersol for Cortner. Referee—Ed Thorp, De La Salle Institute. Time of halves—15 minutes.

Capablanca Wins 24 Games.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—José Raoul Capablanca, the Cuban chess master, playing twenty-four opponents simultaneously at the Illinois Athletic Club last night, won every game.

UP-STATE GUNNER SURPRISE AT TRAPS

Bristol of Chappaqua Lands Numerous Trophies at Travers Island Shoot.

Although many of the gunners of the New York Athletic Club are shooting at Pinehurst, there was a field of thirty-one nimrods on the firing line at the Travers Island traps of the organization yesterday. Among the number were several shooters from out of town, including J. I. D. Bristol of Chappaqua, N. Y. Aided by a handicap of 7 in 25, the up-State member had the satisfaction of scoring in every event.

Mr. Bristol began his good work by winning the Travers Island Trophy, the take-home cup of the day, on a shoot-off from several other gunners. He then scored legs on the Haslin Cup, the Club Cup, the Accumulation Cup, and the Red Cross Trophy. The Chappaqua gunner finished his afternoon's work by winning the high handicap prize, after several shoot-offs. All in all, it was quite some afternoon for the up-State shot.

George J. Corbett and O. C. Grinnell tied for the high scratch trophy. In the original shoot each had 95 out of a possible 100 targets. The shoot-off went to Mr. Grinnell. The winner also scored legs on both the Club and the Accumulation prizes. Mr. Corbett had to be satisfied with legs on the Haslin and the Accumulation Cups. A win on the last named cup also carries a leg on the Red Cross Trophy.

It was quite an afternoon for the winning of legs. In addition to the winners mentioned, B. O. Hedstrom, G. S. McCutcheon, F. J. Ham, A. P. Bennett, Dr. Culver, N. Webb, W. G. Allen, E. D. Anderson, W. Bauer, and J. C. Taylor all scored on the Haslin Cup. Additional legs on the Club Cup were won by W. B. Ogden, G. S. McCutcheon, J. H. Vanderveer, Z. Rogers, F. J. Ham, A. P. Bennett, N. Webb, W. G. Allen, W. Bauer, O. C. Seebass, and J. C. Taylor.

No less than eleven other gunners, in addition to the ones named, returned full scores of twenty-five targets in the double shoot for the Accumulation and Red Cross prizes. They were W. B. Ogden, B. O. Hedstrom, A. P. Bennett, N. Webb, W. G. Allen, W. C. Poertner, T. H. Lawrence, J. P. Donovan, F. B. Stephenson, E. D. Anderson, W. Bauer, and J. I. Brandenberg. A special at twenty-five targets was won by J. C. Taylor.

The scores:

Name.	T.I. Cup.	Has. Cup.	Club Cup.	Ac. Cup.	Scr. & Hp. Cups
W. B. Ogden	3 25	1 23	3 25	2 25	92, 12—100
J. I. D. Bristol	7 25	7 25	7 25	7 25	85, 30—100
F. W. Finch	7 16	7 20	7 21	7 15	44, 35— 79
B. O. Hedstrom	3 25	3 25	3 23	3 25	92, 12—100
G. S. McCutch'n	5 25	4 25	4 25	4 24	86, 17—100
J. H. Van'rveer	1 22	1 23	1 25	1 23	89, 8— 97
R. S. Smith	7 16	7 22	7 18	7 17	46, 30— 76
R. R. Debacher	6 19	6 23	5 22	5 19	61, 25— 86
Z. Rogers	2 23	2 23	2 25	1 23	87, 12— 95
F. J. Ham	4 25	3 25	4 25	4 24	87, 18—100
A. P. Bennett	3 25	3 25	3 25	2 25	94, 14—100
Dr. Culver	0 24	1 25	1 22	0 23	92, 8—100
N. Webb	2 24	2 25	2 25	2 25	93, 12—100
G. J. Corbett	1 25	1 25	1 24	1 25	95, 8—100
W. G. Allen	4 25	3 25	4 25	3 25	90, 16—100
W. C. Poertner	6 25	6 24	6 22	6 25	77, 25—100
T. H. Lawrence	1 23	1 24	1 24	0 25	93, 8—100
J. P. Donovan	1 22	1 24	1 24	1 25	91, 8— 99
F. B. Stephenson	1 25	1 24	1 22	1 25	93, 8—100
E. D. Anderson	5 25	5 23	4 24	3 25	91, 20—100
W. Bauer	5 22	5 25	5 25	3 24	77, 18— 95
H. C. Priest	0 22	0 21	0 23	0 22	88, 0— 88
H. K. Curtis	0 22	0 22	0 23	0 22	89, 0— 89
O. C. Grinnell	1 23	0 24	1 25	1 25	95, 10—100
J. I. Brand'nb'g	1 24	1 23	1 23	1 25	91, 10—100
C. W. Stevens	2 20	1 22	1 23	1 23	83, 12— 95
O. C. Seebass	5 25	4 24	5 25	3 22	82, 20—100
A. Rowland	0 21	0 19	0 20	0 23	83, 0— 83
J. C. Taylor	6 25	5 25	5 25	4 23	81, 25—100
H. B. Reece	7 20	7 21	7 18	6 24	56, 35— 91
C. Stein	1 23	0 21	1 25	0 22	90, 10—100

WINNERS.

Travers Island Cup—J. I. D. Bristol.
High Scratch Prize—O. C. Grinnell.
High Handicap Prize—J. I. D. Bristol.
Special Cup—J. C. Taylor.

All with full scores of twenty-five targets won legs on the Haslin Cup, the Club Cup, the Accumulation Cup, and the Red Cross Cup.

COLUMBIA PASSERS LEAD.

Morningside Heights Collegians Defeat St. John's College, 48 to 15.

Columbia University's basket ball team overwhelmed the St. John's College of Brooklyn five last night in a one-sided game on the Blue and White court. The score was 48 to 15. Throughout the Columbia play was fast and aggressive, the passing was well calculated and the individual shooting was accurate. The St. John's aggregation, on the other hand, displayed a poor defense, ineffective passing and ragged shooting.

In the first half the Brooklynites made one field basket. Four more points came from free throws, so that the team had six points at the whistle against twenty-four for the Morningside Heights collegians. Farrell and Johnson were the leaders in the Columbia attack. Between them they accounted for thirty-two points. Frank Kiendl, brother of Ted Kiendl, who captained a Columbia team about eight years ago, displayed plenty of ability as a guard and discounted many attempted goals by the Brooklyn collegians.

The lineup:

Columbia, (48.)	Position.	St. John's, (15.)
Tinon	L.F.	Goette
Farrell	R.F.	Lawler
Johnson	C.	Wells
Kiendl	L.G.	Schmidt
Weinstein	R.G.	O'Brien

Field goals—Tinon, (3,) Farrell, (6,) Johnson, (6,) Kiendl, (3,) Kennedy, Weinstein, Goette, Wells, Butler. Goals from foul—Farrell, (8,) Goette, O'Brien, (8.) Substitutions—For Columbia: Horowitz for Johnson, Kennedy for Keindl, Stewart for Weinstein. For St. John's: Butler for Lawler, Aylward for Schmidt, McGrath for O'Brien. Referee—C. A. Reed, Springfield Y. M. C. A. College. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

ST. JOHN'S PROTESTS GAME.

Prep School Five Loses to St. Augustine Academy Team.

St. Augustine's Academy basket ball players scored over St. John's Prep yesterday in a close game on the St. John's court by a score of 23 to 18. The defeated team protested the result on an alleged illegal field goal.

It is planned by the St. John's management to carry the protest to the Catholic Schools Athletic League, under whose auspices the game was held.

The line up:

St. A'stein's, (23.)	Position.	St. John's, (18.)
Brennan	R.F.	Ednie
McCarthy	L.F.	Damico
Walters	C.	Newman
Morlock	R.G.	Conway
Carney	L.G.	Mulholland

Field goals—Brenhan, 4; McCarthy, 2; Walters, 2; Ednie, Damico, Newman, Conway. Goals from foul—Brennan, 7; Damico, 10. Substitution: For St. John's—McLaughlin for Newman. Referee—Mr. Stone, St. Francis College. Time of periods—Four periods of ten minutes each.

N. Y. M. A. BEATS ST. PETER'S

Percy and Smith Play Sensational Game for Victors.

Special to The New York Times.

CORNWALL-ON-HUDSON, N. Y., Jan. 18.—Before a large crowd New York Military Academy defeated St. Peter's Academy by a score of 53 to 43. The playing of Percy and Smith featured for the N. Y. M. A. Baldwin and Isbester of the visitors of St. Peter's played cleverly.

Lineup:

N. Y. M. A.	Position.	St. Peter's.
Meenan, W.	L.F.	Baldwin
Noyes, V.	R.F.	Slane
Forbes	C.	Grube
Smith	L.G.	Isbester
Percy	R.G.	Kirnes

Field Goal—For N. Y. M. A.: W. Meenan, (5,) Forbes, (9,) Noyes, (7,) Massed, Meenan, (3,) Marsh. For St. Peter's: Baldwin, (2,) Isbester. Fouls—W. Meenan, 5 out of 6; Slane, 7 out of 17; Grube, 1. Substitutions—W. Meenan for Noyes, Freeman for Percy, Marsh for Forbes, Teeney for Smith, May for Meenan, Miles for Freeman, O'Brien for Kirnes. Referee—Mr. Grow, Vermont. Umpire—Mr. Riley, Brown. Scorers—Messrs Ash and Lynch. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each.

EASY VICTORY FOR XAVIER.

Defeats Clason Point Academy by 13 to 4.

Xavier High School's basket ball team scored a rather easy victory over the Clason Point Military Academy five yesterday on the latter's court, by a score of 13 to 4. At the end of the first half the Xavier aggregation was leading by 10 to 4.

The lineup:

Xavier, (13.)	Position.	Clason P't, (4.)
Cavanagh	R.F.	Englehorn
McMahon	L.F.	Neary
O'Brien	C.	Vergara
Herlihy	R.G.	Riley
Lynch	L.G.	Ysnanaga

Field goals—O'Brien, (4,) Herlihy, Neary. Goals from foul—Cavanagh, (3,) Englehorn, Riley. Referee—W. R. Fogarty, Savage School. Time of halves—20 minutes.

FAVOR NATIONAL ATHLETICS.

Federation Launches Plan to Place Sport Under Federal Control.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 18.—A national movement for the promulgation and furtherance of athletic and recreational activities, the director of which will be appointed by the Government, was launched in a resolution adopted at the annual meeting of the National Baseball Federation, America's premier sandlot organization, here today.

The resolution declares that the war has demonstrated that physical training and public recreation is essential to the well-being and morale of the people, and that baseball will be one of the biggest substitutes for the local features eliminated by the recent prohibition enactment.

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War Department Issues List of Soldiers Who Have Arrived in France from Prison Camp.

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The War Department made public tonight a list of Americans who have been released from the German prison camp at Rastatt and have reached France. The list includes one officer, Lieutenant R. V. Fulton, of 247 Mount Hope Place, New York. The enlisted men are:

OWENS, R. F., Allen, Ky.
OWENS, W. G., Pottsville, Penn.
PAUL, GEORGE, Greece.
PAUL, F. E., Springfield, Mass.
PETTIT, E. M., Oyster Bay, N. Y.
PETROSKI, T. M., Elmira, Mich.
PEARSON, D. D., San Antonio, Texas.
PELLEGRINO, NICOLO, Girardville, Penn.
PICCIANO, MICHAEL, Dumont, N. J.
PINEY, C. J., Keyport, N. J.
PIATASIK, STANISLAW, Buffalo, N. Y.
PILAND, G., Uniontown, Ky.
PLUMMER, J. L., Personville, Texas.
REYNOLDS, R. C., Damascus, Ga.
PRICE, L. L., Marion, Ill.
PRATT, C. H. H., East Weymouth, Mass.
PUCCIO, DOMENICO, Chicago, Ill.
PYTEL, ANTONIO, Gray's Landing, Penn.
RANFORTH, H. M., Fredonia, Ind.
RATZ, G. A., Millertown, Ontario.
RAY, H. R., Josephine, Penn.
RECTOR, ALFRED, Pittsburgh, Penn.
REED, R. B., Willard, Col.
REGULA, S. J., Philadelphia, Penn.
REICH, L. E., Catonsville, Md.
RHAWN, H. W., Erie, Penn.
CLEAVER, J. F., Somerset, Penn.
CLINGERMAN, J. C., Columbia City, Tenn.
COBAUGH, C. R., Philadelphia, Penn.
COLE, JOHN, Viper, Ky.
CONGDON, F. H., Scranton, Penn.
CONNELLY, THOMAS, Bayonne, N. J.
CONNORS, E. J., 1,273 41st St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
COOPER, OSCAR, Bush, La.
COSGROVE, R. J., 1,128 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
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CRAWFORD, GUY, Colson, Ky.
CROSSER, R. E., Pocasset, Okla.
CUGINI, IGNATE, Philadelphia, Penn.
CYGANOWSKI, WOJCIECH, Detroit, Mich.
DILHOUSIE, H. A., Brooklyn, N. Y.
DANIELS, R. W., Baughamton, N. Y.
DAVIS, LLOYD, Bland, Mo.
DEEL, BAILEY, Drill, Va.
DEMKOWSKI, J. H., Natrona, Penn.
DIANA, ANGELO, Italy.
DICKINSON, SAM, Jacksonville, Fla.
DIETZ, H. E., Baltimore, Md.
DI PALMA, LUIGI, Rochester, N. Y.
DODGE, E. A., Burlington Junction, Mo.
ADAMS, L. J., Parshall, N. D.
ADAMSKI, JOE, Milwaukee, Wis.
ANDERSON, JULIUS, Kane, Penn.
AGUILAR, ENRIQUE, Key West, Fla.
AINISMAN, NATHAN, 47 Boerum St., Bklyn.
ALLEN, J. L., Grand Saline, Texas.
ALLEN, NORMAN, New Bedford, Mass.
ALLEN, T. H., Philadelphia, Penn.
ANDERSON, F. G., Beaver, Penn.
ANDERSON, LAMBERT, Hartford, Conn.
BARNETTE, J. F., Stidham, Okla.
BARTH, E. A., St. Louis, Mo.
BARTLEY, J. C., New Castle, Penn.
BASSETT, E. F., Philadelphia.
BATES, LEMUEL, Orme, Tenn.
BEDNER, M. C., Johnsonburg, Penn.
BELL, E. H., Pittsburgh, Penn.
BELLMER, H. E., Dunkerton, Iowa.
BENGSTON, A. S., St. Paul, Minn.
BENNET, HARRY, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
BENSON, C. R., Riverdale, Ill.
BERGER, THOMAS, Canada.
BESETH, H. S., Liberty, N. Y.
BIGLEY, E. E., Carlisle, Penn.
BELL, WM., 158 E. 10th St., New York City.
BIRASZEWSKI, HENRY, Erie, Penn.
HOLLAND, O. B., Beaver, Penn.
BOLLER, J. W., Homestead, Penn.
BOWMAN, HENNING, Sweden.
TAUBER, GUSTAV, 25 McKibben St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
TAYLOR, O. H., Oldtown, Me.
THOMPSON, JOS., 8[illegible] 3d Place, Bklyn, N.Y.
THOMAS, SAM, Philadelphia, Penn.
THOMPSON, W. E., Portland, Conn.
THOMPSON, H. E., Turtle Creek, Penn.
THORSHEIM, E. M., Thompson, Iowa.
THORLTON, ORVILLE, Jasonville, Ind.
THOMAS, J. R., Lebanon, Ky.
THOMPSON, SAMUEL, West Brighton, N. Y.
THUNE, EDW., Syracuse, N. Y.
TIMMENS, BUDD, Monida, Mon.
TROIANO, L. C., New Haven, Conn.
TROUTMAN, L. L., Lewis, Kan.
TRAPASSO, FRANCISCO, Walls, Penn.
TROJANOVICH, STEPHEN, Calhan, Col.
TRESKETT, A. E., Chicago, Ill.
TRAPASSO, VITALIANO, Italy.
TURNEY, RAYMOND, Kittanning, Penn.
TURNER, G. E., Providence, R. I.
USHLER, F. J., Philadelphia.
VANDIL, O. E., Macomb, Ill.
VANCE, J. W., Carlisle, Penn.
VANNEAR, F. R., Somerset, Penn.
VEFLIN, CHRIST, New Effington, S. D.
VIRGIN, M. V., Pittsburgh.
WALTER, A. G., Buffalo, N. Y.
WALTON, R. J., Browning, Ill.
WALLRATH, Harry, Philadelphia, Penn.
WARD, WARRIE, Saluda, N. C.
WAZELBAUM, HARRY, 244 5th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
WEINHOLD, W. C., Adell, Wis.
WACKLAWEK, JOHN, Harrison, Penn.
WEIMER, RALPH, Somerset, Penn.
WHITLAW, W. H., Saville, N. Y.
WESTON, W. S., Altona, Penn.
WERNER, STANLEY, Pittsburgh, Penn.
WENDORF, G. J., Waltham, Minn.
WILLIAMS, C. L., Hector, N. Y.
WILLIS, F. A., Gill, Mass.
WICKERSHAM, J. H., Hereford, S. D.
WICKHAM, DANIEL, Caldwell, Ohio.
WILHOIT, C. E., Kansas, Ill.
WIESKY, ALEX, Lincoln, N. H.
WILSON, J. K., Somerset, Penn.
WEIHE, C. H., Cincinnati, Ohio.
WISKOWSKY, JOSEPH, McKeesport, Penn.
BOMBI, JOS., Italy.
BONFIELD, H. A., 1,961 Dean St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BRACCO, JOE, Westville, Ill.
BRECKLINE, G. L., Columbus, Penn.
CHMIELSWSKI, JOSEPH, Poland.
CIMILUCA, CARMELO, 780 2d Av., New York City.
BERNIER, ALFRED, Putnam, Conn.
CAPUA, PIETRO, Italy.
CARTER, B. R., Warsaw, Mo.
ANDREWS, J. D., Millville, N. J.
BUSHEE, A. F., Bennington, Vt.
BOATWRIGHT, J. S., Whitner, Ark.
DYKES, WILLIAM, Iron Mountain, Mich.
ELLIOTT, J. S., Wichita, Kan.
BRINK, W. R., Williamsport, Penn.
BROOKS, A. C., Brookville, Penn.
BROWN, JOSIE, Leesville, Va.
BUCKLEY, BARTHOLOMEW, Whitman, Mass.
BUTKAS, JOSEPH, Chicago, Ill.
BYLES, FRANK, Jr., Labelle, Mo.
CHRISTIE, C. V., Long Island City, N. Y.
CARGILL, F. C., Mason City, Ill.
CARL, J. W., Newport, Penn.
CARLSON, A. B., 430 59th St., Brooklyn.
CHAPMAN, J. B., Northeast, Penn.
CARROLL, J. B., Petersburg, Va.
CERRILLA, FRANK, Carthage, N. Y.
CHANDLER, E. J., Harrisburg, Ark.
HARMON, JOHN, Sugar Creek, Ohio.
KREITER, F. J., 148 Oakland St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
LEVINE, PHILIP, Irvington, N. J.
MORROW, J. E., Beaver, Penn.
BRENNER, J. F., Davison, Mich.
BURGESS, T. J., Rochester, N. Y.
COMPTON, F. E., Townsville, S. C.
GEARY, JOHN, Dorchester, Mass.
CONELY, T. A., Duquesne, Penn.
FENGESTED, ALBERT, Fertile, Minn.
BEARDON, E. A., Lawrence, Mass.
KINGSBURY, W. F., Minneapolis, Minn.
ANDERSON, A. K., Hawley, Minn.
BECKER, F. C., 349 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.
TAYLOR, R. C., Girard, Ohio.
[illegible], J. S., Decatur, Ill.
[illegible], F. O., Erie, Penn.
[illegible], FERDINAND, New Brighton, Penn.
TURNER, HARRY, Tarkio, Mo.
[illegible]ERBERG, I., 14 W. 115th St., N. Y. C.
WELL, FRED, Gouldboro, Penn.
WHITAKER, T. W., Flushing, N. Y.
BRANDT, OTHNIEL, Barnum, Minn.
BRAZLE, C., Lakewood, Ill.
WILLIS, E. A., Rock Camp, Ohio.
ZUKOWSKI, JOHN, Chicago, Ill.
PARKS, L. A., New Hampton, Mo.
PERRY, A. L., Noti, Ore.
POMEROY, J. W., Palo Alto, Cal.
PRETZER, F. A., Unionville, Mich.
PRENIERE, JULIUS F., Middlebury, Vt.
REID, JOHN G., Gulliver, Mich.
REDLO, JOSEPH, Wilkensburg, Penn.
DE PRINTZ, PETRIE, Italy.
VEITENHEIMER, S., Sacred Heart, Okla.
CLEMSON, BENJAMIN, Philadelphia, Penn.
COATS, LESTER L., Grove Hills, Ala.
CONNER, ROBERT, Philadelphia, Penn.
NEAL, LAWRENCE E., Cawker City, Kan.
McCARTHY, JOE, Tucson, Ariz.
McLAUGHLIN, E. J., Holden, Mass.
McMAHON, MICHAEL, 148 Willis Av., N. Y.
PASELK, GEORGE M., San Jose, Cal.
PAYNE, JOHN J., Kansas City, Mo.
PERRONE, FRANK, Chicago, Ill.
PERGIN, NICHOLAS, Waterbury, Conn.
POLLICK, WILLIAM, Toledo, Ohio.
MEYERS, ALEX, San Francisco, Cal.
NEAL, GEORGE, Oakland, Tenn.
NEAL, JESSIE, Japton, Ark.
NEILSON, JOHN, Anita, Penn.
WILWERS, NICK, Evanston, Ill.
KESLER, ALBERT, Placerville, Cal.
KENNEDY, JOHN, Basset, Texas.
KIRBY, C. D., Springerton, Ill.
KITCHING, W. L., Hanford, Cal.
KOSHIO, JOHN, Clarence, Penn.
KOHLER, C. M., Pittsburgh.
LA BARBERA, LINGI, Chicago, Ill.
LA MENDOLA, VINCENT, 205 East 107th St., New York City.
LEECH, CLEMENT, Fredonia, Kan.
INGRAM, T. W., Waycross, Ga.
LIGHT, S., 42 Avenue D, New York City.
LOHNES, LEROY, Lynn, Mass.
REINHARDT, CHRIST, Sheboygan, Wis.
RUSSELL, J. M., Camden, N. J.
ROBERTSON, R. J., Altamont, Ill.
SCHNEIDER, RAYMOND, Pittsburgh, Penn.
SCOTT, LONNIE, Lebree, Ky.
SHIELDS, L. F., Aetna, Penn.
SMITH, C. F., Park Springs, Texas.
STEINER, ARTHUR, San Bernardino, Cal.
STONE, H. C., Mt. Oliver, Penn.
STOUT, ELMER, Vanport, Penn.
URBANOWSKI, L. E., 123 Alabama Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
WESLEY, JAMES, Coal City, Ill.
PORTER, R. S., Broughton, Penn.
QUERING, A. J., Glassport, Penn.
PERAKIS, JOHN, Greece.
PERTLER, JOHN, 238 Humboldt St., Bklyn, N. Y.
RAISLER, FREDERICK, Baltimore, Md.
RAPP, E. H., Shannon City, Ia.
MIEZZKOWSKI, V., Binghamton, N. Y.
MILLER, JOHN, Owing, Ill.
MONTGOMERY, FRANK, Bismarck, N. D.
MOORE, D. H., Duncan, Okla.
MORGAN, JAMES, Vincennes, Ind.
MURPHY, J. J., Des Moines, Ia.
MURPHY, J. D., Wortham, Tex.
LYNCH, JOHN, Akron, Ohio.
MUHLKE, O. H., Libertyville, Ill.
MILLER, S. E., Newark, Texas.

Another list of Americans held prisoners in Germany who have been returned to France follows:

NEITZEL, W. A., Meriden, Conn.
WYATT, T. A., Prague, Okla.
WARNE, WILFORD, Avilton, Md.
WALBRIDGE, S. R., Staffordsville, Conn.
BRAZIER, C. A., England.
MORTON, J. E., Hamilton, Ont.
DOZIER, J. L., Indianapolis, Okla.
DRIESBAUGH, L. W., Dalton, Penn.
GILMER, RAYMOND, Erwinna, Penn.
GINTHER, C. W., Pottsville, Penn.
GLEWACKI, FRANK, Pittsburgh, Penn.
GOGUEN, E. J., Gardner, Mass.
HAUSWIRTH, C. B., Schenectady, N. Y.
BURT, E. A., Westfield, Mass.
KING, F. W., Hutchinson, Kan.
MINCHELLA, ROSATO, Hartford, Conn.
MEEHAN, MARTIN, Dorchester, Mass.
LAMPHORN, L. L., Whitehall, N. Y.
LIGHTER, G. A., Carlisle, Penn.
KULESCZEK, FRANK, Trenton, N. J.
[illegible]OWSKI, ANTONI, Natrona, Penn.
O'BRIEN, C. H., Boston, Mass.
PFEIFER, F. X., Pittsburgh, Penn.
PALONEY, B., 249 Van Brunt St., Bklyn., N. Y.
PIEWICK, GEORGE, Boston, Mass.
QUIGLEY, P. F., 638 60th St., Bklyn., N. Y.
BISHOP, JOSEPH, Lincroft, N. J.
BONDINI, UGO, Italy.
BYER, E. G., Columbia, Penn.
BLANCO, GIORGIO, Frankfort, N. Y.
JONES, A. E., Chattanooga, Tenn.
STEANKIEWICZ, W., Mount Carmel, Penn.
STACKS, R. M., College Park, Ga.
STANFORTH, T. E., Detroit, Mich.
SULLIVAN, STEVE, Bridgewater, Penn.
SWANSON, S. J., Slayton, Minn.
SHEILDS, J. L., Brockville, Penn.
THEBES, H. R., New Bloomfield, Penn.
WILLINGER, L., 244 E. 7th St., New York.
TOOMEY, JAMES, Scranton, Penn.
THORSEN, R. E., Renova, Penn.
KONOPSKY, FRED, Russia.
KRAMER, B. L., Shippensburg, Penn.
ARNSTROM, G. H., Emmettsburg, Iowa.
CANCELLIORI, A., Philadelphia, Penn.
O'BRIEN, JEREMIAH, Arlington, Mass.
TRIERWEILER, PETER, St. Paul, Minn.
GOLDBERG, IRVING, 174 Canal St., New York.
GEOHEGEN, C. A., 511 West 185th St., New York.
UPTON, FRANK, 411 West 24th St., New York.
SCHNEIDER, SAM, 1,038 Tiffany St., New York.
ENCK, H. J., Glendale, N. Y.
WILLIAMS, G. M., Henderson, Ky.
MURPHY, DAVID, Washington, D. C.
WATSON, HORATIO, 462 East 106th St., New York.
BERGER, MAX, 225 Vernon Av., Brooklyn.
CASTELLANO, MICHAEL, 171 Hester St., New York.
CARLISLE, RAYMOND, Lebanon, N. H.
YANNECK, W. E., Rochester, N. Y.
CUDEBEC, R. M., Buffalo, N. Y.
POTENZI, T. D., Hartford, Conn.
MALINKE, ELIAN, Russia.
ZWITROSKY, CZESLAW, Ansonia, Conn.
VENTIMIGLIA, S., 338 Melrose St., Bklyn.
SKEETS, W. H., Lockport, N. Y.
KORDA, J. M., Hartford, Conn.
DOULIN, T. F., Newburg, N. Y.
GASH, G. W., 814 West 113th St., New York.
FRIEDLANDER, ABRAHAM, 154 Monroe St., New York.
KNIEBERG, HARRY, 325 Madison St., New York.
ATORIO, CARMELO, Rome, N. Y.
RICHNER, H. W., Cleveland, Ohio.
McFARLAND, ALVA, Cleo Springs, Okla.
SZOSZOREK, FRANK, Erie, Penn.
TRASK, H. A., McKean, Penn.
SPAGEL, J. F., Erie, Penn.
SCHUETTE, F. O., Farmers Retreat, Ind.
ANTONUCCI, PASQUALE, Brooklyn, N. Y.
DOEMLING, J. F., Baltimore, Md.
ARBATARGELO, ROSCO, Duquesne, Penn.
ARSEMENT, J. D., Thibodaux, La.
CERARONE, V. A., 318 E. 11th St., N. Y.
GRACO, JOE, Italy.
FRANZ, J. J., 219 May St., Buffalo, N. Y.
GARMAN, B. F., Berling Springs, Penn.
FARLEY, B. A., Columbus, Ohio.
FARMER, E. E., Mineral Bluff, Ga.
HUNSICKER, C. H., Philadelphia, Penn.
HOUSER, C. R., Pottsville, Penn.
KARNS, J. U., Pleasantville, Iowa.
CARDELLA, FRANCESCO, Cleveland, Ohio.
DEFEO, LUIGI, Italy.
D'ALLESSANDRO, ANGELO, Phila., Penn.
KASZEWSKI, MANTONI, Philadelphia, Penn.
DAIGLE, L. P., Madawalka, Me.
CIECIERSKI, WALDYSLAW, Old Forge, Penn.
DIMICKI, LEON, Holyoke, Mass.
DONOHEWK, W. M., Tulsa, Okla.
DELLINGER, BARTON, Wrightsville, Penn.
DWYER, P. V. J., Philadelphia, Penn.
DAY, P. M., Los Angeles, Cal.
REINERS, ALWIN, Washington, D. C.
BREHMER, A. F., Collins, Wis.
ROLLS, GEORGE, St. Louis, Mo.
TURCO, ANTHONY, Somerville, Mass.
MOHLER, E. R., Frankfort, Ind.
REID, L. A., Morrilton, Ark.
LEVIN, ELI, Utica, Mich.
BROWN, RANDALL, Pleasant Hill, Ohio.
BAHL, WILLIAM, 1,122 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
CAREY, WILLIAM, 312 E. 35th St., N. Y.
CERNIC, J. P., Johnstown, Penn.
RIEKERS, GEORGE, 1,022 Sutter Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
WHIPPLE, WALTER, Neponset, Ill.
VALURE, JAKE, Bandette, Minn.
SAIRE, NICK, Glassport, Penn.
ROSSITER, H. P., Carrick, Penn.
RUBIN, L. A., Binghamton, N. Y.
RUSH, F. P., Chester, Penn.
DAVIDSON, W. H., Purdy, Mo.
FILLION, P. F., Fall River, Mass.
FELGAR, G. C., Scottdale, Penn.
EDWARDS, ARTHUR, Meltonville, Ala.
KEMPSTER, CHARLES, Boston, Mass.
GREENE, J., 431 64th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
EMANUELLI, CHARLES, Athol, Mass.
FULLER, R. D., Velva, N. D.
ARNOLD, C. B., Madison Heights, Va.
BENTZ, S. J., Mount Oliver, Penn.
OLSEN, J. D., Pascagonia, Miss.
ZIEMER, A. G., Watertown, Wis.
COOPER, J. F., Carlisle, Penn.
CHEVALIER, EDWARD, Fairhaven, Mass.
REISKIN, ISRAEL, Washington, D. C.
RENNIE, E. F., Binghamton, N. Y.
NIRITA, CASSIMER, Johnstown, Penn.
KOSTANTYNOWICZ, ANTONIO, Trenton, N. J.
RADCLIFFE, STYLES, Chicago, Il.
SCIMONELLO, CALAGGERO, Akron, Ohio.
KLEBER, J. A., 1,456 Third Av., New York.
LESPERANCE, PIERRE, Woonsocket, R. I.
STEPIEN, JOHN, Pittsburgh, Penn.
STANATHY, STANISLAU, Erie, Penn.
KOMESTAKES, NIK, Wheeling, W. Va.
HUNTER, J. S., Rock Hill, S. C.
NORRIS, ERNEST, Duke, N. C.
BUYANOSKI, L. H., Terryville, Conn.

ALMA GLUCK DELIGHTS.

She Sings to Great Audience, with Efrem Zimbalist at Piano.

Alma Gluck sang in Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon, with Efrem Zimbalist, her violinist husband, at the piano, and a wee girl up in the boxes, making all the family present except Marie Virginia's new brother, born in November. There was a great audience to show the public delight at hearing again a prima donna of New York's own who has stepped to the front rank in a decade.

Louis Salter announced from the stage that Mme. Gluck had a cold, but wished to sing rather than disappoint her friends. Sing she did, with admirable humor, from Di Lasso's "Quand Mon Mari Vient de Dehors" through a score of songs to "Auld Daddy Darkness," by Sidney Homer. She gave charming old English airs, a Russian group including two of Rachmaninoff, new Italian and Spanish lyrics, bits by Ganz and Treharne, and "The Shepherdess" of the late Edward Horsman.

Ethel Leginska Plays for Benefit.

Ethel Leginska appeared yesterday afternoon at Aeolian Hall, playing, with more deference and less display than sensational pianists are wont to do, a program of four composers. There were Chopin and Liszt, of course, but it was not a day for tornadoes, and the Beethoven sonata, op. 53, was marked by artistic restraint. More than half the titles in a printed bill were from the American MacDowell, his New England idylls and sea pieces, the "Witches" and "Shadow" dances. The recital was a benefit for the Manassas Industrial School.

Frieda Tolin, Pianist, Makes Debut.

Frieda Tolin was a debutante in Aeolian Hall last evening. She is a young pianist from McKeesport, Penn., of evident ambition and taste, and her program put to proof both brain and fingers in its range from Beethoven's sonata, op. 27, No. 2, to Liszt's fantasy on "Rigoletto."

OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

"Crispino e La Comare."

"Crispino e la Comare," composed by the brothers Ricci in 1850, and for a long time a favorite operetta with Adelina Patti as the Anetta, was sung for the first time at the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday afternoon. It was to have been given Jan. 8 last, but the indisposition of Antonio Scotti relegated the production to this matinée. The cast was the following:

Crispino	Antonio Scotti
Annetta	Frieda Hempel
La Comare	Sophie Braslau
Fabrizio	Thomas Chalmers
Mirabolano	Andreas De Segurola
Contino del Fiore	Giordano Paltrinieri
Don Asdrubale	Paolo Ananian
Bortolo	Pietro Audisio

Mr. Papi conducted. The scenery depicting Venice in the seventeenth century was painted by Pieretto Biano. The stage was in charge of Richard Ordynzki, the chorus trained by Mr. Setti. The operetta was sung in Italian. The general performance was admirable. The success was marked.

The history of "The Cobbler and the Fairy"—they used to call Crispino the "sherry-cobbler" when Ronconi sung the part—is the history of its casts. The story by Piave is clever, though the mingling of the everyday and the supernatural is a wrench on our sense of dramatic fitness. The music is the music of Everyman, otherwise eclectic, otherwise not original. Rossini, Verdi, Bellini—those martial measures of the Cobbler in the second scene of Act I. are surely reminiscent of "Suona la tromba"—a little of every one, though not much of the Riccis, pleasant and animated as is the score. It sparkles like a false diamond in the setting of an artistic jeweler. Frieda Hempel deserves credit for resisting the temptation to sing "Sempre libera" in the second act. There was the supper, the guests, even a drinking song. In a twinkling Annetta could have transformed herself into Traviata if only Alfredo had appeared instead of the infuriated Crispino. And, no doubt, Mr. Siedle had difficulty with "Il Brindisi" which would obtrude its rollicking features when Mme. Hempel was singing her elaborate aria in Act I. But who cares? A musical comedy in the classical Italian style is "Crispino e la Comare," as full of fun as an egg is of meat (that is, a fleshly egg). Also crammed with coloratura.

An unknown correspondent informs us that the first New York performance took place at the Academy of Music Oct. 24, 1865, Max Maretzek conducting. Clara Louise Kellogg was Annetta and Rovere Crispino. A fire at the house caused the operetta to be transferred for a brief period to the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, (Oct. 10, 1866.) Again Kellogg sang, but with the great buffo, Giorgio Ronconi. As was told in THE TIMES last Sunday, Adelina Patti sang the part with sovereign success some fifteen years after the original production. English companies in the 70's and 80's put the pretty piece in their repertory. Luisa Tetrazzini was the Annetta at the Manhattan Opera House. We have heard Patti several times and Tetrazzini once. We like Frieda Hempel best, after Adelina the peerless. Her touch is lighter than Tetrazzini's; she is more slender, more piquant, more comedienne. Yesterday she was charming, her singing birdlike. "The Carnival of Venice," with more or less hellish variations, captured her hearers because of the vocal pyrotechnics; but we best liked those few bars, so purely lyric and legato, in the vision scene. Her scena in Act I., second scene, was brilliant, also brilliantly sharp on the final top note. Mme. Hempel received an ovation. A splendid artist she is.

As for Scotti, his comedy and singing—he was in excellent voice—there is only one word. Can't you guess it? He was delightful. He had the true vis comica and was tactful, appealing, humorous, Crispino to the life. He, too, received a rousing recognition. He is the last of a great artistic line of which Victor Maurel is king. Segurola was funny as the apothecary. Chalmers effective, and Sophie Braslau as the fairy was sufficiently impressive as an Italian Erda-Kundry, bobbing up from holes in the ground. Her voice, too, was impressively dark and sonorous.

"Prophete" for French Hospital.

Meyerbeer's "Le Prophète" was repeated at the Metropolitan last night in the annual benefit for the French Hospital. Signor Caruso headed a familiar cast, while for the first time Mme. Matzenauer reappeared as Fides. There was a large attendance, including many of the representatives of France in America during the war.

GEORGE S. HODGINS DIES.

Editor of Railway and Locomotive Engineering a Pneumonia Victim.

George Sherwood Hodgins, editor of Railway and Locomotive Engineering, with which he had been connected for fifteen years, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home, 390 Wadsworth Avenue, at the age of 59 years.

Born in Toronto, Canada, Mr. Hodgins was for a number of years mechanical engineer for the Canadian Pacific Railway. Coming to New York City about twenty years ago, he had since been engaged in editorial work, and also spent much time in scientific research work. He was first with The Gas Age, later with The Railway Age, and then with Railway and Locomotive Engineering.

Mr. Hodgins married Miss Sarah Patterson, a daughter of the Hon. C. S. Patterson, a Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada, and she, with three brothers, survive, Brig. Gen. William Hodgins, who has just returned to Canada from France; Hon. Frank E. Hodgins of the Supreme Court of Ontario and Frederick B. Hodgins of New York.

The funeral will be held at the home at 1 o'clock this afternoon, and the body will be taken to Toronto for interment.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD OWEN, a Confederate Veteran, died yesterday at his home, 171 West Ninety-fifth Street, of pneumonia. He was 81 years old.

ALLEN B. SMITH, editor of the Parkersburg Sentinel, Parkersburg, W. Va., died at his home there yesterday of pneumonia following influenza.

Miss FRANCES HOLLIS, a retired writer, died yesterday at her home, 61 West 106th Street. She was born in England sixty-seven years ago and for eighteen years had lived in this city.

JACOB BINSWANGER, 43 years old, of the firm of Binswanger & Goldsmith, monumental dealers of Brooklyn, died yesterday of double pneumonia at his home, 1,652 Forty-second Street, Brooklyn.

DOUGLASS HORATIO SNYDER, choir director in the Broadway Reformed Church, Paterson, N. J., died at St. Joseph's Hospital there yesterday at the age of 55 years. He lived at 231 Broadway, Paterson.

WALTER S. EMENS, who was United States Consul at Shanghai, China, for nine years, died on Jan. 10 at Shanghai, in his sixtieth year. He first went to Shanghai in 1881 as representative of the American Trading Company.

CHARLES SCHAEFER, Sr., head of the firm of Charles Schaefer & Son, hay and grain dealers in Brooklyn, and for thirty years a member of the New York Produce Exchange, died in St. Luke's Hospital on Friday in his sixty-seventh year.

The Rev. FRANCIS BASSI, 39 years old, brother of the Rev. Victor Bassi, assistant rector of the Roman Catholic Church of St. Lucy, in East 104th Street, died Friday at Hawthorne, N. Y., of pneumonia. He was ordained in Dallas, Texas, where he served for five years.

AMIVEL DELACRUS, a civil engineer, who supervised the building of many big railroad bridges and systems in Central America, died yesterday at St. Luke's Hospital of influenza. He was born in Central America twenty-eight years ago and had lived at 73 Riverside Drive.

Dr. SIMEON H. GUILFORD, for many years Dean of the Temple University Dental School, Philadelphia, and widely known as an authority on dental practice, died yesterday. In 1915 Dr. Guilford, then 74 years old, organized a dental unit to serve with the American Ambulance in France.

STEPHEN TABER BAYLES, formerly for twenty-five years with the banking house of Gilman & Son, died on Wednesday at his home in Port Jefferson, L. I., in his sixty-fourth year. Mr. Bayles was born in the Bayles homestead at Port Jefferson. His father was the late James Bayles, founder of the Bayles shipyard.

NEWMAN RICHARDSON, 38 years old, for the last year connected with L. Richardson & Co., Inc., importers, 752 Broadway, died yesterday morning of pneumonia at his home, 140 West Fifty-eighth Street. He was born in Birmingham, England, and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. K. Richardson, now of Port Elizabeth, South Africa.

HERMAN WAGNER, a clerk in the Tax Department in Brooklyn for thirty years and at one time prominent in Republican politics in that borough, died yesterday at his home, 30 Fillmore Place, Brooklyn. Mr. Wagner was the brother of former Coroner Ernest C. Wagner and Captain Henry Wagner of Engine Company 291. He was 59 years old.

THOMAS A. WILSON, an old-time politician in Brooklyn and President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments in the City of Brooklyn from 1886 to 1894, died yesterday at his home, 346 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, in his eighty-sixth year. Mr. Wilson settled in Brooklyn in 1850 and during the civil war was a United States Inspector of Arms for the Eastern Department. He had also served as a Tax Assessor for the City of New York, retiring in 1902.

ANSON MYRON BANGS, 60 years old, formerly an engineering contractor and for the last two years associated with Edward Schwab at Bethlehem, Penn., died Wednesday at the Presbyterian Hospital. Besides his widow he is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Lorenzo Armstrong, of 53 East Fifty-first Street. Mr. Bangs was contractor for the Soo Canal locks, the Delaware River Water Gap, and other important Government works.

IN THE CURRENT WEEK

Today.

Royal J. Davis will speak on "Vicious Virtues and Virtuous Vices" at the Woodstock Branch of the Public Library at 11 A. M.

The annual meeting of the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews will be held at the home at 11 A. M.

Dr. William McAndrew, Associate Superintendent of City Schools, will speak on "The Schools and Americanism" before the Institutional Synagogue at the Mount Morris Theatre at 11 A. M.

Lajpat Rai, editor of Young India, will lecture at the People's House Forum on "India: Its Place in World Politics," at 2:30 P. M.

The Women's Roosevelt Memorial Committee will hold a meeting in honor of Theodore Roosevelt and to discuss plans at the home of Mrs. John Henry Hammond, 9 East Ninety-first Street, at 3 P. M.

Dr. S. Parkes Cadman will lecture on "States and Statesmen" at the Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A. in Brooklyn at 3 P. M.

Charles Comon will lecture on "The World Crisis and the Failure of the Intellectuals before the Secular Society, 151 West 125th Street, at 3:15 P. M.

There will be an organ recital by Professor Samuel A. Baldwin in the Great Hall of City College at 4 P. M.

Mrs. Herbert Adams will lecture on "Early American Sculpture" at the Metropolitan Museum at 4 P. M.

The birthdays of Alexander Hamilton, Benjamin Franklin, Robert E. Lee, and Stonewall Jackson will be celebrated at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie at 4 P. M.

Dr. Granville Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, will lecture on "The Contribution of Living Religion to Modern Psychology" at St. Mark's Hall, Tenth Street and Second Avenue, at 4 P. M.

The Auxiliary Volunteer Corps of the Fire Department will give its first annual benefit entertainment at the Hippodrome in the evening.

Dr. John H. Randall will speak on "Problems of Nationalism" at the Mount Morris Baptist Church in the evening.

Bruce Cameron, who was a prisoner in Germany, will talk about "German Prisons" at the Bedford Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, in the evening.

The Commissioner of Public Markets, Dr. Day, will speak on "Milk and Markets for Six Million" at the forum of the Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church at 8 P. M.

John Spargo will speak on "Why I Am Opposed to Bolshevism" under the auspices of the Brooklyn Civic Forum at Public School 84, in Brooklyn, at 8 P. M.

Alfred W. Martin will speak on "Moses and the Ten Commandments" at the Ethical Culture Meeting House at 8 P. M.

Moissaye J. Olgin will speak on "The Russian Crisis" under the auspices of the People's Institute at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

Elmer E. Franke will lecture on "Permanent Peace" at the Broadhurst Theatre at 8 P. M.

Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney will speak on "New York's Transportation Problems" before the Free Synagogue Forum at 8:15 P. M.

Colonel W. A. Bishop, the British ace, will lecture on "Air Fighting in Flanders Fields" at the Lexington Theatre for the benefit of the War Relief Fund of the Rubinstein Club at 8:30 P. M.

Tomorrow.

The annual meeting of the Corporation of the Metropolitan Museum of Art will be held at the Museum at 4:30 P. M.

Representatives of New York Jewry will have a reception in honor of Bernard G. Richards at the Hotel McAlpin in the evening.

Arthur J. Westermayr will deliver the first of a series of lectures on "The Art of Public Speaking," under the auspices of the Seward Park Community Centre and the Board of Education, at Seward Park School at 8 P. M.

Major John T. Axton, Chaplain port of embarkation, will speak on "War Camp Community Service Clubs" at the annual meeting of the Inner Mission Society at the Lutheran Church of the Advent at 8 P. M.

There will be a meeting in the interest of the Interchurch Emergency Campaign at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church at 8 P. M.

Lajpat Rai will lecture on "The Government of India" in the People's House at 8:15 P. M.

Professor Frederick K. Morris of Columbia University will speak on "The Fourth Year of the War" at a general meeting of the Academy of Sciences at the Museum of Natural History at 8:15 P. M.

Eli Benedict will deliver an illustrated lecture on "Building the Victory Ships" before the Polytechnic Section of the American Institute of the City of New York at the Engineering Societies' Building at 8:15 P. M.

Tuesday.

"Father Knickerbocker and His Family" will be the subject for discussion at the monthly meeting of the Council of Jewish Women at Temple Beth-El at 2:15 P. M.

Professor Adolph Cohn will lecture before the Alliance Française at the Hotel Plaza at 4 P. M.

Dr. George E. Vincent, President of the Rockefeller Foundation, will speak at the annual meeting of the New York Kindergarten Association at the Ritz-Carlton at 4 P. M.

An inauguration meeting of Polish Auxiliary No. 17, American Red Cross, will be held in the Hotel Gotham at 4:45 P. M.

Jeremiah Milbank will give a dinner in honor of Sir Arthur Pearson at Delmonico's in the evening.

Eva Gautier, Maria Kent, and others will give a concert of early French Provencal folksongs, under the auspices of the People's Institute, at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

Wednesday.

Sir H. Babington Smith will be the guest of honor at the luncheon and annual meeting of the Pilgrims at the Waldorf-Astoria at 12:30 P. M.

The Draco Club will have a noonday dinner at Lussier's Restaurant, 149 Broadway.

The Fellowship of Goodwill of Hunter College will have a Britain's Day program at the college auditorium at 3:30 P. M.

Major Gen. Daniel Appleton will review the 9th Coast Artillery, New York Guard, at the armory in the evening.

Mrs. Anita C. Block of The New York Call will speak on "Democracy or Socialism" before the Humanitarian Cult forum, at 266 West End Avenue, at 8:15 P. M.

Thursday.

The Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis will talk on "The Church in the New Age" at Old St. John's M. E. Church at 1 P. M.

Dr. Samuel M. Zwemer of Cairo will speak on "The New Outlook in the Mohammedan World" and the Rev. Charles L. Ogilvie of China on "The Opportunities Among Chinese Moslems" at the Marble Collegiate Church at 8 P. M.

George R. Kirkpatrick will lecture on "Resources for Social Welfare" in the People's House auditorium at 8:15 P. M.

Janette Boynton will lecture on "Anti-Vivisection" before the Pamphilians at 229 Lenox Avenue at 8:45 P. M.

Friday.

Marie L. Shedlock will speak on "The Story: Its Joy and Uses" under the auspices of the Henry Street Settlement at the Neighborhood Playhouse at 9:30 A. M.

Daniel Dean will speak on "Improving Potatoes by Selection" at 305 Schermerhorn Hall, Columbia University, at 4:15 P. M. and in the same place on "Essential Cultural Factors of Potato Raising" at 8:15 P. M.

Relatives and friends of the 306th Field Artillery will hold a mass meeting at the Manual Training High School in Brooklyn at 8 P. M.

Everett Dean Martin will speak on "Our Crowd Ideas of Democracy" under the auspices of the People's Institute at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

The 7th Regiment, New York Guard, will parade in honor of Colonel Willard C. Fisk at its armory at 8:30 P. M.

Saturday.

Scott Nearing will lecture on "Bolshevism" in the Rand School at 11 A. M.

The tenth annual dinner of the Cleveland Democracy will be at the Hotel Savoy in the evening.

DR. THOMAS KELLY DEAD.

Characterized by Mgr. Mooney as "Apostle of West Side Poor."

Dr. Thomas Kelly, for thirty-four years a widely known physician on the west side, died Friday morning in his carriage as he was making his fourteenth call for the morning in West Sixty-first Street. His home was at 357 West Fifty-seventh Street. For a quarter of a century he had been in comfortable circumstances and he was happy to give medical attention to all who called at his office regardless of the prospect of pay. Dr. Kelly was characterized by Mgr. Joseph F. Mooney, Vicar General and Administrator of the Diocese of New York, as "Apostle of the West Side Poor."

Born in Fairfield, Conn., fifty-five years ago, he was graduated from the Medical School of the New York University in 1884, and at once took up the practice of medicine in this city. He was on the staff of consulting physicians of St. Vincent's Hospital, visiting physician at St. Lawrence Hospital, the Catholic Institute for the Blind, and Seton Hospital at Spuyten Duyvil.

Memorial for Brooklyn Soldiers.

A memorial service for Colonel Bertram T. Clayton and Captain Harry A. Bullock, two prominent Brooklyn men who lost their lives in the war, will be held this evening in the Hanson Place Methodist Church, Brooklyn. Colonel Clayton and Captain Bullock were on duty in a headquarters building at the battle lines in France when the structure was destroyed by a bomb dropped by a German aviator, both being killed. Captain Bullock was for more than ten years a member of the staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES. He was later assistant to Timothy S. Williams, President of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

Born.

BARRY.—At Yonkers, Jan. 13, to Mr. and Mrs. John L. Barry, Jr., a daughter.

BROMBERGER.—To Mr. and Mrs. Max A. Bromberger, (nee Else Hirsch,) a daughter, Ruth Janice, Thursday, Jan. 9, 1919.

GAINES.—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Gaines (Beatrice Wallach) of 176 West 87th St. announce the birth of a daughter on Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919.

JUSTER.—Dr. and Mrs. E. M. Juster, (nee Rose Lipman,) of 1,932 Crotona Parkway; announce the arrival of a son at the Lying-In Hospital, on Saturday, Jan. 18.

NYMAN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Nyman, (nee Sadie Handelsman,) a son, Jan. 11, 1919, at Sydenham Hospital.

TULCIN.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Tulcin, (nee Minnie Frank,) of 1,461 46th St., Borough Park, announce the birth of a son, Jan. 13, Jewish Hospital, Brooklyn.

Confirmed.

ACKERMANN.—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Ackermann of 162 East 80th St. announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Leonard, at Temple Rodeph Sholom, 63d St. and Lexington Av., Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919. At home Sunday, Jan. 26, from 3 to 6. No cards.

GITTLER.—Mr. and Mrs. Adolf Gittler of 260 Riverside Drive announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Sidney J., at the Temple B'nai Jeshurun, 88th St., between West End Av. and Broadway, on Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919.

PARKER.—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Parker of 1,845 7th Av. announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Irving, on Saturday morning, the 25th of January, 1919, at the Temple Mount Zion, 39 West 119th St.

ROSENBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. Philip H. Rosenberg, 421 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, announce the confirmation of their son, Myron, on Saturday, Jan. 25, at Temple Tiffereth Israel, Ditmas Av. and West St., Flatbush. No cards.

Engaged.

COOK—VAN COTT.—Mrs. Daniel M. Van Cott announces the engagement of her daughter, Helen Breschard Van Cott, to Mr. Harold M. Cook of Oswego, N. Y.

GOLDBERG—LESSER.—Mrs. Jeanette Lesser of 56 Ft. Washington Avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Hortense J., to Mr. Sam Goldberg.

GREENBAUM—STERN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Stern of Far Rockaway announce the engagement of their daughter, Helen, to Mr. Frederick Greenbaum of New York. Reception Sunday, Jan. 26, at the Hotel McAlpin, from 3 to 6. No cards.

HOLLANDER—SIMON.—Mrs. S. Simon of 435 Fort Washington Av. announces the betrothal of her daughter Elizabeth to Mr. Marcus Hollander.

JACOBS—GLANTZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Harris Glantz of 64 West 119th St. announce the engagement of their daughter Alty to Meyer Jacobs.

KAYE—MENDELSON.—Mrs. Mendelson, 601 West 151st St., announces engagement of her daughter, Pearl, to Charles L. Kaye. At home Sunday, Feb. 2, from 3 to 6 P. M.

LEVINE—WISAN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Wisan, 820 East 179th St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Lillian, to Mr. Max Levine of Brooklyn.

MARQUISEE—PLATT.—Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Marquisee of Syracuse, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter Edna to Lieutenant Louis Julius Platt, Flying Corps, U. S. Naval Reserve Force.

MILBAUER — LICHTENSTEIN. — Mr. and Mrs. M. Lichtenstein of 1,698 East 21st St., Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Ada, to Mr. M. A. (Jimmy) Milbauer. At home Sunday, Feb. 2, from 3 to 6.

MOSELLE—LEVY.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Levy, 414 Central Park West, New York City, announce engagement of their daughter, Judith, to Mr. Charles M. Moselle.

MOSES—BLAUMAN.—Mrs. Jeanette Blauman, 1,317 Chisholm St., Bronx, announces the betrothal of her daughter Ida to Mr. Isidore Moses, son of Hyman Moses.

NEUMAN — GOODFRIEND.—Mrs. B. Goodfriend, 971 Trinity Av., announces the engagement of her daughter, Anna, to Morris E. Neuman, Scranton, Penn., Sunday, Jan. 19.

ORLEANS—KATCHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Julius L. Katchen of 77 Baldwin St., Newark, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Friede C., to Mr. Ilo L. Orleans of this city.

RUKEYSER—BALKIN.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Balkin of 247 Audubon Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Sadie, to Mr. Alex M. Rukeyser of Atlantic City.

SILVER—ZALTZ.—Miss Helen Zalts of 1,981 Southern Boulevard engaged to Mr. Abraham Silver (formerly Finesilver) of 182 St. Nicholas Av.

WAGNER—ICHELSON.—Mr. and Mrs. M. Ichelson announce the engagement of their daughter Fannie to Joseph Wagner.

WEISS — MEYER. — Mr. and Mrs. Richard Meyer, Hotel Vincennes, Chicago, Ill., formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Irene Carolyn, to Mr. Samuel L. Weiss, 2,122 Haddon Av., Chicago.

WINTNER—LYONS.—Mrs. Julia Lyons of 2,973 Briggs Av., Bronx, announces the engagement of her daughter, Helen, to Mr. Salo Wintner.

Married.

KERLEY—JOHNSON.—On Saturday, the 18th of January, in St. Bartholomew's Church, by the Rev. Frank M. Townley, Ethel Rae, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Johnson of 275 Clinton Av., to Lieutenant James Hoyt Kerley, Medical Corps, United States Naval Reserve Force.

LEVY—REESE.—Mrs. Jules Reese, 220 West 98th St., announces the marriage of her daughter, Madeleine, to Myron B. Levy, on Jan. 8, 1919.

MOOS—SCHIFF.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schiff of 355 West End Av. announce the marriage of their daughter, Bertha, to Mr. Morton Frederick Moos, Wednesday, Jan. 8.

O'CONNOR—COON.—In Portsmouth, Va., on Saturday, Jan. 11, 1919, Jessie G. Coon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Coon of Guerneville, Cal., to Lieutenant Hugh O'Connor, son of Mrs. M. J. O'Connor of New York City. Hartford (Conn.) and San Francisco papers please copy.

REICH—NEWMARK.—Mr. and Mrs. N. Newmark, 82 East 90th St., announce the marriage of their daughter, Helen, to Mr. Abraham Reich, Jan. 12, 1919.

Died.

ABEL.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, at her residence, 30 Avenue B, Bayonne, N. J., Julie Sullivan Abel, wife of Joseph A. Abel and daughter of the late James E. Sullivan of New York. Notice of funeral arrangements later.

BEEKLER.—Elsie, wife of Walter Becker, at residence, 2,350 Webster Av., Bronx. Funeral services Sunday, 2 P. M., John Graham's chapel, 4,221 Park Av., near Tremont Av., Bronx.

BEVERSTEIN.—Rose, in her 37th year, beloved daughter of Eliza, and dear sister of Isaac, Adolph, Ida, and Albert. Body lying in state at Meyers & Co. funeral parlor, 228 Lenox Av. Notice of funeral later.

BINSWANGER.—Jacob, Jan. 18, beloved husband of Ray and dear father of Aimee and Judith. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 21, 2 P. M., at his late residence, 1,652 42d St., Brooklyn. Kindly omit flowers.

BOGGS.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, at his residence, 240 78th St., Brooklyn, Walter D. O. Boggs, husband of Mary E. Ingram. Service at chapel, Greenwood Cemetery, Monday afternoon, Jan. 20, at 3:45 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BRADY.—Mary J., at 417 Park Av., on Saturday, Jan. 18. Funeral from the Lady Chapel of St. Patrick's Cathedral, on Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 o'clock. Petersham (Mass.) papers please copy.

BREEN.—Jan. 16, Ruth Reid Breen, beloved wife of Eugene Lowry Breen, daughter of James and Sarah Reid, and granddaughter of the late Michael Reid, at her residence, 838 Riverside Drive. Funeral Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St., at 11 o'clock.

BREEN.—Jan. 16, Ruth Reid Breen, beloved wife of Eugene Lowry Breen, at her residence, 838 Riverside Drive. The members of Dominican Academy Alumnae express their deepest sympathy to her family. Solemn requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St., at 11 o'clock on Monday, Jan. 20. Members of the alumnae are requested to attend.
ADELAIDE BYRNES, Secretary.

BUELL.—On Jan. 18, 1919, Katherine V., beloved wife of Frederick H. Buell. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 25 Chestnut St., Flushing, N. Y., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 9 A. M.; thence to St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church, where a requiem mass will be said. Automobile cortege.

BURDSALL.—At Port Chester, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1919, Luella Morris, wife of Ellwood Burdsall, in the 52d year of her age. Services at the residence, on King St., second day, Monday, Jan. 20, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

CASE.—Jan. 18, at 102 West 84th St., Rebecca Avery Case, daughter of the late Henry L. and Mary A. Case. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

CLARK.—Henry C., beloved husband of Mary V. and father of Edith and Frank, suddenly, of pneumonia, Jan. 17, at his residence, 355 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Requiem mass Monday at St. Ignatius Church, Rogers Av. and Carroll St., at 10 o'clock.

CLARK.—John Wolfe, age 36 years, beloved son of Mrs. Jerome A. Peck, Jan. 18, at New Haven. Services at FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,976 Broadway, Monday, Jan. 20, 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

CONNET.—John L., at Flemington, N. J., on Jan. 16, in the 71st year of his life. Funeral services at the Flemington Presbyterian Church, Monday, Jan. 20, at 11 o'clock.

CORTON.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, William Corton, beloved father of William Andrew Corton, aged 67 years. Funeral services on Sunday, Jan. 19, at his late residence, 587 West 178th St., at 4 P. M. Interment on Monday, Evergreen Cemetery.

DE FREEST.—Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Albert J. De Freest, at his residence, 416 St. Nicholas Av. Funeral private. Albany papers please copy.

DE LA CRUZ.—Amivel, lying in state at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, between 66th and 67th Sts.

DIRLAM.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, Anna Lydia, beloved wife of George Dirlam. Funeral from Erdenbrecher's funeral parlor, 389 Bedford Park Boulevard. Service at Church of the Holy Nativity, 204th St. and Bainbridge Av., on Monday, at 2 P. M. Hackensack, N. J., papers please copy.

DONOVAN.—On Jan. 17, 1919, Mary C., beloved wife of Timothy F. Donovan and mother of Joseph F., Dr. Florence T., Stephen A., and Mary E. Funeral on Monday, Jan. 20, from her late residence, 54 Morningstar Road, Port Richmond, S. I.; solemn mass of requiem at 10:30 A. M., St. Mary's Church. Interment St. Peter's Cemetery, West Brighton.

DORSEY.—F. Girard, at home, 155 Ridge Road, Rutherford, N. J., beloved son of Stephen and Eliza Scott Dorsey, aged 32, in his country's service. Funeral at convenience of family.

EMENS.—At Shanghai, China, on Jan. 10, Walter S. Emens, eldest son of the late Dr. P. W. and Elizabeth Scott Emens of Syracuse, N. Y. Syracuse papers please copy.

ERNST.—Jan. 17, 1919, Adolph Otto Ernst, in his 65th year. Funeral services will be held at Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, Monday, Jan. 20, at 8 P. M. Interment Jan. 21 at 2 P. M. at St. Michael's Cemetery, Astoria, L. I.

FLYMM.—On Jan. 18, Adelaide Virginia, daughter of the late Richard and Mary Flymm and sister of Elizabeth Daly and the late Mrs. James E. March, laying in state at Campbell's FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St. Requiem high mass will be celebrated at St. Ignatius Church, 84th St. and Park Av., on Monday morning, 11 o'clock. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FLYNN.—Addie. Lying in state at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, between 66th and 67th Sts.

FOWLER.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Isabella, wife of Franklin H. Fowler, at her residence, 335 West 55th.

FRANCESCONI.—On Jan. 17, Eliza, beloved wife of Charles Francesconi and only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jose De Souza. Funeral from the residence of her parents, 428 58th St., Brooklyn, on Monday, Jan. 20, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, 5th Av. and 59th St. Automobile cortege.

GARZA.—Henrietta Sanchaz, (nee Ehrlich,) beloved wife of J. S. Garza and devoted daughter of Aaron and Johanna Ehrlich. Funeral from her late residence, 520 West 139th St., on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 1:30 P. M.

GIBSON.—On Friday, Jan. 17, at his residence, 318 West 84th St., Captain Francis M. Gibson, U. S. Army. Funeral services at St. Agnes Church, Columbus Av. and 92d St., Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M. Interment Arlington Cemetery, Washington, D. C.

GIBSON.—Announcement is made to the Companions of the Society of American Wars, Commandery of the State of New York, that our late Commander, Captain Francis Marion Gibson, U. S. A., died suddenly Friday morning. Companions are respectfully requested to attend funeral services which will be held at St. Agnes's Church, Columbus Av. and 92d St., on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M.
Major GRAEME M. HAMMOND, U. S. A., Senior Vice Commander.
E. WELLES KELLOGG, Recorder.

GITTERMAN.—Bertha, (nee Porges,) Jan. 17, 1919, beloved wife of Gustav Gitterman, devoted mother of Morton and Loretta, sister of Gustav and Carl Porges. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, at 2 P. M., from her late residence, 204 East 72d St.

GLENNEN.—Edward, beloved husband of Lillian Glennen, (nee Rossiter,) and son of the late John and Ann Glennen and brother of the late William J. Glennen, M. D., and David Glennen. Notice of funeral later.

GOGGIN.—At her residence, 18 West 16th St., Ellen, daughter of the late Patrick Goggin and Ellen Barry, Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919. Funeral on Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M.; thence to St. Joseph's Church, 6th Av. and Washington Place, where a solemn requiem mass will be said. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

GREENBERGER.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, at his residence, 320 West 87th St., Albert Greenberger, in his 38th year, beloved husband of Gertrude Mannheimer, father of Alberta and Stanley. Funeral services at the Chapel of Salem Fields Cemetery, (Cypress Hills,) Sunday morning, Jan. 19, at 11 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

GREENBOWE.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Elizabeth M. W. Greenbowe, in her 86th year, at her home, 211 Fenimore St., Brooklyn. Funeral private.

GUERNSEY.—Jan. 17, at her residence, 362 Riverside Drive, Florence, daughter of the late Dr. Egbert Guernsey and Sarah Lefferts Schenck Guernsey. Funeral at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St. and Madison Av., on Monday, 11 A. M. It is requested that flowers be sent direct to the church.

GUERNSEY.—The Board of Managers of the William H. Davis Free Industrial School for Crippled Children of the Lulu Thorley Lyons Home for Crippled and Delicate Children at Claverack, N. Y., requests the members to attend the funeral of the First Vice President, Miss Florence Guernsey, at the Church of the Transfiguration, on Monday, Jan. 20, at 11 A. M.
WALTER SCOTT, President.
Mrs. MULLIN WAYNE, Corresponding Secretary.

HARRIS.—On Jan. 17, 1919, at Santa Barbara, Cal., Hettie Gilbert, widow of the late Charles F. Harris, mother of Frederick G., C. Frank, and Marguerite Harris. Interment Santa Barbara. Vermont papers please copy.

HAYES.—Mary A., beloved wife of Thomas J., on Jan. 16. Funeral from her late residence, 3,004 Perry Av., Bronx, Monday, Jan. 20, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass, Church of St. Philip of Neri, Concourse and 202d. Interment private. Omit flowers.

HERZ.—Jan. 18, Sarah Hart, wife of the late Herman Herz, and beloved mother of Louis. Funeral Monday, Jan. 20, 10 A. M., from Millheiser's Chapel, 1,460 Lexington Av.

HERZ.—Immanuel Lodge, No. 1, U. O. T. S.: Sisters above lodge are invited to attend funeral of the departed sister, Sarah Hart, Monday, 10 A. M., from Millheiser's funeral parlor, 1,460 Lexington Av.
FANNY BAUMGARTEN, Financial Secretary.
CARRIE BROWN, President.

HERZMAN.—Rosa, at her residence, 204 West 118th St. Notice of funeral later.

HEYN.—Emma S., widow of Otto P. Heyn, in her 52d year. Funeral services at her late residence, 104 Howard Av., Stapleton, S. I., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 11 o'clock A. M. Interment private.

HILL.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, at Hartford, Conn., Robert Hill. Funeral services will be held at Central Presbyterian Church Parlors, 57th St. and Madison Av., (entrance on 57th St.,) Sunday afternoon, Jan. 19, at 2:30 o'clock.

HODGINS.—At 390 Wadsworth Av., New York, on Saturday, Jan. 18, George Sherwood Hodgins, aged 59. Interment private.

HOFFMAN.—Lewis Hoffman, army field clerk, beloved son of Mayer and Rachel Hoffman of 539 West 162d St., of pneumonia, on Dec. 24, 1918, while with the Army of Occupation in Germany.

HOLLIS.—Frances. Lying in state at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

HOUGH.—Suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, Thomas S., beloved husband of Elizabeth Hough, in his 63d year, at his residence, 823 Hancock St., Brooklyn. Services Monday evening at 7:30. Interment Cypress Hills, Tuesday A. M.

JACQUES.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, William Jacques, aged 86 years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 431 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Monday afternoon, Jan. 20, at 2 o'clock.

JOHNSON.—Robert, Jr., age 26, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Johnson, at his home, 339 West 43d St., on Friday evening, Jan. 17. Interment Tuesday, Jan. 21.

KANN.—Suddenly, on Jan. 17, Louis Marcus Kann, brother of Alexander M. Kann. Funeral, private, Sunday, Jan. 19, at 9 A. M.

KELLEY.—Charles D., M. D., at 230 South 2d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Jan. 16, 1919. Funeral from the Sacred Heart Church, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 o'clock.

KELLY.—Suddenly, on Jan. 17, Dr. Thomas Kelly of 357 West 57th, beloved husband of Katherine Kelly (nee Cremin) and father of May, Thomas, and Constance Kelly. Funeral service at Paulist Fathers' Church, 60th St. and Columbus Av., Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M.

KELLY.—The Medical Board of St. Vincent's Hospital has learned with deepest regret of the death of their colleague, Dr. Thomas Kelly, which occurred suddenly on Jan. 17, 1919.

Possessing to a remarkable degree that chiefest of virtues, charity, he had attracted to himself a very large following both of rich and poor, to whom he ministered without distinction, sparing no physical or mental effort to meet their professional needs. In this altruistic and heroic service he passed away in the fullest of his years and when scarcely beyond life's prime. He will be greatly missed by the Sisters, by his colleagues, and by the poor of this institution.

As a token of our sorrow these minutes have been ordered placed in the records of the hospital, a copy to be forwarded to his family.
GEORGE DAVID STEWART, M. D., President, Medical Board of St. Vincent's Hospital.
PETER MURRAY, M. D., Secretary, Medical Board of St. Vincent's Hospital.

KELLY.—Thomas. The American Irish Historical Society announces with regret the death on Jan. 17 of its esteemed member, Dr. Thomas Kelly of 357 West 57th St. Members of the society are requested to attend the funeral services of our deceased member at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, at 60th St. and Columbus Av., on Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M.
JOSEPH I. C. CLARKE, President-General.
SANTIAGO P. CAHILL, Secretary-General.

KILGOUR.—At Hotel Plaza, New York, on Jan. 18, 1919, Mrs. John Kilgour. Funeral service at Cincinnati, Ohio.

KIRCHHEIMER.—On Jan. 17, 1919, Sam, beloved husband of Hannah and brother of Lena and Clara. Funeral services Sunday, Jan. 19, from his late residence, 410 St. Nicholas Av., at 1:30 P. M.

KOCH.—On Jan. 17, 1919, at 35 West 96th St., after a brief illness, Helen A., beloved daughter of Richard and Stella Koch, in her 12th year. Funeral private.

KROUSE.—On Jan. 17, August Krouse, aged 43 years. Funeral, Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Sunday at 10 o'clock.

LEIBLEIN.—The Alumni Association of the Lenox Hill Hospital Training School for Nurses announces with deep sorrow the loss of their member, Miss Senta Leiblein, of pneumonia, Lenox Hill Hospital, Jan. 18. Funeral service at Jacob Herlich Funeral Parlor, 332 East 86th St., Tuesday, Jan. 21, 10 A. M.
Miss SYBIL KOELLER, Pres.
Miss MARGARET MUNRO, Sec'y.

LINDEN.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, of pneumonia, at his home, 265 Barclay St., Flushing, N. Y., Robert Arnold Linden, age 25 years and 8 months, dearly beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Linden, and dearly beloved husband of Kathleen A. Cahill. Funeral services at his home Monday, Jan. 20, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

LYONS.—John, of Lismore, Ireland, at 8 A. M., Jan. 18. Mass Tuesday, 10 A. M., St. Vincent's Hospital.

McCLAY.—Ethel Duncan, (nee Elwell,) wife of John McClay, Jr., and daughter of Herbert and Emily Elwell, suddenly, at Tenafly, N. J., on Jan. 16, 1919. Funeral late residence, 3 P. M., Jan. 19.

McCLINTOCK.—Suddenly, on Jan. 17, John McClintock, age 71 years. Funeral services at Lucking, Bender & Schutte Chapel, 351 Amsterdam Av., near 108th St., on Monday, Jan. 20, at 2 P. M.

McKEON.—On Friday, Jan. 17, Rebecca, widow of the late Thomas K. McKeon. Funeral services at her late residence, 116 Maurice Av., Elmhurst, L. I., Sunday, Jan. 19, at 4 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

MACLENNAN.—Jan. 18, Vilma, beloved daughter of Francis and Florence Easton Maclennan, age 7 years. Funeral services private. Kindly omit flowers.

MacMENLAN.—Vilma. Lying in state at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, between 66th and 67th Sts.

MARANS.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, in her 30th year, Sadye Marans, beloved wife of Isadore Marans. Funeral from her late residence, 315 West 115th St., on Sunday, Jan. 19, 1 P. M. Interment Washington Cemetery, in Marans family plot.

MASON.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Marjory Snare Mason, wife of Colonel Charles W. Mason, Jr. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 44 West 77th St., Monday afternoon, Jan. 20, at 3 o'clock.

MILLER.—Maimonides Benevolent Society. Brethren: You are hereby notified of the death of Brother Charles L. Miller and requested to attend the funeral, which takes place on Monday, the 20th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. from his late residence, 63 West 100th St.
HARRY N. SIMON, President.
SAMUEL SCHEUER, Secretary.

MOORE.—On Jan. 17, Matthew H. Moore, the beloved husband of Eugenia Moore, (nee Wood.) Funeral from his daughter's residence, Mrs. Loretta Kinstrey, 423 East 137th St., Monday, Jan. 20, at 10:30, thence to St. Luke's Church, East 138th St., where a requiem high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment St. Raymond's.

MURRAY.—Private James E., Jr., Company C, 102d Engineers, son of James E., Sr., and Nora E. Murray, killed in action Oct. 19, 1918. Solemn requiem mass for the repose of his soul on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 10 A. M., Church of St. Rose of Lima, 165th St., near Amsterdam Av.

OLIVER.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Joseph Henry, son of the late Henry and Ann Roger Oliver, beloved brother of Mrs. Mary J. Thellusson and Hon. Daniel C. Oliver, and beloved uncle of Charles F., Joseph O., William P., Henry A. and Ann Thellusson. Funeral from his late residence, 520 West 157th St., Manhattan, Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, at 9:15 A. M.; solemn requiem mass at the Church of St. Catherine of Genoa, West 153d St., near Amsterdam Av., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Auto cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

OWEN.—Jan. 18, Edward Owen. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Tuesday, 8 P. M.

PARK.—Suddenly, Jan. 18, at his residence, 203 Underhill Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., George Merrill, beloved husband of Katie Theis Park, aged 64 years, formerly of New York City. Relatives and friends, also members of Americus Lodge, No. 535, F. and A. M.; Americus Chapter, No. 215, York Commandery; Mecca Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., are invited to attend the funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., New York, Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, 8 o'clock. Norwich, Conn., papers please copy. Interment private.

PACKARD.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Horace W. Packard, in his 77th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 375 Upper Mountain Av., Tuesday, Jan. 21, on arrival of train leaving Jersey City, Erie Railroad, at 2 P. M.

PALMER.—On Jan. 18, Mary Eva Founds, beloved wife of Edward D. Palmer. Funeral 11:30 Monday morning at St. Stephen's Church. Interment private.

PATTON.—Jan. 18, William Ludlow, beloved husband of Constance Saltonstall Patton, at his residence, 104 Hicks St., Brooklyn. Funeral Hartford, Conn.

RAFFERTY.—Joan Geishenen, infant daughter of Captain and Mrs. Ewing L. Rafferty, on Friday, Jan. 17, at 840 Park Av.

RAMM.—On Jan. 18, 1919, Esther Lillian, beloved wife of Herbert Ramm at her residence, 489 Amsterdam Av. Funeral Monday morning, 9:30. Requiem mass Holy Trinity Church 10 o'clock.

REDERSCHEID.—At Caldwell, N. J., Thursday evening, Jan. 16, 1919, Ethel Rederscheid, in her 19th year, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y. Services at her late home, 114 Hatfield St., Sunday afternoon, Jan. 19, at 2:30 o'clock.

RICHARDSON.—Newman, dearly beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. K. Richardson of Port Elizabeth, South Africa, and dearly beloved brother of Montefiore Richardson of New York, after a short illness of pneumonia, at 140 West 58th St., on Saturday, Jan. 18. Funeral private.

RICHARDSON. — Newman, dearly beloved husband of Erica Richardson, at 140 West 58th St., on Saturday, Jan. 18, after a short illness of pneumonia. Funeral private.

SCHAEFER.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, Charles, Sr., beloved husband of Louise Schaefer, (nee Meier,) in his 67th year. Relatives and friends, also New York Produce Exchange, New York Hay Exchange, and Arion Singing Society of Brooklyn are invited to attend funeral services at his late residence, 731 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, on Monday evening, Jan. 20, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

SCHWARTZ. — Ida, beloved wife of Joseph Schwartz, beloved daughter of Morris and Sophie Mirkin, beloved sister of Barnet, Isidore, Charles, and Samuel Mirkin. Funeral on Sunday, 10 A. M., from 960 East 173d St.

SHERIDAN.—Peter P., Jan. 17, at his residence, 875 West 180th St., beloved husband of Anna M. Funeral service at the Chapel of the Incarnation, 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av., on Monday, Jan. 20, 10 A. M.

SILLECK.—James W., suddenly, Jan. 16, 1919, beloved husband of the late Eleanor R. Lane. Funeral private, from residence, 739 South St., Peekskill, N. Y.

SILVERSTEIN.—Simon, in his 74th year, beloved husband of the late Sarah, and father of Mrs. Bessie Silvey, Esther Lubin, Amelia Goldstein, Celia Frankenstein, Rae Waxman, Sam, Henry, and Mike.

SILVERSTEIN.—Mike, in his 35th year, beloved son of the late Simon and Sarah, brother of Mrs. Bessie Silvey, Esther Lubin, Amelia Goldstein, Celia Frankenstein, Rae Waxman, Sam, and Henry.

SIMON.—Moses, beloved husband of Sadie, father of Felix and Stella Schreiber, brother of Herman F. Simon, in his 59th year. The Republic Lodge No. 154, K. of P.; Justice Lodge, F. and A. M.; Amity Lodge, F. S. of I., respectfully invited. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M., at Millheiser's Funeral Parlor, 1,460 Lexington Av.

SIMON. — Officers and members of Amity Lodge, No. 92, I. O. F. S. of I., are requested to attend the funeral of our late member, Moses Simon, from J. Millheiser's Son Funeral Chapel, 1,460 Lexington Av., this day, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M.
Dr. L. SYLVESTER SOBEL, President.
FRED BETTELHEIM, Secretary.

SIMON.—Republic Lodge No. 154, K. of P.: Officers and brothers of this lodge are requested to attend the funeral services of their late brother, Moses Simon, at J. Millheiser & Sons' Funeral Chapel, 1,460 Lexington Av., N. Y. C., on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 2 P. M.
B. F. KAHN, K. of R. and S.

SMYTHE.—Captain Edward D., Saturday, Jan. 18, 84 years of age. Funeral private. Interment Greenwood.

SPENCER.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, at her residence, 211 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, Gertrude, beloved wife of Charles H. Spencer. Funeral services will be held at St. John's Church, St. John's Place and 7th Av., Brooklyn, on Monday, Jan. 20, at 10:15 A. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

TOBIN.—On Jan. 17, 1919, in her seventy-second year, Ella J., widow of Captain James Tobin and beloved mother of James, Harry A., John L., and Frank A. Tobin and Mrs. Gertrude Armstrong. Funeral from her late residence, 2,797 Marion Av., thence to the Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road, Jan. 20, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Calvary.

TRACY.—On Jan. 17, John Frederick, beloved husband of Margaret Florence Fleming and son of the late Joseph Charles and Maria Antonina Tracy. Funeral services will be held at the Spanish Church, West 157th St., between Broadway and Riverside Drive, on Monday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

WESSELLS.—At Peekskill, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1919, Florence Davis, wife of Frank Wessells, Jr., in her 33d year. Funeral from her late residence, Main St., Peekskill, N. Y., on Monday, at 1:30 P. M. Automobiles will meet 11:30 train from Grand Central Station. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown.

WHITE.—Deforest. Lying in state at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, between 66th and 67th Sts.

WILSON.—Alfred G., on Jan. 17. Funeral service at his mother's residence, 333 Lincoln Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn, Monday, at 2 P. M.

WITTENBERG.—On Jan. 17, 1919, Esther, widow of the late Nathan Wittenberg, aged 58. Funeral from her late residence, 613 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn, at 11:30 A. M., Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919. Please omit flowers.

WORMS.—On Thursday, Jan. 16, 1919, Louise Robertson Worms, beloved wife of Sigismund Worms, mother of Mrs. J. J. Eaton and Isabelle Worms, and sister of Sister Turribius. Funeral from her late residence, 609 Van Cortlandt Park Av., Yonkers, Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, at 10 A. M. Mass of requiem at St. Denis's Church at 10:30 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

YUNGEL.—Frederick, of 21 Park Av., Port Chester, N. Y., beloved husband of Bertha W. and father of Frederick Yungel, Jr., suddenly, on Jan. 16. Funeral services from the parlors of York & Swift, 332 East 145th St., Bronx, on Sunday, Jan. 19, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

In Memoriam.

AHERN.—A month's mind for the repose of the soul of Anna Ahern, beloved wife of Philip E. Ahern, on Jan. 23, at St. Jean Baptiste Church, Lexington Av., 76th St., at 8 A. M.

BOTTSTEIN.—Frederick O., dearly beloved brother, passed away Jan. 19, 1905.

BUXBAUM.—In memory of my loving husband, Charles Buxbaum, who departed this life Jan. 18, 1916. May his soul rest in peace.
DOROTHY BUXBAUM.

DILLON.—Alfred J. Anniversary mass Monday, 8:30, Immaculate Conception Church, East 14th St.

KELLY.—In memory of Agnes M., (nee McCarthy,) dearly beloved wife of James J. Kelly, and loving daughter of James C. and the late Mary A. McCarthy, (nee Kerins,) a month's mind will be celebrated on Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, 8 A. M., at St. John Chrysostom's Church, 167th St. and Hoe Av.

Unveiling.

MARKOWITZ.—Unveiling of monument erected to the memory of Herman Markowitz, beloved son of Mary, husband of Ray, father of Florence Bramson, William Irving, Carolyn, and Lillie, on Sunday, Jan. 19, 3 P. M., Rodeph Sholom, Union Fields Cemetery, weather permitting.

SONN.—Unveiling of monument of late Rosa Sonn will take place Jan. 26, 3 P. M., Mt. Carmel Cemetery.

MEMORIALS.—Modern, artistic, by sculptor-architects of established reputation. George W. Fallon, manager and treasurer; Wm. Ordway Partridge, consulting sculptor, 8 East 46th St., near 5th Av.

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$8,500,000 GAIN IN GOLD RESERVES

Federal Banks Also Report Continued Return of the Outstanding Notes.

LESS WAR PAPER ON HAND

This Follows Redemption of the Balance of the September Issue of Treasury Certificates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Continued return movement to the reserve banks of outstanding Federal Reserve notes together with liquidation of earning assets is indicated in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly bank statement, issued as at the close of business on Jan. 17, 1919. A further gain of $8,500,000 is indicated in the banks' aggregate gold reserves.

Total holdings of war paper decreased $138,100,000, following the redemption on Jan. 16 of the balance of the Sept. 17 issue of Treasury certificates, while other discounts on hand show a decline of $18,800,000. Acceptances on hand purchased in the open market fell off $4,000,000, Chicago and San Francisco reporting considerable liquidation of this class of paper.

An increase of $95,400,000 in United States short-term securities represents largely temporary Treasury certificates taken by the New York Reserve Bank to cover advances to the Government pending the collection of funds from depositary institutions. Total earning assets, $2,174,500,000, show a decrease of $66,100,000.

Government deposits increased $12,100,000, while member bank deposits show a gain of $54,500,000. Net deposits, because of the larger float reported this week, show an increase of but $16,500,000.

Exchange of reserve notes for gold accounts for the increase of $8,500,000 in the gold reserves noted. Shifting of reserves away from Boston, New York, and Richmond to Chicago, and other Western banks, is noted. The banks' reserve percentage, because of the gain in reserves and the considerable reduction in Federal Reserve note circulation shows a rise from 51.8 to 52.8 per cent.

Federal Reserve agents report a decrease of $74,200,000 in the total Federal Reserve notes outstanding. The banks report a total Federal Reserve note circulation of $2,513,000,000, a reduction of $77,700,000 for the week. All the banks show smaller circulation figures than the week before. For the last three weeks there has been a decrease in Federal Reserve note circulation of $172,500,000, or at the rate of $37,400,000 a week. Aggregate liabilities of the banks on Federal Reserve bank notes in circulation increased $1,500,000, and are at present about $125,000,000.

Withdrawals from the system of the Marine National of Buffalo and of the First National of Syracuse account for the substantial decrease in paid-in capital shown for the New York system as a whole.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK STATEMENT

The following table shows the total gold holdings and other chief items in this week's report of each of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks:

District.	Gold Reserve.	Bills on Hand.	Total Resources.	Due to Members.	Notes in Circulation.
1—Boston	$102,573,000	$141,705,000	$325,232,000	$103,822,000	$148,985,000
2—New York	588,365,000	687,129,000	1,691,773,000	706,818,000	665,686,000
3—Philadelphia	138,877,000	171,336,000	406,764,000	112,685,000	216,301,000
4—Cleveland	221,407,000	146,115,000	453,238,000	131,540,000	239,606,000
5—Richmond	71,288,000	94,217,000	238,306,000	54,866,000	136,403,000
6—Atlanta	64,230,000	82,210,000	200,766,000	44,827,000	117,123,000
7—Chicago	447,742,000	174,680,000	749,120,000	232,748,000	412,859,000
8—St. Louis	98,642,000	69,245,000	230,651,000	59,520,000	112,949,000
9—Minneapolis	89,398,000	56,946,000	172,739,000	49,604,000	93,184,000
10—Kansas City	82,037,000	85,061,000	248,924,000	77,292,000	107,882,000
11—Dallas	40,984,000	53,167,000	129,498,000	38,800,000	57,528,000
12—San Francisco	157,614,000	110,452,000	337,485,000	82,632,000	204,465,000

MEMBER BANK STATEMENTS

This statement shows the position of the banks which are members of the Federal Reserve Banks making weekly reports to the Federal Reserve Board. The reports are compiled as of the close of business on Friday:

Banks in New York, Chicago, and Other Federal Reserve Cities.

	New York.	Chicago.	All Fed. Res. Cities.
Number of reporting banks	65	44	253
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$36,333,000	$1,119,000	$100,022,000
Other U. S. bonds, including Liberty bonds	272,986,000	45,297,000	449,893,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	600,424,000	72,663,000	912,934,000
Total U. S. securities	909,743,000	119,079,000	1,462,849,000
Loans secured by U. S. bonds, &c.	597,147,000	45,811,000	937,886,000
All other loans and investments	3,606,625,000	841,504,000	6,665,474,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	625,882,000	112,584,000	971,478,000
Cash in vault	120,257,000	42,301,000	236,771,000
Net demand deposits	4,356,677,000	808,403,000	7,138,281,000
Time deposits	196,320,000	151,894,000	631,724,000
Government deposits	232,283,000	39,508,000	370,011,000

Total of Statements for All Reporting Banks.

	Fed. Res. Branch Cities.	All Other Reporting Banks.	Grand Total.
Number of reporting banks	154	357	764
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$54,674,000	$108,488,000	$263,184,000
Other U. S. bonds, including Liberty bonds	137,649,000	209,198,000	796,740,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	187,706,000	199,081,000	1,299,721,000
Total U. S. securities	380,029,000	516,767,000	2,359,645,000
Loans secured by U. S. bonds, &c.	106,519,000	121,650,000	1,165,055,000
All other loans and investments	1,522,588,000	1,924,290,000	10,112,332,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	152,919,000	170,024,000	1,294,421,000
Cash in vault	67,707,000	106,760,000	412,238,000
Net demand deposits	1,235,404,000	1,629,360,000	10,003,045,000
Time deposits	442,941,000	485,404,000	1,560,069,000
Government deposits	41,036,000	87,590,000	498,637,000

HOLD FEWER U. S. BONDS.

Member Banks Also Report Decrease in Loans Secured by War Obligations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Some decrease in the holdings of United States War Bonds, also in loans secured by United States war obligations are indicated in the board's weekly statement showing the condition on Jan. 10, of 764 member banks in leading cities.

Treasury certificates holdings show an increase of $32,100,000, of which $20,100,000 represents the increase at the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve cities. Total United States bonds other than circulation bonds, on hand declined $23,700,000, smaller figures being shown for all groups of banks. Aggregate loans secured by United States war obligations fell off $52,100,000, largely at the banks in the Federal Reserve cities.

United States war obligations and loans secured by such obligations aggregate $3,261,500,000 and constitute 23.9 per cent. of the total loans and investments of all reporting banks, as against 24.2 per cent. the week before. For the banks in the Federal Reserve Bank cities a decline in this ratio from 25.7 to 25.4 per cent. is noted.

Government deposits show an increase of about $67,000,000 for all reporting banks and of $35,300,000 for the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve Bank cities. Other net demand deposits fell off $101,800,000, the New York City banks alone reporting a decline of $81,000,000 under this head. Time deposits went up $10,500,000. Reserve balances with the Federal Reserve Banks increased $1,100,000, while cash in vault shows a decrease of $14,600,000.

For the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve Bank cities the ratio of net deposits to investments shows a rise from 84.3 to 84.6 per cent. For the New York City banks, because of the relatively larger decrease in net deposits, a decline of this ratio from 89.5 to 88.7 per cent. is noted. The ratio of combined reserve balances and cash to net deposits of the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve cities shows a slight decline from 15.9 to 15.8 per cent. For the New York City banks this ratio shows an increase from 16.4 to 16.5 per cent.

Excess reserves of the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve districts work out at $80,800,000, as against $75,400,000 the week before. For the New York City banks an increase of this item from $65,400,000 to $66,600,000 is noted.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Mines Beginning to Curtail Output —Workers on Part Time.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 18.—When December reports of copper production are all in it will be found that the companies in the United States have curtailed 40 per cent. General Manager McNaughton of the Calumet and Hecla mines is quoted as saying that since April, 1917, eighteen mining companies in his district have ceased development work and that the close of 1918 finds search for profitable lodes of importance being made by the Seneca and the Mayflower Old Colony.

The December output of Calumet and Hecla, including subsidiaries, 11,300,066 pounds, was 700,000 pounds greater than in November. The company announces curtailment beginning next Monday. All employees will be put on a three-quarter time basis. Approximately 11,000 men are affected.

Chile Copper in December turned out 10,002,000 pounds of copper against 9,854,000 pounds in November. North Butte produced 400,000 more pounds of copper in December than in the preceding month.

Output of the Mason Valley Company in December was 1,273,176 pounds compared with 1,073,400 pounds in November.

Magma Copper production in December was 1,049,783 pounds against 992,271 pounds in November.

The output of Mohawk Wolverine in December was 151,581 pounds for the former and 608,087 pounds for the latter. These figures compare with 950,855 pounds for Mohawk and 370,332 pounds for Wolverine in the preceding month.

Under its policy of curtailment Inspiration Consolidated probably will turn out 7,000,000 pounds monthly. At full blast it could produce between 11,000,000 and 12,000,000 pounds a month.

Quincy's output in 1918 was about 20,000,000 pounds of copper, costing above 17½ cents a pound.

CANADA'S TRADE DOUBLES.

Dominion's World Commerce Totals $2,548,691,000 for Year.

The foreign trade of Canada for the year ending March 31, 1918, amounted to $2,548,691,000, compared with $1,129,610,000, which was reported for the year ending March 31, 1914. This increase was called to the attention of the stockholders of The Canadian Bank of Commerce by Sir Edmund Walker, the President, at the annual meeting held in Montreal, as an evidence of the prosperity which the Dominion was enjoying. The excess of exports was placed at $623,647,000. The value of the field crops of Canada for 1918, the last month of the year being estimated, he said, was $1,383,000,000, an increase of $238,000,000 over the figures of 1917.

In discussing industrial conditions in the Dominion further, he said:

Such a surplus of exports over imports as $623,000,000 would, if we were paid in international money, make us financially rich beyond imagination and it would put New York exchange, the real test of our international position, at a discount. As a matter of fact New York exchange has lately been at a high premium, because with all our exports we cannot command enough international money to keep the balance even. At the moment, because of transportation difficulties, we are carrying a very large amount of wheat sold to the British Government. If in settlement we received even a moderate payment in cash we could keep the rate for New York exchange fairly low, but there is no assurance that any part of what is due will be paid in money useful for international settlements.

We have pointed out before the extent to which we make purchases from the United States which must be settled in cash and for which, directly or indirectly, we receive from Great Britain only long-term obligations. This year conditions are not improved, despite large orders for munitions given by the United States to Canada. Comparing the year ending 31st March, 1918, with the previous one, we imported from the United States goods to the value of $792,000,000, as against $678,000,000, and we exported to them $418,000,000, as against $290,000,000, so that we owed them on balance $374,000,000 instead of $388,000,000. During the six months ending September, 1918, matters did not improve; the scale of imports and exports was larger, but the resulting difference against us was proportionately about the same.

The production from Canadian mines was estimated at $220,000,000, compared with $189,646,000 in 1917.

Want Embargo on Cotton Exports Lifted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Members of Congress from cotton growing States sent a cablegram to President Wilson today, urging that all embargoes against cotton exports to non-enemy countries be lifted at once, and that shipments to Germany and Austria be permitted as soon as possible.

INVOKE GREGORY ON HOGS.

Members of the New York Produce Exchange have sent a petition to the Attorney General of the United States asking him to take such action as will be necessary to prevent any further price fixing on hogs.

The petition reads as follows:

Thomas W. Gregory, Attorney General, Washington, D. C.:

As members of the New York Produce Exchange, vitally interested in handling the products of agriculture, we petition your honorable self to take such action as will prevent any further arbitrary price fixing of hogs, and consequently of hog products, by a so-called Hog Price Fixing Committee, which, as far as we can learn, is acting without any legal status.

Price fixing by this committee has been in operation for several months. As a war measure, we would have nothing to say, but would loyally support any action of the Government for increasing the supply of food. It is now no longer a war measure, and such arbitrary action should be stopped. Everett C. Brown, Chairman of the Hog Price Fixing Committee, has openly stated that, were it not for the activities of his committee, hogs would now be selling at from 10 to 12 cents per pound, instead of 17½ cents per pound, the price arbitrarily fixed by his committee.

What end in view the committee has in holding the price of hogs, and consequently the price of hog products, at from 5 to 7 cents per pound above the normal price, based on supply and demand, we do not know, but we do know that the arbitrary action of this committee is placing a heavy burden on the long-suffering consumers, who comprise about 70 per cent. of the population of the country in comparison with about 30 per cent. of the farmer population, and that it is now causing discontent among the people, which is now openly and bitterly expressed.

As a war measure, well and good, but in peace the old law of supply and demand can fix prices better than any Government bureau, whose usefulness is now at an end, and whose activities, if they cannot be entirely suppressed should be held down to the strict letter of the law.

NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

German Bank Statement.

BERLIN, Jan. 18.—The statement of the Imperial German Bank for the week ending Jan. 7 shows the following changes:

INCREASES.	Marks.
Treasury notes	445,647,000
Notes	743,000
Advances	4,210,000
Securities	112,000
Circulation	148,844,000
DECREASES.	
Coin	2,432,000
Gold	1,827,000
Bills	1,443,933,000
Investments	1,950,000
Reserve	172,000
Deposits	1,410,317,000
Liabilities	23,733,000
Total gold holdings	2,260,176,000

BRITAIN'S FUEL PROBLEM.

Coal Output Reduced 185,000,000 Tons During the War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The British Government's fuel problem as presented by the war is set forth in a memorandum supplemental to the general report made by the commission sent abroad by Harry A. Garfield, the Federal Fuel Administrator.

In the first year of the war 191,170 British miners enlisted in the army, and in June, 1918, the total had risen to 285,000. On the latter date the net loss of mine labor had been reduced to 133,000 men through extraordinary efforts to return soldiers to the mines, but this program was interrupted early in 1918 by the necessity of returning 75,000 miners to the battle lines.

Where the United States was able to increase its coal production, Great Britain suffered a loss of approximately 185,000,000 tons mined, using the 1913 production figures as a basis for computation.

Curtis Japanese Art Yields $9,341.

At the closing afternoon of the Thomas E. H. Curtis sale of Japanese art objects at the Anderson Galleries yesterday returns were $3,604, making a grand total of $9,341. A beautiful soft paste vase with a design of dragons and ho-he birds amidst clouds and fire emblems, from the Thomas E. Waggaman collection, went to A. Serell for $320. A tall earthenware vase of the Han period went to Oshima for $132; a peachbloom writer's water vessel to S. Chait for $330; Oshima paid $100 for another Waggaman vase, K'ang-hsi, white porcelain with copper red dragons, and the Park Avenue Studios gave $315 for a pair of jade vases with covers decorated with phoenixes and flowering shrubs in relief.

For Essex County Inquiry.

J. Henry Bacheller, President of the Ironbound Trust Company of Newark, N. J., and former Prosecutor Joseph L. Newman will investigate the financial affairs of Essex County. The appointments were made yesterday by Chief Justice Gummere on the application of twenty-five property owners, mostly members of the Federation of Improvement Associations. The investigation is to determine how the Freeholders of Essex County acted and spent money on various contracts on the Overbrook Hospital and other county institutions, and how they conducted the county's business generally. A bond of $7,500 each was required from the appointees.

Boston Stock Report.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 18.—Sales of manufacturing stocks this week in Boston were:

Sales.	Stocks.	Price.
20	Arlington Mills	109
32	Esmond Mills pf.	92
11	Great Falls Mfg. Co.	184
34	Hood Rubber Co. pf.	101¼@101½
5	Lamson & Hubbard Corp. pf.	85
268	Mass. Cotton Mills rights	10⅞@11½
3	Pepperell Mfg. Co.	205

DIVIDENDS DECLARED

The following companies announced dividends during the last week:

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Books Close.
STEAM RAILROADS.				
N. Ch. & St. L.	3½	S	Feb. 1	Jan. 23
Pere Mar. pr. pf.	1½	—	Feb. 1	*Jan. 27
Pitts. & L. E.	$2.50	—	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Reading 1st pf.	50c	Q	Mar. 13	*Feb. 25
STREET RAILWAYS.				
Caro. P. & L.	½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Cities Service	½	M	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Cities Service	1	Stk	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Do pf.	½	M	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Phila. R. T.	$1.25	—	Jan. 31	*Jan. 21
Ry. & Lt. Sec. com. & pf.	3	—	Feb. 1	*Jan. 15
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	50c	Q	Jan. 22	Jan. 14
W. P. Rys. pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1
BANK STOCKS.				
Bowery	3	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 28
Bowery	3	Ex.	Feb. 1	Jan. 28
Continental	3½	—	Feb. 1	*Jan. 27
Pacific	$1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 18
Pacific	$1	Ex.	Feb. 1	Jan. 18
TRUST COMPANIES.				
Hamilton (Bkn.)	3	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Lincoln	1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 25
FIRE INSURANCE.				
Home	12½	—	On dem.	Dec. 31
INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS				
Am. F. & Hoe.	1½	Q	Mar. 15	*Mar. 5
Do pf.	3½	—	Apr. 15	Apr. 5
Am. Sugar Ref.	1¾	Q	Apr. 2	*Mar. 1
Am. Sugar Ref.	¾	Ex.	Apr. 2	*Mar. 1
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 2	*Mar. 1
Am. Sum. Tob.	2½	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 24
Do pf.	3½	S	Mar. 1	*Feb. 14
A.W.W. & E. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Borden's C. M.	4	—	Feb. 15	*Feb. 1
Do pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 15	*Mar. 1
Do pf.	1½	Q	June 14	*May 31
Br.-Am. Tob.	6	—	Jan. 31	....
Br.-Am. Tob.	6	Int.	Jan. 31	....
Bromp. P. & P.	1½	Q	Feb. 7	Jan. 31
Burns Bros.	2½	Q	Feb. 15	*Feb. 1
Burns Bros.	2½	Stk	Feb. 15	*Feb. 1
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 20
Can. Converters	1¼	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Case (J. I.) Co.	7	—	Jan. 28	Jan. 13
Col. Fuel & I.	¾	Q	Feb. 20	Jan. 31
Do pf.	2	Q	Feb. 20	Jan. 31
Colum. G. & E.	1	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Consol. Coal	1½	Q	Jan. 31	*Jan. 24
Cramp (W.) & Sons	3	—	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Dodge S. Pul. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Dom. Bridge	2	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Du Pont de N. Powder pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 20
Eisenlohr (Otto) & Bros.	1	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Elgin N. Watch	2	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Fed. Sug. R pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 21
First Nat. Cop.	15c	—	Feb. 25	Feb. 5
Fisher Body pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 21
Fort Worth P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
Gen. Cigar	1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Goodyear Tire & Rub. 2d pf.	2	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 15
Houston Oil pf.	3	—	Feb. 1	....
Idaho Power pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 20
Marconi W. T.	25c	—	July 1	June 1
Mid. States Oil	1	M	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Mid. States Oil	8	Stk	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Midwest Oil pf.	2c	Q	Jan. 20	*Jan. 2
Nat Biscuit	1¾	Q	Apr. 15	*Mar. 31
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 28	*Feb. 15
Nat. Carbon	$1	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 21
Do pf.	2	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 21
Nat. Lead pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 21
Pac. P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 22
Packard M. C.	2	Q	Jan. 31	*Jan. 15
Pitts. Steel pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Portland Gas & Coke pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Royal Dutch	$2.11¼	—	Feb. 5	Jan. 28
Russell M. C. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 17
St. Lawrence F. Mills	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 18
St. Lawrence F. Mills	1	Ex.	Feb. 1	Jan. 18
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 18
Santa C. Sug. pf.	3½	S	Feb. 1	*Jan. 25
Sears-Roebuck	2	Q	Feb. 15	*Jan. 31
Steel Products	3	Q	Jan. 20	*Jan. 6
Texas P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
Tobacco Prod.	†1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 3
Trent. Potteries non-cum. pf.	2	Q	Jan. 25	....

*Holders of record; books do not close. †Payable in scrip.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Army orders:

Medical Corps.

Straub, Col. P. F., and Erickson, Capt. W. J., to duty in office of Surg. Gen.
Truby, Col. W. F., to Hosp. No. 11, at Cape May, N. J.
Haverkampf, Lt. Col. C. W.; Rae, Capt. T., and Barnard, 1st Lt. H. D., to Camp Fremont.
Bastion, Lt. Col. J. E., to Hosp. No. 4, at Ft. Porter.
Ashford, Lt. Col. M., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Bauman, Maj. J. W., will command Hosp. No. 37, at Madison Barracks, vice Lt. Col. C. W. Haverkampf, relieved.
Peyton, Maj. D. C., to Jeffersonville, Ind.
Friedenwald, Maj. E., to Hoboken, as a witness in a general court-martial, then to Camp Meade.
Goddard, Maj. C. H., to Hosp. No. 9, at Lakewood, N. J.
MacDonald, Maj. C. E., to Hoboken.
Landes, Capt. E. W., and Thompson, 1st Lt. R. M., hon. discharged.
Carpenter, Capt. E. A., to Hosp. No. 35, at West Baden, Ind.
Baker, Capt. R. DeW., to Hosp. No. 37, at Madison Barracks.
Wetsel, Capt. G. H., to Hosp. No. 25, at Ft. Harrison.
Bliss, Capt. R. V. N., and Guerin, 1st Lt. A. L., to Washington.
Zintsmaster, Capt. L. B., and Hooper, 1st Lt. E. L., to Army Med. School.
Mehrhof, Capt. A. C., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago, sick.
Blackmar, Capt. B. G.; Blakey, Capt. H. B.; Bauman, 1st Lt. C. S., and Pannulo, 1st Lt. J. N., to Camp Dix.
Morrow, Capt. F. H., to Ft. Crook, for discharge.
Caldwell, Capt. H. C., and Graboff, 1st Lt. F., to Camp Sherman.
Reedy, Capt. E. S., and Fox, 1st Lt. M. C., to Camp Lewis.
Chipman, Capt. E. D., to Letterman Hosp., for discharge.
MacKenzie, Capt. W. W.; Pyles, Capt. R. H., and Thorpe, Capt. A. C., to Letterman Hosp.
Paul, Capt. T. M., to Hosp. No. 24, at Pittsburgh.
Cowen, 1st Lt. L. B., to Hosp. No. 36, at Detroit.
Kimble, 1st Lt. F. A., to Camp Dodge.
Jacobsohn, 1st Lt. V. J., to Camp Greene.
Clark, 1st Lt. E. F., to Camp Gordon.
Rogers, 1st Lt. J. E., to Camp Custer.
Dorger, 1st Lt. P. H., to Camp Sherman.
Wright, 1st Lt. H. J., to Camp Kearny.
Newman, 1st Lt. L., and Sampson, 1st Lt. E. F., to Camp Taylor.
Thomas, Capt. R. E.; Rosenthal, 1st Lt. L. V., and Trethaway, 1st Lt. L. E., to Camp Travis.
Wessel, 1st Lt. P. H., to Hosp. No. 28, at Fort Sheridan.
Ashbaugh, 1st Lt. G. A., to Camp Devens.
Barnard, 1st Lt. H. D., to Camp Fremont.
Nevitt, Capt. R. R.; Chilcott, 1st Lt. I. H., and Miller, 1st Lt. B. B., to Camp Beauregard.

Engineers.

Cooke, Maj. C. E.; Stern, Maj. E. W.; Mollenkopf, Capt. J. F., and Keays, Capt. W. J., will report to Chief of Engs.
Anderson, Col. W. D. A., to Montgomery, Ala.
Brown, Col. C. H., assigned to 218th, at Camp Travis.
Maniagton, Maj. J. A., will report to comdg. off. at Letterman Hosp. for treatment.
Given, Capt. R. A., to Chicago.
Labarre, Capt. R. V., to Camp Humphreys.
Ullrich, Capt. A. R., will report to Director of the Purchase, Storage, and Traffic Div.
Cooper, Capt. D. R., and Morris, 1st Lt. W. S., to Camp Sheridan.
Hillard, 1st Lt. J. A., and England, 1st Lt. J. H., to Washington Barracks.

Veterinary Corps.

Turner, Maj. W. G., assigned to 9th Div., at Camp Sheridan.
O'Hara, Capt. E. J., to Camp Bowie.
Meador, Capt. D. J., to Camp Kearny.
Bartholomees, Capt. G. E., to Camp Beauregard as veterinarian.
Gage, Capt. F. B., to Camp Lewis.
Heinz, 1st Lt. W. C., to Fort Jay.
Seaver, 1st Lt. G. H., to Camp Lewis.

Infantry.

Reese, Col. C. E., will report to Chief of Staff.
McClure, 1st Lt. C. I., and Ervin, 1st Lt. R. G., appointed permanently to Regular Army.
Procter, 1st Lt. J. M., and Cheney, 1st Lt. J. Y., hon. discharged.
Coar, Maj. S. F., to San Francisco.
Jones, Maj. R. E., will report to Chief of Motor Transp. Corps.
Opperman, Maj. I. A., to Camp Grant.
Harding, Maj. J. W., and Scott, 1st Lt. E. F., to San Francisco.
Wheeler, Maj. E. E., to New York.
Patterson, Maj. M., and Lowe, Capt. M., to Atlanta, Ga.
Clemens, Maj. F. C., to Camp Meade.
Elwell, Maj. A. F., and Dibblee, 1st Lt. H. J., to Boston.
Arnold, Capt. P. M., to Chicago.
Peters, Capt. W. L., to Newport.
Poore, Capt. J. G., to Washington.
Cotter, Capt. J. P., to Chillicothe, Ohio.
Congdon, Capt. E. C., to Chicago, for discharge.
Cooper, Capt. P. V., assigned to 13th Div. at Camp Lewis.
Keister, Capt. G. A., to Camp Custer.
Curtis, Capt. F. R., retired, from active service with rank of Major.
Seeley, Capt. W. S., and Collins, Capt. J. K., to New Orleans.
Payne, 1st Lt. S. C., assigned to 40th Inf. at Camp Gordon.
Ladue, 1st Lt. R. E., assigned to 13th Inf. at Camp Merritt.
Howard, 1st Lt. J. E., to Fort Oglethorpe.

Quartermaster Corps.

Strickler, Lt. Col. G. B.; McDonald, Capt. M. G.; Ackerson, Capt. F. L., and Keene, Capt. J. C., to Wash.
Greene, Maj. C. H.; Grace, Capt. W. S.; Llewellyn, Capt. R. C.; Eastman, Capt. G. C., and Talbot, Capt. K. H., will report to Chief of Const. Div.
Reeves, Maj. C. H., to Camp Cody as off. in charge of utilities.
Poland, Maj. A. A., to Camp Meade as asst. div. qm.
Fuller, Maj. G. R., to Fort Monroe.
Rausch, Maj. L. V., to Camp Shelby as off. in charge of utilities.
McGree, Capt. J. L., to Camp Dix.
Renwick, Capt. R., to Philadelphia.
Lavy, Capt. D. F., to Camp Hancock, as off. in charge of utilities.
Kelly, Capt. J. F., Jr.; Marsh, Capt. A. R.; Stureman, Capt. R. V., and Munroe, Capt. J. J., to New York.
Biggert, Capt. J. Y., to Gen. Hosp., No. 35, at West Baden.
Ostergren, Capt. R. C., to West Baden.
Parker, Capt. E. C., to Hoboken, N. J.
Renwick, Capt. W. R., to Camp Knox.
Storey, Capt. J. M., to Camp Humphreys as off. in charge of const.
Harralson, 1st Lt. M. K., will report to Chief of Motor Transp. Corps.
Muse, 1st Lt. J. P., to Atlanta, Ga.
Mackinnon, 1st Lt. W. R., to St. Louis.

Ordnance.

Buist, Maj. J. S.; Rickard, Capt. F. A.; Angle, Capt. L. E., and Watson, 1st Lt. C. W., to Hammonton, N. J.
Leach, Capt. E. D., and Demerritt, 1st Lt. H. S., will report to Chief of Ord.
Hamilton, Capt. R. D., to New York.
Starke, Capt. I. B., to Mays Landing, N. J.
Bement, Capt. E. D., to Boston.
Hay, Capt. E. N., and Symington, E. D., to Washington.

Cavalry.

Tompkins, Col. F. F., assigned to 16th Cav. at Mercedes, Texas.
Munro, Col. J. N., will assume command of 4th Cav. at Ft. Ringgold.
Volmer, 1st Lt. A.; Sabin, 1st Lt. J. F., and Turner, 1st Lt. T. M., permanently appointed to Regular Army.

Signal Corps.

Lawson, Maj. H. H., to Camp Meade.
Gikelson, Maj. A. H., to Aberdeen in command of 271st Service Squadron.

Dental Corps.

Stout, Capt. R. A., to Army Gen. Hosp. 14 at Ft. Oglethorpe.
Harrigan, 1st Lt. C. W., to Army Gen. Hosp. 11 at Cape May, N. J.
Wilson, 1st Lt. M. W., to Army Gen. Hosp. 32 at Chicago.
Walters, 1st Lt. R. W., will report to Surg. Gen.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Koch, Col. T., to Ft. Screven.
Willet, Lt. Col. M. B., will report to Chief of Staff.
Cooper, Lt. Col., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Ft. Totten.
Perkins, Maj. R. M., will report to Cmdg. Gen. Ft. Monroe.
Rose, Lt. Col. W. W., to North Atlantic C. A. District.
Muehlhause, Capt. A., to Ft. Howard.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Heritage, Maj. A. M.; Elaby, Capt. A. G.; Wetherbee, Capt. A. U.; Demarest, Capt. F. M.; McGhee, 1st Lt. B. D.; Killam, 1st Lt. L. L.; and Thomas, 1st Lt. R. W., to Baltimore, to Edgewood Arsenal.
Meeker, Capt. L. A.; Bedford, Capt. E. T.; Klauber, 1st Lt. M., and Emory, 1st Lt. S. R., to New York and report to off. in charge of Gas Defense Div.

Field Artillery.

Bunn, Lt. Col. H. W., assigned to 12th Ammunition Train, at Camp McClellan.
Yancy, Maj. S. R., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Hoboken.
Anderson, Maj. E. L., assigned to 43d.
McAlpine, Maj. F. C., assigned to 40th.
Bowman, Capt. H. C., and Fray, Capt. J. M., assigned to 48th.
Avent, 1st Lt. J. M., and Mangum, 1st Lt. R. G., assigned to 54th.
Brush, Capt. O. G., to Ft. Sill.
Tipton, Capt. F. B., and Cherry, 1st Lt. F. I., assigned to 56th.
Pickey, Capt. D. O.; Cohen, 1st Lt. H. R.; Joyner, 1st Lt. W. R.; Argo, 1st Lt. E. Y.; Dowell, 1st Lt. J., and Cato, 1st Lt. J. H., to Ft. Sill, School of Fire.
Offer, 1st Lt. I. D., assigned to 49th.
McLaren, 1st Lt. R. A., to Presidio of San Francisco for discharge.
Arnold, 1st Lt. T. W., 35th, to New Orleans.

Air Service.

Day, Col. C. R., to Little Rock and assume command aviation genl. supply depot.
Heard, Lt. Col. J. W., to Garden City, N. Y.
Garrison, Maj. W. H., Jr., assume command aviation genl. supply depot at Middletown, Penn.
Butts, Maj. J. W., to Americus, Ga.
Bovard, Maj. W. B., hon. discharged.
Abel, 1st Lt. G. R., to Cornell Univ.
Wilcox, Capt. A. M., and Hine, 1st Lt. W. H., to Barron Field.
Goldblatt, Capt. B., to New York.
Carruthers, Capt. W. H., to Rockwell Field.
Johnson, 1st Lt. L. H., to Wash., for discharge.
Sizer, 1st Lt. T., to Wash.

Sanitary Corps.

Berg, Capt. W. N., to Camp Lee.
Gregory, 1st Lt. J. P., will report to Surg. Gen.
Hunter, 1st Lt. F. M., to Army Hosp. No. 2, at Fort McHenry.
Capers, 1st Lt. E., Jr., to Walter Reed Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Motor Transport Corps.

Bailey, Lt. Col. ?. F., to Motor Transport Office at Fort Sill.
Robertson, Maj. D. H., will report to Chief of Motor Transport Corps.
Longacre, Capt. C., to Camp Holabird.
Sherrill, Capt. L. C., to Chicago.
Myers, Capt. J. E., to Cleveland.
Gilger, 1st Lt. L. C., will report to Dist. Motor Transport Off. at Chicago.

Miscellaneous.

Donnelly, Maj. R. J., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., and Henry, Capt. A. A., U. S. A., hon. discharged.
Vance, Maj. Z. B., U. S. A., ret., relieved from active duty.
Roper, Maj. J. G., Judge Adv., will report to Judge Adv. Gen.
Emerson, Capt. H. J., to San Antonio and Fort Worth, Texas.
Crowley, Capt. C. F., to Boston, Mass.
O'Neill, 1st Lt. J. J., to San Francisco, Cal.
Kane, 1st Lt. G., and King, 1st Lt. D., Inf., U. S. A., assts. to the Mil. Attache at Berne, Switzerland, detailed on temporary duty with Peace Commission at Paris.

Resignations.

Corbin, 1st Lt. R. A.; McGarty, 1st Lt. M. A., and Bell, 1st Lt. L. H., M. C.
Wood, 1st Lt. B. W., (Temp. Capt.,) and Dix, 1st Lt. A. A., Inf.
McChesney, 1st Lt. W. J., Jr., Cav.
Timmis, 1st Lt. W. W., Inf.
Canester, 1st Lt. J. S., C. A.
Meredith, 1st Lt. B., Inf.
Pike, 1st Lt. S. T., C. A.

Leaves.

Nygaard, Capt. J. R., C. A., 15 days.
Skillern, Lt. Col. R. H., M. C., 30 days.
Eisenschmidt, Maj. C. R., Inf., extended 10 days.
Carmack, Maj. J. F., Inf., 90 days.
Bengert, Maj. F. E., Qm. C., extended 15 days.
Mumford, Capt. E. B., M. C., 14 days.
Wood, Capt. F. J., M. C., 10 days.
Ntenstadt, Capt. W. F., M. C., extended 30 days.
Mehrhof, Capt. A. G., M. C., extended 30 days.
Insinger, Capt. F. N., Cav., 3 months.
Quarles, 1st Lt. R. E., F. A., 10 days.
Walter, 1st Lt. H. K., M. T. C., 3 months.
Hart, 1st Lt. E. P., O. A., 13 days.
MacNaill, 1st Lt. J. P., C. A., 10 days.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 18.—Twenty-six new corporations, with aggregate capitalization of $823,200, were chartered today. They include:

Richard Wagner Co., Inc., Manhattan, marine supplies, $75,000; W. Lindberg, L. and H. Wagner, 343 6th Av., Brooklyn.

Photographic Art Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; C. H. Guise, H. and W. H. Townsend, Lynbrook.

Allison, Eddy & Co., Manhattan, commission, purchasing and selling agency, $25,000; A. M. Stevens, E. E. and C. R. Allison, 111 Broadway.

Acie Elevator Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. N. and M. M. and A. I. Schiff, 65 Nagle Av.

P. J. McCormack, Inc., Manhattan, auto and garage business; $10,000; O. P. Lumsden, S. J. Quinn, D. J. McCormack, 845 West 55th St.

Naylon Drug Stores, Buffalo, $15,000; P. H. Brown, E. P. Widmer, W. J. Naylon, Buffalo.

Graham & Kohn, Inc., Manhattan, dry goods business, $10,000; M. Smith, L. S. Ehrich, W. W. Graham, 1,182 Broadway.

S. T. & H. Bakery and Lunch Co., Manhattan, $5,000; I. Stampler, M. Teitel, H. Handman, 70 Orchard St.

Victory Clothing Mfg. Co., Manhattan, men's clothing, $15,000; G. Gilman, I. Rosenthal, C. Mack, 223 Broome St.

Rockford Fan Co., Utica, $100,000; W. H. Clive, W. F. Bond, M. Rockford, Utica.

Acme Dyestuff Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. and S. S. Roth, B. F. Lippold, 113 West 85th St.

The Peerless Smoking Jacket Co., Manhattan, $95,000; B. T., and M. W. Epstein, 314 West 100th St.

The Spanish Vogue Co., Manhattan, publishing business, $200,000; G. B. Sleigh, H. H. Van Aken, M. De Witt, 287 East 18th St., Brooklyn.

Franck Army Band Veterans, Inc., Manhattan, musical, $5,000; H. H. Allen, R. G. Hernder, F. T. Kintzing, 65 West 35th St.

Yorkville Natural Ice Co., Manhattan, $6,000; R. Gaudielo, V. Toto, C. Castoro, 1,269 2d Av.

Webro Importing Co., Manhattan, linens, $5,000; J., C., and S. W. Weinberg, 420 West 130th St.

Sedan Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; W. L. Rosan, J. H. Zeiser, A. Bauman, 534 Grand St.

J. H. Raynor & Co., importers and exporters, Manhattan, $150,000; E. H. L. Stonington, H. D. Leary, W. U. Goodbody, 55 Broadway.

Merit Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; W. L. Rosan, J. H. Zeiser, A. Bauman, 534 Grand St.

Universal Tire Repair Co., Lynbrook, $5,000; S. A. Davison, E. G. Darmstadt, E. E. Blakeley, Lynbrook.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Franklin Piano Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $500.

Holmes & Son, Manhattan, $10,000 to $500.

Armstrong Piano Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $500.

Foster-Armstrong Co., Rochester, $1,700,000 to $1,000.

Marshall & Wendell Piano Co., Albany, $50,000 to $500.

Brewster Piano Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $500.

Cahaswacta Knitting Co., Sherbourne, $50,000 to $10,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Gus Urwitz Co., Manhattan, to Crawford-Garnet Co., Inc.

United Booking Offices, Manhattan, to B. F. Keith Vaudeville Exchange.

DISSOLUTIONS.

I. W. Friedman & Co., Manhattan.
Scheldna Realty Corp., Manhattan.
Empire Bakers' Specialty Co., Manhattan.
J. B. Nitchie, Inc., White Plains.
Mildred Pure Food Co., Manhattan.
E. I. Horsman Co., Manhattan.
W. H. Fitzpatrick Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 18.—Charters filed: Fidelity Painting and Decorating Co., Paterson, $25,000; Henry H. Meritt, Clifford R. Bogert, Isadore Koggan, Paterson.

Ravenswood Farm Dairy Co., Morristown, $125,000; Louis B. Weeks, Walter C. Weeks, William A. Snudden, Morristown.

Forest Electric Co., Arlington, $15,000; James K. Elderin, John W. Oliver, Newark; Daniel T. Dobyns, East Orange.

Metals Development Co., electric castings, Newark, $25,000; Blasius Hart, Newark; Henry Escher, Jr., Summit; Lawson R. Jones, Brooklyn.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 18.—Charters filed: Rockwell Oil Co., $2,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Okatox Oil and Development Co., $1,000,000; incorporators same as above.

Great West Oil Co., $1,000,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. McFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, of Philadelphia.

United States Oil Shale and Refining Co., $1,000,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell, of Wilmington.

Hotel Realty Co., $750,000; Hobart K. Bowman, W. J. E. Stokes, Newton A. K. Hughes, all of Trenton, N. J.

The Texas Securities Co., $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Charter Service Corp., trust company business, $100,000; F. W. Dennis, E. G. Johnson, J. F. Cleveland, all of New York.

Interstate Co-operative Corp., stock raising business, $100,000; Walter E. Powell, M. E. Doto, J. H. Tars, of Wilmington.

Alpher-Kur-Greenberg Co., jewelry, watches, optical goods of all kinds, $75,000; Benjamin Alpher, Herman Kur, Benjamin Greenberg, all of Washington, D. C.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The storm central over Eastern Tennessee Friday night moved rapidly northeastward, and Saturday night its centre was south of Cape Cod. It will continue to move in the same general direction.

Another storm, over British Columbia, is moving eastward.

Rain fell during the last twenty-four hours in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, Tennessee, and in the Pacific States, except Southern California, and there were snow flurries in the upper lake region.

The weather remains unseasonably warm in all parts of the country.

Indications are that the weather will be generally fair Sunday and Monday east of the Mississippi River, although with considerable cloudiness in the lake region.

Temperature will be somewhat lower Sunday in the lake region, the Ohio Valley, and the North Atlantic States, but no unseasonably cold weather is indicated for any part of the country east of the Mississippi during the next two days.

Winds for Sunday and Monday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh northwest with generally fair weather; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate west, fair; South Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate west, fair.

FORECAST—TODAY AND MONDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair in the south, cloudy in the north portion, with somewhat lower temperature Sunday; Monday, fair.

Southern New England—Fair and somewhat colder Sunday; Monday, fair.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Sunday and Monday, with moderate temperature.

Western New York—Cloudy, with somewhat lower temperature Sunday; Monday, fair.

Northern New England—Cloudy and colder Sunday, probably with rain or snow in eastern Maine; Monday, fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	29	46	4 P. M.	35	41
6 A. M.	30	42	6 P. M.	31	42
9 A. M.	32	42	9 P. M.	27	41
12 M.	33	43	11 P. M.	28	39

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 42; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 41; at 8 P. M. it was 42. Maximum temperature, 46 degrees at 3:15 A. M.; minimum, 39 degrees at 2:30 P. M. Humidity, 81 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 94 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.72 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.68 inches.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Forecast:
N. C. and S. C.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
Ga., Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
Ohio—Cloudy Sun.; fair Mon.
Ind.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
Mich.—Cloudy and colder Sun.; fair Mon.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
2:15	345 E. 31 St.; Kegell Realty Co.	Slight
3:45	31 E. 49 St.; Michael Corbin	Slight
3:50	2,062 Lexington Av.; A. Ungar	Slight
5:15	427 E. 137 St.; not given	Slight
5:15	519 W. 34 St.; Haywood Bros.	Slight
6:00	62 Washington St.; M. Teen	Not given
8:35	2 Av. & 59 St.; 2d Av. elevated railroad train	Slight
9:10	176 Wooster St.; Isador Shipper	$10,000
9:35	519 W. 161 St., (auto;) Morris Gules	Not given
10:00	710 3 Av.; Victor Frusch	Slight
10:40	409 E. 106 St.	Not given
11:00	148 W. 142 St.; not given	Slight
P. M.		
1:35	41 E. 93 St.; D. Holsted	Slight
2:33	239 E. 108 St.; not given	Slight
4:45	60 7 St.; Dr. Joseph Friedman	Slight
5:00	3,618 Willet Av.; John Deone	$30
8:00	5 Fletcher St.; Smith & Nicholas	None
7:50	33 Bainbridge Av.; (auto,) James Ramsey	Slight
7:35	337 Canal St.; Pritt, Relsman & Sanders	Slight
10:30	114-116 E. 71 St.; Wm. Lehey	Slight
10:25	22 Manhattan St.; Parter & Co.	Slight
11:30	400 St. Nicholas Av.; A. Levy	Slight

Police Department News.

Transfers and assignments to take effect 12:01 A. M., Jan. 22: Sergts. John Twillman, from 88th to 98th; Louis Wagner, from 88 to 94th; William Young, from 94th to 88th; John Farrell, from 98th to 88th. To take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 20: Corporals M. J. Kelly, from 1st to 5th; Alfred Rawson, from 5th to 1st. Bicycle Patrolman C. A. Timony, 76th, assignment changed from bicycle duty to patrol duty. To take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 19: Patrol. Alexander McGivney, from 79th to 89th, assigned to duty as attendant; Julius Leck, from 89th to 23d, assignment to duty as attendant continued. To take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 20. Assigned as Corporals in precincts indicated: 7th Insp. Dist., G. G. Vosatka, 45; William Dunn, 45; E. L. Kepko, 46; Patrick Kelleher, 47; J. J. Moynihan, 49; J. A. Lyons, 50; J. A. Haggerty, 50; Adam Spies, Jr., 45; Patrick Toohey, 46; Charles Humbeutel, 46; John Sullivan, 49; W. F. McKiernan, 49; James Nolan, 50; C. G. Weiss, from 46th to 47th; Francis Curran, from 49th to 47th.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. E. A. Malloy, 46th, from 7:30 A. M., Jan. 1, to 8 P. M., Jan. 4; Michael McNeeley, 101st, from 11:20 P. M., Dec. 12, during disability; James Trainor, 113th, from 3:30 P. M., Jan. 11, during disability; J. F. Nilan, Traffic Div. Sub. C, from 8:10 A. M., Jan. 9, during disability; Frank Sadio, Traffic Div. Motorcycle Squad No. 2, from 4 P. M., Nov. 23, to noon, Dec. 2.

Education Notes.

The graduation exercises of Washington Irving High School will be held in the school auditorium, 40 Irving Place, at 8:15 P. M. on Jan. 28. The theme of the exercises will be a girl's place in reconstruction problems. A trilogy will be enacted showing civilization, peace, and final reconstruction. Thomas W. Churchill will be the speaker of the evening. His subject will also bear on after-the-war questions. The graduating class numbers about 560.

With the opening of the February term, the Julia Richman High School will again offer an intensive one-term course in commercial subjects to students who have been graduated from academic high schools or from colleges. This course is known as the post-high school secretarial course. It offers stenography, typewriting, office practice, business organization, and commercial English.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that two afternoon classes in English and citizenship be established at 437 Dumont Avenue, Brooklyn.

A mass meeting will be held this week of the Washington Heights High School League in the assembly hall of Public School 132, Wadsworth Avenue and 182d Street, at which a demand will be made for the immediate erection of a high school. It is expected that Borough President Dowling, Alderman Friedman, David E. Goldfarb, Chairman of Local School Board 22, and others will speak.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

LOUIS DAVIDOW, dealer in dry goods at 171 First Avenue.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by the following creditors: Margaret Rimmel, $450; Isidore Zwibel, $400, and Isidore Haendler, $539. Judge Mayer has appointed William M. Byrne receiver in $500 bond. The liabilities are said to be $35,000 and the assets $2,500 to $3,000.

PETER J. CONRAN, a saloon keeper at 327 East Forty-second Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $13,471 and no assets. James Everard Breweries is a creditor for $12,729.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Acieral Co. of America—S. Salomon et al.	$553.32
Same—Same	1,982.96
Same—Same	1,652.26
Same—Same	763.53
Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban R. R. Co.—City of N. Y.	4,371.84
Same—Same	6,059.10
Chase H. Stanley—L. D. Brooks	6,689.71
Donnelly, Thomas, (Donnelly Bros.)—T. J. Plunkett & Sons	273.60
Daires, William—M. E. Kern	1,270.34
Finkelstein, Michael, (Annette Shop)—S. Weiss	592.60
Feldman, Abraham and Isaac M.—I. Ruch	446.05
Katz, Louis—S. Kaimsky	209.71
Kutzen, Max—C. Friedman	242.37
Lambert, Frank M.—T. J. Plunkett & Sons	126.10
Levinson, Moe—L. Rosenthal	107.40
Leonard, William J. and Harry L. Bloodgood, (W. J. Leonard & Co.)—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.	287.80
Light, Herman S.—Lafayette Drug and Chemical Mfg. Co.	4,125.15
Merkels, Leonard—Koch, Inc.	652.23
National Bank of Commerce in N. Y.—First National Bank	8,741.89
Narrisenfeld, Max—A. Gams	203.37
Olarsky, Morris, (Queen Skirt Co.)—Rusch & Co.	479.31
Patterson, Mrs. Lovell C.—J. Wiener	316.69
Pacific Const. Co.—J. G. Siegel	347.15
Reinle, Albert F.—V. Loewers Gambrinus Brewery Co.	1,174.98
Thomas H. Buckley Const. Co.—Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corp.	741.96
Union Mfg. Co.—Friedman Co.	2,128.45
Victor, Benjamin—M. Meyers et al.	150.70

In Bronx County.

Better, Isaac—M. Inbender	$170.72
Duggan, Thomas—M. S. Duggan	3,481.92
Dunn, Michael—C. Murphy	230.22
Fierro, Concetta—Lion Brewery of N. Y. C.	1,480.45
Serotte, Benjamin and Samuel—Empire Butter & Egg Co.	128.94
Weinstein, Irving and National Surety Co.—People State of N. Y.	10,000.00

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Beadine, Morris—J. G. Elkin, Dec. 10, 1918	$275.30
Eckerson, William C.—Marbleoid Co., Nov. 18, 1915	122.66
Mehling, Julius—E. E. Brill, Sept. 11, 1917	2,966.61
M. R. Williams & Co.—H. Jenkins, June 14, 1916	2,487.95
Tredennick, Mark C.—T. C. Clark et al., June 10, 1916	2,790.65
Altkrug, Julius—William Whitman Co., July 5, 1917 (reversed)	2,682.73

In Bronx County.

Cohen, George; Sarah Cohen and Midas Amusement Co.—Cosmopolitan Bank Oct. 2, 1918	450.93
Cohen, George, and Sarah Cohen and P. & B. Amusement Corp.—same, Oct. 2, 1918	612.46

Alsace and Lorraine Restored.

Description of the Paris demonstration celebrating the return to France of the lost provinces, in the January number of Current History Magazine. Published monthly by The New York Times Company, 25 cents a copy—$3 a year by mail.—Advt.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........7:17 | Sun sets........4:57

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:39	10:10	3:35	4:04
Governors Island	10:16	10:50	4:15	4:45
Hell Gate	0:02	12:12	6:32	6:54

Arrived—Saturday, Jan. 18.

U. S. S. South Dakota, Brest, Jan. 8.
U. S. S. Montana, Brest, Jan. 6.
U. S. T. President Grant, Brest, Jan. 4.
SS Advance, Colon, Jan. 12.
SS Lake Gormania, Cienfuegos, Jan. 9.
SS Oshkosh, Balboa, Jan. 8.
SS Mentor, Liverpool, Jan. 6.
SS Pinemore, Cardiff, Jan. 1.
SS Lampasas, Galveston, Jan. 12.
SS Santa Tecla, Valparaiso, Jan. 13.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Wilhelmina	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Tasmanic	Cape Town	Dec. 10
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 20
Tapajos	Bahia	Dec. 17
Suffolk	St. Nazaire	Jan. 6
Goentoia	Plymouth	Jan. 8
Giuseppi Verdi	Gibraltar	Jan. 16
Lapland	Brest	Jan. 10
De Kalb	Brest	Jan. 7
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 3
DUE TOMORROW.		
Cretic	Brest	Jan. 8
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Pueblo	Brest	Jan. 7
DUE TUESDAY.		
Calabria	Rotterdam	Jan. 2
Carlsholm	Rotterdam	Jan. 3
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
Rochambeau	Bordeaux	Jan. 9
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
General Goethals	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Communipaw	Rouen	Jan. 2
Suriname	La Pallice	Jan. 6

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Louisville, (cruiser,) Brest		12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Allianca, Cristobal	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
Justin, Para	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Lake Louisee, Havana	5:30 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
San Giorgio, Genoa	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Winifredian, Liverpool	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Clan Kennedy, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Inca, Haiti	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Steinstad, B'nos Aires	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Irtysh, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Nieuw Amsterdam, Falmouth	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tennyson, Rio Janeiro	8:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verona, Savanilla	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Charybdis, Bermuda	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Smaragd, Jamaica	2:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Juno, Haiti	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Iroquois, S. Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Georgeanna Weems, Guadeloupe	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Charlton Hall, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Belgic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Owego, Genoa	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Gulfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saga, Rio Janeiro	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stavangeren, Martinique	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

By Wireless.

SS Wilhelmina, incoming from Brest, was signaled; due Sunday forenoon.

SS Lapland, incoming from Liverpool, was signaled; due Sunday, about noon.

U. S. Hospital Ship Comfort, incoming from Plymouth, was signaled; due Sunday afternoon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Carmania, at Liverpool, Jan. 17.
SS Pacific, at Rio Janeiro, Jan. 15.
SS Crofton Hall, at Buenos Aires, Jan. 14.
SS Keresan, at Barbados, Jan. 14.
SS Hollandia, at Falmouth, Jan. 17.
SS Norden, at Gibraltar, Jan. 16.
SS Escaut, at Rotterdam, Jan. 16.
SS Arakan, at Bordeaux, Jan. 17.

Sailed.

SS Maui, from Bordeaux, Jan. 17.
SS Rotti, from Lacasar, Jan. 8.
SS Onton, from Barcelona, Jan. 10.
SS Holbrock, from Brest, Jan. 15.
SS British Star, from London, Jan. 14.
SS Galileo, from Queenstown, Jan. 17.
SS Cadillac, from Plymouth, Jan. 17.

Passed.

SS Carlow Castle, New York for St. Helens, passed Portland Bill.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Jan. 21, SS Winifredian; at 8:30 A. M. Jan. 22, Nieuw Amsterdam; at 7 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Belgic, and at 7 A. M. Jan. 27, SS Lapland.

France and Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.

Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Owego.

Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Goa.

Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6:30 P. M. daily.

Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura ....Jan. 30

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura..Jan. 31

Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline ....Jan. 31

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

The Civil Service.

City.

The eligible list for medical superintendent, Grade 5, Seaview Hospital, is as follows: Nelson Thompson, 88.60; Ceza Kremer, 84.60.

Applications are being issued by the commission for hostler in the Street Cleaning Department. The salary is $1,017.25 per year.

Applications are also being issued for asphalt laborer. They cannot be filed before Jan. 28. The salary is from $3.25 to $3.50 a day.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for men, on Jan. 27, for filling vacancies in the positions of clerk and carrier in the New York Post Office. A large number of appointments will be made. The entrance salary is $1,000 a year with annual promotion, depending on efficiency and faithfulness, up to a maximum of $1,500 a year. The examinations consists of spelling, arithmetic, letter writing, penmanship, copying from plain copy, and reading addresses. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth, but not their forty-fifth birthdays on the date of the examination. The medical certificate on the application blank must be executed by a reputable physician of recognized standing.

Auctions.

CLARKE'S 5 West 44th Street
Opposite Sherry's.
NOW ON FREE VIEW
Modern Paintings
By the Most Gifted and Popular French and American Artists
The Combined Collections of
J. Stuart White, Esq., LLD.
(founder of the Berkeley School),
and
Mrs. Almira S. Knopf
removed from the gallery of her home, No. 99 Riverside Drive.
To Be Sold by Auction on
Tues. & Wed., Jan. 21 & 22
each evening at 8:15.
A Superb Example by
Ridgeway Knight
An Impressive and Important Work by
Gustave Dore
Two Gems by Horatio Walker
Desirable and Representative Works by
Fritz Thaulow, A. H. Wyant, Theodore Weber, R. A. Blakelock, Leo Herrman, Geo. H. Bogert, E. Foubert, Edward Moran, Goubie, H. P. Smith, Berne-Bellecour, Arthur Parton, E. Sanchez-Perrier.
See Complete Catalogue.
EXHIBITION. OPENING SATURDAY, JANUARY 25,
Antique & Modern Appointments of unusually varied interest to be sold by order of
Lady Colebrook,
Mrs. Theodore A. Dodge,
and Charles Hopkins, Esq.
Also a consignment of Charming Painted Furniture from the
Osgood Painted Furniture Co.
on the Afternoons of January 29, 30, 31 and Feb. 1st.
The Sales Will Be Conducted by
MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE

ON VIEW TOMORROW
PLAZA ART ROOMS, Inc.
5-7 East 59th St. (Near 5th Av.)
Edward P. O'Reilly, Auctioneer.
AN AUCTION SALE OF
FINE FURS
DUE TO THE OPEN AND UNSEASONABLE WINTER
By order of
N. JORDAN
the well-known fur expert, of this city.
Disposing of his entire stock, which is removed from his place of business, 5 West 58th Street, to the Plaza Art Rooms for convenience of sale, where they will be sold at public Auction,
CONSISTING OF
Ladies' Coats, Scarfs, Muffs, Capes and Stoles in Sable, Ermine, Broadtail, Mink, Mole, Hudson Seal, Silver Fox, etc., etc. Automobile Coats and Robes, Mounted Wild Animal Rug, as Polar Bears, Tiger, &c.
MODEL IN ATTENDANCE.
Sale Days: Wednesday, Thursday, Friday & Saturday, Jan. 22, 23, 24 & 25, at 3 P. M. Each Day.
Also on Friday Evening, Jan. 24, at 8:15 o'Clock
A Collection of Books from the Library of the late
W. N. COOPER
CONSISTING OF FINE EDITIONS OF STANDARD WORKS.
Catalogue on Application.

ON VIEW MONDAY TO WEDNESDAY
at the Galleries of the
Fifth Avenue Auction Rooms
333-341 Fourth Ave. Cor. 25th Street
A very Attractive Collection of
Artistic Furniture
The property of several Prominent Individuals and Estates including a superb Drawing Room Suite and Odd Pieces of the Louis XIX, XV, & Renaissance Periods, also valuable specimens of Spanish and Italian Cabinetry, Carrara Marble Group by Professor Fraili, Aeolian Orchestrelle with motor attached; Chiseled Andirons and Wall Brackets.
Valuable Oil Paintings
by Edwin Lord Weeks and Other Artists of Note.
Oriental Carpets and Rugs of superior quality and colorings. Also
Modern Home Appointments
Including Boudoir Suits, upholstered Davenports and Easy Chairs, beautiful Carved Teakwood Furniture, Hall Clock, Chinese Porcelains and many other objects for home use and adornment.
TO BE SOLD on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, January 23, 24 and 25, from two o'clock each day.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auct'r.

ON EXHIBITION WITH DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES
Tomorrow, Monday, Jan. 20th, 1919,
special peremptory sale of the entire stock of
SHONINGER BROS.
In Liquidation
Inventoried at over $250,000.00
On Tuesday, Jan. 21st, and Wednesday, Jan. 22d, 1919,
at 10:30 A. M. each day on the premises
881 Broadway (at 19th St.) N. Y. C.
This offering will comprise in part complete lines of
Valenciennes, Venice, Net ton, Calais, Nottingham, St. Gall, and domestic laces; also a large asst. of Paris and Lyons Novelty, metal and beaded laces; also a large quantity of chiffons, georgettes, nets, white goods, etc., etc., all in original packages.
Also quantity of merchandise in bond.
The reputation of this firm for carrying high-class goods has been supreme for years, and the quantities of merchandise included in this offering are of such magnitude and variety that every up-to-date concern in the United States should be represented at this sale.
The Entire Fixtures
(all cabinet work), consisting of over 200 hardwood tables, partitions, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, about a dozen Oriental and domestic rugs, and contents of the shipping department, will be sold on Wednesday, Jan. 22nd, P. M.
A. SCHAAP AND SONS AUCTION DEPT.
334 Broadway, N. Y. C.
Phone Franklin 42-43.

TOURS.

California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.
398 B'way, 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin

INSTRUCTION.

Montessori Teachers Trained
Child Education Foundation
128 West 74th Street
New York City.
Classes Open February 1, 1919.
Only authorized school in America.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

DISTRICT SALES MANAGER WANTED.

We are engaged in marketing a nationally advertised efficiency device on an exclusive territorial contract basis. This article is in natural and ever-growing demand and has the indorsement of leading industrial concerns. Preparations practically completed to place this article on the market with other specialties of equal merit.

There is an opening in our sales force for a really big man in the selling field who has mature experience without having arrived at the point where he has lost his punch, and which extends through actual experience over a period of years closing territorial agency contracts on a merchandise purchase basis.

Earnings $10,000 per year net minimum. This is a traveling proposition on a really worth while commission basis. The type of man we want needs no drawing account. On the other hand, no investment by him is required or desired.

Unless you can fill the bill as above do not apply.

THE STANDARD APPLIANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA, INC.,
376-380 Lafayette St., New York City.

SUCCESS IN 1919 FOR AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS

calls for a high-powered sales organization: one with vision and courage and a record for results.

Our sales force of over 50 is already covering pretty much all the domestic and some of the foreign field. We are not merely counselors—we actually sell the goods—your entire output. We act as your sales force, work in your name, build your good-will. We would like to meet two or three more responsible manufacturers who appreciate the value of a ready-made, efficient sales organization.

ALLEN SALES SERVICE, INC.,
347 MADISON AV., NEW YORK.

Private camp for sale; foothills of the Berkshires, 35 acres woodland, 45 acres under cultivation; fine roads and drives, complete set buildings, all improvements, steam heat, electricity, vacuum system; main building containing 8 master bedrooms, baths, thermo baths, elegantly furnished, ready for occupancy; private boat house and boat landing, retaining wall, garage, ice house, engine house and other buildings, all built by day labor; five boats; cost owner over $70,000; will sacrifice for half; might consider conducting junior camp with party making investment. I. B. Reinhardt, 229 West 11th St.

SALESMEN wanted, one to cover the entire South and one to cover the New England States, by large ladies' and misses' coat house carrying stock for immediate delivery; do not apply unless you have sold goods in the above territories and can show past record of large sales; we want big men; commission basis. Morris Nagel & Co., Inc., 115 Madison Av., New York.

Large mechanical engineering, development and manufacturing organization, about to complete ordnance contracts, is free to negotiate with responsible parties for the development of special apparatus or manufacture of special or staple machine products on large scale. Adequately financed enterprises only are solicited. References exchanged. N 228 Times Annex.

Ladies specialty stores, located at 787 Broad St., Newark, N. J., 25 W. 42d St., New York, doing a very good business, are desirous of renting out one or more of the following departments: Waist, underwear, corsets, neckwear, &c.; very good opportunity for aggressive party. Call afternoons or evenings Wallace Women's Wear, 25 W. 42d.

Salesman.—Wanted, high-class stock salesman to place capital of corporation organizing for large foreign trade business; management has right connections for effective co-operation; liberal commission to right man, no advances; big opportunity for man with record as worker and producer. W 365 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN WANTED.
We have a stock syndicate proposition that should be sold to every automobile owner in the country; can use a few good producers; liberal commissions paid; no advances; this is a sale a day proposition; big money can be made. S 18 Times.

MANUFACTURING.
A well-equipped, modern plant, capacity 150 men, economically operated under skilled and efficient management, is prepared to submit attractive estimates on manufacturing, tool, die or experimental work. S 694 Times Downtown.

Business man entering real estate brokerage field Manhattan, desires partner, broad knowledge and wide experience selling, renting, and management business and apartment properties, with some clientele preferred, must be hustler; no capital required if all qualifications are satisfactory. L 9 Times.

SALES MANAGER, EFFICIENT PRODUCER, TRAVELING EVERYWHERE, WANTS SIDE LINE OR WILL UNDERTAKE ENTIRE SELLING CAMPAIGN ARTICLE WITH LARGE CONSUMPTION; COMMISSION BASIS. G 624 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Exporters Desiring Representation Abroad.—Man with technical education, foreign travel, broad business experience, at present buying, selling steel, metals, machinery for exporters, desires opportunity with high-class firm. S 45 Times.

An experienced printer to make estimates, wait on trade and do general office work; only applications with references and complete details will be considered. Rand Avery Supply Co., Boston.

MANAGER, ACCOUNTANT.
Two successful men willing to take entire charge office or salesroom; compensation, space, salary, or commission. Cone, 39 West 72d St.

We have for sale lease of 180-room house in vicinity of Longacre Square; does an annual business of $250,000; an opportunity for good hotel man. Gehring Hotel Brokerage Co., 710 Longacre Bldg.

57TH ST., 200 WEST., COR 7TH AV.
New 14-Story Rodin Studio Apartment Bldg.
Six-room Housekeeping Apartment....$3,000
Eight-room Duplex Apartment..........4,300
Apply to Resident Manager. Tel Circle 3560.

OIL-ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES.
Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. O 849 Times.

Am going to Scandinavia in February and would like to have some kind of commission for a firm or private person. Theo. Swenson, 28 Putnam St., Waterbury, Conn.

CIVIL ENGINEER open for engagement to design and supervise construction concrete steel. P. O. Box 17, Washington Bridge Station.

Attractive Country Store.—Modern improvements, suitable 5c.-10c.; none in town; population 3,000; rent $25. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

Active partner wanted—Mail order amusement, new idea. $10,000 investment. B 258 Times.

New patented house article to sell outright for cash; about $5,000 required. B 82 Times.

Shuttle cloth laying machine wanted; must be latest model, in good condition. Phone Stuyvesant 2648.

Gentleman of ability to reorganize industrial publication, established 27 years. A 134 Times.

Manufacturer wanted, machine tool equipment; manufacture commercial auto transmission. W. A., 186 Times.

Factory management, manufacturing difficulties solved; Government recognition; valuable services. R 55 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER open for engagement to design and supervise construction, concrete steel. P. O. Box 17, Washington Bridge Sta.

Wanted—Three or four thousand old suits of clothes, all descriptions; male clothing only. 953 Columbus Av.

Partner wanted, with $10,000 in staple manufacturing business, best security. B 810 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Energetic; experienced business getter; drives own car; best references. R 1004 Times Harlem.

47TH, 63 WEST.—Handsome parlor floor; all improvements; residence or business; immediate.

Will finance acceptable high-grade money-making proposition; combines formed. O 304 Times.

SECURITY SALESMAN, extensive experience, wants proposition to finance. X 268 Times Annex.

72D, 105 WEST.—Sublet to Oct. 1, 1920, apartment, 5 rooms and bath. Apt. 11C.

Mechanical engineer will develop your inventions. O 391 Times.

Doctor's office, fully equipped, for rent. Write Meyer, 69 East 120th St.

See us before selling your business. Better Business Bureau, 23 West 31st.

WILL EXPORT ORDERS FROM NEUTRAL COUNTRIES

help you bridge the gap from war to peace? Our resident agent, a Hollander, is returning home shortly. His neutral citizenship, combined with the mastery of four languages and a thorough knowledge of both European and American business, makes him unusually fitted to render valuable service to a few responsible manufacturers. Write or phone our Export Department, Vanderbilt 3040.

ALLEN SALES SERVICE, INC.,
347 MADISON AV., NEW YORK.

STOCK SALESMAN.
AN OPPORTUNITY FOR A BIG PRODUCER.

We are looking for a clean-cut, live-wire salesman accustomed to interviewing men of affairs and who can prove from past performances that he is capable of earning at least $10,000 a year. If you are such a man and your references are satisfactory, we will give you the opportunity of making money faster than you ever made it before.

We are a successful manufacturing corporation with a nationally known product. We are enlarging our plant to take care of increased business resulting from the termination of the war. We want a real salesman, who possesses tact and initiative, to call on our business correspondents in New York and vicinity (with letters of introduction) and take subscriptions to our offering of 8 per cent. preferred stock, with a common stock bonus. Commission basis.

If you think you can qualify, write us, stating what securities you have sold during the past two years, for whom, and in what amounts. If your letter is sufficiently informative a personal interview will be granted. Apply by letter only to Suite 301, 50 East 42d St., New York City.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY.

We are prepared to grant exclusive selling (and, if desired, manufacturing) privileges in different parts of the country on a new, broadly patented convertible farm tractor; this is absolutely the only machine which instantly changes any make of automobile into a thoroughly practical farm tractor without removing the wheels or altering the automobile in the slightest way; in demand by a large percentage of all the farmers in every community; hundreds of applications from dealers and experts already received; manufacturing process very simple; every part based on proven engineering principles; can be built complete for less than $150; selling price $375. Enquiries are invited from salesmen or sales organizations or manufacturers. S 9 Times.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES are so numerous that you cannot fail to undertake a thorough training. We will teach you evenings from 6 to 9, except Wednesdays. Attend one of our regular sessions—gratis, without obligation—and judge for yourself. You are welcome. Free tuition in languages. Export-Import Trade Institute, Room 514, 115 Broadway. By correspondence, too.

STOCK SALESMAN WANTED.
Opportunity for big producer; industrial stock of going corporation whose product is in universal demand; only responsible men need apply, giving names of last employers; liberal commission if your letter indicates you have been a good producer; a personal interview will be granted. Apply by letter only. Suite 311, 512 5th Av.

Manager wanted for realty corporation; one who is capable of organizing a department of little homes for working people; he is also to assist in promoting the sale of a development of 2,300 lots in large factory town within commuting distance of New York; investment of $10,000 required, for which a substantial interest is offered. President, H 260 Times.

Exporters.—An interesting and forceful selling plan for dress snap fasteners has been prepared and will be furnished, mimeographed on your own letterheads. Write to us, the manufacturers, American Snap Fastener Co., Inc., 225 5th Av., city, Export Department.

Stock salesman wanted to sell block of $25,000 treasury stock of New York corporation backed and managed by men of national reputation; only those in position to finance their own campaign need answer; very attractive issue for right party; commission basis. G 301 Times.

Substantial manufacturing corporation wants capable men to establish branch and manage salesmen; $200 to $1,000 necessary; you handle own money; will allow expenses to Baltimore if you will qualify. For particulars address Secretary, 416 North Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

Business and patents for sale; manufacturing household necessity; large profits; established about two years; business increasing; situated between Penn. R. R. Station and Broadway; basic reasons for selling at a great sacrifice. B 813 Times Annex.

Furnished house, West 70s; 14 elegant rooms; electricity, parquet floors throughout; rent $166; income over $450; terms arranged; investigate; others. Winters, 17 West 42d St.

Real Estate.—Insurance office desires to sell ½ interest; established 25 years; excellent opportunity for live, active man with $1,500-$5,000. B B 401 Times Bronx.

Garage business for sale; one-story, fireproof, 50 to 60 cars; 4 years' lease; business section Brooklyn; no agents. J. K., 402 West 42d St.

Have established brokerage accounts and desire partner with $10,000 to enlarge profitable stock brokerage commission business. B 809 Times Annex.

STOCK SALESMAN WANTED
for dividend-paying oil issue, also gold; commission only. O 335 Times.

Wanted, commercial stationery store in financial section downtown; give full details in reply, including age, volume of business, price, terms, &c. Z 386 Times Annex.

A party having $3000 can take over 2,000 instruments which sell for $6 each, with exclusive selling rights for the United States. A 723 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Accountant has $3,000 and services invest in going business, (wholesale preferred.) What have you to offer? K 760 Times Downtown.

Desire to invest $2,000 to $4,000 in a going constructive business that will bear closest investigation; preferably export or manufacturing. A 116 Times.

Have good credit office, business experience, desire connect with good business or represent manufacturer in New York; can invest few thousand; references. A 109 Times.

Technically trained executive will invest with personal services in reputable industrial proposition; references exchanged. K 714 Times Downtown.

Well-established business, gowns and millinery; excellent location; splendid opportunity. K 35 Times.

Gentleman, 38, would invest $1,000 and services in live business. K 766 Times Downtown.

Salesman wishes to connect with going concern; will invest up to $5,000 and services; principals only. B. 1000 Times Harlem.

What have you that is legitimate and profitable that I can invest in? Give particulars. B 752 Times Downtown.

Accountant desires to acquire an interest in a growing accounting firm; reasonable cash investment. G 584 Times Downtown.

Have $10,000 to invest in the shoe or leather business, wholesale or jobbing; full particulars required. X 210 Times Annex.

Name best legitimate proposition with or without small investment for services of capable executive. A 90 Times.

Would consider buying small profitable business. Write, supplying full details, K 691 Times Downtown.

Executive wishes to invest $10,000 and services; give detailed reply first letter. Z 388 Times Annex.

$3,000 and services to invest in established business, showing profits; answer on letter head; no brokers. A 83 Times.

Boys' wash suits; I want to invest small capital with manufacturer and salesman of experience; state. K 697 Times Downtown.

Technically educated young man has $1,500 to invest with services in going jobbing or manufacturing business. A 124 Times.

Construction man will invest $1,000 establish excavating or building construction. L 12 Times.

Have capital and services to invest in automobile supply business. L 18 Times.

Will invest $2,000 and services in jobbing or manufacturing business. O 389 Times.

Experienced automobile supplies man will invest capital and services. A 76 Times.

Bookkeeper.—Have $1,000 and services to invest in legitimate proposition. O 250 Times.

Clients with money, invest in manufacturing business. Finck, 214 Broad, Elizabeth, N. J.

Will invest $15,000 with services in established used car business. A 146 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

THOROUGH, EXPERIENCED SALES MANAGER, FOR MANY YEARS CONNECTED WITH THE HIGHEST NATIONALLY-KNOWN SPECIALTY BUSINESS, WOULD CONNECT WITH HIGH-CLASS HOUSE DOING, OR ANTICIPATE DOING, A NATIONAL BUSINESS; HIGHEST REFERENCE; CAPITAL TO INVEST. L 2 TIMES.

PRACTICAL LUMBERMAN.
The services of a practical lumberman are available now; have had practical experience in all branches of the industry; am 43, married, no bad habits. Do not reply unless you want high grade man and will compensate accordingly. If necessary can invest $25,000 in a going operation that will bear fullest investigation. G 289 Times.

YOUNG MAN, BEST REFERENCES, DESIRES TO ENTER TEXTILE BUSINESS, PREFERABLY COTTON CONVERTING; WOULD JOIN INDIVIDUAL OR FIRM, OR MEET EXPERIENCED MAN, NOW EMPLOYED, WITH VIEW TO START NEW BUSINESS; WILL INVEST MODERATE AMOUNT CAPITAL; GIVE PARTICULARS. B 761 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

I wish to invest my capital and services in a well-established and profitable manufacturing concern of ladies' coats and suits; have had considerable experience in woolens and am capable of handling the office end of any concern; no promoters or agents; if you have a legitimate proposition answer. C. S., Box 231 Times Downtown.

Traveling salesman seeks connection with established manufacturer of clothing specialties or kindred lines, requiring moderate additional capital for expansion, partnership basis; can lend substantial business influence, but not immediate active service. A 95 Times.

Opportunity wanted by young business man with capital and first-class credit to acquire interest in growing established business that will bear investigation; references given and required. Reply fully by letter only, to I. B. S., Room 414, 51 Chambers St.

Young man of ability would buy interest or buy outright good staple business proposition; cash investment not to be over $7,500; business must be an established one that will stand strict investigation, therefore, fakirs and schemers, save your postage. Post Office Box 586, Washington, D. C.

Old-established merchant desires to meet young man with experience and knowledge of his line, who is employed but wishes to get into business for himself and needs backing; give particulars in strict confidence. G 355 Times.

High-grade business man, Christian, thorough knowledge estimating, construction, interior decorating, furnishing, desires to connect; possibly invest with going business similar nature. A 115 Times.

Partnership desired in wholesale butter, eggs, and cheese business; will buy outright if found worthy upon investigation; give information in first letter. B 1020 Times Harlem.

$50,000 and expert business services are available for any legitimate and profitable enterprise; no attention paid to agents or brokers. W 324 Times.

Metal manufacturing business or organized selling organization now earning five to ten thousand dollars wanted. B 797 Times Downtown.

Energetic young man wishes to invest $5,000 to $10,000 in the purchase of active interest in a live jobbing or manufacturing concern. X 212 Times Annex.

Experienced business man with capital is open for proposition, New York or elsewhere; give details in confidence. K 6 Times.

Active business man, capital, good credit, wants to engage high-grade business; reference exchanged; principals only. R 3 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

$15,000 cash needed immediately to finance selling plan, ready for marketing all over United States on big scale; device of proved merit, with valuable patent rights; retailing less than $2 each; over 100,000 sold; able management and big assets on hand; very liberal arrangements will be made with right party who can see here unlimited selling field and opportunities for expansion in big way. Brokers, please don't answer. Address A 768 Times Downtown.

Truck manufacturer of standard line high-grade worm-drive trucks has opening for a district manager for New York State; proposition offers successful salesman the opportunity of going in business for himself with small investment and assurance of large returns; only a high-grade man considered. Telephone 3500 Morningside.

A high class reputable and going specialty house to the drug and department store trade, desires big capital to take care of fast increasing business. Exceptional opportunities for good investment and especially for anyone with executive qualifications to take active position. Address "Exceptional," K 674 Times Downtown.

$25,000 wanted for working capital; advertiser owns mill adapted for making towels, men's or women's wear, mackinaws, or kindred lines; prefer connection with practical manufacturer possessing capital; will consider commission houses capable of taking output and financing; no brokers. B 826 Times Annex.

ACTIVE OR INACTIVE PARTNER WANTED IN A RAPIDLY GROWING AND PROFITABLE MANUFACTURING BUSINESS UTILIZING WASTE MATERIALS FROM RUBBER FACTORIES; REFERENCES EXCHANGED; INVESTMENT REQUIRED, ABOUT $15,000. H. S. LESHER & CO., 95 LIBERTY ST.

Young manufacturing hardware business, with plenty of orders, offers rare opportunity to an active man, with knowledge of bookkeeping and factory detail, who can invest $8,000. B 770 Times Downtown.

Associate wanted to invest $5,000 and selling ability against my 12 years' experience as an advertising and art expert; object, advertising service; am now established. Z 656 Times Annex.

$50,000 capital wanted for extension of going factory and to enable marketing new process where considerable profits can be realized; correspondence. Z 379 Times Annex.

Interest in engineering and sales company having exclusive agency in the East for several very well known makes of mechanical equipment; $5,000 to $10,000 required; technical man preferred. K 782 Times Downtown.

Inventor of special industrial machines already marketed, with substantial orders pending, would sell half interest for cash or associate with capitalist. K 721 Times Downtown.

Banker, Christian, desires one or more associates (active or silent) with capital to further develop a sound, specialized banking business already established in New York; state capital and experience. B 47 Times.

Capital wanted, manufacture and market portable electric saws; unlimited demand during reconstruction period; none now made. Apply demonstration, 110 West 40th St., Room 603.

Splendid opportunity, salesman, executive, accountant with $5,000 or more each; enlarging machinery railway equipment business established twenty years; large profits. H 795 Times Downtown.

Would like to meet man with $15,000 cash, to be active or inactive, interested in marketing in big way low-price specialty, patented device offering unusual opportunity for profits. Address A 767 Times Downtown.

HAVE YOU A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS you wish to sell without publicity? Or seeking associates with extra capital? Write or call Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 3851.

Well-established manufacturing business, excellent financial standing, plenty orders, desires Manhattan representative with $15,000 to $25,000; salary, share profits, and security. H 262 Times.

BUSINESS MAN WITH $2,000
have one-half interest in my business. Call Masonic Temple Building, Room 1,430. Berry.

Wanted, party to assist managing mfg. business; $3,000 required; no brokers; principal only; business established. H 772 Times Downtown.

Live partner with $3,000 to $5,000 in established commercial art line; attractive proposition to right party; will stand investigation. G 542 Times Downtown.

Mr. Business Man, can you use my services? My headquarters, Hartford, Conn.; age 28; references; energetic; hard worker; speak five languages. A 142 Times.

$20,000 secures interest established steamboat company; investor with marine transportation experience preferred; fullest investigation invited. H 258 Times.

$10,000 or good credit will acquire half interest with experienced practical man ship supply business; object expansion. Particulars Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av.

Half interest in thirty-year established soft drink and mineral bottling business offered party investing $15,000; large profits. Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av.

Pottery material or developed property requires $12,000 for liberal ownership; will invest equal amount, start production. S 409 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted in largest and profitable fur retail and wholesale business out of town; established six years; want man with $5,000 capital. B 155 Times.

Want capitalist or promoter to finance, purchase, or sell valuable commercial manufacturing proposition. Address Vosler, 673 Broadway, city.

A successful stock salesman wishes good proposition; results. O. K., 412 Times Downtown.

Moderate investment will secure substantial interest in established publishing business. B 628 Times Annex.

An established heating company desires competent steamfitter to invest in and take charge of business. S 446 Times Downtown.

Executive, secretarial organizer, promoter, secures results, seeks opportunity progressive organization. B 275 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

PARTNERSHIP.
An exceptionally good opportunity is offered to reliable party, preferably one having the knowledge of developing a selling organization (but this is not absolutely essential) and who can invest about $5,000 in a going manufacturing business that has been selling its product for the last few years to some of the largest concerns in the United States. War brought on restrictions, and, now that there's peace, we have wonderful possibilities for developing the domestic market as well as a worldwide business. Investment will be amply secured, and right man is offered substantial interest in the business and a good salary from start. R 421 Times Downtown.

A WELL ESTABLISHED MFG. BUSINESS LOCATED IN SPRINGFIELD, MASS., REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A LIVE, ENERGETIC, COMPETENT BUSINESS MAN, WHO CAN INVEST $15,000. THIS CONCERN NUMBERS AMONG ITS CUSTOMERS SOME OF THE BEST KNOWN PEOPLE IN THE UNITED STATES.
VERY LITTLE COMPETITION, AND THE PRODUCT IS IN A CLASS BY ITSELF. TO THE RIGHT PARTY THIS PROPOSITION OFFERS A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY WITH AN ALMOST UNLIMITED FIELD FOR EXPANSION. FULL OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTIGATION.
ADDRESS P. O. BOX 1034, SPRINGFIELD, MASS. ALL REPLIES CONFIDENTIAL.

REAL ESTATE BROKER WHO IS THOROUGHLY TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED IN MANHATTAN REAL ESTATE DESIROUS OF MAKING A CONNECTION WITH A HIGH-CLASS REAL ESTATE CONCERN; EVERY FACILITY FOR ACTIVE BUSINESS ON A DRAWING ACCOUNT AND LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS; STATE YOUR EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR A CAPABLE, ENERGETIC MAN; ANSWER CONFIDENTIAL. L 35 TIMES.

MANUFACTURING CONCERN DESIRES PLANT AND POSSIBLY MORE CAPITAL.

Large manufacturing concern, now employing several hundred people, earning more than normal return on its capital, with business increasing rapidly, has no debts, and plenty of money to discount bills current on present volume, would consider selling an interest to individuals or Chamber of Commerce who could provide 100,000 ft. fireproof plant and $100,000 of new capital required to keep pace with its increasing market. W 896 Times.

INDUSTRIAL.
I desire to get in touch with financial backing, $50,000 upwards, to manufacture a successful mechanical device largely used by prominent steel mills, chemical plants, electric power developments, and tractor manufacturers; existing demand is world wide; business admits of great expansion and unusual profits; will deal only with principal of desired financial responsibility. Address Mechanical Engineer, A 765 Times Downtown.

Partner Wanted.—Financial or business man, preferably one with pharmaceutical experience who can estimate and appreciate a scientific development of enormous scope and economic value with very profitable future; experimental work completed; products manufactured on commercial scale; repeat orders feature of limited business done; requires presentation to medical profession by medical journal advertising and mailing; $15,000 to $25,000 required, depending on territory covered; very light overhead expense; ethical; stand strict investigation. Answer Laboratory, 1,510, 114 5th Av.

Manufacturer, known nationally for 35 years, has secured complete control of, several features covered by strong patents that have unlimited possibilities because of country-wide prohibition; he must reorganize his business to permit taking advantage of increasing opportunities; requires large addition of capital, and will consider association with one or a few men to carry out his plans. If interested address Box M. H., 18 Times.

$15,000.—A party with this amount will be placed as Treasurer, with good salary and large interest, in a highly profitable importing and exporting corporation having a large amount of business on hand ready to go ahead with; strictest investigation solicited; references given and required. Export, Box K 718 Times Downtown.

Sound, profitable, lasting industry, producing staple metals, chemicals, owning private, valuable plant, whose development war prevented, wishes $30,000 working capital, secured by mortgage; ownership interest and salary worth $10,000 yearly; responsible, identified principals only. G 625 Times Downtown.

IF SOME HONEST MAN WITH $10,000 TO $25,000, WHO WILL GIVE A SQUARE DEAL, WILL ANSWER THIS, A SOUND, HONEST, LEGITIMATE, AND PROFITABLE PROPOSITION WILL BE PRESENTED TO HIM. SQUARE DEAL, A 743 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Reliable man wanted to take full charge production and New York corporation; one who can become financially interested in company to extent of at least $7,500; must be all-around executive and able to handle and direct up to one hundred men. G 302 Times.

$75,000 CAPITAL REQUIRED.
Capable, successful manager having built up large, profitable New York business, public necessity, desires active or non-active person to join, buying full control; unusual opportunity; investment fully secured. B 155 Times.

Active partner needed with $500 to $1,000 to join experienced man with equal sum in specialized collection business already started. Business quickly learned. Unlimited possibilities; highest references given and required. G 816 Times Downtown.

Chemical plant manufacturing seasonable and highly profitable articles offers executive interest to additional capital; expansion needed for increased Summer business; principals investigate. R 402 Times Downtown.

EXPORT REPRESENTATIVE
Leaving for Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, seeks representations of firms willing to stand their share of traveling expenses. W 667 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—$25,000, to join experienced hotel man in securing lease, equipment of established, furnished hotel located in heart of city; present profits very large; money amply secured; must act quickly; principals only. H 196 Times.

Partner able to invest $5,000 to $10,000 and take active part in highly profitable and sound business; exceptional opportunity for live man to make advantageous, permanent connection. For personal interview address R 438 Times Downtown.

STOCK ISSUE WANTED.
We want large industrial or good mining stock to market among our large clientele; money must be needed for development or other legitimate purpose; give particulars. Capital A 760 Times Downtown.

Investor.—Lifetime opportunity to secure half interest thoroughly established profitable business; need $1,000 and services; money needed for expansion; you handle money; quick action required; no brokers. A 214 Times.

Partner wanted to finance a growing manufacturing concern. Box 29, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE.

Blank book, loose leaf, and paper novelty manufacturing company for sale; paying business established 30 years; old age reason for selling. D 291 Times Downtown.

Garage, finest restricted locality; 170 cars; most modern constructed; clears $1,000 monthly; $7,000 for good-will. H. L., 88 Times.

Cleaning brush, metal body; big European success; patent for sale outright or royalty; suit cheap metal factory; principals only. Address Brush, 65 Times.

Singer sewing machines, No. 4413, with tables complete; also 1, 2, and 3 horse power motors for sale cheap. Guthman, Solomon & Co., 100 West 31st.

Multigraphing establishment and public stenographer's office for sale; established clientele; vicinity 42d St. and 5th Av. A 145 Times.

Profitable rooming house, 57th, sacrificed; health. Emergency Housing Committee, Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th Av.

Cameron cutting machine, 42 inch; Model 24; nearly new; for sale cheap. Guthman, Solomon & Co., 100 West 31st St.

LUNCHROOMS AND RESTAURANTS, uptown, downtown; receipts $85 to $400 daily; $1,000 upward. Crowe, Times Building.

Big opportunity; first-class big stock, hardware and electrical store; sacrifice price. Samuel, 54 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

Furnished, 2 connecting boarding houses; west 80's; 20 rooms, 11 baths; electricity; $4,000 necessary. Cusack, 176 West 72d St.

Moving Picture Theatre for sale, corner, best location city. Address Roberts, 236 Times Downtown.

Attention!—Best established butcher-grocer; sell lease, account death. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

For Sale.—Plumbing business, up-to-date, old-established; fine opportunity; retiring. Box 868, 1,089 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

Fully equipped factory for manufacturing leather goods; no reasonable offer refused; very cheap rent. S 11 Times.

Two weaving silk power looms for sale. Becker, 104 Sutter Av., Brooklyn.

Tea room for sale; illness cause. 70 West 12th St., basement.

Garage for sale; paying proposition; excellent opportunity. Box 22, 1,563 3d Av.

Fish market; good business; $2,000. Write F. R., 8 Greenwich Av.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

FOR SALE.

WOODEN SHIPBUILDERS.
FOR SALE CHEAP, COMPLETE QUANTITY OF FRAME TIMBERS, UNMOULDED; FLOORS, FUTTOCKS, AND TOP TIMBERS; SUITABLE FOR VESSEL 1,000 TO 3,000 TONS.
APPLY
THE MARINE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, CANADA, LTD.,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

I have for sale a modern steam laundry and dry cleaning establishment, including real estate, in one of the best cities in Connecticut.

A REAL PROFITABLE BUSINESS.
Inventory $40,000, will sell for $23,000; $10,000 cash, balance on very easy terms; best of reasons for selling, and a real opportunity to get a big bargain in a profitable, going business. Write Mr. J. E. McCarthy, 21 Clinton St., Springfield, Mass.

Lease on a New York theatre, central Broadway section, near 42d St., may be had for $100,000 net cash, with early occupancy and control. Principals only need apply. No information whatsoever will be given agents or brokers. Every inquiry will be treated strict confidence, but no reply will be made to any one unless his name is guarantee that he means business and is financially able to make good. Address owner, O 369 Times.

For Sale.—Free and clear, to settle an estate, superior band-saw mill, comparatively new; cost $12,000; fully equipped for business; 2,400 acres; from 14,000,000 to 20,000,000 of good merchantable timber, 4,000 cords of spruce, which can be sold readily standing; Northern New York; convenient to transportation; rare chance for experienced lumberman; $45,000, $16,000 cash; remainder subject to negotiation. For full particulars apply P. O. Box 634, Newburg, N. Y.

EXCELLENT GEOLOGICAL REPORT.
Six land leases, close proximity drilling well now down 1,600 feet, north of famous Shumway Pool; adjoining leases owned by largest operators and companies; will consider operators; drilling or outright sale or part; quick action necessary. Address Lessee, Box 237 Times, 2 Rector St., New York City, or telephone Flatbush 1885.

An exceptional opportunity in the publishing field is open for two live wires; a competent editor, preferably one with technical training, and an advertising salesman; an established publication in the electrical field, and with unlimited possibilities for development, now owned by a publisher having other interests, can be purchased for a moderate price and on favorable terms. Address S 410 Times Downtown.

Corner House.—Contents and good will; best residential section Brooklyn; handsomely furnished, complete; seventeen rooms filled with high class roomers, thoroughly equipped for boarding house; Oriental rugs, paintings, draperies; Winter's coal in; reasonable rent; must be seen to appreciate. B 812 Times Annex.

HOTEL—BERKSHIRE HILLS.
3½ hours from New York; 39 sleeping rooms, baths; large dining room; 3 acres ground; garage; golf course convenient; ideal location for sanitarium; present owner operated hotel successfully years with good income; cash required $8,000. A. B., 96 Times.

Experienced factory executive, practical systematizer knowing how to lay out and see through mass production work, will find excellent chance taking hold of going wooden toy factory; oversold last year; need about $25,000; principal having good reason for retirement will give details. G 663 Times Downtown.

Established garage, New York suburb, $5,000 a year net profit, price $25,000, made up as follows: $15,000 land and buildings, $10,000 stock and equipment. Terms, $10,000 cash, balance on mortgage. Big opportunity. Owner must sell. Act quickly. Halleran Agency, 51 Chambers St., New York City. Tel. Worth—8672.

For Sale.—A large going retail sash, door, and trim plant in Jersey, within the N. Y. lighterage limits, with fully equipped mill, (steam or electric power;) large stock of sash, doors, and trim on hand; great opportunity; terms reasonable to responsible party; owner's health necessitates sale. X 244 Times Annex.

QUICK PRINTING. SAVE MONEY.
500 bond letterheads, $1.50; cards, billheads, envelopes, same; booklets, prospectuses, folders, everything reasonable; publications; small boxes, addressing, folding. CALL'S, Big "Hurry-Up" Printer, 390 6th Av., (23d-24th.)

Inventor of tail-first biplane, who feels unable to finance its introduction into the market, desires to sell same complete at sacrifice, including 140 h. p. Sturtevant engine; biplane is of the type that will be in great-est demand after the war for sporting and learning purposes. S 384 Times.

For Sale—Agency for Columbia graphophones and records, city 12,000 population, 60 miles from N. Y.; finest store in section, well arranged stock and fixtures which will inventory about $3,600; splendid opportunity for aggressive man; interview arranged. X 207 Times Annex.

For Sale or Lease.—Undeveloped coal property containing 1,500,000 TONS or more of highest grade BITUMINOUS COAL; Cambria County, Penn.; free and clear; main line Pennsylvania Railroad crosses property. Morton W. Smith, Executor, 19 West 44th St., New York City.

Established express and transportation business operating in New York Harbor and adjacent waters; steam lighters and barges, motor trucks, horses and wagons; modern freight terminals; real estate, contracts, good will, &c. Transportation, Box 253 Times Downtown.

A VALUABLE PATENT
just issued; a tool used by all metal workers and electricians; costs little to manufacture; sells at big profit; article already manufactured now and sold through hardware trade; will sell outright; principals only. G 233 Times Bronx.

42d St. Lease for Sale.—Wonderful real estate opportunity for wholesale or retail business to locate on 42d St., between 5th and Madison Avs.; 99 years' lease for sale on building; lowest rent in vicinity; correspondence invited, principals. O 310 Times.

I CAN GET YOU A LARGE PLOT AT HALF PRICE IN A HIGH-CLASS DEVELOPMENT; INCORPORATED VILLAGE; SELECT COMMUNITY; COMMUTING DISTANCE N. Y. ADDRESS CONFIDENTIAL, 600 TRIBUNE BLDG., N. Y.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.—Wish to dispose of our manufacturing business of electric light fixtures for sewing and all other kinds of machines; have 810 one factory, fully covered by patents; correspondence solicited. Box 159, Clinton, N. Y.

MANUFACTURING PROPOSITION.
Complete line of developed electric apparatus, including patents and good-will, for sale to a party with fully equipped machine shop. Address S 888 Times.

New Patent.—Every man could use from three to twelve; sells for twenty-five, costs six cents; two hundred thousand dozen should sell first year; sell outright, $15,000. Mr. Williams, 248 West 102d St., N. Y.

$17,000 cash required to purchase a fine new apartment house near Central Park; pays $8,500 net annually; a sound business proposition; investigate.
Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St.

Wholesale waste paper and rag business, established 12 years, completely equipped office and warehouse, two five-ton auto trucks for outside trucking; $12,000. Particulars Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av.

Will sell, liberal terms, control business and patents covering inexpensive fireproof house construction, valuable roadmaking, barge and ship building apparatus; references given and required; principals only. S 60 Times.

MANUFACTURING.
Well-equipped modern machine shop (30 men) with full line of electric apparatus (patented) for sale. S 387 Times.

Meat market, established 22 years, residential section of Harlem; cater to high class trade; net profit about $5,000 per year; rent reasonable. B 954 Times Harlem.

Steam laundry, completely equipped, doing prosperous business, established 23 years heart of city; owner retiring; price $6,000. Particulars Roberts-Frost Co., 505 5th Av.

Boarding house, select neighborhood, up-to-date, 22 rooms, 6 baths; newly decorated; long lease; good income; reasonable price. 802 West 73d St.

Three-story building, 40x85, Times Square, formerly high class restaurant, suitable any business, 21 years lease, rent $10,000. Write Martin, 656 3d Av.

Hotel, 100 rooms, subway station, 10 years lease, rent $1,000 monthly, books show $2,000 monthly profits, $10,000 cash necessary. Write Martin, 656 3d Av.

Timber limits; operating sawmill; large output; established market; Canada; favorable sale terms. Address Owners, care Kiernan, 155 Broadway, New York.

Will sacrifice less than cost silversmith manufacturing plant and well stocked store, established 37 years; will inventory $36,000. Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av.

LUNCHROOM, COLUMBUS CIRCLE.
Self service, receipts $1,000 weekly guaranteed; long lease, $4,500. Crowe, Times Bldg.

Garage, first class, Yorkville section; $10,000 required; investigate. Berger, 1,480 Broadway.

New trucks, standard make, Continental, Timken, &c.; sell less than cost; good reason. S 62 Times.

FOR SALE.

REAL OPPORTUNITY for a chemist or chemical company to purchase completely equipped chemical plant that cost over $20,000 to equip, for $6,000; only $1,600 cash required; plant located only 10 minutes from 42d St.; equipped with boilers, sulphonator, motors, tanks, pumps, &c.; immediate possession.

Consolidated Products Co.,
15 Park Row, New York.
Phone Barclay 9098.

For Sale on account of death, a business proposition in the prosperous city of New London, Conn.; 7-room house; 4 rooms upstairs, with furniture, also piano; 3 rooms on ground floor bring $13 per mo.; store in front with stock and fixtures; 6 yr. old horse and harness, 1 delivery wagon, 1 buggy; large barn; lot 40x150 ft.; first $5,500 cash buys; $1,200 mortgage on place will stand or not, as buyer wishes. Owner, 21 Cutler St., Mrs. C. Steller, New London, Conn.

SCHOOL, CLUB OR SANITARIUM.
Hotel and cottage property at half value; exceptional location on beautiful Shrewsbury River; acreage, tennis courts, riparian rights; $5,000 cash; balance easy terms. Box 64, Red Bank, N. J.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

WANTED.
A RELIABLE MANUFACTURER WITH A SHOP AND ORGANIZATION EQUIPPED TO BUILD AND SELL A STRUCTURAL STEEL STREET RAILWAY CROSS TIE; WELL PATENTED AND SUCCESSFULLY TESTED BY YEARS OF SERVICE. X 283 TIMES ANNEX.

TO THE DRUG AND ALLIED TRADES.
BRITISH TRADE OPENINGS.
The Managing Director of a live London house of Wholesale Chemists and Government Contractors with spacious premises, an up-to-date organization for distribution in the Drug and Allied Trades, and a sound connection among the leading Druggists and Stores throughout the United Kingdom, will arrive in New York the latter part of January and wishes to get into touch with manufacturers who desire to avail themselves of the enormous possibilities of post-war trade in Great Britain. Interested firms please write to F. M., care of Dorland Agency, 366 5th Av., New York.

SOUTH AMERICA.
Salesman, American born, brought up in South America, thoroughly acquainted with Latin-American markets, 10 years' selling experience, having good business connections in every South American country, wishes to get in touch with American manufacturers desiring to extend their business to Central and South America. Recently discharged from the Army. Best references. O 354 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER,
expert on automatic machines and labor-saving problems as applied to manufacturing propositions, offers services for the invention, construction, and installation of mechanical fixtures and appliances thereby reducing manufacturing costs and eliminating unnecessary hand labor; technical assistance offered to firms considering new lines of mechanical manufacture upon inspection of your proposition. Address, Room 2004 Times Building.

A PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURING COMPANY with high-grade line of staple goods, world-wide market, and having four times as much assets as liabilities, stock included, wants reliable house or party to sell issue of preferred stock to increase working capital. Can also use another good executive in the business. Address Suite 415, Union Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Penn.

Trained newspaper investigator about to go to SOUTH AMERICA to make comprehensive analysis of trade conditions and opportunities will undertake to open up trade connections, appoint representatives or agents for corporations or individuals; is also open to trade journal or daily newspaper assignments. B 820 Times Annex.

A responsible American firm, opening offices throughout Italy, desires to communicate with (first class only) manufacturers and producers; splendid opportunity to be the first (after war) to introduce your mdse. in the Italian market. S 481 Times Downtown.

REPRESENTATIVE. — Position wanted as agent, traveler, or representative of American firm; 20 years' business experience; security given; English and American references; thorough knowledge of Great Britain and Ireland. George Tomlinson, 46 Barclay St., Leicester, England.

ECUADOR, THE LAND OF OPPORTUNITY IN AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT.
Ecuadorian, graduated Cornell Agricultural College, returning home, wishes connection manufacturers farm implements or export house; willing to undergo training if necessary. O 376 Times.

Manufacturer of staple product wants to buy for cash a metal stamping and machine shop that is unincumbered; with real estate or good-will; some large war plan with good modern tools might do; send full particulars for attention. Thermo, B 752 Times Downtown.

TO MANUFACTURERS.
Export.—We will maintain a large sample room in Paris, London, and Turin; are you interested in having your line properly handled abroad? For details write to B 193 Times.

Manufacturing chemist, with plant equipped for manufacturing lubricants, liquid soaps, household specialties and similar products, wishes to connect with reliable sales organization desiring a specialty manufactured. G 843 Times.

Wanted, by two experienced commercial men, two or three good sellers for grocery and hardware trade Pacific Coast territory; bank and wholesale house references. Address E. R. Stock and C. H. Jones, Hotel Oakland, Oakland, Cal.

MANUFACTURERS.
I want samples for permanent exhibition, Dutch East Indies. Am seeking profit sharing co-operative expense arrangement. Highest credentials, established trade connections. Tropical, O 364 Times.

HOTEL.—An experienced, successful manager, proprietor of high-class New York hotel, desires management of nearby Summer resort on salary or percentage or both; have large clientele. Manager, 93 Times.

Export and import agency with trade connections in Europe, members soon sailing, will represent few manufacturers of staple lines on commission basis. W 671 Times Downtown.

South America.—Gentleman, highly connected, representing several good agencies, will accept additional agencies; have excellent selling organization; a very great opportunity. B 280 Times.

Agency Wanted for Chicago.—Have efficient salesmen and warehouse; call upon department stores, jobbers, and retailers; can carry stock commission or brokerage basis; will finance. X 222 Times Annex.

Wanted, good selling article for mail order; also suitable for selling by canvassers to family or business people. Kresh, 954 East 165th St., N. Y.

Manufacturers' Agent, with large office, would like to hear from a few good live mercantile lines. W. Irving Bloom, 100 N. Eutaw St., Baltimore, Md.

A reliable man, with good bank connection, desires agency for manufacturers for Middle West. Address Frank Bennett, 215 North 7th St., Yakima, Wash.

Keen business man, ex-sales manager with modern Broadway office, stenographer, &c., also automobile, open for arrangement. G 297 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN wants proposition of merit, mining or industrial; must stand strict investigation; wealthy out-of-town clients; principals only. G 211 Times.

Man with capital desires thoroughly experienced oil man as associate with or without capital; good opportunity for right man. X 278 Times Annex.

COAL.—300,000 tons annually, Eastern Kentucky coal. Will contract for export or domestic trade. Address W. J. Bader, (sales agent.) Prince George Hotel, New York.

Printing Plant Wanted.—Wish to purchase a medium-sized up-to-date printing plant; give full particulars in answering. B 831 Times Annex.

I want a thorough salesman and $5,000 to extend established business; profits large; particulars at interview only; no agents. B 824 Times Annex.

Married man, 28, with services, has $1,000 to invest in good, reliable business; state full particulars. K 19 Times.

Garage wanted, purchase or rent; state location, price, full particulars. X 275 Times Annex.

Stock salesman, good producing record, wants legitimate connection; clientele. K 39 Times.

Engineer salesman, leaving for Pacific Coast, wishes live selling article or commission for responsible parties. A 62 Times.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

RELIABLE DEALERS WANTED TO REPRESENT THE CAMELFORD LINE OF TRUCK UNITS, FORD TON TRUCKS AND FORD CARS.

The "Camelford line" includes a Unit that turns the Ford Ton Trucks into a "Standard make" 1½-ton Truck, selling at $1,500 and up, for only $150. Also three popular-priced Truck Units designed to make the regular Ford Chassis carry bulky and heavy loads. All well-known, well-advertised and well-built devices.

Every business concern using Ford is a prospective buyer for one or more CAMELFORDS.

THE CAMELFORD LINE IS BIG ENOUGH AS A BUSINESS BY ITSELF; CAN BE HANDLED SUCCESSFULLY BY A PERMANENT CONCERN AS A SPECIAL DEPARTMENT OR BY A "LIVE WIRE" SALESMAN DESIRING TO GO INTO BUSINESS FOR HIMSELF.

Wire or write
MAREMONT MANUFACTURING CO.
916 South Wabash Av.,
Chicago, Ill.

ENGLAND—FRANCE—BELGIUM.
Our business is SERVICE.
We supply the consumer what he wants when he wants it.
We have no personal axes to grind, but work in the interest of our clients only.
Our specialty is hardware of any character.
We are looking for representation in England, France, and Belgium and will make arrangements only upon a commission basis.
The co-operation offered and knowledge and connections possessed by this company will make the efforts of a good man 100% productive.
Any one having the necessary qualifications who is contemplating exploiting these markets by personal solicitation should communicate with the advertiser at once. Z 315 Times Annex.

WANTED NEW YORK REPRESENTATION.
I want a business associate who can sell Los Angeles (Cal.) real estate investments; I have exclusive income properties that net 7 per cent. and 8 per cent.; valuations from $25,000 up to $650,000; do not answer this unless you are aggressive, reliable, and can fully qualify to get in touch with investors; this is a real opportunity for the proper man or firm.
W. T. BROWNRIDGE,
Investments
Suite 401-2 Van Nuys Bldg.,
Los Angeles, Cal.
"THE MAN WHO SELLS EXCLUSIVE PROPERTIES."

ATTENTION!
Output of our big plant, located in Chicago, sold for 1919; have efficient sales force and established organization covering the entire West; looking for specialty or food product that can be developed into large business; can furnish warehouse, manufacturing space, or financial assistance if necessary; give details in your reply. Address W. & C., 1712 Mallers Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

EXPERIENCED BUSINESS MAN, NOW ACTIVELY ENGAGED, WITH EXCELLENT CONNECTIONS IN ENGLAND, FRANCE, AND SPAIN, SPEAKING FRENCH, DESIRES SELLING AGENCIES FOR EXPORT OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS, STAPLES AND RAW MATERIALS, IN ORDER TO ENLARGE PRESENT BUSINESS; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, WHICH WILL BE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY; WOULD CONSIDER FINANCING ESTABLISHED, PRODUCTIVE BUSINESS. X 225 TIMES ANNEX.

Experienced executive of recognized standing will soon go to the Far East to investigate and make confidential reports in interest of certain American manufacturers; many "exclusive agencies" have proved disappointing; advertiser will serve A1 firms only; preliminary interview, as well as subsequent arrangement, if any, will be on strictly confidential basis; interested manufacturers should respond prior Feb. 1. G 605 Times Downtown.

An Englishman, who is thoroughly conversant with English, British colonial and European business, is shortly leaving for London, England, and wishes to represent, either temporarily or permanently, some well known American house, or to push some well known American specialty there. Is able if necessary to arrange his own finances; highest commercial and personal references given. X 239 Times Annex.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MACHINE PLANT OWNERS OR INVESTORS; manufacturer of adding machine wants to connect with a capable party who can take over the manufacture of a well-protected adding, subtracting, and listing machine adapted to all currency; can be produced at very low price; terms to suit. G 591 Times Downtown.

A college graduate wishes to communicate with experienced marine, life or automobile insurance men with large clientele, who would be interested in forming brokerage office on partnership basis; state education, age, experience, volume of business, and present connections; strictest confidence. K 40 Times.

Open for legitimate business in South America; civil engineer, middle age, many years' experience in the sugar industry of Latin America and with important connections, is open to represent large exporters and manufacturers of machinery, under proper conditions; high references at disposition. A 60 Times.

We are desirous of becoming directly identified, perhaps financially, with one or more local or nearby manufacturers of metal specialties or staples suitable for export markets; many years' experience in exporting work through all fields. Sterling Geneen Corporation, Export Representatives, 100 Hudson St., New York, N. Y.

Egypt, Africa.—Young man, thoroughly acquainted with Egyptian and Sudanese markets, perfect linguist, (eight languages,) excellent business training, traveled extensively Europe, Asia, Africa, and America, desires position as representative export business, promoter, or general salesman; what have you to offer? Z 365 Times Annex.

As an advertising salesman with some good accounts, are you prepared to develop with me on an equal basis an advertising service? Fourteen years' successful experience. Z 393 Times Annex.

Gentleman, 15 years' business experience, executive ability, wishes to associate himself with going business; can invest about $5,000 in reputable proposition. Write full particulars, Box G. G. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

Young man, well educated, thorough business experience, like to combine efforts with gentleman wishing to start in export-import trade. Party must be self supporting and energetic. G 662 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—Good article, patented or staple; we have a large sales force covering the State. R 799 Times Downtown.

Have patented umbrella; desire party to manufacture same. B 829 Times Annex.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

FOR $3 I'LL WRITE A CIRCULAR LETTER So Strenuous It Will HAVE To Bring You Business; Inexpensive Mailorder Campaigns, Style Booklets, Folders, and Catalogues Prepared; Established Reputation (24th Year). Rosenblum (Advertising Expert), 1,482 Broadway. Bryant 2653.

MANUFACTURERS AND INVENTORS.
We design and build special machinery, make tools, dies, metal stampings of all descriptions; light manufacturing, mechanical drafting. Liak Manufacturing Co., 38 Walker St.

BANKING ACCOMMODATION, DISCOUNTS, loans on machinery, merchandise, rents, shipments, installment sales, and any good security; acceptances, notes bought. KOEHLER, 51 Chambers St., Suite 723.

Business man will make a trip to the Pacific Coast, stopping at principal cities; will undertake commission or will handle mechanical line or specialty. For personal interview address O 386 Times.

BEFORE INCORPORATING CONSULT OUR corporation department; we can save you trouble and money; write forms, free information. American Guaranty & Trust Co., Wilmington, Del.

Translations in Russian, German, and Swedish of technical and commercial literature and catalogs by competent mechanical engineers. Mail answer Room 403, 120 Liberty St.

Engineering executive desires engagement part or full time; difficult problems designing, operating, organizing, cost accounting invited. R 27 Times.

Manufacturers Attention!—We will design your machinery! Automatic and labor saving devices; graduate engineers with 12 years' practical shop experience. S 13 Times.

Aeroplane Manufacturers.—We have machine to wind cable ends, two ends on one operation, with ferrule or thimble in place. S 14 Times.

MODERN ENGINEERING CO., 800 BROADWAY, N. Y., will lay out your contemplated plant, design machinery for quantity production; estimate; report.

BENJAMIN ROMAN,
REGISTERED PATENT ATTORNEY,
200 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Treatise on patents mailed upon request.

$1,000,000 to loan heirs to estates, or on other good security; good going enterprises financed. Hord, 100 Broadway.

Loans made on machinery, printing plants, automobiles, trucks; $1,000 upward; quick action; write only. Hausen, 135 5th Av.

SEND YOUR DOG TO ME FOR TRAINING; I have trained many of the best. John Donaldson, Sheffield, Ala. Box 1004.

Ray Machine Works, Mount Vernon, N. Y.—commercial, mechanical developers.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

GO AFTER OUT-OF-TOWN BUSINESS. USE THIS $10 "TRY-OUT" LIST. CIRCULATION 2,927,190. (Nearly 9,000,000 Readers.) Your 24-word business opportunity, agents, salesmen, help wanted, real estate, for sale ad inserted one time in entire list, $10; each additional six words, $2.50:

Chicago Tribune,	Philadelphia Inquirer,
Boston Globe,	St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
Washington Post,	Cleveland Plain Dealer,
Buffalo Courier,	Cincinnati Enquirer,
Pittsburgh Press,	St. Paul News,
Detroit Free Press	San Francisco Chronicle.

ARKENBERG SPECIAL AGENCY,
700 World Building. Phone Beekman 2252.
Booklet of other Bargain Lists Free.

PATENTS.
Over 70 years practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 615 Woolworth Building, New York.

PATENTS.
Write for our Free Illustrated Guide Book, "HOW TO OBTAIN A PATENT." Send model or sketch and description for our free opinion of its patentable nature. HIGHEST REFERENCES, PROMPT SERVICE, REASONABLE TERMS.
VICTOR J. EVANS & CO.,
1007 Woolworth Bldg., New York City.
Phone Barclay 8171.
Main Offices, Washington, D. C.

MANUFACTURERS, NOTICE.
PRODUCTION PROPOSITIONS; MACHINING PARTS OF BRASS AND OTHER METALS, TOOLS OR SPECIALTIES, OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c. HAVE YOU A SALABLE ARTICLE FOR WHICH THE MARKET CAN BE EXPANDED? HAVE YOU PARTS TO SUBLET FOR QUANTITY PRODUCTION? PRODUCTION, G 645 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

An established chemical plant, the only one of its kind in the United States enjoying an exclusive trade, now increasing its capacity, will sell a limited amount of its 7% preferred stock, with a liberal common stock bonus, to qualified investors; this is an unusually attractive investment. K 741 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS AND INVENTORS.
Experimental work, models, tools, instruments, light machinery, general manufacturing; over twenty years' specialized experience; customers' supervision in machine shop permitted. Manufacturers' and Inventors' Electric Co., 29 Gold St., New York.

CHARTER SERVICE.
Attorneys desiring to incorporate in Arizona, Delaware, South Dakota, or any other State will find our service indispensable, without delays; least cost; information free.
CHARTER SERVICE CORPORATION,
Suite 806. 149 Broadway, New York.

BUSINESS LOANS.

CAPITAL.

Private banking house will entertain the financing of meritorious industrial enterprises.

Issues of bonds or preferred stock purchased for the purpose of development or reorganization.

Applications can only be entertained from established concerns in amounts of not less than $50,000.

Finance, S 439 Times Downtown.

LOANS.

We have money to loan to machine shops, printers, and manufacturing concerns, from $5,000 to $25,000. Will discount your notes, repayable over a period of one year. If you can use some additional capital, write us and get our terms. Business strictly confidential. Credit, S 438 Times Downtown.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—Early Saturday afternoon, sealskin muff, probably in taxi, between Lord & Taylor's and Empire Theatre. Suitable reward. Apt. 5A, 90 Morningside Drive.

LOST—Thursday night, Jan. 16, in taxicab or Waldorf-Astoria, pink enamel flower pin, with diamond; liberal reward, no questions asked. Cashier, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, Jan. 18, at Criterion Theatre, kolinsky muff. Return to Mrs. E. J. Wellman, 168 East 82d St. Telephone Lenox 6181. Liberal reward.

LOST.—Bar pin, diamonds, pearls, between East 66th and Lyceum Theatre, via 5th Av., 47th, 6th Av. Large reward. B 234 Times.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, a blue enamel watch, perhaps in Plymouth Theatre or street car. Reward. Phone Rhinelander 9767.

LOST.—Persian lamb collar, Rivoli Theatre, Saturday afternoon. Return to 1,076 Madison Av. and receive liberal reward. 3838.

LOST—A large brown envelope containing manuscript, in 6th Av. "L" at South Ferry; liberal reward. Phone 789W New Dorp.

LOST—Green pocketbook containing money, Empire Theatre, Thursday evening. Reward if returned to E. H. Lovett, Hotel Algonquin.

LOST.—35x5 Goodyear tire, mounted black tire cover, 5th Av., between 86th and 48th. Onyx Garage, 175 East 84th. Bates. Reward.

LOST.—Jan. 15, a man's gold watch with a chain of platinum and gold. Good reward. Call Vogue Designing Co., 39 West 32d.

LOST.—Diamond and sapphire bar pin, between 72d subway, 28th, to Prince George Hotel. Reward. S 98 Times.

LOST.—At Waldorf-Astoria, Saturday afternoon, beaver muff. Reward. 60 8th St., Hoboken.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire bar pin; liberal reward. M. S. Miller, Knickerbocker Hotel.

LOST—Fox fur, Broadway, 160th St., Friday; reward. Drescher, 790 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Tan-colored legal portfolio; ample reward. H. Crone, 261 Broadway.

STOLEN
on Jan. 17, about 5:30 o'clock, from 89th St. and Broadway, Hudson Super-Six Speedster, four-passenger, 1917 model, License No. 184,000 N. Y., factory No. J 47178; dark blue body striped red, black fenders, red wheels striped black; new wheel left front side; baggage trunk attached rear; two extra tires attached on left front fender, one covered with black Allen tire case, other in black case striped vermilion; Howe searchlight left windshield; dent near bottom right rear fender; left rear fender bent in toward body at bottom; heavy dent in right side body over rear fender had been painted over; speedometer reading about 14,800 miles; rear curtain left side has hole caused from rubbing when top was down; liberal reward. Suite 701, 50 Broad St., New York. Phone 7447 Broad.

$100 REWARD
for brooch, four pear-shaped diamonds forming a clover leaf within a circle of square olivines and diamonds, lost Friday, Jan. 10, between 73th St. and Park Av. and West 58th St. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Found.

FOUND.—Envelope pocketbook containing money and business card, in taxi. Inquire Bryant 2873.

Additional Lost and Found Advertisements on First Page, Section Nine.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

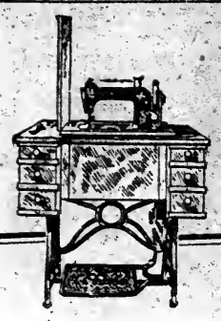
Alpha	.01	Jacket	.03
Alta	.02	Julia	.03
Andes	.03	Mexican	.09
Best & Belcher	.01	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con.	.03	Savage	.02
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.06
Con. Virginia	.04	Mexican dollars	.77¼
Hale & Norcross	.01		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.40	Booth	.15
Brougher Divide	.19	Florence	.12
Cash Boy	.06	Goldfield Cons.	.22
Gold Zone	.20	Goldfield Merger	.08
Halifax	.16	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.05	Jumbo Exten.	.13
McNamara	.20	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.28	Lone Star	.07
Mizpah	.05	Silver Pick	.05
Monarch Pitts	.07	Spearhead	.19
Montana	.14	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.06	Manhattan Cons.	.04
Rescue	.07	Nevada Hills	.03
Tonopah Divide	2.85	Packard	.30
Tonopah Exten.	2.20	Rochester	.28
West End	1.27½	Round Mountain	.30
West Tonopah	.16	United Eastern	4.25
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.15
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4⅛	5	Isabella	5½	7
Dr. J'pot	4	5	McKinney	7½	9
Elkton	5	7	Portland	100	103
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	13	13½
Golden C.	177	178½	Vindicator	41	44
Granite	19½	30	Rose Nicol	13½	13¾



Sale of 200

Brand New

Domestic

Sewing Machines

Rather than throw us down on an order which they could not fill, the makers of the famous Domestic shipped us 200 machines of a higher grade at a price to match the ones ordered.

Regular $45 Machines

$39.50

$2 DOWN AND $1 A WEEK

Only 200 in the lot, so act quickly. This is the fine new Domestic model, in handsome Golden Oak case, highly polished. Easy running, ball-bearing, long lived, perfect in service. Will do any kind of sewing under the sun.

Only $2 cash down brings one to your home—balance $1 a week. No extra charge.

$10 to $15

Allowance on Your Old Sewing Machine

when you buy the Electric Domestic at $69 to $87.

GIMBELS—Fifth Floor

Gimbels

32nd St.—Broadway—33rd St.

In the treatment of all skin troubles bathe freely with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry gently, and apply Cuticura Ointment to the affected parts. These fragrant super-creamy emollients tend to prevent little skin troubles becoming serious if used for every-day toilet purposes.

For sample of each free by mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. 42M Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

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A Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics

The Annalist publishes articles on economic subjects of interest to thoughtful readers, charts of stock market averages, the cost of living, and Federal Reserve Gold holdings; full information on bank clearings, on the forces swaying stocks, bonds, and money; complete record of Stock Exchange transactions for the week. List of securities, not quoted elsewhere, offered by leading houses, with bid and asked prices.

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GIMBELS—Eighth Floor

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Try the Gimbel Restaurant, Tomorrow

The "Combination Plate Service" gives you a great choice of such delicious food; and prices are

Only 50c, 60c, 70c or $1.00

according to variety.

GIMBELS—Eighth Floor

Closing Out at Reduced Prices an Unparalleled Collection

For Monday Only

Black Satin Lace Boots

The Vogue of the Day

$7.75

Their Regular Prices are $11.25 and $12.00

Smart dressers will like these shoes.

Two models—one in black satin, the other in patent leather, with black satin tops. Both are suitable for dress and street wear.

They are hand-sewed, with long, slender vamps, high arches, and Louis heels. All sizes and all widths.

Altogether, shoes of superior quality. Note that the special price is for one day only.

In Progress—General Clearance Sale

Women's Boots, $4.95

They were $7, $8, $9 and $10

About 20 styles of discontinued models and styles with broken sizes. Best makers.

GIMBELS SHOE SECTION—Second Floor

French Blouses

Designed by the Famous Model Blouse Makers of Paris. It Is Doubtful if Such Blouses Can be Found Today to Sell at the Former Prices of These

Former Prices—$8.95, $10.95, $12.75 to $19.75

Finest French Voile and Batiste; white, pastel tints and color combinations.

Trimmed with bands of genuine filet laces, with Platt Valenciennes.

Showing the new shadow embroidery, punch-work, English eyelet work.

Lingerie $6.95

Hand-drawn work is a feature of most; also hand-hemstitchings. Such details as hand-drawn frills and flutings prevail.

Blouses with dozens and dozens of hand-sewn tuckings.

Every blouse is an exquisite example of the inimitable French needlecraft and chic.

Mostly Several of a Model, Occasionally One of a Kind

Former Prices—$14.75, $16.75, $18.75 to $39.50

Finest French Georgette Crepe, and Crepe de Chine; mainly in flesh-color and white. Several in suit shades.

A great many, feature motifs, medalions and bands of genuine Venise filet and other hand-made laces—often worth in themselves the sale price of the blouse.

Silks $8.95

Styles are distinctly Parisian, with unusual treatment of neckline, cuffs, sleeves. Several have tie-around self-girdles.

Blouses embroidered in cushion-cord work, in wool chain-stitch, in silk, fine bead work.

The French needlecraft is most beautifully expressed.

Also 25 Very Exquisite Model Blouses

Of Lingerie. Much Soiled. *Formerly $18.75 to $39.50* **Special, $10.75**

All Sales Must Be Final GIMBELS—Third Floor *None on Approval or C. O. D.*

A New High Turban

Copying Maria Guy's Spring Message of the Mode

Amethyst color silk faille, in soft pleats, held down here and there by star-like ornaments of woven braid in garnet and taupe.

$18.50

In The Collection of

THE NEW HATS

now on display in the GIMBEL-Paris salon, among those for immediate New York wear. Distinctively smart hats of lisere, Milan, chrysanthemum braid, rough straw; some combined with Georgette crepe.

Sport Hats of Kumsi Kumsa Silk

have been designed for Florida sports wear. On simple lines of surpassing grace. Exquisite shade hats of pastel Georgette crepe.

Shown in a Setting Simulating the Beauties of the Blue Coast of Florida

GIMBELS MILLINERY SALON—Third Floor

January Clearance Sale of Furs

Coats and Small Furs of Quality at Extraordinary Savings

Every fur coat and fur piece throughout the broad Gimbel stocks bears a price reduction of interest, and FOR TO-MORROW—MONDAY—further price reductions have been made in many instances. Each purchase, therefore, will be in the nature of a fine investment.

Among the showing will be these items:

$95.00 silver pointed Fox Set, reduced to $65.00.

$95.00 Silver Pointed Fox Sets of very choice skins. *Reduced to* **$65.00**

$110.00 Fisher Sets consisting of large trimmed muff and animal scarf. *Reduced to* **$75.00**

$115.00 Taupe Lynx Sets A large canteen muff and scarf. *Reduced to* **$85.00**

$1275 **Natural Mink Wrap Coat,** *Reduced to* **$875**

$750 **Hudson Seal Ermine trimmed Wrap,** *Reduced to* **$495**

$695 **Hudson Seal Stone Marten trimmed Wraps,** *Reduced to* **$495**

$695 **Hudson Seal, Moleskin trimmed** *Reduced to* **$495**

$450 **Baby Caracal full length Coat** *Reduced to* **$265**

$395 **Baby Caracal trimmed Coat** *Reduced to* **$245**

$575 **Moleskin long Coat,** *Reduced to* **$395**

$650 **Dark Mink Coatee,** *Reduced to* **$495**

$475 **Kolinsky Cape,** *Reduced to* **$325**

$295 **Moleskin Coat.** *Reduced to* **$225**

Neckpieces

$27.50 Nutria Collars *Reduced to* $22.50
$17.50 Black Skunk Scarfs *Reduced to* $15
$22.50 Hudson Seal Scarfs *Reduced to* $17.50
$75.00 Mink Collarettes *Reduced to* $55
$45.00 Natural Skunk Scarfs *Reduced to* $32.50

Muffs

$22.50 Taupe Nutria *Reduced to* $18.50
$22.50 Dyed Skunk *Reduced to* $16.50
$49.50 Moleskin *Reduced to* $37.50
$11.50 Hudson Seal *Reduced to* $9.75
$22.50 Hudson Seal *Reduced to* $16.50

GIMBELS FUR SECTION—Third Floor

For Fastidious Women, The C/B Corset

of Dainty Fabrics

Apart from its skilled designing, which imparts the contours of graceful youth, fastidious women choose the C/B A La Spirite Corset for the materials—always of unusual daintiness of pattern. With the little finishing touches of embroidery or lace or ribbon—just right.

C/B A La Spirite Corsets are fashioned of fine plain Coutils, Broches and Brocades, according to price.

$1.50 to $12.50

There are ideal models for every figure, from slender to stout.

Models Especially Designed for Sports Wear or for the Young Girl

are here at $1.50 to $5

GIMBELS—Second Floor

A Special Purchase of Women's Dance Frocks of Tulle over Silver Cloth

In Peach, Turquoise, Orchid, White

Specially Priced $33.50

In the lovely fashion that is illustrated; with the whole bodice and shoulders of iridescent spangled tulle over silver cloth; a front panel trimmed with it. Clouds of tulle over a silver cloth drop-skirt. Tulle wing sleeves. Sizes 34 to 44.

The New Slenderline Fashions in Serge and Tricotine at $19.75 to $29.75.

New Tailor-Mades of Men's Wear Serge

$37.50 and $49.50

Finely tailored, and smartly set off by silk braid binding or trimming; mannish buttons smartly used. Every detail showing the new 1919 mode. The skirts in appropriately smart lines.

The coats silk lined throughout. The model at $37.50 is also silk lined. Sizes 34 to 44.

GIMBELS WOMEN'S FROCKS SECTION—Third Floor

4 Specials

Tomorrow, in Dress Goods Section

Serge—Tricotine—Broadcloth—and Black Seal Plush

42 in. all wool Serge, fine twill, two good shades of navy blue, green, tan, Burgundy, plum, brown and grey; also black. **$1.45 yd.**

Black Broadcloth, sponged and shrunk. Very lustrous and an exquisitely rich tone of black. **$2.95 yd.**

All Wool Tricotine, every really modish color, such as Tan, Castor, Taupe, Rookie, Blues, Browns, Black, Navy. **$3.95 yd.**

Black Seal Plush, so popular for Coats, Capes, Scarfs, Muffs and Trimmings. Rich, erect pile. 48 in. wide. **$5.50 yd.**

GIMBELS DRESS GOODS SECTION—Second Floor

These New Cottons

Just make you know that Spring is here

Such Beautiful

Ginghams

so gay in their bright plaids and stripes; or so demure in their tiny "pin checks" that you want to don at once a frock so sweetly fresh as are always created out of these sensible cottons. And so economical, too!

Only 38 cts. a Yd.

Crepe Georgette

of Silk and Cotton

is 36 in. wide, and at

75 cts. Yd.

will give you an adorable frock if you wear it over a little silk taffeta underslip.

At 50 cts.

a yard, you may have innumerable smart Frocks if you will make them from any one of these

Voiles

Having Woven Designs

Dozens of designs and "most a hundred" colorings.

Buy any of the above and make them yourself in the GIMBEL SCHOOL OF DRESSMAKING. ONLY $3 FOR 6 LESSONS

GIMBELS COLORED WASH GOODS SECTION—Second Floor

124 Large Rugs

Body Brussels and Wiltons

Scarcely Two Alike

Ranging 10 ft. 6 in. x 10 ft. 6 in. up to 11 ft. 3 in. x 15 ft.

Regularly Priced $88.00 to $260.00

Now $65.00 to $200.00

A really beautiful collection, and one which will appeal to clubs, offices and specialty-shop requirements.

An almost unlimited supply of small rugs at sensationally low prices

GIMBELS RUG SECTION—Sixth Floor

Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Sheets, Blankets, Comforters

AT JANUARY SAVINGS

GIMBELS LINEN SECTION —Second Floor

GIMBELS BLANKET SECTION —Second Floor

YOU do know Economic Conditions in Russia, but do you know that most of our Flax comes from Russia—a fact which explains the Linen Shortage and markets rising daily? That's why Wise Women will buy at Gimbels on Monday the Splendid Linens for which Gimbels is famous. Note the prices!

Face Towels

Hemmed Cotton Huck Face Towels. Firm and closely woven. 18x34 in. Special, $2.50 a doz.

300 Dozen Extra Fine Hemmed Cotton Face Towels. Bleached, snow white. Neat damask borders. 18½x36 in. Special, $3.00 a doz.

Hemstitched Cotton Huck Face Towels. Neat striped border effects. 19x36 in. $3.50 a doz.

Extra large Imported Hemstitched Cotton Huck Face Towels. Bleached snow white and very absorbent. 24x40 in. Special, $4.80 a doz.

Bath Towels

Initialed Bath Towels. Full bleached, generous size. 2½ inch. French knot initials in blue and pink. Special, 35c each

Turkish Bath Towels. Full bleached, generous size. Special $2.40, $3.00 and $5.40 a dozen.

Dish, Glass and Roller Towels and Toweling

Pure Irish Linen Crash Toweling, for Hand, Roller and Dish Towels. Special, 18c. a yd.

Imported Irish Checked Glass Towels. Very absorbent and free from lint. 22x28 in. $3.50 a doz.

Table Cloths and Napkins

Satin Damask Table Cloth of Pure Irish Linen, with Napkins to match. Firm and closely woven. Lustrous finish.

Cloth, 72"x72", $5.50 each | Napkins, 22"x22", $6.75 a doz.

350 Dozen Pure Irish Linen Napkins Special—$4.25, $5.75, $8.50, $9.50 doz.

Hemstitched Damask Dinner Sets of Pure Scotch Linen. Soft, lustrous finish. Laundered, ready for use.

Set Consisting of One Cloth and One Dozen Napkins

Cloth 66x66 in., Napkins 18x18 in., $9.75 Set
Cloth 66x86 in., Napkins 18x18 in., $10.75 Set
Cloth 70x70 in., Napkins 20x20 in., $11.25 Set
Cloth 70x88 in., Napkins 20x20 in., $14.25 Set
Cloth 72x72 in., Napkins 23x23 in., $16.50 Set
Cloth 72x90 in., Napkins 23x23 in., $18.50 Set

JANUARY is the Time for "Stocking Up" in Bedthings. These Gimbel Attractions offer Seasonable Advantages in Quality, Reliability and Economy from the "Best Stocks in the Country," as one Prominent Retailer expressed it recently. Savings in some cases average One-Third of Regular Prices!

White and Plaid Blankets

Plaid Blankets $8.75 Pair Block patterns. Double bed size. Wide bindings. Wool and cotton mixed.

Heavy Plaid Blankets $18.00 a Pair All the wanted block designs and colorings. Full size. Wool and cotton mixed.

White Blankets $10.75 a Pair Special wide borders. Full size. Wide binding. Wool and cotton mixed.

White Blankets $8.75 a Pair Full size. Mohair binding. Wool and cotton mixed.

White Blankets $13.50 a Pair Fine special cotton warp. Extra large size, 72x90 inches. Wool and cotton mixed.

Plaid Blankets $8.75 a Pair Single bed size. Extra percentage of wool.

Other Blankets to $40.00 pair

Comfortables and Bed Spreads

COMFORTERS

$13.95 Each

Down Filled Comforters Clean, sanitary down filled. Extra large size.

Other Comforters, $4.85 to $65.00

BED SPREADS

White Scalloped Crochet Bed Spreads $2.25 Each

Other Bed Spreads $3.75, $4.25, up to $25.00

Pequot Bleached Sheets

Sizes before Hemming.

	Reg.	Sale.
54x90 in.	$2.15	$1.50
63x99 in.	$2.45	$1.80
72x90 in.	$2.45	$1.80
72x99 in.	$2.60	$1.95
72x108 in.	$2.70	$2.10
81x90 in.	$2.55	$1.95
81x99 in.	$2.70	$2.10
90x99 in.	$2.80	$2.25

Pequot Bleached Pillow Cases

	Reg.	Sale.
42x38½ in.	60c.	48c.
45x36 in.	60c.	48c.
45x38½ in.	65c.	52c.
54x36 in.	70c.	58c.

Brooklyn, New Jersey and Long Island Customers direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

Section 2 | NEWS SECTION FINANCIAL—BUSINESS—SPORTS

The New York Times.

NEWS SECTION FINANCIAL—BUSINESS—SPORTS | Section 2

E SUNDAY, JANUARY 19, 1919. E

JUMBLE OF PLOTS IN LUXEMBURG

Royal House Was Saved from Overthrow by Coup of Premier Alweiss.

HEADED OFF A REPUBLIC

Duchess's Abdication Was Held Back for Chance to Elevate Her Sister.

FRENCH PREVENTED REVOLT

Intrigues in the Little Country Puzzle Many of the Population.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLMAR-BERG, Luxemburg, Jan. 15.—On the western outskirts of this play-town of a toy nation there is a big arched stone gateway. On each side of that gateway and conveniently around stand American doughboys. They are of the 33d Division, and the platoon is under the command of Sergeant Dorrance Nelson, who hails from Galesburg, Ill.

The road through that gateway winds majestically up a hill, the pastoral beauty of which matches the rest of this big park, which they call a duchy, and atop the hill stands a great chateau. It is Colmar-Berg.

There they made a new Duchess five minutes ago. She is Charlotte, sister Duchess Adelaide, who hoped that the Germans would win the war.

Now the story of how Charlotte came to be Duchess of Luxemburg is what I call a good story. Not that it is such a pretty story, but then who said that all interesting stories were pretty stories?

One has heard often in America of how significant political bargains were made in back rooms. Charlotte's story is of course, nothing like that. But they call it Charlotte's story, for Charlotte is just a girl of 22 who has taken Adelaide's place because her mother told her to do so, and somebody else told her mother to tell Charlotte to be Duchess.

Played Political Seesaw.

If this sounds like an incoherent story, then it sounds right. That is the story of Luxemburg's politics for you. It is kaleidoscopic and every one will tell you something different about it as I have found out in the two days I have been trying to discover why Luxemburg has been playing seesaw between a royal and a republican form of government for the last ten days.

Meanwhile, there is a strict censorship on telegrams and letters out of the duchy.

No one who would talk knew just what was what, and those who know maybe they are not to be found in Luxemburg, anyhow. But what I do know of Luxemburg's story seems to recall the fantastic history-making of a century and more ago.

After hearing so much in these latter days of a League of Nations and a brotherhood of man and that sort of thing, to one who has seen something of practical politics it came almost as a refreshing breeze to see adjustments made by those in a position to make them as it was thought they should be made for the welfare of the largest interests involved—I say involved advisedly, for that is a good word to apply to the Luxemburg situation at this time.

A Study in Self-Determination.

Suffice it to say at this point that Luxemburg's affairs have been advanced in the good, old-fashioned way. And while the "self-determination" of this small people has been going on there have been camping on their soil soldiers of two great powers in the presence of whom the little duchy has been like a lamb. To use American slang, which perhaps better fits the situation, the little duchy has been more like another animal—one that we sometimes accuse of eating tin cans.

If you please, let's take a general look at the situation. Quartered both in the north and south of the duchy are American troops, part of the Second American Army, which stands in support of the Third Army, which is the Army of Occupation. In the City of Luxemburg itself is the headquarters of Marshal Foch, the allied Commander in Chief, which has a certain number of French troops attached to it. Throughout its length and breadth the Luxemburg duchy is in close touch with warriors who fought and won the battle for world, national, and personal liberty.

Look a little closer, in a bird's-eye view of the little duchy, and you will see that in the city French troops are maintaining law and order, and maintaining it completely and absolutely. The police guard the public buildings, including the Chamber of Deputies; patrol the streets well and often, and occupy a position which safely prevents all disorders, revolutionary or otherwise. In Marshal Foch's headquarters city today in this little neutral nation there is no chance for disturbances.

Royal Sisters Still Together.

Look yet a little to the north, some ten miles, and there, as I have said, you will find the Duchess's castle well guarded by American doughboys, while in the castle are the new Duchess and the former Duchess and their four sisters, not leaving out of account the mother. You may look closer and try to find the Sergeant Major who started the ill-fated revolution, but you probably won't find him. I couldn't, and others who are looking for him can't.

It is a hard job to explain the Luxemburg situation briefly. It reflects world politics and the interests of many nations. It reflects religion in many aspects. It reflects the old fight over the separation of Church and State. It reflects the shadows of the recent world war.

Every one knows that Luxemburg was used by the Germans in 1914 as a passageway to France. One who blames Luxemburg for not placing her army of 300 in the path of the Huns might add that the duchy furnished 3,000 volunteers to the army of France.

Every one knows that Duchess Adelaide entertained the Kaiser and sent him one telegram praying God for the success of the German cause. One knows as well that the Duchess's pro-German attitude displeased a large part of her 300,000 subjects.

For some time there has been in the duchy a Clerical Party supporting the Duchess's Government, which was very good to the Catholic Church, and there have been anti-Clericals who opposed the Duchess's Government. The anti-Clericals were divided among those who wished to join France, those who wished to join Belgium, and those who wished an independent republic—all wishing to rid themselves of the Duchess.

Alweiss Dominant Figure.

When the Allies won the war and American troops entered Luxemburg, they found that the sentiment against the Duchess's pro-German attitude had grown bitter, and that perhaps a majority of the population wished to put her out. But it so happened that the Clericals supporting the Duchess still controlled Parliament, and Alweiss, President of the Chamber and Prime Minister, was the dominant factor in the duchy's governmental policies.

The anti-Duchess feeling was running so high that all plans were laid for a revolution on the occasion of General Pershing's entrance, the revolutionists counting on the American General to aid them, but our Commander in Chief didn't see it in that way. When he stood on the balcony and reviewed with the Duchess the passing American troops, no revolution took place.

Then we moved on our way and Marshal Foch with French troops took over the city. At first the French troops remained aloof from Luxemburg's affairs, and the Clericals and Radicals went at each other undisturbed, and the halls of Parliament echoed and re-echoed with accusations and counteraccusations.

Then on Jan. 1 a motion was adopted calling for a formal investigation of the Government's attitude during the war. On Jan. 9 there took place a heated debate in which the galleries hooted down the Clericals defending Duchess Adelaide, whereupon President Alweiss led his party out of the Chamber.

The anti-Duchess faction, then being in the majority, passed a resolution calling for the abdication of the Duchess. But while this was being done word of what happened had reached the army of 282 in Caserne. A week before the army had discharged all its old officers and elected Sergeant Major Eiffers Chairman of the army.

Proclaimed a Republic.

Hearing what had taken place in the Chamber, Eiffers and his soldiers at once proclaimed a republic, and, marching to the Chamber, asked Parliament to form a new Government. This was done, and at 6:30 o'clock on Jan. 9 the appointment of a Committee of Safety to conduct the Government was announced.

The next day every one in Luxemburg supposed that there was a republic. On the 11th the Havas semi-official news agency sent out a dispatch from Metz to the effect that a republic had been proclaimed in Luxemburg and that Duchess Adelaide had abdicated and gone into seclusion in her castle at Colmar.

And so the Duchess had abdicated, her abdication having been handed to her Prime Minister, but not having been presented to Parliament.

In the meanwhile Alweiss had "got busy." He had called on General Latour, commander of the French garrison, and, placing his case before the General, had asked him to preserve order. He told the General that there was danger of disorder, and, issuing an order for the disbandment of the Luxemburg army, had General Latour agree to it, and it was done.

The local police being part of the army, Alweiss asked General Latour to police the city and guard public buildings. The General agreed. I can state that General Latour's expressed attitude is that the Government of France, not having recognized the new republic, he had to deal with the only Government he knew officially to exist.

Of course the Luxemburg anti-Duchess faction construed the French action to be against the revolution, and got angry about it, and is still angry for that matter.

Scored a Coup in Parliament.

With the French military authorities refusing to recognize the Committee of Safety which was a revolutionary Government, Alweiss had the better of the situation. On the 14th, which was yesterday, he got his army together, and when Parliament met, with French soldiers on guard in case of disorder, of course Alweiss presented in a dignified manner the abdication of Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide. To say that it was accepted puts the matter succinctly.

Then lo! and behold, Alweiss's lieutenants proposed that the crown be bestowed on Charlotte, sister of Adelaide. Having the votes, Alweiss put through this motion and appointed a committee to wait on Charlotte today and have her sign the Constitution.

The news spread like wild fire throughout the city and, needless to say, there was excitement. But there were sturdy French troops everywhere, and, of course, there was no disturbance and no organization of revolutionary mobs to get even with Alweiss.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock two automobiles bearing members of Parliament reached Colmarberg to "make" the new Duchess. They were stopped at the gate by the American guards, who refused entrance to them until the Duchess said it was all right. Then they went up the hill and Charlotte signed for her new place.

Shortly after the Alweiss coup in the Chamber, there reached Colmar word that a revolutionary crowd—Bolsheviki was the way it was put—was on its way to the castle, and thereupon an extra heavy American guard was put on patrol. It marched about the castle for five hours, when, at Adelaide's request, it was taken away, but there were always enough Americans about to see that no one stole the Duchess intrusted to their care.

In passing let me say that those doughboys took good care of the Duchess and like her family personally. This liking was not diminished when three of the sisters came down to the gate yesterday with two bicycles each and asked Sergeant Nelson to give them three soldiers to go riding with. They got the soldiers.

But to return to Luxemburg politics. I have been in the capital most of the day, and when I say that those of the population who are for a republic do not understand events, I say just what they tell me. They say that they thought all the Allies were for a republic, and cannot understand why the allied soldiers sat on their republic—that's just the way they put it. Those who like the Duchesses say that the French did just right in "maintaining law and order."

For a sidelight on the situation let us recall that during the German occupation of Luxemburg the rate of exchange was 5 francs for 4 marks. When the Germans got out, the Ducal Government gave the word that all who lived in Luxemburg prior to August, 1914, should put their marks in the banks, and they would be credited with 5 francs for 4 marks. This rate was maintained through December, while everywhere else in the world the rate was 3 francs for 4 marks. The rate was maintained until Jan. 1.

Now, I don't know what has been promised and what has not, but any business man in Luxemburg will tell you that the Allies are going to force Germany to make good the difference. In other words, supply enough extra marks to guarantee the people of Luxemburg against financial loss.

As Luxemburg waxed very rich during the war, this is an important item in the life of the people who own the many marks with which their banks are crammed.

Before the war Luxemburg had trade relations of a pleasant and profitable nature with Germany. By these relations her iron and steel industry flourished as they had never flourished before. Now Luxemburg wants new arrangements.

There are those who favor annexation to France, the leaders of this faction being Frenchmen who live in the duchy and some of the clericals. There are those who want a political union with Belgium, and this faction is not weak. There are those who want an independent republic, and there are those who want to retain the Duchess. Those who want to retain the Duchess are divided between a trade union with France and a trade union with Belgium.

It takes little imagination to see that no issue is very clear in Luxemburg politics. If Luxemburg becomes a part of France it must be a republic, for a republic cannot take in a monarchy. If what they say about France "sitting" on their republic is true, and if what they heard about France being willing to welcome Luxemburg into her fold is true, why—and so on. What is the answer? I can't find it.

Anyhow, I am willing to go on record as saying that the French General is doing well in the way of maintaining order in Luxemburg. It is reported that back in 1916 the then Premier of France promised the King of the Belgians that if at the end of the war Luxemburg by any chance wanted to join Belgium, France would not stand in the way.

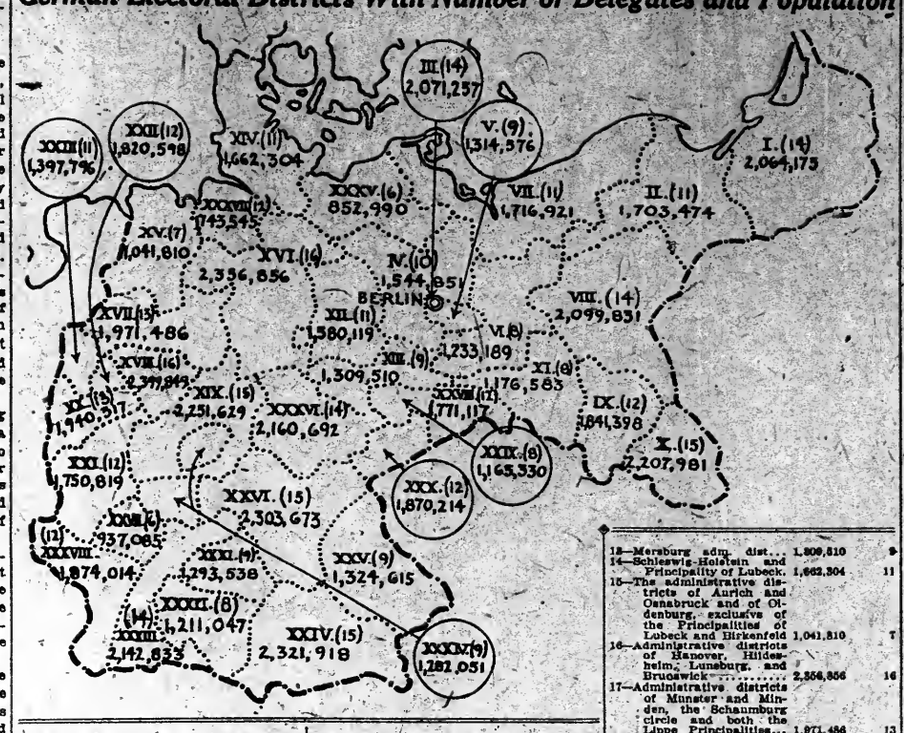
However that may be, the revolution seems off, and here in Luxemburg they have a brand-new Duchess. How long she will last I don't know, and I am inclined to believe that she shares with me that lack of assurance. But let us say for her that no one has yet proved that she sent any telegrams to the Kaiser and that she is more popular than Adelaide.

Maybe Adelaide in the privacy of her family says, "Just wait." At the capital many say that the real ruler of Luxemburg was a priest with whom Adelaide spent seven hours daily in prayer. Charlotte is much of a modern girl, and has a tutor who teaches her English three hours a day. She likes Americans, she says. Truly she has Adelaide's mistakes to profit by.

And now, while the Allies continue their policy of noninterference, adhering to the Wilson policy of self-determination of small peoples, Duchess Charlotte announces that she is going to town tomorrow to look over her new work.

When the Germans first invaded Luxemburg at the beginning of the war, the Grand Duchess who recently abdicated was represented as having been strongly opposed to the invaders and shown her feeling in action, though fruitless. Recent reports indicated that she had at least changed her views to acquiescence in the continued occupation of her country. Some statements have been made that she had became a partisan of the Germans.

German Electoral Districts With Number of Delegates and Population



12—Merseburg adm. dist...	1,809,810	9
14—Schleswig-Holstein and Principality of Lubeck.	1,662,304	11
15—The administrative districts of Aurich and Oanabruck and of Oldenburg, exclusive of the Principalities of Lubeck and Birkenfeld	1,041,810	7
16—Administrative districts of Hanover, Hildesheim, Lunseburg, and Brucswick	2,356,856	16
17—Administrative districts of Munster and Minden, the Schaumburg circle and both the Lippe Principalities...	1,971,486	13
18—Administrative district of Arnsberg.....	2,390,849	16
19—Hesse-Nassau, without the Schaumburg and Schalkalden circuits, and the Wetzlar circle, as well as Waldeck	2,251,629	15
20—Administrative districts of Cologne and Aix-la-Chapelle	1,940,317	13
21—Administrative districts of Cologne and Treves and the Principality of Birkenfeld.....	1,750,819	12
22½—Duesseldorf Reichstag Election Districts 1 to 5, so far as they belong to the Duesseldorf Administrative District	1,820,598	12
23—Duesseldorf Reichstag Election Districts 6 to 12 of the Duesseldorf Administrative District	1,897,796	11
24—Administrative Districts of Upper Bavaria and Swabia	2,521,916	15
25—Administrative Districts of Lower Bavaria and the Upper Palatinate..	1,324,615	9
26—Administrative Districts of Upper, Middle, and Lower Franconia.....	2,306,673	15
27—The Administrative District of the Palatinate.	937,085	6
28—Saxon Reichstag Election Districts 1 to 9.	1,771,117	12
29—Saxon Reichstag Election Districts 10 to 14.	1,165,330	8
30—Saxon Reichstag Election Districts 15 to 23.	1,870,214	12
31—Neckar and Jaget Circles	1,297,538	9
32—Black Forest and the Danube Circles and the administrative districts of Sgmaringen..	1,211,047	8
33—Baden	2,142,833	14
34—Hesse	1,282,051	9
35—Mecklenburg - Schwerin, Mecklenburg - Strelitz and Lubeck.....	852,990	6
36—Saxe - Weimar, Saxe - Meiningen, Saxe-Altenburg, Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, the two Schwarsburg and the two Reuss principalities, the administrative district of Erfurt and the Schmalkalden circle.....	2,160,692	14
37—Hamburg, Bremen and the administrative district of Stade.....	1,743,545	12
38—Alsace-Lorraine	1,874,014	12
Totals	64,711,982	433

It will be noticed in this schedule No. XXXVIII. refers to Alsace-Lorraine. According to the terms of the armistice of Nov. 11, and the two renewals on Dec. 14, there is nothing to prevent elections taking place there except the preponderating French sentiment and the belief on account of the ultimate destiny of the territory that such elections would be useless. Of course the expanded territory, including the German portions of Austria and Bohemia, will not hold elections, as whether the question they are to be incorporated into the new Germany will depend upon the act of the Constituent Assembly which is elected today.

39,000,000 TO VOTE IN GERMANY TODAY

Many Parties, Some of Them Old Ones in New Guise, Are Competing.

38 DISTRICTS IN ALL

Conservative Elements and Majority Socialists Seem Likely to Win Most Delegates.

Today some 21,000,000 women and 18,000,000 men out of a population of upward of 64,711,982 will elect the 433 delegates who are to meet on Feb 10 to adopt a Constitution for new Germany.

According to the latest cabled reports, the efforts of the Spartacus element to prevent the holding of the election for the National Constituent Assembly have been in vain and the German people, with a handful still demanding the right to rule in the name of the proletariat, will decide the form of the Government.

It is likely, that today's election will be held under the rules laid down by the Ebert Provisional Government and announced on Nov. 30. The date of the election was fixed on Dec. 19, when some 400 of the delegates to a general meeting of Workers' and Soldiers' Councils from all parts of Germany voted for Jan. 19 and only about seventy delegates opposed it.

The former empire has been divided into thirty-eight election districts, each entitled to six to sixteen delegates, according to the census figures of 1910. Each delegate is to represent about 150,000 persons. The election is to be held according to the system of proportional representation, thus insuring a voice in the National Assembly to all but insignificant minorities. All German men and women who have completed their twentieth year by election day are entitled to vote, directly and in secret. Candidates must be electors who have been citizens for at least one year. Persons under guardianship and those who have lost their civic rights cannot vote, but bankruptcy and the receipt of public charity no longer involve loss of the suffrage.

Of the parties taking part in the election, the German Social Democratic Party (the Majority Socialists forming the backbone of the Ebert Government) is the only one to enter the contest under its pre-war name.

The old Clerical Party (the Centre) has become the Christian-Democratic People's Party, and is pleading for, and to some extent receiving, the support of the Protestant clergy and laymen, who are opposed to what they term the anti-Christian activities of the Social Democrats, and are taking advantage of the good organization of their Catholic fellow-citizens to express this opposition.

The former Conservative parties, in which such Junkers and Pan-Germans as Count zu Reventlow and Count von Westarp, played leading rôles, have formed a combination known as the German-National People's Party in which the Christian Socialists (largely anti-Semites) form a factor.

Under the name of German Democratic Party are united the Left Wing and Centre of the old Progressive People's Party, the Left Wing of the National Liberals and many independent Democrats. At a meeting held in Berlin in early December by the leaders of the German People's Party, a combination of the Right Wing of the Progressive People's Party and the Centre and Right Wing of the National Liberal (big business) Party, it was decided to fuse with the German Democratic Party, but this decision aroused so much opposition, from both reactionary and progressive elements in both new parties, that it is probable that in many districts today the German People's Party will have its own candidates. The Democratic Party stands for a liberal German republic and with the Christian Democratic People's Party is expected to make the best showing against the Social Democrats.

The Independent Social Democratic Party, direct descendant of the political group headed by Haase, Bernstein, Kautsky, and other prominent Socialists in March, 1916, following the split in the old Socialist Reichstag group over the question of continuing to vote for war credits, has candidates in the field in a number of districts, but, judging from the results already shown in several local contests, is not likely to elect many delegates.

The election districts are as follows:

Election Districts.	Population.	Dele-gates.
1—East Prussia	2,064,175	14
2—West Prussia	1,703,474	11
3—City of Berlin.....	2,071,257	14
4—Potsdam Reichstag Districts 1 to 9, so far as they belong to the Potsdam Administrative district	1,544,851	10
5—10th Potsdam Reichstag District, so far as it belongs to the Potsdam administrative district	1,314,576	9
6—Administrative district of Frankfort-on-the-Oder	1,233,189	8
7—Pomerania.....	1,716,821	11
8—Posen	2,090,831	14
9—Breslau administrative district	1,541,396	12
10—Lignitz adm. district....	2,207,961	15
11—Liegnitz adm. district..	1,176,583	8
12—Magdeburg and Anhalt admin. district	1,580,119	11

WHY U. S. LOWERED ITS SHIPPING RATES

Redfield Says It Had to be Done with Vessels in Its Control to Meet Competition.

MUST ACCEPT WAR LOSSES

Tells at Republican Club Meeting How Unpreparedness Before War Was Overcome.

BOYCOTT ON GERMAN SHIPS

British Seamen's Union Leader Explains How They Will Retaliate for Piratical Acts.

At the Nonpartisan Saturday Discussion held yesterday afternoon in the Republican Club, 54 West Fortieth Street, William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce, explained to the audience the bases of the decision of the Government to reduce the shipping rates on Government controlled ships and the reason for the continuation of the cable censorship.

He later revealed some of the details of unpreparedness which we faced at the beginning of the war, the measures which were taken to overcome them, and steps which have been taken to prevent the country again finding itself in a state of industrial impotency. He finally declared that America must send her commerce out over the seas as a servant of the nations and not as an exploiter of the world.

The labor problem in peace and reconstruction was expounded from the point of view of capital by Henry Y. Braddon, Commissioner from Australia, who claimed the honor of conducting the fight against every strike in Australia in the last twenty years, and from the labor point of view by Captain Edward Tupper, organizer of the British Seamen's Union, who in his turn boasted of having led every strike in Great Britain in the same time. J. Van Vechten Olcott presided.

Government Must Take Losses.

With reference to the problem of shipping rates, Secretary Redfield made it clear that the Government felt it could not base the necessary earnings of its ships upon their war cost, for in that case business would be hopelessly handicapped by competition carried on at one-third the cost, and that therefore the Government had concluded it must take its losses along with the business men, a concession which would mean a reduction in the value of the ships amounting to $1,000,000,000.

He then showed how the United States was not alone responsible for the censorship placed upon the cables, but was bound by agreement with France, Great Britain, and Italy to the terms of the armistice. He said he had cabled Secretary Lansing last week that he thought the continuance of such censorship was injurious to business, that it served no practical purpose, and that he advocated its being speedily lifted.

"What we did at the outbreak of the war," continued Mr. Redfield, "to overcome such handicaps as are little thought of as part of the preparedness program, and which can only be spoken of now, are in some senses amazing. For instance, when the German ships which were thought to be irreparably damaged were once out on the high seas, manned by our sailors, they made a higher speed than they had ever attained before.

"As an example of the devilishness of the German engineers, let me cite the trick they played of inserting brass discs in tubes and then removing by acid baths any trace of their location. Mechanics had to tap thousands of feet of tubing with a light hammer in order to find them. From the steam cylinders V-shaped sections were broken out in the belief that they could not be repaired, and it was a fact that there were only two or three foundries in the country that could replace the castings. However, an ingenious mechanic thought he could weld a stripe to the outside and fuse a new section into the broken space. This had never been done before, but it was done then, and the old cylinders did the work.

"Just as important as the lack of the more obvious military equipment such as guns and powder, were such deficiencies as these. We could not produce the linen that was absolutely essential for the wings of airplanes; the varnish for the wings contained nitrates, and we did not have them; there wasn't a lens in nautical instrument that hadn't been made in Jena; and we did not have a map of the coast of this country from Brownsville, Texas, to Hampton Roads, Va.

How Difficulties Were Overcome.

"We overcame those difficulties. By the use of an Egyptian cotton grown in the Imperial Valley of California and a Sea Island cotton we manufactured an unusually strong yarn and fabricated a cloth fully as strong as linen. We made an acetate to take the place of a nitrate, and then designed a factory to manufacture that. We now own factories at Pittsburgh and Washington that turn out a glass equal to the best that has ever come out of Jena, and we have the map that was absolutely essential to the Artillery Corps were it successfully to defend the coast from invasion.

"We desire to get rid of all the restrictions which the war has made it necessary for the Government to place upon business, but as them myself the Government must become the servant of the people, not their master. However, we have lacked what the Germans have had all along. Their science has been the guide in stimulating industrial output. When the manufacturers of the United States and Great Britain proved themselves unable to interest a certain Central American tribe in its fabrics the Germans tried. They called in an ethnologist—an ethnotogist, of all men! He told them that certain symbols and colors were signs of good luck among those people. The Germans took the cue and sold their goods. You wouldn't send books with orange covers to Galway or fabrics with Christian symbols to Asiatic Turkey.

"To do this very thing with which the Germans have been so successful we have built the greatest laboratory in the world at the cost of $1,150,000, and we have put in units of all the great industries, not manufacturing units, but units that will manufacture. So we have begun to do the thing that Germany did thirty-five years ago.

"Up to four months ago we were using the same glass pots that were in use in the time of Rameses, but now from the brain of a master of ceramics has come apparatus that will do in one-half hour what formerly took a month, and will do it for $6 when it formerly cost $54. We have units for the manufacture of cotton, woolen, paper, rubber, cement, stone, iron, steel, and many others, to which any manufacturer may send his men without cost to work there, to experiment, and to put American industry in the place where it belongs."

Compulsory Arbitration a Failure.

Mr. Braddon traced the history of labor in Australia from 1890 to the present, and said that, of the two main policies which had been adopted there, compulsory arbitration had been a failure and would soon be discarded, but that the basic living wage had come to stay, and would make it possible for capital and labor to discuss their problems amicably and to come to terms satisfactory to both.

In arguing against compulsory arbitration, the speaker pointed out that since the decision in any dispute was always left to a court, the employer threw off responsibility in the matter and left it to the court. Then again, he showed that while the employer was always compelled to obey the awards of the court, the employes, existing in great numbers, only obeyed them when it suited.

"While the policy of compulsory arbitration does not have its roots fixed in righteousness," he said, "and therefore cannot live, the fixed wage will live because it is only justice that a man shall not always live next door to poverty."

Introducing himself as the man who had always led the strikes of the workingmen in England, Captain Tupper declared, in refutation of Mr. Braddon's strictures upon labor's responsibility for strikes, that the men were not always responsible for them. He then described the conditions existing on board ship, such as had made it necessary for the sailors to fight for the chance to live decently. After relating some of the incidents in connection with German ruthlessness on the sea, Captain Tupper told of the plans that had been made by the Seamen's Union to punish the Germans.

"On Feb. 24," he continued, "we shall have in London a meeting of representatives of all the sailors of the world. The English, French, Italian, Belgian, and Scandinavian seamen have agreed to the program laid out, and we hope at that time the Americans will join us.

"For seven years we refuse to allow a German on any of our ships, or to carry one ounce of German cargo. More than that, the navigating officers during that time will never trip a line to the pirate flag of Germany. Gentlemen, this is not hatred; it is justice. Whether you businessmen like it or not, we are going to do it. And I want to tell you that in England labor and capital are getting together. We have the Employers' and Employes' Alliance, in which all the representatives of capital and all the representatives of labor are meeting to discuss their problems, and we are never going to strike again if we can help it.

"I bring this message to you from the most powerful union in the world, representing 11,000,000 voters who are for boycott. It is your sons and our sons that died on the battlefields of France, and it is for them that we must see justice done."

FAVORS FARE ZONE SYSTEM.

Committee Reports to Public Service Commissions Association.

In a report prepared by the Committee on Public Utility Rates of the National Association of Public Service Commissions, appears the statement that the zone system of fares "probably offers the most practical method whereby increased income may be obtained by the street railroad companies." A similar suggestion, made by County Clerk Schneider, has been held in abeyance until every effort has been exhausted by the companies in this city to obtain from the authorities permission to raise the fare rates.

The National Committee said that where the zone system was already in effect and the income insufficient to meet the needs of the company, an increase in the number of zones and the shortening of the zone lengths would doubtless prove effective in producing additional income. The report states:

"The right of the public to regulate and control the operation of public utilities is no longer questioned, and there can be no valid objection to such regulation and control, provided it is judiciously and equitably administered in the interests of all concerned."

The report adds:

"All service should be paid for by the corporation, school, department, or individual to whom it is furnished, whether furnished by the municipality or privately owned utility. The interest of the consumer and the taxpayer is not identical, and both should be treated with even-handed justice by the commissions."

WANT KNITTERS FOR NAVY.

Many Garments Needed and Navy League Offers Wool at Cost.

For men serving at the Navy Rifle Range near New York City, 310 mufflers, 310 sweaters, 620 pairs of socks, and 310 wristlets are needed at once, according to an appeal issued yesterday by Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Chairman of the Comforts Committee of the Navy League.

Because of the general let-down in knitting the committee is unable except, in part, to fill this and similar requests for warm garments. In order to arouse the public to the need for continuing knitting for the men still in service, a special sale of wool at 70 cents and 75 cents a hank is being held at the committee's headquarters, 405 Madison Avenue.

"The loss caused by these prices is borne entirely by the committee," said Mrs. Satterlee. "All gifts of money are put into our Free Wool Fund, for which we still need contributions, as we have distributed more than $34,000 worth of wool through this means. Garments made from wool purchased here need not be returned to us, though we specify that they must go to men in the service.

"To meet urgent requests for several thousands of each sort of garment—sweaters, socks, helmets, mufflers, wristlets, mittens, and bed socks for convalescent soldiers in New York hospitals—we are urging all women who patronize this sale to use the wool up as quickly as possible and come back for more. The sale lasts over Wednesday, and mail orders will be accepted."

VALUE NEW JERSEY RAILS.

$364,500,000 Under Assessment for Revised Tax.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 18.—The State Board of Taxes and Assessments today announced that it had valued the property of railroads and canals of New Jersey for 1919, on the same basis and at the same figures as placed upon them for 1918, as directed by the Legislature for the first year's operation of the revised act. The aggregate valuation of each of the larger railroad systems in the State follows:

Pennsylvania Railroad system, $112,746,902; Central Railroad of New Jersey, $79,507,587; Philadelphia & Reading Railway, $36,757,612; Erie Railroad, $29,364,489; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad $20,703,490; New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad, $7,850,000; Lehigh Valley Railroad, $36,-037,485; New York Central Railroad, $15,841,232; railroads not classified, $15,402,509. Total valuation $361,531,949.

MILK STRIKE ENDS; THE FARMERS WIN

Distributers Agree to Give $4.01 a Hundred Pounds for Month of January.

CONSUMERS PAY 16 CENTS

Producers Make Concessions from January Rate for February and March.

COMMISSION TO CONTINUE

District Attorney's Office Attacks Settlement as Unfair to the Consumer.

Through the efforts of the Governor's Milk Commission the producers and distributers settled their differences yesterday morning and agreed upon prices to be paid to the farmer for his milk for the months of January, February, and March, and also fixed 16 cents a quart as the legal price to the consumer for January for Grade B bottled milk.

The farmers won their fight for $4.01 a hundred pounds for January. For February they are to receive $3.84, and in March the price will be $3.31. The price to the consumer for February and March was not fixed, but it was suggested it would probably be 16 cents in February and 15½ cents in March.

Although it will be several days before the normal supply of milk will be coming from the old sources, owing to the fact that the distributers have their cans scattered over thirteen States from which they have been receiving milk since the strike began, on Jan. 1, the city will probably have a normal supply tomorrow or Tuesday. Receipts yesterday were 1,587,413 quarts, 212,587 quarts under the normal daily consumption. It is thought that the members of the Dairymen's League will receive enough cans by tomorrow to supply the deficit. As the cans are returned to the city from the new sources of supply they will be sent to league members.

The Dairymen's League officials regard the settlement as a complete victory for the farmers. "We were fighting for the principle of the Warren formula, by which milk was shown to cost the farmer $4.01 a hundred pounds for January," said E. R. Eastman of the league. "The farmers told the distributers they could not produce milk in January for less, and the distributers have agreed to our price."

Mr. Eastman said the big thing that would result from the strike was the co-operative milk stations that are being established all over the territory by the farmers to take care of their suplus milk in normal times, and in case of another emergency put them into a position to sell milk to consumers.

"The matter is settled, at least for the present," said Chairman Robert E. Dowling of the Governor's Milk Commission, at the conclusion of a short session held in his office yesterday morning, with all members present. "The agreement which was reached yesterday, the terms of which I telephoned to Governor Smith, was reaffirmed this morning. The matter of detail regarding the putting of the agreement into effect has been compromised, and the agreement goes into immediate effect. This is to say, operations will be resumed and continue indefinitely. The plan does not make reference to any particular producer of distributer, but is effective as to all concerns in both groups.

"The commission will continue in existence. There will be a meeting in this office on Jan. 28, when we will see how the agreement has worked. Meanwhile, if any contention arises complaint will be made and the commission will get to work on it. You may say that if either side tries to put over any tricks, it will get out. In such a case, the whole matter will be put squarely up to the public so that it, the court of last resort, may act."

"Meetings of the commission, lacking any disturbing element which may force its dissolution, will be held on the 15th of each month. That is the time the program decided upon this morning. The price of 16 cents is announced as the legal price per quart in the city. If you pay more, then put it up to us."

When the attention was called to the fact, as stated by one or more of those present, that 17 and 18 cents are being collected for a quart of milk, Mr. Dowling declined to go into that phase of the matter, but intimated that such an overcharge was probably to be blamed on the driver.

The milk strike began on Jan. 1, when the distributers refused to pay producers $4.01 a hundred pounds, and made a counterproposal of $3.60. The farmers stopped shipping milk except to dealers who paid $4.01. The New York Milk Conference Board, representing the distributers, made arrangements for obtaining milk outside of the usual territory. Milk came from New England, Western, and Southern States, and the supply had almost reached normal when the settlement was made. The Governor's commission was composed of Chairman Dowling, who represented the consumers; R. D. Cooper, President, and John D. Miller, Vice President of the Dairymen's League, representing the producers, and Charles A. Wetant of the Sheffield Farms Products Company and Isaac A. Von Bomel of the Sheffield Farms, representing the distributers. Health Commissioner Copeland was appointed to the commission as a representative of the consumers, but resigned, and no successor was appointed.

Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling, who is conducting a John Doe inquiry before Chief City Magistrate McAdoo, was not pleased with the settlement. "Without desiring to criticise or reflect in any way on the Governor's commission," he said, "let me point out that at the John Doe hearing yesterday it was proved that milk was produced throughout New York State during December at a cost of a little over 5 cents a quart, including all cost allowances of every nature. From facts and figures in possession of the District Attorney and from testimony given before Chief City Magistrate McAdoo, it appears that there is no justification for the price of 16 cents a quart for Grade B milk to the consumer during January, February, and March."

Mr. Dooling said he failed to see where the consumer was benefited through the settlement, and added: "It would seem that the producers and distributers have again succeeded in agreeing what each should receive without much regard for the consumer."

The investigation of the milk situation will be continued before Magistrate McAdoo.

554 MORE ARMY CASUALTIES REPORTED BY GEN. PERSHING

Reported Total Now Up to 217,055; 285 Dead and 45 Missing in Latest Lists

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contained 554 names, bringing the total for the army, after an official recheck, the first in nearly a month, to 211,354. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm of the service, and based on an official recheck to date, was 5,701. The total for the army and Marine Corps, so far announced, after these rechecks, now appears to be 217,055.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 11 killed in action, 92 died of wounds, 30 died of accident, 152 died of disease, 138 severely wounded, 25 wounded to a degree undetermined, 63 wounded slightly, and 43 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 18.	Total.
Killed in action	29,996	11	30,007
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,494	92	12,586
Died of accident	2,516	30	2,546
Died of disease	17,984	152	18,136
Total	63,722	285	64,007
Wounded	133,747	226	133,973
Missing	13,331	43	13,374
Total	210,800	554	211,354

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DF)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ARNCKE, HENRY, Jr., 87 Himrod St., Brooklyn (DD)
BECK, G. W., 307 Gold St., Brooklyn (WS)
BEKAS, GUS, 237 E. 11th St. (WS)
BOEDDINGHAUS, W. E., West New Brighton—Lt. (WS)
CACCITORE, A, 82 Goerck St. (WS)
CLUNE, L. F., Central Av., Far Rockaway—Corp. (WS)
COLGAN, M. T., 955 Caldwell Av.—Corp. (DD)
COONEY, JAMES, 38 5th St., Long Island City—Cook (DD)
DANGUY, VICTOR, 74 W. 49th St.—Wagn. (DD)
DORIS, D. J., 889 Gold St., Brooklyn (DD)
ESPOSITO, J. T., 100 W. 96th St. (MA)
GIBLIN, FRANK, 418 E. 19th St. (WS)
GOLDFARB, HARRY, 996 Home St. (DW)
GORDON, SAM, 217 Madison St. (DD)
HORNESTEIN, D. C., 138 Eldridge St. (DA)
HUSKOWITZ, H., 408 Manhattan Av. (DD)
LEVINE, M., 537 Georgia Av., Bklyn. (DW)
MacQUIRE, R., 500 W. 114th St. (WS)
OMMUNDSON, G. N., 239 Kingsland Av., Brooklyn (MA)
PARKER, G. A., 1,939 Daly Av.—Civilian (DD)
PETROS, GEORGE, 69 Warren St. (WS)
RICE, A. T., 150 Sterling Pl., B'klyn—Corp. (WU)
ROSENBERG, H., 84 Sheriff St.—Corp. (MA)
SCHAFER, W., 16 Judge St., B'klyn. (WS)
SCHULTHEIS, C. C., Jr., 526 2d Av. (DD)
SHIRE, F. H., 1,216 Vine St., Richmond Hill—Sgt. (DA)
STRANO, L., 229 East 109th St. (DD)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

AVERY, P. P., Arkville—Cook (DD)
CARBINO, CLARENCE, Massena (DD)
CHESTNUT, A. J., Ransomville (DW)
CROAK, J., Wappingers Falls (DD)
DEKKRUIJAF, T., Freeport, L. I.—Lt. (DD)
DELAHAY, G., Beacon—Corp. ([illegible])
DEMING, W. J., Utica—Mch. (DD)
DUNCAN, R. H., Buffalo (WL)
FIORI, JOSEPH, Troy (WS)
GIARROCO, JOHN, Rome (WS)
HAIN, R. L., Whitman (DD)
HARRIGAN, E. J., Binghamton—Sgt. (DD)
HAPPER, FRANK, Jamesville (DD)
KOHRMAN, J. H., Port Chester (MA)
LEITH, J. F., Schenectady—Sgt. (DW)
NAGLE, CHARLES F., Troy (DW)
STRUBLE, EDWARD L., Elmira (WS)
WESTERFIELD, G. C., Beacon—Sgt. (WL)
WILCOX, C. E., Niagara Falls (DD)
WISE, S. G., Watervliet—Sgt. (WL)

ALABAMA.

COATES, ROBERT, Grove Hills (DD)
COLE, WALTER, Elba (DD)
LIVINGSTON, D. L., Cloverdale (DD)
TUCKER, CHARLIE, Opelika (DW)

ARIZONA.

STEED, LUKE, Douglas—Sgt. (DD)

ARKANSAS.

ALEXANDER, L., Mount Vernon (DD)
BARR, R. M., Blumlee (DD)
MORGAN, HOLMES, Wynne (DW)
NARKINSKY, C. S., Little Rock—Capt. (DD)
WALKER, N., Magnolia (DD)
WHITFIELD, WILL, Pine City (DD)

CALIFORNIA.

ABEL, EDWARD H., Colton (DD)
ARMSTRONG, F. T., Los Angeles (DD)
BETTS, HARRY, Covelo (DW)
BRADWAY, O. W., Sacramento (DD)
BREMM, J. L., Los Angeles—Corp. (DD)
LEVY, E. I., Los Angeles—Corp. (DA)
PASSERINI, F., San Francisco—Corp. (KA)

COLORADO.

KELLEY, CHARLES C., Denver—Wagn. (DD)
WADLEIGH, DON H., Westcliffe—Sgt. (DD)

CONNECTICUT.

BABASICK, ANDREW J., Bridgeport (WS)
CLEMENCE, ROBERT H., Milford (WS)
DION, ARTHUR H., Willimantic (DD)
FREITAG, FRANK X., Fair Haven (WS)
GRIFFIN, M. J., Thompsonville—Corp. (WS)
JOHNSON, ERNEST C., New Britain (WL)
VIBERT, JOSEPH W., South Windsor (WS)

DELAWARE.

DEMPSEY, THOMAS W., Hollyoak (DD)

FLORIDA.

DAVIS, PATRICK H., Hilliard (DD)
KING, ADOLPHUS, Jacksonville (DD)
LOWE, HENRY, Naples—Wagn. (DD)

GEORGIA.

BARNETT, T. D., Hampton—Sgt. (KA)
DUSTER, A. C., Winder (DW)
FLOYD, RABON, Jeffersonville (DD)
STANCIL, G. P., Sale City (DD)
WATSON, LUTHER, (BUSTER,) Jenkinsburg (DD)

IDAHO.

SHERER, R. E., Payette (DW)
VAN DEVENTER, G. E., Rupert (DD)

ILLINOIS.

BROCK, J. K., Chicago (DA)
BROWN, F. W., Cora City (DD)
BRUNS, H. T., Pana (DW)
SHESLER, JACOB, Chicago (DD)
CULLOM, C. H., Elkhart—Sgt. (DD)
DEARTH, T. S., Peoria (DD)
DOCKENDORF, F. A., Chicago—Sgt. (DW)
FLYNN, L. J., Jacksonville (DD)
FOLEY, LAWRENCE, Chicago—Sgt. (KA)
PETERSON, ENFRIED, Chicago (DW)
ROCKENFIELD, EDWARD J., Barry (DA)
SHERMAN, HAROLD H., Chicago (DW)
STERNBERG, L., South Chicago—Corp. (KA)
TACK, FRED M., Savanna (DD)
TRACHTENBARG, S., Moline—Corp. (DW)
VOLLINTINE, S. H., Taylorville—Lt. (KA)
WINTER, F. W., Chicago—Sgt. (DA)
WOOLFORD, C. T., Chapin—Saddler (DA)
WYCKOFF, ELMER C., Quincy (DD)

INDIANA.

FARABEE, GEORGE, Sellersburg—Sgt. (KA)
FOLEY, JAMES P., Evansville (DW)
KUEHL, GEO. E., Crown Point (DD)
LEPPERT, EMIL, Indianapolis (DD)
McCORD, CRYSTAL E., Washington—Nurse (DD)
MINDYKOWSKI, A., South Bend—Mch. (DD)
SALM, PAYNE, Rockport (DD)

IOWA.

ANDERSON, HAROLD C., Mason City (DW)
BOGGS, ALBERT C., Cedar Rapids (DD)
BUTCHER, DEAN, Pleasantville (DD)
HENG, ARTHUR, Radcliffe (DD)
HINTZ, CHARLEY A., Storm Lake (DD)
LANSRUD, EVAN, Decorah (DD)
LISLE, EARL J., Perry—Corp. (DW)
REBIK, GEORGE A., Toledo (DD)
TADLOCK, ROBERT W., Mediapolis (DW)

KANSAS.

ARKEBAUER, JOHN, Goodland (DD)
BENSON, T., Independence—Sgt. (DD)
ERICKSON, CHARLES, Topeka (DW)
ROUNER, GLEN L., Luray (DD)
SWITALA, BOLEY, Kansas City—Cook (DD)

KENTUCKY.

ELDER, ROBERT L., Paducah (DD)
MOORE, J. T., Louisville—Chauffeur (DD)
WECK, WALTER, Louisville—Cook (DD)

LOUISIANA.

COX, ISAIAH, Napoleonville (DD)
JOHNSON, G. N., Goodpine—Lt. (DD)
PARR, L. J., New Iberia (DD)
PHILIPS, CLYDE L., Glenmora (DW)
WILLIAMS, JOHN, Pleasant Hill (DD)

MAINE.

MARSHALL, LUTHER D., Anson (DW)

MARYLAND.

ABBOTT, M. L., Havre de Grace—Corp. (DD)
ROGERS, CHARLES C., McDonough—Lt. (KA)
RYAN, JOHN R., Baltimore—Sgt. (DA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

AMERENDA, WM., East Boston (DW)
BLANCHARD, E. N., Worcester (DW)
CAVIN, PAT'K, Jamaica Plain—Corp. (DW)
CLARK, J. L., Springfield—Wagn. (DD)
DAIGLE, A., New Bedford—Corp. (DD)
GAUTIER, RENE, New Bedford (DW)
MADDEN, HENRY, Cambridge—Corp. (DD)
MARONEY, EDWARD F., Uxbridge (DD)
MITCHELL, LESTER, Lynn (DW)
PENACHIO, JOSEPH F., Revere (DD)
RICHARDSON, G. L., Winthrop (DW)
SATIROPOULAS, H., Haverhill—Corp. (DW)
SOULE, AUBREY P., Bridgewater (DD)
WELSH, FRANK, Foxboro (DW)
WRIGHT, W. A., Billerica (DD)
YOUNG, RICHMOND, Boston—Lt. (DW)

MICHIGAN.

COMBS, S. A., Allen—Wagn. (DD)
CONTWAY, M. J., Marquette (DD)
DOVE, EMERY W., Port Huron (DW)
GITNECHT, BERNARD, Ravenna (DW)
KLINKNER, G., Muskegon—Corp. (DW)
McDONALD, CLARK B., Fowler (DD)
MATTHEWS, C. P., Marie—Maj. (DD)
REYORD, TONY E., Normansville (DA)
SICKLES, FLOYD A., Deckerville (DA)

MINNESOTA.

CARLSON, ALBERT R., Cokato (DW)
DANIELSON, M. C., Minneapolis (DW)
HALVORSON, H., Thief River Falls (DW)
HOUGARD, S. R., Strandquist (DW)
JENSEN, EMIL A., Erskine (DW)
KRAMER, J. J., Willerine (DW)
MELUM, ALBERT O., Spring Valley (DD)
NELSON, ISAAC T., Copas (DD)
SVERDAL, HENRY L., Hendricks (DD)
STALEMO, THEODORE, Fisher (DD)

MISSISSIPPI.

BACKSTROM, J. A., Maplewood—Mch. (DW)
HOUSE, WILLIAM R., Lexington (DD)
PURNELL, ORLIE, Webb (DD)

MISSOURI.

BALL, PALMER F., Mountain Glove (DW)
BALLARD, EDWARD W., St. Joseph (DD)
BOEHMER, EDWARD W., Charles (DD)
GAMES, ALFRED H., Greenfield—Sgt. (DD)
HAHNE, FRED E., Washington (DD)
HARRIS, SPARRELL, Paradise (DD)
JAQUES, JOHN E., Lexington (DW)
LEVIN, ISADORE H., Kansas City (DD)
MILLESON, H. C., Amazonia—Corp. (DD)
SHELTON, WILLIAM S., Battlefield (DA)
VINCENT, HARRY, St. Louis (DD)
YAMMITZ, OTTO E., Perryville (DD)

MONTANA.

MANSFIELD, GROVER C., Highwood (DD)
MURRAY, PATRICK, Butte (DW)
STEDMAN, FRANK F., Monarch (DW)

NEBRASKA.

HAUBENSAK, JAS. H., Fremont—Sgt. (DW)
KESSLER, JAMES P., Spalding (DW)
ODDO, TONY, Omaha (DW)
REED, ROY C., Winside—Sgt. (DW)
SMITH, FRED S., Norfolk (DD)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

BONFORD, EDWARD, Troy (DW)
THOMPSON, WM. S., Manchester (DW)

NEW JERSEY.

LAPIAK, BRONISLAW, Kearny (MA)
McMANN, F. J., Jersey City—Corp. (WU)
MANDEVILLE, GEORGE, Butler (WL)
PIERCE, JESSIE, Asbury Park (DW)
SHEARER, L. A., Mays Landing—Sgt. (WS)
TILLERY, THOS. H., Newark—Corp. (WS)
VAN BILLARD, E. J., Carlstadt (WL)
VAN DORN, P. K., Asbury Park—Lt. (DW)
WADE, E. W., Hackettstown—Lt. (DW)
WILLIAMSON, F. R., Jersey City—Wagn. (WL)
WITTKAMP, F. F., Strathmore—Lt. (DD)
WROBEL, ANDREW, Trenton (WL)
ZOOMAN, A. B., Perth Amboy—Capt. (WL)

NORTH CAROLINA.

BAZEMORE, WM. M., Wilmington—Lt. (KA)
BERRY, G. E., East Wilmington (DD)
BEST, ISAAC, Tarboro (DD)
ELLIOTT, A. H., Charlotte—Corp. (DA)
WILLS, CHAS. B., Chapel Hill—Sgt. (DD)

NORTH DAKOTA.

RAMBERG, HENRY, Grafton (DD)
ROAN, CLARENCE P., Portal (DW)

OHIO.

BATOVEC, JOSEPH, Cleveland (DW)
BENSON, HAROLD J., Carroll (DD)
BRICKMAN, ROY E., New Springfield—Corp. (DA)
CARSON, F. M., Fultonham—Farrier (DD)
DOUGHTY, WILLIAM R., Cleveland (DA)
FAHRNBACH, JOSEPH, Cincinnati (DA)
FITZHARRIS, M. F., West Park—Corp. (DD)
GRINDLAY, B. C., Youngstown—Mch. (DA)
HARRIS, VIRGIL T., Chillicothe (DD)
HENDRICKS, M. E., Cincinnati—Capt. (DD)
HUFF, L. S., Columbus—Corp. (DD)
HUTCHINSON, R., Rockland—Corp. (DD)
KNUAF, FRED G., Maximo (DD)
LAIR, JOHN C., Canton (DW)
OVERSTAKE, PETE E., Fincastle (DD)
ROCKWELL, RAYMOND M., Alliance (DW)

OKLAHOMA.

FISH, JOSEPH, Okmulgee (DD)
McCURDY, JEFF R., Daisy—Corp. (DD)
PENDERGRAFT, C. L., Bower (DW)
REESE, CASEY, Guthrie (DD)
SOOTER, NOBLE C., Sayre (DW)
STARKEY, JOHN F., Okemah (DD)

OREGON.

DIXON, HAROLD L., Moro—Corp. (DD)
O'NEILL, ROBERT, Salem (DW)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BABATINO, BENJAMIN, Chester (DD)
BURKHOLDER, C. R., Muddy Creek Forks (DW)
CALDWELL, W. F., Pittsburgh—Lt. (DW)
CASSATT, C. T., Gettysburg (DD)
CIPRETTI, ANTONIO, Ardmore (DW)
CLARK, PETER C., Philadelphia (DW)
COLLIER, F. A., New Philadelphia (DD)
COONEY, JOHN M., Philadelphia—Sgt. (DD)
DI PRINZIO, DONATO, Philadelphia (DD)
FILLIPONI, AMEDO, Conshohocken (DW)
GRUBER, O. H., West Philadelphia (DD)
HOUSSER, A. J., Philadelphia—Corp. (KA)
INGALLS, R. G., Butler—Corp. (DW)
JOHNSON, S. E., New Albany (DA)
LAW, EDWARD, Pittsburgh—Corp. (DW)
LOSTY, EDWARD J., Hartford (DA)
McCLUSKEY, J. F., Morgan (DD)
McGREAL, J. H., Philadelphia—Sgt. (DW)
McHENRY, H. E., Indiana (DW)
McPHILLIPS, B., Jr., Duryea—Corp. (DA)
MEESE, ERNEST, Brownsville (DW)
MILLER, HARRY, Reading (DD)
ROBERTSON, J. A., Balliet (DD)
ROSSI, GIOVANNI, Rillton (DD)
ROTH, HOMER N., Hanover (DD)
SCOTT, EDMANDS, Hardalburg (DD)
SHAFFER, D. M., Bolivar—Sgt. (KA)
SNYDER, CHRISTENSON, Columbia (DW)
[illegible]IRD, L. W., Philadelphia (DA)
STEEN, J. M., Bellevue—Sgt. (DD)
THOMPSON, C. W., Williamsport—Sgt. (DW)
[illegible]ISBORD, HARRY, Philadelphia (DW)
WINPENSY, M. S., Merion Station—Red Cross Commissioner (DD)

RHODE ISLAND.

GORDON, L. E., Rockville—Corp. (DD)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

COCKFIELD, CHARLEY, Scranton (DD)
DUNCAN, HOWARD, Sumpter (DD)
EZEKIEL, KING, Darlington—Chauffeur (DD)
LIVINGSTON, C. F., North (DW)
ROBINSON, EDWARD, Summerton (DD)
YOUCE, W. C., Johnson—Sgt. (DD)

TENNESSEE.

FLYNN, C. C., Memphis—Sgt. (DA)
ORREN, FRANK, Johnson City (DW)
SMITH, VESTER, Alexandria (DD)
THATCHER, T. B., Nashville (DW)
WILSON, H. S., Jacksboro—Corp. (DW)

TEXAS.

BRADFORD, ALBERT C., Blossom (DD)
CANTRELL, JOHN L., Honey Grove (DD)
CARLOCK, CHARLES, Terrell—Cook (DD)
FRYAR, SILAS F., Gouldbusk (DD)
GANNARA, HOMER, Wingate (DD)
LEVERETT, CALVIN S., Llano (DD)
NORRELL, HENRY W., Provident City (DD)
OLIVER, ROY B., McGregor (DD)
RICHARDSON, J. C. N., Liberty Hill—Lt. (DW)
ROLLS, OTTO G., Nocona (DW)
ROUSEBOURGH, JULIUS, Onalaska (DD)
TURNER, THOMAS J., Abernathy (DD)
WHITE, ROY M., Sherman (DW)

UTAH.

DON, J. R., Salt Lake City—Wgn. (DD)

VIRGINIA.

KELLER, N. L., South Norfolk (DW)
LINK, TINEY J., Chilhowie (DA)
MACARRONI, AGOSTINO, Roanoke (DD)
MELTON, LAWRENCE J., Atlee (DW)

WASHINGTON.

ARGALL, R. L., Spokane—Lt. (DW)
KENCKE, EARL A., Spokane—Corp. (KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

REYNOLDS, R. D., Purgittsville (DW)
RICHARDSON, J. G., Ghent (D[illegible])
VANDERVANDER, F., Circusville—Corp (DD)

WISCONSIN.

BERINGER, M. A., Waukesha (DW)
BRIHM, ADOLPH, Clear Lake (DW)
KNUDSON, A. S., Sturgeon Bay (DW)
NELSON, LARS, Fall Creek (DD)
TRACY, SAM J., Plattsville (DW)

WYOMING.

VAN DYKE, LLOYD G., Buffalo (DD)

CANADA.

MILLER, L. C., Rolla, B. C.—Corp. (DW)

DENMARK.

ANDERSON, ANDREW C., Roskilde (DA)

GREECE.

STATKAKIS, N., Athens, civilian (DD)

ITALY.

COLOTTA, FRANK, Cefalu, Italio, Sicilia (DW)
DEGERONINMO, S., Rionero Sannitico Canpobbasso (DA)

Revised Report of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY. (Now Reptd. / Prev. Reptd.)

DOWNS, G. T., 286 Prospect Place, Brooklyn (DA) (MA)
McCARRAN, J. A., 15 Linden Av., Brooklyn (RD) (MA)
McGUIRE, C. R., 1,082 Brook Av. (KA) (MA)
McGUSHIN, C., 119 E. 128th St. (KA) (MA)
MEDNITZKY, A., 204 Ellery St., Brooklyn (WU) (MA)
MEHRTENS, J. W., 389A Lafayette Av., Brooklyn (WU) (MA)
O'BRIEN, J. J., 1,221 Theriot Av. (RD) (MA)
RAMIETKE, M., 1st St., Bayside (WU) (MA)
ROOME, J. A., 477 8th St., Bkln. (RD) (MA)
ROONEY, T. P., 97d Van Duzer St., Stapleton (RD) (MA)
TOIA, JAMES, 426 E. 65th St. (WU) (MA)
VALENTE, U. A., 633 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn (RD) (MA)
VATINO, C., 498 Carroll St., Brooklyn (WU) (MA)
WIDMANN, P. G., 1,921 Fulton St., Brooklyn (WU) (MA)
WOLBSON, J., 438 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn (WU) (MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

HESTER, VIRGIL C., Syracuse (KA) (MA)
LEROY, D. C., Parksville (WU) (MA)
McCASKEY, H. B., Poughkeepsie (WU) (MA)
McCOLE, J. A., Buffalo (RD) (MA)
OLSON, VICTOR, Falconer. (Erroneously) (KA)
USSELMAN, F. X., Rochester (RD) (MA)

OTHER STATES. (Now Reptd. / Prev. Reptd.)

ANDERSON, LEE M., Bozeman, Mon.—Corp (WS) (KA)
ARNOLD, R. E., Bainbridge—Corp. (DA) (MA)
BARCIK, S., Bayonne, N. J. (DW) (MA)
BEATTY, R. E., Lancaster, Ohio (KA) (MA)
BISSETT, A., Lethbridge, Can. (WS) (KA)
BOLTON, WM. R., New Britain, Conn (KA) (MA)
BOURNE, W. H., Buckhorn, N. M. (WU) (KA)
BROWN, T. W., Dadeville, Ala. (KA) (MA)
CLEMONS, ROBERT R., Woodville, Fla.—Corp (KA) (MA)
COSTA, JOE, Windber, Penn. (DA) (MA)
DIGBY, VICTOR E., Newberry, S. C.—Corp (DA) (MA)
DIXON, D., Parsons, Kan. (KA) (MA)
DOWDY, MONROE, Ingram, Tex. (KA) (WS)
DRYDEN, O. G., Princess Anne, Md. (KA) (MA)
FIORI, A., Portsmouth, N. H. (KA) (MA)
GEORGE, RAY E., Kolin, Mon. (DA) (MA)
GOODE, A. L., Blackston, Md.—Sgt. (KA) (MA)
GRIFFIN, W., Gladwin, Mich. (KA) (MA)
GRUBBS, C. O., Holton, Kan.—Lt. (KA) (MA)
HARRIS, VIRGIL, Cincinnati, Ohio (RD) (DD)
HETHERINGTON, WM., Philadelphia, Penn (KA) (MA)
HEUP, A. A., Milwaukee, Wis. (KA) (MA)
HINTON, L. R., Philadelphia, Penn.—Corp. (KA) (WL)
HORNE, A. W., Farmington, N. H.—Lt. (RD) (KA)
KEEZEL, W. A., Limestone, Tenn. (DA) (MA)
LEFLER, J. R., Richfield, N. C. (DW) (MA)
LIMPERT, C. A., Pittsburgh, Penn. (KA) (MA)
LODICK, FRANK, Tyrone, Penn. (KA) (MA)
LORBECKI, JOSEPH, Ashland, Wis. (KA) (MA)
LYNCH, A. H., Lookeda, Okla. (KA) (MA)
LYNN, C., Rodney, Iowa (KA) (MA)
McHENRY, HERBERT L., Indiana, Penn.—Corp. (Erroneously) (DW)
MacGREGOR, EDITH, N. Brunswick, Canada—Nurse (RD) (DD)
MAHAN, W. J., Newport, R. I. (WU) (KA)
MANIATES, N. P., Spokane, Wash. (WU) (KA)
MATTSEN, HARRY MARTIN, San Francisco, Cal. (DA) (MA)
MATSON, HENRY, Poulsbo, Wash. (DA) (MA)
MEIXNER, FRANK, Newark, N. J. (WU) (MA)
MOTONSKI, HENRIK, Detroit, Mich. (DA) (MA)
OST, W., Palmyra, Mich. (KA) (MA)
PATE, J. L., Woodville, Texas (Sick) (KA)
RICHARDSON, J., Colson, Ky. (RD) (DD)
ROCHE, J. C., Bellevue, Penn—Lt. (KA) (MA)
ROGERS, C. L., Colville, Wash—Sgt. (Erroneously) (KA)
SANDORA, J., Wilson, Penn. (DA) (MA)
SHICKWA, J., Jersey City, N. J. (DW) (MA)
SHINGLER, C. A., Juniata, Penn.—Lt. (WU) (KA)
STRAUB, H. J., Berrysburg, Penn. (WU) (KA)
THORNBURG, FRED D., La Rue, Ohio (KA) (WS)
WESTOVER, HENRY E., Swanton, Vt. (KA) (MA)
WILDER, F. A., Corbin, Ky. (KA) (MA)
WILLIAMS, I. E., Taylorsville, Ky. (DW) (MA)
WILLIS, F. E., Heber Springs, Ark. (WU) (KA)
WILSON, SILAS, Colmar, Ky. (KA) (MA)

Marine Corps Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

BLANCHARD, BERNARD, 177 Fenimore St., Brooklyn (WS)
FLANAGAN, JAMES D., 319 Bergen St., Brooklyn (DD)

ILLINOIS.

WISE, GUY, Ipava (DW)

INDIANA.

TOWNSEND, E. L., Indianapolis (DW)

KANSAS.

SMITH, PETER S., Shawnee (DW)

LOUISIANA.

COLLINS, J. A., Gena—Corp. (DD)

MINNESOTA.

ERWIN, J. A., St. Paul (DW)

MISSISSIPPI.

JONES, ANSELM P., Raleigh (DW)

NEW JERSEY.

BAILEY, T. R., Hasbrouck Heights (MA)

OHIO.

SULLIVAN, W. J., Springfield (DW)

PENNSYLVANIA.

WEAR, E. W., Hazelton—Sgt. (DW)

TENNESSEE.

WALLER, C. O., Chattanooga (KA)

WASHINGTON.

BULI, AL. N., Stanwood (KA)

Revised Marine Corps Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY. (Now Reptd. / Prev. Reptd.)

APPLE, F., 632 Broadway (KA) (MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

O'DONNELL, H. J., Gloversville (In Hospital) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

HANLEY, C. L., Louisiana (DW) (WU)
McCABE, J. C., Philadelphia—Sgt. (KA) (MA)
MARX, H. J., Granville, Iowa (KA) (MA)
MYERS, R. H., Walnut, Iowa—Corp. (D) (MA)
PALSGROVE, H. P., Philipsburg, N. J. (RD) (MA)
RHODES, R. J., Jersey City (In Hosp.) (MA)

PUSH Y.W.C.A. WORK ABROAD

Four Delegations Going to Foreign Countries to Study Progress.

Four deputations of prominent American women are about to start for South America, India, China, and Japan, sent out by the National Young Women's Christian Association War Work Council to see at first hand the work that is being done in those countries by the Y. W. C. A. and to consider plans for its advancement.

In its work among foreign-born women in New York the Y. W. C. A. has opened a branch at 335 East 149th Street, to be known as the Bronx International Institute for Young Women, where English classes have been started. Members, some of whom are young married women of the neighborhood, are Italian, Armenian, Lettish, and Polish. Vocational study is soon to be started. The work is along the lines of the International Institute already in operation at 106 East Thirtieth Street.

Lectures to Aid War Relief.

Three lectures, the proceeds to be divided between American Free Milk and Relief for Italy and the American Women's Hospitals, are to be given at the Ritz-Carlton on the afternoons of Jan. 27 and 28 at 3 P. M. and on the morning of the 29th at 11 A. M. by Henry J. Davison. Mr. Davison's subject will be "The Psychology of Color in Interior Decoration." Tickets are $2. The same lecture will be given each day. Tickets can be obtained of Mrs. John A. Drake at the Hotel Vanderbilt.

Friends of the 306th to Meet.

A meeting of members of the Association of Friends of the 306th Infantry will be held at the Washington Irving High School, Seventeenth Street and Irving Place, on Jan. 21 at 8:15 P. M. All persons having relatives in the regiment will be cordially welcomed. The only address will be made by a returned battalion commander of the regiment, who will tell the graphic story of the regiment's experience in France and on the fighting line from the time of sailing.

Extraordinary Shoes
At $5.00 Per Pair
Genuine "French Gray" Kid Boots

Full 9-inch tops, leather Louis XV. heels. Made with long vamps, either plain toe or stitched tip. We are able to offer our customers 3595 pairs of these unusual shoes at less than manufacturing cost. Compare these with $8.00 to $12.00 values elsewhere.

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Ninety Other Attractive Styles to Select From. BECK HAZZARD SHOES No Style Over $5.00

WALL STREET CLOTHING
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Reduced to
$26.50 and $32.50
MILTON WEBER, Inc.
7 Wall St., Cor. New

Associated Alumnae of Vassar College
NEW YORK BRANCH
will hold their annual luncheon at the Hotel Biltmore on Saturday, February 1st, at 1 o'clock. Tickets may be obtained from Miss Mabel McMahon, 1 West 64th Street, New York City. Price $200. All graduates and non-graduates of Vassar College are cordially invited.

The issue of public utility securities in denominations as low as $5.00 or $10.00, perhaps on a discount basis like the Thrift Stamp, is advocated by bankers as a means to conserve the spirit of thrift inculcated in the people of the United States by the Government Liberty Loan. In The Annalist tomorrow. 10c on news stands—$4 a year by mail.—Advt.

RETURNING ARMIES ENLIST RED CROSS

Tasks Multiply in Transporting Wounded and Finding Jobs for the Able.

"ITALY SUNDAY" IS NEXT

Rumania Appeals Through Senator—Committee for Devastated France Makes a Report.

The Red Cross Shop continues to offer attractions which have induced visitors to the shop at 527 Fifth Avenue to add materially to the funds of the organization. In the same collection from which an autographed letter of Theodore Roosevelt was recently sold for $75, there are many more, including letters of Emile Zola, Captain Dreyfus, President Diaz of Mexico, and Jules Verne. Those in charge say the prices are low for signed records of celebrities.

On Thursday another auction will be held, similar in character to that recently conducted by De Wolf Hopper. This time George M. Cohan will exercise his wiles upon those present, while a committee from the New York County Chapter under the direction of Mrs. William T. Carrington, will have charge. Those assisting will be Mrs. Joseph Truesdale, Mrs. Norman Mackay, Mrs. Norris Thorne, Mrs. Gordon Abbott, Mrs. Mitchell Henry, and Mrs. Edward Ely. Marie Dressler will give a talk in the Bird Cage Tea Room of the shop, at 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon.

Several sections of the Red Cross are more busily engaged than ever. The Motor Corps has been removing an unusual number of patients from the debarkation hospitals, in anticipation of the arrival of troop ships during the week, carrying new quotas of wounded men. The Home Service Section is finding jobs for returned soldiers and sailors, while the classes in dietetics are developing under Miss Flora G. Sell.

The Red Cross, in a statement just issued, calls attention to the large reserve stock of knitted articles on hand, making it unnecessary for the volunteer women workers to do any further knitting. These volunteers, however, have much to keep them busy in making refugee garments, for which there is increasing demand from the devastated countries.

Next Sunday for Italians.

Robert Underwood Johnson, President of the New York Committee of the Italian War Relief Fund of America, has sent a letter to clergymen of New York, in which an appeal is made for the Italian war orphans. In part, the letter says:

> On behalf of our committee I respectfully request that on Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, or if that date be otherwise pre-empted soon afterward, your church offering be devoted to the War Orphans of Italy Fund and the proceeds sent to our Treasurer, S. Reading Bertron, at 347 Madison Avenue.
>
> On that day a great mass meeting in tribute to Italy and in promotion of friendly relations between the two countries will be held in New York, at which Charles Evans Hughes and other distinguished men will speak. We hope you will also take occasion to say a good word at that time for our brave ally.
>
> The plain fact is that comparatively little has been done by America for Italy, which preceded us in the war by two years, and the citizens of which form an immense part of our population. The reconstruction needs of that country, especially among children, are immense and of the most serious nature.

Direct Aid to Rumania.

Senator Gogu Negulescu of Rumania has issued an appeal for his country, quoting the recent messages of Herbert Hoover as well as three diplomats representing the different countries and from the Queen of Rumania. The Senator says, in part:

> The people of the United States, who have generosity and nobility of heart, cannot remain indifferent to this despairing appeal from a nation dying of hunger. All money sent to the Rumanian Relief Committee, Dr. T. Tileston Wells, Consul of Rumania, 43 Cedar Street, New York City, Executive Chairman, through Henry Clews, Treasurer, 15 Broad Street, New York City, will constitute an act of humanity worthy of a civilized people.
>
> On the other hand, I address myself to all Rumanians, whether citizens of the United States or not, who should rouse themselves and fulfill their duty toward their brothers, who are suffering such misery and dying for want of food. I appeal to the Jews who have come from Rumania, their birthplace, and who must not forget that today all their co-religionists, brothers, relations, and friends living in Rumania are now full Rumanian citizens.
>
> I, personally, awaiting the first possible moment to return to Rumania, will gladly make myself responsible for the delivery of all packages containing clothing, shoes, and other necessary articles which Rumanians or Jews in this country wish to send to their families in Rumania.

For Devastated France.

The American Committee for Devastated France is now aiding the return of families dispossessed from their land during the war. What the French have provided toward rehabilitation, and how Americans may help by accelerating actual relief is told in the committee's recital of the French law, passed by Parliament, whereby abandoned farms could be reoccupied and the soil restored for about $75 an acre:

> Refugee farmers had attempted to claim their portion of Government allowance but with no success. The American Committee for Devastated France, however, took over two large farms whereon it established many refugee families from the Aisne and gave them shelter and occupation in cultivating the neglected areas.
>
> The committee then applied to the Government for the allowance to which, under the Compere-Morel law, it was entitled for the re-cultivation of abandoned land, and according to a cable received at National Headquarters the French Government has given the committee $30,000 for this work.
>
> Thus a precedent has been established which will be of inestimable value to all farmers in France, because this test case brought out by the American Committee means in due course a much greater benefit to France than can be estimated by the mere payment of $30,000.

Beginning Over With the Children.

In this report, just issued by the American Committee for Devastated France, the actual working out and the cost of the redemption is made concrete by an account of the colony at Boullay-Thierry, where 125 children are being cared for at the cost of $1 a day each. The report says:

> This seems greatly in excess of the $36 or $72 a year asked by other war relief societies, but the difference lies in the fact that our children have been under German rule for four years, without physical or mental care, and are in consequence undeveloped. Our efforts are to regain this loss of four years in a child's life and bring these children up to a normal standard. The feeding of the children has to have special care after four years' slow starvation, and the dentistry and medical care are important.
>
> In many instances American schools ask us how they as a unit may help the children of France. Several schools have raised enough money to support another school in a French village. The estimated cost for this donation in establishing a school is $1,200. One of Germany's rules published in her book on warfare and given to every soldier for guidance is "to destroy equally all the enemy's intellectual and material resources," and, following this precept, the German army left no trace of school accessories nor of school buildings.
>
> To equip a schoolroom with the accessories demanded by the French Government costs $500. Teachers appointed by the French Government can visit two villages a day by means of our transportation service, and the domestic science teacher and the manual training teacher can exchange morning and afternoon, so that the expense of their salaries is divided between the two schools and amounts to $350 apiece for each school.

The report adds that France "controls the education of its children and erects school buildings," and that the temporary shacks put up by the Government for shelter "are occupied only until such time as permanent rebuilding is possible."

Contributions Made Last Week to War Relief Funds

Organization.	Headquarters.	Treasurer.	Amount of Contributions—Last Week.	Total to Date.
Am. Committee for Devastated France	16 East 39th St.	Dr. A. G. Humphreys	$5,336	$453,816
Am. Fund for French Wounded, Inc.	73 Park Av.	Mrs. W. P. Bliss	16,434	553,818
American Jewish Relief Committee	20 Exchange Place	Arthur Lehman, Jr.	157,333	13,754,789
American Students' Committee	107 East 37th St.	H. R. Sedgwick	410	120,137
American Women's Hospitals	637 Madison Av.	Dr. Sue Radcliffe	1,600	248,398
British War Relief Association	542 Fifth Av.	Henry Clews	294	170,377
Christian Relief in France and Belgium	105 East 22d St.	Alfred R. Kimball	2,755	142,918
Fatherless Children of France	140 Broadway	Alexander J. Hemphill	29,437	714,459
Food for France Fund	10 East 58th St.	Alexander J. Hemphill	1,802	135,086
Free Milk for France	675 Fifth Av.	Henry E. Cooper	6,838	91,437
Italian War Relief	347 Madison Av.	S. Reading Bertron	1,049	36,907
Lafayette Fund	Vanderbilt Hotel	Francis Roche	*288	303,040
Polish Women's League	37 East 36th St.	Louisa Satterlee	445	51,071
Polish Victims' Relief Fund	33 West 42d St.		2,949	1,133,819
Serbian Relief Committee of America	70 Fifth Av.	M. H. Coggeshall	1,841	475,774
Secours National Fund	16 East 47th St.	Mrs. Whitney Warren	567	555,456
Stage Women's War Relief	366 Fifth Av.	Mrs. Shelley Hull	7,938	168,324
Women's Oversea Hospitals	171 Madison Av.	Mrs. Henry Wade Rogers	1,190	143,007

Contributions Received Here.

The following donations of $200 or over were acknowledged by the various committees and organizations last week:

AMERICAN COMMITTEE FOR DEVASTATED FRANCE, INC.

McCall Co	$794
Rose Cottage Tearoom, Princeton, N.J.	200
Columbus (Ohio) Committee	1,400
Bird and Tree Club, New York City	750
Mrs. John J. Lapham	1,000
Various gifts	888

AMERICAN WOMEN'S HOSPITALS.

Business Women's Christian League of Philadelphia	$1,500

THE AMERICAN FUND FOR FRENCH WOUNDED.

Columbus War Chest	$12,500
Charles M. Chapin	500
Donation Shop	1,000
Margaret Mahon	250
Schenectady Committee	500
Mrs. W. W. Tompkins	250
Miscellaneous	1,434

AMERICAN JEWISH RELIEF COMMITTEE

Cincinnati (Ohio) Committee	$50,000
New England Bureau for Jewish War Relief, Boston, Mass.	30,207
Birmingham (Ala.) Committee, (Liberty bonds)	3,450
Louisville (Ky.) Committee	8,000
Atlanta (Ga.) Committee, (Liberty bonds)	5,550
Joplin (Mo.) Committee	4,500
Butler (Penn.) Committee	4,000
Dallas (Texas) Committee	4,000
Waterbury (Conn.) Committee	2,000
Shreveport (La.) Committee, (Liberty bonds)	1,500
Freeport (N. Y.) Committee	957
Spokane (Wash.) Committee	750
Colorado Jewish War Sufferers Relief Committee, Denver, Col.	500
Middletown (N. Y.) Committee	200

THE COMMITTEE FOR CHRISTIAN RELIEF IN FRANCE.

United Presbyterian Church	$1,000
American Huguenot Committee	1,000
Mrs. Anna C. Kibbe	200

THE FATHERLESS CHILDREN OF FRANCE, INC.

Volunteer Committee, City Club	$8,852
Paterson District Committee	8,556
Anonymous gift	5,000
Through Miss L. Leland	2,770
Committee of the Oranges	1,000
Flushing Committee	480
Clubs	359
W. B. and Willard Wadsworth	273
J. Illingworth	250
Man. Tr. H. S., B'klyn, & B. Bishop	236
New Paltz State N. Sc. and Park Sc. Senior Cl.	228
V. Durand and Vineland Trust Co.	219
D. A. R. and Sunday Schools	217
Montclair Com. and L. S. Tieman	216
Roanoke Com. and Erie Com.	216
Schools	208
In memory of Mrs. James N. Norris	200
Mrs. Warren Delano	200

FOOD FOR FRANCE FUND.

Duluth (Minn.) Branch	$358
Miscellaneous	1,449

FREE MILK FOR FRANCE.

Headquarters donations	$210
Miscellaneous donations	202
Thomas M. Applegarsh	200
Food Administration, Nashville, Tenn.	2,500
St. Paul (Minn.) Committee	650
Butte (Mont.) Committee	210
Minneapolis (Minn.) Committee	2,000
Colorado Springs, Col.	260
Lexington, (Ky.) Committee	500

ITALIAN WAR RELIEF FUND OF AMERICA.

Pasadena Committee for the War Orphans of Italy	$1,000

SERBIAN RELIEF COMMITTEE.

"Universalist Leader"	$251
War Fund Association, Melrose	200
Miscellaneous	659

STAGE WOMEN'S WAR RELIEF.

Los Angeles Branch	$1,000
Division of Films	6,900

WOMEN'S OVERSEA HOSPITALS.

Olean, N. Y., Woman Suffrage Party	$328
New York State W. S. Party	302
New Hampshire Equal Suffrage Assn.	558

POLISH VICTIMS' RELIEF FUND.

L. P. Hollander & Co.	$200
Mrs. F. L. Gay	1,000
Troy and Rensselaer County War Chest, Inc.	250
Mrs. A. Mitchell	800
Mrs. E. Frothingham	200
Wilkinson Bros. Co., Inc.	200
Clifton Springs War Chest	200
Helena Paderewska Polish Starving Children's Fund	894
Neenah War Relief Fund	750

Secretary Daniels states
that all future Capital Ships of the U.S. Navy will be electrically driven

The significance of this decision lies in the well-known fact that, because of the great resistance of water against a propeller, no high-speed (or automobile) engine has ever been serviceably successful in driving even a small speed boat. No greater demonstration is therefore possible of the efficiency and economy of the electrical drive.

ELECTRICAL DRIVE IN FUTURE WARSHIPS

All Capital Vessels Will Be Equipped with It, Says Secretary Daniels.

TESTED ON NEW MEXICO

Greater Speed on Less Fuel Shown—Department to Hasten Discharge of Men Who Desire.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—All new capital ships of the American Navy will be equipped with electric propelling machinery, according to disclosures made to the House Committee on Naval Affairs today by Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy. He said that the new electrical engine had been installed and thoroughly tested on the dreadnought New Mexico, and that it ... wonderful success, fur... fighting craft...

New York Times — Jan 3

U. S. S. New Mexico

OWEN MAGNETIC
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NATIONAL COMMISSION TAKES STEPS TO FIGHT THE PROPOSED INCREASE IN TAX AT BALL PARKS

LEAGUES PROTEST AGAINST TAX RATE

National Commission Will Seek to Prevent Increase to 20% Proposed by Government.

HEYDLER MAKES APPEAL

In Letter to Senate Committee He Says Increased Burden on Fans Will Decrease Attendance.

When the National Commission goes to Washington next week to talk over the release of the baseball players who are now overseas, it will also offer to the Department of Internal Revenue a protest against the high war tax of 20 per cent. which is to be collected next season.

This 20 per cent. tax question has been giving the baseball people a great deal of worry, and many of the club owners at the recent meetings here predicted that if the Government did not change the tax it might have a depressing effect on the attendance.

Following the protest which has been lodged by the theatrical interests, President John A. Heydler of the National League has sent to the Senate committee in Washington the following letter:

"We earnestly and respectfully protest as unfair the proposed increase of tax on our admissions to 20 per cent. Baseball is the national sport and appeals to all the people because of the reasonable prices of admission charged. These prices have not been increased except fractionally in the last ten years.

"We are now endeavoring to recover from the great losses caused by the war and need every aid of the Government to perpetuate the game. To levy at this time an additional tax of 10 per cent. would seriously effect our attendance and thus defeat the purpose of the tax.

"Before such a tax is imposed we appeal to and request the Joint Committee of Congress to give us a hearing."

President Johnson of the American League, President Heydler of the National League, and Chairman August Herrmann of Cincinnati will go to Washington this week and will place their case before the proper officials.

The war tax of 10 per cent. last season had some effect on the attendance, which was not up to that of other seasons. However, there were other contributing factors besides the war tax, so it is difficult to estimate how much of the falling off was due to the 10 per cent. tax. A 20 per cent. tax, however, is pretty sure to result in keeping down the attendance to a marked degree. Witnessing a baseball game is merely recreation to most spectators and is something that they will first dispense with in the event of a heavy tax.

It is not anticipated that the commission will meet with any opposition to its request to get the release of the thirty-two major league players who are overseas. The clubs will not go South until about March 21, so there is over two months to arrange for their return. It is understood that the Government is willing to release the soldiers who can show that their former means of occupation is waiting for them.

Yale Sloane, the outfielder of the Browns, who has been in the navy, got his release from service yesterday when he signed his contract with the Browns for next season. The baseball men believe that all the players now in the camps in this country will be released just as soon as they are signed up for next year. The next few weeks will be busy ones for the baseball clubs. The Giants and Yanks will send out their contracts early this week and will round up their players as soon as possible. The Giants have lost track of Pitcher Jess Barnes, who is in the army, but it is understood that he is at Camp Funston. As some of the troops at this camp are slated to go to the Mexican border, the New York club is anxious to find out just when he expects to be released.

Minors Reach Agreement.

A tentative agreement between the new organization of them inor leagues and the National Commission relating to the recognition of territorial rights, contracts, and reservations, was drawn up yesterday and has been sgned by Chairman Herrmann f the commission. Presidents Heydler and Johnson may sign the document early this week.

The only probable hitch in the proceedings may come if the heads of the two major leagues decide not to recognize territorial rights to leagues which have gone out of business. The minors want the rights to the territory of the leagues which still exist and those which have existed in the past.

The agreement was drawn up by a committee made up of President Michael Sexton of the National Association of Minor Leagues, Secretary John H. Farrell, Al Tearney, Chicago; David L. Fultz, Walter Morris, Texas League, and Ed Hanlon, Western League. The document is only a temporary affair and was drafted to cover conditions until a permanent agreement can be reached.

That there is still the best of feelings between the minor and major leagues was shown yesterday when Business Manager Bobby Quinn of the Browns, purchased Third Baseman Herman Bronkie from the Indianapolis Club.

There is an abundance of players now on the market, and the Class AA clubs are going slow about picking their managers for the coming season. It was reported yesterday that Clarence Rowland, the former manager of the White Sox, had made an offer to buy the Milwaukee Club of the American Association. Al Tearney of Chicago has also been mentioned as a probable buyer. Several managers have been suggested for the Brewers, but Al Bridwell, formerly short stop of the Giants, seems to lead all the candidates at the present time. It is believed that Rube Oldring will manager the Toronto Club of the International League.

The Board of Arbitration of the minor leagues yesterday heard evidence in the controversy between President James J. McCafferty of the Toronto Club and President James C. McGill of the Indianapolis Club, over Nap Lajoie. McCaffery charges that McGill tampered with Lajoie while he was still the property of the Toronto Club. Decision was reserved and both sides were ordered to submit documentary evidence in the case.

Handicap Road Race Tuesday.

The next handicap road race of the Lower Manhattan Athletic League, will be conducted over the Clark House A. A. course Tuesday night. Officials of the Clark House A. A. have mapped out a course which will carry the field of runners past Debarkation Hospital 3, at Sixth Avenue and Eighteenth Street. This arrangement was adopted to give the wounded soldiers a chance to witness the field as it races over part of its four and one-half mile journey.

New Class on Premium List.

A new class has been added to the premium list of the Westminster Kennel Club's forty-third annual dog show to be held at Madison Square Garden from Feb. 19 to 22, inclusive, for the benefit of the American Red Cross. The new class is for Cairn terrier puppies, dogs and females, with prizes of $10, $5, and $3 for the first three places. The entries for the show will close with Superintendent George W. Call, 18 East Forty-first Street, Jan. 27.

MIDDIES SEEK REVENGE.

Hope to Break Baseball Hoodoo with West Point.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 18.—The renewal of the annual baseball and football games between the Naval and Military Academies will almost certainly take place, beginning with the baseball game, which will probably be played at West Point on May 31. The last game was played in 1916 at Annapolis.

The rule, which went into effect when the United States entered the war, that the teams of the service schools should not play away from their home grounds, is still in effect, and no definite arrangements can be made until it is abrogated. However, it is believed that this will be done soon. The Naval Academy will have no objection to the plan of the Military Academy to use on their nine members of the class which was graduated ahead of time, but which has been ordered back for a post-graduate course.

Sportsmanship dictated the course which the Naval Academy authorities pursued in agreeing to the playing of the post-graduates at West Point, as otherwise the Army folks would have been confined to one class, the lowest, for material for their teams, but they might also have remembered what followed a game played under conditions somewhat similar to those which exist now, and the fact that a long continued series of Army victories followed.

The series between the service schools is a remarkable one in several ways. The Navy has not held its own with its Army rivals, as it has done in football, but has lost all but three of the fifteen games played. The first game played was at Annapolis in 1901, and the Army won, 4 to 3. The next year the Navy won at West Point, 5 to 3, and each of the next three games played was also won by the team playing away from its own grounds. In 1907 the break came, and the Army won at West Point, 6 to 5. In 1908 the Navy's hoodoo game was played at Annapolis, and since then three has been an unbroken chain of Army victories.

The midshipmen feel that they have an excellent chance of winning this year. They will play at West Point, where all but one of the Navy victories have been scored, but there are more practical reasons for their confidence. There will be a larger pick at Annapolis, and it includes much good new material. In particular, confidence is placed in Baker, elusive left-hander, who entered the Naval Academy with the latest class. He has done great work in the class games. Finally, West Point will not have the services of Sammy Strong, who has coached the nine when it won most of its victories over the Navy. On the other hand, that successful college coach, Billy Lush, is going to get the Navy nine ready for its effort this year, and there is confidence here that the time has come to break the Army's winning streak.

PLAN WORLD-WIDE LEAGUE.

Bill Lange to Organize Game in European Countries.

Bill Lange of the old Chicago Club and great fielder and base runner in his time, will sail for France this week in the uniform of the Y. M. C. A. on a big baseball mission.

The formation of an International Baseball League, a combination of England, France, Belgium, and possibly Italy, whose pennant winners would meet those of the United States, the series to be played alternately in this country and Europe, is in Lange's hands to bring to realization. He believes the time is now ripe for such an enterprise, and he will set about making arrangements the moment he lands on French soil.

Ban Johnson has commissioned Lange as his European representative to look over the field with a view to taking the pennant winners of the American League next Fall for a European tour for the entertainment of the allied soldiers. The matter is entirely in Lange's hands, and his judgment will be final with Johnson as to whether the team shall go abroad. Johnson also has given his promise to try to arrange for the American League winners to join the expedition, assuring all the principal European cities of an exhibition series of strictly world championship baseball.

Lange will take charge, as general baseball directors for the Y. M. C. A. in Europe, of the scores or army and navy teams developing abroad, the biggest baseball league ever formed. Lnage will have his headquarters in Paris, with representatives in all parts of Europe.

John McGraw has made Lange his chief European scout. McGraw believes there is plenty of rich material in the teams the army and navy have developed in France, and with Lange as his sleuth he will try to get some promising players.

Lange also takes with him about $40,000 worth of baseball paraphernalia, the result of Clark Griffith's Ball and Bat Fund, which he will distribute to the army and navy teams. Bill has no advisers or committee to tie him up, and he will dole out the equipment just as he sees fit, indicating the confidence Griffith and his club have in the veteran.

Since Lange began, over a year ago, to arrange to get into the service of the Y. M. C. A., baseball men have had their eye on him as a possible European representative. Bill ended his great career as a player way back in 1900, but he has never ceased to be a baseball man. As a member of the Olympic Club in San Francisco, where he has built up a prosperous real estate and insurance business, Bill has been active in all sorts of athletic activities.

"When any one mentions International League," said Bill, "he is sure to get a laugh, but I believe, and it seems that some of the biggest baseball men in the country see it my way, too, that now is the time to get it started. Baseball is in for the biggest boom in its history, because both sides of the Atlantic, instead of only one, are on the job now, and thousands of people in England and France who never knew a steal from a pop fly are getting to be fans.

"My scheme is to pick some good baseball organizers, either professionals or college men, and send them to England, Belgium, and Italy to work up an international League organization. As fast as basebll develops in those countries leagues will be formed, and I am confident that by the beginning of Summer those three countries will have leagues which, if they are not in permanent form, will be the basis for permanent ones. If the Interntional League idea takes hold, England, France, Belgium, and Italy will have their national series, their European series, and then they will enter a real world series with the pennant winners over here. We could have the games played alternately on this side and abroad, probably running them in order with the teams of the different nations.

BOXING AT PENN STATE.

Representative May Be Sent to Intercollegiate Tourney.

STATE COLLEGE, Penn., Jan. 18.—Under the direction of Assistant Physical Director Harlow, interclass boxing is being boomed at Penn State, and the sport is rapidly assuming major importance among winter athletics. Boxing has always been encouraged at the Blue and White institution, but it is only since the engagement of Harlow that it has really come into prominence.

Over fifty men have already reported for the sport and practice is being held every evening. Credit is being given for gym drill to those who report regularly. Several inter-class meets are scheduled to be held, and the winners may possibly be sent to some intercollegiate tournament.

With the opening game of the basket ball season out of the way the 'Varsity team is ready for the Eastern trip, which starts on January 29 with the University of Pennsylvania. Muhlenberg, Lafayette and Lehigh are the other teams which will be met on the trip.

U. S. G. A. OFFICIALS TO APPROVE PLANS

Resumption of Golf Tournaments on Pre-War Basis to be Arranged by Governing Bodies.

Golf happenings within the next fortnight will have an important bearing on the game's future. Three annual meetings, scheduled for this city, are anxiously awaited by links devotees, already looking ahead to what promises to eclipse all other seasons in competitive activity and general interest. Once the governing bodies stamp their official approval, pending plans will rapidly mature.

First of the three meetings will be the annual gathering of the United States Golf Association at the Waldorf Friday evening of this week. Delegates from member clubs all over the land will exchange ideas and in all probability vote to set the machinery in motion again with pre-war speed.

No one for a moment doubts the resumption of championships. Some time ago the Executive Committee asked the Oakmont, Brae Burn, and Shawnee Clubs, which had been awarded the titular events for 1917, if they still cared to stage the attractions, and all responded in the affirmative. It therefore merely remains for the delegates to vote for a resumption of the tournaments.

Some time ago the nominating committee presented its findings, which consisted of the renaming of the entire ticket. Frederick S. Wheeler of Apawamis, is President; Howard F. Whitney of Nassau, is Secretary, and Mortimer N. Buckner of Garden City, Treasurer. As there is never an opposition ticket, the election will undoubtedly be unanimous.

Whether or not any agitation will be started anent the rules, is largely a matter of conjecture. In all likelihood the future will sooner or later see a getting together between the governing body of Great Britain and the United States Golf Association, as had been planned shortly before the war. When that time arrives, the stymie and other questions that have caused differences of opinion will come up for settlement.

On Tuesday, Jan. 28, the New Jersey State Golf Association representatives will gather for their annual confab. This time the meeting place will be in the council room of the Princeton Club. Little seems to be left for the delegates to do save elect a President and arrange for the championship. Deal has already been determined upon, and as forthe date, it looks now like the third week in July.

The third meeting in this city is carded for the Biltmore on Jan. 30, when the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association will hold forth. Advance information is to the effect that women are keen for a resumption of competitive activities. The championship will be over some Jersey course, probably Arcola.

It is estimated that between 600,000 and 800,000 men, young and old, hold memberships in golf clubs of this country. A basis of comparison to discover what percentage went to war is afforded in the case of a prominent club in this city, where 57 out of an active membership of 400 enlisted. It is believed that that showing, while probably slightly above normal, is a fair estimate of what golf club members have done.

That would indicate a representation of approximately 15 per cent. But it doesn't begin to tell the story, at that, for there is no other branch of sport where so many men past the enlistment age were actively identified with the war. Those who didn't go into military service weren't sitting back idle or simply applauding the sacrifices of their golfing mates. More than half a million dollars for the Red Cross and two or three hundred thousand for other war funds in 1918 represent what was done by golfers through tournament play, special competitions, and exhibition matches.

There have been lost or maimed so many golfers of Great Britain and France that club memberships there will be found to have shrunk greatly during the last four years. It is true, however, that many young men were introduced to golf through the war. Not only in the personnel of the golfing fraternity have the clubs overseas suffered. The golfing areas will have some way to go to come back. Club property has been converted, because of the intensive character of the farming and vegetable gardening demanded, into agricultural areas. In one county, Surrey, in England, 60,000 acres controlled by sixty golf clubs were used last Spring for crops and grazing.

WILL HOLD TITLE TOURNEY.

Philadelphia Golfers Vote to Resume Championship Fixtures.

The Golf Association of Philadelphia voted unanimously to resume its title fixtures. In addition it was decided to in augurate an extra tournament which will hereafter be made an annual fixture.

A decidedly progressive step was taken in the course of the meeting when a resolution was adopted providing for the employment of injured soldiers, sailors and marines as caddie masters and workers about the various courses.

No dates were set for the annual championships. The season's fixtures, however, were distributed among the clubs. The open championship will be held at the Whitemarsh Valley Country Club and the amateur title tourney at the Philmont Country Club on a date to be selected by the Executive Committee of the G. A. P. The North Hills C. C. will be the scene of the junior tournament and the inter-club chmapionship will be decided over the links of the Philadelphia Cricket Club.

Robert W. Lesley of the Merion Cricket Club was re-elected President. The other officers chosen were: Howard W. Perrin, Pine Valley, Vice President; Francis B. Warner, Philadelphia Cricket Club, Secretary-Treasurer.

C. C. N. Y. DEFEATS ARMY.

Projan Big Aid in 17 to 14 Victory for Collegians.

WEST POINT, Jan. 18.—Displaying plenty of speed and excellent team work and guarding, the College of the City of New York beat the Army at basket ball this afternoon in a close and exciting game by a score of 17 to 14. The visitors took the lead at the outset and only once early in the opening period relinquished it for a brief spell. At half time City College was leading 11 to 0. The cadets were going fast at the finish but displayed lack of team work and were unable to penetrate the collegians' strong defense. Cranston caged all the Army's baskets except one. Projan's fine work was a feature of the collegians' play.

Line-up:

C. C. N. Y. (17.)	Position.	Army. (14.)
Projan	R.F.	Cranston
Krinskey	L.G.	Gignilliatt
Steets	C.	McQuarris
Fligel	R.G.	Daniel
Murray	L.G.	Black

Goals from field—Cranston, (2,) Barrick, Projan, (2,) Steets, (3,) Fleigel. Goals from foul—Cranston, (8,) Projan, (5.) Substitutions—Army: Dowd for Gignilliatt, Pfeiffer for Dowd, Barrick for Daniel, Claterbos for Black. C. C. N. Y.: McNully for Murray, Murray for Steets. Referee—Tom Thorpe, Columbia. Umpire—Mr. Koch, Yonkers A. C. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each.

Policemen Play Billiards.

Patrolman Joseph Fogel and Patrolman Herbert Volberg, both of the 154th Precinct, Brooklyn, will clash in a billiard match tomorrow at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. The match is for the championship of the Ridgewood district of Brooklyn. The two "cops" will play a 200-point match, in blocks of 50 points each. Games will be played on Mondays and Wednesdays.

ENGLISH GOLFER COMING.

Miss Vera Ramsay Will Return to Boston Next Season.

Women golfers in the Boston district are looking forward with interest to the contemplated return to this country of Miss Vera Ramsay, of Leatherhead, Surrey, England. Miss Ramsay, it is reported, plans to take up a permanent residence in Boston. It is expected that she will arrive before the beginning of the season, and will be eligible to compete in this year's Boston championship and other leading tournaments.

Miss Ramsay has been devoting her attention entirely to war work since she returned to England. She has been driving a motor car as a member of the Women's Royal Auxiliary Force. Miss Ramsay attracted unusual attention through her work on the links in 1915 and 1916. She came to this country in 1915, and in the Boston championship of that year gained her first prominence when she made the lowest score, a 93, in the qualifying round. Miss Ramsay defeated Miss Margaret Curtis, three times national women's champion, in the final by 7 up and 6 to play. In 1916 Miss Ramsay successfully defended her Boston title. Later Miss Ramsey participated in the women's Eastern championship tournament, which was won by Mrs. W. A. Gavin. Miss Ramsay finished fifth.

BASEBALL STARS RETURN.

West Virginia Players Are Mustered Out of Service.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Jan. 18.—There is considerable talk of baseball here already. A letter was dispatched more than a month ago to "Kemp" Shelton, last year's successful coach, who is now in France, but no reply having come from him a cablegram was sent him today asking if he plans to return in time to tutor the diamond candidates.

There is a wealth of baseball material on hand. Latterner, Dorsey, and Dawson of last year's team are here in school, having been discharged from the S. A. T. C. late in December. Gregg has been discharged from the Tank service, and Rodgers, Herrick, Armstrong, and Charles Garden, also of last year's team, have received their discharges. Bill Cardon, the second sacker of the 1917 team, will also be back next semester, having been mustered out at Camp Lee. In addition to these men there are Martin, Behen, Fisher, Ball, McGannon, Ransom, and several other new men available who are know nto have baseball ability.

CORNELL STARS RETURN.

Sharpe Now Has Good Material for Basket Ball Team.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 18.—The return to the university of three of the ablest basket ball players Cornell has turned out in the last three years has revolutionized the court situation here and insures a fast team for the Ithacans. Ten days ago it seemed certain that the Cornell five would start out with almost green material, not a 'Varsity man having reported for practice. Now there are three former 'Varsity players in the lineup.

The veterans who have come back from the army are Howard Ortner, forward and second of the 1917-18 league point scorers; W. M. Kendall, Acting Captain and guard of last year's team, and Stewart, a forward on last year's five.

With these men back, Al Sharpe has effected a reorganization of his team. Ortner and Stewart will play forwards and Kendall right guard. The other two positions will probably be filled by Molinet at centre and Sullivan at left guard. Both of these men were on the freshman team last Winter.

TO HONOR RICKENBACKER.

Automobile Association to Hold Banquet for American Ace.

Captain Edward V. Rickenbacker, erstwhile champion automobile race driver, and, by virtue of his official record of bringing down twenty-six "Hun" fliers, America's leading "Ace," is to be the guest of honor at a banquet arranged by the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association, on behalf of the automotive sport and industry of the United States, which will be held in the ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria Feb. 3.

Captain "Eddie" Rickenbacker, whose name heads the list of sixty-three American "Aces" recently made public by General Pershing, has sailed from Liverpool for America. His cabled acceptance for the banquet was received several days ago. In addition to the banquet a material and substantial appreciation of Captain Rickenbacker's great military aerial performances will be provided. His mother will also be present.

Covers will be set at the banquet for 1,000. Fred J. Wagner, veteran starter of automobile races, who has often given Rickenbacker the checkered flag which means victory on the auto race course, is managing the affair.

SAYS BASEBALL IS SLOW.

English Critic Complains of Pitchers' Antics in Box.

An English authority on sports appears to have discovered an outstanding defect in American baseball. Among other things, he says the game is entirely too slow and blames the pitcher for taking too much time to decide whether he will throw the ball to the batter or to first base. The following is part of the criticism of a recent game, which appeared in The London Field:

"The American pitcher, in a match against Canada, was so deliberate in his methods as to be a subject of wonder not unmixed with admiration. He always walked to his place with extreme slowness, generally looked around three or four times if a man was at first base, raised his hands as if about to throw, dropped them, and twiddeled the ball several times in his glove, swung his arms in a windmill fashion, and, finally, when one had almost given him up in despair, threw the ball at the batter—if he did not throw it toward the man at the base.

"Several times he began his duties by holding the ball at arm's length and standing motionless for some seconds, after which he went through the usual performance. Once or twice he altered his mind, signaled to the catcher, met him half way, had a consultation, and went to give instructions to a fieldsman before getting to work. Yet baseball enthusiasts did not seem to recognize that there was anything slow about these things."

Service Men to Skate.

Service men will have an opportunity for ice skating competition tomorrow night at the Notlek Rink, 119th Street and Claremont Avenue, in a half-mile scratch race arranged especially for them. The medals for the first three to finish have been donated by the New York Athletic Club. In addition to this race there will be a one-mile handicap race. The Kingston Ice Rink in Brooklyn will be the scene of two races Tuesday night. The events will be at one mile and one-half mile, both handicap races.

Cochran to Play Schaefer Here.

Walker Cochran, young Chicago rival for Willie Hoppe's balk-line title, will commence a week's match against Jacob Schaefer tomorrow afternoon at Daly's Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway. The match will be for 3,600 points, at 18.2 balk line, in blocks of 300 each afternoon and evening throughout the week. A purse will be divided between the players, the winner receiving 60 and the loser 40 per cent. The victorious cue wielder will challenge Willie Hoppe to a title match.

HARVARD OUTLINES FOOTBALL POLICY

Crimson May Ask Percy Haughton to Again Coach Gridiron Eleven.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 18.—The policy that will be followed in Harvard football, as well as in other of the college athletic activities, is expected to be decided tomorrow evening at the organization meeting of the newly elected Athletic Committee. Harvard football should be little different next Fall than it has been in previous years, although there is a possibility that some cut in expense may be made.

The Advisory Committee on the sport is now waiting to go ahead with plans for the football season, including the retaining of several coaches, the formation of a schedule, and other general business connected with the Spring and Fall work. With the approval of the Athletic Committee within a few weeks the football schedule will be ready for announcement, and the coaches, or at least some of them, signed for the Fall.

The one big question at Harvard is whether Percy D. Haughton will coach the eleven again. Haughton has served nine years as head coach. It is believed that he will be only too willing to renew his football contract at Harvard, to wipe out that 6 to 3 defeat by Yale in 1916.

Haughton in his nine years as Harvard football coach has won seventy-one out of eighty-two games. Seven times has his team been beaten, and four times have tied games been played. Cornell, Carlisle, Princeton, Tufts, and Brown have won a game apiece, and Yale has captured two. Three of these defeats came in 1916 when Haughton was head coach, but Leo Leary, as field coach, had charge of the men until the former's baseball season was ended.

There appears to be no reason to believe that there will be any change in the relative positions on the football schedule of the Princeton and Yale games. In recent years the claim has been made that it was unfair to both these colleges that Harvard should meet the Blue after two weeks' rest from its contest with the Tigers, whereas the latter had to tackle Yale the week following its Harvard game, and the Elis in turn had to tackle the Crimson eleven with seven days' interim only after its hard battle with the Junglers.

Following the custom of previous years, the contest with Yale will probably be booked for Nov. 22, with the Princeton game two weeks before. As the last Harvard-Yale classic was staged in the Bowl, it is taken for granted that the Stadium will this year be the scene of the great football pageant. The Tiger team will be met at Princeton. If Coach Haughton is to coach the football team, he probably will have a great deal to say about prospective opponents for the Fall, or at least some member of the committee which makes up the schedule will have his views on the matter.

It is hard to speak with any degree of accuracy about the prospects for football practice next Spring. The only letter man from the 1916 squad now in Cambridge who will be eligible again is Winslow Felton, third string quarterback. Bill Snow, regular left guard, is at his studies, but will complete his course by June. Clark, a promising guard on the squad, is also here, and will be a strong candidate for a regular position in the Fall.

Billy Murray, second string quarterback, is an ensign with Admiral Jones' staff at Newport News, and expects to return next Fall. Eddie Casey, the star halfback, is an ensign in the transport service, and also hopes to re-enter college in September. Walter Wheeler, who resigned the 1918 captaincy, is eligible, but will probably not return. Ralph Horween is undecided, and Rufe Bond, who is studying for a naval commission, expects to return to college.

Arnold Horween, of the 1920 freshman team, is enrolled again, and should be a strong asset. He captained the 1917 Informal eleven. A number of 1917 freshmen, including Henry Faxen, Jim MacDonell, Arthur Hamilton, Dick Humphrey, Frank Lothrop, Jimmy King, Jabish Holmes, and the Stillman brothers, are all back in college, and will form the nucleus for Harvard football next season.

7,000 BIRDS ARE ENTERED.

Poultry Show Opens at Madison Square Garden Tuesday.

Madison Square Garden will resemble a mammoth barnyard Tuesday morning, when the thirtieth annual show of the New York Poultry and Pigeon Association opens. There will be over 13,000 exhibits. About 7,000 of the entries are poultry or water fowl, and the remainder will be pigeons. The doors will be open to the public at 9 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

The entries are in excess of last year, and the presence of foreign buyers and of hundreds of beginners at poultry raising are both assured. A new feature will be the maintneance of an information booth by representatives of the American Poultry Association to answer queries from beginners at poultry raising.

Birds that have been in active service with the Army Signal Corps during the war, both at the military pigeonrise in this country and on the firing lines abroad, will be among the entries in the classes for record homers. August de Corte of Rosebank, S. I., who is the inventor of devices used by the army for carrying messenger pigeons and of coops used by the Government, will make a special display of his models and birds. During the show he will fly birds daily from the Garden with messages to his lofts on Staten Island and to the military lofts on Governors Island.

STARS FOR NAVAL TEAM.

Basket Ball Team is Made Up of Former College Players.

With an all-star five starting practice, the basket ball hopes of the U. S. Naval Auxiliary Reserve are now based on the squad of officers chosen on the basis of their previous experience. This quintet, which is to be selected from the several hundred officers now awaiting assignement to sea duty at the Detail Office at South and Whitehall Streets, is to berepresentative of the Naval Overseas Transport Service, which numbers not only those officers drawn from the former merchant marine, but also hundreds of college and business men.

Tom Thorpe of Columbia has offered to coach the five. Thorpe has been influential in securing the Columbia University basket ball court for his charges and will put them through practice drills three times a week until the actual start of their playing schedule.

Ensign Manville H. Evans, U. S. N. R. F., is managing the team under the instructions of Ensign Hoyne, who has been placed in charge of the athletic activities of all officers and men stationed at South and Whitehall Streets. Manager Evans has mapped out a basket ball season that will include practically every Eastern college which plays basket ball.

Chief among the gold-striped officers that report to Thorpe are the following: Gene Gillan, of Minnesota, All-Western guard; Frank Trainor, of Fordham, guard; Tom Cosgrove, of Columbia, centre; Derrill Hart, of Kansas College, forward; Herb Stewart, of Bronx Church House, guard; and Joe McMahon, of Fordham, forward.

Manager Evans has arranged two games with the Crescent Athletic Club for Jan. 21 and 31, and is now awaiting replies to his tentative schedule as sent to twenty-six colleges and universities.

TIGER SWIMMERS READY.

Princeton Has Strong Team with Return of Veterans.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 18.—Princeton aquatic teams have so far progressed in their short training that Captain Johnson is almost prepared to announce his selection. All of last year's point winners are back, with the exception of Kanzanjian and Dane in the fancy dive. Anderson and Quay, however, both former members of the university team, are now in college and ably fill the vacant positions.

The swimming team feels keenly the loss of Frank Sullivan, who for years turned out aggregations which won the water polo championship for the Tigers. Captain Johnson is conducting the training of the men, and he will be one of the mainstays of the swimming team in the 50 and 100 yard dashes. Carl Georgi and Erd Harris will also compete in these events. The three swam together in the freshman relay team of a few years ago that established the university intercollegiate record, and last year they were the backbone of the 'Varsity team.

The 200-yard swim presents the greatest problem to the Tiger Captain, it having always been the weak point on the team. Of the candidates now out for this event Twitchell gives most promise. Dick Kinnard was a surt point winner last year in the plunge, and, with his presence on the team, little anxiety is felt in that direction.

Manager Prentise has very nearly completed the schedule for the season. A meet with Yale has been definitely settled, and arrangements are now under way for a meet with Penn. There will be no Intercollegiate League this year in the aquatic sport, the colleges being still undecided as to the athletic program they will pursue this year.

YOUNG TROTTERS IMPROVE.

Three-Year-Olds Develop as Derby Candidates.

For over a century the English breeders of race horses have been awarding the blue ribbon of the turf to the winners of the Derby. With them it is the supreme test of merit. Through early training and intense breeding the three-year-old trotter is rapidly becoming as good in his line as the runner in his at the same age, and it will not be many years before foals of that age will be taking the word in all the class events at the leading meetings. David Guy and Nella Dillen showed what they could do in that respect last year, while Peter Volo could have won any event for trotters at meetings where he appeared in 1914.

One of the first three-year-old races of which there is a record was trotted over the Union Course on Long Island, in which Rose of Washington, by Burr's Washington, defeated American Eagle, by Cassius M. Clay, in 2:54. She also proved a good trotter in her day, Warren Peabody giving her a saddle record of 2:30 when she defeated Tacony in 1857, while Hiram Woodruff also gave her a harness record of 2:30¾ in a race which she won from Flora Temple the same season.

The next three-year-old race of note was trotted at Lexington, Ky., in 1859. The race was won by Kentucky Chief in 2:52, with Maid of Ashland second. Kentucky Chief also won again in 2:50½ at Louisville, where he distanced Ole Bull and Maid of Ashland. An injury, while being shipped at Rochester, N. Y., in 1870, was all that prevented this mare, whose name was changed to Lady Thorne, from becoming the champion of the turf. When she made her record of 2:18¼ in 1869, she trotted three heats in 2:19¾, 2:18¼ and 2:21, the best on record up to that date, and the week she was injured she won a third heat in 2:21¾, the last half of the mile being trotted in 1:06.

The next change in the three-year-old record was also made at Louisville in 1860, when Cora, by Strader's Cassius M. Clay, Jr., defeated Elvira Whiteside in 2:37¾. She trained on to a record of 2:30¾. Blackwood was the next record maker, and the mile which he trotted in 2:31 at Lexington, Ky., Oct. 2, 1860, was a very profitable one for his trainer and owner. Andrew Steel gave G. H. Buford a half interest if he would train and develop him. With about four months' work he gave the colt a record of 2:31, after which Steel purchased Buford's interest for $12,500 and sold Blackwood to Harrison Durkee of New York for $30,000.

Leland Stanford, the founder of Palo Alto, owned Elaine, another three-year-old champion. He purchased her at Stony Ford in the Spring of 1877, when he selected her half brother, Electioneer, to place at the head of his stud. John Murphy drove her to a record of 2:28 that Fall at Hartford, where she defeated Star Duroc and Effie.

The struggle for the three-year-old honors of the trotting turf between the Wilkes and Electioneer families began in 1881 and has continued to date, the only skips being in 1885, when Pancoast divided the honors with Electioneer, and in 1914 when Peter the Great led both of them. Phil Thompson was the first standard bearer of the Wilkes family. He placed the limit at 2:21 at Chicago, where, in a race for four-year-olds and under, he defeated Director, Clemmie G., Mamie, and Tucker. His record remained unbeaten until the Fall of 1883, when Marvin appeared at Lexington with Hinda Rose and distanced Wilkes Boy and Fugue in 2:19½. This was like bringing coal to Newcastle, and the Kentucky breeders felt that their reputation was tarnished until Patron equalled the performance over the same course in 1885.

The names of the balance of the three-year-old champions are familiar to modern racegoers. Sable Wilkes was the next in line, the honors going to him with a mile in 2:18. He was succeeded by Axtell, who cut the record to 2:12, only to give way the following month to Sunol, when she trotted in 2:10½. Marvin equalled this mark with Arion, in 1892 at Nashville, Tenn., where Geers also marked Fantasy, the next champion, when he won a $5,000 race with her the following year in 2:08¾.

This record remained at the top of the list until 1907, when Harry Stinson, whose father developed Patron, equalled it with Kentucky Todd at Columbus. The next change was made at Lexington, where General Watts, after winning the Kentucky Futurity, defeated Bisa and Bonnie Way in 2:06¾ in the Kentucky Stake. This performance restored the supremacy to the Wilkes family, and Colorado E. strengthened the position by shoving the limit down to 2:04¾ in 1910.

The record remained at this point for four years, when Peter Volo, after equalling it in a race at Kalamazoo, won the third race of his Kentucky Futurity in 2:03½. Murphy drove him, while he also had the mount behind The Real Lady when the Moko filly made the present record of 2:03, three weeks after Miss Bertha Dillon equalled Peter Volo's record in a race at Columbus.

SCHEDULE IS REVISED.

Columbia Sets New Dates to Meet Yale and Penn on Court.

Two revisions have been made in the schedule of the Columbia basketball team, which was announced tentatively several days ago. The changes are made in the dates of the games with Yale and Pennsylvania in the latter part of the season. Under the first schedule Columbia was to have played Yale in New York on Feb. 25 and Pennsylvania in Philadelphia on March 1, the Saturday night following.

Under the new arrangement, the games will be transposed. Columbia will go to Philadelphia on Feb. 25 for its game with the Red and Blue, and on March 1 will play Yale in New York.

LE GROS WINS LONG MATCH FROM KEYES

Junior Players at Net Nearly Three Hours at Opening of 7th Regiment Tourney.

CECIL DONALDSON BEATEN

Holder of Canadian Junior Title Goes Down Before Steady Game of Young Bassford.

Junior players furnished lively matches at the opening day's play of the indoor tennis championship for the regimental title at the Seventh Regiment Armory. Although the light on the courts was bad, several of the youngsters played at top speed and gave sterling exhibitions of the game on board floors.

Abraham Bassford, 3d, of the Scarsdale High School, defeated Gerald Donaldson, the youngster who won the Canadian jnior title last summer, in a hard fought match at 6—3, 8—6.

In another match in which the juniors figured, Teddy LeGros was busy for the greater part of the afternoon in bringing about the defeat of J. D. Keyes in an exciting three set match at 6—3, 8—10, 8—6.

Several of the older stars of the regiment did not play their schedule games because of the poor light. At times during the matches which were played, it was impossible for the spectators to see the ball from the sidelines and it is a mystery how the junior lads were able to play such fast tennis under the adverse conditions.

Walter Merrill Hall, who is one of the ten ranking players of the country, and who won the regimental title last season, was paired in the draw with Arthur S. Cragin, and although these two played several practice games, they decided to wait for better light next Saturday before tackling their tournament match.

During the practice these two at times played pretty fast tennis and drove the ball so swiftly that it was impossible for them to follow it in the dull gray shadows of the big drill shed. The champion and his opponent seemed to be very evenly matched, for when they stopped they had just completed a 30 game set, the score being 16—14 in Hall's favor.

The La Gros-Keyes match took up nearly three hours of playing time. La Gros got away to a good start and captured the first set at 6—3. Keyes, however, rallied in the next set, and he repeatedly pulled games out of the fire after the score had gone to deuce. The set was deadlocked several times, also, and it wasn't until after eighteen games had been played that Keyes came through a winner at 10—8. Keyes's play in this part of the match brought cut pretty volleying, and he fooled his opponent with several nicely placed shots along the side lines. La Gros tried continually to beat his opponent with hard drives, but Keyes surprised him with spectacular returns.

With a set to the credit of each player, they went into the third, hammer and tongs. The light was getting weaker all the time but this had little effect on the speed of the youngsters. After Keyes had rallied again and brought the match to deuce, La Gros got back to his best form and with his twist serve working in splendid form, won at 8—6.

Young Bassford took the first set of his match with Donaldson at 6—3 and expected to have just as easy a time in the second set. A surprise awaited him, however, and Donaldson settled down to his most aggressive form. He whizzed over several swift service aces during this set but Bassford, relying on his base line game won out at 8—6. Play in the tournament will be resumed next Saturday afternoon.

The summary:

Seventh Regiment Championship Singles.—Second Round (First Round Byes)—Abraham Bassford, 3d, defeated Gerald Donaldson, 6—3, 8—6; Teddy La Gros defeated J. D. Keyes, 6—3, 8—10, 8—6; Samuel A. McAlister defeated J. A. Anderson, 6—0, 6—1. Seventh Regiment Championship Class B Singles.—Second Round (First Round Byes)—H. Moore, Jr., defeated C. Klanberg, 6—0, 6—2; F. C. Beers defeated C. M. Ammerman, default.

TO AID OLYMPIC MEET.

K. of C. Athletic Directors to Train Soldier Athletes.

Announcement that the American Expeditionary Force will conduct a mammoth Olympic in Paris in May or June with contestants from all allied fighting forces, and that General Pershing had invited the allied armies to take part in the contests, has excited keen interest in this country, coming so soon after the official announcement that the Knights of Columbus had been placed in sole charge of all boxing contests and tournaments for the American Expeditionary Force.

The Knights of Columbus, through its overseas organization, is in a position to extend substantial aid to American soldiers desiring to compete n the proposed Olympic games, and will take up the work of getting the American soldiers ready to take part in the forth-coming contests.

Amongst the Knights of Columbus overseas secretaries are scores of men recognized as foremost in athletics in the United States, as the following list shows:

In aquatics William J. Varley, winner of the world's title in double sculls, and Phil J. Cross, who, at Travers Island, defeated some of the world's best swimmers; George Lamothe of Buffalo will teach them how to use the broadsword and foils; Alex McLean of Boston will put them on the right track for endurance contests; Michael Duggan of Chicago will guide them in marksmen's competition; John C. Mackey, playground director for Chicago, can give them pointers in sprinting and long-distance events; Albert Murray of New York will show 'em how to throw the discus, and Jack McAuliffe can help them get into prime condition for any sore of an athletic contest. Others are Jake Carey, Rochester; Jimmy Twyford, Brooklyn; Bill Friel, Columbus, Ohio; Eddie Behan, Philadelphia; Sam Fitzpatrick, New York; Jim Fox, Allentown, Penn.; Bis Mackey, Jersey City; Bill Coughlin, Pittsburgh; Bill McCabe, Poughkeepsie; Tom Dowd, Boston; Danny Dun, Cleveland.

WILLIAMS LOSES BOYNTON.

Star Athlete Is Completing Course in Naval Aviation.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Jan. 18.—"Ben" Boynton, Williams's star all around athlete, has not returned to college and he will not be on hand to captain the 'Varsity baseball nine in the Spring. There is a possibility that he will resume his studies in the Fall, however.

Boynton elected to complete his course in naval aviation and win his "wings" before receiving his discharge from the service. He has finished the preliminary end of the training at the M. I. T. ground school and is now ready to take up the practical side of flying.

Hockey will be taken up in modified form at Williams this Winter, contrary to expectations. William G. Hegardt of Duluth, Minn., a veteran of three years on the Purple seven, has been named captain. He has three other veterans around which to build up a team.

LEONARD IS FAVORITE.

Arrangements Completed for Bout with Dundee Tomorrow Night.

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, will enter the ring of the Newark Sportsmen's Club, in the First Regiment Armory, Newark, N. J., tomorrow night, a top-heavy favorite over Johnny Dundee, his Italian rival. The boxers have contracted for an eight-round session. Whether the contest will go this distance is one of the chief points of speculation. Admirers of Leonard are wagering that the titleholder will score a knockout, but there are plenty of Dundee enthusiasts who are confident the little Italian will stay the limit.

There is only the remotest of possibilities that Leonard will be in danger, for Dundee has never been known to display a knockout punch. Leonard has demonstrated his ability as a heavy hitter. It is problematical, however, if the champion can land with decisive effect on the dancing, prancing, leaping Italian.

This will be the first time since Leonard won the lightweight title from Freddie Welsh that he has opposed Dundee. Previously Leonard boxed Dundee four times, once in 1915 and three times in 1916. All these bouts were ten-round no-decision affairs, in which both boxers were alternately given popular decisions.

Leonard and Dundee have completed their training. Leonard has paid special attention to reducing his weight. It is asserted that the title-holder is no longer eligible to defend his championship at the legitimate poundage. Leonard and his manager, Billy Gibson, declare they will refute this allegation when Leonard weighs in, as required by the New Jersey law. The contest is at catchweights but the law would prohibit the match if either contestant has a weight advantage of more than ten pounds.

The management is taking precautionary measures to prevent congestion. It is planned to assign soldiers in uniform for police duty and to discourage disturbances.

The advance sale is more than $7,000, it is reported. The promoters are anticipating a capacity crowd. The seating facilities of the armory are arranged so as to accommodate a crowd of 11,000. Patsy Cline of Newark will referee.

The Armory A. A. of Jersey City will conduct its weekly show in opposition to the Newark attraction tomorrow night. Two eight-round bouts have been arranged in addition to a number of six-round engagements. In the principal contest Jack Denley and Johnny Clinton will be opponents. The other eight-round match will bring together Charley Beecher, former amateur, and Willie Brown.

Boxing followers in this State are enthused with the favorable news coming from Albany for the restoration of legalised boxing. The sport has gained many friends and added popularity through the war. Admirers of the game are hopeful that the movement will receive the necessary support from the lawmakers. The incorporation of the Army, Navy and Civilian Board of Boxing Control at the office of the Secretary of State, in Albany, marks a favorable step toward a revival of the sport here.

Young Brown, a local boxer, will oppose Lew Tendler, the crack Philadelphia lightweight, in a bout of six rounds tomorrow night at the Olympia A. A. of Philadelphia.

Officials of the Boxers' Loyalty League are performing a commendable work to alleviate the monotony in the life of the wounded soldiers convalescing in local hospitals. This league was organized some time ago for the purpose of promoting boxing shows at the various local base hospitals. The sport is popular with the returned wounded heroes and there have been heavy demands on the officials for entertainments.

Battling Ortega of San Francisco, who held his own in a bout against Ted Kid Lewis, welterweight champion, will probably soon be matched for a bout with Tommy Robson, of Malden, Mass. The officials of the Armory A. A. of Boston are endeavoring to arrange the match for their club Feb. 4.

Ted Kid Lewis, welterweight champion, and Soldier Bartfield of Brooklyn, will engage in a return bout Tuesday night at the Armory A. A. of Boston. The match will be for twelve rounds to a decision.

PRAISE FOR MILLROSE A. A.

Dr. Raycroft Sends Letter of Commendation to Secretary McGowan.

John J. McGowan, Secretary-Treasurer of the Millrose A. A., has made public a letter received from Dr. Joseph E. Raycroft, Chairman of the Athletic Division, War Department's Commission on Training Camp Activities. In the communication Dr. Raycroft, speaking officially for the commission as well as for himself, expressed appreciation to McGowan and the Millrose A. A. for the financial and moral assistance the organization had rendered in the commission's work for the soldiers and sailors.

Dr. Raycroft wrote that the high morale and standard of physical efficiency which the armies of this nation attained were due directly to the stimulating influence of the athletic activities conducted in camps here and abroad. In his letter Dr. Raycroft said:

"The Government during the latter months of the war supported athletic work with very generous appropriations. In the beginning, however, we were forced to appeal to men like yourself to come to the assistance of the commission with money raised in various ways, and from various sources, for the purchase of athletic equipment to make it possible to carry out the program in the camps which the commission had planned. Your assistance in this work had a double value—we used your money and we were very greatly encouraged by your backing and support."

NOT THE SPORT OF KINGS.

Major Belmont Says Racing Is Now Sport for the People.

Horse racing, referred to from time immemorial as the sport of kings, has outlived that reference and must in future be recognized as a sport for the people. This declaration was made by Major August Belmont, Chairman of The Jockey Club, who recently returned from battle-scarred Europe.

Major Belmont is more than ever convinced of the necessity of racing as an essential in the improvement of the horse product of the country, as a result of his observation in the war area of Europe. The Jockey Club leader found the keenest interest manifested in the thoroughbred in France and England, and looks for a renewal of racing abroad on something of the same scale as prevailed before the war.

"Everybody abroad concedes the all-important part cavalry played at decisive moments in the great struggle," said Major Belmont. "The thoroughbred is the prime factor in the production of this type, and no less an authority than Sir Douglas Haig, the British Commander in Chief, himself a cavalryman and a sincere lover of the horse, whose charger is the thoroughbred Croesus, has indorsed the wisdom of breeding horses for the two military virtues of hardiness and activity. He is on record as expressing the opinion 'that the best animals for army purposes are also the most valuable for agriculture, commerce, and sport.'"

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 26, MAIN NEWS SECTION.

Investment Suggestions

A carefully selected list of 15 Bonds, 10 Preferred and 10 Common Stocks is contained in

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Wilson & Co.

The business position and earning power of this Company reviewed.

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"Securities Suggestions"

Among other interesting features, the last two issues of this semi-monthly publication contain the following:

Future of the Oil Industry
Cities Service Bonds
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Display Further Weakness Under Light Selling—Bank Loans Gain.

The selling pressure against stocks which came into sight on Friday was continued yesterday, resulting in net declines among industrial issues extending from 1 to 2 points and more. Mexican Petroleum was offered down in good-sized lots for a loss of more than 6½ points, and the steel shares again were prominent targets for bearish attack. Steel common at 90 closed at the lowest level since last April. The market displayed little rallying power and left off at or close to the lowest quotations in case of issues most actively dealt in.

The weakness of prices during the last two sessions of the week failed to bring into light any definite and comprehensive explanation, although a summary of conditions reported in industry and trade was more favorable to sales than purchases of stocks for speculation. The steel industry, while moderately active in some departments, contains many mills whose activity is lessening, with a consequent increase of unemployment. The textile trades are experiencing price reductions as efforts are made to find a level where buying will be stimulated. The week brought only small progress toward a solution of the railroad future, and it may be that the security market, through the decline of stocks, registered a renewal of uncertain sentiment in respect to the time which must elapse before manufacturing, distribution, and control of transportation by rail reach a true and normal peace basis. For several weeks there had been almost a deadlock in the stock market, and the decline quite possibly brought a measure of relief to market followers who had grown impatient of the backing and filling process, irrespective of their attitude toward price movements. Whether the downward dip actually reflected economic events of importance may be determined only through further examination of quotations later on.

The Clearing House bank statement showed an increase of $44,718,000 in loans, which may have reflected in part the financing of new security offerings during the week. The stock market made no extensive demands on bank credit. Surplus reserve expanded $8,028,000, a total almost exactly equal to the increase of reserve credits with the Federal Reserve Bank. The Federal Reserve Bank's weekly report indicated that the call of customers upon member banks for accommodation was met without need for substantial discounting of paper at the Government institution. Rediscounts based on United States Government obligations declined $75,500,000, and those of commercial paper were $5,706,000 less than the week before. The bank's gold reserve receded $28,706,000, compared with a decline of $69,000,000 in the preceding week.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	4½	High	5
Low	4½	Low	5
Renewals	4½	Renewals	5
Last	4½	Last	5

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances........4¼@4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5@5¼	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼	Ninety days	5½@5¾
Four months	5¼	Four months	5½@5¾
Five months	5¼	Five months	5¾
Six months	5¼	Six months	5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days........4¼@4⅜
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days........4⅜@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days........5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days........5 @5¼
4 to 6 months........5 @5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months........5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75½	$4.75½	$4.75½	+.000⅛
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	+.000125
Francs—				
Demand	5.45¼	5.45¾	5.45¾	— .00⅛
Cables	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼	— .00⅛

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75½	$4.76⅛
5.1813	Paris	5.45¼	5.45¼
5.1813	Belgium	5.62	5.60
	China—		
	Hongkong	79.25	79.50
	Peking	130.75	131.00
	Shanghai	121.75	122.00
40.20	Holland	42.25	42.50
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.36¼	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	53.25	53.50
	Yokohama	53.25	53.50
19.30	Spain	20.12	20.20
50.00	Philippine Islands—Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.75	29.00
	Copenhagen	26.625	26.85
	Christiania	27.75	28.00
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42	Rio	25.35	25.50
5.1813	Switzerland	4.85	4.82
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	13.60	13.80
	500 rubles	13.50	13.70

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71¾	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $675,780,194; balances, $60,416,470; United States Treasury credit balance, $7,907,932; Federal Reserve credit balance, $42,018,366.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

EARNINGS.

COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC CO. and subsidiary properties for December—

	1918.	Increase.
Gross earnings	$1,123,844	*$1,242
Net operating earnings	616,741	74,948
Total net earnings and other income	784,497	77,316
Surplus	430,841	71,970
Twelve months ended December, 1918—		
Gross earnings	11,451,862	500,532
Net operating earnings	5,578,682	357,888
Total net earnings and other income	7,548,336	383,219
Surplus	3,198,825	265,462

*Decrease.

NEW ORLEANS, TEXAS & MEXICO Lines—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Nov. gross	$673,276	$625,173	$641,192
Net aft. taxes	121,140	204,570	280,731
Sur. aft. rntls.	111,459	191,380	264,492
11 mos.' gross	7,393,838	5,945,679	5,742,371
Net aft. taxes	1,934,561	1,994,283	1,719,224
Sur. aft. rntls.	1,869,029	2,054,235	1,402,137

UTAH SECURITIES CORP. subsidiaries—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Dec. gross	639,608	615,225	24,383
Net aft. taxes	377,027	314,855	62,172
12 mos.' gross	6,993,227	6,586,592	406,635
Net aft. taxes	3,783,986	3,498,366	285,620

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Field, Richards & Co. are offering a new issue of City of Charlotte, N. C., 5 per cent. school bonds, due serially 1920 to 1946. The semi-annual interest and principal are payable in New York. The bonds are offered at a price to yield 4.75 per cent. on any maturity.

E. D. King, formerly a member of the Faculty of Syracuse University, has become associate editor of The Odd Lot Review.

The Atlantic National Bank announces the appointment of John H. Trowbridge as assistant cashier.

Edward A. Armstrong has become associated with his brother, F. B. Armstrong, of Armstrong & Co., members of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, as head of the company's statistical department.

A. D. Converse & Co. have prepared a circular on timely investment securities.

A circular giving an analysis of Wilson & Co. common stock has been prepared by Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.

J. Leonard Replogle, former Steel Administrator for the War Industries Board, has been elected as Chairman of the Board of the Wharton Iron and Steel Company. He resigned the place when he went to Washington at the call of the Government.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, JAN. 18, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	308,028	208,473	265,085
Year to date	6,464,710	9,706,433	12,034,104

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22½	23	300	Advance Rumely	23	23	23	23	—½
57	58	100	Advance Rumely pf	57½	57½	57½	57½	+½
71	71½	200	Ajax Rubber	71½	71½	71½	71½	—½
3⅞	4	1,000	Alaska Gold Mines	4⅛	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞	..
2	2¼	100	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	..
31¼	31½	1,400	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	32¼	32¼	31¼	31¼	—⅞
97½	98½	50	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	..
68½	69	100	Am. Beet Sugar	69	69	69	69	+½
46¼	46½	5,000	Am. Can	47	47	46¼	46¼	—1
89½	90	1,300	Am. Car & Found	89⅝	89⅝	88⅝	89¼	—½
111	114	100	Am. Car & F. pf	113	113	113	113	—1½
42¾	43¼	300	Am. Cotton Oil	43	43	42¾	42¾	—⅝
88	90	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	89	89	89	89	+1
15¼	15½	500	Am. Hide & Leath	16	16	15¼	15¼	—½
81⅝	82	7,400	Am. Hide & L. pf	83⅞	83⅞	81	81⅝	—1½
40	41	300	Am. Ice	40¼	40¼	40	40	—1¼
47½	48	400	Am. Linseed	48½	48½	47½	47½	—½
59½	60	100	Am. Locomotive	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	+½
1¼	1½	100	Am. Malting	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	+¼
71	71½	3,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	72⅛	72¼	71	71	—1
112	120	8	Am. Snuff	112	112	112	112	..
82	83	900	Am. Steel Found	82⅝	82⅝	81½	82	—1½
113	113¼	100	Am. Sugar Ref	113½	113½	113½	113½	+½
100⅝	101½	3,000	Am. Sumatra Tob	102⅝	102⅝	101	101	—1⅝
100⅝	100⅞	800	Am. Tel. & Tel	100⅞	100⅞	100⅝	100⅝	—¼
196	203	100	Am. Tobacco	198	198	198	198	—2
45¼	46	100	Am. Woolen	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	—⅝
95	96	150	Am. Woolen pf	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	—⅝
32	33	300	Am. Writ. Paper pf	33⅛	33⅛	33	33	..
58	58⅛	1,600	Anaconda Copper	58⅜	58⅜	57⅞	58	..
21½	22¼	300	Assoc. Dry Goods	22½	22½	22⅛	22⅛	+⅛
48	73	100	Assoc. Dry G. 1st pf	62	62	62	62	—1
73½	75	400	Associated Oil	74½	74½	74	74	+¼
91¾	92⅛	300	At., Top. & S. F	92	92	92	92	..
101¼	102⅛	800	At., Gulf & W. I	102	102	101¼	102	—¼
69	69½	13,700	Baldwin Locomot	71⅜	71⅜	68⅝	69½	—2½
47¾	48¼	1,400	Baltimore & Ohio	48	48	47⅝	48	..
55	56	200	Baltimore & O. pf	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	—½
56½	56¾	100	Bethlehem Steel	57	57	57	57	+½
56½	56⅝	4,400	Beth. Steel, Class B	57¼	57⅝	56⅝	56⅝	—⅝
102	102½	400	Beth. Steel 8% pf	102½	102½	102¼	102½	..
23⅝	24	600	Brook. Rapid Tran	24⅛	24⅛	23⅝	23⅝	—½
9½	10¼	100	Bruns. Tr. & Ry. Sec	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	+¼
151	152½	300	Burns Brothers	152	152	151	151	—1½
6	6¼	200	Butte Cop. & Zinc	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6¼	—⅛
52⅛	52¾	500	Cala. Packing	52¾	52¾	52	52⅛	—⅝
23	23¼	1,000	Cala. Petroleum	23⅜	23⅜	23	23	—½
67½	68	300	Cala. Petroleum pf	68½	68½	68	68	—½
156¾	157½	100	Canadian Pacific	156¾	156¾	156¾	156¾	..
57¾	58⅛	1,500	Central Leather Co	58⅜	58⅜	57¾	57¾	—⅜
32½	33	300	Cerro de Pasco Cop	33	33	32½	32½	—½
102½	104	800	Chandler Motor	104½	104½	103	103	—1½
55	55½	300	Chesapeake & Ohio	55¼	55¼	55¼	55½	—¼
24	24½	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	—1
38	38¼	3,300	Chi., M. & St. Paul	38⅞	38⅞	38	38	—1
69	69½	1,200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	70½	70½	69½	69½	—1¼
95	96	300	Chi. & Northwest	95½	95½	95	95	—½
23¼	23⅜	2,400	Chi., R. I. & Pac	24	24	23⅜	23½	—½
76½	77	200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	77	77	77	77	—¼
64⅝	64½	600	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	65	65	64½	64½	—1
17⅜	17⅝	1,000	Chile Copper	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	—⅛
33⅝	33⅝	300	Chino Copper	33⅝	33⅝	33⅜	33⅝	—⅛
34	36½	100	C., C., C. & St. L	36	36	36	36	+1½
35¼	36	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	—½
41	41⅜	100	Columbia Gas & El	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	—½
92½	94½	100	Consolidated Gas	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	+¼
47⅝	47½	3,900	Corn Products Ref	48⅛	48⅛	47¼	47½	—⅜
53¼	53½	7,200	Crucible Steel	54½	54½	53⅛	53½	—1
24¼	24⅜	7,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	25	25	24	24¼	—1
76¼	76¾	1,300	Cuba Cane S. pf	76⅜	76⅜	76⅛	76¼	—½
101⅞	102½	700	Delaware & Hud	102⅞	102⅞	102	102	—1
81	86	100	Detroit United Ry	85	85	85	85	—3
52	52⅝	3,100	Distillers Sec	51⅞	52	51¼	51⅝	+½
12	12⅜	200	Dome Mines	12	12	12	12	..
16¼	16⅜	500	Erie	16⅜	16⅜	16¼	16¼	—¼
27	27½	100	Erie 1st pf	27	27	27	27	—1
9	10	300	Federal M. & Sm	10	10	10	10	+⅞
92½	93½	100	Fisher Body pf	93½	93½	93½	93½	+1
29	29¼	100	Gaston, Wm. & W	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼	—⅛
50	50¾	100	General Cigar	50¾	50¾	50¼	50⅝	—⅝
149	150	200	General Electric	149	149	148½	148½	—½
122	122¼	1,600	General Motors	123½	123½	122	122	—2½
1	1¼	3,400	General Motors rts	1¼	1¼	1	1	—¼
59⅝	60	1,300	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	60⅛	60⅛	59½	59½	—⅝
101	104	100	Goodrich pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	—¼
76	77	200	Granby Consol	76½	76½	76½	76½	..
92	92½	1,300	Great Northern pf	92¼	92½	92	92⅛	—⅛
35⅞	36	2,400	Gt. N. cfs. for O. P	36⅛	36⅛	35¾	36	..
52	52½	500	Gulf States Steel	54½	54½	52½	53	—2
97	98	100	Illinois Central	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	+¼
44	44⅝	900	Inspiration Copper	44½	44¾	43¾	44⅛	—⅝
19⅝	20	200	Inter. Consol. pf	20	20	19⅝	19⅝	—⅝
12	13½	100	Inter. Agricultural	13½	13½	13½	13½	+⅝
54	55	300	Inter. Agricul. pf	55	55	54½	54½	—2
113	115	200	Inter. Harvest. new	114	114	114	114	+1
24⅛	25	600	Int. Mer. Marine	25	25	24⅛	24⅝	—⅜
102¼	102⅝	8,100	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	103	103	101⅝	102½	—⅝
26¾	27	1,000	Inter. Nickel	26¾	27	26¾	27	+¼
32⅝	33¼	2,000	Inter. Paper	33⅜	33⅜	32½	32⅝	—½
34	36	300	Jewel Tea	35½	35½	35	35	—1
88½	90	100	Jewel Tea pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	—1½
32¼	32½	300	Kennecott Copper	32½	32½	32⅛	32⅛	—⅛
63½	64	400	Lackawanna Steel	64⅛	64⅛	64	64	—⅛
21¼	22	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	—⅛
54½	54⅞	200	Lehigh Valley	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	—½
175	210	200	Liggett & Myers	205⅛	205⅛	204⅞	204⅞	—15
108	109	100	Liggett & Myers pf	109	109	109	109	—½
45	46	1,700	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	45	47	45	45½	+1¼
162	167	100	Lorillard (P.) Co	163	163	163	163	—4
118	118¾	500	Louis. & Nash	118¼	118¾	118	118¾	..
27⅜	28	200	Maxwell Motors	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	—¼
50¼	51½	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	51	51	50½	50½	—½
19½	20½	200	Max. Motors 2d pf	20	20	19½	19½	—½
63⅜	64	200	May Dept. Stores	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	+½
167½	168	40,500	Mexican Petroleum	174½	174½	167	167½	—6⅝
24	24¼	200	Miami Copper	24¼	24¼	24⅛	24⅛	—½
42⅛	42½	200	Midvale Steel	42½	42½	42¼	42¼	—⅝
10¼	10½	200	Minn. & St. L. new	10½	10½	10½	10½	..
24	24½	2,100	Missouri Pacific	24½	24½	24¼	24¼	—⅛
52⅛	53½	200	Missouri Pacific pf	52½	53¼	52½	53⅛	..
72	76	100	Nat. Cloak & Suit	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛	—2⅞
15	15¼	900	Nat. Cond. & Cable	15⅜	15⅜	15	15⅛	..
49¼	49½	500	Nat. Enam. & St	50	50	49½	49½	—½
67½	68	500	Nat. Lead	68¼	68¼	67½	67½	—¾
72½	72¾	1,600	N. Y. Central	73	73	72½	72½	—½
28	30	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	29	29	29	29	—1
20	25¼	100	N. Y. Dock	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	+¼
30¼	30⅜	900	N. Y., N. H. & H	30½	30½	30	30½	+⅛
19½	20	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	+⅛
105	105⅞	200	Norfolk & Western	105½	105½	105½	105½	..
91¼	92	500	Northern Pacific	91½	91½	91½	91½	—⅝
42⅝	43	1,300	Ohio Cities Gas	43	43	42⅝	42⅝	—⅝
42¼	43⅝	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	43	43	43	43	—1⅛
9½	9⅝	2,900	Okla. Prod. & Ref	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½	—⅛
36½	36⅝	1,700	Pacific Mail	36	36½	35½	36½	+1¼
68	68⅜	2,700	Pan-Am. P. & T	69	69	68	68⅜	—⅜
44½	45	600	Penn. R. R	44⅞	45	44⅞	45	+¼
45¾	46	600	People's Gas, Chi	47	47	46	46	—1½
12¼	13½	100	Pere Marquette	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	—⅜
30¼	31	100	Philadelphia Co	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	—⅞
39¼	39½	1,400	Pierce-Arrow	39⅞	39⅞	39¼	39¼	—½
101⅝	101⅞	200	Pierce-Arrow pf	102	102	101⅝	101⅝	—½
17½	17⅝	1,700	Pierce Oil	17⅝	17⅝	17⅜	17½	—⅛
46⅛	46½	400	Pittsburgh Coal	46½	46½	45⅞	45⅞	—½
86	87½	200	Pittsburgh Coal pf	86	86	86	86	..
35¼	35½	400	Pitts. & West Va	35½	35½	35⅜	35½	—½
79½	81	200	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	80	80	79⅞	79⅞	—⅛
62	63	100	Pressed Steel Car	62	62	62	62	—1
72	72¼	400	Railway Steel Sp	72	72	72	72	—¼
20	20⅛	800	Ray Con. Copper	20¼	20¼	20	20⅛	..
78⅝	78¾	8,800	Reading	79⅝	79⅝	78½	78⅝	—1⅛
72	72¼	2,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	72⅝	72⅝	71⅝	72	..
71½	72	800	Royal Dutch t r	72½	72½	71½	71½	—1¼
12⅝	12⅞	100	St. Louis-San Fran	13	13	13	13	..
62½	63	300	Savage Arms	61⅝	62½	61⅝	62½	+1½
7	8	300	Saxon Motor	7½	7½	7½	7½	..
177	178	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	179⅝	179⅝	179⅝	179⅝	+1⅝
34⅜	34⅝	2,300	Sinclair Oil Refin	34⅞	34⅞	34¼	34½	—⅜
50	51	100	Sloss-S. Steel & I	51	51	51	51	+1
98¼	98½	8,200	Southern Pacific	99¼	99¼	98¼	98½	—1
102	110	100	South P. R. Sug. pf	108	108	108	108	—2
27½	27⅝	1,900	Southern Railway	27⅝	27¾	27½	27⅝	+⅛
68¼	69	400	Southern Ry. pf	68⅛	68⅛	68	68	—¼
38⅞	39	400	Strom. Carburetor	39⅛	39⅛	38⅛	39	..
48⅞	49¼	5,400	Studebaker Co	49⅜	49⅜	48⅝	49	—¼
48⅝	49	100	Stutz Motor	49	49	49	49	—1
13¼	13½	200	Tenn. C. & C	13½	13½	13½	13½	—¼
186¼	186⅜	5,700	Texas Co	188½	188½	186¼	186¼	—1⅝
16½	16⅝	3,173	Texas Co. rights	16⅝	16⅝	16¼	16⅝	—⅛
28¼	28½	2,800	Texas & Pacific	29¼	29¼	27⅞	28½	—⅞
200	290	20	Texas Pacific L. T	235	235	235	235	..
74⅝	75¼	5,300	Tobacco Products	76	76	74⅝	75	—1
37	39	200	Twin City R. T	38	38	38	38	..
127	127½	1,700	Union Pacific	127⅝	127⅝	127	127	—¼
37⅛	37⅞	200	United Alloy Steel	37½	37⅞	37⅛	37⅞	..
113½	113¾	5,300	United Cigar Stores	114⅛	114⅛	113½	113⅜	—1
161	162½	100	United Fruit	163⅜	163⅜	163⅜	163⅜	+¾
14	15	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	14	14	14	14	..
101¼	102	1,800	U. S. Indus. Alco	99½	101½	99¼	101½	+2
25¼	26½	300	U. S. R. & Imp	26⅝	26⅝	26¼	26¼	..
75½	75⅝	3,600	U. S. Rubber	76⅛	76⅛	74⅞	75⅝	—¼
43½	44	100	U. S. Sm. R. & M	44½	44½	44½	44½	+⅝
44⅞	45¼	100	U. S. S., R. & M. pf	45	45	45	45	—⅛
90	90⅛	58,400	U. S. Steel	90⅝	90⅝	90	90	—⅝
71¼	71½	1,900	Utah Copper	71½	71½	71½	71½	—⅜
52	53¼	900	Va.-Car. Chemical	52½	52½	52	52½	—⅝
57½	60	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	58	58	58	58	+1
31	31¾	1,400	Wabash pf. A	31⅝	31⅝	31	31½	+¼
10¼	10⅝	200	Western Maryland	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	—⅛
87½	87¾	200	Western Union Tel	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	—⅛
41½	41¾	1,000	Westingh. E. & M	41½	41½	41	41½	—¼
7⅞	8	300	Wheeling & L. E	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	—⅛
68	69	1,200	Wilson & Co	69	69	67	67½	—1½
24¼	24½	2,600	Willys-Overland	24½	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	—⅛
88⅛	88¾	100	Willys-Overland pf	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	—⅛
124	125	200	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	125¼	125¼	125	125	—1

ODD-LOT SALES INCREASE.

Review of the Week Shows Fewer Buyers Than Sellers.

Discussing the trading in odd lots in the local stock market during the past week, The Odd Lot Review said:

"There has been a definite balance of selling over buying. Last week the number of buyers exceeded the number of sellers to the extent of 9 per cent. This week the balance swung around the other way and the number of sellers exceeded the number of buyers by about 3 per cent.

"It cannot be said, however, that an excess of 3 per cent. on the selling side is in itself indicative of any considerable degree of liquidation, present or prospective. The odd-lot market is simply awaiting general development, and is sympathetically reacting to the uncertain general market conditions."

CUBA CANE SUGAR BONDS.

Directors of the Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation have decided to call a meeting of the stockholders to authorize an issue of mortgage bonds. The corporation, the largest manufacturer of raw sugar in the world, has no funded debt. During the last three years it has spent more than $25,000,000 for new properties. While no definite arrangement has been made as to the bond issue, it is believed that it will equal in amount the purchase price of the acquired property.

A Director of the company said yesterday that as the price of raw sugar had been substantially increased and the peak of the company's expenses apparently reached, it was expected that with its large production the concern would have a prosperous year.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$5,743,393	$82,194,976
Internal rev., inc. and excess profits taxes	16,247,010	701,720,678
Miscellaneous	57,407,138	646,826,392
Miscellaneous revenue	9,908,600	267,665,562
Total receipts	$89,301,140	$1,698,407,604
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	786,759,426	7,787,406,992
Excess of total disburse. over total receipts	100,489,682	605,440,226
Expenditures	876,000,566	9,485,814,590

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.64	61.30	61.40	— .20
25 industrials	82.40	81.46	81.67	— .59
50 stocks	72.02	71.38	71.53	— .39

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 17	72.80	71.71	71.92	— .92
Jan. 16	73.51	72.67	72.84	— .35
Jan. 15	73.49	72.04	73.19	+ .06
Jan. 14	73.52	72.92	73.14	+ .12
Jan. 13	73.47	72.86	73.02	— .16
Jan. 11	73.61	73.14	73.18	— .33

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	71.38	Jan. 18	71.53
1918	69.09	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917	89.48	Jan. 1	84.71	Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.83	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.68	Jan. 22	60.07	Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	71.38	Jan. 18	71.53
1918	68.37	Jan. 3	64.12	Jan. 15	65.48
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.30
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.45	—.03	—1.51	+1.65

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 17	78.48	—.11	Jan. 10	78.97	—.01
Jan. 16	78.59	—.05	Jan. 9	78.98	..
Jan. 15	78.64	—.03	Jan. 8	78.98	+.04
Jan. 14	78.67	—.15	Jan. 7	78.94	+.12
Jan. 13	78.82	..	Jan. 6	78.92	—.11
Jan. 11	78.82	—.15	Jan. 4	78.93	—.08

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	78.45	Jan. 18	78.45
†1918	77.26	Jan. 3	76.78	Jan. 17	76.80
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.16	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Russian 6½s Advance.

Strength in the Imperial Russian Government 6½ per cent. external bonds was manifest in yesterday's trading, the close being at 58, an advance of 3½ points over the last sale of Saturday. These bonds hold possibilities which have attracted speculators. The interest has been paid with regularity at the National City Bank and with the issue maturing on June 18 the question has been raised as to whether the $50,000,000 represented will be paid off in cash at that time. After Russian affairs became chaotic there was little disposition to consider the bonds with much favor. It is now being argued by some that as long as interest has been paid this fact may be taken as a favorable augury for the actual retirement of the issue on a cash basis. This factor has undoubtedly contributed to the rise. A bond selling at 58, which might be retired at par within six months, holds a margin of profit which would be highly alluring did it not seem on its face to be almost beyond the realm of possibility.

Selling of Steel Common.

What appeared to be liquidation of a 10,000 share lot of United States Steel appeared on the ticker just before the close of yesterday's session. This heavy selling which forced the price down to 90, the lowest that has been touched since last Spring, was especially noticeable because of the dullness of the market generally. The transactions appeared almost consecutively, there being interspersed only one or two 100-share lots, and all were recorded in the last ten minutes. The first of the big sales were 1,100 shares at 90¼; then followed 1,200 at the same price, 5,500 at 90, which ruled for the next sales of 1,000, and 1,200 shares.

Inconsistencies.

While the action of the stock market indicates apparently a lack of confidence in the immediate future, the decline having been augmented by talk of labor difficulties and reconstruction problems, there are other tendencies which seem to indicate a diametrically opposite point of view. Foreign trade is considered in both industrial and banking quarters to be something on which the country will have a substantial grasp and the expansion of banking affiliations with foreign countries, the release of shipping, and the establishment of export companies on every hand to represent American industry throughout the world, would seem to presume that the outlook was not entirely one of gloom. Industry apparently has more confidence in the future than investors have in the securities of the companies. Whichever may be right only the passing of time can tell, but it is certainly a cause for satisfaction that in the transition period all of the forces of the country are not imbued with pessimism.

Indigestion.

Bond specialists report that the market is apparently suffering from indigestion and there have been frequent predictions in the last few days that there would be no great amount of activity until after the Fifth Liberty Loan has been floated. One of the recent attractive bond offerings is now changing hands at less than the offering price, and the general sentiment seems to be that the market has absorbed about as much in the way of long-term issues as it desires. The savings banks have paid their interest and are now in position to know what they will invest, and there have been inquiries and some substantial purchases from this source of Liberty bonds and of the standard railroad issues. A considerable amount of financing remains to be accomplished before the next Government loan, but it is not generally considered probable that there will be extensive offerings of long-time securities in the interim.

American Smelters.

Uncertainty regarding the action of Directors of the American Smelting and Refining Company, when they meet on Feb. 5, on the common dividend plus the general depression yesterday following the decline of prices in Friday's stock market, served to depress the common stock in the half-holiday session. The report of the company for the six months ended June of last year disclosed a surplus after common dividends of $113,872, against $5,166,671 in the corresponding period in 1917. In some quarters it was suggested that the Directors may base their action regarding the common stock on last year's earnings despite good cash holdings. The stock opened yesterday at 72⅛ and sold off to 71 at the close.

Selling Pressure Continued.

Several of the issues on the general list reacted yesterday to continued selling pressure. Mexican Petroleum, which opened at 174½, sold off to 167½, with slight recoveries in the last hour, until just before the close, when further offerings depressed the price to that figure, which was the closing quotation. Baldwin Locomotive felt the weight of stock offerings and dropped to 68¾, but recovered a part of this loss to 69½ at the close. United States Rubber, Texas Company, and Pan American Petroleum were also weak.

Increased Costs.

The United Cigar Stores Company has distributed leaflets to its various stores which carry a statement of cost increases in 1918, compared with pre-war costs. The figures were prepared from the cost sheets of ten large manufacturers and include the following:

	P. C.
Labor—	
Wages of cigar makers, strippers, packers, and other factory labor	50
Leaf tobacco—	
Fillers, domestic	100
Fillers, imported	108
Binders	130
Wrappers, domestic	133
Wrappers, Sumatra type	37
Internal Revenue—	
Average increase in differential tax, calculated under present schedule on 1,000 cigars of various classifications	133

The leaflet states also that the available supply of leaf tobacco from which cigars are made is depleted, and no reduction of price is promised in the immediate future.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, JAN. 18, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$4,319,500	$4,874,500	$2,934,500
Year to date	153,590,500	67,860,500	89,253,300

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47: 3....99.20, 20....99.10, 12....99.10, 25....99.08, 25....99.10, 40....99.08, 2....99.14, 7....99.16, 141....99.16, 3....99.16, 20....99.18, 25....99.20, 10....99.18; $342,000.
1st cv 4s, 1932-1947: 2....94.02.
2d 4s, 1927-'42: 8....93.79, 20....93.80, 16....93.82, 5....93.84, 2....93.86, 35....93.84, 10....93.82, 10....93.80, 10....93.84, 35....93.80, 5....93.76, 4....93.78, 10....93.80, 10....93.78, 30....93.80, 6....93.80; $216,000.
1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47: 1....96.04, 10....96.12, 28....96.10; $39,000.
2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42: 50....95.02, 10....95.04, 4....95.02, 10....95.04, 60....95.02, 10....95.04, 14....95.00, 10....95.02, 2....95.00, 10....95.02, 10....95.04, 8....95.02, 2....95.00, 26....95.02, 3....95.00, 10....95.04, 15....95.02, 115....95.04, 1....95.00, 35....95.04; $503,000.
3d 4¼s, 1928: 30....96.04, 35....96.02, 10....96.06, 20....96.04, 6....96.02, 15....96.04, 50....96.08, 6....96.02, 1....96.06, 4....96.00, 1....96.00, 50....96.04, 30....96.06, 15....96.04, 20....96.02, 1....96.00, 69....96.00, 11....96.00, 5....96.02, 4....96.00, 25....96.02, 3....96.04, 15....96.02, 24....96.00, 25....96.02, 7....96.00, 10....96.00, 50....96.04, 74....96.00, 5....96.04, 31....96.00, 20....96.02, 9....96.00, 15....96.02, 30....96.00, 10....96.06, 50....96.00; $703,000.
4th 4¼s, 1933-'38: 104....95.00, 25....95.04, 10....95.02, 20....95.04, 10....95.06, 1....95.00, 50....95.06, 54....95.02, 2....95.04, 11....95.02, 20....95.06, 5....95.02, 2....95.04, 20....95.04, 1....95.00, 2....95.02, 24....95.02, 6....95.04, 25....95.02, 1....95.00, 2....95.02, 25....95.04, 10....95.02, 40....95.04, 5....95.02, 60....95.04, 5....95.04, 5....95.08, 79....95.02, 22....95.04, 35....95.02, 22....95.04, 1....95.00, 20....95.04, 24....95.02, 45....95.04, 46....95.02, 10....95.04, 40....95.06; $885,000.

AmForSec5s 21....99⅝. Anglo-Fr 5s 10....97¾, 5....97¾, 5....97⅝, 6....97¾, 2....97⅝, 18....97¾, 2....97⅝, 20....97⅝. C of Bordx 6s ½....101. C of Marsle 6s 11....100⅝. C of Paris 6s 3....98⅝, 9....98¾, 1....98⅝, 18....98⅝. Dom of Can 5s, 1926 3....97; 1931 1....97⅜. French G 5½s 71....104, 100....103⅞, 50....104, 38....103⅞, 85....104. Jap Gov 4½s, sterl loan 5....88; 2d Series 1....87½. U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919 14....100; new 10....100, 56....100⅛, 15....100, 43....100⅛, 8....100; 5½s, 1921 2....98⅜, 26....98⅛, 19....98⅛, 3....98; 5½s, 1937 96....100⅛. NYCity4s, '58 2....91; 4½s, 1960 7....96½. Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s 2....92⅝. AmT&T col 4s 1....84⅝, 5....84⅝, 5....84⅝, 26....84; conv 6s 1....101⅛, 9....101¼, 1....101⅛, 11....101¼, 33....101⅛. Arm & Co 4½s 1....88, 3....88⅛.

A T & S Fe gen 4s 1....84½. B&O cv 4½s 3....78; ref 5s 10....81½; 1st & ref 5s 5....87. BRT gold 5s 3....70; 7s, 1921 4....80½, 8....80. CentPac gtd 4s 11....81. C & O cv 4½s 8....78⅛, 3....78½; conv 5s 1....86⅝, 6....86½, 5....86. C,B&Q joint 4s 14....95½, 28....95⅝, 4....95½. Chi Rys 5s cv 5s, Ser F 2....60; ref 4½s 3....70⅝. Chi, M & St P conv 4½s 2....79, 2....80⅛. Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s 2....74⅝, 2....75. Chile Copper col tr 6s 1....83½. Col Industrl 5s 4....76. ConGascv6s 6....101⅛. Del&Hudcv5s 2....85. Den&RGcon4s 1....70½. DisSecCorp5s 5....90¼. Erie1stcon7s 1....100¼; 1st gen 4s 1....55; cv 4s, Ser A 3....48. Hud&M's nadj inc 5s 7....17, 1....16⅝. Ill Cent pur lines 3½s 25....72. Inter-Met 4½s 5....40⅛, 5....40⅛, 14....40⅝, 10....40½. IRT1st&ref5s 1....70⅝, 9....70.

IntMerMsf6s 6....99⅞, 1....100⅛. KC,FtS&M6s 1....103⅛. Kan-CitySo5s 1....85, 1....84⅝. KingsCoElev 4s, stpd gtd 1....62. LacledeGLof StLref&ext5s 1....95. LS&MSo4s, '31 3....88. Leh Val col tr 6s, temp res 14....112⅛. Louis & Nash unified 4s 3....86⅝. NO&M1st6s 2....105½. Mo,K&O1st5s 1....71½. Mo,K&T1st4s 10....65½. Mo Pac gen 4s 3....60⅝, 1....60⅞, 2....60⅝, 4....61. MonPower5s, Ser A 5....93⅝. NYAirBrake 1st 6s 2....100. NYCentdeb6s 2....98⅛, 1....98⅛, 5....98⅛. NY,Chi&StL 1st 4s 4....82; deb 4s 5....72⅛. NYRysadj5s 2....14⅝. N Y Tel 4½s 1....90. PacGas&E5s 2....87⅛. Penn 4s, 1948 5....87. PRRgen4½s 1....88⅜; gen5s,temctfs 2....97⅝, 14....97⅛, 15....97⅜, 5....97⅜, 2....97⅝, 48....97⅛, 5....97⅝. PereMar1st5s 5....86½; 1st 4s 1....71⅛. PhilippineRy4s 3....45. StL&SFprior ln 4s, Ser A 5....61⅝, 9....61⅜, 4....61⅝.

prln5s,SerB 1....71½; adj 6s 3....60. StP&SxCity 1st 6s 1....100. SeabALadj5s 1....71½. So Car & Ga 1st 5s 2....90. So Bell T & T 1st 5s 1....92⅞. So Pac cv 4s 1....84½, 4....84⅝, 5....84½, 6....84⅝; conv 5s 1....102⅛, 6....102⅝, 11....101⅞. SanFrTer4s 2....78⅛, 2....78⅜. So Ry 1st 5s 10....96½, 10....96, 1....95½; gen 4s 3....67⅝. Tex. C. deb 6s 1....102. ThirdAvadj5s 12....29⅞. Union Pac 6s 10....104⅜. URysofStL4s 2....51⅞. URRsofSF4s, UnTrcfsdep 5....22. USR&Imp5s 2....62, 7....61⅞, 10....62. U S Rubber 7s 5....103; 1st & ref 5s 1....86⅛, 7....86⅝, 22....86⅛, 2....86⅛, 10....86⅝, 5....87, 1....86⅝, 2....87, 2....86⅝. USSm,Ref&M conv6%notes 7....100. USSteelCorp s f 5s 5....100, 5....100⅛. Virginly1st5s 5....93½. VaRy&Pwr5s 2....79. West Pac 5s 2....85⅛. Wilson & Co 1st 6s 7....97½, 10....97.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

FOREIGN ISSUES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Foreign Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅞
Anglo French 5s	97⅝	97¾
Argentine 5s	90	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97¾	98⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97	97⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97½	97⅞
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	87	93
Chinese Government 5s	71	72
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	92	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	89⅝	90⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82	83
Dominican Republic 5s	..	..
French Republic 5½s	103⅞	104
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅝	100⅞
City of Lyons 6s	100⅝	100⅞
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅝	100⅞
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	99
Japanese 4½s	87	87½
Japanese 4½s, second series	87	88½
Japanese 4s	..	75
City of Tokio 5s	82	82⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98	98⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100	100⅛
United States of Mexico 5s	66	70
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98⅜	Pan 3s, r, 1961	89	92
2s, c, 1930	97½	98⅜	Pan 3s, c, 1961	89	92
3s, r, 1946	88	91	P I 4s, '34	89	93½
3s, c, 1946	88	91	P I 4s, '35	89	96
4s, r, 1925	104¼	104⅜	P I 4s, '36	89	96
4s, c, 1925	104¼	104⅜	Dist of C 3-65s	95	98
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	40	49½
Alle & W.	97½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	82½	85
Am Ag Ch.	100½	101½
Am B N	32½	35
Do pf	43	48
Am B Sug pf	85	90
Am C pf	100½	101
Am Coal	45	..
Am Exp	85	94
Am Intern.	54¼	54¾
Am Ide pf	54¾	56
Am Lin pf	88¾	90
Am Lo pf	101	102
Am M 1st pf	46	48
Am Shipb	..	142
Am Sm pf A	92	93¾
Am S & R pf	106½	107
Am Sn pf	95	101
Am S Ref pf	115	115½
Am S Tob pf	92	97
Am T & C.	55	70
Am Tob pf	101½	102
Am Zinc	11½	12
Do pf	42½	43¼
Assets R.	1	1½
Asso D G 2d pf	46½	..
A. T & S F pf	86½	88¼
A. B & A.	7½	8¼
AU C L	97¼	98¼
A. G & W I pf	66¼	67
Bald Lo pf	102	107
Barrett Co	110	112½
Do pf	110	113
Batop M	1¼	1½
B'ch Cr'k	30¼	..
Beth S 7% pf	90½	94
Booth Fish	19	19¼
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh.	67	70
Do pf	97	100
B, R & P.	65	72½
Do pf	90	107
Burns Bros pf	110	115
Bush Ter.	..	97
But'k Co.	17	17½
Cal & Ar.	59	60½
Can So.	..	50
Case (J I) pf	91½	93½
Cent Fdy	17	23
Do pf	31	40
Cent L pf	105¾	106
C R R of N J	200	230
C & S A T	117	118
C'tain-teed	..	38½
Do 1st pf	82½	..
Chi & Alt.	6½	10¼
Do pf	..	12
Chi Gt W.	7½	7¾
C & N W pf	131	136
Chi, St P, M & Om.	78	82
Do pf	105	120
C, C, C & St L pf	62½	75
Cl & Pitts.	69½	80
Do spec.	38	..
Clu-Peab.	65	69
Do pf	104	107
Cal F pf	102	..
Col & So.	20½	24
Do 1st pf	48	50
Do 2d pf	41¾	48
Comp T R.	38¼	38½
C I C M.	8½	8¾
Cont Can.	68½	69
Do pf	104¼	105
Cont Ins	59½	60
Corn P R pf	102½	104¾
Crex Carp.	47	55
Cruc S pf	90	94
C-Am Sug.	150	160
D & Co pf	95	96½
D, L & W.	173	178
D & R G.	3¾	5
Do pf	6½	6¾
Det Ed	110	118
Det & M	..	85
Do pf	..	110
D, S S & A	3	3½
Do pf	5	7
Elec S B	50	55
Elk H C	27½	29
Do pf	..	47
Erie 2d pf	19¾	20
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S pf	34	35¾
Fisher Bdy	36¼	43
Gen Chem.	169	175
Do pf	102¼	106
Gen Cig pf	100	106
Gen M pf	82¼	85
Greene Can	43½	45
G, M & N.	7	9
Do pf	30	35
Gulf S S 1st pf	94	99¾
Hartman	54½	58
Hask & B.	43	44½
Homestake	95	98
Int-Consol.	5½	5⅝
Int H pf	115	..
Int N pf	95	..
Int Pa pf	75	99
Do pf s	62½	63
Int Salt	52	62
Iowa Cent	2½	4
K C, Ft S & M pf	59	..
Kan C So.	18	18½
Do pf	49	50
Kelly S T.	69	72
Do pf	90	100
Kelsey Wh.	33	35
Do pf	90	95
K & D M.	3	5
Do pf	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P.	97	98
Kresge(SS)	105	..
Do pf	106½	..
Kress(S H)	59	67½
Do pf	105¾	..
Lacl Gas.	83	88
L E & W.	8¾	9¼
Do pf	18½	20
L-W B 1st pf	95¾	..
Do 2d pf	96½	97½
Lorill'd Co pf	109	110
M'kay Cos.	70	72½
Do pf	64	65
Man B'ch.	¾	3
Man El S.	..	44
Man Elev.	86	89½
Man Shirt.	67	78
Marlin R.	71	80
Math Alk.	..	43¾
M Dep Sts pf	104	106
Mex Pet pf	103½	..
Mich Cent.	87	96
M, St P & S S M	86	88
Do pf	100	108
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T.	5	5¼
Do pf	8¾	10
Mon Pow.	70½	73
Do pf	104	..
Mor & Es.	71½	79
N C & St L	110	120
Nat Acme	30¾	31
Nat Bisc.	111	115
Do pf	116	120
Nat C & S pf	103	104½
Nat En pf	93½	97
Nat L pf	108	..
Nat Rys of M 2d pf	8	8¼
Nev Con C.	16½	16⅞
N O, T & Mex	33	33¼
N Y A B.	104	105
N Y, C & St L 1st pf	60	66
Do 2d pf	43½	47
N Y Dock pf	40	47
N Y, L & West	92½	100
Norf So.	16¾	17
Norf & W pf	72½	74
North Am.	47	48
Nor Cent.	67	..
Nova Sc S.	53	54
Owens B M	47¼	48¼
Do pf	104	109
Ont Min.	6⅛	6½
Pac Coast.	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf	55	80
P T & T.	19½	22
Pan-Am P & T pf	118	125
Peo & E.	4½	5½
Pere M pr pf	57	58½
Do pf	40	43
Pett-Mull.	25	45
Do 1st pf	94	100
P, C, C & St L	45	50
P, Ft W & C	133½	138
Pitts S pf	90½	94
Pond C C.	13	13¼
Pr Stl Car pf	100	104
P S, N J.	91	..
P'man Co.	120	121
R R Sec. I C stk cfs.	..	79
Ry Stl Spr pf	102	107
Rdg 1st pf	37½	38
Do 2d pf	37¾	39
Rep I & S pf	100	101½
St L S F pf	23	27
St L S W.	18½	22½
Do pf	30	31
Seab A L.	8	8¼
Do pf	16¼	16½
Sears-R pf	115	125
Shat Ariz.	13	13¼
S-S S & I pf	87	92
So P R S.	135	138
St'd Mill.	124	132
Do pf	88	90
Studeb Co pf	92½	96
Sup Steel.	32½	35
Do 1st pf	95	101
Third Av.	14	15
Tide W O.	218	222
Tob P pf	102	104½
T, St L & West	..	8
Do ctfs	..	6
Do pf	10	20
Do pf. c.	10	12
Tran & W.	37½	38¼
T C R T pf	70	125
Und Type.	117	125
Do pf	110	..
U R & P.	70	79
Un Pac pf	72	73
Un Cig Sts pf	110	125
Un Drug.	94	94½
Do 2d pf	91	95
U Dyew'd.	50	61
Do pf	90	95
U Rys Inv.	7¾	8
Do pf	15¾	16
U S C I P pf	42	46¼
U S Exp.	17	18
U S Ind A pf	100	103
U S R 1st pf	109	109¾
U S Steel pf	114¾	115
Utah Sec.	13¼	14½
Va-Car. Ch pf	111	113
Va R & P.	..	48
Wabash	8	8¼
Do pf. B.	19	20
W. F Exp.	66	73¾
W Md 2d pf	23	29
West Pac.	18	19
Do pf	..	60
W E & M 1st pf	60	65
W & L E pf	16	20
White Mot.	45¾	46½
Wilson pf	90	99
Wis Cent.	30	34
W'w'th pf	117	121
Wor Pump.	55¼	56⅝
Do pf. A.	87¾	89¼
Do pf. B	66¼	67¾

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	..
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99	99⅝	5.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99⅝	100⅛	5.80
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	98	6.00
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	57	58	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'26	135	140	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	52	54	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	90	99¼	5.50
Company Issues.					
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100⅛	100⅜	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.40
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	100⅝	101¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101⅛	101⅜	5.25
Am. Tob Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅝	102	5.90
Am. Tob Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103	6.05
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅛	103⅝	6.10
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	8	July, 1919	96¼	99¼	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'19	100⅛	100⅜	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'20	100⅝	100⅞	6.35
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'21	100⅝	100⅞	6.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'22	100⅝	100⅞	6.70
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'23	101	101⅝	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100¼	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	89	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1920	97⅝	98⅛	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1921	96⅝	97⅛	7.1?
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99⅝	100⅛	4.50
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99⅝	100⅛	5.85
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102¼	102⅝	6.80
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1919	98⅝	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97¾	98⅛	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	94	95	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	97¼	98⅛	6.50
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅛	100⅜	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100⅛	100⅜	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99⅛	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅛	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99⅛	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	98⅞	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	95	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99⅛	5.80
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	98⅝	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C., N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitts.& S.S.R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100⅜	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100⅛	100⅜	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101⅛	101⅝	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102½	103	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	103⅛	104⅛	5.78
Rem. A. U. M. Ctgs. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99⅛	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. & E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102¼	103¼	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99⅝	99⅞	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99¼	100¼	6.75
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	96¼	97½	7.35
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	93	98¼	8.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98¼	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	89	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99⅝	100	7.00

Rubber Substitutes in Norway.

A company in Christiania, Norway, has acquired the sole right for Scandinavia for manufacturing a rubber substitute from raw materials found in that country, says Commercial Attaché Erwin W. Thompson, Copenhagen, Denmark. It is said that this has been tried for many years, and is expected to be of great importance to Scandinavian rubber consumers, as it costs not more than a fraction of the price of real rubber. The company was originally started with a capital of $134,000, and this is now being increased to $576,000.

Canners Association to Meet.

The twelfth annual convention of the National Canners' Association, Canning Machinery and Supplies Association, and the National Canned Foods and Dried Fruit Brokers' Association will be held at the Hotel La Salle, Chicago, beginning tomorrow morning and continuing until Friday. In view of the present congested railroad conditions there will be no machinery exhibit.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil	5½	6	Houghton	30	60
Bay S Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	22	24
Bos Ariz	..	¼	Iron Bloss	45	55
Boston Ely	97	99	Iron Cap	15⅝	16
Bos Mont	49	50	Jer Verde	43	50
Begole	..	50	La Rose	32	40
Black Hawk	25	50	Majestic	22	25
Bohemia	15	25	Mex Metals	26	28
Butte Lon	14	15	Mof Tung	5	7
Calaveras	1½	bid	New Baltic	1	1½
Champ, old	3	4	Nat Z & L	9	11
Chief Cons	3½	3¾	Nixon Nev	39	40
Cons Cop	6⅞	6¾	Nev Doug	36	39
Cons Ariz	1¼	1⅜	Oneco	20	45
Cortes	12	16	Onondaga	10	20
Crown Res	45	48	Seven Mets	41	43
Crystal	19	20	S W Miami, full paid	85	1⅛
Denbigh	53	57	Un Ver Ext	33	34
Earl Eagle	..	2	Vic Mines	..	75
Eagle B B	2¼	2½	Yukon Gold	70	85
Fortuna	2	4			
Gold Lake	2	4			

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January list of offerings will be furnished on application.

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H SANFORD, President.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS. Shoe—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at Various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 238 C.

DISCUSSES RAILROAD PLANS

Immediate Consideration Demanded, Says Wollman & Co.'s Review.

In a discussion of the railroad situation, W. J. Wollman & Co., in their biweekly review, while admitting that the problem appears as far from solution as ever, maintain that the attention being centered upon the questions involved will be ultimately beneficial.

"We probably shall be able to arrive at a settlement," the review says, "through the process of elimination. Public sentiment, as well as expert opinion appears to have rejected the two extremes of the proposition—Government ownership on the one hand, and the old form of control on the other. Moreover, there is no general disposition to accept the proposal that the roads be definitely turned over to the Government for a period of five years in order to permit theleisurely working out of an acceptable plan.

"Popular sentiment, as well as public necessity, calls for immediate consideration of the question. There is no virtue in postponement. The amount of time consumed in earnest deliberation is another matter. The completion of particular details may take two years or longer; it may take less. By keeping persistently on the job, without temptation to procrastinate, by giving consideration to the problem whilep ublic intelligence is keenly aroused, we shall be much more likely to arrive at a speedy, fair and equitable solution.

"The principal of Federal incorpation should be included in the general plan. This is essential for the purpose of removing our entire transportation question from harassing and conflicting interfernece by the different States. Any one familiar with the intricate maze of requirements demanded by different State commissions is in a position to appreciate the burdens imposed on every department of railroad administration.

"In the mere matter of State taxes alone th erailroads have been forced to carry imposts that not only have injured them financially but also have indicated a purpose to force them to furnish an undue proportion of State revenue. The table below gives the figures on seven States representing every section of the United States, with revenue derived from the railroads, from real estate, total State revenue (not including municipal) and percentage of State revenue furnished by the railroads. The figures are for 1916.

	Taxation from Railroads.	Revenue from Real Estate.	Total Revenue.	Prop. Paid by R.R.'s P.C.
Kan.	$4,107,564	$3,605,780	$11,072,308	37.9
N. J.	7,655,741	11,487,198	20,370,655	37.5
Wash.	4,063,897	7,218,942	12,476,533	33.4
Minn.	6,444,706	7,109,811	23,851,472	27.0
La.	2,234,016	3,668,894	9,431,784	33.4
Mich.	4,219,625	14,672,958	20,020,261	20.0
Cal.	5,141,629	not avail.	49,879,988	10.3

"These figures are interesting chiefly in their reflection of political and official attitude, as well as public ignorance and apathy. The average person, if he would but stop and think, has practically as vital an interest in a sound and just solution of the railroad problem as the executive of a transcontinental system or a security holder. In addition to his dependence upon adequate service at a reasonable cost, to say nothing of the effect upon the country's general welfare, through healthy transportation conditions, the average citizen has a direct financial interest in seeing the railroads prosper. If he is a working man with a savings deposit, he should realize that the integrity of his principal, as well as the rate of interest, is dependent upon the securities held by his bank, and many of these will be found to be railroad bonds. If he invests a portion of his yearly income in a life insurance policy for the protection of his family, he should realize that the solidity of the insurance company depends, as a result of its holdings of railroad securities, on a fair treatment of the railroads."

AMERICAN AID FOR EUROPE.

Bankers Going Abroad to Study Needs and How to Meet Them.

Many representatives of American banking interests either have sailed or are about to sail for Europe for personal conferences with bankers as to the needs of foreign countries during the reconstruction period, and the possibilities for extending American banking affiliations. This country, having become a heavy creditor nation, means the absorption here of large amounts of foreign securities.

John J. Arnold, Vice President and head of the Foreign Department of the First National Bank of Chicago, speaking of a trip which he is about to take to Europe, is quoted as saying:

"The bankers are undertaking a vast task. We hope a preliminary peace treaty will be signed soon, and when that is done many barriers to active work will be lifted and we can start our operations. I personally shall visit all of the countries of Europe. We have two fundamental tasks; to lay the foundation for financing the rehabilitation of the war wrecked cities and towns in allied territory and to restore bank connections with countries where they have been broken off by the war, and to form new connections where needed. This work will probably require three or four months.

"In devastated regions our energies will be chiefly devoted to arranging for financing the restoration of public utilities and to investigate and report on industrial needs as well."

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97¼	99
2s, coupon, '30	97¼	99
2s, Panama, '38, reg.	97¾	98¾
2s, Panama, '38, coup.	97¾	98¾
3s, registered, 1946	88	92
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92
3s, Panama, '61, reg.	89	92
3s, Panama, '61, coup.	89	92
5s, Fed Land Bk, '38	102¾	103½
4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	101
4s, registered, 1925	104¼	105¼
4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
4½s July,	1967	100½	101¼	100¼
4½s June,	1965	100½	101¼	100¼
4½s Mar.,	1963	100½	101¼	100¼
4½s Nov.,	1957	100½	101¼	100¼
4½s May,	1957	100½	101¼	100½
4¼s Mar.,	1960-30	96½	97	96½
4¼s Mar.,	1964	96½	97¼	96½
4¼s Apr.,	1966	96½	97¼	96½
4¼s Mar.,	1962	96¼	97	96½
4¼s Sep.,	1960	96¼	97	96¼
4s May,	1959	91½	92	91
4s Nov.,	1958	91½	92	91
4s Nov.,	1957	91	93	91
4s Nov.,	1956	90½	92	90¼
4s Nov.,	1955	90½	92	90¼
4s Nov.,	1936	93	94	92½
4s May,	1919	99½	..	99½
3½s Nov.,	1955	81	..	81
3½s Nov.,	1954	81	82¼	81
3½s May,	1954	81	..	81

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
4½s	1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s	1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4½s	1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
3½s	1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1930-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
3½s	1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1926-1930	4.60	4.40	4.60
3s	1919-1925	4.60	4.40	4.60

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
505	Cities Service	291	288	288	291
840	Cities Service pf.	78½	77¾	77¾	78¼
$98,500	Cities Service deb. "B"	124	123	123	125

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Power	14	17
Adiron Elec Power pf.	71	74
Am Gas & Electric	100	105
Am Gas & Electric pf.	44	47
Am Light & Traction	236	240
Am Light & Trac pf.	98	100
Am Power & Light	55	60
Am Power & Light pf.	77	80
Am Public Utilities	..	25
Am Public Utilities pf.	38	40
Am W W & Elec	3	6
Am W W & E 1st pf.	68	70
Am W W & E partic.	12	14
Carolina Pow & Light	34	38
Colorado Power	27	28
Colorado Power pf.	96	100
Columbus Electric pf.	72	73½
Com Pow, Ry & Lt.	19	21
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	42	44
Conn Power pf.	72	76
Consumers' Power pf.	80	85
Eastern Texas Elec.	51	55
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	72	76
El Paso Electric	60	..
Electric B & S pf.	92	95
Empire Dist Elec pf.	70	75
Federal Light & Trac.	8	11
Federal Light & Tr pf.	40	44
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275
Gas & Elec Secur pf.	80	85
Miss River Power	10½	12½
Miss River Power pf.	38	40
Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Northern Ohio Elec pf.	57	62
Northern Ont L & P.	11	15
Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Northern States Power	57	60
North States Power pf.	88	91
Northern Texas Elec.	57	61
Northern Tex Elec pf.	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric	47	49
Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	86	88
Puget Sd Trac, L & P.	15	18
Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	52	54½
Ry & Light Sec pf.	75	80
Republic Ry & Light	17	18
Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Southern Cal Edison	85	88
Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Standard Gas & Elec.	14	16
Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Tampa Electric	108	112
Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	3
Tenn Ry, L & P pf.	14	17
United Light & Rys.	38	39
United Light & Rys pf.	70	72
Western Power	17¼	19
Western Power pf.	65	68
West, Church & Kerr.	64	67
West Church & K pf.	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½
Am W W & E col 5s.	68	71
Appalach Power 1st 5s	73	77
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95
Col G & E deb 5s, '27.	77	80
Com L & P 6s, 1947.	90	95
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944.	95	100
Corn Power 5s, 1963.	82	89
Dallas Electric 5s, '22.	90	93
East Tex Elec col 5s.	84	88
East Tex Elec 7s, '21.	97¾	99
El Paso Elec col 5s.	82	90
Gt West Power 5s, '46.	85	86½
Gt West Power 6s, '25.	89½	92
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s.	77½	79
Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	92	96
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	89	92
Nor Tex Elec col 5s.	80	85
Omaha & C B 5s, '28.	75	83
Puget S T, L & P 7s.	98	99½
Roanoke W W 5s, '10.	96	97½
So Cal Edison 5s, '39.	87	92
Twin S G & E 5s, '58.	70	78
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32.	88	90
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Un Util cv 6s, '43.	90	95
Utah Securities 6s.	89	..
Wash I W L & P 6s.	95	96

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Balt Elec.	40	40	40
35	Cosden	7¼	7¼	7¼
130	Con Power.	106	105½	106
28	Com Cred pf	25	25	25
25	Mt Vernon.	17¾	17¾	17¾
100	Do pf.	74½	74½	74½
100	North Cent.	74	74	74
10	Penn W P.	77½	77½	77½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Con Gas 6s.	99¼	99¼	99¼
4,000	Houston Oil div 6s.	100	100	100
1,000	Monon V 7s.	98	98	98
$4,000	W, B & A 5s	83½	83½	83½
5,000	Un Ry inc.	52½	52½	52½
2,000	Do 6s.	95¾	95¾	95¾

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am Zinc.	11¾	11¾	11¾
1,005	Allouez	42½	42	42
90	Cal & Ariz.	59¼	59	59
80	Cop Range.	42½	42	42
300	Daly-West.	2¾	2¾	2¾
220	Davis-Daly.	5½	5½	5½
100	Island Creek	46	45¾	45¾
5	Kerr Lake.	5¾	5¾	5¾
30	Lake Copper	4	4	4
205	May-Old C.	2¾	2¾	2¾
10	Miami	24¼	23¾	23¾
50	Michigan	3½	3½	3½
55	Mohawk	52	52	52
40	NewArcadian	1½	1½	1½
100	New Idria.	9½	9¼	9¼
8	Nipissing	8¾	8½	8¾
30	Old Domin.	35	34¾	34¾
145	Seneca Cop.	14½	14	14
5	U S Smelt.	44½	44¼	44½
85	Do pf.	45	45	45
3	Utah Cons.	7½	7½	7½
50	Utah Metal.	1½	1½	1½

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Boston Elev.	70	70	70
1	Do pf.	93	93	93
24	Bost & Low.	93	93	93
10	C J & S Y pf.	86½	86½	86½
370	Mass Elec.	3¼	3¼	3¼
1,527	Do pf.	16¾	16	16¼
55	NY, NH & H	31	30¼	30¼
15	Rutland pf.	20	20	20
11	Ver & Mass.	100	97	97
90	West End.	45½	45½	45½

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Am Ag Ch.	101½	101	101½
18	Do pf.	98½	98½	98½
18	Amoskeag	82	82	82
12	Am Sugar.	113½	113¼	113¼
210	Am Tel.	101¼	100½	100¾
45	Am Wool pf.	95½	95	95
150	Booth	19½	19¼	19¼
100	Century	14	14	14
223	Fairbanks.	54¼	52¾	54
16	Gen Elec.	149	148¼	148¼
605	Island Oil.	7¼	6¾	6¾
38	Mass Gas.	82	82	82
1	Do pf.	70½	70½	70½
12	N E Tel.	93	92	92
105	Pac Mills.	167½	165	165
200	Punta Sugar	51	50	50
30	Stewart	33¼	33¼	33¼
155	Swift	124¼	123¼	123¾
32	United Drug	95	95	95
2	Do 1st pf.	51½	51½	51½
1	Do 2d pf.	93	93	93
27	United Fruit.	164	163½	163½
86	United Shoe	45	45	45
5	Do pf.	28	28	28
100	Ventura	8	8	8

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A G & W I 5s	82¾	82¾	82¾
1,000	N E Tel 5s.	90½	90½	90½
$2,000	U S Sm 6s.	100	100	100
1,000	West Tel 5s	90	90	90

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80	Armour pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾
275	Booth Fish.	19¾	19¾	19¾
90	Chi C & C pf	10	10	10
25	Cudahy	104	104	104
150	Do rights.	¾	¾	¾
50	Com Edison.	115	115	115
25	Dia Match.	109	109	109
389	Libby	22¼	22	22
68	M Ward pf.	111	110	111
10	Pub Service.	90	90	90
120	Sears-Roe	179	178	179
305	Stewart-W.	88¾	88¾	88¾
740	Swift Int'l.	44¾	44¼	44¼
1,121	Swift	124	123¾	123¾
1,369	Union Carb.	57¾	57	57
10	Wilson	68	68	68
36	Do pf	98	98	98

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	ComEd 1st 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼
$1,000	Swift 1st 5s	96	96	96

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Buff & Sus.	70	70	70
93	Elec Stor's.	54	53¾	53¾
75	Ins Co. N A.	27	27	27
30	Gen Asp't.	52	52	52
10	Do pf.	86	86	86
5	Lake Sup'r.	17½	17½	17½
77	Lehigh Val.	55	55	55
144	Penn R R.	44¾	44¾	44¾
10	Phil Elec.	25½	25½	25½
29	Phil Co pf.	33¾	33¾	33¾
200	Ton Belm't.	2¾	2¾	2¾
50	U G Imp.	73	73	73
100	Union Trac.	38¾	38¾	38¾
2	Un Co, N J.	187¼	187¼	187¼

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am G & E 5s	87	87	87
6,000	El & P ctfs.	70¼	70	70
4,000	Lehigh V C 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
$5,000	Ph El 1st 5s.	96	96	96
2,000	Read gen 4s.	86	86	86
2,000	Pa-Md S 1 6s	88½	88½	88½
2,000	Un Ry 5s.	63	63	63

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
Am Brass	218	223	218
Atlas Powder	152	157	152
Do pf.	91½	98	91
Babcock & Wilcox	107	109	108
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf.	60	80	60
Colt's Arms	37	42	37
Du Pont	270	285	270
Du Pont debs, pf.	91½	92½	91
Hercules	204	208	202
Do pf.	107	109	108
Niles-Bem't-Pond	105	109	104
Do pf.	93	98	95
Scovill Mfg.	320	350	320
Standard Screw	230	250	230

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alaska Gold.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
50	Alaska-Jun.	2	2	2
30	Allis-Chalm.	32¼	31¾	31¾
490	Am Can	47¼	46¼	46¾
40	Am Car & F	89¾	88¾	89¼
170	Am Hide & L	82¾	81½	82½
60	AmiceSecur.	40¼	40¼	40¼
70	Am Locomo.	60¾	59½	59½
240	Am Sm & R.	71¾	71	71¾
30	AmSumTob.	101¾	101¾	101¾
450	Anaconda	58¾	57¾	58¼
1,310	B'dwin Loco.	70¾	68¾	69¾
40	Balt & Ohio.	48	47½	47½
80	Beth Stl, B.	57¼	56¾	56¾
150	B'klyn R T.	24½	24	24
30	Cal Petrol.	23¾	23¾	23¾
80	Cent Leather	58	58	58
10	Ches & Ohio.	56	56	56
65	C, M & St P	39	38¾	38¾
20	C, R I & P.	24¼	23¾	24¼
60	Chile Copper	17¼	17¼	17¼
10	Col Fuel & I	35¾	35¾	35¾
150	Corn Prod	48½	47¾	47¾
610	Crucible Stel	54¾	53¾	53¾
100	Cuba C Sug.	25	24¾	24¾
100	Distillers	52¼	51	52¼
120	Erie	16¾	16¾	16¾
20	Gen Motors.	123	122½	122½
40	GoodrichRub	60	60	60
10	Gt Nor pf.	92¼	92¼	92¼
10	Int Mer Mar	24¾	24¾	24¾
320	Do pf	103	101½	102¾
50	Int'l Paper.	33¼	33	33
20	Kennec't Cop	32¼	32¼	32¼
3,640	Mex Petrol.	174¾	167¾	168½
10	MidvaleSteel.	42¾	42¾	42¾
115	Mo Pacific.	24¾	24¼	24¼
60	Nat Conduit.	15	15	15
70	N Y Central.	73	72¾	73
50	New Haven.	30	30	30
10	Nor Pacific.	91¾	91¾	91¾
30	Pennsylvania	44¾	44¾	44¾
20	Pierce-Arrow	39¾	39¾	39¾
40	Pierce Oil	17½	17½	17½
200	Reading	79¾	78¾	79
20	Rep Iron & S	71¾	71¾	71¾
30	Sinclair Oil.	34¾	34¼	34¾
520	So Pacific.	99	98¾	98¾
10	Southern Ry.	27¾	27¾	27¾
410	Studebaker.	49	48¾	49
80	Tex Pacific.	29¾	27¾	27¾
400	Tob Products	75¾	74½	74¾
40	Union Pac.	127¾	127¾	127½
140	U C Stores.	114¾	113¾	113¾
60	U S Ind Alc.	100¾	99¾	100¾
100	U S Rubber.	75¾	75	75¾
11,495	U S Steel.	90¾	90	90¾
260	Utah Copper	71¾	71¼	71¾
40	Va-Car Ch.	52¾	51¾	51¾
10	West'ghouse	41¼	41¼	41¼
60	Willys-Over.	24½	24½	24½

*UNITED STATES BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,450	Lib 3½s.	99.42	99.34	99.38
1,650	1st 4¼s.	96.40	96.36	96.42
1,850	2d 4¼s.	95.82	95.72	95.76
1,000	3d 4¼s.	97.40	97.38	97.38
4,400	4th 4¼s.	95.96	95.96	95.96

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	‡Aetna Expl	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝
900	Brit-Am Tob, coupon	24½	24	24
3,850	‡Dicto Prod	9⅞	9½	9⅝
1,000	‡Gen Asp.	53¾	52	52½
250	‡Gil'te S R.	122	121	122
5,000	Hupp Mo C.	6¾	6¾	6½
1,100	Inter Rub.	19	17¾	17¾
3,400	Key T & R.	54¼	52¼	54
300	‡Kirby Lum	23	23	23
8,600	‡L McN & L	22	21¾	22
1,000	Marc of Am	4¼	4¼	4¼
200	‡Nat C & I	54¾	54½	54¾
1,500	N A P & P.	3	2¾	3
500	‡Perf T & R	⅜	⅜	⅜
100	‡Poul Wire.	7½	7½	7½
200	Submar Bt, v t ctfs.	11½	11½	11½
1,000	‡Swift I w I	45	44	45
5,000	Un Motors.	36¾	35¼	35¼
2,200	Un Prof Sh.	1¼	1¼	1¼
3,500	U S S'ship.	5	4⅞	5
500	Wayne Coal	4¼	3¾	3¾
100	‡Wright-Mar Aircraft	3¾	3¾	3¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	‡Std Oil, Cal.	268	268	268
50	‡Std Oil, N J.	705	705	705
10	‡Vacuum Oil.	410	410	410

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
600	‡Atlantic Pet	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,000	‡Barn't O&G	⅜	⅜	⅜
200	‡Cosden & Co	7¼	7¼	7¼
30	‡Crystal Oil.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
6,200	†‡Esmeralda.	6	5¼	5½
1,000	‡Federal Oil.	2⅝	2¼	2¼
600	‡Glenrock	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
4,500	†‡Hudson Oil	78	76	78
1,700	‡Int'l Petrol.	21½	20½	21
5,000	‡Isl'd O & T.	7¼	6¾	6¾
4,600	†‡Kenova Oil	14	13	14
1,000	‡La Oil & R.	24¼	23¾	23¾
3,500	Met Petrol.	3	2¾	2¾
500	†‡Mex Gulf.	44	44	44
6,000	†‡Midw Oil.	127	125	126
3,000	‡Omar O & G	31	29	30
1,500	‡Pennock Oil	13	12½	12¾
800	‡Pitts O & G	8¾	8¾	8¾
18,000	†‡Queen Oil.	20	18	20
800	‡RoyalDutch, new	71¾	69¼	69½
800	Sequoyah	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,000	‡SinclairGulf	24½	24	24¼
1,400	‡Stanton Oil.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
5,000	‡UnitedWestern, new	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
100	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2½	2½	2½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	‡A-B Col M.	43	40	42
500	‡Am Mines.	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,600	Ariz-B C Co	1⅛	1	1⅛
1,000	Big Ledge.	⅞	¾	¾
2,000	†Bos & Mon.	50	48	49
1,300	†‡Caledonia.	30	28	29
1,000	‡Cal & Jer.	½	⅜	½
2,500	†‡Can Silver.	56	54	56
1,300	‡C S M & M	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	Con Ariz S.	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500	‡Con Cop M.	6¾	5¾	6½
800	Cresson C G	6	4¾	5
2,500	El Sal Silver	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
500	‡E C M Co.	1½	1½	1½
2,800	†‡Flor Silver	65	62	62
1,100	†‡H M & S, (a pros).	51	48	50
1,000	†‡Hat G M, (a pros).	44½	44¼	44¼
350	Hecla Min'g.	4¼	4⅛	4⅛
2,500	†‡Jim Butler	36	35	35
15,000	†Lone Star.	7⅛	6¼	7
1,000	‡McK'ley-D.	40	40	40
1,200	†‡Mother L.	34	34	34
1,000	‡Nixon Nev.	39	39	39
500	‡Onon Mines	3⅛	3	3⅛
400	‡Ray H M.	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
300	Stand Sil-Ld.	¼	¼	¼
4,100	‡Stewart	17	16	17
4,300	†‡U S C M.	8	7	8
5,500	†‡W M & M	25	24	25
100	‡Wash G Q.	93	92	93
6,000	†‡W U Ext, (a pros).	17	16	17
2,500	‡Wh Caps M	17	16	16

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000	‡Am T & T 6s, w i.	*99¼	98¾	99
75,000	‡Am Tob 7s, 1923	103¾	103¾	103¾
2,000	‡Anac'a 6s, w i.	99¾	97¾	97¾
25,000	‡C & N W gen m 5s.	99¾	98¾	99¾
15,000	‡Int R T 7s	90¾	90½	90½
$4,000	‡Liggett & M 6s, 1921.	99¾	99¾	99¾
10,000	‡N Y Tel deb 6s, w i.	101¼	101¼	101¼
10,000	‡Russ Gov't 5½s	54	52	54
40,000	‡ Do 6½s.	58	56	58
25,000	‡Wilson & Co conv 6s.	93¼	93	93

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Jan. 18, the high sale in American Mines was $1, and Friday there were no sales in S. S. Kresge.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Friday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.	Friday Ask.
Am-Br Mfg.	2	5	2	5
Brit-Am Tob, registered	23½	25	23½	25
Butler Judson	15	20	15	20
Carbon Steel.	90	96	90	96
Car L & P.	2	2¼	2	2¼
Charcoal Iron	7	7½	7	7½
Do pf.	6½	6¾	6½	6¾
Chev Motor.	145	155	145	155
Chevrolet rts.	¾	1¼	¾	1¼
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12
CurtissAeropf	45	55	45	55
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22
Em'son Phono	2	2¼	2	2¼
Free Texas	34	35½	34	35½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½
Gen Mot rts.	1¾	2	1¾	2
Lake Tor Bt	2	2½	2	2½
Do 1st pf.	2½	5	2½	5
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88
Lima Loco.	30	40	30	40
Lukens Steel.	46	50	46	50
Man Transit.	½	⅝	½	⅝
N Y Shipbldg.	33	36	33	36
N Y Transp.	14½	17	14½	17
Peer T & M.	18½	19	18½	19
Penn C & C.	22	24	22	24
Penn Seab Stl	40	40½	40	40½
PennSeaboard Steel rts.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Relc Equip.	10½	11½	10½	11½
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38
Smith M T.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stand Motors	7½	8½	7½	8½
Steel Alloys.	7½	8½	7½	8½
St Joe Lead.	13	14	13	14
StL, R M & P	40	..	40	..
Todd Ship	107	108½	107	108½
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½
Un Mot rights	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
U S Lt&H pf.	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
U S Lt & H.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Wright-M pf.	60	64	60	64
World Film.	⅜	½	⅜	½
OIL STOCKS.				
Allen Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Boston-Wyo.	18	20	18	20
Cosden&Co pf	4	4¼	4	4¼
Crown Oil.	14	15	14	15
Globe Oil	1	1¼	1	1¼
Houston Oil.	77	78½	77	78½
Midw Oil pf.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Okm P & R.	2	2¼	2	2¼
Savoy Oil.	6½	7	6½	7
South Oil & T	2¼	3¼	2¼	3¼
Southwest Oil	35	40	35	40
Texana Oil.	10	13	10	13
Way Oil & G.	3¼	3¾	3¼	3¾
MINING STOCKS.				
Atlanta	4½	5½	4	5
Austin Ama'n	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Bradshaw	⅛	½	⅛	½
Booth	13	15	13	15
Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
Butte N Y.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Canada Cop.	2	2¼	2	2¼
Cashboy	6½	7½	6½	7½
Cerro Gordo.	½	1	½	1
Con Homes'd.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
El Salvador.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
First Nat C.	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Florence	62	65	62	65
Goldf Merger	6	7	6	7
Great Bend.	4	5	4	5
Howe Sound.	3⅞	4¼	3⅞	4¼
Jumbo Exten.	13	15	13	14
La Rose	⅜	½	⅜	½
Liberty Silver	50	52	50	52
Magma Cop.	26	28	26	28
Marsh Min'g.	3⅜	4½	3⅜	4½
Roch Mines.	26	28	26	28
Seneca Cop.	15½	16	15½	16
Success	5	6	4½	5½
Ton Belm't.	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
United East.	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾
White K pf.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
BONDS.				
Beth. S. '20.	101	101¼	101	101¼
K C T 6s '23.	100½	100¾	100½	100¾
Laclede G L 7s, w i.	100	100¼	100	100¼
St P U D 5½s	98⅞	99¼	98⅞	99¼

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid
Anglo-Am Oil	16½	17¼	16½
Atlantic Refining	1090	1115	1100
Borne-Scrymser	465	485	465
Buckeye Pipe Line	95	97	94
Chesebrough Mfg.	300	320	300
Continental Oil	500	520	500
Crescent Pipe Line	37	39	37
Cumberland P L.	180	190	180
Eureka Pipe Line	185	195	185
Galena Signal Oil	88	92	89
Do pf, new	102	106	102
Do pf, old	125	140	125
Illinois Pipe Line	164	169	165
Indiana Pipe Line	103	107	104
Int Pet Co, Ltd.	20½	21	21
National Transit	16	17	16¼
N Y Transit	195	205	190
Northern Pipe L.	110	115	110
Ohio Oil	323	328	327
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	57	60	56
Prairie Oil & Gas	660	670	670
Prairie Pipe Line	268	273	270
Solar Refining	360	370	360
Southern Pipe L.	177	182	177
South Penn Oil	300	310	310
S W Penn	100	104	100
Stand Oil of Cal.	267	272	270
Stand Oil of Ind.	765	780	770
Stand Oil of Kan.	525	540	525
Stand Oil of Ky.	360	370	360
Stand Oil of Neb.	485	515	485
Stand Oil of N J.	698	705	708
Stand Oil of N Y.	314	318	318
Stand Oil of Ohio	470	480	470
Swan & Finch	98	102	98
Union Tank	114	116	116
Vacuum Oil	408	413	410
Washington Oil	33	37	33

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
Am Cigar	*114	..	114
Do pf	88	92	85
Conley Foil	180	..	180
J S Young	125	150	125
Do pf	98	105	98
MacA & Forbes	190	210	190
Do pf	85	95	85
P R-Am Tobacco	132	138	132
R J Reynolds, A.	300	425	390
Do B	300	325	310
Do pf	106¼	108¼	107
Weyman-Bruton	†167½	175	165
Do pf	105	110	105

*Ex dividend. †Ex rights.

FINANCIAL NOTICE. FINANCIAL NOTICE.

CANADA'S TRADE POSITION

Striking Figures Given By the President of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

The trade and financial situation of Canada in the last year of the great War was reviewed by Sir Edmund Walker, President of The Canadian Bank of Commerce in his address to the shareholders a few days ago in Toronto. Some of the figures given were certainly striking in view of the small population of our northern neighbour and the fact that she has been an active participant in the War for over four years.

Sir Edmund says:

The war is over and we are struggling with the terms which we intend to impose on Germany. One turn of the kaleidoscope has changed the aspect of almost everything in our daily life and in our mental horizon. Only yesterday we were bending every faculty as a nation and as individuals to the thousand different kinds of effort necessary to win the war. We had completely disrupted the co-operation of individuals in the various pursuits of life which are necessary to the happiness of society in times of peace, and men and women were drawn either into military and munition work, or into the production of food, almost to the limit of our powers. Now the work in munition factories has stopped, our armies will return, and from 500,000 to 600,000 men and women, an enormous proportion of our small population, will have to find new kinds of employment. The enlistment of soldiers, and the withdrawal of others from peaceful occupations to the making of munitions, took four years to reach a climax, but the reverse process comes upon us in an instant. We shall in the end have work for all, but much that could have been started at once in spring or summer is impossible in winter. The troops will come home gradually, and as six months' pay is to be given to some of them, and smaller allowances to others, our anxiety regarding them is partly removed. The munition workers, however, cannot be shifted to new employment fast enough to prevent there being a considerable number out of work during this winter.

In order to appreciate the scale of industrial events we turn as usual to the figures of our foreign trade. Disregarding coin and bullion, which have fallen to inconsiderable figures, the excess of exports, for the fiscal year ending 31st March, amounted to $623,647,000. The excess for the two previous years, large as it was when compared with the past, was $563,795,000, or considerably less than for the one year under consideration. Our total foreign trade was $2,548,691,000, as against a total of $1,129,616,000 in the year ending 31st March, 1914.

The field crops of Canada for 1918, the figures of the last month being only an estimate, are valued at $1,383,000,000, as against $1,145,000,000 for 1917, the actual value that year being larger than the estimate. The total production from our mines is estimated at $220,000,000, as compared with $189,646,000 in 1917 and $177,201,000 in 1916.

Such a surplus of exports over imports as $623,000,000 would, if we were paid in international money, make us financially rich beyond imagination and it would put New York exchange, the real test of our international position, at a discount. As a matter of fact New York exchange has lately been at a high premium, because with all our exports we cannot command enough international money to keep the balance even. At the moment, because of transportation difficulties, we are carrying a very large amount of wheat sold to the British Government. If in settlement we received even a moderate payment in cash we could keep the rate for New York exchange fairly low, but there is no assurance that any part of what is due will be paid in money useful for international settlements. We have pointed out before the extent to which we make purchases from the United States which must be settled in cash, and for which, directly or indirectly, we receive from Great Britain only long-term obligations. This year conditions are not improved, despite large orders for munitions given by the United States to Canada. Comparing the year ending 31st March, 1918, with the previous one, we imported from the United States goods to the value of $792,000,000, as against $678,000,000, and we exported to them $418,000,000, as against $290,000,000, so that we owed them on balance $374,000,000 instead of $388,000,000. During the six months ending September, 1918, matters did not improve; the scale of imports and exports was larger, but the resulting difference against us was proportionately about the same.

In November, 1917, the first Victory Loan (the fourth Canadian War Loan) was offered. The sum asked was $150,000,000, and 875,000 people subscribed $421,000,000. The figures we quoted a year ago were largely exceeded when the returns were completed. This issue was made at 98.67, and if it had followed the fate of most war loans, it would have declined in price somewhat before the next loan appeared, but the organization which made the issue so successful took care of the market so well that, while a very considerable percentage of the loan was turned over from day to day, the issue price was not merely maintained but was raised to par by July, 1918. As a consequence, when the second Victory Loan came out in October last, the Finance Minister was able to make the issue price par with accrued interest. The latest figures for this loan show that, while $300,000,000 was asked, 1,080,000 people have subscribed for $690,000,000. We were very proud that the subscriptions to the loan of 1917 reached a total of $53.37 per head of our population, but the amount subscribed to the 1918 loan was $88.10 per head. Not only are both of our huge Victory Loans at a premium, but the general course of our bond market has shown a corresponding improvement. While it opened in 1918 at the lowest level of prices, and therefore at the highest yield in interest, that we have seen for years, it has improved so that the yield is now from one-quarter to one-half of one per cent. less than at the beginning of the year. Not only have we taken care of all new requirements, but we have paid off loans maturing in the United States to the amount of about $40,000,000. Now that the war is ended, we must expect large issues of provincial and municipal bonds and those should find a ready market either in Canada or in the United States.

The financial and trade situation in the latter country is very fully set forth by our New York agent and the history of American finance during the war is dealt with at length. It is difficult to realise that, in spite of their coming into the war so late, their industries were apparently almost as completely diverted to war purposes as those of other allied countries, the expansion in particular directions, and in foreign trade generally, being without example and beyond our imagination of what was possible. One or two items from his report give us some idea of the scale of their operations. The disbursements of the Government for the fiscal year ending June, 1918, were about $13,000,000,000, of which $4,738,000,000 were loans to allies. The estimated expenditure for the year ending June, 1919, was $24,000,000,000, but it is thought that in view of the armistice this will be reduced to $18,000,000,000. The total loans to allies in November last were stated to be $8,185,000,000. Nothing is more impressive than the fact that of these colossal expenditures one-third is raised by taxation. It has been frequently said that without the Federal Reserve System of banking the United States could probably not have financed the war without more or less collapse of her financial system. It is equally true that the System has permitted an expansion of credit which, notwithstanding the importation of over $1,000,000,000 in gold since the war began, has gone far enough to require a very conservative course for the immediate future.

This may be a good point at which to consider the position of Great Britain. The report of our London manager should be read by everyone who desires to realize the part that country has played in the war. Unprepared—except as to that navy which by blockading Germany really won the war—she raised a vast army which, like none of the other armies, fought in all the widely separated areas of the conflict. For two years, while we awaited the entry of the United States, she bore the heavy part of the whole war, lending money, supplying munitions, coal, food, sympathy and advice to her allies. In resourcefulness, invention, daring and unyielding courage, whether in the trenches, at sea, or especially in the air, she astonished her own children and she amazed that part of the world which has never understood her, unless it be now that the war is won. When the war began she had a debt of three and a half billions of dollars. If we deduct what she has lent to her allies, and certain other recoverable items, she will probably owe twenty-two billions of dollars at a rough estimate. From the first report of the Committee on Currency and Foreign Exchanges after the War, it is clear that the mind of the British banker is steadily bent not upon further possibilities of inflation, but upon recovering the gold position of Great Britain as soon as possible. The Bank of England has the largest quantity of gold in its history, but its ratio of reserve is low, and the new Government issues of £1 and 10-shilling notes have reached the large total of £293,790,000. Great Britain controls a large percentage of the new gold produced throughout the world, and in the scramble for gold which we shall doubtless see for many years to come, she will have the best position. In raising money for the prosecution of the war she has shown a wonderful confidence in her people, as to their power, as well as to their willingness, to provide whatever was necessary, week by week, and she has latterly avoided the large issues at particular moments which have so disturbed finance elsewhere. She at first alarmed some of us by the vast amount of Treasury Bills which she kept afloat, but later in 1917 she seemed to have "found herself," and sold National War Bonds and War Savings Certificates in a steady stream through banks and post offices, to a sufficient extent to meet her needs of £25,000,000 per week. What she was not able to pay was her indebtedness to the United States and Canada for munitions supplied, as this required international money, that is, gold or balances due by foreign countries. She had shipped to the United States, either directly or through other countries, over $1,000,000,000 in gold, as well as a large amount of securities, and had closed down her manufactures for export in order to produce munitions, and thus, after making huge loans to the allies, she began to require those outside loans which are now roughly estimated at about $5,000,000,000. Her loans to the allies are supposed to balance the loans she obtained abroad, and we need have little fear that she will not very soon re-establish her supremacy in the field of finance throughout the world, great as are the difficulties surrounding her position.

Sir Edmund Walker's bank has itself shared fully in the growth of Canada, having added $96,000,000 to its assets during the past year. We give a few extracts from the address of the General Manager, Sir John Aird, to the shareholders at the same meeting. Sir John Aird said:

The earnings of the Bank have been good, and the profits have again reached a new high level, amounting to $2,850,000, or $212,000 more than a year ago. We confess to a feeling of pride that we have been able to maintain the premier place among Canadian banks in this, to you, important item. Notwithstanding the apparent size of the figures, however, it must not be forgotten that the rate of earnings of this Bank, as of Canadian banks in general, is steadily decreasing, when measured by the services rendered and the extent of the effort put forth by our staff. On the average of our total assets during the year we have earned only 7-10ths of one per cent. as compared with 1.27 per cent. in 1913, the last year prior to the war, and 1.37 per cent. ten years ago. The main causes of this, as I have pointed out in previous years, are, on the one hand, the enormous increase in the volume of those banking services which are performed for the public without remuneration, and the fact that banking is one of the few businesses in which charges are sometimes lowered but seldom increased, in spite of the general increase in the cost of everything else; and on the other, the increases in salaries and wages which are inevitable to enable our men to meet the great increase in the cost of living. It must not be forgotten that salaries and wages constitute the most formidable item of expense in the budget of a bank, and it will readily be understood that the responsibilities and the difficulties of dealing fairly with the members of our staff, in view of the high level of the cost of living, are not small.

An unusual item in our Profit and Loss account this year, which affords us much gratification, is the recovery of the appropriation of $1,000,000 set aside in the year 1915 to provide for the depreciation of securities. We then expressed the hope of saving this, or at least a part of it, at the end of the war, and it is a source of satisfaction to find our prediction fulfilled. We have set aside $100,000 to defray the cost of a memorial we propose to raise in honour of the officers of the Bank who served in the great war, and for the cost of the history of the Bank to which I referred a year ago. The form of the memorial is not yet decided, but it will probably take shape when we come to erect a new building on our site here, an undertaking which cannot long be delayed if the natural development of the business of the Bank is not to be hindered by cramped and unsuitable quarters. After doing all this we have been able to transfer $1,500,000 to Rest account, which thus becomes equal to the paid-up capital, a goal which we have aimed to reach for many a day, but which has called for long years of tireless striving, before we could consider it as fairly won. We might perhaps have made a better showing on the surface and have seemed to reach our goal in a shorter period of time, but our wish has been to build surely and carefully upon a firm foundation, and in the meantime to provide beyond peradventure for every weak spot in our loans and securities. We carry forward into the new financial year an undivided balance of profits amounting to $1,444,842, or $112,000 more than a year ago. The increase in our total deposits is $76,733,000, or 27.7 per cent., and the greater part of this is under the heading of deposits not bearing interest, which account for $64,552,000. Deposits bearing interest show an increase of $12,181,000, an amount which would have been much greater had it not been for the Victory Loan of 1918.

Our efforts to assist the Minister of Finance in obtaining subscriptions to the Loan have resulted in our securing through this Bank the large sum of $104,543,000, represented by 150,773 individual subscriptions. This amount included $100,000,000 of new money and represents 15 per cent. of the total. It is gratifying to know that we have far exceeded the proportion which might be reasonably expected from us. This result has not been obtained without very strenuous efforts on the part of our staff, and also the expenditure of a large amount of money by the Bank. Unfortunately the heavy task came upon our staff just at the moment when their ranks were depleted by the ravages of influenza.

Cash on hand, consisting of gold and silver coin and Dominion notes, amounts to $61,971,000, as compared with $54,652,000 a year ago, an increase of $7,319,000. Of this we had $17,500,000 in the Central Gold Reserves, to provide cover for our excess note circulation. Call and short loans show an increase of $8,324,000, of which the greater part is in loans outside Canada, and immediately available assets are $35,682,000 greater, standing at about 50 per cent. of our liabilities to the public. Commercial loans show an increase of $52,621,000, nearly all of which is lent in Canada. Total assets have increased $95,935,000, and now amount to the very large sum of $440,310,000. This increase is 27.8 per cent. over the figures of last year, a remarkable showing when it is recalled that we have been marking time in the opening of new branches, and that we have not taken over the business of any other bank.

As to the future, we feel that we can look forward with quiet confidence. The multifarious restrictions which have necessarily been placed on business during the war will doubtless disappear before long, and they should be removed by the Government as speedily as possible. This will aid in lessening unemployment at home, and enable our exporters to resume their operations in other countries before the field is occupied. Attention should also be given to the prompt settlement of all outstanding contracts and obligations of the Government, and to the claims arising out of the cancellation of contracts. These are sometimes allowed to drag, causing great injustice to individuals and corporations, and preventing them from resuming their accustomed place in the peace activities of the nation. By prompt attention to such matters the Government can assist materially in the restoration of a normal state of affairs in the business world. We have been fortunate in this country in that our participation in the war has not involved material damage at home. Our efforts have entailed no exhaustion on our part, and while the problems before us are many and difficult, we believe that a satisfactory solution will be found for all of them.

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Walter Clark Teagle
PRESIDENT
Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey
ON
America's World Oil Trade

In interview with DOW, JONES & CO. President Teagle reviews the oil situation and its outlook. He tells what America needs to maintain its commanding position in the world oil markets.

See the
DOW-JONES BULLETINS
Monday, January 20th
In all well-equipped financial offices.
Subscribers to THE WALL STREET JOURNAL may read it Monday afternoon or Tuesday morning

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DIVIDENDS.

Depositors Oil & Gas Co.

A 20% dividend for the year 1919, payable quarterly, having been declared, the first quarterly 5% will be paid January 31st, 1919, to stockholders of record January 20, 1919.
R. E. STAFFORD, Secretary.

TAYLOR-WHARTON IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, HIGH BRIDGE, NEW JERSEY.
The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the outstanding Preferred Stock of the Taylor-Wharton Iron and Steel Company for the three months ending December 31, 1918, to stockholders of record at the closing of the books at 3 P. M. on January 24, 1919. The Preferred Stock books will remain closed until 9 A. M. on February 1, 1919.
W. A. INGRAM,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PACIFIC BANK.
New York, N. Y., January 15th, 1919.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. and an extra dividend of 2 per cent., payable on February 1st to stockholders of record at the close of business January 18th, 1919. The transfer books will be closed to February 1st, 1919.
SNOWDEN McGAUGHY, Cashier.

Wanted—Reliable and reputable stock broker to underwrite or sell an issue of $300,000.00 preferred stock export and import company. Give particulars as to responsibility, etc. Ward D. Williams, Ashland Block, Chicago, Ill.

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WILL NOT CUT WAGES OF STEEL WORKERS

Mill Owners, However, Will Demand a Standard Day's Service for High Recompense.

RESTRICT NEW OPERATIONS

Plants Working on 75% of Capacity and Belief Is That Decrease Will Continue Until Spring.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 18.—Local iron and steel circles have been discussing the prediction made a few days ago by J. Leonard Repogle, formerly Director of Steel Supply, that within sixty to ninety days there will be a boom in the iron and steel trade, and pig iron will go to $40 a ton, billets to $60, and heavy rolled steel products to $75 a net ton. The concensus of opinion is that the prediction is over optimistic, particularly with reference to the time limit mentioned, but also with respect to prices. As to the time limit, comment is made that Judge E. H. Gary's recent predictions of a period of five years of prosperity for the American steel industry carefully avoided setting a date for the beginning of the period. The common attitude of iron and steel producers is that there must be a period of readjustment, the length depending upon the speed with which readjustment proceeds and upon the amount of readjustment that is found necessary. With respect to prices, the view is practically universal that mosts in the iron and steel industry must come down. When they do it will be possible to sell at lower prices than those now ruling and still have comfortable earnings. In 1917 and 1918 the earnings were large, despite the heavy tax deductions necessary, particularly for 1918, and taxes will be lower for 1919 than they were last year.

There is a unanimity of opinion among iron and steel producers that no general reduction in wages should be attempted, either now or in the near future, despite the fact that daily earnings of the men are from two to two and a half times what they were before the war. There had been no general reduction in 1914, despite the depressed condition of the industry, and from 1899 to 1913, inclusive, there had been many advances with only two or three intermediate reductions.

What employers do seek, however, is a restoration of the labor performance of before the war. They expect men to render a standard day's service, and as there is now opportunity to make selections, the men who are willing to do a full day's work will receive the preference. Labor shortage disappeared before the close of the old year, and conditions have since been trending toward a surplus.

Cheaper raw materials also will have an influence in reducing manufacturing costs. Heavy melting steel scrap has been dropping sharply in the last few weeks, and purchases have lately been made at $20 a gross ton, delivered, the Government limit having been $29, upon which price dealers were allowed to charge a commission of 3½ per cent. in addition, making the cost to mill $30. Ferro manganese is also lower, makers quoting $225 against $250 formerly ruling, but there is no demand at $225, and still lower prices will doubtless develop in time. These market declines do not at once affect steel producers, as they are using supplies bought at higher prices.

Operating at 75 Per Cent. of Capacity.

Some estimates made in authoritative quarters place the rate of steel mill operations at as low as 60 per cent, but such estimates are not general, some observers placing the percentage at nearer 75 per cent. All testimony agrees, however, that the rate of operation is decreasing, and will probably continue to decrease until Spring demand makes a change in the situation. None of the steel mills have closed entirely, the decrease in tonnage being made by closing individual departments or portions of batteries of open-hearth furnaces.

The gathering of pig iron producers from all over the country in Pittsburgh this week developed an almost unanimous opinion that in the far future pig iron prices will be lower than present quotations, although no decline in the next few months is definitely expected. The furnace men maintain that no pig iron should be made that cannot be shipped. Piling iron at present high production costs is considered out of the question. When the revival in demand comes, therefore, there will be no slack to be taken up.

Iron and steel exports in November are reported at 448,716 gross tons, against 388,777 tons in October, and 513,029 tons in November of 1917. There is much export inquiry at the present time, but the closing of business is interferred with by the high ocean freights ruling, and the orders are going largely to Great Britain. The rate from New York to China and Japan is $45 a ton, to the Dutch East Indies $60, and to Australia and New Zealand $40. Rates from Great Britain are much lower. The United States Shipping Board rate on pig iron from New York to Rio Janeiro is $25 a ton. The high ocean rates from the United States are offset to a slight extent by the lower prices quoted f. o. b., as compared with the British export prices, but not by enough to develop business on any large scale.

Dealers in scrap are still engaged in their effort to arouse interest on the part of consumers. For several weeks the operation has consisted of offering material at successively low prices, and when this did not draw them bids have been solicited, but to no avail. Dealers complain that there must be some price at which scrap is regarded as a purchase.

The Emergency Fleet Corporation is getting the chief amount of plate tonnage being rolled at present. Indeed, most of the mills say this is the heaviest end of their plate business at this time, and judging from the amount being rolled the Fleet Corporation's requirements must have suffered very little diminution from those of last Summer, when the mills were required to work on a schedule calling for a total of 50,000 net tons of plates a week for account of the corporation. A fair run of rollings exists on plates for freight cars, against old orders, which are being filled at a more rapid rate than before the war ended, as the activities of the car shops in shell making and other war business have greatly decreased, and the shops can devote more attention to cars.

No Price Cutting Yet.

No one can tell anything about the general question of what will become of all the plate rolling capacity, the proportion of plate capacity to that for the production of other descriptions of finished steel being abnormally high on account of the various plate mills built in the last couple of years. Plate prices are being strictly maintained on the basis of 3.00c with regular extras, this covering all sheared plates and being understood to cover universal mill plates as well, while universal mill skelp is 2.90c, having been reduced $5 a ton from the Government price of 3.15c on universal skelp.

Price cutting on any of the finished steel products has not developed, and there is no indication that it will in the near future. Producers appear to be adhering strictly to recognized market levels. Considerable confidence is expressed by sellers that if there were any weakness in the market they would learn of it very promptly. It is an established fact that in the steel trade price cutting cannot be done seriously. Steel producers do not feel that the market is giving any particular exhibition of strength by its staying strictly at recognized figures. All sellers are a unit in declaring that there is no incentive to cut prices; indeed, the feeling is the other way altogether.

There is quite a tonnage of unfilled business on books, against which there is a fair volume of shipments, fully as heavy as could be expected in the circumstances, and the common view is that if producer gained one ton of new business by cutting prices he would in the long run loose ten tons of business already on books. This feeling will exist as long as buyers continue seeking material only for immediate use, with no revival in demand for steel for regular construction purposes.

There has been a decided improvement in tinplate specifications this week, and the market is expected to broaden from week to week. Mills are making up practically no stock, and are operating in accordance with specifications received. As a result operations have averaged a trifle under 50 per cent. of capacity in the last four weeks, and this week they were not over 50 per cent. Tinplate consumption during the coming year will be heavy.

Export Prospects Are Poor.

Export prospects continue poor on account of the ocean freight situation. Some export sales were made at $7.35 a base box, 100 pounds, which is the usual asking price on export business, while it is the regular domestic market. The price report on tinplate shipped in November and December, made in connection with the bi-monthly adjustment in wages, showed $7.85, the same as in the preceding bi-monthly period. For this and next month toonage wage rates will therefore continue at 87 per cent. above the basic rates in the scale. The basis rates obtain with the tinplate at $3.50, advancing or declining 1 per cent. for each 5 cents a box in realized prices, except that below $3.20 tinplate there is no further wage decline. Thus wages can go 6 per cent. below the basis rates. The present wages are 99 per cent. above the possible minimum provided by the scale.

The most active of the various branches of the iron and steel trade is the sheet industry, a few of the independent mills operating at 86 per cent. of capacity or more, the average operation of the whole industry being estimated at about 75 per cent. There continues to be a heavy demand from the automobile trade, and a moderate demand from most other consuming lines. Prices of blue annealed, black and galvanized sheets are firmly maintained, at 3.90c., 4.70c., and 6.05c., respectively.

The mills have no incentive to cut, as specifying is encouraged by strict maintenance of prices. Shipments under old contracts, at Government prices or higher, have been adjusted to the new market, and this has been done quite irrespective of the binding form of contract adopted a couple of years ago by the independent sheet makers. While adjustments have been made by the mills with their customers to the reduced market level, it appears that they did not make adjustments to any extent, if at all, on shipments prior to Jan. 1, as the wage settlement made last week showed 5.25c. for the average price of 26, 27, and 28 gauge shipped during November and December, this comparing with an average of 5c. in the bi-monthly period preceding. Evidently the mills had some high-priced business on books, taken prior to Government price-fixing, on which they were able to make shipments for a time.

While it is felt that the Government must have a large quantity of unfinished steel to be disposed of, it is evidently awaiting a market of more absorbing power than that now existing before it offers the steel in any quantities. Cancelation of war contracts has thrown a lot of the commodity in the Government's hands, and the trade is awaiting with interest the disposition to be ordered by the authorities.

The British Government is more disposed to close up its affairs here and has been offering shell steel very freely, and of course at what appear to be low prices compared with the quotable market on soft steel in unfinished form, as well as finished steel products. It is understood that shell steel, for instance, can be had at $27 to $29 per ton, in the form either of large billets or of rounds. While this would be an excellent material for most forging purposes, there is scarcely any demand from the forging shops, as they have few orders.

There is limited employment for the material for rerolling purposes, but demand for concrete bars and other classes of material that can be rerolled from high carbon steel is likewise very limited. There are occasional offers of discard steel, but as prices are usually in the neighborhood of those asked for regular shell steel the prospective buyer is disposed to consider regular shell steel rather than discard steel. For reguar soft steel there is practically no inquiry, and producers are making no effort to force the situation, realizing that the market has no absorbing power.

The gain in coke production, which began in the first week of the year, was continued last week, but not at quite the same rate. The increase for the week was 17,386 tons, compared with the increase of 21,790 tons the preceding week. While coke output kept up an outward trend, to a total of 271,366 tons, coal failed even to hold its own, the 170,915 tons shipped being a decrease of 2,653 tons from the week preceding. This was the direct consequence of a marked decline, or almost no demand, for steam coal and a curtailment in the requisitions from by-product oven operators. Furnace coke is being absorbed by contracts as fas as produced, but there is an absence of inquiry, traceable to the fact that furnacemen are disposed to slow down until the pig iron market becomes more active.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.90	5.60
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.60	5.30
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	7.25	6.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.90	5.40
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	8	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.20	5.60
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.90	5.50
Erie R. R.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.80	5.30
Louis. & Nash	1919-'23	5	5.80	5.35
Mich. Central	1919-'30	5	6.00	5.50
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.30	5.90
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Norfolk & West	1919-'24	4½	5.65	5.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	8.00	5.50
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.90	5.30
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.65	5.35
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	8	7.00	6.00
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.35
Southern R. R.	1919-'24	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Union Tank Line	1919-'20	5	6.50	5.50

STOCK EXCHANGE NEWS.

Memberships Transferred.—William Herbert (deceased) to Charles C. Harrison, Jr., Harrison & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.

Douglas W. Paige to John L. Tuthill, at Chapman, Carman & Co., 5 Nassau Street.

Arthur W. Popper to C. Clothier Jones, C. Clothier Jones & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.

James A. Baker, Jr., to Cornelius A. Simonson, 100 Broadway.

William D. Hatch to Edward L. Worthington, Worthington, Bellows & Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Membership Posted for Transfer.—Alfred Codman to Mortimer W. Loewi. Sponsors, J. W. Gutman, Samuel Einstein.

Revocation of Substitutes for Members.—Cornelius A. Simonson, substitute; Paul Adler, member; Paul Adler & Co., firm. S. Hinman Bird, substitute; Eugene Hale, Jr., member; Pendergast, Hale & Co., firm. Frank H. Bulley, substitute; John A. Stewart, 3d, member; Stewart & Co., firm.

Dissolutions of Partnerships.—On Jan. 8, 1919, Hobart & Gray. On Jan. 14, 1919, Chas. E. Quincey & Co. On Jan. 16, 1919, Paul Adler & Co.

New Partnerships.—C. Clothier Jones & Co., Jan. 17, 1919, Philadelphia. C. Clothier Jones, Robert MacDonald, Jr. Special, C. Wilson McNeely.

Harrison & Co., Jan. 17, 1919, Philadelphia, Penn. Charles C. Harrison, Jr., Thomas D. Smith, Charles S. Cheston.

Chas. E. Quincey & Co., Jan. 14, 1919, 80 Broadway. Frank J. Bradley, Maurice A. Gilmartin, Walter B. Crowell.

Worthington, Bellows & Co., Jan. 16, 1919, Cleveland, Ohio. Edward L. Worthington, Charles C. Bellows, David V. Morris. Special, S. Chester Crobaugh, Edward C. Daoust, B. C. Tucker.

Change in Firms.—Wilcox & Co., W. Rutger J. Planten, retired.

Tucker, Anthony & Co., Clement R. Ford, admitted.

J. Robinson-Duff & Co., J. N. Blys, retired.

New Addresses.—Paul Adler, at Edward H. Stern, 100 Broadway.

W. Rutger J. Planten, at Wilcox & Co., 52 Broadway.

Chas. E. Quincey, at Chas. E. Quincey & Co., 80 Broadway.

Branch Offices.—James E. Bennett & Co., Kansas City, Mo., 1,012 Baltimore Avenue, discontinued.

Goodbody & Co., (new,) Paterson, N. J., Fred B. Case, manager.

Jackson & Curtis, Springfield, Mass., discontinued.

Merrill, Lynch & Co., Cleveland, Ohio, discontinued.

SEES NATION'S HOPE IN POST-WAR THRIFT

John J. Pulleyn Urges Bankers to Keep Liberty Loan Machinery for Sale of Other Bonds.

TEACH THE SMALL SAVERS

Would Have Buyers of $50 and $100 Liberty Bonds Turn to Paper of Foreign Nations.

"To aid humanity, to put Europe on a self-sustaining basis, to build for ourselves a great and enduring foreign trade, to secure prosperity, to prevent adversity at home, otherwise unavoidable, we must raise money, absorb securities, in a volume so great that it is hopeless to look to our pre-war financial machinery."

John J. Pulleyn, President of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, and Chairman of the Committee on Savings of the Savings Bank Section of the American Bankers' Association, in an article entitled "Perpetuating War Savings as Peace Savings," in the current issue of the association's journal, thus sums up the task of the United States in the immediate two-year period of reconstruction following the end of the war and makes the following suggestions:

"We must attempt to retain as habitual savers and investors the 20,000,000 Liberty Loan subscribers—the $50 and $100 bond buyers. The bond houses alone cannot reach them—the banks can. The banks must do the work as they did in the Liberty Loans, but now, instead of spending time, effort, and money, at a loss, sure and foreseen, they should sell bonds and reap a double reward in greatly enriched communities, stable labor conditions, a constant increment of all those conditions of local prosperity on which the prosperity of a local bank depends.

"There should be organized in every community a Committee on Industrial Safety, which will undertake the work of educating the people of that community through frequent meetings, through addresses of well-coached speakers before every social, religious, labor, industrial, and commercial organization. The organizations of four-minute men would make a most effective unit in this respect. Instead of disbanding them, they should be continued for this work.

"A campaign should be carried on to show the imperative necessity of thrift—thrift to the full meaning of the word—deliberate and premeditated saving for investment—investment in the bonds of the industries which furnish the payrolls of the nation on which, directly or indirectly, we all depend. I would like to see our people taught that they should buy bonds of foreign Governments, when the credits so created are to be spent in this country for the products of American labor, to enable a continuance of the wage from which the individual makes the savings to buy the bonds.

"The machinery exists—the banks are the hub of the wheel. I hope every banker will plan now to perpetuate to peace-time needs the machinery of the Liberty Bond distribution which he had so large a part in building and of which he is so important an element. The problem is here—it is with us now. The solution cannot wait; the natural forces which sway nations to prosperity or adversity do not wait; the need for action is today.

"The immediate need of the world is money. America is the one great reservoir of wealth. If we use our wealth wisely we can relieve the sufferings of millions of people, make them self-sustaining, restore prosperity to the world before our business lifetime's end, increase our wealth, our revenues, insure our material welfare, stabilize and make permanent our industrial future. If we use our wealth selfishly, mistakenly, at this time, we shall prolong the suffering of others and thwart the enduring prosperity of ourselves.

"In normal times foreign countries to which we export merchandise would seek to pay us in goods—would seek to export to us as much as or more than we send them, using gold to settle the trade balance, if in our favor. Our foreign debtors will be unable to pay us in goods until their industries have been rebuilt and reorganized, some years hence. Neither can they pay us in gold.

"If our foreign debtors could pay us in goods it would render far less profitable, indeed far more serious, our internal industrial situation. It may be said, broadly speaking, that the prosperity of nations is determined in a great measure by the excess of their exports over their imports. An individual who produces and saves more than he consumes in living and pleasures has a margin which can go toward his enrichment. A nation which produces no more than it consumes is like a salaried man who saves nothing from his earnings and can make no investments, the interest on which will increase his income. If the nation produces more than it consumes and more than it can use in its internal development, and does not sell the surplus to foreign customers, it suffers from over-production and must reduce the surplus by restricting production, which means unemployment and hard times.

"It is estimated that in order to refinance our domestic industries, return our factories to a condition of peace-time production, carry on our public improvements, equip ourselves for foreign trade, provide the materials and machinery to rebuild and re-equip devastated regions abroad, we must provide from $12,000,000,000 to $15,000,000,000 yearly for at least two years."

Meetings Announced.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Date of Meeting.
Am. Brake Shoe & Foundry Co.	Mar. 4	....	Mar. 25
Am. Can Co.	Jan. 22	....	Feb. 11
Am. Sum. Tob. Co.	Feb. 5	....	Feb. 19
Ann Arbor R. R.	Apr. 8	Apr. 21	Apr. 10
A., T. & S. Fe Ry.	Mar. 20	Aft.mtg	Apr. 24
Baldwin Loc. W'ks.	Jan. 31	....	Mar. 6
B'klyn R. T. Co.	Jan. 16	Feb. 1	Jan. 31
Bruns. T. & Ry. Sec.	Jan. 25	....	Feb. 11
Cen. & So. A. T. Co.	....	....	Feb. 11
Central C. & C. Co.	Jan. 4	....	Feb. 5
C., I. & L. Ry. pf.	Mar. 8	Mar. 20	Mar. 10
Consolidated Gas Co. of New York	Jan. 18	Jan. 28	Jan. 27
Cont. Ins. Co.	Jan. 25	Feb. 5	Feb. 4
Corn. Ex. Bank	....	....	Jan. 21
Cuba Can Sug. Cor.	Jan. 27	Feb. 13	Feb. 11
Detroit Edison Co.	Jan. 23	Feb. 4	Feb. 3
Detroit United Ry.	Jan. 9	Feb. 5	Feb. 4
Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.	Feb. 1	....	Feb. 11
Duluth-Superior Traction Co.	Jan. 9	....	Jan. 29
Gen. Chemical Co.	Feb. 10	Feb. 21	Feb. 20
Goodrich, B. F., Co.	Mar. 1	....	Mar. 12
Hock. Val. Ry. Co.	Dec. 26	Jan. 27	Jan. 25
Interb. Cons. Corp.	Jan. 2	Jan. 23	Jan. 22
Internat. Agr. Corp.	Jan. 22	....	Jan. 28
Laclede Gas L. Co.	Jan. 18	Feb. 19	Feb. 18
Lehigh Valley R. R.	Nov. 21	....	Jan. 21
Liggett & M. Tob.	Feb. 11	....	Mar. 10
Man. Shirt Co.	Dec. 31	....	Jan. 27
Nat. Acme Co.	Feb. 25	....	Mar. 27
National Bisc. Co.	Jan. 22	....	Feb. 12
N. Y. C. R. R. Co.	Jan. 3	Jan. 23	Jan. 22
N. Y. State Rys.	Jan. 28	Feb. 20	Feb. 19
North. Cen. Ry. Co.	Dec. 6	....	Feb. 4
North. Cen. Ry Co.	Dec. 30	....	Feb. 27
Ohio Fuel Supply Co. temporary ctfs.	Mar. 30	....	Apr. 9
Ontario Silver Min.	....	....	Jan. 30
Penn. R. R.	Jan. 24	....	Mar. 25
Peoria & East. Ry. Co.	Jan. 24	Feb. 13	Feb. 12
Peo. G., L. & C. Co.	Jan. 30	Feb. 11	Feb. 10
Philadelphia Co.	Dec. 4	....	Feb. 3
Pitts. & West Va. Ry. Co.	Apr. 18	May 6	May 5
Sixth Av. R. R.	Jan. 10	Jan. 22	Jan. 21
Southern Pac. Co.	Mar. 25	Apr. 10	Apr. 9
Superior Steel Corp.	Feb. 10	Feb. 18	Feb. 17
Toledo Rys. & Lgt.	....	....	Jan. 10
Transue & Williams Steel Forging Co.	Feb. 3	....	Feb. 4
Twin City Rapid Transit Co.	Jan. 8	....	Jan. 28

FOR RIGHTS.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Settle't Day.	Privilege Expires.
Det. Ed. Co.	Dec. 31	....	Jan. 16	Feb. 1
General Motor Corp. com.	Jan. 15	....	Feb. 8	Feb. 15
N. & W. Ry.	Dec. 18	....	Jan. 9	Jan. 25
Texas Co.	Dec. 30	....	Jan. 16	Feb. 3
Weyman-Bruton & Co. com.	Jan. 4	....	Jan. 16	Jan. 27

PRICES HOLD FIRM IN COTTON MARKET

Short Selling Decreases—Rallying Tendency Is Shown in All Active Positions.

There was a steadiness to the trading in the local cotton market yesterday, accounted for in part by the absence of the heavy selling pressure from quarters which had been so active the last week. Opening prices ranged from 15 points higher for January, with declines of 4 to 10 points for the other months, compared with Friday's closing quotations. Shortly after the call sufficient cotton appeared to cause prices to go back 22 to 28 points from the preceding day's closing, but the market very shortly worked out of this selling and on an active demand for the distant months, stimulated by the shorts attempting to cover, prices rallied to a maximum advance ranging from 32 points for October to 44 for the list. At these levels January was selling at 26.25c, March 25.12c, May 23.74c, July 26.60c, and October 20.53c. The closing was barely firm, with nominal changes in the final prices compared with Friday's last.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Jan.	26.25	26.25	26.05	26.05@26.15	26.10
Feb.	....	....	....	25.15 bid	25.25
March	25.00	25.12	24.75	24.90@24.95	25.00
April	....	....	....	23.85 bid	23.78
May	23.61	23.74	23.30	23.65@23.70	23.58
July	22.44	22.60	22.26	22.52	22.48
Aug.	21.35	21.53	21.35	21.45 bid	21.45
Sept.	....	....	....	20.70@20.80	20.75
Oct.	20.33	20.53	20.20	20.40@20.50	20.46

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 29.05c for middling upland, 5 points decline; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29c; New Orleans, 28¾c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 27¼c; Memphis, 29¾c; Houston, 28.30c; Little Rock, 28¾c.

The statistical position of cotton, in bales, as compiled by The Financial Chronicle, follows:

	Last Week. Bales.	Prev. Week. Bales.	Last Year. Bales.
Port receipts	161,949	131,584	130,483
Since Aug. 1	3,081,150	2,919,201	3,850,353
Port stocks	1,449,230	1,303,174	1,365,718
Interior receipts	137,617	146,111	146,105
Since Aug. 1	4,046,451	3,907,334	5,462,650
Interior shipments	143,509	136,801	146,423
Interior stocks	1,489,037	1,494,729	1,207,609
Amt. brought into sight	256,549	244,266	245,028
Since Aug. 1	6,573,283	6,316,734	7,840,487
Northern spinners' takings	29,812	27,042	51,200
Since Aug. 1	1,152,279	1,122,967	1,440,619
Southern consumption	60,000	65,000	81,000
Since Aug. 1	1,859,000	1,799,000	2,069,000
Expts. to Gt. Brit.	55,505	56,926	66,529
Since Aug. 1	1,130,461	1,799,000	1,540,213
Expts. to France	1,000	9,206	7,809
Since Aug. 1	283,873	286,168	341,005
Expts. to Contin't.	28,300	40,724	44,531
Since Aug. 1	736,100	678,270	742,434
Tot. week's expts.	83,814	106,246	118,875
Total exports since Aug. 1	2,150,539	2,089,794	2,628,652
World's vis. sup.	4,958,744	4,838,010	4,698,487
Of which American	3,689,744	3,367,010	3,402,487
Liverpool stocks	447,000	458,000	441,000
Continent stocks	116,000	106,000	217,000
N. Y. stocks	92,168	82,100	141,179
New Orleans stocks	465,038	434,906	396,922
On shipb'd waiting clearance	206,975	156,671	132,091

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
January	$1.38	$1.35¾	$1.36¼	$1.36½	$1.27⅞
February	1.34¼	1.32¼	1.33¾	1.33⅛	..
March	1.32½	1.30¾	1.31¼	1.31½	1.25⅞
May	1.29¾	1.27½	1.28¾	1.28⅞	1.24⅞
July	1.26⅜	1.24⅞	1.25⅜	1.26	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	67⅝	67¼	67⅜	67⅞	79
February	67⅝	67½	67⅜	67⅝	..
March	67⅝	67⅝	67⅜	67⅞	76½
May	68⅛	67⅝	68⅛	68⅛	76⅛
July	65⅛	64⅝	65⅛	65⅛	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 77c; No. 2 white, 77c; No. 3 white, 76½c; No. 4 white, 76c; ordinary clipped, 76½@77½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	..	..	$23.60	$23.75	$24.82
May	23.82	23.60	23.60	23.75	25.02
Ribs—					
January	..	..	24.75	..	24.02
May	22.50	22.27	22.30	22.47	24.45
Pork—					
January	..	..	46.25	..	47.10
May	40.75	40.10	40.42	40.55	45.60

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close
May	13.80	13.70	13.79	13.80
July	..	..	13.62	13.35
Sept	13.42	13.42	13.48	13.30
December	13.28	13.25	13.30	13.15

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	..	..	$1.58½
March	..	..	1.58⅝
May	$1.60	$1.50	1.59

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday: 5,195 packages. Market broken badly, top grades of creamery declining about 3c., with other grades sharing in the weakness but not to so great an extent. Trade very slow at the lower figures. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 62½@63c.; extras, 92 score, 61½@62c.; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 59@61c.; seconds, 85 to 87 score, 56@58c.; lower grades, 52@55c.; unsalted, higher than extras, 64½@65c.; extras, 63½@64c.; firsts, 61@63c.; seconds, 57@60c.; State dairy tubs, finest, 60@61c.; good to prime, 57@59c.; common to fair, 52@56c.; renovated, extras, 53@54c.; firsts, 51@52c.; lower grades, 44@48c.; imitation creamery, firsts, 47½@48½c.; ladles, current make firsts, 45½@46½c.; seconds, 44c.; lower grades, 42@43½c.; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 43½@44c.; No. 2, 42½@43c.; lower grades, 37@42c.

EGGS.—There was a little better trade, and the market maintained a fairly steady tone, the Exchange sales ranging from 61½c to 62c for firsts. Advices of shipments in transit are still conflicting. Ohio Valley sections generally report lighter collections this week, and limits are maintained on a good deal of the stock here. Storage eggs, without material change. Some very inferior goods are showing up among the remaining supplies, showing heavy loss, for which any reasenable bids have to be accepted. Nearby white eggs are cleaning up better, and the market is firmer. Finest Californias have shown some improvement in consequence of this condition, but the demand is limited at the prices quoted, and the under grades are still moving slowly. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 64@64½c; extra firsts, 63@63½c; firsts, 61½@62c; seconds and poorer, 56@61c; dirties, No. 1, 56@57c; No. 2 and poorer, 53@55c; checks, good to choice, dry, 49@51c; under grades, 43@48c; refrigerator, 48@53c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 69@70c; ordinary to prime, 63@68c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 62@69c; pullet whites, 61@62c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 70c; lower grades, 63@68c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 62@68c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 67@68c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 62@64½c.

BANK DEPARTMENT SUMMARY.

STATE BANKS.

Loans & investm'ts	$556,243,600	+$30,913,400
Gold	8,250,100	− 358,000
Currency and bank notes	27,081,400	− 2,030,300
Deposits with Federal Reserve Bank of New York	47,332,200	− 1,564,800
Reserve on deposits	101,893,600	− 5,816,200
Percentage of reserve, 21.1 per cent.		

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans & investm'ts	$2,005,460,000	+$33,960,100
Gold	12,970,000	− 99,700
Currency and bank bills	20,230,000	− 700,000
Deposits with Federal Reserve Bank of New York	186,677,200	− 427,300
Deposits	2,010,024,500	+ 31,283,300
Reserve on deposits	292,770,000	− 12,161,100
Percentage of reserve, 18.2 per cent.		

STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES NOT INCLUDED IN CLEARING HOUSE.

Loans, discounts, investments, &c.	$739,576,400	+$17,779,300
Gold	5,400,100	− 27,800
Currency & b'knotes	15,480,400	− 620,500
Deposits with Fed. Res. Bk. of N. Y.	63,276,400	+ 370,600
Total deposits	799,026,500	+ 3,598,300
Deposits, eliminating amounts due from reserve depositaries and from other banks and trust companies in New York City and U. S. deposits	719,142,100	+ 10,165,600
Reserve on deposits	137,342,900	− 8,685,400
Percentage of reserve, 21.1.		

RESERVE.

	State B'ks.	P.C.	Trust Cos.	P.C.
Cash	$17,678,600	13.31	$69,478,300	13.50
Deposits in bks. & trust cos.	12,393,300	08.98	37,687,100	07.37
Total	$30,072,800	21.79	$107,165,400	20.98

STATEMENT OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE

Average Figures for Week Ended Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919.

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

	*Capital.	*Surplus and Undivided Profits.	Loans, Discounts, Investments, &c.	Gold.	Legal Tenders.	Silver.	National Bank and Federal Res. Notes.	Res. with Legal Depositaries.	Nat. Bank Circulation.	Net Demand Deposits.	Net Time Deposits.
Bank of N. Y., N. B. A.	$2,000,000	$5,525,500	$47,020,000	$23,000	$112,000	$118,000	$226,000	$4,666,000	$774,000	$33,240,000	$1,792,000
Bank of the Manhattan Co.	2,500,000	7,165,700	62,015,000	337,000	265,000	572,000	1,948,000	8,023,000	......	55,507,000	......
Merchants' National	2,000,000	2,809,700	26,518,000	79,000	70,000	288,000	164,000	2,729,000	1,812,000	21,490,000	236,000
Mechanics & Metals National	6,000,000	11,137,700	154,996,000	7,550,000	160,000	898,000	2,003,000	26,586,000	3,780,000	160,167,000	3,386,000
Bank of America	1,500,000	6,859,700	34,302,000	240,000	189,000	322,000	625,000	4,255,000	......	30,490,000	......
National City	25,000,000	51,380,200	592,860,000	8,842,000	3,015,000	1,316,000	2,907,000	102,048,000	1,446,000	582,671,000	22,904,000
Chemical National	3,000,000	9,623,200	80,479,000	165,000	246,000	335,000	723,000	9,194,000	443,000	62,783,000	5,242,000
Atlantic National	1,000,000	951,000	16,441,000	63,000	100,000	224,000	107,000	1,896,000	147,000	14,343,000	535,000
National Butchers & Drovers	300,000	108,600	3,177,000	11,000	64,000	40,000	9,000	435,000	298,000	2,920,000	......
American Exchange National	5,000,000	5,571,300	113,640,000	544,000	233,000	435,000	2,609,000	14,835,000	4,955,000	98,091,000	5,485,000
National Bank of Commerce	25,000,000	24,376,700	394,680,000	45,000	509,000	844,000	1,843,000	35,633,000	......	296,123,000	4,461,000
Pacific	500,000	1,097,500	15,373,000	54,000	202,000	209,000	660,000	1,712,000	......	14,249,000	70,000
Chatham & Phenix National	3,500,000	3,081,400	98,022,000	482,000	466,000	1,541,000	2,723,000	11,340,000	2,206,000	83,634,000	8,417,000
Hanover National	3,000,000	18,278,000	134,481,000	4,233,000	175,000	695,000	883,000	20,085,000	150,000	132,615,000	......
Citizens' National	2,550,000	2,992,200	36,995,000	142,000	32,000	456,000	890,000	5,934,000	994,000	36,885,000	221,000
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2,316,800	49,256,000	558,000	145,000	517,000	896,000	3,487,000	......	28,848,000	50,000
Corn Exchange	3,500,000	8,548,600	116,238,000	204,000	137,000	2,471,000	3,787,000	14,113,000	......	120,527,000	1,445,000
Importers & Traders National	1,500,000	8,023,000	35,350,000	60,000	458,000	49,000	164,000	3,691,000	51,000	27,855,000	......
National Park	5,000,000	18,591,200	199,549,000	54,000	750,000	603,000	1,172,000	21,717,000	4,967,000	166,231,000	2,661,000
East River National	250,000	100,800	3,710,000	4,000	147,000	15,000	58,000	853,000	50,000	4,591,000	......
Second National	1,000,000	4,018,200	20,441,000	98,000	24,000	304,000	458,000	2,529,000	645,000	17,197,000	......
First National	10,000,000	31,608,600	301,179,000	19,000	457,000	625,000	492,000	20,182,000	8,420,000	157,788,000	1,6[illegible]
Irving National	4,500,000	5,647,300	113,692,000	1,047,000	319,000	1,908,000	1,159,000	16,084,000	1,000,000	116,295,000	819,000
New York County National	1,000,000	392,300	10,989,000	49,000	51,000	171,000	684,000	1,840,000	199,000	10,876,000	387,000
Continental	1,000,000	664,800	7,032,000	19,000	15,000	14,000	113,000	827,000	......	5,386,000	......
Chase National	10,000,000	15,522,900	327,198,000	2,589,000	3,098,000	1,326,000	238,000	41,287,000	1,100,000	286,898,000	10,500,000
Fifth Avenue	200,000	2,223,700	21,656,000	48,000	163,000	450,000	468,000	2,601,000	......	18,825,000	......
Commercial Exchange	200,000	871,100	6,672,000	51,000	57,000	91,000	100,000	918,000	......	6,504,000	......
Commonwealth	400,000	753,900	7,102,000	43,000	29,000	68,000	257,000	1,070,000	......	7,424,000	......
Lincoln National	1,000,000	2,008,600	17,098,000	123,000	174,000	138,000	689,000	2,683,000	210,000	17,037,000	......
Garfield National	1,000,000	1,372,600	13,480,000	3,000	5,000	114,000	279,000	1,636,000	399,000	11,622,000	37,000
Fifth National	250,000	408,900	6,921,000	37,000	21,000	107,000	194,000	855,000	249,000	6,460,000	448,000
Seaboard National	1,000,000	3,716,100	50,538,000	347,000	130,000	114,000	483,000	6,265,000	70,000	45,231,000	146,000
Liberty National	3,000,000	4,132,800	76,690,000	188,000	......	9,000	497,000	9,450,000	798,000	63,876,000	1,740,000
Coal & Iron National	1,000,000	1,028,100	13,033,000	5,000	40,000	125,000	500,000	1,339,000	414,000	12,175,000	395,000
Union Exchange National	1,000,000	1,326,500	13,901,000	16,000	43,000	203,000	171,000	1,844,000	399,000	14,258,000	458,000
Brooklyn Trust	1,500,000	2,518,300	36,865,000	82,000	20,000	104,000	415,000	4,250,000	......	25,219,000	5,120,000
Bankers Trust	15,000,000	16,617,800	280,712,000	97,000	130,000	56,000	969,000	29,740,000	......	222,112,000	10,476,000
U. S. Mortgage & Trust	2,000,000	4,628,600	66,854,000	27,000	21,000	188,000	397,000	7,197,000	......	52,252,000	6,822,000
Guaranty Trust	25,000,000	27,428,900	488,045,000	1,872,000	68,000	279,000	2,288,000	49,644,000	......	366,458,000	19,824,000
Fidelity Trust	1,000,000	1,283,200	10,753,000	89,000	38,000	39,000	197,000	1,247,000	......	8,664,000	479,000
Columbia Trust	5,000,000	6,850,500	84,618,000	46,000	45,000	177,000	736,000	10,851,000	......	75,046,000	4,047,000
People's Trust	1,000,000	1,306,400	28,020,000	52,000	84,000	252,000	582,000	2,434,000	......	24,285,000	1,766,000
New York Trust	3,000,000	10,769,900	106,362,000	41,000	11,000	10,000	221,000	5,489,000	......	57,868,000	2,787,000
Franklin Trust	1,000,000	1,170,100	29,452,000	69,000	33,000	153,000	198,000	2,493,000	......	15,383,000	1,910,000
Lincoln Trust	1,000,000	614,300	22,825,000	20,000	17,000	37,000	322,000	2,336,000	......	14,901,000	3,442,000
Metropolitan Trust	2,000,000	4,383,200	47,630,000	74,000	32,000	38,000	355,000	4,782,000	......	34,368,000	1,182,000
Nassau National, Brooklyn	1,000,000	1,173,000	15,320,000	8,000	74,000	80,000	262,000	1,080,000	50,000	10,631,000	640,000
Irving Trust	1,500,000	1,142,000	39,786,000	82,000	137,000	562,000	1,734,000	5,142,000	......	40,919,000	993,000
Farmers Loan & Trust	5,000,000	12,009,800	131,381,000	3,738,000	13,000	55,000	287,000	16,473,000	......	117,393,000	7,938,000
Total	$196,650,000	$356,131,000	$4,613,751,000	†$34,188,000	†$12,824,000	†$19,745,000	†$40,472,000	$552,613,000	‡$36,023,000	$3,837,078,000	$140,982,000
STATE BANKS NOT MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.									§Add. Deposits.		
Greenwich	$500,000	$1,476,800	$16,119,000	$575,000	$91,000	$136,000	$1,363,000	$1,190,000	......	$16,296,000	......
Bowery	250,000	816,600	5,506,000	304,000	36,000	13,000	281,000	320,000	$97,000	5,338,000	$5,000
New York Produce Exchange	1,000,000	1,206,500	21,962,000	677,000	504,000	530,000	585,000	2,143,000	166,000	23,607,000	......
State	2,000,000	548,300	36,860,000	1,504,000	965,000	724,000	723,000	2,918,000	442,000	37,474,000	58,000
Total	$3,750,000	$4,048,200	$80,447,000	$3,060,000	$1,596,000	$1,403,000	$2,902,000	$6,571,000	$705,000	$82,715,000	$63,000
TRUST COMPANIES NOT MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.											
Title Guarantee & Trust	$5,000,000	$11,947,900	$38,677,000	$98,000	$127,000	$179,000	$548,000	$2,575,000	$1,032,000	$23,245,000	$544,000
Lawyers Title & Trust	4,000,000	5,236,200	23,088,000	201,000	172,000	69,000	470,000	1,235,000	351,000	14,230,000	565,000
Total	$9,000,000	$17,184,100	$61,765,000	$299,000	$290,000	$248,000	$1,018,000	$3,810,000	$1,383,000	$37,475,000	$1,109,000
Grand total	209,400,000	377,363,300	4,755,963,000	37,547,000	14,719,000	21,396,000	44,392,000	562,994,000	2,088,000	¶3,957,268,000	142,154,000
Change	......	......	+4,268,000	+148,000	−1,468,000	−1,213,000	−3,823,000	−3,804,000	−791,000	+28,188,000	−753,000

Actual Condition at the Opening of Business Saturday.

Members Fed. Reserve Bank	......	......	$4,661,258,000	†$33,856,000	†$12,771,000	†$18,617,000	†$36,692,000	$568,624,000	......	$3,838,392,000	$143,618,000
State banks not in Res. Bank	......	......	81,766,000	3,119,000	1,516,000	1,436,000	3,036,000	7,232,000	$866,000	84,360,000	58,000
Trust cos. not in Res. Bank	......	......	62,021,000	300,000	286,000	235,000	334,000	4,102,000	912,000	37,981,000	1,184,000
Grand total	......	......	$4,805,045,000	$37,275,000	$14,573,000	$20,288,000	$40,062,000	$579,958,000	$1,778,000	¶$3,960,733,000	$144,860,000
Change	......	......	+44,718,000	−225,000	−1,612,000	−1,495,000	−5,967,000	+9,109,000	−1,192,000	+8,434,000	+2,512,000

*As officially reported for 28 national banks, 13 State banks and 15 trust companies on Nov. 1.
†Cash held in vaults of Fed. Res. Bank members not counted as reserve amounts to $107,229,000 in average statement and to $101,936,000 in actual statement.
‡Increase from previous week $72,000, actual figures $36,040,000, increase $98,000.
§Additional deposits with legal depositaries.
¶United States deposits deducted, $227,850,000 in average statement and $338,460,000 in actual statement.

Average and Actual Figures of Reserve Position

	Average: Cash Res've in Vault.	Reserve in Depositaries.	Reserve Required.	Excess.	Change.	Actual: Cash Res've in Vault.	Reserve in Depositaries.	Reserve Required.	Excess.	Change.
Members Federal Reserve Bank	......	$552,613,000	*$503,049,600	$49,563,400	−$7,664,270	......	$568,624,000	†$503,299,500	$65,324,500	+$8,027,2[illegible]
State banks not in Reserve Bank	$8,961,000	6,571,000	14,888,700	643,300	− 133,920	$9,107,000	7,232,000	15,184,800	1,154,200	+ 35,300
Trust companies not in Reserve Bank	1,864,000	3,810,000	5,621,250	52,750	+ 40,850	1,755,000	4,102,000	5,697,150	159,850	− 34,300
Total	$10,825,000	$562,994,000	$523,559,550	$50,259,450	−$7,757,340	$10,862,000	$579,958,000	$524,181,450	$66,638,550	+$8,028,2[illegible]

*$498,820,140 on net demand deposits and $4,229,460 on net time deposits.
†$498,990,960 on net demand deposits and $4,308,540 on net time deposits.

SUPPLEMENTARY BANK AND TRUST COMPANIES' FIGURES

For the Week Ended with Opening of Business Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919.
(Figures Compiled from Special Reports to THE NEW YORK TIMES.)

INSTITUTIONS CLEARING THROUGH MEMBERS.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Gold.	Other Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	With Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—						
Battery Park Nat.	$11,888,500	$9,800	$147,300	$1,246,400	$570,000	$9,695,000
Colonial	10,790,000	447,000	936,000	1,098,000	......	12,260,000
Columbia	14,475,000	15,000	788,000	2,999,000	......	17,034,000
Grace & Co., (W. R.)	7,562,371	4,000	6,000	1,221,488	1,529,022	8,406,951
International Bank	5,628,242	156,1[illegible]	442,437	626,963	2,000	6,290,313
Mutual	8,071,000	......	186,000	1,937,000	......	10,646,000
New Netherlands	4,597,000	8,000	261,000	1,008,000	176,000	5,477,000
Washington Heights	2,347,000	71,000	156,000	121,000	30,000	2,321,000
Yorkville	8,641,800	*919,400	343,200	478,500	300	9,994,500
*Includes $917,600 average balance at Federal Reserve Bank.						
BROOKLYN—						
First National	7,675,000	3,500	168,000	662,800	975,600	8,129,700
Mechanics'	23,304,000	396,900	1,608,700	2,061,300	8,500	29,555,200
National City	6,590,000	6,400	235,000	591,712	553,800	7,988,300
North Side	5,031,467	242,000	105,711	650,829	14,739	6,157,716
JERSEY CITY, N. J.—						
First National	10,721,000	81,000	582,000	4,320,000	48,000	13,281,000

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
BROOKLYN—					
Hamilton	$9,113,000	$472,000	$745,000	......	$8,854,000
BAYONNE, N. J.—					
Mechanics'	8,173,365	296,870	561,133	$102,962	8,680,328

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN THE CLEARING HOUSE.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Gold.	Other Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	With Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—						
Bank of Cuba	$968,172	$80,000	$16,561	$649,769	......	$1,576,125
Broadway Central	1,487,450	92,000	68,900	333,700	......	1,847,800
Bronx Borough	2,253,404	812	124,167	116,021	1,501	2,417,242
Bryant Park Bank	1,418,800	47,300	219,600	475,500	......	2,449,700
Chelsea Exchange Bk	6,089,000	......	448,000	255,000	41,000	4,552,000
Europe (Bank of)	3,183,100	125,000	315,700	229,000	......	3,736,100
Gotham National	6,453,000	......	223,000	755,000	216,000	6,647,000
Harriman National	25,288,500	98,600	871,340	2,999,500	671,000	29,244,500
Public National	32,205,000	16,000	843,000	3,296,000	1,902,000	33,630,000
Sherman National	5,773,300	14,150	163,800	880,700	975,100	7,887,400
Twenty-third Ward	3,347,300	86,400	283,300	737,700	30,200	4,492,500
Westchester Av. Bk.	2,192,300	13,000	85,000	145,300	4,800	2,025,800
BROOKLYN—						
Bank of Coney Island	1,423,800	13,000	150,100	85,500	......	1,612,400
Homestead	1,461,700	101,000	80,200	171,600	......	1,656,800
Montauk	1,445,000	33,000	67,000	42,000	......	1,444,000
Peoples National	2,959,934	6,805	153,129	320,505	164,000	3,441,000
JERSEY CITY, N. J.—						
Hudson County	5,176,520	44,200	289,090	948,000	54,860	5,483,920
HOBOKEN, N. J.—						
First National	9,277,800	6,800	229,500	1,104,600	25,800	9,885,900
Second National	7,041,067	11,855	237,167	1,053,625	101,509	8,142,497

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—					
Central-Union	$205,032,000	*$28,095,000	$10,159,000	$2,308,000	$218,853,000
Empire	36,763,100	2,834,600	4,941,100	2,643,800	43,869,200
Equitable	151,560,000	*18,884,000	5,542,000	18,396,000	176,990,000
Fulton	7,581,900	*1,170,300	237,400	......	7,826,900
Hudson	5,113,100	419,000	1,105,100	390,800	5,941,500
Mercantile	14,046,700	*2,021,300	989,500	......	15,815,000
N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust	25,787,300	1,585,200	637,100	......	22,616,000
Scandinavian	30,903,137	203,173	4,785,360	54,699	29,962,610
Transatlantic	1,163,800	70,700	362,200	2,466,400	2,546,300
United States	49,740,847	4,083,333	7,867,884	......	46,079,238
*Includes amount with Federal Reserve Bank as follows: Central-Union $24,621,000, Equitable $17,316,000, Fulton $1,033,400, and Mercantile $1,943,700.					
BROOKLYN—					
Kings County	20,981,770	1,247,024	2,199,207	......	21,649,941
Manufacturers'	29,893,400	826,800	4,313,900	113,300	24,468,800

AGGREGATE TRUST COMPANIES' DEPOSITS.

The following figures of Clearing House trust companies include items not included in the net deposits as reported to the Clearing House:

Trust Companies.	Deposits.	Trust Companies.	Deposits.
Bankers	$264,762,000	Lincoln	$21,231,800
Brooklyn	34,509,000	Metropolitan	40,949,600
Columbia	92,606,079	New York	70,473,000
Farmers	144,807,563	Peoples'	29,425,800
Fidelity	10,996,000	Title Guarantee	28,485,200
Franklin	19,806,400	United States Mortgage	66,678,000
Guaranty	455,867,000		
Irving	48,721,000	Total	$1,375,462,842
Lawyers Title	16,144,400	Change	+27,002,953

Fall River Quotations.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 18.—Following are the latest quotations of cotton stocks:

	Bid.	Ask.	Sale.
American Linen	95	..	..
Arkwright	163	..	..
Barnard	120	125	..
Border City	..	116	..
Bourne	110	..	..
Chace	135	145	..
Charlton	..	132	..
Conanicut	65	..	..
Cornell	180	..	..
Davis	124	127	..
Davol	100	..	..
Flint	..	170	..
Globe Yarn	100	..	..
Globe Yarn pf.	9[illegible]	..	..
Granite	115	..	..
Hargraves	62½	67½	..
King Philip	..	165	..
Laurel Lake	..	125	..
Lincoln	..	113	..
Luther	150	..	..
Mechanics	107½	..	..
Merchants	140	150	..
Narragansett	130	..	..
Osborne	..	130	..
Parker	62½	67½	..
Pilgrim	95	..	..
Pilgrim pf.	97	..	..
Pocasset	92½	100	..
P. Borden	155	165	..
Sagamore	250	260	..
Sanford Spin.	115	..	..
Sanford pf.	95	..	..
Seaconnet	95	102	..
Shove	..	105	..
Stafford	112½	..	..
Stevens	..	115	..
Tecumseh	162	167	..
Troy C. and W.	650	..	..
Union Cotton	225	240	..
Wampanoag	95	100	..
Weetamoe	124	..	..

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertise lost property in The New York Times and get it back next day. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.86, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., By G. L. KING, Secretary.

Dated January 6, 1919.

Cumberland Street Railway Company. The bonds of the above-named company, due October 1, 1918, will be exchanged for First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company, due January 1, 1950, at the office of the Controller of the Rhode Island Company, 100 Fountain St., Providence, R. I.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.

Dated December 31, 1918.

RECORD SALES.

In 1918 the sales of The New York Times amounted to 135,896,885 copies. Average daily and Sunday, 372,293 copies.—Advt.

NEW YORK RESERVE BANK.

Federal Reserve Bank of New York, at the close of business Jan. 17, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Gold coin and gold certificates:	
In vaults and settlement fund	$289,443,468.45
With F. R. Agent and in redemption fund—F. R. Notes	296,010,265.00
With foreign agencies	2,010,961.70
Total gold reserve	$588,364,695.15
Legal tender notes, silver certificates and sub. coin	52,149,971.90
Total reserves	$640,514,667.05
Bills discounted and bought:	
Rediscounts and advances—commercial paper	$33,554,537.95
Rediscounts and advances—U. S. obligations	569,445,997.97
Acceptances bought	84,148,342.83
Total	687,128,878.75
Investments:	
Deposits 620,648,600 — 1,584,500	
U. S. bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness	169,136,750.00
Due from foreign banks	6,375,960.93
All other resources	1,001,452.16
Total resources	$1,504,159,708.83

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$20,477,650.00
Surplus	8,322,040.00
U. S. Government deposits	7,000,042.41
Foreign Government deposits	92,201,551.32
Member banks deposits (net)	664,430,203.14
Non-member banks deposits	4,298,453.71
Due to War Finance Corp.	2,507,358.74
Due to other F. R. banks	4,202,199.51
F. R. Bank notes (net)	35,024,000.00
Federal Reserve notes (net)	665,687,310.00
Total liabilities	$1,504,159,708.83
Federal Reserve notes outstanding	$781,082,665.00
Against which there are deposited with Federal Reserve Agent:	
Gold and lawful money	271,910,265.00
Commercial paper	687,128,878.75

CALL MONEY RATES.

Call money rates in corresponding weeks in this and recent years have been:

	High.	Low.	Ruling.		High.	Low.	Ruling.
1919	5½	4	4½	1913	3	2½	2¾
1918	6	2½	4	1912	2½	1¾	2¼
1917	2	1¾	1⅞	1911	3	1½	2¼
1916	2	1¾	1⅞	1910	4	2¾	3½
1915	2¼	1½	2¼	1909	2	1¾	1⅞
1914	3	1¾	2¼	1908	6	2¾	4

WEEKLY BANK CLEARINGS.

New York City bank clearings last week, as reported by the Clearing House, and the clearings of the United States, as reported by The Financial Chronicle, compare as follows:

	In New York.	Total U. S.
1919.		
Jan. 18	$4,217,443,503	$7,580,977,917
Jan. 11	3,977,910,946	7,206,061,911
Jan. 4	4,347,516,231	7,897,988,975
Dec. 28, 1918	*3,459,343,811	6,241,266,823
Dec. 21	3,960,308,340	7,354,172,157
1918.		
Jan. 19	$3,423,298,065	$6,185,027,[illegible]
Jan. 12	3,436,340,122	6,047,660,042
Jan. 5	3,560,808,658	6,067,121,777
Dec. 29, 1917	2,816,950,800	5,115,920,[illegible]
Dec. 22	3,459,327,197	6,806,064,353

*Five days.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE STATE BANK,
376-378 Grand Street.
New York, January 17, 1919.

At the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, held on the 14th inst., the following named gentlemen were duly elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Oscar L. Richard, Harold C. Richard, Arnold Kohn, Albert I. Voorhis, Lucius N. Littauer, John Kneisel, Harry W. Vogel, William B. Roth, Walter T. Kohn, Sol. Wexler, Robert H. Mainzer, M. H. Mans, Walter L. Burckett, W. L. Ball, Michael Tuch

At the Meeting of the Directors, held January 17th, 1919, the following Officers were unanimously elected, viz:—

Harold C. Richard, President;
Albert I. Voorhis, Vice President.

The following Officers were appointed:—

Walter L. Burckett, Vice President;
John Kneisel, Cashier;
Charles A. Smith and Frank A. Pappi, Assistant Cashiers.
Chester A. Woodworth was appointed Auditor.

JOHN KNEISEL, Cashier.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

Conservation of Thrift Habits

In The Annalist tomorrow, an interesting article discusses plans to meet the new-born spirit of investment and thrift, inculcated in the people of the United States through the Government Liberty Loans.

Suggestions to prevent the loss of the great lesson of thrift are made in the article, which earnestly advocates some plan to make the people of the United States keep on saving.

A course, approved by the heads of several bond houses, is the issue of public utility stocks and bonds in denominations small enough to meet the purse of the small buyer. Such action, it is pointed out, would be both patriotic and economical.

In tomorrow's issue

THE ANNALIST
A Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics
Times Square, New York
10 cents a copy $4.00 a year

The Merchant's Point of View

IT really begins to look, judging from some of the happenings of the past week, as though producers were commencing to realize that the war is over and that wartime prices cannot be maintained. The realization of this seems to have come to some with rather a severe wrench, as the taking of excessive profits had been continued long enough to have crystalized into a habit. There had been, furthermore, so little objection manifested by the general public toward paying more for everything that it appeared to be an easy matter to go ahead on such a basis. The only flaw in the reasoning was that no account was taken of the exaltation of feeling that had been aroused by patriotic appeals while the war was on and that repressed or stilled any inclination which might have tended to produce discord in a period when private interests were subordinated or swallowed up in the larger public ones. The patient ultimate consumer, who was content to deprive himself of luxuries and even of some of the things he used to consider as necessaries, and to pay exorbitant prices for what he did get—all because he believed these were a help to winning the war—is beginning to look after himself more now that the war has been won. He cannot be convinced that the high levels to which prices were pushed are necessary at the present time. Manifestations of this change of sentiment have come to the retailers and have by them been pushed on to the wholesalers. From the latter they went to the producers, who are beginning to sit up and take notice.

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Some Reductions in Prices.

During the week there have been a number of business meetings in this city. Perhaps the most important have been those of the jobbers and wholesalers, who together make up the National Wholesale Dry Goods Association and its kindred bodies. What was to be uppermost in their deliberations, according to the titles of the addresses announced in advance, was the matter of the trend of prices. Apparently to meet the views of these distributers, producers of different kinds of textiles made public their new lists of prices, which showed substantial reductions, ranging in certain lines from 25 to 33 per cent. below those recently in vogue. There was less uncertainty on the part of cotton men than of those engaged in the manufacture of woolens. The latter are in somewhat of a quandary because of the uncertainty as to the cost of the raw material. Even among the makers of cotton goods variances of opinion are noted. Manufacturers of plain fabrics and of hosiery have been quickest to fall in with the trend toward lower figures. The blanket and napped goods makers and the knitters of underwear have been disposed to give ground slowly. Many of them contend that their prices had not been raised proportionately as much as had other cotton goods, and that as to some of them the prices in effect before the war were not on paying levels. But then, on the other hand, none of the reductions on any lines brings the new prices anywhere near those prevailing in ante-bellum times, nor is there any likelihood of this coming about for a long period to come. Some say it will never come.

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Raw Material and Finished Product.

Now, it is not the way the mills or the jobbers, or even the retailers regard this matter of prices which will count. It is what the consuming public will say and do. An increased income tax added to the other burdens of the cost of living is apt to cause a closer scrutiny of all expenditures and lead to a comparison with previous prices. In the case of underwear it looks as though some things may require explanation in order to satisfy the inquisitive. Take, for example, the case of the 16-pound union suits of standard Northern make. The jobbing price in 1915 of these goods was $6.26 per dozen. Cotton at that time averaged 11 cents a pound. Next year, with cotton costing 5 cents more a pound, the price of the garments was only lifted to $8.83, an addition of 57 cents, or 23 cents less than the increase in the cost of the raw material. In 1917, with cotton averaging 25 cents a pound, the price of the suits was advanced to $9.90. Here, with an increase of $1.44 in the cost of the raw cotton, there was an advance of $3.07 in the trade price of the garments. Last year cotton averaged 32 cents a pound, and there were two sets of prices for the suits. At the outset the trade price was $13.85 per dozen, an increase of $3.95 over the year before, though the cost of the cotton in them aggregated only $1.12. Late in the year, after conferences with the trade, the Government fixed the price of the suits at $18 per dozen, or $4.15 above what had been the case. At the end of 1918 the suits sold at wholesale for $11.74 more than they did three years before, while the cotton in them cost only $3.36 more according to the average market quotations. Here is a discrepancy of $8.38.

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Where the Consumer Comes In.

It is not contended that the added price of the raw material was the only factor in increasing the cost of the garments. The higher wages figure as another element, although the importance of this may well be exaggerated. How much of the $8.38 difference in the price of a dozen suits is represented by this additional labor cost is a question. That it is only a small proportion may be inferred from the fact that all the goods are machine made and that it will take a very substantial increase of wages to bring about an addition of $1 per dozen in the cost of manufacturing the suits. There are, however, certain other factors such as the increased cost of fuel, needles, and other supplies. But, on the other hand, it is by no means certain that the prices paid for raw cotton averaged anywhere near as high as the figures given, which in the previous calculation were set down as 32 cents per pound for last year. In the new prices for next Fall's goods the suits are put down to the trade at $16.50 per dozen. By the time they passed through the hands of the jobbers and other intermediaries and reached the consuming public this price would be more than doubled. It would mean that consumers will have to pay from $3 upward per suit as against the price of $1.50, which was current two years ago. The doubt as to the willingness of retail buyers to meet this advance is the cause of no little hesitation and uncertainty in the trade. This is what caused the conference on Friday between producers, selling agents, and jobbers of knit goods. Buyers were not disposed to put in orders without a guarantee of protection and before they got through, they succeeded in obtaining it.

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Making Statistics More Useful.

As has hitherto been stated in THE TIMES, the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce is engaged in the task of rearranging its tabular statistics of imports and exports so as to make them of greater service. The first great step in this direction is the preparing of a proper and adequate classification. Up to the present time articles brought in or shipped out have been arranged in alphabetical order, with a few groups classified. This has its disadvantages, as those can testify who have tried, for instance, to look up "rubber" only to find it, after needless labor, under the I list as india rubber. Then the lists were subdivided in accordance with provisions in the tariff acts, which may have had its advantages when the duties were to be tinkered with, but which was the despair of all who had to consult them. The latter were forever running across the "N. E. S."—otherwise, not elsewhere specified—which included very many of the articles which business men were interested in. In the new classification there is not only a natural grouping similar to that in use in British and other statistics of trade, but the subdivisions are sufficiently detailed and explicit to be really informing. The classification of chemicals, for example, is about as thorough a piece of work of this kind as has ever been done by anybody. Another good idea which is being carried out is a co-operation with the Census Bureau, so that a similar classification of domestic production may be made. In this way it will be possible to make comparisons of production, imports, and exports of the same articles. Suggestions are still invited from all interested for further improvement!

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Cotton and Cotton Fabrics.

When the Government, through the price-fixing committee of the War Industries Board, established prices on cotton fabrics, it based them on 30-cent cotton, or at least this was the claim. One reason given for not fixing prices on the raw material was that these would be automatically regulated by the prices of the fabrics. What happened during the past week seemed to bear out this theory somewhat. At the beginning of the week the announcement was made of a 25 per cent. cut in the prices of certain standard bleached cottons, and this weakened the prices of other fabrics in the gray. Following this came a decided drop in the quotations of cotton. Other factors are likely to work in the same direction, especially the curtailment of production at the mills. Domestic spinners have not done much buying lately and are said to be using up their reserves, and Great Britain seems to have enough cotton on hand to meet all possible requirements for a while. In the goods market there has been a fair show of activity because of the offerings to jobbers who have been in the market. Dealings in certain goods, like cotton blankets, are reported to have been quite fair, but in general there does not seem to be any great eagerness to buy. Some assurances or guarantees that prices will not be lower are sought, but are not always forthcoming. Once buyers are satisfied that needless inflation is gone, business is apt to pick up, but it looks as though some time must elapse before ordering far ahead will be resumed.

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As to Wool and Woolens.

A little more success attended the Government wool auctions of the week than was the case in the preceding ones. This was attributed in some degree to the announcement of the minimum prices and their comparison with the British issue prices for similar wools. Bidders kept close to the minimum in most instances in doing their buying, and it was noted that dealers kept aloof. From now on the chances are that the Government will hurry up and get out of the wool business as soon as possible, leaving prices to be settled by economic conditions. The mills will be able to go ahead on this basis, and a number of them are preparing to do so. It will doubtless be discovered that the British manufacturers of woolens will have no great advantage, if any, over those in this country so far as the cost of the raw material is concerned. In dress goods, as was shown at one of the jobbers' meetings the other day, the manufacturers here are in a better position than are the French manufacturers and can produce more cheaply certain staple fabrics. The mills are eager to do business, the leading factor in the trade having about half its capacity idle, and there will be little further delay in getting out the lines for the next Fall season. The manufacturing clothiers are waiting for the offerings, and retailers are a little curious as to how great the price reductions are to be.

TO MASTER FOREIGN TRADE.

Courses of Study Outlined for Those to be Engaged in It.

Suggestions have been made in a bulletin issued by the Federal Board for Vocational Education at Washington, D. C., for courses of study to meet the requirements of those who must learn the practical aspects of the fundamentals of overseas commerce within a short time.

The bulletin was written and prepared by Dr. R. S. MacElwee, agent for commercial education in the board. Because of his experience as salesman and executive in foreign trade and his experience in economics and foreign trade at Columbia University, he is able to view the problem both from the standpoint of the man who must use it in selling American products in other countries and of the teacher.

It is hoped that the courses outlined in the bulletin will be suggestive of application to any kind of training in the basic principles of foreign trade and shipping. But the people to whom the bulletin especially appeals are those employed in the day in some business houses, and in contact with some of the problems of the subject, who may study by expanding the outlines suggested; high school seniors who are to be trained to be junior clerks in the export business and brought into practical contact with that business on a part-time arrangement; and engineers whose technical training must be supplemented by training in the essentials of the routine of foreign commerce in order properly to represent American interests abroad.

Business men are urged to take the initiative in regard to this matter, as the success of the educational and training movement depends upon the benefit which it will have to the merchants and manufacturers engaged in foreign commerce. Recent developments in foreign commerce and the increase in foreign trade, emphasized the need of special training so that the merchants of this country may successfully compete with foreign merchants who are looking forward to this trade.

With a merchant marine of possibly 25,000,000 tons the question of shore operation, or management of ships for a profit will be an important factor of the commercial life of this country. New demands will be made on our consular offices by the merchant marine, thereby increasing the necessity of technical training for efficiency in this service.

It will require the united efforts of individuals and organizations interested in this field of activity to make the present and future plans in this field as practical as possible. This bulletin is only the first effort toward definite progress. The co-operation of all institutions, teachers, publishers, and any others interested in foreign trade education is invited by the Federal Board. Only by this co-operation will subsequent bulletins prove of greatest value to those for whom they are prepared.

The bulletin contains outlines of short unit courses in foreign trade technique, on common selling methods and practices, the mechanism of foreign trade, exchange, credit, and banking, ocean transportation, marine insurance, trade routes, foreign tariffs, and commercial policies.

DROP IN INDIA'S CROPS.

Yields of Indigo and Cotton to be Below Last Year's.

The first forecast of the 1918-19 indigo crop was issued recently by the Indian Department of Statistics, according to Consul General James A. Smith of Calcutta. The estimates are based on reports received from six provinces, which contain practically the whole area under indigo in British India. The total area sown is estimated at 280,500 acres, being about 55 per cent. below the revised estimate at the corresponding date a year ago. As compared with the final 1917-18 estimate, 690,600 acres, the present estimate shows a decrease of 59 per cent. The total yield of dye is now roughly estimated at 32,100 hundredweight, based on 112 pounds, as against 70,300 hundredweight, estimated at this time a year ago, or a decrease of 54 per cent. Comparing this with the final 1917-18 estimate, 67,900 hundredweight, the present estimate shows a decrease of 63 per cent. Weather conditions at sowing time were unfavorable. Owing to the insufficient rainfall the conditions of the crop on the whole are only fair.

There has also been a decrease in the cotton supply. Reports that have been received from all the cotton-growing provinces of the country have been used by the department in compiling its second forecast for the 1918-19 season. The estimate relates generally to sowings made up to October of last year. The area so far reported totals 15,814,000 acres and is 25 per cent. below the estimate of a year ago. The decrease is mainly due to the unfavorable weather conditions. The average percentage in Mysore is 60 per cent., in Ajmer-Merwara 60 per cent., in Rajputana 46 per cent., in Madras 41 per cent., in Bombay and Hyderabad 46 per cent., in the United Provinces 37 per cent., Central India 12 per cent., and in the Central Provinces and Berar 9 per cent. On the other hand, the Northwest Frontier Province shows an increase of 41 per cent., Burma 33 per cent., Sind 31 per cent., Punjab 14 per cent., Bihar and Orissa 13 per cent., and Assam 3 per cent.

New Lines of Women's Neckwear.

In the new women's neckwear lines the tendency seems to be toward somewhat smaller collars in particularly neat and rich effects. These are gained in some of the lines by employing unusually handsome imitation "val," filet, and venise laces which, especially in the case of some of the narrow and finer "vals," are almost impossible to tell from the real. These laces are employed not only in organdy collars, but also in combinations with georgette, in both of which they make a very beautiful appearance.

More Call for Table Linens.

Reports received in the local trade show that the call for table linens is increasing greatly. Although a large part of the business is being done in plain goods there has also been a big demand for Madeira linens, which are now considered as staple articles. In the retail trade the former spurt of economy among the high-class trade has affected the sale of real lace table linens. At present, however, these goods are being bought more freely.

Good Season for Veilings.

Not only are all the veiling manufacturers agreed that this season should be an exceptionally good one in their line, but many veiling buyers have expressed the same opinion. In the new lines are shown many novel patterns, among the most popular being hexagon and filets. Chenille dots are used in a very liberal manner, and many beautiful effects are obtained by combining chenille dots and scroll patterns.

Argentina's Crops.

Commercial Attaché Robert S. Barrett of Buenos Aires has cabled that the Government official estimate for this year's crops are as follows: Wheat, 5,-015,000 tons; exportable surplus, 4,300,000 tons; linseed, 703,000 tons, with an export surplus of 679,000 tons; oats, 640,-000 tons.

Mr. Munn's Resignation.

John R. Munn, recently elected President of the Textile Alliance Export Corporation, has resigned his position as assistant selling agent of the American Woolen Company of New York, and has also tendered his resignation to the American Woolen Products Company.

Trade with Palestine and Syria.

The American Consul at London cables that the Board of Trade has given notice authorising commercial and financial transactions in Palestine and Syria as far north as a line from Alexandretta to Aleppo, inclusive, and as far east as the Hejaz Railway, inclusive.

WOOLEN GOODS IN CANADA.

Domestic Mills to Supply the Next Six Months' Demands.

Canadian woolen mills, it is said, can supply the markets in that country for the next six months, according to Consul Felix S. S. Johnson, Kingston, Ontario. During the next year, however, it is expected that imported goods will be very scarce. Estimates of some importers place the period of high prices at at least two years. No samples of new goods are expected for at least six months, and the delivery of goods from Europe in quantity would then be six months later or even longer.

At present woolen firms in Canada are only able to purchase in limited quantities. Many large orders are still unfilled that have been booked for a period between one and two years at prices that have still not been fixed. Some of these orders have been confirmed within the past two months at prices considerably higher than previous quotations. Since mills will be obliged to complete delivery of orders before entering on new orders, the prices which they fix will govern the course of clothing values for the next twelve months.

An importer who has investigated conditions in the woolen and general dry goods trade in the United States and Canada stated that the market was practically bare of supplies and that prices were from 15 to 50 per cent. higher for the next year than they have been. He asserted that representatives of English houses were in New York looking for goods, particularly hosiery. There have been surprisingly few cancellations of orders.

Manufacturers' agents for English firms have practically nothing to offer. The market is relatively bare of civilian goods. Canadian houses that are in close touch with the situation in Great Britain and some of whom have received cable advices recently from representatives who are now seeking British goods, state that practically nothing is offering, and that for the scanty supply that is to be had prices are from 15 to 50 per cent. higher than for the goods bought for the Fall trade of 1918.

CELEBRITIES IN TILE.

Portraits of Notables Used in This Form for Fireplaces.

Military and naval heroes with a few other great men of the day and the war are being immortalized in fireplaces, where their portraits in tiles are used as the keystone. Roosevelt is one of the men who is to be memorialized in this way, and there has been a large demand for his portraits in tile, just as in other forms, since his death. There is a Wilson tile, and one New York man has a tiled portrait of the President on each side of his fireplace.

There are tile portraits of Lloyd George, Asquith, and Admirals Beatty and Jellicoe, and those of Pershing and Foch are soon to arrive in this country. The portraits are excellent likenesses. The man who makes the likenesses, using several photographs, is George Cartlidge, the English sculptor. He carves the portrait in low relief, a die is made, from which the tiles are cast, and these are baked in a continuous oven at 1,600 degrees Fahrenheit in a kiln at Stoke-on-Trent. The sculptor is particularly clever at this kind of work.

The artist charges $1,000 a portrait. The tiles retail at about $5, the price varying somewhat according to the location of the dealer who sells them. They have a brilliant glaze and come in three color tones, the brown, in which Roosevelt and Wilson appear, being the best.

RAW SILK MARKETS.

A General Lack of Activity is Reported, in All of Them.

It cannot be said that the raw silk market is especially active at the present. In Japan, according to advices received by A. P. Villa Brothers, Inc., prices are a trifle firmer, Sinshiu No. 1 being quoted at 1,490 yen, as against 1,480 a week ago. Buyers re-entered the market to a moderate extent, but there have been no transactions of any importance. The visible stock is estimated at 32,000 bales.

At Canton buyers are taking no interest and reelers are indifferent, declining to make any concessions. The Shanghai market is very quiet, with prices unchanged. A dull market is also reported in Italy, with little buying for European account and none for American.

A little better feeling is reported locally, but manufacturers are so far only covering their immediate wants. It is, however, the general belief that the silk mills are today carrying the smallest stock of raws, and that as soon as the strike situation which is threatening in the garment trade and also in Paterson has been cleared up, there will develop a scope of great activity, which may be followed by a sharp advance in all raw silk prices.

NEWEST IN MILLINERY.

Among the Models Shown Are Some in Faille Watered Silk.

In a line of model hats just shown are some in faille watered silk in light shades. This material is just beginning to make its appearance. One of the models is a short back poke effect with extremely wide front. It is in American Beauty shade, and its trim consists of a cluster of dull-toned grapes. Another model of this material in Titian shade has a drenched ostrich pom pom on the side. The models are priced at $10.

Among cheaper hats is one with a basket weave effect of French blue and tan chrysanthemum straw. The top of the crown of this little poke is of the blue straw and it has around the brim a two-inch band of tan and blue chrysanthemum interwoven. Tan curly quills are placed on the side.

There are also linere shapes trimmed with wide moire ribbon bows. One model has the edge of the brim made of loops of linere about one inch wide. Through these loops the moire ribbon can be seen. The crown is round and regularly shaped of narrow moire ribbon. A tiny moire ribbon bow at the front lends a neat finish.

Fair Gray Goods Trading.

For a Saturday, the business in gray goods in the local market yesterday was quite brisk. There was an evident disposition on the part of both buyers and sellers to trade. Some fairly large business was done in printcloths from first hands for this month's and February and March deliveries. Thirty-nine-inch 68-72s were disposed of at 12½ cents, and 38½-inch 64-60s and 60-52s at 10½ and 9¾ cents, respectively. There were also notable dealings in gauze fabrics and in sateens and twills. Altogether, the transactions were regarded as quite promising and as showing a belief in the stability of present values.

Sealskins of 1918.

A lot of sealskins were brought to Seattle on Jan. 3 on the steamer Roosevelt, which had come from the Pribiloff Islands. From St. Paul Island came 2,899 of the skins, and from St. George Island 4,584. During the calendar year 1918 27,503 seals were killed on the former island and 7,387 on the latter, making a total of 34,890. This is within 110 skins of the authorized quota of 35,000.

Sale of Philippine Underwear.

During the last two weeks there has been a decided decrease in the sale of Philippine underwear. Salesmen who are now out with these lines are not having any difficulty in selling these goods. In fact, the orders that are now being taken are much larger than any that have been received for some time. Two orders that were taken last week, which amounted to nearly $40,000 each, are considered in the trade as being exceptionally large.

Petticoat Business Increasing.

Some very liberal orders are being received by manufacturers of petticoats from out-of-town buyers who are now in this city purchasing their new Spring lines. Reports sent in by the salesmen on the road are very encouraging, especially in the South and West. In these sections the buying is very heavy, particularly on the high-priced lines.

Business Opportunity Advertisements on Page 23, Section 1.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BEARSKIN Wanted.—All colors. American Produced Stuffed Toy Co., 116 Wooster St.

SCARFS-MUFFS Wanted.—Forty red, black fox, raccoon, natural opossum; $200. 3,388 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BOYS' SUITS.—Velveteen, blue, brown, 8-8; sacrifice. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersal dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere L. Rand & Co., 87 West 28th St.

GARFIELDS' For Sale.—619, at $2.25 net; W-423, 19 pieces; A-127, 18 pieces; A-312, 9 pieces; Andrews' mills, style 1464, at $2.25 net, shade 349, 5 pieces; shade 336, 17 pieces; shade 467, 5 pieces. The Landesman Hirschheimer Co., 1,323 West 9th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

KNEE PANTS.—Corduroy serges, and mixtures; large jobs cheap. Reliance, 130 Bleecker St.

MILLINERY Wanted.—Jobs in millinery, waists, and furs. Monday morning. Wm. T. Knott, 23-25 East 26th St.

SERGE Wanted.—Amoskeag 6002, navy; quote lowest price for spot cash. Madison Square 1866.

TRICOTINE.—Garfield 5010, navy, rookie, and black. Madison Square 8274.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTOR wanted on ladies' bathing suits; to cut and make. Write P. F., 104 East 14th.

Allied Industries.

CHEVRONS.—Look, we beat them all; red and blue felt chevrons, $3.25 per gross, in quantities; immediate delivery. Nat Bloom, 192 6th Av. Farragut 9346.

DRUMMER TRUNKS Wanted.—Suitable for children's bathrobe line. Apply Loxiton Mfg. Co., 1,182 Broadway. Phone Mad. Sq. 7135.

50,000 ALUMINUM-FACED WIRE COLLAR buttons, 60c., 1,000 sample 1,000 mailed, 70c. The Economy Shirt Co., Pleasantville, N. Y.

Help Wanted.

Lawyer.—A lucrative law practice in a prosperous New Jersey community has opening for high-class man; particulars furnished upon application. X 293 Times Annex.

STOCK SALESMAN WANTED for dividend-paying oil issue, also gold; commission only. O 334 Times.

Situations Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE, office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced tax estimates made, balance sheets, profits statements prepared. B 765 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE AND MANAGER.—Factory and sales manager of concern doing several millions seeks new connection; present sphere limited; 20 years' experience; handled credits, exports; know wholesale dry goods and retail trade throughout U. S. and Canada; your proposition must net me $8,000 to $10,000; can invest. G 329 Times.

MFRS. SALES AGENT, EXECUTIVE.—Experienced salesman of commanding address is open to represent, also manage sales agency, for prominent manufacturer; Pacific coast territories preferred; Canadian opportunities excellent; business is good in Vancouver. R 16 Times.

MFRS. of silk knitted or silk cloth underwear desiring representation in Middle West can secure selling service of live organization, headquarters Chicago. G 345 Times.

SALESMAN of experience and ability desires connection with manufacturer of women's wear on commission basis for territory of District of Columbia, Virginia and North Carolina; only manufacturers of financial and merchandising reputation need reply. Care of X 292 Times Annex.

SALESMAN covering Middle West take side line, novelty infants' wear; occupy small space; commission basis. S 67 Times.

SALESMAN, discharged from army, 8 years' experience, road, city, desires position with reputable firm; references. O 333 Times.

WORKS MANAGER—Machinery, factory methods, production, handling of men; New York or New England; location of secondary importance. References. Have designed, built, patented successful machinery, and know manufacturing. X 285 Times Annex.

Nearlinen — British Manufacture — THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE — SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York.

Henry Glass & Co. 44-46-48 White St.

IMPORTED WHITE GOODS—LIKE LINEN.

Linia Mode Dusting — Stamped on Selvage — LIGHT WEIGHT — A. E. Nathan Co., Inc., 68-72 Leonard St., N. Y.

EXPORT LINES WANTED.

OUR PRESIDENT, MR. MILTON H. KOHN, WHO HAS BEEN TRAVELING SOUTH AMERICA FOR 26 YEARS, IS NOW GETTING READY FOR ANOTHER 14 MONTHS' TRIP, LEAVING NEW YORK ABOUT MARCH 1 NEXT. HE IS STILL OPEN FOR A FEW LINES TO SELL ON A STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS. DO NOT REPLY UNLESS YOU HAVE A DESIRABLE AND STAPLE LINE AND CAN HANDLE A BIG VOLUME OF EXPORT BUSINESS. WE REPRESENT OVER 50 LARGE NEW YORK HOUSES. THIS IS A GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR YOU TO START IN THE EXPORT TRADE PROPERLY. ADDRESS KOHN STARK EXPORT CO., 90 WEST ST., NEW YORK.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures, Van Praag & Co., 537 Broadway, Spring 2248.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—M. Furchgott & Sons; M. Furchgott, cloaks, suits, furs, skirts, dresses, waists, muslin, silk underwear, infants' wear; 141 Madison Av.; Latham.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss P. B. Carey, lamps; 13 East 22d.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Root & McBride Co.; J. A. Hahn, notions, corsets, traveling bags; 73 Leonard; Flanders.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col.—C. A. Hibbard, dry goods; Mrs. D. Crowley, representing; 141 Madison Av.; Park Av.

DETROIT—Berman & Mazure; B. Berman, clothing; Park Av.

EUREKA, Cal.—Ryan D. G. Co.; G. R. Ryan, dry goods, ready-to-wear, millinery; Bristol.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Jackson-Hoyt Co.; A. B. Hoyt, women's ready-to-wear, men's clothing; Ansonia.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. Bacon & Sons; J. K. Mayer, muslin underwear, infants' wear, corsets, house dresses, wrappers, negligees; 23 East 26th.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—A. Hamburger & Sons; E. V. Stewart, shoes; 225 5th Av.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; D. L. McCarty, toys, sporting goods, baby carriages; 2 West 37th.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—D. H. Holmes Co.; R. B. Gallegly, men's, women's, children's shoes; 15 East 26th.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Levy Bros.; L. E. Levy, mfrs. cloaks, suits, dresses, wash waists; 366 5th Av.; Bristol.

TEMPLE, Texas—Roddy Bros.; Mrs. J. W. Savage, ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,182 Broadway; Aberdeen.

MERCHANDISE EXECUTIVE

Who has had experience that will enable him to manage the merchandising of one of the largest Department Stores in this country is offered an opportunity of a lifetime.

My client's business has been steadily increasing for the past seven years. There are probably only a very few men in this country who could successfully fill this position; and my client wants one of them.

Write me of your qualifications and if you "measure up," I will arrange for an interview with my principals.

Your communication will be held in the strictest confidence. Address all communications B 232 Times.

Reference: Mr. W. McMaster Mills, Central Union Trust Company, 5th Ave. & 60th St.

Light & Air
Ideal
Manufacturing
Floor Space
In the Centre of
Springfield, Mass.
70,000 sq. ft. on 2 floors.
All or part is now available. Passenger and freight elevator-sprinkler system.
Plenty of high grade help available.
EDW. J. MURPHY CO., Fuller Bldg. Springfield, Mass.

Can You Represent Us
In a Foreign Country.

A large export and import house wants broad gauge men to act as sales representatives and branch managers in foreign countries; knowledge of language and conditions indispensable. Financial responsibility desirable; unusual opportunity to the right men. State qualifications in detail. Address T. T. 215 Times Downtown.

DESKS, TABLES, CHAIRS, ETC.

We have several carloads bought for government requirements. Changed conditions due to the cessation of the war compel us to offer this stock at extremely low prices.
U.S. Desk Co., Inc.
119 E. 34th St.
Phone Vanderbilt 8662.

Wanted—Export Manager

An excellent opportunity for an experienced man, with practical knowledge of export trade. Must be a good executive. Please give full particulars as to qualifications, experience, age and salary. All communications strictly confidential.

Address MM, Box 120, Times Downtown

Why Not?

Adopt the safe and sane business policy that your competitors are employing? Turn your outstandings into ready cash and watch business grow.

Reasonable terms, non-binding contract and strictest confidence. Tel. Chelsea 327.

UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

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Manufacturers, Jobbers and Importers, turn your accounts into ready cash. Liberal advances. Rates as low as one per cent.

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494 Broadway. Spring 853 t.

COLEMAN & CO.
ACCOUNTS FINANCED
1133 Broadway. 9768 Farragut.
Trade Acceptances Discounted.

Advances on Merchandise.
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Commercial Bankers
96 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Phone Stuyv. 8300.

ACCOUNTS FINANCED.
As low as 1% charged.
As high as 80% advanced.
Best Finance Co., 1133 Broadway

I. EVISON & CO.
BANKERS
141 Fifth Avenue
Ready money rules Men, Markets and Merchandise.

SWEATER BUYERS

Judging by the Immense Business we are now booking, you can safely place your orders with us for SWEATERS with a full assurance of a strong demand and excellent profit.

OUR SPRING 1919 LINE
is priced on a basis consistent with the Standard of Our Quality Merchandise

450 New Models and Exclusive Styles in
SWEATERS — SLIPONS

MERCERIZED
FIBRE SILK
THREAD SILK
WOOL
WORSTED
ZEPHYR

For LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
Now Showing in Our Immense Show-rooms

Exporters Cohen Brothers Importers

The Leading Sweater House
16-18-20 WEST 32nd STREET
NEW YORK.

—125% PROFIT
ON THE COST OF MONEY
FROM SELLING ACCOUNTS

This letter is from a customer rated $100,000. to $150,000. FIRST CREDIT and we will furnish Notary's affidavit as to its correctness upon request.

"December 6th, 1918

We want to take this opportunity to tell you of our appreciation of the financial help you have given us by your plan of purchasing accounts receivable—and to say also that we believe you are filling a need which is not taken care of by any other kind of financial institution.

Take our concern for an example. We increased our business during this last year from a little over half a million to over $900,000 with very little new capital in the business. This would have been impossible had we not been able to sell our accounts to you.

During the last six months we have paid you $2,508.87 interest and this has enabled us to secure $5,644.96 discount on our purchases.

For a concern who needs new capital in their business, we are firmly convinced that your method of financing, though slightly higher in cost than borrowing at a bank, is by far the best method."

Commercial Credit Company
Cash Capital $2,250,000 Surplus $450,000
BALTIMORE
Represented at
NEW YORK, 200 Fifth Ave.
(Phone Gramercy 5901)
PHILADELPHIA BOSTON CINCINNATI
Affiliated with
Commercial Acceptance Trust
Cash Capital $1,000,000
208 S. La Salle St., Chicago

The Cycle of Business

Capital
Production—Sales
Collections

YOUR CAPITAL goes into your production and sales.
YOUR COLLECTIONS bring back your Capital to go into additional production and sales.
THE TIME between your selling and collecting is Dead Time for your Capital.
IF your collections were made as your goods were billed do you realize how much your business would expand and how much your profits would increase?
OUR PLAN of giving your cash against your sales as soon as they are billed puts you in the same position as if you had sold for cash and we carry the account until maturity.
OUR METHOD of not notifying your customers permits you to make the collections in your usual way.
THE COST is a nominal tax on the increased sales which you would otherwise not make, viz. 1-30 of 1% per day (1% per month) figured for the exact number of days to the date of payment of the account.
RESULT On a thirty-day turn-over you can increase your volume $100,000 in a year at a cost of $1,000 and the profits on the added volume remain with you—you can also save discounts—you can buy in the most favored markets.

COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT TRUST
CAPITAL $2,000,000
347 Madison Avenue, at Forty-fifth Street, N.Y.
TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 1126

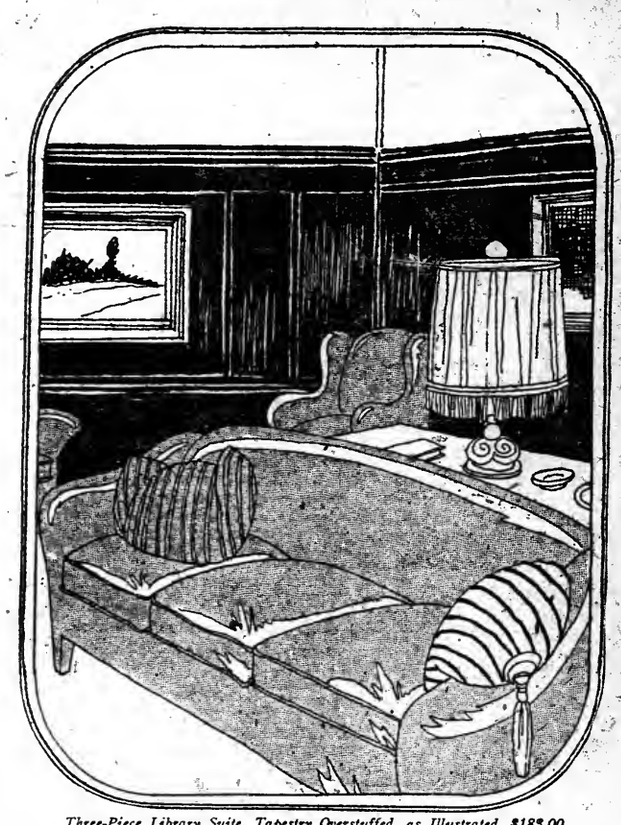
BLOOMINGDALES

FIFTY-NINTH TO SIXTIETH STREET LEXINGTON TO THIRD AVENUE

SURCHARGED WITH SUPER-VALUES: THE GREAT

MID-WINTER SALE OF FURNITURE

Not one dollar's worth of furniture have we bought for this sale. Every stick of it is from our own regular stock—you know what that means—and radically reduced in price for clearance.

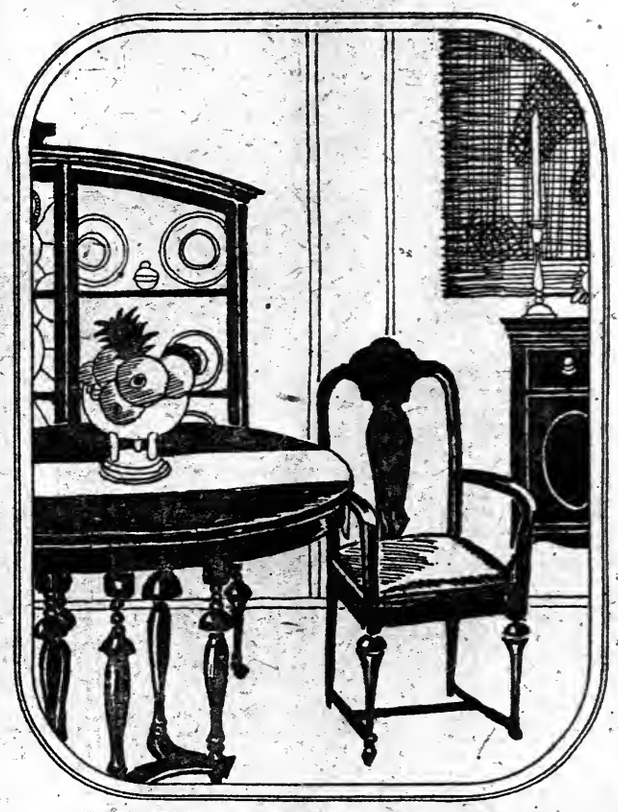


Three-Piece Library Suite, Tapestry Overstuffed, as Illustrated, $183.00

THERE are only two kinds of furniture; and we do not sell the other kind. We cannot afford to sell it any more than you can afford to buy it. Bloomingdale furniture is guaranteed—warranted to give you maximum service at minimum expenditure.

EVERY piece of furniture has been reduced. Former prices are explicitly stated, and we swear by their accuracy. The sale begins tomorrow morning and will continue throughout the month of February. Six weeks of super-value giving.

**Except the Globe-Wernicke Bookcases, which must be sold at the established price.*



Ten-Piece Dining Room Suite, Walnut, as Illustrated, $191.75

BEDROOM SUITES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$232.75	4-piece Walnut	$178.25
$100.00	2-piece Dresser and Chiffonier, Walnut	$75.00
$190.50	4-piece Walnut	$150.00
$395.00	5-piece Ivory Finish	$299.00
$145.00	3-piece Ivory Finish	$99.75
$82.00	4-piece Ivory Finish	$67.50
$186.00	4-piece Ivory Finish	$150.00
$269.25	4-piece Walnut	$219.00
$269.25	4-piece Ivory Finish	$219.00
$164.50	4-piece Walnut	$123.00
$164.50	4-piece Mahogany	$123.00
$164.50	4-piece Ivory Finish	$123.00
$197.50	4-piece Walnut	$155.25
$197.50	4-piece Mahogany	$155.25
$226.25	4-piece Walnut	$178.75
$226.25	4-piece Mahogany	$178.75
$226.25	4-piece Ivory Finish	$178.25
$119.00	4-piece Walnut	$99.25
$119.00	4-piece Mahogany	$99.25
$119.00	4-piece Ivory Finish	$99.25

DINING ROOM SUITES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$211.25	10-piece American Walnut	$180.25
$211.25	10-piece Jacobean	$180.25
$211.25	10-piece Golden Oak	$180.25
$259.25	10-piece Walnut	$191.75
$259.25	10-piece Jacobean	$191.75
$259.25	10-piece Golden Oak	$191.75
$248.25	10-piece Walnut	$191.75
$155.00	10-piece Walnut Finish	$135.00
$424.00	10-piece Walnut	$325.00
$450.00	10-piece Walnut	$395.00
$350.00	10-piece Walnut	$295.00
$353.00	10-piece Jacobean	$275.00
$274.00	9-piece Jacobean	$219.20

LIBRARY TABLES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$45.00	Mahogany Library Table	$39.75
$38.75	Mahogany Davenport Table	$33.75
$50.00	Mahogany Davenport Table, (Colonial)	$43.75
$38.00	Mahogany 8 leg base Library Table	$33.25
$19.75	Mahogany Library Table, Adam design	$17.25
$33.00	Mahogany Library Table, Adam design	$28.75
$27.50	Walnut Davenport Table	$24.00
$51.50	Walnut Davenport Table	$45.00
$28.00	Mahogany Library Table	$24.50
$54.00	Mahogany Davenport Table	$47.25
$44.00	Mahogany Davenport Table with drop leaf at either end	$38.50

BOOKCASES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$80.00	Mahogany 3 Wing Bookcase	$70.00
$57.00	Mahogany Bookcase; lattice doors	$51.75
$32.00	Mahogany Bookcase	$28.00
$28.00	Mahogany Bookcase	$24.50
$50.00	Fumed Oak Bookcase	$43.75
$37.00	Fumed Oak Bookcase	$32.50
$20.00	Fumed Oak Bookcase	$17.50
$61.00	Golden Oak Bookcase	$53.25
$40.00	Golden Oak Bookcase	$35.00
$29.50	Golden Oak Bookcase	$25.75
$8.00	Fumed Oak Bookcase	$7.00

ODD CHAIRS & ROCKERS

Reduced from		Reduced to
$30.00	Velour Arm Chair, overstuffed	$25.00
$35.00	Velour Arm Chair, overstuffed,	$25.00
$49.75	Damask Wing Chair	$30.00
$45.00	Damask Wing Chair	$30.00
$30.00	Tapestry Rocker, with loose cushion seat	$25.00
$45.00	Damask Arm Chair	$30.00
$36.75	Damask Wing Chair	$25.00
$30.00	Velour Rocker, overstuffed	$19.75
$30.00	Damask Rocker, overstuffed	$25.00
$32.00	Velour Rocker, overstuffed	$25.00
$35.00	Tapestry Rocker, with loose cushion seat	$30.00
$35.00	Tapestry Rocker, chair seat	$30.00
$25.00	Imitation Leather Arm Chair	$19.75
$45.00	Genuine Leather Arm Chair	$35.00
$43.00	Genuine Leather Arm Chair	$35.00
$65.00	Genuine Leather Arm Chair	$45.00
$43.00	Tapestry overstuffed Wing Arm Chair, with loose cushion seat	$35.00
$30.00	Velour Arm Chair, cushion seat	$19.75
$17.95	Imported Leather Arm Chair, cushion seat	$15.00

Charge Accounts Solicited

BEDS AND BEDDING

Reduced from		Reduced to
$28.50	Continuous Post Brass Bedstead	$19.75
$18.50	Metal Cane Panel Bed	$14.50
$16.25	Square Tube Bed, in ivory or white enamel	$13.75
$17.00	Continuous Square Tube Bed, in ivory or white	$14.95

Felt Mattresses

$13.00	Size 2 ft. 6 in.	$11.00
$14.00	Size 3 ft.	$12.00
$15.50	Size 3 ft. 6 in.	$13.00
$17.00	Size 4 ft.	$14.25
$18.00	Size 4 ft. 6 in.	$15.50

South American Hair Mattresses

$24.75	Size 2 ft. 6 in.	$17.00
$30.00	Size 3 ft.	$19.25
$32.75	Size 3 ft. 6 in.	$25.00
$38.75	Size 4 ft.	$27.50
$42.00	Size 4 ft. 6 in.	$31.00

Pure Cotton Mattresses

$12.00	Size 3 ft.	$10.00
$14.00	Size 3 ft. 6 in.	$12.00
$14.50	Size 4 ft.	$12.25
$15.00	Full size	$13.25

Mixed Black Drawings Hair Mattresses

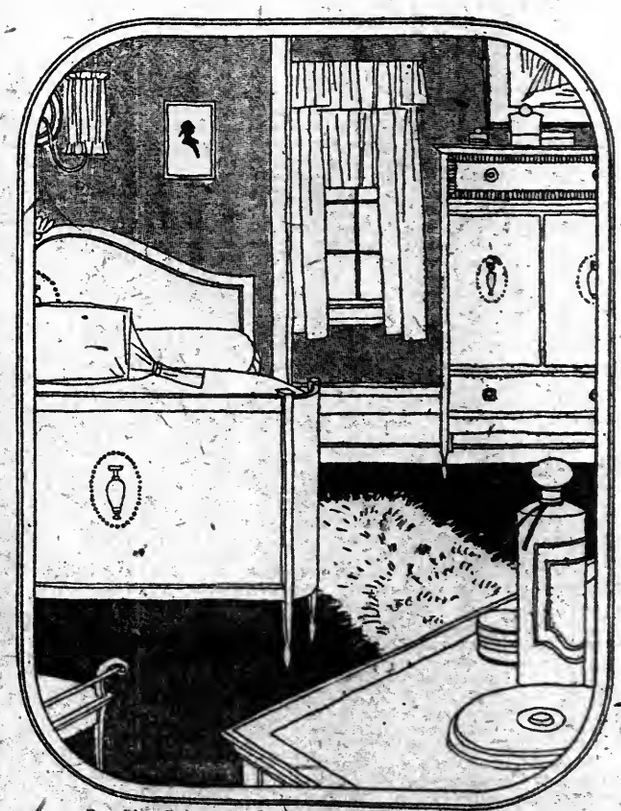
$30.25	Size 2 ft. 6 in.	$25.00
$36.25	Size 3 ft.	$29.75
$42.00	Size 3 ft. 6 in.	$34.00
$49.00	Size 4 ft.	$40.00
$53.00	Size 4 ft. 6 in.	$45.00
$19.75	Single Border, Box Spring, Grade B Ticking, all sizes	$17.95
$22.75	Single Border, Box Spring, Grade A Ticking, all sizes	$20.50
$22.50	Babbett Edge, Box Spring, Grade B Ticking, all sizes	$20.00
$25.50	Babbett Edge, Box Spring, Grade B Ticking, all sizes	$22.00
$30.00	French Box Spring, Grade B Ticking, all sizes	$27.00
$33.50	French Box Spring, Grade A Ticking, all sizes	$30.00

LIBRARY SUITES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$330.00	Three-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$225.00
$385.00	Three-piece Damask Overstuffed Suite	$295.00
$366.00	Three-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$275.00
$130.00	Three-piece Damask Suite, cane sides and back	$99.75
$164.00	Three-piece Damask Suite, cane sides and back, 1 bolster, 2 pillows	$129.00
$197.75	Three-piece Solid Mahogany Frames Tapestry Suite	$155.00
$225.00	Three-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$198.00
$214.50	Three-piece Damask Suite, with loose cushion, seat, 3 pillows, 1 bolster	$175.00
$295.00	Three-piece Damask Suite, with loose cushion seat, 2 pillows, 1 bolster	$200.00
$165.00	Three-piece Damask Suite, cane sides and back	$125.00
$225.00	Three-piece Damask Suite, loose cushion seats	$175.00
$149.75	Three-piece Damask Suite, cane back and sides, with 2 pillows, 1 roll	$112.50
$153.00	Three-piece Mahogany Frame Tapestry Suite	$115.00
$131.75	Three-piece Mahogany Frame Tapestry Suite	$99.75
$193.50	Three-piece Velour Overstuffed Suite	$135.00
$237.00	Three-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$199.75
$324.50	Three-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$250.00
$225.00	Three-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$198.00
$214.50	Three-piece Solid Mahogany Frame Suite, cane back and sides, striped Damask	$159.00

Charge Accounts Solicited

Three-Piece Living Room Suite, Cane Backs, as Illustrated; $123.00



Four-Piece Bedroom Suite, Ivory Finish, as Illustrated, $178.00

BLOOMINGDALES: 59th to 60th—Lexington to Third

The New York Times.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, SUNDAY, JAN. 19, 1919.

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Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
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TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (50 mile radius). Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents. City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

By Mail Postpaid.	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
DAILY & SUNDAY	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only	9.00	4.50	.85
One week, 30c.			
Sunday only	3.00	1.75	.30
Sunday only, Canada	4.00	2.25	.35
FOREIGN RATES.			
DAILY & SUNDAY	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
DAILY only	17.40	8.90	1.45
Sunday only	8.75	5.12	.90

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $5. Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.) $1.25.
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THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

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THE BAN UPON DRINK.

National prohibition advances to its triumph over the remnants of now unconsidered political principles which for more than half a century were articles of orthodox party faith, were the enduring cause of severance and contention between the two great party organizations in the country. Failing altogether in the Washington temperance movement of eighty years ago, when there was vastly greater need of it than is now the case, public opinion puts strong drink under statutory ban in this year 1919 when, through the operation of social, moral, and industrial forces, we had already become a very temperate nation. The prohibition amendment is lightheartedly and with amazing speed ratified by one Legislature after another, though it involves profound and somewhat disquieting economic and fiscal disturbance to which little attention is paid.

The venerable Democratic doctrine of State rights is flouted and consistency is driven shuddering from her seat by this decision, really surprising though not unexpected. It has been a doctrine of the Democratic Party that powers not expressly granted to the Federal Government in the Constitution were reserved to the States respectively and to the people. Prohibition by an amendment of the Federal Constitution is obviously a bold invasion of the police power of the State. It was HAYNE, a Senator from South Carolina, who in his great speech upon the Foote resolution in 1830 said:

> Who, then, Mr. President, are the true friends of the Union? Those who would confine the Federal Government strictly within the limits prescribed by the Constitution; who would preserve to the States and to the people all the powers not expressly delegated; who would make this a Federal and not a National Union, and who, administering the Government in a spirit of equal justice, would make it a blessing and not a curse.

That was Democratic doctrine, we may say, until under Mr. BRYAN'S leadership of that party and under Mr. ROOSEVELT'S Administration the people became accustomed to a gradual but manifest effacement of State boundaries. And South Carolina, the State of HAYNE, was one of the earlier States to ratify the amendment. Indeed, it is to the "solid South" that national prohibition owes its triumph. It has been everywhere recognized that in the Southern States the liquor problem is peculiar, it is vital; and there is no disposition to deny that an absolute ban upon drink was needed there for the protection and reclamation of large social elements not easily accessible to any less positive persuasion.

When the Washington temperance movement was on foot, practically contemporaneous with the Father Mathew movement across the Atlantic, there was obvious need that restraint be put upon the drink habit. Indulgence was wellnigh universal, excess much more common than now. Any one who has been privileged to inspect the cash accounts of clergymen of Puritan descent, with their frequent entries of "seven gallons of New England rum"; any one who has by tradition or by perusal of the chronicles of the time come to know the social habits of that day can readily understand both the timeliness and the failure of that movement. It is very different now. Industrialism is a great foe of drink. The factory hand who controls complex processes or guides intricate machinery cannot hold his place if he is given to overindulgence. There has been a social ban upon drink, anything beyond moderate indulgence is held to be "bad form." Even in the small towns "the village drunkard," once the subject of jest and mirth, has been made to feel his disgrace so keenly that he is disappearing.

So it fell out that the currents of social custom and the wise inclination of communities of late have powerfully aided the movement against saloons. Above all, we think it had been quickened by emotions born of the war, and by the very practical feeling that at a time when we had pledged "all our resources" to the cause of liberty and of justice we could tolerate no waste of energy in foolish and harmful indulgence. Those whose use of stimulants was moderate and not harmful, those who may have felt that submission to the ban was a sacrifice, have nevertheless been willing to make that sacrifice. For others less willing, for those who have resisted, we may conclude that enforced denial will be for their good.

We do not think that any reasonable man will deny that abstinence from the use of intoxicants will be of national benefit and advantage. It is not so much against the thing itself as the manner of doing it that objection has been raised. Men have felt that the States which needed prohibition should have it by their own individual action, that in making their need and determination binding upon all was involved a surrender of principle which we may haye later occasion to regret. There will be no prolonged heartburnings about that. Political principles hallowed by long respect and observance survive so long as they serve their ends; when they stand opposed to other principles which the people are persuaded to regard as of higher present service, the old is discarded, the new dominates thought and action. State rights have gone by the board, the South has taken a long step forward in centralization, but so far as a statute may accomplish moral reform, we have abolished the drink evil and the American people will be the better for it.

INSTRUCTION OF SENATORS.

Grave as augurs, perhaps not refraining from an augural grin and wink, the New York Senate and Assembly have asked Senator CALDER and Senator WADSWORTH to vote for the Federal Suffrage amendment. Both Senators are alive to the humor of the proceeding. Senator CALDER, who voted for the amendment, will do so again on his own hook and at his own risk, without thanks to the kindly directors of his conscience at Albany. Senator WADSWORTH, for whose reproof and admonition the resolution was passed, is impenitent and will vote No again.

In the New Hampshire Legislature a more amusing, if a little obscure, farce was played. Somebody, probably some innocent self-deluding suffragist, started the story that Mr. MOSES, Senator-elect, would plump for the amendment if so instructed by the Legislature. The Assembly asked him to be good to the amendment. The Senate squelched the request. One sniffs bouffe politics. It is unlikely that Mr. MOSES would commit himself to be the agent of a Legislature unable to mind its own business. If he did, the humorists of the Senate restrained the humorists of the House.

A feminist faction is trying to gaff all recalcitrant Senators by appeals to the Legislatures of their States. It seems curious that the Women Voters' Anti-Suffrage Party should have to inform State legislators that, since the ratification of the Seventeenth Amendment in 1913, Senators are elected by the people, and are responsible to the people. They were never responsible to the Legislatures, unless they chose to be, as LAMAR of Mississippi memorably did not choose to be. An instruction or any shadow of it given now to them by the Legislature is either an impertinence or a futility or both. The opinions emitted for political reasons of the New York Legislature to the Senators in Congress from New York have rather less weight than resolutions of the same kind would if passed, say, by the Village Betterment Association of West Hurley.

CONDITIONS IN MEXICO.

For some time now Mexico has been an inaccessible and inarticulate land to Americans, who should know it best. To many of us who read PRESCOTT and admired PORFIRIO DIAZ it used to be the country of desire. To pore over TERRY'S fascinating guidebook was to yearn for a sight of the happy valley of Cuernavaca, one of the most beautiful spots on earth; to visit in fancy the picturesque capital, so rich in antiquarian treasures and historical relics, so full of contrasts of ancient churches and modern architecture of graceful design, and so curious in its mingling of many races and its exuberant life; and to revel in descriptions of radiant Guadalajara, mediaeval Zacatecas, Durango of the matchless climate, ever-quaint Orizaba, and oriental Puebla of the snow-crowned volcanoes and the sixty churches. But five years of revolution and continuous civil strife have closed Mexico to the traveler and made it a land of mystery to the outside world. It has become inarticulate in the sense that the voice of interpretation and authority is not heard. What are the real political conditions? Is life safe anywhere in the distressful country? Is there such a thing as law and order in any of the States? What remains of its monuments and glories of art? Among its several rulers is there one masterful man adroit enough to reconcile factions and give distracted Mexico the peace that will set her feet again in the path of progress?

The political manifesto now issued by President CARRANZA does not answer these questions, throws no shaft of light into the void behind him. Ostensibly a plea for a truce in politics in the shadow of a Presidential campaign, in which he cannot be a candidate without overriding the new Constitution and usurping power, it is really a warning to his followers that the faction which he represents by a "gentlemen's agreement" is in danger of overthrow by those whom he calls reactionaries of the old régime. Government servants, soldiers, Judges, and Governors are urged to abstain from political campaigning in the public interests until the eve of the election two years hence. This paper, which is the only official word that has come out of Mexico for a long time, would convey the idea that only two parties exist there, the supporters of the Government and an unscrupulous opposition. What are the facts?

There is no well-organized party in Mexico, and in several States the authority of the Carranza Government is defied. ZAPATA, who demands the reinstatement of the Indians on the lands they were ousted from by convenient legal process, still rules in Morelos; FELIX DIAZ is intrenched in the States of Vera Cruz and Puebla; and MEIXUEIRO, a pure-blooded Zapotec but a man of education and ability, controls Oaxaca. In Chihuahua and Sinaloa VILLA, or his regent on earth if he is no longer alive, keeps the field in open rebellion. VILLA always supported the platform of ZAPATA. A dangerous rival of any candidate favored by CARRANZA is ALVARADO, a protagonist of the I. W. W., who wants to set up a Syndicalistic State.

MANUEL GAMIO, Director of Archaeology, has written of the real Zapataism that it "were better called Indianism, for "it has persisted vigorously in all Mexico "since CORTEZ raised his standards on "the shore of Villa Rica." ZAPATA is anathema to the Carrancistas, but if not a man of education he is one of ability and force of character, and a true leader of the Indians who form 80 per cent. of the population of Mexico. Bandits may wear the mask of Zapatism, but the leader himself has administrative talent and he preserves order in the districts occupied by him. A recent visitor to Mexico reports that he felt himself safe where DIAZ and ZAPATA ruled, but that he had no illusions about his insecurity when he depended for protection upon the Carrancista troops, which have an unenviable reputation for looting.

FELIX DIAZ may be under suspicion of planning the return to power of the old régime, but ZAPATA will never compromise with any Government or faction that refuses to restore the Indians to their lands. Both DIAZ and ZAPATA were anti-German during the war, also they were pro-American, whereas the evidence is incontrovertible that CARRANZA came under the influence of VON ECKHARDT, the German Minister, as did his officers, with the exception of General PABLO GONZALEZ. They entertained no doubt that the Germans would win a military triumph, and they were not undeceived until the very last. The victory of the United States and its allies may have brought the Carrancistas to their senses. It also seems to be the fact that President CARRANZA has not been averse to recognizing the political strength of the I. W. W., whose leader ALVARADO is a man to be reckoned with.

The demand for a return to the more practicable Constitution of 1857 is strong and growing in Mexico, and one thing is certain, there will never be peace and a stable Government until the Indian problem is solved. In his support of it CARRANZA is not thought to be sincere by the Indians; he is suspected of juggling with it. If he has a slogan it is: "Americans shall not exploit Mexico." By this he means that their concessions must not yield them wealth, that profits from the industries of Mexico shall accrue only to Mexicans. It is an idea that appeals powerfully to many of his followers who have grown rich out of the revolution, but in CARRANZA'S mind it signifies an ineradicable prejudice. At the capital the poverty and misery are said to be indescribable, although the Government chiefs and the army officers are flagrantly prosperous. But inside the so-called revolutionary lines there is enough, and content and hope, for it must be considered that many of the rebels are tillers of the soil. They do not find it difficult to purchase ammunition from the Carrancistas. The prediction has been made that the Indians will finally prevail in Mexico. DIAZ has adopted their cause; MEIXUEIRO has advocated it from the first, and ZAPATA will never abandon it. That the Carranza power is held together by a sinister "gentlemen's agreement," and is therefore unpopular among those who are not beneficiaries of it, is generally recognized by American observers who find their way into Mexico.

A DUTCH REVOLUTION.

If a country is to have a revolution thrust upon it, what could be more obliging in the revolutionaries than to prepare a time-table? Mr. DAVID WIJNKOOP, just half of the Social Democratic Party in the Dutch Second Chamber, and described as a vivid and an ardent orator, mighty with a crowd, has positively announced that there will be a revolution in Holland Jan. 20.

It may be remembered that the egregious Mr. TROELSTRA, chief of the Dutch Social Democratic Labor Party and an active international pro-German, was made so envious by Mr. WIJNKOOP'S laurels last Fall that he decided to "follow the example of Berlin." The police and the army were revolutionary, he was sure. While his labor party represented only about a fifth of the Dutch laborers, he felt certain that he could put down the bourgeoisie and become the boss of a proletarian State. Nobody but the police, army, and about everybody else, including the other chieftains of his party, was against him. There was a great rising of loyalty to the Throne. TROELSTRA subsided. The German example can hardly have made the Dutch revolutionists stronger. Political reforms, such as the abolition of the Senate, will find friends among the Liberals. The Queen herself has warned against reaction. Reforms such as old-age pensions and the eight-hour day can be fought for peaceably in a country that has manhood suffrage. Presumably economic distress is diminishing. But, doubtless Mr. WIJNKOOP knowns his own business, and the revolution is due tomorrow.

THE INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

In his address to the Merchants' Association Secretary LANE said: "International law is filmy, gauzy, founded upon "precedent, and without certainty, decision, or definiteness." That is the reproach oftenest brought upon the common law. JEREMY BENTHAM thought he had reduced the common law to absurdity when he said that the common law was taught as law is taught to a dog—by beating him when he broke it, although until beaten he had no means of knowing what the law was. Germany is now under punishment for breaches of international law, and that precedent will discourage all imitators for untold generations. Just as Germany's crimes were not foreseen, others now unforeseen will become possible by the progress of science and invention. And just as the crimes of the world war are under punishment, although there never were laws passed against them by any international legislature, so every possible future breach of international common law will be punishable whenever the offense is the same; that is, whenever the universal conscience is outraged. The place to look for laws against such crimes is in the heart of common humanity, not in the books. No laws of the Medes or Persians are so unalterable as those which are deduced from the practice of mankind. Even the Germans among themselves do not do such things as they did to other peoples. The reason is simple. Society could not hold together if such crimes were customary. There would be no society of nations if Germany were allowed to go unpunished, and it is unthinkable that she should be unpunished for lack of law. Under German law German courts have found against the German Government in naval prize cases in this war. What would be the decision of German courts against alien soldiers or sailors who did to Germans what they have done to victims of other races?

It is not necessary to guess the answer. Last week a German spokesman, HARDEN, in Die Zukunft, pleaded guilty on behalf of Germany to "corruption, "fraud, theft, the open or secret violation "of all rights, while entire fields have "been soaked in blood." There is plenty of German law against that. There is the same law in every nation worthy to sit in the League of Nations. That is universal law, international law, the same in principle as the law between men. Germany has held to the doctrine that the State is above the law, and that might makes right. The war shows that in the past, and most certainly in the future, right makes might. Nations are not exceptions to the law of humanity.

Secretary LANE is committed to the League of Nations and eloquently supports it. This is no time for the philosophy of doubt, he says. America is the negation of the philosophy of despair. With Americans to will is to do, and he is sure that the league will be born. Welcoming his help, it is possible, nevertheless, to question whether "the first "thing the council would do would be to "declare upon paper just what the rules "are that govern between those nations "which entered into that compact." A law so written would have to be retroactive to fit Germany's case, and Germany can hardly be a charter member of that council. What the league has to agree upon is the machinery of the law, not upon its principles or expression in words. The law has been declared in part in The Hague conventions, and there may be added all the international law not yet phrased. But there is no way of convening an international grand jury for indicting the criminal and his accomplices, nor is there in existence a court for his trial. Under written law the case is difficult. Lawyers would delight to argue whether the defendants were guilty under a compact not existing when they sinned.

There is no such difficulty under the world's common law. It is drawn from a "codeless myriad of precedents," but is not confined to them. Common law judges make precedents as well as stand upon them. They make precedents not by looking into their own consciences, but by looking into the consciences of mankind, illuminated by all the reason mind can supply. There is plenty of law. The difficulty is to fit it to the case. It is even possible to affirm that the league already exists, as the law exists. That is the opinion of the Bar Association of this city, which on Friday received the report of its Committee Upon International Relations to the effect that what is needed is a court, not law. The laws of war are part of international law, and there have been crimes against both the written and unwritten laws of war. The Allies will go faster and further by dealing with old business first and leaving new business to be proceeded with at leisure. When this case shall have been disposed of, there will be both law and precedent enough for any future criminals.

THE ADRIATIC.

Recent events give still more point to the observation made in The New Europe, of London, in its issue of Jan. 2, that the question of Italian-Jugoslav relations in the Adriatic was a test case for the League of Nations. It is exactly such a case as is contemplated by those who urge the benefits of a League of Nations in reconciling international difficulties; if international authority and moral influence will not serve to harmonize this disagreement now, they can hardly be counted on in the case of similar disagreements that may arise in the future. By the measures that may be taken by the other allied nations to assist the Italians and the Jugoslavs in composing this difficulty, and the degree of success which they may attain, we shall be able to see before the conference is over whether a League of Nations will work or not—for if it will not work in situations of this sort we should hardly be content with it as a body maintained for the sake of promulgating occasional amiable codifications of moral sentiment.

The New Europe's opinion on this subject is worthy of quotation because its editors have been among the most active workers for an Italian-Slav entente such as was attained for a little while last Spring. In its columns many Italian liberals have expressed considerable dissatisfaction with SONNINO'S policy, and it is a sign of the tendency of sentiment in Italy that two of its Italian collaborators have just withdrawn on account of what they regard as an unduly Slavophile policy. This tendency is emphasized, of course, by the changes in the Italian Cabinet, which indicate that great numbers of Italians who less than a year ago were ready to conciliate the Slavs are not willing to do so now.

The reasons for this change of sentiment may be found in a whole series of unhappy mistakes, committed by representatives of both nations, in the Summer and Fall. The conciliation party in Italy now seems to be greatly diminished, and to have lost such power as it once had; in Jugoslavia the conciliation party has disappeared. On both sides of the Adriatic the extremists are in control, and are being followed by masses of people who are not extremists themselves, but who support the fire-eaters because they think it is the less of two evils.

To find a basis for peaceable settlement will tax the ingenuity of the Peace Commissioners from other nations. Meanwhile, The New Europe suggests as a solution for the question presented by the Italian demand for strategic security—a demand wholly reasonable in itself, but one which has been made to justify some unfortunately excessive claims—"the "neutralization of the whole eastern "coast of the Adriatic, from Trieste to "the Bojana, under the guarantee of the "League of Nations." The Jugoslavs, according to this reasoning, could afford to forego the keeping of a fleet which would naturally be taken as a menace to Italy, and Italy in return could give up her claim to the Dalmatian Islands and part of the Dalmatian coast, inhabited by a great majority of Slavs but dangerous to Italy if held by a naval power.

There is a precedent for an arrangement of this sort, and a precedent which has endured for more than a century with admirable results. By the Rush-Bagot agreement of 1817, Great Britain and the United States agreed to limit their respective naval armaments on the Great Lakes to four vessels of not more than 100 tons, each armed with one 18-pounder gun; and not more than one of them to be stationed in any given lake. The Great Lakes have been free from any public vessels except revenue cruisers for more than a hundred years. We have become so used to it that we do not think it strange, particularly in the friendly relations now obtaining between the two peoples; we are apt to forget that it was made only two years after the close of a war in which the lakes had seen several hotly contested naval battles, and between two nations which at that time were as much "traditional enemies" as Italian and Croats have ever been. It is an example that is worthy at least of respectful consideration by two nations which can only prosper by being friends and only suffer by being enemies.

DEPORTATION.

It has been the policy of the United States, ever since its birth, to foster and welcome immigration. It has been expected that most immigrants would become citizens, and this has been realized; but the alien with no intention of citizenship has met a welcome, too. In his case it has been supposed that he came here to better his condition or for some similarly good reason, and that he was actuated by at least a friendly spirit toward the nation that admitted him and gave him the opportunity. "Uncle Sam is rich enough to give you all a farm" fairly represents the American feeling toward immigrants.

The war, which has taught us so much, has taught us that not all immigrants come here for such purposes as we have imagined, and that not all of them come here with a feeling of friendship for the country. It has taught us that some come here not only with feelings of hostility, but with a preconceived determination to destroy our Government and institutions if they can. It has taught us that from the time they land they are enemies of our institutions, and that whatever may be their form of daily labor their avocation is plotting against them. With some, indeed, it is a vocation, the only vocation they have.

In respect to these aliens it becomes necessary to revise our early American view, now seen to be a somewhat simple-minded one; a view taken from ignorance on our part of certain conditions abroad. Every nation has the right to protect itself, and the right must now be invoked. The restrictions, or supposed restrictions, on the immigration of enemies fail entirely of their purpose. It is of no avail to ask an alien landing in this country if he is an Anarchist. If he is one of the dangerous type he will not admit it, and the only persons excluded are harmless visionaries of the Kropotkin type. Besides, the war has taught us that the most dangerous enemies of republicanism are not Anarchists of any type. Bolshevism, for instance, is flatly opposed to the whole theory of Anarchism. If, to meet these newly revealed conditions, the Anarchist test were abolished and some other word substituted, the new test would be equally easy to evade. This test was put in the immigration laws in the excitement resulting from the murder of President MCKINLEY. It was well intentioned, but it is useless for the purpose for which it was designed.

It is difficult to keep out aliens who come here for the purpose of destroying our Government and wrecking our institutions, because they do not announce their purpose through a megaphone at Ellis Island or Castle Garden. But it is not impossible to deport them when their purpose has been manifested. Attorney General GREGORY has asked Congress to pass a law providing for the deportation of aliens and alien enemies who are recognized as "undesirable residents be"cause they had been ordered to be in"terned," and Representative BURNETT of Alabama has introduced such a bill. It should be passed, but it does not cover the needs of the situation. There are plenty of plotters against our Government who have not been "ordered to be interned." The courts are convicting them right along and sentencing them to imprisonment. But imprisonment is not enough. We do not want them here even as ex-convicts. If the law does not make deportation easy of execution in all such cases it should be amended until it does.

Nor should this be regarded as an additional punishment for these criminals. Their punishment lies in the prison sentence. The deportation at the end of their prison term would presumably inflict no hardship on them, though it is of no consequence whether it does or not; it would be ordered for the protection of the United States Government against their future machinations and conspiracies. Where these people have taken out naturalization papers for the purpose of covering their plots the naturalization should be revoked and the deportation enforced precisely as in the case of those too straightforward or too malevolent to avail themselves of the cloak of citizenship.

THE CABINET IN CONGRESS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE NEW YORK TIMES last Sunday performed a valuable public service by printing the letter in which representation of the Cabinet in Congress is advocated. Mr. Hare's arguments are cogent and unanswerable. Under our free institutions the Cabinet of our Chief Executive has deteriorated into the condition of a cabal, responsible to no man but the President. We are in no danger that Woodrow Wilson will abuse the confidence reposed in him, but Presidents may follow who may stand in need of Congressional supervision. The conduct of any Cabinet officer is open to discussion, but the discussion should take place in his presence to give him an opportunity of explanation. Such a policy would be in conformity with the spirit of American fair play and, furthermore, facilitate the progress of public business.

GEORGE H. SAGE.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 15, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL COURTS.

One for American, Another for European Affairs Suggested.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent leader you justly remarked that the American people cannot be expected to abandon the Monroe Doctrine any more than the British can be asked to give up their navy.

I venture to submit, for public consideration, that one of the best means for preserving the Monroe Doctrine would be the establishment of an American International Court for the determination of American international disputes.

This would involve a European International Court for European international questions, and possibly an Asiatic for those arising in the Orient, with a world court for those between nations of different continents. It might be desirable to invest the latter with an appellate jurisdiction over the three others.

I shall not trespass upon your space by urging any argument in favor of such a rather complicated system of international tribunals. But, in my humble judgment, it would not be expedient to have a court sitting in Europe, and composed in the main of Europeans, passing upon purely American issues. President Wilson has suggested the enlargement of the Monroe Doctrine so as to make it applicable to all the nations on earth. Be that as it may, it seems to me that it is for the interest of North and South America alike to confine to the American continent the settlement of American disputes.

JOHN BROOKS LEAVITT.

New York, Jan. 16, 1919.

MR. ROOSEVELT'S SHORTEST SPEECH.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Among the hundreds of speeches made by Colonel Roosevelt the shortest one occurred as follows: It was during the campaign which made him President. He was speaking from the rear platform of a special train. The engineer, who was running in advance of the schedule of a fast express, had orders to keep his time, no matter who was speaking. The special was running a few minutes late. I had been selected by the committee to introduce Colonel Roosevelt to the crowd at the station. At one place I stepped quickly to the rear platform and found myself facing several thousand people. I said: "Fellow-citizens, I introduce you to your next President. He will live in your hearts forever and pay no rent." Colonel Roosevelt stepped to the platform and said: "Fellow-citizens, I am delighted to see you." "Toot! toot!" sounded the engineer, and we moved quickly on. The Colonel turned to me laughing and said: "That's the shortest speech of my life."

JAMES T. DU BOIS.

Fellsmere, Fla., Jan. 13, 1919.

PASSPORTS FOR WOMEN.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Although the "trend of the troops is homeward," it will be many months before those of our men who are serving in the Army of Occupation, in reconstruction units, and attached to the Peace Commission will return. For women, too, work "de secours" is not ended; they are sailing every week to fill numerous vacancies. Yet even to fill a vacancy for which it was difficult to find a woman properly qualified an experienced business woman was refused a passport because her husband was in the military service in France. Before the cessation of hostilities we were told that a man could not fight with wholehearted concentration if he knew that his wife might be in danger; that there was not enough food for those already in France. The men are no longer fighting; there are still positions which must be filled by American women. Why not modify the restriction to permit the married woman particularly qualified for such a position to have an opportunity for service equal to that offered to the woman who has not a husband in the army?

M. CHASE.

Washington, Jan. 16, 1919.

SERVICE IN THE GUARD.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

All boys between 16 and 18 have to take two years' compulsory military training. This may be somewhat of a hardship to the boys who go to business, and may interfere with the boys' pleasure somewhat, but the Military Board has ruled that two years' service in the New York Guard will be accepted and will exempt from any further training. Now, this is splendid news for the boys. They can get into a regiment where they will meet men worth while. They can serve the State, enjoy all the benefits of a crack guard regiment, and be furnished everything free—shoes and uniform—in fact, a complete outfit. Drills are twice a week, (in the evenings,) and the men can be called out for service in the State only. Promotion is rapid and made on merit only. As a member of one of the best New York regiments, I shall be very pleased to give any information to boys between 16 and 18 who will call at my office in the Times Building, Forty-second Street and Broadway, any day except Monday and Saturday.

J. H. WILDAY.

New York, Jan. 16, 1919.

THE ENVOY OF THE DEAD

(Edith Cavell at the Peace Conference.)

Did a white moth flutter against the window pane?
Did a light wind whisper through the council hall?
The great men looked up, to see if it would come again,
And a listening silence fell upon them all.

Then they seemed to see her, coming with her bandaged eyes;
There was blood upon her dress where her wounds were bare;
So they placed a chair for her, without question or surprise,
For they knew the mighty dead had chosen to send her there.

The mighty Nation of the Dead, who died on land and sea,
And by the rood, you know their wounds, O Christ on Calvary!

They chose her, for she knew them all, soldier and little child—
The girls who in an hour grew old had sent a word by her;
Within her quiet hands she held their wrongs unreconciled—
She led a long procession, like a white-robed crucifer.

And while they spoke of food and trade, she sat and listened, quietly;
And when they spoke of armaments, she had no word to say to them,
But when they spoke of justice, she arose in simple dignity,
Straight as the wooden cross men set outside Jerusalem.

The Prince of Peace Himself has said: "Repentance is the only gate."
There is no devious way to it. The way is narrow and is straight.

The snow fell softly, like white moths against the window pane;
It may be that a little wind went through the council room;
They seemed to see her coming back, to speak with living men again—
The Envoy of the Dead that wait beyond the silence of the tomb!

LOUISE DRISCOLL.

NO BOLSHEVIKI

A Russian View of Lloyd George's Suggestion to Negotiate With All Factions

By GENERAL A. DOBRJANSKY

IN reply to the question in an article by Harold Williams that appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Jan. 14, in which the English scientist and journalist asks with sorrow what our true, intelligent friends, the Russians, are going to say to the last surprise that they were treated to by Lloyd George, who proposed to open up relations with the Bolsheviki, only one thing can be said: We do not wish to believe that so reputable a statesman as Lloyd George, through his words about joint work with the Bolsheviki, as "representatives of the Russian nation," meant to close a compact with crime. This would be too hideous, too cynical, would be in direct contradiction to the interests of the Russian people, as well as to the reinstallation of civil liberty and the foundation of genuine democratic policy.

We repudiate this idea and wish to see in the words of the British Premier a war ruse, that might enable him to present to the statesmen at the table of the Peace Conference the representatives of the "international criminals," to unveil before them the entire criminality of the ideas of the oppressors, who hold their ephemeral powers by means of terror, dissension, and class and professional hatred, sown and nursed by them.

That is the explanation which might be given by England's genuine friends in Russia. It is impossible to admit that the British policy in the Russian problem, which recently took a firm and decided direction, should have been changed cardinally by embracing the Bolsheviki.

The war in Russia against Bolshevism as a world menace where so much has been lost irrecoverably by the Allies through their lack of truthful information upon the substance of Bolshevism, ought to open the eyes of the Allies at last to the danger that it represents, i. e., the danger of arbitrariness legalized, with anarchy in its wake.

Is not it evident, when we contemplate the last curious document of the Russian Bolsheviki, the note of the Bolshevist Minister of Foreign Affairs Tshitsherin, printed in the official organ of the Soviets, Isvyestiya, that to join hands with such criminals means to become their fellows?

With the usual insolence and lies that are attributes of Bolshevism, Tshitsherin in this note, which runs in th emost contemptuous strain, speaks of the "desperate fight" that the representatives of the Bolsheviki, headed by Trotzky and Tshitsherin himself, fought against "German imperialism at Brest-Litovsk"! Without further dwelling upon this act of treason of the Bolsheviki, Tshitsherin "accuses Wilson" of supporting the Czechoslovak movement for the purpose of "an imperialistic invasion of the Allies in Siberia and the Northern Provinces"!

Notwithstanding all this, the Bolshevist Government expresses its willingness to take part in the Peace Conference in the name of entire Russia.

Moreover, Tshitsherin draws President Wilson's attention to the fact that the Bolsheviki represent "80 per cent. of the Russian nation, which cannot be said of the President of the United States of America."

At the end of his note Tshitsherin declares that if the Bolshevist Government does not receive a reply to this note it will tell the Russian nation that the Allies intend to receive a contribution from the Russian nation and to expropriate their natural resources and to annex their best soil.

Is it admissible to join hands with such men? Is joint work possible for the welfare of the peoples, in the name of democratic principles, with the suppressors of common sense and the foundations of genuine liberty, order, and government?

The English and the allied policy must keep on visible record the merits of Russia at the beginning of the war, when Russia saved Europe, as America did at the end.

It is the duty of the allied policy to help in these hard times the honest Russian people, groaning under the yoke of the Bolsheviki, but not to betray them and the small number of intelligent Russians, delivering them into the hands of arbitrary ruffians.

Its duty is not to make studies and compromises, but to step in indeed as the chastising Themis, whose austere, just, but mainly "speedy" sentence in punishing crime may be considered as the sentinel of the dawn of our young Russian liberty.

THE FARMER'S CAUSE.

His Quarrel with the Middleman and Not the Consumer.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"A city press that will distort testimony and send false dispatches to outside points, is entitled to the admonition 'Woe unto you, scribes and hypocrites.'" That is not the sentiment of a Bolshevik, an anarchist, or even a socialist. Mr. Burkett of the American Agriculturist said it in the State Capitol in Albany and the 200 farmers from all over the State who were there applauded him and passed a resolution thanking him for the vigorous way he championed the farmer's cause.

The farmers had their inning at the Capitol at the annual meeting at the New York State Agricultural Society. The Dairymen's League was not officially represented, although one of its officers had been given a place on the program on Tuesday afternoon, but the society was heartily in sympathy with the league in its recent campaigns and strike and the society represents many other branches of agriculture besides dairying.

That the farmer and the consumer are friends, not enemies, bound together not only by a community of interests, but by the closest sort of family relationships, was brought out by speaker after speaker, by none more strongly than by Dr. Jonathan C. Day, Mayor Hylan's Commissioner of Milk and Markets. Dr. Day is pastor of an east side church and has spent about half his life on a farm and half as a city minister. He was unusually well able to speak for both sides and he is in a position to speak with force and clearness in favor of the chief contention of all the men who addressed the meeting. When he said that there must be an open channel between the producer and the consumer, a free market place where it would be possible for the city man to get his food without the necessity for paying a profit to the middleman, he said what every farmer heartily indorsed. The one solution urged by speaker after speaker was for the city or the State to own the distribution plants.

There was not a single criticism of the people who object to the high price of milk sold at retail. The Agricultural Society recognized two antagonists, an unfair press and the dealer who for years has exploited the farmer and made all the profit there is in the only essential human food.

When John Y. Gerow, who has been a dairyman for fifty years in Washingtonville, Orange County, and who was an organizer of the Dairymen's League, was given a chance to speak he touched the hearts of every one of the 300 men and women who crowded the Assembly Chamber. He said: "God knows I love a baby, but I will not be driven from my home by so-called philanthropic capitalists. I helped establish a creamery, but the capitalist organizations came and made us either close up or sell to them. I have drawn milk to the creamery and sold forty quarts for 60 cents. I have seen the boys all leaving the farms because capitalist organizations had fixed the wages at which they should work by determining the price of their products. In Orange County there are 4,000 acres of good pasture land without a cow on them, yet when my neighbors ask me 'Shall we sell our cows?' I say 'No.' We will not be driven from our homes nor give up making the milk without which humanity cannot live. After all, patriotism grows strong in homes and the Dairymen's League has kept cows on the hills. It has produced the fat that is essential to man's health, it has made it possible for farmers to exist, and it is keeping the homes in the country open. If we want patriotic citizens we must stand behind the league."

Mr. Gerow closed by saying: "I warn the consumers of New York, I warn the citizens of the State, I warn the Governor, that the day we railroad the officers of the league to prison will be a suicidal day for us in New York."

A FARMER.

Lake George, N. Y., Jan. 16, 1919.

THE PROBLEM OF SALONIKI

By CHARLES UPSON CLARK

EVERY one realizes that Constantinople offers a difficult problem to the Peace Conference, but few know that Saloniki's fate will be fully as delicate a question, and depends on very complex factors. The great Aegean port has been coveted by Serbia, Bulgaria, Rumania, and even Austria; in fact, Austria's resentment because Serbia had apparently blocked her path to Saloniki, was one of the chief causes of the war. It is therefore necessary that the Peace Commissioners dispose of Saloniki in a manner to satisfy both the Thessalonians themselves and the Balkan countries for which the city must be the port and the entrepôt, and it is highly desirable that we Americans should understand the factors involved.

To Thessalonica the year 1492 was almost as vital as to us Americans; it marks not only Columbus's expedition, but the expulsion of the Jews from Spain. Scores of thousands of these refugees were welcomed by the Grand Turk and distributed among the large cities of his empire, where they became the backbone of the professional classes, the retail shopkeepers, the wholesalers, and the artisans. Large numbers of them settled in Saloniki; they have preserved their language, their worship, and their customs, and even today 65 per cent. of the Thessalonians speak Spanish as their mother tongue, and profess the Hebrew faith. Less than one-third of the population of about 125,000 is Greek; the remainder is Turkish, Serb, Bulgar, &c.

With their commercial talent and their command of one of the western languages, these Spanish Jews made Saloniki the second city of European Turkey and the chief seaport of the Central Balkans. They established a national library; they were just organizing a communal university when the Balkan wars broke out afresh; the Party of Union and Progress had its headquarters here; a Thessalonian Jew was one of the three delegates who announced his deposition to Abdul Hamid. After the fire of 1890 the Jewish commercial and residence quarters were rebuilt so well that the waterfront of the city was the handsomest in Turkey outside of the capital.

Then came the Balkan wars, the world war, and the fire of Aug. 18, 1917—and these Jews who had so successfully followed the advice given by St. Paul to their ancient forebears ("study to be quiet, and to do your own business, and to work with your own hands") were confronted by a series of terrible problems, before which they have almost lost heart. Their city was first invaded by the Greek troops, who got out of hand and looted one of the synagogues, tearing up its "seraphim;" then by the Bulgarians, who, curiously enough, were milder. We do not think of the Bulgarians as a tolerant people, yet we must give them credit for never having given their Turkish citizens cause for umbrage; in the Bulgarian Sobranje sit Turkish Deputies, wearing the fez; but when the first Saloniki Deputies appeared in the Greek Chamber they were greeted with hoots and their fezzes snatched from their heads and torn to pieces!

The first steps of the Greek administration were unfortunate, also. For the mild Turkish tariff was substituted the high-protective régime of Greece, and the Thessalonian importers suffered at once. They found themselves confronted also with a new and formidable competitor—the National Bank of Greece, which not only was authorized to conduct an importing business on its own account, but which was the only agency giving import permits to others; so they had to furnish the Greek National Bank with all details of price, freight rates, &c., in their requests for permits. At the same time taxes were much increased, and the Greek language made obligatory in all Government offices and transactions, and in the schools—that is, the only schools for which the Government turned over money raised by general taxation, were the Greek schools, serving about 20 per cent. of the population.

Then, on a Jewish festival two Summers ago, came the crowning calamity. A great fire broke out in at least four different places; the firemen found the water supply deficient, and when the flames died down the Jewish business and residence quarter was a shell. The Government never issued a satisfactory explanation, and the natural suspicions of the inhabitants were accentuated by the shouts of joy raised in the leading Liberal daily of Athens over the disappearance of the ancient "ghetto of Macedonia." These suspicions were changed to despair when the Government issued the provisions of the so-called Mawson plan for the rebuilding of the city—a plan which the Venizelist Minister of Communications, speaking to the Athens correspondent of the Saloniki Indépendant, frankly characterized as "confiscation, pure and simple." The plan is a specious one and is ostensibly designed to lead to a "City Beautiful," paying no attention to the former street and property divisions; it is, however, significant that it does not touch the crowded, tortuous, and insanitary Turkish and Greek quarters, spared by the fire. It apparently protects the interests of the former property-owners by providing for the issuance to them of bonds to the assessed value of their holdings, on which bonds the bank must lend up to three-quarters of the face, if desired; but as the final disposal of the new plots will be at auction, it is feared that a few millions of Government subvention will freeze out the entire Spanish Jew population.

It is drawing near the end of the second year since the fire, and such of the homeless population as still remain camp out in hovels and in tents and eke out as best they can a scanty existence. The great Jewish organizations, the Greek Government, and latterly the American Red Cross, have been relieving the situation somewhat; but many thousands have already left, and as the Greek Government does not plan to redeem the bonds before December, 1919, many more will leave. Can there be plainer proof that it is not fair to leave any of the great Spanish Jewish centres of the Levant—Saloniki, Constantinople, Smyrna—to a single Balkan Government to administer? Considering besides that Saloniki must be the natural port of Serbia, of much of Albania, and of Bulgarian Macedonia, the only solution would seem to be the internationalization of the city and its administration by a committee or delegate of the League of Nations.

WHERE WAR GOES ON.

The Trouble Among the Poles, Lithuanians, and Ukrainians.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Polish ideals and purposes, as outlined by Polish leaders, are for the formation of a strong and self-dependent Poland—strong in population and extent of territory, but weak politically in pursuit of purpose and lacking cohesiveness. They dream of reconstructing a "historical Poland" only to be compared with the now disrupted Austro-Hungarian Empire.

The best example of Polish imperialistic aims is found in the World's Work issue of December, 1918, and outlined by no less a renowned leader than Ignace Jan Paderewski. Out of Austria, he includes in the future Poland Austrian Silesia, with over 100,000 Czechoslovaks; all of Eastern Galicia and part of Bukowina, with about 4,000,000 Ruthenians or Ukrainians; out of Russia he carves for Poland parts of Podolia and Volhynia, the former Russian Governments of Grodna, Minsk, part of Vitebsk, Courland, all of Kovna, Vilna, and Suvalki. The above-mentioned territories are not Polish, save a few big landowners who are Poles. The addition of the former Russian territory would add to new Poland, as outlined by Mr. Paderewski, some 5,000,000 Ukrainians, over 3,000,000 White Ruthenians, about 500,000 Letts, over 3,000,000 Lithuanians. Add German Poland to this, with about 2,000,000 Germans, then take into account the large Jewish element, and the new Poland of Mr. Paderewski, with a total of about 35,000,000, will have more than half of non-Polish population hostile to the Poles.

The Ukrainians would surely fight for a union with Ukrainia; the Lithuanians would work for independence; the White Ruthenians would gravitate toward a union with their brethren under the Russian sway; the Germans would look toward Germany. Those obeying orders from Warsaw would be in the minority. Such a state could not exist, or, if it were to exist, it would necessitate oppression, accompanied by cruelties, bitter feelings, uprisings, and bloodshed. Such a new Poland would be weak, because she would be unjust.

That this new Poland of present leaders would be founded on oppression bespeak events in Galicia. Murdering of hostile Jews has already taken place; battles with the Ukrainians are going on; hostilities with the Lithuanians have begun; troubles are developing with the Germans; the Czechoslovaks are not too friendly toward imperialistic Poland. There is hardly a Russian who likes Poles in general. Poland on all sides will be surrounded by hostile nations who will work for her destruction and weakening through her oppressed elements. And if we take into account the fact that Poles in foreign areas will be able to dominate only through aristocracy, we will see the dangers that beset the adventure of the imperialistic leaders of new Poland.

Lately dispatches have come from Warsaw which state that the Poles are ready to go to the assistance of the Lithuanians defending their capital, Vilna, against the Russian Bolsheviki. But the army which the Lithuanians hastily formed will not only fight the Bolsheviki but the Polish forces as well. The Lithuanians know that the Poles want to occupy Vilna and Lithuania and later keep them, as "possession is nine-tenths of the law." The Bolsheviki are merely a pretext to occupy Vilna.

One of President Wilson's peace points was the creation of a Poland out of the territory "inhabited by undisputably Polish populations." The Allies agree with this conception. This would eliminate the Ukrainians, the Lithuanians, and all other nations surrounding Poland. But only the Polish leaders do not conceive this just proposition and, temporarily being in a better military position, are trying to impose by force of arms their imperialistic aims on the weaker neighbors at present.

JULIUS B. KAUPAS.

New York, Jan. 10, 1918.

LOYALISTS OF 1776

Their Number and the Part of the Scotch-Irish and South Irish in the Revolution

By MORGAN J. O'BRIEN

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Justice Russell of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia has at various times addressed interesting letters to THE TIMES upon the subject of the American Revolution, usually dealing, however, with the position of the loyalists and the treatment accorded them by the Republican partisans. He is especially interested in this feature of the case, being himself a descendant of a loyalist. In his letter in THE TIMES of the 12th inst., he protests against a statement in a book written by Mr. Beckles Willson, wherein the author says that "two-thirds of the entire population of America were loyalists." I have no doubt at all, judging from the tone of Justice Russell's letter, that he means to be fair in his criticisms, yet when he characterizes the statement of Mr. Willson as "preposterous," it would seem that his sources of information are limited to those historians who did not themselves consult original records from which exact data on the point are available. In view of this, and in the interests of historic truth only, may I be permitted to present some evidence in support of the statement of Mr. Willson which does not appear in any history of the Revolution?

In the year 1779 a joint committee of the Lords and Commons met in the English Parliament for the purpose of investigating the conduct of the war. Two of the witnesses called before that committee were Joseph Galloway and General James Robertson. In answer to a question as to "the proportion of the Colonists who supported the present rebellion," Galloway testified: "I don't think one-fifth part have supported it"; and further, he said: "from the old attachment, and, I believe, an earnest desire to be united with this country, (England,) I venture to say that many more than four-fifths of the people prefer a union with Great Britain upon constitutional principles to that of independence." The Secretary of War introduced General Robertson to the committee as "the most competent witness to testify on American affairs" because of "his long experience and twenty-four years' residence in America and his high and deserved rank in the service," and in answer to a question by Lord George Germain, Robertson said: "More than two-thirds of the people would prefer the King's Government to the Congress's tyranny." A full account of the Galloway testimony can be seen in Rivington's New York Gazette of the months of September, October, and November, 1779, and the whole testimony, word for word, of both witnesses may be found in the Parliamentary Register or Debates in the House of Commons, (London, 1779,) this being the official channel through which the Government published the evidence given at the inquiry.

Justice Russell will hardly contend that these men were not competent witnesses or that they were not in a position to know the disposition of the people on the question of separation from England. Galloway was particularly well qualified to testify, having been one of the leading lawyers in the Colonies and Speaker of the Pennsylvania Assembly for twelve years, and the opportunities he possessed of obtaining information, as shown by his testimony, the facts stated by him, and the prominence with which his views were published made his "examination" a document of much importance at the time. And that this was not merely off-hand testimony is shown by Galloway's letters to the Earl of Dartmouth, Secretary of State, dated Philadelphia, Jan. 31, and March 4, 1778, when he was Superintendent of Police of Philadelphia, in which he said that "four-fifths of the Colonists were opposed to the rebellion." I submit that testimony such as this should be considered "the last word on the subject," and that the ex-parte statements of historians on the point bear no weight whatever.

Justice Russell also refers to certain revolutionary patriots of South Carolina as "Scotch-Irish from Ulster." I beg to take exception to this racial description of these people, because there is no justification whatever for so describing the immigrants from Ireland who took so valiant a part in the achievement of our independence, not only in the Carolinas but in all parts of the Colonies. Of course, I know it to be the general impression that the immigrants from Ireland in Colonial days were the "Scotch-Irish" element only, but there is indisputable evidence to the contrary. While no statistics were kept in those days showing the relative numbers of emigrants who left the various parts of Ireland, there is a means of determining the figures with reasonable accuracy, since in numerous cases the newspapers reported the number of immigrants arriving on the different ships. I have made a careful analysis of the Custom House records of the two chief ports of entry, New York and Philadelphia, and have also examined the newspapers during the twenty years preceding the Revolution, in addition to which the land and court records, the parish registers, the records of the offices of the Registrars of Wills and Deeds, and other similarly reliable sources, are of considerable aid in determining the approximate numerical strength of the various racial elements composing the population of the Colonies.

If the immigrants from Ireland were the so-called "Scotch-Irish," it would be natural to suppose that the vessels in which they came sailed from the ports of Ulster, and that, in view of the primitive traveling facilities of the time, the majority of the immigrants were from that section of Ireland. But, as a matter of fact, I find that the greatest number of vessels recorded as arriving from Ireland during the twenty years prior to the Revolution were from Cork and Dublin and other parts of Ireland, where a "Scotch-Irishman" was as rare as an oasis in the most arid part of the Sahara. And, taking them all in all, I find that exactly 33 per cent. of the vessels sailed from Ulster ports and 67 per cent. from the other ports of Ireland.

To quote but one example of the large Irish emigrations before the Revolution, I find in The Pennsylvania Gazette of Aug. 11, 1773, an account from Dublin stating that "upward of 18,000 people had left that port during the first six months of 1773 "to settle in various parts of America," and at the New York Historical Society there is a letter from Charles Lee, afterward second in command of the Continental Army, to one Constantine Pope of London, stating that "in the year 1774 12,000 Irish immigrants had arrived in the Delaware River. Thus we see that during a period of eighteen months upward of 30,000 Irish immigrants settled in the American Colonies, none of whom are described as "Scotch-Irish." From the newspaper accounts of the number of "passengers and servants" arriving from Irish ports I have made an average of the numbers on each ship, and when I apply these figures to the total number of vessels from Ireland I find that approximately 33,000 came from the Province of Ulster and 88,400 from all other parts of Ireland during the period 1763 to 1774!

Having arrived at these figures, I examined the names on the muster-rolls of the various bodies of men raised in defense of the Colonies, and in numerous cases also the enlistment papers which show the "countries of nativity" of the men. From these sources I determined, on a most conservative computation, that 38 per cent. of the Revolutionary forces were either of Irish birth or were American-born sons of Irish immigrants! And the names clearly show that the majority were of old Irish stock. If, as is asserted by so many historians, the Scotch-Irish became such patriotic Americans and that they acquired their patriotism from the Scotch end of the hyphen, how do those historians account for the fact that the Scotch themselves steadfastly remained faithful to the Crown? And is it not a fact that Jefferson's original draft of the Declaration of Independence contained a reference to "the Scotch mercenaries" sent over to fight the Americans, but that it was stricken out in deference to the Scotch patriot, John Witherspoon?

M. J. O'BRIEN.

New York, Jan. 14, 1919.

ITALIANS AND JUGOSLAVS

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent issue of THE TIMES, Rainer F. Hlacha, Director of the Jugoslav Information Bureau, joins issue with Colonel Pizzarello on the Italian-Jugoslav question. "I think," he says, "that history and ethnology are practical sciences based on facts, and not a matter of scholastic sophistry for the sake of supporting a preconceived cherished idea. The historical facts are:

"Since the times of the migration of the people the Slavs have populated the whole of Dalmatia and wherever else they are to be found today. The Republic of Venice conquered the Dalmatian coast towns in 1420, and the remainder of Dalmatia in 1718, with the exception of Ragusa, which remained an independent trade republic even after the downfall of Venice. * * * Dalmatia has always been Slav. Because the people on the coast were at one time in touch with Venice they used the Italian language and sent their sons to Italy."

Are the historical facts such as represented by Mr. Hlacha? We can get the correct answer if we consult some authority which may reasonably be assumed to be unbiased and is within reach of any one who wants to find out the truth. In his article on Dalmatia in the Encyclopaedia Britannica (Volume VII., Page 774, Eleventh Edition, 1910) Kingsley Garland Jayne says:

"The great Slavonic migration into Illyria, which wrought a complete change in the fortunes of Dalmatia, took place in the first half of the seventh century. In other parts of the Balkan Peninsula these invaders—Serbs, Croats, or Bulgars—found little difficulty in expelling or absorbing the native population. But here they were baffled when confronted by the powerful maritime city-states, highly civilized and able to rely on the moral, if not the material, support of their kinsfolk in Italy. Consequently, while the country districts were settled by the Slavs, the Latin or Italian population flocked for safety to Ragusa, Zara, and other large towns, and the whole country was thus divided between two frequently hostile communities. * * * Bosnia, Serbia, and Bulgaria had each its period of national greatness, but remained intellectually backward; Dalmatia failed ever to attain political or racial unity, but the Dalmatian city-states, isolated and compelled to look to Italy for support, shared perforce in the march of Italian civilization."

It thus appears, contrary to Mr. Hlacha's statement, that:

1. The coast towns of Dalmatia were never absorbed by the Slavs and never lost their Italian character and civilization.

2. They always regarded the Italians as their kinsfolk, and used the Italian language long before they were in touch with Venice.

These are the cities which Italians everywhere have always considered as a part of the "terre irredente" and for whose liberation from the hated yoke of the Hapsburgs they have fought with might and main for three years, at enormous sacrifices of blood and treasure. Why in the world should Italy be deprived of these cities, which historically and culturally belong to her, is hard to understand. The inhabitants of the country districts are mainly Slavs. But is this reason enough for denying the seaboard centres like Zara, Sebenico, Trau, and Spalato, with their Italian population and superior civilization, the right to join their mother country? There are at present 87 per cent. of Germans in Alsace-Lorraine, and Germans there will be in New Poland and Czechoslovakia, and Magyars in the new Rumania. This mixture of races can hardly be avoided, and will require the most tactful handling at the peace settlement.

Liberal-minded Italians concede that an understanding, a "modus vivendi," is not merely desirable but necessary with the Jugoslavs on the question of Dalmatia. But so long as the Jugoslavs and their friends try to cloud the issue with the "secret treaty" bugaboo, so long as they pursue their policy of hatred and provocation and continue their press campaign of falsehood and defamation, so long will conciliation be impossible and Italians of every shade of opinion will be a unit in demanding that the stipulations of the treaty of London be carried out to the letter. Italy is not going to be scared by any such threat as that of Dr. M. R. Vesnitch, the Serbian Minister to France, whose only effect will be to widen the chasm between the Serbian and Italian people just when they should do their best to get together and work out a plan for the protection of their respective rights and interests.

JOSEPH LODATO.

New York, Jan. 9, 1919.

President Wilson as Arbiter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Jugoslav-Italian dispute stands like an ominous shadow across the path of future peace and freedom in Europe. The Italians are insisting upon the execution of the secret Treaty of London, concluded without any consent of the people concerned, ceding to Italy the provinces on the eastern coast of the Adriatic, inhabited by the Jugoslavs. The Jugoslavs opposed that treaty because the ceding to Italy of those territories would imperil their national freedom, would mutilate their unity and hamper their economic development. On the eastern Adriatic coast the Italian population is represented only by settlements of tradesmen and merchants grouped in towns and commercial ports among a dense Slav population inhabiting those shores since the sixth century, A. D.

The Italian argument in defense of her imperialistic claims is only a repetition of German argument against the Slavs. The Austrians argued that they had nothing against the Croats, whom they loved and trusted, but they wished to coerce the unruly and barbaric Serbs. The Italians say they admire the heroic Serbs but they wish to control the suspicious and unruly Croats. The Austrians did not succeed in separating the Croats from the Serbs in the common struggle for national freedom, and most surely the Italians will fail to drive a wedge between the branches of the Jugoslavs. The Austrians proclaimed that they wanted to control Serbia as a hotbed of Russian intrigue. The Italians claim the right to control Croatians, alleging that they are the Austrians' catspaw. A year ago the German Kaiser boasted that he had restored German kultur in the Baltic Provinces. The Italians, claiming "the full fruits of their victory," demand to rule Dalmatia in the name of Italian civilization against the barbaric Slavs. Today the Lettish peasantry allied with Bolshevism is burning the castles of German Baltic barons because to them they are the symbols of oppression and foreign exploitation. The same fate awaits the Italian minorities if they oppose the Slavs' freedom and unity. In denying to the Slavs the right of self-government and claiming for themselves the sole right of control over the Adriatic the Italians stand for the old principle of exclusion and competition against the new and higher principle of co-operation among the nations, proclaimed by America and sincerely adopted by the Jugoslavs. Thus the Italian action is in contradiction to the higher principle of modern civilization, whereas the Slavs are defenders of the new order of the things which ought to dawn in Europe as a price for enormous sacrifices sustained by all nations.

Again today, as on the eve of the great war, the Jugoslavs, in order to avoid the hostilities and preserve the peace of Europe, are ready to settle the dispute with imperialistic Italy by referring it to an impartial court of arbitration. We propose that President Wilson, in the name of the American Nation, should act as the arbiter on the basis of the principles solemnly proclaimed by himself. In order to insure the impartiality of President Wilson's decision, it is necessary that Italian troops now in the occupation of the disputed territories should be replaced by American. That a committee appointed by President Wilson should investigate the problems on the spot and report to him. We, the Jugoslavs, accept his decision. If the Italians refuse that, we, the united Jugoslavs, will meet their aggression in the same way as we have met the Austrian attack. The responsibility for the consequences of it we leave to that group of Italian politicians who have nothing learned and nothing forgotten during this great war, but insist upon the pound of Jugoslav flesh as agreed by an immoral secret treaty.

V. R. SAVIC.

New York, Jan. 10, 1919.

HUDSON TUNNELS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reading your editorial article on "A Hudson Tunnel for Vehicles" suggests why not a tunnel for freight, with freight subways in the city, to convenient points in the wholesale and manufacturing districts, along the waterfront and to other convenient points. Such construction would, of course, be very expensive, but the saving would also be great, the saving in the cost of freight deliveries, the elimination of lost time in such deliveries and the relieving of traffic congestion in certain parts of the city, the relief from harbor congestion and adverse weather condition interference with harbor traffic, would all mount up the large saving in cost and time of delivery of freight in the city. Freight depots could be located at convenient points, from which freight would be delivered to the consumer with the shortest possible haulage by truck, thus effecting a great saving in cost and time. A freight subway could be constructed along the waterfront for delivery of export freight direct to the docks of the steamships; in fact, cars could be elevated to the dock level and run out on dock tracks to the most convenient point for loading or unloading for shipment.

There is ample room on the "Jersey Flats" to construct, at moderate cost for right of way, tracks connecting all railroads with a central freight yard, where the freight could be sorted and cars rerouted via the nearest subway freight depot to their destination in the city. Broken car lots, odd packages, &c., could be unloaded and their contents sorted for transfer on subway freight cars to the proper subway freight depot in the city.

Weather conditions would not bother, long and expensive truck haulage would be avoided, the heavy traffic congestion at the ferries and many other points would be largely eliminated, as well as harbor crowding. Large concerns on the lines of the freight subways could have their private switches or sidings for the receipt of freight direct into their establishments.

The project could be financed and constructed in three ways: (1) By the city as a city utility that would earn a revenue; (2) by private capital relying for profits on charges for terminal delivery of freight; (3) by the railroads pooling their issues or financing a "union railroad and terminal" company.

There would be no obstruction of the river and of shipping by bridges, freight would be delivered to many points in the city, all railroads supplying New York would have equal facilities for delivering freight, and the city would be removed from its insular position so far as freight was concerned.

J. M. DIVEN.

Troy, N. Y., Jan. 12, 1919.

STATE SUPREME COURT REFORM

By ADOLPH J. RODENBECK, Justice of the Supreme Court, Rochester.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York is in the grip of a statutory procedure and is under a legislative thralldom.

Ever since the adoption of our present practice there has never been a time when the Supreme Court was a free agent to carry out the jurisdiction and powers vested in it by the Constitution. The Constitution has vested the Supreme Court with general jurisdiction in law and equity and yet the Supreme Court has little to say how that authority shall be exercised.

The Legislature not only has assumed to prescribe to the minutest detail how the decisions of the Supreme Court shall be arrived at, but has presumed to authorize it to adopt rules of court as though the Legislature were placed in tutelage over that court.

The code of civil procedure with its tangled mass of substantive and adjective law and its maze of procedure has tied the Supreme Court, hand and foot, and is largely responsible for any criticism made against the administration of justice.

The Legislature seeks not only to prescribe the substantive rights of litigants so far as it can do so, but endeavors to control as well the procedural rights of parties.

It not only makes the laws, but seeks also to control their interpretation and enforcement by prescribing the procedure by which controversies shall be decided.

In a complicated case a party is not in a position to enforce an early trial on account of the numerous separate motions and appeals therefrom that are possible under a practice foisted on the Supreme Court by the Legislature having no responsibility for the administration of justice.

Litigants are given procedural as well as substantive rights by the Legislature, neither of which the courts have any authority to ignore or modify, except where a discretion is vested in the court, which discretion it often possesses without any delegation from the Legislature.

A party may be turned out of court as formerly under the common law practice because he has not entered the courtroom by the right door and must be sent out, often with the penalty of costs, to enter by another door.

The practice has been made as complicated as it could be made by the Legislature and procedure in the Supreme Court has been made a fine art which few have the skill or patience to acquire.

The poor litigant is not on even terms with his rich opponent in difficult cases because of the delays that are possible under "the nice sharp quillets of the law" afforded by the Legislature.

Human judgment upon substantive rights in complicated cases is sufficiently uncertain without adding to it the uncertainty of rulings upon questions of mere procedure.

Under our legislative practice "the glorious uncertainty of the law" may indeed become "of mair use to the Professors than the justice of it" and the claimant "may expire of wrong in the midst of right as mariners die of thirst in the midst of water."

"Justice," said Webster, "is the greatest interest of man on earth," and yet in this State it has been hampered and retarded by a legislative procedure which makes procedure nearly if not quite as important as justice itself.

Justice under our practice must be obtained in one way—by a legislative straitjacket procedure or not at all.

In those parts of the State where the Supreme Court is not behind in its calendar, ordinary cases may be promptly brought to trial, but even in those portions of the State in difficult cases, and in other portions of the State where the court is not abreast of its business, there is often an exemplification of the saying of Gladstone that "justice delayed is justice denied."

The present system of a legislative practice is one of indirect control of the Supreme Court by the Legislature.

It is a survival of the idea that the Legislature must participate in the administration of justice, as it did when the Senators were members of the Court of Errors. It is only a step in the progress from the ancient methods of trial out of which the jury system finally developed, and is an exemplification of a mechanical system of trial as against a rational system in which procedure will be subordinated to justice.

The time has arrived for the emancipation of the Supreme Court from this legislative slavery and its deliverance from these procedural shackles that have interfered with the free course of justice.

This can be accomplished not by a more legislative sleight-of-hand shuffling of sections of the code of civil procedure and a shifting of its provisions from one place to another, but by a restoration of the power of the Supreme Court to transact its own affairs and a return to the true spirit of the Constitution with respect to the administration of justice.

The substantive law should be separated from the practice, and the latter should be regulated in the Supreme Court by that court as the Constitution contemplates.

The Legislature has experimented on the subject of the procedure in the Supreme Court for over seventy years, with results yearly growing worse, and there is no encouragement in the past to continue that experience in the future.

The Legislature has a field quite as important and sufficiently large in the enactment of substantive law, and should keep its hands off the Supreme Court and permit it to discharge its constitutional duty without undue interference from the legislative branch of the Government.

If the Legislature will relegate to the statutes the substantive law in the present code of civil procedure and enact a short practice act regulating such matters as are deemed of such fundamental importance as to partake of a substantive character, the Supreme Court may then adopt suitable rules to restore the administration of justice to its fullest usefulness.

The practice in that court should be so elastic that such quasi-judicial matters as are now intrusted to administrative bodies may be as promptly adjusted in that court as by a separate tribunal. It should be so liberal that all justiciable questions may be determined as speedily and as easily as in the lower courts. It should be so general that the attention of the bench and bar will be diverted from the subject of procedure to that of the substantive law of the case and so that the eyes of the court may ever be directed to that greatest end of the administration of the law, "justice, justice, justice."

There must be an emancipation of the Supreme Court from the legislative thralldom of a statutory practice to accomplish this result and this can be done by vesting in that court the power to make its own rules in accordance with the authority and spirit of the Constitution.

MAKING GERMANY PAY.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial entitled "Estimating the Indemnity," you say:

We have an easy way of estimating what Germany can pay, and we shall have to adopt a sure method instead of preaching demands based merely on what we would like to get. Germany's debt is about $35,000,000,000. The interest on that at 5 per cent. would be $1,750,000,000. Therefore we know that Germany herself believes she can pay $1,750,000,000 per year.

You are doubtless right in your main idea, that is, that there is a limit to what Germany can pay; but I am not convinced of the justness of your method of fixing that limit.

Let me make use of an analogy. Suppose a certain rich man had committed an irreparable wrong to another man, involving the death of the victim's children and the destruction of his property, worth, let us say, $1,000,000. Suppose the rich man had $1,500,000, some productive as bonds, some unproductive as his residence, art treasures, &c., and that his income is $50,000 a year.

Now would you consider it just if a court should decide that as the culprit's income was only $50,000 a year and as he needed most of that for his living expenses it was impossible that he should pay an indemnity of a million dollars? Do you think the court should direct the victim to be satisfied with one-quarter of his property loss and to expect nothing for the murder of his children?

I think not. I think any reasonable judge would order the man to sell his stocks, his art treasures, and his residence if necessary to pay for the destruction he had caused.

The cases are not unlike. Let Germany pay for the damage done to French coal and iron mines by the cession, for a term of years or forever, of her own coal and iron mines. Let her replace the machinery, art treasures and household goods of Belgium, France, and Serbia with similar articles from her own factories, museums, and homes. Let her give of her manhood for the restoration of the buildings in the occupied territories as she gave of her manhood for their destruction. Germany has deposits of potash of great value. Let these be worked for a term of years by an English company with German labor and apply the proceeds on the indemnity demand by Great Britain. In like manner let all the natural resources of Germany be exploited for the benefit of the invaded countries.

And when these things are done, let the German people groan and sweat for twenty years or so under a burden of taxes, until every last dollar is paid. Let this go down in history as a stern example of what happens to a nation as to an individual who takes up arms against all the laws of God and man and enters his neighbor's house to rob, ruin, and destroy.

W. B. FROMER.

Richmond Hill, N. Y., Jan. 10, 1919.

CIVIL WAR POEMS

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Within the decade following immediately upon the civil war not less than eleven respective claimants as authors of "Dixie" had arisen in various parts of the country. It was this impossible situation which had tempted to a definite investigation into the true origin, &c.; of that composition, but with no design of going further. But incidental correspondence from unexpected sources gradually drew the research into considerable of the extensive area of apocraphal authorship. For example, a writer mailed to me a printed copy of "I Am Dying, Egypt, Dying," with the name of "General Lytle" attached as its author. The same cover contained a verbatim copy of the same poem, printed, and excised from the correspondent's scrapbook, which antedated Lytle's claim by ten full years. No inquiry was undertaken into this discrepancy.

I also encountered in the newspapers three persons who severally claimed to have composed "Rock Me to Sleep, Mother." But as I also came upon two versions of the song, and there might have been three, that matter was not pursued.

One of the best products among civil war poems was entitled "Stonewall Jackson's Way." This was found upon the body of a dead Confederate private soldier and appeared in a Northern newspaper of the period. It was unsigned, and no one has ever publicly professed to have written it. Efforts were vainly made even to synchronize its origin through the incidental reference in the text to Longstreet. The allusion was, of course, to General Longstreet after the latter, in the late Summer of 1862, had become a real "commander" and was assigned to the first of the three corps constituting Lee's army, the third of which (the left) was assigned to General Jackson. Jackson died on May 10, 1863, and as there had been no army engagements within the interval mentioned when Jackson, according to the song, had helped Longstreet "hemmed in at the gorge," or words to that effect, an affectionate desire to determine, if nothing better, as to the approximate date of origin of the poem had to remain unaccomplished.

The poem of the war, on the Southern side, was, par excellence, James R. Randall's "Maryland, My Maryland," and its title was never attempted upon by a pretender; for Randall, whom I intimately knew, survived through many years of robust usefulness and would have handled his own cudgels.

The only truly remarkable experience marking several years of inquiry into certain claims by putative authors was that attending an effort to fix the correct status among writers of the familiar poem of 1861, "All Quiet Along the Potomac." This work grew from the wording of a standing newspaper paragraph appearing with monotonous and daily regularity while the Confederate Army, then under Joseph E. Johnston (having been named in special orders at Fairfax as "The Army of the Potomac") occupied Munson's and Mason's hills in the Fall of 1861, and picketed the banks of that stream.

The poem was written by Lamar Fontaine, but no less than four others set up separate titles to it. For one thing, this writer knew Lamar Fontaine; and, for another thing, he knew that Fontaine had composed the ver (which was not a classic, indeed, but popular.) So the contest was begun, to authenticate Lamar's rightful title. This had involved time and compelled some warmth of correspondence. But the right prevailed.

Imagine the consternation years later at receiving from a professed relative of Fontaine a rather curt announcement that Lamar Fontaine was at that writing present with the said relative, (somewhere in Pennsylvania,) and that "Lamar Fontaine utterly denied having had anything to do with 'All Quiet Along the Potomac!'" And the "relative" added his own ipse dixit in corroboration. Obviously, the third person had no other recourse than docile silence under such a contradiction! But—

Soon after the Spanish war the United States Government purchased for collective preservation to history all of the lyrical products of the Confederacy it could find which had been popular in the civil war. The matter was difficult to obtain and was widely scattered, whatever of it had survived. A music publisher in Savannah, Ga., named Henry Shriner announced as having in his possession nearly a complete assortment of the material the Government was after, and, more to the point, they were "the original prints" of the songs. His entire stock was taken at an agreed price. The third piece of sheet music on Shriner's list contained this on the title page: "All Quiet Along the Potomac. Words by Lamar Fontaine."

ALEX B. MILLER.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 9, 1919.

READY-TO-SERVE DINNERS FOR HOSTESSES

Ready-to-Serve Maids Accompany Community Service When Desired, and Marketing is Done by Specialists for Other Busy Housekeepers

"WE'LL have dinner out of the kettle if you can stay," casually remarked the hostess.

What that sort of dinner might be was entirely beyond her manly guest. However, he believed in taking chances, so he accepted the invitation quite as casually, only to see his hostess retire for a few brief minutes and reappear to set before him a full-fledged meal—soup, meat, vegetables, a salad, and dessert. He ate and was satisfied and, containing his mystification no longer, demanded to see the magic pail.

There it was, a high, enameled affair with various intricate compartments on its inside and a cheerful charcoal fire burning away in a pan at the very bottom. In it had arrived the roast chicken, the soup, and a steaming hot pudding, while in a sister pail, much smaller in size, had come the salad packed with ice.

The hostess, thrilled with her newfound means of being domestic though a money earner, went on to explain the every-day working system of the community meal service. She purchased, it seemed, a book of seven tickets, each good for a single meal. Then, when each dinner was delivered, she forfeited a ticket and ordered, from the menu presented by the delivery boy, her dinner for the following day. She was not told, by reason of any creeping sense of economy, to those meals only, for unless she ordered them she need not pay for them, and as late as 3 o'clock in the afternoon she might call up the kitchen and cancel her dinner for that night.

It was nothing short of a godsend in her life, she insisted, for, since she worked all day in a downtown office and necessarily must swallow her lunch in the middle of a howling mob, she felt at night the urgent need of peace and quiet. She was much too tired to cook her own dinners, and she was much too busy to oversee the unskilled services of the ordinary obtainable maid. Therefore she praised unceasingly the powers that provided this happy solution to her domestic problems.

For years we have heard faint murmurings of community kitchens, but though the story sounded well to weary housekeepers and to jaded restaurant patrons, until recently the scheme never seemed to work out in a particularly efficient manner. Whenever a community idea took on form and substance it was likely, for one reason or another, to look ridiculous. The right people, experienced in the work undertaken, never seemed to be the ones in charge. But now, if anything can be judged from results, specialists have undertaken the supervision of this all-important organization, and it is actually working out to the extreme satisfaction of those who depend upon its success.

At the base of operations, where the dinners are cooked, served, and distributed, everything is organized under the most up-to-date laws of cleanliness and wholesomeness. The dinners are planned on the principle of balanced rations, so that one is sure of being provided with all the necessary food elements.

Each day, early in the morning, the delivery wagon leaves the kitchen on the errand of collecting all outstanding food containers. One of the blessings of this service is that the customer is under no obligation to wash the receptacle which brings the dinner to the door. It is collected in just the state it was left after the dinner was served, and then it is cleansed at headquarters quite in accordance with the rest of the sanitary arrangements there.

The object of the managers of these community kitchens is to provide the meals with the minimum amount of effort for those who are served. The work of filling the containers starts in at about 6 o'clock, and then the dinners are delivered as near the time requested by the customer as is possible.

All this sounds very well where one or two persons are concerned, but what about a larger number of people? Well, whole families have enjoyed ready delivered dinners. There are times in any neighborhood when the best privately established maid service will fail to pieces, and there have been known families who have failed altogether on this side of their domestic life. They are only too willing to avail themselves of the community cooking force, and many is the tired housekeeper who has thanked her lucky stars that such a course was available.

Specially cooked dinners are another triumph of the community kitchen thoroughly organized as a service for the people of the neighborhood. A customer explains that some very extra special guests are expected and what can be done to give them the best that the market affords? The resourceful manager then plans out a dinner de luxe, she has it cooked and served and sent right at the appointed hour. Added to which she stands ready to send along with it two maids properly capped and aproned who will serve the dinner, clear away the dishes, wash them, and silently steal away.

The community maid, highly trained to her particular duties, goes out from her central office in answer to your call. You can have her for an hour whenever you want her, or you can have her for an hour or two regularly every day, or you can have her come only at dinner time or luncheon time or whenever the need arises in your own domestic arrangements. For an isolated hour the charge is somewhat larger in proportion than for the same hour regularly every day, and the more hours you are willing to contract for the less you will have to pay per hour for the service.

A great boon to the young married people of any neighborhood lies in the possibility of being able to secure some one to look after the children while their parents are away at the theatre or dinner in the evenings. An unexpected invitation, a telephone call, and it is possible for the hitherto pentup parents of babies to accept without a qualm.

Out of the community kitchen idea has developed a wholesale marketing scheme which is being conducted by one enterprising woman. Early each morning she calls up her patrons, who are usually those with large families and the responsibility of providing three meals a day. She takes the order for all the necessary provisions for that day—meat, fruit, vegetables, and any other thing that it is possible to secure at a central market. Then, after all of her orders are assembled, she proceeds to Washington Market, where her purchasing is carried on, and from this point her deliveries are made to each separate family as ordered.

The charge for this service is a small percentage of the total bill, and the advantages are almost too numerous to mention. In the first place, the huge market affords all sorts of choice and the freshest of everything sold. The prices there are way below those charged by dealers in what are known as the expensive neighborhoods of the city, and then the possibility of having one's provisions selected by some one who has made a study of conditions and values is of inestimable worth to the harassed housekeeper.

Another recent development of the community idea lies in the service of finding and renting apartments for inquiring tenants. So many of the neighborhood's inhabitants gather from time to time in the confines of this modern village store that the manager is automatically kept in touch with existing conditions in that direction. She can juggle the apartment situation to the Queen's taste, for she holds the magic key. She knows who is renting furnished and who wants to rent unfurnished. She knows where a subletting proposition can be found at a bargain, and she knows in what direction to steer the one who must sublet in a hurry, but who pines to have strictly nice people for her tenants. It looks as though the outcome of all this will be that popular renting bureaus will be right in the community centre.

And now the housewife can sidestep the necessity of replanning her whole domestic regime and turn it over to a central expert association. She faces the problem of an eight-hour day for servants. She has never known anything of this character. How shall she adjust things to this latest demand from the servants? She need not adjust. She need only ask her nearest community organization to submit to her a working scheme, and all will be well.

It is quite evident that this utopian scheme has not as yet worked out in all the details of its perfection, but the beginning—and a really efficient and satisfactory beginning—has been made. It only remains for the housekeeper to educate herself to the new turn of events—for her to accept this new basis of operation, and things will work along much more smoothly, until some day a wide-eyed housewife will inquire whether things were ever done differently and how under the sun people managed when they were.

ASTONISHES THE EAST.

Remarkable Growth of the Commercial Interests of the Philippines.

Twenty years ago the Philippine Archipelago was a negligible factor in international trade, so far as the leaders in foreign commerce in that part of the world were concerned. About that time it was that the islands reverted, by the fortunes of war, to the control of the United States. The dolce far niente policies of Spain no longer governed after that. Half-naked natives—savages they were called—came under the influence of an enlightened Government. By example and by practice the Filipinos were taught of the possibilities within themselves if education and training were given rein.

Those who at first were our enemies in the Philippines have become our friends. Public schools have been established and the younger generation and many of the older people have awakened to a new national and business life. Industries that did not exist have been established and commerce has come out to and come in from the larger and more immediate foreign nations to an amazing extent when the short period of the transition, only twenty years, is considered.

Our Philippines are now competing as an exporter of staple products with, or buying largely from, Australia, with the Dutch and British East Indies and with China and Japan in a number of directions, and, under a higher civilization, importing from the United States and other countries to supply wants which, under the old Philippine régime, did not exist.

As a consequence, notably, of the very large increase in its exports and imports for the fiscal year ended June 30, which one finds the trade news bulletins of the Far East paying especial attention to the progress made by our transpacific archipelago. Indeed, it has become a trade competitor to be reckoned with by all the other large exporting countries on the other side of the Pacific and adjacent thereto.

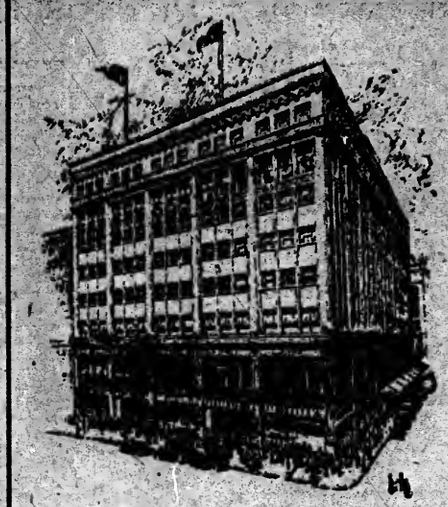
Philippine foreign trade in the last fiscal year reached an unparalleled value and exceeded the figures of the previous year by more than 60 per cent. The price test, of course, is hardly a true one, as quotations have advanced so much, but there are many instances of trade movement which are indicated by quantities, and it is clear that there has been a marked increase in volume handled, accompanied by great activity, and that the islands had a distinctly prosperous year.

Total imports amounted to $83,763,000, a gain of $32,000,000, half of it in cotton cloths and miscellaneous iron and steel. Imagine any such shipments to that extent to the Philippines twenty years ago!

Over 80 per cent. of these imports came from the United States, and of the remainder Japan sent a considerable quantity. Flour imports were a million dollars larger, but a part of these were from Australia, because of disturbance to shipping conditions. Previously this flour came from America. More fresh beef is being bought from China now. Formerly it went to the Philippines from Australia, but here shipping, or, rather, the lack of it, prevented. The once crude inhabitants of the islands bought, for them, rather freely last year also of laces, embroidery, jewelry, and automobiles.

Exports for the first time passed the hundred-million-dollar mark, rising to $116,614,000, which was double the prewar total. The increase over 1917 was about $45,000,000. Hemp and cocoanut products were the leading factors, demand for the former having been greatly stimulated by the war. Cocoanut production assumed enormous proportions when copra and oil product are considered. The island sugar industry fell away a little, owing to lack of transport tonnage. The cigar trade abroad increased nearly 50 per cent., with 70 per cent. of the export total coming to the United States. Unmanufactured tobacco exports established a new record, both as to quantity and price. After these came shipments of cordage and embroideries of Philippine manufacture, which are said to be growing in popularity here.

In short, with all the growth of Philippine foreign trade the commercial independence of the United States and the islands is as marked as anything else.—Newark News.



The Bamberger Store of Newark is holding an important series of January "Super-Sales."—Advertised below are but a few!

New Spring Dress Goods, a Super-Sale

Two value-full offerings of fabrics,—the first of a week's series of Super-Sales of Dress Goods. You've but to handle these materials to see at once the wonderfully becoming dresses that may be made up for you from their attractive folds. Fabrics that are assured of a leading place in spring costuming.

3.00 All Wool Epingle Cloth, Sale Price 2.39

In a complete array of the favored colorings for Spring this 48 and 50 inch all-wool epingle. Splendidly durable in weave, finely finished. Timely advance orders allow us to offer this regular 3.00 material for only 2.39 the yard.

2.39 French and Imperial Serges, Sale Price 1.79

We have succeeded in assembling some 1,500 yards of these highly desirable serges. All wool, fine twilled, firmly woven. In the asked-for colorings for the coming season. 42 and 44 inches wide. Our regular 2.39 all wool serges. Monday at 1.79 the yard.

Bamberger's—Second Floor

Royal Wilton Rugs At an Exceptional Saving

Every rug is strictly of Bamberger quality, the patterns are all new, the sizes most desirable.

87.75 Rugs, size 9x12, at 65.50
83.00 Rugs, size 8¼x10½, at 62.00

We fancy it might be well to plan your visit for as early as possible, because in some instances we have but one rug of a pattern, while in other designs there are four or five rugs. You'll admire the beauty of the patterns and the harmony of the colorings.

Bamberger's—Fourth Floor

Sale of Beautiful Laces And Nets at Bamberger's

WHITE CLUNY LACES ON SALE, 15c. YARD—This group includes laces, edgings and insertions, suitable for fancy work, curtains and underwear.

WHITE COTTON BANDING ON SALE AT 19C. YARD—This banding is very pretty, closely imitating hand crocheted lace. Used to trim brassieres, camisoles, and various kinds of fancy work.

NATURAL SHADE CLUNY LACES AT 19C. AND 25C. YARD—Suitable for fancy work, curtains, bed spreads and other uses. Heavy and good-looking.

"VAL" LACES, EDGINGS AND INSERTIONS, 65C. AND 75C. FOR 12 YD. PIECE—Fine quality for trimming children's wear, neckwear and lingerie.

79c WHITE NETS, 72 INCHES WIDE, AT 65c YARD—Excellent quality for dress foundations and various kinds of fancy work. While 150 yards last, on sale at 65c yard.

1.00 SILK DRESS NET, 43-INCH, AT 79c YARD—43 inches wide. In the beginning there will be all the smart evening shades. Used for dresses and scarfs. Quantity limited.

40-INCH GEORGETTE CREPE ON SALE, 1.65 YARD—Made to sell for 2.00 yard. All the preferred colors for afternoon, street and evening wear. Unusually worth while at 1.65 yard.

Bamberger's—First Floor

A January "Super-Sale" of Upholsteries

2.50 SCRIM CURTAINS, 1.50 PR.—Suitable for any room; made of a fine quality scrim, hemstitched and with a wide filet insertion and edge; white only.

4.00 VOILE CURTAINS, 3.00 PR.—Made of fine quality voile, in beautiful designs in hand-drawn work; filet motif, and narrow lace edge; hemstitched hem.

3.25 NOVELTY NET CURTAINS, 2.50 PR.—Net Curtains, in neat detached figures; two-inch hem and neat lace edge; six different designs from which to choose.

2.00 RUFFLED VOILE CURTAINS, 1.25 PR.—A splendid quality of voile, with hemstitched hems and two inch hemstitched ruffle; in white only.

25.00 VELOUR PORTIERES, 18.00—Rich portieres made of solid color velour, with French open ends; 7 feet 6 inches long; in combinations of colors as follows: Mulberry with blue, blue with green, gold with brown, blue with gold, mulberry with brown and gold with gold.

45c. FILET NET, 35c. YD.—36 inches wide; in white and Arab.

45c. FIGURED MADRAS, 35c. YD.—40 inches wide.

55c. COLORED SCRIM, ON SALE AT 40c. YD.

55c. TO 75c. GRETONNES, 40c. YD.—Beautiful patterns.

Bamberger's—Fourth Floor

Suburban 'Phone Service

to Bamberger's Without Toll Charge

Out of town patrons are enabled, because of our special trunk telephone lines, to 'phone the Bamberger Store, without paying for more than a local call.

Consult local 'phone book for towns to which these numbers apply.

Orange, So. Orange, Maplewood. 'Phone Orange 6200.

Bloomfield, Montclair and Glen Ridge. 'Phone Bloomfield 4700.

Elizabeth, 'Phone 3200 Elizabeth.

MEN

Sale of Sweaters and Knitted Vests

The garments have been taken right out of our regular stock and marked down with the purpose of a rapid disposal. The reductions, in every instance, are big.

10.00 and 11.00 Worsted Sweaters, 7.95.

10.00 Men's Sweaters, 6.50.
7.50 Slip-on Sweaters, 5.00.
12.50 Sweaters at 7.50.
10.00 and 12.50 Sweaters, 7.50.
5.00 Knitted Vests at 2.50.

Bamberger's—First Floor.

Linen-Loving Homemakers Will Welcome This Sale---

HUCKABACK TOWELS—A huge assortment of huckaback towels made of good clean yarns. Regularly 19c. and 21c., at 15c.; regularly 50c., part linen H. S., at 39c.

DAMASK—In the January Sale:

64-in. cotton damask, regularly 79c.; sale price, 59c.
70-in. cotton damask, regularly 1.00; sale price, 75c.
70-in. cotton damask, regularly 1.39; sale price, 1.00
72-in. cotton damask, regularly 1.79; sale price, 1.39
72-in. part linen, regularly 2.00; sale price, 1.79.

NAPKINS AND TABLE CLOTHS REDUCED:

71x71 part linen, regularly 6.00, at 4.75.
71x88 part linen, regularly 7.50, at 5.75.
70x70 all linen, regularly 8.50, at 6.50.
70x80 all linen, regularly 10.00, at 8.50.
19x19 part linen napkins, regularly 3.25, at 2.75 doz.
20x20 all linen napkins, regularly 6.00, at 4.50 doz.
21x21 all linen napkins, regularly 7.50, at 6.00 doz.

Bamberger's—First Floor

(Two as sketched)

A Sale of Fashionable Wool Plaid Skirts At 10.98

Made to sell for 15.00 and 20.00

These skirts are the newest and smartest for immediate and Spring wearing. Developed in highest grade wool velours, gabardines and serges, in both quiet and vivid plaids, checks and striped patterns and exquisitely blended colors.

Their styles are exceptionally attractive. Some of the models are fully plaited all around—and when we say fully plaited we also mean plaited fully. That is to say, the plaits are folded in to their full width and not "skimped." Therefore, they will always fall in smart, graceful plaits.

Other models are shirred in the back and finished in front with clever pockets, button trimmed. A few models button down the back all the way to the hem.

You have never seen their equal at such a low price. While 250 skirts last, on sale, 10.98.

Also on sale at 10.98—a collection of dress skirts—crepe de chine, silk poplin, Moon Glo crepe, taffeta, georgette and other smart fabrics developed in new draped, shirred and plaited effects. Made to sell for 15.00 and 20.00; left from our wonderful sale of a week ago—while they last, 10.98.

Bamberger's—Third Floor.

L. BAMBERGER & CO.
NEWARK, N. J.

A Georgian Room of great distinction

COMMENCING TOMORROW and continuing until February 28th:

Special Furniture Occasion

at the

New York Galleries

THIS SALE is noteworthy for the distinctive character of the Furniture, Decorative Objects and Oriental Rugs involved.

¶ The variety of the selection is another feature of note. Here is not merely the output of a few shops, but an immense collection representing the *finest* product of hundreds of the most skilled cabinet-makers. Twelve spacious Galleries, in fact, each with its full quota of beautiful Cabinetry, are required to exhibit this splendid gathering of Furniture, in which every historic epoch is vividly recalled.

¶ Whatever your requirements may be—whether merely an occasional piece or two, or the appointments for an entire house or apartment—the *Special Furniture Occasion* presents an opportunity to fulfill one's needs at *decided reductions* from the prices regularly prevailing in this establishment. An idea of the broad scope of this Sale may be gained from the brief summary outlined herewith.

Summary

All woods and finishes are included among the following:—

105 Dining Room Groups
Complete, at $265 to $2,620
Representing reductions of 10 to 40%

165 Bedroom Suites
Complete, at $350 to $2,250
Representing reductions of 10 to 30%

Four Entire Galleries of Occasional Pieces
At 15 to 50% reduction
Hundreds of beautiful pieces—Chairs and Tables of every description, Consoles, Secretaries, Desks, Tall Clocks, Bookcases, Lamps, Torcheres, Banquettes and luxurious English and French Upholstery.

Oriental Rugs
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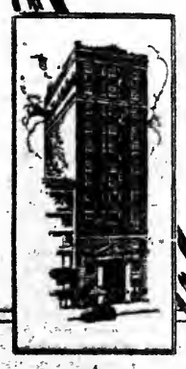

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WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH THE Y. M. C. A.?

Criticism of Organization's Work Traced to Basic Conflict in Religious Beliefs as Between Workers and Soldiers

BY W. W. GREGG.

THE Y. M. C. A. is under fire, and the attacks now being made upon it seem likely to prove more harmful than its baptism of real fire at the front prior to the armistice. But to the lasting credit of both the association and its personnel it must never be forgotten that they were at the front, that so many of its men there shared the dangers and hardships of the soldiers to whom they ministered and that some of its men there laid down their lives, not as combatants in the ecstacy of battle, but in the more prosaic rôle of supplying cheer and comfort to the fighters.

And yet now that the fighting is past, repeated mutterings of dissatisfaction with this same organization are heard, which, however much they may be discounted, surely cannot all be ignored as attributable to the ignorance or prejudice or thoughtlessness either of the enlisted men or of the Y. M. C. A. worker.

Numerous explanations and analyses of this dissatisfaction have been suggested, and in all fairness it must be stated that the Y. M. C. A. itself has been quick to investigate and answer in good spirit all criticisms made. Undoubtedly the assumed causes of many of these criticisms are either non-existent or grossly exaggerated or largely due to situations over which the Y. M. C. A. had no control. Undoubtedly the cause of certain other criticisms are traceable to an unfortunate selection of the personnel of the association, especially for its overseas work, but in part due to the very limited time available in which to expand its organization sufficiently to handle the tremendous work abroad.

But after making all allowances for these matters, which are being and will be fully discussed both by hostile and friendly critics and by the Association itself, is there not still left a residuum of fair criticism which is not explainable along any of the foregoing lines, a criticism which necessarily goes to the very root and being of the organization itself and which can always be made of the Y. M. C. A. in army work simply because it is a Young Men's Christian Association?

Of course the organization can hardly be expected to admit the validity of any such argument as here suggested. With its traditions and long history of usefulness in civic life both in religious and social fields, it may naturally resent any implication that it is in any respect fundamentally unequal to the very complex task of ministering to all the religious and social needs of the man at the front. But sometimes an outsider has a clearer appreciation of the merits of a controversy than a participant, and so in the present controversy between the Y. M. C. A. and its critics it may be helpful to look at the situation from an outsider's viewpoint, to try to discover if possible whether there is any basic and fundamental cause for even a small portion of the friction that has developed and that otherwise is unexplainable.

In the first place, it must be recognized that the fact that the Y. M. C. A. has achieved so much success with young men in civic life does not conclusively establish that it can be equally successful with even those same young men when in the service. The Y. M. C. A. has in effect admitted the truth of this statement by changing and modifying its ordinary methods in an endeavor adequately to meet the needs of the men in the trenches. And it must be noted that its present methods, when carried out by its best type of workers, do meet the needs of the soldiers admirably, even if not perfectly; so admirably, in fact, that one is almost inclined to set down as hypercritical all complaints whatever from the soldiers. If, then, the personnel of the organization is, as it has been at many huts at the front, not fairly open to criticism, any friction at those points must be attributable to some deeper and more subtle reason, to some fundamental disagreement or antagonism between even the most able and tactful Y. M. C. A. man and the typical average enlisted man; which disagreement, although probably not realized or ever put into words by either, nevertheless defines the attitude of each toward the other and interposes a subtle barrier between the two, even if neither be conscious of its existence.

In brief, is not the average soldier's creed, or religion, or theology, whatever it may be termed, directly and irrevocably at variance with that of the Y. M. C. A. worker, and is not this fact, however much it has been ignored, the basic cause of much, if not all, of the otherwise unexplained friction between the two?

THE SOLDIER'S CREED.

This leads to the inquiry as to just what is the creed of the average fighting man, of the soldier in the trenches, and whether he has as a fighter any religious views as distinct from those of the civilian of a similar station in life. Upon this question the evidence is so conflicting that it must be subjected to close scrutiny if one is to get at the real facts. There have been numberless accounts recently published of the religious belief of the soldier, numberless accounts of what the individual soldier thinks and believes in the presence of an ever-impending violent death. To form a true composite view of the religious belief of millions of fighting men might seem a hopeless task, but there is much evidence to the effect that however much such beliefs may vary in detail and in complexity they almost invariably will be found to possess, upon analysis, one common factor, and that is the belief that the soldier who dies fighting for his country or for his King has nothing to fear after death. And all but professed athiests and agnostics would put this belief in a positive form—that the soldier will after death have his full share of the joys of the hereafter.

Apparently few beliefs are of a more primitive origin or are more widely prevalent. From the days of the mediaeval Mohommedan warrior, who believed that his death in battle assured him immediate entrance into a paradise of very material pleasures, it is but a short step, theologically speaking, to the typical so-called non-religious soldier of the present day who is slow to talk about his religious beliefs and may even claim not to have any, but who if cornered will almost invariably express a firm conviction that in the next world God will not be too hard on a soldier who has died in the performance of his duty. And what essential difference is there between the two beliefs mentioned, although separated by many centuries of time, even if the modern belief is stated in less positive terms and does not possess the crude details of the ancient faith. Consequently the fact that the modern soldier's creed, as reduced to its simplest form, is of such ancient lineage and still persists in our time proves that it somehow meets a very real need in the modern soldier's experience, no matter to how many other religious beliefs he may also subscribe or to what religious organization he may profess allegiance.

But the belief referred to, fundamental as it may be in every soldier's consciousness, seldom or never definitely appears in the formulated creeds or theologies of the present day, and certainly not in those of the so-called evangelical churches. No evangelical theology declares that a man is "saved" in the hereafter merely because he happens to die as a soldier, if he lives and dies without any conscious confession or repentance or declaration of faith upon his part, and if an individual is not "saved" at death he is "lost" according to this same theology. Moreover, the Y. M. C. A., however much it may aim to improve the body and mind of young men, was and is primarily an organization to promote their spiritual life along evangelical lines. Even today no one may be a full active member of the association who is not a member of an evangelical church, the association thus logically excluding from its active membership all members of the Unitarian Church, however much the association has accepted Unitarian money and even has used Unitarian workers in certain of its departments.

THE CONFLICTING CREEDS.

It is thus evident that much of the undefined and otherwise unexplainable friction existing between the soldier and the Y. M. C. A. worker is directly traceable to their different religious views. If the association worker looks upon all unchurched soldiers primarily as material to be "saved," no matter how much he may also try to minister to their wants of body and mind, he will naturally, be he ever so tactful, be more or less insistent upon matters of faith and conduct in which the average soldier takes but little interest. The typical red-blooded fighting man who unconsciously but instinctively subscribes to the soldier's creed mentioned does not worry about the hereafter or the condition of his soul, certain published abstruse introspections by the exceptional soldier to the contrary notwithstanding, and consequently does not take overkindly to much admonition, especially from one who may be relatively safe from the perils of battle. The typical soldier in fact is prone in the last analysis to excuse his faults and vices by his soldier's creed, and consequently, even although living in the constant presence of death, is not easily "converted" or brought to profess the faith of evangelical Christianity as represented by the Y. M. C. A.

If the foregoing is a fair outline of the opposing subconscious tendencies and mental attitudes of both the Y. M. C. A. worker and the soldier, it must be clear that the resulting situation has made large demands upon the native tactfulness of the worker. For although his theology does not give him any hope for the future of the unrepentant and thereby "sinful" soldier who dies "unsaved," he himself may personally hold a somewhat different view, especially after the broadening experience of living with and working among such men as make up the rank and file of our forces abroad. He may possibly recall the familiar quotation: "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friend," and thereby, regardless of the creed of his church, may privately cherish certain hopes for the soldier after death.

But even if he holds fast to the evangelical theology of his organization he soon sees the tactlessness of openly preaching such views to men at the front. Obviously no matter how much he may believe in a hell, whether literal or figurative, in the hereafter for the unconverted soldier, such a doctrine must be well camouflaged if presented at all to men who at the call of their country are cheerfully undergoing a daily hell upon earth and in momentary danger of death itself. So the average association man at the front does little if any "doctrinal" preaching, and in his addresses wisely lays atress upon morality. But friction even arises from this kind of preaching, for many a soldier resents criticism of his morals and falls back on the creed of his kind in full confidence that his supreme sacrifice on the battlefield will atone in the hereafter for every sin committed in his lifetime, that his sufferings in war, and especially his death in action, are an all-sufficient penance. It is accordingly easy to see that his doctrine of the warrior superman who can do no wrong that will outweigh his total credit balance in the world to come sometimes renders him none too amenable to the moral exhortations of the Y. M. C. A. worker.

"Inter armes silent leges." Similarly upon the battlefield many current theologies seem strangely inappropriate to the real facts of human life as there seen, raw and primitive, and with much of the veneer of civilization ploughed off. In war the carefully formulated beliefs of religious organizations often reveal their inadquacy, and we then see, coming to the fore and crowding such beliefs into the background, certain other beliefs almost forgotten, such as the ages-old warrior faith, scarcely remembered in peace times, but always springing into life at the sound of battle.

In view, then, of the psychology both of the average soldier in the trenches and of the Y. M. C. A. worker of even the best type, is it any wonder that the two have not always really understood each other and that friction has resulted? Is it not rather true that some friction must have resulted and that more did not result is a high tribute both to the Y. M. C. A. worker and his organization, and also to the soldier himself? For whatever may be the future of present-day evangelical creeds through the processes of evolution, it seems reasonable to predict that the ancient soldier-creed will persist, and must always be reckoned with as a force in man life until war itself shall cease to be.

UNAPPRECIATED WORDS

The drift of an exceedingly forceful figure of speech into inaneness is one of the tragedies of language. It goes on continuously and results in stuffing every one's mouth with words the meaning of which he may dimly sense, but the richness of which is far beyond him. Some good can be accomplished by thinking occasionally of the real meaning of words and phrases in common use. The most bromidic of the "bromides" is apt to take on glamour when it is once examined carefully.

Consider the word "skinflint." The average user of it conveys with vigor the general idea, but he neither conveys nor himself apprehends the exceeding expressiveness of the figure. He does not commonly realize it as a figure.

In every one's fund of language there are scores, hundreds, of such unappreciated commonplaces. How many people speak of something as "a flash in the pan" with no mental picture of what the words mean? We "take time by the forelock" and "the bull by the horns." We demand or make "leeway," or "put on full sail"; we "launch" plans; we advise our friend to "shorten sail," or say he is "close reefed," or accompany him to "tide water"; we remark significantly that he was "half seas over." We congratulate ourselves on "a close shave."

Very often, as the word goes, we get "down to hard pan," or perhaps "to bedrock." It is common with us to "get down to brass tacks," but most uncommon to know what it means to do that.

One could continue citing maltreated (because not understood) words and phrases indefinitely. The few given are enough. Phrases become more quickly hackneyed and inexpressive, despite their intrinsic virtue. Words with a fine pictorial character never wholly lose their power and charm. Yet it is there only for those that will take the trouble to understand.—Des Moines Register.

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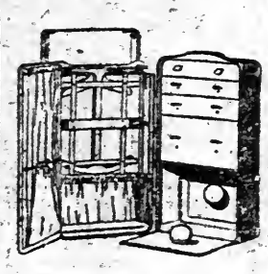

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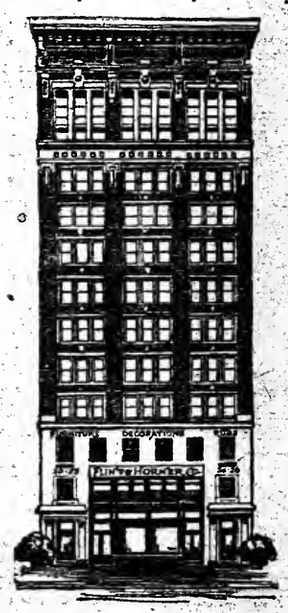

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RECONSTRUCTION IN GREAT BRITAIN

Sir H. Babington Smith Discusses Financial and Commercial Aspects of After-the-War Problems Facing the Nation

The following address was delivered recently at Baltimore by Sir H. Babington Smith, K. C. B., assistant Commissioner for Great Britain in the United States:

THE word Reconstruction has a wide application. Not only must the destructive processes of the last four years be reversed, but it is hardly too much to say that the whole framework of civilization is in need of reconstruction after the war. The word is used in several different senses which it will be convenient to distinguish.

Reconstruction, in its most limited sense, applies to the reparation of actual damage done by the war. This includes the rebuilding of houses, villages, and towns which have been destroyed; the replacement of industrial plants and machinery which have been destroyed or carried off; the restoration of mines, railways, canals, roads, woods, orchards, and so forth, and of the surface of the soil itself.

This problem is a large and urgent one, but its primary interest is for those nations on whose territory the land war has been waged. Except in one particular, with which I shall deal immediately, Great Britain is interested, not directly, as having suffered such damage, except in a minor degree; but indirectly, in seeing that all possible measures are taken to ensure that those allied countries which have been devastated shall be restored as completely and rapidly as possible, and in contributing, in such ways as may be possible, to the supply of materials or transport for that purpose.

It is on shipping especially that Great Britain has suffered losses, owing to the operation of German submarines without any restriction of law or humanity. The British losses of mercantile shipping from the beginning of the war up to Oct. 31, 1918, from enemy action and marine risk amounted to 9,032,000 gross tons. The additions to British mercantile tonnage in the same period from new construction, from tonnage purchased abroad, and from enemy tonnage captured, amounted to 5,589,000 gross tons, leaving a net reduction in British tonnage of 3,443,000 tons, mainly due to hostile action.

The world's losses, excluding enemy countries, amounted to just over 15,000,000 tons. The new construction was 10,849,000 tons, and the enemy tonnage captured 2,393,000 tons, making together 13,242,000 tons, and leaving a net reduction of 1,811,000 tons. It will be seen that while British tonnage has lost 3,443,000 tons, the rest of the non-enemy world has actually gained on balance 1,632,000 tons.

There will undoubtedly be a claim upon all existing enemy tonnage to make good the marine losses of the Allies from illegal enemy action; but as the total German tonnage before the war was under 5,000,000 gross tons, and the tonnage possessed by other enemy countries was very much less than that, and as a considerable part of this has already been captured or requisitioned by the Allies or America, it is obvious that only a part of the losses can be made good in this way.

British mercantile shipbuilding during the war has been heavily handicapped by the demands of naval shipbuilding, by the withdrawal of labor for military service, and by the great amount of repair work that was required both for the British and American navies and the merchant marine. Out of 381,000 men who were engaged shortly before the end of the war in shipbuilding, in marine engineering and in repairs, only 116,000, or considerably less than one-third, were engaged in new merchant-ship work.

SHIP PRODUCTION.

A considerable amount of repair and refitting will still be required after the war, but with the return of the men from the army, and with the cessation of the urgent needs for naval shipbuilding, it may be anticipated that the output of new ships will be rapidly increased. The tonnage completed in the year ending Oct. 31, 1918, was 1,600,000 gross tons, and it is anticipated that, when peace conditions are re-established, the annual output from British yards may reach 3,000,000 tons. It will, however, take some time before this rate is attained. Apart from any contribution from German shipping, it will probably be at least eighteen months, perhaps longer, before the destruction of war is made good; and it will, of course, be considerably longer before the normal increase which would have taken place in the last four and a half years, and the normal replacement of wornout ships, will have been overtaken. During that time the output of American yards, and of the yards of other countries will continue at a rapid rate; and, unless large and long views are taken and suitable measures concerted, it is probable that in three or four years' time the world's shipping will be largely in excess of the world's needs, with disastrous results for shipowners and shipbuilders.

In its second meaning, the word reconstruction comprises the whole process of turning over from war to peace; the process, in fact, of demobilization in its widest sense—military, naval, industrial, and financial.

Military and naval demobilization can only be carried out partially while we are awaiting the final conclusion of peace. During the period of the armistice and Peace Conference armies and, to some extent, navies must remain upon a war footing; and, even after the final signature and ratification of the peace treaty, or treaties, it is possible that considerable forces may be required for the occupation of territories, pending the execution of the conditions of peace, and for purposes of international police.

Careful study has been given in Great Britain to the problems of demobilization. During the present period of partial demobilization steps are being taken to release as many as possible of the men whose services are required in preparation for the general demobilization. Such men are, in the first place, those described as demobilizers—that is to say, men whose services will be required for working the mechanism of demobilization—and secondly, pivotal men, that is, men who are necessary for the re-establishment of industry on a peace basis and for preparing the way for the re-employment and reabsorption of labor.

Arrangements are also being made for regulating the priority of release when the general demobilization starts. This priority will depend upon a number of factors. Men for whom a job is definitely waiting will be released first; priority being given at the same time to those trades—such as mining, shipbuilding, transport, building materials, agricultural machinery, &c.—for which there is a specially urgent demand, since their activity is a condition precedent to the full activity of other industries. Consideration will also be given to the claims of men with the longest service in the army, married men, and men who, on the ground of special hardship, deserve early release. A furlough of twenty-eight days, with pay and ration allowance, will be given to each man on his release.

A comprehensive scheme has also been drawn up for giving special intensive educational training to men, who, owing to the interruption caused by military service, have lost touch with their particular professions and businesses, and measures have been taken for giving vocational training to men who have been maimed, or otherwise incapacitated for their former employment.

The demobilization of civilian workers, who have been employed on munitions work, will take place at an earlier date than the military demobilization, and will require equally careful organization. Arrangements here made to prevent, as far as possible, any immediate general discharge of munitions workers, upon cessation of hostilities, and steps were taken to facilitate, by free transport and other measures, the return of munition workers to civilian employment. This task is aided by the fact that sixty per cent. of the persons employed in munitions industries were at work, for war purposes, upon industries in which they would, in the ordinary circumstances, be working for peace purposes; but a special difficulty arises from the large quantity of female labor which has entered industry, the munitions industry in particular, during the war in order to meet the deficiency of male labor.

EMPLOYING SOLDIERS.

However good the arrangements may be, it is certain that in many cases the individual soldier or civilian may have to pass through a period of unemployment before he is re-absorbed in peace industry. To provide for this, a special unemployment donation will be given for a maximum period of thirteen weeks in the case of the civilian worker, and twenty-six weeks in the case of the soldier. This donation is payable during any period of actual unemployment occuring in the first year after discharge in the case of the soldier, and in the first six months in the case of the civilian, provided that the claimant has endeavored to obtain employment through the Labor Exchanges.

Another process which forms part of demobilization, is the disposal of surplus property. There is a vast quantity of property, both raw materials and finished articles, in use or in reserve for military purposes. The value of such property is probably not less than two and a half billion dollars. In the interest of the tax payer it is necessary to guard against improvident selling; and it is also desirable to avoid the dislocation of trade which would result from too hasty a disposal of this property. It is possible, also that organized schemes for the use of surplus property may be desirable; for instance, that the trucks and other automobiles which are no longer required for military purposes, should be used to set up schemes for rural transport for the benefit of agriculture. A special department in close relationship to the Ministry of Munitions has been set up to deal with this problem, and to dispose of all kinds of surplus property.

I have spoken of the industrial demobilization so far as it affects labor, but there is another side to it also—the question of the utilization of plants which have been created for the manufacture of munitions, or which have been specially modified for that purpose. In some cases the transition is easy. One factory, at least, which on Nov. 11 was engaged on pure munition work, started on commercial work of a totally different kind, on Nov. 12. Textile factories, which have been making cloth for uniforms, or other materials for military use, can readily turn over to peace requirements. If the work has to be different in kind, the transition takes longer to effect. The nature of the changes in contemplation is shown by specimens from reports received by the Ministry of Munitions. Some manufacturers who have been producing aero engines are going to make engines for motor cars, or for small launches. One firm, which has been manufacturing fuses, is turning over to the manufacture of electric fittings, another to motor accessories. In other cases, the change is more radical.

An airplane factory will turn to household furniture and heavy toys. A firm at Newcastle-on-Tyne, which has been making guns, will build locomotives, and will employ 5,000 hands. Several munition firms are taking up the manufacture of hosiery needles and hosiery bearded needles, which in pre-war days were almost entirely imported from Germany. Other munition firms are preparing to make dairy utensils, boot machinery, fountain pens, typewriters, and so forth.

On the whole, the problem is not so difficult as that which had to be faced in the early days of the war. The change from peace production to war production was a change from the known to the unknown. The return to peace again means going back in most cases to the known.

All these industries will require raw materials. The war has made it necessary for the Government to assume control of stocks and supplies of almost all raw materials. It will not be possible to relax this control all at once, and the system of priority permits, and of export and import licenses may have to be continued for a time, in order to secure fairness in distribution, and in order that our obligations to the allied countries may be observed. The object will be to remove restrictions and regulations as soon as it is practicable to do so.

The problem of financial reconstruction may be divided into three branches, which are to some extent mutually interdependent, such as national finance, currency, and exchange.

COST OF WAR.

The total expenditure of the United Kingdom from the beginning of the war to the present time amounts approximately to nine billion pounds, ($45,000,000,000,) of which one-quarter has been raised by revenue and three-quarters by borrowing. Translating, for convenience, sterling into dollars, the national debt at the beginning of the war was $3,500,000,000. It is now more than ten times that amount, $36,000,000,000. Against this, however, must be set various assets. We have advanced to the British Dominions more than $1,000,000,000, to the Allies nearly $7,500,000,000, making a total of $8,500,000,000.

A part, also, of the expenditure is recoverable; for instance, expenditure on food and raw materials which will be sold to the public, and the value of surplus stores, factories, &c. The ultimate value both of the advances and of the other assets is very difficult to estimate, but taking advances and realizable assets together, it is probably not less than $10,000,000,000. This will make the net national liabilities at the end of the war amount to something like $25,000,000,000. If 6 per cent. be allowed on this sum, in order to provide a substantial sinking fund as well as interest, the service of the debt will cost $1,500,000,000 per annum. The pre-war budget amounted to about $850,000,000 a year, and to this must be added a large sum, perhaps $500,000,000, for pensions and other charges arising out of the war, and for necessary increases of expenditure. It may be guessed, therefore, that the annual post-war budget will be not less than $2,750,000,000. There can be no doubt as to the ability of the United Kingdom to meet this charge when its energies are applied to peaceful production; but it will involve heavy taxation, and one of the most difficult problems of reconstruction will be to raise the necessary sum with justice to all portions of the community, and, without placing burdens upon industry and commerce so heavy as to repress enterprise.

The various questions arising in connection with currency and the foreign exchanges during the period of reconstruction have recently been examined by a committee of experienced bankers and business men under the Chairmanship of Lord Cunliffe, the late Governor of the Bank of England.

They consider it imperative that, after the war, the conditions necessary to the maintenance of an effective gold standard should be restored without delay. The first condition is that Government borrowing should cease as soon as possible, and that an adequate sinking fund should be provided out of revenue so that there may be a regular annual reduction of capital liabilities. They recommend that the present currency notes should be gradually withdrawn and that the note issue should, in future, as in the past, be entirely in the hands of the Bank of England, subject to the existing rules of the Bank Charter act; that there should be a fixed fiduciary issue beyond which notes should be issued only in exchange for gold. They recommend that the gold reserves of the country should be held by the Bank of England, and that the amount to be aimed at should be in the first instance £150,000,000.

The committee would rely upon the operation of the Bank of England's discount rate for checking any outflow of gold and for bringing, as in the past, the necessary regulating influence to bear on the foreign exchange.

TRADE AND EXCHANGE RATE.

It must be borne in mind, however, that the maintenance of the foreign exchanges—that is, of our ability to meet payments abroad—depends primarily upon the balance of trade, and that the effect of a high discount rate in attracting floating balances is only a temporary remedy, except in so far as its indirect effects react upon the currents of trade. The position of the United Kingdom in respect of the trade balance has been materially altered for the worse by the war. Securities to a large amount have been sold in America in order to provide funds for purchases of munitions, food and raw materials, with the result that the interest on these securities which contributed to the favorable balance between the United Kingdom and America will no longer be remitted to London.

Loans have been contracted in America and elsewhere, and the interest on these loans will have to be paid. The British mercantile marine has been depleted, and the amount receivable from other countries for freight will be proportionately diminished. It results from these causes that if an adverse balance of trade is to be averted the United Kingdom must either export more, or import less, or both. In order to meet our obligations it will be necessary that every effort should be strained to increase production, both agricultural and industrial, and to diminish all unnecessary consumption.

If Britain is compelled to use every effort to increase to the utmost the industrial and agricultural production of the British Isles, and so render herself independent as far as possible of supplies from abroad, it must be remembered that one main object of this effort is the maintenance of our ability to pay our debts to other countries and, in particular, to America. But the resumption even of normal production, and of the normal export trade from the United Kingdom, must take time; and, in the interval, purchases from the United States to the full amount required can only be made possible by the extension of credits in some form.

In the widest sense, reconstruction includes the solution of questions affecting the future welfare of the world, to which the war has given special urgency and importance. Even to touch upon these would take me too far. International questions of this character form the greater part of the subject matter of the peace negotiations. Perhaps the most vital in the internal sphere is the great group of questions concerning the relations of labor and capital, employer and employed, industry and the State.

Other questions are those of rural development, including such matters as the replanting of forests, small holdings for ex-soldiers and others, housing, education, public health, railways and transportation, electrical supply on a large scale—all these and many others are under discussion as parts of the great reconstruction which will occupy the world not for months only, but for years, perhaps for generations.

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MODERNIZED HARDTACK

Warfare today is made "modern" not alone by new and devilishly ingenious engines of destruction and locomotion. There are some up-to-date "added features" that tend to conserve life and lessen the fighting man's hardships and discomforts as well.

Modern sanitary methods and their strict application make practically impossible the ravages of virulent diseases that decimated armies of other times; modern surgery approaches the miraculous in the skill with which it patches, mends, and makes over shattered men who, as a result of such hurts in earlier wars, would have perished outright or been left hopeless and disfigured cripples; and as to the matter of food—well, war is a picnic now in that respect as compared, say, to the civil war.

The Continental troops of Revolutionary days, in Winter camp at Valley Forge, were reduced to dining off their boot tops—when they had any boots. In the civil war large bodies of troops on the march not infrequently depended upon the country through which they were passing for subsistence, and in many instances the sustenance had been carefully removed by the enemy before they arrived. Now army rations are plentiful, always there, and of best quality. Compare, for instance, the "hardtack" of today with that standard and extremely durable food known to the civil war fighter.

Civil war hardtack resembled a slab of concrete more than it did bread. When the hardy fighter of that period undertook to encompass a chunk of it, he first attacked it with the butt of his gun, a heavy stone, or his boot heel, breaking it into small pieces and then soaking it for a more or less protracted interval in coffee, soup, or other liquid that might be available.

The American fighter today has "hardtack" as an important part of his rations, but it has taken on a new character along with a modern name—"hard bread." The big bakeries of the country are turning out tons of hard bread for the boys in France and in training camps here, and as it is made today it is a wholesome, appetizing, and ready-to-serve food.

It is made of all wheat flour and is packed in tins and paper cartons holding a half pound each—a convenient size for the soldier's knapsack and for use in front line trenches, on the march, or in camp. For overseas it is packed in strong wooden cases, holding 100 tins or cartons each.

More than one-third of the enormous baking facilities of one big biscuit company is now being devoted to the manufacture of hard bread for the fighting men overseas. In the last few months eight large factories of the company have produced more than 15,000,000 pounds.

Recently a fleet of trucks loaded with hard bread were hastening to complete delivery to the docks of a shipload of hard bread when the traffic police of New York City stopped the procession and demanded that the drivers show a permit for "putting on a parade."

The ordinary citizen at home cannot buy hard bread at this time, not only because all wheat bread is taboo, but because Uncle Sam needs it all for the fighters.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

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How an Annual Business of $1,500,000 grew from $50

The fact-story of a five years' accomplishment by a man who is now only 32 years old

DESK ROOM, $10 a month. Apply Room 157 Broadway Building." There it was staring at me from the want columns of my morning paper.

One hour later I had exchanged one-fifth of my cash capital for a place from which to transact business.

For about a year previous to this I'd been a salesman for a small concern. Hadn't been very successful, though, and blamed it on the selling plan of the firm.

I had some selling plans in mind which I was sure would give us the edge on competition. But my concern wouldn't let me use them—insisted on sticking to the old methods.

As time went on without results I began to chafe, because I felt sure that I could have made good had I been allowed to use my ideas.

After one particularly discouraging week I had a heart-to-heart talk with my employer to try to win him over to my way of thinking. But he wouldn't have it—came out flat and told me that he'd have nothing to do with "new fangled notions." That determined me. I decided to put my ideas into operation by "going in for myself." At first the sledding was pretty tough. But the plans I had been unable to get my former employer to use produced results for me.

By the end of the first year my business had grown from desk space to my own office with several assistants. Since then we've pushed ahead rapidly.

I'm mighty proud to say that although there are several hundred firms in our field, you can count on your fingers the concerns who are doing more business than we are, and they had many years head start.

What success I've had I attribute to one thing alone—that I've torn loose from precedent and used ideas new to my line of business.

THE selling plan which built up my business was not original with me by any means. It has been used for years in another field. *But it was new to our line of business.* Funny thing how people think that an idea which works in one line won't work in a different line.

For a long time we had a lot of trouble with credits. We operated a credit department in the usual way. Cost a lot of money to run it. Then I adapted a credit idea from a concern in a totally different line. It worked as well for us as it did for them, and saved us thousands of dollars each year.

And so it goes. I could give instances like this by the hundreds. But they all tell the same story, and these are enough to show you what I mean.

A man doesn't have to be possessed of extraordinary mental powers to win success, but he does need an open mind and the willingness to use the ideas of others. The credit for my success doesn't belong to me. I must thank a lot of people spread from Seattle to New York—men whose ideas I've adapted to my business.

AT first I traveled around a lot and picked up ideas on the way. But after a while my growing business tied me down and my trips grew less and less frequent.

Soon I felt the loss of the ideas I'd been picking up all over the country. I wondered why some one didn't start an idea-service—I even thought of doing it myself, in fact.

Then one day while glancing through SYSTEM, the Magazine of Business, it dawned on me that here was the very thing I wanted so eagerly.

Trouble was I'd always looked on SYSTEM as so much paper and printing—it had never occurred to me that it contained really practical stuff. But here were the specific experiences of scores of concerns in all lines of business the world over. More live ideas in each issue than I could gather in a year of traveling.

Why hadn't I looked at it in that light before? From now on I'd let SYSTEM do my traveling while I sat at home in an arm chair.

So I started in. Right in the beginning I got an idea for selling one of our lines in a new field. I'd always thought we'd analyzed our market pretty thoroughly, but here was a field I'd missed. We got our salesmen busy by wire. Within a month orders were pouring in by the thousands of dollars from a brand-new source.

Like other growing businesses, we soon got all tangled up with our records. No sooner would we get a system down pat than our business outgrew it. It had always struck me, too, that we had altogether too many people keeping records, but couldn't see how it could be helped. Found an idea in SYSTEM for making record-systems flexible so that they would grow with a business. This helped wonderfully. It solved our problem. Also saved us about $1800 a year.

Two or three times I'd made some costly mistakes in picking employees. I didn't mind the money I paid out so much as the slowing down of the business. I looked upon it all as a gamble anyhow. Then I found an article in SYSTEM about picking winners in employees. We picked our Western Manager by this plan, and he's building our Western business to where it's beginning to push our main office. I shifted some of our present people around—put each in his right niche—and, it's remarkable how this speeded up our organization.

In another issue a Fifth Avenue retailer told how he gets high prices. Does it by "dressing up" an article. One of our lines was a "sticker," we were loaded up with it. We used the "dress-up" idea on it, and it sold and is still selling like hot cakes.

I used to feel cramped for ideas. Now thanks to SYSTEM, I have more ideas than I can use. I work them all out and keep them on tap to use the moment my business is ready for them.

Not only this, but I find that the men in my employ who read SYSTEM are the ones who are the "comers"—it gives them a knowledge of all departments of business instead of confining what they know to the particular work they happen to be doing. And no man can hope to become an executive unless he understands the fundamentals of each branch of business.

There's another angle to it, too. Sticking close to any business grows monotonous after a while. A man needs a little inspiration now and then. I get more real inspiration out of SYSTEM than I've gotten from all the banquets and conventions I've ever attended.

THE way I look at it is that it's my duty to my business to read SYSTEM the moment it comes in. I'd no more think of not reading it than I would of not attending to my business. SYSTEM has helped me so much that I've come to look upon it as a part of my business, and I find that leading business men in nearly every line feel the same way as I do.

I don't care what issue you pick up. In it you'll find a wealth of profit-bringing ideas which you can apply instantly to your own business. No business is so large or so small that it doesn't need the constant stimulus of new ideas, and there is no business man in any line, be it retailing, jobbing or manufacturing, that can't get the ideas he can use from SYSTEM.

THE A. W. Shaw Company, publishers of SYSTEM, the Monthly Magazine of Business, are making the following liberal offer. Send no money. Merely fill out the coupon below or write a letter and you will be enrolled as a subscriber for one year, with the understanding that if you are not entirely satisfied you may cancel your subscription by merely writing a letter within five days after you receive the current issue. On the other hand, if you are pleased remit only $3.00, the price of a year's subscription, when you are billed. Hundreds of subscribers to SYSTEM have said that ideas worth thousands of dollars have been gained from a single issue—yet you receive twelve big numbers for only $3.00. Mail the coupon today, or write a letter—this announcement may never appear here again.

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WAR WORK ENDED? IT'S JUST BEGUN

Now That the Fire Has Been Put Out, Camp Service Community Faces a Large Task of Rebuilding

By MARGARET WIDDEMER.

SOMETHING more than a year ago there was published in Punch a poem sent from the trenches, which expressed irresistibly the feeling which the world had just then about the war, a war which had by then outworn its welcome, to say the least. It said, in part:

"When the war is over and the Kaiser's out of print,
I'm going to buy some tortoises and watch the beggars sprint;
When the war is over and the sword at last we sheathe,
I'm going to keep a jellyfish and listen to it breathe."

There is no question that the thoughts of the delights of a blessed post-war leisure kept all of us from depression at times. However, when the war actually did come to an end, such a sudden end that it left the world breathless, we found, the most of us, that leisure was the last thing we were going to have. But one or two dreaming souls seem to be afraid that it will appear that not only the population of America, but all the war work agencies, have relaxed their efforts and are metaphorically buying tortoises and happily "watching the beggars sprint."

Under the caption "Let Us Not Forget the Lessons of War," a writer of a daily advice column for women, on the back page of one of the evening papers, assumes that the war is all over; that everything is tidily swept up, and proceeds to tell her readers how, in these blank and unemployed times, they should employ the energies that they have been putting into war work.

It would be excellent advice if it were not based on a mistake. We have helped to fight a big war through, we non-combatants on this side who have given our time and our thoughts and our money to the Red Cross, the "Y.," the K. of C., the War Camp Community Service, the Jewish Welfare, the American Library Association, the Salvation Army, and all the relief societies and war organizations. And now that the stimulus of war necessity is over we feel like letting go. But we can't let go. We aren't through. War camp service isn't ended.

Ended? With the Red Cross Christmas drive, for money needed as never needed before? With the Young Women's Christian Association having to put up new buildings because of the needs of the wives and mothers of returning soldiers to be housed and directed as they converge on the debarkation places to meet the boys who come back? With the Salvation Army and the Jewish Welfare and the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. working like beavers across the water to look after the returning soldiers, and the War Camp Community Service working like quite so many beavers on this side to attend to their problems here? We are just about as much through—and the war organizations are about as much through—as the rebuilders of a burnt house are through because the fire has been put out. "What shall we do," asks the writer of this advice column, "now that War Camp Service is ended? What shall we no now that there are no more song leaders, no more rallies, no more young fellows in uniform?"

There are song leaders, if they are to be used as an instance, young fellows in uniform, more of them flooding the United States at once than were here at once before the war ended. And they need looking after more than ever before, and not only they but all their relatives, including ourselves. Assimilation and reconstruction are beginning, and the Government, grasping the fact of its possession of trained organizations ready at hand is using the war camp service for demobilization and a peace service.

We shall never go back to 1913, though we all vaguely expected to until the war stopped. We are living at the beginning of a new era, something which only happens to the human race every thousand years or so. And these trained organizations are the weapons we have ready to our hand to deal with the new era's problems.

The problem closest in America just now is the problem of the returning soldier. Back of that is the problem interlocked with the soldier, of the adjustment with industry. And back of that is the problem of building up the boys who are to be the young men of the next generation, and the girls who are to marry those boys, and be mothers of yet another generation.

To begin with the returning soldier. When our boys went over they were suddenly dislocated from everything that made civilian life. They were pitchforked into an entirely new set of conditions, stranger to them than to any countrymen but the English. In some ways they were forced into an initiative that civilian life would never have taught them. In another way they had to drop most of the freedom of civil life. To learn to obey exactly what a superior officer said, and at the same time to know precisely what to do to save their lives at a moment's notice, if the moment should come, was a salutary and illuminating experience which will do them good to the ends of their lives. But it was absolutely different from the conditions they left and are returning to. Readjustment must come, and they must be helped through it.

Likewise, in this war our men were held by the Government, with the War Camp Service's aid, to a standard of living and an attitude toward life which they might never have learned out of the army. They cannot be dismissed and forgotten like children let out of school, the minute they touch our shore. They need and desire service more now than they did when they were in the army, and they will for eighteen months to come. And it is not only they who need service.

The Great War was one of the worst things the world ever knew, but out of it may come—have come—some good things; one of those things was the lesson of friendliness. The United States it not going to drop back into its pre-war condition of isolation. It doesn't want to, and it shouldn't. And this is why one of the war camp agencies in particular, the Community Service, has to go on with its work, widened and deepened, not only for the eighteen months that are now judged requisite for the readjustment of the soldier, but as long after that as the community requires or desires leadership in friendship.

The history of Community Service is a shorter one than that of most of the war agencies, but it promises to be one of the most all-embracing and efficient aids to civilization through the years to come. Beginning as the Recreation Association of America—we did not think much of recreation as a necessity in those days—it built up playgrounds and recreation centers wherever it could, mostly for the poor. The rest of us meanwhile stayed each in his own lonely little house or flat, and wished that there could be some way for us to be given a chance at friends and pleasures. But nobody saw a way.

That is, not until the war blazed it. Then the Government asked the Recreation Association to take charge of—well, what it was really asked to take charge of was all the odds and end outside the camps that didn't come under anybody else's jurisdiction. And it did—royally. In fact, it ceased to be a small organization, and at present it embraces most of the population. And where it doesn't, it should. We are, ourselves, the community, and, shown how by community leaders whose function has been very much that of the host at a party, we have learned in the war to make friends not only with the soldiers, but with each other.

As one soldier said, "It gave me my first chance at being friendly with folks." It did more than that. It gave the communities their first chance to be friends with folks, too. It kept the morale and morals, which are a different thing, of the soldiers high before they went over. It gave the camp cities, some of them, their first glimpse of the fact that companionship and brotherliness still existed in this too individualised, too indifferent America of ours. Neither soldier nor community can afford to give these up. The Community Houses erected throughout the country were not temporary structures. They are functioning still, more needed than ever for the year and a half to come while the soldiers are being demobilized; needed after that to keep the community and the soldier from dropping back into the old isolation, with all its ills in its train.

The Community Sing is going on on a bigger scale than before. Song-leading is becoming a recognized profession, and the railroad stations are being utilized for meeting places because the gatherings of singers have overflowed the school houses and other centres where they originally met.

During the past year more than 1,500,000 uniformed men have been entertained by the War Camp Community Service in New York alone. Of these more than 1,000,000 slept in quarters provided by the Community Service, and all of them were entertained and given meals at a price far below cost. Greater than these material comforts is the fact that these men were kept in surroundings where no harm of any kind could come to them.

The Khaki and Blue dances, attended by more than 70,000 soldiers and sailors during 1918, are going on and will for some time to come. The service for officers, especially in the large cities, is being increased; the officers' club in New York, newly started, includes tri-weekly dances and entertainments, thes dansants in the afternoons, a bureau of employment and information, home hospitality service, club rooms and canteens and others are following it in the large cities, because the officers will be coming back steadily for a year and a half yet, like the men.

And after the officers and men have melted again into the civil population the clubs and sings and community houses will go on being used, because people have learned to pull together under organized leadership and find it good.

Community Service has been called on by several departments of the Government to go into the industrial communities and organise friendship there. If we are to weather the storm of Bolshevism, Americanisation must go on swiftly; and the foreign-born citizens who populate the industrial communities must be taught to make friends with each other and with the educated classes. Our democracy, with its insistence on the right of the individual to be let alone and do as he pleases, worked very well in the early days, when the machinery of social life was simple, as it is in all newly settled countries. But in our modern complexities, with our flood of uneducated foreign-born population, come here not so much for freedom of thought as for better chances of making a living, our let-alone theory has led to isolation, an isolation which, pressing hard on Americans of the educated classes, has had still worse results for the Little Italies and Little Hungaries and Little Polands that have been allowed to build themselves wherever industry has called large bodies of foreigners together. The machinery for welding the people of a town has been lacking, badly though it was needed.

The Government hopes that Community Service—the united good-will of the community itself toward friendship—may build again the social life that leads to understanding, to teamwork, to constructive nation building. Community sings, social centres, language classes, community dances, organised physical education for all children, organised civic consciousness, working in the little and the big towns, not so much from a commercial as from a neighborly and friendly ideal; the interpretation of classes to each other, friendship and brotherliness and "mixing," all through this too busy, self-centred America of ours—

That is the program that we have ahead of us. That is the chore we have to do, and it is the war camp agencies, with their intensive, practical training behind them, who are to show us how.

Baded? You remember what John Paul Jones said on a somewhat similar subject—and he was a good American, too—

"Sir! I have not yet begun to fight!"

After Many Days.

The Mexico Ledger reports that Miss Geneva Chriswell, through the Circuit Court, was paid $85 recently for the loss of her graduating wardrobe in 1916. She had her outfit all prepared at that time, when a negro stole it. He was captured, but, thinking to destroy the evidence, he burned the garments. When brought to trial he was sentenced to the penitentiary, but paroled on his promise to pay for the clothes. This he has done at the rate of $5 a month, and has just completed the payments.—Kansas City Times.

An Unhappy Soldier.

One soldier boy just out of hospital bewails his fate in that he went over the top three times without a scratch and then to the hospital from a kick given him by a mule, a bullet scratch in whose leg he was bandaging. At that he was disabled in what was probably the most courageous act of his army career.—Rochester Post Express.

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Will Deliver an Address on
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"The Public Forum"
Church of the Ascension
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street
Sunday, January 19, at 8 P. M.
The Public Is Invited

MITCHELL'S REMEDY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT

Readjustment Has No Dangers if Employers and Workers Co-operate with Federal Agency

INDUSTRIAL readjustment can be accomplished without entailing unemployment and suffering if employers and workers throughout the country use and co-operate with the United States Employment Service, according to John Mitchell, head of the New York State Food and Industrial Commissions and former President of the United Mine Workers of America.

In a statement given recently to the United States Employment Service, Mr. Mitchell said in part:

The Government has provided the machinery; it is up to both employers and workingmen to support and use it intelligently. The War Industries Board and the War Department have announced their intention of working hand in hand with the United States Employment Service. They will seek to curtail war industries only so fast as the transfer of workers to peace industries across the bridge provided by the United States Employment Service can be accomplished in an orderly fashion and without suffering.

It would be the greatest pity in the world if, instead of co-operating with these public agencies, the workers on one hand should start a stampede from war to peace work, or the employers on the other hand should consider only their own selfish interests and hire and fire at will. We have got to work together for the common good in this country if we are to get any of the benefits of the great victory. Fortunately, in the organization of the United States Employment Service the war has left us with an agency through which we can work together intelligently.

Men now engaged in war work need not worry that there will be not enough jobs to go around when the time comes, so long as they do not desert their present work in droves before the work of peace is ready for them.

The future of every peace industry looks bright, Mr. Mitchell concluded, and the demand for their products should be enormous.

"Take the building industry for example," he explained: "it is now way behind and probably in for a boom. I would not be surprised if in New York State alone it gave jobs to 100,000 men, both skilled and unskilled, who are now working at other things."

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BOOKS TO READ.

The New York Times Book Review published weekly, contains reviews of the best books published during the week, with news of authors and publishers. For the busy man the Review provides a guide to the best literature of the day. $1 a year by mail.—Adv.

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Sixth Ave. and 16th Street

LAST WEEK of Spear's "CLEAN-UP" SALE

Saturday will witness the close of one of the most spectacular furniture sales in New York furniture annals. Don't wait until it is too late. Come in to-morrow. See the choice furniture and rugs that are included in this First "Clean Up" Sale ever held by Spears. You may find exactly the suite or individual piece of furniture you are seeking. The prices are more than attractive—in many instances this "Clean Up" merchandise is marked below actual wholesale cost. We cannot enumerate all the sale articles. You will find furniture for every room in the house, and all of the Spear usual high quality. We simply must close out the suites and separate pieces where the quantities are limited or where the patterns are discontinued, and have accordingly priced them to insure their immediate clearance. Don't regret next month that you did not avail yourself of this unusual opportunity. Act This Week—the Last Week of this Sale. You may Avail Yourself of Spear's Liberal Credit Terms to pay for Your Purchases.

Hundreds of Articles Not Advertised Are Included in This Sale.

For the Bedroom

Seven-Piece Adam Period Bedroom Suite, Mahogany Finish. Consists of Dresser, Chiffonier, Bedstead, Toilet Table, Chair, Rocker, Vanity Chair. The various pieces in this attractive suite are cane panelled..... $189.25

FOUR-PIECE Heppelwhite Bedroom Suite, in Mahogany. Consists of Dresser, Chifforobe, Bedstead and Triplicate Mirror Toilet Table, CLEARANCE PRICE..... $236.50

FOUR-PIECE Queen Anne Bedroom Suite, finished in Antique Ivory, American Walnut, and Mahogany. Consists of Dresser, Chifforobe, Bedstead and Triplicate Mirror Toilet Table, CLEARANCE PRICE $195.50

(Vanity Dresser, instead of toilet Table, $27 extra.)

ODD DRESSERS and CHIFFONIERS in Mahogany and Golden Oak, up from... $19.75

POST COLONIAL DRESSERS, finished in Mahogany $39.75

FOUR-POST MAHOGANY BEDSTEADS.... $29.75

Last Week Clearance Prices for Bedroom Furniture

Adam Bedroom Suite Finished in Antique Ivory $159.75

A good looking, well made suite that will give eminent satisfaction. The four pieces, Dresser, Chifforette, Bedstead and Toilet Table, are all equally well finished in beautiful Antique Ivory

For the Bedroom

FOUR-PIECE Louis XVI. Antique Ivory Bedroom Suite. Consists of Dresser, Chifforette, Bedstead, and Triplicate Mirror Toilet Table. CLEARANCE PRICE.. $237.50

(With Bow-End Bedstead, instead of regular bed, $7.75 Extra. Vanity Dresser instead of Toilet Table, $34 Extra.)

FIVE-PIECE Adam Bedroom Suite, in American Walnut. Consists of Dresser, Chifforobe, Bedstead, Toilet Table and Bench. CLEARANCE PRICE.. $259.50

THREE-PIECE Queen Anne Mahogany Bedroom Suite. Consists of Dresser, Chifforobe and Bedstead. CLEARANCE PRICE.. $258.75

SEVEN-PIECE Louis XV. American Walnut Bedroom Suite. Consists of Dresser, Chiffonier, Bedstead, Toilet Table, Rocker, Side Chair and Bench. CLEARANCE PRICE.. $189.25

FOUR-PIECE William and Mary Mahogany Bedroom Suite. Consists of Dresser, Chifforobe, Bedstead and Toilet Table. CLEARANCE PRICE.. $196.75

FOUR-PIECE Colonial Mahogany Bedroom Suite. Consists of Dresser, Chiffonier, Bedstead and Toilet Table. CLEARANCE PRICE.. $167.95

MAHOGANY and GOLDEN OAK CHIFFOBORES..... $36.75

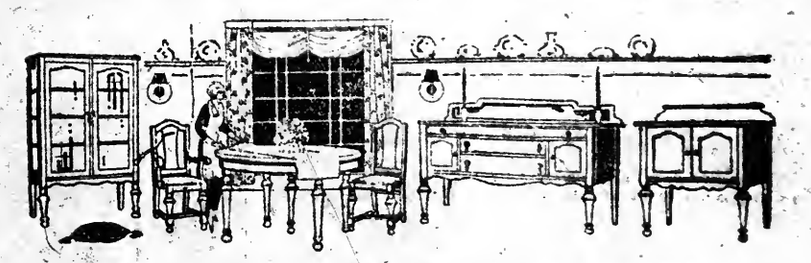
Last Week Clearance Prices for Living Room Furniture

Ten-Piece William and Mary Suite, Jacobean Oak Finish. Consists of 54-in. Buffet, Dining Table with 48-in. top and 6-ft. extension, China Closet, Serving Table and Genuine Spanish Leather Covered Arm Chair and 5 Side Chairs; 10 pieces..... $179.75

Four-Piece Louis XVI. American Walnut Dining Suite, consisting of 54-inch Buffet, 48-inch Dining Table with 6-ft. extension, China Closet, and Serving Table. CLEARANCE PRICE..... $318.75

Four-Piece Queen Anne American Walnut Dining Suite, consisting of 54-inch Buffet, 48-inch Dining Table with 6-ft extension, China Closet, and Serving Table. CLEARANCE PRICE..... $289.25

Four-Piece Queen Anne Dining Suite, finished in American Walnut or Mahogany. Consists of 60-inch Buffet, 48-inch Dining Table with 6-ft. extension, China Closet and Serving Table. CLEARANCE PRICE. $243.50



Ten-Piece William and Mary Period Dining Room Suite
Finished in American Walnut and Mahogany

Consists of 54-inch Buffet, 48-inch Dining Table, with 6-foot extension, China Closet, Serving Table, Arm Chair and Five Side Chairs, covered in brown or blue Genuine Spanish Leather $179.75

Four-Piece Queen Anne Dining Suite, finished in Jacobean Oak, American Walnut or Mahogany. Consists of 54-inch Buffet, China Closet, 48-inch Dining Table with 6-ft extension and Serving Table. CLEARANCE PRICE..... $216.75

Four-Piece William and Mary Dining Suite, finished in Mahogany. Consists of 60-inch Buffet, 48-inch Dining Table with 6-ft. extension, China Closet and Serving Table. CLEARANCE PRICE. $232.75

Four-Piece William and Mary Dining Suite, finished in Mahogany. Consists of 54-inch Buffet, 48-inch Dining Table, with 6-ft. extension, China Closet and Serving Table. CLEARANCE PRICE. $186.75

Golden Oak Buffets, up from..... $35.50

Golden Oak China Closets, up from..... $26.75

Golden Oak Dining Tables, up from..... $16.75

Golden Oak Dining Chairs, set of Six Slip Seat Chairs (genuine Spanish Leather upholstered), up from..... $34.75

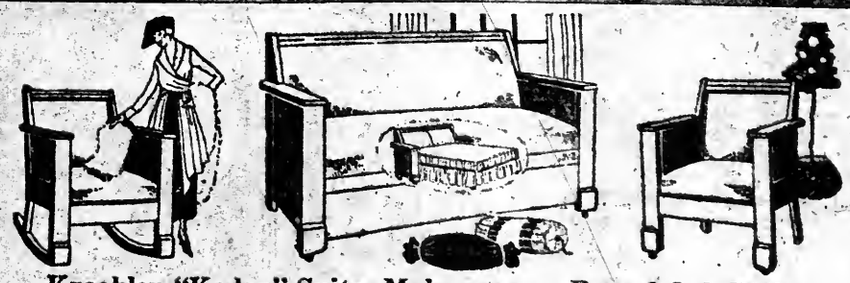
Last Week Clearance Prices for Dining Room Furniture

Tapestry Upholstered "Pillow Arm" Living Room Suite, finished in English Brown Mahogany, equipped with the famous Marshall "Comfy" Spring Cushion Bottoms, Seats, Backs, and Sides. This suite is luxuriously comfortable and may be had in a choice of Tapestry coverings. The sofa is eighty-two inches long. We invite comparison of this value..... $261.25

Sofa, $134.75; Wing Chair, $66.75; Arm Chair, $58.75.

Three-Piece Genuine Kroehler "Kodav" Suite, upholstered in Tapestry. (An additional charge for mattress.) CLEARANCE PRICE. $139.25

Genuine Genuine Kroehler "Kedav" Davenette, upholstered in Tapestry. (An additional charge for mattress.) CLEARANCE SALE.. $89.75



Kroehler "Kodav" Suite, Mahogany or Fumed Oak Finish

The Davene contains, entirely concealed underneath the seat, a full size 72-48 inch bed with ample room for a 35-lb. roll-edge mattress (at an additional charge), a pair of blankets and sheets, and room for pillows behind the back. The entire bed unfolds in one motion. The metal bed frame and folding mechanism are of all steel. There are no complicated parts, locks or latches to cause trouble. The upholstery is of imitation Spanish leather of a quality that will outwear the genuine.. $87.50

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DINING ROOM, BEDROOM and LIVING ROOM
THE $695 WONDER
TERMS $70 CASH
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GENUINE "GREENPOINT" CRIBS	$17.95	SPEAR FELT MATTRESS	$26.75
SPEAR'S SPECIAL CRIBS	$10.75	"ENGLANDER" COUCH BED	$24.75
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HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINETS, from up.. $38.25
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ALL-METAL PORCELAIN TOP KITCHEN TABLE, 22x32 inch top, with center drawer, from up $9.25

Rugs and Portieres
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Mahogany Telephone Stand and Chair.....	$9.75
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Mahogany Spinet Desk	$29.25
Mahogany Arm Chairs and Rockers, with cane seats, up from.....	$14.95
Mahogany Gate Leg Tables, size 22 x 34 when open.....	$16.75
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Mahogany Ladies' Desk and Chair.....	$28.50
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Mahogany Tea Wagons, with four rubber tired wheels and removable glass tray, up from.....	$12.50

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It prevents and relieves physical weaknesses, and gives such graceful natural lines, that this most important achievement in corset making, is recognized as one of the great blessings to womankind.

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Join the hosts of WONDERLIFT wearers. Your corset troubles will be ended, and you will never wear any other.

Models for All Figures—$6.00 to $12.00

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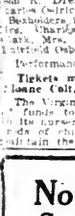
"I have been wearing my shoes with Neolin Soles nearly a year, and they are apparently in as good condition as when I bought them."—written August, 1918, by W.H. Cocke, Officer, A.E.F., France.

Only Neolin Soles could endure a test like this. That they do so is because of the tough durability built into them by a scientific process. To cut your shoe bills down, buy shoes with these long-wearing soles. They come in many styles for men, women, and children.

Remember—Neolin Soles are flexible and waterproof, too, and are available everywhere for re-soling. They are made by The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels—guaranteed to outwear all other heels.

Neolin Soles
Trade Mark Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

Jiffy-Jell
With Salad Flavor



Jiffy-Jell desserts come in many fruit flavors. But Lime Jiffy-Jell—flavored with lime fruit—makes the best salad jell.

It is tart and green. The flavor comes in liquid form, sealed in a vial.

Serve with your salad. Or mix in vegetables, cooked or uncooked, before the Jiffy-Jell cools. Leftovers will do. Or mix in meat scraps and make a meat loaf.

Try Loganberry Jiffy-Jell for a dessert and Lime for a salad jell. One package serves six. These quick, economical dainties serve a big need today

2 Packages for 25 Cents
At Your Grocer's

Jiffy-Jell—Waukesha, Wisconsin

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE
Virginia Day Nursery
632 East Fifth Street
SONG RECITAL
Will Be Given at the
RITZ-CARLTON
Saturday Evening, February 1
by
The Duchesse de Richelieu
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DANCING TO FOLLOW

Among the ladies on the Dancing Committee are: Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, Chairman; Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr., Mrs. Adolph Dreyfus, Mrs. Sydney Fish, Mrs. Charles Cheriche, and Mrs. A. Perry Osborn. Boxholders include Mrs. C. Ledyard Blair, Mrs. Charlie Chaplin, Mrs. William Clark, Mrs. Joseph Harriman, Mrs. Henry Litchfield Osborn, and Mrs. Samuel Sloane.

Performance will commence at 9 P. M.

Tickets may be obtained from Mrs. S. Sloane Colt, 831 Fifth Avenue.

The Virginia Day Nursery is in sore need of funds to continue its charitable work. In its nurseries it has cared for many hundreds of children and parents too poor to maintain their young ones

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500 Men Wanted at Once

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Alkali Makes Soap
Bad For Washing Hair

Many soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain mulsified cocoanut oil, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out dust, dirt and dandruff.

Learn How to Judge People

You are invited to attend, without obligation, a class lecture on
"Character Analysis"
by Dr. Holmes W. Merton, Vocational Counselor, on Monday, Jan. 20, or Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 7:45. These lectures will be demonstrations of the class work. He will also give a character reading to any person selected by the audience. Write, or 'Phone Chelsea 4064, for free admission.
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HEALING THE HURTS OF DISABLED MEN

More Than 200,000 Are Under Treatment Here and Overseas—Provision Made for Compensation and Insurance

PRESIDENT WILSON, in a letter to the Federal Board for Vocational Education, has called attention to the fact that the Government stands squarely back of its disabled fighting men. His letter follows:

This nation has no more solemn obligation than healing the hurts of our wounded and restoring our disabled men to civil life and opportunity. The Government recognizes this, and the fulfillment of the obligation is going forward fully and generously. The medical divisions of the War and Navy Departments are rendering all aid that skill and science make possible; the Federal Board for Vocational Education is commanded by law to develop and adapt the remaining capabilities of each man so that he may again take his place in the ranks of our great civilian army. The co-operation and interest of our citizens is essential to this program of duty, justice, and humanity. It is not a charity. It is merely the payment of a draft of honor which the United States of America accepted when it selected these men and took them in their health and strength to fight the battles of the nation. They have fought the good fight; they have kept the faith, and they have won. Now we keep faith with them, and every citizen is indorser on the general obligation.

Under authority and direction of the Congress, complete arrangements for rehabilitation of our disabled men have been made by the Federal Board for Vocational Education.

According to estimates made since the announcement of the total American overseas casualties, there are more than 200,000 disabled men under treatment in the hospitals in this country and overseas. Of this number more than one-fourth have been disabled by disease. Contrary to the general idea of the casualty list, only a very small percentage of the total have suffered disabilities which resulted in the amputation of limbs.

It is not merely the men who have lost arms or legs that the Government is offering to retrain and restore to self-supporting activity, but the Federal Board offers its aid to every man, regardless of his disability, who is entitled to Government compensation. The board realizes that the many thousands of men who are suffering from the effects of shell shock, gassing, shrapnel, and gun shot wounds which weaken their systems, tuberculosis, bronchitis, heart and nervous diseases, all may be unable to re-enter their former occupations. To all these men, as to those with more evident handicaps, the Federal Board is extending opportunity.

Within the next few months several thousand disabled men will be training under jurisdiction of the Federal Board and at the expense of the Government. Those who had been actually placed in training were taking courses in a wide range of trades and professions, including twenty-seven different occupations. Industrial schools, colleges, offices, and shops throughout the country are being utilized so that most of the men are being trained close to their own homes. Thirty-one per cent. of the total now in training are taking commercial courses, 17 per cent. are learning the various phases of agriculture, farm management, poultry raising, dairying, &c. Others are studying law, medicine, banking, and some are being trained in engineering, telegraphy, tailoring, window trimming and designing, accounting, store management, machine-shop practice, meat inspection, and traffic management.

Every soldier or sailor enlisted, inducted, or drafted into the military or naval service of the United States who is suffering from disability not due to his own willful misconduct may be entitled to compensation under the War Insurance act. It is his duty to present his claim for such compensation in order that it may be passed upon by the Bureau of War Risk Insurance. He can procure full information by applying to the war risk insurance officer at the camp or cantonment, from whom he may get Bureau of War Risk Insurance Form 526, which he must fill out in order to prove his eligibility for such compensation.

If it is not possible to get in contact with this war risk insurance officer, the soldier or sailor should call upon or write the Bureau of War Risk Insurance at Washington, D. C., stating his case; or he should call on or write the district office of the Federal Board for Vocational Education in which he is located.

If the soldier or sailor is suffering from a disability, he is also eligible for help by the Federal Board for Vocational Education in securing employment, which help will be given him in co-operation with the employment service of the Department of Labor. If he is eligible for compensation under the War Risk Insurance act, he is also entitled to training and placement by the Federal Board for Vocational Education, provided he is not able to follow his old occupation successfully without training or needs to be trained for some new and suitable occupation for which training is feasible.

The Federal Board for Vocational Education will bear the entire cost of the man's training. It will pay for his tuition; it will furnish him with books and other necessary supplies, and it will pay all other expenses that may arise in connection with his training. During the time he is following a course of instruction with the Federal Board he will, if a single man without dependents or a man required by his course of instruction to live apart from his dependents, be paid by the Government at least $65 per month. He may be paid more. If, for example, he received more than $65 per month as pay for his last month of active service, he will receive this same pay during his entire course of training. Furthermore, if his disability is such that his monthly compensation under the War Risk Insurance act is greater than $65, he will, of course, continue to receive this sum, whatever it may be, during his entire course.

A married man and his wife will receive $75 per month from the Government, provided they live together while he is taking a course of instruction. If his course is such that he must live apart from his wife, the Government will pay him $65 per month and his wife $30 per month. The larger his family the larger the amount paid by the Government for its support, whether living together or separately while he is being educated.

The same allowance and allotment will be paid to dependents as was paid to them while the man was in the active service. If he is married, his wife will receive $30 a month. If he has a wife and child they will receive $40 a month, and $10 will be paid for each additional child up to three. If he has a mother dependent upon him she will receive the same amount she received while he was in the service.

In the case of a commissioned officer undergoing training the support paid by the Government will always equal the pay for the last month of active service, an amount always in excess of the minimum guarantee of $65 per month. He will be expected to maintain his dependents out of the amount paid him while undergoing training.

When the disabled soldier has completed his course of training he will receive the compensation prescribed by the War Risk Insurance act so long as his disability continues.

That there is danger of confusing compensation with insurance payments is shown in the cases of some discharged men to whom compensation had been granted for injuries received in line of duty and who have discontinued payments of their insurance premiums. In some instances they have discontinued such premium payments owing to a mistaken belief that the sums they are receiving monthly from the Government were insurance payments.

Only in those cases where the disability from which the man is suffering is total and permanent does the discontinuance of insurance payments by the disabled man who is receiving compensation involve no risk and cause no harm. This is because in cases of total and permanent disability there is a right to recover Government insurance payments as well as compensation, which made further premium payments unnecessary as soon as the disability was in fact total and permanent.

Any man who is receiving what he believes to be insurance payments should carefully verify that the payments he is so receiving are in fact insurance payments rather than compensation payments, and should not cease making insurance payments until he has definitely determined that the payments he is receiving are Government insurance payments rather than compensation payments.

The Red Cross is undertaking to see that every discharged soldier or sailor coming to its attention is fully informed as to his rights to compensation and insurance, and gives assistance in making application for it. When the arrangements for training have been made, the Red Cross is prepared to see that the family receives supplementary assistance or service which may be needed in addition to the provision made by the Government. Since, under the law, the taking of vocational training is entirely optional with the man, and his own will and ambition must first be enlisted in order to insure success, the influence of the family may be a vital factor.

Whether a man receives compensation for disability or not, whether he receives re-education or not, the board is ready to help him get a good job. If he is entitled to compensation and goes into training, when his training is finished the board will undertake to find him a place in his new vocation.

All disabled soldiers, whether in or out of the hospitals, should address their communications to the Federal Board for Vocational Education, Washington, D. C., or to the district office of the Federal board of the district in which he is located. The district officers of the board are located at the following points, respectively:

District No. 1—Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island. Office: Room 433, Tremont Building, Boston, Mass.

District No. 2—Connecticut, New York, and New Jersey. Office: Room 711, 280 Broadway, New York.

District No. 3—Pennsylvania and Delaware. Office: 1000 Penn Square Building, Philadelphia, Penn.

District No. 4—District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, and West Virginia. Office: 606 F Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

District No. 5—North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Tennessee. Office: Chandler Building, Atlanta, Ga.

District No. 6—Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana. Office: 822 Madison Branch Annex, New Orleans, La.

District No. 7—Ohio, Indiana, and Kentucky. Office: 906 Mercantile Library Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

District No. 8—Michigan, Illinois, and Wisconsin. Office: 1,600 Westminster Building, 110 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

District No. 9—Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, and Missouri. Office: 517 Chemical Building, St. Louis, Mo.

District No. 10—Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota. Office: Room 742 Metropolitan Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

District No. 11—Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah. Office: Denver, Col.

District No. 12—California, Nevada, and Arizona. Office: San Francisco, Cal.

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DEFENDS MEXICAN OIL LEGISLATION

Senor Carpio Says Step Is Not Confiscatory, but Necessary for Revenue, and Pleads for Friendlier Feeling

NO one knows what the rôle of the United States in the war would have been had we already been embroiled in Mexico when Germany attacked our ships and had not the Wilsonian policy of nonintervention prevailed. But that all Mexico is grateful for the stand the President took and has finally justified his faith seems to be evident from the recent turn of events. That is the emphatic belief of one Mexican, who is entitled to act as spokesman for Mexicans, as it was he who addressed President Wilson last June on behalf of twenty Mexican editors accompanying him. Manuel Carpio has been in this country for several months, and is now returning to Mexico to make better known to his countrymen the ideals back of the allied cause. James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, has spoken of him as an "intellectual giant."

Mr. Carpio pointed out several weeks ago in THE TIMES that the dismissal of von Eckhardt was not merely at the instance of the German Government, but that his position had for some time been made uncomfortable by the pro-ally Government in Mexico. Now he calls attention to the fact, little noticed thus far, that Alberto Pani, a man of culture and modern ideas, as well as a leader in Mexican pro-ally endeavor, is today on his way to France as a representative of the Mexican Government. "Señor Pani was until lately," said Mr. Carpio, "Secretary of Industry and Commerce in the Carranza Cabinet, and was always noted for his strong sympathies toward the allied cause. And this is significant of practically all the officials in the country. Not only have they been sympathetic, but they have stood for and practiced in their own country the ideals of life and Government for which the Allies have been fighting.

"This Government is a Federal republic, with its three branches of the executive, legislative, and judiciary. By no stretch of the imagination can the term 'Bolshevik' be applied to it, for it is in no way organized on the Russian model, nor is the spirit the same. It is because the Mexican situation is as inadequately known in Europe as it is in the United States that we hope, through the action of Señor Pani, that it will be more carefully studied in Europe than it has been heretofore.

"It must be remembered that the Mexican revolution was not headed against capital, but against a political crime which tended to accomplish the transfer of power through assassination. At the same time the revolutionary movement included in its program the amelioration of the miserable living conditions of the workingman. During the strife much blood and much destruction of property occurred, but there was no specific determination on the part of the revolutionary leaders to destroy capital or even to dispossess the old capitalists, junkers, and land owners of their titles to property. The same 'hacendados' which controlled the great bulk of agricultural holdings in the day of Porfirio Diaz now control it, except in places where bandits and lawless bands escape the action of the Government.

"In the midst of the people's depressing poverty lies Mexico's enormous natural wealth. Most of this natural wealth is in the hands of foreign enterprises, which have been exploiting them and, with the aid of Mexican labor, have been obtaining returns nothing less than fabulous.

"Recent Mexican legislation on petroleum and mining has excited considerable comment in the European and American press. The word 'confiscation' has been too often repeated whenever such legislation has been discussed, but it may not be amiss to point out that this question has two sides, of which only one has been presented to the public, that is, the side of the oil and mining interests. The side on which lies the whole interest of the Mexican Nation has been disregarded. It is briefly this: Mexico is not one of the world's powers. It has neither a great system of military organization nor the financial and industrial means to become one either now or in the remote future. Only a thoroughly organized and financially powerful nation could hope to make good a confiscatory measure against such interests as those which exploit the mining, oil, and rubber fields in Mexico. Even if all Mexican officials of the present day were babies or lunatics, they could not fail to see the folly of confiscatory legislation, for the excellent reason that it could not be made good without a mammoth array of power.

"Mexico is utterly deprived of financial resources with which to meet the elementary necessities of public administration. School teachers have been working almost without pay in many Mexican cities, where public schools have increased in number. Municipal administration in the new free City Governments has been in a precarious state since the beginning of the new constitutional national administration. Manufacture and agriculture, the efficiency of which has been greatly impaired by the national upheaval, have not been able to provide sustenance for a large number of workers and have not been a satisfactory source of revenue for the National Treasury.

"On the other hand, the flow of oil out of Mexican territory has taken place in such tremendous quantities that it represents untold wealth, leaving the Mexican Nation practically nothing as the product of that gigantic industry. The plan of nationalizing the Mexican oil fields was resorted to in the new Constitution with a view to raising a reasonable revenue for the benefit of the country, but there has been no intent or action on the part of the republic to 'grab American millions,' as Senator Porter puts it. Mexico believes itself a free country, albeit not a powerful one. If it relinquishes all its rights to modify laws affecting its greatest national resource because of the claims of 'private property' and of 'concessions' to foreign enterprises, then it cannot call itself a nation, but will virtually become the property of these enterprises.

"It is of paramount importance to note that there is really no purpose in the Mexican mind, however backward it may be rated by other minds, to take away from the owners the things that belong to them. There is only the purpose of obtaining from them, through necessary taxation, a proportional, and by no means high, revenue for the benefit of the country.

"The needs of the people in Mexico are appalling. There are no foreign organizations to care for them. Mexico attends to its own needs single-handed. All these things ought to be discussed in the spirit of liberty, considering not only one but the two sides of the question. Señor Pani ought to bring this matter to the attention of the Allies so that an understanding of the real situation may be reached. As a matter of fact, there is no such understanding today and many evils spring therefrom.

"The worst of such evils is the view that the Mexican Nation is antagonistic to the United States and to the Allies. This hurts not only the real 'human' interests of all these nations, but the true concept of the future peace of the world. Mexico is not an enemy, but a friend that expects justice.

"There will no doubt be some means of adjusting differences, if only we can develop the spirit of friendship. Then all troubles, even the biggest ones, will be small. President Wilson, by preaching this spirit of friendship, has become the dominant figure in the whole world. His speeches are radiant with love and a real knowledge of human needs. This man stands like a giant savior before every trouble of the human heart and every conflict of material interests. He has defeated the mighty, but he is greater in his endeavor to protect the weak and to make of all men brothers instead of enemies."

A Salt Lake City Monument.

One of the curious sights pointed out to visitors in Salt Lake City is a $40,000 monument built in honor of seagulls. The memorial serves as a constant reminder of an incident that the Mormons look upon almost as a miracle. When the Mormons first settled in Utah they found themselves in danger of starvation because their first crop was being destroyed by myriads of locusts. Just when it seemed that the Mormons would be left without food the seagulls which nested in countless numbers on the islands in Great Salt Lake flew shoreward as if in response to an order, descended upon the fields and devoured every locust in sight. Their task finished, the gulls returned to their islands, but the Mormons have never ceased to be grateful.—People's Home Journal.

Worse Than Fire.

Insects cause the destruction of more timber that would otherwise be available for building purposes than do forest fires, according to investigations made by the Bureau of Entomology at Washington.—People's Home Journal.

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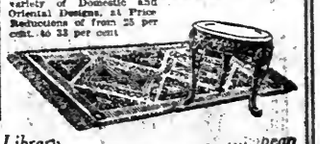

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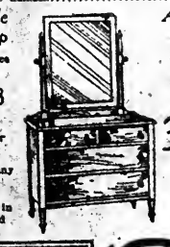

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CASUALTY RECORD OF BELLIGERENTS

Corrected Figures to Last November Compiled by an Officer of the History Section, United States Army

George S. Trevor, formerly a Lieutenant in the History Section of the United States Army, has submitted the accompanying tables with a note in which he says: "In view of the public interest in casualty lists, as evidenced by the great number of more or less official statistics which are being printed daily, I am sending you what I believe to be the most complete and accurate casualty figures which have so far appeared."

CASUALTIES OF THE COMBATANTS.
(Corrected to November, 1918; no record of prisoners included.)

Power.	*Killed and died of wounds.	Wounded.	Total Casualties.
Germany	2,045,000	5,300,000	7,345,000
Russia	1,350 000	2,450,000	4,800,000
Austria	1,100,000	3,220 000	4,320 000
France	1,190,000	2,910,000	4,060,000
Britain	658,000	2,000,000	2,658 000
Italy	460,000	1,250,000	1,710,550
Turkey	225,000	560 000	785,000
Serbia	100 000	300,000	400,000
Belgium	†73,000	200 000	273,000
Bulgaria	46,000	160,000	206 000
Rumania	52,000	145,000	197,000
Greece	8,000	20,000	28,000

*Killed include men died of wounds—but not of disease. At least 60 per cent. (maybe 70 per cent.) of the wounded returned to duty in some capacity. The wounded column includes many men hit more than once. Very slight wounds not catalogued. No prisoners are included in these totals. Russia lost tremendously in prisoners, and of course this would increase her total of fighting men put out of action. Most British lists of dead are larger by reason of including deaths from disease. No accurate United States figures may yet be given.

†Belgian losses are inaccurate—positive information on them not obtained.

COMPARISON OF LOSSES IN CAMPAIGNS

	Killed.	Wounded.
Alpine Theatre—Italian Austrian Campaigns.		
Italy	440,000	1,200,000
Austria	420,000 a	1,200,000
Galician Theatre—Austro-Russian Campaign.		
Austria	530,000	1,570,000
Russia	750,000	2,000,000
German-Russian Campaigns, (All operations where German troops formed 50 per cent. of force on Teutonic side.)		
Germany	300,000	650,000
Russia	500,000	1,200,000
The West Front—France-Flanders to Alsace.		
Germany	1,725,000	4,800,000
France	1,150 000	2,800,000
Britain	560 000	1,800 000
Belgium	73,000	200,000
United States	140,000	2150,000
Total, Allies	‡1,823,000	‡4,950,000
‡Approximate.		
Australian	57,000	180,000
Canadian	55,000	154,000
Indian	33,000	60,000
Caucasian Front—Turkish-Russian Campaign.		
Turkey	105,000	285,000
Russia	100,000	250,000

Dardanelles cost Britain 32,000 killed, 38,000 wounded.

Palestine cost Britain 16,000 killed, 75,000 wounded.

Mesopotamia cost Britain 31,000 killed, 50,000 wounded.

VERSES BY KILMER FOR THE OLD 69TH

Former Times Man Wrote Them for Show Which the Regiment Was Too Busy Fighting to Give

Unpublished verses by Sergeant Joyce Kilmer, formerly of the staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES SUNDAY MAGAZINE, *written for the entertainment of his comcompanions in arms, have just reached this country. They were written as a medley, to be sung to several familiar military airs, at a show the men of the old 69th intended to give but had to abandon in the pressure of the more pressing work of fighting Germans. Lieutenant Richard Larned of the regiment sent them to a friend in New York, with a letter saying that Constantin J. Harvey, formerly a minstrel, was to have sung them. Part of the letter follows:*

THE poem which I inclose tells its own story and tells it vividly and truly. There was a four-day hike from Grans to Longeau, Haute Marne, from Dec. 26 to 29, 1917, that was hell. Many of the 165th (old 69th) were poorly shod and left tracks of blood in the snow. For two of the four days a blizzard raged. Travel could not have been more difficult. At the rest periods men would fall in their tracks and have to be lifted to their feet again when the word came to resume the march. The supply wagons and kitchens fell behind in the drifts, and a crust of bread and a cup of coffee might be the fare for an entire day of this sort of hiking.

But the men of the old 69th kept up their spirits marvelously even under such conditions as that. They might have fallen half dead with frozen feet and fingers at the end of the day's hike, but a few hours later, when a fire was going in some billet, they would gather round and sing the old songs. You couldn't daunt that bunch, (God help us that so many of them are no longer with us!) They could make a joy palace of a hay loft and a tour de luxe of a heart-breaking hike with the spirit they showed—the same spirit that a few months later sent them into battle with heads high and hearts aglow, the spirit that stemmed the German tide in Champagne, beat them back across the Ourcq, crushed them in St. Mihiel, and forced their retreat to the gate of Sedan.

And it was men like Joyce Kilmer and Constantin J. Harvey who most particularly embodied this fine fighting spirit of the old 69th. Joyce Kilmer had lived the life of a literary man in New York, and the hikes did not come easy to him. But no matter how hard or long they were, he always finished them. He was game, that boy. I've known him to hike mile on weary mile with blistered feet, hardly able to move, finishing purely on his nerve. If any one offered to carry his rifle or ease his load in another way, Joyce became indignant. He'd stick it to the bitter end if it killed him. And never a complaint from him. One could see how tired he was; one never learned it from the man himself.

What cheer Harvey and his songs brought to Kilmer and the rest of us, Kilmer's poem describes. Harvey is a veteran 69th man. He was with the regiment on the border in the Mexican mess, and everybody knew him there and liked him. In fact, as Colonel Haskell's mounted orderly, he was one of the best-known men in the regiment. He fought in the Spanish war, too, being a member then of a New Jersey regiment.

A fine soldier and a fine fellow is old "Dad" Harvey. He's 50 years old now, but as full of pep as the youngest man in the regiment. There's no finer horseman in the army at present, as he has proved while on detached service with the 83d Infantry Brigade Headquarters and now back again with the 165th. He's done splendid work under heavy fire in this war, and was once wounded—while we were on the Argonne front. He's an old-time minstrel, and was famous as a singer of Irish songs and as a yodler years ago. He lived in Newark, N. J., at that time, I believe. He has a brother who has fought through the war with the British Army. Harvey is all Irish by descent, has lived all his life in America, (he spent many of his early years as a seaman,) and a finer, keener American couldn't be found.

Harvey never had a chance to go far with his education in his youth, but Joyce Kilmer used to call him one of the best educated men he knew—educated, that is, by his own keen powers of observation and assimilation. Two men more different than Joyce and Harvey in the lives they led would not be easy to find. Yet they were the finest of friends and animated always by the same high ideals of Americanism. Princes both.

Harvey is still with us, and his song and his yodling still rejoice us. Kilmer is with us, too, as an inspiration coming from the man who most completely embodied the finest ideals of the fighting 69th and who gave the last full measure of devotion in his fulfillment of those ideals. Kilmer died in the battle of the Ourcq, July 30, 1918.

By the way, Joyce wrote this poem originally as part of a show which was to be given when the regiment was in Lorraine. But we soon became too dog-gone busy to stage any lesser productions than that of hurrying the Hun.

Regards to all our friends. Have had so few letters recently that I'm wondering what's happened to everybody. Good luck. Affectionately, DICK.

The verses written by Kilmer follow:

THE SINGING SOLDIER.

Before we knew Ancerville, the Parroy
Woods, or Rouge Bouquet,
We took a little Winter walk, about a
hundred miles;
And when we all were frozen through,
and hungry, sick, lame, and blue,
A man named Harvey used to sing to
stimmon back our smiles.

"In the good old Summertime"—
How we yelled that ancient rhyme
Marching through a blizzard with a
mountain yet to climb;
The snow was up above our knees, and
the wind, it was a crime,
But we made the Vosges re-echo with
"The good old Summertime."

We were a dismal sight to see, the day
we marched to Semilly,
And none of us desired to hike to Dailly-
court again.
But we all said good-bye to care, when
Harvey set "The Old Gray Mare"
A-ringing down the column of five thou-
sand marching men.
We sang that Rabelaisan ballad cheerily,
Nor marching wearily,
Oh, "The Old Gray Mare" it raised
our spirits airily,
When we sang it on the road to
Longeau,
When we sang it on the road to
Longeau,
We forget about the ice and snow,
So old man Harvey made us roar it out
again,
Give it with a shout again,
Echoing about again,
And "The Old Gray Mare" it made us
brave and stout again
When we sang it on the road to
Longeau.

When village after village passed and
onward through the icy blast
We trudged with feet and hearts that
ached along the icy ways,
Then Harvey'd lift his gay old voice,
"The sidewalks of New York" for
choice,
Would set us all to dreaming of the
happy, bygone days,
Park lights, arc lights, Broadway, and
Riverside Drive,
A midsummer evening at Coney,

When you're glad that you're alive,
When we joined in Harvey's chorus
Of "Me and Mamie O'Rourke,"
We forgot our pain and were back with
Jane
On the sidewalks of New York.

Now when the rests seemed years apart
and there was woe in every heart,
And everybody felt as if he'd like to
shoot his pal,
Why, Harvey'd light a cigarette and
say: "Hell, we've a song left yet,"
And put the whole damned regiment to
singing "My Old Gal."
We thought of times long ago,
And it made our hearts kindle and
glow
To picture the faces we loved and the
places
We used to know.
We forget the weight of the pack,
As Harvey's voice called us back,
And his song would remind us of those
left behind us,
Who loved us so.
So Slainthe, Harvey, you're the lad that
kept our hearts from being sad,
And there's no truer soldier in the Sixty-
ninth, N. Y.
When we march home victorious lift up
a carol glorious
To tell the world what regiment it is
that's going by.

And no better singing soldier under
Heaven can be seen
Than yourself if you will lead us in
"The Wearin' of the Green,"
With your rifle on your shoulder and
your helmet cocked a bit,
And your Yankee independence and your
native Irish wit.

Let the Colonel give us "Route Step"
when we're on Fifth Avenue,
Let us rest and take it easy till we sing
a song or two,
And they'll know what all the silver
furls upon our flagstaff mean
When they hear old Harvey lead us in
"The Wearin' of the Green."

SOME TROLLEY OPINIONS.

They Bear on the Present Tendency Toward Municipal Ownership.

When the President of a company controlling trolley companies in St. Louis, Milwaukee, and several other cities proposed to put the American Electric Railway Association on record in favor of municipal ownership, and the resolution introduced was referred to the Executive Committee for further consideration, The Electric Railway Journal began a canvass of leaders in the street railway industry to bring out their sentiment on the subject. Twenty replies have been received and published, the greater part of them being in opposition to the proposal, though a few see no way of escape from public ownership.

One notable point about this symposium is that eight out of the twenty street railway officials declare positively in favor of the service-at-cost plan, while still others hint broadly that the adoption of that plan would be advisable. This plan has been described as meaning that utility service shall be rendered to the public at its cost, including the cost of the necessary capital invested. In other words, it is fair treatment to all parties in interest.

If Tom Johnson were to come to life, with what surprise would he read the declaration of the President of the Kansas City Railways, indorsed by other trolley company heads, that "service at cost, regardless of the form of operation, is our salvation." That was the Johnson doctrine, though not fully worked out in his day, that made the then Mayor of Cleveland a pariah in the estimation of street railway officials. Johnson spent the best years of his life in fighting for that principle, and his plan was denounced as chimerical even after his death.

What a change has come over the street railway world within a short period of time! In addition to the indorsements by trolley officials of the service-at-cost plan, hear what a speaker before the annual meeting of the Empire State Gas and Electric Association has just said. He recalled the war between Johnson and the local traction magnates, and then declared that "its settlement has had and is having a very marked effect upon the future of electric railway as what is known as the Taylor ordinance, under which the Cleveland trolley lines operate on the service-at-cost plan, has been the basis of practically all subsequent cost-of-service plans.

Another suggestive proposal for staving off municipal ownership comes from the Vice President of the San Diego Electric Railway Company, who would put the trolley lines upon an indeterminate franchise basis, have all taxes remitted and other burdens removed, so that "the public would pay less and get more efficient service than under municipal ownership."—Newark News.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS A LOGICAL GROWTH

Renan in France and Lord Salisbury in England Saw Federation as Solution of World Problems

By FREDERIC R. COUDERT.

MANY reasonably intelligent people, both in and out of Congress, assume that the League of Nations idea is rather a counsel of perfection or a millennial hope than the culmination of a process that has been going on in international relations for a century. Such people look upon themselves as "realists" and believe that the President's plan, while well intended, is unworkable and valuable only as an unobtainable ideal about which to discourse.

It is interesting to find that two of the leading figures of the nineteenth century, one pre-eminent for half a century in the world of French literature and learning, the other one of England's master statesmen during more than a generation, were in accord with the view that the only solution is to be found in confederative action among the civilised nations. In 1870, during the Franco-Prussian war, Ernest Renan, whose political writings were of a very high order of ability and in some instances reflected prophetic vision as the events of the last thirty years have shown, said:

> The principle of independent nationalities is not one calculated, as many think, to deliver the human race from the scourge of war; on the contrary I have always feared that the principle of the right of nationalities, substituted for the gentle and paternal symbol of legitimacy, would cause the conflict of nations to degenerate into an extermination of races and drive out of international law those conventional modifications and civilities which were permitted by the little political and dynastic wars of former years. *We shall see the end of war only when to the principle of nationality is added that principle which is its corrective—that of a European federation superior to all nationalities; when problems of democracy, the counterpart of the questions of mere politics and diplomacy, will resume their importance.*

And again in the same article, he said:

> On the whole, the immense majority of the human race has a horror of war; ideas of kindness, of justice, of goodness will more and more conquer the world. The bellicose spirit no longer lives, except among professional soldiers in the nobility of Northern Germany and in Russia. Democracy does not want and does not understand war. The progress of democracy will be the end of the reign of those men of iron—survivals from another age which our century has witnessed with terror coming out of the bowels of the old Germanic world. Whatever may be the issue of this war, that party will be vanquished in Germany; democracy has numbered its days. I have certain apprehensions regarding some tendencies of democracy, as I have always said with sincerity, but surely if democracy can limit itself to ridding the human race of those who for the satisfaction of their vanities and their hates cause the massacre of millions of men, it will have my full approval and sympathetic gratitude. (Sept. 15, 1870.)

The "Concert of Europe" has often seemed little more than a phrase, and yet the history of Europe since 1815 has indicated an ever-growing tendency toward co-operation among the largen nations in the common interest. The shock which we sustained in August, 1914, when Germany tirew down the gauntlet to civilization and international morality must not be allowed to obscure the fact that practical statesmen in Europe believed in the possibility of an ever-growing international co-operation of the "powers" which was tending to create a European legislature. The late Lord Salisbury was surely no visionary, but a hard headed statesman with little sympathy for impracticable schemes not consistent with human nature, or squaring with the facts of history. Yet, in speaking on the Cretan question in March, 1897, he said:

> I do not take the integrity of the Ottoman Empire for a permanent dogma. It was established by the legislature of Europe; it has been modified by them; no doubt it will be modified again—what is to be done will be done by the consent of all the powers by which the integrity of Turkey was made part of European law. Much was said, not, I think, by the Noble Lord, (Lord Kimberly,) but by those who stood by him in condemnation of the powers of Europe on this occasion. At least it may be said for them that they are representing a continuity of policy and that *they are maintaining the law of Europe as it has been laid down by the only authority competent to create law for Europe.* They have been defied by a State which owes its very existence to the "Concert of Europe." If it had not been for the Concert of Europe the Hellenic Kingdom would never have been heard of. I feel it is our duty to sustain the *federated action of Europe.* I think it has suffered by the somewhat absurd name which has been given to it (the "Concert of Europe") and the intense importance of the fact has been buried under the bad jokes to which the word has given rise, but the federated action of Europe, if we can maintain this legislature, is our sole hope of escaping from the constant terror and the calamity of war, the constant pressure of the burden of an armed peace, which weigh down the spirits and darken the prospects of any nation in this part of the world—engagements into which it enters must be respected—they must not be thrown over at the mere will of an outside power.

It is, indeed, an exaggerated idea of the sovereignty of nations—that doctrine which has found its fullest and most sympathetic expression in the German Politico-Legal Philosophy—to assume that such federated action may not be organized and developed for the common good. If the Twentieth Century is to bring any progress into international relations it cannot be upon any other lines.

The President was wise not to commit himself to any detailed plan of an association of nations. The details must be the subject of constant modification as events demonstrate what can and should be done; yet some real attempt at federated action, in which the lead shall be taken by the great powers that waged war against Prussianism, and in which participation shall be refused to no nation whose institutions are not incompatible with liberty and justice, is absolutely vital. In insisting upon immediately realizing this the President is working along the only feasible and practical lines possible. He is carrying out to its culmination a movement which has long been growing in Europe and which, notwithstanding infinite difficulties, attained a certain measure of success throughout the whole course of the nineteenth century. It is not a mere hope derived from the lucubrations of speculative writers or moralists, but the application of a principle which has been applied in practice during the past with results of importance, which has the sanction of leading statesmen, and without which there can be no guaranty of any lasting peace or any sound development of international law.

It is a fortunate circumstance that the English protagonist of the League-of-Nations plan should be the son of Lord Salisbury—the present Lord Robert Cecil, whose sympathetic and effective efforts for closer Anglo-American co-operation make him a peculiarly valuable member of the Peace Conference.

ADVERTISEMENT.

PAINS AND ACHES YIELD QUICKLY TO SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Are you tormented by Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica or any of those aches that require a counter-irritant? Then let the soothing, warming application of Sloan's Liniment allay the pain by drawing the blood away from the congested part.

It is the pressure on the nerves by the blood rushing to the inflamed muscle or joint that makes you ache. So when Sloan's Liniment relieves the swollen blood vessels by setting up a counter-irritant on the surface, the circulation is equalized, sympathetic nerves all soothed, and soreness or lameness disappears.

Sloan's Liniment is a counter-irritant widely used to overcome pain and inflammation in cases of neuralgia, sore muscles, wrenched joints, strains, bruises, gout. Rubbing is not required. This clear, clean liquid is easily applied as it does not stain the skin.

Generous size bottles at your druggists, 35c, 60c, $1.20.

Sloan's KILLS PAIN
The World's Liniment

Merchants

Are Your Goods Being Hauled Satisfactorily—and at Lowest Cost?

Merchants or traffic managers whose delivery requirements are such as to insure fairly steady work for one or more trucks (any distance) may make favorable contracts, without charge or obligation, by taking advantage of a service recently developed by our Idle Truck Bureau.

Communicate with us for further particulars explaining this plan and the benefits to be derived.

Colt-Stratton Company
IDLE TRUCK BUREAU
1847 Broadway Columbus 7100

Why Shaw-Walker Prefers The New York Times

New York, Jan. 7, 1919.

A few years ago Shaw-Walker decided to break into the New York field. We were the last of the leading concerns in our line to come here. The field seemed already monopolized. As a result, progress was not very rapid at first.

Experience seemed to indicate to us that filing cabinets could not be sold by newspaper advertising.

But a plan was presented to me for a campaign in The New York Times, featuring our selling argument, "Built Like a Skyscraper." After consideration, we decided to try out the plan.

I entered upon it without expectation of great results. My salesmen also were skeptical.

After the advertising started, we received few inquiries and few customers came to our store. The plan called for a year's advertising, so we stuck to it. Before the end of the year, our salesmen began to report less difficulty getting into offices and more cordial reception.

Then the salesmen began to show more confidence in Shaw-Walker as an institution and in the Shaw-Walker line. Also more confidence in themselves. Now, all of this was a reflection of the respect for Shaw-Walker shown by "prospects."

That was the first result of our Times advertising.

Very shortly it got to be that in *every* office where we called, "Built Like a Skyscraper" was immediately recognized. And our salesmen could not go anywhere that they were not shown consideration.

That was the second result of our advertising. Yet our advertising was appearing in but one paper.

Then our sales began to jump. There was no let-up in our increases. And today, midway in the fourth year of our almost continuous advertising in The New York Times, we are *far ahead* of the sales when the advertising began.

This was the third and greatest result from using The Times.

When business men begin to realize that advertising merely to get inquiries is not advertising but gambling; when they see advertising as a means of creating respect for their product and for the men who sell it, then they have learned how really to use advertising.

If any one should ever ask me whether any one newspaper can reach everybody in Greater New York, I would point out to him that everybody seems to have seen the Shaw-Walker "Built Like a Skyscraper" copy. Yet, with the exception of three or four casual insertions, this advertising has never appeared in any newspaper in Greater New York excepting The New York Times.

C. C. PARSONS, Manager

The Shaw-Walker Co.
60 Franklin Street, New York

DOWN TOWN STORE
S. BAUMANN & BRO
N.W. COR. 6TH AVE. & 15TH ST.

CONSOLIDATED 2 OUR ONLY STORES ESTABLISHED 1854

UPTOWN STORE
J. BAUMANN & BRO
AT 84TH ST. & 3RD AVE

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS UNTIL 10 P. M. AT BOTH STORES

Our Annual Inventory Sale

Our Inventory, just completed, has disclosed many short ends and broken lines in our enormous stock, which MUST be moved this month, before our Spring purchases arrive. It may be that the very pieces for which you have been looking are among these. A visit NOW to our store, overflowing with REDUCTIONS from TEN PER CENT. to FIFTY PER CENT., is bound to repay you.

"We Make Terms to Fit"
Motor Truck Deliveries Everywhere.

Englander Level Lock Couc
Complete with Imperial Roll-Edge Mattress. Complete at $20.98

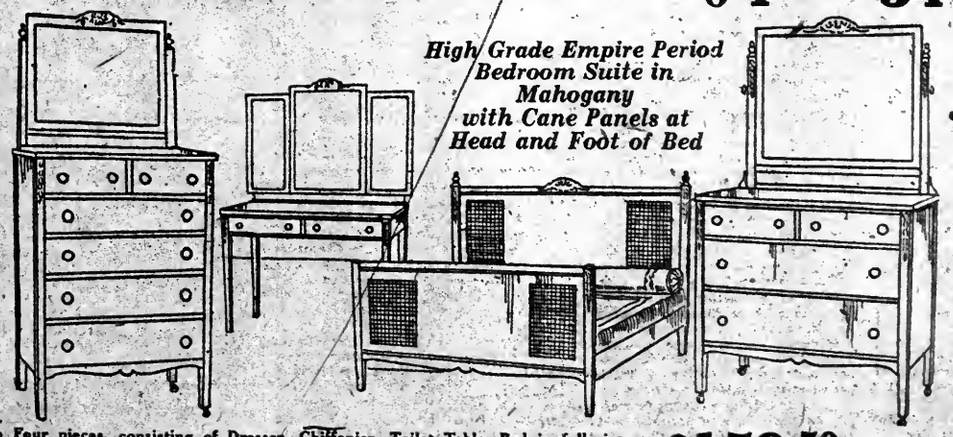
Lady's Desk
Colonial design with heavy scrolls in Mahogany, 33 inches wide, as illustrated.... $26.50

Greenpoint Trip-Lock Crib in Enamel or Antique Ivory, as illustrated, at $13.98

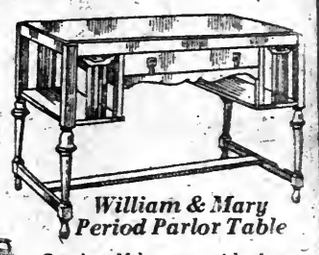
Tea Wagon
In American Walnut, with removable glass tray; as illustrated; at $25.98

Queen Anne Period American Walnut Dining Room Suite
Plain Figure Tags on Everything
The Same Low Price Cash or Credit
4 Pieces, consisting of Buffet, 60 inches wide; China Closet, Serving Table, Dining Table, 48 in., 6 feet extension; as illustrated $225.00

Three-Piece Library or Living Room Suite
Massive moulded frames, in mahogany finish, highly polished, upholstered seats, back and arms in genuie Spanish leather; indestructible springs in seats, as illustrated, at $64.98 $54.98

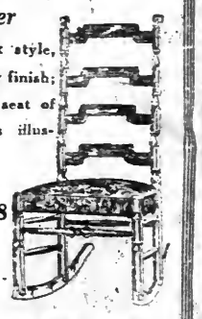


High Grade Empire Period Bedroom Suite in Mahogany with Cane Panels at Head and Foot of Bed
Four pieces, consisting of Dresser, Chiffonier, Toilet Table, Bed in full size, as illustrated $159.50

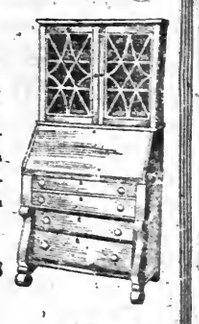


William & Mary Period Parlor Table
Genuine Mahogany, with drawer and shelves at each end for books, as illustrated $27.98

Rocker
Ladder back style, in Mahogany finish; upholstered seat of tapestry; as illustrated, at $7.48



Colonial Period Secretary
in genuine Mahogany, golden finish, with lattice work on doors,



Baronial Brown Wicker Chair and Rocker, with loose cushions and back upholstered in tapestry effect cretonne, as illustrated, $11.98 at .....

Wilton Rugs

9x12	$95.00	8.3x10.6	$89.50
36x63	$12.50	27x54	$9.00

S. BAUMANN & BRO
N.W. COR. 6TH AVE. & 15TH ST.

J. BAUMANN & BRO
AT 84TH ST. & 3RD AVE

The New York Times.

PAYING FOR DAIRY'S LACK OF EFFICIENCY

An Examination of the Bad Business Methods and Lack of Control Which Caused New York's "Milk Strike".

LACK of co-operation between the producers, dealers, and consumers, lack of efficiency on the part of the producers and dealers, and lack of proper control on the part of the industry as a whole, which includes the consumer in no small measure, were the prevailing causes of the present milk situation, according to Irwin G. Jennings of the Metropolitan Trust Company, an authority on the subject.

"This is not the first time that we have been faced by this milk problem," Mr. Jennings said a day or two ago. "Neither will it be the last time unless something is done to organize the interests engaged in this industry. In the month of September, 1916, the receipt of the daily milk supply of New York City was greatly imperiled. For more than a week the producers under the leadership of their 'association' had been on a strike, demanding increased prices from the New York dealers. Much good milk in the possession of those seeking to deliver it to shipping stations was destroyed by the striking producers. A large part of the milk received during this period was not of a sanitary character. A deadlock was reached. The Mayor of the city intervened and tried to settle the dispute, but he made no progress whatsoever. The dealers were proceeding on the theory that the public would not stand for a rise in price, and their profits were so small that a very slight advance in the cost of milk to them if they were compelled to sell it at the price existing at the time would have driven all of the smaller companies out of business.

The producers were conscious that the price they were receiving from the dealers did not cover the cost of production, and so were determined at all events to see the strike through. Beyond the interest of the Mayor there was no authoritative assertion of the right of the New York public to receive its daily supply. The controversy was finally settled, but the public paid the bill.

"From that time on the price of milk to the consumer was progressively higher until in November, 1917, but little more than a year from the time of the first strike, grade B milk rose from 9 cents to 15 cents, an advance of 66 2-3 per cent.

"In the Fall of 1917 the controversy again arose. Public authorities began to take cognizance of the situation and the District Attorney even threatened to indict the leaders of the producers, who were making what seemed to him exorbitant demands. It was reported that if the District Attorney would carry out his threat against one or more of the members of the Producers' Association the cows would be killed and the milk destroyed. Again the milk supply was imperiled and again the New York public paid the bill.

"Something more than a year has passed. In the meantime the Federal Food Commission, which had adjusted the price between the producer and the distributer during the war, has discontinued its efforts. The policy followed during this time was for the dealers to charge their patrons just as much for their milk as the commission permitted the producers to add to the original price. Thus both the dealers and the farmers got along very nicely at the expense of the consumer. Now, however, the very first month that these two conflicting elements in the industry are left to themselves, a milk strike has resulted from their inability to agree.

"There are three conflicting interests in this strike, the dairymen's league, the milk dealers' pool, and the New York public. The New York Milk Committee has suggested an investigation and so has the Mayor of New York. The Governor has appointed an investigating committee. It would seem, then, that a pressing demand has arisen for an unprejudiced inquiry into the subject.

"The fundamental points in this inquiry are primarily: What are the facts concerning the efficiency of milk production, distribution, and controlled milk supply, and How far should this be controlled by public ownership?

MILK VITAL NECESSITY.

"Greater New York is a city of more than five million people, and growing rapidly. In it there are estimated by the Board of Health to be 130,000 babies under 1 year of age and 126,000 babies under 2 years of age. The health, welfare, and probably the lives of the greater percentage of these babies are dependent upon an uninterrupted, sanitary milk supply. Milk is a vital necessity. There are no satisfactory substitutes for it. The milk supply cannot with impunity be tampered with. To do so may mean death to many human beings. The right of the public to health and life is fundamental.

"A study of the milk industry will show certain inefficiencies throughout the industry that can well be remedied. While recognizing the ability of the New York public to assume the ownership of the milk industry and the moral and legal grounds for the regulation thereof by a State commission, I urge, as the better alternative, the value of co-operation between the conflicting interests of the industry, the continuance of a proper division of labor, the necessity for faith in each other's honesty of purpose, and a proper appreciation by all concerned of the important element of service in producing and distributing clean milk to this city.

"The basis of the whole milk industry is production. It would seem, therefore, that every branch of the industry should take its roots deep in the production processes and organization. It is most essential that production be intelligent, efficient, and sufficient. All other branches of the industry are, in a sense, agents of the producer.

"Now, what is the situation here? The milk supply of New York City is obtained from more than 30,000 farms in six different States and Canada. More than three-fourths of the supply, under natural conditions, however, comes from New York State alone. It can be easily seen that in a production process where there are more than 30,000 bosses, with almost as many different ideals and attitudes toward production, too much primary efficiency in production cannot be expected. But much can be done to make conditions better. The same business principles obtain in the production of milk as in other lines of business. Such fundamentals as centralization of control can only come with association and regulation.

CAUSES OF INEFFICIENCY.

"The principal cause of inefficiency in milk production comes through treating it as a side line with no real interest or enthusiasm in the production of milk as a science or a business, treating the income derived therefrom as pin money, and by manifesting the minimum amount of response to those inspections and regulations that are occasionally imposed on the situation. The second great cause of inefficiency is the failure to use the ordinary business methods. Capacity production, use of accounting methods to show relation between the value of the article produced and its cost, and a constructive

Waste of Labor in Moving Milk.

Creamery.	Patron.	Number of Quarts.	Nuber of Men and Wagons.	Number of Horses.	Miles from Creamery.	Cows Maintained.	Cows Milked.
S.	Mr. B.	13.6	1	2	2	24	8
S.	Mr. B.	23.5	1	2	2½	23	11
S. M.	Mr. G.	8.4	1	2	1	9	3
R. M.	Mr. J.	11.5	1	2	3	9	6
R. G.	Mr. W.	8.9	1	1	3	12	12
A.	Mr. D.	23.8	1	2	2½	10	8
A.	Mr. K.	11.2	1	1	3½	10	10
A.	Mr. T.	24.9	1	2	4	11	11
J.	Mr. M.	40.4	1	2	3	18	9
M.	Mr. S.	20.2	1	2	1½	16	6
S. C.	Mr. H.	10.3	1	2	1¼	12	4
S. C.	Mr. S.	18.8	1	2	¾	16	6
Ch.	Mr. B.	62.3	1	2	2	18	16
P.	Mr. T.	8.9	1	2	2¾	3	3
P.	Mr. W.	58.4	1	2	2½	24	17
P.	Mr. G.	11.7	1	1	2½	25	13

purpose governing the production are lacking.

"In the Fall of 1914 I tried an experiment which proved conclusively to me that the dairyman in order to make a success of his business must acquire and use the same methods in carrying on his work that the man in a well-organized industry uses. I was Secretary of one of New York's larger milk companies at the time. In order to study the various breeds and kinds of cows, with which I was entirely unfamiliar, I attended the National Dairy Show at Chicago. After spending some time there I felt that I had not accomplished what I had come for, because the prize cows were of the purest type and the best in their class, whereas the study of the type of cow which would be most profitable to me was the ordinary-grade cow commonly found in the New York territory.

HIT-OR-MISS METHODS.

"I went up to the barns again and found exactly what I wanted. The United States Government was making a public demonstration of the relation which exists between cows and their feed and the amount and value of milk production. It had chosen for this purpose nine common-grade cows of dissimilar types.

"I stayed with this herd of cows during the remainder of the show and assumed all the functions of ownership, watching their feeding, their milking, the preparation of the records. I inquired specifically into the history of the cows and the manner of their acquisition by the Government Superintendent. I found that this herd consisted of some very good cows and of some decidedly unprofitable cows. They were about the same age and freshened at or near the same date. On the basis of fat value some of them did not even pay for their feed, let alone the overhead and other expenses that would have to be accounted for as the basis of farm production cost.

"The cows were to be sold at the close of the show. I was interested in finding out what ability the dairyman showed in gauging the value of a cow without knowing the facts of her production. At least a score of practical farmers, dairy experts and agricultural writers, after careful examination, appraised the cows, but no two of them agreed in their estimates nor correctly adjudged them according to their respective showings in the demonstration. A reasonable conclusion from this experiment would seem to be that the average farmer does not and probably can not know whether a dairy cow will prove to be a profitable milk producer by mere physical inspection and without keeping an actual account of her production as compared with the cost of her maintenance during a sufficient period of time to learn the facts.

"That is exactly what the farmer does not do. His is a hit-or-miss method. There is no gauge of value, of production, or of method. The interest is centred entirely on the marketing of the milk, with no thought as to the elements which enter into its production. In some creameries I visited I found that there was the utmost disparity among them on such points as the relation between quarts per cow and the number of acres used to maintain that cow. The cows of the large and more careful producers gave on the average of 9.03 quarts per cow, with but 6.6 acres used for the maintenance of the cow. Less than one acre of land was required to produce one quart of milk. The cows of the smaller producers gave, on the average, less than three quarts of milk, requiring more than ten acres of land to produce one quart of milk.

"It becomes obvious, therefore, that if the price of milk is determined so as to permit a reasonable profit for the average New York producer, very many producers will make not only a very small profit but suffer an actual loss in their work. And this is true, not because they have not the cows, nor the acres, nor the shipping facilities, but because of a lack of interest on the application of business methods to their dairying.

"For a determination of efficient production of milk it is absolutely necessary to take four things into consideration. First, the size and character of the farm and the relative number of cows upon it; second, the productivity of the separate cows; third, the efficient administration of the farm and the amount of emphasis placed upon dairying as a business; and, fourth, the distance of the farm from the creamery or shipping station.

"In the records shown at the Chicago Dairy Show it was demonstrated that the cost of maintaining the best cow, which gave six times the amount of milk of the poorest cow, was only 28 cents a day, while that of the poorest cow was 21 cents. That is one of the things the farmers do not take into consideration. A cow is a cow, and the breed matters little to them.

"What does this mean to the consumer at large? The reasonably efficient dairyman has a right to a reasonable profit for his milk. The inefficient business man has not. Yet, in fixing a price for milk, it is the latter who says the price offered him by the consumer does not allow a profit. Very true! It probably does not. The fault, however, is entirely on his side. Notwithstanding this, the consumer pays for this lack of business sense.

TRANSPORTATION FAULS.

"Not alone in this is the production end of the milk industry remiss. The transportation of the milk from the farm to the creamery is an expense item of considerable account to the farmer. That, of course, is also included in the price that the consumer must pay for his milk. Again, there is no effort made at efficiency of any sort. A table made up of a number of individual patrons at different creameries in a given territory showed a disparity of relation of exertion of effort and work accomplished that was amazing.

"For instance, farmer of creamery S, who maintains 24 cows, after milking 8 of them employs the use of one man and two horses to carry his output of 13.6 quarts of milk to the creamery, which is two miles distant. Farmer B of another creamery maintains 18 cows, milks 16 of them, also employs one man and two horses to take his output to the creamery, two miles distant. The price the consumer pays is one that will insure a profit for both men. As a matter of fact, both these men are wasting labor. It takes 40 quarts of milk to fill a can. One can is by no means a load for two horses. The inference is clear—conservation of effort through co-operation among the farmers.

"The transportation of milk from the creameries to the city terminals by the railroads has been lately investigated with great care by the Interstate Commerce Commission for the purpose of fixing freight rates, and, although inefficiencies still exist therein, as, for example, in the case of shipping less than carload lots of milk, this matter has practically been settled by the commission. A more interesting field for inquiry is the matter of city retail deliveries.

"The average number of quarts received in New York City for the month of November was 1,627,127. Of this amount, 598,671 quarts were delivered in bottles daily from retail wagons. There was engaged in this service 4,978 retail wagons which showed an average distribution of 121 quarts each.

"These figures may not be a fair indication of the milk carried in other months of the year. However, that was the situation for the month I tested. The capacity load for the average milk wagon is about 432 quarts, although many of the routemen claim that they have delivered with comparative ease between 500 and 600 quarts. It would be very easy to estimate the number of wagons required to make a delivery, each wagon carrying capacity loads, and to fix this as the standard of efficiency for the delivery of milk in New York City.

DISTRICTING NEEDED.

"It has been said by some people that they have counted as much as seventeen different delivery wagons on a single block. Investigation, though indicating that there was never such a number on a block during one day, still showed the astounding fact that there were from four to ten wagons per block making deliveries for the different milk distributing companies. It is obvious that a great number of small companies duplicating each other's territory cannot operate a New York milk delivery efficiently, and that a few large companies would serve the consumer much more economically providing the customer got a portion of the benefit of the savings. Here, then, is where an intelligent supervising public authority could do splendid work by aiding, after a thorough study of the matter, in districting the city in such a way as would be helpful both to the milk companies and to the public.

"In the City of Philadelphia a few years ago milk was selling at 8 cents a quart. Here in New York it was selling at 9 cents. The Philadelphia milk companies in every way showed as high a degree of prosperity as those of the New York companies. The original cost of the milk was found to be about the same. In surveying the Philadelphia delivery system I discovered that most of the larger companies operated in district sections of the city where, outside of a little competition from some of the smaller companies, they were almost in a position to organize the delivery on a good, efficient basis. The result was that their routes were larger than the New York routes, and, even at the lower price of milk to the consumer, an equal or even greater amount of profit was realized per wagon.

THREE METHODS OF CONTROL.

"Greater New York would probably present greater problems in establishing delivery districts than would Philadelphia, but, under the guidance of intelligent and sympathetic authority, much could be done in this way to approximate capacity deliveries. Suggestions have been made from time to time that the problem could be solved by contract deliveries, but these are clearly impracticable while the milk companies are privately owned, because there could be no way of preserving the individual character of the companies and protecting their individual rights under such a system.

"On the other hand, the greatest argument for municipal ownership lies in the efficiency which could be introduced into city deliveries. If such ownership for delivery purposes could be assumed without incurring responsibilities in other respects, a good organizer could do wonders in introducing an efficient scheme of deliveries. But public ownership should be resorted to only as a a last resort, when every other means of intelligent co-operation between the public and the distributers has failed.

"There are essentially three methods of settling the matter of proper control of the milk situation. The one mentioned above is the last one. The two others are, first, the promotion of natural co-operation between the producer, distributer, and controlling agent; and, second, public regulation by a State commission.

"Let me take them in their order. What may be considered the results obtainable by the promotion of co-operation between the producers, distributers, and controlling agents in the milk industry by the use of efficient business methods and organization throughout the industry?

"Before the abnormal conditions created by America's entrance into the war, New York City was receiving a first-class milk supply in quantities sufficient for the public demand and at a very reasonable price. There was a minimum of State interference and none of Federal. The milk was under fair control without the aid of politics or law except so far as the police power of the State, delegated to the Board of Health, enabled it to pass and enforce the necessary regulations upon those elements under its jurisdiction. These, however, did not include the producer directly.

CLASH OF INTERESTS.

"Why, then, was it possible to control the production of milk? Because New York was a good market, the best one open to producers. Cash was paid for the milk at least once and sometimes twice a month, and many conveniences, such as cans and shipping stations, were supplied by the dealers. The farmers wanted to sell their milk at the New York dealers' shipping stations. This fact is important. Make the New York market a good one. By that I mean let the farmer be paid for the service demanded of him by the public. By this service I mean the regulations imposed upon him by the Board of Health for the purpose of sanitary working conditions.

"At the beginning the farmers were in no way antagonistic toward these regulations. In time, however, they increased in stringency, and the demands of the health authorities meant an outlay of money on the part of the producer. Concrete floors had to be built, walls whitewashed, and cooling apparatus installed. The price paid to the farmer did not keep pace with the additional cost of production under the new conditions. Premium payments were adopted by many of the dealers. By this is meant that an additional figure was paid to the farmer whose product came up to the health requirements. This, however, did not help matters much, first because the premiums were not properly measured and adapted to the situation, and, second, because the base price was lowered so that the additions to the milk checks did not have the full effect of premium payments.

"That started the first clash between the two interests. There were successive ones about the regulation of prices at different seasons of the year, about differences with Health Department inspectors, about lack of proper business methods. There was no leadership on either side, and without that proper co-operation could not be maintained. This state of affairs has been existing for the last two years.

"The people immediately concerned in the milk production and distribution appreciate the value of co-operation.

"Last year a milk exposition was held in New York City at which the dairymen, the distributers, the Department of Health, the State Department, and the consumers were represented. This show was so great a success that it was voted to make it an annual affair. Therein lies the basis for the hope that the problem may be effectively settled without outside interference.

"However, there is the danger that the controlling factors in the industry may not come to a definite course of agreement. Some agency outside the industry may be necessary to furnish the proper initiative. An agency empowered to perform this function would have to be clothed with sufficient authority and gauged along lines broad enough to have the prestige and to command the respect of those engaged in or dependent upon the industry. Such an agency must needs have the power to compel, as well as the ability to initiate, and it must derive its power directly or indirectly from that source which is charged with the duty of protecting the people in their rights, health, and welfare, even to the extent of regulating the business affairs of the private interests which serve them. This source of power is the State itself, and the power it has to delegate to a properly constructed agency organized for the purpose of protecting the people of this city is the police power of the State.

"Such a commission might be composed of from three to seven members, there being represented upon it the producer, the distributer, the consumer, the State, and the city. These men should be thoroughly practical and progressive, and, above all, should be representative, of their several interests, on a co-operative basis. Their functions should be investigatory, supervisory, educational, and compulsory. It should make a thorough inquiry into the methods of production, their efficiency and purpose. This would involve not only matters of quality but also of quantity, of the cost of labor, cows, feed, ice, country distribution and handling, of shipping and the character of profits demanded in the country. At the city end, it should view the organization, conditions, and efficiency of milk delivery, the equipment used, the cost entailed and the final price demanded of the consumer, with the nature and amount of the profit involved.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

"It would seem, then, that a properly constituted Milk Commission would be able to exert a most beneficent influence upon the industry. The main difficulties with the practical carrying out of the idea would be of a political nature. It is not only the up-State dairymen who is in conflict with the city dealer. There has for years been a division between the New York City and the up-State voter. Those up-State officers who would probably have the appointing power under the scheme outlined above, would hesitate to take any stand that might be construed as antagonistic to the farmer. While this plan of public regulation by a commission could be so administered as to be a great blessing to the New York State dairyman, it is very likely that he would not see it in that way.

"If politics could be kept out of appointment of the men on the commission and the ideal of service could be brought into its work, a splendid economic contribution might be made by it. If politics did enter their appointment, and work, the commission would be detrimental to the industry and the public. Herein lies the rub.

"This brings us to the municipal ownership of the industry. I support this theory not upon the basis of the socialist whose economic reasoning would justify the public ownership of any industry but upon the grounds usually given and legally maintained, under our present theories of private ownership and so-called capitalistic economy, for the ownership by municipalities of public utilities and public service agencies. Those who are engaged in the various functions of the milk business, either in producing or distributing, are performing a public service. The point is this: Is this service so great as to justify the public to assume its ownership under the law, as it does, for instance, in the case of the municipally owned water-works?

"As I see it, there are three ways in which municipal ownership and control may manifest itself. First, municipal ownership of city delivery equipment, pasteurising plants and milk markets with private ownership of production sources; second, municipal ownership of city delivery equipment, pasteurising plants and milk markets with gradual organization and control of enough of production to demonate the entire output; third, granting monopoly privileges to a private milk company already organized and equipped to give city service and regulating enough of production by law and through police power to assure a sufficient supply.

"Personally, I am not in favor of Government control unless no other way is possible. The function of Government is not business and those engaged in public life do better in adhering to their proper business. Politics is never efficient, and politics would certainly enter the milk business under general public control. Since both production and distribution are distinct functions of the milk industry, each dependent for industrial health on the other with the consumer entitled to efficiency from both, the first great requisite is the co-operation of producer, distributer and consumer. On this will depend the health of the industry. The real interest of the producer is not production alone, but a healthy milk industry throughout. The real interest of the distributer is not distribution alone, but a healthy milk industry throughout.

"The consumers' position is not to support one side or the other, but to insist upon the co-operation of both these interests to the end that the public may be better and constantly served with a healthful milk supply. Just now we cannot boast of that. What the public is going to do to insure that supply for the future, is a question worthy of thought."

Cost of Feed and Production.

Price pd for Cows.	Quarts Milk.	Fat Test.	Lbs. Fat.	Value Cost of Fat@38c.	Feed.
$50	3.8	4.6	.40	.13	.21
80	6.1	4.3	.67	.19	.22
60	9.8	3.5	.67	.22	.23
90	12.1	4.9	1.24	.42	.23
70	13.5	3.7	1.10	.35	.24
70	15.0	3.6	1.12	.38	.24
100	15.6	4.4	1.41	.40	.25
100	15.7	6.5	2.17	.71	.25
150	23.3	3.8	1.90	.68	.28

Dairying Without Regard to Economic Factors.

Creamery	Patrons	Quarts	Quarts Per Patron	Acers	Cows Maintained	Cows Milked	Quarts Per Cow	Acres For Each Cow Maintained	Acres Per Quart
J.	17	681	40	1,827	207	118	5.8	6.6	2.68
C.	27	874	32	3,051	264	200	4.4	11.6	3.50
R. G.	37	1,251	33	4,222	382	271	4.6	11.0	3.37
S. F.	28	1,301	50	4,462	535	429	3.2	8.3	3.21
L.	56	1,464	26	4,227	454	278	5.3	9.5	2.67
P.	22	1,549	70	3,114	347	242	6.4	9.0	2.00
S. C.	45	1,858	41	4,626	475	261	7.1	9.9	2.49
E. C. C. R.	46	1,904	42	7,130	797	372	5.1	9.6	4.00
Sol.	32	2,069	64	5,378	493	360	5.7	10.9	2.60
S. Ch.	31	2,443	79	5,470	588	376	6.5	9.3	2.24
B.	42	2,607	59	4,432	500	380	6.8	8.9	1.77
S. Fron.	39	2,684	69	6,033	857	543	7.6	7.0	2.25
B. M.	35	2,896	82	3,869	507	390	7.4	7.6	1.34
A.	76	3,272	43	9,208	1,017	569	6.5	9.0	2.81
S. St.	55	4,361	61	8,596	1,108	801	5.6	7.7	2.55
S. Fr.	84	4,090	49	15,370	1,765	1,011	4.0	8.7	3.76
E. W.	79	4,798	61	10,791	1,176	702	6.1	9.2	2.24
S. J.	50	5,069	101	7,998	811	571	8.8	9.8	1.58
E. St.	109	5,199	48	15,981	1,377	901	5.8	11.6	3.07
E. H.	59	5,529	94	6,381	797	515	10.7	8.0	1.15
Shel.	37	7,858	211	7,685	1,026	853	9.2	7.4	.97
S. G. G.	63	8,301	132	13,921	2,246	1,354	6.1	6.2	1.67
H.	95	12,471	131	11,863	1,928	1,476	8.6	6.2	.95
S. P.	59	13,280	225	13,016	1,683	1,291	9.5	7.0	.98
S. T.	73	14,332	196	13,080	1,796	1,011	14.2	7.4	9.10
Total	1,295	111,111	2,039	192,260	23,328	15,093	170.8	217.5	65.24

PROHIBITION'S EFFECT ON MEALS AND MOVIES

Restaurateurs and Theatre Directors Discuss the Federal Amendment in Relation to Their Business

NOW that the country is to be bone dry, it is of interest to know how the restaurateurs of the metropolis, who have so long purveyed the cup that cheers and also inebriates to the lovers of New York night life, think of the new era which is being ushered in. Several of them were interviewed just before the fateful Federal prohibition amendment was finally ratified, for the purpose of ascertaining their attitude toward the prospect looming up ahead of them. Some were blandly cheerful, others hopelessly dismal.

One of the men interviewed was the proprietor of Churchill's. His attitude was one of cheerful anticipation.

"If it comes, it comes, that's all," he observed. "We'll manage to keep this place going on a dry basis just as we have made a success of it on the present order of things. This is not a drinking place per se. It is a restaurant. People come here for the food and entertainment. The coming in of prohibition won't make any difference in that end of the program.

"As for stopping the drinking end of it, that's unfortunate and not especially pleasant, but we'll fall into line along with the rest of our friends and toe the Government mark. Last month in making a resumé of the type of business we had done we found that 77 per cent. of our patronage was restaurant or food patronage and 23 per cent. just drinks. Of course, the people who come to eat take liquor with their meals, but primarily they come to eat. Take away the drinks and they will come in equal numbers.

NO GREAT HARDSHIP.

"Today Churchill's means a certain form of entertainment to these people. The sociability inspired by drinking may be part of it. But, then, there are numberless other places in the city where that end of it alone could be easily satisfied. Proclaim the city dry and the same people will keep on coming in the same numbers to the same places. Why? Because compared to the other restaurants and cabarets in the city, their favorite place still ranks the same, although on a different plane. It's not a case of some staying wet and others going dry.

"Prices of food will go up. That is to be expected. Another innovation will be the variety and number of soft drinks. New Yorkers will find that they can have just as good a time and spend just as much money on soft drink mixtures as they did on hard drinks. The restaurant manager won't feel it at all.

"Last Fall, when the hotel men met in this city, I broached the question to Mr. Childs of Portland, Ore., who owns one of the best hotels there. His answer was rather startling. He told me of his own experience in his own place. Before the State went dry the receipts of the bar were $125 a day. When the order to close down came along he decided that he'd try the experiment of turning the bar into a soft-drink counter. Instead of the men who used to stand behind it he employed two girls. On the first day the receipts were $140. They kept rising steadily, until today he counts that day lost which doesn't bring in $400. That was in addition to the rise in prices of rooms, which he thought at the beginning would be necessary to make him meet his expenses. So, you see, it won't be a very great hardship."

But Joe of the Black Cat restaurant in Greenwich Village was pessimistic.

"If the country goes dry," he solemnly announced, "I get out. Oh, yes, it is as bad as that. I close up. Look at this place. Bare walls, a few lanterns, an iron stove. Do you think people will come here to see that? Or to talk? Oh, no! You take the drink away from them and they don't come.

"Most of the crowd that comes here is an uptown crowd. They come down to get the atmosphere of the village. Take the wine away from Greenwich Village and where is the village? This part of the city is supposedly a replica of the Latin quarters of Europe. What's a Latin quartier without red wine? Did you ever read of one? Can you imagine one? I can't.

GREENWICH VILLAGE GLOOM.

"When I think of what this place will be like after the law goes into effect it makes me shudder. You would have to be here to understand. There is good talk and humor and good spirits. I don't for a minute flatter myself that it is my presence that does it. It is the wine. The atmosphere doesn't lie in the walls of the place or the smoke in the place. It is the effect of drinking just enough to forget the gloomy things of life. Without that everything here would be flat, stale, and unprofitable.

"What I am saying should not make you believe that I am excusing intoxication. People do not need to drink to the degree of intoxication. They drink here as they do in the foreign countries—as part of the general course of the meal. I am serious when I say that I shall close up. All the places in Greenwich Village will close up. There won't be any Greenwich Village. The people down here aren't the ones who make it popular. It's the people from uptown, and they won't come when they can't get what they have all along been getting here. But I don't believe we shall have to close up. The law won't go into effect. Mr. Wilson will come back from Europe with different ideas about the question. He won't let the country go dry. If he does, I will go where it is wet."

Mr. Raymond Orteig, owner of the Lafayette and Brevoort Hotels, was philosophical about the subject.

"When the country goes dry, why then the only thing we shall do is go dry too. It will make a difference, of course, but not of sufficient seriousness to cause me to worry for a moment about the possibility of going on. Hotel rates will go up, naturally. But then the people won't mind very much. They will be able to afford such an increase due to the fact that they will be saving on beverages. One thing that will greatly affect me will be the fact that I shall not be allowed to use the liquors in some of the dishes which require it. There are a good many foods which need sherry, port, maraschino or even ale in the making of them. Of course, they will have to go and, of course, some of my patrons will mourn, their departure. Those things must be borne with fortitude. Apart from that I think we will soon get accustomed to the new order of things."

Joel of Joel's Restaurant, in West Forty-first Street, was perhaps the most optimistic of all.

"I refer you," he said, "to the wisest answerer of questions in literature, Mr. Jack Bunsby. When a question was propounded to Jack he answered, 'If so he, why not? Can any man say otherwise? 'No. Awast then!' If real prohibition comes I'm for it; if it doesn't, I'm against it; if it comes in spots, I'm in favor of making the spots as small as possible.

"You may be surprised to hear it, but I'm not a prohibitionist on principle; at the same time I've never made any money by butting stone walls.

"I've observed that dope comes in at the door as liquor flies out of the window. While I am against prohibition on principle I'm against dope, which is increasing, according to statistics, to a greater extent.

"That's my position, but you want to know what I am going to do. Well, I'm going to wait and see. If this turns out to be a prohibition law like the one they've got in Maine, why, I'll do like all my brethren in New York: I'll be a Maine prohibitionist and cheer up those who need cheer. If it turns out to be a prohibition law like the one they've got in Wichita, Kan., where, I understand, a glass of beer is regarded in the same light as a burglar's kit, why, I'll be a Wichita prohibitionist and try to make my customers like it. In either case, I don't expect to go to the poor house. I have other interests—my books and music can keep me happy for the rest of my life.

"My place subsists more on wit and good-fellowship than it does on booze, in spite of what you've heard to the contrary; and if I can keep the same crowd there on chile con carne who now demand something livelier, I won't worry.

"As for what I think will happen, that is what I am asking everybody. I don't know. My plans? They're what I've told you. And the rest of the gentlemen now engaged in the business of making life and food palatable are in the same boat as myself, in my opinion, no matter what they say. I've never forgotten what our revered President said about 'watchful waiting'; and, as my model and prototype Jack Bunsby would say, 'the bearings of this observation lies in the application of it.'"

When Prohibition Comes in at the Door —— ?

HOW MOVIE MEN SEE IT.

Prohibition brings joy to the hearts of the movie men. There is no question about it; they declare the closing of the saloons, the elimination of drinks from the attractions of club and restaurant, is going to be a good thing for the motion picture business. We may indeed expect to see more movie theatres springing up about us, and crowds greater than ever thronging to the pictures everywhere. For, as the managers put it, the man who can't get a drink, who is no longer able to pass the time away in the saloon, for whom the prospect of an easygoing evening of conversation and beverages palls with the dictum of unassisted talk—the man, whoever he be, whose habits are changed by the adoption of prohibition—is going to seek amusement of some other kind. And the motion picture theatre, they add, is the only amusement that, alike in cheapness and ubiquity, rivals the saloon.

S. L. Rothapfel, manager of the Rivoli and Rialto Theatres—who is about to enter the producing business, and who speaks therefore from a consideration of both theatre and studio "end"—expresses the feeling of the "movie man" in a hearty welcome to prohibition.

"The motion-picture managers have every reason to look forward most happily to country-wide prohibition," he said. "It is plainly true that wherever other places of entertainment are closed the motion-picture theatre profits; and this is especially the case in the matter of the saloon. There is no question in my mind that prohibition will be a great help to the motion-picture business. As a matter of fact, many people who are in the liquor business at present are getting out of it and going into the movies instead. The liquor business is absolutely dead. And the big future of the motion picture is being made all the bigger by prohibition.

"There are two things to be said about our welcome to prohibition. Of course, in the first place, it will naturally increase our business. But it will also raise the tone of a section of the community which perhaps we might not otherwise wish to include among our audiences.

SALOON'S GREAT FOE.

"As to the good effect it will have on our business, it has been true always that the motion picture has been the great foe of the saloon. This has been particularly noticeable in small towns, where, prior to the inauguration of the movie theatre, there was not much to do for entertainment, and the saloon had things pretty much its own way. With the coming of the motion picture, which offers clean and wholesome amusement to the whole family for the price of a man's evening drinks, many men have been quick to choose the better entertainment, and to take their families along. That being true, the converse is true, too—movie theatre and saloon have been rivals, with the theatre getting the best of it generally; but with the elimination of the saloon, the theatre is left in complete possession of the field. It has been shown already that motion-picture theatres are exceedingly prosperous in prohibition territory.

"It is quite true, I think, that men who would sit around all evening talking and drinking are not going to spend their evenings, when there isn't anything to drink, just in talk. They are going to look for something to do that is entertaining and inexpensive, and they'll turn to the motion-picture theatre.

"It is also true that the mass of men who habitually frequent saloons do not represent the element that we want in the motion-picture theatres, as things are now. But with the closing of the saloons and the substitution of the movies for the drinking-place, it stands to reason that the whole tone of that element is going to improve; they will become the kind of people we want. The motion-picture theatre stands to gain all around.

"You see," he added, "the motion-picture theatre goes to the small town. And I know what the situation in such places is, because I've been in the saloon business in a small town myself."

"We certainly welcome prohibition," was the pronouncement of S. H. Meinhold, manager of the Loew theatres here, when the question was put to him. "There is not a particle of doubt that it will have a big effect on the motion-picture theatres; it should make a lot of difference to our business.

"The motion picture theatre is the only rival to the saloon as a cheap place of entertainment. It is the only place where a man can be amused for a long time at the same price that he pays for drinks—or less. That is what has made the motion-picture theatre the great rival to the saloon everywhere, and that is why, with the closing of the saloons, we look for a great increase in the motion-picture business. Men will seek amusement, and the motion-picture theatre will be the natural place to seek it.

"Of course it stands to reason, too, that the class of people who now frequent the saloons are going to get a lot of education through going to the movies instead. It will improve the community. And I might add, here, what is an interesting point—that the average person who frequents the saloon is an entirely different character when he goes to the theatre."

NEWS OF THE STAGE, ITS PLAYS AND PLAYERS

HAMLET THE PRINCE

By JOHN CORBIN.

THE first thing to be said of the Hamlet of Walter Hampden, and the last, is that it is a creation of inward vigor and inspiration. In the sombre beauty of the mood in which it is conceived, in its intense passional fervor and, most of all, in the flexible ease and rhythmic beauty of the reading of the lines, it commands and sustains comparison with the best. As always happens when the deeper spirit of the character is revealed, it has been instantly recognized at its true value both by the critics and by the public. The present matinées are to be indefinitely continued, and there is every hope that the production will eventually stand by itself as a regular evening bill and become known throughout the country. This, I repeat, is the essential fact with regard to it, the fact which no one who cares for the best in the drama or on our stage would willingly sophisticate or slur. Hamlet is, however, of all parts the most complex and many faceted; and it so happens that in Mr. Hampden's performance one important phase is obscured and, in fact, positively distorted.

Austerely beautiful and nobly impassioned, this Hamlet is without familiar charm. High and pure in its moral fervor, it lacks the mellow tones of human kindness. Keenly intelligent, its wit is harsh and heavy handed. Of humor it has not even, as an analytic chemist might say, "a trace." It is a more kingly figure, if you will, than the hero of Shakespeare, who seems to have lacked the instinct for flowing purple. With Horatio, certainly, and even with Rosencrants and Guildenstern at the start, Hamlet renounces all differences of rank and insists upon the relation of man to man. The strolling Players are his good "friends" always. Yet this hero of Mr. Hampden's seems somehow to trail robes of state—if not the purple of royalty, then certainly the sables of buskined tragedy. It comes almost as a liberty when Horatio says, at his death, "Good night, sweet Prince!"

Hamlet as Light Comedian.

What are we to make of Hamlet's satire of Polonius? Mr. Hampden delivers it from the shoulder, as if with a sledgehammer. But surely this is the airiest chaff and, though spoken as if to the doddering old courtier, is in reality addressed to Hamlet's friends the players—or to his friends the audience! Most actors have delivered much of it, and especially the "buzz, buzz!" as an aside. Of Irving's Hamlet Frederic Wedmore wrote: "Notice the half-indulgent, half-jeering sigh of relief which follows Hamlet's hearing Polonius's praise of the little speech he delivers as an example to the Players. Here and elsewhere Irving suggests to you that, among all great troubles, there is always this nagging little one, of the tedious old fool's presence and commendation. Many things weigh upon Hamlet; one thing worries him—to be praised by Polonius." Only once in the scene does Hamlet directly rebuke Polonius. To his order that the Players be "well bestowed" Polonius replies that he "will use them according to their desart." At this Hamlet rounds on him with an indignation no less Princelike than his courtesy. "Odd's bodikin, man, better! Use every man according to his desart, and who should scape whipping; use them after your own honor and dignity! The less they deserve the more merit is in your bounty." Even here the blow is softened and half humorously turned upon himself; for Hamlet was supposed to be mad, and the fate of madmen was "whipping." One trait more completes the portrait of the genial, humorous, and most graciously dignified Prince. In bidding the Players to follow Polonius he adds: "And look you, mock him not." He has shared with them his humorous impatience at the "little, nagging thing"; but he cannot permit the old courtier to be mocked by any one of whose delicacy and breeding he is not assured.

The scene with his old college friends, Rosencrantz and Guildenstern, requires a similar touch. At first Hamlet is hail fellow with them, laughing, generous, comradely; it is only after he discovers that they are spies of the King that he turns upon them; and even then his touch is shrewdly, airily satirical. In short, he takes refuge from their inquisition in his comedy of assumed madness, turning the tables on them and scoring point after point in a manner that should (and always does when properly rendered) delight the audience immensely. The scene of the recorder is one of the most brilliant passages of comedy in the language. To speak the lines bitterly, as Mr. Hampden does, is, moreover, to falsify the dramatic situation. For Hamlet to betray his inward resentment is to betray his knowledge to these spies that the King has something to fear from him.

A bit of stage business which Mr. Hampden has introduced into the scene of advice to the Players, trivial though it may seem, reveals unmistakably the depths into which his lack of friendly grace and of the sense of comedy has plunged him. While Hamlet is describing the true manner for rendering high emotion, a boy player, whom we are apparently to regard as the Clown, pulls off a noisy, low-comedy wheeze on one of his fellows. Mr. Hampden rounds on him angrily, as if piqued at the lad's lack of attention to what he has been saying, and delivers the lines as to "those that play your Clowns" in the manner of a personal rebuke. The audience, even more than Mr. Hampden's Hamlet, has a right to resent the boy's disturbing by-play; but that offense is as nothing compared to the ineptitude of converting the Prince's friendly and illuminating comments into an ill-tempered tirade.

Of all Shakespeare's tragic characters, as Professor Bradley has pointed out, Hamlet is the only one "who can be called a humorist." Even among the comedy characters, his humor is equaled only by Mercutio, Falstaff, and Rosalind. And in this respect, as in the gentility and sweetness of his inward nature, his temperament was akin to the soul of his creator. More fully than any other character, Hamlet was Shakespeare. Mr. Hampden has given us a very impassioned, noble, even beautiful hero; but in this most essentially Shakespearean nature he has omitted or turned awry all that is most essentially Shakespearean.

Mr. Leiber also missed the manner of Hamlet's wit, the inspiration of his humor; but he gave us a notably sweet and lovable Prince, bathed in a mood of melancholy that was, in its calmer moments, profoundly poetic. Of Booth's Hamlet I have only the memory of salad days when I was green in judgment—and when Booth was old ill, and wearied. But I saw Forbes-Robertson's Hamlet in its second year in London—followed it about, in fact, from stand to stand of what in New York would be the Subway Circuit, at a ruinous expense for hansom cabs. It lacked something of the impassioned vigor of Mr. Hampden's performance, but it rendered the gently satiric wit, the genial humor, and the poetic melancholy of the Prince as perhaps they have never been rendered before.

Shakespeare and the Hamlet Tradition.

What wouldn't one give for an authentic report of the part as it took form and substance under the guiding touch of Shakespeare, playwright and manager! Of Burbage's Hamlet we know little in detail. One elegy, called forth by the actor's death in 1619, assures us of the exceeding charm of his person.

> Of an excellent orator he had all
> In voice and gesture which we
> charming call.

We may gather that Burbage's Hamlet ranked in public estimation with his Lear and Othello, and also that what most impressed the contemporary witness was the intensity of passion in his performance. This, at least, seems to be the implication of the following rude lines from another elegy:

> No more young Hamlett, old Hieronymos,
> Kind Lear, the grievèd Moore and more beside
> That lived in him have now for ever dy'de.
> Oft have I seen him leap into a grave
> Suiting ye person (which he seemed to have)
> Of a sad lover, with so true an eye
> That then I would have sworne he meant to die.

Of Burbage's quality in the lighter or comedy side of his art we know even less. In Lear, Othello and Hieronimo it could have had no scope. But one part which we know him to have played, Richard III., has many strokes of sardonic humor; and the fact that Shakespeare wrote Richard, and Hamlet with Burbage in view is strong indication that the actor's art was as versatile as it was intense. In view of the fact that Burbage was the leading actor in the rich and varied repertory of the company at the Globe, we may safely conclude that he was versatile as he was powerful—in all probability one of the very greatest actors of all time. It may, I think, be safely assumed that he made Hamlet not only vigorously impassioned and poetic, but abundantly "charming" and amusing.

It has often been lamented that the true Shakespearean tradition as to the great parts was lost in the two decades from the Rebellion in 1642, to the Restoration in 1660, during which the theatres were closed. With regard to Hamlet there is evidence, not hitherto fully recognized, that this was not the case. And, incomplete though this evidence is, it tends strongly to confirm the idea that to Shakespeare the element of comedy in Hamlet was highly important.

Burbage was succeeded in the part by a rising young actor named Joseph Taylor. Now one Joseph Downes, in his Roscius Anglicanus, (1708,) relates that Taylor was "instructed in the part by Shakespeare." The statement has often been repeated, but without recognition of the authority on which Downes spoke. In The Tattler Steele relates that Downes was bred behind the curtain and had been "bookkeeper" or prompter since the Restoration in 1660. The company in which he served was that of Sir William Davenant. Now Davenant, who was born in 1606, ten years before Shakespeare died, was reputed, in satires still extant, to be the natural son of Shakespeare; and he himself is known to have referred to the imputation rather complacently. From shortly after the date of Shakespeare's death until the closing of the theatres he was a successful playwright and of course familiar with the old theatres and companies. After the Restoration he made haste to organize a company and revive plays of Shakespeare, producing "Hamlet" with the great Betterton as Prince. What is more natural than that he should coach Betterton in the style of Taylor, whose performance he may well have seen only twenty years before, and relate the fact, or the report, that Taylor was coached by Shakespeare? And who was more likely to know that he did so than the prompter of his company, who was necessarily present at every rehearsal? Could any tradition be more direct or more authoritative?

Another bit of evidence, equally well known, has been equally misprized. In 1699 James Wright, a well-known antiquary and lover of the theatre, published "Historia Histrionica," in which the Restoration drama is compared with the Elizabethan. It is in the form of a dialogue between two ostensibly fictitious characters, Trueman, an old fellow who remembers vividly the performances at the Globe and Blackfriars, and Lovewit, a younger man of the Restoration era. Now James Wright's father, Abraham Wright, was born in London in 1611, five years before Shakespeare died, and lived until 1690, nine years before the Historia was published. When an undergraduate at Oxford he acted in college theatricals and wrote plays for them, being an enthusiastic and tireless amateur. Is it conceivable that when at home in London, in the palmy days of the Elizabethan-Jacobean drama, he should not have haunted the theatres? And is it conceivable that in later years, having a son with a similar passion, the two should not often have made comparisons between the old drama and the new? The conclusion seems inevitable that this supposedly fictitious Trueman is the elder Wright and that what he relates has the authority of an uncommonly intelligent and otherwise competent witness. Of Taylor he relates that he performed the part of Hamlet "incomparably well." Shakespeare's choice of Burbage's successor, and his coaching of him, thus appear to have been most successful.

Hamlet "Instructed" by Shakespeare.

As to the date at which Taylor succeeded Burbage, the few facts at our command suggest an amusing conjecture. From 1610 to 1613 the young actor, then in his middle twenties, was a member of various minor companies that seem to have led a more or less intermittent existence. Burbage was approaching 50; and, if those commentators are right who apply to his person the Queen's description of Hamlet, he was "fat and scant of breath"—a very unideal Prince. Now Taylor, even in later years, as we may gather from Massenger's play "The Picture," was romantically handsome. What is more likely than that Shakespeare should have called in the talented youth for occasional performances to take over the part of the "Sweet Prince," which Burbage had so obviously outlived? This much we know, that shortly after Burbage's death Taylor became a regular member of the company, and played such important rôles that he stands always first or second in lists of the actors.

As to the nature of Taylor's performance, Trueman puts us in the way of a most interesting inference. The best way of judging an actor's scope and method, short of an explicit record of his work, is to study the general line of parts for which he was cast. The only other Shakespearean part in which Trueman mentions Taylor is Iago. For the rest, Burbage's great tragic parts went to different actors, Swanston playing Othello. Now, as compared with Othello, Iago is a "light" part, having phases that give scope to the art of the comedian. One Gildon relates, 1694, "I'm assured, from very good hands, that the person that acted Iago was in much esteem of a comedian, which made Shakespeare put several words and expressions into his part, perhaps not so agreeable to his character, to make the audience laugh, who had not yet learned to be serious a whole play." Obviously Gildon is of the dullard school of those who are unable to laugh at—or rather to laugh with—a "serious" character; yet his statement establishes a very important fact, that Shakespeare intended Iago to have a comedy side. That he cast Taylor for both Hamlet and Iago, and denied him the purely tragic parts is a fact of profound significance.

The inference as to Taylor's quality is greatly strengthened when one considers the other parts in which he was celebrated. Three of them were in comedies by Ben Jonson. Mosca, the parasite of "The Old Fox," and Face, the confederate of "The Alchemist," are fatriguing villains of the type of Iago, though, of course, less deeply malignant. Truewit, the fashionable wit and prankster of "The Silent Woman," is akin to Hamlet on his lighter side. In Beaumont and Fletcher, Taylor played the leading comedy part of Mirabel in "The Wild Goose Chase"; but he also played parts that approach Hamlet on his tragic side. Chief among these was Arbaces, hero of "A King and No King," a light and vainglorious yet gentle and generous nature, with a heart the prey of wild and whirling passions, verging upon madness. In short, when judged by the parts in which Taylor became famous, he was primarily a comedian. In emotional parts his style was light rather than heavy, and characterized by an extremely excitable temperament rather than deep, pulsating, and vital passion. Yet his emotional and tragic power was vigorous and distinct. The fact that he played Hamlet "incomparably well" apparently resulted from his ability to fuse alert wit and extravagant action with moments of generous sensibility and tragic suffering.

This conclusion, if warranted, has a very important bearing on certain baffling problems with regard to the interpretation of Hamlet which lie, however, beyond the scope of the present article. For the purpose in hand it is enough to point out that in ignoring the element of extravagant comedy in the part Mr. Hampden runs counter to a tradition that, as we have good reason for believing, carries back in an unbroken line to Shakespeare.

TO BE CONTINUED

Play	Playhouse	Premiere
Friendly Enemies	Hudson	July 22
Three Faces East	Cohan and Harris	Aug. 13
Everything	Hippodrome	Aug. 22
Lightnin'	Galety	Aug. 26
Sinbad (Second Engagement)	Winter Garden	Sept. 2
Daddies	Lyceum	Sept. 5
Forever After	Playhouse	Sept. 9
The Unknown Purple	Lyric	Sept. 14
The Girl Behind the Gun	New Amsterdam	Sept. 16
Tea for Three	Maxine Elliott	Sept. 19
Redemption	Plymouth	Oct. 8
Some Time	Casino	Oct. 4
Sleeping Partners	Bijou	Oct. 5
Nothing But Lies	Longacre	Oct. 8
The Better 'Ole	Cort	Oct. 19
The Riddle: Woman	Fulton	Oct. 23
Ladies First!	44th Street Roof	Oct. 24
The Big Chance	48th Street	Oct. 28
Three Wise Fools	Criterion	Oct. 31
The Canary	Globe	Nov. 4
Little Simplicity	44th Street	Nov. 4
Tiger! Tiger!	Belasco	Nov. 12
The Betrothal	Shubert	Nov. 18
The Crowded Hour	Selwyn	Nov. 22
The Little Brother	Belmont	Nov. 25
Oh, My Dear!	Princess	Nov. 27
Roads of Destiny	Republic	Nov. 27
Difference in Gods (revival)	Bramhall	Nov. 28
Ziegfeld Frolic	New Amsterdam Roof	Dec. 9
Midnight Whirl	Century Roof	Dec. 12
Dear Brutus	Empire	Dec. 23
Somebody's Sweetheart	Central	Dec. 23
Listen, Lester	Knickerbocker	Dec. 23
A Prince There Was	George M. Cohan	Dec. 24
East Is West	Astor	Dec. 25
A Little Journey	Little	Dec. 26
The Invisible Foe	Harris	Dec. 30
Keep It to Yourself	39th St.	Dec. 30
The Melting of Molly	Broadhurst	Dec. 30
Tillie	Henry Miller's	Jan. 6
Cappy Ricks	Morosco	Jan. 13
The Woman in Room 13	Booth	Jan. 14
Portmanteau Plays	Punch & Judy	Jan. 15
Up in Mabel's Room	Eltinge	Jan. 15
The Climax (revival)	Comedy	Jan. 16

H. B. Warner and Irene Berdoni in "Sleeping Partners," Which Continues to Hold Its Own Against the City's Multitudinous Dramatic Fare.

WHAT NEWS ON THE RIALTO?

THE goal of crowded houses was reached at the George M. Cohan Theatre during the last week, despite the fact that Cohan, up to the middle of the week, had persistently refused to be mentioned in the advertisements as the star of "A Prince There Was." There has been a steady growth in patronage since Cohan entered the cast, and some indication of the way such things move is contained in the fact that the capacity of the theatre was reached about ten days after Cohan entered the cast, despite the fact that he was unadvertised. The value of the play without Cohan is problematical, and he undoubtedly will continue to head the cast for another ten or twelve weeks.

Cohan, by the way, is said to be hard at work upon another comedy, similar in weave to "A Prince There Was." It will probably be completed within a month, from which it may be deduced that it is the intention to produce the play, here or elsewhere, during the present season.

Not the Washington Square Players, but several erstwhile members of that sect, have bound themselves together under the name of the Theatre Guild, and will begin to produce plays about April 1. In the organization are Phillip Moeller, who was the Players' star playwright; Lee Simonson, their scenic artist; Helen Westley, one of their most popular actresses; Lawrence Langner, who wrote "Another Way Out"; Josephine A. Meyer, Ralph Roeder, and Justus Sheffield. Of these, only the last named was not a Washington Squarite, but his previous connection with the Provincetown group admits him readily to the circle. An uptown theatre has been secured, according to the announcement, and two productions, both of long plays, are in preparation.

Five plays have been selected with which to introduce Marjorie Rambeau to the London public, no one of which Miss Rambeau ever has played here. She will play the Jane Cowl rôle in "Common Clay," the part which is now Violet Heming's in "Three Faces East," Pauline Frederick's original part in "Innocent," Mary Ryan's in "The House of Glass," and Irene Fenwick's in "The Song of Songs." Such, at all events, is the present plan, but probably it is subject to alteration in the event that any one of these pieces should give signs of a considerable London success, a contingency which certainly is not unlikely.

The Winter Garden is confronted with something of a dilemma in the continued popularity of Al Jolson, who persists in attracting the multitude in spite of the fact that a new Winter Garden extravaganza, yclept "Monte Cristo, Jr.," is now in rehearsal. Jolson began his Winter Garden run in March of last year, and with the exception of about six weeks he has been playing steadily in New York ever since—first at the Winter Garden, later at the Lyric and the Casino, and then again at the Winter Garden. Despite this fact, however, his box-office receipts are the second largest of any theatre in the city these days, only the Hippodrome figures being larger, and there is no doubt that he could continue to play out the season profitably. What will probably happen is that the Jolson entertainment will be moved to another theatre in a month or so to make room for the newcomer at the Winter Garden. Jolson is one of a small handful of players who have the power to draw the populace by the sheer force of personality, practically regardless of the circumstances and the vehicle. Fred Stone is another—and there the list comes perilously close to ending.

Word from London has it that the perennial "Chu Chin Chow" is well over its thousandth consecutive performance at His Majesty's, being now the ranking attraction of the city in point of longevity. Furthermore, its box-office takings continue to be phenomenal—$16,000 and $17,000 weekly, although in its third year. In this country the piece is exhibiting almost an equal sturdiness. Its road receipts, as a matter of fact, are far in excess of the London figures, due to the fact that it is being played in huge auditoriums. A conservative estimate has it that the production will return a profit of $300,000 to its American managers this season.

Boston has received "The Better 'Ole" with acclaim, and it is now firmly established there, with Edmund Gurney of Shavian fame, as the Ole Bill, and Leon Gordon, late star and author of "Watch Your Neighbor," as Bert, or haply Alf. The Philadelphia company is also ready to try its luck, and will have its première in that town tomorrow night. Maclyn Arbuckle will be the 'ullo artist of this organization.

"Everyman's Castle," a play by William Anthony Maguire, which H. H. Frazee tampered with about a season ago, has been recast by that manager and will shortly be sent upon the road. In the company, on this occasion, are Wilton Lackaye, Robert Edison, (released from the late "Long Dash,") Pauline Lord, and Edna Hibbard, the last named being the ingenuish young woman of last Summer's "Rock-a-Bye Baby."

"The Gentile Wife" vanished from the Vanderbilt Theatre last night and that house will be dark for a week before reopening to receive "A Little Journey," now of the Little. After which, presumably, it will be the Little which will be dark.

Charles Bell's farce—or is it a comedy?—"The Dislocated Honeymoon," seems finally about to be revealed in those parts. At all events, rehearsals have started, among those responding to the call being Phoebe Foster, Harrison Hunter, and Amelia Bingham.

Another farce coming this way bears the title "Sleepless Nights," and is the work of Jack Larrie and Gustav Blum. The Shuberts are doing the producing, and the cast is unusually heavy with names. Among them are Irene Fenwick, Ernest Glendinning, (persistently announced as Ernest Glendenning,) Donald Gallaher, (just as persistently proclaimed as Donald Gallagher,) William Morris, Lucille Watson, and Carlotta Monterey.

Farces are seemingly in popular demand, for Oliver Morosco also is preparing one for metropolitan consumption. This one is called "Please Get Married," and the leading rôle will be played by Ernest Truex, despite the fact that he was lately reported to have gone over to the films exclusively for the period of one year.

IN THE VARIETIES.

PALACE—Adele Rowland, Gus Edwards in a revue; Sam, Kitty, Martha, and Joe Morton; Clara Morton; Paul Morton and Naomi Glass; Princess Radjah, Harry Breen, and others.

COLONIAL—Adele Rowland, John Hyams and Lella McIntyre in "Maybloom"; Frisco and Loretta McDermott, Marie Nordstrom, A. Robbins, Georgie Price, and others.

RIVERSIDE—Adelaide and Hughes, George White, Norton and Lee, Jimmy Hussey and William Worsley, Muriel Window, Jean Adair, Moss and Frye, and others.

ALHAMBRA—Pat Rooney and Marion Bent, George MacFarlane, Kalmar and Brown, Marie and Ann Clark, Roy Rice and Mary Werner, Norton and Nicholson, and others.

ROYAL—Lois Josephine and Tyler Brooke, Henry Lewis, Hale and Patterson, Dixieland Jazz Band, Artie Mehlinger and George W. Meyer, Toto, Lydia Barry, and others.

THE SUBWAY CIRCUIT.

STANDARD—Florence Nash in "Remnant."

SHUBERT-RIVIERA—"Under Orders."

LOEW'S SEVENTH AVE.—"Maytime."

BRONX OPERA HOUSE—"An Ideal Husband."

BROOKLYN THEATRES.

MAJESTIC—"The Man Who Came Back."

MONTAUK—"Come Out of the Kitchen."

NEWS OF ANNA PAVLOWA

A RECENT visit of Anna Pavlowa's manager to New York has resulted in the first authentic news of that popular young dancer which has come to light in more than a year. Pavlowa has been absent from New York since February of 1917, and since then has been touring at the head of a company through South America, with side visits to Panama and Cuba. She is at present in Havana, and expects to visit Mexico, England, and Russia before dancing again in the United States.

Something of the dancer's travels and adventures were set down in her own hand, and the manuscript given, at her request, to THE TIMES. With her company, numbering sixty-four persons, Pavlowa went first to Havana, but immediately after the opening there a revolution put a quietus upon entertainment of all sorts, and accordingly Costa Rica, Panama, and Ecuador were hurriedly booked. Of Guayaquil, Ecuador, Pavlowa writes in her idiomatic English:

"Probably as many others, I had not heard anything about this town, and only when we arrived there I understood how unclever, not to say more, it had been on the part of our impresario to let us come to this place."

But Guayaquil held the company for two weeks, due to the failure to obtain accommodations earlier on an outgoing steamer. The tour of South America proper began in Lima. Here, as well as in Chile and Argentina, the dancer was enthusiastically received, and in several instances received testimonials from the municipalities in the shape of medals and tablets struck off for the occasion. South America has always been generous in its treatment of visiting artists, and it is easy to believe that the tour of Mme. Pavlowa was a triumph.

There followed a long engagement in Buenos Aires, then Caracas, Porto Rico, Brazil, and Buenos Aires again, with many smaller cities as well. Panama was again visited, en route to Havana, and this time the lack of steamer accommodations compelled a visit of twenty-one days, during which the company appeared many times before American soldiers and sailors. There was no theatre (this was in Ancón,) but a huge building on a pier was converted into a playhouse in two days—with a stage, dressing rooms, lighting facilities and all. "The front of the theatre," to quote the dancer, "consisted of branches of palms mingled with the flags of the Allies—an artistic and charming picture!"

Here, before audiences of two to three thousand men, Pavlowa and her company danced. Vessels entering the canal passed the improvised pier theatre at a distance of only fifteen yards—so close that those on board could see the entire show. Performances were then given near Colon under conditions even stranger, for here a huge hangar was converted into a theatre. Aviators, working from a height of 120 feet, constructed the stage.

The company, although sixty-four in number, sailed for Cuba in a steamer which possessed but four cabins, beds being placed on deck to accommodate the remainder. The dancer, as stated, is now in Havana, and after visiting Mexico and London she will go to Russia, where her mother still lives.

ROSE OF THE ROSARY

THE production of "Cappy Ricks" at the Morosco last Monday night added one more to the long list of novels, stories or groups of stories which have been dramatized by Edward E. Rose. Rose, although he has written also an untold number of original plays, mostly of a minor nature, is probably the readiest and most prolific dramatiser (if the word may be coined) among contemporaneous playwrights. For years he was officially attached to Charles Frohman's staff in this capacity, and after a quiescent period of several seasons he is now again coming to the front in his old specialty. "Penrod," made from Booth Tarkington's stories and played here earlier in the season, was his; there is "Cappy Ricks," based upon Peter B. Kyne's stories; "Tish," built around Mary Roberts Rinehart's Letitia Carberry stories, has been written by Rose for May Robson, and his dramatisation of Mrs. Rinehart's "The Amazing Adventure" may yet see the footlights, despite the fact that it is a war play. As for the total number of his dramatic writings, it is literally beyond computation.

Rose's days as an original dramatist were, in the main, the days of his youth, and in them he had perhaps as varied and colorful an experience as falls to the lot of any man. He went from a Canadian farm to Boston in the early eighties to go upon the stage, and for four years he acted for a few dollars a week (never more than twelve) in the Boston Museum Stock Company. Here he wrote a pair of plays which found production in traveling repertory companies, and also had the honor of supporting Richard Mansfield, who came to the theatre as visiting star, in the first production on any stage of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." Still an actor, he came in 1889 to New York, and while playing eight times a week in a melodrama called "My Jack," at the People's Theatre on the Bowery, he acted four afternoons in the original production of "Little Lord Fauntleroy," which was being played at the Madison Square Theatre. In the scant idle hours between these appearances he managed to write a series of boys' stories for a juvenile publication, and a play called "The Westerner" as well.

It was "The Westerner" to which he pinned his hopes. He read it to some sixteen managers, all of whom refused it, but finally found an individual who would back him to the extent of a few hundred dollars, so that a single performance might be given. Rose's actor friends had long known of the play, and had even rehearsed parts of it in Rose's attic bedroom in a Twenty-fourth Street boarding house, so the gathering of a cast was a simple matter. To obtain a theatre, however, was not so easy. Rose, presuming upon his Boston Museum acquaintance with Richard Mansfield, who was then appearing in New York, summoned the courage to call upon that actor in his rooms at the Victoria Hotel, and to ask the use of his theatre for a single afternoon.

Mansfield referred him to his manager, one Hartz, and the latter, after hearing "The Westerner" read—or, rather, acted out by Rose—agreed to let him have the theatre free of charge for an afternoon on condition that Rose bind himself to sell the play to him for a certain sum. Rose refused, and the hunt for a playhouse began again. It was finally decided to rent the Thalia Theatre, on the Bowery, for a single night. It could be obtained for $125. The theatre was hired, and Rose assembled a company which included himself, Frank Hatch, and Stephen Wright. All of the New York managers were invited to the performance, and, to assure himself of a full gallery, Rose, in full make-up, stood on a Bowery corner giving tickets to passing urchins until it was time for the curtain to ascend.

It was a sweltering Saturday night in July, 1889, and the conditions attending the premiere were about as unfavorable as possible. The professional members of the audience, in the first place, had assembled to jeer rather than listen. Also, the owner of the theatre threw the company into pandemonium at the final minute by refusing a certified cheque for $125, and demanding payment in cash before he would permit the curtain to go up. A woman in the audience, a friend of Rose's, finally put up the money, and the performance was given.

The play was instantaneously and emphatically successful, and won over its audience completely before the night was over. Although it never was produced for a run in New York, an actor named Fred Bryton played it for several years on the road, with Rose as a member of the company for the first year. It is still extant, and is occasionally acted in the more remote recesses of the country under the title of "Jim, the Westerner."

The following year Rose went back to the Boston Museum as stage director, and it was then that he made his first dramatization—a piece taken from a Dumas novel and called "Captain Paul." Klaw & Erlanger accepted it upon a single reading, but never produced it. Rose spent the next eight or ten years in Boston and its environs, staging plays in stock, writing plays of his own and producing them, and piloting a repertory company, offering his own plays, through the less-than-minor villages of Maine. In 1893 he opened Boston's Castle Square Theatre, built for him by R. H. Allen and Henry W. Savage, with "Captain Paul," which had reverted to him from Klaw & Erlanger. He wrote several plays a year during this period, and produced them all. Among them was a dramatization of Dickens's "Dombey and Son," and a piece called "Flood Tide at Hell Gate." None of them was designed for anything but stock or repertory presentation, and none of them ever got beyond it. As the director of a traveling "rep" company Rose wrote a new play whenever one was needed, and as promptly staged it. He is one of the most rapid workers among the playwrights, and no play that he ever has written has required more than two or three weeks.

It was while he had his repertory company that Rose wrote to Charles Frohman, asking that manager to pay a visit to New Bedford to see a new play which he had written. Mr. Frohman, although he never had heard of Rose before, accepted, but at the last minute was unable to come and sent an emissary instead. The latter reported unfavorably on the play—a piece called "A Square Deal"—and the meeting between Rose and C. F. was indefinitely postponed.

Back in New York a year later, Rose went in extensively for producing, staging no less than eleven plays in a single year, (1900,) and playing intermittent weeks in vaudeville as well. Then came an opportunity to rewrite "Rupert of Hentzau" for Daniel Frohman, and Rose's major career as a dramatizer was begun. Anthony Hope had made a version of his novel which was unsatisfactory, and Rose, while directing another play, built practically a new piece in a few weeks. It was acted, with considerable success, by James K. Hackett, and its reception caused him to be sent for by C. F.

Mr. Frohman gave him a huge quantity of manuscript, totaling some five plays, but in reality all the same work. It was "David Harum," which Rapley, Hitchcock had endeavored to dramatize from the novel, then at the height of its popularity. Rose read the various versions and reported that he could do nothing with them; an entirely new play would have to be written. C. F. explained that an advance royalty of $2,500 had already been paid on the play, and that he was bound by contract to use Hitchcock's version of the story and to pay him the royalties. Rose, in spite of this discouraging outlook, volunteered to go ahead and write the play, accepting as remuneration whatever C. F. wanted to give him, even though it were nothing. He completed the play in three weeks, and it was produced, with William H. Crane in the title rôle, as the work of R. and M. W. Hitchcock. The name of Rose never figured in it publicly, and the royalties went to the Hitchcocks. For the following two years, however, C. F. paid Rose a salary of $100 weekly in lieu of royalty, and probably would have kept it up indefinitely had Rose not finally called a halt.

Thus launched, Rose made over a French play called "Coriale & Co., Dressmakers," and produced by C. F. He made dramatic versions of "Richard Carvel," "Janice Meredith," "Alice of Old Vincennes," and others lesser known. A little later he drifted back into the popular vein, and wrote a series of the sort of melodramas in which John Mitern was wont to appear in the so-called palmy days. During the life of the late International Circuit, a popular-priced string of houses which flourished a year or two ago, Rose was its playwriting mainstay. For the houses of this circuit he wrote seven plays a year, doing them all, incidentally, during a single Summer. One of his achievements during this period was the writing of a play to fit three sets of scenery, the play for which the scenery was designed having failed. Rose not only wrote the play, but it succeeded.

Last, but not least, Rose also dramatised "The Rosary," making therefrom the sort of play which goes on and on and on—yes, even unto the third and fourth generation.

THE NEW PLAYS

AN armistice has been declared by the producing managers, and only one new play will be offered here during the coming week. Nearly all of the attractions in the long list printed elsewhere on this page are enjoying prosperity, and there are unlikely to be many changes in the theatres in the next few weeks.

THE MARQUIS DE PRIOLA—*Tomorrow night at the Liberty Theatre.*

Here is Leo Ditrichstein back among us, this time in a play from the French of Henri Lavedan. The play, once a Comédie Française production, is described as "a searching arraignment of an effete aristocracy that is rapidly becoming extinct." Mr. Ditrichstein will be the example of effete aristocracy, and the supporting company will include Brandon Tynan, Orlando Daly, Walter Howe, Jane Grey, Lilly Cahill, and Katherine Emmet.

LES FRERES KARAMAZOV—*Tomorrow night at the Théâtre du Vieux Colombier.*

This play, from the Russian of Dostoievski, was one of the most successful of M. Copeau's productions of last season. M. Copeau, Robert Bogaert, and Jean Sarment will be seen as the three brothers, and the elder Karamazov will be played by Louis Jouvet.

Marjorie Rambeau, reluctant to carry the gospel of "Where Poppies Bloom" into the provinces, will return to "Eyes of Youth" this week for a brief engagement at the Manhattan Opera House. The engagement will begin on Saturday night, and upon its conclusion Miss Rambeau will betake herself to London.

The first performance of the fourteenth century miracle play, "Guibour," took place at the Neighborhood Playhouse last night with Yvette Guilbert in the title rôle. It will be repeated tonight, and again next Friday, Saturday, and Sunday evenings.

The customary two performances of "Hamlet" will be given at the Plymouth this week—Friday afternoon and Saturday morning. Walter Hampden is the Prince in this production.

Tonight's free entertainments for uniformed men will be "Tillie," at Henry Miller's Theatre, and "Keep It to Yourself," at the Thirty-ninth Street.

At the Hippodrome tonight a benefit performance will be given under the auspices of the Auxiliary Corps of the New York Fire Department.

AS TO J. M. BARRIE.

Percy Burton rises to correct the statement made on this page two weeks ago regarding the lapse of time since Sir James Barrie's last visit to these shores. It is not eighteen years since he last came here, but less than four. "I crossed with him on the Mauretania coming over in August or September of 1915," writes Mr. Burton, "when he was accompanied by A. E. W. Mason. Barrie, I think, came over to give lectures or addresses on the war, which it was subsequently considered, I believe, would not be advisable. That was before America entered the war, of course."

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A 100% CAST

ASINO 39TH ST. & BROADWAY Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

4TH MONTH

CENTRAL THEATRE B'way & 47th. TO-NIGHT At 8:15 Sunday Concert

Marie Dressler First Time in 3 Years! Wm. & Gordon Dooley And Big Bill

ASTOR THEA., B'way & 45th St. Phone Bryant 287. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:15

EAST IS WEST

With

FAY BAINTER

PRINCESS 3d Month of "OH, MY DEAR!" Just one crowded house after another. "Better than 'Oh, Boy!'" —N. Y. Herald.

LOEW'S 7TH AVE. 7th Ave. at 125th St. Nights 25c to $1. Mats. Tues. & Thurs. 25c and 50c. Mat. Sat. 25c to 75c

BEGINNING WEEK TOMORROW NIGHT

JOHN D. WILLIAMS Presents Oscar Wilde's Masterpiece

"AN IDEAL HUSBAND" BRILLIANT COMEDY, BRILLIANTLY ACTED

"No one can afford to miss it." Times, Jan. 27—"Business Before Pleasure"

BELMONT Theatre, 48th, E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 48. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

Most Important Play in N. Y.

3RD Month OF THE Big Success

WALKER Whiteside IN THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER

"POWERFUL, TIMELY, SIGNIFICANT."—Towse, Eve. Post.

LONG ACRE West 48th St. Evgs 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

Wm. COLLIER in "Nothing BUT Lies"

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

IF You Could Make Yourself Invisible, What Would You Do?

See Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers.

SEASON'S HIT. THE UNKNOWN PURPLE NOT A WAR PLAY.

With RICHARD BENNETT. 5th Month.

COMEDY Theatre, 41st, E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 8104. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.

"IT IS WELCOME AND WILL SUCCEED."—Louis De Foe, World.

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With

ELEANOR PAINTER

It is GREAT

An Excellent Supporting Company. WALTER WILSON EFFINGHAM PINTO ROY WALLING

"FRESHER AND MORE VIGOROUS THAN EVER."—John Corbin, Times.

BROADHURST Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 64. George Broadhurst, Dir.

Evenings 8:15. Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:15.

J. J. SHUBERT HAS THE KNACK OF PUTTING MUSICAL PLAYS OVER. WILL BE ENTERTAINING BROADWAY FOR A LONG TIME.—Ev. Globe.

A Riotous Comedy With Music

THE MELTING OF MOLLY

With CHARLES PURCELL ISABELLE LOWE AND A CHORUS WITH A KICK. "GOBBLES OF LAUGHTER."—Alan Dale, American.

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It's Naughty, But It's Nice—SH!

GEORGE BROADHURST Presents THE LAUGH PLAY

with EDWIN NICANDER.

"You are sure to explode with laughter — performance is delightful."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

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By MARK SWAN (From French of Keroul & Barre)

Seats on Sale for Lincoln's and Washington's Birthday.

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H. B. WARNER IN "A WORK OF GENUINE FRESHNESS AND PERSISTENT EFFERVESCENCE."—WORLD.

Sleeping Partners WITH IRENE BORDONI

"TO ANALYZE ITS FRESH CHARM WOULD BE TO DECANT THE BEST CHAMPAGNE."—SUN.

BIJOU 45th St., W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 430. Evgs., 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THEATRE.

SHUBERT West 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30

Last 2 Weeks in N. Y.

Winthrop Ames' Production of Maurice Maeterlinck's

BETROTHAL

THE MOST ELABORATE AND BEAUTIFUL PRODUCTION EVER PRODUCED IN ANY COUNTRY.

MOROSCO WEST 45TH ST. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.

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OLIVER MOROSCO presents WILLIAM COURTENAY and TOM WISE IN E. E. ROSE'S NEW COMEDY

Cappy Ricks

from Peter B. Kyne's Pop. Sat. Eve. Post Stories.

44TH STREET Theatre, 21st West of B'way. Phone Bryant 7292. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

MESSRS. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT Present THE TUNEFUL LAUGHING HIT OF THE TOWN

Little Simplicity

With Walter Catlett Carolyn Thompson Carl Gantvoort Marjorie Gateson Stewart Baird Cameron Sisters

AND OH, SUCH GIRLS!

EXTRA MATINEE THURS. JAN. 23.

All New York Wants to See

ALICE BRADY

PERSONALLY

Returned to the Speaking Stage in

FOREVER AFTER

Owen Davis' Romance.

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Phone Bryant 3820. Evs. 8:30. Reg. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

THE SURPRISE COMEDY OF THE YEAR

A LITTLE JOURNEY

With ESTELLE WINWOOD and CYRIL KEIGHTLEY.

COMFORTABLY PACKING THE LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street.

By RACHEL CROTHERS. Evs. at 8:36 sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30

Moves Mon., Jan. 27, to the Vanderbilt Theatre. Seats Tomorrow.

FULTON 46th St., W. B'way. Phone BRYANT 700. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.

4th Month

The Dramatic Triumph of the Season

KALICH

"A Star of the First Magnitude."—Dr. Sun

IN THE Riddle? Woman

(Direction of George Mooser)

Super-Excellent Cast Includes

A. E. ANSON, CHRYSTAL HERNE LEE BAKER, ALBERT BRUNING.

Selwyn Theatre W. 42 St. Tel. Bryant 47. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

Jane Cowl in The Crowded Hour

By Edgar Selwyn & Channing Pollock

Maxine Elliott's Theatre, West 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

TEA for 3

By Roi Cooper Megrue.

INTOXICATING AS A COCKTAIL

A. H. WOODS ATTRACTIONS

NOW PLAYING IN NEW YORK

ELTINGE THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

"AN ENTIRE OUTFIT OF LAUGHTER."—Alan Dale

A. H. WOODS Presents

UP IN MABEL'S ROOM

BOOTH Thea., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats Wed and Sat. 2:30

UNANIMOUS PRAISE

A. H. WOODS Presents

The Woman In Room 13

A THRILLING MELODRAMA

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St., W. of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Sole Mgt. Morris Gest

NEXT SAT. EVE.

A. H. WOODS Presents

MARJORIE RAMBEAU IN Eyes of Youth

Seats on Sale Tomorrow. Prices 25c to $1.50. ALWAYS 800 GOOD SEATS $1.

Wm. A. Brady's 48th ST. Theatre East of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat. 2:30.

A HUMAN PLAY

A. H. Woods Presents

Mary Nash IN The Big Chance

HUDSON THEATRE, WEST 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

A. H. WOODS presents

LOUIS MANN AND SAM BERNARD IN "Friendly Enemies"

THE NATION'S PLAY

REPUBLIC Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30.

A Play That's Different

A. H. WOODS Presents

FLORENCE REED IN Roads of Destiny

TELLER'S SHUBERT Bklyn—Mats. Wed. & Sat.

SECOND CAPACITY WEEK

A. H. WOODS Presents

BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE

Shubert-Riviera Theatre—97th St. & B'way. Direction Lee & J. J. Shubert.

Beg. Tomor. NIGHT.

A. H. Woods presents

UNDER ORDERS

WITH EFFIE SHANNON and L. CRANE

Mats. Tues. & Thurs. (Best Seats 50c.) & Sat. EVES. BEST ORCH. SEATS $1.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA B'way & 97th St. Week of Jan. 27th.

OSCAR WILDE'S MASTERPIECE AN IDEAL HUSBAND

SUNDAY CONCERTS TODAY—TONIGHT 1:30 to 11:30 Continuous

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thur. & Sat. 2:15. This Week Les Freres Karamazov

Seats, 50c to $2. Saturday Night Pop. Prices.

Arthur Hopkins Presents the Dramatic Masterpiece of the Season.

John Barrymore in Tolstoi's Redemption

Plymouth West 45th St. Mats. Wed. and Sat.

SPECIAL—FRIDAY, 2:30 P. M. SATURDAY, 10:30 A. M.

WALTER HAMPDEN

"Easily the unique Event of the Dramatic Year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

HAMLET

SEATS 4 WEEKS AHEAD.

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Lawrence J. Anhalt, Lessee & Manager.

5 MONTHS OPERA Of Joyous Melodic COMIQUE

By the Society of American Singers. Wm. Wade Hinshaw, General Manager

Mon., Wed. & Friday nights at 8:15.

Fra Diavolo

Orville Harrold——Blanca Saroya

Tuesday and Thursday evenings, 8:15 and Saturday Matinee 2:15

Martha

Craig Campbell——Ruth Miller

Saturday Evening at 8:15.

Mme. Butterfly

Maggie Teyte——Orville Harrold

CARNEGIE HALL Lincoln's Birthday. Wed. Aft. at 3. FEB. 12th

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MAYO WADLER

WITH LEO ORNSTEIN PIANIST

IN AN ALL MODERN PROGRAM

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

MANAGEMENT JULES DAIBER KNABE PIANO USED

METROPOLITAN MUSICAL BUREAU ANNOUNCES

Carnegie Hall, Tom'w Ev'g, 8:30 SONG RECITAL BY——ANNA CASE

CHARLES GILBERT SPROSS at the Piano Seats 75c to $2.00, at Box Office or the Edison Shop, 473 Fifth Avenue. Steinway Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Ev., 8:30 VIOLIN RECITAL BY——TOSCHA SEIDEL

L. T. GRUENBERG at the Piano Seats 75c to $2 at Box Office or Metropolitan Musical Bureau, 24 W. 42nd St. Steinway Piano

AEOLIAN HALL, Fri. Eve., Jan. 24, AT 8:30 PIANO RECITAL BY MARVIN MAAZEL

Seats $1.50, $1.50, $2.00, at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

Carnegie Hall SATURDAY EVENING AT 8:15 Jan'y 25

VIOLIN RECITAL MAX

ROSEN

Mgt. HAENSEL & JONES STEINWAY PIANO.

SEATS NOW AT BOX OFFICE 50c to $2.

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NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK

C-O-L-U-M-B-I-A A Synonym for Laughter, Gaiety, Feminine Loveliness and Pictorial Beauty. That is the reason Columbia Burlesque attracts unvarying capacity audiences every afternoon and night—And how they do laugh and applaud!

2 Big Concerts TO-DAY at 2:15, 25c & 50c. at 8:15, 25c to $1.

Commencing To-morrow Afternoon

THE MILLION DOLLAR DOLLS

A Big Company of Fun-Makers, Singers, Dancers and Specialists. Presenting A Brand New Show in Every Detail, Twice Daily—Moderate Prices. Seats 2 weeks in advance. Smoking Permitted. Week Jan. 27, ROSELAND GIRLS, with Solly Ward.

MONSTER "GALA" BENEFIT NEW YORK FIRE DEPARTMENT AUXILIARY CORPS "Hippodrome," Sunday Evg., Jan. 19, 1919. "21 ALL-STAR ACTS"

By Courtesy of Messrs. Shubert, E. F. Albee and Arthur Hammerstein.

Friends of Music

Aeolian Hall, Wed. Aft., Jan. 22, at 3

ALFRED CORTOT

LAST RECITAL THIS SEASON

Tks. $2-50c. at Box Office & of Helen Love, 1 W. 34.

WALDORF ASTORIA, Fri. Eve., Jan. 24. Joint Recital. Benefit for the NEW YORK OSTEOPATHIC CLINIC

LOUIS GRAVEURE MILDRED DILLING

Tickets may be had from Cecil R. Rogers, 47 West 34th St. Telephone, Greeley 385.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft., Jan. 23, at 3. ONLY PIANO RECITAL IN NEW YORK

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Benefit "Societe Mutuelle Des Professeurs Du Conservatoire, Paris." Prices 50c to $2. Boxes $15, now at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

TONIGHT Concert at 8:30 Prices from 50c to $2. ENTIRE ORCHESTRA COND., HAGEMAN.

Zimbalist Violinist MARIE SUNDELIUS PAUL ALTHOUSE JOSE MARDONES

HARDMAN PIANO USED.

BROOKLYN.

MONTAUK THIS WEEK. Wed. Mat. 25, 35, 50c. Nights & Sat. Mat., 25c. to $1.00.

HENRY MILLER PRESENTS

The Delightful Comedy of Southern Life,

COME OUT OF THE KITCHEN

By A. E. THOMAS. From the Story by Alice Duer Miller, WITH A NOTABLE CAST.

Week of Jan. 27th FISKE O'HARA In His Newest Play, "MARRY IN HASTE"

Feb'y 3, Florence Nash in "Remnant"

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 25, at 2:30 PIANO RECITAL—JOSEF HOFMANN

(STEINWAY PIANO) Tickets at Box Office.

Acolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Jan. 28, at 8:15 LEOPOLD AUER

Program: Beethoven Sonata C Minor, G Major, A Major.

Mme. WANDA STEIN at the Piano.

OWING TO ILLNESS GOGORZA

Recital Postponed to Sun Aft., Mar. 9

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

JOSEF STRANSKY.....Conductor

Carnegie Hall, This Afternoon, at 3

TCHAIKOVSKY-LISZT

Elegie—"Pathetique" Symphony. "Tasso"—Second Rhapsody.

Next Thurs. Ev., 8:30. Next Fri. Aft., 2:30

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His first performance in N. Y. of the BEETHOVEN VIOLIN CONCERTO.

Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall Tuesday Eve., Jan. 28, at 8:15. Wed. Aft., Jan. 29, at 2

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SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor. SOLOIST SERGEI

RACHMANINOFF

Stravinsky, Glazunoff, Rimsky-Korsakoff. Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer, Steff Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Jan. 23, at 3. Auspices Society for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis. Mrs. HERMANN B. BIGGS, President. Miss RUTH TWOMBLY, Vice President.

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CONCERT OF MUSIC FOR PIANO. Orchestra Seats and Boxes on sale at Hotel St. Regis. Balance in Carnegie Hall. Direction C. A. Ellis, Steinway Piano used.

AEOLIAN HALL, TOM'W. NIGHT at 8:15. CHORAL SONG RECITAL

Schumann Club

Percy Rector Stephens, Conductor. Tickets, $1.50, $1.00, 75c. on Sale at Box Office.

BROOKLYN.

B. F. KEITH'S Orpheum

Concerts Sun. 2:15 & 8:15. Week of Jan. 20

19TH—ANNIVERSARY—19TH

2:00	Overture	8:00
2:05	Romano Sisters	8:05
2:17	Harmon & O'Connor	8:17
2:32	MORAN & WISER	8:32
2:48	Bailey & Cowan	8:48
3:04	HARRY GREEN & CO.	9:04
3:40	Reinhart's Harmonists	9:40
3:55	Emma-Haig & Lockett—Lou	9:55
4:14	TRIXIE FRIGANZA	10:15
4:30	JOE JACKSON	10:30
4:40	Jas. & Bonnie Thornton	10:40
4:50	Five Duttons	10:50
5:00	Orpheum News Pictorial	11:00
5:05	Exit March	11:05

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC

BURTON HOLMES Himself

Tues. 8:15. Wed. 3:30 and 8:15. January 21 and 22. With the Yanks in France.

Prices 50c-$1.50. Institute Box Office. Wonderful Color Views. New Motion Pictures.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Soloist—HULDA LASHANSKA SOPRANO

Sat. Jan. 25, at 2

Brahms Symphony No. 2. Saint-Saens, Tschaikowsky, Rimsky-Korsakoff.

Tickets $1 to $1.50. Institute Box Office.

Brooklyn Academy of Music, Sun. Ev., Jan. 26, 8:15 JOINT RECITAL

Zimbalist—Braslau

Tickets 50c. to $2, at Box Office. Mail Orders Van Dyck Musical Bur., 220 W. 42 St., N. Y.

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Second and Last Big Week! WILLIAM A. BRADY Presents

The Man Who Came Back

By Jules Eckert Goodman, with HENRY HULL and New York Cast.

To-Day at 2:15 & 8:15 KEITH CONCERTS

Next Week "MAYTIME" with PEGGY WOOD, WM. NORRIS, MELVIN STOKES and N. Y. Cast.

Mat. Daily at 2. 25c, 50c, 75c 2,000 CHOICE SEATS, 50c. Except Sat. and Holidays.

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Every NIGHT 25,50,75c,$1,$1.50 1,000 ORCH. SEATS, $1.00 Except Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

TWO BIG CONCERTS SUNDAY, 2 and 8 P. M. Beginning Monday, January 20.

ENGAGEMENT DE LUXE Happiest Pair on the Stage. Fascinating Stellar Entertainers. Persistent Hits in Broadway Successes.

EVERY NAME, A STAR

CECIL LEAN Also CLEO MAYFIELD

In ACTING SONGS. Lyrics and Music by Cecil Lean.

EXTRA ADDED ATTRACTION

Ever Popular Composer-Singer-Actor-Producer The King of Juvenile Shows

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In His 1919 WELCOME HOME SONG REVUE. Assisted by the cleverest youngsters he has ever discovered. A galaxy of "Finds," including VINCENT O'DONNELL (Young Kid McCormick); BEATRICE CURTIS, ALICE FURNESS. All first release "Edwards" songs, rich scenic settings and artistic costumes.

MORTON Four Mortons Clara Morton In a Solo-nonalogue Morton & Glass In a Musical Satire "1619-1920"

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In a Rip Roaring Finale, All the Mortons will be billed in one Grand Family Laugh Drive under General-issimo Sam Morton.

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A Great Individual Artiste—Genius Plus Personality.

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Which is the French way of saying that she talks and sings story songs. Miss Rowland is the song dramatist, the lyric characterist exquisite and extraordinary.—Press.

The Wonderful "Land of Romance" Where all is pleasure —and Happiness!

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MELODY, COMEDY, CIRCUS, NOVELTY, GIRLS, GIRLS, GIRLS, SPECTACULAR, EXTRAVAGANZA.

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CHICAGO OPERA ASSOCIATION

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FIRST WEEK—MONDAY, JAN. 27 Mon., "Gismonda," Mary Garden. Charles Fontaine, Alfred Maguenat, Marcel Journet, Pavley-Oukrainsky Ballet; Tues., "Madam Butterfly," Tamaki Miura, Forrest Lamont, Irene Pavloska, Giacomo Rimini; Wed., "Romeo and Juliet," Yvonne Gall, John O'Sullivan, Auguste Bouillier; Thurs., "Monna Vanna," Gardon, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff; Fri., "Le Chemineau," Gall, Maguenat, Baklanoff; Sat. Mat., Thais," Gardon, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff; Sat. Night, (Popular Prices) "Tales of Hoffmann." Florence Macbeth, Marguerite Namara, Myrna Sharlow, Fontaine, Maguenat.

SEATS ON SALE AT LEXINGTON BOX OFFICE Beg'ng, Tomorrow, 9.00 A. M.

METROPOLITAN OPERA

Mon. Eve. at 8. Cav. Rustiesa. Music, Crimi, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or, Garrison, Sundelius; Diaz, Didur—Galli, Bolm. Con., Monteux. Wed. at 8:15. Mefo "Boccaci, Alda, Farisi; Martinelli, De Luca, Segurola. Cond., Papi. Thurs. at 8:15, Crispino e la Comare, Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi. Fri. at 8. (1st time.) La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux. Sat. Mat. at 2. L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta. Cond. Papi. Sat. at 8:15, (75c to $2.) Louis, Garrison; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Bada. Cond. Papi.

CENTURY THEATRE, Next Wed., JAN. 22, at 8:30.

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The Hero of Zebrugge, who will tell the story of

THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE

The only opportunity to hear from his own lips the story of the greatest naval exploit in the war told by the man who commanded it. Illustrated with Slides and Motion Pictures.

Rear Admiral NATHANIEL R. USHER Presiding.

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No more seats at $5. Seats now selling at $3, $2, $1.50, $1 and 50c. Excellent Seats at $1 and at 50c.

Tickets at Box Office, Tyson's, McBride's, or from Managers.

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BRONX OPERA HOUSE 149th St., E. of 3d Ave. Tel. Melrose 3230. Nights 25c to $1. Wed. & Sat. Mats. 25 & 50c.

STARTING MONDAY, JAN. 20TH, MESSRS. SHUBERT PRESENT Their Greatest Musical Success

"MAYTIME"

With Peggy Wood, Wm. Norris, Melvin Stokes and the Original Company.

Special Mat. Thurs., Jan. 23d PRICES: 25c & 50c.

WEEK JAN. 27TH. SEATS NOW SELLING "7 DAYS' LEAVE"

SPECIAL MATINEE TUES. JAN. 28 at 2 (From $1 to $5)

BUTTERFLY Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Con. Morancoi. Seats Now on Sale.

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Jany 29, 8:15 P. M. Piano Recital (Knabe Piano)

GODOWSKY

Seats 50c and $1.00 at Humanitarian Cult, 360 West End Ave.

Loew's American Roof 164 St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15. BEGINNING TOMORROW (MON.) EV. THE LEIGHTONS, COLINIS All Seats DANCERS, 7 others. In the Theatre Reserved Anna Case, "The Hidden Truth." 25, 35, 50

F. F. PROCTOR'S BIG VAUDEVILLE CONCERTS.

125th St. Park & Lex. Av. — Lillian Fitzgerald, Rome Guards, Henshaw & Avery, Murray Voyt & Co., Doris Kenyon in "Wild Honey," others. Cont. 1 to 11 P.M.

58th St. Near 6th Av. — Royal Gascognes, 7 Musical Spillers, Billy Shoen, Ward & Pryor, others, Bryant Washburn. "The Gypsy Trail." Cont. 1 to 11 P. M.

23d St. Near 6th Av. — LYONS & YOSCO, Jones & Greenlee, Bunda, Fowler & Co., Earl & Sunshine, Ara Sisters, Dobbs & Welch, others. Cont. 1 to 11 P. M.

5th Ave. B'way, 28th St. — FRISCO, Basil & Allen, Dean, Brach & Co., Grant & Jones, Harry Hond & Co., Hadji, Samalo & Co., Alexander O'Neill & Scanlon, others

CENTURY THEA.—FRIDAY NEXT FRIDAY.....AT.....1:30

Greatest Event of the Year.

Annual Benefit Actors' Fund

Bill of unusual star novelties. Box Office Opens TO-MORROW. Special Donations for seats or boxes to Daniel Frohman, Lyceum Theatre.

☞See Details to-morrow's adv.

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA

LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI, Conductor.

TUES. AFT. AT 2:00, CARNEGIE HALL. JAN. 21 Soloist: ZIMBALIST and Chorus from Schola Cantorum.

Tickets 50c to $2.00, at Box Office

30TH STREET THEATRE. Sunday Evening, Jan. 26th at 8:30. PROGRAM OF DANCES BY

CHALIF'S PUPILS

with Frederick Dixon, Pianist. Benefit Permanent Blind Relief Fund. Tickets at 105 West 57th St. (Opp. Carnegie Hall.)

LOEW'S METROPOLITAN

FULTON, SMITH AND LIVINGSTON STREETS

AFTERNOON, 10c, 15c NIGHT, 15c, 25c

WEEK'S BIG FEATURES

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Jan. 20-21-22.

Joseph M. Schenck presents NORMA TALMADGE In "The Heart of Wetona."

SIX VIRGINIA STEPPERS Robert Henry Hodge & Co. LES MORCHANTES Other Big Acts.

Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Jan. 23-24-25-26.

The Grand Opera Prima Donna.

ANNA CASE

In Her Screen Debut, "The Hidden Truth."

THE LEIGHTONS J. K. EMMET & CO. COLINI'S DANCERS Other Big Acts.

TYPES

By James Gibbons Huneker

THE philosopher who compared Time to an ever flowing river, yet permanent, sought to prove that Henri Bergson's pet illusion possessed two dimensions: if at a certain moment a man dipped his feet into the stream and withdrew them and an hour later again dipped them into the same water wouldn't that show Time in two dimensions? It does for the believer in a fourth dimension. Changeless change is the only aspect of the universe that seems stable, and I hasten to add that if this is an Irish bull my forebears are to blame. Your Celt dearly loves a paradox. Do not imagine this is a prelude to an excursion through the tyllit land of metaphysics, there to hunt its fauna or pluck its flora. Time and Space are only capitalized fictions, and their existence is as real as the Brotherhood of Man and other sentimental fudge.

After fifteen years' absence from the critical sheepfold, during which I adventured far afield among other arts, I find things very much as I left them. I detest the implication of the word type, believing that there are no types, only humans, each a microcosm, a law unto himself, and yet a chunk of the eternal whole. The types we encounter when traversing the tiny republic of music are changeless. They were in existence when on a lazy Summer afternoon the first faun blew into two reeds to attract the timid nymphs in the boskage. Perhaps nowadays the rôles are reversed. The nymphs, clothed and in their right mind, make the music to subjugate shrinking males; but the principle remains, no matter the particular sex manifestation. Men may change, mankind never. And the French King who declared that women often vary was not a psychological expert. Women never change. That is at once their comedy and their tragedy. Changeless change. Music, like virtue, is its own reward.

Walk any night through the lobby of the Opera House and if you are an oldtimer you will find familiar types. The same husband of the prima donna buttonholes you and whispers how "rotten" bad is the singing of the lady who sings the same rôles as his wife. The "other woman" has a voice like a rusty hinge. You agree with him, mentally adding "both rotten." Arcades ambo, artistically. You perhaps miss the cry, "book of the op" which filled your ears forty years ago, but he is there, the libretto boy, though not articulate. The mother of the prima donna invariably appears the night her daughter faces the prompter's box and our heart goes out to her. She has borne the major burden of the family troubles. She has grown the tender plant. She has raised the wherewithal to keep it from perishing. If there are hitches she is to blame. And when success is achieved her chief joy is to efface herself. Consuelo, the apple of her eye, has "arrived." Except that he puts his hand in his cash box the father is the fifth wheel, the extra tire, to the chariot of his triumphant offspring. Sometimes he drinks, sometimes he seeks the chorus girl. It is the mother who is the real martyr. Even the much-derided husband of the singer can, as a consolation, meet betimes the newspaper choir at an adjacent lifesaving station.

The wives of tenors are fixed types, allowing for certain temperamental variations. Occasionally they kick over the domestic traces; then follow bickerings, scandal, litigation, which always redound to the greater glory of the gentleman with the dulcet voice. Once more he gets into print. The lobby critic still pursues his victims. He knows it all, from the backstairs gossip "behind the scene" to the forthcoming novelty. If a critic dodges him there is Tom Bull to talk to; Tom who has seen generations come and vanish; long-suffering Tom, who knows more about the operatic business than any one of these amateurs who spout into his patient ear the law and the prophets. But he has his little list. That is his revenge on the ineptitudes he politely listens to, ineptitudes that might be expanded into a volume of recollections making redhot reading. Nevertheless, the nuisance still stalks the corridors and expatiates upon his critical wisdom. One man I recall who was worth while, an apparition from the past, the late Signor De Vivo. We nicknamed him the Ancient Mariner, and his discourse was never dull. To young chaps like Henderson, Aldrich, Finck, Krehbiel, and myself he was a boon; loquacious, bland, interesting. I verily believe he heard Catalani in his youth, certainly Malibran or Pauline Viardot-Garcia. Pauline I saw years ago in Paris, and she was very old and very vigorous. But to have heard her sing in her prime one would needs be a contemporary of Heine, who confessed that whenever she opened her rather large mouth he was tempted to throw a lump of sugar into it, so sensitive was he to beauty.

De Vivo regaled us with the rarest titbits. He wasn't so old by the calendar, but vastly experienced. He has not his counterpart today. The majority of the lobbyists go back only to Tetrazzini. Theodore Stanton no longer takes his stately promenade. I was his private secretary for a period and stood in awe of his gold cigarette case. He was the best-groomed impresario who ever politely bowed an angry prima donna from his office. Maurice Grau bustled along. He never had a moment to spare. If he halted to hear me say "bon soir" in my Pennsylvania French, Max Hirsch would pop up from nowhere and say: "Excuse me. Telephone!" But amiable, charming ever, was Maurice. He told me that he took his turn at crying out "book of the op" when his uncle, Jacob Grau, managed opera at the old Fourteenth Street Theatre. Lionel Mapleson is one of the few members of the old guard still to be seen around the opera; also the last in the business of once famous name. Manager Gatti-Casazza is a man of another kidney. He is not expansive; as he slowly perambulates he is deep in reflection. When he does unburden himself he has something to say. With his hands behind his back, his grave Italian face and dark, earnest eyes, he is unlike any managerial type I have encountered. He suggests a scholar, he has the scholarly stoop, and he is a student well versed, inter alia, in history. Perhaps, as he pursues his way through the chattering mass during an entr'acte, he is pondering the possibilities of the Chicago Opera Company. He should "gebibble"!

Signor Guardi, affectionately known as "Littre Bilil," is the life of the institution. In his bright lexicon there is no such word as "wrong." The opera is all right, toujours. He is a type and individual too. No doubt about that. Interview him, ask an imprudent question, and watch his Irish dander rise. The audience of today is the audience of yesteryear. It never changes. Come what may, it applauds at the wrong moment, and in the matter of unmusical stupidity gives your professional claque cards and spades. Like the prompter's box, the much-abused claque is a convention of opera. Abolish it by all means, but to do the job thoroughly abolish all applause except after the final curtain of each act. That is the surest way to cut the debatable and detestable tangle. Handclapping as a singer emits high note is a survival of savagery. Wagner solved the problem by forbidding such barbaric noises, as he suppressed the disturbing spectacle of a conductor's silhouette waving a baton and the disillusioning view of musicians fiddling and blowing. The sunken orchestra, the "mystic abyss," no more palm-pounding, no ridiculous claque—that is civilized opera. Yet I greatly fear it would hardly be welcomed by our Latin-American citizens. During Seidl's régime, indeed, whenever Wagner was sung we were spared the diabolical infliction.

Musical types at piano, violin, on voice recitals never vary. The amount of acrimony displayed by some amateur critics about their favorites is appalling. Why rage over heathen opinions? Tweedledum and Tweedledee. Black looks have pursued me if I ventured to disagree with some one's conception of Chopin. Again why? It is, after all, only one man's opinion, as Lillian Russell has sagely remarked. The very fact that professional critics disagree is proof positive that their verdicts are sincere. Pages of parallel columns demonstrate the case up to the hilt. Each of us carries a picture of the visible, and invisible, world in our heads. No two pictures are alike, never were, never will be. When I hear Guiomar Novaes play Chopin I am sure I hear her as my neighbor does not. If I fall asleep—incredible idea—she ceases to play, to exist—for me. Why, then, this petty irritation concerning the validity of our judgments? Pouf! The world is still beautiful and prohibition is coming. Sing "John Anderson my Jo, John," and don't worry about the tone-production of incomparable Mary Garden. As for me, if I could change my skin I'd rather be Mary Garden than Mayor of New York.

Letters still rain here. This department is not for Questions and Answers. We don't read musical manuscripts, and while we wish the native composer, male or female, well, we cling to the antiquated notion that a public performance is the best test of a composition. Hence the heartburnings. Hence the result that even if we had the time we shouldn't answer futile letters. Not precisely bollie, this, though necessary to preserve our sanity. For example, echoes of that Calico Cat have not died down. We were reminded by numerous correspondents that the Gingham Dog swallowed the feline. As an old "fan" of Eugene Field we protest that if the dog had been lugged in the article would not have been written. That's plain, isn't it? Much fun was poked after our statement that only three years ago Morgan Kingston was mining coal in Wales. The joke is decidedly on us, as the tenor in question has been singing twice that time here. One of Tom Bull's pleasantries, it was. As to the woman composer, the "whistling hen," that is a dangerous topic which we willingly forego, as we fear picketing on the street outside this office. It is also dangerous to criticise adversely a pianist or violinist of the Slavic race. Consider the case of Paderewski. Years ago I playfully called him Thaddeus of Warsaw. History may repeat itself. The great Chopinist may wear the laurels of the statesman. The other night I asked Felix Leifels, manager of the Philharmonic Orchestra, what instrument General Pilsudski, a prominent figure just now in Poland, played, and Mr. Leifels laconically answered: "Don't know. The name sounds good to me." And when you come to think of it the name does fall pleasantly upon thirsty ears. Pils-Suds! Again let us intone "Oh, Anderson, my Demi-John."

Far from being types are Charles Henry Meltzer and Pietro Floridia, though occasionally they may be seen at the opera. Both men musicians and scholars, they are deeply concerned, as all good citizens and true should be, about the translations of the Wagnerian texts. We have heard Wagner sung in Italian, French, and English, and naturally prefer it in the original, because it rings truer. But as Wagner in German is unthinkable at present remain English or Italian. Under which king? I prefer Italian, as probably Wagner would if he were alive, but if it is to be sung in the vernacular then let it be in the effective translations of Mr. Meltzer, who preserves the accordance of phrase and rhythm. Witness his version of "The Valkyrs." Mr. Floridia, who has enjoyed the friendship of Cosima Wagner, himself a pupil of von Bülow, a composer, conductor, and pianist, is a literary man of ability, at one time an associate of Arrigo Boito. He is now a resident of this city and has made faithful translations of the Wagner operas in Italian. I have read a letter sent to him by Boito, for me the master librettist. So when Manager Gatti-Casazza is ready next season with his Wagner revival he will have two artistic translations for his cosmopolitan taste.

Mr. Floridia relates an interesting anecdote about Puccini, in whose company he was at the third performance of "Falstaffo" at Milan. Puccini later in the evening was not so enthusiastic. "My dear Floridia," he said, "if you or I had composed that opera, public and critic would have killed us outright. All the laughing is on the stage—never in the audience. But it is Papa Verdi and it must go." The answer to Puccini's critique is his own "Gianni Schicchi." It is his attempt at a "Falstaffo," and a clever attempt it is. Truly, all the world's a comedy. Changeless change. There are no types, only men and women.

GARDEN AND "GISMONDA"

FRENCH lyric art dominates the opening nights of the Chicago Opera Association season in New York, beginning next week, Monday, Jan. 27, at the Lexington Theatre. Six works representing France and only one by an Italian are on General Director Cleofonte Campanini's list for his first week. Two are operas new to New York and heard recently at Chicago for the first time in America, while others are repetitions from his répertoire of a year ago at the Lexington, or long before at Hammerstein's Manhattan.

Henri Fevrier will again be the composer of the opening night's opera, as he was with another work last year. His new opera, "Gismonda," scheduled for the Monday première, has Mary Garden in the title rôle, with Charles Fontaine, a French tenor from the Paris Opera, heard recently in the West. Others are Alfred Maguenat, Gustave Huberdeau, Marcel Journet, Louise Berat, Octave Dua, Lodovico Oliviero, Warren Proctor, Desire Defrere, Constantin Nicolay, Marie Pruzan, Frederica Downing, and Alma Peterson.

Campanini will conduct the opening, and there will be incidental dances by Andreas Pavley, Serge Oukrainsky, and their Russian ballet.

More New Singers Coming.

Tamaki Miura will reappear Tuesday, the second night, in "Madame Butterfly," which she sang here with the Boston company two and three years ago. The novelty of a Japanese in the Oriental rôle will be matched with an American, Forrest Lamont, as Lieutenant Pinkerton, U. S. N. Others in the cast are Irene Pavloska, Giacomo Rimini, Alma Peterson, Vittorio Trevisan, Desire Defrere, Francesco Daddi, and Constantin Nicolay. Giorgio Polacco will return as conductor.

Yvonne Gall, a soprano, and John O'Sullivan, tenor, both from the Paris Opera and new to New York, will make their joint début in a Wednesday evening performance of "Romeo and Juliet," which they have sung recently in Chicago. Also new to this cast since last Winter will be Auguste Bouillier, Irene Pavloska, and Marcel Journet, with Marcel Charlier again conducting.

Operas by Fevrier and Leroux.

A second Fevrier opera is the Thursday bill, when his "Monna Vanna," which led last season, will be repeated with Miss Garden and the same cast valle, now sung by John O'Sullivan, as before, excepting the hero, Prinzivalle, sung by Dalmorès. In "Le Chemineau," by Xavier Leroux, composer of "La Reine Fiammette," Mr. Campanini will present his second novelty of the week on Friday, Jan. 31. Yvonne Gall has the leading rôle, supported by Georges Baklanoff, Alfred Maguenat, Gustave Huberdeau, Myrna Sharlow, Maria Claessens, Constantin Nicolay, Octave Dua, and Desire Defree. Louis Hasselmans, from the Paris Opéra Comique, will conduct for the first time here. The libretto of "Le Chemineau" is founded on drama in verse, "The Vagabond," by Jean Richepin, its scenes laid in Burgundy.

METROPOLITAN'S WEEK.

The Metropolitan's eleventh week will open tomorrow with Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Le Coq d'Or," sung and danced by a double cast, Garrison, Braslau, Sundelius, Diaz, Didur, and others on the side, and Galli, Smith, Bolm, Bartels, and Bonfiglio in stage centre, with Monteux conducting. It will be preceded by "Cavalleria," with Muzio, Crimi, and Montesanto, in "Manon Lescaut," on Wednesday evening, are Alda, Perini, Martinelli, De Luca, De Segurola.

"Crispino e la Comare" will occur again on Thursday evening, with Hempel, Braslau, Scotti, Chalmers, and the rest. Following "La Reine Fiammette" on Friday evening there are two operas Saturday, "Elisir d'Amore" at the matinée, with Caruso, Hempel, and Scotti, and "Lucia," for the first time Saturday night, with Garrison, Egener, Martinelli, Bada, De Luca, Rothier, and Papi at the baton.

OPERA AT THE PARK.

For its eighteenth week, which means a fifth month at the Park, the Society of American Singers will add to its latest production two others often sung a mile lower down Broadway.

"Fra Diavolo" will be repeated tomorrow, Wednesday and Friday nights, with Saroya, Duffield, Harrold, John Campbell, Waterous, Peacock, Danforth, and Formes.

"Martha" in English, new on Tuesday, occurs again Thursday night and Saturday afternoon, with Ruth Miller, Elizabeth Campbell, Craig Campbell, Peacock, and Formes.

"Madame Butterfly" on Saturday night, with Harrold and others heard earlier in the season, will be a farewell for Maggie Teyte, who goes to London soon to create a leading rôle in Messager's new opera, "Monsieur Beaucaire."

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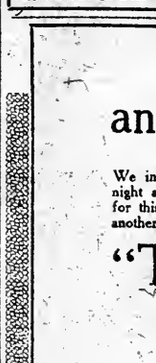

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2:12 Josie O'Meers 8:12
2:22 Bob Albright 8:22
2:37 JEAN ADAIR & CO. 8:37
3:06 NORTON & LEE 9:06
3:21 Moss & Frye 9:21
3:36 ADELAIDE & J. J. HUGHES 9:36
3:56 Lenzberg's Harmonists 9:56
4:06 MURIEL WINDOW 10:06
4:21 JIMMIE HUSSEY 10:21
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PADEREWSKI sailed for Europe on the 7th of November. The wonderful work he has done in this country for his beloved Poland during the years of the war has borne its fruit, and he has gone abroad to bring it to completion if he may.

Paderewski has sailed from our shores many times before during his career. Behind him each time he has left priceless recollections in the memories of the thousands who have heard him play.

This time, however, he has left something of infinitely greater value than mere memories. Part of his genius, part of his personality, part of his very musical self, remain to keep alive the inspiring influence of his playing.

Though in person more than three thousand miles away, yet this very day Paderewski is *playing the piano at Aeolian Hall.*

He is playing two of his favorite encore numbers. And he is playing these beautiful compositions over and over for every music-lover who cares to hear them, and he is playing them as he does when the spirit of his genius and poetical imagination are at their highest flood.

A Letter from
ALEXANDER LAMBERT
One of America's Greatest Teachers

New York, January 16, 1919.

The Aeolian Company,
Aeolian Hall, New York.

Gentlemen:

I have had the privilege of listening to Paderewski's two Duo-Art Rolls—his own "Minuet," Opus 14, No. 1, and Chopin's "Etude," Opus 25, No. 9. They are truly fascinating. I have heard Paderewski many times; indeed, I think there are very few who are more familiar with his playing and, I confess, had I been listening from the next room to these rolls, it would have been difficult to realize that Paderewski himself was not seated at the instrument, so perfectly did the Duo-Art reproduce his actual performances.

Yours sincerely,

Alex. Lambert

The making of a Duo-Art Record Roll is a matter of the utmost importance to an artist. Unlike his public performances, they are *permanent records of his playing.* Not only are they heard by thousands who never hear him in person, but they are the pianist's only possible heritage to posterity.

The great musicians who are making Duo-Art Rolls fully realize this.

On the very day before he sailed, and amid the press of numberless other matters, Paderewski spent *three precious hours* giving the final touches to the two rolls, though he had already spent many days in perfecting them.

Such is the seriousness with which the Duo-Art Piano is regarded by these musicians. Josef Hofmann, another of the great pianists who are recording their playing for the Duo-Art, says:

"The making of these rolls has required hard and painstaking work, and I have spent many hours on each different composition, but I am quite confident you will agree with me that the results justify all the effort made . . . They are indeed my actual interpretations with all that implies."

While Paderewski, himself, writes:

"I avail myself of this opportunity to congratulate you again on your splendid achievement in the production of the Duo-Art Piano . . . I shall be glad indeed to have my playing reproduced with such manifest fidelity."

Among the artists who have made Record Rolls for the Duo-Art are

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Harold Bauer
Ferruccio Busoni
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Rudolph Ganz
Aurelio Giorni
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Enrique Granados
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Josef Hofmann
Ernest Hutcheson
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Alexander Lambert
Ethel Leginska
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Guiomar Novaes
Ignace Jan Paderewski
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Camille Saint Saens
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Mana Zucca
and many others

EVERY Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday afternoon, at three o'clock, Duo-Art Piano Recitals are given in the beautiful Salon on the Fourth Floor of Aeolian Hall. The Aeolian Company extends a cordial invitation to all music-lovers to attend one of these Recitals and hear the Duo-Art Piano reproduce the playing of Paderewski, Hofmann, Bauer, Ganz, Grainger and the other famous Pianists who are recording their interpretations exclusively for this wonderful instrument. Private demonstrations of the Duo-Art at any time suitable to your convenience.

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ON FILM CENSORSHIP

THE black cloud of State censorship of motion pictures is again seen on the horizon—at Albany. It is to be hoped that the fresh wind of clear thinking and artistic sincerity will soon blow it completely away.

Assemblyman William F. Brush of Orange County has introduced a bill into the Legislature that would establish a department of motion pictures, headed by a commissioner whose duties would include the censorship of films and the drawing of a salary of $7,500 a year.

The idea of a department of motion pictures for any of the several purposes mentioned in the bill is not attractive, but the writer does not care to speak positively at this time on any of them except that of censorship.

An official censor, any political appointee of a Governor, empowered to say what the people of the State shall see on the screen and what they shall not see is an obstacle in the way of moral and intellectual progress as well as a czar whose existence is a denial of democracy. Official censorship is bad in theory and worse in practice. The very idea upon which it is based denies the fundamental truth that real growth and development must be free, and experience gives abundant testimony to the fact that censorship is almost invariably characterized by stupidity, ignorance, and bigotry, and sometimes selfish interest.

No unbiased person denies that many photoplays are worse than trash. It is agreed among disinterested people that the influence of many pictures is not good. But this is no reason for an official censor, because of two facts: First, agencies of restraint and education are already at work correcting the existing evils, and, second, an official censor would hamper these agencies and fail to correct the evils. The evils would grow during his régime. Perhaps he would suppress a few scenes not good for young minds, but, unless he was such a censor as the world has never seen, he would permit the exhibition of many more scenes of unhealthful influence and suppress sincere photoplays whose influence would be good. His idea of what to suppress would almost certainly be born of narrow-mindedness. He would be guided by irrational rules and prejudices well-known today for their efficiency in stunting and distorting mental and moral growth and their incompetence in recognizing real values and true processes of development. He would be controlled by political and social bias, regarding as evil anything that did not fit into his ready-made conception of what ought and ought not to be.

But this is discussing probabilities. The certainty is that the evil of official censorship is inherent in censorship itself. The production of wholesome, artistic photoplays is dependent upon the education of the public mind and taste, and education, in this sense, means the power of selection properly exercised. This power comes from practice under such favorable conditions as are provided by the National Board of Review of Motion Pictures and many other community and private agencies. How can there be adequate popular practice in selection if an arbitrary censor is to do the selecting for everybody? Any standard maintained by censorship, even if admittedly good, is established on sand and will not endure. The people, relieved from restraint, as they must be from time to time in the ordinary run of events, will turn to license, as they always do under the circumstances, and their last state will be worse than the first. Whatever standard is established by popular education is maintained by its own sure strength in the minds and hearts of those for whom it lives. It is their own creation. And it does not remain at a fixed level. The higher it is the higher it tends to go.

All of this does not approve of license. The question of license should not enter into the discussion, because, in the police and courts, there are at present means for the suppression of any deliberately vicious picture. It is liberty that censorship attacks, not license.

MOVING PICTURE NOTES.

Edward J. Connelly, who took the part of Old Ekdall in support of Mme. Nazimova in Arthur Hopkins's stage production of Ibsen's "The Wild Duck," and who was with the same actress in the photoplay, "Toys of Fate," has been engaged for "The Red Lantern," in which Richard A. Rowland and Maxwell Karger will present Nazimova some time after their release of her screen version of "Ception Shoals," now entitled "Out of the Fog," which is scheduled for next month.

Douglas Fairbanks will make a series of pictures for the Morale Division of the War Department, which is headed by Brig. Gen. Munson and Raymond B. Fosdick. The principles which the picture will seek to emphasize are "Purity of Purpose," "Cheerfulness," "Steadfastness" and "Willingness to Sacrifice." The ideas will be worked out allegorically, it is said.

Mabel Taliaferro is to be the star in "A Bit of Love," the sixth photoplay of the series of twelve to be produced by the Stage Women's War Relief at the Fitzee studios. Rachel Crothers wrote the story, Calder Johnstone prepared the scenario, and George W. Terwilliger will direct the production.

Members of the Town and Country Films, Inc., which produces the James Montgomery Flagg comedies, have gone to Florida to make a series of productions, including "Beresford of the Baboons," "The Last Bottle," and "Pride and Po'k Chops."

An exhibition of painting by John Wenger, art director of the Rivoli and Rialto Theatres, will open at the Memorial Art Gallery in Rochester on Feb. 1. The exhibit will include sketches of Mr. Wenger's Rivoli settings for the last year, some of his work for Strawinsky's ballet "Petroushka" at the Metropolitan, and a few pieces from Greenwich Village Theatre settings.

Motion pictures of marine life in the water around Naples, Italy, will be shown in the auditorium of New York University by Dr. R. L. Ditmars of the New York Zoological Gardens at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Feb. 12, in connection with the celebration of the 111th anniversary of Darwin's birth.

Hugo Ballin, Goldwyn's art director, has written the photoplay in which Madge Kennedy will make her next appearance.

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ANNUAL AUTO SHOW OPENS HERE FEB. 1

Two Weeks' Exhibit of Passenger Cars, Motor Trucks, and Tractors in Garden and 69th Regiment Armory

New York's nineteenth annual automobile show will open on Saturday night, Feb. 1, in Madison Square Garden and the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, which is close by on Lexington Avenue. It will continue for two weeks, the first week being devoted exclusively to passenger cars and the second week to motor trucks and smaller commercial vehicles. It is interesting to note, as showing the confidence of the manufacturers and the dealers, that the coming exhibit will be the first in the long line of successful motor car shows in this city that has been extended for two weeks and also the first time that a distinct commercial car exhibit has been held here.

The sudden cessation of the war last November altered the entire situation of the automobile industry for the coming year. Production at that time had fallen to a minimum, and had the war continued very few passenger cars would be made this season. The close of the war abrogated the drastic priority orders and production restrictions. The manufacturers, however, who have hitherto given the national shows under the auspices of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, having already abandoned the customary show in January as a war measure, felt that they could not adjust themselves rapidly enough to the new conditions to manage a 1919 show.

The Automobile Dealers' Association of New York City stepped into the breach and saved the year from going without its usual big show. They have met with the heartiest co-operation from the manufacturers, and the announcement that fifty-six different makes of passenger cars will be displayed in the first week, and over fifty makes of trucks in the commercial exhibit indicates that the two weeks' show will be not only a success, but perhaps the largest and most interesting exhibit of its kind ever held in America.

The decorative scheme of each building will be elaborate, and considerable construction work has been necessary. In order to accommodate the exhibitors, it was found necessary to rip up the old flooring and replace it with 40,000 square feet of two-inch oak planks. Owing to the fact that the trucks to be shown in the second week are of such great weight, it was not considered appropriate to use the old planking, which has supported many sporting and big industrial events in days gone by. The balconies likewise will have new floors.

A unique color scheme for the Garden has been worked out. Projecting from the first balcony around the entire arena will be a roof or cornice of Spanish tiles, the cornice being two and a half feet wide and supported by brackets. The tiles will be green and an illuminating scheme will be installed beneath this narrow roof. The Spanish effect will give the first balcony a novel appearance. The walls about the main arena floor will have alternate paneling and large mirrors, which will give the effect of greater area, and the portion beath the balcony will be illuminated with indirect lighting. The color scheme is cream and white, with shades of blue. The first balcony rail or parapet will be paneled in artistic fashion.

A patriotic color scheme will be the keynote of the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory decorations. The rear wall of the building will have a sunburst of red, white and blue forming a huge semi-circle. Between the rows of exhibits will extend a wide arbor effect, with trellised vines and flowers. Cypress trees will form a feature of the decorations. From the balconies garlands and floral baskets will hang. Illuminated glass signs will reveal the name of the exhibitors.

At the main entrance to the armory visitors will pass through an arched arbor and around a fountain. The walls also will be trellised, and under the balcony there will be a pergola ceiling. The semi-circular girders of the roof will be concealed by a canopy of blue bunting.

The armory will contain one of the most interesting passenger car body displays during the first week and commercial body exhibits during the second week. A number of the expensive passenger cars, which formerly were exhibited at the Automobile Salon, in the Hotel Astor, will be in the armory, and there will be some fine examples of custom bodies and rich coach work, as well as the regular stock bodies.

Very little accessory space remains for either week of the show. An interesting feature of the second week will be the large number of tractors and trailers to be exhibited. Some of these are securing space which, as originally planned, was to have been used by accessory exhibitors, and accessories will be displayed in the armory as well as the Garden during the first week of the show only.

The second week all accessories will be in the Garden only, providing more room for tractors and trailers in the armory. A large percentage of the exhibitors of both cars, accessories, and commercial vehicles are new concerns, whose product has heretofore not been exhibited, while the majority of old-time exhibitors and long-established concerns, including many members of the Motor and Accessories Manufacturers' Association, will be present.

During the show there will be a number of luncheons and banquets of various associations and committees, and one of the most noteworthy will be the banquet tendered to Captain Eddie Rickenbacker, the leading American ace, who has twenty-six Hun machines officially to his credit.

Admission will be 50 cents, and one ticket will be good for both buildings. A ticket purchased for the Garden will have a coupon good for admission at the armory and vice versa. Furthermore, it will not be compulsory for the ticket holder to visit both buildings the same day. This arrangement has been made because of the fact that the show will be so large that a visitor would scarcely be able to see all in a single afternoon or evening in either building.

Charles A. Stewart is General Manager of the show.

COMFORT FOR WINTER USE.

Well-Equipped Maxwell Sedan, 4-Cylinder, on Regulation 109-Inch Wheelbase.

URGES ROAD CONSTRUCTION

State Highway Commissioner Edwin J. Duffey made some interesting statements regarding the proposed Government and State program of road building in a recent address before the New York State Motor Federation at Rochester. He said it would cost the country $500,000,000 besides its $75,000,000 appropriation now being used. Of this great fund he predicted New York State can reasonably expect to receive $30,000,000.

"I believe that the States should match every dollar received from the Federal Government for good roads with another dollar," said Mr. Duffey, "and this double sum be expended by the States with the national viewpoint of improving the highway system of the country as a whole.

"I do not see how there can be any low prices in highway building in the near future. Materials will keep high for a long time. It will take a million men at daily labor over a period of years to build the national system of highways under our construction program. Where can we find this labor? Where can we find enough engineers and inspectors of integrity and ability to insure our receiving the good roads we want at the lowest possible cost? They are not in existence today.

"Road building is going to proceed throughout America at the most rapid rate possible, but the demand for good roads is going to be far greater than the supplies for building them. We are facing a serious task. Before the war, I had a staff of about 1,200 men," he confided. "Now I have only 400 men. My department will resume its road building activities, suspended during the war, as rapidly as possible."

Commissioner Duffey pleaded that the $150,000,000 or more invested in good roads in this State be not destroyed by the operation of dangerously heavy trucks over them. He urged that the maximum weight of a truck which can be run over present roads without tearing them to pieces be determined and that all heavier trucks be excluded.

"Future highways under the Federal plan will probably stand up under the heaviest of trucks, but these giants should not be allowed to rip our roadways to pieces," he said. "If we allow the destruction of our present highways, we will most certainly face a serious transportation situation."

AUTO ENGINEERS TO MEET.

Lessons Learned from War Automotive Material Will Be Discussed.

The Society of Automotive Engineers, which took an active part in automobile and aviation activities during the war, will hold its annual meeting in this city from Feb. 4 to 6, during the automobile show week. The victory dinner will be held on the evening of Feb. 6 at the Hotel Astor.

The regular meetings will be devoted to various technical discussions, including that on fuel for internal-combustion engines. A half-day session will be devoted to consideration of gasoline, kerosene, benzol, and other fuels. Representatives of the Government will present the latest data as to supplies and the results of recent intensive research, and members returned from the front will relate their experiences regarding war automotive apparatus.

Henry M. Crane will read a paper on the effect of aeronautic practice on automobile design and construction, and there will be a paper on better trucks performance by Major Arthur B. Browne. A. Ludlow Clayden will forecast future development in the production of lighter and more efficient passenger cars. D. McCall White will treat of light-efficiency automobile engines.

The papers to be presented on tractors and tanks will be of peculiar interest in that they will probably be the occasion of making public for the first time a number of engineering features of these new types. Tractor engineering is becoming a very important phase of automotive engineering.

Big Tractor Show in Kansas City.

The fourth annual national tractor show to be held in Kansas City during the week of Feb. 24-March 1 will be the most comprehensive exhibit of tractors, tractor accessories, and power farming machinery ever held in America. The annual shows are given under the direction of the Kansas City Tractor Club, and they have become valuable factors in educating farmers in the economic value of motor farming. A new building, costing $25,000, is being erected for the exhibit.

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32x4	Cl. N. S	18.50
32x4	S. S. N. S	18.50
33x4	S. S. N. S	19.25
34x4	S. S. N. S	20.50
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36x4½	S. S. N. S	30.40
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Upholstering, Slip Covers, Painting and Body Repairs.
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MARMON LIMOUSINES
BRAND NEW
These cars were ordered for shipment for Petrograd, Russia, but we are unable to make shipment on account of unsettled war conditions existing now.
PRESENT LIST PRICE.....$6,100.00
Our selling price.....$4,050.00
Only 3 left out of lot of 20.
Cars can be inspected at 1926 B'way, 6th Floor
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36x4½	"	27.80
35x5	"	30.95
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Between 51st & 52d Sts.

SAXON
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1917 Cadillac Limousine	$2,200
1917 Packard 2-25 Phaeton	2,200
1917 Saxon Sedan	1,200
1917 Saxon Touring	550
1917 Saxon Chummy	675
1917 Saxon 4 Roadster	375

726 West 56th St., at Broadway

HAYNES
USED CARS

1914 Haynes	5-passenger	$400
1916 "	7-passenger	850
1917 "	7-passenger	1250

OTHER MAKES

1913 Cadillac	350
Dodge Touring	700
Mitchell Sedan	900
1917 Olds, with winter top	1000
National Touring	700

HAYNES AUTOMOBILE COMPANY
1715 BROADWAY
Phone Circle 1346.

When He Comes Back

SOMEWHERE in this great land there is a wonderful girl waiting for a wonderful boy.

And not far away a great mother is waiting for her son.

Laughter and joy will attend his coming on that marvelous day in spring. Then life will begin anew and the days will dance along like children happy with the hurdy-gurdy in a quiet, shady street.

He has been far away on a great adventure. He is no longer the boy who sprang astride the chair with paper helmet and a broomstick for a sword to ride down the tin soldiers on the floor.

He passed from boyhood into manhood that dark night on the Marne—faced Death and bade him stand and deliver—and came back to the things he loves.

There will come that first glad meeting at the dock with father and mother happy in their pride—the stir and speed of the journey home—a moment in his room, made ready by his mother's hands—and THEN—that wonderful girl—a motor car—and ho! for the Port of Missing Men.

In a motor car youth will have its fling. The road skims beneath you, winds before you, and unless a man is bloodless he cannot but surrender himself to that fine intoxication that comes of such motion in the open air. It begins in a sort of breathless sensation and ends with that pleasing drowsiness—and silence in which two people need exchange no words to understand.

JORDAN MOTOR CAR COMPANY

The Jordan Sport Marine has all of the heart and soul and pep of a Doughboy with all of the swank and swagger and equipment of a Major General.

JORDAN

The Jordan Suburban Seven is properly dressed from Royal Cord shoes to military tailored top, lean and brawny as a lieutenant but comfortable as a bugler after reveille.

McCURDY-BRAINARD COMPANY, Inc.,
Columbus 6812 1895 Broadway, Cor. 63rd St.

JORDAN

CUSTOM STYLE MOTOR CARS

MOTOR LESSONS TAUGHT BY WAR

Heavy and Continuous Usage of Cars Has Revealed Possibilities of Many Valuable Improvements

Few persons outside of the automobile industry realize the extent of the war's influence upon automobile designs and the changes which have been prompted directly as a result of the preponderant use of gasoline-propelled vehicles as agencies of war and war transportation, says H. Clifford Brokaw, technical director of the West Side Y. M. C. A. automobile school. He calls attention to an interesting occurrence in one of the training camps where several hundred trucks were in use, and which, one after another, developed trouble in the condenser of the ignition system. It was a reliable make, but the condenser had not been designed just right for the particular service. The preponderance of trouble led to tests which showed that the condenser design was faulty, and it was corrected. The manufacturer of the system and the manufacturer of the condenser now know more about condensers than they did before, and similar things have happened in many parts of the engine, chassis, and attachments.

Under this exceptional strain there are many troubles developed which would not show in ordinary use, but nevertheless it has given the manufacturer a very good idea as to the parts which have a small factor of safety. He has better knowledge today of shortcomings of design and of the necessary corrective measures.

"An automobile does not often wear out because of a general giving way of the entire car," says Mr. Brokaw. "Certain parts wear and other parts get out of adjustment, and it is possible to put together a pretty good car out of the reclamations of a junk yard. Out of the war is to come a mechanical adjustment which will make the automobile more reliable, and therefore more serviceable, and will synchronize the wear-out point of its several parts.

"The war has demonstrated that the automobile is more reliable and can be used through a greater range of service than had been dreamed of. At the same time it has shown the desirability of simplicity in design and of accessibility of parts which require attention, which make it possible for the non-mechanic to drive and take care of the car, and keep it moving under all conditions.

"The war also has taken a great many chauffeurs, and owners have found it necessary, as well as patriotic, to release such men by driving and caring for their cars. They, too, have been making discoveries and the manufacturers have had all sorts of suggestions submitted to them out of which valuable lessons have been learned.

"Of course, it is too early for all the experiences of the war to have been worked out and applied. The time between the signing of the armistice and the determination of the New York dealers to have a show in February is too short for much new work. But manufacturers have not been idle in the war years, and because of war urgencies it has become more and more the policy of the factory to make improvements as the need is seen rather than to save up ideas for a coming year's models, and if the brand-new models will be less there will be many interesting new points incorporated in old models.

"Cars used for war work had the severest kind of service under all sorts of conditions for a continuous period. Then, too, great numbers of war automobiles were under one department commander, and where weakness or undue wear developed this man knew all about it and was able to suggest improvements of a constructive value, which would be impossible with a large number of individually owned cars."

HONORS FOR RICKENBACKER

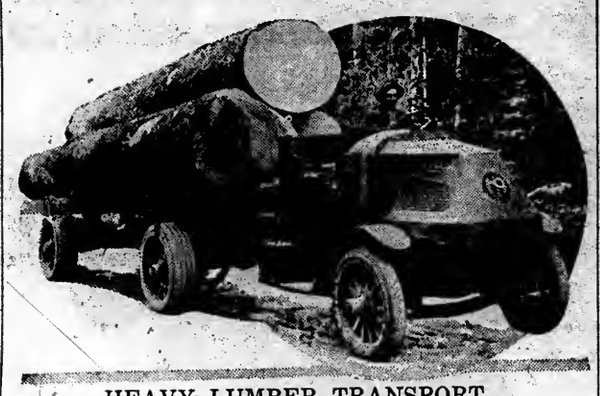
Racehorse Named for Him, and He Will Be Guest at Motor Dinner.

Walter J. Salmon has named the two-year-old thoroughbred racehorse by Manager out of Caution, Eddie Rickenbacker, in honor of America's famous Ace and former motor car racer. The Jockey Club has approved the name.

He holds a Captain's commission. He is expected here during the Automobile Show, and his motor friends are preparing to celebrate his return and his aviation achievements. The Contest Board of the American Automobile Association will give a dinner in his honor.

Motor Truck Board for A. A. A.

The American Automobile Association has added to its list of national boards one which will have to do with motor-truck operation. President David Jameson has appointed Stedman Bent the Chairman of the new board. He is President of the Automobile Club of Philadelphia, and is thoroughly acquainted with motor-truck transportation needs.



HEAVY LUMBER TRANSPORT.
Mack Truck Pulling 6,000 Feet of Spruce Logs Weighing Twenty-one Tons in Washington State Lumber District.

NEWS OF THE AUTO TRADE WORLD

Copies of citations for distinguished service by French motor transport units using American-made motor trucks, have recently been received. Accompanying the citations was an award of the Croix de Guerre to the First and Second Groupements, each operating 500 or more White trucks. Later the entire reserve, operating 2,600 Whites, was recognized by a similar citation.

The first convention of the Fulton Motor Truck Company was held a few days ago at its Farmingdale, L. I., factory. Nearly seventy dealers were present from all parts of the country, including Mexico City and Canada. President Melhuish promised the distributers an output daily of thirty trucks prior to the increasing of the plant, and orders for several thousand trucks were placed.

President George Stowe of the Mitchell Motor Company is exhibiting the latest models of closed cars in the Mitchell Company's salesroom in the Circle Building.

The Owen Magnetic Sales Corporation in this city is celebrating the fifth anniversary of the advent of the car of that name.

Edward G. Kuh, formerly in charge of the used-car department of the Peerless Motor Car Company, has joined the Franklin Company as manager of its used car department.

James J. Hunt, General Manager of the Reo Motor Car Company of this city, has extended an invitation to all Reo dealers to make the local salesrooms their headquarters during the New York show.

Henry L. Hornberger is General Sales Manager of the Globe Rubber Tire Manufacturing Company of Trenton, N. J. The executive offices are in New York City, where he will have his headquarters.

The Packard Motor Car Company has opened an office in New York City for its foreign business, with Fred Cardway, foreign distribution manager, in charge. The company has dealerships in nineteen foreign countries, and in Hawaii, the Philippines, and Porto Rico.

Manufacture of the Transport motor truck has begun at its factory at Mount Pleasant, Mich. The truck is of 2½ tons capacity, internal gear drive, wheelbase 150 inches. Milton A. Holmes is President of the company.

Louis Rosenberg has been appointed director of advertising and sales of the Keystone Tire and Rubber Company.

F. C. Stowers, head of the Kaufmann-Stowers Company, announces that his firm has taken on the distribution of the Warner line of trailers in New York territory. The firm distributes the Nash one and two ton trucks and the Nash quad, also the Titan trucks. The Warner trailer is attracting attention in many parts of the country. A. P. Warner, of speedometer fame, is the inventor and builder.

The Idle Truck Bureau recently established by the Colt-Stratton Company, distributers of Dodge Brothers motor cars and Day-Elder motor trucks, is proving of great advantage to Day-Elder truck owners who do a general express or forwarding business. Many large jobs, as well as small ones, have been handled, even to one request from an individual who had a piano coming from Washington by freight.

Two Weeks Auto Show in Brooklyn.

Plans are progressing favorably for the annual Brooklyn automobile show in the Twenty-third Regiment Armory, on Bedford Avenue, from March 29 to April 12, the first week being the passenger car exhibit and the second week devoted to commercial cars.

Arthur Randall is Chairman of the Show Committee of the Brooklyn Motor Vehicle Dealers' Association, under whose auspices the exhibit is held.

PIERCE
1918 "48"
CONVERTIBLE COUPE
Most beautiful car of its type in this city. Practically brand new in appearance and condition. Very limited mileage. An opportunity to purchase this car at a very reasonable price.
Schoonmaker & Jacod,
1,700 BROADWAY.

ILLINOIS ROAD WORK.

Nearly $8,000,000 Available for Spring Highway Improvement.

Illinois is alive to the necessity of good roads, as recently indicated by Chief Highway Engineer Older, who announced that approximately $8,000,000, in addition to the $60,000,000 to be raised by the bond issue passed in November, is available in the State Treasury for road work in Illinois next Spring.

He says the Lincoln Highway, the Chicago to Springfield section of the Dixie Highway, and the Chicago-Wisconsin Highway are the roads designated for first improvement. Nearly $6,000,000 is available for work on these three roads. Just how soon the work will be started will depend upon the ability of the department to secure material and the contractors.

About $2,000,000 is available for State aid work in the different counties of the State. The General Assembly will be asked to appropriate $2,000,000 more to complete the season's program, and to meet the Federal aid available on July 1, 1920.

ITALIAN AUTO INDUSTRY.

Liability Companies and Exports Increased During War Period.

The Italian automobile industry during the war gave proof of extraordinary development, extending its proper sphere of action also to the fields of aviation, says The Board of Trade Journal, in quoting Il Tempo of Rome. The number of limited liability companies engaged in the industry increased from thirty-two on Dec. 31, 1913, to fifty-five at the end of 1917.

As regards foreign trade, the import of automobiles declined from a value of 13,531,372 lire in 1913 to 7,729,900 lire in 1917, (up to Dec. 13,) a falling off of 5,801,472 lire. Exports, however, increased from 34,180,937 lire to 115,693,806 lire.

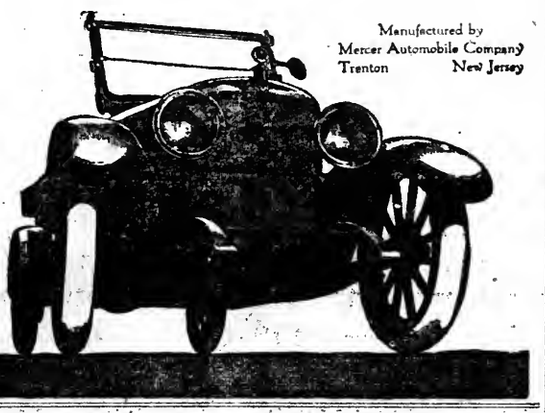
Newark's Annual Auto Show.

The Newark, N. J., automobile show will be held as usual this season, from Feb. 15 to 22, in the First Regiment Armory. Claude E. Holgate, Secretary of the New Jersey Automobile Trade Association, is manager of the show.

MERCER MOTOR CARS

COMPLETENESS in an automobile is a luxury. It is now available for you again. The Mercer has come back to you. It is all, and more, than it has ever been before. The satisfying gift of Mercer power, comfort, poise, and performance is again within reach of those who want all these, plus the pleasure of handling their own car. The desire to own a Mercer was never so intense. It would be well for you to place your order now.

WHITING MOTOR COMPANY
1802 Broadway, New York
852 Central Avenue, Newark



Manufactured by
Mercer Automobile Company
Trenton New Jersey

Willard STORAGE BATTERY SERVICE STATION
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For a Quicker Start

When you start your car, don't try to do it all with the starter button, for that only wastes current. Prime your cylinders and then:

1. Set your controls right, with retarded spark and throttle slightly open.
2. Use your choker to get a richer mixture and quicker explosion.
3. Throw out the clutch and take some of the load off the engine.
4. Then—and not till then—step on the button, and away she'll go.

There are lots of other little wrinkles that prolong your battery's life and make car operation easier. Drop in and let us post you on them.

We test, repair and recharge storage batteries, and always carry a full supply of battery parts, new batteries and rental batteries.

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JAMAICA
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FLUSHING
109 B'way
Flushing 3861.

CHANDLER SIX

Leads All Sixes
Now As Always

CHANDLER is back now to the prices at which thousands bought this great car because it offered such exceptional value.

At $1795 Chandler leads all other high-grade sixes, all other cars of every type, just as distinctly as it has always led them.

A really fine car closely priced. That is Chandler policy. And that policy holds good for 1919 just as it has held good for five years past.

Fifty thousand owners know what a good car the Chandler is. They know, better than we can tell, the marvels of its motor—its smooth-flowing, quiet power; its instant flexibility; its endurance. They know the sturdy strength of the whole Chandler chassis.

The handsome Chandler Coupe,
now only $2395

The whole motor car market offers no more beautiful coupe than this four-passenger convertible Chandler, and no other on a really fine chassis at such a moderate price.

Most graceful in the lines of its design, handsomely finished, richly cushioned and upholstered, the Chandler Coupe appeals keenly to persons of discriminating tastes. Enclosed, it offers snug protection against the cold or rain or snow. On pleasant days, with the windows lowered away, it is open to the sunshine and soft air.

For those wishing larger seating capacity the Chandler seven-passenger four door Sedan provides the same quality as the coupe.

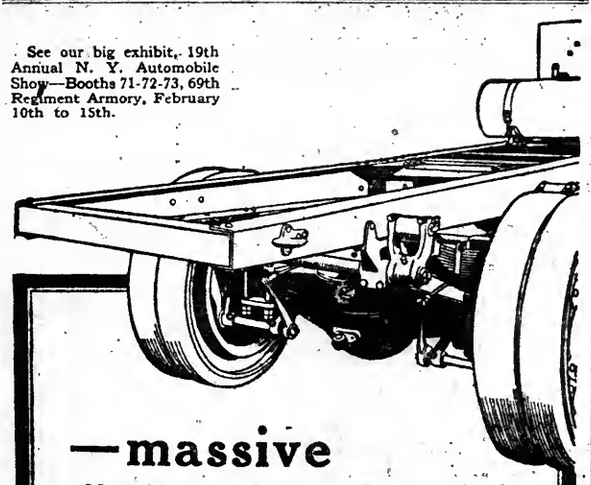
Come Choose Your Chandler Now

SIX SPLENDID BODY TYPES

Seven-Passenger Touring Car, $1795 *Four-Passenger Roadster, $1795*
Four-Passenger Dispatch Car, $1875
Convertible Sedan, $2495 *Convertible Coupe, $2395* *Limousine, $3095*
All prices f. o. b. Cleveland

BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORPORATION
1884 Broadway at 62nd Street.
Farrell Auto. Co. Brooklyn. W. C. D. Motor Car Co. Newark
Hudson Boulevard Garage, Jersey City.
CHANDLER MOTOR CAR CO. Cleveland, Ohio.

See our big exhibit, 19th Annual N. Y. Automobile Show—Booths 71-72-73, 69th Regiment Armory, February 10th to 15th.



—massive

More than strong enough to stand up under the work it will be called upon to do.

This describes every part and feature of the Clydesdale Truck. When you examine it you will see for yourself that nothing has been overlooked—every detail is in keeping. That mighty worm drive axle, that 7 to 8 inch frame—those extra wide springs, with their heavy bushed shackles—gusset plates that look as though they were designed for bridgework. So you can go on throughout the entire truck, and you will find each part has strength, and to spare.

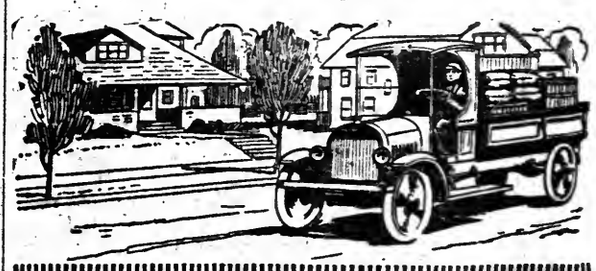
This means lack of trouble for you—low upkeep and steady service.

Is it any wonder that Clydesdale Trucks have built up such a splendid reputation for strength and durability, and that analytical truck buyers are increasing their equipment with Clydesdales?

There is a capacity for your haulage requirements. Let us show you just what Clydesdale will mean to you in your business.

ARLINGTON MOTORS CORPORATION
336-342 Ave. B, Cor. 20th St., New York, N. Y.
Tel. Gramercy 2468

CLYDESDALE
MOTOR TRUCKS



The Hurryton
for Quick Deliveries

For quick getaway, unfailing dependability and flexible utility the Menominee Hurryton model (1-ton) meets every measure of quick-delivery truck service. Like the larger models of

MOTOR MENOMINEE TRUCKS

the Hurryton embraces those same standards of super-efficient construction which have made the Menominee a master of motor truck efficiency. Built to serve and to satisfy.

In addition to the Hurryton, the Menominee line includes models for every condition of service—1½-ton, 2-ton, 3½-ton and 5-ton.

No matter what your haulage problems are, investigate the Menominee.

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of New York, Inc.
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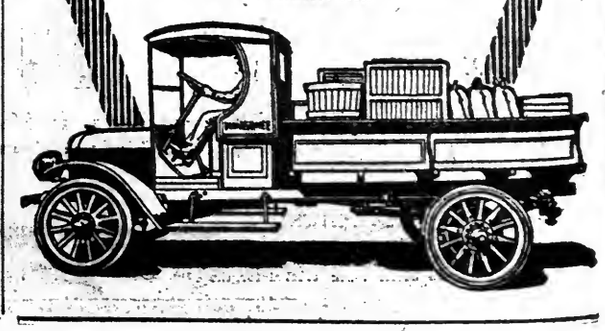
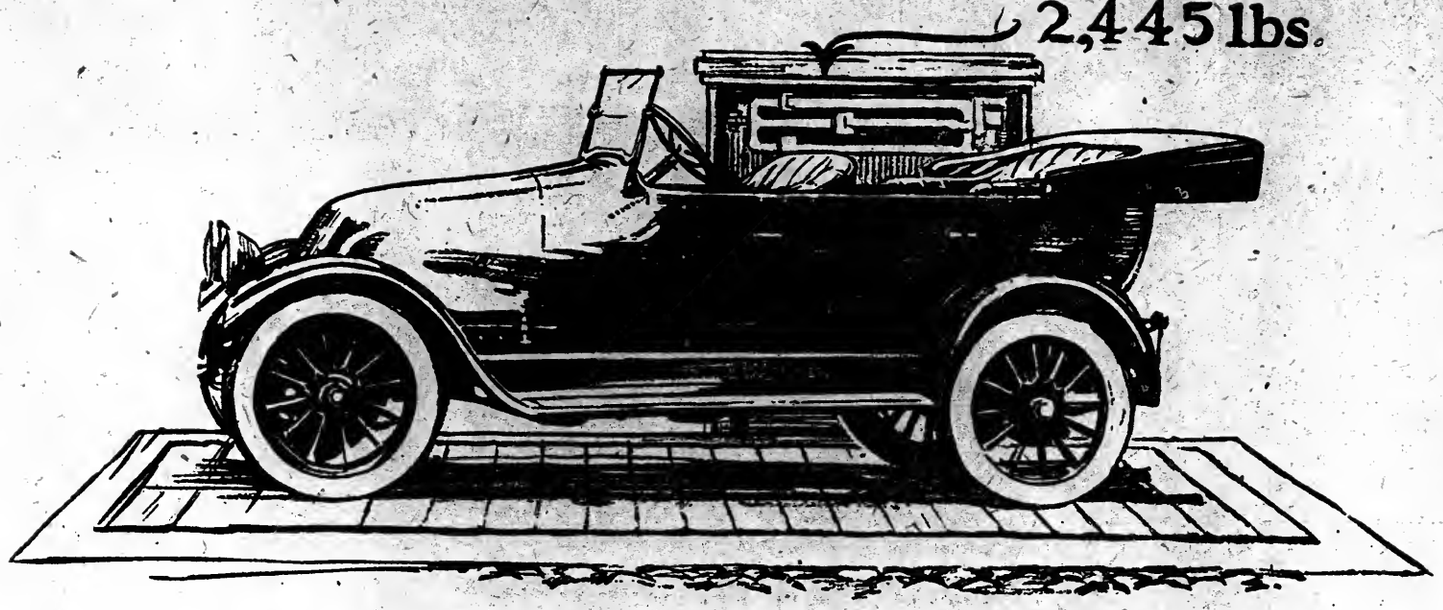
Tel. Columbus 5830.



The Franklin CAR



The Many Claims of *Light Weight* Call for the Scales—also Questions

LIGHT WEIGHT in an automobile is a correct basic principle, else there wouldn't be such a noticeable change of front in the industry—so many claims, where only one existed before.

But the next time this statement of light weight comes up, *get on the scales with it,* and see how far the claim goes. Is it an actuality or just words? If it makes good, then ask, How did you get it?

That's important, because light weight must not sacrifice strength and safety.

The Franklin is the original and only light weight fine car. It weighs today 2445 pounds.

It began 16 years ago with the principle of Direct Air Cooling, one of the principles which permitted logical light weight, sturdiness, resiliency, and economy, instead of the prevalent heavy weight, rigidity and expense.

This difference has appealed so strongly to the American people, especially during the last three years, that heavy weight, massiveness and rigidity have changed to *statements* of light weight, trimness and flexibility. The statements are in the right direction, *but get on the scales with the weight* and *on a rough road with the flexibility*—and see if the practice bears out the statements.

Then try the Franklin in the same way.

From Statement to Performance

Franklin Light Weight and Flexibility carry through from *statement* to *performance,* and the results are worth knowing about.

1. ECONOMY. Franklin economy is the logical result of its light weight and flexibility, and it consists of two parts—economy of operation and economy of depreciation. In gasoline and tires, the Franklin gives a daily delivery of—

20 miles to the gallon of gasoline—instead of 10
10,000 miles to the set of tires—instead of 5,000

And in economy of depreciation, the Franklin, owing to the fact that it does not pound itself to pieces over rough roads, depreciates 50% slower than the average car.

2. SAFETY. A car that is too heavy is an unsafe proposition on rough or slippery roads. And a car that has dropped off weight unscientifically, may have sacrificed safety in so doing. The Franklin's light weight and flexibility enable it to follow the bumps of a road with safety, and Franklin construction and materials mean strength.

3. COMFORT. You cannot realize Franklin comfort unless you ride in the car over a road that would mean hardship in another and heavier car. Franklin light weight and flexibility give a remarkable degree of riding-comfort over all the roads.

4. FLEXIBILITY. Here is the great aid to Franklin Light Weight. Franklin Flexibility, as opposed to rigidity, comes from the use of full-elliptic springs, instead of the compromise type, and chassis frame of tough, resilient ash, instead of the usual unyielding steel. No torque bars or strut rods and braces.

5. SIMPLICITY. Fewer parts mean less trouble as well as less weight. Direct Air Cooling cuts out the 177 parts incident to water-cooling and with them go the frequent annoyance, bother and repairs common to radiators, pipes, water-jackets, etc. Nothing to boil or to freeze.

These are the points about Franklin Light Weight that indicate the carefulness with which it is arrived at. Note what they mean in each item of performance of the car.

Remember these points when next you hear claims of light weight. For they are important to you, as distinguishing between mere claims and actual scientific facts of construction.

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.

1830 Broadway, at 60th St., N. Y. City
Telephone, Columbus—7556

GLENN A. TISDALE, *President*

1176 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn
Telephone, 4057—Decatur

WHAT ARMY OWES TO RED CROSS HELP

Surgeon General Acknowledges Debt of His Department to Organization's Preparedness in France

"Without the help of the American Red Cross the Army Medical Department could not have done its work."—Surgeon General Ireland.

THAT the preparedness of the American Red Cross enabled the United States Army to take proper care of its wounded, particularly in the emergency period when American troops were hurriedly shifted into the Marne sector to stem the German advance last Summer, is shown in an article written by Surgeon General Merrille W. Ireland for the current issue of the Red Cross Magazine.

The Surgeon General, who was Chief Surgeon of the American Expeditionary Forces in France before he came home as Major Gen. W. C. Gorgas's successor, is famous among his army associates for his straightforward methods and his habit of giving credit where it is due. They call him "Pronto," meaning "Prompt," on account of his ability to get things done quickly. He got the nickname in the Philippines, and it stuck to him in France.

This is what he says in his article, entitled "The Red Cross and the American Army":

"The greatest word in the vocabulary of the profesional medical officer is sanitation. Sanitation means cleanliness. And if order is heaven's first wish for the world, cleanliness must certainly be its second.

"That the world may be clean! That is the way I view the great task of the Red Cross workers of the world. Clean physically, clean mentally, clean morally—I can think of no more inspiring or practical gospel for humanity than that. And the Red Cros is its evangelist.

"If such a service is needed by the world in general, how much more is it needed by an army in action! It is a commonplace that our greatest enemy in this war was not the Germans, but dirt. Never before have soldiers had to fight so much exposed to dirt and filth. And yet never has a great war been won with so little suffering and death caused directly by this enveloping contagion. For this achievement — and there has been no greater in the late war in Europe—we have to thank most of all the American Red Cross.

AN EFFICIENT ORGANIZATION.

"The story of the cleaning influence of the Red Cross workers in France is too long for me to attempt to tell with any completeness. It has been an enterprise as vast as the war itself. From the beginning it has done those things which the Army Medical Corps wanted done but could not do itself. Without the help of the American Red Cross the Army Medical Department could not have done its work.

"The work of the Red Cross was often the theme of discussions at American General Headquarters at Chaumont. I remember that it was enlarged upon there in a conversation among General Pershing, Mr. H. P. Davison, the Chairman of the War Council of the American Red Cross, and myself. We were speaking of the value of the service rendered by the millions of our women and how they helped keep the influence of home about the boys at the front. And General Pershing said: 'The women of the United States deserve a large share of the credit for the successes of the American forces.'

"Our army officers have often admired not only the spirit but the efficiency of the American Red Cross organization. It provided an inexhaustible store of supplies; it possessed a remarkable facility for adapting itself to any emergency, however unexpected; and its personnel always evinced the finest readiness for co-operation. The millions of surgical dressings, knitted articles, refugee garments, and other supplies it contributed—for these things alone it would have deserved the army's unstinted praise. All the splints used in all our hospitals in France, both of the army and of the Red Cross, came from the Red Cross. It furnished more than a quarter of a billion surgical dressings. It sent over enough sweaters for every man in our overseas forces to possess one.

"I remember once, as I started to motor back to General Headquarters, I told my colored driver that I had a Red Cross sweater for him. He replied: 'Thanks, boss, but I've just distributed eleven of them to the boys over in the garage.'

"The work of the Red Cross as an organization began beyond the army's evacuating hospitals and continued through base hospitals, convalescent homes, recreation rooms, railway food depots, on board the steamers, and on back to our own shores, and is continuing until the men reach home. This has been the work, involving as it did thousands of devoted workers and minute attention to humberless trifles, which the army organizations alone could never have performed.

"Many a time I have seen our men being fed on the often slow and tedious railway journeys in France; seen those who were taken sick en route being cared for; seen them being amused by movies, lectures, libraries at rest centres; seen letters being written by Red Cross 'searchers' for those who were too sick to write themselves, or witnessed the motherly oversight given the young women nurses when they came to the cities on their brief vacations. Do you know what an army medical officer thinks when he sees things like these? Just this: Such comforts bring the home influence to the battlefield; the home influence means morale, and morale means—victory!

"The larger and more spectacular ways in which the Red Cross has helped the fighting forces are, I dare say, pretty well understood by the readers of the Red Cross Magazine. It directed its army of workers in France from two headquarters: the field headquarters at Chaumont, under command of Major Hugh Scott, and the civilian headquarters in Paris, this latter being at first situated at 4 Place do la Concorde, but later and at present in what was the Regina Hotel.

"Major Scott's offices at Chaumont adjoined mine, our rooms being separated only by a door. With Major Scott and Chief Red Cross Surgeon Colonel Alexander Lambert, and later Chief Surgeon Colonel Fred Murphy, I maintained the closest and most friendly cooperation possible. The army medical and sanitation work and that of the Red Cross are two services requiring no liaison officials. We worked together like one unit. This was made possible because of the loyal and infatigable interest these Red Cross officers and their associates took in the execution of the army plans.

"Probably the greatest single service rendered by the Red Cross home forces was the supply of trained nurses it furnished our hospitals. The Army Medical Corps trains a few nurses, but could never hope to turn out the large number provided through Miss Delano's department. If we needed a thousand nurses for a given work, we telegraphed the War Department. The War Department notified Miss Delano. And the nurses arrived on schedule.

"An especially notable service rendered by Red Cross nurses occurred during the early American campaigns when our men were brigaded with French divisions. When wounded they were, of course, taken to French hospitals. Unable to answer questions or tell their needs, they were in a very unhappy plight. Scores of Red Cross nurses speaking both French and English were immediately sent to these hospitals—and the problem was solved. In this war, where several armies were operating together, the only common hospital service is that of the Red Cross.

"Another much-appreciated assistance came from the fact that the Red Cross could establish itself in places forbidden the Army Medical Departments. Within the district of Paris, for instance, we could not establish army hospitals. The Red Cross, however, in that district is now operating units 1, 2, and 3 as well as a tent hospital, which had at first 500 beds, but when I came away had 2,200!

"The Red Cross could also establish store depots in places the army could not enter for strategic reasons. Suppose Headquarters planned an attack in a given region. Hospital stores must be got to that region. If the army were observed by the enemy to be transporting stores thither, you can see that it wouldn't take much guessing on the part of enemy observers to tell where that drive was going to be. But the Red Cross was everywhere, always preparing for any possible contingency. For it to be busily in evidence in the most unlikely places was no novelty. Thus as the Red Cross workers were kept posted as to our plans of attack, they were able to place hospital supplies where they would be most handy without arousing the Hun's auspicions.

BRAVE AND RESOURCEFUL.

"This resourcefulness and willingness to undertake any work, no matter how novel or arduous, was exhibited in a brilliant manner during last Summer's historic engagements in the Château-Thierry sector. It was there that the American Red Cross hospital service received its first baptism of fire in a general engagement in which our troops took part. It there first entered the 'hospital fighting front.' If full credit is to be given all American factors in this battle, which saved Paris for the second time and broke the back of the German military power, the action of the Red Cross must be described in some detail.

"The Red Cross went to France with three major purposes: To restore devastated districts, to aid those of the French people who were stricken by the war, and to augment the sanitary service of the American Expeditionary Forces. The last named service was controlled directly by the officers of the army and was as much subject to General Pershing's orders as the Army Medical Department itself. By the regulations of the Army Medical Department, the 'Red Cross personnel, except in cases of great emergency, will not be assigned to duty at the front, but will be employed in hospitals in the service of the interior, at the base, in hospital ships, and along the line of communications.'

"At Château-Thierry came the 'great emergency.' The Germans, springing their last surprise offensive, early in June began a drive toward Paris from the Chemin des Dames. So rapid was their initial advance that the French Medical Department lost more than 10,000 beds and considerable stores. The need in that sector for evacuating hospitals, that is, mobile operating units, developed immediately.

"The Red Cross rose promptly to the occasion. The splendid base hospital at Juilly, not far from Château-Thierry, which had been for some time most capably managed by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, was taken over by the Red Cross and made into a large, non-mobile evacuating hospital.

"By the time the French-American counterattack had begun in the middle of July, two Red Cross mobile units were established at the front. One, No. 114, in charge of Major McCoy, who came to France with base hospital No. 1, the Bellevue unit, was established at Jouy-sur-Morin, south of Château-Thierry. It moved up into Château-Thierry, as the tide of battle started north, and occupied a schoolhouse in the city.

"About the same time another Red Cross evacuating hospital, No. 110, under charge of Major Moorhead, whose wife is Superintendent in charge of the Red Cross work of making surgical dressings, moved north and set up a tent at Coincy, just above Château-Thierry.

"The record made by these two hospital units during the counterattack should always be accounted a bright page in the annals of the American Red Cross. They, with army units, served at the fighting front.

"As the counterattack developed there streamed back upon these evacuating hospitals a tide of American wounded that kept the workers busy day and night. Each unit had about eight or ten operating teams, each team being composed of a surgeon, assistant surgeon, anaesthetist, and nurse. They worked in shifts. One shift operated from 8 in the morning until 7 in the evening; then, after an hour for cleaning up, the other began at 8 and worked until 7 in the morning. The full tragedy of the casualties from gas, shells, and machine-gun bullets will not be understood until the workers and soldiers return, each to tell his tale.

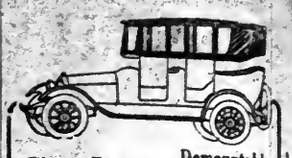
"From this time on, Major McCoy's and Major Moorhead's units were regularly numbered among the evacuating hospitals of the Army Medical Corps and were operated as such. The facility with which they were fused into the army organization is itself an indication of the fine harmony existing among army and Red Cross leaders. Both these Red Cross units were thereafter moved swiftly into those places where the fighting was thickest. They served at the drive across the St. Mihiel salient and later with the advance made from Toul to the west of the Meuse River.

"In the St. Mihiel fighting all the evacuating hospitals experienced a pleasant surprise. The American Headquarters expected a bitter struggle and our hospitals were prepared to handle wounded on an unprecedented scale. It turned out, however, that we had overestimated the morale of the enemy and underestimated the valor of our troops. The salient was taken with comparative ease, and, as you recall, in record time. The number of wounded was very small, indeed. On Oct. 6 I remained all night with Major McCoy's unit operating at Fleury. I have only praise for the loyalty and effectiveness of his staff.

"As to the future work of the Red Cross in France: It will not be ended until the work of our army is ended, and perhaps not even then. Although the fighting is over, the Red Cross will be performing a much needed service all this Winter. It will care for the large number of our wounded still in convalescent hospitals and homes in France. Hospitals and homes overseas are not what they are in this country. They are not heated to the degree of warmth to which Americans are accustomed, and there are fewer facilities. Without the Red Cross nurses the places where our sick and wounded boys are sheltered would be mighty cheerless.

"Although there is to be no further expansion of the Red Cross work in France, its work will go on. It will bring comfort to our boys not only as they lie sick in hospitals and as they keep guard on German soil, but to the thousands of repatriated French people who are returning to pick out from the bleak devastation of war the ruins of what were once their ancestral homes. Without the Red Cross army of mercy to follow in the tragic furrows made by the engines of war, the aftermath of suffering in France this Winter would be a greater desolation than we can conceive.

"Fighting with mortal weapons may cease, but the campaign of mercy of the Red Cross will never cease as long as the need of cleansing and healing is present among the races of the earth."



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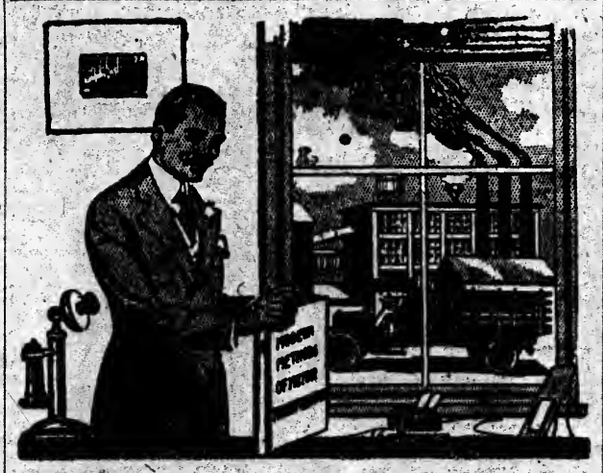
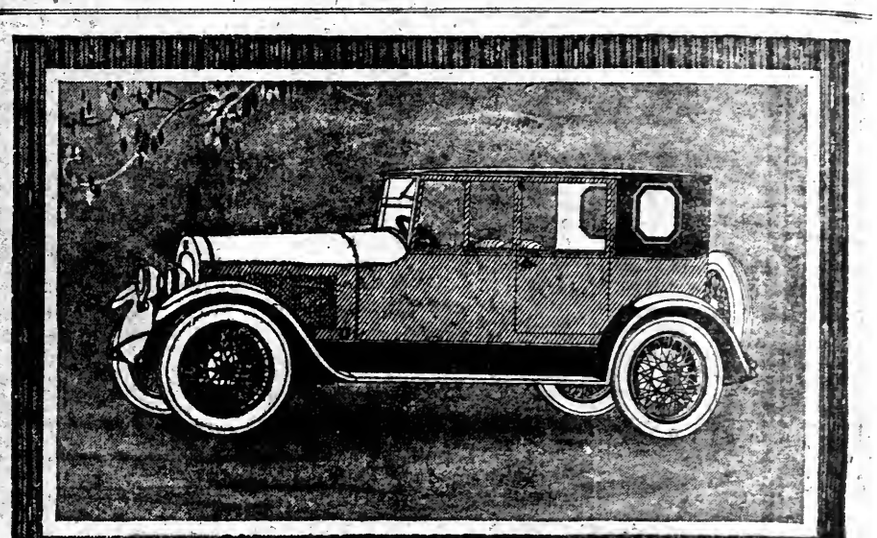


"Modern Methods of Motor Transportation"

A Text Book Dealing With Motor Transport Problems

Between the covers of this practical book will be found a resume of the MOTOR TRANSPORTATION CONFERENCE held in the Colt-Stratton Auditorium, Nov. 16-23, 1918. Twenty-two of the most prominent transportation experts express their views and offer solutions to the principal problems which beset owners of commercial cars. This book contains many valuable suggestions for increasing the efficiency and economy of loading and routing, as well as inter-city and intra-city haulage, etc. It is of utmost value to intending purchasers of trucks. A copy will be mailed on receipt of ten cents postage, or will be presented without charge at 1847 Broadway.

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY
1847 Broadway, New York



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WALLACE MOTOR CAR CO.,
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COLE MOTOR CAR COMPANY, INDIANAPOLIS, U.S.A.

Would You Wait Three Months for a Super-Six?

An Early Shortage Seems Certain

Thousands have waited months for Hudsons. Others will have to if they want an open model and do not make their choice now.

Normal factory production cannot be resumed much before June. Present production is being concentrated on closed cars, for which there is an immediate demand.

Not the least of Super-Six advantages is its price $2200 for the seven-passenger phaeton.

No open car models will be turned out for several months. The dealers—or some dealers to be exact, for all are not in the position—have a few open car models. They are all they have to meet the early spring requirements.

When they are gone you must wait until the factory can get back to normal open car production schedule.

Such is the recognition the motor-buying public has given the Super-Six.

What car has received a finer endorsement for endurance and value? It holds all worth-while records for stock cars in speed, acceleration, hill climbing, and reliability.

You can get a seven-passenger phaeton model for $2,200 now. Premiums have been paid for prompt delivery of Super-Sixes.

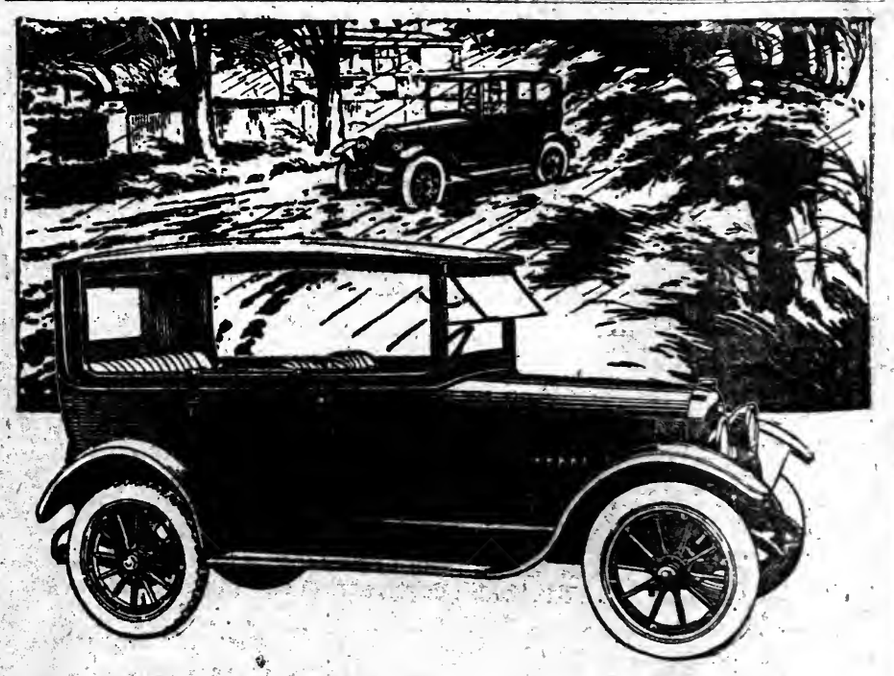
Think of the demand there will be for the few open models now in stock throughout the country when the Spring buying season opens and people realize it will be June before full normal production can be resumed.

Our stock can not last more than a few days then.

The White Triangle Identifies 60,000 Super-Sixes

HUDSON MOTOR CAR CO. of N.Y. Inc.
Circle Building, Broadway at 61st Street, New York

Brooklyn 1422 Bedford Ave.
Bronx 2460 Grand Concourse
New Rochelle 291 Main Street
White Plains 188 Martine Ave.
Newark 866 Broad Street
Plainfield 192 East Front St.



Comfort in Storm or Sunshine

5-Passenger Sedan $2025

Red Seal Continental Motor. Timken Axles front and rear. Superb upholstering and mirror finish. Everything in good on.

Velie

YOUR Velie Sedan is there for service—at your will, wide open for pleasant weather, or comfortably heated and completely enclosed for wintry storms. There is abundant speed and power to plow manfully through heavy snow and mud or master hills on high. Its roomy body seats five with comfort.

At the new, reduced price there is no other Light Six Car equal to the Velie's value. Known always as a quality car it now offers more than ever for the money. Compare the Velie—note the winning features! Seven complete body styles, open and closed, give a wide range of choice.

Let us demonstrate your model.

Immediate Delivery

GARLAND AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1858 Broadway, at 62d St., N. Y. Phone Col. 5596.

RADIATOR COVERS—Prepaid.

Ford, Maxwell, Dodge, 3.00
Buick, Model E, 4.00
Packard, Cadillac and other Cars, 6.00
Fit, Workmanship and Quality Guaranteed.
Guaranteed Liquid Anti-Freeze, 1.75

FIRESTONE CORD TIRES, 40% off list. Blemished, fresh and new goods. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

STAR RUBBER CO., Inc.
1769 Broadway
Near 57th St. 'Phone 575—Circle.
Honest Value for Your Money.

MERCHANT MARINE OF 15,000,000 TONS

Director General Piez of Emergency Fleet Corporation Describes Vast Governmental Organization

By CHARLES PIEZ,
Director General U. S. Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation.

AN American merchant marine of 15,000,000 deadweight tons!

Just this will accrue to our country from the activities of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and the members of the organization, who have spent many months under the high pressure of national needs, look to that result for their compensation for the long months of ceaseless and tireless effort—an effort which in the early stages of our participation in the great war was shrouded with gloom because of Germany's ruthless submarine campaign.

The Emergency Fleet Corporation is charged with responsibilities which involve expenditures of $3,650,000,000 and the construction of a fleet of vessels which, with certain emergency exceptions, will be so varied and well balanced as to meet the requirements of our commerce with our own territories and possessions and with foreign countries.

Beyond a doubt this great fleet of merchant ships will compose one of the broadest benefits which will accrue to the American people from the war.

Particularly while we were in the face of war there was much confusion in the public mind as to the purposes and workings of the Emergency Fleet Corporation and its departments; and now that peace has come and the great emergency has become a thing of history, it seems fitting that the American people should know the story —

The United States Shipping Board was created by act of Congress, approved Sept. 9, 1916, "for the purpose of encouraging, developing, and creating a naval auxiliary and naval reserve and a merchant marine to meet the requirements of the commerce of the United States with its territories and possessions and with foreign countries; to regulate carriers by water engaged in the foreign and interstate commerce of the United States; and for other purposes."

The Shipping Board, under the provisions of this act, had the power, if in its judgment such action was necessary to carry out the purposes of the act, to form under the laws of the District of Columbia, one or more corporations for the purchase, construction, equipment, lease, charter, maintenance and operation of merchant vessels in the commerce of the United States, and in the exercise of the power so granted the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation was organized on April 16, 1917, with a capital stock of $50,000,000, all of which has been subscribed for by the United States Shipping Board on behalf of the United States.

As the Shipping Board is, under the act, charged with the responsibility of doing all things necessary to protect the interest of the United States in the Emergency Fleet Corporation, it has elected to place the control of the corporation in the hands of a board of seven trustees, five of whom are the five Commissioners composing the United States Shipping Board.

CENTRALIZED CONTROL.

The control of the Fleet Corporation by the Shipping Board is made still more effective by the fact that the chairman of the board is at the same time President of the corporation. This is not only the case with Edward N. Hurley, the present Chairman of the Shipping Board, but was also the case with the former incumbent, William Denman. It is evident that by this method of control the vast responsibilities which the war has created in regulating water-borne traffic, in constructing under high pressure a merchant marine of more than 15,000,000 deadweight tons and in operating not only these ships as they were constructed, but also the German tonnage which was commandeered, and the large domestic and foreign tonnage which was chartered, rest in the final analysis upon the five Commissioners of the United States Shipping Board, but the construction of a fleet and the profitable employment of that fleet were two such widely differing functions and required such utterly unrelated experiences that they could best be accomplished by two separate corporations and two separate boards of Directors. Proper control and coordination through the Shipping Board was still possible through stock control, and its consequent power to elect directors who conducted the affairs of the two corporations in accord with the general policy laid down by the Shipping Board.

When Mr. Hurley took office the by-laws of the Fleet Corporation provided that the officers were to be a President, a Vice President, a Treasurer, a Secretary, a General Manager, and such other officers as the Trustees might determine. The definition of duties was as follows: The President was to preside at all meetings of the stockholders and of the Trustees, and with the Secretary to sign all contracts and papers on behalf of the corporation. The General Manager was to be ex-officio Chairman of the Executive Committee, to have the general oversight and management of the affairs of the corporation and power to employ and discharge all clerks, employes, and agents, determine their salaries, and prescribe and define their duties.

In other words, the titular head of the corporation received merely nominal powers, and the General Manager, usually an appointed officer, received full executive control and responsibility, but lacked the power to complete contracts, a necessary function for speedy prosecution of the work.

The Denman-Goethals controversy arose out of this faulty scheme of organization. Mr. Hurley improved the condition when, late in November, the by-laws were amended so that complete power was concentrated in the President of the corporation with the authority to delegate it, and the General Managership was made an appointive instead of an elective office. But, in spite of this necessary step the process of decentralization above outlined would have improved the administration of both the constructing and the operating divisions and would have relieved mightily the pressure on a much overloaded board.

In the popular mind the Construction Division is considered the Emergency Fleet Corporation, and as it is to the organization of this division that this article will address itself, I will follow the popular misconception and refer to this division as the Fleet Corporation.

GROWTH OF CORPORATION.

The corporation began in reality as a designing and contracting organization, and for the first four months of its existence these two functions overshadowed all others. On Aug. 3, 1917, however, all vessels in American yards under construction or contract for either domestic or foreign account were requisitioned, and this step brought the control of the construction of 413 vessels, necessitating the addition of a Division of Construction to the skeleton organization then existing. The requisitioning of these vessels, involving as it did the setting aside of the rights of owners, brought also a crop of intricate legal questions, which brought the then embryonic legal division into prominence.

But the country's needs for ships could not be satisfied with the output of the shipyards then existing, and substantially every one of the earlier contracts for vessel construction carried with it the obligation of constructing wholly new facilities. In most cases the contractor furnished only a portion of the cost of the shipyard, but was supplied with the necessary additional working capital through advance payments made under contract provisions. Designing vessels and contracting for their construction, which constituted the first place of the corporation's work, was quite naturally followed by plant and shipyard construction as the second phase. In the meantime, however, the demand for war supplies was making heavy inroads not only on the available stocks, but on the producing capacity of the industries as well, and the Emergency Fleet Corporation found itself compelled to assume increasing responsibility for furnishing all of the new yards, and many of the old ones, with the necessary raw and finished materials.

In the construction of wood steamers, only a few yards, for instance, accepted contracts for the delivery of complete ships, the remaining yards undertook the construction of wood hulls only, for which the Fleet Corporation had to provide not only the lumber and fastenings, but the chains, anchors, and other hull accessories as well. The corporation had to furnish in addition the boilers, piping, engines, propelling machinery, deck machinery, and all other parts of the equipment, and had to construct separate plants at which this machinery and equipment could be installed on the hulls delivered by the hull contractors. The construction of the wood steamers, particularly in the absence of definite experience and precedent, presented so many complications that it called for the separation of the construction division into two divisions—one controlling steel ship and the other wood ship construction.

As the construction program developed, it became evident that the two main problems confronting the corporation consisted in procuring an adequate supply of labor and an adequate supply of material delivered in proper sequence. On Aug. 1, 1917, the number of men engaged in the shipyards was in the neighborhood of 50,000, and that number under the drive of our great necessity was increased sevenfold in almost as many months. The men were brought to the shipyards by patriotic appeals, by the lure of high wages, and by the probability of exemption from the draft. They came from all walks of life, and were lacking not only in experience even in kindred or allied trades, but were too soft physically to endure the hardships which work in the yards imposed. But they had enthusiasm and needed but training in the rudiments of the crafts to convert them, under proper supervision and leadership, into real producers.

The problems of building up this huge army of workers were numerous, and justified the creation of the Industrial Relations Division, with its various sections. The labor problem was further complicated by the fact that in the scramble for the very limited supply of labor, employers in all the war industries indulged in unregulated and unwholesome increases of wages. Promises of heavy overtime, grants of extra bonuses under various guises, deliberate deception in grading men under a higher classification, were all employed as a means of evading the liberal wage scale fixed by the Wage Adjustment Board in the effort to attract men from other yards.

REGULATION OF WAGES.

The Division of Industrial Relations became charged, therefore, not only with responsibility connected with the labor supply, its proper maintenance in health and safety, and the adjustment of minor differences and delinquencies, but it had to accept the burden of occupational draft deferments, the training and stimulation of workers, the proper allocation of the available labor supply, including the elimination of "scamping," and last, but by all odds the most difficult, the control of a proper adherence to the day rates, piece rates, and classification of occupations established by the Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board.

But the establishment of a stable and effective labor force at each of the yards involved another problem of considerable magnitude. Unfortunately, the shipyards clustered about the fringes of the highly congested industrial centres of the seaboard and on the Great Lakes, and almost everywhere there were lacking adequate transportation facilities, adequate housing facilities, or both. Ninety-five million dollars was appropriated by Congress to relieve these conditions in the shipyards alone, and the Division of Passenger Transportation and Housing had to be developed in record time to assume charge of this highly important piece of emergency construction.

The necessity of building up rapidly a huge army of shipbuilders out of a labor reservoir made up in no small part of unassimilated aliens involved another task, that of creating a proper esprit de corps, of inculcating a realization of the national peril and the individual's duty in the face of that peril, of arousing the latent patriotism of the workmen and the shipyard communities and building thereon a proper conception of the responsibilities of American citizenship. This task was effectually accomplished by the speaking campaigns organized by the National Service Section of the Fleet Corporation, by posters issued by the Publications Section and by a campaign of newspaper publicity, and the shipbuilding program for a period of eighteen months was marked by but two or three local and ephemeral strikes.

Procuring an adequate supply of material in proper sequence presented in essence just as many and as serious a set of difficulties as did the supply of labor. Beginning with the simple act of purchasing, the failure to make deliveries called for the organization of a production and expediting department and the necessity of bringing the finished material to the completed hull presented a difficult task in allocation, dispatching, and transportation. It must be borne in mind that the Fleet Corporation accepted substantially full responsibility for supplying the raw materials, the finished materials, and the machine for a wood ship program amounting to $450,000,000, and that, in addition, it was charged with the burden of getting all the steel and a large part of the machinery for a steel ship program at least six times that size.

Purchasing was but a minor part of a problem which involved responsibility for delay in supplying material of every character to every one of the 171 yards under contract with the corporation. And when it is remembered that on the one hand the greater number of these yards lacked the experience and capacity to predetermine their needs, and particularly the sequence in which the material had to be supplied, and that, on the other hand, many of the plants and agencies supplying machinery and material had to increase largely their facilities to meet the shipyard needs, some idea of the magnitude of the problem confronting the corporation can be gained.

SUPPLY DIVISION'S WORK.

It was considered that to concentrate in the hands of a single division the responsibility for buying, and delivering to the yards on time and in proper sequence, all the material the corporation was charged with furnishing, and the functions of purchasing, of tracing and expediting, of allocating and dispatching, of inspecting and of transporting, which in the earlier days of our development were performed by three different departments, were thereupon consolidated under the control of the Supply Division. This division built up effective district organizations in the various industrial centres of the country and maintained its contact with the shipyards through representatives in the offices of the District Managers in the shipbuilding districts.

The concentration of the responsibility for buying and delivering in proper time under one head resulted in better and more intelligent purchasing, and in a much improved estimate of the extensions to manufacturing facilities which the intensified shipbuilding needs demanded.

There were then in reality two great supply divisions, one undertaking to provide the necessary labor and the other the necessary material, and these two divisions served the four divisions that were charged with the supervision of construction: The Division of Housing and Transportation, the Division of Shipyard Plants, the Division of Steel Ship Construction, and the Division of Wood Ship Construction. Each of these divisions developed its own technical department, excepting that in the case of the two ship constructing divisions a single technical department covering both naval architecture and marine engineering, for both steel and wood ships, was placed under the administration of the Division of Steel Ship Construction.

For the purpose of controlling the actual construction in the field, the country was originally divided into eleven districts in each of which there was one or more representatives of each of the construction and service divisions and sections. The original district management contemplated direct lines of both communication and authority between the division and section representatives and their chiefs at the central office without powers of co-ordination, review or revocation of all the district activities in the hands of any one district officer.

This scheme demonstrated its weakness as the functions of the corporation, and therefore the representatives in the districts multiplied, and the control of all of the functions in each district was thereupon placed in the hands of a district manager who, as the direct representative of the Vice President and General Manager, exercised in respect to the districts, all of the authority which the latter exercised over the operations of the corporation as a whole. The number of the districts was reduced from eleven to eight and the organizations in each district became in substance a cross section of the organization of the home office.

This step to decentralization aided materially in the expedition and dispatch of affairs particularly as the lines of direct communication between the subheads of the district and the corresponding division heads at the home office were preserved. To attain this highly desirable end, the managers of the divisions and the heads of the various sections in the home office having field or district representatives were asked by the district managers to appoint their representatives. If they proved unsatisfactory to the district manager he asked for their removal and the appointment of substitutes, but the district manager had final voice, subject to the limitation of the general rule covering this matter, to determine the salaries of these representatives.

The various divisions and sections at the Home Office communicate directly with their appointed representatives, but send carbon copies of all directions and instructions to the District Manager, who has the power to veto any instructions and stop any processes which, in his judgment, and from his local viewpoint and his first-hand contact with the problems affected are inimical to the interests of the Fleet Corporation. Failing to convince the division or section at the Home Office of the soundness of his decision, appeal lies to the Vice President and General Manager.

CO-ORDINATION EFFECTED.

Similar decentralization and co-ordination of all the war making and war serving departments of the Government could have been affected if the same geographical districts had been adopted for all these departments, and if a representative of the President had been appointed in each district as the co-ordinating officer of the district heads of these departments, with the power to review and veto on any question affecting two or more departments. The pyramiding of wages, the placing of contracts beyond the producing capacity of the district, the duplication of facilities could largely have been, in this wise, avoided; for most of these difficulties arose out of the wholly unregulated activities of the several large governmental departments.

The control exercised in these respects by the War Industries Board, beneficial and helpful as it was, did not extend far enough, nor was that board created early enough to prevent some of the more flagrant of the difficulties which impeded the industrial processes serving the war. Had the war continued another year the necessities would inevitably have led to an organization controlling and co-ordinating all district activities of the several Government agencies and departments, thereby making them immediately responsive to such a national directing agency of industrial processes and needs as the War Industries Board finally became. There would have developed out of such an organization a national labor policy consistent in its aims with the industrial needs of the country and avoiding the needless and expensive competition for the limited labor supply by contractors having cost plus or remunerative lump sum contracts. There would have been provided opportunities of disciplining recalcitrant contractors who offended both the canons of decency and the implied obligations of contract.

Every division of the Fleet Corporation presented problems exceeding in number and magnitude the problems presented by an industrial or commercial enterprise doing a business of many millions a year, and every division required an organization of which the organization of the corporation was but the pattern. The real difficulty lay not in choosing the general form of the organization but in finding men who had not only the necessary experience and capacity for the job but the proper temperament to blend quickly and harmoniously with the rest for the smooth and effective accomplishment of the task. Since the selection of the men presented the chief difficulty we had no hesitancy in building our organization around the mental capacities and the temperamental peculiarities of the men we had available. The organization of the Fleet Corporation has been in a state of flux from the first and intentionally so, because it gave an opportunity for those quick changes and rearrangements which emergency conditions constantly demand. Today, with the pressure over, some of the functions will disappear, others will be consolidated, and a new management, adjusted to normal conditions, will result.

The organization through the last six months of its career has been subjected to the constant critical study of an Organization and Methods Section, attached to the staff of the Vice President in charge of administration, and this section has suggested administrative changes, has assisted in the definition of duties and responsibilities of the operating units, and has pointed out duplications of work and inconsistencies and overlaps in jurisdiction. It has made a study of the duties and responsibilities of different positions, and has developed a plan for bringing about uniformity in classification and salaries of employes, which is now in operation.

Instructions given by the general officers of the corporation are issued in the form or orders, which may be either general, special or technical; and these for the purpose of securing consistency and harmony with orders of a similar character previously issued are cleared through the Organization and Methods Section. The necessity of such a constant critical study of an organization which extraordinary pressure is expanding with great speed is apparent, and its value in reducing such a hastily gathered organization to a well balanced effective unit is open to no doubt.

Coming now to a more detailed description of the organization as it existed before the signing of the armistice, complete power was delegated by the Board of Trustees to the Director General, who retained control of the policy of the corporation, but placed control of the management in the hands of the Vice President and General Manager. As an immediate relief to this official the general duties and activities were divided into two main groups, one covering ship production, administered by the Vice President and General Manager with a Vice President and Assistant General Manager in more immediate charge, and the other covering administration with a Vice President in charge. The position of the Industrial Relations Division under the administration group of activities due to a desire more nearly to balance the work of the two groups. The Industrial Relations Division serves the Production Divisions, but the relationship between the Vice Presidents is so close and harmonious that the rather undefined position of this division has resulted in neither embarrassment nor friction.

DIPLOMAS FOR WAR DOGS.

They Will Bear Testimony to the Grand Work of the Canine Heroes.

When hostilities ceased some 18,000 dogs were on the western front, fighting to make the world unsafe for dachshunds.

The Dog Owners' Association of England, therefore, is planning to have diplomas awarded to dogs that distinguished themselves as good soldiers during the war.

This is a movement worthy of commendation, for there are many things to be said in behalf of the dog. He is brave, honest, and loyal. He is never a coward, a cheater or a liar. Even in the height of flea season he is a consistent optimist, not only looking on the bright side of life at all times, but possessing a happy sense of humor.

He can grin, smile or laugh. He is a good fellow. He knows how to take a joke. You can hit him with your fist hard enough to jar his back teeth loose, and if you do it with a smile he will respond by laughing heartily with his tail.

The dog is a real gentleman because he is equally at home in any company. It does not embarrass him even when thrown in the presence of persons he has never met before in a social way. With equal adaptability, he can romp with the children, go hunting with the big boys, or sit quietly at home with the old folks and help them mediate in their lonely hours.

If born in poverty and obscurity he will never desert those he loves and cherishes for gayer scenes or the blandishments of more affluent associates. Even the blind and helpless beggar, shivering on a windswept corner, knows his dog would not forsake him if all the millionaires in the world went parading by with their arms fairly loaded with dog biscuits, raw bones and alley cats.

It is pleasing to learn that the soldier dog is going to get a diploma. He will accept it with modesty and gratitude depicted in every wag of his tail.—Thrift Magazine.

NOVEL CASES IN THE COURTS

The case of Riley vs. Interstate Business Man's Acc. Assn. before the Supreme Court of Iowa was a suit based on the meaning of a clause in an accident insurance policy exempting the insurer from liability if the insured died from "poison voluntarily or involuntarily taken." The insured went to a drug store for a strong dose of a certain cholera mixture which he had previously taken, containing a tincture of opium and chloreform. In some way the druggist put strychnine into the mixture, which caused the death of the insured in less than an hour. The insurer contended that the claim was barred by the exemption as to poison taken voluntarily or involuntarily. The court, in upholding the contention, said:

"Deceased could not have intended to take a fatal dose of strychnine. He did not voluntarily do so. Its presence in the mixture was unknown to him. There was no exercise of the volition or will in the act of taking the poison, except in so far as the same was a necessary part of the taking of the concoction. The poison was taken independently of his will or volition, and therefore involuntarily. Thus construed, the language employed in the exception contained in the policy is given its usual and ordinary meaning. We cannot, therefore, escape the conclusion that the poison contained in the mixture and which caused the death of deceased was involuntarily taken by him, and that the facts bring the case clearly within the exception of the policy, and that no recovery can be had thereon."

The case of Clow versus Worrington, in the Springfield Court of Appeals, Missouri, involved the question as to whether an adult son or daughter has a rightful claim for compensation for services rendered in the father's household. The decision was as follows:

"The undisputed evidence in this case shows that the appellant, Arpha E. Clow, was brought to the home of her father, Nathaniel Greninger, at the time she claims her service began, she having just prior thereto lost her husband, being left with a very small amount of property and two young children. She remained in the home of her father until his death, and then at the home of her mother for several years subsequent to the death of her father, and from the evidence it is clearly shown that she rendered valuable services to her two parents during her stay with them. Her children were reared in this home until they were old enough to leave and make their own way, and she did little else than care for the home and her father and mother.

"As we view this case, under the evidence most favorable to the claimant, it shows that the widowed daughter, with two children, was taken into the home of her father, where she rendered valuable service to her mother and father, and in return therefor, aside from the satisfaction of fulfilling the moral obligation due from her to her parents, she received as well a living and a home for herself and two young children, and that at most the father, in addition to giving her a home, did at times express a desire or an intention to give or leave her something more than a child's part, but such intention was expressed by him as a recognition of gratitude rather than a legal obligation which bound him to pay."

The Court of Appeals of New York in Dozier vs. Johnson as Fire Commissioner reverses a ruling of the lower courts dismissing the complaint in a suit for damages for personal injuries through being struck by the Fire Commissioner's car, and holds that a cause of action existed. The court held:

The Fire Commissioner of the City of New York may be liable in damages for an accident caused by speeding an automobile through the streets of the city on a tour of inspection of fire houses, when the car in which he was riding was driven by a fireman assigned to that duty by the Commissioner and subject to his orders; it being a question for the jury whether the defendant permitted, after a reasonable opportunity to protest, the driving of the car at a dangerous speed, or by his silence acquiesced therein.

The latest ruling by the Court of Appeals in a suit for damages for the sale of unwholesome food is in Rinaldi vs. Mohican Company, involving the sale of pork containing trichina, in which the court ruled:

An action for damages from eating unwholesome meat purchased by the plaintiff at the defendant's market for immediate consumption may be maintained upon the ground of breach of implied warranty to the purchaser of its fitness, if not appearing that the plaintiff examined the goods, or having examined them, failed to discover defects which should have been found. The mere purchase by a customer from a retail dealer in foods of an article ordinarily used for human consumption impliedly makes known to the vendor the purpose for which the article is required, and where the buyer may assume that the seller has an opportunity to examine the article, it is unexplained, conclusive evidence of reliance on his skill or judgment.

The dictation of a letter to a stenographer by an officer of a corporation, in whose employ the stenographer was, is now held to be not a publication when done in the course of business, although formerly a different view was taken. The case is Cartwright Caps Company vs. Fischel, reported in 115 Miss. 359. The opinion of the court in part reads as follows:

"The appellant in this case is a corporation, and, of course, can act only through agents, and the acts of both the President and the stenographer to whom the letter was dictated are the acts of the corporation. In our opinion, under the present conditions, the dictation of a letter to a stenographer, when employed by the persons or corporation as a stenographer in the business, is not a sufficient publication, in the absence of any repetition by the person or stenographer to other persons."

A constitutional provision declaring that in all criminal prosecutions accused shall have the right to a public trial, is not infringed because the courtroom is not large enough to include all persons, or because of an order closing the door after the room is filled. Nor is it infringed because to preserve decorum disorderly persons are ejected or excluded. But it is infringed by an order of the court to the bailiffs to refuse admittance to members of the public not already in the courtroom, and to prevent persons then in the courtroom, and leaving, from returning, notwithstanding that an exception is made as to newspaper men and attorneys. State vs. Keeler, 52 Mon., 261.

WHAT A TREATY LOOKS LIKE

By HAROLD KOPPEL.

WHAT kind of documents are these which the United States of America has negotiated with other nations during its life as an independent nationality?

Now that we are about to negotiate another treaty, second only in importance to us to that one in which England, realizing that she could not reconquer her former Colonies, concluded the treaty that gave us our being as a nation, let us take a peep into the plain little room in the State Department in Washington and see what they look like.

Around the walls are boxes, cylinders, portfolios, and cases in which our own treaties repose. These are with European, Asiatic, African, South and Central American nations, and with some former island kingdoms. Even those from the oddest countries are placed in commonplace-looking cases, with the exception of one treaty with the Celestial Empire. The Chinese sent it over in a bag, and so it is kept today.

Parchment was, of course, always used in the days when this Republic was in its swaddling clothes, and as it has always been deemed safer to write important documents of this nature in hand by pen and ink (or quill and ink as the case might have been) so this custom still prevails, and there are no typewritten treaties in the original form. The originals are seldom disturbed, for copies are kept in the State Department for reference when necessary, and there are many employes of the department who do not even know where the original treaties are guarded. Where we have concluded agreements with nations speaking a tongue other than our own, it has invariably been the custom to write the treaty in our own language and in that of the nation with which we were making the agreement. Usually the English version is written in a column down the left hand side of the sheet and the other version on the right hand side. When this is done our own commissioners sign their names first under our side and the foreign envoys sign under the names of our plenipotentiaries, while on the side in the foreign language the foreign representatives sign first and our men sign under their signatures.

Seals of many sorts play a large part in the treaties, and generally there is a seal opposite the name of each envoy, while the Great Seal of the country from which we have received the treaty is usually attached by a silken ribbon or silken cord. In most cases this seal is of heavy brown wax, and to preserve it intact it is placed in a silver box, invariably round, sometimes plain, sometimes beautifully chased.

One of the interesting treaties is the "Definitive Treaty," with Great Britain, signed Sept. 3, 1783, at Paris. This recognized the independence of the United States. The first page of it reads as follows:

In the Name of the most Holy & Undivided Trinity.

It having pleased the divine Providence to dispose the Hearts of the most Serene and most Potent Prince George the Third by the Grace of God, King of Great Britain, France, & Ireland, Defender of the Faith, Duke of Brunswick and Luneberg, Arch-Treasurer and Prince Elector of the Holy Roman Empire, etc., and of the United States of America, to forget all past misunderstanding and Differences that have unhappily interrupted the good Correspondence and Friendship which they mutually wish to restore; and to establish such a beneficial and satisfactory Intercourse between the two Countries upon the Ground of reciprocal Advantage and mutual convenience as may promote and secure to both perpetual Peace, Harmony —

And so it goes on for its full length with its various clauses until the last page is reached, whereupon it ends as follows:

—without Difficulty and without requiring any Compensation.

Article 10th: The solemn Ratification of the present Treaty expedited in good & due Formshall, be exchanged between the Contracting Parties in the Space of Six Months, or sooner if possible, to be computed from the Day of the Signature of the present Treaty. In Witness whereof we the undersigned their Ministers Plenipotentiary, have in their Names and in Virtue of our Full Powers, signed with our Hands the present Definitive Treaty, and caused the Seals of our Arms to be affixed thereto.

Done at Paris, this third day of September, in the Year of Our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three.

Owing to delays in the instructions to the American delegates, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, John Jay, and Henry Laurens, the treaty was not finally signed until Sept. 3, 1783, by King George, who wished to be sure that the American envoys had full authority to execute the provisions embodied in the treaty, although the preliminary draft of the treaty was signed Nov. 12, 1782. It was almost a year after this, Jan. 14, 1784, before it was confirmed by Congress. Then another delay ensued, until the King set the seal of his approval on it. This was done April 9, and it finally became effective. In the beginning Richard Oswald was the British Commissioner, but before it was finally completed he had been recalled, and David Hartley, a member of Parliament from Hull, who had opposed the war with America, was appointed Commissioner.

This treaty is almost severe looking in its style of writing, with but little of the fancy flourishes and curlings that are much in evidence on some of the other treaties. The signature of George III., which reads, "George R[ex.]" is still plainly readable. It has silk ribbons with tassled ends of red and gold cord, and the wax seal is in a silver box six inches in diameter.

Previous to this treaty we had already concluded one with France, in which our independence and sovereignty were recognized. Benjamin Franklin, Silas Dean, and Arthur Lee went to Paris as Envoys of the Continental Congress to King Louis. This is written on parchment, with the French seal attached by a gold and blue cord. This seal is in a round box of solid silver, and King Louis's own private seal is on the top of the box to show that the other has not been tampered with.

Upon the conclusion of the war of 1812 with Great Britain a treaty was signed in Ghent between John Quincy Adams, James Bayard, Henry Clay, who had left the Speaker's chair in the House to serve as an Envoy; Jonathan Russell, and Albert Gallatin for America and William Adams, Henry Goulburn, and Lord Gambier for Great Britain.

Cessation of hostilities was provided for and the restitution of territory that had been occupied by the British, with the exception of Grand Manan and Petit Manan Islands, the ownership of which was to be determined by further negotiations. A commission to define the boundary line between the United States and Canada was also provided for. It was two weeks after the signing of this treaty that the battle of New Orleans was fought, Jan. 8, 1814, in which the British were so disastrously defeated. This battle was fought because the news that the treaty had been concluded had not reached either the English or American forces engaged, owing to the slow methods of communication.

This treaty was a very ornate one, being bound in a cover of red velvet, with the crest of the Prince of Wales embroidered on it in gold cord. The seal is preserved in a gilded silver box, with the seal of Great Britain chased on the lid. The box is about 7 inches in diameter.

President Madison indorsed this treaty and sealed his indorsement with a paper seal. The indorsement reads:

To all and singular to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

Be it known, that I, James Madison, President of the United States of America, having seen and considered the written treaty, &c., by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, accept, ratify, and confirm, the same, and every clause and article thereof.

In testimony whereof I have caused the seal of the said United States to be hereunto affixed, and signed the same with my hand.

Done at the City of Washington, this Seventeenth day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and of the sovereignty and independence of the United States the thirty-ninth.

JAMES MADISON.

Our own treaties are usually written on what is known as "treaty paper," a heavy white bond. On both sides of the sheets is an ample margin, defined by a border line of black and a parallel line of red ink. Aside from this there is no other ornamentation on the paper unless the clerk who does the copying should happen to make an illuminated initial letter on the title page. The sheets are bound together finally with silk ribbon. A small red seal is imprinted opposite each signature, while the great seal of the United States, kept in the State Department, is affixed to the last page. We do not attach wax seals in silver boxes to the copies which we send to other countries.

Just 100 years ago we negotiated a treaty with Spain by which Florida was ceded to the United States. It is written in both English and Spanish, and ends as follows:

"In Witness whereof, We the Underwritten Plenipotentiaries of the United States of America and of His Catholic Majesty, have signed by virtue of our Powers, the present Treaty of Amity, Settlement, and Limits, and have thereunto affixed our Seals respectively.

"Done at Washington, this Twenty-second Day of February, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Nineteen.

"JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.
"LUIS DI ORIOSY."

A secret treaty was signed by this country and Mexico at the conclusion of the Mexican War. Some of its terms were kept secret because of the fear of the Mexican Government of the effect on its own people, who, although badly beaten, might have swept the Government from power in a revolutionary movement if it became generally known that California had been ceded to the United States. This was the treaty of Guadelupe Hidalgo, signed Feb. 2, 1848.

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MUSIC OF THE WEEK

TSCHAIKOVSKY and Liszt make an orchestral program for the Philharmonic men this afternoon in Carnegie Hall. The Symphony No. 6, "Pathétique," is preceded by Tschaikovsky's overture, "The Voyevoda," and after it are Liszt's symphonic poem, "Tasso," as well as an "Epilogue" to the same, and his Hungarian Rhapsody No. 2.

Efrem Zimbalist, the Russian violinist, will be the added star at this evening's Metropolitan concert, with Marie Rappold, Paul Althouse, and José Mardones.

Alma Case, at her annual recital tomorrow evening in Carnegie Hall, will sing an old air of Durante, another set by Weckerlin, Beethoven's "Faithful Animals," Mozart's "Porgi Amor" from "Figaro," and lyrics by Sjogren, Kjerulf, Grieg, Fourdrain, Nerini, Duvet, Horsman, John Rodendeck, H. T. Stephens, Roland Farley, and C. Gilpross.

The Schumann Club tomorrow, at Aeolian Hall, led by P. R. Stephens, will sing arrangements by Deems Taylor for men's chorus from old Italian airs of Pergolesi, Fasolo, Cesti, Bassani, groups by Grieg, and from the old Scotch, Irish from Lully to Faure and Duparc, and English by J. B. Fox, Dorothy Hereford Lane, and Hatton.

The Philadelphia Orchestra on Tuesday afternoon at Carnegie Hall is to give the third of its five programs in New York this season with Debussy's "Sirenes," sung by women's voices from the Schola Cantorum. Stokowski has Beethoven's symphony No. 8. Efrem Zimbalist will play Mozart's violin concerto in A, and Debussy's "Three Nocturnes" will include "Nuages" and "Fetes."

The Flonzaley Quartet at its second concert on Tuesday evening will play Beethoven's quartet Op. 18, No. 6, in B flat, preceded by that of Vincent d'Indy in D major, op. 35, and followed by an unfinished quartet in manuscript by Paul Roussel, since 1916 "missing" at Verdun.

Mischa Seidel will reappear in violin recital Tuesday evening at Carnegie Hall, playing Tartini's "The Devil's Trill" with cadenza by Auer, Wieniawski's concerto in D minor, Beethoven's "Romance" in G, Bazzini's "Ronde des Lutins," airs of Chopin and Wachtler arranged by Kreisler, and Cui's "Hebrew Lullaby."

Alfred Cortot, the French pianist, will play Schumann's posthumous "Theme with Five Variations" from the "Etudes Symphoniques" at his last appearance Tuesday afternoon in Aeolian Hall for the Friends of Music. He has also Liszt's sonata dedicated to Schumann, and pieces by Schubert, Mendelssohn, Chopin, Ravel, Faure, Debussy, and Dukelsky.

Julia Allie Miller will sing an air from Massenet's "Herodiade," and Ethel Leginska will play Liszt's E flat pianoforte concerto, at the Philharmonic's "Symphony" concert in Carnegie Hall on Wednesday night. Mr. Stransky has Schubert's "Unfinished" Symphony, Dvorak's "Carnival," Dukas's "Sorcerer" and Ivanoff's "Caucasian Sketches."

Sergei Rachmaninoff will play his C sharp minor prelude and others of his works at a benefit of the Society for Prevention of Tuberculosis on Thursday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. He opens with Beethoven's C minor variations, Godowsky's airs from Dandrieu and Loelly, Tansig's arrangements of two Strauss waltzes, "Forest Voices" and "Man Lives but Once," and closing with Liszt's Rhapsody No. 2.

Rudolph Ganz will give his Aeolian recital on Thursday afternoon in aid of the Society of Professors of the Paris Conservatoire. He will play Chopin's sonata in B minor, Op. 58, with Beethoven's thirty-two variations among earlier pieces of Bach, Mozart, Haydn, Weber, and a final group from Scott, Ganz, Griffes, Carpenter, MacDowell, and Debussy.

Jascha Heifetz will play the Beethoven violin concerto with the Philharmonic Orchestra at its concerts on Thursday evening and Friday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. Mr. Stransky will conduct Beethoven's overture "Leonore" No. 3, and the "Fantastic" symphony of Berlioz.

Harold Bauer and Jacques Thibaud on Thursday evening, in Aeolian Hall, will open a cycle of Beethoven's nine sonatas for piano and violin. In the first evening are included the sonatas in D major, Op. 12; in G major, Op. 96, and in C minor, Op. 30. The later dates are March 4 and 31.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch leads with Chopin's B minor sonata, Op. 58, an all-Chopin program, at his only recital on Friday afternoon in Aeolian Hall. He has also twelve preludes, Op. 28; nocturnes in E and G, the A minor mazurka, G minor ballade, E minor valse, and rondo, Op. 16.

Kosçak Yamada, the Japanese composer, announces a second orchestral concert in Carnegie Hall next Friday evening, when he will conduct his own "Triumph and Peace" symphony, his choral "Marie Magdalene," and Wagner's "Tannhäuser" overture, Clarence Whitehill will sing "Wotan's Farewell" in English and folksongs in Japanese.

Marvin Maazel will give an Aeolian recital on Friday evening, when he has Schumann's "Fantasy Pieces," Mozart's A major sonata, a Chopin group, and others of Godowsky, Brahms, and Rubinstein.

The Symphony Society's third concert for children Saturday morning in Aeolian Hall will present marches from "Tannhäuser" and "The Prophet," David's "The Rain," Delibes's "Nalla" waltz, an adagio from Saint-Saëns's Symphony No. 2, and a 'cello solo by William Willeke.

Josef Hofmann's "all-American" program Saturday afternoon in Carnegie Hall will include these works of living composers: "Introduction and Fugue," Op. 24, Clayton Johns; "Twilight Fancies," Op. 7, No. 3, Rubin Goldmark; "Interlude" and "Joyance," Edward Royce; six "Country Pictures," Op. 9, D. G. Mason; "Romance," D flat, De Koven; "Valse Gracile," Op. 94, H. W. Parker; "Birds at Dawn," Fannie Dillon; "Fire-Flies," Mrs. H. H. A. Beach, and sonata, Op. 20, Alexander McFadyen.

Max Rosen, who has appeared twice with orchestra this season, will give his first recital Saturday evening in Carnegie Hall, playing Nardini's concerto and that of Paganini in D major, as well as violin pieces by Cottenet, Juon, Schumann, Auer, Kreisler, and Godowsky.

ON THE SCREEN

STRAND—"The Fighting Roosevelts," the recently completed screen biography of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt; the second instalment of "The Analysis of Motion," showing somersault diving; "Going, Going, Gone," a Pathe comedy, with Harold Lloyd; Topical Review; a medley of airs of 1898 and "Homecoming of the Doughboys," by the Strand Male Quartet, with scenic and electrical effects; Victor Herbert's "American Fantasie," by the orchestra, Carl Edouarde conducting.

RIVOLI—"His Parisian Wife," an Artcraft picture, directed by Emile Chautard, with Elsie Ferguson, supported by David Powell and Courtney Foote, scenario by Eve Unsell; "Everywhere With Prizma," a color picture; the Pictorial; a "mimo drama," staged by Adolf Bolm, setting by John Wenger, and incidental music, with Walker Leslie and Katherine de Gallantha in the cast; Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Capriccio Espagnole," by the orchestra, Erno Rapee conducting; Renato Brogi's "Visione de Venezia," by Vincenta Ballester, baritone; Benoit's "Festival March," with Professor Firmin Swinnen at the organ.

RIALTO—"The Way of a Man With a Maid," a Paramount picture, directed by Donald Crisp, with Bryant Washburn, supported by Wanda Hawley, Fred Goodwin, Clarence Geldart, Jay Dwiggins, and Bessie Eyton; a Labrador scenic; the Animated Magazine; "Oh, What a Knight," a Sunshine comedy; Beethoven's "Leonore No. 3," by the orchestra, Hugo Riesenfeld and Nat W. Finston conducting; "The Violin of Cremona," solo by Sascha Fidelman, concert master of the orchestra; two English songs by James Harrod; Arthur Depew at the organ.

LOEW'S NEW YORK—Tomorrow, "The Hidden Truth," with Anna Case; Tuesday, "When a Man Rides Alone," with William Russell; Wednesday, "Sandy Burke of the U Bar U," with Louis Bennison; Thursday, "Bonds of Honor," with Sessue Hayakawa; Friday, "Who Will Marry Me?" with Carmel Meyers, and "Roped," with Harry Carey; Saturday, "The Heart of Gold," with Louise Huff; Sunday, "In For Thirty Days," with May Allison.

EIGHTY-THIRD STREET—Tomorrow to Wednesday, "Arizona," with Douglas Fairbanks; Thursday to Sunday, "Virtuous Wives," with Anita Stewart.

PLAZA—Today, tomorrow, and Tuesday, J. Stuart Blackton's "The Common Cause"; Wednesday and Thursday, "Lady Frederick," with Ethel Barrymore; Friday and Saturday, "The Racing Strain," with Mae Marsh.

PICTURE PLAYS AND PEOPLE.

THERE is impetus for speculation in the report from Los Angeles that D. W. Griffith, Mary Pickford, Douglas Fairbanks, William S. Hart, and Charlie Chaplin have combined to produce and distribute their own pictures. The report is silent as to Mr. Griffith's definite part in the program, but it seems a fair assumption that he will be the director in chief of productions. Mr. Fairbanks is quoted as saying that an alleged move by a group of producers in the direction of controlling the motion picture industry was partially responsible for the new combination. It is thought that the contractual obligations of the principals will prevent their putting their arrangement into operation for some months.

Jesse L. Lasky, First Vice President of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, in charge of production, has purchased the motion picture rights to Hall Caine's "The Woman Thou Gavest Me." Hugh Ford, Supervising Director of the Famous Players-Lasky Eastern Studios, will stage the production for the screen, and Arthur Edwin Krows has been engaged to write the scenario. Mr. Ford has gone to California, where he will produce the film at the Lasky studios.

The Western Electric Company has leased the Lexington Theatre for tomorrow and Tuesday evenings for the exhibition of four industrial motion pictures before its employes of the New York district. One of the pictures, "A Square Deal for His Wife," was made by Harry Levey, Manager of the Industrial Department of the Universal Film Company.

Hugo Riesenfeld, the new Managing Director of the Rialto and Rivoli, is reported to have announced his working schedule as follows: "I will conduct the first overture at the Rialto at 2:15 each day—then to my office at the Rivoli for the transaction of business affairs until 5:30—and from then on at the Rialto, my workshop, where the evening will be all art and no business."

Lewis S. Geffen has resigned as assistant to the Director of Publicity at the Rialto and Rivoli Theatres. His future activities are yet to be announced, although it is understood that he has made an editorial connection.

D. W. Griffith's third Artcraft picture, "A Romance of Happy Valley," will be shown at the Strand next week.

The Bureau of Pictures of the American Red Cross, which was responsible for "Belgium's Day of Days," which depicted the entrance of the King and Queen of Belgium into Brussels, announces that it will release pictures of "exclusive entertainment value" obtained by its camera men in Europe and Asia.

Erno Rapee, conductor of the Rivoli Orchestra, has recovered from the influenza and returned to work after an illness of two weeks.

"Smiling Bill" Parsons has engaged Carter De Haven, his wife, Flora Parker, and the two De Haven children for a series of thirteen comedies to be released monthly by the Robertson-Cole Company.

COMING PHOTO PLAYS.

The Famous Players-Lasky Corporation announces the following releases next month:

Feb. 2—"Breed of Men," with William S. Hart, Ince-Artcraft; "Hard Boiled," with Dorothy Dalton, Ince-Paramount; "Happy Tho Married," with Enid Bennett, Ince-Paramount; Feb. 9—"Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch," with Marguerite Clark, Paramount; "Two Brides," with Lina Cavalieri, Paramount; "The Girl Dodger," with Charles Ray, Ince-Paramount; Feb. 16—"False Faces," with Henry B. Walthall, an Ince production released as a Paramount-Artcraft Special; "Boots," with Dorothy Gish, Paramount; "You Never Saw Such a Girl," with Vivian Martin, Paramount; Feb. 23—"Maggie Pepper," with Ethel Clayton, Paramount; "Paid in Full," with Pauline Frederick, Paramount; "The Winning Girl," with Shirley Mason, Paramount.

Goldwyn's releases for February are: Feb. 2—"The Bondage of Barbara," with Mae Marsh, directed by Emmett J. Flynn; Feb. 9—"Sis Hopkins," with Mabel Normand, directed by Clarence G. Badger; Feb. 16—An unnamed photoplay, with Pauline Frederick, directed by Hobart Henley; Feb. 23—Rex Beach's "The Brand," with Kay Laurell and Russell Simpson, directed by Reginald Barker.

Metro announces the release next month of the two Screen Classic Specials, "The Great Romance," with Harold Lockwood, and "Why Germany Must Pay," and four other photoplays, as follows: Feb. 3, "Faith," with Bert Lytell; Feb. 10, "As the Sun Went Down," with Edith Storey; Feb. 17, "Johnny on the Spot," with Hale Hamilton; Feb. 24, "Peggy Does Her Darndest," with May Allison.

United Picture Theatres, Inc., will release "The Call of the Heart," with Florence Reed, supported by William Desmond, George Stevens, and Marcelle Roussillon, late next month.

The W. W. Hodkinson Corporation will release "Fighting Through," formerly announced as "The American Spirit," with E. K. Lincoln in the leading rôle, on Jan. 27.

Frank A. Keeney announces that "Marriage for Convenience," Catherine Calvert's fourth production, is ready for release.

The Y. M. C. A.'s shipbuilding film, "Bringing the Boys Back Home," will be released by the Educational Films Corporation on Jan. 31.

FARRAR IN "FIAMMETTE"

TWO operas by Xavier Leroux will be introduced to New York in the next fortnight, as were a pair of Massenets by rival troupes last year. "Le Chemineau," produced in 1907, waits for the Chicago stars, while "La Reine Fiammette" will have its American première next Friday evening at the Metropolitan, with a huge cast of twenty-three names.

The music of "Fiammette" is by the French composer who, born in Italy, became one of the foremost followers of Massenet, while the book is virtually the work by Catulle Mendes, who adapted it for opera libretto. The play appeared in 1909. In lyric form it had its first performance at the Opéra Comique in Paris in 1903.

The cast for the Metropolitan production of "La Reine Fiammette" is as follows:

Fiammette.....Geraldine Farrar
Orlando.....Hipolito Lazaro
Giorgio d'Ast.....Adamo Didur
Caesar Sforza.....Leon Rothier
Camille.....Flora Perini
Agramente.....Kathleen Howard
.....Kittie Beale
Lenore.....Lenore Sparkes
Rose.....Mary Ellis
Marie.....Marie Tiffany
Lenore.....Lenore Sparkes
Mary.....Mary Ellis
Marie.....Marie Mattfeld
Boys.....Mary Mellish, Cecil Arden
Angelo.....Mario Laurenti
Angelo.....Angelo Bada
.....Albert Reiss
.....Giordano Paltrinieri
.....Pietro Audisio
Pastor.....Paolo Ananian
Novices.....Phillis White, Veni Warwick
Conductor, Pierre Monteux.

The scenes comprised in the four acts have been planned and painted by the Italian artist, Boris Anisfeld, who also designed the costumes. The stage direction is in charge of Richard Orwynski, and Giulio Setti has trained the chorus.

Story of Leroux's Opera.

"La Reine Fiammette" has its scene laid in Italy of the sixteenth century, the imaginary kingdom of Bologna, whose Queen is heroine of the play. Orlanda is described as "young, charming, with more heart than brains, changing her favorite courtiers as she would her garments." Giorgio d'Ast, an adventurer, and illegal consort, has been secretly trying to succeed the madcap Queen to her throne in one of the political intrigues of the time. Caesar Sforza, the Cardinal nephew," who has devised this plot, comes to Bologna and selects as assassin of the Queen a young student, Daniello, whom he persuades to vengeance by telling him that Orlanda, likewise Fiammette, after a fleeting passion for his only brother, has had the youth done to death.

One evening in the Convent of the Friars of Assisi, the young monk unknowingly meets Orlanda, masquerading as another self, frivolous Fiammette. They are mocking love passages, they trade amorous verses, going from jest to earnest as her charm proves irresistible. Before Daniel falls asleep, despite the poet, he reveals to his beautiful unknown that he must be in Bologna on April 6 to perform an act of vengeance. A woman of the Court brings warning of the plot to kill the Queen. Fiammette, daring as she is frivolous, awakes her would-be murderer and reminds him of the act of vengeance he must perform, even handing him the dagger.

Scene in Bologna's Court.

The Court of Bologna is assembled for a grand fête, the Queen arriving calm, poised. With watchful eye Orlanda marks the movements of Daniello. Approaching her, he is about to strike, when he recognizes in her the adored Fiammette, and his dagger falls. The Cardinal orders his arrest as Orlanda forgives her abdication to save him. She prepares to fly with Daniello, first distributing her jewels among three faithful favorites, the little Fools, Viola, Violette, and Violine. But freedom is not for Fiammette.

She is ordered to trial for heresy, and Daniello is compelled to act as her Confessor. From her he learns the story of his brother's murder was false. He attacks the Cardinal, but Sforza repels the blow and replies, "Let them be united in death as they have wished." Fiammette and Daniello are led off through a flowery alley to their "nuptial altar," the headsman's block, as the curtain falls.

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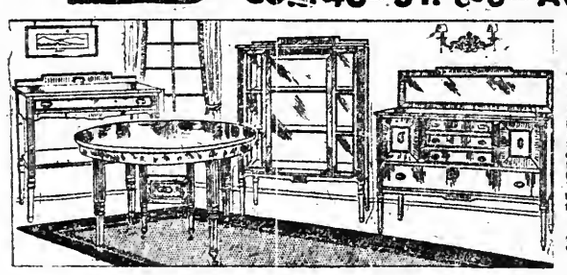

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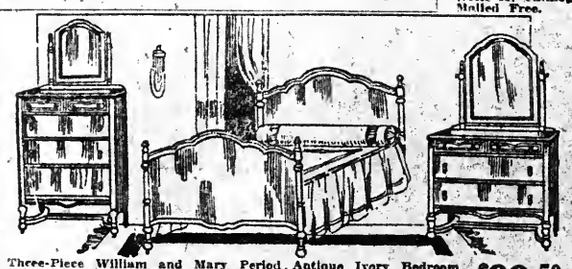

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Fibre Pails, 74c., regularly $1.03.
Bissell's Standard Carpet Sweepers, $2.79, regularly $3.25.
Floor Brushes, 89c, regularly $1.29.
Carving Sets, 3-piece, $2.59, regularly $3.49.
Bread Boxes, $1.98, regularly $3.29.

Abstbrook Vacuum Cleaners, $28.89; regularly $38.75
Velox No. 2 Sewing Machines, $17.98; regularly $25.98.
Special Sale of Trunks, $8.98; regularly $13 to $13.89.
75 Abstbrook Refrigerators, $19.98; regularly $29.98.
Deliveries During the Week.
Subway Floor, East Building.

A Fine Mid-January Sale of Hosiery and Underwear

Here are some large and very attractive lots of seasonable Hosiery and Underwear, at prices made especially low.

Women's Stockings
14c. Pair. 2,200 pairs of cotton Stockings; in white only.
24c. Pair. 1,800 pairs of samples, in black, white and colors; in light or medium weight cotton.
33c. Pair. 1,200 pairs of medium weight cotton, in black or white. Regularly, 39c pair.
89c. Pair. 1,500 pairs excellent silk Stockings, in black, white and colors; mercerized tops and soles. Regularly 98c a pair.

Women's Underwear
19c. Vests, "Comfy-cut," of cotton, low neck, sleeveless.
29c. Vests of cotton, low neck, sleeveless.
69c. Combinations of fine cotton, low neck, sleeveless, with wide knee, lace trimmed, or tight knee. Regular and extra sizes.

Children's Stockings
29c. Pair. Of black cotton, heavy ribbed, double soles.

Men's Socks
17c. Pair. Of cotton, in black and colors; seamless.
24c. Pair. Sample Socks, of lisle thread or cotton; various good styles; seamless.

Men's Underwear
$1.39 Shirts and Drawers of natural gray merino, winter weight; regularly $1.98.
Women's Hosiery and Underwear, Street floor, Central Building. Men's Hosiery and Underwear, Street floor, Men's Building.

Women's Extraordinary Coats, All-Wool, Fur Collars, Silk-Lined $25

Unquestionably the finest offering this season of its kind. The coats are of soft, really luxurious fabrics—black velour, burella and plain velour, with handsome plain and fancy silk linings, convertible and shawl collars of seal-dyed coney. Colors are brown, green, Burgundy and navy blue. The styles are of the smart, though practical, kind that the great majority of women like.

150 of these splendid Coats in the lot, with all sizes from 34 to 44—earlier season retail price would have conservatively been $40.00.

75 Good Coats at $15 for $23.95 to $29.75 Grades
Street floor, Central Building.

Entering the Second Week of the Sale of Art Needlework

Entering the second week in a manner that will be pleasing to our customers, inasmuch as it offers them many benefits in the way of fine pieces of Art Needlework at worth-while savings.

STAMPED LINEN CENTER PIECES, round and 22 inches in diameter; regularly 65c., at 39c.
STAMPED 14-PIECE LUNCHEON SETS for solid or eyelet embroidery; regularly $1.69, at $1.23.
STAMPED TURKISH WASH CLOTHS in assorted colors, also white, with stamped scalloped edges; regularly 29c., at 15c.
STAMPED REGULATION SIZE TURKISH TOWELS in assorted colors and stamped with scalloped edges; design for French knot embroidery above scallop; regularly $1.15, at 89c.
STAMPED HUCK GUEST TOWELS, regularly 39c., at 29c.
STAMPED DRESSING JACKETS of white, blue and lavender crepe; regularly $1.69, at $1.10.
STAMPED HUCK TOWELS, regulation size, some with fancy huck borders and stamped scallops, while others are hemstitched with designs above borders; regularly 89c., at 69c.
STAMPED GLASS TOWELS, in blue and white and red and white; regularly 49c., at 39c.
STAMPED PILLOWCASES of hemstitched muslin, in regulation size, with designs for solid or eyelet embroidery, at $1.15 pair.
STAMPED PUDGE APRONS ready made, with stamped scallop around neck and design which requires very little embroidery to finish; regularly 89c., at 69c.
STAMPED ROMPERS, in blue and white and pink and white; regularly 89c., at 69c.

2 Lace-Trimmed Pieces That Are Reduced

SCARFS—an assortment with novelty madras centers; regularly 79c., at 59c.
CENTRE PIECES—round and 24 inches in diameter; regularly 69c., at 49c.
Third floor, Central Building.

100-Piece American Porcelain Dinner Sets, $19.75, from $24.98

Decorated in several neat border designs, each piece gold-trimmed.

Other 100-Piece American Porcelain Dinner Sets Reduced
At $25.00, from $31.98.
At $27.50, from $33.75.

100-Piece English Porcelain Dinner Sets Reduced
At $25.00, from $35.00.
At $29.75, from $39.75.
At $42.75, from $49.75.

50-Piece American Porcelain Dinner Sets, $9.50, from $12.98
In several border designs on a neat, plain shape. Each piece gold-lined.

Beautiful Cut Glass Specially Priced
Handsome pieces that are beautifully cut in several combination designs.

	Reg.	At		Reg.	At
Water Pitchers, 4 pts.	$5.98	$4.49	Domino Sugar Trays	$1.75	$1.29
Ice Tubs	3.43	2.98	Fruit Bowls, 8-in.	2.98	2.29
Ice Cream Trays	4.98	3.98	Celery Trays	2.98	1.98
Fruit Bowls, 9-in.	5.75	4.49	Sugar and Cream Sets	4.25	3.49

Table Glassware Greatly Reduced

Water Goblets and high-footed Sherbert Glasses, each..... 19c
Decorated Table Tumblers, various designs..... 8c
Needle etched Table Tumblers, several designs; each..... 10c
Water Goblets, graceful shapes; each 18c
Subway floor, Central Building.

New Black Satin, $1.49 Yard

Here is a specially fine offering of a 36-inch all silk Dress Satin, in a quality which would normally sell for about one-third more. In a lustrous satin-finish.

Other Splendid Silk Offerings Monday

BLACK DRESS SATIN, 40-inch, all silk; regularly $2.59, at $2.19 yard
BLACK CHIFFON TAFFETA, all silk, 36-inch, soft chiffon finish; regularly $2.98, at $2.39 yard
FAILLE TAFFETA, in 12 street colors; a fine corded weave, 35-inch; regularly $2.25, at $1.98 yard
PRINCESS POPLIN, 36-inch, in white, black, and good street shades; silk with cotton filling; regularly $1.49, at $1.19 yard
LINGERIE SATIN, white and flesh, 36-inch, all silk, will wash well; regularly $1.98, at $1.69 yard
Street floor, West Building.

10,800 Cans of Beans, 11c Can—18 oz. net No. 2 Cans—Plain Boston Style

All you have to do to enjoy these delicious Beans is heat and serve them.

Counter Deliveries Only—

Limit of 6 Cans to a Customer

United States Food Administration License Number C03078

Third floor, West Building.

Navy Blue and Black Storm Serge at $1.39 Yard Regularly $1.98

Hundreds of women will make the most of this opportunity to obtain several yards of this ever-popular fabric at this sale price.

It is 44 inches wide, all wool and has a firm, closely-woven twill.

Street Floor, Livingston Street, West Building.

Great Monday Bargains in Brief

Chronos Watches, Gold-filled, 20-yr. cases—15-jewel movements, $20.00 to $24.00. Street Floor, Central Building.
Men's Suits, $18.75. Second Floor, Men's Shop, East Building.
Navy Blue and Black Storm Serge, $1.39 Yard, from $1.98. Street Floor, Livingston Street, West Building.
Wool and Fiber Rugs, 6 x 9 feet, were $10.50, Now $8.50. Third Floor, East Building.
Men's Fancy Shirts, 98c. for $1.75 to $3.00 Grades. Street Floor, East Building.
400 Different Patterns of Printed Voile, 48c. yard. Street Floor, West Building.
Fine Embroideries, 15c. to 25c. yard. Street Floor, Central Building.
Muslin Sheets, 2 x 2½ yards, $1.19. Subway Floor, West Building.
Oil Painting "Venice," $175.00; regularly $249.00. Art Galleries, Fifth Floor, Central Building.
Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) Coat, $185.00, from $210.00. Second Floor, Central Building.
Women's Spring Model Serge Dresses, $13.98. Second Floor, Central Building.
Mercerized Table Damask, 79c. yard; regularly $1.19. Street Floor, East Building.
Philippine Lingerie, $2.19 to $3.98; formerly $2.59 to $4.98. Second Floor, East Building.
New Ready-to-Wear Hats of Straw and Georgette or Satin, $2.95 for $3.95 Grades. Mezzanine Floor, East Building.
Women's Suits, $32.50 to $75.00; formerly $39.75 to $98.50. Second Floor, Central Building.
Abrast Corsets, $2.98; regularly $3.98. Second Floor, East Building.
Women's Separate Skirts of Wool Serge, $6.75. Second Floor, Central Building.
Misses' Afternoon Dresses of Taffeta, $19.98. Second Floor, Central Building.
Women's Russia Calf High Shoes, $6.95, from $7.95. Second Floor, West Building.
"Flannelette Kimonos, $1.69. Negligee Balcony, Central Building.
Children's Cambric Drawers, 79c. and 98c. Second Floor, East Building.
Boxes of Fifty Cigars, $2.50. Street Floor, Men's Shop, East Building.
Taffeta Plaid Ribbons, 4½ inches wide, 29c. yard. Street Floor, Center, East Building.
Boys' Long Overcoats, $10.75; grades regularly $12.75 to $14.75. Second Floor, West Building.
New Cretonnes, 48c., 59c. and 69c. yard. Third Floor, Central Building.
Imported White Domet Flannel, 49c.; regularly 65c. Subway Floor, West Building.
Full Size Bed Spreads, White Satin Finish, $4.50; imperfect numbers of $6.50 Grades. Subway Floor, West Building.
Fast Black Satinized Venetian Cloth, 32 inches wide, 69c., 75c. and 98c. yard; regularly 79c., 89c. and $1.25. Lining Store, Street Floor, Central Building.
Gold and Silver Laces, 18 and 32 inches wide, 89c. to $2.25 yard. Street Floor, Central Building.
No. 7500 Long Cloth, yard wide, in 10-yard lengths, $4.19; regularly $4.69.

Watch for the Very Important TUESDAY BARGAINS
Which are NOT ADVERTISED, but May Be Recognized by Special Signs Displayed in Various Departments Throughout the Store.

Sunday,
January 19, 1919

The New York Times

Rotogravure
Picture Section
In Two Parts
5

DOUGHNUTS, JUST LIKE THE SALVATION ARMY LASSIES USED TO MAKE FOR THE AMERICAN BOYS IN THE TRENCHES,
Now Served Homecoming Sailors and Enlisted Men at the New Salvation Army Hut in Union Square.

Western Newspaper Union.

MRS. VINCENT ASTOR
Smilingly Serves a Soldier in the New Y. M. C. A. Victory Hut, Battery Park, New York, Which She Will Direct as She Did a Similar Hut for Many Months in Brest, France.
(Times Photo Service.)

OFFICERS OF THE OLD 9TH, NEW YORK, GREETED THROUGH THE PIER GATES IN HOBOKEN.
(© Western Newspaper Union.)

RELATIVES AND SWEETHEARTS MARCHING THROUGH THE STREETS OF HOBOKEN WITH THE SOLDIERS OF THE 57TH COAST ARTILLERY, THE OLD 9TH, NEW YORK, First of the New York National Guard to Return from the Front, All Being Veterans with Eighteen Months of Service in France.
(© Western Newspaper Union.)

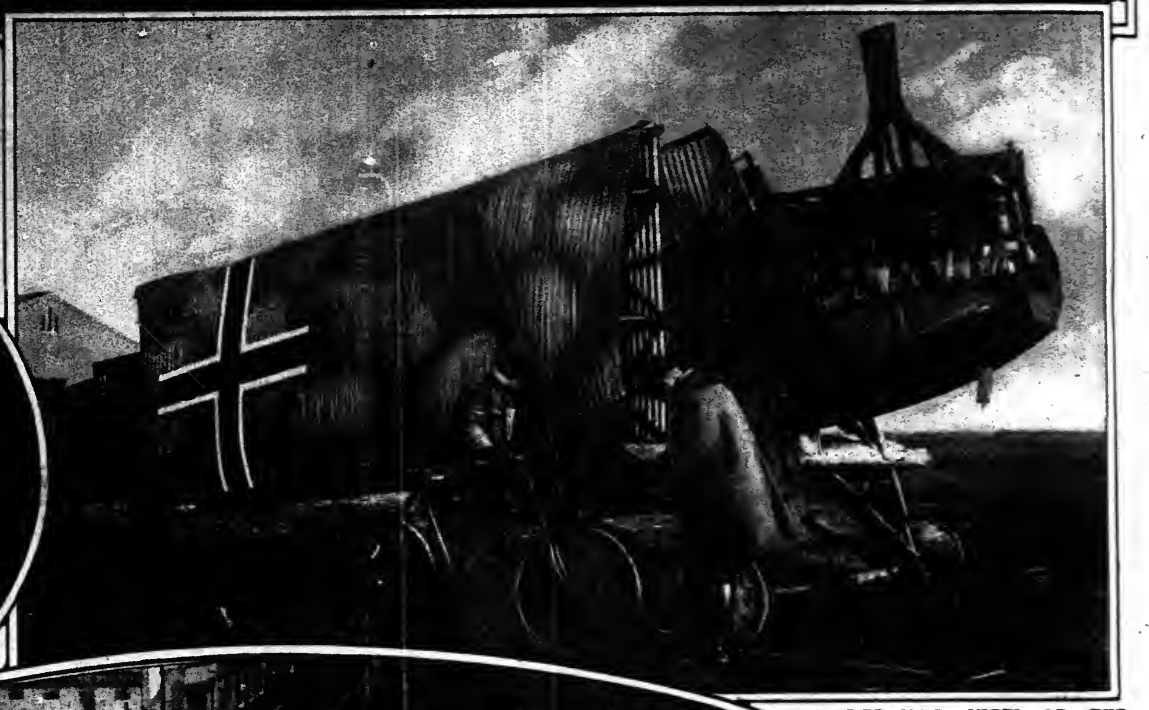
COLONEL JAMES WHEELER,
Commander of the 57th Artillery, Who Returned with His Men After Many Months on the Firing Line.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

NO BROKEN TIES HERE: THREE SETS OF BROTHERS, ALL NEW YORK BOYS, OF THE 57TH ARTILLERY, WHO RETURNED SAFE.
They Are, Left to Right: Joseph and Louis Condey, John and Harry Levy, Mark and Joseph Clendinis.
(© Western Newspaper Union.)

MOTHERS AND SISTERS TRAMPING ALONG WITH THE MEN OF THE OLD 9TH NEW YORK ARTILLERY,
Home on the American Cruiser Huntington and to be Demobilized Immediately, Every Man a New Yorker.
(© Western Newspaper Union.)

THE GERMAN "FLYING TANK" AT LAST, WITH FUSELAGE OF HARDEST STEEL AND WINGS OF CORRUGATED IRON.

In Semi-Wrecked Condition, It Is Shown in Belgium, Near the German Border, Under the Guard of a British Soldier, While, in the Foreground, Is Passing an Automobile Flying a Flag of Truce and Bearing German Officers on the Back Track

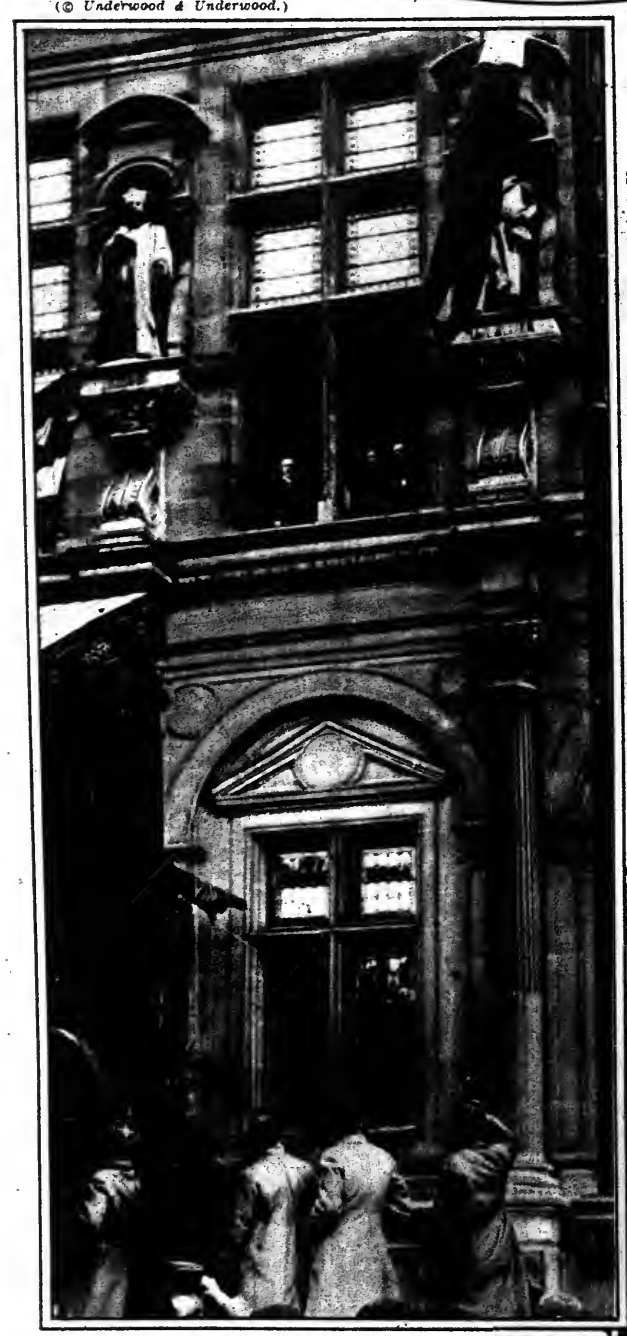


A DETAILED VIEW OF THE FAMOUS GERMAN "FLYING TANK," Canadian Soldiers Closely Inspecting It. So Far as Known These Are the First Views of the All-Steel German Airplane to be Received in This Country.

(*Photos Underwood & Underwood.*)

BRITISH LANCERS CROSSING THE HOHENZOLLERN BRIDGE OVER THE RHINE AT COLOGNE.

(© *Underwood & Underwood.*)



SCOTTISH PIPERS PIPING THEIR WAY THROUGH THE STREETS OF COLOGNE, WONDER-STRUCK GERMAN CHILDREN FORMING THEIR ESCORT.

(© *Underwood & Underwood.*)

AMERICAN FLAG, Embroidered in Silk by Mme. Jeanne Labric, Presented to President Wilson by the French Women's Unions. Chief Features of This Flag Are That It Has No Reverse Side and That No Cloth of Any Kind Was Used in Making It.

(*International Film Service.*)

(*International Film Service.*)

A DIAMOND BROOCH, ADORNED WITH ENAMELED PEACE DOVES, PRESENTED TO MRS. WOODROW WILSON BY THE CITY OF PARIS at the Hotel de Ville When on President Wilson Was Conferred the Citizenship of Paris.

VICTOR EMMANUEL III., KING OF ITALY, THE ITALIAN CROWN PRINCE, AND PRESIDENT POINCARE, Appearing on the Balcony of the Hotel de Ville in Response to the Acclaim of Parisians Gathered in the Plaza Below.

(*International Film Service.*)

CANADIAN SOLDIERS CROSSING THE GERMAN BORDER FROM BELGIUM, THE INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY POST BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES APPEARING ON THE LEFT.

NOTABLE GROUP OF INTERNATIONAL ROYALTY PHOTOGRAPHED BY SPECIAL PERMISSION ON THE STEPS OF MARLBOROUGH HOUSE, LONDON.

Left to Right Are: Princess Maud of Fife, Queen Maud of Norway, Queen Alexandra, Crown Prince Olaf of Norway, Princess Victoria, and Princess Royal.

(Central News Serevice.)

AVIATOR AND HIS BOMBING PLANE IN FLIGHT OVER ELLINGTON FIELD, TEXAS, PHOTOGRAPHED WITH STRIKING CLEARNESS FROM ANOTHER PLANE FLYING IN A V FORMATION IN WHICH THERE ARE NO "BLIND" POSITIONS.

(International Film Service.)

THE AVENUE OF PLANES, FEATURE OF A RECENT MILITARY REVIEW AT ELLINGTON FIELD, HOUSTON, TEXAS,

Said to be the Largest Aviation Grounds in the United States, More Than 250 Bombing Planes Being Shown, Including a White Aerial Ambulance Which Appears Near the Centre of the Left Column.

(International Film Service.)

MAJOR GENERAL THOMAS H. BARRY,

Who Succeeds the Late Major General J. Franklin Bell in the Command of the Department of the East at Governors Island.

(© Western Newspaper Union.)

LEONARD HEINZMANN AND ELIZABETH FOERCH

in the Coming Fourth Annual Presentation of the Passion Play by the Holy Family Church of Union Hill, New Jersey.

ANTONIO SCOTTI AS CRISPINO AND FRIEDA HEMPEL AS ANNETTA

in the Premiere of "Crispino," at the Metropolitan Opera House.

(White.)

JANE COWL, GEORGES FLATEAU, AND CHILDREN

in "The Crowded Hour," at the Selwyn Theatre.

(White.)

THE FUNERAL CORTEGE OF MAJOR GEN. J. FRANKLIN BELL LEAVING GOVERNORS ISLAND, PAST THE GUARD OF HONOR, ON ITS WAY TO MANHATTAN and the Train for Washington, Where the Burial Took Place in Arlington Cemetery, the Skyline of Manhattan Appearing in the Background.

(© Underwood & Underwood.)

GOVERNOR ALFRED E SMITH,

Conducting the State's Business in the Governor's Room, New York City Hall, the First Governor in Half a Century to Use This Room for Making Himself More Accessible to People with State Business. The Desk on Which He Leans Was Formerly That of John Quincy Adams.

(Times Photo Service.)

MME. SLAVKO GROUITCH,

Wife of the New Serbian Minister to the United States, Who Has Already Done Much Work in the United States in Behalf of Her Stricken Country.

(© Clinedinst, Underwood & Underwood.)

AMERICANS DECORATED BY THE BRITISH KING: LIEUTENANTS NORTHCOTT AND McHENRY OF THE AMERICAN ARMY

Leaving Buckingham Palace After Receiving the British Military Cross from King George V.

(Underwood & Underwood.)

A LIBERATED FRENCH FAMILY, ALL MEMBERS PRESENT OR ACCOUNTED FOR, CLUSTERING ABOUT A FRIENDLY YANKEE CHAPLAIN,

Who Is Manifesting Keen Interest in a Youngster's Wooden Shoe.

(© Committee on Public Information, from U. & U.)

THREE FAMOUS PATHFINDERS IN THE TRACKLESS ARCTIC TO ALL OF WHOM HAS BEEN AWARDED THE HUBBARD GOLD MEDAL BY THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC SOCIETY.

They Are, Left to Right: Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, Discoverer of the North Pole; Vilhjalmur Stefansson, Discoverer of New Land in the Arctic, and Major Gen. A. W. Greely, Arctic Explorer and Leader of the Greely Expedition of Nearly Forty Years Ago, When All of Its Members Except Seven Perished at Cape Sabine.

(© Harris & Ewing, from Paul Thompson.)

ROSA RAISA AS TOSCA,

in the Chicago Opera Company's Repertoire, to be Sung in Its New York Season Beginning Next Week.

(Matzene.)

SYLVIA TELL,

Premiere Danseuse of the Chicago Opera Company.

(Shaw.)

ELIZABETH BRICE,

Soon to Appear in "The Overseas Review," at the Vanderbilt Theatre, After Five Months in France, Spent in Entertaining American Soldiers.

(Abbe.)

HOUSE ON THE QUAI DES BATELIERS, HIP-ROOFED AND DORMER-WINDOWED, FAIRLY BLOSSOMS
with French and American Flags, Posters and Colored Lights in Honor of Redeemed Strasbourg.

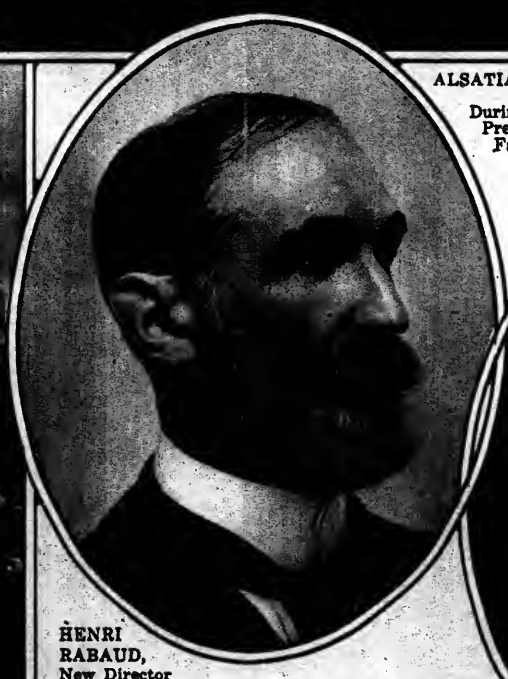
IN REDEEMED STRASBOURG: ANCIENT HOUSES at the Intersection of the Rue Bâin-aux-plantes and Rue des Tanneurs Bravely Flaunting the Colors of the Allies and the United States in Honor of the City's Liberation.
(Photos © Underwood & Underwood.)

FRANCES PERKINS,
in Private Life Mrs. Paul Wilson, Who Has Been Appointed by Governor Smith State Industrial Commissioner at a Salary of $8,000 a Year.
(© International Film Service.)

WALKER D. HINES,
Appointed Director General of the Railroads of the United States by President Wilson in Succession to William G. McAdoo.
(© Harris & Ewing.)

ALSATIAN GIRLS, IN THEIR PROVINCIAL COSTUME, LOOKING OUT OVER STRASBOURG
During the Triumphal Entry of President Poincare and Premier Clemenceau, from a Lofty Balcony of the Famous Strasbourg Cathedral, the French Tricolor Flying at Their Side.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

AMERICAN TROOPS RETURNING FROM FRANCE ON THE UNITED STATES CRUISER SEATTLE,
The Contingents Including the 4th Anti-Aircraft Machine Gun Battery, the 4th Anti-Aircraft Section of Large Guns, the 8th Anti-Aircraft Section, and the 309th Trench Mortar Battery, the Latter All Veterans.
(Times Photo Service.)



HENRI RABAUD,
New Director of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, and Recently Elected One of the "Immortals" of the French Academy, Said to be the Only Director So Far to be So Honored.

GERTRUDE VANDERBILT
in "Listen, Lester," at the Knickerbocker Theatre.
(Campbell Studios.)

RUSSEK'S
FIFTH AVENUE
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Specially Designed for Sjourners in
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FROCKS-GOWNS
WRAPS-SUITS
Individual and Exclusive
Mail Orders are as satisfactory as Personal Transactions.

HAMILTON'S
CHIC NEW DRESSES
IN SERGES AND SILKS

SPECIAL SALE OF
1000 DRESSES
Our beautiful New Spring Catalog is now ready and will be sent out of town on request. Address Dept. 1A.
HAMILTON GARMENT CO.
307 Fifth Ave., Near 31st St., N.Y.

$35 Beaded Bag $27.50

Jet or navy background with elaborate floral designs worked out in striking color combinations of green, red, orange, blue and amber. Beaded fringe at bottom. All richly lined with silk. Beaded frame and handle. Fitted with small purse and mirror.

A very large and fine stock of Beaded Hand Bags at notably moderate prices.

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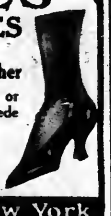
GLASSBERG'S
SHORT VAMP
SHOES
CHIC SHOES
in combinations of
Black Patent Leather
with Uppers of Havana or Cinnamon Kid, or Gray Suede
Also All Gray Kid.
Short Vamp,
Pointed Toe,
All Hand Turned $12



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Before you put that uniform in camphor.
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The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET, NEW YORK
Advance Modes in
SPRING BLOUSE FASHIONS
At Special Prices

FLAIRE—Blouse of striped voile with pique collar and cuffs. Fluting around collar, down front, and on cuffs. *7.50*

ATHA—White batiste blouse, box plaited, with embroidery motifs done in soldier blue. Round neck, turn back cuffs. *7.50*

COURSE—White tucked dimity blouse with shawl collar and turn back cuffs, closing with pearl buttons. *5.00*

MASTER SHOE CRAFT
27 W. 38th St. NEW YORK
Fitting the Narrow Foot
Widths AAAA, AAA, AA, A, B, C
All sizes including 8½, 9, 9½ & 10

A SALE Fourteen smart ShoeCraft models can now be purchased at twenty per cent. reductions. All are suitable for Spring and exemplify the elegance of quality and design invariably associated with ShoeCraft Footwear. For a complete presentation of the shoes on sale, send for Booklet A-19 with Measurement Charts. Postage prepaid on mail orders. Fit guaranteed.

PATRIA—Welted sole, 1½-in. heel. Gun Metal Vamp with Ivory Buck Top; Brown Russia Vamp with Taupe or Pearl Buck Top. Regularly $15, now $12

ROSINA—Welted sole, 2¼-in. heel. Seven combinations in black and white, shades of tan, brown, taupe and the fashionable greys. Also all-white calf Usually $16, now $12.80

DORELLA—Welted sole, 1½-in. heel. Black kid or Nut Brown Russia Calf. Regularly $10, now $8

The HARDMAN
FIVE-FOOT GRAND
Tetrazzini says—
"It is my choice"—

Think what this piano offers in tone, in beauty, in through-and-through quality, to get such an endorsement.
It is the piano for the small home.
Price $850
Convenient terms if desired.
Hardman Peck & Co.
FOUNDED 1842
433 Fifth Avenue, New York City
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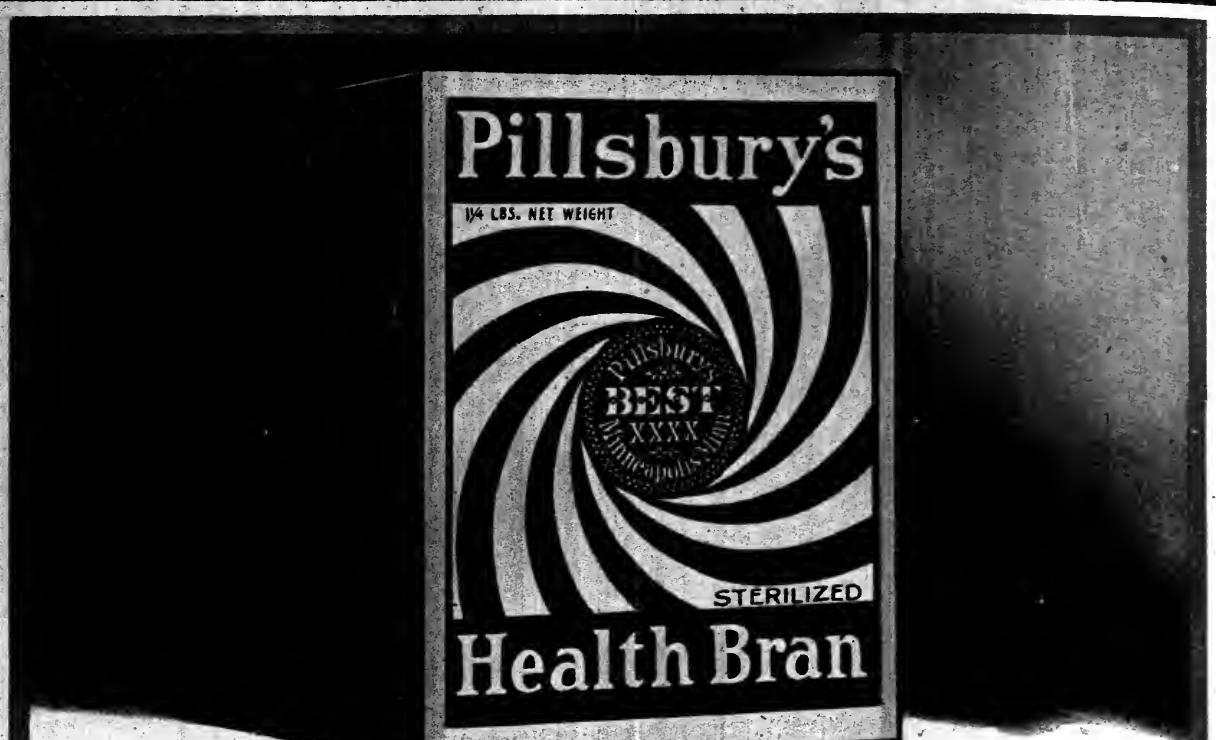
Represented in all cities.

La-May Face Powder Is Pure!
—No White Lead—No Rice Powder—
It Really Stays On Unusually Well.

Up to the present time it has been almost impossible to get a face powder to stay on longer than it takes to put it on. You powder your nose nicely and the first gust of wind or the first puff of your handkerchief and away goes the powder, leaving your nose red, shiny and conspicuous, probably just at the very moment when you would give anything to appear at your best. A specialist has at last perfected a pure powder that women say stays on wonderfully well. It does not contain white lead or starchy rice powder (Poudre de Riz) to make it stay on. White lead poisons the skin and rice powder turns into a gluey paste that encourages enlarged pores and unsightly complexions. This improved formula contains a medicinal powder doctors use to heal the skin. In fact, this new powder helps to prevent and reduce enlarged pores and irritations. It is called La-may (French, Poudre L'Amé). Because it is pure and because it stays on so well, it is already sold everywhere. The large size is only fifty cents and the trial size is twenty-five cents. When you use this delightful La-may and see how wonderfully it beautifies your complexion, you will understand why it is now used by over a million American women.



Delicious---Corrective

DELICIOUS, golden brown bran-muffins, bread, cookies, etc., made according to the special recipes on the Pillsbury's Health Bran package, instantly appeal to all appetites. Their rich, nutlike flavor and natural, laxative effect commend them to a place in the daily diet of every American home.

Pillsbury's Health Bran is milled especially for human consumption. Its extra large, clean, sterilized flakes supply the roughage necessary to promote normal digestive action. Physicians recommend it.

Insist upon Pillsbury's—the Health Bran made by the millers of Pillsbury's Best Flour. Packed in sanitary, airtight cartons.

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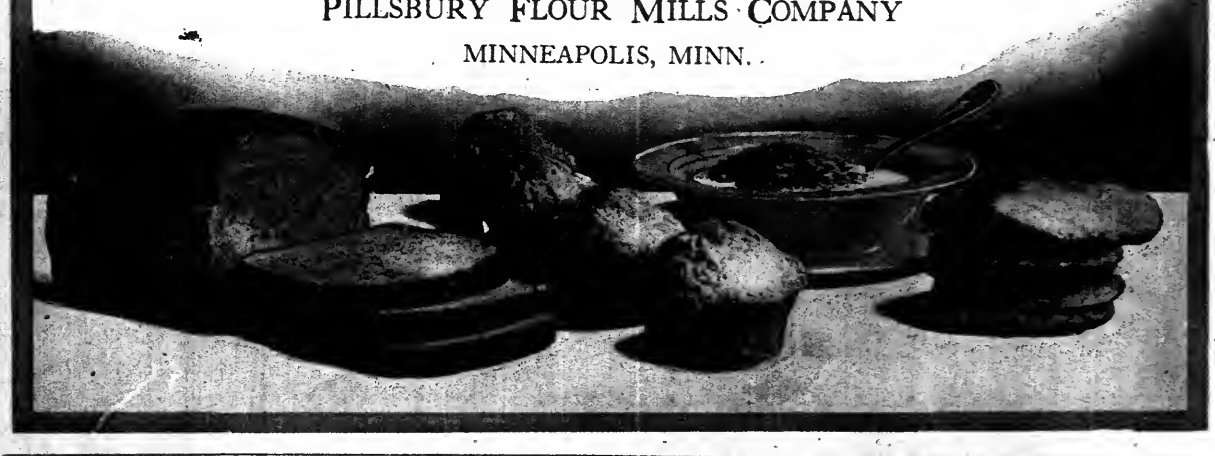
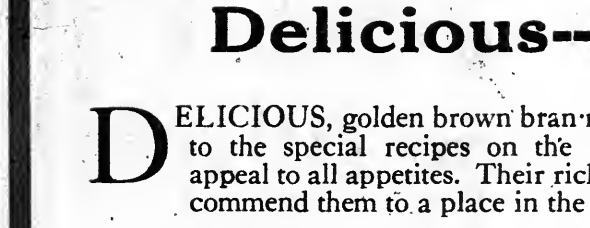
PILLSBURY FLOUR MILLS COMPANY
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.



The Nestlé Permanent Hair Wave



Every permanent hair-wave should be finished with the Nestol Comb, the intelligent devise here illustrated. When a permanent wave at the Nestle establishment is concluded, this device is applied, the hair dried, combed, brushed and dressed, leaving a result fit to be called really well dressed. This Nestol Comb has become immensely popular. Use it at home if you had a permanent wave or if your hair has a natural inclination to wave.

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BROOKLYN—NEW YORK

Sunday,
January 19, 1919

The New York Times

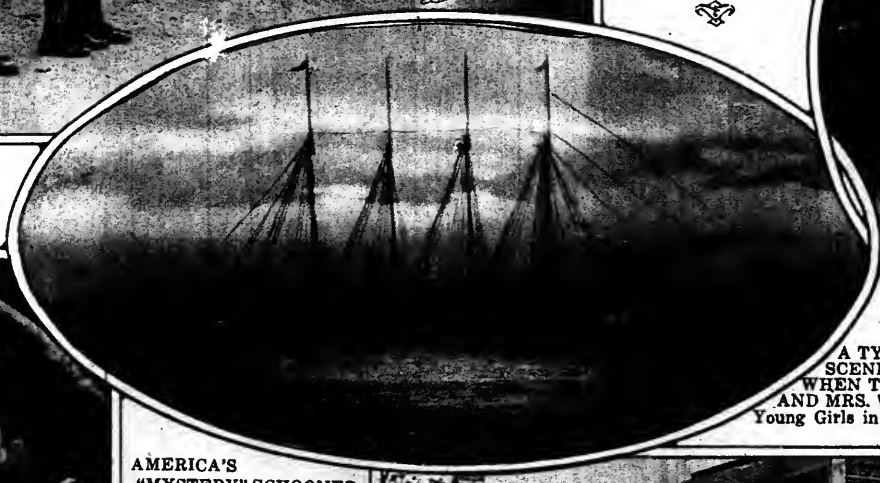
Rotogravure
Picture Section, 6
In Two Parts

THE FLOWER-COVERED GRAVE OF COLONEL THEODORE ROOSEVELT
Crowning the Crest of a Hill in Young's Memorial Cemetery, Oyster Bay, Long Island, with the Ice-Fringed Waters of Long Island Sound at Its Base. Across th[illegible]ve Lies Sagamore Hill, the Roosevelt Home. (*Times Photo Service.*)

AMERICAN SOLDIERS ON LEAVE IN PARIS
Flock to the Branches of Trees to Get a Glimpse of Their Visiting Commander in Chief, Poilus Lining the Street to Await the Passage of President Wilson.
(© *International Film Service.*)

UBIQUITOUS PARIS GAMINS PERCHED IN TREETOPS NEAR THE ARC DE TRIOMPHE, THE BETTER TO SEE THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. WILSON OUT FOR A DRIVE.
(© *Kadel & Herbert.*)

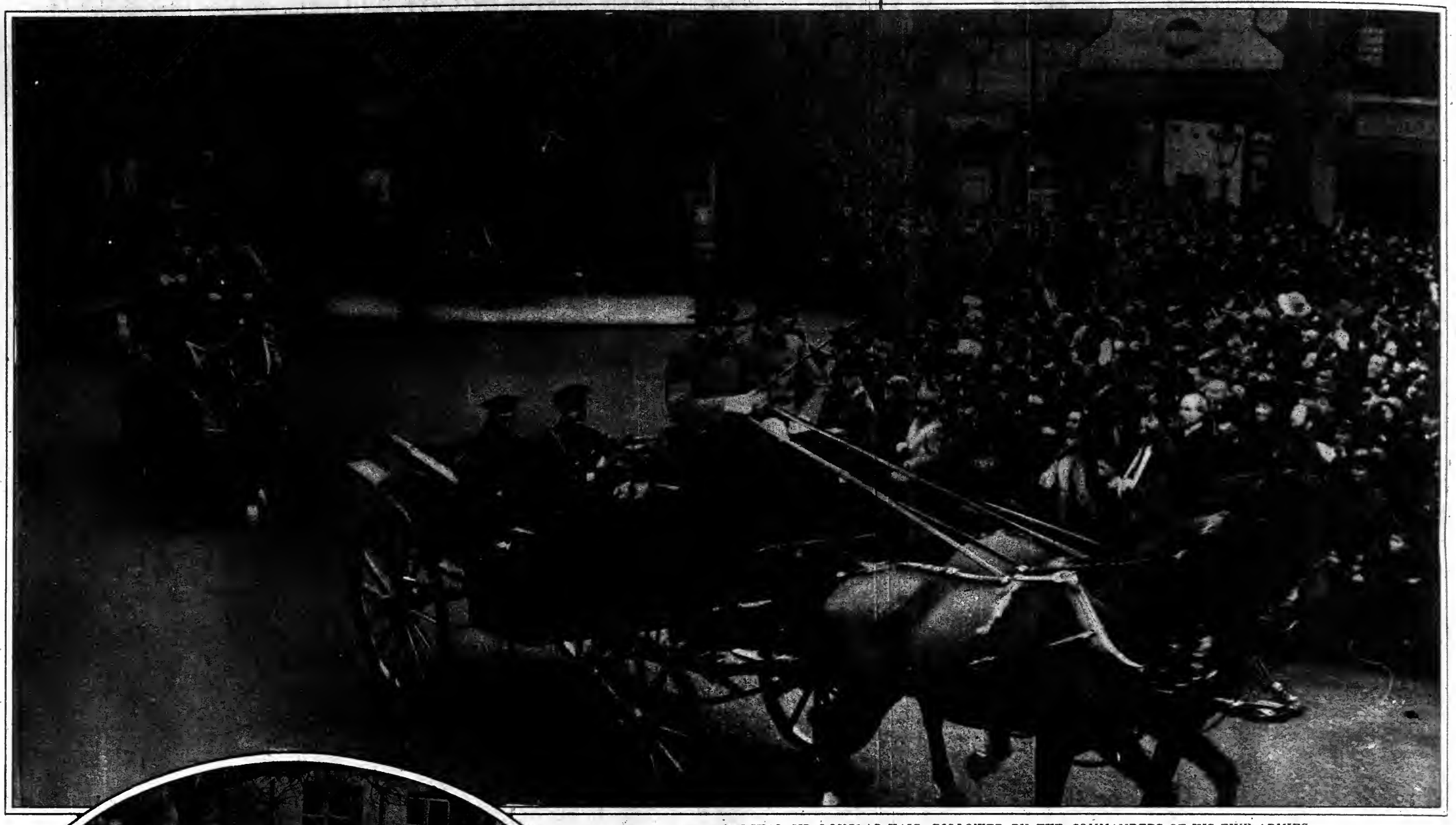
A TYPICAL SCENE IN PARIS WHEN THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. WILSON TAKE A DRIVE:
Young Girls in Alsatian Costume Awaiting in the Rue de Berri to Offer Flowers to the Wife of the American President. (*International Film Service.*)



AMERICA'S "MYSTERY" SCHOONER, THE CHARLES WHITTEMORE,
Anything but the Peaceful Cargo Vessel She Appears, Having Been Sent Out Heavily Armed and Fully Manned to Decoy German Submarines Along the American Coast.
(*Times Photo Service.*)

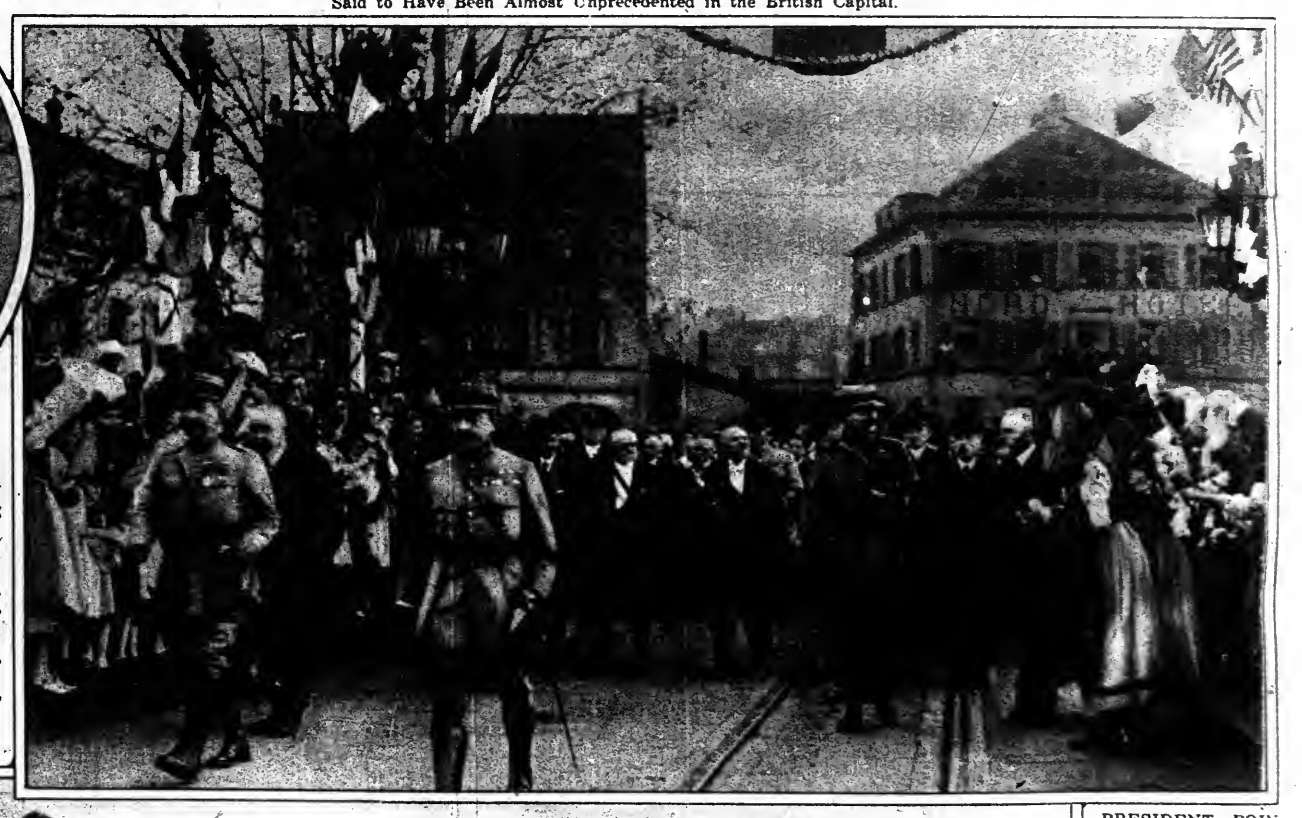
MR. AND MRS. ENRICO CARUSO
Making Purchases in the Red Cross Fifth Avenue Shop, Conducted Under the Direction of Miss Helen C. Frick for the Benefit of Wounded American Soldiers.
(© *International Film Service.*)

THE MONUMENT IN SHANGHAI TO THE GERMAN CRUISER ILTIS,
Which Foundered in the China Sea in 1898, Torn Down by the Angry Chinese on Learning How Brutally Returning Allied Prisoners Were Treated by the Germans. (*Times Photo Service.*)



FIELD MARSHAL SIR DOUGLAS HAIG, FOLLOWED BY THE COMMANDERS OF HIS FIVE ARMIES,
on Arrival in London from France, Proceeding from Charing Cross Station to Buckingham Palace, Acclaimed by Great Throngs of People with an Enthusiasm Said to Have Been Almost Unprecedented in the British Capital.

A MORNING SESSION OF THE "MUTUAL ADMIRATION SOCIETY" IN FRONT OF A Y. M. C. A. RED TRIANGLE HUT AT AN AMERICAN SOLDIERS' REST CENTRE, IS-SUR-TILLE, FRANCE.



VICTORIOUS ITALIAN TROOPS MARCHING HOMEWARD DOWN THE MOUNTAINSIDES AFTER THE CAPITULATION OF THE AUSTRIANS.

(Times Photo Service.)

NOVEL CZECHOSLOVAK CAMEL TRAIN BRINGING UP SUPPLIES IN SIBERIA.

PRESIDENT POINCARE, FOLLOWED BY PREMIER CLEMENCEAU, RECEIVED WITH ACCLAIM ON THEIR RECENT ENTRY ON FOOT INTO MULHAUSEN, ALSACE.

(Underwood & Underwood.)

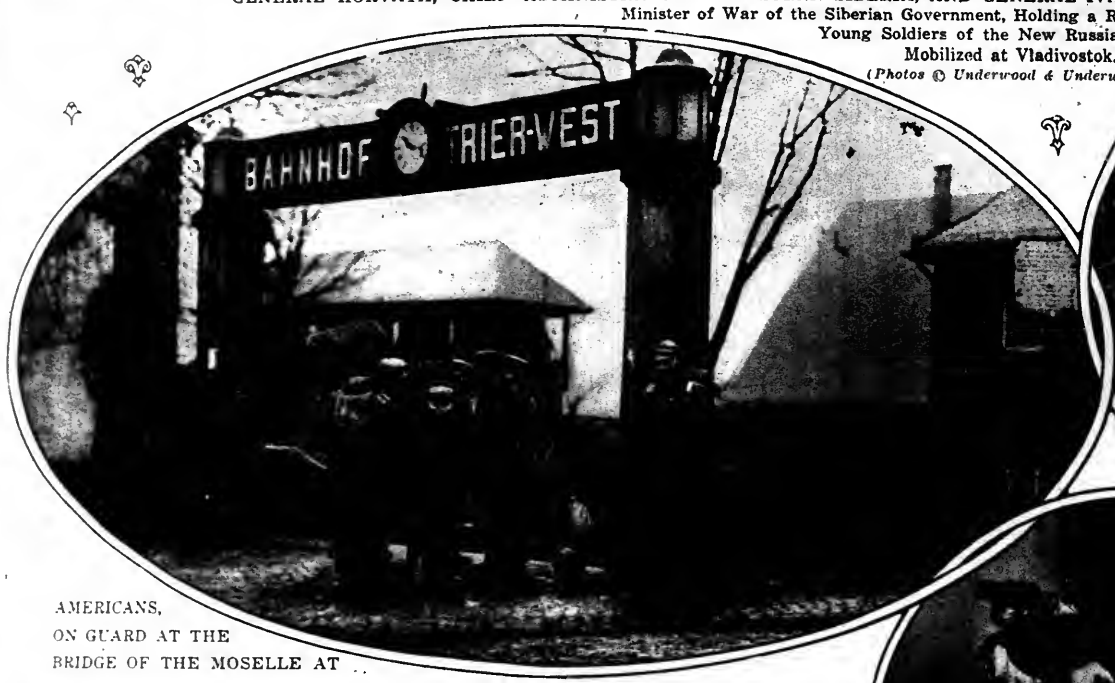
AUSTRIAN GUNS LEFT BEHIND BY THE TEUTONS IN THEIR FLIGHT BEFORE THE ADVANCE OF THE ITALIANS BLOCKING THE MOUNTAIN ROAD OF VAL D'ASSA.

(Photos © Underwood & Underwood.)

FRENCH PRISONERS, HOMEWARD BOUND, PASSING THROUGH A GERMAN RED GUARD, with Bands About Their Sleeves and Some in Civilian Clothes, Posted on the Bridge of the Little Rhine at Strasbourg.

(French Pictorial Service.)

GENERAL HORVATH, CHIEF ADMINISTRATOR OF EASTERN SIBERIA, AND GENERAL IVANOFF-RINOFF, Minister of War of the Siberian Government, Holding a Review of the Young Soldiers of the New Russian Army Mobilized at Vladivostok.
(Photos © Underwood & Underwood.)



AMERICANS, ON GUARD AT THE BRIDGE OF THE MOSELLE AT TREVES, QUESTIONING GERMAN SOLDIERS DEPARTING FOR BERLIN.

CZECHO-SLOVAKS OF THE FIRST DIVISION MANNING A NOVEL BRUSH-CAMOUFLAGED ARMORED TRAIN CALLED "THE EAGLE."

AMI, REPUTED CHAMPION FIGHTER, Despite His Name, Among All the Mascots of the American Destroyer Fleet on Overseas Duty, Wearing the Gold Chevrons of More Than a Year's Service in European Waters, His War Career Running the Gamut All the Way from Plain Dog Fights to Pitched Battles on the High Seas.
(Times Photo Service.)

(French Pictorial Service.)

ST. JUVIN, EAST OF GRAND PRE IN FRANCE, Captured by Company H, Second Battalion of the 306th Regiment, 77th Division, Under Captain Julius O. Adler of New York. From a German Postcard View Left Behind When the Teutons Were Driven Out.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS ATTENDING CEREMONIES HELD AT THE GRAVES OF THEIR COMRADES AT MONT VALERIEN, NEAR PARIS, WHERE MAY BE RAISED THE PANTHEON TO AMERICAN DEAD IN THE WORLD WAR.

ALLIED PRISONERS OF WAR, TRAMPING BACK FROM GERMANY, CROSSING FROM THE GERMAN BORDER INTO BELGIUM.

(International Film Service.)

FATHER FRANCIS P. DUFFY, "Fighting Chaplain" of the 165th Infantry, "Old 69th" of New York, and Several Times Decorated for Valor Under Fire, with a Group of American Officers in the Devastated Section of France. In the Group, Left to Right, Are: General Michael Lennihan, a French Attache; Colonel Mitchell of the 69th, Father Duffy, Judge Eggeman, and George Boothby.
(International Film Service.)

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GLORIA GOODWIN, Whose Dancing Is a Feature in "The Melting of Molly," at the Broadhurst Theatre. (White.)

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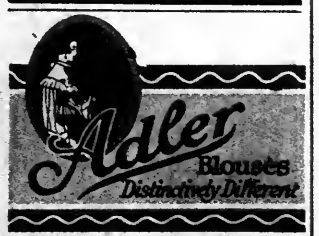

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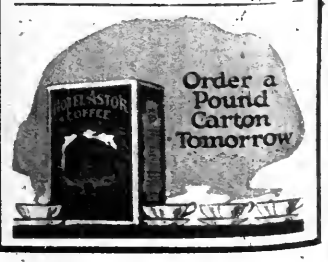

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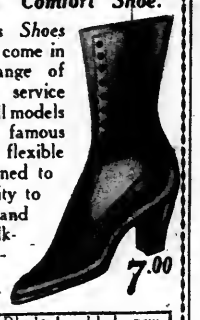

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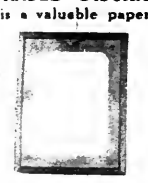

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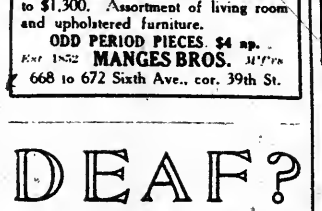

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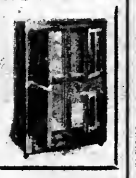

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The cape continues to lead the mode among discriminating women. This model, reflecting in its line the silhouette of Spring, is made up in blue serge, with bands of heavy blue silk jersey.

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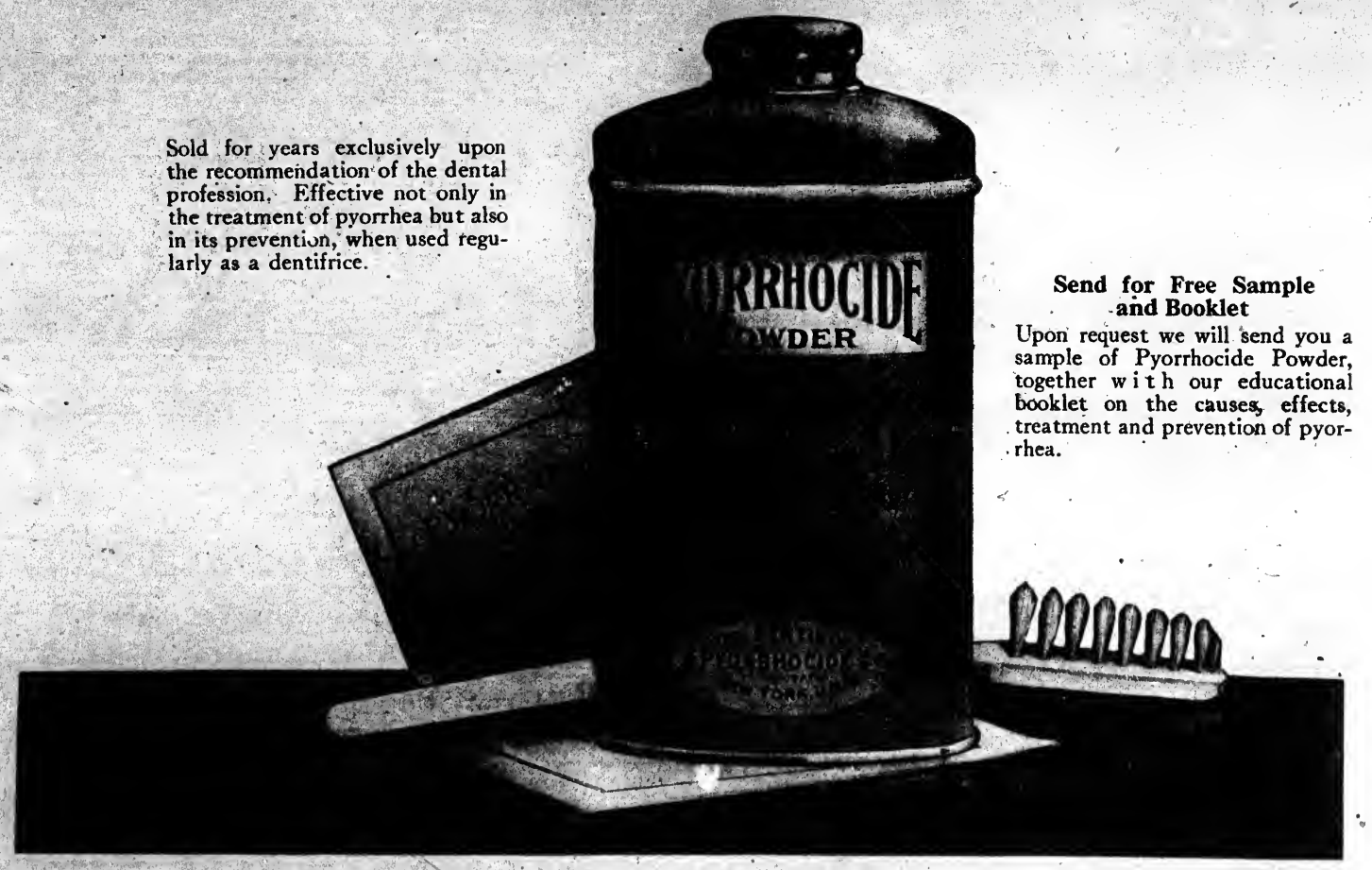

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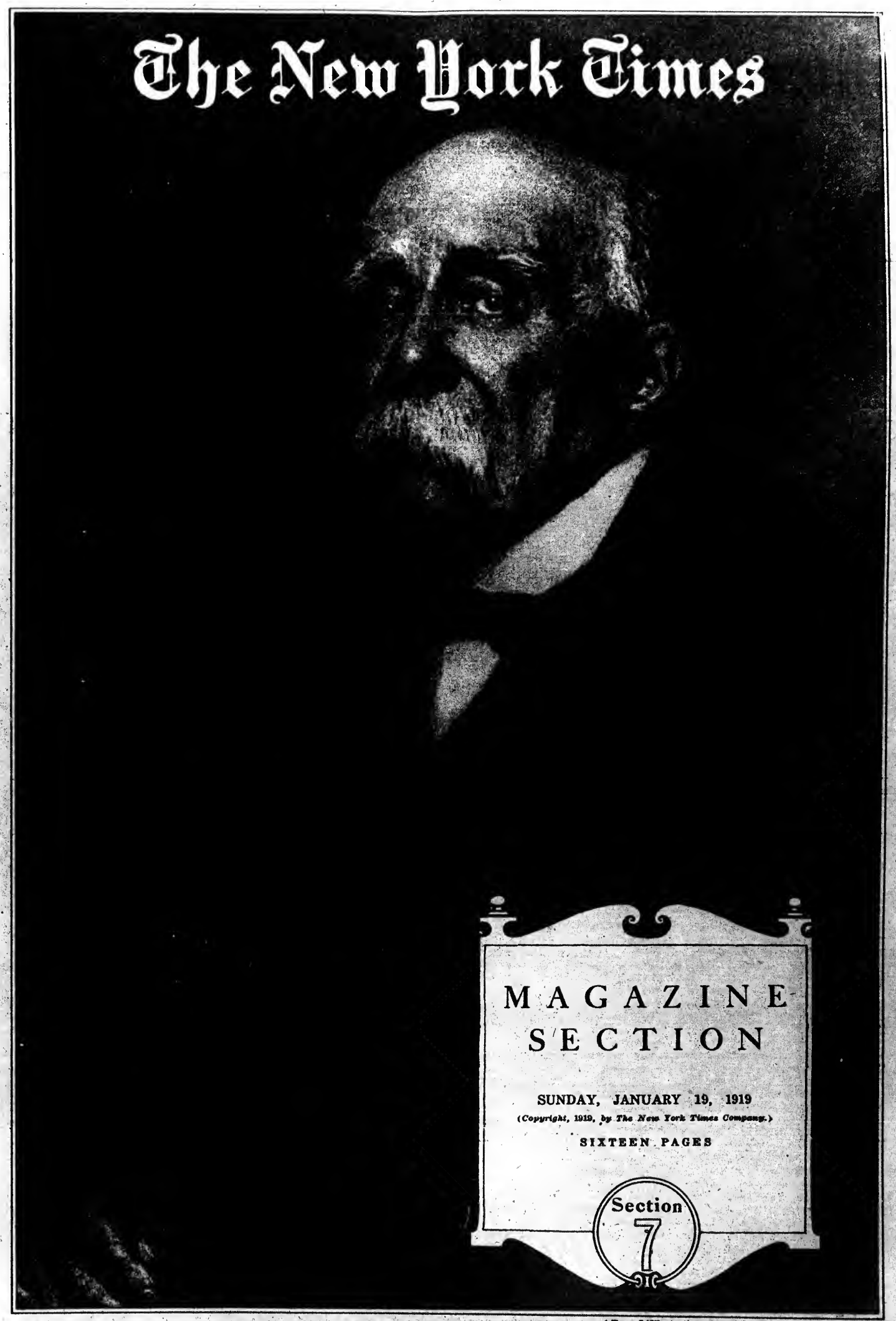

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GEORGES CLEMENCEAU, FRENCH PREMIER
The Famous Statesman, Known as "The Tiger," Who Presides at the Peace Conference

New Forces of Disintegration in Russia

Syndicalism, More Violent Than Bolshevism, Threatens to Thrust Unhappy Nation Into New Chaos of Lawlessness, Says Manuel Komroff, Just Back from Russia

NOW comes Manuel Komroff with the "inside" story of Bolshevist failure and misrule in Russia.

Komroff, an artist and writer, has been identified for twelve years with the revolutionary movement, and he left New York nearly two years ago on the same boat with four hundred other enthusiasts to support Kerensky. In Petrograd he was on intimate terms with leaders of various radical factions, and often attended their councils. He returned the other day depressed by what he had seen, but confident that with allied help Russia could win a way out of the present chaos to stable government.

Whether Bolshevism can continue to dominate Russia seems to Komroff doubtful. The chief factor menacing it is Syndicalism, which goes to more violent extremes. Unless a political truce is made possible, the nation seems likely to careen to the final verge of lawlessness.

"Although the Bolsheviki were prepared to take over the Kerensky Government," said Komroff, "they were not at all prepared to hold and conduct a nation of a hundred and eighty millions of people through a period of reconstruction. They had knocked out the foundation stone of the existing social system, and even the leaders were not ready to assume control. They lacked men of brains and the necessary outside aid. Smaller nationalities seceded and proclaimed themselves republics, such as Finland and Siberia. Little by little, as though from leprosy, parts dropped away.

"And, in addition to this, there was Germany, sucking the very blood of Russia.

"To start with, the Bolsheviki took control of the State in order to put their theories into practice. Ultimately this degenerated into a struggle for power. Any method which would help them to gain control they considered legitimate, and if they have taken German gold, that is their excuse. All over Russia, after the Brest-Litovsk treaty, it was known that German money was being received, and accepting it was extenuated on the ground that even the devil's money was good, if it helped the revolutionary cause. In the same way violence was justified to the Bolshevist mind.

"I believe it was Karl Marx who first set up the theory that, because capital was being concentrated in the hands of a few, and because these few would gradually diminish, a point would be reached when the producer would automatically become the consumer. When that time came, he said, it would be an easy matter for the State to take control of industry. It is worth noting that many of our ablest sociologists have abandoned this theory. Perhaps no man's social theories have suffered more by this war than the theories of Karl Marx.

"It ought to be said that the reason for the failure of the Marxian theories in the test of war was not that he was a German, but that the theories lacked idealism and vision.

"The Bolshevist theories are Marxian theories. That they were ridiculously inadequate was soon apparent; but the Bolsheviki knew nothing to do but to hold on to the last. This meant violence. Counter-revolutionists were suppressed with the utmost severity. Opposition newspapers were closed. Maxim Gorky, who had been exiled by the Czar for revolutionary utterances, could please neither Kerensky nor Trotzky. His paper, Nova Zishn, [New Life,] was suppressed by both of them because he criticised the administrations; and once, during a temporary period of publication, he wrote bitterly: 'We are in sad plight indeed if we have substituted for the old reign of tyranny a new reign of terror.'

Catherine Breshkovsky, "Little Grandmother of the Revolution," Seated in a Chair Used by the Czar Before He Was Dethroned by the Russian Revolution.

"The 'Ideal Socialistic State' was fighting and is fighting today for its own existence. Civil war is raging. The theories of the Bolsheviki are being stretched to the breaking point. One reason there is such tension is that those theories, although they might possibly be imposed with some success on another people, can never be applied fruitfully to a nation of the Russian temperament.

"The trouble with the Russian peasant is that his soul bothers him. Oftentimes he can't sleep at night on account of it. These illiterate men are pondering the riddle of the universe and discussing it daily as though nothing ever had been said or written about it.

"Every Russian has within him a little Tolstoy, who asks at every step, 'What good is this?' or, 'How do I know?' All of them are far more spiritual than we. One of the obstacles to the industrialization of Russia is the fact that the Russian has little interest in material things. That is why Bolshevism, which is wholly materialistic, has proved such a colossal failure. It is one-sided. It lacks vision.

"It was because of the Russian temperament that the revolutionists made art immune from damage. The statue of the Czar was not molested, however great may have been the surge of wrath against him when the men he had oppressed came into power. The statue of Catherine II. in the Nevsky Prospekt stands uninjured, although I have seen a red flag flying from her sceptre. The eagles over the imperial gateways and even over the entrance to the famous fortress of Sts. Peter and Paul were unharmed. These things were held to be art, and the slogan was 'Hands off!'

"I remember well my first visit to the Winter Palace. The red carpet was ugly, the tapestries uglier. The iron fretwork of the railings was a poor imitation of something Renaissance. I passed through a long corridor with frescoes like the icing of an expensive wedding cake. Then I emerged into the rotunda, and beheld that vulgar inlaid wooden floor, as though done with German patience on a bad theme. The square columns were of bright green malachite with gilded Corinthian caps. The walls were scarlet, and the hideously ornate chandelier added the final touch to an atmosphere of the motion-picture house.

"When I arrived at the private office of the former Czar, where Catherine Breshkovsky was, I said to her: 'Little Grandmother, how can you live in such a horrible place?'

"'Really,' she admitted, 'it is worse here than in prison, and uglier than the sin this place sheltered; but now that we are free, art will be free, too. We must have bad as well as good, without censorship. The bad will die, it is hoped, through its own vulgarity.'

"Then I understood why even revolutionary passion had spared those execrable example of aristocratic bad taste. For the Russian aristocracy has always had bad taste. Its members borrowed from France the worst of the Bougereau school and from England its worst mid-Victorian. They censored the art of Russia. They would not even speak its language. You remember how Turgenieff's mistress said to him despairingly, 'When *will* you leave off that barbaric dialect?' And Turgenieff, the master of Russian prose! And you remember how Tolstoy's works were printed in other countries and smuggled into Russia. Well, Russian is now the State language.

"So that some good has come of the Russian revolution, although the restoration of the language and the tolerance of bad art may seem light things to throw into the scale against tyranny and political intolerance. It must be remembered that most of the 'news' printed here about Bolshevism came, not from Russia, but from the enemies of the Bolsheviki, and most of it was false. But it is true that if you keep a man restrained, oppressed, censor and spy upon him, threaten him with personal violence, and then suddenly set him free, he will run wild. He will forget that liberty is not license. He will become drunk with freedom, and this is exactly what has happened in Russia.

"The entire nation is staggering. Not only are the Bolsheviki intoxicated with the lack of restraint and the sudden sense of power, but the Social Democrats, the Social Revolutionists, and the Syndicalists are in the same box.

"Something more must be told of the Syndicalists, who are an important factor over there: With the return of the political exiles to Russia came the ideas of French syndicalism. As the rich had fled and the army was then extremely busy at the front, there could be little opposition to extreme industrial unionization. No general strike was necessary. Those factory foremen who sided with the owners immediately got 'the wheelbarrow'—that is, they were put upon a wheelbarrow and gently trundled outside. There then remained nothing to do but to take over the factories, reorganize them, and divide the profits. This is what was done, not by the Bolsheviki, but by the Syndicalists.

"Syndicalism originally was supposed to be free of politics. It was not to meddle with the State. But as Governments have always opposed the Syndicalists, syndicalism came to include political activities. Contrary to the principles of socialism, it places industrial unionism first and politics second.

"In Russia large factories send Syndicalist delegates to the Soviets, and, as the political problems are uppermost there and as each delegate represents a great number of votes, their power is great. The Syndicalists have much in common with the Bolsheviki, but in industrial questions friction often occurs, as the State controls much of the raw products, especially those from mines not yet syndicalized, and also the means of transporation. The Bolsheviki hold a check on the Syndicalists, who must concede points in order to get material. They are discontented and have more than once put their protest into the form of strikes and slipshod labor. Obviously there is a diametric conflict between their theories of government and Bolshevism.

(Continued on Page 14)

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Why My Memory Rarely Fails Me

and how the method of improving memory may be learned in a single evening

By DAVID M. ROTH

NOTE: When I asked Mr. Roth to tell in his own words, for nation-wide publication, the remarkable story of the development of his system for the cure of bad memories, I found him reluctant to talk about himself in cold print. When I reminded him that he could do no finer service than to share his story with others—just as he is sharing his method for obtaining a better memory with thousands who are studying his famous Memory Course—he cordially agreed to my proposal. And here is his story.—President Independent Corporation.

FIFTY members of the Rotary Club were seated in the banquet hall of the Hotel McAlpin in New York. I was introduced to each member in turn, and each gave me his telephone number and told me his occupation. An hour later, after they had changed seats while my back was turned to them, I called each man by name, gave his telephone number and named his occupation, without a single error.

The following evening, in the office of a large business institution, I asked the president of the concern to write down fifty words, numbers and names, and to number each item. An hour later I called out each item, and gave the number opposite which it had been written.

At another time I glanced at the license numbers of a hundred and five automobiles which passed. These numbers were written down by witnesses, in the order in which the cars passed. Later, I called each number correctly and gave the order in which the numbers went by.

From Seattle to New York I have appeared before salesmen's meetings, conventions, and Rotary Clubs giving demonstrations of my memory. I have met over 10,000 people in my travels. Yet I am quite sure I can call nearly every one of these men and women by name when I meet them, ask most of them how the lumber business is or the shoe business or whatever business they were in when I was first introduced to them.

People wonder at these memory feats. Hundreds have asked me how I can store so many facts, figures, and faces in my mind, and recall them at will. And they are even more mystified when I explain that my memory used to be so poor I would forget a man's name twenty seconds after I met him! In fact that was what led me to investigate and study the cause of poor memory and the remedy. For years I read books on Psychology, mental culture, memory and other subjects. All of these books were good, but none of them were definite, or easy enough. So I labored until I found out *what it was* that enabled me to remember some things while I forgot others. Finally I worked out a system that made my memory almost infallible.

I explained my system to a number of friends and they could hardly believe it possible. But some of them tried my method and invariably they told me they had improved their memory power in a week. They got the method the first evening and then developed it as far as they cared to go.

The principles which I had formulated in improving my own memory were so simple and so easy to apply that I decided to give my method to the world.

At first I taught my memory system in person. My classes, in Rotary Clubs, banks, department stores, railway offices, manufacturing plants and every kind of business institution grew amazingly in size and number. Memory teaching became my sole profession, and a wonderful experience it has been all the way from Seattle to New York City.

I soon realized that I could never hope to serve more than a small fraction of those who needed my memory system and were eager to take it up unless I put it into a home-study course which people could acquire without personal instruction.

The Independent Corporation, whose President, Mr. Karl V. S. Howland, had become interested in my work as a member of my Rotary Club class in New York, saw the large possibilities of my Course as an element in their broad program for personal efficiency and self-improvement.

So it was my pleasure to join forces with this great publishing house, and the Roth Memory Course, in seven simple lessons, was offered to the public at a price of $5 (correspondence courses having been sold hitherto at anywhere from $20 to $100.)

No money in advance was to be asked, the idea being that the Course must sell itself purely on its merits.

As you have doubtless observed, an extensive advertising campaign was launched by my publishers with full page announcements in all the leading periodicals of the country and in many leading newspapers.

This campaign has continued without a let-up and with ever growing momentum.

From the very start this advertising became successful. The idea spread. Orders came in from everywhere. Edition after edition of the lessons were printed and still thousands of orders could not be filled.

The promise was made that the Course would improve any man's or woman's memory in one evening. And it did! Letters of praise began to pour in almost as fast as the lessons were shipped—and have kept up ever since in a veritable flood.

DAVID M. ROTH

For example, Major E. B. Craft, Assistant Chief Engineer of the Western Electric Company, New York, wrote:

"Last evening was the first opportunity I had to study the course, and in one sitting I succeeded in learning the list of 100 words forward and backward, and to say that I am delighted with the method is putting it very mildly. I feel already that I am more than repaid in the real value and enjoyment that I have got out of the first lesson."

Read this letter from Terence J. McManus, of the firm of Olcott, Bonynge, McManus & Ernst, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 170 Broadway, and one of the most famous trial lawyers in New York.

"May I take occasion to state that I regard your service in giving this system to the world as a public benefaction. The wonderful simplicity of the method, and the ease with which its principles may be acquired, especially appeal to me. I may add that I already had occasion to test the effectiveness of the first two lessons in the preparation for trial of an important action in which I am about to engage."

Mr. McManus didn't put it a bit too strong. And here is just a quotation from H. O. (Multigraph) Smith, Division Manager of the Multigraph Sales Co. Ltd., in Montreal:

"Here is the whole thing in a nutshell: Mr. Roth has a most remarkable Memory Course. It is simple, and easy as falling off a log. Yet with one hour a day of practice anyone—I don't care who he is—can improve his Memory in a week and have a good memory in six months."

Then there is the amazing experience of Victor Jones, who increased his business $100,000 in six months! And there are hundreds and thousands of others who have studied the Course and who have secured greater benefit from it than they dreamed possible.

Perhaps the main reason why my method is so successful is because it is so ridiculously simple. You get the method of obtaining a remarkable Memory in one evening—in the very first lesson. Then you develop your memory to any point you desire through the other six lessons. There are only seven lessons in all. Yet the method is so thorough that your memory becomes your obedient slave. And instead of being hard work, it is as fascinating as a game. I have received letters from people who say the whole family gathers round the table for each lesson!

Men and women from coast to coast have thanked me for having made it so easy for them to acquire a good memory. As one man said:

"Memory and good judgment go hand in hand. Our judgment is simply the conclusions we draw from our experience, and our experience is only the sum total of what we remember. I now store away in my mind every valuable fact that relates to my business, whether it is something I hear or read, and when the proper time comes I recall all the facts I need. Before I studied the Roth Course it took me three times as long to gain experience simply because I forgot so many facts."

And how true that is! We say of elderly men that their judgment is "ripe." The reason it is ripe is because they have accumulated greater experience. But if we remember all the important facts we can have a ripened judgment 15 or 20 or 30 years sooner!

Thousands of sales have been lost because the salesman forgot some selling point that would have closed the order. Many men when they are called upon to speak fail to put over their message or to make a good impression because they are unable to remember just what they wanted to say.

Many decisions involving thousands of dollars have been made unwisely because the man responsible didn't remember all the facts bearing on the situation, and thus used poor judgment. In fact, there is not a day but that the average business man forgets to do from one to a dozen things that would have increased his profits. There are no greater words in the English language descriptive of business inefficiency than the two little words, "I forgot."

My pupils are gracious enough to say that nothing will make that fatal phrase obsolete so quickly as the memory system it has been my good fortune to evolve.

* * *

Mr. Roth has told his story. It now remains for you to turn it into dividends. Such an ambition will be helped, we are sure, if you will spend the fraction of time it requires to send for the complete Course on absolute approval.

After a few hours spent with the Roth Memory Course the fear as well as the tragedy of forgetting should be greatly eliminated. You will obtain a fascinating new sense of confidence and power.

Not only that, but you will have a sense of freedom that you never felt before. You will be freed of the memorandum pad, the notebook, and other artificial helps to which most of us are slaves.

So confident is the Independent Corporation, the publishers of the Roth Memory Course, that once you have an opportunity to see in your own home how easy it is to double, yes triple, your memory power that they are willing to send the course on free examination.

Don't send any money. Merely mail the coupon or write a letter and the complete course will be sent, all charges prepaid, at once. If you are not entirely satisfied, send it back any time within five days after you receive it and you will owe nothing.

On the other hand, if you are as pleased as are the thousands of other men and women who have used the course, send only $5 in full payment. You take no risk and you have everything to gain, so mail the coupon now.

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N. Y. T. Mag. 1-19-19.

New Forces of Disintegration in Russia

(Continued from Page 2)

"Bertrand Russell, although he advocated syndicalism, has pointed out that, in their effort to remedy the evils of capitalism, the Syndicalists themselves become a dreadful power, and are capable of more tyrannical violence than the capitalists. They are, of course, much more extreme in their views than the Bolsheviki, and so are the anarchists.

"Although anarchism looks to a Utopia in which all would receive according to their needs and give according to their abilities, many anarchists in Russia have become so impatient that they have adapted their ideas to syndicalism. Many of them consider syndicalism the working clothes of anarchism. Some call themselves 'Anarcho-Syndicalists.' Whether these are more far-seeing than the Bolsheviki is a question for debate. Certainly they are more extreme. They have entered the Soviets, too, and are causing much trouble there. They have taken over the greater part of Russian industry, and hold much of the land. It is only by constant compromise with the Syndicalists and the anarchists that the Bolsheviki can maintain their control, even backed by their growing armies. The Syndicalists are one of the greatest powers in Russia today, if not the greatest.

"There are degrees of radicalism, you see, in Russia. The world thought Kerensky a wild theorist, but as a matter of fact he was for a time the only Socialist in his Cabinet, and I do not think there ever were more than three Socialists in it. Kerensky was overthrown because he was too conservative, for one reason. Then Trotzky and Lenine, who were more extreme, came into power.

"The Bolsheviki want State control and ownership of all industry. They want the land for the people, or rather for those who can work it. The land would belong to those who work it only so long as they work it. The only certificate of ownership one would need would be to show that the soil was under cultivation. Once you stopped

Statue of Peter the Great in Petrograd Which, Although It Represented a Romanoff Emperor, Was Spared by the Revolutionists.

plowing, the land would cease to belong to you. And the Bolsheviki propose that only the plowman and those who work shall have the right to vote. They propose, therefore, an autocracy of the workers instead of an autocracy of the idlers, such as they had before. The phrase, 'dictatorship of the proletariat' is commonly used to express their ambition, but it seems to me harsh. As a matter of fact, the percantage of those in Russia other than workingmen is small. But what the Bolsheviki propose and are now enforcing is, in fact, a class Government, and not a republic. It is a Government of the workers for the workers.

"Inequality is the distinguishing note of primitive society and equality the note of modern civilization. To the Bolsheviki equality theoretically means the total eradication of class lines; but in a larger sense they admit such a proposition is paradoxical because equality does not exist as a natural force, and the State can promise nothing more than equality of opportunity. Certainly they have not attempted the eradication of class lines. They have fanned class hatreds.

"But Russia must be saved. She must be saved from Germany, at any cost, and from continued civil war. As long as intolerance and violence rage there, Russia plays into Germany's hands. It is unnecessary to repeat here the facts of the impending German commercial penetration and domination. The facts should be well enough known by now in this country. The main thing is to find some way of salvaging Russia. That could be done, I believe, if a truce could be patched up between her warring factions.

"If a political truce were declared, the Allies would send supplies and other help into the crippled country, and the Russian armies now active in Siberia could form the nucleus of a new army, an army to liberate Russia from its own intolerance. During such a truce Russia must have a temporary Government, in which all parties must have a voice, but effective only during the transition period. As soon as the Russian people had drawn up a Constitution and elected officers that temporary Government should make way for them. It is obvious that in time the people of Russia must be allowed to choose their own form of government.

"Let us not forget that it took America six years to frame a Constitution which would hold water. Such States as Connecticut and Massachusetts did not enter the Union without a lot of coaxing and political engineering. Let us also bear in mind that the States in their period of reconstruction were a homogeneous people, while Russia has seventeen different nationalities, speaking seventeen tongues and animated by many different motives and interests.

"The United States of Russia (call it what you please) can only come into being through the will of the Russian people themselves, aided by education and democratic ideals. The price they have paid has been high, but liberty is always costly. The United States of America paid a high price in sweat and blood and tears for its freedom. This nation, it seems to me, is obligated in many ways to lend a hand to Russia."

Getting the Army Habit of Self-Sacrifice

It Became Just as Natural as Saluting, One Soldier Wrote Home to His Father---The War as a Teacher of Physical Endurance to Our Men

The following is from one of many thousands of letters received by American fathers from their boys on the other side, written on "Fathers' Day." It is from a First Sergeant who spent his twenty-first birthday in the trenches this year. The father is a prominent professional man of New York City, and another son is a First Lieutenant.

HAVING given you a slight idea of where I have been and what I have been doing, I want to try and give you an equally rough sketch of what it [the war] has done to me.

Primarily it has opened our eyes in regard to the adaptability of the human body and its almost unlimited endurance in the face of strain and hardships. For example, one night our outfit, in heavy marching order, carrying ammunition which brought the total of each man's burden close to 100 pounds, had to cover twenty-eight miles, steady marching, a feat which before the war we all would have classed as beyond physical endurance. However, we all staggered in at the finish, walking like men in their sleep, weaving from one side of the road to the other, and with the totally exhausted being supported by those more able.

Moreover, it has made many men more religious, though that is not just the word I want to use there. What I mean is that this life has given many opportunities for little acts of kindness and self-sacrifice, (that is the word I should have used, self-sacrifice.) It has been interesting to see how at first many men were rather ashamed to be caught doing something kind, or giving up something in return for the happiness of generosity. Later, however, the principle of sharing everything with the other fellow became as habitual and binding as the custom of saluting officers; really became instinctive. As for religion in itself, a'l I can say is that no man can go through one battle, with its ever-occurring miracles of courage and self-abnegation, where one juggles with death at every step, without coming back with an ironbound faith in Divine Guidance.

Lastly, every man Jack of us has given more time to serious thought than we ever did before in our lives. For a little instance, let me tell you that last night I listened to two men in bunks near mine, one of them an uneducated Russian from the Ukraine, and the other an illiterate coal-wagon driver from Philadelphia, discussing the underlying principles of this war, and trying to see why it was necessary for so-called civilized nations to take up arms against one another. Although I could have improved upon their diction and grammar, I was ashamed to admit that they were going deeper into many questions than I had ever done, and were showing that they had worked out philosophies of life to a much finer point than I had ever attempted.

Many of us have had an opportunity to focus our mental lens, newly clarified by our experiences over here, on our lives "befo' the war," and have been rendered capable of seeing that some of our ideas and ideals were wrong, and I feel safe in saying that more "good resolutions" have been formed by Americans in France since the war started than were made on all the New Year's Days of the past ten years. There is one salient difference, though, and that is that the proportion of these resolutions which is carried out is going to be far greater than the proverbial New Year's ones. Therefore, taking it all in all, I feel safe in saying that I expect you will find me greatly changed when you next see me. Not physically, for outside of a couple of scars and a pair of frosted ears I bear no physical signs of my trip, but mentally, for I believe I will have shed a little of the queerness with which I did most of my thinking and feeling, and have become just a normal, ordinary creature, giving a little more thought to things worth while, and pitching into life with a little more definite aim.

No doubt you will have some sort of a [Christmas] celebration, though nothing like the old ones of Seventy-sixth Street. However, please present my greetings to any of my friends with whom you happen to be on that day. You will probably see M., Mr. B., Uncle W., and others that I know, so just tell them that I will be holding a mental Xmas party over here, at which they will all be present.

Take care of yourself, Dad, and don't be surprised to see me walk in most any day, for we are living for the time when our particular unit will start home. It may be only a month, or it may be six months or a year, but in any case it will be time well spent. Yours, S.

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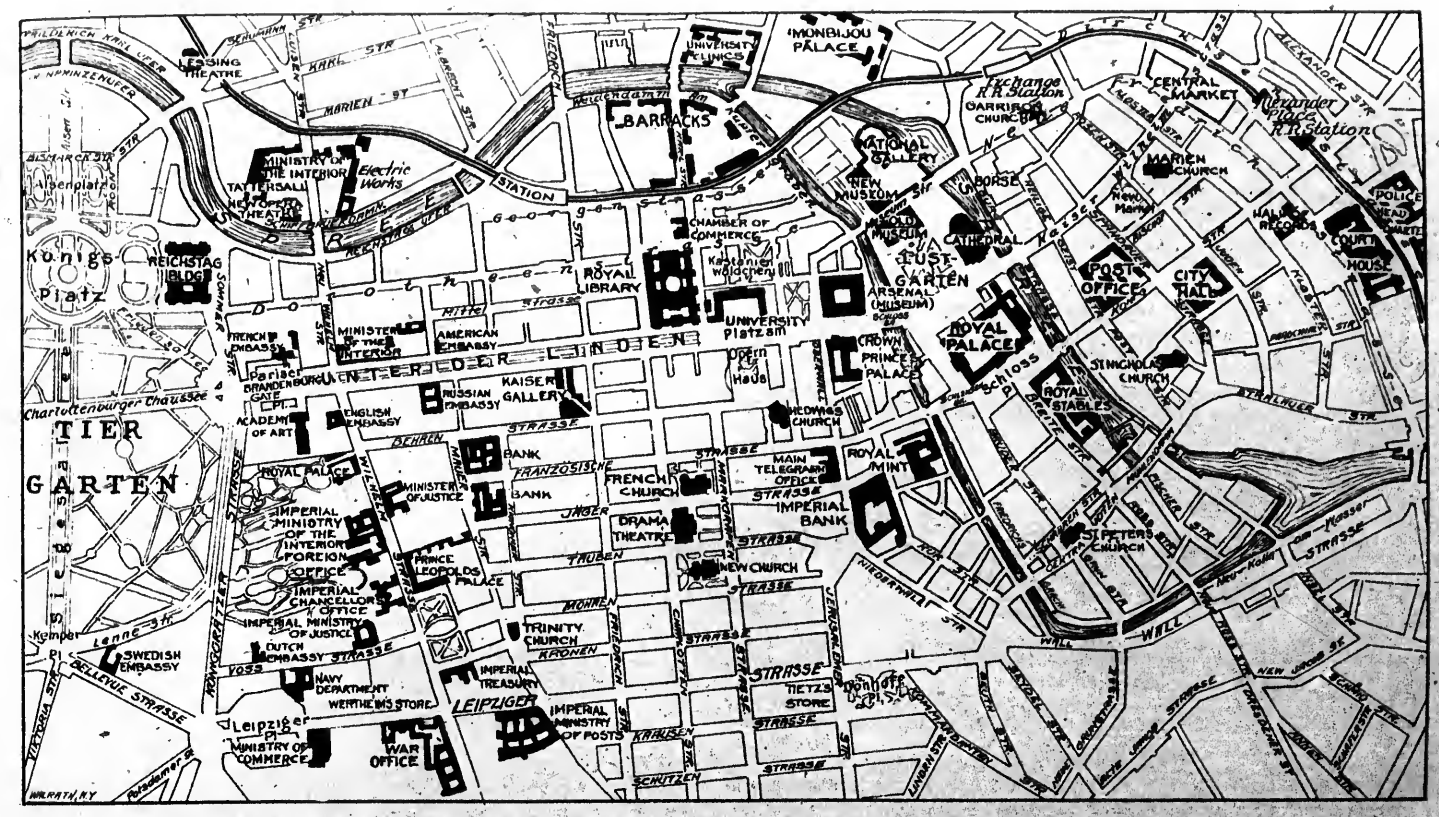


Central Part of the City of Berlin, Where Most of the Recent Bitter Fighting Between the Ebert Government Forces and the Spartacide Rebels Has Occurred. It Includes the Principal Public Buildings, Famous Thoroughfares, Business Houses, and Newspaper Offices of the German Capital.

When Revolution Stalks Streets of Berlin

Tourist Landmarks Converted Into Fortresses, and Battered with Heavy Guns, as Spartacides, in Armed Revolt, Attempt the Overthrow of the Ebert Régime

WHEN Germans wreathed their returning soldiers with laurel, accounting them victorious because the Fatherland had been spared the ravishment of war, they did not realize that revolution was yet to audit the books with a red pencil. Many of the chief buildings in Berlin and some in other cities are mutilated now, and the soldiers they crowned have manned the heavy guns which helped demolish former tourist landmarks. The Brandenburg Gate became a fortress, and on top of structures scattered through the capital grenade squads and flame throwers have been at work.

Berlin has been most ravaged by the factions, and the map herewith shows the central portion of the city, where much of the fighting has occurred. It began on Jan. 6 in the Wilhelmplatz, where there was a sanguinary conflict, from 6 o'clock until 9 in the evening, between the Government troops and the Spartacides; and it spread to the newspaper quarter and other districts, with the telegraph offices and Police Headquarters as centres of battle.

The Central Telegraph Office is in Oranienburgerstrasse, and Police Headquarters in the Alexanderplatz. The deposing of Chief of Police Eichhorn, the last representative in a position of power of the revolutionary faction, apparently precipitated the bloodshed. When the night of Jan. 6 came, the Wilhelmplatz, on which stands the Chancellor's palace, was strewn with dead and wounded. On that same day Liebknecht led a mob against the Vorwärts building, later to become the scene of prolonged and destructive fighting, and Ledebour led another against the Wolff Bureau, the official news agency of the former empire.

Vorwärts, a Socialist newspaper, was so mild as to be almost as unsatisfactory a publication to the revolutionists as the Wolff Bureau itself, and after they gained possession of the building they issued it in a new form, called "The Red Vorwärts." Armed Spartacides paraded Unter den Linden and the Brandenburgerstrasse to the Chancellor's Palace and the Tiergarten, and when they encountered Government forces engaged in affrays with them. The Hotel Adlon, where American officers of the prisoner and food commission were stopping, seems to have averted assault by hoisting the Stars and Stripes.

Government machine-gun troops were stationed the next day atop the Brandenburg Gate and troops equipped with flame throwers occupied posts near by. A recruiting office was opened in the palace of Prince Leopold, opposite the Chancellor's palace. Liebknecht's men assembled at the Siegesallee, and when groups of the opponents met, frequently there were fights, such as that at the corner of the Leipzigerstrasse and Wilhelmstrasse. The encounters waxed more bitter on the following day in many quarters of Berlin, and were especially violent in the newspaper district. The Wolff Bureau, Tageblatt, Vorwärts, and the publishing houses of Scherl, Morse, and Ullstein all had been seized by the Spartacides and were subjected to simultaneous attack by the Government forces. About the Tageblatt building on Schützenstrasse and the Wolff Bureau on Charlottenstrasse the fighting was fiercest. Hand grenades and machine guns were used.

A large building near the royal stables (still so-called even under the Ebert régime) was used as an arsenal, where fresh recruits to the Spartacide ranks were armed. Faring forth, some of these men joined the pitched battle raging between the Herrenhaus and Wertheim's department store. Other Spartacides broke into the War Office, but were ejected. At the corner of Unter den Linden and Friedrichstrasse there was an affray between Spartacides and "Scheidemen," as they called the Government soldiers.

The Spartacides converted the buildings of Vorwärts, the Tageblatt, the Vossische Zeitung, Lokal-Anzeiger, and the Wolff Bureau into formidable fortresses. Government forces made the Dönhofplatz a base of attack on the Tageblatt building, and the Belleallianceplatz an artillery base against Vorwärts, which is No. 3 of the Lindenstrasse. After the defenders of Vorwärts had sent forth an emissary under a white flag to treat unsuccessfully for their liberty if they evacuated, the Government troops blew down the whole front of the building and captured it. After days of fighting the Spartacides also surrendered the Beauxenstein printing works.

Artillery was posted on the roof of the Patent Office, facing the canal near the Lindenstrasse. From shelter behind the Trinity Church Spartacides rushed forth and broke through the line of Government soldiers guarding the Kaiserhof, to open counterfire on the Patent Office battery.

Asserting that the Spartacides had executed seven Government soldiers, the Schiedemann forces, according to wireless report, began to undertake reprisals, and the revolution assumed the gravest aspects of the terrorism Petrograd had been witnessing. But it began to appear early last week that the force of the revolution had been broken. The Government announced the capture of Police Headquarters and of Boestow's brewery, both of which had been fortified and strongly held by the Spartacides. Liebknecht and Eichhorn were reported in hiding.

Police Headquarters was bombarded with seven-centimeter guns from neighboring buildings south of the Alexanderplatz. Some of the guns were taken over the Stadtbahn, or City Railway. The Spartacide machine guns were put out of commission and the building almost reduced to ruins.

When defeat of the revolutionary movement seemed certain, Spartacide troops began looting. Armored cars made foray expeditions to Junker estates and returned abundantly laden with hams, eggs, and poultry. Chief of Police Richter, successor to Eichhorn, announced that the small arms of his force, which had been taken away by Eichhorn, should be restored, to check the freebooters.

There was need for some such measure. In Frankfurterstrasse the Spartacides robbed a branch of the Disconto Bank of 100,000 marks, (normally about $25,000.) A squad in an armored car looted a department store of goods and about 50,000 marks. At a dance hall much frequented by profiteers they made an armed midnight raid which brought them much in money and jewels. But the fact that the revolution had reached this stage of felony indicated to Berlin observers that it was at its conclusion.

Cheerful Australians

AUSTRALIANS are furious fighters, who have given proof of their mettle in countless thrashings administered to the Germans, but they are also, like many other high-spirited men in other parts of the world, averse to control and inclined to be restive under discipline. Numerous stories of unruliness and flippancy toward superiors among Australian soldiers have drifted across the Atlantic. Here is one told in a letter by R. G. Russom, formerly of THE NEW YORK TIMES Art Department, now a private in the Australian forces in England:

"Yesterday on parade the officer numbered us off. The first man said 'one,' the second 'two,' the third 'three,' but when it got to 'ten' the next man said 'jack,' the next 'queen,' the two next said 'king' and 'ace.' The officer stopped the numbering and said: 'Fall out, the court cards!'

"That broke up the parade."

Some of the 2,200 Employes of the War Trade Board, Photographed in Front of Its Building at Washington, D. C.

WAR TRADE BOARD'S PART IN THE WAR

Enemy Industry Crippled at Home as Well as in Foreign Lands, Propaganda Scotched, Food Restricted, While American Shipping and Commerce Were Stimulated

By LEONARD HATCH.

WHEN Uncle Sam went into the war it was with "both feet." Not only should military campaigns be waged against the enemy, but economic warfare, too, and both with the same relentlessness, the same intelligence, the same vigor. How splendidly the military triumphed is familiar to all. How successfully the economic campaigns ended is still to be told and best told through the work of a Government organization, large in numbers, vital in function, wonderful in results, and inconspicuous in print—the War Trade Board.

When German war factories lacked steel-hardening materials for shells; when German firms shut up shop in South America; when Pershing's men obtained saddles and mules from Spain; when we and our allies received lumber from Switzerland and iron ore from Scandinavia; when "movies" spreading German propaganda were banished from the theatres of neutrals; when German trade with contiguous neutrals was virtually cut off; when hidden German-owned property was revealed in this country and its possessions, and when hundreds of thousands of ship tonnage were diverted to meet the requirements of the Yanks overseas, the trail of responsibility leads directly to the War Trade Board.

German firms outside of Germany, notably in Spain, South America, Mexico, Central America, and elsewhere, were piling up undisturbed fortunes in business with which they spread propaganda against the Allies or conserved for after-war purposes in re-establishing German credit and commercial power. In fact, Germany was so little hampered that the hope of starving her into submission had vanished.

America recognized these facts as she joined the Allies. It became evident that sterner measures were required to win. It was patent that the essential war materials of the world must be conserved for ourselves and the Allies, that new policies toward neutrals must be established. From the first there was the heartiest kind of co-operation between America and its allies.

By virtue of the Espionage act of June 15, 1917, the Exports Council was created by Presidential proclamation to meet the conditions of that time. A month later there was issued the first list of restricted exports for which licenses must be obtained. Aug. 27, 1917, the list was extended and an Exports Administrative Board was established. The Trading with the Enemy act was enacted Oct. 6, 1917, which gave power over imports as well, and Oct. 12 the War Trade Board came into being. Three days later it issued its first order.

At once the board declared intensive economic warfare on the enemy. All essential war materials here or abroad must be conserved for ourselves and our allies. All imports must be controlled to conserve ships for the business of the war. If the United States was to supply the allied and neutral world with foodstuffs, a rationing system must be adopted. Through the control of exports and imports, ships must be diverted from normal trade to war routes. Sugar must be brought from Cuba; wool from the Argentine; nitrates from Chile. These were war necessities, and tonnage must be switched from other to transatlantic routes to meet the necessities of war.

The War Trade Board resolved itself into the biggest export and import business in the history of the world. It put virtually the world's shipping into its own hands. It meant that every export and every import touching this country and its war associates, and, by virtue of bunker licensing every neutral, required a permit to be moved. It involved daily transactions running from $40,000,000 to $50,000,000. It required the service of 3,000 employes, mostly in Washington, but also in every importing trading post in the world. It stood as the clearing house of world trade and the "contact" for the State, Treasury, War, Navy, Shipping, War Industries, Food, and other Government departments. It was the focal point of trade agencies of the earth.

Branches of allied embassies had their offices in the board's building. Ambassadors, Ministers, Consuls, high commissions of neutrals were its frequent conferees and visitors. The world trade dreams of kultur were but nightmares compared with this necessary war-period actuality.

To prevent supplies from reaching Germany was an obvious necessity and little less so the crippling of what little trade she had. Through the splendid blockage of the British and allied navies virtually no supplies reached Germany directly from overseas. What entered Germany came from contiguous and the so-called northern neutrals across the Baltic, whose waters were safe from allied patrol. Yet this undisturbed flow of supplies was too vital to neglect, even though difficult.

Humanity dictated that America provide the neutrals with the absolute essentials of life. To the neutrals America said, "we will ascertain exactly just what your living needs are and we will provide those things in so far as we are able. We will not do it if Germany is to profit directly or indirectly. We will not give you oil for your factories to make war supplies for Germany. We will not send you oil cakes to put into your cattle to make butter and milk and cheese for our enemy. In return we ask that you put at our disposal such shipping as is now lying idle or engaged in non-essential trade and provide us with what commodities you can spare."

What the United States and its allies really did was to offer these neutrals a better proposition than Germany could. It was a system of bargaining, and the neutrals accepted the better offer.

The War Trade Board negotiated agreements with Denmark, Switzerland, Sweden, and Norway, made progress with Holland, whom Germany had by the throat, and consummated a commercial bond with Spain. The result was that these neutrals cut off Germany completely in some materials and in all others cut down their former exports.

The agreement with Switzerland was made Dec. 5, 1917, to run from Oct. 1 that year to Sept. 30, 1918. Agreements made at various times during 1917 with Norway, Sweden, and Denmark ran for the duration of the war. As illustrating the effect on Germany of just one of these agreements, the following table is illuminating:

Swiss exports to Central Powers in pounds for the first three months of

	1917.	1918.
Oatmeal	187,391	0
Flour	63,933	0
Dried fruits	127,866	0
Raw hides	127,866	0
Leather shoes	396,828	0
Cotton cloth	1,183,870	68,342

Switzerland agreed further to send no milk, edible fats or poultry to Germany. Norway cut its normal fish exports of hundreds of thousands of tons to 48,000 and exported no fish oil or other foodstuffs. Sweden's trade with Germany in foodstuffs was limited to cranberries. Denmark, solely dependent on Germany for coal, held its exports of butter, bacon, cheese, eggs to only a fraction of the amounts sent previous to the War Trade Board's agreement, and for every pound of foodstuffs Denmark sent Germany she sent a like amount to England. Germany did not receive a pound of cotton from these sources.

The agreements worked out the same way in respect of other than foodstuffs. Scandinavia and Switzerland ordinarily sent large quantities of metals and minerals to Germany for munitions. This stopped. In some cases not a single pound was shipped. Norway agreed to send Germany 200 tons of copper annually, but Germany had to return a like amount in manufactured articles. Of such essential war materials as bismuth, nickel, chrome, and manganese, Norway sent no more to Germany.

Germany not only lost these prized war commodities for herself, but she lost them to the Allies, for when the neutrals ceased to market them with Germany they sent them to Germany's enemies because Germany's enemies were keeping them alive. And so not only were the Germans tightening their belts for lack of food, but their war industries were beginning to starve.

An agreement along similar lines was in process of negotiation with Holland when the armistice was signed. That it was not signed along with the other neutrals was due to the pistol which Germany held at Holland's head and the threat of invasion. Holland was too close to Belgium to risk that.

In rationing neutrals the board took safeguards to prevent our supplies from leaking through neutral nations to the enemy. This was accomplished by the organization of distributing agencies and under interallied committee supervision. Violation, of course, meant rupture with America and the Allies, and, in Denmark, the Danish Merchants' Guild; in Holland, the Netherlands Overseas Trust, and in Switzerland the Société Suisse de Surveillance Economique were scrupulous in sealing their frontiers tightly.

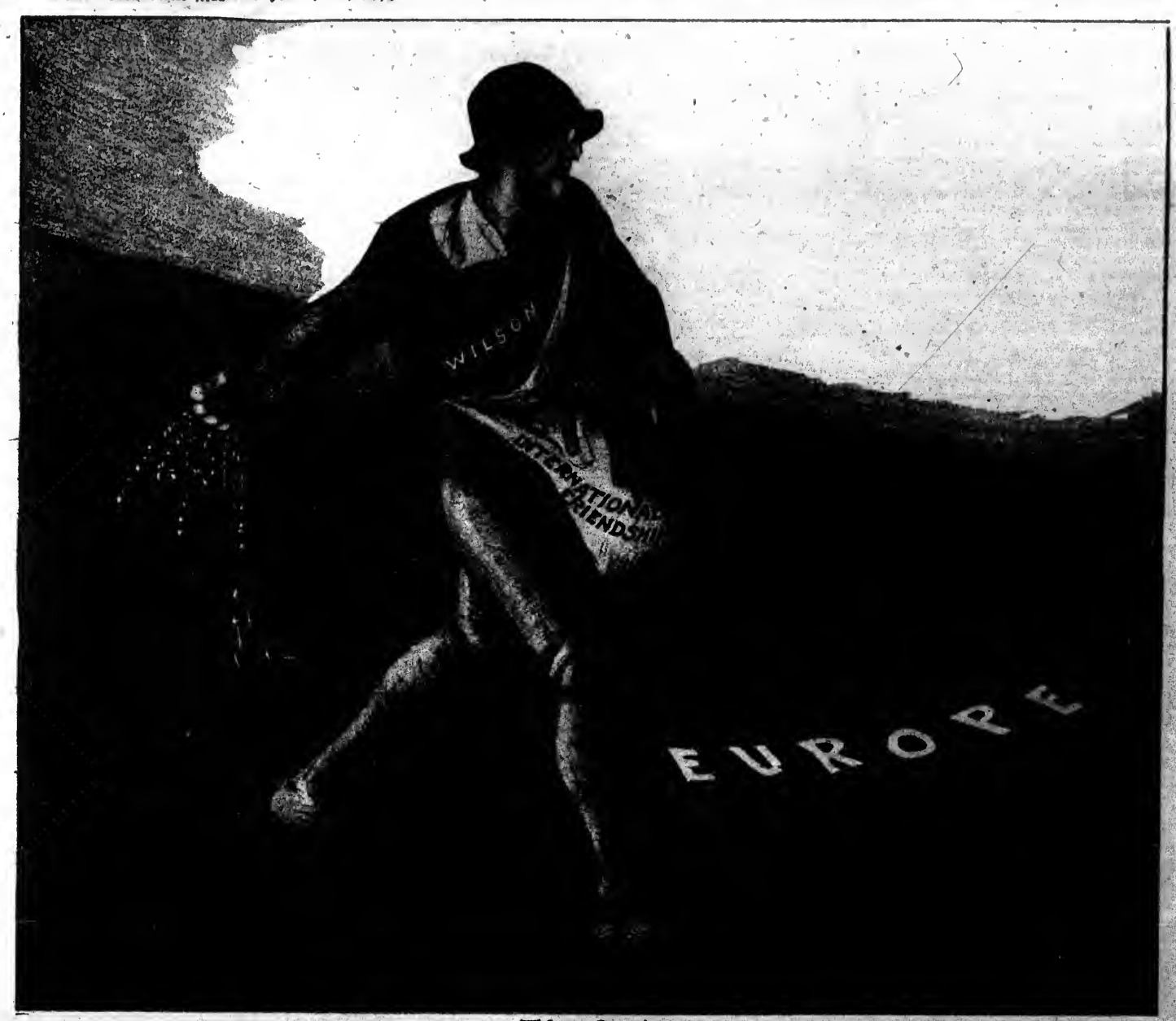
Another advantageous arrangement was made by the board with Spain by which General Pershing's legions and our allied armies received supplies. Spain needed our oils and other commodities. Our soldiers needed military supplies. The bargainers of the War Trade Board and the American Expeditionary Forces got busy, and Spain provided under an agreement of March 7, 1918, about 500,000 army blankets; 50,000 mules, 240,000 yards of canvas, 20,000 saddles and bridles, 100,000 pounds of harness leather, and other supplies.

Scarcity of tonnage required a strict rationing of ships by neutrals, the Allies, and ourselves. One of the most effective weapons designed to dominate the situation was the control of all bunker fuel through license for every ship touching American ports, continental or insular. Every ship of neutral or allied ownership had to be licensed if it wanted bunkers. As a consequence, the board could govern both voyage and cargo. If, in the board's opinion, the length of the voyage or the character of cargo was detrimental to the winning of the war, it refused ship fuel, until the skipper or owner agreed to those things which did help us win the war.

Guerno Hermanos of Mazatlan, Mexico, for example, was suspected of pro-German activities. He bought a racing yacht and took it to Los Angeles to be fitted with new machinery. When he went to clear port he was refused fuel unless he agreed to return to Los Angeles. He refused, and the racing yacht was left rusting in Los Angeles, and German commerce raiders did not profit thereby.

Similar methods kept in port a flotilla of small vessels operating off Florida and strongly suspected of supplying enemy submarines with gasoline and other supplies.

Relentless as was the board's effort to keep supplies from reaching Germany, just as relentless was the campaign to cripple her trade, to smash her foreign business, and to prevent her from recouping abroad her losses at home. This vital work was intrusted to the War



The Sower

ing a rare quality of beauty. To pass from the exquisite painting of a blue jay stretched lifeless on the ground to the warm, sparkling gayety of the "Edge of the Mill Pond" is to realize the breadth of Twachtman's sympathies with the world of nature. The exhibition will be open until Jan. 29.

American Sculptures.

The word American covers so many varieties of mind and temperament, education, talent, and character, that to attach it to any collection of painting or sculpture can mean only "not imported." At the Bourgeois Galleries is a collection of "American Sculptures" by men and women who have, whatever they lack, a common hatred of academic standards. In style they differ conspicuously. The energetic linear arabesques of Hunt Diederich, suggesting as little as possible the third dimension, are at the opposite pole from the compact forms of Cecil B. Howard upon whom primitive Greece has laid a restraining hand, and from the less nervous and fleshier bulk of the figures by Florence G. Lucius. Stirling Calder's athletic forms contrast startlingly with the long, loose spiral of the wood carving "Flames," by Robert Laurent. Gaston Lachaise grafts upon primitive unity and simplicity the Parisian branch of rich sophistication. Arthur Lee makes his "Gerda" a natural childish creature to whom one turns with a sense of getting within the pleasant bounds of plain life, and the splendidly modeled animals by Grace M. Johnson have the same effect upon one type of American mind.

The drawings by the sculptors are admirable performances, showing the command a sculptor has over line and the degree of his interest in movement. The exhibition lasts through the month.

Hand-Decorated Textiles Exhibited by the Art Alliance of America.

The third exhibition of hand-decorated textiles is now being hung in the galleries of the Art Alliance of America, where it will be open to the public from Jan. 16 to Jan. 31.

Prizes totaling $750 have just been awarded in the competition which was organized by Albert Blum: For the most beautiful textile for costmue, two prizes of $50 each to Jack Singer and Hazel Burnham Slaughter; for the most beautiful fabric for interior decoration, $100 and $50, to Genevieve Jewett and Helen C. Reed; for the best ribbons, $75 and $25, to Mary Meigs Atwater and Josephine M. Weil; for the most beautiful fabric for negligee, $50, to Ruth Reeves Olds; for the most beautiful flat color typifying the spirit of the moment, $100 and $50, to Paul Jacob-Hians and Mary H. Tannahill; for pictur batik, $50, to Elsie Carpell; for wool embroidery, $25 for a pair of curtains designed by Margaret Prager and executed by Miss Jamjan; for a batik scarf, $25, to Isabel Cooper; for a batik table cover, $25, to Ella P. Speer; for hooked stool top, $25, to Ruth E. Brand, a pupil of the Girls' High School in Brooklyn; for hooked pillow top, $25, to Mrs. Eleanor G. Swan; for batik hanging, $25, to Hugo E. Robus; honorable mentions for their work as a whole to Mary Meigs Atwater, weaving; Helen C. Reed, tyed dyeing, and Josephine M. Weil, woven ribbons.

The first prize awarded for color went to a rich red dyed by Paul Jacob-Hians, which combines the red battle note with the blue of the sky, the vision of the ideal, this combination being the key-note of America's position in the war. The second prize went to a flame color, dyed by Mary H. Tannahill, the flame of democracy consuming autocracy. This victory color is the result of the yellow service star symbolizing those who have served and passed away, and the red star, the symbol of those who served and are here.

The jury that awarded these prizes consisted of: W. G. Burt, M. D. C. Crawford, Edward L. Mayer, Max Meyer, J. A. Migel, Miss Jesse Franklin Turner; and Miss Wolhelmine R. de Richey, of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C.

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Exhibition of 18th Century French Art

Art at Home and Abroad

Photo G. W. Harting.

Portrait by Nattier, Lent by James Speyer to Loan Exhibition of Eighteenth Century Art, at the Museum of French Art.

EIGHTEENTH CENTURY art has kept its ingratiating charm for the American collector in spite of a growing taste for Gothic, loyal preferences for Colonial styles, and brave adventures into minor periods with their independent charms. The fine loan exhibition at the galleries of the Museum of French Art dedicated to the reigns of Louis Quinze and Louis Seize is rich in the historical and familiar associations of those industriously decorative periods.

One hardly knows which to admire most in the art of the time: the astounding industry of the skillful fastidious workmen or their well-night impeccable sense of decorative effect. Their fervor in producing the beautiful objects commanded for Queen or Marquise made each of them, if not a masterpiece, at least the work of a master in his field.

Most of the things shown in the museum exhibition have been either in this country since the French Revolution or found by art lovers in unfrequented parts of France and shown here for the first time publicly. One of the features of the gallery is a marble mantelpiece of the Louis Quinze period, lent by Miss Diane del Monte. The warm flushed tone of the marble forms a pleasant contrast with the black statuette of Louis Quinze belonging to Mrs. William A. Clark. The furniture includes a beautiful little tambour table in marquetry, lent by Albert Blum, the decoration of doves and musical emblems of the most exquisite workmanship and the whole expressing the perfect mingling of taste with craftsmanship characteristic of the finest pieces of the transition period.

A small fauteuil with a frame of carved and painted wood is covered with petit point made by the Marquise de Lafayette for Mrs. John Jay when John Jay was in Paris in 1783 for the purpose of signing the Treaty of Paris. It is lent by Banyer Clarkson, Esq. The close precise work reminds us of the great industry practised not only by the French craftsmen but by the charming ladies for whom they toiled in that incredibly active eighteenth century when the Pompadour did tapestry and Marie Antoinette embroidered screens.

Other furniture comes from the collections of Mrs. S. Reading Bertron, Mrs. C. A. Spreckels, Mrs. James W. Lane, Mrs. William P. Douglas, Mrs. Stanford White, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mitchell Samuels, Thomas Hughes Kelly, Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. John A Logan, Mrs. John King Van Rensselaer, Mrs. George J. Whelan, and Richard Codman.

Delightful statuettes in soft paste Sèvres from models by Boucher and with all that artist's coquetry and daintiness are lent by Mrs. A. J. Drexel Biddle, Jr. Mrs. William P. Douglas lends an amazing collection of seals in various forms of the two periods, in soft paste and enamels, marvels of opulent design and fragile material. The bibelots; étuis and nécessaires, vinaigrettes, and snuff-boxes and surtouts de table, emphasize even more than the serious furnishings how far from flippant was the spirit of the century when it came to the work of one's hands. Trivial the ouject might be, the craftsmanship was other than trivial, and that is what justifies our twentieth century interest in these old precious things and points for us a moral clearly discernible in that immoral age.

The exhibition also includes books from the J. Pierpont Morgan collection, fans, jewelry, laces and embroidery, silver, terra cottas, miniatures, paintings, wood carvings, all the forms into which art flowed so easily and gracefully before the French Revolution cut off the heads of its patrons.

The objects are drawn from the collections already mentioned and those of W. R. Britton, Miss Shippen, Mrs. James Sullivan Bowdoin, Thomas Hughes Kelly, Mrs. John Woodruff Simpson, Mrs. A. Murray Young, Mrs. George J. Whelan, De Witt Clinton Cohen, Mrs. Charles Berg, Ogden Codman, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Markoe, Mrs. John C. Wilmerding, Thomas Pearsall Thorne, Miss Margaret B. Gould, Mrs. Orme Wilson, James Speyer, Mrs. MacDougall Hawkes, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Franklin Haven Sargent, Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, among others, and from the possessions of the museum, with a few pieces of unusual character from houses specializing in this period. The exhibition lasts until the 28th of the month.

Ricardo Canals.

Canals is a Spanish painter who finds his subjects in the street processions, the fairs, the café-concerts, the bull-fights, and the workrooms of the cigarette makers in Seville. His pictures at the Durand Ruel Galleries bring the warm Andalusian atmosphere into the environment of a New York Winter, and the contrast emphasizes the somewhat feverish palette, but the color, deep stainings of yellow and crimson and acid green, seems to express the mood of the pictures, the light-hearted, hedonistic mood of the people themselves. The costumes are vivid, the gestures are violently gay, throngs of peasure-seekers are seeking amusement indoors and out, dancers are following wild rhythms with the grace of Southern Spain, and even the workers are animated and cheerful.

The artist is happier with the pastel medium than with oil color. His pastels have every whit as much force as his oils and a greater authority of handling, with, naturally, fresher color and a lighter touch. The finest is perhaps the rugged little "Espagnole à l'eventail," in which the usual insipid suavity of the chalk plays no part. Among the oil paintings the "Bal Champêtre" with its hints of Watteau in a more robust idiom is altogether the most sustained in its aesthetic appeal. There are not only delightful passages of color in the various episodes of the composition, there is also a unity and an integrity of color that communicates the sentiment of the scene. The figures are spontaneous in gesture and the drawing is vigorous. There is something of idealism added to the realism of the artist's habitual style, but it only serves to enhance the impression of life.

Paintings by John Folinsbee.

Mr. Folinsbee, whose recent paintings are on view at the Ferargil Galleries, is cheerfully responsive to the enlivening effect of sunlight pouring down on garden beds of flowers in bloom and on the blonde head of a little human flower still in bud. His "In the Garden" is one of the pleasantest canvases in the exhibition, although the figure of the child is somewhat lacking in solidity in comparison wth the cluster of hollyhocks at the left. His "Beth" is another figure subject, a portrait of the same child holding a toy elephant in her arms. The artist has succeeded admirably in keeping the suggestion of childish charm without going into detail about it.

The landscapes are more familiar to Mr. Folinsbee's public and include some of his most serious work. "Autumn Gaiety," "Winter Afternoon," and "White House in Sunlight" show in full degree the material richness and the light, firm design characteristic of his later paintings.

"At Daybreak" is notable for the way in which the long curve of the river bank is broken in the foreground without sacrificing its beauty, and for the happy grouping of the houses on the bank to repeat without monotony its general direction, building up unconventional rhythms of great charm.

The exhibiton lasts through the month.

Chelminski's War Portraits.

Jan V. Chelminski was born in Warsaw in 1851, and studied in Warsaw and later in Munich, taking part for several years in the Bavarian Army manoeuvres in order to study military life at close range. Sporting and military subjects were his preference from the outset of his career, and in 1884, while in America he illustrated Roosevelt's "Cross Country" for the Century Magazine. He went to London in 1888, and during his eight years' stay there he became a British subject. After a visit to Russia in 1890 he devoted himself exclusively to military subjects, painting innumerable episodes of the Napoleonic epoch and making an exhaustive study of the army of the Duchy of Warsaw, spending several years in reconstructing with his brush the Polish Army, "younger sister of that of France." He produced forty-eight little pictures representing the ensemble of that army and nearly 112 uniforms of the Polish troops, and, getting his friend, Commandant A. Malibran, to collaborate with him by writing the history of the army, he recently published the whole work, history and illustrations, under the title "The Army of the Duchy of Warsaw, 1807-1815."

Thus Chelminski brings to war subjects a closely trained mind, and whatever you may think of his charming little paintings as art you cannot fail to respect their studious accuracy.

At the Kleinberger Galleries there is now an exhibition of four pictures by him commemorating the leading army officers of the present war. In one he shows Marshal Joffre, ruddy and robust, accompanied by Generals Pau de Castelnau, Franchet d'Esperey, and Marshal Pétain. Marshal Foch is accompanied by Generals Maxime Wiegand, Humbert, Degoutte, Gouraud, and Mangin. Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig is accompanied by Generals Sir Henry Rawlinson, Sir Herbert Plumer, Sir Henry Horne, and Sir Julian Byng, and General Pershing is accompanied by Generals March, Burland, Bliss, Liggett, and Dickman.

In these portraits, in spite of their minute detail, the feeling of open-air is given and the painting of the horses on which the illustrious officers are mounted is admirable. Other paintings by Chelminski are in the exhibition, but none shows his scrupulous method to better advantage. They may be seen throughout the present month.

Paintings by John H. Twachtman.

The words of an artist about an artist are always criticism of a kind to heed, and Childe Hassam in his introduction to the paintings by John H. Twachtman, now on view at the Macbeth Galleries, tells simple truth as painters know it. He speaks of the delicacy and evanescence of Twachtman's work as a matter of common knowledge, but he places his stress on the manly strength of the design which some of us may not have noticed. It is a man's work, he says: "You feel the virile line. It is in his clouds and tree forms, in his stone walls and waterfalls, in his New England hillsides, and in the snow clinging to the roof of an old barn or edging the hemlock pool. His use of line was rhythmic and the movements are always graceful." In making these two points, emphasizing the strength and grace of Twachtman's work, Mr. Hassam reminds us of what we always should remember and almost uniformly forget, that grace and rhythm imply strength. It still is a common bit of foolishness to think of work that is sensitive and graceful as lacking in strength and of work that is coarse and ugly as possessing it. Mr. Hassam sums it up for us in the genuine Greek spirit when he says: "A noble and expressive line, with a joyous feeling for nature, a frank and manly directness in presenting truths, by painting, however poetic and fleeting, must give value and distinction to any work in paint—or in any other medium in which we express ourselves in what is called art."

To see the pictures in company with this commentary by a painter intimately qualified to appreciate the merits of this particular kind of art is to see them under the most favorable conditions possible. Under any conditions, however, they must impress the observer as having

Trade Intelligence, best known as "W. T. I.," directed by Paul Fuller of New York, a distinguished lawyer.

If enemy trade was to be stopped, the board had to know the identity of foreign traders, their affiliations and their "cloaks" throughout the world. If a cargo of agricultural implements was to be licensed for export, the character of both consignor and consignee must be known. If either had German origin or connection, the license was refused. It was the business of "W. T. I." to "get the goods" and determine the enemy or non-enemy character of the parties to an export or import transaction, a process in which our allies played a substantial part.

In December of 1917 the Board, just getting under way really, had information on 8 per cent. of the persons named in the license applications. Today the percentage is 80. There are on file about 360,000 information cards bearing on 165,000 firms and individuals throughout the world. To obtain this information 67,000 special reports were made by agents of the board scattered all over the globe and working in harmony with agents of other departments and other Governments.

The size of the job facing the Intelligence Bureau is indicated by the fact that from Jan. 1, 1918, to the signing of the armistice it passed upon more than 2,000,000 applications, ranging from 7,000 to 10,000 a day, and with an average valuation of $3,500. In August, 1918, alone, there were 127,845 applications.

All enemy traders were placed on one of three "black" lists. A place on any one of these was a trade death warrant Neither neutral nor ally would deal w the branded name. One list, the enemy trading list, was public, and included al whose enemy standing was patent. Another, the confidential suspect list, explains itself, and a third, the "cloaks' list," included those "straw men" who acted for enemy traders.

In South America, Mexico, and Central America all the disguises of old Castilian names and Spanish accent and mannerisms, which the German had adopted, were penetrated by "W. T. I." and "to let" and "for sale" signs now hang all over the establishments.

The German house of Hasenclever, the big distributer of agricultural machinery on the east coast of South America, is out of business—forced to sell to American interests. Hasenclever, once on the blacklist, was a commercial outcast. He could deal with none. None dealt with him. In Chile the nitrate interests were in German hands. The United States through its control of fuel oil ousted the Germans. In Peru, the great Gildemeister. sugar interests are no longer Gildemeister. Put on the enemy trading list, they became traders without trade and had to renounce their control. With the consent of America and to protect the 10,000 employes the Peruvian Government took over the German concern.

The Casa Grande Sugar Company of Peru, the largest electric power company in Brazil, and three great banks in that section, all dominated by Germans, closed up. The "blacklist" branded them.

That sort of German trade suppression took place all over the world, because of the sleepless vigil of "W. T. I". Even the German movies in neutral nations did not escape the farflung arm. This was accomplished again through the control of exports. South American "movie" managers, wanting American and Italian films, were told they could not obtain license for export if their theatres showed German pictures, all of them, of course, propaganda. The "movie" theatres had to have our own and other pictures because even the congenital pro-German cannot spend evening after evening looking at just German pictures. The "movie" men saw the point and banned the German moving-picture propaganda.

When not turning up enemy traders War Trade Intelligence was revealing enemy-owned property to the Alien Property Custodian. A letter from an Austrian in an Austrian officers' training camp to a friend in this country was intercepted. It asked for $15,000 for spending money. That was the clue. It led to the uncovering of $400,000 worth of Austrian property in this country which was turned over to the Alien Property Custodian.

Perhaps no function of the board was richer in results than its diversion of ship tonnage to meet war needs. It was necessary to control our own and allied tonnage, but the war crisis demanded still more ships. The neutrals had some of them. They must be obtained by bargaining or diversion. It was up to the War Trade Board.

In September and October alone, due to control of imports and exports, the board was able to divert from trade to war purposes 1,200,000 tons of shipping, in addition to smaller quantities obtained in similar fashion before that.

By the control of bunkers it was easy for the board to persuade neutrals that if they wanted coal they could get it by engaging in some useful maritime pursuit. An equally fascinating offer was to place certain much-needed commodities at the disposal of the neutrals if they would put ship tonnage at our disposal. And so again the bargain was struck.

In this fashion the War Trade Board obtained from Norway 154 vessels of 607,544 tons; from Sweden, 67 vessels of 200,000 tons; from Denmark, 53 vessels of 265,000 tons. Holland, under an uprised German club, hesitated. She was offered wheat if she would come for it. Still the German threat persisted, so 484,053 tons of shipping lying idle in American ports were acquired under international law by executive order under pledge of fair compensation and full return.

Japan also had considerable tonnage and shipbuilding facilities, too. She needed steel ship plates badly. America had the steel ship plates, but steel was a war essential and had to be conserved. But the United States could afford to export the plates for ships, so Japan turned over and contracted for 522,908 tons.

This process added more than two million tons to our shipping resources, making possible an uninterrupted flow of war supplies to the fighting line and of war materials to the munition factories in our own and allied lands.

While these restrictions forced radical changes in private business, it is the statement of members of the board that American trade promptly approved the policies and submitted patriotically to the sacrifices.

In the War Trade uilding, covering an entire Washington block, are one and one-half miles of hallways, 300,000 square feet of floor space, 300 separate officer. Distances are so great that a corps of twenty-five boys use roller skates to deliver messages, and make 1,800 calls daily. It has its own mail service, which handles 4,000 to 5,000 communications a day, with a delivery and collection every twenty minutes.

There are 372 main telephones and 161 extensions. To provide the buzzer system required 250 miles of wire. There are 500 electric fans, 1,000 typewriters, a print shop with 3,000,000 impressions a month. A mailing list to exporters, importers, newspapers, and others number 20,000. In 1918 thus far 13,000,000 envelopes were used.

German munition factories were so hard pressed for copper, cotton, and other raw materials for shellmaking in the later days of the war that church bells, door knobs, even the guns of their craven navy, were being melted down to make munitions for the hard-pressed German military machine. The embargo and the blockade and the agreements engineered by the War Trade Board with neutrals were getting in their fine work. The proportion of "duds," dead shells on the battlefield, was increasing.

When the embargo cut off fodder supplies to Germany, and restricted foodstuffs to neutrals, it was felt shortly in the horse transport service of the enemy. Germany had done wonders with motors, but when America cut off its supplies of rubber, these noiseless tires gave way to clanging iron bands. Consequently motor trucks, thus equipped, carrying supplies, had to withdraw from front-line service and horses substituted. But the horses, scantily fed, lacked pulling power, and shells and food for the fighters began arriving later and later.

Nor was this the only way the War Trade Board attacked the German Army from the rear. The enemy was getting ammunition in reduced quantity and quality. Not only had the board prevented steel-hardening materials from getting into Germany, but the food supplies for the munition workers were getting so shabby that they failed to produce the energy which would produce the munitions in former quantities. The workers' rations were just about enough to sustain life, with nothing left for the generation of energy.

By ruthless effort the German Government seemed able to supply its army with food, but it was at the expense of the people back home, who constituted the "home front." It is one of the ironies of the war that no matter how much wheat-growing territory Germany conquered, her grain supplies kept decreasing. Economic warfare was again hitting the mark. It prevented soil fertilizer from getting into Germany so completely that the soil became impoverished and, in the hands of equally impoverished agriculturists, simply refused to yield. All the invaded lands of Russia, Belgium, Northern France, Serbia, and Rumania failed to provide Germany with her required grain supplies.

In Germany, as a result of the board's activities, the people were without those foods which produce energy—butter, meat, fats, oils. At this time the German civilian received per week the same weight of fat that a 3-cent postage stamp will carry in America. His coffee was gone. His bread was vanishing. Meat was a memory. Of fruit there was none. About all he had left were small quantities of rice, sago, home-grown vegetables, and an unending list of the famous German food substitutes. These might sustain life, but not energy.

The German was becoming demoralized, dispirited. That wonderful loyalty and devotion to the German war machine was disintegrating. This epidemic spread to the army. The fighting forces here and there became affected. Wealthy Germans who had spent lifetimes building up business abroad saw it crumbling before the attacks of America's trading with the enemy lists. A great wave of depression spread over the whilom granite empire. The War Trade Board with economic warfare had attained its goal.

Floating a Ship on Her Side

(Courtesy Emergency Fleet News.)

The Charles R. Van Hise Being Floated on Her Side Through the Welland Canal. View Looking Toward the Bow, Showing Position of Pontoon Tanks.

THAT ships were cut in two in order to get them out of the Great Lakes and into transatlantic service when the war put its tremendous demands on American shipping is commonly known; but the expedient adopted to get the giant Charles R. Van Hise through the Welland Canal has attracted little attention. This vessel was of too wide a beam to pass through the Welland Canal. It was floated through by turning it on to its side.

The Charles R. Van Hise is a 9,000-ton freighter, twice as large as any of the other vessels taken from the Great Lakes. The locks of the Welland Canal are 260 feet long and 44 feet wide. Besides cutting the Van Hise in two, it was necessary to turn her on her side, and then she had only eight inches clearance. The plan for handling large ships on the lakes was devised by F. A. Eustis and carried out by the Shipping Board engineers.

Six pontoon tanks were placed on the forward section of the Van Hise. The tanks, when filled, held about 500 tons of water. The pumps were put to work, filling the tanks, steam being furnished by the tugs. It required about five hours to fill the tanks, when the bow section of the vessel had rolled over perfectly on its side.

The forward section was towed from Buffalo to Port Colborne, Canada, the entrance to the Welland Canal. She was then towed into the first lock and the gates were closed, which revealed that the project was a success.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt Discusses the Doughboy

Red Cross Worker Doubts Whether America Appreciates the Unselfishness, Manliness, and Heroism of the Youths Who Fought in France

"I WONDER," said Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, "whether the American people really can visualize what their boys at the front have been through? I wonder if they realize how fine they've been?"

Mrs. Vanderbilt has recently returned from France, where she was in charge of canteens, and hospital work as well for the Red Cross, and where her war service brought her into close personal contact with every type of American soldier. She talked with "the boys," sick and well, wounded, dying, recovering, on their way to the fight, and suffering or unhurt on their way out of it; and coming back to America she feels, she says, that the people here have not yet glimpsed the full vision of those lads' valor—and with it their fine, brave gayety, their cleanness, their honesty. If they did, there would be more of acclamation to greet the boys' return.

"The American soldier," she said, "is the finest thing God ever made. The boys have proved that over there. They deserve all there is in us that we can give them, of appreciation and pride and good cheer."

Mrs. Vanderbilt has been in the thick of the war since 1914. She was one of the chief founders of the famous "American Ambulance" at Neuilly, which, when the United States went into the war, became Military Hospital No. 1. She has nursed wounded Tommies and dying Poilus, and there has been none of the horror of war, as it comes to a great hospital, that she has been spared. She thought she had had all her discipline, she says, before the Americans got into the fight—she had become familiar long since with terrible wounds that were never known before this war, and with such suffering as the average person never guesses, and she thought that she was "hardened"—not in the sense of being calloused, of course, but in the sure ability to bear frightful things quietly and to have no fear of "breaking down." But when the first wounded Americans were brought into the Neuilly hospital, he did break down.

"I just sobbed," she said; "I couldn't help it. And then I said, 'Boys, don't be afraid of my crying. Don't think I'm an old softie. I'm not; and I'm not going to be sentimental about you. But it just seems as if you were my own flesh and blood—and I want you to know that.'"

Out of that experience in France, with our own soldiers, Mrs. Vanderbilt has brought two messages home. One is the thoroughgoing fineness of the American soldier as she saw it there. The other is a hint of the effort of the Red Cross workers to give the boys something of what their own mothers might have given them, the spirit of "home" that they took to France, and the soldiers' appreciation of it.

"Every one knows that they've been splendid fighters," she said, "but I don't think people here do visualize the hell they went through, or the pluck and fine spirit with which they went through it, and bore all their suffering.

"They never dreaded death, those boys of ours. They lived with it. It was a commonplace. It never occurred to them to be afraid of it. They did dread being severely wounded. And oh, how they dreaded," Mrs. Vanderbilt smiled, "oh, how they dreaded and hated having to stay in bed! But they never seemed to give a thought to death. That was just a part of the game. It wasn't because they were callous; they were very far from being that; they were just thoroughly plucky and fine. Their spirit was magnificent.

"I remember on Thanksgiving Day I had gone to the hospital, as inspector for the Red Cross, to see that everything was all right about the boys' dinner, and I went around talking with some of the boys. In one of the wards a terribly wounded lad had just been brought in. He had been shot through the lungs and was breathing with great difficulty, and I stopped by his bed to say something to him. He was a fine-looking lad, with beautiful thick wavy hair, and I said—wanting to say something light and casual—'What wonderful hair you have, boy. I envy you that hair of yours.'

"His eyes had the look of a man who is very ill and in great pain, but he grinned at me. 'There's nothing the matter with your own hair,' he said, and I laughed, and told him that I wished it was like his, and he grinned again, with

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Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Surrounded by Patients, Outside the American War Hospital at Neuilly, France, Which She Founded.

a devilish look. 'In fact, you've got darn good hair for an old lady!'

"The other boys all laughed and seemed to be wondering what I was going to say to him. I said, 'That's enough for you now. You must rest. The Thanksgiving dinner will be here soon, and you mustn't talk any more.' Then I went to another ward. Half an hour later I came back, and that boy's bed was empty, and when I asked where he was the others told me. 'He went West ten minutes after you left him,' they said.

"And I told them that the sadness mustn't spoil their Thanksgiving, that the boy wasn't dead, that he was carrying on just the same, and that they must, too. Twenty minutes after that their Thanksgiving dinner came in, and they all pulled themselves together and enjoyed it. They weren't callous; it nearly broke their hearts to see their comrade die; but they were just plucky and gay and fine.

"I remember one lad, too, who had been badly wounded, and whose wound was being probed. Of course it was unspeakably painful, and the doctor said, 'I hope I'm not hurting you too much, Buddy.'

"'Oh, no, you're not hurting me, damn you,' the boy answered. 'You're only irritating me!'

"They were always so funny and slangy. One time a lovely English girl who was working with us came to me in great perplexity. 'Mrs. Vanderbilt,' she said, 'I can't understand the way these boys talk. I said something to one just now and he said, 'Snow again, kid, I don't get your grip!'

"The freshness and vitality and boyishness of our soldiers meant much to the French," Mrs. Vanderbilt went on. "There is no youth left in France now. Even the children are old. And to the worn, tired French Nation the American boys brought this marvelous freshness, vitality, youth. It won the French people's hearts completely—their youth and vividness and cheeriness. And their wonderful spark and vitality put new strength and health into a tired people.

"Another very striking thing that I always noticed about those lads of ours was their straightness," Mrs. Vanderbilt continued. "For instance, when the cigarettes were passed around—and cigarettes meant so much to them—and each boy got two, if one lad happened to be passing through the room again, or to get to the other end of the line for some reason after he had got his cigarettes, so that he was offered another 'ration,' he wouldn't take it—not without explaining that he had already had them. That has happened to me again and again.

"And they went through hell. There's no other word for it. It wasn't only the fighting and being wounded—it was the suffering afterward. The boys dreaded the long agony of the trip back to the hospital far more than they dreaded going into the fight and being in danger of death. The difficulties of transportation and the tremendous congestion both on the way to and in the hospitals made everything very hard. There were often long waits—hours of torment—before anything could be done even to ease the pain. Our boys sometimes lay out in the mud and the rain, wounded, for thirty-six hours before they were picked up and brought to the hospital. In the hospital itself they often had to wait and wait, with nothing but first-aid treatment. It is that that I am thinking of more even than the fighting when I say that they went through hell. I wish our people here could visualize it, could realize what these boys who are coming back have been through, understand the pain they suffered, and their brave endurance through it all.

"It was all tragedy or comedy," she went on, "first one, then the other, close together. I've never had so many hearty laughs, and there have never been so many sobs in my throat. It makes me very tired," she added, "now that I am at home again, to have people speak of the 'sacrifices' I must have made, and all that sort of thing. Sacrifice! It was the greatest privilege I've ever known. Those four years of war work were the great years of my life. And when our own boys came there was nothing one couldn't do. One never stopped to think of whether or not one was 'tired,' one just went on. And the hard thing wasn't to go on working; it was stopping and coming home that was hard.

"But to go back to the boys; the French loved them and appreciated them. When a carriage or car with wounded soldiers in it drove down the Champs Elysées, every hat came off and people cheered until the boys were out of sight. When the boys back from the front who weren't wounded paraded, they were fairly covered with flowers. There was nothing the people couldn't do to show their pride and appreciation of our boys. And of course the Americans over there did the same thing. We knew what the boys had been through; we cheered ourselves hoarse.

"Then they come back here, these boys who have been so wonderful, and have fought and suffered so for us all, to a perfectly cold reception in this cheerless, gray city, that isn't even their home; nobody seems to pay any attention to them; every one looks as if nothing had happened, as if life were going on just the same. I used to say to the boys in the hospital, 'Wait until you get home; you'll see how proud we all are of you!' And when they get in to New York—these boys whom the French have cheered and covered with flowers—they see nothing of the sort. They meet a stolid lot of people who are afraid even to speak to them.

"It is not that I mean to criticise the people here," Mrs. Vanderbilt added, "or to fail to appreciate the sacrifices that thousands and thousands of those here at home have made. It is just that I feel that they don't visualize the situation, or realize how tremendous their pride in their soldiers should be. I want so to tell them, to make them see. Why, the crowds in the street ought to give everything they have in themselves of cheer and pride for our boys! Can't we understand what they have done? And can't we do something to make them see that we understand, to warm their hearts in their homecoming?"

Mrs. Vanderbilt was walking down Fifth Avenue one day last week when a young private soldier stepped up to her with outstretched hand. "Gosh, Mrs. Vanderbilt," he cried, "I'm glad to see you!"

"And then," she said, in telling the story, "he went on to say how much he had enjoyed being in the hospital at Neuilly. I said, 'Enjoyed being in a hospital?' Oh, that is too much blarney!' and he said 'no. I mean every word of it. I enjoyed being there. You were all so good to us. You made us feel at home.'

"Well," she went on, "that is what every American Red Cross woman in France tried to do. And I wish I could make the American mothers realize how keenly the American women over there felt that it was up to them to care for the American boys as their mothers cared for them at home."

THE MYTH OF "REPERTORY"

By JOHN CORBIN

THE present dramatic season, as yet scarcely half over, has witnessed the inception and the abandonment of two organizations that proclaimed themselves repertory companies—one managed by Iden Payne, the other by Norman Trevor and Cyril Harcourt. Last year saw the end of the Washington Square Players, and the year before the end of Grace George's "repertory" productions at The Playhouse. Scarcely a season has been without a similar phenomenon back to The New Theatre, which failed gigantically. And still the call is heard for "repertory." In reviewing William Winter's "Life of David Belasco," J. Ranken Towse, dramatic critic of The Evening Post, holds it against Mr. Belasco that, though "the best qualified man in his profession" and phenomenally successful financially, "he has not, as the old-time managers did, founded a permanent repertory company."

The question seems apropros whether Mr. Belasco would be as successful, or, indeed, would be regarded as so well qualified in his profession, if he had founded one of these companies. When the two late repertory ventures were announced at the beginning of the present season that genial and shrewd observer of things theatrical, George S. Kaufman, remarked that the prospect was very hopeful. "There are only two things that can kill a repertory company," he said. "One is a failure, and the other is a success." The simple fact seems to be that "repertory" is a myth, a will-o'-the-wisp, and that the pursuit of it, if it is sincere and resolute, is the most fatal undertaking possible in a profession which is, above all others, strewn with the corpses of the fallen.

The sincerity of this season's ventures is at best questionable. They were certainly not resolute. To those who are wise in the mental processes of Broadway, the significance of such schemes is obvious. A manager has a play, perhaps several plays, which he knows to be ill-adapted to the general public, but which he hopes will attract a special public for a few weeks. He has also a theatre for which a profitable tenant is not forthcoming. So he puts the dubious play into the doubtful theatre and announces a repertory venture—relying on the vogue among our intelligentsia of an utterly vague and indeterminate phrase to attract the attention of the special public he is after.

If the play fails there is an end of everything—as happened with Iden Payne at the Belmont. If by any chance it succeeds the end of the "repertory" idea is equally indicated; for the part of managerial wisdom is to continue the production as long as it pays a profit and then send it out for a tour on the road, after which there will be further profits in moving picture and stock rights.

In the venture of Messrs. Trevor & Harcourt at the Comedy there seems to have been an unusual element of sincerity—and the result was unusually misfortunate. Their opening production, "An Ideal Husband," by Oscar Wilde, succeeded beyond expectation; but they held loyally to their plan of producing other plays and so ended its run, sending it on the road. They themselves, of course, had to remain behind, and other members of the cast refused to leave New York. So they had to improvise a substitute cast—with the result that the production died the death in Chicago. Their loyalty to the "repertory" idea had slaughtered a valuable property. Then their second production failed, and the Comedy Theatre ceased to be the home of "repertory." This, or something very like it, is the story of most ventures of the kind, including Grace George's two memorable seasons at The Playhouse.

It is high time that the simple truth be told about this myth of repertory and this will-o'-the-wisp of the stock company. What is a repertory? When we speak of a singer's repertory we know what we mean. It is "a store or collection, a treasury, a magazine," of songs which he has mastered and which constitutes his professional stock as a singer. What a repertory theatre is Henry James knew very well when, in "The Tragic Muse," he spoke of "a great academic, artistic" institution, "rich in its repertory, rich in the high quality and the wide array of its servants."

The Théâtre Français is a repertory theatre, and by means of a large and versatile company residing permanently in Paris, it revives from time to time the great Greek and French classics, together with the more memorable French plays of recent times. There are repertory theatres in the capitals of Germany and Austria and Hungary which keep alive and vivid in the national consciousness not only the Greek and German classics, but classics of Italy, Spain, France, and England. This is the sense in which the founders of The New Theatre used the word—and it is a sense in which there has never been a repertory theatre in any English-speaking country.

Granville Barker, English Theatrical Manager, Who Is a Believer in the Repertory System.

It is possible, of course, for a theatre to have a repertory which is less extensive. Granted a large and versatile resident company, a certain number of plays can be kept in hand and revived from time to time. Until toward the close of the last century the versatile resident company was the characteristic type of theatrical venture in England and America. In point of fact, the majority of their productions were new plays of a quality necessarily inferior. They revived some few classics, and even modern successes of note, but only at irregular intervals and generally as a stop-gap when the supply of novelties temporarily failed. Primarily they were not repertory companies. They were merely what they were called, stock companies.

Why did the stock company fail and die out? Simply and solely because the railway succeeded. From the beginning of time theatric art had been local, each company being limited to a single city. Toward the end of the last century the civilized world had become a network of steel rails, along which a production which was successful in any city could speed to all others, reaping a profit in each "stand" on the route. Intense competition ensued, as a result of which money was lavishly spent on scenery and costumes; the salaries of actors doubled and redoubled. Today, even if a manager were willing to forego a great fortune to become director of a stock company, he could not do so and live. As for the true repertory theatre, it has never been possible, even on the Continent, except with a liberal subvention.

This effect of the railway was felt less severely in Europe than in America. Distances were shorter and capitals, each with its established art theatre, were much more numerous; so that people of the provincial cities continued to seek their dramatic education and their theatric diversion in the metropolis. It long remained the custom among playwrights to sell the rights in each new piece only for a local production.

Great actors are no longer content with a merely local public and with local pay. Coquelin and Bernhardt left the Français to become world-famous. Guitry and others followed. In Vienna, Sonnenthal and Kainz retained their connection with the Hofburg Theatre until their death; but they demanded (especially Kainz) frequent leave to make tours, and they exacted salaries far beyond their actual commercial value to the management of the Hofburg. In Berlin and the minor German capitals the actors who remain in the royal companies are turgid and old-fashioned to a degree—actors for whom no other public is possible. The playwrights followed the actors, especially in France. Thus Rostand, though he owed his start to the Français, gave "Cyrano," "L'Aiglon," and "Chantecler" to Coquelin, Bernhardt, and Guitry, respectively, who produced them on the boulevards.

The attempt of the founders of the New Theatre to establish a repertory company was misinformed and misguided, precisely as was the attempt of the framers of our National Constitution to adapt essential principles of English Parliamentary government. In both cases obsolete or obsolescent institutions failed to meet the real needs of a world that had passed beyond them. In New York when a manager revives a play the public looks askance at it—as at an attempt to galvanize a dead one and palm it off as a novelty. The New Theatre ventured on the experiment only once, and then with a modern play. It never had a repertory of any kind. And it never had a real stock company. The leading Shakespearean actors of the country were engaged for it, but they required salaries far beyond their local earning power, and proved otherwise impracticable. After they left plays with great parts—"Hamlet," "Othello," "Lear," "Macbeth," and, in fact, all the greatest classics—became impossible. Even in minor classics leading parts were largely played by guests imported into the company—Grace George, Annie Russell, Bertha Kalich, and others. The difficulty as to new plays was similar. Leading playwrights, accustomed to the rewards of a road tour, refused to give the theatre their pieces. In addition, many needless mistakes were made, as for example in the size of the theatre and the scale of expense it involved. The total loss on the institution was upward of three millions. Even this did not discourage the founders, who were to the last eager to fulfill their promise to the city. They actually secured a new plot of land in the Times Square section, and employed an architect to design an ideal house. But in the end the practical difficulties of the problem wore them out. The repertory art theatre, it would seem; is a last year's nest.

The practical difficulties of the undertaking were further illustrated in the subsequent venture of Granville Barker, who shared, and doubtless still shares, in the "repertory" delusion. He brought five plays. The opening production, "Androcles and the Lion," was a success of the first order. But, like Messrs. Trevor and Harcourt, he remained loyal to his ideal, with this difference that he attempted to run the second production, "A Midsummer Night's Dream," concurrently at the same theatre, in the Continental manner, the two alternating from day to day. Now, nothing is more sensitive than the life of a "run." All managers declare, and have abundant proof of the fact, that to interrupt a run, even to change it to another theatre, is generally most harmful. The effect of producing another play at the same house is to cut in half the number of those who are seeing and talking about the first, and to give the impression that it was not really a success. In the case of "Androcles," this impression was strengthened by the fact that the new piece failed. When "The Doctor's Dilemma" was added to the "repertory," and likewise failed, disaster overtook the enterprise, which closed with a loss of many thousands of dollars.

There can be little doubt that if "Androcles" had been produced at a smaller theatre, such as the Maxine Elliott, which was then available, it would have had a long and very prosperous run, followed by an equally prosperous road tour. The other plays could have been produced elsewhere, and when they failed could have been withdrawn at once with a minimum of loss and without harm to "Androcles." The one success would have amply paid for the two failures, and, perhaps, have provided for further productions, possibly successful ones. In a word, the only practical form of production today is the production for an uninterrupted run.

The fascination which the repertory theatre, even the old stock company, exerts upon the minds of theatrical idealists is easy to understand. A "great academic, artistic" institution, which would imbue each succeeding generation with the best spirit of national drama and the drama of the world, would be of inestimable value in the life of the city and of the nation. As a training school for actors it would be beyond price.

Meanwhile, in the absence of an endowment of millions, the best point of attack on the problem is obviously that which involves the least risk of money and which is most nearly in harmony with the present methods of the theatre, the present psychology of the playgoing public. Shortly after the demise of The New Theatre a Society was organized to support good productions of any kind by taking tickets for them, with the intention of making an occasional production of its own. The war reduced the membership of The Drama Society and further embarrassed it by virtually putting an end to the production on Broadway of really artistic plays. But before going into abeyance it produced "The Tempest" with considerable success, both artistic and popular, and with a financial loss which, in comparison with the losses of other like ventures, was negligible. Whereas Augustin Daly's production of "The Tempest" ran for only thirteen performances, that of The Drama Society ran for thirty-five performances and was witnessed by over 45,000 people, largely school children who paid from 10 to 50 cents.

More strongly than ever I am convinced that the most hopeful method is to form a society and produce plays singly in any available theatre for as long a run as possible. If the organization meets with popular encouragement and artistic success there will be plenty of time to buy or build a theatre and to think of establishing a repertory. If not, the loss both of effort and of money will be reduced to a minimum.

Society Again in Frills and Furbelows

Peace Partly Solved the Servant Problem, and It's No Longer Bad Form to Give Course Dinners and Dress Well

By RICHARD BARRY.

OH, I am so glad Madame is to have dinners served in courses again. Now I can wash the dishes between the courses," one servant was overheard to say to her mistress as the new order for the day was handed downstairs after the long, long blowing of the sirens marked the return of peace.

Madame also was pleased, for, from the moment on Nov. 12, when the gas mask factory in Long Island City employing 12,000 first-class female servants was closed down, right up to date, fast-growing ranks of domestics have been trailing back toward the city and their old employments, and the servant problem—hoghol—is fast being solved.

Of course, it is very bad form to discuss the servant problem in a drawing room, but, really, it does exist, being the base and marrow and substratum of all our delightful little joys and sorrows which are so much more important than more important things. So, now that the khaki of the ex-doughboy may be transmogrified into the purple broadcloth and brass buttons of the appareled footman, now that the cotton apron of the lint tearer and the cartridge packer may be translated into the cap and apron of the attentive housemaid, the social matron again breathes more freely. The makers of war munitions are now the makers of the munitions of peace!

What pleasing and attractive structures they are rearing, what a happy comedy of manners they are rehearsing and performing daily and nightly! The mistress, too, has abandoned the Woman's National League for Superfluous Service and has now claimed her privileges and perquisites as a charter member of the Manhattan Maidens' and Matrons' Social Security Club. No longer is put the question, "What clothes can I spare to give the league?" Instead, every one is asking, "What shall I wear to the costume ball?"

"Domestics are trailing back toward the city."

"She posed eleven times as Columbia."

One charming though statuesque matron was overheard to remark the other day, "Now that my sacrifices are over, I can begin again to clothe myself properly." The sacrifices of this fascinating and distinguished patriot took the form of lending her personality, including her admired figure, to the chef d'oeuvre of the late tableau makers. She has been seen at one time and another on floats, parading up and down Fifth Avenue, at bazaars, in the armories, in the hotels, at functions in private homes, and, twice during the last Summer, in woodland vivants. During the period of the war she appeared, by actual count, eleven times as Columbia, draped in the Stars and Stripes; nine times as La Belle France, swathed in the Tricolor; three times as Britannia, enveloped in the Union Jack; six times as bleeding Belgium—she was a bit robust for this, yet very effective, with a strip of strawberry bandage over her temples, and her golden curls escaping underneath; and once as Mighty Russia, though this was in the earlier days before the Great Bear had toppled.

These ennobling sacrifices doubtless made of this admirable lady a veritable American Jeanne d'Arc, and if no one has yet recommended that Congress confer on her the D. S. M., that recommendation is made here and now.

One of the most devoted and loyal friends of society this Winter is the General Staff of the army, for it has issued an order that all officers and men are permitted to wear their uniforms, if they wish, for three months after being honorably discharged. For this society is deeply appreciative. It has had no more thoughtful attention in many a long year. For what is more decorative at any function, be it either a dinner table, the drawing room, a ball room or an opera box, than a few smart uniforms sprinkled here and there among formal male attire.

While this social season promises to be the best that New York has seen in many years, while every hotel and apartment house is filled to overflowing, while the caterers and the restaurants beg that their orders be less rather than more, the trains to Florida and California are also more in demand than ever before. A party which planned to start on its annual trip to California early in January made application for reservations the middle of December, but was told that even then it was absolutely impossible to promise anything out of Chicago after Dec. 26 and before Feb. 1. Therefore, to get to California in January this party was obliged to leave Chicago on Christmas Day.

The Florida beaches began filling up this year a week or ten days earlier than usual, and doubtless by the time the height of the season is reached, at the end of January, procuring accommodations there will require the same diplomatic and financial resource as getting a table New Year's Eve at a New York restaurant. If there is any problem which is bothering the United States Labor Department it will not concern those who are willing or able to serve as waiters at any of the fashionable Winter resorts.

Last year this luxurious flying about was discouraged in all possible ways. Even the weather conspired with the Government and all the powers in Europe to discourage persons either from entertaining in New York or from entraining out of New York. This year the powers of Europe associated with the Government of the United States, including the Weather Bureau and the meteorological experts, have done all they could to encourage both entertaining and entraining.

Of course, the metamorphosis is not as yet complete. Society is always correct, especially in observance of the technicalities, and we are at present merely living through the armistice, which, speaking strictly, is but an antechambre to peace. Therefore, we find that our social favorites have not instantly abandoned war activities. These have merely, in many instances, assumed a different form of expression. For instance, those ladies who, before Nov. 11, could be seen in the somewhat severe feminine uniform then in vogue, in the canteens and the tea shops, ministering to the uplift of the sojourning soldier, sailor, and marine, are still employed in similar beneficence.

Woven and entwined in the very structure of this new house of social joys there is a potent apprehension. It concerns the approach of that fearful date, July 1, 1919. In anticipation of the fatal day, it seems that the gayeties of this season are augmented even beyond the powers of a mere armistice. Peace itself could hardly furish the fillip of the indulgence (discreet, always, we hope) created by contemplation of the awful dryness which must follow next July. Many who heretofore would have refused "just another glass" are now induced to lower the last barriers on the score that they may never have another chance.

Yet, I know a man who boasts of the contents of a vast stone cellar he has built in Canada, where repose the rarest vintages of France and Italy and California, the finest distillations of Ireland, Scotland, and Kentucky. Another has erected on his Virginia farm what closely resembles an old Indian stockade, in which he has secreted enough tipple to last, he hopes, through the long drought. In these fin de siècle fortresses we may imagine them beleaguered by the fanatical hordes of prohibition and bravely defending the final citadels of Personal Liberty!

These fragrant cases in the great desert of enforced teetotalism, however, needs must be located in the far-distant lands, places all but mythical to the average social gathering for whom the old adage must be revised, "Eat, drink, and be married, for tomorrow there will be no more booze."

America's New Influence on European Life

People Over There Sure to Imitate Us, Says a Briton, But They Won't Play Baseball or Eat Our Breakfast Bacon

By FRANK DILNOT,
New York Correspondent of The London Daily Chronicle.

EUROPE is in the midst of political and social transformation. In the new era there will be changes not only in Governmental methods, but in the habits of individuals. Among the new factors in European life will be the increasing assimilation of characteristics from America. There will be no revolutionary change, I think, but a growing development in which the mental and physical customs of America will make a deep mark.

Millions of American soldiers have taken the stamp of American personality to Europe. For years to come America must be the source of assistance and supplies to a war-stricken world. It will be an educative part for America herself; to the peoples of the other countries it will mean a new stage of existence, with all manner of alterations in outlook, in methods, and, possibly to some extent, in taste.

I saw the other day an article dealing with the new-found preference of European women for American husbands. It is not that they have fallen in love with khaki, for they had plenty of that before America entered the war. What has happened is that the new type of manhood has struck the imagination and touched the feelings of the women. Of course, the sheer newness of these men has something to do with it, but that is only a preliminary.

Surveying the American soldiers as they went off, stalwart young citizens drawn from every class of life, I was impressed by the difference between them and the European young men. America is undoubtedly developing a race of its own through a variety of reacting conditions, where the climate, food, political tendencies, and material well-being each have an influence. These young men, on the whole, were taller than the Europeans, not so thick set, keener in the face and eye, with thinner hips and a quick nervousness all over them.

They were more serious, too. At close quarters they lacked some of the characteristics of the English and French soldiers. They were abrupt and direct in speech. They were also less accustomed to formality, less used to the ameliorating word, and had altogether less respect for convention, as we understand it in Europe. They were also more individual. Altogether, with their omissions and their qualities, they were of a type which is as strange in Europe as some distinct race. Withal, they had the essentials of strength and manliness above everything else. The gentle women of the world have never failed to appreciate such qualities. No wonder that feminine Europe has fallen in love with the American soldier. All this, however, is but an indication of coming events.

The men in khaki have been on the other side spreading the message of America. Their work is now to be carried on in other directions and by another medium. For years to come the dismantled countries of Europe—and that includes practically all of them, for the neutrals are in some directions as badly off as the belligerents—will require vast supplies of food from America, and, above all things, materials, raw, manufactured, and semi-manufactured, to build up factories, construct bridges and railroads, to make afresh destroyed cities, and, indeed, to rebuild the whole fabric of industrial life.

American material, American brains, American leadership, will take in train to Europe tens of thousands of Americans equipped with the qualities which Europe needs. Spreading throughout all sections of life American influence will be felt. It will be welcomed not with polite complacency as heretofore, but with a thankful fervor which will of itself spread deep and wide all kinds of external American influences.

There is so much excellent and well-founded discussion as to the similarity in fundamentals of the great democracies that one is sometimes inclined to overlook the marked differences in the small things of life; and, after all, it is the small things that make up the principal part of the existence for most people. It's all very well for the highbrows to tell us about the emotions, national and international. Influential sections are interested. Everybody, and not just a section, is interested in matters of food, drink, dress, talk, making love, amusing the children, going to church or the theatre. Strange how widely Europe differs from America in many of these things.

"I cannot see baseball supplanting cricket."

It is not to be expected that the French or English will proceed to become enamored of American intonation or pronunciation. The French are adaptable, but their swift, soft talk will certainly not adjust itself to the harder, slower accent of America.

Nor must there be any illusion with regard to the English. Their liquid vowel sounds will still be regarded by them as the proper method of expression of the English language. In both countries the American accent will continue to have rather a foreign sound.

And yet I can foresee a certain percolation of what, for want of a better term, I may call the "American language"—the idioms, the lightning turn of phrase, the sudden visualization of an idea—in a word; the untrammeled use of unusual sentences to meet unusual emergencies, the sparkling verbal humor. All these, and many other things which go to the kernel of a language, will make themselves felt not only in France and England, but all over the European countries and in every place where the new and powerful influence of America as a nation penetrates.

The Americans are probably the best-dressed nation in the world, in the sense that they are more careful and precise and sometimes more elaborate than any other people. The ordinary men in the streets of New York, for example, are dressed with a precision which is not equaled in any great city in Europe, a fact which may arise from material prosperity, but which also indicates a habit of mind, a confidence, perhaps even a touch of assertiveness. But there it is. No one from Europe can fail to realize it immediately on arrival.

Americans carry this habit with them to Europe. They do not always dress in the same way as Europeans, but they always dress extremely well from an American point of view. Hitherto Paris has been the home of ladies' fashion for the world, London the centre of men's fashion, and it is an interesting speculation whether America may not leave an impression on the dress of people abroad. One influence goes with another where nations are concerned.

While Europe will probably not become immediately enthusiastic over American dress, it is almost certain that various phases of it will assert themselves in the minds of European fashion-makers. Fashion is a spasmodic thing. It may well be that in the coming year or two there will be a rage in Europe for certain American articles of attire, and that Fifth Avenue firms and others will find themselves international depots for special varieties of coats, or hats, or boots, or skirts. Perhaps, within a period of months, we shall see inscriptions in Paris and London on customers' and tailors' windows: "The latest from Fifth Avenue."

America is a wonderfully sober, great nation. Climate has a good deal to do with it. Habit grows, and, apart from the insidious cocktails, there is less drinking in this country, I am perfectly certain, than in any country on the face of the globe. It is just a question as to whether the damp atmosphere of Europe, the different method of life, and the effect of association will or will not make some change in the peaceful American army of invasion in the years to come. On the whole, it is probable that the Americans will exercise an influence in a greater degree than they will be influenced. It may well be that prohibition, firmly established in many States of the Union, will provide an influence in a similar direction abroad. I have frequently heard prohibition States cited as examples in discussions on the liquor question in the House of Commons, and such examples will have treble weight in the future.

One thing England could most advantageously copy, and that is the practice of having men as bartenders. The practice of having women to serve drink behind the bars is a survival which has many objections.

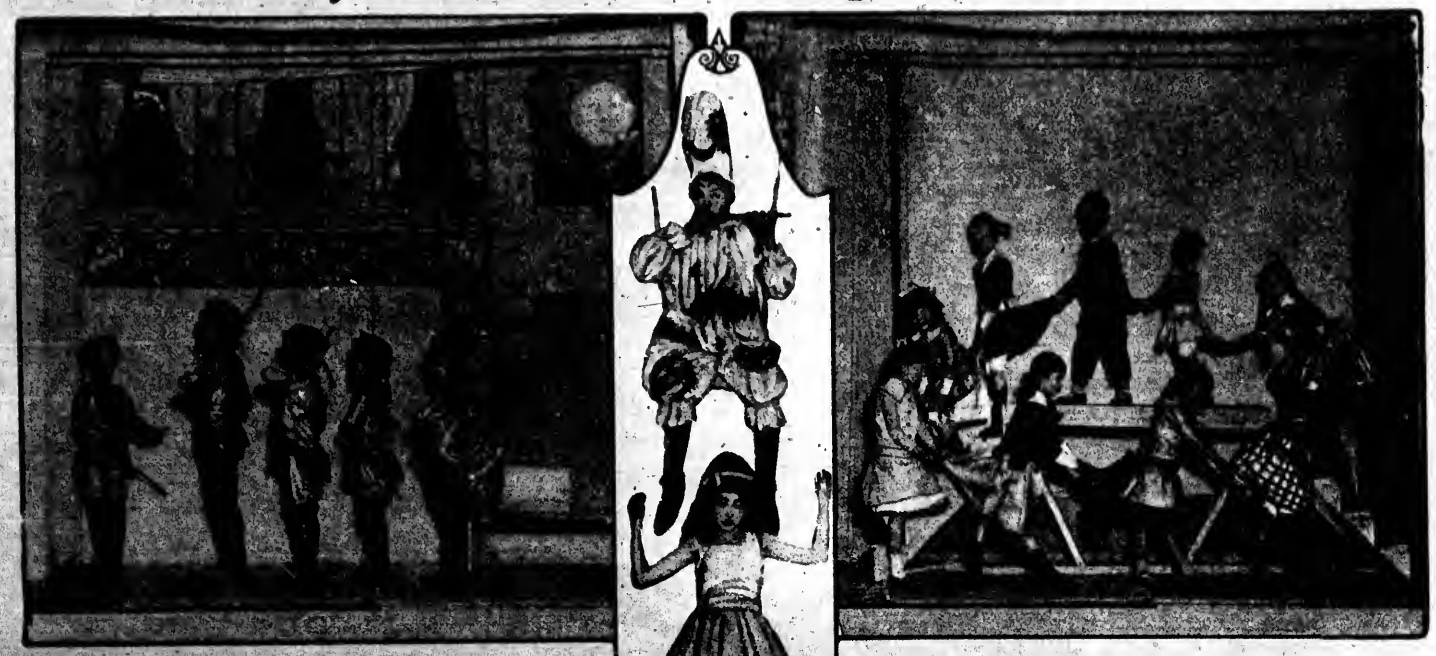
With regard to amusements, I see it forecast that one may look for the permanent establishment of American baseball in Europe. I doubt it. It is a game peculiarly suited to the American temperament, but there is such a variety of well-rooted and much loved pastimes, especially among an out-of-doors people like the British, that I cannot see baseball supplanting cricket, for example. Cricket has a subtle charm not to be known by those who have not played it or been brought up to it from boyhood.

So far as the theatre is concerned, there will probably be a greater market than ever for the American play, always a popular feature in London. In the theatres themselves there is little or nothing for Europe to learn. The best London theatres, for instance, are more comfortable in many ways than the best New York theatres. The lounges, buffets, tearooms, and other comforts and conveniences are sadly missed by a stranger in New York. Perhaps in response to the many good things America is sending us we may be able to provide a hint or two on our own account.

Europe will very likely get new dishes added to its dietary through its closer association with the United States. Why cannot we have the delicious grapefruit for breakfast that you have here? Why are we denied buckwheat cakes? Broiled chicken is almost unknown in European restaurants. Many Europeans fall in love with it when they come to America. Corned beef hash will begin to appear on bills of fare. I should not be surprised to see waffles become almost a rage.

We might beg of you not to introduce your breakfast bacon, because that is one of our disappointments here. But the many delicacies unknown to us on the other side offer a wide field in which breakfast bacon becomes an insignificant speck, and there will be fresh delights of the table opened to all kinds of homes in Europe as the American invasion reaches its height.

Society Children to Help French Waifs



THE Children of the Frontier Committee (the Comité Franco-Americaine pour la Protection des Enfants de la Frontier, as it is known in France) has for the last three and a half years been taking care of homeless little French children in the devastated areas of France and Belgium.

To a large majority of these the end of the war does not mean the end of their homelessness. The members in charge of the work in France believe that it will be at least another year before the situation there becomes permanently settled.

To help add to the fund which is necessary for the support of these fatherless waifs, a group of New York society children are to take part in a series of tableaux at the Punch and Judy Theatre on the morning of Jan. 25 and the afternoon of Jan. 26. The tableaux, which are to be accompanied by little French songs, are representations of illustrations by Boutet de Monvel, the well-known French artist. His pictures of French children as they were before the war are a joy to the eye. The Children of the Frontier Committee is doing much to bring their charges to their former state of happiness, and it is peculiarly fitting that it is the children of America who are helping in that work.

Today the committee has under its care something like two thousand children. The numbers are continually shifting. Just as soon as some go there are hundreds to take their places. A chance occurrence gave birth to this organization. In the early days of August, 1914, M. Jean Cruppi, ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs and of Justice of the French Republic, advised Frederic R. Coudert, a prominent New York attorney, who happened to be in Paris at the time, that in Belfort, near Alsace, and its environs there were about eighty helpless children who would be dependent upon charity. The two men went to Belfort for the eighty waifs, as they supposed, but found instead that there were 205 of them.

All of these were loaded on cars by the Military Government and taken to Paris. They were quartered in an old seminary near Yvetot, which thus became the first colony of the enterprise. As rapidly as money and shelter permitted, the work was extended and new colonies added. There are thirty-two localities where the society is carrying on its work.

The following is an extract from a letter sent by one of the directors of the work in France:

"A little Belgian who, when I left him last October, had been sad and silent, broken over the death of his little brother, was the merriest of all. There were two little girls who had just been brought in from Germany, where they had been held prisoners since the beginning of the war in a civil camp near Berlin; also two boys and a girl I had brought from the front before going to America last Fall. They had been injured by shrapnel; one had lost a leg, the other a foot, and another's leg was so badly broken that he will always wear an orthopedic apparatus. The little boy who had lost his leg had been fitted with another one, and he can now run about and drill with the other children so well that no one would dream that he was lame."

Besides providing funds for the carrying on of the work in France, the committee here also sends across monthly thousands of articles of clothing especially made for the children. The material is bought at cost or wholesale prices, is folded, designed and arranged by voluntary help and only those steps in the process of making paid for which cannot possibly be gotten otherwise. The large floor at 680 Fifth Avenue which houses the offices and the workroom of the organization was donated by John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

It costs $72 to feed and $35 to clothe one child for a year. In order to continue this work as long as it is necessary to do so, the Children of the Frontier Committee needs more funds. The children's performance at the Punch and Judy is expected to help in no small measure.

The Photographs on This Page Show New York Society Children, in Costumes Designed from Illustrations to French Songs by the Famous Artist Boutet de Monvel. They Will Act in Tableaux for the Benefit of French Children Whose Homes Have Been Devastated in the War.

Food Bootlegging Among the German People

System Founded on Suspicion and Distrust Failed Miserably While Hoover's Voluntary Rationing Was Succeeding---Forty Per Cent. of Supplies Hoarded

WHISKY bootlegging is bad in some parts of this country, but neither now nor at any other time has it been so bad as was food bootlegging in Germany and Austria in the period preceding the armistice.

In bringing out the significance of conditions in Germany and Austria, this comparison is inadequate, for in this country bootlegging stood apart from the prosecution of the war, while in the Teutonic countries the practice of illicit trade in food, grown to an enormous extent, undermined the power of resistance to allied attack.

Sprees—as they may well be called—of frying a delicacy in butter at $a pound or of indulgence in a surreptitious roast pig at ten times its fixed market price were forms of dissipation to compare with Rome in her worst days. Clandestine dinners with fat goose as the chief dish of the menu, when no geese were to be had on the open market, were always possible owing to the industry of the thousands of food bootleggers. Instead of a red nose these Teutonic sybarites were betrayed by fatter cheeks and increasing weight.

There were heavy penalties against the illicit traffic, large fines and a maximum of five years' imprisonment, but the profits were so great that the fine, the usual penalty in the enormous number of convictions, was a trifle. In the end all classes but the poorest, consisting mainly of workmen's families, got some of their food by the bottlegger's route. The result was that, owing to the rigid rationing methods employed, under-nourishment fell most heavily on that part of the population which had to carry the burden of the manual work, and which had not the means to obtain supplies of food by the underground route. When a full account of this illicit trading in food can be written, it will produce undoubtedly a remarkable story.

Some information on this subject, which has a broad bearing on the cause of Germany's collapse as well as on the immediate problem, is now coming out. Since the armistice the Federal Food Administration at Washington has been trying to find out everything possible about the food conditions in Germany and Austria. According to an official of the Administration, it is estimated that in the period preceding Germany's collapse 40 per cent. of the available food was being hoarded, that is, it was illegally held for high prices or against the fear of famine. This condition prevails today, and one of the difficulties in solving Germany's immediate food problem is to bring out of its hiding places—such as pits in the ground known to the peasant farmers—food to take care of Germany for several months.

On the basis of the latest information obtainable by the Food Administration Germany had at the time of the armistice sufficient food to last for eight months, so that with an estimated 40 per cent. hoarded it is seen what a part this proportion plays in the problem. The armistice, instead of relieving the situation, has made the situation worse. The peasant put the lid down tighter than ever.

When the announcement was made the other day that Herbert C. Hoover, Food Administrator for the United States, was to have charge as general food director of all the allied machinery for the distribution of food in Europe, one of the questions asked was as to how this machinery would operate in connection with the Teutons. The first step necessary, it is learned at Washington, was to get the lid off this hidden food. It was driven into hiding by an autocratic food system, just the opposite of that employed by Mr. Hoover in this country, which rested on voluntary democratic co-operation, and it is one of the dramatic contrasts of the war that the man who built up the food system is called upon to overcome the huge evil of unequal distribution which sprang out of it.

Both systems called on the patriotism of the people. Hoover showed from first to last that he was sincere in his call and fully trusted that the people would respond. When the crisis came the American people did respond. As a measure of the sacrifice, they reduced their consumption of flour to 45 per cent. of the normal, actually 600,000 pounds less per month than the lowest estimate of the Food Administration.

Herbert C. Hoover.

The German Food Administrator appealed to the patriotism of the German people with a large Teutonic flourish, but at the same time he showed that he had no confidence that the appeal would be answered, for the autocratic food system undertook to keep a check on the movement of the food every step of the way from the producer to the consumer. It was strikingly like other Teutonic efficiency systems, taking apparently everything into nice account except human nature. Suspicion by the Government engendered suspicion by the consumer and the producer, and an extensive underground system of evasion, or food bootlegging, grew from a small beginning.

But the Hoover allied food organization must now bring out that secreted food, for to save Germany from anarchy the food nearest at hand must be made immediately available. If necessary, food will be rushed in, but it is not the intention to do so unless some greater emergency appears. The plan which awaits the indorsement of the Allies does not contemplate supplying Germany with food from this country, but to permit Germany to use 1,000,000 tons of her shipping—the remainder being turned over to the Allies to serve the urgent food needs of other European countries—to seek a supply of food in South America, principally in the Argentine.

On account of the shortage in shipping there are large surpluses of both wheat and meat in Argentina, and there, it is estimated, Germany's needs could be met. There are 50,000,000 bushels of old wheat in the Argentine, and the reserve of the new crop, ready for export in January, is placed at 120,000,000 bushels. Germany had extensive investments in the Argentine before the war, and, it is thought, would have no difficulty in financing this operation; that she would be expected to do.

In the last year of the war more than 1,000,000 head of cattle in Germany were secretly slaughtered and sold through illicit dealers, according to German estimates now available.

As one of the last resorts to stop the spread of this food bootlegging, it was proposed to make the crime of violation of the food laws high treason. On Sept. 25 the Austrian and Hungarian Price-Testing Commissions met. The Chairman declared that until disinterested control was established in some form or other the commission would labor in vain, and that in view of the alarming menace of profiteering and illicit trade, every attempt to interfere with official arrangements of the regular food supply should be proclaimed high treason.

The Bavarian Ministry of the Interior, in a campaign against food irregularities in the period preceding the collapse of Germany, issued a decree which may be summarized as follows:

"Illicit trade must be fought by every available means. It is not enough to intrust the campaign to a few officials responsible for the public safety, who are already so overburdened; the general public also must help, and should be invited to notify to the nearest police station any illegalities they may discover. Nobody should passively permit conscienceless persons to turn the general need to their own selfish advantage thereby endangering the public safety. High rewards are offered for information and may be won by all who help in the discovery of irregularities. Offenders must be most severely punished. * * * Many hotels supply meat to their guests daily, both for lunch and dinner, often without cards and in large quantities; they disregard the meatless days and the regulations on the simplification of the menus, and obtain meat by secret slaughterings and by illicit trade."

In the hope of reducing the illicit slaughtering the Weimar State Meat Bureau issued in September an order for the stricter control of live stock which contained the following:

"Births of calves and deaths of cattle, (including calves,) and any reduction of live stock otherwise than by delivery (by theft, for instance) must in every case be notified within forty-eight hours to the District of the State offices."

The General Commander of the Seventh Army Corps posted this warning to the population on Oct. 16: "Surplus districts are so much impoverished by these proceedings (hoarding excursions) as to run a serious risk of being unable to discharge their obligations for the delivery of potatoes, and the entire population will be in great danger in the Spring if the potato crop does not last out. It is almost unfair to those who are unable to spare the time for hoarding trips. By order of the War Food Board it will, therefore, be necessary to combat not only professional illicit trading but also the so-called illicit supply, and to punish offenders and to confiscate the goods."

In Austria illicit trade in food has been worse than in Germany. In an article on food conditions in Austria last Summer by Alfred Maylander, to appear in the forthcoming issue of the Monthly Labor Review, issued by the Department of Labor, is quoted the following from the Arbeiter-Zeitung, a leading paper of Vienna:

"About one-tenth of the population of Vienna is engaged in the knapsack trade in potatoes and a very profitable trade it is, thanks to the reward offered by illicit dealers, hotels, restaurants, private hospitals, and persons of means. 'Knapsack tourists' are a perfect plague on the railways, where traveling was sufficiently difficult without them. * * * The authorities must cease to be so complaisant to the wishes of the moneyed classes and have some consideration for the mass of the people."

These are but a few of the instances, drawn from German and Austrian records now becoming available, showing how Germany's food control machine created a larger and larger army of illicit traders—food bootleggers—who, induced by the gains which the machine made possible, worked to divert food from those who needed it most to sustain them in daily toil, to those who had the most to pay for it, consequent on the widespread profiteering.

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How the Biggest Thing in Life Almost Passed Me By

The Story of a Man Who Thought of Himself as a Success and Learned His Mistake in Time to Achieve a Real Success

IF any one had told me six months ago that I was completely losing out on the principal thing that makes life worth living I don't know whether I would have been indignant or amused.

I suppose that the average man whose credit at the butcher's and the grocer's is A-1, whose income from year to year keeps a jump ahead of his expenses, leaving a bit over to be applied on an accumulating bank account after the needs of the family have all been met, thinks of himself, quite privately, as a success.

Without ever having debated the question with myself or even thought about it I had reached that successful attitude of mind.

I neither walked to save car fare nor trolleyed to save taxi fare. My wife and I kept up with the theatres, entertained our friends, traveled a little and lived just about the life of the average family whose income has a limit, and who keep the future in mind when planning their expenditures.

After a period of such complacency it is a pretty severe jolt to be brought up short with the realization that you are "missing something," and that you have missed "something" without which no life is successful.

The New Employee

A few months ago a young man that had made a remarkable record with another firm was added to our force at a salary that seemed to me high for a man of his years.

I made it a point of meeting him on the morning he came to work for us. A day or two later, as a matter of courtesy, I asked him to lunch with me.

From the first he proved to be excellent company. I was only too glad to let him lead the conversation. He seemed to be perfectly at home on any subject, and talked with an easy flow of language of which I was frankly envious.

This young man, who had made a place for himself in the business world far above that of most men of his age, had in a short conversation given me a peep into a world to which I was a stranger.

It seemed to me that very little had escaped him. He spoke of literature and its creators, seeming to have a fine discrimination in judging the merits of various authors, few of whose names I had ever heard. He seemed perfectly at home in the spheres of science, nature and art. He was familiar with the customs of life in foreign countries—places that I would have difficulty in locating on the map. When he touched upon political events he drew parallels between the present situations of various world powers and similar conditions in history, drawing conclusions from his comparisons that have since seemed to me little less than prophetic. And his conversation was so well phrased and so graceful that I had no desire other than to listen to him. I had never met so interesting a man.

I put him down as a student and traveller, who after a university education had been able to spend a few years in cultivating an appreciation for and a knowledge of the things in life that leisure and money permit one to enjoy.

At my invitation he and his wife called at our home not long afterward. In the course of the evening I asked him, casually, about his earlier life and education.

A Discovery

"I was forced to drop school when I was 16 years old," he said. "My parents' circumstances at the time demanded that I go to work, and I have been working steadily ever since.

"During my early years in business it seemed to me that there was not much hope for a man whose education was as limited as mine. I felt at a disadvantage in the presence of men that had built a mental background through education. They lived and moved in a world of pleasure from which I seemed to be barred. They were at home under any circumstances, and their broader view of life as well as their ease and fluency in talking marked them as men that were bound to succeed. They had *personality*.

"I would never be able to go to school again,—I knew that,—and the fact was a continual source of grief to me up to the time I learned of the Mentor Association and its work.

"I became a member at once. Whatever I have gained in the way of broadened viewpoint and familiarity with the best things the world offers and the ability to meet men of university training on an equal plane I owe to my membership in the Mentor Association. With its help I make a point of learning one new thing each day and it is really marvelous how much ground a man can cover in this way."

Before our guests left that evening I found out more about the Mentor Association, and shortly afterward joined it myself. I have said that I thought of myself as a success. As I look back on it I realize also that I had been rather scornful of "higher education" and had somewhat prided myself on being a self-made man.

During the few months that I have been a member of the Mentor Association my views have changed decidedly, including my idea of success. Mental and social pleasure that I never knew existed have opened up before me. The ability to talk of things other than business has led me to increasingly wider acquaintance. The five minutes or so a day that I devote to acquiring a grasp of really golden knowledge has become a dollars and cents asset to me. I believe that I have at last the right to think of myself as a success, not only in business but in the art of living and in getting the full enjoyment and profit out of every day. Moreover, I am equipped with a broader viewpoint and a valuable self-possession. But for a chance acquaintance the biggest thing in life would have passed me by.

What Membership Brings

Membership in the Mentor Association entitles you to five valuable services:

First—24 issues of "The Mentor," bringing a beautifully printed and illustrated story every two weeks, all about one subject, written by a leading authority on that subject—300 pages during the year.

Second—600 beautiful illustrations, distributed during the year through the text of the 24 issues of "The Mentor."

Third—144 gravure or color pictures reproduced on heavy paper for framing, in deep rich tones that bring out all the beauty of the originals. If you bought these in an art store they would cost you from 50c to $1.00 each. On the back of each picture is a crisp, five minute description of the subject that is portrayed.

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The service of the Mentor Association interests me. I accept your invitation to become a member. It is understood that membership entitles me to receive The Mentor twice every month for a year and all the privileges of the personal service departments. Please send me at once the current issue, of The Mentor and I will send you four dollars on receipt of memorandum bill, or notify you within 10 days to cancel my membership.

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The New York Times Magazine, January 19, 1919

The New York Times Review of Books

LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

Section 8

NEW YORK, JANUARY 19, 1919 — 12 PAGES

A NEW STORY BY NORWAY'S GREAT NOVELIST

"The Great Hunger," the First Novel of Johan Bojer, Novelist, Translated Into English —Latest Fiction by Mr. Rideout, Alma Newton, Holworthy Hall, and Others

THE GREAT HUNGER. By Johan Bojer. Translated from the Norwegian by W. J. Alexander Worster and C. Archer. New York: Moffatt, Yard & Co. $1.60.

THE hunger of the hero of this novel is the "hunger for eternity," which inclines certain temperaments to despair or satisfaction. Such people are so appalled and hurt by the spectacle of the injustice and aimless cruelty of life that, unless they can find some answer to the prodding questions that beset them, they become wandering souls. Always Peer Holm, the hero of this novel, is putting questions to himself, to life, "What is it we are all after? Where are we going?" Even as a boy in the technical school he kept asking himself these questions:

> Where are you heading for, Peer? What are you aiming at in all your labors? And he would try to answer devoutly, as at evening prayers, Where? Why, of course, I am going to be a great engineer. And then? I will be one of the sons of Prometheus, that head and revolt against the tyranny of Heaven. And then? I will help to raise the great ladder on which men can climb aloft—higher and higher, up toward the light, and the spirit, and mastery over nature. And then? Live happily, marry and have children, and a rich and beautiful home. And then? Oh, well, one fine day, of course, one must grow old and die. And then? And then? Aye, what then?

In this novel the hero really comes to comprehension, understanding. He achieves the Promethean eminence of his boyish dreams. But he does it not through his beloved science, bridge building. He wins it when he stands upon the ruins of his life, upon the outermost edges of suffering.

When he has found his calling he works furiously. But behind all his work there is the effort "to understand God." He goes to Egypt and builds the great Nile barrage. He comes back to Norway rich and famous. Prometheus would seem to have harnessed the fire at last. He has irrigated vast regions, made it possible for millions more to live upon the earth. But in a talk with an admiring countryman he utters a searching criticism of all this activity.

The Prometheus of science has failed to appease the engineer's hunger for eternity. It is another illusion laid away. But then love comes to him, transfiguring the universe. Peer marries and achieves a second happiness. But to the Peers serenity is impossible. While sitting at dinner with his wife, champagne glass in hand, he reflects on the unnumbered dead moldering in the valley of the Nile, the flickering transience of human life.

Disaster comes. Peer loses his fortune and almost his reason. With his family he goes to a farm to recover his health. He lives on charity. In the end he becomes a blacksmith, working in a forge, he, the builder of the Nile barrage. He is forced to send his children to relatives of his wife's, all but the youngest, Asta. The child is killed by a dog belonging to a churlish neighbor. A drought comes and Peer rises in the night to sow his neighbor's field with part of his own slender stock. The book closes with a letter from Peer to a friend which is a paean to the unconquerable in man:

> Ah, if you had known that moment! It was as if the air about me grew alive with voices. It was as though all the unfortunates I had seen and known were bearing me company; more and more they came; the dead, too, were joined to us, an army from times past and long ago. * * * We are flung by the indifferent law of the universe into a life that we cannot order as we would; we are ravaged by injustice, by sickness and sorrow, by fire and blood. * * * And yet man smiles and laughs in the face of his tragic fate. In the midst of his thralldom he has created the beautiful on earth; in the midst of his torments he has had so much surplus energy of soul that he has sent it radiating forth into the cold deeps of space and warmed them with God.

This is a worthy ending to a novel that has simplicity and depth.

"TIN COWRIE DASS"

TIN COWRIE DASS. By Henry Milner Rideout. Duffield & Co. $1.25.

A NEW novel by Mr. Rideout is always a welcome, for he is one of the few able to weave with words a veritable magic carpet—a carpet which carries us smoothly and swiftly out of the workaday world and into the land of romance. Traveling thence under his guidance, we meet gay and gallant youths, who are not the carved wooden puppets of the average adventure story, but real flesh-and-blood young men, courageous and quick-witted and endowed with that most desirable of possessions, a sense of humor. As its title implies, this new and very colorful tale has its scene laid in India. Of the ingenious and fantastic plot we do not intend to reveal anything, save the fact that it takes us from a very humble bungalow on the shores of the Brahmaputra to a King's palace where are gorgeous guards and many glittering jewels and a superb throne of ivory, carved into finest lacework. Between these two extremes, with one of which the book opens, while with the other it ends, there come an old hulk on the river, a desert place amid sand hills, a lodging in Calcutta, the temporary but magnificent residence of a very great man, a dreary village of mud houses which was "an outpost on the boundary of silence," a journey on camel back, and a wayside inn, where a long-deferred meeting took place and many strange things happened.

"Tin Cowrie Dass" was not the real name of the lean, clear-eyed young Mohammedan who lived with his half-witted brother, nicknamed "The Dog," in the bungalow on the banks of the Brahmaputra. It was one he presently assumed, and that for very good reasons, since he was in a rather singular and very dangerous predicament, and it was the one he gave to that very clever and very likable young Englishman, Captain Weatherby, when chance and their own courage first brought them together. "Tin Cowrie Dass" is, of course, the leading character in the book, a hero with whom the reader sympathizes during his troubles and rejoices when well-earned good fortune at last comes to him. Captain Weatherby, quiet and humorous, who was considered an idler and was in truth a very important member of the police, is another real and delightful individual of whose adventures we would like to know more, while the young woman who was called "The Lady-Bird" is at least brave and enterprising and energetic, whatever a rigid moralist might think of her little failings.

The story moves swiftly, and is told in an easy, graphic style very pleasant to read. While the narrative is never permitted to drag, the book contains many vivid pen-pictures of India, pictures which give the tale an appropriate background and help the reader to believe in the extraordinary adventures of him who for a time was known only as "Tin Cowrie Dass."

THE BLUE STRING

THE BLUE STRING. By Alma Newton. New York: Duffield & Co. $1.50.

THIS new volume by Alma Newton marks a distinct development over her earlier work. Judging by the latter, she is a writer with a fondness for what is usually and somewhat vaguely called mysticism. In this book she is bringing her mysticism into a vital relation with the life about her. The reason that some people are impatient with the savor of "mysticism," "aestheticism," and the rest of the "isms," is because very often the devotees of these cults—if they are cults—are isolated spirits, dwelling in ivory towers. They shrink from the ugliness and stridency of modern life and dwell in places apart, detached from the world about them. In the Middle Ages this was considered right; mystics were called holy men, and numbers of them went to lonely places and lived on herbs and cultivated their souls in meditation. Nowadays we are apt to call that manner of living not holiness but cowardice. This is because, as Charles W. Eliot pointed out in his "Religion of the Future," we are living in a time when there is alive in the world a keen consciousness of social responsibility. The modern mystic, who is in tune with the spirit of the age, does not turn his back upon the world to cultivate his soul. He is more likely to start a home for poverty-stricken cancer patients. Now Alma Newton's earlier books, "The Love Letters of a Mystic" and "Memories,"

(Continued on Following Page)

FOUR FAMOUS PEOPLE OF VICTORIAN ERA

Mr. Strachey's "Eminent Victorians"—A Careful Study of Gladstone, Florence Nightingale, Cardinal Manning, General Gordon, and Dr. Arnold

By ASHLEY H. THORNDIKE,
Professor of English, Columbia University.

EMINENT VICTORIANS. By Lytton Strachey. G. P. Putnam's Sons.

THE four Victorians that Mr. Strachey has chosen to write about are certainly eminent. Cardinal Manning, Florence Nightingale, Dr. Arnold, and General Gordon are perhaps not among the greatest figures of the last century, but they are among the most revered. They are on the list of the Victorian saints. Now Mr. Strachey appears and inquires, Were they really so good and noble and heroic as they seemed? He perceives that myths are already gathering about their names, and he proceeds to demolish the myths. Or, rather, he asks, Isn't the real man or woman more interesting than the imaginary saint?

All Victorians, with the exception of Disraeli, appear to have been very serious-minded, and they consequently have left themselves open to the attack of a witty twentieth century realist like Mr. Strachey. His four worthies unquestionably took themselves very seriously. What humor they had they expended on the follies and mishaps of their foes; they never applied it to themselves. They had great tasks to perform and they were all diligent servants of the Lord, but their implacable solemnity tempts one to welcome a little gossip about their behavior when off duty. Mr. Strachey has not spared them. He has collected all the evidence against their sainthood and has supplied that humorous view of their seriousness which they lacked. And a wicked world will learn, not without interest, that Dr. Arnold, a hero endeared to every one by "Tom Brown's Schooldays," was really a bit pompous and muddle-headed, and that Florence Nightingale, the Lady with the Lamp, was shrewish and very sarcastic. Cardinal Manning, that venerable ascetic, appears as a politician so unscrupulous in his craft that he nearly tricked Newman out of his Cardinal's hat. General Gordon, that Christian hero, at times paid his devotions to the brandy bottle as well as to his Bible. Here is a scene from his first expedition in the Soudan, when, after his fashion, he had shut himself up in his tent for days with a flag and a hatchet at the door to indicate that he was not to be disturbed for any reason whatever.

> During one of these retirements, there was grave danger of a native attack upon the camp. Colonel Long, the Chief of Staff, ventured, after some hesitation, to ignore the flag and hatchet, and to enter the forbidden tent. He found Gordon seated at a table, upon which were an open Bible and an open bottle of brandy. Long explained the circumstances, but could obtain no answer beyond the abrupt words, "You are commander of the camp," and was obliged to retire, nonplussed, to deal with the situation as best he could. On the following morning Gordon, cleanly shaven, and in the full-dress uniform of the Royal Engineers, entered Long's hut with his usual tripping step, exclaiming: "Old fellow, now don't be angry with me. I was very low last night. Let's have a good breakfast—a little b. and s. Do you feel up to it?"

These four Victorians were not only pious, they were all theologians. They searched the Scriptures, worried over doctrines, and finally established a close relationship with the Deity. They humbled themselves before God, but before no one else. Their biographer, indeed, hints that they found a certain satisfaction in expending all their humility in their private devotions with their Maker. Before their fellow-men they appeared armed as the chosen of God, serene in the witness of the Spirit. There were prayers and humiliations and struggles with conscience in secret, but when they had once persuaded God that their way was acceptable in his sight they acted in public as became those who were Jehovah's chosen ministers. Arnold, in the pulpit of Rugby Chapel, preaching to the little boys about the evil of their ways; Manning at 84, feeble in body but still dictating every detail in the government of his diocese; Florence Nightingale on her invalid's couch driving poor Sidney Herbert to death in an effort to reform the War Office, and Gordon, alone in Khartoum, defying the Government, scribbling taunts and caricatures for his superiors, and holding in awe the garrison and the population through the months of fearful famine—you could as easily stop the Archangel Gabriel as one of these. They may not have been models of perfection, but they possessed indomitable wills.

It must not be thought, however, that Mr. Strachey shows only the less likable side of his Victorians. He shows all their sides. And they had moments when they win nothing but sympathy and admiration. We like Dr. Arnold best when, divested of his divinity gown, he goes on all-fours upon the floor, playing with his children. We see Miss Nightingale not only as a marvelously efficient administrator, but as a very angel of light and healing.

> Wherever, in those vast wards, suffering was at its worst and the need for help was the greatest, there, as if by magic, was Miss Nightingale. Her superhuman equanimity would, at the moment of some ghastly operation, nerve the victim to endure and almost hope. Her mere passage brought with it a strange influence. A passionate idolatry spread among the men; they kissed her shadow as it passed.

Manning's greatest moment was, perhaps, when, after all other conciliators failed, at 83 years of age he won over the dock strikers. "Unaccustomed tears glistened in the eyes of his rough and work-stained hearers as the Cardinal raised his hand and solemnly urged them not to prolong one moment more than they could help the perilous uncertainty and the sufferings of their wives and children." As for Gordon, his greatest moment was his last. The defense had collapsed and the Mahdi's followers were swarming into

(Continued on Following Page)

LATEST WORKS OF FICTION

(Continued from Preceding Page)

gave the reader a sense that their author had not yet discovered her world. She had discovered the world of the mediaeval saints, but she had not brought the discovery to bear on the life about her. In her new volume she escapes this charge. It is significant that the scene of her first book is in Capri, while that of the title story of her last is in the subway. In the first book the hero plays the violin and writes love letters at midnight after exquisite dinners in an Italian villa; in "The Blue String" the heroine dies of anaemia, which is a polite name for starvation.

In this first sketch, "The Blue String," the author has done a tender and exquisite thing. It is very short, but nevertheless she has conveyed her meaning delicately and completely through suggestion. Her writing shows increased maturity, simplicity, depth. In the dialogue between the priest and the lady over the body of the dying girl, there is something solemn, antiphonal. This sketch gives an indication of what its author will accomplish when she has looked more closely at the things about her.

Another admirable sketch is "The Dawn," a dialogue between a mother and a dying child. The child, because it is a child, is more sensitive than the mother. The dialogue has a Maeterlinckian sound:

The Mother: What do you see, my child?
The Child: Just what you see, mother.
The Mother: Are you sure?
The Child: Why not?
The Mother: Because you are a clairvoyant, my little one.
The Child: What is that, mother? Is it something queer?
The Mother: No, no, it is something beautiful. You see things that others cannot see.
The Child: Why do you tell me such things, mother; is it because I am dying?
The Mother: Hush, my little one, no one ever dies.

In "The Artist and the Materialist," a dialogue suggesting Wilde's "The Critic as Artist," the author expresses some of her ideas concerning art and literature. "Novena" contains an illuminating plaint by a girl who is tired of "dream lovers, etheric ties," and wants more tangible "realization." It indicates the author's advance in the understanding of character that she should be able to visualize so convincingly a mental attitude different from her own. It is one of the many evidences, indeed, that "The Blue String" contains of the author's deepened and more assured grasp both on life and on her literary medium.

THE MAN NOBODY KNEW

THE MAN NOBODY KNEW. By Holworthy Hall. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.50.

MR. HALL, who has written more stories than Lope de Vega wrote plays, is naturally sometimes hard pushed for ideas. He is forced into the bizarre and the preposterous to keep the mill grinding. In this latest novel he has rather outdone himself in achieving the unlikely. The hero, one Hillard, hails from Syracuse, N. Y. A son of a splendid father, he makes himself notorious through drinking and general unreliability. In a burst of petulance he joins the Foreign Legion. On the first day in the trenches he is severely wounded and taken to the hospital. The formula has become familiar. Why is it that in our plays and novels the war has been used chiefly as a lever for the regeneration of rotters?

But Mr. Hall gives his story a fillip that has what the magazines consider the merit of novelty. The hero's face has to be made over. He hates his own, so he cynically gives the surgeons as a model for his new one a postcard picture of Rembrandt's Christ. The surgeons dutifully use it. The erstwhile wastrel is henceforward described as follows:

He was anywhere from 25 to 40, this American from the distant trenches, and his age was as hard to guess as a clever woman's; there was something about him peculiar to youth, and yet when his face was in repose he might easily have claimed twoscore of years and gone undisputed. It was a face which suggested both the fire of immaturity and the drain of experience; there was a breath-taking gravity about it, a hint of the dignity of marble, of ageless permanence. It was a slightly thin face, scarred by a heavy line or two, and indelibly stamped with the evidence of intense thought and inward suffering.

Despite the "evidence of intense thought" with which Hillard's face was marked he immediately (on the boat coming back to America) becomes a victim of a most barefaced and obvious schemer, one Harmon, a conventionalized portrait of a boisterous American stock broker. This gentleman wants some one to stick a mining stock for him, and, though he has not hitherto been able to get any one to sell it, he feels sure that Hillard can. By a happy coincidence the particular place he wants him to sell the stock is Syracuse, N. Y.; it seems that the business men of that town are particularly insensitive to large opportunities. Hillard, without looking into the value of Harmon's mine for a moment, accepts.

He goes back to Syracuse, where no one recognizes him. He sells the stock to all his friends, believing it to be honest. It turns out to be fake. He is in despair. But the reader need not be. The stock turns out to be all right, by accident. And he marries the girl with whom he had been in love before, who knew who he really was all the time. Even a preposterous story may be a good yarn. But when it is clogged with sentimentality at every turn and defaced by the sort of tactlessness which inspired the Christ episode, it becomes difficult reading. Why would not one of the Pagan gods, Zeus or Hermes, have done for Hilliard? Even Van Dyke's Charles I. might have done him justice.

FOUR FAMOUS PEOPLE OF VICTORIAN ERA

(Continued from Preceding Page)

the palace. Gordon had time only to slip on a white uniform and meet them at the head of the staircase. No one knows exactly what happened, but at the foot of the stairs his body was found among a heap of corpses.

There is every temptation to quote from this volume, for it abounds in striking stories and brilliant interpretations. Perhaps the most remarkable passages in the extraordinarily clever book are those in which the author analyzes the characters of the three statesmen most intimately concerned in Gordon's fate—Gladstone, Sir Evelyn Baring, and Lord Hartington. The portraits are masterpieces that must be read in their entirety to be appreciated, but a single detail may be given from the picture of Lord Hartington, whom the English people trusted.

Above all, they loved him for being dull. It was the greatest comfort—with Lord Hartington they could always be absolutely certain that he would never, in any circumstances, be either brilliant, or subtle, or surprising, or impassioned, or profound. As they sat listening to his speeches, in which considerations of stolid plainness succeeded one another with complete flatness, they felt, involved and supported by the colossal tedium, that their confidence was finally assured. They looked up and took their fill of the sturdy obvious presence. The inheritor of a splendid dukedom might almost have passed for a farm hand. Almost, but not quite. For an air that was difficult to explain, of preponderating authority, lurked in the solid figure; and the lordly breeding of the House of Cavendish was visible in the large, long, bearded, unimpressionable face.

Mr. Strachey has not written history in the usual fashion, but he has made a notable contribution to that prodigious and impossible undertaking, the history of the Victorian Age. His four eminent personages were chosen for their points of difference rather than from their likeness; yet, as has been suggested, in essentials of character they resemble one another, and they reveal Victorian limitations and excellencies. They possessed in superabundance that energy which Matthew Arnold thought so characteristic of the English, and they were wanting in that openness of mind and flexibility of intelligence which he found among his French rather than his English contemporaries. All four did their utmost to make the will of God prevail, but each had a closed mind as to what the will of God was. But if they had lived more wisely, would they have lived as well? At least we may doubt if they would have made as good subjects for biography.

"We do not reflect," observes Mr. Strachey, "that it is perhaps as difficult to write a good life as to live one." In an interesting preface he derides our customary two-volume biographies, "with their ill-digested masses of material, their slipshod style, their tone of tedious panegyric, their lamentable lack of selection, of detachment, of design." These are the faults he has avoided. He paints his portraits with penetrating insight and iconoclastic irony, and with a style that has all the energy of the Victorians and the flexibility and wit of the French. But he will admit no romantic enthusiasm. That quality his readers must supply for themselves; and, after all, it is a quality needed if one is to understand completely the hero of Khartoum or the Lady with the Lamp.

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QUERIES AND ANSWERS

E. A. BAILEY.—I have in my possession a New England Primer dated 1822, published in New York by D. D. Smith, at the Franklin Juvenile Book Store, 190 Greenwich Street. The primer belonged to my grandfather, Eli Hale, who was born in 1791. In order to preserve the book, it has a cover of newspaper, probably about the same date as the primer. This small piece of newspaper contains several very interesting items, one of which reads as follows:

"The New York Times is suspended for a short time. The editor states the new Journal of Commerce has injured him, and intimates that it has been done unfairly. We have always regarded The Times as a respectable paper."

Does this item refer to the present New York Times?

The New England Primer of the date mentioned is worth about $6. The New York Times mentioned in the newspaper is not the present New York Times, which did not come into existence until 1851.

"England"

HAZEL SIMON.—Can you kindly tell me in what book I can find the poem which commences "England, with all thy faults I love thee still"?

The poem asked for is by William Cowper, the English poet, and may be found in "The Task," Book II. It is printed in the World's Best Poetry, Vol. VIII, and in many collections of British poetry.

"Tales of My Landlord"

W. H. W. CRISPO.—I have in my possession two volumes of "The Highlander; or, Tales of My Landlord," published by A. K. Newman, Leadenhall Street, London, 1819, which I am told is one of the first works of Sir Walter Scott. If so, what value would they be?

"Tales of My Landlord," by Sir Walter Scott, third series, four volumes, Edinburgh, 1819, is worth about $6. The London edition of the same year is not of special value.

House by the Road

D. F. M.—Can you tell me the author of the poem, "The House by the Road," the first two lines being:

Let me live in the house by the side of the road,
Where the race of men go by?

The author of this well-known poem was Sam Walter Foss, a New England poet and writer, who from 1898 until his death in 1911 was librarian of the Public Library at Somerville, Mass.

ANSWERS FROM READERS

MRS. GEORGE D. MAYO.—In answer to Mrs. S. D. Cox's inquiry as to the author and complete poem beginning:

"Here's to the blue of the wind-swept North,"

I am very happy to say it was written by my young son, George Morrow Mayo, who is serving in the United States Navy in anti-submarine work, having volunteered the day after war was declared.

The poem or song is as follows:

Here's to the blue of the wind-swept North,
When we meet on the fields of France;
May the spirit of Grant be with you all
As the sons of the North advance.

And here's to the gray of the sun-kissed South,
When we meet on the fields of France;
May the spirit of Lee be with you all
As the sons of the South advance.

And here's to the Blue and Gray as one,
When we meet on the fields of France;
May the Spirit of God be with you all
As the sons of the Flag advance.

Information about this poem was also received from A. I. Davenport, New York; Muriel G. Ahrend, Central Valley, N. Y.; Harriet E. Stanley, New York; Mrs. Peter C. Osterhoudt, Kingston, N. Y.; George T. Ferreira, East Boston, Mass.; Miss Grace Scoville, New York; Jeanne E. Pennington, New York; Blanche Leland, Jackman, N. Y.; G. O. Shields, New York; James Derbyshire, Newark, N. J.; Mrs. H. Green, Honesdale, Penn.; Anna M. Learheart, Stamford, Conn.; Isaac Curry, Norwalk, Conn.; Elsie Butts, Highlands, N. J.; E. E. Conlon, Downsville, N. Y.; Mrs. C. E. Folger, Lockport, N. Y.; R. F. Midgley, Elizabeth, N. J.; F. J. Beard, Yonkers, N. Y., and Dorothy V. Brodie, Binghamton, N. Y.

"Richard Carvel"

J. C. WOOD.—In THE BOOK REVIEW of Dec. 29 Elise S. Littlejohn desired to know where the following quotation could be found. It is the concluding paragraph of Winston Churchill's novel, "Richard Carvel":

The war for Independence was won. I pray God that time may soften the bitterness it caused and heal the breach in that noble race whose motto is Freedom; that the Stars and Stripes and the Union Jack may some day float together to cleanse this world of tyranny.

Answers to this appeal were also received from Elizabeth Thomas Nelson, Richmond, Va.; Werner S. Allison, New York; R. Carter, Rochester, N. Y., and W. E. Risdon, Jersey City, N. J.

The Fox and the Owl

Mrs. ROBERT ROBERTSON.—The book which V. M. Turner asked for in THE BOOK REVIEW of Dec. 29 has been a cherished possession of mine for fifty years—one of the happy recollections of my childhood. Its name is "The Fox and the Owl." Aunt Matilda series, and McLaughlin & Co., publishers, New York. It is probably now out of print.

Information about this poem, which is much too long to print in this column, has been received from Mrs. Daniel G. Clark, Ithaca, N. Y.; K. M. Johnson, New York; Mrs. Edward D. Wilf, Englewood, N. J.; Mrs. H. C. Adams, New York, and Mrs. E. H. Churchill, Connecticut.

APPEALS TO READERS

J. C. M.—Looking through a diary for the year 1882 recently I came across the lines copied below, which appeared without name or reference. The writing being rather illegible they may not be quite correctly given. Perhaps one of your readers may be able to give the correct version, with the name of the poem and of the author:

We seem to tread the self-same street,
To pace the self-same court or grass;
Parting, our hands appear to meet;
O vanitatum vanitas!

"Life Leaves"

J. L. M.—I shall be greatly obliged if any of your readers would give me the name of the author of a poem the title of which I know as "Life Leaves," the first stanza of which is:

The day, with its sandals dipped in dew,
Has passed thro' the evening's golden gates,
And a single star in the cloudless blue
For the rising moon in silence waits,
While the wind that sighs to the languid hours
A lullaby breathes o'er the folded flowers.

In Granger's Index the poem is listed as "Mesfory's Wildwood" and no author is given.

Fair Sorrento

HENRY D. PIERCE.—I am anxious to obtain a copy of a poem which I heard quoted many years ago. The first verse ran something like this:

On the hills of fair Sorrento
Cupid left his last memento.
* * * *
Where the maiden,
Flower laden,
Bears his arrows in her eyes.
* * * *
While the steamers,
With their streamers,
Bear the dreamers
Out to sea.

Perhaps some reader may be able to furnish the entire poem.

The Lone Shealing

A. L. W.—May I ask some reader where I can find the poem of which the following is the first verse:

From the lone shealing on the misty island
Mountains divide us and a world of seas,
But still the blood is strong, the heart is Highland,
And we in dreams behold the Hebrides.

It is often quoted, but I cannot find it.

"House of Dreams"

J. F. DAWSON.—Would appreciate it greatly if some reader could furnish me with the poem "My Little House of Dreams."

Sobbing Drums

WILLIAM C. HARPINGTON.—Can some reader tell me where I can find a Decoration Day poem beginning:

Sobbing drums, solemn and slow,
Beating time when the old men go,
Withered skins, faltering feet,
* * * * *
Glory is passing along the street.

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THE new, uniform American edition of Leonard Merrick's books which E. P. Dutton & Co. last year announced they would undertake will be initiated by them next month with the publication of "Conrad in Quest of His Youth," with an introduction by Sir J. M. Barrie. The unique feature of the edition, aside from the fact that it is newly set and printed in America, will be the introduction each volume will have by some distinguished English or American novelist. As there will be, at the start, twelve volumes, Mr. Merrick will thus be tried by a full jury of his peers. Succeeding volumes, which will appear at short intervals, will be as follows: "When Love Flies Out of the Window," with an introduction by Sir William Robertson Nicoll; "The Quaint Companions," introduction by H. G. Wells; "The Position of Peggy Harper," introduction by Sir Arthur Pinero; "The Man Who Understood Women," introduction by W. J. Locke; "The Actor Manager," introduction by William Dean Howells; "The Worldlings," introduction by Neil Munro; "Cynthia," introduction by Maurice Hewlett; "One Man's View," introduction by Granville Barker; "The Man Who Was Good," introduction by J. K. Prothero. These will all be published in a limited edition of 1,500 each. In addition, the Duttons will bring out this week, as a sort of advance courier, Mr. Merrick's latest book, "When Paris Laughed," postponed from last Summer, which at some future time will be provided with an introduction and added to the uniform edition. It is a collection of short stories dealing with life in Paris in the years before the war.

"From Sunup to Sundown," written in collaboration by Corra Harris and her daughter, Faith Harris Leech, which Doubleday, Page & Co. announce for early Spring publication, will be a novel about the endeavor of a young lawyer and his wife to run a farm without practical knowledge. It is said to show ample evidence of Mrs. Harris's well-known gifts of ironic humor and clever phraseology.

The Putnams have ready the second volume of the Cambridge History of American Literature. It takes up the early writers of drama and essays, Cooper and his contemporaries in fiction, the authors who were more or less allied with the Transcendental School, the poets, publicists, orators, historians and other writers, and the magazines, annuals and newspapers to the middle of the last century. The third volume, to be published some time in the future, will complete the history down to the end of the century.

The year that has just begun is the centenary anniversary of a striking list of famous American authors. In 1819 were born Walt Whitman, James Russell Lowell, Julia Ward Howe, Susan Warner, J. G. Holland, Charles A. Dana, who created a newspaper even if he did not write a book. The double decade of which 1819 was the closing year saw the birth of so many other American authors of renown—Emerson, Thoreau, Whittier, Longfellow, Alcot, Hawthorne, Beecher, Mrs. Stowe, to say nothing of the great statesmen of the last century whose eyes first opened during that same period—that the question at once springs up as to why there should have been such a flowering of talent and of genius out of that twenty years when succeeding ones were so barren—whether there were physical or moral conditions preceding the birth or attending the childhood of that generation which produced or stimulated mental energy.

The story of his life, "Hitting the Dark Trail, by Clarence Hawkes, blind author and lecturer, has been issued in three kinds of raised print for the blind, and is being used much at base and convalescent hospitals and educational institutions for blind soldiers, both in the United States and in England. Mr. Hawkes, who was blinded in his early teens, tells in his book how he enjoys many things which most people suppose require full eyesight for their appreciation, such as a baseball game, which is one of his particular enjoyments; travel, beautiful weather, and fine scenery.

Henry Kitchell Webster, of whose many novels "An American Family" was the last, has recently sailed for England, where he will represent as correspondent a daily paper and a monthly magazine. He expects to be gone for six months, and will visit France and Belgium before he returns.

The George H. Doran Company will publish this week Charles Hansen Town's "Shaking Hands with England," an account of his visit to that country last Summer with a party of editors and authors, the purpose of whose going was to better acquaintance, clarify understanding, and strengthen friendship between the two countries.

There has just been organized in Italy, at Rome, an association named the "Library for American Studies in Italy," whose purpose is to establish a library in that city which shall contain the best books on the history, literature, art, and all the political and social institutions of the United States for the use of any one in Italy wishing to know and to spread knowledge about this country. The first trustees of the association are the American Ambassador to Italy, ex officio, James Byrne of New York, and H. Nelson Gay of Boston. The American Ambassador to Italy, or in his absence the highest official of the embassy, will always be one of the trustees. The association will receive gifts of money, books, and other things useful for its purpose. The organizers of the association hope that through it a better understanding of this country may be disseminated in Italy.

The Goncourt Prize for 1918 has just been awarded to a book entitled "Civilization," written by Dr. Georges Duhamel, which the Century Company will publish sometime this Spring. It is a collection of short sketches about the war. The author was for four years on the staff of a hospital just back of the French front.

Lemcke & Buechner announce the early publication, following their "Entente Baedeker" and "Entente Almanach de Gotha," of an "Entente Minerva" from the press of Gauthier-Villars, in Paris. The German portion of the annual, of which this takes the place, which was published for twenty-five years in Strassburg, will not be included in this index of higher education. Information contained in it concerning non-French institutions will for the most part be given in the language of the country to which they belong.

For February publication the J. B. Lippincott Company announces a contribution to Lincolniana in the shape of a novel by Bernie Babcock, which will be called "The Soul of Ann Rutledge: Abraham Lincoln's Romance." The claim of the publishers is that "this is the first adequate story of one of the greatest loves in history."

Alfred A. Knopf announces that Joseph Hergesheimer's new novel, "Java Head," passed its 5,000 mark a little over a week after publication.

Francis Bowes Sayre's "Experiments in International Administration," which the Harpers will publish immediately, will describe the attempts at the formation of international leagues that have been made in the past. It will narrate the details of organization and the results of each of the three endeavors during the last two and a half centuries that European nations have made to obtain permanent peace. The author is at present teaching international and constitutional law in the Harvard Law School.

Hartley Burr Alexander, author of "Liberty and Democracy," has just been elected President of the American Philosophical Association.

Doubleday, Page & Co. announce that they have taken over from the H. K. Fly Company Captain Peter B. Kyne's earlier novels, "The Long Chance" and "Cappy Ricks," and now have on their list all of his books.

Among the Spring publications of Scribners will be "Seeing the National Parks," by Robert Sterling Yard, Chief of the Educational Division, National Park Service, and author of "The Top of the Continent." It will give authoritative information concerning the whole National Parks system, treating them historically, scenically, practically as resorts, educationally, and scientifically.

American Postal Service

A second edition has been published of Louis Mellus's "The American Postal Service." It contains matter that is not in the earlier edition. In its present form Mr. Mellus's book gives a good history of the Postal Service from the earliest times and a full description of this country's postal organization and methods. (Author, Washington, D. C.)

Sewing and Textiles

Annabel Turner, Instructor in Home Economics in the University of Wisconsin, has contributed to the Home Economics Series an illustrated volume entitled "Sewing and Textiles." She gives instruction in all kinds of plain sewing, darning, and patching, and practical information of use in buying cloths and in handling them. (D. Appleton & Co. $1.75.)

Putnam's Publications Jan. 17 1919

The Chaos in Europe
Frederick Moore
Author of "The Balkan Trail," "The Passing of Morocco," etc. Introduction by Dr. Charles W. Eliot.
12°. $1.50.

A consideration of the political destruction that has taken place in Russia and elsewhere and of the International Policies of America.

The author has had a rare experience as a correspondent, and is now reporting the Peace Conference for a great daily.

Theodore Roosevelt wrote: "Mr. Frederick Moore has made a real study of Russia and is an exceptionally clear sighted and fearless man."

The Dawn of the French Renaissance
Arthur Tilley, M. A.
Fellow and Lecturer, King's College, Cambridge.
8°. *24 Plates.* $8.25.

This sympathetic and immensely important work is divided under three headings: Part I: France and Italy; Part II: The Renaissance in Letters, and Part III: The Renaissance in Art. Part II is chiefly devoted to "The Study of Latin," "The Study of Greek," "Humanism in the Provences," "French Poetry and Prose"; Part III: Architecture, Sculpture and Painting.

The Cambridge History of American Literature
Editors: William Peterfield Trent, M.A., LL.D.; John Erskine, Ph.D.; Stuart Pratt Sherman, Ph.D.; Carl Van Doren, Ph.D.
12°. $3.50.
To be published in 3 volumes. Royal 8°. $3.50 per volume.
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Volume II. Early National Literature Part II. Later National Literature Part I.
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Songs of a Miner
James C. Welsh
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The author of these vigorous poems is himself a miner, for twenty-four years working in the pits of Lanarkshire. There is marked contrast in his work, poems of lace-like tracery; deep toned poems of the souls, whimsical poems of his countryland, and robust poems of action.

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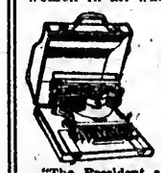

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ENGLISH VERSION OF BOOK BY FABRE

THE SACRED BEETLE AND OTHERS. By J. H. Fabre. Translated by Alexander Teixeira de Mattos. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.60.

THE Sacred Beetle was sedulously watched thousands of years before the Christian era, in the days of Rameses and Thotmes. As the fellah in the Valley of the Nile watered his patch of onions in the Spring, he would see from time to time a fat, black insect pass close by, hurriedly trundling a ball of camel dung backward. He would watch the queer rolling thing in amazement, even as the Provencal peasant watches it to this day.

No one fails to be surprised when he first finds himself in the presence of the Scarab, who, with his head down and his long hind legs in the air, pushes with might and main his huge pill, the source of so many awkward tumbles. Undoubtedly the simple fellah, on beholding this spectacle, wondered what that ball could be, what object the black creature could have in rolling it along with such vigor. The peasant of today asks himself the same question.

In the days of the Rameses and Thotmes, superstition had something to say in the matter; men saw in the rolling sphere an image of the world performing its daily revolution; and the Scarab received divine honors: in memory of his ancient glory he continues the Sacred Beetle of the modern naturalists.

Ancient Egypt used to say that the Scarab rolls his ball from east to west, the direction in which the world turns. It was thought that he buried it underground for twenty-eight days, because that was the period of lunary revolution. The four weeks' incubation quickened the pillmakers' progeny. On the twenty-ninth day, which the insect knew to be that of the conjunction of the sun and moon and of the birth of the world, he was supposed to go back to the buried ball, dig it up, open it and throw it into the Nile, thus completing the cycle. Immersion in the sacred waters caused a Scarab to emerge from the ball.

M. Fabre bids us not laugh superiorly at this ancient superstition. For the fundamental error, regarding as the Scarab's cradle the ball which we see rolling across the fields, still lingers in our textbooks. It was only after years of steady observation that the great naturalist became convinced that the beetle's burden contained no germs; they were merely rolled away as provision. This is not the only tradition Fabre punctures. Earlier observers (Blanchard, Illiger) had described several beetles pushing a pellet of food, and attributed this dual labor to cooperation. By means of ingenious experiment, M. Fabre disproves this; the beetle seems to have no instinct for co-operation whatever:

They are very far, however, from any such co-operation. Each pushes the ball, with all his might, I admit, but he pushes as if he were alone and seems to have no notion of the happy result that would follow a combined effort. . . . I introduced artificially a stoppage which is not really very different from those occurring naturally when the ball is being rolled amid the thousand and one irregularities of the ground; and the beetle behaves, in my experimental tests, as he would have behaved in any other circumstances in which I had no part. He uses his back as a wedge and a lever and pushes with his feet, without introducing anything new into his methods, even when he has a companion and can avail himself of his assistance.

This is the experience of most investigators when they put to animals tests which require what would seem to be the rudiments of a reasoning process rather than the simple working of instinct. The other volumes of the "Souvenirs Entomologiques" which have so far been published have been noted for the sheer excitement which M. Fabre is able to infuse into his records of the multitudinous lives of the tiny creatures whose doings he chronicles with such loving and humorous minuteness. In this regard "The Sacred Beetle" is no exception; one watches the progress of a beetle pushing a pellet of food over a perilous terrain with a tremulous eagerness; it is part of M. Fabre's genius that he is able to invest science with the heightened expectancy of crises in our own lives:

And now to work with a will! The thing moves, it begins to roll; we shall get there, though not without difficulty. Here is the first awkward place; the beetle is wending his way athwart a slope and the heavy mass tends to follow the incline; the insect, however, for reasons best known to himself, prefers to cut across this natural road, a bold project which may be brought to naught by a false step or by a grain of sand which disturbs the balance of the load. The false step is made; down goes the ball to the bottom of the valley; and the insect, toppled over by the shock, is lying on its back, kicking. It is soon up again and hastens to harness itself once more to its load. The machine works better than ever. But look out, you dunderhead! Follow the dip of the valley; that will save labor and mishaps; the road is good and level; your ball will roll quite easily. Not a bit of it! The beetle prepares once again to mount the slope that has already been his undoing.

The whole book partakes of this interest. It emanates from the author's passion for his subject, a sense that the translator has rendered unimpaired in his translation. One feels in these clear pages that one is reading French. It is a mistake to have called Fabre the "Homer of the insects"; better to have called him their Boswell.

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Review of Books
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Of
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NEW YORK, JANUARY 19, 1919.

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ROUSSEAU'S "LEAGUE"

STATESMEN, writers on political economy, educators—it would be difficult to measure, with any degree of accuracy, their indebtedness to that revolutionary thinker and visionary of the eighteenth century, JEAN JACQUES ROUSSEAU. It may be that his books are not so widely read today as they once were, and that they have been superseded to a great extent by the more brilliant, witty writing of his rival and successor, VOLTAIRE. But the ideas of ROUSSEAU seem to have a perennial hold on us. Their originator seems to have thought for a twentieth century world, and to have been as far as possible, in his sympathies and turn of mind, from a civilization that appeals to our interest largely because it is old and outworn. Now it is the League of Nations idea that a reader finds originates with the great French philosopher. ROUSSEAU first speaks of the "Project for Perpetual Peace" in his "Confessions," telling us that he derived it from the Abbé de SAINT-PIERRE, whose manuscripts had been placed in his hands. Later on he elaborated the "Project," called it a League of Nations, intended for the nineteen powers which he supposed would form the future "European Republic," and drew up these five articles by which these powers would be federated:

By the first, the contracting sovereigns will establish among them a perpetual and irrevocable alliance, and will nominate plenipotentiaries to hold, in a specified place, a permanent diet or congress, in which all disputes of the contracting parties will be arranged and terminated by way of arbitration or of decision.

By the second will be specified the number of sovereigns whose plenipotentiaries will have votes at the diet; those who will be invited to accede to the treaty; the order, time, and method by which the presidence will pass from one to the other at equal intervals; lastly, the relative quota of contributions to meet joint expenses and the method of raising them.

By the third, the confederation will guarantee to each of its members possession and government of all the States which it actually possesses, likewise the succession, elective or hereditary, according as everything is established by the fundamental laws of each country; and in order to suppress at once the source of disputes which continually recur, it will be desirable to take actual possession and the latest treaties as the basis of all the mutual rights of the contracting Powers, renouncing forever and reciprocally every other previous pretension; except future contentions, successions, and other rights that may become due, which will all be regulated by the arbitration of the diet, without leave to enforce a claim by violence or even to take up arms one against another under any pretext whatsoever.

By the fourth will be specified the cases in which any ally who infringes the treaty shall be placed under the ban of Europe and proscribed as a public enemy; namely, if he should refuse to execute the judgment of the Grand Alliance, should make warlike preparations, should negotiate treaties contrary to the confederation, or should take up arms either to resist it or to attack any of the Allies. It will be agreed by the same article that armed action will be taken, jointly and at common cost, against every State that is under the ban of Europe, until it has laid down arms, executed the judgments and regulations of the diet, repaired the injuries, refunded the costs, and expressed regret for the preparations of war contrary to the treaty.

Lastly, by the fifth, the plenipotentiaries of the European body will always have power to draw up in the diet, by a plurality of votes provisionally, and three months later by a three-fourths majority definitively, on the instructions of their courts, the regulations they will consider expedient for conferring on the European Republic and on each of its members all the advantages possible; but nothing shall ever be altered in these five fundamental articles except by the unanimous consent of the confederates.

SINCE the days of BJORNSON and IBSEN we have rarely had the opportunity to welcome something "literary," and of the first order, from Norway. JOHAN BOJER, a translation of whose novel, "The Great Hunger," reviewed elsewhere in these columns, has just appeared in this country, is a Norwegian scarcely known, even by name, to American readers, although in Norway he has held a place in the front rank of novelists for nearly thirty years. He shares the popularity of PETER EGGE and BURNT LIE, novelists who are equally unknown to the American public. When he first wrote BOJER was carried away with the Zola brand of realism that swept literary Europe in the eighties and early nineties, and his first novels were deeply touched by the French master's themes and methods. Latterly, however, BOJER has drifted into a sort of symbolic school of fiction, although his work is strongly realistic in tone. He is deeply imbued with the literary characteristic of his race, an intense seriousness that becomes a sort of habitual melancholy. He has been called, indeed, "the Cassandra of his race." Gloom, depression are not qualities that make for popularity in fiction—at least in this country—and it may be that this fact will stand in the way of anything like widespread appreciation of BOJER'S work with us. It is cheering to learn, however, that "The Great Hunger" is the least depressing of his novels, even if it is not exactly a light or humorous story.

ELVES AND FAIRIES

ELVES AND FAIRIES. Pictures by Ida Rentoul Outhwaite, Verses by Annie R. Rentoul. Edited by Grenbry Outhwaite. Melbourne, Australia: The Lothian Book Publishing Company.

OUT of the antipodes comes this big and beautiful book with its proof of what Australia can do in the way of verse, illustration, and bookmaking. A whimsical foreword by Archibald T. Strong of the University of Melbourne sets forth the claim that if the fairies long ago left England—he says the "last authentic Fairy recorded in England occurs in a Masque of Ben Jonson's"—they have found a new home among the oddly named trees and flowers of Australia, where the two authors of this volume have discovered them and sung and pictured their activities. And surely the Australian fairies are very difficult to please if they have not been greatly delighted by the portrayal of them made by these two ladies. Mrs. Outhwaite's pictures, of which there are forty-five in full-page plates, fifteen in color and the rest in black and white, show a high degree of skill, grace, and charm. The drawing is firm and true, the conceptions charming, and the figures strikingly graceful and pleasing. There is often a touch of humor or grotesquerie of the kind that brings a tender smile into the reader's heart as well as to his lips.

The poems by Miss Rentoul, of which there are sixty or more, companion the pictures most happily. Their simplicity of diction, their frequently quaint or gently humorous idea, and their melodious quality put them into that difficult land between childhood and maturity, so perfectly inhabited by Stevenson and by Riley in some of their poems, which can be equally enjoyed by both children and grown-ups. The opening poem, entitled "Moonrise," has three dainty stanzas, of which this is the first:

Moonrise comes,
Pushing through the ti-tree;
Moonrise comes,
With her wand of pearl;
Moonrise comes,
I can hear the Fairies;
Softer than a wattle-bud
Their wings unfurl.
Hush, hush, hush!
I can hear the Fairies;
Softer than a wattle-bud
Their wings uncurl.

And here is the first stanza of a fairy's speculations as, poised on a hillside, she looks down upon human habitations:

Down in the hollow, nestling deep,
The Mortals' Country lies;
And when the stars begin to peep
Like wild birds in the skies,
We see the mortal lights agleam
Behind the window bars;
Like songbirds in a cage they seem,
Poor little mortal stars.
Oh, are you happy, mortal lights,
Behind the bars on Summer nights?

The authentic note of originality which marks both pictures and verse, in addition to their grace, charm, and skill, makes one hope that these two talented Australians may become better known to American readers. The profits of the book are devoted to the Red Cross.

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Poetry and Drama

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Collection of short poems.

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Contains a one-act drama with prologue, a dramatic poem and a number of lyrics.

THE ENGLISH POETS. By Various Writers. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.10.

The fifth volume of the series containing selections from the famous poets of England, with critical introductions by various writers. There is a general introduction to the whole work by Matthew Arnold. The present volume contains selections from Browning with a critique of him by Margaret L. Woods and other poets since his time up to and including Rupert Brooke.

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THIRTY YEARS IN TROPICAL AUSTRALIA. By Gilbert White. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $3.25.

An illustrated book of travels in Queensland and the Northern territory of Australia, with chapters on the Torres Straits and the Philippines. The author is Bishop of Willochra.

Essays

THE BACKGROUND BOOKS. By Liberty Hyde Bailey. 12mo. Ithaca, N. Y.: The Comstock Publishing Company. THE HOLY EARTH; UNIVERSAL SERVICE; WIND AND WEATHER; WHAT IS DEMOCRACY. $1.12 each.

The first four volumes of a series of publications in which Mr. Bailey presents his personal estimates and impressions of a number of important and interesting subjects to which he has devoted his life.

TELL IT IN GATH. By Joseph A. Osgoode. 8vo. The University Press, Sewanee, Tenn.

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War Books

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A PEACE CONGRESS OF INTRIGUE. Compiled by Frederick Prekas. 12mo. New York: The Century Company. $2.50.

An account of the Congress of Vienna in 1915, based on the memories of those who took part in it.

WAR LIBRARIES AND ALLIED STUDIES. By Theodore Wesley Koch. 12mo. New York: G. E. Stechert & Co. $2.50.

Describes the war services of the American Library Association. The author was sent by the Library of Congress on a special mission to England in January, 1917.

Fiction

THE GREAT HUNGER. By Johan Bojer. 12mo. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co. $1.60.

Tells how a Norwegian boy brought up in poverty fights to educate himself.

THE EAGLE'S EYE. By William J. Flynn. 12mo. New York: Prospect Press. $1.50.

The author was for twenty years Chief of the United States Secret Service. The personal story, novelized by Courtney Riley Cooper, tells of the activities in this country of the Imperial German Government spies.

THE MAN NOBODY KNEW. By Holworthy Hall. 12mo. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.50.

Story of a man who enlisted in the Foreign Legion because he wanted to disappear from the earth.

TIN COWRIE DASS. By Henry Milner Rideout. 12mo. New York: Dutfield & Co. $1.25.

Story of the lost heir to an obscure East India kingdom.

New Editions

THE CAUSE OF THE SOCIAL EVIL. By A. Wells Elliott. 12mo. Macon, Ga.: A. Wells Elliott. $1.50.

New edition of a book which was first published in 1914.

THE STATE. By Woodrow Wilson. 8vo. New York: D. C. Heath & Co.

Special edition of a work first copyrighted in 1898 and now revised to December, 1918, by Professor Edward Elliot, Professor of International Law and Politics of the University of California.

Religion

GOD'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE WAR. By Edward S. Drown. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. 90 cents.

Discusses some of the great questions which are said to be perplexing the sincere Christians of today. The author is Professor of the Episcopal Theological School in Cambridge.

CHRISTIAN INTERNATIONALISM. By William Pierson Merrill. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.60.

A study of some of the obstacles that block the advance of Christianity today.

ADDRESSES AND SERMONS TO STUDENTS. By David M. Steele. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.25.

Contains twelve addresses, orations, and sermons. The author is Rector of the Church of St. Luke and The Epiphany in Philadelphia.

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A collection of the sayings and doings of prominent men and women, with numerous anecdotes illustrative of their character.

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Written in explanation of the schems which is intended, primarily, to the introduction of "The Great Plan," a book published by the author.

CAN MANKIND SURVIVE. By Morrison I. Swift. 12mo. Boston: Marshall Jones Company. $1.50.

Series of studies on evolutionary lines showing among other things that mankind is a product of the unfittest and that he is morally below the brutes, &c.

NATIONAL PROSPERITY

THE FOUNDATIONS OF NATIONAL PROSPERITY. Studies in the Conservation of Permanent National Resources. By Richard T. Ely, Ralph Hess, Charles K. Leith, and Thomas Nixon Carver. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.

MANY conservationists lose sight of the fact that there is a debit as well as a credit to proposals otherwise admirable. Nobody opposes conservation if there is economy in it, but conservation may be so costly that our posterity cannot afford it. To destroy for use may be to increase profit. Thus to destroy forests for the sake of raising grain benefits posterity, which profits more from the grain than it would from the forests. The case is not the same with deposits which do not renew themselves, but which are reduced forever by whatever is taken from them. Yet if coal and other minerals are to be preserved for posterity, posterity must pay what it would cost to invest the capital which it would be necessary to use and the interest which must be paid on the capital. Conservation may be mere hoarding of resources with a view to exploiting the market, in which case it must be controlled by the police and taxing powers so as to destroy private profit at public cost. The case is still different with water power. In that case the waste is by nonuse. There is no reduction by use, nor any increase by nonuse; and the waste by the idleness of the flowing water is caused often by legislation designed to prevent private profit at public cost. The conclusion is that "there is a sharp limit to the economic sacrifice that we may reasonably and ethically ask the private person to make for even the present welfare, and the limit is still sharper when we come to consider the interests of future generations. When it is possible and as a general principle, social burdens should be socially diffused and socially borne." The cost of capital limits conservation in practice, and this explains a "temporary reaction due on the one hand to selfishness and ignorance, and on the other to the indiscretions, exaggerations, and other mistakes of certain conservationists." The influence of these competent writers will do much to correct the reaction which they remark.

NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

(Continued from Preceding Page)

of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, which deals with the aims and tasks of the writers on Jewish history, supplies a wealth of bibliographical information and a convenient grouping of related Jewish histories which are likely to make this essay popular. At the same time, its scientific outlook is by no means lost sight of. Max J. Kohler is represented by a lengthy and careful piece of laborious research, entitled "Jewish Rights at the Congresses of Vienna (1814-1815) and Aix-la-Chapelle, (1818.)" This paper discusses the subject of its title at great length and is of practical value at this juncture in the affairs of the world, for it shows how an important though subsidiary topic was considered at the great peace conferences of a century ago after Napoleon's power was broken.

With Mr. Kohler's essay we may bracket for timeliness Albert M. Hyamson's "British Projects for the Restoration of Jews to Palestine." In this we are informingly and entertainingly instructed in the facts of various attempts by non-Jewish individuals or organizations in Great Britain to re-establish the Jews in a State of their own in the Holy Land. These stretch between the early years of the nineteenth century and the last decade thereof, and are thus of much interest in connection with the recent declaration of the British Cabinet through Foreign Secretary Balfour on the same subject.

The remaining papers in this volume need not detain us. The influence of Jews, particularly of the Hebrew Bible, on the well-known Cotton Mather was profound, and Lee M. Friedman has gathered together the principal evidences thereof from Mather's diary. Leon Hühner lists the Jews who participated in the War of 1812. Daniel P. Hays supplies a brief biographical memoir of his ancestor, Daniel L. M. Peixotto, M. D., a celebrated New York physician of the early half of the nineteenth century, and Dr. Solomon Zeitlin discusses eruditely an abstruse question of chronology—the date of the surrender of Jerusalem to Antiochus Sidetes.

As has become customary with the different volumes of this series, this volume concludes with several elaborate notes and necrologies. These, while of value, scarcely require comment in this place. Enough has been said, indeed, to indicate the worth of the present book and to send the interested reader to the perusal of its contents. He will be well repaid.

A LASTING PEACE

THE STRUCTURE OF A LASTING PEACE: An Inquiry Into the Motives of War and Peace. By Horace M. Kallen, Ph. D. Boston: Marshall, Jones & Co. $1.25.

MR. KALLEN, seeking a precedent for a passionately desired League of Nations, hits upon the situation in America in 1776:

> The Articles of Confederation were primarily a war measure, designed to make the efforts of many sovereign States effective against one common enemy. They provided therefore that the States were to retain all undelegated sovereignty; that they were to constitute an absolute military unity against the enemy assaulting any one of them; that the citizens of one, moving to another, were to receive equal treatment with the citizens of that other; that each should have equal authority with the others, large or small, on the basis of one State, one vote; that no State might enter into special relations with another, or with a foreign power, except by general consent; that no State might order a tariff at cross purposes with the general interest; that Congress alone, representing the general interest, might determine the armament of each State; that no State might go to war except by general consent; that hence treaties, alliances, the making of war and peace were to be the functions of Congress. . . .
> The articles provided, please observe, for all the contingencies that liberal opinion finds it desirable to guard against in the relations between contemporary States.

The resemblance seems striking, but there were very considerable differences which Mr. Kallen himself admits. For instance, the thirteen original British States had no "problems of nationality. By and large, they were of one blood, one language, and one legal and political tradition." A very considerable difference when one thinks of the Balkans and Austria-Hungary! And the inference that Mr. Kallen draws from this: namely, "that this (unity in nationality) did not prevent bitter quarrels and even warfare among them is only another evidence that nationality, even when sovereign, is not the antidote to warfare its contemporary protagonists assert it is," may be true, but that only means that heterogeneous nationalities are even less an antidote. And the problem of a League of Nations is thereby infinitely more difficult. But Mr. Kallen's analogy is highly interesting, and his book contains some original suggestions for the demands of the dictated peace that he so strongly believes in. One suggestion is that the German system of education must be undermined and revolutionized by the sending of one German in every thousand to either America, England, France, or Italy to be educated, and that the money for this should come from a "trust fund, created by confiscating all the property of the royal families in Germany."

CO-OPERATION

CO-OPERATION, THE HOPE OF THE CONSUMER. By Emerson P. Harris, President Montclair Co-operative Society. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.

IF consumers would combine they could defy the allurements of advertising and psychology. Spenders can finance themselves as consumers if not as producers. Thrift is both fashionable and popular in these Liberty Loan days, and here is a book which can be praised on the best sort of thrift. It is not mean to get better goods for less money, nor is the attempt foolish when made under intelligent guidance. Mr. Harris knows how clever salesmen coax dollars from ignorant buyers, and he counsels them how to avoid it by procuring for themselves information about what they buy. His candor induces confidence no less than his experience. He frankly says that Americans are backward in their economies because necessity has not driven them to it. Life has been easier for us than other peoples, and our shopkeepers' competition runs up expenses for them as well as for their customers. They charge too much for the service they render, and they get their custom by offering "free" what really is paid for. Deliveries are not free in the sense that they are not paid for. Deliveries cost 7 cents in Manhattan, and nearly 10 cents in Brooklyn. It costs nearly half the price of ice to deliver it, and quarter of the price to deliver bakery goods. Credit is not "free," but it pays the shopkeeper by inducing liberality in spending by those who do not handle actual funds.

The neighborhood store is the most expensive to manage because of the smallness of its clientage, and the desire to hold custom by meeting unreasonable demands for such accommodation as has been mentioned. The profits made are excessive for the consumer to pay, but not for the storekeeper to expect if he is to remain solvent. The buyer and the seller act on cross-purposes, one seeking profit and the other economy. The remedy is for the consumers to unite as buyers and distributers to themselves. The prudent way is to make a profit in the manner of the shopkeeper, and to declare dividends for the distribution of the profits among themselves of the more rational manner of doing business on facts about goods, and expecting less "free deals" from their own shop than from those which are more expensive. A co-operative store which would certify bulk goods could sell them in competition with package goods. Sound goods could be sold to those who relied upon statements of those without hope of profit to lead them to deceit about qualities.

Careful buyers will find the various tricks of the trade set out for their instruction and avoidance, but without any concealment that economy is troublesome. Some would prefer the trouble, others would prefer the service. The case for making the choice is well stated, and practical assistance is offered those persuaded that there is a better way than the usual one. It is undeniable that co-operative methods have succeeded in several countries, on a great scale in more than one, and a plan suitable for this country is sketched. The manner of presentation is interesting and the book has power of service for those who read it for general information, independent of desires to join buying and selling clubs.

American Social Problems

A volume entitled "American Social Problems" is presented by its authors, Henry Reed Burch and S. Howard Patterson, as an introduction to the study of society; it is intended for use in secondary schools. The authors are teachers in the West Philadelphia High School for Boys. (Macmillan Company. $1.20.)

The Pullman Car

One of the interesting items in the development of our American railroad system is entertainingly treated by Joseph Husband in "The Story of the Pullman Car." The author shows how the Pullman car idea was born and developed, and how it has been made to minister to the comfort of our own and other peoples. (A. C. McClurg & Co. $1.50.)

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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

ROMAN LAW IN THE MODERN WORLD. By Charles Phineas Sherman, D. C. L. 3 vols. Boston: The Boston Book Company. $13.

WHILE Professor Sherman's work is, of course, intended primarily for lawyers, it still affords a great deal of interest to the layman. In fact, the first volume, which traces the history of the law from pre-Roman times down to our own, is so clearly written and touches the streams of history and philosophy in so many ways, that it is to be hoped the volume may some day be printed by itself for general circulation. Professor Sherman's erudition is wide and deep; his style is eminently readable. To illustrate the general interest of his outline, how he makes it a part of the wide stream of human progress, we may quote a passage from the first volume in which he describes the effect of the Stoic philosophy upon the Roman law. He attributes the transformation of the Roman law into world law to four forces: (1) the influence of the Praetorian edict, (2) Greek philosophy, especially Stoicism, (3) the influence of the jurisconsults, and (4) imperial legislation. Speaking of the second of these influences, Professor Sherman says:

> The Stoic philosophy in particular appealed to the more intelligent Romans of the later Republic. Cicero accepted the tenets of this philosophy. And from Cicero to Alexander Severus the ethical principles of Stoic philosophy played a prominent part in Roman education and culture. The Roman mind took naturally to the dignity, righteous simplicity, and austerity of Stoicism. Stoic philosophy finally ascended the throne in the person of Marcus Aurelius, perhaps its greatest philosophical exponent. Says Sir Henry Maine: "To live according to nature was to resist passion and to rise above the disorderly habits and gross indulgences of the vulgar to higher laws of action which nothing but self-denial and self-command would enable the aspirant to observe. It is notorious that this proposition—live according to nature—was the sum of the tenets of the famous Stoic philosophy. * * *"
>
> Consequently the Roman jurists gave the name of jus naturale—natural law, law of nature—to describe the natural or ethical foundation on which the civil law must rest. Stoicism declared that the world was possessed by an all-pervading soul, which could be regarded from two different points of view, as a universal force or a universal reason. This soul is revealed both in the external law of nature and the original nature of man. Man participates in the universal reason. Hence the law of nature is the highest rule of human conduct; the great duty of man is to discover and conform to the highest law of reason.

The Roman law became universal because it had for its basis a universal and sane philosophy; the Romans were as great lawmakers as the Greeks were artists because the common sense of the Romans insisted upon living according to a system that could be codified and tabulated. Professor Sherman pleads eloquently for such a codification in our own law:

> As a country we are now repeating the activity of Rome in legislation. The development of our American law into jurisprudence has been, especially during the last century and a half, most usually by a return to the civil law of Rome. And this returning is still in progress. The most striking illustrations—and there are many—are these three: (1) The feudal common law ideal that husband and wife are one, and that one is the husband, has been repudiated in nearly all American States. Married women now have restored to them the power to control their separate property independently of their husbands. And this is simply the re-enactment of the doctrine of Roman law as to the freedom of married women. (2) Every American State has laws of inheritance similar to those of Rome. (3) The most pressing terrible necessity of our times is how to frame out of the gigantic mass of our reported case law an organized body of rules—in other words, how to codify our law. All civilized countries of the world except Great Britain and the United States have followed the example of Rome and codified their law. France, Germany, Spain, Italy, Austria, the Latin American States, and Japan have adopted the Roman Emperor Justinian's solution of this problem.

In the last part of the book Professor Sherman analyzes the commonly cited difficulties in the way of codifying our law and easily refutes them. The objections are: (1) that Anglo-American law is essentially non-codifiable; (2) that a republic cannot codify its law: to do that necessitates a monarchy or an empire; (3) that there is no necessity for a uniform codified Federal system of private law; (4) that such a system is impossible without impairing the integrity of the several States; (5) that such codification would cause atrophy. A close and reasoned examination of these various objections shows them to be unfounded and chimerical.

Volume II. is a manual containing the modern codes of foreign countries. Another specialty of this volume is a constant comparison of our common law with the civil law. The third volume is a guide to any Roman law sources or texts and foreign codes in a law library. It also informs the reader what English translations of Roman and modern codes exist.

A BLUE DEVIL OF FRANCE

A BLUE DEVIL OF FRANCE. By Captain G. P. Capart. Translated by J. C. Drouillard. New York: J. C. Watt & Co. $1.25.

DESPITE the fact that he has seen the worst of the war, there is a delightfully genial quality about Captain Capart's narrative. A member of General Pétain's General Staff, he fought in Belgium and at Verdun before he left for America as part of the scientific mission which collaborated with officials of this Government just two months after America became an ally against Prussianism. His vision of the poilu is as intimate as that of Barbusse in "Under Fire." Unlike that author, however, Captain Capart writes with a sympathy and humor that are intriguing. Though his narrative does not shrink from ugliness and cruelty and death, it is yet animated by a fine, if sometimes grim, cheerfulness.

Captain Capart has told his story exactly as he himself saw it without extenuation or mitigating romanticism. As he says in his preface, his first object in writing was to tell the truth. He has made no effort after unity beyond the unity inevitably imparted by a consistency of viewpoint and sympathy. There is no raving against the Hun, no vituperation. The Captain was presumably too busy to vituperate; he realized perhaps that the German is not sensitive and that he is proof against invective. He tells stories about queer coincidences, relates anecdotes (mainly humorous) about poilus, describes the sensation of falling several hundreds of feet in an airplane:

> Today I went up on a rocket test at a very high altitude. Suddenly one of the rockets burst in the propeller, and it snapped like a pistol shot—the horizontal rudder also was damaged.
>
> The descent commenced by great jerks, and it seemed as if the machine would collapse and fall apart.
>
> Flemeng, my pilot, made a sign "that it would go very bad with us." We went through a great cloud, and I began to believe we would crash to earth. Despite three accidents in two days, this will be very pretty, I say to myself. I thought that after what I had seen these last three months it would be absolutely idiotic to die in a bed, and I began to laugh at the idea.
>
> The avion lands like a butterfly on a prairie. * * *

One can imagine it is d'Artagnan speaking. After many lugubrious books about the "spirit of the soldier," it is delightful to read one like this, where danger is faced with an adventurous longing to experience a new sensation.

JEWISH HISTORICAL SOCIETY

PUBLICATIONS OF THE AMERICAN JEWISH HISTORICAL SOCIETY, NO. 26. Published by the society. $3.25.

IN April, 1917, the American Jewish Historical Society held its twenty-fifth annual meeting in this city and, at the same time, commemorated the silver jubilee of its founding here on June 7, 1892. The present volume of its "Publications" is practically exclusively devoted to an account of the proceedings at this interesting celebration and to a number of the papers read at the anniversary meeting.

The address of the President, Dr. Cyrus Adler, soberly describes the purposes of those who were responsible for the establishment of the society and reviews in broad outline its work for the first twenty-five years. While we miss all references to details in this summary we must accept the plea that twenty-five years are a brief span as extenuation for such omission. In truth, after twenty-five years, with many of the founders still hale and hearty, it would smack of self-adulation for a long catalogue of achievements to be attempted. Supplementing this address are the remarks of the Hon. Oscar S. Straus, the first President of the society, which he made as a part of the celebration. Here the vital connection between this society and the position of the Jew in American life is rightly insisted on. With Mr. Straus's further assertion that the society has faithfully preserved the ideals laid down for it by those who founded it, none who has carefully examined the series of its published memoirs, and especially the latest addition thereto, will quarrel. The reviewer may, therefore, felicitate the society on passing this auspicious milestone in its career and summarize the qualities which make this volume a useful contribution to knowledge.

The paper of Professor Alexander Marx

(Continued on Following Page)

BOOKS WORTH NOTING

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SALT
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THE LETTERS OF WASHINGTON IRVING TO HENRY BREVOORT. THE LETTERS OF HENRY BREVOORT TO WASHINGTON IRVING. Together with Other Unpublished Brevoort Papers. Edited, with an Introduction, by George S. Hellman. Two volumes. Illustrated. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. Each volume, $3.50.

IN 1915 a limited edition was published, in two volumes, of the letters of Washington Irving to Henry Brevoort. This was followed the next year by the publication, in similar form and also in a limited issue, of Brevoort's letters to Irving, together with other interesting Brevoort papers with which the public was as yet unacquainted. The original edition of each was very small indeed—there were only 255 sets of the Irving letters—and the demand for a general publication was quite to be expected. That demand is now met by the issue of the original four volumes in two books, of convenient size, with excellent illustrations, printed in large type on good paper, at a price not prohibitive for the public at large. These important documents in the literary history of America are thus placed in the hands of the reading public generally. As every one knows, Henry Brevoort was the intimate lifelong friend of Washington Irving, and these letters supply valuable material in Irving's biography. They give, as well, an important and interesting picture of American life—especially in New York—during the first half of the nineteenth century.

It is not to be expected that the correspondence of two men will offer a complete biography of either one of them. Irving's letters to Brevoort were most of them written during the years 1815-1831, of the American author's long stay in Europe. While the two friends were both in New York correspondence was not necessary. But of those years Irving's letters paint a satisfying picture, in which the writer himself stands out clearly. As Mr. Hellman, the editor, says:

> With no other friend did Washington Irving carry on so voluminous a correspondence as with Henry Brevoort. It forms a record of friendship such as the annals of our literature nowhere parallels. It is not an exciting document; it contains, indeed, introspective analyses, but not in the morbid and sometimes thrilling manner to which later literary correspondences have accustomed us; and the veil of Irving's reserve is only now and then lifted to disclose the precious intimacies of his chivalrous soul. Often the tribulations of business affairs interpose their shadows; but, for the most part, it is a sane and cheerful record of a famous life.

We have, for example, Irving's response to the fame that came to him as the author of the "Sketch Book." Brevoort had taken charge of the publication of the book in America; and we find Irving writing to him from London, Sept. 9, 1819:

> The receipt of your letter and the reading of some of these criticisms this morning have rendered me nervous for the whole day. I feel almost appalled by such success, and fearful that it cannot be real—or that it is not fully merited, or that I shall not set up to the expectations that may be formed. We are whimsically constituted beings. I had got out of conceit of all that I had written, and considered it very questionable stuff—and now that it is so extravagantly bepraised I begin to feel that I shall not do as well again. However, we shall see as we get on—as yet I am extremely irregular and precarious in my fits of composition. The least thing puts me out of the vein, and even applause flurries me and prevents my writing, though of course it will ultimately be a stimulus. • • •
>
> I hope you will not attribute all this sensibility to the kind reception I have met with to an author's vanity—I am sure it proceeds from very different sources. Vanity could not bring the tears into my eyes as they have been brought by the kindness of my countrymen. I have felt cast down, blighted, and broken spirited, and these sudden rays of sunshine agitate even more than they revive me.
>
> I hope—I hope I may yet do something more worthy of the approbation lavished on me.

A year and a half later, in the midst of financial discouragements, Irving wrote in reply to Brevoort's plea that he return to America:

> You urge me to return to New York—and any many ask whether I mean to renounce my country? To this last question I have no reply to make—and yet I will make a reply—as far as my precarious and imperfect abilities enable me, I am endeavoring to serve my country. Whatever I have written has been written with the feelings and published as the writings of an American. Is that renouncing my country? How else am I to serve my country—by coming home and begging an office of it; which I should not have the kind of talent or the business habits requisite to fill? If I can do any good in this world it is with my pen. I feel that even with that I can do very little, but if I do that little and do it as an American, I think my exertions ought to guarantee me from so unkind a question as that which you say is generally made.
>
> As to coming home—I should at this moment be abandoning my literary plans, such as they are.

Throughout these letters from England and the Continent, however, Irving makes constant reference—sometimes joyous, sometimes wistful, always tender—to his homecoming. He can never, he says, repeatedly, feel at home out of America.

In the letter just quoted his financial difficulties lead him, too, to an expression of most chivalrous loyalty to his brothers, at a time when he was receiving, in his business ventures, scant sympathy from home.

In all his letters Irving's own noble character stands out—brave, modest, kind, never self-centred, never uncharitable—though in one striking instance, at least, stern toward a culpable thoughtlessness. His comments on people and events at home and abroad are significant and fine. Of an American friend whom he has met in England he writes:

> Charles is exactly what an American should be abroad—frank, manly, and unaffected in his habits and manners, liberal and independent in his opinions, generous and unprejudiced in his sentiments toward other nations, but most loyally attached to his own.

Mr. Hellman points out that Washington Irving is "the only instance in American history of a man who, not alone keeping aloof from partisanship, but even experiencing a decided aversion to all political office, was offered high positions in many fields of public life." Of his nonpartisan temper, and Brevoort's as well, the letters bear striking witness. From Washington, in 1811, Irving writes:

> As I do not suffer party feelings to bias my mind, I have associated with both parties—and have found worthy and intelligent men in both—with honest hearts, enlightened minds, generous feelings, and bitter prejudices. A free communication of this kind tends more than anything else to divest a man's mind of party bigotry; to make him regardless of those jaundiced representations of persons and things which he is too apt to have held up to him by party writers, and to beget in him that candid, tolerant, good-natured habit of thinking, which I think every man that values his own comfort and utility should strive to cultivate.

Irving's admiration and affection for Sir Walter Scott are well known; but in Brevoort's letters there is mention of an interesting fact untold in Irving's biographies—that Brevoort gave "Knickerbocker's History" to Scott in return for some very rare books on the early history of New England presented to him by the author of the Waverley Novels; Scott had at one time intended to write on the American Indian, but gave up the idea; when he found how great was the interest of his young American friend Brevoort in that subject, he gave him the books—and Brevoort long hoped to write something on the subject himself.

Brevoort's letters are indeed interesting and valuable, not only for their part in the life of Washington Irving, but for their picture of American life, social, literary, and political.

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SOME NOVELS BY WOMEN AND ART BY PLEBISCITE

THE WOMEN WHO MAKE OUR NOVELS. By Grant M. Overton. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co. $1.50.

TO at least one reviewer the title recalls from some subconscious warehouse of unassorted recollections a scene in a Broadway melodrama of four or five years back—an apartment house lobby, with a gum-chewing telephone girl, who neglected the bell and the importunities of callers in her absorption in a novel—a novel bound in a bright pink paper jacket and called "The Prince and the Poppycock," or something of the sort. But it appears that Mr. Overton is not writing about the women who, as the bulk of the reading public, create the demand for the sort of novel that authors supply; but the women who actually write the novels which other women—and men—read. So the subconscious connection was perhaps an accident; but as Mr. Overton tells us on Page 1 that "to say a thing is accidental is to say that it is ordered or ordained, decreed, immutably fixed upon from the beginning," there may have been some reason in it after all; for most of the book is taken up with bright pink novels, regarded in a bright pink way.

Now, Mr. Overton may have intended to be critically and palely blue in his treatment. He calls himself a literary reporter, which he says is "a sort of new and strange creature"; and in this capacity he tells us that he is trying to give us an account of the "personalities, performances, and methods of work"—and the philosophies—of thirty-two American women who write or have written novels. But this is only a part of it. If it were only reporting, it would wring anguished howls from a night city editor; but besides the reporting there is literary criticism, which is rather formidable. And it is formidable exactly because it is written by a man who, however he may disown the title, is by profession a literary critic. First he wrote his book; then he went over it, hunting for any faults that he as a critic could find in it; and then he wrote an introduction in which he disposes of the critic's objections by the process technically known as "confession and avoidance," and presents the resultant edifice triumphantly, a work triply fortified against the assaults of the otherwise minded. And of course this is a challenge to the critic, who cannot admit that the craft of an author may make a book wholly immune against criticism.

Now, the merits of the book are two—firstly, that it does, as its author claims, fill a long-felt want. It gives the substantial details of the life and work of these thirty-two writers, much of which is not to be found anywhere else, and all of which in one book makes an extremely valuable compilation of biographical material. Secondly, it is highly provocative; for from his reinforced intrenchment the author sallies forth to wipe the earth with those who disagree with him. He does not forget that he has promised facts, not opinions; but he is a follower of William of Ockham, and holds that all his opinions are facts. He knows what he likes, including G. K. Chesterton, virtue, and best sellers; and what he hates, including art and people who talk about it. And he falls upon those who are "sophisticated, cynical, world worn, and merely flippant," and smites them hip and thigh, conspues them, tramples them underfoot, casts them forth utterly.

So the book contains a substratum of literary reporting—there is plenty of this in each biography, and it is of value whatever you think of the rest; literary criticism, of which the general text seems to be that whatsoever things are pure and of good report, we should think on these things, whether they exist or not; and, finally, a vast deal of metaphysics centring around the cult of the Fact.

Of course, the selection of thirty-two out of the thousands of women novelists is not an easy task. Probably some of the names in this book will be unknown to many readers, and everybody will have two or three whom he would have included. But you have to stop somewhere, and you have to allow for tastes. Speaking reportorially, Mr. Overton makes a good case for including both writers whose work is artistically fine and writers who have won wide popularity; he presently leaves us with no doubt as to where his sympathies lie, and by the end of the book he has those of us who prefer a thing well done to a thing badly done reduced to such abject submission that we are thankful to have any artists included at all. In any event, it is a good thing to have a book which includes Edith Wharton and Gene Stratton Porter (the antithesis is the author's) in the same goodly fellowship; and since nearly every author has been allowed, encouraged, or incited to tell about herself from her own point of view (though sometimes as a mere preface to herself from Mr. Overton's point of view) there is here much useful evidence as to what our lady authors are and what they think they are.

But how Mr. Overton hates those whom Mayor Hylan calls "art artists"! And how he likes everybody else! His principal admiration, it would appear, is reserved for the two Porters—Gene Stratton and Eleanor H.—but one suspects that perhaps these two chapters are a mere exercise in eristic. If so, they are beautifully done; you end them with the conviction that the author regards "St. Elmo" as the great American novel. But his enthusiasm for each authoress leads him to cumulative compliment as he approaches the end of the chapter, so that you lay the book down with the somewhat hazy impression that at sometime or another each and every one of the chosen thirty-two has been acclaimed our greatest woman novelist—except poor Mrs. Wharton. For her there is no mercy; she is an artist.

The achievements of Amelia E. Barr are "much bigger and solid and more worth while than many, many efforts at literary 'art.'" Or again, we read of stories "artistically, that is unintelligibly, written." Art is not life, says our author, and never can be, a discovery which, of course, is not new; but as he uses the word "art" means the work of Bertha M. Clay—to take an example from outside his book—just as much as the work of Edith Wharton. That is to say, there is good art and bad art; Mr. Overton or anybody else has a right to prefer bad art if he wants to, but he should not base the preference on the assertion that his bad art is not art at all, but life. One doubts if even he could read a book which transcribed life exactly.

But the Thrasymachean fury of his assault very nearly silences objection. "If a thing is stated as good, bad, or indifferent the statement is made as a statement of fact and not of personal opinion." "The reader must not construe what we say about her work as an expression of opinion, but as a statement of fact." "They are invincible, unassailable, these arguments, for they are facts." Kathleen Norris's merits may be ascribed in part to her newspaper training, which inculcates a respect for fact. Now Mr. Overton has been a reporter, and he must have observed that whatever his own reaction to the phenomena about him, a reporter's training induces in many other men the conviction that there are no facts, although for purposes of convenience it is often necessary to assume them. But those who take this view are vain and empty persons, no more to be regarded than those who do not admire "K" and "The White-Linen Nurse" and "Bambi"; or those who hold that "realism" may occasionally, and regrettably, be not wholly pleasant.

But this is a convenient doctrine; sheltered by it Mr. Overton doctorfrankcranes at length. "There is only one opinion about Mrs. Wharton's work," (three books excepted,) and that is, of course, an unfavorable one. It is art; need one say more? "If some people find no pleasure or benefit in Gene Stratton Porter, that is exclusively their own fault • • • Is it good to have come to such a state?" "There are no literary values, there are only values in life." These are facts.

But the book is much more than a blend of reporting and dogma. One is amazed at its omniscience; for example, within the first four pages we have disposed of culture, Goethe, and the divine right of kings, besides getting a good deal off our mind about Edith Wharton. The author says he is 31 years old, and certainly it is an amazing and highly creditable achievement to hold even wrong opinions on as many subjects as he touches here. Most men of his age have never even got around to more than half the matters on which his conclusions are irrevocably and eternally established. So, after this bombardment of assertion, it is a grievous shock to come upon enthusiastic praise of those who "don't know much about literature, but know what they like." Sophisticated people, says our author, do not know what they like, &c.

This observation makes one suspect that there are more things in heaven and earth than are dreamed of in the Overtonian philosophy; and that among these wanderers without the pale are epistemology and logic. For if you accord weight to the views of those who don't know anything about literature, but know what they like, what is to become of this infinite and necessitarian universe of fact? The only test of ultimate validity, then, is in a majority of votes; and suppose that vote goes against the author? If Mr. Overton reconciles the worship of fact with his confidence in a literary plebiscite, he does it only by soaring to a monistic empyrean where none may follow him. Aha! We have him! But hold—

There it is in black and white on Page 15: "This will not appeal to persons who have not been taught by Gilbert K. Chesterton the act of lucid thinking." True, it will not, but with this all the metaphysical dilemma disappears, for a follower of Chesterton is never under the necessity of reconciling anything with anything. And so "The Women Who Make Our Novels" is revealed at last as the impregnable fortress, the uncriticisable book.

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LOST—Small fur neckpiece, made from two sable skins; lost between house and 5th Av. and 30th St.; $30 reward if returned to Mrs. Henry Luden, 146 East 37th St.

LOST—Queensboro Subway, Tuesday afternoon, package containing French manuscript. Reward for return to address on cover or notify Potter, 610 West 116th St.

LOST—Jan. 9, between Flatbush Av., Smith St. to 54th St., New York, lady's navy blue coat, (gabardine;) reward. 250 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Tuesday night, tortoise rimmed glasses marked "Lines and Behney" in case. Return to 610 West 152d St., Apt. 41. Reward.

LOST—Skunk cape in taxi from Bal Tabarin to 53d St., Friday midnight; reward. Miss Blair, Greeley 4181.

LOST—Black velvet bag, striped pink lining, Wednesday night, reward. B 174 Times.

LOST—Beaver muff, Tuesday, 5th Av. bus, Washington Square; reward. Spring 8620.

$50 REWARD.
NO QUESTIONS ASKED,
for return of a Boston bull about 2 years old, brindle in color, white foreleg and white chest, with white marks on face, wearing collar bearing Atlantic City license tag 142; answers to name Sport. Carlisle, Apt. 54, Sherman Apts., (corner 73d St., Broadway.)

$200 REWARD.
No questions asked, return gold meshbag and gold vanity case, monogram R. S. W., lost Jan. 10, vicinity of East 59th St. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$25 REWARD.
On Wednesday evening, 15th inst. either at 39th Street Theater or in taxi later, a gold cigarette case, please return to Knickerbocker Club.

$100 REWARD.
No questions asked, return round pink pearl, lost Jan. 11 on platform of Hudson Tube, 33d St. station. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$120 REWARD.—The undersigned will pay a reward of $120 for the return of a diamond and platinum circle pin. Mrs. Clara Simpson Brady, 613 Monroe Av., Scranton, Penn.

Found.

FOUND—If party who advertised $100 reward for return of five rings lost in Rector's will communicate with below number they can receive information regarding same. B 340 Times Annex.

FOUND—41st, evening Jan. 16, portion of lady's jewelry. Apply G 325 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Reward and no questions asked for information concerning small black and white fox terrier with black and brown face, not a thoroughbred, disappeared Nov. 28. When last seen was wearing black spiked collar with small brass padlock; license No. 28654. Please communicate with I. J. Taylor, 125 Paine Av., New Rochelle. Telephone New Rochelle 4534.

Additional Lost and Found Advertisements, Page 23, Section 1.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
Fifty cents an agate line.

STOLEN, 12-23-'18, 3 Bethlehem Steel Co. 7 per cent. secured serial gold notes, due 7-15-'23, Nos. E14833, 14834, 14835; 2 Anglo-French bonds, M181177, C1275; 10 shares preferred stock U. S. Steel Corp., Muriel Bennett Pfahler; 10 shares preferred stock National Lead Co., Muriel Bennett Pfahler.

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR GENTLEMAN with $3,000, single, educated, congenial, temperate, to live in comfort all his life on tropical island in exchange pastime, music, books, fishing, shooting, camping boating, travel; companion to another gentleman; state age; not business proposition. B 819 Times Annex.

GUSTAF HALLBERG, WRITE ME; VERY important. Ragihild.

HARLEM OFFICE

Advertisements and subscriptions for The New York Times are received at the Harlem Office of The Times, 2,109 Seventh Avenue, just north of 125th Street.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
SALESWOMEN.
We require saleswomen for our Corset, Silverware, and Jewelry Departments. To those thoroughly experienced in these lines a permanent position with attractive salary is offered. Apply to Superintendent in person or by mail.

ADDRESSERS
earn from $14 to $16 per week; we start you at $8 and bonus, half day Saturday. Apply to
MISS CARLOCK,
Butterick Publishing Company,
326 Hudson Street, (second floor.)
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

ADDRESSING AT HOME.—A few women, not otherwise employed, to write addresses at $1.25 or $1.50 per thousand. Reply in own handwriting, S 32 Times.

ADVERTISING MAKE-UP CLERK for advertising department of American Exporter; requirements, experience in similar work, accuracy, good judgment; state age, previous positions, salary required. G 569 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING.—Young woman familiar with agency routine; must have knowledge of cuts, types, &c., and experienced on telephone; please give full details as to experience, salary expected. K. C., 5 Times.

AISLE MANAGERS.
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.,
require the services of women experienced as aisle managers. To those who qualify we assure permanent positions. Call at Employment Office, Second Floor, or make application by letter.

ARTISTS, experienced newspaper advertising illustrations, lettering, designing, figures, photo layouts, &c. Call, with samples, Copic Service Co., 176 Fulton St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.
Wholesale dress house; in application please state experience and salary desired. Address Wholesale Dresses, 1619 St. James Building.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.
thoroughly experienced; excellent chance for advancement for right party; state age, experience, and salary expected.
BOX NO. 437 MARBRIDGE BLDG.

ATTENDANT.—For lunchroom, experienced, to make coffee and wash dishes; no cooking, woman, 30-40 years, with personal reference, white or colored. Box 247, Times, 2 Rector St.

AUTOMATIC TELEGRAPHY.
Will train 45 young women (high school education preferred) as automatic telegraph operators; ten-week course, $49.50 monthly, (payable weekly,) while training; rapid scheduled advancement to $93.50; time and one-half for overtime; further increases on merit in both salary and position; cafeteria serving three meals daily; best food at cost price; rest reliefs, insurance, vacation, benefits, &c. Apply all week in person only, between 9-4, Room 1702, 24 Walker St., near Canal and Broadway.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY
to connect with organization where you will receive a thorough business training that will enable you to advance to high-grade, responsible, and good paying positions.
We prefer high school graduates or young women with previous business experience; must be at least 22 years of age.
The surroundings are most pleasant, the positions are permanent, promotion is sure if you make good, and the starting salary is liberal.
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St.

BILL CLERKS WANTED, $12
THOSE WHO QUALIFY ARE IN LINE FOR PROMOTION TO TAKE CHARGE OF LEDGERS; ABILITY COUNTS FOR THIS POSITION.
BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.
Spring & MacDougal Sts., New York.
Take 7th Av. Subway to Houston St.

BILLING CLERK—UNDERWOOD MACHINE; REPLY, STATING SALARY, EXPERIENCE. M. B., 807 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BILLING clerk, experienced billing clerk; good chance for advancement. X [illegible] Annex.

BILLING CLERK, Moon-Hopkins operator; opportunity for right person; state experience and salary expected. L 42 Times.

B. ALTMAN & CO.,
MADISON AV.—FIFTH AV.,
34TH AND 35TH STREETS,
NEW YORK,
SEEKS
THE SERVICES
OF A
CAPABLE WOMAN
TO TAKE CHARGE OF THEIR
DEPARTMENT
DEVOTED TO
CUSTOM ORDERS.
ONLY THOSE WITH A RECORD OF PROVEN SUCCESS IN EXCLUSIVE DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENTS NEED APPLY.
ADDRESS BY LETTER ONLY,
DEPARTMENT D.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5th Av., at 38th St.
Require the services of several experienced
CORSET SALESWOMEN
Permanent positions, very good salaries assured to proper applicants.
Employment Department,
6 East 38th St.

BLOOMINGDALE BROS.,
59th to 60th, Lex. to 3d Av.,
require the services
of
MILLINERY TRIMMERS,
MILLINERY COPYISTS,
MILLINERY MAKERS.
Apply to Mr. Newman, in the millinery department, all week.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.
Fine permanent position open for bright girl, with bookkeeping experience; large establishment; pleasant surroundings; one understanding stenography and typewriting preferred; moderate salary to begin with, good prospects for advancement; write full particulars and salary desired. Raymond, East 133d St. and Brown Place, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED.—Specialty manufacturing concern has opening for bookkeeper thoroughly founded and versed in modern bookkeeping methods; must be able to take her own trial balance every month; must not be afraid of hard work and be willing to work her way up with a progressive concern, growing rapidly. Address, giving full particulars and salary desired in first letter. A 726 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted, in the office of a wholesale woolen house, a young lady to take charge of order and stock books; one capable of operating a typewriter preferred; wages $13 to $15, according to ability. Address R 480 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for a manufacturing concern, Long Island; thirty minute ride from city; salary $20 to start. Write stating full particulars to Bernard L. Gollet, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, familiar with dress business, good penman, quick and accurate at figures; pleasant personality. Call Monday, before 10, or address Mercantile Audit Co., 225 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable of taking complete charge of bookkeeping in small industrial concern; give full particulars, experience, salary, &c., in application. B 788 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT,
thoroughly experienced; excellent chance for advancement for right party; state age, experience, and salary expected.
BOX 100, 437 MARBRIDGE BLDG.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; must be experienced, rapid, and accurate; over 25 years of age preferred. R. D. West, 37 East 18th St., N. Y. City.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, one with knowledge of export business preferred. Address, stating experience and salary expected, Export, Box 235, New York Post Office.

BOOKKEEPER, quick, active, accurate double entry, experienced with controlling accounts, wanted by hardware house. Eberhart, 1,501 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER and general office assistant, in law office; knowledge stenography; state nationality, experience and salary desired. S 427 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; knowledge of typewriting; salary $14 to start; apply in person or by mail. Millard's, 1,803 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT, on factory books; good penmanship essential; call with letter of particulars. Harris Coat House, 16 West 25th.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, competent, in wholesale and retail house; must furnish references, state age and salary expected. O 373 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by coat and suit house; must have about ten years' experience and capable taking charge; good salary; state full particulars. L 13 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; reply, state age, experience and salary expected. R 463 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, with knowledge typewriting; good opportunity; state clearly experience, salary, education, &c. Box A 746 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, competent; those having experience in clothing only need apply. 69 Fifth Av., 3d floor.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, to keep stock books in a white goods factory; steady, good pay. R. C., 215 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER
thoroughly competent to take entire charge of office. B 245 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, $25; exceptional chance advancement; other good positions. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer wanted in a men's necktie house; good pay, steady position. 8 East 23d St. Harry Leinkram.

BUTTONHOLE MAKERS EXPERIENCED ON REECE BUTTONHOLE MACHINE. S. RAUH, 310 6TH AV., CORNER 20TH.

BUYER
FOR MISSES' DEPT.
Coats, suits, and dresses
Wanted by
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.
Only those thoroughly experienced and accustomed to large business need apply.
Only applications in writing, stating full details, will be considered.

BUYER
COATS, SUITS, DRESSES
in leading
DEPARTMENT STORE.
State in first letter where previously employed, age, and salary.
If you cannot show record as business getter and profit maker do not answer.
THE HUNTER TUPPER CO.,
SYRACUSE, N. Y.

BUYER WANTED
for bargain basement to buy girls' wear, millinery, and waists.
Gilchrist Co. of Boston require a buyer for their basement store, to purchase girls' wear, millinery, and waists. See Mr. C. C. Ferris, New York office, 6th Av. Bldg., Thursday, Jan. 23, or Friday, Jan. 24.

BUYER
FOR BLOUSE DEPT.,
including blouses, sweaters, house dresses, &c.,
wanted by
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.
Only those thoroughly experienced and accustomed to large business need apply.
Only applications in writing, stating full details, will be considered.

BUYER
OF COATS, SUITS AND DRESSES.
A well-known New York specialty house, doing very large business with medium and higher priced merchandise, requires a buyer to assist the managing owner; must know the market thoroughly and be in a position to buy large lots at short notice for immediate delivery; exceptional opportunity for the right party; state past record, salary desired and references; all held strict confidence. F. S., B 225 Times.

CANDY WRAPPERS wanted for light, sanitary factory; steady work; good wages; a half holiday Saturday. Apply 216E, 30 Church St.

CANVASSERS, 30 wanted, to solicit subscriptions; commission basis only; splendid opportunity for willing workers. Apply all day. 220 West 42d St., Room 1813.

CARETAKERS.—Two women as caretakers for girls in children's home; must have experience and be refined. 1,485 Atlantic Av., corner of Kingston Av., Brooklyn.

CARD WRAPPER wanted; girl to work in stationery as wrapper. E. W. L. Co., 28 Beekman St.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS.—Experienced, refined young girl, care for nine-year-old girl afternoons; good wages; city reference required. Mrs. P., 324 West 108d.

CHECKING CLERK WANTED IN NEWSPAPER DEPT. OF ADVERTISING AGENCY; EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. F. C., B 825 TIMES ANNEX.

CLERKS,
tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERKS.—Two for cost department, one for supply ledger, other as typist and figuring costs; must be rapid penman, quick and accurate at figures. Apply American Druggist Syndicate, Borden and Van Alst Avs., L. I. City. Queensborough subway to Hunters Point Av.

CLERK.—Thoroughly experienced file clerk, computing machine operator; neat penman; must have had five years' experience. Write, stating age, experience, nationality, previous employment, and salary desired. B 252 Times.

CLERK.—Young lady, accurate at figures, for office work. Apply 226 Franklin St., Brooklyn.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT,
bright and accurate one, who has formerly kept stock records preferred; permanent position with good salary assured.
MARTIN'S,
Fulton, Cor. Bridge St., Bklyn.

CLERICAL WORKERS
in office of large manufacturer; must be good penman, quick, and accurate at figures; quick advancement; state reference and full particulars. A 751 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORK.—In publishing house; knowledge of typewriting desirable; excellent opportunity for inexperienced girls who show promise; state age and religion. R 460 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORKER.—High school graduate; experience unnecessary; splendid opportunity in large publishing company; good surroundings and conditions; $9 start. The Iron Age Publishing Co., 239 West 39th St.

CLERICAL position, filing or mailing department experience desirable; intelligence, good health, education, and adaptability necessary; $18. A 84 Times.

CLERICAL WORKERS, 16 to 35 years of age; state nationality, also salary required. D. P., Box 1148, City Hall.

COLORISTS—PERMANENT WORK FOR GIRLS WITH ART TRAINING, FOR COLORING LANTERN SLIDES. APPLY IN PERSON, MR. GRAY, 920 BROADWAY, 17TH FLOOR.

COMPLAINT CLERKS.
Clerks for complaint adjusting and searching wanted by magazine publishing company; write detailed statement of experience; only those having publishing house experience will be considered; salary $15; hours 9-5; half-day Saturday. B 212 Times.

COMPANION to old lady; young woman under 35; must have some nursing experience and be willing to assist in light household duties. Call before 11 A. M. at Room 410 E. 30 Church St.

COMPTOMETER-TYPIST
Comptometer operator who can type fairly well; steady position; established business; Christian firm. Call after 3 P. M., Room 2233, Park Row Building.

COOK and houseworker; good home and good wages for two competent maids; one as cook and laundress, the other for housework and help with children. Telephone Coney Island 377, or call Buckman, Room 856, 200 5th Av., Manhattan.

CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY WANTED BY A NEW YORK MANUFACTURER; PREFERENCE GIVEN TO A SECRETARY WHO HAS HAD DICTAPHONE EXPERIENCE; IN REPLYING PLEASE WRITE FULL INFORMATION, WHICH WILL BE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. S 419 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

COOK wanted, family of two, to take charge of first floor, modern house; no laundry. Apply Fuller, 741 North Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y. Telephone Yonkers 2551.

CORRESPONDENT.—Must be high school graduate; salary at start commensurate with ability and will grow as increased responsibility is assumed; write stating experience, education, salary expected. 86, 1619 St. James Bldg.

CORSETS.—Expert corset maker wanted for the head of our workroom; a young woman of intelligence, accuracy, and skill desiring to make for herself a permanent and important place in high-class establishment; must know all parts of corset making thoroughly, operate all machines, be able to teach others, and willing to work strictly for the interests of the business; this is a top-notch opportunity; we want the right person and will pay accordingly. Applications confidential and interview to suit convenience. F. K., 810 Times Downtown.

CROCHET BEADERS AND MANGLERS.—TWENTY INSIDE AND FIFTY OUTSIDE WORKERS NEEDED; HIGH PRICES. FOSSE, 104 5TH AV.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.
Opening in headquarters of large, progressive grocery concern; appreciative firm; congenial surroundings; convenient location; easy hours; luncheon. In replying state age, education, experience, salary expected. R. M., 418 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR wanted for immediate employment by insurance company; collection work; must be experienced, rapid, neat worker; state lowest salary acceptable; advancement. G 608 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—REPLY, STATING SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. B. S., 801 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DESIGNER MILLINERY wanted make fur hats, private party, each season. X 216 Times Annex.

DESIGNER
ON SILK UNDERWEAR. M. ADDISON, 49 WEST 23D ST.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED.
A desirable all-year-round position for young woman under 30 years of age with experience in draping. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience to
F. CARTER,
Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent young woman to make alterations on dresses. Mme. Estelle, 277 5th Av.

EDIPHONE OPERATOR and stenographer; must have initiative and be well enough educated to act as private secretary; state salary wanted to start. R 449 Times Downtown.

EXPERT FOLDER, sealer, stamper, and addresser of circulars wanted to make self generally useful; state experience in this line; apply in own handwriting, stating age, religion, and salary. O 321 Times.

FASHION WRITER and trade reporter on leading trade paper; give salary requirements and details. B 254 Times.

FILE CLERK, experienced on alphabetical and numerical files; position permanent; opportunity for advancement splendid; give details of experience, education, age, &c., in your reply; salary to start $14. B 231 Times.

FILE CLERK.—Wholesale house has good opening for intelligent girl, (15-16,) as file clerk; excellent opportunity for beginner.
L. D. BLOCH & CO.,
153 5th Av.

FINISHERS on men's silk neckwear; steady work; high prices. Charles W. Lyford & Son, 920 Broadway.

FINISHERS and hand sewers on fine gowns. Apply Room 608, 366 5th Av.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.,
require
the services of
YOUNG GIRLS
for fine hand sewing
and hemstitching on
WAISTS and GOWNS.
Beginners will be accepted.
Large, bright, airy workrooms.
Apply all day,
8 West 38th St.,
10th Floor.

FOREWOMAN
wanted to take entire charge of large stitching room. Must be accustomed to handling numbers of female help, competent to supervise all shirt sewing operations, and, above all, to build up a quantity production of quality work. A splendid opportunity is open to such a woman in one of Philadelphia's best stitching plants. Commensurate salary to begin with and assurance of consistent advancement to the right party. Give full particulars in strict confidence, references, and salary desired, for interview in New York. X 232 Times Annex.

FORELADY to take charge in factory; morning, house dresses and bungalow aprons; a thoroughly experienced person will find a splendid opportunity for advancement; only those who are thoroughly experienced in this line need apply. S. S. L., 122 Times.

FORELADY.
Experienced for waist house; one living in or near Westchester County preferred; good opportunity for advancement; applications must state previous experience. Address A A 801 Times Downtown.

FORELADY.
One who has had thorough experience in millinery line, able to take charge of workroom.
WHITMAN, 598 BROADWAY.

FORELADY
in packing dept. of candy factory; excellent opportunity. G. M., 24 Times.

FORELADY, thoroughly experienced on silk underwear. M. Addison, 49 West 23d St.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.
5th Ave., 37th and 38th Sts.,
require
EXPERIENCED MODEL
for
MISSES' DRESSES.
Size 16.
Liberal salary, permanent position, and opportunity for advancement to attractive young woman.
Apply
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

FRENCH
STENOGRAPHER.
R. H. Macy & Co. require the service of a French stenographer, who can take dictation in French shorthand. Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Apartment; sleep out; good wages; personal references required. Call Sunday afternoon or Monday morning, Chalmers, 102 West 93d St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, with references, for country, 35 minutes from New York; no washing; $40. Mrs. Dean, Willard Av., Pelham Manor, N. Y.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Competent white girl with good reference; easy place; small family; good wages; no laundry. Apply evenings, 203 West 106th. Kittridge.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Two adults; references; sleep out; $10. Rapaport, 910 Riverside Drive.

GIRLS
for
CLERICAL WORK.
Bright intelligent girls over 16 years of age are afforded a good business training and an opportunity to advance to more responsible and better paying positions.
The work consists of filing, assorting, writing merchandise tags, etc. Experience is not necessary. The work can be easily learned.
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St.

GIRLS.—Mills & Gibb Corp., 286 4th Av., Department G, have several vacancies in the wholesale notion business.
YOUNG GIRLS
to work in stock and learn wholesale notion business; good opportunity to advance.
ALSO GIRLS
take the place of boys; run errands and learn the wholesale notion business; good advancement.

GIRLS
TO ASSIST IN MILLINERY SHOWROOM.
FERLE-HELLER,
2 EAST 46TH ST.

GIRLS wanted; bright, intelligent girls in an office; pleasant work, attractive surroundings; chance for advancement; hours 9-5, 1 o'clock Saturday; state age, experience, and religion. R 459 Times Downtown.

GIRLS, AS OFFICE MESSENGERS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $8 A WEEK TO START. APPLY UNITED STATES RUBBER CO., 1,790 BROADWAY, CITY.

GIRL for laboratory work; one used to wrapping chemicals preferred. Powers, Weightman, Rosengarten Co., 145 Front St.

GIRL for clerical work and be generally useful in embroidery department. Sternfeld, 20 West 37th.

GIRL wanted in office of wholesale silk house; must be neat, alert, and ambitious. K 709 Times Downtown.

GIRL for vaudeville; requirements, singing voice, contralto, able to play piano. Address Vaudeville, Box 315, Providence, R. I.

GIRLS.—SMALL; MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL; LADIES' NECKWEAR HOUSE. TAUSICK, 894 B'WAY.

GIRL to make herself generally useful in dental office; state age, salary expected, reference, etc. A. W., Box 19, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

GIRL wanted for labeling, by wholesale ribbon concern. Pelgram & Meyer, 395 4th Av.

GIRLS wanted, American, for filing and stenography work; good chance for promotion. Call Abbott Laboratory, 34 East 17th.

GIRL to take care of baby. Phone 8282 Audubon. Apt. 4G, morning only.

GOVERNESS wanted, college woman preferred, qualified to teach two boys, 7 and 10; residence in delightful suburb; give references, age, experience, and salary expected, in first letter. Address Box 67 Noroton, Conn.

HAND SEWER on custom-made corsets. Apply all week, Munson, 63 West 56th.

HAIRDRESSER wanted; one experienced in all branches; good position, and very satisfactory arrangements will be made with desirable party; state full particulars. R 475 Times Downtown.

HEAD STENOGRAPHER.
Girl as head of steno-dictaphone department of large firm; should have dictaphone experience and the personality and ability necessary to supervise work of others; state experience, firms connected with, age, education, nationality. B 221 Times.

HOSIERY and findings buyer for an exclusive shoe shop; only highest references and experience will be considered. Shoecraft Shop, 27 West 38th St.

HOUSEWORKER, who can cook; no washing; pleasant, warm room and own bath; three in family; good home for right person; 16 minutes on train. Mrs. Robert Adams, Forest Hills, Long Island.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined woman care for family of five, three children; no Sunday or night work; sleep out. Call Monday, 10 to 2, or 'phone Melrose 4182, Apt. 4, Gels, 1,839 University Av.

HOUSEWORKER wanted, mother and daughter, (white or colored,) in small family; light work, good wages. Apply H. G., 103 Park Av., N. Y. Room 1113. Telephone Mur. Hill 2013.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, under 40; good plain cook, for family of two adults; no washing; good wages; best references required. Telephone Madison Square 2060. Address A 122 Times.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl, white, for general housework; mornings; small apartment; reference required. Phone Audubon 6937. Apt. 51.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Business girl desires refined woman companion for mother; one preferring quiet home to large salary. Advertiser, 407 West 145th St.; Audubon 7010.

HOUSEWORKER for family of two; must be good cook and have references. Call Monday, 9 to 12, or evening after 8. Goddard, 61 East 73d St.

HOUSEWORKER in subub; general housework and cooking; no laundry. Call Monday, between 10 and 4, Room 1103, 2 West 47th.

HOUSEWORKER, general, or mother's helper, for small private house, suburbs. Tachna, 26 Chatterton Av., White Plains, N. Y.

HOUSEWORKER or cook wanted; wages $45. Mrs. Van Dam, East Palisade Av., Englewood, N. J.

HOUSEWORK, white girl, family of three adults; good home; wages $50. 215 West 98th St., Apt. 9C.

JUNIOR CLERK.—An opportunity in large publishing house for young girl, some business experience in filing; pleasant surroundings, half days Saturdays; answer in own writing; state age, experience, salary. R 409 Times Downtown.

LADY, refined, educated, wanted at once by large national institution forming literary clubs throughout the country, to assist in carrying out our New York campaign; one with good credentials rather than business experience will be given first consideration; must be willing to work hard to learn the club organization profession; salary to start, $25. B. O., 94 Times.

LADY'S MAID, Scotch or English, not over 35, to do some chamberwork; references required; liberal wages; residence in country this Winter. Address L. L., 60 Wall St.

LANTERN SLIDE COLORISTS; PERMANENT WORK FOR GIRLS WITH ART TRAINING, FOR COLORING LANTERN SLIDES. APPLY IN PERSON, MR. GRAY, 920 BROADWAY, 17TH FLOOR.

LEDGER CLERK.
Experienced in operating billing machine, Elliott machine desirable, but not essential.
Pleasant environment; in office of high-class specialty house.
DE PINNA,
5th Av., corner 50th St.

LEDGER CLERK.—Girl of keen mind, dependable and energetic, for position requiring intelligence and accuracy; high school and at least one year's business experience required; good salary. Call 10 to 12, 316 4th Av., 20th floor.

MARTINS
desires thoroughly experienced
SALESWOMEN
ON COATS AND SUITS,
DRESSES, WAISTS AND FUR.
Permanent positions, good salary.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT,
Fulton, Cor. Bridge St., Bklyn.

MATRON.—Woman to supervise lavatory, &c., used by young women office employes of corporation; salary $15 per week; hours 8:30-5:30; Saturdays 8:30-1:30; when replying give details of age, experience, if any, and extent of education. B 231 Times.

MESSENGERS.—Bright girls to collect and deliver mail in office of large publishing house. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

MOTHER'S HELPER or nursery governess, to assist with four children or assume entire charge of two, one 10 months and one 2 years old, (girls,) also help with 2 boys, 4 and 5 years; must be fond of and understand children; capable of mending and plain sewing; salary according to experience and capability; 3 full days leave of absence a month; one evening a week; must have reference; state age, experience, religion and addresses of references when writing; also salary and when able to accept the position; (½ hour from N. Y. C.) X 259 Times Annex.

MILLINERY
IMPROVERS,
APPRENTICES.
GOOD WAGES. PLEASANT WORKROOM.
Best & Co., 7 West 35th St., Employment Dept. Apply all week, 9-12 A. M.

MILLINERY
SALESWOMEN FOR HIGH-GRADE SHOP AND CLIENTELE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE WOMEN. STEIN & ELAINE, 13-15 WEST 57TH ST.

MILLINERY COPYISTS
on wire frames, one with original ideas, retail experience preferred; steady position guaranteed. Weiss & Samish, 37 West 37th.

MILLINERY.
EXPERIENCED COPYIST, ALSO MILLINERS AND IMPROVERS; APPLY ALL WEEK. MARGOT, 516 5TH AV.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.
Highest salaries paid; yearly position.
ARNOLD, 11 EAST 49TH.

MILLINERS,
PREPARERS,
APPRENTICES.
Must have 5th Av. experience.
HARRY COLLINS, 9 EAST 57TH.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.
Ready-to-wear hats; good pay; steady position. Whitman, 598 Broadway.

MILLINERS,
IMPROVERS,
APPRENTICES,
ERRAND GIRLS,
IN HIGH-CLASS MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT; STEADY POSITION; HIGHEST SALARY; APPLY ALL WEEK.
BRUCK WEISS MILLINERY,
6-8 WEST 57TH.

MILLINERS.
R. H. Macy & Co. require thoroughly competent milliners who are accustomed to work with the finest materials. Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

MILLINERY.
75 PREPARERS,
50 TRIMMERS.
Those accustomed to high-class work need apply.
HIGHEST PRICES PAID.
ONYX TRIMMED HAT,
29 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY.—A large Fifth Av. millinery house requires the service of a first-class millinery woman, with executive ability and personality, one that is capable of taking charge of help and can meet the wholesale and retail trade; only those with such experiences to answer. [illegible] 804 Times Downtown.

MILLINERS AND COPYISTS.
First class; long season, good wages. Apply all week, Latour, 32 West 58th.

MODELS.
ATTRACTIVE GIRLS FOR
DRESSES AND COSTUMES,
SIZE 16.
WILL PAY HIGHEST SALARIES.
LONG SEASON.
HOLZMAN & MITTENTHAL,
22 WEST 27TH ST.

MODELS.
YOUNG WOMEN,
with smart, refined appearance, about 5 ft. 7, small 36 bust, to act as model, permanent, desirable position, with advancement.
HICKSON,
661 5TH AVENUE.

MODELS.
STYLISH YOUNG LADIES AS MODELS FOR HIGH-CLASS DRESS HOUSE, SIZE 16; STEADY POSITIONS AND EXCELLENT SALARIES.
FLOERSHEIMER COMPANY,
159 MADISON AV.

MODELS.
Several stylish young ladies, size 16, for coats and suits; long season, best salary; apply all week.
R. A. DAY CO., INC.,
1,115 BROADWAY.

MODELS.
Experienced, stylish, size 16, to try on coats. Long season.
MOYSES & DREYFUS,
1 East 33d St.

MODELS, size 36, for ladies' coat house; good position; good salary. Apply Monday, 9 A. M. Morris Nagel & Co., Inc., 105 Madison Av.

MODELS.—Stylish and attractive misses' models, size 16, to try on misses' coats and suits; must have experience; good salary, long season. Apply all week, Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

MODEL,
IN RETAIL MILLINERY SHOP; EXCELLENT POSITION FOR REFINED YOUNG LADY.
FERLE-HELLER,
2 EAST 46TH ST.

MODELS, SIZE 18; STYLISH YOUNG LADIES FOR MISSES' SHOWROOM MODELS; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ONLY REQUIRED. MAX RUBEL & CO., 136 MADISON AV.

MODEL,
SIZE 16, FOR SUITS AND COATS; MUST BE TALL, ATTRACTIVE, AND EXPERIENCED; LARGEST SALARY; LONG SEASON.
SINGER BROS.,
136 MADISON AV.

MODELS.
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES WANTED FOR SHOWROOM, TO TRY ON SIZE 16 MISSES COATS, IN WHOLESALE CLOAK HOUSE; GOOD SALARY, LONG SEASON. APPLY E. J. WILE & CO., 160 FIFTH AV.

MODELS WANTED, TALL STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, TO TRY ON CLOAKS, SUITS AND DRESSES IN SHOW ROOM; SIZE 16. LONG SEASON; SALARY $20 TO $25. APPLY ALL WEEK. LEVETT FRANK & CO., 40 WEST 32d ST.

MODELS, misses' size 16, ladies' size 36, girls' size 12 and 14, to try on coats and suits in showroom; long season.
SPERLING & SPERLING,
151-163 West 26th St.

MODEL.—TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY, FULL SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MILLAR-MANDEL, 38 E. 30TH.

MODELS WANTED, STYLISH, SIZE 16, FOR SUITS; HIGHEST WAGES; LONG SEASON. KNOBEL & BLOOM, 145 WEST 30TH ST., 11TH FLOOR.

MODELS,
SIZE 16, EXPERIENCED ON FINE DRESSES; PERMANENT POSITION; EXCELLENT SALARY. JAFFE, 31 EAST 32D.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
for wholesale dress house.
ROBBINS DRESS CO.,
76 Madison Avenue.

MODELS WANTED; SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. APPLY ALL WEEK, EDELMAN & EDELSTEIN, 30 WEST 26TH.

MODEL, SIZE 16-18
to display gowns in show room; steady position, good salary. Windsor Costume, 19 West 36th.

MODELS, size 16, experienced in cloak and suit house. Apply A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 28th St.

MODELS, ATTRACTIVE, SIZE 16, FOR MISSES' SUITS. APPLY SAM SAMUELS, 31 WEST 27TH ST.

MODELS.
Stylish young ladies to try on gowns, size 16; apply all week. Louis Grauer & Co., 33 East 33d.

MODEL, experienced, wanted in cloak and suit line; size 36. Call before 9:30 or after 1:30. Wm. Greenberg, 45 West 25th.

MODELS,
attractive, size 16, for dresses; must be experienced; salary $30. Simon, 44 East 32d.

MODELS, Misses' suits; size 16, for showroom; steady positions. Apply all week, Rittmaster, 31 East 32d St.

MODEL.—Stylish young lady, size 16, for dress house. Apply between 4 and 6 P. M., D. Kohn & Rosenberg, 25 West 38th St.

MODELS FOR CLOAKS AND SUITS, SIZE 16 AND 36; GOOD PAY. G. B. H. MFG. CO., INC., 15 EAST 26TH.

MODELS, misses, size 16, for suits; steady work and good salary. Apply all week, Kleinfeld & Renner, 7 West 30th St.

MODELS, experienced, in coat house; size 36; good pay; long season. Bernstein & Meyers, 151 West 26th St.

MODEL wanted, stylish young lady, size 18; permanent position. Apply all week, Samuel Gerst, 29 West 35th.

MODELS; 16-36.
Tall, stylish young ladies. Kashowitz, 38 East 30th St.

MODELS for suits, size 16. H. B. Rubin, Waldorf Building, 2 West 33d, 9th floor.

MODELS, 16 and 36, for cloak and suit house. Goldstein & Falk, 144 West 27th.

MODELS, size 16, experienced; good pay. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

MOTHER'S HELPER or NURSE, to take entire charge of two little girls 2 and 4 years of age, in suburbs; good wages; references required; call or write to Room 1,004, 437 5th Av., Monday morning 10 to 12.

MOTHER'S HELPER to assist with 2 children and light housework; good salary and good home to right party; references required. Rosenfeld, 3,675 Broadway, Apt. 16.

MOTHER'S HELPER, refined woman; suburbs; must know how to sew; good home; splendid opportunity. Call Monday, 10 to 4, Room 1103, 2 West 47th.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR; might employ one with little experience; prefer one capable of typewriting or doing other work also; good chance; state age, experience, if any, and salary wanted. O 363 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted to go to the West Indies to take care of two girls, seven and eight, in a refined family; must speak good English and be willing to stay for at least one year. Call from 10 to 12 mornings, Mrs. Battle, 135 West 74th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted for two children, aged 2 and 5. Reply with full details and references to Box 26, Chapel Hill, N. C.

NURSE wanted, willing to do chamber work and assist with three children, ages 2½, 5, 7; nice home for person of refinement and trust; state age, nationality, wages. Box 6, Hartsdale, N. Y. Phone 2400 White Plains.

NURSE, experienced, to take charge of 2 small boys, 2 and 5 years old; references required; good wages. Call Sunday or Monday before 10 A. M., or after 4 P. M., or telephone Schuyler 1448. Reis, 350 West 85th St.

NURSE, trained or experienced, for infant of two months and child 3 years; references required; wages satisfactory. Phone New Rochelle, 3482 or write 215 Centre Av., New Rochelle.

NURSE.—Mother's helper, white, experienced; boys 2 and 4 years; references required; best wages for competent service. Thomson, 125 Riverside Drive, telephone Schuyler 5090.

NURSE or MOTHER'S HELPER for Montclair home; care three children and do plain sewing; references. Warren, 114 West 17th St. Tel. Farragut 296.

NURSE, experienced, for 19-months-old child; steady position; good home; good salary; references. S. H. Pasternak, 700 West 179th St. Tel. St. Nicholas 8754.

NURSE.—One child, light chamberwork, small family in Pelham Manor, New York; phone Rector 4621 from 10 to 4, or Pelham 1806 any time.

NURSE for twin boys 2½ years old; day work; play in park morning and afternoon. Apply with references, 519 West 123d St., No. 37.

NURSE, experienced, take charge of 2 children, 4 and 7. Apply Sunday or Monday morning, Apartment 1114, Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway.

NURSE, intelligent, conscientious, for baby; sleep home; no meals furnished; references. Mrs. Wiggin, 125 Riverside Drive. Apply 6-7.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted, competent woman as nurse or nursery governess; boy 2 years old; country; good wages. Apply Room 711, 32 Nassau St., N. Y.

NURSE.—Girl, experienced, take care of two-year-old girl; good salary and steady position. Apply Winsten, 130 West 118th.

NURSES, graduate and practical, for electro-medical office; best pay to competent nurses; permanent. S 38 Times.

NURSE GIRL, intelligent, white, to care for child afternoons and evenings; sleep her. Axelrod, 329 West 108th St.; Academy 260.

NURSE for young children in day nursery; must be able to supervise work of assistants. Address A 119 Times.

NURSE for nose and throat specialist's office, with surgical training; live in; state training and salary expected. B 163 Times.

NURSE, experienced, for child of 2 and to assist school boy of 6. 801 West End Av., Apt. 10A.

NURSE—2-year-old boy; references required. Apply Monday morning 8th floor, 68 East 86 St.

NURSE, middle aged, practical, to care for invalid old lady at night. Apply between 10 and 12 Sunday, Gutmann, 2 West 89th.

NURSE.—Experienced, competent white nurse for one child, 18 months; best references. 981 Madison Av.

NURSE, experienced, for baby. Call, bringing references, E. C. Hyman, 2 West 89th.

NURSE, experienced, baby 7 months old. Apply between 5-6, Apt. 9C, 251 West 98th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
WE HAVE SEVERAL VACANCIES FOR SEVERAL OFFICE ASSISTANTS AND CLERICAL HELPERS.
L. M. BLUMSTEIN,
WEST 125TH.

OFFICE HELP.
BOOKKEEPERS ON CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS; DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO CAN QUALIFY.
APPLY ALL WEEK, BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 9 TO 12 A. M.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.
Young lady, 17 or 18 years, good at figures, to make herself generally useful; splendid opportunity for rapid advancement in advertising department. Apply De Miracle Chemical Co., 1,907 Park Av., corner 129th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, insurance office; one accurate at figures and record penman; experience preferred; 8 to 5, half-day Saturday; salary $10 to start. Answer, giving experience, A 88 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young woman, educated and refined, for general office work in exchange for education in stenography and practical secretarial experience. K 747 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY to do errands; bright boy, anxious for advancement; familiar lower New York; bring references; Christian firm; salary $8. Call Monday, Earle Bros., 68 Broad St., New York.

OFFICE ASSISTANT for filing and clerical work requiring accuracy; advancement; pleasant surroundings; good light and air. Apply Room 701, 373 4th Av., near 27th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, bright, young lady with some experience preferred, for general office work and billing machine; state salary; good opportunity. L. L., 200 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Experienced; good, rapid writer; state age, salary. Z. E., 10 East 14th.

OPERATORS.—PLAIN SINGER SEWING MACHINE; $12 START; STEADY, RAPID ADVANCEMENT. S. RAUH, 310 6TH AV., CORNER 20TH.

OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED ALL KINDS OF MILLINERY. APPLY ALL WEEK. GOLDFARB, 16 WEST 39TH.

OPERATORS on men's silk neckwear; steady work; high prices. Charles W. Lyford & Son, 920 Broadway.

OPERATORS, experienced, on men's sweaters. Gernshym, corner Bronx Av. and 132d St.

OPERATORS to wind lace on cards. Apply North American Lace Co., 105 Fifth Av.

PACKER,
HIGH-CLASS MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S DRESSES; PERMANENT POSITION.
A. B., 65 TIMES SQUARE.

REGISTRAR for dispensary, moderate sized hospital; state qualifications, age, and salary expected. Box 250, 2,121 3d Av.

REFINED, INTELLIGENT WOMAN
to act as
HOSTESS
for period of two weeks.
Hours 10:30 to 4; salary $25.
B 269 Times.

RENARD,
COATS, SUITS AND DRESSES,
17-51 West 42d St.,
require the services of
20 EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN;
steady positions and best salaries; part-time saleswomen may also apply.
ALSO
STOCK GIRLS;
unusual opportunity for young girls to learn and develop into high-priced saleswomen.

SALESWOMEN.
B. ALTMAN & CO.,
MADISON AV.—FIFTH AV.,
34TH AND 35TH STREETS,
NEW YORK,
HAVE VACANCIES FOR THOROUGHLY COMPETENT SALESWOMEN IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
HOSIERY,
LACES,
NOTIONS,
RIBBONS,
FANCY NEEDLEWORK;
MUST BE ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST PATRONAGE. GOOD POSITIONS ASSURED, WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY AT 35TH ST., EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE.

SALESWOMEN, UNTRIMMED MILLINERY.
R. H. Macy & Co. have vacancies in their untrimmed millinery department for competent saleswomen or for women who are able to become competent saleswomen through the aid of our Department of Training. Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN, TRIMMED
MILLINERY.
R. H. Macy & Co. require saleswomen for their French Salon; only those who are accustomed to the best New York clientele will be considered. Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN
FOR
INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S APPAREL.
Must have had 5th Av. experience, also thoroughly experienced in this line. Apply by letter only to Grande Maison de Blanc, 538 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN, anxious to build up permanency with large life insurance company; must have strong personality, be accustomed to meeting business men and women, willing to devote full time and energy, and have A-1 references; such will be given splendid opportunity and commission. Apply by letter, N. P. Blackburn, Room [illegible] 512 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN.
MILLINERY SALESWOMEN FOR HIGH-GRADE SHOP AND CLIENTELE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE WOMEN. STEIN & ELAINE, 13-15 WEST 57TH ST.

SALESLADIES
for retail dress and suit store; those accustomed to high class clientele only need apply; good salary and steady position to those who qualify. Robinson, 25 West 42d.

SALESLADY for large linen house to call on high-class, private families for selling imported household linens and laces; salary and commission. A 103 Times.

SALESWOMAN for commercial stationery and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary. Apply after 11 A. M., or by letter, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESLADY WANTED CAPABLE TAKING FULL CHARGE WAIST AND DRESS ESTABLISHMENT; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. G 282 TIMES.

SALESLADY for linen house to call on high-class, private families for selling imported household linens and laces; salary and commission. A 103 Times.

SALESWOMAN for big line high grade ladies' sweaters and bathing suits to call on retail stores in New York City; liberal commission. B 165 Times.

SALESWOMEN.—Attractive proposition for live wires, commission. Apply 8:30 to 9:30 A. M., or 5 to 6 P. M. Guaranty Electric Lamp Co., 26 West 49th St.

SALESLADIES, refined, experienced, studious, to sell waists; steady positions. Avedon, 448 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN to call on high-class business men, sell nationally advertised toilet article; large commission. G 352 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.
We have an opening for a young woman secretary-stenographer which offers an unusual opportunity; applicant must be neat and attractive appearing, with pleasing personality; must be high school graduate, or its equivalent; skill on Burroughs Calculator desirable but not essential.
This is an unusually attractive position, combining educational and secretarial work; advancement is limited only by ability; write, giving full particulars, with salary expected and business experience; do not call except by appointment.
Address
MR. WILKERSON,
BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE CO.,
217 BROADWAY.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER for President of corporation; small salary start; rapid advancement to one showing interest and ability; position permanent. Apply 9 o'clock Monday, Room 1316, Sun Building, 150 Nassau St.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER wanted by pastor of a large Baptist Church, with tact and initiative; high school or college education; must be able to transcribe notes rapidly on Remington machine. Write "Pastor," stating full particulars, or call at 123 West 57th St.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER by investment banker; young lady of good appearance; must have experience, initiative and ability; give full particulars; salary desired, telephone number. K 716 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, big automobile house; apply in own handwriting; state age, experience, salary desired; splendid opportunity for capable young woman. Apply P. O., Box No. 7, New York City.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—MUST BE EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT; GOOD POSITION AND OPPORTUNITY. APPLY BOX 11, PENNSYLVANIA STATION.

SPANISH stenographer offered steady position in old reliable concern; must be good translator. Apply personally, Room 605, 100 Hudson, cor. Franklin.

SHOPPER.—Experienced young woman; also assist in care of stock. Johnson Cowdin, 40 East 30th St.

SOCIAL WORKER, resident, wanted for Jewish institution for club work. Apply 11 Livingston Place.

SOLICITORS.—Good proposition, legitimate work; guaranteed customers' list supplied; experienced preferred; salary and commission to right party. Call 10-3, Herzig & McLean, Publishers, 110 West 40th St.

Business Opportunities
Page 23, Section 1

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SHOE SALESMEN

ACCUSTOMED TO SERVING FIRST-CLASS CLIENTELE; EXPERIENCED SELLING SHOES FOR

CHILDREN, AND WOMEN AND MISSES. GOOD SALARIES AND LIBERAL BONUS. APPLICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL.

APPLY ALL WEEK, BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 10 A. M. TILL 1 P. M.

STATIONERY AND ENGRAVING. We require the services of a young lady who has a thorough knowledge of this business and is capable of both buying and selling the various items connected with it; one with department store experience preferred. J. S., 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPISTS.

We have four positions open for stenographers and typists; must be competent, efficient and experienced; salary $15 and $18. Apply

PARK & TILFORD, 529 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHERS — EXPERT STENOGRAPHERS EXPERIENCED IN LAW OR TECHNICAL COMMERCIAL WORK; BETWEEN AGES OF 22 AND 30. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR WOMEN OF CHARACTER AND ABILITY. CALL SUNDAY FOR MISS BOHANNON, ROOM 2144 M'ALPIN HOTEL.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST. — Wanted, by old-established publishing house, young lady stenographer, good at figures, neat, rapid, industrious reliable; good opportunity for bright girl willing to start at moderate salary; state age, education, nationality, present and previous business connection, telephone number. Secretary, P. O. Box 1,117, City Hall Station, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER AND DICTAPHONE OPERATOR for executive in large publishing house; must be neat, intelligent, and capable of handling dictation accurately and rapidly; hours 9 to 5, noon on Saturday. Collier's Weekly, 416 West 13th St.

STENOGRAPHER—Well educated, experienced, with good memory, for concern of high standing; one having knowledge of publishing business preferred; excellent opportunity for wide awake young lady; state qualifications, salary desired. A 777 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and general assistant in office of large facsimile letter concern. Lengthy experience in stenography not essential, but must be neat and accurate; able to take and transcribe good grammatical English; state fully qualifications and salary expected to start. Box O 388 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant wanted, experienced, familiar with duties of engineering department insurance brokerage office. Apply in writing, stating full particulars and salary expected, John C. Paige & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER. We have 2 good positions for 2 good stenographers in a good organization. We want refined, well educated young women who work intelligently; tell us your age, religion, education, business experience and your phone number. B 188 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Large corporation on West 125th St. requires a competent stenographer, with several years' experience; excellent opportunity for bright young lady; state full particulars, reference, experience, age, salary expected, &c. B 205 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, educated, and thoroughly competent; salary, $115 per month to start; permanent position; state qualifications fully, naming references. S 478 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping as assistant secretary to executive; good pay to right party. N. C., 44 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant, experienced, familiar with duties of engineering department, insurance brokerage office. Apply in writing, stating full particulars and salary expected, J. C. Paige & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, (1,) typists, (2,) required by Christian exporting firm; personal interest taken in each member of staff; exceptional opportunity for girls of high character and ability; state full particulars as to experience, &c. A 773 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, Underwood machine; must be accurate at figures and have knowledge of bookkeeping; excellent opportunity; reply in detail, stating age, education, experience, nationality, and lowest acceptable salary. L 10 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, young woman, rapid and accurate; must be willing to do filing and clerical work; write, stating age, experience and lowest salary start. Box 95, 1619 St. James Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, fine, steady position, with advancement; excellent opportunity for right party; only written applications considered; state particulars and salary desired. Langdon, Brown Place and 132d St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, intelligent young woman who is neat and accurate in her work desired; position affords splendid opportunity for advancement, and is permanent. In reply state age, education, experience and salary desired. B 229 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (18,) experienced or smart beginner; permanent position; moderate salary start; rapid advancement; Christian American firm; call ready for work. Cloyes Lyon Co., 110 West 34th St., Room 711.

STENOGRAPHERS, (beginners and experienced,) $10-$25; with knowledge bookkeeping, $20-$25, many at $15; typists, $12-$15; Oliver machine; no fee; call immediately. The Oliver Typewriter Co., 310 Broadway, New York City. Ask for Mrs. Mackey.

STENOGRAPHER wanted with speed of not less than 100 words per minute; must also be rapid typist; salary to begin, $60 per month; chance for advancement. Call Monday before 10 A. M.; inquire for Miss Davison, Room 514, 80 Maiden Lane.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in downtown law office; must be experienced law stenographer; state age, education, religion, references, and salary expected. R 451 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER having good business training, one accustomed to rapid dictation, must be accurate and competent of assuming responsibilities; Oliver machine; salary $18; Brooklyn position. A 733 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, careful, neat, methodical, to do secretarial work in Lutheran Sunday School, Sunday forenoons; state experience and compensation desired. Room 1,001, 61 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER. YOUNG LADY, BRIGHT, ACTIVE, AND EXPERIENCED, IN PRINTING OFFICE, FOLLOW-UP AND DETAIL WORK; GIVE DETAIL EXPERIENCE. A 762 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER and Office Attendant.—Hours 9 to 5; salary $15; very little work now; no objection to personal work in office; must be competent and over 25; state age and experience. Box 235 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER with knowledge of bookkeeping; bright young girl; must be highly recommended; state salary expected; splendid opportunity for advancement. A 101 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS IN OFFICE OF A LARGE CORPORATION; MODERATE SALARY; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. B 190 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for general stenographic work, preferably one experienced along publishing lines; state age, experience and salary expected. Address Box B 218 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Underwood; possessing high school or college education and familiar with mechanical terms for specifications; state age, references, and salary. R 482 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, $18; state age, experience, and telephone number where you can be reached Tuesday, 10 A. M. Chevrolet Motor Co., Hightstown, N. J., 50 miles from New York.

STENOGRAPHER with pep in action; high-school graduate; conscientious and alert; printing experience preferred, but not essential; write fully, giving age, salary, and experience. B 246 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPEWRITER. — Lady thoroughly familiar with office duties; advancement for proper party; highest references essential; state full particulars. S 64 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, well educated; hours, 9 to 5; permanent position to intelligent, willing girl; state age, previous experience and salary expected. Address G 395 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, English-French, by foreign banking house; state experience, salary desired. Address "H. C.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper; downtown office; permanent position. Write, stating age, salary, etc. Interviews by appointment only. James Walker & Co., 27 Thames St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER and Typewriter. — Bright beginner or one with a year's experience; high school graduate preferred; good English education essential. Address, stating age, salary, &c., G 656 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; must be experienced. Apply in writing, stating age, experience, and salary expected, Atlantic Tank & Barrel Corp., 15th and Jefferson Sts., Hoboken.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, with knowledge of bookkeeping. Answer by letter, J. W. Streeton Co., 171 Wallabout St., Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced Underwood machine; cotton converter's establishment; permanent position; address, state age and salary expected. L 28 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in small office; Christian firm; beginner considered if high school graduate; $10; answer in own handwriting. W. F., 500 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER. Excellent opportunity for quick, accurate and energetic girl. A 735 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; must be good penman and good at figures; state experience, if any; salary expected. B 262 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (Christian firm,) experienced and accurate; must be capable of taking rapid dictation; state age, experience, and salary desired. K 664 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in chemical factory, thirty minutes from Grand Central Station; work light at present; salary $15 and carfare, with increase when earned. L. V., 254 North 10th St., Brooklyn. Tel. 5529 Greenpoint.

STENOGRAPHER.—About 4 years' experience office of credit organization, capable assuming charge after receiving training in details of work; state salary expected, previous experience. K 712 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. Thoroughly experienced, must be good at figures and be good correspondent. Barrow Mfg., 524 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS and FINANCIAL SECRETARIES; expert; $35 to $40 a week; only best testimonials considered. Mail them to A 51 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, refined young lady, with some experience; one desiring a position where honest endeavor will insure a future. Room 405, 30 East 42d.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate, capable taking technical dictation; must have expert experience; apply by letter only. DE FOREST, 1,391 SEDGWICK AV., BRONX.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced in law office; state nationality and salary expected. S 426 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; part time; $10 weekly; Christian firm. Broker, 234 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, wanted in busy law office. Room 705, Woolworth Bldg.; 'phone Barclay 7940.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five hours daily; want competent person who would value refined atmosphere. Bamman, 53 West 39th St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; efficient, earnest; state experience and salary expected. R 43 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Law office; state age, education, experience, references, salary expected. K 654 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—American, bright beginner; light work; state age and experience; salary $12. G 637 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with working knowledge of Spanish; give all particulars. K 663 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced law stenographer. Call after 4 P. M., Suite 55, 20 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted to take English and Spanish dictation; state age, reference, and salary expected. B 166 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent and accurate, salary $14; state experience and education. B 204 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and Dictaphone Operator; large manufacturer; state experience and salary. S 444 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; high school graduate; alert; apt beginner; busy law office. Box 242 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, who can operate dictaphone; $15-$20 weekly; will teach if necessary. Miss Kelly, Room 225, 280 Broadway.

STOCK GIRLS TALL, NEAT YOUNG GIRLS, 17 TO 19 YEARS, FOR STOCK GIRLS WHO WISH TO BECOME SALESWOMEN LATER. GOOD WAGES AND SPECIAL TRAINING.

APPLY, ALL WEEK, BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 9 TO 12 A. M.

STOCK GIRLS. BRIGHT YOUNG GIRLS,

who are anxious to better themselves; permanent positions, good salaries start.

MARTINS, Fulton, cor. Bridge St., Brooklyn.

SWITHCHBOARD Operator—Wanted in a large downtown office, a woman switchboard operator; only those with considerable experience will answer; the switchboard has 4 trunk lines and 25 extensions, and applicant must be well educated and refined. Fire Insurance, K 736 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, expert, in club; correct at figures; $50 a month and meals; references. Box J. B., 344 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS, experienced, for manufacturing plant in Southern New Jersey; ideal living conditions; excellent salary paid. Call Monday morning Room 1111, 65 Broadway.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS, two, in small hotel; regular hotel watch; $50 a month and no meals. S 52 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Apply Monday, 10 A. M. N. Y. Orthopaedic Hospital, 420 East 59th.

TYPIST—LEARN TO BE AN EXPERT TOUCH TYPIST WITHOUT EXPENSE. Young men and women just coming from school and high school; we furnish a complete course, including free use of typewriter and material, and when qualified place you in a position without expense to you; individual instruction; many qualify in five weeks; afternoon and evening classes; personal application necessary. Ask for Mrs. Mackey during day or apply at school, third floor, evenings. The Oliver Typewriter Company, 310 Broadway, New York City.

TYPISTS WITH GOOD EXPERIENCE IN LARGE PUBLISHING HOUSE; GOOD PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR THE RIGHT PARTIES; ABILITY QUICKLY RECOGNIZED AND REMUNERATION ADVANCED ACCORDINGLY. CALL MISS KEARNEY, 119 WEST 40TH ST., 8TH FLOOR.

TYPISTS.

WE CAN OFFER UNUSUAL ADVANTAGES TO CAPABLE TYPISTS; LIGHT AND PLEASANT POSITION; LUNCHEON FURNISHED; EVERY CARE TAKEN OF YOUNG LADIES IN OUR CHARGE; STATE AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE. S. S., 416 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST and general office assistant in Christian business house; a bright, ambitious, industrious girl over seventeen, who is willing to begin at reasonable salary and work for advancement. Address with complete particulars of accomplishments. A. W., 809 Times Downtown.

TYPIST-BILL CLERK, MANUFACTURER'S OFFICE; STENOGRAPHY DESIRABLE, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; HOURS, 9-5; HALF DAY SATURDAY; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. S. R., 475 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST.—Young lady with experience who can type accurately and rapidly, with knowledge of clerical work, will find desirable opening in advertising agency. Call Monday morning, Hoyt's Service, Inc., 118 West 32d St.

TYPIST-CLERK, real estate office; typewriting, help on books, general office work, about $12; state age, nationality, church attended, experience. Write T. C., 1,358 Broadway.

TYPIST and clerk; general clerical work and handy girl in office; must have high school education; $60 per month to one who qualifies. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

TYPIST—By Christian firm, rapid, efficient worker, Oliver machine, preferably one with experience on multigraph machine; good opportunity for right party. A 782 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, bright, refined girl, rapid and accurate worker, in office of Christian firm. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected. B. R., 210 Times Downtown.

TYPIST IN LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; PERMANENT POSITION; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, RELIGION, AND SALARY EXPECTED. B 257 TIMES.

TYPIST, accurate, for billing; some knowledge of stenography required. Boye Needle Co., 112 East 19th St.

TYPIST.—Young lady, capable of assisting in office; experience not necessary. B 237 Times.

TYPIST, with heavy touch, to cut stencils. Apply Dun's Review, 290 Broadway, Room 712, between 9:30 and 10:30.

TYPISTS, piece work, experienced can earn $16 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

TYPEWRITER, Remington invisible; rapid, correct; $12-$15; law office. R 456 Times Downtown.

TYPIST and billing clerk, automobile concern. B 192 Times.

TYPIST.—Young woman for billing clerk. Charles & Co., 48 East 43d St.

TYPIST.—Protestant firm wants A1 typist; salary $22 per week. B 226 Times.

TYPIST, aged 18-25. Call Room 316, 195 Broadway.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—Young English woman to take charge of two little girls from 9:30 till 6; must understand kindergartening; references required; please write fully to Box X 227 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

WAIST FITTERS.

HICKSON, INC.

require the services of an experienced waist fitter for their Boston establishment, a splendid position assured a woman of ability and good personality.

Apply to Mr. Phelps, 8th floor. 661 5TH AVENUE.

WANTED—COLLEGE WOMAN or teacher, between 25 and 35 years of age, who is free to accept an attractive traveling position immediately; openings in Southern territory for balance of Winter; position in sales field along school lines and pays railroad fare and salary to start. Give full details concerning age and experience in first telegram or letter. Address Mr. C. C. Smith, Room 1516, 58 E. Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

WOMAN FASHION COPYWRITER.

The young woman who likes attractive clothes and accessories, who has the ability to write feminine copy, who wants a job that will lead to something and is willing to work long hours to get there, can receive the salary she is now earning, and when she makes good will be advanced without limit as her knowledge broadens.

We want no one worth less than $30 a week, and no one who has written copy more than 3 years. Those with previous department store or specialty shop experience much preferred.

If you do not qualify in all these respects do not reply to this advertisement. If you do, state in full, experience, give age and salary, and include samples of your work.

B 183 Times.

WOMAN WANTED.—Well-known newspaper syndicate has opening for well-educated woman to take charge of file of news photographs and negatives; must have knowledge stenography, typewriting, card indexing, ability to write good business letters, to handle, on own initiative, sale of photographs through mail; salary to begin $15 per week; give references. B 107 Times.

WOMAN, well educated, in position to leave city to assist field manager of large education society, introducing a character building plan for children; experience unnecessary if otherwise qualified; salary or commission. Mr. Cloyes, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

WOMEN—An opportunity and bright prospects for future, with highest commissions, selling subscription to magazine, is open for refined women with selling ability. Apply Mr. Titus, 268 Pearl St., cor. Fulton.

WOMEN for CLEANING AND SCRUBBING. Must be strong and healthy. Apply all week, Best & Co., Employment Office, 7 West 35th St., 8:30-10 A. M.

WOMEN of refinement wanted to handle the sale of the Burton Holmes Travelogues; unique plan, eliminating canvassing; commission basis. Call 1216 Aeolian Hall.

WOMAN for housework; new career, with business hours, eight hours day, six days week; good hourly pay; written applications only. H. S. Paterson, 130 East 62d St.

WOMAN CLERK, competent, familiar with computing and checking invoices; state salary and give confidentially full information. G 578 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, middle aged, to take care of 3-months' old baby boy. Church, 550 West 114th St.

WOMAN, few hours daily, keep six rooms clean; references; steady position. Friedman, 650 West End Av., before 11:30.

WORKING housekeeper, about Feb. 1, for family of two, middle aged people, in new house, Scarsdale; references required; good wages; excellent opportunity for competent person. Beck, Scarsdale, N. Y.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, capable white woman, small family; references required; good home and salary. 11 Midland Av., White Plains.

YOU CAN DUPLICATE

THIS WOMAN'S SUCCESS

IN SELLING.

UP TO THE MIDDLE OF LAST MONTH MRS. LUCY R— HAD NEVER IN ALL HER LIFE SOLD ANYTHING. SHE HAD A ROOM TO LET WHICH IS HOW OUR HEAD DESIGNER HAPPENED TO MEET HER.

"SO YOU DESIGN CUSTOM-MADE CORSETS?" REMARKED MRS. R—. "I WONDER IF I COULD SELL THEM?"

"TRY IT," WAS THE SUGGESTION. NEXT MORNING MRS. R— CALLED AT OUR OFFICE. WE SHOWED HER HOW TO FIT. NEXT DAY SHE CALLED ON A WOMAN WHOSE NAME WE GAVE HER. THE FIRST WEEK SHE TOOK NINE ORDERS AND MADE $36. SINCE THEN SHE HAS MADE STEADY GAINS.

MRS. R— IS BUSY, HAPPY, AND INDEPENDENT. SHE IS PUTTING MONEY IN THE BANK. WOULDN'T YOU LIKE TO HEAR HER STORY FROM HER OWN LIPS? WE CAN OFFER SIMILAR OPPORTUNITIES TO A FEW MORE WOMEN UNDER 40. WRITE B 178 TIMES.

YOUNG WOMAN. Thoroughly business-like, with good office experience; one who knows stenography and typing preferred; a girl who can keep her head during a rush of work and map out work for others; in fact, we want a PLANNING CLERK in a large stenographic and typing department; must be over 23 and under 35; a good position in a good organization for right girl; write us age, religion, education, business experience and why you believe you can fill the position. B 187 Times.

YOUNG GIRLS, 15 TO 17 YEARS, FOR POSITIONS IN WHICH THEY WILL RECEIVE LIBERAL WAGES AND A COURSE OF TRAINING TO DEVELOP THEM FOR ADVANCEMENT; PARENTS INVITED TO CALL WITH THEIR DAUGHTERS.

APPLY ALL WEEK, BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 9 TO 11 A. M.

YOUNG LADY, good at figures, to do clerical work in the accounting office of a large publishing house; state age, education, and salary desired. G 507 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY wanted for a Christian advertising agency, to operate addressograph and multigraph machine; must be thoroughly experienced; good position and salary to one who can qualify; state qualifications. B 119 Times.

YOUNG LADY

to make simple pen and ink outline tracings. Apply by letter only, giving age, experience, &c., to E. VAN WICKLE, Butterick Publishing Company, Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y.

YOUNG LADY, ATTRACTIVE, BY AN IMPORTING VEILING HOUSE, ONE WHO IS CAPABLE OF WAITING ON CUSTOMERS AND MAKE HERSELF GENERALLY USEFUL, AND NOT AFRAID OF WORK; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. B 283 TIMES.

YOUNG WOMAN, bright, energetic, capable of developing into secretary of international corporation now being organized; excellent opportunity for ambitious woman willing to accept small salary until corporation complete. See Mr. Horwood, Room 903, 1,457-63 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted in surgical appliance business to assist in making belts, &c.; experience not required, but must be neat, plain sewer; $10 week while learning; steady position and advancement; give age and references. Box B. F., 104 E. 14th St.

YOUNG LADY to assist in credit office of a wholesale dry goods house; one possessing previous experience preferred; splendid opportunity for advancement; state full particulars, age, salary desired, &c. B 216 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN to assist and supervise addressing department of large publishing house; must have tact and ability; hours 9-5, Saturday 12:30. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

YOUNG WOMAN to assist manager of candy dept. of large corporation, experienced in retail candy business; unusual opportunity for capable, experienced business woman. C. S., 4 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, good appearance, convincing talker, to represent well-known service company in city; previous experience unnecessary; good salary; give phone. A 786 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, office assistant, one who can typewrite preferred. Room 708, 286 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG woman with tact, not afraid of work, to select orders, general merchandise line; experience preferred; $16-$18; advancement; state previous occupation; reference. A 754 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, about 20 years of age, to operate multigraph machine for established Christian manufacturing concern; experience desirable but not necessary; state education and salary expected. A 730 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for general clerical work in large wholesale house in Brooklyn; must be accurate; bookkeeping experience desired and good handwriting essential; state age, experience, and salary desired. A 747 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, bright, ambitious, to take charge of Harlem office of large manufacturing concern; $18 week to start; good chance for advancement; state experience, age, and reference. Address B. A., Box 136 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRLS wanted to put up medicine for the sick; it is interesting and as necessary as war or welfare work, and you get paid for it. Apply after 9 o'clock, Humphreys Homeopathic Medicine Co., 156 William St.

YOUNG LADY TO ASSIST IN SHOWROOM; MUST BE ABLE TO WAIT ON CUSTOMERS; MUST BE NEAT AND SMARTLY DRESSED. APPLY IN PERSON, PICHEL CO., 366 5TH AV.

YOUNG LADY to file stencil nameplates in mailing department of a 5th Av. publishing house; hours 8:30-4:30, Saturday 12:30; church references required. Leslie Judge Co., 225 5th Av.

YOUNG LADY FOR SHOWROOM. Only experienced in fancy goods and notions need apply; good salary; steady. AMERICAN BEAD CO., INC., 485 FIFTH AVENUE.

YOUNG WOMEN TO ENTER A FIRST-CLASS REGISTERED TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES; COURSE TWO YEARS AND SIX MONTHS. NORTH HUDSON HOSPITAL, PARK AV., WEEHAWKEN, N. J.

YOUNG LADY in showroom of manufacturer of children's headwear; one with some experience waiting on trade; good opportunity; salary $15. L. Steinthal & Bro., 906 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN, alert, to secure subscriptions to popular, illustrated magazine; drawing account and commission. Apply Monday forenoon, Mr. Barenburg, Room 1605, 220 West 42d St.

YOUNG LADY, high school graduate preferred, with knowledge of typewriting; good position with excellent prospect of advancement. R 25 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted to do cooking and waiting for small family in country; $50. Call Monday morning, between 8:30 and 10, at 129 East 69th St., Apartment 10 B.

YOUNG LADY, refined, offered a good home and treated as one of family to assist lady in light housework; small compensation. L 8 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN for general office work; good writer and accurate; one having had experience in dressmaker's workroom preferred. Dunham, 628 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN wanted; bottle wrappers and labelers, with or without experience; give particulars as to age and experience. Address Medical House, W 386 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN to measure and classify advertisements in newspaper; salary $12; state age and experience. G 593 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL or nurse girl to help care for two children. Weber, 220 Wadsworth Av., corner West 184th St.

YOUNG LADY, export office; good at figures, English money; salary to start, $15. G 633 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY wanted in the foreign dept. of a mercantile house; beginner preferred. Apply by letter, R 417 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY wanted to take charge of 4-year-old girl. Apply Tuesday or after to 7 Mt. Morris Park West. DeVoe.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

BE A FILING CLERK and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing. Salaries $15 to $30 per week. Our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position. Afternoon and evening classes. Enter our new classes starting next Monday, January 20th. Number of students limited. Apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261. NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING. Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House. The Shaw-Walker Company, 60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

ARE YOU INTERESTED in well-paying profession—dress design and illustrating? Our unique method of instruction has developed some of the leading fashion illustrators and creators in New York; not an art course, requiring years of study; our lessons are practical, interesting, prepare you in short time; only school recommended by the trade; under direction Emil Alvin Hartman, Master of Costume Design; morning, afternoon, evening classes; visit our permanent exhibition of students' work or write for Booklet T; we have the largest enrollment of any school of this character. The Fashion Academy, 808 Park Av., at 65th St., New York.

OVER THREE THOUSAND GIRLS AND WOMEN have been placed by us in positions paying FROM $12 TO $35 PER WEEK. Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building. Branches: Philadelphia, Boston.

CAN YOU JUDGE PEOPLE?

Can you "size up" the people you meet daily? A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to know the people you meet as well as yourself. Write or phone Chelsea 4054 for details of classes in Character Analysis and Vocational Counseling now forming.

MERTON INSTITUTE, 96 5th Av., at 15th St.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED. The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 8 P. M. Write for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes. PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

HOTELS need trained women; hundreds of positions ready; we will train you quickly by mail in spare time; fit yourself for bigger pay, comfortable living, broad opportunities. Send for free illustrated book, "Your Future in Hotel Work," Lewis Hotel Training School, 134 Warder Bldg., Washington, D. C.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ATTENTION, GIRLS, LADIES! Learn Filing. Course, $10. Telephone operating, elevator operating, typewriting, dictaphone, stenography, comptometer; city and Government positions. CAPTAIN O'BRIEN, 112 EAST 23D.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES. Three months' course, individual instruction, students on probation, graduates registered. 85 W. 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

NURSES. Harlem School of Nursing, Inc., teaches and graduates nurses; no age limit; employment while studying; also special separate massage course, $15. 160 West 121st St.

FRENCH TEACHER would like morning or evening engagements; reasonable terms; highly recommended. Bl. Javy, 225 East 53d St.

MOVIE STAR will accept limited number of pupils anxious for screen appearance. For appointment write Movie Star, Room 611 World Building, N. Y. C.

Become an expert telephone operator; complete course, $10. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS:—Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 334 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHY.—Beginners, advanced students taught privately; forceful, intelligent instruction; immediate progress assured. Room 415, 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Phone Murray Hill 2086.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

THE "NATIONAL" EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 30 Church Street.

ESTABLISHED 1909.

THE WORLD'S FOREMOST EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE FOR BRAIN WORKERS.

To Jan. 1, 1919, our records show that 47,406 men and women have been placed with high-grade concerns in positions calling for Executives, Engineers, and other technical men, Salesmen, Accountants, Bookkeepers, Stenographers and Clerks, at salaries ranging from $10 a week to $12,000 a year.

WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT.

STENOGRAPHER, English, able to translate Spanish and Portuguese; excellent opportunity; salary, $1,500-$1,800 to start.

LAW STENOGRAPHER (not secretarial position) in most desirable downtown legal firm; good surroundings; excellent opportunity for girl of refinement and education; $1,400.

STENOGRAPHER, advertising experience, as assistant to advertising manager of downtown machinery house; $1,300.

COST ACCOUNTANT — Brooklyn position; must have factory cost experience; $1,300.

STENOGRAPHER for strictly stenographic position; downtown commercial house; must take rapid dictation; $1,300.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography, for high-class professional office uptown; must be high-grade woman, good appearance and well educated, accustomed to meeting people; $1,300.

BOOKKEEPER for uptown printing house; take full charge; $1,300.

STENOGRAPHER, some college training, for position in Women's Club; regular hours, no Sunday work; excellent surroundings; $1,200.

TYPIST AND CLERK; must be experienced tabulating statistical reports and be familiar with figures; $1,100.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; want export experience; good knowledge of figures and general export details; knowledge of stenography; $1,100.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY for 5th Av. real estate concern; must be experienced in this line; $1,000.

STENOGRAPHER, welfare experience, for Protestant church organization; $1,000.

STENOGRAPHER to answer phone and attend to office detail; downtown commercial office; $1,000.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY; experienced girl for large food production house; $1,000.

STENOGRAPHER to act as secretary to department head of downtown bank; $1,000 and bonus year.

STENOGRAPHER — Experienced girl, downtown insurance concern; $1,000.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, editorial experience, to work for the editors of downtown journal; $1,000, with advance.

STENOGRAPHER for Wall St. bankers; some experience in this line; $1,000.

STENOGRAPHER and ASST. BOOKKEEPER; downtown exporting and importing house; $1,000.

TYPIST in large chemical house downtown; neat, sensible type; $900-$1,000 year.

FILE CLERK; thorough knowledge of automatic system; downtown office; $900-$1,000 year.

ASST. BOOKKEEPER to compute interest; quick and accurate at figures; $900-$1,000 year.

ASST. BOOKKEEPER, able to take off trial balance, for uptown office; $900.

STENOGRAPHER for large estates; office uptown; nice personality and education; $900.

STENOGRAPHER, good speller, nice office downtown; $800-$900.

STENOGRAPHER — Confidential work for downtown hospital; $800-$900.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner, good penman, in nice office downtown; $800 year.

STENOGRAPHER; downtown insurance office; must have nice personality and at least a few months' stenographic experience; salary to start, $730 year.

STENOGRAPHER - CLERK; position near City Hall; must have some previous experience and be a good penman; $730 year.

TYPIST - DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Uptown position for good typist, either familiar with the operation of the dictaphone or willing to learn how to operate it; salary to start, $700-$750 yr.

STENOGRAPHER; law office near Wall St.; take beginner with some high school education; good chance for advancement; $625-$700.

TYPISTS.—Several openings, both uptown and downtown, for beginners or experienced typists, at salaries ranging from $570-$730 year.

STENOGRAPHER—Real estate office near 42d St.; take bright beginner; $625-$700.

GENERAL CLERK—Position near 14th St.; teach a girl between 18 and 22 years old with some high school training; simple work; good advancement; salary while learning, $625 year.

FILE CLERK; uptown firm; young girl, about 18 to 20 years old, with a little previous experience; simple system; $624 year.

Call 9 to 1, Room 723.

Elsie Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey St. No Registration Fee.

HELP WANTED. Will you help me to fill the numerous positions WAITING to be FILLED? It is not a matter of FILLING YOU in a place that "WILL DO," but a CHOICE of some real live PROPOSITIONS. If you are a CLEAN, INTELLIGENT AMERICAN, with a business foundation that is strong enough to stand the building of unlimited possibilities and still strengthen that foundation. "CALL." I can OFFER you SOMETHING WORTH WHILE.

OWEN'S AGENCY, 165 Fulton St., or Times Building, 42d St. Stenographers, legal, $20-$25. Commercial, $12-$20. Bookkeepers, $15-$20. Typists, $12-$15; office assistants, $12-$14. Billing clerks. Switchboard operators. All kinds of office positions, open daily. CALL AND GET PLACED.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 74 BROADWAY. Highest salaried positions in New York for all classes of office employes. We need especially high-class stenographers and typists, &c. Register free.

MANHATTAN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 2 Rector St. Stenographers, (female,) $20-$18-$15-$12. Clerks, (male,) selling, $60-$80 per month.

STENOGRAPHERS. — Typists, bookkeepers, clericals, $10-$25; many high-class positions received daily. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Bldg.

FULTON AGENCY, 93 Nassau St. 489 5th Av. STENOGRAPHERS .... $12-$25 BOOKKEEPERS .... $20-$25

STENOGRAPHERS, all lines, $12-$15; bookkeeper, $25; assistant, $16; typists, $10-$15; office assistants, $10-$15. Registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 B'way. Est. 1897.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE Agency, 10 East 43d.—2 secretary-stenographers, (real estate,) $25; stenographers, $18-$25; typists, $15.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$20; typists, $15; Underwood bookkeeper, $18. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; TYPISTS, $15-$18; CAN PLACE YOU IMMEDIATELY. STENOGRAPHERS' BUREAU, 158 B'WAY.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typists, dictaphone operators; good openings. David Agency, 17 West 42d.

CHILDREN'S NURSES, $40-$70; graduated nurses. Universal Employment Agency, 59 West 37th.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

ACME AGENCY, 145 Nassau.—Stenographers, $20-$18-$15; typists, $15-$12; dictaphone, $20-$18; clerks, $13; Christian firms.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

"THE AMERICAN," 115 BROADWAY, COR. CEDAR ST.

The positions listed below are a few taken from our large lists and will give you an idea of the class of women we have calls for. If what you are seeking is not represented here, come in and see, as this list covers only a small percentage of the positions we have open.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Automobile concern, uptown section, $25; Secretary, chemical concern, uptown, "live wire," $20-$22; Manufacturing, detail clerical experience, uptown section, $20-$22; Novelty concern, uptown section, $18-$20; Film Co., uptown section, educational work, compiling records, &c., $18-$20; Mercantile line, uptown section; $18.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Electrical concern, thorough double entry experience, prefer Brooklynite, $25; Assistants, chemical concern, young ladies living in the vicinity of Newark, Jersey City, double entry knowledge, $18-$20; Ledger Clerk, mercantile experience, $16.

TYPISTS. — Engineering concern, knowledge of stenography required, must be rapid, $18-$20; Ticket agent concern, uptown section, knowledge of stenography, must be rapid, $18-$20.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.—Textile concern, uptown section, Underwood machine, must be thoroughly competent, $18-$22.

FILE CLERK & TYPIST.—Film company, uptown section, executive ability, prefer one who has had legal filing experience, must be rapid typist; salary commensurate.

STATISTICAL CLERK.—Banking concern, downtown section, must have banking or brokerage experience, figuring compound interest, &c., $18.

GENERAL CLERKS & TYPISTS.—A number of openings in detail clerical, assistant bookkeeping knowledge, $10-$15.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 115 BROADWAY.

PAGE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

STATISTICIAN — Woman of education, for investigating and statistical work, $25.

STENOGRAPHERS—
(1) Experienced, good education, $25.
(2) Must also be dictaphone operator; $20-$22.
(3) Experienced, export house, $18.

TYPISTS—
(1) Policy writer, $15-$17.
(2) Copy-work, $15.

LIBRARIAN—Temporary work; training or practical experience necessary; $17.

PROOF READER—College training; $15.

CALL IN PERSON 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

BRODY AGENCY, 239 Broadway, (Entrance 1 Park Place.)

EVER SO MANY HIGH-GRADE POSITIONS. STENOGRAPHERS. — Brokerage, steamship, automobile, advertising, piano, printing, mining, association, commercial, &c., $15-$25. Legal stenographers, $15-$35. BOOKKEEPERS and assistants, $15-$35. TYPISTS, DICTAPHONE, $10-$22. FREE REGISTRATION. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES EVERY DAY FOR RELIABLE APPLICANTS.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.

SECRETARY, stenographer, for South America preferably knowledge of Spanish.

SECRETARY, stenographer, college graduate, (or the equivalent,) experienced, executive ability, unusual opportunity.

STENOGRAPHER, English, Spanish, $1,800 to $2,000.

STENOGRAPHER, English, French, $1,800 to $2,000.

STENOGRAPHER, English, Italian, $1,800 to $2,000.

BOOKKEEPER, $18 to $20.

STENOGRAPHER, commercial, $18 to $20.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, $12 to $15.

TYPIST, clerks, $15 to $18.

Bookkeeper-Stenographer — Hotel, out of town; salary, room and board.

Stenographer—Export experience, $25.

Stenographer—Freight & shipping experience.

Stenographer-Bookkeeper, $18.

Stenographer—Out of town, $100 per month and perquisites.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, $18, $20, $22. OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY, 149 BROADWAY. SINGER BUILDING.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 NASSAU. Est. 1899. Free registration. Stenographers, Broadway, (3,) $18; six commercial, $16, $25; beginners, $10, $12; stenographer-bookkeeper, several, $18, $22; law, $15, $18, $22; filer, (automatic,) $16; typists, $12; expert, $18; positively genuine calls.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE 154 Nassau St. MISS GRIFFIN. Stenographers—Very desirable positions for young women "above the average," good salaries. Dictaphone operator, public stenographers, $25; others, $18-$20; typists, $15-$18; file clerk-typist, $15; billing clerk, $15.

BARKER & MAC COLL VOCATIONAL SPECIALISTS. 74 B'WAY. Legal, Insurance, and Bank Secretaries; Several exceptional stenographic positions now open; Executive for mailing department; Ledger clerks; Policy writer; Comptometer operator; Fifteen expert typists, several with tabulating experience. Registry free.

STENOGRAPHER, $20; bookkeeper, $70; filers, $10; typists, $14. Walter Agency, 51 Liberty.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS. Leading firm of certified public accountants requires seniors, semi-seniors and juniors. Seniors and semi-seniors must have had ample professional experience. Juniors with public accounting experience will be given preference. Replies to receive consideration must state concisely and in order—name in full, address, telephone number, age, nationality, experience and references which will be held in confidence. H 905 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, seniors; state length of experience and accounting firms where gained, whether experienced in income tax work, age, references, salary expectations; preference given to those experienced in tax work, but have some openings for seniors without that qualification; state full particulars by letter only. Townsend & Dix, 45 Nassau St.

ACCOUNTANT.—An export house has an exceptional opening for a young man who is a rapid penman and has a good knowledge of accountancy; please state age and salary anticipated, also give brief resume of your experience. B 259 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.—Credit and collection experience necessary; New Jersey manufacturing corp., near New York; exceptional opportunity; in replying give complete details past employment, age, and salary expected. X 288 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS. A LEADING FIRM NEEDS FIRST-CLASS SENIORS AND JUNIORS; STATE AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, PUBLIC ACCOUNTING EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES. AUDIT, G 802 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT and office manager wanted by wholesale cotton goods house; capable of handling large volume of detail and supervise office force; please give full particulars and salary expected in first letter. R 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, several senior or semi-senior, 25 to 40 years of age, public accounting experience preferred; must be citizens of United States; give experience in detail. L 4 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS. — Capable men wanted at once by firm of certified public accountants; good opportunity for men who can qualify. Address, stating age, experience, and salary required, B 491 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT experienced in stock transfer and registration; profitable connection with old-established corporation; give experience, reference, and salary expected. S 480 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—A number of juniors and semi-juniors for a firm of C. P. A.'s; public accounting experience preferable but not essential; state salary, age, experience, and nationality. B 150 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—A firm of C. P. A.'S has an opening offering excellent opportunity to a number of accountants thoroughly experienced at operating a comptometer. B 151 Times.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced on customers' ledgers and controlling accounts; state in detail past experience, salary expected, and references. S. D. 166 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, with public accounting experience, for office of C. P. A.; excellent opportunity for qualified man; state age and salary; give full details of experience. A 739 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors and semi-seniors; must have at least two years public experience; married or single. S 415 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS, juniors and seniors, permanent positions; state in full your past experience, also salary expected. Write A 149 Times.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, to take charge of office, thorough knowledge of business methods; responsible position. O 305 Times.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT, AGE ABOUT 25,

familiar with proofreading, arranging dummies and layouts, printing, engraving, &c. Give complete information concerning experience, salary, &c.

G. F., BUSH TERMINAL, P. O. BROOKLYN, N. Y.

ADVERTISING MAN, ambitious to get into agency business for himself, without capital, can learn of opportunity seldom open to connect with New York general advertising agency known to be one of strongest and best equipped to render real service if he can prove ability to get accounts and is willing to demonstrate on liberal allowance. Address Confidential, Box G 552 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING EXPERT.—Experienced in stock promotion and general merchandising literature; must have strong connection with heads of prominent agency and able to contribute his services for about thirty days; interest in international corporation and adequate salary when organization is completed. See Mr. Horwood, Room 903, 1,457-1,463 Broadway.

ADVERTISING MAN, capable preparing copy, handling printer, and general work in connection with advertising campaign, house organ, and miscellaneous matter in credit organization; excellent opening for permanent connection; state in detail previous experience; lowest salary at start. K 770 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR-MANAGER for greatest permanent proposition in market; highest class, experienced men only considered; profit sharing and ownership interest basis without investment; no drawing account except on contracts accepted until results warrant salary and interest. Address Established, A 71 Times.

ADVERTISING EXECUTIVE. — SERVICE MAN OF EXPERIENCE IN MERCHANDISING AND CAMPAIGN WORK; CAPABLE OF SPECIALIZING IN PROBLEMS OF TRADE DISTRIBUTION; BIG CALIBRE MAN ONLY, WHO CAN WRITE, MEET ADVERTISERS, AND MANAGE STAFF. S 18 TIMES.

AISLE MANAGERS. L. S. PLAUT & CO., NEWARK, N. J., require the services of experienced aisle managers. To those who qualify we assure permanent positions. Call at employment office, second floor, or make application by letter.

ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT of largest export journal, having 1,100 advertisers and expanding rapidly, has these splendid permanent positions open:

1. CORRESPONDENT to handle important letters developing business, answering and following up inquiries.
2. REPRESENTATIVE to receive numerous callers at office, also to solicit contracts in New York as assistance to outside territories.
3. MAKE-UP MAN to assist with advertising pages, trained in this work, accurate, good judgment.
4. COPY WRITER, capable of preparing well written advertisements for clients that will bring results.

Experience required. Men released from military service preferred. Please write, stating which position you apply for, age, experience, references, salary. G 609 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN, by an automobile journal for one of its Western departments, with headquarters in Cleveland; give full particulars as to experience and where last employed, with compensation expected. Address, Permanent, Box 654 Post Office, New York.

ADVERTISING OFFICE MANAGER.—Trained office executive, with ideas, initiative, and successful advertising experience, capable taking charge advertising office for several trade periodicals; full particulars required, also salary. G 661 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, experienced, for steady work on two Franco-American propaganda magazines; liberal commissions. Apply Monday A. M., France-America Corporation, Room 1605, 220 West 42d St.

ADVERTISING concern wants assistant at all kinds of work; chance for important work later; write fully about yourself and salary required. Syndicate, A 736 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS for established transportation publication; no competition; commission with drawing account; permanent positions for capable men. E. N. Getzler, 96 Warren St.

ADVERTISING MANAGER wanted for large Columbus, Ohio, woman's ready-to-wear store; must be capable and of good appearance. Address X 203 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR — Experienced young man to utilize spare time in soliciting for monthly trade publication. R 430 Times Downtown.

AGENTS.—Live wires, good opportunity, those interested; commission basis only. Apply Room 1618, 220 West 42d St.

AISLESMEN.—MEYER BROS., MAIN ST., PATERSON, N. J., HAVE OPENINGS FOR SEVERAL THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED DEPARTMENT STORE AISLES MANAGERS; PERMANENT POSITIONS; STORE HOURS FROM 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M. DAILY.

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN under 25 as general assistant in invoice and shipping department export house; knowledge of Spanish desired, but not essential; permanent position with chance of advancement to the right man. Apply in own handwriting stating experience, reference, and salary. G 665 Times Downtown.

APPRENTICE—Opportunity for young man, over 18, with mechanical inclinations, as apprentice in shop where he will have unlimited opportunity to advance; for the right man a rare chance. X 234 Times Annex.

ARTIST AND LAYOUT MAN. Growing advertising agency can use a man with agency experience, who can handle variety of accounts, requiring newspaper and magazine copy, dealer helps, booklets, &c.; man between 25 and 30 seeking opportunity to develop will find this a good opening; Address, giving full particulars as to experience and ability. X 260 Times Annex.

ARTISTS, experienced, newspaper advertising, illustrations, lettering, designing, figures, photo layouts, &c. Call with samples. Copice Service Co., 176 Fulton St.

ARTIST to make black and white small outline drawings of men and women in stylish garments; send sample of work. Attractive. A 787 Times Downtown.

ARTIST, letterer, layout man for advertising service company; state salary required. Opportunity, B 255 Times.

ARTIST.—Thoroughly experienced designer and letterer for engraving concern; state full particulars. A 755 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BUYER. GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

A large Brooklyn department store requires the services of an Assistant Buyer for the Men's and Women's Glove Departments. A desirable position is offered and applicants will be considered only from those having first-class experience. Address Assistant Buyer, X 281 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT wanted in discount cage of banking house; must be accurate at figures; knowledge of commercial paper and discounts will be of value; opportunity for the man who understands the meaning of work and loyalty; application must state in detail experience, salary expected, &c. K 761 Times Downtown.

A.—SALESMAN. A New York Catholic Church goods house of national reputation has opening for "live wire" city salesman; knowledge of selling more important than experience in our line; splendid opportunity for man who can produce; salary or commission basis; write, giving full particulars as to past experience; all correspondence strictly confidential. X 271 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT MANAGER for purchases, sales, and general direction of progressive bakery equipment business; must be familiar with baking utensils and machines and have ability and character to qualify for position of responsibility and trust; good salary and opportunity; only applicant with knowledge of line considered. A 778 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO CASHIER in bond and stock cage, by Stock Exchange house; must know Wall Street rules; position holds possibilities for the right man who understands the meaning of work and loyalty; give full particulars as to experience, salary expected, &c., by letter. K 700 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT ADVERTISING MAN, competent at copy writing and laying out matter for printer; state salary desired and give qualifications and references in reply; excellent opportunity for advancement. A 685 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT to salesmanager of well-known valve company, familiar with Northern N. J. and N. Y. City territory; must be a hustler; write full particulars in first letter. B 238 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT to purchasing agent of a ... appliance manufacturing concern ... must be good correspondent and have ... experience in following up orders and ... terial; state salary. X 291 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT credit man, one with ... house experience preferred; state salary ... pected. B 222 Times.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN. Only High Grade men with A1 references considered. TAYLOR MOTORS CORP., 1,920 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIR SUPERINTENDENT wanted; a high grade man of experience in automobile repair department, to take charge as Superintendent of large service station; reply by letter, stating experience, age, salary expected, whether married or single. K 892 Times Downtown.

B. ALTMAN & CO., MADISON AV.-5TH AV., 34TH AND 35TH STS., NEW YORK, REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A FLOOR MANAGER. APPLICATIONS, STATING PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT AND GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, MAY BE MADE BY LETTER, BUT ONLY THOSE ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST CLIENTELE NEED APPLY. AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT IS OFFERED. ADDRESS DEPARTMENT F.

BILL CLERK, who has had experience ... large jobbing house and familiar with ... fittings, valves, and engineering supplies; one who can figure quickly and accurately and can furnish references as to his ability to fill such a position; applicants will please state fully age, qualifications, and salary expected. R 404 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK, experienced, familiar ... Elliott-Fisher machine. Apply ... American Lace Co., 105 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Office of large corporation, several active and accurate ... men with bookkeeping knowledge and ... ble of analyzing work of detail charge ... must also be capable of taking charge of ... partment; permanent position and rapid advancement to men possessing above qualifications; no others need apply. Reply, stating ... experience, and salary. B 210 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Piano manufacturing company wants bookkeeper to take full charge ... double entry, cost, monthly trial balance; full responsibility; no one over 40 and who is unwilling to work in the Bronx need apply. Address X 301 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Careful, experienced ... entry; opportunity for advancement; competent office detail man; applicant must state age, experience, and salary desired, to be considered. Manufacturer, ... Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER in auditing department ... credit organization; school of ... training preferred; work entails ... audits and general bookkeeping; state ... tail previous experience, lowest salary ... pected at start. K 771 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Christian manufacturing corporation desires the services of a thoroughly capable bookkeeper; good chance ... advancement for right young man; state qualifications and salary desired. ... Times.

BOOKKEEPER experienced in all details; must be typist; willing to assist in shipping; one with knowledge of dyeing ... cleaning business preferred. Address, ... ing age, salary, references, C. S., ... Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER. Young man wanted, experienced in posting, entering cash, sales and general office work; state experience, salary. ... Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, accurate, double entry; typist, general office assistant; state age, experience, salary; ... ing experience preferred. G 660 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, capable of taking care of full set of books, monthly trial balances and financial statements; must be competent, furnish references. ... K., 802 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced on corporation books, controlling accounts; knowledge of stenography desirable; to receive consideration give full particulars in first letter. ... 774 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT wanted ... foreign banking house; knowledge of French desired; state experience and salary expected. Address G. Y., P. O. Box ... Hall Station, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man with experience on customers' ledger, trial balance, and ... fice details, one not afraid of work; ... stating age, salary expected, references ... W., 809 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk; 1,500 accounts; wholesale house; state age, experience, salary, and references. Address P. O. ... 69, Station O.

BOOKKEEPER, quick, active, ... double entry, experienced with ... accounts, wanted by hardware house. ... hart, 1,501 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, with long experience ... and ribbon house; knowledge of stenography and typewriting, rapid, accurate ... G 312 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for a ... best of references required; salary ... year; state experience and religion. ... Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; position open ... capable, experienced man; state age, experience, reference, and salary expected. ... Hinrichs, West Washington Market.

BOOKKEEPER.—An experienced bookkeeper by a New York Stock Exchange house. Apply 6th floor, 22 William St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of Wall St. accounting necessary; references, wages expected. R 54 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and general office assistant; references; salary. G 604 Times Downtown.

BOYS. For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start. WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 67 BETHUNE STREET, Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY under 16 to make himself generally useful in export house; permanent position with chance of advancement for courteous ambitious hard worker willing to learn. Answer in own handwriting stating references and salary expected. G 664 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED in office as typist; excellent opportunity for advancement; must be rapid and accurate and of good education; previous experience unnecessary; $12 to start. Address in own handwriting, Opportunity, L 11 Times.

BOYS. Office and errand boys (2) for magazine publishing company; salary $9, with advancement to advertising department position if warranted by ability; hours 9-5; half day Saturday. B 213 Times.

BOY WANTED.—BOY OVER 16; ONE WHO IS AMBITIOUS AND LOOKING FOR A FUTURE; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; SALARY TO START AT THE RATE OF $40 A MONTH. B. W., B 193 TIMES.

BOY can make himself generally useful in stock department, large mercantile concern; apply in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected. K. D., 803 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14 TO 16, IN LAW OFFICE; NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY; GOOD SALARY, QUICK ADVANCEMENT. GELLER, ROLSTON & HORAN, 22 EXCHANGE PLACE.

BOY for office; good education; $10 per week; fine opportunity for advancement; refined surroundings; reply in own handwriting; state age and education. ... Times.

BOYS, AS OFFICE MESSENGERS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $8 A WEEK TO START. APPLY UNITED STATES RUBBER CO., 1,790 BROADWAY, CITY.

BOY wanted for downtown advertising agency; opportunity to learn business from the beginning; part inside duties and errands. Address, stating age, nationality, and salary, S 435 Times Downtown.

BOY in downtown office of established engineering company; good opening, with bright prospect of advancement. Address Box A 705 Times Downtown.

BOYS, work in large publishing house; good chance for advancement; hours 8:30 to 12 o'clock Saturday. Call at the Iron Age Publishing Co., 239 West 39th.

BOY wanted, not under 16 years of age, in office of large corporation; good chance for advancement; salary to start, $8 week. G 585 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright, active, for steamship office; excellent chance for advancement; state age and salary expected. K 815 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOY about 15 in main office of a fire insurance company; salary, $35 per month; applications accepted from boys graduating in February. S 441 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright grammar school graduate to learn life insurance business; must live with parents; rapid advancement. Apply in own handwriting. G. F., 116 Times.

BOY, in office of old-established house; must be neat and willing; good opportunity for advancement; salary to start $11. Write, giving age, &c., R 428 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14-17, bright, energetic, in large corporation; excellent opportunity for permanent position and bright future. Fwure, [illegible] Times Downtown.

BOY for office; good opportunity for advancement; salary $10. Address in own handwriting, stating age, references. G 622 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Large surety company wants office boys; excellent chance for advancement for bright, well educated boys; state age and education. A 759 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted, ambitious boy for a leading advertising agency; willing to make himself generally useful. Call, Monday morning, Hoyt's Service, Inc., 116 West 32d.

BOY wanted in office of importing house; state age, salary, and nationality; good opportunity for advancement. G 606 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED FOR OFFICE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY TO START $10. THE FRANK MILLER CO., 349 WEST 26TH ST.

BOY wanted, a bright boy in the advertising office of the Keyston Tire and Rubber Co., at 52d St. and Broadway. Call Monday; before noon.

BOYS. BOYS. BOYS.
Make themselves generally useful in dress factory; excellent opportunity. Apply Jaffe, 31 East 32d St.

BOY wanted by large manufacturing concern; general office work; 15 to 16 years of age; good future to bright boy. B 199 Times.

BOYS wanted, 2, neat appearance, good education, about 16, to learn brokerage business; salary $10 to start. M. S. Wolfe & Co., 41 Broad St.

BOYS—Opportunity to learn the publishing business in Christian firm; hours 8:30 to 4:30; $9 start; if exceptionally bright $10. Leslie Judge Co., 225 5th Av.

BOY, about 15 years, make himself useful in shirtwaist-house; salary $10 to $12; apply between 12 and 1 o'clock only. Rosenthal Bros. Co., 44 West 28th.

BOY.—Good opportunity for bright boy in banking office. Apply own handwriting, stating age and qualifications. K 699 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, about 16, in a large mercantile house to learn the business; splendid chance for advancement. Answers with full particulars. K 743 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of a manufacturing company; must be bright; experience not necessary; salary $7-$8 per week. Manufacturer, R 453 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED IN OFFICE OF WHOLESALE SILK HOUSE; MUST BE BRIGHT AND AMBITIOUS. K 708 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, bright, for general office work, must be public school graduate, good opportunity for advancement. H. Muehlstein, 2,401 3d Av.

BOY, bright, for general office work; must be public school graduate, good opportunity for advancement. R. F., 69 Times Harlem.

BOY; excellent opportunity for advancement; state references and salary expected. A 761 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Wanted, good, bright boy for office and messenger work; splendid opportunity. A 740 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright boy wanted in the bookkeeping office of publishing house; state age, reference and salary expected. L 40 Times.

BOY wanted for office work; opportunity for beginner. Apply by letter, R 418 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for office in wholesale house; excellent opportunity for advancement. James, P. O. Box 666, City Hall Station.

BOY, bright, of neat appearance; age 15 or 16, wanted by large corporation; good advancement. R. N., Box 70, Station D, N. Y.

BOY for general work and be generally useful in embroidery department. Sternfeld, 20 West [illegible]th.

BOY wanted to deliver packages by wholesale handkerchief house; call Monday. Henry Matler & Co., 45 East 20th St.

BOY wanted in advertising agency. Call at J. Walter Thompson Company, 244 Madison Av.

BOY 16 or over, help packing, shipping; promotions and advancement if willing, reliable, $10 start. Reply Colors, B 219 Times.

BOY wanted for export office; American or Spanish; give references and state salary expected. R. B., 113 Times.

BOY, bright, for office work. Apply Room 1106, 501 Fifth Av.

BOY, 16 or over, for office work; must write well. L 27 Times.

BOY wanted in law office; write, stating age and schooling. R 434 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT BOY.
Not afraid to work; must be able to pack; $10 start. Apply before 9 A. M., Merit Hosiery Co., 67 34th St., Brooklyn, Bush Terminal.

BUYER OF PIECE GOODS.
A group of large progressive department stores desires to engage a man to conduct the New York buying and market work in piece goods. There is a good salary and an excellent future for a man possessing a good personality, broad vision and the detailed knowledge of mill and jobbing sources, and who is familiar with market trends in silk, wool, and cotton piece goods, linens, domestics, blankets, &c., and with some knowledge of department stores.
Replies are requested BY MAIL ONLY giving full particulars of past and present connections, and will be held strictly confidential.
ASSOCIATED MERCHANDISING CORPORATION, 225 5TH AV.

BUYER.—Large resident buying office wants buyer for women's ready-to-wear garments, which covers coats, suits, dresses, waists, &c.; one who knows the New York market thoroughly; state experience in detail, firms worked for, age, nationality, and salary expected.
Apply K. N. 8., 194 Times.

BUYER WANTED OF MEN'S FURNISHINGS IN HIGH-GRADE STORE OVER NIGHT FROM NEW YORK. DO NOT APPLY FOR THIS POSITION UNLESS YOU WILL HAVE HAD SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE IN HIGH-GRADE MERCHANDISING. ADDRESS IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE. MADISON SQUARE LOOK BOX 199.

BUYER and manager, Oriental rugs, wanted, large representative department store, Middle West; must be a first-class man of ability and integrity. Address in confidence, giving full particulars, references, salary expected. A1 opportunity. B 274 Times.

CABINET FINISHER and wood worker to act as inspector in various plants in East and Middle West on phonograph cabinets; good wages and steady position; must thoroughly understand wood working and finishing. B 20[illegible] Times.

CABLE CLERK.—An excellent opening for a young man who has had code experience and who is a rapid typist, state age, experience and salary expected. B 265 Times.

CASHIER, LIFE INSURANCE.
A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. K 625 Times Downtown.

CASHIER AND BILLING CLERK IN WHOLESALE HOUSE; PACKING HOUSE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE NOT AFRAID OF EARLY HOURS; GIVE EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 146 TIMES.

CASHIER for bar, must be quick and accurate; do some bookkeeping. Answer, giving references and salary expected. G 318 Times.

CASHIER.—Experienced for restaurant; rapid writer, must understand French. Call Monday, 80 West 40th.

CHAUFFEUR for company in Bronx; steady position, Ford truck; must be able to make minor repairs; $20 weekly. Apply after 9 A. M., Edwards & Co., 140th St. and Gerard Av., Bronx.

CHEMIST wanted to take charge of laboratory of pharmaceutical house; must be aggressive, practical, and capable of originating and manufacturing new preparations; state experience and references; excellent opening; applications confidential. Z 382 Times Annex.

CHEMIST.—Fur dyeing concern desires fur dyer who is experienced in either vegetable or coal tar dyes or both. Address B 987 Times Harlem.

CIGARS.
SALESMAN, RETAIL, GOOD OPENING WITH EXCEPTIONAL PAY; SALARY AND COMMISSION FOR LIVE WIRE WITH PERSONALITY. MAHN, 1,160 BROADWAY.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

CHEWING GUM MAKER, for small factory. Room 1904 Times Bldg.

CIRCULATION.—Young man with successful experience in magazine circulation and promotion wanted as assistant circulation manager of New York weekly and monthly; the position includes handling agents' department; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 844 Times Annex.

CLERK AND OFFICE MAN, old-established printing house wants young man to assist in taking and entering orders, &c.; must have some practical knowledge of the printing and stationery business; good opportunity; state age, experience, and salary expected. R 429 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Busy law office needs active managing clerk. K 690 Times Downtown.

CLOSED SATURDAYS.
BOOKKEEPER.—Window glass concern requires bookkeeper and general office man; must be thoroughly competent; salary $20-$25. Address stating experience and references in detail. R 446 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Young man for large furniture installment house; steady position; salary $18 weekly. Address, stating age and references. Box 154, 3,013 3d Av.

COLLECTOR for wholesale grocery; man of good habits, steady and reliable; state salary and past experience. S. R. 172 Times.

COMMISSARY CHIEF STEWARD for building operation near Wilmington, Del.; $125 per month and board; must be experienced; knowledge of Fred Harvey dining system desirable but not required. O 201 Times.

COMPOSITOR,
age 23 to 35, for high-grade publication and job work; steady work under desirable conditions; Saturday half-holiday all year; union; downtown. Address, stating age, and experience, R 408 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.—Bond house, established 37 years without loss to any customer, has opening for correspondent; prefer young man, college education and some experience, preferably along financial lines; must have advertising sales instinct and ability to write effective sales letters for mail order work; write for appointment, giving age, full account of experience, and salary to start; incomplete replies not considered; all replies confidential until after personal interview. Address M. Arnott, S. W. Straus & Co., 150 Broadway.

CORRESPONDENT.—Large concern has an opening in its sales department for a young man of ability as a correspondent; in answering state age, experience, extent of education, and salary expected to start. A 68 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.
Young man with initiative, good vocabulary and knowledge of selling by mail, able and willing to dig for and correlate facts; excellent possibilities for future to right man. McCall, 236 West 37th.

COST CLERK, one experienced in taking time cost of actual operations and one who can figure and properly allocate same; hours 7 to 5. Apply, by mail, stating experience and salary, Lawson & MacMurray Lumber Yard, 16th and Clinton St., Hoboken, N. J.

COUCH • HAMMOCK MAKER.—Only one who has thorough knowledge in making same should apply. Hammock, X 263 Times Annex.

COUPLE.—Man coachman, generally useful; wife cook; country place; family of two; state wages and references. Address C. M. D., Room 327, Hotel Majestic, New York.

CUTTER, FOREMAN.—Shirts, pajamas, &c., full charge small cutting department; draft patterns, with sewing room experience preferred, though not strictly essential; $30 to $35; steady and advancement. A 753 Times Downtown.

CUTTER.—Wanted, experienced man in cutting paper and cardboard; stripper, rotary and power machine; permanent. E. W. S. Co., 28 Beekman St.

DE PINNA,
5TH AV. AT 50TH ST.,
requires
SALESMEN FOR BOYS' AND YOUNG MEN'S HABERDASHERY.
Only those accustomed to highest-class trade and having a thorough knowledge of furnishings will be considered; excellent opportunity for young men looking for advancement.

DESIGNER WANTED FOR FINE WOVEN FABRICS; ONLY EXPERIENCED MAN NEED APPLY. ADDRESS "RELIABLE," BOX B 198 TIMES.

DESIGNER.—First class floral designer wanted for artistic funeral work; only thoroughly experienced men need apply; good wages; steady position; replies strictly confidential. A. A., 125 Times.

DESIGNER, EXPERIENCED, ON HIGH-CLASS CHILDREN'S AND INTERMEDIATE COATS; ONLY CREATOR OF SNAPPY STYLES AND ONE WHO HAS BEEN WITH REPUTABLE HOUSES; CAPABLE OF TAKING FULL CHARGE; HIGHEST SALARY PAID TO RIGHT PARTY; BEST REFERENCES REQUIRED. K. B., 605 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DIAMOND SETTERS, jewelers, ring makers, and repair men wanted. Eisenstadt Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

DISCHARGED ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN.
Immediate traveling positions open for college or normal school men in educational work; WE PAY A SALARY TO START AND ALL RAILROAD FARE; an excellent opportunity for capable men who can develop into executives able to direct a sales force; we do business all over the United States. Communicate by letter or wire, with full information as to qualifications, Ensign F. H. Pulfer, 15th floor, Garland Building, Chicago, Ill.

DISTRICT MANAGER New Jersey and city; opportunity; commission; can secure interest. Mr. Carroll, Room 1408, 347 5th Av.

DRAFTSMAN WITH INITIATIVE AND SOME EXECUTIVE ABILITY IS OFFERED AN OPPORTUNITY WITH A FIRM OF INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERS, WITH THE PROSPECTS OF DEVELOPING INTO CHIEF DRAFTSMAN, IN CHARGE OF DRAFTING DEPARTMENT. X 266 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMAN.—An excellent opportunity for a first-class lay out man, do not apply unless you have had at least 5 years' drafting experience on automobile or motor cycle. Apply Militor Corp., Bergen and Kenney Av., Jersey City.

DRAFTSMAN on electric lighting fixtures, who thoroughly understands construction, to make detailed working drawings; mention salary and experience. L. M. K., 239 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, patent, wanted, for electrical concern; also specification writer; lawyers preferred; evening work. Tonners, 12 Oakwood Place, Elizabeth, New Jersey.

DRAFTSMEN, detailers and tracers, on machine work; permanent position; state experience and salary. P. O. Box 72, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DRAFTSMAN-DESIGNER.—One who has article in automobile line to manufacture; good compensation to right party. X 239 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN capable of designing and detailing high-grade automobile trucks. Apply, letter only, Harry G. Dolt, 1,480 B'way.

DRESS SALESMEN.
Well-advertised popular-priced dress house wants salesmen for New York City and office trade, with at least 5 years' experience; salary or commission; must state references. Box H. H., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

EDITOR, REPORTER, desirable situation now open for capable man; $35. Eagle, Madison, N. J.

ELECTRICIAN
for foreman's position in large industrial plant; will be in charge of new and miscellaneous electrical duties; advancement will be rapid; state age, experience in detail. E 390 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIAN wanted for wire and conduit work in Chile, South America, three-year contract, transportation and salary paid while traveling; submit full details of experience and salary expected. X 240 Times Annex.

ENGINEER.—Opening for chief engineer in one of the city's largest hotels; only exceptional men need apply; state experience for past ten years. E. M., 806 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER or MECHANIC wanted; young man with experience operating gas engines; steady place. Address D. H. Townly, 68 Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ENGINEER'S ASSISTANT, day duty; salary and meals; must have references. Memorial Hospital, 2 West 106th St.

ENTRY CLERK.—Experienced, in wholesale cotton establishment; quick and accurate at figures; state age and salary expected. L 29 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ESTIMATOR on plumbing and heating wanted; must have thorough knowledge of both; men with first-class references only need apply. O 22 Times.

EXECUTIVES.
Import and Export Banking and Commercial House with world-wide connections requires the services of several high-grade men capable of holding executive positions home and abroad; applicants must possess thorough knowledge of general import and export business; only those fully conversant with this business need apply; applicants must also be thoroughly familiar with both Spanish and English languages; must be competent to take charge of office; these positions offer excellent opportunities to the right men; reply in confidence, giving full particulars as to business career, state markets most familiar with, class of merchandise handled, &c.; also give age, nationality. S 405 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Young college man to assist purchasing agent with clerical detail. Address, stating experience and salary desired, Box G 652 Times Downtown.

EXPORT—IMPORT
firms wants general office man fully familiar with BOOKKEEPING, CORRESPONDENCE, and SHIPPING; actual experience ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY With Export-Import firm preferably handling Chemicals and Woodpulp; state salary expected, nationality, age, religion, and experience; replies treated strictly confidential. S 474 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MANAGER.—The Sidney, N. S. W., branch of an old-established New York commission house requires the services of an experienced manager, one who has had intensive foodstuff experience will be given preference; please indicate experience, age, salary, &c. B 267 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER wanted, experienced, to take charge of export business of large commission house; must be young man of considerable ability and in a position to furnish exceptional references; one with knowledge of French language preferred; unusual opportunity. G 540 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MANAGER.—A New York house requires a manager for its Western branch; only those who can develop new business and have had good traffic experience will be considered; state age, experience, and salary. B 266 Times.

EXPORT.—Services of competent executive are required; only reliable men who have worked for export firms need apply; give references; state salary. K 675 Times Downtown.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT.
Factory making auto specialties wants competent Superintendent, with experience in systematizing production and decreasing costs; state age, record, salary expected. A. S. G., 194 Times.

FIREMAN in apartment house; day work; steady job. Apply Superintendent, 71 East 87th St.

FLOOR COVERING SALESMEN.—MEYER BROS., MAIN ST., PATERSON, N. J., HAVE OPENINGS FOR SEVERAL EXPERIENCED CARPET AND BEDDING SALESMEN. APPLY SUPT.

FOOD PRODUCTS.
Industrious young man, with references, long experience in canned goods and dried fruit business, favorably known to trade, wanted to manage food department in connection with import and export house; reasonable salary and commission; only those answering above requirements considered; state full details. W 664 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN TRADE.—A large wholesale paper merchandising institution wants a man for research work in South America; one who speaks Spanish, knows something of the paper business, and can make a thorough trade survey in certain South American republics; he should know something of the principles of advertising and trade promotion; in replying, give references, state qualifications and compensation expected. X 248 Times Annex.

FOREIGN TRADE.
A fine opportunity for the right man; a large corporation, wholesale paper merchants, wants a New York manager; a man experienced in the paper business and with some knowledge of foreign trade; a man now engaged in foreign trade, with some experience in buying and acquaintance with Eastern manufacturers preferred. X 202 Times Annex.

FOREMAN or superintendent to take charge of plant manufacturing ladies' house dresses and bungalow aprons; splendid opening for one who is thoroughly experienced in this line; only those who had charge of factory manufacturing in this line need answer; replies treated in strict confidence. R. B., 134 Times.

FOREMAN, experienced on dies and presses.
METAL AND HARDWARE SPECIALTIES.
Excellent opportunity. Established firm. Write, experience, age, salary, A 772 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN, who thoroughly understands the manufacturing of novelty braids and trimmings and is prepared to leave New York; good opportunity with business prospects for the right man; state age and experience. A 81 Times.

FOREMAN.
Experienced in food packing plant; knowledge of shipping, as working foreman. R. M. S., 128 Times.

FRENCH TRANSLATOR WANTED.—HOME WORK. W 678 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FUR SALESMAN.—an exceptional opportunity for a good man to connect with a New York house carrying a high grade of furs, either as a main or side line, on a strictly commission basis, covering small and large towns throughout the United States, (excepting the South;) write immediately, stating full particulars; information held in strict confidence. L. Simpkins, 341 5th Av., New York.

FUR DESIGNER AND CUTTER, ABLE TO TAKE FULL CHARGE OF WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURING; PARTNERSHIP OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN. B 180 TIMES.

GARAGE MANAGER wanted; must be an expert with good references. Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y. C.

GENTLEMAN of excellent social standing and reputation wanted, who has large acquaintance among responsible business men, to introduce salesman representing high-class, responsible tailoring establishment, object being to increase our business with responsible men; good salary or commission to one who can serve in above capacity. O 338 Times.

GRADER AND CUTTER, dresses, coats, and suits; all year round position to right party; must be quick and accurate. American Fashion, 222 West 39th.

HELPERS, house departments; also errand boys over 15. K 637 Times Downtown.

HOUSEFURNISHING MAN.—MEYER BROS., MAIN ST., PATERSON, N. J., REQUIRE AN ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN WHO IS THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN CROCKERY AND HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS AS ASSISTANT TO OUR BUYER; PERMANENT POSITION. APPLY SUPT.

INVOICE CLERK by large export house; Underwood machine used; must be good at figures; state salary. G 575 Times Downtown.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

INSURANCE SALESMAN.
Gentleman with good connections and A1 references to represent THE TRAVELERS' INSURANCE CO. in Greater N. Y.; must be willing to devote his entire time and energy to the business; drawing account against commissions paid to right man. J. Bohun, General Agent, 512 5th Av., cor. 43d St.

INVESTIGATORS.
Conscientious, reliable men whose character and business record will bear the closest investigation, to look up and investigate references of employes; must be over 40 years of age, with pleasing personality that will inspire confidence in those with whom he comes in contact; expenses paid in addition to salary.
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO., 207 West 24th St.

JUNIOR CLERK, with experience, wanted in bank. Write, stating age, experience, and salary desired. K 53 Times.

LAWYER.—Law firm, with large litigated practice, requires services energetic, experienced lawyer; state education, experience, and salary expected. K 689 Times Downtown.

LAWYER.—A lucrative law practice in a prosperous New Jersey community has opening for high-class man; particulars furnished upon application. X 293 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MACHINE SHOP FOREMAN.
Practical man for general jobbing and repair work in large factory; must have executive ability and able to handle 50 to 75 machinists; state qualifications in first letter; correspondence held confidential. F. L. 806 Times Downtown.

MACHINE REPAIR MECHANIC.—By large manufacturing concern located in South Brooklyn; applicant must be high-grade man, familiar with B. & S., Cleveland, and Potter & Johnston automatic. Address letter, stating reference and salary expected, E. G., 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

MACHINISTS.
Several erecting machinists experienced in assembling soaker, filler and crowning machines; excellent opportunity; permanent employment; best of working conditions; must be willing to leave city. X 260 Times Annex.

MACHINISTS wanted for machine shop and general repair work. Apply at Crucible Steel Co. of America, foot of Claremont Av., Jersey City.

MACHINISTS, repair dies, machines, and do general bench work. Sprague Electric, 528 West 35th.

MAN WANTED.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 868 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN.—The New York office of a prominent Surety and Casualty Co. requires the services of a man, preferably one familiar with the business, as assistant to the Auditor; a man possessing executive ability, competent to handle help and the problems of a busy department. Applications, giving age, experience, and salary expected, may be addressed to K 731 Times Downtown.

MAN to manage large ballroom of 8,000 square feet, formerly Pabst's, Columbus Circle, in a manner similar to Wilson's or St. Nicholas Rink; experience in operating other dance halls necessary; no alcoholic drinks to be sold upon premises; applicant must give good references and state salary desired. L. O., Box 50 Times.

MAN.—Corporation requires capable man, 25-30, to assist department supervisor; must be intelligent, trustworthy, have executive ability, initiative and experience in general office work; excellent opportunity for advancement; state full particulars, salary desired. R 467 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted by publishing house to take charge of stock room and messenger service; work consists of keeping stock of cuts, photos, and general stationery, stamping mail, &c.; must be able to handle office boys; state age, salary expected, and where last employed. B 224 Times.

MAN, experienced, to take full control of metallic lifeboat plant; one who can handle help and lay out work; must have executive ability and full knowledge of business; good position to right man. A 749 Times Downtown.

MAN.—Periodical wants thoroughly experienced makeup man with artistic ideas and thorough training in publishing. Financial experience an advantage; no interviews unless salary, experience, and references stated fully. Z 298 Times Annex.

MAN, competent to take charge of alteration department in women's large specialty store; out of town; must be experienced and furnish best of references; splendid opportunity for right party. Answer, B 179 Times.

MAN, competent, reliable, 35 to 50, some office experience and business ability, to handle orders over telephone; good penman; $18 weekly; hours, 8 P. M. to 8 A. M. G. W., 200 Times.

MAN wanted with executive ability to take entire charge of office and all of the inside business of a woolen commission house; state experience and salary; applications treated confidentially. B 211 Times.

MAN, clerical experience, immediate and permanent position; $12 to start; advancement. Apply Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

MANAGER.—MAN OVER 40 TO MANAGE OFFICE, PURCHASE MILL SUPPLIES, AND DIRECT ACCOUNTING; MUST BE EXPERIENCED AND RELIABLE; SALARY $60 WEEKLY; ALL APPLICATIONS TREATED IN CONFIDENCE. L 796 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MARKER and patternmaker wanted on ladies' waists; must understand thoroughly how to make patterns and how to mark in closely; good position for right party; this is an out-of-town position. Z 381 Times Annex.

MASTER SALESMAN WANTED.
The largest concern of its kind in the country invites applications for the position of Sales Representative. Applicant must be 25 to 35 years of age, college graduate, thoroughly trained and experienced in national merchandising, capable of negotiating with big men on big projects; must have sales intuition and a general business potential; a man who has had training in some large financial institution in planning the financing of production and merchandising projects for a national market. High-class personality is pre-requisite. This should be considered as an opportunity, not a job. Reply in confidence to X 249 Times Annex.

MECHANIC—FIRST-CLASS.
We have an opening for a first-class mechanic, one who is familiar with brass finishing shop practice, thoroughly understanding pattern work for molding machine purposes and quantity production; a good, progressive young man preferred, one who is willing to start at a moderate salary and willing to grow up with a progressive manufacturing concern established for a number of years. Address, stating full qualifications, age and salary, Brass Works, Box B 5 B, 1619, St. James Building.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.
UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MAN OF VAST EXPERIENCE, WHO POSSESSES EXECUTIVE ABILITY, ONE WHO CAN MASTER LUBRICATION PROBLEMS ON POWER TRANSMISSION DEVICE; THE RIGHT MAN CAN SECURE AN EXCEPTIONAL CONNECTION. ADDRESS, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS REGARDING PAST EXPERIENCE, K 41 TIMES.

MECHANICS, Automobile.—The Chevrolet Motor Company, Hightstown, N. J., requires two men, one experienced mechanic, one helper, for general work, washing, greasing. Telephone Hightstown 74A, or write, stating age, references, and experience.

MECHANIC wanted; one accustomed to small electrical instruments; permanent position, good wages, and hours. A 775 Times Downtown.

MEN WANTED,
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Take advantage of the great after-the-war reconstruction period; learn Mechanical Dentistry; brilliant opportunity for ambitious men of all ages to rise above small-salaried positions into a profession of unlimited possibilities; individual instruction by actual work; no book study; 3 months' course. Our method, perfected through 26 years' experience, recognized as best; day and evening classes; easy payments. Tools and equipment furnished free. Write for Booklet C. BODEE Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44th St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

MEN wanted, of good address, to handle the sale of the Burton Holmes Travelogues; unique plan, eliminating canvassing; commission basis. Call 1216 Aeolian Hall.

MEN'S HAT SALESMAN
wanted, with established trade; none but experienced need apply; salary. A 712 Times Downtown.

MERCHANDISE MAN.
Man who has had broad training as merchandise man or buyer of a large retail establishment, to act in the capacity of merchandise manager; no statistician; only those thoroughly experienced in handling merchandise and supervising others will be considered. Apply by letter, stating in detail experience and lines of merchandise you are acquainted with, to Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and 3d Ave.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER to take charge of growing factory, employing about 100 men in the manufacture of small and accurate tools, made of steel and alloy metals; only a man with experience along these lines and executive ability need apply; state previous employment, salary received, and salary expected. Address Engineer, Box 334, New York City.

MIDDLE WEST and Western representatives, now representing other magazines, to represent three additional ones of contrasting editorial character and appeal, on a commission basis; state references and detail experience. B 205 Times Annex.

MILLS & GIBBS CORP., 286 4TH AV., Department G, have several vacancies in the wholesale notion business.
YOUNG MEN
to do stock work, fill orders, and become inside salesmen.
BOYS
to run errands and work at stock; all steady positions, with good prospects for the future. Apply by letter only.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMEN.
We need two more first-class men, one for Manhattan and one for Brooklyn. What we require are men who can sell a high-grade line of trucks to good concerns. This is an opportunity for two men to make a permanent connection with an established concern operating a real service station of its own. Commission and drawing account. Your application will be held in strict confidence if you desire, but must give us full details as to your past record, present employment, amount of drawing account desired, &c. By mail only please.
BROCKWAY MOTOR TRUCK COMPANY, 544 and 546 West 38th St.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.—Might employ one with little experience; prefer one capable of typewriting or doing other work also; good chance; state age, experience, if any, and salary wanted. O 362 Times.

NECKWEAR.
Young man to take charge of silk and cutting department in large men's neckwear house; state experience and salary expected. B 244 Times.

OFFICE BOYS
TO DO ERRANDS AND MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL; ONLY THOSE NEED APPLY WHO APPRECIATE A THOROUGH BUSINESS TRAINING WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS FOR A GOOD FUTURE AND WILLING TO START AT THE BOTTOM; APPLICATION IN OWN HANDWRITING WITH REFERENCES; SALARY $8 PER WEEK. BOX A. F., 104 EAST 14TH.

OFFICE BOY.
Export firm wants WELL RECOMMENDED, NEAT, BRIGHT American boy. Apply Room 1306, 141 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY.
Exceptionally good opportunity for bright boy who is anxious for advancement; general office work at first; write fully. 244 Times, 2 Rector St.

OFFICE MANAGER to take charge of books for large suburban commercial school; should know all filing systems and use of principal office appliances; state clearly who you are and what you are worth. X 236 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY wanted, with good knowledge of typewriter and willing to learn export business; $8 per week; good opportunity for advancement. Call at once, Room 602, 25 Beaver St.

OFFICE BOY.—Permanent position for reliable boy; previous experience not necessary, but good character references essential; reply, stating schooling, references, and salary. S 483 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, over 25 years, as ledger clerk and for general office work; must be well recommended; wages, $75 monthly and meals. B 248 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man experienced in stenography; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. Importer, Station G, Brooklyn.

OFFICE BOY wanted, American parentage, 15-16 years of age, for downtown office. Apply Monday, 10 A. M., 165 Broadway, Room 2605.

OFFICE BOY, without experience, willing to make himself generally useful; state age, religion, experience if any, salary expected, references. R 439 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS, 14 to 16, in large downtown office; salary $8. Write H 774 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, wanted by export and import house; state age, education, experience and salary. S 471 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY in cotton goods broker's office; good chance for advancement. K 656 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, neat appearance, wanted immediately; good opportunity. 152 Water St., N. Y. C.

OFFICE BOY, bright, energetic, familiar with city; opportunity; wholesale drug house. G 598 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, 16-17; bright; big Christian firm; must furnish best of references; opportunities. A 745 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY for valve mfg. company; splendid opportunity for bright boy; write fully. R 466 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted by large hardware manufacturers. A 769 Times Downtown.

ONE OF THE FOREMOST AUTOMOBILE MANUFACTURERS WOULD LIKE TO RECEIVE APPLICATIONS FROM AMBITIOUS AND INDUSTRIOUS MEN RANGING IN AGE FROM 28 TO 35, FOR THE PURPOSE OF TRAINING THEM FOR POSITIONS AS PARTS AND SERVICE MANAGERS; ONLY MEN WHO CAN SHOW CLEAN RECORDS AND WHO ARE ABLE TO DO BIG THINGS WILL BE CONSIDERED; APPLICATIONS WILL BE HELD STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Z 584 TIMES ANNEX.

ORGANIST for morning service; experienced as choir conductor; salary, $500. Address "Choir," Box 10, 1,335 3d Av.

ORDER AND RECORD CLERK wanted by engineering sales corporation; one with mechanical tastes preferred; state age, education, experience, and required salary. G 621 Times Downtown.

OVERALL FACTORY in a nearby city wants a man who thoroughly understands how to make one-piece overalls for men and children; splendid opportunity for the right man. Overall, X 262 Times Annex.

PACKER experienced in packing glassware, drugs, or chemicals. Call with references, Powers-Weightman, Rosengarten Co., 145 Front St.

PACKER, experienced on express shipments. Charles & Co., 48 East 43d.

PAINT SALESMAN.
Well-known old aggressive paint company is enlarging its New York sales organization; exceptional opportunity for high-class man who controls large accounts and who has established connections in New York and vicinity; right man will be made assistant manager here and given good salary; full details wanted as to exact type and approximate amount of business you control and are familiar with; communications held in strict confidence. A 741 Times Downtown.

PAINT SPECIALTY SALESMAN.
Large manufacturer, oil and paint specialties, has opening for live, experienced salesman, established North Jersey territory. Salary and commission basis. Consideration given only those fully stating particulars, past selling experience and references. R 7 Times.

PAJAMA AND NIGHTSHIRTS MANUFACTURER.
We are one of the largest and foremost manufacturers of Silk and Cotton Shirts in America.
We are adding Pajamas and Nightshirts to our line, for which we have special and up-to-date facilities. We desire the services of a man to take care of the production of this branch of our business.
He must be a thorough manufacturer of Pajamas and Nightshirts; this thoroughness he must have gained through years of association, in similar capacity, with one or more manufacturers, specializing in Pajamas and Nightshirts.
He must be progressive and have the natural makeup to keep pace with conditions.
To the man that can qualify, this offers a real opportunity, for the opening carries not alone a good salary at the inception, but possibilities of the future, measured by his proved capabilities.
If you feel you meet our requirements, apply stating age, experience, present and past connections; in fact, all details that may be of interest to us. All applications treated confidentially.
BOX 10, 1619 ST. JAMES BLDG., N. Y. C.

PAPER RULER wanted, one accustomed to job and loose leaf ruling. Adkins Printing Company, 66 Church St., New Britain, Conn.

PATTERN MAKERS.
First-class men wanted.
AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO.,
5,520 2d Av., Brooklyn.

PHARMACEUTICAL TABLET MAKER WANTED; MAN THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT. APPLY IN PERSON OR BY MAIL TO THE WM. S. MERRELL CHEMICAL COMPANY, 25 CHURCH STREET.

PHYSICIAN for steady position in an advertising medical office; must be registered in Ohio; state references and all detail. P. S., 176 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

PHYSICIAN wanted for electro-medical office; specialists in all branches, including X-ray and laboratory specialist; highest pay; state all in first letter. S 39 Times.

PORTERS.
SOBER MEN, GOOD WORKERS, FOR DAY AND NIGHT SHIFTS; WHITE ONLY. APPLY ALL WEEK.
BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT DEPT., 7 WEST 25TH ST.; 8:30-9:30 A. M.

PORTER, WHITE, IN OFFICE OF LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; STATE REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 679 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PORTER, assistant, and shipping clerk; state experience and salary expected. Box Porter, 1619 St. James Bldg.

PRINTING SALESMAN.—Reasonable drawing account and commission to practical man. Apply 378 4th Av., Room 1201.

PURCHASING AGENT
for firm doing jobbing and light manufacturing on auto parts and specialties; general experience rather than knowledge this special line essential; state age, past record, salary desired. S. S. D., 144 Times.

QUOTATION CLERK with experience in making estimates for chemical apparatus and chemicals for laboratories supply house; application will be considered confidential. A 764 Times Downtown.

Rare opportunity for accountants of unusually high calibre; before applying be convinced that your experience is adequate, valuable; that you are progressive and efficient in your methods; that you have personality supported by a college education or its equivalent; salaries commensurate with ability; later prospects exceptional. Leslie, Banks & Company, Chartered Accountants, 128 Broadway.

RAW PRODUCTS SALESMAN.—Commission; Oriental, African products, waxes, vegetable hair, packing house by-products. Vico Supply, 115 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN, WESTCHESTER, SUBURBAN.
We do not pay drawing accounts until we know your worth; commission only; we have leads that are dying for lack of attention; misrepresentation, exaggeration, and intoxication have no place in our business; young men of slight experience will be considered for training, but experienced men preferred. G. F., 77 Times.

REAL SALESMEN, ATTENTION!
Genuine, genteel, well-appearing men that have produced results; securing members for the Automobile Club of New York; a new organization; every automobile owner a prospect; live men are making $[illegible] and upward in weekly commission. Clubrooms, Hotel Ansonia, 148, ground floor, all day Sunday. See Mr. Quimby.

RENTING MAN WITH EXPERIENCE IN SECTION 14TH TO 34TH STS.; WILL MAKE LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH RIGHT MAN. HEIL & STERN, 1165-7 BROADWAY.

SAMPLE CLERK, by export concern; must have experience making up samples for export to South America; state references, experience, and salary expected. K 758 Times Downtown.

SAMPLE CLERK.—Young man, experienced in cotton goods; state salary and references. B. X., 247 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
We want three men, over 25 years of age, who are salesmen and know it;
Who are gentlemen and can prove it;
Who are frankly looking for opportunity to make good in a big way with a house which will help them do it.
Our firm is expanding.
Its business is of world importance.
The men we seek must be clean as to record and habits, strong as to character and determination.
We will train them for executive position in a financial organization which has grown great because it recognizes ability and rewards conscientious effort with prompt promotion. Compensation commission basis.
Experience in our line is unnecessary.
Tell us who and what you are, and give telephone number, so that interview may be arranged.
B 796 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
If you are a PRODUCER a connection with our sales organization at this time offers an opportunity that is limited only by your own ability.
If you are seeking the rare combination of a LEGITIMATE, yet HIGHLY PROFITABLE enterprise, the following will interest you:
We are one of the largest producing, refining, marketing companies in the mid-continental field.
Own our 73-acre refinery, own pipe line, 82 all-steel tank cars, large jobbing warehouse, over 20 distributing stations, and 41,000 acres cream Kentucky oil lands.
HIGH RATING MERCANTILE AGENCIES.
UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE COMMISSIONS.
No advances.
Call after 10 A. M., Suite 407, 220 Fifth Av., New York City.

SALES MANAGER, DISTRICT
Nationally known specialty manufacturing concern which has already developed its product to a point where the largest industrial concerns in the world have adopted and indorsed it, has opening for two district sales managers.
The men we want must have broad selling experience in the specialty field, particularly in closing territorial contracts, and have had stock selling experience. Only men with records as producers who have actually closed, within the last three years in the regular routine of daily selling, territorial agency contracts, on the initial quantity purchase basis, and who are in the $10,000 per year class and over, will be considered; drawing account and commission basis.
Address, stating definitely what you have done in the last five years in your first letter, General Sales Manager, A 727 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN WANTED
TO SELL MEMBERSHIPS AT $29 IN AN ASSOCIATION ALREADY NUMBERING OVER 15,000 MEMBERS.
SPLENDID LEADS.
25% COMMISSION.
HEARTY CO-OPERATION AND CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT TO MEN WHO ARE IN EARNEST AND CAN FURNISH HIGHEST REFERENCES.
APPLY 9TH FLOOR, 443 4TH AVENUE.

SALESMAN.—A MAN OVER 28, WHO CAN SELL ONE THING WELL; MUST TRAVEL EXTENSIVELY AND INTENSIVELY IN BOTH COUNTRY VILLAGES AND LARGE CITIES; STAPLE, WELL-KNOWN LINE; IF YOU ARE NOT MAKING $5,000 A YEAR NET THIS WILL INTEREST YOU; COMMISSION AND WEEKLY DRAWING ACCOUNT; TEXTILE LINE. MANUFACTURER, B 242 TIMES.

SALESMEN Wanted.—One to cover the entire South and one to cover the New England States, by large ladies' and misses' coat house, carrying stock for immediate delivery; do not apply unless you have sold goods in the above territories and can show past record of large sales; we want big men; commission basis. Morris Nagel & Co., Inc., 103 Madison Av., New York.

SALESMAN.
EXCLUSIVE REPRESENTATIVE.
We want a salesman of the biggest calibre to sell our high-grade line of children's sandals and jersey leggings, ladies' overgaiters, and men's canvas and leather leggings in Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana; we will give such a man thoroughly satisfactory co-operation and treatment in addition to a liberal commission; if you know this territory and have a brilliant selling record in this line, we would like to hear from you. Goodyear Leather Mfg. Co., Inc., 65 West Houston St., New York.

SALESMEN.—Glove manufacturer wants capable salesmen; strict commission basis; Eastern, Middle, Western, and Southern territories; samples may be carried as side line. A 758 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for small trade in New York and vicinity, for general dry goods jobbing house; salary and commission. Address, stating experience, &c., A 757 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for Middle West, to handle popular priced line of skirts, good opportunity for one who can produce business, drawing account against commission. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN.
B. ALTMAN & CO.
MADISON AV.-FIFTH AV.,
34TH AND 35TH STS.,
NEW YORK,
HAVE VACANCIES FOR THOROUGHLY COMPETENT SALESMEN IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
COTTON DRESS GOODS.
MEN'S FURNISHINGS.
MEN'S CLOTHING.
SHOES.
MUST BE ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST PATRONAGE. APPLY AT 35TH ST., EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE.

SALESMEN—AMBITIOUS SALESMEN ABSORB THIS.
A year ago I resigned as sales manager of the largest automobile distributer in the country; mine was a responsible and lucrative position, but I wanted to increase my earning capacity; I had reached the top of the ladder; looked over the business field with a fine comb and rejected innumerable propositions; at last I hit on the greatest business in the world, LIFE INSURANCE, which had been presented to me many times before, but never until I tried the business did I realize the following: A delightful business, calling on the highest type of business and professional men, offering them a commodity of the most unquestionable character; every day doing some good for my fellow-men and at the same time building and enjoying an income far beyond my fondest hopes. Your compensation, based upon commission, will be limited only by your own intelligent application. You ambitious salesmen, come in and let's have a talk and let me thoroughly prove my statements to you. If you are in the 30s or 40s, have demonstrated your ability in your present position; if you are making $35 or upward, and you are eager to double, yes, treble your present income, will you hold yourself open and permit me to prove that I have the very opportunity you have been waiting for? Call and see my sales manager, Mr. Taylor, between 1 and 2 and 4:30 and 5:30 o'clock, 902, 516 5th Av.

SALESMEN
and
SALES MANAGER.
A responsible underwriting investment house, which furnishes capital to established business concerns and protects its clients against the purchase of worthless and highly speculative stocks, wants a young man between 25 and 40 years old to manage a branch office.
We teach our salesmen how to sell our goods our way and after a few weeks' selling experience will make appointments to managerships that are worth on a minimum basis $10,000 commission annually. To the man who is not afraid to approach business men and not too wise to learn, we can offer an unusual opportunity. Address Wall Street Post Office Box 27.

SALESMEN.
If salesmanship attracts you, if you have a good education and a clean record, if your personality is agreeable and forceful, you will find an unusual sales opportunity, on a commission basis, with a corporation engaged in educational work of exceptionally high character; previous selling experience is desirable but not essential; college graduates with several years' experience preferred; the organization is new and rapidly growing and now offers a ground-floor opportunity to men of selling and executive ability; several district managerships will be open within a year; state whether you are willing to work outside of New York; your reply will be held in strict confidence. A 137 Times.

SALESMEN
A LONG ESTABLISHED FIRM, WHO ARE LEADERS IN THEIR LINE, WANT AGGRESSIVE, ENERGETIC YOUNG MEN WITH A PUNCH FOR THEIR SELLING FORCE.
THE WORK CALLS FOR TRAVELING AND VISITING DRY GOODS TRADE ONLY; IN TERRITORY EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI; MUST BE CAPABLE OF PLACING AGENCIES AND CLOSING CONTRACTS; STRAIGHT SALARY AND EXPENSES; STERLING REFERENCE REQUIRED. WRITE STATING AGE, SALARY AND PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE. B 258 TIMES.

SALESMEN:
$3.50 a day and commission; steady work and good chance for advancement with old established Pittsburgh toilet goods house; men discharged recently from the U. S. service given preference.
Ask for
MR. CONDON,
214 Livingston St.,
Room 8,
Opposite Abraham & Straus,
at Hoyt St. Subway Station,
Brooklyn.

SALESMEN.
Opportunity is afforded unusually strong salesmen to join metropolitan district sales force of a rapidly growing tire company. We operate a chain of branch stores and are aggressively developing our business through the sale of stock and tires direct to large commercial and individual users. Exceptional opportunity for promotion. Thousands of prominent customers are profiting through the plan. Ours is a high-quality tire, long mileage guarantee; sells for less than ordinary tires on our plan.
Salesmen use introductory letters; your earnings are only limited by your ability and industry. Big commission paid on initial and repeat sales. Many of our salesmen earn upward of $150 weekly. B 348 Times.

SALESMAN.
Can you sell advertising? Can you approach executives of large concerns and sell them what they think they do not want? Are you satisfied that a commission basis is the most equitable method of remuneration? Is a net income of $7,500 to $12,000 of interest to you? We require a high-class salesman to place contracts for an advertising service, and we pay a liberal commission for contracts secured. It demands an unusually able salesman to succeed in our business. Considerable traveling is necessary, but the right man can earn a large income. State what you have done and your age. Address O 383 Times.

SALESMAN TRAINED IN SELLING SPECIALTIES AND THOROUGH ROAD EXPERIENCE; WE DO NOT WANT A MAN TO DO ACTUAL SELLING, AS WE PREFER ONE SO COMPLETELY SCHOOLED IN SALES KNOWLEDGE, TO BE ABLE TO WEIGH OPPORTUNITY FOR SALESMEN TO FOLLOW—IT MEANS VISITING TRADE ALL OVER THE COUNTRY—USING YOUR HEAD, AND SENSING EVERY POSSIBILITY FOR SALES IMPROVEMENT; WE WANT A YOUNG MAN WHOSE RECORD WILL STAND CLOSEST INVESTIGATION; STATE SALARY AND QUALIFICATIONS. CONFIDENTIAL, B 247 TIMES.

SALESMAN, experienced on fancy linens, for the West; salary and commission. A 752 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, canvassing, for highest grade piano line, Norfolk, Va.; fare paid; salary and commission. Permanent, 192 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced on cotton, silk, and mercerized yarn; salary and commission. C. S. 819 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Best writing ink 50 per cent. cheaper; liberal drawing account. "Manufacturers," A 110 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man wanted to sell lamps; $15 and commission. Miller, 78 Bible House.

SALESMAN to carry side line of high-grade leather goods for South and Middle West; commission basis. B 239 Times.

SALESMAN TO HANDLE KNIT GOODS IN THE SOUTH ON COMMISSION BASIS AS SIDE LINE. B 217 TIMES.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN.—Alert, hustling salesman, with book or insurance experience preferred, for educational proposition, downtown section; dignified and profitable work; commission. 165 Madison Av., 15th floor. Call Monday, 9 to 11. Mr. Norris.

SALESMAN, TRAVELING.
MUST BE EXPERIENCED MAN, WITH SUCCESSFUL, CLEAN RECORD, COVER ESTABLISHED TERRITORY, SELLING MANUFACTURER'S LINE DIRECT TO RETAIL MERCHANTS IN LARGE AND SMALL TOWNS; COMMISSION BASIS, DRAWING ACCOUNT; GIVE DETAILS OF YOUR EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS, TERRITORY COVERED, MERCHANDISE SOLD, NET EARNINGS. B 223 TIMES.

SALESMAN
TO SELL A REPRESENTATIVE LINE OF COTTON GOODS TO THE WAIST AND DRESS CUTTING UP TRADE IN NEW YORK CITY AND VICINITY ON COMMISSION BASIS; ONLY MEN THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH THIS TRADE NEED APPLY. APPLICATION SHOULD CONTAIN FULL PARTICULARS AS TO PAST EXPERIENCE, &C., AND WILL BE TREATED CONFIDENTIALLY. ADDRESS R. E., 804 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.
A PROMINENT FIRM REQUIRES SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN FOR THE CUTTING UP TRADE IN NEW YORK CITY AND VICINITY FOR SILK AND NOVELTY DRESS GOODS ON COMMISSION BASIS. GIVE FULLY PAST EXPERIENCE AND OTHER QUALIFICATIONS, COMMUNICATIONS TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. ADDRESS R. K., 807 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—Several energetic, resourceful men to call on the mineral water trade; only those who have a following among bottlers and who understand and can sell machinery and the more important supplies will be considered; commission basis. In reply state territory covered, past and present connections, commodities sold, &c. Address Confidential, Box 51 Uptown, Hoboken, N. J.

SALESMEN.—Several live wire household specialty men to sell on a strictly commission basis a new article that is finding a very ready sale among wholesale hardware, drug, grocers, and allied lines. This is a live proposition with tremendous possibilities for strictly high-grade producers. Only those with past records that will bear the strictest investigation can be considered. Address Seal-Again Products Co., Hoboken, N. J.

SALESMEN WANTED.
We have openings for four top notch specialty salesmen. No more, no less. Will select this number from Monday's applicants. If you can devote two days to learning our business at your own expense and you feel that your head would not be turned by unusual prosperity, we would be glad to interview you. It is a strictly commission proposition, but the rate is sufficiently high to interest men of large earning calibre. Safe-Guard Check Writer Co., Inc., 5 Beekman St.

SALESMEN, of ready-to-wear, who are well acquainted with out-of-town buyers now visiting New York, can earn a liberal commission on orders we obtain if you introduce them to us in our large showroom here, provided it will not interfere with your present arrangements. We are manufacturers of shetland, wool, and fibre silk fashion sweaters and undersell the market. Call and talk it over. Navy Knitting Mills, 236 Fifth Av., New York.

SALESMAN WANTED.
ARE YOU GOING TO LATIN AMERICA?
A high grade salesman to Latin America may add $100 or more commission a week to his regular income by interesting bookstores in important cities in line of well-known books of largest publisher of business literature in the world; good way to make hours between boats pay good returns. Write fully about territory you will cover to Mr. Rockwell, A. W. Shaw Company, 5 No. Wabash Av., Chicago.

SALESMAN.
Manufacturers and refiners of well-known brand automobile oils, greases, and soaps open for high-class livewire man for N. Y. City; must be thoroughly conversant with trade and capable of landing distributers, dealers, and jobbers; state salary; only those who have made a success in selling considered; unusual opportunity; open now; explain why you want to change, giving age, and qualifications. B 263 Times.

SALES MANAGER.
MANUFACTURING FIRM, DOING A NATIONAL BUSINESS IN AUTO SPECIALTIES, SEEKS COMPETENT MAN TO TAKE CARE OF SALES DEPARTMENT; MUST BE THOROUGH ORGANIZER, WITH SUCCESSFUL RECORD; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. E. R. S., 163 TIMES.

SALESMEN.
SERVICE SELLING SALESMEN.
All commercial houses now have many freight rate troubles; our proposition is the only solution; intelligent solicitors are earning on commission $50-$100 per week; no competition; established 27 years. E. N. Getzler, 36 Warren St.

SALESMAN-MANAGER.—LARGE MANUFACTURER BRANCHING INTO OTHER LINES REQUIRES SALESMAN-MANAGER FOR FIBRE CONTAINER USED TO PACK CHEMICALS, DRUGS, FOODS, &c.; AN OPENING FOR MAN WITH FOLLOWING AND BIG ENOUGH TO DIRECT SALES; SALARY; APPLICATIONS IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. L 795 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—Part or full time; opportunity to make $1,500 to $2,500 yearly selling our new "Triple" Indemnity Policy; nothing like it ever issued; pays $120 monthly for every accident and sickness, $240 monthly benefit, $360 monthly for travel accident; cost only $24 yearly; one-half benefits, $12; great demand for same and easy seller; big commission. Call or write for particulars, Fred J. Schaefer & Co., Managers, 1,123 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMEN.
Manufacturer of slip covers, tire covers and other fabric auto accessories for jobbing and dealer trade, desires to give the line out as a side line to men now covering various parts of the country; those who have a personal acquaintance with the buyers will find this an easy and good line to handle and can make big income; state full details as to territory covered, how long, &c., also references; straight commission. B 186 Times.

SALESMAN.—If you are a live wire, if you have ability and convincing personality to sell the best proposition you ever looked into, absolutely high grade and legitimate, we can offer you a permanent position (with managership ahead) placing stock of the World's Greatest Hotel; commission and bonus; this is good for from $100 to $300 a week. Write E. L. Barnett, Inc., Suite 802, 18 East 41st St., New York.

SALESMAN, very high class, accustomed to making $5,000 and upward; investigate the earning power and modern practical methods of the book selling business; we teach you by actual demonstration, paying your expenses while learning and furnish you the opportunity of making from $100 to $300 per week; salary and commission. Parke Austin & Lipscomb, 50 Church St.

SALESMAN.—We manufacture artistic memorial honor tablets, for which there is a ready sale to corporations, institutions, towns, and cities; only a high-class man of proven selling ability, capable of interviewing big men, need apply; state age and experience fully; commission basis, with liberal advances, as soon as sales are made. B 268 Times.

SALESMAN.—Long established, growing wholesale dry goods and notion house has Southern territory for a live-wire salesman to call on the general and variety and smaller department stores; must be a hustler and accustomed to road life; drawing account as against commission; state age, experience, and territory you have covered. Address Hustler, 250 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Embroidery manufacturer, doing Swiss and Singer machine embroidery, scalloping, hand embroidery for the cutting-up trade, such as juvenile boys' clothing, girls' and children's dresses, waists and underwear, &c., is open to engage a party who can bring in business. Address, with full particulars, salary or commission, Reliable, Box K. F., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to sell lubricating oil to the marine trade in and around New York City; must be experienced; possibly we could use a marine engineer who feels he has ability to sell lubricating oils; acquaintance with buyers in the trade absolutely necessary; give full particulars in first letter, otherwise no attention paid; salary and expenses. X 241 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced in paints, varnishes &c., and with established trade in New York City, Brooklyn and vicinity, among steamship and railroad companies, large corporations, architects, leading painters and decorators, &c., &c. Apply, by letter only, stating age, experience in full, salary expected, &c., to Baer Brothers, 438-448 West [illegible]th St., New York.

SALESMEN.—FIRST-CLASS SWEATER AND KNIT GOODS SALESMEN FOR OLD ESTABLISHED MIDDLE WESTERN TERRITORY; COMMISSION BASIS; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. B 173 TIMES.

SALESMAN WANTED FOR HIGH-CLASS TAILORING HOUSE; SALARY, COMMISSION AS TO CLIENTELE. COMMUNICATIONS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. R 29 TIMES.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN—THE GROLIER SOCIETY HAS A VACANCY IN THE SALES DEPARTMENT FOR A BRIGHT SALESMAN TO INTRODUCE OUR LATEST WORLD HISTORY, INCLUDING THE PRESENT WAR, TO OUR BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE SUBSCRIBERS. DRAWING ACCOUNT AND COMMISSION. DO NOT CALL BEFORE 10. ASK FOR MR. OBELITZ.

SALESMEN.—SIDE LINE, TO HANDLE NEWEST WATERPROOF LEGGINS, PATENTED PROCESS, FORM FITTING, ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED. SELLS TO EVERY SHOE DEALER AND GENERAL STORE. LIBERAL COMMISSION. STATE REFERENCES AND PRESENT CONNECTION. ADDRESS CRAVATEX, INC., 212 FIFTH AV., NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMAN for large knitting mills for New England territory to handle sweaters and bathing suits; house has large following; experienced man only need apply; salary and commission. S 59 Times.

SALESMEN AND SALESWOMEN.
Here's a real opportunity for a side line proposition. We want men and women calling on grocery, hardware, and department stores to sell our Koldpack Fruit Jar Holders as a side line for this coming season; big possibilities and liberal commissions.
J. D. RANCK,
Room 10, 1,409 Avenue J, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—A live salesman, understanding meats and provisions and accustomed to selling high class hotel and restaurant trade; this is an unusual opportunity for one fully qualified: a liberal salary will be paid to the right man. Address, giving experience, A 129 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, instalment furniture, at once; one capable of taking T. O.'s; an opportunity for an energetic, competent man with ambition and ability to take charge of one of our branch stores; give full particulars, references, and salary expected. Apply Metropolitan Furniture Co., Inc., Waterbury, Conn.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, live owner Ford car, truck, or tractor each county demonstrate and sell exclusively Liberty starting primer; $50 weekly in commissions; starts motor instantly by combustion zero weather first crank, hand or self-starter; price $8; references. Liberty Primer Co., Woodward Av., Detroit.

SALESMAN.—First-class man to take full charge of our New York office and to represent our line of high-grade ladies' sweaters for out-of-town and Greater New York buyers; applications considered only from those with ample experience in this line and good following; commission; state full details in first letter. X 295 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, compact side line, baby rubber diapers and women's sanitary specialties; department store trade; salesmen must have allied lines; all territory except New England, Illinois, and Far West; commission. Crown Rubber Co., 13 Bleecker St., Brooklyn.

SALESMEN, who are calling on auto accessories and garage trade in Manhattan and Westchester, to sell goods on very liberal commission; will assign territory; well worth investigating by successful salesmen, with good business established. Call Monday morning, Ford's Auto Polish Co., Flatiron building.

SALESMAN
of experience, with city office that sells the jobbing trade, and makes Southern and Western trips, to sell children's play garments on commission; one who has children's lines that would not conflict preferred. X 233 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Nationally known paint and varnish manufacturer wants live-wire salesman to sell marine trade in East; large acquaintance with trade necessary; only real producers need apply; in one letter state qualifications, age, previous experience, references, salary expected. X 218 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Large oil and grease concern requires the services of high-grade salesmen with following among the garage and commercial trucking concerns; good salary to right parties; only men with experience need apply; state salary expected and references for interview. S 60 Times.

SALESMEN.—Two efficient men to introduce our business service to executives; selling plan and names of principals assure success; every business man a prospect; liberal commission. Call Monday, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., Business Digest, 241 West 37th St., 10th floor.

SALESMEN.—Co-operation and assistance given men without selling experience; liberal commission; our men are making $10 to $15 daily among business people on The New York Times Midweek Pictorial. Call before 10, after 3, 220 West 42d St., Room 1808, Mr. Hulse.

SALESMAN, for manufacturer of popular priced georgettes; must know city cutting up trade thoroughly; strictly commission basis, no drawing account; only answers with full particulars will receive attention. B 256 Times.

SALESMAN.—Energetic salesman to sell income tax services to lawyers, accountants, banks, and business houses; to right man an earning capacity of $5,000 is offered; an opportunity to become sales manager. Prentice-Hall, Inc., 70 5th Av.

SALESMAN; must be competent to sell an exceptionally fine line of sweater coats to the retail trade, covering Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Western States; must be well known among the trade; pay 7 per cent. commission. Apply by letter, Charles Metz, 11 North 6th St., Philadelphia, Penn.

SALESMAN.—LARGE 5TH AV. CHIFFON-NETTING HOUSE HAS OPENING FOR ENERGETIC, AMBITIOUS SALESMAN FOR CUTTING UP TRADE; COMMISSION BASIS; SPECIFY AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES. WRITE Z. L., 104 EAST 14TH.

SALESMEN wanted immediately; experience unnecessary; calling on doctors, dentists, druggists, autoists, barbers, &c.; new $3 article every body must have; samples carry in pocket; we deliver; sales enormous; commission; call all week. Smith, 688 Lenox Av., near 140th St., Room 14.

SALESMEN wanted to handle a splendid line, with unlimited possibilities, for electric, hardware, drug and similar retail stores; commissions $8 to $12 per day; wanted, city and out town representations. Starlite Mfg. Co., 2 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN, capable earning $5,000 or over yearly; patented device, selling hot peanuts; every retailer needs one; easy payments; rare opportunity for forceful, intelligent talker, good closer; commission. Originator, 202 Broadway.

SALESMEN—To sell druggists, hardware dealers and barber shops a shaving necessity. One for Brooklyn, one for New York and one for nearby Jersey territory. Article backed by extensive national advertising. Commission basis. G 351 Times.

SALESMAN. — First-class salesman, calling on the art and decorative trade, New York City and metropolitan district, wanted, on commission basis, exclusive line of mirrors, lamps, and shades; big opportunity for bright, experienced man. B 204 Times.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED
in the selling of sanitary specialties; a good opportunity for the right man; drawing account against commissions. H 257 Times.

SALESMEN.
High Speed Twist Drills.
Metropolitan district; must be experienced in line; references required; splendid opportunity; commission and drawing account. X 220 Times Annex.

SALESMAN-PHARMACIST.—A live wire as assistant proposition, high-class, permanent position; acquaintance with Metropolitan drug trade preferred; must come highly recommended; salary and commission. Address, Pharmacist, K 673 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN
to handle a strong line of ladies' silk underwear for New York State, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington; must be experienced and have an established trade; commission proposition. Kovar, 5 East 16th.

SALESMEN.—Three discharged soldiers, sailors or marines fitted to sell popular One Dollar war book, in office buildings; $5 day straight salary. Apply before 10 o'clock Monday, 119 West 40th St., Room 1204.

SALESMAN.—Well known progressive firm manufacturing typewriter supplies, desires services of salesman for metropolitan district; we offer excellent inducement to producer; drawing account against commission. Ohashi & Co., 54 Leonard St.

SALESMAN to sell automobile parts to automobile and accessory trade, dealers and jobbers; accessory experience desirable, but not essential; exclusive territory; liberal commission; state age, experience in detail. B 251 Times.

SALESMEN.
Well-known medicine manufacturer has several territories open for capable salesmen to handle line for physicians and druggists as side line; liberal commissions; exclusive territory. T. K., 566 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN,
with large retail following, to handle good line of middy blouses and dresses through Western, New England and Pennsylvania States, on commission basis. X 251 Times Annex.

SALESMEN. — A MANUFACTURER OF GLOVES REQUIRES SEVERAL MEN OF ABILITY; SEVERAL TERRITORIES OPEN, INCLUDING CITY; COMMISSION. B 207 TIMES.

SALESMAN.
WELL-KNOWN PHARMACEUTICAL HOUSE REQUIRES SALESMAN FAMILIAR WITH RETAIL DRUGGISTS FOR BROOKLYN; LIBERAL SALARY. G 578 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN,
experienced, for line of petticoats, kimonas, night gowns, &c., for city and vicinity; commission and salary; state experience and references. C. B., 802 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, five high-class salesmen of ability to represent a well-known house manufacturing high-grade office specialty; strictly commission basis. Call after 10 A. M., O. E. Weig, 509 Tribune Bldg.

SALESMAN.—Experienced corset salesman for New England to handle first-class unbranded line; salary and commission. Address, giving full particulars, strictly confidential, K. D., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Young men, with experience selling bindings, braids, notions, &c.; only those who have successfully sold cutting-up trade need apply; commission basis only. K. C., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Live man to sell strong line of men's neckwear outside of New York on commission; splendid paying side line proposition for hustler selling similar lines. X 264 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Strong line of kimonos, house dresses, aprons, &c., as a side line, on commission basis; one who makes his office in Chicago for the Middle West preferred. A 728 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—YOUNG MAN WITH KNOWLEDGE OF WHOLESALE CARDBOARD AND PAPER; CHRISTIAN CONCERN; SALARIED POSITION. S 476 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN DEPARTMENT STORE
and retail. Middle West territory, for popular line combs and hair ornaments; side line on commission basis. B 249 Times.

SALESMAN.—New York City, for large paper jobbing house handling all grades; excellent opportunity; salary; state age, experience, and references. A 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN,
experienced, for line of children's shoes; unrestricted territory; commission basis only; state experience and references. E. L., 803 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to carry line of popular-priced ladies' wash skirts; can be handled as a side line; commission basis; State territory you cover and what lines carried. K. R., 804 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.
Unusual opportunity for specialty salesman; grocery trade; metropolitan territory; liberal commission arrangements. Apply 260 Green St., near Wanamaker's store.

SALESMAN.—Live man to sell a strong line of men's knitted neckwear in New York City on commission; splendid paying side line proposition for hustler selling similar lines. X 265 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—We will pay liberal commission to competent men who can take orders for lithographing and printing; previous experience preferred. A 717 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our high-grade teas and coffees to our old customers on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. B3, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMEN.—$2 to $5 per day in commissions easily earned by specialty salesmen, calling on drug, cigar, hardware, stationery and similar retail stores. L. G. Shatney, 5th floor, 279 Broadway.

SALESMAN to sell full line baker's supplies; must have trade and experience; big inducements for the right party; salary or commission; no other need apply. A 763 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN; for Greater New York, to call on hotels, restaurants, steamships, hospitals, &c., to sell food products; commission basis; excellent opportunity for a live wire. A 725 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, inside, commercial stationery store, experienced in loose leaf, blank books, and general line only; give age, where employed, salary wanted, nationality. B 779 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Resident floor covering salesman represent firm Japanese importers grass rugs; commission; attractive prices; strong support for hustlers. K 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN WANTED
for cloaks and suits; only those that have good following need apply; special inducements to right parties; salary or commission. Waldman, 1,161 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted for South, by old established underwear house making corset covers and camisoles; popular prices; commission basis. Address, Arrow Cover Co., 36 West 24th St., New York City.

SALESMEN wanted; two live automobile salesmen to travel and help dealers near New York sell popular automobile; salary and commission; state experience fully. A 57 Times.

SALESMAN.
A man who has been selling the grocery trade in New York and suburbs wanted at once by responsible house; commission basis. Address K 715 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted by large corporation; one who has experience and trade selling disinfectants and sanitary appliances in Greater New York; good salary and participation in profits. S 447 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, city, out of town, capable directing sales force, can secure exclusive territory for best automobile accessory; unlimited possibilities; commission. Central Building, Suite 626.

SALESMEN WANTED
for cloaks and suits; only those that have good following need apply; special inducements to right parties; salary or commission. Waldman, 1,161 Broadway.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED IN ART EMBROIDERY AND NEEDLEWORK DEPARTMENTS FOR NEW ENGLAND; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR LIVE WIRE; GOOD SALARY. A 128 TIMES.

SALESMAN who has been representing a calendar house, and who desires to connect with a concern that offers an unusual opportunity; commission basis. Address D. L., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station.

SALESMEN.—Trimmings and notions for different sections; good lines, small samples; commission basis; apply letter only, stating territory, experience, and references. Schlegel Mfg. Co., 156 5th Av.

SALESMAN—PHARMACEUTICAL,
for New England physicians; established trade, exclusive territory, excellent proposition; salary and commission. P. F., 312 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN for commercial, stationery, and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary. Apply after 11 A. M. or by letter, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESMAN, CARRYING LACES OR VEILINGS, TO CARRY WELL-KNOWN LINE OF PLEATING AS SIDE LINE; COMMISSION BASIS. K. F., 605 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALES MANAGER.—Toy manufacturer's new line outfits; puzzles, magic, shadowgraphs, and toy books, 10c, 25c, 50c, $1; must state former connections, references, commissions. B 191 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell gas lamps; easy to make $40 to $50 weekly; commission basis; apply before 10 A. M. to Public Appliance Co., 591½ Summit Av., Jersey City.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted for work shirts and overalls, on commission basis. American Shirt and Overall Manu. Co., 524-28 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced man, for Swiss embroideries; only those experienced in this line need apply; commission basis. O 344 Times.

SALESMEN.—THE WORLD'S LARGEST SURETY CO. CAN USE TWO MEN FOR SPECIALTY SALESMEN ON COMMISSION. PHONE FISK, GREELEY 6604.

SALESMAN, export, to call on export commission houses with line of men's underwear and nightwear; must have a following; salary and commission. B 194 Times.

SALESMAN calling on men's furnishings for line belts at jobbers' prices; salesman with established trade preferred; commission basis only. X 273 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Side line of lighting fixtures and lamps; New England and Southern territory; strictly commission. Harrison Fixture, 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced, sell men's and jewelers' jewelry; State territory traveled; commission or salary. Kirschner & Co., 621 Broadway.

SALESMAN WANTED
to handle line of silk waists for city and surrounding territory; commission basis only. B 202 Times.

SALESMAN, RIBBON HOUSE, FAMILIAR WITH DRESS AND WAIST TRADE; COMMISSION. FRIEDMAN & BISTELLATOR, 2 WEST 33D ST.

SALESMAN to be employed by firm of decorators on 15 per cent. commission basis; experience necessary. Steady, O 384 Times.

SALESMAN, on commission, for a new art publication of unique quality and universal interest and educational value. George D. Sproul, 160 5th Av.

SALESMEN.—Attractive proposition for live wires; commission. Apply, 8:30 to 9:30 A. M. or 5 to 6 P. M., Guaranty Electric Lamp Co., 26 West 49th St.

SALESMEN calling on hardware, drug and sporting goods trade, we have 10 per cent. side line for you; commission basis; nationally advertised toilet accessory. G 350 Times.

SALESMEN, real estate; unusual and easy selling proposition; liberal commission, cooperation, leads; two salesmen only. Oppenheimer, Room 1805, 100 Broadway, New York.

SALESMAN.—One who has knowledge of woolens, silks, and laces, to sell to fine dressmaking trade in the city; salary. Importer, L 32 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, for established proprietary, to N. Y. druggists; fine opportunity for advancement; $25 and commission to start. B 215 Times.

SALESMAN to handle strong line of popular priced dresses; commission basis only; exceptional opportunity for live wire. Address Confidential, 258 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN.—An opening for two stock salesmen with established house; liberal commission; live newspaper leads furnished. Room 1806, 100 Broadway, New York.

SALESMAN for cloak and suit house for city and office trade; experience necessary; salary and commission. J. I. Cloak Co., 43 West 27th.

SALESMEN selling auto repair, machine shops, mills, factories, to sell lubricating grease, side line; big commission. B 801 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to handle automobile appliance; big demand, sells itself; commission. Apply Carbon Destroyer Appliance Co., 1,777 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Flour salesman; one acquainted with high-class bakers; car and odd lots; commission basis. K 685 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—In retail store; must have experience and be accustomed to handling high-class trade; state age, experience, salary, &c. B 291 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, domestic and export, experienced and able to manage large department; good salary and permanent position. A. C., 122 Times.

SALESMAN, familiar or owns Ford, valuable commercial Ford accessory; direct; side line; salary or commission. H. N., 286 Times.

SALESMEN for side line of hosiery; commission 4%. Schlesinger Bros., 95 Orchard St., New York City.

SALESMAN covering Middle West take side line novelty infants' wear; occupy small space; commission basis. S 67 Times.

SALESMAN.—Side line, popular-priced ladies' pocketbooks; commission basis. S 452 Times Downtown.

SECURITY SALESMAN
for offering of high-grade stock on favorable terms; Capital Issues Committee approval; other offerings follow, and suitable man can form permanent connection; commission basis with drawing account; highest references required. Address O 320 Times.

SECURITY SALESMAN
who is in a position to start work immediately on his own resources can get a profitable commission contract on an industrial issue that will stand the most rigid investigation provided he can furnish proof that he is the man we are looking for. In replying please give telephone number, recent issues handled, and references. S 479 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, to executive, experienced, efficient, well educated, and well appearing person; good salary; reply, giving age, experience, &c. X 303 Times Annex.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANT
A situation has developed at one of our Eastern offices which offers an unusual opportunity to an experienced senior accountant, with the right personal and professional qualifications, preferably a member or associate of the American Institute of Accountants, or a C. P. A. in some state where the degree has a recognized standing. A combination of a strong experience in industrial accounting and some public practice will be given serious consideration.
The range of work is agreeably varied and the requirements for travel away from home are decidedly less than the average. We want a man prepared to do high grade work and qualified to take a responsible part in the future developments of our organization.
Replies by letter only, should state age, education, whether married or single, complete chronological account of business or professional experience, salary experience and expectations, and when free for a new connection. Be brief, be precise; if your record, likely to satisfy these requirements, is already on file in any of our offices, please call it to our attention.
Replies will be received in strict confidence and no inquiries made of present or past employers or references without express permission from the candidate. No attention will be paid to incomplete answers. SCOVELL, WELLINGTON & COMPANY, Certified Public Accountants, Industrial Engineers, New York, Boston, Springfield, Cleveland, Chicago.
Address reply to 902 Woolworth Building, New York, giving business and residence telephone numbers. Selected applicants will have an early interview.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS ONLY.
We have openings for three or four experienced men; must have had actual experience with public accountants as senior; none but qualified men need apply; write, giving full details regarding education, experience, training, &c.; replies confidential. A 724 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESMEN
ACCUSTOMED TO SERVING FIRST-CLASS CLIENTELE; EXPERIENCED IN SELLING WOMEN'S AND MISSES SHOES.
APPLY ALL WEEK.
BEST & CO. EMPLOYMENT DEPT.,
7 WEST 35TH ST., 10 A. M.-1 P. M.

SHIPPING CLERK, middle-aged man; wholesale ribbon house; must be experienced packer and have unquestionable reference. Address fully, giving salary expected, &c., Wertheimer Bros., 19 East 24th St.

SHIPPING CLERK, to serve also temporarily as receiving clerk, for mail order house; state age, experience, and salary wanted; confidential. O 361 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK to make himself generally useful, with first-class references; 58 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

SERVICE MEN wanted by large insurance company; desirable positions are open for ex-service men of the Engineering Corps of the U. S. Army who have been bodily wounded, noncoms preferred; good personality and mechanical training essential for success in this branch of work. Address Box 254 Times Annex.

SILK MAN, EXPERIENCED, TO BE USEFUL IN WHOLESALE SILK HOUSE; ONE WHO HAS HAD RETAIL EXPERIENCE IN ATTENDING TO STOCK AND WAITING ON TRADE; BEST REFERENCES REQUIRED. BETTINSON & CADE, 417 FIFTH AV.

SOFT CAPSULE MAKER, EXPERIENCED, BY LARGE MANUFACTURER; APPLICANT MUST THOROUGHLY UNDERSTAND MANUFACTURE OF SOFT ELASTIC AND HARD, ROUND CAPSULES. APPLY IN PERSON OR BY MAIL TO THE WM. S. MERRELL CHEMICAL COMPANY, 25 CHURCH ST.

SOLOISTS.—Three string soloists wanted for February, March, and April; the finest resort hotel in the world desires to engage violin, viola, and 'cello to render largely so-called chamber music under the direction and in company with one of America's leading orchestral organists and directors using great and small organ; Americans, British, French, or Italians preferred. Write, giving full particulars and a history of your work, Soloist, X 261 Times Annex.

SOLICITOR, familiar with export and warehouse motor trucking and shipping; good salary for live wire; good opportunity for advancement. Apply 6 Church St., Room 211, Mr. Wagner.

SOLICITORS, good proposition, legitimate work, guaranteed customers' list supplied; experienced preferred; salary and commission to right party. Call 10-3, Herzig & McLean, publishers, 110 West 40th St.

SOUTHERN SALESMAN.
One of the largest manufacturers of knit goods selling direct to the Men's Wear and Department Store trade has two southern territories open; two men who have successfully sold the Men's Wear trade in Southern States may make connections worth upwards of six thousand dollars a year in commission if they can prove up; only substantial men of established selling success in Men's Wear lines and in the territory in question need apply. Telephone Madison Square 10151 for appointment Tuesday. B 171 Times.

STARCH PLANT MANAGER,
with thorough, up-to-date factory experience in the manufacture of starch from corn; also oil refining; excellent prospects to right man. A 147 Times.

STEAM HEATING SUPERINTENDENT with a full knowledge of the different systems and branches of this trade; one capable of estimating and superintending installation; must be fully qualified in all details for new work, overhauling, and jobbing; in answering, state in detail experience and former positions; a man of good character and qualifications will find this an exceptional opportunity both as to salary and advancement. Answer S 15 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; Spanish-English, male or female; one who can take dictation in both languages wanted by large corporation in Chicago territory; salary commensurate with ability; good opportunity for right person; answer with full information. Address X 255 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—French-English, to go to Europe latter part February and remain about six weeks. Must be able to speak French fluently and be expert stenographer and typist in both English and French; all expenses paid; adequate salary paid to right party. X 262 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Opportunity for young man who is neat, systematic, bright, willing; will consider beginner and part-time service for present; architect. S 66 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, educated, and thoroughly competent; salary $150 per month; permanent position; state qualifications fully, naming references. S 477 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER,
capable, 18 to 20 years of age, for responsible work in bank; state schooling and experience. A 734 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Live wire; good opportunity; only competent need apply; state age, experience, references, and salary desired. O 302 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, young man with commercial experience preferred; state salary, experience and references. G 335 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Refined young man with some experience; one desiring a position where honest endeavor will insure a future. Room 405, 80 East 42d.

STENOGRAPHER, English-French, by foreign banking house; state experience, salary desired. Address H. C., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young man familiar with purchasing department routine and invoice checking; state experience and salary desired. G 651 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, bright, ambitious young man, in stock and bond house. Call after 3 P. M., Mr. Ware, 62 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, must be experienced; state age and salary expected. A 738 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office work; young man, 17 to 19; state wages. 241 Times, 2 Rector St.

STOCK SALESMEN.—Have you seen the wonderful new invention, the Titan "Air Gun?" Small, portable, individual unit; a Pneumatic Hammer operated by attaching to any electric light socket; a tool that does the work of 20 men; an economic necessity; revolutionizes Pneumatic Hammer industry; low cost; nine sizes; lightest kind of automatic drill work to heavy chipping and riveting of steel, rock drilling, &c. We are now on the threshold of unprecedented prosperity. Company successful manufacturer of Gauges, Tools, as well as the "Titan" Hammers, which will prove an immense aid in reconstruction and highly profitable to investors; dividends being earned now and paid on Preferred Stock. Far-sighted salesmen equipped to handle a portion of this Company's Preferred Stock with Common Stock bonus, on a commission basis, preferably out of town, should look into this proposition. Liberal co-operation from officials, leads, &c. A worthy investment opportunity.
Titan Automatic Tool Company, Inc.,
25 West Broadway, New York City.

STOCK BOY.
Bright, strong, tall boy, about 17, in stock to learn business; good chance to advance with a progressive trimmed hat house; apply after 10 o'clock.
TALMEY-WEIL,
22 West 38th St.

STOCK SALESMAN
HAVING UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES CAN FORM PERMANENT CONNECTION WITH ESTABLISHED CONCERN OFFERING HIGH-GRADE SECURITY APPROVED BY CAPITAL ISSUES COMMITTEE; COMMISSION BASIS. ADDRESS G 252 TIMES.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.
Two high-class telephone salesmen to sell an exceptional high-grade dividend-paying security passed by the Capital Issues Committee over the telephone; good salary, liberal commission, and bonus to producers only. Apply Investment Brokers, 1,845 Broadway.

STOCK SALESMAN.
Conn. corporation, plant in Conn.; cooperation and drawing account and commission; clean, legitimate proposition. Address H. M. Steele, 3 Strand Hotel, New Haven, Conn.

STOCK CLERKS for large commercial retail stationery store; must be experienced; permanent position; good salary. Call after 11 A. M., Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

STOCK SALESMEN. — We want well-connected, dynamic, forceful salesmen for a dividend-paying rubber concern; no advances; commissions. W 356 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN WANTED
for dividend-paying oil issue, also gold; commission only. O 334 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN; live proposition; no competition; no stock sales; only those who can earn $150 a week commission need apply. Room 708, 286 5th Av.

STOCK CLERK, experienced only; flowers and feathers; good chance for advancement. Thomas Earle & Co., 682 Broadway.

STOCK CLERKS, experienced, for ribbon house; state experience and salary expected. Box Stock, 1619 St. James Bldg.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOK MAN, experienced, wanted; capable opening branch house on low-priced cash proposition; must furnish first-class references and be capable of earning $3,000 to $5,000 a year commission. X 264 Times Annex.

SUBSCRIPTION SALESMEN. — Experienced magazine or book men to represent 3 leading high class trade publications; commission, with drawing account. Write, stating age, experience, and give references. B 220 Times.

Superintendent of Construction.
Man with practical experience as superintendent of construction of commercial buildings and store fixtures; position will require man to be away from home a considerable part of the time; in reply state age and whether married; give complete past experience and salary expected; record must be acceptable to bonding company. A 779 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT
FOR DEPT. STORE
REQUIRED BY LEADING NEW YORK STORE; SPLENDID PROSPECTS, AND GOOD PRESENT, FOR AGGRESSIVE EXECUTIVE. K 11 TIMES.

SUPERINTENDENT automobile inner tube factory, New York district, who thoroughly understands inner tube construction on both straight and curved mandrels, to take charge of manufacture and development work; excellent opportunity for right man; state salary expected and give complete statement of experience and qualification; replies confidential. A 100 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, experienced in manufacturing mechanical work of great variety; no consideration can be given applicant without such actual experience; applications showing such experience in full detail will be treated in strict confidence; also state age and approximate past earnings. Address President, 203 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT OF UNIFORM SERVICE MAN WITH CITY HOTEL OR CLUB EXPERIENCE; EXCELLENT POSITION FOR A RELIABLE MAN. APPLY SUNDAY BEFORE NOON, MANAGER, HOTEL GOTHAM, 5TH AV.-55TH.

SUPERINTENDENT or works manager, by an experienced executive and administrator; one skilled in manufacture and production of sheet metal parts, tools, dies, and special machinery; prefers to locate in or near New York; references AI. Write S. O., 3,525 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT for high-class nine-story apartment house, Park Av. section; must have experience and best references. Write full particulars and salary expected. B 208 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT with sewing room experience; full charge of manufacturing department; 50 help; state age, past and present employment, references, salary expected. A 756 Times Downtown.

Supervisory
CABINET
Draftsman
who has proven ability to take artist's sketch, have the idea put intact into working drawings and manufacturing specifications so that the co-operative efforts result in a cabinet representing in detail, material, and workmanship, the finest kind of results obtainable from the artist's conception and sketch. Unusually fine opportunity in the service of a large, permanent corporation that has considerable prestige and where ability is recognized in a tangible way to help toward happiness in work.
Initial salary will be $50 per week until ability is proven.
In writing confidentially state what knowledge you have of woods, cabinet craftsmanship, and any information to show us that you are consistently entitled to an interview. C. D., Box 248 Times Downtown.

TEACHER of French and Spanish wanted for regular day school, hours 9 to 2; in applying state qualifications, experience, education, age, &c.; give telephone number if possible. Box K 562 Times Harlem.

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT.
The demand for Traffic Managers is growing. We can train you! Our course offers instruction in practical work. The course is given in co-operation with the La Salle Extension University, under the supervision of P. W. Moore, Chief of Traffic Bureau, Queensboro Chamber of Commerce.
Call, write, or phone. W. V. Weller, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., N. Y.

TRANSLATORS, native, wanted for French, Portuguese, Italian; typists; experienced; references. G 290 Times.

TRUCK SALESMEN WANTED.
HIGH-GRADE SALESMEN OF EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY AND EDUCATION CAN MAKE $5,000 PER YEAR MINIMUM ON OUR STRAIGHT COMMISSION BASIS. APPLY, BETWEEN 9 AND 11 A. M., COMMERCIAL CAR DEPT., KAUFMANN, STOWERS CO., 1,776 BROADWAY.

TUTOR desired; have splendid opportunity for a well-educated young man, English and Hebrew scholar; write for appointment. Frank Cohen, 1,600 East New York Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

TUTOR for boy 15 years old, to prepare for technical school; graduate of Boston Tech preferred. Apply, 144 Harmon Av., Pelham, N. Y. Telephone, Pelham 1083.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.
Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require an A1 drapery man, designer and cutter; also qualified to interview the trade. Apply by mail only, stating salary expected and experience.

VICTROLA DEPARTMENT,
SALESMAN AND REPAIR MAN
for our victrola department;
steady position for experienced man;
one residing in Bronx preferred.
Apply Monday between 9 and 12 A. M.,
Piser & Co., 150th St. and 3d Av.

WANTED—A $15,000 MAN.
Wanted: A man experienced in the sale of high-grade securities in the Middle West, who is in touch with and in a position to secure salesmen of similar experience. We are organizing a strong industrial finance corporation, and will give a liberal advance against an attractive commission to a man who can stand rigid investigation and show a record of promises performed. Give complete information in answer, otherwise no interview. S 51 Times.

WANTED, A HIGH-GRADE MAN OF EXPERIENCE ON AN EXPORT TRADE JOURNAL TO TAKE A RESPONSIBLE POSITION ON A NEW PUBLICATION IN A SPECIAL FIELD, TO BE PUBLISHED BY AN OLD-ESTABLISHED CONCERN; A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH OR SPANISH IS ESSENTIAL. ADDRESS, WITH FULL PARTICULARS, O 252 TIMES.

WELL-KNOWN financial house has opening for high-grade man with legal education; man preferred who has good academic training or experience in financial, accounting, or income tax matters; must be willing to go through apprenticeship period; reply, giving age, salary expected, complete details regarding education and experience. Address M. K., Post Office Box 372, City Hall Station.

WINDOW TRIMMER AND CARD WRITER WANTED FOR DEPARTMENT STORE; STATE IN FIRST LETTER WHERE PREVIOUSLY EMPLOYED, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED.
THE HUNTER, TUPPEN CO.,
SYRACUSE, N. Y.

WINDOW TRIMMER and sign writer wanted for an up-to-date department store 200 miles west of New York; one who is capable of filling both positions; must be expert in this line; none others need apply; applications treated strictly confidential. N 235 Times Annex.

WATCHMAN, night, to do porter work; references required. Ben Gershel & Co., 146 Madison Av.

YOUNG MEN.—An old established Philadelphia company, one of the few firms actually expanding at the present time, offers the opportunity to a select number of college graduates to learn actual metal manufacturing methods along the most approved lines of scientific management; must be willing to start at the bottom, (there are already waiting a few big jobs at the top;) training in this plant, the largest of its kind in the world, offers a chance to earn while you learn; salary per month, first six months $65, second six months $75, third six months $91, fourth six months $108, with monthly share in the profits of the company by the end of the first six months' period; only young men who have a real purpose to have their education tempered with experience in manufacturing methods along modern scientific production lines need reply; technical men preferred, as experience along mechanical lines will be valuable. Reply to "E-8," P. O. Box 3500, Philadelphia, Penn., stating age, experience, nationality, religion, and education, including actual courses taken.

YOUNG MEN.
Large Jersey City office has opening for junior clerks; good chance advancement; convenient location, easy hours, luncheon; state age, experience, education. Phone number if possible and salary expected, K 315 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, clean cut, active, of some sales experience or the necessary physical and mental make-up to be trained for the sale of high-grade suburban properties; compensation at outset based upon commission and expenses; in addition to practical work in the field during the day successful applicants will be required to attend sales school classes two evenings a week; application must include business experience, if any, schooling, and a definite outline of qualifications and capability. T. Z., 66 Times.

YOUNG MAN, BRIGHT, WANTED IN NEW YORK OFFICE AND SALESROOM OF LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN TO HELP IN OFFICE, SHIPPING AND SELLING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN AND GROW UP WITH THE BUSINESS; FORMER BUSINESS EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; MUST HAVE GRAMMAR SCHOOL EDUCATION, WRITE WELL AND BE AMBITIOUS. G 341 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN
to assist charge clerk in large men's neckwear house; state experience and salary expected. Box B 261 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—About 22, seeking a future; bright and ambitious; to start at moderate salary while learning business, and then given opportunity as salesman; to take charge of billing and shipping departments; requires patient, careful, and accurate work in details; state salary; apply by letter only, own handwriting. Sutphin Paper Co., Inc., 439-441 Lafayette St.

YOUNG MAN.—We have a vacancy on our sales force for a young man of the right kind; must be ambitious, energetic, intelligent, and of good character; please do not apply unless you possess these qualifications. The Manhattan Shirt Co., 244 Madison Av.

YOUNG MAN.
Wholesale house requires young man, (16-18,) to take charge of samples; good opportunity for bright, ambitious young man. Apply Monday, 1 P. M.
L. D. BLOCH & CO.,
153 5TH AV.

YOUNG MAN, about 24, to manage department handling collections by mail; apply by letter only in your own handwriting, stating education, nationality, business experience, references, salary desired, and any other information you think would help you to obtain this position. Room 1114, 45 East 17th St.

YOUNG MAN, GOOD, HEALTHY, WANTED BY DRESS JOBBER TO TAKE CHARGE OF CONTRACTORS; ONE WHO HAS INITIATIVE AND SIMILAR EXPERIENCE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY; ADDRESS IN STRICT CONFIDENCE, STATING EXPERIENCE. B 138 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN.—Can you use an energetic, well-educated young man, married, 27 years of age, in executive position, or where tact and ability are required? Well versed in billing and traffic arrangements; an interview will prove profitable to right concern. G 610 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, EXPERIENCED IN SILK SAMPLE DEPARTMENT; ONE WHO HAS HAD CONSIDERABLE EXPERIENCE IN GETTING UP SALESMEN'S SAMPLES AND DOING GENERAL WORK; SALARIED POSITION. L 7 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN wanted in a large downtown office who writes a clear legible hand and is quick at figures; answer should state age, experience, and salary expected. K 737 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 16 or 17, to learn profession, help in field and office work civil engineer; small salary to start; good chance for advancement; no experience required. Apply by letter, Room 1, 702 West 181st St.

YOUNG MAN for clerical position; excellent opportunity for one who writes a good hand; state nationality and salary desired. Penmanship, P. O. Box 666, City Hall Station, New York.

YOUNG MAN, (20-35,) accustomed to handling cash, having general knowledge of bookkeeping; state age, experience, salary expected. K. T., 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN of good appearance and address by large manufacturer, to travel, promoting sales of nationally advertised article. Give full information and state salary wanted. B 228 Times.

YOUNG MAN as assistant purchase order clerk, electrical supply house; state experience, age, and salary expected; splendid opportunity to learn the business. S 436 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, office assistant; knowledge stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping; A1 reference; good opportunity; give details. Box Z 5 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, should understand bookkeeping and typewriting; state age, experience and salary expected. B 250 Times.

YOUNG MAN in return goods department of wholesale notion and fancy goods house; state experience, references and salary expected. Return, 200 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted with bookkeeping experience in accounting department; must also have knowledge of mechanical drafting. S 418 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by large hardware manufacturers to work in stock department. A 770 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as stock clerk in a large wholesale clothing house. Apply by letter only. M. & W. Maumberg & Co., 70 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN to look after city trade; moderate salary and commission. Answer B. K., B 239 Times.

YOUNG MAN to measure and classify advertisements in newspaper; salary $14; state experience. G 504 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, useful, over 16; light, inside, clean work. K 638 Times Downtown.

YOUTHS over 16, learn care stocks, mercantile business. K 630 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

AMERICAN BUSINESS IS ABLAZE
WITH A NEW SPIRIT.
The lessons learned from the war have inoculated it with new energy, enterprise and progressiveness. THE BUSINESS ENGINEER OF THE DAY is the
TRAINED EXPERT ACCOUNTANT.
He is in the greatest demand of any professional man in the world, has the least competition, and consequently is the best paid.
$3,000 TO $10,000—AND MORE
yearly. Business men realize that if they are to survive and prosper in this new era they must have a close, accurate and constant analysis of their business, and possibly a day-by-day audit, such as can only be secured through the medium of the man—or woman—trained in Higher Accounting. The available supply of these is exhausted—there are none to be had.
We can fill, in a limited way only, the many requests being received for AUDITORS, COMPTROLLERS, COST ACCOUNTANTS, EFFICIENCY ENGINEERS, CREDIT MEN, AND SYSTEMATIZERS.
THE LARGEST UNIVERSITY
IN THE WORLD,
teaching Higher Accounting and coaching for C. P. A. examination, by simple, practical, and agreeable Home Study, is making a special effort to train ambitious men and women, with analytical minds, who desire to fit themselves to fill these positions and secure the financial independence that comes with the mastery of the highest paid profession in the world. KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING NOT REQUIRED. We train you from the ground up.
LET 1919 SEE YOUR TRAINING AS A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT COMPLETED!
Address or call on
E. A. MANCHESTER, Registrar,
110 WEST 40TH ST., NEW YORK.
Telephone 1253 Bryant.

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The lessons learned from the war have inoculated it with new energy, enterprise and progressiveness. THE BUSINESS ENGINEER OF THE DAY is the
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E. A. MANCHESTER, Registrar,
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Can you "size up" the people you meet daily? A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to know the people you meet as well as yourself. Write, or phone Chelsea 4054 for details of classes in Character Analysis and Vocational Counselling now forming.
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HELP WANTED—Male.

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AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

ENGLISH taught by cultured American young woman, with knowledge of Spanish, French; graduate Boston University; improved method insures results. Room 415, 500 5th Av., 42d St., Murray Hill 2088.

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COST ACCOUNTANCY, genuine private instruction by former Government accountant; will qualify you in short time. A. Fancell, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. Send for booklet and pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

MACHINIST TRADE
taught practically, lathe, blueprints, micrometer; $35; payments allowed. School, 4 West 121st St.

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The positions listed below are a few taken from our large lists and will give you an idea of the class of men we have calls for. If what you are seeking is not represented here come in and see, as this list covers only a small percentage of the positions we have open.
SALES MANAGER, preferably experienced in women's wear; good executive; $3,000 up.
EXPORT COST ACCOUNTANT, location New Jersey; $4,200.
EFFICIENCY ENGINEER, professional experience, in senior capacity; $4,000-$6,000.
COST ACCOUNTANT. — Experienced man for manufacturing plant; $200-$250.
CLERKS.—Must know Spanish and have accounting experience, go to South America; $1,800-$2,400 and traveling expenses.
BOOKKEEPERS—
(1) With accounting experience; has worked for Wall St. house; $40.
(1) Who can operate cost system in manufacturing plant; experience in rubber tires essential; $40-$50.
SALES EXECUTIVE AND CORRESPONDENT.—Excellent opportunity with Philadelphia manufacturer, knowledge of belting desirable; $50 week to start, with big future for man who makes good.
BANK CLERKS, (3,) general all-around bank men; must be experienced in all different positions in bank; clean-cut American men discharged from service desired; $28-$30 week.
BOOKKEEPER for large uptown market; run full set; man with ability will soon receive increase in salary; $30 week.
SPANISH CLERK for export firm; must have knowledge of auto parts and export shipping.
ENTRY AND ORDER CLERK for large printing house; man wanted must be experienced in either stationery or printing house; $25 week.
MAN to take charge of team department of large packing house firm; must be experienced and know how to handle drives; $30 week.
CORRESPONDENT, bright man, about 25 years old; must be man who desires to create a future; $25 week.
ASST. PURCHASING AGENT.—Some knowledge of hardware; $20.
STENOGRAPHERS, (5,) cotton goods, law manufacturing, brokerage; $15-$20.
CLERKS.—Match, invoices against shipping tickets; $18.
LEDGER CLERK.—Publishing house; $18.
TYPISTS, (3)—
(2) Newspaper work; rapid; $20-$22.
(1) Brokerage; $18.
STOCK AND RECEIVING CLERK.—Mail order; $18 up.
C. P. HASSON. J. J. McLAUGHLIN.
AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC.,
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THROUGH SCIENTIFIC
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ACCOUNTANTS.—Several exceptional openings for men with C. P. A. experience as auditors for large corporations; must be highest type; good personal appearance.
ACCOUNTANTS.—Many splendid opportunities with commercial firms; $1,800-$4,000.
ACCOUNTANTS.—Seniors (35) Semi-Seniors (56), Juniors (48); for men qualified to take positions with C. P. A. firms; $1,500-$3,600.
CIRCULATING MANAGER.—For Spanish publication, best man obtainable.
TRANSLATOR.—Several languages; banking house.
SALESMAN.—Travel 8 to 10 months a year; $50.
COST ACCOUNTANTS.—Experienced, $1,800-$3,000.
TRANSPORTATION ACCOUNTANTS. — (3) Steamship experience essential; $25 to $30.
BOOKKEEPER AND OFFICE MANAGER.—Newark; experienced; $35 to $40.
BOOKKEEPERS.—(12) Full set; $25 to $40.
STENOGRAPHERS.—(6) Capable; good opportunity; $1,500-$1,800.
CORRESPONDENT.—Collection experience; knowledge of accounting essential; $25.
CLERKS.—(3) College graduates; fine opportunity for high grade men; $20 to $25.
STENOGRAPHERS.—(2) Commercial experience; $20.
CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

HOLLANDER.—Machinery and technical supplies, charge of catalogue department.
MANAGER. — Pharmaceutical experience; principally capsule and tablets.
BOOKKEEPER.—Public Utilities experience, $1,500.
BOOKKEEPER.—Bank experience, $1,100.
BOOKKEEPER.—Perpetual inventory experience; uptown, $25 to start.
STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish-English.
STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish-French.
STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish-Portuguese.
PORTERS, Packers and Order Clerk.
SHIPPING CLERK.
OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY,
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BOOKKEEPER, accountant...$1,500 to $1,800
STENOGRAPHER, accountant, 1,500 to 1,800

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Highest salaried positions in New York for all classes office employes; register free.

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HELP WANTED—Male.

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EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
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THE WORLD'S FOREMOST EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE FOR BRAIN WORKERS.
To January 1, 1919, our records show that 47,406 men and women have been placed in high-grade concerns in positions calling for executives, engineers, and other technical men, salesmen, accountants, bookkeepers, stenographers, and clerks at salaries ranging from $10 a week to $12,000 a year.
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JUPP AGENCY.—87 Nassau, free registration, stenographers, secretary $25; others, $15, $18; suburban camp, $1,000; expert typist, $18.

ADVERTISING, PRINTING, PUBLISHING POSITIONS NOW OPEN in principal cities for competent help in all departments of newspapers, class journals, advertising agencies and publicity divisions of mercantile and manufacturing concerns; registration free.
FERNALD'S EXCHANGE, INC.,
Third Nat'l Bldg., Springfield, Mass.

BARKER & MACCOLL,
VOCATIONAL SPECIALISTS, 74 B'DWAY.
Sr. Certified Public Accountant, permanent position; Auditor; Bookkeeper; Advertising statistical clerk; Insurance accountants, auditors and bookkeepers; Machine design draftsman; Export traffic man, Knowledge of Consular law; Registry free.

AGENTS WANTED.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SALESMEN
who are being mustered out,
SEEKING a vocation where salesmanship receives its highest compensation—
SEEKING an opportunity to realize your greatest ambition—
SEEKING an independent career—
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SEEKING assured financial independence in your later years—
SEEKING a permanent connection with an institution of established prestige, covering three-quarters of a century, and now doing a business of over $10,000,000 annually, advance against commissions.
If you are over 25 years of age, with a successful record as a salesman, and if you are willing to learn and be paid while you are learning, apply in person between 10 and 1 o'clock,
J. H. Huntington, Jr.,
105 West 40th St., Suite 304.
THERE ARE OPPORTUNITIES HERE FOR A FEW AMBITIOUS SALESMEN ABOUT TO LEAVE THE SERVICE.

AGENCIES make $5 to $20 a day selling Kendalite gas maker; fits any stove without alteration; takes place of coal and wood; makes its own gas anywhere; retails $12.50; safe and cheap. Write Kendalite Co., 1,270 Broadway, New York.

Take orders for men's clothes. Agents wanted for "Safety First" $12.50 and $15.00 suits and overcoats, experienced in measuring; good commission; reference required.
MEYERS BROS., INC., Dept. G,
22d and Market Sts., Philadelphia, Penn.

AGENTS for all territories to handle fastest selling line of timely merchandise; unusual opportunity; write at once. R 51 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, now employed by accountants, desires position head accounting department. R 470 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING WRITER.
Ambitious, adaptable, talented copywriter, knowledge layouts, typography, agency experience; moderate. S 56 Times.

ADVERTISING and magazine writer, college educated, with creative ability and experience, desires part time, home employment. S 141 Times.

ADVERTISERS requiring the services of a young lady with agency and trade paper experience kindly communicate G 354 Times.

ALL KINDS of manuscripts typed and prepared for printing, proofreading; also German and French translations; business and private correspondence attended to; circular letters composed. L. M., 529 West 111th.

ASSISTANT.—Refined American Protestant wishes position in doctor or dentist's office; highest credentials. Apt. 2, Audubon 8040.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER,
knowledge of typing and office work; 18 months' experience; $15. S 440 Times Downtown.

BANKERS.—Capable, well educated, intelligent woman, with wide experience, desires position of trust and responsibility, either in women's department of investment house or other executive capacity; highest credentials. Address K 737 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK-TYPIST, Christian; 6 years' experience. F., 2,099 Eighth Av.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, comptometer operator; capable taking charge; books opened, closed, financial statements, balances rendered; quick, accurate figurer; experienced cost accounting; capable handling correspondence independently; Christian; highest credentials; $25. R 452 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, A1; executive ability; first-class typist; initiative; only first-class position considered; have had years' experience private office hotel bookkeeper and auditor; banking, pay rools, financial statements, auditing. B 842 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, American Jewess, long experience, thoroughly competent; controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements, &c.; executive ability; salary $25. K 28 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; high school graduate; 3 years' experience; thoroughly competent; entire charge controlling accounts, trial balance; excellent references; salary $18. Box 289 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, confidential clerk, rapid typist, highly efficient, capable assuming responsibilities, qualified by experience, books opened, closed, balanced; excellent figurer; legible penman; $20. K 687 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent executive, typist, six years' experience trial balance, profit and loss statements, wishes to connect with good commercial house; $30. H 234 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, 7½ years' experience; competent controlling accounts, conscientious, correspondent; knowledge stenography, typewriting; references; salary $23-$25. A 776 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, Christian; familiar with stenography; several years' practical experience; $25; excellent references. 286 Times, 2 Rector St. Rochelle 3190-M.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, good, conscientious worker; thoroughly informed; excellent penman; highest reference; salary $23. O 308 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thoroughly experienced; controlling accounts, cost accounting; 17 years' experience; 16 years one firm; age 32; A1 references. G 224 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; nine years' experience controlling accounts, trial balance, executive; highest credentials; $28 week. R 38 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, many years' experience, capable assuming entire charge of office, desires position, not to work Saturdays. O 282 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience, capable of taking entire charge of office; highest references; salary $25 to $30. H 28 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, controlling accounts; 6 years' experience textile line; thoroughly capable; highest recommendations. O 261 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, competent, college training, readily adaptable, capable taking charge of entire office; salary $30. X 572 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - TYPIST. — Thoroughly experienced; controlling accounts, trial balances; executive ability; capable taking full charge; salary $30. O 240 Times Bronx.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience controlling accounts, balances, credits, collections; reliable; excellent references. B 637 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced, conscientious, office manager firm going out of business, desires position closed Saturdays; $25. G 281 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, with executive ability, general office management, varied experience; can furnish high-class references. B 1011 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, eight years' experience, excellent ability, do stenography, typewriting; first class references; salary $30 per week. K 16 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, collection correspondent, experienced, thoroughly competent, entire charge, references. B 1009 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, conscientious worker, thoroughly informed, excellent penman; salary $22. G 612 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, controlling accounts, 4 years' experience, desires steady position. S 430 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk, 3 years' experience, capable, willing; $15. G 658 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, six years' experience, executive, initiative, ambitious; $25. B 1008 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Four years' experience; single and double entry; desires permanent position; $25. K 726 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' experience; high school graduate, well recommended; $25. G 288 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; experienced controlling accounts, trial balances; full charge; best credentials. B 798 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 9 month's experience, wishes permanent position; moderate salary. R 468 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, full charge of office, accounts, competent; salary $25. B 240 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—5 years' experience, capable assuming responsibilities; competent; $18. S 458 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer. — High school graduate, experienced; competent; $18. B 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' experience, trial balance, controlling accounts, &c.; efficient; $[illegible]. R 39 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, five years experience, control accounts, entire charge, $20. R 40 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER wishes employment evenings and Saturday afternoons. Box 276 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thoroughly experienced manufacturing lines; best references, salary $25. W 366 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, desires evening work; knowledge stenography. O 16 Times.

BUYER.—Corset, muslin underwear and infants' wear buyer and executive, wishes to make change, only departments doing large amount business considered; reference, &c.; personal interview or correspondence. S 466 Times Downtown.

CAPABLE
young lady (24) desires position combining bookkeeping, corresponding, &c.; salary $22. Edna Leindorf, 1,456 Wilkins Av. Intervale 1379.

CHAPERONE.—Middle-aged Southern lady would chaperone children afternoons; best references. B 1005 Times Harlem.

CLERK.—Refined, middle-aged American widow, absolutely reliable; office or store. S 42 Times.

CLERK, knowledge typewriting, good at figures; 3 years experience; $14. O 386 Times.

CLERK, fine penman, good figurer; office details; refined American. S 78 Times.

COLLEGE WOMAN seeks connection, preferably with advertising agency; has experience suitable for visualizing or production departments, and can write copy; trained in lettering and commercial art; would start for $2[illegible]. A 98 Times.

COLLEGE graduate, 3 years' secretarial experience, executive ability; good personality, trained psychologist, typewriting, no stenography; salary $25. Apt. 5C, 41 West 83d.

COLLEGE WOMAN desires position as private secretary; research work, typewriting, literary and educational experience; no stenography. W 364 Times.

COMPANION TO ELDERLY LADY, CITY OR COUNTRY; WELL EDUCATED, GOOD READER, CHEERFUL AND WILLING TO BE USEFUL; MODERATE TERMS; REFERENCES. Z 361 TIMES ANNEX.

COMPANION.—Refined gentlewoman wishes position as companion to lady; well educated, good seamstress, kindly disposition, willing make herself useful in pleasant home. A 97 Times.

COMPANION OR GOVERNESS to lady; French cultured young lady desires position, agreeable, useful; city or travel. W 199 Times.

COMPANION.—Woman, middle-aged, competent, refined, position as companion or traveling companion to women or children. A [illegible] Times Downtown.

C[illegible]ON to lady. French lady, refined, educated; speaks French, Russian, [illegible] English, expert in all fine [illegible] 405 West 141st.

COMPANION, graduate nurse, to lady [illegible] W 54[illegible] Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.—3 years' experience; [illegible] efficient; Christian; [illegible] Times Downtown.

COOK, French, experienced; no other work; private family; city or country preferred. References. [illegible] Times.

COPY EDITOR wishes work on story magazine. [illegible] Times.

DIETITIAN.—Wanted position as practical dietitian, experienced; best reference. A 107 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, expert, correspondent, knowledge of stenography; salary $[illegible]. [illegible] Times.

DRESSMAKER. — Evening, theatre, tailor gowns, home, out, remodeled. Ryeng, 76 West 70th St.

DRESSMAKER.—Dresses [illegible]; one day out, $5, 2 days, $9 [illegible] Monday, Tuesday. [illegible] 173 West 90th.

[illegible] Morning 578.

[illegible]

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY. Services of young woman whose thoroughly rounded business training, executive judgment and promotive vision equip her for executive or secretarial position, are available to substantial organization. R 524 Times Annex.

FILING COLLEGE GRADUATE; LIBRARY AND BUSINESS EXPERIENCE; THOROUGHLY COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF FILING DEPT. OF LARGE CORPORATION. K 725 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FILE CLERK and switchboard operator, Christian; pleasant voice, thoroughly experienced; $15; unquestionable references. S [illegible] Times.

F[illegible] general office work, switchboard, thorough[illegible] experience [illegible] $15. Curry, 420 [illegible] Av.

FILE CLERK and office assistant; knowledge stenography. K 706 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, general office work, fine penman. G 620 Times Downtown.

FRENCH.—Perfect piano teacher, few more; advanced, beginners. Godard, 250 West [illegible] St.

GIRL [illegible] seeks position with reliable downtown firm, can positively qualify for general office work; high school graduate; best reference furnished. R 462 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS or Companion.—Refined young lady, Alsatian, would like to travel around the world as interpreter or companion; speaks English, French, Spanish, Greek, German, and is acquainted with European cities; best references. W 359 Times.

GOVERNESS.—English lady, young, fond outdoor life, wishes resident position, mornings free, or afternoon engagement to lady, grown children; highly recommended. Academy 2230 afternoons.

GOVERNESS, refined, speaking English and German; taking entire charge of children; first class references; willing to go South or West. Address J. St, 275 Central Park West, Apt. 4 L.

GOVERNESS, German-English elementary instruction, physical care, valuable experience, excellent references, desires position, city or country. S. S., 247 East 61st.

GOVERNESS OR LADIES' MAID.—Will go to Europe, excellent seamstress and packer; highest references. X 277 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS, visiting, Parisienne; studio, residence; pianist; English. 807 Carnegie Hall. Circle 1350.

GRADUATE NURSE, years of experience and best references, would like patient; willing to travel; no night work; salary $100 a month. For further information communicate with G 570 Times Downtown.

GRADUATE NURSE wishes position as nurse in factory or store. S 408 Times Downtown.

HALF DAY'S WORK $1.50; mornings; sewing and mending, Frenchwoman. M. R., 4[illegible]1 Columbus Av.

HARP TEACHER who speaks Spanish. Write Miss C. Marure, 120 West 72d, city.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Woman of refinement, domestic science graduate, excellent cook and marketer, expert in all branches of housework, capable maintaining exquisite table at minimum cost for high-class people; one or two adults preferred. R 30 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, refined, educated American woman with 14-year school girl, desires position in small family of adults; good cook; capable of taking entire charge of the home; excellent references; New York Apartment preferred. S 72 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

HOUSEWORK.—Refined young woman with 18-month-old healthy baby wishes position for light housework or as a nurse to a child of 5 years; salary no object; wishes good home, city or suburbs. Care Levy, 163 Bay 31st St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Educated American, refined, pleasant personality, in country home; thoroughly competent; unquestionable reference; trustworthy. 240 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

HOUSEWORKER wishes customers; keep their homes cleaned, vacuum cleaning; rugs cleaned; parquet floors polished; references. C. C. Browne, 67 West 139th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position wanted by highly respectable woman, 36; recently owned and successfully managed furnished apartments; excellent references. B 1022 Times Harlem.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Capable, educated American, understand sewing, cooking, marketing; permanent desirable position with refined people; prefer country. O 330 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Competent woman, excellent housekeeper, good economical cook, wishes position. E. D., care Sohn, 225 Hudson St., Hoboken.

HOUSEWORKER, Norwegian girl, wants position in small family; wages $45; no laundry. Hansen, 175 Luquer St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A capable American woman; care for small apartments, or high-class furnished rooms. O 348 Times.

HOUSEWORK.—Neat colored girl, little experience in cooking. Clarke, 136 West 99th.

INTERPRETER, refined young lady, Alsatian, speaks English, French, Spanish, Greek and German, would like to connect with hotel, dept. store, or reliable concern as interpreter; best references. W 358 Times.

KINDERGARTEN.—Primary; indoor, outdoor class; gymnasium; dancing; arrange for mornings or afternoons; children called for. 522 West 150th. Audubon 8102.

LADY, Christian, wishes position in dental office; unexperienced. Harkins, 284 Lenox Av.

MAID, Chambermaid.—Competent; highest reference; permanent position; wages $45. Reliable, A 45 Times.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER or matron; position wanted by experienced American woman; best references. A 106 Times.

MANAGEMENT small business or any position of trust where integrity and highest references are valued; refined. B 175 Times.

MARRIED COUPLE, colored, desire positions private family; woman particularly fine cook; both thoroughly experienced, capable, reliable in every capacity; country preferred; $90-$100; references. 2,394 7th Av., corner 140th St., Apt. 77, Fletcher.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 3329.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE.—Graduate; specializes in chronic cases; on call Feb. 8 to nurse or travel with invalid; references. X 269 Times Annex.

NURSE, (17,) neat, reliable, would like position with one child; references. Write Nurse, Box 3, 1,335 3d Av.

NURSE'S AID, Stenographer.—Position in doctor's office; state salary, hours. A 40 Times.

NURSE.—Competent, refined young Scotch woman, as nurse to child over two years; best references. Z 894 Times Annex.

NURSE, undergraduate, wishes position in doctor's office. M. J. S., 86 Times.

NURSE.—Will take lady patient to Florida; $25 week. Box 114, 852 Columbus Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young woman to assist office, sales, or advertising manager and assume full responsibility in handling detail; 15 years' experience in business practice; expert stenographer; able letter writer; well schooled in English language; now employed; will only consider salary commensurate with such experience. O 368 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — One year's experience; assistant bookkeeper; American; figuring; $12. K 651 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, 2 years' experience; accurate, rapid, willing; $12. G 647 Times Downtown.

PROOFREADER, (union,) experienced in book, periodical, law, and commercial work, wishes position with reliable house. G 322 Times.

REFINED Swedish woman wants part day work; take child out or light housework; reference. R 48 Times.

REFINED Swiss-French wishes to take out children morning or afternoon. Write A. M., 238 West 56th St.

REFINED Swiss lady wishes to take care of invalid child, sleep home. Write A. M., 238 West 56th St.

SCALP TREATMENT, FACIAL MASSAGE. Young lady, employed by leading concern, desires customers for home treatments during day, evening; prices moderate. S 50 Times.

SEAMSTRESS.—Good at alteration; go out by day. Prouch, 185 West 101st St.

SECRETARY AND STENOGRAPHER.

I am now filling the second position in the office of a well-known firm of industrial engineers; I am receiving a salary of $35 a week and can see no chance of future advancement.

I am an exceedingly rapid, accurate stenographer; can handle correspondence on my own initiative and have developed, and am meeting a considerable amount of executive responsibility; I can see no future chance of advancement in my present position; I am, therefore, prepared to consider a new position, where further development is possible.

I am taking this step with the knowledge and approval of my present employer, to whom I shall be glad to refer. B 102 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, graduate filing school; 7 years' experience; speedy, systematic, conscientious; now employed semi-retired people, no advancement; prefer banking, law, literary, &c.; best references; $25. S 445 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, college training, expert, knowledge French, Germans; eight years' experience publishing, literary, medical, institutional; splendid worker; excellent references; start $25. K 712 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; executive ability; capable taking charge busy office; full-fledged bookkeeper; highest credentials; $25. K 763 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-COMPANION or Chaperon.—An agreeable, educated, refined woman, familiar with social usages, desires position; would travel; highest testimonials as to ability and character. W 397 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.
college graduate, with experience in positions where reliability and judgment were most essential; particularly familiar with chemical and drug line. G. G., 98 Times.

SECRETARY; NINE YEARS' LEGAL AND COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE, EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT; CHRISTIAN; DEPENDABLE, ENERGETIC; BEST REFERENCES. K 18 TIMES.

SECRETARY AND EXECUTIVE CLERK. Personality, initiative, tact, 14 years' successful experience, seeks connection high-grade export-import commission house. Address B 818 Times Annex.

SECRETARY for dental office, neat American girl, with good education; stenographer preferred; previous experience in similar position not absolutely necessary. S 78 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, broad experience, desires position where native ability, excellent education, earnestness, ambition are essential; $25. K 688 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, excellent stenographer, competent bookkeeper; textile experience; assume responsibility; initiative; executive ability; references; $28. B 1023 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, college education, 24, four years' experience, wishes position; highest credentials. 561 West 135th, Apt. 2. Audubon 3040.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer; banking, engineering, general commercial; knowledge bookkeeping; high school education; $25-$30. Efficiency, S 74 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, long years' business training; dependable, refined young woman, (33.) K 786 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, correspondent, stenographer; educated American; clean-cut work; systematic filing; prefer small important office near library. L 8 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Christian, with executive ability and experience, desires responsible position. Lore, 3,525 Broadway. Phone 3918 Audubon.

SECRETARIAL or executive position wanted by intelligent, efficient woman, where judgment and maturity count. B 806 Times Annex.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Young American woman; excellent experience; knowledge of French; executive ability; A1 references. X 252 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, COMPETENT, RESPONSIBLE; EDUCATED, REFINED. G 358 TIMES.

SECRETARY.—Middle-aged woman of long experience as secretary-stenographer; accurate, executive. X 279 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, efficient, executive ability; extensive experience; Christian; $22. S 77 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, educated and refined, desires situation Feb. 1; references. L 17 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, American, eight years' experience. X 287 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, refined, good education; varied experience; office routine, initiative. R 416 Times Downtown.

STATISTICAL WORK, college graduate; mathematics specialty; some business experience. K 54 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Young woman with exceptional experience in office work, seeks a position where intelligence and close attention to duty will be appreciated. She wishes to be careful as to the place she accepts, because of her desire to obtain a permanent place. Is accustomed to handling correspondence and invites an interview; salary $25 per week at beginning. Z 895 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—GENERAL ASSISTANT. Refined, sensible Christian, 28, seeks position with well-established concern; neat appearance; capable, reliable, accurate worker; high school education; knowledge bookkeeping; several years' mercantile, engineering, electrical experience; $20. B 830 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, banking, electrical, stock brokerage experience, prepossessing, above average intellect, uses discretion, common sense, accustomed technical dictation, accurate transcriptions, excellent memory, capable acting on own initiative; $25. G 613 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Absolutely reliable; 6 years' technical experience; highly proficient; capable mastering technicalities; grammatically good command English language; accurate, rapid transcriptions; excellent speller; always on the job; $20. B 790 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.

Young woman, nine years' experience and of exceptional ability, desires position where speed, accuracy, and neatness are essentials; competent to handle correspondence. O 392 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, knowledge bookkeeping; 5 years' mechanical export experience; versed up-to-date office methods; quick comprehension; age 23; conscientious, painstaking; $18. R 448 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, intelligent American, capable handling correspondence independently; neat, rapid worker; thoroughly experienced and dependable; references. B 1006 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; knowledge bookkeeping; 6 years' commercial experience; good education; initiative, efficient, and reliable; best reference. S 464 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; can also assist bookkeeper; 4 years' experience; best references; salary expected, $20-$22. S 402 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years as such to President large corporation; executive ability; willing, conscientious; salary $22. W 670 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY with executive ability, 11 years' experience, desires part-time position; best references. G 309 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Christian; high school business college education; five years' experience; reference best; $25. S 473 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Efficient, well trained; 6 years' commercial experience; thorough knowledge of office routine; salary $20. K 661 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, efficient, reliable; 3 years' experience; best reference; $18-$20. W., 8,731 81st Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience; initiative; forced out of employment by business reverses; permanent or temporary considered. H 259 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Familiar with office routine; competent, willing worker; not afraid hard work; two years' experience; $16. B 781 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; assistant bookkeeper, Christian, several years' experience, operate any machine, understands switchboard; $20. S 36 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, all round office worker; capable assuming responsibilities; several years' varied experience; most reliable references; $23-$25. Box 168, 1,464 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER (19) wishes position with jewelry house; thoroughly experienced and a willing worker; highest credentials. S 461 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, Barnard College graduate, resourceful, dependable, experienced; good correspondent; $20. A. B., Apt. 35, 701 West 177th.

STENOGRAPHER (19) desires connection with wholesale jewelry house; thoroughly experienced, willing, capable; best references. S 460 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Three years' commercial, legal experience; knowledge bookkeeping; references; $15. G 592 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, and general office assistant, woman, 35, practical and efficient, desires position at moderate salary. K 748 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; high-school graduate; 6 years' experience; executive ability; capable handling details; knowledge bookkeeping; $22. S 72 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian, familiar with bookkeeping; several years' practical experience; $25; excellent references. Box 245, Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, conscientious, reliable beginner; business school graduate; desires position. Gladys Perina, 87 East 58th St. Phone Plaza, 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, college girl, competent; three years' experience; ambitious; publishing or newspaper concern preferable, not essential. F 232 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, 130 words minute, commercial, technical, filing; good correspondent; high school education; $20-$25. Ability, S 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, conscientious worker, several years' experience; reference; $22. G 614 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-Assistant Bookkeeper. — Five years' experience; familiar with general office routine; $20. B. P., 1,024 Simpson St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good business training; takes dictation and transcribes accurately. Queenie Sterling, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza, 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, COLLEGE GRADUATE, experienced, refined, desires position advertising concern for advertising work. R 447 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience, high school education, conscientious, desires permanent position; salary $20. R 44 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Law experience; capable, refined young woman wants position with first-class firm; starting salary, $18-$20 weekly. H 798 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — Educated woman desires work about 8 hours daily. Mrs. G., 136 East 95th. Tel. 211 Lenox.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; competent; one year's experience; salary $12. F. Persch, 72 West 107th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; familiar with office work; Christian; $21. R 789 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Long experience; very capable; export, other lines; executive ability. S 467 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, billing experience; initiative; executive ability; references; $20. S 469 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, private secretary, fully capable of taking charge, desires position; salary $25. L 39 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, now employed, desires insurance broker's office position; conscientious, neat; $21. K 695 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, accurate, capable handling detail; 8 years' experience; references. K 21 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, expert; four years' experience; best references; salary $18. S 420 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 8 years' experience; best references; $25. X., 2,527 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2 years' experience; references; American; $15. S 429 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, five years' experience; good education, refined, Christian; $18. W 675 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with medical experience, age 30, doctor's office or institution. R 52 Times.

STENOGRAPHER thoroughly competent, four years' experience, salary $18; best references. A 127 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, superior education; intelligent, conscientious; working knowledge French, Spanish. L 5 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; figuring, billing, payrolls; experienced; American; salary $18. R 445 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, accurate, executive ability; 2 years' experience; salary $15. L 25 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, competent; excellent references; 4 years' experience; salary $20. K 15 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 3 years' experience, high school graduate, initiative, bright. B 1016 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, age 20, seeks permanent position; one year's experience; good reference; salary $14 to start. G 333 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard and dictaphone operator; 3½ years' experience; references. Phone Flatbush 7855.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years' experience, thoroughly competent; references; $18-$20. S 470 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Nine years' commercial, insurance; familiar office routine; salary $22. S 414 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 months' experience, high school education; conscientious, willing; $9. R 437 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, office detail, switchboard, initiative, seeks permanent position; $17. W 676 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge of office details; two years' experience; $15. Steno, 111 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; 5 years' experience; hard worker; neat appearance; competent; $21. S 463 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; neat and accurate. Telephone Miss F., Schuyler 2891.

STENOGRAPHER.—COMPETENT; HIGH-SCHOOL GRADUATE; $20. S 53 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; experienced; accurate; high school graduate; salary, $16. K 679 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, (22,) experienced, educated; bookkeeping knowledge; office routine; $22. B 1021 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; experienced; good penman; neat, accurate; salary, $16. G 601 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; competent; willing and hard worker; 2 years' experience; $15. S 456 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, painstaking, quick to learn; $14. B 815 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Bright beginner; $10 to start. H. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, executive ability, handle details; salary $22. L 83 Times.

STORIES, letters, poems, essays typed and edited by Kate Vannah, 51 W. 16th St., N.Y.

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS WOMAN IN OWN BUSINESS FOR SEVERAL YEARS; EXPERT ACCOUNTANT AND SYSTEMATIZER; GOOD SALESWOMAN; ACCUSTOMED TO HANDLING NUMBER EMPLOYES AND QUANTITY OF DETAIL; WISH TO MAKE CONNECTION WHERE WORK REQUIRES TRAVELING; WILL GO ANY PART OF COUNTRY; REMUNERATION NOT IMPORTANT. ADDRESS O 292 TIMES.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; 3 years' experience; age, 20; academic education, quick figuring, good penman, wideawake; references; $12. R 407 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and file clerk, Christian, good address, courteous; any board; first-class references; $15. S 35 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, FILE CLERK, 18, EXPERIENCED; BEST REFERENCES; SALARY $14, WITH ADVANCEMENT. G 383 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and office assistant, experienced, efficient; salary $16. W 398 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, 4 years' experience, wishes busy board. K 740 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Eight years' experience, any kind of board. R. Regan, 16 East 42d St.

TEACHER, experienced, diserise lementary grade work, or English classes; departmental; references. K 729 Times Downtown.

TEACHER. — Experienced teacher desires pupils; highest references. A., 442 Columbus Av.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Christian girl, central office, private board experience; understand typewriting; good reference; $15. S 472, Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, 7 years' experience, desires position reliable concern. Typist. B 791 Times Downtown.

TRAINED NURSE, physician's office, knowledge French, typewriting, accounts, wishes position. K 28 Times.

TRANSLATOR-SECRETARY. — College woman, wide business, literary, editing experience, fluently translating French, Russian, German into English and vice versa, (shorthand and typing), with knowledge foreign literature, seeks responsible position with business or publishing firm; highest references. L 14 Times.

TUTOR for children or secretarial position desired by young lady, college graduate; excellent penman; high credentials. S 411 Times Downtown.

TUTOR.—French-Grecian lady wishes resident position or visiting for young girl or boy; highest references. 142 W. 78th st.; E. B. L.

TYPIST, clerical work; one year's experience. Newman, 172 Stagg St., Brooklyn.

VISITING NURSE, intelligent, wishes position, full or part time. C. McKinney, 100 W. 89th St.

VISITING lady's maid; first-class seamstress and first-class references. S 10 Times.

VISITING TEACHER, children or adults; backward pupils advanced. Miss Richmond, 22 West 127th.

WASHING.—Colored woman wishes small wash at home. 9655 Audubon.

WASHING.—Take bundle wash home; out. Haynes, 69 West 99th St.

WESTERN woman, excellent stenographer, eight years' secretarial experience, position in publishing house, opportunity to work into editorial line; college English, French, some Spanish; extensive travel United States, Europe, West Indies; some free lance writing. K 13 Times.

WOMAN, capable, who can cook good things, careful and artistic, can put your home or apartment in good order, would like few more appointments, day or hour; references. S 44 Times.

WOMAN, young, refined, desires position lady's maid or useful companion; excellent needlewoman, competent; city, traveling. O 398 Times.

WOMAN.—An energetic woman who can manage or cook, would like position in refined tea room. S 43 Times.

YOUNG LADY bookkeeper, controlling accounts, typewriting, accustomed waiting on retail trade, desires change; capable of taking entire charge of office; wishes to be connected with reliable house. W 362 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, having eight years' experience, wishes an executive position; particularly qualified to handle correspondence. G 600 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, efficient, typist, long experience office work, desires position of trust; can take charge of small office. Box 19, Station F.

YOUNG WOMAN, experienced practical nurse; understands massaging; willing to assist light domestic duties; references. Schuyler 1978. 57 West 83d St.

YOUNG LADY; thorough knowledge French, Russian, English; experienced translator, compiler, and research worker; moderate. R 1017 Times Harlem.

YOUNG WOMAN, care child, daily; highest references, experience; state salary. B 241 Times.

YOUNG LADY, university graduate, with newspaper experience and typing, wants position with publishing house. A 67 Times.

YOUNG LADY, experienced assistant to credit man, desires position with first-class house. G 412 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY would teach French, piano for room and breakfast. A 117 Times.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway, at 72d St.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

A FIFTH AV. MILLINERY HOUSE, DOING A LARGE BUSINESS, WOULD LIKE TO SUBLET PART OF SHOWROOM SHOW WINDOWS AND LARGE BASEMENT TO A RELIABLE DRESS HOUSE. ADDRESS S. S., 801 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants; excellent cooks; investigated references; seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165; Domestic Service Agency, 320 W. 59th.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 814 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

SELECT COLORED HOUSEWORKERS, chefs, chambermaids, part-time maids, laundresses; references investigated. Augusta Agency, 333 W. 53d; Columbus 5129.

$100,000 to loan in small amounts; quick action. Dwight, Archibald & Perry, 137 West 23d St.; Farragut 5360.

BERTA GARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th,) Riverside 9403.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, age 31, now employed, desires make change, position as traveling auditor or special accountant. K 17 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, university graduate, desires connection with C. P. A. or public accountant; at present in charge auditing department large concern. G 632 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 23, 7 years' experience, Pace training, desires connection with C. P. A., temporary or permanent. Weiss, 590 East 138th St.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, (29,) general and cost; good executive; 12 years' experience managing large offices; university education. K 761 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive with record of achievement, seeks position of responsibility with large corporation. G 509 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT desires position with firm of accountants as semi-senior; complete audits without supervision; best references. B 478 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ABLE AND WILLING
LINOTYPE
OPERATOR
DESIRES SITUATION,
either newspaper or job; many years' experience in the composing room of an afternoon paper; references; also qualified to take mechanical portion of advertising agency. Address Basil, K 749 Times Downtown.

ABLE EXECUTIVE TO HIRE.
Successful executive as manager of finance, credits, collections, also auditor and accountant, seeks larger field for "A FUTURE"; present employed and not type of man who looks for jobs; offers present and past references; executive you often need but seldom find. Here he is. K 718 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, general and cost; graduate of American and French colleges; also two years' university training; highly qualified by extensive experience; eight years with large English concern as accountant, auditor; three years with present firm in the same capacity; age 35, married; Armenian-American nationality; will consider offer only from prominent business houses. K 544 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, and expert stenographer and office manager, 10 years with large railroad organization and during war Second Lieutenant in army; capable of executive work; 33 years old, single; desire secretarial, accounting or other similar position with organization where there is opportunity for advancement. X 297 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE,
office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT, Auditor, Office Executive, with thorough training and varied experience, constructive worker and tactful organizer, understanding credits, collections, systems, correspondence, tax reports, office routine, seeks connection with concern requiring immediate and money-saving results. A 91 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE,
office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, executive's assistant, 23, married, just released from accounting department of United States Government; experienced in detail work; knowledge of business law and organization; highest credentials. Maurice Glezer, 1,451 Crotona Place, Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
DESIRES POSITION, OFFICE MANAGER, 32, college graduate; good technical education; three years' public accounting practice; ten years' manufacturing office experience, costs, systems, statements, credits, collections. K 752 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE.
Age 32, married; 15 years' thorough experience, modern office management and accountancy, systematizer, organizer, and economizer, desires connection where thorough knowledge and loyalty will be appreciated. S 28 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, broad manufacturing experience, modern cost and financial accounting; present assistant senior auditor connected with fifteen plants; age 37, married; salary $3,000; thorough executive, capable, mature business judgment. L 793 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.—29; one who held responsible position as office manager and general auditor with out-of-town concern and at present employed as senior accountant; college graduate; well recommended; minimum salary $50. K 764 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER. — Now located Boston, seeks permanent position near New York City; age 31, married; nine years' experience, university education; best of references; available Feb. 1. Address replies Room 412, 79 Washington Place, City.

ACCOUNTANT, Credit Man, Office Manager, 39, 20 years' commercial experience, good systematizer and efficient worker, with strong executive ability, at present employed, desires to make a change; salary $3,000. K 738 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, seeking executive position; age 30; training at accounting and civil engineering; experienced at cost and general accounting, civil and efficiency engineering; will prove invaluable anywhere; salary $4,000. Z 387 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT AND SYSTEMATIZER.
Monthly, yearly audits, reports; books opened, closed, systematized, to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endries, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 8115.

ACCOUNTANT, organizer, systematizer, certified, recently resigned from emergency fleet work, open for engagement; highest credentials for installation of costs and accounting systems. Box 2, 488 St. Nicholas Av. Telephone Morningside 5375.

ACCOUNTANT.—Married man, 18 years' practical experience, covering every detail; am public accountant at present, desire opening where ability will be appreciated; $3,000. R 45 Times.

ACCOUNTANT and office manager, ten years' experience with manufacturing concern, recently Government work, wants position with industrial or accounting firm; highest references. A 65 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-MANAGER.—Ten years' experience; executive ability; familiar with costs and statistical records; also financial statements. Lange, 9 Roosevelt Av., Jersey City.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, 40; broad experience in office management and corporate accounting, cost production, sales statistics, Government and State tax reports; credentials. O 346 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, New York University graduate 1916, six years' corporation auditing, public accounting experience, accustomed to independent audits, reports, seeks senior position with C. P. A. O 360 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (30,) married, desires connection mercantile concern; financial statements, credits, costs, correspondence, and tax reports; take full charge; highest references. A 74 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangement, $2.50 weekly service, not fat fees. Alpert Barst, Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 29, seeks connection with large mercantile or accounting firm; 12 years' experience in office management; cost and general accounting. K 762 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, 26, systematic and practical, five years' experience in office details, correspondence, and extension of credit; college education; honorable discharge. G 644 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income tax expert; books audited, systematized; part time bookkeeping; spare time evenings, Saturday afternoons; reasonable; will also consider $3,000 permanent position. G 523 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 17 years' experience financial foreign; now employed; can take full charge; salary $45; can call 12-1 only. K 711 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Tax reports, financial statements; books closed, opened, audited; bookkeeping arrangements $2 weekly. Rossin, 42 Broadway; Broad 6423.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, (20,) second year New York University, desires connection with certified public accountant. A. B., 840 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service; not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, 26, experienced semi-senior, wishes connection with certified concern; best references; salary secondary. O 359 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (39;) EXPERIENCED; MARRIED; CREDITS, COLLECTIONS, CHARGE OF OFFICE; $50. G 571 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER.—Hardware, publishing, advertising experience; thoroughly competent; six years successful; age 30. K 9 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR; cost and system expert; contract work all United States and foreign countries. Freybourg, 874 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 784 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; tax estimates made, balance sheets, profits statements prepared. B 765 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior N. Y. U. graduate, competent, desires permanent C. P. A. connection. O 21 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, junior, seeks position with accounting firm; references. G 366 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires good connections reliable accounting firm; references. S 434 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; correspondent, typist; fast, accurate worker; desires evening employment. S 475 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, cost and general; years' experience office manager; now in charge of office; university graduate. K 42 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.—Senior; temporary or part-time engagements; competent; reasonable. G 332 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, JUNIOR, student bookkeeping experience, seeks connection with public accountant. W 878 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Public and export accounting experience; accurate and easy worker; salary $2,400. R 15 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 2 years with O P A., desires make change. K 643 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, Christian; anything needed done on books; defective systems remedied. A 86 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Discharged sailor, Naval Disbursing Office, seeks reliable connection. A 105 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires evening work about 3 nights per week. S 54 Times.

ACCOUNTANT will give two days weekly for $5. B 1018 Times Harlem.

A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT,
handling the accounts and finances of a score of large estates and trusts for prominent law firm, would welcome opportunity to connect direct with one or more estates on own account; no objection to combining other lines of accounting; long and varied experience in all branches of financial and commercial endeavor involving intricate technical problems and detail; income tax expert. Economist, S 467 Times Downtown.

A DISCHARGED OFFICER, college graduate, with 2½ years' banking and bond experience, desires to connect with large manufacturing concern or export house. Apt 82, Seymour Hotel, West 45th St.

ADV. WRITER,
with 15 years' practical experience, as advertising manager for makers of wearables, drug products, foods, and as planman for agency, promotion mgr. for publisher; open Feb. 1; salary reasonable for trial period; alert, energetic, sensible American. O 393 Times.

ADVERTISERS:
Do you require services of young man, honorably discharged, with plenty of energy as well as ability to think effectively and write forcefully? Splendid dealer, sales promotion and agency experience; N. Y. U. training; samples available. S. M., 68 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER. — Constructive, imaginative; strong on ideas, convincing in copy; safe from standpoint of experience and round judgment; mail order or publicity. Agency or advertiser connection desired. G 158 Times.

ADVERTISING AGENCY. — Can you use night student advertising, 27, unmarried, service discharge, to learn business; moderate salary; do typewriting, correspondence, bookkeeping, selling, billing, checking. Harry Feinblatt, Columbia University, Hartley Hall.

ADVERTISING MAN who can think, produce selling ideas and write commonsense copy; I can give information about your goods in an attractive way—that's advertising; I avoid "clever" stuff, also downright dullness—that's commonsense; varied experience; college graduate; age 36; $45. X 296 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING.
Former member firm (now discharged army officer) of small advertising agency seeks proposition which would privilege him to write, to sell, to manage, or to promote. X 247 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN,
thoroughly experienced, desires connection with progressive trade paper or agency, commission basis, with salary. A 73 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.
Thoroughly experienced; newspaper, catalog, direct mail; desires position with national advertiser, mail order house, or department store. Capable assuming full charge. S 51 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, (17,) earnest student of advertising for last four months, desires to change from present position to one with advertiser or advertising agency; clerical experience; references. G 589 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.
A proven business builder, with exceptionally high recommendations from leading concerns, desires position with progressive manufacturer or wholesale house. G 295 Times.

ADVERTISER AND CORRESPONDENT.—American; original brains; out of the rut; at your service in any line; salary to start, $50 weekly. Henderson, 2,972 Marion Av., city.

ADVERTISING SERVICE MAN WHO CAN SELL
wants connection with growing agency; three years' advertising experience; two years selling; young and aggressive. G 349 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN, wide experience, newspaper training; former agency copywriter publicity expert; full of ideas; has originated successful sales plans; excellent references; E. G., L 15 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, extensive general and trade publication experience, wide acquaintance, open for engagement; best credentials. R 419 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Splendidly educated, thoroughly trained and experienced, with initiative, originality and good judgment—an energetic, practical, advertising man. Write, giving interview, K 8 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN, open for position as layout and printing man; in good agency; practical man; expert in type; with agency experience and has made good. S 61 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN, varied experience, ideas, initiative, sale planning, impressive layouts, copy that sells; house organs; art, A 66 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, copy writer, 14 years' experience, open to handle live proposition; commission or salary basis. W. W., 48 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR and salesman, A1, experienced display with leading evening paper, desires change; best references. W 864 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, several years' experience publicity work; exceptional. R 469 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AGENCY
experience wanted by student of advertising; creative department preferred. R 35 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, sixteen years' department store experience; assistant or head. K 36 Times.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER.—Mail order; part time if preferable. C. H. Williams, 135 Broadway.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, 7 years' newspaper experience, age 34, married, reliable. O 332 Times.

AGENT desires position, rent collector; ten years with one concern; best of references; reliable. K 719 Times Downtown.

AIRPLANE mechanician, thoroughly experienced in all branches, soon relieved from Naval Air Service, open for position. Finishing course Columbia Gas Engine School. Refer Curtiss Airplane Corp., K 26 Times.

A LIVE MAGAZINE MAN,
college graduate, 29; thorough circulation experience; specializes in mail campaigns; big results; resourceful, original; moves mountains; $50. S 30 Times.

AMERICAN ARTILLERY OFFICER going abroad, released active service, will undertake special commissions; civil life advertising, sales specialist; record for results in selling and executive work. Z 351 Times Annex.

AN EXECUTIVE
WITH UNUSUAL EXPERIENCE,
ACCOUNTING
AND OFFICE MANAGEMENT,
Resigned as comptroller large corporation to accept army commission; honorable discharge just granted; 14 years' experience; executive in charge financial, accounting, operating departments more than one enterprise nation-wide activities. A 63 Times.

AN OFFICER now in France on active service is desirous of securing a position which would warrant resigning commission as Captain; both college and legal education; practicing law successfully five years, until the declaration of war; invite examination of army record; commanded battalion while on the "front"; energetic, capable, good personality, public speaker; wide experience; furnish highest recommendations; a chance to make good is all that is asked; a position where legal knowledge is necessary preferred; forced to use this advertisement because of absence from the U. S. A.; married; age 29. O. B. Kelly, Captain 56th Infantry, A. P. O. 793, American Exped. Force, France.

APPRAISAL ENGINEER.—Cost accountant, familiar with Government requirements, executive ability, field management; twenty years' experience; trustworthy. S 48 Times.

ARCHITECT, established professional and executive ability, successful in developing clientele and administration of office and field organizations, project financing and contracting, thorough knowledge of building materials and how to buy or sell them, desires connection with architect, development company, general contractors, or distributers of high-class building material; exceptional qualification for connection offering consistent returns. K 735 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECTURAL SUPERINTENDENT. — Lehigh graduate, ten years' experience, specialized building construction details, handling sub-contractors; keen on specifications, and adjustment of differences between parties concerned; highest endorsements. A 76 New York Times, Brooklyn.

ARCHITECT-ENGINEER, technical training; 10 years' practical experience in design of modern commercial and industrial buildings, familiar with all types building construction, seeks responsible position; salary, $50 week. M. R. J., 214 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn.

ARMY OFFICER discharged, college, technical, university graduate; position offering advancement. B 81 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ARMY OFFICER,
HONORABLY DISCHARGED.
A VALUABLE MAN,
ENERGETIC, ADAPTABLE,
RESOURCEFUL, AGGRESSIVE.
EXPERIENCED IN
ACCOUNTING,
BUSINESS LAW,
TAX REPORTS,
PURCHASING,
CORPORATION,
TECHNICAL AND
EXECUTIVE WORK.
CAN MANAGE
MINES,
FACTORIES,
LARGE STORES,
UTILITIES,
OR
COMBINATION OF VARIED INTERESTS FOR ATTORNEY, FINANCIER, OR LARGE ESTATE.
ATTRACTIVE PERSONALITY.
START AT NOMINAL SALARY.
A PRODUCER.
GOOD REFERENCES.
MUST HAVE WORK AT ONCE.
S 33 TIMES.

ARMY OFFICER, about to return to civil life, desires connection with a concern doing an export or domestic business; college graduate; thorough technical and business training and experience; exceptional executive ability and fine personal appearance; has traveled extensively in this country. Officer, W 393 Times.

ARMY OFFICER, aviator, desires any position with future; college graduate; business education. H., Box 19, Mineola, L. I.

ARTIST desires connection with photographer to do portraits in pencil and water color. G 840 Times.

ASSISTANT SALES MANAGER,
well educated, (25,) 6 years' experience, salesmanship, competent stenographer and assistant office manager, desires responsible position with chance of advancement; salary $25.00. R 465 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE.—Efficient and progressive young man, thoroughly experienced in office management and correspondence, and who has initiative and original ideas, desires position where advancement is assured. S 47 Times.

ASSISTANT, Young man, 20, well educated, experienced, capable relieving employer of many details; stenographer, seeks position. A 131 Times.

ASSISTANT to executive—28; energetic; student "Efficiency" and "Business Psychology." A 238 Times.

ASSISTANT to editor or publisher of trade journal or on desk of daily; available now. L 6 Times.

ATTENTION, MANUFACTURERS, EXPORTERS
in need of an unusual, high-grade man for New York or European representation; advertiser now employed; ready entertain offer from high-class, established firm; my experience as salesman and salesmanager is international; for five years representative one largest American manufacturers in Europe with headquarters London, Paris; highest credentials. X 274 Times Annex.

ATTENTION.
Discharged army officer, married, 23, desires responsible position, paying living wage; energetic, ambitious, strong personality. R 49 Times.

ATTORNEY, energetic business executive, good correspondent, experienced corporation and commercial law, seeks business connection; moderate compensation. B 780 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR, invoice, experienced, competent, desires position with reliable concern; good correspondent, executive ability; moderate compensation; highest credentials; kindly make appointments for evening. G 272 Times.

AUTOMOBILE SERVICE MANAGER,
16 YEARS' AUTOMOBILE EXPERIENCE, EIGHT YEARS EXECUTIVE, ORGANIZED AND DEVELOPED ONE OF THE LARGEST HIGH-CLASS SERVICE DEPARTMENTS IN GREATER NEW YORK. PROVEN ABILITY, UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCE, JUST RELEASED AS ENGINEER OFFICER U. S. AIR SERVICE. DESIRES IMMEDIATE CONNECTION; WILL LOCATE ANYWHERE. R 6 TIMES.

AUTO ACCESSORIES.—Mechanical engineer desires supervising position; production and experimental development; 20 years' experience. K 705 Times Downtown.

BANK MAN with thorough training from the ranks to executive office of trust company, with knowledge of bond and security values seeks desirable opening with estate, private investor, investment bankers, or bank; best references. X 201 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; factory cost clerk, rapid typist; highly educated; good personality; conversant with improved accounting methods, corporation financial statements, trial balances rendered; seeks position where efficiency, reliability will be appreciated; $25. F 261 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, WELL VERSED IN CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS, TRIAL BALANCES, BALANCE SHEETS, PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENTS; ABLE SUPERVISE AND ASSUME FULL CHARGE; SALARY $40. O 371 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER and accountant, possessing initiative, tact, and executive ability, N. Y. U. training; can analyze accounts, draw up financial, statistical statements, and prepare income tax returns; 10 years' experience. K 3 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, honorably discharged; thoroughly experienced modern accounting methods, voucher system, controlling accounts; excellent references; $25. R 436 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balances and statements taken, double entry; thorough knowledge of office system and efficiency; $23; age 19; Christian American; competent; references. R 410 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and assistant auditor, young man, married, of good habits and integrity, desires to connect with a firm or organization that would appreciate services of a willing and conscientious worker. A 52 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, two years' office experience, accurate at figures, good penman; excellent references; salary moderate. Conscientious, R 414 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, honorably discharged; N. Y. U. advanced accountancy student; controlling accounts, statements, trial balance; experienced; references. B 1014 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, familiar all details office work, honorably discharged from army, desires position where exceptional ability will be appreciated. K 681 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT desires position with reliable firm as office manager, head bookkeeper; full charge payrolls and books; best references from past employer. R 479 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced accountant, useful office man, desires position with wholesale concern; best references; moderate salary. O 314 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, age 42, single, American, Christian; trial balance, also stenographer; reliable; references; $23. K 680 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, typist, payroll clerk, five years' experience, college training, seeks position with progressive firm. S 425 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, knowledge of stenography, competent, reliable, well recommended; 6 years' experience; salary, $25. R 12 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; good education, reliable; university student; manufacturing concern preferred; $25. S 465 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, long, varied experience, at present employed, desires to make change; salary $2,000. H 791 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, honorably discharged, accountancy student, two years' experience, desires connection firm offering future; interview requested. G 626 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable, experienced, reliable or clerical position; no objection to night work. "Ambitious," 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; trial balance; $25; take charge. B 828 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, 10 years' experience; efficient; $25. Live Wire, O 377 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,) married, released from Government service; trial balances, financial statements; capable assuming responsibility. G 579 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; 26; six years' experience; army discharge; trial balance, statements; accurate, reliable; excellent references. R 444 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER.—Active, reliable man, (45,) thoroughly experienced, trial balances, complete charge; highest references; $30 weekly. G 650 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, back work written up and balanced; monthly audits; part time bookkeeping; anything you want. A 87 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; 26; six years' experience; married; competent, reliable; references. K 723 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—One year's experience; good penman, rapid figures; American; $15. K 670 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, controlling accounts; excellent experience; salary moderate. G 648 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, typewriter, man over 50, desires position. O 316 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 35, fifteen years' experience; best reference; unemployed. S 417 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; year with certified public accountant; $18. Horberth, 613 Columbus Av.

BOOKKEEPER desires position few evenings week, Saturday, writing up small set of books; thoroughly efficient. A 96 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, executive ability, 15 years' experience; all around office man; salary $30. Krias, 753 East 151st St.

BOOKKEEPER, 28; fire insurance experience; highest credentials. B 1007 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; experienced; control, double entry ledgers; executive ability; $30. O 365 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 20 years' experience; take full charge; reliable, steady; references. G 590 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, married; executive ability; honorably discharged; position of responsibility. S 49 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 24; four years' experience; college education; excellent penman; references. K 653 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22; thoroughly experienced, audits, statements, reconciliations; complete charge; $25. B 784 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; 7 years' experience; controlling accounts; unquestionable references. G 638 Times Downtown.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, recent graduate M. I. T., desires research position in New York City or vicinity. R 24 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent, well recommended, would connect with reliable house. G 582 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance, controlling accounts, seeks position with progressive concern. K 742 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, 10 years' experience, desires work evenings, Saturday afternoon. R 458 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, office manager; college graduate; 8 years' experience; recommended. G 273 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST; knowledge of stenography; bright beginner; $10 to start. A. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOSTON SALESMAN.
With a clear and successful record, able to produce; ten years experience calling on the cloak, suit, and dress manufacturers in Boston and vicinity, wishes to connect with a reliable concern; best of references. Robert Silverman, 46 Fowler St., Dorchester, Mass.

BOY.—Cotton, silk, stock experience; bright; fine appearance; references; $15. R 42 Times.

BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT and estimator, large experience and best references, wants connection with good firm. B 793 Times Downtown.

BUTLER.—Japanese, young, sober, honest, experienced, wishes position as useful butler in family. P., 463 East 57th St.

BUTLER.—Young Korean wants position in evening; reference. A 70 Times.

BUYER.
Thoroughly experienced women's and children's ready-to-wear buyer open for connection with progressive house, where brains and up-to-date ideas are wanted; excellent references. S 41 Times.

BUYER.—Hosiery and underwear; qualified by years of experience to fill responsible position. Joseph Kaufman, 1546 Ave. A.

BUYER AND MANAGER
MEN'S FURNISHINGS; UNQUESTIONABLE REFERENCES; NO OBJECTION TO GO OUT OF TOWN. S 324 TIMES.

CAPTAIN OF ENGINEERS, about to leave service, desires connection with manufacturer in engineering or production work; is graduate civil engineer, with 8 years' experience in design and construction, also in making investigations and reports; has been in responsible charge; can handle men and organize work; salary $4,000; would value genuine opportunity. K. B., 814 Times.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, NEW YORK,
desires permanent position with financial or commercial concern; ten years' varied experience; exceptional references; recent engagement with Government during period of war now terminated; minimum salary $5,000. B 792 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR. — Japanese; single; skilled mechanic; 10 years driving foreign, domestic automobiles; abstainer; efficient, trustworthy, polite; careful driver; no objection room with board; city or country; best recommendation; letter only. Kaneko, 184 High St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, useful man, single, 12 years' good references; on high-grade cars, excellent mechanic, own tools and repairs, neat, temperate, trustworthy, and obliging, wishes position in private family on high-class cars only. A 72 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 32, single, expert mechanic, desires position with private family wanting a competent and conscientious driver; have had 12 years' driving and shop experience; all cars; do all repairs; best references. Alfred Bodewig, 260 Willis Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; married, without family; 9 years' experience driving and repairing all makes of high-class foreign and domestic cars; careful and obliging; best references ability and character. Raymond, 206 East 72d St. Rhinelander 2510.

CHAUFFEUR.—Just released from army air service, former first-class New York driver, having experience on all first-class cars; A1 mechanic; private family preferred. J. Williams, 2,345 Webster Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; first-class city driver; good mechanic; experience on high-grade cars; honest, sober; best references. Danielson, 128 West 124th St.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, single, 10 years' experience, desires position with private family; best references; prefer Packard, Cadillac, Hudson; wages not under $80. Kuco, 3,866 B'way.

CHAUFFEUR, Swedish, age 30, wishes private position; absolutely sober, honest, neat and willing; 8 years' experience; careful driver and good mechanic. R. Carlson, 82 West 98th St., New York.

CHAUFFEUR, best reference; 6 years' experience; honorable discharge from army; desires position with private family. Box 113, 852 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR DESIRES POSITION WITH PRIVATE FAMILY; BEST REFERENCES; FAMILIAR WITH ALL HIGH-CLASS CARS. Z 224 TIMES BRONX.

CHAUFFEUR AND GARDENER, 28, careful driver; thoroughly acquainted with city, wishes private position; 5 years' chauffeur experience; best of references. G 262 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Japanese; sober, neat; careful driver; long experience valet; good references. Chauffeur, Murray Hill 2368.

CHAUFFEUR, Scotch, single, careful driver, mechanic, first-class references, obliging, go anywhere, desires position private family. G 308 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, well recommended, American, wants country position; experienced Cadillac, Packard, other cars; moderate wages. W 389 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, (32,) ten years' experience, highest references, unmarried, steady; work with private family. J. F., 153 West 64th.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, own repairing; wife for cook or housework. Call before 2. A. S., 137 West 95th St. Phone Riverside 4183.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married; superior to the average; 12 years' private references; investigate. Chauffeur, 503 High St., Long Branch.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, good references, desires position; moderate salary. Grey, 66 East 124th.

CHAUFFEUR desires position, country preferred; good reference; last employer can be seen. Chauffeur, 165 East 86th, City.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, have 9 years' experience, expert driver, good mechanic; best reference; go anywhere. Joshi, 582 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR and wife, young couple, desire positions; wife, houseworker. Seppala, 182 East 127th.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic, reliable young man wishes private position; city or country; best references. G 344 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, all cars. J. B., 2,504 E. 14th st., Brooklyn; telephone 625 Coney Island.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 5 years' experience, desires position. Deckhoff, 997 Morris Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, colored; 5 years with automobile concern. Cephas, 242 West 63d St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, 16 years' experience, high-grade cars. Scheiblin, 526 East 29th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

CHAUFFEUR. — Position wanted by young man, English, willing to be useful; in country. Sansum, 409 East 64th St., City.

CHEMIST.—A university man, A. M. degree chemistry, honorably discharged from Chemical Warfare Service, 15 months in army, now desires responsible position in any capacity where ability and dependability bring advancement; promising future more important than present salary; 32 years; married; best credentials. Chemist, 132 West 64th St.

CHEMIST.—A university graduate chemist, honorably discharged from army, looking for a "job" rather than a snap of a "position"; successful experience in handling men; prefer factory work offering future, but will accept anything worth while. A. W., 68 Columbus Av. Tel. Columbus 9549.

CHEMIST.— Pharmaceutical, graduate; several years' experience taking charge of analytic research and manufacturing departments. Salary moderate. L 237 Times Bronx.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, Columbia graduate 1917; Hebrew; married; analytical, organic, research experience; evening work considered. C 263 West 125th St.

CHEMIST, 26, five years' experience research, factory, acids, intermediates, dyestuffs, pharmaceuticals, desires new connections; excellent references. S 17 Times.

CHEMIST, organic, graduate, three (3) years' experience specialized in chemistry of dopes, pigmented dopes, varnishes, enamels. G 192 Times.

CHEMIST, recent graduate; short plant laboratory experience; released U. S. Army. G 347 Times.

CHEMIST released by U. S. Government desires good and steady position. A. R. Silberg, 219 Livonia Av., Brooklyn.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, 6 years of experience, wants position. C 10 Times Bronx.

CHIEF INSTRUCTOR large airplane school, engineer, thoroughly familiar motors, good draftsman, designer, and writer, desires connection with aeronautical concern, school, or publication. G 250 Times.

CHIEF of party, college education, 27 years old, married; 5 years' varied construction experience; accurate surveys, town layout; executive ability. X 229 Times Annex.

CIVIL ENGINEER, 26, college and technical education, five years' experience, general construction with responsibility, seeking general employment; vicinity New York; moderate salary to start. S 5 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER, 8 years' designing, drafting, construction experiences, wishes to connect with contracting or industrial concern. O 358 Times.

CLERK, 25, married, navy release; experienced general office work; expert files, card system, &c.; well recommended. B 838 Times Annex.

COLLEGE MAN, (22,) just discharged from officers' training camp, desires connection with reliable concern. G 572 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN, 28, honorably discharged, wishes position 5 to 12 P. M. Saturday afternoons at anything. L 16 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE and newspaper man of ability, 26, is looking for good opening in advertising field. A 126 Times.

COLLEGE MAN, (24,) four years' business and selling experience; references. A 118 Times.

COMPTROLLER.

COMPTROLLER FOR A LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE DESIRES A CHANGE; A YOUNG MAN WITH 20 YEARS OF PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE; UNDERSTANDS DEPT. STORE ACCOUNTING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES; A SUCCESSFUL HANDLER OF EMPLOYES AND IN ENTIRE CHARGE OF FINANCES, EXPENSES, SYSTEMS, AND RESPONSIBILITIES CONNECTED WITH A LARGE INSTITUTION; WOULD CONSIDER SIMILAR POSITION OR SELLING AGENCY OF A MERITORIOUS ARTICLE THAT ONLY A PRACTICAL DEPT. STORE MAN CAN BEST INTRODUCE. X 206 TIMES ANNEX.

COOK wants position in restaurant, hotel, or private family; speaks French and English; good references. Kurkjian, 132 88th St., Brooklyn. Phone Bryant 4967, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

COOK-BUTLER.—Couple; wife cook, houseworker; man butler, chauffeur; in city; $90. 62 West 124th St., care of Bentz.

COOK.—Japanese, 25 years' experience, for cooking, hotel, restaurant, private family. O 313 Times.

COPY WRITER, stenographer, salesman, experienced, desires position. Alper, 164 Madison St., city.

CORRESPONDENT—CLAIM ADJUSTER.
Age 26, ten years' business experience, six years' mail order, sales promotion work, two years' assistant manager bureau of adjustments large department store, two years in charge of claim department of automobile accessory line, handling both customers' and traffic claims; honorably discharged as Lieutenant in U. S. Army; can furnish very best of references. H. H., 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

CORRESPONDENT-EXECUTIVE.
Experienced mail salesman, 27, married, seeks permanent connection with progressive concern; writes sales letters that pull; follow-up systems; circulars, catalogues; buys printing, engraving, paper; well recommended. Equity, R 50 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, capable, live wire; college graduate, 29; high-grade mail-order experience; writes with punch and point; pulls big results; hustler; $40. S 31 Times.

CORRESPONDENT. — Legal knowledge; bookkeeper; general office and credit work; can well handle responsible position. O 351 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT.

YOUNG MAN, 25 YEARS OF AGE, HAS HAD SEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN LARGE INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS.
AT PRESENT EMPLOYED AS CHIEF SHOP ACCOUNTANT FOR ONE OF THE LARGEST MUNITION FIRMS IN THE WORLD.
DUE TO PLANT SHUTDOWN WILL BE OPEN FOR OTHER ENGAGEMENT FEBRUARY 3, 1919.
CAN ASSUME FULL CHARGE, AND, BASED UPON PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, CAN GENERALLY GET RESULTS.
EXCELLENT RECORD AND CREDENTIALS. X 302 TIMES ANNEX.

COUPLE married, (white,) Christians, wish position with family, wife as cook, husband chauffeur; 15 years' experience; country preferred or chauffeur to live on premises. Address C. S., 1,039 3d Av.

COUPLE, useful cook, man butler, valet, competent and reliable, wishes position in small family or bachelor apt. to do entire work; highly recommended. Write, H. B., Box 3, 1335 3d Av.

COUPLE, butler, cook and chambermaid, three relatives, competent, trustworthy, wish to go together; highly recommended; city preferred. Write, R, Box 3, 1,335 3d Av.

COUPLE, no children, want position caretaker in exchange for rooms; husband employed. W. H., care Meier, 128 East 96th St., New York.

COUPLE.—Chauffeur, 32, does own repairs; 10 years' experience; wife, 24, excellent cook; best references. Weler, 407 E. 84th.

COUPLE-CHAUFFEUR. — Careful driver, mechanic; wife cook, housekeeper; city, country. O 399 Times.

COUPLE, FRENCH; BUTLER, COOK; experienced; good wages; anywhere. O 340 Times.

CREDIT MANAGER.

AT PRESENT WITH VERY LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN, IS OPEN FOR IMMEDIATE CONNECTION WITH PROGRESSIVE AND RELIABLE HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD RECORD AND FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. G 260 TIMES.

CREDIT MAN.—Collections and adjustments; thoroughly capable; executive ability; 12 years' business experience; four years in charge credit department; honorably discharged from army; age 28; American; good education. Z 369 Times Annex.

CREDITS-COLLECTIONS. — Six years' successful experience; progressive, systematic, effective; capable correspondent; offers brains, hard work, loyalty; age 30. K 19 Times.

CREDIT MAN, accounting, auditing, credits, collections, merchandising, office management, ten years' experience, recently discharged army, seeks position any of above lines. O 36 New York Times, Brooklyn.

CREDIT MAN, COLLECTION MANAGER will obtain honorable discharge from army within two weeks; thoroughly experienced and capable; solicits correspondence. O 345 Times.

CREDIT MAN, (32,) thorough conception credits, collections, 12 years's experience, seeks good connection; highest credentials. B 227 Times.

CREDIT MAN-ACCOUNTANT, (30,) experienced, capable, energetic; assume full charge; best references; permanent; can invest; manufacturer. A 80 Times.

CREDIT, collection, and office manager desires position. S 443 Times Downtown.

DANISH business man, 8 years' mercantile experience in U. S., and best connections abroad, wants to represent American firms in Scandinavia. L 37 Times.

DEPT. STORE.
ADVERTISING MANAGER

DESIRES TO MAKE CHANGE. OUTGROWN POSSIBILITIES OF PRESENT POSITION. ABLE EXECUTIVE, GOOD MERCHANDISING JUDGMENT, AND FORCEFUL WRITER. AGE 32; UNQUESTIONABLE CHARACTER; MARRIED. K 12 TIMES.

DESIGNING ENGINEER has considerable experience in developing chemical and other machinery and inventions for quantity production. Write K. K., 1819 St. James Bldg.

DO YOU WISH to extend your foreign trade? The advertiser has had 10 years' experience in European work, organizing and directing successful sales campaigns through dealers in a high-grade specialty; highest references can be given; interview desired. G 275 Times.

DO YOU WISH to extend your foreign trade? The advertiser has had 10 years' experience in European work, organising and directing successful sales campaigns through dealers in a high-grade specialty; highest references can be given; interview desired. G 275 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, steel and reinforced concrete designer, technical graduate, 7 years' practical experience, mill buildings, industrial plants; A1 references, desires position with contractor or consulting engineer in New York City. S 37 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 14 years' experience, desires spare time work at home; also map, machine, mechanical tracing; neat worker; 75 cents hour; reliable. O 655 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN-ENGINEER.—Wide experience all engineering lines, machine design, also patents; work by hour or contract. Engineer, 32 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, discharged Lieutenant, wishes position with architect or engineer; 10 years' experience; salary moderate. O 350 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, experienced, desires position with boiler construction or power plant; can make neat, accurate tracings. A 112 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Four years' experience on jigs, fixtures, special machinery, and some patent office work. Draftsman, 121 West 123d St.

DRAFTSMAN. — Topographical, mapping; eight years' experience in municipal and railroad work; permanent or temporary. G 337 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 33, technical graduate; machine tools, special machinery; $35 salary. O 379 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, seeks position; experience also in superintending building construction. H 256 Times.

DRAFTSMAN desires engagement; competent, including industrial plant layouts. R 450 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, electrical, desires position; experienced in layout of power plants, substations, installations. R 34 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 14 years gasoline engine, automobile layout, jigs, and fixtures. G 278 Times.

DRAFTING.—All kinds drawings made skillfully and promptly; moderate rates. K 734 Times Downtown.

EDITOR, 15 years' experience; constructive policies; service plans; expert make-up. S 71 Times.

EDITOR wants connection with technical or trade publication. S 21 Times.

EFFICIENCY ENGINEER.
A specialist in organizing working elements under difficult conditions to attain higher efficiency, increased production, cut manufacturing costs, eliminate waste, and standardize industrial plants; at present with best known efficiency councilors in country; would install efficiency methods on monthly or contract basis, or make permanent connection. B 773 Times Downtown.

EFFICIENT EXPERT in organizing, investigations, systems, and accounting, now with the Government as supervising expert, and having traveled extensively all over the world, desires to communicate with responsible corporation for connection in Europe as representative auditor. P. D. Hall, Bay City, Mich.

ELECTRICAL.—Technical graduate, 9 years' practical engineering experience, desires position as engineer, superintendent, draftsman, inspector, or in engineer's office. Engineer, 91 India St., Brooklyn.

Electrical Engineer, experienced; open for manufacturing, research or other high-grade work; detail your offer to K 34 Times.

EMPOYMENT MANAGER.
HONORABLY RELIEVED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE, OPEN AGAIN FOR MANUFACTURING CONNECTION; THOROUGH PRE-WAR EXPERIENCE IN THE PLANNING, INSTALLING, AND DEVELOPMENT OF EMPLOYMENT AND PERSONAL SERVICE DEPARTMENTS WITH THE TWO LARGEST EASTERN RUBBER GOODS MANUFACTURERS; 27 YEARS, MARRIED, AND A COLLEGE GRADUATE. X 215 TIMES ANNEX.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.
Yale man; studied medicine two years, law one; 20 years' experience as human engineer; expert on fire, accident, strike, hygienic prevention, personnel, recruiting, job analysis, tests, welfare, first aid, &c. Address Yale. X 213 Times Annex.

EMPLOYMENT wanted; a great big fat fellow, 37, weighing 285 pounds, is seeking employment with some one who will appreciate loyalty and energy; have had varied experience and traveled extensively. W 301 Times.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT.
Young man seeks work in employment or welfare department; university graduate; experience in practical survey of many industries; details in letter or interview. B 993 Times Harlem.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 30, four years' practical experience organizing and operating successful department, hiring skilled and unskilled help, open for engagement Feb. 1. R 5 Times.

ENGINEER.—Permanent position wanted with unlimited future, by graduate engineer, (electrical,) age 30, married, 7 years' experience; at present employed; seeks connection where ambition, ability, and application will gain results; present position too narrow; would consider sales engineering, manufacturing, assistant to technical executive, or main requisite; unlimited future dependant solely on ability proven and satisfaction rendered; satisfactory references guaranteed. Technical, 47 New York Times, Brooklyn.

ENGINEER.—Operating chief, practically educated, competent, and sober; best references. B 817 Times Annex.

ESTIMATOR, salesman, well versed fireproof doors, thorough knowledge building construction, practical and executive experience, wants good connection with future. W 338 Times.

ESTIMATOR and draftsman with building contractor; city reference. Reliable. R 26 Times.

EXECUTIVE.
Ability, experience, energy, imagination, courage, loyalty, and 100% in service available to a substantial business corporation or financial institution; honorably discharged from Officers' Training Camp and returning to managemnet of development company with which connected for past four years; a man (38) who seeks broader field and larger opportunities; experienced in corporation organization, management, and finance; land development and construction work; advertising, publicity, and sales management; married, college education, vigorous health; salary secondary to personal association and future prospects. K 684 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.
WITH SUCCESSFUL RECORD IN INVESTMENT BANKING AND PUBLIC UTILITIES IN SOUTH, DESIRES PERMANENT CONNECTION WITH WELL ESTABLISHED CORPORATION OR FIRM IN EAST; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OFFICE ADMINISTRATION, ORGANIZATION AND SYSTEMS; WELL EDUCATED, GOOD ADDRESS, PROMPT IN DECISION AND SUCCESSFUL IN HANDLING MEN; GOOD, PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE LATIN AMERICAN TRADE, AND OF SPANISH LANGUAGE; LAST SALARY IN CIVIL LIFE $5,000; AT PRESENT MAJOR IN U. S. ARMY; SOON TO BE DISCHARGED.

EXECUTIVE-MANAGER.
Factory and sales manager of concern doing several millions seeks new connection, (present sphere limited;) 20 years' experience; handled credits, export; know wholesale and retail dry goods trade throughout United States and Canada; your proposition must net me $8,000; can invest. G 329 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT.—I am 30, college graduate, doctor's degree in law, married, no children; have been practicing law successfully in large Western city last eight years; during the war acted as assistant to director of large governmental department and later as Captain in the army; have proven executive, administrative, and organization ability; am familiar with export business; desire connection with high-grade established organization as assistant to chief executive or in similar capacity where energy and ability are required and where there is an opportunity for achievement; all replies confidential. X 267 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.
The services of a man, (34,) Christian, with broad business experience, initiative, loyalty, forceful personality, and tireless worker can be secured by substantial growing firm offering a real opportunity where modern intensive business methods will be appreciated; thorough knowledge office routine and systems, credits, collections, and shipping; good correspondent and disciplinarian; compensation dependent upon requirements and opportunities of position offered. R 440 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, MANAGER, SALESMAN, age 28, single, honorably discharged soldier, 10 years' experience with large mechanical rubber goods manufacturers, having served as divisional factory manager, buyer, salesman and chief clerk, desires to locate with established concern, any line; willing to travel; highest credentials furnished. X 296 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.—A progressive executive mechanic with ability to organize, systematize, supervise specialty manufacturing requiring intricate machinery; last 7 years in executive position; best references; open Feb. 1 for high-class proposition. Rice, 2,307 Morris Av., Bronx.

EXECUTIVE.
Office position of any kind wanted by man of wide business experience; able sales manager, advertising manager, purchasing agent, correspondent, &c., or would act as assistant to any of above executives; salary nominal until value of services proven; highest references regarding ability and personal character. Duke, K 5 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Officer Member French Purchasing Commission in U. S., before war prominent engineer in Paris, age 40, thorough knowledge of French, English, German, highest executive ability, capable of taking entire charge of European business, desires connection with American corporation. X 224 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE, ACCOUNTANT.
Office manager and accountant of one of the leading manufacturing corporations will be in position to make new connections about Feb. 15; five years in present position; minimum salary $3,500; highest references. K 29 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Young man, office man, 5 years as executive for building company, thoroughly familiar with apartment house construction, management, desires position in similar line or new field where competence and initiative will bring advancement. O 315 Times.

EXECUTIVE office position, army officer, just discharged; former salesman; army experience handling men; in charge of supplies, subsistence, paper work; received commission working up from ranks; age 22; college training two years. B 807 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.—Discharged soldier, with experience as chief inspector, production manager, and buyer at boatbuilding, aeroplane, explosive, and shell plants; salary $5,000. K 669 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, (OIL BUSINESS.)
Young assistant to sales executive of large oil company out of employment because of reorganization, desires new connection; salary $2,400. S 432 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Can you use sales manager, combining ability to educate and handle selling force; knows selling game from practical experience; at liberty Feb. 1. Address X 223 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE, (30.)—Has thorough business training, ability to promote sales; good credit manager and correspondent; 15 years' experience in commercial line; excellent references. Box J. S., 96 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, age 38 years; 12 years successfully managing mechanical workshops and offices; modern, efficient methods; services available Feb. 1. Executive, Box 238 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, excellent financial connections, wants position with manufacturing business needing new capital expansion; engineering lines preference. K 597 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, available two weeks; expert iron, steel, general supplies; specialty purchasing; twenty years' experience; married; age 35; minimum $2,600. B 783 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER, American, 34, married, ten years principal of educational institution, wishes position where ambitious worker can earn good income; references. S 320 Times.

EXECUTIVE - CIVIL ENGINEER. — ARMY OFFICER, JUST DISCHARGED, SEEKS POSITION; 12 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. G 577 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXECUTIVE and accountant, experienced, desires position with progressive house, where ability and efficiency will lead to advancement. S 55 Times.

EXPERIMENTAL ASSISTANT.—ENERGETIC, RESOURCEFUL YOUNG AMERICAN, EXPERT SKETCHER AND DRAFTSMAN, TECHNICAL GRADUATE, CAN HANDLE MACHINES AND TOOLS, DESIRES CONNECTION WITH MANUFACTURER OR INVENTOR, ELECTRICAL OR OTHERWISE; PRESENT CHIEF DRAFTSMAN AND ASSISTANT IN EXPERIMENTAL LABORATORY. B 822 TIMES ANNEX.

EXPERIENCED business man with capital seeks connection with established concern in selling or management, with object of ultimate investment. K 7 Times.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN, willing to work at moderate salary to learn line; honorable discharge U. S. Army. W 399 Times.

EXPORT BUYER.
Experienced buyer now with leading export house, would like to connect with manufacturer to open and develop foreign business; ten years' experience Europe and here, excellent knowledge of foreign languages; best references. G 659 Times Downtown.

EXPORT HOUSE DESIRING CAPABLE, EFFICIENT AND TECHNICAL MANAGER OR PARTNER SPEAKING FRENCH, WITH EXTENSIVE ACQUAINTANCE AMONG AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS, FRENCH FACTORIES AND DEALERS. G 276 TIMES.

EXPORT MANAGER.
Graduate industrial chemical engineer, (30,) five years' experience; speaking, writing English, French, Italian, Portuguese, Spanish; personal connections Europe, South America; will travel. K 744 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MANAGER.
extensive general, manufacturing, foreign sales experience, disengaged until May 15, desires temporary engagement to organize or develop export department; confidential employment guaranteed. R 454 Times Downtown.

EXPORT OR IMPORT HOUSE.
College graduate, with a good business training, desires position; salary secondary to experience and training. K 666 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MANAGER'S ASSISTANT, (32,) 12 years' manufacturing and business experience; accustomed handling technical matters; dependable, resourceful; demonstrated executive ability. M. D., 1,851 Park Place, Brooklyn.

FACTORY MAN, (34,) experienced handmade, low-priced novelties in quantities, seeks responsible position. A 58 Times.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT.
a young, energetic, and capable Cornell short-course student, with ten years' experience as a manager of estates; have been very successful with cattle, hogs, and poultry; good references from my former employers and am able to back them. X 258 Times Annex.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT, American, 30 years' experience; understands every branch; capable taking full charge; best of references. Z 273 Times Annex.

FITTER.—Ladies' custom and ready-to-wear sport clothes, and riding habits; six years' with largest sporting goods house in world. R 10 Times.

FOREMAN tool, die maker, 18 years' experience, wishes position with reliable concern that want their toolroom up to date. A 88 Times.

FOREMAN, superintendent, many years' experience, auto or fine machine shop. J. E. Kraft, 419 Amsterdam Av.

FRENCHMAN, 38 years old, highest references, large business experience, soon sailing for France, will accept agency or representation of big and steady American concerns; oil, machinery, writing and printing paper, cements, stationery, alimentation, &c.; also will represent buyers in France. X 237 Times Annex.

GARDENER, &c.—Situation wanted by gardener, head or supt., with a gentleman who loves and likes to improve his grounds; 43 years old, married, no family; German born; American citizen; over 25 years' practical experience in every line of gardening; knows system and economy; well able to lay out any size of place and get results; not afraid of practical work; best references. Only a gentleman who really wants a first-class and working supt. please answer. Would like a personal interview. H. H., care Frank Niesen, New York Av., cor. Morgan St., Union Hill, N. J.

GARDENER, married, age 29, one child, wishes position as head gardener or superintendent of gentleman's place; first class manager of greenhouses, lawns, flower, water and vegetable gardens; first class reference. Address George H. Brown, care of E. L. Blabon, Bryn Mawr, Penn.

GARDENER, Scotch, married, wishes to take entire charge of gentleman's country estate; thoroughly understands the culture of fruits, vegetables, greenhouses, stock, &c.; personal interview desired. T. R., 92 Chambers St., New York.

GARDENER, Superintendent, thorough knowledge agriculture, horticulture, floriculture; scientific; unusual opportunity for dissatisfied owner of large estate to secure services backed by bond if necessary. Box 140, Larchmont Manor, N. Y.

GARDENER - SUPERINTENDENT; gentleman's country estate; thoroughly experienced farming, construction work, making polo fields, golf links, tennis courts; middle age; references. A 99 Times.

GARDENER, Scotch Protestant, married, no children; experienced greenhouse, vegetables, flowers, fruit, road building; unexceptional references. W 390 Times.

GENTLEMAN, honorably discharged from aviation officers' training camp, desires position in engineering office with reliable firm; have had over 12 years' experience with internal combustion motors; best references. K 707 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN, elderly, (60,) but active, mentally and physically; good address, executive experience, properly endorsed, seeks position he can fill satisfactorily; salary moderate; state business and requirements. B 835 Times Annex.

GENTLEMAN, (34,) Russian; first papers; anti-Bolshevic; graduate civil engineer, speaking French, English, Russian; desires position in technical, export, and teaching lines. S 22 Times.

GENERAL, SALES, EXPORT EXECUTIVE, (43,) American citizen and name, German-born, 17 years' prominent U. S. sales, export, advertising, manufacturing, finance, patent experience, also American employment England, France, Germany, other parts of Europe, South America, &c., specialties, automotive, trucks, desires new connection with concern, New York or elsewhere, not objecting to accident of birth; highest references. G 625 Times Downtown.

HOTEL AND CLUB MANAGER and steward, (35,) wants all-year position to take full charge of first-class club or hotel in or near New York; best references. S 25 Times.

IMPORT—EXPORT.
Young man, 23, experienced in imports and exports, having traveled abroad in these connections, desires good position; capable and of good address and appearance; stenographer. G 363 Times.

INVESTIGATOR.—Young man desires position as investigator; formerly a special agent for U. S. Navy Department; just released. B 811 Times Annex.

INVESTIGATOR, (30,) married, experienced legal and claim work, wishes position. R 422 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE—Experience general houseworker; good disposition; small family, $75. Japanese, A 159 Times.

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, 25, university graduate, four years' experience designing, planting, construction; drafting or outside; army discharge. R 426 Times Downtown.

LAWYER, relieved from "Army Draft Board" membership, seeks professional or other work where his training, business experience, or his 20 years' law practice will be worth $5,000 yearly; invest savings if desired. "Jerseyman," K 665 Times Downtown.

MAIL ORDER.—Young man, experienced, seeks opportunity going concern; services; investment optional. A 731 Times Downtown.

MAN of executive ability wants position; possesses good knowledge of efficiency, accounting, capable managing; maximum results obtained with least friction; age 34; salary $50, with prospects; good education. X 390 Times Annex.

MAN, married, American, twenty years with large financial institution, 10 years' official and executive capacity, familiar with credits and finance, desires position with progressive concern; best references furnished. R 18 Times.

MAN, 35, thoroughly familiar with domestic traffic, desires position with export or forwarding concern, with a view of learning foreign traffic; salary no object; only a chance. S 3 Times.

MAN, Swiss American, speaks and writes English, French, German, absolutely trustworthy, seeks position as ledger clerk or general office work; last position 10 years. Answer O 385 Times.

MANAGER, farm or estate, by a thoroughly sober, reliable man; understands everything pertaining to a farm; married; small family; age 47; Scotch-Irish; best reference. K 783 Times Downtown.

MAN, with creative vision, executive ability, and inventive faculty combined with wide experience in advertising, writing, and promoting, seeks employment where a fertile brain is required. A 121 Times.

MAN, 27, married, desires connect with mercantile house, any capacity affording opportunity for advancement; am willing, energetic; have executive ability, initiative. O 394 Times.

MAN, good experience wholesale dry goods credits, open temporary or permanent position; can invest two or three thousand if necessary; best references. R 14 Times.

MAN, 33; married; executive ability; good personality; conscientious and trustworthy. G 560 Times Downtown.

MAN, with general business experience, A1 salesman, wishes side line or position for afternoons at anything. G 262 Times.

MAN, formerly traveling salesman, also novelty manufacturer, wishes local position. M 238 Times Bronx.

MAN, executive ability; good personality; honorably discharged purchasing agent U. S. A. S 26 Times.

MAN, (24,) honorably discharged, executive ability, good personality, conscientious and trustworthy. L. B., 125 East 34th St.

MAN, colored, intelligent and reliable, needs a position at anything. F. W., 55 West 140th St.

MAN, intelligent, 31, wishes position in office; temporary position considered. H 255 Times.

MANAGER.
Young man, 15 years' experience business methods, and policies, good correspondent, credits, collections, exports, general accounting, desires connection with reputable house; good connection more desired than immediate salary. R 442 Times Downtown.

MANAGER.—Fifteen years' responsible connection with an important and progressive New York City trust company has fitted me to assume complete management of the office of an estate or the affairs of a wealthy individual; highest grade references. X 208 Times Annex.

MANAGER.—YOUNG, EXECUTIVE, EXPERIENCED SALESMAN AND BOOKKEEPER, OPEN FOR REAL OPPORTUNITY; SALARY $30. R 47 TIMES.

MANUFACTURER, with twenty-five years' experience in shirts and athletic underwear, all branches, would like to conect with live concern; references furnished; would consider out of town proposition. R 13 Times.

MANUFACTURERS' SALES AGENT would like to represent some Eastern firm in Chicago and Middle West; have fully equipped office and organization. W. W. Haupt, 154 West Randolph St., Chicago.

MASSEUR.—Licensed, colored, thorough, men only. Adams, 16 West 134th, 2542 Harlem.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, factory superintendent, experienced designer, special and automatic machinery, production tools, maintenance, experimental development; expert practical, inventive American; 20 years' experience. K 704 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL.
An expert mechanic in steamfitting, high and low pressure, ventilation, refrigeration, wants work by day or on percentage basis; A1 credentials as to ability furnished. K 27 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER. — Technical graduate, recently discharged from army, 1½ years' experience, desires a position with good progressive concern affording chance for advancement. W 304 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, university graduate; 5½ years' engineering, development, organizing, factory management; commercial consideration desired; best references. O 324 Times.

MECHANICAL ACCOUNTANT, qualified, take charge of department using accounting machines. G 596 Times Downtown.

MFRS. SALES AGENT, EXECUTIVE.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN OF COMMANDING ADDRESS IS OPEN TO REPRESENT, ALSO MANAGE SALES AGENCY FOR PROMINENT MANUFACTURER; PACIFIC COAST TERRITORIES PREFERRED; CANADIAN OPPORTUNITIES EXCELLENT; BUSINESS IS GOOD IN VANCOUVER. R 16 TIMES.

MFRS. of silk knitted or silk cloth underwear desiring representation in Middle West can secure selling service of live organization headquarters Chicago. G 345 Times.

MILITARY INSTRUCTOR.—Ex-officer U. S. A., 6 years' experience; can train large number of men or assume charge of any responsible work in executive capacity; has trained thousands of engineer officers during war; references. S 27 Times.

MILLINERY MANUFACTURER WOULD MAKE CONNECTIONS WITH TRIMMED HATS HOUSE OR ORGANIZE FACTORY; HAVE BEST CONNECTIONS. MILLINERY, A 104 TIMES.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Gentleman, 33, capable handling entire office force; experienced correspondent, systematizer of office details, investigator, collections, auditor, and export matters; severing connection with manufacturing company after eight years; moderate salary, but excellent future; consider out of city; capital references; fidelity or personal bond. G 597 Times Downtown.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE.
Exceptional business ability; competent executive; able correspondent; good organizer; credits, collections, shipping; excellent references; capable filling position where executive ability is required. R 441 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, accountant, wide business experience, executive ability, capable, competent, seeks responsible position. A. H. Ronson, 849 West 178th St.

OFFICE man and salesman, experienced automobile business, aged 28; recently discharged from army. Wm. Wildfeuer, 181 West 67.

OFFICE MAN, up to date, desires to change position; dry goods line preferred; take full charge; best references. Box S L, 104 E. 14th.

OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, correspondent, typist; college graduate; 3 years' experience. O 385 Times.

OPEN FOR
LEGITIMATE BUSINESS CONNECTION.
Protestant gentleman, age 47, record absolutely clean, 21 years' successful mercantile experience one house, sales, managerial, and executive, is open for salaried position under proper conditions; if necessary would move to small town, especially South, or would establish New York sales offices or mail order or jobbing business. Z 391 Times Annex.

PHYSICIAN, retired, age 43, temperate habits, licensed New York, Massachusetts, and Vermont, desires position in commercial field where medical education will be of value. For interview address Doctor, Box 331, Bound Brook, N. J., stating nature and particulars of position offered.

PURCHASING AGENT, MANAGER, FOREMAN, BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, DESIRES POSITION; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. W 669 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ORGANIZER, INVENTOR,
AND
MANAGER MECHANICAL FACTORY.

Executive head (office and operating) large manufacturing concern, with 22 years' experience; still employed, but wants to connect with a firm preferably in competitive line; American, 43 years young; interview invited; references; big job and fitting salary, with a future, only consideration.
W 392 TIMES.

PLUMBER DESIRES TO CONNECT WITH LARGE CORPORATION OR FIRM NEEDING THE SERVICES OF A MAN ABLE TO CALL ON ARCHITECTS, DESIGN, ESTIMATE, AND LAY OUT PLUMBING AND PIPING SYSTEMS; 12 YEARS' EXPERIENCE SUPERVISING LARGE CONTRACTS; BEST OF REFERENCES. K 727 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PRODUCTION MANAGER, cost accountant, now in Government plant where contracts being cancelled, absolutely practical methods not theory; results positive; credentials as proof. G 646 Times Downtown.

PRODUCTION ENGINEER, technically educated, 5 years' practical experience, covering planning, scheduling, &c., would like to join progressive organization that offers a future. W 294 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT or Assistant.—Fifteen years' experience in metal goods, mill, factory, engineers' equipment, tools, hardware, and machinery, desires good connection; reliable. W 677 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE MANAGER and collector; reliable; understand value of repairs; six years' experience; reference, security. G 361 Times.

RETURNED AIR SERVICE, AMERICAN GENTLEMAN BY BIRTH AND ASSOCIATION, WELL EDUCATED, SPEAKS FRENCH AND GERMAN FLUENTLY, EARNESTLY SEEKS POSITION; POSSESSES EXECUTIVE ABILITY, WELL ABLE TO TRAVEL AND REPRESENT FIRM; HAS GOOD EUROPEAN CONNECTIONS, THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS GAS MOTORS, EXPERT DRIVER, TRAINED MECHANIC; 6 MONTHS WITH CURTISS AEROPLANE CO.; 18 WEST 51ST TEL. 8349 CIRCLE.

SALES DIRECTOR,
ADVERTISING MAN.

Recently discharged army officer, who can create hard-hitting, order-getting sales organizations, who can plan, write, and inaugurate effective, economical advertising campaigns, offers these abilities, together with youth, vitality, enthusiasm, loyalty, and unbounded ambition, in exchange for an exceptional sales or advertising opportunity, where the future will be determined solely by his ability to make good; inquiries are especially invited from financially substantial concerns introducing or selling investments, securities, specialties, machinery, patents, sales rights, industrial or advertising service, demanding vision, initiative, foresight, and exceptional sales sense. R 21 Times.

SALESMAN SEEKS

an opportunity to show his worth. Has specialized principally in office equipment, and has high-grade capabilities. The territory is up to you. His references will convince you. Address Bassett, Box 315, Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN, SALES MANAGER OR ASSISTANT.
Traveling or city, age 35, college man, 14 years' specialty selling experience, 5 years in executive sales capacities; resigned asst. sales managership with B1 company to go to France; now open for active sales or executive position, with possibilities limited only to own capabilities; live correspondent; can put pep into sales force and exercise same quality myself; well trained in sales promotion and branches; familiar with routine work; prefer resident position, but will travel with A1 selling or executive sales proposition. R 33 Times.

SALESMAN, CHRISTIAN AMERICAN (37,) OF PRESENCE AND EDUCATION; SIX YEARS WITH COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND FINANCE CORPORATION; WIDE SALES, CREATIVE, AND MANAGERIAL EXPERIENCE; CAN NEGOTIATE LARGE CONTRACTS AND HANDLE IMPORTANT MATTERS; $100 WEEKLY AND COMMISSION. A 111 TIMES.

SALESMAN—BUSINESS GETTER.
Has sold silks "big" for three years; now seeks connection in similar line or other where dynamic energy, (supplemented by nine months' naval experience,) plus ability to convince and reinforced by college education, will be proportionately rewarded; implicit confidence in self; guarantees striking results. Address Producer, R 57 Times.

SALES AND ADVERTISING manager with 15 years' experience in advertising and selling is open for proposition from small and progressive company where part of salary and bonus on increased sales may be invested in stock of the company; best references as to character, ability, &c.; will appreciate an interview. G 332 Times.

SALES MANAGER
with successful selling record; can sell merchandise, specialties; am heavyweight producer, understanding broad underlying scientific principles of selling and advertising; want connection with progressive institution; can furnish highest credentials to ability and character. O 390 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—Steel or pig iron preferred; age 38; twelve years' experience; graduate U. S. Steel Corp. School for Salesmen; with Steel Corp. sales seven years; chief steel section War Industries Board; just returned from Washington; best possible reference; desire position with future possibilities. S 382 Times.

SALESMAN, discharged soldier, age 28, good appearance and personality, wants position with reliable house as traveling representative or salesman; West or Middle West preferred; at present well employed, but desires to get outside; sales and business experience; best of references. Address Box 98, Times, 89 Montgomery St., Jersey City.

SALES and ADVERTISING MAN, capable, experienced in sales correspondence, dealer, co-operation, and trade investigation work, seeks an opportunity with agency or organization where he can use his special abilities; university graduate; employed. G 627 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with eight years' exceptionally successful experience general lines, mostly traveling, desires position with reliable manufacturer; age 30, unincumbered, well educated, proven producer; now employed but desires change; excellent references; commission basis preferred. O 370 Times.

SALESMAN of experience and ability desires connection with manufacturer of women's wear on commission basis for territory of District of Columbia, Virginia and North Carolina; only manufacturers of financial and merchandising reputation need reply. Care of X 292 Times Annex.

SALES EXECUTIVE, 30, Christian, desires to connect with progressive house; 8 years' experience; possesses ability, adapt any line; understands routing salesmen, sales promotion, correspondence, advertising, &c.; salary; highest credentials; with the colors ten months. A 132 Times.

SALESMAN, MARRIED, 15 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, WITH EXTENSIVE PERSONAL ACQUAINTANCE CITY CUTTING-UP TRADE, DESIRES CONNECTION REPRESENTATIVE CONCERN; COMMISSION. S 84 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—WELL KNOWN BY PACIFIC COAST MERCHANTS, RECENTLY IN ORDNANCE DEPT., U. S. A., NOW SEEKING CONNECTION GOOD LINE; MARRIED, AGE 37; REFERENCES RELATIVE CHARACTER AND ABILITY. A 138 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Speaks Spanish, Italian, English; traveling experience here and abroad, wishes connections with reliable firm with legitimate proposition; specialty or staple lines; experience in both; traveling not objection. C 67 Times.

SALESMAN.—High-grade man, exceptional ability, covering Northern and Eastern New York State, desires to take in side line; if you want business in this section and have a good line, address Commission, S. T., 210 Times.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING,

with engineering knowledge, desires engagement with prominent concern. W 342 Times.

SALESMAN, AGE 37,
good appearance and approach, traveled extensively, with knowledge of several languages, open for position as salesman or any other where ability, tact, integrity, and honesty are required. B 774 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with road experience and selling ability, establishing an agency in Southern States, wishes suitable ladies' and gents' lines and piece goods from reputable firms and mills; immediate interview essential; leaving shortly. O 378 Times.

SALESMAN, ENERGETIC,
22, wishes connection with reliable firm marketing standard products where future is assured; acquainted with hospitals, laundries, mills using soaps; highest references. A 59 Times.

SALES MANAGER-SALESMAN,
of executive and sales ability, with brains and horse sense, who has done things, open for engagement; particulars at interview. S 63 Times.

SALESMAN—28, energetic; seeks opportunity with ready-to-wear house. A 140 Times.

SALESMAN, 23, have 5 years' practical business experience, wishes to connect with reliable firm. G 643 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, RESIDING SOUTH, DESIRES LINE SOUTHERN TERRITORY; CLOTHING OR MEN'S SPECIALTY PREFERRED; COMMISSION. COMPETENT. G 346 TIMES.

SALES ENGINEER, age 37; mechanical engineer with experience selling steam engines wishes to become associated with sales force handling high-grade trucks. Sales, Box 240 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, live wire, released from service, seeks connection with house carrying a strong line georgettes, nets, &c., for the local cutting-up trade; 6 years' experience. R 32 Times.

SALESMAN and detail; confidential, A1 man; capable of producing results; present incumbency 8 years; American; best references, including present employer. W 387 Times.

SALESMAN, with good selling record, now employed, wishes to represent manufacturer in New York City or will travel; young man, single, American by name and birth. A 55 Times.

SALESMAN.—A man with much selling experience would like to get in touch with some responsible Eastern firm desiring to be represented in the Middle West. A 53 Times.

SALESMAN, visiting drug, chemical, toilet, ink, and condiment manufacturers, desires high-class side line. W 665 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, china, glassware, and house-furnishing experience, desires to connect with reliable firm; city and road experience. K 644 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires position wholesale groceries, canned goods, specialties, cereals; bright, experienced. Rice, care H 234 Times.

SALESMAN, highly educated; years' experience selling soaps, canned foods, grocery specialties jobbers; wishes connection reputable firm. L 21 Times.

SALESMAN, THOROUGH ACQUAINTANCE HABERDASHERS, WANTS LINE SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, CITY. L 81 TIMES.

SALESMAN desires position; experienced, energetic, up to date; ribbons, silks, dry goods; either on road or city. Address Success H 235 Times.

SALESMANAGER, with vision, at present employed in responsible position, seeks opportunity for larger development. R 20 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—Thoroughly experienced, capable general executive; fine record; gilt-edge references; salary secondary to opportunity. G 250 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, is open for any proposition if clean and big enough; no salary nor draw asked, but commission must be adequate. R 443 Times Downtown.

SALES CORRESPONDENT, productive, 2 years' merchandising experience in selling goods by letters, circulars, booklets; age 28. K 753 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, American, married, 34, twelve years' experience, city and road, wishes position where capable hustler can earn good income; references. S 319 Times.

SALESMAN, familiar with haberdashery trade, desires line of neckwear, shirts, underwear, or hosiery for city. B 975 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN.—Experienced mill and factory supplies, hardware, tools, machinery, desires to make change; hard worker. W 788 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, muslin underwear, carrying imported line; sales average over $100,000 per year, will be open for new connection. G 327 Times.

SALESMAN desires one or more good lines, sharing expenses for large Middle Western department store trade. R 11 Times.

SALESMAN, discharged from army, 8 years' experience, road, city, desire position with reputable firm; references. O 353 Times.

SALESMAN. — Young man, 28, married, wishes position; 10 years' wholesale, retail experience. G 286 Times.

SALESMAN and Correspondent, considerable experience automobile accessories line, technical training. K 702 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 26, desires connection with a reliable concern; 7 years' experience. G 350 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, 8 years' experience in sporting goods, desires position. S 404 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—YOUNG LIVE WIRE OPEN FOR FIRST-CLASS CONNECTION; CITY. L 30 TIMES.

SALESMAN, 28, covered Penn., Ohio, &c., for past six years; highest references, ability, and character. B 48 Times.

SALESMAN. — Real high-class experience specialties; good closer; A1 reference; open. K 37 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced with hardware trade metropolitan district. B 794 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, capable selling machinery, tools, &c., desires traveling position. G 294 Times.

SALESMAN of ability open for appointment; commission basis; Pacific Coast territory. Address Salesman, B 264 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 21, wishes position; road experience; live wire. X 253 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, mechanical ability, as well as selling ability, wants to connect with reliable concern. G 640 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY WANTS POSITION.
Qualified secretary; navy release; tactful; knows work from ground up; expert stenographer; reads, writes, and speaks Spanish and Swedish fluently, speaks and understands Norwegian, working knowledge of Portuguese and Danish; 27; married; highest references; traveled and versatile; desires place where loyalty and ability will insure future. W 398 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER,
highly educated American, 32, executive ability; speak, write French, Italian, Spanish, German; traveled entire Europe, South America, Far East; know export, import business thoroughly; capable developing business, correspondence and details of busy executive; seeking position where initiative, energy, ambition required. K 767 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-CORRESPONDENT. — Refined young man, Annapolis graduate, desires to make connection with representative concern where merit has its reward; efficient, conscientious and trustworthy; salary secondary consideration until ability is proven. T. S., 808 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, (non-stenographic,) or in publicity work, or any other branch where literary training may be of use; young man, 23 years of age, 3 years in Columbia University, 17 months in Canadian Expeditionary Force; can furnish references as to character and ability; practical experience in above branches. B 170 Times.

SECRETARY.—Man, 37 years of age, wants secretarial or executive work; college graduate; has had financial experience; good knowledge of French language and people; for past 20 months in U. S. Navy base on French port; fair knowledge of typewriting. N. Y., 1,358 Broadway.

SECRETARY.—Would travel; young naval officer, highly educated, also familiar with accounting and finance, contemplating resigning from service, wishes to affiliate himself with private party in the capacity of confidential secretary. P. O. Box 533, Annapolis, Md.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, (24,) honorable discharge, desires position secretary to an executive seeking man who can be depended upon; 5 years' experience; references. G 328 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer; young man; four years' experience; expert stenographer; capable correspondent; well educated; advancement. A 73 Times.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE, LL. B., experienced, industrial and banking law, some engineering; most reliable recommendations; stenographer, analytical, foreign travel. K 768 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, Executive, &c., (33,) long experience, seeks lucrative offer; well educated; A1 credentials. K 739 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—7 years' experience, fast, now employed, desires better connection; moderate salary. G 657 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, Executive, Clerical.—American; compensation commensurate high-grade ability. K 696 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, young man, 20, honorably discharged; experienced; college education. R 424 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERK, thoroughly experienced, desires to connect with reliable concern; good credentials; knowledge Spanish. Rees, 355 45th St., Brooklyn.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Army discharge; all-around traffic man, with 8 years' experience; supervised army rifle shipments. S 421 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, American, 25, experienced 8 years' packer, marker. Henry Rechten, 2,179 3d Av.

SHIPPING CLERK or general clerk (25) desires position with reliable firm; 8 years' experience; references. O 375 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 3 years' experience millinery line, would like to connect where advancement is offered. G 339 Times.

SOLDIER, honorably discharged, Christian, 7 years as assistant State manager of manufacturing concern, position with firm with future assured. S 442 Times Downtown.

SOLDIER, honorably discharged; married, age 27; experienced shipping, receiving, and stock clerk; conscientious worker. Greenwald, 242 East 71st St.

SPANISH, PORTUGUESE, ITALIAN, AND ENGLISH SPEAKING GENTLEMAN, THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED WITH SOUTH AMERICAN COUNTRIES, DESIRES TO CONNECT WITH CONCERN WILLING TO DEVELOP SOUTH AMERICAN TRADE. S 403 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STATISTICIAN-ENGINEER, war worker, (27,) married, six years' experience statistics, costs, office management, drafting, seeks opportunity; commercial and technical education. G 620 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, fluent correspondent, confidential secretary, eight years' technical experience, good education, accustomed to technical dictation, capable assuming responsibilities, seeks situation any capacity where competency, intelligence, are mandatory; $25. R 411 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - CLERK, correspondent, rapid, brainy, well educated; long experience, invoices, orders, purchasing department builders; knowledge bookkeeping; responsible position with future; $25. J. 84 N. Y. Times Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, exceptional references, ten years' experience, executive ability, capable figurer; prefers position with accountants; $25. Desirable, 215 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (22,) competent, efficient, 2 years' college, 3 years' business; honorably discharged U. S. A.; salary $20. B 1025 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, experienced, knows what to do in an office and when to do it, wishes position that will develop into bigger things; A1 references furnished. A 781 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPEWRITER, young man, 2 years' business experience, seeks position with good future; moderate salary; references. S 455 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Experienced; Christian; excellent credentials; position with future to right young man; $25 start. S 20 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, reliable, neat, not afraid of hard work; excellent qualifications. Charles Wilson, 37 East 58th. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable, honorably discharged; position with advancement. O 309 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, capable, experienced conscientious; highly educated; anything offering future. K 14 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 23, wishes position in office; capable; salary desired $20. S 12 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (30,) bookkeeper, all-around office man; moderate salary start. R 2 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, desires position. E. B., 150 2d Av., N. Y. C.

STEWARD-MANAGER, for the past 15 years with first-class houses in service, seeks position in club, institution, apartment, hotel, &c. Box 585 Allenhurst, N. J. Telephone Allenhurst 2227-R.

STEWARD, wide experience and best of references, wishes position in country club or city. Address B. B., 20 East 42d St., Stewards' Club.

STEWARDSHIP of country club, long experience, and references O. K. A 120 Times.

STUDENT, night, honorably discharged, 8 years' technical education, desires to connect with company offering opportunity of working way into civil engineering field. K 722 Times Downtown.

STOCK, BOND SALESMAN is open for engagement; highest references. S 422 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Wanted, position as factory superintendent or assistant by man with several years' experience in factory work; capable of handling the labor situation; technical college graduate; at present employed as superintendent. Reply Technical, X 245 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT. — Position on gentleman's estate; thoroughly experienced in all branches; first-class references; married; no family; age 40; English-American. G. B., Box 15, Newark, N. J.

SUPERINTENDENT, 11 years' experience factory and laboratory, desires responsible position. Technical, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SUPERINTENDENT,
OFFICE OR LOFT BUILDING; PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE; ECONOMICAL IN REPAIR. K 724 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE.—Discharged army Captain, 28 years old, gentile, desires connection with manufacturing or engineering firm. L 26 Times.

TOOL AND GAGE INSPECTOR.
Young man, 27, married, 9-10 years' practical experience, good technical training, wishes position as inspector or assistant foreman with firm doing a high-class tool, gage, or machine work; lately connected with the U. S. Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C., on the measurement and certification of Government master gages. Address G. H., 189 Ogden Av., Jersey City, N. J.

TO MANUFACTURERS:
Salesman, experienced, widely acquainted, thoroughly responsible, wants side lines. Address N., care Model Comb Co., 32 Union Square.

TRAFFIC POSITION wanted by man with thorough knowledge of transportation matters, having had practical experience in all branches; live wire and competent to meet requirements demanding results. A 135 Times.

TRAFFIC.
A young man with experience, 32 years old, just discharged from Government work, desires to connect with traffic department of a going concern. S 462 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MANAGER, seven years' experience with large commercial organizations, desires change for larger field; references A1. Z 389 Times Annex.

TRAFFIC WORK solicited, claims adjusted. Hopkins & Peterson, 15 Park Row.

TRAFFIC MAN, (36,) knows rates, route tariffs, shipping; $25. N 239 Times Bronx.

TUTOR, (35,) gentleman; in home of wealth and refinement; university education; experienced teacher; now interested in literary work; best of references. Write G 303 Times.

TYPEWRITING done at home; expert; college education. Hirsch, 567 West 149th.

VALET, experienced presser, speaks five languages, wishes position. Robert, care Cummings, 190 West 100th.

VALET.—Young man, colored, light, wishes position valet, caring bachelor's apartment. A 47 Times.

WE KNOW A MAN who will fill the bill for some company which has something to sell without the organization to handle it, or which has a sales manager not big enough for his job. The man we know has had twenty years' experience handling corporation affairs—organizing and handling selling campaigns in electrical, machinery, and railway supply fields. Both by selling force and by mail. At present in charge of large selling force, but not happy because of unprogressive policy of house. He has been a success in every job he has held, and a sure sales builder. To get in touch, write Sales Manager, 401 Kesner Building, Chicago.

WORKS MANAGER—Machinery, factory methods, production, handling of men; New York or New England; location of secondary importance. Reference. Have designed, built, patented successful machinery, and knew manufacturing. X 285 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, at present well employed, possessed of unusual banking and credit experience, exceptional business acumen and integrity, wishes to become connected with a concern able to offer opportunities that will warrant the change; salary $2,500 to start. R 464 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate, has been employed by Government as stenographer; attends college at night; neat appearance; wants position with mercantile house; interview desired. Matthew Retzker, 101 West 106th.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, naval officer just released from service, four years' business experience, would like to connect himself with export house offering opportunity for advancement; best references. K 754 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) with general experience in export line and shipping trade; able to operate typewriter; knowledge of bookkeeping; unquestionable references, wants to connect with reliable concern. R 481 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, honorably discharged chief yeoman, U. S. N., charge supply office troop transport last year; ten years' business experience; 3 years purchasing agent large corporation; references. V. O. McMahon, 8 Bradhurst Av.

YOUNG MAN, eight years' experience stenographer, entirely familiar with office routine, desires position where initiative, ability and hard work will assist advancement; excellent references; salary $20 to $25. R 405 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, Sergeant, machine gun, 6 years' shop experience, wants position; object work into sales organization; tools, automobiles, or accessories. Salesman, B 1016 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) ambitious, pep, selling ability, desires connection with manufacturing or export concern; salary secondary to opportunity. F., 811 Sutter Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 25, good appearance and selling ability, general business knowledge and bookkeeping experience; recently released from Government work; highest credentials. G 263 Times.

YOUNG MAN (27) desires position in auditing department, as he wishes to take an evening course in accounting; good references and willing to start for moderate salary. B 821 Times Annex.

YOUNG COLLEGE GRADUATE, 22, naval release, reliable and experienced, with references, desires opening with concern where advancement and agreeable salary are offered. R 19 Times.

YOUNG MAN.
Honorably discharged, executive and advertising experience, highest credentials, seeks position in any suitable capacity, with an established firm; salary $25. S 2 Times.

YOUNG MAN of intelligence, (25,) aggressive, tactful, possessing keen business insight, desires position with progressive firm; opportunity main consideration. R 403 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) intelligent, ambitious, high school graduate, six years' experience bookkeeper, typist, cashier, collector, real estate business; commission propositions not entertained. G 331 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorably discharged from army, desires position exporting line; can converse, read, write French, Spanish fluently; three years' collegiate training. R 22 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, eight years clerical, billing and export shipping experience, desires permanent position; good typist and figurer, knowledge bookkeeping; excellent references. R 423 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, well educated, English, Italian; refined; executive and selling ability, wishes position from 4 P. M. to 10 and Saturday afternoons. G 298 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) efficient, energetic, desires position offering big future for the right young man; 2 years' high school; one year business. B 1624 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN just discharged from army would like to connect with export department of manufacturing concern or export commission house; experienced. A 138 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, aggressive, ambitious, refined and educated, seeks a position with good possibilities; excellent references. S 421 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, married, wishes position caretaker gentleman's country place; knowledge of saddle horses and motor cars. 211 West 120th St.

YOUNG MAN, 25, university graduate, army discharge, desires position with future; merchandise preferred; administrative, systematic, capable. R 425 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) neat appearance, good character, wishes position for evenings, also Saturday afternoon and Sundays; best references. T. C., 104 East 14th St.

YOUNG MAN, 25, now assistant to executive, stenographer, typist; industrious; will start at moderate salary. Box 243, Times 1 Rector St.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, good appearance, seeks employment; hours 8-3 P. M. or evenings 7-12. H. T., 5 Cambridge Pl., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, honorable discharge from U. S. Navy, wishes position with gentleman as valet, chauffeur; only first class references. Address 211 West 120th St.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires position; executive selling ability, neat, widewake; has five years' experience. G 642 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, prep. school education, desires to learn importing, exporting business; no extensive business career but possesses common sense plus energy. W 358 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ex-service man, having a thorough knowledge of dry goods, also selling ability, would like a permanent location; excellent reference. O 856 Times.

YOUNG MAN, age 23, university training, thorough knowledge accounting, statistics, desires position either whole or part time. G 631 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, discharged from navy, desires position, preferably in outdoor capacity; 7 years' experience assistant to executive. B 998 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 27, college and technical man, desires to utilize training in executive or sales capacity; forceful; released from navy. G 654 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, bookkeeper, stenographer, typewriter; excellent references; honorable discharge army. C. Gordon, 373 Vienna Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 27, well educated, ambitious, selling ability, wants to connect with growing concern; excellent references. G [illegible] Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, student, with practical office experience, including stenography and typewriting, wishes position mornings. B 270 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, married, wishes position at anything; not afraid of hard work; neat appearance; reference. R 476 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, honorably discharged from army, seven years' experience in clothing line; prefers sales department. W 291 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, wishes position with firm offering future; mercantile preferred; 10 years' experience in large insurance company; references. Willis, 80 William St.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, (21,) knowledge of bookkeeping and general office work, honorably discharged, desires position; advancement. R 412 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, refined, educated, seeks night work, 6 to 10, either clerical, singing, (tenor,) or chauffeur. R 37 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires position with reliable concern; have had two years of technical education. B 1001 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, knowing parcel post, wants offer; thorough, trustworthy, energetic; permanent; references. G 277 Times.

YOUNG MAN, returned France, discharged, desires position with reliable firm. K [illegible] Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, seeks position as either typist, collector or shipping clerk. B 1015 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position; export, shipping, stock, clerical experience. G [illegible] Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, honorable discharge U. S. Army, desires a position at anything. W. H. McCune, 515 East 184th St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN knowing parcel post wants offer; thorough, trustworthy, energetic; permanent; references. G 277 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—College education; experienced executive; office details, typewriting, bookkeeping. B 989 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (31,) well recommended, requires position as office clerk. S 437 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, discharged from army, 2 years' college training, desires position with advancement. S 448 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, clerk, cashier, typist, good figurer; responsible position. S 82 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced office clerk and good typist, desires position. K 731 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, 5 years' selling experience, desires position with reliable firm. H. McKenna, 315 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN.—Capable taking charge of office; good salesman; highest testimonials. K 728 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19 years old, reliable, desires position with advancement. K 750 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 31, ex-merchant, lot of experience, would like position as salesman, city or travel. S 24 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced typist, excellent corresponding ability. A. B., 67 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires position traffic department of reliable concern. G 649 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position with reliable firm where there is an opportunity for advancement. G 348 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wishes position as assistant shipping clerk in wholesale chemical concern; advancement. G 360 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) desires position at anything where ability appreciated. K 695 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) desires position large concern; best references. K 645 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Japanese, wishes position mornings. Masa, Plaza 4926, 463 E. 57th.

YOUNG MEN, (2,) employed evenings; side line; few hours day. W 363 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, seeks position at anything with good advancement. S 73 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, educated business experience; highest qualification. A., 1,643 1st Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
BUY NOW, SAVE MONEY.
ABBOTT-DETROIT, 1919, brand new.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1918, suburban sedan land.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, landaulet limousine.
STUTZ, 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
STUTZES, 1917, 4 and 6 passengers.
HUDSON, 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
HUDSON, 1917, 4-passenger Sport.
CADILLAC, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
BUICK, 1918, 7-passenger touring.
PACKARD, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
MARMON, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
FRANKLIN, 1917, 5-passenger touring.
LANCIA, 1916, runabout, disappearing seats.
LANCIA, 1915, runabout, disappearing seats.
LANCIA, 1915, 4-passenger Sport.
Latest importation Fiat Fleetwood landaulet.
HERMAN N. KAHN, INC., Est. 1902,
1,876 Broadway, open evenings. Circle 65.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster, wire wheels.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1918 "48," convertible coupe.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

A CLEARANCE SALE.
NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.
STANDARD CARS GUARANTEED
LIKE NEW.
Standard 1917 limousine, like new throughout.
Standard 1918 touring; demonstrators, run very little.
Standard 1917 touring, excellent condition.
Stutz roadster, late model; mechanically very good; newly repainted and renickeled, tires practically new. Big bargain.
Chalmers 1918 sedan, run 3,500 miles; elegant condition.
Chalmers 1917 touring, slip covers, good paint and tires.
Premier 1917 Chummy Roadster, very good.
Satisfactory demonstrations given on every car.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORPORATION,
1920 Broadway. Phone Columbus [illegible].

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

AUTO BARGAINS.
ON EXHIBITION.
CRANE SIMPLEX Limousine, 1917.
CADILLAC, collapsible Landaulet, 1917.
CADILLAC, convertible Sedan, 1917.
CADILLAC, Victoria coupe, 1917.
CADILLAC, Roadster, 1917.
CADILLAC, 7-passenger, 1916 and 1917.
PACKARD, Club Roadster, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, Touring, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, Berlin Limousine, 2-35, 1917.
PACKARD, 2-35, Landaulet, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Limousine, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Touring, 1918.
LOCO, 6-38, Limousine, 1915.
LANCIA, 35 Special Roadster, 1916.
LANCIA, Streamline Touring, 1916.
BIDDLE, new Roadster, 1918.
ISOTTA, Special Touring, 1917.
LISTED AUTOMOBILES.
'18 Pierce Limou. '17 Packard Coupe.
'17 White Roadster. '18 Cadillac Brougham
'18 Stutz Roadster. '18 Hudson Coupelet.
'18 Dodge Coupelet. '18 Loco. Brougham.
'18 Peugeot Sedan. '17 Marmon Limousine
'17 Marmon Touring. '18 Stutz, 4-passenger.
PIERCE 38, Land't. RENAULT Limousine
Cadillac '14, Limo. DANIELS Limousine.
ROSKAM SCOTT CO.
1,8?6 Broadway. Circle 307 Columbus.

AUTOMOBILE WAREHOUSE CO., INC.
1917 Franklin Sedan. 1918 & '17 Dodge Sed's.
1917 Hudson Sedan. 1917 Hudson Limous.
1917 Hudson T'n Car. 1917 Hupmobile Sedan.
1917 Buick Sedan. 1917 Oldsmobile Sedan.
1918 Cadillac Sedan. 1917 Maxwell Sedan.
1778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

BAKER ELECTRIC TRUCK, 1 ton, for sale, panel body. Call 19 West 62d St.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan, latest importation.
1916 SIMPLEX Limousine Landaulet.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 PACKARD Touring.
1918 CADILLAC Suburban Limousine.
1917 CADILLAC Sedan.
1917 DANIELS 4-passenger touring.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 CADILLAC Sedan.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW touring.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger touring.
1917 MARMON touring.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 MAXWELL Sedan.
1917 HUDSON cabriolet.
1917 OVERLAND Sedan.
1917 DODGE touring.
1916 S. G. V. Roadster, 4-passenger, Fleetwood body.
1917 CADILLAC touring; excellent condition.
1918 STUTZ Speedster Bearcat.
TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
1917 PACKARD 2-ton
1918 SIGNAL [illegible]
1918 GARFORD [illegible]-ton, cannot be told from new.
GARFORD [illegible]-ton dump power hoist; has sets of brand new tires.
1917 REO [illegible]
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

BEAUTIFUL Landaulet for sale cheap; demonstration. Up-to-Date Garage, West 67th St.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK [illegible] sedan, 5 passenger, excellent order; $875. Jersey Auto Co., Passaic, N. J. Tel. 2969.

BUICK touring, 1917; Model D 45; good condition; recently overhauled; cheap. Stored, 175 Manhattan St.

BUICK CARS—1917 little 6 Coupelet, 1917 "Little 6" Tour., 1916 "Little 6" Touring. Roman, 250 West 54th.

BUICK.—Sell my 1918 "E-49" 7-passenger touring; extras; excellent. Miss Donnelly, Riverside Av., Amityville, L. I. Phone 110.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS. Roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway. 3d floor.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. 4th floor.

CADILLACS.
The man who wants to enjoy the advantages of CADILLAC ownership and prefers not to invest the amount which a new CADILLAC requires, can gratify his desire in one of our used CADILLACS which has been overhauled and repainted.
1918 Model 57, 5-pass. Touring.
1918 Model 57, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 5-pass. Touring.
1915 Model 51, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Limousine.
1917 Model 55, Landaulet Brougham, new body; exceptional car.
1915 Model 51 Roadster.
NEWARK BRANCH,
Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co.,
536 Broad St., Newark.
Tel. 5240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC 1917 7-pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1917 LIMOUSINE.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 38 Landaulet.
PACKARD 1918 LIMOUSINE, 3-35.
PACKARD 1917 COUPE, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 PHAETON, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 TOURING, 2-35.
PACKARD 1917 ROADSTER, 2-25.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 CABRIOLET.
PACKARD 1915 TOURING, 3-38.
PACKARD 1915 PHAETON, 3-38.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
[illegible] West 60th St. Columbus 5078-5079.

CADILLACS
Landaulet; Model 55; small mileage; fine condition, just repainted.
Sedan, Model 53, fine condition.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO.,
4[illegible] Central Av., Newark.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow Distributors.

CADILLAC Landaulet, 8-cyl., just out of [illegible] shop; complete overhauling; will [illegible] as new car, being sold to settle [illegible] an estate; price $950. Gilhooly & Whalen, 157 West 56th.

CADILLAC 1917—LANDAULET.—A perfect car; dark blue body and white wheels, with five brand new U. S. cord tires; no dealers. Owner, 147 West 77th St. Phone 9050 Schuyler.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; new cord tires; many extras; excellent condition; rare opportunity.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. Fourth floor.

CADILLAC Model 53, convertible Sedan, 5-passenger; extra touring body, 7-passenger; mechanically perfect, body new. Telephone [illegible] office or residence, 4,067 Riverside.

CADILLAC [illegible] 1917 four-passenger sport. PIERCE-ARROW 1918 Landaulet, 38 h. p. PACKARD [illegible] Limousine 3-35. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; absolutely perfect condition; make offer. Telephone owner, [illegible] Rector.

CADILLAC limousine brougham, wire wheels, mechanically almost new. Ryan, [illegible] Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1915, also 1917 sedan, 1917 touring; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 5-passenger brougham, in very fine shape, no dealers. Telephone Pelham Bay 1084 all day Sunday.

CADILLAC Brougham Sedan, 1916; must be seen to be appreciated, exceptional condition; slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 Sedan; price attractive. [illegible] B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, $1,150; good condition. Phone Owner, John 2821.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; [illegible] Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHALMERS Sedan, 1917, "Little Six"; almost new; make offer; any demonstration. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

CHALMERS 6-CYLINDER. COMPLETELY ENCLOSED; ALSO EXTRA TOURING TOP. QUICK SALE. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 156 WEST 52D, CIRCLE 190.

CHANDLER 1917 touring, 7-passenger; non-skid tires, good condition. Apt. 2N, 601 West 110th St. Cathedral 7070.

CHEVROLET 1917 Baby Grand touring, practically new; $510. Tel. King, 5412 Fordham.

[illegible] 1917, 8-cyl. Chummy, paint and tires [illegible]; will also 1917 Chandler, convertible [illegible] Winter top. Wallace, 554 Broad St., Newark. Tel. Market 9480.

[illegible] for sale, 8-cylinder, 1917 model, 7 passenger touring car, engine, tires and body in excellent condition, extra tire; will sacrifice for $[illegible]. Greeley 4637.

COLE USED CAR DEPT.
Cole Sedans, tourings, and Chummy roadsters. 226 West 56th St., fourth floor.

Chauncey-Belleville, 6-cylinder Brewster Landaulet; Westinghouse springs; Packard 1911, fore-door limousine, 20x30; Renault [illegible] passenger touring and Anco truck. Inspect at Convent Garage, 457 West 150th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

DETROIT electric, 1918 model; new battery; car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,500; ask to see C's car at Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y.

DETROIT ELECTRIC.—Rare chance; fashionable; $1,000; cost $3,000; leaving city. Riverside 7472.

DE DION TOWN CAR; BARGAIN.
FRANKLIN SEDAN, 1918.
CADILLAC SEDAN, 1918.
CADILLAC SEDAN, 1917.
PIERCE-ARROW SEDAN, 1918.
PIERCE-ARROW BROUGHAM, 1917.
STEARNS TOWN CAR, 1917.
MERCER RACEABOUT, 22-72.
FORD SEDAN, 1918.
RUSSELL & DOWNS,
124 WEST 54TH ST. CIRCLE 1740.

DODGE Sedan, 1918, perfect condition; many extras; make offer; any demonstration. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

DODGE Sedans, 1918 and 1917. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

EASY WAY TO SELL YOUR CAR.—Van Tassell & Kearney's sales ring, 126-128 East 13th St., has long been esteemed a clearing house for the sale and purchase of second-hand automobiles by auction; least troublesome and quickest medium for both seller and buyer; more prospective buyers than cars as a rule, so enter yours now; auction of autos every Tuesday and Friday at noon. Telephone Stuyvesant 533.

FORD.—Slightly used pleasure and commercial cars; very low prices; new cars; immediate deliveries. Simon's Authorized Ford Agent, 2,130 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

FORD Winter enclosures, prices reduced; roadster $20, touring $30-$40; easily attached and detached. Auto Glass Enclosure Co., 85 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 34.

FORD touring car, 1917 model, practically new, full equipped. Write or call today (Monday). A. H. Bonart, 37 West 28th. Farragut 344.

FRANKLIN Sedan, four-passenger, latest model; like new; bargain. 221 West 2d St., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 546.

GUARANTEED EXCHANGE LOCOMOBILES AND OTHER MAKES.
Sr.-2 Locomobile 7-Pass. Tour.
Sr.-2 Locomobile "48" 4-Pass.
1916 Locomobile Landaulet.
1917 Willys Knights Spec. Limo.
1—35 Packard Touring.
1915 Winton 7-Pass. Touring.
Inquire of G. M. Brock,
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
61st St., West of B'way, N. Y. C.

HANDSOME PAIR BEAR ROBES, also two beautiful PLUSH ROBES, gentleman's furlined overcoat; also chauffeur's fur coat; perfect condition; no cash offer refused. Private Stable, 148 East 30th St., near Lexington Av.

HUDSON "Special" Suburban Sedan; like new; wire wheels; blue velvet upholstery; extras.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. Fourth floor.

HUDSON, 1917. Speedster; disappearing seats; extra wheels and shoes; excellent shape; make offer. Inquire Oberweger, 136 West 52d St.

HUDSON Sedan, 1917, "Super Six," seven passenger, model J; almost new; make offer; any demonstration. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

HUDSON 1917 Supersix; Sedan top; 6,000 miles; extra Sedan top; perfect condition; must sell account death. Write A. Frank, 623 West 136th St.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1918.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 sedan, 1918, touring, 1917 speedster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON Landaulet, 1917; cannot be told from new; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan. Apt. 8-G, 780 Riverside Drive, 7100 Audubon, after 6 P. M.

HUDSON Coupe, $750; Brewster Colonial body, 4-passenger, 6-40. 305 West 79th St.

HUDSON, 1917, Sedan, $1,450; excellent condition; extra tires. 305 West 79th St.

HUDSON 1918 sedan, condition new. Meyers & Stark, 1,790 Broadway. Circle 5692.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan. Apt. 8-G, 780 Riverside Drive, 7100 Audubon, after 6 P. M.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th.) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE Sedan, 1917; beautiful-looking car; motor in excellent condition; run only 5,000 miles; unusual opportunity to secure a rare bargain. Telephone Riverside 3157.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; wonderful condition. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

ISOTTA-FRASCHINI, 120 H. P. TOURING, LATEST MODEL, EQUIPPED WITH STARTER, LIGHTS, ALL NEW TIRES, SLIP COVERS, &c.; EXACT MILEAGE 8,700; FULLY GUARANTEED. GILHOOLY & WHALEN, 157 WEST 56TH.

KISSEL.—Hundred-point Six Model Coupe with extra runabout top; first-class condition; owner leaving country; bargain to quick buyer. Barclay 7030.

LATEST MODEL SEDAN.
'19 series Studebaker light six, 4-door sedan; practically brand new; beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., second floor. See Mr. Christie.

LEXINGTON 1917 Chummy Roadster, 4 passenger, special Winter top; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

LOCOMOBILE, 48 h. p., six passenger touring car, torpedo body; excellent condition; run 9,200 miles; bought new October, 1917; can be seen by appointment; no dealers. W 395 Times.

LOCOMOBILE, 1918, special built town car, perfect. Cukor, 200 West 86th St. Schuyler 5200.

LOCOMOBILE 1918 "48" touring car; settle estate; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE, 48, 1918, 4-passenger, special; excellent condition; no dealers. R 23 Times.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1916 PACKARD Tr., used 2,800 miles.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 CADILLAC Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1916 STUTZ, 4 passenger.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

Limousine.—Handsome limousine body in perfect condition; will fit Packard, Pierce or any standard make of car; touring car sold; owner wants offer. Schildwachter, 1,?85 Park Av. Telephone Harlem 4390.

LIBERTY 1917 Cabriolet, four passenger; fine condition; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

MACFARLAN 1917, A1 condition, Victoria top; cost $4,200, sell $1,600. West Side Auto Repair Co., 214 West 65th.

MARMON 1918, also 1917 touring, 1917 limousines; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,700 Broadway.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES.
Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

Mercedes limousine; perfect running order; reasonable. 525 East 11th. Tel 9558 Forsythe.

MERCER 1918 touring, 1917 sport, 1916 raceabout; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MERCER SPEEDSTER, DANDY CAR.
Original factory job; bargain for immediate sale. Federal Warehouse, 250 West 54th.

MERCER Raceabout, 22-72; condition guaranteed; must sell. Slocum, 5919 Schuyler.

MURRAY CARS.—Enclosed drive limousine and touring car Victoria top; both rebuilt and newly painted; 7 passenger demonstrator fine condition; also 4 passenger. New Bourdavis touring car at reduced price. Morton W. Smith Co., 19 West 44th Street, N. Y. Telephone Murray Hill 1138.

NATIONAL 1916 Newport 6, with Special New Haven Sedan body; Westinghouse starting and lighting; condition perfect throughout; cost, new, $4,800; will sell reasonable. Telephone Circle 5692.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, seven passenger, eight cylinder; fine condition; $775; a bargain. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 Sedan; attractive bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND—Must sell 5-passenger Overland touring car, extras; sacrifice. G 653 Times Downtown.

PACKARDS.
1917 2-35 Landaulet, fine condition.
1917 2-35 Fleetwood, five-passenger.
1916 1-35 Limousine, newly painted.
George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 5-passenger, six-cylinder touring car, model 6-38; good condition, just overhauled; no dealers; sold to satisfy creditor. E. Jensen, 2,516 Park Av., near 138th. Melrose 9635.

PACKARD 1918 touring, used 2,800 miles; almost new. Lobell Aborn, 230 West 56th.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN.
Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Fleetwood Limousine Brougham.
PACKARD 3-35 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Judkins Convertible Coupe.
PACKARD 3-25 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Landaulet.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Fleetwood Touring.
PACKARD 2-35 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 2-25 Twin Six Derham Brougham.
PACKARD 2-25 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 1-35 Twin Six Limousine Brougham.
PACKARD 1-35 Twin Six Touring.
PACKARD 1-35 Twin Six Phaeton.
PACKARD 14-48 six-cyl. Convertible.
STANDARD 1918 "8" Brougham.
PACKARD 1-25 Limousine Body.
Packard Motor Car Co. of New York,
1861 Broadway, New York.

PIERCE-ARROW 38C touring car, excellent condition, $2,750, or will exchange for 38, 1918, sedan. J. H. Ackerman, Woodcliff Lake, N. J. Phone 76.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1915 "46" seven-passenger touring; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Will sell my town car, model 1917. Apply Ritz Garage of Mr. Hirsch. Plaza 9368.

RENAULT 20-30 touring, 5 passengers, perfect condition; $450. Call Plaza 7912.

REO 1917 6-cylinder 7-passenger; A1 condition; $700. Call evenings or Sunday, Mr. De Mott, 2 Mt. Hope Place, New York City.

ROAMER 1918 Town Car; like new; looks like Rolls-Royce; will sacrifice. New Amsterdam Storage, 221 West 37th.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, 1917, bargain. F. D. HOMAN, 250 West 54th St.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7000.

STEARNS limousine, overhauled in every respect, newly painted; runs and looks absolutely new. De Lamater, 1,677 Broadway. 1246 Circle.

STEARNS-KNIGHT 3-passenger Cabriolet Landaulet, newly overhauled and painted; any demonstration. Fordham 1125. Apt. 4C, Warwick, at 8 P. M.

STANLEY, Steamer; excellent condition. Write Dion, 126 West 66th St.

STUDEBAKER.—Economical family car; a small '18 "Six" touring, equipped with two extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally comfortable car; overhauled and in perfect condition; new model costs $2,144. SPECIAL TODAY, $785. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway and 56th St., second floor.

STUDEBAKER roadster, beautiful 1918 "Six," in absolutely perfect condition throughout; wire wheels; extra equipment; driven only 1,342 miles and fully guaranteed; new car costs $2,144. SPECIAL PRICE TODAY, $975. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway, second floor.

STUDEBAKER brougham, beautiful 1918 six-cylinder TOWN CAR; used only 240 miles for demonstrating purposes; brand new and fully guaranteed; you can save $1,000 on this car if you act quick. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St.; SEE MR. CHRISTIE.

STUDEBAKER, small '18 touring; thoroughly overhauled and revarnished and in beautiful condition throughout; new car costs $1,732. SPECIAL TODAY, $875. Studebaker Corp., 1,751 Broadway, second floor.

STUDEBAKER, 1917, Cabriolet, like new throughout; $550, sacrifice; also 1917 Overland Touring, $375; slightly used. 159 East 83d.

** TAXICABS **
SAVE $675 ON A BRAND-NEW TAXICAB, 1918 model, 4-cylinder, double-tariff taxicab, BRAND NEW, but slightly scratched; fully guaranteed; list price, $2,150; special sale price, $1,475. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., second floor. SEE MR. CHRISTIE.

Twin Six club roadster, rebuilt and repainted, like new; wire wheels, disappearing top, 1918 Pathfinder; snappy appearance, powerful and speedy. S 7 Times.

WHITE Touring Car, 4-cylinder, 8 valves; Herz spark plugs; Goodyear tires, 37x5, all weather; Bosch magneto; town body for the Winter months; Weed chain, with springs; no dealers. G 516 Times Downtown.

WHITE—16 valve, special body, town brougham; excellent condition; run 5,000 miles; owner going abroad. Telephone Sunset 3500.

WINTON, 1917, 48 H. P., 7-passenger, limousine, almost new; all Goodyear tires; will demonstrate; private parties; no dealers. Rudini, 507 West Broadway, New York.

WINTON Six, seven-passenger touring car; electric lights; self-starter; overhauled, repainted, guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

WINTON, Model 33, light six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC limousine, smart appearing, hour, week, monthly preferred; reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

MOTOR TRUCK for sale. Warren Gorden, 143 Liberty St.; Telephone Cortland 4729.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. 'Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD six limousine, hourly, monthly; reasonable; owner drives; references. Jones. Columbus 9021.

PACKARD 7-passenger for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Plaza 9290.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOS WANTED; 1 OR 100.
Must have a big number of autos for Southern shipment.
ALL MAKES AND TYPES.
Not older than 1914.
CASH WAITING.
Telephone or call, 1,763 Broadway.
Telephone Circle 2476.

FORD.—Wanted, inclosed town car; late model, in new condition; state your best price for cash. Lock Box 431, Westwood, N. J.

BUICK, CADILLAC, OR DODGE.—Will buy 2 or 3 passenger closed; best condition; cash waiting for bargain. Room 184, Hotel Gramatan.

TOURING.—Five-passenger wanted; late model; state price and particulars; no dealers. H 176 Times.

CLOSED CAR wanted by the month, afternoons, from 2 to 4 only; state lowest rental. K 730 Times Downtown.

STUTZ 1917, 4 or 6 passenger, with Bosch magneto; state full particulars, price, and mileage. R. K., 208 Times Downtown.

CADILLACS, 1917-1918; closed cars wanted; spot cash waiting. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

COUPE CAR wanted, 1917, 1918, in exchange for Ford runabout and cash. Phone Lenox 8989.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

FORD wanted; suburban body; around $400; no dealers. Oetoble, 332 East 85th.

Motor Trucks.

MOTOR TRUCKS REPAIRED AND OVERHAULED; WORK GUARANTEED; MODERATE CHARGES. CONTINENTAL MOTORS A SPECIALTY. ONLY SKILLED MECHANICS EMPLOYED. HIGHEST REFERENCES.
ROBERT D. KING & CO., INC.,
HALL TRUCK SALES & SERVICE AGTS.,
224 JACKSON AV., LONG ISLAND CITY.
TEL. 3397 ASTORIA.

HURLBURT 1918 3½-ton truck, with stake body; this truck has been in actual use for only four months and still carries the Hurlburt factory warranty; cost $4,730, will sell for $3,500 or best offer; good reason for selling. Z 370 Times Annex.

MACK A. C. 5½ TON.
Rack body; Goodrich de luxe new tires all around; worth new $6,200; sell $3,750; owner going out of business. Telephone Knickerbocker 5700, Room 855. If out, leave your number.

Trucks.—Pierce-Arrow, 2 tons, large van body; many others, all sizes. Grammbernstein Sales Corporation, Room 812 Brokaw Building, 1,457 Broadway; phone Bryant 5187.

MACK A. B. dumper and hoist 2½ ton, 7 months old; Autocar, 8 months old, (dumper;) both almost new; Mack $3,000; Autocar $1,800; each $1,100 below cost. Gordon, 3947 Morningside.

TRUCKS. TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
VARIOUS SIZES AND MAKES.
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES.
LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP.,
156 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

TRUCK, 3½ ton; standard; rack, body; little used; must sell quick; leaving city. Olandt, Port Washington, Long Island. Phone 271.

REPUBLIC ¾-ton, slightly used, $700; Autocar 1915 2 ton, $720. Jersey Auto Co., Passaic, N. J., Tel. 2969.

AUTOCAR, 1½ ton, 1918; screen body, good tires, good mechanical condition; $1,500. Owner, G 305 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

Motor Trucks.

PACKARD.—ONE TRUCK FOR SALE; 1½ TON, MODEL E, ONE YEAR OLD. WESTERN CHAIR CO., DUPONT CORNER, PROVOST ST., BROOKLYN.

THREE WHITE ONE-TON TRUCKS, with Brill 12-passenger enclosed pay enter bus bodies. T. C. Smith & Co., 1,531 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Penn.

FORD 1½-ton, express body, good condition, just overhauled; cost $1,300 six months ago. Ford Agents, White Bros., Inc., 2,402 Grand Concourse. Fordham 11.

TRAILER, SIX-TON, WITH RACK BODY, MARTIN FIFTH WHEEL; NEW; BARGAIN. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 156 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

Automobile Storage.

AUTO DEAD STORAGE.
Cars here can be offered through us for sale without extra charge; money advanced. FEDERAL WAREHOUSE, 250 West 54th.

Loft, 5,000 feet upward, in building 50x100; excellent service; immediate possession. Commercial Storage Warehouse, 410-12 West 52d.

Automobile Bodies.

PACKARD.—Have a four-passenger coupe body, new, never mounted; cost $1,300; will sacrifice $750. Dunham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. — 20 REASONS 20. Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. — Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th St. 7920. Special classes for ladies.

FOR SALE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

Machinery manufacturing plant for sale. Equipment of over 100 machine tools, as lathes, screw machines, turret lathes, 10 milling machines, planes, shapers, drill presses, building of 30,000 feet, elevator, splendid daylight, own electric power plant; situated in the centre of New York City; low rent. Individual machines will be sold; 1 25 H. P. gas engine, 2 60 H. P. oil engines, 2 generators of 50 and 60 H. P. motors of 5, 7, 10, 15, 50 and 60 H. P., D. C. 220 volt. Principals only. B 1,019 Times Harlem.

For Sale.—Two of the first specimens of photography, being photographs of paintings on glass; one Corregio's Holy Night and the other. The Reading Magdalen; these are older than daguerrotypes, and are very rare, cannot be duplicated; both in good condition. Address Z 397 Times Annex.

Two ladies' specialty shops; up-to-the-minute stock; well established; operated under efficient management; excellent reputation and successful; located in New York and Jersey States; desires to sell, or active partner for the Jersey store; must be well recommended. Z 286 Times Annex.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK - BALKE - COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Genuine Russian squirrel coat, beautiful skins and style, 36 inches, perfectly new; will sell at once, $250.00; value much more. 'Phone Mrs. Reesman, Market 1000. Address Robert Treat Hotel, Newark.

Addressograph, Model B, hand graphotype, also 3 or 4 thousand stencil frames, only in use 5 years; closing out business. 460 4th Av., Room 810. Madison Square 7494.

Multigraph gammeter, printer No. 36 banks with type, electric motor, good as new; closing out business. 460 4th Av., Room 810. Madison Square 7494.

Oriental Rugs, 3—Bokhara, 5 ft. 9 in. x 5 ft., $35; hall runner, 3 x 4, $75; hall runner, 3 ft. 8 in. x 8 ft. 6 in., $40. Stevens, 103 West 84th.

For Sale—Vertical boiler, 25 H. P.; good as new; bargain. Greater New York Sponging Works, 2-6 East Broadway.

Player piano, mahogany; excellent tone; perfect condition; reasonable terms. K 662 Times Downtown.

Beautiful imported black spangled net robe, new, never made up, great bargain. Phone Audubon 5684, Apt. 6D.

Female police dog, fine pedigree, $150. Hartell, 1,760 West 9th St., Brooklyn. Phone Bath Beach 624.

Furniture.

Don't sell your household furniture, rugs, carpets, bric-a-brac, paintings, bronzes, silver and plated ware, books, before getting my estimate. Frank, 605 West 111th St. Phone Cathedral 3933.

Bargain.—Leaving town, must sell contents of four-room apartment; will sublet. 512 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 3801.

Ivory dresser and bed to match, practically new, box spring and Ostermoor mattress, $85. 344 West 72d, Apt. 8C.

Horses and Carriages.

For Sale—Shetland pony, saddle and bridle; suitable for child aged to 12 years. J. C. Bolger, Nutley, N. J.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

FOR SALE.
Office fixtures, large hardwood tables and display fixtures, office furniture, wire partitions, hardwood office partitions; large quantity shelving, electric fixtures and globes, &c. Raphael Tuck & Sons Co., Limited, 122 5th Av.

For sale, office and showroom partitions, cutting tables, plant, and other items used in cloak and suit factories. Cooper & Grapes, 802 5th Av.

Office furniture, oak flat tables, roll top desks, chairs, typewriter desks, file cabinets, &c., closing out business. Madison Square, 7,494. 460 Fourth Ave., room 810.

Dictaphone, practically new, for sale at a bargain. Mr. Hunter, Rector 7525.

Sanitary desk for sale. Manufacturers Surplus Tire Co., 789 7th Ave.

Desks, $6, $10; filing cabinets, $5, $10; tables, $4. 60 Cortlandt St.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Brooklyn Headquarters.
Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day.
Telephone Mr. Warren, our rental manager, who will personally select machine.
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CORONA SALES CO., Inc.
TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES.
Brooklyn, 531 Fulton St.
Telephone 9272-0273 Main.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-Visible, 3 months for $6.
Visible, 3 months, for $7.50 up.
Initial Payment Applies if Purchased.
FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS.
FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS.
Other makes, $25 to $85.
Trademarked and guaranteed for one year
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20 E. 23d St., opp Madison Av. } Tel. 5406
339 Broadway, at Worth St. } Franklin

New Oliver typewriter; large carriage. James Walker & Co., 27 Thames St., N. Y.

Government Sales.

SALE OF COKE-COATED TIN PLATE Material, Disposition Section Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for 1145.4 base boxes of coke-coated tin plate. Bids made on form M. D. 4, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 24th, 1919.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—To buy complete set of Alexander Hamilton Institute Books; 24-volume set preferred. W. P. Tracy, Spring and Front Sts., Columbus, Ohio.

Wanted—To buy a second-hand, nine-column Burroughs adding machine. Write M. Posmantur, 992 Broadway, Buffalo, N. Y.

Want to buy used grand piano, mahogany case preferred. O 279 Times.

Wanted, used mimeograph duplicator. D. Morris, St. James Building. Chelsea 4604.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large sunny room; adjoining bath.

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms, with board; references.

56TH, 62 WEST.—One large room, with board; three flights up; northern exposure; references.

55TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table service; convenient location.

72D, 159 WEST.—Large, sunny room and board, Winter; references.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large double room, with bath, by Holland family; give superior accommodation; European style; home cooking.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive large room, second floor; southern exposure; excellent table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large room, with dressing room; steam; unusual table; references.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Single second floor room, table boarders; excellent French cuisine.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 250 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Comfortable room; home comforts; Jewish family. Rice.

86TH, 17 WEST.—Large connecting front room; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests accommodated; dinners weekly.

89TH, 321 WEST.—Large, bright, elegantly furnished room, twin beds; fine bath adjoining; view of Hudson; suitable two gentlemen or couple; real home cooking. Telephone 3157 River.

102D, 244 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor suite, private bath; other rooms, with baths; gentlemen or family. Riverside 10219.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for 2 adults in private Christian American family; front room, 4 southern windows; private bath.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; private residence; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with private bath, separate or en suite; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

118TH, 147 WEST.—Elegant furnished rooms; excellent board; steam; near subway; elevator.

120TH ST., 110 WEST.—Double and single room with private bath; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

122D, 565 WEST.—Refined young couple will rent attractive front room, with entirely new furniture, in new house, all conveniences, to refined party, together, with best of meals, $15; no other roomers; please don't phone. Carpenter.

GENTLEMAN will find delightful home with refined Jewish family. O 290 Times.

Professional nurse, having own modern, up-to-date home, will care for and board invalid; highest doctors' references. Address D. F., 263 West 125th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large, double, comfortable, sunny rooms, overlooking Drive; steam heat; excellent board; two people, $30. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Private family offers large front room, baby grand piano. Apartment 6B. 4570 Audubon.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 693, (94th.)—Large front room, 3 windows, running water, electricity, little automatic elevator; French spoken; table guests; references.

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family; beautiful rooms, bath; unexcelled table; gentlemen.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Middle-aged lady desires 2 well furnished rooms with bath and full board, with refined private family; preferably second floor in private house; west side, 70th to 100th St.; references exchanged. S 449 Times Downtown.

GRAMERCY PARK AND 59TH EAST
Young woman of refined, considerate nature desires pleasant room in private family or boarding place for several months; references exchanged; give phone number. X 214 Times Annex.

Couple desire board, private family, no other boarders; large light bedroom; private bath; good cooking essential; west side apartment home preferred; particulars; price moderate; reference. F., 1,028 3d Av. store.

Attractive Danish student, young engineer, wishing to learn English, desires home in American family, near Columbia University. Reply American-Scandinavian Foundation, 25 West 45th.

Refined English business man wants large bedroom, with comfortable living room, well furnished, and meals served privately in living room; willing to pay $14, including meals, per week. Vico, 115 Broadway.

Young lady student wishes room and board with small refined private family, preferably French, or select pension, preferably below 42d St.; $12 week. H 792 Times Downtown.

Couple with four-year-old child desire nicely furnished room and board with private family, preferably in East Orange or vicinity; highest references. Address C. G. Ong, 1407 Singer Building.

Room and board, east side, below 70th, by army officer; cheerful room, with or near bath; price reasonable; permanent; references; give full information and price in answering. G 324 Times.

A couple desire room near or adjoining bath, with meals, in private family, on west side between 80th and 100th Sts., for two or three months. K 717 Times Downtown.

Young woman wants home in private family; sunny room; $12 week, including board; between 50th and Washington Sq.; references exchanged. Room 816, 70 5th Av.

Gentlewoman, Hebrew, wishes room and board with private family, elevator apartment, west side. Phone Audubon 5059, 10-12 A. M. and 5-7 P. M.

Young Christian Science gentleman desires nice room and board with private family; $15. Room 14, 156 West 74th.

Jewish business woman desires room and board with refined private family. Phone Audubon 6520, Apt. 63. Hecht.

Bachelor, Christian, wants board and room with private bath, near subway; give price and particulars. A 92 Times.

Gentleman and wife wish board on west side below 34th St. Address Box 65, Essex Felle, N. J.

Young business man wishes room and board in private family; west side above 72d St. R 420 Times Downtown.

CHILD, MONTH OLD, RESPECTABLE FAMILY; REFERENCES. B 806 TIMES ANNEX.

Room, business woman and 4-year-old son; care of child while mother is at business. R 8 Times.

Lady concert singer desires quarters, preferably with meals, in refined surroundings; not above 85th St., west. X 256 Times Annex.

LARGE, sunny room; parlor; second; board or kitchenette privileges; price. X 216 Times Annex.

Refined couple want room, board until June; private family preferred. L 36 Times.

Bachelor desires room French family; opportunity to improve his French. K 33 Times.

Gentleman wishes room and board with private family above 59th. R 28 Times.

Wanted, table board, vicinity West 90th. M., 611 West End Av.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."
Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.
W. T. READE, Pro.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.
A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 to $45.
Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS.
Special facilities for treating and curing such cases. Also for
AGED PEOPLE, CHRONIC INVALIDS,
requiring more attention than can be given at home, we offer a pleasant, cheerful sanitarium; large, modern, warm house, spacious grounds; automobiles, wheel chairs, attentive nurses, experienced physicians; Winter rates; moderate.
LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

South Orange, N. J.—Beautiful home and location; large room, bath, and board; couple; reference. 117 Scotland Road.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

New Jersey.

East Orange, Lenox Manor.—Quiet, cool, beautifully furnished large rooms, private bath; electricity; long verandas, garage; table board near by. 75 Lenox Av. Telephone Orange 5075.

BERTRAM COTTAGE,
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Refined atmosphere; delicious Southern cooking; booklet. C. F. Johnson.

Westchester County.

PRIVATE FAMILY has room for six boarders; beautiful homey home; all Winter sports; Summer bathing; home cooking; good board. Box 76, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165. White Plains.

Refined home, invalid, elderly people; nursing, care, every comfort, warm house. 574 Palisade Av., Yonkers. Telephone 5642 Yonkers.

Brooklyn.

Home sanatorium selected, medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Telephone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,864 East 27th St., Brooklyn.

Miscellaneous.

Nice home few boys, school age; A1 reference; suburbs. S 468 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny, telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

39TH, 154 EAST.—Large room, with private bath, suitable two; subway; phone.

90TH ST., (Madison Av.)—Furnished room for gentleman. Tel. Lenox 789.

CLEAN, large room, washroom; running water; closet; electricity; gentlemen only. 284 Lexington, (36th.)

MADISON AV., 253.—Furnished, unfurnished large room, bath, steam, electricity, parlor floor; references.

MADISON, 1,309, (93d.)—Elegant room, private house; no other roomers. Lenox 940. Write.

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Large room, private bath; open grate fire; electricity, telephone; references.

28TH, 8 WEST.—Attractive single room, adjoining bath, for business woman; telephone; splendid location as to transit; rates reasonable. Telephone Madison Square 1423, or call between the hours of 10 and 6.

37TH ST., (BET. 5TH AND 6TH AVS.)—Beautiful large front room; kitchen privileges; all improvements; furnished, $15; unfurnished, $12 week; reference. O 312 Times.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room overlooking park; adjoining bath, electricity; gentleman; references.

46TH ST., 31 WEST.—Room with private bath; completely furnished; electric lights; steam heat; fireplace; 2d floor; gentlemen only.

47TH ST., 7 WEST.—Lady offers attractive room; kitchenette privileges if desired. Collins.

49TH ST., 11 WEST.—Large room, with private bath.

51ST ST., 57 WEST.—Newly furnished, papered, and decorated; large front bedroom; one flight; electric light, white woodwork, private salon, abundant closet space; $14 weekly; also front hall room, $7; ready for occupancy next Saturday.

34 WEST 56TH.
2-ROOM SUITE.

56TH, 133 EAST.—Single room, furnished; quiet house; reference required. Plaza 5525.

56TH, 324 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with, without bath; private house; telephone.

59TH, 220 WEST.—Medium size, sunny, connecting rooms, lavatories closets, electricity; $9, $10; charming private apartment; reference. Langdon.

61ST, 166 East.—Beautiful large front room, private bath, electricity; one or two gentlemen; $12; select surroundings. Telephone.

69TH.—Gentleman appreciating refined home can obtain sunny room, with bath; private family; no other roomers; high-class apartment. Apply Apt. 2 South 2,020 B'way.

69TH, 68 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome large room; parquet floors, electricity, switchboard; refined residence.

69TH, 135 WEST.—Comfortable room; business man or woman; private family.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Attractively furnished large second-story front room; private bath, electricity, steam heat; gentleman; references.

70TH, 247 WEST.—Comfortably furnished front room, adjoining bath, for gentleman only; running water, electricity; private family; references essential.

70TH, 60 WEST.—Large room with private bath; southern exposure.

71ST, 62 WEST.—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, LARGE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY, STEAM; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

71ST ST., 37 WEST.—REASONABLE; LARGE DOUBLE ROOMS; CONVENIENCES.

73D, 260 WEST.—Third floor of dwelling house, room, hot and cold running water, adjoining bath; $4; also large furnished basement, hot and cold running water, kitchenette privileges, $8.

73D, 269 WEST.—Bright, medium room, next bath; hot water; $8.50.

72D, 336 WEST.—Large back parlor, kitchenette privileges; electricity, references.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large 2d floor front room; twin beds. Columbus 9635.

74TH, 41 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, LARGE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

74TH, 153 WEST.—Large parlor and bath; very desirable.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Single room; steam heat, electricity, running water; gentlemen only; permanent.

75TH, 150 WEST.—Attractively furnished large and small rooms; electricity; gentleman.

75TH, 327 WEST, (at Drive.)—Attractively furnished rooms, single, en suite; electricity; residential.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms, with private bath, electricity; references.

75TH, 251 WEST.—Large, light rooms; kitchen privileges; $16-$10; maid service.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Clean, warm, large, sunny front room, private bath; electricity; references.

76TH, 112 WEST.—Newly furnished house, large rooms, running water; $7.

76TH, 32 EAST.—Large front room, suitable studio; desirable location. Rhinelander 3450.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Artistic home; medium rooms, $7-$8; electricity; business men only.

76TH, 42 WEST.—Unusually attractive double room; also single room; select house.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Newly furnished house, electricity, rooms, private bath, $3-$15.

77TH, 113 WEST.—Beautiful room, dressing room; private bath; one, two gentlemen; permanent.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private bath; suitable two gentlemen; electricity, telephone.

78TH, 110 WEST.—Private home; beautiful room, $15; reference essential; breakfast if desired.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive room, $8; hall room, $4; private house; references.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; gentleman preferred.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Broadway subway, back parlor, private bath, kitchen privileges, electricity.

79TH, 177 WEST.—Sunny suite, front; conveniences; kitchen privileges; gentlemen, couple. Schultz.

80TH ST., WEST.—Two large connecting rooms with dressing rooms; newly decorated; hot and cold running water; steam heat; electric light; new bath tub and lavatories; parquet floors; no other roomers; private family; private house; unusual opportunity; $125 monthly; gentlemen only. X 250 Times Annex.

80TH, (WEST END AV.)—BEAUTIFUL ROOM; BEST LOCATION; BUSINESS WOMAN; $16; EXCLUSIVE OPPORTUNITY. SCHUYLER 1547.

81ST ST., 27 WEST.—Large, elegant rooms; four windows facing parks; dressing room, bath, conveniences; private house; near subway. "L."

82D, WEST.—Medium-sized comfortable room adjoining bath, for gentleman; private house; reasonable; highest references. Phone Schuyler 4748.

82D, 118 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large front rooms, newly decorated; private house.

82D, 1 WEST.—Comfortable room for business man or woman. Janvrin.

83D, 28 WEST.—Sitting room, bedroom, with twin beds, bathroom, 2 dressing rooms, all communicating; fine linen; large, light, warm, pleasant; in select private house, first floor; also single rooms for gentlemen. Phone Schuyler 8250.

83D, 231 WEST.—Large sunny room; running water; private family; gentleman; references. Reade.

83D ST., 325 WEST.—Two rooms, southern exposure. Apartment 5 West.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

83D, 325 WEST.—Comfortable room, running water; private family. Schuyler 4770.

83D, WEST.—Modern apartment; sunny front suite, with bath; overlooking Central Park; $12; references. Schuyler 4650; gentlemen.

84TH, 301 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double room; private house; just off West End Av.; also small rooms.

84TH ST., 254 West.—Beautifully furnished rooms, 3 gentlemen, private entrance, bath. Caulfield.

85TH, 201 WEST.—Well furnished room; running water; elevator, steam heat, all conveniences; gentlemen; references. Apt. 5 West.

85TH ST., WEST.—Two rooms, reception hall; running water; private entrance. Schuyler 6483.

85TH, 211 WEST.—Large, light room, private family; electricity; 4th floor; $8.

85TH, 104 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room with private family. Sanderson.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors, large rooms; private bath; unusually well furnished; modern conveniences; near subway and L; references.

86TH, 113 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished front room; alcove bedroom; running water; electricity; no couples.

86TH, 276 WEST.—Physician's or dentist's suite, two rooms and bath.

90TH, WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large front room; southern exposure; electricity; steam heat; running water; reasonable; references. Riverside 9028.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large room; running water; adjoining bath; steam; electricity.

91ST, 201 WEST.—Beautiful front parlor suite; conveniences; telephone; subway; adults. Kinert.

93D, 137 WEST.—Gentleman's single furnished room adjoining bath; electricity; refinement; $26.

94TH ST., off Broadway.—Small, sunny rooms, suitable business, lady or gentleman; elevator apt. Phone Riverside 3453.

94TH, 250 WEST.—Attractively furnished front room; modern. Apartment 2 North.

94TH, 35 WEST.—To let, large room, private bath; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

95TH, (Madison Av.)—Large, outside corner bedroom, elegantly furnished; private bath; electricity; elevator; gentleman. Lenox 1336.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Two sunny outside connecting single rooms. Apartment 5-B.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room adjoining bath; American home; references.

103D ST., 253 WEST, (Riverside Section.)—Well-furnished, scrupulously clean, quiet rooms, bath adjoining; electricity, telephone; express subway block distant; gentlemen or business women; private house; moderate rate.

103D, 15 WEST.—Comfortable front rooms; one flight; steam, hot water; gentlemen. Stokes.

103D, 242 WEST.—Large, sunny room, private bath; suitable two gentlemen.

104TH, 308 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, exceptionally large front room; refined location; select; $12.

104TH, 245 WEST.—Clean, well furnished; electricity; homelike; gentleman, desiring best. Beidler.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Attractive rooms; home comforts; elevator; electric. Kinnear.

106TH, 206 WEST.—Well furnished single room; elevator, electricity; desirable. Apartment 31.

107TH, 233 WEST.—Sunny room, next bath; private family; conveniences; board. Treat.

108TH, 210 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large, comfortable room, next bath; private apartment; kitchenette privilege. Apartment 31. Academy 2627.

109TH, 304 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, with dressing room, large closets; also smaller room; well heated, modern house.

109TH, 229 WEST.—Will rent attractive room to lady employed, or couple; no other roomers; elevator. Apartment 62.

111TH, WEST.—Something choice; lavatory in room. Telephone 6231 Cathedral.

111TH, 507 WEST.—Large front room, with alcove; twin beds; kitchen privileges; elevator; convenient to Broadway subway. Cathedral 6350. Apt. 33.

112TH, 605 WEST.—Attractively furnished front room; every convenience; homelike; reasonable. Apt. 32.

112TH, 542 WEST, (Apartment 4B.)—Attractive single room; private bath; gentleman. Cathedral 3724.

113TH, 324 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; splendid location; private American family; telephone.

113TH, 621 WEST.—American basement, private house; 2d floor back, private bath, $18; 3d floor back, bath adjoining, $12.

114TH, 609 WEST, (Apartment 55.)—Nice room adjoining bath; no other roomers.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Desirable room; bath adjoining; southern exposure; Columbia neighborhood. Periam.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Large, light, warm front room, centrally located. Apt. 21.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Light, airy, inexpensive room, near Columbia University. Apt. 52.

121ST ST., 362 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room in private house; fine neighborhood; references. Telephone Morningside 2928.

139TH, 601 WEST, (Apt. 22.)—Nicely furnished; in private family; after 2 P. M.

141ST, 552 WEST.—Sunny room, elevator apartment, private family; gentleman. Harrison.

142D ST, 639 WEST, Corner Riverside Drive. Private house, large, warm front room adjoining bath, all conveniences; private family; gentleman.

142D, 507 WEST.—Pleasant, warm room for young business person; elevator. Thomas.

157TH, 457 WEST.—Home-like single room, business woman. Apt. 41. Audubon 2028.

172D, 643 WEST.—Two large outside rooms, one furnished, other unfurnished, near bath; reasonable. Colley, Apt. 55.

183D ST., 661 WEST.—Large front room, four windows; southern exposure; adjoining bath; electricity, telephone; subway; private family.

Beautifully appointed parlor and bedroom, bath adjoining, in private apartment, for refined gentleman; block to Broadway subway, bus, Riverside; quiet, refined; no other roomers; reasonable to permanent guest; references. Phone Murray, Audubon 8252.

BROADWAY, 1,780, Apartment 8-S.—To let, 2 bedrooms, private bath; reference required.

BROADWAY, 3,089, Apt. 51.—Comfortably furnished room and kitchen; elevator; all modern improvements.

BROADWAY, 2,787.—Private family will rent one room to gentleman; references. Hearn.

BROADWAY, 3,544.—Outside room; southern exposure; private family. Apt. 43.

CLAREMONT AV., 126.—Handsomely furnished light, airy, large rooms, with private lavatory, in modern eight-room elevator apartment, one block from Drive; artistic, congenial surroundings; business gentlemen; $10 per week. Apt. 34.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Large, sunny room; steam, electricity, running water, shower; gentlemen; $7. Academy 4191.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 454.—Sunny outside room; no other roomers. Apartment 53.

IN 6 ROOM 3 BATH apartment, ninth floor, beautiful corner room, private bath; three windows facing south and east; wonderful view; "L" express, 28 minutes from Cortlandt St.; quiet, refined home. Phone in morning, Audubon 1294.

Light single room, electricity, steam heat, private bath, elevator, &c.; $5. Phone St. Nicholas 9206. Apt. 45.

MADISON AV., 1,350.—Bright bedroom, bath. Apt. D. Lenox 5447.

METROPOLITAN OPERA BUILDING, (Apt. 7.)—Gentleman will rent large room, responsible man.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (on Block from 157th St. Subway.)—Very large parlor and bedroom, suitable for 2 or 3, or will rent single; southern exposure; exclusive use of bath; in one of the most pretentious apt. houses on Riverside Drive. Aud. 5400. Apt. 5L.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230, (Cor. 95th.)—Bright outside, attractively furnished room; running water; gentlemen; reasonable. Apartment 31. 9480 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, facing the Hudson; airy, large front room, all conveniences, with respectable private family. Telephone Audubon 8954.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223, (94th.)—Large double room; use of kitchen, parlor, piano; $40 single, $50 double; permanent; references. Parker.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736.—Large room, elegantly furnished; bath adjoining. 4180 Audubon, 3F.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 640 (141st).—Outside room, adjoining bath, large closet. Apartment 12 G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NO. 125.—Apartment 10 north. Exceptionally attractive rooms.

TWO large outside adjoining rooms, private bath; unusual location; exclusive home; gentlemen. St. Nicholas 9818, Apt. 51.

WEST END AV., 826.—Exclusive bachelor accommodations, with or without bath; references.

WEST END, (97th.)—Single room, private bath; gentleman; permanent; $8. Riverside 5067.

WEST END AV., 700, (94th.)—Bachelor's suite; piano; first floor. Riverside 9845.

WEST END AV., 822, (75th.)—Single front room, private house; references.

New Jersey.

Suburban refined home at Leonia, N. J., every modern convenience; would accept one or two gentlemen; Japanese preferred; easy commutation and trolley. Tel. 588 Leonia, or Box 81, Leonia.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

57TH, WEST.—Two large, unfurnished connecting rooms; private bath, southern exposure; elevator apartment. Schuyler 1426.

76TH, 110 WEST.—Two large rooms, private bath, dressing room; in exclusive house; $100; exceptional business people; references.

87TH, 153 WEST.—Private residence; owner.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

WANTED by young widower, Gentile Southerner, of good social and business standing, room, with hot and cold water, near bath, in small private family; breakfast and dinner if possible; am very lonely and desire a place to call home; room not to exceed $6 or $7 week; location convenient to subway or 6th Av. L, west side, between 70th and 110th Sts.; please give full particulars, price, &c. A 151 Times.

YOUNG college-bred business woman, writer, desires room at reasonable rates in studio or other apartment; would also consider one or two room apartment; heat, light, and electricity essential; on or near Madison Av., between 33d and 44th Sts., Gramercy Park, Washington Square, or Greenwich Village; references exchanged. B 859 Times Annex.

REFINED COUPLE desire large double, sunny room, connecting private bath, electricity, steam heat, with exclusive family in residence or apartment, not over $50 month, permanent, between 34th and 72d Sts., near subways. V. P., 424 Madison Av.

A lady of refinement wishes two furnished rooms in private house or apartment, with kitchen privileges; 50th to 80th St., west side; highest reference. A Hiller, 25 West St., New York City.

NOW OR FEB. 1ST
Wanted, in or near 50s, between 6th and Lexington Avs., well furnished bed, sitting room, bath; private house preferred; exceptional references. Address O 357 Times.

Gentleman wishes clean, comfortably heated room, with breakfast, preferably private family, not to exceed $6. Particulars, B 177 Times.

Gentleman and wife desire room with private bath, refined surroundings, convenient to boarding place; $10 weekly. O 36 Times.

Woman, business, desires room and kitchenette; absolute cleanliness essential; Lower West Side preferred, or convenient to L; reasonable. A 742 Times Downtown.

Furnished Room Wanted—Jewish gentleman desires room in private family, west side, 86th to 104th St.; state particulars. O 374 Times.

Refined Jewish young man wants neat furnished room, private bath and breakfast, in modern apartment house, west side, below 96th St. preferred. S 450 Times Downtown.

Lady wishes large, quiet room, private bath, electricity, kitchenette privileges; 70th-110th West; state price; references exchanged. K 24 Times.

Japanese gentleman desires nicely furnished room, small private family; no other roomer; selected section; state particulars. S 4 Times.

Quiet, refined couple, Protestant, want large, warm, sunny room and bath, well furnished or unfurnished. C. D. P. Colonial Steel Co., 177 Hudson St.

Japanese gentleman desires medium-size light furnished room; private family, with no other roomers. Write details to Mr. Ishige, Room 308, 165 Broadway, New York City.

Furnished, unfurnished, one large room and small connecting room with or near bath between Park Av.-Riverside Drive, 59th-116th; gentleman; permanent. K 22 Times.

Lady, engaged in Government work, wishes room with bath and kitchen privileges; Washington Square district, or 40th-50th, below 59th; state terms. K 25 Times.

BUSINESS WOMAN wants comfortable, furnished room, Greenwich Village preferred; state all particulars; references. W 672 Times Downtown.

TWO DISCHARGED OFFICERS desire permanent location, one or two rooms, with bath, near Broadway subway. K 31 Times.

Two connecting furnished rooms, with running water, also use of kitchen; elevator apartment. B 843 Times Annex.

Business woman wishes warm room, bath, use of kitchenette; moderate. S 451 Times Downtown.

Two rooms wanted by brother and sister in private family. Reply, stating price, O 380 Times.

Physician wants 2 or 3 rooms, suitable for an office, in Harlem or the Bronx. J 235 Times Bronx.

Lady wishes room, breakfast, 70th St. West up; state price. G 287 Times.

Room and bath, between 42d and 59th Sts., wanted by business woman. B 133 Times.

SOUTH AMERICAN wishes room in private home; references. B 1003 Times Harlem.

Gentleman desires furnished room and private bath; state terms. A 85 Times.

Unfurnished.

Large unfurnished, steam heated room, preferably with kitchenette, first-class Manhattan neighborhood, by Protestant business couple. O 367 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH.
furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1783.

2 TO 5 ROOM APARTMENTS, SHORT OR LONG LEASE, $150 MONTH UPWARD; EXCLUSIVE LIST. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

8TH, 18 EAST.—Furnished 3-room apt., $115. Apply Superintendent on premises.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

30TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette for rent, richly furnished, very complete; rent $150. Telephone Jones, Murray Hill 7450.

43D, 11 EAST.—Elegant bachelor apartments, 2 rooms, bath; convenient to Grand Central.

48TH STREET, EAST. TWO LARGE ROOMS AND BATH, EXCLUSIVE BACHELOR HOUSE; WELL FURNISHED; $150 MONTH TO JUNE OR OCTOBER. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AVE.

50TH, 51 EAST.—Sunny corner living room, bedroom, bath, for bachelor; monthly lease; $125; club district. Phone Plaza 4748.

57TH, 48 EAST.—One or two rooms, furnished; private bath; high class.

57TH ST., 24 EAST.—Bachelor apartment, two large rooms, bath.

82D, 129 EAST.—Attractively furnished apartment, six rooms and two baths; modern building; Feb. 1 to Oct. 1. Telephone Lenox 9543.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Southern exposure; double, single; connecting bath; permanent; rent $15.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hall. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

For Sale.—Elegant furniture and appointments, practically new, in new high-class six-room apartment, with lease, on the east side in the 60s; can be seen by appointment only by phoning Plaza 279.

HANDSOMELY furnished 4-room apartment to rent at Hotel Touraine, 9 East 39th St., until May 1; $350 month.

HIGH-CLASS sunny apartment, five rooms, two baths, open fire; three months or longer. A 150 Times.

LARGE LIVING ROOM, 3 BEDROOMS, 3 BATHS, VERY HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; ALL VERY LIGHT ROOMS IN HIGH-CLASS APARTMENT HOTEL, 30S; SUBLET AT $450 MONTH TO MAY 30. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

MADISON AV., 121, (Corner 30th St.)—An attractive duplex apartment, nine rooms and bath, 2 maids' rooms; elegantly furnished, hardwood floors, &c.; will sublet from February to September $150 per month; can be seen by appointment. Phone Madison Square 3847.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, West Side; Long, Short Leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
178 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

LARGE LIGHT ROOM AND BATH
To sublet to Oct. 1; Rent $900 per year.
SUPERINTENDENT, 152 MADISON AV.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

PARK AV., 815.—Eight-room apartment, furnished or unfurnished; very attractive. Apply Superintendent.

PARK AV.—8 rooms, unusually attractive; two months or longer; $300 monthly. Tel. 380 Lenox.

PARK AV., (N. W. Corner,) Entrance 81st. —Six rooms, bath, sunshine. Lenox 7809.

SAN JACINTO, 18 East 60th St.
Sublet 2 rooms bath; complete service.

SUBLET, sacrifice corner suite fashionable hotel. Emergency Committee Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH, furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 60 WEST.—Sublet to June 1, 4 outside rooms and bath, elevator, $110 monthly; references.

30TH ST., WEST, (near 6th Av.)—Substantially furnished apartment, 5 rooms and bath; entire floor remodeled private house; large, light; twin beds, Sohmer piano; kitchen equipped full housekeeping; well heated; electricity; exceptionally quiet; linen and silver if desired; rental $85. L 19 Times.

39TH, 54 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, bath, kitchen complete, with private roof garden; lease $85; references. Superintendent.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

45TH ST., 137 WEST.—Hotel King James; Beautifully furnished 1, 2 room apartments; hotel service; $18 and $25 per week.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

46TH, 18 WEST.—Very large parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, and bath; furnishings elegant and complete for housekeeping; suitable for two gentlemen or couple. Wells.

49TH ST., 7 WEST.—Suite, two rooms, bath, $150, or duplex apartment, four rooms, kitchenette, bath, $250; exclusive; private house.

50S.—Five rooms, $125, sublet. Emergency Housing Committee. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 Fifth Av.

51ST ST., 34 WEST.—Foyer, parlor, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; open fireplace; sunny, bay and English windows, the beautiful apartment formerly occupied by Cyril Harcourt; immediate possession. 4669 Circle. Prescott.

55TH ST., 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; two rooms and bath; sublet February and March at Hotel Devon; rent, $200 monthly; seen before noon. Mrs. K. Chisholm. 200 Circle.

55TH ST., 53 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENT, THREE ROOMS, BATH, $250 MONTHLY, 3 MONTHS. SUIT.

56TH, 216 WEST, (cor. Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished 4-room suite 2 bedrooms, dining room, kitchen. 4231 Circle.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, (APT. 14-B.)
DE LUXE FURNISHED APARTMENT.
Three rooms and bath, 14th floor; overlooking Hudson; south and west exposure; electric kitchenette; handsome collection of paintings by best modern artists; $300 per month; new building.

57TH, 109 WEST.—Two attractive rooms, bath, kitchenette; top floor; lease; moderate. Swan.

59TH, 200 WEST.—Smartly furnished three rooms, kitchenette; overlooking Central Park; suitable family or bachelor; immediate possession; lease until Oct. or longer; $300 month. Kent.

59TH, 222 WEST.—For rent, furnished, until first or middle May, exceptionally attractive nonhousekeeping apartment, suitable for one or two people; restaurant in building.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.—SUBLET; facing Park; large rooms, bath, kitchenette; $200 monthly to October.

63D, 56 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, 2d floor front; steam, electricity.

67TH, 1 WEST, (Hotel des Artistes.)—Beautifully furnished three-room duplex apartment; cook's service free; $250 month, lease for three months or longer. Apartment 311.

69TH, 22 WEST.—High-class 2-3 room apartments; kitchenette; light, heat; maid service; refined surroundings; reference; $130-$175.

70S.—West End; 8 outside rooms, 2 baths, $300 to October; $350, 4-5 months. Decorator, Schuyler 9361, mornings.

70S, WEST.—Four-room apartment, handsomely furnished, $215 monthly. Col. 3281.

70S.—Attractive, 5-room apartment, 2 baths. Phone Columbus 1278, Monday.

71ST, 55 WEST.—I have acquired the mansion and furnishings of old and wealthy New York family; I wish to lease two suites containing sitting room, dressing room, bedroom, and bath; each suite occupying floor; walls done in brocade silk; furniture, pictures and fireplaces imported by family for their own pleasure and comfort; $400-$500 month; Japanese servant; social and financial references required. Columbus 8055.

71ST, 10 WEST.—THREE LARGE, SUNNY MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED ROOMS; LUXURIOUS BATH; ELECTRIC CABINET, NEEDLE SHOWER, &c.; HIGHEST CLASS PRIVATE RESIDENCE; BREAKFAST AND MAID SERVICE OPTIONAL.

72D, 117 WEST.—Very attractive furnished apartment; large living and bedroom; reception hall; electricity; kitchenette and bath; southern exposure. Harding.

72D WEST, (near subway.)—Attractively furnished, modern three-room apartment south, for rent immediately; $135. Phone Columbus 858.

72D, 344 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Well furnished, five rooms, sunny exposure, $260.

75TH, 24 WEST.—Four rooms, bath; third floor. Call, or telephone 4821 Columbus.

77TH, 50 WEST.—Four rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; sublet at $175 monthly; to Oct. 1; free maid service, linen, and light. Apt. 96, Manhattan Sq. Hotel.

77TH, 60 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Kenny, Apartment 7-AB.

80TH, 140 WEST.—Elegant back parlor; parquet floor; kitchenette; private bath; telephone; also 2 connecting front parlors.

80'S, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths; newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

82D, 55 WEST.—New house, new furnishings; two rooms, kitchen, bath, shower; every modern convenience; lease $125; concessions for long lease.

86TH, 200 WEST, (Opposite Belnord.)—High-class elevator apartment, seven large outside rooms; southern exposure; mahogany throughout; immediate possession; never rented before; must be seen to be appreciated. Evans.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Eight rooms, attractively furnished; sublet to adults until Oct. 1, all afternoons. Apartment 4-E.

89TH, 47 WEST.—Three handsomely furnished, apartment, private house, with kitchenette; all modern improvements; suitable for 3 adults; splendidly situated for 3 gentlemen.

89TH, 305 WEST.—Private house; beautiful parlor floor; three rooms, bath, kitchenette, $125.

90'S, (WEST.)—Two blocks 96th subway, seven outside rooms; southern exposure; piano, Victrola, linen, silver; immediate possession; $175. Apply 745 West End Av., near 97th.

92D ST., 200 WEST.—Five rooms, bath, all outside; will lease until October; $65. Seen by appointment. Phone 8745 River.

94TH, 308 WEST, (Joan d'Arc monument.)—8 rooms, 2 baths; splendid apartment; ground floor.

97TH, 209 WEST.—One block subway; elevator apt.; my home, comfortably, completely furnished; 7 sunny rooms; silver, piano. 5-E.

100S.—Furnished apartment, 6 rooms. Tel. Columbus 1278 Monday, for appointment.

107TH, 212 WEST.—Bachelor, single bedroom, large closet, bath adjoining; clean, comfortable; $1.50; references; subway. Academy 4078. Janitor.

107TH, 203 WEST.—Attractive six-room furnished apt., scrupulously clean, to July, $150; big concession longer lease. Morton.

109TH ST., 200 WEST.—Six rooms and bath, completely furnished; most convenient location in city. Apartment B-5. References.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Completely furnished 7-room apartment, overlooking Hudson; 7th floor.

110TH, 141 WEST.—8 rooms and 2 baths, all light, facing Central Park, half block from subway station; completely furnished; rent $250 per month for short term; $200 for long term. Mitchell.

110TH ST., 214 WEST.—Five rooms, bath; near Broadway; sunny; Persian rugs; mahogany furniture; new Knabe piano player; February and March. Academy 636, Apt. 41.

112TH, 519 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Seven rooms, bath; completely furnished; two toilets, extra lavatory; antique mahogany; Oriental rugs; piano, silver, linen; to July or longer; no children, references. Apartment 20.

113TH ST., WEST.—Seven rooms, all light, attractive; lease to Oct. 1; can be renewed; will sell furnishings or part; private phone, Cathedral 7583.

113TH, 535 WEST.—Well-furnished apartment; living room, two bedrooms. Apt. 84.

115TH, 610 WEST.—Living room, two bedrooms, kitchenette; immediate possession. After 10:30. Apartment 98-A.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Three rooms, (kitchen,) outside; most comfortable. Ellsworth.

116TH, 110 WEST, (Between Broadway-Riverside Drive.)—3 rooms; attractively and completely furnished; reasonable.

116TH ST., 600 WEST.—Very attractively, moderately furnished apartment five rooms, two baths, to be sublet; best references required. Sebastien.

116TH, 616 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Six beautifully furnished rooms, piano, phonograph; July to October lease. Apt. 91.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Four outside front rooms; southern exposure. Phone Morningside 7700, Apartment 6-D, Sunday; Broad 5151, Monday.

120TH, (Morningside Drive.)—Five rooms, light, well-furnished, piano, $150. E. Tripp, 416 West 118th; hours, 12-2. Morn. 8502.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d, Col. 836.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY OF LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice
APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located,
RENTALS $100 TO $1,800 MONTHLY.
Office, 66 West 56th St. Tel. Circle 3099.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.
West End Av., in Eighties, 9 rooms, 3 baths; all exposures; 11th floor new building; only apartment on floor; beautifully and completely furnished; will sublet for long term or will sell complete furnishings with lease. Phone 5280 Riverside.

APARTMENT, costly furnished, five rooms, elevator; sublet 5 or 8 months; southern exposure; opposite Columbia College; abundance heat; $200 per month. Phone Cathedral 7672.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides, season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

ATTRACTIVE, private, furnished apartment; 3 rooms, bath; Chickering baby grand, Victrola; Oriental rugs. Cecil. St. Nicholas 3046.

AUDUBON AV., 28.—Three room and bath apartment; convenient; tastefully furnished. Leonard.

BROADWAY, 3,603, (148th St.)—Five well-furnished rooms; steam, electricity, telephone, elevator; view of Broadway and Riverside Drive; $85 per month. Lang.

SEVERWYCK,
89 WEST 27TH ST.
TWO AND THREE ROOM APARTMENTS.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 100.—Attractively furnished apartment, 2 massive bedrooms and bathroom; maid's bedroom; kitchen, pantry, dining room; large living room; all outside rooms; modern fixtures; for rent one year. Apply Werner.

CLAREMONT AV.—Until Sept. 25, six rooms and bath; all outside; silver, linen; elevator service; $85 monthly. Telephone Morningside 1034.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

Duplex studio apartment, 4 rooms; West 10th, near 5th. Stuyvesant 7069.

EXCEPTIONALLY attractive front apartment, west side, uptown; 3 sunny rooms, beautifully furnished; grand piano; reasonable. Phone Audubon 10163.

EIGHT rooms, 1 bath; in select section; 3 months or longer, $150 a month; references. Phone Cathedral 8945.

Furnished Apartments A Specialty; Town-Country Renting. 200 West 72d. Col. 5585.

HAMILTON PLACE, 61, (near 140th St. and Broadway.)—Completely furnished 7-room apartment. Telephone Audubon 1372.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS, RENTING FROM $300 TO $1,000 MONTHLY, SEE MRS. HAGER, RENTING SPECIALIST, WHO WILL ACCOMPANY YOU IN HER CAR. 10 WEST 71ST ST. 9415 COLUMBUS.

LEASE and furnishings, two rooms, bath and kitchenette apartment in finest elevator apartment, west side; furnishings used only two months; artistic, complete, inventories $1,200; sell $1,000 cash. S 80 Times.

LARGE studio and kitchen; quiet elevator apartment house, $80 month; references required. B 185 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420—"The Hamilton." Apartment 1 H, newly decorated, beautifully furnished, 7-room foyer and 2 baths apartment; long lease; references required.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Six rooms, two baths; strictly fireproof; 1 block from subway, beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. O'Dell. Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—Artistically completely furnished 7-room apartment; Steinway grand piano; by appointment. Mrs. Orr. Bryant 7730.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550.—Beautiful 4-room apartment; piano, Victrola; every convenience; reasonable; $165 month. Apt. 36, Morningside 620, Sunday.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 380, (Hendrik Hudson.)—Seven rooms, two baths; elegantly furnished; complete in every detail. Apt. 16.

ST. NICHOLAS TERRACE, 49, (cor 130th.)—Beautifully furnished front suite; southern exposure; home comforts; high-class Japanese preferred. Nixon.

TEN ROOMS, THREE BATHS, FACING CENTRAL PARK; SIXTIES; $500 MONTH TO JUNE OR OCTOBER. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

THREE rooms, kitchenette, bath; block from 116th "L." Cathedral 6260, Apt. 3-K.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.—To sublet to June 1, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; well-furnished modern apartment; hall service; rent $100 month; can be seen Sunday afternoon or any day next week. Apply Superintendent or Apt. 1C, 125 Waverley Place.

WEST END AV., 312.—KITCHENETTE, 2 ROOMS, 2D FLOOR; YEARLY LEASE ONLY, $[illegible]; ELECTRICITY AND GAS INCLUDED.

WEST END AV., 574.—Handsomely furnished, 6 large rooms, 2 baths; 9 months or longer, $350 monthly. B. W. Bishop. Telephone Schuyler 5600.

WEST END AVENUE, 410.—Handsomely furnished 7-room apartment; $225 month to July. Clark. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

WEST END AV.—10 rooms, all outside, light; $400 October, $500 4-5 months; mornings. Decorator, 9361 Schuyler.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

WILL SUBLET artistically, expensively furnished five room, 2 bath apartment; all double rooms; facing Riverside Drive; real home; by month or lease $250 per month. Phone 7070 Cathedral. Apartment One-I.

WILL sublet three months, beautifully furnished four room apartment, $150; seen by appointment only. Telephone 7019 Riverside.

4 ROOMS AND BATH.
SEE UNFURNISHED AD. OF
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 WEST 72D ST.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Three large, sunny, attractively furnished rooms, kitchenette, private bath, (entire upper floor), steam, gas, electricity; 76 Bruce Av., S. Yonkers; 40 minutes Times Sq.

Unfurnished—East Side.

39TH ST., 148 EAST.—Five rooms, with bath; all improvements; furnished or unfurnished private house, with owner; reasonable.

48TH ST., EAST.—TWO VERY LARGE ROOMS AND BATH, OPEN FIREPLACE; MAID, VALET, RESTAURANT SERVICE; EXCLUSIVE BACHELOR HOUSE; $1,400. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

49TH, 11 EAST.—Three-room kitchenette, elevator apartment; possession immediately; also suitable for doctor's or dentist's offices, all night service. Superintendent.

MADISON AVE. (93d St.)—Corner apartment, 2, 3, 4 rooms, bath, kitchenette, large light rooms, every convenience.

PARK AV.-70'S.—7 ROOMS, 3 BATH, $2,800. CLARK REALTY, 347 MADISON AV. TEL. VANDERBILT 1450.

THE SHELDON HOTEL.
2-room and bath apartments; modern; 1 first-floor suite, suitable for physician. 780 Madison Av., at 66th St. References.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

50TH, 3 WEST.—Apartments, one and two rooms, bath, kitchenette.

54TH, 560 WEST.—Floor through, 5 large, light rooms, newly decorated; $16 to $18. Janitor or Pocher & Co., 126 West 34th.

56TH, 327 WEST.—Two, four, seven large, light rooms; elevator; $720 up.

57TH, 140 WEST.—Four bright rooms, two baths; high-class building; 10th floor.

58TH, 200 WEST.—To sublet, very desirable apartment, 6 rooms and 2 bath, to 1920. Apt. 12A.

74TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive four-room apartment; open fireplaces; steam, electricity; service.

83D ST., (Near Central Park West.)—Three rooms, kitchenette, and bath. E. N. Crosby & Co., 160 Broadway.

97TH, 251 WEST.—One large room and kitchenette; private house; $45.

117th St., 368 West, (corner Morningside Av.)—6 rooms, $65; shown mornings or by appointment. Phone Morningside 2168.

Apartment, private house, 4 rooms, bath; Washington Heights; convenient "L" and subway; references. A. H., 192 Times Downtown.

DESIRABLE ONE ROOM, BATH, KITCHENETTE; ATTRACTIVE RENTAL; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
8 WEST 55TH ST.
APARTMENT 4-M. SEE SUPT.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 144TH ST.
Two blocks east of Amsterdam Av.; 5 rooms, $850; 6 rooms, $1,025; high-class elevator house; exclusive residential section, near subway and "L"; rent $850 and $1,200.

STUDIO APARTMENTS.
1, 2, 3 rooms, baths, kitchenettes, steam, electricity, parquet floors, open fireplaces; just completed; moderate rents; fine street. 124 West 85th St.

STUDIO, two large connecting rooms, kitchenette; modern, artistically furnished house; lower Greenwich Village; three months' lease, $50; superior man, woman, artist, musician. Particulars, Canal 594.

THREE-ROOM APARTMENT TO SUBLET, UNFURNISHED. APPLY OFFICE, 209 WEST 54TH ST.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Unfurnished—West Side.

4 rooms and bath in West Seventies, new building, 2 bedrooms; southern exposure; rental $1,400; furniture will be sacrificed. Apply L. J. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d St.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

ROSEVILLE AV., 220, (Newark.)—Three and four large, light rooms, two blocks from Roseville Station on D., L. & W., 35 minutes from 33d St., New York; high class, newly finished apartment; all modern improvements; agent on premises from 2 to 5.

Furnished house, 8 rooms, nicely furnished, until July 1; excellent location; steam heat; economically heated; $85 a month, 220 Valley Road, Montclair, N. J.; Telephone 3241, party line R.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

A university professor, a commercial research director and his assistant—three of us, university men of moderate means—want a place in which we can live in quiet and comfort.

We require adequate sleeping quarters, living room and bath, preferably with shower; not beyond the Columbia University district.

We can be relied on to appreciate and take care of a home of taste and refinement. Please address B 156 Times.

If you are going away for the Winter months and you happen to have a three or four room and bath apartment in the neighborhood of Washington Square which you would like to sublet furnished to a responsible couple with a wholesome respect for other people's property, please address R 477 Times Downtown.

Apartment, completely furnished, ready to occupy at once; four master bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms, 3 baths; west side; 72d to 100th St., for 3 or 4 months; not over $400 per month. Mail particulars to Johnson, 400 West End Av.

Rafael de Flores, 402 Madison Av., (47th.) Specialists: Furnished-unfurnished apts.
Wanted, for refined client (2 adults) immediately, (furnished,) 9 rooms, 3 baths.
Bachelor apt., east side, high class, below 59th; service; year's lease; pay advance.

REFINED COUPLE DESIRE COMPLETELY FURNISHED APARTMENT WITH THREE MASTER BEDROOMS AND TWO BATHS, FROM FEB. 1 TO JULY 1; $175 PER MONTH; BEST CARE ASSURED. K 659 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

RESPONSIBLE SMALL FAMILY DESIRES IMMEDIATELY 6 TO 8 ROOM APARTMENT TO JUNE OR OCTOBER; PAY $300 TO $500 PER MONTH. B 236 TIMES.

COUPLE DESIRE IMMEDIATELY, SMALL, WELL FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT; QUIET LOCATION; CITY OR SUBURBS; AMPLE HEAT. A 133 TIMES, OR MURRAY HILL 3500, EXTENSION 324.

APARTMENT, 5-6 SUNNY ROOMS, FOR ABOUT THREE MONTHS; WILL PAY $200 PER MONTH; MUST BE ABOVE 163D, WASHINGTON OR HAVEN AV., OVERLOOKING HUDSON. TEL. 3817 CIRCLE, GUTHRIE.

Well furnished lower apartment, 7 rooms, bath, 2 family house; Highland Park, Weehawken, N. J., overlooking Hudson; ½ hour to New York, ferry or tube. Phone Union 4678 for appointment; rent $65.

Three or four room apartment below 40th St., near 5th Av., or in Washington Square or Gramercy Park district, for 2 months from March 1, or longer, for mother and 2 daughters. B 214 Times.

LIST YOUR HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS WITH MRS. HAGER, RENTING SPECIALIST, WHO HAS ONLY THE HIGHEST CLASS CLIENTELE. 10 W. 71ST ST. TEL. 9415 COLUMBUS.

Modern three or four rooms, furnished, for about 6 months; west side, from 66th to 110th St.; not over $125 monthly. A 729 Times Downtown.

Business woman wants small modern furnished apartment between 42d and 59th Sts.; would share with another woman. B 131 Times.

Couple desire one or two room apartment, bath, kitchenette, completely furnished; moderate; guarantee best care; references. G 280 Times.

Couple wishes small, well-furnished apartment with kitchen or kitchenette, for Feb. and March; references given; state particulars. M. K. Lindner, 132 East 45th St.

Wanted.—From Feb. 15, two furnished rooms and bath, with or without kitchenette; references exchanged. W 679 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—Until July 1st, light, well-furnished six, seven room apartment, by two adults; an opportunity to those who desire careful tenants. S 70 Times.

By mother and daughter, from three to six months, furnished housekeeping, sunny living, one or two bedrooms; below 70th St., east preferred; best references. G 356 Times.

Feb. 1, by Christian couple, clean, completely furnished, 3 or 4-room apt.; not over $85, 6 mos. or longer; no sharing. Washington Heights district. D 330 Times.

Wanted.—2 rooms, bath, with kitchenette or restaurant privilege, or a small housekeeping apartment for limited lease. L. B., 260 Times.

Small, modern, prefer unfurnished, river view; moderate; Christian Americans. S. S., 3,525 Broadway.

Couple desire 2 or 3 rooms and bath, kitchenette, west side, 59th-155th; two months; reasonable; references. S 23 Times.

Captain, U. S. Army, stationed New York. Emergency Housing Committee, Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 Fifth.

Four-room apartment, furnished, responsible couple; best references. Phone Col. 1278 Monday.

Wanted, four-five rooms, west side, 70th-116th St.; all conveniences. Write E. S., 2,876 Broadway.

Small furnished apartment wanted on west side for about three months. Address Couple, A 49 Times.

Couple desire to occupy, March 1, comfortably furnished, 4-room, bath apartment, uptown, or in suburbs. O 382 Times.

Furnished one or two rooms, bath, kitchenette privilege; not over $50 month; between 75th and 78th west. W 378 Times.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Small apartment, kitchen or kitchenette for February-March; responsible couple. A 64 Times.

Young couple, educated Americans, can pay $50 monthly, small furnished apartment, indefinite time to suit owner. A 77 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Two adults and maid, for 8 months; possession Feb. 1; Washington Square or Gramercy Park preferred. B 827 Times Annex.

Small apartment, adults; convenient Broadway subway; moderate; or will care for apartment in absence of owner. A 148 Times.

Require 6, 8 rooms, 3, 4 months; east, west; well furnished; below 90s. Gray, Columbus 3974.

Three-room furnished apartment in Queens; preferably near subway. R 41 Times.

Couple desire 2 to 5 room furnished apartment to October. A 144 Times.

Adult family want 5 rooms or more; furnished, unfurnished. Telephone Plaza 1447.

To rent your furnished apartments see E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St., Col. 1077.

To rent your furnished apartment see E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

Seven rooms, for responsible party; best references. Phone Col. 1277 Monday.

Small furnished apartment, not over $50. Phone Audubon 4720, Mrs. Williams.

Two women students desire 2-room apartment, bath, kitchenette, $60. S 19 Times.

Unfurnished.

Bachelor apartment, from March 1, two rooms and bath, by the year at moderate rental, between 60th and 35th Sts, Broadway and Lexington Avs. or Washington Square section. K 619 Times Downtown.

7 to 9 light rooms, between 90th and 150th West; 2 baths; wanted Feb. 1; no children. Write, stating rent, Bonta Hotel, Apartment 7 F.

SMALL, steam-heated apartment or large room, with kitchenette, first-class Manhattan neighborhood; Protestant business couple. G 284 Times.

Unfurnished apartment wanted, on Riverside Drive, preferably between 110th and 116th Sts. BRINTON C. BELL,
PHONE 5445 GREELEY. 47 W. 34TH ST.

SEVEN ROOMS and bath by year for three adults; modern house, east side or west side, below 59th St. Address, giving rent, to K 671 Times Downtown.

Wanted, unfurnished, 6-room modern apartment; upper west side preferred; can take immediate possession. Phone Midwood 5356-W.

Young couple want 5 or 6 room apartment, west side, south of 116th St.; references. Address P. O. Box 25, Mad. Square.

Modern unfurnished, 5-6 rooms, above 80th, West, at once. R 17 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Unfurnished.

Three rooms, bath, and kitchen for two adults; west side; first or second floor; rent $30-$32. B 271 Times.

Five rooms, small family, by Feb. 10, with improvements; reasonable; upper west side. G 319 Times.

Physician wants 5 or 6 room apartment, ground floor, 50th to 90th St., west side. Doctor, 225 West 51st St. Columbus 5764.

Couple desire 6 or 7 room apartment, front, suitable for doctor's office; $75. S 46 Times.

Six or seven rooms, west side. Jacobs, 535 West 112th St.

Unfurnished, modern seven or eight room apartment. G 365 Times.

Four or five rooms, walk up, elevator. Morningside 6760, at once.

Near Columbia; 3-6 rooms. Otis, Sunday A. M., Morningside 8200.

Two or three sunny rooms, kitchen. Apartment 67, Audubon 8467.

Four-room modern apartment, good neighborhood; $60-$70 per month. L 20 Times.

Young couple want four rooms, high-class apartment. Schoen, Morningside 6067.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Fifty cents an agate line.

5% MONEY
to lend on improved Manhattan or Bronx properties.
A. W. McLaughlin & Co., 128 Broadway.

2D MORTGAGE MONEY
up to large amounts on desirable improved N. Y. City property. 85 Cedar St., Room 1209.

$18,000 or $20,000 on four-story brick hotel, Long Branch; 40% of value; rent $3,000. Joseph Oatman, 1,556 Broadway, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

79th St., 178 East.—Four-story and basement brownstone house for sale, 25x100, on 100-feet wide street; electric light and parquet floors throughout; 4 complete bathrooms; open plumbing and steam heat; suitable for single apartments or easily converted into 9 three-room and bath apartments; suitable for sanitarium or high-class boarding house; one block from subway; best-known real estate agents in New York say that with slight expense for alterations house will bring $8,000 a year; owner on premises. Tel. Lenox 2 for appointment.

Owner desires to sell for cash a beautiful corner apartment house in desirable residential section of Borough of Manhattan; thoroughly modern; in A-1 condition; always fully rented and showing a net return of over $8,000 per annum; full particulars upon request; no objection to reliable brokers, but prefer to deal direct with investor. Builder, K 769 Times Downtown.

GREAT SACRIFICE.—To protect other interests must dispose of my corner elevator apartment house in rapidly developing neighborhood with excellent transportation facilities; always rented; subject to one mortgage, 4½ years to run. Hattie Greenberg, 216 East 42d St.

127-129 West 3d St., near 6th Av.; best location in New York for garage; 4d or 60 ft. frontage; terms easy; broker's commission paid.
BRYAN L. KENNELLY, 156 Broadway.

For Sale.—4-story private dwelling, on lot 20x102, in West 86th St.; suitable for alteration; will sell very cheap; little cash required; immediate possession. H. W. Krumwiede, Jr., 1,895 7th Av., New York City.

Investors.—Walk-up apartment, ten-family, rents over $4,300; near Columbus Av. and 104th St.; subject to one mortgage; offered at a price that will interest investors; principals only. K 759 Times Downtown.

30% investment; $15,000 invested in 6-story walk-up; new and fully rented; near Central Park West.
GOODWIN & GOODWIN,
148 WEST 57TH ST.

For Sale.—Residence West 70th St., altered for two families, constituting two duplex apartments, separate and complete; $30,000. Owner, 409 West 59th St.

Having cozy home, Fort Lee, N. J., will rent one or two rooms, kitchen privileges, to refined middle-aged couple; homelike surroundings. B 1002 Times Harlem.

32,000 SQUARE FEET.
Ground floor; complete power - plant; heavy crane, part covered; mill construction. A 123 Times.

$30,000 cash will purchase new 6-story elevator, 100x100; rent $28,000; price $180,000. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th.

Private house, 126th St.; three-story, basement, extension; nine rooms, two baths; electricity. Somner, 847 Columbus Av.

GARAGE PLOT 56x100,
$36,000—EASY TERMS.
M. M. HAYWARD & CO., 2,640 Broadway.

Will you buy something cheap? If so let me have your name and address; I have two real bargains. B. J. Foss, 495 9th Av.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Free and Clear Bronx Property For Sale—Jerome Av., near 183d St., 2 lots; Stebbins Av., corner 170th St., 4 lots; Webster Av., near 204th St., 3 houses. Henry Albers, Jr., 74 Broadway, New York.

Permanent investment paying over 15% net, well built West Bronx apartment; principals only. Estate, 76 West Tremont Av.

Brook Av., corner; $2,750 rent; small amount cash and 2d mortgage or trade for balance. Lee, 200 Broadway.

Fine 50-foot new-law corner, 8th Av., $70,000; not over $10,000 savings bank mortgage; $45,000. Defiance Co., 135 Broadway.

Bronx business building, 3-story, in trade for small, free and clear home. Lee, 200 Broadway.

75x123 Walk-Up.—Five-story; $11,200 rent; want cash; Bronx. Lee, 200 Broadway.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Garage.—A first-class, well-established garage for sale or rent in a fine 4-story up-to-date brick and stucco building.
At present 35 cars, live storage. In the centre of the Flatbush section of Brooklyn. Telephone 815 Midwood 9 to 10 A. M.; owner has other business demanding his personal attention.

NEED MONEY.
Flatbush store and 2 flats; lot 20x100; electricity, parquet floors; mortgage $7,500; income $1,440 yearly; see and make offer; excellent location. B 786 Times Downtown.

Garage site, Erie Basin, for sale; corner Dwight and Dikeman St., next factories and shipyards. Bliss, 1,138 East 7th St., Brooklyn.

Charming, artistic bungalow, $3,400; 6 rooms, bath. Subway Manhattan, 5c. K 765 Times Downtown.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

SIXTY-THREE ACRES,
BETWEEN FLUSHING AND JAMAICA.
RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT.
TROLLEY PASSING.
JOHN J. WHITE,
817 WEST END AV. 9066 RIVERSIDE.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

A factory site 100 feet from Queensboro Bridge is offered for immediate sale; V. H. Vreeland, 123 Prospect St., Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

PELHAM BARGAINS.—Family moving to Chicago; must sacrifice immediately nine-room new house, Pelham Manor; three baths, double garage, lot 75x150; $14,500; terms arranged. Practically new cottage in North Pelham, six rooms, bath, garage, lot 50x100; up-to-date in everything; price only $6,200. Several others. Apply Peter Cedar, Pelham, only 30 minutes from Grand Central. Telephone 1866 Pelham. Don't miss these great bargains.

Estate of 40 acres in Westchester; 28 miles from New York; 2 modern houses, 17 and 11 rooms, 4 baths each, large sleeping porches, hardwood floors, gas and electricity; stables and apartment and large garage; fruit and flowers; suitable for homes, hotel or sanitarium; will sacrifice at a quick sale. G. W. McDougall, 162 Putnam Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bedford 508-W.

Glenwood-on-Hudson.—Corner plot, 75x152, 101 to 107 Glenwood Av.—Two minutes Warburton Av. cars, 6 minutes Glenwood Station, N. Y. Central; must sell to close estate; will exchange. Further information, inquire George B. Hayes, attorney, 42 Broadway.

A unique camp style Summer bungalow, living room, kitchen, bath, two bedrooms complete, with quarter acre plot; water rights, boat landing, fishing, bathing; $1,750. Lake Mahopac Bungalow Colony, 40 West 32d St. 9860 Madison.

FACTORY SITE for Sale.—4 acres; railroad frontage three hundred fifty feet; Tarrytown, N. Y. Inquire H. H. & W. L. Morse, Attorneys, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Scarsdale.—Seven rooms, bath, electric light, steam heat; 10 minutes from station; high ground; good schools; for sale at $5,000; easy terms. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y.

For sale, northern Westchester County estate of 176 acres, modern house, sanitary barns, good orchard; land high and fertile. Apply owner, Granite Springs, N. Y.

RYE—FACING SOUND.
For Sale—Handsome, well built house; garage, garden and fruit; complete list.
STEWART C. SCHENCK, 51 EAST 42d ST.

COUNTRY ESTATES—SALE OR RENT.
STEWART C. SCHENCK, 51 EAST 42D ST.

California—For Sale or To Let.

Plantation, 500 acres, located Black River, Georgetown, South Carolina; ideal farming, cattle or hog ranch or game preserve; prominent Northern men and gun clubs have Winter homes here. Address Frank L. Randel, 120 Liberty St., N. Y.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

JUST WHAT YOU ARE LOOKING FOR? An old-fashioned country house at half price, $8,500, reduced from $15,000. One hour N. Y. North Shore, RIGHT ON THE WATER. House will lend itself to improvement. Five acres, good land (many fine old trees), is ample for every requirement. Write for photos. Daniel Gerard, 1270 B'way, (33d) N. Y.

FOR SALE IN GARDEN CITY.
Beautiful Colonial residence, consisting of ten rooms, 3 baths, sleeping porch, sun parlor and breakfast porch; plot, 100x200; large garage; all improvements; grounds beautifully planted. A 718 Times Downtown.

Garden City, L. I.—Corner, 100 by 190, on Stuart Av., 8 minutes' walk from station; 3 minutes from Garden City Country Club; 11-room house, 3 baths. Inquire S. F. Wilcox, 41 West 52d St., N. Y.

Owner and summer resident of ideal shore front, NORTHPORT HARBOR, will permit congenial family to build small bungalow, yearly ground rental. Box 871, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

House, modern eight rooms, bath, steam heat; lot, 50x125; 12 minutes' walk Rockville Centre depot; has garage; all practically new; terms very cheap, $4,900. X 211 Times Annex.

Buildings for factories or storage purposes, foot Court St. and Broadway, Astoria, near Bridge Plaza, L. I. City. Telephone 308 Astoria, or R. C. Burnside, 1 Madison Av., Telephone 3794 Gramercy.

Modern home, 14 rooms, two baths; 1½ acres, Rockville Centre; large garage; all first-class; finest location; terms. Attractive. X 217 Times Annex.

LONG ISLAND CITY
FACTORY AND BUILDING SITES.
CLAY, 9 JACKSON AV.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

Port Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees; plots 100x150; price $2,000 up. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

Long Beach.—Lots, 40x100; four blocks from station; will sell cheaply. Ed Wiener, 51 Nassau St.

For sale or to lease, 6-acre picnic ground, with large dance hall, in Maspeth. Inquire J. Friedland, 293 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
Will build factory to suit tenant. Owner, A 56 Times.

Kew Gardens sale only; 114 Newbold Place. Phone Richmond Hill 5826. Modern stucco finish; owner occupying; near station.

Kew Gardens.—Plot 120x100, Abingdon Road; subdividing possible. O 282 Times.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

IT'S A PERFECT DREAM.
Beautiful combination estate and farm; everything brand new; rich, artistic dwelling, 11 rooms, 2 baths; numerous outbuildings; cost $30,000; quick sale, $15,000. H. J. McGinley, Nyack, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SOUTH ORANGE HEIGHTS,
MAPLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.

Plots for sale, 50 feet or more frontage; property restricted; all city improvements; no assessments.
Unsurpassed view of Orange Mountains; attractive prices and terms.
Buy before the advance of prices after Jan. 1 next.
Write for circular and full information.
NEWARK REALTY COMPANY,
588 Prospect Street,
Maplewood, New Jersey.

Farm for sale, 110 acres, 60 minutes out; house, 10 rooms and bath, running water; gardener's cottage and bungalow; two racing stables, 25 box stalls, half mile track, barn and corn crib; two running brooks; natural hay and market garden farm; has produced 100 barrels potatoes to acre; has rented for $1,500; mile and half to Red Bank, express station. Address Willard Wilson, 344 West 72d St., Manhattan. Phone Columbus 6743.

Developers and Speculators.—On account of foreclosure, wiping out large cash payment, and two mortgages, am authorized to offer 758 lots with water front; lots 25x125 feet, at $73 per lot; 28 minutes out; city water, electricity, gas, and concrete walks; surrounded by homes costing $4,000 to $10,000; easy terms; three minutes' walk from station. Attorney, B B 88 Times.

Middlesex County, hour out, rolling country; macadam highway; fine soil, 66 acres; modern house, 11 rooms, 3 baths, steam, electricity; green houses, garage, stables, two cottages, orchards, gardens, rose garden, wonderful old trees; complete estate; free and clear; for sale at one-third actual cost. Owner, G 285 Times.

HOUSE OF UNUSUAL CHARACTER.
In Madison, 6,000 population; fine elevation, large grounds; stucco; new, modern; nine spacious rooms, two bathrooms; built day's work; superior trim and workmanship throughout; living room 18x25; hollow tile garage; $12,800, which is $2,000 under value. Special, S 407 Times Downtown.

MONTCLAIR.
TO LET, FURNISHED.
10-room modern residence, with double garage, for Summer; convenient trolley, Erie and Lackawanna. Address Suburban 502, 25 Broad St., New York.

SUBURBAN HOME BARGAIN.
In New Jersey hills, 50 minutes Manhattan; 9-room house, hardwood floors throughout; half acre rich garden land; large hennery; in high school town; $7,200; opportunity. S 406 Times Downtown.

Bargain.—6 rooms, bath, hollow tile, stucco dwelling; steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

Gentleman retired, Mayor of village, has several small farms on which he will build model farm houses for families who will make permanent homes; plans sent to approved prospects. Country Home League, 40 West 32d St. 9860 Madison.

Acre village farm, dwelling and barn; village water, electric light; 8 minutes station; 2 or 3 acres if desired. Country Home League, 40 West 32d St. 9860 Madison.

A home in Ramapo Hills; commuting distance; 7 rooms, bath; fruit trees; bargain; terms. Country Home League, 40 West 32d St. 9860 Madison.

Factories and Factory Sites Everywhere.
ROBERT T. STOUTENBURGH,
20-26 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

Ridgewood, N. J.—2 acres, splendid house, improvements, garage, fruit, shade trees; $7,000. Photos. Hover, 225 5th Av., N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Best business property in Danbury, Conn., for sale; known as Masonic Temple block, 103 feet front on Main St., over 300 feet deep, extending through to Delay St.; new, modern building, four large stores, Masonic hall, offices on Main St., eight apartments on Delay St.; plenty of land on which to locate a theatre, in the very heart of the city. Party seeking a sound investment should communicate with owner of this property, Reuben B. Pearce, Danbury, Conn. Price and terms very attractive.

District of Columbia—For Sale or Rent.

BEST BUY IN WASHINGTON, D. C.
For sale, beautiful apartment house, in exclusive residential section of Washington, D. C., containing 42 apartments, fireproof construction, recently completed; pays $23,000 net prewar rentals per annum; owner needs money for building operations; price $265,000. For further particulars apply Edward P. Schwartz, Inc., 734 15th N. W.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

Lake Lucy, Florida.—13-room house, improvements; 17 acres, lake frontage, tropical fruits, shrubs, beautiful grounds; former house well known literary writer; sacrifice $4,500. Hover, 225 Fifth Ave., New York.

Miami, Florida, 10-acre orange, grapefruit grove, 6-room bungalow; improvements, $7,500. Hover, 225 Fifth Ave., New York.

Cuba—For Sale or To Let.

CUBA.—For $8.50 an acre, offer 166,666 acres, north coast Cuba; thousands crossties, poles, pilings, deep water; great bargain. L. Maclean Beers, 175 Fifth Ave., New York.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

SPLENDID INCOME PRODUCERS.
$2,500 cash; net income $500; small building, leased one tenant, prominent avenue.
$5,000 cash; net income $1,200; 5-story apartment house, near Broadway.
$7,000 cash; net income $3,000; modern business building, all leased.
Howard Mosher, 135 Broadway.

Bungalows, handsome designs, with all modern conveniences, including electric light and fixtures; five and six rooms and bath; all ready to be put together; special terms to country hotels. Brendan Realty Co., 3,609 Broadway, New York.

Real Estate for Exchange.

DENVER, COLORADO.
A wonderful home for sale or exchange for Long Island property; situated on one of the highest points in Denver, in exclusive residence section, built on eight lots, extending through to two streets; one of the best built homes in the West; massive brownstone construction, elegantly finished in solid hand-carved oak; hardwood floors; every conceivable convenience built in home; elegantly decorated, wonderful hot-water heat and tiled bath; 12 rooms, all sunlight; handsome garage and cow barn, with modern sanitary chicken houses; trees and grounds electrically lighted, with auto driveway winding through grounds; elegant grounds and trout pond; an ideal home. Address O 322 Times.

An income property showing good net returns; state details for immediate inspection; quick action before going South; will consider several. Idle Capital, L 34 Times.

Country place, farm, for my Manhattan income, about $21,000. Busy, S 55 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Beautiful three-story basement white stone fancy front high-class private house; finest Bedford section, Brooklyn; 20x100; hardwood trim, parquet floors, halls and some rooms; one bath, three toilets, twelve rooms; hot air heat, mortgage $6,000, 5 per cent.; can be converted into two or three-family house; will exchange for nice country home or gentleman's estate, within commuting distance, New York City; will add cash. "Tonkin," World Building. Telephone Beekman 2854.

Beautiful new Colonial house in restricted section Flatbush, 8 rooms, two baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch, fireplace, parquet, electricity, steam heat, every convenience; one block from Brighton L and cars; corner 50x100; bargain $10,000; seen by appointment. Phone Midwood 5250 Morningside.

Fine large, new stucco dwelling with 3 acres, dock, boat house, garage, stable, caretaker's house; choice location; one hour Long Island; price $25,000; free, clear; can add cash; want small income property, lightly mortgaged; principals only. R. H. Jackman, 271 West 125th.

8TH AV. MERCANTILE BUILDING,
near 125th St.; rents $14,000; mortgage $50,000; price $125,000; flats, tenements, Liberty bonds considered; dividing estate. R 457 Times Downtown.

Loft building, modern, 10 stories; one mortgage at 4½, 4½ years, savings bank; rent $15,000; equity $45,000; will take west side private house in part payment. M. Salmon, 35-37 Nassau St., New York.

LEONIA.—Fine building plot; exchange equity, bonds, stocks, automobile. Box 26, Sharpe, 206 Broadway.

Real Estate Wanted.

We have a responsible concern that will purchase, or lease with an option to purchase,
A LARGE BREWERY PLANT.
Must be near or have a waterfront, and be within a radius of 100 miles of New York City. Immediate possession essential. Send particulars to
L. TANENBAUM, STRAUSS & CO.,
640 Broadway.

We would be pleased to hear from owners who are desirous of selling their New York City property. We have numerous buyers for all classes of properties; quick action assured.
NEHRING BROTHERS,
St. Nicholas Av., Corner 174th St.

Loft wanted in Long Island City, near bridge; 12,000 feet or more; would consider purchase of small building suitable for light manufacturing; state full particulars. Address Manufacturer, A 39 Times.

Wanted—Farm property, with five or six room house, improvements; acreage, with brook or lake; commuting distance to New York; Bergen or Morris Counties. B 963 Times Harlem.

List your property for sale with us; have cash buyers for two-family houses, stores, and apartments. H. R. Bailey, 1,516 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Kenmore 6238.

Wanted—Privates or apartments in high-class locations, suitable for alteration; easy terms or long lease.
SENIOR & ALLEN, INC., 505 5TH AV.

Wanted—One or two acres within an hour New York; with or without cottage; give particulars, terms. O 352 Times.

Will buy 8-10 room house on or very near water, convenient New York. A. B., G 288 Times.

Wanted to buy investment property for a client; Fordham or Tremont section preferred. Goldae, Atty, 3 Bible House.

Will buy 5-story modern apartment, Manhattan or Bronx, if cheap. Thomas Scofield, 7 Sterling Av., White Plains, N. Y.

Wanted.—Private house in upper west side; must be bargain; will pay all cash. Address J. B., Box 261 Times.

Will take long lease house, good location west side, if altered into small apartments by owner. S 81 Times.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE
Farm about forty-two acres, located on new macadam Pines Bridge Road, 8½ miles from Ossining, 1½ miles from Kitchawan, one mile from Millwood; large modern barn; house with twelve rooms; well on the premises, never dry; Baldwin orchard; fine knoll for building new house, commanding extensive view; twelve acres woodland; price $12,000 to settle an estate.
Address Box 87, Ossining, N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

THE FARM BROKERS' ASSOCIATION of New York State gives you service, protection, square dealing, and offers you thoroughly investigated propositions like this: A very productive, level farm of 93 acres, with especially good buildings and water and wonderfully fruited; with all machinery, equipment, and live stock, ready for business and immediate possession in lower Central New York, for $4,500; come prepared.
Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row, New York, Member of the Association.

Ninety-acre farm, forty-five tillable, rest woodland and pasture; good house; large barn; near Middletown, N. Y.; fine location; 1½ miles to station; bargain at $1,500; present mortgage $2,000; or will exchange for smaller farm within commuting distance of city, or will exchange for good touring car of same value. J. B. Morris, 261 Broadway.

Free and clear Dairy Farm of 208 acres, stocked and equipped; City of Kingston; price $36,000. PARADIES, 19 Railroad Av., Kingston, N. Y. Dept. 177.

FARMS.—Pictures and accurate details of personally examined farms of merit. State your requirements. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

FARMS EVERYWHERE. LISTS SENT. BATSON FARM AGENCY, 489 5th Av., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Two fine commuting farms for sale, near Hopewell and Princeton; 210 and 128 acres, thousand bearing fruit trees; two sets of fine buildings; on main high State road; creeks and 35 acres of woods; 43 miles from New York City and same from Philadelphia; finest view; near station. Owner, X 221 Times Annex.

Fruit, sheep, cattle farm, 382 acres; Colonial home of 9 rooms, bath, steam heat; 2 tenant houses; plenty of barns; 3,400 apple trees; price $22,000. Write for pictures and accurate description. Geo. A. Rule, Princeton, N. J.

$15,000 per year made at our farms; 150-acre, $18,000; 100-acre stocked dairy farm, $20,000; 25-acre, $6,500, 11-acre, $2,300. Frank Rothman, Vineland, N. J.

For sale cheap, poultry and general farm of 50 acres; substantial new buildings, young orchard; plentiful water. Address Elizabeth Bullard Raven, R. F. D. 3, Princeton, N. J.

FARMS.—Pictures and accurate details of personally examined farms of merit. State your requirements. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

NEW SMALL FARMS, marked-down prices, $2,750, $3,200, $4,500, $7,500; also two excellent 70-acre farms. Lists free. C. H. Crandall, R. F. D. 55, Stamford, Conn.

FARMS.—Pictures and accurate details of personally examined farms of merit. State your requirements. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

LARGE PROFIT-PRODUCING FARM.
Gentleman's Summer place, Williamstown, Mass.; 250 acres; recently developed gentleman's farm, yielding $2,000 net annual profit; owner's large bungalow; 10 rooms, 2 baths, fireplaces, unsurpassed view; two-family farmhouse, bath; new modern dairy barns, silos; complete equipment, stock, (15 pure-bred Holsteins included,) horses, tools, machinery; big paying milk route; complete place with splendid going business ready for you; everything for $27,000. W. F. Walsh, owner, Hartsdale, N. Y.

For sale by owner, one of the most desirable 120-acre farms in Massachusetts; perfect location, with trolleys, State road, electricity, &c.; only one mile from large town; two-family house and other buildings in good repair; dairy; poultry, market gardening; large four-year-old fruit orchard; plenty of hay, wood and pasture; a rare offering; send for illustrated descriptive folder. Herbert H. Anderson, Ware, Mass.

Virginia—For Sale or To Let.

Abandoned farm, 416½ acres; six-room dwelling and outhouses, 300 acres inclosed with 4-strand wire fence; 100 acres open land; 100 acres bottom land not cleared; fair amount of timber; eight miles from railroad; bargain at $12 per acre. D. W. Grover, 30 Church St., New York.

Farms Wanted.

Wanted, from owner only, about 200-acre farm, not over two hours' ride by auto from New York City; good buildings, productive soil, good orchard required; send details. John N. Ross, 50 East 42d St. Phone Vanderbilt 3864.

Wanted good Long Island farm; no limitations on size or price, but values must be right. Send full particulars John Bowen, 346 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Wanted to buy about 25 acres tillable land with good house along main road, south side of Long Island; small sum down. X 230 Times Annex.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Offices, $20 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

Part of office to let to desirable party; no stock. W. A. Nolan & Co., 381 4th Av.

Brick factory, 80,000 sq. ft.; railroad siding. Beaver, 18 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

40,000 sq. ft. water front factory, chemical plant. Beaver, 18 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

221-3-5 WEST 17TH ST.
6,500 SQUARE FEET.
Light, power, and elevator service.
MONAHAN EXPRESS CO.,
REALTY DEPT.

SMALL AND LARGE
SHOWROOMS, OFFICES
for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY,
"Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta, 1 blk, "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)

TO SUBLET UNDER MARKET, ONE OF FINEST OFFICE BUILDINGS ON FIFTH AV.; SPECIAL LAYOUT OF VERY EXCEPTIONAL SUITE, ABOUT 1,000 FEET, FOR HIGH-CLASS EXECUTIVE OFFICES OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE; TERM OF LEASE TO SUIT TENANT. TO SEE SPACE CALL VANDERBILT 1200, EXT. 251.

MODERN FACTORY
FOR LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS, NEW AND STRICTLY FIREPROOF FACTORY BUILDING, IN NEW YORK CITY; 60,000 SQUARE FEET OR LESS; EXCELLENT LIGHT; RAILROAD SIDING; LOADING PLATFORM; READY FOR IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY. S 83 TIMES.

MODERN MARBLE 3-STORY AND BASEMENT BUILDING WITH GOOD STORE, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE AND 42D ST., TO LEASE TO ONE TENANT; ELECTRIC ELEVATOR; RENT, $10,000 GROSS. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

AVAILABLE FEB. 1 BIG OPPORTUNITY. Northeast corner store, Bergen Av. and 148th St.; subway and L at next corner; exceptional location for any business; all improvements; can be leased with or without fixtures. Apply Owner on premises.

FACTORY.—FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STATION; WILL ERECT TO SUIT YOUR BUSINESS; ON RAILROAD SIDING; 10,000 TO 30,000 SQUARE FEET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

20,000 SQ. FT. OFFICE SPACE;
HIGHEST TYPE BUILDING;
GRAND CENTRAL SECTION; UNUSUAL LIGHT; POSSESSION 2 OR 3 MONTHS' TIME; UNDER $2 PER SQ. FOOT. TENANT, 192 TIMES.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE,
BETWEEN MADISON-FIFTH AVENUES.
FINEST LOCATION ABOVE 42D.
BUSINESS BUILDING. FIVE STORIES.
REASONABLE RENT. LONG LEASE.
OWNER, G 636 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Store and upper floors to let in Paterson, N. J., 143 Main St., 5 doors from largest department store; up-to-date front; rent $175 per month; suitable for any business. Inquire Jewelry Store, 52 E. 23d St., N. Y. City, or on premises.

37-41 East 18th St.
Large Light Loft,
About 75x90;
Light, Power, Elevators,
Sprinklered.
Superintendent.

LARGE STORE.
AUTOMOBILE SECTION, BROADWAY.
POSSESSION MAY 1ST OR SOONER.
NO OBJECTION TO ANY LINE OF BUSINESS; REASONABLE.
PRINCIPLES, 167 TIMES.

100,000 FEET FLOOR SPACE.
VICINITY BROADWAY, CITY HALL.
OFFICES, LOFTS, LIGHTEST WAREROOMS.
SUPERIOR FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT. G 635 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

15,000 SQ. FT., HIGH-CLASS OFFICE BUILDING; GOOD LIGHT; 42D STREET SECTION; POSSESSION; FREIGHT SERVICE, IF DESIRED; CHEAP. DIRECT, 184 TIMES.

Fifth Av.—Sublease part high-class loft; showrooms offices; very light; ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED; about 750 square feet; bargain. Adams Chester, 141 5th Av.

4-STORY AND BASE FACTORY,
NEAR EAST 34TH ST.
CORNER BUILDING; SIZE 46x77.
WITH OR WITHOUT LARGE YARD.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

18 EAST 49TH STREET.
STUDIOS, LOFTS, OFFICES, SHOWROOMS.
FIREPROOF BUILDING. EVERY IMPROVEMENT. UNEXCEPTIONABLE LIGHT.
REASONABLE RENTALS.

Four-story building, East 83d, suitable for storage of cars and repair shop; ideal for owner of seven or eight cars; rent $150 per month. Apply LEON SOBEL, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

Lexington Av. next to the corner of 62d St., in the heart of the coming business district and near all subways; lease for term of years; will alter to suit. Particulars from A. W. Mead, 985 Sixth Av. Telephone Circle 814.

Long lease, store, 2,202 Broadway, opposite Apthorp Apt.; suitable for photo studio, rugs, antique furniture, art frames, dressmaker, candy, men's clothing. Phone Schuyler 9936.

Entire lower floor, 25x100, on high-class business block; fine display space; suitable for business, studios, or offices; will divide. 29 West 57th St., near 5th Av. Phone Circle 1651.

Lower East Side.—Seven-story building, 17,000 square feet; floors 175 pounds per foot; electric elevator; suitable for storage or manufacturing. Wolins & Bull, Inc., 214 Fulton St. Phone Cort. 521.

To Let.—Factory, out of town; second floor, elevator service, 60x100 feet floor space; equipped with 40 sewing machines, ready to operate; can manufacture tomorrow; plenty help; no labor trouble. B 135 Times.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 311 WEST 59TH.
Two light lofts, 22x90, suitable for mercantile or light manufacturing; elevator, steam heat. Apply on premises, or Rieser, 5,350 Madison Square.

75,000 SQ. FT. IN AUTOMOBILE SECTION.
HEAVY FLOOR CAPACITY.
EXCELLENT LIGHT; POSSESSION MAY 1;
LONG LEASE; FIREPROOF BLDG.
AUTO LIFT. A. B. C., 160 TIMES.

DESIRABLE SPACE TO SUBLET WITH RELIABLE LACE HANDKERCHIEF HOUSE, 170 5TH AV., COR. 22D ST., THIRD FLOOR.

Six minutes, Manhattan to 22 Hunter's Point Av., Long Island City; two-story building, 3,800 feet. Macklin, 370 Union St., Brooklyn; phone Hamilton 2089.

One-story building, 50x80 and basement, in Bronx, suitable stores, factory or moving picture theatre. Inquire Norman Loeb, 789 7th Av.

Ground floor to let, suitable for small factory; gross 45x90; well kept building on city line; elevator; low rent. Carter, 252 Pennsylvania, Brooklyn, N. Y.

To let.—About 2,000 square feet at 5th Av. and 18th St., wonderful light; most modern building; possession Feb. 1st; $1,800. Box F. F. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

For Rent.—4 lofts, over 2,500 square feet each; moderate rent. 812 Broadway. Phone Stuyvesant 2597.

BROADWAY, 377, (Cor. White St.)—Large, light offices and showrooms. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

Desirable office space or desk room to rent; warehouse room for small stock of goods if desired and use of phone. Phone Bryant 585.

Store, 5 West 16th St., near 5th Av., $75. Inquire Pease & Elliman, or premises; brokers' full commission.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

FACTORY—HARRISON, N. J.
Fully equipped; 20,000 feet floor space; ample yard space. Donnelly, 99 Nassau St.

High-class ladies' tailor would like to rent a space to a reliable dressmaker. Call Bryant 7902.

Part small, bright office, suit accountant, buyer, stenographer. Room 604, 874 Broadway.

To Sublet.—Office in Hess Bldg., 354 4th Av.; about 2,000 square feet. Inquire at 356 4th Av.

Building, 25x100, 5 stories, in whole or part; immediate possession; 228 East 24th. Inquire Rabs, 204 East 24th.

One-story building, lofts 4,000 square feet; ground floor space for storage. F. Allen, 607 West 43d St. Bryant 510.

3d Av., 2,990, (Near 154th St.)—Store, large and light, with living rooms, $30. Janitor, or Pocher & Co., 126 West 34th.

Music studio to let, 85th St., near Park, two days weekly, 9 to 6; $40 monthly; Steinway piano. Write X 299 Times Annex.

Make our office your New York mailing address; A1 firms only; mail and correspondence handled. A 771 Times Downtown.

53D ST., 316 EAST.—Four-story building suitable for storage, or manufacturing. P. A. Gaynor, 80 Maiden Lane.

15-23 WEST 43TH.
STORE, 1ST FLOORS; NEW,
DESIRABLE; REASONABLE.

Large and small office, furnished; present party using evenings only. Write Room 913, Sun Building.

Desk room, Metropolitan Life Building; high class, convenient; reasonable. Room 9069.

10,000 Square feet, power, light, heat; Astoria, L. I. B. Y., 220 Times Downtown.

For Rent—Desirable studios; rents $65 up; can be divided. Slater Buildings, 7 West 42d.

STORES.—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th St.

Studio for rent. 827 Carnegie Hall. Call evenings.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

LOFTS.—Two; light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

Furnished or unfurnished private office wanted by engineer; about $20. K 753 Times Downtown.

Light Office Wanted.—With or without service; vicinity 42d St. K 368 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

LIGHT WOOD-WORKING PLANT (new organizing) requires 8,000 to 15,000 square feet (part storage space) in light heated building, easily accessible to N. Y. traction lines; will consider existing plant with equipment. Give particulars, phone number, rates, &c. Address T. S. F., S 65 Times.

Offices wanted, financial district, furnished or unfurnished, about 1,500 to 3,000 square feet; light and air; good service. H 70 Times Downtown.

Ground floor front parlor and anteroom wanted in first-class house, select neighborhood, for business woman's high-class trade; references exchanged. P. O. Box 42, Palisade, N. J.

WANTED TO RENT
large dwelling or floors, desired by a charitable organization, in centre of city, near East 25th St., to provide additional space and sleeping accommodations for its children's department. B 814 Times Annex.

Want to lease from 4,000 to 6,000 square feet of storage space in fireproof building below Fulton St., with possession now or May 1. Wm. H. Whiting & Co., 41 Park Row.

Small space, light manufacturing; freight elevator or street floor; would share part; not over $30 rent. O 347 Times.

Desk room or private office, professional, wanted below Fulton downtown. L [illegible] Times Downtown.

GARAGE WANTED.—150 CARS; FULL PARTICULARS; NO BROKERS. L [illegible] TIMES.

Office Wanted.—600 to 800 feet; financial district; by Feb. 15. K 746 Times Downtown.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.

156th, 550 West.—Modern three-family four-story brick and brownstone, sixteen rooms, three baths; steam, open plumbing, for sale; adaptable for four families; price very reasonable, and payment on liberal terms; attractive bargain for investor. Franklin M. Clark, 27 Cedar St., New York City.

Remodeled house, near 5th Av., Washington Square, excellent condition; top floor studio, four other apartments, janitor's quarters basement; attractive garden; all apartments leased high-class tenants; small amount cash, balance mortgage; good-paying investment. A 98 Times.

50's, Park and Lexington Aves., residence block, small three-story brownstone, nine rooms and bathroom; can be made attractive and comfortable house with slight alterations; price $20,000; reasonable terms. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th St.

For rent, house, ten rooms two baths; overlooking Morningside Park, near Columbia University, on street car and bus line; one block from elevated; six minutes from subway; $100 month. 298 Manhattan Av. Phone Cathedral 8351.

For sale or rent, furnished or unfurnished, 309 West End Av.; 20x100; 4 stories, basement and cellar; recently renovated, 4 baths, 3-story extension; hard wood floors, electric light. Morton W. Smith, 19 West 44th St., owner.

For rent, 2 East 86th St., amazingly beautiful basement house, flooded with sunshine; Caen stone walls, marble pillars, exquisite mantels; every comfort for the most fastidious; view of park. Caretaker within.

Private house for sale, 5 stories, 15 rooms, 5 baths; magnificently furnished, refined location; suitable doctor, dentist, business; a [illegible] time opportunity. Owner, 62 West 51st St.

East 50th St., Near Beekman Place—Private dwelling, suitable for residence and office of professional man; terms moderate. B. T., 20 Nassau St.

Private house for sale, near Broome and Varick St., fine order. Address Johnson, 298 Times Downtown.

$2,000 cash will purchase my dwelling and lot near 23d St. and 4th Av. Address Anderson, 218 Times Downtown.

54th, 261 West.—Private house, 12 rooms; all or part private or business.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Long Beach West.—Cottage, 8 rooms, improvements, for sale, $1,300, terms. Thomas Walsh. Phone Murray Hill 1056.

Brooklyn.

FLATBUSH.
New bungalow, garage, 8 rooms, 2 baths; every known improvement; exceptional location; $17,000; mortgage $7,000; need cash. Builder, Box B 787 Times Downtown.

313 Sterling Place, (near Prospect Park and Eastern Parkway.)—1-family, 10 rooms; bargain; might exchange. Elliott, 154 Nassau St., N. Y.

Westchester County.

Nine-room house, plot 85x150; garage, tennis, garden; highest point in Pelham; ten minutes to station, 31 minutes to Grand Central; commutation $7.95 monthly; by motor 15 minutes to Mt. Vernon, 10 to New Rochelle, 10 to Hudson Park and 20 to Rye Beach; well furnished in taste with refinement; 4 master bedrooms, 2 maids'; fireplace and excellent heating system; huge porch facing south and west; coal and cordwood in for reduction; player piano, Victrola, electric vacuum cleaner, &c.; some linen and silver; really complete home; rent, $100 per month; immediate possession. Phone Pelham [illegible] or address or call 37 Willow Av., Pelham.

Furnished modern house, 8 rooms, four baths, butler's pantry, sun porch; entire lower floor parquet flooring, Oriental rugs; large bedrooms, well furnished; choice location, from April to October; references required; $125; 1918 Overland, 6-cylinder touring car, for sale; owner going abroad. 47 Halcyon Terrace, New Rochelle. Phone New Rochelle 3190-M.

Attractive house, Scarsdale; sale or rent, $100 monthly; nine rooms, two baths, lavatory, spacious porches; half acre, shade, garden; six minutes station, 35 minutes Grand Central; near schools; finest neighborhood. Address A. R. Kennedy, Room 103, 489 5th Av.

A CHANCE TO OWN YOUR OWN HOME in restricted residential section of Larchmont with sewers, water, gas, &c.; near station, schools, village, and Sound; small cash and balance on terms like rent. Kno[illegible], 11 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6441.

South Yonkers, N. Y.—Corner apartment house, 50x93, 12-family; never any vacancies; rent $5,520; 1st mortgage 12,[illegible]; will sell cheap or will exchange. Apply Benjamin B. Kirtland, 38 West 72d. Telephone Columbus 368.

Let furnished cottage to refined small family, $75 a month; near Scarsdale Station, 35 minutes Grand Central; 8 rooms, bath, steam; large plot; fruit. A. P., Kenne[illegible], Scarsdale, or Tel. 600.

For Rent—Unfurnished, May 1, attractive 14-room house; fine location. Address Owner, 12 Longview Av., White Plains, New York. Telephone 129.

At Pelham Heights.—For sale or rent, modern house, 15 rooms, 3 bathrooms, plot 150x125; every modern convenience. Charles Smith, Pelham, N. Y.

Colonial house at Larchmont, six rooms, bath; hilltop plot; reasonable terms. Country Home League, 40 West 32d St. 9860 Mad. Sq.

Cozy 6-room house, all improvements, sewer, macadam road; A1 condition; garage; plot 50x100; for sale $6,000. Owner, Box L, Scarsdale.

White Plains.—House, 10 rooms, bath, electricity, gas, porches, shade, fine location; moderate terms. Box 258 Times. 2 Rector St.

Sell, furnished, easy terms, hollow tile house, tile roof; garage. Howard Falling, Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel. N. Y. Spring 9176.

Attractive 7-room house, 15 minutes Grand Central, $500 cash. G 326 Times.

New, attractive 7-room house, $500 cash. M. A. Broderick, Yonkers.

Long Island.

Must sacrifice, to close estate, country home on Great South Bay; commuting distance; accessible to station, churches, school, markets; one block from Casino and bathing pavilion, nine-hole golf course, exclusive Summer hotel; more than an acre of ground, shade, lawns, garden; attractive frame house; perfect condition, newly decorated, 7 bedrooms, 2 baths, 6 fireplaces, gas, electricity, hard floors, screened porches, water view; double garage, man's room, stable; price $13,500; terms. Administrator, 19 East 103d St.

For Sale—12-room dwelling, stucco on hollow tile, tile roof, 2 baths, pantry, laundry, all improvements and conveniences, 2-car garage; beautiful garden; four blocks from L. I. R. R. Station, convenient to trolley lines; suitable for all-year-round residence. B. Stumpf, Creed Av., Queens, L. I. Tel. Hollis 6894.

For Rent, furnished, $150 monthly or year; very easy terms, beautiful modern garden city house; ten rooms, three tiled baths; garage; immediate occupancy. 7772 Murray Hill, or 1336 Garden City.

Bayside.—For sale and to rent; attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms with bath; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 45 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 6696.

Colonial dwelling of unusual charm, 9 rooms, 2 baths; up to date in every detail, near shore, overlooking Sound, 21 minutes N. Y. Full particulars J. S. Withers, Douglaston, L. I. Telephone 2810-M Bayside.

Furnished cottages, Bay Shore and vicinity; exclusive list. Herbert Gulick Co., Inc., 402 Madison Av.

Baldwin, L. I.—Cozy 7-room house, open fireplace, all improvements; large plot, ground; must be sold; cheap; terms. R. Ross Co., 555 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

BANK ENLARGES IN HARLEM.

Corn Exchange Branch Improvements at Lenox Avenue Corner.

A building operation has been started close to the busy corner at Lenox Avenue and 125th Street which, although small, indicates the increasing business and financial activity in the Harlem commercial section. The Corn Exchange Bank, which has maintained its Harlem branch for many years at the northwest corner of Lenox Avenue and 125th Street, purchased the old four-story residence at 311 Lenox Avenue last year. It adjoins the Beverley apartment house on the corner, one of the oldest structures of its kind in Harlem, and which has always been well rented. The bank has leased the northerly half of the ground floor of the apartment formerly used as a doctor's office, to enlarge its offices which, when alterations are finished, will occupy all of the ground floor of the apartment building, fronting 99.11 feet on the avenue. To provide for additional room for the expansion of its business the adjoining house was bought, and a low building will be erected on the site, the ground floor of which will be connected with the bank offices in the apartment structure. The 311 Lenox Avenue plot has a frontage of 19.11 feet. The house has just been torn down. When the operation is completed the Corn Exchange Harlem Branch will have office frontage on Lenox Avenue of 119.10 feet, at the downtown station entrance to the Lenox Avenue and Seventh Avenue subway.

New Companies Take Title.

The nine-story home of the Searun Club, sold in foreclosure recently for $153,500, is to be taken over by the 420 West 116th Street Corporation, formed at Albany, with J. A. Martin, C. P. Schrotter, and P. J. Dobson as Directors. The new corporation is capitalized at $10,000.

The Sheldon, Inc., capitalized at $100,000, has been incorporated at Albany to take title to the ten-story apartment hotel at 778 and 780 Madison Avenue, near Sixty-sixth Street, which property was sold recently by the North Madison Avenue Company to Philadelphia interests. The hotel is to be named the Sheldon. A. J. Peck, J. M. Fagan, and E. Beechel are Directors in the corporation.

Ash Removal.

The Real Estate Board of New York, the Merchants Association, and other prominent civic bodies will come together in the near future to find ways and means to settle the vexatious problem of ash removal from apartment houses, hotels, and office buildings.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Long Island.

Pretty Lynbrook residence, 7 rooms, bath, gas, electricity, steam, parquet floors, sidewalks, $5,000. Martens & Peace, opposite station.

Beechhurst, Whitestone, new 7 and 8-room cottages, modern improvements; rent, sale; reasonable. Holtzendorff, Phone 3095 Cortlandt.

New Gardens House, 12 rooms, 3 baths, 2 open fireplaces, every convenience; on beautiful corner plot. Horace G. Knowles, 32 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

11-ROOM FARMHOUSE WITH ORCHARD; 20 acres good land; Selden, L. I.; $500 year. Flax, 140 Nassau St., New York.

Furnished seven-room house for two months, Forest Hills, L. I. Phone Forest Hills 6306.

New York State.

Unprecedented opportunity to quick buyer; 30-acre gentleman's residence; some fine land, beautiful lake, also springs and stream; beautiful residence, like new, containing 15 rooms and 2 baths, every modern convenience, open fireplaces, broad verandas; surrounded by beautiful lawn, many costly shrubs and shade trees, fine garage; located main road, near depot; a forced change of residence makes price a secondary consideration; $20,000, terms. GOODHARDT, Spring Valley, N. Y.

Gentleman's country seat on east shore of Hudson, 65 miles from New York; one mile from station; 14 acres; high elevation, magnificent view, overlooking Hudson and Berkshires, fine house, 15 rooms, two bathrooms, hot water heat; modern improvements, fine outbuildings; refined neighborhood; grand old trees, variety of fruit. G. W. Lynch, New Hamburgh, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Come out today. Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8-cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built in bookcases, paneled dining room; bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch, trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity—handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phone Hackensack 673.

Ridgefield Park.—Gigantic bargain, $4,100; only $500 cash, balance $25 monthly, buys fine 6-room house, bath, gas, electricity, heat, beautiful parquet floors, paneled dining room, beamed ceiling, completely decorated; attic, cellar, tubs; corner plot, 35x100; asphalt street; fine location; handy station, schools, half hour out; commutation 7 cents. Laden, opposite station.

Attention—Six-room house, all modern improvements; plot 75x141; near school, church, railroad station and trolley car; price $4,200. This requires quick action. Bergen Realty Co., 197 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.

Astonishing bargain; practically new house, 7 rooms, panelled dining room, beam ceilings, built-in china closet, quarter oak floors; plot 50x120; large chicken coop; ideal location, $3,250; worth $4,500; terms arranged. Louis Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

MAPLEWOOD, N. J.

A substantial modern home, built for owner's own use, complete in every respect; offered account owner moving West.

J. G. TRUSDELL MOORE,
Brick Church Station, East Orange, N. J.

South Orange, Mountain Station Section.—Complete modern small home, 8 rooms; large lot; excellent location; perfect order; immediate possession. Eugene A. Kelly, opposite East Orange station, East Orange.

Authorized by Banking Dept. to sacrifice 3 double twin houses taken by foreclosure; 7 rooms each; city imp'ts; large plots; $3,250 each; terms arranged, photos, particulars. Hackensack, K 695 Times Downtown.

Eight-room house, steam, electricity, hardwood floors, fireplace; 75 ft. frontage; large garage; $6,500, easy terms. Van Mater, 28 Montrose Av., Rutherford. Phone 1017.

Are you looking for a comfortable country home within easy reach and terms? Photos and full particulars. Address Board of Trade, G 694 Times Downtown.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Completed modern residence, furnished or unfurnished, for sale or rent; see to appreciate; must sacrifice. W. I. Sawyer, 15 Park Row, N. Y.

Suburban home, Summit, N. J.; garage, garden, &c.; will sell reasonable. G 602 Times Downtown.

Madison, N. J.—For sale, modern house, ten rooms, two baths; garage, small attractive grounds, price $12,000. X 257 Times Annex.

Bargain—Six-room house; all improvements; half hour out; $3,650, suitable terms. Bauer, Room 625, 30 Church, New York.

Lyndhurst Rutherford modern homes, 5 to 10 rooms, $2,200 upward. Write, call Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

Montclair.—Modern stucco house, 9 rooms, two baths, $65; large Colonial dwelling, $75. Convenient Lackawanna. 257 Midland Av.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—Furnished, unfurnished houses for rent; choice homes for sale; several bargains. Frank B. Probst, 46 Dean St.

Connecticut.

Eight acres; delightfully located ten-room Colonial homestead, one mile to station; $8,000. Owner, K. Rossiter, Norwalk, Conn.

Houses Wanted.

Wanted to rent, with option of purchasing, nine (9) room Colonial or Old English design house with open fireplaces, sun parlor, parquet floors, hot water heating, electric lights, all improvements, including two (2) car garage, heated, plenty of closet room, on fairly large plot of ground in Hollis, Kew Gardens, Forest Hills or vicinity; must be available for occupation by May 1. Send full particulars by mail advising when may be seen to A. E. Ball, Room 328, 25 Beaver St., New York City, N. Y.

Wanted, commuting distance, family who will rent half the home with kitchen privilege. Westchester or Long Island preferred; will pay half rent, incidentals; couple, 5-year girl, maid, write full particulars. Spelman, 1,503 East 15th St., Brooklyn.

Small, unfurnished house, 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences, ground for garden; rental not over $75, location within one mile of transportation line, not over 25 miles from New York; immediate possession; if satisfactory will lease for 2 or 3 years. It 4 Times.

Small house in easy commuting distance, preferably on Penn. R. R., convenient to depot and school; all particulars in first letter. G 336 Times.

Wanted, before May 1, yearly lease in Yonkers, modern house, 9 or more rooms; give location, rent, full particulars first letter; private family. B 1012 Times Harlem.

Residence, prefer water view, Westchester County; emergency housing. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th Av.

In Westchester County, not later March 1, unfurnished house, about seven rooms; near railroad station; $50. A 69 Times.

Furnished bungalow in Bronxville or town nearby to rent; must have good heating and modern conveniences. A 43 Times.

TUTORING—High school Latin, mathematics, experienced university education; rates reasonable. O 199 Times.

Physician wants to buy dwelling on West End Av. in the nineties, all cash. Lowental, 1315 Boston Road.

Rent small house, Scarsdale or White Plains, furnished, near station by the year; give full particulars and location; might buy if satisfactory. A 123 Times.

Modern two-family house, Fordham, West Bronx, room for garage. B 148 Times.

Wanted to rent, White Plains, modern house of eight rooms. K 23 Times.

COUNTRY PLACES FOR RENT.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

Massachusetts.

TWO BUNGALOWS,

one equipped as an all-year residence, with steam heat, electric light, water from artesian well (147 feet deep) with automatic electrically-controlled pump, well rated at 35 gallons per minute; cellar under entire house; set tubs, large fireplace with plenty of wood on place to supply it; one equipped as Summer home, same size as other, and having large fireplace, water connection from artesian well; garage and garden; partly furnished. X 243 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

SATURDAY, JAN. 18.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CHERRY ST, 227, s s, 180.9 ft e of Pike St, 24.5x99.6, foreclosure Jan. 14; Charles H. Tuttle, referee, to U. S. Trust Co. of N. Y., 45 Wall St., exr., Jan. 17; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St.....$15,500

SPRING ST, 148, s s, 20x80; Benjamin Harris to Edith Witt, 239 Howe Av, Passaic, N. J., subject to P. M. mtg $22,500, Jan. 15; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St.....$1

WEST BROADWAY, 423, e s, 225 ft n of Spring St, 25x100; 50th St. Bldg. Corp. to Pelte Construction Co., 253 Montague St, Brooklyn, mtg $34,000, all liens, Dec. 21; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway.....$100

1ST AV, 2,039, w s, 50.11 ft n of 105th St, 25x100; Mary W. Lillie to Julia W. Porges, 404 West 116th St, all liens, Jan. 9; attorneys, Holmes, R. & C., 20 Broad St.....$100

42D ST, 350-356 West, s s, 99 ft e of 9th Av, 76x98.9; Marie Dunseith to John F. Dunseith, 258 Riverside Drive, mtg $35,000, all liens, March 20, 1915.....$1

53D ST, 302-306 West, s s, 80 ft w of 8th Av, 53.4x100.5; Bernard Karsch to Neb. Realty Corp., 277 Broadway, mtgs $40,000, Jan. 17; attorneys, Wendel, E. & R., 277 Broadway.....$1

63D ST, 150 West, n s, 250 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 20x100.5; Mary W. Lillie to Julia W. Porges, 404 West 116th St, mtg $15,000, all liens, Jan. 9; attorneys, Holmes, R. & C., 20 Broad St.....$100

85TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 50x102.2; Frances G. Stoddard to M. E. Kern, Allentown, Penn., mtgs $210,000, Jan. 17; attorney, Charles H. Bellows, 55 Liberty St.....$100

102D ST, 150 East, n s, 47.6 ft e of Lexington Av, 95x27x irregular, foreclosure Jan. 8; Henry M. Goldfogle, referee, to Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall St, trustee, Jan. 17; attorney, L. M. Wallstein, 233 Broadway.....$15,000

114TH ST, 349 East, n s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.10; Pasquale Fumo to Giovanni Picco, 349 East 114th St; attorney, F. Fumo, 349 East 114th St.....$100

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 1,780, e s, 18.9x87.2; also Bathgate Av, 1,788, e s, 21.7x irregular; Clement H. Smith to F. R. Wood & Co., 128 West 72d St, Jan. 13; attorneys, F. R. Wood & Co., 128 West 72d St.....$100

BROWN AV, e s, being part of Lot 137, map of L. G. Hunt estate; Anna Piciulo to Edw. Marrone, 322 East 26th St, mtg $1,900, July 25, 1918; attorney, William C. White, 507 5th Av.....$100

COURTLANDT AV, w s, at n e corner of lot 8, map of North Ward, Melrose, runs n w 140x s 25x e 140x n 25, being part of Lot 8, same map; Elway Co. to Harry Steinert, 795 Boulevard, Bayonne, N. J., Jan. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 85 and 86, map of Hunter estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Nicholas Billar, 4 Decatur St, Brooklyn, Jan. 15; attorney, Nicholas Billar, 7 West 45th St.....$1

LOT 107, map of Allen estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Alex Nakoneczny, 315 East 70th St, Jan. 15; attorney, Alex Nakoneczny, 315 East 70th St.....$1

OLINVILLE AV, e s, 50 ft n of 206th St, 25x86x26x93; also Olinville Av, e s, 25 ft n of 205th St, 25x93x26x100; Elizabeth C. Smith to John A. Smith, 528 Wales Av, Jan. 16; attorney, John A. Smith, 528 Wales Av.....$1

OLINVILLE AV, e s, 75 ft n of 205th St, 25x78.4x26x86; also Olinville Av, n e corner of 206th St, 25x100x26x107.4; Elizabeth C. Smith to Christine W. Smith, 528 Wales Av, Jan. 16; attorney, J. A. Smith, 528 Wales Av.....$100

TIEBOUT AV, e s, 24.11 ft s of Ford St, 25x100x29x100; Anna Piciulo to Edw. Marrone, 322 East 26th St, July 20, 1918; attorney, William C. White, 507 5th Av.....$100

WEBSTER AV, 1,711-1,717, w s, 24.6x100; Anna Piciulo to Edw. Marrone, 322 East 26th St, Nov. 21, 1918; attorney, William C. White, 507 5th Av.....$100

163D ST, s e corner of Rogers Place, 72x100; Rogers Place Realty Corp. to Nathalie Thompson, 623 45th St, Brooklyn, mtg $65,000, Dec. 16, 1918; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway.....$100

181ST ST, 667 East, n s, 25x80.1; Anna Piciulo to Edw. Marrone, 322 East 26th St, mtg $3,000, July 20, 1918; attorney, William C. White, 507 5th Av.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CHRISTOPHER ST, n w corner 7th Av, 77x40.11, Jan. 17; Marguerite H. Lewis to N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, 3 years, 5½ p. c.....$20,000

LENOX AV, n w corner of 112th St, 00.5x100; 135th St, n s, 505 ft w of Broadway, runs n 99.11x w 102.2 to s s of Riverside Drive x s w 102.5 to street x e 25 to beginning; University Av, 1,611 to 1,615, s w corner of 175th St, 182.6x100x184.6x103.8; Convent Av, s e corner of 149th St, 99.11x100; 160th St, s s, 641.8 ft w of Broadway, 66.8x100; Shakespeare Av, n w s, at s s of Boscobel Av, 194.8x174.9x irregular, Jan. 17; Norman Real Estate Corporation to Jacob Rosenthal, 530 West End Av, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Marks & M., 63 Park Row.....$14,000

ROOSEVELT ST, 71 to 75, s w corner of Oak St, 13, 75.6x76.4x75.5x77.11, prior mtg $77,000; Pearl St, 432, e s, 25x120.11, prior mtg $40,750; also Greene Av, Brooklyn, 296, s s 145 ft e of Classon Av 20x100, Jan. 13; Caterina and Rosario Lentino to Samuel P. Goldman, 120 Broadway, trustee under deed of trust of Jan. 8, 1919, due as per notes; attorneys, Goldman & Unger, 120 Broadway.....$2,100

68TH ST, 63 West, n s, 128 ft e of Columbus Av, 22x100.5, P. M. Jan. 10; Bessear Realty Co. to Gott-Mare Holding Co., 299 Broadway, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $25,000; attorney, Herman Gottlieb, 299 Broadway.....$5,000

85TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 50x102.2, Jan. 17; Martin E. Kern to Francis G. Stoddard, New Rochelle, N. Y., 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $—; attorney, Charles H. Bellows, 55 Liberty St.....$25,000

86TH ST, 434 East, s s, 369 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2; Avenue A, 1,663, w s, 75 ft n of 87th St, 25x77, Jan. 16; Dora Jackel to Jacob Lipschitz, 236 East 82d St, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $—; attorney, Louis A. Brown, 291 Broadway.....$3,000

Bronx.

COURTLANDT AV, w s, at n e corner lot 8, map North Ward Melrose, runs n w 140x s 25x e 140x n 25; Harry Steinert to Elway Co., 2 West 45th St, Jan. 17, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

187TH ST, n s, 50 ft e of Crotona Av, 50x100; Nista Construction Co. to Emma Dressner, 601 West 149th St, prior mtg $32,000, Jan. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 588; Bankers' Trust Co. to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Bowery; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row.....$19,000

CHURCH ST, 212; Solomon Bruhl, trustee to People's Trust Co. of Brooklyn, 181 Montague St, Brooklyn, trustee; attorneys, Kursman & Frank, 25 Broad St.....$20,000

ELDRIDGE ST, 201; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., trustee, to Hy Jones, 146 Central Park West et al, executors; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.....$27,206.29

GRAND ST, n w c Sullivan St; Herman H. Cammann, et al., executors to Herman H. Cammann, et al., trustees, attorneys, Man & Man, 56 Wall St.....$1

NEW BOWERY, 27-29; Charles M. Cannon, trustees to Giovanni Capelli, 75 Madison St, and another; attorneys, Title Guaranty and Trust Co. 176 Broadway.....$18,420.47

STANTON ST, 33; Gustav A. Kerker to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$12,000

3D AV, s s, 74 ft s of 40th St; Leah S. King to Annie Maguire, 134 East 111th St; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,000

49TH ST, 306 East; Title Guaranty and Trust Co., to Amy A. Sands, 58 West 48th St, et al, executors; attorneys, Middlebrook, R. & B., 46 Cedar St.....$3,500

81ST ST, 350 East; Ernst N. Adler and another to Hungarian Workmen's Home and Educational Society; attorney, William Karlin, 132 Nassau St.....interest of $6,400

89TH ST, 218 East; Gesine M. Bauer, trustee, to Christian Gols, 1,596 Av A; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$12,000

89TH ST, 534 East; Church Erection Fund, General Assembly Presbyterian Church to Jan Novak, 1,515 Av A; attorney, Albert Hlavac, Jr., 427 East 79th St.....$12,000

97TH ST, 236-7 East; Minnie Solomon to Sarah Cohen, 727 East 158th St.; attorney, A. Cohen, 220 Broadway.....$1

99TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av.; American Mortgage Co. to Mary E. Clark et al., trustees; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St.....$10,000

114TH ST, 353 East; Louis Isenberger, et al., trustees, to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 16 William St; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.....$1

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, w s, 105 ft n of 174th St, 150x100; (north 75 ft released Jan. 17, 1919;) N Y Trust Co to City Mtg Co, 15 Wall; attorney, Title Guar & T Co, 176 Bway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; City Mtg Co to Manhattan Savings Instn, 644 Bway; attorney, same.....$65,000

FARADAY AV, s w s, 70.10 ft n w of Newton Av, —x—; William A. Kenny to Della A. Kennedy, 5,654 Newton Av; attorney, W. C. French, 41 Park Row.....$1

HOE AV, e s, 157 ft s of Aldus St, 50x100; Hoe Av, e s, 107 ft s of Aldus St, 50x100; Southern Boulevard, e s, 180 ft s of Westchester Av, 42x117.8; Southern Boulevard, e s, 312.5 ft e of Aldus St, 42x150; Fox St, e s, 100.6 ft n of 163d St, 40x111.4; Fox St, w s, 443 ft n of 163d St, 40x104.1; Southern Boulevard, e s, 222 ft s of Westchester Av, 42x117.8; Fox St, e s, 180.6 ft n of 163d St, 40x110.5; Falle St, s w corner of Bancroft St, 104x60; Tiffany St, w s, 445 ft n of 163d St, 70 x irregular; Edwin Wolf, Philadelphia, Penn., to Stetoway Park Realty Co., 200 Broadway; attorney, S. Hirschman, 200 Broadway, assignment of ten mtgs.....$1,000

HONEYWELL AV, n w corner of 177th St, 109.5x100.3 ft to Crotona Parkway x —x 124; Francis L. Wellman to Rosalie C. Colihan, 141 East 95th St; attorneys, Sheehy & McC., 256 Broadway.....$2,350

HUNTS POINT AV, 819 to 875; Tawas Co. to Atlantic Finance Corp., 192 Broadway; attorneys, Gittner & A., 209 Broadway.....$1

INTERVALE AV, 1,153; Louisa Kiss to Carl Klug, 1,153 Intervale Av; attorney, C. H. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St.....$4,000

TIFFANY ST, 1,068; Harris Mandelbaum and another to Jas. F. Smith, 251 10th St, Hoboken, N. J.; attorney, Title Guar & T Co, 176 Bway.....$2,500

TIFFANY ST, 1,070; same to Arthur B. Haaser, 990 Intervale Av; attorney, same.....$2,500

152D ST, 996 East; Asa F. Barstow to Charles F. Barstow, Valpariso, Chile; attorneys, Latson & M., 55 John St.....$1

161ST ST, 770 East; Mildred Solomon to Chas. H. Friedrich, 769 Beck St; attorney, R. Loewenthal, 1,321 Boston Rd.....$1

203D ST, n s, 126 ft w of Mosholu Parkway, 25x95; Jules Johnescher to Boniface Vaudifutte, 1,040 Stebbins Av, one-half part; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$500

227TH ST, centre line at s s of land formerly belonging to George Briggs, — x irregular; to centre line of Laconia Av; Newburgh Savings Bank to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 51 Chambers St.....$140,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

49TH ST, 21 West, n s, 311 ft w of 5th Av, 22x100.5; the land trustees of Columbia College to Annie W. Hollister, 21 years, from Nov. 1, 1908, with renewals; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$2,468

135TH ST, 510 West, all; Curb Realty Co. to Sam Hyman, 201 West 118th St, and John Kresman, 54 Lawrence St, 5 years, from May 1, 1919; attorneys, Welchler & Kohn, 42 Broadway.....$5,100

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

108TH ST, 107 West; Michael Buffano against Ninth Ward Realty Co., owner; Oscar Nelson, contractor; renewal.....$2,155

Bronx.

STEBBINS AV, 1,882; B. H. and C. N. Whinston against John Sachs, owner and contractor.....$35

LIS PENDENS.

MAIDEN LANE, 51-53; Edward A. Schmidt against 51-53 Maiden Lane, Inc., et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, T. J. Meehan.

SULLIVAN ST, n e cor Grand St, 63.4x90x irregular; Hermann H. Command et al., against James C. Payne et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Man & Man.

62D ST, 343 EAST; City Real Estate Co. against Bozzuffi et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

Bronx.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1055; Sam Minskoff against Samwil Construction Co., Inc., et al, action to foreclose mechanics liens; attorney, M. London.

NELSON AV, 1376-78; City Real Estate Co. against Ida Zoger et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. Swain.

PROSPECT AV, 774, also 778 East 161st St; Bessie Glassman against Abraham Meyer Glassman et al., action to establish dower; attorneys, Wolf & Cohn.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Offerings Scheduled at the Vesey Street and Bronx Salesrooms.

Monday, Jan. 20.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

66th St, 245 West, n s, 150 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; Lydia Kleinfeld et al, against Bernard Gordon et al.; J. S. Seidman, attorney; due, $12,811.45; taxes, &c., $159.30.

AT 3,210 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Southern Boulevard, n e corner of 140th St, 57.9x107.6x50x136.6, vacant; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Joseph Goodman et al.; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; due, $8,552.25; taxes, &c., $722.70.

Tuesday, Jan. 21.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

82d St, 321 West, n s, 350 ft w of West End Av, 25x102.2, three-story dwelling; also 82d St, n e corner of Riverside Drive, 26.5x60.4x irregular, vacant; also 24th St, 260 West, s s, 141.8 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x98.9, three-story and basement dwelling; also 7th Av, 327, e s, 77 ft n of 28th St, 24.8x99.4x24.8x99.9, three-story loft and stable; also 63d St, 135 West, s s, 300 ft e of 7th Av, 31.8x103.6x9.9x98.9, two-story tenement and stores; Y. Brush against C. A. Ackerman et al.; Spitz & B., attorneys; partition.

By Charles A. Berrian.

119th St, 17 West, n s, 165.5 ft w of 5th Av, 14x76.10x14.6x73, three-story tenement and store; I. Z. Place against Samuel Siskind et al.; Wells & S., attorneys; due, $10,915.99; taxes, &c., $264.24.

By Henry Brady.

114th St, 331 East, n s, 305 ft w of 1st Av, 20x100, four-story tenement and stores; C. H. Hughes against Louisa Garofalo et al.; E. D. Loughman, attorney; due, $9,731.83; taxes, $900.

By Samuel Marx.

71st St, 222 East, s s, 280 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.4, four-story stores and clubhouse; C. P. Buckley, trustee, &c., against Delaware Club et al.; W. W. Buckley, attorney; due, $18,809.20; taxes, &c., $1,208.85.

3,210 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

John St, e s, — ft n of Ditmars St, —x— to Main St, City Island; lots 712 and 713; Agnes Walsh et al., administratrix, against Vincenzo Parlato et al.; P. E. Reville, attorney; due, $6,994.31; taxes, &c., $1,125.82.

By James J. Donovan.

St. Peter's Av, 1,638, n s, 26 ft e of Maclay Av, 25x100.7x22x100.4; F. S. Phraner against Wilgus Realty Co. et al.; F. D. Arthur, attorney; due, $4,326.60; taxes, &c., $1,285.38.

Wednesday, Jan. 22.

AT 3,210 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Balcolm Av, s w corner Latting St, 550x100x—x125; also Balcolm Av, e s, — ft s of Latting St, 225x100; S. E. Conklin against Bronx Dock and Land Co. et al.; Harvey De Raun, attorney; due, $24,776.24; taxes, &c., $2,051.64.

Haviland Av, s w corner Havemeyer Av, 305x108; also Haviland Av, n w corner Havemeyer Av, runs n 108x e 175x s 25x e 105 to Havemeyer Av, x s 83x w 280 to beginning; also Edwards Av, e s, 100 ft n of Latting St, 75x100; Sarah E. Conklin against Bronx Dock and Land Co. et al.; Harvey De Raun, attorney; due, $15,499.18; taxes, &c, $9,179.56.

Thursday, Jan. 23.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

103d St, 218 East, s s, 205 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.9, four-story tenement and stores; M. C. Crookes against J. M. B. Co., Inc., et al.; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; due, $3,121.96; taxes, &c., $805.14.

Friday, Jan. 24.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

128th St, 208 West, s s, 141.8 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story tenement and stores; F. E. Bell against Lizzie Monday et al.; Forster, H. & K., attorneys; due, $6,864.81; taxes, &c., $281.90.

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901 Lexington Ave.	130 W. 57th St.
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32 E. 64th St.	122 E. 76th St.
157 E. 81st St.	122 E. 82nd St.
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Five-story apartment house, 40x100, East 167th St., near Prospect Ave. Price $40,000. Mortgage $32,000, Rent $6,000.

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St. Nicholas Av.; 6-story apartment, 75x100. Rental $19,000. Price $115,000.

St. Nicholas Av.; 5-story apartment, 32x105. Rental $3,700. Price $25,000.

West End Av., corner; 5-story apartment, 25x100. Rental $3,300. Price $22,000.

3d Av., corner; 25x100, 5 stories; assessed at $41,000. Price $30,000.

Crosby St.; 7-story business building, 26x100. Price only $23,000.

Greenwich St., corner; size 60x78; 2-story buildings. Price only $20,000.

West Houston St.; 5-story business building. Rental $2,000. Price only $11,000.

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Fourth St., near 2d Av.; 5-story tenement, 25x97; 10 rooms each floor. Price $10,000.

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West 49th St.; 6-story apartment, 75x100. Rental $11,000. Price $58,000.

58th St., near Madison; 4-story dwelling, 22x100. Price $40,000.

West 107th St.; 2-6 story apartments, 120x100. Rental $29,000. Price $160,000.

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Excellent six-story new-law house, Washington Heights, rents over $13,000; can be purchased for $85,000; good terms.

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Broadway corner in the eighties; low price and fine investment.

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$45 MONTH and small quarterly payment buys California type Comfort Home. Garage, sleeping porch, etc.; beautiful street. Two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1775 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

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A Remarkable Return

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GEORGE E. & CHARLES BUCKBEE

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Five story flat, 50x100. Six families on a floor. Threes, fours and fives. Actual rental, $7,416. Price, $42,000. Savings Bank mortgage, $32,000. Cash required, $5,000. Balance on second mortgage. Apply

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CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, INC.

Announces

its incorporation under the laws of the State of New York, with offices at Kew Gardens, Long Island, and One West 34th St. and 56 Wall St., Manhattan.

That it will build for those interested in the creation of a country home.

That the controlling interest in the company is the same as that of Kew Gardens.

That 50 years accumulated experience in successful development of suburban communities of the best type is at the public's disposal.

That the home seeker will secure at Kew Gardens a high standard of construction, together with vital economies effected by quantity buying, cost saving in every detail and the best architectural services.

That the value of the finished product will be far in excess of its construction cost.

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15 Minutes from Penna. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
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WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Scarsdale—To Let Furnished.

5 minutes of station; 3 acres; choicest location; house will suit the most exacting; 4 baths; 2-car garage; will let 4-6 months at very low rent to responsible party.

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New, well built and practical home in highly restricted park; 10 rooms; 3 baths; hot water heat; 2 porches; owner will sacrifice. Send for floor plans and list of other good homes. MAXWELL SMITH, GREENACRES, HARTSDALE, N. Y.

A Rare Opportunity
45 ACRES
ONLY
9 Miles from New York

Adjoining high-class development; estate offers real bargain. Information on request. Estate Box 167 Times.

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ACRE AND HALF.

House of 13 rooms and 4 baths; choice location in Lawrence Park West, overlooking Country Club and Golf links.
Will sell or rent furnished or unfurnished.

BURKE STONE, INC.,
PHONE 142. BRONXVILLE, N. Y.

COLONIAL
9 ROOMS & 3 BATHS.

Attractive wide clapboard house, situated ten minutes from Bronxville Station; 30 minutes to Grand Central; hot-water heat, gas, electricity, fireplace; garage.

BURKE STONE, INC.,
PHONE 142. BRONXVILLE, N. Y.

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For sale; acre and a half directly on the open Sound; magnificent outlook; stone and frame house, 11 rooms, 3 baths; electric light; garage. Price only $35,000.

MRS. EDMUND W. BODINE,
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New eight-room Dutch Colonial house and garage; large living room with open fireplace; every modern convenience, including sewers and gas; particularly attractive, highly restricted district; only 30 minutes to Grand Central; near station; little cash required. Full particulars, GEO. H. MILLS, Tribune Building. 'Phone Beekman 4500.

On Chester Hill, near Station

Modern 11-room house with garage. Enclosed porch, steam heat, electric lights. Well-built and attractive, 2 baths. Possession March 1st. Price, $15,000. Terms to suit. Might rent on long lease at $1,500.

Anderson Realty Co. Near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

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with 3 baths; large studio can be used as billiard room; garage; high elevation, fine view; restricted, fully developed colony; gas, sewers, etc.; unusual rental opportunity; only 30 minutes to Grand Central. Particulars. L. H. Tasker, Tribune Building.

Bargain on Chester Hill!

House 11 rooms and bath, lot 60x100. Price $9,500.

Edwin W. Fiske Realty Co.,
14 Depot Place, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

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Foreclosure threatened; 10 large rooms, all improvements, perfect condition; convenient location and surroundings; 55 minutes Grand Central. Actual value $15,000. Price $11,000. Easy terms. DWIGHT, Suite 400, 51 E. 42d.

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36TH ST. & 11TH AVE.—S. W. Cor. Most practical and compact Manufacturer's or Warehouse property with R. R. Siding and Refrigerating plant.

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Excellent Warehouse Building, enjoying special freight facilities with side street elevator accommodation for loading, etc.

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431-443 Atlantic Avenue, through to State Street. Substantial manufacturing or Warehouse building with garage. 38,000 square feet. Sound investment. (Or possession could be arranged.)

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133 Nassau Avenue, Brooklyn, 25x100, with store.

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On a Wooded Point

with bathing beach, about five acres, modern Colonial house, 5 bedrooms, 3 baths, 4 servants' rooms, garage; one hour by motor.

Rent or Sale.

Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St., N. Y.

AT TARRYTOWN.
COL. RUPPERT'S ESTATE.

Fronting on the Hudson River, 18 acres in lawns and gardens, 444 feet frontage on Broadway, enclosed by ornamental iron fence and gates. Large stucco dwelling of 16 rooms, recently remodelled and renovated by owner, and never occupied. Most modern and expensive plumbing and heating plants, very large, bright rooms. Garage and greenhouse. Surrounded by other handsome estates. Offered for sale at a very attractive price much below its cost.

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For Sale at
SAGAMORE
BRONXVILLE
10 minutes' walk from station.

½ acre of land. Well constructed Colonial brick residence, 12 rooms, 4 baths, modern improvements. Garage.

For further particulars apply H-320.

Bronxville, N. Y. Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave., New York.

Modern 10 room dwelling. Garage. $7,000

Open Sundays

New 2-family house semi-attached, 16 rooms; 50x100. $10,500

Chester Hill 9 room modern dwelling, 2 baths; garage, a beauty. $13,500

New hollow tile dwelling, 11 rooms, 2 baths. Garage. $26,500

18 room hollow tile dwelling, 4 baths, 5 open fireplaces, 4 car garage; 200x157. $45,000

Wolfe & Douglas Harlem Station, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

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Owns a perfect little home in the heart of a high-class suburban home colony in Westchester, but cannot occupy it. The house, which has nine rooms and three baths, on a plot 80x173, with every modern improvement, will be sold to a quick buyer at $15,000. A fair cash payment accepted. Further particulars on request. Major, 103 Times.

Exceptional Opportunity

AT PELHAM MANOR

Practically new house on plot 75x150. Large living room with fireplace, sun parlor, dining room, kitchen, maids' room and bath on first floor; 4 bedrooms, 3 baths, on second floor. 2-car garage. For further particulars apply S-3194.

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Fine modern Colonial house, on 40 acres of land, in an exceptionally desirable neighborhood. House contains 12 rooms and 3 baths. Fine garage and stable building. May be purchased for less than half of cost.

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Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties

Fine Home Near the Water

Perfect example of early English country house of brick, stucco, and adzed timbers. 13 rooms, 3 baths, 3 extra lavatories; quartered oak panelled living room; mazed dining room; 4 porches; gas and electricity. Vegetable and flower gardens. Near clubs. 5 minutes to Stamford Station. F. L. Field, 18 East 41st St.

$18,000.00
HALF ACRE LAND.

With house of 10 rooms and 2 bathrooms.

Ideal suburban home near Bronxville Station; high elevation; every improvement; hot water heat; 2 sun parlors; 2-car garage. Reasonable terms.

Burke Stone, Inc., *Bronxville.*
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AT LARCHMONT

Taken in at foreclosure. Cost to build about $12,000. Can be had for $8,500 if taken soon. Eight-room stucco, hot water heat, gas, electricity, 3 baths. Plot 150x250. Old shade trees. Five minutes' walk to station. Garage.

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PELHAM.—OPPORTUNITY.

Ten-room modern dwelling, three baths; four minutes' walk to station; plot 100x125; attractive price and terms.

Ashforth & Co., 501 5th Av., N. Y. White Plains, N. Y.

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—OUR CLIENT—

Seven years ago selected the choicest five-acre site near White Plains and built for his own occupancy a complete small estate.

The house, with southern exposure, contains 14 rooms and 4 baths. Enclosed porch, several fireplaces. The workmanship and interior finish are perfect. 4-car garage, with living apartment. Artesian well with complete water system. Tennis court, spacious lawns and gardens. This property is in perfect condition.

An inspection will prove the merits and advantages of this exceptional property.

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18 East 41st St., N. Y. City.

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AT PELHAM MANOR

A TRACT OF 100 LOTS, SIZE 25x100 EACH. FOR SALE AT *Half Their Value.*

Choice location; restricted to high class dwellings; on plots 50x75 feet each; the lots lie between railroad station and New York Athletic Club; fine streets, sidewalks and city improvements.

PRICE $32,500
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A CHANCE FOR BUILDERS AND SPECULATORS.

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OWNER'S SACRIFICE, $10,500

New Bungalow style Country Home, 10 rooms, 2 baths, white & mahogany interior finish, gas, electricity, hot water heat; large plot; restricted residential section. Other Bargains Sale and Rent.

L. P. HARRIS TEL. 1166 9 NORTH AVE.

Beautiful Brick Colonial House Overlooking Hudson River

30 Minutes from Grand Central Station

Contains 10 rooms and 3 baths. Fine modern garage. One of the finest new homes along the Hudson. Owner will make great sacrifice for immediate sale.

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Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties

COLONIAL HOUSE

Irvington-on-Hudson; 15 rooms, three baths; all improvements; three acres; beautiful grounds; price $22,500 to close estate. DUROSS COMPANY, 156 Broadway, New York.

ON THE SOUND

New Dutch Colonial House of 12 rooms, three baths, two extra lavatories. Luxurious owner's suite overlooking the water. Hardwood floors, hot water heat, gas and electricity. Vegetable and flower gardens. Garage for two cars and man. Five minutes to Stamford Station.

F. L. FIELD, 18 East 41st St.

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Located on Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon; highly restricted section; 2 houses, 14 rooms each; electric lights; plot 100x100. Owner will sell at very attractive price. This is an A-1 income proposition.

CLARENCE G. MARTENS,
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$12,500.

Chester Hill, Mount Vernon. Ideal home, 9 rooms; perfect condition; white woodwork; parquet floors 1st and 2nd; cheerful, roomy chambers; steam heat; electricity; garage; near depot. Owner anxious to sell.

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Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 3400.

NEW ROCHELLE BUNGALOW type House, white exterior, 8 rooms and two baths, large living room, glass enclosed porch, hot water heat, electricity; plot 55x145; price $10,500.

H. B. Downey, Tel. 1007. 271 Huguenot St., NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

KATONAH farm of 52 acres; highly elevated; splendid land; fine shade; pond; remodeled farmhouse; 12 rooms and 2 baths, with fireplaces; large stable; assortment of fruit; 12 minutes from station.

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Semi-Bungalow white clapboard, 7 rooms, 2 baths; outside stone chimneys, open fireplaces. Inclosed porch. Convenient transit; 35 minutes Grand Central, $9,500. Easy terms. Personal, Suite 400, 51 East 42d.

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WE are now prepared to consider loans in the form of first mortgage bond issues, either for construction purposes or on newly finished properties, such as office, apartment, commercial, or loft buildings.

Amounts range from a minimum of $250,000 upward.

These loans will be made only in accordance with the provisions of the *Straus Plan*, requiring the borrower to amortize or reduce the loan each year, by paying off a certain number of the bonds. Ample equities and margins of earnings required.

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CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA SAN FRANCISCO MINNEAPOLIS DETROIT

37 Years Without Loss to Any Investor

Wherever you go
You'll find they all know

MONTCLAIR

It outranks all the other suburbs of New York City.

A few especially attractive offerings:

$16,500 Modern residence, choice section, 10 rooms, 2 baths, solarium, garage, large plot.

$22,000 Elizabethan house, 11 rooms, 3 baths, solarium, several fireplaces. 100 ft. frontage, garage.

$30,000 Mountainside residence, colonial type, 13 rooms, 4 baths, beautiful view. Finest surroundings.

$55,000 Handsome new residence on hillside, 15 rooms, 5 baths, billiard room, solarium. Beautifully decorated interior, about 1½ acres of land. Excellent view of New York.

Complete list of unfurnished houses from $100 per month upward.

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Real Estate Brokers.

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A LAKE OF YOUR OWN

In the Beautiful Adirondack Mountains
For the Spring and Summer Season or Shorter Period

A lake of your own for the whole spring and summer season—or for only a short period if you prefer—with the exclusive right to fish in it and use it; and a comfortable camp—the only one on the lake—to live in; and the privilege of wandering over thousands of acres of forest lands—lands and waters which have hitherto been absolutely private; with the Adirondacks all about you; with glorious sport, glorious walks and glorious mountain top views close at hand. If these joys of the woods appeal to you drop a postal card or a note in the letter box, addressing it to the

HORSE SHOE FORESTRY COMPANY

Lakes Department Horse Shoe, N. Y.

At Greenwich, Connecticut

For Sale or To Let from April 1st, 1919

About 3½ acres, all developed.

Residence of 17 rooms and 3 baths, Garage, Gardener's Cottage, etc. In the best section of Greenwich, adjoining Rockefeller Estates.

GEORGE ROSENFELD CO. INC.

51 East 42nd Street New York City

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BEAUTIFUL
NEW COLONIAL HOUSE
Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
AT FIELDSTON
Riverdale-on-Hudson.

In the Park District of the City.

Modern in every detail. Constructed of Tapestry Brick. Contains 14 rooms and 5 baths, and is situated on one of the most desirable sites in this Beautiful Park.

The exquisite taste and excellent workmanship employed in the construction of this House will appeal to the most discriminating buyer.

Delafield Estate, Owner

GEORGE HOWE, Sales Agent,
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WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale
HANDSOME HOME AT
PELHAM MANOR

Situated on the esplanade, in best residential section. Land comprises about 2 acres, attractively landscaped. Modern Colonial house, 7 master bedrooms, 4 baths, 3 servants' rooms, bath; 3 car garage with chauffeur's quarters.

For further particulars apply S-3320.

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I wish to meet quickly a few plot buyers that can be confidentially allowed unusual purchase conditions in order to start quick activity in a new high-grade development.

Only a few and quick action is necessary—activity is the secret of a boom—I'll pay for it.

The community is established, every improvement, within easy reach of the city. Plots are large and restricted. Just the place for the most discriminating.

Plain, 101 Times.

For Rent
FURNISHED

Estates in Westchester County from $3,000 upwards, offered for the coming season.

PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue.
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill.

Gentleman's Estate,

35 minutes from Grand Central; 12 acres of beautifully landscaped grounds; thoroughly modern residence, spacious living room, six master's rooms, six baths, ample servants' accommodations; garage; chauffeur's quarters; to be sold at less than one-half original cost; greatest bargain offered in county.

Robert E. Farley Organization,
12 East 44th Street
Dept. of Estates. Seventh Floor.
MR. McCANLESS in charge.

FOR RENT SEASON 1919

Palatial fireproof residence. Ten master bedrooms, 16 servants' rooms, 50 acres of gardens directly on the Sound; probably the finest anywhere near New York. Private bathing beach, yacht anchorage. One hour to the city by motor. Owner keeps up the grounds.

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SCARSDALE

In the finest part of the Greenacres tract we offer an exceptionally well-built and attractive stucco house on a plot of nearly 2 of acre, on the crest of a hill, with a wonderfully unobstructed view. The house was built by an owner for occupancy, and has 5 fireplaces, a big sleeping porch, 5 master bedrooms and 2 servants' rooms, 3 baths, garage. Owner intends living the year around on his farm, and has reduced price to $21,000. Exceptionally easy terms. Particulars on request.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley,
18 East 41st St., N. Y. City.

Larchmont Centre ON-THE-SOUND

Sound side of R.R., with sewers, water, gas, &c. Fine trees, restricted section, short walk station, Sound, school, &c. The time to purchase a Plot is now, while you can let us build a house according to your ideas, which can be paid like rent; $500 cash will put you in your home.

LARCHMONT

CHAS. FIELD GRIFFEN & CO.
11 E. 42d St. Tel. 6441—Murray Hill

FOR SALE
Attractive Old Farm
1 MILE SOUTH OF BRIARCLIFF
28 MILES FROM THIS CITY

12½ acres with large brook. House, 9 large rooms, excellent condition; 2 barns. Can now be purchased at great reduction from original price on very easy terms.

For further particulars apply R-14

Fish & Marvin 527 Fifth Ave., New York

Exceptional Bargain at
PELHAM

10 *Minutes from New Haven Station.*

Plot 50x100. Practically new bungalow, large living room, dining room, kitchen on first floor; 3 bedrooms, tiled bath on second. Hot water heat, hardwood floors throughout. Price $6,500.

For further particulars apply S-3254

Pelham, N. Y. Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave., New York.

LARCHMONT

TWO ACRE ESTATE

with exceptionally well-built stucco house, 14 rooms, 3 baths; garage to match; exclusive location; near private beach. Bargain to immediate purchaser.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley,
18 East 41st St., N. Y. City.

LARCHMONT BARGAIN
Beautiful Dutch Colonial House.

Recently completed by builder who must sell at a sacrifice. Contains 9 rooms, 5 baths, high-class fixtures. Situated on a large, well-located plot. Price $13,000.

George Howe, 527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.
Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties.

AT SCARSDALE

For rent, for season, attractive dwelling, 8 monster rooms, 3 servants' rooms, 4 baths; spacious garage, chauffeur's quarters; 5 acres, beautifully landscaped; large flower and vegetable garden; tennis court.

FOX REALTY COMPANY,
51 EAST 42D ST.

OLD COLONIAL HOMESTEAD
IN THE BRONX VALLEY.

Eleven room charming Home; 32 minutes out, short walk station; acre of lawns and gardens; ideal combination of real country with modern conveniences.

Ashforth & Co., 361 Fifth Ave., N. Y. White Plains, N. Y.

Substantial House for Rent.

four master's chambers, three baths, in Greenacres-Scarsdale.

$1,200 per year.

SCARSDALE ESTATES,
12 East 44th St., N. Y.
Depot Square, White Plains.

$6,750 HOME.

Modern stucco, unusually attractive design; perfect condition; large living room; open fireplace, large plot; excellent views; choice location; half hour Grand Central; three minutes walk.

GILBERT K. LAIRD, 52 Vanderbilt Ave., Tel. Mur. Hill 7327

OLD VIRGINIA HOME IN THE JERSEY HILLS

$8,500 on easy terms and $9,000 first mortgage buys it.

13 big rooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping porch, big open fireplaces, large concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, old ivory and mahogany trim; fine tree covered grounds and lawn; exclusive residential neighborhood; very convenient to ex. sta., on D., L. & W. R. R.; fine commuting service to N. Y. City; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lake and near golf and country clubs, schools churches and markets. Write or phone Apartment 2-H, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. C. Telephone 6634 Audubon.

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Complete 10-acre country place, within 50 minutes of Grand Central; handsome modern residence, 8 master's bedrooms, 6 baths and every convenience; stable and garage, with apartments for gardener and chauffeur; greenhouse, tennis court, splendid vegetable gardens, flower gardens, fine old trees and other attractive features; near golf clubs and private schools. It would be hard to find a similar property as beautifully laid out and improved. Can be bought at very low figure.

Kenneth Ives & Co.,
7 East 42d St. Murray Hill 0087.

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Great Neck

200x125 ft., house, 10 rooms, 3 baths, 2-machine garage; a very decided bargain; $19,500.

Great Neck

134x150 ft., Dutch Colonial house, 14 rooms, 2 baths, garage for 2 machines; shrubbery, trees and flowers well planted; house very completely furnished. This is a very decided bargain, furnished, at $30,000.

Great Neck

Long Island Sound, waterfront estate, 17 acres, house of 14 rooms, 4 baths, garage, greenhouse, other outbuildings; excellent water frontage of 410 feet; shrubbery, trees, vegetables, and flower garden. Owner is sacrificing at $200,000.

BAKER CROWELL, Inc.,
47 W. 34th St. Greeley 38

Our magazine covers all of Long Island. We will mail it to you upon request.

MUST BE SOLD

New house, 6 rooms and tile bath, with garage; plot 40x100; decorated shades; glass-enclosed porch; parquet floors; all improvements; a fine home for a small family; 5 minutes' walk to station, 3 minutes to trolley, 30 minutes to N. Y. or Brooklyn; price $6,000. For information write W. V. Champlin, Hillside and Grand Avs., Jamaica.

Doctor's Home

at Great Neck, North Shore of Long Island, 26 minutes from Penn. Station. The house is built with every modern office facility and convenience for general practitioner. Fine neighborhood. Former owner averaged over $10,000 per year. Rare opportunity for right man. Price $25,000. Terms if desired.

Finlay Realty Company
Phone 5921 Greeley. 1 West 34th St.

Army Officer Must Sell

ATTRACTIVE 3 ACRE ESTATE FINE NEIGHBORHOOD OVERLOOKING AND WITHIN 300 FEET OF DEEP WATER.

Substantial house, 12 bedrooms, 4 baths, steam heat, handsome shade trees, old fashion garden; garage. *Price $30,000, (less than replacement value of building alone); $5,000 cash.*

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OLD FASHIONED COUNTRY HOME

Three acres of land, with many fine shade trees, orchard, small pond and stream; rambling farm house of 11 rooms, bath, electricity; needs minor repairs; large barn, garage; artesian well; located in excellent neighborhood at Huntington; near water and golf club; non-resident owner offers it at $13,500 on easy terms.

Country Estates of every description in the Huntington section for sale.

Furnished Summer Houses for Rent.

THEODORE S. HALL, 47 W. 34th St., N. Y.

WOODMERE, L. I.

Prospect Ave.

All Improvements. Fine Plot for Home. Be Sold at a Bargain.

JOSEPH P. DAY,
31 Nassau Street.

HOME IN NASSAU CO.

A producing farm of 6 acres, near station, modern house. Buildings in splendid order, good soil. Only $8500. Best bargain in market. Drop in and see me before buying on L. I.

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IDEAL COUNTRY HOME,

North Shore, commuting distance, large grounds; beautifully developed, overlooking Bay; bathing privileges; residence, 5 master bedrooms and 2 baths, servant accommodations; garage; offered at great bargain.

List of Summer cottages for rent.

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Kew Gardens House

Twelve rooms, 6 baths, 2 open fireplaces; every convenience; on beautiful corner plot. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

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GREAT NECK

Gentleman's Estate, modern house, 14 rooms, 3 baths, on plot of 3¼ acres; 4-car garage, with man's quarters, stable; tennis court. Particulars upon request.

PLANDOME

Nine-room, hollow tile house, two bathe, garage, large plot, $16,000.

Thomas O'Connell, 50 East 42d St.
Murray Hill 8862. Manhasset 304.

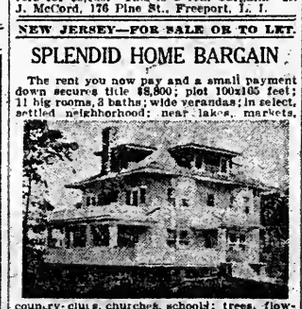
AT MERRICK.

Beautiful semi-bungalow, 9 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; enormous sun parlor; two-car garage; chicken houses and run; large corner plot; frontage on three streets; five minutes' walk to station; near Great South Bay; value $12,000; out-of-town owner offers for $9,000. This is a real bargain. H. J. McCord, 176 Pine St., Freeport, L. I.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPLENDID HOME BARGAIN

The rent you now pay and a small payment down secures title $8,800; plot 100x105 feet; 11 big rooms, 3 baths; wide verandas; in select, settled neighborhood; near lakes, markets,



country clubs, churches, schools; trees, flowers and shrubs; wonderful views; 750 ft. elevation; 7 min. walk to R. R. sta.; 45 min. on train to N. Y.; splendid commutation; in exclusive Montclair-Nutley section; near pretty lakes. CURTIS SMITH, 442 Sterling Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone 9887 Prospect.

FOR SALE
INDIVIDUAL HOME
AT MONTCLAIR

Charming all-year-round residence, thoroughly well built, 11 rooms, 3 baths, 8 sleeping rooms, hot water heat; grounds 140x250 ft. with 10 fine fruit and shade trees, extensive lawns, flowers, etc. Choice section, 5 minutes' walk to express station. Price very reasonable, $20,000.

FRANK HUGHES-TAYLOR CO.
At Lackawanna Terminal, Montclair, N. J.

MONTCLAIR

$13,500 New England Farmhouse residence. Large screened porch, centre hall, large living room, fireplace, dining room, pantry, all-tile kitchen, 5 bedrooms, 2 baths, steam, gas, electricity; plot 70x170; highly restricted section overlooking lake and park. Near high school, athletic club, station and trolley.

H. S. CONNOLLY & CO.
Opp. Lackawanna Station, Montclair, N.J.

GRANT PARISH

Entire North Jersey Seacoast Real Estate.
Estates, Farms and Seashore Property.

Mr. Parish offers a very notable marine front Farm Estate of 300 acres, as a whole or in parts; a property of Distinction; one mile shore front.

Trust Building, Asbury Park, N. J.

MONTCLAIR

$35,000 Most select location on the beautiful mountainside; gentleman's residence; large living room, dining room, butlery; kitchen, 8 chambers; 4 baths, sleeping porch, palm room, all latest appointments. The Price at which it is offered is far below actual value. May be seen by appointment.

MURDOCH, op. Lackawanna, Montclair.

MONTCLAIR

$16,500 Beautiful Colonial Residence, most exclusive location, center hall, large living room, dining room, butlery, tiled kitchen; 5 bedrooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping porch, palm room, open verandah, exterior of tapestry brick, all interior woodwork finished in ivory.

MURDOCH, op. Lackawanna, Montclair.

Have removed from my desirable home on Lackawanna, 30 minutes out. Cost over $20,000. Sell for $12,000. Modern dwelling, part stone, slate roof, 12 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, etc.; garage and nearly an acre of land. Phone or see

Edw. P. Hamilton & Co., 96 B'way

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Exceptionally attractive country home, near commuting depot, modern frame dwelling, 14 rooms, 3 baths, every improvement, 8 acres, rolling lawns, gardens, tennis court, garage, fine view; for rent furnished or unfurnished.

HARVEY R. LINBARGER,
197 North Av., opp. depot, Plainfield, N. J.

Prospect St., Orange, N. J.

AT BRICK CHURCH STATION.

12-room house; steam heat; modern plumbing; large plot high ground, surrounded by finest places in the Oranges; taken in trade.

WILL SACRIFICE

Price, $8,500. Mortgage, $5,500.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., 140 Broadway.

RED BANK, N. J.

For rent, an estate of 52 acres; high state of cultivation; large house, 8 bathrooms, ballroom, and 14 other rooms; lodge house; garage equipped in every way; on water; house furnished; short distance from depot. W. A. HOPPING.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Attractive ten room house, two baths. All improvements; garage. $75 monthly to May 1st or longer.

Jenkins & Marshall, Upper Montclair, New Jersey.

A GENUINE BARGAIN FOR SERIOUS HOMESEEKER.

A change of business to the Middle West makes it possible for you to buy for only $7,500 my cozy little home, near picturesque lake, in a beautiful, refined, highly restricted suburb, for a small cash payment, balance monthly, no more than rent; it has nine big rooms, outdoor sleeping porch, parquet floors, huge open fireplace, and two tiled baths; a very large plot, with fine old shade trees, beautiful lawn; house splendidly built by days' labor and only three years old; elegant condition throughout; every city improvement, combined with advantages of the country; 45 minutes on D., L. & W. R. R. For pictures and details write Business, Box 529, City Hall Station, New York City.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY HOMES

$500 CASH.

Balance monthly payments less than rent, buys beautiful new suburban home, 35 minutes from New York; 5c commutation; on plot 40x120; six rooms and bath, finished with hardwood trim, mahogany doors, white enameled woodwork; beautifully decorated; up-to-date fixtures; streets paved, sewers, gas, and electricity; plenty of space for a garage and a garden; 70 trains daily.

PRICE $4,500

AMERICAN HOME BUILDERS,
26 Cortlandt St. Phone Cortlandt 7864.

FOR SALE
High Grade Farm
10 Miles From Hudson.

382 acres under cultivation; 2,800 young fruit trees coming into bearing; 40 acres in rye, 5 acres in wheat; good house, 9 rooms, bath, heat; new dairy barn for 50 cows and 6 horses; 2 cottages and other farm buildings. *To be purchased at bargain price, with stock and implements if desired.*

For further particulars apply M-1[illegible]

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave., New York.

Lakeside Camping and Hunting Land

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE AND BARN.
PRICE $6,000. EASY TERMS.

Sixty acres of woods and garden, sloping to shore of a beautiful lake; fruit trees; one hour and a half from 42d St.; worth $25,000 in plots; present mortgage $3,500 for five years; will sell for $1,000 cash above mortgage. L 700 Times Downtown.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ESTATE MUST BE SOLD.

14 Acres of high, level, tillable land with quaint, old-fashioned 8-room house, under immense maples with old fireplaces, ovens, doors, etc. Beautiful location, main road. Only 1½ miles out. Grand view. Barns, sheds. Garage. Full. $6,500. Worth $10,000. ASK FOR FARM LIST.

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Spend the Winter at
LAKELAND

FLORIDA

Solve the high cost of living, escape worry over coal shortage, enjoy the delightful climate.

Where you may secure a life income by investing in a 10-acre grapefruit or orange grove, scientifically cared for by low cost, co-operative methods.

A planted 10-ACRE GROVE COSTS $4,850, payable 20 per cent. down, balance in quarterly installments.

Many grove owners are now realizing from $500 TO $1,000 NET A YEAR PER ACRE! names and addresses furnished on request.

Our illustrated booklet answers all questions. Write for a copy and read it. Then, if you are in position to finance a grove, visit the property and spend a week at the Country Club as our guest.

W. T. HALLAM & CO., 225 5th Av., N. Y.

FLORIDA

Come to SEBRING for health, comfort and profit.

Own a ten-acre ORANGE or GRAPEFRUIT GROVE and secure a life income; 10 acres planted with two-year-old trees, $350 per acre; older trees at advance cost according to age. We take care of your grove; many groves earn from $500 to $1,000 per acre per year.

You do not have to wait for a home to come to you—SEBRING is all here, bordering beautiful Lake Jackson, which is 6 miles long. $200,000 Hotel; golf, schools, etc. Join one of our parties; a week with us. Send or call for booklet.

SEBRING LAND CO., Owners

New York Office, 96 Broadway. Tel. 2308 Rector.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful Country Home and Farm.

Handsome graystone and frame dwelling, 12 rooms, 2 baths, city gas, hot water heat, all modern conveniences, barn for 5 horses, 5 cows, brooder house, hot water heat; poultry houses 50 feet long, 23 acres, all cultivation. 80 peach trees, 200 pears, also apples; grand shade, just outside city limits of large town, 17 miles from Philadelphia; strictly high grade; price $10,000, half cash; write today; also send for our handsomely illustrated farm catalogue for 1919. Bray & MacGeorge, 1,077 Drexel Building, Philadelphia, Penn., or Vineland, N. J.

MONMOUTH COUNTY, N. J.

Farms, Estates, and Country Homes.

All sizes. Best locations. Advise wants. Will send description and other details.

G. W. Zucker, Graduate Agriculturist, Kinney Bldg., Newark, N.J.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

152-Acre Fully Equipped Maryland Farm, $3,975, where short, mild Winters, almost no snow, delightful Summers with 40-inch rainfall favor heavy crops of corn, wheat, &c.; near large R. R. town. Level loan tillage, high cultivation, wire fenced pasture, valuable wood, timber; home use fruit, 2-story house, several barns, granary, corn, poultry and wagon houses. To settle affairs now, will include pair horses, colt, 3 cows, poultry, wagons, harness, plows, cultivators, harrows, long list tools, quantity potatoes, hay, straw, apples, wood, &c.; $3,975 gets all, easy terms. Details Page 11, Strout's new mid-Winter Catalogue, just out, filled with bargains in 17 States, equipped for Winter comfort; copy free. Dept. 2026 G. E. A. STROUT FARM AGENCY, 150 Nassau St., N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FOR RENT
TWO ADJOINING STORES
SURROUNDING THE
Southeast Corner of
3rd Ave. & 23d St.

namely—204, 206, 208 East 23d St., 65x90, and 297 Third Ave., 22x100, with "L" into 23d St., together with basement; 9,000 sq. feet. Will rent singly or together.

FREDERICK W. SEYBEL,
Owner, 280 Madison Ave.
Tel. 2062 Murray Hill.

Most Desirable
5th Ave. Loft
2ND FLOOR.

Every modern improvement. For
TAILORS
MILLINERS
FOOTWEAR
Reasonable Rent.

520 Fifth Ave. (bet. 43d & 44th)
E. B. MEYROWITZ, Inc. Vanderb't 3880

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Loft to Let

Suitable for light manufacturing. Light on 4 sides. Low rentals. Building recently renovated. Low insurance. Possession February 1. Inquire:

L. J. LEVY,
35 Nassau St. Phone Rector 1073.

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FINE BASEMENT
FOR RENT
142-144 East 59th St.
OPPOSITE BLOOMINGDALE'S

Size 40x30; skylight; steam heat; electric light; good ventilation.

Fine for light manufacturing purposes or for reserve merchandise storage; formerly used for Bowling Alley.

Finest Mid-Town Location

Surface cars, "L" road and new subway station almost at door; within one block of Queensboro Bridge. Apply to

The SCHAEFER CO., 142 E. 59th St.

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STORE & BASEMENT
IN 18 STORY FIREPROOF BLDG.
Approximately 5,500 Sq. Ft., from Feb. 1st.
$8,500

ALSO A FEW DESIRABLE OFFICES ON UPPER FLOORS.

N. A. BERWIN & CO.
On Premises. Tel. Vanderbilt 4452.

239 Fourth Ave.

Adjoining Southeast Cor. 20th St.

CHOICE LOFT

light on all sides, 46x100.

No manufacturing.
Modern Fireproof Building.

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35 West 39th St.
Or Your Own Broker.

TEMPLE COURT

5 BEEKMAN ST., COR. NASSAU.

LIGHT CORNER OFFICES

1,620 SQUARE FEET; RENT $3,800.
SMALL OFFICES SINGLY OR TOGETHER FROM $240 TO $400.

RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION.
ON PREMISES. CORTLANDT 1182.

LOFTS
FLOORS
OFFICES
BASEMENTS
COLUMBUS CIRCLE

1845-1847 BROADWAY, NEAR 60TH ST.

Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc. moderate rent

L. MILLER & SONS, 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 4234

Loft 13,000 Sq. Feet,
New Building, Second Floor.
Good Light and Ventilation.

Will rent not less than half of space to one tenant.

APPLY O. BENZING
On premises, 418-20 West 125th St.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS TO LET
WM. H. WHITINGE CO.
41 PARK ROW TEL. 5800 CORT.

LARGE STORE, 25x100,
74 feet East of Willis Ave.
412 EAST 138TH ST.,
Suitable any line of business.
INQUIRE ON PREMISES.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.

45x85; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.

APPLY ON PREMISES.

TO SUBLEASE
ON MADISON SQUARE

Fireproof sprinkler building 4,000 sq. ft. Immediate possession.

DWIGHT, ARCHIBALD & PERRY, INC.
Farragut 3360. 157 West 23d St.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Water Front

For Sale at Great Sacrifice
30 ft. Depth of Water

161 feet of excellent bulkhead, 70,000 sq. ft. of upland. Between 132nd and 138th Sts. and East River. A wonderful opportunity to secure tremendous bargain.

PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue.
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

10,000 Feet Floor Space WANTED

Below Chambers St.
West Side

Office space, stock rooms and storage facilities. Must have freight and passenger elevators and adequate retiring rooms.

Will consider 5 year lease, either entire building or might share with other tenant if otherwise satisfactory.

Automobile Sundries Co.,
18 Broadway.

FACTORY WANTED.

Will lease or purchase modern up-to-date factory, about 40,000 square feet, fireproof preferred, in any of the boroughs. Address A. O., 230 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

220 W. 98th St., cor. B'way
8 ROOMS —3 Baths,
—Corner Apartment.
—All Light; $2400
Apply Office, 2596 B'way. Tel. River. 6906.

"EUCLID HALL"
85th Street & Broadway.
8 ROOMS with large foyer.
Southern Exposure. RENT $2,400.
Apply to Supt. on premises.
Telephone 3761 Schuyler.

2 Rooms, Kitchenette, Bath
Corner apartments, all improvements.
Apply 2035 5th Ave., or premises.
102 West 129th Street.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

215 MADISON AVE.

S. E. CORNER 36TH STREET.

High-Class Apartments—Large Rooms.

Four Apartments of 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette for light housekeeping, with additional servant's room.

One Apartment of 6 rooms and bath, full house keeping, with additional servant's room.

Representative on Premises Monday From 9 Until 4.

LIGHT APARTMENT, 7 Rooms
TO SUBLET—RENT $1,200
At 155 East 72d St.
All Rooms Have Direct Sunlight
Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin Corporation,
36 East 58th St. Plaza 495L

LONG ISLAND.

In Beautiful Kew Gardens

TO SUBLET

A Delightful New Apartment, never occupied, consisting of seven large rooms, pantry and three baths. The best located apartment in the beautiful new

Kew Gardens Apartments

Eighteen minutes from the Pennsylvania Station. Telephone Riverside 1146.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

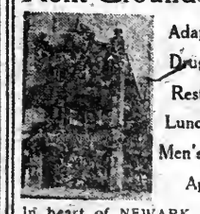
Forest Hills Inn

Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.

Modern fire-proof hotel (Am. plan) combining city and country life. Only 15 minutes from Penna. Sta. (L. I. R. R.). Direct connection by subway to uptown and downtown Manhattan; 25 minutes by motor to shopping and theatre districts. You can reach your office more comfortably and in less time from Forest Hills than from 96th Street, Man. More than 70 trains (electric service) daily. For further information—Tel. 6290 Forest Hills.

NEW JERSEY.

Rent Ground Floor



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In heart of NEWARK, N. J., at heaviest traffic point; in centre of all activities; immediate possession; act quickly.

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"Sole Agents."
738 Broad St. Newark, N. J.

200 West 57th, TWO HIGH CLASS
STORES FOR RENT
Together or Separate.

Exceptional location in Rodin Studio Building. Suitable for high class auto accessories or any high class business.

Resident Manager on Prem.
Cor. 7th Av. Tel. Circle 3560.

IN LONG ISLAND CITY.
WILL BUILD FACTORY BUILDING to suit your requirements.
5,000 TO 50,000 SQ. FT.
Locations near 59th Street Bridge.
With or without rail siding.
FOR SALE ON A RENTAL BASIS.
Carrying charge under 25c. per sq. ft.
WILL RENT.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

Private Stable & Garage
Convenient to Park.
Master's Dressing Room & Bath and seven room apartment for chauffeur or groom.
TUCKER, SPEYERS & CO.,
455 5th Ave. Phone 2750 Murray Hill.

STORE 20x70
Fifth Ave. and 16th

$ APPLY ON PREMISES OR TO PEASE & ELLIMAN. 655 W. 16th Murray Hill 8200.

Cut Out Ad. for Reduced Rent.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Tuesday; moderate northwest wind, becoming light.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,276. NEW YORK, MONDAY, JANUARY 20, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

RAILROAD DEFICIT POINTS TO NEW RISE IN FREIGHT RATES

Revenue Under Government Operation May Be $250,000,000 Short This Year.

M'ADOO ESTIMATE TOO LOW

Prospect That Wage Increases Will Total Not Less Than $900,000,000.

EARNINGS STEADILY DROP

With the "Revolving Fund" Nearly Gone, Hines Weighs Five Plans to Meet Situation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The cost of Federal operation of the railroads, mainly as a result of higher wages, has reached the point, it was learned tonight, where it may be necessary for the new Director General of Railroads, Walker D. Hines, to seek a further rise in freight rates to meet the great increase.

Serious consideration is now being given to the question of a further advance as a result of facts developed at conferences held last week between Mr. Hines and his staff of Regional Directors. Preliminary estimates before the Director General indicate that the deficit for 1919 may not be less than $250,000,000, and if there is such a deficit it will be even larger than that which resulted from Federal operation of the railroads in 1918.

Wage increases have run into millions of dollars above former Director General McAdoo's original estimates, and there is every indication that the total of these increases will be not less than $900,000,000. If the four railway brotherhoods obtain another revision of wages, which will in their rates of pay the aggregate cost of wage increases will be around $1,000,000,000 by the end of 1919.

$250,000,000 Deficit Feared.

The operation of the railroads by the Government is declared to have reached the point, with operating expenses mounting so rapidly on the revenue increases developed by advances in freight and passenger rates in 1918, that those in charge of Federal operation of the railroads have abandoned hope of earning any surplus in 1919.

The 1918 advance of 25 per cent. in freight rates went into effect at the end of June, after which railway net operating revenue fell off from month to month as follows: July, $137,000,000; August, $127,000,000; September, $90,000,000, October, $87,000,000; November, $57,000,000. Figures for December, when completed, are expected to show the net operating revenue even lower. The last two months show the full effect of the wage increases that have been made as well as the rate increases, the recent wage advances having been effective in September and October.

The statement was made tonight that the original "revolving fund" of $500,000,000 would be exhausted in a few days and that a new fund would be necessary to enable the Government to finance the operation of the railroads and assist in capital expenditures. On Jan. 3 Mr. McAdoo estimated that the deficit in operation would be $130,000,000 for 1919. This figure was later revised to $250,000,000, and now it is asserted that it will be about $250,000,000.

It was asserted tonight that in the last six months the public, under higher freight and passenger fares, had paid $2,500,000,000 for transportation. This rate, maintained for another six months, would make the cost of transportation something like $5,500,000,000, as compared with $4,000,000,000 paid in 1917 under private ownership and operation. While the volume of traffic hauled was almost equal to what it is now. Unless these figures are proved to be wrong it would appear that the cost of Government operation of the roads to the public will be $1,500,000,000 higher than under private operation.

Cost of Wage Increases.

The big item in increased cost of Federal control has been increased wages. When Mr. McAdoo last Summer raised the freight and passenger rates it was estimated that $500,000,000 would fully cover all wage advances then regarded as necessary to enable the employes to meet the higher cost of living. Just before retiring from the Director Generalship, Mr. McAdoo, when before the Senate Committee two weeks ago, estimated that the wage advances granted by the Government amounted to $650,000,000. In the last week more complete returns are understood to have been laid before Director General Hines in his conferences with the Regional Directors, indicating that the cost of increased wages would be $900,000,000.

The possibility of this increase in the payroll reaching a billion dollars a year was intimated tonight. It is expected as a result of the report which the Wage Board will soon make after hearing and considering the demands that have been made by the trainmen's brotherhoods. The four brotherhoods received an advance of $60,000,000 under the Adamson eight-hour law, and for that reason got very little increase from the general wage increase which the Director General made last year. However, since the making of the large advances by the Director General to the other railway

Continued on Page Five.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Foil Royalist Plot of Austrian Cadets

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Co.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Jan. 18.—The Wiener Journal reports that a monarchist conspiracy has been discovered among the cadets of the military academy at Breitensee, near Vienna.

The cadets assembled with their instructors and took a solemn oath in front of the monument of old Emperor Francis Joseph in the courtyard of the academy to restore the monarchy of the Hapsburgs.

By order of the Soldiers' Council a battalion of the Civil Guard surrounded the military school and seized 400 rifles, machine guns, and flame throwers, and 30,000 rounds of ammunition.

RADIO TO STARS, MARCONI'S HOPE

Inventor Says Waves of Ether Are Eternal and Can Reach Other Planets.

GETS STRANGE SIGNALS NOW

These, He Declares, Might Conceivably Have Proceeded from Other Worlds.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The Daily Chronicle publishes an interview which Harold Begbie had with William Marconi, in the course of which the latter discussed the possibility of communicating by wireless with the stars.

Mr. Begbie asked him if he thought that waves of ether were eternal. Mr. Marconi replied:

"Yes, I do. Messages that I sent off ten years ago have not yet reached some of the nearest stars. When they arrive there why should they stop? It is like an attempt to express one-third as a decimal fraction; you can go on forever without coming to any sign of an end. That is what makes me hope for a very big thing in the future."

"What is that?" asked Mr. Begbie.

"Communication with intelligences on other stars," answered Mr. Marconi. "It may some day be possible, and as many of the planets are much older than ours the beings who live there ought to have information for us of enormous value.

"It is silly to say that other planets are uninhabited because they have no atmosphere or are so hot or are so different from the earth. If there were no fish in the sea we should say life there is impossible, and so it is impossible for man."

The interviewer agreed, but objected that the language difficulty seemed to present an obstacle impossible to surmount.

"Well, it is an obstacle," Mr. Marconi replied, "but I don't think it is insurmountable. You see, one might get through some such message as 2 plus 2 equals 4, and go on repeating it until an answer came back signifying "Yes," which would be one word. Mathematics must be the same throughout the physical universe. By sticking to mathematics over a number of years one might come to speech. It is certainly possible."

The writer adds that Mr. Marconi stopped speaking for a moment, and then, as if the matter was something so uncertain that he did not feel it worthy of more than passing mention, said he had often received strong signals out of the ether which seemed to come from some place outside the earth and which might conceivably have proceeded from the stars.

FRENCH AVIATOR FIRST TO LAND UPON A ROOF

Jules Vedrines Alights in Area 75 by 52 Feet with Little Damage to Plane.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—Jules Vedrines won a prize of 25,000 francs today for being the first airman to land upon the roof of a house on a flight.

Vedrines left Issy les Moulineaux at 1:20 o'clock this afternoon, notwithstanding a thick fog, with the purpose of attempting a landing on the roof of the Galleries Lafayette, a large department store near the St. Lazare Station. The roof, which is wide and long, and without obstructions on it, has previously been proposed for use as an aerial station in Paris.

Vedrines flew over the boulevards and slowed down as he passed over a bank building, opposite his destination. Here the aviator shut off the power of his engines and skimmed the parapet surrounding the roof by only a few inches. The landing was a spectacular one, and, although the machine was slightly damaged, Vedrines was uninjured. When the machine came to a standstill Vedrines waved his arms to a spectator on the bank roof, yelling, "There you are."

The roof is fifty-two feet wide and about seventy-five feet long. The width of the airplane used by Vedrines is thirty-six feet.

After the flight and the successful landing Vedrines said he never had the slightest doubt about its success. He added that he intended to fly around the world.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-O-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

SERIOUS RIOTING REPORTED TO MARK GERMAN ELECTIONS

General Strike Said to Have Been Declared at Leipsic by Reds.

BERLIN STRONGLY GUARDED

New Election Planned in Event of Any Polling Places Being Forced to Close.

REDS ACTIVE IN PROVINCES

But Bourgeois Leaders Generally Are Confident of Obtaining a Safe Majority.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Grave election riots are taking place today in Germany, where the people are voting to choose members of the National Assembly, according to Copenhagen advices to the Exchange Telegraph Company, which say a general strike has been declared at Leipsic, which is without gas and water.

The deaths of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg appear to have made a deep impression in provincial towns and led to demonstrations and street fighting, it is reported.

At Leipsic a mob is said to have destroyed the election bureau of the Democratic party, and to have confiscated the evening editions of the Leipsic Tageblatt, Zeitung and General Gazette, compelling those papers to publish a declaration deploring the "murders in Berlin" and blaming the Government for them. Strikes and demonstrations are reported in Duesseldorf and other towns.

Airmen were flying over Berlin today and bombarding the city with pamphlets issued by all the political parties, it is reported.

An Associated Press dispatch from Berlin dated yesterday says:

Majority Socialists' Advantage.

"The election campaign has been worked out in an energetic manner, measured by German standards. The majority Socialists have a certain advantage in their monopoly of all public buildings, railway stations, and the like for election posters. They are even having their election literature printed in the Government printing office and distributed by Government officials, soldiers in automobiles, and even by airplanes.

"The Independents' ticket in Berlin is headed by Herr Eichhorn, former Chief of Police, who recently fled the city and for whom the police still are vainly searching.

"The bourgeois leaders generally are confident that they will obtain a safe majority. The votes of the women are expected especially to strengthen the Christian People's Party, as the Clerical Party is now known.

"Although a state of siege has not been formally declared, a situation amounting virtually to a state of siege exists in Berlin. The Government has taken all military measures needful to protect the voters and safeguard the elections.

"If any of the 800 polling places in Berlin are compelled to close as a result of interference it is planned to repeat the election eight days hence under reinforced military protection. As the system of proportional election has been adopted, the counting of the ballots will occupy nearly a week.

"Alsace-Lorraine will not participate, but elections in German territory in Posen now occupied by Poles will be held, if necessary under the protection of troops.

"The Spartacans continue to show their heads outside the capital. The radicals have seized all the bourgeois papers in Düsseldorf and wrecked the central bureaus of the Clerical and Democratic Parties and burned their campaign literature. The Soldiers' and Workmen's Council of Düsseldorf ordered the closing of the schools and theatres today as a symbol of mourning for Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. It also has announced that it will support a general strike.

"Disturbances have occurred at Breslau and at Blankenburg, in the Hartz Mountains, and also at Allenstein, in East Prussia, where campaign meetings resulted in scenes of rioting.

"Gustav Noske, head of the Government police, calling attention to a previous order forbidding street gatherings, has issued a new order reminding the troops of their duty in the protection of citizens.

"No soldier can be excused of failure to perform his duty if he has not in the cases herein specified made timely and adequate use of his weapons to attain the purposes set forth," says a paragraph of the new order.

"It will be recalled that an order

Continued on Page Three.

TEA CLUB DE VINGT, 44 East 55th Street. SUPPER DANCES Monday, Wednesday, Friday Evenings, 10:30. Open to Public, as well as Club Members. Tea Dansants, Every Afternoon, 4 to 7.—Advt.

Italians Want Church Bells Made from Austrian Cannon

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Jan. 19.—The Pontiff has sent his Apostolic blessing, with words of encouragement and praise, to members of the Society for the Reconstruction of churches in the devastated districts of Italy. High prelates and noble ladies have undertaken to collect money for priestly vestments, altar pieces, &c., with a view to re-establishing as soon as possible the Catholic cult in those provinces.

Many persons suggest that the military authorities should give a number of Austrian cannon captured by the Italians to make church bells, the old ones having been taken away by the enemy.

TRY TO SOW DISCORD IN ALLIED ARMIES

Insidious Propaganda Used by Germans to Divide French and Americans.

DIRECTED FROM BERLIN

Rentzau and Ahrens Busy There Making Mischief in the Occupied Area.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 18.—German propaganda, skillfully and subtly conducted, is trying to fan toward flame little sparks of differences between the French and American soldiers in occupied Germany.

One may well ask if it can be true that during the kaleidescopic changes in the German Government the old propaganda machine has kept going in the same old way. One may well ask if it can be true that the German propagandists are working every day among the allied soldiers in occupied Germany. The answer is that both these things are true.

The German plan today is to drive a wedge between the French and Americans. There is not the slightest doubt that there is a well-organized campaign for this end.

The aim is not only to affect the decisions of the Peace Conference, but also as a bigger aim to drive a permanent wedge between the two nations.

If one seeks the reason for this he may turn to Marshal Foch's question asked of the American war correspondents this week as to who could say that in a few years Germany would not try to crush France again. The Marshal remarked that America was far away.

Fussing at Each Other.

Except by the influence of this continued German propaganda it would be very difficult to explain just why soldiers who for six months fought side by side are now fussing at one another.

Neither poilu nor doughboy seems able to tell just why he gets so easily annoyed at the other. The poilu seems unable to tell just why often he does not resist the temptation to ask an American, now that the war is over, why he does not go home. And the doughboy does not take the trouble to analyze the reason why he now sometimes speaks harshly of the poilu whom he admired so much in fighting days.

These differences would grow mostly between doughboys and poilus who understood each other's conversation, and this is not true of the majority of either army. And these little things do not explain why Americans and Frenchmen should be in such a frame of mind toward one another.

The Germans are trying to put more than three thousand miles of ocean between France and America. They are trying to make the American soldiers anti-French propagandists when they get home, so that if war ever started again between France and Germany, America would not jump to the aid of her present ally.

To those in America who would call this a far-fetched dream, it may be set forth that examination of the letters home of American soldiers has caused very serious concern.

During the war Dr. Rentzau of Berlin was stationed in Copenhagen, and from there conducted a propaganda campaign. Dr. Rentzau today has an office in Wilhelmstrasse. Propaganda work is still his task.

There are many in America who will remember a suave gentleman named Dr. Ahrens. The former Chief of the Secret Service, Flynn, remembers him. He was Bernstorff's right-hand man in a lot of propaganda work. I last saw him in New London, where he received from Captain Koenig some secret documents which

Continued on Page Four.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

PEACE LEAGUE PLAN ASSUMING FORM; SUPREME COUNCIL TO TAKE UP RUSSIA; SHOW EX-KAISER ORDERED ATROCITIES

CONFERENCE RULES ARE OUT

Publicity by Communique Provided For by the Regulations.

RUSSIA'S STATUS IN DOUBT

Left for Later Determination—Neutrals and Oppressed Nations to be Heard.

PRECEDENCE AT THE TABLE

Determined by Alphabetical Order in French, Which Puts America First.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—Following are the Peace Conference regulations, which were made public officially today:

Section I.

The conference assembled to fix the conditions of peace, first in the preliminaries of peace and then in the definite treaty of peace, shall include the representatives of the belligerent allies and associated powers.

The belligerent powers with general interests—the United States of America, the British Empire, France, Italy, and Japan—shall take part in all meetings and commissions.

The belligerent powers with particular interests—Belgium, Brazil, the British Dominions, and India, China, Cuba, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Hedjaz, Honduras, Liberia, Nicaragua, Panama, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia, Siam, and the Czechoslovak Republic—shall take part in the sittings at which questions concerning them are discussed.

The powers in a state of diplomatic rupture with the enemy powers—Bolivia, Ecuador, Peru, and Uruguay—shall take part in the sittings at which questions concerning them are discussed.

The neutral powers and States in process of formation may be heard either orally or in writing when summoned by the powers with general interests at sittings devoted especially to the examination of questions directly concerning them, but only so far as these questions are concerned.

Section II.

The powers shall be represented by Plenipotentiary Delegates to the number of: Five for the United States of America, the British Empire, France, Italy, and Japan; three for Belgium, Brazil, and Serbia; two for China, Greece, the King of Hedjaz, Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Siam, and the Czechoslovak Republic; one for Cuba, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Liberia, Nicaragua, and Panama; one for Bolivia, Ecuador, Peru, and Uruguay.

The British Dominions and India shall be represented as follows: Two delegates each for Australia, Canada, South Africa and India, including the native States, one delegate for New Zealand.

Although the number of delegates must not exceed the figures above mentioned each delegation has the right to avail itself of the panel system. The representation of the Dominions, including Newfoundland, and of India, may be included in the representation of the British Empire by the panel system.

Montenegro shall be represented by one delegate, but the rules concerning the designation of this delegate shall not be fixed until the moment when the political situation of this country shall have been cleared up.

The conditons of the representation of Russia shall be fixed by the conference at the moment when the matters concerning Russia are examined.

Section III.

Each delegation of plenipotentiaries may be accompanied by technical delegates properly accredited and by two stenographers.

The technical delegates may be present at the sittings for the purpose of furnishing information which may be asked of them. They shall be allowed to speak for the purpose of giving any desired explanations.

Section IV.

The delegates take precedence according to the alphabetical order, in French, of the powers.

Section V.

The conference will be declared open by the President of the French Republic. The President of the Council of French Ministers will be invested temporarily with the Chairmanship immediately after this.

M. Clemenceau has since been elected permanent Chairman of the Conference. A committee composed of one plenipotentiary of each of the great allied and associated powers shall proceed at once to the authentication of the credentials of all the members present.

Section VI.

In the course of the first meeting the Conference will proceed to appoint a permanent President and four Vice Presidents chosen from the plenipoten-

Continued on Page Two.

McKESSON & ROBBINS
Manufacturing Chemists
Recommend CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

Peace League Plans Reject "Super-Sovereignty"; Avoids the Disarmament Issue Now

PARIS, Jan. 19, (Associated Press.)—The plans for a League of Nations have been reduced to very definite form. The general indications are that the statesmen of the principal nations are steadily drawing together on a structure which will have the support of all, the informal discussions having brought the community of ideas to a point where it may reasonably be expected to appear soon on paper.

It is understood that the general plan which is now most approved in substance by all the parties concerned rejects the theory of the super-sovereignty of an international police force. It also contemplates the working out, as the development of the league progresses, of the most delicate question of all—disarmament—which particularly affects the British Navy. The same principle, it is proposed, shall apply to the other nations associated in the war against Germany.

This idea is founded on the argument that no nation would dispose of instruments by which it expects to defend itself until it has been demonstrated that the forces proposed as a substitute will be efficient.

In the opinion of international lawyers such decisions will remove from actual settlement by the Peace Conference, at this sitting at least, many questions on which complete agreement might not be expected now, but upon which full accord seems probable as the development of the plans for a League of Nations advances.

Such a plan will delegate to various commissions and committees detailed problems which shall be reported with recommendations to the league itself. The probability of such a plan being adopted justifies previous forecasts that the principal accomplishments of the Peace Conference, as it now sits in Paris, will be agreement on broad general principles, leaving the details to be applied in accord therewith, and the making of a preliminary peace which will return the world at the earliest moment possible to its normal status.

POLISH CABINET TO SUMMON DIET

Paderewski Completes Coalition Government and Will Call Parliament for Feb. 9.

ARMY INCREASE ORDERED

Whole United Nation Settling Down—Premier Would Erect Monument to Col. House.

WARSAW, Jan. 19, (Associated Press.)—The full Coalition Ministry formed by M. Paderewski is composed as follows:

Premier and Foreign Minister—M. PADEREWSKI.
Minister of the Interior—M. WOJCIECHOWSKI.
Minister of Commerce—M. HONCIA.
Minister of Finance—M. ENGLICH.
Minister of Public Health—M. JANISSEEWSKI.
Minister of Communications—M. EBERHARDT.
Minister of Posts and Telegraphs—M. LINDQ.
Minister of Agriculture—M. JANICKI
Minister of Arts—M. PRZESMYCKI.
Minister of Labor—M. IVONOVSKI.
Minister of Food—M. MINKIEWICZ
Minister of Justice—M. SUINSKI.
Minister of Public Works—M. PRUCHNIK.

The three last named were members of the Government of Premier Moraczewski. The new Government has decided to summon the constituent Diet Feb. 9. The Government's first decree has been to order the obligatory recruitment of men of the class of 1898.

United Poland appears today a new country, with every mind turned to the future and trying to forget the past. It is as if the people had come out of a nightmare. Now their faces are smiling and the business men are beginning to make plans for the boom they are sure is ahead. They realize that Poland has had the priceless boon of liberty handed to her by the allied victory, and that they will soon be able to enjoy the benefits of it, despite the many difficulties yet to be faced this Winter.

One of the most significant facts is that the prices of commodities in the markets and stores are beginning to drop, just as they did in Prague last November with the inauguration of the Czechoslovak Government. Subscriptions to the new loan amounted to 7,000,000 marks the first day of the canvass and are mounting hourly.

Even those parties which have not been entirely cemented by the efforts of M. Paderewski, Premier and Foreign Minister in the new Coalition Cabinet, who has appealed to his countrymen to be Poles first and party men afterward, are now forgetting their old differences. As an instance, the conservative parties of the three Polands met today and agreed to pull together in the future. The Socialist parties, which united their differences in order to fight M. Paderewski, are now divided, with some sections declaring for the Paderewski Government.

Regarding Colonel Edward M. House, whom he knows well, M. Paderewski said at a public meeting:

"A monument should be built in every Polish town and village to Colonel House."

M. Paderewski is sending notice today of the formation of the new Ministry to the Allies and to the State Department at Washington.

In view of the unsettled political conditions here the public in general give especial credit to M. Paderewski for his personal victory in overcoming old feuds. It is worthy of record that the fact that he is an artist passed unnoted, it occurring to no one to oppose him on that ground with the argument that he therefore was unfitted for a statesman's job. He is known in Poland more as a patriot than as a man who became wealthy abroad through his individual efforts. He and his wife are much beloved for their kindly characters and their charities since their arrival here.

Both M. Paderewski and his wife have worked night and day, traveling, seeing callers and delegations and attending public functions. It was a common sight for the correspondent to see him in the early hours of the morning before he had gone to bed. Then, after sleeping a few hours, he was up again, seeing politicians and begging them for the love of Poland to help him.

His greatest task was to handle General Joseph Pilsudski, the military head of the country, who wished to permit M. Paderewski to form a new Ministry, but was afraid of precipitating a civil war because of the threats of the Socialists.

VENUS PENCILS.
No work VENUS PENCILS cannot do.—Advt.

FIX ATROCITIES ON EX-KAISER

Jurists Report to Clemenceau He Must Be Punished for Ordering Terrorism.

QUOTE LETTER HE WROTE

"Throats of Men, Women, Children, and Aged Must Be Cut," to Hasten Victory.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—Some points in the report to which Premier Clemenceau referred yesterday when he said he had consulted two eminent jurists on the penal responsibility of the former German Emperor were made public today. The report was drawn up by Ferdinand Larnaude, Dean of the Paris Law Faculty, and Dr. A. G. de Lapradelle, Professor of Rights of Nations in the same Faculty.

The object of the inquiry was to investigate from a purely juridical point of view if the crimes committed by the German Government and army involved the penal responsibility of the former German Emperor, what tribunal should judge him and whether his extradition could be demanded.

Technically an Accomplice.

The authors of the report give a long argument against the bringing of the Ex-Emperor before a tribunal of common law, because his will commanded, but his hand did not execute. They say that he was not the principal offender, and that therefore he could only be punished as an accomplice.

An international tribunal consequently must be found. They consider The Hague arbitration court, founded at the 1899 conference, incompetent to try the Emperor, as the court was meant for cases where no penalty was to be applied. They argue that an entirely new jurisdiction must be created, which should be the first instrument of a League of Nations and in which should appear exclusively the States which fought Germany.

The authors of the report begin by establishing that no penalty is possible against a nation, any more than against a company, but that the manager or director of a company can be punished.

"The Emperor, in the first place," says the report, "as King of Prussia, is President of the confederation, by virtue of a special law in which human will does not enter. The German sovereign depends only on God and the sword. With such a conception of power it would be unjuridical to the highest degree to allow the Emperor to escape responsibility for his action—the decision belonged to him alone—its responsibility for violation of Belgian neutrality, which was willed by him, responsibility for acts of terrorism by his troops, which he willed and ordered."

The report quotes a letter from the ex-Emperor to the Emperor of Austria in the early days of the war, in which the German Emperor wrote:

"My soul is torn asunder, but everything must be put to fire and blood. The throats of men and women, children and the aged, must be cut, and not a tree nor a house left standing.

"With such methods of terror, which alone can strike so degenerate a people as the French, the war will finish before two months, while, if I use humanitarian methods, it may prolong for years. Despite all my repugnance, I have had to choose the first system."

The words "I" and "My" in the letter are italicized in the report.

"Modern law," the report continues, "does not recognize irresponsible authorities, even at the summit of hierarchy. It brings a State down from its pedestal and makes it submit to the rule of the Judge.

"There can, therefore, be no question of saving from the Judge a man who is at the summit of hierarchy, either by the application of internal law or of international law."

His Health Greatly Improved.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Jan. 19, (Associated Press.)—William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, is greatly improved in health. He is able to walk in the castle grounds in the morning and afternoon. In the evening he enjoys a parlor concert in the castle, where three members of his suite perform on the piano, harp, and violoncello.

Apparently his only distraction is the week-end official visit from the secretary of the Dutch Premier and the Governor of Utrecht, Count Lydnen Van Sandenburg, who are charged with surveillance over the former monarch.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.—Health in the Pines! 50 miles from New York. Write Township Committee.—Advt.

OUR LEAGUE PLAN READY

Details May Be Presented to the Supreme Council Today.

CONFERENCE WITH WILSON

Bourgeois, Smuts, and Cecil Lay Before Him Ideas of Society of Nations.

POST OF HONOR FOR LANSING

He Will Preside as Alternate for Clemenceau, Leaving Wilson Free Action.

PARIS, Jan. 19, (Associated Press.)—Pending the call for the next plenary session of the Peace Conference, which has been adjourned without date, the Supreme Council will meet tomorrow to continue work on the program, and, in the execution of the promise of M. Clemenceau that the question of a League of Nations would take first place, it will endeavor to weld together some of the projects which have been under separate consideration by different delegations. If it is impossible to reduce them to one plan, it is expected that they will be classified and put into compact form for consideration by the conference as early as possible.

The American delegation will take the initiative in this work, and tomorrow will lay what may be called the American plan before the council, if the council is ready to take it up.

Callers at the Paris White House today were Senator Léon Bourgeois, the League of Nations specialists on the French Peace Delegation; Lord Robert Cecil, who occupies a similar post for the British, and General Jan Christian Smuts, the South African leader, who also has a plan for a Society of Nations.

President Wilson thus had an opportunity to discuss the French and British points of view on this question and to get further ahead with the work of reconciling the different projects with his own ideas.

Conference Working Smoothly.

The machinery prepared for the first session of the conference Saturday functioned so perfectly and smoothly that few persons unacquainted with secretarial methods in conducting such international gatherings realized just what was being done and what had been accomplished when M. Clemenceau, permanent Chairman of the conference, abruptly announced the adjournment of the session.

In fact, the conference not only effected its organization, but it actually embarked upon the execution of a most ambitious program in the adoption of what officially is designated as the "agenda," which in plain English means "order of business."

Some of the delegates themselves expressed surprise at the precedence given in the program to such subjects as responsibility for the war, and particularly at the prominence given international labor problems, while such important subjects as the League of Nations and freedom of the seas did not appear on the agenda.

It was pointed out today that the absence of these subjects from the program was not due either to oversight or a desire to delay their consideration and that no delay would result. Topics on the order of business have been almost automatically referred to various delegations, which will report on them as soon as they are ready.

Meantime the Peace Conference itself may concentrate its attention on other questions, especially the League of Nations, which M. Clemenceau in his address said would be first in order.

The method thus adopted is expected to advance rather than to delay action on the most important questions.

Big Powers Only in All Sittings.

The nations composing the Supreme Council, according to the regulations, are to take part in all the sittings, while the other nations are to be represented only when questions in which they are especially interested are discussed.

The conference has solved the delicate question of etiquette in selecting four Vice Presidents, who are to preside in turn in the absence of M. Clemenceau. Secretary Lansing has been chosen to act in this capacity for the American delegation, which will leave

President Wilson free to come and go at will on the floor of the conference, and, it was said today, even to depart for the United States without sacrificing any advantage to America.

The machinery of the Peace Conference set in motion formally on the anniversary of the Treaty of Paris called forth from the Paris newspapers articles contrasting the military character of the Prussian victory with the democracy displayed yesterday without formality or military pomp.

President Poincaré's phrase, "You hold in your hands the future of the world," is seen to captivate all the French journals, which printed it in large headlines, while President Wilson is seen to occupy the most important rôle.

In the effusive descriptions of the session President Poincaré's tribute to the part played by the United States in the war receives much display. The Matin subheaded its article "To save civilization."

Clemenceau Presides Today.

When the delegates of the five great powers meet tomorrow in Stephen Pichon's office the Foreign Minister will transfer the presidency which he has hitherto exercised at these meetings to Premier Clemenceau. This meeting will occupy the whole day, being interrupted only by a luncheon given by the Senate in honor of President Wilson.

The subject of the discussion at the meeting will be an examination of the situation in Russia.

Tomorrow's session at the Foreign Office will be attended by the full Japanese delegation, Baron Nobuaki Makino, chief of the Japanese mission, having arrived in Paris yesterday evening with representatives of the Japanese Army and Navy, secretaries, and Commercial Commissioners. The Baron made an official call this morning on Premier Clemenceau and Foreign Minister Pichon.

President Wilson remained at home in the Murat mansion this morning. He spent the forenoon resting or working in his study.

CHINESE SUSPECT MALICE.

Resent Rumors That Japan Will Act for Them at Peace Parley.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Jan. 19.—The Chinese are astonished at reports emanating from Paris and America that China will be represented at the Peace Conference by Japan. The republic will have its own delegation, and the reports are regarded here as a malevolent attempt to injure China's cause.

The Chinese keenly resent any suggestion that Japan will represent their interests at the conference.

MARSEILLES, Jan. 19.—The program which China will defend at the Paris Peace Conference is outlined in an article published in the Echo de Chine. This program is of great importance for the future of the Chinese Republic.

The principal question relates to the repossession of the territory of Kiao-Chau and Tsing-tao, the lease of Wei-hai-wei, the Chinese Eastern Railway, the revision of custom taxes and tariffs, the opening of Mongolia and Tibet to commerce, the restoration to China of the legal power formerly exercised by foreign Consuls, and many other points concerning the integrity and sovereignty of China.

CHERIF TO SPEAK FOR TURKS.

Liberals Assembled in Geneva Give Him Full Powers in Paris.

GENEVA, Jan. 19, (French Wireless Press.)—The congress of Turkish liberals assembled in this city has delegated Cherif Pasha to attend the Paris Peace Conference and has given him full powers to act. He has been instructed to present the rights and claims of the Turkish people, and also to take up the question of food for Turkey.

At the opening of the Turkish congress telegrams were dispatched to President Wilson and Premiers Clemenceau, Lloyd George, and Orlando.

SUPPORT PUBLICITY DEMAND.

Socialist Journalists of France Meet with Americans and British.

PARIS, Jan. 10, (Associated Press.)—Representatives of the American and British press today in the Chamber of Deputies met representatives of the syndicate of "The French Democratic Press," which is composed mostly of Socialist and other opposition newspapers. The French newspaper men thanked the American journalists for their attitude on the question of publicity for the proceedings of the Peace Conference, and declared that the regulations of the conference as published were unacceptable to them.

The French journalists also said they favored complete abolition of the censorship for France, as well as for the United States and Great Britain, and freedom to confer with the delegates to the Peace Conference, and also that they desired open sessions of the conference and the admission of at least one representative for each newspaper.

An effort will be made to call a fuller conference of the representatives of the press of all nations. The Socialist newspaper men today disavowed the expressions of other French journalists against open sessions of the conference. They said they were not present at the previous conference of the journalists, because they had not been invited or informed that such a meeting was to be held.

PRINCE OF HEDJAZ IN PARIS.

Feisal Wants an Arab Federation Under American Protection.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—Prince Feisal, a son of the King of the Hedjaz in Arabia, is in Paris awaiting instructions from his father concerning the appointment of two delegates to represent the kingdom at the Peace Conference. Colonel Lawrence, who accompanies the young Prince as aid, expects that Feisal himself will be chosen as the first delegate of the Kingdom of the Hedjaz in order to give greater weight to the important propositions to be submitted to the Conference.

This proposal will consist of the formation of a great federation of all the Arab States from the Red Sea to the Persian Gulf, free from any Turkish domination and under the protection of the United States.

"The Arabs of this most ancient race," said Prince Feisal, using Colonel Lawrence as interpreter, "desire to become the youngest independent State in Asia, and they appeal to America as the most powerful protector of the freedom of man."

SIMPLICITY THE NOTE AS CONGRESS OPENED

Sombre Costumes and Absence of Applause Gave It an Air of Solemnity.

ONE LAUGH OF THE DAY

It Came When Interpreter Misunderstood Lloyd George's "Grand Young Man of France."

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Wireless and Cable Dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The greatest deliberative conclave the world has ever known was inaugurated this afternoon in the Foreign Office at the Quai d'Orsay. There were more crown-wearing monarchs and greater pomp of ceremony at the Congress of Vienna more than a hundred years ago—two Presidents of republics in the plain black of modern conventional dress were the only chiefs of State at today's gathering—but never before has there been such an assemblage of great minds or interests and nationalities so widely varied.

The impressiveness of the whole affair—this first meting of the inter-allied Peace Conference—lay more in the democratic simplicity there than in any picturesque aspects that appealed to one's imagination.

The so-called Clock Chamber, where the formal opening of the Peace Conference took place, is a long room, with a high ceiling, decorated with that French regard to mixture of gold and warm coloring which is not unknown in the public buildings of America of a few decades ago. A great table had been aranged along three sides of the room, its lower end open to afford a passageway for those delegates whose seats were on the inside. In the window embrasures, through which the waning afternoon sun shed a feeble light, were desks for the secretaries of the conference, while in similar embrasures on the opposite side of the chamber, giving entrance to a large anteroom, sat a limited number of press representatives, admitted for this occasion by grace of the conferees, who had declined to be influenced by the request of the American, British, and Italian newspaper representatives that they be admitted to all sessions of the great peace gathering.

Behind this limited representation of the press, seated in the embrasures, stood several hundred others of the foreign journalistic contingent who had been sent to Paris to report the proceedings of the world's most important and influential statesmen.

Until a few minutes before the time set for the opening of the session the press delegation and a few conference officials were the only persons present in the cloakroom and adjoining apartment. Then the delegates began arriving rapidly, and the conference came to order promptly.

White and Bliss Early Arrivals.

Among the very first to arrive were Henry White, the American Commissioner, and André Tardieu, the delegate of France, who is Minister of Franco-American Affairs in the French Cabinet. Immediately after came General Bliss, the military member of the American delegation, whose khaki uniform, simple as it was, stood out strikingly among the frock-coated statesmen. This absence of military uniform and all military suggestion was, for such an occasion of great ceremony, one of the striking features of the whole affair. Admiral Benson, wearing the blue service uniform of the United States Navy, led a group of American spectators, including Edward N. Hurley and Herbert C. Hoover.

Then President Wilson came, and began a hand-shaking progress along one side of the room to his place at the top of the table. The greetings exchanged between Wilson and Clemenceau were particularly cordial.

In the minute or two that the general greetings were taking place I was reminded strongly of the opening day of the session in the Senate in Washington, when old acquaintances are renewed and new acquaintances are made.

But the setting was more like that of the spacious East Room of the White House than that of the Senate Chamber. The Clock Room reminded me strikingly of that dignified Presidential chamber, although its decorations are more ornate and full of color than those of the eighteenth century American simplicity which characterize the White House as restored to its original design under the inspiration of President and Mrs. Roosevelt.

Once the delegates were seated, the proceedings began. It was just 3 o'clock when President Poincaré from the centre of the top table read his formal address of welcome. Next to him on the right was President Wilson and three members of the American Commission. Colonel House being absent on account of illness. To the left of M. Poincaré were the British delegates, with one notable exception, for Premier Lloyd George did not arrive until fifteen minutes after M. Poincaré had begun his speech.

The French delegation, with the grizzled Clemenceau at its head, was next to the American along the right side of the table, and then came the Italians, with the Belgians and Brazilians. Along the side below the British were the representatives of Canada, Australia, South Africa, and New Zealand, and then those of Japan and Bolivia. All these had places on the outer sides of the table.

The interior was occupied by the representatives of the smaller nationalities, an impressive array of many races from many parts of the world—Uruguay, Czechoslovakia, Portugal, Peru, Haiti, Greece, Cuba, Panama, Guatemala, Poland, Liberia, and Ecuador. China was represented among these last. It was brought forcibly to one's mind how universal had been the uprising against the menace of German militaristic autocracy.

Touches of Oriental Color.

Here and there a touch of color stood out among that mass of frockcoats. The two representatives of the Arab kingdom of Hedjaz, with their turbans and flowing robes, and the Maharajah of Bikanir in a British General's uniform, topped by a native headdress, were conspicuously picturesque.

All remained standing during the delivery of M. Poincaré's address. He spoke in French with occasional impressiveness. Not once was he interrupted by applause. The whole proceeding had a solemnity suggesting a religious ceremony. The feeling seemed to prevail among the entire audience that it would be out of keeping with the occasion to indulge in any demonstration. This silence and reserve made the first meeting of the Peace Conference assume the strangest aspect ever seen in any of the great public ceremonials that I had attended.

With all the delegates seated, the English translation of M. Poincaré's remarks was read. Then he withdrew, making the round of the great table and shaking hands with each delegate. While those within heard the sound of the salute as the President of the republic drove away, they saw Clemenceau, the Tiger of France, take his place at the head of the council board. He recognized Wilson, who in clear, measured tones nominated Clemenceau for permanent President, paying a high tribute to him as a statesman and a man.

The President appeared thoroughly at ease and spoke with clearness and distinction, although with no attempt at dramatic effect. It seemed strange to see him there addressing that momentous gathering, and the strangeness increased when the interpreter read the French translation of his words. However highly the French statesmen and spectators present appreciated his graceful references to their Premier, they followed the rule, that seemed to have been adopted by a telephathic understanding, of refraining from demonstrations of approval.

Premier Lloyd George seconded the President's motion that Clemenceau be elected presiding officer, referring to the latter as the "most vigorous, youthful, and forceful figure of all the many conferences I have attended."

First Laugh of the Congress.

While Captain Mantaux, one of the official interpreters, was putting the British Premier's remarks into French, he made a slip which provoked the first laugh of the conference. Parenthetically it may be mentioned that Captain Mantaux, who before the war was French professor at St. Paul's, a famous London school, speaks English without the trace of an accent, and his gift of memory, which enables him to reproduce from a few rough notes not merely the spirit, but practically the text of the discourses he has to put into French or English, as the case may be, is remarkable.

Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister, spoke briefly in favor of the election of Clemenceau, which was then carried unanimously by a show of hands.

M. Clemenceau acknowledged the tribute paid him, emphasizing in the course of his remarks these points: That the conference was gathered together to build a new order; that the greater the crimes and devastation that had been committed in the war, the greater must be the reparation. The nucleus for a League of Nations, he said, was already at hand in the nations represented there, whose common ideal was to make a better and freer humanity. "We came here as friends; we must leave as brothers," he said. "Let us try to work well and work quickly."

Rising again after the close of his formal speech, M. Clemenceau called on the delegates to present papers dealing with the special interests of their respective nations, and announced that at the suggestion of Premier Lloyd George one of the early duties of the conference would be to determine the responsibility for the war and the special responsibility which attached to the ex-Kaiser. In adjourning the day's session he then announced that the League of Nations would be set at the head of the agenda of the next plenary sitting.

It was exactly 4:30 when the conference rose, bringing to an end one of the most impressive, as it was one of the most important, ceremonials in the history of mankind; yet the impressiveness in a way is difficult to define, for it was unattended by any striking or dramatic features which might have been expected and probably were expected by the many fortunate enough to attend it.

Lloyd George Knows His French.

PARIS, Jan. 18, (Associated Press.)—The cosmopolitan character of the gathering at the peace table today was no less striking than its atmosphere of democracy. There were Emirs from Arabia, Maharajahs from India, representatives of China and Siam, and mingled with them were men from South Africa and Australia and every quarter of the Old and New Worlds.

Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain demonstrated his understanding of the French language during the session. In his address seconding President Wilson's speech nominating Premier Clemenceau as President of the Congress, Mr. Lloyd George referred to the French statesman as "the grand young man of France." Inside the horseshoe sat Captain Mantoux, interpreter. When he read a French translation of Lloyd George's address he construed the phrase as "the grand old man of France." The British Premier at once protested against the translation, which was changed amid the laughter of the delegates.

WILSON'S WORD TO SWISS.

Says He Is Proud to Represent the Cause of Justice for Them.

BERNE, Jan. 19.—President Wilson has sent from Paris a telegram to the Swiss President thanking the latter for the message which Mr. Wilson received on returning to Paris from Italy. Mr. Wilson says the confidence placed by Switzerland in the sister republic beyond the ocean is particularly pleasing, and adds:

"You can feel sure I shall always be proud to represent the cause of justice for Switzerland in every possible way."

CONFERENCE RULES ARE OUT

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

tiaries of the great powers in alphabetical order.

Section VII.

A secretariat, appointed from outside the plenipotentiaries, composed of one representative of the United States of America, one of the British Empire, one of France, one of Italy, and one of Japan, will be submitted to the approval of the Conference by the President, who will be the controlling authority responsible for its operations.

This secretariat will be intrusted with the care of drafting the protocols of the meeting, of classifying the archives, of providing for the administration and organisation of the Conference and generally of insuring the regular and punctual working of the service intrusted to it. The head of the secretariat shall have charge of and be responsible for the protocols and archives.

The archives will always be open to the members of the conference.

Section VIII.

The publicity of the proceedings shall be insured by official communiqués prepared by the secretariat and made public. In case of disagreement as to the drafting of these communiqués, the matter shall be referred to the principal plenipotentiaries or their representatives.

Section IX.

Reserved.

Section X.

All documents intended for inclusion in the protocols must be handed in in writing by the plenipotentiaries presenting them. No document or proposition may be submitted save by one of the plenipotentiaries or in his name.

Section XI.

Plenipotentiaries wishing to make a proposal not connected with the question on the agenda or not arising from the discussion, shall give notice of the same twenty-four hours in advance, in order to facilitate the discussions. However, exceptions can be made to this rule in the case of amendments or secondary questions, but not in the case of substantive proposals.

Section XII.

Petitions, memoranda, observations or documents forwarded to the conference by any persons other than plenipotentiaries must be received and classified by the secretariat. Such of these communications as are just political will be briefly summarized in a line to be distributed to all the plenipotentiaries. This list will be kept up to date as analagous communications are received. All such documents will be deposited in the archives.

Section XIII.

The discussion of the question to be decided will comprise a first and second reading. The first will consist of the general subject, with the object of obtaining an agreement on matters of importance. Subsequently there will be a second reading for a more detailed examination.

Section XIV.

The plenipotentiaries shall have the right, subject to the agreement with the Conference, to authorize their technical delegates to submit technical explanations on such points as may be deemed lawful.

If the Conference thinks advisable, the technical examinations of any particular question may be intrusted to a committee of technical delegates, whose duty will be to report and suggest solutions.

Section XV.

The protocols drawn up by the secretariat shall be printed and distributed in proof to the delegates in the shortest possible time. To expedite the work by the Conference, the communications thus made in advance shall take the place of the reading of the protocols at the beginning of each meeting. If no alteration is proposed by the plenipotentiaries, the text shall be deemed approved and entered in the archives.

If any alteration is proposed, its text shall be read by the President at the beginning of the following meeting. In any case the protocol must be read out in full at the request of any plenipotentiary.

Section XVI.

A committee shall be formed for drafting the resolutions adopted. This committee shall concern itself only with questions which have been decided. Its solo duty shall be to draw up the text of the decision adopted and to present it for the approval of the Conference.

It shall be composed of five members not forming part of the plenipotentiary delegates and composed of one representative of the United States of America, one of the British Empire, one of France, one of Italy, and one of Japan.

PEACE SESSION STAGED WITH FRENCH DECORUM

No Jarring Note Throughout the Whole Proceedings of the First Day.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—The French have long been recognized as the greatest stage managers in the world, and the stage was set for today's opening session of the Peace Conference with full appreciation of the decorum and dignity that should attend the proceedings out of which, as Clemenceau said, a new order may be evolved. From start to finish there was not a single word—let alone an incident—that fell below the high level on which the conference opened. The beautiful statue of Liberty, which stands at the end of the Salle de l'Horloge in which the conference met, was no more impressive than the atmosphere of high endeavor and determination to reach a peace of justice and safety which pervaded the hall.

Nor, in another sense, was anything more impressive than the manner in which it was announced that the first place on the agenda of the next plenary session had been assigned to the question of the League of Nations, which, as the fundamental ideal determining the direction in which the conference should work, was acquiesced in, even if not vehemently advocated, by Premier Clemenceau.

With the congress sitting in France under a French President, it was not to be wondered at that at today's proceedings emphasis should have been laid on the point of reparation for the devastation done to this country; but there was nothing said or done to suggest that the hopes which are based on the League of Nations are to be relegated to the limbo of unrealizable things.

MORGENTHAU'S WARNING.

Tells Public to Beware of Turkish Propaganda Now.

Turkey was pictured as incapable of reform by Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to that country, in an address before the Free Synagogue yesterday, in which he asserted that the public must beware of the pro-Turkish propaganda, making its sentimental appeal, which is more and more apparent as the day for a solution of the Turkish question in the peace conference draws near.

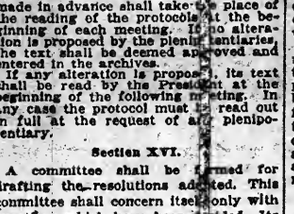
"Does the approaching peace conference intend to repeat history, and to solve the Eastern question in the old fanullar way, or does it really intend to dispose of the Turkish question for good and all?" Mr. Morgenthau asked. "If there were any excuse for the treaties of 1856 and 1878 there is certainly no excuse for any similar treaties now. The fear of Russian aggression has been the mainspring of British policy in all these earlier crises. The Russian terror has disappeared. England no longer fears a Russia stationed at Constantinople and threatening her Eastern possessions, or securing control of the Mediterranean. The once mighty autocracy is now mightily absorbed in solving its own internal problems.

"Fortunately Lloyd George and his associates who are now in power have adopted Gladstone's idea of public right as the governing idea of European politics and have adopted the ideals of foreign policy so ably represented by Cobden and Bright. Moreover, the British conscience has changed since the days of the Crimean and Russo-Turkish wars. The old-time attitude which insisted on regarding these problems from the standpoint of fancied national interest, is every day giving place to a more humanitarian policy.

"There are still plenty of reactionaries in England and Europe that might like to settle the Ottoman problem in the old discredited way, but they do not govern British public life at the present crisis. The England that will deal with the Ottoman Empire in 1919 is the England of Lloyd George, not the England of Palmerston and Disraeli."

Armenians on Way to Peace Conclave.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—An Armenian mission, composed of Archbishop Tourain, Professor Hagopian and two others, landed at Marseilles today. They are on their way to Paris to participate in the Peace Conference.



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A business today whose volume amounts to many millions of dollars.
A merchandise standard which insists on quality as the first essential.
A reputation of long standing and, we believe, unexcelled.

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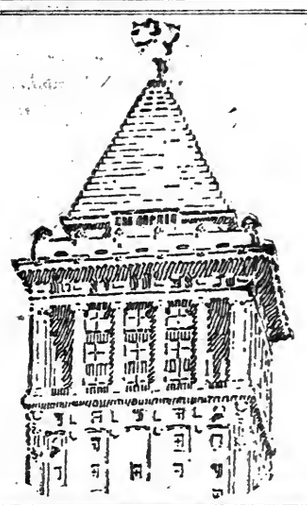

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Alsace and Lorraine Restored

Description of the Paris demonstration celebrating the return to France of the lost provinces, in the January number of Current History Magazine. Published monthly by The New York Times Company. 25 cents a copy—$3 a year by mail.

AMERICA TO USE LINER IMPERATOR

Giant Steamer Among the German Shipping Allotted to the United States.

1,000,000 TONS READY NOW

Hurley Expeditious in Dealing with Germans, but Delegates Eagerly Shake His Hand.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Twenty-seven hours prior to the opening of the Peace Conference today there had been held at Treves the first civilian conference since the beginning of the war between Germans and representatives of the countries which had defeated her. The honor of conducting this meeting fell to an American, Edward N. Hurley, head of the Shipping Board.

The result of it was that America and the Allies will get 3,000,000 tons of German shipping now in German ports to be used to transport food to Europe and to carry home American and Australian soldiers. This agreement, which the Germans seemed glad enough to make, is to last at least to the end of the final prolongation period of the armistice, and what will be done with the ships then has not yet been decided.

Another matter to be determined later is what Germany will receive in pay for the use of these ships. The rate will be the average current rate for the use of ships now existing, which will be estimated soon. The money Germany receives from this source she must expend on account of such food supplies as may be sent to her in the transferred ships.

The main fact is that America and the allies now get 2,300,000 tons of cargo ships and 700,000 tons of passenger ships. All the passenger ships will be ready immediately.

They will all be used half and half as tonnage by America and England for transports. England will take the smaller vessels because they are to be sent through the Suez Canal on the voyage to Australia. America will take the larger ships, of which the Imperator is the biggest. This new passenger tonnage for the United States will increase the number of soldiers she can send home each month by 70,000.

Of the 2,300,000 cargo tonnage, 1,000,000 is ready for immediate use. The rest soon will be. All these craft are in German ports, chiefly Bremen and Hamburg. Some smaller vessels in the Baltic will be placed at the disposal of Germany herself to carry on her coasting trade. She will be allowed to man these with her own sailors, but all the other ships taken will be manned by sailors from the American and British Navies.

The chief request the German delegates at Treves made was that all the ships, even including those to transport troops to America and Australia, be manned by German seamen. This request, of course, was flatly refused.

So much for the material facts of this transaction. But in addition Americans in Paris attach much psychological importance to the fact that the beginning of civil and economic agreements with Germany has actually been made. It was very evident that the Germans themselves were delighted to make such a beginning. They declared the German people insisted that they give up these ships to help in the work of transportation of food to Europe, but the delegates assured the German conferees that Germany would not be enabled to get all the food she needed thereby, and must not expect it. Other countries in greater need and not responsible for the war will have greater consideration, but Germany will get such fats and grains as she absolutely needs.

This civilian conference was authorized and arranged for by Foch, who chose Treves and limited the time to exactly three days. Mr. Hurley was elected Chairman by his American, British, French, and Italian associates on the mission, and Erzeberger, in charge of the German delegation, was told by Foch that Hurley was the man who would rule the proceedings. There was ample business discussion, but it was protected by the strictest formality, which precluded anything in the way of casual talk about the war, peace, or anything not strictly part of the business in hand.

Needless to say there was no effort on either side at fraternizing. The American and allied delegates were seated on one side of a long, very narrow table when the Germans were ushered in. They all rose and bowed. Chairman Hurley, in the centre, put out his hand to point to chairs opposite by way of inviting the Germans to sit down. The Germans opposite grabbed Hurley's hand and shook it. That was the only handshake in the course of the three-day conference, which ended at thirty minutes after noon yesterday. The delegates arrived in Paris today.

TO FREE SOME GERMANS.

Foch Says the More Deserving Ones May Be Liberated.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 19.—Replying to a letter from Mathias Erzberger, the head of the German armistice delegation, urging the return of German prisoners of war and the relaxation of trade restrictions between occupied and unoccupied Germany, Marshal Foch, in a letter dated Jan. 16, said he intended to recommend the return of prisoners most deserving sympathy and was prepared to permit an exchange of food between occupied and unoccupied Germany to an extent which would obviate unemployment and consequent disturbances.

PROTECTION OF LABOR ON PEACE SCHEDULE

Conferees to Base Discussion on Possibility of Slackening of Laws in Europe.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The possibility that the demand for labor in debt-crushed European countries may cause a slackening of the laws for the protection of workers will be the starting point of the consideration of the subject of international labor, which was placed yesterday on the conference program after responsibility for the war and punishment of the crimes committed during hostilities.

The Conference, recognizing the interdependence of all nations, will base its discussion of the subject on the work of the Leeds Labor Conference in July, 1916, which approved the resolution introduced by Leon Jouhaux, then secretary of the French Federation of Labor, declaring that the peace treaty should "insure to the labor classes of every country, free from international capitalistic competition, a minimum of moral and material guarantees relative to the following points:

"Right of employment, right of labor organization, change of residence, social insurance, proper hygienic conditions, freedom to work in any country where employment is available under equal conditions with its citizens, institution in all countries of sickness, accident, unemployment and old age insurance, prohibition of labor by children under fourteen years of age, prohibition of night work for women and for adolescents under eighteen, broadening of legislation to insure the health and safety of workers and the creation of both national and international bodies to study, codify and interpret laws affecting labor conditions."

This program, communicated through the Scandinavian Trades Union at Berne in October, 1917, by the representatives of labor organizations in Germany, Austria, Hungary, Bohemia, Bulgaria, Denmark, Sweden, Holland, and Switzerland, was approved by all of them.

It is recalled that the American Federation of Labor voted for parts of this program at Buffalo, and that the statement of the war aims of the British Labor Party contemplated an International Labor Council with similar objects.

In some points the program to be submitted to the Peace Conference approaches that of the International Socialist Conference, which is to meet next week at Berne, but unlike that of the Socialists, it is confined to remedial measures applied to specific problems.

WILSON'S PROGRAM AS LIMIT.

German Peace Delegates Will Refuse All Other Demands.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—A German wireless dispatch received here today announcing the formation of a German delegation to attend the Peace Conference in Paris says the delegation will confer regarding the formation of a new Germany. The Government in discussing the question was agreed that everything must be done to carry out the stipulations within the limitations of President Wilson's program, and the delegation must decline demands exceeding that program.

After giving the points as wired from Paris, the dispatch says the delegation will have to support an immediate mutual arrangement based upon justice for imports of raw materials and foodstuffs and also strive to provide for a future economic rapprochement with the nations on conditions as far as possible equitable.

The dispatch concludes by saying that the attention of the German representatives had been drawn finally to the establishment of a League of Nations in the spirit of President Wilson's proposals and also in connection therewith to the setting up of an international court of arbitration, because only by this means can a state of lasting peace be guaranteed.

WILSON'S BELGIAN TRIP

Deferred Till He Starts for Home—He May Visit French Ruined Zone Earlier.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—All arrangements have been made for President Wilson's visits to the American battlefields and to some of the devastated regions of northern France, but the time has not been fixed. The visits will depend wholly upon the proceduro of the Peace Conference and the turn of affairs in the meetings.

The President probably will travel by train, having army motor cars meet him at different points for a tour of the region surrounding the stopping places.

It now appears that his visit to Brussels will be deferred until he is ready to depart for home. One plan under consideration is for Mr. Wilson to leave Paris on a special train which will carry the whole Presidential party to the Belgian capital. From there the President may go directly to Calais without returning to Paris, crossing the English Channel and sailing from some English port.

LYNCHINGS SHOCK PEOPLE OF BERLIN

Are Concerned to Know What World Thinks of Liebknecht and Luxemburg Killings.

WOMEN NOW ARE SEARCHED

Soldiers Seize Armed Sailor Masquerading as a Woman Outside the Eden Hotel.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 17, (via Copenhagen, Jan. 18.)—Doubtless the German people will breathe more freely after the removal of the Spartacus danger incorporated in the persons of Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, but the press, with the exception of the Pan German organs, and even more so the general public, deeply regret what the Vorwärts characterizes as the case of a lynching "worthy of the wildest West."

"What will they think of us in the rest of the world now? Why must they thus justify the name of Hun?" are expressions you hear on all sides.

The socialistic organs declare that the "hysterical sons and daughters of bourgeois war profiteers and friends of reaction who populate the vicinity of the Eden Hotel are responsible," to which the Tageblatt sharply replies that millionaires are not in the habit of stealing corpses and mixing in street fights.

The demand for prompt investigation is general, the Pan Germans alone excepted. The military authorities, who are now pretty well in control of the whole city, have already instituted proceedings and suspended the officer in charge of the Eden Hotel, but so far as is ascertainable neither he nor his men seem to be to blame, because the mob overwhelmed them so suddenly and pressed them in such masses that they could not make use of their arms.

The Freiheit and Rote Fahne insist that the case be taken out of the hands of the military and placed before a civil court at which all groups of Socialists shall be represented. The two Red organs also call a general strike as a demonstration against the lynching.

It is too early yet to say with what success. If the summons should be obeyed, this will surely lead to encounters with the military, who hold all points of vantage, and much blood may be shed. Most likely the Government will appoint a civil court investigation.

The Freiheit contends that Liebknecht was not shot from behind while fleeing, but was stood against a tree and fired at in front, as is shown by the bullet marks, for he had his right breast and right upper arm pierced. THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is informed, however, that all three bullets passed clear through the body, and that the Freiheit's informant mistook the marks of egress for those of ingress. Quite illogically the Freiheit then proceeds to accuse the military of negligence if they permitted Liebknecht to have the knife with which he wounded the hand of a soldier when the latter tried to prevent the anarchist's escape.

Rosa Luxemburg's body has not been discovered, despite the closest search in the Landwehr Canal and the Tiergarten, in either of which it is supposed to have been thrown. There is no reliable evidence either that the Spartacides snatched it. Indeed, it is not even certain that Rosa was dead when torn from the auto.

The soldier sitting by her side was so bewildered by the rapid succession of extraordinary events that he could not say with certainty where she was shot, but thought it was in the neck just above the chest. Her assailant, the soldier says, wore a dark overcoat and eyeglasses. He had fired and jumped off before the soldier could grab his arm. This happened on Kurfuersten Damm.

The auto was speeding south, but the crowds massed so quickly that the guards thought it best to turn and reach Moabit by another route. At Hitzig Strasse the auto was stopped by the command to halt. The guard, believing it was a military patrol whose duty it was to search all vehicles passing certain points, stopped. "It's Red Rosa," some one cried, this being the name by which Luxemburg was known by her partisans.

Like a wave the tumultuous masses rushed on, some seeming friendly and some wrathful. The soldiers were lifted from the car, some being thrown to the ground. A few seconds later all was over. The soldiers found themselves, more or less bruised, alone with the empty car, while the howling human wave was receding toward the canal.

In consequence of the threats of the Independents and Spartacides the military are preparing for every emergency. The streets are patrolled unceasingly and field guns have been placed in position in many public squares. At certain points all persons must submit to a more or less close search, according to sex, for females are no longer permitted to pass unmolested.

Since last night three women have been caught with many rounds of cartridges hidden under their cloaks. Another elegantly dressed person observed parading in front of the Eden Hotel attracted the suspicion of the soldiers on patrol. When she noticed that she was observed she fled. She was captured and taken to the Eden Hotel, where the prisoner proved to be a young sailor disguised as a girl. He carried a heavy revolver in a satchel. He refused to make any statement about himself or his purpose.

An annuity of 200,000 marks has been awarded to the King of Wurttemberg. In the event of his death his widow is to receive a yearly allowance of 100,000 marks. All payments comprised in the civil list have ceased. The castle at Bebenhausen will be the King's residence in future. All other royal castles become State property, and notice has been given to the members of the royal family to evacuate them.

The Zeppelin firm, with offices in Berlin, known as the Deutsche Luftreere, has just obtained a concession for air traffic, operating in conjunction with the Hamburg-American Line. It is not known yet whether a new type of Zeppelin is to be employed in the air service, or the latter confined to airplanes also manufactured at Friedrichshafen. At present the firm offers airplanes for election propaganda, and announces a regular mail, express, and passenger service by large flying machines, with two depots in Berlin.

MAIL PLANES TO LORRAINE.

Service Between Paris and Recovered Provinces Established.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—In order to remedy the slowness of correspondence with Alsace-Lorraine, the French Aeronautic Department has organized an air mail service between Paris and the principal towns of Alsace-Lorraine.

FRENCH TO KEEP UP 'Y' HUTS

Government Will Open Foyers du Soldat in Many Towns.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Permanent maintenance of the Y. M. C. A. huts which were established throughout France to serve the French soldiers, and the erection of scores, possibly hundreds, of additional ones, has been decided upon at the request of the French Government.

Every corner of France is to have its foyer du soldat. The French War Department is sending post card inquiries to 200,000 villages asking the authorities of each community questions touching the advisability of establishing a foyer in that particular locality, and the community's willingness to co-operate. Under the general plan the communities, with Governmental assistance, will provide the land and labor necessary for the construction of the buildings, the foyers du soldat supplying the materials. The Y. M. C. A. will open each centre and maintain it until the community is prepared to take it over.

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6 BELL-ANS Hot water Quick Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Contains no dangerous or deleterious substitutes.

REPORTS OF RIOTING IN GERMAN ELECTION

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

couched in similar terms and issued by Police President von Jagow in 1913 provoked bitter attacks from the Socialist press."

May Not Call Assembly.

AMSTERDAM Jan. 19.—The Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin says it learns the Ebert-Scheidemann Government has finally decided not to hold the National Assembly for which elections are going on today, and which it had been announced would be convoked for Feb. 16.

The appeal issued by the Independent Socialists of Berlin for a general strike in consequence of the deaths of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, the Spartacan leaders, proved unsuccessful, according to a dispatch from the German capital.

Four Spartacan leaders who were arrested during the recent disorders in Spandau were shot and killed by escorting troops when they tried to escape on Friday night.

RIFLES SEIZED IN BERLIN.

Red Appeal for General Strike Results in Utter Failure.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 18, (Via Copenhagen, Jan. 19.)—Unless all signs are deceiving tomorrow's elections will pass without serious trouble in Berlin, the military now having the situation well in hand.

More than ten thousand rifles have been collected in private houses in Moabit alone. Today the search extended to North Berlin, largely inhabited by laboring classes. A call for a general strike and street demonstrations as a protest against the killing of Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg issued by the Freiheit and Rote Fahne had no result whatever. There has been only desultory shooting during the last few days.

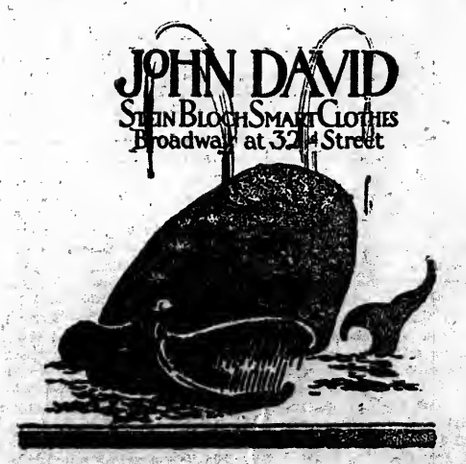
Two Army Corps Fight Poles.

VIENNA, Jan. 19, (via Basle.)—It is announced in diplomatic circles here that the number of troops the Germans are mobilizing under Field Marshal von Woyrsch for counteracting a Polish invasion of Germany will aggregate two army corps.

That Whale of an Overcoat Sale

Starts This Morning at 8 O'Clock

$35 Stein-Bloch Overcoats	$28.75
$40 and $45 Overcoats	$34.50
$50 and $55 Overcoats	$42.50
$60, $65, $70 Overcoats	$48.50
$75, $85, $90, $100 Overcoats	$62.50



JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32d Street

337

What an old tin box disclosed

One danger of bequeathing money in bulk

THE elderly lady who opened her old tin box of securities is quite willing that we give the following facts:

She is a gentlewoman over 60 years of age. She has never shown money sense. Fifteen years ago she inherited the family estate of close to a hundred thousand dollars.

Financially, at that time, her future looked rosy.

On the advice of a friend of the family, she at once invested everything, as follows:

Oil stocks (two companies)	$27,000
Mining stocks (four companies)	32,000
A city house (paid for outright)	17,500
Deposited in several savings banks	18,000
	$94,500

She was led to believe her income would amount to $5,500 a year.

The mining stocks yielded handsome dividends for a few years, then dwindled, then stopped. From the oil stocks she fared worse. Journeys to the savings banks became more frequent. Later she rented her home—finally mortgaged it.

Today the net income from the estate is a bare $600. The gentlewoman, as we said, is past sixty. We understand she now paints china a little and sells what she can.

One day she opened an old tin box and in an embarrassed way exhibited the bundle of worthless stock certificates. That is how we learned the story.

As business men, perhaps it is not our place to moralize. But we do know that such money waste is morally wrong and should be and can be made impossible by definite safety measures.

In that spirit we bring to your attention—

A COLUMBIA TRUST FUND

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A COLUMBIA Trust Fund is simply money set aside under the protection of the Columbia Trust Company and soundly invested to provide periodical income for definite objects.

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THIRD ARMY IGNORED LUXEMBURG REBELS

French Agency Circulates False Rumor That Our Soldiers Quelled Revolt.

COLONEL REBUKED LEADERS

Silenced Talk of Riot If Pershing Stood on Balcony with the Duchess at Review.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, COBLENZ, Jan. 18.—I have received the following:

"The Havas Agency in Paris has received a cable from New York that THE NEW YORK TIMES has printed a story to the effect that a rumor is current in New York that the American Army on its entry into Luxemburg suppressed a movement then in progress directed against the existing Government.

"THE NEW YORK TIMES goes on to say that it is no part of the work of the Army of Occupation to engage in such matters, and if this story is true the Army of Occupation should be on guard against any effort to stifle free expression of local populations relative to the form of government which they desire."

[THE NEW YORK TIMES has not printed any such story.]

It cannot be too emphatically stated that the rumor referred to is false. The facts in the case would have to be directly reversed to put the Army of Occupation in the light of interfering in Luxemburg politics. The command not only of the Third Army, but of the American Expeditionary Force, agrees precisely with THE TIMES that an army of occupation should in no way interfere with the free political expression of people, and at the start of its march to the Rhine an order was issued that irrespective of its sympathies the Army of Occupation should in every case deal with the actual Government it found on the spot and should in no case interfere in any local politics or movements in Luxemburg or Germany.

Birth of the Rumor.

I know well the genesis of this mischievous and dangerous rumor, spread doubtless by some thoughtless soldier or officer reaching home. From personal knowledge I give the facts. Three days before our entrance into the Duchy of Luxemburg officers attached to General Pershing's staff made arrangements for a parade of American troops through the capital of the little nation.

In the nature of things, there was to be a review, and naturally, marching through a neutral sovereign country, the head of the Government was asked to review the troops with the American Commander, and, naturally enough, it was decided to review them from the balcony of the Ducal Palace, where Luxemburg reviews generally take place.

I can state that General Pershing personally knew nothing of these arrangements at the time of their making and left them to his staff, he being occupied with more important matters.

In the meanwhile, revolutionary leaders in Luxemburg had decided that the entry of Pershing's troops into the capital was a good time for a demonstration against the Duchess. She being a representative of royalty, and Pershing being a representative of democracy, these leaders set about getting him to help oust the Duchess. In furtherance of their plans these revolutionary leaders went to General Pershing's staff and lamented the fact that he was to stand on the balcony with the Duchess because that would hurt their cause. They said he should refuse to stand there, even though plans had already been announced. They said that if he did stand side by side with the Duchess there might be a riot.

American Colonel's Retort.

Now, the Colonel to whom these men talked is a practical soldier man. He saw no international complications. He saw a crowd of civilians threatening to make a riot while his Commander in Chief was about and incidentally upsetting plans which he, the Colonel, had made for General Pershing. So he said to the leader of the delegation: "Friend, you go on back home and, remember, if there is any riot you are likely to be among the casualties."

The next day General Pershing stood on the balcony of the palace with Duchess Adelaide and reviewed the 18th Infantry and nothing untoward happened. Not until afterward did he even know that revolutionaries had tried to change his plan. The Colonel in charge had not thought it important enough to bother the Commander in Chief with, and I can state that had the General known the whole story it would have made no difference in his plans.

After that regiment marched through the town it left, and during the two weeks we were in the Duchy of Luxemburg no American soldiers were kept in the capital, and those who went there on leave or on business went unarmed, under General Pershing's orders. We had no police in the town, in fact, left it strictly alone. Any day revolutions wanted to go ahead we would not have interfered.

Those, then, are the facts. It cannot be said that the American Army suppressed any free expression of local populations. The only potent factor was a refusal by General Pershing's staff to change his plans. Had they done so certainly the Americans could have been accused of messing into things.

Army Did Not Interfere.

I was in Luxemburg for the two weeks our troops were in the duchy, and at no time did we take over any functions of government or exert any influence one way or another on the local political situation save for the one day when the General's staff refused to make him an agent of the revolutionary party.

It is a mischievous rumor that twists these facts into a statement that our army suppressed a revolution against Duchess Adelaide. It is peculiarly mischievous at this time when the Luxemburg disturbances have brought the little duchy into the world limelight and when the inhabitants are making accusations of outside interference. It is peculiarly unfortunate that the French news agency should be able to publish a rumor that Americans interfered.

NEW TRIAL ORDERED FOR DR. KARL HAU

New Evidence in Case of German Sentenced to Life for Murder.

ONCE LIVED IN THIS CITY

Accused of Luring His Mother-in-Law to Lonely Street in Baden Baden and Killing Her.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 19.—Karl Hau, once a practising physician in New York, who years ago was sentenced to life imprisonment for murdering his mother-in-law, a widow, Frau Molitor, of Baden-Baden, will be released within a few days. An order has been issued permitting his case to be reconsidered because of new evidence discovered which may prove his innocence.

Karl Hau, alias Stau, was arrested in London in November, 1906, charged with the murder of his mother-in-law, Frau Molitor, at Baden-Baden earlier in the same month. He was extradited to Germany, and, the court at Karlsruhe having ordered an examination of his mental condition, he was examined by the University clinic at Freiburg, where he had been a student, and was pronounced sane. He was removed to Baden-Baden in April, 1906, and his trial set for the same month.

Hau was born in Germany 39 years ago. His father was wealthy and a former member of the Reichstag, and his mother was a baroness. While a student about nineteen years old, Hau eloped with Fraulein Lena Molitor, daughter of the court physician of the Grand Duke of Baden. She was six years his senior.

In 1903 Hau came to America with his wife and young daughter. He entered Washington University, Washington, D. C., and was graduated there with the degrees of A. M. and LL. B. His father was appointed Professor of Roman Law at the university and about the same time was admitted to the bar of the District of Columbia and took up active practice.

According to the accounts of the Hau trial, he lured his mother-in-law, by means of a telephone message purporting to come from the Baden-Baden Post Office, to a lonely street and there shot her in the heart. He wore a false beard at the time, and thus disguised fled to Frankfort and then to London. Soon after his arrest his wife asked that an inquiry be made as to her husband's disposal of her dowery of $50,000 which he had been keeping. No trace of the money was found, and on June 8, 1907, she committed suicide by drowning in a lake near Pfaeffikon, Canton of Zurich, Switzerland. Hau's trial terminated on July 23, 1907, after a most sensational fight, in a verdict of guilty. He was sentenced to die, but this was commuted to life imprisonment. In January, 1910, he nearly made his escape from the Bruchsal prison in Berlin.

STORMS DELAY ROCHAMBEAU

Liner with Troops to Get Coal and Supplies at Halifax.

HALIFAX, Jan. 19.—The French liner Rochambeau, which left Bordeaux for New York on Jan. 8, with 883 American troops, will put in here tomorrow for coal and supplies, according to a message from the Rochambeau's Captain received tonight at the local office of the Campagnie Générale Transatlantique.

The shortage of food and fuel was occasioned by rough weather, which delayed the crossing.

PLAGUE IN ARGENTINA.

Outbreak in Province of Jujuy Reported to be Serious.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 19.—The Government is sending a commission to the Province of Jujuy for the purpose of fighting the epidemics of bubonic plague and miasmic fevers, which are reported to be serious.

The Santiago Dispensary reports that there have been 605 cases of typhus and thirteen deaths.

ITALY'S NEW CABINET OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED

Villa in Post of Vice Premier, Created During Absence of Premier Orlando.

ROME, Jan. 18.—The official communication issued today announcing that the Ministers had placed their portfolios at the disposition of the Premier for a reconstruction of the Cabinet said:

"King Victor Emmanuel accepted the resignations of Signor Sacchi, Minister of Justice; Signor Nitti, Minister of the Treasury; Signor Miliani, Minister of Agriculture, and Signor Villa, Minister of Transport. He has designated Signor Fasta, former Minister of Finance, to be Minister of Justice; Signor Stringher to be Minister of the Treasury, General Caviglia as Minister of War, General Girardini to be Minister of Pensions, Signor Riccio, former Minister of Posts and Telegraphs, to be Minister of Agriculture, and Signor de Nava, a member of the Boselli Ministry, to be Minister of Transport.

"There has been created a post of Vice Premier during the absence of Premier Orlando. Signor Villa has been designated for this place. A Ministry of Reconstruction for invaded territory has been created and Signor Fradeletto, former Minister of Public Instruction, will be chief."

ITALY STILL NEEDING COAL.

Shortage Which Was Endured During War May Cause Unrest Now.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Fuel Administration made public tonight further information from the report of the commission which Mr. Garfield sent to Europe, which indicates that Italy was the worst sufferer from fuel shortage during the war.

Switzerland, which now faces a severe shortage, managed throughout the conflict to obtain coal from Germany. France is furnishing to Switzerland the tonnage Germany had allotted from Alsatian fields. Germany was Switzerland's chief source of supply before the war.

Belgium, the commission found, should be able to produce immediately more coal than needed for its own consumption.

Representatives of the Italian Government, the commission reports, urge an annual national supply of 13,000,000 tons to meet actual requirements, drawing attention to the fact that "while the people may suffer privation without protest in wartime," with the coming of peace a refusal to supply fuel "may give rise to serious disturbances."

CUTS COBLENZ LIGHTS.

Dickman, in Doing So, Repeats Wording of German Order of 1916.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Jan. 18, (Associated Press.)—Owing to the insufficient fuel supply the consumption of electricity among the civil population of Coblenz is to be reduced by half. The American military authorities, in putting this order into effect, are using verbatim an order issued in 1916 by the German military authorities. General Dickman's order, which is published in the newspapers, is to become effective Monday and remain in force until the situation is improved.

After the armistice Coblenz quickly returned to the pre-war use of electricity, but recently the fuel shortage and the necessity for repairs to the power plants made a reduction in lights and power compulsory until the situation is remedied.

LUDENDORFF'S BOOK TO REVEAL TRUTH

Former General Has Placed Himself at Call of Ebert Government.

NOT IN MENTAL COLLAPSE

His History to Declare Facts Without Fear of Even Those of "Highest Rank."

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—Much capital was made by Socialist and Democratic orators against the former Pan German parties and Ludendorff's flight from his country after he had got it into the deepest distress.

Professor Schuecking at a Deutsche Democratic meeting at Harburg said the same might be expected of most of the leaders, and that the Junker parties were now masquerading as the Deutsche Volkspartie, and Deutsche National Volkspartie and even as leading lights of the Christliche Volkspartie. It was most curious that these three parties, whose interests were more or less just the contrary of those of the people, had selected the name of People's Party to hide their compromised characters. Ludendorff, once their god, he concluded, proved a deserter in time of deep distress. So would many other shining lights of Kaiserism if they only could.

Military friends of Ludendorff today publish a statement that the former Generalissimo had placed himself at the disposition of the Ebert-Scheidemann Government, but was requested to leave the country because the People's Commissioners felt unable to protect him against the wrath of the people. Ludendorff, they assert, has since notified the Government that he is willing to return whenever the People's Commissioners desire.

It is also denied that Ludendorff is in a state of mental collapse or that unbridgeable differences exist between him and Hindenburg, but it is not denied that he has ceased to be persona grata with the Kaiser ever since September. He is now writing a book, which they say will be an absolutely impartial history of his part in the war and which will reveal the truth without fear or favor, "even where persons of the highest rank are concerned."

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent understands that the Lokal Anzeiger Company has been selected as publisher, but definite information is not obtainable.

Hindenburg's general army headquarters will be removed from Kassel to a point nearer the eastern frontier. The Polish war threatening the province of Brandenburg made it necessary to accumulate whatever forces might be gathered against the eastern danger.

COOLIDGE MISSION BUSY IN AUSTRIA

Hungary Extends Warm Welcome and Paper Recalls Former Friendship of America.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 18, (Via Geneva, Jan. 19.)—The work of the American Commission under A. C. Coolidge is proceeding briskly. The members have had daily meetings with men prominent in the political and economical world of Vienna, gathering information. Today Count Czernin applied for an opportunity of meeting Professor Coolidge, who returns to Vienna from Budapest next Monday.

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune Company.

BUDAPEST, Jan. 15, (via Paris, Jan. 19.)—Since 10 o'clock this morning, when Archibald C. Coolidge, head of the American Political Mission, accompanied by E. M. Storey, Major Lawrence Martin, and Lieutenant Philip Goodwin, reached Budapest from Vienna, the Stars and Stripes for the first time since the war began are flying over the main entrance of the Ritz Hotel, where rooms were reserved for the guests by the Hungarian Government.

Side by side with the American colors float the Union Jack and the French and Hungarian flags, for the Ritz is the headquarters of the French and British military missions.

The Americans received a warm welcome when their special train arrived. Heading a big deputation of representatives of the Government was Secretary of State Ernest Balogsy, who greeted the mission in the name of President Karolyi.

An hour after their arrival the members of the commission were received by President Karolyi, who expressed the hope their visit would be fruitful and have good results in Hungary. The Americans were invited to the President's mansion, where they met the prominent Hungarian statesmen, scientists, writers, and men of affairs.

The papers of Budapest published articles recalling the former ties of friendship between Hungary and the United States, especially the sympathy shown Louis Kossuth, and more recently Count Albert Apponyi, and pointing out the significance of the large Hungarian population in the United States.

MALTBIE TO MAKE REPORT.

Has Investigated Transit Problems for 34th Street Board of Trade.

The Thirty-fourth Street Board of Trade announced yesterday that a report upon the transit problems affecting the midtown district, which contains many of the large department stores, would be made public soon by Milo R. Maltbie, ex-Public Service Commissioner, who was retained by the board to make a special investigation.

"There is nothing more important to the members of the Thirty-fourth Street Board of Trade and the business men in this district than the consideration of transportation problems and the starting of a movement necessary to obtain needed improvements," said the announcement. "We have been trying to obtain constructive criticism. Mere complaints, without proper suggestion with a remedy, will avail us nothing. The radical change that has taken place in subway transportation from the "Z" system to the "H" system naturally has caused a great deal of adverse comment; but it must not be overlooked that several Public Service Commissioners, after great deliberation, determined that the principle of direct north and south bound rapid transit serves all New York best."

150 Women Law Students at N.Y.U.

The enfranchisement of women in New York is believed to be responsible for the large enrollment of women law students of the New York University. About 150 women are now studying at Washington Square for the degree of bachelor of laws. Never before have the facilities of the university's law school been taxed as at present, Dean Sommer said. Three courses are being given—the night intensive course; the regular course which was started last September, and the new classes beginning Jan. 2.

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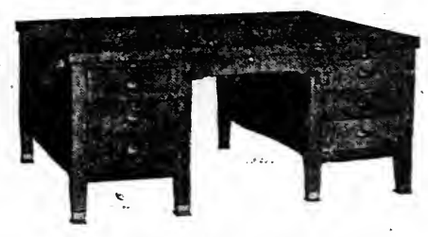

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390 Broadway. Tel. Franklin 3709

TRY TO SOW DISCORD IN ALLIED ARMIES

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

the undersea trader Deutschland brought to America.

Ahrens in Same Building.

Dr. Ahrens today has an office in Wilhelmstrasse in the same building as Dr. Rentzau. He is still engaged in propaganda, and his field is still the American mind. He has charge of propaganda among the American soldiers in occupied Germany.

There is another official who has charge of propaganda among the French soldiers in occupied Germany.

One naturally asks how this propaganda works, and that brings us back to the little differences between the doughboy and poilu, which of themselves have amounted to nothing, but which, fanned by the Germans, are today of different proportions.

America has been told how well the Germans received the American Army of Occupation and how well they have behaved. When one goes back to two weeks before the Americans entered Germany, one finds that their local newspapers showed that expressions were general that it would be very unfortunate if the Americans occupied Coblenz or Treves.

As soon as the armistice terms were announced, there were on all sides expressions of hope that either the French or British would come here, but "deliver us from the Americans." Had not the propagandists told the German people that the Americans were barbarians, that they killed all their prisoners and showed no quarter on battlefields, and were altogether swine and a tough lot?

But the German mind has always been open to the propagandists. Along came the retiring German Army. The officers preached night and day to the Germans to be pleasant to the Americans. They must tell the Americans that America won the war. They must tell the Americans that Wilson was the greatest man in the world. They must "play up to" the Americans.

People Do as They Are Told.

And as it was theirs not to reason why, the German people hereabouts did as they were told. The idea of the Government propagandists was that America's influence at the Peace Conference would pull them out of the hole into which they had got.

So from the day of the Americans' arrival in Germany the Germans have been subserviently kind to them. Now, human nature is human nature the world over. The Americans found the Germans well behaved and acquiescent, and they adopted a policy of moderation and were easy with the Germans.

Often the doughboy, without bearing in mind the things the German had done, and the German, without regard to governmental wishes, got to talking together, and each decided not prevent doughboys in many instances from seeming forgetful that they were at war with the Germans.

The American soldiers here are for the most part those who did the most fighting. This means they had been for several months in the mud of devastated France. Then they reached the Rhineland, got good beds to sleep in, had a rather easy time, and decided that Germany was not such a bad place after all. This means, in short, that some slight feeling of camaraderies has grown up here and there between American soldiers and German civilians.

Girls and Children.

One evening I overheard a doughboy talking to a German girl. He knew German and was saying: "You know we came into the war to whip the Kaiser. Now the Kaiser is gone and the war is over. Let's be friends, you and I." Nothing unpatriotic was intended by that man.

Doughboys who are found seated on the banks of the Rhine with a German child on each knee plan nothing against their country.

Yet it is just this humane character of the American doughboys that has been seized upon by the German propagandists to further their own ends.

It should be borne in mind that the district is overrun with officials. They are in most cases imported from Prussia. The revolution has brought no change in officials of the Rhineland, who are the same as in the Kaiser's régime. It should be borne in mind also that this is a Catholic region, and the priests all play politics, their party being the controlling political force hereabout. It should be borne in mind again that this is a conservative region where the most influential people love democracy at heart as much as they love smallpox.

Hence it is a field for Dr. Ahrens. His work has been done subtly and well. In common with many other Americans here, I had almost begun to believe in the German sincerity in the profession of high regard for America and Americans until I was made acquainted with the fact that instructions to coddle the Americans were coming from Berlin despite the efforts of the American military authorities to prevent it.

Under the instructions the Germans who came in touch with Americans were ordered to emphasize what kindly persons they were—so different from the French, who were cruel and savage conquerors. If I have been told once I have been told a hundred times how Germans hope that the Americans will stay in Coblenz until all the allied soldiers withdrew, for the coming of the French would be a calamity. One finds that some little incident that could be construed unfavorably to French conduct is magnified and spread to all quarters of the area occupied by Americans.

There is an old hotel proprietor in whose establishment American officers are quartered and past whose place the correspondents must go to reach the headquarters of the Third Army. He delights to halt one and tell the new story of the day about how mean the French are and how good the Americans are. He will do this when he knows we know he is working for Germany every day in the week.

Germans here, who would give their right hand to have Wilhelm back on that the other was not such a bad fellow after all. Some doughboy would catch the smile of a pretty German girl, and forgave his enemy that evening after supper.

A strict army order against fraternization went into effect, but that did the throne, will tell you how Germany must have a governmental organization just like that of the United States, the best in the world.

But it is among the doughboys that propagandists do most work, and every German is a potential propagandist. They talk to the doughboys about their cousins in America, and how they are going across the ocean after peace is made. They end up by some new story about the French. Sometimes that doughboy has his petty grievances against a Frenchman and thus the grievance grows.

Bearing in mind some of these stories about how unpleasant the French were to the German civilians, I made a trip with a French officer into French-occupied Germany and saw for myself what falsehoods had been told. Frenchmen treat Germans firmly, but in no case cruelly. I saw Frenchmen talking to German girls as doughboys are not allowed to do. I heard from a French General how stories of bad conduct had been investigated and proved groundless.

There came to the advanced American headquarters one day a story from a German source of how a regiment of Frenchmen, passing through the end of the American area, had pillaged the village and made all the civilians line up and salute them. I went on a trip of investigation with an American officer and found that one French orderly had taken a chicken and paid 5 marks instead of the 10 marks demanded, and how one French Lieutenant, seeing a German at work in the field with a pitchfork, had made him present arms with his tool of labor. These facts are part of the American Army records.

Secret Service Kept Busy.

This work goes on unceasingly. The American Secret Service is day after day running down evil stories about the French which turn out to amount to nothing. It has reached such a stage that yesterday two ardent "American Germans" were told that the next good thing they said to an American soldier about America would get them into jail.

The German propaganda among the Americans against the French is just like their campaign in America against the English, only a little less open, but with a hundred times the number of agents.

Some official or priest will hear something against the French or under orders make up something out of whole cloth and will pass it along—and it goes a long way.

Many American soldiers are billeted in private homes and it is impossible to prevent them from talking to members of those families. That is the way that much propaganda is done. In some instances the agent does not know that he or she is doing propaganda, but in most cases he knows what the main idea is.

The trouble about the whole proposition is that the Germans seem to be succeeding in it, as shown by letters the soldiers write to their home folks. With the lifting of the censorship the letters of only a few are examined, but these yield proof that some of the doughboys, too many of them, are getting to feel too kindly toward Germany and too harshly toward the French. When one considers what the father or sister in the United States thinks of what the soldier writes them, the result is not pleasant.

The American doughboy who goes back home anti-French will be a problem, and it is to be feared that the number will not be small.

German propaganda is two sided. Germans in the territory occupied by the French preach night and day how the Americans are fraternizing with the Germans and becoming their friends. They tell the Frenchmen that American doughboys love Germany more than they do France, and how Americans go to church with them. They repeat that Americans take dinner at their homes, and they love to repeat the story that American soldiers are becoming engaged to marry their daughters.

False Stories Believed.

These things are all false, but the poilu sometimes believes them, and when a poilu has some little grievance or rivalry his grievance forthwith expands.

An American newly landed in Europe reached Coblenz from Paris the other day. "Why is it," he asked, "that the Americans are fraternizing so shamefully with the Germans? It is the talk of Paris."

This is but a reflection of German propaganda work among the French soldiers. The Germans tell the French that America is going to save Germany from the French at the Peace Conference. One story is that President Wilson will not approve of France getting back Alsace-Lorrains. To use slang, that gets the Frenchman's goat. Tell that to a high French official, and it makes no difference. Tell it to the poilu and it does harm to America.

It is hard to convince the doughboy that he is a victim of German propaganda. He asks you scornfully what that little child who smiles at him and takes him by the hand knows about propaganda. I felt that way until my eyes were opened. Americans at home must not blame the doughboy too quickly. I know an American who before we entered the war was watched by the Secret Service because he acted and talked pro-German, and he was the Chairman of a Liberty Loan committee the last time I saw his name in print.

All know how far German propaganda went in America. It was easier to grasp it and choke it there than it is here.

It is hard to put the doughboy on his guard when the German pats him on the back and tells him he is a fine fellow. It is difficult to keep the poilu from believing that the American doughboy is not really going to marry a German girl and in the next war refuse to help France against Germany. When that poilu has perhaps lost two brothers, he sometimes does not stop to think before he says something harsh about Americans and tells other poilus who may sympathize with him.

Doesn't Help the Allies.

Many Americans believe that the last great war has been fought, but the French soldier does not think that nor does the German. Marshal Foch the other day spoke of preparing against another war.

So, when a German tells a Frenchman that a German cousin up in the American area says the doughboys swear that never again will they help France, it does not help the Allies. And then that German cousin tells the Americans that America really won the war, but the French say that France could have won anyhow without America. That does not help the Allies.

At a time when the friends of civilization should be standing side by side for the sake of the future one finds the soldiers of two great and friendly nations allowing themselves to believe mean stories about each other and getting wrought up over nothing. If they had the judicial temperament it would be different, but they haven't it.

It is the old story of crowd psychology. And it is also a problem for the wise heads of America and France.

If the Americans at home want to help, they will discount the stories against France which are being distributed by some well-intentioned but not always well-informed or well-counseled recent visitors to Europe.

It is well to remember that French and Americans are two different races and do not always look at the same thing in the same light or speak the same thoughts. America would not have had her glorious opportunity to turn the tide against Germany if it had not been for France. A nation that did what France did in the war is not the nation to get annoyed at too quickly.

To any American mother or father who has a letter from a doughboy son "panning" France, take it easy, take it easy.

The sweetness of Grape-Nuts comes from the grain: no sugar is used in the making nor required in the eating

VOGUE
Forecast of Spring Fashions Number
OUT TODAY

Good Chops
Whether they be lamb, or pork, or mutton, the flavor will be enhanced if you use the relish with a Frenchy zest —thick, piquant
A1 SAUCE

INC.
20% Reduction
SHOE SALE
Involving unrestricted choice of the latest motifs in our famous
Hand Made Boots for Women
4 W. 57th Livingston Inc. 4 W. 57th

STAND BY THE BOYS

They fought and won for you. They need you badly now to fill their leisure with good cheer.

The Jewish Welfare Board has sent out a call for one hundred mature and resourceful men for overseas and transport service.

WILL YOU ANSWER?

Jewish Welfare Board
149 Fifth Avenue.

'DRY' AMENDMENT ASSAILED BY BECK

Ratification One of Deadliest Assaults Ever Made on Constitution, He Says.

HE WARNS OF BOLSHEVISM

Also Says Anti-British Propaganda Is Busy Here, at Dinner In His Honor.

The Prohibition Amendment as essentially a blow at the Union, and its passage will result in more class dissension in the next two years than any one has thought, declared James M. Beck last night to 250 members and guests of the American Defense League and American Rights Union, who gathered in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria to pay tribute to Mr. Beck as a prophet of preparedness and as one who had contributed largely to the awakening of America to her duty in the war.

Mr. Beck's attack on the amendment, which, he said, he made without any discussion of the merits of prohibition itself, was greeted with great applause.

After defining the amendment in effect as an attempt to regulate the personal habits of individuals and thus an infringement of the Constitution's base principles, namely the right of home rule, the speaker declared that its ratification constituted one of the deadliest assaults ever made on the Constitution of the United States. After the approbation which was given this had somewhat subsided, he leaned forward earnestly and said:

If I had a message to deliver tonight I would make it this: "America, wake up and defend the institutions of your country as defined and expressed in the Constitution of the United States."

"These are grave times, and who can tell what the next five years may produce? We must not hold to the abstractions of visionaries, but must hold to the things which came to us from our fathers. Have you appreciated how far Bolshevism can go in two years in this country? Suppose we have here long bread lines, suppose we have men coming home to whom death and struggle have been commonplaces for some time, suppose the light of anarchy flares forth here. I tell you we would be in far worse plight than was Great Britain in the days of the Albert Hall affair. We could bring words being in reference to the refusal of facilities to tie up London's water and lights should the authorities refuse use of the hall, an incident which provoked a serious crisis in British life.

Tells Heroism of Britons.

Following his introduction by Job E. Hedges, who was toastmaster, Mr. Beck expressed his thanks for "this generous expression of the good will of so many good friends," and then turned to discussion of his recent trip through Great Britain. He spoke in unmeasured terms of the heroism of the British peoples through four years of tremendous hardship and told two incidents of raids on London which, he said, never had been recorded in this country.

One night hundreds of well-dressed men and women were passing through the Piccadilly Circus. Suddenly, without warning, a bomb fell in the Circus and 200 women and men were picked up injured. Again, a number of men and women took refuge in a cellar. A high explosive bomb came through the house and exploded in the cellar. It burst a main connecting a sewer. Those who were not killed by the shell were drowned by the flood of water. And, gentlemen, through all this terrible experience and others like it, the people of Britain went calmly through, unflinchingly to victory."

After declaring that there was a great anti-British propaganda at work in this country, Mr. Beck brought his auditors to their feet by declaring that never in his trips abroad since America entered the war had he heard Britons give utterance to anything but praise.

Turning to the problems before the Peace Conference, Mr. Beck declared his belief that the first thing to be done was the restoration of order in the world and the establishment of visionary theories just now should be subordinated. Commenting on Bolshevism, he declared Russia and Germany to be dens of crime, most dangerous to mankind, and endangering all other nations, and said that the paramount duty of the conferees at Versailles was in the establishment of stable Governments for these two countries, as he felt that Bolshevism was destined to affect the whole world if order did not obtain in Russia and Germany.

Peace Should Come First.

"Yesterday I made a purely extemporaneous speech to the lawyers in New York," said Mr. Beck, "to which the New York press this morning gave an amount of space which amazed me. Possibly the main point of that address has been somewhat misapprehended. I did not mean to deprecate any effort under normal conditions to form a League of Nations. Visionary as the scheme at present seems, in view of the disillusionments of the last four years, we must not assume that man is in a blind alley of negation, and that no outlet is possible.

"I did and do mean to assert that this and similar questions should be subordinated to the very concrete and practical problem of restoring peace to a world which is now more disorganized than at any time since the Thirty Years' War, and that general schemes for the common government of the world will be this subordinated and postponed but for the unwise insistence of certain statesmen's representatives.

"I gave two reasons for my conclusion, one being that the immediate financial and social problems of each belligerent nation was the first necessity. If a man had undergone a serious operation we would not, just as he emerged from the stupor of anaesthesia, lay before him a complicated business problem. The world has just gone through the most terrible operation of its history. It is still prostrate. Why therefore do it now with plans for a superman? Again, I urged that the people of the European nations were in no condition now to consider these questions calmly and deliberately. They should have a period of recuperation.

"I could and should have given a still broader and more persuasive reason for my conclusion. Last Summer I witnessed an eclipse. Slowly the shadow of the moon entered the disk of the sun, until it nearly obscured it, and then slowly it receded until the sun again shone with its full power. An eclipse is now stealing over the world. It is Bolshevism, menacing class war. The obscuration began in Petrograd. It has now reached Vienna and Berlin.

"Unless normal conditions are restored, where will it stop? It could not create a worse time, for the burdens of the people were never heavier, and four years have put fire into the blood of men. Piracy, lawlessness, evil passions, murderous thought, have been the commonplace for the last four years, and if famine is not stayed and conditions ameliorated, they will grow worse.

Like Nero's Folly.

"For us to talk of peace leagues at this time is to be guilty of Nero's folly in fiddling while Rome was burning. We should rather hasten to restore peace, resume normal commercial relations, lessen the intolerable burdens of taxation, and speed up production.

"We should enter into a great campaign of education to teach the manual toiler that we are all in the same boat, that he suffers worst from class antagonism, and that this material happiness depends not upon the artificial restoration of production, but its increase. We must teach him this elementary fact in political economy that his happiness depends not so much upon the amount of his wages as their purchasing power and that the latter is measured by the quantity produced.

"We must so govern that there is no privileged class in the nation and that all, capitalist and manual toiler alike, are but the different parts of an orchestra and that only by playing together as good musicians can the symphony of progress be played. We must revive faith in the institutions of our country, under which we have grown great, and especially in the supreme compact, the Constitution of the United States. It, as all political institutions, depends upon public opinion.

"It has already been partly destroyed, because public opinion failed to defend it. Its main pillars are still intact. Let them perish, and our form of government will be as the Parthenon, a beautiful ruin, admired by all the ages, but still a ruin. In the last ten years that noble edifice has been slowly undermined. Only a few days ago its basic principle of home rule in all matters not of purely Federal concern sustained a deadly assault.

"The best hope of true democracy is in the perpetuity of the form of government which our fathers gave us. Let that be destroyed, and the fairest heritage of man will be gone. Men of all parties in these trying and terrible days should unite to defend the sacred heritage of our fathers, which wisely kept the power of government within its true orbit by constitutional limitations."

Speakers Praise His Work.

The first speaker at the dinner was De Lancey Nicoll, who praised Mr. Beck for his work in arousing the war spirit both through his writings and his speeches. He pointed out that Mr. Beck had practically surrendered his entire law practice in order to accomplish this. Following him came John R. Rathom, editor of The Providence Journal, who attributed to Mr. Beck many of the attributes "of that great American whose passing away we have been mourning for the past few days. He has said that Mr. Beck had displayed the greatest courage in his fight on the hyphen 'despite the attacks of little men with great power."

Sir Charles Davison of Montreal referred to Mr. Beck as "one who had not waited until America was united in decision to enter the war," but had worked tirelessly to persuade the people to the right point of view. Mr. Hedges's introductory speech contained a statement that "henceforth there can be no alleged Americanism—a man will be for America or against her. Traitors will be taken out and shot."

2 KILLED, 3 INJURED, IN FIRE

104th Street Building Collapses, Burying Firemen Under Debris.

A three-alarm fire at the Delivery Auto Truck Company, 425-431 East 104th Street, yesterday morning resulted in the death of two firemen and the serious injury of three others. Many other firemen had narrow escapes from being trapped and losing their lives when the walls caved in.

The men killed were George Scanlon of Engine Company 44 and Joseph Schmidt, a probationary fireman from the same company, who had been attached to the department only ten days. The injured, who were taken to Reception Hospital, are Lieutenant Alfred Singleton of Truck 23, John Sheldon of Truck 44, and Joseph Callahan of the fireboat George B. McClellan.

The men who were killed were on the roof of the shed just behind the burning two-story building. They had no more than climbed up when the rear wall of the burning structure collapsed and buried them in an avalanche of hot bricks. Every effort was made to save the men; streams of water were played on the burning debris and the firemen tried to jack up the beams which pinned their comrades down, and after great effort they succeeded in extricating Shelton. For more than an hour the rescue party worked to free the other two men. Callahan was trying to dig the men out when he slipped and fell to the ground, and Lieutenant Singleton was struck by a beam.

URGES CIVIC TRAINING.

Dr. Adler Would Teach Language as Aid to Americanization.

Four prime factors in eoving the problem of Americanization, Dr. Felix Adler told the Society for Ethical Culture yesterday, were the teaching of the English language, teaching and learning respect for the laws, applying the learning by doing and, lastly, loving America and its ideals.

Discussing the first factor, Dr. Adler called attention to illiteracy among the most indigenous of America's population. He suggested the public schools might do much by emphasizing the importance of the native tongue. Much could be accomplished in the matter of obedience to law, he said, if the people could learn that this country was governed equally for the most part by the rule of the majority.

Dr. Adler called attention to examples of lawlessness sometimes set by Americans themselves in labor troubles, and turned to advice on citizenship, suggesting that the individual train himself gradually, first measuring up to his neighborhood duties and progressing to an understanding of national problems.

BULKLEY'S WORK IN ITALY.

New York's Red Cross Man Fed Thousands of Starving People.

Henry W. Bulkley, a member of the firm of Cameron & Bulkley, 13 East Thirtieth Street, said yesterday that he had learned through the American Red Cross that it was his brother Seymour Bulkley, and not a Seymour Ralkley, who was the subject of a special cable dispatch to THE TIMES last week, praising him for his work in relieving the inhabitants of villages destroyed by the Austrian bombardments.

Mr. Bulkley said yesterday that his brother had been a resident of Italy for several years.

Mr. Bulkley got a letter from his brother several days ago which told of the suffering and hardships of the population. The letter was mailed at Conegliano.

"I have taught these people to stand in line and keep silent," the Red Cross officer wrote, "which, considering they are Italians, is a remarkable achievement. I have eight assistants, four soldiers and a soldier chauffeur. In this one place I have served 6,500 persons with beans, peas, bacon, &c. We have with beans, peas, bacon, &c. We have been most necessary in saving the people from starving. I have in outlying communes fourteen points of distribution, each place with a varying population of from 3,000 to 7,000 persons."

SHOOK RING FROM WINDOW.

"Finder's" Champagne Gloves Mrs. Kohlberg's Only Clue.

The only clue that Mrs. William Kohlberg of 590 West 174th Street has of a stylishly dressed man who "found" her ring yesterday afternoon is his champagne colored gloves.

While she was shaking her lace bureau cover out of the window of her third-floor apartment she was talking with her sister-in-law, Mrs. Charles Kohlberg, and therefore did not notice that with the dust she was also shaking out a diamond ring, which she received from her husband on their fifth wedding anniversary.

Then she looked out of the window and saw a well-dressed man, wearing champagne colored gloves stoop to pick up something. He pocketed the ring, looked up and smiled a "thank you." Instead of returning the smile Mrs. Kohlberg yelled, attracting the attention of a woman who was passing with a baby carriage. The man ran, and the woman followed, but burdened with the carriage she was unable to catch him.

An advertisement in the Lost and Found column of this issue contains an appeal for the return of the ring.

Two Boy Skaters Drowned.

Two unidentified boys about 13 years old were drowned yesterday afternoon in the Bronx River about a half mile north of 180th Street and Boston Road when they eluded a police guard and skated on thin ice. Herman W. Merkle, Chief Forester of Bronx Park, recovered one of the bodies. Though firemen searched two hours for the other body, it was not recovered.

SAY ROOSEVELT FAVORED DRY CAUSE

Letters Given to Show He Was Not in Sympathy with Anti-Prohibitionists.

PROMISED AID IN FIGHT

Correspondence and Substance of Interview Made Public by Anti-Saloon League.

Andrew B. Wood, Assistant Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, issued a statement yesterday in which he charged that an impression had been given shortly before Colonel Roosevelt's death that he was in sympathy "with the brewery side of the question." Mr. Wood submitted evidence which he said proved that Colonel Roosevelt supported the prohibition cause. His statement follows:

"Having had an interview in July, 1918, with Colonel Roosevelt at his home in the presence of the Rev. Henry C. Scotford upon the subject of national prohibition, and noting that the brewers' attorney, shortly before the Colonel died, had circulated a statement which was so worded as to leave the impression that Mr. Roosevelt's sympathy lay with the brewery side of the question, and, realizing how unfortunate and, as I believe, utterly out of harmony with the fact would be the continuance of such an impression, I took the opportunity of making a little further inquiry on the subject.

"I submitted the matter to an intimate friend of Colonel Roosevelt, the Rev. Ferdinand C. Iglehart, D. D., contributing editor of The Christian Herald, a man whom Colonel Roosevelt had told me and others that he held in very high personal regard and loved as an intimate friend. On the day the thirty-sixth State ratified the national prohibition amendment I received the following communication:

Favored the Amendment.

Jan. 16, 1919.

Rev. A. B. Wood,
906 Broadway, New York City.

My dear Mr. Wood: I was pleased to hear of your favorable interview with Colonel Roosevelt upon the subject of national prohibition, and was not surprised that you felt encouraged by his attitude. He has expressed himself to me on so many occasions that it would be a great personal grief to learn that the brewery counsel could succeed in leaving the impression on the public mind that Colonel Roosevelt's sympathy was with them.

The inclosed letter was sent to me just after Congress voted to submit the National Prohibition Amendment to the Legislatures of the States. Not only before that time but since that time in conversation specifically on the meaning of his letter, the Colonel expressed himself as favoring the amendment. He said that in addition to specific deeds in opposition to the liquor traffic, the whole trend of his life had been toward prohibition.

I am glad to submit this to you as corroborating what you stated about your interview. Cordially yours,

FERDINAND C. IGLEHART.

"The inclosure is submitted below and requires but a simple explanation to set it in proper light. Congress took final action in submitting the national amendment on Dec. 18, 1917. The letter from Colonel Roosevelt is dated the following day and, as explained in Dr. Iglehart's letter to me, it was intended to signify Mr. Roosevelt's favorable attitude toward national prohibition.

Colonel Roosevelt's Letter.

Metropolitan,
432 Fourth Avenue, New York,
Office of Theodore Roosevelt.
Dec. 19, 1917.

My Dear Mr. Iglehart—I thank you for your book and appreciate your sending it to me and I wish to congratulate you on what has happened in Congress and the success that is crowning your long fight against alcoholism.

The American saloon has been one of the most mischievous elements in American social, political and industrial life. No man has warred more valiantly against it than you have, and I am glad that it has been my privilege to stand with you in the contest. Faithfully yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Dr. Ferdinand C. Iglehart, care of Christian Herald, Bible House, New York.

"In the interview which I had after I had explained the progress the prohibition movement had made in New York State, the Colonel said: 'That is fine progress,' and when I spoke of the national situation specifically he told me he would do what he could to secure national prohibition.

"Inasmuch as some correspondence passed between us after that, being matters which he said he took up with Mr. Hays, I feel that I am entirely right in saying that the Colonel did what he felt he could to secure national prohibition and stood ready to do more at the right minute, if necessary.

"The latter statement is further corroborated by two of my associates who interviewed the Colonel but a short time before his death."

The Anti-Saloon League announced that it would have several representatives at the legislative hearing on prohibition in Albany tomorrow, though it had opposed such a hearing "as a sheer waste of time." Wayne B. Wheeler, national counsel for the league, and Mrs. Ella A. Boole, State Superintendent of the W. C. T. U., will be among the speakers.

FRIGHT KILLS SKIPPER.

Martin, Who Let Zeppelin Crew Drown, Thought He Had Been Poisoned.

LONDON, Dec. 25, (Associated Press.)—Captain William Martin of the British trawler King Stephen, who from fear of treachery refused to take off the crew of the disabled Zeppelin L-19 in the North Sea in February, 1916, died eleven months later of a nervous collapse caused by the mistaken belief that he had been poisoned. This and other facts concerning the incident now are available for the first time and it is possible to tell the story in detail. It is believed here that the eighteen Germans composing the crew of the L-19 perished.

The action of Captain Martin evoked denunciations of alleged "British inhumanity" in the German press, which compared the affair to the celebrated Baralong case. It is claimed here that public opinion upheld Captain Martin in his position that if he had taken the Germans on board the trawler they would have captured the vessel and his unarmed crew of ten men. It will be recalled that the Rev. Arthur W. Ingrem, Bishop of London, publicly declared, "we ought to stand by a skipper. The Germans have killed chivalry in wartime."

Because of his action Captain Martin, it is learned, received a number of letters threatening his life. About eleven months after the North Sea incident he became ill after smoking a cigarette from a package sent him by mail, and he was convinced that the cigarette contained poison. Analysis of the tobacco proved that his fears were unfounded, but he never recovered from the shock. The verdict of his physician was that he had died from sheer fright.

SUICIDE NOTIFIED MORGUE.

Answering Ryan's Telephone Call, Newark Police Found Him Dying.

"I have just shot myself. I'll be dead when your wagon gets here," was the startling message received over the telephone by an attendant at Mullen's Morgue in Newark last night. The man on the phone directed the wagon to go to the "South Street yards" of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The police were notified and Mullen started with his wagon.

They found Henry Ryan, 59 years of age, of 122 Orchard Street, unconscious with two bullet wounds in his body. He was formerly attached to the Newark Police Force, but for the past three or four years was connected with the detective force of the railroad. He died before he reached the City Hospital. Before calling the morgue Ryan sent a message to Chief Coakley, of the Pennsylvania force, that he had been shot by some one riding on a train. His relatives could ascribe no reason for his act.

RAILROAD DEFICIT POINTS TO NEW RISE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

employes, these four brotherhoods have been insisting upon having their own rates of pay revised upward.

The Wage Board is understood to have recommended to Director General Hines an increase for the brotherhoods as large as that which they obtained under the Adamson law. Unofficial estimates indicate that if this recommendation is adopted the increase would amount to $100,000,000, and this would make the total wage advances under Government operation mount up to $1,000,000,000, or about 65 per cent.

Little Hope of Surplus.

All elements of the situation considered, the new Director General is confronted by a situation where he can foresee no hope of having the nationalized railroads earn a surplus this year, despite the fact that only as short a time ago as Jan. 3 Mr. McAdoo, appearing before the Senate committee in advocacy of extension of the period of Government control of five years, estimated that with the same volume of traffic as last year the Government would earn a surplus in 1919 above the guaranteed rental of $100,000,000.

The statement was also made by Mr. McAdoo to the committee that "it would be possible during the year 1919, or certainly at the end of the year, to effect a considerable reduction in rates unless the traffic for 1919 should be much less than it was in the year 1918."

In the conferences which Director General Hines held with his staff of Regional Directors last week five ways for meeting the threatened 1919 deficit were considered. These were, first, to increase freight rates again; second, to seek an appropriation by Congress of a fund to meet the deficit; third, operating economies; fourth, increase in volume of traffic, and finally, reduction of wages.

It is understood that the fifth of these possible antidotes, that of reducing wages, was at once stricken from the list, on the ground that it would not be possible to undertake any general reduction until there was a considerable decline in the cost of living, something not now in prospect. It is not likely that the situation can be met through increased volume of traffic, especially since the weekly returns to the Director General show that there has been a marked decline since the signing of the armistice in November.

On account of the stoppage of war industry and the readjustment of business during the period of reconstruction the Regional Directors are contemplating contraction rather than expansion of the volume of tonnage. As compared with October there was a 12 per cent. decline in tonnage in November, and December figures are expected to show a further decline.

Problem of Meeting a Deficit.

Thus five possible ways of meeting the threatened deficit seemed to be reduced to three, increased freight rates, an appropriation from Congress, or operating economies. When Mr. McAdoo was before the Senate committee he voiced the belief that considerable savings should be made this year from various economies. He spoke of savings of $85,000,000 in five of the regional districts, which he thought amount to $120,000,000 for the entire country.

It has since been pointed out to Mr. Hines that $80,000,000 of this sum came through cutting out passenger trains, as a war measure to which the public was willing to submit for patriotic reasons, but that the public could not be counted upon to continue to submit to this after the passing of the emergency. Of the remaining prospective saving of $40,000,000, $7,000,000 was through limitation of newspaper and magazine advertising, and most of the rest represented reduction of traffic service offices.

There have been economies resulting from short-routing of traffic, but it has been found in the two sections where the greater part of it was done that the total saving in car miles amounted to one-fifth of 1 per cent., or a saving of only two miles in every thousand.

If the reduction of wages is out of the question, and increased volume of traffic is impossible, and savings from operating economies are too small to serve as a vital factor against mounting expenses that are running into the hundreds of millions, the present administration is confronted by the alternatives of asking Congress to make up any operating deficit by appropriation of large sums, or of increasing freight rates.

Policy of Increasing Rates.

The policy which Mr. McAdoo observed as Director General was to keep the railroads self-supporting by increases in freight or passenger rates to the extent necessary to meet the increases in the wage scale. From all that can be learned it is the belief of Director General Hines also that this is the only sound policy, the argument being that the burden of increased labor cost should be shared by the users of the railroads in proportion to the amount of traffic they consume, and that this burden should not be placed upon the general public, including nonusers or infrequent users of the roads, through national taxation.

It is not understood that officials of the Railroad Administration feel that the Government has a right to place on the roads a permanent burden of more than $1,000,000,000 a year without providing the revenues with which to meet this increased cost of operation. Otherwise, when the Government releases its grip on the railroads, it will be turning back to the private companies owning them properties facing bankruptcy through cumulative deficits, instead of roads that were solvent when taken over by the Government and rented from their owners.

WOULD TRY KAISER FOR ACTS IN WAR

Gerard Tells Meeting That to Send Ruler to St. Helena Would Dignify Him.

SEES A HUMBLED PEOPLE

Declares Germany Should Be Barred from League of Nations Until Fully Repentant.

James W. Gerard, former Ambassador to Germany, appeared yesterday at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, under the auspices of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, and told a large audience that as he had delivered a lecture there last year he thought it would be more interesting to them if they would ask questions concerning Germany, and he would answer them rather than present a prepared speech.

One of the first questions asked of Mr. Gerard was whether he believed that Germany should be punished for invading Belgium, and if so, what form the punishment should take. He replied:

"In my opinion Germany should be made pay every cent of damage she caused. There was no pretense of right whatsoever in the invasion of Belgium. On the 10th of August, 1914, I asked the Kaiser why Belgium was invaded, and he answered 'For strategical reasons.' As a matter of fact, it was a well thought out scheme by the Kaiser and his military advisers to invade Northern France by way of Belgium."

"What indemnity should Germany be made to pay?" Mr. Gerard was asked.

"I do not think she will be able to pay as large an indemnity as the published reports say the Allied powers will ask her to pay," he replied. "Germany depends for most of her revenue on foreign trade and that is gone and it will take years to bring it back again."

In reply to a question as to whether he thought that Germany should be admitted to a league of nations, Mr. Gerard said that she should be admitted only after years of repentance for the misery and cruelty she has inflicted on the world. Mr. Gerard was then asked if he thought there was any fighting spirit left in the German people.

"I do not think so," he answered. "You can imagine how humiliated and dispirited the German people must feel after believing their soldiers were supermen and to wake up and find out they were less. I can assure you that the German people are thoroughly sick of war."

Mr. Gerard said that he believed the Kaiser was personally responsible for the war, and that he should be placed on trial for his acts. He asserted that the Kaiser was responsible for the deportation of men and women from Belgium, the sinking of the Lusitania and the cruelties practised at prison camps. He declared that to send the Kaiser to St. Helena would be to dignify him too much, and that to kill him would be to make a martyr of him.

"Do you think the German people are good people, but have been led astray by their military leaders?" Mr. Gerard was asked.

"The German people have been governed by the Hohenzollerns for many years," he replied. "When Belgium was invaded, when women and young girls were deported, when the Lusitania was sunk, there was no voice raised in protest in Germany except that of Karl Liebknecht and Maximilian Harden. The Kaiser has always believed that he was divinely appointed by God to rule the world, and this belief has been ingrained in the German people."

Mr. Gerard in reply to a question said that he did not believe that the German people would take the Kaiser back, because that even before the war the Social Democrats were in the majority in Germany but they had no voice in the Reichstag. Mr. Gerard said that there still remained in Germany the members of the landed aristocracy who believe in the Hohenzollerns.

PREDICTS ITALIAN WAR.

Vienna Asserts Conflict with Jugo-slavs Is Imminent.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 17, (Via Genoa, Jan. 18.)—According to special information from Trieste, the strained relations between the Jugoslavs and Italians are assuming a critical stage. A settlement of their differences is improbable and an outbreak of hostilities is considered imminent.

The situation is further aggravated by the attitude of the French authorities in Trieste and Pola, who express aversion to the Italian plans in the Adriatic. Italian outgoing ships in Trieste and Pola are searched by the Entente authorities in order to prevent the Italians taking coal and materials from the magazines of the former Austrian Government.

MANY GIFTS FOR WILSONS.

Still Pouring In from All Over Europe—Children's Most Valued.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—President and Mrs. Wilson came to Paris with a very modest collection of trunks and personal baggage, but they will probably be forced to take home a carload. Both Mr. and Mrs. Wilson have received so many gifts in the course of their stay in Paris and their visits to England and Italy that a large quantity of them will probably have to be taken to Washington on an army transport.

Gifts of all kinds and of all values began pouring in the day President Wilson arrived, and they still are coming in in a never-ending stream. They come from all classes of people.

Many of the presents are priceless, but the President values most those having a sentimental appeal. These have come principally from children, not only in France, but from all over Europe, and also from families in Entente countries which have suffered from the war.

President Wilson has directed that each one be formally acknowledged. Sometimes in response to a particularly touching message accompanying the gifts he writes a personal acknowledgment, but the pressure on his time is so great that he cannot do so for all. Nevertheless, every gift, no matter how insignificant, is carefully preserved. Many of them will undoubtedly find permanent places in the White House, because the President does not feel that were given to him wholly personally.

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Embroidery, wrought directly on the material, figures in many of the most impressive models; but there are others whose attractiveness lies chiefly in the originality of cut, the clever arrangement of a sash, or some individual novelty of detail which adds distinction without showiness. All are representative of the refinement of taste, and among them are many that may appropriately be worn by women of more mature years who have retained the slender grace of their youth.

(Misses' Frocks, Second Floor)

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Discontinued lines of
FINE SHOES
FOR
MEN & WOMEN

FOR MEN
$8.65
Brown and black calfskin in styles that sold at $10 and $12. Incomplete sizes.

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$8.85
Black and brown calfskin and combinations of black and gray, or brown and fawn. Some sizes missing.

NONE SENT C. O. D. OR ON APPROVAL

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.
Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

What a Comfort

To find your apparel fresh and unwrinkled upon arrival.

Whether you're off to Florida or California, or on the humdrum commercial trip, you'll find convenience and long service in these specially priced

Wardrobe Trunks
$45.50 to $58.50
Ordinarily 52.50 to 70.25

Long service is assured because they're built on 3 ply veneer boxes. A high class appearance is given by the black fibre covering. They are interlined with fibre and have brassed reinforcements at wear points.

The boltless interlocker saves bending over and spares the finger nails as there are no clasps to open. A strapless retainer and twelve combination hangers prevent garments from creasing and the shoe and laundry bags are cleverly adjusted. The bureau section has five all wood drawers, including hat drawer and locked top drawer. Size 45x22x22 inches.

Quality Kit Bags

1st Class, 2nd Class, Steerage?
Your luggage classifies—but there's no danger of your being misclassed with one of these English Model Kit Bags.

Superiority is evident in every seam and their strength promises years of service. Made of finest hand boarded cowhide.

Sewn-on reinforced corners. Solid brass side lever locks and catches. Encircling straps keep bag in shape and allow space for canes or an umbrella.

Interior has plaid lining with three pockets.
Size 24 inches, $47.50
Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St. Bldg.

Pipe Dreams

Of the past or visions of the future float gently upward in the smoke wreathes of these mellow tobaccos.

Lakewood
Fragrant cut plug Perique Mild, blended and lasting. 54c ½ lb., $1.08 lb.

Serene Mixture not affected by climate, 59c ½ lb., $1.18 lb.

Vintage—a blend of finest old imported and domestic tobaccos. Mild and aromatic. Rich and cool. 59c ½ lb., $1.18 lb.

Pipes—
French Briar, 49c to $1.49
Italian Briars "Livorno" or "Milano" in all shapes, Priced $3.24
Macy's—Fifth Floor, 34th St. Front.

15 Reasons

Why First Mortgages Guaranteed by this Company Are the Best Investment for Prudent People.

13

So shrewd an accumulator as the late Hetty Green used to say, that there was nothing equal to the steady earning of interest, that the way to get ahead was to make sure that your principal was safe and accumulate the interest.

The trouble with speculation is that, while you make profits at times that are very pleasing, you make losses at other times, and in the long run you are generally worse off than if you had made neither but had kept your principal undisturbed and received regular interest payments on it.

It is strange what a fascination there is in trying to buy cheap and sell dear and how tame it seems to many people not to see their principal going up or down, but only producing interest.

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175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

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Forecast of Spring Fashions Number

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Replace steel needles!

They play 50 to 100 times without wearing out

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Electric, Gas or Oil. MAKE

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In NEXT Block WEST of Woolworth Bldg.

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SCOTCH WHISKEY

Is Limited & High Priced. Try

OLD BUSHMILLS

11 year old all malt

IMPORTED WHISKEY

It is like fine old Liqueur-Scotch with less smoky taste.

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PLEA FOR ECONOMIC AID TO THE RUSSIANS

Moissaye Olgin, at Cooper Union, Argues Against Boycott of Stricken Country.

OPPONENT OF BOLSHEVISM

Author Declares Leaders Did Not Lead, But Approved Processes They Could Not Stay.

Moissaye J. Olgin, author of a number of books on Russia, speaking last night at Cooper Union on "The Russian Crisis," urged that the Allies refrain from leaving Russia to her own fate by inaugurating an economic boycott. The world, he said, would not gain by an attempt to starve out a nation of 120,000,000 people.

Although an opponent of the Bolsheviki, calling himself a Menshevik, Mr. Olgin suggested that the best way to rehabilitate Russia would be to renew commercial intercourse with it. Russia, he said, had plenty of iron, coal, oil, gold, skins and other materials which America might use while Russia might get from America agricultural implements, machinery and other products. "We will pay you well," he added. "You need our materials and we need yours. We need your skill and your technical ability. The establishment of commercial relations will solve the problem."

Mr. Olgin said that on coming to power the Bolsheviats adopted a clever policy. They saw processes going on, and knowing that they could not stop them they approved of them. "They saw the workmen taking over the industries," he added, "and so they told them that was the thing to do. They saw that the soldiers had stopped fighting, and so they said that the war should cease. They saw the peasants taking the land, and they said, 'Let the peasants take the land.' They saw various parts of Russia breaking away from Russia because of old grievances, and so they said let all the nationalities of Russia have self-determination.

"Incidentally it may be well to note that the Bolsheviki seem to have changed their minds with respect to this principle, for why then are they sending armies to the Ukraine, to Kief, Vilna, and Warsaw? They do not agree to self-determination any more. But they had to agree to it when they came into power, for it was going on. The Bolsheviki just happened to say the things that the masses of the Russian people wanted to be told in the Summer of 1917. The charge that the Bolsheviki are German agents is so much nonsense that any Russian who knows anything at all will not even discuss it.

May Be Reaction in Russia.

"I do not believe that the way Russia took over the land was the most scientific way. There was no equality in the land distribution. I am not so sure but that in the future we will have a reactionary class of small farmers, opposing progress and oppressing their laborers, as a result of the unscientific and disorderly grabbing of the land. But it must be remembered that that is what 150,000,000 people did.

"Though I am not a member of the Bolsheviki and do not approve of the course of the Russian revolution, I must say that the Bolsheviki were the only ones who introduced order out of chaos," he continued. "They have been called anarchists, but it would take a scholar many years to analyze the vast system of laws they introduced. They are not anarchists, but centralists —they say that the State represents the people, and in their minds the people are the peasants, soldiers, and workers. I do not agree with their policies, but I know they have maintained order for fourteen months and they show no signs of weakening.

"What shall the civilized world do with Russia? Shall self-determination be applied only to the Czechoslovaks, Poles and other nations and not to the Russians? To ask this is to answer it. Are the Allies going to fight Russia because they do not believe in its political principles? The Russian masses have done things they ought not to have done, but are we to invade Russia and kill them off because we disagree with them? To send an army to Russia would require from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 men, and the war might last from five to fifteen years. That will not help, but will hamper progress."

Favors Lloyd George's Policy.

Lloyd George's policy toward the Soviet Government of Rusia, the policy of a "truce of God," was advocated last night at the Public Forum of the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street, by Jerome Davis, Acting Senior Secretary in charge of all the war work of the Y. M. C. A. in Russia. While Mr. Davis disclaimed belief in the extreme theories of the Bolsheviki, he pleaded for toleration on the ground that if what they wanted was right they ought to have it, but if it was wrong it should be given the opportunity to fail. The speaker returned here from Russia on Nov. 10, one of the last groups from Russia to reach this country.

Mr. Davis outlined the three policies which it is possible at this time to assume toward Russia. "First," he said, "we can attempt to crush out the Bolsheviki. To do this would be impossible were it desirable. Those who have made any study of the question, Professor Harper of Chicago University among them, assure us that it would take 5,000,000 men. Moreover, that policy has apparently been abandoned by the Allies, so I dismiss it.

"There is the second policy of the 'ring of steel.' It is proposed that instead of sending any soldiers of our own, we supply ammunition, clothing, food, and supplies of all kinds to the opponents of the Bolsheviki. There is only one possible result of that line of action. The consequent chaos will make the so-called Red Terror look mild in comparison. The Bolsheviki will attack those classes among them who are their enemies, and former servants of the Czar, like Kolchak, will be the ones to lead the counter-revolution. And finally we shall have on our heads the starvation of hundreds of thousands of women and babies.

"There is only one policy left, and that is the one sponsored by Lloyd George. We must be proud of England for taking this stand, and it must be that it is the result of superior information which Lloyd George has, and which most of you do not. I am inclined to think that it is based on the reports of the British High Commission, reports which have not been published, but which I understand convey the offer of the Bolsheviki to co-operate with the Allies."

LATEST TALE ABOUT CZAR.

Bodies of Whole Family Cremated in Oven, Austrian Diplomat Says.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 18.—In a special dispatch to the Nationaltidende it is reported that an Austrian diplomatist now in Bergen, having come from Ekaterinburg, told of being sure that the Czar and his family were murdered.

The murder, he said, took place in the house where the family were confined. Bolsheviki entered and called the Czar from his room. When he came out he was shot with a revolver. The Czarina and her daughters were next shot in their rooms. The Czarevitch was sitting in his room reading when he was killed with blows on the head with the butts of revolvers.

The bodies were burned in a baker's oven to leave no traces.

TWO ALLIED ARMIES LINKING UP IN RUSSIA

Siberian Forces Near Junction with Those in Archangel—Recover Flour Seized by Reds.

ARCHANGEL, Jan. 17, (Associated Press.)—The Siberian army is nearing a junction with the forces of the Archangel Government in the Arctic Pichora district, near the Siberian border. According to a telegram received by General Marushewsky, Governor General of the Region of the North, today, General Martinoff, a Siberian plenipotentiary, has arrived at Ust Tsilma, on the Pichora River, where he located a detachment of the northern forces.

General Martinoff arrived in advance of the Siberian troops. He reported they were marching northwestward from Perm through the frozen Mundra territory. He said they already had taken the village of Lapina, on the other side of the Ural Mountains, about 275 miles away, and were marching toward the Pichora River.

The Siberians, on capturing the territory about Lapina, according to General Martinoff's telegram, recovered a great quantity of flour, shipped from Siberia for consumption by the populace of the Archangel district. The flour was seized by the Bolsheviki when they controlled this territory.

Small Russian volunteer detachments for a long time have been operating near the mouth of the Pichora River. There is a direct telegraph line from Ust Tsilma to Archangel.

POLITICAL PRISONERS KILLED AT OMSK

Prominent Men Freed by Reds Had Returned to Prison at Government's Urging.

VLADIVOSTOK, Jan. 17, (Associated Press.)—Of the prisoners who were released from jail at Omsk as the result of an abortive Bolshevist plot late in December, nine of those who voluntarily returned were killed by the military without the knowledge of Admiral Kolchak, the Supreme Governor of the Omsk Government, or of his Ministers, according to information that has just come to light.

The motive of the executions is obscure, but the inclusion among the nine victims of several important members of the Consituent Assembly, prominent journalists, and public leaders points, in the minds of many, to the use of Bolsheviat methods of intimidation and suppression of the idea of a Constituent Assembly.

When the jail was opened on the night of Dec. 22 the political prisoners at first refused to leave their cells, and it is said they were threatened with being shot if they persisted. They were told, it is reported, that the authority of Omsk had been seized by the Bolsheviki.

The following day, when it became clear that the plot had failed, the Government issued a proclamation urging those who had been released to return to prison under pain of court-martial. The military authorities and the Ministry of Justice appealed to the relatives of the men released, advising their immediate return, and the fugitives were brought to prison by their wives, relatives, and acquaintances.

At 3 o'clock in the morning of Dec. 24 an automobile stopped at the jail and took away nine of the prisoners. All of these have since completely disappeared. When the facts became known to the Council of Ministers the supreme ruler, Admiral Kolchak, sent a special detachment of soldiers to guard the prison.

FINNS HELPED DEFEAT REDS.

Expedition to Esthonia Said to Have Been Successful.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 18.—A special dispatch to the National Tidende of Stockholm gives the information that General Hjalmarsson has returned from Esthonia and reported that the Finnish expedition was attended with success.

The situation in Livonia is serious, and the Government probably will leave Libau for Reval for some time to avoid bloodshed. An appeal has been telegraphed to Stockholm for quick help of the Swedish expedition.

MME. BRESHKOVSKAYA TELLS OF RUSSIA'S NEED

Warns That Any Government Set Up There Will Fall Unless Aided at Once.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 19.—If help is not forthcoming at once, any Government set up in Russia will fail, said Mme. Catherine Breshkovskaya, known as the "Grandmother of the Russian Revolution," who arrived here today from the Orient. Czechoslovak, rather than allied troops are wanted in Russia, she declared.

"The coming of Czechoslovak soldiers would be welcomed by the people as they would welcome the coming of Christ," she said.

The mission of the Bolsheviki is to destroy, not to build, to ruin and not to succor—that is the estimate which Madame Breshkovskaya places upon the force which is ruling a large part of Russia today.

Although Madame Breshkovskaya celebrated her seventy-fifty birthday at sea, her voyage across the Pacific appeared not to have tired her. There was a small group of friends on the dock to greet her when the Japanese liner Kamo Maru moored. There was an affectionate greeting between her and Helen Stuart Dudley of Boston, who had come to accompany her across the continent. Throwing herself into the arms of the younger woman, she exclaimed:

"Oh, dear, dear, is it true, is it true? I'm in America at last with my friends. Here I am in America at last. My dear, dear Helena."

The delegation of Czechoslovaks and the committee from the Bohemian National Alliance stood with uncovered heads when Madame Breshkovskaya came down the gangplank.

Asked if she had knowledge of a Bolshevist movement in America, she replied: "Bolsheviki in this country, contending against the Government? You do not know what Bolsheviki are. There may be Bolshevist sympathizers, but certainly not the destroyers we have in Russia. However, Bolsheviki are Bolsheviki wherever they are. They tear down; they destroy. Ruination is their motto. They are not constructors.

"Two years ago we had a successful revolution. All at once the reins of government were taken over by the people. We ought only to construct and that is what we had in view. Then arose the Bolsheviki and since then there has been only destruction. The millions of illiterates in my country never knew there was a Little Russia, a Siberia, or any of the other divisions of Russia. They were never permitted to take part. How can such people attain such liberties as they strive for? One-half the Socialists who wanted to build and to educate were sentenced to Siberia, to Russian prisons or worse. The future of my country depends upon its ability to organize and upon its conceptions of democracy. Russia needs system, order, education, and peaceful industry.

"My purpose in coming here is to find warm hearts who will pity and succor the 4,000,000 orphans in Russia. It is a work to which I shall devote the remaining years of my life."

OYSTER BAY PLANS A ROOSEVELT PARK

Many Citizens Consider Playground Best Memorial for ex-President.

FORM LOCAL ORGANIZATION

Widow and Daughter of Rough Rider Place Flowers on the Colonel's Grave.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Jan. 19.—Although no definite decision has as yet been reached, the prevailing sentiment is that the home town of the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will establish a large waterfront park as a memorial to the former President. Citizens under the leadership of William Loeb, Jr., who was at one time the Colonel's private secretary, are being organized into a permanent body, and officers will be elected next Friday evening.

Colonel Roosevelt believed in parks for the people, and this village has none. Situated near the railroad station is a vast area fronting the bay, which has never been improved and has been considered a detriment to the beauty of the village. If this properly is secured, it is proposed to fill-in many places and to erect bulkheads. A huge playground and an athletic field would be laid out. It is known that Colonel Roosevelt always favored such ideas and that he was opposed to statues and the like. The park will be named Roosevelt Memorial Park and in it will have some suitable memorial, such as a rostrum properly inscribed.

The movement for a memorial in this town will be national in character. It is believed that contributions will be received from all sections of the country. Every one who subscribes to the fund will be made an honorary member of the association, which will be known as the Roosevelt Memorial Association of Oyster Bay. Active members of the association residing in Oyster Bay will be assessed $10 yearly for the support of the organization. The management of the association will be conducted by the Oyster Bay residents.

Several Thousand Subscribed.

Commenting on the plans, Mr. Loeb today said that a constitution and by-laws had been drawn up, and that with the election of officers on Friday means of securing contributions will be taken up. Already several thousand dollars have been received, and it is expected that following the memorial meetings in all parts of this country on Feb. 9 many additional contributions will be received.

Associated with Mr. Loeb in the movement are John F. Bermingham, Mortimer L. Schiff, Colgate Hoyt, Joseph H. Sears, George Bullock, Frederick Remington, William L. Peters, Howard C. Smith, William L. Swan, Rev. Father Canivan, Rev. Dr. George Taimage and William McCoun.

Hundreds of persons today visited the little cemetery where Colonel Roosevelt is buried. Many were soldiers and sailors who stood at attention. Among the visitors were a little girl and her mother. The girl placed a small bouquet of pinks on the grave, and as she was leaving her mother remarked:

"My husband was a Rough Rider under the Colonel. He has told Mary many stories about him. She always wanted to see him and when he died she wanted to come here and put flowers on the grave. My husband died about a year ago, and he and the Colonel frequently met and talked over the times in Cuba. Every man in my husband's regiment worshipped the Colonel."

Memorial services in honor of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt were conducted by the Rev. William T. Manning yesterday afternoon in the home of Mrs. John Henry Hammond, 9 East Ninety-first Street. The meeting was arranged under the auspices of the Woman's Roosevelt Memorial Committee, of which Mrs. William Curtis Demorest is the Acting Chairman.

Following the service, an informal discussion of the character of the proposed memorial was held. Among the suggestions offered were the endowment of a Roosevelt chair for the study of American history in Barnard College; the purchase of Madison Square Garden as a community centre, and the erection of an equestrian statue of the former President. No action was taken on the proposals.

The Chairman announced that a meeting would be held next Monday morning, Jan. 27, at a place yet to be determined, to complete the organization of the committee. A nominating committee of five was appointed to report at that meeting.

HILLIS TALKS OF ROOSEVELT.

Pays High Tribute to Patriotic, Christian Qualities.

Theodore Roosevelt was eulogized last night in a sermon at the Marble Church, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street, by the Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn. There was not a vacant pew in the auditorium. The speaker took for his text: "For his sword was lifted unto heaven."

"A certain wonderful intellect had Theodore Roosevelt," Dr. Hillis said, "that made him a leader of men. A certain marvelous vision was his gift that inspired him to greater things than were dreamed of by his critics. He had not only a great intellect, but a great heart, from which he lent to the people the Christian impulse with which it was filled.

"Our country had so few men of really great intellect that we could not afford to lose one of them. But the greatest of all is gone, now that Theodore Roosevelt has passed. The death of this man has impoverished the land. The uniqueness of his temperament is to be traced to his forbears. Everything that was wise he derived from his father; every Christian motive he possessed he derived from his mother.

"How marvelous his intellect, that blazed like a planet in the skies and lighted the intellectual way for his fellows!

"Theodore Roosevelt forgot his friends, forgot everything, when his country called, and it was ever calling this man. Once upon a time he dwelt upon the fact that it might come to pass that the rich man might elect his private Congressmen and his private Senator, he even might go so far as to elect his private President, and then, asked Roosevelt, where will the poor man be?

"And this noble man has gone home to God. The world will celebrate him by the splendid gifts he gives us, this Christian statesman, and we would indeed all be beggars if we resisted the to all his splendid gifts we have added perfection. He was not perfect, but he was a Christian—a true American."

NEWPORT OFFICERS LEAVE.

Training School to End After Giving Four Classes to Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 19.—Upon the graduation next Wednesday of cadets from the Second Naval District Training School for Officers, of which Lieutenant Alexander Hamilton Rice, U. S. N. R. F., is director, the school will cease to exists, with a record of training four classes of ensign's rank for every branch of the Naval Service since its establishment at the beginning of the war.

Lieutenant Rice is planning to go later to Brazil on a scientific expedition. Lieutenant Louis S. Treadwell, in command of the material section, and Lieutenant Robert Potter of the shore patrol in Newport since the war, will be placed on the inactive list of the navy.

Paymaster Albert H. Ely, Jr., attached to the Second District receiving barracks, has been assigned to the U. S. S. Panaman, to sail for France.

Another Sunday Paper for London.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—With the lifting of an embargo on new newspapers, a war-time measure, announcement is made of another Sunday paper for London, The Sunday Express, which is being produced by the publishers of The Daily Express. Lord Beaverbrook, until recently Minister of Information, is understood to be devoting his personal attention to the venture. The war has produced four new publications, all Sunday papers. Two dailies disappeared, The Standard and The Citizen.

Northern Pacific Reaches Harbor.

The transport Northern Pacific, which was floated on Saturday night after being aground eighteen days on a sandbar off Fire Island, arrived off Stapleton yesterday afternoon in charge of three wrecking tugs, and anchored. It is expected that she will go to the Brooklyn Navy Yard today. The crew did not come ashore.

CANADIAN ACE SPEAKS HERE

Colonel Bishop Tells How He Downed 72 German Pilots.

Colonel William A. Bishop, "Ace of Aces," the Canadian flier, who is accredited with having downed 72 German airplanes officially, and 110 unofficially, gave his first lecture at the Lexington Theatre last night. A large audience heard him describe his experiences at the front. Colonel Bishop prefaced his talk with a tribute to the American pilots, whom he described as "unsurpassable," and told of the exploits of three Americans who had been members of his squadron.

In telling of his first successful fight, which occurred on March 25, 1917, Colonel Bishop said that the thrill of exultation he experienced when he saw his opponent start to fall toward the ground was changed a few seconds later to a sense of pity as he thought of the fate of the man. Having downed his man, he said he glided toward the earth with his motor off. In the flush of victory he became overexcited and came within range of ten antiaircraft guns, which began pouring shot at him. When he tried to start his engine again he found it refused to function. His machine was going at the rate of 150 miles an hour, which Colonel Bishop said enabled him to mount a considerable distance in the air. He was able to glide back to his own lines, landing in No Man's Land. With the aid of five British who crawled from their trenches Colonel Bishop said he was able to rescue his airplane.

Colonel Bishop told many tales of himself and his comrades. Particularly effective was his description of his last fight, in which he downed five machines in twelve minutes. He had flown about ten miles over the German lines, he said, when five German pilots, evidently thinking he was lost, attacked him. He had the good luck, which is the reason given by Colonel Bishop for each one of his successes, to down two of the trio as soon as they got close to him. Meanwhile, two more enemy planes joined the fray, coming up from behind. Manipulating his own machine, Colonel Bishop said he managed to escape their fire and cause one machine of the original five to crash into another. The newcomers becoming frightened flew away. Colonel Bishop shot down a German two-seater on his return to his own lines.

In closing Colonel Bishop scored those who say that now that the war is over the Germans should be forgiven. He said such an attitude was not fair to the men who had given their lives to the cause.

READY FOR BIG FUR SALE.

Pelts Worth Nearly $9,000,000 to be Offered at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 19.—More than 5,000,000 pelts, that are expected to bring between $8,300,000 and $9,000,000, will be offered here tomorrow at the biggest auction sale of furs ever held. Buyers from Russia and other European countries will attend the nine-day sale at the International Fur Exchange.

Among the large offerings at the sale, in which every fur-producing country of the world will be represented, are 855,000 muskrat skins, 300,000 opossum, 215,000 skunk, 810,000 Russian squirrel, 130,000 raccoon, 100,000 mink, 118,000 ermine, 178,000 marmots, 750,000 moles, and 135,000 nutria. Of the foxes there will be 30,000 red, 1,200 cross, 1,000 white, 321 blue, 1,100 silver, 8,500 gray, 6,100 Patagonian, and 10,000 Argentine.

The offerings also include 1,400 bear, 130 polar bear, 1,800 Russian sables, 53,000 kolinsky, 77,500 Australian ringtail opossum, 400 mountain lion, 65,000 China mink, 96,000 Japanese mink, 9,000 Japanese fox, 500 Japanese badger, and 6,000 Japanese marten, besides thousands of others.

"How long will you be self-supporting?"

Take one-hundred men of middle age. Where will they all be at sixty-five? According to statistics, nearly 40 per cent will be dead. More than half will be dependents. Only 10 per cent will be vigorous enough to support themselves. Healthy men and women live to ripe, active old age. It pays to keep well.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

This splendid general tonic and appetizer aids in creating new, sturdy red blood cells, which carry health, vigor and vitality in the form of life-giving oxygen—to all parts of the body and brain. Gude's Pepto-Mangan is safe and promptly beneficial for the weak and run-down of all ages and conditions. Easy to digest and assimilate, exceedingly pleasant to taste. Recommended and prescribed by physicians everywhere.

Study this picture as you will know how Pepto-Mangan looks.

FRIENDLY WARNING There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by

M. J. BREITENBACH COMPANY
Manufacturing Chemists, New York

Everyone, old and young, can drink

INSTANT POSTUM

with benefit to health. . . . A delicious, drug-free beverage.

THE ACCESSORIES OF DRESS FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN

We attach the utmost importance to the selection and production of the proper furnishings, headwear, footwear and accessories of dress, so essential to the completion of a correct outfit for a boy or young man.

Just as we rely upon the best European sources for correct models for outer apparel, so do we depend upon equally authentic sources to supply us with new ideas for the creation of De Pinna furnishings, and we are constantly importing materials for shirtings and neckwear, together with finished products from the leading English makers of hosiery and underwear.

DE PINNA

5th Avenue at 50th Street

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK

Fifth Avenue and 44th Street

NEW YORK

Untying the Knot

To hasten the return to normal trade conditions at home and relations abroad we must promptly work our way out of the financial tangle we are in.

Consider Europe's debt to the United States. It is in the form of promissory notes, not collateralled, nor in any way protected, but resembling, except that they bear no definite maturities, the notes discounted by banks for customers in good standing.

Why should not these obligations, with maturities fixed and method of redemption agreed upon, be reissued in the form of acceptances, and marketed exactly as any trade acceptance at the rate of interest of the original debt, five per cent.? Needless to say, they would sell readily, and, moreover, they would be disposed of in a free market. There would be no necessity of proportioning them among the banks, but rather would they be distributed by the law of supply and demand.

The immediate result would be to free the credit now restricted, and so sorely needed by the business community. The wheels of trade would begin to turn, and part of the problem of re-employment of our returning forces would be solved. Moreover, such disposition of the obligations would afford a basis for the education of the American public in the purchase of foreign securities.

Above all, this suggested arrangement would obviate the necessity for another Liberty Bond issue with its accompanying complement of taxes. The Government in presenting a new loan will be like a merchant with a strong-box full of prime five per cent. securities, with a ready market, going to his bank in a crisis to borrow when he could sell without sacrifice.

BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 3 O'CLOCK P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

A Young Business Executive Is Available

I AM at present the President and Executive Head of a large manufacturing firm which is winding up its affairs as a contractor to the U. S. Government. In this capacity I negotiated for and secured Government contracts and had entire charge of their fulfillment.

My desire is to become identified with a progressive concern of good standing, where I can apply my knowledge of business principles in buying, selling and economic factory systems, and through energy and resourcefulness produce greater profits.

To me, a man of 28, the future is of more vital interest than the present. Will submit highest references as to character and ability, and am prepared to make a sincerity investment if desired. Address Executive, B 181 Times.

MANN DENOUNCED BY GILLETT FORCES

Holds That His Election as Speaker Would Mean Return to Cannonism.

ATTACKS HIS WAR RECORD

Characterizes Illinois Leader as a Reactionary and Parliamentarian Rather Than a Statesman.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—In a statement circulated tonight in support of the candidacy of Representative Gillett of Massachusetts for Speaker of the House, the Gillett committee urges his selection as a liberal, and refers to James R. Mann of Illinois as a reactionary and "merely a parliamentarian rather than a statesman." The committee, however, insists that there is no personal acrimony in the fight, and that none will be permitted.

"In anticipation of a special session of the Sixty-sixth Congress prior to next December," says the statement, "consideration of the speakership has become a very serious question in the minds of the Republican members of the incoming House; also from advices received in Washington it appears to have become an equally serious subject in the consideration of the people of the country. In the last election the people intrusted the welfare of the country to a Republican Congress; in the next national election they will be asked to continue that trust and also to elect a Republican President. So the Republicans appreciate this trust and realize their direct responsibility to the people.

"On announcement last November that the Republicans had won control of the next Congress, friends of Representative James R. Mann of Illinois lost no time in 'nominating' him for Speaker and were ready to close the nominations. Opposition to Mann, however, at once developed throughout the country and in the House, and the anti-Mann and liberal elements together turned to Frederick H. Gillett of Massachusetts as the representative of popular sentiment. Mann shortly became the 'reactionary' candidate and Gillett the liberal. Other possibilities have been mentioned, but the fight is believed to centre between Mann and Gillett.

"For Mann the chief claim seems to be that he is 'entitled' to the speakership by virtue of his services as Republican floor leader. Against him are voiced the arguments that he is 'reactionary,' that he is merely a parliamentarian rather than a statesman, that he would, in fact, if not in theory, abolish the selection of committees by the House itself, and that he would turn the clock back to the days when 'Uncle Joe' Cannon was 'czar' and ruled the House with an iron hand until deposed. Cannon, by the way, is Mann's chief campaign manager, and his mantle is said to have fallen on Mann's shoulders.

"Apparently, neither the country at large nor the Republicans of the incoming House are disposed to tolerate a return to one-man rule; the Republicans of the House have been controlled by one man for years, it is argued, and the time has come when they should be free from such domination and dictatorship. As belief prevails that Mann would insist on naming the Republican membership of the House committees, more than one Republican member is chary of opposing Mann in the open, but subsurface opposition to him is growing.

"In selecting Gillett as their champion, the anti-Mann forces express faith in his liberal policies and confidence in his judgment and fairness. For two decades, Gillett has been one of the leading members of the junior chamber, and he has kept pace with the progress of succeeding years, largely through his activities in the great Committee on Appropriations, which have kept him in close touch with the sentiments of the people at large. Gillett's war record is 100 per cent. American, while Mann's falls far below that figure, say observers, and Gillett's record as floor leader in long absences of Mann is said to measure up fully to that of Mann.

"With Gillett as Speaker, Republicans of the next House feel that all committees will be selected by the Republican House membership without fear of dictation by the Speaker, and no one has thought it necessary to require from him a promise to forget that any man or group of men opposed his election, in fear of punishment if he should win.

"No personal acrimony has developed so far in the contest, nor is any expected or to be permitted."

State Constabulary Protects Suburbs

BREWSTER, Jan. 19.—Captain J. A. Warner, head of the troop of State Constabulary that patrols New York City's suburbs, has just created, as an experiment, two mobilization stations, which were opened today, with a substation connected with each. The change will afford better police protection. A mobilization bureau was opened in Brewster, and this will afford police protection for Putnam, Westcester, and Dutchess Counties. Sergeant Charles Broadfield is in charge there and has Corporal Arthur Boyce and eleven troopers aiding him. Under the Brewster Bureau a substation will be operated at Carmel. The other station is in Monroe, and will care for Orange, Rockland, and Sullivan Counties. It is under Sergeant Daniel Faber and has a substation at Spring Valley in charge of Corporal Wexler. They have a detail of nine troopers aiding them.

Influenza at Wingdale Prison Farm.

OSSINING, Jan. 19.—Several convicts and guards have been stricken ill with Spanish influenza at the prison farm at Wingdale. The epidemic is so serious that work had to be suspended. Four more, including three convicts, whose condition is critical, have been returned to Sing Sing Hospital. Guards Corrigan, Tenhagen, Dyer, and Sheehy have been taken ill and a number of prisoners still at the prison farmhouse have the disease in a mild form.

MAY STANDARDIZE WORLD WIRELESS

Provisional Interallied Communications Congress to Meet in Paris on Saturday.

NATIONAL OWNERSHIP PLAN

Taking Over by Governments of All High-Power Radio Stations Is Likely to be Recommended.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Standardization of radio communication will be one of many important matters to be discussed at a provisional interallied communications conference to begin at Paris Saturday.

The American representatives to the conference, who have left for France, will be six naval officers, headed by Rear Admiral W. H. G. Bullard, formerly director of naval communications, and his successor, Captain W. D. Todd.

In a statement today explaining the purposes of the conference, the navy department said it was possible that the meeting would make recommendations for permanent international action to be taken by the international radiotelegraphic conference, a meeting of which called to be held in Washington in 1916 was postponed because of the war.

"It is also considered probable," said the statement, "that the next international conference will recommend government ownership of all high-power radio stations. Inasmuch as certain radio stations at present in operation, under favorable conditions can be heard in every part of the globe, it is evident that careful regulations and intimate government supervision will be necessary to prevent interference and consequent international complications."

The relation of radio communications to the present cable situation also is to be discussed at Paris. In this connection the department's statement said radio already had done much to relieve the cable congestion, for, by orders of Postmaster General Burleson, all Government messages not specifically marked to go by cable were sent by radio.

In the Pacific also the naval radio service was said to have formed an immediate and effective bridge of communication with the Philippines, the only direct cable having broken between Guam and Manila. Cable messages are now turned over to the navy at Honolulu and sent by wireless to Cavite for distribution.

Patriotic Bureau to Close.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Owing to the cessation of hostilities the National Committee of Patriotic Socities has decided to close its Washington office on Jan. 21. The National Committee represented forty-three societies with 2,500,000 members.

BRITISH IN NO ALARM OVER OUR SEA ACTIVITY

London Observer Says World Can Absorb All Tonnage Two Nations Can Build.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The Sunday Observer, in an article on the future mercantile marine, says:

"The fact that the miracle of a merchant navy in the war was wrought under government control has led certain persons to insist that this control should be continued and extended until at last it would be converted into the complete nationalisation of the shipping industry. That, we are persuaded, is a false policy.

"The whole history of seagoing, from the Phoenician traders to now, is the history of private enterprise, the history of great risks taken for great rewards. Government aid in the shape of subsidies has nowhere succeeded in building a mercantile marine on sound lines where there has not been a national bent toward maritime enterprise.

"None of the arguments, whatever weight we attach to them, in favor of the nationalization of railways or mines is really applicable to shipping.

"Freedom of the seas implies that individuals or a body of individuals who can acquire hull and engines and find men to work for them should be as free to use the seas as Governments or nations, always provided that the equal rights of others are not interfered with. The freer the use, the better for the nations.

"So, we may welcome the news that restrictions on production and the working of merchant shipping are to be removed soon and as far as possible, and that private enterprise shall be allowed to reassert itself in the task of bringing food and the raw materials of industry to the country in the largest quantities obtainable."

Regarding American competition, the article says:

"We see no reason either for impatience or alarm. The shipping trade will follow in the future the laws it has followed in the past. The United States is not a new competitor, and now we can find no reason whatever for serious fear that America will annoy another competitor.

"With the elimination, for years to come at any rate, of the mercantile marines of Germany and Austria and the immense prospects of new trade opened up by the delivery of Palestine, Syria, and Mesopotamia from the Turk, with East and Central Africa in a state of stable peace and ripe for development, the world can absorb as much tonnage as Great Britain and America can put out and work between them."

Seek Man for Reserve Board.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—To fill the vacancy in the Federal Reserve Board caused by the resignation of Frederic A. Delano last July, the Treasury still is hunting for an available man, preferably a business man from the Middle West and a Republican, it was stated today. Frederick H. Goff, Cleveland banker, and Thomas D. Jones, Chicago, President of a zinc company, have been mentioned. Mr. Jones was nominated for the board by President Wilson in 1914, but his appointment was not confirmed.

HAD 41 DIAMOND RINGS.

Man Arrested Here as Suspect in Philadelphia Robbery.

Detectives Curtayne and Appel of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station became instantly alert yesterday morning when a young man approached them at Columbus Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street and inquired whether any pawnshops kept open on Sunday. The detectives questioned the man and then searched him, finding forty-one diamond rings, worth, they said, about $8,000.

At the station the man was entered as Leo J. Gale, 28 years old, of 258 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, a boilermaker employed in the Hog Island shipyard. He was held as a fugitive from justice, on suspicion that he was implicated in the robbery of a jewelry store in Philadelphia last Thursday night.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—Auto bandits got $10,000 worth of jewelry, chiefly diamonds, when they smashed the show window of O. F. O'Neill's jewelry store, at 2,454 Kensington Avenue, Thursday night. At 7 o'clock that night, while the sidewalk in front of the store was thronged with shoppers, two men drove up in front of the store in a small automobile. With a hammer one of them smashed the window, dumped a trayful of diamonds into his pockets, and sped away in the automobile.

Several hours later, after an alarm had been sent out, a policeman saw the two men at Broad and Berks Streets, but after a chase in which he discharged his pistol several times both made their escape. The police are in possession of the automobile.

PAY TRIBUTE TO LIEBKNECHT

Boston Labor Throng Honors Memory of German Leaders.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—At a Labor Defense League conference here today 3,000 persons stood for one minute and paid a silent tribute to the memory of Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, who were killed in Berlin.

The meeting adopted a resolution urging that political prisoners be liberated. Copies of this will be sent to President Wilson, Secretary of Labor Wilson, and the Clerk of the United States Supreme Court.

TUCKAHOE TO SAIL JAN. 22.

Steamship, Now in Halifax Harbor, Did Not Spring a Leak.

According to a message received from Halifax yesterday by the National Shipping Corporation of 25 Broad Street the steamship Tuckahoe, which arrived there on the night of Jan. 14 with her engine room and boiler room full of water, had not sprung a leak as previously stated. Captain Laurent explained that the water came in through the ash ejecter, and this was being remedied so that the vessel could proceed to sea on Jan. 22 on her voyage to France.

She left New York on Jan. 9 with 4,500 tons of cargo for the Allies and shipped heavy seas on Jan. 12 through the steam steering gear being put out of commission. The hand gear was not sufficient to keep her head on to the big rollers. When the water got up to the level of the first row of fires and flooded the engine room the Captain sent out an S O S call, but finally managed to make Halifax without help.

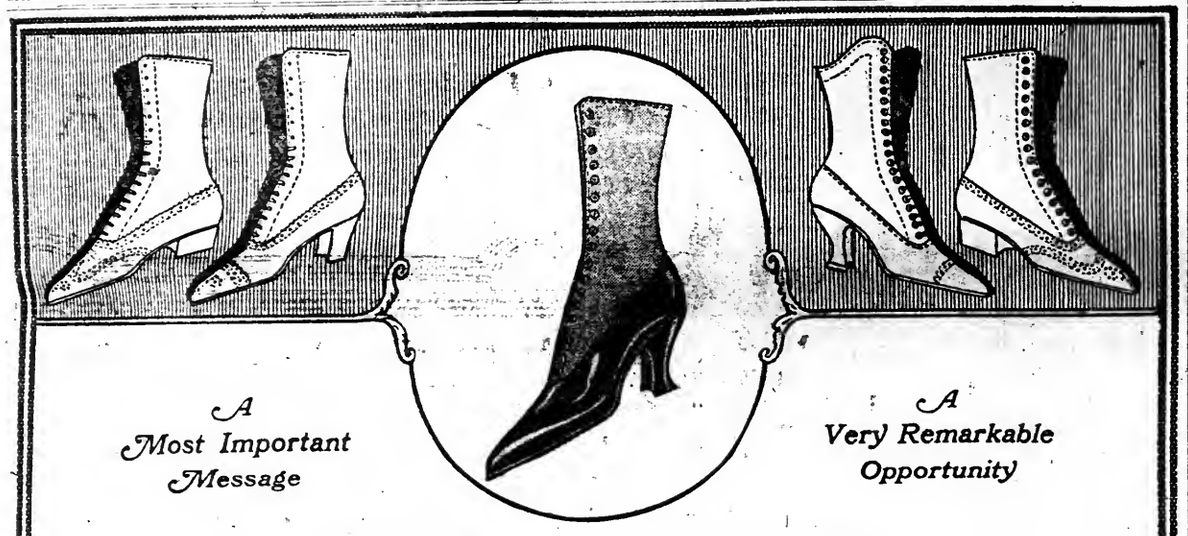
SATISFACTION

in safe deposit accommodations is assured the depositor at the Mercantile. Protecting valuables has here become two fine arts—an art of cunningly constructed and safeguarded steel vaults, and added thereto, the gentler art of courteous service.

THE MERCANTILE Safe Deposit Company

Established 1870

115 BROADWAY NEW YORK



A Most Important Message

A Very Remarkable Opportunity

Saks & Company Invite You to Share To-day in

One of the Most Extraordinary Sales of Shoes ever held in this City

Consisting of

9,185 Pairs of Women's and Misses' Fashionable Shoes

None Sold Regularly for less than $8 and up as high as $13.50

At **$5.95 $7.45 $8.85 $10.85**

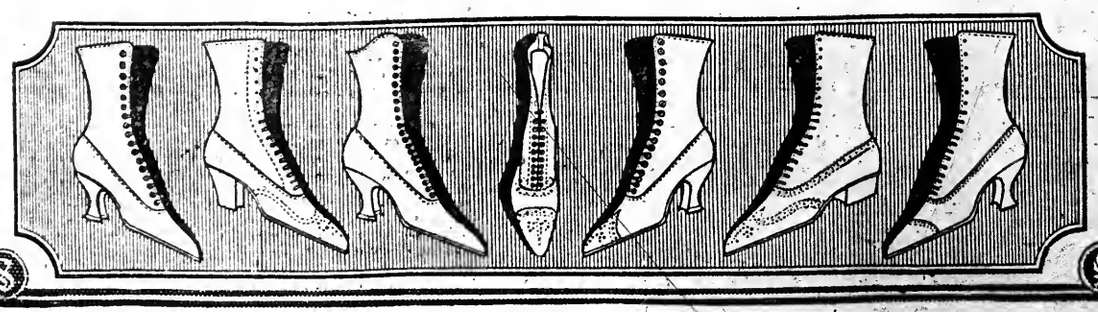
These are not shoes purchased especially for sales purposes. They are all from *our regular stock*, made according to a very high standard of workmanship, *and never before offered at a reduced price.* Smarter shoes have not been shown this season. The lasts are so cleverly designed as to make any foot appear a size smaller, and afford maximum comfort in walking. To the Well Informed, every shoe in the collection reveals itself to be of a quality absolutely without parallel at these reduced prices.

The Leathers and Combinations:

Buckskin, Patent Coltskin, Dark Russia Calfskin, Black Kidskin, Gun Metal and Colored Kidskin. Some have contrasting Color Tops.

All Styles of Heels ***Sizes 2½ to 8; Widths AAA to D***

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.



Broadway **Saks & Company** *at 34th St.*

In the Heart of New York—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

Beginning This Monday Morning—

A Most Unusual

Sale of Women's Dress and Shopping Bags

Regularly $7.50 to $21.50

At $4.95

Large, Small and Medium size Dress and Shopping Bags, in those styles now very much in favor, made of Genuine Seal, Pin Seal, and Walrus Grain Leather, Chiffon Velvets, Moire Silk, and Suede, many beautifully ornamented with Beading. Some have self-covered frames, while others are of Silver or Shell.

New York Women Never Had Such an Opportunity to Make Such a Liberal Saving in the Purchase of Really High Class Bags

Spring's Newest Notes in Smart Frocks Are Shown Today in a Special Offering of

Afternoon Frocks for Women at $29.50

Two very charming models, showing the trend of fashion in correct frocks for Spring.

One is of Crepe de Chine in a new front draped effect, with Silk Embroidered waist.

The other model is in Soft, Lustrous Chiffon Taffeta, with combination Georgette Crepe and Taffeta waist, and pointed tunic skirt. To be had in Copenhagen Blue, Silver Grey, Taupe, Navy Blue, and Black. Sizes 34 to 44.

Metallic Brocade Evening Gowns

—Now Very Much in Vogue, but difficult to find, are now assembled on our Fourth Floor in splendid assortment.

At $89.50 to $175

Equal in every particular to custom-made gowns selling at $150 to $300. The styles are the most exquisite introduced for the present social season, in Silver and Gold with Orchid, Ciel Blue, Green, Purple, and White

Monday—An Important

Clearance of Children's White and Colored Dresses

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Dainty little frocks of Colored Chambrays and Ginghams and snow-white frocks of Lawn, Dimity and Voile.

Frocks.....Reg. $2.....Now **$1.65**
Frocks.....Reg. $2.75 & $3.....Now **$1.95**
Frocks.....Reg. $4.....Now **$2.95**
Frocks.....Reg. $5 & $6.....Now **$3.95**

Limited to Monday and Tuesday

A Sale of

Women's Fashionable Coats

Regularly $35 to $49.50

At $25

Handsome Fur-Trimmed Coats, in a splendid collection of belted and loose models, for wear with separate furs or trimmed with fine quality pelts.

Tailored very carefully in all wanted materials, lined throughout and warmly interlined. Sizes 34 to 48. One style *illustrated.*

$25

We Shall Also Offer Today and Tuesday

At Substantially Reduced Prices

Pile Fabric Coats for Women

Beautiful fur-trimmed styles, in Velour de Nord, Arcadian Lamb, Plush, Baffin Seal, and Sealskinette. Lined throughout with guaranteed Satin. Sizes 34 to 48.

$29.50 $39.50 $45 and up to $95

Skirts for Southern Wear

are to be seen in a very extensive assortment of exclusive styles on our Fourth Floor

Beautifully made of Fan-ti-si, Crepe de Chine, Royalty Satin, Cascadeance, Washable Satin, Plain or Figured Satin Baronette, Poulette, and Georgette Crepe. You must *see* these beautiful skirts to appreciate fully their rare beauty.

Priced From $16.50 to $29.50

High Grade Corsets for Women and Misses

Formerly $5 and $6

Reduced to $2.65

Broken assortments of Regaliste, American Lady, Lyra and C.B. Corsets, made of Plain or Broche Coutil, in Flesh color and White. All sizes, but not in each model.

Also—R. & G. Corsets Reduced to $2

Formerly $3 and $3.50. Complete range of sizes for slender and medium figures. Beautifully made of Flesh color or White Coutil, with rubber insert at back and bottom. Quantity limited.

Women's Fur-Trimmed and Tailored Suits

Formerly From $39.50 to $59

Reduced to $32

These suits compare favorably with the best of Custom Productions. Their exquisite needlework, and the wonderful quality of the Cloths, will appeal to the most critical. The very successful Box Coat styles are included, together with three-quarter length coat models of a most distinctive type. The materials are:

Duvet de Laine, Suede Velour, Chiffon Broadcloth, Velour Cloth, Oxfords, Velour Checks, and Twill-Back Velveteen

Size 34 to 44, and a few models to 50½ bust.

CONFESSED SLAYER'S SANITY QUESTIONED

Police Hope O'Donnell, if Innocent, May Lead Them to Murderer of Riddell Girl.

HIS ARRAIGNMENT PUT OFF

Prisoner Sang, Prayed, and Shrieked in Court, and Magistrate Ordered Him Back to a Cell.

Questioning the sanity of Patrick O'Donnell, who was put under arrest following a circumstantial confession of the murder of Miss Mary Elizabeth Riddell last Wednesday night in Glen Morris, Richmond Hill, District Attorney O'Leary of Queens will appear this morning before County Judge Humphrey in Long Island City and apply to have O'Donnell sent to Kings County Hospital for observation. Police Headquarters last night assigned 25 more detectives, making 100 in all, to the case.

Because the man's confession included several facts that never had been revealed, the police are still trying to check up O'Donnell's movements. It was intimated that, while the porter may not be guilty, he may prove of material aid in running down the real murderer. It is thought that in his wanderings he may have encountered the real murderer and from him obtained the story of the crime which he has come to believe he committed himself.

Early yesterday morning O'Donnell was before Magistrate Miller in the Jamaica Police Court, but he was without counsel and in such a wrought-up state that Magistrate Miller refused to permit the arraignment and ordered O'Donnell back to the Queens County Jail. Previous to appearing in court the self-confessed murderer was lined up with twenty detectives in the Detective Bureau of the Richmond Hill Station. He was identified by Mrs. Mary Delaney of Morris Park as the man she had seen in the neighborhood of the murder on two occasions before the night the crime was committed. She said she was positive that O'Donnell was this man.

Assistant District Attorney Edward S. Hazleton said yesterday that he had altered his earlier opinion of O'Donnell's guilt, adding that he was not now convinced of the truth of his story. He said, however, that O'Donnell "must know something," but would not definitely place the crime upon O'Donnell's shoulders until his confession was corroborated.

When O'Donnell entered court yesterday his eyes were wild, his face twitched spasmodically, his hair was matted, his clothes unkempt, and he sang hymns, prayed, and shrieked until he had to be taken from the courtroom and placed in the pen. There he tore off his vest and shirt and, fighting the policemen, flung himself on the floor and lay there until he was forced to dress again.

After a hearty meal and some cigarettes the porter seemed somewhat steadier, but as he was being transferred in a prison van to the Queens jail he had another fit, his screams being heard for blocks as the van rumbled along through streets of churchgoers. At the jail he was attended by an ambulance surgeon from St. Mary's Hospital, and was placed in a cell, where he immediately huddled in a corner and began to alternately intone prayers and roar out snatches of songs.

"We are anxious to show that O'Donnell either is or is not the slayer of the girl," said District Attorney O'Leary last night, "for if he really killed the girl then the community is rid of a dangerous maniac. If he is not the right man then a brute is still loose on society who must be hunted down."

"So far," said Captain Carey, of the Homicide Bureau, who is directing the investigating, "there is some doubt cast on the truthfulness of the man's confession, but whether he is lying or not I cannot positively state at present. The finding of the DeKalb Avenue trolley line transfer under the feet of the body of the girl, and the statement of O'Donnell that he had obtained such a transfer on the day he visited his father's home in DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn, is a connecting link that cannot be disregarded.

"We have also learned from O'Donnell that on the day he called at his father's house, the day of the murder, he found no one at home. This would account for his father making the statement that his son did not come to his house that day. Then the lacerations on O'Donnell's right hand form a link in the evidence connecting him with the crime. Medical men have declared that when a person dies from a fractured skull their mouth is always shut. In this case the Riddell girl's mouth was open when she was found. This, then, might indicate that O'Donnell clasped his hand over the girl's mouth and that she bit him. The lacerations could have been made by his forcing his hand loose from the girl's mouth after he had struck her over the head in the lot and had fractured her skull and killed her."

The watch that was discovered in the Bronx pawnshop and which seemed to fit the description of the one taken from the wrist of the girl, is not the girl's watch, the police said yesterday. In order, however, to definitely clear up this phase of the mystery, the watch will be taken to Morris Lebold, 166 Bowery, Manhattan, from whom Mr. Riddell purchased it, for further examination today. Moreover, O'Donnell, according to the police, now denies that he took any money or jewelry from the dead girl. The two rings that were supposed to have been slipped from the fingers of the young stenographer were really removed by the medical examiners and are being held by the police.

MURDERER ROBBED VICTIM.

Police Learn Philower's $900 Diamond and Money Were Taken.

Captain Carey of the Homicide Bureau said last night that the police had established that Winfield Scott Philower, who was murdered in his bachelor apartment at 148 East Thirtieth Street on Friday night, had been robbed of his $900 diamond ring and money which he was known to have carried. A brother of the dead man is so ill in a hospital near his home at East Orange, it was learned, that he had not been told of the murder.

A cousin of the victim, Mrs. L. Morrow of East Orange, was summoned to this city yesterday to take charge of the body. Several detectives were assigned to the case from the Homicide Bureau to work with detectives attached to the East Thirty-fifth Street Station. The police had difficulty in finding clues to the identity of the murderer, they said, because of Philower's extreme reticence concerning his personal affairs. Detectives continued to question friends of Philower yesterday, but Captain Carey would not disclose the result of this investigation last night.

FIRE IN TRAINING STATION.

Two Buildings Partly Destroyed at Pelham Bay.

Fire starting in the main galley, where meals are served to most of the 15,000 men in training for the navy at the United States Naval Training Station at Pelham Bay, destroyed part of two buildings and threatened others early this morning.

There is a first-class Fire Department in the station, which was called out by sirens, as soon as the blaze was discovered. A number of patients were carried from the isolation ward, one of the hospital buildings, that was threatened. The police at City Island offered aid, but were informed that the naval organization was having no difficulty in controlling the flames. The police who were sent to Pelham Bay were not admitted to the grounds.

OPPOSE A JEWISH REPUBLIC.

Labor Congress Favors Equal Rights for All Inhabitants of Palestine.

At the final session of the First Jewish Labor Congress, held yesterday at the Yorkville Casino, Eighty-sixth Street and Third Avenue, the delegates, representing 500,000 members of organized labor throughout the country, adopted a resolution favoring a free republic in Palestine where the Jews will have no more rights than any other people until, by immigration or otherwise, they become the majority. At present the Jews compose one-tenth of the population in Palestine.

The resolution committee submitted two resolutions, one favoring a Jewish republic in Palestine, and the other giving equal rights to all inhabitants. The resolution that was adopted follows:

Palestine shall be declared a free, independent republic in which no nationality, whether a minority or majority people, shall have any special rights; that all nationalities inhabiting the country shall have equal rights, which shall be guaranteed by the national autonomy of each separate nationality; and that because the Jewish nationality in Palestine is smaller and weaker than the others, international guarantee shall be established by the peace covenant, which will give the Jewish nationality the possibility of free development and of a free, unhindered national life, on the basis of equal rights with all other nationalities in Palestine, and the possibilities shall include the right of free immigration and colonization.

Those that spoke in favor of the resolution making Palestine a Jewish republic were Dr. C. H. Jitlovsky, Dr. B. Feigman, and Alderman B. C. Vladeck, Chairman. Those whose views were anti-Zionistic were Judge Jacob Pankin, M. Olgon, and J. B. Salutsky, Secretary of the Jewish National Workmen's Committee, under whose auspices the congress was held.

BOOK OF SOLDIER LETTERS.

Otto H. Kahn Urges the Preserving of 500 of the Most Striking.

The plan of preserving in book form 500 of the most striking letters written by soldiers in France is being urged by Otto H. Kahn. He outlined his plan as follows when he addressed the alumni of Rutgers College last week:

"The letters are not only in the true sense of the term human documents, of the rarest value, but emanating as they do from writers of the widest diversity of birth, upbringing, occupation, and race, they are a supreme demonstration of the workings of the crucible which is America, and of the irresistibly compelling power of its appeal and spirit, upon those who are brought within its orbit. They ought to be made known and accessible as widely as possible in a form which will make them permanent national possessions, so that their spirit may speak forever to the American people.

"I should like, therefore, to throw out the suggestion whether a scheme roughly on the following lines, might not be found practicable: A national committee to be constituted, composed of a small number of distinguished and eminently qualified men. This committee would invite those who have received soldiers' letters which they believe to be noteworthy in the sense I have tried to indicate, to send such letters or copies of them to subcommittees designated for each state. A selection would then be made, of say 500 letters, and these would be published in a volume, the proceeds from the sale of which would go to some suitable purpose commemorative of the war."

DETECTIVES SHOT IN RAID.

Twenty Men Caught in Alleged Gambling House, Held in $1,000 Bail Each.

Detective John Walsh of Inspector Henry's staff was shot through the arm, Detective John McLaughlin got a bullet through his coat sleeve, and a third bullet narrowly missed a third detective when Inspector Henry led a group of his men early yesterday morning in a raid on an apartment house in West Fifty-seventh Street in which, it was charged, a crap game was in progress.

With the assistance of police reserves and soldiers and sailors the detectives arrested twenty men. Aaron Rothstein of 355 West Eighty-fourth Street was charged with violation of the Sullivan law and felonious assault. The police say they found loaded dice in the apartment and that one man said he had lost $1,000.

Magistrate Mancuso in West Side Court changed the charge against the nineteen from disorderly conduct to suspicion of felonious assault and held them in $1,000 bail each for examination tomorrow. The police said that a week ago Rothstein was robbed of $11,000 in a gambling house in West Street and that two years ago two men robbed him of $18,000.

LOST TRUNK FROM HIS AUTO

Jewels Valued at $12,000 Gone with It on Road to Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 19.—Somewhere between New York and Atlantic City a trunk containing diamonds and other jewels valued at $12,000 was shaken loose Saturday afternon from the rear of an automobile driven by F. K. Mayer, a wealthy New Yorker, on his way to the shore. The loss was not discovered until he drove up to a beach front hotel last night.

An all-night search of the highway over which Mr. Mayer traveled was started. Chartering a taxicab, he retraced the route by which he had come, playing the headlight on either side of the road. At Freehold he discovered a strap by which the trunk was fastened to the machine. A further search for a mile on either side of the road was made, but the missing trunk was not found. Mayer reported his loss to the police, but they have been unable to find any trace of the trunk.

ASKS FUND FOR CANTORS.

Judge Rosalsky Addresses Association at Anniversary.

The twenty-fifth anniversary celebration of the Cantors' Association of America took place last evening at Temple Rodeph Sholom, Lexington Avenue and Sixty-third Street. Besides many traditional melodies and patriotic songs by the members of the association who were present, the Rev. Josef Rosenblatt sang a tenor solo, and Max Rosen, the violinist, played.

Addresses of praise for the Cantors' Association were made by Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, who presided, and by Rabbi Lyons. Judge Rosalsky asked for contributions for the support of the widows and orphans of the members of the association who had died. He said that New York was called upon to give $100,000.

SIX PERISH AS HOME BURNS.

Two Others Probably Fatally Injured in Philadelphia Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—Six persons were burned to death and two others probably fatally injured tonight in a fire that destroyed the home of Nicola Napolitano, in the southern section of the city. Three of the victims were children of Napolitano and the others were Patrick Martinelli and his wife and child, who occupied an upper floor of the house. Napolitano's other two children were so badly burned that it is feared they cannot live.

The fire started during the absence of Napolitano and his wife and is believed to have been due to an exploding oil stove.

FILM CONCERNS COMBINE.

Three Companies Arrange to Merge in Operation.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 19.—Announcement is made here of the merger of the United Picture Theatres of America, Inc., the World Film Company, and the Peerless Producing Company of Fort Lee, N. J., by J. A. Berst, President of the first named corporation; Ricord Gradwell, President of the second, and Milton M. Goldsmith, Treasurer of the third.

It was stated that the new organization would control 1,300 motion picture theatres in the United States.

FACE GREAT STRIKE IN GARMENT TRADE

35,000 Women in 800 Shops Expected to Quit Work Tomorrow.

EMPLOYERS REMAIN FIRM

Head of Union Expresses Confidence That Workers Will Obtain Their Demands.

Hope of averting the threatened garment workers' strike involving 35,000 women in more than 800 shops, vanished last night when Harry A. Gordon, counsel for the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, asserted that the association and many independent shop owners would "resist the union's effort to enslave us, to the limit of our ability." Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the union, on the other hand, pointed to the strike vote of the unionists, announced on Saturday, and said that this was a fair index of the sentiment of the workers.

It was asserted that the strike would commence in the forenoon tomorrow. The exact hour for the walkout will be determined today by a committee. Union leaders said that more than 40,000 would eventually leave their machines in the various shops, and it was expected that the cutters and pressers, the men employes, would take sympathetic action.

In a letter to the Mayor, under Friday's date, which is published as a newspaper advertisement this morning, Morris Weiss, President of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, charges that the prospective strikers were responsible for the Red disturbances at Madison Square Garden meetings.

"At the outset," says the letter, "we desire to call your attention to the fact that the persons on whose behalf the unions has written to you are the same persons against whom it recently became imperative, for the safety of the city, to adopt a special ordinance prohibiting the display of the red flag, the generally recognized emblem of anarchy; the same persons who are responsible for the recent disorders at Madison Square Garden, and the same persons who, together with their friends, at the Mayoralty election, held while the United States was at war, cast the large vote for the Socialist 'peace at any price' candidate for Mayor."

The letter further says that only the ordinary police protection will be required from the Police Department as far as the manufacturers are concerned, in behalf of the association, and supplementing the letter sent to the Mayor, Mr. Gordon last night asserted that the association had done everything in its power to prevent the strike.

"I now see no more hope of averting the strike," he said, "than I do of putting an end to the reign of terror in Russia. The underlying principles of both are the same."

"We think that in four or five weeks the workers will probably come to a realization of the fact that they cannot impose their theories on us. We are not going to do anything which will interfere with the peace of the city. It is my personal opinion that every effort should be made to secure American men and women for this American industry. These women make more money than American school teachers."

"The union realizes the weakness of its position, or its leader, Mr. Schlesinger, would not have to resort to personal attacks on me. This is the man who said in an open meeting, in my hearing: 'We are ten times as strong as you; you might as well stop right here.' As far as I can find out his exaggerated opinion of the strength of his union is his only excuse for tearing the industry asunder."

In a statement last night Benjamin Schlesinger denied that he had ever said that the union was ten times as strong as the association of manufacturers.

"This assertion is baseless," he said. "The manufacturers are purposely using that language in order to prejudice the public. We have indulged in no boasting, and will indulge in none. Nevertheless, we have confidence in our ability to secure our demands. Back of this action are the pocketbooks of 140,000 members of this union, who will come to the assistance of the workers. Before the strike actually takes place the manufacturers in certain shops have already discharged some twelve thousand employes. They were not reported to have been discharged, but simply 'laid off.'

"We have carefully planned to watch the action of the manufacturers in other cities. They may think that they can have their goods made up in other cities. The American Federation of Labor has issued instructions to its various branches to be on the lookout for such a plan."

32 TENANTS FACE EVICTION.

Protesting Bronx Families Served with Dispossess Notices.

A fight by tenants against a landlord has been waged in the Bronx by the families living in 854, 860, and 864 East 172d Street. Since they refused to pay an increased rent, the landlord, William B. Keller of 99 Nassau Street, served them with dispossess notices, and this morning thirty-two families will be forced to vacate their apartments.

On Dec. 1 Keller took over the apartment houses and told the tenants that he would have to impose an increase of from $2 to $6 a month. A meeting of the tenants was called and Abraham Stupnicker, Vice President of the Greater New York Tenants' League, of 860 East 172d Street, was elected Chairman of a protest committee. The tenants agreed to accept an increase of $3 a month, but Keller insisted upon the higher rate. In addition to this, he wanted each tenant to take a lease for nine months.

When Keller came for the rents on Jan. 1, thirty-two of the sixty tenants refused to pay him. These were summoned to the Municipal Court, where Judge Morris heard the cases. The first five were instructed to pay the increased rate. The others failed to go to court. Students of economics at the New York University School of Commerce will assist in a city-wide investigation into charges of landlord profiteering, beginning tomorrow.

AID VOLUNTEER FIREMEN.

Entertainment at Hippodrome for Sick Benefit Fund.

An entertainment to provide a sick benefit fund for the Auxiliary Corps of the Fire Department, composed of some 3,000 patriotic citizens who volunteered as fire fighters during the war emergency, many of whom took the places of regular firemen called away to military service, took place at the Hippodrome last night. The total amount of the proceeds was not known last night, but it is expected that the sales of seats will realize a substantial fund. The house was crowded with the friends and relatives of the regulars and volunteers.

Little is known by the public of the work of these volunteer firemen, but the value of their service has been appreciated and admitted by Fire Commissioner T. J. Drennan and Chief John Kenlon and other officers of the regular department. They were organized and chiefly financed by Eli Joseph, a merchant, who was appointed a Special Deputy Fire Commissioner to undertake the work, in which he was assisted by Deputy Chief Thomas R. Langford. The larger number of the volunteers will continue in the service until the personnel of the regular force becomes normal again.

When the "war firemen" are finally disbanded each officer and member will receive a badge in recognition of his service. Many of them have already been commended for merit and distinguished services, nineteen of them having taken part in the rescue work at the wreck of the B. R. T. train in the Malbone Street tunnel.

PANAMA RENEWS PROTEST.

Again Resents General Blackford's Charges Regarding Vice.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—In accordance with a resolution passed yesterday by the Panama National Assembly, the Panama Legation here was instructed today by its Government to call the attention of the State Department to the Assembly's recent protest against statements regarding vice conditions in the cities of Panama and Colon made last January by Brig. Gen. Blackford, commanding American troops in the canal zone.

The legation was directed to "maintain the protest" submitted to the department on Nov. 23 with "the purpose of obtaining the satisfaction that the offenses to Panama implied in the remarks of General Blackford require."

SUGGEST TAX CHANGE FOR STATE DEFICIT

Chairmen of Legislature Committees Have Radical Proposals Affecting Realty.

TO RAISE $12,000,000 MORE

Plan to Levy on Property Used for Fraternal, Educational, Religious, and Philanthropic Purposes.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 19.—New York State faces a deficit this year of about $12,000,000, according to Senator Frederick M. Davenport and Assemblyman Franklin W. Judson, Chairman of the Tax Committees of the Legislature, who issued today an analysis of the taxation problems which confront the State, as well as suggestions for remedies. Among these latter is the suggestion that "sound legislation" be enacted which will "tax all interests and individuals, making everybody an equal party to the Government."

The statement points out that the present tax of 3 per cent. on the net income of manufacturing and incorporated mercantile companies has yielded about $30,000,000, of which a return of one-third is made to the municipalities, and it suggests that this tax, applied to all sources, including all businesses and individuals, would yield about $12,000,000 more, or enough to make up the State's deficit this year.

"Another suggestion," the statement says, "is to stop all exemptions on real property, with the exception of the property of the State, making all fraternal, educational, philanthropic, religious, and charitable institutions bear their equal proportion with other real property. If this is done the tax rate will be materially decreased. Also, in connection with real property it has been suggested that every owner be compelled to make a statement of the value of his property, and that a fluctuation of 20 per cent. be allowed on his sworn affidavit as to the true and real value of the property, and that if at any time he desired to sell the property this would be considered a stipulated price. We would then have a full and accurate listing of the value of all real property throughout the State, doing away with the great discrepancies between counties on the question of equalization. The greatest ills of the regular tax law is the injustice of equalities between different sections of the State.

"Special franchise taxes have always been a troublesome source of revenue, being continually in the courts and the different localities not knowing from time to time when they are to be compelled to make rebates. One suggested way of overcoming this difficulty would be to adopt the present Massachusetts franchise tax on public utilities of 1 per cent. on gross income. This would be a simple method and would do away with the enormous amount of litigation."

PRAISE PERKINS NOMINATION

Consumers' League Adopts Resolutions—Senate Urged to Confirm.

Governor Smith's nomination of Frances Perkins for State Industrial Commissioner was approved yesterday in a resolution adopted by the Consumers' League of New York City. The resolution recited that in view of the fact that Miss Perkins "was largely instrumental in securing the fifty-four hour law for women workers in stores and factories," and that while Secretary of the Committee of Safety of New York City she was a leader in the movement for fire protection, the State Senate was urged to confirm her appointment.

The league also called on all its members to write to their Senators urging ratification of the nomination of Miss Perkins.

WOMAN KILLED IN HOLDUP.

Jamaica Saloon Keeper's Wife Shot in Struggle with Bandits.

Four holdup men entered the saloon of a man known as Holbach, on Lahey Avenue, Jamaica, Queens Borough, at 2:20 this morning with drawn revolvers. In the row that followed one of the bandits shot and killed the saloon keeper's wife.

The police of the Jamaica precinct are working on the case.

TEN RESCUED AT FIRE.

Firemen with Ladders Save Members of Two Families.

Two families on the top floor of 112 West Sixty-first Street were rescued late last night by firemen when a fire which started in some unknown manner in the basement and spread to the fourth floor through the airshaft cut off their escape from the building. Three firemen who were trapped in a rear kitchen of one of the fourth floor flats were also rescued by their comrades.

Ladders were raised and Mrs. Catharine Platman and her two small children and John Donnell, his wife, and five children were taken from the two apartments. In fighting the fire Lieutenant Mullaly and Firemen Doyle and Morris of Engine Company 40 were trapped in the kitchen in one of the apartments on the fourth floor. Comrades heard their cries for help, and a ladder was raised to them from the rear.

Mrs. Mary Kelly, who is ill with influenza, lives on the second floor. When the firemen came to take her out she refused to leave. A policeman volunteered to stay with her and to take her from the building if the fire threatened the apartment.

Need Men for Marine Corps.

Daniel G. Reid, Chairman of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops, yesterday started a new campaign to enlist men in the Marine Corps. He has set aside Room 617, in the committee's headquarters in the Hall of Records, where Sergeant Wagoner will examine the men.

The Marine Corps is now offering men real active service in the Philippines, Santo Domingo, Haiti, and the Virgin Islands. Applicants must stand at least 5 feet 4 inches and weigh not less than 128 pounds. Sergeant Wagoner will be on duty each day from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M.

BUILDING DIRECT

The policy of the Thompson-Starrett Company in eliminating as far as possible the brokerage system of letting out work to sub-contractors, and performing the major part of its work direct, saves money for the Owner and makes for harmony, efficiency, and rapidity of completion.

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Building Construction

MEN OF THE DAY.

Current History Magazine for January contains photographs beautifully printed by rotogravure process of Thomas R. Marshall, Vice President of the United States; Carter Glass, newly appointed Secretary of the Treasury; Major General Joseph E. Dickman, commander of the Third American Army now occupying German territory; Ignace Daryzaski, Provisional President of Poland; Vice Admiral Kolchak, head of Russian Government at Omsk; Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman, commanding American dreadnoughts in Europe, and British Vice Admiral Tyrwhitt, to whom the German submarines surrendered. Current History Magazine, published monthly by The New York Times Company, 25 cents a copy—$3 a year; by mail—Advt.

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12000 Yards	(42 Patterns)	First Quality Inlaid	$2.95	$2.25
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PLAIN LINOLEUMS

10000 Yards	3-16 inch,	Brown Battleship	$3.30	$2.65
11000 "	3-16 inch,	Green Battleship	3.45	2.75
20000 "	A Quality,	Brown	2.50	1.95
15000 "	A Quality,	Green	2.65	2.10
9000 "	B Quality,	Brown	2.15	1.65
10000 "	B Quality,	Green	2.30	1.75

CORK CARPET

11000 Yards—First Quality in Tan, Green, Terra Cotta $3.10 $2.25

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there is still a splendid selection of the 9 ft.x12 ft. Wilton Rugs at $78—formerly $125. Larger and smaller sizes at proportionate reductions.

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Year	Agate Lines	Year	Average Daily and Sunday
1914	9,164,927	1914	259,673
1915	9,685,951	1915	318,274
1916	11,552,496	1916	340,904
1917	12,525,898	1917	357,225
1918	13,518,255	1918	368,492

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WHY THE PROTOCOL FAILED IN THE DRESS AND WAIST INDUSTRY

Two Letters That Tell the Story

Letter from Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association to Mayor John F. Hylan

January 17th, 1919.

Hon. John F. Hylan,
Mayor of the City of New York.

Honorable Sir:—

There appears in today's "Times," as a paid advertisement, a copy of a letter which the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union sent you. The Dress & Waist Manufacturers' Association of this city feels in duty bound to bring to your attention, as the Chief Executive of this City, the real situation with respect to the controversy between the Union and the Association.

At the outset, we desire to call to your attention the fact that the persons on whose behalf the Union has written to you, are the same persons against whom it recently became imperative, for the safety of the City, to adopt a special City Ordinance prohibiting the display of the red flag, the generally recognized emblem of anarchy; the same persons who are responsible for the recent disorders in Madison Square Garden, and the same persons who, together with their friends, at the Mayoralty election, held while the United States was at War, cast the large vote for the Socialist "peace at any price" candidate for Mayor.

Back in 1914, at the annual convention of all the locals of the Union, the then General Secretary and spokesman for this very Union, before his administration was replaced by the present Revolutionary leadership, in rendering his official report of the activities of the Union during the year then ending, said:—

> "Our Syndicalists, our so-called revolutionaries, the people who believe that we must apply the sacred principle of the 'Class War' to our relations with the Manufacturers' Association have triumphed. The few men in the Organization who may believe in the possibility of co-operation and good-will between the Employers' Association and the Union are afraid to open their mouths for fear of being accused of being agents of the Manufacturers' Association. The forces of primitive or 'revolutionary' unionism are victorious. The Protocol idea in the Cloak trade is as dead as a door nail. If it still exists in New York it is because both sides are afraid to take the consequences which would result from its abrogation."
>
> (See Page 58 of the Officers' Bi-Annual Reports to the Twelfth Convention of the International Ladies' Garment Workers Union.)

It is indeed singular that the Union should ask police protection from you, in the strike which it threatens to call, particularly in the light of its past record for violence and disorder in the community. Is it that it seeks to anticipate a possible charge of violence and disorder against it, by a similar counter-charge against the employers, made before the event, or is it that, in view of the fact that a large portion of the membership of the Union is opposed to the unwarranted strike, and that the Union anticipates that a substantial part of the workers will refuse to participate, and that coercive methods will be necessary, in connection with which they hope for police assistance? On our part, as law-abiding citizens, we are interested in the maintenance of peace and order in this community, and we will do everything in our power, in co-operation with the Police Department, to maintain that peace and order, even though the Union carries out its threat to call a strike.

We do not deem it necessary to request that you give "instructions" to the Police Department to properly discharge its duty in the light of the efficient service which that Department is rendering.

As to the particular points of controversy between us and the Union, we cannot state our position more clearly and succinctly than we did in our letter to the Union of January 10, 1919, a copy of which we are sending you.

I am
Yours most respectfully,
Morris Weiss,
President.

Letter from Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association to International Ladies' Garment Workers Union

International Ladies' Garment Workers Union, January 10th, 1919.
(Local 25, Local 10 & Local 58),
31 Union Square, New York City.

Attention of Mr. Benjamin Schlesinger, Pres.

Dear Sirs:

Your communication of the 9th inst. has been given due consideration and I beg in reply thereto to advise you as follows:

At the outset, permit me to characterize as a deliberate and unfounded misstatement your assertion that the Association ever even suggested that the workers surrender any "standards which have been in practice in the industry." Nothing which has transpired can warrant such a distortion of the facts. The Conferences came to an early end only because of the arrogant and unreasonable ultimatum which your spokesman imposed, to which I shall refer later.

The Association and your Unions operated under an agreement for six years. That agreement expired on December 31st, 1918. By the terms of the agreement both parties were permitted to make suggestions as to changes. The Union made its demands, the more important of which are set forth in your letter. Other burdensome proposals appear to have been intentionally omitted by you. The Association, on its part, made certain suggestions.

Generally speaking, our proposals were:

FIRST: That since stoppages and strikes are prohibited by the agreement, and notwithstanding, we have had over 200 stoppages within the last 6 months, that the stoppages be ended, by providing that workers who, in violation of the agreement, go on strikes, shall be deemed to have voluntarily terminated their employment.

SECOND: That the employers have freedom in the selection and retention in employment of their employees, subject to a restriction in cases of a discrimination for Union activity.

THIRD: That there be restored to the employer the right to offer inducement to ambitious and thrifty workers by, so far as possible, continuous employment during the slack season, and other minor provisions.

It was arranged that a further Conference be held for the purpose of considering these joint suggestions. At this Conference the question came up as to the priority of discussion. The Union proposed that the Conference immediately proceed to a consideration of the Union's demands for an increase in wages and reduction of hours. The Association contended that the first question for consideration was the fundamental character of the agreement to be entered into between us; that since the conception of the Protocol was that it would make for industrial peace, which object was never effectuated, first to be considered were the questions as to stoppages, distribution of work, and the right to discharge, which concededly have been the underlying causes of all the turmoil, wrangling and disturbances in the industry.

Your unreasonable attitude becomes more apparent in the light of the fact that last August, when your Union demanded an increase in wages based upon an alleged increase in the cost of living due to war conditions, you stipulated in writing that the Conference which was then held should be deemed the first of those intended to precede the making of a new agreement, and, in effect, that the increases which you then asked would be in lieu of those which might be sought at the expiration of the agreement. The question of an increase in wages was then settled, and an increase granted. Yet, at our last Conference and in violation of your express stipulation, you insisted that the question of further increases and reduction of hours be given precedence over all of the proposals of the Association, and finally you, in effect, imposed as a condition of the continuance of the Conferences that the Association withdraw all of its suggestions. You would not even tolerate the making of proposals by employers, much less discuss them. It is indeed singular that the autocratic conduct often ascribed by you to employers should have been so openly displayed by the spokesman for a Union of workers.

In the midst of this discussion your Mr. Schlesinger announced, in unmistakable language and tone, his ultimatum as follows: "We are ten thousand times as strong as you; we might as well stop right here, and we want you to understand, before this Conference goes any further, that when a worker enters the employ of any of your factories and has worked for two weeks the tenure of employment of that worker is for the life of the worker, unless you prove before an Impartial Chairman that you are justified in discharging the worker."

You say very naively in your letter that the Association, in taking its position, has created a "very grave situation which may spell ruin for many manufacturers, and suffering and privation for tens of thousands of workers, etc." How is this statement reconcilable with the fact that three months ago your Union commenced preparations for the general strike which you are now threatening, and then levied an assessment upon all the workers in the industry, for the purpose of providing a War Fund with which to carry on that strike?

You propose in your letter that "our contentions" be submitted to Arbitration. We assume that by "our contentions" you mean "yours" and "ours." Our reply is as follows:

We are very anxious that our position with respect to arbitration be clearly understood. There is no opposition on the part of this Association to the submission of differences arising during the life of and under an agreement, to an outside tribunal for decision. In fact, it is specifically provided in the Association's proposals to you that there be constituted for the life of the agreement a Grievance Board, consisting of an equal number of representatives from the Association and the Union, who, if they are unable to agree, shall name an umpire, an impartial chairman, who shall sit with them, and the decision of a majority of whom shall be binding upon the parties as to all disputes, complaints or grievances that may arise under the agreement. We are, however, unalterably opposed to what has been erroneously termed arbitration and which is nothing more than the delegation to outsiders, who necessarily are uninformed as to conditions in the industry and are not interested parties, of legislative powers to fix wages, hours and other conditions of labor for workers and employers in our industry.

Our experience has demonstrated that the method which we have pursued for the past six years, has all but ruined the industry. The peculiar system of our Protocol by which the Board of Arbitration has thus been not only a Judge, but a "Legislator" for our industry, has created a situation by which vital principles affecting the relations between workers and employers, have been compromised in a futile attempt to maintain an unstable equilibrium between the parties. Vital principles can not be compromised by the mere fiat of outsiders. The inevitable result has been for us, as it has been everywhere under similar conditions, a complete collapse of the entire structure, and a regrettable discrediting of the machinery for the settlement of disputes. No agreement affecting the relations of employer and employee can have permanency, unless made by the parties themselves.

Furthermore, there are involved in the proposals which we have submitted to you questions which from their very nature are not arbitrable. The question whether or no there shall be industrial war, strikes and stoppages under a peace agreement; the question whether an employer shall have the right to give rewards to efficient and competent workers; the question whether an employer shall eventually have the right to dispense with the services of an unsatisfactory employee engaged by day or piece, are not arbitrable and cannot be compromised. Just as the right has never been denied to a worker to leave at will, and that right cannot be compromised or arbitrated, so the right of an employer to dispense with the services of an unsatisfactory employee is likewise non-arbitrable and non-compromisable.

Your proposal that as an alternative the employer be given the absolute right to discharge, and the Union to strike, is entitled to but passing comment. There is no occasion for the making of a peace agreement which sanctions war. Wherever that experiment was made it has proved an absurdity.

There remains only this to be said: It is futile to continue this correspondence. Whether it be by design or by accident, a condition of chaos, disorder, and hostility has been created in our industry, which makes it impossible for us to continue, unless there be radical and fundamental changes in the relations between the parties.

We are desirous of making it entirely clear that we are not unhopeful that the present situation can be solved by further conferences between the parties, but such conferences can only proceed upon the acceptance by both parties of the principles that the agreement must insure industrial peace during its duration, and effective punishment upon those who violate the law of their own agreements; that there be a complete repudiation of the doctrine of "life tenure of employment of the workers"; that there be restored to employers the means of encouraging thrift and ambition in workers through natural channels; and that recognition be given to these principles along the lines suggested by the Association, or by other effective measures.

Unless there is evidenced on the part of your Unions a saner attitude with respect to the present situation in our industry, and recognition of these fundamental principles which we hold are not arbitrable, there will be no other course open to us except to continue without an agreement.

Very truly yours,
MORRIS WEISS,
President.

Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association—200 Fifth Avenue

TIGER'S MUCKRAKER TURNS UPON HYLAN

William Bullock, Who Attacked Mitchel Administration, Calls the Mayor a Failure.

SEES CHAOS IN CITY AFFAIRS

Criticises Budget Order That Only One-twelfth of Year's Funds May Be Spent In Any Month.

Mayor Hylan's administration was assailed in a statement issued yesterday by William Bullock, who supported Mr. Hylan and the entire Tammany ticket in the Mayoralty contest and who was the head of the Bureau of City Inquiry, which was established by Tammany Hall during the term of the late Mayor Mitchel to attack the Fusion administration. Mr. Bullock asserts that Mayor Hylan as an administrator is a failure and that under his leadership the city's government is growing chaotic.

His attack on the Mayor was presented in the form of a report of "The Good Government Bureau" at 150 Nassau Street, which was incorporated on Jan. 6 with Mr. Bullock as Director. Mr. Bullock announces that the bureau is "free of all politics and politicians," and means to publish frequent reports on city affairs without fear or favor, with the aim of getting the support of taxpayers and all citizens interested in good government. The names of citizens who are to constitute its advisory board will soon be made public, the report said.

Mr. Bullock's specific complaint and criticism have to do with an alleged order by the Mayor to heads of departments concerning the city's $248,000,000 budget, which it is alleged has resulted in "throwing the finances and business of the city into confusion," but he calls attention to other matters, as follows:

"Facts of city mismanagement, particularly in the Departments of Education, Police, and Finance, have not come to the public. To hide irregularities the doors of information have been padlocked. I believe there is public need for the corrective force, and foe to corruption, which this bureau purposes to be."

The chief parts of the Mayor's written order to his Commissioners concerning the 1919 budget are quoted thus by Mr. Bullock:

"There are sums of money appropriated for the administration of each department and such sums are divided into specific amounts under each item number for particular purposes. Each sum is provided for the payment of the expenses of that particular purpose or object for twelve months and not more than one-twelfth or such amount can be used legally in any one month. * * *

"It is gross or culpable neglect of duty to spend more than one-twelfth of the money provided for in the budget for any purpose or object in any one month and any violations of these sections by the head of the department or any of his subordinates will be sufficient cause to make necessary a change in the department, as well as being subject to criminal prosecution. * * *

"Heads of departments in the past in some instances have not given the serious consideration that they should to communications from this office. The fact that I am calling this matter to your attention should be sufficient."

This one-twelfth plan of expenditures, which the Mayor contended was required under Sections 1542 and 1551 of the city charter, is a misinterpretation of these provisions of the charter, Mr. Bullock asserts, and he holds that the only legal stipulation is that the total budget appropriations shall not be exceeded during the year. The order became effective on Jan. 1, and Mr. Bullock's summary of what he declares to be serious effects already felt is thus set forth in the report:

"By the Mayor's ruling budget money for such purposes as lighting and heating schools and hospitals cannot be used to meet the needs of Winter months, but must be expended in equal shares each month, the same in midsummer as in Winter. Account No. 1865 in the budget totals $200 for the purchase of a horse for the Department of Health. By Mayor Hylan's order this horse must be bought in twelve parts—the first part in January and the last part in December.

"Such cases could be duplicated from almost every account for other than salaries. Account No. 1157 appropriates $20,207 for band concerts in parks. The Mayor's order permits the expenditure of only one-twelfth of this sum in each of the summer months, the remainder to be left untouched or used for any park music that may be heard in the Fall, Winter or Spring. The order includes the appropriations for contracts, repairs, replacements, equipment, foods, drugs, and each and every account for supplies and materials, for heating, lighting, contingencies, and the general upkeep of the city. Under his ruling budget funds for snow removal cannot all be expended in Winter, but must be reserved for snow removal in Summer."

According to Mr. Bullock the resolution relating to one-twelfth expenditures, which was adopted by the Board of Estimates in 1908, restricts only that portion of the budget appropriations for salaries, upon which he makes this comment:

"The object of the resolution was to end the old-time system of eating up accruals in the salary accounts, due to deaths, resignations and other causes, by raising favored officeholders for the month of December in each year; there being instances recorded of political favorites having had their salaries increased for this one month every year from $1,000 and $1,200 to $12,000 and $15,000."

According to Mr. Bullock, this action by the Mayor has already had the result of obstructing every city department in in the halting or cessation of work in many of them. As the salary appropriations amount to $100,000,000 and the debt service to $48,000,000, the ruling by the Mayor ties up or hinders the proper and economical expenditure of the remainder, or $100,000,000, it is asserted.

Mr. Bullock announces forthcoming reports revealing more serious facts in connection with the Mayor's administration.

Some persons who heard last night of Bullock's attack on the Mayor and of his promise to set forth further criticism of the city administration, concluded that this was a forerunner of a political break between Charles F. Murphy and Mayor Hylan because of the latter's alliance with William Randolph Hearst, and that the Tammany leader would line up with Governor Smith against them. But better informed leaders declared that the only ground for this was based on Bullock's close affiliation previously with Tammany Hall, and not to any change in the local political situation except in so far as it affected Bullock, who, they thought, had an "axe to grind."

A copy of Mr. Bullock's statement was taken to Mayor Hylan last night. After he had read some parts of it he said he had no comment to make.

SAYS CITY IS IN POOR HANDS

Citizens Union Finds Indications of Unfitness for Office.

The twenty-second annual report of the Citizens Union has this to say with regard to the present city government:

"What the Citizens Union said a year ago of the necessity of watching the new city administration has proved true. It was to be expected that new hands would do a certain amount of bungling in trying to run machinery with which they were unfamiliar. Some of the mistakes have been due to this lack of experience, but other acts can be attributed only to total unfitness for office.

"It was but natural that after years of government by officials who represented and for the most part attempted to put into practice an ideal of non-partisan service, an administration elected on a strictly partisan basis should inject elements of narrow partisanship into the city government. That expectation also has been fulfilled. It furnishes the best possible proof of the need of just such intelligent and alert watchfulness as the Citizens Union provides."

The report tells of wider participation of women in the union's affairs since their enfranchisement has made them eligible for full membership, and lists many well-known women who have affiliated with it.

CARE OF SHELL SHOCK CASES

Medical Department Profits by Britain's Experience with Them.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—In the treatment of soldiers returning from Europe the Army Medical Department will differentiate between the nervous or so-called "shell shock" cases and those of the insane or mentally affected, and will treat the two classes in separate institutions.

"The necessity of this policy was emphasized by the early experience in England," asserted Surgeon General Ireland of the army, "which, when plunged into the war, had no special preparation for the reception of the nervous and mental cases which were returned from France in such large numbers. These patients, unclassified and undistinguished, found their way to the insane asylums. The folly of this soon became apparent and was corrected, but the lesson was one which made a deep impression on the Medical Department of the United States Army when its turn came to organize methods for the distribution and treatment of patients of these two classes.

"The very first memorandum on this matter which took form in the office of the Surgeon General defined the absolute necessity of a sharp distinction between purely nervous and mental cases. This policy has been followed out strictly in France, where the evacuation and treatment hospital for the insane or so-called 'shell shock' cases are along quite different routes."

WANTS 500 YOUNG SAILORS.

Shipping Board Also Ready to Train 500 Mechanics for Sea Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The United States Shipping Board has issued a call for 500 American seamen of more than two years' experience on deep water and 500 mechanics with engineering experience. The board wants these men as soon as they can be obtained to train them for service as deck officers and engineers for the merchant marine.

The seamen will be trained in navigation at twenty-one free navigation schools maintained by the board. The mechanics will be trained in technical colleges or at the special marine engineering schools. Stationary and locomotive engineers, machinists who have worked on marine engines, and marine oilers and water tenders will be accepted for the engineering course. When the sailors have completed a six weeks' course of study and the engineers a month's course they will be examined for licenses as third mates and third engineers, respectively, and sent to sea.

PERSHING HONORS CORPORAL CLOSE

Brooklyn Soldier Who Conquered 13 Germans Gets Distinguished Service Cross.

REWARDS PRIVATE SCHULTZ

Staten Islander's Act of Gallantry—Other Brave Americans Who Receive Decoration.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19. — General Pershing, as Commander in Chief, in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following named officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

Sergt. Walter I. Barnhart, Co. I, 320th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1830737.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois d'en Dela, France, Sept. 27, 1918. Accompanied by an officer, Sergt. Barnhart advanced against an enemy machine-gun nest which was holding up the advance of his company. When they had reached a point within fifty yards of the gun, they were fired upon and the officer was severely wounded. Sergt. Barnhart immediately picked the officer up and through a hail of machine-gun bullets brought him to a position of safety. Home address, Mrs. W. J. Barnhart, wife, 402 Main Street, Latrobe, Penn.

Private Edward F. Morrissey, Company C, 302d Engineers. (A. S. No. 1710036.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bazoches, France, August 25-26, 1918. Private Morrissey and another soldier had become separated from their detachment and were forced to take shelter for five and a half days. He rescued a wounded soldier from exposure to machine gun and shell fire and later attacked a machine-gun nest in his direct front. In the attack he killed two of the enemy with hand grenades and subsequently returned to our lines, assisting the wounded comrade to safety. Home address, James P. Morrissey, father, 41 Greenwood Place, Buffalo, N. Y.

Private Frank Schultz, Company C, 302d Engineers. (A. S. No. 2442333.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bazoches, France, Aug. 25-26, 1918. Private Schultz and another soldier had become separated from their detachment and were forced to take shelter for five and a half days. He rescued a wounded comrade from exposure to machine-gun and shell fire and later attacked a machine-gun nest in his direct front. In the attack he killed two of the enemy with hand grenades and subsequently returned to our lines, assisting the wounded comrade to safety. Home address, Mrs. H. Schultz, mother, 1,025 Castleton Avenue, West New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

First Lieut. Fred C. Davis, 108th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, Sept. 29-30, 1918. Lieutenant Davis successfully led a trench several hundred yards in advance of the Hindenburg line, under heavy shell and machine gun fire, with a detachment which he had organized with men from different organizations. The following morning he led his detachment still further, cleaning up about 500 yards of enemy trenches. Home address, John J. Davis, father, Madrid, Iowa.

Second Lieut. Kenneth Gow, (deceased,) Machine Gun Company, 107th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, Sept. 29, 1918. While supply officer for his company, Lieutenant Gow personally took rations forward with a pack mule through continuous shell and machine-gun fire. When all officers of his company were either killed or wounded, he assumed command and led it forward through heavy shell and machine-gun fire, until he was killed. Next of kin, Robert M. Gow, father, 12 Caldwell Avenue, Summit, N. J.

Corporal Kenneth M. McCann, Co. O, 102d Field Signal Battalion, (A. S. No. 1201050.)—For extraordinary heroism in action near Mount Kemmel, Belgium, Aug. 29-31, 1918. Corporal McCann, a signalman, worked continuously for seventy-two hours without relief through repeated gas bombardments. When the forward lines were cut by shell fire he personally directed the running of a new line under a heavy shell and machine gun fire. Home address, Mrs. Mary E. McCann, mother, 33 Beekman Place, New York City, N. Y.

Private Ira S. Parke, Machine Gun Company, 107th Infantry. (A. S. No. 403912.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Saint Souplet, France, Oct. 17, 1918. Private Parke, a machine gunner, although wounded three times during the crossing of the La Selle River and the capture of the heights beyond, refused to leave the field, and set a splendid example to his comrades. Home address, Rev. Harvey C. Parke, brother, 59 Main Street, Amherst, Mass.

Sergt. (First Class) Earnest E. Ely, Headquarters Co., 1st Brigade, Tank Corps. (A. S. No. 199423.)—For extraordinary heroism in action in the Aire Valley, France, Sept. 26 and Oct. 12, 1918. Sergt. Ely worked for five days and nights under intense shell fire to establish signal communications. While engaged in this work he was gassed and carried to a dressing station unconscious. On regaining consciousness he escaped from the dressing station, returned to his post, and continued to work for twelve hours more until he was gassed for a second time. Home address, Mrs. A. W. Ely, wife, Milwaukee, Ore.

Second Lieut. Edwin A. McCleur, Tank Corps—For extraordinary heroism in action near Jonville, France, Sept. 14, 1918. Commanding a reconnoissance control of three tanks, Lieutenant McCleur put to rout a company of German infantry, four pieces of artillery, and destroyed eight machine guns. His action was eight kilometers in advance of our front lines. For the following act of extraordinary heroism in action near Baisedemontvebeau, France, Sept. 28, 1918, a bar, to be worn with the Distinguished Service Cross, is awarded Lieutenant McCleur. In the attack on the woods, Lieutenant McCleur led his tank patrol on foot through dense wooded territory and in the face of intense fire. He was two kilometers in advance of the infantry front line during this exploit. Home address, E. B. McCleur, father, Bonair, Va.

Corporal Harry L. Close, Co. D, 106th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1207119.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, France, Sept. 27, 1918. During operations against the Hindenburg line, Corporal Close handled, attacked by a group of thirteen of the enemy. By hard fighting he succeeded in killing three and taking the remainder as prisoners, marching them to the rear under heavy fire of machine guns and shells. When returning he was separated from his detachment and were forced to take shelter for five and a half days. He rescued a wounded soldier from exposure to machine gun and shell fire and later attacked a machine-gun nest in his direct front. In the attack he killed two of the enemy with hand grenades and subsequently returned to our lines, assisting the wounded comrade to safety. Home address, Mrs. H. Schultz, mother, 1,025 Castleton Avenue, West New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

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Corp John M. Crocker, Headquarters Company, 322d Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1961691.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Verdun, France, Oct. 16 and 17, 1918. Maintaining a telephone line between infantry and artillery under a constant artillery barrage, Corporal Crocker's courage made possible the launching of artillery fire, which stopped enemy counterattacks. During the action he repaired thirty breaks, his line being so badly cut that he was obliged to use enemy wire for repairing. Because of the intensity of the fire, Corporal Crocker sent his men to a place of safety, remaining alone at the hazardous post. Home address, Mrs. Irene Crocker, mother, 12 North Street, Hamilton, Ohio.

Corp. Elvin L. Pierson, Headquarters Company, 322d Field Artillery. (A. S. No. 1951636.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de la Grande Montagne, France, Oct. 16, 1918. When the telephone communications had been cut off Corporal Pierson made four trips as a runner through severe artillery barrage and machine gun fire, maintaining liaison between artillery and infantry. Home address, Mrs. Kathryn M. Pierson, wife, 2,229 Franklin Avenue, Toledo, Ohio.

Second Lieut. John Morrison, deceased, 322d Field Artillery. For extraordinary heroism in action near Bois de la Grande Montagne, France, Oct. 15, 1918. Charged with maintenance of a liaison between artillery and infantry, Lieut. Morrison accompanied the attacking infantry, making possible the prompt delivery of artillery fire, which repelled enemy counterattacks. His continued exposure to this hazardous duty resulted in his death. Next of kin, Hanley J. Morrison, father, 3,495 Brooklin Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Private Walter D. Mack, Co. B, 135th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 2711175.)—For extraordinary heroism in action near Eyne, Belgium, Nov. 2, 1918. In the face of intense machine-gun fire, Private Mack voluntarily swam the Scheldt River to obtain information regarding the enemy. His successful return with the desired information enabled his company commander to so place his guns that they could be fired with great advantage. Home address, Mrs. M. L. Mack, mother, 2,121 North Twenty-second Street, Philadelphia, Penn.

Private John Warman, Co. B, 135th Machine Gun Battalion. (A. S. No. 1616244.)—For extraordinary heroism in action near Eyne, Belgium, Nov. 2, 1918. In the face of intense machine gun fire, Private Warman voluntarily swam the Scheldt River to obtain information regarding the enemy. His successful return with the desired information enabled his company commander to so place his guns that they could be fired with great advantage. Home address, Mrs. John Warman, wife, Sykerville, Penn.

Private Giuseppe Spadafora, Headquarters Company, 315th Infantry. (A. S. No. 1784205.) For extraordinary heroism in action near Montfaucon, France, Sept. 29, 1918. Private Spadafora was helping to remove a great many wounded men from a dressing station to a place of comparative safety when a heavy enemy bombardment began. He forced four German prisoners to assist him and repeatedly entered the heavily shelled area, bringing out wounded men. Home address, Mrs. R. Therin, mother, Molette, Province of Catania, Italy.

PLANS FLIGHT FROM SPAIN.

Semprini, Italian Aviator, May Try to Cross Atlantic.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 19.—The long delayed feat in aviation of crossing the Atlantic Ocean by airplane may be accomplished in the near future with a great new Caproni biplane, with the final stop in Atlantic City, the start to be made from the coast of Spain, with one stop at the Azores Islands.

Such is the plan outlined in a letter received today by Lieutenant Joseph Schwartz, Quartermaster Corps, U. S. A., from Frederic Semprini, who was chief instructor of the American pilots during the war at Milan, Italy. The communication was addressed to Lieutenant Schwartz's brother, Samuel Schwartz, who is now connected with the Purchasing Department of the American Expeditionary Forces in Europe, who discussed the undertaking while on a visit at Milan.

As chief pilot representing the Caproni Society in Italy, Semprini gained experience in the use of air machines which he now proposes to use in a flight across the Atlantic, and tells of the creation of the world's biggest triplane for the transportation of passengers, which has an enormous engine.

The plane has just been tested. It develops great speed and carries thirty-five to forty passengers. Another still larger plane is under construction which, it is said, will have a passenger-carrying limit of 100. According to the announcement, the attempt to cross the Atlantic will be made early this year, and unlike a number of flights similarly planned by American pilots, the flight will be made from east to west.

Also plans are said to be under way by members of Italian aviation interests for the development of a large aviation station and factory in the United States. Atlantic City will be considered in that connection.

CARUSO PLANS HOMEGOING.

Newark to Hear Tenor Last Before He Sails in May.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 19.—Enrico Caruso's last appearance in this country before his departure for Italy will be at the final concert of the Annual Newark Music Festival Association on May 19.

It was announced by C. Mortimer Wiske, director of the festival, that Mr. Caruso had obtained his passports last week to sail for Italy during the week of May 19.

Mr. Caruso will take his American bride to his estate near Florence, which he has not seen for two years, since this country went to war.

Salvation Army Campaign Plans.

A series of Evangelistic services, to be conducted by the Salvation Army, will begin with a great united meeting tonight, in Cavalry Methodist Episcopal Church, 129th St. and Seventh Av., at 7 o'clock.

In the course of these meetings there will be developed the plan of the Salvation Army vastly to extend its religious work, now that the war is ended, and the most able speakers from among the officers of that organization will be heard upon subjects most intimately affecting the future relationship of the army with the masses of the people.

Colonel William A. McEntyre, in charge of the Salvation Army's work in this city, will be in charge of the meetings, for Commander Evangeline Booth.

Mrs. Vincent Astor Gives $10,000.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Jan. 19.—Mrs. Vincent Astor has contributed $10,000 to the United War Work Fund of Dutchess County. The Astors, whose Summer home is at Ferncliff, Rhinebeck, have contributed liberally to all the war work of the county.

SHELTER 50,000 PEOPLE IN MESOPOTAMIA

British, by Canal, Also Open 300,000 Acres to Cultivation Near Bagdad.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Thousands of refugees from Armenia and Eastern Syria were sheltered and fed by the British Army in Mesopotamia during the war, the work being of such a character that it has been made the subject of a special report issued here today. The statement follows:

"The future destiny of Armenian and Eastern Syrian peoples who have taken refuge with the British in Mesopotamia is one of the problems which the Peace Conference must consider. At present in the British refugee camp at Baqubas, thirty-three miles from Bagdad, the British are providing for 45,000 people of both races.

"The work of feeding, clothing, and housing these refugees, when the British were still at grips with the Turks not many miles away, was a triumph of organization. The sudden influx of some 50,000 people into regions already devastated by the ravages of war created a situation of utmost difficulty. The camp at Baqubas was hastily laid out, and in three weeks the refugees were taken in at a rate of 1,000 per day. Sickness was rife and all the refugees were in an emaciated condition.

"Providing clothing and food for these additional members, when so much transport was needed for operations along the Tigris River, was a marvelous achievement. Today the camp is organized as efficiently as many Western towns, the water supply and sanitation is perfect and three hospitals, all modernly equipped to meet medical requirements, are in operation. Nearly 1,000 orphans have been provided for and the whole population of the camp is beginning to recover from the horrors of their exodus from their native lands.

"To return them to the same state of insecurity in which they lived so long would be an international crime against these people.

"An important new irrigation project was opened on Jan. 10 at Mamureyah, on the Dialea River, some seventy miles northeast of Bagdad. Six months ago the British Irrigation Department commenced widening the channel of the river there.

"The new canal is six miles long, and, without further work on it, water can be supplied for the irrigation of 300,000 acres and render cultivation possible as far as the neighborhood of Bagdad.

"The opening ceremony was carried out in the presence of many Arab landowners, who hailed the completion of the work as striking evidence of the good intentions of the British. The increase in wealth to the land thus irrigated will certainly be considerable, and the increased production of food will be of great importance."

ADMIRAL SIMS CAUTIOUS.

In London Speech He Says Truth Gets Him Into Trouble.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Vice Admiral William S. Sims and Herbert A. L. Fisher, Minister of Education, were among the guests at a dinner given today in connection with the American University Union in London.

Mr. Fisher, speaking as a member of the British Government, said he would like to express the profound debt which the United States and the British people felt they owed to the United States for the part that country had taken in the war. There had been very anxious times last Spring, he said, but there was not a single moment of the darkest days when there was a member of the Government who was not confident that the Allies would come through successfully. But they were very anxious moments, he declared, and the British Government waited longingly for the time for the words "The Americans are coming."

One morning, Mr. Fisher continued, he heard the Prime Minister say in a quiet voice to the Shipping Controller, "I have got more ships than men to man them." Then, added Mr. Fisher, "I knew it was all right."

Cheering greeted the words of Mr. Fisher.

Vice Admiral Sims in a brief speech said he hesitated about telling the truth, because telling the truth got him into more trouble than anything else. The average American, he added, was all right, and if not, he did not have to be told about it.

EXPEL METZ UNDESIRABLES.

French Have Relieved German Professors in Secondary Schools.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The purification of Metz from German undesirable elements continues under the best conditions, according to a Havas News Agency dispatch from that city.

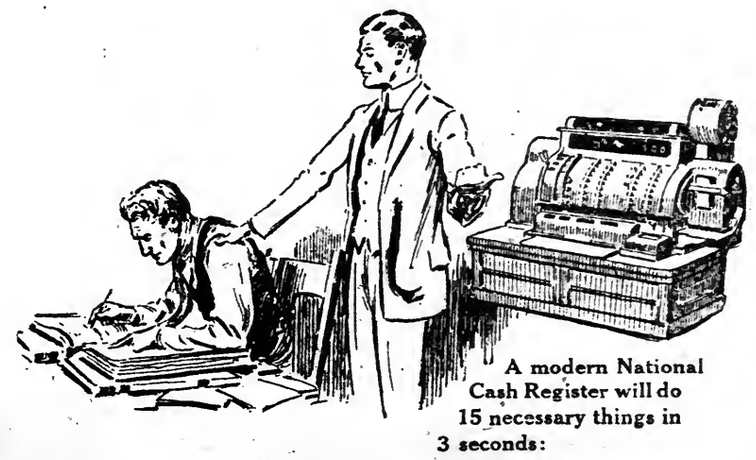
The latest convoy sent out from Metz included Professor Haenlein of the Royal College faculty. He has been a strong pan-Germanist and was a Director in many German societies.

All the professors of German nationality who had hitherto remained in their posts in the secondary schools have been relieved of their functions.

VOGUE

Forecast of Spring Fashions Number

OUT TODAY



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(3) Displays the new indication.
(4) Lights up new indication.
(5) Opens the cash drawer.
(6) Adds amount into clerk's total.
(7) Adds amount into secret total.
(8) Adds one to clerk's transaction counter.
(9) Adds one on special transaction counter.
(10) Adds one on customer counter.
(11) Prints record of transaction on receipt or salesslip.
(12) Prints same information on detail strip.
(13) Spaces detail strip and ink rebbon.
(14) Changes consecutive number.
(15) Resets mechanism for next registration.

A man should never do the work that a machine can do for him

During the war thousands of merchants learned the value of using labor-saving cash registers. Other thousands have yet to find out that it pays to do things quickly by machinery instead of slowly by hand.

While merchants were learning this great lesson of the war we were just as busy investigating, with the result that we have gathered together many new ideas that will help merchants make more money.

We want all merchants to know and benefit from these new ideas. For this reason we recently called our Eastern Sales Force together in a big convention in New York City.

Over 250 of our agents and salesmen got together. They had a fine educational program. They discussed new store methods, and exchanged the new ideas we have been so busy gathering during the past year.

These ideas can be of great profit to you, and you owe it to your business to call on our representatives as soon as they get back home.

Our agents and salesmen are better informed, and therefore can be of greater service to you than ever before. So get in touch with them as soon as you can, and let them tell you what they have learned. Do it now.

The National Cash Register Company
Dayton, Ohio
Offices in all the principal cities of the world

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appearing at

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January 21st

Like the burst of a fiery comet came Toscha Seidel's brilliant debut in Carnegie Hall last spring. Virile, passionate, volcanic, this young Russian plays with an unbridled ardor. His tone control ranges from the most compelling and inspiring fortissimo to the almost inconceivably delicate shadowing of sound. He is a consummate master of technique, a pupil of the great Auer—a genius of astonishing versatility.

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Toscha Seidel makes records exclusively for Columbia. Any Columbia Dealer will gladly play these four Seidel records for you.

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"Romance from Concerto No. 2" { 49447 12 inch, $1.50
"Humoreske" . . . . { 49454 12 inch, $1.50
"Traumerei" . . . . { 77899 10 inch, $1.00

New Columbia Records on Sale the 10th and 20th of every month

Columbia Grafonolas—Standard Models up to $300. Period Designs up to $2,200

4,500 TROOPS BACK ON SHIPS IN PORT

Hospital Ship Comfort Also Arrives With 238 Sick and Wounded.

WOMEN NURSES RETURN

Captain Says He Has Proof That Germans Used Their Dead to Get Fats.

Two American transports, the Willehmina and the Sierra, and the British liner Lapland arrived yesterday from France with 4,500 troops, and the United States Hospital ship Comfort also arrived, bringing seven officers and 231 enlisted men sick and wounded. The police boat Patrol went down the bay to meet the returning soldiers and escorted the vessels to the piers in Hoboken, with the exception of the Lapland, which docked in Manhattan at the White Star Pier 61, foot of West Twentieth Street.

The Comfort, which arrived first, left Plymouth Jan 5, and put into Punta del Garda in the Azores on Jan. 10 to give the patients a little rest from the tossing about in the head seas. Forty-two men from the Naval Hospital there were transferred to the Comfort.

Confirmation of the story that the Germans boiled down the bodies of their dead from the battlefield to get fat was brought by Captain Robert W. Hudgens of the 16th Infantry of Lawrence, Va., who received fourteen shrapnel wounds on Oct. 9. "It was at Bellecourt," the captain said, "that I had ocular proof that this terrible thing we had been hearing was true. We found caldrons in a tunnel filled with portions of human bodies, and there was a heap of bones in a corner which were used, we were told, for fertilizer. At one place under Bellecourt there was a chopping block with a cleaver and evidences of what it had been used for in the caldron beside it."

One of the wounded soldiers was John F. Perry of Wood Haven, L. I., with Company B, 106th Infantry, who was shot in both legs at St. Quentin on Sept. 29, and lay in a shell hole for forty-eight hours, during which blood poisoning set in. When the Germans found him they took him to a hospital and took off his right leg and three weeks later, he said, the other foot had to be amputated. The conditions in the hospital were something awful, Perry stated, and he had no change of linen nor was he washed for two months. When the British captured the town he was taken to one of their hospitals and treated with the greatest kindness.

There were about fifty soldiers on the comfort who had lost arms or legs in the fighting on the western front, and the walked about the deck on crutches, or with their arms in slings, and all appeared contented with their lot and were looking forward to re-entering civil life.

Joseph A. Ashi of Company E, 108th Infantry, lost his right leg and hand through being hit with a shell at Belleau Wood on Sept. 29, and said he was going back to Phoebus, Va., to resume his law practice.

A. Tobin of Austin, Texas, who was a boiler maker on the U. S. S. Olympic, had both of his arms smashed by the Bolsheviki in the fighting beyond Archangel. He said that the enemy looted banks and every building where there was anything valuable, and even cut off the hair of all the girls. The Bolsheviki issued paper money, he added, which was so cheap that a man had to take a sack full to buy a packet of cigarettes.

There were three naval nurses on the Comfort, including Miss Marie Smith of Berkeley, Cal., who was wounded by shrapnel in the left foot at Château-Thierry while serving at a dressing station where the big naval guns were in action.

Two of the passengers on the Sierra were the distinguished service crosses. Reuben C. Hamilton, Union, S. C., was awarded for heroism in the St. Mihiel drive on Sept. 20 and 21. Major Hamilton, who was attached to the Ambulance Service, 26th Sanitary Train, established and maintained an ambulance dressing station in an advanced and exposed position, where he labored continually, treating the wounded in full view of the enemy.

The other who won the Distinguished Service Cross was Corporal Henry W. Willard, 7th Infantry. Willard, who previously had been a farmer near Utica, N. Y., was on sniping duty in Belleau Wood, June 15 last. One at a time he killed seven German machine gunners who crept into the enemy lines, captured the guns and returned to his own party with it on his back. He explained that the German was like an animal which always expected you to come from the same place. Consequently, he said, sniping was comparatively easy.

Colonel Charles B. Winn, a regular, of New York, an officer in the 306th Field Artillery, 77th Division, has on his left arm the unique insignia of a gold statue of Liberty, on a field of blue. He stated it was the latest insignia for the boys of the 77th Division.

Lieutenant Fred Siter of Passaic, N. J., of the 91st Aero Squadron, has downed five Fokker machines. On Nov. 4, at an altitude of 4,900 metres, he and two others engaged fifteen enemy machines and downed one. Later they met five more and downed two, making three in one day for which he has been officially cited. In October they encountered some German light cruiser machines, sailed them, and he and Lieutenant Heman both received the D. S. C. for brilliant work on that occasion.

PERSHING SELECTS OFFICERS FOR HONORS

Ten Major Generals, 12 Brigadiers, and a Colonel Who Get Distinguished Service Medals.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Ten Major Generals, twelve Brigadier Generals and one Colonel have been selected by General Pershing for Distinguished Service Medals for their work in connection with the creation of the American Army in France and its successful assault on the German lines. The citations were made public today by the War Department.

One of the Major Generals, Charles T. Menoher, Commander of the 42d (Rainbow) Division, now Director of the Air Service, was decorated yesterday by Secretary Baker. General Pershing's citation of this officer showed that the division participated in practically all of the important engagements of the American Army, and it said that "the reputation as a fighting unit of the 42d Division is in no small measure due to the soldierly qualities and military leadership of this officer."

The other Major Generals to be decorated are:

ALLEN, HENRY T., 90th Division.
CRONKHITE, ADELBERT P., 80th Division.
HAAN, WILLIAM G., 32d Division.
HINES, JOHN L., successively Regimental, Brigade, Division and Corps Commander.
KERNAN, FRANCIS J., organizer of the Overseas Service of Supply and member of the Supreme War Council.
MUIR, CHARLES H., 28th Division.
READ, GEORGE W., 50th Division.
SUMMERALL, CHARLES P., 1st Division and Fifth Army Corps.
WRIGHT, WILLIAM M., successively Commander of the 57th Division, the Third, Fifth and Seventh Army Corps and the 89th Division.

The Brigadier Generals decorated are:

ANDREWS, AVERY D., Assistant Chief of Staff in charge of transportation.
BROWN, PRESTON, Chief of Staff of the 2d Division, and later Commander of the 3d Division.
CONNER, FOX, Assistant Chief of Staff in charge of equipment.
CONNER, WILLIAM, Assistant Chief of Staff of the A. E. F., and later Chief of Staff of the Service of Supply.
DRUM, HUGH A., Chief of Staff, First Army.
ELTINGE, LEROY, Assistant Chief of Staff, A. E. F.
FISKE, HAROLD B., chief of training section, General Staff, A. E. F.
HAGOOD, JOHNSON, organizer of training system in France.
M'COY, FRANK R., Secretary General Staff, A. E. F., and subsequently Commander of the 63d Infantry Brigade.
MALONE, PAUL B., Brigade Commander during major operations.
NOLAN, DENNIS E., Chief of Intelligence, A. E. F.
SMITH, HARRY A., Commandant of army schools at Langres, France, and Civil Administrator in occupied German territory.

The Colonel named is John McA. Palmer, who was on the General Staff, and later commanded the 58th Infantry Brigade north of Verdun.

SEES SOCIALISM GROWING.

Rev. A. I. Dushaw Tells Congregation It Is Stronger Than in 1918.

The Rev. Amos I. Dushaw, pastor of the Kent Reformed Church, Kent Street and Manhattan Avenue, Greenpoint, L. I., preaching last night on the subject "Was Christ a Socialist?," said that the majority of Socialists in the United States had been loyal and that Socialists in France, England, and Italy had generally been a source of strength to the Allies. The Socialists of Germany, on the other hand, he added, were the only element in that country from which the slightest opposition came to autocracy and militarism.

The preacher asserted that, in spite of seeming setbacks, socialism was stronger today as a world force than it had been in 1918. He said that Socialists were wrong in generally condemning the Church, and that they should change their policy by co-operating with progressive churchgoers. He did not undertake to answer his question whether the Socialists could claim Christ, but asserted that the mistakes of Christian churches were responsible for the belief of Socialists that they were better followers of Christ than the Christians were.

FOR RELIGIOUS DEMOCRACY.

Dr. Manning Says Church Should Be Centre of Human Fellowship.

The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church in this city, preached a short sermon last night in St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church in Flushing. He said that democracy would be made safe for itself and the world only when it was developed in the fellowship of Jesus Christ.

"We who believe in Him must see to it that democracy is developed and does not stand still, and that it is developed in His fellowship," said Dr. Manning. Speaking of Bolshevism, Dr. Manning said: "We must not only use force to suppress Bolshevism, but we must follow the teachings of Jesus Christ. That is the reason I am so much interested in free pews. The Church should be the most democratic place on earth—the centre of human fellowship."

Mr. Manning then announced that the Vestry of Trinity Church yesterday morning had unanimously adopted his "free pew" plan.

Only 68 Casualties in Today's Army List

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The War Department gave out one casualty list today, containing only 68 names, bringing the total for the army, after an official recheck, up to 211,422. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,701. The total for army and Marine Corps is now 217,123.

The army list issued today contained the names of 11 killed in action, 10 died of wounds, 7 died of accident, and 40 died of disease.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 19.	Total.
Killed in action	30,007	11	30,018
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,586	10	12,596
Died of accident	2,346	7	2,353
Died of disease	18,136	40	18,176
Total	64,007	68	64,075
Wounded	133,973	..	133,973
Missing	13,374	..	13,374
Total	211,354	68	211,422

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded. (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseheer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

BEALIN, J. J., Jr., 54 Bay 37th St., Brooklyn—Sgt. (DD)
DUFFY, F. L., 586 11th St., Bklyn. (DD)
JAUCH, J., 527 E. 78th St. (DD)
TALBOT, R. W., 720 10th St—Sgt. (KA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BAKER, E. W., Newburg (KA)

ALABAMA.

HYCHE, NEALY, Searless (KA)

ARKANSAS.

SEARS, JAMES O., Ozone (DD)
THOMAS, HUNTER, Hamburg (DD)

CALIFORNIA.

NATIONS, O. L., Culver City (DD)
REBEIRO, JOE S., Watsonville (DD)

CONNECTICUT.

STRAKA, GEORGE J., Noroton Heights (DD)

FLORIDA.

HICKS, GREEN B., Altha (KA)

GEORGIA.

HANNAH, WM. L., Buford (DD)
SCOTT, NEMIAH, Savannah (DD)

IDAHO.

CUNNINGHAM, CLAUDE, Nampa (DD)
GARFIELD, REESE E., Roy (DW)

ILLINOIS.

BOGGS, ORVAL J., Greeney—Corp. (DW)

INDIANA.

BESSELMAN, RALPH H., Richmond (DD)
NORRIS, Francis A., Union City—Sgt. (DD)

IOWA.

JONES, JOSEPH, Liddyville—Sgt. (DD)
STRANGE, GEORGE G., Madrid (DD)

KANSAS.

BENNETT, WEBSTER S., Iola—Wagn. (DD)
HICKCOX, CHAS. M., Topeka (DA)

KENTUCKY.

JAGGERS, CURTIS R., Horse Cave (DD)
THOMAS, JAMES G., Gracey (DA)
TRAUGHBER, RAYMOND, Mayfield (DA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

GRZESIK, JOSEPH, Chicopee (DW)
LEES, JAMES, East Cambridge (DW)
WALSH, JOHN E., Somerville (DD)

MICHIGAN.

SIMELICK, WENCH, Suttons Bay (KA)

MINNESOTA.

ECKEL, JASPER M., Grey Eagle (DD)
MOHR, WILLIAM J., Worthington (KA)

MISSISSIPPI.

COLLINS, DE WITT, Crystals (DD)
GILBERT, JAS., Bay St. Louis—Cook. (DA)
SCOTT, JIM, Camden (DD)

MISSOURI.

HUDSON, GEORGE, Winston—Wagn. (DD)

NEW JERSEY.

MEADE, RAYMOND J., Passaic—Sgt. (DD)

OHIO.

IRVIN, GLENN WILLARD, Lima (DW)
MICHNIEVITZ, FRANK J., Toledo (DW)
REED, GEO. A., Wapakoneta—Lt. (DW)
SUTTON, VERNON W., Union Furnace (DA)

OREGON.

HULET, ARCHIE CHARLES, Albany (DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

CRAWFORD, W. W., Kane—Corp. (DD)
CUNNINGHAM, W. M., Philadelphia—Sgt. (KA)
GEIBER, C. C., Johnstown—Corp. (KA)
KING, NORMAN LINEOUS, Corry (DW)
O'NEILL, GEORGE A., Braddock (DW)
ROTHAAR, FRANK H., Pittsburgh—Sgt. (DD)
VALENTIN, GALOP, Reed (KA)
WOLFF, ERNEST E., Greentown (KA)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

SUMMERS, MANNIE, Orangeburg (DA)
WHITWORT, JAMES, Seneca (DD)

TENNESSEE.

SMITH, BURNETT, Newport (DD)

TEXAS.

CAMPBELL, FELIX S., San Antonio (DD)
DEARMS, MILLARD, Rumpe—Sgt. (DD)
MAYFIELD, ABRAHAM, Beaumont (DD)
RILEY, EDWARD F., Beaumont (DD)
SINGLETARY, W. C., San Angelo (KA)

UTAH.

REED, JOSEPH D., Brigham City (DD)

VIRGINIA.

HARMAN, BILL, Sayersville (DD)
JACKSON, B. L., Pendletons—Wagn. (DA)
MOORE, ROBERT L., Keswick (DD)
SLAUGHTER, SMITH S., Quinque (DW)
THONESEN, MADS M., Lightfoot (DD)

WASHINGTON.

RIEGEL, JOHN J., Fairfield—Sgt. (DD)

WISCONSIN.

REDMOND, ROBERT B., Platteville (DD)
RHYNER, GEORGE, Oshkosh (DD)
STOETZ, JOHN P., Milwaukee (DD)

HONOR MONTCLAIR OFFICER.

British Decorate Lieut. R. G. Curtis for Heroism at Bethune.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Jan. 19.—Lieutenant Ridge G. Curtis of Montclair has received a decoration from the British Government for bringing in a wounded man under fire at the battle of Bethune.

Curtis fought in many battles. He enlisted in a London regiment, the Rangers, and after several months' active service on the British front was discharged as unfit for service. He was a Lance Corporal at the time. In April, 1917, he enlisted in the 11th United States Engineers, and in July of that year went to France. He earned his promotion to Lieutenant in the field.

Lieutenant Curtis was in battles at Cambrai, Arras, Bethune, Château-Thierry, St. Mihiel, and the Argonne. While looking for a German position last March he was lost in No Man's Land, but after considerable hardship found his way back to the lines.

Beth Israel Hospital Directors.

These men were elected yesterday to the Board of Directors of Beth Israel Hospital: J. D. Cohen, I. Gillman, W. P. Goldman, A. Krieger, I. Krieger, Samuel Lubell, H. B. Rubin, and Jacob Sperber. The institution is about to erect a new building at Livingston Place and Sixteenth Street adjoining its present site. It will cost about $1,500,000.

CAPT. J. NORMAN HALL OUT OF PRISON CAMP

Famous American Flier Who Was Captured Last May Has Returned to France.

135 OTHERS SET FREE

Axel Anderson of Steamer Winslow Which Was Sunk by the Raider Wolf, Among Those Liberated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Captain James Norman Hall of Colfax, Iowa, a member of the Lafayette Escadrille and later attached to the American air forces in France, who was driven down wounded behind the German lines last May, has returned to France from Germany. His name and those of 135 other American prisoners of war who have been released were contained in a list made public today by the War Department.

Others released included Axel L. Anderson of Sweden, First Officer of the American steamship Winslow, which was sunk by the German raider Wolf. In the list also were the names of two civilians, Christie Keppler, whose address was not given, and Howard Warren of Myerville, Md.

The names of the military prisoners follow:

Lieutenants.

CASGRAIN, WILFRED V., Detroit, Mich.
TIFFANY, G., 158 E. 62d St., New York
MILLER, SAMUEL, Lakeville, Penn.
BATEMAN, WILLIAM, Wayne, Penn.
MOONEY, W. H., Columbus, Indiana.

Enlisted Men.

BECKWITH, C. S., Corunna, Mich.
RIDER, W. D., Goyans, Md.
ROSENKRANTZ, C., 15 Essex St., New York
WOECKY, JOS., New Bedford, Mass.
DODSON, RUSSELL E., Vitondale, Penn.
McENANY, R. E. O., Vancouver, Wash.
McENANY, FRED W., Vancouver, Wash.
SMITH, HOWARD W., Elkins, W. Va.
GRISSELL, STANLEY, Brooklyn, Penn.
SMITH, WELLOR, Johnson City, Ill.
GOEDELMANN, HARRY C., Redbud, Ill.
DANGO, HARRY, Albania.
HARRIS, EDWARD, Carroll, Iowa.
PETRAKES, G., 132 E. 28th St., N. Y. City
OLSHEFSKI, S., Nanticoke, Penn.
FIORETTE, A., 445 Fordham Road, N. Y.
BURGESS, ANGUS, Waltham, Mass.
STAVOLA, JAMES, West Columbia, Penn.
CAMBARTO, B. J., Pottsville, Penn.
ALWRAN, ARGUE L., Lawndale, N. C.
CAROLY, ALEXANDER, Dedham, Mass.
MANGINO, FRANK, Italy.
KRAZOWSKI, ADOPH, Throop, Penn.
STYPCENSKI, LEONARD, Buffalo, N. Y.
WEIMER, A. A., 133 Palmette St., Brooklyn, N.
LONERGAN, THOMAS F., Ireland.
TIERAIEN, W. O., 108 S. Portland Av., Brooklyn.
LOUGHMAN, HARRY R., Chicago, Ill.
VIERING, H. C., West Haven, Conn.
MACHULES, FRANK, Chicago, Ill.
MAHLER, H., New Baltimore Station, New York City.
MISHIWICE, JOHN, New Haven, Conn.
MNICH, STANLEY, Scranton, Penn.
VICTORY, NENOR, Italy.
VICTORY, TONY, Italy.
PERMIGIANI, MOSSING, McKeesport, Penn.
SAGLIMINI, SAMUEL, Italy.
SCHISSLER, J. J., Bristol, Conn.
SUHOLT, WALTER, Cherlebor, Md.
PAULL, FRANK W., Uniontown, Penn.
LORIER, M. A., 420 Humboldt St., B'klyn.
SARONTE, J., 216 2d Av., New York City.
SPOHRER, JOSEPH G., Elmhurst, N. Y.
BRENZEL, LEDGER C., Ironwood, Mich.
TULLY, JOHN T., Alboma, Mass.
STONINA, JOSEPH, Webster, Mass.
BARRETT, MITCHELL A., Philadelphia.
SEBE, HARRY, Lima, Ohio.
LENHART, JOHN, Somerset, Penn.
CLEMENTS, SYLVESTER J., Geneva, Ala.
DEITZEL, WILLIAM C., Geneva, N. Y.
LEACH, GEORGE, 312 W. 59th St., New York City.
STERNBERGER, LEON A., 600 W. 150th St., New York City.
RANTA, LESTER M., 78 E. 32d St., B'klyn.
WARDER, JOSEPH F., Epworth, Ky.
JULIANO, ANGELO, McKeesport, Penn.
DECKSON, DOCK, Rico, La.
JOHNSON, RAYMOND J., Junction, Utah.
JENDRICKS, JOHN H., Coplay, Penn.
JONES, JOHN W., Buffalo, N. Y.
KAUFENSIB, WALTER, Pittsburgh, Penn.
WENCHUS, PAUL L., Chicago.
JACOBSON, LOUIS, 935 Kelly St., New York City.
STRASSEL, FREDERICK H., 3,329 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
JASINSKI, JAN, Natroni, Penn.
BICHUM, TONY, New Britain, Conn.
LEE, MORRIS, Santation Canta Labell, Quebec.
JACKSON, EDW'D C., New Brighton, Penn.
OLSON, FRED, Chicago.
PHOVANZANO, TONY, Italy.
HEFFLEFINGER, ROBT. M., Carlisle, Penn.
SATHERS, ALFRED, Kortay.
MACHADO, JOHN M., Portugal.
BARAWRDI, GASTANO, Paterson, N. J.
DINGWORTH, LIBORY H., St. Libory, Ill.
OLSON, WALTER A., Twin Valley, Minn.
PAGE, WILLIAM L., Van Alstyne, Texas.
BOYD, PALMER V., Alton, Va.
MILLER, JOHN J., Galena, Ill.
PRUETT, JAMES A., Montgomery, Ala.
BERKEMILE, FRED W., Kanner, Ill.
HENGEL, (FOBBE, Wanda, Minn.
WEST, CHARLES W., Bloomsburg, Penn.
EVANS, JAMES H., 222 Albany Av., B'klyn.
RAMSEY, LEE, Newport, Tenn.
BARNES, PERCIVAL, West Haven, Conn.
KRAIL, ALBERT J., Philadelphia.
HORN, ED M., Hanston, Kan.
CALTABIANO, SALVATORE, 150 East 53d St., New York City.
NOVIK, ADAM, Jerome, Penn.
BIRO, DOMINICK M., 76 Union St., B'klyn.
CANONICO, FRANK J., 4 James St., New York City.
HATT, ERICK CHRISTIAN, Bolus, Neb.
FLEMING, JOHN F., Chicago, Ill.
FRESHOUR, ROLLIN G., Ripon, Cal.
BAILEY, EDWARD C. A., Merced, Cal.
RYAN, JAMES L., Warren, Mass.
SMITH, JUSTIN T., Elmira, N. Y.
KILLIAN, THOMAS F., Pittsfield, N. J.
PRZEZWICKI, ANTONIO, Erie, Penn.
WEBER, OTTO A., Jersey City Heights, N. J.
GILBERT, GEORGE H., 1,064 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
CANOVA, CARLO, 423 Pacific Av., Jersey City, N. J.
HENDRIX, EARL, Marionville, Mo.
ORIENT, JOHN W., Philadelphia.
JELINSKE, FRANK, Oconto Falls, Wis.
CORNELL, CHARLES E., Shannock, R. I.
LAPLESH, JOHN D., Williamsett, Mass.
McGOLDRICK, ROBERT, Atlantic Highlands, N. J.
BRADY, THOMAS J., Troy, N. Y.
FORTENSEL, BRUNO H., Dayton, Ohio.
BURNELL, HARRY W., Philadelphia.
DILMORE, DORN D., Elmira, N. Y.
NORRIS, WILLIAM, Farmington, Wash.
HEUPEL, CARL, Okarche, Okla.
DUFFY, EDWIN J., Elmhurst, N. Y.
RUMSON, HOMER, Clyde, Miss.
McKENNT, ARTHUR, Brighton, Mass.
KELLY, JOHN J., 610 Bergen St., B'klyn.
TURCO, RALPH, Tacoma, Wash.
DIETRICH, GEORGE D., Columbia, Penn.
LARE, ROBERT, Philadelphia.
O'DONNELL, JAMES B., 1,646 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.
OSTROWSKI, PETER, no home address given.
O'GARA, JAMES J., 72 Garden St., Hoboken, N. J.

OPPOSE RED FLAG.

New Jersey Mechanics Frame Bill Barring Emblem.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 19.—The New Jersey Junior Order of United American Mechanics has framed a bill to bar the red flag or any other emblem fostering Bolshevism. It will be introduced at the present session of the Legislature by Senator James Hammond of Mercer County. A committee of the New Jersey order has asked that every State in the Union have such a bill introduced. The text of the act reads:

"Any person, who shall in public or private display a red flag, a black flag, or any ensign or sign bearing an inscription opposed to organized government, or the flag, emblem, or insignia of any organization, society or order opposed to organized government, for the purpose of inciting, promoting, or encouraging hostility or opposition to or to the subversion or destruction of any and all government, shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor and punished by a fine not exceeding $2,000 or imprisonment at hard labor not exceeding fifteen years, or both."

VOGUE

Forecast of Spring Fashions Number

OUT TODAY

The Steck
SMALL GRAND PIANO

THE STECK is one of the three great American pianos, the universal demand for which has been so great as to make it necessary to manufacture them both in America and Europe. The other two are the Steinway and the Weber. The international fame of the Steck has been won through sheer merit. The result of the painstaking effort of George Steck, musician and master craftsman, the instrument has made and maintained a reputation that is second to none in piano history.

The Steck possesses a wonderful tone—pure, liquid and exquisitely rounded and a delightfully flexible, responsive action. These features, together with its *unexcelled durability*, combine to make the Steck without question the greatest piano at its price, obtainable today.

The instrument illustrated is but five feet in length, yet powerful and resonant in tone. A veritable "Grand Piano" in every sense of the word.

The Steck Piano is obtainable in three styles. The Steck Upright, at $550. The Steck Small Grand, at $800. The Steck Louis XV Grand, at $950. Convenient Monthly Payments if Desired.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

Makers of the Aeolian-Vocalion—The Greater Phonograph

In MANHATTAN: 29 West 42d Street
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HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Our Reputation

for serving charmingly appetizing after-theatre suppers is based upon many years of successful catering to discriminating folk. Shanley's is pledged to please you!

Brilliantly varied and superbly presented vaudeville de luxe—evenings, 7 to 1.

Your Luncheon is ready from 12 (sharp) to 2:30 P. M. With Music—$1.00

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Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

The Little Club
44th Street Theatre Building
TELEPHONE BRYANT 827
Cooled by Perfumed Breezes
Nightly at 10 o'Clock
New York's Prettiest Hostesses.
BILLIE ALLEN AND HELEN MAXWELL
EXCELLENT CUISINE | SPLENDID BAND
NO ADMISSION FEE CHARGED

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $3.00 to $5.00 a day.

The Annalist today publishes an article advocating the issue of stocks and bonds in small denominations to meet the purse of the small buyer and thus conserve the lesson of thrift inculcated through the Government Liberty Loans. 10 cents on news stands—$4 a year by mail.—Advt.

TWO MILLION A MONTH

MACK trucks to the value of almost two million dollars are sold each month.

Over three-quarters of this amount represents buyers who previously owned MACK trucks. In other words—repeat orders constitute more than 75% of our present business.

"Performance Counts" is the reason.

Capacities 1 to 7½ tons.

INTERNATIONAL MOTOR COMPANY,
New York

"PERFORMANCE COUNTS"

You wouldn't give up electricity and go back to candles

Those who have used electricity would not go back to candles, and matches would not be discarded for flint and steel. Neither would those who have tasted G. Washington's Coffee return to the old, uneven, unreliable, wasteful and slovenly methods of preparing coffee by hand. It is pure coffee, absolutely soluble, retaining all the delicious flavor and effect and made in the cup at the table.

G. Washington's COFFEE

Was taken over by the Government for the boys in the trenches, and is now on sale again.

GIANTS AND DODGERS PLAN TRADES TO STRENGTHEN TEAMS FOR PENNANT RACE

The Woolsack is a standing symbol of the place held by wool in the industrial, economic and social evolution of the English people.

It's a Woolsack on which the Lord Chancellor sits in the House of Lords.

Folks engaged in the same occupation for centuries, handing their skill down from generation to generation, are just naturally bound to produce a prize product.

It's our importations, along with America's best, that lets us refer to our suits and overcoats for men and boys as "the world's best woolens."

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "Four Convenient Corners" Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

CINCINNATI REDS MAY GET DAUBERT

Herrmann Will Give Kopf and Another Player for Brooklyn First Baseman.

MUST WITHDRAW SUIT

Manager McGraw Has Plans Ready for a Four-Cornered Deal to Strengthen the Giants.

The stage is all set for a big baseball deal, whereby Jake Daubert, the Brooklyn first baseman, will go to the Cincinnati Reds for Bill Kopf, the speedy shortstop, and another player. President Charles H. Ebbets of the Dodgers admitted last night that the deal was under way. He said, however, that nothing definite would be done until Daubert had withdrawn the suit which he now has against the Brooklyn club. It is understood that as soon as Daubert withdraws his suit the papers in the trade will be signed.

Daubert had made it known to his friends that it is his purpose to press the suit against the Dodgers unless they make a favorable settlement. It is the only case of its kind resulting from the short season ordered by the War Department. He wants his salary from the time the season ended, on Sept. 2, to Oct. 15, the time designated in his contract.

Manager Wilbert Robinson is already making plans to supplant Daubert at first, and Jake's successor may be Ray Schmandt or Clarence Mitchell, the pitcher. If Mitchell, who is a first-rate batsman, makes good at first on the Southern trip, Schmandt will play second base and Kopf will play shortstop. The shortstop position has been a source of worry to Manager Robinson for several seasons, but Kopf should fill the bill.

Manager McGraw of the Giants was one of the busiest men at the conferences last week, and it is stated that he is engineering a deal which will involve four clubs. With Daubert going to the Reds, it is certain that August Herrmann does not want Hal Chase even if he is successful in refuting the charges which were made against him by Manager Christy Mathewson. It is not likely that Chase will come to the Giants, as the testimony of McGraw and Pitcher Pol Perritt of the Giants is involved in the controversy between Chase and the Cincinnati club.

The Giants would like to get one of the St. Louis pitchers, Lee Meadows if possible, but President Rickey last week refused to let Meadows go. Manager George Stallings wants to get outfielder Casey Stengel for the Braves, and that part of the trade is now pending. As the major leagues have evidently agreed to taboo big money transactions in negotiating for players, it is believed that Manager McGraw is trying to arrange a four-cornered transaction between the Giants, Boston Braves, Pittsburgh, and St. Louis.

President Rickey stated Saturday night that one of the biggest deals of the season was in the wind, and this is the one to which he referred. The managers of these clubs talked for several hours at the Waldorf Saturday night, and the coming week may see the deal consummated.

John H. Farrell, Secretary of the minor leagues, held a long conference yesterday with President Ban Johnson, but the American League leader would not sign the agreement which was drawn up between the minors and majors in regard to territorial rights, reservations, and contracts. Chairman Herrmann of the National Commission signed the document on Saturday, but Johnson said that he would not sign it until he had held further conferences with Herrmann and President Heydler of the National League.

Johnson's refusal to sign yesterday would indicate that there is some hitch in the negotiations. As the National agreement between the two organizations will operate until the new one is signed, it is said that the hitch is over the cases now in controversy. There are numerous cases which will have to be settled and it is the disposition of these which is holding up the complete dissolution of the two bodies.

While only nine minor leagues were in operation for part of last season, it is understood that the minors demand recognition of the territorial rights of sixteen leagues. The attitude of the National Commission on the territory of leagues which went out of business is that they should be permitted to come under the jurisdiction of the National Commission if they chose.

This would indicate that the commission expects to build up a minor league circuit of its own if the opportunity should present itself. The major leaguers do not believe that the new independent arrangement which the minors have built up for themselves will be successful. They point out that through the draft the minors were certain of a large amount of money each season.

The minors expect to set their own prices on ball players which they hope to sell to the majors in the future, but it is doubtful if the standard price will be as high as that which came under the draft. The major leagues learned last season that they could sign all the young ball players they needed without the aid of the minors and they can also take advantage of the field of school and college ball players, if it is necessary.

MAYO SETS NEW RECORD.

Betters His Own Time Over Brooklyn Course.

Eddie Mayo of the Brooklyn A. A. ran his best race of the season yesterday in the handicap road race of the Long Island Athletic League, held over a course of about four miles under the auspices of the Brooklyn A. A. Mayo started from scratch and finished eighth in 21:38, twenty seconds faster than the record for the course, held jointly by Mayo and Louis Kaufman, when they ran a dead heat three weeks ago. Mayo's effort gave him the fast time prize.

The winner was Hughie Carroll of the Brooklyn A. A., who was competing for the first time in three years. Carroll, getting away with starters who had four minutes handicap, pulled away from his rivals after about a half mile had been covered, and thereafter was always in front. Carroll was not extended, and at the finish had an advantage of nearly 300 yards on R. Jekel, his closest rival. The victor's time was 23:38. Twenty-two harriers started, and all finished.

The team prize went to the representatives of the Brooklyn A. A., who gathered the low total of 21 points against 34 for the Kings County A. A. athletes.

The order of finish:

Pos.	Name and Club.	Hand'p.	Actual Time.
1—H.	Carroll, Brooklyn A. A.	4:00	23:38
2—R.	Jekel, Brooklyn A. A.	4:00	24:28
3—J.	Glover, Kings County A. A.	4:00	21:55
4—B.	Moore, Brooklyn A. A.	4:00	25:30
5—I.	Milofsky, Kings Co. A. A.	3:00	24:22
6—E.	Muller, Brooklyn A. A.	3:30	24:58
7—J.	Hinder, Kings County A. A.	2:15	23:46
8—C.	Mayo, Brooklyn A. A.	Scratch	21:38
9—B.	Zabludofsky, Kings Co. A. A.	0:45	22:30
10—A.	Fredericks, Kings Co. A. A.	4:15	26:02
11—S.	Herzig, Brooklyn A. A.	1:30	23:15
12—J.	Cohen, Brooklyn A. A.	0:45	22:45
13—O.	Pollack, Kings Co. A. A.	4:00	26:20
14—A.	Lorenz, Brooklyn A. A.	4:00	26:22
15—A.	Milofsky, Kings Co. A. A.	4:30	28:55

TEAM SCORE.

Brooklyn A. A.	1 2 4 6 8—21
Kings County A. A.	3 5 7 9 10—34

SPURT WINS FOR KATZ.

He Defeats Field of Six In Handicap Road Race.

By a margin of about five yards N. Katz landed first place yesterday in the opening handicap road race of the Yorkville Athletic League, held over the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. course of about four miles. A field of six starters participated in the chase.

Katz, competing for the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., had an allowance of two minutes. He made his bid for the chief prize and was successful after a nip and tuck struggle with L. Bass, Hungarian-American A. C. At the time Katz spurted, Bass and Sam Frierich, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., the scratch starter, were plodding along at the head of the small field.

Frierich was unequal to the task of following the stiff pace set by Katz in the latter's final effort to the tape. Frierich, however, carried off the fast time honors. His time was 16:06. Katz's winning time was 17:04.

The order of finish:

Pos.	Name and club.	Hand'p.	Actual Time.
1—N.	Katz, 92d St. Y. M. H. A.	2:00	17:04
2—L.	Bass, Hungarian-American A. C.	2:00	17:05
3—S.	Frierich, 92d St. Y. M. H. A.	Scratch	16:06
4—L.	Wertheimer, 92d St. Y. M. H. A.	3:00	19:22
5—J.	Zads, Hungarian-American A. C.	3:00	19:22
6—M.	Schwartz, Hungarian-American A. C.	1:00	18:46

O'Connell on Games Committee.

E. J. O'Connell of District Athletic League No. 11 was elected Chairman of the Elementary Schools Games Committee at the last committee meeting. O'Connell will succeed John J. Tully of the Partridge District Athletic League. The newly elected Chairman will make known the personnel of his committee at the next meeting of the Elementary Schools Games Committee.

TWO POLO MATCHES GO EXTRA PERIODS

Meadowlark and Royal Air Force Trios Win in Victory Cup Tournament.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Royal A. F.	4	0	1000
White Owls	3	0	1000
Squadron A	1	2	.333
Meadowlarks	1	2	.333
Rovers	0	2	.000
Foxhunters	0	3	.000

Expert horsemanship and clever stickwork gave the Meadowlarks and Royal Air Force polo teams victories yesterday in the Victory Cup tournament at Durland's Riding Academy. The Meadowlarks trio defeated Squadron A by a count of 10 goals to 9, while the Royal Air Force pololats scored over the Foxhunters by a margin of 12 to 9. Both matches went to extra five-minute periods before a decision was reached. The Royal Air Force success kept the team tied with the White Owls in the battle for leading position in the standing. This tie will be decided Wednesday night.

Dr. Blackwell, playing back for the Meadowlarks, gave his team victory in the extra period with a brilliant and true smash on a difficult goal. The tally came when the teams had struggled through four minutes without effect. The victorious trio conceded a handicap of six goals to its rivals, and for a time it appeared that this allotment would cause the downfall of the Meadowlarks.

To their handicap the Squadron A players added two goals in the first period, and led at the call of time by 8 to 4. In the second period Dr. Blackwell's stick became effective, and with a concentrated attack the Meadowlarks managed to pull up on even terms at the end of the second period. The score was 9 goals for each team.

In the extra period the Meadowlarks outrode their rivals, but were unable to register a goal until Dr. Blackwell's timely score within one minute of the finish.

The Royal Air Force trio encountered strong opposition from the Foxhunters. The latter aggregation had a four-goal handicap, and at the end of the first period had a comfortable lead, at 7 goals to 2. In the second period, however, the offensive efforts of the Canadian players increased and the Foxhunters were almost swept aside with the R. A. F. attack. Led by Archie Kinney, at No. 2, the Canadians registered seven goals for this period while the Foxhunters were collecting two. The finish found the teams tied at nine goals apiece.

Kinney returned to the attack in the extra period, and his expert riding and well-calculated use of the stick resulted in two goals. Baker also scored in this session.

The lineups and summaries:

Meadowlarks, (10.)	Squadron A. (9.)
No. 1—Dr. Biers.	No. 1—E. Clausen.
No. 2—M. Phillips.	No. 2—V. Grimwood.
Back—Dr. Blackwell.	Back—W. Cooke.

Goals—Dr. Blackwell, 4; Phillips, 3; Dr. Biers, 3; Clausen, Cooke, 2. Referee—Mr. Maynard, Durland's Riding Academy. Time of period—Two of ten minutes and one of five minutes.

R. A. F., (12.)	Foxhunters, (9.)
No. 1—J. Henley.	No. 1—R. Guggenheim
No. 2—A. Kinney.	No. 2—M. Goodman.
Back—M. Baker.	Back—J. Sherman.

Goals—Kinney, 7; Baker, 4; Henly, Goodman, Sherman, 4. Referee—Mr. Maynard, Durland's Riding Academy. Time of periods—Two of ten minutes and one of five minutes.

TRICK DEFEATS BIG FIELD.

Spurt in Last Quarter Wins Paulist A. C. Road Race.

E. Trick led home a field of eighteen rival members of the Paulist A. C. yesterday in a members' handicap road race over a course of about three and one-half miles. Trick took the lead from George Kirkwood in the last quarter mile of the journey and sprinted to an advantage of about 100 yards at the finish line. The victor started with a handicap allowance of two minutes and thirty seconds. His actual time was 20:09.

Kirkwood, after being passed by Trick, weakened in the final stages of the race and had to be content with third laurels. Second place went to V. Hand. J. Costello, who only recently returned to competition, started from scratch and won the fast-time prize. Costello finished eighth after a decidedly interesting race, in 19:02. Captain Craig Richards, Engineer Corps, U. S. A., who recently returned from France, finished fourth. The veteran ran in good style.

The order of finish:

E. Trick, (2:30.) 20:09; V. Hand, (1:45.) 19:29; G. Kirkwood, (2:30.) 20:12; Captain Craig Richards, U. S. A., (3:30.) 20:45; P. Lavery, (0:45.) 19:05; A. Larson, (1:30.) 19:50; P. Dunne, (2:15.) 20:53; J. Costello, (scratch.) 19:02; W. Schippel, (1:45.) 20:50; N. Florin, (3:15.) 22:50.

MAKES HIS OWN PACE.

Trivoulidas Leads All the Way in Morningside Race.

Peter Trivoulidas of the Morningside A. C. scored an easy victory yesterday in the club's invitation road race over a course of about four and one-half miles. Trivoulidas, getting away at the head of a field of five runners, led all the way and made the pace to his own liking. At the finish he had an advantage of about 250 yards on Thomas Harris, St. Christopher Club. Trivoulidas's time was 26:40.

The order of finish:

P. Trivoulidas, Morningside A. C., 26:40; Thomas Harris, St. Christopher Club, 27:30; George Thompson, St. Christopher Club, 27:50; C. Hunter, St. Christopher Club, 28:10; O. S. Weeks, Hollywood Inn A. A., 28:20.

Schaefer Defeats Cochran.

CHICAGO, Jan. 18.—Jake Schaefer defeated Welker Cochran tonight in the final block of their 3,600-point balk line billiard match, 300 to 295, making the match by a total score of 3,600 to 3,100. Schaefer made his high run of the meet last night, 307, equalling the record made by Cochran. Schaefer and Cochran open another 3,600-point match Monday in New York.

Three After Pool Title.

The players are so well matched in the pocket billiard tournament of the American Amateur Billiard Association, now in progress at Doyle's Broadway Academy, that three players still have a chance of winning. Edward J. Kirby holds the lead with three straight victories. George Barton has won three and lost one, while Charles Fulton has won twice and lost once. Kirby still has Howe and Barton to play, and as they are both strong match players his lead is by no means safe. Tonight's game will bring together Kirby and Howe.

700 Teams to Bowl.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 19.—There will be more than 700 teams in the nineteenth annual convention of the American Bowling Congress to be held here in March, according to A. L. Langtry, Secretary, at a meeting held here this afternoon. Mr. Langtry reported that 100 teams were coming from Chicago, 200 had been entered from Toledo, twenty-five from Buffalo, twenty-five from St. Louis, and thirty-two from Detroit. The tournament will begin on March 8, the first four or five days being given over to local teams.

KNIGHT WINS AT TRAPS.

Takes High Scratch Prize at Travers Island.

Although the light was satisfactory and there was not much wind to change the flight of the blue rocks, the scores made in the weekend shoot of the New York Athletic Club at Travers Island, yesterday did not come up to the average. H. D. Knight, winner of the high scratch prize, was an exception. He managed to take the cup with the excellent total of 95 out of a possible 100 targets.

After a shootoff, the high handicap prize went to F. J. Ham. A special of 25 "birds" was won by W. G. Allen. In the regular fixtures, legs were scored by the gunners who had full scores. In the shoot for the Red Cross and Accumulation prizes, which are shot off together, the legs were won by W. B. Ogden, A. P. Bennett, G. J. Corbett, C. W. Stevens, G. S. McCutcheon, R. M. Owen, and H. B. Knight.

The Tournament Cup winners were W. B. Odgen, J. I. D. Bristol, C. W. Stevens, F. J. Ham, G. S. McCutcheon, E. D. Anderson, W. Bauer, D. L. Bradley, and H. D. Knight. The legs on the Byronel Cup, which is at 50 targets, were won by C. W. Stevens, F. J. Ham, J. C. Newington, E. D. Anderson, W. Bauer, W. G. Allen, and R. B. Cole. Twenty-eight nimrods took part in the shoot.

Their scores:

Name.	Ac. Cup.	Tm. Cup.	Byronel Cup.	Ser. & Hp Cups.	
J. H. Vanderveer	0	19	0 24	2 48	89, 8— 97
W. B. Ogden	2	23	2 25	5 46	88, 12—100
A. P. Bennett	2	23	2 23	5 46	85, 14— 99
J. I. D. Bristol	6	23	7 25	13 48	71, 20—100
J. P. Donovan	1	23	1 23	2 48	90, 8— 98
H. E. Pursell	7	20	7 19	14 45	56, 20— 86
Dr. Thielmann	0	23	0 23	0 46	92, 0— 92
G. J. Corbett	1	23	0 22	2 48	95, 8—100
Z. Rogers	1	23	1 22	2 48	89, 8— 97
C. W. Derrick	2	23	2 18	4 43	91, 12— 95
C. W. Stevens	2	23	2 23	4 50	94, 12—106
A. P. Walker	5	20	5 24	9 47	72, 21— 93
M. Murphy	1	21	1 23	2 49	80, 10— 99
A. L. Burns	0	22	0 22	1 45	88, 8— 86
F. J. Ham	4	24	4 25	9 50	80, 18—100
G. S. McCutcheon	3	25	3 25	10 48	81, 18— 99
J. C. Newington	7	24	7 20	14 50	68, 30— 98
R. M. Owen	1	25	2 22	4 44	84, 14— 98
W. Bruder	0	18	0 15	0 32	66, 6— 98
E. D. Anderson	4	23	5 23	9 50	87, 20—100
W. Bauer	5	24	5 25	10 50	82, 18—100
W. G. Allen	4	24	4 23	8 50	84, 16—100
S. Smith	6	23	7 15	14 42	50, 30— 80
D. F. Bradley	1	23	1 25	2 49	94, 8—100
R. B. Cole	2	23	3 23	7 50	86, 12— 98
H. Graves	0	20	0 20	0 39	79, 0— 79
W. Brander	0	14	0 15	0 32	66, 6— 98
H. D. Knight	2	23	2 25	3 49	96, 12—100

BOAK WINS MOHAWK RUN.

He Outlasts Rivals in Final Dash for Wire.

A sprint in the last half mile of the journey gave William Boak, of the Mohawk A. C., premier prize yesterday in the Mohawk A. C. members' handicap road race, held over the club's Elks course in the Bronx. The distance was about four and one-half miles. Boak started with a handicap of two minutes. When about half a mile from the finish he overtook E. Hill, who was allotted the limit start, three minutes. Then followed a hard sprint, which ended with Hill weakening and falling back, while Boak continued at an even gait and worked up an advantage of about 200 yards.

Boak's time was 24:50. Eleven members participated in the chase. J. McGuinness was the scratch starter. He returned the fastest time, finishing fifth in 24:14.

The order of finish:

W. Boak, (2:00.) 24:50; H. Hill, (2:00.) 26:28; W. Franz, (2:00.) 26:34; J. [illegible] Hine, (2:00.) 27:11; J. McGuinness (scratch.) 24:14; J. P. Brook, (1:40.) 25:18; E. Smerigilo, (2:00.) 28:5[illegible]; Schiavone, (2:30.) 28:22; C. Hammond, (2:00.) 29:52; G. Nolan, (2:00.) 27:25; J. Tiche, (2:30.) 28:29.

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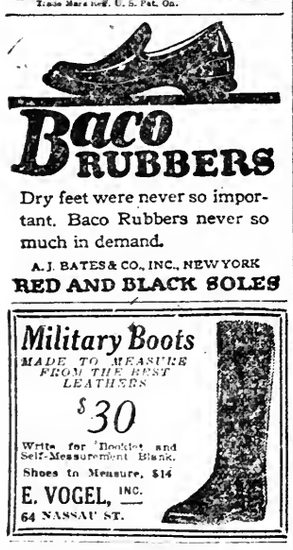

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Comfort itching skin with Cuticura. Bathe with Soap soothe with Ointment, dust with Talcum. 25c each at all dealers.

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HURLBURT'S CAMPHOR PILLS
TAKE ONE AT ONCE—If you sneeze, snuffle, or feel a chill coming on. Carry the small bottle at all times. Price 25c.

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Every bit of VELVET must age for two years in huge wooden hogsheads before it reaches your pipe. By then it has acquired a cool smoothness, a mellow flavor and a *natural* tobacco taste.

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$40, $38, $35 and $33 Fancy Suits	29.50	$38 and $35 Overcoats	28.50
$45, $43, $40 and $38 Fancy Suits	34.50	$45, $43 and $40 Overcoats	34.50
$50, $48 and $45 Fancy Suits	39.50	$50, $48 and $45 Overcoats	39.50
$58, $55 and $53 Fancy Suits	47.50	$60, $58, $55 and $50 Overcoats	47.50
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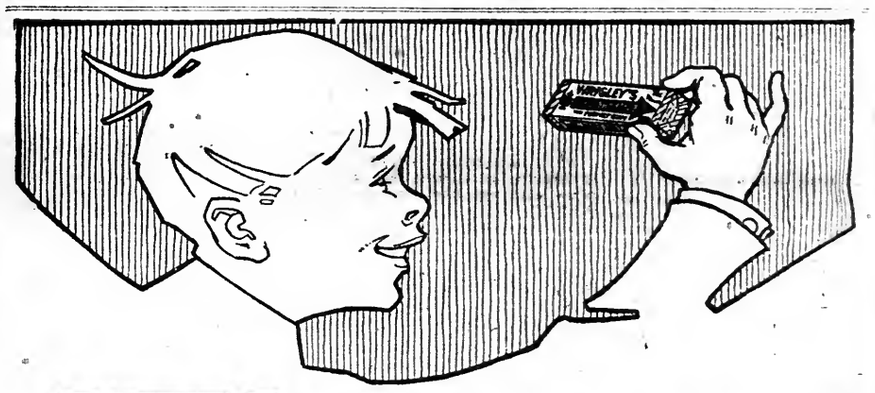

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URGES INCOME TAX BE COMPUTED NOW

Collector Edwards Says Returns on Small Salaries Will Not Change.

EXPLAINS WORKING OF LAW

Expects at Least 1,000,000 New Taxpayers Under Bill Now Before Congress.

Internal Revenue Collector William H. Edwards said in a statement to the public yesterday that single persons who have earned $1,000 or more and married men who have earned $2,000 may just as well begin now to make up their accounts for the year 1918, because the Income tax bill before Congress is practically in its final shape and taxes on small incomes are not likely to be affected by any further changes.

Under the law to be enacted, 1,000,000 persons will pay an income tax this year for the first time, according to Collector Edwards. Most of these millions, he says, have not been forced to make a study previously of income tax questions, and he points out that it is necessary for all men and women who are put by Congress into the income-paying class to study thoroughly their obligation under the law and their financial position.

"The income tax payer must ascertain accurately his gross income from all sources," Mr. Edwards adds. "There is his salary or wages, including overtime pay and any bonus received as additional compensation, and a married man having children under 18 years who are working should include the earnings of such children.

If he sold any property at a profit the gain must be computed and included in gross income. If he rented any property to other persons the total rents received in the year must be ascertained and from that figure a deduction may be taken for taxes paid on rented property, the necessary minor repairs, fire insurance, any interest he may have paid on mortgage, and a reasonable allowance for annual wear and tear of the rented property. The balance is included in gross income for the year.

"Interest on bank deposits, whether withdrawn or added to his bank balances, must be included in all calculations of income, bond interest received during the year must also be included, except interest on municipal, county or State bonds. Interest on United States bonds need not be included by the ordinary bondholder who purchased small amounts. Holders of large amounts of Liberty bonds, however, should ask their bankers to write to my office for the rule applying to tax on such interest.

"Depreciation on property used in a profession, in business, or in farming is another item that may be claimed as a deduction. The storekeeper may claim depreciation on his fixtures, and on his delivery horses and wagons, but not on his stock held for sale. The professional man may claim similar deduction on his instruments and, in the case of a physician who maintains a team or auto for making his calls on patients, reasonable depreciation may be claimed. The farmer may claim depreciation on his farm buildings, aside from his personal residence, also on his farm machinery, his work horses, and farm work wagons. The theory of depreciation, in connection with the income tax, is that wear and tear caused by use in earning income is a real expense in the earning of that income.

"Dividends on stock shares are income and must be included in the gross figures, although the law does not impose the normal tax on distributions made by domestic corporations.

Profit on Merchandise.

"A person buying and selling merchandise must find his profits for the year on the following basis: First, ascertain the gross sales or total cash receipts, then add together the inventory at the beginning of the year and the purchase of goods for resale; from this latter sum subtract the inventory of goods on hand at the year's end, and the result is the cost of goods sold. This cost, plus necessary expenses incurred solely through the conduct of the business, is to be deducted from the gross sales, and the result is the net earnings of the business.

"Everybody wants to know what income is exempt from tax. Very few items that fall to the average man may be legally disregarded in figuring up his 1918 income. Gifts and bequests can be eliminated, also proceeds of life insurance received by the beneficiary of an insured person. A person who cashed in an endowment policy need report as income only that portion which exceeds the total of the premiums he paid in all years on that policy. Annuities are not taxable, unless the person received in the year payments which represent when added to all prior payments on the annuity, an amount greater than the original cost of the annuity. Dividends from policies must be considered income. Alimony is not income to the recipient, nor is it an allowable deduction on the part of the person who pays.

"From the total of all items of income there are certain deductions allowable by law. All interest paid on personal indebtedness and all taxes paid during the year are deductable, except Federal income and excess profits taxes, inheritance taxes, and assessments for local improvements, such as sidewalks, sewers, &c. Losses incurred in business or trade are allowable, also losses arising from fires, storms, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft, in cases where such losses are not compensated for by insurance or otherwise. Losses incurred outside of a person's regular business are allowable to the extent of gains reported from similar transactions within the year. Debts due to the taxpayer actually ascertained to be worthless during the year are deductible.

"A professional man arrives at his professional income by ascertaining the total of fees for services and deducting therefrom all expenses connected directly and solely with his practice.

To Determine Farmer's Income.

"A farmer must figure up all income derived from the sale or exchange of products during the year, whether such produce was raised on the farm or purchased and resold. He is allowed to deduct from this total his expenses of the year connected with the planting, cultivation, harvesting and marketing of the crop, or the care, feeding and marketing of live stock. He is not allowed to deduct the amount expended in 1918 in purchasing stock for resale, but when such stock is sold its cost is to be deducted from sale price in ascertaining the gain to be included in his return. The cost price of stock bought prior to 1917 cannot be deducted, as in the case just cited, if such cost was included in the deduction made in the year of purchase.

"Contributions or gifts actually made in 1918 to organizations operating exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific or educational purposes, and to societies for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, may be deducted to an amount not exceeding 15 per cent. of the net income computed without the benefit of this deduction.

"After the total of all income is found and the deductions allowable by law have been computed as an offset, the amount of income in excess of such deductions is the net income, which forms the basis of the assessment of tax.

"If every person in this district will examine his own 1918 income and his allowable deductions, in line with data that I have given, he will know beyond doubt whether he must file his return when the blanks arrive, and here is how he will determine his liability to file a return. If he is single he must file, if his net income was $1,000 or more, and this requirement is enforced whether or not he is the head of a family. If he is married he must file his return if his net income including that of his wife and minor children, was $2,000 or more."

THE SCREEN

"The Fighting Roosevelts," a moving picture based on incidents in the life of Colonel Roosevelt, who authorized its production by McClure Pictures, Inc., is the leading attraction at the Strand this week. The film is not, and, of course, could not be, a "life" of the Colonel, for only a few of the many important acts and activities of the late ex-President's life can be pictured in the limited number of reels suitable for a single program. Charles Hanson Towne and Porter Emerson Browne, who prepared the scenario, simply selected familiar episodes from Colonel Roosevelt's career, and William Nigh, the director, put them into vivid pictures.

The principal scenes are of the Colonel as a child, a young man in the State Assembly, a cowboy, Police Commissioner, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Lieutenant Colonel of the Rough Riders, and President. These scenes have been staged, with intimate and personal touches, in frank Horatio Alger fashion. There has been no attempt at analysis or delineation of character in them, and those adventures of the Colonel's life in which he was an honest antagonist in honest differences of opinion between himself and others have been omitted entirely.

The emphasis of the picture is on Colonel Roosevelt's life before he became President. His conflicts with "big business," with Congress and members of the Ananias Club are scarcely suggested. There is no mention of his relation to the Panama Canal, and, so far as the film shows, the Progressive Party never existed. "The Fighting Roosevelts" might well take the title of "A Boy's Life of Theodore Roosevelt," for its episodes are chiefly those that will stir the enthusiastic imagination of a boy. Which is to say that they will appeal to the imagination of the crowd. Above all things, "The Fighting Roosevelts" is a crowd picture.

What scenes Mr. Nigh has made he has made well, and the acting is generally good. The players impersonating Colonel Roosevelt at different ages suggest him strongly by their performances and makeup.

A noteworthy number of the Strand bill is a second picture on the "Analysis of Motion," this time showing divers going through somersaults at one-eighth normal speed.

There are several exquisite bits in "Everywhere with Prizma," which starts off the Rivoli picture program this week, but some of the scenes in this heterogeneous collection serve only to emphasize the fact that color-photography has not yet been perfected.

The featured offering is "His Parisian Wife," in which Elsie Ferguson, ably supported by David Powell, Courtney Foote, Frank Losee, and Cora Williams, does some of the best screen acting of her career in one of the worst photoplays which have been inflicted upon Broadway for a long time. In the first place, it is not a photoplay at all, but a succession of animated illustrations for accompanying text, and, in the second place, although the opening scenes evolve a situation out of which drama could have grown, the story becomes typical "movie" claptrap. In the beginning Miss Ferguson is a French girl who romantically meets a young New Englander wandering about Paris, and becomes his wife with a rush. The man, impersonated by David Powell, takes his bride to the traditionally ruled and regulated home of his parents, where she does not fit at all—and the spectator begins to expect developments with a meaning, but gets seemingly endless reels of the kind of trash some producers think the public wants.

A "Spanish Choreographic Episode," staged by Adolf Bolm in a setting by John Wenger, is one of the centres of attraction of the Rivoli program.

"The Way of a Man with a Maid," in which Bryant Washburn, Wanda Hawley, and Fred Goodwin show what good comedy work they can do, is the photoplay at the Rialto. If it had been limited to two, or, perhaps, three, reels, it would have been a delightful piece of triviality, but stretched out as it is to the length prescribed for features, it is tiresome.

"Labrador," a Post travel picture, shows magnificent and interesting views off the coast of the Canadian province and in its curious fishing villages.

"The Heart of Humanity" continues at the Broadway this week.

Burton Holmes delivered his second illustrated lecture, "With the Yanks in Paris," at Carnegie Hall last night and will repeat it this afternoon.

OPERAS FOR NEXT WEEK.

Daily and Often Double Performances by Two Companies.

The Metropolitan yesterday posted, earlier than usual, its operas for another week, the season's twelfth, which will coincide with the first of the Chicago company, already announced at the Lexington. Beginning next Monday there will be daily, and often double-daily, performances at either house, and the season should be at its height for five weeks thereafter.

Mr. Gatti-Casazza announces "La Forza del Destino" next Monday, with Caruso and Ponselle; Tuesday, a special matinée of "Madame Butterfly," with Farrar, Lazaro, Montesanto, and that evening, "Crispino," in Brooklyn, with Hempel, Braslau, and Scotti; Wednesday, "Oberon," Ponselle and Martinelli; Thursday, "Samson et Dalila," Caruso and Matzenauer.

Charles Hackett will make a Friday début in "Barber of Seville," with Hempel, De Luca, and Mardones. On Saturday, Feb. 1, the new Puccini operas reach a fifth hearing at the matinée, with Farrar, De Luca, and others, and that evening will be a revival of "L'Oracolo," with Sundelius, Scotti, Didur, in double bill with "Coq d'Or," in which the cast is the same as tonight.

Chicago Opera Changes.

Mr. Campanini has made a slight change in the schedule of his first week of the Chicago Opera at the Lexington. Through this rearrangement, Gounod's "Romeo and Juliet" will be presented on Tuesday night of next week, and Puccini's "Madame Butterfly" will be the Wednesday opera. This entails no change in the casts formerly named for the two operas before they were reversed.

Yvonne Gall and John O'Sullivan will have their joint début on Tuesday, while Tamaki Miura will return on Wednesday. Mary Garden heads the casts of both Fevrier's "Gismonda" and "Monna Vanna," as well as a matinee "Thais." There will be a popular "Tales of Hoffmann" and a Friday première of Leroux's "Le Chemineau."

The Hippodrome management announces that, by arrangement with the Lexington, the Sunday night concerts of the Chicago Opera Company during its New York engagement will again be held at the big Sixth Avenue house. Four concerts have been arranged for, the first being Sunday evening, Feb. 2. The soloists will include both Galli-Curci and Rosa Raisa in the course of the series.

Concerts of a Day.

The Philharmonic Society had a rare afternoon to itself yesterday in Carnegie Hall, when a sold-out house greeted the orchestra's program, devoted to Tschaikowsky and Liszt. Before the "Pathetic" symphony an elegy from Tschaikowsky's Third Suite was played in place of the "Voyevoda" overture, the music of which did not arrive. Liszt's "Tasso" had a less interesting "Epilogue" to the same title, that was perhaps unfamiliar, and the matinée closed with his "Hungarian Rhapsody" No. 2.

Efrem Zimbalist, the violinist, was heard in last evening's concert at the Metropolitan in Lalo's "Symphony Espagnole" and solo pieces by Tschaikowsky-Auer and Sarasate. Marie Sundelius sang the bird song from "Pagliacci," Paul Althouse a tenor air from "Tosca," with songs by Strickland and Sanderson, and José Mardones, bass, an air from "Ernani." The orchestra under Hageman played Lalo's overture to "Le Roi d'Ys" and a symphonic poem, "Stenka Razine," by Glazounow.

3,000,000 PROTEST HIGH THEATRE TAX

Managers Say Public's Petition Will Begin to Reach Washington Today.

MAYOR IS A SIGNER HERE

Committee Says 10 Per Cent. Rate Cut Business a Third—Sees Loss with Tax Doubled.

Three million protests against the 20 per cent. theatre tax, the result of the theatrical managers' campaign up to and including Saturday night, will begin to reach Washington this morning from all over the country. Members of the Managers' Committee estimated yesterday that 1,000,000 signatures a day will be obtained in the various playhouses of the country during the present week, and these will be forwarded daily from each city to the Senate Committee on Finance and the Ways and Means Committee of the House.

A summary of the alleged effect of the original 10 per cent. tax upon the theatres, together with an estimate of the damage which will be wrought by an increased impost, was issued by the managers yesterday following a meeting during the morning in the New York Theatre Building. It was in part as follows:

"When the original 10 per cent tax went into effect, the theatres throughout the provincial districts of the United States, embracing all the smaller cities and the one-night stands, were affected by a decrease of business to the extent of one-third the previous box office takings. It is now carefully and thoroughly estimated that, should the tax be increased to 20 per cent. on theatre tickets the theatrical business throughout the country will be affected to the extent of fully 60 per cent.

"Moreover, a large number of the smaller attractions will be wiped out, thus entailing the closing of hundreds of theatres throughout the land, and putting thousands of people out of employment. Not only will the people who are directly interested and employed in attractions and theatres and all the by-products of the theatrical business be affected, but also will the transportation lines of the country, including railroads and street car lines, t Hotels, cigar stores, florists, candy shops and innumerable other industries will find their receipts depleted to a very large degree."

The weekly Sunday afternoon performance for soldiers and sailors at the Manhattan Opera House was turned into a tax protest meeting, and about 4,000 uniformed men signed the rolls. Addresses were made by George Gordon Battle and William A. Brady. Mayor Hylan was among those who signed the petition at a benefit performance at the Hippodrome in the evening.

One of the plans which will be put into operation by the managers today will be the canvassing of businesses indirectly allied with the theatre, such as florists' shops and taxicab companies. About a score of Hippodrome chorus girls will take up that work this morning, and the plan will probably be extended during the week to include other stores and the large office buildings.

DRAMA

By John Corbin

Yvette Guilbert Canonised.

The manners and morals of mediaeval pietism are being illustrated at the Neighborhood Playhouse in Grand Street, which is producing "Guibour," a French miracle play of the fourteenth century, with Yvette Guilbert in the title rôle. The little drama presents its heroine as an idealisation of chastity and fidelity, and the way in which it makes her assert her character is certainly quaint.

A model of matronly virtues, not least among which is a sincere and generous love for her young son-in-law, the most scandalous reports are circulated about her relations with the young man. It is really more than a mediaeval idealization of the feminine virtues can stand. So Guibour sets roundly to work and has the young man murdered in the wine cellar. Her husband is shocked by the fatality, and her daughter is naturally reduced to the most piteous lamentations; but Guibour, as it seems, rejoices that she has achieved a vindication of her womanly ideal.

The First Officer of the Law, however, prosaically suspects a crime, and puts Guibour through the third degree in a surprisingly modern manner. She confesses and is condemned to be burned at the stake. Faggots are plied at her feet, and flames begin to rage about her. But at the critical moment the Virgin steps from her niche on the neighboring church, proclaims the idealism of Guibour's feminine virtues, and sets her free, quite unscorched. It subsequently appears that she is canonized. Certainly she has absurdly human and quaintly humorous visions of further parleyings with Our Lady and her saints and, at the close, she is escorted by a company of nuns to end her days in sacred retirement. Her dear daughter, of course, remains a widow, and her dear son-in-law a corpse. Whatever the play may teach as to feminine virtues in general, it scarcely tends to increase the confidence of menfolk in mothers-in-law.

The production renders admirably the extravagant and often laughable, yet sincerely pious spirit of the play. Rollo Peters is the son-in-law, Alice Lewisohn his bereaved young wife, and Irene Lewisohn the statue of the Virgin, which comes to life. The production is rich in costume and pageantry, and the musical accompaniment, including a mass, is excellent. Historically, the occasion is most interesting and, to those who delight in the oddities of things mediaeval, it affords much entertainment.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Just Around the Corner," a comedy, with music, by George V. Hobart and Herbert Hall Winslow, will be seen here at the Longacre Theatre two weeks from tonight. Marie Cahill will be the star of the piece, and the cast will include George MacQuarrie, Eugenie Blair, and others.

The Greenwich Village Theatre will reopen on Saturday night, Feb. 8, with "Hobohemia," a dramatization by Sinclair Lewis of his story of the same name. Frank Conroy will again be the Director.

Klaw & Erlanger will bring "The Velvet Lady" to the New Amsterdam Theatre on Monday night, Feb. 3. The piece is a musical comedy based upon "A Full House," with book and lyrics by Henry Blossom and score by Victor Herbert.

Free performances of "Tillie," at Henry Miller's Theatre, and "Keep It to Yourself," at the Thirty-ninth Street, took place last night before audiences of uniformed men.

Bertha Kalich, in the course of her engagement at the Fulton Theatre in "The Riddle: Woman," will give several Friday matinees of new one-act plays. Among these are "The Dream of an Autumn Sunset," by Gabriele d'Annunzio, and a play by John Corbin.

CELESTINS VICHY

The Vichy Company

BEGS to extend appreciation to the Medical Profession and the general public of America for their patronage and their patience with the difficulties imposed on Celestins Vichy by war conditions.

As you know, the Celestins Vichy Springs are the property of the French Republic, and the French Government, realizing the high regard of American physicians and the public for Celestins Vichy, has done everything in its power to avoid cutting off shipments to America altogether.

That shipments have been far from adequate during the past four years and the condition and packing of the goods has not always been right—we are unhappily aware.

But we can now announce, and do so gladly, that the packing and shipping of Celestins Vichy are now back to peace time standards.

Cargo space, while still limited, is being found.

Packing supplies, though also limited as yet, are being obtained in sufficient quantities to guarantee perfect delivery.

We can definitely foresee the time when the supply of Celestins Vichy in this country will be adequate for a constantly increasing demand, and each bottle carefully packed the real French way.

CELESTINS VICHY

A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities. Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government. Ask your physician.

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AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2. AL JOLSON And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD 42nd Week in New York.

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL —AT 11:30— A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800.

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th Street, West of Broadway. Beginning NEXT SAT. NIGHT. Seats Now. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in "EYES OF YOUTH" Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00.

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13 A New Play by Samuel Shipman & Max Marcin.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. MARY NASH in THE BIG CHANCE

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. "ADORABLE."—Mail. EAST IS WEST A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:15. Smartest Musical Show in Town.

LITTLE SIMPLICITY WITH THE PRETTIEST GIRLS IN THE WORLD.

SHUBERT West 44th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. LAST 2 WEEKS in New York BETROTHAL By Maeterlinck, Author of Blue Bird. The Masterpiece of the Stage.

LYRIC 42d St., west of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats Wed. and Sat., 2:30. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. 5th Month | Not a War Play | The Season's Hit. THE UNKNOWN PURPLE With RICHARD BENNETT

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. Jane Cowl in The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way. THE COMEDY HIT Tea for 3 Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. WILLIAM COURTENAY AND TOM WISE in Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit. CAPPY RICKS

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

Shubert-Riviera B'way & 97th. Eves. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w. Best Seats 50c. Highest Price Orchestra Seat, Evgs. $1. UNDER ORDERS with Effie Shannon and James L. Crane.

COMEDY 41st, East of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:30. "IT IS WELCOME AND WILL SUCCEED."—Louis De Foe, World. Edward Locke's Comedy THE CLIMAX With ELEANOR PAINTER "FRESHER AND MORE VIGOROUS THAN EVER."—John Corbin, Times.

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Eves. 8:30 Sharp. Matinees Wed. and Sat. at 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Comedy A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley. Moves to Vanderbilt Theatre next Monday.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. 3 Matinees This Week: Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday. ALICE BRADY Personally in FOREVER AFTER

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. It's naughty but it's nice—SH! The Laugh Play Keep IT TO Yourself "Rarely does one see an audience so convulsed by laughter."—S. Jay Kaufman, Globe.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. A COMEDY ABOUT THE LOVE AFFAIR THAT EVERY WOMAN MISSED. H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners with IRENE BORDONI

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

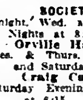
ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits. New Musical Play—The 100% Cast "SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART" CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:15. A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:15.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Thur. & Sat. 2:15. THIS WEEK Les Freres Karamazov Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

PRINCESS Mats. Wednesday and Saturday. Evenings at 8:20. Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. OH, MY DEAR! "BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:15. Eves. 8:15. NORA BAYES IN HER JOYOUS PLAY LADIES FIRST.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:15. Riotous Comedy with Music



THE MELTING OF MOLLY with CHARLES PURCELL CHORUS WITH A KICK.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST. SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS Tonight, Wed. and Fri. Nights at 8:15. FRA DIAVOLO Orville Harrold—Bianca Saroya. Tues. & Thurs. Evenings 8:15, and Saturday Mat., 2:15. MARTHA Craig Campbell—Ruth Miller. Saturday Evening at 8:15. MME. BUTTERFLY Maggie Teyte (Farewell) Orville Harold

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES" LONGACRE W. 48th St. Eve. 8:30. Last 2 Weeks. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE, FRI. AFT. at 2:30 & SAT., 10:30 A. M. WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET "Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125th St. Eve 25c to $1. Mat. To-m'w, 25c & 50c. "AN IDEAL HUSBAND"

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. William Gillette "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY"—Herald. Dear Brutus "To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. BEGINNING TO-NIGHT AT 8:20. Owing to the accumulative interest in this play, which begins from the curtain's rise, patrons are requested to be in their Seats at 8:20 sharp. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in the Comedie Francaise Sensation "THE MARQUIS DE PRIOLA" By HENRI LAVEDAN

If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long Legs," you'll love PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Thursday and Sat., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS DADDIES

VANDERBILT West 48 St. | Beg. Mon. Jan. 27 Seats Now A LITTLE JOURNEY Moves Here from THE LITTLE THEATRE

LIGHTNIN Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Wed., Friday and Sat., 2:30. GAIETY, B'way & 46 St. AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT 3 Wise Fools Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed and Sat., 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY LISTEN LESTER! "MOVED WITH A SWIFTNESS THAT CHASED THE BLUES."—Herald.

CORT West 48th St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:20. The Better 'Ole With MR. and MRS. COBURN

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. MATINEES WED. & SAT., 2:15. TO-NIGHT 150TH GALA TIME! INDISPUTABLY THE BEST REAL MUSICAL COMEDY IN TOWN! KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF LAUGHTER and MELODY. GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic Two Entirely Different Shows.

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri., Sat. 2:30. STUART WALKERS PORTMANTEAU SEASON Tel. Circle 1366. Current Bill, LORD DUNSANY'S THE LAUGHTER OF THE GODS "STINGY" and "A NIGHT IN AVIGNON"

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Bryant 392. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Wednesday and Sat., 2:20. THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. "A PRINCE THERE WAS" GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42d St. Eve 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30. The New Sensation of Psychic Mystery! THE INVISIBLE FOE TREMENDOUS HIT! "NOT A WAR PLAY."

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written. THREE FACES EAST Hundreds turned away at every performance.

"THE CANARY" It's a Bird JULIA SANDERSON JOSEPH CAWTHORN Sam Hardy, Doyle & Dixon, Maude Eburne. GLOBE—200 FIRST BALC. SEATS $1.50

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Thursday and Sat., 2:20. FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evgs. 25c to $1. Mts. Tom'w & Thur., 25c & 50c. FLORENCE NASH in "Remnant"

Burton Holmes CARNEGIE HALL TODAY AT 3 With the "YANKS" IN PARIS POPULAR PRICES—50c to $1.50.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Twice Daily. | Pop. Prices MILLION DOLLAR DOLLS

MOTION PICTURES.

PLAZA Madison Ave. at 59th St. "THE COMMON CAUSE" A Play of the Hour by J. Hartley Manners and Ian Hay Beith. With Herbert Rawlinson, Sylvia Breamer, Lawrence Grossmith, and, in the prologue, Julia Arthur, Marjorie Rambeau, Irene Castle, Effie Shannon, Violet Heming.

STRAND B'way at 47th St. THE FIGHTING ROOSEVELTS A Vivid Picturization of the Life of COL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3080. Douglas FAIRBANKS in His Latest "ARIZONA" Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. ANNA CASE in "The Hidden Truth."

MOTION PICTURES.

EXTRA WEEK OF THE PICTURE THAT ALL NEW YORK IS TALKING ABOUT. "THE HEART of HUMANITY" The Picture That Will Live Forever. BROADWAY THEATRE, B'WAY AT 41ST ST. 10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 30, 50, 85. Lge. $1 ELSIE FERGUSON in "His Parisian Wife" New Sennett Comedy. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

RIALTO Times Square 25—50—85. BRYANT WASHBURN "The Way of a Man With a Maid." Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

AMUSEMENTS.

UP IN MABEL'S ROOM

THERE IS MORE FUN AND BEAUTY THAN IN ANY PLAY IN TOWN

ASK THE CRITICS!

"Continuous laughter."—Sun.
"An entire outfit of laughter."—American.
"A laugh factory."—Journal of Commerce.
"Keeps audience laughing to the end."—World.
"Full of action. Fascinating feminine clothes."—Herald.
"A laugh provoker."—Evening Mail.
"Went over the top with snap and dash. Cast notable for beauty."—Globe.

A Frivolous Farce of Feminine Foibles.
By Wilson Collison and Otto Harbach.
Presented by A. H. Woods.

ELTINGE THEATRE, W. 42nd St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.

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N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Aeolian Hall, Sat. Morn., Jan. 25, at 11 THIRD SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR CHILDREN. Mr. DAMROSCH will explain the Violoncello, Trumpet and Trombone. Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan'y 26, at 3. Soloist Mme. HULDA Lashanska RAFF, MASSENET, MENDELSSOHN, TSCHAIKOWSKY, LOEFFLER. Tickets at Box Office. Geo Engles, Mgr.

SIXTH BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Jan. 24, at 11. HELEN STANLEY LEOPOLD GODOWSKY ANDRES DE SEGUROLA Res. Seats $3, Box Seats $5, now on sale at Biltmore Box Office from 9 to 6 (balcony floor). Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

Carnegie Hall Tuesday Eve., Jan. 28, at 8:15. Wed. Aft., Jan. 29, at 3. RUSSIAN SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor. SOLOIST SERGEI RACHMANINOFF Stravinsky, Glazounoff, Rimsky-Korsakoff. Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Stieff Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 25, 2:30. PIANO RECITAL—JOSEF HOFMANN (STEINWAY PIANO.) Tickets at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL, Fri. Eve., Jan. 24. KOSCAK YAMADA SECOND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT with SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA of 90. CLARENCE WHITEHILL, Baritone. Seats 75c to $2. Mgt. Jules Daiber. (Steinway Piano.)

CARNEGIE HALL Sat Eve. at 8:15 JAN. 25 Violin Recital MAX ROSEN Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. STEINWAY PIANO.

AEOLIAN HALL. TONIGHT AT 8:15. CHORAL SONG RECITAL Schumann Club PERCY RECTOR STEPHENS, Conductor. TICKETS $1.50, $1.00, 75c, on sale at Box Office.

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Jan'y 29, 8:15 P. M. Piano Recital (Knabe Piano) GODOWSKY Seats 50c and $1.00 at Humanitarian Cult, 266 West End Ave.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft. Jan. 23, at 3 GANZ ONLY PIANO RECITAL IN NEW YORK. Benefit: Societe Mutuelle Des Professeurs Du Conservatoire Paris. Prices 50c to $2.00. Boxes $15, on sale at Box Office. (Steinway Piano)

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THE NATIONS AT PARIS.

If all mankind had walked in the ways of righteousness the principles of morality would have been very little talked about. So, but for the Great Transgression of 1914 the nations of the world would not have come together to take thought about the rules of international behavior. The crime of Germany has moved the whole world, because the whole world was awakened to a sense of its danger. No shock less violent could have communicated to the nations that tremendous impulse of which the effects were made visible in the Hall of Peace of the French Foreign Office at the first formal session of the Peace Conference on Saturday. Five years ago nobody would have imagined the coming together of that great company. "More nations are represented "here than were ever represented in "such a conference before," said President WILSON in proposing Mr. CLEMENCEAU as Permanent Chairman; and Mr. CLEMENCEAU spoke of it as a conference "of all the civilized nations of the earth."

There was no trumpery of pomp and splendor, no fussiness of titles or precedence, no concern about the dignity of august personages, no barbaric ostentation of raiment. The reports say nothing about orders and gold lace. It was a meeting of international business men for a business transaction, the most momentous in the world's history. It was a chosen company; no man took his seat in that council by right of birth or title or any accident of mere personal or political fortune dissociated from merit. They were there, every one of them, by virtue of intellectual and moral fitness to take part in the work to be done. Every one bore the mandate of the people of his nation, and all the mandates are of one tenor, that each nation shall be the master of its own destiny, that the world shall be at peace.

In a council under such instructions, meeting for such purposes, it is inevitable that the delegates of this nation should have a place among the foremost. WASHINGTON warned us "against the insidious wiles of foreign influence"; in extending our commercial relations with foreign nations we should "have with them as little political connection as possible." "Europe," he said, "has a set of "primary interests which to us have "none, or a very remote relation." It is in a large measure due to our avoidance of "permanent alliances," to our consistent policy of friendship for all, that the other nations, as to a just and impartial friend, now turn to us for counsel and for guidance. But chiefly it is because the "primary interests" of Europe are no longer remote from our own, it is because in this great crisis of civilization the primary interest of the nations is one, the supreme interest, the common interest of establishing on earth the reign of justice and peace; and at a time when so many of the old forms and the old ideas have gone by the board, it is natural that the Commissioners of the other nations at Paris should regard with peculiar interest and attention the representatives of the United States, a nation whose institutions are founded upon those principles of liberty and equality of rights to which all the peoples of the world now aspire and where the experience of nearly a century and a [illegible] to their worth and [illegible].

De TOCQUEVILLE was the first to give [illegible] study to the working of democratic government in America. Since his time the whole world has devoted itself to the subject, but never so assiduously as at this moment. It is fortunate for us and for our fellowmen that in this present time, so big with possibilities of happiness for the nations, the people of the United States have a spokesman of Mr. WILSON's unequaled power for the interpretation of their political faith and the expression of their hope of the universal acceptance of those beliefs as to the relation of the individual to the State and of States to each other in which they have found contentment and prosperity. That other great English-speaking democracy from which we inherited so much and the democracies of the French and of the Italians stand with us at the conference as apostles of the new faith, faith in just dealing among nations, in the renunciation of selfish greed, in the adoption of a law of conduct, and a mutual pledge of faithful observance. The great part, if not the decisive part, we were able to take in the war gives weight and authority to our representations at the conference. The words of President POINCARE and of Mr. CLEMENCEAU on Saturday show a close accord between them and Mr. WILSON in respect to the vital, constructive work of the council; their utterances and those of the British Prime Minister and of the President are of the best augury for harmony and agreement.

The world is very tired of war, it loathes war, and at Paris it is going to make a determined effort to substitute the appeal to reason and justice for the appeal to arms. The effort will succeed, for, whatever doubts may linger in the minds of statesmen of the older school, the people are resolved that it shall succeed. Many old-fashioned notions, probably some old-fashioned statesmen, are going to be disregarded. Some of our American publicists here at home, skeptical of the authority or of the triumph of these new canons of international conduct, stand apart, in some disdain, from the company of believers. We are firmly convinced that they will regret their want of faith. The nations are going to form a league against war, for peace. Men of the international habit of mind, we should suppose, would find more joy in helpful suggestion than in barren opposition. Why not recognize the bygoneness of the Holy Alliance and the Concert of Europe?

PROTECTION OF CIVILIZATION.

Marshal FOCH, the incomparable soldier of our time, bringer of victory, thinks, and talks, like a soldier when he looks forward to a peace commensurate with the victory, "a peace as "absolute as was our success and "which will guard us against all "future aggressions. France has a "right to effective measures of pro-"tection after the formidable efforts "she put forth to save civilization. "The natural frontier which will pro-"tect civilization is the Rhine." Again, "the Rhine is the common "barrier of all the Allies * * * the "guarantee of peace * * * let us "watch on the Rhine."

It might be urged that by the Germans the Rhine had ceased to be regarded as a barrier or a defense. To them, planning war, the Rhine was a clog to the swift invasion of France, through two neutral countries. Great bridges like that between Bingen and Rüdesheim were built at enormous cost to make direct communication between the interior and main points of German concentration. It might be urged, too, that the development of air war has made "natural" frontiers and defenses largely useless. But the obvious objection to Marshal FOCH's proposal is that it belongs to an outworn gospel. Natural frontiers, strategic frontiers! How often have Generals, statesmen, and diplomatists fought, haggled, and made treaties, not guaranteeing peace, not in the expectation of peace, but so that the winner in the war might be better able to assault or defend himself against the beaten nation in the next war.

Everybody knows that Alsace-Lorraine was grabbed for primarily military reasons; that the boundaries of the steal were mostly determined by the General Staff; that Metz was swallowed against BISMARCK's wish, because MOLTKE insisted on it. Metz, he said, was equal to an army of 100,000. And to BISMARCK, Alsace was a fine glacis.

The old way, the Treaty of Frankfort way, was to make peace with a view to making war. The Peace Conference at Paris is to make, or try to make, a lasting peace. It contemplates peace as the permanent future condition of the world. War is to be prevented or punished, if the offense comes, by the League of Nations. Not mountains, passes, rivers, fortifications, but the associated strength and will of nations are to be the barriers against war, the guarantees of peace. Not the Rhine, but the association of her allies and coleaguers will protect France and civilization.

Naturally, it is hard for a trained soldier like Marshal FOCH to throw off the old theory and practice. It seems just about as hard for civilians, for diplomatists, politicians, journalists. We hear continually of the dominion of the Adriatic, control of the Adriatic, as if this were 1866, not 1919. So every nation to be reconstituted must have such-and-such territory for defense, for strategic purposes. These are formulas that must be unlearned. The League of Nations is to defend. At Paris preparations are to be made not for but against another war.

OPEN DIPLOMACY.

"Open diplomacy" does not mean that every word said in preparing a treaty should be shouted to the whole world and submitted to all the misconstructions that malevolence, folly, and evil ingenuity could put upon it. Open diplomacy is the opposite of secret diplomacy, which consisted in the underhand negotiation of treaties whose very existence was kept from the world. It consisted also in the modification of openly negotiated treaties by secret protocols and even by secret treaties negotiated by some of the Powers behind the backs of the others. It is against this kind of double dealing and secret dealing, the mother of wars, that the world has protested. It has demanded the substitution of open diplomacy for secret diplomacy. But open diplomacy does not turn a peace conference into a debating society.

It would be unreasonable for the newspaper correspondents at Versailles to expect that the delicate work of reconciling divergent points of view on so tender a subject as national interests should be wholly conducted in their presence. The conferees, by reserving the right of holding executive sessions while they admit the correspondents to open sessions, have gone as far as the needs of the public demand. The world has intrusted the Peace Conference with the work of preparing the treaty. It wishes to know what is done, and why it is done; but the sensible part of it, at any rate, has no desire to have spread before it all the heart-to-heart talks and turns of phrase of men performing the gigantic task of reconciling national differences and coming to agreement. It wishes to give malice and anti-Ally propaganda as little as possible to distort and warp. It knows from four years' experience what infinite possibilities there are in that line.

THE POLISH COMPROMISE.

Not too soon the conflicting parties in Poland have come together on a coalition Government which shall hold office until a body based on the popular will, as expressed in elections to be held about the end of the month, shall supersede it. Mr. PADEREWSKI is to be Premier; General PILSUDSKI, head of the Government established after the German collapse, remains as Foreign Minister. Two of his colleagues stay with him; most of the other members are nonparty administrators. As peace delegates there will be Mr. DMOWSKI, head of the National Committee to which Mr. PADEREWSKI belongs, and a representative of PILSUDSKI.

The history of Poland presents a long and unedifying series of destructive invasions by Turk and Tartar, Muscovite and Swede, which were possible only because the Poles were busy quarreling among themselves. History was repeating itself till yesterday, with a Bolshevist army marching on Warsaw while Poles disputed over the leadership. This difficulty is now happily solved under a new Government which is purely a temporary trustee of the State, and which by its composition expresses the feeling that the first duty of all Poles is to protect the nation. If the conflicts of Poland with Lithuania and the Ukraine can be settled in the same way—and hope that this may be possible has not yet disappeared—a barrier will be erected which the Red Army will hardly be able to pass.

ARTICLE XIX.

Dr. FISHER, chief of the Physical Department of the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A. and a member of the National War Work Council, has written an interesting letter to the Secretaries of the various branches of the association. Hitherto each branch has permitted, restricted, or forbidden smoking in its building. "We all deplore," he writes, "the "great increase in the smoking habit. "We realized that under war condi-"tions there were extenuating condi-"tions which seemed to make it nec-"essary for the association to distrib-"ute tobacco. These conditions, how-"ever, do not apply to peace times or "civilian conditions."

Dr. FISHER believes, however, that signs, "No Smoking Allowed," would be unadvisable, and that the returned soldiers and sailors shouldn't be harangued on the evil effects of smoking. Without too much moralizing they should be taught what tobacco does. Posters will be furnished, and the decline of a rifle shooter's or baseball pitcher's accuracy after even one cigar will be shown by the record.

With all respect to Dr. FISHER, himself a scientific and statistical expert on the work of the unholy herb nicotian, the educational campaign which he proposes, however to be praised for its tolerant and patient spirit, will not avail against this remaining unslain giant, twin evil with rum. What a procession of counterblasters from JAMES I. to the Rev. GEORGE TRASK of Fitchburg, Mass., and happy memory! With what sublime rhetoric of hand and nose JOHN B. GOUGH used to draw a plug of tobacco from his pocket, smell of it as if it were the quintessence of all the roses, cry, "Ah, you black devil, I love you," and fling the accursed thing away. You felt that Satan was routed. Almost you could hear the Black Goat bleat.

Then there was Dr. DIO LEWIS, who pointed to General N. P. BANKS as evidence of the spacious intellectuals which the nonsmoker is sure of. These elder and many younger if not better soldiers, female and male, of our own day, too many and too modest here to be recorded, have conducted campaigns of education against the Rolled Serpent, the pipe that poisons and the leaf that kills; the paper cigar, a foreign interloper, regarded as the mark of "dudes" up to the Philadelphia Exposition of 1876, and now, alas! staining the lips of truckmen and longshoremen and imperiling their health; against all the abominations of the weed of sin. Vain the effort! More people smoke. Women smoke. Indeed, in some regrettable parts of the world, children, babes in arms almost, smoke like Aetna or the Cities of the Plain, and the pledge of Little Robert Reed is forgot.

Moral suasion will not do. Have our reformers forgotten that people used to "drink" tobacco? It is a brother of drink. It prevents centenarians from taking those exercises with the Indian clubs and parallel bars that are necessary to their health. It is a poison, like alcohol. It is wasteful. What is more and most of all, millions of folks get pleasure out of it. Is America to be a country in which folks are to be allowed to enjoy themselves? Not much. The Nineteenth Amendment shoves a saintly nose above the horizon.

LOCAL AND NATIONAL REGULATION.

The application of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit receiver for court authority to issue $16,000,000 of certificates comes just as the Director General discloses the need for a second half billion to replenish the revolving fund for the railways. The Brooklyn company does not need sixteen millions because of a deficit in operating expenses of that amount. The receiver reports "capital expenditures repre-"senting a great many millions of "dollars have been met out of current "cash, or out of moneys temporarily "borrowed." The money is needed for the growth of the system under the dual plan, and the system must supply the funds from the nickel fares. Dividends must be sacrificed to the contract. The city administration even sets up the demand that the city has a right to take the system if the fares will not supply construction money. Just so it is obvious that a billion-dollar fund is not needed to supply a $200,000,000 deficit in the railways' operating income. The steam railway system is as incomplete as the dual subway system, and the Interstate Commission has taken the same stand as the city administration, that the rates and fares are for services rendered, and shall not supply funds for the increase of the earning power on which the rates and fares are based. Thus the conflict between theory and practice is evident, and it is time that those who operate the systems, as well as those who pay the rates and fares, should understand it, and settle it.

Nobody proposes that the growth of railways and public utilities shall stop. That is only another form of national and local strangulation. The need for the growth, and the fact that it is arrested, are proof that the facilities have hitherto been supplied at rates too low for maintenance and improvement. In both cases that has come about under public control which is uneconomic and not safe from taint of immorality. That may be said without reserve respecting the dual subway system, for it has been officially stated that there is an intention to acquire it at a sacrifice compelled by the controlling authorities, who then intend to raise the fares which they prevent the other partner from doing during the agreed term of his control. The case of the steam railways is less tainted by immorality, but it is marked by a greater degree of fanaticism in pursuit of a theory which has survived thirty years' demonstration of its falsity. There is no denying that the operating income of the railways is not supplying the country's need of railway facilities; under Government operation economies have been effected by reducing the amount and quality of service. There has been, too, an increase of rates above any the railways ever asked; but all has been swallowed up in operating costs. That is the reason that the Railway Director is applying to Congress, that is to the taxpayers, for grants in aid just as one local traction is applying to the courts for relief, and other local utilities are considering that step.

Neither the steam nor the electric railways would be in these reduced circumstances if they had a credit equal to the debit of war costs against their earnings. Their case differs from that of private businesses, because public authority has increased their costs and refused to allow them to increase their earnings. This is the factor which distinguishes the present embarrassment of public utilities from the previous epidemic of receiverships. That was marked by proof of both operating inefficiency and security scandals. That ill reputation harasses them now, although the operating efficiency is at the maximum and the security scandals at the minimum. Now the threat to the prosperity of the utilities and the convenience of their users is public maladministration, with suggestion of bad faith ranking with the ancient scandals. The threat is equally against the taxpayers. One way or another they must pay for the service they want, or not get it. Would the taxpayers, national or local, rather have their utilities grow by grants in aid or by rates fitted to the needs of the utilities by public authority, the needs to include the needs of the country for the growth of the systems that serve it?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

They Knew the End Had Arrived.

That Marshal FOCH should have talked as he did about the armistice to the American newspaper correspondents in Treves evidences not only a realization on his part that to many people in several countries it seemed that the fighting stopped too soon, but also that, while he did not share that feeling, he had a certain amount and kind of sympathy with it and understood it fully. His remarks therefore constituted, in a way, a defense of his failure or refusal to continue the war until the German armies had been defeated in the field, literally and actually, and thereby the Germans had been deprived of their last excuse for denying that they were beaten in every sense of that word.

That, with the armistice coming as and when it did, they were not so deprived, subsequent events and statements have made irritatingly clear, but how empty their excuses are Marshal FOCH took pains to show. The surrender, he declared, was the result of despair—of the knowledge that the Allies, with the forces at their command, by one more attacking advance would make the destruction of the German military forces complete.

Theirs was the surrender of a man on whom another man has "the drop"—of a man for whom further resistance means immediate death. There are, of course, men who do not give up, even in those circumstances—to whom death seems preferable to the confession of defeat. The German commanders, however, were not of that quality. They raised high their hands, asked for terms, and accepted the terms that the victor offered, just as they would have accepted terms still more severe if he had seen fit to impose them.

Even Sure Victory Expensive.

As regards the severity of the terms that were imposed upon the Germans as the price of an armistice, there has been heard in some quarters not altogether unworthy of confidence the interesting assertion that the document offered to the Germans for signature was so drawn that they confidently were expected to refuse, and that when they did sign there was equal surprise and disappointment in the General Headquarters of the Allies. That report is not without a certain plausibility, but it entirely lacks anything like official confirmation, and there is nothing in the Foch interview even to hint that it is true. On the contrary, he said that the Germans took the course natural for men in their situation, thus justifying them, and in effect he asked why he should have gone on fighting when, without doing so, he obtained exactly what he wanted. He admitted that, as a General, he might have preferred the glory of an indisputably and utterly overwhelming victory over the enemy, but as a man he thought of the lives that even sure and easy conquest would have cost, and he preferred to save his men.

That is a side or phase of "militarism" deserving more of pacifist consideration than it will get, yet it has been exhibited innumerable times—far oftener, probably, than the only side of which the pacifists know, or at any rate the only one they ever mention in their impassioned orations.

Reviving an Old Grievance.

When KIPLING called Canada "Our Lady of the Snows," the Canadians felt or professed to feel that he had done them a bitter wrong. His appellation, they said, could have no other effect than that of confirming in the minds of all his many readers the belief—which the Canadians insisted was a wild illusion—that Canada was a chill, desolate region, where nobody except Eskimos could be really at home. They admitted that Canadian Winters brought cold weather with them, and enough snow to make good sleighing for several weeks, but they vehemently denied that theirs was an arctic land inhabited only by Hyperboreans.

As nobody, before or after reading KIPLING's verses, needed to be assured that Canada has Summers as well as Winters, or that there are several countries, some of them further to the south, where life is both harder and less comfortable all the year round than in Canada, the Canadian denunciations of the well-intentioned bard excited only friendly smiles and were dismissed as the products of the supersensitiveness of those who protest too much.

Now the old grievance has taken a new form, and it is not an outlander who gets scolded, but certain misguided Canadians who have proposed to give Princess PATRICIA, as a wedding present from the Canadian people, a magnificent set of Canada's best home-grown furs. A gift to the Princess, the protesting faction say, is the rightest sort of right, but why should it be of furs?

To give furs, they insist, will imply that Canada has nothing else of worth to give, that its people are still in the hunting stage of civilization—or of barbarism, rather—and that the arctic, or sub-arctic, calumny will be spread again. Some of the Canadians laugh at these anxieties, but others are deeply stirred and insist that the plan be changed.

The Princess, apparently, has not yet been consulted as to her own preferences, but as she has both summered and wintered in Canada more than a few times herself, probably the furs would not deceive her as to the nature of its climate, and probably, too, if asked, she would make a signed statement as to the habitability of the country.

He May Be Elected After All.

As the first—and perhaps only—nomination of Prince LICHNOWSKY to be President of the German Republic was made in this column, there is some satisfaction in recording here, as well as elsewhere in the paper, that his name leads all the rest in the list of delegates who are to speak for Germany when the Peace Conference gets ready to talk with her.

That, to be sure, is considerably less than an election to the Presidency of the German Republic, but it does go some way toward showing that the Prince really is a Presidential possibility. It also shows how great is the change that has come to pass in Germany since the not remote days when Prince LICHNOWSKY was abhorred by all the Germans who had a voice in deciding things, and when he was lucky not to be beheaded as a traitor for betraying the guilty secrets of his masters.

The hatred he then earned so well may serve him now as the foundation of a career that will carry him far and high.

A Roosevelt Memorial.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The writer has noted that Colonel Thompson expects to be able to secure a donation of a great deal of money for a Roosevelt memorial, and wishes to suggest that there could be no more interesting, permanent, and appropriate memorial to Theodore Roosevelt than the purchase of the Madison Square Garden and the changing of its name to "The Roosevelt Forum."

EDWIN S. GEORGE.
New York, Jan. 15, 1919.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

A Bill in Congress to Make the Metric System Compulsory.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Probably ninety-nine out of every hundred people you meet on the street would look on you with amazement as one who had wandered far from the path of reason and common sense if you should tell them that there was a well-organized movement among scientific men generally to secure legislation at Washington changing the established ideas of every one in this country as to the weight and measure of everything. And yet you would be telling the truth and the ninety-nine would be the mistaken ones. This agitation, which has been going on for years, has acquired new vigor since the war began, in 1914, and is now under full headway. A bill (S. 5037) has been introduced in Congress by Senator Shafroth of Colorado making the use of metric weights and measures compulsory (except in the survey of the public lands) in the departments of the Government after Jan. 1, 1920, and making the metric system the standard of the United States after Jan. 1, 1922.

Furthermore, this scheme for the compulsory change of the country's weights and measures is indorsed by high officials of the Government. A few days before Senator Shafroth introduced his bill the United States Section of the International High Commission at Washington, of which the Hon. W. G. McAdoo is Chairman and the Hon. John B. Moore of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Rowe, John H. Fahey of Brookline, Mass., Senator Fletcher of Florida, Peter W. Goebel of Kansas City, Mayor Andrew J. Peters of Boston, Samuel Untermyer of New York, Paul M. Warburg of New York, and Colonel John H. Wigmore, U. S. A., are members, adopted a resolution calling for the exclusive use of the metric system in the United States.

Let us see what this means. A person standing 5 feet 10 inches becomes 1,778 millimeters tall, and without any change in height. A mile a minute or sixty miles an hour becomes 1.609 kilometers a minute or 96.54 kilometers an hour, and without any change in speed. A town lot 60 feet front and 120 feet deep, with an area of 7,200 square feet, becomes 18.29 meters front and 36.58 meters deep, with an area of 668.9 square meters, and without any change in size. Nine thousand pounds of coal at $11 a ton, plus 40 cents for carrying in, costing $51.30, becomes 4,082 kilograms at $12.12½ a tonneau plus 44 cents for carrying in, and costs the same amount, $51.30, unless the dealers change the prices to convenient figures, say, $12.25 per tonneau, plus 45 cents for carrying, for no one imagines they would reduce prices, and then the coal bill would be larger. Eight thousand cubic feet of water at 12 cents a hundred, costing $9.60 in Brookline, becomes 226.53 cubic meters at 4.237 cents a cubic meter, after the water meters have been changed from feet to meters, unless the town revises the prices, probably upward, to easy figures.

All the standards of the innumerable transactions at retail would be changed. Dress goods at 50 cents a yard become 54.7 cents a meter until the price is raised to easy figures. A bed sheet 2½ yards long becomes 228½ centimeters without any change of length. A man wearing what is now a No. 16 collar will wear a No. 40½ collar by the centimeter size, and without any enlargement of his neck. A lady who now wears a No. 4 shoe will have to call for a pair of No. 25½ when she orders a new pair by the scientific scale. A pound, say, of butter at 90 cents becomes .454 kilogram at $1.98 a kilogram. It would soon become $2 a kilogram. A quart basket of berries measuring 67 cubic inches will shrink to a liter-basket measuring 61 cubic inches, and we may be sure the dealers will consent to this without change of price. An 11-ounce can of beans becomes 312 grams; an 8-ounce can of salmon 227 grams; a 13-ounce can of tomatoes 369 grams—until the cans are all changed to convenient sizes and the prices revised, upward, of course, to convenient figures.

All the screw threads in the country will have to be changed. The new couplings for fire hose and hydrants and for airbrakes will not fit the old and must be changed all at once if fire losses and railroad accidents are not to be the result of this scientific scheme. Then there is the indescribable confusion by the use of the new screw threads that will not fit the old on gas, water, and steam pipe and fittings.

These illustrations of the scientific program of weights and measures could be continued indefinitely, for it affects everybody and everything, but I have given enough of them to show into what an extreme of confusion the affairs of the American people will be thrown if the scientists and certain officials have their way. And all this bedevilment of our affairs without any compensating advantage, for no one has shown or can show the slightest benefit from the change, say, in the typical cases I have given, for example.

Unless the public is aroused and makes its will known the pro-metric plot will succeed. If the scientists are so anxious for uniformity, let them adopt the standards of the people, for the scientists are few and the people are many. Our foreign trade seems to be growing as it is. If the metric system is scientific, let it remain so. If it is bound to come, let it come on its merits, and let it go at that. But let us not allow any scientific cabal, any group of loose-thinking officials, or any Congress to place on the statute books a law punishing by fine or imprisonment or both the measuring of cloth by the yard, land by the foot, beans by the quart, the weighing of coal by the ton and ice by the pound. Has officialdom fallen bodily under the pseudo-scientific spell? Is there not one public official who will stand for the people against the scientific propaganda?

SAMUEL S. DALE.
Boston, Mass., Jan. 17, 1919.

REGENERATION.

Before I went to war I lived my life
In luxury and softness, seeing naught
Of the despair and sad, unceasing strife
Of thousands with whose lives my ease was bought.

Before I went to war I took no thought,
But heedless, careless, dallied on with sin;
Saw not the price at which a soul is bought,
Nor knew the souls men buy as mine own kin.

I went to war—tore out my dying roots
From the stagnant soil the flesh was bedded in.
I'd thought to find my comrades uncouth brutes—
Instead, found men, and learned that sin is sin!

And Liberty!—I learned to know thy call
Is God's own call to help the world in pain.
So, God, I pray thee not to pardon all,
But do not let me close my eyes again!

Lieutenant JOHN H. BINNS.

THE Y. M. C. A. AND THE ARMY

Criticism of Methods and Personnel Heard From the Troops Is Held to be Unjustified.

By BURGES JOHNSON.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you permit me to join in this discussion of Y. M. C. A. efficiency in France which has already taken some space on your editorial page? I read first the article by your correspondent Mr. James, which seemed to me discreditable because he is a trained reporter whose business it is to examine his facts and not accept hearsay; yet he made no charges which any intelligent observer in the field might not have easily sifted and dismissed. Mr. Mott's reply, may I say with all due respect, seemed merely mildly protesting.

It was my good fortune to spend two months in the "Y" uniform with the American troops at the actual front. I was not a Secretary assigned to a canteen or unit, but went from point to point, seeing the "Y" men at work, helping if I could in the short time I was with each one, and so getting an insight into their activities; and since I was not an official inspecting the work, but merely an "entertainer," I am confident that what I saw was natural, every-day behavior. I went from Pont-à-Mousson to Alsace, from division to division, and then joined a field hospital in the Second Division for the St. Mihiel drive; then up to a point near Chalons, preliminary to the final drive of the war. Incidentally, I was not a "Y. M. C. A. man" before going over.

All of the criticism against the "Y" that I heard in the field, and I heard a good deal, fell into one or the other of two groups. It was either due to the unsuitable personality of an individual or it was an attack upon methods of canteen work.

As to criticisms due to the canteen, they were of many sorts, yet almost invariably without justification. The enlisted men were a crowd of normal boys who thronged the canteens and were naturally kindly in their judgments, but they came in an endless stream, and where there was an explanation for some apparent fault it was almost impossible for the canteen worker to repeat the story over and over and over again throughout the day. The boys who heard it would weigh it and accept it. The ones who did not hear it would go out silently, grumble, and make their charges.

Let me cite one typical criticism. When the "Y" warehouse for the 2d Division was at Toul there had been a prolonged shortage of chocolate. Finally several boxes were received and divided pro rata among the Secretaries in the field. The Secretary with a battalion of the 6th Marines got his proportion; the Secretary with an Engineers' outfit got a smaller supply. They planned to make it go as far as possible by limiting each purchaser to half a cake. The boys always understood these limitations and co-operated helpfully. But imagine the Engineers' Secretary, with his canteen near the front, suddenly raided by a crowd of tired, muddy, hungry marines, begging for chocolate, and too tired to hunt their own canteen. The Secretary could only say: "Here is all the chocolate that I've got, and it's meant for the Engineers." I can imagine the marines turning away disappointed, or angry, and saying: "What is the 'Y' for? Is it for the army, or just for the Engineers?" Or, supposing the Secretary decided to let his supplies go to the first comers. Then along came the Engineers to whom he was assigned. They knew him. He was acquainted with most of them personally. "I am sorry," he says, "but I gave all my chocolate to the marines, although they had a Secretary, with their share of the supplies, somewhere in the neighborhood." Whichever way the Secretary acted a lot of boys were sure to feel aggrieved.

I heard many criticisms due to such a situation. Why did it never happen in the case of the Salvation Army, for instance? Because the Salvation Army, splendidly effective as it was, honored by every one who dealt with its representatives in the field, was infinitely smaller in size and in obligations. The United States Army had not requested it to take over the canteen. It purchased materials up to the limit of its funds, made pies and doughnuts as near the front as it could, and gave them away to all comers while they lasted. Its representatives were not assigned to different units. If a boy got a doughnut and a helpful word, he was grateful. If he did not get the doughnut or did not see a Salvation Army man, he had no possible or fancied grievance.

I covered a good part of the American front. I think I heard samples of every kind of criticism, and there was plenty in the air. One officer likened the American family in France to a great sewing circle, everybody gossiping about everybody else. He overstated it, but that is a Major's comment, and not mine. What startles me now is the fact that certain new criticisms of "Y" work which seem to be arising from some source or other were not heard in the days of action. Some one now is saying, for instance, that "Y" Secretaries did not get to the front. Surely the number killed and wounded, decorated for bravery in action, the large number of huts captured by the Germans, disprove this. The Colonel of a regiment in the 1st Division said to me: "Four 'Y' Secretaries were attached to my regiment. Three of them were wounded in action, and the fourth escaped through no fault of his own. I have recommended all four for citation."

Statements as to profiteering and undue cost are not worth answering specifically here, because any one honestly desirous of knowing the truth can get army reports showing that every cost was subjected to official investigation by some one appointed by General Pershing, as well as by the War Department; that the budget of expenditures of the "Y" was frequently studied and approved by the military authorities.

It was an interesting fact about all sorts of criticisms in the field that the original critic made his charge in the half good-natured routine sort of way that was characteristic. I heard one branch of the army talk in just such a way about another branch, or men in another welfare organization talk about their own superiors. It was only half meant—a sort of safety valve in a time of great nervous strain. But the man who picked up such charges second-hand often passed them on with added circumstantial detail and a bitterness that is unexplainable.

As to criticisms due to personnel, about one in thirty of the "Y" men I met who were dealing directly with soldiers seemed to me not well suited to their tasks. It seemed remarkable that the percentage was not greater in an organization suddenly expanding from rather narrow beginnings to meet this great emergency. Even the army, expanding with the same rapidity, found itself with many officers in the field unfit to command men; not subject to definite charges, you understand, but just unfit to command. The army is fully militarized. It can take a man out of the field where his unadaptability endangers lives and send him away without explanation on any sort of assignment which "saves his face"; and the army, with its splendid efficiency, was carrying on that sifting process all the time. So was the "Y," but it could not do it so speedily. The man of bad moral standards, such as any one of the three recently discovered and convicted, was a comparatively easy problem. All it needed was a little evidence, sufficient to prove the unfitness, and home or to prison he went. But I honestly believe that the worst charges to be brought against a "Y" Secretary in the field were lack of humor and lack of tact, and unfortunately you cannot jail a man for either of them. It is pretty hard for a partially militarized organization to send him home because of them if he has volunteered for a year's service and earnestly desires to serve. He can be taken away from contact with enlisted men and put perhaps into warehouse work. That sort of sifting was going on remarkably well, but it had to be slower, and before the evil of a few poorly selected "Y" Secretaries was overcome many criticisms had gotten so well under way that they could not be checked even after the cause was removed. One of the most interesting phenomena among our boys was the speed with which rumor would carry. An incident at one end of the line would be reported by boys in divisions all along the line as having occurred in new places. The stupidity or misbehavior of a single "Y" Secretary would echo and re-echo and become current gossip, not because it was commonplace, but because it was notable that a "Y" man should commit such an error of decency, or tact, or judgment.

I said that one in thirty of those I saw seemed to me a poor selection. I am referring to Secretaries within the field of action, subjected to the severest tests. The one man might have been splendidly efficient at some other work or in a less exacting neighborhood. And remember this—that in the army the officer who did his work effectively, who was brave in action and a good commander of men, would arouse no comment. He is what we expect of all our officers. So the "Y" Secretary who attended faithfully to the exacting duties imposed upon him by the canteen, and at the same time did all sorts of welfare work that came to hand, aroused no comment. He did what was expected of the "Y." But the square peg in the round hole, the Secretary who developed a streak of yellow under some severe test, or perhaps worst of all, the man who was bound to save souls in his own narrow traditional way, aroused a storm of comment and, mind you, he was the one "Y" man with whom, perhaps, one thousand boys came into contact. They measured the "Y" by him, and brought against the whole organization charges which pertained to his personality alone.

The canteen was but one of the "Y" activities; when I saw such a city as Baccarat, with its rehabilitated theatre open every afternoon and evening, its park turned into an athletic field, its hotel again in operation, and the morale not merely of American troops but of the whole civilian population affected by these "Y" enterprises, I realised how small a part of the whole work the canteen was and what a handicap it might be. Other welfare organizations gave their smaller quantities of supplies free of charge to the troops. The "Y" had taken over the traditional army canteen, selling everything from bath towels to chewing tobacco. Neither officers nor men wanted these shops to give away their supplies, yet their operations show a deficit of hundreds of thousands of dollars. Our boys were not paupers. They wanted some place where they could make purchases with their spending money. But wherever troops went into action, the Secretaries accompanying those troops were supposed to requisition all of their own canteen supplies and give them away free, charging them up to "welfare work."

The canteen turned an army of welfare workers into an army of shopkeepers, which affected not only the welfare worker but the attitude of the enlisted men toward him. True, it gave the "Y" man a means of closer approach and a greater opportunity for service, but sometimes its terrific monotony took the spirit out of him and the constant necessity of reporting to the boys a lack of this or that item in the supplies took away his "pep" through no fault of his own. It is no criticism of the "Y" that supplies were often short. Ask any officer from the field how well the army commissary served him, with its long list of items often reduced to tapioca and matches at points where everyone clamored for tobacco and sweets.

But it is no argument at all to answer criticisms of one organization by charging similar faults in another. Let me summarize by saying that I had an opportunity to observe Y. M. C. A. secretaries in Bordeaux, Brest, Paris, and all along the American front. The dominant impression remaining in my mind is of a body of men and women wholly self-sacrificing, absolutely devoted, adapting themselves surprisingly well to multifarious tasks, with an occasional misfit so greatly in the minority as not to affect the picture, even though he has been able to stir up a noise vastly out of proportion to his importance. I feel that it was an honor to wear the "Y" uniform, and I wish here to express to the "Y" my gratitude for the rare opportunity I was given to perform even so brief and small a service.

BURGES JOHNSON.
Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1919.

Roosevelt's Entry Into Politics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the year 1879 or 1880 James A. Roosevelt, with whom I had business relations, brought to my office a bland young fellow. Introducing him as his nephew, he asked me as a favor to him to push young Roosevelt forward in Republican politics. I was at that time the Republican leader of the Assembly district in which we both lived. I told James A. Roosevelt that I would gladly comply with his request, and a year or two later, needing a strong candidate for the Assembly, I secured for Theodore Roosevelt the nomination. He was elected, and that was his entry into politics. He always recognized my agency in the matter. While he was Governor I attended a meeting of the State Bar Association, and after congratulating the President of the association upon his address he said: "Let me introduce you to the Governor," who was standing next to him. Roosevelt, in his peculiarly incisive way, answered so loudly that every one in the room could hear him: "What, introduce me to my old boss? I like that!" I received from him from the White House a beautiful photograph with a charming inscription, which adorns my library.

A. J. DITTENHOEFER.
New York, Jan. 17, 1919.

POPE'S ENVOY HERE TO HONOR GIBBONS

Archbishop Cerretti on Mission to Golden Jubilee of the Cardinal.

POPE PRAISES OUR IDEALS

Captain Buckingham Dies at Sea—Rear Admiral Strauss a Passenger on the Lapland.

The White Star liner Lapland arrived yesterday from Liverpool via Brest with nearly 300 civilian passengers in addition to her complement of troops, after a rough voyage which hastened the death of Captain John H. Buckingham of New York of the United States Ordnance Department, and formerly the private secretary of Colonel Clarence W. Watson, ex-United States Senator from West Virginia, who was also a passenger on the liner after doing duty at Marseilles.

One of the most prominent passengers was Archbishop Bonaventura Cerretti, Under Secretary of State at the Vatican, who comes as a special envoy from Pope Benedict XV. to attend the golden jubilee of Cardinal Gibbons. He is the highest prelate of the Roman Catholic Church who has ever visited the United States. He was accompanied by the Rev. Dr. Roderick MacEachan of the Catholic University of Washington, D. C., as secretary, and was met by Bishop Patrick J. Hayes, Mgrs. Michael J. Lavelle and John Edwards, and Vicars General Gherardo Ferranti, John J. Dunn, and Thomas Carroll. The priests were represented by the Rev. Fathers Brady, Catterlin, and Fesselman. Among the laity on the pier were Justice Victor J. Dowling of the Appellate Division, ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, and Nicholas F. Brady. Thomas E. Rush, Surveyor of the Port, escorted the committee on board the Lapland.

Before leaving the Archbishop celebrated mass in the drawing room on the upper promenade deck which was attended by a number of the passengers. It was his second celebration since the liner left Brest on Jan. 10.

Message from the Pope.

When he received the reporters the Archbishop reminded them that he had been in America from 1902 to 1911 as Papal Nuncio at Washington, and therefore felt that he was visiting friends and not coming to a strange country. He alluded to the bright sunshine, which they saw for the first time since leaving France, and said that he was glad to be here once again. In a statement which he had prepared before arrival in port Archbishop Cerretti said:

"I am happy indeed to be back again in America. It is like coming home. Here in this country I spent some of the happiest years of my life. I am especially glad to be here because my mission brings me to my much venerated friend, Cardinal Gibbons. I have come to represent the person of the Holy Father at the celebration of his Golden Episcopal Jubilee. Before leaving Rome I asked the Holy Father what I should say to the Americans for him.

"'Tell them,' he said, 'that I love and admire them. Tell them that I love their ardor and their spirit. Tell them that I am in full accord with their noble ideals and their high principles of freedom and justice.'

"In Paris I had the pleasure of meeting President Wilson. He was very kind and simple in his manner. As the European press said, it was a historic day when the head of the great American republic met the head of that old democratic institution founded by Christ nineteen centuries ago. America is looked upon today as the hope of the world. May God bless and prosper this good people."

Archbishop Cerretti added that he would have no other statement to make concerning church matters before meeting and conferring with other dignitaries in New York. He was grieved and shocked, he said, to learn of the death recently of Monsignor Sigourney W. Fay, whom he had known here and at Rome. He drove from Pier 61, North River, to the Archbishop's house on Madison Avenue, where rooms had been prepared for him.

Another passenger on the Lapland was Rear Admiral Joseph Strauss, who had charge of the American mine laying bases at Cromartie and Inverness, Scotland, for the four months, during which 70,000 mines were put down in the North Sea, which bottled up the German submarine fleet and blew many of them to pieces.

"The area covered," said the Admiral, "was 245 miles by 20 miles wide, in which the mines were placed at different depths, so that the Hun U-boats could not slip by. The best work done by the 7,000 men under my command was laying 5,500 mines in four hours. This was not only a world record, but was also a greater number of mines than had ever been laid in any previous war. We have positive information that many enemy undersea craft were destroyed. All the plans had been drawn up for a similar mine barrage in the Mediterranean and we were just ready to start work when the armistice was signed.

"Our fleet consisted of eleven steamships of 5,000 to 6,000 gross tonnage each, four powerful ocean-going tugs, and several tenders. When the influenza epidemic broke out in Scotland there was a possibility of it spreading to our men and hindering the work of mine laying, which was most vital at that time, by enforcing strict health rules and ordering a men to wear a mask after he sneezed once it was kept down and there were only two deaths out of 7,000 men."

Must All Be Picked Up.

Admiral Strauss said that it would take a long time to pick all the mines up again, and the work had hardly been begun. The British Navy had three ships working with the American mine-laying fleet. He has had thirty-seven years sea service in the United States Navy, and this was only his third trip as a passenger, he said.

Another naval officer on the Lapland was Commander William Glassford, who had charge of the United States destroyer Shaw when her steering gear jammed at 6 A. M. on Oct. 9, 1918, and caused her to be rammed by the British transport Aquitania, which she was convoying. Commander Glassford said that the Shaw was nearly ready for sea after undergoing repairs in Portsmouth naval dockyard.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Edgar Duveen of the British Navy came home on sick leave after being blown up on the light cruiser Cassandra on Dec. 4, and was informed at Quarantine yesterday morning that his father, Henry Duveen, head of the art firm on Fifth Avenue, had died and was buried on Friday. The lieutenant had received a cable dispatch from his uncle, Joseph Duveen, telling him of his father's illness.

W. H. Wells, who represents an American business firm in London, said that he had served without pay in the Special Constabulary, which numbered 40,000, and had not missed a single air raid over London during the war. He said the German aviators were looked for every bright moonlight night, and a policeman on duty outside Marlborough House, where Queen Alexandra lives, was quite disappointed one fine night when they failed to appear, and said to him plaintively: "I did think the Hun boys would have been over to see us tonight." Mr. Wells added that the shrapnel from the anti-aircraft guns fell like hail in the streets and was more dangerous than the bombs, as there was so much more of it.

Sir Charles Carrick Allom, Chairman of the Gosport Aircraft Company, who is a well-known British sportsman and Chairman of the Boat Racing Association, said at the pier that he had heard people on board the ship remark that the war enthusiasm was not nearly so keen in England as it was in America.

"The only time the English were at all nervous," he continued, "was early in August, 1914, when for three days they were not certain whether the Government would enter the conflict on behalf of France and Belgium. We do not wear mourning, because our pride in our heroic dead forbids outward expression. We were not nearly at the end of our striking power, and Foch's call proved our morale and preparation. And that of France was better at the end than it was at the beginning of the great war. The best thing people can do is to talk less about demobilization until Bolshevism and revolution are as dead as Prussianism is today."

Sir Charles said in regard to future aviation that the Atlantic would be crossed within the next few months in a flying boat that would average seventy-five miles an hour on the round trip, and that this would have been done before if the British Government had allowed the engine to be used. For war it could carry a gun with ammunition nine feet long, and in peace time he expected to see one taking fifty passengers across in Summer time when the travel by air would be pleasant. Sir Charles is a member of the Reconstruction Committee in England, which is now engaged in solving the housing problem.

Colonel Offley Shore of the Indian staff of the British Army was also a passenger on the Lapland. In 1917 he traveled alone, armed only with a walking stick, from Archangel to Petrograd, Moscow and over the Caucasian Mountains into Persia, finally reaching Bagdad.

J. L. HEES WEDS AGAIN.

With Bride, Who was Miss Miller, He Will Sail for Japan.

The wedding is announced in the Presbyterian Church in Stamford, Conn., on Saturday, of James Leslie Hees of New York and Miss Patricia Lucile Miller, a daughter of Mrs. Jacob Miller of Butte, Mont., and New York. Mr. Hees had Sidney Tomkinson of New York and London as his best man, and the bride's niece, Miss Cecile Hough of this city, attended her. Mr. Hees is 58 years of age, and has been married before. His former wife was Miss Adela S. Moore of Detroit. Recently they were divorced, and Mrs. Moore Hees and their daughter, Miss Betty Hees, live at 70 West Fifty-fifth Street.

Mr. Hees and his bride will make a wedding journey to China and Japan. He is the President of the Fonda, Johnstown and Gloversville Railroad, and of the National Mohawk River Bank of Fonda, and is a member of the Metropolitan, New York Yacht and Sleepy Hollow Country Club, as well as of various Mohawk Valley clubs.

Kerley—Johnson.

Lieutenant James Hoyt Kerley, Medical Corps, U. S. N. R. F., a nephew of Dr. Charles Gilmore Kerley of this city, and Miss Ethel Rae Johnson, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Johnson of Brooklyn and Sound Beach, Conn., were married on Saturday afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church, by the Rev. F. M. Townley. Lieutenant Kerley, who is a son of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Kerley of Brooklyn and Upper Red Hook, N. Y., was graduated from Columbia and from the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Only relatives and a few close friends were asked to the wedding and there was no reception.

Engagements.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Lieutenant Clinton Elgin Braine, Jr., U. S. N., of this city to Miss Miriam Maude Ellis, a daughter of the Rev. Paul Ellis and Mrs. Ellis of Ledbury, Hertfordshire, England. The wedding will take place next month. Lieutenant Braine was graduated from Annapolis in 1916, and has recently returned from overseas duty on the U. S. S. Wyoming, which was with the British Grand Fleet.

The engagement is announced of Miss Dorothea Wetherill Walton, a daughter of Mrs. Ernest Foster Walton of Hartsdale, N. Y., to Lieutenant Edmond Tauer Price, athletic director at Camp Dix. Miss Walton will shortly be graduated from Bryn Mawr.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lyon of Brooklyn announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Josephine Lyon, to Frederick Newmark of 215 Audubon Avenue, this city.

Mr. and Mrs. George William Baker of Brooklyn and Fairlawn, Bay Shore, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Isabelle Baker, to C. Morton Stafford, a son of Mrs. Willis E. Stafford of Flatbush, L. I.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Grace P. Spalding, a daughter of Mrs. J. Eckley Spalding of Rutherford, N. J., to Lieutenant George Gilson Terroberry of Hamilton, Ohio, a descendant of Ezra Cornell. The Lieutenant, who has just been honorably discharged, was graduated from Cornell University in 1915, served with Company A, 7th Regiment, on the Mexican border, and later was instructor at Camp Zachary Taylor.

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MANY RARE BOOKS IN H. V. JONES SALE

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MILTON'S COPY OF "COMUS"

Autograph of Kipling's Mother, Fugitive Works of Harte and Hearn, and an Early "Forestry."

A dedication copy of the excessively rare first edition of John Milton's "Comus," London, 1637, is included in the books from the library of Herschel V. Jones of The Minneapolis Journal that will be sold at the Anderson Galleries on Jan. 29 and 30. It is entitled "A Maske Presented at Ludlow Castle, 1634, on Michaelmasse Night Before the Right Honorable John Earle of Bridgewater, Vicount Brackly, Lord President of Wales, and One of His Majesties Most Honorable Privie Counsell." The dedication is by Henry Lawes to "John Lord Vicount Brackly, son and heire apparent to the Earle of Bridgewater." In the dedication Lawes says the piece was "not openly acknowledged by its author," and that the publication of it was occasioned by the trouble which he had in making transcripts from the original manuscript to give away to friends.

The present copy is interesting from the fact of having some contemporary corrections made in ink on the margins or between the lines. Young Lord Brackly took the part of the Elder Brother when the piece was first acted before his father on Michaelmas night, 1634. The volume was in the Bridgewater Library from the time of its publication. About the year 1800 it was rebound and the Bridgewater crest impressed upon its sides. The library was preserved intact from early in the seventeenth century until its purchase by Henry E. Huntington last year. "Comus" has always been mentioned among the first of its treasures.

On June 26, 1631, the Earl of Bridgewater was nominated President of the Council of Wales, with an official residence at Ludlow Castle in Shropshire. In 1634 he made his public entrance into the Principality, and an entertainment was held at the castle to celebrate the event. The masque formed part of the entertainment. Henry Lawes, a celebrated composer in England, was asked to write the music for it, and applied to his young friend, Milton, for a text to accompany the music. It is said that Milton never wrote anything more beautiful, more perfect. Three of the Earl's children took part in it, Viscount Brackly, already mentioned; Thomas Egerton, who played the part of the Second Brother, and Lady Alice Egerton, who appeared as The Lady. Lawes played the Attendant Spirit. At the sale of duplicates from Mr. Huntington's library in February, 1918, this copy of "Comus" was bought by George D. Smith for $9,200 and later passed into the possession of Mr. Jones.

Harte, Hawthorne, and Hearn.

An original Bret Harte manuscript, "Three Vagabonds of Trinidad," has many autograph corrections. "The Trimming of Thomas Nashe, Gentleman," London, 1597, is the rare first edition, of which probably not more than two perfect copies are known. The rare first edition of Nathaniel Hawthorne's first book, "Fanshawe," Boston, 1828, is in the original boards. Another Hawthorne item is the first edition of "Peter Parley's Universal History." "The Scenes of Cable's Romances" is the autograph manuscript of Lafcadio Hearn, signed by him. "Sallust," printed in Paris, has the full cast of Henry VIII. on the side panel. The binding is by "G. G.," court binder to the King, Henry VIII., whose bindings are very rare. "The Temple," by George Herbert, Cambridge, 1633, is the rare first edition. "Argumentum Marsilii Ficini" is from the first press in Treviso by the first printer, Gerardus Lisa. It is dated 1471.

"The History of Herodian," London, circa 1550, is the rare first edition. "Hesperides," by Robert Herrick, London, 1648, is one of the masterpieces of English literature, and one of the rarest books to procure in the first edition. "A New Enterlude" called "Thersytes," by Jasper Heywood, London, circa 1550, first edition, is rare, only two other copies being known to exist. John Heywood's "The Spider and the Flie," London, 1556, first edition, is another rarity. Thomas Heywood is represented by rare first editions of "Troia Britannica," London, 1609; "The Golden Age," 1611; "The Silver Age," 1613; "The Fayre Maide of the Exchange," 1625; "England's Elizabeth," 1631; "The Fair Maid of the West," 1631; "London Ius Honorarium," 1631; "The Iron Age," 1632; "A Challenge for Beautie," 1636; "A Curtaine Lecture," 1637; "The Royal King," 1637; "Porta Pietatis," 1638; "The Wise Woman of Hogsdon," 1638, and "The Late Lancashire Witches," 1634, in which he was aided by Richard Broome.

"Sunctus Epistolae" of Saint Hieronymus, Mainz, Peter Schoeffer, 1470, is an undescribed and newly discovered issue. "Vita Epistole," by the same author, is the great art book of Ferrara, printed in 1497. Ranulph Higden's "Polychronycon," Englished by John de Trevisa, Southwerke, 1527, is the first complete edition, and very rare. "Rudimentorum Cosmographicorum," by John Houter, Antwerp, circa 1545, is the earliest schoolbook on geography with atlas. "Amanda," by Nicholas Hookes, London, 1653, first edition, is in perfect condition, surpassing the British Museum copy. "Horae" is a remarkable Franco-Spanish manuscript of the fifteenth century, written on fine vellum. "Royal Book of Hours" is printed on vellum by Verard of France, 1503. Only one other copy is known. "Office of the Virgin Mary" is a manuscript, 1650, with work executed by N. Jarry. "The Disobedient Child," by Thomas Ingeland, London, 1565, is one of the rarest of the pre-Shakespearean comedies, written in rhyme verse. "Book of Legal Writs" 1510, is Richard Pynson's typographical monument.

"The Essays of a Prentise in the Divine Art of Poesie," by James VI. of Scotland, Edinburgh, 1584, is one of the rarest volumes of early poetry. It contains the autograph of Viscountess Falkland. "The Famous Historie of the Seauen Champions of Christendome," by Richard Johnson, London, 1616, is rare. "The Idler," London, 1761, is a presentation copy from Dr. Samuel Johnson. Ben Jonson is represented, among the books, by "Every Man in His Humour," first edition, 1601; the second portion of "King James, His Royal and Magnificent Entertainment," 1604; "Sejanus, His Fall," 1605; "Hymenaei," 1606; his own copy of John Selden's "Jani Anglorum," 1610; "Catiline, His Conspiracy," 1611; "The Alchemist," 1612; "Chloridia," 1630; "Execution Against Vulcan," 1644; "Horace's Art of Poetry," 1640; and "Love's Triumph," written in conjunction with Inigo Jones, 1639.

Among the John Keats items is a presentation copy by him of "Poems," London, 1817, "to his young friend, Wells," and the first issue in original boards of "Endymion" London, 1818. "Imitatio Christi," by Thomas à Kempis, is the editio princeps of this famous work from the press of the first printer at Augsburg, G. Zainer, circa 1470. Rudyard Kipling is represented among other things by "Echoes," circa 1884, with the autograph of his mother, Alice Kipling; "Quartette," 1885, presentation copy by Kipling; first editions of "Departmental Ditties," "Plain Tales from the Hills," "Letters of Marque," "The Five Nations"; presentation copy for the author, and an autograph manuscript of "A Song of St. Valentine," signed "R. K., Lahore, Feb. 14, 1884."

Among the manuscripts are an illuminated Psalter, written at Ghent about 1250; the great Bruges, 1642, Boccaccio manuscript, "De la cas des Nobles Hommes et Femmes"; a sixteenth century manuscript, bound by Clovis Eve, and possibly a gift to Marguerite of Valois, and a Persian manuscript of Shahah's "Garden of Traditionaries."

There are first editions of Milton's "Lycidas," "Of Reformation Touching Church Discipline in England," "Areopagitica," "Poems," "Tetrachordon," "Paradise Lost," "Paradise Regained," and "The History of Britain." "De Dominico Passione," by B. Mombritius, 1474, is from the first press in Milan. "Lalla Rookh," by Thomas Moore, is an extra illustrated copy with autograph letter of the author. There is also an original manuscript of "The Last Rose of Summer," with music. An item of interest is the first edition of Sir Thomas More's "Utopia." Thomas Muffet's "Health's Improvement," London, 1655, is the rare first edition. "The Downfall of Robert, Earl of Huntington, Afterward Called Robin Hood," and "Metropolis Coronata," are rare first editions of Anthony Munday. "Plaine Percevall, the Peace Maker of England," London, circa 1590, is an Elizabethan tract of great rarity. The autograph manuscript of "Lead, Kindly Light" is signed by the author, Cardinal John H. Newman. "The Parliament of Women," London, 1640, is the only copy known. "The Worthie Hystorie of the Moste Noble and Valliant Knight Plaidas," by John Partridge, London, circa 1566, is one of the rarest of volumes.

NEWTON WANTS WOMAN AID.

Attorney General Has a Place for One with Salary of $4,500.

ALBANY, Jan. 19.—A State office paying a salary of $4,500 is awaiting some woman. Attorney General Charles D. Newton said tonight that he was convinced that a woman was needed as a Deputy Attorney General and that he was holding open a Deputyship in hope of finding one of the newly enfranchised voters qualified and willing to fill the place.

DR. WRIGHT MAY REMAIN.

Pastor to Reconsider Resignation from Lenox Avenue Church.

The Rev. Dr. Merle St. Croix Wright, founder and pastor for 31 years of the Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church, Lenox Avenue and 121st Street, who resigned recently, has consented to consider a withdrawal of his resignation. A committee from the congregation visited him several days ago and offered him an indefinite leave of absence with full salary and to engage an assistant pastor if he would consent to remain as pastor. He has notified the committee that under these conditions he will continue to serve the church, provided it is the desire of the congregation. An expression from the congregation is to be had at a meeting to be held at the church tonight.

Dr. Wright said of his resignation at the time: "I took the action simply because I felt that both the church and I needed a change. There has been no friction of any kind; on the other hand, the greatest cordiality exists between the congregation and me."

ZIONISTS RAISE $299,694.

City Contributes $135,000 on First Day of Campaign.

The Zionist Organization of America announced yesterday that the first day of the campaign for a $3,000,000 Palestine Restoration Fund netted $299,694 in cash and pledges. Among the cities that recorded larger contributions were Detroit, Norfolk, Washington, Portsmouth, Va., and Manchester, N. H. This city contributed $135,000. It was said that about 25,000 Zionists here were working for the fund. The local women's committee has established many stations in banks and theatres.

At a dinner at the City Club Saturday night Judge Julian W. Mack, President of the organization, spoke hopefully of the Zionist movement and emphasized the prospect of allied support. At the Hotel McAlpin yesterday the district captains mapped out final plans for their canvass.

SENATE HOLDS MEMORIAL.

Gallinger, Late Leader, and Brady of Idaho Eulogized.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Memorial services were held in the Senate for the late Senators Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire, the former Republican leader, and James H. Brady of Idaho.

Senators paying tribute to the memory of Mr. Gallinger were Lodge of Massachusetts, the Republican leader; Hollis and Moses of New Hampshire, Warren of Wyoming, Thomas of Colorado, Nelson of Minnesota, Smith of Georgia, Smoot of Utah, Weeks of Massachusetts, Smith of Arizona, and Watson of Indiana.

Those eulogizing Mr. Brady were Senators Borah of Idaho, Thomas of Colorado, Chamberlain of Oregon, Smoot of Utah, Pomerene of Ohio, Page of Vermont, and Nugent of Idaho.

Hold Services for Capt. Bullock.

Services in memory of Captain Harry A. Bullock, former member of the staff of THE TIMES, and later Secretary of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, a B. R. T. subsidiary, were held last night at the Hanson Place M. E. Church, Brooklyn. With Colonel B. T. Clayton, Captain Bullock met his death from an enemy bomb on May 30 last while the officers were in conference at Bonvilliers, France. There was a musical program at the service and a memorial address was delivered by the Rev. Dr. A. C. McRae, now a Y. M. C. A. Secretary. Delegations from clubs and other organizations of which Captain Bullock had been a member attended, and a delegation from the 14th Regiment of Brooklyn, with which Colonel Clayton had served, paid tribute to his memory.

Death of H. Walter Webb.

Henry Walter Webb, son of the late Henry Walter Webb and Leila Howard Griswold Webb, is dead at his home, 840 Park Avenue, in his thirty-third year. Mr. Webb was graduated from Yale and was a member of the Yale, Union and Racquet Clubs. He was married on Nov. 3, 1910, to Miss Constance Eastman, an actress. Mr. Webb was a kinsman of the Vanderbilt family.

BENEFIT ENTERTAINMENTS.

Captain Carpenter, V. C., of H. M. S. Vindictive, will give his story of the naval raid at Zeebrugge for the benefit of the Dover Patrol Fund, on Wednesday evening at the Century Theatre. Rear Admiral Usher will introduce him. Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, and Mrs. Albert Gleaves are on the committee. Mrs. Charles Greenough is the Secretary and Louis McCagg is the Treasurer.

A song recital, followed by dancing, for the benefit of the Virginia Day Nursery, 632 East 5th Street, will be held on Saturday evening, Feb. 1, at the Ritz-Carlton. The Duchess de Richelieu and Frank Pollock are to sing. Mrs. S. Sloane Colt has charge of the tickets.

The Auxiliary of St. Vincent's Hospital will give a reception and dance on Monday evening, March 3, in the Waldorf-Astoria ballroom, the first since the war. Officers of the Auxiliary include Mrs. Delancey Kane, President, and the Countess de Laugier Villars, Mrs. Thomas H. Kelly, Miss Therese R. O'Donohue, and Mrs. Joseph Slevin, Jr., Vice Presidents.

Electric Arc-Welding

A demonstration room is maintained in the city by The Arcwell Corporation for the benefit of local companies who are interested in the application of arc welding to their manufacturing problems.

The services of our engineering department may be had without obligation.

By appointment we will be glad to demonstrate on samples of your own material.

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KING GEORGE LOSES HIS YOUNGEST SON

Prince John, 13 Years Old, Dies at Sandringham Palace After Epileptic Seizure.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 19. — Prince John, youngest of the five sons of King George, died last night at Sandringham. He had never enjoyed robust health, but no news of his illness had been permitted to come out to interfere with the strenuous work the King and Queen have been lately performing.

Although he was 13 years old, very little had ever been publicly known of Prince John. He got his schooling home and did not appear, like Princes Henry and George, at the festivities in honor of President Wilson.

His death will, of course, put the court into mourning, but it is not expected that the King will permit it to interfere with his duties in these critical times.

LONDON, Jan. 19, (Associated Press.)—The following official bulletin was issued this evening in connection with the death of Prince John:

"Prince John, who since infancy had suffered epileptic fits, which lately had become more frequent and severe, passed away in his sleep following an attack at 5:30 P. M. Saturday."

Prince John was born at Sandringham on July 12, 1905. He was possessed of exuberant spirits, was the prime favorite of all classes, and the idol of the servants and tenants at Windsor. It is said that he was the favorite brother of Princess Mary, who loved to romp with him.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—Owing to the death of Prince John the intended semi-official visit of the Prince of Wales to Paris has been postponed.

PROF. CARPENTER DIES.

Cornell Engineer Put in High-Pressure System Here.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Rolla C. Carpenter, Professor of Experimental Engineering at Cornell University since 1895, died at his home here today. He was born in Orion, Mich., in 1852, and had had active charge of many large engineering construction projects. He directed the installation of the high pressure fire system of Baltimore in 1911, and installed a high pressure pumping system in New York in 1912.

He was judge of machinery and transportation at the Chicago Exposition in 1893, the Buffalo Exposition in 1901, and the Jamestown Exposition in 1907. Professor Carpenter was a graduate of the Michigan College of Agriculture and of Michigan University, and was a brother of Justice W. L. Carpenter of the Michigan Supreme Court.

C. H. Schwab, Chicago Pioneer.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19. — Charles H. Schwab, who is dead at the age of 83 years, and who was a figure in the commercial, civic, and philanthropic life of Chicago until he retired from active business twenty years ago, will be buried here tomorrow. Mr. Schwab was a member of the shoe manufacturing firm of Selz, Schwab & Co., and with Harlow N. Higginbotham he directed the World's Fair of 1893, of which he was Vice President. He was City Controller under Carter Harrison, Sr., and he was President of the Chicago Home for Jewish Orphans.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. EMMA HEYN, 51 years old, widow of Otto P. Heyn, a marine insurance broker, died yesterday on Grymes Hill, Staten Island.

Mrs. ELIZA PAYN COVERT, 92 years old, widow of Henry W. Covert, died Saturday night at her home in Montclair, N. J., of the infirmities of age.

JOHN FRANZEN, 58 years old, a veteran telegrapher, employed by The Associated Press in Meriden, Conn., for thirty-two years, died there yesterday.

JOHN WOLFE CLARK, assistant to the President of the Winona Mills Company, New Haven, Conn., died at his home in that place Saturday. He was 36 years old.

MOSES PACKARD, a member of the firm of Packard & Co., bankers, of 1 Wall Street, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 270 Riverside Drive. He was in the fifty-first year of his age.

ALBERT De FREEST, for twenty-two years checkers editor of The New York Clipper, and a famous player of checkers, died Saturday at his home, 416 St. Nicholas Avenue. He was 61 years old.

WILLIAM H. RUSSELL, who lived at the Flanders Hotel, died Saturday of pneumonia at the New York Hospital. He was born in Troy, N. Y., a son of the late John L. Russell, and was 41 years old.

JAMES WALTER WALL BREWSTER, 38 years old, died last Wednesday in San Francisco, where he had lived for the last ten years. He was born in Elizabeth, N. J., and was a son of the late Kenneth Smith Brewster.

JOHN H. DILLON, former Massachusetts State President of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, died in Boston yesterday of pneumonia. For more than twenty years he had been a delegate to the national conventions of the Hibernians.

DANIEL WILL FERRIS, retired chief operator for the Western Union Telegraph Company in Buffalo, N. Y., died Saturday in Buffalo, at the age of 80 years. Mr. Ferris was a member of the Order of Military Telegraphers.

ROBERT A. KNIGHT, for thirty years a member of the Springfield, Mass., bar, died at his home there yesterday of apoplexy at the age of 58 years. He was a member of the Executive Committee of the Massachusetts Bar Association.

JAMES H. VAN BUREN, President of the American City Bureau, publishers, at 154 Nassau Street, died suddenly early yesterday morning of heart disease as he was entering the subway. Mr. Van Buren lived at 46 Fort Washington Avenue.

THOMAS CONBOY, a Lieutenant of the New York Police Department, died yesterday at his home, 361 East 194th Street. He was the father of Rev. Thomas G. Conboy, chaplain of the United States Army, and Major John E. Conboy, U. S. A.

FRANK DOWNEY, first grade detective attached to the Eleventh District Bureau in the Grand Avenue Station, Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 81 Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. He was 34 years old, and had been on the police force since 1907.

HORACE WHEELOCK PACKARD, who until his retirement several years ago was a linen merchant in New York, died Saturday in the Mountainside Hospital, Montclair, N. J., at the age of 76 years. His home was at 375 Upper Mountain Avenue, Montclair.

Mrs. ESTHER MARY FRANCES WARD, wife of Barton E. Ward of 13 Gates Avenue, Montclair, N. J., died Saturday night at her home at the age of 54 years. She was a native of Kingston, Ontario, and was a member of the Society of Friends of New York.

Mrs. ISABELLE MUIR, 68 years old, of 560 West 151st Street, died suddenly yesterday afternoon while attending service in the North Presbyterian Church, 525 West 155th Street. She was kneeling in prayer when she suddenly collapsed. Heart disease was the cause of death.

Miss ANNE HUDSON, one of the supervising nurses of the Henry Street Settlement visiting nurse staff, died yesterday afternoon at the Presbyterian Hospital. Miss Hudson was born in England and for several years before coming here she lived with a sister in Canada. She had been connected with the Henry Street Settlement about two years.

Mrs. MARJORIE SNARE MASON, 36 years old, wife of Colonel Charles W. Mason, Jr., now in France with the 30th Infantry, died Saturday night of heart disease at her home, 44 West Seventy-seventh Street. Her father, Frederick Snare, is commander of Red Cross Base Hospital No. 6, at Bordeaux.

Captain PHILIP A. BOLGER, 34 years old, of the advertising department of The New York Herald, died suddenly Friday at his home, 669 East 165th Street, the Bronx. Captain Bolger won the D. S. O. with Kitchener in the Soudan. His four sons were in the service of the United States in the present war.

WALTER S. EMENS, United States Consul at Shanghai, China, for nine years, died Jan. 10 in Shanghai in his sixtieth year. Mr. Emens, who was born in this city was a son of the late Dr. P. W. Emens of Syracuse, N. Y. He went to China in 1881 with the American Trading Company and was later made Consul.

Mrs. LUCY McADAM HART, 78 years old, who was a nurse with the Army of the Potomac and widow of Toby Hart, a civil war veteran, died yesterday at her home in Spencer, Mass., following a paralytic stroke received two years ago. She was married when she was 14 years old, and was the mother of twenty-one children, six of whom ...

Born.

OSTERMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Osterman, (nee Sophie Marien,) of 2,124 Jerome Av., announce the birth of a son on Jan. 19, 1919.

Married.

REEVES—WOOTTON.—Alice B. Wootton, 182 Claremont Av., city, announces the marriage of her daughter Gertrude Louise, to Lieut. James F. Reeves, Air Service, U. S. Army, Nov. 26, 1918, Nevers, France.

Died.

ABEL.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, at her residence, 30 Av. B, Bayonne, N. J., Julia Sullivan Abel, wife of Joseph A. Abel and daughter of the late James E. Sullivan of New York. Funeral from St. Henry's Church, Avenue C and 28th St., Bayonne, Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 10 A. M.

ADLER.—Mrs. Harry Adler of 941 East 172d St., daughter of Levi Eisenberg, Wednesday morning, at 4:30. Buried at the United Hebrew Community Cemetery, Staten Island.

AUB.—At her residence, 645 West End Av., Jan. 19, Emma Rupprecht Aub, widow of Albert Aub. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BAER.—Martin, dearly beloved husband of Pauline R., (nee Seide,) dear, devoted father of Cecil, beloved brother of Hattie, Annie, Mrs. Henry Vedell, Mrs. Edward Kaufman. Funeral Wednesday, Jan. 22, 12:30 P. M., from Martin Peck's Chapel, 239 Lenox Av., and from Hebrew Tabernacle, 218 West 130th St., 1 P. M. Relatives, friends, Sam'l Tichner Society, Hebrew Tabernacle members and Sisterhood Branch 36 N. A. L. C., Ladies Auxiliaries 1 and 37, Station N. Association are cordially invited to attend.

BINSWANGER.—Jacob, Jan. 18, beloved husband of Ray and dear father of Aimee and Judith. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 21, 2 P. M., at his late residence, 1,652 42d St., Brooklyn. Kindly omit flowers.

BLAUVELT.—John M. At his home in Nyack, N. Y., Jan. 18. Masonic services at home, Jan. 21, 8 P. M. Interment private.

BOGGS.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, at his residence, 240 78th St., Brooklyn, Walter D. C. Boggs, husband of Mary E. Ingram. Service at chapel, Greenwood Cemetery, Monday afternoon, Jan. 20, at 3:45 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BREEN.—Jan. 16, Ruth Reid Breen, beloved wife of Eugene Lowry Breen, at her residence, 838 Riverside Drive. The members of Dominican Academy Alumnae express their deepest sympathy to her family. Solemn requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St., at 11 o'clock on Monday, Jan. 20. Members of the alumnae are requested to attend.
ADELAIDE BYRNES, Secretary.

BUELL.—On Jan. 18, 1919, Katherine V., beloved wife of Frederick H. Buell. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 25 Chestnut St., Flushing, N. Y., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 9 A. M.; thence to St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church, where a requiem mass will be said. Automobile cortege.

BURDSALL.—At Port Chester, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1919, Luella Morris, wife of Ellwood Burdsall, in the 52d year of her age. Services at the residence, on King St., second day, Monday, Jan. 20, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

CARSWELL.—On Jan. 19, 1919, Irene, wife of Archibald M. Carswell, of Astoria, L. I., and daughter of Robert and the late Martha Crompton, aged 29 years. Funeral services will be private at the residence of her father-in-law, Archibald Carswell, 105 Oraton St., Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Arlington Cemetery.

CLARK.—John Wolfe, age 36 years, beloved son of Mrs. Jerome A. Peck, Jan. 18, at New Haven. Services at FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,976 Broadway, Monday, Jan. 20, 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

CONBOY.—Thomas, Lieutenant N. Y. Police Department, at 361 East 194th St., on Sunday, Jan. 19, beloved husband of the late Mary A. Hughes and father of Chaplain Thomas G. Conboy, U. S. A.; Major John E. Conboy, U. S. A.; Anna, Margorie, Richard, and Joseph Conboy. Solemn requiem mass at Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 10 A. M. Members of Police Lieutenants' Association respectfully invited. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

CONNOR.—On Jan. 19, Ida Connor, beloved wife of James Connor, (nee Schuhmacher.) Funeral services at her late residence, 275 West 114th St., Monday evening, at 8:30. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

CONSOLATION.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Henrietta Humphreys Consolation, dearly beloved wife of Vincent Consolation, in the 27th year of her age, at her late residence, 33 Post Av., Inwood, N. Y. C. Notice of funeral later.

COVERT.—At Montclair, N. J., Jan. 18, 1919, Eliza Payn, widow of Henry W. Covert, aged 92 years. Funeral from her late residence, 73 Orange Road, Monday, Jan. 20, at 5 P. M. Interment Albany, N. Y.

DE LACRUX.—Amivel. Lying in state "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," (Campbell's.) B'way, 66th St.

DIRLAM.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, Anna Lydia, beloved wife of George Dirlam. Funeral from Erdenbrecher's funeral parlor, 389 Bedford Park Boulevard. Service at Church of the Holy Nativity, 204th St. and Bainbridge Av., on Monday, at 2 P. M. Hackensack, N. J., papers please copy.

DOTY.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Mrs. Anna L. Doty, (nee Heath,) aged 77. Services Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, at 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 360 East 22d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

EDGAR.—Carrie E., on Jan. 19, wife of George Edgar. Funeral from her late residence, 172 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, 2 P. M., Jan. 21, 1919.

FIDANQUE.—Rebecca J., beloved wife of Jacob M. Fidanque, 1 West 85th St., on Sunday afternoon, in the 57th year of her age. Funeral private. St. Thomas and Panama papers please copy.

FILLEY.—Charlotte, in the 27th year of her age, Jan. 19, of pneumonia, at the New York Hospital. Interment at St. Louis.

FLYMM.—On Jan. 18, Adelaide Virginia, daughter of the late Richard and Mary Flymm and sister of Elizabeth Daly and the late Mrs. James E. March, laying in state at Campbell's FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St. Requiem high mass will be celebrated at St. Ignatius Church, 84th St. and Park Av., on Monday morning, 11 o'clock. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FOORD.—George F., of 64 East Tremont Av., husband of the late Emma M. Foord. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at the Church of the Holy Spirit at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Auto cortege.

FOOTE.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, at the home of her nephew, Mr. S. G. Webb, Lakewood, N. J., Mary Mumford Foote, in her 91st year. Funeral service at Lakewood, Tuesday, Jan. 21. Interment Oxford, Penn.

FOWLER.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Isabella, wife of Franklin H. Fowler. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 335 West 55th St., Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 21, at 4 o'clock. Interment at Milford, Conn.

FRIEDMAN.—William A., on Jan. 18, in his 32d year, after a short illness, beloved son of Josephine and brother of Selma Rouss, Charlotte Berger, Julia Hamburger, Estella Wellner, Arthur, Lester, Herbert, and Hortense. Funeral from his late residence, 664 West 161st St., Monday, 1 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

FRIEDMAN.—William A. The Directors of the Carbondale Mills announce with deep regret the death of their associate and Treasurer, William A. Friedman.

GRANT.—John Cumming, in the 79th year of his age, on Jan. 18, at the home of his son, 223 Ridge Road, Rutherford, N. J. Funeral services Tuesday at 2 P. M.

GROSS.—Jan. 19, Herman, beloved husband of Lena, father of Annie Cohen, Lena Friedman, Minnie Grossman, and Louis Gross. Funeral private, Jan. 20, 1 P. M., from late residence, 2,716 Boulevard, Jersey City. Kindly omit flowers.

GUERNSEY.—Jan. 17, at her residence, 362 Riverside Drive, Florence, daughter of the late Dr. Egbert Guernsey and Sarah Lefferts Schenck Guernsey. Funeral at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th St. and Madison Av., on Monday, 11 A. M. It is requested that flowers be sent direct to the church.

GUERNSEY.—The Board of Managers of the William H. Davis Free Industrial School for Crippled Children and the Lulu Thorley Lyons Home for Crippled and Delicate Children at Claverack, N. Y., requests the members to attend the funeral of the First Vice President, Miss Florence Guernsey, at the Church of the Transfiguration, on Monday, Jan. 20, at 11 A. M.
WALTER SCOTT, President.
Mrs. MULLIN WAYNE, Corresponding Secretary.

HERZMAN.—Rose, widow of Elkan Herzman, and beloved mother of Mrs. Jennie Posner, Mrs. Eli W. Posner, Mrs. H. H. Levor, Mrs. Samuel Stein, and Julius Herzman. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 11 o'clock from 204 West 118th St.

HERZMAN.—Miriam Gottlieb Aid Society announces with regret the death of Directress Rose Herzman. Funeral Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock.
CARRIE G. TEKULSKI, President.
MRS. S. KAUFMAN, Secretary.

HEYMAN.—Charles, of 2,042 Washington Av. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Monday, Jan. 20, 1 P. M.

HEYN.—Emma S., widow of Otto P. Heyn, in her 52d year. Funeral services at her late residence, 104 Howard Av., Stapleton, S. I., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 11 o'clock A. M. Interment private.

HOLLIS.—Frances. Services Monday, 10 A. M., "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," (Frank Campbell's,) B'way, 66th St.

HOTCHKISS.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, at her residence, 246 West 75th St., Myra R., daughter of the late Clark Beers and Caroline Bennett Hotchkiss. Notice of funeral later.

HOUGH.—Suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, Thomas S., beloved husband of Elizabeth Hough, in his 63d year, at his residence, 823 Hancock St., Brooklyn. Services Monday evening at 7:30. Interment Cypress Hills, Tuesday A. M.

HUDSON.—On Jan. 19, Anna M. Hudson, at Presbyterian Hospital. Funeral and interment at Belleville, Canada.

KANN.—Buried Jan. 19, New Mount Carmel Cemetery, Louis Marcus Kann, brother of Alexander Morrison Kann, only survivor.

KELSEY.—Suddenly at Newport, Richey, Fla., Jan. 17, 1919, Myron H. Kelsey. Notice of funeral later.

KENNY.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, at her residence, 314 West 89th St., Florence E., beloved daughter of Catharine E. Kenny. Services at St. Gregory's Church, West 90th St., near Amsterdam Av., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 9 A. M.

LACK.—Mildred, (nee Fleisher,) of Albany, Ga., beloved wife of Harry, can be viewed at Meyers's Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av. Interment Albany, Ga. Chicago, Cincinnati papers please copy.

LAWLOR.—Suddenly on Friday, Jan. 17, at his home, 3,254 Broadway, James Lawlor, beloved father of Jennie, John, Edward, James, and Francis Lawlor. Funeral on Tuesday morning. Solemn requiem mass at Annunciation Church, at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary.

LEUBUSCHER.—Suddenly, Jan. 19, Albert L. Leubuscher, in his 63d year. Services at Luckings, Bender & Schutte Chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St., Tuesday, 8 P. M.

LINDEN.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, of pneumonia, at his home, 265 Barclay St., Flushing, N. Y., Robert Arnold Linden, age 25 years and 3 months, dearly beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Linden, and dearly beloved husband of Kathleen A. Cahill. Funeral services at his late home Monday, Jan. 20, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

LUDWIG.—On Jan. 17, Louisa Ludwig, in her 81st year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., Monday, Jan. 20, at 10:30 A. M.

LUTZ.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, at her home, 125 Sterling St., Brooklyn, Amelia Corby, beloved wife of Frederick C. Lutz and daughter of Thomas and Henrietta Corby. Notice of funeral hereafter.

McCLINTOCK.—Suddenly, on Jan. 17, John McClintock, age 71 years. Funeral services at Luckings, Bender & Schutte Chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102th St., on Monday, Jan. 20, at 2 P. M.

MASON.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Marjory Snare Mason, wife of Colonel Charles W. Mason, Jr., and daughter of Frederick and the late Ellen Norse Snare. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 44 West 77th St., Monday afternoon, Jan. 20, at 3 o'clock.

MENDOZA.—Daniel A., dearly beloved husband of Madeline Mendoza, (nee Newberger,) age 33, son of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Mendoza, of New Haven. Funeral notice hereafter.

MONTGOMERY.—Annie, on Jan. 19, beloved wife of Robert John Montgomery. Funeral services from her late residence, 11 Seaman Av., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Mount Olivet.

MORRIS.—Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Bell Elliott Morris, widow of Harold S. Morris and daughter of late Dr. J. B. Elliott of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral service on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 1 o'clock P. M., at 537 Bay St., Stapleton, Staten Island.

MORSE.—Harry B., at Nantucket, Mass., on Sunday, Jan. 19, son of Elizabeth W., aged 28 years. Pittsburgh, Chicago, and Boston papers please copy.

MUIR.—Suddenly Jan. 19, Isabella J., beloved mother of Alexander, John, and Elizabeth Reed. Services Tuesday, 7 P. M. Funeral from her late residence, 560 North 151st St., Wednesday morning, 9:30.

ODENHEIMER.—Regina, beloved wife of Sigmund and mother of Emily and Ernestine, aged 41 years. Funeral from Weil's Funeral Chapel, 120 East 118th St.

ODENHEIMER.—Immanuel Lodge No. 1 U. O. T. F. Sisters are requested to attend the funeral of Sister Regina Odenheimer, Tuesday, 10 A. M., from Weil's Chapel, 120 East 116th St.
CARRIE ROWN,
FANNY BAUMGARTEN, President.
Financial Secretary.

OLIVER.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Joseph Henry, son of the late Henry and Ann Roger Oliver, beloved brother of Mrs. Mary J. Thellusson and Hon. Daniel C. Oliver, and beloved uncle of Charles F., Joseph O., William P., Henry A. and Ann Thellusson. Funeral from his late residence, 520 West 157th St., Manhattan, Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, at 9:15 A. M.; solemn requiem mass at the Church of St. Catherine of Genoa, West 153d St., near Amsterdam Av., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Auto cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

OWEN.—Jan. 18, Edward Owen. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Tuesday, 8 P. M.

PACKARD.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Horace W. Packard, in his 77th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 375 Upper Mountain Av., Tuesday, Jan. 21, on arrival of train leaving Jersey City, Erie Railroad, at 2 P. M.

PACKARD.—Moses, beloved husband of Minnie Packard, suddenly, in his 51st year. Funeral private, 270 Riverside Drive.

PARK.—Suddenly, Jan. 18, at his residence, 203 Underhill Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., George Merrill, beloved husband of Katie Theis Park, aged 64 years, formerly of New York City. Relatives and friends, also members of Americus Lodge, No. 535, F. and A. M.; Americus Chapter, No. 215, York Commandery; Mecca Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., are invited to attend the funeral services at the chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., New York, Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, 8 o'clock. Norwich, Conn., papers please copy. Interment private.

POLHAUS.—Gustav, beloved father of Mathilde Polhaus and Mrs. Anton Schmid, in his 89th year. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 21, 8:30 P. M., at his late residence, 561 Rugby Road, Flatbush. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

PRATT.—Fattie Clark, widow of the late Edgar S. Pratt. Funeral services from her late residence, 41 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, 2 P. M. Schenectady papers please copy.

ROWAN.—Edward, at his residence, 629 East 163d St., on Sunday, Jan. 19. Notice of funeral hereafter. Montreal papers please copy.

SCHAEFER.—On Friday, Jan. 17, 1919, Charles, Sr., beloved husband of Louise Schaefer, (nee Meier,) in his 67th year. Relatives and friends, also New York Produce Exchange, New York Hay Exchange, and Arion Singing Society of Brooklyn are invited to attend funeral services at his late residence, 731 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, on Monday evening, Jan. 20, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

SCHMIDT.—Louis, formerly of the New York Police Department. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 1 P. M. Interment Kensico.

SCHNITZER.—Mollie, beloved mother of Max, Henry, Adolph, Jennie Boehm, Rosie Holstein, Minnie Baumgarten, Pauline Schuss, sister of Mr. David Buchner, on Sunday, Jan. 19. Funeral on Monday, Jan. 20, at 2 P. M. Burial at Washington Cemetery from 731 Forest Av., Bronx.

SHERIDAN.—Peter P., Jan. 17, at his residence, 875 West 180th St., beloved husband of Anna M. Funeral service at the Chapel of the Incarnation, 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av., on Monday, Jan. 20, 10 A. M.

SKELLY.—At his residence, 8 Dock St., Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., Jan. 19, 1919, George E. Skelly, beloved husband of Mary E. Condon. Funeral from St. Matthew's Church Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery. Washington, D. C., and Albany, N. Y., papers please copy.

VAN BEUREN.—On Jan. 18, James Henry, beloved husband of Edna B. Van Beuren. Funeral services Tuesday, 2 P. M., at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway and 66th St. (Frank Campbell's.)

WARD.—At Montclair, N. J., Saturday evening, Jan. 18, 1919, Hester Mary Frances, wife of Barton E. Ward, in her 55th year. Private funeral services will be held at her late home, 13 Gates Av., Montclair, N. J., Tuesday afternoon.

WEBB.—Suddenly, Jan. 18, 1919, at his residence in this city, Henry Walter Webb, son of the late Henry Walter Webb and Leila Howard Griswold, in the 33d year of his age. Funeral private.

WELLS.—Elma A. Young, beloved wife of Walter A. Wells, suddenly in her 79th year. Funeral at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. R. Hoyt, 178 Gates Av., Brooklyn, Monday evening, at 8 P. M. Interment at Southold, L. I.

WHITTAKER.—At his home near Slaterville Springs, N. Y., on Jan. 16, 1919, Richard Whittaker, son of the late Isaac John and Frances Kay Whittaker of Ringley House, Stoneclough, England. Manchester, England, papers please copy.

WIEMANN.—Frederick, brother of the late George F. Wiemann, and the late Amalia Bender, in his 66th year. Funeral services Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 110 East 31st St. Interment private.

WILSON.—Alfred G., on Jan. 17. Funeral service at his mother's residence, 333 Lincoln Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn, Monday, at 2 P. M.

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To Keep The People Saving
AN interesting article in The Annalist to-day urges plans to prevent the loss of the great lesson of thrift inculcated in the people of the United States through the Government Liberty Loans. Some project to make the people of the United States keep on saving is earnestly advocated.
A course approved by the heads of several bond houses is the issue of public utility stocks and bonds in denominations small enough to meet the purse of the small buyer. Such action, it is pointed out, would be both patriotic and economical.
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AG-201

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Comparison of Income

from tax-exempt and taxable securities

We have prepared a table comparing the income yield from tax-exempt securities with the income yield from taxable securities. This comparison is at the rates applied to 1918 income in the new schedule passed by the United States Senate.

The leaflet contains also the details of each Liberty Loan Issue. The conditions under which the maximum amount of tax-exemption value may be obtained are tabulated

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Industry Shows Readjustment Progress.

Evidence that considerable progress has been made in transferring industries from a war to a peace basis is supplied in the divergent opinion of conditions which may be obtained from manufacturers engaged in the same lines. Taking steel as an example, one is informed in some quarters that the lack of new buying orders is rapidly slowing down mill activity, while in others it is said that business is not bad and promises improvement in the near future. The point of view depends largely upon the sort of goods which is in mind when an opinion is formed. Mills which were chiefly engaged in war work are feeling the effect of cancellations and naturally operations are dwindling. The plants whose orders when the armistice was signed covered both war and peace products seem to be fairly well engaged on peace goods, and this helps to offset slackening in work on materials which the Government was formerly taking as rapidly as produced. While new buying of steel is reported to be light, the companies which have on hand an accumulation of peace contracts are working them up and are finding in them a backlog which should assist in tiding over the readjustment period. From producing centres comes word that unemployment in plants where war orders stood in the majority on Nov. 11 has reached a point where workers are considering the voluntary acceptance of wages lower than the current rates, and in this is contained a further sign that the readjustment process is well advanced.

When hostilities ceased few if any producers expected that war prices for goods would continue long. At the same time the advance of producing costs concurrently with the rise of prices had brought about a situation which forecast a gradual decline of the latter. Price recessions have gone to some length, an instance being supplied last week in the reduction of certain textile lines from 25 to 30 per cent. Distributors found that the former quotations would not attract buyers, and so they sought to re-establish their market on a level where it was hoped purchases would be accelerated. It may well be that the movement will have to go further, not only in case of textiles, but also in steel, copper, and other basic materials and finished products, but wages and additional costs are likely to continue as governing factors all the way along. Many far-sighted manufacturers are persuaded that the world shortage of goods is so great that the time is not far away when necessity will overcome objections as to high prices, and it is this belief that is working to bring an increasing concentration of selling plans on the export trade. On the average, it is estimated that the steel industry is engaged to the extent of about 60 per cent. of capacity, and copper production at the mines is being lowered to a 50 per cent. basis. But at 60 per cent. of capacity operations the enlarged steel making facilities are producing probably nearly as great a tonnage as the mills did before the war. If this can be maintained until export business expands and new home demands make their presence felt the state of unemployment should not become as severe as some predictions have indicated as probable, and the industry will be kept in a position to go ahead quickly when the turn comes from sluggish to active purchasing. The copper companies are strong in cash and have so far displayed no intention of quoting markedly lower prices, the evident purpose of the leaders being to wait until buyers come to them. Whether the potential needs of consumers warrant this attitude remains to be seen. It does not tend to promote business for the time being certainly, and there are observers of market conditions who believe that in many lines prices should be allowed to seek a level as soon as possible where business may be stirred up, even though profits for a time fell away rather sharply. A free price movement, it is argued, would be likely to have an early effect and before a close-range conflict with costs occurred.

The managers of railroad properties are reiterating their concern over plans of the Railroad Administration to spend a great deal of money for extensions and improvements in the current year. The Senate Committee engaged on the railroad problem was told by the chief counsel for the Association of Railway Executives last week that a prolonged period of Government control would find the carriers so heavily in debt that their future under private operation would be adversely affected. The railroad men are not opposed to improving the properties—they desired to do a great deal of it before the war emergency arose—but they question the need of a vast and expensive program while costs are as high as at present. It is expected that Director General Hines will ask Congress shortly for an additional $500,000,000 for the revolving fund, the original appropriation of an equal amount being nearly exhausted. The size of the plan for betterments and improvements is emphasized by the recitation of figures. Of the authorized outlay for 1918, amounting to $1,227,000,000, about $588,000,000 was actually spent, and the balance, together with $350,000,000 deemed by the Railroad Administration as necessary for 1919, makes a total of $1,000,000,000 and more to be spent this year. With a big deficit to look back upon as the result of last year's operations of the roads, it seems as though the railroad men are wondering whether earnings in the early future under conditions as yet unknown will cover amply the interest and amortization charges on so vast an outlay, which would be close to three times as much as the roads spent annually for the purposes mentioned in the five years preceding the outbreak of the war. In those years it was admitted that the roads did not spend enough on themselves, being limited in respect to income and credit, excepting several of the well-intrenched concerns. The purpose of the Railroad Administration to improve and extend the major transportation system could hardly be open to criticism, provided that the expense was comparable with a cost of normal periods. The current period is not normal, however, and this fact is what the railroad executives and security owners are studying.

Before March 1 several issues of foreign Government securities are expected to be placed in this country. What the immediate purpose will be is not yet known, although it is realized that funds will be needed to meet maturing obligations. Several of the allied nations have communicated with the Treasury Department and bankers in regard to their necessities. With the war over, it is to be expected that fewer advances will hereafter be made direct by the United States Government to the countries able to finance themselves. As far as corporate financing is concerned, the approach of the Victory Loan campaign is beginning to be felt. In cases where long-term issues were contemplated a few days ago, plans are now centring on notes running from two to five years. The ease of money rates, call funds being plenty last week at 4 to 4½ per cent, and time money at 5¼ to 5½ per cent., indicates that considerable financing may be put through in the next few weeks. The current state of the money market and the size of bank resources were emphasized on Saturday by the fact that the loans of the Clearing House institutions, amounting to $4,800,000,000, established a new high record.

NEXT LOAN THE LAST, GLASS ANNOUNCES

Government Will Sell Bonds After Victory Drive Through Banks Without Campaign.

LOAN PROBABLY IN APRIL

Amount Expected to be About $5,000,000,000—Officials Believe Terms Must Be More Attractive.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Only one more big war loan drive is planned by the Treasury Department, Secretary Glass said today. This will be the Victory Liberty Loan, to be floated probably the last three weeks in April. The amount will not be more than $6,000,000,000, and may be $5,000,000,000.

"I expect the Victory Liberty Loan to be the last intensive campaign for the sale of Government bonds," said Mr. Glass. "Reports that there would be two more bond issues this year, aggregating $12,000,000,000, are entirely without foundation, not only as to amount, but also as regards the number of campaigns."

More bonds probably will be issued by the Government even after the next campaign, but it is planned to market these through banks and other financial institutions, without the usual campaign of advertising and soliciting. The amount of securities to be sold in this manner will not be determined for months, until the Treasury gets a more definite idea of the volume of expenses growing out of liquidating of war contracts, the Allies' needs for further loans, and the demands arising from continuing the policy of making loans to railroads, financing the next wheat crop, continuing shipbuilding, and other internal obligations.

One result of Secretary Glass's announcement that the next intensive loan campaign would be the last is that Liberty Loan organizations throughout the country will make this a big selling point in the campaign. Citizens will be urged to do their utmost on the plea that it probably will be the last opportunity to make loans to the Government for war purposes.

The misapprehension regarding the number and amount of remaining loans may arise, Treasury officials explained today, over the fact that the Treasury had planned to float two loan issues aggregating about $12,000,000,000 this fiscal year. The fiscal year began last July 1, however, and ends next June 30, and the Fourth Liberty Loan of nearly $7,000,000,000 already has been floated in that period.

Most Treasury officials believe that the terms of the fifth, or Victory Loan, will have to be made more attractive than those of the past, either by raising the interest rate about 4¾ per cent. or by some other means.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JAN. 18, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	2,539,620	6,464,710
Same period a year ago..	2,673,338	9,706,433

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks..	73.52	71.38	74.99	71.38
Same period a year ago..	65.83	64.12	68.37	64.12

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
800	ADAMS EXPRESS	50	49	49	−1
600	Advance Rumely	24¼	23	23	−1½
1,400	Advance Rumely pf	59¾	57	57½	−1¾
10,400	Ajax Rubber	75	66	71½	+4
13,028	Ajax Rubber rights	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	−¼
2,200	Alaska Gold Mines	4⅛	3¾	3⅞	..
5,800	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2	2⅛	..
12,115	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	34⅝	31¼	31¼	−2¾
1,500	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf	85	83	83	−1½
1,500	Am. Ag. Chem.	101¼	100	100	−1
150	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	98½	98½	98½	+½
6,900	Am. Beet Sugar	70¼	67⅞	69	−1⅛
100	Am. Beet Sugar pf	84¾	84¾	84¾	−1
190	Am. Brake S. & Fdy. pf.	165	165	165	+5
40,450	Am. Can	49⅝	46¼	46¼	+1¾
300	Am. Can pf.	101	100½	101	+½
13,900	Am. Car & Fdy.	92	88⅜	89¼	−⅞
600	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	114½	113	113	−1
5,200	Am. Cotton Oil	44½	42¾	42¾	−1¼
100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	89	89	89	+1
100	Am. Express	91	91	91	−4
8,400	Am. Hide & Leather	16¼	14½	15½	+¼
48,000	Am. Hide & Leather pf	84⅛	74	81¾	+4¾
6,144	Am. Ice	45⅝	40	40	−4¾
800	Am. Ice pf.	57¼	55¾	*55½	−¼
5,500	Am. International	56½	54	54½	−1¼
5,900	Am. Linseed	50½	47½	47⅝	−2⅝
600	Am. Linseed pf.	90	89¾	89¼	−⅞
3,000	Am. Locomotive	60¾	60	60¼	−⅜
500	Am. Locomotive pf.	101½	100	101½	−¼
5,300	Am. Malting	2⅝	1	1¼	−1¼
100	Am. Malt. 1st pf. c. of d.	48	48	48	+1⅛
36,100	Am. Smelt. & Refining	74⅛	71	71	−2¼
500	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	107	106½	107	+1
208	Am. Snuff	111	105¾	111	+6
100	Am. Snuff pf., new	89	89	89	..
4,400	Am. Steel Foundries	85	81½	82	−3¼
4,100	Am. Sugar Refining	115¼	111½	113½	+½
500	Am. Sugar Refining pf	115⅝	115	115⅝	+⅝
30,700	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	106⅝	96½	101	+4
4,300	Am. Tel. & Tel.	101½	100⅝	100¾	−¼
1,900	Am. Tobacco	203½	198	198	−6¾
400	Am. Tobacco pf., new	103	102	102	−1
7,100	Am. Woolen	50½	45¼	45¾	−5¼
550	Am. Woolen pf.	96	95½	95⅝	−1⅜
3,200	Am. Writing Paper pf	33½	29½	33	+3½
600	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	12	11½	11⅝	−⅜
100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	−⅛
21,300	Anaconda Copper	60¾	57¾	*58	−½
9,100	Associated Dry Goods	26½	21½	22¼	−1⅜
100	Associated D G. 1st pf	62	62	62	−1
100	Associated D. G. 2d pf	58¾	58¾	58¾	+2¾
1,900	Associated Oil	76¼	72	74	−1¾
3,400	Atch., Top. & S. F.	93¾	92	92	−¾
300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	88	88	88	−½
200	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	7¾	7½	7½	−½
200	Atlantic Coast Line	98¼	98	98	−½
5,300	Atl., Gulf & West Indies	105	101¼	102	−3
62,300	BALDWIN LOCO.	74¾	68¾	69⅛	−4⅝
5,800	Baltimore & Ohio	49⅞	47⅞	48	−1
400	Baltimore & Ohio pf	56	55½	55½	−½
1,000	Barrett Co.	114	113	113	+1
1,000	Batopilas Mining	1½	1⅜	1⅜	−⅛
2,700	Bethlehem Steel	57¾	56½	57	−4
87,500	Bethlehem S., Class B	60¼	56⅝	56⅞	−3⅜
3,200	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf	104⅜	102⅜	102½	−1⅜
3,700	Booth Fisheries	21¼	18¼	19¼	−2⅛
5,400	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	25⅝	23⅝	23⅝	−1⅜
100	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	10¼	10¼	10¼	+¼
2,900	Burns Brothers	157	151	151	−4½
2,400	Butte Copper & Zinc	6⅞	6⅛	6¼	−⅛
1,400	Butte & Superior	19	17½	17½	−2¼
9,900	CALIFORNIA PACK	53⅝	50½	52⅛	−⅞
17,500	California Petroleum	24⅝	22¼	23	+1½
6,900	California Petroleum pf.	69¾	66⅜	68	+1½
500	Calumet & Arizona	60	58⅝	58¼	−3
2,800	Canadian Pacific	159¼	156⅝	156⅞	−2¼
300	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	93½	91½	91½	−2
200	Central Foundry pf	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	−5⅝
7,700	Central Leather Co.	59⅝	57⅝	57¾	−1
200	Central Leather Co. pf	105½	105½	105½	+½
30	Central & S. A. Tel.	117⅝	117	117⅝	..
1,600	Cerro de Pasco Copper	34	32¾	32¾	−1¼
1,200	Chandler Motor	105	103	103	−3
1,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	56¼	55¼	55½	−⅛
100	Chicago & Alton	7¼	7¼	7¼	−⅛
1,700	Chicago Great Western.	8	7⅝	7⅝	−⅛
900	Chicago Great West. pf.	25	24⅝	24⅝	−⅜
9,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	41	38	38	−3
8,030	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	73½	69⅛	69¼	−3½
1,400	Chi. & Northwestern	96½	95	95	−1
310	Chi. & Northwestern pf	133	133	133	+1
8,450	Chi., Rock Isl. & Pac	25¼	23⅝	23¼	−1⅝
500	Chi., R. I. & P. 7% pf	78¾	77	77	−2½
1,600	Chi., R. I. & P. 6% pf	66½	64½	64½	−2½
100	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf.	105¼	105¼	105¼	−4¾
5,800	Chile Copper	18	17¾	17¾	−¼
8,100	Chino Copper	34	33⅝	33⅝	+⅝
400	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	36	34½	36	+1
200	Cleve., C., S. & St. L. pf	70	66½	70	+3¼
400	Cluett-Peabody	65	64	65	+¾
320	Cluett-Peabody pf.	105	104	105	+1½
3,310	Colorado Fuel & Iron	36⅝	35	35¼	−1½
100	Colorado Fuel & I. pf	101½	101½	101½	..
800	Colorado Southern	22⅝	21½	21½	..
100	Colorado Southern 1st pf	49½	49½	49½	+1¼
4,700	Columbia Gas & Elec.	42½	41½	41¼	−1½
400	Computing Tab. Record.	39	38¾	38¾	+½
3,400	Consolidated Gas	95½	93⅝	93½	−1
200	Con. Interstate Cal. M.	8¼	8¼	8¼	..
200	Continental Can	69¾	69½	69⅝	−¼
300	Continental Insurance	59½	59	59½	+½
27,900	Corn Products Refining.	49⅞	47½	47½	−2⅛
600	Corn Products Ref. pf	103⅛	103⅜	103⅝	−½
51,300	Crucible Steel	59	53½	53½	−2½
200	Crucible Steel pf	92	91⅝	92	..
49,350	Cuba Cane Sugar	26⅞	24	24½	−1⅜
8,600	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	77½	74⅝	76¼	+⅝
300	DEERE & CO. pf	96	95¼	95¼	..
1,200	Delaware & Hudson	104¼	102	102	−2
10	Del., Lack. & West	178	178	178	..
400	Denver & Rio Grande	5¼	4⅞	5¼	+1⅛
1,100	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	6⅞	6½	6⅞	−⅛
4,700	Detroit Edison Co. rts	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
100	Detroit United Rys.	85	85	85	−3
42,700	Distillers' Securities	54¼	50¼	51⅝	−2½
3,400	Dome Mines	12¼	11⅝	12	+⅛
600	ELKHORN COAL	29	28⅝	28⅝	+⅝
6,300	Erie	17⅛	16⅛	16¼	−⅝
600	Erie 1st pf.	28	27	27	−¾
300	Erie 2d pf.	22	19¾	20	−½
300	FEDERAL MIN. & SM.	10	10	10	+½
300	Federal Min. & Sm. pf	36⅞	36¼	36¼	−⅝
100	Fisher Body pf.	93½	93½	93½	+1
2,100	GASTON, W. & W.	29⅞	29¼	29¼	−⅝
100	General Chemical	170	170	170	..
100	General Chemical pf	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	−⅜
4,300	General Cigar	53	50½	50⅝	−2⅝
800	General Electric	150	148½	148½	−1⅝
9,700	General Motors	130½	122	*122	−3
22,400	General Motors rights	1⅛	1	1	−⅛
725	General Motors pf	84½	82½	84	−½
14,200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	61⅞	57¾	59½	+2⅛
200	Goodrich pf.	103⅝	103½	103½	−½
1,000	Granby Consol.	79⅝	76¼	76¼	−1
5,600	Great Northern pf	93⅝	92½	92⅝	−1⅛
78,100	Great Nor. cfs. for ore p	38	34¼	36	−1⅛
1,700	Greene-Cananea Cop	44½	42⅞	44	+½
2,400	Gulf States Steel	60	52½	53	−6
100	Gulf, Mobile & Nor. pf	31¼	31¼	31¼	−1⅝
100	HASKELL & BARKER.	44	44	44	..
600	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	98¼	97¼	97¼	−½
9,600	Inspiration Copper	44⅝	43½	44⅛	+⅝
3,100	Interborough Con.	5⅞	5	5½	+½
2,100	Interborough Con. pf	20½	19⅜	19⅞	+½
1,700	Internat. Agricultural	15⅝	13⅛	13⅞	+½
1,700	Internat. Agricul. pf	59	54⅛	54½	+1⅞
900	Internat. Harv., new	115	113	114	+1
100	Internat. Harv. pf., new	118	118	118	+1¾
11,300	Interna. Mer. Mar.	25¼	24⅜	24⅜	−½
97,250	Internat. Mer. Mar. pf	109⅛	101⅛	*102½	−2¼
51,570	Internat. Nickel	31	26	27	−4
10,900	Internat. Paper	33½	30⅝	32⅜	+1⅛
900	Internat. Paper pf., stpd	62⅝	62	62	−⅛
3,000	JEWEL TEA	36¼	30	35	+5
400	Jewel Tea pf.	90	88¼	88½	−½
900	KANSAS CITY SOUTH.	18⅛	18	18	−⅛
400	Kansas City South. pf	53	50	*50	−2
2,500	Kelly Springfield Tire	72⅝	69	*69	..
100	Kelly Springfield Tire pf	92	92	92	+1⅛
350	Kelsey Wheel pf.	91	89	91	+4
9,600	Kennecott Copper	32⅝	32	32¼	−⅝
100	Keokuk & Des Moines	3	3	3	−⅝
100	Kress (S. H.) Co. pf	105	105	105	..
8,400	LACKAWANNA STEEL	65¼	64	64	−3¼
100	Lake Erie & Western pf.	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	+1⅝
900	Lee Rubber & Tire	22⅝	21½	21½	−⅞
3,300	Lehigh Valley	55½	54⅝	54⅝	−1½
300	Liggett & Myers	219½	204⅞	204⅞	−19⅞
300	Liggett & Myers pf	109½	109	109	−1
3,000	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	47	42½	45½	+2½
200	Loose-Wiles Bis. 1st pf	95¼	94⅞	95¼	+⅝
700	Lorillard (P.) Co.	168½	163	163	−5
100	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf	109	109	109	+4½
800	Louisville & Nashville	119	118	118⅞	+⅝
300	MACKAY COS. pf	64	64	64	−1
400	Manhattan Elevated	87¾	86½	87	+1½
1,500	Maxwell Motors	28½	27⅞	27¾	−1
700	Maxwell Motors 1st pf	52	50⅝	50⅝	+2
500	Maxwell Motors 2d pf	20½	19⅞	19⅞	−1½
1,100	May Department Stores.	65	61¼	63⅞	..
200	May Dept. Stores pf	104	104	104	..
229,800	Mexican Petroleum	187⅝	167	167½	−11½
200	Mexican Petroleum pf	106¾	106¾	106¾	−¼
2,800	Miami Copper	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	−⅝
17,410	Midvale Steel	43⅞	41⅝	42⅛	−1⅝
800	Minn. & St. Louis, new.	10½	10⅛	10¼	−1¼
200	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	88	88	88	−2
600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5¼	5	5	−½
14,100	Mo. Pacific	25½	24¼	24½	−1
1,200	Mo. Pacific pf.	53⅝	52½	53¾	−¼
500	Montana Power	73	69⅞	70	−3¼
400	NATIONAL ACME	31	30⅞	31	..
300	National Biscuit	112½	111⅛	111⅛	−⅞
200	National Biscuit pf	116	115⅝	116	−2
200	National Cloak & Suit	75	72½	72½	+4⅝
100	National Cloak & S. pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	−½
3,100	National Cond. & Cable.	16	15	15⅛	−⅞
1,600	National Enam. & S.	50¾	47½	49½	+1
300	National Enam. & S. pf	94	93	94	+⅝
6,100	National Lead	68¾	64¼	67¾	+3¾
200	National Lead pf	109½	108	109½	+1½
300	National Rys. of M. 2 pf	8½	7⅛	7⅛	−1⅛
1,800	Nevada Con. Copper	17	16⅞	16⅞	−⅛
2,200	New Orl., Tex. & Mex	36	30	33½	+2½
800	N. Y. Air Brake	105	104	104½	−½
5,600	N. Y. Central	75	72⅝	72⅝	−1⅛
100	N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis	29	29	29	−1
100	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	43½	43½	43½	+2½
500	N. Y. Dock	26	25	25⅛	−⅝
10	N. Y. Lack. & West	91	91	91	..
6,500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	31½	30	30⅛	−1⅝
1,100	N. Y., Ont. & West	20¾	19⅞	19⅞	−1¼
900	Norfolk Southern	17⅛	16⅝	16⅝	−1
700	Norfolk & Western	106½	105½	105⅝	−½
9,735	Norfolk & West. rights	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
600	Norfolk & West. pf	73⅞	73	73⅞	+⅞
200	North American	48	47⅝	47⅝	+⅝
3,800	Northern Pacific	93½	91½	91½	−1
200	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	55	55	55	..
8,200	OHIO CITIES GAS	43⅞	42⅝	42⅝	−1
100	Ohio Fuel Supply	43	43	43	−1½
40,900	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref	9⅞	9¼	9¼	−½
1,100	Ontario Mining	6⅛	5⅞	6	..
1,000	Owens Bottle Mach	49½	48¾	49¼	+½
4,600	PACIFIC MAIL	36½	34¼	36½	..
23,820	Pan Am. Pet. & T.	71⅞	68	68⅞	−1⅜
13,000	Pennsylvania R. R.	45⅝	44½	45	−⅜
1,600	People's Gas, Chicago	48	46	46	−2½
200	Peoria & Eastern	5	5	5	−½
100	Pere Marquette	12½	12½	12½	−½
300	Pere Marquette prior pf.	58	57½	58	..
800	Pere Marquette pf	43¼	43	43	−1
400	Philadelphia Co.	31⅝	30⅝	30⅝	−⅞
8,700	Pierce-Arrow	42⅝	39⅞	*39½	−2⅞
400	Pierce-Arrow pf.	102	101⅞	101⅞	−⅛
23,700	Pierce Oil	18¾	17⅛	17⅛	−1⅛
3,800	Pittsburgh Coal	47½	45⅞	45⅞	−1⅝
300	Pittsburgh Coal pf	86	86	86	−1
100	Pittsburgh, C., C. & St.L	46	46	46	..
100	Pittsburgh Steel pf	90½	90½	90½	+½
2,800	Pittsburgh & W. Va.	37½	35½	35½	−1½
600	Pittsburgh & W. Va. pf.	81⅝	79⅞	79⅞	−⅞
500	Pond Creek Coal	13½	13	13	..
800	Pressed Steel Car	64½	62	62	−2½
500	Pressed Steel Car pf	104	104	104	+3
500	Pullman Co.	120⅞	120⅞	120⅞	+⅞
2,700	RAILWAY STEEL SPG.	74	72	72	−2
100	Railway Steel Spring pf.	106	106	106	+½
2,900	Ray Consol. Copper	20½	20	20½	−⅛
31,200	Reading	81⅞	78⅛	78⅞	−2
8,000	Republic Iron & Steel	74½	71½	*72	−⅜
100	Republic Iron & Steel pf.	100	100	100	−2
11,500	Royal Dutch tr. rcts.	75⅝	71⅛	71½	−2⅝
700	ST. LOUIS-SAN FRAN.	13¼	13	13	−1
600	Savage Arms	62½	58	62½	+1½
1,100	Saxon Motor	7⅝	7⅜	7½	−⅛
800	Seaboard Air Line	8⅜	8	8⅜	+⅛
1,400	Seaboard Air Line pf	18	16½	16½	−2
800	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	180	178	179¾	−1¼
600	Shattuck-Arizona	13¼	13⅛	13⅛	−⅛
20,850	Sinclair Oil Refining	36¼	34¼	34¼	−½
2,100	Sloss-Sheffield S. & I.	53	40	51	+1½
46,600	Southern Pacific	101⅝	98¼	98⅝	−2⅜
100	South Porto Rico Sugar.	138	138	138	−5
100	South Porto Rico S. pf	108	108	108	−2
15,700	Southern Railway	28⅜	27½	27⅝	−⅞
1,500	Southern Railway pf	69	68	68	−1⅛
200	Standard Milling	125	124	125	+5
13,910	Stromberg Carburetor	42	37⅞	39	..
51,100	Studebaker Co.	52¼	48	49	−2⅜
900	Stutz Motor	51	49	49	−1⅜
800	Superior Steel	34½	33	*33⅜	−⅛
400	TENN. COP. & CHEM.	14	13½	13½	−½
74,400	Texas Co.	195¾	185	186¼	−1½
27,349	Texas Co. rights	18⅜	16¼	16⅞	+½
19,700	Texas & Pacific	33⅞	27⅞	28⅞	−3½
120	Texas Pacific Land T.	230	230	230	−20
540	Tidewater Oil	220	220	220	+5
50,900	Tobacco Products	78¾	74⅝	75	−2⅞
100	Tobacco Products pf	104	104	104	..
100	Transue & Williams	37½	37½	37½	−½
300	Twin City Rapid Transit	38	38	38	+3½
200	UNION BAG & PAPER.	76	76	76	+1
10,400	Union Pacific	129¼	127	127	−1
2,100	Union Pacific pf	73	72	72¼	+⅛
1,200	United Alloy Steel	38	37½	37⅝	..
56,200	United Cigar Stores	118¾	113½	113¾	+¼
600	United Drug	95	94	94	..
1,225	United Drug 1st pf	54	53	53	+1
3,000	United Fruit	167¼	161	163⅜	+⅜
500	United Rys. Investment.	9¾	7⅝	9⅛	+2
1,300	United Rys. Invest. pf	17½	15	16	+¼
800	U. S. Cast I. P. & F.	14¼	14	14	−⅛
300	U. S. Cast I. P. & F. pf.	43	42½	43	−½
2,300	U. S. Realty & Imp.	27¾	21¾	26¼	+4
14,400	U. S. Industrial Alcohol.	102⅞	98⅜	101½	+1¼
200	U. S. Industrial Alc. pf	100	99⅞	99⅞	+3
25,700	U. S. Rubber	78	74⅝	75⅝	−¼
700	U. S. Smelt., Ref. & M.	44½	43½	44½	..
200	U. S. Smelt., R. & M. pf.	45½	45	45	−2½
386,170	U. S. Steel	92⅝	90	90	−⅝
1,710	U. S. Steel pf.	115⅛	114⅝	114⅝	−⅛
9,700	Utah Copper	73½	71⅛	71⅛	−⅝
300	Utah Securities	14½	14½	14½	+½
2,200	VA.-CARO. CHEM.	55	52	52½	−2⅛
300	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	113½	113½	113½	+½
100	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	58	58	58	+1
100	Vulcan Detinning	12	12	12	..
1,800	WABASH	8⅝	8	8	−⅛
3,000	Wabash pf. A	33⅛	31	31¼	−1½
100	Wabash pf. B	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	+½
2,200	Western Maryland	12	10⅝	10⅝	−1⅛
300	Western Pacific	19⅝	19	19	−1⅛
200	Western Pacific pf	60	60	60	−1½
1,400	Western Union Tel.	89⅝	87⅝	87⅝	−1¾
250	Westinghouse Air B.	94½	94½	94½	−½
6,600	Westinghouse E. & M.	42	41	41⅛	−⅝
1,600	Wheeling & Lake Erie	8⅜	8	8	−⅛
100	Wheel. & Lake Erie pf	18	18	18	−½
400	White Motors	45⅝	45½	45⅝	+½
5,100	Wilson & Co.	71⅝	67	67½	−4⅛
19,100	Willys-Overland	25½	24¼	24⅝	−1
800	Willys-Overland pf.	88½	88⅜	88⅜	−⅛
1,100	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	131½	125	125	−6½
100	Woolworth pf.	117½	117½	117½	+4½
200	Worthington Pump	56	55⅝	55⅝	−⅛

*Ex dividend.

A Remarkable Exhibition of Stability

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EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

	Rate.	Maturity.	Yield
Westchester Co., N. Y., reg.,	4½%	1920	4.30%
City of Des Moines, Iowa,	5	1929-36	4.40
City of Augusta, Me.,	4	1934	4.40
City of Sioux City, Iowa,	4¾	1938	4.40
City of Des Moines, Ia., Sch.,	5	1921-38	4.50
City of Superior, Wis.,	5	1919-28	4.65
City of Memphis, Tenn.,	4½	1921-22	4.75
Hillsborough Co., Fla.,	5	1922-48	4.75
Spartanburg Co., S. C.,	4½	1923-27	4.75
City of Newport News, Va.,	5	1949	4.80
State of Louisiana,	5	1949	4.80
City of Asheville, N. C.,	5¼	1919-57	4.875
Town of Greenville, N. C.,	6	1919-32	5.00
City of Portsmouth, Va.,	6	1928	5.00
Buncombe Co., N. C.,	6	1929-33	5.00
Surry Co., N. C.,	6	1933-38	5.00

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To Yield
5% to 8%

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contains a table showing a comparison of income yield between tax free and taxable bonds, under the new Income Tax rates, on incomes from $10,000 upwards.

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We offer

Bonds of the largest

Hydro Electric Development

in New England

to yield

6%

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An Analysis of the

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This Shows:

1. Present position of all the bond issues of the St. Louis Southwestern Railway System.
2. Earnings of road are such that present low prices of its bonds are not justified.
3. A new development which may have an important and favorable effect upon its securities.

Send for special analysis B-2.

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Legal Investment and Exempt from All Taxation in the State of New York.

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Telephone 1111 Broad.

SAFEGUARDS TRADE IN SALE OF SUPPLIES

Government Co-operates with Industry for the Disposition of Surplus Material.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Plans for co-operation between the Government and industry in the sale of surplus Government supplies are being worked out by the Director of Sales of the War Department and the War Service Executive Committee of American Industries.

The War Service Executive Committee, recently named by the new Advisory Council, comprising the Chairmen of the country's nearly 400 war service committees, consists of the members of the Executive Committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States with the addition of others to make it more completely representative of the groups of American industry. The members are: Joseph H. Defrees, Chicago, Chairman; E. A. Filene, Boston; A. C. Bedford, New York; W. L. Clause, Pittsburgh; Lewis E. Pierson, New York; R. G. Rhett, Charleston, S. C.; Homer L. Ferguson, Newport News, Va.; Harry A. Black, Galveston, Texas; William Butterworth, Moline, Ill.; L. S. Gillette, Minneapolis; E. T. Meredith, Des Moines; Harry A. Wheeler, Chicago; James R. MacColl, Pawtucket; Charles H. McDowell, Chicago; August H. Vogel, Milwaukee; E. W. Rice, Jr., New York; C. S. Brantingham, Rockford, Ill.; Charles C. Ashbury, Philadelphia; William Ritter, Columbus, Ohio, and James Bell, Minneapolis.

The policy of the Government with respect to the rule of supplies as outlined by C. W. Hare, Director of Sales, will be to consult representatives of the industries concerned whenever sales are to be made in volume likely to disturb trade conditions.

Regarding machine tools of which the War Department may desire to make disposition, Mr. Hare said:

"The following tentative agreement, which is highly satisfactory both to the representatives of the Government and to the trade, has been made:

"1. The inventory of all machine tools and equipment which is being made will be expedited to the greatest possible extent.

"2. As soon as it is known that a quantity of machine tools is available for disposal, the manufacturers of these tools will be given an opportunity to purchase them at a price and on terms of settlement which will be satisfactory to all parties concerned.

"3. In case it is impossible for the manufacturer to purchase his product outright, an effort will be made to arrange for the marketing of the product by the manufacturers in an equitable manner, securing for the Government and the manufacturer alike the best possible terms.

"4. In case both these methods of disposition fail, the material will be offered for sale to the general public in a manner prescribed by law.

"In the settlement of plant contracts which involve the sale of large groups of various kinds of tools and equipment, an effort will be made to prevent the sale or resale of any equipment, as it is realized that great injury could be done by indiscriminate sales of this character."

Another bulletin gives estimates of the amount of building materials the Government has on hand. Accuracy in the estimates, the bulletin sets forth, is not possible, but there is reason to believe the figures do not contain an error larger than 25 per cent. The estimates include: Brick, 14,516,000; hollow tile, 2,235,403 pieces; cement, 115,523 barrels; lime, 77,560 barrels; wood shingles, 908,000.

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Jan. 18, 1919:

STOCKS. (SHARES.)

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Monday	425,925	502,007	396,758
Tuesday	367,864	491,591	806,018
Wednesday	406,150	876,182	748,551
Thursday	472,981	666,888	500,990
Friday	558,672	430,250	588,275
Saturday	308,028	208,470	265,085
Total wk.	2,539,620	2,673,833	3,885,677
Yr. to date	8,464,710	9,706,433	12,034,104

BONDS. (PAR VALUE.)

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Monday	$22,583,500	$4,256,500	$5,428,500
Tuesday	10,877,500	4,328,500	6,070,500
Wednesday	9,006,500	4,530,000	5,666,500
Thursday	11,261,500	4,000,000	5,703,500
Friday	10,699,500	3,624,000	5,200,000
Saturday	4,319,500	4,874,500	2,934,520
Total wk.	$69,708,000	$25,701,500	$31,012,500
Yr. to date	153,590,500	67,860,500	39,253,300

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.

	Jan. 18, '19	Jan. 19, '18	Change
R.R.&mis.	$8,159,500	$7,563,500 +	$596,000
Gov't	61,393,500	18,031,500 +	43,362,000
State	21,000	...... +	21,000
City	134,000	107,000 +	27,000
Tot. all	$69,708,000	$25,701,500 +	$44,006,500

Coke Production Increased.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Figures on coke production by months in 1918, furnished to the Fuel Administration by the Geological Survey, show an increase in the production of by-product coke of 3,825,720 net tons, or 17 per cent., compared with 1917. Beehive coke production decreased 8 per cent. The output of both kinds of coke was 56,670,000 net tons, compared with 55,006,828 in 1917.

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38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
Ask for Pamphlet, "The Proverbs of Franklin."—Mailed Free.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JAN. 18, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$69,708,000	$153,590,500
Same period last year	25,701,500	67,860,500

	Last Week High.	Last Week Low.	Year to Date High.	Year to Date Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	78.82	78.45	79.01	78.45
Same period a year ago.	77.02	76.78	77.26	76.78

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
65	65	8	ADAMS EXP. 4s	65	65	65	..
32¼	32¼	3	Ala. G. M. 6s, Ser. A	32¼	32¼	32¼	— ¾
34	32	1	Ala. G. M. 6s, Ser. B	34	34	34	+ 1¾
75⅝	75⅝	1	Alb. & Susq. 3½s	75⅝	75⅝	75⅝	— ⅞
102½	101½	6	Am. Ag. Ch. deb 5s	102¼	101½	102¼	+ ½
98½	97	17	Am. Ag. Ch. conv. 5s	98	97	98	— ¼
100	99¾	10	Am. Hide & L. 6s	100	100	100	+ ¼
93	92	32	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s	92¾	92½	92¾	+ ¾
85	83¾	60	Am. T. & T. col. 4s	84⅝	84	84	..
102½	100⅝	268	Am. T & T. conv. 6s	101½	101	101½	..
94	92	38	Am. T. & T. col. tr. 5s	94	93½	93½	— ⅝
89	87½	2	Am. T. & T. conv. 4½s	87½	87½	87½	— 1½
119	119	3	Am. Tobacco 6s	119	119	119	— 2¾
90½	88¼	4	Am Writing P. 5s	90½	90	90½	+ ⅝
86	86	1	Am. W.P. 5s, tr. ctfs	86	86	86	— 3
88¾	87⅛	42	Armour & Co. 4½s	88¾	87⅞	88½	— ⅜
85½	84¼	85	A., T. & S. F. g. 4s	85½	84¼	84½	— ½
79	78⅞	8	A., T.&S.F. adj. 4s, sta.	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	— 1⅝
76	76	1	A., T.& S.F. conv. 4s, '55	76	76	76	..
95¼	94	6	A., T.& S.F. conv. 4s, '60	95¼	94	95¼	+ ⅝
97⅛	96½	5	At.& Char. A.L. 1st 5s	96½	96½	96½	..
85½	84	1	Atl. C. L. 1st 4s	84½	84½	84½	+ ¾
78½	78½	3	A.C.L., L.& N. col. 4s	78½	78½	78½	+ ⅜
101	101	1	BALD. LOCO. 5s	101	101	101	+ 1¼
82½	79½	17	Balt. & O. g. 4s	80	79½	80	— 1
82	81	37	Balt. & O. ref. 5s	82	81½	81¾	..
89½	88¼	7	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s	89¼	88⅞	88⅞	— ⅛
80	77½	57	B. & O. conv. 4½s	78½	77½	78	— ¼
83½	83½	1	B.& O., P.J.& M. 3½s	83½	83½	83½	— 4
78	76	6	B.&O., L.E.&W.V. 4s	77	76	76	— 2
86¼	86¼	1	B.& O., S.W. Div. 3½s	86¼	86¼	86¼	..
96½	95½	3	Beth. Steel ext. 5s	96½	95½	95½	— ½
83	81¾	11	Beth. St. pur. m. 5s	82⅞	81¾	81¾	— 1¼
88½	87	5	Beth Steel ref. 5s	87	87	87	..
95	96	245	Braden Copper 6s	96	96	96	..
85½	79	42	B. R. T. 7s, 1921	84	80	80	— 5
52½	45	11	B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s	52½	50	52½	+ 2½
76	70	24	B. R. T. gold 5s	73⅝	70	70	— 3¾
95	94	1	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s	94	94	94	— 1
95½	95½	7	CAL. G. & E. 5s	95½	95½	95½	..
95⅞	95	12	Can. South. con. 5s	95⅞	95	95	..
95½	95½	1	Cent. Lea. 5s, reg.	95½	95½	95½	..
97	96¼	59	Cent. Leather 5s	96¾	96½	96¾	+ ¼
105	104	4	Cen. of N. J. gen. 5s	105	104	105	..
91¾	91¾	1	C. of Ga. Mob. Div. 5s	91¾	91¾	91¾	+ 7¼
95⅞	94¾	3	Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	94¾	94¾	94¾	— ⅛
83	81	11	Central Pacific 4s	81	81	81	— 1¾
99½	98¼	26	Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	99¼	99	99	— ½
89	86	91	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s	87	86	86	— 1
93½	92	1	Ches. & O. fund. 5s	93½	93½	93½	+ 1½
81½	78¾	43	Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s	81	78½	78¾	+ 1½
83½	79½	6	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	80	79½	79½	— ½
40	39	2	Chicago & Alton 3½s	40	40	40	+ 1
99¾	99¾	3	C., B. & Q., I. D. 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾	+ ⅛
75¾	75¾	1	C., B. & Q., I. D. 3½s	75¾	75¾	75¾	— 1⅜
83½	81¼	21	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	82⅞	82½	82½	+ ¼
95⅜	95⅜	228	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95⅜	95½	95⅜	..
85⅝	85½	5	C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	85½	85½	85½	— ⅜
93¾	92½	12	C., B. & Q., Neb. ext. 4s	93¾	92¾	93¾	+ ¾
69	69	2	C. & E. Ill. g. 5s, U.S.M.& T.c. 2. C.p.	69	69	69	..
78½	73½	1	C. & E. Ill. g. 5s, U. S. M. & T. cfs.	76½	76½	76½	+ 1
25	22	2	C. & E. Ill r. & I. 4s	25	22	25	— 4⅜
95½	95½	1	Chic. & E. Ist 5s	95½	95½	95½	+ ½
62½	60	38	Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s	61⅞	60	61½	..
84	83	1	C., M. & S.P. gen. 4½s	83	83	83	— 1
76	75	1	C., M. & S. P. gen. 4s	75	75	75	— 1
81⅞	80	2	C., M. & S. P. cv. 5s, B	80	80	80	— 1⅜
83	83½	1	C., M. & S. P. 4s, '25	83½	83½	83½	— ⅜
73½	73	10	C., M. & S. P. 4s, '34	73¾	73	73	— ⅜
74¼	70½	93	C., M. & S. P. ref. 4½s	73½	70½	70¾	— 1⅝
82	79	23	C., M. & S. P. cv. 4½s	81	79	79	— 1½
100⅞	100	13	Chi. & N. W. gen. 5s	100⅞	100	100½	— ¼
78½	74½	142	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	76	74½	75	— 1
79	77½	18	C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	78⅜	77⅞	77⅞	— ⅜
81	80¼	11	Chi. Rwys. 5s	81	80¼	80¼	— ⅜
89	88½	1	Chi. Un. Station 4½s	88½	88½	88½	..
65	62	6	Chi. & West. Ind. 4s	64⅝	63⅝	63⅝	+ ⅛
110	107⅝	4	Chile Copper 7s	108½	108	108½	+ ⅞
85	83½	17	Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s	84⅞	83½	83½	— 1⅜
85	84	38	Chile Cop. cv. 6s	85	84	84	— 1
72½	71¼	1	C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	71¼	71¼	71¼	— 1¼
80	79	5	C., C., C. & St. L. d. 4½s	79	79	79	— ⅞
88	88	5	Col. Fuel & I. gen. 5s	88	88	88	+ 1¼
77½	75¼	12	Col. Industrial 5s	77½	76	76	..
89¼	88½	2	Col. & So. 1st 4s	89¼	88½	89¼	+ ¾
79½	78½	17	Col. & So. ref. 4½s	79	78½	78½	— ⅞
82½	82½	1	Col. Gas & El. 5s	82½	82½	82½	..
103	101¼	107	Con. Gas cv. 8s	102	101¼	101⅝	+ ¼
93⅝	93	10	Cumberland Tel. 5s	93⅝	93½	93½	+ ⅜
85¼	85	3	D. & H. 1st & ref. 4s	85⅛	85	85	— ¼
95⅜	95	7	Del. & Hud. cv. 5s	95	95	95	..
73	70	13	Den. & R. G. con. 4s	71	70	70½	— 2
76	75¾	1	Den. R. G. Cons. 4½s	76	76	76	+ ¼
95½	95½	5	Det. Ed. col. tr. 5s	95½	95½	95½	..
74	78	12	Det. United 4½s	74	78⅝	78⅝	+ ½
91	90¼	12	Dist. Secur. 5s	91	90¼	90¼	— ¾
100½	100½	1	ERIE 1st con. 7s	100½	100½	100½	— ¾
56½	53⅝	48	Erie gen. 4s	55⅝	53⅝	55	..
49	47	27	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. A	49	48	48	..
48⅞	48	13	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B	48⅞	48	48	..
52⅞	51	18	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D	52⅜	51	51	— 1½
101	101	1	Erie & Jersey 6s	101	101	101	+ 2
99⅜	99⅜	3	FT. W. & D. C. 6s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	..
100⅜	96½	6	GEN. EL. deb. 5s	99	98½	98½	— ½
89	86⅝	1	Gt. North. ref. 4¼s	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	— 2¼
8½	8¼	1	Green Bay deb. B	8¼	8¼	8¼	— ⅜
60¼	56⅝	108	HUD. & M. n. ref. 5s	59⅝	57⅝	58⅝	— 1⅝
18	16⅝	40	H. & N. n. adj. 5s	18	16⅝	18⅝	— ⅞
77⅝	77⅝	2	ILL. CENT. 4s, '53	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	+ ½
84½	82½	5	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s	83⅝	82½	83⅝	— ½
95	94½	6	Ill. C. & G., St. L. & N. O. jt. 4s	94½	94½	94½	..
72	72	25	Ill. Cent. par. L. 3½s	72	72	72	+ 1
84¼	82¾	18	Illinois Steel 4½s	84	82¾	83	+ ¼
97⅛	96¼	8	Indiana Steel 5s	96½	96¼	96½	+ ¼
43⅝	39¼	176	Inter-Met. 4½s	42	40¼	40¼	— 1
72¾	70	397	Int. Rapid Transit 5s	71½	70	70	— 1
78⅝	76½	22	Int. Agricul. 5s	78⅝	78	78	..
102	99⅛	40	Int. Mer. Ma. 6s	100	99½	99½	— ¼
75½	74⅞	20	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	75½	74⅞	74⅞	— ½
103¼	102½	10	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	103¼	102½	103¼	..
62½	62½	3	Kansas City So. 3s	62½	62½	62½	— ⅜
85	84½	21	Kan. City So. 5s	85	84½	84⅞	— ⅛
80¼	80¼	1	Kent Central 4s	80¼	80⅛	80½	+ 2¼
57	57	1	Kings Co. El. 4s	57	57	57	—14⅜
62	62	1	Kings Co. El. 4s, sta.	62	62	62	— 6¼
97	96¼	1	LACK. S. 5s, '23	97	97	97	+ ⅝
87½	86⅝	1	Lack. Steel 5s, '50	87½	87½	87½	..
89⅜	89⅜	1	Lake E. & W. 1st 5s	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜	..
89¼	88½	9	Lake Shore 4s, '28	89¼	88½	89¼	+ ¾
89	88	17	Lake Shore 4s, '31	88½	88	88	— 1
73	73	3	Lake Shore 3½s	73	73	73	— 3
99½	99¼	14	Laclede Gas 1st 5s	99½	99¼	99½	+ ¼
97	95	10	Laclede Gas ref. 5s	97	95	95	+ 1
102⅜	102	93	Leh. Val. c. 6s, t. c.	102⅜	102¼	102¼	— ¼
92	92	10	L. V. N. Y. gtd. 4½s	92	92	92	..
94	92	29	Liggett & Myers 5s	93⅝	93	93½	..
113½	113	1	Liggett & Myers 7s	113	113	113	— ⅞
94	92	6	Lorillard 5s	93	92	93	+ 1
100	100	1	L. & N. col. tr. 5s	100	100	100	+ 1¼
88¼	85⅞	19	Lou. & Nash. un. 4s	86⅝	85⅝	86⅝	— ½
105½	105½	2	L. & N., N.O. & M. 6s	105½	105½	105½	+ 1
101⅝	[illegible]	18	L. & N., P. & A. 6s	101⅝	101¼	101⅝	— ⅛
79½	79½	15	L. & N., P. & M. 4s	79½	79½	79½	+11
74½	74½	2	MANHAT. 2d 4s	74½	74½	74½	..
185	182	8	M. Pet. cv. 6s, S. C.	185	185	185	+ 3
82	82	2	Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	82	82	82	— 2
88½	87	35	Midvale Steel 5s	88½	87½	87½	— ⅜
47½	47½	1	M. & St. L. 1st & r. 4s	47½	47½	47½	+ 2½
71½	71½	1	Mo., K. & O. 1st 5s	71½	71½	71½	— 1⅜
70	70	2	Mo., K.& O. 1st tr. c.	70	70	70	..
69	65½	14	M., K. & T. 1st 4s	67	65½	65½	— 2
63¼	60⅝	147	Mo. Pacific gen. 4s	62	60½	61	— 1⅜
99⅝	99½	9	Mo. Pacific cons. 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+ ⅜
92	91⅝	19	Mo. Pac. 5s, '26	92	91⅝	91⅝	— ⅛
87⅞	87⅞	1	Mo. Pac. 6s, '65	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	— 1⅛
93⅞	92⅛	63	Montana Power 5s	93⅜	92⅞	93⅛	+ ⅛
98	96	1	NAT. TUBE. 5s	98	98	98	+ 2⅛
100	100	1	N., C. & St. L. c. 5s	100	100	100	..
97½	97	9	N. O., T. & M. 6s	97½	97	97	— ½
58	54½	37	N. O., T. & M. inc. 5s	58	56	58	+ 2
94	94	2	N. Y., B. & M. B. 5s	94	94	94	..
100½	99⅞	19	N. Y. Air B. cv. 6s	100½	99⅞	100	..
99⅜	98½	288	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s	99	98½	98½	— ⅜
83	82	7	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s	82¼	82¼	82¼	— ⅜
86	85	8	N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34	85½	85	85½	— ½
72¾	71	25	N. Y. C. gen. 3½s	72¾	71¼	71½	+ ½
82	82	5	N.Y., C. & St. L. 1st 4s	82	82	82	..
73	71½	10	N. Y., C. & St. L. d. 4s	73	72	72¼	+ ¾
92⅝	92	9	N.Y., G.E.L.H. & P. 5s	92⅝	92	92	— ⅛
74¼	72	3	N. Y., G.E.L. & P. 4s	74¼	73	73	— 3½
95⅝	95⅝	1	N. Y., L. & W. c. 5s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	..
88	85½	1	N.Y., N.H.& H. cv. 6s	85½	85½	85½	— 2⅝
50⅜	50⅜	1	N.Y., N.H.& H. cv. 3½s	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜	— 3⅜
59	59	1	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. d. 4s, '56	59	59	59	— ⅛
70	70	8	N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	70	70	70	..
98½	98½	2	N. Y. & N. J. Tel. 5s	98½	98½	98½	+ 1½
43½	40½	47	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	43⅞	43½	43⅝	+ ⅜
14⅞	11⅝	101	N. Y. Rys. adj. 4s	14¼	13¼	14¼	+ ½
62	61⅝	1	N.Y. State Rys 4½s	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	— ⅛
90⅝	88	24	N. Y. Tele. 4½s	90	89½	90	+ ½
53	52	16	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	52¼	52	52¼	— ¼
69½	68	6	Norf. So. 1st ref. 5s	69½	68½	68½	— ½
108	106⅞	95	N. & W. cv. 6s, w. i.	107⅞	106⅞	106⅞	— ⅜
86½	85¾	3	Norf. & W. con. 4s	85¾	85¾	85¾	..
84½	84½	3	N.& W., Poc.C.& C. 4s	84½	84½	84½	+ ⅛
86	84½	45	Northern Pacific 4s	85⅞	85½	85½	— ½
61⅞	60½	29	Northern Pacific 3s	60⅜	60½	60½	— ⅜
90	90	5	Nor. Pac. ref. 4½s	90	90	90	— 1
91	90	8	Nor. S. P. 1st & r. 5s	90⅝	90	90	— 1
81½	61½	2	OG. L. CHAMP. 4s	61½	61½	61½	+ ⅜
97	96	3	Ore. & Cal. 1st 5s	96	96	96	— 1
86	85	2	Ore., R. & N. con. 4s	85	85	85	..
101	101	3	Ore. Sh. Line 6s	101	101	101	+ 2
88	86½	3	Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	87½	87	87	..
79⅞	78⅝	5	Oregon Wash. 1st 4s	79½	79½	79½	— ⅜
88	87¼	41	PAC. GAS & E. 5s	88	87½	87⅝	..
95½	94¼	17	Pac. T. & T. 5s	95⅝	95	95½	+ ⅛
87	87	5	Penn. 4s, 1948	87	87	87	— ¼
89⅞	88¼	48	Penn. gen. 4½s	89⅝	88¼	88½	— 1⅜
97½	97½	1	Penn. gtd. 4½s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	+ ⅛
96¼	95	20	Penn. con. 4½s	95¼	95	95	— 1
97⅞	97¼	813	Penn. gen. 5s, tem. ctfs.	97⅞	97¼	97⅝	..
78	78	5	Penn. 3½s, Ser. B	78	78	78	+ 1¼
87	87	1	Penn. 4s, Ser. E	87	87	87	+ 3
70	75	13	Peo. Gas. Chi. r. 5s	76	76	78	+ ⅝
72¼	71⅝	22	Pere Marq. 1st 4s	72¼	71⅝	71⅝	— ¼
88½	86½	16	Pere Marq. 1st 5s	87½	86½	86½	— 1½
56	56	2	Peo. & East. 1st 4s	56	56	56	— 3
12	12	0	Peo. & East. inc. 4s	12	12	12	— 5
103½	100½	23	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '20	101¼	101¼	101¼	..
93	88⅝	48	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24	93	92¼	92¼	— ½
91	91	3	Phila. Co. cv. 5s, '22	91	91	91	— ⅜
45	45	3	Philippine Ry. 4s	45	45	45	+ 5
80	77½	4	Public Service 5s	78½	78½	78½	..
86⅜	85½	28	READING gen. 4s	86¼	85½	85½	..
95½	94⅝	3	Rep. I. & S. 5s, 1940	95½	95	95¼	+ ⅛
82½	81¼	6	St. L., I. M. & S. unif. and ref. 4s	82½	82	82	— ⅛
77	77	7	St. L., I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s	77	77	77	..
64	61¼	80	St. L.& S.F. pr. lien 4s	62⅜	61½	61⅜	— ⅜
79⅜	77½	20	S.L.&S.F. pr. lien 5s, B	78⅞	77⅜	77⅜	— 1⅜
69	66	23	St. L. & S. F. adj. 6s	68	66	66	— 2½
45½	42⅞	83	St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s	45	43⅞	43⅞	— ⅜
78	72⅜	2	St. L. & S. W. 1st 4s	78	78	78	+ ¼
62	58⅞	3	St. L.S.W. term. 1st 5s	58⅝	58⅝	58⅞	+ 1⅝
98½	98½	1	St. P. & Dul. 1st 5s	98½	98½	98½	— 8½
100	99⅞	6	St. P. & S. City 6s	100	100	100	+ ½
74	70½	4	St. P., K.C.& S.L. 4½s	71	70½	71	+ ½
99½	99½	1	St. P., M. & M., Mon. Cent. 5s	99½	99½	99½	+ 4½
72	72	1	Seab. A. L. gold 4s	72	72	72	— 8½
74	74	1	Seab. A. L. g. 4s, sta.	74	74	74	+ 1
60	58½	11	Seab. A. L. ref. 4s	59	58½	59	— ¼
53	51½	36	Seab. A. L. adj. 5s	52½	51½	51½	— 1
81	81	5	Scioto V. & U. E. 4s	81	81	81	+ 1
96⅝	90	50	Sinclair Oil 7s	96⅝	96⅝	96½	+ ⅛
100	99⅜	28	Sincl. Oil 7s, with w.	100	99⅜	100	+ ⅜
99	99	2	So. Car. & Ga. 1st 5s	99	99	99	+ ¼
93	92½	2	So. Bell Teleph. 5s	93	92½	92½	— ¼
105	101⅝	459	So. Pac. conv. 5s	103⅝	101⅝	101⅝	— 1⅝
85⅝	84⅛	100	So. Pac. conv. 4s	84⅞	84⅛	84⅛	— ⅜
88½	82⅞	56	So. Pac. ref. 4s	83⅛	82⅞	82⅞	— ⅜
78⅝	78½	19	So. Pac. S.F. Term. 4s	78⅝	78½	78⅝	+ ⅛
96⅝	95	111	Southern Ry. 5s	96	95	95½	— ½
68⅝	67⅛	183	South. Ry. gen. 4s	67⅝	67⅛	67⅝	— ⅜
74½	73½	20	So. Ry., St. L. Div. 4s	74½	73⅝	73⅝	+ ½
92	91	5	TENN. COP. c. 6s	92	91	91	..
91½	91½	1	Term. of St. L. 4½s	91½	91½	91½	+ 4
103	100½	10	Texas Co. deb. 6s	102½	101⅝	102	— ½
53	50½	4	Third Av. ref. 4s	52½	52½	52½	+ ½
31½	28	51	Third Av. adj. 5s	30⅝	29½	29½	— ½
87	87	1	Tol. & O. C. West. Div. 5s	87	87	87	— 5
51	49	2	Tol., St. L. & W. 4s	49	49	49	— 2
94⅞	94⅝	5	Tri-City 5s	94⅞	94⅝	94⅞	..
85	85	6	UNION B. & P. 5s	85	85	85	— 3
105	104	64	Union Pacific 6s	104½	104	104½	— ½
89½	88	10	Union Pacific cv. 4s	88⅝	88	88½	— 1
89⅞	88	51	Union Pacific 1st 4s	89⅝	89	89¼	— ½
83½	80¼	29	Un. Pac. 1st & ref. 4s	82	80¼	80¼	— 1½
52½	50⅝	17	U. Rys. of St. L. 4s	52½	50⅝	51⅞	+ 1⅞
23	22	1	U.R.R. S.F. Eq. Tr. r.	22½	22½	22½	+ ¼
22	22	5	U. R. R. of San Fr. 4s, Union Tr. rcts.	22	22	22	..
62¼	60	153	U. S. R. & I. 5s	62¼	60	62	— 2⅜
104⅝	102⅝	21	U. S. Rubber 7s	104⅝	103	103	— ½
87⅞	86	196	U.S. Rub. 1st & ref. 5s	87⅞	86⅝	86⅞	— ⅛
100	99	13	U.S.R.&Sm., R.&M. 6s	100	100	100	+ 1
100½	99⅝	116	U. S. Steel 5s	100⅛	99⅝	100⅛	+ ⅜
99⅝	99⅝	2½	U. S. S. 5s, reg.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+ ¼
89½	89	2	Utah Pow. & Lgt. 5s	89½	89	89½	..
96	95⅝	22	VA.-C. CH. 1st 5s	96	95⅝	96	..
102	101½	31	Va.-Car. Ch. cv. 6s	102	101½	102	+ ½
94½	93½	16	Virginia Ry. 1st 5s	94½	93½	93½	— ½
79	79	2	Va. Ry. & P. 5s	79	79	79	+ 2
97⅜	96½	8	WABASH 1st 5s	97⅜	96⅜	96⅜	+ ⅛
74	74	1	Wab., T. & C. 4s	74	74	74	—10½
98	97	2	West. Electric 5s	97⅜	97½	97½	..
58⅝	58	15	Western Maryl'd 4s	58⅝	58½	58⅝	+ ½
86½	85	46	Western Pacific 5s	86	85	85½	— 1¼
92	92	1	Westchester Lgt. 5s	92	92	92	+ 2½
98⅜	97	105	Wilson & Co. 1st 6s	98½	97	97	+ 1⅜
80	79	6	Wisconsin Cent. 4s	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	— ¼
72¼	72¼	1	Wis. C., Sup. & D. 4s	72¼	72¼	72¼	— 5⅜

Total sales $8,159,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
99.80	99.06	3155	Liberty 3½s, 1931-'47	99.56	99.06	99.18	—.02
94.10	92.50	351	Lib. cv. 4s, 1931-'47	94.10	92.50	94.02	+1.22
94.10	92.10	2907	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-'42	94.10	92.10	93.80	+1.30
96.60	96.04	553	Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947	96.42	96.04	96.10	—.42
95.32	94.80	5963	Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-1942	95.15	94.80	95.04	—.16
96.50	95.90	12171	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928	96.20	95.90	96.00	—.18
95.72	94.96	12708	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	95.56	94.96	95.06	—.54

Total sales $37,732,000

OTHER GOVERNMENT BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
99⅝	99⅛	550	Amer. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	..
97½	96⅞	2053	Anglo-French 5s	97⅜	96⅞	97⅛	+ ⅛
71	70	4	Chinese Rwy. 5s	71	71	71	..
101¼	100¼	71½	City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅜	100¼	100¼	..
101¼	100¼	121	City of Lyons 6s	100⅜	100¼	100⅜	+ ¼
101¼	100¼	772	City of Marseilles 6s	100⅜	100¼	100⅜	— ⅛
99⅝	98⅝	216½	City of Paris 6s	99	98⅝	98⅝	— ⅜
98	97⅝	324	Dom. of C. 5s, 1921	98	97⅝	98	..
98	96⅝	16	Dom. of C. 5s, 1926	97⅝	96⅝	97	— ½
98⅝	97⅝	32	Dom. of C. 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	..
104⅝	103	4893	French Govt. 5½s	104⅛	103	104	..
88	86½	5	Japanese 4½s	88	88	88	+ 1
87½	86	1	Jap. 4½s, 2d Ser.	87½	87½	87½	+ ⅝
85⅝	86	5	Jap. 4½s, 2d S., Ger. st.	85⅝	85½	85½	— ¼
93½	92¼	11	Rep. of Cuba 5s, '04	93½	92½	92½	— 3¼
92½	92½	5	Rep. of Cuba 5s, '14	92½	92½	92½	— ⅜
100⅛	99⅛	11308	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100	100	— ⅛
101⅜	100	2206	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1919, new	100⅛	100	100	— ⅛
98⅜	97⅝	963	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	98⅛	97⅝	98	— ⅛
101⅜	100⅛	582	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1937	100⅜	100⅛	100⅛	— ⅛
70	66½	1	U. S. of Mex. 5s	70	70	70	+ 3⅜

Total sales $23,661,500

STATE BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
97½	97½	1	N. Y. Canal 4s, '61	97½	97½	97½	..
71	69	20	Va. def. 6s, Br. B. ctfs.	70	69½	70	..

Total sales $21,500

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
92¼	91	2	4s, 1958	91	91	91	— 1¼
92½	91½	2	4s, 1959	91½	91½	91½	— 1⅛
96⅝	96	28	4½s, 1960	96⅝	96	96½	— ⅜
98	96¼	21	4½s, 1964	98	96⅝	96¼	— 1
99¼	96¼	25	4½s, 1966	96½	96¼	96¼	— 2¼
102	100⅛	7	4½s, Nov., 1957	101	100⅛	101	+ ⅛
102	100⅛	11	4½s, 1963	101	100⅛	100⅛	— 1⅛
101½	101	16	4½s, 1965	101½	101	101	— ½
101⅜	100⅛	25	4½s, 1967	101	100⅛	100⅛	— 1⅛

Total sales $184,000

Grand total $69,708,000

The Net Return

NOT all obligations of corporations having the same interest rate give the same Net Return to the investor.

Thus a bond in the principal amount of $1,000 is often sold to the investor at a discount, say, $960. During the years in which it approaches maturity the price naturally approaches the par value or $1,000. This gradual accretion of $40 combined with the interest payable is termed the "Net Return."

In order to determine this Net Return, prices have been worked out by means of logarithms, in order that the investor might be able by easy reference to ascertain his actual income.

The cut herewith is part of a page from a "Bond Basis Book" in which these prices are arranged.

9½ Years
Interest Payable Semi-Annually

Per Cent Per An.	3½%	4%	4½%	5%	6%
4.30	93.81	97.68	101.55	105.41	113.14
4⅜	93.26	97.11	100.96	104.82	112.52
4.40	93.07	96.92	100.77	104.62	112.31
4½	92.34	96.17	100.00	103.83	111.49
4.60	91.61	95.42	99.24	103.05	110.68
4⅝	91.43	95.24	99.05	102.86	110.47
4.70	90.89	94.69	98.48	102.28	109.87
4¾	90.53	94.32	98.11	101.89	109.47
4.80	90.18	93.95	97.73	101.51	109.07
4⅞	89.64	93.41	97.18	100.94	108.47
4.90	89.47	93.23	96.99	100.75	108.28
5.	88.77	92.51	96.26	100.00	107.49
5.10	88.07	91.80	95.53	99.25	106.71
5⅛	87.90	91.62	95.35	99.07	106.52
5.20	87.38	91.09	94.80	98.52	105.94
5¼	87.04	90.74	94.45	98.15	105.55
5.30	86.70	90.39	94.09	97.78	105.17
5⅜	86.19	89.87	93.56	97.24	104.60
5.40	86.02	89.70	93.38	97.06	104.41
5½	85.35	89.02	92.68	96.34	103.66
5⅝	84.53	88.17	91.81	95.45	102.73
5¾	83.71	87.33	90.95	94.57	101.81
5⅞	82.90	86.50	90.10	93.70	100.90
6.	82.10	85.68	89.26	92.84	100.00
6⅛	81.30	84.86	88.43	91.99	99.11
6¼	80.52	84.06	87.60	91.15	98.23
6⅜	79.75	83.27	86.79	90.31	97.36
6½	78.98	82.49	85.99	89.49	96.50
6⅝	78.23	81.71	85.19	88.68	95.65
6¾	77.48	80.94	84.41	87.87	94.80
6⅞	76.74	80.18	83.63	87.08	93.97
7	76.01	79.44	82.86	86.29	93.51

For an illustration take the St. Louis-San Francisco Railway Prior Lien 6s due July, 1928. These bonds are now selling at 96%.

Being due in 1928, they have nine and one-half years to run until maturity; the page is turned showing this period at the top. The bonds pay 6% interest; in the sixth column from the left, at the top, is seen 6%. They are selling at 96%; down this column the two nearest prices to 96% are 96.50 and 95.65. By looking in the extreme left-hand column opposite 96.50 it is seen that a bond at this price would give a Net Return of 6½%. In the same way it is ascertained that a bond selling at 95.65 gives a Net Return of 6⅝. The St. Louis-San Francisco Prior Lien 6s, 1928, selling at 96% will yield a Net Return between 6½% and 6⅝%, figuring approximately, 6.55%.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Colt-Stratton Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 100 West 64th St., New York City, on Tuesday, January 28th, 1919, at 2:30 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and also for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase the Capital Stock of this Company from One Hundred and Twenty-five Thousand ($125,000) Dollars, consisting of Two Hundred and Fifty (250) shares of preferred stock and One Thousand (1,000) shares of common stock, all of the par value of One Hundred ($100) Dollars each, to Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand ($250,000) Dollars, to consist of Two Thousand Five Hundred (2,500) shares of common stock of the par value of One Hundred ($100) Dollars Each; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

New York City, Jan. 13, 1919.
HOWARD R. BLISS, Vice-President.
T. H. BRIDGMAN, Secretary.

THE PUBLIC NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 17, 1919.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank held January 14, 1919, the following named gentlemen were elected directors for the ensuing year:

Philip Berolzheimer, Henry L. Mosee, Joseph J. Bach, Alfred S. Rossin, John C. Eisele, Edward S. Rothchild, H. P. Goldschmidt, Jacob Sperber, Walter E. Meyer, William B. Walker

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the following officers were elected:
EDWARD S. ROTHCHILD, President.
JOSEPH J. BACH, Vice President.
CHARLES H. BALDWIN, Cashier.

Office of BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO.
City of New York.
Borough of Brooklyn, January 6, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for the election of four (4) directors to serve three (3) years, and of three (3) inspectors of election to serve at the next succeeding annual meeting and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may be duly brought before the meeting, will be held at twelve o'clock noon on Friday, January 31, 1919, at the office of the Company, 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City. The polls will remain open for one hour. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on January 16, 1919, and will remain closed until ten o'clock A. M. on the day immediately succeeding said stockholders' meeting. J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Jas. G. Johnson & Co., for the election of directors, inspectors of election for the ensuing year, the increase of the number of directors to ten persons, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, No. 8 West 33rd Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, February 3, 1919, at 2:00 P. M.
A. J. DOWNEY, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY
First and Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds
DUE JANUARY 1, 1947.

THE CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee, gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above described bonds at a rate not exceeding 105% of the face value thereof and accrued interest, the total offer not to consume more than the sum of Six Hundred Ninety Thousand Dollars ($690,000.) Sealed proposals, setting forth the serial numbers of the bonds to be offered, will be opened at the office of the Central Union Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, at 11 o'clock A. M. on January 28, 1919.
CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By E. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

F. K. BREWSTER, INC.,
120 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

To the Stockholders:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of F. K. Brewster, Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Room 3220, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 28th day of January, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and two (2) inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.

Dated New York, January 11, 1919.
F. G. MORRISON, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the FLINT & HORNER COMPANY, INCORPORATED, will be held at the office of the Company, 20-2-4-6 West 36th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3rd day of February, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, New York, January 20th, 1919.
MONTGOMERY C. EILBECK, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS. Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear, Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 858 CE.

Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates
Paying 5½ Per Cent.
Free from Personal Taxation.
Secured by First Mortgage on Improved New York City Property.
ISSUED IN AMOUNTS OF $100 AND UPWARD
Trust funds may also be invested promptly in these GUARANTEED MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES, in any amount, without the usual delays and loss of interest incident to finding single mortgages for funds awaiting investment.
A pamphlet containing copy of law authorizing such investments will be sent on request.
New York Title and Mortgage Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS MORE THAN $3,000,000
135 Broadway, New York — 'Phone 6800 Cortlandt
203 Montague St., Brooklyn — 'Phone 7100 Main

We Finance
Electric Light, Power and Street Railway Enterprises with Records of Established Earnings
We Offer
Bankers and Investment Dealers
Proven Public Utility Securities
Correspondence solicited
Electric Bond and Share Company
(Paid-up Capital and Surplus, $21,000,000)
71 Broadway New York

HELLWIG & REUTTER

Literature on Island Oil and Transport Company furnished on request.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
Members New York Stock Exchange,
25 BROAD STREET, N. Y. C.

LEHIGH VALLEY COAL SALES

F. S. SMITHERS & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
19 Nassau St., New York.
Phone 6550 Rector

Air Reduction
Butterworth-Judson
Carbon Steel Com. & 2nd Pfd.
Charcoal Iron Com. & Pfd.
Famous Players-Lasky
Guantanamo Sugar
Lima Locomotive Com. & Pfd.
Manati Sugar
Penna. Coal & Coke
Penn Seaboard Steel
Port Lobos Petroleum
Remington Typewriter Com. & Pfd.
Studebaker 7% Notes
DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Phones 1960-5 Hanover.

STANDARD OIL ISSUES
WEEKLY SUMMARY ON STANDARD OIL ISSUES WILL BE MAILED TO INVESTORS ON REQUEST
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Coal Co. Bonds
Wanted
Colonial Collieries 1st 5s, 1931
Merchants Coal 1st 5s, 1937
Keystone C. & C. Ref. 6s, serial
Beech Creek C. & C. 1st 5s, 1944
H. I. Nicholas & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
7 Wall St. New York

Du Pont Chemical Pref.
Atlas Powder Stock
Hercules Powder
Du Pont Powder Stocks
Remington Typewriter
Columbia Graphophone
Markoe, Morgan & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 9710 Rector.

Established 1856
H. Hentz & Co.
Members of: New York Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange. New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, Inc. New York Produce Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. Associate Members of Liverpool Cotton Association.
Cotton Futures & Securities
22 William Street, N. Y.
35 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Columbia Graphophone
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

WANTED
Home Title Ins. Co.
Harriman Nat. Bank
Scandinavian Trust Co.
CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

James M. Leopold & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
7 Wall St., N. Y. Tel.: Rector 1030
Griffin Wheel Co.
N. Y. & Hond. Rosario Min.
Fairbanks, Morse & Co.
Fuld & Hatch Knitting 6s, '30

No. Ohio Trac. & Lt. 5s 1956
East Tenn., Va. & Ga. 5s 1956
Tunnel R. R. Capital Stock
Trading Department
John Nickerson, Jr.
61 Broadway, New York.
Telephone Bowling Green 6840.

BURGLARY INSURANCE
American Surety Co.
of New York. (Founded 1884.)
Home Office, 100 Broadway.

SAYS AMERICA MUST FIND NEW MARKETS

Needed, It Is Held, to Absorb Surplus Production Caused by War Expansion.

WANTS NEW AREAS SETTLED

Guaranty Trust Urges Preparedness for Adjustment to Peace Basis.

The Guaranty Trust Company, in an article on "Adjusting Industry to a New Peace Basis," calls attention to the fact that the American people have outgrown their own market and that the problem confronting industry now is the finding of markets in other countries which will absorb the surplus of production made possible by wartime expansion. Prices, it is held, will not be suddenly reduced, this factor tending to the easier adjustment of industry to a peace basis.

Speaking of prospective markets, the trust company says: "These can be created through the settlement of new areas, which will follow improvements in transportation facilities and in the technique of production. Whatever promotes an increase in the exchange of goods to satisfy new economic wants, in effect, creates new markets for our goods.

"The world's undeveloped area is relatively as large today as the undeveloped area of the United States at the end of the civil war. This has been a world war and has brought people of the various nations together, and our knowledge about the resources and opportunities of various undeveloped lands has been increased. Improvements in transportation facilities of all kinds promise to bring distant lands in effect much nearer to the centres of population.

"Australia, Canada, Great Britain, and other countries are planning to give the returning soldiers liberal grants of public lands for the purpose of inducing them to settle on these lands. Argentina, a country with a large undeveloped area, has, for the first time in her history, adopted a homestead law, modeled upon the homestead law of the United States, which will be an inducement to the people of Southern Europe to settle there, especially in view of the fact that they are quite well acquainted with opportunities in that country. If the various belligerent nations can stimulate the movement of people in such a way as to open up these new areas, the condition of industry during the readjustment period will be fundamentally sound. This will tend to shorten the transition period and to make the long-term expansion period which will follow one of the most important of its kind in the world's history.

Must Finance Our Export Trade.

"The creation of new markets implies that we must finance our export trade. The war has produced such changes in this country that we have the basis for developing an international finance market. Through war financing millions of people for the first time have become bondholders. Many have become holders of foreign bonds. Thus a buying public has been educated, and it may be expected that the public will place a considerable part of their savings into foreign bonds as a means of financing our export trade. The change from a debtor nation of $5,000,000,000 to a creditor nation of $8,000,000,000, together with our large gold holdings, will give an increased ability to participate in world finance. The development of an important merchant marine and a larger carrying trade will give us further facilities as a lending nation. In many instances the investment of capital will precede the development of our foreign trade, so that this is a prime factor in creating new markets as an outlet for our industrial capacity.

"The United States today has considerable unoccupied land which can be utilized for settlement, and during the reconstruction period our Government can and should promote irrigation work in our Western States, undertake reclamation projects in our Southern States, and continue the construction of transportation lines to tap the great plains of Alaska in order to open up additional lands for settlement, as well as to make available great natural resources.

"Greater transportation facilities are absolutely essential in furthering the development of American industry, and while we are making the readjustment to a peace basis we should give considerable attention to the improvement of these facilities on land and sea.

Want Ship Program Increased.

"We ought to continue to expand our shipbuilding program, in order to replace losses of war, and to provide sufficient shipping to meet the needs of enlarged markets which will result from the era of world industrial expansion destined to follow the transition period. The growth of our steel industry, with which many of our shipping plants will be integrated, will probably make it possible for us to build standardized vessels as cheaply as any other nation.

"It is generally recognized that one of the great weaknesses of our railroads has been the lack of adequate terminal facilities, which has resulted in the congestion of traffic and in wasteful use of railway capital. The expansion of our trade will necessitate larger and better port facilities and efforts should be made now to improve them. But we cannot have adequate terminals or transportation facilities without providing sufficient credit for the railroads to expand their facilities to meet the constantly growing commercial needs of the country. Whether this shall be done under Government supervision or Government ownership, it must be done; and there is every reason for believing that the wiser plan would be to accomplish it under private ownership of the carriers, with Government supervision and co-operation."

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKET.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Dealings discontinued.

CORN.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Feb. High.	Feb. Low.	March High.	March Low
Jan. 13	1.39⅝	1.36½	1.35¼	1.32¼	1.33¼	1.31¼
Jan. 14	1.40	1.34	1.35⅝	1.28⅝	1.33⅝	1.28
Jan. 15	1.39	1.35½	1.34	1.30	1.33	1.29
Jan. 16	1.39¼	1.36⅛	1.35	1.32	1.33	1.30⅝
Jan. 17	1.38¼	1.36⅛	1.34⅛	1.32	1.32⅝	1.30⅛
Jan. 18	1.38	1.36⅝	1.34⅛	1.32⅛	1.32⅛	1.30⅛
Wk's rge.	1.40	1.34	1.35⅝	1.28⅝	1.33⅝	1.28

	May High.	May Low.	July High.	July Low.
Jan. 13	1.31⅛	1.29⅛	1.30⅛	1.27⅝
Jan. 14	1.32⅛	1.26⅝	1.30⅝	1.24⅛
Jan. 15	1.30⅛	1.26⅝	1.28⅛	1.25
Jan. 16	1.30⅛	1.27	1.28⅛	1.25⅛
Jan. 17	1.29⅛	1.27	1.27⅛	1.25
Jan. 18	1.29⅛	1.27⅛	1.26⅛	1.24⅛
Week's range	1.32⅛	1.26⅝	1.30⅝	1.24⅛

OATS.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Feb. High.	Feb. Low.	March High.	March Low.
Jan. 13	68⅝	67⅝	69⅝	68	69⅝	68¼
Jan. 14	68½	65⅝	69⅛	66	69⅛	66⅝
Jan. 15	67⅛	66⅛	67⅝	66⅝	68⅛	66⅝
Jan. 16	67⅛	66⅛	67⅝	66⅝	68⅝	66⅝
Jan. 17	67⅛	66⅛	67⅝	66⅝	67⅛	67
Jan. 18	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛	67⅝	67⅝
Wk's rge.	68⅝	65⅝	69⅛	66	69⅛	66⅝

	May High.	May Low.	July High.	July Low.
Jan. 13	69⅛	68⅛	66½	65½
Jan. 14	69⅝	66⅝	66⅝	65⅝
Jan. 15	68⅛	67⅛	65⅛	64
Jan. 16	68⅛	67⅛	65⅛	64⅛
Jan. 17	68⅛	67⅛	65⅛	64
Jan. 19	68⅛	67⅛	65⅛	64⅛
Week's range	69⅝	66⅝	66⅝	63⅝

Provisions.

LARD.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May High.	May Low.
Jan. 13	23.60	23.50	23.65	23.50
Jan. 14	23.90	23.60	23.92	23.40
Jan. 15	23.85	23.72	23.85	23.60
Jan. 16	..	..	23.95	23.70
Jan. 17	23.75	23.70	23.80	23.70
Jan. 18	..	..	23.82	23.60
Week's range	23.90	23.50	23.95	23.40

RIBS—	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May High.	May Low.
Jan. 13	24.40	24.32	22.70	22.42
Jan. 14	24.50	24.32	22.85	21.90
Jan. 15	24.55	24.25	22.35	22.00
Jan. 16	24.75	24.60	22.60	22.10
Jan. 17	..	..	22.57	22.32
Jan. 18	..	..	22.50	22.27
Week's range	24.75	24.25	22.85	21.90

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.	May High.	May Low.
Jan. 13	27.90	27.12	26.17	25.54	25.05	24.35
Jan. 14	27.80	26.70	26.25	25.34	24.90	23.87
Jan. 15	26.90	25.84	25.40	24.50	23.90	22.92
Jan. 16	26.50	25.95	25.47	24.68	23.99	23.25
Jan. 17	26.27	25.60	25.07	24.51	23.66	23.08
Jan. 18	26.25	26.05	25.12	24.75	23.74	23.30
W'k's r'ge.	27.90	25.60	26.25	24.50	25.05	22.92

	July High.	July Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.
Jan. 13	24.25	23.44	22.00	22.00	22.14	21.55
Jan. 14	24.00	22.08	21.50	21.50	21.85	20.95
Jan. 15	22.98	22.00	21.06	21.07	20.99	20.06
Jan. 16	22.95	22.25	20.50	20.50	20.82	20.18
Jan. 17	22.57	22.05	20.50	20.45	20.49	20.00
Jan. 18	22.60	22.26	20.70	20.70	20.53	20.20
W'k's r'ge.	24.25	22.00	22.00	20.45	22.14	20.00

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	83,875	153,697	109,280	$913,000
Tuesday	68,940	127,297	112,420	800,000
Wednesday	93,350	195,769	79,750	1,054,000
Thursday	58,500	158,915	127,100	378,000
Friday	63,750	132,900	106,700	429,000
Saturday	38,600	70,100	72,050	281,000
Total	412,015	838,678	607,300	$3,514,000

Range, 1919 High	Range, 1919 Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
			INDUSTRIALS				
8	6¼	5,200	*Aetna Explosives	7¼	6¾	6⅞	– ⅛
3½	2½	2,000	*Am. Writ. Paper	3½	2½	3¼	+ ¾
24	23¾	100	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	24	24	24	+ ¼
25⅜	24	9,900	Br.-Am. Tob., coup.	25⅜	24	24	..
155	149	300	Chec. M. C.	150	149	150	..
9¾	8¼	14,425	*Dictograph Prod.	9¾	8⅝	9¾	+ 1¼
57½	39½	51,000	*Gen. Asphalt	57½	48¾	52½	+ 8¼
91	88	2,300	*Gen. Asphalt pf.	91	88	88	..
82	78	5,500	*Gen. M. 6% deb.	82	79½	82	+ 3
123	109	5,950	*Gillette S. R., w.i.	123	113	122	+ 9
6⅞	4⅝	40,000	Hupp Motor Car	6⅞	5¼	6½	+ 1¼
21	10¼	37,700	Inter. Rubber	21	15⅝	17⅞	– 1¼
57¼	43½	59,700	Keystone T. & R.	56¼	50½	54	+ 1
		6,800	*Kirby Lumber	27	22	26	+ 6
92	85	1,400	*Kirby Lumber pf.	92	85	85	..
23½	21½	15,200	*Libby, McN. & L.	23	21½	22	– 1
4½	4	16,000	Marconi of Am.	4½	4½	4½	..
58	47	11,600	Natl. Coal & Ice	58	52	54¾	+ ¾
3	2⅝	2,500	Nor. A. P. & P.	3	2⅝	3	+ ⅝
2¼	1¾	300	*Pearson Coal	2¼	2	2¼	+ ¼
19⅝	18	3,400	Peerless Tr. & M.	19⅝	18¾	18¾	– ⅛
11/16	⅝	13,000	*Perfec. Tire R.	⅝	11/16	⅝	+ 1/16
7¼	5½	1,000	*Poulsen Wireless	7¼	6	7¼	+ 1¼
3/16	1/16	400	*Smith Motor Tr.	1/16	1/16	1/16	– 1/16
8½	8	200	*Standard Motor	8	8	8	– ½
13¾	10⅛	8,700	Submarine Boat	12¼	11¼	11⅝	– ⅛
48	44⅛	12,600	Swift Int., w. i.	46½	44¼	45	– ¾
108	107	90	Todd Shipyards	108	107	107	– ½
36¼	33¾	22,200	*United Motors	36¼	35	35¼	– ¼
¼	⅛	700	*United Mot., rts	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
11/16	7/16	16,200	Un. Prof. Shar.	11/16	7/16	11/16	– 1/16
5⅜	4⅞	15,500	U. S. Steam. Co.	5	4⅞	5	..
4½	3⅞	11,000	Wayne Coal	4⅜	3⅞	3⅞	– ⅜
⅝	¼	14,600	World Film	⅝	⅜	½	+ ¼
4½	3⅜	6,200	*Wright-Mar. Air.	4½	3⅜	3⅜	– ⅛
			STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES				
18	16½	550	Anglo-Am. Oil	16⅞	16½	16⅝	– 1⅞
500	500	5	Continental Oil	500	500	500	..
167	166	45	Ill. Pipe Line	167	166	167	+12
108	107	20	North. Pipe Line	108	107	108	– 2
335	325	30	Ohio Oil	327	322	325	+ 3
685	630	440	Prairie Oil & Gas	685	640	675	+35
270	270	15	Prairie Pipe Line	270	270	270	+25
320	298	142	South Penn. Oil	320	302	315	+13
280	258	185	Stand. Oil of Cal.	275	266	268	+ 3
360	360	2	Stand. Oil of Ky.	360	360	360	+ 5
730	677	405	Stand. Oil of N. J.	730	705	705	–19
123	107	10	Union Tank	117	117	117	– 8
437	402	65	Vacuum Oil	420	410	410	–14
			MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS				
⅝	⅝	560	*Allen Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝	+ ⅛
3	2¼	1,300	*Atlantic Pet.	2⅜	2¼	2¼	– ⅛
5/16	¼	10,700	*Barnett O. & G.	5/16	¼	5/16	..
23	19	12,000	*Boston-Wyo. Oil	20	19	20	..
7¼	6⅞	20,700	*Cosden Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼	– ⅛
4¼	4	1,200	*Cosden Oil pf.	4¼	4	4	– ¼
1¼	1⅜	60	*Crystal O. & R.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..
15	13	5,000	*Crown Oil	15	13	15	..
6⅞	6	1,250	*Elk Basin Pet.	6⅝	6	6¼	– ⅛
6	4½	80,800	*Esmeralda Oil	6	4¾	5¼	+ ½
2¼	2	17,000	*Federal Oil	2¼	2⅛	2¼	..
4⅜	3⅝	17,800	*Glenrock Oil	4½	3⅝	3⅝	– ⅝
83¾	75	2,400	*Houston Oil	82	77	77	– 4½
78	57	30,250	Hudson Oil	78	68	78	+10
22⅞	16¾	23,700	*Inter. Petrol.	22⅞	18	21½	+ 2¾
8½	6⅝	66,000	*Island O. & T.	8½	6⅞	6⅞	– 1⅛
16	12	25,800	*Kenova Oil	14	12	14	..
25½	23	14,000	*Louis. Oil & R.	25½	23	25⅞	..
24½	21⅝	350	Merritt Oil	22⅝	21¾	22	– ½
3⅝	2¼	50,500	Met. Petrol.	3¼	2⅞	2⅞	– ⅛
45	42	8,000	*Mex. Gulf Oil	45	42	44	..
134	113	116,000	*Midwest Oil	134	116	126	+ 8
1⅛	1⅝	5,000	*Midwest Oil pf.	1⅛	1⅝	1⅛	+ ⅛
131	125	2,714	*Midwest Ref.	131	125	128	+ 2
53	49	8,300	*Northwest Oil	51	50	51	– 2
35	22	62,000	Omar O. & G.	35	28	30	..
15	12½	28,500	*Pennock Oil	15	12⅝	12⅝	– 2
9	7⅝	2,600	*Pitts. Oil & Gas	9	8½	8½	+ ¼
30	15	77,000	*Queen Oil	25	15	20	– 3
75	69½	8,300	*Royal Dutch, new	73½	69½	69½	– 2½
7⅞	7	5,100	*Sapulpa O. & R.	7⅞	7¼	7¼	– ⅝
⅝	¼	2,000	Security P. & R.	¼	⅜	½	..
3/16	⅛	6,100	Sequoyah O. & R.	3/16	⅛	3/16	..
26	22	9,700	*Sinclair Gulf	26	24	24⅝	+ ⅝
40	38	400	Southwest Oil	39	39	39	+ 1
1⅜	1⅛	12,700	*Stanton Oil	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	..
22	11	3,500	*Texana O. & R.	13	11	13	– 6
2⅛	1	96,000	*Un. W. Oil, new	2⅛	1	1⅜	+ 1/16
2⅞	2¼	1,360	*Victoria Oil, new	2⅝	2⅝	2¼	..
3⅝	3¼	200	Wayland O. & G.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
			MINING STOCKS				
50	42	8,500	Alaska-Br. C. M.	†43	42	42	– 3
1.00	.88	8,000	*American Mines	†100	88	⅞	..
1¼	1	11,300	Ariz. Bin. Cop.	1¼	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
5½	4½	3,000	*Atlanta	†5	4½	5	..
15/16	½	21,700	Big Ledge Copper	15/16	½	⅝	– 1/16
16	12½	1,000	*Booth	†12½	12½	12½	– 3½
54	48	26,400	Boston Montana	†51	48	48	– 1
½	⅜	1,300	Butte-N. Y.	½	7/16	½	..
31	27	17,600	*Caledonia Min.	†29	28	29	..
½	7/16	16,000	*Calume't & Jerome	½	7/16	½	..
2 1/16	1 15/16	2,200	Canada Copper	2 1/16	2	2 1/16	..
57	52	29,200	Candelaria Silver	57	53	56	..
8	6½	2,000	Cashboy	†7	7	7	– ⅛
1¼	1	7,400	*Cerbat S. M. & M.	1¼	1⅛	1¼	+ ⅛
1 5/16	1 1/16	341,000	Con. Ariz. Smelt.	1 5/16	1 1/16	1 1/16	– 1/16
6¾	5¾	9,500	Cons. Cop. Min.	6⅝	5⅝	6½	+ ½
5½	4⅝	4,600	Cresson Gold	5½	4⅞	5	– ⅛
1⅜	1⅛	2,600	El Salvador Silver	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	+ ⅛
1⅝	1⅜	4,950	*Eureka Croe's M.	1⅝	1⅜	1½	..
2	1⅜	1,200	First Natl. Cop.	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
65	60	18,700	*Florence Silver	†65	60	62	..
26	21	10,000	Goldfield Cons.	†23	21	22	– 1
6½	6	4,500	*Gr.d Merger	†6½	6	6½	+ ½
51	41	3,700	*Hamilton M. & S.	†51	41	50	..
44½	44½	1,000	*Hattie Gold Min.	†44½	44½	44½	+ 1½
4⅞	4½	6,550	Hecla Mining	4 7/16	4½	4 7/16	+ 1/16
36	33	9,000	*Jim Butler	†36	34	35	+ 1
15	13	1,000	Jumbo Ext.	†13	13	13	– 2
8	7	1,000	*Kewanas	†7	7	7	– 1
5/16	5/16	1,000	La Rose Consol.	5/16	5/16	5/16	+ ⅛
58	50	38,000	*Liberty Silver	†55	52	52	– 6
9½	5½	90,500	Lone Star Con.	†7	5½	7	..
49	46	2,000	McKin.-Darragh	†49	46	49	+ 1
4	4	5,000	Marsh Mining	†4	4	4	– ⅛
3¼	2⅝	100	Mason Valley	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	– ½
35	33	9,200	*Mother Lode	†35	33	34	– 1
12¾	11	900	N. Y. & H. R.C.M.	12¾	11	12¾	+ ¾
48	37	35,000	Nixon Nevada	†48	37	39	..
3⅝	3	6,000	*Onondaga Mine	3⅜	3	3¼	– ¼
3¼	2	12,620	*Rey Hercul.	2⅝	2	2¼	– ⅜
27	25	11,000	Rochester Mines	†27	25	27	+ 2
¼	¼	1,900	Stand. Sil. Lead	¼	¼	¼	..
17	15	20,500	Stewart	†17	15	17	+ 1
7	4	4,500	*Success Mining	†5	4	5	..
2⅝	2 1/16	200	*Tonopah Belmont	2⅝	2 1/16	2 1/16	– 1/16
2⅝	1⅞	9,650	Tonopah Ex.	2⅜	2	2¼	+ 1/16
4½	4¼	4,060	United Eastern	4⅝	4¼	4¼	– ¼
9	7	24,000	U. S. Cont. M.	†9	7	8	..
26	24	16,500	*Ward Min. & Mill.	†25	24	25	..
93	89	4,000	Wash. Gold Quar.	†93	89	93	+ 1
1¼	1 1/16	2,320	West End Con.	1¼	1 1/16	1¼	..
17	13	87,000	*Western Utah Ex.	†17	13	17	+ 1
18½	10	89,200	White Cap Min.	†18½	16	16	..
4	2	12,000	White Caps Ext.	†4	3	3	+ 1
1½	⅝	100	*White Knob C. pf	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ½
			BONDS				
101⅞	101¼	$4,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '20	101⅝	101¼	101⅜	– ⅛
103	102¼	5,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '22	102½	102½	102½	– ½
103¼	102⅝	85,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '23	103½	103¼	103⅜	+ ⅛
99⅝	98⅞	740,000	*Am. Tel. & Tel. 1-year 6s, w. i.	99⅝	98⅞	99	– ⅝
98¾	97⅝	862,000	*Anaconda 6s, w.i.	98¼	97⅝	97⅞	– ⅝
101	100⅝	9,000	*Beth.S.7%, '20, w.i.	101	100⅝	100⅝	+ ¼
101¼	100¼	4,000	*Beth.S.7%, '21, w.i.	100¼	100¼	100½	– ⅝
101⅝	100⅝	12,000	*Beth.S.7%, '23, w.i.	101⅝	101	101¼	+ ⅝
96	96	38,000	*Braden 6s, '31, wi.	96	96	96	..
99⅝	99¼	69,000	Can. Govt. 5s	99½	99⅝	99¼	– ⅛
100⅝	99⅝	295,000	*C.&N.W.d.5s, w.i.	100⅝	99⅝	99⅞	– ⅝
102⅝	102½	24,000	*Cudahy 7s, '23, w.i.	102⅝	102½	102⅝	+ ¼
104	103	45,000	*Fed. Fm. Ln. 5s	103½	103	103	– ⅝
92	89⅝	101,000	*I. R. T. 7s, w. i.	91⅝	90½	90½	– 1
100⅝	99⅞	11,000	*K. C. Ter. 6s, '23	100¼	100¼	100¼	..
99⅞	99⅝	139,000	*Ligg. & M. 6s, '21	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞	+ ⅛
100¼	100	25,000	Lacl. Gas 7s, w. i.	100¼	100	100¼	..
101¼	101	430,000	*N.Y. Tel.d.6s, w.i.	101¼	100¾	101⅛	+ ⅛
98⅝	97⅝	600,000	*P.RR. gen. 5s, w.i.	98¼	97⅝	97⅝	– ½
54	47	38,000	*Russ. Gov. 5½s	54	50	54	+ 2½
58	52	100,000	*Russ. Gov. 6½s	58	52	58	+ 6
99¾	98⅞	43,000	*St.P.U.D.5½s, w.i.	99¼	98⅞	99¼	– ⅝
94½	93	340,000	*Wilson cv. 6s, w.i.	93½	93	93	..

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

PEORIA AND EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

Danville, Ill., January 11, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Peoria and Eastern Railway Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company in Danville, Illinois, on Wednesday, the 12th day of February, 1919, at 2:30 o'clock P. M.

The Stock Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Friday, the 24th day of January, 1919, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1919.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Motion Picture Chair Co., Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Room 701, 53 John St., New York City, on the 3rd day of February, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the morning, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open until 11 A. M. Transfer books will be closed from January 24th, 1919, to Feb. 4th, 1919.

Dated New York, January 15th, 1919.

LUCIUS C. TOOLE, Secretary.

CAULDWELL-WINGATE COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of CAULDWELL-WINGATE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 381 Fourth Avenue, New York, on Wednesday, February 5th, 1919, at 3 P. M.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

LAKESIDE LIVE STOCK COMPANY, INC.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors for the year 1919, will be held at the offices of the Company, in the City of New Orleans, on January 29, 1919, between the hours of Twelve and Two O'clock P. M.

J. J. McCLOSKEY, Secretary. L. M. POOL, Vice-President.

The Manhattan Shirt Company.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held at their office, 244 Madison Avenue, New York City, on Monday, January 27, 1919, at 10:30 A. M.

DIVIDENDS.

Notice of Dividend on Preferred Stock of the FISHER BODY CORPORATION

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Fisher Body Corporation, a dividend of 1¾% was declared on the preferred stock of the Company, payable on February 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 21st, 1919. Transfer books will not close.

A. MENDELSON, Secretary.
Detroit, Michigan, January 9th, 1919.

SANTA CECILIA SUGAR CORPORATION

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 3

The regular semi-annual dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. upon the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company has been duly declared, payable February 1, 1919, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business January 25, 1919.

Transfer books will not be closed.

ROBERT L. DEAN, Treasurer.
New York, January 16, 1919.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 24, 1919.

E. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

Depositors Oil & Gas Co.

A 20% dividend for the year 1919, payable quarterly, having been declared, the first quarterly 5% will be paid January 31st, 1919, to stockholders of record January 20, 1919.

R. E. STAFFORD, Secretary.

Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company.

SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND No. 5.

Philadelphia, January 10, 1919.

A Semi-annual dividend of two and one-half percent., or one dollar and twenty-five cents per share, has been declared out of the surplus earnings to December 31, 1918, upon the capital stock of this company, payable January 31, 1919, to shareholders of record at the close of business on January 21, 1919. Transfer books will remain open.

FRANK B. ELLIS, Secretary.

THE PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY COMPANY

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NUMBER 7.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ended December 31, 1918, payable March 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on February 13, 1919.

D. W. SUMMERFIELD, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, January 2, 1919.

KELSEY WHEEL COMPANY, INC.

January 14, 1919.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 10.

The Board of Directors has today declared a quarterly dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share payable February 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business January 21, 1919. Checks will be mailed by Columbia Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.

L. C. BROOKS, Secretary.

Federal Reserve Bank Statements.

Statements of the Federal Reserve Banks, bank clearances and statements of member banks in The Annalist today. 10 cents at news stands—$4 a year by mail.—Advt.

Exempt From All Federal Income Taxes

$135,000
City of
Charlotte, North Carolina
5% School Bonds

Due serially, February 1, 1920 to 1946, inclusive.
Semi-Annual Interest February 1 and August 1
and Principal payable in Gold at U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co., New York.
Denomination $1000.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Estimated Value of Taxable Property		$90,000,000
Assessed Valuation (1918)		28,741,865
Total Indebtedness	$2,902,800	
Less Water Debt	$786,000	
Less Assessment Debt	265,800	
NET DEBT		1,851,000

Population (1910) 34,014
" (1919) 50,000

These bonds are general obligations of the city, issued under the Municipal Finance Act, 1917, and a vote of a majority of the qualified electors for the construction and reconstruction of school buildings and the purchase of necessary school sites.

An unlimited tax for the payment of principal and interest has been authorized by law and resolution.

Legality Approved by Messrs. Caldwell & Masslich.

Price for any maturity to yield 4.75%

FIELD, RICHARDS & CO.
100 Broadway
Cleveland New York Cincinnati

To the Holders of Five Per Cent. First Mortgage Gold Bonds OF The Northwestern Terminal Railway Company

Issued under the Mortgage indenture dated July 1st, 1906 (and supplements dated September 27th, 1909, and January 2, 1915), made by said Company to The Mercantile Trust Company (now Bankers Trust Company), as Trustee:

The Northwestern Terminal Railway Company (herein called the Terminal Company) has defaulted in the payment of the semi-annual interest due January 1, 1918, July 1, 1918, and January 1, 1919, upon the above issue of bonds. The 1916 and 1917 State taxes upon its property are unpaid and delinquent. We are advised that its terminal railway properties in and near Denver, Colorado, were taken, and now are, under Federal control. All the property of The Denver and Salt Lake Railroad Company (herein called the Salt Lake Company) was placed in a creditor's bill receivership in the District Court of Adams County, Colorado, in August, 1917, and such receivership is still in effect, except that the railway and transportation system of the Salt Lake Company is in Federal control. Under existing agreement whereby the Salt Lake Company occupied and used (and the Federal Railroad Administration is now occupying and using) properties of the Terminal Company, the Salt Lake Company agreed (in effect) to pay, as rental, among other things, the interest upon the Terminal Company's First Mortgage Bonds and taxes upon its property.

The undersigned, holding and representing large amounts of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Terminal Company, believe it to be essential that the holders of such bonds be in a position to take prompt and concerted action for the protection of their interests, and therefore have agreed to act as a committee for that purpose. This Committee is the result of an agreement whereby former committees organized separately, in New York and Denver, have been dissolved, and succeeded by the undersigned.

It will be to the advantage of the Bondholders promptly to deposit their Bonds with the Committee in order to participate in the benefits to be gained by concerted action on the part of the majority of the Bonds. Bondholders are therefore urgently requested to deposit their Bonds, with the January 1, 1918, and subsequent, coupons, on or before March 1st, 1919, with The International Trust Company, Denver, Colorado, the Depositary under an agreement, dated December 18th, 1918, providing for such deposits; or with Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York, the Agent of the Depositary. Transferable certificates of deposit will be issued therefor.

The Committee will promptly pay any interest which may be received by it on the Deposited Bonds to the holders of the certificates of deposit representing the Bonds in respect whereof such payments of interest shall be made, deducting any income tax required to be withheld.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained by application either to the Depositary or to its Agent above mentioned.

Dated, Denver, Colorado, January 3, 1919.

S. M. PERRY, Chairman.
WILLIAM A. BELL,
JOHN C. MITCHELL,
HENRY McALLISTER, Jr.,
THEODORE G. SMITH,
THOMAS B. STEARNS,
(All of Denver, Colorado)
Committee.

THEODORE G. SMITH, Secretary,
c/o The International Trust Company, Denver, Colorado.
GERALD HUGHES,
HENRY McALLISTER, Jr.,
Counsel to Committee.

SCANDINAVIA

Manufacturers and Exporters will find the facilities of this Company of great value in forming satisfactory connections in the Scandinavian countries. Inquiries and correspondence are invited.

Scandinavian Trust Company
Member Federal Reserve Bank of New York
56 Broadway, New York.
Capital and Surplus - - $2,500,000

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

J. L. & D. S. RIKER, Inc.,
19 Cedar Street,
New York, Jan. 13, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly be transacted will be held at No. 19 Cedar St., New York City, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of Monday, January 27th, 1919.

E. P. FLOYD-JONES, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of Lederle Laboratories, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for such other business as shall be legally brought before it, will be held at the offices of the Company, 39 W. 38th St., Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on Monday, January 27th, 1919, at 4 P. M.

Signed, J. A. MARSH, Sec'y.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of GEORGE A. HAWS, INC., will be held at the offices of the company, 135 Front St., New York City, on Monday, Jan. 27th, 1919, at 2:30 P. M.

S. BANDMAN, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

WHEREAS, THE NOTICE HERETOFORE published of the annual meeting of the stockholders of the THOMAS P. FORD COMPANY, as I am advised, is invalid, in that no notice of such meeting was mailed to stockholders at least ten days before such meeting was noticed to be held, as required by the By-Laws of the corporation.

NOW, THEREFORE, please take notice that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Thomas P. Ford Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 407 Broome Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 27th day of January, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing three Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The polls will remain open until one o'clock P. M. on said day.

New York City, N. Y., January 11, 1919.

HENRY DUSENBERY, Secretary.

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY

To the Holders of

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY:

Three-Year Seven Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, due July 1, 1921.

Six-Year Five Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, due July 1, 1918.

NEW YORK MUNICIPAL RAILWAY CORPORATION:

First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Series A, due January 1, 1966.

In view of the appointment of a receiver of the properties of Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and of its subsidiaries, New York Municipal Railway Corporation and New York Consolidated Railroad Company, and the default in the payment of interest on the above-mentioned Three-Year Notes and of interest and sinking fund on the above-mentioned Bonds, the undersigned, owning and representing large amounts thereof, believe that prompt action should be taken for the protection of the above-mentioned Notes and Bonds, and to that end, acting as a Protective Committee, under a Deposit Agreement dated January 2, 1919, invite the holders of said Notes and Bonds to deposit the same, with all coupons attached, on or before JANUARY 31, 1919, with CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York City, as Depositary, under said Deposit Agreement. Against such deposits the Depositary will issue its certificates of deposit under said Deposit Agreement.

The undersigned have arranged that the Depositary will, if desired by depositors of said Three-Year Notes or First Mortgage Bonds, advance to them upon such Notes or Bonds, at the time of deposit, the amount of the interest maturing thereon January 1, 1919. Ownership certificates in accordance with the Federal Income Tax Law will be required upon all advances.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained at the offices of the undersigned.

New York, January 6, 1919.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
KUHN, LOEB & CO.
KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

CHARLES E. SIGLER, Secretary.
54 Wall Street.
CRAVATH & HENDERSON, Counsel.

ANNUAL REPORT OF

The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York

55 LIBERTY STREET

GEORGE A. HURD, President

January 1, 1919

The sound character of the business done by The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York has been thoroughly tested by the disturbed conditions of the past few years, and the safety of its Bonds is emphasized by contrast with the present status of many other forms of investment. In spite of war conditions, the Company has at the present time only four loans in process of foreclosure out of 2389 loans outstanding, and the amount of interest more than thirty days delinquent is $2,653. This excellent condition is due to the character of the provisions of the Trust Agreement securing its Bonds, which limit the Company's loans to first mortgages on improved residence or business property in selected American cities, and provide many other safeguards with respect to the type of loans accepted.

In addition to $354,500 of New York City mortgages, securing Series 1 Bonds, the Company has $6,983,660.50 of mortgage loans outstanding in nineteen cities of the West and South, where it has established agencies, the value of the properties covered by these mortgages aggregating $17,824,175. The loans, therefore, amount to less than 40% of the Company's appraised value, as compared with the usual loan of 66% of the value in New York City. The great majority of the Company's loans also contain an obligation to make annual payments in reduction of the principal. The average size of the loans made is less than $3,000, this small amount contributing to the safety of the loans through increased salability of the properties, and yielding a better rate of interest than larger mortgages in the same field.

The Statement of Assets and Liabilities, January 1, 1919, is as follows:

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Mortgages	$7,338,160.50	Capital	$2,000,000.00
United States Bonds	233,000.00	Surplus	500,000.00
Other Bonds	96,198.00	Undivided Profits	240,861.7[illegible]
Real Estate	102,112.92	Mortgage-Bonds	5,337,900.00
Interest Receivable	151,589.48	Interest Payable	97,721.8[illegible]
Cash	279,472.48	Reserved for Taxes	24,000.00
	$8,200,483.37		$8,200,483.37

Quarterly dividends at the rate of 7% have been paid during the year, and $36,514.58 added to Undivided Profits.

The Mortgage-Bonds of the Company are its direct obligation, and are secured by the deposit of an equal amount of First Mortgages with a Trust Company as Trustee—Series 1 with the Guaranty Trust Company, and Series 2 and Series 3 with the United States Trust Company of New York.

These Bonds are listed on the New York Stock Exchange, and have gradually won recognition from conservative investors, many of the Bonds having been sold to such institutions as Fire and Life Insurance Companies, Trust Companies, Colleges and Universities. Of these bonds, Series 1 and 2, amounting to $2,349,900, bear 4% interest, and Series 3, amounting to $2,988,000, bears 5% interest.

A statement of Bonds outstanding is as follows:

January 1, 1906	$212,800
January 1, 1912	$2,928,200
January 1, 1919	$5,337,900

The showing of gross and net income of the Company for 1918 is as follows:

Gross Income	$521,270.51
Expenses	101,087.93
	$420,182.58
Interest on Bonds	243,668.00
Net Profits	$176,514.58

The Company is organized under the Banking Law of the State of New York and is periodically examined by the Banking Department. It is also audited annually by Messrs. Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths & Company, Accountants and Auditors, of London and New York.

The cities in which the Company now has loans outstanding are:

Atlanta, Ga.	Houston, Texas	Oklahoma City, Okla.
Augusta, Ga.	Jacksonville, Fla.	Portland, Oregon
Birmingham, Ala.	Kansas City, Mo.	San Antonio, Texas
Dallas, Texas	Macon, Ga.	Savannah, Ga.
Des Moines, Iowa	Mobile, Ala.	Seattle, Wash.
Fort Worth, Texas	Montgomery, Ala.	Sioux City, Iowa
	New York, N. Y.	Spokane, Wash.

The Company continues to offer the unsold balance of its 5% 10-20 Year Series 3 Bonds, due January 1, 1932, at a price of 95 and accrued interest, thus netting the investor over 5½%.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The East River Gas Company of Long Island City

New York, January 13th, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the purpose of electing nine Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Webster and Vernon Avenues, Long Island City, on the 27th day of January, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M.

M. M. GRAHAM, Secretary.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the WOMEN'S HOTEL COMPANY for the election of directors in the place of those whose terms of office then expire, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the HOTEL MARTHA WASHINGTON, in the City of New York, on Monday, the 27th of January, 1919, at 4 o'clock P. M.

LANSING P. WOOD, Secretary.
New York, January 10th, 1919.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

International Paper Company.

CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND CONVERTIBLE BONDS.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor to Colonial Trust Company, as Trustee under International Paper Company Mortgage dated January 3, 1905, hereby invites offers to the Sinking Fund for the sale of bonds issued under said mortgage to exhaust the sum of One Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Two Hundred and Ten Dollars and Eighty-eight cents ($168,210.88). Bonds offered at the lowest prices will be given preference.

Sealed offers will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon, on February 3, 1919, and should be endorsed "Offers for Sale of Bonds to the International Paper Company Sinking Fund."

The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice President.
Dated, New York, January 4, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM

Prominent buying has been responsible for this stock's activity. The company's position for marketing products on the West Coast has been improved. Situation in the market treated in current number of our

WEEKLY REVIEW "No. 334"

Copies sent without obligation.
Among other issues discussed are:

Keystone Tire — Glenrock Oil
Intercont. Rubber — General Asphalt
Marconi Wireless — Royal Dutch

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81 American Chicle Pfd.
16 American Meter
15 Columbia Trust Stock
100 Famous Players-Lasky
100 Farmers Loan & Trust Stock
500 Gold Car Heating & Lighting
50 Int'l Cigar Machine
50 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
100 Midland Securities
50 Mohawk Valley
100 Nat'l Aniline & Chem. Com. & Pfd.
25 New Jersey Zinc
200 New York State Rys. Com.
5 Nichols Copper '6s
25 Pabst Brewing Pfd.
125 Remington Typewriter Com.
25 R. J. Reynolds Tobacco "B"
100 Singer Manufacturing
25 Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
50 Texas Pacific Land Trust Ctfs.
200 White Rock Water Pfd.

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Gulf Oil Corporation
New England Fuel Oil
Central Petroleum Pfd. & Com.
New Mexico & Ariz. Land Stock
Carbo-Hydrogen Pfd. & Com.

Bought and Sold

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The 1919 Investors
POCKET MANUAL
CONTAINS
A brief history of all listed stocks and bonds traded on the leading exchanges, also high and low for the past year.
Mailed on Request.

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Fisk Rubber, All Issues
Southern California Edison Com.
Commonwealth Pr., Ry. & Lt. Com.
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QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. x Ex dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Jan. 18, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	75
A. W. W. & Elec., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	67	71
Anac. & Pot. River, '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	87	91
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32	..	June & Dec.	74	77
Ariz. Power 1st, '33	6	May & Nov.	81	86
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	86	90
Au.-Aiken R. & El. '35	5	June & Dec.	62	67
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Bell Tel., (Can.) '25	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	94
Buff. Gen. El., '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	..
Buf. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	..	89
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Buf. & Lock. 1st, '33	5	Jan. & July	..	98
Buf. & Sus. 1. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	90	96
Buf. & S. Iron deb., '26	5	Jan. & July	86	89½
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	77	86
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	June & Dec.	97¼	98
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29	5	Jan. & July	95	97
Charleston City Ry., '23	5	Jan. & July	96	98
Charleston Con. R., G. & Elec., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	85	90
Cit. Serv. deb., Ser. B.	7	Jan. & July	123	125
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	94½
Colo. Power 1st, '53	5	May & Nov.	87	90
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	86	89½
Conn. Pr. 1st & Con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	82	89
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	87	90
Do unstamped, '51	4½	Jan. & July	87	90
Cons. Gas, (Balt.) '54	4½	Jan. & July	88	91
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	99	101
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	85	86
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	90	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	..
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	90	93
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	94	98
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	80	90
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	90	94
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	93
Dallas Lt. & Pr., '20	7	Feb. & Aug.	99	101
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	84	88
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.	92	97
Eliz. & Trenton, '62	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	82
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	82	90
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32	6	June & Dec.	90	95
Fall River El. Lt., '20	7	Jan. & July	99	101
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	85
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	78	85
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	90	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	..	65
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	85	86½
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	95	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	94	97
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	92	94
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	60	63
K. C. Long D. T., '25	5	Jan. & July	82¼	84
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	87½	89
Knoxville Trac., '38	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	100
Merch. H. & Lt., '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	95
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	88	93
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	77½	79
Mobile Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	77	82
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Nash. R. & L. 1st con., '58	5	Jan. & July	93	100
Do ref., '58	5	Jan. & July	65	75
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	Jan. & July	90	95
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	92	95
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	92	95
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '43	4	May & Nov.	61	65
N. Y. & Hob. Ferry, '46	5	June & Dec.	82	..
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	66	70
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	95	96
Do ref. '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	100	102
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	77	82
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	75	80
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.	92	95
N. St. Pwr. 1st ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	89	92
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Nova Scotia T. & P., '46	5	June & Dec.	78	83
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	75	83
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan. & July	..	83
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21	6	Jan. & July	96	98
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	89	93
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	88	97½
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	75	80
Portland R., L. & P., '42	5	Aug. & Feb.	68	70
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	95½	..
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	94	95
Pug. Sd. T., L. & P., '21	7	June & Dec.	98½	99½
Riverside T., '60	5	June & Dec.	..	82
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	70
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Feb. & Aug.	88	90
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	86	92
So. Cal. Edison gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	87	92
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	85	87
S. W. Pr. & Lt. 1st, '43	5	June & Dec.	85	88
Stand. Gas & El., '35	6	Apr. & Oct.	80	85
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	..
Syracuse Lt & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	72	76
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	85	..
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	89	93
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	71½	73
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	88	90
Do deb., '26	6	May & Nov.	86	92
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	74¾	75¼
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	52¾	53½
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27	6	Feb. & Aug.	86	94
United Util. conv., '43	6	Jan. & July	88½	92
Wash., B. & A., '41	5	Mar. & Sep.	83	84
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	98	99
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	72	73½
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Jan. & July	..	85

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Bid.	Asked.
Int. Cotton Mills, '20	7	Feb. & Aug.	99½	101
Lima Locomotive, '32	6	May & Nov.	94	98
Monon Coal 1st, '36	5	June & Dec.	62	65
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	87	91
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '13-'40	5	Jan. & July	90	97
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	97	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	..	......	14	17
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	70	73
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	100	103
Do pf. ($50)	75c	Q	Nov 1, 18	43	45
Am. Light & Trac.	†5	Q	Nov 1, 18	244	247
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	99	100
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Dec 2, 18	55	60
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	77	80
Am. Public Utilities	½	..	Jul 1, 14	..	25
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 19	36	40
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	..	..	......	5	6
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15, 18	68	70
Do participating pf.	..	..	......	12	14
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf.	3	S	Dec 2, 18	70	75
Buffalo Gen. Electric	2	Q	Dec 31, 18	106	..
Cal. Electric Gen. pf.	1¼	Q	Jan 1, 19	75	85
Capital Traction	1¼	Q	Jan 1, 19	86	87
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Dec 1, 18	..	45
Chas. Cons. Ry. ($50)	..	..	......	42	46
Cities Service	a½	M	Jan 2, 19	288	291
Do. pf.	½	M	Jan 2, 19	77¾	78¼
Colorado Power	½	Q	Jan 15, 19	25	28
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 15, 18	96	100
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jan 15, 18	72	75½
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	..	Nov 1, 18	19	21
Do. pf.	a1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	42	44
Conn. Power pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 2, 18	72	76
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jan 15, 19	59	..
Eastern Texas Elec.	2½	S	Jan 2, 19	51	55
Do. pf.	3	S	Jan 2, 19	72	76
Elec. Bond & Share pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	92	95
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Dec 16, 18	80	..
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	Dec 1, 18	110	120
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	......	8	10
Do. pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	40	43
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Sep 14, 18	60	65
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jan 1, 19	75	..
Illum. & Pr. Sec.	..	..	......	15	25
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15, 18	85	95
Miss. River Pr. pf.	..	S	J. & J.	38	40
Nashville R. & L. pf.	1¼	Q	Jan 1, 19	50	60
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	80	83
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 19	98½	100
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	......	14	17
Do. pf.	3	S	Jan 15, 19	57	62
No. States Power	1¾	..	Jan 20, 18	57	60
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 20, 19	88	91
Nor. Texas Electric	2	Q	Dec 2, 18	57	61
Do. pf.	3	S	Sep 3, 18	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric	1¼	..	Oct 15, 17	47	48
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Nov 15, 18	86	87
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Jan 10, 19	80	90
Pac. Pr. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 18	90	100
Republic Ry. & Light	1	..	Jul 15, 18	16	18
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15, 18	51	54
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	Nov 15, 18	84	88
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 19	98	102
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Dec 1, 18	100	105
Standard Gas & Elec.	..	..	......	14	18
Do. pf.	1½	Q	Dec 16, 18	30	32
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Nov 15, 18	108	112
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	......	2	3
Do. pf.	..	..	......	14	17
Tri-City R. & L. pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	78	82
United Light & Rys.	1	Q	Jan 2, 19	36	39
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	69	72
Un. Ry. & El. (Balt.)	50c	Q	Oct 15, 18	19½	20
United Utilities	..	..	......	10	20
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	80	90
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Nov 1, 18	55	56
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1½	Q	Dec 1, 18	47	55
Do. pf.	1¼	Q	Dec 1, 18	65	69
Western Power	..	..	......	17½	19
Do. pf.	1	Q	Jan 15, 19	65	68
West. States Gas & E.	½	Q	Nov 15, 18	15	25
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 19	70	78
Wisconsin Edison	$1½	..	Dec 30, 17	29	34

*¾ payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2¼% payable in com. stock. ‡Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	15	S	Jan 2, 19	500	..
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	a7	S	Nov 1, 18	222	228
Atlantic ($100)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	170	..
Bk. of Cuba	100,000	6	S	Jan 2, 19	180	190
Batt'y Pk. N.	400,000	†3	S	Jan 2, 19	205	..
Bowery	250,000	6	Q	Nov 1, 18	400	..
B'w'y Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	......	145	155
Bronx Nat.	200,000	3	S	Jan 2, 19	150	155
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	......	100	130
Bryant Park	200,000	2	S	Jan 1, 19	140	160
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	Jul 1, 18	22	26
Chase Nat'l.	10,000,000	4	Q	Jan 2, 19	405	415
Ch. P. Nat.	3,500,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	245	..
Chelsea Ex.	400,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	..	125
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	3½	B	Jan 2, 19	460	..
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	c3½	Q	Jan 2, 19	220	230
City (Nat'l)	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	465	470
Coal & I. N.	1,000,000	c3	Q	Jan 2, 19	220	..
Colonial	500,000	b8	Q	Jan 2, 19	400	..
Columbia	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31, 18	162	169
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan 2, 19	390	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	195	205
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	215	218
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Aug 1, 18	103	108
Corn Exch.	3,300,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 18	350	360
E.R Nat. ($25)	250,000	2	..	Jun 1, 18	20	25
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13, 17	110	130
Fifth Av.	200,000	12½	Q	Jan 2, 19	1800	2200
Fifth Nat.	250,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 19	200	225
First Nat.	10,000,000	¶10	Q	Jan 2, 19	940	960
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 18	180	190
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Jan 2, 19	198	212
Greenwich	500,000	b7	Q	Jan 2, 19	330	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan 2, 19	735	745
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan 3, 19	245	255
Imp. & T. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan 2, 19	525	535
Irving Nat.	4,500,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	††275	280
Liberty Nat.	3,000,000	4½	Q	Jan 2, 19	425	..
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 18	250	275
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	‡$2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	185	195
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	4	Q	Jan 15, 19	340	350
Mer. Nat. ($50)	2,000,000	$2	S	Jan 2, 19	115	125
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	178	185
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jan 2, 19	380	400
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Oct 1, 18	200	215
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	10	S	Jan 2, 19	425	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17	125	145
N.Y. Pro. Ex.	1,000,000	4	Q	Jan 15, 19	200	..
Pacific ($50)	500,000	$1	Q	Nov 1, 18	130	..
Public	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 18	240	260
Park Nat.	5,000,000	*15	Q	Jan 2, 19	540	..
People's ($25)	200,000	3	Q	Jan 10, 19	135	140
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	470	490
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	400	425
Sherman Nat	500,000	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	..	125
State	2,000,000	3	S	Jan 2, 19	120	..
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 18	110	130
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31, 18	150	155
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 19	275	..
Westch'r Av.	100,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 18	160	175
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 18	300	325

*Incl. 10% special. †Incl. 1¼% extra. ‡Incl. 50c extra. ††Includes one-third share Irving Trust Co. stock. ¶And 10% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra. b—Incl. 3% extra. c—Incl. 1% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr.	11,250,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 18	385	300
Brooklyn	1,500,000	a5	Q	Jan 2, 19	500	..
Cent.-Union	12,500,000	5½	Q	Jan 2, 19	400	412
Columbia	5,000,000	*4	Q	Dec 31, 18	310	314
Commercial	500,000	..	..	......	90	98
Empire	1,500,000	†3	Q	Dec 31, 18	285	..
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	¶5	Q	Dec 31, 18	410	417
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 18	420	430
Fidelity	1,000,000	*2	Q	Dec 31, 18	220	230
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 19	215	225
Fulton	500,000	*5	S	Jan 2, 19	240	255
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 18	368	373
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 18	260	270
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2	Q	Dec 31, 18	135	145
Irving Trust	1,500,000	2	Q	Jan 2, 19	‡	..
Kings Co.	500,000	6	Q	Nov 1, 18	625	..
Law. Title & Tr. Co.	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan 2, 19	99	105
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Nov 1, 18	175	185
Manufact'rs	1,000,000	2	Q	Jan 1, 19	160	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 18	350	..
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan 2, 19	595	..
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 10, 18	775	825
People's Tr.	1,000,000	4	Q	Dec 31, 18	290	..
Q. Co., Jama.	600,000	..	..	......	65	75
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 18	335	345
Transatlantic	700,000	3	..	Jan 2, 18	160	170
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 2, 19	890	..
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jan 2, 19	420	430

*And 2% extra. †And 4% extra. ‡See Irving Nat. Bank. ¶And 5% extra, payable Jan. 10. a—And 10% extra.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	J. & J.	210	220
Am. Sur'y ($50)	5,000,000	$1	Q	Dec 31, 18	61	64
Bd. & Mtg. G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15, 18	218	225
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	S	Dec 31, 18	105	130
Commonw'lth	500,000	6	S	Nov 1, 18	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	$2½	S	Jan 8, 19	59	60
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	15	S	Jan 8, 19	385	400
Globe & Rut.	700,000	¶10	Q	Oct 31, 18	850	..
Great Amer.	2,000,000	15	S	J. & J.	335	345
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	$1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	80	85
Home Fire	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	465	..
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Dec 31, 18	108	115
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Dec 31, 18	83	88
Nat. Lib. ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	145	155
Nat. Surety	4,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	216	219
N.Y.T. & M.	2,125,000	1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	91	98
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	*15	S	J. & J.	170	175
No. River ($25)	600,000	5	S	A. & O.	35	40
Pacific ($25)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	35	45
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15, 19	78	83
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	50	60
Westc'r ($10)	1,000,000	‡50c	Q	Nov 1, 18	33½	36

*Incl. 5% extra. ‡And 10c extra. ¶And 5% extra.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bl'k'r St & F Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	21½	..
B'way & 7th Av	2,100,000	2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	100	120
B'l'nC.R. ($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Jan 15, 19	10	13
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Jan 1, 19	..	90
8th Av. R. R.	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct 15, 18	185	205
42d St & G. St	748,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 18	175	200
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	Q	Oct 15, 18	90	120
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 18	82	95

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Jan. 18, 1919. Bid.	Asked.
American Brass		*1½	Q	Nov 15, 18	219	223
American Chicle		1½	..	Jan 20, 18	64	66
Do pf.		1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	73	76
Amer. Typefounders		1	Q	Jan 15, 19	38	42
Atlas Powder		d5	Q	Dec 10, 18	155	158
Do. pf.		1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	91½	92
Babcock & Wilcox		2	Q	Jan 3, 19	107	109
Bord. Cond. Milk		4	S	Aug 15, 18	102	104
Do. pf.		1½	Q	Dec 14, 18	90	101
By Products Coke		1½	Q	Nov 15, 18	115	120
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	..	80
Celluloid		†4	Q	Dec 31, 18	138	145
Central Aguirre Sugar		2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	161	165
Central Coal & Coke		1½	Q	Jan 15, 19	60	64
Certainteed Products		$4	..	Jan 28, 18	34½	36
Do 1st pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	87½	89
Do 2d pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	72	78
Chi. Ry. Equipment		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	102½	105
Childs		½	..	Sep 10, 18	43	48
Do. pf.		1¾	Q	Dec 10, 18	90	94
Columbia Graphophone		$1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	136	138
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	85	88
Crocker-Wheeler		2	Q	Jan 15, 19	92	97
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 15, 19	96	100
Del., Lack. & W. Coal		$1¼	Q	Jan 15, 19	157	162
Eastman Kodak		a2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	550	570
Fajardo Sugar		2½	Q	Nov 1, 18	85	90
Federal Sugar		1¾	Q	Dec 17, 18	91	96
Do pf.		1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	91	95
Gillette Safety Razor		h$2	Q	Nov 30, 18	121	123
Great Western pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	107	110
Guantanamo Sugar		$1¼	Q	Jan 2, 19	50	52
Hercules Powder		†4	Q	Dec 24, 18	204	208
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Nov 15, 18	107	109
Ingersoll-Rand pf.		3	S	Jan 1, 19	98	101
Int. Silver		..	..	......	30	45
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	88	..
Lanston Monotype		1¼	Q	Nov 30, 18	66	70
Manati Sugar		2½	Q	Dec 2, 18	88	93
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	89	95
Matanzas-Am.		..	..	......	5	15
Do pf.		..	..	......	..	75
Merg. Linotype		2½	Q	Dec 31, 18	128	132½
Midwest Refining		$1	Q	Nov 1, 18	127	129
Nat. Candy		2½	S	Sep 11, 18	65	67
Do 1st pf.		3½	S	Sep 11, 18	106	108
Do 2d pf.		3½	S	Sep 11, 18	95	98
Nat. Sugar Refining		1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	99	101
New Jersey Zinc		4	Q	Nov 9, 18	255	259
New Niquero Sugar		3½	S	Dec 2, 18	170	190
Niles-Bement-Pond		3	Q	Dec 20, 18	105	109
Do pf.		1½	Q	Nov 20, 18	93	98
Otis Elevator		1¼	Q	Jan 15, 19	64	68
Do pf.		1½	Q	Jan 15, 19	80	84
Procter & Gamble		1½	Q	Nov 15, 18	760	850
Remington Typewriter		..	..	......	31½	33
Do 1st pf.		1¾	Q	......	84	86½
Do 2d pf.		2	..	Oct 1, 14	74	77
Royal Baking Powder		†4	Q	Dec 31, 18	125	135
Do pf.		1½	Q	Dec 31, 18	90	94
Safety Car H. & Ltg.		1½	Q	Dec 23, 18	55	58
Santa Cecilia Sugar		..	..	......	18	22
Do pf.		3½	S	Aug 1, 18	51	55
Semet Solvay		2	Q	Nov 20, 18	175	180
Shredded Wheat		2	Q	Jan 1, 19	124½	125
Do pf.		1½	Q	Jan 1, 19	..	90
Singer Mfg.		2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	185	188
Texas & Pacific Coal		b1½	Q	Dec 30, 18	1500	1525
Yale & Towne Mfg.		2	Q	Jan 2, 19	210	220

h—And $1 extra. d—Incl. 3% extra. g—Incl. 1% extra. *And 8½% extra. †Incl. 2% extra. ‡And $10 extra. a—And 7½% extra. b—And 5% extra.

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In interview with DOW, JONES & CO. President Teagle reviews the oil situation and its outlook. He tells what America needs to maintain its commanding position in the world oil markets.

See the
DOW-JONES BULLETINS
Monday, January 20th
In all well-equipped financial offices.
Subscribers to THE WALL STREET JOURNAL may read it Monday afternoon or Tuesday morning

MONEY RATES

	On Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Renew'ls.
Jan. 13	5	4	4	5
Jan. 14	4½	4	4	4½
Jan. 15	5½	4	4	5½
Jan. 16	5	4½	5	4½
Jan. 17	4½	4	4	4½
Jan. 18	4½	4½	4½	4½
Week's range—				
High	5			5½
Low	4			4½
Same week last year—				
High	6			6
Low	4			4
Year to date—				
High	6			6
Low	3¾			4
Corresponding period last year—				
High	6			8
Low	2¾			3

	On Time. 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Jan. 13	5@5½	5¼@5½	5½
Jan. 14	5@5¼	5¼@5½	5½
Jan. 15	5@5½	5¼@5½	5½
Jan. 16	5@5¼	5¼@5½	5¼@5½
Jan. 17	5@5½	5½	5¼
Jan. 18	5@5½	5¼	5¼
Week's range—			
High	5¼	5½	5½
Low	5	5¼	5¼
Same week last year—			
High	5¾	5¾	6
Low	5½	5½	5½
Year to date—			
High	5¼	5¼	5½
Low	5	5¼	5¼
Corresponding period last year—			
High	6	6	6
Low	5¼	5¼	5¼

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 banks .... 4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days .... 4¼@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days .... 5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days .... 5 @5¼
4 to 6 months .... 5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months .... 5¼@5½

DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

	Within 15 Days, Incl. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days. Inclusive.	61 to 90 Days. Inclusive.
Boston	4	4¾	4¾
New York	4	4¾	4¾
Philadelphia	4	4¾	4¾
Cleveland	4¼	4¾	4¾
Richmond	4¾	5	5
Atlanta	4¼	4¾	4¾
Chicago	4	4¾	4¾
St. Louis	4	4¾	4¾
Minneapolis	4½	4¾	5
Kansas City	4½	5	5
Dallas	4½	4¾	5
San Francisco	4½	5	5

The rate of 2 to 4½ per cent. for one-day discounts, in connection with the loan operations of the Government, is approved in the case of the New York district.

Secured by United States certificates of indebtedness or Liberty Loan bonds:

	Agricultural & Live Stock Paper, Over 90 Days.	Within 15 Days, Inc. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	5	4	4¼
New York	5	4	4¼
Philadelphia	5	4	4¼
Cleveland	5¼	4	4¼
Richmond	5¼	4¼	4¼
Atlanta	5	4	4¼
Chicago	5¼	4	4¼
St. Louis	5½	4	4¼
Minneapolis	5½	4	4¼
Kansas City	5½	4¼	4¼
Dallas	5¼	4	4¼
San Francisco	5½	4¼	4¼

Trade acceptances one to sixty days and sixty-one to ninety days at 4½ per cent.

Acceptances purchased in open market, minimum rate, 4 per cent.

Rates for commodity paper have been merged with those for commercial paper of corresponding maturities.

In case the sixty-day trade acceptance rate is higher than the fifteen-day discount rate, trade acceptances maturing within fifteen days will be taken at lower rate. Whenever application is made by member banks for renewal of fifteen-day paper, the Federal Reserve Banks may charge a rate not exceeding that for ninety-day paper of the same class.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San. F.
Jan. 13	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 14	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 15	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 16	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 17	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 18	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par

†Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	3 Mos.	Short Bills.	Exch. on London.
Jan. 13	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 14	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 15	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 16	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 17	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 18	3	3½	3½	25f 98c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consol 2½s	British 4½s	Paris Rentes.
Jan. 13	59	99½	62f
Jan. 14	59	99½	62f
Jan. 15	59	99½	62f 50c
Jan. 16	59	99½	62f 50c
Jan. 17	59¾	99¾	62f 50c
Jan. 18	59¾	99¾	62f 50c

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
Jan. 13	47⅞d	$1.01½
Jan. 14	47⅞d	1.01½
Jan. 15	47⅞d	1.01½
Jan. 16	47⅞d	1.01½
Jan. 17	47⅞d	1.01½
Jan. 18	47⅞d	1.01½

THE ANNALIST OPEN MARKET.

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FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.
Jan. 13	4.75¾	7.75¾	4.75¾
Jan. 14	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾
Jan. 15	4.7570	4.7570	4.7570
Jan. 16	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾
Jan. 17	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾
Jan. 18	4.75 7-16	4.75 7-16	4.75 7-16

	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Jan. 13	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
Jan. 14	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
Jan. 15	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
Jan. 16	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655
Jan. 17	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655
Jan. 18	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16
Week's range—			
High	4.7544		4.76 7-16
Low	4.7570		4.7655
Same week last year—			
High	4.7530		4.76 7-16
Low	4.7525		4.76 7-16
Year to date—			
High	4.7585		4.7656¾
Low	4.7570		4.7655
Corresponding period last year—			
High	4.7530		4.76 7-16
Low	4.75½		4.76 7-16

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Jan. 13	5.45½	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45	5.45	5.45
Jan. 14	5.45¾	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45	5.45	5.45
Jan. 15	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45	5.45	5.45
Jan. 16	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼
Jan. 17	5.45½	5.45½	5.45½	5.45	5.45	5.45
Jan. 18	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.46¼	5.45¼	5.45½
Week's range—						
High	5.45⅛			5.45		
Low	5.45¾			5.45¼		
Same week last year—						
High	5.70¾			5.68¾		
Low	5.72¾			5.70½		
Year to date—						
High	5.45¾			5.44⅞		
Low	5.45¾			5.45¼		
Corresponding period last year—						
High	5.70¾			5.68¾		
Low	5.73¾			5.71¾		

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cables.	Holland. Dem.	Cables.	Italy. Dem.	Cables.
Jan. 13	4.86¼	4.83	42.25	42.50	6.37	6.35
Jan. 14	4.86¼	4.83	42.25	42.50	6.37	6.35
Jan. 15	4.81	4.78	42.375	42.625	6.37	6.35
Jan. 16	4.83¼	4.80	42.375	42.625	6.36¼	6.35
Jan. 17	4.86	4.82½	42.25	42.50	6.36	6.35
Jan. 18	4.85	4.82	42.25	42.50	6.36¼	6.35
Week's range—						
High	4.81	4.78	42.375	42.625	6.36	6.35
Low	4.86¼	4.83	42.25	42.50	6.37	6.35
Same week last year—						
High	4.48½	4.41½	48.50	44.00	8.88½	8.87¼
Low	4.49	4.47	48.00	43.25	8.48	8.42
Year to date—						
High	4.81	4.78	42.56¾	42.81¾	6.36	6.35
Low	4.89	4.85	42.12½	42.37½	6.37	6.35
Corresponding period last year—						
High	4.56¼	4.34½	43.62½	44.00	8.83	8.82
Low	4.51½	4.49½	42.75	43.25	8.46	8.45

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cables.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cables.	Christiania. Dem.	Cables.
Jan. 13	26.60	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.75	28.00
Jan. 14	26.60	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.75	28.00
Jan. 15	26.625	26.85	28.75	29.10	27.75	28.10
Jan. 16	26.625	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.75	28.00
Jan. 17	26.625	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.75	28.00
Jan. 18	26.625	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.75	28.00
Week's range—						
High	26.625	26.86	28.75	29.10	27.75	28.10
Low	26.60	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.75	28.00
Same week last year—						
High	31.12½	31.62½	33.75	34.25	32.50	32.75
Low	30.50	31.00	33.00	33.50	31.75	32.50
Year to date—						
High	26.875	27.125	29.125	29.35	28.00	28.25
Low	26.60	26.85	28.70	29.00	27.70	28.00
Corresponding period last year—						
High	32.00	32.50	33.75	34.25	33.00	33.50
Low	30.00	30.50	32.00	32.50	31.25	31.75

	Greece. Dem.	Cables.	Rubles, 100. Bid.	Ask.	Rubles, 500. Bid.	Ask.
Jan. 13	19.85	19.40	13.70	13.90	13.60	13.80
Jan. 14	19.85	19.40	13.55	13.75	13.45	13.65
Jan. 15	19.85	19.40	13.40	13.00	13.30	13.50
Jan. 16	19.35	19.40	13.00	13.80	13.50	13.70
Jan. 17	19.35	19.40	13.60	13.80	13.50	13.70
Jan. 18	19.35	19.40	13.60	13.80	13.50	13.70
Week's range—						
High	19.35	19.40	13.90	13.80		
Low	19.35	19.40	13.40	13.30		
Same week last year—						
High	19.40	19.45	13.25	13.50		
Low	19.40	19.45	13.00	13.25		
Year to date—						
High	19.35	19.40	14.50	14.40		
Low	19.35	19.40	13.90	12.80		
Corresponding period last year—						
High	19.40	19.45	13.25	13.50		
Low	19.40	19.45	12.75	13.50		

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cables.	Peking. Dem.	Cables.	Shanghai. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	79.25	79.50	130.75	131.00	121.75	122.00
Low	79.25	79.50	130.75	131.00	121.75	122.00
Same week last year—						
High	74.00	74.25	113.00	113.25	106.00	106.25
Low	74.00	74.25	113.00	113.25	106.00	106.25
Year to date—						
High	81.00	81.25	131.50	131.75	123.00	123.25
Low	79.25	79.50	130.75	131.00	121.75	122.00
Same period last year—						
High	77.00	77.25	115.00	115.25	108.00	108.25
Low	73.50	73.75	113.00	113.25	106.00	106.25

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem. Cab's.		Calcutta. Dem. Cab's.		PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem. Cab's.	
Week's range—						
High	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.875	50.00
Low	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.875	50.00
Same week last year—						
High	35.00	35.50	35.00	35.50	50.00	50.125
Low	35.00	35.50	35.00	35.50	50.00	50.125
Year to date—						
High	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.875	50.00
Low	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.875	50.00
Corresponding period last year—						
High	35.00	35.50	35.00	35.50	50.00	50.125
Low	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	50.00	50.125

	SPAIN. Dem.	Cables.	Kobe. Dem.	Cables.	Yokohama. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	20.15	20.20	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Low	20.10	20.20	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Same week last year—						
High	24.30	24.40	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00
Low	24.10	24.20	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00
Year to date—						
High	20.15	20.20	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Low	20.05	20.12	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Corresponding period last year—						
High	24.45	24.50	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00
Low	24.20	24.50	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Demand.	Cables.	Rio. Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—				
High	44.60	44.75	25.35	25.50
Low	44.50	44.75	25.10	25.25
Same week last year—				
High	45.94	46.04	26.92	27.02
Low	44.52	44.62	26.81	26.91
Year to date—				
High	45.15	45.25	26.35	26.50
Low	44.50	44.75	25.10	25.25
Corresponding period last year—				
High	46.21	46.51	27.04	27.14
Low	44.52	44.62	26.70	26.80

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of
Gas and Electric Securities Company
COLLATERAL TRUST BONDS,
Ten Year, Six Per Cent., Series B.

You are hereby notified that all of the Collateral Trust Bonds, Ten Year, Six Per Cent., Series B, of Gas and Electric Securities Company, dated January 1st, 1918, and secured by agreement between Gas and Electric Securities Company and Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, dated September 1st, 1917, and supplement dated January 1st, 1918, have been called for redemption and payment on February 1st, 1919, and will be redeemed and paid on said date at the office of Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, New York, at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus a premium of one per centum (1%) of said principal, together with accrued interest on said bonds to said redemption date. A sum sufficient to redeem said bonds at said price has been deposited with Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee, under said agreement and supplement.

On and after February 1st, 1919, said bonds shall cease to draw interest and the coupons annexed thereto shall be null and void.

Proper Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates covering accrued interest should accompany said bonds when presented for redemption and payment on said redemption date.

Dated, December 27th, 1918.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.86, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 3, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Members and Shareholders of The Bank Clerks' Co-Operative Building and Loan Association of New York City will be held on Wednesday, January 22, 1919, at 4:30 P. M., at the office of the Association, Room 77, 60 Beaver Street, New York.
W. E. JARVIS, Corresponding Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

INTERNATIONAL TRACTION COMPANY

TO HOLDERS OF COLLATERAL TRUST FOUR PER CENT. GOLD BONDS:

YOU WILL TAKE NOTICE that the time within which bonds of the above-mentioned issue may be deposited under the Protective Agreement, dated December 10, 1918, has been extended to the close of business on Monday, January 20, 1919.

Until then bonds may be deposited with the GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary, at its New York office, 140 Broadway, or its London office, 32 Lombard Street, E. C., or its PARIS OFFICE, Rue des Italiens 1 & 3, or with its Agent, the CITY TRUST COMPANY, at its office in the Erie County Bank Building, Buffalo, N. Y.

Registered bonds must be accompanied by proper instruments of assignment and coupon bonds by all coupons maturing on or after January 1, 1919.

ELLIOTT C. McDOUGAL,
Chairman;
JACOB GOULD SCHURMAN,
THOMAS DEWITT CUYLER,
R. WALTER LEIGH,
THOMAS E. MITTEN,
Protective Committee.
SIMPSON, THACHER & BARTLETT,
JOSEPH G. DUDLEY, Counsel.
A. F. HALSTED, Secretary,
62 Cedar Street, New York, N. Y.

MONON COAL COMPANY.
FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND 5% GOLD BONDS.

The undersigned, as Sinking-Fund Trustee under the First Mortgage of MONON COAL COMPANY to BANKERS TRUST COMPANY and SCOTT BROWN, as Trustees, dated May 19, 1911, securing the above bonds, hereby gives notice that it will purchase bonds of the above issue for the Sinking Fund to the extent of $2,959.57, being the amount of cash in its hands for that purpose, at the lowest price for which such bonds (bearing all unpaid coupons) shall be offered to it, and that in respect thereof the undersigned will receive sealed proposals for the sale of such bonds at its office, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, up to the close of business January 25, 1919. No offer will be accepted at a price exceeding the face value of principal of the bonds offered. In case bonds shall be offered by two or more holders at the same price, to an amount in the aggregate exceeding the cash sinking fund applicable thereto, acceptance of such offers will be made in the order of the date of receipt thereof, and if such equal offers of two or more holders be received at the same time, then each will be accepted to an amount which shall bear to such offer substantially the same proportion as such cash sinking fund shall bear to the aggregate of such simultaneous equal offers.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Sinking-Fund Trustee.
H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.
January 13, 1919.

Cumberland Street Railway Company. The bonds of the above-named company, due October 1, 1918, will be exchanged for First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Company, due January 1, 1950, at the office of the Controller of the Rhode Island Company, 100 Fountain St., Providence, R. I.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 21, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company to be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on Saturday the 25th day of January, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:

(a) To authorize the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company to negotiate and cause to be executed and delivered such contract with the President of the United States, the Director General of Railroads, or such other person as the President may direct, as said Board or said Executive Committee shall deem expedient, relating to the compensation to be paid for the possession, use and control of the railroad and system of transportation and appurtenances thereof of the Company, the operation, maintenance and return thereof, and to any other matter connected with or growing out of the taking over by the President of said properties; to alter, amend or add to such contract, by mutual consent to be signified on behalf of the Company by vote of its Board of Directors or Executive Committee; to collect the aggregate compensation to be paid under such contract; and generally to take such action as said Board or Committee shall deem necessary to secure, either by such contract or otherwise, adequate compensation for, and proper maintenance and a timely return of, the property so taken over;

(b) To consent to, approve and authorize the creation and issue of mortgage bonds of the Company to be limited to a principal amount, in United States Gold Coin, of not exceeding $50,000,000 at any one time outstanding; such bonds to mature at such date or dates, to bear interest from such date or dates and at such rate or rates, to be issuable for such purposes and in such denominations, and to be in such form and to contain such terms and provisions, including provision for conversion of any or all such bonds into stock of the Company, as the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company may determine;

(c) To consent to, approve and authorize the execution and delivery, to secure such bonds, of a mortgage and deed of trust on and of all or any part of the railroads, equipment, franchises and property, including corporate stocks and obligations, owned by the Company at the date of the execution and delivery of such mortgage and deed of trust or at any time thereafter acquired by it;

(d) To approve, or to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company in its discretion to determine, the form and terms of such mortgage and deed of trust, and the property of the Company to be embraced therein;

(e) To ratify and confirm, and to authorize and consent to, any action theretofore taken or authorized by said Board of Directors or by the Executive Committee of the Company, which may be submitted to the meeting, whether for the purposes of, or in connection with, or in contemplation of, any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise;

(f) To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed for the meeting on Thursday the 26th day of December, 1918, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Monday, the 27th day of January, 1919, at ten o'clock A. M.

Dated, Columbus, Ohio, December 16th, 1918.

By order of the Board of Directors.
A. TREVVETT, Secretary.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the CHARLES R. BYRON COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 293 Seventh Avenue, New York City, on Monday, January 27, 1919, at 3 P. M.
JOHN J. CORCORAN, Secretary.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

LEVINE & GINSBURG
115-125 W. 30th St.
SPRING DRESSES
Georgettes
Satins
Taffetas
Byzantine-Crepes
Serges
Unusual Styles
$13.50 to $31.50
VOILE AND LINEN DRESSES
—an early, but typically complete Levine & Ginsburg showing

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

Why is our business growing so fast?
The extra value we put into our dresses is the reason.

Silks — Taffetas
Crepe de Chine — Jerseys
Crepe Meteor — Foulards
Georgettes — Serges

$7.50 to $22.50
On the Racks for Immediate Delivery.
PIONEER LADIES GARMENT CO.
6-8 West 32nd St. N.Y.C.

DRESSES, SUITS
WE SELL ONLY JOBBERS
COATS SKIRTS WAISTS ETC.
NEW SPRING SHOWING
Best Manufacturers are Represented.
Mr. & Mrs. L. N. CRAKOW
1210 Broadway, N. Y.

Follow the Buyers
Who Buy From Live Wires.
Suits All Wool Poplin $7.50 up
Serge Suits $6.75 up
Coats All Wool Poplin $7.50 up
Serge Coats $6.75 up
All Wanted Fabrics in Leading Shades.
BENJAMIN MARTIN
22-24 West 27th St.

SILK WAISTS
$2.25—$3.00—$3.75
STOCK FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
Fair Waist & Dress Co.
A. GEVIRTZ, Prop.
1372 B'way, Cor. 37th.
Telephone Greeley 2013.

SEE ROSNER FIRST
Stout & Maternity Dresses
at popular prices
ROSNER DRESS HOUSE
106-108 WEST 32ND ST.
NEW YORK
SAM ROSNER
LOUIS COHEN

MacKelvey
GOWNS and BLOUSES
Original Creations
New Models—
Continuous, exclusive, decidedly different.
For your exacting trade, see
Our Spring Line.
315 5th Ave. (at 32nd St.) N. Y.

Mr. Out of Town WAIST BUYER
Your Trip to New York will cost you less if you see the values and styles we offer in
VOILE & SILK WAISTS
$9 a Dozen and Upwards for Special Sales.
MEYER GOLDBERG & SONS,
134-140 W. 26th St., N. Y. C. Farragut 148

WOOLEN JOBBERS
COTTON CONVERTERS
CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS
Having surplus stock of piece goods on hand, can dispose same to good advantage in a foreign market.
S. A. MILLER,
1161 Broadway.

COOPER & GRAPES
COATS AND SUITS
Having Outgrown Present Quarters
Announce Their New Location
30 and 34 West 26th Street
N. B.—Watch for Opening Announcement.

Buyers' Wants
Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Juilliard 110, in navy; will pay cash. Call Mr. Ginsburg, 7835 Stuyvesant.

BURELLA Wanted.—American 0310, green, brown; lowest price. Spring 8676.

COATS AND DRESSES Wanted.—Miss Lerner of Gimbel's, Philadelphia, open for women's and misses' coats; also dresses of jersey and silk at a close-out price. Gimbel's sample room, Tuesday, 10:30.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on novelties in new coats and suits. Call all week with samples. 11 West 32d, fifth floor.

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring coats, capes, and sport wear of the better kind every morning until 12 o'clock. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Will look at new style suits and coats all day. Use freight elevator. 11th floor, 145 West 30th St.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing Spring orders; also juniors. 4th floor, 8 West 32d.

COATS Wanted.—Winter garments; also suits, dresses; high-grade only. Farragut 0387.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on dolmans and blouses. 27 E. 22d St., Suite 52.

COATS AND CAPES Wanted.—Looking at better kind only. Third floor, 9 W. 35th St.

COATS AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Jobber, placing stock order. Room 505, 339 5th Av.

COATS, SUITS, DRESSES Wanted.—In jobs, Spring styles; spot cash. Chelsea 4991.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring styles. 127 Madison Av., 6th floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Amoskeag stripes, 19036, Lancaster & Lynwood checks, Florence & Revolution flannels, white gabardins, pajama checks, bleached sheetings, jeans. Gramercy 4356.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Spot cash paid for cotton goods under market price. Kaplan Mfg. Supply Co., 423 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Flesh and white lingerie, 30-36 inches. Rosenberg Silver, 152 Wooster St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—For spot cash; price must be right. Box D D, 614, 1,265 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Stewarts 2599, all colors; state quantity and best price; also good quality georgette. G. M., Box 25, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing stock orders on satin, crepe de meteor, crepe de chine, georgette, jersey, tricollette, tricotine, serges, and taffetas; only up to date models. Room 306, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgette, crepe, and taffeta; waists, underwear, and petticoats wanted for export by prominent international merchants. B 282 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on taffetas, georgettes, crepes, better grade. 12 West 32d, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted of the better grade; also children's dresses, for cash in quantities. L. W. Greenberg, Hotel Martinique.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jersey; will place stock orders on snappy styles. 15 East 26th St., 6th floor.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DUVET DE LAINE, Silvertones, F. & H. Botany Velours Wanted.—Light shades Trecos, Reads, 5800, 7261, Andrews's 5782. Orchard 8245.

DUVET DE LAINES, Lapin and Chinchilla Wanted.—Any quantity; cash. Greeley 4322.

FLANNELS Wanted.—Open for quantity of blue, brown, and green flannel; submit samples, stating mill, quantity, and price. Sartorial Art Clothes Co., 781 Broadway.

FLANNEL Wanted.—Parker-Wilder, W. 125-4 green. 360 Stuyvesant.

FUR TRIMMINGS Wanted—Also serges, poplins, velours, plushes; better grades; cash. Farragut 9386.

GABARDINES Wanted.—All colors. Parness. Farragut 2369.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—All colors; can use quantity at a price. Room 225, 621 B'way.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Assorted colored staple checks, Broelochs or similar. Madison Square 7296.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Everett classic gingham, open for 1,000 pieces; must be cheap. Canal 9520.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

JERSEY Wanted.—Heavyweight, Kelly green, apple green, and rose. Greeley 4848.

KHAKI Wanted.—100,000 yards, wool khaki, 16-20 oz. Madison Square 2857.

PECO Wanted.—Quantities; state best cash prices. Box C. C. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

PLUSHES, Peco, Wanted. Farragut 9297.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Navy S. & H. or similar quality. A. E. Lefcourt & Co., 136 Madison Av.

POIRET TWILL AND TRICOTINE Wanted.—Good quality Spring shades; cash. Madison Square 4180.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610 navy, black, peacock; also 7301 will exchange navy for black. Farr. 2980.

POPLIN Wanted.—Black, all wool, quantity, at a price for cash; must be cheap. I. B. Shapiro Cloak Co., Chelsea 9840.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for 9958, Amoskeag, black. Gina Bros., 109 West 26th. Farragut 2228.

POPLINS Wanted.—Copenhagen and tan. Goldstein & Falk, 144 West 27th St. Farragut 9323.

POPLINS Wanted.—American taupe, or will exchange for black and navy. Haft, Farragut 9752.

POPLIN Wanted.—Open for high shades American woolen, poplin. Charnay & Freed, Chelsea 4077.

POPLINS Wanted.—High shades, any make, for spot cash. Farragut 9297.

POPLIN Wanted.—American, high shades; will pay cash. Farragut 3708.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 90610, color 936; spot cash. Farragut 9498.

POPLIN Wanted.—All colors. Parness, Farragut 2369.

POPLINS AND VELOURS Wanted.—In high shades, for spot cash. Farragut 4089.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610 or 06077, shades 966, Rookie, Cooper & Grapes. 302 5th Av.

POPLINS Wanted.—American high shades. Farragut 2477.

POPLINS Wanted.—All colors and makes, for cash. Farragut 2347.

SATINS Wanted.—Black and navy. Call after 11 A. M., Vanity Dress Co., 32 East 22d St.

SERGES Wanted.—Twelve to fourteen ounce blue and black, all worsted; must be cheap for cash. Send samples, with price and quantity, to Montgomery Clothing Co., 141 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—7120 navy and black poplins, 774 or 767 navy and black, or other numbers to use as substitutes. Charles Kafka & Co., 34 West 27th St.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 7120, 519, 235, navy only, and style 110 Kersey, taupe and brown; must be cheap for cash. Phone Gramercy 2452.

SERGES for all purposes wanted at lowest prices possible, for men's suitings. Call with samples. Riverside Woolen Mills, 19 E 21st St.

SERGES Wanted.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES Wanted.—Will exchange 7120 and 104 navy for black; will pay difference. Farragut 3954.

SERGE Wanted.—Amoskeag 7301, navy, and copen; also henna wool poplin. Louis Greenburg, 71 West 23d.

SERGE Wanted.—1464, navy and colors. Knoffel & Bloom, 145 W. 30th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy 7614, 1166, 2004. Call Spring 7936.

SERGES Wanted.—Any quantity; all kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use quantity 4060, at a price. Madison Square 7221.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman 104, all colors, quantity; cash. Jacob Cohen, 11 West 32d.

SERGE Wanted.—1464 and 99 navy. Madison Square 6635.

SERGES Wanted.—7120 and 54289. Knickerbocker 909.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity 4050, 4060, 4061, 4408, all colors. Gramercy 6227.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 4408, 4061, 104, 11433, for cash. H. Davidoff Co., Mad. Sq. 4622.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—Black and white; all worsted; cash. Mad. Sq. 9087.

SILKS Wanted.—Satin striped and plaid taffeta, also all silks any description or quantity. Room 1106, 44 East 23d.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for plain and fancy close outs. Cohen-Edelman, 35 W. 31st St.

SILK POPLINS Wanted.—Open to buy Susquehanna or similar. Call Gramercy 2744.

SILVERTONES, TRICOTINES Wanted.—All shades, Joels, Leonards, and Bachmans; reasonable. Gramercy 1429.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Copenhagen, tan, pekin, navy, reindeer. Pasternack, 619 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Joel's, Holden-Leonard; Spring shades. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Pekin, rose, reindeer; spot cash. Jacob Cohen, 11 West 32d.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden Leonard's or similar. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th.

SILVERTONES, Tricotines and Coverts Wanted.—Chelsea 8980.

SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing orders better made suits and coats. Call all week, 4th floor, 48 West 25th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Placing orders; snappy styles. Address 7th floor, 122 West 26th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—4718, 4666, 809, 7301. Gramercy 1337.

Buyers' Wants
Ten cents per word each insertion.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Uhlrich & Donaldson, similar cloth navy and colored; state quantity and best price. M. G., Box 10, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy S. & H. or similar quality. A. E. Lefcourt & Co., 136 Madison Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Tan, Garfield 4718, tan gabardine 4666. Farragut 9805.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Rookie, tan, navy, quantity, cash. Jacob Cohen, 11 West 32d.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Tan, gray, vigeroux; all worsted; shepherd check. Mad. Sq. 1969.

TRICOTINES—U. S. 235 and American 0936 Serges Wanted. Karp Bros., 45 W 27th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Velours, poplins, poiret twills; Spring shades. Md. Sq. 2094.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, Spring shades. Farragut 3757.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—7161. Read at a price for cash. Plaza 7406.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy and black. H. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

VIGOUREUX Wanted.—Botany, 12049-2002 and 11808-2055. Igstaedter. Stuyvesant 3284.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavy weights, taupe and brown shades; state quantities; best cash price. John Northway & Son, Limited, Toronto, Ontario.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281, also American poplin or similar high shades, only for cash. Printz, 30 W. 24th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Reindeer, taupe, color 771, F. & H. only; broadcloth 315, nigger brown. Spring 6266.

VELOURS Wanted.—Tan, Copen., also poplins, Spring shade, and silvertones. Farragut 2322.

VELOURS Wanted.—Any mill, all Spring colors, quantity; cash. Jacob Cohen, 11 West 32d.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spring shades; also tricotines. Mad. Sq. 8585.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—24 inch, twill back, all colors. Phone Schwarcz, Mad. Sq. 8644.

VELVETS Wanted.—Light shades of millinery velvet, for cash. Spring 7934.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Any quantity velours, in all colors, heavy and light weights, fancy mixtures, also serges; spot cash. Call with samples, Elias Surut & Sons, 670 Broadway. Spring 9697.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open for quantity all-wool plaids, 62766 Stevens's, and others. Spring 5103.

WRAPS Wanted.—Jobber, looking at high class wraps; Dolman models. Hayman, 46 West 35th, 8th floor.

Offerings to Buyers
Ten cents per word each insertion.

BLANKETS.—All wool khaki and gray, 6-4 goods, $3 50. Stuyvesant 3333.

BOYS' SUITS.—Velveteen, blue, brown, 3-8; sacrifice. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St.

BRILLIANTINE.—25 pieces, black, 54 inches, to close out. Spring 9332.

BROADCLOTHS.—110, black, navy, brown, green, and taupe; also light and heavy weight velours. Gramercy, 2091.

BROADCLOTH, poplin, serges, cheap; moving to larger quarters. Phone 3264 Madison Square.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. and Botany; also Spring shades velour. Farragut 5759.

CHEVRONS.—Look, we beat them all; red and blue felt chevrons, $3.25 per gross, in quantities; immediate delivery. Nat Bloom, 193 6th Av. Farragut 9346.

COATEES.—Beaver, mole, and Baffin seal; 500 sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritsky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—200 snappy, all lined, fur collars, 48 inches long, 84 sweep, to close $7.75; other garments proportionately cheap. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed silvertone, pom pom, velour, plushes; sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—Winter coats, silvertones, plushes, velours, broadcloths; January sales, 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—A few hundred Fall velour, broadcloth, and plush, to be closed out at very low prices. Singer & Son, 45 West 27th St.

COATS.—Closing out 300 smart velour coats, fur trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 W. 27th St.

COATS.—Sacrificing velours, trimmed raccoon, sealine, coney collars, $10 up. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

COATS.—Suitable for January and February sales at very low prices. Joseph Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

COATS.—200 Winter coats, fur trimmed, to close out on account of moving. Neumann, 135-137 West 27th.

COATS.—Suitable for January and February sales, at very low prices. Joseph Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—100 fur-trimmed coats to close out at the price. I. Kanner & Co., 28 West 25th St.

COATS.—Closing out; suitable for January sales; cheap. Ullns, 37 West 32d.

COATS.—All lined fur, plush trimmed; $6 up. B. & B., 24 East 12th St.

COATS AND SUITS of the better kind to close out. Plager, 1,161 Broadway.

COATS.—To close out, 500 ladies', misses', juniors'. Rosengarten, 11 East 51st.

COATS.—300 fur trimmed, better kind, to close out. Gottlieb, 10 West 32d.

COTTON CANVAS husking glove cloth, 24 cases; tan glove wristing. Becker, Amsterdam, N. Y.

COTTON GOODS.—Annual inventory clearance sale at remarkable low prices of odd lots second remnants and regular goods. Call at once for choice selection, Calbro Mills, 546-548 Broadway. Spring 814.

COTTON GOODS.—Dress manufacturer has high class new 1919 patterns for sale at a price. Mannie Solomon Co., Inc., 31 E. 31st.

COTTON GOODS.—Voile percaline, black, gray, tan; 300 pieces, 14c net.

COTTON JERSEY.—Fleeced cloth, various colors, for gloves, leggins, skirts, bloomers, children's garments, for export. Becker, Amsterdam, N. Y.

COTTON LINENE.—10 pieces, 42 inch, corn color; Trouville linens at 20c net cash. Gramercy 3004.

COTTON PIECE GOODS.—We offer Berwick chambray and black voiles, under market price. Canal 9520.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Three-thread ivory, flesh, navy, black; also Georgette, all colors, below market price. Madison Square 3047.

CREPE DE CHINE, $1; georgettes, $1.20; crepe meteor, $1.45; any quantity; color; great value; regular terms. X 305 Times Annex.

DRESSES that create sales, Spring models, all wool French serge; $5-$10.50; embroidered satins, taffetas, georgettes, $6.75-$16.50. "There is a reason." I want to be known by the values I give. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large assortment for street and afternoon wear at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 152 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—800 dozen house dresses, ladies', children's bloomers, to close out; various styles; factory inventory. Friedman, 4,239 Jerome Av., Ozone Park. Richmond Hill 5388.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersal dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESS LININGS.—Dress manufacturers; buy ready-made dress linings, cheaper and better than you make them; save time, labor and money. Farragut 8890.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Snappy styles in silks; don't fail to see our taffeta specials at $5.75. Silverman, Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES—Serge, Georgette, taffeta, foulard to close out at a price. M. Taub & Co., 38 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values, wool French serges, $6; jerseys, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, jerseys, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 17 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Newest Spring models, for jobbers; all materials. Marietta, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Velours, $10.75, $18.75; best in market. Michael Senft, 29 West 35th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, velvets, jerseys, satins; 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—150 taffetas to close out at $6.50 net. Leibowitz, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Velours, $10.75, $18.75; best in market. Michael Senft, 29 West 35th.

EVORA 803, shades, 849, 857, 850. Madison Square 6700.

GARFIELDS' For Sale.—519, at $2.25 net; W-423, 10 pieces; A-127, 18 pieces; A-313, 9 pieces; Andrews' mills, style 1461, at $2.25 net, shade 349, 5 pieces; shade 386, 17 pieces; shade 467, 5 pieces. The Landesman Hirschheimer Co., 1,323 West 9th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—All kinds, biggest assortment, great sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

Offerings to Buyers
Ten cents per word each insertion.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines; colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

HATS.—500 styles popular price children's, ladies', men's hats for domestic and export trade. Washington Mills, 86 Lispenard St.

HOSE.—Men's gray worsted half hose, seconds, 2,500 dozen heavy weight, extra full sizes; half price for bargain sales. Becker, Gramercy 1240. Becker, Amsterdam, N. Y.

HOSIERY.—First, second and third men's, women's and children's. Himwich Hosiery Mills, 467 Broadway.

LORRAINE.—3617, 3659 black. Madison Square 6590.

NECKWEAR.—Men's, odd lots, 50c and $1, to close. Gunport, 708 Broadway.

OVERALLS.—A lot on hand and would sell at a sacrifice to right buyer. Tel. 3855 Canal.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black, all wool and cotton warp, in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2718.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

PERCALES.—Treymore pink, blue, lavender, 14½c. Subin, 137 West 27th. Chelsea 7098.

PIQUE AND BEACH CLOTH.—200 pieces of 27-inch white pique and 500 pieces of 38-inch Killarney beach cloth. Merricot Fabric Co., 319 Church St. Canal 920.

POIRET TWILL.—Garfield 4976, black. Madison Square 6590.

POIRET TWILLS.—Serges, 235, 838, 1464, 9, 11433. Andon Mills, 239 4th Av.

POPLINS.—Andrews 6009, high shades, also navy 774, 639, Gera 503, 8158, Panama 7802, Amoskeag, also gabardines. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS and Panamas.—P. P. L., 774, 767, 777, B. P. N. L., H. W. P., 228, 230; also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

POPLINS.—Cheap, American 6609½, Dobson's 503, Brightwood 4018, Scotia 0302. Gramercy 4405.

POPLINS.—American 6709½, navy $1.17½; 767, $1.87½; Stevens serge, 3850. Gramercy 845.

POPLINS.—774, or exchange for 9, 99 Botany velour, broadcloth. Greeley 1156.

POPLIN.—Folwell's 42-inch. Telephone 3962 Vanderbilt.

SATEENS.—Black, Hydegrade, 31,000 yards Innovation chambrays, 29-inch, stripes, checks; very reasonable. X 242 Times Annex.

SATEENS.—Plain and fancy, wonderful assortment; great sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 8822.

SECO SILK.—200 pieces, white and colors; will close out all or part at 23½c. Silverman, 110 West 27th. Farragut 4498.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk, low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES and Poplins.—Also high shades of black, 0936, 09070, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, 7120, 8158, Botany 809, 1464, 7008, W. F. X., M. F. L., 528, Broadhead 500, 8000, 8700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, P. P. L., B. P. N. L., American poplins 90610, 06077. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2718.

SERGES.—7713 Cleveland worsted navy, 602 silvertone, Holden Leonard's; 6378 Franz Merz velours, 303 Whitman black, Poiret twills, black and brown; Style 848 Forstmann & Huffmann black cloth; closing out cheap; also fixtures for sale. Superior Woolen Co., 257 4th Av.

SERGES.—0578, 9058, 3850, 4061, 54289, W. F. X., F. S. G., C. S., C. S. G., S. B. G., L., T. P. S., 1717, K. S., 1209; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 E. 22d.

SERGES.—838, 235, 104, 113, 528, 519, 11433, 7120, 54289, 9, 1209, VSL, 94, 809, 6120, WFX 1219, 774, 4800, 777, 227, Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989.

SERGES, Poplins, Broadcloths, and Velours—519 W. F. X., 4632, 3703, Newports, 11433, Cleveland 9288, M. F. L. 4860, 1080. Madison Square 651.

SERGES.—Navy, black, and high shades, 1464, 519, 809, 7614, 3703, Walworths. Hyman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—Whitman's 09, navy, No. 9, copen, green, brown; Stevens, 3850 navy; quantities to close out. Phone Gramercy 3445.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7302, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6009, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—American, 10-ounce, navy, cheap, good for women's wear or boy's clothing. Chelsea 4976.

SERGE.—7120, original tickets, navy, 10 pieces; $1.46½ net cash. Greeley 3385.

SERGES.—6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.55; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.17½. Gramercy 1482.

Offerings to Buyers
Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES.—54289, 10, 838, 235, 7120, 11433, 104, 113, 94, 1209. M. Weinstein Co., Madison Square 2639.

SERGES.—All brands, all numbers, below market price. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1387.

SERGES.—All kinds, biggest assortment; great sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 3822.

SERGES.—Garfield's 519, Andrew's 1464, American 09709, Dunmore 0351, 0360, Orchard 8744.

SERGES.—Best cash offer takes 110 pieces navy Whitman 99, 104, 106. I. I., Box 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SERGES.—S. G. B. L., 0609, 0036, Gera 787, Dunmore 0422, 2205, 235. Stuyvesant 7843.

SERGE.—09070, 10 pieces navy; best cash offer accepted. Chelsea 4876.

SERGES.—Navy 7133, 7122, Broadhead 9209; also tan Newport 11433. Gramercy 4404.

SERGE.—104 Whitman's, $1.75; 09070 American at $2.20. Igstaedter, Stuyvesant 5284.

SERGES.—1464, 4032, 99, 11433, 0609, 54274, 0240, 642, 3665, on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES.—Whitman's 94, 10 pieces navy. Ettenson Zalud, 11 W. 32d.

SERGES.—Gilbert's 8200, 809, 519, 6234, 528, very cheap. Madison Square 8598.

SERGE.—25 pieces U. S. 820, $2.25 net, cash. Gramercy 1604.

SERGE.—Whitman's 37, navy, close out at a price. Spring 1605.

SCARFS, MUFFS.—Red, black fox, raccoon, opossum; 40 pieces; $200. 2,289 Broadway.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch width. X 304 Times Annex.

SHIRTS.—Chambray, sateen, khaki, flannels, being sacrificed by jobber, who is retiring. K 676 Times Downtown.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILK.—Georgette, pure silk, popular priced, gray or finished; manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribbon Co. Madison Square 1034.

SILKS.—Plaid in surah and taffeta. Telephone Vanderbilt 3962.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—2,000 to close out; cloths and silks. Albert Skirt, 142 West 26th.

SUITS.—Winter suits, close out; 50c on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

TAFFETA.—Black, navy and changeables, about $1 per yard; good value. Eagle Skirt, 44 West 28th.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TAFFETA.—All colors, below market price. Greeley 6755. Mr. Furman.

TRICOTINE.—Garfield's 4718, rookie, tan, Copenhagen, black; also Arthur Joel navy, black. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES.—Reade 5800, black and navy; also black, tan, reindeer, pekin velours. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINES.—Lorraine 3663 and Bahnsen 50305; also velours. Madison Square 8434.

TRICOTINE.—Walther's 1917, navy only, $3.75 net cash. Murray Hill 6907.

TRICOTINES.—Black, navy, tan, rookie, gray, pekin, $3.20. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINE.—F. & H., navy and colors, $4.50. Einhorn, 112 Madison Av.

TRICOTINES.—Navy blue. Call up Mad. Sq. 8466.

VELOURS, checks, Oxfords, 0936, 11433; cheap. Greeley 6942.

VELOUR.—Quaker gray, at a price; also Stevens velour. Madison Square 9087.

VELOURS.—Stevens's high shades, Fisher Kennedy tweed. Chelsea 6048.

VENETIANS AND TWILLS.—Dura-luxe, Monarch, all colors; quantity 32-inch; black twill; very cheap. Greeley 4376.

WAISTS.—Thousands of dozens, all kinds; 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

WOOL YARN.—Have 800 lbs. of three-ply wool knitting yarn; will sell cheap. The Golden Rule, 1,261 Broadway.

YAHANA, shades, 284, 289, 750, 579, 771. Madison Square 6590.

YARN.—Cotton yarn warp twist skeins, 10,000 pounds weekly, 10s to 20s single; wool spun cotton yarns, coarse numbers, cones, for export. Becker, Amsterdam, N. Y.

YARNS.—Woolen, merino, and cotton sweater yarns, all colors, sizes and quality, to order. Write us, Becker, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Offerings to Buyers
Ten cents per word each insertion.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted on girls' fine silk dresses; work cut and not cut; we furnish patterns. Write for appointment, K 4 Times.

Allied Industries.

CHEVRONS.—Gold and silver French braid; also campaign bars, division insignias, citation cords, embroidered stars. L Klein & Co., 104 5th Av. Farragut 5768.

CHEVRONS.—Look, we beat them all; red and blue felt chevrons, $3.25 per gross, in quantities; immediate delivery. Nat Bloom, 193 6th Av. Farragut 9846.

CHEVRONS.—Of all kinds, gold and silver braid; also first-class puttees at $12 per dozen. Military Head Gear Co., 55 West 3d. Spring 9678.

CHEVRONS.—Gold and silver, for immediate delivery; red and blue $3.25 a gross. Belle Novelty Co., 820 Utica Av. Telephone 2758 Bedford.

CHEVRONS.—Red and blue felt, $3.25 a gross, immediate delivery. Clinton Novelty Co., 21 East 14th. Telephone 2158 Stuyvesant.

COAT RACKS Wanted, movable iron. Farragut 2496.

COMPLETE PLANT 20 Singer chain-stitch machines; sell all or part; sacrifice. Mode, 35 East 20th. Gramercy 2894.

ENTIRE PLANT, about ten machines, wanted; suitable for muslin underwear; will take over lease or part loft. A. Schlesinger, 623 Broadway.

RAZORS.—500 dozen razors; made by Geneva Cutlery Co.; for immediate delivery. Address K 710 Times Downtown.

SERVICE BARS.—Overseas campaign service bars; also ribbon and bars separate, for immediate delivery; also overseas caps, leggins, and chevrons. Pudlin & Perry, 125 Prince St.

STOCK SHELVES, suitable for piece goods to close out cheap. Becker Textile Co., 27 East 22d.

Help Wanted.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, take complete charge of office and correspondence; good opportunity. Charles Kibel, 28 West 38th.

GIRLS, intelligent, assist in wholesale millinery showroom. Randa Hat Co., 28 West 38th.

MILLINERY.—Girl, attractive, to try on hats. Kanrich Bros., 601 Broadway.

MODELS, experienced, stylish, size 16, to try on coats; long season. Moyses & Dreyfus, 1 East 33d.

SALESLADY for linen house to call on high-class private families for selling imported household linens and laces; salary and commission. A 103 Times.

SALESMAN for high class children's and intermediate dresses; one who is a hustler and understands office trade and to be general man; open all territories; commission paid of all net sales. For interview call from 10 to 12 A. M. only. Mme. Burada, 35 West 36th, 8th floor.

SALESMAN wanted by manufacturer specializing capes and suits, better grade merchandise, popular prices; employ no road salesmen; all territories open; opportunity; commission basis. R. H., 119 Times.

SALESMEN wanted for cloaks and suits, only those that have good following need apply; special inducements to right party; salary or commission. Waldman, 1,161 Broadway.

SALESWOMAN calling on department stores city, vicinity, line of infants' wear, aprons; state experience; commission basis. S 68 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, wanted by large Japanese exporting concern; neat young lady of good education; steady position to right party. Call Room 1903, 220 Broadway.

STOCK BOY with wholesale silk firm; good opportunity to learn the business for clean American boy; state age, education, and references. A 750 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted.

Silk underwear manufacturers.—Salesman with capital and commanding a large trade wants to connect with party thoroughly experienced in this line; to act as designer and capable of managing factory; replies must state details in full; past experience; strictly confidential. Box K. B., 605 Times Downtown.

EXPORTERS.—Spanish-speaking American manufacturer and salesman going into Mexico in own interest will make confidential report on condition affecting non-competitive lines or undertake to introduce same. Phone Audubon 8446, ask for Mexico Matthews.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS
Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—M. Lurie & Co.; L. Gamsu, jobs coats, serge, silk dresses; 37 W. 26th.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.; Miss M. Butz, jewelry; 41 Union Square.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Keely Co.; H. T. Kraft, carpets, 1,170 B'way.
ATLANTA—J. P. Allen & Co.; J. P. Allen, ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Davison, Paxon, Stokes Co.; J. V. Wellborn, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Co.; R. J. Lee, dress goods, silks, laces, gloves; G. H. Jones, rugs; Miss McLaughlin, art goods; Miss E. B. White, hdkfs., ribbons; 1,140 B'way; Collingwood.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quellmalz, cotton piece goods; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 354 4th Av.
BEAUMONT, Texas—J. J. Nathan & Co.; Mr. Fromer, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—J. Pulitzer, men's, women's ready-to-wear; Breslin.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Saks Co.; J. K. Saks, furn. goods; 220 5th Av.
BOISE, Idaho—C. C. Anderson & Co.; C. C. Anderson, dry goods; W. M. Morris, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d; Great Northern.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Sinclair, Rooney & Co.; J. S. Duncan, trimmed hats; 621 B'way.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—C. Denecke; J. Kenyon, dress goods, silks; 1,270 B'way; Latham.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Welch-Cook Co.; A. L. Embree, dry goods; F. A. Beals, notions, fancy goods, laces; 43 Leonard.
CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; F. L. Miller, coats, suits, waists; 684 B'way.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; D. S. Betts, ribbons; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—D. B. Fisk & Co.; W. M. Jackson, mfrs. dept.; 29 W. 36th.
CHICAGO—Marshall, Field & Co.; Miss A. Garrity, Miss M. Ryan, women's cloaks; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott; Miss A. E. Hayes, underwear, shawls, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss E. Cozad, muslin underwear, sweaters, house dresses, kimonos; 470 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. Wilson, millinery; H. F. Streich, linings, trimmings; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; E. T. Fogarty, white goods; J. F. Gambell, woolens, flannels; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO.—Marshall Field & Co.; J. E. Doty, muslin underwear; R. E. Doonan, silk, muslin underwear; 1,107 B'way.
CINCINNATI, Ohio.—Alms & Doepke Co.; Miss Doner, art embroideries; C. A. Klein, hosiery, knit underwear, men's furn. goods; 350 B'way.
CLARKSBURG, Tenn.—Thorne & Co.; J. P. Thorne, dry goods; Collingwood.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; S. L. Hahn, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss Cohen, jobs Spring dresses; Miss Vincent, jobs georgette waists; 470 4th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—M. J. Federman, ladies' hats, millinery, triummings; 37 W. 26th.
COLUMBUS, Ga.—David Rothschild & Co.; D. Rothschild, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
DALLAS—Neiman, Marcus Co.; Mr. Baum, fancy goods; 1,140 B'way.
DALLAS—Goldsmith D. G. Co.; Mrs. Mildrick, dresses; 1,133 B'way.
DALLAS, Texas.—Lorch Mfg. Co.; L. Lorch, silk dresses, georgette waists; 1,150 B'way.
DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. Co.; C. A. Gills, piece goods, notions, women's neckwear; 1,133 B'way.
DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs D. G. Co.; T. J. L. Wesy, coats, suits, waists; Miss Bailey, coats, suits; 1,133 B'way; York.
DENVER—Neustetter Co.; M. D. Neustetter, coats, suits; 364 5th Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; R. B. Tannahill, men's clothing; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner Co.; N. W. Jeran, mdse. mgr.; Miss O. Kircher, leather goods, jewelry, silverware; Miss M. Murphy, laces, embroideries; 116 W. 32d.
EASTON, Penn.—Ross Millinery Co.; G. Gross, flowers, feathers; 621 B'way.
EL PASO, Texas—Popular D. G. Co.; I. Welss, general mdse.; 1,170 B'way.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—A. P. Lahr & Son; A. P. Lahr, general mdse; 220 5th Av.; Grand.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—E. S. Brown Co.; A. F. O'Malley, jobs, women's coats, suits, dresses, skirts, waists, children's wear; McAlpin.
FINDLAY, Ohio—C. D. Levy, millinery; 37 W. 26th.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Berry, Beall D. G. Co.; A. Y. Berry, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Boston Store; H. Kaufman, coats, suits, infants' wear; 116 West 32d; Imperial.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Wolf & Pollock Dry Goods Co.; H. O. Wolf, dry goods, millinery; Imperial.
FORT WORTH, Texas—Moning Dry Goods Co.; W. R. Phenix, laces; H. Hendricks, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway; Somerset.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, Winter coats, Spring dresses; 37 W. 26th.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; C. Cleasby, working furn. goods, 404 4th Av; Brozton.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss Sellers, laces, trimmings; Miss Ralston, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss R. Wagoner, misses' ready-to-wear; Miss M. E. Sadler, coats, suits; Miss A. Simon, ladies' dresses; 116 W. 32d.
INDIANAPOLIS—Effroymson & Wolf; M. Effroymson, men's clothing; 116 West 32d.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Hibben, Hollweg & Co.; Mr. Cummins, hosiery, gloves; O. W. Lyon, underwear, sweaters; H. S. Pollock, dress goods; W. J. Hansdell, ready-to-wear; 320 B'way.
KANSAS CITY.—Fitts, Smith D. G. Co.; L. B. McJimsey, silks, dress goods; 43 Leonard; Park Av.
KANSAS CITY—Paris Fashion Store; M. Grossbaum, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery, Bird, Thayer D. G. Co.; G. A. King, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 25 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Burnham, Munger, Root D. G. Co.; W. P. Munger, dress goods, silks; C. M. Wallbridge, flannels, blankets, jobs; Mr. Root, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
KEOKUK, Iowa—Irwin Phillips Co.; E. E. Coombs, furnishing goods, hosiery; 72 Leonard.
KEOKUK, Iowa—Irwin-Phillips Co.; J. H. McAndrew, domestics, flannels, blankets, dress goods, silks, linens; 72 Leonard.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—D. Briscoe Co.; J. E. Briscoe, dry goods; 72 Leonard.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—S. H. George & Sons; S. M. George, men's furn. goods; 1,133 B'way.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—M. M. Cohn Co.; Mr. Winters, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gus Blass Co.; A. E. Sparling, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way; Cumberland.
LOS ANGELES—Faris, Walker Co.; S. S. Caskey, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
LOS ANGELES—N. B. Blackstone Co.; Mrs. Netzel, millinery; Mrs. Treseh, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; W. F. Rippe, millinery; F. Hare, waists, sweaters; Mrs. B. Samuel, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; E. J. Crowley, men's, boys' furn. goods; W. Taylor, general mdse., basement; 225 5th Av.; Cumberland.
LOS ANGELES—"Bullock's;" F. P. Bacon, silks, dress goods; G. A. Skinner, laces, neckwear, ribbons; Mrs. B. Scott, millinery; Mrs. D. Sadler, millinery, basement; J. A. Rameson, men's furn. goods, boys' clothing; 95 Madison Av.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—S. Shapinsky & Co.; A. Shapinsky, furn. goods; Latham.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. Brown Bros.; E. Stern, clothing; 23 E. 26th; Broztel.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Durand-Perry Co.; Mrs. A. L. Hutchison, millinery; Latham.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—H. P. Selman & Co.; S. Epstein, coats, suits; H. P. Selman, costumes, wraps; 1,251 B'way.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—Charles M. Guggenheimer; Mrs. R. M. McGhee, Miss M. Morris, millinery; 1,150 B'way; Wallick.
MACON, Ga.—Burden, Smith & Co.; J. T. Beal, dress goods, silks, laces; 1,133 B'way.
MANCHESTER, N. H.—Fey Mfg. Co.; A. Fey, coats, capes; Breslin.
MARSHALL, Texas—J. Weissman & Co.; J. C. Jarrard, dry goods; J. Hirsch, dry goods; 1,150 B'way; Aberdeen.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Bry Block Mercantile Co.; I. H. Well, coats, suits; 1,150 B'way.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Goldsmith & Sons Co.; A. Wolff, dress goods, silks; 1,150 B'way.
MERIDIAN, Miss.—Marks-Rothenberg Co.; L. Rothenberg, dress goods, silks; 43 Leonard.
MILWAUKEE—Northwestern Cap Mfg. Co.; S. A. Mayer, caps; Latham.
MINNEAPOLIS—Wyman, Partridge & Co.; J. H. Hartig, men's wear; 43 Leonard.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. Nachman, ready-to-wear, millinery; Collingwood.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Nachman & Meertief; Mrs. E. E. Pollen, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Nachman & Weertief; J. R. Nachman, waists, ready-to-wear; M. R. Nachman, silks, white goods; 1,150 B'way.
MUSKOGEE, Okla.—Graham, Sykes & Co.; E. E. Grant, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
NEW ORLEANS—Marks Isaacs Co.; B. Isaacs, millinery; F. Porter, notions; 1,150 B'way.
NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; Miss L. Magreevy, gloves, knit underwear; 19 East 26th.
OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell Co.; J. O'Donnell, basement dept.; 116 W. 32d.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Kahn Bros.; F. S. Betton, millinery, neckwear; 116 W. 32d.
OGDENSBURG, N. Y.—N. Frank & Sons; J. Frank, rugs; Sherman Square.
OMAHA, Neb.—M. E. Smith Co.; T. J. McShane, notions; 200 5th Av.
OMAHA, Neb.—Byrne & Hammer D. G. Co.; W. E. Maloney, coats, sweaters, muslin underwear; 43 Leonard.
PADUCAH, Ky.—Wm. Rieke & Co.; J. O. Rieke, men's furnishing goods, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.; Breslin.
PADUCAH, Ky.—C. H. Rieke & Sons; L. M. Rieke, hosiery, gloves, notions, furnishing goods; 60 Worth; Breslin.
PARIS, Texas—Crook, Record & Co.; J. D. Crooks, general mdse.; 395 B'way; Park Av.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Gross & Co.; M. Gross, women's suitings; Breslin.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Stores; Miss M. Giblan, waists; 1,261 B'way.
PORTSMOUTH, Va.—Toggery Shop; L. M. Isaacs, men's wear; B'way Central.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; W. H. Hatch, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.
RICHMOND, Va.—Welsberger Co.; S. Welsberger, Spring dresses; 37 W. 26th.
RICHMOND, Va.—Bloomberg Millinery Co.; H. L. Bloomberg, millinery; 579 B'way; Collingwood.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—E. W. Edwards & Son; Miss M. Reynolds, art goods; Breslin.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy, Powers Co.; L. W. Lemon, muslin, silk underwear; 470 4th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—The Boston Store; J. Findling, dresses; R. 1910, 15 East 26th.
SALT LAKE, Utah—Paris Millinery Co.; L. Simon, Miss A. Smith, millinery; 141 5th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah.; Walker Bros. D. G. Co.; Mrs. J. J. McCann, coats, suits, waists; 141 Madison Av.; Imperial.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Wolf & Marx Co.; A. Proll, coats, suits, underwear, corsets; 141 Madison Av.; Hargrave.
SAN FRANCISCO—Marks Bros.; I. C. Levi, waists, sweaters; 116 W. 32d.
SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; J. V. Costello, cloaks, suits, petticoats, waists; 114 5th Av.
SEATTLE, Wash.—MacDougal & Southwick Co.; W. P. Gerber, coats, suits, waists; 23 East 26th.
SHAWNEE, Okla.—Mammoth Dept. Store; E. Dahlinger, C. C. Ehrlich, dry goods; 1,170 B'way; Holland House.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Hicks, Fuller, Pierson Co.; Miss Lind, ready-to-wear; 329 B'way.
SPARTANBURG, S. C.—A. W. Smith Co.; H. F. McGee, J. F. Floyd, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Spokane D. G. Co.; E. R. Seagle, cotton piece goods; 440 4th Av.
SPOKANE, Wash.—The Crescent; C. T. Gillette, notions, leather goods; 440 4th Av.; Somerset.
ST. LOUIS—Kline's; Miss L. Julius, suits; 404 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; W. B. Roney, shirts; 395 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; E. S. Strauss, millinery; 116 West 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; M. Wolf, laces, embroideries, h'dk'fs; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Ollan Waist & Dress Co.; J. Sapin, georgette waists; Room 1116; 220 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—L. Herzog & Bro. D. G. Co.; C. M. Steiman, Fall underwear, sweater coats; 874 B'way.
ST. LOUIS.—Carleton D. G. Co.; J. W. Stahlberg, laces, neckwear, handkerchiefs, ribbons; G. W. Adams, prints, ginghams; 329 B'way.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; M. Pfaff, mfg. dept.; 350 B'way.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—E. W. Edwards & Son; Miss M. Reid, fancy goods; Breslin.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Root Dry Goods Co.; H. D. Matthews, millinery, neckwear, handkerchiefs; 23 East 26th; Collingwood.
TORRINGTON, Conn.—Workman, Rawlinson Co.; L. W. Mcalla, furniture, rugs, draperies; Wallick's.
TRENTON, N. J.—Ross Millinery Co.; H. Gross, millinery; 621 B'way.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Young Ladies' Shop; M. Greenberg, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Kraft Mfg. Co.; L. Kraft, petticoats; 1,133 Broadway.
WICHITA, Kan.—Hauser-Garrison D. G. Co.; W. H. Klepper, ready-to-wear; B. C. Hege, notions, hosiery; 329 B'way.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—S. Hirsch & Sons; J. Hirsch, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.
WINSTON SALEM, N. C.—Morler-Dalton-Gilmer Co.; J. L. Gilmer, general mdse.; R. L. Means, dry goods; Aberdeen.
YORK, Penn.—P. Wiest's Sons; L. S. Hydeman, mdse. manager; 277 5th Av.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio.—Strouss, Hirshberg Co.; H. Goldstein, bargain basement; 141 Madison Av.; Park Av.

Class
ASK TO SEE STYLE NO. 532
DRESSES
Elegantly Embroidered
TRICOTINE DRESSES
$22.50
Immediate Delivery
The exceptional large business booked on our wonderful Spring Creations warrants your inspection.
H. B. Levine Co. Inc.
12 E. 33rd Street New York

ANNOUNCEMENT
ANNUAL JANUARY SALE
Jan. 20th to 24th, Inclusive.
Radical price reductions afford exceptional buying opportunities in
Notions, Ribbons, Knit Goods, Muslin Underwear, Jewelry, Shell Goods, Boys' Apparel, Children's Headwear, Leather Goods, Gloves, Neckwear, Drug Sundries
BERG BROTHERS
478-80-82 Broadway, N. Y. C.
Wholesale Only.

CHAS. SALOMON & CO.
dresses for every occasion
NOW AT 20 WEST 33rd STREET
near Fifth Ave. NEW YORK
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Samples arrived from Scotland
Jobbers are invited to visit our Salesrooms
MORGAN KNITTING MILLS, INC.
Headquarters for Sweaters
Clever Designed, Snappy Merchandise
1133 Broadway (at 26th St.) New York
In the new wholesale district

ALPHRA WAIST CO.
Crepe de Chine—Georgene
WAISTS at $2.25
BERTEX WAIST CO.
Georgette Waists at $3.50
STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND
NOW IN OUR NEW HOME
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MERCHANDISE EXECUTIVE

Who has had experience that will enable him to manage the merchandising of one of the largest Department Stores in this country is offered an opportunity of a lifetime.

My client's business has been steadily increasing for the past seven years. There are probably only a very few men in this country who could successfully fill this position; and my client wants one of them.

Write me of your qualifications and if you "measure up," I will arrange for an interview with my principals.

Your communication will be held in the strictest confidence. Address all communications B 232 Times.

Reference: Mr. W. McMaster Mills, Central Union Trust Company, 5th Ave. & 60th St.

COATS
Silvertones Raccoon Shawl Collars
Velours Raccoon Shawl Collars All Lined.
AT SACRIFICE PRICES
American Wool Velours $5.75 All Colors and Sizes
IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES
Tuxedo Cloak Co., Inc.
11 WEST 32ND ST.

BIG BARGAINS IN SPRING
COATS-SUITS-CAPES
Prompt Deliveries—Special Prices.
EHRLICH BROS.
28 E. 10th St. Stuyvesant 5562.

Puritan Underwear Manufacturing Co.,
352 Fourth Avenue, New York.

DRESSES
2,000 serge dresses, to close out at a price. New Spring models.
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Ideal Manufacturing Floor Space
In the Centre of Springfield, Mass.
70,000 sq. ft. on 2 floors. All or part is now available. Passenger and freight elevator-sprinkler system.
Plenty of high grade help available.
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NOW ON VIEW.
IN SILO'S Fifth Ave. Art Galleries
546 Fifth Av., Cor. 45th St., and 1 West 45th St.
James P. Silo & Son, Auctioneers.
A NOTABLE SALE
ON THE AFTERNOONS OF
Tomorrow (Tuesday), Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
Commencing at 2 o'Clock Each Day.
BY ORDER OF
THE COLUMBIA TRUST CO.
(Trust Dept.) For Account of
MRS. MERRITT LUND,
The Entire Contents Removed from the Mansion at Glenhead, L. I.
Together with the
MAGNIFICENT ANTIQUE HOUSEHOLD APPOINTMENTS
Removed from Lenox, Mass.
Consisting, in part, of
Flemish and Brussels Tapestries and Needlework
Old Colonial Mahoganies, 16th, 17th and 18th Century Period Furnishings of English, French, Italian and Spanish Origin; Antique Lustres and Glassware; Old Copper and Brasses; Paintings and Primitives; also many pieces of Modern Furniture, Fine Oriental Rugs and Carpets, Brussels and other Domestic Carpets and a number of Fine Old English Sporting Prints.

NITROGEN — TUNGSTEN
30% SAVING ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS
Compare These Prices

MAZDA STYLE TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
10, 15, 25, 40, 50	.35	.25
60	.40	.28
100	.85	.60

MAZDA STYLE NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
75	.70	.49
100	1.10	.77
150	1.65	1.15
200	2.20	1.54

We guarantee all our lamps.
SPECIAL Majestic Electric Copper Heaters. $8.50
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EXPORT LINES WANTED.
OUR PRESIDENT, MR. MILTON H. KOHN, WHO HAS BEEN TRAVELING SOUTH AMERICA FOR 26 YEARS, IS NOW GETTING READY FOR ANOTHER 10 MONTHS' TRIP, LEAVING NEW YORK ABOUT MARCH 1 NEXT. HE IS STILL OPEN FOR A FEW LINES TO SELL ON A STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS. DO NOT REPLY UNLESS YOU HAVE A DESIRABLE AND STAPLE LINE AND CAN HANDLE A BIG VOLUME OF EXPORT BUSINESS. WE REPRESENT OVER 8 LARGE NEW YORK HOUSES. THIS IS A GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR YOU TO START IN THE EXPORT TRADE PROPERLY. ADDRESS KOHN STARK EXPORT CO., 90 WEST ST., NEW YORK.

ON EXHIBITION WITH DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES
Today, Monday, Jan. 20th, 1919,
special peremptory sale of the entire stock of
SHONINGER BROS.
In Liquidation
Inventoried at over $250,000.00
Tomor'w, Tuesday, Jan. 21st,
and
Wednesday, Jan. 22d, 1919,
at 10:30 A. M. each day on the premises,
881 Broadway (at 19th St.) N. Y. C.
This offering will comprise in part complete lines of Valenciennes Venice, Net top, Calais, Nottingham, St. Gall, and domestic laces; also a large asst. of Paris and Lyons Novelty, metal and beaded laces; also a large quantity of chiffons, georgettes, nets, white goods, etc., etc., all in original packages.
Also quantity of merchandise in bond.
The reputation of this firm for carrying high-class goods has been supreme for years, and the quantities of merchandise included in this offering are of such magnitude and variety that every up-to-date concern in the United States should be represented at this sale.
The Entire Fixtures
(all cabinet work), consisting of over 200 hardwood tables, partitions, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, about a dozen Oriental and domestic rugs, and contents of the shipping department, will be sold on Wednesday, Jan. 22nd, P. M.
A. SCHAAP AND SONS AUCTION DEPT.
384 Broadway, N. Y. C.
Phone Franklin 42-43.

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of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
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SAMUEL MARX,
Office and Salesrooms, 115-117 W. 21st St.
Tel. Farragut 8660-8662.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures.
Van Praag & Co., 457 Broadway. Spring 3640.

NO FEDERAL BAR TO BUILDING LOANS

Department of Labor Urges Early Activity of All Construction Work.

DEALERS ABSORB ADVANCES

Query in All Material Sectors Shows Quick Transition in Builders' Favor.

Restraint heretofore felt by mortgage interests and lending institutions in the matter of freely making loans on building operations has been officially removed.

Simultaneous with a formal declaration from Felix Frankfurter, assistant to William B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor, to the effect that the Federal Reserve Board and all affiliated Government authorities are now bending every effort to encourage building construction, including the flotation of loans on private and public construction projects, reports were made accessible last week from the leading building trade associations of the eastern section of the country regarding the steps that have been taken or are to be taken to clarify the misunderstandings that have heretofore prevailed with respect to giving full freedom to building enterprises.

Secretary Glass of the Treasury Department strangled at once the general idea that the banks, trust companies, savings institutions, and lending interests of various sorts would be the primary source of flotation of the next Liberty loan, by stating that the public will be just as ready patriotically to absorb that loan as it was to subscribe to others.

This was the first factor that put the lending inerests at ease. Supplementing this statement was one from the Assistant Secretary of the Department of Labor, which said:

As far as the Department of Labor is concerned, we are making every effort to stimulate the development of necessary public works by the States and cities during 1919. We shall shortly know the programs of 500 cities. We can already estimate that the amount of public work will be valued well above the normal amount of $600,000,000 per annum, and we have every confidence that both public and private work will go forward in large volume.

"Furthermore, it is the definite policy of the Government, as announced in the President's message and as followed by all departments, to set in motion all the necessary public work in order to supply some substitute for the large Government orders which have been canceled.

"On behalf of the Secretary of Labor, I hope you will bring home to the building trade his desire to assist it in any way in his power, and that the industry will feel able to do its part in providing employment for large numbers of returning soldiers and former war workers in 1919."

As an evidence of the disposition of the building interests of the country to do their part, the building material distributers of New York on Saturday voluntarily cut the price of Portland cement 20 cents a barrel, delivered on the job, although no cut whatever was made in wholesale quotations. The hydrated lime manufacturers advanced the price of their commodity a dollar a ton, but, in line with the general determination to keep the building material market stable, no change has been made, nor is likely to be made, in the delivered price of this commodity.

Common brick interests, with an improved demand and practically no stocks on dealers' hands, have resolutely determined to keep the wholesale price at the present $15 level, despite pressure from some quarters toward the week-end to advance prices to higher levels. The largest producers of Pennsylvania roofing slate have adopted a new stabilizing price basis, and distributers have made their new lists to conform to this new schedule.

Even in lumber there is a distinct tendency to give equilibrium to the consumer. On a quick survey of 179 lumber mills reporting to the Southern Pine Association and made available Saturday to the Dow Service, it was revealed that stabilization may be expected in that line, even at the cost of decided shrinkage of profits. Exclusive of interest and stumpage the average cost of handling lumber from forest to car was $10.94 a thousand feet in April last year, as against a cost of $23.96 in October last. Today $30 buys $20 lumber, but until the cost of labor for handling at the mill is made lower than $10 per thousand feet; until the lighterage charge of $2 to $3 is removed by restoring the free lighterage system prevailing in this harbor before the war; until the high freight rates of $3 to $7 a thousand feet is reduced by supplementing war time rates for peace time tariffs, and until the cost of handling at retail yards is returned to the prewar levels instead of the $12 to $15 per thousand feet costs now prevailing, any reduction in price to the consumer must come out of the profits of the dealer, who, in order to co-operate in the general price conciliation that is being made in every department so as to get construction work started, is now operating at cost, and, in some cases, below it.

Official word came to building material and financial interests from Washington last week that the quantities of available building materials on hand, due to cancellation of war construction contracts, are not to be distributed so as to upset market conditions, and that instead of being thrown broadcast upon the building market, as many had hoped, thereby to obtain building material cheap, they are being rapidly absorbed into other Federal departments for Government construction work.

In addition, the statement was made that the amount of these stocks, with the exception of lumber, is very small. Thus was removed one of the most important factors in holding back construction, the hope that tremendous quantities of building materials were soon to be dumped upon the market below market prices.

Other building material stabilizing movements last week, according to the Dow Service Daily Building Reports, were a recasting of concrete bar prices so that specifications for any favorable quantity could be closed at $2.70 to $2.75. One of the great plumbing supply houses showed lower prices on certain catalogues, bringing quotations in line with those of other manufacturers. Hot air registers dropped 25 per cent.; tarred felt showed a 50-cent per hundredweight concession; Portland cement delivered at job, Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, or Queens was cut by dealers from $4 a barrel to $3.80; electrical porcelains face another drop of from 5 to 10 per cent., and desirable rubber-covered wire is now obtainable at lower levels. Changes have been made in pipe discounts in favor of the consumer.

The delivered price system of quotation recently adopted in New York was established for Newark and vicinity, thereby facilitating estimating by the layman on his prospective building operations.

The Portland cement industry shows the first reflection of this unprecedented turnabout in construction economics, which has been as unexpected to the trade as it is to the consumer. In the midst of Winter, the fifteen-day shipment out of the Lehigh Valley districts, shows only a 4 per cent. difference under that of the same period last year, with some companies showing a very great individual gain in actual sales, amounting in some cases to almost double the business taken during war time a year ago, thus indicating with the decided improvement in common brick inquiry that a change for the better is under way.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Eastern District of New York.—In the Matter of UNITED AUTO DEALERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.
Take notice that a special meeting of the creditors of the above-named bankrupt will be held on the 29th day of January, 1919, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at Room 405, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, for the purpose of considering, passing upon and instructing the trustee in regard to the offer of one A. S. Hampell to purchase for the sum of Ten ($10) Dollars all of the right, title and interest of this estate and the trustee thereof in and to the trademark of the word "MARVEL," as is more fully set forth in the petition on file in the office of the Referee.
Dated, Brooklyn, N. Y., January 16th, 1919.
ROBERT F. TILNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy, 215 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
[illegible] A. LEWIS, Attorney for Trustee, [illegible] Court Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. [illegible].—In Bankruptcy.—JESSE R. BOWMAN, doing business as J. R. BOWMAN, Bankrupt.
Jesse R. Bowman, doing business as J. R. Bowman, was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 23d, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on January 30th, 1919, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. [illegible].—In Bankruptcy.—TINA TEPLITZ.
[illegible] Teplitz doing business as Noxal Shoe [illegible] was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 28th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on January [illegible], 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MAGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26345. In Bankruptcy.—DAVID STOLL, Bankrupt.
David Stoll, trading as NEW STANDARD DRESS CO., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 23rd, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on January [illegible], 1919, at 10:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MAGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,510. In Bankruptcy.—FRENCH CORSET COMPANY, Bankrupt.
French Corset Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 11th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on January 30th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,512. In Bankruptcy.—MOSES CALIFF, Bankrupt.
Moses Califf was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January [illegible], 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on January 30th, 1919, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,526. In Bankruptcy.—DAISY T. GERSTLE.
[illegible] was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January [illegible], 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on January 30th, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,519. In Bankruptcy.—ANTONIO MENDEZ, Bankrupt.
[illegible] was duly adjudicated bankrupt on [illegible], 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on January 30th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26508. In Bankruptcy.—JACOB MEODOW, Bankrupt.
Jacob Meodow was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 11th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on January 30th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MAGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. [illegible].—In Bankruptcy.—SAMUEL MANTNER, Bankrupt.
Samuel Mantner was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 14th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on January 30th, 1919, at 11:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MAGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. [illegible].
Notice is given that CLARENCE PAYNE, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why a discharge should not be granted.
HAROLD P. COFFIN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 26,459.—In the Matter of STRAIGHT EDGE BAKING COMPANY, Bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York the undersigned, Arthur Y. Dalziel, Receiver in Bankruptcy of Straight Edge Baking Company, offers for sale the property, assets and effects of the said bankrupt.
The property to be sold consists of the following: Office fixtures, baking utensils, machinery, fixtures and equipment, located at Nos. 100, 102 and 104 Lawrence Street, Manhattan, New York City, inventory of which can be seen at the premises, together with the right, title and interest of the bankrupt in and to the good will of the business and in and to the unexpired term of the lease and the option to purchase the said real property, and the right, title and interest of the bankrupt in and to two Duhrkop Patent ovens installed at said premises, which are subject to an alleged lien of $1,151.00 and interest from August 15, 1918, also 1 cake mixing machine and motor, subject to an alleged lien of $44.15, with interest from April 15, 1918, and one Steel revolving oven located at 209 Greenwich Street, Manhattan, New York City.
The above described property may be inspected on the premises from January 15, 1919, to January 20, 1919, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
Sealed bids for the above described property, assets and effects as an entirety or exclusive of the unexpired term of the lease and the option to purchase said premises may be submitted to the Receiver at the office of the Referee herein, Seaman Miller, Esq., 2 Rector Street, Manhattan, New York City, on or before 3 o'clock P. M. on January 29, 1919, at which time and place the bids will be opened by him, and creditors may attend and express themselves in reference thereto. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for at least ten per cent. (10%) of the amount of the bid, and must specify whether the bid is made for the entire assets and effects or is made exclusive of the unexpired term of the lease and the option to purchase said premises.
The Receiver reserves the right to reject any or all bids, in which event the said property will be sold at public auction on the premises by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, on January 23, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated, New York, January 18th, 1919.
ARTHUR Y. DALZIEL,
Receiver, 31 Nassau Street, Manhattan, New York City.
PAUL M. CRANDELL, Attorney for Receiver, 235 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New Jersey.—In the Matter of DAVE DROBIN, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Notice of Sale.
Take notice that the undersigned receiver will sell at public auction, subject to the confirmation of the court, the assets of the bankrupt estate, located at Ridge Road, Lyndhurst, New Jersey, said assets consisting of wash boilers, sleighs, hardware, men's furnishings, toys, and other miscellaneous personal property; sale to be held Friday, January 24th, 1919, at 11 A. M., at the premises aforesaid.
Further terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale.
MARINUS CONTANT, Receiver.
Union Bank Building, Hackensack, N. J.
BILDER & BILDER,
Attorneys for Receiver,
790 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL COHEN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, January 20, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of satins, serges, bindings, fasteners, desks, chairs, trunks, forms, fixtures, &c.
JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
HERMAN G. RABINOWITZ, Attorney for Receiver, 31 Union Square, New York.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, P. O. Bldg.
Motions:
Anter Tob Co<Rosalia.
Mulligan<Carroll.
Safety Co<US L & H. Gas, &c, Co<Manhattan Co.
General calendar:
Canadian C & F Co<Amer Can Co.
Castle<Tug McAllister
Lohman<same.
McGinnias<US.
Bussel<same.
Snare & Triest<St Paul Co.
Finnie<Walker.
Anderson<SS Owen.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy calendar.
Discharges:
Louis Goldman,
Hyman Diamond.
Under objections:
John F Burfiend,
Nathan Sugarman,
Veronica Vastoff.
Adjourned cases:
Jacob Brown,
Jacob Cohen,
Adelaide P Krakauer.
Motions:
Henry Samuels,
Jacob Feder,
Henry Malkin,
B L M Rose Co,
Charles Newmark,
Louis Seiler,
Wallach Shoe Corp.
Nat Cartoon Service Corp,
Sirota & Lieb,
Frank Migdalsky,
Cons B'way, &c, Co,
Max Steinberg,
Henry Malkan,
Samuel Cohen,
Premier Costume Co,
Charles Mandelbaum,
King Shoe Mfg Co,
B Slocum & Co,
Inter Ocean Maritime Nav Co,
Newman Barotz,
Hyman Krotman,
Edelsack Ladies Garment Co,
Premier Costume Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Rolt<Wabash Ry.
US<Royal Dutch West India Mail Co.
Same<Ludstevis-Stokvis Co.
Same<Union Bank of Canada.
Same<3 diamonds in lavallier.
Stumpp & Walter Co<NY Steam Co.
Miles<Boody.
Woodbury<same.
Van Vliet<same.
Gallagher<Erie RR.
Rist<Boody.
Maecks<same.
Blumenstock<D. L & W RR.
Maxham<Boody.
Re Fiss, Doerr & Carrol Horse Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.
Trials:
Hyman Morman,
Yee Tom,
Wing Lee,
Edward E Gardner,
Anskar Arildsen,
Anton Olsen,
Carl W Newlander,
Isadore Turner,
Abraham Lichtenstein,
James McDermott,
Thomas Winkle,
Michael Keogh,
Edward Grossman,
Charles Flear.
Sentences:
Philip Swedosh,
Ralph H Fitzsimmons.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.
Trial:
Strong Mach Co.
Pleadings:
Leh Val RR, Fred E Signer, Chas Schaefer, Sr, and Chas Schaefer, Jr.
To set for trial:
Chas H Unversaght et al.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Criminal calendar.
For call:
US<E. Zobel Co.
Same<M. Axelrod.
Same<F. Morris.
Same<I. Barnet.
Same<N. Kraus.
For sentence:
US<M. Zucker.
Bankruptcy at 2 P. M.:
Re W. H. Rich & Sons, Inc.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. Common law.
M. Petkunas<Dry D, E. B'way & Battery RR Co, (on trial.)
At 10:30 A. M.:
Phoenix Nat Bank<Gilman.
Parry<Cricket SS Co.
Admiralty:
C. F. Starita & Co, Inc<SS Jobhaven, (on trial.)
Same<SS Ijselhaven, (on trial.)
Equity:
Curtis Aeroplane & M Corp et al<Janin et al, (on trial.)
At 2 P. M.:
Sebeckis<Grasselli Chemical Co.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.
People<Falcisnick.
Badgley<Cent Consumers' Wine and Liquor Co.
D'Utassy<So Pac Co.
Reed<Reed.
B'klyn Ash Rem Co<Connell.
Wachsman<Travelers' Ins Co of Hartford.
Helm<Lyford.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Bigelow<Caplan.
Bay<Bay.
Schrank<Bagdanowsky.
Re Wolf, (Murphy.)
Godfrey<Jackson Coal.
Re Bryant.
Kutz<Travers Twine Cordage Co.
Kopances<Ocean SS.
Kalischer Co<US Cas.
Lazarowitz<Schwartz.
Cuban Tel Co<Conklin
Brender<NY Edison.
Gonzales<NY Rys.
Richter<same.
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Biglo<Rosenzweig.
Camps Co<Stand Underwear Mills.
People<Dragna.
Kirk<Met Tob Co (2.)
Black & White Town Taxis, Inc<Pick.
Same<Berlly.
Weber & Hellbroner<US Rlty & Imp Co.
Batko<Fitzgerald.
Martini<Warner Hudnut Corp.
Cutler<Schusheim.
Lee<Brown.
Same<Hamilton.
Smith<Smith.
Lippe<Whale Creek Wharf Co.
Re Chorush (Marks.)
List<Kaufman.
Krohnberg<Smith.
Hawitser<Fairfax Hotel Co.
Rosencrantz<Gaston, Williams & W.
People<Greenberg.
Baron & Co<Brown & Bros.
Union Dime Savs Bk<Hamilton.
Hotter<Bindley. (2.)
Shankroff<Doemer.
Joseph & Bros Co<Am Sumatra Tobacco.
Newman<Zero.
Watts<Watts.
Hubschman<Erickson.
Bunker<Bunker.
Met Trust Co<Dukes.
Foley<Coles.
Blackburn<Wells & Co
Ratkowsky<A Ratkowsky, Inc.
Semple<Treacy.
O'Neil<Birdseye.
Vos<Excelsior Bag, &c. Co.
Carmen<Kaufman.
Philipp<Capitol Rlty Const Co.
Musgrave<Musgrave, (2.)
Lesher<Met Savs Bk.
Drake<Drake.
Cooper<Greenhut.
Cole<Warner-Quinlan Asp Co.
Kaufman<Weltman.
Newmann<Breslauer.
Safety Holding Co<Purvin.
Zvirin<Sonberg.
Re Golub, (Leavenworth.)
Re Mme Henschel, Inc, (Leavenworth.)
Caruba<Moran.
Melnyk<Gleason Tiebut Glass Co. (2.)
Busch<Colt-Stratton.
Straukamp<Loretta Co. (2.)
Saphirstein<Saphirstein.
Henderson<Stilger.
Saymour<Mechanics & Metals Nat Bank.
Greenhaus<Greenhaus.
Schuman<Enright.
J McCreery Rlty Co<Sadowsky.
Dauer<Frank.
Simpson<Atlantic Cst Shipping Co.
Fisher<Collins.
Hirsch<Abrams.
Cruikshank<Kensington Const, (2.)
Fraser<Same.
Egelson<Egelson.
NY Protestant Epis Public School<Cohen
Bodenstein<Oppenheim.
Clarke<Clarke.
Re Hazlett.
Hanover Silk Mfg Co<Mendelson.
Reichlin<Kaplan.
Perret<Clara K Young Film Co.
Salam<Barrett.
Rorenblatt<Hechtkopf.
Easterday<Easterday.
Albany Savs Bank<Remor Co.
Waas<Loeffler.
Karpf<Wildman.
Re Ehrlich, (Isaacson).
Lennan<Lennan.
Re Lustig.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Maers<Maers.
Niehoff-Schulze Grocer Co<Groes.
Jackson<Reynolds.
Shaine<Kugelman.
Ranlett<Orvis.
Preferred causes:
Hyman<Expert Mtg.
Re Inwood Hill Park.
Columbus Circle Con Corp<Cantor.
Lincoln Trust Co<Adams.
NY Life Ins. &c. Co<Phelps.
Voss<Purdy.
Ryder<Marcus.
General calendar:
Block<Block.
Wheeler<Wheeler.
Loughlin<Salomon.
Herrman<Hartwood H Co.
New Holland Land, &c, Co<Schalck.
Rosansky<Marksamer.
Tarditti<Merlini.
Tag<Zarin.
Kessler<Johnson.
Wilner<Johnson.
Frankel<Mechanics & Metals Nat Bank.
Katzman<Katzman.
Wood<Krause.
US Trust<Spear & Co.
Blackwell<Blackwell.
Lewis<State Bank.
Lewis<Ginser.
Leonhardt<Crystal Bleaching, &c, Wks.
Montgomery<Montgomery.
Aceto<Accio.
Force<Force.
Heinz<US SS Co.
Singer<Singer.
Fentress<Fentress.
Mayer<Chelsea Fruit.
Taylor<Taylor.
Smith<Smith.
Poleti<Poleti.
Comm'l Trust Co<Columbia Trust Co.
Kaponer<Kaponer.
Herman<US SS Co.
Western Mfg & Oil Co<Am Sulrita Mfg Co.
Dey<Seaver.
Levy<Rosenthal.
Whitehead<Whitehead.
Engel<Engel.
Harvey<Heinze.
Stein<Geisel & Co.
Fremont<Fremont.
Ferber<Schiller.
Nat Soc of Music, Inc<Delley.
Hamond<McKay.
Acker<Blackstone.
Pincus<Pincus.
Malka<Malka.
Galligan<White Co.
Henry<Roehrs.
Haas<Saperstone.
Hyman<Fink.
Wolf<Wolf.
Bucholz<Aistadter.
Hughes<Tocht.
Katzman<Ciechanow.
Federal SS Corp<Am Union Line, Inc.
Moriondo<Peroni.
Rosenthal<Rosenthal.
Failla<Failla.
Stevens<Stevens.
Drummond<Drummond.
Miller<Schwartz & Co.
Doti<Henderson.
Weissberg<Weissberg.
Moore<Aslter.
Dau<Dau.
Simione<Simione.
Noonan Bldg Material Co<Carleton.
Ratkowsky<Ratkowsky.
Silver<Nat Surety Co.
Clevenger<Marshall.
Nat Imp & Trad Co<Herskovitz.
Cowles<Ezrson.
Lusk<Lusk.
McClure<McClure.
Glassberg<Malmud.
Harms<Harms.
Loeb<Blumenthal.
Clear.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.
PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.
Greenhut Co<Cooper.
Dickler<Freedman.
Zin<Com Cloak & Suit Corp.
Royal Card & Paper Co<Metro Lith Co.
Breslow<Allman
Sobel<Salzman.
Friedlander<Rosenthal.
Goetz<Wharton.
Atlantic Sales Co<E Shore Shpbldg Co.
Berg<Ertz.
Goodman<Rubinstein.
Kubie Co<River Leafe
Waterman<Tumbling Co, Inc.
Brewsaugh<Keelings.
Post<Megaloe.
Paulson<Benenson Rty Co.
Trainor<Trainor.
Waydell & Co<Am Trading Co.
Berensman<Weber.
Solomon<Union S Bk of Augusta.
Irving Trust Co<Tull.
Oil, Paint & Drug Reporter<Hechtkopf.
Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner.
Village Garage<Farrell.
James<Steinburger.
Liberty Natl Bank<MacFarland.
Lindsay<Morton.
Lunischloss<Berman Bros Co.
Holzman<West End Paper Co.
Brown Bros & Co<Coccaro.
Lucille, Ltd<Suden.
N Y Cent RR Co<Richard Carvel Co.
Lewis<Slado, (2.)
Phillips<Blumberg Bros Co.
Duross<Carpenter.
Am Bank of Commerce<Bensch.
Feller<Friedman.
Guaranty Trust Co<Schmidt.
Weiseman<Davis.
Bierer & Co<American Electrical Works.
Bernheimer & Schwartz Pilsener Brew Co<Windolph.
Wright, Inc<Maresca.
Elliott<Amer Star L.
Hubschmitt, Jr<Hercules Steel Co.
Ballerini<Steinberg.
Newlin<Minter.
Kemeny<Teitelbaum.
Clear.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.
Ing—Briggs<Weill.
Walsh<N Y Rys.
Fleming<N Y C RR.
Cohen<Lewis, (2.)
Green<Shapiro.
Malley, Jr<Petrucci.
Hansch<3d Av Ry.
Dooley<Bartley.
Donsker<NY Cons RR.
Napan<Hmigin.
McGarry<Italia Wine.
Bailey<Rafailovuch.
Wilkining<Mt Hope Building Co.
Wattles<Brown.
Blau<Lee Hung, (2.)
Stiefel<NY Tel Co.
Sullivan<Hecht.
Leff<NY Rys.
Ray<US Garages, Inc.
Hutler<Abbott.
Stotsky<Bunge.
McCormick<CNY.
Lehman<Bklyn Imp.
Schott<Coopersmith.
Silver<NY Edison Co.
Meyer<NY Cons RR.
Schendel<Int R T.
Hart<Champion Ldry Domestic Corp.
Reichel<Palmer-Herring Motor Co.
Ryan<Burridge.
Filippi<Union Ry.
O'Shea<Armstrong.
Bayer<Schlechter.
Farrell<Morris.
Moran<Shulte Bread Co.
Mulvey<Hotel Martinique.
R Zuckerberg<Cohen.
S Zuckerberg<same.
M Trimbles<Levine.
G Trimbles<same.
Hopkins<42d St, &c, Ry.
A Schlessea<South Bklyn Ry.
J Schlesser<same.
Lynch<Yonkers RR.
Murphy<Broadway Improvement Co.
Ott<Board of Education of the CNY.
Braxton<Mendelson.
Callahan<Sanzo.
Cosetino<Robinson.
Reilly<NY Edison Co.
Ringel<Gitsky.
Zwalisky<N Y Rys.
Coughlin<Luddington.
Jones<Int R T.
Stein<NY Rys.
Leanza<same.
Leff<Levy Dairy Co.
Fuchs<Rodenberg.
Chomowics<US Rty.
Schacht<Noble.
Burgess<Mid Crosstown Ry, (2.)
Schlossberg<NY Rys.
Miller<Penn RR.
Weber<Olivert.
Guttschneider<Gay.
Batkin<Lewisohn.
Schatz & Yokolle<NY Cent RR.
Boehing<Loeb.
Fick<Wessler.
Koka<Martens.
Pulumbo<Taylor.
Gombarts<Wilson, (2.)
Heid<Equit Office Building Corp.
Rivin<Turesky.
Mesinsky<Adler.
Scharaga<NY Rys.
Schneid<Plath, (2.)
Lawyer<Chasanoff-Lowenthal Co.
Bartolf<Union Ry.
Mossberg<NY Cons RR.
Marandino<Kurzman.
Geiseler<Hoyt.
Leighton<Met By-Products Co.
Fowler<N Y Herald Co.
Ochs<Avilow.
Weiss<Bassel, (2.)
Bacher<42d, &c, RR.
Davidson<Rap Tr Sub.
Schlessinger & Sons, Inc<Rap Tran Sub Cont Co.
Meyer<St Nich Auto Co.
Felli<Miskin.
Scovoneck<C I & B RR.
Goskind<Kalbach.
McKenzie<Lane.
Stieglitz<NY Rys.
Pottish<same.
Margulies<same.
Parker<Swift & Co.
Chierallo<CNY, (2.)
Roth<Ebert.
Jaffe<Int R T
Bila<Bloomingdale.
Harrigan's Cafe, Inc<Rap Tran Sub Cont Co.
Normelli<CNY.
Helmowitz<Steinmetz.
Consalvo<Loew.
Phil<Matthews.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.
Marsden<Pfeiffer.
Int'l Cloak Mfg Co<Mass Bonding Co.
Indelli<Penn Fire Ins.
Colonimos<Newburger.
Schwartz<Gerli & Co.
Brill<Friedhoff.
Friedenberg<Rosenwasser.
Van Norden<Hanscom
Laxer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Goodwin<Ansonia.
O'Hanlon<McCreery & Co.
Hellner<Olmstead
Quaboag Corset Co.
Martorelli<Italian Imp Co of NY.
135 E 21st St<Wolfe.
Warehouse Merc Co<Mach & Met Sales.
O'Connell<Conklin.
Arezzo<Tascher.
Cohen<Annunziata.
Werner<CNY.
Liner<Endel.
Union Pac Tea Co<Mesh.
Goodney<Ehrich.
Goldberg<Hertzberg.
Potts<City of Hornell.
Rotolo<NY,NH&HRR.
Reid<Duryea.
Crowley Co<Maxim Munitions Corp.
Gaines<Haskell.
Middleman<Carroll.
Irwin<Edison.
Beaver Eng & Const Co<CNY.
McKeon<Frohman.
Campbell<Bianchi.
De Graf<Talbot & Co.
Corcoran<Rogers.
Waters, Inc<Hatters Fur Exchange, Inc.
Bradley Cont Co<CNY.
CNY<Whaler.
Same<Slythbourne Water Co (2.)
Sobray<O'Brien.
Saimowitz<Gerli & Co (2.)
Debrest<Franhauf.
Nanss<Bemis Bros Bag Co.
Kerry<Fuller.
Frank<Ryan.
Moller<Moller.
Galinger<Transoceanic SS Co.
McClure<McClure.
CNY<Bell & Light Co.
Same<Kittanning Face Brick Co.
Same<Phillips.
Same<Rosenthal.
Same<Triple Air Light Co.
Same<New Idea Arc Light Co.
Same<Facciolo & Co.
Same<Acme Cement.
Tolle<Barker.
Steel<Holster.
Freedman<Langroch Bros Co.
Rosenblum<same.
CNY<B, Q Co & Sub RR (2.)
Warwick Art Studios, Inc<Sackett & Wilhelms Corp.
Mase<Feldman.
Goldberg<Dux.
Mortimer<Bristol.
Lund<Lund.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.
PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.
Van Vliet<Lohman. Lacher<CNY.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Ochs<Kroehle.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Senchack<Fitzgerald.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M.
Graham-Maingot<3d Av Ry. Holley<Royal Mail SS Co.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M.
Solomon<Cohen.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kamerow<Powell Co.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.
Aron Co<Am Alcohol Co.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M.
Zimetbaum<Simon.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.
Arbus<Am-Hawaiian SS Co.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:
Wm F Schulhof,
Luke Fitzgerald
Lina Weber,
Leon Moskowitz,
Robert R Whiting,
Clara Manns,
John Smith,
Emma Miles.
Harriette Marks,
A D W Cramer,
John J Flynn,
M E Schoening
A A Lockwood,
W E Busse
M G Lichter,
H A Knauer.
TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.
Contested wills:
Annie Fallon,
Annie Mulphy,
Edward Alcott,
Samuel Sawyer also known as Sam Sawyer,
Nicholas W White,
Enoch G Margraf,
David Ohlson.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
The A Scott Co<Carter & Sons.
Howlett & Hockmeyer Co<Uditsky.
Indian Ref Co<Richards.
Teich<Gilman.
Gordon<Bernstein, (2.)
Doremus & Co<Parish.
Doty-Demos Co<Mouvet.
Moore<Kane.
Gunsher<Grand Lodge of the Ind Order of the Free Sons of Israel.
Sanitary Grass Wks, Inc<Rubin & Marcus, Inc.
Dryfoos<Miller.
Binder<Lahane.
Kaufman<Kaplan Bros & Lisk.
Morris Simon Uphol. Inc<Joseph.
Greenspan<Rieger.
Horowitz<Dunn.
Welch<Kiss Burglar Corp.
Friedman<Irving Trust Co.
Tatham<Mills.
Levine<Austin Nichols & Co.
Forster<same.
Gold<Am Mtg Co.
Mungeon<Reston Rty.
Friedman<Morris Gruberg, Inc.
Holmes<Downs.
Bent<National Biscuit.
Hecht<Un Cigar Strs.
Howell<Kaesche.
Brucker<Marcus & Rothman.
Farley<Globe Ldry Co, (2.)
Moschcowitz<W & J Sloans.
Goldberg<O'Conor.
Menney<Street Coal Co.
Hollander<Berg & Sons.
Lashin & Bros<Bacher & Co.
Harte<Dodd.
Feldman<Aetna Cas & Surety Co.
Gimbel Bros<Josephson.
Selfstein<Am Ry Exp.
Pitts State Bk<Otte.
Hairy<Gleassner.
Sarasohn<Wittmeyer.
Gibralter<N J Fid & Plate Glass Co.
Indian Ref Co<Richarde.
Gidding & Co<Goodwin.
Kips Bay Brew & M Co<Tooker Prtg Co.
Berman<Cons Gas Co.
Orsetti<Bonetto.
Indian Ref Co<Richarde.
Bound Brook Co<Adler.
Pitts State Bk<Otte.
Benisch<Ferguson.
Rick<Eccles Co.
Rogers<Corrigan-Weiss Con Co.
Schlechter<Fischman.
Needle<Slapo.
Toole<Cunningham.
Mills<Sullivan.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Levitzky<Bruestle (2.)
Ruinfeld<Kress.
Speckman<Schenker.
Guttfeld<NY Rys.
Altman<Zachtmann.
Le Petit Paris, Inc<Economu Ritsos Co.
Claman<NY Rys.
Loury<3d Av RR.
Feinman<Well.
Stadler<Samuels.
Goldman<Bloom.
Jacobs<Stone.
Samuels<same.
Kandel<Grenstein.
Lahm<Litwin.
Adler<Greengrass.
Keeper<NY Rys.
Fuchs<same.
Katz<same
McGowan<Miller.
Sinderman<Hudson & Man RR.
Cutler<5th Av Coach Co (2.)
Laufer<NY Rys.
Pogrivsky<Rosedale Dairy Co.
Pohorille<NY Rys.
Tierney<Chas Wolsbecker, Inc.
Buchman<Gottlieb.
Sipkin<Modern Cloak & Suit House.
Everwear Play Suit Co<Phoenix Mfg Co.
Qualley<Well.
Woss<Harris.
Davis<NY Rys.
Kruglik<Electric Auto Delivery Corp.
Simonte<Sawyer Biscuit Co.
Leipzig<Engel.
Bernstein<Nissenshall
Feld<B'way Trust Co.
Klein<Brimberg.
Breske<Smith.
Tannenbaum<Lindenburg.
Thomas<Healy.
Cohen<Horn.
Arbolino<NY Rys.
Fire<Kobler Voleneer Y M Ben Assn.
Kaplen<Potter.
Holley<Squires.
Sobel<Goldman.
Pearlman<Tiedemann
Rubin<Normandy Waist Co
Topol<Lawden Co.
Hornstein<Seldir.
Massey<Lamb.
Jonda<Electo Co, (2.)
Lack<Holzner.
Hall<Union Ry.
Ridley<Gordon.
Crawford<Baedar.
Stelzenmuller<Post.
Shapiro<NY Rys.
Nash<Goldberg's Son & Co.
Schwartzreich<Stearns, Inc.
Lobino<Jacobs.
Langer<Int R T.
Ottomain<NY Rys.
Freiman<Frankel.
Levine<Doughty.
Tishman<Thompson-Starrett Co.
Murphy<3d Av RR.
Cohen<Penn RR.
Katz<Weiss.
Sandler<NY Rys (2.)
Goldberg<Kline.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Chopak<Alexander. Grubman<Hogan.
Clear.
PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Bernstein<Rosenthal & Grotta, Inc.
Shukovsky<Mirkus.
Greeff<Rothschild.
Greenberg<Fulton Bag & Cotton Mills.
Gluck<Schnell.
Feinstein<Blumenthal & Co.
Sherwood<Syndicate Waist Co.
Ackerman<Blumenthal.
Prudential Kali Mills, Inc<Krasney.
Rosenberg<Schulman.
K & G Grocery Co<Gordon.
Greenberg<Carn
Noschkes<Stone.
Dixon<Heale.
Schafues<Ford Co.
Venino<Bronx Exposition, Inc.
Sheftman<Bronston.
Field<Zuckerman.
Marrow<Casey
Bank of US<Am Sea Glass Co.
Stein<Pergallo.
Fein<Kruger.
Birch<Richard Carvel Corlt Co.
Rosenblatt<Franken.
New England Woolen & Dress Goods Mills, Inc<Schaum.
Kimmerle<Hamburg-Bremen Fire Ins Co. (2.)
Kupferman<Morsky.
Regan<Jackson.
Vidal & Co<Hermanos De Lcos & Co.
Winter<Miltex Cloak & Suit Co.
Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co<Am Union L.
Broadway Central Bk<Hoyt.
Fair & Carnival Supply Co<Barrett.
Bratman<Liberman.
Shatan & Co<Sturo.
Cohen<Medine.
N Y Overseas Co<Halle Perris Trading Co.
Nathan<Strauss.
Eichler<Kahnweiler
Elevator Supplies Co<Ritz Realty Co.
Harer<Lesser, (2.)
Plummer<Lowenthal.
Price<Bloch.
Howes Const Co<Maryland Cas Co.
Aaronson, Kaplan & Meirowitz<Baum.
Crane<Litchfield.
Perlman<Golden
Leesler<Feinberg.
Case on.
PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.
SUPREME COURT.—Hendrick, J.—Knox<Rizzotto—Lucille Pugh. Langhorne Const. Co<Winta Realties—Mortimer S. Brown.

Receivers Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Frederick Kuser<Dora Schall—Frank Jost. U. S. Trust Co<Solomon Olinka—Barney Hamburger.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.
Byron<42d St. Man & St Nich Av RR.
O'Donnell<Union Ry.
Spies<same.
Bowe<same.
White<3d Av Ry.
Heller<Smeneroff.
Bowen<Croton Rty Co
Biechner<Biechner.
Hornkohl<Hornkohl.
Koester<McEvoy & Koester Cont Co, (2)
Ketcham<Greenberg.
Schnek<N Y Produce Exchange Bank.
Bradley<Bossfeld.
Pederson<Yonkers RR.
N Y Title & Mtg Co<Clegg.
Einberger<Concdo Realty Co.
Re Rabinowitz.
Thebault<Potter.
Benenson Realty Co<Taxpayers Realty Co, (2.)
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.
Ryan<CNY.
Galluccio<Dix.
Scheri<Scott.
Nicolette<Union Ry.
Guido<Union Ry.
Bridges<Hoving.
Fitzgerald<3d Av RR
Jacobson<Brody.
Napolis<Booth.
Vernora<Brody.
Campbell<Rosenfeld.
Skoultchi<Goldberg.
Whitney<Blake.
Pallitz<Duempleman, (3.)
Ambraszka<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
White<Weigle.
Barbaronardo<White Coal Co.
King<Weinberger.
The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:
H Poulson<Mangels.
K Poulson<same.
D'Avola<Waltes Motor Van & Storage Co.
Marks<Lewandowski.
Wynne<Corona Prov.
Tilley<Muelberger.
Gustavino<Rock.
Y Sneiderwitz<Ehni.
H Sneiderwitz<same.
S Fox<Brunor.
L Fox<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Weisgal<NY City Interborough Ry.
L Zelenko<Union Ry.
W Zelenko<same.
Hellman<Corona Prov.
Abbenante<Union Ry.
McCarthy<Int R T.
Barchan<Grossman.
F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Skupinsky<same.
Huitgren<Union Ry.
Brilles<same.
Beatty<Peace.
Carey<NY C RR.
Rall<Neuman.
Rozenthal<Waltes Mot Vans & Storage Co.
Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency.
L Rosenthal<Waltes Mot Van & Storage.
S Rosenthal<same.
Weber<Holsten.
Uszpalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co.
Verro<Union Ry.
Wolf<same.
Heit<Walworth Bros, Inc.
Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc.
Tuccitto<Union Ry.
Grace<Union Ry.
Nacheman<Hoolahan.
F Frey<Heyne.
M Frey<same.
O'Sullivan<same.
Goldstein<Union Ry.
Kruger<Goldberg.
Weingold<Wulfhop.
Silverblatt<Int R T.
Gaedia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital.
Kallman<Sanwick.
Brinn<Samuels.
O'Shea<Hobby.
Philips<Jacobs.
Busch<B H RR.
Buschi<B H RR.
Winkler<Union Ry.
Cotter<Burns Bros.
Ross<So Blvd RR.
Reyrodt<Lyon.
McGuire<C A Sigmond Realty Co.
Bastone<CNY.
Toots<Segal.
Eisler<So Blvd RR.
Lopota<Int R T.
Greenblatt<same.
Stringlo<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc.
J Fanelli<Ferguson.
N Fanelli<same.
Maurer<Gimbel Bros.
Schoenfelder<NY Rys
Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.
PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. Case on.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogates' Court.
CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
Motions.
Estate of:
Isaac Wiesner,
Mary Lyttle,
Margaret McGill.
Wills for probate:
Mary E. Welch,
Alfred Benson,
Emilie Cohen,
Charles Koch,
John Welch,
Mary Knox Fox,
Antonio Bertini,
John Del Gaudio,
Amelia Smith,
Grace W. Hebberd,
Meta S. Geils.
Isaac Wiesner.
Jacob Manheimer.
Accountings—Estate of:
Martha J. Burt,
Frank J. Leonard,
Mary M. Dowling,
Evanda H. Mapes,
William L. Sands,
August Gross,
Martin Baugh,
Frank A. Blauvelt,
Jacob Schappert,
Barbara Klein,
Isaac Weltstein.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.
SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Phillips<Blatt.
Hirscher<same.
Lifschutz<Rubenstein.
Alexander<Becker.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Karpinski<Chelsea.
Worawsky<Schultz.
Slutzkin<Labell.
Darby<Adams-Flanagan Co, (2.)
Wolfsohn<So Boulev'd RR Co.
Meltzstein<Navlys Co, (2.)
Seneca Dist Co<Elsesser.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Second Department—Jenks, Mills, Rich, Putnam, Blackmar, Kelly, and Jaycox, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar at 1 P. M.
People<Brach.
Howard<Robinson.
Colue<Smith.
People<Sheridan.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Seitz<Norton, (4.)
Kaufman<Miller.
Re Jersey St.
Peace<CNY.
Goodman<Goodman.
Beyer<Beyer.
Zimmer<Zimmer.
MacDonald<L I RR.
Dowd<Simon.
Tiers<same.
Tuccl<same.
People State NY<Libetti.
Hill<Kurtz.
People State, NY<Saul.
Mary Gwann's Bread Shop<Van Noy Interstate Co.
T F Martin<Bay View Hgts Rlty Co (Normandie,) 2.
Hutwelker<Hutwelker.
Haber<Libratil.
Anderson<Anderson.
Wrenn<Deyhler.
Re Partola Mfg Co, (Coon.)
Coffill<Abbott Garage.
Young<Baker.
Dellsa<Nunnasser.
Re Treasurer Nassau.
Re L'Hommedieu.
Kaufman<Kaufman.
Land Estates, Inc<Gremler.
Re Gravesend Neck Rd (NY Title & M.)
Ellsberg<Fried, (2.)
MacLean<Young
Goldberg<Rosenbaum.
Lennon<Cush.
Weintraub<J Clarke Estate.
Re Moran.
Moresco<Moresco.
Yorizzo<Swift.
Aetna Casualty & S. Shaff<Thorne.
Federal Sign System (Elec)<George's Flower Shop.
Miller<Miller.
Brandis<Brandis.
T F Martin Rlty Co<Bay View Hgts Rlty Co (Normandie) 2.
PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.
Pattelli<Peterson.
Stutaky<Rosenblum.
Taub<Gold.
Bourke<Bourke.
Benito<Benito.
Gibbs<Stiner.
Davis<Tenaca.
Davidson<Davidson.
Anderson<Anderson.
Schmitt<Schmitt.
Reiss<Reiss et al.
Andretta<Andretta.
Lamb<Lamb.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call:
Fiori<CNY, (3.)
Gleason<Gleason.
Litchild<Litchild.
Bess-Mar Realty Co<Capell.
Muro<Sarnelli.
Sharp<Sharp.
Kantor<Kromback.
Lyle<CNY.
Aherns<Parker.
Feldman<Feldman.
Stern et al<Shea et al
Cantor<Frucht.
Highest number reached on regular call, 1254.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.
Klein<MacMillan.
Mason<B H RR.
Fenelsi<Lewis.
White<So Bklyn Ry.
Smith<Glosser Fiebout Glass Co.
Grigaitis<So Bklyn Ry.
Finkelson<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Katzenstein<Salit & Sons.
Clark<Baird.
Kaufman<Greenhut Co.
McBride<B H RR.
Colombo<B H RR.
Heinemann<B H RR.
Maloof<Saydah.
Feeney<Nassau RR.
Schnur<Perlman.
Gardner<Courtney & ano.
Rosenberg<Mandel.
Salit<Amer Alcohol Co
Hagenaers & ano<Gross & ano.
Harriett<B H RR.
Devitto<Cerillo & ano.
Sager<NY Rys.
Gross<Berman & Swerdlick Co.
Hines<Cuneo et al.
Smith<Koona & ano.
Borkowsky<NY Rys.
Esposito<Auditors Contracting Co.
Celler<Drake Bros Co.
Coleman<NY Cons RR & ano.
Holtz<NY Cons RR.
Markowitz<Mendelson & ano.
Jones<Loeser & Co & ano.
Legals<Pfaff.
Fearon<So B'klyn Ry.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Darcy<B H RR.
Teague<same.
Mogull<Goldfarb.
Societe Des Anciens<Thom & Bailey et al.
Siegler & ano<Wadlor
Duffy<Int R T.
Whalen<Nas RR.
Kinney<Hillin.
Reller<So B'klyn Ry
Scheffel<Koch.
Ghiraldi<Prospect Coal Co.
Carey<C I & B RR.
Rader<Cohen.
Shapiro<Borden's Farm Prod Co.
Merlis<Kubat.
Romano<NY, NH & H RR.
Block<Block.
Roderman<Board of Education.
Kantrowitz<Sobelson.
Isbrandtsen<Graham.
Mohr<Friedman et al.
Kruse<Drake.
Mullaly<U S Rubber Co and ano.
Ginsberg<Goldfarb.
Hammermesch<Kemp.
Cohen<Altman Furniture Co.
Waitkus<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
Yelenewitz<Tamarkin and ano.
Moskowitz<Janpol.
Slegle<Cent New England Ry.
Kiplock<Carroll.
Taylor<B H RR.
Hausman<Goldstein and ano.
Moran<Cochrane.
Sullivan<Fidelity & Deposit Co.
Johnston<McCafferty.
McMahon<Straus et al
Clyde<Wood.
Baffa<Purdy and ano.
Kadish<N Y Cons RR.
Waznis<NY, NH & H RR.
Araman<Nas RR and another.
Highest number reached on regular call, 6520.

Surrogate's Court.
CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Thomas Haverty,
Edward Moody,
Henry Fickbohm,
Glenn Frost,
Bertha Levy,
Martha Chaffee,
James Thompson,
Annie Rowan,
Dora Gundacker,
Mary Meeker,
Ann Reed.
Administrations of:
Anna McCauley,
Joseph Dwyer,
James Conboy,
Barbara Muller.
Accountings of:
Samuel Zarkauer,
Mary Gale,
C. Kimpland,
James Blake,
Mary Larsen.
Estates of:
Francis Groves,
Theodore Johnston,
E. Robinson,
Arthur Seirers,
Sylvester Barrett,
Arthur Selinger.

County Court.
CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV., May, J.; Part V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M. Calendar called in Part V.
Morris<Glosky.
Aaron<Eisenpresser.
Edelman<Schwartz.
Morrisey<Kennedy.
Cherlin<Nas Elec RR.
Calendrelcila<B H RR
Sieger<same.
Ketchum<Strang.
Moranus<Tolch.
Isaacson<Rumpf.
Glynn<C I & B RR.
Seifert<N Y Cons RR.
Lavaca<Nas Elec RR
Tamkin<B R T Co et al.
Barschi<Wolf,
Lombardi<B H RR.
Gierak<same.
Rudich<Love.
Mitchell<Nassau Elec RR.
Mills<B H RR.
Granda<Bergman.
Cohen<Wiesenfeld.
Keyes<Morrisey.
Highest number reached, 1261.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.
Carpenter<Chesbro-Whitman Co, Inc.
Hall<Hall.
Neponsit Realty Co<Wagner.
Weisbart<Aron, ind, &c.
Neher, as assignee<Noyes.
Axelrod<Green.
Sheridan<Sheridan.
Story<Craig, as Controller, &c.
Corell<Beadine et al.
Morgan<Morgan.
Highest number reached on calendar is 748-d.
TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Campbell<Schumacher.
Hogan<B H RR.
Schrieber<The Motor Car Equipment Co.
White, an infant<Haber.
O'Beirne<Moll.
Cohen, an infant<Laracco.
Faltrauer<Ringling et al.
Moora<Jacobus.
Kubelka<Kretchmar, &c.
Josias<Sugar Prod.
Moriarty<B H RR.
Rafferty<Munson S S Line.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:
Regan<Burck & ano, as execrs.
Charles<Seymour.
Van Zonneveld et al<Lymber et al.
Doilack, an infant, &c<Herskowitz.
Rappaport<Nevin.
Albrecht<NY & Q Elec Lt & Power.
Laprelle<Thompson-Starrett Co.
Greenberg, admr, &c, <CNY.
Montanari, as admx<American Piano Co.
Egan, an infant, &c<T Roulston, Inc.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2590.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Ex parte business—Tompkins, J.—At White Plains—At 10:45 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Keogh, J.—At New Rochelle—At 10 A. M.
Rich<Nusbaum.
Gates Co<Gulliver.
Von Kamp<Bramer.
Decker<Iona Homes.
Little Russian Church<Washinko.
Wood<City of Mount Vernon.
PART II.—Platt, J.—Short cause and contract cases.
Van Horn<Tonolla.
Barton<Hyman et al.
McDonald<859 7th Av.
Kelly<Reilly.
Fowler<Patterson.
Griffin, Prince & Ripley, Inc<Stewart.
Briggs<Crist.
Thomas<Larchmont Bank.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Morschauser, J. Part II., Platt, J.; Part III., no assignment—At 9:45 A. M.
Bruno<Burrows.
Driscoll<Schreiber.
Carroll<City Yonkers.
Sur<Lynch & Larkin, (2.)
Jones<NY Rys.
Longacre<Yonkers RR
Reynolds<NY Rys.
Buchanan<Borden.
Danner<Penfield.
Motor Haulage Co<S I R T Ry.
Talace<NYC & HRRR
Vessely<Besser.
Patrick<Watson Rty.
McArthur<NY C RR.
Meyer<Archibald.
Mulvy<Williamson.
Buckley<Standard Oil.
Earl<Coyne.
Bradley<Bradley.
Brainard<Maslen, (2.)
Caclea<Orvis.
Same<Brainard.
Seuf<Schultz Bread.
Wagamann<Von Hagen.
Elkind<Kaiser.
Reynolds Empire Gar Co<C T Silver Mot.
Rich<Barlow & Co.
West Con Co<Butterworth.
Chamberlins<NY CRR
Russell<Kelly.
Surak<Cheplo.
Moto<Brundage.
Marshall<Metcalf.
Corrina<Diehl Mfg. (2)
Grabowsky<West Shore RR
Bendheim<Barlow.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day.
Schwartzreich<Welden Trucking Co.
Wheeler<George Mertz's Sons.
Meigel<Jackson.
Bird<Herdtfelder.
French<Pres & Trust of Ossining.
Stock<Lord & Taylor.
Souther<Un Ry. (2.)
Martin<Brickner.
Brown<Welton.
Blencostone<Syme.
Biber<Karmen.
Thompson<Edg Crandall Co.
Waldron<Monroe.
Dobson<Moss.
Considine Inv Co<NY C RR.
Bond<NY & Stam Ry.
Buchanan<Yonkers RR Co.
Smith<same.
Yena<Pitmen.
Levine<Int R T.
Highest number reached, 854.

County Court.
DAY CALENDAR—Young, C. J.
Sloat<Gold.
Spader<McGuire.
Clarke<McGivney.
Taylor, as Pres<Dickinson.
Municipal Eng & Con Co<Smith.
Westover<Fones.
Russo<West Elec Co.
Burchetta<Banker.
McGee<Smythwick.
Bobet<Holdredge.
Pakenham<Holden.
Dolz<Aprea.
Mt Pleasant Garage, Inc<Leon.
Klein<Yonkers RR.
Mt Pleasant Garage, Inc<Leon.
Legum<Kasenetz Taxi Co<Abdelnour.
Swartwout<Peekskill Hotel Co.
Sherman<Burger.
West Prov Personal Loan Co<Marston.
Sarles<Conteit.
Shariach<Riegel.
Dee Veil.
Lavigna<Dorrance.
O'Hagan<NY & Stamford Ry.

Ideal Showroom for
a wholesaler of apparel is offered for rent in Cuyler Building, 116-120 West 32nd Street.
Located on front of 15th floor, contains 4,636 net usable square feet. High ceiling. Windows on 4 sides. Fully sprinklered building. 4 passenger, 3 freight elevators.
Possession May 1st, 1919.
Loton H. Slawson Company
171 Madison Avenue

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
On Chester Hill, near Station
Modern 11-room house with garage. Enclosed porch, steam heat, electric lights. Well-built and attractive, 2 baths. Possession March 1st. Price, $15,000. Terms to suit. Might rent on long lease at $1,500.
Anderson Realty Co. Near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES, INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
$12,500.
Chester Hill, Mount Vernon. Ideal home, 9 rooms; perfect condition; white woodwork; parquet floors 1st and 2nd; cheerful, roomy chambers; steam heat; electricity; garage; near depot. Owner anxious to sell.
COOLEY REALTY COMPANY
Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 3400.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
AT MERRICK.
Beautiful semi-bungalow, 8 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; enormous sun parlor; two-car garage; chicken houses and run; large corner plot; frontage on three streets; five minutes' walk to station; near Great South Bay; value $12,000; out-of-town owner offers for $9,000. This is a real bargain. H. J. McCord, 175 Pine St., Freeport, L. I.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
TEMPLE COURT
5 BEEKMAN ST., COR. NASSAU.
LIGHT CORNER OFFICES
1,620 SQUARE FEET; RENT $2,800.
SMALL OFFICES SINGLY OR TOGETHER FROM $240 TO $400.
RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION,
ON PREMISES. CORTLANDT 1132.

LARGE STORE, 25x100,
74 feet East of Willis Ave.,
412 EAST 138TH ST.,
Suitable any line of business.
INQUIRE ON PREMISES.

Store and Basement at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x98; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.
Forest Hills Inn
Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.
Modern fire-proof hotel (Am. plan) combining city and country life. Only 15 minutes from Penna. Sta. (L. I. R. R.). Direct connection by subway to uptown and downtown Manhattan; 25 minutes by motor to shopping and theatre districts. You can reach your office more comfortably and in less time from Forest Hills than from 96th Street, Man. More than 70 trains (electric service) daily. For further information—Tel. 6290 Forest Hills.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.
Private house for sale, 5 stories, 15 rooms, 5 baths; magnificiently furnished; refined location; suitable doctor, dentist, business or furnished rooms; valuable leasehold; lifetime opportunity. Owner, 62 West 51st St.

Long Island.
For Rent, furnished, $150 monthly, or sell very easy terms, beautiful modern garden city house; ten rooms, three tiled baths, garage; immediate occupancy. 7772 Murray Hill, or 1336 Garden City.
Bayside.—For sale and to rent; attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms with bath; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th St. Phone Greeley 6896.

Westchester County.
28 minutes from Grand Central, for rent, attractively furnished bungalow-type, two-story modern house, 8 rooms, living room, fireplace; picturesque location among big rocks and trees; February to October, $100 per month. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

New Jersey.
Attention—Six-room house, all modern improvements; plot 75x141; near school, church, railroad station and trolley car; price $4,200. This requires quick action. Bergen Realty Co., 197 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.
Madison, N. J.—For sale, modern house, ten rooms, two baths; garage, small atractive grounds; price $12,000. X 237 Times Annex.
Bargain.—Six-room house; all improvements; half hour out; $3,650; suitable terms. Owner, Room 628, 30 Church, New York.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
Fifty cents an agate line.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.
$36,000 on first mortgage, new law, walk-up, modern 25-family house, west side; rental $8,800. A 152 Times.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.
SIXTY-THREE ACRES, BETWEEN FLUSHING AND JAMAICA, RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT. TROLLEY PASSING. JOHN J. WHITE. 817 WEST END AV. 9066 RIVERSIDE.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.
Three-story brick, 17 rooms, 2 baths; half hour from Times Square, in Bronx; price reasonable. L 48 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.
Bargain.—6 rooms, bath, hollow tile, stucco dwelling; steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

FARMS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.
Ninety-acre farm, forty-five tillable, rest woodland and pasture; good house; large barn; near Middletown, N. Y.; fine location; 1½ miles to station; bargain at $1,500; present mortgage $2,000; or will exchange for smaller farm within commuting distance of city, or will exchange for good touring car of same value. J. B. Morris, 261 Broadway.

Farms Wanted.
Wanted to buy about 25 acres tillable land with good house along main road, south side of Long Island; small sum down. X 230 Times Annex.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Offices, $20 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.
TO SUBLET UNDER MARKET, ONE OF FINEST OFFICE BUILDINGS ON FIFTH AV.; SPECIAL LAYOUT OF VERY EXCEPTIONAL SUITE, ABOUT 1,000 FEET, FOR HIGH-CLASS EXECUTIVE OFFICES OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE; TERM OF LEASE TO SUIT TENANT. TO SEE SPACE CALL VANDERBILT 1200, EXT. 251.
MODERN MARBLE 3-STORY AND BASEMENT BUILDING WITH GOOD STORE, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE AND 42D ST., TO LEASE TO ONE TENANT; ELECTRIC ELEVATOR; RENT, $10,000 GROSS. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.
FACTORY.—FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STATION; WILL ERECT TO SUIT YOUR BUSINESS; ON RAILROAD SIDING; 10,000 TO 30,000 SQUARE FEET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.
Long lease, store, 2,202 Broadway, opposite Apthorp Apt.; suitable for photo studio, rugs, antique furniture, art frames, dressmaker, candy, men's clothing. Phone Schuyler 9936.
Entire lower floor, 25x100, on high-class business block; fine display space; suitable for business, studios, or offices; will divide. 29 West 57th St., near 5th Av. Phone Circle 1651.
500 5TH AV., (at 42d St.)—Two entire floors, 3,000 sq. ft. each; sprinkler system; possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 7475.
BROADWAY, 487.—Office space 4,000 square feet. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 7475.
BROADWAY, 377, (Cor. White St.)—Store, 1,500 sq. ft.; possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.
For Rent—Small machine shop, fully equipped, very light, centrally located. Call, 2 West Broadway, 1 flight up.
Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.
10,000 Square feet, power, light, heat; Astoria, L. I. B. Y., 220 Times Downtown.
STORES.—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted for Business Purposes.
Cafe Locations.—We have bought several leases and may buy yours for clients of ours in other business; immediate possession not necessary. If interested communicate by mail with Nathan J. Mitchell, 437 5th Av., N. Y., Tel. 3660 Vanderbilt, and Robert J. Coverdale, 32 Court St., Brooklyn, Tel. Main 8704.
WANTED TO RENT large dwelling or floors, desired by a charitable organization, in centre of city, near East 25th St., to provide additional space and sleeping accommodations for its children's department. B 814 Times Annex.
Want to lease from 4,000 to 6,000 square feet of storage space in fireproof building below Fulton St., with possession now or May 1. Wm. H. Whiting & Co., 41 Park Row.
LOFTS.—Two; light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.
Office to sublet.—Large bright office, fully furnished; telephone installed. 25 Beaver St., Room 724.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.
19TH, (Gramercy Section.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, grand piano; $200 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.
30TH ST., (168 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.
30TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette for rent, richly furnished, very complete; rent $150. Telephone Jones, Murray Hill 7450.
60S, (Near 5th.)—Handsome apartment, two big rooms, kitchen, bath, all light rooms; $110. Elberson, 25 West 42d.
86TH, 58 EAST.—Southern exposure; double, single; connecting bath; permanent; rent $15.
APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.
MADISON AV., 1,270, (91st.)—Beautifully furnished elevator apartment, 3-4 rooms, service, electricity; $90. Mager, Lenox 4329.

Furnished—West Side.
29TH, 54 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, bath, kitchen complete, with private roof garden; lease $85; references. Superintendent.
45TH ST., 137 WEST.—Hotel King James; Beautifully furnished 1, 2 room apartments; hotel service; $18 and $25 per week.
45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.
50S, (Near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, (floor,) three large rooms, kitchen, bath; $100 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.
58TH, (Near 5th Av.)—Apartment, (non-elevator,) two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; $110 monthly. Elberson, 25 West 42d.
77TH, 50 WEST.—Four rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; sublet at $175 monthly; to Oct. 1; free maid service, linen, and light. Apt. 96, Manhattan Sq. Hotel.
77TH, 66 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Kenny, Apartment 7-AB.
86TH, 204 WEST.—Eight rooms, attractively furnished; sublet to adults until Oct. 1. Call afternoons, Apartment 4-E.
88TH, WEST.—Four-room apartment, newly furnished, or will share apartment with reliable people. Phone mornings, Riverside 4011.
92D ST., 200 WEST.—Five rooms, bath, all outside; will lease until October; $65. Seen by appointment. Phone 8745 River
94TH, 308 WEST, (Joan d'Arc monument.)—8 rooms, 2 baths; splendid apartment; ground floor.
107TH, 203 WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, six rooms, bath, $150; call from 3 to 5. Apt. 2A.
116TH, 616 WEST.—Riverside Drive, 6 rooms, completely, beautifully furnished, piano, phonograph. Apt. 81.
A cozy, duplex apartment, tastefully furnished, can be bought outright, lease to go to purchaser; reasonable rent; located near Central Park West. Phone Columbus 7188.
APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Ringleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.
APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides, season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.
Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited. THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up. Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 8th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.
BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st.)—Handsomely furnished six-room apartment. elevator. Patigney.
CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W 72d. Col. 1077.
CLERMONT AV., 160.—Furnished apartment, February to June. Apt. 5A.
HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Six rooms, two baths; strictly fireproof; 1 block from subway; beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. O'Dell, Audubon 5400.
WEST END AV., 574.—Handsomely furnished, 6 large rooms, 2 baths; 6 months or longer, $350 monthly. G. W. Bishop, Telephone Schuyler 5600.

Furnished—Long Island.
5-room apartment and bath, to let furnished; all conveniences, piano, Victrola; $65. Apply 117 Judge St., Elmhurst.

Furnished—New Jersey.
NEWARK, N. J.
Roseville Av., 220, nicely furnished new apartment, 4 large light rooms; 35 minutes 33d St., New York; price $90. Telephone 4026 Branch Brook.

Unfurnished—East Side.
THE SHELDON HOTEL. 2-room and bath apartments; modern; 1 first-floor suite, suitable for physician. 780 Madison Av., at 66th St. References.
2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH. Furnished or unfurnished, service, including meals, if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

Unfurnished—West Side.
50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.
57TH, 140 WEST.—Four bright rooms, two baths; high-class building; 10th floor.
74TH, 138 WEST.—Attractive four-room apartment; open fireplaces; steam, electricity; service.
HAMILTON TERRACE, 144TH ST. Two blocks east of Amsterdam Av.; 5 rooms, $850; 6 rooms, $1,025; high-class elevator house; exclusive residential section, near subway and "L"; rent $850 and $1,200.
Three, four rooms, modern improvements; rent $40; west side. B 1031 Times Harlem.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.
APARTMENT, 5-6 SUNNY ROOMS, FOR ABOUT THREE MONTHS; WILL PAY $200 PER MONTH; MUST BE ABOVE 163D, WASHINGTON OR HAVEN AV., OVERLOOKING HUDSON. TEL. 3817 CIRCLE. GUTHRIE.
Two furnished rooms and kitchenette wanted, near Seventh Av. subway, between 100th and 124th Streets. Address, E. J. Ford, 211 West 108th.
Two or three rooms, bath, kitchen; couple; unquestionable references; west or east side; Fourteenth to Fiftieth. K 77 Times.
Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.
Lady will share apartment with lady, preferably below 75th St. K 52 Times.

Unfurnished.
Couple desire 6 or 7 room apartment, front, suitable for doctor's office. $75. S 46 Times.
Wanted 3-4 rooms, bath; east side, between 50th-80th; $35-$45. L., 610 Columbus Av.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.
29TH, 48 EAST.—Large, handsome front room; conveniences; no other roomers. Brooks.
30TH, (168 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $18 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.
48D, 134 EAST.—Two exceptionally well furnished rooms, bath, piano, telephone; suit business man; top floor. Greenhouse.
CLEAN, large room, washroom; running water; closet; electricity; gentlemen only. 234 Lexington, (36th.)
THE HOTEL BELMORE, northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq 501.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

West Side.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room overlooking park; adjoining bath, electricity; gentleman; references.

49TH ST., 11 WEST.—Large room, with private bath.

50TH ST., 240 WEST.—Private house, newly furnished, large rooms, all improvements; $5 up; gentlemen only; nice home.

34 WEST 56TH.
2-ROOM SUITE.

70TH, 60 WEST.—Large room with private bath; southern exposure.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large 2d floor front room; twin beds. Columbus 9635.

75TH, 118 WEST.—Attractive front room, private bath, telephone. Columbus 8927.

75TH, 158 WEST.—Attractively furnished large and small rooms; electricity; gentleman.

75TH, 149 WEST.—Newly furnished residence, well heated, large rooms, electricity; $8-$10.

77TH, 54 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms, with private bath, electricity; references.

78TH, 133 WEST.—Large, warm, sunny front room, private bath, electricity, hot water.

78TH, 110 WEST.—Newly furnished house, electricity, rooms, private bath. $8-$15.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private bath; suitable two gentlemen; electricity, telephone.

78TH, 110 WEST.—Private home; beautiful room, $15; reference essential; breakfast if desired.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Cheerful, well heated room, bath adjoining. Telephone Schuyler 4098.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive rooms, bath, phone, private house, references; $7.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Very desirable large front room, $10; telephone, reception room.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; gentleman preferred.

81ST ST., 27 WEST.—Large, elegant rooms; four windows facing parks; dressing room, bath, conveniences; private house; near subway, "L."

83D, 231 WEST.—Large sunny room; running water; private family; gentleman; references. Reade.

84TH, 301 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double room; private house; just off West End Av.; also small rooms.

85TH, 104 WEST.—Comfortably furnished room with private family. Sanderson.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors, large rooms; private bath; unusually well furnished, modern conveniences; near subway and L; references.

88TH, 113 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished front room; alcove bedroom; running water; electricity; no couples.

88TH, 344 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms, southern exposure, all conveniences, references.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large room; running water; adjoining bath; steam; electricity.

93D, (Riverside.)—Large, light room, with family of 3, $40 month; home comforts. S 85 Times.

100TH, 253 WEST.—Large newly furnished room adjoining bath, American home; references.

104TH, 308 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, exceptionally large front room; refined location, select; $12.

104TH, 247 WEST.—Clean, well furnished; electricity; homelike; gentleman, desiring best. Beidler.

11_TH, 508 WEST.—Large, immaculate, elevator, electricity, telephone, shower, private. 1 West.

115TH, 621 WEST.—American basement, private house; 2d floor back, private bath, $18. 3d floor back, bath adjoining, $12.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Single room, near Columbia, all conveniences; $4. Apt. 3.

142D ST., 639 WEST, Corner Riverside Drive. Private house, large, warm front room adjoining bath, all conveniences; private family, gentleman.

145TH, WEST, (685 St. Nicholas Av.)—Nicely furnished room with all modern conveniences to business person in refined Catholic, Spanish talking family's home; reasonable price; no board. Address personally. Mr. F. Gomez, Apartment 56.

CLAREMONT AV., 140.—Furnished front room in nice apartment with Southern family, $8. Apartment A.

MADISON AV., 1,350.—Bright bedroom, bath. Apt. D. Lenox 5447.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (84th St.)—Beautiful rooms with or without bath; view of river. Phone 9881 Riverside. Apt. 53 Bell.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 640.—Two large rooms, all improvements; use of kitchen and bath; for two, three gentlemen. Nicholson.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

Furnished.

JEWISH families desirous of renting rooms, with or without board, at reasonable rates, are urged to register with the Co-operative Committee for Housing Jewish Girls and Women, at the Young Women's Hebrew Association, 31 West 110th St., daily, from 9-5; Monday, Wednesday and Thursday from 7-9 P. M. Phone Harlem 7043.

Front basement in private house, phone service, above 59th St., west side, give particulars, references given, permanent. Apt. 3B 331 West 190th St.

Gentleman wishes front room, Harlem; modern apartment, private family; $40. B 1039 Times Harlem.

Gentleman desires furnished room and private bath, state terms. A 85 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 161 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator, complete service homelike; including meals, $15 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large sunny room; adjoining bath.

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms, with board; references.

55TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table service; convenient location.

72D, 122 WEST.—Beautiful large front room, private bath; other rooms; reference.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large double room, with bath, by Holland family; give superior accommodation; European style; home cooking.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive large room, second floor; southern exposure; excellent table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large room, with dressing room; steam; unusual table; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST. (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

100TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; private residence; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence: three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

120TH ST., 116 WEST.—Single room; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2_25.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family; beautiful rooms, bath; unexcelled table; gentlemen.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

Educated Spanish young man, able to give references, wants room and board with private American family; could be out of New York no more than 30 minutes from Grand Central; kindly state full particulars. L 44 Times.

Refined Jewish woman wishes room and board with private family in elevator apartment, west side. Phone Audubon 5059, 11-12 A. M., 6-7 P. M.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents on agate line.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."
Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.
W. T. READE, Pro.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

Brooklyn.

Home sanatorium selected, medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Telephone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,364 East 27th St., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, 7½ years' experience; competent controlling accounts, conscientious, correspondent; knowledge stenography, typewriting; references; salary $23-$25. A 776 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, an expert double entry, with initiative and executive ability, desires position in some executive capacity; excellent references. P 241 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, TEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE, THOROUGHLY SYSTEMATIC, DESIRES PART TIME ENGAGEMENTS. R 242 TIMES BRONX.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, typist, expert systematizer; full charge; trial balance; several years' experience; $25. G 590 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT.—Refined young lady, 21, earnest, thoroughly competent in double entry, desiring good, permanent connection. K 44 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, controlling accounts; 6 years' experience textile line; thoroughly capable; highest recommendations. O 261 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience, controlling accounts, monthly trial balances; excellent references. Phone Forsyth 9676.

BOOKKEEPERS' ASSISTANT.—Accurate, competent young lady, desires permanent position; experienced. Box 17, 1,515 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, controlling accounts, 4 years' experience, desires steady position. S 430 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and Stenographer.—High school graduate; experienced; competent; $18. B 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, 5 years' experience; trial balance. E. B. 267 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, high school education, 3 years' experience; $18. K 249 Times.

CHAMBERMAID.—Light colored girl wishes position as nurse or chambermaid; sleep out; state wages. Cochrane, 33 West 99th.

CLERK.—Knowledge typewriting, all office details; 3 years' experience; $14. O 387 Times.

DRESSMAKER wants work home, up to date, and remodeling; reasonable price. Plaza 9157. Lammers, 438 Madison Av.

FILE CLERK, experienced, ambitious, desires opportunity demonstrate ability; references; $15. R 433 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORK.—Experienced maid; colored; morning or day. Adkins, 342 W. 59th St.

LAW STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY desires position; salary $25. K 773 Times Downtown.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Houseman, Cathedral Plaza, 101 West 100th St., Apt. 208.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 3329.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

SECRETARY and Office Manager.—Position wanted by experienced young woman now employed in similar position in war work which is ending; fluent French scholar; would prefer position in war reconstruction work; excellent references. R 62 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Highly recommend my stenographer whom conditions compel me to release; exceptionally capable; intelligent; educated; wide experience and writing ability; $22. B 785 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, excellent stenographer, competent bookkeeper; textile experience; assume responsibility; initiative; executive ability; references; $28. B 1023 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY.—Young college woman, studying music, wishes half day secretarial position. K 43 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, American, eight years' experience. N 287 Times Annex.

SPANISH TRANSLATOR.—Competent young woman desires steady position with a publishing firm or business concern. R 60 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Young woman with exceptional experience in office work, seeks a position where intelligence and close attention to duty will be appreciated. She wishes to be careful as to the place she accepts, because of her desire to obtain a permanent place. Is accustomed to handling correspondence and invites an interview; salary $25 per week at beginning. Z 395 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER-Secretary-Bookkeeper, high school graduate; 6 years' engineering experience; capable handling correspondence; live wire, intelligent, trustworthy; highest credentials; $25. B 1024 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined young lady, just returned from Government, wishes a stenographic position with good concern; pleasant environment essential; 4 years' experience, with best of reference. R 76 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; can also assist bookkeeper; 4 years' experience; best references; salary expected, $20-$22. S 402 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, with some experience; ambitious; willing to do any clerical or office work; very moderate salary. M. S., 117 Rivington St.

STENOGRAPHER desires position; many years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping and general office work; best references. T. Morris, 564 West 160th St.

STENOGRAPHER, COLLEGE GRADUATE, experienced, refined, desires position advertising concern for advertising work. R 447 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, competent, efficient, well conversant with office routine. R. S., 631 Jefferson Place, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Broad engineering experience; high school graduate; excellent credentials. M., 173 Jamaica Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, (21,) high school graduate, 3 years' experience publishing and export; refined, intelligent, capable; salary $18. R 69 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' exp.; intelligent, hard worker, rapid; $18. Gertrude Pawley, 322 East 100th St.

STENOGRAPHER, really capable; knowledge bookkeeping; experienced; $18. Write R. D., 14 Avenue A.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 8 years' experience; expert; academic education; accurate; $21. G 673 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; reliable, willing; $12 to start. B 1026 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; three years' experience; best references. W 674 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2 years' experience; references; American; $15. S 429 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER thoroughly competent, four years' experience, salary $18; best references. A 127 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, competent; excellent references; 4 years' experience; salary $20. K 15 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard and dictaphone operator; 3½ years' experience; references. Phone Flatbush 7855.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, (22,) experienced, educated; bookkeeping knowledge; office routine; $22. B 1021 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Bright beginner; $10 to start. H. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER.—Efficient, neat penman, experienced; $15. E. B., 19 Humboldt St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, willing, rapid, desires position; $15. K 745 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; four years' publishing experience; references; $18. Box 10, 327 East 66th St., city.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 2 years' experience; capable, ambitious, efficient; salary $17. R 431 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $18. G 634 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced, Christian; salary $22. Barlow, 416 East 140th St.

STENOGRAPHER, initiative, neat, accurate, short experience, requires permanent connections. K 200 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and office clerk; thoroughly experienced; best reference; $15. K 30 Times.

TUTOR.—French-Grecian lady wishes resident position or visiting for young girl or boy; highest references. 142 West 78th St.; E. B. L.

TYPIST, office assistant, high school graduate, rapid, accurate, experienced. Harlem 6628. Bergman.

TYPIST.—Experienced, rapid; high school graduate; assist clerking; $16. A 153 Times.

TYPIST, invoice, order clerk, experienced; $18. Box 47, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, competent, desires copying at home evenings. Phone 1345 Rector. R. L.

YOUNG LADY bookkeeper, controlling accounts, typewriting, accustomed waiting on retail trade, desires change; capable of taking entire charge of office; wishes to be connected with reliable house. W 362 Times.

YOUNG LADY, 19, clerical work, high school education, good figurer, penman. A. K., 3,106 Webster Av., Bronx. Tel Williamsburg 213.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants; excellent cooks; investigated references; seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165; Domestic Service Agency, 329 W. 59th.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 311 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th,) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 151 Nassau. Beekman 699.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive with record of achievement, seeks position of responsibility with large corporation. G 509 Times Downtown.

ABLE AND WILLING
LINOTYPE
OPERATOR
DESIRES SITUATION,
either newspaper or job; many years' experience in the composing room of an afternoon paper; references; also qualified to take mechanical portion of advertising agency. Address Basil, K 740 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, executive's assistant, 23, married, just released from accounting department of United States Government; experienced in detail work; knowledge of business law and organization; highest credentials. Maurice Glazer, 1,451 Crotona Place, Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE.
Age 32, married; 15 years' thorough experience, modern office management and accountancy, systematizer, organizer, and economizer, desires connection where thorough knowledge and loyalty will be appreciated. S 28 Times.

ACCOUNTANT AND SYSTEMATIZER.
Monthly, yearly audits, reports; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 8115.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 22, experienced junior, desires connections with accounting firm, where tact and ability will warrant advancement; salary secondary to opportunity. R 406 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-MANAGER.—Ten years' experience; executive ability; familiar with costs and statistical records; also financial statements. Lange, 9 Roosevelt Av., Jersey City.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst, Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT, (22,) two years' experience with C. P. A., senior at N. Y. U., desires accounting connections; honorably discharged army. A 150 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior N. Y. U. graduate, competent, desires permanent C. P. A. connection. O 21 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, cost and general; years' experience office manager; now in charge of office; university graduate. K 42 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, JUNIOR, student bookkeeping experience, seeks connection with public accountant. W 673 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 29, married; 11 years' bookkeeping experience; financial statements. H 485 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AGENCIES.

Do you require services of young men, honorably discharged, with plenty of energy as well as ability to think effectively and write forcefully? Splendid dealer, sales promotion and agency experience; N. Y. U. training; samples available. S. M., 68 Times.

AIRPLANE mechanician, thoroughly experienced in all branches, soon relieved from Naval Air Service, open for position. Finishing course Columbia Gas Engine School. Refer Curtiss Airplane Corp., K 26 Times.

AMERICAN ARTILLERY OFFICER going abroad, released active service, will undertake special commissions; civil life advertising, sales specialist; record for results in selling and executive work. Z 351 Times Annex.

AN EXECUTIVE
Who has held an important position in Washington for the duration of the war is desirous of associating himself with a leading financial, mercantile or shipping house; compensation, $7,500 per annum. Executive, R 70 Times.

ARCHITECT, established professional and executive ability, successful in developing clientele and administration of office and field organizations, project financing and contracting, thorough knowledge of building materials and how to buy or sell them, desires connection with architect, development company, general contractors, or distributors of high-class building material; exceptional qualification for connection offering consistent returns. K 735 Times Downtown.

A YOUNG MAN, 20, thorough business experience, bookkeeper and office assistant, capable and aggressive, seeks connection with a brokerage or accountancy business. R 63 Times.

BILL and ENTRY CLERK, 22, five years' experience Elliott-Fisher, excellent references, seeks connection with firm promising advancement and future in exchange for hard, diligent, conscientious work; $20. S 428 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance, credits, collection, accurate, reliable; moderate salary; excellent references. R 71 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and Credit Man.—Best references; college student; experienced export and import business; salary $25 to start. L 50 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, with public accounting experience, desires connection with firm offering good opportunity; salary $25. K 38 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—One year's experience; good penman, rapid figures; American; $15. K 670 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; experienced; control, double entry ledgers; executive ability; $30. O 355 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; 7 years' experience; controlling accounts; unquestionable references. G 658 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, 10 years' experience, desires work evenings, Saturday afternoon. R 458 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST; knowledge of stenography; bright beginner; $10 to start. A. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 26, married, 8 years' experience, desires to locate with large mercantile concern. K 47 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, (21,) capable; best of reference; not afraid of work. Z 374 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, thoroughly experienced audits, statements, reconciliations; complete charge; $25. S 418 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, honorably discharged; four years' experience; college education. A 94 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, expert, modern methods, accounting student. Rose, 102 1st St., City.

CASHIER AND BOOKKEEPER, resort hotel and club experience, desires position with country club; references and bond. L 45 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Just released from army air service, former first-class New York driver, having experience on all first-class cars; A1 mechanic; private family preferred. J. Williams, 2,545 Webster Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 2 years' shop experience, 5 years' driving; first class references; now employed. George Hultgren, 218 West 50th, care Mason Bros. Garage.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Japanese; sober, neat; careful driver; long experience valet; good references. Chauffeur, Murray Hill 2958.

CHAUFFEUR. — Mechanic, married, 35, wishes position; 10 years' experience; 3 years last place. Care Eggers, 705 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR — Colored, wishes position; willing worker. 452 Riverside Drive, Apt 3A. Morningside 9080.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, have 9 years' experience, expert driver, good mechanic; best reference; go anywhere. Joshi, 882 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, married; private family; excellent references; city or country; $35 weekly. Warnes, 318 E. 84th.

CHAUFFEUR and wife, young couple, desire positions; wife, houseworker. Seppala, 132 East 127th.

CHAUFFEUR.—14 years' experience; drives private all over states. Komornek, 1508 2d Av., Box 4.

CHAUFFEUR wants position; repairs; careful, useful; 4 years' best reference. S 87 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER, 26, college and technical education, five years' experience, general construction with responsibility, seeking general employment; vicinity New York; moderate salary to start. S 5 Times.

CLERK, 25, married, navy release; experienced general office work; expert files, card system, &c.; well recommended. B 838 Times Annex.

COOK wants position in restaurant, hotel, or private family; speaks French and English; good references. Kurkjian, 132 88th St., Brooklyn. Phone Bryant 4967, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

COPY WRITER, stenographer, salesman, experienced, desires position. Alper, 164 Madison St., city.

CORRESPONDENT, capable, live wire; college graduate, 29; high-grade mail-order experience; writes with punch and point; pulls big results; hustler; $40. S 31 Times.

COTTON YARN TRADE.—Wishing to connect with reliable firm, having 2 years' experience as clerk; highly recommended. B. Samuels, 1,765 Park Pl., Brooklyn.

COUPLE-CHAUFFEUR. — Careful driver, mechanic; wife cook, housekeeper; city, country. O 899 Times.

COUPLE, young, want house to look after for people out of town; best reference. R 58 Times.

DETROIT REPRESENTATIVE.
OFFICER, AIR SERVICE, JUST DISCHARGED, 30, WELL ACQUAINTED WITH MANUFACTURERS, ESPECIALLY AUTOMOBILE MANUFACTURERS IN THIS TERRITORY, WISHES TO ESTABLISH HEADQUARTERS IN DETROIT REPRESENTING A HIGH-CLASS ORGANIZATION WITH AN UNDEVELOPED, PARTLY OR FULLY DEVELOPED LINE OF WORTH; CONFIDENT, ABLE, AMBITIOUS, AND CAN FURNISH EXCELLENT REFERENCES; SOMETHING BIG, PLEASE; I'VE GOT TO MAKE GOOD. A. L. B., 471 IRVINGTON AV., ELIZABETH, N. J.

DRAFTING.—All kinds drawings made skillfully and promptly; moderate rates. K 734 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced in mechanical, architectural and topographic drawing; age 32; married. Address E. Hoyos, 511 W. 152d.

DRAFTSMAN, Mechanical, experienced in power plants, general engineering; moderate salary. R 67 Times.

EDITOR'S ASSISTANT, experience in general newspaper work, editorial articles, rewrite, reporting, &c., wishes to affiliate with daily, periodical, or publishing house; under 25 years of age. R 415 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, honorably released, desires to relocate; seven years design power and lighting systems, industrial, residential, &c.; experienced in purchasing, estimating, and details of commercial end of electrical construction. O 400 Times.

ELECTRICAL.—Technical graduate, 9 years' practical engineering experience, desires position as engineer, superintendent, draftsman, inspector, or in engineer's office. Engineer, 91 India St., Brooklyn.

ESTIMATOR AND DRAFTSMAN, (24), honorably discharged from army; 3 years' experience in builder's office, knowledge sale of building materials; salary moderate; best of references. B 1028 Times Harlem.

EXECUTIVE.—Discharged soldier, with experience as chief inspector, production manager, and buyer at boatbuilding, aeroplane, explosive, and shell plants; salary $3,000. K 669 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, (OIL BUSINESS.)
Young assistant to sales executive of large oil company out of employment because of reorganization, desires new connection; salary $2,400. S 432 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER, American, 31, married, ten years principal of educational institution, wishes position where ambitious worker can earn good income; references. S 320 Times.

EXECUTIVE clerk is open to handle good proposition, spare time. K 51 Times.

EXPORTERS.
Spanish speaking American manufacturer and salesman, going into Mexico in own interests, will make confidential report on conditions affecting non-competitive lines or undertake to introduce same. Phone, Audubon 8446. Ask for Mexico Matthews.

EXPORT SHIPPING CLERK; two years' experience; honorable army discharge. B 771 Times Downtown.

HOSIERY EXECUTIVE, thoroughly experienced in high-grade silk and cotton hosiery, wishes a change for sound reasons; highest references. R 61 Times.

LAWYER, relieved from "Army Draft Board" membership, seeks professional or other work where his training, business experience, or his 20 years' law practice will be worth $5,000 yearly; invest savings if desired. "Jerseyman," K 655 Times Downtown.

MANAGER of real estate; take charge of renting, collecting and general supervising of machinery and mechanics; have years of experience; will only consider first-class proposition. J. Schulze, 164 East 33d St., N. Y. C.

OFFICE MANAGER.—&c.—Man, 37, executive ability, solicits position office manager, bookkeeper, salesman. B 769 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.—15 years' experience in the collecting of rents and thoroughly understands repairs of all kinds and the managing of property, estate or office buildings; best of references. Box W 100 Times Square.

REFINED YOUNG MAN wishes position as companion or nurse; excellent reference. Russelle, 958 8th Av., care Sigel.

REPORTER, 20, experienced New York daily, trained N. Y. U. Journalism; references. G 353 Times.

SALESMAN with road experience and selling ability, establishing an agency in Southern States, wishes suitable ladies' and gents' lines and piece goods from reputable firms and mills; immediate interview essential; leaving shortly. O 378 Times.

SALESMAN.—High-grade man, exceptional ability, covering Northern and Eastern New York State, desires to take in side line; if you want business in this section and have a good line, address Commission, S. T., 210 Times.

SALESMAN.—Resident Philadelphian; large following among general cutting-up trade, men's and women's wear; also jobbers; open for lines, woolens, silks, cotton goods. X 306 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, American, married, 34, twelve years' experience, city and road, wishes position where capable hustler can earn good income; references. S 319 Times.

SALESMAN, HIGH GRADE GENTILE making Southern States, desires fine handkerchiefs, hosiery, gloves, neckwear, from best firms. K 49 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, produces results, fluent talker, wishes to connect with automobile specialty house; highest credentials. B 1030 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN.—Will manage branch stores; clothing or tailoring; experience cutting, fitting, alterations. J. Lee, 559 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, now connected, desires to make change; covering Middle West and Southern States. Michaels, 506 West 173d St.

SALESMAN, 28, covered Penn., Ohio, &c., for past six years; highest references, ability, and character. R 48 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man open for good selling proposition; speaks Spanish. L 49 Times.

SALES MANAGER.—Thoroughly experienced, high-class specialty man, good closer, about to make change; best references. O 23 Times.

SAMPLE DEPT.—Young men at present employed as head of sample department in large cotton converting house, desires to make remunerative change. B 1032 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-CORRESPONDENT. — Refined young man, Annapolis graduate, desires to make connection with representative concern where merit has its reward; efficient, conscientious and trustworthy; salary secondary consideration until ability is proven. T. S., 808 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-EXECUTIVE, (29,) ten years' experience New York; past year army officer in charge of branch in Washington; knowledge of Spanish and accounting; highest credentials; salary $30. R 482 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, 21, college student, honorably discharged, experienced, desires good connection with a future; salary $22. R 487 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—7 years' experience, fast, now employed, desires better connection; moderate salary. G 657 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, 5½ years in last position, wishes to make a change. B 1033 Times Harlem.

SPANISH young man, (23), with American college education, wishes position teacher or tutor in Spanish, evenings. B 1036 Times Harlem.

STATISTICIAN, trained, experienced, excellent executive, correspondent, college education, wants position. K 646 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, clerical worker, 18, Commercial High School graduate; experienced; references; salary $15. A. Solomon, 245 Hooper St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, secretary; speedy, accurate; knowledge bookkeeping; 3 years' experience; references; salary $25. B 1035 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—(19) 2 years' experience; high school graduate, one year Columbia College; salary $18; competent. R 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office clerk; experienced; former Government employe; honorable army discharge. G 617 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, capable, experienced, conscientious; highly educated; anything offering future. K 14 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (30,) bookkeeper, all-around office man; moderate salary start. R 2 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, desires position. E. R., 150 2d Av., N. Y. C.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE.—Discharged army Captain, 28 years old, gentile, desires connection with manufacturing or engineering firm. L 26 Times.

TOOL AND GAGE INSPECTOR.
Young man, 27, married, 9-10 years' practical experience, good technical training, wishes position as inspector or assistant foreman with firm doing a high-class tool, gage, or machine work; lately connected with the U. S. Bureau of Standards, Washington, D. C., on the measurement and certification of Government master gages. Address G. H., 189 Ogden Av., Jersey City, N. J.

TRAFFIC POSITION wanted by man with thorough knowledge of transportation matters, having had practical experience in all branches; live wire and competent to meet requirements demanding results. A 135 Times.

WORK SHIRTS AND PANTS.
Cleveland resident commission man, with established trade in Ohio, is open for a good line of men's work shirts, also complete line of pants, on a commission basis; must be reliable concern. Reply G 299 Times.

YOUNG BUSINESS Man, (26,) seeks position; opportunity important, salary not. K 650 Times Downtown.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, (21,) desires position progressive firm; advancement; years' business experience; honorably discharged. Please write H 413 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, age 21; four years' business experience, thorough knowledge credits, collections, claims and office details, seeks connection where ability will secure advancement; unquestionable reference as to ability, honesty and character. S 454 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college graduate, honorably discharged, desires position where prospects for advancement are bright; preferably import and export; no experience, but wishes to learn business game from bottom up; salary no object. K 564 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 24, eight years clerical, billing and export shipping experience, desires permanent position; good typist and figurer; knowledge bookkeeping; excellent references. R 423 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) American, ex-soldier, good education and five years' office experience, desires position that is stepping stone to salesmanship; salary $22. K 652 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 27, married, who has recently closed hardware store, wishes position where conscientious endeavor will be appreciated. Ben Michelson, 837 Beck St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college graduate, honorable army discharge, business training, correspondence, bookkeeping, knowledge, initiative, desires position. L 43 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, well educated, English, Italian; refined; executive and selling ability, wishes position from 4 P. M. to 10 and Saturday afternoons. G 298 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ex-service man, having a thorough knowledge of dry goods, also selling ability, would like a permanent location; excellent reference. O 356 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, wishes position with firm offering future; mercantile preferred; 10 years' experience in large insurance company; references. Willis, 80 William St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, experienced clerk, willing worker, wishes position either day or night. Charles Masone, 838 Fresh Pond Road, Queens.

YOUNG MAN, Japanese, wants position, useful butler or general housework; small family; good reference; honest, sober, willing, obedient. R 64 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, honorable army discharge, high school graduate, 3 years' business experience, position with advancement. K 649 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, initiative and administrative ability, desires position with progressive concern. R 455 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, honorably discharged from army, seven years' experience in clothing line; prefers sales department. W 391 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, Christian; experience as timekeeper, checker and clerk. B 1037 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, knowing parcel post, wants offer; thorough, trustworthy, energetic; permanent; references. G 277 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced bill clerk, cashier, knowledge stenography. J. B 250 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN knowing parcel post wants offer; thorough, trustworthy, energetic; permanent; references. G 277 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, three years high school, wants position in export house to learn foreign trade. R 78 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, desires position with reliable concern; A1 references. R 65 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (31,) well recommended, requires position as office clerk. S 437 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, light colored, desires position with advancement. Abbott, 133 West 132d St.

YOUNG MEN, (2,) employed evenings; side line; few hours day. W 363 Times.

YOUNG MAN attending high school desires work after 3 P. M. L 47 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, with secretary experience; must take charge entire office and correspondence for large Brooklyn concern; splendid opportunity for right party. J. B 777 Times Downtown.

ARTISTS, experienced newspaper advertising illustrations, lettering, designing, figures, photo layouts, &c. Call, with samples, Copic Service Co., 176 Fulton St.

ASSISTANT in office; high school graduate; splendid chance for advancement. Picker, 497 Lexington Av.

BILL CLERKS WANTED, $12
THOSE WHO QUALIFY ARE IN LINE FOR PROMOTION TO TAKE CHARGE OF LEDGERS; ABILITY COUNTS FOR THIS POSITION.
BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.
Spring & MacDougal Sts., New York.
Take 7th Av. Subway to Houston St.

BOOKKEEPERS.
THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE ON CUSTOMERS' CHARGE LEDGERS.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, capable of taking charge of a set of double entry books and managing the office of a sporting goods concern; a knowledge of stenography and typewriting preferable, but not absolutely necessary. Address in own handwriting, stating salary, experience and references. R 59 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist; state age, nationality, religion, appearance, personality, experience, and salary expected; full details first letter. Write Bookkeeper, Box 7, 1,335 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, $25; exceptional chance advancement; other good positions. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

CANDY WRAPPERS wanted for light, sanitary factory; steady work; good wages; a half holiday Saturday. Apply 218E, 30 Church St.

CANVASSERS, 30 wanted, to solicit subscriptions; commission basis only; splendid opportunity for willing workers. Apply all day. 220 West 42d St., Room 1613.

CHAMBERMAID and laundress, experienced; must be clean; references required. Call between 11 and 1, 40 West 71st St.

CLERKS,
tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER, experienced operator with firm of certified public accountants; one who has knowledge of bookkeeping and can assist in auditing; state particulars. R 56 Times.

EXAMINER, experienced on infants' and children's coats. F. Neugass, 72 Madison Av.

FILING CLERK, thoroughly experienced, accurate, and efficient; must be well recommended. G 670 Times Downtown.

FORELADY,
Experienced for waist house; one living in or near Westchester County preferred; good opportunity for advancement; applications must state previous experience. Address A A 801 Times Downtown.

FORELADY.
One who has had thorough experience in millinery line, able to take charge of workroom.
WHITMAN, 598 BROADWAY.

GIRL FOR SAMPLE ROOM IN CANDY FACTORY, EXPERIENCED, INTELLIGENT. AUERBACH, 46TH ST., 11TH AV.

GIRLS. — SMALL; MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL; LADIES' NECKWEAR HOUSE. TAUSICK, 894 B'WAY.

HOUSEWORKER wanted, mother and daughter, (white or colored,) in small family; light work, good wages. Apply H. G., 103 Park Av., N. Y. Room 1113. Telephone Mur. Hill 2013.

HOUSEWORKER in suburb; general housework and cooking; no laundry. Call Monday, between 10 and 4, Room 1103, 2 West 47th.

HOUSEKEEPER, working all or part time. 133 West 76th.

HOUSEWORKER.—Girl, (white,) for general housework; small family. 523 West 112th St. Telephone Cathedral 7474.

KITCHEN MAID, experienced, good worker, sleep out. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th.

LADY'S MAID, Scotch or English, not over 35, to do some chamberwork; references required; liberal wages; residence in country this Winter. Address L. L., 60 Wall St.

MILLINERY COPYISTS
on wire frames, one with original ideas, retail experience preferred; steady position guaranteed. Weiss & Samish, 37 West 57th.

MILLINERS,
PREPARERS,
APPRENTICES.
Must have 5th Av. experience.
HARRY COLLINS, 9 EAST 57TH.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.
Ready-to-wear hats; good pay; steady position. Whitman, 598 Broadway.

MILLINERS AND COPYISTS.
First class; long season; good wages. Apply all week, Latour, 82 West 58th St.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
for wholesale dress house.
ROBBINS DRESS CO.,
16 Madison Avenue.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MODELS.

SEVERAL STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 16, LONG SEASON; HIGHEST SALARY PAID.

LEO FINKELBERG, INC., 31 E. 31ST ST.

MODELS,
Size 16 and 34,
tall, attractive, stylish,
SALARY $25,
Apply all week,
JOSEPH ECKSTEIN,
40 East 30th St.

MODEL.—TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY, FULL SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MILLAR-MANDEL, 38 E. 30TH.

MODELS, size 16, experienced in cloak and suit house. Apply A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th St.

MODELS FOR CLOAKS AND SUITS, SIZE 16 AND 36; GOOD PAY. G. B. H. MFG. CO., INC., 15 EAST 26TH.

MODEL, ACCUSTOMED YOUNG LADY, SIZE 16, FOR DRESS HOUSE. LEO FINKENBERG, 31 EAST 31ST ST.

MODELS, 16 and 36, for cloak and suit house. Goldstein & Falk, 144 West 27th.

MODEL wanted for misses' dress house, size 16. Sussbaum Herzig Co., 30 West 26th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER, refined woman; suburbs; must know how to sew; good home; splendid opportunity. Call Monday, 10 to 4, Room 1103, 2 West 47th.

MOTHER'S HELPER.—Young woman with good reference; light housework; wages $50. Telephone Gramercy 1829.

MOTHER'S HELPER, for mornings only; references required. Mrs. M. H. Green, 303 West 84th St.

NURSE, graduate of general or children's hospital, wanted in small private, suburban school; must assume entire responsibility for high standard of physical care; congenial surroundings; good salary. B. B., 333 Times.

NURSE, experienced, for 10-months-old child; steady position; good home; good salary; references. S. H. Pasternak, 700 West 179th St. Tel. St. Nicholas 8754.

NURSE of experience wanted for 2 little girls, age 10 months and 4½ years; best personal references required; high wages. Phone Col. 4488.

NURSE, middle-aged, practical, to care for invalid old lady at night. Apply Monday before 3. Gutmann, 2 West 89th St.

NURSE for young children in day nursery; must be able to supervise work of assistants. Address A 119 Times.

NURSE.—Experienced, competent white nurse for one child, 18 months; best references. 981 Madison Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted with knowledge of typewriting and willing to learn operating switchboard. Apply in person or by letter, Atlantic Pacific Mfg. Co., 124-128 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PUBLISHING HOUSE requires services of a young lady thoroughly familiar with compiling directories; excellent opportunity for right party; state age, salary, experience. G 668 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY for large linen house to call on high-class, private families for selling imported household linens and laces; salary and commission. A 103 Times.

SALESLADY. — Refined personality; high class, permanent position, silks; experience unnecessary; salary and commission; third day; short hours. 1,482 Broadway, 813.

SALESLADIES, refined, experienced, studious, to sell waists; steady positions. Avedon, 448 5th Av.

SALESWOMAN, calling on department stores city, vicinity, line of infants' wear, aprons; state experience; commission basis. S 68 Times.

SERVANT, middle-aged, in Jewish family; good salary and board. Call or write, Harrison, 1,251 37th St., Brooklyn.

SHOE SALESWOMEN
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

STENOGRAPHER
with knowledge of bookkeeping as assistant secretary to executive; good pay to right party. N. C., 44 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS and FINANCIAL SECRETARIES; expert; $25 to $40 a week; only best testimonials considered. Mail them to A 51 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, proficient, accurate, neat appearing, educated; about $16. Apply 1228, Woolworth Building.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, rapid, accurate; state experience and salary expected. G 669 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER Wanted.—Some experience or bright, ambitious beginner. W 680 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young girl, while acquiring speed; good salary; easy hours. X. P., 260 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; young lady; must be efficient, neat, and generally useful. Peck's Advertising Agency, 347 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced law stenographer. Call after 4 P. M., Suite 55, 20 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER, with some experience, and with initiative. Botwin, 45 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, and office assistant. U. S. Specialty Co., 336 B'way.

SWITCHBOARD Operator—Wanted in a large downtown office, a woman switchboard operator; only those with considerable experience will answer; the switchboard has 4 trunk lines and 25 extensions, and applicant must be well educated and refined. Fire Insurance, K 736 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for small monitor board; must be alert, intelligent and refined; attractive personality and appearance and pleasing voice absolutely essential. G 671 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, piece work, experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

VISITING GOVERNESS.—Young English woman to take charge of two little girls from 9:30 till 6; must understand kindergartening; references required; please write fully to Box X 227 Times Annex.

WAITRESS, experienced; reference; sleep out. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th.

WOMEN, attractive fluent talkers, capable of selling household articles in Greater New York; salary and commission. Call M. Loewenstein, 178 5th Av., near 23d St.

WOMAN to assist with baking and salads in cafeteria and tea room; short hours. 18 West 43d St.

WOMAN for general work in cafeteria and tea room, short hours. 18 West 43d St.

YOUNG LADY for general clerical work in large wholesale house in Brooklyn; must be accurate; bookkeeping experience desired and good handwriting essential; state age, experience, and salary desired. A 547 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, sell pictures; big salary or commission; experience unnecessary. Studio 503, 503 5th Av. Entrance 42d St.

YOUNG LADY wanted in the foreign dept. of a mercantile house; beginner preferred. Apply by letter, R 417 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for general office work in publishing house; to start, $10. Wise & Co., 56 West 45th.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BE A FILING CLERK
and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing. Salaries $15 to $30 per week. Our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position. Afternoon and evening classes. Enter our new classes starting today. Number of students limited. Apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 30 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 6 P. M. Write for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

AMBITIOUS WOMEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the woman trained in ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES. Send for Bulletin 19, "Opportunities for Women," and details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course, individual instruction, students on probation, graduates registered. 33 W. 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL for women; largest and best equipped; visitors who wish to inspect the school should secure free pass at West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Wanted—Talented amateurs, beginners. All ages, both sexes, for motion picture productions. Trycuts arranged. Call 10 A. M.–8 P. M., Lorna Doone Studios, 142 W. 125th.

MOVIE STAR will accept limited number of pupils anxious for screen appearance. For appointment write Movie Star, Room 611 World Building, N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

Become an expert telephone operator; complete course, $10. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; TYPISTS, $15-$18; CAN PLACE YOU IMMEDIATELY. STENOGRAPHERS' BUREAU, 158 B'WAY.

Lang Agency, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, clerical, legal. Excellent permanent positions. Call immediately.

STENOGRAPHERS, $22-$30, commercial; typists. Atlas Agency, Room 513, 132 Nassau St.

Madison Agency, 17 Madison Av., 45th Madison Square, wants office help. Free registration.

FULTON AGENCY, 93 NASSAU ST.
Stenographers, Bookkeepers, $20-$25.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER.—Credit and collection experience necessary; New Jersey manufacturing corp., near New York; exceptional opportunity; in replying give complete details past employment, age, and salary expected. X 288 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced on customers' ledgers and controlling accounts; state in detail past experience, salary expected, and references. S. D. 166 Times.

AGENTS.—Live wires, good opportunity, those interested; commission basis only. Apply Room 1613, 220 West 42d St.

ARTIST, high class, required to work in Buffalo, capable of handling best class of illustrative work for newspapers; one who is strong on men's figures preferred; advertiser is prepared to pay $100 to $125 a week to commence with; a year's engagement will be given; when first replying give particulars as to where you have worked, which will be treated confidentially, and any special advertising campaigns your work may have appeared in; if interesting you will be requested to send on samples. X 209 Times Annex.

ARTISTS, experienced, newspaper advertising, illustrations, lettering, designing, figures, photo layouts, &c. Call with samples, Copice Service Co., 176 Fulton St.

A.—SALESMAN.
A New York Catholic Church goods house of national reputation has opening for "live wire" city salesman; knowledge of selling more important than experience in our line; splendid opportunity for man who can produce; salary or commission basis; write, giving full particulars as to past experience; all correspondence strictly confidential. X 271 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT to purchasing agent of a motor appliance manufacturing concern wanted; must be good correspondent and have had experience in following up orders and material; state salary. X 291 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN.
Only High Grade
men with A1 references considered.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORP.,
1,920 Broadway.

BEST & CO.,
5th Av. and 35th St.
require an
EXPERIENCED ELEVATOR STARTER,
(white,) accustomed to first-class stores; a permanent position now open. Apply by mail only, stating complete experience, reference, age, salary desired, &c. Applications strictly confidential; liberal salary.

BILLIARD MECHANICS to set up, overhaul, and cover. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d St.

BOOKKEEPER, GENERAL OFFICE MANAGER, TO TAKE FULL CHARGE OF BOOKKEEPING, CORRESPONDING, CREDIT, AND TO SUPERVISE OFFICE HELP; MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH GENERAL BUSINESS IN MANUFACTURING LINE. S. SHERMAN, 9 DESBROSSES ST., NEW YORK CITY.

BOOKKEEPER.—Piano manufacturing company wants bookkeeper to take full charge; double entry, cost, monthly trial balances; full responsibility; no one over 40 and who is unwilling to work in the Bronx need apply. Address X 301 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, experienced in detail work; good opportunity for rapid advancement. Call 9 to 10 A. M. or 5 to 6:30 P. M. Monday. Republic Textile Co., 244 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; Wall St. export house; state age, salary, religion, experience; good opportunity for young man. G 673 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY WANTED.—BOY OVER 15; ONE WHO IS AMBITIOUS AND LOOKING FOR A FUTURE; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE AT FIGURES; SALARY TO START AT THE RATE OF $40 A MONTH. B. W., B 193 TIMES.

BOYS.—Large surety company wants office boys; excellent chance for advancement for bright, well educated boys; state age and education. A 759 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED FOR OFFICE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY TO START $10. THE FRANK MILLER CO., 349 WEST 26TH ST.

BOY wanted for general office work; good opportunity to work up in well-known automobile organization. Call Colt-Stratton Co., 109 West 64th St., 5th floor.

BOY, about 18 years, make himself useful in shirtwaist house; salary $10 to $12; apply between 12 and 1 o'clock only. Rosenthal Bros. Co., 44 West 28th.

BOYS, (3,) COLORED, NOT OVER 20, FOR GENERAL WORK IN BILLIARD CLUB. APPLY AFTER 11 A. M., 227 WEST 74TH ST. TAKE ELEVATOR.

BOY, bright, for general office work, must be public school graduate, good opportunity for advancement. H. Muehlstein, 2,401 3d Av.

BOY to work in electrotype foundry; opportunity to learn trade. Apply Knickerbocker Electrotype Company, 424 West 33d St.

BOY wanted for office work; opportunity for beginner. Apply by letter, R 418 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in advertising agency. Call at J. Walter Thompson Company, 244 Madison Av.

BOY wanted for export office; American or Spanish; give references and state salary expected. R. B., 113 Times.

BOY, bright, for office work. Apply Room 1105, 501 Fifth Av.

BRILL BROTHERS
REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A NUMBER OF THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MEN'S CLOTHING SALESMEN. APPLY MONDAY MORNING AFTER 9. 1619 BROADWAY, CORNER 59TH ST.

CASHIER.
LIFE INSURANCE.
A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance, cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. K 625 Times Downtown.

CIGARS.
SALESMAN, RETAIL, GOOD OPENING WITH EXCEPTIONAL PAY; SALARY AND COMMISSION FOR LIVE WIRE WITH PERSONALITY. MAHN, 1,169 BROADWAY.

CIRCULATION.—Young man with successful experience in magazine circulation and promotion wanted as assistant circulation manager of New York weekly and monthly; the position includes handling agents' department; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 844 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

COLLECTOR for wholesale grocery; man of good habits, steady and reliable; state salary and past experience. S. R. 112 Times.

COLLEGE MEN.—Part time; outside work; excellent chance for hustlers; call, with credentials, 3 to 4 P. M.; salary, 115 East Houston St., National Theatre Building, 1st floor. Rosenblatt.

DESIGNER WANTED FOR FINE WOVEN FABRICS; ONLY EXPERIENCED MAN NEED APPLY. ADDRESS "RELIABLE," BOX B 198 TIMES.

DIAMOND SETTERS, jewelers, ring makers, and repair men wanted. Eisenstadt Mfg. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

DRAFTSMAN.—An excellent opportunity for a first-class lay out man, do not apply unless you have had at least 5 years' drafting experience on automobile or motor cycle. Apply Militor Corp., Bergen and Kenney Av., Jersey City.

DRAFTSMEN, detailers and tracers, on machine work; permanent position; state experience and salary. P. O. Box 72, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ELECTRICIAN wanted for wire and conduit work in Chile, South America, three-year contract, transportation and salary paid while traveling; submit full details of experience and salary expected. X 240 Times Annex.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR.
EIGHT-HOUR SHIFT; APPLY AT ONCE. 853 7TH AV., APARTMENT HOUSE.

ENGINEER.—Opening for chief engineer in one of the city's largest hotels; only exceptional men need apply; state experience for past ten years. E. M., 806 Times Downtown.

ENGRAVER.—Casket plate engraver wanted at once; only first class man will be considered; steady employment; those using liquor need not apply; call today, 9 A. M. 151 East 125th St.

EXECUTIVES.
Import and Export Banking and Commercial House with world-wide connections requires the services of several high-grade men capable of holding executive positions home and abroad; applicants must possess thorough knowledge of general import and export business, only those fully conversant with this business need apply; applicants must also be thoroughly familiar with both Spanish and English languages, must be competent to take charge of office; these positions offer excellent opportunities to the right men; reply in confidence, giving full particulars as to business career, state markets most familiar with, class of merchandise handled, &c.; also give age, nationality. S 405 Times Downtown.

FIRE INSURANCE.—Two young men wanted in cash department, having some experience in that line, also a boy for general office work. G 674 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN TRADE.—A large wholesale paper merchandising institution wants a man for research work in South America, one who speaks Spanish, knows something of the paper business, and can make a thorough trade survey in certain South American republics; he should know something of the principles of advertising and trade promotion; in replying, give references, state qualifications and compensation expected. X 248 Times Annex.

FURNITURE SALESMEN.
Only those with experience in high-class shops need apply
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

GARAGE MANAGER wanted; must be an expert with good references. Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y. C.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN, competent to take charge of alteration department in women's large specialty store; out of town; must be experienced and furnish best of references; splendid opportunity for right party. Answer, S 179 Times.

MAN, clerical experience, immediate and permanent position; $12 to start; advancement. Apply Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

MEN'S HAT SALESMAN
wanted, with established trade; none but experienced need apply; salary. A 712 Times Downtown.

MIDDLE WEST and Western representatives, now representing other magazines, to represent three additional ones of contrasting editorial character and appeal, on a commission basis; state references and detail experience. B 803 Times Annex.

NECKWEAR.
Young man to take charge of silk and cutting department in large men's neckwear house; state experience and salary expected. B 244 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted by manufacturing concern; must be quick, accurate at figures, good penman; hours 8 to 5:30; give full particulars as to qualifications, experience, references and salary expected. Box L, Long Island City.

OFFICE MANAGER to take charge of books for large suburban commercial school; should know all filing systems and use of principal office appliances; state clearly who you are and what you are worth. X 236 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY wanted, with good knowledge of typewriter and willing to learn export business; $8 per week; good opportunity for advancement. Call at once, Room 602, 25 Beaver St.

OFFICE BOY wanted by export and import house; apply in own handwriting, stating age and schooling. Address "South America," R 484 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY in cotton goods broker's office; good chance for advancement. K 656 Times Downtown.

PATTERN MAKERS.
First-class men wanted.
AMERICAN MACHINE & FOUNDRY CO.,
5,520 2d Av., Brooklyn.

PHARMACEUTICAL TABLET MAKER WANTED; MAN THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT. APPLY IN PERSON OR BY MAIL TO THE WM. S. MERRELL CHEMICAL COMPANY, 25 CHURCH STREET.

PHOTOGRAPHER, ONE ACCUSTOMED TO TAKING PHOTOGRAPHS OF CHANDELIERS PREFERRED. ADDRESS, GIVING AGE, REFERENCE, SALARY DESIRED. P. A., 801 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PHYSICIAN for steady position in an advertising medical office; must be registered in Ohio; state references and all details. P. Z., 176 Times.

PRINTING WORKING FOREMAN, capable of doing stone work, taking charge of medium size plant; state qualifications, salary, and reference; good opportunity; replies confidential. G 667 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for high-class children's and intermediate dresses; one who is a hustler and understands office trade, and to be a general man; open all territories; commission paid of all house net sales. For interview call from 10 to 12 A. M. only. Mme. Iturada, 35 West 36th St., 8th floor.

SALESMAN. — WANTED, HIGH-CLASS SALESMAN FOR NOVELTY SWEATERS AND BATHING SUITS, TO COVER DEPT. STORES IN NEW YORK AND PENN.; ONLY ONE WITH FOLLOWING WILL BE CONSIDERED; WRITE IN CONFIDENCE; COMMISSION BASIS. B 235 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Energetic salesman to sell income tax service to lawyers, accountants, banks, and business houses; to right man with an earning capacity of $5,000 is offered an opportunity to become sales manager. Prentice-Hall, Inc., 70 5th Av.

SALESMAN,
with large retail following, to handle good line of middy blouses and dresses through Western, New England and Pennsylvania States, on commission basis. N 251 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN—Experienced corset salesman for New England to handle first-class unbranded line; salary and commission. Address, giving full particulars, strictly confidential, K 11, 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted by manufacturer specializing capes and suits, better grade merchandise, popular prices; employ no road salesmen; all territories open; opportunity; commission basis. R. H., 119 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our high-grade teas and coffees to our old customers, on commission and salary; write for our proposition and samples. C. L. Staples & Co., Dept. 83, Clinton, Iowa.

SALESMAN, for Greater New York, to call on hotels, restaurants, steamships, hospitals, &c., to sell food products; commission basis; excellent opportunity for a live wire. A 725 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN. WELL KNOWN AND ESSENTIAL OFFICE DEVICE; GOOD TERRITORY OPEN; STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS. ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION. A 724 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN WANTED for cloaks and suits, only those that have good following need apply; special inducements to right parties; salary or commission. Waldman, 1,161 Broadway.

SALESMAN who calls on office trade and department stores wanted to take out as a side line a good popular line of muslin gowns; commission basis. X 226 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, young man, knowledge of retail millinery trade, good proposition for right party; salary or commission. M. M., 801 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Live wires can earn $40 to $50 a week commission on the best inhalation club offer on the market. Call 9-10, Room 1120, 132 Nassau St.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced coats and suits, to take side line or travel direct in Penn., N. Y., Ohio, and Va.; commission. I 246 Times Annex.

SALESMEN experienced, to solicit household articles in Greater New York; salary and commission. Call M. Loewenstein, 178 5th Av., near 23d St.

SALESMAN, men's dress shirts side line, commission, can furnish up-State, Ohio, and New England accounts. A 783 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted on commission basis, export service; should earn more than $100 weekly. Phone Mr. Krieger, 6503 Chelsea, for appointment.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted for work shirts and overalls, on commission basis. American Shirt and Overall Manu. Co., 524-28 Broadway.

SALESMAN to be employed by firm of decorators on 15 per cent. commission basis, experience necessary. Steady. O 384 Times.

SALESMAN, canvassing for highest grade piano line Norfolk, Va.; fare paid; salary and commission. Permanent. 193 Times.

SALESMEN EXPERIENCED AT VEILINGS AND HAVING A FOLLOWING; SALARY AND COMMISSION. T. J. M., 212 TIMES.

SALESMEN—High-class salesmen wanted for coat, suit and dress house, all territories, commission and salary. B 285 Times.

SALESMAN, live wire, for skirt and dress house, salary and commission. Fitwell Dress, 12 West 17th.

SALESMAN, electrical supplies; must be experienced, salary. Apply Frost, 304 Bowery.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER:
assistant to chief executive; must be rapid, accurate and resourceful; apply, by letter only, stating educational equipment, experience, references and salary expectation; do not attempt an interview unless your confidential letter incites invitation to such.
L. BARTH & SON,
32 Cooper Square.

SECRETARY STENOGRAPHER, to executive, experienced, efficient, well educated, and well appearing person; good salary; reply stating age, experience, &c. X 303 Times Annex.

SERVICE MEN wanted by large insurance company, desirable positions are open for ex-service men of the Engineering Corps of the U. S. Army who have been bodily wounded; no income preferred; good personality and mechanical training essential for success in this branch of work. Address Box 254 Times Annex.

SHEET METAL WORKER, one who can take full charge of shop, layout work and estimate. Write Metal, Box 7, 1,235 3d Av.

SHIPPING CLERK, EXPERIENCED, IN DRESS HOUSE,
to take charge of shipping department; state age, experience and salary expected. Address Box 120, 437 Manbridge Bldg.

SHOE SALESMAN—Experienced, good salary, permanent position. 240 Main St., New Rochelle.

SILK UNDERWEAR MANUFACTURERS.
Salesman with capital and commanding a large trade wants to connect with party thoroughly experienced in this line, to act as designer and capable of managing factory; replies must state details in full, past experience, strictly confidential. Box K. B., 805 Times Downtown.

SOLOISTS—Three string soloists wanted for February, March and April, the finest resort hotel in the world desires to engage violin, viola, and 'cello to render largely solo classical chamber music under the direction and in company with one of America's leading orchestra, organists and directors using great and small organ. Americans, British, French or Italians preferred. Write, giving full particulars and a history of your work. Soloist, X 261 Times Annex.

SOLICITOR familiar with export and warehouse motor trucking and shipping, good salary for live wire, good opportunity for advancement. Apply 6 Church St., Room [illegible], Mr. Wagner.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER — The largest concern of its kind in the world located in Western New York can use a young man who knows how to make the best of his opportunities. He will be required to take dictation in both Spanish and English from the Manager of Foreign Sales. Besides this he will be given every opportunity to familiarize himself with the work of the department and eventually become assistant to the Manager of Foreign Sales when properly qualified. Make application in English and also enclose translation of the same in Spanish. State age, experience, nationality, and salary expected in the first letter. Applicants omitting any of the above information will not be considered. X 307 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced law stenographer for night work, must be available during day, good salary and overtime. R 6 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, bright, ambitious young man in stock and bond house, call after 1 P. M. Mr. Ware, 62 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, Mercantile experience necessary, good figurer. A 780 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—$15 week, board and room. Call at 140 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

STOCK BOY with wholesale silk firm; good opportunity to learn the business for clean American boy; state age, education, and references. A 750 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK EXPERIENCED in charging goods to contractors, only one experienced with dress house need apply; state age, experience and salary expected. Box 140, 437 Manbridge Bldg.

STOCK CLERK wanted, hosiery. Apply Store, 602 Broadway.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.
Two high-class telephone salesmen to sell an exceptional high grade dividend-paying security passed by the Capital Issues Committee over the telephone, good salary, liberal commission, and bonus to producers only. Apply Investment Brokers, 1,845 Broadway.

TEACHER—Bookkeeping, accounting; college graduate preferred, day or evening; Brooklyn. R 72 Times.

TELEPHONE STOCK SALESMEN, 2, experienced, with clientele, wanted by prominent security house; good chance for man; [illegible] salary and commission or [illegible], producers only. Apply C. [illegible] 20 Broad St., Room 537, between 12 and 1.

TUTOR wanted. Have splendid opportunity for a well-educated young man, English and Hebrew scholar; write for appointment. Frank Cohen, 1,600 East New York Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WINDOW TRIMMER and sign writer wanted for an up-to-date department store 200 miles west of New York, one who is capable of filling both positions, must be expert in his line, none others need apply; applications treated strictly confidential. X 235 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish or Spanish-American young man (20 to 25) with good knowledge of English and typewriting; good appearance, credentials. Write in Spanish and English stating age, education, salary required. R 56 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in a large downtown office who writes a clear legible hand and is quick at figures, answer should state age, experience, and salary expected. K 737 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, office assistant, knowledge stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping; A1 references, good opportunity; give details. Box 7[illegible] Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for stock in millinery house, experienced in line. Teschner & Co., 24 West 33d St.

YOUNG MAN to assist shipping clerk. See Mr. Howkes, National Whalebone Co., 25 East 45th.

YOUNG MAN, clerical work, correct and quick at figures. Clerical, 273 Times.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—Three months' course; individual instruction, students on probation; graduates registered. 33 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

Become expert bookkeepers; stenographers; typists; day-evenings. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MOVING-PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
BUY NOW, SAVE MONEY.
ABBOTT-DETROIT, 1919, brand new.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1918, suburban sedan land.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, landaulet limousine.
STUTZ, 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
STUTZES, 1917, 4 and 6 passengers.
HUDSON, 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
HUDSON, 1917, 4-passenger Sport.
CADILLAC, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
BUICK, 1918, 7-passenger touring.
PACKARD, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
MARMON, 1917, 7-passenger touring.
FRANKLIN, 1917, 5-passenger touring.
LANCIA, 1916, runabout, disappearing seats.
LANCIA, 1915, runabout, disappearing seats.
LANCIA, 1915, 4-passenger Sport.
Latest importation Fiat Fleetwood landaulet.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., Est. 1902,
1,676 Broadway, open evenings. Circle 65.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster, wire wheels.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1918 "48," convertible coupe.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

A CLEARANCE SALE.
NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.
STANDARD CARS GUARANTEED LIKE NEW.
Standard 1917 limousine, like new throughout.
Standard 1918 touring; demonstrators; run very little.
Standard 1917 touring, excellent condition.
Stutz roadster, late model; mechanically very good; newly repainted and renickeled; tires practically new. Big bargain.
Chalmers 1918 sedan; run 3,500 miles; elegant condition.
Chalmers 1917 touring, slip covers, good paint and tires.
Premier 1917 Chummy Roadster, very good.
Satisfactory demonstrations given on every car.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORPORATION.
1920 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4648.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLACS.

The man who wants to enjoy the advantages of CADILLAC ownership, and prefers not to invest the amount which a new CADILLAC requires, can gratify his desire in one of our used CADILLACS which has been overhauled and repainted.

1918 Model 57, 5-pass. Touring.
1918 Model 57, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Touring.
1918 Model 53, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 5-pass. Touring.
1915 Model 51, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Limousine.
1917 Model 55, Landaulet Brougham, new body; exceptional car.
1915 Model 51 Roadster.

NEWARK BRANCH,
Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co.,
536 Broad St., Newark.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC 1917 7-pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1917 LIMOUSINE.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 38 Landaulet.
PACKARD 1918 LIMOUSINE, 3-35.
PACKARD 1917 COUPE, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 PHAETON, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 TOURING, 2-35.
PACKARD 1917 ROADSTER, 2-25.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 CABRIOLET.
PACKARD 1915 TOURING, 3-38.
PACKARD 1915 PHAETON, 3-38.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE.
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078-5079.

CADILLAC 1917—LANDAULET.—A perfect car, dark blue body and white wheels, with five brand new U. S. cord tires; no dealers. Owner, 147 West 77th St. Phone 9050 Schuyler.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; new cord tires; many extras; excellent condition; rare opportunity.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. Fourth floor.

CADILLAC 1918-1917 four-passenger sport.
PIERCE-ARROW, 1918 Landaulet, 38 h. p.
PACKARD 1918 Limousine, 3-35.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; absolutely perfect condition; make offer. Telephone owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC 1918, also 1917 sedan, 1917 tourings; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC Brougham Sedan, 1916; must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition, slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan, price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHANDLER DISPATCH 1918; only used five months; perfect condition; all extras; will trade smaller car. C. W. Lowa, 197 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

COLE USED CAR DEPT.
Cole Sedans, tourings, and Chummy roadsters. 226 West 56th St., fourth floor.

DETROIT electric, 1918 model; new battery; car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,500; ask to see C's car at Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y.

DODGE Sedans, 1918 and 1917. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

FIAT AUTOMOBILE. — 45 horse power chassis; excellent condition; very low price. H. S. Ricca, 99 Southern Boulevard.

GUARANTEED EXCHANGE LOCOMOBILES AND OTHER MAKES.
Sr. 2 Locomobile 7-Pass. Tour.
Sr.-2 Locomobile "48" 4-Pass.
1916 Locomobile Landaulet.
1917 Willey's Knights Spec. Limo.
1—35 Packard Touring.
1915 Winton 7-Pass. Touring.
Inquire of G. M. Brock,
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
61st St., West of B'way, N. Y. C.

HUDSON "Special" Suburban Sedan; like new; wire wheels; blue velvet upholstery; extras.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. Fourth floor.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 sedan, 1918 touring, 1917 speedster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan. Apt. 8-G, 780 Riverside Drive, 7100 Audubon, after 6 P. M.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON Super Six cabriolet, good condition, immediate sale, $1,400. K 50 Times.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; wonderful condition. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

LATEST MODEL SEDAN.
'19 series Studebaker light six, 4-door sedan; practically brand new; beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., second floor. See Mr. Christie.

LOCOMOBILE, 48, 1918, 4-passenger, special; excellent condition; no dealers. R 23 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOCOMOBILE, 1918, special built town car, perfect. Cukor, 200 West 86th St. Schuyler 5200.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1918 PACKARD Tr., used 2,800 miles.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 CADILLAC Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1916 STUTZ, 4-passenger.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

MACFARLAN 1917, A1 condition, Victoria top; cost $4,200, sell $1,600. West Side Auto Repair Co., 214 West 65th.

MARMON collapsible brougham, late 1917, like new; reasonable; no dealers. Bushey, 1,655 Broadway.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES,
Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

MERCER Raceabout, 22-72; condition guaranteed; must sell. Slocum, 5010 Schuyler.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 Sedan; attractive bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 59th St.

PACKARD 5-passenger, six-cylinder touring car, model 6-38; good condition, just overhauled; no dealers; sold to satisfy creditor. E. Jensen, 2,576 Park Av., near 138th. Melrose 9635.

PACKARD limousine, 2-35, 1917; specially built body; run about 12,000 miles. Weeks, State Garage, 112 East 63d St.

PACKARD.—Credit of $600 on new Packard transferred for $300. E. A. Strout, 600 West 113th St.

PACKARD 1918 touring, used 2,800 miles; almost new. Lobell Aborn, 230 West 56th.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN.
Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; no dealers; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Will sell my town car, model 1917. Apply Ritz Garage of Mr. Hirsch. Plaza 9368.

REMARKABLE CLEARANCE SALE.
OFFERING SOME OF THE BEST BARGAINS OF THE YEAR.
STUDEBAKER 1917, Springfield Sedan; good condition; tires and paint, extra shoe, brown whipcord upholstery like new; exceptional bargain.
SERIES 1918, 6-cylinder 5-passenger special body De Luxe model in first-class condition mechanically and otherwise; runs beautifully; painted a dark blue, with natural wood wheels; very sporty and a very exceptional bargain.
STUDEBAKER 1918, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring, in A1 condition; driven very carefully; no reasonable offer refused.
STUDEBAKER 1917, 6-cylinder touring, in fine condition throughout, offered at a price that will surely interest you.
STUDEBAKER, late model, 5-passenger, in good condition and at a big sacrifice.
STUDEBAKER, small touring, in beautiful condition; recently repainted a dark maroon with gold stripes; very fine running condition; good tires; don't overlook this fine value.
DODGE 1918, with Winter top; very low priced.
STUDEBAKER DISTRIBUTER,
1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.
Tel. Decatur 1484.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1918 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STUTZ 1918.—6-passenger touring; condition new. Phone Circle 5692.

WHITE Touring Car, 4-cylinder, 6 valves; Herz spark plugs; Goodyear tires, 37x5, all weather; Bosch magneto; town body for the Winter months; Weed chain, with spings; no dealers. G 516 Times Downtown.

WINTON, 1917, 48 H. P., 7-passenger, limousine, almost new; all Goodyear tires; will demonstrate; private parties; no dealers. Rudini, 507 West Broadway, New York.

WINTON, Model 33, light six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

HURLBURT 1918 3½-ton truck, with stake body; this truck has been in actual use for only four months and still carries the Hurlburt factory warranty; cost $4,730, will sell for $3,500 or best offer; good reason for selling. Z 370 Times Annex.

THREE WHITE ONE-TON TRUCKS, with Brill 12-passenger enclosed pay enter bus bodies. T. C. Smith & Co., 1,531 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Penn.

FORD 1½-ton, express body, good condition, just overhauled; cost $1,300 six months ago. Ford Agents, White Bros., Inc., 2,402 Grand Concourse. Fordham 11.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. 'Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD six limousine, hourly, monthly; reasonable; owner drives; references. Jones, Columbus 9021.

BEAUTIFUL five-passenger limousine, by hour, day, week, or month. Circle 581.

Automobile Bodies.

PACKARD.—Have a four-passenger coupe body, new, never mounted; cost $1,300; will sacrifice $750. Dunham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOS WANTED; 1 OR 100.
Must have a big number of autos for Southern shipment.
ALL MAKES AND TYPES.
Not older than 1914.
CASH WAITING.
Telephone or call, 1,763 Broadway.
Telephone Circle 2478.

CADILLACS, 1917-1918; closed cars wanted; spot cash waiting. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St.	Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Lady's caracul coat, collar and cuffs trimmed with skunk, opossum, latest belted model, full length; $60; never worn. Sipp, 862 West Av.

For Sale.—An exceedingly interesting going coal mining property. R 461 Times Downtown.

Stencil machines for marking shipments; removal sale. W. H. Alexander, 66 Leonard.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

For sale, office and showroom partitions, cutting tables, plant, and other items used in cloak and suit factories. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

Sixty feet office partition, glass top, good condition. Nathan Mark, 740 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Brooklyn Headquarters.
Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day. Telephone Mr. Warren, our rental manager, who will personally select machine. Initial payment applies if purchased.
CORONA SALES CO., Inc.
TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES.
Brooklyn. 531 Fulton St.
Telephone 9272-9273 Main.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

MASS MEETING, DRAFTSMEN, ENGINEERS, Room 506 World Bldg., Jan. 21, at 8 P. M. Be there for your own good.
TECHNICAL MEN'S UNION.

MUST FIND GOOD HOME FOR YOUNG neuter cat; lovely pet. Apt. 65, St. James Hotel. Bryant 3247.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $6.
Visible, three months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Government Sales.

SALE OF ZINC OXIDE.
MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 61,000 pounds of U. S. P. Zinc Oxide for immediate delivery now at Long Island City. Bids made on form M. D. 5, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 29, 1919.

SALE OF COKE-COATED TIN PLATE Material, Disposition Section Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., Nineteen West Forty-fourth Street, New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for 1145.4 base boxes of coke-coated tin plate. Bids made on form M. D. 4, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 24th, 1919.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

OIL ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES
Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. O 349 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

PRACTICAL LUMBERMAN.
The services of a practical lumberman are available now; have had practical experience in all branches of the industry; am 43, married, no bad habits. Do not reply unless you want high grade man and will compensate accordingly. If necessary can invest $25,000 in a going operation that will bear fullest investigation. G 289 Times.

Young man will invest $2,000 and services in prosperous business. H 264 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—UP-TO-DATE LADIES' SPECIALTY SHOP IN WESTERN PART OF NEW YORK STATE; 40,000 POPULATION, BEST MANUFACTURING TOWN IN THE STATE; STORE BEST LOCATION IN THE CITY; EXCELLENT LEASE; MUST SELL AT ONCE ON ACCOUNT OF ILL HEALTH. X 219 TIMES ANNEX.

Singer sewing machines, No. 4418, with tables complete; also 1, 2, and 3 horse power motors for sale cheap. Guthman, Solomon & Co., 100 West 31st.

Cameron cutting machine, 42 inch; Model 24; nearly new; for sale cheap. Guthman, Solmon & Co., 100 West 31st St.

Big opportunity; first-class big stock, hardware and electrical store; sacrifice price. Samuel, 54 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Young man, (35,) Spanish, ten years' experience in the United States as salesman and assistant executive, is about to make a business trip to Havana; would consider offers from reputable manufacturers desiring to place their products on the Cuban market; highest credentials. Address Spain, R 78 Times.

INFLUENTIAL BUSINESS MAN GOING TO RUSSIA WOULD BECOME SOLE REPRESENTATIVE OF MANUFACTURING CONCERNS; GUARANTEED BUSINESS AND HIGHEST REFERENCES. L 46 TIMES.

Agency Wanted for Chicago.—Have efficient salesmen and warehouse; call upon department stores, jobbers, and retailers; can carry stock commission or brokerage basis; will finance. X 222 Times Annex.

Electrical, mechanical engineer, 12 years sales manager, manager, now Vice President, desires represent manufacturer New York territory. K 48 Times.

Insurance Broker, some business of his own, would connect with real estate firm. S 29 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. FRED HAAR, 772 Prospect Av., Bronx, sold grocery store to S. Felfer. All claims must be made in three days.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 372 cases, each containing 48 cans condensed skimmed milk. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on January 27, 1919, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated January 16, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. COFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, owner of the lighter "Ilion," has filed its petition for limitation of liabilities for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on the 14th day of December, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, Thirty-one and 67-100 ($31.67) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before Edward L. Owen, Esq., Commissioner, at No. 69 Wall Street, New York City, on or before the 7th day of April, 1919, or be defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and sold 139 gallons "Cacapon Water." Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on January 27, 1919, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated January 17, 1919.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that the Greenwood Lake Transportation Company, owner of the steamship "Arlington," has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury occasioned by an alleged storm occurring on September 8th, 1916. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury, must prove their claims before Edward L. Owen, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 17th day of March, 1919, or be defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—LUCIEN SCHMOLL et al, vs. Steamship "GOYAZ," her engines, &c.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for cargo damage $5,200. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on January 27th, 1919, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default, and condemnation will be ordered.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, Southern District New York.
HARRINGTON, BIGHAM & ENGLAR, Proctor for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—James J. Murphy against steamship "Palmer," her engines, &c.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for wages $129.45. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on January 27th, 1919, in U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default, and condemnation will be ordered.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, Southern District New York.
O'BRIEN, MALEVINSKY & DRISCOLL, Proctor for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that the Lehigh Valley Transportation Company, owner of the steamtug "Mahanoy," has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage or injury from said vessel on the 26th day of February, 1918. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, $80,592.19. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Henry W. Goodrich, Commissioner, at 49 Wall Street, New York City, on or before February 24 1919, or be defaulted. THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—JAMES YOUNG BRUSH, Plaintiff, against CHARLES A. ACKERMAN, individually and as Executor of and under the last Will and Testament of CHARLOTTE Y. ACKERMAN, deceased, defendant.—County Clerk's Index No. 20288-1918.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 29th day of November, 1918, I, the undersigned, the referee named in said interlocutory judgment, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 21st day of January, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said interlocutory judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

(Parcel No. 1.)

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, and known and distinguished as lot number 920 on a map of the Bloomingdale tract made by J. F. Bridges and dated October, 1826, on file in the office of the Register of the County of New York, and which is bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point in the northerly line of Eighty-second Street distant three hundred and fifty feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Eleventh Avenue and Eighty-second Street, and running thence northerly and parallel to Eleventh Avenue one hundred and two feet two inches to the centre line of the block, thence westerly along said centre line of the block and parallel to Eighty-second Street twenty-five feet, thence southerly and parallel to Eleventh Avenue one hundred and two feet and two inches to the northerly line of Eighty-second Street, and thence easterly and along the said northerly line of Eighty-second Street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning. (Said premises being known as and by street number 331 West 82nd Street.)

(Parcel No. 2.)

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the northerly side of Eighty-second Street distant three hundred and seventy-five feet westerly from the northwesterly corner of Eighty-second Street and West End Avenue and running thence northerly parallel with West End Avenue seventy feet, thence westerly parallel with Eighty-second Street twelve feet, thence southerly parallel with West End Avenue fifteen feet, thence westerly parallel with Eighty-second Street twenty-six feet five inches more or less to the easterly side of Riverside Drive, thence southerly along the easterly side of Riverside Drive sixty feet four and three-quarter inches more or less to the northeasterly corner of said Riverside Drive and Eighty-second Street, and thence easterly along the northerly side of Eighty-second Street thirteen feet four and three-quarter inches to the point or place of beginning. (Said premises being a vacant lot adjoining Parcel No. 1, above described.)

(Parcel No. 3.)

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, and bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the southerly line of Twenty-fourth Street distant one hundred and forty-one feet eight inches in a southeasterly direction from the southeasterly corner of Twenty-fourth Street and Eighth Avenue, and running thence southeasterly along the said southerly line of Twenty-fourth Street sixteen feet eight inches, thence southwesterly at right angles to Twenty-fourth Street ninety-eight feet nine inches to the centre line of the block between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-third Streets, thence northwesterly along the centre line of said block and parallel with Twenty-fourth Street sixteen feet eight inches, and thence northeasterly and parallel with Eighth Avenue ninety-eight feet nine inches to the place of beginning. (Said premises being known as and by street number 260 West 24th Street.)

(Parcel No. 4.)

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, known and designated on a certain Map of Property belonging to the estate of Abraham Child, deceased, filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York as Map number two of said estate by the number 44 and bounded and described as follows:

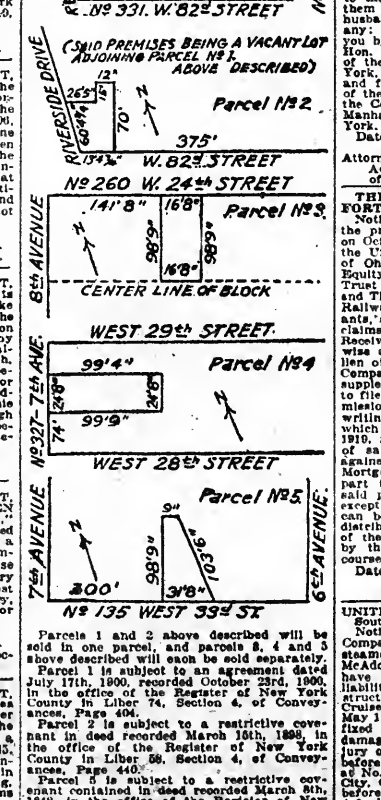
COMMENCING at a point on the easterly side of Seventh Avenue distant seventy-four feet northerly from the northeasterly corner of the Seventh Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, thence running easterly and parallel with Twenty-eighth Street ninety-nine and three-fourths feet, thence northerly on a line nearly parallel with the Seventh Avenue twenty-four and two-thirds feet, thence westerly parallel with Twenty-eighth Street ninety-nine and one-third feet to the Seventh Avenue aforesaid, and thence southerly along the easterly side of Seventh Avenue twenty-four and two-thirds feet to the place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less. The said premises being now known as number 327 Seventh Avenue in the City of New York.

(Parcel No. 5.)

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land together with the buildings and improvements thereon erected situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, known and distinguished on a map entitled Map No. 2 of lands in the Sixteenth Ward of the City of New York belonging to the estate of the late Henry Eckford, deceased, New York, December 17th, 1847, laid out into lots by Edwin Smith, City Surveyor, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 24th day of January, 1848, by the number Forty-five (45), bounded southerly in front by Thirty-third Street, westerly by lot designated on the said map as number Forty-four (44), and easterly by land heretofore of Thomas Gardner. (Said premises being known as and by street number 135 West 33rd Street.)

Dated, New York, December 24th, 1918.
OTTO C. SOMMERICH, Referee.
SPITZ & BROMBERGER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 50 Pine Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
WILSON LEE CANNON, Esq., Attorney for Defendant, 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following are diagrams of the properties to be sold, with the street numbers thereon:



Parcels 1 and 2 above described will be sold in one parcel, and parcels 3, 4 and 5 above described will each be sold separately.

Parcel 1 is subject to an agreement dated July 17th, 1900, recorded October 23rd, 1900, in the office of the Register of New York County in Liber 74, Section 4, of Conveyances, Page 404.

Parcel 2 is subject to a restrictive covenant in deed recorded March 15th, 1898, in the office of the Register of New York County in Liber 58, Section 4, of Conveyances, Page 440.

Parcel 5 is subject to a restrictive covenant contained in deed recorded March 8th, 1848, in the office of the Register of New York County in Liber 502 of Conveyances, Page 808.

The above described properties will be sold subject to any state of facts shown on accurate surveys and to existing tenancies, none of which shall be nor be deemed to be an objection to title nor ground for rejecting the same.

Dated, New York, December 24th, 1918.
OTTO C. SOMMERICH, Referee.

In The Annalist today the leading article discusses plans for meeting the demands of the great army of small investors created through the Government Liberty Loans by providing public utility investments to meet their purses. 10 cents on news stands—$4 a year by mail.—Advt.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The remarkable feature of the weather map of Sunday night is the abnormally warm weather that prevails in practically all parts of the country, the temperature being 20 to 30 degrees or more above the normal over all the Northwestern States, and 10 degrees or more above normal throughout the great central valleys and the interior of the South.

During the last twenty-four hours there were general and heavy rains in the Pacific States except Southern California, and light rains and snows in Northern New England and Northern New York.

Fair weather prevailed elsewhere.

The indications are that the weather will be fair Monday and Tuesday generally east of the Mississippi River.

There are no prospects of decidedly colder weather over the eastern half of the country during the next two or three days.

WINDS FOR MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

North Atlantic—Moderate to fresh northwest winds, diminishing and becoming gentle, variable; fair weather.

FORECAST—TODAY AND TUESDAY.

New England, East New York—Fair Monday and Tuesday, warmer Tuesday.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey—Fair Monday and Tuesday; mild temperature.

Western Pennsylvania, Western New York—Fair and somewhat warmer Monday; Tuesday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M. taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	25	38	4 P. M.	19	43
6 A. M.	24	39	6 P. M.	17	39
9 A. M.	21	40	9 P. M.	14	36
12 M.	20	44	11 P. M.	11	35

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 18; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 40, at 8 P. M. it was 37. Maximum temperature 45 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum 36 degrees at 12:05 A. M. Humidity 59 per cent. at 8 A. M., 64 per cent. at 8 P. M. The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.83 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.09 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
1:00—423 E. 104 St.; Raskin Brothers, Not Given
1:10—101 W. 11 St.; D. Reeves..Not given
1:50—251 W. 141 St.; not given........Slight
2:45—178 St. & Hoe Av., Bronx; shanty. Slight
7:25—444 W. 163d St.; Mable White..Slight
9:45—142 W. 53 St.; R. De Saules..Slight
10:20—458 St. Ann's Av., Bronx; J. Heaflit ....Slight
10:30—519 E. 188 St., Bronx; S. Rosen, Not given
P. M.
4:25—585 Lenox Av.; H. Smithers..Slight
5:30—624 Jackson Av., Bronx; Annie Delischer ....Slight
5:45—528-530 W. 125th St.; G. Dennis.Slight
6:25—174th St. & Broadway; F. Neiss..$300
7:15—458 7 Av.; chimney........No damage
8:35—835 E. 152 St.; I. Bushbaum...Slight
8:40—162 E. 104 St.; unoccupied......None
9:25—520 W. 125 St.; Mary Burger....None
9:40—112 W. 61 St.; not given....Not given

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Forecast:
N. Car., S. Car., Ga., Fla., Miss., Tenn., and Ky.—Fair and continued warm Mon. and Tues.
Ind. and Ohio—Fair and somewhat warmer Mon.; Tues. fair.
Mich.—Fair and somewhat warmer Mon.; Tues. probably fair.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—George Gilchrist, Frank E. Bliss and Edward B. Swinney, co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of Gilchrist, Bliss & Company, Plaintiffs, against Joseph H. Godwin, Jr., Thomas Patten, Thomas G. Patten, William Walter R. Patten, Annie S. Patten, William Lustgarten & Company, Inc., Realty Redemption Company of New York, William B. Wolffe, Thomas A. Lynch, James B. Patten, The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, The City of New York, The Tax Lien Company of New York, also all persons unknown to plaintiffs claiming or who may claim to have an interest in or general or specific lien upon the real property described in the complaint in this action through or under the above named defendants, such unknown persons being herein generally described and being intended to be included in the following designations, viz:—the wives, widows, husbands, descendants, heirs-at-law, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors, trustees, committees, executors, grantees, lienors, assignees, or next of kin of the said named defendants or of any person or persons deriving any interest in or lien upon or title to the said real property, through or from them or any of them and their respective husbands, wives, widows and widowers, if any, and Charles O'Connor Hennessey, Trustee of the Tax Lien Company of New York, Bankrupt, Defendants.—Summons.—Lien No. 5306.

To the above named defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorney within 20 days after the service of this summons exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, January 14th, 1918.
WILLIAM M. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiffs, Office & P. O. Address, No. 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the defendants, Joseph H. Godwin, Jr., Thomas Patten, Walter R. Patten, Annie S. Patten, James B. Patten and William B. Wolffe, and all persons unknown to plaintiffs claiming or who may claim to have an interest in or general or specific lien upon the real property described in the complaint in this action through or under the above named defendants, such unknown persons being herein generally described and being intended to include in the following designations, viz:—the wives, widows, husbands, descendants, heirs-at-law, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors, trustees, committees, executors, grantees, lienors, assignees, or next of kin of the said named defendants or of any person or persons deriving any interest in or lien upon or title to the said real property, through or from them or any of them and their respective husbands, wives, widows and widowers, if any: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Eugene A. Philbin, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 14th day of December, 1918, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated New York, December 20th, 1918.
WILLIAM M. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiffs. Office and P. O. Address, No. 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

THE CINCINNATI, FINDLAY AND FORT WAYNE RAILWAY COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the Final Decree entered on October 8, 1918, in the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, Western Division, in a Cause in Equity No. 116, wherein The New York Trust Company and another are plaintiffs and The Cincinnati, Findlay and Fort Wayne Railway Company and others are defendants, all holders of claims for unpaid debts, claims and charges, whether against the Receiver of said Railway Company or otherwise arising, and claiming priority over the lien of the First Mortgage of said Railway Company dated November 1, 1903, and the supplements thereto, are required forthwith to file with the undersigned as Master Commissioner, itemized and verified proofs in writing of such claims, and any such claims which shall not be so filed prior to May 1, 1919, shall not be paid out of the proceeds of sale nor if enforceable, be enforceable against the property described in said First Mortgage and the supplements thereto or any part thereof, or against the purchaser of said property or his successor or assigns, except that by leave of Court, claims so filed can be amended at any time prior to the distribution of the proceeds of sale. Notice of the allowance or disallowance of claims by the undersigned will be given in due course.
Dated: Cincinnati, January 17, 1919.
FRANK H. SHAFFER,
Master Commissioner.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that Ocean Steamship Company of Savannah, as owner of the steamship City of Athens, and William G. McAdoo, as Director General of Railroads, have filed their petition for limitation of liability for loss, damage, injury or destruction from collision between French Cruiser "LA GLORIE" and said vessel on May 1, 1918. Value of said vessel and freight fixed at $1,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, damage, injury or destruction must prove their claims before Herbert Green, Esq., Commissioner, at No. 1 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on or before the 3d day of February, 1919, or be defaulted.
Dated, October 25, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that the New York Dock Company, owner of the float "New York Dock No. 3," has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on or about the 14th day of December, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, Twenty-two thousand, seven hundred eighty-two and 42-100 ($22,782.42) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before HENRY E. MATTISON, Esq., Commissioner at No. 79 Wall Street, N. Y. C., on or before the 14th day of April, 1919, or be defaulted. THOS. D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........7:15 | Sun sets........4:58

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:19	10:51	4:10	4:44
Governors Island	10:51	11:34	5:02	5:29
Hell Gate	0:41	12:51	7:19	7:36

Arrived—Sunday, Jan. 19.

U. S. T. Wilhelmina, Brest, Jan. 6.
U. S. T. Sierra, Bordeaux, Jan. 8.
U. S. Hos. Ship Comfort, Bordeaux, Jan. 10.
SS Lapland, Brest, Jan. 10.
SS West Alsk, Nanto, Dec. 30.
SS Millinocket, Cette, Dec. 30.
SS Clan Cumming, Plymouth, Dec. 30.
SS Bantu, Bordeaux, Dec. 29.
SS Charybdis, Bermuda, Dec. 16.
SS E. L. Daheny, Tampico, Jan. 11.
SS J. M. Danziger, Tampico, Jan. 6.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Manchuria	Brest	Jan. 10
Tasmanic	Cape Town	Dec. 16
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
Tapajos	Bahia	Dec. 17
Suffolk	St. Nazaire	Jan. 6
Goentoie	Plymouth	Jan. 8
Giuseppi Verdi	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Mercy H. S.	Bordeaux	Jan. 10
De Kalb	Brest	Jan. 7
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 3
Cretic	Brest	Jan. 8
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Pueblo	Brest	Jan. 7

DUE TOMORROW.

Calabria	Rotterdam	Jan. 2
Carlsholm	Rotterdam	Jan. 3
George Washington	Brest	Jan. 12

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Rochambeau	Bordeaux	Jan. 9
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
General Goethals	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Communipaw	Rouen	Jan. 2
Suriname	La Pallice	Jan. 6

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Alliance, Cristobal	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Justin, Para	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Lake Louise, Havana	5:30 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
San Giorgio, Genoa	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Winifredian, Liverpool	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Clan Kennedy, Cape Town	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Inca, Haiti	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Steinstad, B'nos Aires	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Irtysh, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Falmouth	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tennyson, Rio Janeiro	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verona, Savanilla	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Charybdis, Bermuda	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Smaragd, Jamaica	2:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Juno, Haiti	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Iroquois, S. Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Georgeanna Weems, Guadeloupe	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Charlton Hall, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Lapland, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Owego, Genoa	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Gulfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saga, Rio Janeiro	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stavangeren, Martinique	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Jan. 21, SS Winifredian; at 8:30 A. M. Jan. 22, Nieuw Amsterdam, and at 7 A. M., Jan. 25, SS Lapland.
France and Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Owego.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Gen.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6:30 P. M. daily.
Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura ....Jan. 30
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura.Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline ....Jan. 31
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.
SS Alicante, at Barcelona, Jan. 10.
SS West Eloasco, at Trieste, Jan. 10.
SS Junea, at Valparaiso, Jan. 15.

Sailed.
SS Natal, from Barry, Jan. 17.
SS West Lashaway, from Gibraltar, Jan. 15.
SS Invincible, from London, Jan. 16.

STEAMSHIPS AND STEAMBOATS.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
T. S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM
WILL SAIL FROM
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
VIA FALMOUTH
ON OR ABOUT JANUARY 22.
Passengers for England and France Will Be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply
GENERAL PASSENGER OFFICE, 24 STATE ST., NEW YORK

CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer ....Jan. 27
Caronia ....Jan. 29
Prinses Juliana........Feb. 5
Saxonia ....Feb. 12
Carmania ....Feb. 17
Royal George ....Feb. 22
Orduna ....Feb. 26
Caronia ....March 3
HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA........FEB. 1
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia ....Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland...Jan. 25 | Adriatic....Feb. 3
Baltic....Feb. 8
And Regularly Thereafter.
HALIFAX—SOUTHAMPTON
Olympic........Jan. 25
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7300.

Commercial South American Line
To West Indies and South American Ports.
Sailing January 22.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts. 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.15 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South, Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1163 Wh. Plains.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales, with complimentary Tea Service. Garage.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

Marlborough-Blenheim
The Leading Resort House of the World
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
Health Is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management. Josiah White & Sons Co.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL and COTTAGES
on the Beach. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
EVERY CONVENIENCE for COMFORT and PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS and AMUSEMENTS
Cap. 600. Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen
Open All Year. S. Hamstein, Prop.

Hotel STRAND
FIREPROOF
On the ocean front
Capacity 600. Always open
Sea water in all baths. Orchestra
THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
The leading houses are: Chelsea, Dennis, Galen Hall, Holmhurst, Marlborough-Blenheim, Seaside, Shelburne, St. Charles, Strand and Wiltshire.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

PIERREPONT
Family Hotel. Mrs. Gerson L. Kahn

PENNSYLVANIA.

WALTERS PARK Inn
Wernersville, Pa.
"Just the Place"
for rest, recreation and health. Fine all-year-round climate. Splendid mountain roads. Free Garage. Electric and movement treatment when desired. Resident physician and nurses. 4 hours from New York. Express service. Always open. Ownership management. Est. 44 years.

SOUTHERN STATES.

Highland Park Hotel
AIKEN, S. C.
OPENS JANUARY 16. AMERICAN PLAN.
New hotel all modern conveniences. Golf, tennis, polo, driving and horseback riding; ideal climate. J. J. SWEENEY, Mgr.
FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT.

Hotel Windsor, facing beautiful Hemming Park, is Jacksonville's largest and Florida's finest Hotel. Robt. R. Meyer, Proprietor. J. E. Kavanaugh, Mgr. Jacksonville, Fla

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is the ideal winter resort. Its wonderful climate enables the tourist to enjoy outdoor sport throughout season. Address Boards of Trade, Hotels, etc.

MIAMI, FLA.
Tropical; surf bathing at 75 degrees; fine hotels. Write Chamber of Commerce for booklet.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

FIRST
In 1918 The New York Times published 969,900 agate lines of Real Estate advertising, 279,800 lines more than the next New York newspaper.

SHONTS EXPLAINS INCREASE IN COSTS

Testimony Before the Public Service Commission on the Effects of the War.

$2,000,000 MORE FOR COAL

Steel Rails, He Declares, from $30 a Ton Have Advanced to $80 and $90.

Recent testimony before the Public Service Commission by Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the New York Railways Company, related to increased costs in operating the two lines. Mr. Shonts was questioned by various members of the commission, by Corporation Counsel Burr, Godfrey Goldmark, the commission's chief counsel, and by James L. Quackenbush, general counsel for the companies. Some of the testimony follows:

Mr. Burr—The conditions of the Railways Company are not attributable to the war? A.—Yes, they are.

Mr. Burr—They have existed for many years? A.—If you will permit me: When we took the property over from the receiver, on Jan. 1, 1912, we made yearly progress; each year we improved the physical condition of the property and each year our earnings grew, until the last year before the war, when we had, for the first time, earned all fixed charges. Mind you, this after paying $1,100,000 a year in franchise taxes to the city. We had paid, besides our operating expenses, our rentals and our 4 per cent. bonds, and earned in addition the 5 per cent. bonds.

Q—You never paid any dividend upon the stock? A—No, but the net result, after improving the physical condition of the property, was that we did earn the full income upon the 5's and had the full ratio of moneys paid for equipment, and the next year could have earned the full 5 per cent upon the stock. Then came the war and the additional expenses. I attribute all our troubles to the war.

Answering "yes" to a question as to whether he had negotiated the Interborough's contract with the city for the dual system, Mr. Shonts replied to other questions by saying that he had engaged the best talent available in the country to look after the Interborough's interests in the making of the contract. Replying to another question he said that all of the company's estimates were more than sufficient until America entered the war. Asked to state definitely the present situation of the company Mr. Shonts replied that he would offer an illustration, but Mr. Burr interposed as follows:

"I have an illustration, and if it meets yours it will clear up the situation. For instance, you people have obtained from this body (the Public Service Commission) leave to issue bonds necessary to pay for the $22,000,000 additional equipment which you never thought you would have to pay for and which was secured by certain notes. This payment was made necessary because of war prices?" A—Yes.

After calling attention to the fact that the contract with the city was made in 1913, and that some of the contracts for equipment were made as late as 1917 and 1918, Mr. Burr asked:

"Why hadn't you made the contract for these things which it was inevitable had to be supplied in 1915, when prices were normal?" A.—In many things we did, but we could not in all.

Commissioner Whitney—I think both of you are going on a misapprehension that the $22,000,000 additional was due entirely to increased prices. As I recall the evidence in the bond cases, the equipment was mainly due to extra cost because of an enlargement of the quantity.

Mr. Shonts explained that he was just going to give that as a reason for not making earlier contracts. Then, for the purpose of further illustration, Mr. Shonts added that:

"There were several lines of new tracks, many of them not contemplated in April, 1913, when the contracts were signed. If one picks up our reports and sees operating expense 44-45 per cent. and then in three or four months sees that it has gone to 61 per cent. he will say, 'There is something wrong. What is the matter here?' I have seen in friendly newspaper articles not the suggestion of bad faith, but that an explanation would be welcomed. Well, this is the explanation:

"It is always our policy when times are dull and business is slack and prices low to make long-term contracts. It is never our policy to make them in boom times. Back in 1915, when prices were low and times were dull I made, for instance, a three-year contract for coal. I tried to get a contract for five years, but could not, and compromised by making it three years. It cost then $3.23 a ton, as compared with $3.28 in the previous contract. I guess that contract cost the contractors $10,000,000, as compare with normal prices before the contract expired. We have big contracts for brake shoes; we have contracts for steel rails, some at $30 a ton.

Mr. Quackenbush—I suggest that you mention the present prices of coal and steel rails.

Mr. Shonts—We are paying $6.07 a ton for coal.

Commissioner Hervey—What difference does that make in the cost to you in dollars and cents, a million or two million? A.—About 750,000 tons a year, at a difference of almost $3 a ton would make over $2,000,000. Brake shoes have increased about 150 per cent., and steel rails have grown from $30 to $80 and $90 a ton. Some of the rails last year were $120 a ton. That is on top of $2,000,000 for coal. Our old contracts began to run out in April last year. On Aug. 1 we increased wages $2,500,000. There are probably five or six million dollars of increased costs coming in from early last Summer down to the present time.

Mr. Burr asked if the contract the company had with the city was not the most profitable contract in the world, barring the increased costs due to the war, and Mr. Shonts replied:

"I do not know about the world, that is a large proposition. The contract was made when nobody could foresee the world war. We did not know the Government, with the taxing power behind it, would enter the market and take away men and materials at any prices they saw fit to pay, which was its duty to do. Our estimates with the city were on a basis that we would not earn our preferentials by between $8,000,000 and $9,000,000. Our studies were all conservative under normal conditions."

Mr. Shonts said that while the war had ended its results were still going on.

Mr. Quackenbush—You mean by that that these prices will continue? A.—Labor never will go back, and I hope it never will.

Travis H. Whitney, Acting Chairman of the Public Service Commission, spoke upon the problems of the rapid transit system at the Free Synagogue Forum, at 36 West Sixty-eighth Street, last night. He outlined plans for expansion and completion of lines already started, and expressed the opinion that any discussion of the problems ought not to occur in secret, but in public, with the fullest publicity possible.

Mr. Whitney spoke of the plea for increased fares and said that no one could foretell the condition of finance, labor, employment, materials or other conditions bearing upon this demand. Forcing of the transit companies into receiverships here, he said, would have a vital and far-reaching effect throughout the country, so that any readjustment ought to be made with the greatest care. He reminded a questioner that the decision in the Rochester fare case was that the municipal boards governing transit facilities constituted the only power for amending maximum fare stipulated in franchises or charters. Replying to a question as to why the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate did not get together as to fares and other problems the Commissioner said: "This is the Sabbath."

ROCKEFELLER ON THE FLAG.

Tells Bible Class of Patriotic Duty Toward Symbol of Liberty.

At the regular session of the Men's Bible Class of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church yesterday morning John D. Rockefeller, Jr., leader of the class, addressed his audience upon the meaning of the Passover.

"Men are selected for great tasks," said Mr. Rockefeller, "because of their special fitness, and in God's selection of Moses for the task of leading the children of Israel out of the wilderness there must have been a wonderful divine faith in the qualifications of the man upon whom this unparalleled honor fell. That Moses did not fail is only another evidence that we continually have of the infallibility of God.

"The question is, have we of today the same faith in our ability to perform the tasks that are set for us as had Moses in himself. We may not have great place to fill, but are we doing, in our humble way, what we should do; all that we should do. We must not fail, or the whole fabric of civilized life will fall, for the fabric cannot be kept intact if there are broken threads here and there.

"Take, for example, what we owe to our Government, to society, to our country. What is the flag itself—nothing but stars and stripes. It has little or no intrinsic value, but it is a great symbol that we may live and have our liberty today, therefore we defend it with our lives, for it means our lives, our happiness, our liberty. When I think of what it means I am reminded of the little French peasant girl who was carrying against her bosom the tricolor of her country. A soldier offered to buy it for five francs, a tremendous sum to that poor child, but she shook her head. The man increased his offer to ten francs. Grasping the flag closer, she said to him: 'You do not understand. It is not the flag that I refuse to sell you, but it is my heart that you would buy. That is beyond price.'"

VANDERBILT TO QUIT ARMY.

Hopes to Enter West Point After Discharge.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, L. I., Jan. 19.—Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., arrived here today to await discharge from the service. Dressed in regulation uniform he drove to camp from New York in a racing automobile labeled "Headquarters, Thirteenth Division," in which he made two records while serving as a dispatch driver. He says he will take up hard study in the hope of entering West Point next year.

Young Vanderbilt enlisted in the headquarters troop of the Twenty-seventh Division in July, 1917, and went to Spartanburg. He was preparing to enter Yale at the time of his enlistment. He went abroad with the unit as General O'Ryan's motor driver and was assigned to drive General Pershing and General Haig. He returned to this country last August as a transportation instructor. His commission as a transportation officer was signed the day the armistice became effective and then declared void. He has been giving transportation instructions at American Lake, Wash., and got a thirty-day furlough on Dec. 20. He came on to New York and on Saturday received an order to come here to await discharge.

Vanderbilt came to camp in the car in which he won a race between Government service automobiles at Sheepshead Bay and the cross-country run made by twenty-six Government machines between Spartanburg and New York. He made as high as 102 miles an hour and covered the 1,010 miles in 35 hours 25 minutes.

His rank as Wagoner is equivalent to that of a Corporal.

Waldon Williams Leaves $590,205.

Transfer Tax Appraiser William C. Clark of Mount Vernon filed his appraisal on Saturday of the estate of the late Waldon Williams, a New York man, who died at his country home, "Stone House," on Kirby Lane, Rye, on the Sound, which shows that the total value of his estate in this State subject to taxation is $590,205.60. Mr. Williams owned stock of various corporations and bonds aggregating in value $418,180.60. His realty was appraised at $172,025. The expenses of administration, debts, and commissions and funeral expenses amounted to $128,452.90, which leaves the amount transferred as $453,712.70. The major part of the estate is inherited by the widow.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—With honest young man, wearing champagne colored gloves, who picked up diamond ring on east side of St. Nicholas Av., bet. 175d and 174th Sts., return to owner and receive liberal reward, sentimental value. Mrs William Kohlberg, 500 West 174th St., Apartment 37, Audubon 5720.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of two suit cases and contents, lost off rear of auto which left Lakewood, N. J., at 6 o'clock Saturday evening and arrived at the Hotel Traymore, Atlantic City, at 8.15 via Tuckerton. Communicate with F. W. Gager, Hotel Traymore.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—In Crystal Room, Ritz-Carlton Hotel, Wednesday evening, Jan. 15, small gold powder box and vanity case, engine turned, name inside, with sapphire clasp. Reward $75. B 795 Times Downtown.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of diamond and platinum wedding ring and solitaire engagement ring, left in wash room, Pennsylvania Station, Tuesday evening. Wallace Irwin, 50 East 57th St.

LOST—Saturday night, neighborhood of Gaiety Theatre, gold vanity case, blue enamel monogram M. S. A.; reward if returned. Appt. 404 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, Jan. 18, at Criterion Theatre, kolinsky muff. Return to Mrs. E. J. Wellman, 165 East 82d St. Telephone Lenox 6181. Liberal reward.

LOST—On the 168th St. bus, change purse, containing $10 bill, small change, French money, ring and Yale key; reward. M. Brown, Morningside 6654, Apt. 31.

LOST—Sat. night, subway, between Times Sq. and City Hall or elevated (Lexington Av.) purse containing money; reward. Tel. Miss Brooks, Circle 1362.

LOST—A large brown envelope containing manuscript, in 9th Av. "L," at South Ferry; liberal reward. Phone 789W New York.

LOST—At the Plaza Theatre on Madison Av., Saturday, 6 P. M., Fisher skipper. Return to 18 East 52d St. and receive reward.

LOST—Black velvet bag, striped pink lining, Wednesday night; reward. B 174 Times.

LOST—Beaver muff, Tuesday, 5th Av. bus, Washington Square; reward. Spring 8620.

LOST—Tan-colored legal portfolio; ample reward. H. Crone, 261 Broadway.

LOST—Sunday, leather cardcase containing money. Blatt, 205 West 80th St.

$50 REWARD.

NO QUESTIONS ASKED,

for return of a Boston bull about 2 years old brindle in color, white markings and white chest, with white marks on face, wearing collar bearing Atlantic City license tag 142; answers to name Sport. Carlisle, Apt. 54, Sherman Apts., (corner 73d St., Broadway.)

$100 REWARD.

for brooch, four pear-shaped diamonds forming a clover leaf within a circle of square cuttings and diamonds, lost Friday, Jan. 10, between 75th St. and Park Av. and West 8th St. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 6th Av. and 48th St.

$200 REWARD.

No questions asked, return gold meshbag and gold vanity case, monogram R. S. W., lost Jan. 10, vicinity of East 59th St. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$100 REWARD.

No questions asked, return round pink pearl, lost Jan. 11 on platform of Hudson Tube, 33d St. station. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$50 REWARD.—Gold pocket book, name engraved, containing trunk check and brooch. Return Hotel Astor, Cashier, desk. D. I.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Reward and no questions asked for information concerning small black and white fox terrier with black and brown face, 1½ a thoroughbred, disappeared Nov. 28. When last seen was wearing black spiked collar with small brass padlock; license No. 286854. Please communicate with E. J. Taylor, 125 Paine Av., New Rochelle. Telephone New Rochelle 4334.

ARMY MASCOT.

$25 REWARD.

No questions asked, for the return of a Boston bull, color brindle, white chest, long docked tail, weight 21 pounds, wore brass spiked collar marked "Billy—Lt. W. Thomas, Camp Vail, N. J." 164 West 74th St., Columbus 2290.

ASKS FOR INQUIRY INTO HEALTH BOARD

Rabbi Goldstein Charges That "Splendid Organization Is Rapidly Disintegrating."

BLAMES 'POLITICAL CLIQUE'

Suggestion May Be Taken Up at Conference of Civic Bodies This Afternoon.

Charging that "the splendid organization and machinery built by previous Health Commissioners is rapidly disintegrating, and that the whole Health Department is speedily approaching a state of demoralization and ineffectiveness, Rabbi Sidney E. Goldstein, in his sermon in the Free Synagogue yesterday, urged that the citizens of New York demand an open and impartial investigation of the Health Department.

Dr. Goldstein suggested that the citizens reques. the Committee of Public Health of the Academy of Medicine, which, he said, is familiar with the work of the Health Department, to make the investigation, inviting to serve with it experts on public health and social welfare.

It was said last night that this suggestion may be taken up this afternoon at the conference of civic, social welfare, and labor organizations called by the Woman's Municipal League, in the Murray Hill Hotel to discuss the action of Health Commissioner Copeland in recently withdrawing the Division of Industrial Hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, of which Dr. Louis I. Harris is Director.

Judge Charles M. Hough of the Federal Court will preside at the meeting. Among the other speakers will be Florence Kelley of the National Consumers' League, Rose Schneiderman of the Women's Trade Union League, and James J. Bagley of Franklin Union No. 23.

"Nothing Less Than Ominous."

"The act of the Commissioner of Health in removing the Division of Industrial Hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases is serious enough in itself," said Rabbi Goldstein in his sermon. "It is more serious and nothing less than ominous, viewed as a symptom of what is taking place, we are informed, in the department as a whole. Rumors are reaching us from authoritative sources that the splendid organization and machinery built up by previous Health Commissioners is rapidly disintegrating and that the whole department is speedily approaching a state of demoralization and ineffectiveness.

"We are told that the political clique now in control of the city, having failed in its direct frontal attack of a few months ago, have determined to accomplish their object through new indirect and subterranean methods. There seems good reason to believe that this great fundamental instrumentality for communal service is being prostituted to political purposes, that pre-election promises of patronage are to be fulfilled, in spite of every protest, at the expense of the health of the citizens of New York.

"The measure of truth in these rumors, suspicions and beliefs, we do not know exactly, but we have a right to know. The citizens of New York have a right to know the facts and to decide whether the changes that are taking place and the program that is being adopted are all in the interest of the welfare of the city. The facts cannot be learned from the smoothly written and beautifully edited communications of the Commissioner of Health.

"The Commissioner is still probably of the opinion that we have had no epidemic in this city in spite of the fact that his own records prove that we have had over 26,000 deaths from influenza and pneumonia since the middle of last September, and that the records indicate that over 1,000,000 men and women and children have been affected up to date.

"There is only one certain way to reach the truth and to reassure the mind of the community. The citizens of New York should and must demand an open and impartial investigation of the Department of Health. In this city we have an Academy of Medicine in which there is a Committee on Public Health that is familiar with the past and present work of the department.

Suggests Names of Experts.

"This is the body that we should commission to make the investigation and to report back to the citizens of the community. This committee could, if it deemed it wise, invite to serve with it such experts in public health as Dr. James Alexander Miller, Dr. S. S. Goldwater, and such experts in social service as Dr. Edward T. Devine and Dr. Lee K. Frankel.

"The time to demand this investigation is now. We cannot afford to wait for further evidence, for the issue involves not money and merchandise but the life and welfare of over 5,000,000 men, women, and little children. A month or three months hence we may still be able to save the Department of Health, but we shall not be able to restore to life those who have been lost through indifference, inefficiency, and the sublimated arrogance that now controls the affairs of the City of New York. We propose to make the demand for an impartial inquiry, and we hope other bodies will take it up."

In a resolution adopted by the Governing Board of the Consumers' League of New York City, made public yesterday, it was recited that in view of the fact that the Federal Health Service is urging city health departments throughout the country to establish divisions of Industrial hygiene modeled on the New York Division and that "to put this division under an inexperienced man is the opening wedge which may lead to the final abolition of the division," the league "emphatically protests to Commissioner Copeland and Mayor Hylan against this proposed change and registers its hearty disapproval of such action."

The resolution further said that the withdrawal of the division from Dr. Harris and the placing it under Dr. S. Dana Hubbard "takes on the nature of a political attack on the integrity of the Health Department such as was made last Spring and was repudiated by popular indignation."

To Show Airplane's Part in War.

The public will have an opportunity for the first time of seeing every tpye of aircraft of the United States and its Allies, together with those of the enemy, at the semi-official Army and Navy Aeronautic Exposition, which will be held in this city from Feb. 27 to March 6. Because of the size of the undertaking, the exhibition will be held in two places—Madison Square Garden and the 69th Regiment Armory.

According to the plans made public yesterday, every detail of the part aviation played in winning the war will be shown. Demonstrations of the wireless telephone, camera gun, and bomb dropping will be given.

MORE JOIN HEARST PROTEST

Military and Patriotic Bodies Support Citizens' Committee.

The Independent Citizens' Committee, organized as a protest against the appointment of William Randolph Hearst as a member of the Mayor's Committee to Welcome the Homecoming Soldiers, announced yesterday that the 307th Regimental Family Unit, the Army and Navy Club, the Association of the 11th Regiment of Engineers, and several other military and patriotic organizations had offered their assistance in giving the returning soldiers a patriotic welcome. The following extracts from letters were given out by the committee yesterday:

New York Browning Society.—By a vote of our society we wish to affiliate with the Independent Committee in welcoming the returning men.

New York City Colony National Society of New England Women.—We will be very glad to have you add our name to the already splendid list of organizations participating in the plans of the Citizens' Committee of Welcome to the returning soldiers, sailors, and marines.

Captain Robert Nichols Chapter, Daughters of American Revolution.—This chapter wishes to be placed on record as indorsing your committee and expressing its desire to help in the plans for welcoming the men. We are anxious to do our part.

Army and Navy Club of the City of New York.—We are very glad indeed to add the name of this club to your organization.

Association of 11th Engineers.—At a meeting of our Executive Board held on Jan. 17, a motion was unanimously carried that the members of our organization, composed of the relatives of the 11th Engineers now in France, join the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome.

Mary Garrett Hay, the suffrage leader; Powhatan Bolling, Francis Rogers, Alfred E. Henderson, John M. Kilgoud, and Percival G. William, Jr., wrote letters praising the work of the Independent Committee. Mr. William also gave out his reply to the invitation to become a member of the Mayor's Committee. He wrote:

"I am informed that William R. Hearst is a member of this committee, and more or less active in its management. Mr. Hearst's policies relating to Americanism, as revealed at the recent hearings in Washington, determine me to conclude that my Americanism is too far advanced for me to associate on this occasion with Mr. Hearst. Therefore I feel it a duty to the returning American forces to decline membership on this committee, which under other circumstances would have been a pleasure, and in my decision I am not subtracting from my loyalty to this country or to her troops."

Others who have joined the committee are John Williams, Vice President of the Irving Trust Company; Charles F. Guyan, Joseph M. Price, George A. Thayer, J. C. F. Jacoby, Florence Howe Hall, Mrs. Hubbell Rowland, A. H. Morris, Alfred E. Ommen, Axel Josephson, Charles A. Boston, President of the Maryland Society; Mrs. Henry F. Osborn, Dr. James Pedersen, the Rev. Dr. Henry Mottett, Robert A. B. Dayton, Dr. John W. Bartlett, Albert Behning, George Adair Clarke, Edwin C. Walder, Alexander Cumming, and Caspar Whitney.

A meeting of the executive sub-committee will be held at 415 Madison Avenue at 5 o'clock this afternoon to consider plans for future work.

HEARST PAPERS DENOUNCED.

Mass Meeting Commends Burning of Publications.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 19.—At a public meeting this afternoon, attended by representatives of various churches and organizations of the city, at which prominent men made addresses, the Rev. George H. Chesbro, pastor of the Hedding M. E. Church, denounced the Hearst publications and commended the G. A. R. for their recent action in buying up and publicly burning all the Hearst papers on sale in the city.

"I do not see," said Mr. Chesbro, "how any right-minded, conscientious person can continue to read such a publication. Every citizen of Poughkeepsie should stand behind the Grand Army in the fight against William Randolph Hearst and refuse to read any paper in which his views are expounded. I am glad to see the number of buttons proclaiming, 'Do Not Read Hearst Papers' growing more numerous on our city streets." Great applause greeted his statement.

NEED CANS FOR CITY'S MILK.

Receipts Decrease Slightly Pending Adjustments Following Strike.

Although the receipts of milk in New York City yesterday were 227,413 quarts less than the receipts for Saturday, when 1,587,413 quarts were received, Health Commissioner Copeland said last night that he expected the city to be receiving its normal supply within a few days now that the milk strike has been settled. It was only a question, he said, of getting the cans back from the distant States over which they were scattered by the distributers during the strike and forwarding them to the members of the Dairymen's League.

Commissioner Copeland expressed regret that the settlement of the strike did not carry with it a substantial decrease in the price of milk to the consumer, saying that the price of 16 cents a quart was exorbitant. Asked about the percentage of butter fat in the milk that was received from a distance during the strike, he said that the milk met the requirements in this regard as well as from the standpoint of bacterial count.

I. Elkine Nathans, Secretary of the New York Milk Conference Board, representing distributers, said yesterday that the distributers and manufacturers were pleased with the terms of the settlement, although they did agree to pay $4.01 a hundred pounds for milk for the remainder of January. He said that the main thing the distributers were fighting for was the principle of market conditions and supply and demand governing the price to be paid for milk, and that this point the distributers won.

It was said at the offices of the Dairymen's League that telegrams were sent to the farmers on Syturday telling them that the producers had won the strike, and that league milk would begin arriving in the city this morning for distributers who did not receive any from league members during the strike.

Dr. Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Markets, spoke last night at the Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church, 121st Street and Lenox Avenue, on the subject, "Milk and Markets for Six Million." He said that a bill soon would be introduced in the Legislature aimed to correct some of the milk evils and provide for a permanent milk commission.

Interchurch Drive in February.

The Interchurch Emergency Committee announced yesterday that the fourteen Protestant churches which would co-operate in raising a fund of $10,000,000 for after-the-war emergency needs would begin their drive in February. Feb. 9 has been designated as Interchurch Emergency Sunday. Different denominations belonging to the organization will hold drives, each a week in length, at different periods during the month.

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Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

OBJECTS TO USE OF POLICE.

President of Lighter Captains' Union Criticises Hylan.

A letter to Mayor Hylan, criticising him for ordering police to run the municipal ferries to Staten Island during the marine workers' strike, was given out yesterday by James McGuire, President of the Lighter Captains' Union. This organization was one of the six units of the Marine Affiliation engaged in the strike.

"The police were created to preserve law, property, and order, not to be placed in a position to incite trouble by making strikebreakers out of them by placing them on ferryboats to take the place of strikers," he wrote. "If you did not want this trouble, why didn't you see that your municipal employes were getting these wages and working conditions?

"That small army that was out represents about 38,000 votes, without what they could control from the unorganized army of voters. You must remember that without the support of organized labor you could not have been elected Mayor. I would be pleased to have you explain just why you took the stand you did in this matter, as early as possible, for the benefit of the organization I represent."

Hearings of the subcommittee of the National War Labor Board upon the controversy of the unions and the boatowners will be resumed in the Board of Estimate Room in City Hall at 10 o'clock this morning.

ORGANIZE EAST SIDE BLOCKS

First Steps in That Section Taken at Test Meeting.

The first steps toward block organization of the East Side were taken yesterday when Miss Beulah Weldon called together persons living in Henry Street between Montgomery and Gouverneur Streets and held a "test block" meeting at the Henry Street Settlement House, 265 Henry Street. Four hundred and twenty local community districts have already been formed by the Council of National Defense, but this is the first attempt of such organization on the East Side. Miss Esther Johnson was elected president, and Miss Lillian D. Wald vice president.

A lieutenant representing each tenement on the block was chosen, and these were instructed to notify all the families of their respective houses to appear at a meeting on Wednesday night. They will then elect one captain to represent the block at the Central Executive Committee. This committee will look after the housing conditions on the East Side, bring complaints before the city officials and take care of the community in general.

APPEAL FOR ARMENIA.

Women Ask America to See That Oppressed People Are Freed.

An appeal for America to stand side by side with Armenia and use its influence to see that that country is granted its independence is being being circulated by the Women's National Defense Committee of the American Defense Society. After paying tribute to the unconquerable bravery and courage of the Armenians, the statement says:

"We must prove by deeds and not by words alone that America has drawn the flaming sword, not for aggression but for liberty, not for war but for peace; and when the inspiration of victory shall flood our souls with its eternal light, then can our hands clasp in brotherhood the hands of a free Armenian people. America must see to it that they shall be delivered from their oppressors and shall freely enter into that 'land of liberty' for which they have paid so terrible a price."

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I hae been blythe wi' comrades dear
—ROBERT BURNS
Robert Burns Dinner at the Brevoort
ON January 22nd, the New York Scottish Society holds its annual Robt. Burns Dinner at the Hotel Brevoort.
A richt guid feast it's sure to be, we're a-thinkin'—wi' muckle cheer and mony a cantie song for auld lang syne.
Mild Robt. Burns cigars will be passed freely—he's a fine, braw Havana o' a bonny flavor, ye ken, to please ilka canny smoker like yoursel'.
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For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,277. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1919. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

COMMERCE BOARD OVERRULES ORDER GIVEN BY M'ADOO

Asserts Its Authority in Rate Questions Over Director General of Railroads.

DECIDES FOR LUMBERMEN

Charges from Some Western Points Eastward Held Unjust and Unreasonable.

WILSON'S WORDS QUOTED

Commission Contends War and Its Conditions Ended with Signing of Armistice.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In a decision which is bound to attract wide attention as sounding a keynote to business reconstruction and because of the positive attitude of the Interstate Commerce Commission in asserting its supremacy over the Director General of Railroads, the commission today declared its full authority to review rates fixed by him.

The commission goes even further and orders the present Director General to establish new rates, on the basis prescribed by the Commission on Lumber and Other Forest Products, from California and certain northwestern points to destinations extending from Denver to the Atlantic seaboard.

The decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission, which was written by Clyde B. Aitchison, formerly a member of the Oregon State Railroad Commission, was handed down in the case of the Pacific Lumber Company and others against the Northwestern Pacific Railroad Company and others, and holds that rates on lumber and other forest products from certain Western points to the East were unjust, unreasonable and unduly prejudicial to the extent that they exceed rates on some commodities from what are known as California Coast group points to the same destinations east of Denver. These rates were sought to be fixed by the Railroad Administration when Mr. McAdoo was the Director General of Railroads.

The commission refused to be impressed with the contention of counsel for the Director General that "the importance of the relationship of rates and rate adjustments has largely disappeared for the period of the war" and the further plea that extraordinarily high rates on lumber do not work a hardship on the industry because of the abnormal prices being received for the product.

The case decided today was begun before the assumption of Federal control of the principal systems of railroad transportation. The complaint was brought by eleven corporations engaged in the manufacture of lumber and forest products in the Humboldt Bay district of California, on the ground that the rates from there were discriminatory against most of the competing lumbermen in the larger coast group outside that district.

While the case was pending, but before it came on for argument, President Wilson, approximately a year ago, issued his proclamation taking over control generally of the transportation systems of the country, including the roads of the principal defendants in this case. Under the provisions of the Federal Control act of March 21, 1918, former Director General McAdoo initiated a general increase in freight and passenger rates on roads under Federal control, to take effect June 25, 1918. A supplemental complaint was then filed, naming the Director General of Railroads as a party defendant.

Text of Board's Decision.

The decision, after going thoroughly into the merits of the case and the action taken by Director General McAdoo, asserts the authority of the Interstate Commerce Commission over the Director General of Railroads in the matter of rates in these words:

"Upon argument, on behalf of the Director General, we were asked to take judicial notice that the lumber business, as, in fact, all business, is not conducted as it was before the United States was drawn into the European war; that shipments are made under permits issued by the Federal Government; that prices are much above normal, and that no matter how high the freight rate the shipper does a profitable business, and that many embargoes prevent shipments to various points, contended broadly.

"The importance of the relationship of rates and rate adjustments has disappeared to a very large extent for the period of the war, and these cases are going to be decided by this commission while the war is in progress and while we are in this abnormal situation that the war has brought about.

"Even if all the abnormal conditions were as counsel for the Director General stated them, the continuance of an unjust and unreasonable rate situation and relationship would not thereby be warranted. The more abnormal other conditions the greater would seem to be the need for unswerving fidelity to the standards of justness and reasonableness in transportation charges as between competing persons, localities, and commodities.

"This principle was recognized by Congress. The Federal Control act was enacted in the midst of war and while Congress was daily dealing with the abnormal commercial conditions caused by the war. Notwithstanding the fact we were at war and commercial conditions were abnormal, Congress express-

Continued on Page Four.

When you think of Writing
Think of WHITING.—Advt.

7,000 of Allies Blinded; 25% More May Lose Sight

BY ERNEST MARSHALL.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Co.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The number of totally blinded victims of the war among all the allied forces has now been calculated as 7,000. Twenty-five or 30 per cent. will probably have to be added to this figure from among the patients now undergoing treatment.

The total of those who lost one eye amounts to between 30,000 and 40,000.

TEN STATES FIGHT U.S. PHONE RATES

Court Action Against Burleson Order Begun by Public Utilities Commissions.

CHANGE AT LAST MIDNIGHT

Charges in New York City Not Affected by the Federal Schedule of Tolls.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—New toll and long distance telephone rates approved by Postmaster General Burleson will become effective at midnight tonight except in those States where temporary restraining orders against the companies have been issued by the courts. This announcement was made tonight by W. H. Lamar, editor of the Postoffice Department and a member of the Federal Wire Control Committee.

Mr. Lamar had said during the day that the rates would become effective despite efforts of State regulatory bodies to suspend or modify them. So far as the Post Office Department had been advised tonight, he said, restraining orders had been issued in only two States—Indiana and Mississippi. According to information received here, restraining orders had been issued in New Jersey, Illinois, Missouri, Michigan, West Virginia, Nevada, and Arizona. The Massachusetts Public Service Commission has also issued orders against the Government rates going into effect pending its inquiry.

The Federal Court at Pensacola, Fla., is the only court in the United States that has held full hearings and rendered a decision on an application for an injunction, Mr. Lamar said, and its decision today denied the restraining order. He added that the court at Lincoln, Neb., also has held a hearing, but has not yet rendered a decision.

Under the new rates as fixed by Mr. Burleson there will be a basic charge of 6½ mills a mile for a message with half the day rate for night service up to midnight and one-fourth of the day rate between that hour and 4:30 o'clock in the morning.

The new charges were recommended in the first report of the Committee on Rate Standardization and Mr. Burleson said their effect would be to equalize the toll and long-distance charges over the country. In many instances rates in certain localities will be increased and this fact led to efforts of some State regulatory bodies to prevent the new schedule from being put into effect. Generally, however, there will be a reduction in rates, according to the Postmaster General.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 20.—The Public Utility Commission today ordered suspended the increased rates for telephone toll service, which were scheduled to go into effect tomorrow on order of Postmaster General Burleson. The suspension is made on authority of the New Jersey State statute, which provides that the reasonableness of the increase shall be shown. This statute, according to the statement of the board, is not nullified by the proclamation by which the President assumed control of the telephone lines, as the proclamation provided that State laws should not be revoked.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—An order to suspend the proposed increase in telephone rates as directed by Postmaster General Burleson, to become effective at midnight tonight, was issued today by the Missouri Public Service Commission. The commission also instructed its attorney to file injunction proceedings to halt the increase. The order of suspension applies only to the Bell Telephone Company since none of the other companies filed schedules of increased rates.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—A temporary injunction restraining the American Telephone and Telegraph Company from putting into effect the new long-distance telephone rate ordered by the Postmaster General, was obtained in a State Court this afternoon on petition of the Illinois State Public Utilities Commission.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 20.—Telephone companies of Michigan were warned by the State Railroad Commission today that any attempt to put into effect at midnight tonight the new toll rates announced by Postmaster General Burleson would result in prosecutions under the State law. Telegrams sent to the various companies state that as the rates have not been approved by the Railroad Commission they are illegal in Michigan. The telegrams quote the State law which provides a fine of from $1 to $1,000 for each violation of rates fixed by the State Commission.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 20.—An order restraining the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Company from putting into effect at midnight tonight the new schedule of rates as provided by

Continued on Page Five.

McKESSON & ROBBINS
Manufacturers and recommend
CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

GERMANY'S VOTE SHOWS STRENGTH FOR SOCIALISTS

Indicated That Centrists and Democrats Will Also Have Power in Convention.

EXTREMISTS ARE REBUKED

Berlin Official Majority Party Estimate Is for 40 to 50 Per Cent. of the Total.

EXTENSIVE RIOTS DENIED

But Copenhagen Advices Report Serious Disturbances in Berlin and Hamburg.

BERLIN, Jan. 20, (Associated Press.)—Richard Fischer, Secretary of the Majority Socialist Party in Berlin, estimated early this morning that in the elections to the National Assembly the Majority Socialists would have between 40 and 50 per cent. of the votes, the Independent Socialists 5, the Centrists 30, and the German Democrats from 15 to 20 per cent.

Twenty-four of the 831 election districts in Greater Berlin give the following totals: German Democratic Party, 7,375; Majority Socialists, 8,195; Independent Socialists, 3,005; German National Party, 4,706; German Peoples Party, 2,990; Christian (Centrist) Party, 2,254.

In the Ruhleben Precinct the Majority Socialists polled 1,028 votes, and the Independent Socialists 7.

The strength shown by the Democratic Party is surprising to the politicians in view of the fact that Berlin has long been overwhelmingly Socialist.

A majority of the election officials said that they were too tired to make a final count on Sunday night.

Paris Gets Many Returns.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Returns from the German election in a number of localities have been received here as follows:

Württemberg — Majority Socialists, 470,316 votes and seven seats; German Democrats, 332,010 votes and four seats; Centrists, 303,050 votes and four seats.

Mecklenburg and Lübeck—Socialists, three seats; Democrats, two; Nationalists, one.

Frankfort-on-the-Main—Independent Socialists, 77,000 votes; Democrats, 38,000; Centrists, 19,000; People's Party, 14,000; Majority Socialists, 74,000, and Nationalists, 7,000. The results are incomplete.

Danzig — People's Party, 11,700; Centrists, 13,300; Democrats, 23,500; Independent Socialists, 6,800. These returns are also incomplete.

Magdeburg — Nationalists, 9,019; People's Party, 7,205; Centrists, 2,514; Democrats, 4,224; Majority Socialists, 103,483; Minority Socialists, 10,637.

Elberfeld—Nationalists and People's Party, 22,128; Centrists, 11,077; Democrats, 9,850; Majority Socialists, 35,039; Minority Socialists, 7,284.

Brunswick City—Citizens' League, without Democrats, 16,477; Democrats, 16,200; Majority Socialists, 6,363; Independent Socialists, 26,335. It is noteworthy that the United Bourgeois Parties polled more than the Minority Parties, although Brunswick is one of the latter's strongholds.

Barmen City—Nationalists, 22,968; Centrists, 8,310; Democrats, 12,680; Majority Parties, 29,302; Minority Parties, 10,949.

Vote of Baden Districts.

Freiburg, Baden—Majority Socialists, 1,697 votes; Centrists, 25,773; German Nationalists, 4,286; German Democrats, 9,920.

Mannheim—Centrists, 18,705; German Nationalists, 6,007; German Democrats, 26,562.

Lorrach, Baden—Centrists, 3,852; German Nationalists, 1,444; German Democrats, 8,572; Majority Socialists, 10,944.

Waldshut—Majority Socialists, 3,534; Centrists, 9,072; German Nationalists, 147; German Democrats, 2,202.

Sackingen—Majority Socialists, 2,800; Centrists, 5,918; German Nationalists, 49; German Democrats, 1,091.

Constance—Socialists, 12,249; Centrists, 15,774; German Nationalists, 968; German Democrats, 8,721.

Third Electoral District of Baden—Majority Socialists, five seats; Centrists, five seats; German Nationalists, one seat; German Democratic Party, three seats. The votes cast were: Majority Socialists, 362,948; Centrists, 380,644; German Nationalists, 78,786; German Democrats, 226,811.

Karlsruhe District—Majority Socialists, 34,887; Centrists, 14,570; Nationalists, 883; German Democrats, 24,803.

Among the well-known Germans elected in Baden were Konstantin

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Ask Americans to Settle Jugoslav-Austrian Border.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Graz, Austria, says that Plenipotentiaries of German Austria, Carinthia and Jugoslavia, at a meeting held to discuss the settlement of the question of boundaries, decided, in order to prevent a resumption of hostilities, that an American investigation commission should study the situation and conduct inquiries along the borders of the States concerned. The appointment of such a commission was proposed by the Americans themselves.

Negotiations, begun last week to obtain a cessation of hostilities on the Carinthian front, have resulted in a renewal of the armistice.

PEACE IN MARCH HOPED FOR IN PARIS

But a Prerequisite Is the Triumph of Moderate Parties in German Election.

THEN TO FIX BOUNDARIES

Some Delegates Think This Might Be Deferred Till After Signing of Treaty.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Present arrangements are that the Peace Conference will hold sessions on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday of each week, and a high authority said last night that all necessary work could be got through in time to allow of the signature of the peace treaty in March, if one thing happened. This one essential condition to an early conclusion of the peace negotiations is that the election in Germany should result in the formation of a stable and responsible Government.

Such information as has reached certain well-informed quarters here points to the probability of a return of the bourgeois and Majority Socialist candidates in sufficient numbers to insure the creation of a strong moderate Government. This is the hope on which some of the allied delegates at the Paris conference base the prediction of a possible signature of peace in March.

Peace with Germany at that time would not necessarily mean that all the questions with which the Paris conference has to deal had been settled. The plan along which the conference will work, if the German elections result, as it is hoped, will be to determine the essential points of the peace treaty and to lay down certain broad general definitions which will govern the working out of such details as there may not have been time to settle in their entirety. The determination of certain disputed frontiers, for instance, might very well be carried out by commissions specially appointed for that purpose along the lines of the principles established by the treaty of peace.

It is evident that this plan can only be successfully carried out if it is thoroughly well understood by possible recalcitrants that the great powers will take measures to see that the decisions embodied in the peace treaty are accepted by all concerned.

At Work on the Plans.

At most of the headquarters of the various delegations to the Peace Conference hard work is in progress. The Villa Majestic and the Hotel Astoria, where the huge staffs of the British delegation are housed, were hives of industry. Clemenceau's call for memoranda from each of the chief delegations on the responsibility for the war and international labor legislation has set a rapid pace for the Conference.

So far as the British were concerned, a good deal of preliminary work of this kind had been taken in hand some time ago under the general direction of Lord Hardinge, permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, but the final papers to be submitted to the Conference had to be prepared hurriedly from rough drafts submitted by various departments.

At present the date of the plenary session, at which the League of Nations question will have pride of place, is not yet determined, and it will probably depend on the progress made with the business which Clemenceau put on the program yesterday.

Some cynics still suggest that the conference will merely affirm its general adhesion to the principle of the league and then refer the examination of the various schemes which are known to have been dealt with to a special committee, which, according to these cynics, will be tantamount to interment. In responsible British quarters, however, there is not the slightest disposition to agree with this view. It was pointed out today that the British Government was pledged to do its utmost to further the foundation of the league on a practical basis,

Continued on Page Two.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CEN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

WILSON SAYS WORLD MUST STAND WITH FRANCE AGAINST CONQUEST; COUNCIL STUDIES RUSSIAN PROBLEM

PETROGRAD ENVOY HEARD

French Ambassador Tells Allied Leaders of Conditions in Russia.

DENOUNCES THE BOLSHEVIKI

Authorized Statement of His Views Warns Against Any Dealings with Reds.

SHORT SESSION IS HELD

Today the Danish Envoy to Petrograd Will Give His Testimony.

PARIS, Jan. 20. — (Associated Press.)—The meeting of the Supreme Council today took up the Russian situation.

An hour was given over to hearing Joseph Noulens, the French Ambassador who has just returned from Russia, where he personally witnessed the various changes that had been taking place in the Government and conditions there. What he told the council was not disclosed, but an authorized statement from M. Noulens sums up his views thus:

"The Bolshevist power is the enemy of the Entente. It is responsible for the Russian defection from the Entente. It furnished Germany with food during the war. It protested against the terms of the German armistice. These acts show an uncompromising attitude of hostility against the Entente.

"Tyranny and terror, which are increasing daily, should place the bloody chiefs at Moscow and Petrograd outside the pale of humanity. No society of nations could deal with such a regime, which constitutes today the most serious obstacle to a general peace. Until the regime falls, which I hope to see the Allies actively undertake, Europe will continue to be exposed to the severest risks of agitation and war."

M. Noulens will be followed tomorrow by H. Scavenius, the Danish Minister to Russia, along the same lines.

The Supreme Council reassembled at 10:30 o'clock with Vittorio Orlando, the Italian Premier, the only absentee. The council as it met comprised ten members—two from each of the five great powers. President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing representing the United States. Baron Nobuaki Makino, chief of the Japanese mission, attended the session for the first time, accompanied by Baron Matsui, Ambassador to France.

The three other members from each power did not attend, as full meetings of the membership of 25 are only assembled when subjects of special importance are under consideration by the council.

Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, was accompanied to the meeting by Lord Robert Cecil, who has especially in charge the subject of a League of Nations on behalf of Great Britain. Lord Robert remained only a few moments and did not enter the Council chamber.

Following the meeting this communiqué was issued:

The President of the United States of America and the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of the Allied Governments, assisted by Baron Makino, and the Japanese Ambassador in Paris, met at the Quai d'Orsay this morning between 10:30 and 12 o'clock.

M. Noulens, the French Ambassador to Russia, who returned a few days ago from Archangel, addressed the meeting and gave particulars of the situation in Russia.

The next meeting will take place on Tuesday at 10:30 o'clock in the morning to hear the remarks of M. Scavenius, the Danish Minister in Petrograd, who left the Russian capital very recently.

ALL SEEK TO LEARN THE RUSSIAN FACTS

Conferees Working Harmoniously to Decide on Policy That Will Have United Support.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The best possible proof of the harmony and mutual conciliation that prevail among the peace delegates is the spirit in which the

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Consider Whether to Intervene Actively in Russia, Give Non-Military Help or Cease to Oppose Reds

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Delegates to the Peace Conference have before them three main proposals regarding the policy to be adopted toward Russia.

The first advocates vigorous intervention and the overthrow of the Bolsheviki.

The second advocates by every other means than the dispatch of troops assistance to the elements in Russia fighting for democracy and order against the Bolsheviki, with the object of contributing to the restoration of normal conditions in the peripheral regions of Russia, and to encourage the populations of the central regions, still under Bolshevist domination, to an effort to obtain similar conditions.

The third involves the cessation of opposition to the Bolshevist Government, the withdrawal of the associated and allied troops, and an attempt to reach a working arrangement to assist Russia out of her troubles, though the formal recognition of the Bolsheviki is not necessary.

Under the third proposal the associated powers would attempt to supply Russia with food and other urgent necessaries, and assist in the reorganization of transportation, industry, and commerce, provided that the Bolsheviki would guarantee to discontinue their attacks on their neighbors, refrain from molesting allied sympathizers, and cease terrorism.

FOE IN OUR SECTOR TO SELL TO FRANCE; COUNCIL AGAINST GENERAL TRADING

Gen. Smith Starts German Production and Sales to Aid in Reconstruction.

WINS ASSENT FROM FRENCH

First Call on Goods Is Given to Them—American Methods Being Introduced.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 20.—Brig. Gen. H. A. Smith, who is in charge of the administration of civil affairs in the German territory occupied by the American Army, has effected an arrangement with the allied high command by which manufacturing establishments in our sector may market their products both in France and in Germany. He has also made arrangements looking to a full supply of coal from down the Rhine. He hopes within three weeks to have every idle man in our region at work.

General Smith aspires to put our part of Germany in good economic condition. At first he met some opposition from others powers indirectly concerned, because some officials deemed the American plan unwise, in that it would strengthen Germany, and therefore be a bad step for the Allies, to take.

But he countered with the argument that articles he wished to be manufactured would not add to Germany's military strength, and that it was the desire of the American Army civil administration here to make its part of the Rhineland prosperous, and not to endanger France or the other Allies, but to place at least a part of Germany in a position where it would be able to pay its part of the allied indemnity.

France Demands Goods.

France put forward a suggestion that she be allowed to buy that part of the region's manufactured products which she could use, and when he agreed to this his plan for the sale of the products in other parts of Germany went through.

Officials intrusted with arranging for France to take what part of the products she needed started out on the supposition that a credit could be made, but it was firmly pointed out that the Americans had put themselves in a position where they were responsible for economic prosperity hereabouts and must have assets in a form that could be quickly liquidated, and that therefore all customers in this market must pay in cash. The French agreed.

When this plan, which will take in most of the workers, whom 1,000,000 of German population supplies, gets to working we shall control a wide range of manufactured products, as well as incidentally a large wine business. In addition, this part of Germany produces a great amount of foodstuffs, distribution of which will be under American direction.

Food Situation Improves.

The American Army also has charge of food conditions at present in that part of Germany we occupy and, incidentally, I quote a sentence from

Continued on Page Two.

DURING CONVALESCENCE FROM INFLUENZA—and pneumonia—take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing, strengthening, delicious, with no sickish sweetness. Any druggist. 25c.—Advt.

Allies Oppose Lifting the Economic Blockade of Germany Yet.

AMERICANS FAVOR ACTION

Believe Refusal to Allow Trade Current to Flow Will Spread the Bolshevist Spirit.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—No general opportunity is to be afforded to Germany—for the present at least—to make progress toward a resumption of normal economic conditions. This decision has been reached by a majority of the Supreme Council of the Inter-Allied Peace Conference after going over the situation in the light of the most recent information. In taking this action the Supreme Council acted contrary to the sentiment prevailing in the American delegation, where the feeling was strong that the whole world would be better served if Germany was given a measure of participation in the world's business.

It was the Americans who brought the question squarely before the Supreme Council. They had become convinced that if present conditions continued in the territories constituting the former German Empire, Bolshevism would obtain such a hold that it would be impossible to check it, and as a result it would spread westward and become a menace to every country.

The view of the United States representatives was that the situation could best be met by modifying the blockade against the German ports so as permit a fair degree of trading with the outside world, thus permitting Germany to purchase food and other much-needed supplies with her own money earned through selling German exports wherever a market was available.

The understanding obtained here is that the American representatives are willing to go to the extent of permitting Germany to have some raw materials to enable her to finish goods that would bring in money to pay for what was furnished her by other nations to supply her actual needs but it is doubtful if this point is pressed as it is realized by all those concerned in making peace that the first obligation in the way of reconstruction and restoration is toward the allied countries that suffered heavily through the German methods of frightfulness.

It is a fact, however, that the American representatives felt that something should be done to relieve the conditions in Germany and elsewhere in Central Europe in order to remove the political dangers threatening from human suffering.

For their part the French have made it clear that they are not satisfied that Germany is in no condition to come back quickly into a position of economic strength under the encouragement of a lifted blockade. Furthermore, the French are understood to have felt that it would be better not to show favors to Germany until the terms of peace were accepted by her Government, for the reason that if this encouragement began to bring a resumption of normal conditions to that country there would be a typical German disposition displayed to resist the severest of the treaty conditions.

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FRENCH SENATE AS HOST

Wilson and His Ideas Hailed at Luncheon in Luxembourg Palace.

HIS TRIBUTE TO FRANCE

Says She Has Earned Brotherhood of World by Resistance of German Peril.

MAKES A DEEP IMPRESSION

His Words Go Straight to the Heart of France, Says Henry White.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—President Wilson was the guest of the French Senate at a luncheon today in the Luxembourg Palace. He was greeted by Antonin Dubost, President of the Senate, in an address in which he said the Senate welcomed the President and his ideas. In reply, President Wilson, addressing President Poincaré, as well as M. Dubost, paid glowing tribute to France for her heroic resistance to the foe of the world as the outpost of humanity, declaring that "the peril of France, if it continues, will be the peril of the world, and not only France must organize against the peril, but the world must organize against it."

M. Dubost's address follows in full:

Welcomes Wilson and His Ideas.

"Mr. President: My colleagues and myself thank you for having been so good as to accept our invitation and to give us some hours of your time, which we know to be devoted to the high meditations and the important negotiations upon which the fate of the peoples depends. From your first steps on the land of France and since your entry into Paris the French people has spontaneously given their hearts to you, and they perceived at once in your frank smile and in your so loyal and open physiognomy that you, too, were spontaneously giving yourself to them.

"You are today in an old palace of France, and it is among these grand reminders of past times that, with thoughts rejuvenated by republican ardor, yet with patriotism, the French Senate shapes a history which already counts fifteen centuries. We welcome here, Mr. President, you and your ideas. Nowhere could your splendid ambition to substitute for the periodically broken equilibrium of material forces the definite award of moral forces elicit more enthusiasm than in France, and nowhere more than in the Senate, since the statute of international peace has been first of all and for a long time prepared by some of its most eminent members.

"Our national problem consists, therefore, in combining our European past and our actual material security with the conditions of the new order for which you have given so noble a formula, because this new order will ever have to lean on some force, for which France will, when all is told, stand the most advanced and exposed sentinel. We firmly believe with you, Mr. President, and, allow me to add, sincere and great friend, that a new world order and perhaps a world harmony are possible, in which our French country will at last be liberated from the nightmare of invasion — our country, for which nearly 1,400,000 men of France have just given their lives.

"It is with such a hope that we shall most willingly participate in the sublime cause which you have come to undertake on the devastated soil of old Europe, where hatred and discord still howl after the guns have become silent, and where anarchy causes a vast part of mankind to stagger. The task is a gigantic one, but it is worthy of your country, accustomed to great undertakings, and of ours, the ancient artisan of western civilization. Mr. President, we salute your great heart and your high intelligence with a joyful hope and a fervent acclamation."

Following is President Wilson's reply in full:

France's Long Period of Peril.

"Mr. President of the Senate, Mr. President of the Republic: You have made me feel your welcome in words as generous as they are delightful, and I feel that you have graciously called me your friend. May I not in turn call this company a company of my friends, for everything that you have so finely said, Sir, has been corroborated in every circumstance of our visit to this country. Everywhere we have been welcomed not only, but welcomed in the spirit and with the same thought, until it has seemed as if the spirits of the two countries came together in an unusual and beautiful accord.

"We know the long period of peril through which France has gone. France thought us remote in comprehension and sympathy, and I dare say there were times when we did not comprehend as you comprehended the danger in the presence of which the world stood. There

Continued on Page Two.

was no time when we did not know how near it was, and I fully understand, Sir, that throughout these trying years, when mankind has waited for the catastrophe, the anxiety of France must have been the deepest and most constant of all, for she did stand at the frontier of freedom. She had carved out her own fortunes through a long period of eager struggle. She had done great things in building up a great, new France. And just across the border, separated from her only by a few fortifications and a little country whose neutrality, it has turned out, the enemy did not respect, lay the shadow cast by the cloud which enveloped Germany—the cloud of intrigue, the cloud of dark purpose, the cloud of sinister design. This shadow lay at the very borders of France.

"And yet it is fine to remember here that for France this was not only a peril but a challenge. France did not tremble. France quietly and in her own way prepared her sons for the struggle that was coming. She never took the initiative or did a single thing that was aggressive. She had prepared herself for defense, not in order to impose her will upon other people. She had prepared herself that no other people might impose its will upon her.

"As I stand with you and as I mix with the delightful people of this country I see this in their thoughts: 'America always was our friend. Now she comprehends, and now she has come to bring us this message, and, understanding, she will always be ready to help.' And while I say, Sir, this danger may prove to be a continuing danger, while it is true that France will always be near at this threat, if we cannot turn it from a threat into a promise, there are many elements that ought to reassure France.

A New, Awakened World.

"There is a new, awakened world. It is not ahead of us, but around us. It knows that its dearest interests are involved in its standing together for a common purpose. It knows that the peril of France, if it continues, will be the peril of the world. It knows that not only France must organize against this peril, but that the world must organize against it.

"So I see in these welcomes not only hospitality, not only kindness, not only hope, but a purpose, a definite, clearly defined purpose, that men, understanding one another must support one another, and that all the sons of freedom are under a common oath to see that freedom never suffers this danger again. That, to my mind, is the impressive element of this welcome. I know how much of it, Sir, and I know how little of it to appropriate to myself.

"I know that I have the very distinguished honor to represent a nation whose heart is in this business, and I am proud to speak for the people whom I represent. But I know that you honor me in a representative capacity. I delight in this welcome, therefore, as if I had brought the people of the United States with me and they could see in your faces what I see in the tokens of welcome and affection.

"The sum of the whole matter is that France has earned and has won the brotherhood of the world. She has stood at the chief post of danger, and the thoughts of mankind and her brothers everywhere, her brothers in freedom, turn to her and centre upon her. If this be true, as I believe it to be, France is fortunate to have suffered. She is fortunate to have proved her mettle as one of the champions of liberty, and she has tied to herself, once and for all, all those who love freedom and truly believe in the progress and rights of man."

Received With Great Ceremony.

President Wilson, accompanied by Premier Clemenceau, drove to the Luxembourg Palace from the Foreign Office, where he had been attending the meeting of the Supreme Council. He was received at the palace with great ceremony. The Republican Guard, in dress uniforms, was drawn up in the Court of Honor. A fanfare of drums and trumpets marked the President's appearance. This was followed by the playing of the American national anthem.

At the entrance of the palace President Wilson was met by M. Dubost, and escorted to the Salon des Conferences, where the covers for the luncheon were laid. This chamber, formerly the throne room of the Bourbon Kings, is one of the most magnificent in Europe, with famous paintings and Gobelin tapestry depicting French history.

President Dubost sat at the head of the table, with President Wilson at his right and President Poincaré at his left. Next to President Wilson sat the Premiers of Italy, Rumania, and Czechoslovakia, while next to President Poincaré were the Premiers of Greece, Serbia, and China. Opposite sat Premier Clemenceau and the Foreign Ministers of nations from all parts of the world.

The American guests included Secretary of State Lansing, Henry White, General Tasker H. Bliss, Rear Admiral Grayson, Brig. Gen. William W. Harts, Robert Woods Bliss, American Chargé d'Affaires, and President Wilson's two stenographers.

Among the guests, who numbered all told 300, were also all the French Cabinet members, the members of the Senate, Paul Deschanel, the President of the Chamber of Deputies, and Marshal Foch.

First Time Since Napoleon.

The luncheon was one of the most elaborate functions thus far held in connection with the Peace Conference. The throne room of the Bourbon Kings was used for the first time since, a hundred years ago, Napoleon banqueted his Generals returning from battle.

The Republican Guard, in snow-white uniforms and gleaming helmets, lined the marble staircase as President Wilson ascended. The menu was a beautifully engraved work of art, bearing President Wilson's portrait on the cover.

Mr. Wilson's speech was warmly applauded, and as he closed the band of the Republican Guard took up the inspiring strains of "The Marseillaise," with the voice of a tenor from the opera joining in the refrain. The President was so impressed with the demonstration that he wrote a hurried note on his card and sent it to the singer.

The guests then withdrew for coffee in the Salon Victor Hugo, where two brilliant groups formed, one with Marshal Foch in the centre and the other with President Wilson, the Premiers and foreign delegates crowding around.

The two Presidents again received military honors when they departed.

SENATORS DELIGHTED AT WILSON'S SPEECH

"Will Go Straight to Heart of French People Also," Says Henry White.

BY CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Henry White of the American Peace Delegation was enthusiastic this afternoon about the effect of the Senate luncheon to President Wilson. Mr. White speaks French almost as well as he does English, and his long residence in Paris has given him an intimate knowledge of French psychology and character. His comments, therefore, interested me greatly.

"It was most astounding," he said. "The President went straight to the heart of the French Senate, as his remarks will go straight to the heart of the French people. He conveyed to his audience his complete understanding of all that France has been through and all she has stood for. Many Senators whom I know spoke to me afterward in terms which showed the deep impression he made."

The occasion was not only happy, but most significant. The President of the Senate's welcome, not alone to Mr. Wilson but also to his "ideas," was regarded as showing the trend of opinion.

One striking feature of the occasion was the extraordinary work of the official translator of the conference, who is a Frenchman but lives in England and knows both languages perfectly and who also possesses oratorical abilities of a high order. President Wilson spoke extemporaneously. The translator took notes and reproduced the speech with remarkable accuracy. His rendition was full of the peculiar fire which the French appreciate and like. His spirited rendition brought the distinguished audience to its feet.

The whole affair was of happy augury and tended to confirm the optimistic impressions already prevalent.

WHY WILSON LOOKS FOR LEAGUE VICTORY

Summary of the Progress of His Campaign Shows Grounds for Optimism.

3 STAGES OF HIS EFFORTS

"Moral Offensive" of Jan. 8, 1918; House's Work in Paris; Allies' Acceptance of Hoover.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—"What are President Wilson's grounds for his faith in a favorable outlook for the League of Nations expressed in his cable to the New York Civic Forum?" After inquiry today in the best informed quarters I am able to present a summary of various phases of the American effort and a forecast of the Peace Conference as it is viewed by those close to the President.

The prologue to the allied conferences: Throughout this period, which can best be divided into three parts, runs one dominating idea, the blending of the individuality of great nations for the accomplishment of great undertakings.

First Phase.—The Spring of 1918 brought with it impending disaster to the allied cause, and purely national interests were forgotten, and a great leader was made Generalissimo of the allied armies. The resources of the United States and the Allies were virtually pooled and placed at his disposal, and during the last few days of September we knew that the terrific war that had plunged the peoples of the world into misery for more than four years was nearing its culmination in victory for the Allies.

During this same time the moral force which had always been behind the cause of the Entente, but which had never received any positive direction, became, under the leadership of President Wilson, not only a weapon against our enemies, but a protection to ourselves.

The peoples of the allied nations refused any longer to be led blindly.

The masses of Russia demanded an interpretation of the war and, not receiving it from the Allies, their leaders sold out to Germany. The British laboring man and the French Socialist began to show signs of impatience. On Jan. 8, 1918, President Wilson began his great "moral offensive," which, we learned, after the armistice had been signed and we were permitted to look into Germany, had caused as great havoc among the political Hindenburgs in Berlin as our armies had at the front. And all the time peoples of the Allies and the people of the United States were being welded together by common sacrifices on the field of battle and by common war aims based on democracy.

House's Paris Mission of 1918.

Second phase—On Oct. 25, 1918, Colonel House arrived in Paris. The press announcement said that he had arrived in France "for consultation with the representatives of the Governments associated with the United States in the war." Germany had stated that she wished to make peace on the principles laid down by President Wilson in his speech of Jan. 8, 1918, and his subsequent addresses. The President had sent his correspondence with Germany to the allied Governments, with the request that they advise him whether they, too, were willing to adopt these principles as the basis for peace. Upon their answer depended the future of the world.

On Nov. 4, ten days after the President's representative had arrived in Paris and seven days after the conferences between Colonel House and the allied Premiers had begun, the answer had been given in unmistakable terms. The allied statesmen recognized the great principles of democracy that had welded together the plain people of the Entente and the United States in a determination to fight to the end for a peace based on those principles—a peace of peoples and not a peace of politicians. All recognize that sacrifices of certain purely national aspirations would have to be made in the interest of the accomplishment of the great undertaking—the stabilization of the world on principles of democracy.

Third Phase.—On Nov. 11, 1918, the armistice terms were accepted by Germany, and hostilities ceased. The war had ended almost as suddenly as it began. Its ending caused nearly as great a convulsion as did its beginning. The popular rejoicings, holidays, and great relief following the removal of the weight long borne, resulted in a species of hysterical panic comparable to that experienced in August, 1914. Pressing problems presented themselves, but until Europe had caught its breath no progress could be made toward their solution.

Agreement on Relief Plan.

Even before the armistice was signed President Wilson had studied the problem of sending relief to the civilian population of the liberated regions of Europe, and on Nov. 26 Herbert C. Hoover arrived in Paris for consultation with Colonel House regarding the most practicable way of organizing this relief. Proposals for allied and American endeavor, properly co-ordinated, were made through Colonel House to the allied Governments early in December. These culminated on Jan. 9, 1919, when the announcement was made in the press that:

The Allies and the United States are in agreement that relief must be furnished, and that the working out of relief of this character on a large scale necessitates unity of direction similar in character to that which has proved so successful in the French and British chief command in the operations of the Allies on land and sea respectively. The allied Governments have advised the President that they desire that the United States Government should take the lead in the organization and administration of this relief.

Under this arrangement between the United States and the Allies a council is being appointed of two representatives of each Government to secure co-ordination of food, finance, and shipping resources in the solution of the problems connected with this relief.

On Jan. 11, 1919, simultaneously with the arrival of the allied peace delegations in Paris, the first meeting of the Supreme Council of Supply and Relief, with Hoover as Director General of Relief, was held. The great humanitarian work had been started, under the auspices of the Allies and the United States, to alleviate the ravages of war and to stem the tide of anarchy resulting from malnutrition, almost amounting to starvation. The significance of this event cannot be overestimated.

During the few days just preceding its opening the delegates conferred concerning the organization of the Peace Conference. Generous representation was accorded the smaller powers, and independent representation was given the great self-governing dominions of the British Empire. Thus the world was brought into conference, and a new democracy, untutored in European politics, was summoned to help in the creation of a new order.

President Poincare's Forecast.

The Forecast.—President Poincaré and Premier Clemenceau yesterday made a forecast. The President of the French Republic, in welcoming the delegates, said:

"Even before the armistice you placed that necessary unity under the aegis of the lofty moral and political truths of which President Wilson has nobly made himself the interpreter, and in the light of these truths you intend to accomplish your mission. You will, in conformity with the fourteenth of the propositions unanimously adopted by the great allied powers, establish a general League of Nations which will be the supreme guarantee against any fresh assaults upon the right of peoples."

Premier Clemenceau said:

"The program of this conference has been laid down by President Wilson. It is no longer a peace of more or less vast territories; no longer a peace of continents; it is a peace of nations that is to be made."

And then the League of Nations was place at the beginning of the agenda of the meetings.

An Inspiring Program.

It is a solemn and inspiring program. It involves the guarantee of territorial integrity; the application of combined economic pressure on nations which may selfishly attempt to disturb the peace of the world; the abolition of secret alliances—in short, the blending of the individuality of the great and small nations of the world in the interests of the peaceful and legitimate development of the nations of the world.

Can this program be realized? The experience of the last few months, as detailed in the foregoing summary, makes the realization of the new order seem entirely practicable.

"We are trusted to do a great thing," the President said on Saturday, "and to do it as promptly as possible."

The people of the world know their Governments can by united effort work wonders. They will be satisfied only if their representatives in the Conference sink their purely national aims so far as they interfere with the establishment of a world federation organized in the interests of keeping the peace. Under stress of war splendid co-operation in the common purpose has been attained. The sentiment of the world demands that this Conference shall work with a world-purpose in view instead of purely national purposes. The delegates know this, and they will never be willing to face their peoples without a scheme of international organization calculated to insure the winning of peace under the principles laid down by President Wilson.

Such are the train of events and the reasoning therefrom upon which rests the optimistic feeling in American circles voiced by President Wilson's cable.

SAYS WILSON PLAN WILL WIN.

Henderson Sure the President Will Achieve a Workable League.

BERNE, Switzerland, Jan. 1.—"President Wilson will achieve a workable and feasible League of Nations and will have the full strength and influence of Great Britain solidly behind him," Arthur Henderson, British Labor Leader, told the Associated Press today.

Mr. Henderson is in Berne to arrange the preliminaries for an international labor conference here on Jan. 27. He said he was disappointed that Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, who had been elected to the committee which was to meet here, had formed another trade union conference.

Mr. Henderson outlined difficulties which he had faced in bringing about a labor conference. The conference was first planned for Paris coincident with the Peace Conference, but the French Government let it be understood that this was not acceptable to them. Lausanne was then chosen, but again came hints from the Swiss French that French Switzerland was not possible as the scene of the conference, although they did not object to its being held in German Switzerland. Berne was then selected as the meeting place.

Germans and Austrians as well as Dutch and Swedish labor leaders, Mr. Henderson understood, will participate, and French and Italian delegates would probably attend. The conference planned, he said, to take up labor questions such as a maximum working day, a uniform wage scale and related matters, and to forward the findings to the Peace Conference in the hope that they would be incorporated in the peace treaty. The conference here, if it was held, would be the first official meeting of allied and enemy labor leaders since the beginning of the war.

ITALIAN PRESS COMPLAINS.

Says Papers of Allied Countries Misstate Italian Aspirations.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Jan. 20.—The Italian press deplores the fact that several American, French and English newspapers have lately published articles concerning Italian aspirations written in an unfriendly spirit and often misstating facts. Some affirm that Italy desires to annex the whole of the Oriental coast of the Adriatic, while, it is pointed out here, everyone should by this time know that Italy only claims a small piece of that coast, which in its greater extension will go to the Jugoslavs. Others say that Fiume is the only port in Croatia and that Croatia gives it its commercial importance, while statistics plainly demonstrate that only 10 per cent. of the commercial movement of that port can be attributed to Croatia. Some newspapers go so far as to believe that Italians persecute the Slavs in Istria, while the only ones who really are persecuted are the Italians. The press urgently calls for more energetic propaganda in Allied countries to make known the real Italian aspirations.

LEAGUE STRUCTURE BECOMING DEFINITE

Plans Forming Would Set Up Virtually a Concert of Great Powers to Guard Small.

BRYAN TREATIES AS A HINT

Wilson Giving Almost His Whole Attention to Problem of Completing Concrete Scheme.

PARIS, Jan. 20, (Associated Press.)—As the Peace Congress resumed sittings today, marked progress was being made in the business of comparing various plans for the formation of a League of Nations and harmonizing them into a unity of ideas which could be taken up as a concrete proposition.

Much headway in this direction was made last night at the conference at the Murat residence, which was attended by President Wilson, Lord Robert Cecil, the British representative, charged with working out a plan for a League of Nations; Leon Bourgeois, the French proponent of a plan for such an organization, and General Jan Christian Smuts, who has formulated a plan for a league.

Preliminary conversations over the structure of the League of Nations are still in the stage of being discussed in meetings of the Supreme Council, and are not technically before the Peace Congress as a whole, but the fact that the congress has advanced this question to the foremost place in its program is taken as a sign that such progress is being made in the Supreme Council as to warrant the expectation that a definite and somewhat detailed program will soon be evolved.

This program, it is believed, will present the common thought of the leaders of the United States, Great Britain, and France, and, therefore, may furnish a starting point from which all the peace delegates may participate in the work. President Wilson is personally pressing this one feature of the work of the Peace Congress to the virtual exclusion of all others.

With a definite plan formed for erecting a structure for a league, there are about twenty-five working days remaining of the time that President Wilson had allotted to himself for work in France before leaving for home. The question now being asked is whether in this comparatively short time he can bring together in an agreement for a Society of Nations.

Many of the President's closest advisers are reasonably convinced that he can do so. They base their opinion on what appear to be spontaneous developments, on expressions indicating adherence to the League plan by Great Britain, France, and Italy, and on the assumption that with these nations virtually agreed in principle and also as to some details, the remainder of the work, while presenting perplexities, does not present hopeless obstacles, if approached in the spirit of accommodation, and even sacrifice, which virtually all leaders have declared in their public addresses as being necessary to a satisfactory result.

With discussions now past the point where it seems to be agreed that there shall be no super-sovereignty, nor a common police force, and that the question whether a nation shall contribute force in carrying out the decisions of the league shall be left to each nation individually in each instance, the general plan which is being most talked about now embodies an enlargement of the principles contained in the treaties negotiated by William Jennings Bryan. These provide for a delay of a year before declaring war and for investigations by a special commission of all disputes, and for no declaration of war thereafter without giving certain notice.

Such a plan, current discussion in Paris brings out, is intended by those who favor it to establish virtually a concert of power among the principal nations for a preservation of world peace. This would be extended to what would be virtually a guardianship of the smaller nations, applying to them the principles which govern participation in the league by their greater sisters.

By this plan it is apparently purposed to internationalize the guardianship of smaller nations, with the idea that there shall be no domination over them by one nation, economically or financially.

It is proper to state at this juncture that President Wilson, himself, has a reasonably complete plan for the formation of the League of Nations. It may also be stated that he regards highly many features of the plan presented by General Smuts and is working in close harmony with M. Bourgeois and Lord Robert Cecil.

Aside from the attention being paid to the Russian situation, the Society of Nations question is now in an advantageous position and steady development may be expected.

The committee of foreign affairs of the Chamber of Deputies is considering a project presented by several members, to make Versailles the permanent seat of the League of Nations.

NATIONS MUST CO-OPERATE.

League Action Needed to Repair War's Damage, Says Major Astor.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—If the League of Nations is to be a success it must be positive as well as negative, according to a pamphlet issued by Major Waldorf Astor, Parliamentary Secretary of the Ministry of Food, today. Co-operation between the nations, Major Astor says, will be of vital importance in the period of reconstruction, during which all the belligerent nations, with the possible exception of the United States, must expect an economic crisis.

"Co-operation between nations before the war was an exception," the pamphlet says. "It has proved to be the cause of the allied victory and must be the basis of a permanent peace. The League of Nations will not last long if its functions are exerted solely through courts or tribunals for the settlement of disputes. They must make utmost use of every means of uniting nations for achieving common purposes and repelling common dangers.

"All the belligerent nations, with the possible exception of the United States, will now have to face an economic crisis, caused by the general disturbance of markets, the uncertainty of prices, and the breakdown of established Governments over a large part of Europe. The chances for international quarrels in the turmoil of competitive trade will be greater than ever. It is important, therefore, that the League of Nations be equipped with machinery to secure the utmost co-operation between nations in facing these common problems.

"Responsibility for repairing the ravages of war must fall upon the League of Nations. International labor problems confront the league even before the war. Labor and capital realized their interests were international. It will be of fundamental importance that, in restarting industry, the standard of living in civilized countries shall not be rendered unstable by competition of sweated goods and underpaid labor. It probably will be necessary to secure this by international agreements guaranteed by the League of Nations."

FOCH TO WITHDRAW OUR MEN IN BELGIUM

Will Recall British Also to Facilitate Work of Revictualing and Reconstruction.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 20.—To facilitate the revictualing and reconstruction of Belgium, which has been hampered by the railways' being used exclusively for military purposes, Marshal Foch, at the request of the Belgian Government, has decided to withdraw the British and American forces now in Belgium and employ them elsewhere.

The food minister has left for Paris to make arrangements for further measures to relieve the food situation.

FOE IN OUR SECTOR TO SELL TO FRANCE

By EDWIN L. JAMES.
Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

yesterday's army summary of intelligence:

"In the American area the food situation continues to improve."

Our army is attempting to Americanize business methods in this district. As an instance of methods that are peculiar to our administration, take the matter of compelling banks in our area to present semi-monthly statements and check these up with care. This method is, of course, modeled on the United States Bank Examiners' system. We thus avoid a certain degree of interference with German local business and at the same time know what is going on at the banks.

The fiscal situation is most serious in connection with the restoration of German business life. Marks are being issued at a rate of something like a hundred million a day, while the productive business of a large part of the nation stands still. A recent statement of the Rheinish Bank shows 19,100,000,000 marks in notes in circulation, while the Treasury has notes deposited for about 10,000,000,000 marks. Reichsbank Directors say:

"It cannot be denied that the grave danger menacing our entire industry lies in this swollen paper money circulation. While productive industries which alone can bring new values lie dormant the flood of paper notes grows."

Smith's Policy Constructive.

General Smith has his office in Treves, at advanced American headquarters, with branch offices throughout 5,000 square miles which we occupy. He is a mild-mannered man, expert in international law. I had a talk with him the other day, when he told me much of his plans.

"We want to put some American system into the job of rejuvenating industries under us," he said. "Nothing can be gained by hampering these industries; everything is to be gained by giving them a helping hand. Not to mention relieving us of a dangerous situation growing out of idle demobilized soldiers if no work awaits them, to develop these industries will help Germany get ready to pay the money debt she owes the Allies.

"It is the aim of this office to make the administration of civil affairs in the occupied territory a constructive administration, and therefore the sale of our products will be at the same price to all, ally and foe, on exactly the same conditions except that France can have first call, that being nothing but justice. When we get through with the job we hope to have a creditable report to make."

COUNCIL AGAINST GERMAN TRADING

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.
Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

In other words, to use a slang expression, Germany would become "cocky" and forget that she had been vanquished.

There is some reason to believe that American sentiment is not entirely crystallized on a plan of action of that character. Opinion differs as to whether Germany actually needs all the things for which she is clamoring, and it is apparent that a widespread view exists that much of the German effort to make the world believe that she is down and out in every way is mere propaganda.

Certainly the French and, to some extent, the British officials do not believe the time has yet arrived to show extreme consideration for a nation which was guilty of atrocious cruelties and whose territory, except Alsace-Lorraine, never suffered from the invasion of a hostile army while the war was on.

American representatives or some of them are not in accord with this conception of the possibilities growing out of the proposal to give a greater measure of relief to Germany. They hold that Germany has been whipped so badly that she is in no condition to be a menace to the world in any way, economically or militarily, for a long time to come.

It was the feeling among the members of the American delegation and some of their expert advisers that no good purpose would be served by leaving a chance or even a possibility of encouraging Bolshevism, which thrives on distress.

So as a result of the efforts of the United States all that has been accomplished is an agreement made at Treves by the allied and German representatives by which the unsurrendered German ships shall be turned over to the Allies for carrying troops and supplies, Germany to get her pay in foodstuffs, principally fats, furnished by the allied Governments up to an amount agreed upon as the price for the use of German vessels for this purpose.

The members of the American delegation, who believe an error has been made in denying to Germany the chance to earn money whereby to pay for food and other supplies she needs, are not entirely discouraged over their failure. They are of the opinion that the British, who are not favorable to lifting the blockade, will change their minds and adopt the American position or some modification of it.

The outcome of the German elections held on Sunday has a direct bearing on the decision not to give additional help to Germany. It is no secret that the prevailing American sentiment here is that the Ebert Government will have a sweeping victory so as to put an end to the danger of Bolshevist control of the former German Empire at this delicate period.

The latest information received in Paris indicates that Ebert's following won handsomely, and have a better control than heretofore. While it cannot be said that the socialistic domination of Germany is highly pleasing to all Americans connected officially with the Peace Conference, it was felt in the delegation pretty generally that the Ebert group afforded the best assurance of the maintenance of law and order, and for that reason their success brings satisfaction.

LABOR'S BIG PART IN PEACE OUTCOME

American Delegates Favor International Legislation to Protect Workers.

LINKED WITH LEAGUE IDEA

Conference, However, Is Understood to be Opposed to State Socialization Projects.

BY RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—On the eve of the first meeting which the Supreme Council of the five Great Powers will hold after the formal opening of the Peace Conference, the plenipotentiaries of the United States have in a general way formulated their proposals for a League of Nations.

Their plan contemplates an organization bound by the principle of compulsory arbitration of international disputes and the application of discipline to any nation declining to accept the findings of the arbitral body, but leaves each nation free to determine whether it will join in punitive measures requiring the employment of actual force to compel a recalcitrant Government to obey the arbitration tribunal's mandates.

It is inevitable that radical differences of opinion will appear in the effort of the five Powers to agree upon a working formula for the league, but it is felt that considerable progress has been made by their acceptance of the general principles which make possible this all-powerful society intended to prevent future wars.

The American plan does not provide for an international police fleet, but would leave to each nation the determination of its naval strength, although President Wilson and his colleagues may be found responsive to a suggestion for the limitation of naval building programs if the United States is left free to build as many warships as any other nation.

While the difficulties confronting the chief plenipotentiaries of the five powers in this connection are great, hope of a successful conclusion of their labors is found in Premier Clemenceau's statement at the first meeting of the Peace Conference on Saturday that he had told President Wilson that there was no sacrifice he was not willing to make in order to form a real League of Nations that would live.

The International Labor Question.

The American delegation is prepared to submit to the Peace Conference very comprehensive views on the subject of international legislation on the labor question. At Saturday's session of the conference, M. Clemenceau announced that this and other topics had been made the order of the day for the next meeting and asked all the delegations to present memoranda concerning them. The other topics are the responsibilities of the authors of the war and the punishment of the crimes committed during the war. In comparison with its concern with international labor legislation, the American delegates have only a mild interest in these other questions, one of which inferentially invites suggestions as to the punishment to be imposed upon the ex-Kaiser and the Imperialistic ruling group.

While their attitude on this question has not been defined in any authoritative way, it may be said that a strong opinion exists in American circles here that no action along this line should be taken which would make a martyr of William Hohenzollern and cause a feeling of hatred more intense than that felt at present, which would have the additional disadvantage of being perpetual.

The American delegates are deeply interested in the proposal to incorporate international labor legislation in the peace adjustments. It would not be surprising if they recommended that the International Association for Labor Protection, a semi-official body composed of delegates from national labor organizations, be utilized by the League of Nations as a basis of its labor bureau.

Opposed to State Socialism.

One gathers that the view of Americans here is that there can be no real political peace under threat of economic competition which might destroy the safeguards of labor. It is recognized that the demand for labor in the war-weary nations of Europe, heavily burdened by taxation, may force a slackening of the various national laws for the protection of workers which is likely to spread throughout the world.

There is no doubt that the allied Governments not only recognize the claims of labor, but regard such recognition as one of the most solid foundation stones of the League of Nations. At the same time the Peace Conference, it is understood, intends to avoid the consideration of Socialist demands which look to the socializing of the State. The intention of the conference appears to be to consider only specific labor problems with a view to remedial humanitarian legislation.

There is plenty of material in the way of suggestions for the consideration of the labor question by the conference. The French Chamber of Deputies recently adopted a Peace Conference program for international protection of labor. The British Labor Party has accepted recommendations for the amelioration of international labor conditions, and the British plans for the League of Nations seem to contemplate an international labor council as part of the machinery of the league. Last November the American Federation of Labor proposed that there be incorporated in the peace treaty provisions that no article of commerce made by child labor be transported, that the basic eight-hour day be recognized, that compulsory labor be imposed only as punishment for crime, and that trial by jury be extended to the whole world.

It is obvious that the putting of international labor problems forward in the Peace Conference program is a recognition of the danger of the spread of Bolshevism, which the conference realizes is obtaining a hold on Central Europe on account of conditions affecting the food industry.

DEMAND GERMAN INDEMNITY.

British Empire Producers Want It Commensurate with War Costs.

LONDON, Jan. 20, (via Montreal.)—The British Empire Producers' Organization has written to Premier Lloyd George stating that the affiliated associations of the Empire have sent cablegrams indorsing in the strongest terms the organization's demand that the Central Powers shall pay Great Britain an indemnity commensurate with the cost of the war.

The associations uniting in this plea, it is stated, represent well over $5,000,000,000 of British capital.

'TRUSTWORTHY' ONLY TO JOIN PEACE LEAGUE

Cecil Says Teutons Could Not Be Admitted At Once—British Plan Completed.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey cannot be admitted to the League of Nations at the present time, but they should be allowed to join as soon as the league was satisfied that they were entitled to be ranked among the trustworthy nations of the world.

This was the opinion expressed tonight by Lord Robert Cecil, who had just turned over to the printer the British plan for the League of Nations which will be submitted to the Peace Congress.

Lord Robert made this statement to The Associated Press:

"The league should be all-embracing—for all trustworthy nations, since it is for the good of humanity."

Asked for a definition of "trustworthy," he replied that in the case of Germany one criterion would be in the establishment of a Government free from military dominance. This would be a guarantee of trustworthiness. It was obvious, he pointed out, that Germany could not be admitted until she had brought order out of the present chaos and the complexion of the new Government was seen.

NEUTRALS EAGER TO HELP FORM LEAGUE

Some of Them Are Aggrieved That the Belligerents Alone Are To Undertake Project.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The decision that the League of Nations will be outlined and organized by the belligerents alone is understood to be the cause of some dissatisfaction among the neutrals, who are already informally discussing the matter among themselves. Whether any formal action will be taken by the neutrals to voice their protest is not yet known, but some of them are said to feel that it would be neither fair nor dignified that they should be afterward asked to subscribe to a covenant in whose making they had no part.

The neutrals, it is understood, do not ask for participation in the discussion of peace terms, since they took no part in the war, but they contend that a League of Nations is an international institution, independent of the war and that, therefore, no distinction should be made between belligerents and non-belligerents. It is also pointed out that among the neutrals there were several countries where anti-German feelings were as strong as among the Allies, but that owing to geographical position and other factors they were forced to remain neutral.

PEACE IN MARCH HOPED FOR IN PARIS

By ERNEST MARSHALL.
Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

and that the voice of the British people at the recent general election was strong in favor of that attitude. Hardly any candidate elected to Parliament failed to put on record his sympathy with the theory of the league. The terms in which both Poincaré and Clemenceau yesterday spoke of the league likewise indicated an advance from the attitude which the French Premier was understood to hold after his speech in the chamber on the day Wilson spoke at Manchester.

French Put the League Second.

It is asserted on behalf of the French view that the question of responsibility for the war and its corollaries must take precedence over the question of the League of Nations—that this is the strictly logical view. The League can be founded only on the basis of justice, and justice must be done first of all. The rights of the future, the adherents of this policy say, cannot rest on a sound foundation until the wrongs of the past are righted. Looked at in another way, the French position is that the present association of the United State and the allied powers already in effect constitutes a League of Nations with which Germany is still at war, and that no extension of this League which would permit of the entrance of Germany is possible until she and her allies have purged their crimes and are no longer in a position to attempt their renewal.

It is of interest to note that some Paris papers tonight assert that France can never be secure from the menace of German aggression unless she has a Rhine frontier.

La Liberté, for instance, says:

"The acceptance by France of the League of Nations and the consequences which follow from that principle will be subordinated to the guarantee of a solid frontier."

It is evident from arguments of this kind that the ideal of a League of Nations has a long road to travel before reaching practical realization; but, with America leading the way and Great Britain backing her up heartily, the advocates of the League are far from despairing. In fact, in British quarters it is believed that there has been a distinct gain of ground.

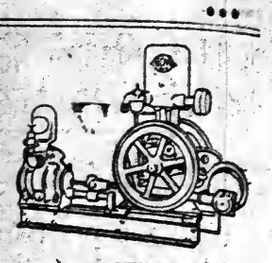
Premiers and Foreign Ministers of the five major powers reopened the discussion of the Russian problem this morning at the Quai d'Orsay.

I used the word reopened because it expressed the basic principle on which they set to work, since it has been wisely suggested that such divergence of view as exist may be due almost entirely to the different character of the information supplied to the statesmen of different countries.

Accordingly they decided to begin this morning by pooling every scrap of information available about Russia, to discuss it thoroughly and weigh report against report, testimony against testimony. It will thus be possible to reach a common conclusion, accepted by all, as to the real state of affairs in Russia. The Allies' greatest hindrance hitherto has been the extraordinarily conflicting nature of the statements made by persons whose good faith was above question.

In the chaotic melting pot that is Russia today considerations of time, place, personal or social position and treatment received affect the individual reports to an astounding degree. What is true in Moscow may be absurd in Petrograd, and what is a dream today may be an assured fact tomorrow.

After making an exhaustive survey of the whole mass of their data the delegates will be able to probe right to the heart of the problem and subsequently to get together on a unanimous policy.



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PETROGRAD ENVOY HEARD

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLOGNE, Jan. 16.—Wellington used to say he had spent his military life in trying to guess what was going on on the other side of the hill. History has to estimate these strategic guesses, and already the time has come when the pioneers of history are beginning to reduce the chaos of the war to order.

I have before me evidence which shows more clearly than anything yet published what was happening on the German side of the hill during those anxious months in the Spring of 1918. The witness is Captain von Schwink, who was a German staff officer for intelligence signalling and flying duties with the 17th German Army during 1918. When General von Below was on the Italian front in 1917, Schwink served with him. When the scene of German activity and German hopes shifted to France von Below was put in command of the 17th Army, and Schwink went with him.

Captain von Schwink began the war as a gunner; then he went into the air service and worked with artillery fighting and bombing squadrons. He received a staff appointment in 1917.

The main idea of the great German offensive of 1918, he says, was to break through to the sea, cutting the British army into two parts, one of which was to be driven back on the Channel ports while the other was to be thrown southward in disorder upon the French. All that happened afterward was in the nature of attempts to repair the plan which had gone awry, or to substitute some other which had not been originally contemplated.

Plan Went Wrong the First Day.

For the plan, according to von Schwink, did go awry from the first day. Even while the Kaiser was sending about ecstatic telegrams, while the British public was reading anxiously of that hurried retreat upon Amiens, the German staff knew that they had failed. So different are facts from imperial desires; so differently things look on the other side of the hill.

For in that great offensive of March 21 the main weight of the attack was to have fallen north of the Somme. The Germans had no intention of massing divisions south of a line drawn from St. Quentin to Amiens, and so the actual results of the severe check to the northern section of the offensive and their great advance in the south were considered by the German staff—I borrow the very guarded phrase—"as somewhat in the nature of a failure."

The attack, in fine, did not succeed as had been expected, except south of St. Quentin. The swift advance there was judged to be of merely minor importance. The Germans had hoped to gain an equal success all along the line.

What shattered their hopes was the stubborn resistance of the British Third Army. "They were much impressed"—or shall we say defeated?—by the fighting qualities of the divisions of that Third Army, and von Schwink singles out the 25th Division for honorable mention. The men of the 25th held up the strength of five German divisions. The great scheme was broken in the fighting of those two days.

It remained to try again. The next attempt may be called another version of the original idea. On March 28 an attack between Oppy and Neuville-St. Vaast was launched in order to extend the southern success. The German Staff were confident that they would recover Vimy Ridge and capture Arras by the weight of the first blow. As is known, they failed completely.

The reasons for the failure which appeared on the German side of the hill were, first, the artillery preparation was not sufficient, because they could not bring up ammunition fast enough; and second, the resistance of the British infantry went beyond all German calculation. The fighting qualities of the British divisions again have their tribute of aggrieved and wondering praise. The 56th were "magnificent," says von Schwink, the 15th and 33d were "good."

Forced to Adopt New Plan.

Again it became necessary to reconsider the situation, and this time more profoundly. The resistance had been so strong, the check so discouraging and the losses so heavy that the German Staff decided to give up altogether the original plan to break through to the sea north of Amiens. They looked for a new scene of action in which they could work with smaller forces and with some chance of success, but still the sea was the lure.

Reading this German history of the campaign of 1918 one finds one's self thinking of some caged beast tearing and biting at the bars that shut him in, unable to understand how hopeless the fight is and yielding only when battered and wounded by his own desperation he sinks exhausted, still in his cage.

Still trying for the sea, the Germans organized the attack of April 9, south of Ypres. This, says Schwink, had Dunkirk and Calais as its objective, and from the opening of the attack it was intended to push right through. Again, it seems, the problems of feeding the guns had not been sufficiently studied and again this branch of the service compromised the retreat. The difficulty of the ground, I am told, prevented the heavy artillery and ammunition being brought up; also certain German divisions in their advance found quantities of wine, put it to its natural use, and got drunk.

Finally and as usual "the resistance of the English troops, especially about Givenchy, led to delay." The disappointing force of British infantry—"cet animal est très méchant; quand on l'attaque il se defend."

It is curious how closely the story of this northern offensive resembles that of the first great attempt to the south. Both begin with a spectacular success which the General Staff consider a failure. In both there follows an attempt to repair the damage and to set the plan on its legs again. The attack of April, 1918, on the Givenchy-Merville front was made to open out the northern salient and give a chance of further advance as originally intended. This also failed and then the German staff threw up the gate in the north and put aside their hopes of the sea.

Von Schwink, who may, perhaps, speak for one school of German military opinion, thinks that this was a serious mistake. His view is that if every man had been thrown into the offensive on the Béthune-Ypres front the Germans would "almost certainly" have reached the Channel ports.

So much for the Germans on the offensive. Of the British offensive Schwink has naturally less of interest to say. The attack of Aug. 8 was a complete surprise, which the British might, perhaps, have guessed.

The attack of the Third Army at the end of August had been anticipated, owing to the signs of traffic by road and rail and the growing size of the ammunition dumps. The attack on the Canal du Nord in the September was expected by the Germans to come somewhere else, and even now Schwink cannot guess why it did not.

In the fighting of the whole campaign of 1918 what most impressed him was the discrepancy between the German Staff's estimate of the fighting value of the British divisions and the actual value. The German General Staff consistently and considerably underestimated the value of the British divisions which had been engaged. To their disgust they found divisions which had been three and four times through the mill, still fighting steadily. To make their disappointment more uncomfortable they had somehow persuaded themselves the British depots were in general empty and such drafts as could be sent would be of no account.

Last and most irritating of all these chapters of disillusion must have been the discovery that, as Schwink put it, "the fighting value of the German divisions was generally overestimated."

It was that queer German arrogance which made the war and turned it into a war against the world. In many a war before this the British infantry have saved their country and other countries than their own by their "backs to the wall."

FLIER TELLS PLANS TO ENCIRCLE GLOBE

Vedrines Landed on Paris Roof as "Stunt" to Advertise Projected Trip.

FEARED POLICE, NOT PERIL

Aviator Proved Courage in Taking Spies Behind the Germans' Lines in the War.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The nerviest "stunt" in the history of aviation was performed in Paris at 12:45 o'clock this afternoon when the famous French airman, Jules Vedrines, landed in a little old-fashioned Caudron biplane in a cockpit of 30 yards by 12, on the roof of the six-story building of a big dry goods store in the Galerie Lafayette.

I was sitting on the terrace of the Boulevard Café, when the roar of an airplane engine suddenly announced that a machine was flying dangerously low. A second later the plane swooped down, skimming the houses of the rue de la Chaussée Antin—right in the centre of the city—and slid along, seeming about to crash at any minute, toward the Lafayette store.

Running down the street in pursuit, I saw the pilot rise to avoid a huge sky sign on the front of the building, and plunge behind it. The main entrance was closed, but a window-cleaner informed me that the door in a side street was likely to be open. There I found a group of a dozen men, five or six armed with cameras, and jumped to the conclusion that it was a daring cinema stunt.

Before it was possible to get an accurate explanation, there was a rush of rapid steps on the iron staircase, and Vedrines appeared in a civilian Knickerbocker suit, with his airman's helmet and goggles, to be immediately embraced and surrounded by his excited friends.

Posed for Camera Men.

After brief but thorough posing for his photograph, the airman and the rest of the party adjourned to a nearby café, where I was able to question him. He said:

"You have heard all this stuff about a 250,000-franc prize for flying across the Atlantic. Well, I have a much bigger scheme than that if I can get proper backing. My idea is to fly around the world. I should begin with a tour of Africa, then go east to India. From India I should fly via the Straits Settlements to Australia—there is a pretty big jump thereabout, but I believe I could manage it. Back from Australia I should fly by the same way and on to Japan, then via Siberia across the Behring Strait to Alaska and down the coast to San Francisco.

"The transcontinental trip to New York would be easy, and the same from New York to Newfoundland. Thence I should fly to Iceland; from Iceland to Ireland and England, and so home again across the Channel. I have worked out the whole scheme carefully, and reckon it would take three or four months, allowing for stoppages—or perhaps less. But it is perfectly feasible, given the nerve and sufficient backing. Of course it would cost a good deal of money, but it should be worth it, either from a business or national viewpoint."

I gathered that Vedrines had risked his neck this morning as a sort of gigantic advertisement of his projected flight, and I suggested:

"Why don't you apply to the French Government?"

May Be Fined for Feat.

The airman grinned broadly and replied:

"What do you think they would say to me at the War Office if I went in and asked them for a couple of million francs to undertake a scheme of this kind? Why, don't you know they'll take 16 francs fine off me as it is for breaking regulations by landing in the city precincts? Anyhow, I've been able to do it without police interference. I meant to start at daybreak, but it was so terribly foggy that I was forced to wait until now.

"About noon, when the fog showed no signs of lifting, I began to think there was a squad of policemen hidden behind the viaduct at Issy le Moulineaux, whence I started, putting up an artificial fog screen like those we used to have in batties, to prevent my getting away. Then the sun broke through the clouds. I jumped at the chance, and three minutes later I was safe and sound on the Lafayette roof.

"There was one nervous moment when I ran into a fogbank over the Eiffel Tower and felt sure I should never find the way to propel by. But luckily I ran out of it over the river and landed without a scratch or a shadow of difficulty."

The most amazing part of the performance was that it was accomplished on an old pre-war model with an 80-horsepower revolving Rhone engine, now hopelessly out of date. The wing stretch of the upper plane was slightly over 11 yards, thus giving the pilot the narrowest possible margin for a successful landing.

But it must be remembered that Vedrine's record during the war, which won him the Military Medal and War Cross with several stars, was not confined to bringing down boches in combat. For eighteen months he was employed on the less spectacular but even more hazardous work of landing secret agents behind the German lines. It was this, he told me, that gave him the idea of landing on a narrow roof so as to draw the attention of the public to his program, which was hardly needed in virtue of his pre-war exploits as a cross-country flier.

Escaped a German Trap.

"On one occasion the boches had got wind of my plans and run a barbed wire across the field where I was supposed to land near the Belgian frontier," he said. "It was midnight, but luckily there was a bright moon, and just as I was about to ground the plane I spotted the glint of metal wires. I lifted the plane for a moment, but it was too late. There was a space of perhaps 25 yards square where the landing was possible, and I just plumped down thereupon.

"One wire ran across the meadow, almost touching my screw. It was the work of a moment to cut it, and as I jumped back into my seat I saw figures runnning up some hundred yards on the right. They shouted, but we had a clear space to get away. My pilot twirled the screw, and somehow scrambled into the machine, just as the boches fired for the first time. I drove right ahead, and jumped the next wire an inch or so to clear. Then I wheeled and gave those boches a round from my machine gun so as to teach them hospitality for the future.

"We got home all right, but my secret agent retired from that game for good. He said the trenches might be muddier, but it was a more peaceful life."

In answer to my question, Vedrines declared he had practised for two or three days landing in a space 20 yards square, and had found it comparatively easy.

"I've been horribly nervous, though," he added. "I couldn't sleep a wink last night. I was not nervous about the stunt itself, of course, but I was so afraid that those darned police would get wind of it and stop the whole business."

If nerve be the principal asset for flying across the Atlantic, to say nothing of a trip around the world, Jules Vedrines is certainly qualified.

BERLIN PROTEST TO SOVIET.

Note Accuses Bolshevist Government of Supporting Spartacides.

BERNE, Jan. 20.—The German Government has sent a note to the Russian Bolshevist Government protesting against the support given the Spartacides by the Bolsheviki.

The German Government declares it is in position of "irrefutable proofs" of the attitude of the Bolsheviki and says that the revolutionists who intended "to overcome the German people" were paid with money officially supplied by the Russian authorities. Russian official representatives in Germany, it is said, took an active part in the revolutionary movement.

The note says that the German Government will take vigorous measures against the Russians who aided the insurgents and are still supporting them.

ALLEGED RED NOTE TO THE PRESIDENT

Bolshevist Propaganda Document Is Being Circulated Anonymously in This City.

CHARGES BREACH OF FAITH

Says American Government Is Not Carrying Out Its Benevolent Promises to Russia.

An alleged note from the Russian Soviet Government to President Wilson is being circulated anonymously in this city, in which the American Government is accused of failing to carry out benevolent promises to Russia and of aiding counter-revolutionaries by means of the expeditions to Archangel and Vladivostok.

There is nothing in the form in which the note is being circulated to indicate its genuineness or to lift it above the character of Bolshevist propaganda in this country. The only word of explanation outside of the text of the alleged note is this:

"On Oct. 24, 1918, the following note was handed in by the People's Commissary for Foreign Affairs Tchitcherin to the Norwegian Attaché in Moscow, Mr. Christiansen, for transmission to President Wilson."

The note begins by reviewing expressions of sympathy and good intentions toward Russia in various addresses by President Wilson and asserts that, instead of aiding Russia, the various moves of the United States have been in the way of attempts to thwart and coerce the existing Russian Government.

The note proposes that President Wilson adopt as the basis of the League of Nations the repudiation by all nations of their national debts, or such parts of them as can be traced to military expenses. After asserting that American capitalists are preparing to exploit China and Siberia, and if necessary, to fight Japan for the opportunity to make profits in these fields, the alleged note continues:

"Knowing this, you will have to agree with us that the factories, mines, and banks must not be left in the hands of private persons, who have always made use of the vast means of production created by the masses of the people to export products and capital to foreign countries in order to reap super-profits in return for the benefits forced on them, their struggle for spoils resulting in imperialistic wars.

"We propose, therefore, Mr. President, that the League of Nations be based on the expropriations of the capitalists of all countries. In your country, Mr. President, the banks and the industries are in the hands of such a small group of capitalists that, as your personal friend, Colonel Robins, assured us, the arrest of twenty heads of capitalistic cliques and the transfer of the control, which by characteristic capitalistic methods they have come to possess, into the hands of the masses of the world is all that would be required to destroy the principal source of new wars.

"If you will agree to this, Mr. President—if the sources of future wars will thus be destroyed, then there can be no doubt that it would be easy to remove all economic barriers, and that all peoples, controlling their means of production, will be vitally interested in exchanging the things they do not need for the things they need. It will then be a question of an exchange of products between nations, each of which produces what it can best produce, and the League of Nations will be a league of mutual aid of the toiling masses. It will then be easy to reduce the armed forces to the limit necessary for the maintenance of internal safety.

"We know very well that the selfish capitalist class will attempt to create this internal menace, just as the Russian landlords and capitalists are now attempting, with the aid of American, English, and French armed forces, to take the factories from the workers and the land from the peasants. But if the American workers, inspired by your idea of a League of Nations, will crush the resistance of the American capitalist as we have crushed the resistance of the Russian capitalists, then neither the German nor any other capitalists will be a serious menace to the victorious working class, and it will then suffice, if every member of the Commonwealth, working six hours in the factory, spends two hours daily for several months in learning the use of arms, so that the whole people will know how to overcome the internal menace.

"And so, Mr. President, though we have had experience with your promises we nevertheless accept as a basis your proposals about peace and about a League of Nations. We have tried to develop them in order to avoid results which would contradict your promises, as was the case with your promise of assistance to Russia. We have tried to formulate with precision your proposals on the League of Nations in order that the League of Nations should not turn out to be a league of capitalists against the nations.

"Should you not agree with us, we have no objection to an 'open discussion of your peace terms,' as the first point of your peace program demands. If you will accept our proposals as a basis we will easily agree on the details.

"But there is another possibility. We have had dealings with the President of the Archangel attack and the Siberian invasion, and we have also had dealings with the President of the League of Nations peace program. Is not the first of these—the real President—actually directing the policies of the American capitalist Government? Is not the American Government rather a government of the American corporations, of the American industrial, commercial and railroad trusts, of the American banks—in short, a government of the American capitalists? And is it not possible that the proposals of this Government about the creation of a League of Nations will result in new chains for the peoples, in the organization of an international trust for the exploitation of the workers and the suppression of weak nations?"

SAW BIG RED ARMY MOVING OFF TO WAR

Swiss Professor Tells of Vast Preparations and of Bolshevist Officers' Boastings.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Jan. 20.—A Swiss professor, M. Philippe Jeanneret, who has just arrived here from Russia after successfully passing through Bolshevist lines, has a remarkable tale to tell of the offensive of Trotzky's armies which are now on the march to invade Poland and Germany. M. Jeanneret is able from personal observation to give reliable information concerning the strength and composition of the Bolshevist forces and the plans of their leaders.

"On my journey from Kazan to Moscow," he reports, "I traveled in company of several Bolshevist staff officers. Like most of Trotzky's military henchmen, they were Letts. However, they treated me very politely and readily answered my questions.

"Trains full of soldiers and loaded with guns, airplanes, and ammunition passed us in uninterrupted succession. I expressed astonishment at this vast display of military power. They replied that the Bolshevist Government entertained great plans of revolutionary conquest, and that it was raising an immense army to carry them out.

"'We have a million men today,' they declared, and in six months' time we shall have more than doubled our strength. The Hungarians will soon join us, for Hungary is ripe for a proletarian revolution. From Budapest the red flag will be carried into Austria.

"'We are now on the march to support the Bolsheviki in Berlin. As soon as our armies cross the German frontier the greater part of Germany, and certainly all of Prussia, will rally around the banners of Bolshevism. Then we shall have millions of trained German soldiers at our disposal and experience no difficulty in the organization of an army of 5,000,000 men with which to invade and overwhelm Western Europe.

"'The Germans will eagerly seize upon the opportunity thus offered them to drive the Allies from their territory and escape from the crushing peace terms they would otherwise be forced to accept, for they still refuse to admit they have been fairly vanquished on the field of battle. For them an alliance with us will be immediate revanche, and even former Pan Germans and Junkers will fight in our ranks with enthusiasm against the British and French.

"'We have plenty of money and are confident we can realise our aims, for Europe is in a state of absolute disorganization and confusion, and our armies will not long encounter serious opposition.'

"Bolshevist officers certainly intended to impress me by their boasting, but the warlike preparations, which I witnessed from the train on the trip to Moscow, bore out many of their statements."

BOLSHEVIKI SLOW UP AT POLISH FRONTIER

Advance of Terrorists Continues To Be Marked by Murder and Rapine.

WARSAW, Jan. 18, (Associated Press.)—Bolshevist troops have slackened their advance at the Polish frontier. The Germans are delaying their evacuation of Grodno for several days, although General Falkenhayn has retired to Suwalki and General Hoffman has gone to Koenigsberg.

Polish leaders allege that the Germans are selling arms to the Bolsheviki under the pretense of aiding the "Society for Provisioning Ukraine." In Lithuania and Ukraine the Bolsheviki are issuing proclamations that they have come to restore order. Dispatches state, however, that Bolshevist soldiers have been seen carrying banners inscribed with the words "Long Live the Red Terror" and "Death to Nonworkers."

Men have been arrested at Vilna and other places and have been released later, it is said, on payment of sums ranging from 50 to 50,000 rubles, the size of the ransom being in proportion to the terror of the victim and his power to pay. The Bolsheviki are especially bitter against the Poles, it being reported that the declaration of a holy war against Poland by the Moscow Government makes it the "right and duty of every Bolshevik to kill the Poles as enemies of mankind." There are fewer burning houses that formerly, but it is charged that, where houses are spared, their inmates are slain. "We have saved the nest, but destroyed the birds," is a remark attributed to one Bolshevist leader.

Miss Shebeko, a sister of a member of the Imperial Council, succeeded in escaping from Mohilev and has reached Warsaw. She says that she and two aged aunts were driven from their home, which was turned over to peasants. They were allowed one tiny room, from which the lock of the door had been removed. A few bits of furniture were given them with the admonition: "You must understand that this belongs to the nation." They considered themselves fortunate, as many of their neighbors were massacred. Two brothers living in Serdowski, she said, were tortured to death and their wives and little children were mutilated.

An officer of the Polish Legion who went to visit Serdowski is alleged to have been murdered because he wore epaulets, which are forbidden by the Bolsheviki. Miss Shebeko says that this murder aroused the indignation of certain Jewish members of the local soviet. She says the sentence was finally approved when it was learned that the officer knew how to read and write. One of the speakers at the hearing was reported to have declared: "There will be perfect equity in the world only when nobody knows how to read and write."

Miss Shebeko says that many well-bred women in Russia have committed suicide through fear of outrage. Many of those escaping from the country are disguised in old clothes and hide the marks of refinement on their hands and faces with dirt.

BERNE, Jan. 20.—The German military command in announcing the capture of Mitau by the Bolsheviki said that the advancing Russians also had occupied Bohelant, Schaulan, Tukkum, and Goldutz, in the region west and southwest of Riga.

WHITE RUSSIA BOLSHEVIST?

Switzerland Hears of the Surrender of a Country of 5,000,000.

ZURICH, Jan. 20, (Havas.)—White Russia has proclaimed its union with the Russian Soviet Republic, according to a dispatch from Kiev.

The bulk of the White Russians, who number about 5,000,000, live in Lithuania, which recently was invaded by the Bolsheviki.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Jan. 18th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 21.99 cents.—Advt.

GERMAN VOTE SHOWS SOCIALIST STRENGTH

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

Fehrenbach, former President of the Reichstag, and Dietrich, Haass, and Wirth, members of that body.

In Württemberg Mathias Erzberger, Friedrich von Payer, former Vice Chancellor; Adolph Gröber, and Herr Kehl were elected.

National Liberals Submerged.

The first results are too incomplete to permit of any opinion being expressed as to the significance of the election, but the old National Liberty Party has virtually disappeared in Baden and Württemberg, where the Centrists, Majority Socialists, and German Democrats have been successful.

The Grand Duke of Hesse had himself inscribed on the lists under his old title, showing, says the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, "that Louis of Brabant, as he is called by the present Government, does not recognize his deposition."

Somewhat of a sensation was caused in Berlin on Sunday, when the nuns from the Catholic Lyceum in Lindenstrasse marched to the polling booths in a group.

For the purpose of the election Germany was divided into 38 districts, which theoretically would elect 433 representatives to the National Assembly. However, as elections were not held in Alsace-Lorraine, the number was reduced by twelve from this cause, and it was still further reduced by the fact that as Posen is occupied by Polish troops elections there were impossible.

Electors were permitted to strike out a name or names on a ballot, but could not insert others to replace them. The voting, under the German scheme, is based on proportional representation, so that each party elects representatives in proportion to the vote cast.

RIOTERS TRY TO SEIZE BERLIN BALLOT BOXES

Beaten in Fighting, Copenhagen Hears—Several Killed in Hamburg Demonstrations.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Rioting occurred in Berlin last night after the Spartacides had attempted to destroy the ballot boxes used in Sunday's election, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen says.

The Spartacides were repulsed everywhere. Fighting took place, it is reported, in Wilhelmstrasse and Hedemannstrasse and at the Hallesche Tor. The Soartacides also made an attempt to storm the office of the Vorwärts.

Disorders in Hamburg, in which several persons were killed and others wounded, are reported in dispatches by way of Zurich. The disorders were incident to demonstrations in connection with the demand for the release of sailors who had been imprisoned by the Government as the outcome of previous disturbances.

Demonstrants from the Lohberg coal mines forced an entrance into the polling booths at Dinslaken, Rhenish Prussia, and seized the ballot boxes and the registers of electors.

BERLINERS EAGER TO CAST BALLOTS

War of Bill Posters Serves as an Election Day Diversion—Women Out in Force.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 19. (Via Copenhagen.)—Never has Berlin's population displayed such intense interest in any election as in today's. When at 9 o'clock the polling places opened queues a block long were already waiting and increasing constantly.

In the early morning women decidedly predominated, while as the day wore on men came in larger numbers.

Though the whole performance of voting could be accomplished in the average time of 15 seconds, some voters had to wait an hour or more before they got inside the polling places. The principal change there was that one of the election officials in each case was a woman. The voters received an envelope within which he placed his ticket and this he himself deposited in a large tin box.

Despite this expeditious method it seemed that many voters of the more populous districts would have to be turned away.

There was hardly any electioneering near the polling places, and the voters awaiting their turns were singularly taciturn concerning their intentions. At one place, Schoenberg, a woman of 80 years appeared at 9:30 o'clock with a ticket in her trembling hand.

"You may laugh at an old fool like me," she said to the waiting voters in quite a cheerful tone, "but I am so glad I have lived to see this day of woman's emancipation in Germany. I shall die happy now after casting my first and probably my last vote."

She did not have to wait for her turn, but was ushered in at once.

Housewives, pleading that it was necessary for them to go home to prepare dinner, often received precedence. But male voters were inexorable toward young and pretty women.

"If you insist on the same rights, you can't claim extra privileges," they were told; "and, besides, we can't afford to lose time."

At every polling box were posted from two to ten soldiers. Besides, the various parties had men watching, who seemed determined not to brook any interference with the voting.

At the headquarters of the various parties, quite an American activity prevailed. Indeed, the campaigning continued even today, airplanes still throwing millions of flying leaves which, because of the great height, only became visible long after the airplane disappeared, and looked like immense flocks of birds descending on the city, which has been snowed under by continuous paper showers for three days.

Between bill posters of the various parties regular wars were carried on. They slapped their highly-colored bills on anything—windows, wagons, street cars, and the walls of houses.

Hardly had the Deutsche Demokratische bill poster disappeared around the corner when the Deutsche Volkspartei's paste agent came along, covering over the whole row of the Democratic Citizens' posters yet wet from the brush, and supplanting them with a poster representing a man walking with his family to the polling place with another poster bearing in large black letters the Prussian command: "Go at once and vote for Kahl," meaning the Deutsche Volkspartei's ticket headed by Kahl. This in turn was supplanted by a red-hooded Prussian eagle with a red ticket in his beak to be deposited in the ballot box for the Socialist party. It was quite evident that the three Volksparteis spent most of their campaign money in this fashion.

At former German elections the results usually would be made known on the same day, but the complicated new election system will probably require several days for the counting.

RHINELAND VOTING QUIET.

But American Wireless Picks Up Reports of Many Riots Elsewhere.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 19.—Election day passed quietly in the Rhineland.

The people took the selection of candidates for the National Assembly very soberly and seriously. It appears that a large number went to the polls, including many women. The polls were open from noon to 8 P. M., so that at the hour this is written, 7 P. M., it is impossible to give any results, although the victory of the Centrist party in Coblenz is taken as assured.

The Social Democrats will probably be a poor second. Royalists are voting the Centrist ticket. The Centrist slate will probably be victorious in all occupied Germany, the Rhineland and Westphalia being strongholds of the Catholic party.

In Coblenz more women than men voted. Our wireless has picked up reports of election riots in many places in the interior of Germany.

VOTED UNDER MACHINE GUNS.

Troops Guard Count in Berlin—Fear Holding Assembly Elsewhere.

BERLIN, Jan. 19, (Associated Press.)—The election passed without any serious disturbances in Berlin, but rumors that the Spartacides intended to interfere with the counting of the ballots resulted in all polling places being occupied by soldiers when the voting ended. There was some shooting around the Vorwärts and other newspaper buildings late in the evening, but it was not of a serious character.

It is estimated that no less than seven divisions of troops were placed at the disposal of the Government for the purpose of protecting the polling places. A machine-gun squad was in position within a hundred feet of each voting place, while strong military police patrols were also on guard.

Indications are that a very heavy vote was cast. In some districts in Berlin 90 per cent. of the registered voters had cast their ballots before 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Majority Socialists are reported to have distributed 30,000,000 campaign dodgers. The entire apparatus of the Government was set in motion for their campaign, which was easily the most effective of any carried on.

In addition to having the strategic advantage of governmental control, the Scheidemann party was more adept at campaigning than the bourgeois factions, to whom the game under present conditions was somewhat new. The Independent Socialists confined their attempts at vote-getting to public meetings.

The German Democratic Party carried on an active house-to-house canvass. The Conservatives, Clericals, and National Liberals proved themselves comparative tyros in campaigning methods, relying chiefly on the party newspaper organs.

The municipal government of Greater Berlin has protested to the Ebert Cabinet against the proposal to convene the National Assembly elsewhere than in Berlin.

FRAMING NEW CONSTITUTION.

German Republic's Cabinet to be Responsible to Reichstag.

LONDON, Jan. 20, (via Montreal.)—Details of the proposed new constitution for Germany drawn recently at a conference of widely known authorities on constitutional law, including Hugo Preuss, State Secretary of the Interior in the Ebert Government, are given in an official wireless dispatch sent out from Berlin and picked up here.

According to this draft the President will represent the nation, but declarations of war or conclusions of peace are to rest with the Reichstag. Treaties with foreign States are to require the Reichstag's assent. As soon as a League of Nations, an object of which is the exclusion of secret treaties, has been formed, all treaties with the League, it is provided, shall require the assent of the Reichstag.

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NAMES 36 TO STUDY POST-WAR PROBLEMS

Five Women Among Reconstruction Committee Members Chosen by Governor Smith.

ELKUS MAY BE CHAIRMAN

Board Will Consider Food, Labor, and Tax Conditions and Military Training.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—Governor Smith, in a special message to the Legislature tonight, named his reconstruction committee which will attempt to solve the post-war problems facing the State. The committee comprises thirty-six members, and includes some of the most influential men and women in the State. There are five women members. Abram I. Elkus of New York, who heads the list, undoubtedly will be chosen Chairman, as Governor Smith said tonight he would be pleased with his selection.

In his message the Governor outlined the duties and powers of the commission. The members will serve without compensation, but the Governor asks the Legislature to appropriate $75,000 for payment of necessary clerical assistance.

Among the chief problems put up to the commission tonight by Governor Smith are, the immediate examination of the State military training laws; housing conditions of the State; taxation; food problems with a view to increasing the productive and distributive facilities of the State and lowering the cost of foodstuffs; employment; public health and the necessity of speeding up public works to meet unemployment conditions.

The Governor announced his intention of bringing other reconstruction problems to the attention of the commission as they arise.

The commission is empowered to create for its own use advisory bodies and local branches wherever such are found useful. The Governor requests all social and civic organizations to place at the disposal of the commission any information or recommendations concerning problems under consideration. The services of any State department or of experts on the Faculty of any State university are placed at the disposal of the commission by Governor Smith.

The commission is asked, as one of its first duties, to examine the laws passed as emergency measures, the appropriations made for the work required by those statutes and the expenditures made under them. Examination of the State military training laws, with especial reference to the proposed national laws for universal military training, will be taken up by the committee immediately after its organization which will probably be effected this week. On this point, the Governor said in his measure:

"The commission must weigh the facts and determine whether it will be necessary for the youth of the State to undergo special military training as a State service, in addition to the national training, which Federal legislation purposes. On the basis of such careful investigation and consideration I desire the commission to recommend amendments that may be needed or any other action which the commission may deem suitable."

To Study Food Problems.

Food of every kind should be made available at decreased prices, the Governor contends in commissioning the board to study these problems, " with a view to capitalizing for permanent use the lessons the war has brought home to us and increase the productive and distributive facilities of the State in cooperation with State and local agencies organized for similar purposes."

Co-ordination of State resources with Federal, municipal, and private resources is most important, the Governor urges, in the solution of the employment problem. The public is requested to apprise the commission of unemployment that may come to its attention. The commission also is committed to dealing with any labor crisis which may arise during the period of readjustment.

The Federal proposal, as embodied in what is known as the "Soldiers' Settlement Act," will be considered by the commission, as will the suggestion of Secretary of Labor Wilson, that necessary public works be speeded up to meet unemployment conditions.

In concluding his message the Governor said:

"More than all I enjoin upon the commission such speed as may be consistent with thoroughness, in order that situations demanding immediate relief be remedied as soon as possible. The commission is directed to utilize all available material in the possession of special agencies or State Departments to this end. I shall rely upon the commission for advice and counsel in all of the matters mentioned, and shall hope to receive early reports of progress and recommendations for action."

Members of the Commission.

The members of the commission are:

ABRAM I. ELKUS of New York City, who served as counsel to the New York State Factory Investigation Commission; Ambassador in Turkey, and a member of the State Board of Regents.

CHARLES H. SABIN, President of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York City.

BERNARD BARUCH of New York City, Chairman of the Federal War Industries Board.

GERRIT Y. LANSING of Albany, banker, and Federal Fuel Administrator for Albany County.

JOHN ALAN HAMILTON, President of the Legal Aid Bureau of Buffalo.

Dr. FELIX ADLER, President of the New York Society for Ethical Culture.

CHARLES P. STEINMETZ of the General Electric Company of Schenectady, inventor and electrical expert.

JOHN G. AGAR, active in war work, and a prominent lawyer of New York City.

WILLIAM M. K. OLCOTT, former District Attorney of New York County.

ARTHUR WILLIAMS of the New York Edison Company of New York City and Federal Food Controller of New York.

MICHAEL FRIEDSAM, President of E. Altman & Co. of New York City.

JOHN C. McCALL, Secretary of the New York Life Insurance Company, of New York City.

THOMAS J. QUINN, President of the Bronx National Bank, New York City.

ALFRED J. JOHNSON, City Chamberlain, of New York City.

CARLETON A. CHASE, prominent business man of Syracuse, N. Y.

GEORGE POSTER PEABODY of Saratoga, Director of the Federal Reserve Bank.

Dr. HENRY DWIGHT CHAPIN, well known physician of New York City, and especially interested in child welfare work.

MORTIMER L. SCHIFF, son of Jacob H. Schiff, banker and philanthropist of New York City.

SARAH A. CONBOY and PETER A. BRADY of New York City, representing the State Federation of Labor.

ADDISON B. COLVIN of Glens Falls, President of the Glens Falls Trust Company and Federal Coal Administrator for Central New York.

Mrs. WALTER W. STEELE of Buffalo, prominent war worker of Western New York.

Mrs. ELLA HASTINGS of New York City, member of the Executive Committee of the Democratic County Committee of New York.

EDWARD F. BOYLE, Judge of the Municipal Court of New York City.

HENRY EVANS of New York City, President of the Continental Fire Insurance Company.

M. SAMUEL STERN, member for many years of Board of Education of New York City.

Mrs. LEWIS STUYVESANT CHANLER of Barrytown, wife of ex-Lieut. Gov. Chanler.

THOMAS V. PATTERSON of New York, President of the Lehigh and Scranton Coal Company and member of the New York Produce Exchange and the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce.

Mrs. WILLIAM S. GOOD of New York City, President of the Civic Club and a member of the National League for Women's Service.

NORMAN E. MACK of Buffalo, editor of The Buffalo Times and the Democratic committeeman from this State.

J. N. BECKLEY, prominent citizen of Rochester.

OTTO SHULHOF, prominent cloak and suit manufacturer of New York City.

V. EVERIT MACY of Westchester, Chairman of the Shipbuilding Labor Adjustment Board and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Civic Federation.

RICHARD S. NEWCOMB, prominent member of the bar of Flushing, L. I.

L. J. LOWELD of Fredonia, President of the New York State Grange.

ALFRED E. MARLING of New York City, President of the New York Chamber of Commerce.

BERNSTORFF'S LAMENT OVER COLONEL HOUSE

'No More Honest Pacifist Ever Existed'—Opposed Blockade, Ex-Ambassador Says.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

BERLIN, Jan. 20, (via Copenhagen.)—The Tageblatt, publishing an appreciation of Colonel House by ex-Ambassador von Bernstorff, based apparently on the false report of Colonel House's death, who is personally acquainted with the Colonel, says he was the eyes and ears of President Wilson, and Bernstorff knew through his own experience how well Colonel House kept President Wilson informed on the European situation. Even his first trip to Berlin was undertaken in the interest of peace, as Bernstorff can testify from a personal conversation with Colonel House. In the Winter of 1916 and 1917, when President Wilson proclaimed his program of peace without victory, Colonel House was the President's earnest collaborator. "No more honest pacifist ever existed," says Count von Bernstorff. "He was just the man to fight for Wilson's peace program. He hated war because he considered it contrary to human ideals. He considered the war profiteers a most despicable lot, and never bought any munition stocks.

"He told me repeatedly he had just as energetically protested in London against the British blockade as the U-boat war, and couldn't believe either method would lead to a decision. The result would be nameless hatred, neutralising all efforts for peace. I, as a German, must admit that House was quite correct in much he said in this respect.

"The war psychosis spoiled many honest people's judgment, but I can't believe that House looked at the peace problem from a different point of view previously. He was too matter-of-fact, too passionless. We may, therefore, assume that he stood for peace, justice, and an international league till the last moment.

"The supreme cause of conciliation among nations loses in House its stanchest champion. I deeply deplore that I did not see this dear friend once more, and that he did not live to see the perfection of his grand ideas."

Colonel House Takes a Drive.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Colonel E. M. House, who was confined to his bed last week, was so improved today that he was able to take an automobile drive. He expects to resume his duties in connection with the American Peace Delegation within a few days.

COBLENZ SITUATION BETTER

Coal and Food Outlook Improves—Unemployment Is Being Solved.

COBLENZ, Jan. 19, (Associated Press.)—Efforts to reduce the coal shortage in the Coblenz region continue, and it is believed that the unemployment soon will be solved.

The food situation is improving slowly. It is announced that on Feb. 1 the weekly meat ration will be increased from 100 to 200 grammes, with a special issue only to the sick and day laborers in mines and on railways.

Arrangements are in prospect, according to reports here, by which the American Army of Occupation eventually will be taken home by way of the Rhine to Rotterdam or some German port for embarkation. The plans for troop transportation on the Rhine call for a large number of barges, and also for the use of all available river steamers.

Meanwhile efforts are under way to perfect a plan to bring American army supplies up the Rhine to Coblenz from Rotterdam, thus obviating the long rail haul across France.

SCHWAB VISITS THIRD ARMY.

Steel Man, at Coblenz, Says He Is Only on Pleasure Trip.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 20.—Charles M. Schwab, former Director of America's shipbuilding program, visited the American sector yesterday.

Mr. Schwab said there was nothing official about his trip, it being a recreation. He remarked upon the order throughout the Third Army sector. Despite it being Election Day, our military police found no disorder anywhere.

COBLENZ, Jan. 19, (Associated Press.)—American engineers who have inspected the coal mines in the Lens region of Northern France estimate that it will be two years before the mines are again in full operation, according to Charles M. Schwab, who has arrived in Coblenz after visiting Belgium and the battlefields of France. The engineers told Mr. Schwab that many mines were flooded and that conditions in the region were generally bad.

Mr. Schwab, who was on his way to Paris, was compelled to spend last night in Coblenz because his automobile broke down. As all the hotels had been taken over by the army, he had to apply to the billeting officer for accommodations.

SEEK JOBS FOR SOLDIERS.

N. Y. War Camp Service Working with U. S. Employment Forces.

The administrative heads of the New York War Camp Community Service met yesterday to devise plans for co-operating with the United States Employment Service in finding jobs for discharged soldiers and sailors. After considering the results of a month's survey of the field, the demand, and the types of men who could be supplied, it was decided that the war camp will assume the responsibility for placing men with firms employing from ten to 500 men, while the Federal service will handle opportunities with firms employing more than 500 persons. Special committees of business men and employers fitted to give vocational advice will serve at each reemployment headquarters as its committee.

The W. C. C. S. investigators have discovered that most of the men want better jobs than they had before, and every effort is being made to help them get them. Every employer in the city will be informed of the men waiting reemployment and given opportunity to select from the weekly lists the men he needs.

PEACE CONFERENCE DUEL THREATENED

Paris Journalist Challenges a Colleague Over Publicity Dispute.

PRESS DECISION PLEASES

But One Paper Complains That the First Day's Treatment of Writers Was Comic.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—It looks as if the Peace Conference were about to be sullied by bloodshed. A well-known French journalist, St. Blanchard of the Journal, has challenged to a duel Gustave Tery of L'Oeuvre. The cause bell is the severity of Tery's comments on St. Blanchard's attitude as one of the three French press representatives on the Interallied Press Committee, by whose efforts the admission of the press to the full sittings of the conference was obtained.

Tery disclaims warlike intentions, but asserts that he will meet his adversary on the battleground of the court-martial which will soon try Senator Humbert, the former director of the Journal, on the charge of communication with the enemy. He adds viciously:

"St. Blanchard will doubtless be there anyhow, to explain how he came to sign the famous article about Hearst in the Journal, which led to the discovery of Bolo's conspiracy."

L'Humanité—like L'Oeuvre, an Opposition newspaper—criticises the lack of energy on the part of St. Blanchard and his two colleagues at the press meeting, and terms them "partisans of the censorship."

But the agreement of the authorities to admit the press representatives gives general satisfaction to the French press. One writer, however, in the Petit Parisien complains about the quality of the accommodation yesterday in the Foreign Office conference chamber, saying:

"It would perhaps be preferable to give the newspapermen a place from which it would be possible to see and hear something. The way they treated us yesterday was a joke—funny, perhaps, but hardly worth repetition. At the same time, considering that the conference is being held in Paris, we might suggest that the documents handed out to French journalists be written in French instead of English."

15 YEARS FOR SEDITION.

Brooklyn Dentist Sentenced for His Seditious Speech.

Morris Zucker, a dentist, of 468 Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn, who was convicted last week of making seditious utterances in a speech in the Brownsville Labor Lyceum on Nov. 28 last, was sentenced by Federal Judge Garvin in Brooklyn yesterday to serve fifteen years in the Federal penitentiary at Baltimore on each of four counts in the indictment against him, the sentences to run concurrently. In passing sentence Judge Garvin said:

"Today there is nothing more important to the country than that its citizens be loyal, and disloyalty to the United States will not be tolerated. It developed during the trial that on the evening the words were uttered you were warned and despite that warning you made the address which resulted in your conviction on this charge. The court would be remise in its duty if it failed at this time to take such steps as will prevent your repeating the offense for some time to come."

Zucker is 54 years old. His wife, with an infant, was in court when he was sentenced and became hysterical.

CAPTAIN C. W. FORD IS CITED FOR BRAVERY

New York Aviator Wins War Cross for Heroism Displayed at Rheims.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Another list of citations, including a few New Yorkers and a chaplain from South Dakota, who was killed in action in the performance of his duty, was issued by the War Department today. Among the men who have received the Distinguished Service War Cross from General Pershing for extraordinary heroism in action are:

Major H. N. Jackson of Burlington, Vt.; Corp. G. L. Brown of Baltimore, Md.; Capt. W. A. Sirmon of Crichton, Ala.; Sergt. J. F. Kilroy of Philadelphia, Pa.; Private George Morgan of St. Paul, Minn.; Sergt. Roy Raykman of Minneapolis, Minn.; Private R. J. Shulze of Cedar Rapids, Iowa; Sergt. E. W. Hitchens of Thurmont, Md.; Major E. B. Morris of Philadelphia, Pa.; Private L. H. Lloyd of Annapolis, Md.; Sergt. C. H. Dewalt of Danville, Pa.; Lieut. O. P. May of Williamstown, Kan.; Lieut. B. A. Shipp of Cordele, Ga.; Lieut. E. B. Cutter of Anoka, Minn.; Private C. H. Garner of Raleigh, N. C.; Capt. E. J. Mitchell of Prescott, Ariz.; Sergt. Floyd Hopping of Los Gatos, Cal.; Sergt. I. C. Welk of San Francisco, Cal.; Capt. W. D. Thomnson, of Port Huron, Mich., and Sergt. F. C. Graveline of Springfield, Mass.

The others in the list are the chaplain referred to above and the men who live in New York City or State. Their names, adresses, and the specific acts for which they have been cited are:

Chaplain Coleman F. O'Flaherty, 28th Infantry (deceased). For extraordinary heroism in action near Very on Oct. 3. He displayed conspicuous gallantry in administering to the wounded under terrific fire, exposing himself at all times, to reach their side and give them aid. In the performance of this heroic work he was killed. Next of kin, Miss Mary O'Flaherty, cousin, Mitchell, S. D.

Lieut. Earl C. Schermerhorn, 328th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Cornay, between Oct. 9 and 10. After successfully driving off the enemy his attacking force was counter-attacked and surrounded. The officers in charge decided to surrender to the greatly superior numbers, but Lieutenant Schermerhorn, refusing to do so, made his way to our lines through deadly enemy fire, although severely wounded while doing so. Next of kin, Mrs. Jennie S. Schermerhorn, Box 147, Fishers Island, N. Y.

Sergt. Harry Grover O'Connor, Headquarters Detachment, 78th Division. For extraordinary heroism in action near Saint Juvin on Oct. 15. He volunteered and went from his division headquarters to one of the regiments in line to obtain much-needed information and arrange for liaison. He covered the distance of six kilometers through shell fire three times before the unit was found, and while returning with the information was seriously wounded by a shell, which mortally wounded two companions. He gave water and first aid to the two men and dragged himself down the road until he met a soldier, whom he sent for an ambulance. After reaching the hospital and having his wounds dressed, he left the hospital without the knowledge of the attendants and delivered the information to his division headquarters in person. Home address, Thomas O'Connor, father, Wayland, N. Y.

Capt. Christopher W. Ford, Air Service, 103d Aero Pursuit Squadron. For repeated acts of extraordinary heroism in action near Rheims on March 27, and near Armentieres on May 21. Near Rheims on March 27 he, while on a patrol with two other pilots, led his formation in an attack on eight enemy planes. After 20 minutes of fighting the American formation shot down three German machines, of which one was destroyed by this officer. Near Armentieres on May 21 he again led a patrol of six planes in attacking twenty enemy aircraft. The attack resulted in 10 individual combats. Captain Ford shot down one hostile plane and, with his patrol routed the others. Home address, Mrs. Harriet Chuff, aunt, 462 West 131st Street, New York City, N. Y.

Private First Class Frank Lomonnco, Co. K, 315th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action in the Meuse-Verdun offensive on Nov. 5. In the performance of his duties as runner he made repeated journeys across areas swept by machine-gun fire, but he never hesitated in the execution of his mission. On the firing line he was of most valuable assistance in destroying a counter-attack. Home address, Peter Lomonoco, father, 87 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHOLERA AT HAMBURG.

Seventy Have Died from the Scourge There, Amsterdam Hears.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—An outbreak of cholera in Hamburg is reported by the Exchange Telegraph Company's Amsterdam correspondent.

There have been seventy fatal cases.

BOARD OVERRULES M'ADOO ORDER

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

ly prescribed that all rates under Federal control must be just and reasonable, and thus foreclosed the contention that any person, place, or commodity could be deprived of just and reasonable rates because of the way or conditions growing out of it. Nothing in the record indicates that it is necessary that the complainants must be deprived of just and reasonable rates and rate relationships in order to effectuate any of the purposes of Federal control.

"The submission herein was made prior to the signing of the armistice with the enemies of the United States. The Federal Control act, we recall, is by Section 16 thereof . . . expressly declared to be emergency legislation enacted to meet conditions growing out of war.

"If, under the doctrine of judicial notice, we are to take notice of matters which are, or ought to be, generally known within the limits of our jurisdiction as equivalent to proof, and of equal force with and as standing for the same thing as evidence, we must consider the contemporaneous effect of war upon general conditions. We must notice that, as stated by the President to the Congress, with the signing of the armistice, 'the war thus comes to an end.' We must notice that with suddenness and as of one accord the nation has turned from the active waging of war to the demobilization of military forces and the return of industries to their accustomed channels. No more than is necessary should war conditions be permitted to deprive any individual or locality of that equality of opportunity in respect to transportation which is insured alike by our fundamental economic policy and by the law.

"From a consideration of all the facts and circumstances of record, as to the present rates charged for the transportation of lumber and other forest products, from Humboldt Bay points to destinations in Eastern defined territory, Colorado common points and East, we find and conclude, as to defendants not under Federal control, that while not discriminatory within the meaning of Section 2 of the Act to Regulate Commerce, such rates are, and in the future will be, unreasonable, in violation of Section 1 of the Act to Regulate Commerce, and subject complainants and the Humboldt Bay points to undue and unreasonable prejudice and disadvantage, in violation of Section 3 of the Act to Regulate Commerce, to the extent that they exceed the rates contemporaneously in effect from California coast group points to the same destinations.

"We also find and conclude, as to the defendant carriers under Federal control and as to the Director General of Railroads, that the present rates maintained over Federally controlled railroads or in connection with such of the defendants as are not under Federal control, are, and for the future will be, unjust and unreasonable in violation of Section 10 of the Federal Control act, to the extent that they exceed the rates now in effect, or which may hereafter be maintained, from California coast group points to the same destination."

When the answer of Director General McAdoo was filed in the case before the Interstate Commerce Commission, Mr. McAdoo admitted the exercise of his powers and the making of General Order 28, and averred that all rates in force and complained of were established pursuant to that order.

The Director General claimed in his answer, the decision of the commission rendered continued, "that the lawfulness of these rates can be determined alone by the provisions of the Federal Control act, and denied that any of the rates violate the provisions of that act.

"Upon argument, one of counsel for the Director General stated: 'I desire to say that so far as it is within my power to do so, I stand entirely upon the Federal Control Act, and I shall contend that there no longer exists any such ground of challenge to a rate as discrimination, or that the shippers have been subjected to undue prejudice and disadvantage. Furthermore, I shall contend that the commission is without power or jurisdiction to at this time adjudicate this case, in view of the rate instituted by the President in General Order No. 28.'"

The opinion quotes further from the contentions made by counsel of the Railroad Administration during argument of this case before the Interstate Commerce Commission, and then says:

"The Director General has put all these lines under a uniform and co-ordinated national control, and they are not competitive. If the Director General is to be considered as having initiated the whole of these rates, in the absence of a contrary showing the rates considered as established by him from the California coast group and from other sections of the Pacific coast to these Eastern destinations may be taken as showing his estimate of the cost and value of these services, and as competent and cogent evidence as to the absolute and relative justness and reasonableness of the rates now charged from the Humboldt Bay group, transportation conditions being taken into account.

"If the Director General is to be considered as initiating the whole of these rates, then when he made them from the Oregon line to the Mexican border he was under obligation to see that they were themselves reasonable and just, and under a corelative obligation to establish rates from the Humboldt Bay points which were relatively reasonable and just, as compared with the controlling rates from the zone blanketed, contiguous and competitive area. Tested by this standard, the present lumber rates from Humboldt Bay points to the destinations in question do not conform to the requirement of the Federal Control act that all rates shall be just and reasonable."

The defendant railroads named in the case include virtually all the great lines in the federally controlled rail system from coast to coast, and the order issued by the Commission under its decision today notifies and requires all these defendant railroads "to cease and desist on or before May 15, 1919," thereafter from publishing, demanding, or collecting their present lumber rates as covered by the decision, and requires the defendant lines by May 15, to file new rates in accordance with the terms of the decision.

Secretary Roosevelt Reaches London

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, American Assistant Secretary of the Navy, arrived in London today. He will spend two weeks here in authorizing final plans for the demobilization of various naval stations established in the European countries, the sale of material, and the settlement of damages and claims.

BIG DIAMOND FOUND IN SOUTH AFRICA

Blue-White Gem Weighing 388¼ Carats Yielded by the Jaegersfontein Mine.

MAY BE WORTH $87,000

Famous Diamonds, Including the 3,025-Carat Cullinan Stone, Came from Same Field.

LONDON, Jan. 19, (via Montreal.)—A soft blue-white diamond weighing 388¼ carats has been found at the Jaegersfontein Mine, Orange River Colony. This promises to become one of the diamond fields' historic gems.

Diamonds of soft or pale blue-white lustre have today the highest market value. The diamond weighing 388¼ carats, in its rough state, found at the Jaegersfontein Mine, is the largest stone unearthed there since the Cullinan diamond was discovered in 1905. This in its rough state weighed 3,025 carats, or 11-3 pounds. It was presented to King Edward by the Transvaal Government. Amsterdam diamond cutters made nine large stones and several smaller ones from it. The largest still weighs 516½ carats and is said to be the most valuable and brilliant diamond in human possession today.

In 1893 the same mine gave forth a stone weighing 973 carats, which was cut into ten stones, each weighing from 38 to 13 carats.

Among authenticated diamonds of great value is the Orloff, weighing 195 carats and cut in rose form. Its origin is doubtful. It was purchased from an Indian traveler in 1772 for $450,000, a title, and an annuity of $4,000, for Empress Catherine of Russia, and up to the time of the Russian revolution of March, 1917, was in the Czar's Imperial Treasury.

The Koh-i-noor, weighing 102¾ carats, belongs to the British royal family and originally came from India, where there is a tradition that it once weighed 794 carats. It had passed down the centuries through a long line of Indian Princes until the British carried it off from Punjab in 1849.

The Regent or Pitt diamond in the Paris Louvre weighs 136 carats. It is a blue-white stone valued at $2,500,000.

The Hope diamond, weighing only 44½ carats, is a blue stone valued at $125,000. Other historic or valuable stones are the Victoria, 180 carats, owned by the Nizam of Hyderabad; the De Beers, weighing 225 carats; and the Tiffany, 125. There is also the Great Mogul, cut in cone form to 270 carats.

GIBBONS DEPLORES NATIONAL PROHIBITION

Says It Means Invasion of the Home and Strikes at Sacramental Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 20.—Cardinal Gibbons foresees in the enforcement of the new prohibition laws the invasion of the sacred precincts of the home by Government agents. He said today that it was very strange that men should enact legislation which struck at the very fundamentals of the Christian religion.

"I have always been in favor of strict regulation of the manufacture and sale of liquor instead of absolute prohibition," said the Cardinal, "because a strict regulation the liberation of individuals is preserved, whereas by prohibition we face legislation which in the long run cannot be carried out.

"If an early result of prohibition will be the secret and illicit manufacture and sale of bad liquor whereby the Government will be deprived of a large revenue, besides being put to enormous expense in the employment of agents in enforcing the law. Moreover, in the carrying out of the law I see also an invasion of the home, which up to now all men have agreed is a sacred, holy place. These agents may enter our homes with the violence of burglars and the immunity of officers of the law.

"To me it is very strange that after 2,000 years men should pass legislation which strikes at the very fundamentals of the Christian religion. Will not the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of wines affect those who profess the Christian religion? We have 20,000 Catholic clergymen in the United States who every day offer the sacrament of the mass. How can they perform this duty if they cannot obtain wine?

"I know I will be replied to that wine is permitted for sacramental purposes. I cannot see how this will be if the manufacture, sale, and importation of wine is prohibited.

"The law of prohibition strikes the individual liberty of worship. We permit the restricted sale of poisons, guns, &c., although the bad use of these is frequently fatal.

"Why not permit the use of wine and liquor under proper regulations?"

ALBANY MAY RATIFY.

Legislature Likely to Act on Prohibition Amendment Next Week.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—Ratification by the New York Legislature of the Federal Prohibition Amendment may be expected next week, in the opinion of legislative leaders. It was said tonight that the campaign of the "wets" will not be sufficiently strong to prevent New York from lining up with the more than three-quarters of the States that already have made national prohibition a certainty.

Adoption of the resolution in the Assembly appears to be assured. In the Senate, where a fierce battle was expected, caucus action by the Republicans will insure the success of the "drys," it was admitted by leaders tonight. All but two or three Republican Senators were known to be committed to ratification, and the fight was to be waged over the proposition to make the resolution the subject of caucus action. This has now been determined upon, which virtually means that wet Republicans will be bound to vote with the "dry" majority.

A hearing on the ratification resolution will take place tomorrow afternoon.

Special to The New York Times.

CARSON CITY, Nev., Jan. 20.—The Nevada Assembly passed the Prohibition Amendment today by a vote of 33 to 3.

California Injunction Continued.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 20.—The temporary injunction issued by Superior Judge James M. Troutt last week at the request of the vineyardists to prevent Governor William D. Stephens certifying to the President of the United States the result of the vote of the California Legislature on the Sheppard bone-dry amendment, today was ordered by Judge Troutt to continue in effect until he and Judge George E. Crothers could determine the merits of the petition.

Secretary Roosevelt Reaches London

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, American Assistant Secretary of the Navy, arrived in London today. He will spend two weeks here in authorizing final plans for the demobilization of various naval stations established in the European countries, the sale of material, and the settlement of damages and claims.

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST, NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

CLEARANCE

now in progress involves practically *all remaining Winter Furs.*

Fur Coats—Wraps—Sets Greatly Reduced

Broadtail & Hudson Seal Coats,
Formerly $950.....now $650

Luxurious Mole Coats
Formerly $875.....now $550

Hudson Seal Wraps, Australian Opossum trim
Formerly $750.....now $500

Taupe Caracul Coat Hudson Seal trim
Formerly $495.....now $325

Short Taupe Muskrat Coats
Formerly $250.....now $175

Street, Afternoon, Dinner and Dance Dresses
Formerly to $195—at $45—$65—$85

Dinner and Evening Gowns
For the more formal functions of the Social Season—
Formerly to $225—at $75 and $95

Clearance of Millinery $10

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC
JANUARY SALE
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By Lieut. EDWARD STREETER

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Here's the immortal Bill again and "still the same old Bill!" Uproariously funny from first page to last, this new book bids fair to outrival in popularity the best seller of 1918—DERE MABLE.

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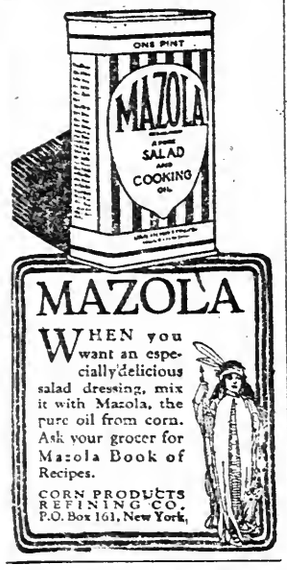
will hold their annual luncheon at the Hotel Biltmore on Saturday, February 1st, at 1 o'clock. Tickets may be obtained from Miss Mabel McMahon, 1 West 64th Street, New York City. Price $2.00. All graduates and non-graduates of Vassar College are cordially invited.



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Try Loganberry

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The flavor is made from fresh Loganberries. We use many berries to make the flavor for a single Jiffy-Jell dessert.

The flavor comes in liquid form in a vial. So it gives to Jiffy-Jell a wealth of fresh-fruit taste.

It comes ready-sweetened, and the cost is slight. A single package serves six people.

There are ten flavors, but try Loganberry. Ask your grocer for it now.

Try Pineapple flavor too.

Two Packages for 25 Cents At Your Grocer's (2488)

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Will prove a revelation to those who use it for the first time because of its absolute purity, delicate medication, refreshing fragrance and super-creamy emollient properties for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin and complexion, two soaps in one at one price.

On rising and retiring smear the face with Cuticura Ointment, wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and *hot* water, using plenty of Soap, best applied with the hands which it softens wonderfully, and continue bathing with Soap two minutes. For *free* sample of Soap, Ointment and Talcum address: "Cuticura *Dept 6M, Boston.*" Everywhere at 25c.

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They do all the work on big and little farms. They not only plow but they cultivate any crop that grows. They go between the row on wide rowed crops, straddle the row on narrow rowed crops. A boy can operate them; experience not necessary. They run all kinds of machinery, lawn and horse mowers, cost less to buy than the keep of a horse for a year.

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OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA

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INDICT O'LEARY'S MAN FOR TREASON

J. W. Robinson, Once Private Secretary, Charged with Carrying Messages to Germans.

HELPS TO INVOLVE OTHERS

Once Locked Up, It Is Charged, for Making Violent Speeches on Street Corners Here.

Jay Willard Robinson, for a time private secretary and general factotum for Jeremiah A. O'Leary, was indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury for treason. According to the authorities, the indictment helps to enmesh further Hermann Wessels and Albert Paul Fricke, also under indictment for treason; O'Leary, under indictment for violation of the Espionage act; Mme. Maria K. de Victorica, under surveillance at Ellis Island for the same offence, and John T. Ryan, another associate of O'Leary, who is a fugitive from justice.

Robinson is an American of English descent and was born in a small town in one of the Dakotas in 1888. His mother came to this city when he was less than 6 years old. He went through the public schools, and then became a stenographer and worked for a while for Bull, O'Leary's publication, which the Government suppressed. Later he served O'Leary alone and went about with him sometimes speaking on street corners in opposition to this country entering the war and denouncing Colonel Roosevelt and other well-known Americans. He was so violent that on one occasion the police locked him up for a night.

Either while he went about with O'Leary or with others under Government suspicion, according to the indictment, he became acquainted with all of those who eventually became notorious as pro-German or anti-English agitators. He carried messages between them, it is charged, and frequently received letters containing inclosures for those of the conspirators who did not dare receive mail directly. These letters, according to the indictment, were addressed to him at 53 Beauvoir Avenue, Summit, N. J. Robinson's labors were so well performed that it was resolved to send him to Rotterdam with messages for German agents there and have him bring back others to conspirators here.

Federal Prosecutor George Winship Taylor, who has been gathering information of Robinson's labors for more than six months, failed to get many particulars of the meetings preceding the sailing of Robinson.

Sailed from Halifax.

Robinson sailed from Halifax on the steamship American, an oil tanker, bound for Rotterdam, on March 24, 1917, about a fortnight before this country entered the great war. It is alleged in the indictment that he carried with him "secret information which it was his intention to communicate to the Imperial German Government, its officials, agents, and representatives." Then the character of these communications was described in the indictment as being "secret messages on paper containing secret and invisible writing," which Robinson well knew were messages and information from Maria K. de Victorica, otherwise called Maria Victorica, Marie de Vassiere, Maria von Kretschmann, Clarke, and Mary; and Herman Wessels, otherwise known as Carl Roediger, Carl Rediger, Haro Schroeder, von Schroeder, H. Schmidt, C. Stamm, Dillon, and Hudson."

These persons, it is alleged, were well known to Robinson as secret agents for and spies of the German Government "in the prosecution of its war." It is further alleged that messages were also conveyed by Robinson from John T. Ryan and Jeremiah A. O'Leary, who were conspiring with the others to aid Germany.

A verbal message, it is charged, was also given to Robinson to convey to the German agents which was in substance a report from Mme. de Victorica and Wessels concerning their activities here and asking for further instructions, and there was besides this verbal message which was given to Robinson by Ryan and O'Leary in directing him to make inquiries: "As to the attitude of the Imperial German Government on the question of the freedom of Ireland and what aid the Imperial German Government would be willing to render to secure that end."

While the indictment contains no information concerning the answer received through Robinson to this Irish question, Mr. Taylor said that the word brought by Robinson was that Germany pledged herself to bring up at the peace table the question of Ireland's freedom.

Made One Trip Only.

Robinson sailed from Rotterdam on June 6, 1917, on the steamship Ryndam bringing with him various messengers from the conspirators abroad. The indictment says that he did not go abroad again and the agents in Rotterdam and in other neutral points sought for a messenger who could carry messages for them. They selected Benjamin E. Benson, an American citizen, long a resident of Stockholm, and offered him good pay and all needed protection if he would serve them in this way. Mr. Benson said he would consider it and consulted the American Legation at Stockholm. At their suggestion he accepted the offer and on May 1, 1918, Mr. Benson received from the German agents four soft white collars, three white handkerchiefs, and one white tie, all of them containing dry invisible ink. To obtain the fluid ink the articles had only to be soaked in water and the liquid used for writing. Minute directions were also forwarded to him how to use the invisible ink together with 20,000 kronen as his pay.

When Robinson arrived here on June 20, 1917, with all of the messages he had received for the conspirators, he registered at the Hotel Navarre as R. J. Young. Thereafter he began meeting with O'Leary, Mme. de Victorica or her agents, with Wessels and others, and then, speaking further of his activities, the indictment reads:

"Said Jay Willard Robinson, on Aug. 17, 1917, on Broadway near Thirty-seventh Street, made a public speech in which he urged and advised a large crowd of people to oppose the sending of troops by the United States to France, the said Robinson intending thereby to assist the Imperial German Government in the prosecution of its war against the United States."

Delivered Messages at Beach.

It is also alleged that Robinson met Mme. de Victorica and O'Leary at Long Beach, where certain messages in the German interests were delivered to them. One of the letters received by Robinson at his home in New Jersey for delivery from the German agents was in invisible ink, which was deciphered after use of chemicals. It was in German, and a translation quoted in the indictment reads, in part:

"Please examine all pages of the letter sheets for secret writing. Confirm my letter No. 7 of October, sent in several copies. You and Dillon have now a free hand to take up your business activity in South America in full scope and to invest capital in the big war industries, in ship yards, &c., according to your best judgment. The plans for the obtaining of mercury in the West were especially recommended to me by persons who were well informed. In view of the gigantic ship building program of the United States, capital must preferably be invested in the ship yards there.

"The firm there is, however, for definite reasons, not to be revealed to the local banks as a shareholder in the shipbuilding companies. Your Irish friends will certainly not allow this opportunity to purchase advantageous speculative values for themselves to escape them. So much the more easily can these friends play the man of straw in this case for my firm there. Remittances are on the way. Furthermore, adequate credit has been opened for you with the South American branch firms."

The letter then advises that they get in touch with various parts of South America, and says that Brazil is a good field, but that Mexico was so disrupted as to be useless.

"You must leave no stone unturned," it said, "to secure good neutral or, better, American (no German American) cloak and to communicate to me at the very first opportunity."

It was said yesterday that Robinson, who got into touch with the German agents abroad merely as a messenger for the other conspirators here, had evidently sought to do business with them on his own account and for money solely without thought for Ireland or anything else save his own pocket. Robinson, who is in the Tombs charged with conspiring to violate the espionage act, will probably be arraigned to plead tomorrow.

LIFE SENTENCE FOR PERJURY

Sittenberg Gets Record Penalty for False Murder Confession.

A life sentence for perjury was imposed yesterday by Justice Weeks in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court upon Leo Sittenberg, alias "James Regan" and "James Burns," the Sing Sing convict, who confessed to a murder he had not committed, and whose strange mental attitude in court had furnished a psychological study that baffled medical men and lawyers. When Elizabeth Baksa was on trial in General Sessions on the charge of murdering Mrs. Helen Hamel in her home at 507 West Twenty-third Street, of which she was acquitted by a jury, Sittenberg wrote from Sing Sing prison to Judge Rosalsky asserting that the girl was innocent and that if permission was given he would appear and give the name of the murderer.

The convict, who is 29 years old, told of a series of crimes he had committed within eleven years. It was found that he had been convicted of at least four felonies, which defines him as a habitual criminal, and therefore the life sentence by the court was mandatory. Court Clerk William Penney said this sentence was a record for New York County, where a life sentence had never before been imposed except for a capital crime.

TEN STATES FIGHT U.S. PHONE RATES

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Postmaster General Burleson's recent rules, was issued tonight by the West Virginia Public Service Commission. The new schedule is suspended for 120 days, under the order.

RENO, Nev., Jan. 20.—The Nevada Railroad Commission, in an opinion and order released today, declares that Postmaster General Burleson did not comply with the Nevada Railroad Commission law in ordering telephone companies in this State to make a charge for installation of new telephones and ordered all companies operating in Nevada to disregard the Postmaster General's orders in this respect.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Jan. 20.—The State Corporation Commission issued an order annulling all the charges, rates, rules, and regulations which the Mountain State Telephone and Telegraph Company had promulgated effective tomorrow, on orders from the Postmaster General, whose authority to make rates and regulations for intrastate business is questioned by the commission. The order annuls also the order of last August prescribing charges for installing telephones. The commission stated today that the order is intended to pave the way for the refusal by patrons to pay the higher rates or to comply with the new regulations, so that the question of the Postmaster General's authority may be brought into court.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 20.—Protest against the schedule of telephone rates which becomes effective tomorrow will not be made by the Connecticut Public Utilities Commission. Chairman R. T. Higgins said that some action bearing upon the new rates had been considered but none will be taken.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—The substitution of the new Federal telephone rates at midnight tonight, will bring the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company into conflict with the Public Service Commission of Massachusetts, which has ordered that company not to establish the new rates in this State until the commission has finished an inquiry begun on Jan. 17 and adjourned to Jan. 30. It was stated tonight that if the company disregarded this order, the matter would be taken into the courts and an injunction sought.

At the offices of the New England Company it was said tonight that so far as was known there, the new rates would become effective on the stroke of 12.

City Rates Not Affected.

The New York Telephone Company had made all preparations yesterday for the revised telephone rates throughout the country, which went into effect last midnight. The changes, however, it was announced, do not affect the present tariffs now in force in the New York City zones.

COMMERCIAL CABLE APPEALS

Company Moves to Enjoin Burleson from Taking Over Its Lines.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Appeals from Federal Court decrees dismissing proceedings instituted by the Commercial Cable Company and the Commercial Pacific Cable Company to enjoin Postmaster General Burleson from taking over their marine cables and merging them with those controlled by the Western Union Telegraph Company were filed today in the Supreme Court.

Because the suits, if permitted to take their normal course, would not be reached for argument for more than a year after being appealed, court officials expect a request will be made to have consideration expedited and a date fixed for hearing the arguments some time this term.

At the offices of the Commercial Cable Company it was said last night that the appeals taken in Washington yesterday were those which it was announced would be made immediately after Federal Judge Learned Hand had dismissed the injunction suits against Postmaster General Burleson in this city. The briefs in the appeals were prepared by Charles Evans Hughes and William W. Cook, who appeared for the Mackay interests in the original suits, and, it was said, they reiterated the company's main contention that seizure of the cables was unlawful since a state of war exists only in theory.

William J. Deegan, Secretary of the Mackay Companies, and Edward Reynolds, General Manager of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, left last night for Washington, where they will appear today before the House Committee on Roads and Post Offices, of which Congressman John A. Moon is Chairman. It was said that Mr. Reynolds in his testimony will present some strong and new reasons why the Government should not attempt ownership of the land wires of the nation.

LLOYD GEORGE ON THE AISNE

He Also Visits Rheims and the Field of the Second Marne Battle.

By G. H. PERRIS.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Premier Lloyd George and his daughter Megan yesterday made a tour through parts of the battlefield of the Marne and Aisne. Motoring out in the morning by way of Meaux and the main eastward highroad of Northern France, they passed through Château-Thierry and saw that, although life had been fully resumed in that beautiful old town, the heavy damage by cannon and lesser engines of war had not yet been repaired.

From this point to Dormans they followed the lovely windings of the Marne Valley, passing the points where the Americans first showed their full quality and high tide marked the last German advance.

Their car then turned northeastward through the vineyards and woods of the Mountain of Rheims, where British troops fought gallantly in the early Summer. The martyr city, as the French call it, was reached in the early afternoon. Only a hurried examination of the ruined streets and cathedral was possible, but Mr. Lloyd George saw enough to realize the courage of those who were about to begin the rebuilding of Rheims.

The return journey was made by the more northerly road running through Fismes and Soissons and thence through the Forest of Villers-Cotterets. Unfortunately, after the morning frost the temperature had risen, and the Aisne Valley was hidden in mist, but by the roadside in the little country towns and on the courtlier avenues of Soissons there were many and various traces left of the havoc of war after the Allies had done their best to clear up the fields of their effort.

And so, having made over 200 miles, in part by roads still unmended, the Prime Minister came back to Paris unobserved, as he had left it, with a new store of memories to add to those of many other such pilgrimages.

Dutch Agreements Up for Approval.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 20.—The Government has laid before the Second Chamber of the Dutch Parliament for approval conventions concluded between Holland and France, Italy, Great Britain, and the United States. To France, Italy, and Great Britain Holland grants certain credits against their treasury bills. Under the agreement with the American Government Holland will make deposits in American banks with a view to stabilizing exchange.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

are prepared to make to order at short notice

Luxurious Evening Gowns

Afternoon Dresses, Tailor-mades

Opera Wraps & House Gowns

Prices are comparatively reasonable. Workmanship and fit guaranteed.

Unusual value is offered in

Chic Frocks of Chiffon Imprime

To order . . $100.00

(Salon on the Third Floor)

Saks & Company Will Hold Beginning Today

An Extraordinary Special

Sale of Men's

Derbies and Soft Hats

Regularly $5 and $6

At $3.25

The entire sample line of the most widely advertised hats in America—and among the finest made in this country. The maker produced them to demonstrate the superior quality of his hats selling at $5 and $6. Like all samples, they were made to be better, if possible, than those to follow. To our mind, they certainly *are* fine examples of this manufacturer's ability to produce hats of quality and distinction.

THE DERBIES are in black only, in a splendid variety of the best styles for Spring.

The SOFT HATS are in Green, Brown, Slate, Black and Blue, with wide and narrow brims.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Overcoats and Suits, Each One Finely Tailored, *Marked Away Down*

Two Big Money-Saving Sales Going on Simultaneously.

Overcoats and Ulsters

Annual Mid-Winter Sale. All the coats out of regular stocks. Virile Ulsters, Town Ulsters (smart for young men) and fashionable overcoats. Materials, fine and new. Tailoring, the best.

$23.75 and $29.75

Men's and Young Men's Suits

Semi-Annual Reduction Sale. Every suit in the house, except evening clothes, included. Prices radically cut on the kind of suits men of taste want.

$28.75, $32.75, $36.75, $43.75

No Charge for Alterations

Men's Shop—Fourth Floor

Saks

CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

AFTER all is said and done, if you want a Dress Suit or Tuxedo that is undeniably the best that money can buy, you've simply got to come here for it.

Dress Suits; $40 up
Tuxedos: $35 up
Dress Vests: $3.50 to $12

Saks & Company

BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

McGibbon & Co.

3 West 37th St. Handy to Fifth Ave.

10% DISCOUNT

During Entire Month in Every Department

Annual Sale of Bed Coverings & Bedding

MUCH BELOW CURRENT PRICES

Cotton filled Comfortables, Figured Silkoline both sides, $3.00 upwards
Cotton filled Comfortables, Figured Silkoline with Plain Sateen borders, $4.50 upwards
Wool filled Comfortables, Solid Colored Percaline, $9.50 each
Wool filled Comfortables, Figured Mull with Plain Silk Mull back and border, $12.00 each
Blankets for Single Beds, $5.50 pair upwards
Extra Size for Double Beds, $10.25 " "

Advantageous time to procure your Household Linens
Exceptional Values in all Linen Goods

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store Opens 9:00 A.M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

A Close Shave

Can be a hygienic delight or an infernal scrape. All depends on the blade and lather.

Our Razors at $1.74

are full hollowground of a quality steel which holds a keen edge. A good variety of handles.

Safety First

It's the slogan of the age, so we carry a complete assortment of standard make safety razors at our usual lower than elsewhere prices.

Strange, But True

You're more apt to cut yourself with a dull, than with a sharp razor. 'Cause why?

The sharp cutting edge glides over the face, removing the beard without friction, but when the razor is dull the first stubborn hair stops it and turns the blade inwards, often causing a severe cut. Keep your blades keen with a

2-Piece Strop $1.24

Genuine Pigskin. One piece a sharpener, the other the finisher. Adjustable, metal swivel.

SO SOOTHING: Shavolactum

allays razor irritation. Its antiseptic healing qualities make it the perfection of shaving lotions. Priced for Drug Sale 39c.

Shaving Brushes

The right sort add much to the comfort of your shave. Our selection is large. 23c to $3.63

Well Lathered—Half Shaved

Macy's Shaving Cream takes the effort out of shaving. A small quantity produces a rich creamy lather. Effective in hot or cold water. Priced for our Drug Sale, 14c tube.

Macy's—Main Floor, Rear.

Blue Cards for Busy Men

One of the main objections men have to shopping is the waiting for change or parcels. Our Blue Card to a great degree eliminates these objectionable features. Just ask any salesperson for a Blue Card, take it to counters where you desire to purchase. When through shopping present the Blue Card at the Superintendent's Desk on the Main Floor, Centre, pay the total of your purchases and receive your parcel.

At Your Service

So many foreigners are honoring our shores these days, we feel more than happy to extend them the courtesy of individual attention.

Our Shopping Service situated on the Main Floor has a staff of interpreters, who will also act as guides to our many departments and when desired assist in making purchases to best advantage.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St., Near Elevators.

Reported Total Now Up to 217,275; 129 Wounded in the Latest Lists

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The War Department gave out two casualty lists today, which contained 132 names, bringing the total for the army up to 211,554. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued; but the total previously announced for that arm of the service was 5,701. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 217,275.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 96 severely wounded, 19 wounded to a degree undetermined, 14 wounded slightly, and 3 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 20.	Total.
Killed in action	30,018	..	30,018
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,596	..	12,596
Died of accident	2,553	..	2,553
Died of disease	18,176	..	18,176
Total	64,075	..	64,075
Wounded	133,973	129	134,102
Missing	13,374	3	13,377
Total	211,422	132	211,554

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DF)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

GIOVANNELIO, G., 180 Carson Av., New Brighton.....(WS)
KELLY, EUGENE F., 705 Hicks St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
OECHSLER, W. F., 143 Rochester Av., Brooklyn.....(WS)
WRIGHT, DANIEL, 2,334 Tilden Av., Brooklyn.....(WU)
ZARELLA, R., 226 3d Av.—Corp.....(WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

CASEY, JAMES J., Troy—Corp.....(WL)
LOYLE, EUGENE F., Rochester.....(WS)
OSWALD, R. V., Lancaster.....(WS)
ZYWICKI, CHARLES S., Elmira.....(WS)

CONNECTICUT.

CLEMENCE, ROBERT H., Milford....(WU)

NEW JERSEY.

HABER—Alfred R., Camden—Corp.....(WS)
NEVIN, Joseph, Jersey City.....(WU)

Revised Casualty List.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rptd.	Prev. Rptd.
JORDAN, J. F., 226 W. 17th St.	(WU)	(MA)
LANDON, JOSEPH H. G., 407 E. 20th St., Brooklyn—Corp.	(WS)	(KA)
LEIGARD, GEORGE, 1,418 Herkimer St., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
LEVINE, MEYER, 61 Varet St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
McCONNELL, WILLIAM J., 384 Washington Av., Brooklyn	(KA)	(WS)
SCHULMAN, MORRIS L., 542 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
WILLIAMS, JOSEPH F., 401 W. 53d St.	(WL)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

DAVISON, ROY C., Walden.....(D) (MA)
MAZELSKY, B., Mountaindale,.(RD) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

BROSTROM, WALTER F., Santa Cruz, Cal.....(DW) (DA)
BRYANT, W. J., Cranford, N.Y.(WU) (MA)
CONNORS, EDWARD, R., Pittsburgh, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
COSTANTINI, VITO, Provincio del Aquilia, Italy.....(KA) (MA)
FAUCHER, R., Manchester, N.H.(D) (WS)
ENRIGHT, MICHAEL, Port Huron, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
GRAYSON, J. W., Methuen, Mass. (D) (MA)
GRIFFIN, WILLIAM L., McConnel, Tenn.....(RD) (DD)
HAHN, B. H., Cherokee, Iowa...(KA) (WS)
HAREM, ANDREW., Rennebu Trondhjem, Norway.....(D) (MA)
HAWES, C. G., Brunswick, Md.(RD) (KA)
HOLMSLEY, JOHN O., Lincolnton, N. C.....(KA) (MA)
HUFFMAN, OSCAR L., Port Washington, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
JARECKI, S. J., Detroit, Mich..(KA) (MA)
KAUKAS, J. J., Waterbury, Conn.(RD) (MA)
KELLE, ALBERT O., St. Louis Park, Minn.—Corp.....(KA) (WS)
LEFBVRE, EUGENE T., Central Falls, R. I.....(KA) (WU)
LIBONATI, WM., Orange, N. J.(WU) (DW)
McMAHON, J. H., Evanston, Ill.(WU) (DW)
MOLNIO, C., Barcelona, Messina Province, Italy.....(DD) (MA)
PERRY, ERNA G., Albany, Mo.(WU) (KA)
PESTER, L., Cleveland, Ohio...(KA) (WS)
ROKAWSKI, S. J., Meriden, Conn.—Corp. .....(WS) (MA)
SOBOTTA, A. P., Kewanee, Ill.—Cook. .....(KA) (MA)
SWETT, C. S., Cambridge, Mass. .....(WU) (KA)
WADDLE, H. W., Lauder, Wyo.(KA) (MA)
WHITE, J. A., Bellefonte, Penn.(WU) (KA)
WINKLER, A. E., Mt. Vernon, Wash. .....(KA) (MA)

JOIN INDEPENDENTS IN HEARST PROTEST

Four More Societies and 75 Individuals Offer Aid in Welcoming Soldiers.

INDORSE GARDEN SPEAKERS

Citizens' Committee Also Deprecates Effort to Break Up Protest Gathering.

The Independent Citizens' Committee, organized as a protest against the membership of William Randolph Hearst on the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops, yesterday passed a resolution indorsing the remarks made by the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning and all the other speakers who assailed the publisher at the mass meeting in Madison Square Garden on Friday night. The resolution follows:

The Executive Committee indorses the sentiments expressed by the speakers at the meeting held in Madison Square Garden last Friday night. The committee deprecates the apparently organized but unsuccessful effort to break up the meeting. In spite of this effort the meeting accomplished its purpose, no speaker was prevented from finishing his speech and the resolution offered at the close expressing sympathy with the objects of the meeting was adopted overwhelmingly by a rising vote, only a small number of persons here and there in the hall remaining seated.

Four other societies and seventy-five citizens who have offered to aid in the work of welcoming the homecoming soldiers also were given out by the Executive Committee of the Independent organization yesterday. Extracts from the letters of the societies follow:

Military Order of Foreign Wars of the United States, New York Commandery: "This order is entirely in accord with your committee. We should be glad to help you in your work of welcome to the returning soldiers, sailors, and marines."

The Athenaeum Club: "We accept with much pleasure the honor of being represented on the committee to welcome the returning soldiers, sailors, and marines of the United States forces, and will co-operate with the committee for the success of the welcome to our boys."

The Beethoven Society: "It gives us great pleasure to be among those societies adding in any way to the welcome of our brave boys on their homecoming and wishing the society all success in the worthy undertaking."

St. Anthony Club: "The committee was in entire accord and sympathy with your object, and it was regretted that your letter was not received in time to take any action. If any further occasion should arise, however, in which we might be of assistance, please notify us and the matter will be given careful consideration."

Letters also had been received, it was announced, from many persons offering their support to the independent welcome. The names of seventy-five persons whose names were tabulated yesterday are:

Miss Bessie Ballin,
F. H. Moore,
Dr. W. T. Helmuth,
F. J. Smith,
J. Q. Lockman,
F. I. Lockman,
Dr. J. E. Scott,
Miss E. R. Hunt,
John G. Ludowelg,
Miss E. H. Hunt,
J. M. Purdy,
I. W. Henry,
E. C. Hurlbert,
Mrs. C. Homan,
Harold H. Bowman,
Mrs. J. F. Burns,
Dr. Frank E. Smith,
J. C. Ward,
Joseph C. Mahoney,
William S. Smith,
Dr. G. E. Stubbs,
E. B. Clayton,
Harry W. Philip,
F. W. Whittemore,
Dr. B. De F. Bogart,
J. B. Dash,
S. M. Potter,
Alvin B. Potter,
Miss F. B. Gray,
Captain H. Berg,
Harry W. Thedford,
George W. Draper,
Aubrey Nicklas,
Charles Bathhurst,
Edwin Elberson,
W. M. Ballard,
Mrs. E. Arkush,
Mrs. B. F. Thomas,
W. E. Adams,
Edward Halg,
Thomas P. Browne,
George J. Murdter,
Adolph C. Knothe,
Mrs. S. L. McNulty,
Miss G. L. Massey,
Miss Alice Dimock,
George E. Hix,
J. J. Myers,
John Beckett,
Lester Powers,
Howard J. Smith,
W. H. Brehme,
John W. Twyford,
Mrs. Ada Grlap,
James L. Taylor,
W. A. Mitchell,
Woolsey A. Shepard,
E. I. Goodrich,
R. D. Lewis,
Walter L. Mann,
Frank Koch,
Miss Chriotte Gabay,
Miss Esperanza Gabay
Miss Kemp,
Miss Victoria Hewitt,
Edgar N. Thomas,
Elliot C. Lambert,
W. H. Gould,
Robert A. Fowler,
Addison Allen,
W. S. Davies,
Charles L. Moore,
E. C. Zabriskie,
Mrs. E. C. Zabriskie,
H. R. Ford,
Capt. G. H. Gaston, Jr.
R. H. Fetlgrew,
Ensign E. F. Pettigrew.

Another meeting of the committee will be held later this week, and the new plans for continuing the work will be announced then.

WIRZ CASE IS CITED AGAINST EX-KAISER

Bourgeois Considers Andersonville Hanging a Precedent for Bringing Him to Trial.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—Long discussions concerning the responsibility of ex-Emperor William and other prominent Germans for crime committed in the prosecution of the war appear in the newspapers. The Matin says that, as regards the crimes committed against France, the facts already have been established by a careful inquiry which has virtually been completed. It says that several eminent jurists unanimously hold that William Hohenzollern can be prosecuted under Article 58 of The Hague Convention, which lays down rules for warfare on land. The jurists are of the opinion that the punishment must be inflicted upon those who issued the orders rather than on the subordinates who carried them out.

The Journal calls attention to the fact that there is available to the Peace Conference a Committee on Juridical Consultations, to which the opinions of the delegates regarding the responsibility of William Hohenzollern will prossibly be referred. This having been done, the committee could present plans for a formal inquiry to the conference, which, if it agreed with the committee, could issue a formal indictment.

To obtain the release of the former Emperor, the paper adds, a demand can be made on Holland by the nations about to form a League of Nations. The demand will not be for the extradition of the former Emperor, but for his surrender. The paper says it is the opinion of leading jurists that Holland, which will also form a part of the league, cannot evade the duty of surrendering the former Emperor to the other nations in the league in order that he may be brought to trial.

Leon Bourgeois, former Premier, and French authority on the League of Nations, in a statement to the Matin, cites as a precedent for the punishment of Germans of all degrees convicted of violation of the laws of war the case of Henry Wirz, who was tried by court-martial and executed after the civil war for cruelties suffered by Northern prisoners in the camp he commanded at Andersonville, Ga.

The case of Henry Wirz, the Confederate Superintendent at Andersonville Prison, has been often brought forward as a precedent to govern cases of Germans charged with cruelty to prisoners of war. British and American jurists have cited it repeatedly, but probably M. Bourgeois is the first Frenchman to draw attention to it.

Wirz, a Germas by birth, was convicted by a special military court, in session from August to October, 1865, of "maliciously, willfully, and traitorously conspiring to injure the health and destroy the lives" of Union soldiers at Andersonville, and of "murder in violation of the laws of war," and was hanged Nov. 10, 1865.

EXTRA PAY FOR SOLDIERS.

Senate Votes for 30 Days' Allowance to Discharged Men.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—With amendments authorizing the bestowal of thirty days' pay and five cents a mile traveling expenses home upon discharged officers and enlisted men, the Senate today passed and sent to conference the House bill to permit soldiers to retain their uniforms. A provision for bonuses of thirty days' pay is attached to the war revenue bill, now in conference.

The Senate also passed the War Department bill authorizing the resumption of enlistments in the regular army.

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1,526 ON CRUISER HERE FROM FRANCE

Transports with 4,600 More Troops Due in Port Today After Stormy Crossing.

NEW YORK FIGHTERS HOME

Wounded Tell of Argonne Battle, Where Eddie Grant of Giants Was Killed by Germans.

Although several transports were on the list of those due to arrive yesterday, only one of them managed to make port, and that was the United States armored cruiser Pueblo, which docked at Pier 2, Hoboken, in the afternoon with 1,526 officers and enlisted men. The executive officers of the warship reported that she had left Brest on Jan. 7, and under normal weather conditions would have reached New York at least two days ago. The northwest gale blew so hard and kicked up such a big sea while the Pueblo was in Brest harbor waiting for her complement of troops that two extra anchors had to be lowered in order to hold her from drifting.

The police boat Patrol was on duty as usual with the welcoming committee and band on board and a number of Knights of Columbus, Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., and Salvation Army workers, carrying chocolates, cigarettes, and other things that American soldiers are fond of, and these they tossed to the deck of the warship when they got close alongside. The afterdeck of a cruiser is open and nearer to the water than that of the ordinary troop transport, and so it was much easier to throw things on board from the Patrol.

The troops on the Pueblo included a number of casual companies, and also the 53d ammunition train, made up of men from California and Texas, with Major Charles Hines in command. They have been in service since Sept. 12 last.

Private Chester A. Poling of 5,618 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, who was shot in the right arm in the Argonne forest on Oct. 12, had a lucky escape from losing his life. Four men, he said, had been sent on foot to carry a message at different times from headquarters to the front lines and all were killed. He was the fifth, he added, and got through, but the enemy nearly finished him on his return trip.

Sergeant John F. Burns of Riverdale, N. Y., a member of Co. I, 307th Infantry, said he was in the Argonne early in October, when Eddie Grant, the ex-Giant ball player, was killed close beside him. The Sergeant added that he sneaked back at night with two of the men from the company and got Grant's body, which they buried in a little cemetery a mile in the rear, known as Dead Man's Hill. Just before he was wounded in the left leg with shrapnel on Nov. 5, he said, the Germans were retreating so rapidly that his regiment had to use motor trucks to catch up to them.

Private Edward A. Kirchert, 140 Taylor Street, Brooklyn, of Company B, 308th Infantry, was with the Lost Battalion in the Argonne. He said that an epidemic of influenza started and the isolated victims, of course, had no medical attention. This resulted in a heavy mortality list, while the only water that could be obtained was from muddy shell holes. A small creek some little distance away was under the cover of a German battery and could not be approached.

The American naval transport George Washington will dock at Hoboken early today with 3,103 troops, as well as 21 officers and 350 men of the United States Navy. The Italian liner Giuseppe Verdi will arrive at her pier in Jersey City later in the day with 429 officers and men from the United States Navy bases in the Mediterranean, and the United States transport De Kalb will also dock in Hoboken with 691 troops on board.

The French liner Rochambeau, bound from Bordeaux to New York with 833 American soldiers, chiefly from Minnesota and Iowa, and 600 civilian passengers, put into Halifax yesterday, according to a telegram received by the agents of the company at 17 State Street, to take on coal. The vessel left Bordeaux at 11 P. M. on Jan. 9, and was delayed by heavy weather. The agents said last night that the Rochambeau would arrive in New York on Thursday or Friday.

The Norwegian freighter Tyr, twenty-three days out from Cardiff, and the Danish steamship Reykjavik, from Iceland, both bound for New York, were also compelled to put into Halifax yesterday to replenish their coal. Several reports were received of steamships bound for New York and Boston being forced through the same cause to call at St. Michaels in the Azores. Captains of incoming vessels report that the weather in the Atlantic during the past month has been the worst in ten years.

Colonel Harry Cutler, Chairman of the Jewish Welfare Board, announced yesterday that fifty transport workers are now being recruited at the offices, 149 Fifth Avenue, and will be placed on troopships to entertain Jewish soldiers returning from France. He said the War Department requested that each transport should carry six welfare workers, including one from the Jewish board.

Wanamaker Aids Police Reserves.

Deputy Police Commissioner Rodman Wanamaker wrote yesterday to Chief Inspector Dailly, asking for reports from commanding officers of precincts concerning complaints he had received from members of the Police Reserves of a lack of courtesy toward them by members of the regular force. "At parades or places of assemblage," the letter said, "policemen give no consideration to police reserve shields. This treatment is having bad effect on the reserves. It makes them feel they are not wanted by the police or the department." Mr. Wanamaker asked that, wherever possible, a room in the station house be assigned to the reserves. Records of the department show there were 10,000 reserves in August, and that 1,000 have dropped out. There is dissatisfaction at the delay of uniforms, although $375,000 for that purpose was collected at the police field days at Sheepshead Bay.

Grolier Club to Show Early Books.

The Grolier Club on Thursday night will hold a private view of its exhibition of early printed liturgical books, open to the public thereafter until March. In some 150 books shown, over 100 are upon vellum, and many are illuminated. Besides a Psalter printed at Mayence in 1459, by Fust & Schoeffer, the successors of Gutenberg, there are a Missal, by Jean du Pre, the first Parisian printer, a Breviary, printed at Venice in 1479, and an undated Book of Hours, printed by Caxton about 1477, possibly the first in England.

The Dictaphone—
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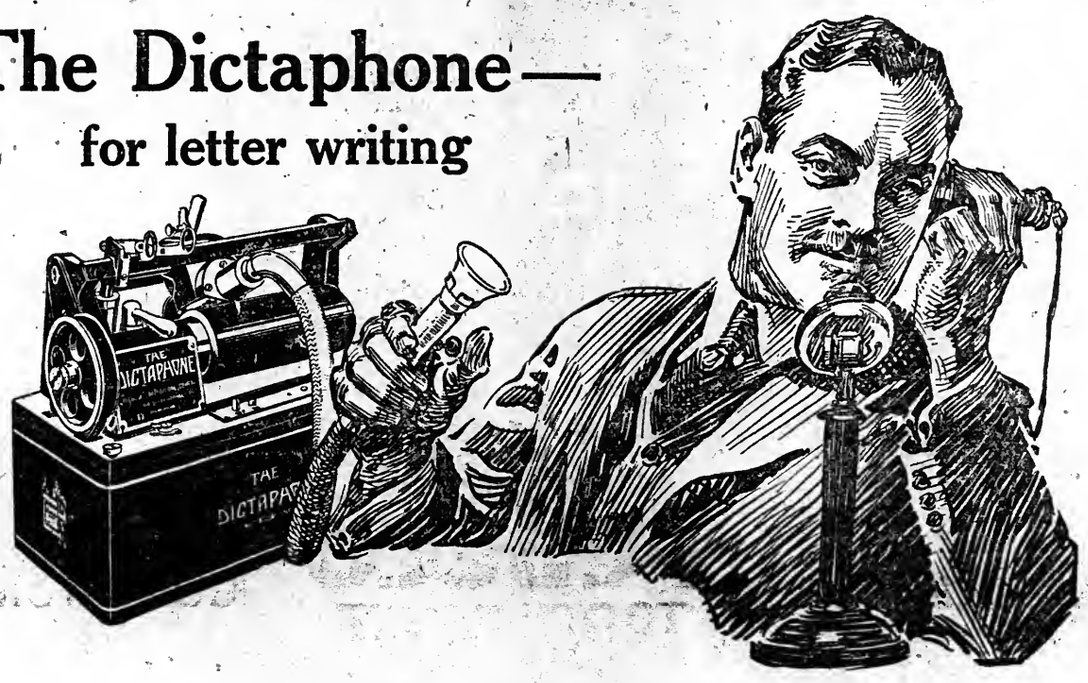

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One is as simple and convenient to use as the other. Both are mechanically perfect. Both are absolutely reliable.

If anything, The Dictaphone is a little bit the surer of the two, because you can always write to your party, even though you can't always reach him by phone.

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On request, The Dictaphone man will call with a machine, and prove in just fifteen minutes that The Dictaphone will mean more letters for you at less cost, no matter what your line of business or how technical your correspondence. He asks just fifteen minutes. He will show you and your secretary how to operate The Dictaphone, and answer any questions which may be puzzling you. Isn't it worth fifteen minutes to find these things out? Phone or write for a demonstration today.

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Largest Exclusively Women's Boot Shop in America
Clearance Sale
Continues This Week
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Values to $9.00

A pronounced feature of this sale is a collection of extremely smart walking boots with military heels (as illustrated) which we are offering at $6.75. They are:—
Handsome All Tan Russia Calf Lace Boots
Brown Calf Lace with Fawn Cloth Top
Brown Kid Lace with Brown Cloth Top
Black Kid Lace with Gray Cloth Top
Gray Kid Lace with Gray Cloth Top
For immediate clearance—500 pairs very stylish Black Kid Lace Boots with Cuban heels and Dark Mahogany Calf Boots with Military heels. $4.95
No C. O. D.'s. All Sales Final.
QUEEN QUALITY BOOT SHOP
32 and 34 West 34th Street

LET NEW YORK STATE STAND FOR LIBERTY!

A public hearing will be held at Albany today on the National Prohibition Amendment. The New York State Legislature will later vote on acceptance or rejection.

If New York State votes to **reject** the amendment, the Statue of Liberty in New York Harbor will continue to mean something. If New York votes to **accept** this amendment, then the Statue should be taken down. **Her torch will be dimmed forever.**

America has grown powerful with "Liberty" as our National slogan. Are we now to substitute "Verboten"? A letter or telegram to your legislator at Albany telling him how you feel about it will be of benefit. The enemies of liberty are as active and arrogant in America today as were the Junkers in Prussia a short while ago.

No cause is lost while there is a man left to fight for it. Liberty has always needed defenders. She has always had them. No public question is settled until it is settled right. Get in touch with your legislator at once.

ASSOCIATION OPPOSED TO NATIONAL PROHIBITION
334 FIFTH AVENUE NEW YORK CITY
If you are opposed to National Prohibition enroll as a member of this organization. No fee. Just send your name. Over 50,000 joined last week.

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Importers of Wines and Whiskies for the Connoisseur
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Special inducements this week to those who wish to lay in a supply of 5 gallons or more.
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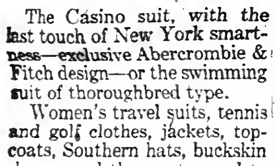
At Palm Beach or Miami, where Summer meets the Winter-wearied man of the North, or—

In the Army and Navy, still marking time—

Abercrombie & Fitch are being talked about, as the one great sporting goods establishment, keeping pace with a galloping, history-making epoch.

On Southern Sands



The Casino suit, with the last touch of New York smartness—exclusive Abercrombie & Fitch design—or the swimming suit of thoroughbred type.

Women's travel suits, tennis and golf clothes, jackets, topcoats, Southern hats, buckskin shoes—and the most complete line of snow and ice-sport apparel ever shown in America.

Traveling bags, toilet cases, wrist watches—skates, sleds, sweaters, Swiss coasting costumes—women's outfits for the Southern coast and upland shooting.

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Every accessory for man and woman—for Southern and Northern shooting—stubble or woods—guns, ammunition and apparel.

Tarpon, barracuda and river tackle for Florida fishing—fitted to the individual.

Carrying On—from Northern to Southern Links

Hand-made Abercrombie & Fitch golf clubs.

Golf bags, balls and golf clothes, designed specially to meet metropolitan needs.

Abercrombie & Fitch golf boots and hosiery—unequalled in variety—for men and women.

Golf jackets, topcoats, hats, waistcoats.

Tennis clothes, for both men and women, racquets and all court supplies.

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Madison Avenue and 45th St. New York.

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard."

DRAMA

By John Corbin

The Tragic Lover.

THE MARQUIS DE PRIOLA, a drama in three acts, by Henri Lavedan. At the Liberty Theatre.

Marquis de Priola	Leo Ditrichstein
Pierre Morain	Brandon Tynan
Brabaconne	Orlando Daly
Dr. Savieres	Walter Howe
Francesco	Adrian H. Rosley
First Gentleman	Harold Seton
Second Gentleman	Gustav Bowhan
Mme. de Valleroi	Jane Gray
Mme. Le Chesne	Lily Cahill
Mme. Savieres	Katherine Emmet
Femme de Chambre	Josephine Hamner

Having been so long the great lover, Leo Ditrichstein bids fair to become the eternal lover. His portraits of the erotic male are always artistically finished and sometimes they touch upon greatness. This is one of the times. "The Marquis de Priola" is, essentially, tragedy; but it is as perfect in its kind as "The Concert" was in comedy, and Mr. Ditrichstein's work in the title rôle will, in all probability, take rank with his work as the hero of Hermann Bahr's amiable satire. Not since Mansfield's Chevrial has our stage seen a portrait of the aging libertine as deeply psychologised, as subtle, and finished in detail and as effective theatrically.

The effect of Lavedan's play is, in fact, better than theatric; in the true sense of the word it is dramatic. Though a study of character in an extreme development, probability is not sacrificed in order to achieve any situation, truth to nature in order to exploit the virtuosity of an actor. The character which "The Concert" held up so truthfully to our genial ridicule is here presented with equal sincerity as if for clinical inspection. That the result is gripping, enthralling and ultimately shattering to nerves and emotions comes less from the skill of an accomplished technician than from the physical, psychological and even moral truth with which the portrait is rendered.

The measure of Lavedan's psychology is nowhere more evident than in the fact that he makes the mainspring of Priola's intriguing not physical but mental. His ape and toady, Brabaconne, is, if you will, l'homme moyen sensuel—and cuts a ridiculous figure enough. Priola's love of feminine conquest is founded in vanity; and it is fed by a deep cruelty, even malignancy, toward the objects of his chase—and also by a fundamental cynicism, which is the cruelty of the mind. He vaunts the fact that he has lived through the world like a torch, lighting his path with the glory of lives in conflagration and leaving a wake of black destruction. And his ultimate defeat is not physical merely, though he lies prostrate before us, a helpless paralytic; primarily, it is the defeat of whatever he possesses of mind and of heart.

His dramatic antagonist is a young man whom he has befriended from childhood and educated as his ward. It is Priola's evident purpose to bequeath him his fortune and his century-old name, of which he is proud as the name of a race of triumphant libertines. The play begins with his effort to initiate Pierre into a life of pleasure, and with his philosophy of a cynical contempt for women. Pierre admires Priola, is deeply grateful to him, even loves him; but as a pupil he is reluctant, troubled.

As a couple of Priola's intrigues develop in action, Pierre is abashed, dismayed, revolted. His remonstrance against a peculiarly cynical and malignant mode of feminine conquest throws Priola into a rage which brings on a slight stroke of paralysis. And then Pierre finds, by chance, that his own mother was among his protector's victims.

When Priola is confronted with this discovery his rage mounts again, until he overwhelms the lad with the fact that he also is a Priola, his son—and then falls, a hopeless physical wreck. Yet through it all one somehow feels that his defeat comes not so much from his own worn body and polluted blood as from the contempt of the son of whom he is somehow proud, and whom he even loves.

In the details of his performance, Mr. Ditrichstein is amazingly subtle. During the course of the play he makes love to, and triumphs over, three radically different women; and he does so in three manners, three moods, which are wholly distinct. His simulation of the first, slight paralytic stroke is almost incredibly lifelike. His arm is affected only momentarily, speedily resuming its functions; yet to the end it is never quite the same. It seems positively to have shrunk, and it carries always in its slight swing and droop, and in the inertness of the fingers, a reminder of the fate that hangs over Priola. The final access of rage and the resultant apoplectic shock have no touch of exaggeration, no trace of mere theatricism; yet they chill one to the bone. And never for a moment was the pride of the man, and whatever else he had of human dignity, obscured in theatric externals

As Pierre, Brandon Tynan is obviously miscast, being a decade or two too old and otherwise unlike the idealistic, impassioned boy which the situation requires. But otherwise the casting is admirable. As Priola's admiring toady, Orlando Daly is deliciously droll and diverting.

Of the two main objects of Priola's intrigues, Jane Grey has the part of a light and empty worldling whose motives are as vain as Priola's. Her scenes with Mr. Ditrichstein are character comedy of the first water, and Miss Grey carries them with consummate subtlety, force and humor. Lily Cahill plays the wife who has divorced Priola and remarried, and whom he is endeavoring to lure again into his net. It is a very finely drawn character, with touches of intense and fateful passion, and also of fine dignity. Miss Cahill touches every phase of it with unerring skill and great depth of emotion. As the third of the feminine trio, Katherine Emmet is wholly adequate.

The play is perhaps not a masterpiece; but it is as sound morally as it is technically; and, in addition to its never-failing dramatic interest, it is full of modish wit and character comedy.

ACTORS' FUND BENEFIT BILL

Prominent Composers Playing in Unison to be One of Novelties.

The annual performance here in aid of the Actors' Fund of America, which will be given at the Century on Friday afternoon, will be participated in on this occasion by a dozen or more well-known composers, who, in addition to appearing singly, will in unison a number written for the occasion. Among those who will thus appear will be Victor Herbert, Reginald De Koven, Raymond Hubbell, Jerome Kern, Louis A. Hirsch, Silvio Hein, Gus Kerker, Rudolph Friml, Lieutenant B. C. Hilliam, Harry Carroll and A. Baldwin Sloane.

Another novelty on the program will be a revival of the "Florodora" sextet, its members being H. B. Warner, Donald Brian, Joseph Cawthorne, Emmett Corrigan, Conway Tearle, Hazzard Short, Julia Sanderson, Jeanne Eagels, Gertrude Vanderbilt, Peggy Wood, Ruth Shepley, and Violet Heming. "Her Début in Dubuque," a new one-act play by Cyrus Wood, will be acted, and W. D. Howell's "The Mouse Trap" will be acted by Cyril Keightley, Estelle Winwood, and others.

Sam Bernard and Nora Bayes will introduce a Shakespearian burlesque, and there will be many specialties by Houdini, May Irwin, Lieutenant Gitz Rice, Doyle and Dixon, Clifton Webb, Ada Mae Weeks, and others. Augustus Thomas will make an address.

ANNA CASE IN SONGS.

Miss Anna Case, soprano, gave a song recital at Carnegie Hall last evening. There was a large audience, much applause, encores, ushers bearing bouquets down three aisles at once, and all the other marks of a highly successful concert.

Miss Case's program was stretched over a wide range of music. An old Norwegian boat song and an old Swedish folksong were furthest removed from the American numbers which closed the program. Some old French chansons were down, and a modern "Chanson Douce," by Mme. Ohrstrom-Renard, "manuscript dedicated to Miss Case." There were two other French songs by Chauvet and one by Nerini. Grieg's "Prinsessen" was sung in Norwegian, and Beethoven's "Faithful Johnnie" in English.

The other English numbers were "Dreams," by Horsman; "To You," John Rodenbeck; "In the Dawn of an Indian Sky," Ward Stephens; "O Mother, My Love," Roland Farley, and "Robin, Robin, Sing Me a Song," by Charles Gilbert Spross, who played all of Miss Case's accompaniments.

OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

"Le Coq d'Or" Revived.

There was a double bill at the Metropolitan Opera House last night: "Le Coq d'Or" (deferred several weeks) and "Cavalleria Rusticana"—we print them in the order of their relative artistic importance, although this order was reversed in the performance. Here is the cast of Rimsky-Korsakoff's opera-pantomime, which was sung in French and mimed in the universal language of gestures, attitudes, and dancing:

The Princess	Mabel Garrison—Rosina Galli
The King	Adamo Didur—Adolph Bolm
Amelfa	Sophie Braslau—Queenie Smith
The Astrologer	Ralph Diaz—Giuseppe Bonfiglio
The Prince	Pietro Audisio—Armando Agnini
The General	Louis D'Angelo—Ottokar Bartik
A Knight	Vincenzo Reschiglian—Vincenzo Ioucelli
The Golden Cock	Marie Sundelius
Conductor, Pierre Monteux.	
Production under the direction of Adolph Bolm.	

The anniversary of the production in New York of this unique work occurs early next Spring. To our way of thinking it was an artistic event of the first magnitude, and it is a pity that "The Golden Cock" is not long enough to be presented alone, as its proximity is dangerous to compositions of lesser calibre. Last season it was harnessed to a harmless operetta, last night to a running mate equally ill-chosen. Why can't the orchestra play as a prelude one of the Russian's suites, "Scheherazade," for example? Mr. Monteux has proved himself particularly happy in the interpretation of Rimsky-Korsakoff. The obviously passionate music of Mascagni does not go well with the Russian's fantasy. You can't hitch a brass-band wagon to this blazing star of the north.

"The Golden Cock" is delightful. Enjoy it as a fairy tale, forget its hints of political satire, and you will enjoy it at its best. No doubt the key to Plato's "Republic," More's "Utopia," Rabelais, or Swift's "Gulliver" is easy to find, but sensible readers prefer these books purely as literature. Why dig deep into "The Isle of Penguins" or "The Revolt of the Angels" for occult meanings? The subtle ironic prose of Anatole France should suffice. As well consider "Alice in Wonderland" as a veiled attack on modern civilization, (which, by the way, it is.) It may not be difficult to discover in the Rimsky-Korsakoff opera political innuendo, and as appropriate now as during the second decade of the nineteenth century when the Decembrist outbreak occurred in Russia. During old King Dodon, the protagonist of the pantomime, might be any ruler anywhere on the globe, who, when his country is threatened by an aggressive enemy, adopts a policy of "dolce far niente." The libretto is rich in tempting satire on the fatuity of unpreparedness and the supine pose of the pacifist. However, the story may be comprehended by children quite as well as by politicians and other equinoctial persons. And, again, it may be viewed as a parody on grand opera, Wagner and "Salome" in particular.

We have been told the history of "The Golden Cock"; of its failure as opera, and its subsequent recrudescence as pantomime with singing. Composed in 1907, shortly before the composer's death, the opera was forbidden at Petrograd because of the implied satire lurking in Pushkin's fairy-tale, turned into a libretto by Bielsky. Whether or not this book is a political allegory need not concern us; suffice to say that the difficulties of the rôles made the opera well-nigh impossible. Michael Fokine, the brains of the original Russian Ballet, conceived the happy idea of transforming the work into a composite of pantomime, dancing and singing. As in the Greek play he placed the chorus on either side of the stage, on terraced seats from which the principals and chorus sang, while below the actors mimed and danced. Surrounded by bizarre scenery and floated on an orchestral stream of pertinent and lovely music, "The Golden Cock" created at London in 1914 a marked impression. At Paris the protests of the Rimsky-Korsakoff family prevented more than a few performances, but as there was no copyright law in England to protect their interests the composition was heard and admired at Drury Lane Theatre.

The score is not unlike in oriental coloring the Suite "Scheherazade," and that is high praise. Moods, shifting, picturesque, fluid and passionate, and daring rhythms; the music is saturated with extravagant humor. The vocal parts are grateful despite their difficulty. The leading motive assigned to that bird of ill-omen, the Golden Cock, was evidently suggested by the call of the Valkyries. The music accompanying the giants, dwarfs, and queer animals is characteristically ludicrous. All the primary rainbow gamut with their complementary tones are in the joyous symphonic mimicry by the Russian Berlioz. The three scenes and the costumes were designed by Willy Pogany, and the scenery painted by P. Dodd Ackermann. Striking, barbarically beautiful, the second scene is positively blood-curdling. Mr. Setti's chorus, garbed like the solo singers in maroon-tinted mediaeval drapery, was all that it should have been. So well drilled was the ensemble that if you looked only at the mimes you seemed to hear them singing. Rosina Galli and Adolph Bolm, respectively, mimed the Queen and King, though their voices issued from the throats of Mabel Garrison and Adamo Didur. Marie Barrientos originated the rôle of the Queen last year. Miss Garrison replaced her several times.

She sang the elaborate vocal part, with its roulades, cadenzas, top notes, (E in altissimo is one,) and melting Russian folksong, most spontaneously. She literally caroled with her beautiful crystalline organ.

Mr. Didur delivered the music of the King with unctuous humor, mock pathos, and expressiveness. Louis d'Angelo was the General—last season it was Basil Ruysdael—admirably mimed by Ottokar Bartik. Marie Sundelius sang the trying music of the Golden Cock with rare skill. The rooster itself is a splendid stage property, a master work of Technical Director Siedle. Rafaelo Diaz as the vocal end of the Astrologer deserves praise. He poured out with prodigality his voice; a high C he compassed with ease. The other end of the sketch on the stage below was Giuseppe Bonfiglio. Cunning little Queenie Smith was the Amelfa, her vocal counterpart Sophie Braslau of the luscious contralto. If there is such a thing as spiritual dislocation, then it was embodied in the extraordinary pantomime of Adolph Bolm, with its delicious burlesque, its broad humor, and ironic underlining. Like a toy awakened from its wooden slumber, this king of shreds and patches touches your funny bone, yet enlists your sympathy. He was a glorious and pathetic fool and true to royal type.

As for Rosina Galli, she was a vision of fantastic loveliness; she evoked Sheba's queen, who was called Belkis, and, according to legend, stirred the neurasthenic Solomon into pessimistic admiration; she also teases the timid hermit St. Antony in Flaubert's magnificent prose-epic. Galli's dancing was dazzling, though not in the key of conventional ballet pirouettes. She was eloquent, disdainful, provocative, enchanting, she sang with her toes and with as much virtuosity as her lyric alter ego, Miss Garrison.

There is mock wailing by a cynical chorus after the King's death, and the scene fades into the vast inane. But the Astrologer, old Father-I-Told-You-So, is the fatal chorus before the curtain who blandly assures the audience that the Queen and himself are the only living persons in the play; the others a delirious dream, pale spectres, nothing more. But in action these same spectres were far from pallid. Both in London and Paris as well as in New York, "Le Coq d'Or," was conducted by Pierre Monteux, and to him is due praise for his important share in the production. It is a redoubtable task to synchronize the singing, miming, and dancing with the orchestra.

Thanks to the unerring baton of Monteux hardly a slip was noticeable in the complex mechanism of the score. A brilliant audience in happy moode enjoyed the Russian piece, also enjoyed "Cavalleria Rusticana" with such interpreters as Crimi, Montesanto, Claudia Muzio, and Flora Perini. Roberto Moranzoni conducted. Recalls were numerous.

FRENCH IN RUSSIAN TRAGEDY

Copeau and Players Give Splendid Revival of 'The Karamazov Brothers.'

With a cast so ably selected as to leave in each movement the impression of an all-star performance, the French company of Director Jacques Copeau produced at the Théatre du Vieux Colombier last night M. Copeau and Jean Croué's dramatic adaptation of Dostoievski's sombre novel, Les Freres Karamazov (The Karamazov Brothers). The play, which was given by the same company and with virtually the same cast last season, was one of the best performances of the year, and was repeatedly produced then. The splendid performance last night and the large and tensely held audience that attended it until after midnight, would give promise of a similar reception now.

The story of the three Karamazov brothers, sons of a gross and profligate father, the evil genius of whose life runs darkly through every movement of the play, is one of heaviest Russian tragedy unrelieved, reaching its gloomy climax through murder, suicide, and madness born of blood-guiltiness actual and morbidly imagined.

Director Copeau appeared as Ivan Feodorovitch Karamazov, the morbidly meditative Hamlet-like son; Robert Bogaert, as Dimitri, the dissolute eldest son, willing to do, but wrongly convicted of, his father's murder; Jean Sarment, the only one of the brothers in whom was a trace of softer religious human kindness; Charles Dullin, as the shrewd, subnormal natural son and valet, and Louis Jouvet, as the father, the impersonification of all that was gross and vile and forever drunk with sin. It were hard to seek an improvement on the portrayal of any one of these rôles last night; while Valentine Tessier, as the very human and feminine adventuress Grouchenka, and Lucienne Bogaert as Katherina, the beloved of the two elder brothers Karamazov, played their parts with splendid fire and tragic skill.

Schumann Club in Song Recital.

The Schumann Club gave an unusual concert of music for women's chorus, led by Percy Rector Stephens, last evening in Aeolian Hall. Twenty-one songs, from the old Italian masters to Grieg's airs of Norway, old Scotch melodies, French, both old and new, were translated and transcribed by Deems-Taylor. A popular feature with the audience was the club's last group in English, including "ballad concert" favorites of other days.

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Tues. Jan. 21st, at 3 P. M.
Comparison Recital
By the Brilliant Pianiste HERMA MENTH AND THE DUO-ART PIANO
Admission without charge
The Aeolian Company
29 West 42nd St. Fourth Floor

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Wed. at 8:15. Manon Lescaut. Alda, Perini; Martinelli, De Luca, Segurola. Cond., Papi. Thurs. at 8:15, Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi. Fri. at 8. (1st time.) La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux. Sat. Mat. at 2, L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta. Cond., Papi. Sat. at 8:15. (75c to $3.) Lucia. Garrison; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Bada. Cond., Papi. Next Mon. at 8, Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Cardso, De Luca, Mardones. Cond., Papi. Tues., Jan. 28, Special Mat. at 2, ($1 to $5,) Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Seats now on sale.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Tues., Jan. 28, at 8. Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Con., Papi. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AMY GRANT'S OPERA RECITALS, Hotel Plaza, Tuesdays at 3:30. Today: La Reine Fiammette and Pelleas and Melisande. M. Terriberry, Sec., 78 W. 55th. Circle 457.

TONIGHT FLONZALEY—AEOLIAN HALL, 8:15.

Aeolian, Evgs., Jan. 28, March 4 & 31. **Bauer-Thibaud** 10 PIANO-VIOLIN SONATAS OF BEETHOVEN. Subscription NOW. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Tel. Circle 2156

Aeolian—Friday Aft., Jan. 24, at 3. Piano Recital **GABRILOWITSCH** ALL CHOPIN PROGRAM. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

Aeolian Tuesday Aft'noon, Jan. 28, at 3. SAMUEL **GARDNER** VIOLIN RECITAL. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Baldwin Piano.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor. CARNEGIE HALL, Next Thurs. Ev., 8:30. Next Fri. Aft., 2:30. **HEIFETZ** BERLIOZ SYMPHONY FANTASTIQUE, BEETHOVEN LEONORE NO. 3, BEETHOVEN VIOLIN CONCERTO.

SUNDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 26, AT 3. GUIOMAR **NOVAES** Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

CARNEGIE HALL, TONIGHT at 8:30 Violin Recital By TOSCHA **SEIDEL** Seats now at box office or Metropolitan Musical Bureau, 33 W. 42d St., 75c to $2. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Fri. Eve., Jan. 24, at 8:30. PIANO RECITAL BY MARVIN **MAAZEL** Seats $1, $1.50, $2 at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Jan. 23, at 3. Auspices Society for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, Inc. Mrs. HERMANN M. BIGGS, President. Miss RUTH TWOMBLY, Vice President. **RACHMANINOFF** CONCERT OF MUSIC FOR PIANO. Orchestra Seats and Boxes on sale at Hotel St. Regis. Balance at Carnegie Hall. Direction C. A. Ellis. Steinway Piano used.

CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Eve., JAN. 25 at 8:15. Violin Recital MAX **ROSEN** Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. STEINWAY PIANO.

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Jan'y 29, 8:15 P. M. Piano Recital (Knabe Piano) **GODOWSKY** Seats 50c and $1.00 at Humanitarian Cult, 266 West End Ave.

CARNEGIE HALL, Fri. Eve., Jan. 24. KOSCAK **YAMADA** SECOND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT with SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA of 90. CLARENCE WHITEHILL, Baritone. Seats 75c to $2. Mgt. Jules Daiber. (Steinway Piano.)

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 25, 2:30. PIANO RECITAL—JOSEF **HOFMANN** (STEINWAY PIANO.) Seats at Box Office.

Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Aft. Jan. 23, at 3 **GANZ** ONLY PIANO RECITAL IN NEW YORK. Benefit: Societe Mutuelle Des Professeurs Du Conservatoire Paris. Prices 50c to $2.00. Boxes $15, on sale at Box Office. (Steinway Piano)

CARNEGIE HALL, Mon., Feb. 3, 8:15 P. M. JOHN **POWELL** PIANO RECITAL. Steinway Piano. Tickets 50c to $2. Boxes $12 to $15. MANAGEMENT WINTON & LIVINGSTON

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA TODAY CARNEGIE HALL, at 3:00. Soloist: ZIMBALIST and Chorus from Schola Cantorum.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily. Pop. Prices. MILLION DOLLAR DOLLS

MOTION PICTURES.

BROADWAY Theatre, B'way at 41st St. Cont. 10 A. M. to midnight. **THE HEART OF HUMANITY** A GREAT BIG BEAUTIFUL ROMANCE OF THE WAR.

PLAZA Madison Ave. at 59th St. "THE COMMON CAUSE" A Play of the Hour by J. Hartley Manners and Ian Hay Beith. With Herbert Rawlinson, Sylvia Breamer, Lawrence Grossmith, and, in the prologue, Julia Arthur, Marjorie Rambeau, Irene Castle, Effie Shannon, Violet Heming.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20, 30, 60. Lgs. $1. ELSIE FERGUSON in "His Parisian Wife." New Sennett Comedy. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.
RIALTO Times Square 20—30—60. BRYANT WASHBURN "The Way of a Man With a Maid." Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. Wm. Russell, "When a Man Rides Alone."

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 8980. Douglas FAIRBANKS in His Latest ARIZONA. Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

STRAND B'way at 47th St. THE FIGHTING ROOSEVELTS

BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. **BURTON HOLMES** HIMSELF Today at 8:15. Tomorrow at 3:30 and 8:15. WITH THE "YANKS" IN FRANCE. Wonderful Color Views. New Motion Pictures. Popular Prices—50c-$1.50.

Brooklyn Academy of Music, Sun. Ev., Jan. 26, 8:15. JOINT RECITAL **Zimbalist—Breslau** Tickets 50c. to $2, at Box Office. Mail Orders Van Hugo Musical Soc., 220 W. 42 St., N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. **AL JOLSON** And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD. 42nd Week in New York.

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre. NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL AT 11:30. A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. 3 Matinees This Week: Tomorrow, Thursday and Saturday. **ALICE BRADY** Personally in FOREVER AFTER

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. **MARY NASH** IN THE BIG CHANCE

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w and Sat., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13. A New Play by Samuel Shipman & Max Marcin.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

LYRIC 42d St., west of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. 5th Month. Not a War Play. THE UNKNOWN PURPLE. The Season's Hit. With RICHARD BENNETT

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:30. Jane Cowl IN The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way. THE COMEDY HIT Tea for 3. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:30. 150th Performance Tom'w Mat. Souvenirs.

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. Smartest Musical Show in Town. LITTLE SIMPLICITY With the Prettiest Girls in the World

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. It's naughty but it's nice—SH! The Laugh Play Keep It To Yourself. "So funny you are sure to explode with laughter."—Charles Darnton, Ev. World.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits. New Musical Play—The 100% Cast "SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART" CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.
A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN. CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c & 50c. "AN IDEAL HUSBAND"

COMEDY 41st, East of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:30. "IT IS WELCOME AND WILL SUCCEED."—Louis De Foe, World. THE CLIMAX with ELEANOR PAINTER. "FRESHER AND MORE VIGOROUS THAN EVER."—John Corbin, Times.

SHUBERT West 44th Street. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. LAST 2 WEEKS in New York. **BETROTHAL** By Maeterlinck, Author of Blue Bird. The Masterpiece of the Stage.

PRINCESS Mats. Tomorrow and Saturday. Evenings at 8:20. Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. OH, MY DEAR! "BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. "ADORABLE."—Mail. **EAST IS WEST** A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES." LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Last 2 Weeks. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning. "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. WILLIAM COURTENAY AND TOM WISE in Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit. CAPPY RICKS

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. Eves. 8:15. NORA BAYES IN HER JOYOUS PLAY LADIES FIRST

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:15. Riotous Musical Comedy. THE MELTING OF MOLLY With CHARLES PURCELL. Chorus with a Kick

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST. SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS. Tonight & Thurs. Evenings, 8:15, and Saturday Mat., 2:15. MARTHA. Craig Campbell—Ruth Miller. Wed. & Fri. at 8:15. FRA DIAVOLO. Orville Harrold—Bianca Saroya. Saturday Evening at 8:15. MME. BUTTERFLY. Maggie Teyte (Farewell) Orville Harrold

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Eves. 8:30 Sharp. Matinees Tomorrow and Sat. at 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Comedy A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley. Moves to Vanderbilt Theatre next Monday.

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE. FRI. AFT. at 2:30 & SAT., 10:30 A. M. WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET. "Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eve. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners with IRENE BORDONI

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th Street, West of Broadway. Beginning NEXT SAT. NIGHT. Seats Now. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in "EYES OF YOUTH." Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Thur. & Sat. 2:15. THIS WEEK Les Freres Karamazov. Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

Shubert-Riviera Broadway and 97th St. Mt. Today. UNDER ORDERS

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evgs. 8:15. MATINEES TOMORROW & SAT., 2:15. INDISPUTABLY THE BEST REAL MUSICAL COMEDY IN TOWN! KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF LAUGHTER and MELODY. THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic. Two Entirely Different Shows.

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri., Sat. 2:30. STUART WALKER'S PORTMANTEAU SEASON. Tel. Circle 1386. Current Bill, LORD DUNSANY'S THE LAUGHTER OF THE GODS. "STINGY" and "A NIGHT IN AVIGNON"

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Bryant 392. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Tomorrow and Sat., 2:20. THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. "A PRINCE THERE WAS" GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. The New Sensation of Psychic Mystery! THE INVISIBLE FOE. TREMENDOUS HIT! "NOT A WAR PLAY."

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written. THREE FACES EAST. Hundreds turned away at every performance.

If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long Legs," you'll love PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE. Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Thursday and Sat., 2:30. FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evgs. 25c to $1. Mts. Today & Thurs., 25c & 50c. FLORENCE NASH in "Remnant"

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. William Gillette "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY"—Herald. Dear Brutus. "To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve Sun.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in the Comedie Francaise Sensation "THE MARQUIS DE PRIOLA" By HENRI LAVEDAN

"THE CANARY" It's a Bird. JULIA SANDERSON JOSEPH CAWTHORN. Sam Hardy, Doyle & Dixon, Maude Eburne. GLOBE—200 FIRST BALC. SEATS $1.50. POPULAR PRICE MAT. TOM'W.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Thursday and Sat., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS DADDIES

VANDERBILT West 48 St. Beg. Mon. Jan. 27. Seats Now. A LITTLE JOURNEY. Moves Here from THE LITTLE THEATRE

LIGHTNIN Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Friday and Sat., 2:30. GAIETY, B'way & 46 St. AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT 3 Wise Fools Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY LISTEN LESTER! "Tunes Catchy and Different. Plenty of Songs to Whistle and Dance."—Eve. Mail.

CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. "'ULLO, 'ERE'S A 'IT!" The Better 'Ole with MR. and MRS. COBURN

Century Theatre, Tom'w Evg. at 8:30. New York's Tribute to CAPTAIN CARPENTER, V. C. OF H. M. S. VINDICTIVE, The Hero of Zeebrugge, Who Will Tell His Own Story of THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE. The Greatest Naval Exploit of the War. BENEFIT DOVER PATROL FUND. Rear-Admiral Usher presiding. POPULAR PRICED SEATS $1 & 50c. Box Office, Agencies of J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42d St.

"STANDARD FOR FORTY YEARS" McBride's THEATRE TICKET OFFICES. UPTOWN 1497 Broadway. DOWNTOWN 71 Broadway

CENTURY THEATRE—FRIDAY. DOORS OPEN 1:15. BEGINS 1:45. ANNUAL BENEFIT ACTORS' FUND. A Festival of Star Feature Novelties—Dramatic, Burlesque, Musical, Vaudeville—especially prepared for the occasion. SEATS AND BOXES AT CENTURY THEATRE. PRICES: 50c to $5.00. Management.......of.......Daniel Frohman

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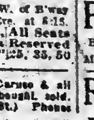

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Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan'y 26, at 3. Soloist Mme. HULDA Lashanska. RAFF, MASSENET, MENDELSSOHN, TSCHAIKOWSKY, LOEFFLER. Tickets at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

FRIENDS OF MUSIC Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow (Wed.) Aft. at 3. ALFRED CORTOT LAST RECITAL THIS SEASON. Tks. $1-50c. at Box Office & of Helen Love, 1 W. 34.

SIXTH BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE. Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Jan. 24, at 11. HELEN STANLEY, LEOPOLD GODOWSKY, ANDRES DE SEGUROLA. Res. Seats $3, Box Seats $5, now on sale at Biltmore Box Office from 9 to 6 (balcony floor). Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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"SOLUTIONS" OF THE RAILWAY PROBLEM.

The railway problem is difficult enough without making it worse, but some who are offering solutions do just that thing by proposing all sorts of novelties, of all degrees of merit, but with one sure demerit, that nobody knows certainly how the novelties would work. Take, for example, the suggestions of Mr. VICTOR MORAWETZ to the Senate Interstate Committee. He proposes the reorganization of all railways into "ten or fifteen" regional systems, under the administration of a Federal board with a member sitting in the President's Cabinet. This board should appoint regional boards of regulation and one central board of regulation. The Federal board should regulate all rates, and all security issues which are to be exchanged for the present securities. The new issues are to be proportioned to the "estimated true "operating income of the property, "so that the amount of interest and "dividends guaranteed by the Gov-"ernment shall in no case exceed 65 "per cent. of the estimated operating "income of the company, and that "the interest on the debentures shall "not exceed 40 per cent." It is not necessary to go further into the carefully elaborated details, which show that Mr. MORAWETZ has given much thought to his plan, to reach with regret the conclusion that it is labor lost. A problem which is too large and intricate as it stands cannot be solved by a leap in the dark without taking unnecessary chances. It is better to proceed along familiar lines, with the correction of demonstrated mistakes.

The cornerstone of Mr. MORAWETZ's plan is the guarantee of profits on an untried basis of earnings. The only guarantee the railways require is that of a fair opportunity to earn profits. It would be simpler and easier merely to allow an increase of earnings to cover the realized deficiencies of the existing methods of regulation. The Interstate Commission's error has been the same as Mr. MORAWETZ's. It tried to do too much and failed in doing what it might have done. The Commission thought that it had a mission to work out its idea of social reforms in putting a stop to excess of profits extorted from victimized trade by railway profiteers. The social reforms are still in the future, but the supplying of railway facilities below cost by railways victimized by regulators is a shining object lesson in economic revolution. There is no objection to reform which reforms, but reform which convulses without reforming comes too high unless it teaches its lesson.

The railways have a claim to be guaranteed against loss by regulation, but no claim to a guarantee of profits. If they earn no profits they should not get any, but nearly all the present trouble comes from a denial of profits because of a theory that profits are excessive, although rates under regulation were certified to be reasonable. The idea that rates are calculated in relation to dividends, instead of tons carried, has survived the fixing of rates according to reason, and is at the basis of the prejudice against the railways. Rates should not be raised in relation to watered capital, nor was it done even when the watering of capital was a scandal. Neither should rates be reduced to relation with bankrupted railway capital, but the latter method has been followed by the Interstate Commission to an extent which will be corrected when the results are appreciated. No profits should be guaranteed to the railways. The profits allowed to them should depend upon the country's need for railways and the returns that will satisfy the owners of capital. That relation is beyond the control of the calculators, except by the method which they have taken—that of reducing the supply of railway facilities below the demand. What is called the depreciation of railway credit may be more correctly described as the diversion of capital to more profitable uses. When railways are allowed to earn more profit, and when other capital earns less profit, railway credit will revive, and railways will be able to do what they can do better than Government. Mr. MORAWETZ proposes that in exchange for its guarantee of profits Government should take control of operating officials. That is another wrong relation. Operating officials should be appointed by those who have a direct interest in their fitness and capacity. Governments are often careless about those matters, particularly when there are politicians to be rewarded or encouraged. They are careless about profits, too; it is always easy to levy taxes.

Another defect common to Mr. MORAWETZ's plan and others is that they are merely examples of ingenuity wasted rather than of grappling with basic problems. No rearrangement of capital will settle the problem of the long and short haul, or of fixing rates with reference to weak and strong roads. All regional plans leave unsettled the relation of interstate to intrastate rates. Evasion is not settlement. Regulation could be settlement if the right regulators were appointed, meaning regulators who thought more of results than of profits, more of service than of rates, more of prevention of misconduct than of cheapness which is more costly than extravagance. It is no time to go backward with regulation. The right way out is through, with the wisdom taught by experience.

WITHOUT ACRIMONY.

From the prospectus issued by the friends of Mr. GILLETT's candidacy for Speaker the fact or theory is distilled, if the word may be used in an amended and a transmogrified nation, that "no "personal acrimony has developed so "far in the contest, nor is any ex-"pected or to be permitted." May good temper and good feeling prevail till the Republicans make their choice and after it! Still, acrimony, not to say contumely, personal-political, has a way of not asking for permission.

Not at least from the Gillettians shall offense come. They content themselves with saying that Mr. MANN's "chief claim" to the Speakership is that he is "entitled to it by "his services as Republican floor "leader." In short, a candidate by order and form only. The arguments against him, the Gillettians cry, avoiding acrimony by this impersonal ascription, are that he is a reactionary, "merely a parliamentarian rather than a statesman." He looks back to "Czarism," to the bad, bold days of absolutism and Uncle JOE CANNON, his sponge-holder in the fight. No more gavel-monarchs, dictators, hunker seniors! So Mr. MANN is an obscurantist. Mr. GILLETT is liberal and progressive. "GILLETT's war record "is 100 per cent. American, while Mr. "MANN's falls far below that figure." That is far from acrimonious. It is an understatement.

Many canny Republican hunters of fat Chairmanships and committee places cling to Mr. MANN. If Mr. MANN is bowled out by the liberals, another deep-revolving Cook County statesman, Representative MARTIN B. MADDEN, stands ready to take his place. Mr. GILLETT and Mr. MANN seem likely to kill each other off. Mr. GILLETT is sure of the Chairmanship of a great committee. Mr. MANN's affectionate interest in live stock and garden truck indicates him as the man of men to be Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture.

WILLIAM GORHAM RICE.

Certain Democratic politicians who consent to civil service reform only on condition that friends whom they can trust are in charge of its machinery are hot to prevent the reappointment of Mr. WILLIAM GORHAM RICE, Democratic member of the State Civil Service Commission.

Mr. RICE's term ends on Feb. 1. Appointed by Governor WHITMAN on account of his "eminent fitness," he has been an eminently fit Commissioner for nearly four years. To Democrats hungry and thirsty for the spoils, to the City Hall statesmen who yearn to have the doings of our Municipal Civil Service Commission inspected or winked at by friendly eyes in the State Commission, to everybody yearning for favoritism and more exemptions, Mr. RICE is an uncongenial official.

Mr. RICE studied Democracy under GROVER CLEVELAND, a Governor whose career Governor SMITH may be presumed to have followed pretty carefully. Judging from his appointments so far, politicians and politicasters, seeking the rule of the unfit, seem to have mighty little effect on Governor SMITH.

WEBB LAW COMBINATIONS.

Having recently sought to promote trade with South America by reducing freight rates and releasing ships to carry 170,000 tons of goods waiting for them at this port, our Government now plans an educational campaign in the southern countries to show why the new export combinations permitted by the Webb law will serve their interests. Explanations are needed there because German agents, before the armistice, were asking importers and the public to believe that the new combinations, or selling associations, were formed to monopolize their markets and exact high prices. It can easily be proved that the combinations' work will be beneficial to southern importers and consumers because reduction of selling expenses permits reduction of prices and clears the way for successful competition with similar European associations. The new legalized co-operation of our exporters should be heartily welcomed in South America, and not regarded with hostility or distrust.

There are now nearly sixty of the Webb law combinations, whose plans have been filed with and approved by the Federal Trade Commission. Critics in the southern countries should know that this commission will supervise their work, permitting neither injustice nor violations of the statute. Among those formed within the last few weeks are several of great strength. The Copper Export Association, including nearly all producers, with JOHN D. RYAN at the head of it, expects to sell abroad this year more than 1,000,000,000 pounds of the metal. It is estimated by the War Industries Board that Great Britain, France, and Italy will need 860,000,000 pounds. Ten independent steel companies have made the North American Steel Products Corporation. The greatest company in this industry is not included because it has an export agency. Four national associations have united in forming the Textile Alliance Export Corporation, which will sell cotton and woolen goods. Another combination, it is expected, will represent producers of bituminous coal. In all probability, within three months every exporting industry will have a co-operative selling agency. All these associations will strive to keep and even to increase the additional trade which has been gained during the war. They will help buyers abroad as well as producers at home.

TENDER GERMAN CONSCIENCES.

Deep is the horror of the tender-souled Berlin press at the unlawful tumultuous killing of LIEBKNECHT and ROSA LUXEMBURG. "What will they "think of us in the rest of the "world?" asks Vorwärts, which, through all the multiform innumerable cruelties and crimes done by the Germans in the war, was as placid as a Hausfrau knitting. "Why must they justify the name of Hun?" it asks plaintively.

Edifying, if rather late, is this faint tick-tock of the German conscience, run down so long; and how curiously German! It is unfortunate, of course, and the enemies of Germany have said so, that these two torchbearers of class-supremacy by means of rapine and murder, the Bolshevist gospel, perished summarily and not by due process of law; but nobody blames the Germans for that or fails to allow for the furious justified hatred which this man and this woman had earned. What is singular to the foreigner is the tremendous pother over these lynchings, which, compared with the habitual proceedings of Germany toward her foes, are as a sheep-shearing to the Massacre of the Innocents.

Looking into the German mind, one understands a little the sorrow of Vorwärts and its brethren. Two Germans have been killed. From Armenians to Ukrainians, how many millions of how many races have fallen by the fire and sword of Germany and her accomplices! This killing of Germans in Germany is another thing. It is the business of Germans to kill, not to be killed, and the population shouldn't be decreased unnecessarily. Besides, the brisk German business of massacre was done by order. The General Staff, the Kaiser, all Olympus of the old régime, commanded. Cheerfully and joyfully was the command obeyed. But to slay Germans without order and all the formalities—how dreadful! What will the world think?

Air, earth, and sea drip with the guilt of Germany. She is afraid that a domestic murder or two will hurt her reputation. Did ECCELINO DA ROMANO toward his end torment his soul because in youth he had robbed a bird's nest?

LET THE STARS ALONE.

Since Mr. MARCONI's reputation is based on the accomplishment of what many people had declared impossible, no one will hastily scoff at his suggestion that it may be possible to communicate by wireless with the stars. But there are grave difficulties in the way. Mr. MARCONI himself suggests one of them when he says that messages sent ten years ago have not even reached some of the nearest stars. Conversation with more distant heavenly bodies would have a rather academic interest if after sending a message you had to leave directions to your grandchildren for the receipt of the answer a century later. Establishment of an interstellar news service is not yet feasible.

The inventor does not think that the difficulty of language is insurmountable. Like Professor PERCIVAL LOWELL in his projected methods for communicating with the Martians, he would use mathematics as a universal language; but his system would be easier. Professor LOWELL suggested the erection on waste lands of Asia of huge works depicting, say, the Pythagorean proposition; the Martian, it was presumed, would view them, and would thereupon construct on his own planet geometrical ideographs representing the Martian equivalent of "Yes, yes—how true that is!" With this beginning, communication could gradually be improved.

This theory had obvious drawbacks. On cloudy days the figures might be invisible to the Martian, and suggestions that they be illuminated were impracticable on account of the enormous power that would have been required. And the idea failed to take into account the possible reaction of the hypothetical minds on a planet which is supposed to be some millions of years ahead of ours; what if, instead of commenting on the truth of the proposition, the Martians merely observed to each other, "A quaint delusion, that!" and let it pass unanswered? Much labor would have been wasted to no purpose except the improvement of real estate in the waste lands of Asia.

Mr. MARCONI's method of communication would be less expensive, but even if it could be done one doubts if it would be desirable. Quite possibly there are even yet more things in heaven and earth than are dreamed of in our philosophy, and it would be better to find them out in our own slow, blundering way rather than have knowledge for which we are unprepared precipitated on us by superior intelligences. Mr. MARCONI, being gifted with the experimental mind, would welcome this. "As many of "the planets," he says, "are much "older than ours, the beings who live "there ought to have information for "us of enormous value." So he would start with a simple message such as "two plus two is four," and would go on repeating it—two taps, pause, two taps, longer pause, four taps—until Mars or some other planet wirelessed back "an answer signifying yes." Even the question of getting an agreement on what signifies "yes" is a little difficult, unless the Martians are acquainted with the formulae of spirit rapping. But suppose, for the sake of argument, that you have a signal which means yes; and then you cheerfully wireless to Mars, "Two plus two is four," and Mars answers "No, you're wrong." What are you going to do about it? JOSIAH ROYCE once told his students that if he met an angel who told him that on the superior plane of angelic intelligence two plus two equaled five, "I'd know what kind of an angel he was." But this is imputing too much finality to human knowledge. If Mars is a million years ahead of us, it is far from impossible that Mars has found out that two plus two is really eighty-six, and would regard argument with our mundane mathematicians as no more serious an occupation than inciting a kitten to chase its own tail.

Already Mr. MARCONI has often received "strong signals out of the "ether which might conceivably have "proceeded from the stars." Perhaps the Martians, or the far-distant and warmth-loving dwellers on Sirius or Aldebaran, are trying to correct our terrestrial mathematics—trying to persuade Mr. MARCONI, for example, that the dispute between his people and the Jugoslavs as to which is in the majority in Dalmatia is a futile thing, since to the superterrestrial intelligence it is possible to conceive of both being in a majority. But this sort of pedagogical mediation by the dwellers on the stars would soon become annoying. We may be all wrong about two and two equaling four, but to find it out too suddenly would give a jolt to all the processes of human thinking. Our knowledge of the universe is a poor thing, but our own.

A RESPONSIBILITY.

The French Government has invited an exhibition of paintings and sculpture to be held in the galleries of the Luxembourg next Spring. The committee formed to select the exhibitors is headed by WILLIAM A. COFFIN, President, and includes among its members artists of widely varying tendencies. Their mission is important. We are complimented by a nation that has believed in art for many centuries, that has used art in its dress, in its furnishings, in its playthings, in its business, as well as in its architecture and painting. Its professional men and business men have collected art as a matter of course; its manufacturers have collected art as a matter of commercial necessity. France is wise in questions of art.

The American committee has then the responsibility of showing France that we have among us artists who think as seriously of art as it is thought of in France; who are as scrupulous in their technical skill and as intelligent in their methods as their brothers in France. It has the responsibility of representing the scholarship, the ideals, the training of American artists as they should be represented to a foreign people. There need be no difficulties, given a right spirit of collaboration. Our exhibitions during the past decade have shown what beautiful and nobly honest work is done in our studios, and the exhibitions might easily be surpassed by a judicious ransacking of those studios. The names of the members of the committee offer assurance of discrimination and fervor and industry in the performance of their task. It is a good committee and it should be.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Question of Net Revenues. As the object of a tax, especially in these days when the Government needs so much money and one great source of income is soon to be cut off, is to bring in funds, the theatre managers, if they were wise, would use as their chief argument against the doubling of their present impost the fact, or probability, that the increase will result in a decrease of the Government's receipts. That will be the case if, as the managers say, and they speak as from knowledge, under the new plan 60 per cent. of the theatres would have to close their doors.

Any arithmetician can figure out that 20 per cent. levied on 40 per cent. of the theatres would bring in only four-fifths as much as would 10 per cent. levied on all of them. This computation, however, is a little shaky, even admitting that the managers are good prophets and know as much about their own business as they claim to know. For, obviously, it is the weak and poorly patronized theatres that would be ruined by the new tax, if any were. The amount of injury suffered by the others would be problematical, and presumably some of them would not suffer appreciably or even at all.

But, with all the uncertainties considered, it is practically certain that the 20 per cent. tax would bring in little or nothing more than comes from the one now in force, and there is something more than a chance that the net amount would be less. In either case, the creation of so much popular discontent as would follow the enforced closing of the cheaper theatres would seem to be injudicious from both the political and the financial standpoints.

Perhaps Glad to Kill Off Theatres. In this discussion of the theatre ticket tax there arises an impulse to ask why it should be necessary, in time of peace, to double the percentage demanded when the war was on and it was expected to continue for months and perhaps for several years. In the proposal to make this particular increase some will glimpse a survival of the old antagonism to the stage, and everybody and everything connected with it. With people in whom that feeling exists the plea as to closing 60 per cent. of the playhouses will have no effect, or rather it will have the effect of proving the proposal a commendable one. "To close all the theatres would be a good thing!" one almost hears these people saying. They are not many, of course, as compared with the whole population, but they are fairly numerous in the back counties, and the back counties are pretty well represented in Congress.

The deepest mystery in the whole tax situation is the persistent refusal of the revenue hunters to exploit again the large possibilities that lie in compelling the addition of a stamp on every bank check. That is a tax which costs next to nothing to collect, it is widely distributed among the very people who can best afford to pay it, and they are deprived by it of no present enjoyment. It has, too, the advantage of having worked well in the past, and of having excited few complaints and no protests. And nobody now is claiming that he would be ruined or seriously hurt by its revival.

A Landing Quite Birdlike. There is much importance in the news that a French aviator has succeeded in making a landing on the roof of a building in Paris. The space at his command was only 52x75 feet. That is about the size of an ordinary back yard, and minute, indeed, in comparison with the space hitherto supposed to be necessary to make an airplane's descent fairly safe.

Of course, aviators have landed many times before on expanses no larger and less smooth than this roof, but it has always been under compulsion and with the expectation—not infrequently realized—of a disastrous crash. In the case reported, a more or less serious accident seems to have been narrowly escaped, and the machine used was damaged. As a beginning, however, the achievement was full of promise that in time the aviators will be able to imitate the birds in alighting anywhere, just as the birdmen do now as regards flying in any sort of weather. The birds, however, can end a swift flight by alighting on a twig or a telegraph wire, and before the airplane can do anything even approaching that its wings will have to be so constructed as to be capable of adjustments now quite impossible.

The daring Frenchman is sure to have imitators, but attempts at roof landing will have to be carefully guarded if they are not to be about as dangerous to other people as to the aviator who makes them. Should he overrun his narrow mark, not only would he almost certainly be killed himself, but he would be more than likely to kill somebody else.

Rising from limited spaces, especially if they be well elevated, is easier and safer than landing on them. It has been done several times ashore and is becoming almost common practice for the naval fliers.

Public Opinion and Prohibition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your leading editorial article on "The Ban Upon Drink," in your issue of yesterday, contains the following statement which does not appear to me to be a correct one, viz: "public opinion puts strong drink under statutory ban in this year 1919."

If I correctly understand the facts, the "public" has not been permitted to express its "opinion" as to the proposed prohibition amendment, which, as your article correctly states, "is light-heartedly and with amazing speed ratified by one Legislature after another," said proposed amendment not having been submitted to a popular vote in a single State.

Whether or not the proposed amendment would have been approved by "public opinion" if submitted to the public for an expression of it need not be here discussed, but the fact remains that the action of legislators unauthorized by, and unindorsed by, their constituents cannot properly be termed an expression of "public opinion."

J. SNOWDEN BELL.

New York, Jan. 20, 1919.

ROYAL VISIT.

THE OLD REGIME.

The banners breast the boulevard,
  The crowds stretch gray and dim;
The royal guest nods lightly toward
  The folk that cheer for him.

The King sets out his troops to show,
  The envoy speaks him fair;
His eye, it never wavers from
  The soldiers marching there.

Oh, it's gold lace and blue lace
  And troops in brave array;
But it's your heart and my heart
  Must bleed for it some day.

The hostess-Queen is fair tonight,
  Her pearls burn great and dim;
The visitor bows low upon
  The hand she proffers him.

The Kings' old, crafty counselors
  Sit at the banquet late,
Their secret compact safely signed
  And sealed with seals of State.

Oh, it's one year or two years,
  Or twenty years or ten,
Till in the murk of No Man's Land
  We'll pay—we common men.

THE NEW DAY.

The folk outsurge the boulevard;
  Without a crown or sword,
A plain man greets the crowds today—
  They wait a plain man's word.

The hoarse and harrowed peoples wait;
  For they and theirs—the dead—
Have all the savings of their hope
  With him deposited.

A democrat, a democrat
  Rides with the Kings today:
And can it be the people's turn,
  And must the rulers pay!

EUNICE FULLER BARNARD.

HOOVER ASSAILED IN FOOD BILL FIGHT

Gore Quotes Witness's Charge That Fund Will Buy Surplus Stocks of Packers.

ALLEGED AGREEMENT TOLD

Food Administrator Is Said to Have Made Arrangements to Stabilize Market.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In the Senate debate today on the bill to appropriate $100,000,000 to feed starving populations of Europe, urged by the President, Senator Gore of Oklahoma adverted to evidence given before the Agricultural Committee earlier in the day that Food Administrator Hoover has entered into an agreement with the packers of the country to help unload their surplus stocks upon Europe. Senator Gore said that, according to the witness before the committee, the $100,000,000 was to be used for that purpose.

The witness quoted by Senator Gore was D. W. Taliaferro, Vice President and General Manager of the Hammond-Standish Company of Detroit, an independent concern. Mr. Taliaferro told the committee that Mr. Hoover met some forty packers in conference in Washington last October, and that he agreed to handle foreign orders for meat so as to enable them to get rid of a surplus of stock and stabilize their market. The packers, Mr. Taliaferro said, had been shipping salted meats to England during the war, but they had been unable to dispose of huge quantities of fresh meats.

Owing to the co-operation of the Food Administration, Mr. Taliaferro asserted, the packers were able to maintain a price of 17.5 cents a pound for salted meats.

"Packers Relying on Hoover."

"The Packers have found themselves loaded up with stocks to an extent that, if they are not able to dispose of them, many of them will be badly hurt, said Mr. Taliaferro. "Under the agreement made with Mr. Hoover, however, they expect to come out safely. He agreed to dispose of their stocks for them by sending them to Europe. The $100,000,000 appropriation idea is part of that scheme and the packers are relying on Mr. Hoover to carry it out for them."

In alluding to Mr. Taliaferro's evidence, Mr. Gore said the witness had "innocently told us that this $100,000,000—or a large part of it—was to be used in stabilizing the price of packing house products so the packers could dispose of their stocks and obviate a loss."

Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania assailed Mr. Hoover as being unfit to handle the $100,000,000 appropriation. He offered an amendment to the bill to provide that the money be put in the hands of a commission of three, and also that, so far as possible, it be spent in America and not in buying food products abroad.

"I think the taxpayers of the United States will be greatly astonished," said Senator Penrose, "when they read in the morning papers that the Department of Agriculture is now at work framing a bill soon to be presented to Congress appropriating $1,250,000,000 to be used by the Food Administration in purchasing from the farmers the 1919 wheat crop at $2.26 a bushel. This remarkable situation created by Mr. Hoover while he was in charge of the Food Administration carries its own lesson as to the wisdom of the economic methods adopted by the Government during the war.

Believes in a Fair Price.

"I do not believe in price fixing, but I believe in a fair price if the price is fixed. According to figures submitted to the Senate, the American Government is likely to be responsible for $1,250,000,000 worth of wheat at the guaranteed price and it may be that if wheat keeps going down, by reason of foreign competition, which is coming into the world market, the price may go still further down.

"We are to expend this $100,000,000 for reasons which to my mind have in no way been made clear except the time-worn argument that they are required on account of the war. I think the Government might be relieved very consistently and properly of the enormous stores which they are compelled to take into their hands."

Senator Penrose asked Senator Martin, Democratic floor leader, who is handling the bill in the Senate, if he knew "whether Mr. Hoover is an American citizen and ever voted in this country in his life."

"I do not propose to be drawn into such an irrelevant discussion as that," replied Mr. Martin. "I do not know anything about Mr. Hoover's citizenship. I have no doubt that he is a citizen of America, but I have not been a detective upon his tracks."

"He abused the high office which he holds by advising the American people to support the Democratic Party in the last election and in that way, in my opinion, insulted every Republican in the country," said Senator Penrose. "I do not believe he is a citizen of the United States. He has spent the greater part of his life in England. May be he was born there.

Doubts About Hoover.

"It is bad enough to have a man called upon to administer the enormous funds which he has already administered, who has taken no oath of office and whose allegiance even is in doubt in the opinion of many. But besides that there is doubt as to whether he is not at bottom really an Englishman and not an American."

Senator Lewis of Illinois urged the passage of the bill as a measure advocated by President Wilson. Not to pass it, he said, would show a lack of confidence in him.

"President Wilson is on the ground," said Mr. Lewis. "He knows why he asks this measure. He sees compensation to his country, bodily or spiritually. This appropriation is the first thing asked as an instrument to harmonize the frictions flashing through the Peace Conference.

"If the Senate defeats the measure, the world will say the first thing asked by Wilson as an auxiliary and aid to his plans was denied by his Congress. This will be proof of the antagonistic Senate charged in the European press as existing here against the President. After that shall happen no speeches, no editorials, no assemblages in this country pledging support will be of any influence at the peace table or in all Europe.

"The President will have been started on his way to obstruction and opposition to every proposition calling for ratification of the Senate. Then the little nations he summoned up by his call to revolt against Kings and stand for democracy will be told by the imperial press of Europe and conspiring leaders that the act of the Senate meant the refusal to acknowledge or aid them. By this discouragement they will be inveigled back to the subserviency to Kings or to be apostles of anarchy.

"If this last shall follow, the first assault will be on our soldiers and the renewal of the war in Austrian and Russian border countries, likewise the Balkans, as was the method when the war renewed in Russia by the Reds and Bolsheviki against the soldiers of France, Britain, and America.

Preservation of Americans.

"A defeat of this bill would dishonor the President and make doubtful the session of the Peace Conference. It calls up disorder and anarchy among 50,000,000 distracted people and beckons murder to slaughter the sons of American mothers. To pass this measure is the preservation of Americans, not charity to foreigners."

Vote on the bill is expected tomorrow. Senator Martin expects that it will pass.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Debate on the Administration bill appropriating $100,000,000 for food relief in Europe and the Near East covered a wide range in the Senate today and again prevented a final vote on the measure. Passage of the bill is conceded by both advocates and opponents, and Democratic leaders were hopeful tonight that this would be accomplished before adjournment tomorrow.

Senator Penrose offered an amendment requiring that the relief fund be used to purchase supplies in the United States. Senator Martin criticised this proposal "as a profiteering stipulation on a charitable fund," and Mr. Penrose finally modified it to read that wheat to be given free to the people of Europe should be purchased in this country as far as possible. The amendment then was adopted.

Calling attention to reports that the Department of Agriculture was preparing a bill to appropriate $1,250,000,000 to fulfill the Government's obligation to purchase wheat of the 1919 crop at the guaranteed price of $2.26, Senator Penrose declared this was a "remarkable situation" brought about by Mr. Hoover's administration. Democratic Leader Martin pointed out that Senator Penrose had voted to fix the price at $2.50.

SHERMAN ASSAILS VAIL.

Says He Wants to Unload Wire Lines on the Government.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Senator Sherman of Illinois, Republican, asserted in the Senate today that Theodore N. Vail, personal adviser on wire control to Postmaster General Burleson, favored Government ownership of telegraph and telephone lines in order that the property of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, of which Mr. Vail is President, could be "unloaded" on the Government.

"Theodore N. Vail is an assistant to Mr. Burleson and is interested in unloading the American Telephone and Telegraph Company on the Government and Mr. Burleson knows it," Senator Sherman said. "Mr. Vail is a Bolshevist in disguise. He believes in Government ownership of telegraph and telephone lines because that is the best method of unloading the American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

FOR ROOSEVELT MEETINGS.

President Cables Approval of Memorial Services on Feb. 9.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—President Wilson has cabled Secretary Tumulty his approval of the proposal to hold Roosevelt memorial meetings throughout the country on February 9, simultaneously with the joint memorial services in Congress. The message follows:

"I sincerely approve of the suggestion for simultaneous meetings to commemorate the life and services of Mr. Roosevelt. I think it would be a most suitable way to show the esteem in which the country held him."

PLAN ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL

Republican Club to Honor "Departed Friend and Leader."

In resolutions eulogizing Theodore Roosevelt, the Republican Club at its regular monthly meeting last night provided for a special memorial meeting to pay tribute to the life and services "of our departed friend and leader." President Bonynge appointed former Senator N. A. Elsberg, William H. Van Benscoten, and Thomas C. Desmond a committee to prepare for the memorial, which probably will be held on Feb. 9.

"Over and beyond all else," read the resolution, "was the belief in the man himself, in his fearlessness and the honesty of his intentions and his spotless integrity, the realization that through him—in the purity and beauty of his family life, in the emphasis he placed on spiritual against material values, in his hatred of hypocrisy and cant and the genuine democracy of his point of view, in the breadth of his sympathies and his abhorrence of injustice, and above all in his passionate ardor for his country and for undivided allegiance to it and to the ideals of ordered liberty for which it stands—there spoke the noblest aspirations of his countrymen, so that in the best sense he was the typical American."

COLONEL AND PROHIBITION.

Brewers Say Roosevelt Never Approved "Invasion of Homes."

A denial that Theodore Roosevelt favered the national prohibition amendment was issued yesterday by William H. Hirst, attorney for the New York State Brewers' Association, in answer to a statement made the day before by the Anti-Saloon League, which sought to show that the late ex-President was in sympathy with its propaganda. Mr. Hirst asserted that he had "responsible and disinterested information" that Colonel Roosevelt before his death did not look favorably upon the amendment and had only awaited an opportune time to say so.

The lawyer drew a distinction between the Colonel's written approval of the fight on "alcoholism and the saloon" in a letter recently made public by the Anti-Saloon League and approval of interference with private rights in the homes of the nation, which he insisted Colonel Roosevelt never would have indorsed. His statement concluded:

"Mr. Roosevelt's letter nowhere approves the invasion of the home by the Federal Government to the extent of taking away the right of a glass of beer or wine at a meal. The great mass of the American people assumed that the national prohibition amendment was only aimed at the saloon and the liquor traffic. In this they are in error, because it reaches to the very fireside and stops the private manufacture and use of beer and wine. The enforcement acts now announced by the Anti-Saloon League will make it a penal offense to have either of these beverages even in the home except upon doctor's prescription for medicinal use, and then under most intermeddlesome conditions."

MAY BANISH HAPSBURG.

Government Threatens It If Monarchist Movements Continue.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The Austrian Government has informed ex-Emperor Charles, who is reported to be ill, that unless the monarchist movements at home and abroad cease, his presence in the capital will not be tolerated, according to a Vienna dispatch received here.

It is generally known in Vienna that the Emperor was forced to abdicate, but that he reserves his personal rights to the throne.

COLUMBIA ADOPTS NEW ENTRANCE TEST

Psychological Examination Will Take the Place of the Old Style Written One.

TO MEASURE INTELLIGENCE

Student's Learning Will Be Determined by His School Record—Tests to be Changed Each Year.

The Faculty of Columbia College, the undergraduate department of Columbia University, at a meeting yesterday afternoon voted to abolish the old-style examination for admission and substitute psychology tests to measure the student's intelligence, rather than his learning. The tests will be similar to those applied to applicants for the Students' Army Training Corps, and will be used for the academic year beginning next September. Professor A. L. Jones, head of the Department of Admissions of the university, said that the action of the Faculty was in step with the progress of the times.

"These tests," he added, "are a development of those formulated a dozen and more years ago in France by Alfred Binet for the discovery of mentally retarded children. Much constructive work has been done in this country, particularly at the Leland Stanford Junior University, Harvard, and other institutions. It has been found that many preparatory and high school students can be coached to pass college entrance examinations whose intelligence does not class them as good material for further education.

"In our requirements for admission to Columbia College are included the applicant's health record, his character and promise of development, and his school record, and these will be embraced in the new requirements. The most radical departure will be the entire doing away with the old-style examinations that were given to establish the applicant's knowledge of the subjects required for admission to college. This will be covered by his school record, and the psychological tests will demonstrate whether he is qualified to continue his schooling."

Dean Herbert E. Hawkes of Columbia College explained that the tests were being prepared by Professor E. L. Thorndyke of Teachers College of Columbia, and that they would be changed each year, although, he said, the psychologists say there is not much likelihood of an applicant being able to cram up on a set of tests, even if they were at his disposal.

"We expect these tests to show us whether it will be worth our while to try to educate a student, and whether it will be worth his while," Dean Hawkes said.

RODMAN PROUD OF NAVY.

Admiral Pays Warm Tribute to Co-operation of Allied Fleet.

Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman of the United States Navy, and Captain Alfred F. B. Carpenter, who commanded the British cruiser Vindictive in the blockade of Zeebrugge, were guests of honor last night at the forty-sixth dinner of the Economic Club at the Hotel Astor. Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey, presided. Captain Carpenter told the story of the "Zeebrugge Affair," and Rear Admiral Rodman, who was in command of our Sixth Battle Squadron, while attached to the Grand Fleet, spoke of the cordial relations between the American and British naval men and officers.

Captain Carpenter said that there was one bit of insidious German propaganda that he also desired to refute, and that was that there was discord between the American and the British naval contingents. "If any man tells you that," he declared, "I refer you to Admiral Rodman."

Rear Admiral Rodman replied that it was not too much to say that ties of brotherly love had bound the personnel of the two navies.

"When I say that I sometimes commanded a force with British Admirals under me, and sometimes they commanded me, and that no thought of jealousy, no thought of nationality, no thought of misunderstanding ever arose, you will understand how extremely close and brotherly were our relations," he said.

"While we are prone to give full credit to our allies for all they did, both before and after we entered the war, we are often inclined to forget ourselves and the part which our navy accomplished—a very commendable trait. Yet we are entitled to our full share of credit, in more ways than one, for our efforts in helping to bring about the final victory. Taking a retrospective view, had we to do it over again, we would not change one iota, which is the strongest proof that the work was well done.

"And now, let me add that, though my comrades in the British navy were born under a different flag, though we are by geographical boundary different nations, yet I am convinced that the same blood flows through our veins, that we have the same ideals, the same love of righteousness and liberty. Should the time ever come again, in the future, as it has done in this war, there is no question in my mind but that we will stand together through thick and thin, fight together, and win together."

PROTEST THEATRE TAX.

Merchants' Association Sees Loss of Revenue in Increase to 20%.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Merchants' Association yesterday, it was decided to protest against the tax of 20 per cent. on tickets to places of amusement proposed in the pending revenue bill. The present tax is 10 per cent. The action was taken after the Theatre Managers' Association had asked support in the fight it is making. The Merchants' Association includes twenty-five theatrical enterprises.

Experts had reported on the probable effect of the 20 per cent. tax for the association's guidance. After discussion it was voted to send the following telegram to the conference committee in whose hands the bill now is:

"The Merchants' Association of New York respectfully protests against the proposed increase of tax on amusement admissions from the present 10 per cent. basis to the proposed 20 per cent. basis, because experts representing us have studied the probable effect and are convinced that such an increase would greatly decrease attendance and, therefore, decrease the actual revenue to be derived by the Government from that source."

Theatrical managers estimated yesterday that 5,000,000 persons the country over had gone on record against the increased tax. Among the letters sent to Washington was one from Thomas D. Green, President of the Hotel Association of New York, in which he said:

"With reference to the proposed doubling of the theatre ticket tax, as a hotel proprietor I realize the vast financial loss which would fall not only upon the theatrical managers and employes of the country, but upon the hotel men, the restaurant men, real estate owners, and hundreds of others who at first glance would seem to have no direct affiliation with the amusement world."

It was said by the Managers' Committee after a meeting yesterday that the 20 per cent. tax would mean the immediate cancellation of plans under way for about seventy-five new productions. The throwing out of employment of 10,000 to 15,000 people would follow, it was declared, and the proposed construction of a dozen new theatres in various parts of the country would be abandoned.

The Actors' Equity Association has addressed a letter to its members asking each to send a telegram to the conference committee.

ART MUSEUM HAS $244,499 DEFICIT

An Increase of $85,056 Over Last Year, and City Appropriation Cut $58,000.

HURT BY WAR CONDITIONS

Museum Has Lost 1,533 Members and Must Have Funds to Continue Work on Present Scale.

There was a good attendance at the forty-ninth annual meeting of the Corporation of the Metropolitan Museum of Art yesterday afternoon. The report which was printed was not read. There was a short address by President Robert W. De Forest, followed by tea. An innovation at the meeting was the visit of Trustees and members to the newest installations among the collections, with the curators of the different departments as guides. The exhibition in which there was the most lively interest was that of the work done by manufacturers and designers from studies made of the art treasures of the museum. Something of the work done in this line and its possibilities were described at the meeting by the newest comer on the museum staff, Richard F. Bach, Associate in Industrial Arts, whose work is to act as a sort of middleman between the outside workers and the museum, to enable the former to make the most of the opportunities the museum affords.

This year, the one before the Museum will celebrate its golden jubilee, it announces itself the poorest it has ever been in funds for its running expenses. There is a deficit each year which the Trustees among themselves manage to cover. It is $244,499.69 this year, an increase of $85,056.84 over last year when the annual deficit, though considered large, was only $159,442.85. The Museum has been seriously affected by war conditions, which have lessened the attendance and cut down the membership. This had been increasing rapidly, but with the demands upon the people for war funds Museum membership was one of the things on which they retrenched—1,533 annual members ceased their support, meaning a loss to the Museum of $10,990. This year the Museum faces increased difficulty, as the appropriation from the city, which has not been increased as the Museum has grown larger and its cost for running expenses greater, has been cut for the coming year to $175,000 from the $233,-000 given annually, a loss of $58,000. The Trustees in their report, speaking of financial conditions, say:

"The situation is a serious one. The income from memberships, admissions and sales of publications may increase with the new year and the return of the public to its pre-war avocations, but with the appropriation from the city cut, unless the necessary funds are provided for the continuance of the work in its present scale, the budget must be met in a radical manner, entails hitherto reserved for the [illegible] of works of art must be diverted [illegible] the payment of running expenses [illegible] must be a curtailment of activities [illegible] and a retrenchment of expenditure [illegible] in the sweep of forward [illegible] contemplated the museum [illegible] would be lamentable [illegible] rendered to the city by [illegible] of the museum collections [illegible] various branches, for the enjoyment of the people, their education and practical profit, is incalculable, and the city can ill afford to retrench along such lines. The educational advantages offered to the people by the museum are second to none."

The Museum reports 1,534 acquisitions this year, 379 of the number by gift. It has had 635,497 visitors during the year, a decrease of 41,176 over last year; but with a large increase of visitors who have come for practical work in the Museum. 9,770 have attended its lectures, 15,655 children have attended the study hours and 26,655 students, designers and manufacturers have worked in its galleries, study rooms and library. There have been 27,271 children who have visited the Museum in classes from the schools.

In bequests and payment of bequests the last year the Museum has received in cash, securities, and real estate from the Isaac D. Fletcher estate $2,632,113; payment in full of the bequest of Marie S. Grandidier, $47,000, and cash on account of bequest of Hugo Reisinger, $12,-821. One of the acquisitions of the Museum which fills one of the gaps in its collections is an important triptych ascribed to Segna di Buonaventura; a Florentine cassone front of unusual decorative beauty has been purchased, and the Museum was fortunate in securing two portraits by Ingres, which were part of the collection of Degas, the painter. These have not yet been brought to this country on account of the difficulty of transportation. They will be the only portraits of the artists on public exhibition when they reach the Museum, all others in this country being in private collections.

The acquisition by purchase of the George S. Palmer collection of sixty-six pieces of English and American furniture of remarkable beauty and skilled workmanship is one of the purchases of importance made by the Museum this year. The collection, with others in the possession of the Museum, including the Bolles collection of Mrs. Russell Sage, gives the museum an unsurpassed representation of American furniture. A recent purchase, not yet shown, is the Wentworth-Gardner house from Portsmouth, N. H., dating back to 1760, the woodwork of the finest New England type. It will form an important part of the American wing which the Museum has in contemplation.

The Museum has had thirty-seven of its staff and employes who have entered the Government employ in army or navy, and of that number two have won the golden star. With the death of Joseph H. Choate only one of the original incorporators of the Museum remains alive, Theodore Weston, and he was present at the meeting yesterday.

Greet Jewish Delegate to Paris.

Bernard G. Richards, who will sail for France as Secretary of the Peace Conference Commission of the American Jewish Congress, was the guest last night at a reception in the Hotel McAlpin. Among those who paid tribute to Mr. Richards's work were Jacob H. Schiff, Nathan Straus, Colonel Harry Cutler, Colonel Maurice Simmons, Joseph Barondess, Louis Lipsky, Sam A. Lewisohn, Abram I. Elkus, Jacob Cavlingerten, and Judge Otto A. Rosalsky.

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PROCLAIMED KING, MANUEL RESENTS IT

Protests to Portuguese Government Against Revolt Started in His Behalf.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—A royalist revolution has broken out in Portugal, according to a wireless dispatch from Lisbon. Paiva Conceiro has placed himself at the head of a royalist revolt at Oporto, Braga, and Viscus, and has proclaimed former King Manuel King of Portugal.

Government troops are on their way to suppress the conspiracy.

The wireless dispatch adds that former King Manuel has sent a telegram to the Portuguese Government reproving the attempt in his behalf.

Lacking definite information on the subject two influences may have contributed to bring about the royalist revolution: the antagonism that has been growing against successive republican administrations on account of their virtual dictatorship, and the feeling that these Governments, although bound to England by treaty, had not contributed sufficiently to the allied cause in measure to the country's resources or commensurate with what Portugal might have gained at the Peace Peace Congress.

Dom Manuel succeeded to the throne on the assassination of his father, King Carlos, and his elder brother, Prince Luiz Philip, Feb. 1, 1908. He fled to England when the republic was proclaimed on Oct. 5, 1910, with Dr. Theophilo Braga as provisional President. The first elected President was Dr. Manoel de Arriaga (Aug. 24, 1911, to May 27, 1915); the second, who was elected for the remainder of the term of the first, was Dr. Braga (May 29 to Oct. 5, 1915); the third was Dr. Bernardino Machado, who held office from Oct. 5, 1915, to Dec. 8, 1917, when a revolution threw him out.

This revolution was led by Dr. Sidonio Paes, who, on Dec. 12, 1917, was appointed Premier by the Revolutionary Junto, and, on Dec. 28, 1917, made acting President. Paes was finally elected President by a minority vote last Summer. On Dec. 14, 1918, he was assassinated. Three days later Admiral Canto of Castro was elected to fill his place.

GEN. O'RYAN HONORED.

Gets Medal from Gen. Pershing—Other Commanders Decorated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Practically all army, corps and division commanders of the American Expeditionary Forces, together with the heads of the Staff Departments, have received Distinguished Service Medals from General Pershing for conspicuous service. The War Department made public today citations of twenty-seven officers in addition to the list of twenty-four given out yesterday.

Among the officers decorated were Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, commanding the 27th (New York National Guard) Division, the only Guard Division Commander to retain his command throughout the war, and Major Gen. John A. Lejeune of the Marine Corps, commanding the 2d Division of Marines; Major Gen. E. M. Lewis, commanding the 30th (Wildcat) Division, also was decorated. This division and the 27th served with the British Army, and helped to smash the famous Hindenburg line.

Two other officers on today's list, Major Gen. Ireland, Surgeon General of the army, and Major Gen. Clarence C. Williams, Chief of Ordnance, were formally decorated Saturday by Secretary Baker under these citations. The other Major Generals receiving the Distinguished Service Medals were Andrew Brewster, Inspector General; Harry L. Rogers, Quartermaster General; William C. Langfit, Director of Light Railroads, and Chief Engineer, American Expeditionary Forces; Mason M. Patrick, Director of Construction and Forestry, and later Chief of Air Service; E. F. McGlachlin, Chief of Artillery, First Army, and later Commander of the 1st Division; Anson E. Ely, Brigade and Division Commander; Edmund Wittenmyer, Brigade and Division Commander; Charles G. Morton, 29th Division; E. M. Lewis, 30th Division; William Lassiter, Chief of Artillery, Second Army, and subsequently Commander of 32d Division; James H. McRae, 78th Division, George B. Duncan, 77th and 82d Divisions; William Weigel, Brigade Commander 28th Division, and William H. Johnson, 91st Division.

The Brigadier Generals named are Stuart Heintzelmen, Chief of Staff, Fourth Army Corps and Second Army; Malin Craig, Chief of Staff of the First Army Corps; Robert C. Davis, Adjutant General, American Expeditionary Forces; Walter A. Bethel, Judge Advocate General, American Expeditionary Forces; Edgar Russell, Chief Signal Officer, American Expeditionary Forces; Charles G. Dawes, General Purchasing Agent, and William Atterbury, Director General of Transportation.

The Colonels named are Walter D. McCaw, Medical Department, and Alfred E. Bradley, Chief Surgeon, American Expeditionary Forces.

KING ALBERT CROSSES RHINE

Takes Air Trip to Duisburg During Visit to Belgian Army.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—King Albert, who has been visiting the Belgian army of occupation, inspected the billets of the troops at Gladbach, 12 miles northwest of Cologne, on Friday.

At the conclusion of his visit King Albert was taken by airplane to Duisburg, on the left bank of the Rhine, 15 miles north of Düsseldorf.

Southern Society's Peace Ball.

The New York Southern Society is to give a peace ball tomorrow evening at the Waldorf-Astoria. The proceeds will be devoted to the society's war fund. Many soldiers and sailors are expected to be among the guests. Robert Adamson is Chairman of the Entertainment Committee.

Mrs. Adamson, Mrs. George Gordon Battle, Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mrs. Almuth C. Vandiver, Mrs. H. Snowden Marshall, Mrs. Walter L. McCorkle, Mrs. Stuart G. Gibboney, and Mrs. Simon Baruch are among the list of patronesses.

First Alsace-Lorraine Supper Dance

The first of the Alsace-Lorraine supper dances for the benefit of Free Milk for France was held last night after the opera in the grill of the Hotel Lorraine. Mrs. John Wanamaker, Jr., Mrs. Norrie Sellar, Mrs. Charles de L. Oelrichs, Mrs. Warren McConihe, Mrs. Stanhope Nixon, Mrs. Edward Arnold, Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, and Mrs. Lydig Hoyt were among those who gave supper parties.

Brandt-Rhein Wedding Saturday.

The wedding of Miss Ruth Van Wyck Rhein, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. L. Rhein of 38 East Sixty-first Street, and Lieut.-Commander Edmund Selden R. Brandt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Brandt, will take place on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, with a reception afterward at the Hotel Gotham. Lieut.-Commander Brandt recently returned from duty in foreign waters with mine forces and in command of the Jarvis.

ASK STATE TO SUE TO DISSOLVE B. R. T.

Petitioners Declare Underlying Corporations Have Lost Right to Existence.

HINT AT PUBLIC CONTROL

Want New Agency to Operate the System to the End That Proper Service Be Given.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—Leslie Jay Tompkins, Professor of Law in New York University, and former First Assistant District Attorney of New York County, and Edwin M. Otterbourg of Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston, 200 Fifth Avenue, today petitioned Attorney General Charles D. Newton to take immediate steps to have forfeited the charters of the companies making up the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system. They asserted that eighty-three or more charters have been granted by the State, which now have been merged into one controlling company; that the companies "have been exploited and financed to death;" "that the public is suffering from lack of service, and that inadequate and inefficient management has endangered the lives of the traveling public."

The petition recites that it is the duty of the Attorney General to bring an action to terminate the existence of the corporations comprising the B. R. T. system, after which "their property shall be turned over to a new agency, either private or governmental, or partly both, whose duty it shall be to furnish safe and adequate service."

Attorney General Newton conferred tonight with his First Deputy, Jerome L. Cheney, former up-State Public Service Commissioner, upon the application.

"Until I look this matter over very carefully," said Mr. Newton, "I do not care to say what course I shall take."

The Attorney General also had a conference with Mr. Tompkins, who declared that responsibility could be fixed at no point, "for the moment one company is accused it takes refuge in the assertion that the duty belongs to another company. The authority of the State through its duly constituted Public Service Commission has been swept aside and disregarded until it has become a public scandal. Inadequate and inefficient management has endangered the lives, health, and comfort of the traveling public."

Lindley M. Garrison, receiver for the B. R. T., said last evening that he knew nothing about the proceeding instituted at Albany and could give no opinion about its merits until he had seen the papers.

The petitioners assert that more than eighty-three companies have been chartered to operate surface, elevated, and subway lines in Brooklyn, but these companies have been leased or merged or consolidated by holding companies until they have ceased to function and do business. The petitioners also allege that the original companies have become constituent elements of a combination which absolutely controls them, has absorbed their corporate functions, and dictates the extent, manner, and terms of the entire business of each. Therefore, in the view of the petitioners, the companies of original charter have forfeited their privileges and powers by failure to exercise them.

The petitioners assert that there is ample legal authority for the step suggested. "What we need," says the petition, "is not new law, but the enforcement of the present law. An investigation by the Attorney General should easily convince him of the necessity for action. That the consent of the Supreme Court for such an action can be obtained is not doubted for a moment. The Attorney General need only to apply to any of our Justices in Kings County, who are so conversant with the conditions that they lose no opportunity to criticise and condemn them when properly brought before their judicial tribunals."

The petition asserts that to forfeit the charters of these companies does not mean a forfeiture of their property rights. "It means, in the language of the petition, that "they shall be declared legally dead, and, so far as the State of New York is concerned, shall cease having power to operate the roads. The Attorney General, having obtained permission of the Supreme Court to bring such an action, the question, as to whether the companies have so failed to exercise their charters as to make them liable to forfeiture can be determined in an action triable before an ordinary jury."

Charles Field Griffen.

Charles Field Griffen, one of the best known real estate operators in Westchester County, with offices at 11 East Forty-second Street, and active in civic affairs in Mamaroneck, died at his home there on Saturday in his sixty-ninth year. Mr. Griffen's ancestors were among the early settlers of Mamaroneck, and he was born in a house built in 1712 by his direct ancestor. Mr. Griffen was for twenty-five years President of the Mamaroneck Building and Loan Association and had been Vice President of the Mamaroneck Savings Bank, the first President of the Westchester County Realty Board, and a Past Master of Apawamis Lodge.

Obituary Notes.

PAUL BARTHEL, a pioneer resident of Jamaica and long active in civic affairs in that place, died of apoplexy yesterday, at the age of 78 years. Mr. Barthel served as Postmaster of Jamaica during President Cleveland's Administration.

WALTER DE WITT CLINTON BOGGS, for thirty-five years employed in the Brooklyn Trust Company and the Mechanics' Bank of Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 240 Seventy-eighth Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. He was 63 years old.

HERBERT WYCKOFF, 57 years old, a member of Kedron Lodge, 803, F. and A. M., and of Utrecht Council, 1,332, R. A., died yesterday at his home, 1,810 Bath Avenue, Brooklyn.

JOHN MOCKLER, for thirty-two years with the Ward Line Steamship Co., and the first President of the Ward Line Steamship Employes' Association, died on Saturday at his home, 790 President Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. GRACE PALMER MYERS, wife of Dr. William A. Myers, a Brooklyn surgeon, died on Sunday at her home, 48 Ashford Street, Brooklyn, aged 50 years.

Sergeant JAMES J. HALL of the United States Army Intelligence Department, died from pneumonia last night at U. S. Base Hospital No. 1, Gun Hill Road, the Bronx. Sergeant Hall was removed to the hospital on last Wednesday from his office at Battery Park. He was 32 years old. He had been the confidential secretary of Captain Ross B. Wytock, in charge of the local intelligence office.

FREDERICK WIEMANN, a retired coffee merchant, died on Sunday morning at his home, 110 East Thirty-first Street, in his sixty-sixth year. He came to this country from Germany as a boy.

ALBERT L. LEUBUSCHER, a writer and lecturer on metaphysical subjects and the eldest son of the late Major Louis Leubuscher, who fought in the civil war, died on Sunday in his sixty-third year.

Dr. THOMAS HARRINGTON, Deputy Commissioner of the State Board of Labor of Massachusetts, died at his home at Boston on Sunday. In 1910 he represented the United States at the International Conference on Hygiene and Health at Paris.

WILLIAM ADAMS, for twenty-five years an employe of Stanley Mortimer on his estate at Wheatley Hills, L. I., died yesterday at his home, 110 East Eighty-third Street. He was 45 years old.

Mrs. SARAH SONNENBURG BECK, wife of Martin Beck, managing director of the Orpheum vaudeville circuit, died at the Hotel Chatham yesterday morning from pneumonia. Funeral services will be held in the chapel at Salem Fields Cemetery at noon tomorrow.

The Rev. JOHN J. CARR, pastor of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church at White Plains Avenue and 215th Street for the last twenty-three years, died in the rectory of the church yesterday. He was in his fifty-ninth year. Father Carr was interested in many Catholic organizations and was the founder of St. Mary's School, a parochial institution.

HERMAN WHITAKER, an author, who had been a correspondent with the American Expeditionary Force in France, died yesterday in St. Luke's Hospital. He returned to this country recently and underwent an operation. During the Spanish-American war Mr. Whitaker was a correspondent for The San Francisco Examiner in Cuba and later was with the Villa forces in Mexico.

THOMAS SETTLE, former Republican member of Congress for the Fifth North Carolina District, died in Asheville last night. Mr. Settle was 53 years old.

JAMES GARDNER MINARD, a retired carpenter and builder of Mount Vernon, N. Y., and once a shipbuilder, died on Sunday night at his home there, in his eighty-seventh year.

BOY PRINCE'S DEATH SUDDEN

President Wilson Sends Message of Sympathy to King George.

LONDON, Jan. 20, (via Montreal.)—The death of Prince John, youngest son of King George, came so quickly and unexpectedly Saturday night that there was no time for the nurses who were with him to summon the King and Queen Mary to his bedside before he expired.

In recent years the delicate health of Prince John made it necessary that he always have an attendant. Consequently he was never seen on public occasions with the other members of the royal family, but lived in comparative privacy at Frogmore House, Windsor, or at Sandringham Palace.

The London newspapers point out sympathetically how the King and Queen have sought unceasingly during the wartime to bury the tragedy of their youngest son's delicate health in the silence of their hearts, never hinting to the nation the nature of the personal anxieties weighing upon them. Public sympathy was expressed for the royal couple yesterday in all the churches.

President Wilson has sent a telegram of sympathy to King George.

Corporal O'Connor Dies on Transport

Corporal James J. O'Connor of Company K, 49th Regiment of Infantry, formerly a reporter on The New York Herald, died at noon yesterday on board the incoming United States transport George Washington, according to a wireless received last night by his parents, James and Mary O'Connor, with whom he lived at 233 Adams Street, Brooklyn. He was 25 years old and unmarried. The message read, "James died at noon today. Will dock Tuesday at 9," and was signed by Captain Guy M. Gillette.

Mr. O'Connor was born in the Fourth Ward, Manhattan, and was drafted into the army on May 20 and sailed for France on July 16, 1918.

Born.

GASMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Gasman, (nee Gallub,) 52 West 111th St., wish to announce the birth of a daughter, Sunday, Jan. 19.

KOPELL.—Jan. 17, 1919, Flower Hospital, to Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Kopell, (nee Dorothy Frieder,) a son.

Married.

PARK—KLINE.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, at Grace Episcopal Church, Nyack, N. Y., by the Rev. Albert L. Loughy, Margaret Demarest, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Clarence Kline, to John Park, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Park.

SCHUSTER—LOWY.—Jan. 19, by the Rev. Dr. Tintner, Pauline Lowy to Edward Schuster.

TOMBS—GRANT.—At the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Saturday, the 18th, by the Rev. H. L. Sadtler of St. Paul's Church, Rahway, N. J., Mrs. Helen Gilden Grant of Sewaren, N. J., to Mr. William Henry Tombs of Rahway, N. J. No cards.

Died.

ASHLEY.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, of pneumonia at her residence, 102 East 52d St., Jessie Ashley, daughter of the late O. D. and Harriet A. Ashley. Boston papers please copy.

AUB.—At her residence, 645 West End Av., Jan. 19, Emma Rupprecht Aub, widow of Albert Aub. Requiem mass at Church of St. Gregory the Great, 140 West 90th St., Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

BAER.—Martin, dearly beloved husband of Pauline R., (nee Seide,) dear, devoted father of Cecil, beloved brother of Hattie, Annie, Mrs. Henry Vedell, Mrs. Edward Kaufman. Funeral Wednesday, Jan. 22, 12:30 P. M., from Martin Peck's Chapel, 239 Lenox Av., and from Hebrew Tabernacle, 218 West 130th St., 1 P. M. Relatives, friends, Sam'l Tichner Society, Hebrew Tabernacle members and Sisterhood Branch 36 N. A. L. C., Ladies Auxiliaries 1 and 37, Station N. Association are respectfully invited to attend.

BAER.—Hebrew Tabernacle members, seat holders, and sisterhood are invited to attend funeral of our member, Martin Baer, from temple, 218 West 130th St., Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1 P. M.
ABRAHAM ARNDT, President.
ADOLPH SCHWARZBAUM, Secretary.

BAUGHAN.—Sunday, Jan. 19, William H. Baughan, beloved husband of Martha Mahland, aged 48. Services at his late residence, 234 Martense St., Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, 8 o'clock. Interment Wednesday, 2 P. M., Cypress Hills. Please omit flowers.

BEDELL.—Mary E., wife of Harry E. Bedell. Funeral service at her late residence, 532 East 86th St., Wednesday at 8 P. M. Interment at Cedar Lawn Cemetery, New Jersey, at convenience of family.

BEVERSTEIN.—Rose, beloved mother of Elsie, dear daughter of Elizabeth and loving sister of Isaac, Adolph, Ida and Albert. Funeral from Meyer's Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av., Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 1:30 P. M.

BRADY.—On Sunday evening, Jan. 19, at her home, 1,848 Amethyst St., Van Nest, Bronx, Mary A., beloved wife of the late Bernard J. Brady, and mother of the Rev. B. F. Brady, Mrs. Mary Scanlon; Mrs. P. Anderson, Mrs. T. McDermott, Mrs. E. J. Ryan, Edward and Joseph Brady, and the late Mrs. E. F. Toole and Elizabeth Brady. Solemn mass of requiem Wednesday, Jan. 22, 9:30, at Church of Our Lady of Solace, White Plains Av., near Morris Park Av., Van Nest. Burial in Calvary Cemetery.

BRENNECKE.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, at 5 P. M., George Brennecke, in his 77th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 219 Congress St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

BROWN.—John Hutchinson, at Pomona, Rockland County, N. Y., Sunday, Jan. 19. Beloved husband of Sarah Boyce (nee Van Pelt) and father of Lillie Belle, John Elwood, and William Clark Brown. Funeral services at his late home, Pomona, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 12:30 P. M.

CAPEN.—At her residence, Providence, R. I., Jan. 19, Rossetta Willets Capen, wife of Samuel H. Capen, Jr., and daughter of Walter R. Willets of New York, in her 30th year. Funeral at Episcopal Church, Roslyn, L. I., 3:30 P. M., Thursday, Jan. 23.

CARR.—On Jan. 20, 1919, the Rev. John J., pastor of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, and son of the late Peter J. Carr and Margarete May, and uncle of Agnes F. and Mary J. May. Divine office Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, 8 P. M. Mass of requiem on Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Calvary.

CARSWELL.—On Jan. 19, 1919, Irene, wife of Archibald M. Carswell, of Astoria, L. I., and daughter of Robert and the late Martha Crompton, aged 29 years. Funeral services will be private at the residence of her father-in-law, Archibald Carswell, 105 Oraton St., Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Arlington Cemetery.

CHARLES.—A memorial mass will be offered for Private Frank M. Charles, Co. B, 305th Infantry, U. S. A., killed in action at Badouviller, July 21, 1918, at the Church of St. Barnard, 14th St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Tuesday morning, Jan. 21, at 10 o'clock.

CHASE.—Amos B., Jan. 16, 1919, at St. Petersburg, Fla., in his 81th year.

CHURCHILL.—Suddenly, on Jan. 19, 1919, Edward S., husband of the late Corinne A. Churchill. Funeral private.

CLARKE.—Francis J., retired member of Fire Department Repair Shop, N. Y. Funeral from his late residence, 2,125 86th St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary.

CONBOY.—Thomas, Lieutenant N. Y. Police Department, at 301 East 194th St., on Sunday, Jan. 19, beloved husband of the late Mary A. Hughes and father of Chaplain Thomas G. Conboy, U. S. A.; Major John E. Conboy, U. S. A.; Anna, Margorie, Richard, and Joseph Conboy. Solemn requiem mass at Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 10 A. M. Members of Police Lieutenants' Association respectfully invited. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

CONSOLATION.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Henrietta Humphreys Consolation, dearly beloved wife of Vincent Consolation. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 33 Post Av., (between Dyckman and Academy Sts.,) Inwood, N. Y. C., on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

DAENIKER.—Suddenly, on Jan. 20, at her residence, 258 West 88th St., Mary Taylor Mills Daeniker, widow of Henry H. and brother of the late Seth D. and Julia T. Mills. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DAY.—Harry L., only son of Caroline A. and Chas. J. Day. Funeral services at his late residence, 37 2d St., Lynbrook, L. I., Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, at 8 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

DILG.—On Jan. 19, Howard W., husband of Flora Campbell Dilg. Friends are invited to attend the funeral services this evening at 8 o'clock at his late residence, 850 East 34th St., Brooklyn.

DI ZEREGA.—On Monday, Jan. 20, at his home, in Aldie, Va., William Irvine di Zerega, son of the late Theodore di Zerega and Juliana Irvine and husband of Martha di Zerega. Funeral from his late residence on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 1:30 P. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

DOTY.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Mrs. Anna L. Doty, (nee Heath,) aged 77. Services Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, at 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 360 East 22d St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

EDGAR.—Carrie E., on Jan. 19, wife of George Edgar. Funeral from her late residence, 172 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, 2 P. M., Jan. 21, 1919.

EVERSON.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Robert Kenneth, son of Duane S. and Marie L. Everson. Funeral service will be held at his home, 131 West 71st St., on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 10 A. M.

FILLEY.—Charlotte, in the 27th year of her age, Jan. 19, of pneumonia, at the New York Hospital. Interment at St. Louis.

FOOTE.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, at the home of her nephew, Mr. S. G. Webb, Lakewood, N. J., Mary Mumford Foote, in her 91st year. Funeral service at Lakewood, Tuesday, Jan. 21. Interment Oxford, Penn.

FOWLER.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, Isabella, wife of Franklin H. Fowler. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 335 West 55th St., Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 21, at 4 o'clock. Interment at Milford, Conn.

FRADLEY.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Joseph F. Fradley, in his 76th year. Funeral services at his late home, 128 New York Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M.

FROST.—On Jan. 20, after a brief illness, Margaret Pratt, oldest daughter of Mary Seymour Morris and Charles Millard Pratt and wife of Frank J. Frost. Funeral services at her late home, 232 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at noon.

GELB.—At Los Angeles, Cal., on Saturday, Jan. 18, Gertrude Gelb, beloved mother of Mrs. J. Strauss and Samuel Gelb. Funeral notice later.

GERTZEN.—On Monday, Jan. 20, Bernard Gertzen, father of William and Robert Gertzen. Funeral services at Charles W. Brome Funeral Home, 1,620 Woodhaven Boulevard, Woodhaven, L. I., Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at 2 P. M.

GRANT.—John Cumming, in the 70th year of his age, on Jan. 18, at the home of his son, 223 Ridge Road, Rutherford, N. J. Funeral services Tuesday at 2 P. M.

GUNDLACH.—Henry, aged 60, Sunday, Jan. 19, at his home, 289 East 3d St., Brooklyn. Services 2 P. M. Wednesday, Jan. 22. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

HARING.—Jan. 20, 1919, Mary E. Wanamaker, beloved wife of D. E. Haring, aged 71 years. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Wednesday morning, 11 o'clock.

HART.—Jeannette, beloved mother of Rose Pett, Sarah Prince, Amelia Alexander, Harriette Hart, and Edward Hart. Funeral services private, Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 10:30 A. M.

HAWKINS.—Louise B., daughter Eugene T. Hawkins, Jan. 18, at her residence, 1,748 West 25th St., Los Angeles, Cal.

HENES.—Henry W., Jan. 19, beloved husband of Marie Henes, father of Caroline and Josephine Henes, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Henes of New York, brother of Mrs. Carrie Bolter of Chicago. Services at Rosa Hill Chapel, Chicago, Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 3 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

HENSSLER.—Frederick M., Sunday, Jan. 19, son Sarah Frances Catlin-Frederick W. Henssler, in his 55th year. Services Wednesday, Jan. 22, 2 o'clock, Kelly's Chapel, 337 Columbus Av. Interment Woodlawn.

HERZMAN.—Rose, widow of Elkan Herzman, and beloved mother of Mrs. Jennie Posner, Mrs. Eli W. Posner, Mrs. H. H. Levor, Mrs. Samuel Stein, and Julius Herzman. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 11 o'clock from 264 West 118th St.

HEYN.—Emma S., widow of Otto P. Heyn, in her 52d year. Funeral services at her late residence, 104 Howard Av., Stapleton, S. I., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 11 o'clock A. M. Interment private.

HOFFMAN.—On Dec. 30, 1918, at 2 Wilton St., Grosvenor Place, London, England, Virginia Southard Hoffman, youngest daughter of the late Hon. Ogden Hoffman. Philadelphia papers please copy.

HOTCHKISS.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Myra R., daughter of the late Clark Beers and Caroline Bennett Hotchkiss. Funeral at her late residence, 246 West 75th St., Tuesday, at 3:30 P. M. Interment Auburn, N. Y.

JOHNSTON.—Entered into rest on Jan. 20, 1919, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. O. Huntting, 409 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Elizabeth Pennell Kelly, wife of the Rev. Levi Johnston, and daughter of the late John W. Kelly of Philadelphia, Penn. Service at 409 Clinton Street at 4 P. M. Jan. 21. Funeral from St. Mark's Church, Mendham, N. J., Jan. 22, at 11 A. M.

JORDAN.—Jan. 19, 1919, Fannie Wilson, wife of Frank Jordan. Funeral from her late residence, 2 West 67th St., on Wednesday at 10:30 o'clock. Mobile papers please copy.

JURGENTS.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Lewis, in his 84th year, husband of Naomi Thurber. Relatives and friends and members of Yew Tree Lodge No. 461, F. & A. M. are invited to attend the funeral service at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Wallace Tiebout, 980 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Interment private.

KAUFMAN.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Joel B. Kaufman, beloved father of Mrs. A. L. Rich, Benjamin, George, and Jay G. Kaufman. Funeral from his late home, 223 East 4th St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M. Interment at Bay Side Cemetery.

KEELER.—On Jan. 18, 1919, Martha Ellen, of Baltimore, Md., aged 74 years. Funeral from Eutaw Place Baptist Church, Baltimore, Md., Monday, Jan. 20. Interment Lorraine Cemetery.

KELSEY.—Suddenly, at New Port Richey, Fla., on Jan. 17, 1919, Myron H. Kelsey. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at his late home, 178 Harrison Av., Jersey City, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at 8 P. M.

KENNY.—On Saturday, Jan. 18, 1919, at her residence, 314 West 89th St., Florence E., beloved daughter of Catharine E. Kenny. Services at St. Gregory's Church, West 90th St., near Amsterdam Av., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 9 A. M.

LESSER.—Jacob, beloved husband of Natalie and dear father of Lillian, Lee (Laske,) and Charles, 71 years, Jan. 20, 1919. Funeral services at his late home, 29 West 129th St., Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at 10 A. M. Omit flowers.

LEUBUSCHER.—Suddenly, Jan. 19, Albert L. Leubuscher, in his 63d year. Services at Luckings, Bender & Schutte Chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St., Tuesday, 8 P. M.

LEWIS.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, at Oradell, N. J., Gladys Trevor, daughter of David Trevor and Mary L. Lewis, aged 23 years.

LUTHY.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, of pneumonia, at Hahnemann Hospital, Kenneth F. Luthy, beloved husband of Mildred Hollis.

LUTZ.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, at her home, 125 Sterling St., Brooklyn, Amelia Corby, beloved wife of Frederick C. Lutz and daughter of Thomas and Henrietta Corby. Funeral services at the home of her parents, 113 Park Av., Hoboken, N. J., Wednesday at 1 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

McCLELLAND.—On Jan. 20, 1919, Laura Mandeville, wife of William A. McClelland and daughter of Sarah Floyd and the late Charles Somer. Funeral services from Burr, Davis & Son Chapel, Mt. Vernon, on Wednesday, 2:30 P. M., Jan. 22.

MANN.—At Old Westbury, L. I., on Jan. 20, 1919, James Hallock Mann, dearly beloved son of Dr. John Mann, in the 27th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 3 P. M. Train leaving Pennsylvania Station 1:50 P. M. will be met at Roslyn. Interment private.

MENDOZA.—Daniel A., beloved husband of Madeline Mendoza, (nee Newberger.) Interment New Haven, Conn.

MOORHEAD.—Killed in action in the Argonne Forest, Oct. 5, 1918, First Lieutenant James Kennedy Moorhead, 16th Infantry, 1st Division, aged 22 years, only child of Harriet Godfrey and the late James Kennedy Moorhead of 700 St. James St., Pittsburgh.

MORRISON.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Clifford Jerome, son of the late John H. Morrison. Funeral services from his late residence, 358 Hancock St., Brooklyn, Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, 1919, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

MORSE.—Harry B., at Nantucket, Mass., on Sunday, Jan. 19, son of Elizabeth W., aged 28 years. Pittsburgh, Chicago, and Boston papers please copy.

MUIR.—Suddenly Jan. 19, Isabella J., beloved mother of Alexander, John, and Elizabeth Reed. Services Tuesday, 7 P. M. Funeral from her late residence, 560 West 151st St., Wednesday morning, 9:30.

NIMOCKS.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Arthur R., beloved husband of Emma O. Nimocks of 1,618 Beverly Road. Funeral services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 8 P. M. Springfield (Mass.) papers please copy.

NOONAN.—On Monday, Jan. 20, at her residence, 357 West 23d st., Mary C. Toole, beloved wife of Thomas F. Noonan. Solemn requiem mass at Church of St. Columba, West 25th St., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege. Please omit flowers. Albany, N. Y., papers please copy.

O'REILLY.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, at his residence, 53 Sands St., Brooklyn, James, beloved husband of Mary O'Reilly, (nee McAuliffe,) and son of the late James and Ellen M. O'Reilly. Funeral Wednesday at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass St. James's Pro-Cathedral at 10 o'clock. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

PACKARD.—Moses, beloved husband of Minnie Packard, father of Frank W. Packard, brother of N. J. Packard, Dr. Maurice Packard, and Mrs. Milton J. Vogel, suddenly, in his 51st year. Funeral private, 270 Riverside Drive.

PEARSON.—Edward W., age 42 years, Leonia, N. J., Jan. 19; beloved husband of Edith Pearson of 275 Paulin Boulevard. Funeral Wednesday, at 2 P. M. Interment Flower Hill Cemetery. Buffalo papers please copy.

PELL.—On Jan. 20, at his late residence, Hotel Robert Fulton, Thomas Nowlan Pell, beloved husband of Sophie L. Maurer. Funeral private.

POLHAUS.—Gustav, beloved father of Mathilde Polhaus and Mrs. Anton Schmid, in his 89th year. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 21, 8:30 P. M., at his late residence, 561 Rugby Road, Flatbush. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

ROBINSON.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Elizabeth Robinson, in her 91st year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services on Tuesday evening, Jan. 21, at 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 158 Newell St., Brooklyn.

ROESEL.—At his residence, 2,736 Creston Av., Bronx, in his 70th year, Robert H. Roesel, beloved husband of Katherine, father of Edward, Tina, Elsie, and Harry. Services Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private Thursday morning. Please omit flowers.

ROONEY.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, John E. Rooney, beloved son of the late John and Ann Rooney, brother of Sister Marie Lawrence, and dearly beloved father of John B. and Lawrence I. Rooney. Funeral from his late residence, 100 East 83d St., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 10 A. M., thence to Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Av. and 84th St., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

ROTHSCHILD.—On Jan. 20, 1919, in his 22d year, Edwin J. Rothschild, beloved husband of Alma, (nee Sampson,) son of the late Julius and Emma Rothschild, brother of Ralph J. and Alma R. Davis. Funeral at convenience of family.

ROWAN.—Edward, on Sunday, Jan. 19, at his residence, 629 East 163d St., beloved husband of Margaret Johnston Rowan and father of Alfred G. Rowan, Mrs. John J. F. McLoughlin, Mrs. Francis Martin and Edward Harold Rowan. Funeral from his late residence, 10:45 A. M. Wednesday, Jan. 22, thence to St. Augustine's Church, 167th St., Franklin Av., Bronx, where solemn requiem mass will be offered at 11 o'clock. Automobile cortege. Montreal, Plattsburg, Boston papers please copy.

SANDERS.—On Monday, Jan. 20, in the 69th year of his age, Henry Sanders, dearly beloved husband of Bertha Sanders (nee Schloss) and father of Mrs. Leo Pollack. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, the Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway, on Wednesday morning, at 9:30. Philadelphia and New Orleans papers please copy.

SARGENT.—Mortimer B., suddenly at Toledo, Ohio, on Jan. 19, beloved son of Deborah Sargent. Funeral services 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, from 1,061 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Interment private.

SKELLY.—At his residence, 8 Dock St., Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., Jan. 19, 1919, George E. Skelly, beloved husband of Mary E. Condon. Funeral from St. Matthew's Church Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery. Washington, D. C., and Albany, N. Y., papers please copy. Please omit flowers.

SMOLENS.—Lillian. Beloved wife of Louis and dear mother of Seymour and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Winstrall. Funeral from her late residence, 2,107 Daly Av., Bronx, on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 2 P. M.

STEARNS.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Eliza Finch Hobby, wife of Oscar H. Stearns. Funeral service at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Milton Ferguson, 53 Marlborough Road, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 21, at 8:30 P. M.

TAFT.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Arleine Mills, wife of Raymond L. Taft. Funeral private.

TANENBAUM.—Suddenly Jan. 20, Dorothy Helen, infant daughter of Jerome and Helen S. Tanenbaum, age ten months. Funeral private, 315 Central Park West.

TOMPKINS.—Caroline Mary, beloved wife of Laird F. Tompkins, at her residence, 102 Manor Road, West New Brighton, Staten Island. Funeral services Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at 8 P. M.

TOOKER.—Edith Varnum, suddenly, of pneumonia, on Jan. 19, 1919. Funeral services at her late residence, 423 64th St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Burial at convenience of family. Boston, Maine, and New Haven papers please copy.

WATSON.—Jan. 19, Gertrude Osborne, wife of Edmund B. Watson, aged 34 years. Funeral at 137 Deerhill Av., Danbury, Tuesday at 2 o'clock.

WEBB.—Suddenly of pneumonia, Jan. 18, 1919, at his residence in this city, Henry Walter Webb, son of the late Henry Webb and Lelia Howard Griswold, in the 33d year of his age. Funeral private.

WEINSTEIN.—Helene, (nee Schwab,) wife of Max Weinstein, Jan. 20, aged 73, 6,214 19th Av., Brooklyn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WERTHEIMER.—Jacob, San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 15, beloved husband of Ray Wertheimer, father of Mrs. Blanche Present, Leo, Elsie, and Lloyd.

WIDMAYER.—Henry, at his home, Ocean Av., Freeport, L. I., Jan. 19, aged 73. Funeral private.

WIEMANN.—Frederick, brother of the late George F. Wiemann, and the late Amalia Bender, in his 66th year. Funeral services Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 110 East 31st St. Interment private.

WIEMANN.—Kane Lodge, No. 454, F. and A. M.—Brethren: With regret we announce the death of our brother, Frederick Wiemann. Funeral service on Tuesday evening, the 21st inst., at his late residence, 110 East 31st St.
ERNEST W. LOVEJOY, Master.
HENRY W. PENOYER, Secretary.

WILLETS.—At Trenton, N. J., on the 20th inst., Martha, daughter of the late Edmund R. and Letitia C. Willets. Services at her late residence, 519 Greenwood Av., Trenton, N. J., on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

WILLIAMSON.—At Newark, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Alice Albro, wife of W. Alexander Williamson. Funeral service will be held at her late home, 539 Clifton Av., Newark, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Evergreen Cemetery at the convenience of the family.

YALLALEE.—Alan J. Pryce, at his residence, 96 Mount Hebron Road, Upper Montclair, N. J., Monday, Jan. 20, in the 39th year of his age. Services private. Interment at All Saints' Church, Navesink, N. J.

YATES.—On Jan. 19, Samuel, in the 93d year of his age. Masonic services by Pioneer Lodge, F. and A. M., at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Tuesday evening, 8:30 o'clock.

YATES.—Pioneer Lodge No. 20, F. and A. M. Brotherhoods: You are hereby summoned to attend an emergency communication of Pioneer Lodge at Campbell's Funeral Parlors, Broadway and 66th St., Thursday evening at 8 o'clock to pay the last tribute of respect to our late brother, Samuel Yates.
GUSTAV S. STOEHR, Master.
Attest: SAMUEL B. WHEELER, Sec.

In Memoriam.

BUSCH.—Robert. Loving memory of beloved husband and father, passed away Jan. 21, 1916. "Gone but not forgotten."

GREGG.—In loving memory of dear Auntie Sylvia G. Gregg, died Jan. 21, 1916.
GEORGE AND ARTHUR GRIFFITHES.

HIRSHLER.—In loving memory of our son, Jerome J. Hirshler, U. S. N., who died Jan. 21, 1918, at age of 20.
Forever in our memory.

KOHN.—In devoted memory of our beloved husband and father, Albert Kohn, M. D., who died Jan. 21, 1918.

SPITZER.—In loving memory of my beloved son and our dear brother, Frederick Spitzer, who passed into life eternal Jan. 21, 1918.
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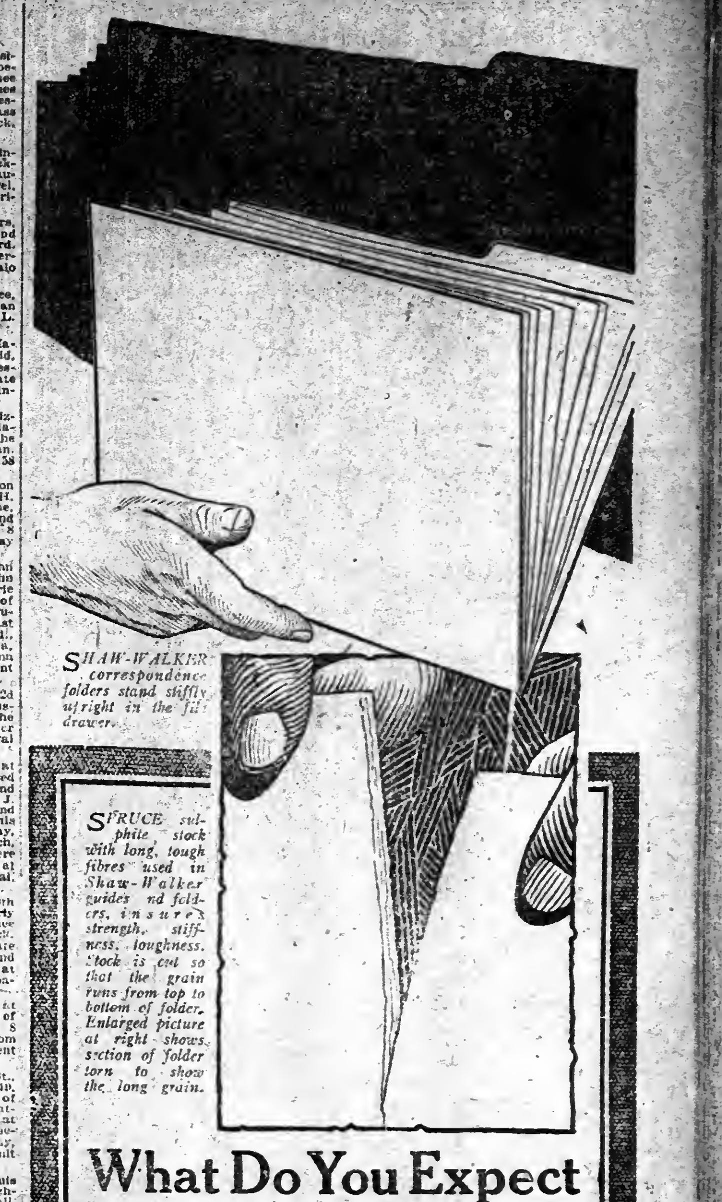

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Some 2,000 pairs: mostly high, tan and black. A few pumps. Not all sizes in everything, but something in all sizes.

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Also 150 pairs of Red Storm King Rubber Boots that were $8.00.
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POOL TABLE needed in a boys' club on the East Side. The club has been established to keep boys from the streets and dangerous associations and to make of them good American citizens. Any man with a pool table for which he has no use will be performing a generous act by presenting it to the club. For further particulars address T. A. B., Box 37, Grand Central Station.

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

CHAMPION RALLIES IN FINAL ROUND

Benny Batters Italian About Ring in Belated Attempt to Score Knockout.

DUNDEE HAS EARLY LEAD

Large Crowd Swarms Through the Turnstiles, but Soldiers Maintain Order in Big Armory.

Benny Leonard, the lightweight champion, boxed a fast eight-round draw with Johnny Dundee at the Sportsmen's Club in the First Regiment Armory in Newark last night. It was the fast rally which the champion made in the last four rounds which brought him up on even terms with the shifty little Italian. Dundee forced the fighting early in the bout. The armory was jammed with a large crowd, which cheered the fast work of the boxers until the rafters rattled.

Calling on every ring trick at his command, Leonard gave a great exhibition of his boxing skill in the eighth round, when he cut loose and tried to knock Dundee out. With perfect precision, Leonard smashed Dundee's jaw with rights and lefts and shot his head back several times. Leonard, coming in close, kept the Italian's head bobbing with stiff, well directed upper-cuts.

With remarkable gameness, Dundee met the onrush of the champion and not one of Benny's blows made him dizzy. He took all that Leonard had and boldly came in for more. Dundee was as fast as a cat in the early rounds and was the aggressor. He shot lefts on Benny's jaw and hammered his body when they came at close quarters.

Leonard was content to stay on the defensive, and permitted Johnny to force the action. Leonard parried the Italian's blows skillfully, and although Dundee worked like a beaver, he did little damage to Leonard.

Irving Margolies, former amateur champion at 115 pounds, knocked out Freddie Reese, Leonard's sparring partner, in the fourth round of their bout, scheduled for six rounds. The contest was the most interesting of the four preliminaries.

The crowd began straggling into the big armory at 6 o'clock, many of the spectators having forsaken their evening meals. For these there were vendors going through the armory with the ever-palatable "hot dog." The building filled up slowly, but by the time the first bout was put on, promptly at 8:30 o'clock, the building was pretty well filled.

Spectators with coupons were ushered to their chairs by uniformed members of the regiment. Outside there was small confusion with the big crowd striving in steady streams to force an entrance.

By the time the second bout was put on the building was taxed to its capacity. The Armory Band kept the impatient crowd appeased with popular selections. Occupants of the gallery enjoyed themselves immensely before the bouts throwing nickels to fruit vendors.

For diversion some zealous and venturesome "fans" indulged in the pleasant occupation of "going over the top." These attempts at rushing the guardians of the aisles were unsuccessful. Newark policemen and the soldiers discouraged the rushes.

Many women occupied prominent vantage points in the big arena. In a ringside chair was John S. Smith, Chairman of the New Jersey Boxing Commission. Commissioner Smith declared Leonard weighed in in the afternoon at the Washington Hotel. The titleholder tipped the beam wearing a bathrobe and pair of shoes, at 136¼ pounds. Dundee weighed 130 pounds.

Dundee was the first to enter the ring, preceded down the aisle by Lieutenant Freddie Welsh, former Champion. Dundee took his seat in the corner of the ring amid a wild acclaim. The walls of the Armory shook with the outburst of cheers which greeted the Italian. Leonard followed a minute later and also received a great ovation. The greeting to the title holder was not as voluminous as that accorded Dundee.

The usual raft of introductions followed the appearance of the boxers in the main attraction. The crowd was good natured and took the delay with tolerance.

Fight by Rounds.

Dundee was the first to lead a sweeping left at the stomach which landed in Leonard's arms. Dundee then tried wildingly with left hooks, most of which Leonard took on his extended right arm. The Italian rushed Leonard to the ropes, landing a left to the stomach. Dundee did all the leading but Leonard blocked most of his rival's blows. The champion did not appear too eager to work. Dundee took the round on his aggressiveness alone. Leonard was content to evade Dundee's blows.

Dundee started the second with a whirlwind rush and landed with his left on Leonard's chest. The Italian then sprang after the champion, lashing out eagerly with left and right which missed their mark. Leonard tried keeping Dundee at arm's length with his left but Dundee rushed past the arm and rushed Leonard to the ropes, landing a left to the head as he went in. Leonard evaded many of Dundee's blows, shortly before the bell. It was Dundee's round. He forced the fighting.

Dundee flew after his opponent in the third with sweeping lefts which missed. Leonard brought Dundee up short with a right cross, but the Italian returned to the attack quickly. After Leonard had dodged about the ring evading Dundee's blows, the champion landed his first effective blows, a left hook to the stomach and a right to the head. Dundee was missing badly but carried the fighting to the bell and earned the round.

Leonard kept Dundee at bay with a left jab early in the fourth round. Dundee soon came in against the blows and cuffed his opponent with left hooks and right swings to the face and jaw. Dundee followed this up by rushing Leonard to the ropes, landing lightly with right and left to the face. Dundee's attack was furious and Leonard was carried before it. The champion was kept too busy blocking Dundee's blows to attempt an offensive. Dundee's round.

The fifth started slowly, but Dundee soon started forcing. Leonard met his attack with a left to the face and shook Dundee with a right to the jaw. Dundee retreated for a moment but returned. He was again met with a heavy bombardment and sent reeling to the ropes with a stiff right to the jaw. Leonard cut Dundee's right eye with a left hook and pounded Dundee badly to the belli. Leonard's round. Dundee was tiring.

Dundee started sixth with a right cross to the jaw and Leonard countered with two rights to the heart. Dundee jabbed well and sent Leonard's head back three times. Leonard crossed his right and left to the stomach and blocked Dundee's left for the body. When the boxers came to close quarters Leonard worked with both hands, sending Dundee's head back with left and right uppercuts. Dundee missed blows and was being battered hard. Leonard's round.

Leonard started the seventh with a succession of right and left uppercuts to the face. The champion became eager to finish his opponent and lost many opportunities to score effectively. Leonard caught Dundee with a right to the jaw as the Italian came in. The blow was glancing. Dundee returned with a left to the stomach, but was the recipient of a number of stiff left-hand jabs. These made Dundee miss frequently to the bell. Leonard's round.

Leonard started the eighth with a rush, apparently intent on finishing his opponent. He staggered Dundee with a right to the jaw. Dundee could not get near his rival. Leonard always had his left arm out and the Italian missed consistently. Dundee came at Leonard and was met with a right to the jaw. In close quarters Leonard had Dundee's head bobbing with quick right uppercuts. Dundee was trying all the time, but was wild as a hare. The Italian's blows were blocked or they missed their mark. Leonard was pounding his opponent at close quarters at the bell. Leonard's round.

Blaisdell Wins from McGill.

Two games were played last night in the Class C 18.2 balk-line tournament at Lawler's Billiard Academy in Brooklyn. J. Blaisdell defeated E. McGill in forty-four innings by a score of 150 to 112. The winner had an average of 3 15-45 and his high run was 15. In the other game, Louis A. Servatius defeated John Lowe by a score of 150 to 109. The winner had a high run of 21.

HUNT FOR CHAIRMAN BEGINS IN EARNEST

Ruppert, Navin, Veeck, and Baker Start Search for Successor to August Herrmann.

LEAGUES WILL CO-OPERATE

Chairman of National Commission in New Tangle Over Signing of Minor League Agreement.

President Ban Johnson of the American League announced yesterday that he had appointed Col. Jacob Ruppert of the Yankees and Frank J. Navin of Detroit members of the joint committee which is to make a search for a candidate to succeed August Herrmann as Chairman of the National Commission. The National League members of the committee are William Veeck of Chicago, and William F. Baker of Philadelphia. The organization will get busy immediately and attempt to solve the commission problem.

The attempt of the National League to oust Herrmann has dissolved itself into a political wrangle, in which Herrmann and Ban Johnson have the upper hand thus far. With the launching of the new committee the chairmanship has for a time been taken out of the hands of Johnson and Heydler. The National League has taken a decided stand against Herrmann and it means to go through with the campaign to place a neutral man at the head of the game.

It is now certain that Herrmann disappointed his fellow-club owners in the National League last week when he failed to resign. Herrmann was repudiated by the American League in the Scott Perry case, when Johnson's organization broke all the precepts of organized baseball by going over the commission's head and taking the Perry dispute into the civil courts. Then Herrmann was repudiated by his own league, and, much to every one's surprise, he still insisted on retaining the chairmanship.

The responsibility of naming the new chairman rests with the committee just appointed. It is believed that Messrs. Ruppert and Navin will co-operate with the National League Committee and that it will only be a question of a few weeks before a new man will be in Herrmann's position.

Herrmann's latest move in relation to the minor leagues has not met the approval of Johnson and Heydler, the other two members of the commission. Herrmann, it seems, last Saturday signed the tentative agreement which the minors had drawn up. Johnson and Heydler have refused to sign it, both saying they saw no reason for any sort of a compact between the minors and the majors in view of the fact that the minors had voluntarily accepted their independence. The major leagues understood the action of the minors as indicating that there was no necessity for an agreement and for that reason they abrogated the national agreement, which was drawn up in 1903. Now it seems they want another agreement, similar to the one which has been cancelled.

The tentative agreement which Johnson and Heydler have laid on the table, and which Herrmann stamped with his approval, is meant by the minors to govern matters of territory, reservations and contracts, until such time as the minors draw up another permanent agreement and submit it for the approval of the commission in Cincinnati.

RED SOX TO OPEN HERE.

World's Champions Start Season with Yankees at Polo Grounds.

The Yankees' home dates are as follows:

Chicago at New York—June 5, 6, 7, 9; July 29, 30, 31; Sept. 16, 17, 18.
St. Louis at New York—June 14, 16, 17; Aug. 5, 6, 7, 8; Sept. 12, 13, 15.
Detroit at New York—June 10, 11, 12, 13; Aug. 1, 2, 4; Sept. 19, 20, 22.
Cleveland at New York—June 18, 19, 20, 21; Aug. 9, 11, 12; Sept. 9, 10, 11.
Washington at New York—May 9, 10, 12; July 4, 5, 7; Aug. 21, 25, 29.
Athletics at New York—April 28, 29, 30; June 23, 24, 25, 26; Aug. 30; Sept. 25, 26.
Boston at New York—April 23, 24, 25, 26; June 27, 28, 30; Sept. 8, 23, 24.

SCHAEFER LEADS COCHRAN.

Scores 600 to 325 in Opening Day of Match.

Jake Schaefer took the lead in the first day's play of the 3,600 point match with Welker Cochran, at Daly's Billiard Academy yesterday, winning both afternoon and evening games. Schaefer did his best work in the evening game, which he won, 300 to 50, in seven innings. He had a high run of 170 in the fifth inning and ran out his string with an average of 42 6-7. Cochran's high run was 28 and his average 8 2-6. In the afternoon game Schaefer won, 300 to 275. His high run was 185 and he had an average of 18 12-16. Cochran had a high run of 77 and his average was 15 15-16.

Schaefer recently defeated Cochran in a 3,600 point match in Chicago by a score of 3,600 to 3,100. Play will be resumed at Daly's this afternoon and evening.

MORE FUTURITY ENTRIES.

Number of Nominations for 1921 Race Sets Record.

Entries received at the Jockey Club yesterday for the 1921 Futurity brought the total number of nominations to date up to 944. This figure is a record for the last ten years. In 1907 the top-notch figure was reached when 1,107 entries were received. An increase of sixteen is noted over the nominations last year.

Yesterday's entries, which were late in arriving, included seventeen from W. R. Coe and six from Dr. M. M. McKenzie of Pittsburgh. Dr. McKenzie is a newcomer at flat racing here.

NO CHAMPIONSHIP IN COLLEGE LEAGUE

Schedule of Twelve Games Is Arranged for Basket Ball Teams This Season.

Twelve games are on the schedule of the Intercollegiate Basket Ball League, announced yesterday by Ralph Morgan, secretary of the organization. No championship is to be awarded, for the reason that only four of the six teams in the association will play a complete schedule. The two others, Cornell and Dartmouth, will play only irregularly, if at all. Cornell will have four games; it is understood, two with Columbia and two with Pennsylvania, and Dartmouth may not put a team on the floor at all.

The league season opens Saturday night when the University of Pennsylvania five plays Columbia in New York, and the final game will be played March 14, when Pennsylvania meets Princeton, at Princeton. The only traditional date that has survived the war is that of the Yale-Princeton game, at Princeton, which will be held, as for many years past, Feb. 22. Pennsylvania has given way to Princeton as the opponent of the Columbia five on Feb. 12, Columbia's alumni day. Because there will be no formal mid-year examinations in any of the colleges the season will go through without a break.

The schedule follows:

Jan. 25—Pennsylvania vs. Columbia, at New York; 31—Columbia vs. Princeton, at Princeton; Pennsylvania vs. Yale, at New Haven; Feb. 5—Columbia vs. Yale, at New Haven; 8—Yale vs. Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; 12—Princeton vs. Columbia, at New York; 16—Princeton vs. Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; 22—Yale vs. Princeton, at Princeton; 26—Columbia vs. Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; March 1—Yale vs. Columbia, at New York; 11—Princeton vs. Yale, at New Haven; 14—Pennsylvania vs. Princeton, at Princeton.

Dickerson Defeats Bigelow.

Sydney Dickerson defeated Charles Bigelow last night at Doyle's Academy in the opening game of the Straight Rail Billiard Tournament, by a score of 150 to 80, in forty innings. Dickerson made a high run of 22, while Bigelow's highest was 14. In the Amateur Pocket Billiard Tournament of the A. A. B. A., Edward Kirby gained the decision over Benjamin Howe by the score of 100 to 42. Kirby, in making a high run of 29 in last night's game heads the list for high runs in this tournament. Howe's best effort was 10.

BAKER SIGNS WITH UPLAND.

Home Run Hitter Deserts Yankees for Delaware County League.

TRAPPE, Md., Jan. 20.—It is pretty certain that Frank Baker will not play third base for the Yankees this Summer, for it was reported today that he had signed a contract to play with the Upland Club of the Delaware County League. The home run slugger played with Upland during the season of 1915, after he left the Athletics, joining the Yanks in 1916.

Baker had a good season last year and led the club in hitting. He announced at the end of the season, however, that he was through with major league baseball. He has consented to play in the Delaware County League, because it will not take him away from his farm, except for a few days a week.

Manager Huggins of the Yankees visited Baker here a few weeks ago and had a long talk with the player. At that time, Huggins expected to persuade Baker to play with the Yanks again. His contract expired last year.

It is understood here that the Upland Club has also made a flattering offer to Babe Ruth of the Boston Red Sox. Ruth announced recently that if he played with Boston next Summer he would have to be tempted with a large increase over last year's contract.

PRO GOLFERS SEEK DATES.

Association Plans to Hold Championship Meet in August.

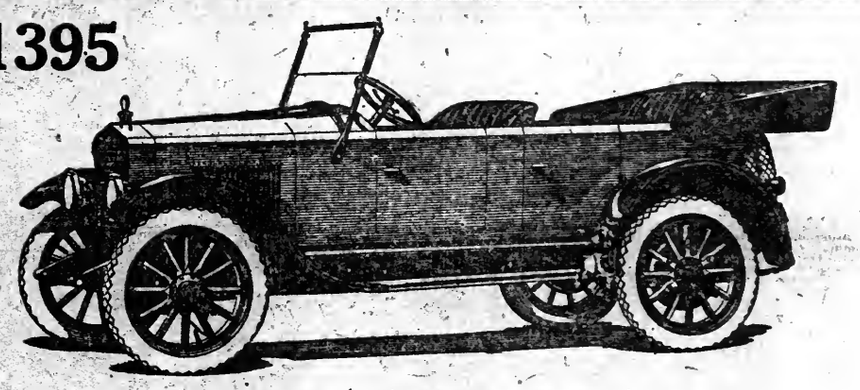
Two more competitions were added to the list at an Executive Committee meeting of the metropolitan section of the Professional Golfers' Association, held in this city last night. It was decided to ask the Metropolitan Golf Association to set aside the last week in August for the professional championship tournament, on the same lines as the one held at Siwanoy in 1916. Professionals from various sections of the country, who had previously qualified in their own localities, competed at match play, and Jim Barnes won, defeating Jock Hutchison after thirty-six holes.

It was also decided to request the M. G. A. to set aside a date between July 20 and July 30 in order that professionals from this section may compete at thirty-six-hole medal play to qualify for the main event. From this time on the association is planning to keep on the bulletin board at its rooms, 366 Fifth Avenue, a list of all club vacancies.

Exhibition Games for Giants.

The Giants booked four exhibition games yesterday. McGraw's club, on its way north from Florida, will play Jack Dunn's team in Baltimore on April 12 and 13, and will play two games with Washington on April 19 and 20.

$1395



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It marks the introduction of the new light weight, moderate priced, high quality car that has been expected for almost two years. The Essex made its first showing in hundreds of cities last Thursday. Thousands have been to see and ride in it.

The great words you have heard spoken for the Essex are the voluntary expressions of its admirers.

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Praised Because It Is Light, Low Priced, Economical, Elegant and Enduring

People talk of its beauty and the elegance of its appointment. They compare these qualities with those of fine, large and costly cars. Its lightness and economy of operation are noted and are compared with similar advantages that are exclusive to light cheap cars.

The Essex was built to meet the demand for a car that would give comfortable and enduring service, that possessed the qualities that appeal to one's good taste, that would meet every performance requirement and still was neither large, high priced nor expensive to operate.

It is the manner in which it fulfills all these demands that is exciting so much interest just now.

Not a word of praise has been put out by the manufacturer.

All dealers were instructed to let the Essex speak for itself.

We wanted to begin advertising the Essex as soon as we had seen it. We knew it would be months before it would be ready for delivery, but we wanted everyone to know what kind of a car they might expect.

But the Essex builders have been manufacturing fine cars for years. Their factory is one of the largest in the industry. They know that no words of praise can equal in their influence the impression that the car itself can make. So they said we should not advertise the Essex until there was an Essex for the people to see and ride in.

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If you will come see the car and ride in it we know what you will do. You will join the thousands who are saying things in more convincing words than we can print. Your endorsement will go farther than anything we can say.

The appeal of the Essex is resistless. Everyone admires it. It is making friends of all who stop to note its appearance or who will ride in it over the rough roads we pick out to reveal its comfort and sturdiness. We don't need to promise marvelous performance qualities. When you ride in the Essex you will know how it accelerates and pulls under load and how it glides over the roughest roads with a smoothness that you have thought possible only in much larger and costlier cars.

You will know how economical it is and can see the provisions that have been made to keep it free from rattles and squeaks.

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Bronx: 2460 Grand Concourse.
White Plains: 188 Martine Ave.
Plainfield: 192 East Front St.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—BY ORDER OF George Addington, Albany County Judge and Acting Surrogate.

Notice is hereby given, according to law to all persons having claims or demands against James C. Farrell, late of the city of Albany, in said county, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers in support thereof, to the subscriber, the executrix of the last Will and Testament of said deceased, at her place of transacting business as such executrix at the law offices of Charles J. Tobin, No. 95 State Street, in the city of Albany, New York, on or before the 24th day of July next.

Dated, Albany, N. Y., this 13th day of January, A. D. 1919.

MARGARET BRADY FARRELL, Executrix.

CHARLES J. TOBIN, Attorney for Executrix, 95 State Street, Albany, N. Y.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

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BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Julliard's 110 or equal; open for quantity, all colors. Louis Luroff, 150 West 22d St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botanys 315, Julliard's 110, 118, brown, taupe; velours 0360. Orchard 5433.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, F. & H., all colors; must be cheap; spot cash. Madison Square 8598.

BUNTINGS Wanted.—Wool and cotton; also printed flags, stripes, and fields. Haas, 100 5th Av.

CHECKS Wanted.—Black and white all worsted; also velour checks. Madison Square 9087.

CLOTHS Wanted.—Will buy quantity of cheviots and poplins, in high shades only. Farragut 4717.

COATS AND DRESSES Wanted.—Miss Lerner of Gimbel's, Philadelphia, open for women's and misses' coats; also dresses of jersey and silk at a close-out price. Gimbel's sample room, Tuesday, 10:30.

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring dolmans, capes, and sport coats, high grade only. Call fourth floor, Kaye Building, Madison Av. and 30th St., (30th St. entrance.)

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring coats, capes, and sport wear of the better kind every morning until 12 o'clock. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS Wanted.—Will look at new style suits and coats all day. Use freight elevator, 11th floor, 145 West 30th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade all week. 36 West 25th, 16th floor.

COATS AND CAPES Wanted.—Out-of-town jobber placing orders on better grade. Care S. H. Strauss, 1,133 Broadway.

COATS, Capes, and Dolmans Wanted.—Placing orders on better-grade Spring merchandise. 14 East 27th St., 8th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing Spring orders; also juniors. 4th floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS Wanted.—Children's; jobber looking; Spring styles. Call with samples. 8-10 West 27th, eight floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Better grade, all week. 11 West 25th, third floor.

COATS AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Jobber, placing stock order. Room 505, 339 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Spot cash paid for cotton goods under market price. Kaplan Mfg. Supply Co., 423 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—64-60, 68-72, 80-80; Percales, 64-48, 60-52; Cambrics, Bronco Nainsook, Hill Jean. Gramercy 6227.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Cambrics, also skirting and ramies. Rice, 100 5th Av.

COVERT Wanted.—Open for quantity of fine covert, all makers. L. Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Stewarts 2599, all colors; state quantity and best price; also good quality georgette. G. M., Box 25, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—100 pieces in all the high shades at the lowest cash price; call until 10 o'clock, Princess Dress, 19 West 34th.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—Large quantity of 815 wanted in all colors at $1.05 per yard. Dorothy Waist Co., 38 West 26th.

CRYSTAL CORDS Wanted.—All colors; also tricotines and Evora. Mad. Sq. 6025.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on georgette, tricotine, tricolette, jersey, satin taffeta dresses; samples 9-12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d, fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgette, crepe, and taffeta; waists, underwear, and petticoats wanted for export by prominent international merchants. B 282 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber buying high-class silk, taffeta, and crepe de chine dresses. Call with samples between 2 and 4 P. M., third floor, 30 West 26th, N. Y. City.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jersey; will place stock orders on snappy styles. 15 East 26th St., 6th floor.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges and satins; will pay cash. 16 East 33d St., 4th floor.

DUVET DE LAINE, Silvertones, F. & H. Botany Velours Wanted.—Light shades Trecos, Reads, 5800, 7261, Andrews's 5782. Orchard 8245.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Forstmann-Hoffman, all shades, for cash. Mad. Sq. 2196.

FLANNELS Wanted.—Parker-Wilder, 826-2, blue; 826-3, brown; also cheaper cloths. Stuyvesant 360.

FUR COATS Wanted.—Western house will look at fur coats for next Fall. Box J J 614, 1,265 Broadway.

GABARDINES Wanted.—All colors, any make. Parness, Farragut 2369.

GERA AND GARFIELD'S GARBIDINE Wanted.—High shades; also poplins. Lieberthal & Stoller, 40 West 27th.

GINGHAM Wanted. — Amoskeag 10000 range, selected plaids and plain colors, in case lots only, at 20c. per yard; privilege of making own selection. Address R. M., 117 Times.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Everett classic gingham, open for 1,000 pieces; must be cheap. Canal 9520.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Mad. Square 8670.

JERSEYS Wanted. — Heavyweight 14-ounce rose, Kelly green, apple green. Greeley 4848.

MESSALINE Wanted.—Red, blue, and flesh. Forster Embroidery Co., 10 East 17th St. Stuyvesant 819.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Henna, up to $1.10; good quality. 244 5th Av., 3d floor.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Will exchange Lorraine No. 3666 rookie for navy, or will buy same. Call Mr. Rosenfield, Madison Square 9240.

POIRET TWILLS, Gabardines and Tricotines Wanted.—5666, 3667, Garfield 4718, 4976, for cash. Harry Rosenberg & Co., 31 East 32d. Tel. Murray Hill 9722.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Garfield 4976, all colors. Mad. Sq. 2196.

POPLINS Wanted.—All high shades, any description and quantity, for spot cash. 140 West 22d. Poseas & Stamler Bros.

POPLINS Wanted.—American Woolen Co. wool—navy, black; velours. Henna, Farragut 3885.

POPLIN Wanted.—American or Stevens, black and navy; spot cash. Tannenbaum & Bloom, 59 East 5th. Stuyv. 2496.

POPLINS Wanted.—American, all shades; also high shades in French serges; spot cash. Fifth floor, 38 West 26th.

POPLIN Wanted. — Open for high shades American woolen poplin. Charnay & Freed, Chelsea 4077.

POPLIN Wanted.—All cotton; T 81 or similar; quantities only. Feynman, 19 West 21st.

POPLIN Wanted. — Copenhagen; spot cash. Chelsea 4616.

POPLINS Wanted.—All colors, all makes; Serges, 104, 99. Madison Square 5671.

POPLINS Wanted.—All colors, any make. Parness, Farragut 2369.

POPLIN Wanted.—Rookie, sammy, and copenhagen. Michaelson & Davis, 28 W. 27th.

POPLINS Wanted.—High shades, any make, for spot cash. Farragut 9297.

POPLINS Wanted.—Pekin, grey, American, similar, cash. Stuyvesant 3122.

SATINS wanted in flesh, white, or in raw. Call Stern, 87 5th Av.

SECO Wanted.—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Wool, storm serges and cheap paintings. Max Udell & Co., 124 Bleecker St.

SERGE Wanted.—Bachman's 3135, in tan; silk wool poplin, in tan and gray; also 7301 in black and blue. Chelsea 9535.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity, cash; 4059, 4060, 4061, 4408, all colors. Gramercy 6227.

SERGE Wanted.—Amoskeag 6002, navy; quote lowest price for spot cash. Madison Square 1868.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 100 pieces each style, 6122 and W. F. X., navy blue only, $1 net, cash. B 298 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—11433 Botany; will exchange navy for gray and tan, or will buy; also open for tan tricotine. Chelsea 9540.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantities style 104 Whitman's; also 0609 and 9288 Pekin. Jos. P. Cohen, 79 5th Av., Stuyvesant 3410.

SERGES Wanted.—All kinds, any quantity; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 1464, 838, 9, for cash. Yellin & Rand, 15 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—American 6234, navy and black. Chelsea 7231.

SERGES Wanted.—Tan, copen; will exchange 696 black for navy. B. Lasker, 122 W. 26th.

SERGES Wanted.—6234, 104, 7301, 94, 11433; cash. Gramercy 6544.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 54289. Phone lowest cash price. Madison Square 1617.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy 0936, 50 pieces, for spot cash. Greeley 3186.

SERGES Wanted.—S. B. G. L., C. S. G., 104, 7120, 6301, and 528. Shapiro, Mad Sq. 3608.

SERGES Wanted.—6234, 6614, Spring 6266.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for messaline and wash satin, flesh only, at $1 cash. Spring 7059.

SILKS Wanted.—Stripes, radium, crepes, and fancies at a price. Pansy, 145 West 30th.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for plain or fancy close outs. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SILVERTONES, Tricotines and Coverts Wanted.—Chelsea 8989.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Tan, copen, pekin, navy, reindeer. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Looking at Spring samples. 87 5th Av., 7th floor.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing orders better made suits and coats. Call all week, 4th floor, 48 West 25th St.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Uhlrich & Donaldson, similar cloth navy and colored; state quantity and best price. M. G., Box 19, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted. — Reads 5800 black and navy; also black, tan, reindeer, Pekin velours. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar for spot cash; call with samples. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th St., 12th floor.

TRICOTINES Wanted. — Garfield's 4718, Spring shades. Farragut 8757.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Velour poplins, Poiret twills; Spring shades. Mad. Sq. 2094.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield 4718, all colors. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—4718 navy. Shapiro, Madison Square 3609.

TRICOTINE Wanted. — Andrews's, tan, for cash. Greeley 2263.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield, or similar make, in Spring shades. Tel. Gram. 5907.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Fisher, Kennedy, 3400 style; bring samples. Shaff & Mandel, 134 West 37th St.

VELOUR Wanted.—Reindeer, American 032, U. S. 838; reasonable; cash. Schulman Bros., 104 West 27th. Farragut 3440.

VELOURS, Poplins Wanted.—Spring shades; for spot cash. Farragut 3708.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweights in brown. Shapiro, Madison Square 3610.

VELOURS Wanted. — 544, 13009, 11050, also 12075, at a price, for cash. Chelsea 4618.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—24 inch, twill back, all colors. Phone Schwarcz, Mad. Sq. 8644.

VELVETS Wanted.—Light shades of millinery velvet, for cash. Spring 7934.

VELOURS Wanted. — Botany, high shades. Call Spring 696.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open for quantity all-wool plaids, 62766 Stevens's, and others. Spring 6102.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

ARMY BLANKETS.—Military camp and institution, spot delivery, various sizes and weights at less than cost to manufacture. Ginnes, 200 5th Av.

BATHROBES.—Men's, ladies', and children's of the best make at lowest prices. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 18th.

BEAVER FUR MOSS and Hudson Bay.—Reasonable. Farragut 9075.

BLANKETS.—All wool khaki and gray, 6-4 goods, $3.50. Stuyvesant 2333.

BOYS' SUITS.—Velveteen, blue, brown, 3-8; sacrifice. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St.

BROADCLOTH, F. & H., and Botany, also Spring shades velour. Farragut 5759.

COATEES.—Beaver, mole, and Baffin seal; 500 sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices, large assortment, colors and materials, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 26 St.

COATS.—Ladies', junior and children's velours and plushes; big assortment of fur-trimmed and plain, at closing-out prices. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed silvertone, pom pom, velour, plushes; sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—A few hundred Fall velour, broadcloth, and plush, to be closed out at very low prices. Singer & Son, 45 West 27th St.

COATS.—Closing out 300 smart velour coats, fur trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 W. 27th St.

COATS.—Sacrificing velours, trimmed raccoon, sealine, coney collars, $10 up. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

COATS.—Suitable for January and February sales at very low prices. Joseph Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

COATS.—200 Winter coats, fur trimmed, to close out on account of moving. Neumann, 135-137 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Smart Spring styles on hand; immediate delivery; see special at $8.50. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur-trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—500 outria shawl collars all wool pom-poms, velours, broadcloths, at a sacrifice. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—Closing out; suitable for January sales; cheap. Ulins, 37 West 32d.

COATS.—All lined fur, plush trimmed; $6 up. B. & B., 24 East 12th St.

COATS.—Job ladies' coats to close out $5.50 because of moving. Alex Kogut, 129 W. 22d.

COATS.—To close out. 500 ladies', misses', juniors'. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

COATS.—300 fur trimmed, better kind, to close out. Gottlieb, 10 West 32d.

COTTON GOODS.—Annual inventory clearance sale at remarkable low prices of odd lots second—Remnants and regular goods. Call at once for choice selection. Calbro Mills, 546-548 Broadway. Spring 814.

COTTON GOODS.—Dress manufacturer has high class new 1919 patterns for sale at a price. Mannie Solomon Co., Inc., 31 E. 31st.

COTTON GOODS.—Liquidation sale gaberdines, voile, organdie, muslin, jeans, sateens, below market. Spring 8283.

COTTON GOODS.—Voile percaline, black, gray, tan; 300 pieces, 14c net.

COTTON LINENE.—10 pieces, 42 inch, corn color; Trouville linene at 20c net cash. Gramercy 3604.

COTTON PIECE GOODS.—We offer Berwick chambray and black voiles, under market price. Canal 9520.

COTTON PONGEE.—Black; open for a quantity. Chelsea 0229.

COTTON GOODS.—Flesh and white lingerie, 30-36 inch. Rosenberg-Silver, 152 Wooster.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Three-thread ivory, flesh, navy, black; also Georgette, all colors, below market price. Madison Square 3047.

DRESSES that create sales, Spring models, all wool French serge; $5-$10.50; embroidered satins, taffetas, georgettes, $6.75-$16.50. "There is a reason." I want to be known by the values I give. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large assortment for street and afternoon wear at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 152 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersey dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESS LININGS.—Dress manufacturers; buy ready-made dress linings, cheaper and better than you make them; save time, labor and money. Farragut 8890.

DRESSES.—Immediate sacrifice before removal larger quarters; tremendous bargains; perfect merchandise. Ruby, 116 W. 29th.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—1,000 serges, taffetas, attractive prices, immediate delivery. Jacobs Bros., 153 West 15th.

DRESSES.—Wedding and party dresses, to be sold at a sacrifice. Cohen-Polowon, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Snappy styles in silks; don't fail to see our taffeta specials at $5.75. Silverman, Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Children's wash dresses, 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big value. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values, wool French serges, $6; jerseys, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, Jerseys, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 17 East 26th St.

DRESSES, 2,000 velvetians, serges, and silks, to close out, $3.75. American Shirtwaist, 151 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out, reasonable. Seid, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—Newest Spring models, for jobbers; all materials. Marietta, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Velours, $10.75, $13.75; best in market. Michael Senft, 29 West 35th.

DRESSES. — Job of 200 serge and satin dresses. Modern, 36 West 22d.

FLANNELS.—All wool green for men's wear. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

GABARDINES, Tricotines, and Poiret Twills.—Garfield's, navy and Spring shades. Chelsea 6549.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines; colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

GINGHAMS. — Amoskeag plaid, universal check, ginghams, all colors; also percales and flannels; very cheap prices. Friedman-Wallach, 71 West 23d.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES; all kinds; biggest assortment; great sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway, Madison Square 8671.

GLOVES.—On account of moving, will close 200 dozen ladies' capes, pique prix seam, gray and tan; No. 1 goods. Phone 7325 Spring, or call at 656 Broadway. Anker Glove Co.

HOSIERY.—First, second and third men's, women's and children's. Hinwich Hosiery Mills, 467 Broadway.

HOSIERY.—We offer large quantities of all grades at unusually low prices; inquiries solicited. A. Rosalsky & Bro., 547 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

HATS.—500 styles popular price children's, ladies', men's hats for domestic and export trade. Washington Mills, 56 Lispenard St.

KNEE PANTS.—Corduroy serges, and mixtures; large jobs cheap. Reliance, 130 Bleecker St.

OVERCOATING.—American 724, 25 pieces blue Melton, $2.40 net; 426, 15 pieces blue kersey, $2.50 net. Tel. Spring 2947.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

PLUSH.—Blumenthal's cravenetted plush, Hug Flagler's 1500, 13009; broadcloths and 0360; very cheap. Farragut 4479.

PLUSH.—Peerless T-10; reasonable. Farragut 9975.

POIRET TWILL.—Garfield 4976, Lorraine 3666, American poplin 90610. Farragut 5723.

POPLINS.—Andrews 6000, high shades, also navy 774, 639, Gera 503, 8158, Panama 7802, Amoskeag, also gabardines. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS.—Cheap, American, 6609½; Dobson's, 508; Brightwood, 4916; Scotia, 0302. Gramercy 4404.

POPLINS AND VELOURS, high shades American and Andrews 09070, 0696; serge cheap. Gramercy 1074.

POPLIN.—90610, 06077, 946, 8158, 774, 4809, black, navy, below market price. Gramercy 6544.

RAINCOATS. — Ladies' single textured, to close out. Model Raincoat Co., 135 W. 26th.

SATIN.—Ulrich and Donaldson's, quality 211, navy, black, and taupe. Chelsea 6549.

SECO SILK, 25c.; voiles and organdies, mercerized, 15 cases, 18c.; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES.—Whitman's 1209, 50c; 87, 85c; 3, $1.50; 99, $1.90; 9, $2; 774, $1.80; Amoskeag 6301, $1.35; 7614, $1.55; 6614, $1.45; 6122, $1.35; 7120, $1.50; 7512, $1.75; American 0936, $2.25; 6709½, $1.35; Botany 780, $1.60; 11433, $1.75; 809, $1.90; Garfield's 528, $1.65; Gera 925, $2; 9056, $1.65; Julliard 4061, $1; 54289, $1.45; U. S. 838, $2.30; 235, $2.40. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Tel. Spring 6311, 6312.

SERGES, poplins and gabardines; 54289, 4059, 4060, 4408, American 0009, 0696, 6009, Broadhead 500, 3700, Jamestown 7302, 9605, Geras 7008, 9056, 10388, 10708, 2137, Pacific WFX, CFL, Barney, Adross & Scotias poplins, Whitman's 1210, 1209, 3, 774, Atlas gabardines. Raymond Woolen Co., 251 4th Av. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—Also high shades and black, 0936, 09070, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, 7120, 8158, Botany 809, 1464, 7008, WFX, MFL., 528, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, PPL., BPNL., American poplins 90610, 06077. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES, Poplins, Broadcloths, and Velours. —519, W. F. X., 4632, 3703, Newports, 11433, Cleveland 9288, M. F. L. 4860, 1080, Madison Square 651.

SERGES.—838, 235, 104, 113, 528, 519, 11433, 7120, 54289, 9, 1209, VSL 04, 809, 6120, WFX 1210, 774, 4860, 777, 227. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1980.

SERGES.—Navy, black, and high shades, 1464, 519, 809, 7614, 3703, Walworths. Hyman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—Whitman's 99, navy, No. 0, copen, green, brown; Stevens, 3850 navy; quantities to close out. Phone Gramercy 3445.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 800, 11433, WFX 500, 7202, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6009, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES; all kinds; biggest assortment; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES.—American, 10-ounce navy, cheap, good for women's wear or boy's clothing. Chelsea 4976.

SERGES.—11433, $1.80; 1464, $1.82½; 54289, $1.45; 7120, $1.50, net 70 days. Madison Square 5669.

SERGES.—American Woolen Co. 09070, navy, 40 pieces at $2.22½ net cash. Gramercy 2795.

SERGES.—All brands, all numbers, below market price. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 202.

SERGES, Garfield's 819, Andrews's 1464, American 09709; Dunmore 0351, 0360. Orchard 8744.

SERGES, poplins, gabardines, Spring shades velours 519, 9056, 9288, 0609, 54289, 06077, 090610, 3421, 774, 10764. Farragut 2951.

SERGES.—54289, 3665, WFX, 764 8, 0609, 3850, 838, and other numbers. Gramercy 3001.

SERGES.—4040, all colors, 44, 42, 40, 36-inch, double and single warp, at right price. Madison Square 848.

SERGES.—09070, 0036, 9, 99, 11433, 519, 7120, 54292, 54289, quantities, very cheap. Grossman Bros. Madison Square 4620.

SERGES.—54289, 7120, 519, 528, 99, 09070, 235, 1464, 3663, 1210, Newport, below market price. Gramercy 6544.

SERGES. — 6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.55; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.17½. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—Cotton warp, all colors and widths, very cheap. Greeley 4376.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 99, 11433, 0609, 54274, 9240, 642, 3665, on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES.—54289, navy, 75 pieces, $1.87½ net cash. Gramercy 5721.

SERGE.—No. 925 Gera, 15 pcs.; No. 787 Gera, 47 pcs.; all navy. Call Orchard 6310.

SERGES.—7120, 528, 1464, 1210, 54289, 3665; all shades; reasonable. Spring 4369.

SERGE.—09070, 10 pieces navy; best cash offer accepted. Chelsea 4676.

SERGE.—7120, original tickets, navy; will sell cheap; 30 pieces. Greeley 3535.

SERGES.—Gilbert's 8200, 809, 519, very cheap. Madison Square 8508.

SERGES.—838, 09070, 0609, 11433; Poplins, Poiret twills, Velours. Madison Sq. 9837.

SERGES.—American 0609, Jamestown's 3702, 7502, very reasonable. Chelsea 1914.

SERGES.—U. S. 838, 235, Garfield's 4718, tricotine. Farragut 5723.

SERGES. — Whitman's 94, 10 pieces navy. Ettenson Zalud, 11 W. 32d.

SERGES.—S B G L, 0609, Gera 787, 2205, 235, 820; also gabardine. Stuyvesant 7843.

SERGES.—All wool, 36 inches, 4002-87 Whitman, 75c. Telephone Farragut 3489.

SHANTUNG SILK.—15 pieces, 33 inches, in all shades, to close out. Chel. 7064.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch width. X 304 Times Annex.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, flies, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILK FAILLE LUSTRE, Susquehanna, all shades; price reasonable. Madison Square 2604.

SILK. — Sacrifice sale 100 pieces stripes, plaids, plain taffeta and satin. 3 W. 29th, Room 701. Madison Square 654.

SKIRTS to close out on account of intending removal; great quantity of faille silk, silk novelties, serges, Panamas, &c.; prices radically reduced, $2 and up. Heisch & Breit, 18 West 27th St.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—Poplins, $2 up; silks, $2.25 up; immediate delivery. New York Silk Garment Co., 1,140 Broadway.

SKIRTS, wool and silk, to close out; Spring line ready, clever styles, good values. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

SKIRTS.—2,000 to close out; cloths and silks. Albert Skirt, 142 West 26th.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TRICOTINES.—Will sell for cash, Garfield 4718, rookie, tan, Copen, black, also Arthur Joel navy, black. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINE, Walther's 1917 navy only, $3.75 net cash. Murray Hill 6907.

TRICOTINES.—Black, navy, tan, rookie gray Pekin, $3.20. Farragut 5759.

VELOURS, checks, Oxfords, 0936, 11433; cheap. Greeley 6942.

VELOURS.—Stevens's high shades, Fisher Kennedy tweed. Chelsea 6018.

VELVETEENS.—Green, burgundy, navy, and black, straight and twill back; cheap. Freedman, 31 Hester St. Orchard 5370.

VELOURS, American 032, reindeer, taupe, clay, brown. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

VELVETEENS.—29-inch, straight back, good colors; reasonable. Kemptner Lambert, 254 4th Av. Gramercy 7000.

VENETIANS.—300 pieces 32 and 54 inch imported Venetian to close out below market price. Phone Spring 0265.

WAISTS.—For immediate delivery, a variety of styles in crepe de chine and georgette waists, from $2.25. Pride Waist Company, 329 5th Av., City.

WAISTS.—600 dozen, $18 to $24 voiles to sell at a sacrifice. Queen Waist Co., Inc., 246 5th Av.

WOOLENS. — Men's, ladies' overcoatings, shepherd check, mixtures, at a price. Gramercy 6648.

Contracts Offered.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors on georgette and satin dresses, better kind, call with samples between 1 and 3. Paramount Costume Co., 132 Madison Av.

CONTRACTORS Wanted on wash skirts. Call all week, bring samples, 26 West 17th St., Room 300.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

Allied Industries.

ADDRESSOGRAPH with ten thousand plates and names cheap. Seader Bros., 145 West 30th St.

Cameron cutting machine, 42 inch; Model 24; nearly new; for sale cheap. Guthman, Solmon & Co., 100 West 31st St.

CANVAS CUFF LEGGINGS.—600 dozen, regular and rubberized. E. Simon Halpern Co., 121 West 17th.

CHEVRONS.—Scarlet and blue felt, in quantities, price $2.88 per gross; gold and silver imported braid in quantities, $8 per gross; campaign bars at lowest prices. Farragut 9340.

CHEVRONS.—Gold and silver French braid; also campaign bars, division insignias, citation cords, embroidered stars. I. Klein & Co., 104 5th Av. Farragut 5768.

CHEVRONS.—Buy direct from manufacturer supplying Government; gold, silver, $4 gross, scarlet, blue, $2.75, large quantities only. La France, 120 5th Av.

CHEVRONS.—Red and blue felt, $3.25 a gross, immediate delivery. Clinton Novelty Co., 21 East 14th. Telephone 2153 Stuyvesant.

CLOAK RACKS AND HANGERS Wanted—Also showroom fixtures. Mad. Sq. 5671.

COAT RACKS Wanted, movable iron. Farragut 2406.

DRUMMER TRUNKS Wanted.—Suitable for children's bathrobe line. Apply Lexiton Mfg. Co., 1,182 Broadway. Phone Mad. Sq. 7135.

For Sale.—Office and showroom partitions, cutting tables, pressing plant; low price to quick buyer; moving this week. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

RUGS.—Two, 25 feet by 8½, for office, slightly imperfect; value $275 each; heavy Wilton velvet, Oriental design; price $100 each. Bach & Co., 40 Amsterdam Av.

Singer sewing machines, No. 4413, with tables complete; also 1, 2, and 3 horse power motors for sale cheap. Guthman, Solomon & Co., 100 West 31st.

STOCK SHELVES, suitable for piece goods to close out cheap. Becker Textile Co., 27 East 22d.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN Wanted.—One to cover the entire South and one to cover the New England States, by large ladies' and misses' coat house, carrying stock for immediate delivery; do not apply unless you have sold goods in the above territories and can show past record of large sales; we want big men; commission basis. Morris Nagel & Co., Inc., 105 Madison Av., New York.

SALESMAN.—Millinery man wanted who is well acquainted with manufacturers of trimmed hats to handle line of ready-made hat linings; commission basis; big money for right man. L. H. Bandeau Co., 648 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Resident buyer wanted by manufacturer specializing capes and suits, better grade merchandise, popular prices; employ no road salesmen; all territories open; opportunity; commission basis. R. H., 110 Times.

SALESMEN to handle line of ruffilings in connection with one kindred line, territories, small towns in the South, Northwest, and Far West, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington; commission basis. Freydberg Bros., 85 5th Av.

SALESMEN wanted for cloaks and suits; only those that have good following need apply; special inducements to right parties; salary or commission. Waldman, 1,161 Broadway.

SALESMEN to handle high-class line of small children's dresses; commission basis. Rosenthal-Levine, 29 East 22d.

SALESMAN covering Middle West, take side line novelty infants' ware; occupy small space; commission basis. S 67 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¾ per cent. for the best names
Saturday..5@5¼ " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Trimmings Going Well.

One of the local trimming manufacturers who returned from the West during the latter part of last week says that conditions were never more favorable for dress trimmings. When the season first opened it was thought that there would be comparatively few calls for fringes. But, as it happened, there has been a big sale for these goods in all colors. In almost every section of the country both large and small stores are buying very heavily. Many repeat orders have been received, especially from the Pacific Coast. On the new evening gowns floral trimmings in applique effects and bunches of grapes are being used quite extensively.

Broad Silk Neckwear Also Sells.

Although men's knitted silk neckwear is being bought more extensively this season by the retail stores, it appears that in some cases broad silks are more in demand. One manufacturer said yesterday that out of $7,000 worth of neckwear sold by him last week only $90 represented knitted goods. For the Spring season black and white stripes are again being introduced. They are shown in alternate stripes and with black backgrounds with small white stripes running through the solid color. Both in and outside of the city these goods have met with much favor.

Orders for House Dresses.

Salesmen representing manufacturers of women's house dresses who are now showing the new lines in the South and West are receiving some good sized orders for Spring delivery. Outside of the city there is very little discussion in regard to the price of the merchandise. In fact, the orders that are now being placed are as large, and in some cases larger, than those received last year. In the local trade the buying has started a little earlier and is said to be quite heavy.

Knit Goods Prices Not Binding.

Wallace J. Ross, Secretary of the Knit Goods Manufacturers of the United States, calls attention to the fact that no official or binding action has been taken with regard to prices for the next heavyweight season. The manufacturers who took part in the conference with the jobbers on Friday last acted merely in their individual capacity and simply made a recommendation. This will be discussed by the association at a meeting to be held this week, when action may be taken. Meanwhile, selling agents in this city were busy yesterday showing their goods to would-be buyers, who, while seeming confident of obtaining guarantees against reductions of price, did not do much purchasing, according to accounts.

Hosiery Conditions Unsettled.

Conditions are still very unsettled in the hosiery trade. One of the firms said yesterday that many cancellations are being received from retailers who are under the impression that merchandise of this kind can be bought cheaper later on. Heavy goods are moving very slowly; in fact, much difficulty is had in selling them at all. Despite these conditions, there is a very optimistic feeling regarding the outlook for the future. It is said that during the next two months the retailers will have to come in the market for the light weight goods, especially in women's silk hosiery.

BUSINESS RECORDS.

In Town.

THE SYDNEY CO., Sigmund Bornfriend and Hyman Gray, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, individually and as co-partners trading as The Sydney Co., hat frames, at 656 Broadway, with liabilities of $1,918, and no assets. Among the largest creditors are: The Adams Mfg. Co., $448; Atlas Buckrum Co., $424, and James Thompson Co., $314.

BOULEVARD COMPANY, INC., printers and stationers, at 415 Fourth Av., has assigned to Gordon Cameron.

LOUIS GOLDMAN, a jobber in cloaks and suits, at 1,140 Broadway, has effected a composition with creditors on a 25 per cent. basis; 10 per cent. in cash, and 15 per cent. in two notes of 7½ per cent. each, payable in three and six months. Liabilities $14,752, and assets $8,065.

Judge Mayer has granted discharges to the following bankrupts:

JACOB BROWN, waists, 33 Allen St.

VERONINE VESTOFF, dancing teacher, 28 East 46th St.

JACOB COHEN, manufacturer clothing, 611 Broadway.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Edward J. Kirley, a hotel keeper of Boonville, filed a petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $12,627 and assets of $3,000.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Adams, Albert J.—C. B. Knight....$853.80
Adams, Daniel, and Robert Findlay—George H. Rives Mfg. Co....1,052.65
Bullock, Sarah—J. Luria....453.18
Beck, Isidor—John J. Felin & Co....268.45
Barr & Co.—Equitable Contracting Co....903.25
Cristiano, Antonio, and National Surety Co.—People, &c....3,000.00
Conroy, Isabella, and Helen Wagshol—People, &c....100.00
Carmody, John, and National Surety Co.—People, &c....3,000.00
Cohen, Joseph—B. Levine et al., costs..108.95
Dougherty, John G.—Golano Pub. Co....945.10
Dorsey, Rose, and Harry Harris—People, &c....500.00
Frazer, Everett W., and Richard (Warner-Fraser Co.)—Peninsular Trading Agency....1,529.89
Hobart, Geo. V.—Greenhut Co....3,453.38
Hellmuth, Margaretha and George—F. Herrmann....1,731.30
Horwitz, Arthur J.—M. Brozen....261.41
Horwitz, Arthur J., and Sophia Livingston—Be Glad Const. Co....302.57
Harbison Co.—W. Ritterholt....8,540.14
Importers & Traders Building Co.—Greenlie-Holliday Co....808.40
Jefferson Tungston Co.—J. G. Lang.3,026.59
J. R. Building Co., Inc., and Jacob Reich—B. C. Mitchell....274.81
Same—William Buess, Inc....1,355.17
J. R. Building Co.—B. C. Mitchell....287.54
Same—W. Hauptmann....261.05
Klein, Henry—S. W. Moskowitz....526.05
Kessler, Jacob—C. G. Behre....124.20
Klatzkie, Isidor—Fidelity Deposit Co. of Md., costs....108.95
Kaufman, Louis J. and Anna—Mechanics' Bank....319.85
Louis Pizitz Dry Goods Co.—C. Baitler et al....490.93
Mitchell, Anna G., and National Surety Co.—People, &c....300.00
Medlin, Fannie and Samuel—M. I. Eisfeld....310.28
Melonel, Frances—B. Altman & Co....442.28
Maryland Casualty Co.—Victory Cont. Corp....105.00
Million Brothers Co.—John C. Orr Co..274.64
Maynard, Harry L.—Oppenheimer, Collins & Co....372.88
Owens, Geo. E.—Gimbel Bros., N. Y...353.02
Oppenheim, Morris—H. A. Siegel, costs.119.07
Preferred Investing Co. — Moskowitz et al....3,883.46
Progressive Smelting & Metal Corp—A. R. Mosler, costs....123.90
Russell, Winter—C. Ettinger....405.70
Rosenberg, Nathaniel J.—Continental Bank of New York....845.70
Resnick, Morris J.—B. Goldschmidt....178.61
Scopas, Stelianos and Athanasia—New Amsterdam Casualty Co....1,000.00
Saul Rennick, Inc.—Cross & Brown Co.195.02
Sternlieb, Sam—V. Loewers Gambrinus Brewery Co....916.32
Scopas, James, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People, &c....1,000.00
Smith, Charles (Smith Cont. Co.)—Edison Portland Cement Co....2,259.62
Schnatz, Barbara—G. J. Schnatz....198.05
Sherwood, Wm. B.—Western Newspaper Union....124.50
Sanitol Realty Co., Boris Jacobson, Meyer E. Jenko, and Sam London—L. Fishman....669.65
Trottoa, Pasquale, and Maryland Casualty Co.—Victory Cont. Co....5,498.95
Tietjen, R. Wilbur—N. Y. County National Bank....542.79
Triola, Antonio—T. Groman et al....525.50
Thrush, Henry—J. Goodman....223.98
Van Nostrand, Rollins H.—T. C. Hollander....151.45
White, Olive H.—B. Altman & Co..18,033.12
Wheeler, Albert G., Jr.—C. T. Wheeler, costs....112.78
Weill, Harry S.—Lincoln Trust Co..3,034.59

In Bronx County.

De Lorenzo, Frederick—L. Capallo....$53.72
De Mayo, Julia—F. B. Hill....49.94
Feuereisen, Julius as Guardian—E. M. Jueter....78.03
Jaffe, Jacob—M. Boiky....103.68
Kay, Bernard—M. Reffes et al....75.72
Same—Same....27.72
North Side Storage Warehouse Co.—L. Gorsky as admr....90.39
Schroth, Ernest H.—C. Schwartz....68.20
Stark, Meyer M.—E. Steuer....12.78
Zanelle, Cecelia — Friestadt Underpinning Co....399.26

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Doscher, Henry S.—E. S. Phelps et al., Dec. 10, 1918....$187.62
Same—same, Feb. 26, 1918....124.17
Nista Const. Co.—T. A. Thorn & Co., June 11, 1918....1,411.50
Diskin, Hyman—L. Kresner, Dec. 2, 1918....390.41
Parr Mfg. Corp.—S. Avram et al., Dec. 20, 1918, (vacated)....329.20
Live Leather Belt Co.—Eagle Ottawa Leather Co., Dec. 19, 1918....109.21
Nicholls, Wm. H.—Detroit Hoist & Machine Co., March 18, 1918....214.88
E. Z. Walk Mfg. Co.—Atlantic Wood Heel Co., Oct. 17, 1918....245.56
Same—same, Jan. 10, 1919....245.65
Reilly, Thomas F.—City of N. Y., Dec. 17, 1909, (vacated)....206.89
Same—same, May 28, 1914, (vacated)..259.80
Same—same, May 27, 1915, (vacated)..258.72
Same—same, Feb. 5, 1909, (vacated)..210.80

In Bronx County.

Hagen, August—H. Blossom, Dec. 9, 1917....$107.00

SERGES AND POPLINS

In Stock for Immediate Delivery

Whitman's 1209		Serge	$ .50
"	87	"	.85
"	3	"	1.50
"	99	"	1.90
"	9	"	2.00
"	774	Poplin	1.80
Amoskeag's 6301		Serge	1.35
"	7301	"	1.45
"	7614	"	1.55
"	6614	"	1.45
"	6122	"	1.35
"	7120	"	1.50
"	7512	"	1.75
American's 0936		"	2.25
"	6709½	Poplin	1.35
Botany's	780	Serge	1.60
"	11433	"	1.75
"	809	"	1.90
Garfield's	528	"	1.65
Gera's	925	"	2.00
"	9056	"	1.65
Juilliard's	4061	"	1.00
"	54289	"	1.45
U. S.'s	838	"	2.30
"	235	"	2.40

L. Finkelstein & Sons

696-702 Broadway, N. Y.

Spring 6311 Spring 6312

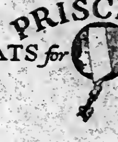
ROSENTHAL BROTHERS COMPANY

44-50 WEST 28th ST. NEW YORK

WAISTS of COTTON

We have specialized in this line for years. That means RELIABILITY, as well as Correct styles, Good materials, Careful finish, Moderate prices. See our line of stout sizes also. Famous for fit and finish.

PRISCILLA COATS for MISSES



Priscilla Coats for Misses excel in style and workmanship, but they sell at popular prices. That means quantity sales and corresponding profits. It will pay you to pay us a visit. Come in today.

H. COLDWATER & COMPANY

36-40 WEST 25th STREET NEW YORK CITY

COATS OF THE BETTER KIND FOR LADIES & MISSES

2 Up 1 Down

The two features which are decidedly "up" in these handsome new coats designed for discriminating Ladies and Misses are Style and Workmanship.

The part that's down is PRICE!

GOLDMAN and REICH

127 West 26th Street

New York City

DRESSES

$13.75 and $16.75

OUR BUSINESS—YOUR BUSINESS

It is our special business to produce extraordinarily good dresses at $13.75 and $16.75.

It is your business to look them over and awake to their tremendous selling strength.

Crepe Meteors, Taffeta, Georgette, Serge, Wool Jerseys, Persian Crepe

On Our Racks—Ready to Ship.

GINSBERG BROS.

6-8 West 32nd ST.

NEW YORK

Our success is founded on fine workmanship, perfect fit and exceptionally big values.

Dresses of

Crepe de Chine Foulard
Georgette Jersey
Taffeta Serge

On the Racks

$8.75 to $24.50

IDEAL GARMENT CO.

18 West 33rd St.

New York

Stout Dresses

$9.75 to $25.00

Newest Spring Models on hand for Immediate Delivery

LINDE & RUBIN

129 West 27th St.

COOPER & GRAPES COATS AND SUITS

Having Outgrown Present Quarters Announce Their New Location 30 and 34 West 26th Street

N. B.—Watch for Opening Announcement.

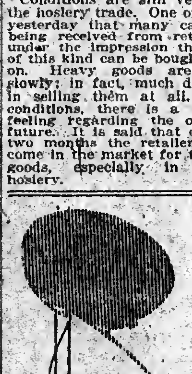
Are You Looking For a

Distinctive Show-Room

on Fifth Avenue near the Waldorf?

There's a handsomely decorated distinctively appointed show-room on Fifth Avenue between 32nd and 33rd Streets. It is just what some manufacturer of toilet goods, millinery or women's apparel is looking for. Little if any alteration would be necessary. Beautiful fixtures and handsome furnishings are already installed.

This space, including showroom, small office suite and shipping or work room, may be subleased with option of renewing lease at an exceedingly reasonable rental. Phone Murray Hill 2764 for an appointment to inspect the premises.



F. F. Models

FULL FORM SUITS & COATS for stout Women

Although the product of scientific designing and cutting by specialists who have made a study of this one thing, F. F. Models are no more expensive than ordinary sizes and your greatly increased sales make them really more profitable.

BERNSTEIN, BAUM DA COSTA CO.,

38 W. 32ND ST., N. Y.

13th Floor,

22nd & Arch St., Phila.

See the Liliputian Style Show

B.W. WASH-TOGS

TOTS' COLORED DRESSES

BABY BOYS' SUITS

ROMPERS — CREEPERS

From $9.00 to $36.00 Doz.

The B.W. Company

73 Fifth Ave.

Cor. 15th St.

Tel. Stuy. 5432 NEW YORK

Princess Dress House

COSTUMES AND DRESSES

19-21 WEST 34th STREET

New York

We Are Moving Jan. 25

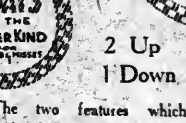
to 25-29 West 31st St.

Every dress on our racks must be sold for a QUICK TURNOVER.

"Princess" Dresses

in silk, jersey and serge are in great demand. Quite a good many large sizes featured at ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Telephone 3395 / 9142 Farragut



Duchess Frocks

Youthful, buoyant styles that appeal instantly to women, misses, and juniors. Values unrivalled. In All Fashionable Fabrics, $13.75 to $37.75

Fine Selection for Immediate Shipment.

Little Duchess Dress Co

19 West 34th St., N. Y.

Auctions.

Special peremptory sale of the entire stock of

SHONINGER BROS.

In Liquidation

Inventoried at over $250,000.00

Today, Tuesday, Jan. 21st, and Tom'w, Wednesday, Jan. 22d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. each day on the premises, 881 Broadway (at 19th St.), N. Y. C.

This offering will comprise in part complete lines of

Valenciennes, Venice, Net top, Calais, Nottingham, St. Gall, and domestic laces; also a large asst. of Paris and Lyons Novelty, metal and beaded laces; also a large quantity of chiffons, georgettes, nets, white goods, etc., etc., all in original packages.

Also quantity of merchandise in bond. The reputation of this firm for carrying high-class goods has been supreme for years, and the quantities of merchandise included in this offering are of such magnitude and variety that every up-to-date concern in the United States should be represented at this sale.

The Entire Fixtures

(all cabinet work), consisting of over 200 hardwood tables, partitions, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, about a dozen Oriental and domestic rugs, and contents of the shipping department, together with over 100 high grade electric lighting fixtures, will be sold on Wednesday, Jan. 22nd, P. M.

A. SCHAAP AND SONS AUCTION DEPT., 894 Broadway, N. Y. C. Phone Franklin 42-43.

H. A. MILLER & SONS will sell at public auction, by Frank Tindyck, auctioneer, 180 pieces of Florence Taffeta, comprising about 7,000 yards, for and on account of the Superior Petticoat Co., of 128 West 22nd Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 21st, 1919, at 10 A. M., at the office of H. A. Miller & Sons, 473 Broadway, New York City.

DRESSES
The Most Advanced Modes for Spring Consisting of
TAFFETAS
METEORS
SERGES
GEORGETTES
JERSEYS

YOU SHOULD SEE OUR NO. 255
Crepe Meteor Dress at $12.75

OUR MOTTO:
"The right thing at the right time."
Deliveries at Once.

BRONNER BROS. & HADRA
18 West 27th St.
NEW YORK.

Leading Dresses and Dress Leaders

We offer such splendid dresses that you'll regret you didn't buy from us during the many years past.

Come in and look at them. We have an ample stock always ready, in
Taffeta Serge
Georgette
Wool Jersey
$13.75 to $27.50

LEADING DRESS COSTUME COMPANY
63-65 West 36th St. New York City

Guilty!
Denzer & Nathan
found guilty of producing such excellent
SATEENS
that they are the talk of the entire Cotton Goods world.
611-21 Broadway, New York

DRESSES
SUITS
COATS
SKIRTS
WAISTS
ETC.
We Sell Only Jobbers
NEW SPRING SHOWING
BEST MANUFACTURERS ARE REPRESENTED
Mr. & MRS. L. N. CRAKOW
1210 Broadway, N. Y.

SEE ROSNER FIRST
Stout & Maternity Dresses
at popular prices
ROSNER DRESS HOUSE
106-108 WEST 32d ST.
NEW YORK
SAM ROSNER
LOUIS COHEN

BIG BARGAINS
IN SPRING
COATS-SUITS-CAPES
Prompt Deliveries—Special Prices.
EHRLICH BROS.
28 E. 10th St. Stuyvesant 5562.

COOPER & GRAPES
COATS AND SUITS
Having Outgrown Present Quarters
Announce Their New Location
30 and 34 West 26th Street
N. B.—Watch for Opening Announcement.

SPIRAL PUTTEES
OVERSEA CAPS
Large Quantities—Small Prices
PANAMA KNITTING MILLS
PHONE CANAL 1830. 440 CANAL ST.

IMPORTED WHITE GOODS—LIKE LINEN.
N. & M. Co's English Suiting
ORIGINAL WHITEROSE MEDIUM WEIGHT
A. E. Nathan Co., Inc., 68-72 Leonard St., N. Y.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS. Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo.—and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 238 CE.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

ALLIANCE, Ohio—W. E. Davis; Miss Rue, ready to wear; 6 West 32d.
AMARILLO, Texas—J. Levy; S. R. Isaacson, ready-to-wear; 1,123 Broadway.
ARDMORE, Okla.—Westheimer & Daube; Miss E. Carmen, millinery; 110 W. 32d.
ARDMORE, Okla.—Westheimer & Daube; M. Westheimer, S. Daube, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.
ATLANTA, Ga.—"Frohsin's"; J. Frohsin, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
ATLANTA, Ga.—McClure Ten-Cent Co.; Mrs. N. B. Stevens, millinery; Broztell.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Smith & Higgins; J. C. Cook, millinery, women's garments; 1,161 B'way; Breslin.
AUSTIN, Texas—T. H. Williams & Co.; Miss P. Davis, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, piece goods; Imperial.
BALTIMORE — Fribush Bros.; L. Fribush, piece goods; Wallick.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; W. B. Stanton, house furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; W. F. Coggins, G. V. Schort, notions; 354 4th Av.
BATTLE CREEK, Mich.—The Specialty Store; J. Seaman, notions; Imperial.
BESSEMER, Ala.—Erlich & Lefkowitz; L. Lefkowitz, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.
BISHOPVILLE, S. C.—Stafford Dry Goods Co.; W. E. Stafford, dry goods, notions; Imperial.
BOSTON—"Butler's"; J. R. Griffith, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell Co.; G. E. Miller, furs; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; G. W. Little, children's dresses, rompers, basement; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Dworet & Co.; Z. Dworet, hosiery, knit goods, children's dresses, waists; Latham.
BOSTON—L. P. Hollander & Co.; J. H. Duer, coats, suits, waists; 550 5th Av.
BOSTON—"Hallparn's"; Mrs. Wilson, silk dresses; Prince George.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss Hirsch, waists; Miss Wall, infants' wear; Mr. Guest, gloves; Miss E. C. Calbeart, ladies' neckwear, basement; Miss Keltner, underwear, house dresses; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filenes Sons Co.; Miss Peck, women's undermuslin, bloomers, petticoats; Mr. Hunting, women's coats; Miss Milliken, infants' wear; Mr. Beekman, machine-made dresses. Basement buyers: Miss Sweeney, millinery; Mr. Silverman, skirts, sweaters; Mr. Kiley, women's, misses' dresses; Mr. O'Brien, women's, misses' coats, suits; Mr. Tobey, shoes; Miss Dart, infants' wear, house dresses, kimonos; Mr. Lynch, petticoats; Mr. Hahn, jewelry, leather goods; Mr. Goodhue, women's children's gloves; Mr. Cooper, general mdse; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; O. Hitchcock, men's clothing; S. J. Styffe, men's furn. goods; F. H. Jury, inexpensive dresses; S. E. Emery, women's cotton underwear, petticoats; Miss D. E. Feeley, misses' waists; Miss M. G. Cronin, infants' wear; F. S. Lawson, toilet goods, cutlery; P. Keefe, misses' coats; Miss K. Maddock, children's millinery; B. C. Hawkins, rugs, carpets; basement buyers: Miss L. McCarthy, waists; J. Keough, men's clothing; Miss L. Ludwig, infants' wear; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—L. P. Hollander & Co.; J. H. Duer, cloaks, suits waists; 550 5th Av.
BOSTON—W. H. White Co.; Miss A. A. Murphy, women's gowns; 470 4th Av.
BOZEMAN, Mon.—O. A. Mull, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
BRADDOCK, Penn.—"Mendel's"; Miss E. Mendel, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
BRENHAM, Texas—Curtis & Co.; A. Y. Curtis, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way; Grand.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—T. S. Buerger & Son; T. E. Buerger, men's, women's furn. goods; T. S. Buerger, hosiery, knit goods; Breslin.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; A. D. Wilhelm, housefurnishing goods; W. Mutter, blankets, comforters; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; C. B. Stanburn, rugs; 43 Leonard.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; O. J. Deitsche, toys, trunks; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; R. E. Evans, housefurnishing goods; H. Burns, men's hats; Miss A. L. Hess, misses' coats, suits, infants' wear; 2 W. 37th.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—C. Denecke, Inc.; F. J. Schroder, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
CHATTANOOGA—Model Store; M. Feld, millinery, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.
CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; J. R. Weymouth, housefurn. goods, carpets; 1,150 B'way; York.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Miss M. A. Koepke, furnishing goods, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Alexander Woolen Co.; I. Cohn, woolens; Broadway Central.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. G. Houston, corsets, yarns, Japanese goods; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—E. Strassburger & Co.; E. Strassburger, coats, suits; Breslin.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss M. B. Clements, women's coats, sport garments; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—L. Klein, Inc.; Miss Hyman, muslin underwear; 1,133 B'way.
CHICAGO—The Fair; Mrs. G. Smith, millinery; basement; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. P. Thorne, toys; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; J. J. Enright, silks, dress goods; 470 4th Av.
CHICAGO—R. W. K. Co.; H. Rothschild, ivory, celluloid articles, dolls; 31 Union Square, Room 301.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co., Mr. Stonehill, millinery; [illegible] B'way.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss M. Brown, confectionery; R. E. Doolan, women's muslin underwear; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; L. H. Crawford, hosiery, underwear; E. L. Curtis, work shirts, men's furn. goods; Mr. Erb, representing; J. J. McHugh, representing; J. P. Thomas, underwear; E. F. Walker, representing; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss Hondle, millinery; basement; 13 East 22d.
CHICAGO—Ederheimer, Stern Co.; S. Stern, piece goods; 200 5th Av.
CHICAGO—D. S. Komis & Co.; D. S. Komis, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—H. & S. Pogue; A. Rogers, women's suits, furs; 266 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—The Fair Store Co.; H. Alexander, piece goods; 23 East 26th.
CINCINNATI—The Rollman & Sons; Miss M. V. Wenzel, suits, coats, dresses, skirts; Waldorf-Astoria.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—J. Loeb & Co.; J. Loeb, millinery; 621 M'way, Room 301.
CINCINNATI—Reins & Meiss Co.; J. Reins, laces, embroideries, notions; 17 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; W. Plummer, domestics; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—The Lindner Co.; J. J. Kelly, cloaks, suits, dresses; Park Av.
CLEVELAND—Klein, Lichtenstein & Co.; M. F. Klein, wholesale men's; 86 Franklin.
CLEVELAND — May Co.; Miss Berger, misses' dresses; 27 West 26th.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; P. Hirsch, Spring suits; Miss Cohen, jobs dresses, Spring dresses; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss Vincent, jobs Georgette waists; 470 4th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Green-Joyce Co.; R. J. Hamer, domestics, blankets, rugs; 258 Church; Breslin.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Fashion Co.; W. L. Payne, ready-to-wear; Mr. Riley, shoes; Collingwood.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—A. D. Friedman, coats, suits; J. Kraus, ready-to-wear; 246 5th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Bornheim & Cohen; C. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Eugene Gray; Miss A. White, coats, suits, dresses; Vanderbilt.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Fashion Co.; Miss G. Doyle, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Greene, Joyce Co.; J. A. Salle, men's furn. goods; P. A. Schneider, notions, laces, ribbons; 258 Church.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Mr. Kridel, waists, basement; Miss Gove, furs; Miss L. Galentin, coats, suits, skirts; Mr. Doody, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av.
CONCORD, N. C.—Parks, Belk Co.; Miss M. Brown, ladies' wear; 116 W. 32d; Aberdeen.
CORSICANA, Texas—Brown Hat Co.; H. C. Brown, millinery; Herald Square.
DAVENPORT, Iowa—Bon Ton Millinery Co.; S. Langebein, millinery; McAlpin.
DAYTON, Ohio—Ogus, Rabinovich & Ogus; A. Rohr, millinery; 35 W. 39th.
DAYTON—Rike, Kumler Co.; C. Schram, hair goods; 225 5th Av.
DENISON, Texas—J. W. Madden Co.; S. R. Parks, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.
DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; Miss J. Tompkins, hosiery; 23 East 26th.
DENVER—Neusteter Co.; Miss B. Snyder, coats, suits, dresses; 364 5th Av.
DENVER, Col.—Daniels & Fisher Stores; M. K. Rodman, women's, children's underwear, hosiery, children's, infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear knit, fabric gloves; 71 West 23d.
DENVER, Col.—Denver Dry Goods Co.; Miss Z. Russell, house dresses, negligees, aprons; 200 5th Av.
DES MOINES, Iowa—Wilkins Bros. Co.; W. G. Coe, domestics, wash goods; 1,270 B'way.
DES MOINES, Iowa — Younker Bros.; E. Cardon, waists, skirts, petticoats; 303 5th Av.
DETROIT—The Emporium; F. E. Bailey, shoes; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT, Mich.—Crowley Bros.; F. C. Feckenscher, hosiery, underwear, shirts; 43 Leonard.
DETROIT—Banner, Garment Mfg. Co.; I. Cohen, men's pants. 377 Broadway.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; G. A. Hausman, men's, women's furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner Co.; Miss A. G. Anderson, Mrs. A. L. Donovan, infants' wear; Miss B. Thompson, house dresses, aprons; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. J. Reilly, waists; Miss M. Osborne, dresses; Miss A. Murphy, negligees, petticoats, aprons, wash dresses; Mrs. A. S. Morris, books, stationery; Miss M. Graham, muslin underwear; 225 5th Av.
DOUGLAS, Ariz.—Levy Bros., D. G. Co.; J. Levy, women's ready-to-wear; 1,182 Broadway, R. 402.
DULUTH, Minn.—F. A. Patrick & Co.; J. Taylor, blankets; 43 Leonard.
DULUTH, Minn. — Christensen-Mendenhall-Graham Co.; H. Christensen, furn. goods, hosiery, knit underwear; Imperial.
DURHAM, N. C.—Ellis, Stone & Co.; R. A. Knight, general mdse.; Wallick.
ELMIRA, N. Y.—Personius, Malone & French; T. A. Malone, dry goods, notions, furn goods; Bristol.
EUREKA, Cal.—J. F. Hink & Son Co.; H. B. Daly, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—A. P. Lahr & Son; A. P. Lahr, men's furn. goods; 220 5th Av.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—W. Hughes; R. P. Hughes, millinery, dry goods; 621 Broadway.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Max De Jong Co.; M. De Jong, Miss E. Frost, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.
FAIRMONT, W. Va.—Osgood; Mrs. D. M. Osgood, Mrs. Kincaid, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.
FAIRMONT, W. Va. — The Jones Dept. Store; E. C. Jones, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
FINDLAY, Ohio—C. D. Levy, silk dresses; 37 West 26th.
FLORENCE, S. C.—Florence Fashion Shop; Mrs. Goodstein, Miss Goodstein, ready-to-wear; Martinique.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Berry-Beall D. G. Co.; H. Fisher, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Marks Store; W. E. Marks, ready-to-wear; 25 West 33d.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; Miss Penrod, Miss M. Clargens, corsets; 6 West 32d.
FORT WORTH, Texas—A. C. Needham; Mrs. M. Foster, millinery; 141 Madison Av.
FORT WORTH, Texas—H. C. Meacham Co.; E. Moorman, ready-to-wear; 141 Madison Av.
FULTON, Mo.—Henderson & Henderson; W. H. Henderson, dry goods; Arlington.
GREENSBORO, N. C.—Meyers Co.; Miss Seskins, spring suits; 6 West 32d.
GREENSBORO, N. C.—Ellis, Stone & Co.; W. H. Stone, ready-to-wear; Wallick.
HAMILTON, Ont.—T. C. Watkins, Ltd.; Mrs. McLean, millinery; W. N. Sparling, cloaks, gowns; 23 East 26th.
HARRISBURG, Penn. — Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, Spring dresses; 37 West 26th.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss S. Newman, dresses; 404 4th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thompson & Co.; Miss C. Kennedy, millinery; 230 5th Av.; Wallick.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; F. L. Warren, housefurnishing goods; 105 Grand; Breslin.
HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; R. C. Goehring, rugs; Arlington.
HOLYOKE, Mass.—A. Steiger & Co.; P. C. Steiger, coats, suits, skirts, millinery; 404 4th Av.
HOT SPRINGS, Ala.—Roth D. G. Co.; E. N. Roth, dry goods; Cumberland.
HOUSTON, Texas—S. T. Levinsky, ready-to-wear; 1,193 Broadway, Room 19.
HOUSTON, Texas—Lewis, Blumrich Co.; J. P. Blumrich, dry goods; 1,133 B'way; Aberdeen.
HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; L. L. Harris, hosiery, gloves, jewelry; 1,150 B'way.
HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; M. E. Gimbel, millinery; 1,150 B'way; Collingwood.
HOUSTON—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; E. H. Voight, shoes; Mrs. J. P. Shannon, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
INDIANAPOLIS—Miss E. Coulter, waists; Holland House.
INDIANAPOLIS—Selig D. G. Co.; S. L. Halm, gen'l mdse.; Miss L. Marks, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
ITHACA, N. Y.—Rothschild Bros.; D. Rothschild, dry goods; Imperial.
JACKSON, Tenn.—Rosenbloom Bros. Co.; J. L. Rosenbloom, ready-to-wear; 25 West 33d.
JOLIET, Ill.—Geo. A. Ducker Co.; J. S. Botts, toys; Grand.
KANSAS CITY—Spalding Cloak Co.; R. S. Fink, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
KANSAS CITY—New York Store; Miss R. Frank, waists; 116 W. 32d.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Klein Cloak & Suit Co.; Mrs. E. E. Mitchell, coats, suits, misses' wear; 404 4th Av.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—McClure Clothing Co.; J. S. McClure, woolens; Marlborough.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—M. M. Newcomer Co.; Miss M. K. Little, ready to wear; A. Eisenberg, merchandise manager; 6 West 32d.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—M. B. Arnstein & Co.; Miss L. Murphy, millinery; 43 Leonard.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; W. H. Hager, general mdse.; 404 4th Av.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; Miss Burbank, corsets, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.; Breslin.
LANSING, Mich.—W. E. Seaman, dry goods; Imperial.
LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine Co.; R. Bjorkman, coats, suits, dresses; Miss M. O'Hare, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Doyle, Kidd D. G. Co.; H. J. Lensing, dry goods; 60 Worth.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—The Loewenberg Co.; I. Loewenberg, Miss E. Goddard, women's, misses' ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; W. O. Heffelfinger, general mdse.; 225 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—J. W. Robinson Co.; Miss G. Johnson, women's ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES — Harris & Schwartz; L. Schwartz, boys', children's clothing; Broztell.
LOS ANGELES—Paris Cloak and Suit House; Mrs. A. Allen, millinery; 303 5th Av.; Hermitage.
LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; E. Stern, men's clothing; 23 East 26th.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; L. McCarthy, house furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Carter, D. G. Co., Inc.; T. Keeley, domestics, linings, flannels, blankets; E. M. Wright, cloaks, suits, muslin underwear; 43 Leonard.
LOWELL, Mass.—Gilday Gown Shop; Gertrude G. Gilday, coats, suits, dresses, blouses; McAlpin.
MACON, Ga.—Manchester Mfg. Co.; R. A. Johnson, representing; Gregorian.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Levy Bros.; L. E. Levy, mfrs. cloaks, suits, dresses, wash skirts; Bristol.
MEMPHIS—Wm. R. Moore D. G. Co.; F. L. Lang, notions, ribbons, corsets; 258 Church.
MEMPHIS—J. Goldsmith & Sons; A. G. Herzberg, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
MEMPHIS—Bry-Block Mercantile Co.; A. L. McCoy, linens, white goods; 1,150 B'way.
MILES CITY, Mont.—Lisberman & Goldstein; L. Goldstein, clothing, furn. goods, hats, women's ready-to-wear; Albert.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; Miss L. Longenkamp, women's coats; Broadway and 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Shop; G. B. Schoen, dresses; 37 West 26th.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—A. Landauer & Son; J. A. Landauer, dress goods, wash goods, white goods, linens; 358 Broadway.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co., J. V. Cavanna, rugs, draperies; 225 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Arcade Grament Shop; Mrs. A. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 1,199 Broadway.
MINNEAPOLIS—H. Sweet Co.; H. Sweet, hats, caps; Latham.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; R. S. Bartle, silks, dress goods; 2 W. 37th.
MOBILE, Ala.— L. Hammel D. G. Co.; Miss A. Stiller, millinery; 1,150 B'way.
MOLINE, Iowa—Bon Ton Millinery Co.; S. Langebein, millinery; McAlpin.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. Nachman, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.
MONTREAL—Tooke Bros., Ltd.; M. A. Dawson, shirtings; Manhattan.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Olshine Bros. & Co.; A. Olshine, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Denton Co.; E. C. Denton, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Steiger, Dudgeon Co.; J. P. Fenton, domestics, flannels, blankets, linen; 105 Grand.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; Mr. Mills, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
NEW ORLEANS—Marks, Isaacs & Co.; Miss Hewitt, millinery; 1,150 B'way.
NEW ORLEANS — Marks Isaacs Co.; S. Kronheim, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods; 1,150 Broadway; Wallick.
NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoades & Swartz; C. W. Neyhardt, housefurn. goods; 6 West 32d; Broztell.
NORFOLK, Va.—Ames, Brownley & Hornthal: Miss M. B. Nothingham, Miss M. Cartwright, ladies' wear; 200 5th Av.; Collingwood.
NORRISTOWN, Penn.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; 105 Grand; York.
OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell; Miss Murphy, women's underwear, petticoats, infants' wear; Miss Knutte, ready-to-wear; Mrs. Brueck, laces, embroideries, veilings, handkerchiefs, neckwear; 116 West 32d.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Marymont & Upright; Miss M. White, waists, underwear, petticoats, sweaters, children's dresses; 100 West 32d.
OMAHA, Neb.—Benson & Thorne; Miss Adams, infants' wear; Holland House.
OMAHA, Neb. — Burgess-Nash Co.; Miss Kneeter, ready-to-wear; basement; 200 5th Av.
OMAHA, Neb.—M. E. Smith Co.; W. Kelso, domestics; L. R. Sabine, rugs, blankets, draperies; 200 5th Av.
OWENSBORO, Ky.—McAtee, Lyddame, Ray; C. F. Gensel, readyto-wear; Imperial.
PADUCAH, Ky.—E. Guthrie Co.; R. R. Guthrie, coats, suits; Miss Cochran, waists, dresses; 1,133 B'way.
PALESTINE, Texas—Hodges Bros.; D. M. Hodges, general mdse.; Mrs. L. Harvey, ready-to-wear; Alcazar.
PEORIA, Ill.—Block & Kuhl Co.; J. S. Elmland, general ready-to-wear; Miss Hawkins, suits, dresses; 1,270 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Miss Bernstein, skirts; 15 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; M. Hirsch, Mr. Elfman, muslin underwear; 37 West 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss Hickey, jobs muslin underwear; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—A. Graff & Co.; A. F. Lippincott, carpets; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Ulman Bros.; B. H. Ulman, skirtings; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; M. Feldman, cloaks, suits; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg Co.; Miss C. Lowenstein, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—"Stewart's;" J. A. Rubin, dresses; Miss Cross, georgette waists; 15 E. 26th.
PHOENIX, Ariz.—M. Goldwater & Bro.; S. G. Wilson, ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin, Neiman Co.; Mrs. Flatow, jobs dresses; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; R. C. Clark, millinery; 236 East 20th.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; B. Neiman, coats, suits, dresses; 470 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; B. Klein, men's hats, caps; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Mrs. C. E. Henry, waists; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; I. Bodenstein, men's furnishing goods, women's hosiery, basement; Mrs. N. Ferris, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear, bargain basement; 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; Miss Weller, children's coats, dresses; Mrs. Guggenheim, notions; Mrs. Keener, corsets; L. Schwartz, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. H. Frank, waists; 364 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH — Arbuthnot-Stephenson Co.; G. F. Dibm, floor coverings; 43 Leonard.
PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; Miss I. Jardine, dresses; 1,270 B'way.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; Miss Kenworthy, dresses; Mrs. Woods, waists; 212 5th Av.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Brown Co.; Miss J. Cronin, children's wear; Miss F. Bangs, muslin underwear; 432 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—C. Misch; C. E. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
PUEBLO, Col.—Everybody's; W. J. Ross, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d, Great Northern.
QUINCY, Ill.—Kespohl-Mohrenstecher Co.; O. A. Mohrenstecher, women's garments; 44 E. 23d; Great Northern.
RICHMOND, Va.—Mrs. M. L. Wortham, millinery; Grand.
RICHMOND, Ind. — George H. Knollenberg Co.; H. W. Watt, men's furn. goods; Park Avenue.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—B. Forman Co.; B. Forman, coats, suits; 225 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; W. N. Baxter, W. J. Griffith, knit underwear; J. E. Tack, corsets, umbrellas; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss Feldman, jobs corsets, boudoir caps, infants', children's underwear, bloomers, petticoats; Mr. McGahan, jobs waists, dresses; Mr. Lemon, silks, cotton waists; 470 4th Av.
ROME, Ga.—J. Kuttner Co.; Mrs. H. Smith, coats, suits, waists; 23 W. 23d.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Washer Bros.; A. G. Hoover, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Hale Bros., Inc.; Miss L. Bodefeld, millinery; 50 Union Square.
SACRAMENTO—Wasserman, Gattmann Co.; Miss A. Rushing, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Ballard & Brockett; F. C. Ballard, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Marston Co.; C. H. Grondenberg, gloves, laces; 220 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; W. E. Bowes, men's furn. goods; 114 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; Miss P. Thieben, dresses, costumes; 15 East 20th.
SAN FRANCISCO—Marks Bros.; I. C. Levi, waists, muslin, silk underwear, hosiery; 116 W. 32d.
SAN FRANCISCO—J. A. Orr Co.; J. A. Orr, hosiery, gloves; Latham.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros.; H. Shalef, furnishing goods; 50 Union Square.
SAN FRANCISCO—Livingston Bros.; Mrs. Hoff, hdkfs., neckwear, veilings; 303 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Mrs. M. Streeper, W. B. Kerr, women's, misses', children's coats, suits, dresses, basement; Mrs. Mason, women's coats; Mrs. Gaskell, women's suits; 225 5th Av.
SARANAC LAKE, N. Y.—W. C. Leonard Co.; Miss E. Glogan, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Frederick & Nelson; Miss E. Lucas, millinery; 450 4th Av.
SEATTLE, Wash.—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; Miss E. Gagan, waists; 23 East 26th.
SELMA, Ala.—Liepold Bros.; N. Liepold, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; Continental.
SOUTH BEND, Ind.—J. C. Ellsworth; R. Robertson, Miss Yeager, Miss Steinal, ready-to-wear; M. A. Zimmerman, silks, dress goods; 1,270 B'way.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Culbertson-Grote-Rankin Co.; W. H. Gray, Miss M. B. Westervelt, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 116 W. 33d.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—E. Wren Co.; C. C. Shaw, dress goods, silks; E. H. Bourgoyne, domestics; 141 Madison Av.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Hirsch Bros. D. G. Co.; T. Dulrr, ready-to-wear, infants', children's, boys' wear; Majestic.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Townsend, Wyatt & Wall D. G. Co.; H. H. Caldwell, dress goods, silks, velvets; 1,261 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; W. Addison, white goods, linens; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; J. D. Suhler, furn. goods, underwear; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Carleton Dry Goods Co.; J. J. Woods, dress goods, silks, prints, ginghams; E. W. Ormond, domestics, shirtings, linens; 329 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; C. J. Stanger, outings, flannels; 377 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; J. F. Lynch, rugs; 116 West 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort, Barney D. G. Co.; W. A. Nicholson, furniture; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; E. W. Edwards, upholstery goods; 377 Broadway, Breslin.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; T. D. Paige, suits, dresses, basement; Miss M. Berg, misses' dresses; 37 West 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Ollan Waist and Dress Co.; J. Sapin, georgette waists; 220 5th Av., Room 1,116.
ST. LOUIS—Marquette Cloak & Suit Co.; H. Frank, Spring coats, suits, silk dresses; 116 West 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Kline Apparel Co.; Miss J. E. Flynn, waists, underwear; 404 4th Av.; Holland.
ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; Miss Marks, M. G. Wiener, silks, braids, laces, novelties; 303 5th Av.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Macey Co.; Mrs. Silverstein, waists, dresses; 1,133 Broadway.
ST. PAUL—Emporium Merc. Co.; P. A. Gordon, carpets; 105 Grand.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; D. Bambury, underwear; G. O. Olson, dress goods, silks; 320 B'way.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; H. F. Warner, knit underwear; 350 Broadway.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Hunter-Tuppen Co.; Mrs. C. A. McCarthy, millinery; Breslin.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Hunter, Tupper Co.; Mrs. C. A. McCarthy, millinery; Breslin.
TACOMA, Wash.—Rhodes Bros.; Mrs. M. Crumbley, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 1,150 B'way; Woodward.
TEMPLE, Tex.—Rosoy Bros.; C. Roddy, dry goods, millinery, women's ready-to-wear, furn. goods; 1,182 Broadway.
TERRE HAUTE—A. Herz; S. Ufferheimer, hosiery, gloves, hdkfs.; 116 W. 32d.
TOLEDO—La Salle & Koch Co.; C. Green, coats, suits, skirts; 225 5th Av.
TOLEDO, Ohio—Lasalle & Koch Co.; Miss L. E. Riegelman, ladies' wear; 225 5th Av.
TORRINGTON, Conn.—W. W. Mertz Co.; W. W. Mertz, notions; Cumberland.
TRENTON, N. J.—Yard's; Mr. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
WACO, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Miss R. Steiger, women's ready-to-wear; 19 East 24th.
WASHINGTON, D. C. — Kafka's; Mrs. B. Kafka, ready-to-wear; Holland House.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Miss Herring, art needlework; 432 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Mrs. S. H. Boxer, ribbons, veilings; 432 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; Miss A. M. Hagan, coats, suits; 432 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Kings Palace; H. King, cloaks, suits, dresses, millinery; Miss M. Kinder, women's, infants' wear, corsets; Cumberland.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; H. Barschkies, silks, velvets; J. A. Hobson, upholstery goods; Miss M. Dell, millinery; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—The Palais Royal; Mr. Bobbs, ready-to-wear, basement; Mr. Conner, millinery; Miss C. Hirsch, underwear, kimonos, house dresses; 220 5th Av.
WATERBURY, Conn.—Franken Bros.; H. Franken, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 20th.
WILKES-BARRE—"MacWilliams"; F. E. Brown, carpets, rugs; 212 5th Av.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; B. F. Shuman, ready-to-wear; Holland House.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; Miss R. Keeley, Miss Scheff, infants' wear; 23 E. 26th.
WILKES-BARRE—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; Miss A. Latimer, ready-to-wear; I. Jenes, piece goods; 23 East 26th.
WILMINGTON, N. C.—Belk, Williams Co.; Miss B. Penny, millinery; 116 West 32d; Grand.
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—Rosenbacher & Bro.; A. Rosenbacher, gen'l mdse.; Knickerbocker.
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—Aberdeen, Rosenbacher & Bros.; A. Rosenbacher, representing; Knickerbocker.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co.; M. J. Feely, dress goods, linings; 404 4th Av.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Nils-Bjork Co.; Miss Bjork, Miss Corrigan, Miss Lawlor, millinery ribbons; Latham.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Harris Clothing Co.; H. Harris, clothing; Navarre.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—B. McManus & Co.; C. L. Woodworth, representing; Martinique.

BIG FUR SALE IS OPENED.

Buyers from Russia, France, and England at St. Louis Auction.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20.—Total sales at the first session of the January auction at the International Fur Exchange today exceeded $1,100,000. More than 1,600,000 pelts were disposed of, the majority of which, however, was of the cheaper grades. Among the largest sales were 750,000 moles, selling for $200,000; 712,000 squirrel, $460,000; 53,000 kolinsky, $100,000; 1,500 Alaska seal skins, $80,000, and 300 blue fox, $30,000.

Among the 350 buyers here are some from Russia, France, and England.

Fifteen hundred Alaskan sealskins went for $80,000, many of the skins going to French buyers. Top price on blue fox was $155, with the bulk going at $65 to $125. A large part of the day was consumed in disposing of 712,000 Siberian gray squirrel.

The total sale is expected to reach about $9,000,000.

Open Up New Clearing House.

In expectation of the great boom which is predicted for the various industries of this country in the near future, the firm of Leo D. Greenfield & Brothers, formerly located at 684 Broadway, have opened a new clearing house of ready-to-wear garments, at 1,732 Broadway. The new show rooms are believed to be the largest of their kind in the city.

The New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation
48-50-52 Great Jones Street, New York City.

announces that it will offer the following merchandise for sale at its Winter Public Auction without reserve, to be held at Masonic Hall, 71 West 23rd Street, New York, beginning February 3rd, next at 10 o'clock, and continuing from day to day.

Purchasers will be allowed a discount of 1% on all amounts paid on or before March 3, 1919, which is the Prompt Day for the coming Sale.

All goods must be cleared and paid for on or before July 3, 1919.

Goods will be on show on and after January 29th, at which time catalogues will also be ready.

DOMESTIC

5,100	Badger	660	White Fox
1,000	Bear	550	Silver Fox
25	Polar Bear	7,000	Lynx
8,300	Beaver	2,900	Marten
33,600	Civit Cat	76,000	Mink
19,000	House Cat	650,000	Muskrat
200	Ringtail Cat	21,000	Muskrat (Black)
14,000	Wild Cat	175,000	Opossum
58,000	Ermine	4,900	Otter
650	Fisher	55,000	Raccoon
120	Blue Fox	145,000	Skunk
650	Cross Fox	25,000	Wolf
5,800	Grey Fox	225	Wolverine
21,000	Red Fox		

FOREIGN

12,500	Australian Fox	1,900	Hair Seal
14,500	Australian Opossum	38,500	Kolinsky
13,500	(lbs.) Australian Rabbit	400	Leopard
19,000	Australian Ringtail	280,000	Mole
3,500	Astrachan	70,000	Nutria
135	Broadtail	2,400	Patagonian Fox
750	Chinchillona	525	Persian Lamb
2,900	Chinese Civit Cat	19,000	Russian Barunduki
500	Chinese Raccoon	800	Russian Fitch
2,200	Chinese Weasel	3,200	Russian Marmot
1,065	Hare	110,000	Russian Squirrel
4,150	Japanese Marten	375	Russian Sable
33,000	Japanese Mink	450	Stone Marten
900	Japanese Flying Squirrel	2,000	South American Lamb
5,700	Karagon Fox	7	Tiger
2,950	Kitt Fox	785	Tasmanian Opossum

Also Sundries Consisting of:
Chinchilla Rat (200), Dog (275), Tails and Paws (21,000), Mountain Lion (12), Pony (46), Sundry Fox (10,300), Wool Seal (100).

For the account of the United States Government,
A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian

1,408	Astrachan	1,000	Mink
9,646	Astrachan (dyed)	50,071	Mole
19,000	Japanese White Coney	2,475	Kolinsky
2,863	Fox	135	Ermine
8,500	Japanese Flying Squirrel	23	Lbs. Squirrel Tails
		63	Squirrel

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Due to the disturbed conditions brought about by the war, the owners of one of the most promising young apple orchards in the Northwest are compelled to seek outside capital to finance their venture. This orchard consists of about 450 acres of prime land, all of which acreage is in apples of the most popular eating varieties. The trees are just coming into bearing and under an ordinary yield their crop should run next year between fifty and sixty thousand boxes, with a yield in 1920 of approximately one hundred thousand boxes. The last crop of this orchard was sold at an average price of $1.38 per box f. o. b. cars at orchard.

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One hundred thousand dollars is required for the maintenance and improvement of the orchard. This investment can be made in one of two ways:—

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(2) A stock interest in the company amounting to $70,000, the residue to be furnished by the present owners. The investor will receive *first preferred* stock, together with a liberal bonus of common stock which will practically secure him control of the company.

Safety and Good Profits

This is a *real* proposition, in that it is based on a staple commercial product that will pay liberal profits for a long period with a low cost of upkeep. We would emphasize the fact that this orchard is right up to date in every respect and the trees are in prime condition. Authorities declare that it is one of the most promising young orchards in the finest apple-growing section of the Northwest. Address—G. C. Sherman.

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18-22 West 18th St.; 75 x 184
3rd floor—sprinklers—5 elevators.

26-32 West 17th St.; 92 x 92
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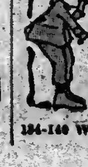
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HARBOR MEN DENY SEEKING EXTRA PAY

Heads of Unions Tell Labor Board They Want Actual and Not Basic Eight-Hour Day.

CALL OVERTIME 'A PENALTY'

Stand By Demand for Time and a Half for Sundays, Even as Part of a Six-Day Week.

Officials of five of the unions comprising the affiliation of marine workers in the port of New York told the sub-committee of the National War Labor Board at the hearing in City Hall yesterday that the principal demand, by unanimous vote of 16,000 members, was the actual eight-hour day, and not the basic eight-hour day with overtime charges.

Thomas L. Delahunty, President of the Marine Affiliation, and General Manager of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Organization, denied under cross examination that it was the intention of the workers to seek a change from a twelve-hour to and eight-hour day so that overtime would be piled up. It was possible for the boat owners and the railroads to put the eight-hour day day plan into effect on most of their boats, he said, and the demand for time and one-half above eight hours was "only a penalty" to force the operators to adopt the new system.

"It is for the boat owners to show that they cannot put the eight-hour day into operation on their boats," interposed Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the unions. "It is for them to show that the system will mean a financial loss to them. The workers ask the actual eight-hour day, not the basic eight-hour day, and the demand for overtime at one-half more than the rate for the first eight-hours was put in as a penalty for failure to observe the eight-hour day plan."

President Delahaunty upheld his contention that it was just and fair that the marine engineers should receive time and one-ha for holidays and Sundays even when they had taken another day off during the week and the Sunday was only their sixth day of work. He expressed the opinion that it "was worth it" for a workingman to give up his Sunday or holiday, although he admitted upon cross examination by Theodora H. Burgess, counsel for the United States Railroad Administration, that it was necessary to keep passenger ferries and many other boats running on Sundays so that the public would not be inconvenienced. He suggested that passengers arriving on Sundays at the railroad terminals in New Jersey "might use the Hudson tubes as they did during the marine strike."

Counsel for the Railroad Administration sought to show that the eight-hour day on lighters and some other classes of boats was impracticable. Counsel for the unions objected because of the recognition given to the eight-hour day by the Director General of Railroads. Mr. Burgess replied that it was true that the eight-hour day had been recognized but that the general order would not cover a branch of the service where the operation of the principle was impracticable and caused a great financial loss in operation.

Paul Hoynge, counsel for the Red Star Towing and Transportation Company, sought to elicit from the union officials more definite information upon their demand for uniform pay of $225 a month for all captains and all classes of engineers, irrespective of the class of boat or the size or speed of engines. President Delahunty contended that "the size of the boat or the engine is no fault of the worker" and that all should receive equal pay. Nor should the earning power of the craft enter into the fixing of pay for the men, he declared.

Although it had been asserted by other union officials that with the eight-hour day cooks on many of the boats would not be necessary, Mr. Delahunty declared that his union had not decided upon waiving the demand for cooks. In reply to a question as to what new work would be assigned to cooks released from service by the probable operation of the eight-hour day, he said that the union officials were "not going to sacrifice any member of the marine affiliation," and that if the cooks were needed the men would have them.

John Brennan, an official of the Tidewater oBatmen's Union, said the members of his organization did not demand the eight-hour day. They seek an increase from $90 a month to $125 for twelve hours, although Mr. Brennan told the subcommittee that the men would like to have it stipulated in the award that no coal or grain boats, canal boats, scows, or other craft should be required to take on cargo after 6 o'clock at night. He said the men did not object to operating the boats at night, however. Other witnesses were Paul Vacarelli, Business Manager of the Harbor Boatmen's Union; S. J. Condon, Business Manager of the Lighter Captains' Union; Joseph F. Stanton of the Railroad Port and Terminal Workers, and Patrick E. Doran, captain of a Lackawanna Railroad tug.

The hearings will be resumed in the Board of Estimate room in City Hall at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

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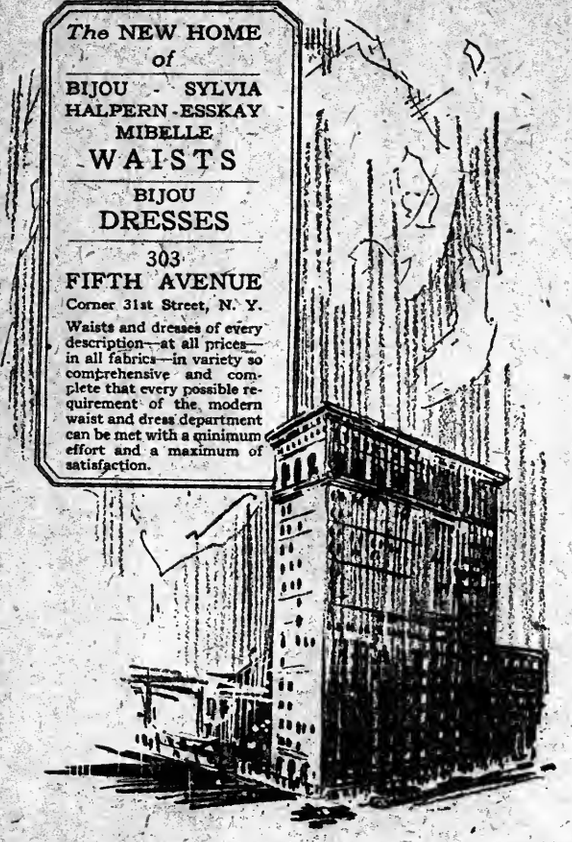

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Interest in new issues of securities which have been subscribed to so readily during the past few weeks, has made many investors overlook the opportunities in seasoned bonds at present prices.

Send for our Offering 104

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

A FIRST MORTGAGE HYDRO-ELECTRIC LONG TERM BOND PRICE TO YIELD 6%

The company issuing these bonds operates without competition.

The net earnings are over 2¾ times the amount required to pay bond interest charges.

The power furnished is of hydro-electric generation, employing water instead of steam, which not only lessens cost of production but eliminates to a large extent the labor factor, because of the few men required in the operation.

Send for Circular T-51

E. H. Rollins & Sons
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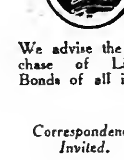

We advise the purchase of Liberty Bonds of all issues.

Correspondence Invited.

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
7 Wall St., New York
Chicago
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The U. S. Government warns against the stock swindler. Consult your bank first.

Tilney, Ladd & Co.

Railroad Bonds

New York

Suggestions for Investors may be had on request
A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities,
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston Buffalo Cleveland Baltimore Minneapolis

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Railroad Stocks Lead in Decline and Bonds Lose Ground—Call Money at 3¾%.

Railroad stocks came in for considerable selling yesterday and before the close of business the movement had extended to the bond market. While professional operations appear to be the chief propelling force toward lower price levels for stocks, liquidation of long holdings were also reported in brokerage circles to be on the increase. In the forepart of the session the industrial issues, particularly steel and equipment shares, were under more pressure than the rails but as the day progressed the market broadened and the decline of a point or more in such stocks as New York Central, New Haven, Northern Pacific, Reading and Southern Pacific could be described as a feature of business. The range of stocks dealt in was fairly broad but activity was not pronounced and there were no unusual movements to attract attention in special directions.

The downward tendency of the rails supplied a rather curious study of market psychology. At the start of business the market seemed to have something in the way of a speculative stimulus on the constructive side in reports that the Railroad Administrator would shortly seek an increase of freight rates. Despite this prices began quickly to move off and when recessions were noted in certain railroad bonds the receding movement received all the more emphasis. The receipt of dispatches from Washington later saying that Mr. Hines denied that the rate application was in prospect accelerated the selling. While the trading element is wont to grasp anything which may be used to advantage in seizing a profit, it seemed as though the freight rate discussion was interpreted yesterday more in the light of economic significance than as a passing influence on price alterations. A freight rate increase which carries in its train fresh increases of wages hardly has any really constructive bearing on net income and it is the matter of income which at the present time is receiving more study than many surrounding factors. A heavy deficit for 1918 has now been generally accepted not only as a certainty but as a development which resulted primarily from the war necessity. The railroad problem is connected with the future more than with the past and freight rate increases when made necessary by advancing wages will hardly clarify the outlook from the investment point of view, as long as the more important factor of future control of the carriers is not definitely outlined.

Comment heard in the street indicated that followers of the securities markets were devoting fresh thought to the readjustment of industry. The favorable sentiment aroused by fairly cheerful observations on steel plant operations last week were less in evidence. Whether or not the day's decline of stocks, a continuation of last week's movement, represented a permanent step toward readjusting market valuations to the status of industry cannot be determined as yet, but the possibility of such a process was talked about at length in trading quarters.

Call money continued easy, the minimum quotation being 3¾ per cent, which equaled the lowest level in several months. In the foreign exchange market business was dull with unimportant changes of quotations. Cotton again declined.

Trading Active on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Trading on the Bourse today was active. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63 francs 15 centimes; exchange on London, 25 francs 98 centimes; 5 per cent. loan, 93 francs.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	4¼	High	4¾
Low	3¾	Low	4¼
Renewals	4¼	Renewals	4¾
Last	4	Last	4½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4¼@4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5 @5¼	Ninety days	5¼@5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¼@5½
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5¼@5½
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5¼@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4½@4⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months....5 @5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75 7/16	$4.75 7/16	$4.75 7/16	..
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.75¾	5.75¾	5.75¾	..
Cables	5.45½	5.45½	5.45½	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75 7/16	$4.76 7/16
5.1813	Paris	5.45¾	5.45¼
5.1813	Belgium	5.63	5.61
	China—		
	Hongkong	78.00	78.25
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	120.50
40.29	Holland	42.125	42.375
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	53.25	53.50
	Yokohama	53.25	53.50
19.30	Spain	20.12	20.20
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.75	29.00
	Copenhagen	26.60	26.85
	Christiania	27.75	28.00
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42	Rio	25.35	25.50
5.1813	Switzerland	4.85	4.82
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	15.00	15.30
	500 rubles	14.90	15.20

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71⅝	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $458,501,373; balances, $69,359,893; United States Treasury credit balance, $1,006,675; Federal Reserve credit balance, $50,983,534.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$6,124,333	$82,576,416
Internal revenue:		
Income and excess profits taxes	17,365,203	702,836,865
Miscellaneous	62,589,021	652,009,178
Miscl. revenue	10,352,600	268,114,561
Total receipts	$96,430,558	$1,705,537,021
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. rects.	844,427,517	7,795,075,083
Excess of tot. rects. over total disb.	1,897,982	503,052,561
Expenditures	940,858,076	9,500,612,105

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week:

	Jan. 18, 1919.	Increase.
Circulation	$4,744,000	*$6,000
Loans, disc., and inv'ts	525,145,000	3,283,000
Indv. deps., inc. U. S.	444,630,000	9,980,000
Due to banks	118,448,000	4,377,000
Temp. deposits	12,579,000	*1,105,000
Exchange clearances	18,102,000	2,178,000
Due from banks	74,456,000	5,370,000
Cash in banks and in F. R. Bank	63,612,000	*443,000
Cash excess and with F. R. Bank	16,164,000	*1,000,000

*Decrease.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JAN. 20, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	586,997	288,420	864,549
Year to date	7,001,707	9,994,853	12,898,653

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
21½	22	600	Advance Rumely	22½	22½	22	22	—1
56	58	300	Advance Rumely pf	57	57	56½	56½	—1
3¾	3⅞	500	Alaska Gold Mines	4	4	3¾	3¾	— ⅛
2	2⅛	1,300	Alaska Juneau	2	2⅛	2	2	— ⅛
30¼	30½	3,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	31⅛	31⅛	30¼	30¼	— ⅞
82¼	83	324	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	83	83	82¼	82¼	— ½
100½	101	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	100½	100½	100½	100½	+ ½
68	68⅝	200	Am. Beet Sugar	68⅞	68⅞	68⅝	68⅝	— ⅝
46	46⅛	4,800	Am. Can	46⅝	46⅝	46	46	— ⅛
101	101¾	600	Am. Can pf	101	101¾	100⅞	101¾	+ ¾
88	88⅛	3,700	Am. Car & Fdry	90⅛	90⅛	88⅛	88⅛	—1⅜
42¼	42⅞	500	Am. Cotton Oil	42⅞	43	42⅞	42⅞	— ⅜
15¼	15⅜	1,400	Am. H. & Leather	15⅛	15⅞	15¼	15⅛	— ⅛
83½	83⅞	12,200	Am. H. & L. pf	82	84⅞	81⅞	83⅞	+1⅝
39⅝	43	800	Am. Ice	40	40⅛	40	40	...
54	55⅛	100	Am. Ice pf	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	— ⅜
54⅛	54½	200	Am. International	54½	54½	54⅛	54½	— ⅝
46⅝	47⅛	3,400	Am. Linseed	47⅛	47⅜	46⅞	46⅞	—1
88	90	100	Am. Linseed pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	— ⅝
100	101¾	200	Am. Locomotive pf	101½	101½	101	101	— ½
1¼	1½	100	Am. Malting	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ½
68⅜	68⅝	14,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	71¼	71¼	68⅛	68⅛	—2⅛
106½	107	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	— ½
78⅝	81	3,100	Am. Steel F'dries	81½	81½	78⅝	78⅝	—3½
112½	113	300	Am. Sugar Ref	112⅝	112½	112½	112½	—1⅛
114½	115¼	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	115	115	115	115	— ⅝
101	101¼	5,400	Am. Sumatra Tob	101¼	102⅛	100⅞	101¼	+ ⅜
100⅝	101¼	700	Am. Tel. & Tel	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100⅝	...
101	103	500	Am. Tobacco pf	102	102	101	101	—1
45⅝	46½	400	Am. Woolen	46⅛	46⅛	46	46	+ ⅛
94½	95½	100	Am. Woolen pf	95	95	95	95	— ½
34	34½	3,000	Am. Writing P. pf	33	35	33	34½	+1½
11⅝	12	100	Am. Zinc L. & S	11½	11½	11½	11½	— ⅞
40	43½	100	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf	42½	42½	42½	42½	— ⅞
57¼	57½	6,000	Anaconda Copper	57½	58	57⅛	57⅛	— ⅜
22	[illegible]	1,200	Asso. Dry Goods	22⅝	24½	22½	22½	+ ⅜
91½	92	850	Atch., Top. & S. F.	91⅜	92	91½	91½	— ½
101	102	800	At. Gulf & West I.	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	— ⅛
66¼	68	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf	66½	66½	66½	66½	— ⅛
66⅝	67	23,300	Baldwin Loco.	70½	70½	66⅝	66⅝	—2⅝
47	47¼	1,900	Baltimore & Ohio	47⅝	48	47⅛	47⅛	— ⅝
55⅛	56	100	Baltimore & O. pf	55⅛	55¼	55¼	55¼	...
..	..	10	Bank of Commerce	215	215	215	215	...
108⅛	110	200	Barrett Co.	108	108⅛	108	108⅛	—4⅞
1⅝	1½	800	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1½	1¼	1⅝	...
55⅛	56	400	Bethlehem Steel	56⅛	56⅛	55⅛	55⅛	—1⅝
55⅝	55⅞	13,100	Beth. Steel, class B	56⅝	56⅝	55⅝	55⅝	—1⅛
102	102½	400	Beth. Steel 8% pf	102	102	102	102	— ½
19	20	200	Booth Fisheries	19	19½	19	19½	+ ½
22⅞	23⅜	1,300	Bklyn Rapid Tran	23⅜	23⅜	23	23	— ⅜
78	85	100	Bklyn Union Gas	80½	80½	80½	80½	+ ½
9½	10¼	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	10	10	10	10	— ½
6	6¼	100	Butte Cop. & Zinc	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
17½	18	200	Butte & Superior	17½	17½	17½	17½	+ ⅜
17	17¼	100	Butterick Co.	17	17	17	17	— ⅛
51¼	52	900	California Packing	52¼	52¼	52	52	— ⅛
22½	23	500	California Petrol.	23	23	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅝
67	68	100	California Pet. pf	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	— ¾
..	50	4	Canada Southern	56	56	56	56	...
156½	157	700	Canadian Pacific	157	157	156½	157	+ ¼
57¼	58	700	Central Leather Co	57⅝	58	57½	57½	— ⅛
105⅛	106	200	Central Leather pf	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	— ⅜
32¼	33	300	Cerro de Pasco Cop	32½	32½	32½	32½	— ¼
54¼	54½	200	Chesapeake & Ohio	54½	54½	54¼	54¼	—1
7½	7⅞	200	Chi. Great Western	7½	7½	7½	7½	— ½
24	24½	300	Chi. Great West. pf	24⅝	24⅝	24	24	— ⅜
38⅛	38⅝	2,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	38⅛	39¼	38	38⅝	+ ⅛
69	69¼	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	69	69¼	69	69	— ½
94½	95	500	Chi. & Northwest'n	95¼	95¼	95⅝	94⅝	— ⅝
23	23¼	2,000	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	23⅛	23⅛	23	23	— ½
75	75½	600	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	76	76¼	75	75	—2
63	63½	600	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	64⅛	64⅛	63	63	—1⅛
17¼	17⅝	1,000	Chile Copper	17⅝	17⅜	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
33½	33⅝	900	Chino Copper	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33½	— ⅛
35	35½	800	Col. Fuel & Iron	35½	35½	35	35½	...
41	41⅜	500	Columbia Gas & El	41½	41½	41¼	41¼	...
36	38½	200	Comput. Tab. Rec	38¼	38¼	37⅞	37⅞	— ½
92	93¼	900	Consolidated Gas	92½	93½	92	93½	...
8	8⅜	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min.	8½	8½	8½	8½	+ ¼
68	68⅜	300	Continental Can	68⅜	68⅜	68	68	—1⅜
104¼	107	100	Continental Can pf	104¼	104¼	104¼	104⅛	+ ½
59	60	100	Continental Insur.	60	60	60	60	+ ½
46½	46⅝	7,900	Corn Products Ref	47½	47⅝	46⅝	46⅝	— ⅝
102	103⅛	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	—1
53	53⅛	4,700	Crucible Steel	53⅛	54½	53	53	— ½
23⅝	23⅞	9,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	24	24⅞	23⅝	23⅝	— ½
75⅛	75⅝	2,300	Cuba Cane S. pf	76⅛	76⅛	75⅛	75⅛	—1
95	96½	200	Deere & Co. pf	96	96	95⅝	95⅝	+ ½
101	102	500	Del. & Hudson	101⅞	101⅞	101	101	—1
53	53¼	14,300	Distillers' Secur	52	53⅜	51¼	53¼	+1⅜
11⅞	12¼	600	Dome Mines	12	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅜
15⅝	16	3,900	Erie	16⅛	16⅛	15⅞	15⅛	— ⅝
25	26⅝	600	Erie 1st pf	26⅝	26⅝	25½	25½	—1½
18⅝	18⅞	100	Erie 2d pf	19	19	19	19	—1
33	36½	100	Federal M. & S. pf	33	33	33	33	—3⅞
28⅞	29	1,200	Gaston, W. & W.	29¼	29¼	29	29	— ¼
102½	105	50	Gen. Chemical pf	104	104	104	104	...
49½	50	200	General Cigar	50	50	50	50	— ⅜
148½	149	300	General Electric	149	149½	149	149	+ ½
121½	122½	2,100	General Motors	121⅝	122½	121⅛	121⅝	— ⅜
1	1⅛	9,170	Gen. Motors rights	1	1	¾	1	...
58½	59⅝	1,200	Goodrich Co.	59½	59½	58½	58½	—1
75⅝	76	100	Granby Consul.	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞	— ⅜
91½	92	1,400	Great Northern pf	92	92	91⅛	91⅛	— ⅛
35⅛	35⅜	8,010	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	36	36¼	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅝
43¼	43⅞	700	Greene-Can. Cop.	43⅞	43⅞	43⅛	43⅛	— ⅜
51½	52	200	Gulf States Steel	52	52	51½	51½	—1⅞
42	43½	300	Haskell & Barker	43½	43½	42	42	—2
97	98	100	Illinois Central	97	97	97	97	— ⅝
43¼	43⅝	2,000	Inspiration Copper	43⅞	43⅞	43⅛	43⅛	—1
5	5⅝	800	Interboro Consol.	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	...
19⅝	19⅞	200	Interboro Con. pf.	20⅛	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞	...
53½	55	300	Int. Agricultural pf	54⅛	54⅛	53⅝	53⅝	— ⅝
113	114	200	Int. Harvester new	113⅝	113⅝	113	113	—1
23⅝	24	2,800	Int. Mer. Marine	25	25	23⅝	24¼	— ⅜
100	100¼	30,400	Int. Mer. Marine pf	101½	101½	99¼	100	—2½
26½	26⅝	8,700	Int. Nickel	27	27	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅜
33	33½	5,200	Int. Paper	32⅝	34⅛	32⅝	33½	+ ⅞
31	33	200	Jewel Tea	34¼	34¼	33	33	—2
49	50	100	Kan. City South. pf	50	50	50	50	...
68½	69	300	Kelly Spring. Tire	69½	69½	69	69	...
34⅜	35	200	Kelsey Wheel	35	35	35	35	+6
32⅛	32¼	800	Kennecott Copper	32⅛	32¼	32⅛	32¼	...
106	..	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	—1⅞
63¼	65	300	Lackawanna Steel	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	— ¼
54½	54¾	500	Lehigh Valley	54⅞	54⅞	54½	54⅛	...
45⅞	46	1,100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	46⅛	47⅛	46	46	+ ½
95½	..	200	Loose-W. Bis. 1st pf	95½	95½	95½	95½	+ ½
96½	97½	100	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	+1
96½	97½	50	Do., odd lot	96½	96½	96½	96½	...
113	115½	300	Louis. & Nash. x d	115	115	114½	114½	— ½
27⅝	28	300	Maxwell Motors	28	28	28	28	+ ¼
51	51½	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	51	51¼	51	51¼	+ ¼
64⅛	65⅛	2,100	May Dept. Stores	64	66	64	64⅛	+1
169½	169⅝	35,600	Mexican Petroleum	169	171⅜	167½	169½	+2
24	24⅜	300	Miami Copper	24	24⅛	24	24⅛	...
41½	41⅞	3,200	Midvale Steel	42¼	42¼	41⅝	41⅝	— ½
10⅛	10⅜	300	Minn. & St. L. new	10⅜	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
23½	23⅝	3,900	Missouri Pacific	24¼	24¼	23⅝	23½	—1
51½	52¼	300	Missouri Pacific pf	53	53	51⅝	51⅝	—1⅝
30	30½	200	Nat. Acme	31	31	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅛
70	73	300	Nat. Cloak & Suit	73	73	72	72	— ½
103	104	100	Nat. Cloak & S. pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	— ⅜
14⅜	15½	300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	15	15	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅝
48½	49	1,200	Nat. Enam. & St.	49½	50	49	49	— ½
67½	67⅝	1,200	Nat. Lead	67¼	67½	67	67½	— ¼
16⅛	16⅜	500	Nevada Con. Cop.	16⅜	16⅜	16½	16⅜	— ⅛
33	34	600	N. O., Tex. & Mex.	33	33½	33	33½	— ⅛
103	105	150	N. Y. Air Brake	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	— ⅝
71	71½	2,900	N. Y. Central	72⅞	72½	71¼	71¼	—1⅝
26	28	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	28	28	28	28	—1
25	25¼	100	N. Y. Dock	25	25	25	25	— ¼
28⅞	29	4,100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	30¼	30¼	28⅞	29	—1⅛
19¼	19½	700	N. Y., Ont. & West	19½	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅜
104½	105½	600	Norfolk & Western	105	105⅛	104⅛	104⅛	— ⅝
..	..	200	Norf. & West. rgts	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
72⅞	..	200	Norfolk & West. pf	74½	74½	74	74	+ ½
90	91	2,600	Northern Pacific	91⅛	91⅛	90¼	90¼	—1¼
41⅞	42¼	2,600	Ohio Cities Gas	42⅝	43	42	42	— ⅝
9	9⅛	6,400	Okla. Prod. & Ref	9⅛	9⅜	9	9	— ⅛
6	6¼	700	Ontario Mining	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
47	48½	100	Owens Bottle Mach	48⅛	49⅛	48⅛	48⅛	—1
37	38	1,100	Pacific Mail	37⅛	38⅛	37⅛	38	+1½
67⅝	68	3,100	Pan-Am. P. & T.	68	68⅛	67⅞	68	— ⅛
117	119	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	119½	119½	119½	119½	—5
44⅝	45	1,500	Penn. R. R.	45	45	44⅝	44⅝	— ½
12	12⅝	400	Pere Marquette	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½	— ⅜
52	58	200	Pere Marq. prior pf	57	57	57	57	—1
30¼	30⅜	100	Philadelphia Co.	30½	30½	30½	30½	— ¼
39¼	39⅜	400	Pierce-Arrow	39⅜	39⅞	39¼	39½	+ ⅜
101⅛	102½	100	Pierce-Arrow pf	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	— ⅛
17⅝	17⅞	900	Pierce Oil	17⅝	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	...
45¼	45⅜	700	Pittsburgh Coal	45⅜	45⅜	45½	45½	— ⅝
34⅞	35	1,500	Pitts. & West Va.	35	35¼	35	35	— ½
61½	62	100	Pressed Steel Car	62	62	62	62	...
70	71½	1,100	Railway Steel Sp	71⅞	71⅞	69⅞	69⅞	—4⅛
20	20⅛	1,100	Ray Con. Copper	20	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
77½	77⅝	8,200	Reading	78⅛	78⅜	77¼	77⅝	—1¼
71½	71⅞	3,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	71⅞	72⅞	71⅞	71⅞	— ⅜
71	71¼	1,900	Royal Dutch t r	72	72¼	71⅛	71⅛	— ⅜
11½	12	600	St. Louis-San Fran.	12⅛	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	—1⅛
61¼	62½	100	Savage Arms	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	— ¼
7	7⅝	100	Saxon Motor	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
7⅜	8	100	Seaboard Air Line	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
15⅜	16¼	600	Seab. Air Line pf	16½	16½	16	16	— ½
173	174½	500	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	177	177	175	175	—4⅞
12½	13	750	Shattuck-Arizona	13	13	12⅝	12⅝	— ½
34⅛	34⅝	2,900	Sinclair Oil Refin	34⅛	34⅝	34	34⅛	— ½
97	97¼	14,600	Southern Pacific	98⅛	98⅛	97	97	—1⅛
125	138	100	So. Porto Rico Sug	135	135	135	135	—3
26	26⅛	5,000	Southern Railway	27½	27½	26⅛	26⅛	—1⅛
66	68	500	Southern Ry. pf	67⅞	68	67¼	67¼	— ⅝
38	39	200	Strom. Carburetor	39	39	39	39	...
49	49¼	10,400	Studebaker Co.	49⅛	49⅞	48⅝	49⅛	+ ⅛
48½	49	100	Stutz Motor	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞	— ⅛
32	33	100	Superior Steel	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅞
13	13⅛	200	Tenn. C. & C.	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅜
186½	187	7,700	Texas Co.	187½	189¼	186½	186½	+ ¼
16½	16⅝	3,200	Texas Co. rights	16⅛	17	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅝
28	28⅛	5,000	Texas & Pacific	28	28⅝	27⅝	28	— ½
200	290	49	Texas Pacific L. T.	235	238	235	238	...
73⅝	74	7,100	Tobacco Products	74⅝	76⅛	73⅝	73⅝	—1⅛
37	37½	200	Transue & Wms	37½	37½	37½	37½	— ⅛
126¼	126½	3,800	Union Pacific	127	127⅛	126⅛	126⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	37⅞	400	United Alloy Steel	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅛
111⅞	112¼	12,100	United Cigar Stores	113⅛	114⅛	112	112	—1⅝
92	94	200	United Drug	94	94	93	93	—1
51½	53	100	United Drug 1st pf	52	52	52	52	—1
161	163	300	United Fruit	161	162	161	162	—1⅝
13½	15	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	14	14	14	14	...
25⅞	26⅜	200	U. S. R. & Imp.	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26½	...
100½	101⅛	2,400	U. S. Indus. Alco.	101⅛	101⅞	101	101⅛	+ ¼
74⅛	74⅝	3,400	U. S. Rubber	75⅛	75⅛	74⅛	74⅛	—1⅛
109	109⅜	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	109	109⅜	109	109⅜	— ½
43⅛	43⅝	100	U. S. Sm., R. & F.	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	— ⅝
89	89⅛	95,400	U. S. Steel	90⅛	90⅛	89	89	—1
114½	114⅝	500	U. S. Steel pf	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	+ ⅛
70⅝	71	2,800	Utah Copper	71⅛	71⅛	71	71	— ⅛
52	53¼	500	Va.-Car. Chemical	51⅛	52¼	51⅞	52¼	— ¼
7⅜	8	700	Wabash	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
31	31½	200	Wabash pf. A	31	31	31	31	— ½
31	31½	50	Do., odd lot	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	— ½
10½	11	500	Western Maryland	10½	10⅜	10½	10½	— ¼
18	19	100	Western Pacific	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ¼
87⅝	88	100	Western Union Tel.	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	+ ½
41	41½	1,000	Westingh. E. & M.	41	41⅛	40⅞	40⅞	— ½
8	9	200	Wheeling & L. E.	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ¼
45⅛	45⅝	100	White Motors	45	45	45	45	— ½
65½	65⅝	1,100	Wilson & Co.	67⅛	67⅛	65⅝	65⅝	—1⅝
23⅞	24	9,300	Willys-Over. x d	24⅛	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	—1⅜
88⅛	88⅜	100	Willys-Overland pf	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	— ⅛
124	125	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	124½	124½	124½	124½	— ½
54⅝	55⅝	300	Worthington Pump	55⅝	55⅝	55	55	— ⅝

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.20	60.58	60.61	—.79
25 industrials	82.09	81.01	81.20	—.47
50 stocks	71.65	70.79	70.90	—.63

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 18	72.02	71.38	71.53	—.39
Jan. 17	72.80	71.71	71.92	—.92
Jan. 16	73.51	72.67	72.84	—.35
Jan. 15	73.49	72.94	73.19	+.05
Jan. 14	73.52	72.92	73.14	+.12
Jan. 13	73.47	72.86	73.02	—.16

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	74.99 Jan. 3	70.79 Jan. 20	70.90
†1918	69.00 Jan. 31	64.12 Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46 Jan. 1	84.71 Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.83 Jan. 3	84.47 Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.68 Jan. 22	60.07 Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	74.99 Jan. 3	70.79 Jan. 20	70.90
†1918	68.37 Jan. 3	64.12 Jan. 15	65.99
Full Year.			
1918	80.16 Nov. 13	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.18 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.10	—.35	—1.79	+1.26

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 18	78.45	—.03	Jan. 11	78.82	—.15
Jan. 17	78.48	—.11	Jan. 10	78.97	—.01
Jan. 16	78.59	—.05	Jan. 9	78.98	..
Jan. 15	78.64	—.03	Jan. 8	78.98	+.04
Jan. 14	78.67	—.15	Jan. 7	78.94	+.12
Jan. 13	78.82	..	Jan. 6	78.82	—.11

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	79.01 Jan. 3	78.10 Jan. 20	78.10
†1918	77.26 Jan. 3	76.78 Jan. 17	78.34
Full Years.			
1918	82.36 Nov 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48 Jan 29	74.24 Dec. 20	74.54
1916	80.18 Nov. 27	88.19 Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

To Confer on Mexico.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico will be held this morning. Following this session it is believed that the full outline of the organization's plans with regard to the Mexican difficulties will be decided upon.

Another Hide and Leather Plan.

There were reports yesterday that a new reorganization plan for American Hide and Leather was under consideration by various interests identified with the company. Repeated plans for a refinancing of the company have been submitted during the last few years and it was said by a Director of the company yesterday that so far as he knew the present proposals had been confined entirely to suggestions. The company has $3,011,000 in twenty year 6 per cent. bonds falling due next September, part of an issue of $8,047,000, the balance being in the sinking fund. Under the adjustment plan these would be paid off at maturity and the present holders of the $13,000,000 stock would receive a new 7 per cent. preferred, dollar for dollar. The back dividends on the preferred, amounting to 116 per cent., would be paid by the issuing of 210,000 shares of new common. The present common stockholders would receive one new share of common for each two shares of the outstanding common held.

Marine Preferred Below Par.

International Mercantile Marine preferred in yesterday's trading fell below par for the first time this year, the low for the day being 99¼ and the close at 100, showed a sharp decline from that of last Saturday. The continued withholding of definite news regarding the pending deal between the British and American Governments has not been particularly pleasing to traders. Now and again rumors have come forth that the deal was off, only to have denials follow shortly afterward.

The Return of Shipping.

One of the most vital steps necessary to an expansion of our foreign trade has been the release of shipping commandeered by the Government to private owners. This has been announced as forthcoming as speedily as possible, and the many export concerns which have been formed recently can now look forward with more confidence to the actual transaction of business. Contrary to the general interpretation of trade conditions, some of the steel interests report that export business is showing considerable activity. This is especially true of the Consolidated Steel Corporation, formed to handle the export business of some of the largest independent concerns. It was said yesterday by this company that inquiries were numerous and that many were developing into actual orders.

Copper Market Quiet.

In trade circles it is reported that there is little active demand for copper, a condition which has prevailed since late in December. The question has been raised, in view of the continued lack of buying, as to how far the curtailment of production by the copper companies will actually proceed. It has been announced by some of the more prominent companies that they will not sell copper below 23 cents, and that mining operations will continue to be reduced until an active demand develops. Just how far in this process of curtailment the companies will have to go before encountering a deficiency in supply presents some interesting speculation.

Uncertainty Rules Rails.

The uncertainty surrounding the question of returning the railroads of the country to a modified private ownership subject to responsible governmental regulation continued to rule the course of the standard railroad shares in yesterday's stock market. The report from Washington that the increases in wages granted by former Director General of Railroads McAdoo would aggregate close to $1,000,000,000, instead of the $600,000,000 he had mentioned, was not without a depressing effect, and the movement of the rails was generally downward, although offerings of stock were fairly light. Atchison, which opened at 91¾, sold off to 91½ at the close, after touching 92, with only 800 shares changing hands. On a turnover of only 500 shares, Delaware & Hudson lost almost a point from the opening quotation of 108⅝, while Erie, Great Northern preferred, Pennsylvania, and Norfolk & Western, Missouri Pacific, and others registered fractional losses.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.87½	...	5.87½
Spelter	...	7.50	...	7.65
Antimony	7.37½	7.62½	7.37½	7.62½
Quicksilver	$105.00	...	$110.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2 X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday £	s.	d.	Friday £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	93	0	0	92	0	0
Copper, futures	83	0	0	83	0	0
Tin, spot	251	0	0	250	0	0
Tin, futures	247	0	0	245	10	0
Spelter	56	0	0	50	0	0
Lead	35	0	0	35	0	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	5	6	Houghton	30	60
B. S. Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	22	23
Bos. Ariz.	..	1⅜	Iron Blos	44	52
Bos. Ely	95	90	Iron Cap	15⅞	15½
Bos. Mont.	49	50	Jer. Verde	43	50
Begole	..	50	La Rose	40	50
Blk. Hawk	25	50	Majestic	22	25
Bohemia	75	85	Mex.Metals	28	38
Butte Lon.	14	15	Moj. Tung.	5	7
Calaveras	1½	..	New Baltic	1	1½
Champ.sld.	3	4	Nat.Z.& L.	8	10
Chief Cons.	3⅝	3⅞	Nixon Nev.	39	40
Cons. Cop.	6	6⅞	Nev. Doug.	35	39
Cons. Ariz.	1⅛	1⅜	Oneco	25	50
Cortez	12	16	Onondaga	10	15
Crown Res.	42	48	Seven Mets.	40	42
Crystal	10	20	S.W.Miami,		
Donbigh	54	56	full paid	85	1¼
Earle Eagle	..	2	U.VerdeEx	53½	54
Eagle B. B.	2⅜	2½	Vic. Mines	..	75
Fortuna	1	4	Yukon Gold	80	1
Gold Lake	2	4			

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JAN. 20, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$11,732,500	$3,316,000	$4,069,000
Year to date	165,323,000	71,176,500	93,322,300

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
20....99.10
10....99.10
3....99.12
26....99.16
3....99.12
10....99.16
1....99.14
29....99.16
10....99.20
2....99.12
137....99.20
1....99.10
5....99.20
101....99.10
60....99.20
62....99.10
15....99.14
43....99.10
$545,000
1st conv 4s 1932-'47
4....94.02
4....94.10
12....94.18
1....94.04
$21,000
2d 4s, '27-'42
20....93.88
31....93.80
7....93.76
20....93.78
3....93.70
11....93.74
5....93.70
20....93.74
20....93.76
13....93.78
10....93.74
10....93.78
3....93.70
10....93.78
14....93.74
14....93.78
6....93.70
2....93.78
1....93.70
8....93.78
20....93.86
1....93.80
1....93.78
10....93.80
22....93.78
20....93.82
11....93.84
6....93.78
$317,000
1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47
27....96.14
1....96.12
29....96.04
6....96.10
1....96.04
2....96.02
9....96.08
7....96.02
$82,000
2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42
10....95.04
5....95.02
30....95.04
1....95.00
30....95.04
28....95.02
37....95.04
35....95.00
1....95.02
3....95.00
30....95.04
35....95.02
10....95.04
65....95.02
10....95.04
9....95.00
10....95.04
1....94.98
20....95.02
8....95.00
30....95.04
23....95.00
11....95.02
45....95.04
88....95.00
132....95.04
33....95.00
5....95.02
10....95.04
2....95.00
5....95.02
11....95.00
5....95.04
20....95.06
12....95.02
3....95.00
40....95.04
1....95.02
2....95.00
5....95.04
20....95.06
8....95.02
57....95.06
$887,000
3d 4¼s, 1928
132....95.96
27....95.04
1....95.90
2....95.92
30....95.96
2....95.94
20....95.92
10....95.96
3....95.90
5....95.96
26....95.94
12....95.90
15....95.94
3....95.96
4....95.92
3....95.90
174....95.92
25....95.96
10....95.94
8....95.92
24....95.96
2....95.90
15....95.90
1....95.92
10....95.94
50....95.92
1....95.90
2....95.94
1....95.90
2....95.92
10....95.94
2....95.90
10....95.92
10....95.94
2....95.90
5....95.92
80....95.94
2....95.92
4....95.90
78....95.92
17....95.94
10....95.90
15....95.92
81....95.90
100....95.94
2....95.90
15....95.96
2....95.90
10....95.94
17....95.90
2....95.98
43....95.90
1....95.88
44....95.90
81....95.92
8....95.90
25....95.92
30....95.90
48....95.88
25....95.90
75....95.92
25....95.94
10....95.92
38....95.90
7....95.86
9....95.90
25....95.92
6....95.88
30....95.86
15....95.92
4....95.88
40....95.90
31....95.88
10....95.90
15....95.92
5....95.90
15....95.92
25....95.86
25....95.90
12....95.88
10....95.86
16....95.88
3....95.90
2....95.86
35....95.90
30....95.88
30....95.86
80....95.88
$1,038,000
4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
126....95.02
107....95.04
169....95.06
263....95.02
1....95.00
19....95.06
81....95.02
89....95.04
12....95.00
5....95.02
2....95.00
40....95.04
5....95.02
20....95.04
15....95.06
85....95.04
42....95.06
45....95.04
2....95.02
2....95.00
20....95.02
2....95.06
30....95.04
2....95.00
3....95.02
10....95.06
1....95.00
15....95.04
5....95.06
67....95.04
4....95.00
6....95.04
4....95.06
9....95.04
5....95.02
36....95.00
117....95.04
5....95.02
8....95.00
20....95.06
203....95.00
90....95.04
32....95.02
162....95.00
2....94.96
5....94.98
38....94.96
150....95.00
4....94.98
22....94.96
152....95.00
7....94.98
35....95.00
37....94.96
10....94.98
20....95.00
1....94.96
9....94.98
31....95.02
25....95.00
10....94.98
5....95.00
1....94.98
21....94.96
35....95.00
9....94.96
4....95.00
5....94.98
12....95.00
12....94.96
7....95.00
1....94.98
42....95.00
12....94.96
47....94.98
62....95.00
6....95.02
$2,536,000
US 4s, coupon
20....104½
Am For Sec 5s
36....99⅝
Anglo-Fr 5s
334....97⅛
289....97¼
10....97⅛
174....97¼
361....97⅛
11....97⅜
½....97¼
13....97¼
2....97⅛
18....97¼
C of Bordx 6s
3....100⅜
1....100¼
C of Lyons 6s
1....100⅜
2....100¼
C of Marsls 6s
4....100⅜
2....100⅜
C of Paris 6s
8....98⅝
1....98⅞
5....99
10....98⅞
Dom of Can 5s, 1926
6....97⅛
1931
7....97⅝
6....97⅞
10....97⅝
French G 5½s
43....103½
199....104
802....104⅛
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan
5....87
2d Series
1....87½
U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919
14....100
10....100⅛
107....100
13....99⅞
31....99⅞
5....99⅞
115....100
new
16....100⅛
6....100
257....100⅛
22....100⅛
361....100⅛
5½s, 1921
14....98⅛
2....98
6....98⅛
26....98⅜
1....98
50....98¼
10....98⅜
30....98⅜
10....98⅛
15....98⅜
5½s, 1937
4....100⅛
146....100
35....100⅛
N Y City 4½s, 1960
15....96¼
4½s, May, '57
18....101
Nov, 1957
9....101
1963
3....101¼
1....101⅛
AmAgC cv 5s
1....98
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
2....92⅜
Am Tel & Tel col tr 5s
1....93
1....92
2....92½
conv 6s
4....101¼
7....101⅛
2....101⅜
2....101⅛
Am Wr Pap 5s
10....90¼
Arm & Co 4½s
4....87⅝
At, T & S Fe gen 4s
1....84⅝
Cal-Ariz 1st & ref 4½s
1....85
Trans S L 4s
1....79
A C L 1st 4s
2....84⅝
B&O pr ln 3½s
1....88⅜
gold 4s
1....78⅜
4....78⅝
1....78⅜
1....78
conv 4½s
8....77⅞
3....78
4....77⅞
1....77⅞
1....77⅞
ref 5s
4....81⅛
11....81⅛
S W Div 3½s
1....86
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s
1....87
purmoney5s
2....80
BradCops f 6s
2....95⅜
8....95½
1....96⅛
B R T gold 5s
2....65
7s, 1921
2....80
8....80¼
5....80½
BklnUE1st5s
3....78
BklnUnGas5s
4....94
CalGas&E5s
1....95⅛
CenLeather5s
10....96⅝
1....96⅛
1....96⅝
Ches&Ocv4½s
3....78⅛
1....78½
conv 5s
1....86
2....85⅜
5....85⅝
4....85⅜
con 5s
1....98⅜
C,B&Q gen 4s
10....82½
joint 4s
8....95½
8....95⅜
24....95½
Ill div 4s
5....85
Chi Gt W 4s
1....60⅛
3....61¼
C,M&StPgen 4s, Ser A
10....76½
4s, 1925
1....83
conv 4½s
1....79
6....78
2....77
cv 5s, Ser B
3....79
1....78½
1....79
refund 4½s
1....71
1....70⅝
6....70
C & P W 5s
6....97⅜
C,RI&Pgen4s
7....76
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
6....74⅝
1....75
Chi&Wlgen6s
1....102⅜
con 4s
2....63⅜
Chile Cop 7s
2....107⅝
col tr 6s
2....83½
cv6s,rcts,pt paid, ext
1....84
col tr 6s
3....83½
Clev,C,C&StL deb 4½s
2....78½
St L div 4s
1....76⅛
Col Industl 5s
2....75⅜
1....75
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
1....77½
ConGascv6s
11....101½
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934
2....100
Cumberld T 5s
1....93⅛
Erie 1st con 4s
1....69
1st gen 4s
2....54
4....53⅝
cv 4s, Ser B
10....47
cv 4s, Ser D
3....51
10....50⅝
5....50
Ft Wh & D C, 1st 6s
2....99⅝
Ga Midland 3s
2....52
Granby Con cv 6s,SerA,stpd
1....98
Gt Nor ref 4½s
6....86
Hud&Man1st &ref5s,SerA
2....58⅛
1....57½
1....57½
1....57
adj inc 5s
13....17
Ill Cent ref 4s
1....82½
Ill Steel 4½s
10....84
Ind, Ill & Iowa 4s
3....82
Inter-Met 4½s
16....40⅛
24....40⅛
52....40
3....39⅝
3....40
1....40⅛
17....39⅞
IRT1st&ref5s
15....70
15....69⅞
3....69⅞
3....69⅞
5....69⅞
1....69⅞
20....69⅞
5....69⅞
2....69⅞
8....69⅞
1....69⅞
2....69⅞
5....69⅞
1....70
1....69⅞
3....69⅞
1....69⅞
2....69⅞
Int Agr Corp col trust 5s
10....78
IntMerMsf6s
12....99½
5....99
1....98⅞
8....99
2....98⅞
4....98⅞
IowaCen1st5s
1....77
ref 4s
1....44
5....43½
KanCitySo5s
1....84¾
2....84½
KanCityTer4s
1....76⅞
1....77
LacledeGasLt ofStL1st5s
1....99½
ref & ext 5s
2....95¼
LS&MSo4s,'28
2....89⅞
10....89⅞
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcs
3....102
1....102¾
Liggett&M7s
1....113
Long Isl deb 5s, 1937
1....77
Long I gen 5s
1....80
L & N uni 4s
1....86⅝
5....85⅝
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
9....87½
1....87⅝
M & St L 1st & ref 4s
1....44½
Mo Pac gen 4s
2....60⅞
15....60½
5....60⅜
1....60⅛
1....60¼
16....60⅛
Mont P 5s, A
1....93½
N O Terml 4s
1....67
NO,T&M inc 5s
3....58⅛
NYAirB 1st 6s
1....99⅞
10....100
NYCent deb 6s
14....98⅝
3....98⅞
25....98
L C col 3½s
10....68
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s
1....86
NYRys ref 4s
3....42
adj 5s
1....13⅞
5....13⅝
N Y Tel 4½s
3....89⅝
Norf So 1st ref 5s, A
1....68
N & W con 4s
10....83⅝
cv 6s, w i
10....106⅝
10....106⅛
2....106⅜
25....106½
Nor Pac 4s
1....85⅛
Ontario P Co 1st s f 5s
4....91
Oreg Sh Line 1st con 5s
1....98⅜
gtd ref 4s
2....87
Oreg-W R R & N1st&ref4s
2....78
PaRR gen 4½s
1....88⅝
4....88⅝
gen5s,temctfs
2....97¼
5....97⅛
83....97⅛
61....97⅛
32....97
23....96⅝
15....96⅝
10....96⅝
2....96⅝
5....97
PaCo gtd g 4s
2....83⅜
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s
5....76
1....75
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1924
20....92
Prov Sec Co deb 4s
1....40
Read'g gen 4s
3....86
11....86⅛
5....86
St L & S F pr lien 4s, A
23....61⅛
9....61½
pr lien 5s, B
1....77⅝
adj 6s
5....65⅝
7....65½
income 6s
12....43
StLSW 1st 4s
1....72⅜
St P & K C S Line 1st 4½s
3....79
S A & A P 4s
7....66
S A L adj 5s
6....51
5....50⅜
9....50
Sinclair O & R 1st s f 7s
2....96⅝
3....96⅝
6....96⅛
5....96
1....95⅝
with war
1....100
11....99⅞
So Pac cv 4s
1....84
1....84½
20....84
14....83⅝
conv 5s
21....101½
13....101¼
10....101⅜
15....101¼
5....101
4....101¼
1st ref 4s
3....82⅜
SouthRy 1st 5s
1....95½
1....95
gen 4s
2....67¼
Term As of St L ref 4s
1....77
Tex Co deb 6s
1....102
8....101⅜
ThirdAvadj5s
2....30
Un Pac 1st 4s
1....89
3....88⅝
4....88
1....88⅝
1st & ref 4s
1....80⅝
Union Pac 6s
1....104⅜
2....104⅜
5....104
10 c....106
1....104⅛
U S Rubber 7s
1....102⅝
3....103
1st & ref 5s
20....86⅝
2....87
8....86⅝
20....86⅝
1....87
U S Stl Corp s f 5s
21....100
5....100⅛
18....100
Utah P & L 5s
4....89
Va-C Chem 5s
6....96
VirgnRy 1st 5s
1....83⅝
Wabash 1st 5s
7....96⅝
Westn Md 4s
4....58⅝
4....58⅛
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
2....96⅝
3....97
8....96⅝
5....97½
WisCen gen 4s
4....79½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Foreign Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅞
Anglo French 5s	97¼	97⅛
Argentine 5s	90	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅞	98⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97	97⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅞
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	71	72
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	91	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	89⅛	96⅛
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82½	83
Dominican Republic 5s	92	..
French Republic 5½s	104	104½
City of Bordeaux 6s	100¼	100½
City of Lyons 6s	100¼	100½
City of Marseilles 6s	100¼	100½
City of Paris 6s	98⅛	98⅝
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87	88½
Japanese 4s	70	75
City of Tokio 5s	81⅛	82⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅛	98⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100½	100⅜
United States of Mexico 5s	66	70
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98⅜	Pan 3s, c, 1938	97	98
2s, c, 1930	97½	98⅜	Pan 3s, r, 1961	89	92
3s, r, 1946	88	91⅜	Pan 3s, c, 1961	89	92
3s, c, 1946	88	91⅜	P I 4s, '34	89	93½
4s, r, 1925	104½	104⅝	P I 4s, '35	89	96
4s, c, 1925	104½	104⅝	P I 4s, '36	89	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	95	98
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	98			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	46	49½	B. R. & P.	65	72½
Ajax Rub.	71	71½	Do pf	90	107
Alb & Sus.	..	185	Burns Bros	151½	155
Alle & W.	97½	..	Do pf, xd	110	115
Am Ag Ch pf	98	98½	Cal & Ar.	59	63
Am B N.	32½	35	Case (J I) pf	91	93
Do pf	43	48	Cent Fdy.	17	23
Am B Sug pf	85	89	Do pf	32	35
Am Coal	45	..	Cent L pf	105½	106
Am Cot Oil pf	88	92	C R R of N J	209	230
Am Exp	88	94	C & S A T	116	118
Am Loco	58	60	C'tain-teed	..	38½
Am M 1st pf	46	48	Do 1st pf	85	..
Am Shipb	..	142	Chan Mot	102½	105
Am Sm pf. A	92	93½	Chi & Alt	7	10¼
Am Snuff	110½	115	Do pf	..	12
Do pf	95	101	C & N W pf	131	136
Am S Tob pf	92	97	Chi, St P, M & Om.	78	82
Am T & C.	55	70	Do pf	105	120
Am Tob	198	203	C, C, C & St L	35	38
Assets R.	1¼	1½	Do pf	62½	75
Asso D G 1st pf	58	68	Cl & Pitts	69½	80
Do 2d pf	55	..	Do spec	38	..
Assoc Oil	73	75	Clu-Peab.	65	69
A, T & S F pf	86½	88	Do pf	105	..
A, B & A.	7⅛	8	Col F pf	102	..
Atl C L	97	98½	Col South	20¼	23½
Bald L pf	101	107	Do 1st pf	48	55
Barrett Co pf	110	112⅜	Do 2d pf	41½	48
B'ch Cr'k	80½	..	Crex Carp	47	55
Beth S 7% pf	90½	95	Cruc S pf	90	94
Brown Sh.	67	70	C-Am Sug	153	160
Do pf, xd	96½	100	D, L & W	175	178
Bush Ter.	..	97	D & R G	3⅝	5
			Do pf	6½	7½
			Det Ed	110	118
			Det Un Ry	81	86
			Det & M	..	85
			Do pf	..	110

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
D, S S & A	3	3½	Owens B M pf	104	100
Do pf	5	7	Pac Coast	40	50
Elec S B	50	55	Do 1st pf	89	100
Elk H C	27½	29	Do 2d pf	55	80
Do pf	..	47	Pac T & T	20	22½
Erie & P	..	70	Peoples Gas, Chicago	46	50
Fed M & S	9	11	Peo & E	4½	5½
Fisher Bdy	36½	42	Pere M pf	43	49
Do pf	92½	93¾	Pett-Mull	25	45
Gen Chem	165	175	Do 1st pf	94	100
Gen Cig pf	100	106	P, C, C & St L	45	50
Gen M pf	82⅜	84⅛	Pitts C pf	85⅜	87½
Goodrich pf	101	103⅜	P, Ft W & C	133½	138
G, M & N	7	9	Pitts S pf	90	94
Do pf	30	35	Pitts & W Va pf	79	81
Gulf S S 1st pf	94	99½	Pond C C	13	13¼
Hartman	54½	58	Pr Stl Car pf	100	103½
Homestake xd	94	98	P S, N J	91	..
Int Agri	11½	13	P'man Co	120½	124
Int H pf	115	..	R R Sec, I C stk cfs	..	79
Int N pf	95	..	Ry Stl Spr pf	100½	107
Int Pa pf	75	89	Rdg 1st pf	37½	38
Do pf s	62½	63	Do 2d pf	37⅝	39
Int Salt	52	62	Rep I & S pf	100	101
Iowa Cent	2½	4	St L S F pf	23	27
Jew Tea pf	89	90	St L S W	18⅜	22½
K C, Ft S & M pf	59	..	Do pf	30	31
Kan C So	18	19	Sears-R pf	115	125
Kelly S T pf	90	100	Sloss-Sheff S & I	48	50
Kelsey Wh pf	91	95	Do pf	87	92
K & D M	3	5	So Porto R Sugar pf	107	110
Do pf	..	75	St'd Mill	124	132
K'gs Co El L & P	96	98	Do pf	88	90
Kresge (SS) pf	106½	..	Studeb Co pf	92	96
Kress (S H) xd	59	67½	Sup Steel 1st pf	95	101
Do pf	105¾	..	Third Av	13⅜	14¼
Lacl Gas	83	85	Tide W O	218	225
L E & W	8⅞	9⅞	Tob P pf	102	104
Do pf	10½	20	T, St L & West	..	9
Lee Rub T	21⅛	22	Do ctfs	..	6
Ligg & M	190	220	Do pf	10	20
Do pf	108	110	Do pf, c	10	12
Lorill'd Co	162	167	T C R T	36	42
Do pf	109	110	Do pf	70	125
M'Kay Cos	70⅜	72½	Und Typo	117	122
Do pf	64	65	Do pf	110	..
Man B'ch	⅝	3	U B & P	76	79
Man El S	..	44	Un Pac pf	72	73
Man Elev	86	89	Un Cig Sts pf	110	125
Man Shirt	67	78	United Drug 2d pf	80	94
Marlin R	71	80	U Dyew'd	50	61
Math Alk	..	43½	Do pf	90	95
Mas Motor 2d pf	20	21	U Rys Inv	7¼	8
M Dep Sts pf	104	106	Do pf	15	17
Mex Pet pf	103½	..	U S C I P pf	42	46½
Mich Cent	87	96	U S Exp	17	18
M, St P & S S M	85	89	U S Ind A pf	100	103
Do pf	100	108	U S Sm pf	44	45¾
Do l l	60	70	Utah Sec	13⅜	14¼
M, K & T	5	5½	Va-Car Ch pf	111	113
Do pf	8½	10	Va Iron, C & Coke	57½	60
Mon Pow	70½	72½	Va R & P	..	48
Do pf	104	..	Wabash pf B	19	20
Mor & Es	71½	79	W F Exp	66	73½
N, C & St L	110	120	W Md 2d pf	20	29
Nat Bisc	111	112	W Pac pf	..	60
Do pf	116	120	W E & M 1st pf	60	65
Nat En pf	93½	97	W & L E pf	17	20
Nat L pf	108	..	Wilson pf	90	99
Nat Rys of M 2d pf	8	8½	Wis Cent	30	35
N Y, C & St L 1st pf	60	66	W'w'th pf	115	121
Do 2d pf	43	47	Wor Pump pf A	87½	90
N Y Dock pf	40	47	Do pf B	66	67½
N Y, L & West	92½	100			
Norf So	16	17			
North Am	47	48			
Nor Cent	67	..			
Nova Sc S	53	54			
Ohio F S	42½	44⅜			

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Charles Warner Co.	1	Q	Jan. 20	Dec. 31
Do 1st & 2d pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 23	Dec. 31
J. G. Brill pf	1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Do	3	Ac	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Pullman Co.	2	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Stewart-W. Sp'dm'r	2	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 29

Senate Shelves Popular Election.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Without discussion or a record vote the Senate today indefinitely postponed consideration of a resolution introduced more than a year by Senator Shafroth of Colorado proposing popular election of President and Vice President. The resolution had been disapproved by the Judiciary Committee.

Your Investments

should be subjected to a periodical examination and analysis. This is an important feature of our service to investors, and has been the means of saving them considerable money and anxiety.

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SPOKANE GAS & FUEL CO.
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WEBB CITY & CARTERVILLE GAS CO
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"Securities Suggestions"
Among other interesting features, the last two issues of this semi-monthly publication contain the following:
Future of the Oil Industry
Cities Service Bonds
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The Part Payment Plan
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BRITAIN OFFERS LONG TERM BONDS

American Syndicate to Manage Conversion of $150,000,000 of 5½ Per Cent. Notes.

ISSUE TO RUN FOR 20 YEARS

Belgium, Italy, and Other Allied Nations Negotiating for Sales of Securities Here.

An announcement by J. P. Morgan & Company yesterday in connection with the conversion of the $150,000,000 issue of 5½ per cent. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland notes indicated that the first public offering of foreign securities in this country since the armistice was signed would be twenty-year 5½ per cent. bonds of the British Government. J. P. Morgan & Co. are organizing a syndicate consisting of the First National Bank, the National City Company, Harris, Forbes & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; the Guaranty Trust Company, the Bankers Trust Company, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Brown Bros. & Co.; Lee, Higginson & Co., and other firms to underwrite the note conversion, the terms providing that the group take the paper not converted by present holders and exchange it for long-term bonds on their own account. It is expected that the bonds they receive will shortly be open for subscription by investors.

The United Kingdom notes are part of an issue of $250,000,000 of which $100,000,000 were paid off Feb. 1 last year. The remainder fall due on Feb. 1. To date about $55,000,000 of the notes have been converted into the British Government issue, and it is estimated that the banking group will ultimately have between $60,000,000 and $80,000,000 of the bonds to dispose of. Details of the offering were not made public yesterday, but the present market price of the twenty-year bonds already outstanding through conversions indicate that the price will be in the neighborhood of par.

The transaction supplies a new departure in international financing. Heretofore loans made by Great Britain, France and other allied nations in this country have been entirely on a short-term basis, part of them secured by collateral and the others unsecured. The 5½ per cent. bonds represent the only long-term obligation of the British Government payable in dollars in New York and dealt in on the American market.

Great Britain, Belgium, Italy and others of the allied nations have been negotiating for several weeks with the Treasury Department and bankers for sales of securities in this country. With the $5,000,000,000 victory loan coming late in April, plans for foreign financing will need to be completed quickly, and several issues are looked for prior to March 1.

ASSAILS FEDERAL PAPERS.

Sherman Asserts Department Bulletins Serve No Useful Purpose.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20. — Senator Sherman of Illinois offered a resolution in the Senate today calling upon the Committee on Printing to investigate the various publications issued by the Government, including the Official Bulletin, to ascertain if they are actually serving any useful purpose. Altogether, there are eighteen publications issued by the various departments. The resolution, which went to the Committee on Printing, was as follows:

"Resolved by the Senate, That the newspapers, magazines, and other instrumentalities of a free press serve adequately all purposes in the transmission of news and its communication to the public.

"That the practice which has developed of various Government departments publishing what is in effect a newspaper or a periodical, which ostensibly represents to the public news from that department, has become a system of promoting various economic proposals, schemes for extending the power of the department or bureau concerned and securing increased appropriations; it is a menace to the free press of the country, a burden to the taxpayer thereof, and serves no useful purpose in promoting efficient, economic, or sound principles of government.

"Resolved, That the Senate Committee on Printing be and is hereby directed to investigate the number of such periodicals or papers published by the departments, bureaus, boards, and commissions, the number of persons employed therein, and the estimated cost of the same, and report such matter to the Senate for its further consideration."

PROTEST ON THEATRE TAX.

Thousands of Messages on Proposed Rise Sent to Conferees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Telegrams, letters, and petitions by the thousands, protesting against the proposed increasing of the 10 per cent. tax on theatre tickets to 20 per cent. were received today at the offices of the Senate Finance Committee, where the Senate and House conferees who are struggling over the War Revenue bill held their sessions.

The conferees did not get together because of the illness of Representative Kitchin, Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee and leading advocate of the increased theatre, movie and club taxes. Mr. Kitchin will be present tomorrow when the deliberations will be resumed.

There was not sufficient storage space in the ante-room of the conference quarters and batches of the petitions and letters were shoved inside the room. Clerks piled heaps of them upon the table where they will be the first objects to greet the eyes of the conferees in the morning.

The majority of the petitions, it was stated, came from New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and other large communities in the Eastern part of the country. Word has been received by telegram that petitions signed by many thousands of theatregoers are being forwarded from the Middle West and West.

There is nothing definite to indicate what, if any, action will be taken in the direction of a downward revision of the theatre taxes. The Senate members of the conference who suggested the retention of 10 per cent., but who agreed to the higher tax demanded by the House conferees in order not to block compromises on bigger problems, are still taking the position that the protestants must aim their attacks upon Representative Kitchin and his followers. It is possible that some announcement will be made tomorrow after the protests now cluttering up the committee quarters are given consideration.

The big problem which will confront the conferees tomorrow is the settlement of the war excess profits taxes payable in 1919.

Allen Quits War Finance Board.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20. — Sherman Allen has resigned as Secretary-Treasurer of the War Finance Corporation to accept a position with a New York bank, and will be succeeded immediately by R. Reyburn Burklin, now Assistant Secretary-Treasurer. Mr. Allen formerly was fiscal agent of the Federal Reserve Board, and also served for a while as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15, '20	98	98	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99½	99¾	
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99	99¾	5.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99½	100¼	5.80
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1925	94	95	6.00
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	59	61	
Do rubles	3½	Feb. 14, '20	135	140	
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	59	61	
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99½	5.60

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100½	100¾	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99¾	5.25
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	8.00
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1928	100¾	101¾	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101¾	101¾	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101½	102	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¾	102¾	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102¾	103	6.05
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103½	103¾	6.10
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98¼	99½	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99¾	99¾	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '19	100¾	100¾	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '20	100¾	101	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '21	100¾	101	6.55
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	100¾	101	6.65
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	101	101¼	6.85
Calif. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 1, '24	100¾	100¾	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	89	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	97¾	98½	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	8	Oct., 1921	96¾	97¾	7.10
Cub. Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1926	99¾	100¾	5.56
Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Cub.-Am. Sug.	8	Jan., 1921	99½	100¾	5.85
Cudy P. Co.	7	July 15, '23	102¾	102¾	6.80
Del. & Hud.	6	Aug., 1910	88¾	99	6.75
Dug. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98¼	6.50
Erie I. R.	5	Apr., 1919	94	95	
Fyd. Sug. R.	8	Jan., 1920	97½	99	6.00
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1919	100¾	100¾	5.35
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1920	100¾	100¾	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	98½	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	6	Sep., 1919	99¼	99½	5.80
Okl. G. & E.	8	June, 1919	98	98¾	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	93	99	8.00
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitts. & S. S. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100¼	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100¾	
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	101¾	5.50
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¾	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102½	103¼	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103½	104¼	5.75
Rem. & U. M. Ctge. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99½	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E.	5	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102¾	103¾	
St. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	99¾	99¾	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99½	100	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95¼	96¼	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	98½	8.00
U. L. & Ry. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	8	Sep. 15, '22	90	100	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Wm. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99¾	100	7.00

DENIES CONSIDERING FREIGHT RATE RISE

Director General Hines Issues Statement on the Railroads' Problems for 1919.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, today issued a statement in which he denied that the Railroad Administration "has given or is giving any consideration to any increase in the present basis of rates."

The statement followed the publication in THE NEW YORK TIMES and certain other newspapers of a report that the Government operation of railroads in 1919 would result in a deficit, instead of the surplus predicted by former Director General McAdoo, and that this situation might render it necessary to seek a further rise in freight rates.

The denial issued by Director General Hines today does not go to the heart of the question, namely, the assertion that instead of operating the railroads in 1919 so as to produce a surplus the Government faces the prospect of a deficit, and there is no denial by Mr. Hines that the Railroad Administration "may have" to recommend a rise in railroad rates, or call on Congress to appropriate funds to make good a deficit for 1919.

"There is no foundation for the report that the Railroad Administration has given consideration or is giving consideration to any increase in present basis of rates," Mr. Hines's statement read.

"The results of operations for the year will be largely dependent upon the volume of traffic. If the volume of traffic should be as large as last year, it is believed the operating income would be sufficient to pa ythe rental. As soon as any reasonably satisfactory conclusion as to the probable volume of traffic can be formed, the public and Congress will be given the best possible estimate of the prospects for 1919."

In the Washington dispatch to THE TIMES it was pointed out that in the event o fthe deficit which may occur, there would be five ways open for meeting it, one of which would be through increase in the volume of traffic. The statement is made that the weekly returns to the Director General show a falling off in traffic since the armistice was signed. Mr. Hines says that "if the volume of traffic should be as large as last year," then "it is believed," by the Railroad Administration, that the "operating income would be sufficient to pay the rental."

FINANCIAL NOTES.

William A. Read & Co. are offering $7,500,000 Series "B" 1919 equipment trust 6 per cent. gold certificates of the Canadian Northern Railway which were issued under the Philadelphia plan and mature in semi-annual installments of $375,000 each, July 1, 1919, to Jan. 1, 1929, inclusive.

The Dominion Securities Corporation, Ltd., of Toronto, Canada, has published a pamphlet entitled "Review of the Bond Market in Canada for 1918," which is being distributed.

William R. Compton & Co., Spencer Trask & Co. and Halsey Stuart & Co., Inc., are offering $2,750,000 Arkansas-Louisiana Highway District Serial 6 per cent. bonds falling due annually Sept. 1, 1921 to 1939. The issue is exempt from all Federal income taxes.

Luther E. Mackall, Assistant General Manager of the National Surety Company, has been elected a Vice President of the company, and Roy B. Davis of the concern's court department has been appointed as one of the assistant secretaries.

Henry W. Carlisle has been appointed as Assistant Manager of the publicity department of the Guaranty Trust Company.

L. B. O'Meara, formerly with Dawson & Lyon, who has been discharged from the navy where he served during the war, has established an unlisted department with Moyse & Holmes.

Hughes & Dier have opened an uptown office in Harlem at 67-69 West 125th Street in the Chatham and Phenix National Bank Building.

The Stewart-Warner Speedometer Company has declared a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent., payable Feb. 15, to stock of record Jan. 29. The company previously paid at the rate of 1½ per cent.

1116.

Lee Higginson & Co. yesterday sold $1,000,000 ten-year 6 per cent. sinking fund gold notes of Bird & Son, Inc., within an hour.

Charles L. Farrell, President of the National Newark and Essex Banking Company, announces that on Feb. 1 a fully equipped trust department will be opened under the recent amendment of the Federal Reserve act.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Jacket	.03
Alta	.02	Mexican	.00
Andes	.04	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.01	Ophir	.01
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con.	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.09
Con. Virginia	.02	Mexican dollars	.77½
Hale & Norcross	.01		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.60	Atlanta	.04
Brougher Dvlp.	.17	Booth	.13
Cash Boy	.06	Florence	.12
Gold Mon.	.19	Goldfield Con.	.22
Halifax	.18	Goldfield Merger	.05
Jim Butler	.35	Great Bend	.03
McNamara	.28	Jumbo Ext.	.14
Midway	.31	Kewanas	.06
Mispah	.05	Lone Star	.07
Monarch Pitts.	.07	Silver Pick	.05
Montana	.14	Spearhead	.20
North Star	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.07	Manhattan Con.	.04
Tonopah Divide	2.09	Nevada Hills	.03
Tonopah Ext.	2.25	Packard	.30
West End	1.27½	Rochester	.25
West Tonopah	.19	Round Mountain	.30
		United Eastern	4.25
		White Caps	.14

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	5¼	Isabella	5¾	6¾
Dr. Jackpot	4¾	5	McKinney	7¼	9
Elkton	4⅝	7	Portland	100	105
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	14	16
Golden C.	176	178	Vindicator	40	42
Granite	13¾		Rose Nicol	13	14

$1,071,660,000 GAIN IN GOLD HELD HERE

More Than $2,000,000,000 Already Impounded by the Federal Reserve Banks.

NOT READY FOR EXPORTING

Light on Foreign Needs Wanted Before Present Restrictions Can Be Lifted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The striking change in the gold situation growing out of the war, which has produced a remarkable rearrangement and redistribution of gold among the leading commercial and belligerent nations, is dealt with by the Federal Reserve Board in its monthly bulletin for January, just off the press and made public tonight.

Since the war started in August, 1914 the gain in this country's stock of gold has been $1,071,660,000. These figures are complete up to Dec. 10, 1918. More than $2,000,000,000 worth of gold has now been impounded by the Federal Reserve banks and the Federal Reserve Board is of the opinion that this stock will reach the staggering figure of $2,500,000,000.

One effect of the changes in the international gold situation has been to raise in urgent form in the minds of members of the Federal Reserve Board the question as to the extent to which gold will be used as a circulating medium and also the question of the extent to which the gold standard can maintain itself, but the board feels that creditor countries, such as England and the United States, will find it necessary to maintain the essential integrity of the gold standard unimpaired.

"Among the sterling changes produced by the war," says the board in its bulletin, "is a very great rearrangement or redistribution of gold among the principal commercial and belligerent nations, as well as a considerable increase of prices. One question which has naturally been presented in urgent form, therefore, is the extent to which gold will be used as a circulating medium and the extent to which the gold standard can maintain itself.

"Practically all of the principal belligerent countries had a very large actual hand-to-hand circulation of gold prior to the coming on of the war, but in practically all of them this gold has been transferred to the central banks and has been methodically eliminated from the actual circulation.

"More than $2,000,000,000 of gold has thus far been impounded by the Federal Reserve banks, and it seems likely that this movement will continue to a point that will enlarge the stock of gold held by the Federal Reserve banks to perhaps $2,800,000,000, if Government estimates of the total gold monetary stock of the country are accurate.

"The question may fairly be raised whether the outcome of the situation may not be that of introducing the general use of substitutes for gold. It is interesting to note that the recent report of the Committee on Currency of the Foreign Exchanges in Great Britain has recommended that the policy be pursued of substituting notes for all gold outside the central bank reserves.

"Creditor countries, such as England has been in the past, and such as the United States is today, and countries—such as England and henceforth also the United States—which expect to be international bankers, will doubtless find it necessary to maintain the gold standard in its essential integrity; in other words, they will have to maintain a free gold market, or one in which sterling and dollar credits, respectively, will always without question or delay be liquidated in gold or in currency convertible into gold.

"To that end it will be necessary for them to maintain their domestic currency on an unequivocal gold basis by always standing ready to redeem all forms of it on demand in gold.

"A large absolute supply of gold does not appear to be necessary to the successful maintenance of the gold standard, if a country occupies the position of a banking creditor holding a large volume of foreign bills and has an efficient banking system. In the United States today both gold and gold certificates have largely disappeared from circulation and the remaining currency in the hands of the people now consists largely of Federal Reserve notes, national bank notes, and Federal Reserve Bank notes.

"Further light upon the character of the needs and requirements of foreign countries with respect to advances of capital from the United States must be obtained before definite conclusions can be reached with respect to the advisability of removing restrictions on the shipment of gold out of the United States."

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.33⅝	$1.32	$1.33⅛	$1.33⅝	$1.37½
February	1.32¾	1.28½	1.28¾	1.33¼	
March	1.31	1.27½	1.28	1.31¼	1.25½
May	1.28	1.24½	1.25	1.28⅛	1.24½
July	1.25	1.21½	1.21⅝	1.25¾	

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	66¾	66¼	66¼	67¼	79
February	67⅛	66	66⅛	67⅝	
March	67⅛	66⅜	66⅝	67⅜	78
May	67¾	66⅜	67	68⅛	76½
July	64⅞	63⅞	63⅞	65⅜	

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 75¾@c; No. 2 white, 76@76½c; No. 3 white, 75½@76c; No. 4 white, 75@75½c; ordinary clipped, 76@77½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January			$23.25	$23.60	$24.75
May	23.65	23.32	23.35	23.60	25.00
Ribs—					
January	24.85	24.77	24.77	24.75	24.02
May	22.30	22.00	22.00	22.30	24.42
Pork—					
January			46.00	46.25	47.20
May	40.00	39.85	39.85	40.42	45.87

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close
May	13.80	13.25	13.24	13.70
July	13.25	12.75	12.75	13.62
September	13.80	12.85	12.93	13.48
December	13.25	12.80	12.80	13.39

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.58	$1.55¼	$1.55¾
March			1.55¾
May	1.58½	1.55	1.55½

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,727 pkgs. Market still unsettled, but without material change. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 62¼@63c; extras, (92 score,) 61¼@62c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 59@61c; seconds, (83 to 86 score,) 56@58c; lower grades, 52@55c; unsalted, higher than extras, 64¼@65c; extras, 63¼@64c; firsts, 61@63c; seconds, 57@60c; state dairy tubs, finest, 60@61c; good to prime, 57@59c; common to fair, 53@56c; renovated, extras, 53@54c; firsts, 51@52c; lower grades, 44@48c; imitation creamery, firsts, 47¼@48¼c; ladles, current make, firsts, 45½@46½c; seconds, 44c; lower grades, 42@43½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 43¼@44c; No. 2, 42¼@43c; lower grades, 37@42c.

EGGS.—6,476 cases. Arrivals are moderate. Advices indicate moderate supplies in transit. Accumulations on hand have been reducing slightly and the tone of the market is firmer, with the better qualities showing an improvement of about 1c. Some receivers are expecting more liberal invoices this week, and the outlook is uncertain. Storage eggs, steady to firm for desirable qualities, but there is some very inferior goods remaining, which are pressing for sale at low prices, often below inside quotations. Where losses are heavy. Nearby white eggs are in very moderate supply and cleaning up more closely. The market shows a stronger tone and some further recovery in prices, but buyers at top figures are very critical as to quality, and the under grades still move slowly. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 64½@65c; extra firsts, 63@64c; firsts, 61¼@62½c; seconds and poorer, 58@61c; dirties, No. 1, 56@57c; No. 2 and poorer, 53@55c; checks, good to choice, dry, 49@51c; under grades, 43@48c; refrigerators, 47@53c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 70@72c; ordinary to prime, 64@68c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@70c; pullet whites, 62@64c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 70c; lower grades, 61@68c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 63@65c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 63@ 66c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 62@66c.

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Exempt from All Federal Income Taxes
$2,750,000
Arkansas Louisiana Highway District
Serial 6% Bonds

Dated March 1, 1918. No Option. Due September 1 serially as below

Total issue $2,750,000. Coupon bonds in denomination of $1,000 and $500. Principal and semi-annual interest, March 1 and September 1, payable at the Mississippi Valley Trust Company, St. Louis, Missouri.

THIS DEBT constitutes the obligation of a district including approximately 675,000 acres of fertile agricultural lands, about 29 towns, and some 200 miles of railroad, with a population of 75,000, and is payable from an annual tax on all of the real property contained within the boundaries of the district.

THIS DISTRICT contains portions of Ashley, Chicot, Desha, Drew and Lincoln Counties, situated in the southeastern part of Arkansas. It is one of the richest sections of the Mississippi Valley and development is progressing rapidly. At the present time perhaps 40% of the area of this District consists of improved farms. The Towns of McGehee, Dermott, Arkansas City, Lake Village, Dumas, included therein, furnish trading facilities, while Little Rock, Memphis and New Orleans supply convenient markets. The Missouri Pacific Railroad traverses the District for over 200 miles.

THE IMPROVEMENT contemplates the expenditure of over $3,000,000, provided by these bonds and $300,000 by the State of Arkansas. One hundred fifty-five miles of public roads are to be constructed; 80% of which will be asphalt. The work has been let to responsible contractors who have given bond for the construction of the improvement as planned. Sufficient revenue will be available for proper annual maintenance.

TAXES TO PAY THESE BONDS have been irrevocably levied upon all of the real property within the District and exceed the requirements by a safe margin. About 96% of the cost of the improvement will be paid by the acreage, 2½% by the town property, and 1½% by the railroads and other public utilities. The average debt per acre is $4.00, the highest being $12.00. The average annual requirement for the payment of principal and interest is 60c per acre, the highest being $1.20. Land values range from $125 to $25 per acre, depending upon the state of cultivation. The value of the lands alone is in excess of $27,000,000 and the assessed valuation of property taxed for the payment of the improvement is approximately $9,576,718.

MATURITIES

1921	$81,000	1926	$109,000	1931	$146,000	1936	$195,000
1922	86,000	1927	115,500	1932	154,500	1937	207,000
1923	91,500	1928	122,500	1933	164,000	1938	219,500
1924	97,000	1929	130,000	1934	174,000	1939	233,000
1925	103,000	1930	137,500	1935	184,000		

Prices to yield 5.50%

LEGALITY APPROVED by Messrs. Rose, Hemingway, Cantrell, Loughborough & Miles, Attorneys, Little Rock, Arkansas, under whose supervision have been had all proceedings leading up to the creation of the debt. The validity of the Act creating the District was sustained by a decision of the Supreme Court of Arkansas.

William R. Compton Co.
14 Wall St., New York
St. Louis Chicago Cincinnati New Orleans

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
Albany Boston Chicago

Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.
49 Wall Street, New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston

All statements are expressions of our opinion, based upon information and statistics obtained from official reports and other sources, which we consider reliable, and upon which we based our purchase of these bonds. All offerings subject to prior sale or change in price.

The Advantages of a SAFEKEEPING ACCOUNT

To the Owner of Securities Which Bear February Coupons

TO insure prompt collection of your February coupons and thereby avoid loss of interest, many details should be attended to in advance.

Coupons must be cut, Income Tax certificates must be made out, and the coupons must be deposited.

If any bonds mature on February 1st, they should be deposited for collection, to make possible the reinvestment of your funds without delay and loss of interest.

You can free yourself of personal attention to such details by depositing your securities in a SAFEKEEPING ACCOUNT with our Trust Department.

Under a SAFEKEEPING ACCOUNT we assume responsibility for the safety of your holdings, collect and credit all income, and render other important services. You do not in any way relinquish your control of your investments. The fee is very moderate.

May we send our booklet, "THE SAFEKEEPING OF SECURITIES," which gives complete information, or explain more fully to you, in person? Our offices are conveniently located, both downtown and uptown.

This Company, through its Trust Department, acts as:
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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

New York, January 21, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at its office, No. 55 John Street, on Tuesday, February 4, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors in place of those whose terms expire and for such other business as may come before them.

C. L. HOLMAN,
Vice President and Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Edmunds & Jones Corporation

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Edmunds & Jones Corporation, Detroit, Michigan, for the election of directors and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 52 William Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 28th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon.

V. E. JONES, Secretary.
Detroit, Michigan, January 10th, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, January 2, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the AUTOSALES CORPORATION, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, the reception of and action upon reports of officers and Directors for the past year, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before the meeting, will be held at Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, at 3 P. M. on Thursday, January 23, 1919.

F. E. LANG, Asst. Sec'y.

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GRADUAL DECLINE IN PRICES EXPECTED

Federal Reserve Board Foresees No Rapid Return to Ante-War Basis.

INFLATION WORLD - WIDE

Extraordinary Expenditures on Account of War Must Continue for Some Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Declaring that 1918 was the most remarkable year in the financial history of the world, the Federal Reserve Board in its official review of the year, made public today, turns to the future and says:

"The monetary problem characteristic in all countries today is general inflation of prices. This condition stands today as the main obstacle to a restoration of free gold movements. With prices as they stand, bank reserves are regarded as inadequate in many countries to the meeting of probable demands for redemption, assuming the continued existence of the present level of prices.

"In some countries, notably those of the Central Powers, the credit circulation has become so largely expanded as to leave the underlying gold as little more than a mere theoretical base or protection for outstanding liabilities. If such a condition affected the Central Powers only it might not be considered an immediate or urgent problem for the remainder of the world. In the natural course of events it must, however, be expected that commercial relationship between the belligerents will eventually be resumed, and the question must then present itself how payments and settlements are to be made between them.

"A general world program for the restoration of prices must therefore apply not only to those countries which have succeeded in keeping their own internal conditions tolerably satisfactory, but must also include the weaker nations and those that have been defeated in the present war. This makes the inflation situation not merely a national but an international problem of fundamental importance.

Post-War Drift of Prices.

"In the United States, as in other countries, the first question asked by business interests relative to the transition to a peace basis has to do with the possible drift of prices. The price equation has been fundamentally altered in both its terms—on the monetary side in the supply and distribution of the metallic medium, as well as, much more largely, in the supply of credit; on the commodity side through changes in the volume and distribution of goods and the location of existing stocks of these goods.

"As a result of the operation of these factors on both sides of the price equation, prices have, as it is well known, practically doubled in the Western countries. In some the increase has been more than 100 per cent., in others less, but the statement that the price level is now twice as high as it was at the outbreak of the European war is in general terms a fair representation of the case.

"That this situation is abnormal and artificial, and that it consequently is not likely to perpetuate itself, is obvious. Some authorities have expressed themselves as expecting a sharp reduction in prices consequent upon the close of the war, but no such reduction, or even a general tendency in that direction, has thus far exhibited itself, and the more conservative view would appear to be that there will be a gradual reduction in prices, probably not to their former level, but to something approximating it.

"During the period between the last Fridays in 1917 and 1918 the total gold holdings of the Reserve system have risen from $1,671,133,000 to $2,090,274,000 and its total assets from $3,102,689,000 to $5,251,990,000. So-called war paper handled by Federal Reserve banks is today approximately $1,400,000,000 out of total assets of $5,152,000,000, and this great sum represents about 32 per cent. of the total discounted paper held by Federal Reserve banks.

Change in Banking Methods.

"Activities devoted to war finance will now need gradual adaptation to peace requirements, involving as great a change in banking as the parallel movement through which industry must now pass in the return from a war to a peace basis. As loans based upon Government bonds are reduced and eventually eliminated, loans growing out of normal processes of business life will take their place and must be dealt with on the basis of peace requirements.

"This is now the problem in the Federal Reserve system. Meantime the student of banking will not fail to note the unquestionable efficiency which has been exhibited by Federal Reserve banks in extending the enormous amount of credit which was demanded of them, in transferring the obligations growing out of such credit, and in meeting the requirements of the community for note currency."

The board still estimates that $18,000,000,000 will be spent by the Government and says:

"Assuming that the new Revenue bill yields $2,000,000,000 in taxation, the proportion of $2 in loans to each $1 in taxes, theoretically established at the beginning of the fiscal year as a standard toward which to work, still remains effective. This implies the continuation of large spending operations.

"In preparation for the next Liberty Loan two issues of certificates of indebtedness running ninety days have already been placed, their proceeds aggregating $1,155,082,000. Continued preparation for large additional Government borrowing is thus rendered necessary, and it becomes evident that in order to obtain $6,000,000,000 from taxation and perhaps an equal amount from a Fifth Liberty Loan to be offered during early Spring very close conservation of resources will be essential.

"Inasmuch as the process of paying the taxes and subscribing for and paying the new loan will go on almost simultaneously, the combined draft upon our national resources is likely to be very heavy. The necessity of reduction of nonessential credits and of conservation of incomes and savings is thus again emphasized.

"During the coming months there will continue to be necessity for the employment of those expedients which are generally classed as war finance at the same time that our domestic requirements and those of foreign countries are beginning to draw upon the banking resources of the country for the purpose of providing the economic basis of peace reorganization. For some time to come, therefore, the demands upon our banking means will be of a dual nature.

"It will not be possible to apply either the standards of war or those of peace to the analysis and control of the situation, but in some measure both principles of action must be combined."

VIOLENT BREAK IN COTTON.

Some Active Options Show Decline of 150 Points in Day's Trading.

A violent break, which carried prices for some of the more active options down 150 points from last week's closing levels, occurred in yesterday's cotton market, and the good feeling which has been slowly building up for a few days was eliminated. Selling was general, coming from ring and trade sources here and from Liverpool and the South. At the close of the day the market was virtually at the lowest, with March at 23.30, against 24.80 on Saturday, and May at 22.15, compared with a previous closing of 23.65.

On the first call prices were irregular, due mainly to the disappointing action of the Liverpool market, which came in much lower than expected. After the call the market started downward, and continued to sell off most consistently throughout the remainder of the session. In the last hour pressure was especially heavy and some of the worst losses of the day were suffered in that period.

There was much disappointment in both trade and speculative circles over the failure of Europe to stock up more rapidly. In the last forthnight European stocks have been practically stationary, and it is now believed that Manchester and other centres will continue to hold off until something definite regarding the economic features of the peace arrangements is known. The labor situation abroad is also causing some uneasiness. Under the circumstances, local interests which have been supporting the market could hardly be expected to take all the offerings which appeared yesterday and, in fact, it was reported that some of these interests were lightening their holdings.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Saturday.
Jan.	25.55	26.10	23.07	23.07	26.05
Feb.	...	...	...	25.50	25.15
Mar.	24.60	24.94	23.30	23.50@23.35	24.00
April	...	...	...	22.40	23.85
May	23.20	23.72	22.15	22.15@22.25	23.65
July	22.40	22.68	21.25	21.40	22.52
Aug.	...	21.90	20.20	20.20	21.45
Sept.	21.60	21.60	20.10	20.05@20.15	20.70
Oct.	20.60	20.75	14.00	19.00@19.71	20.40

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 100 points decline for middling upland; sales, 1,200 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 23.25c; New Orleans, 23.25c; Augusta, 27c; Memphis, 29.25c; Houston, 27c; Little Rock, 28.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	21,279	24,562	19,308
Exports	20,537	5,591	3,821
Exports, season	2,213,909	2,040,410	2,302,174
New York stocks	92,955	81,699	144,612
Port stocks	1,443,283	1,407,576	1,395,412
N. Y. arrivals	6,554	...	...

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, at 17.50d for middling and 20.10d for good middling; sales, 1,000 bales of which 500 were American. Imports, 8,000 bales, 3,000 American. Futures opened easy at 4 points up to 7 points decline and closed irregular and unsettled. Prices: January, 17.82d; February, 16.51d; March, 15.24d; April, 14.17d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths dull and scarce.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Fifty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,034,250, were chartered today. They include:

H. M. Zelinka Co., Manhattan, goods, wares, and merchandise, $10,000; H. M. and R. Zelinka, M. Green, 745 Forest Av.

Levinton Shoe Co., Manhattan, $75,000; L. H. and J. and M. Levinton, 41 Convent Av.

Fordwal Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Berman, D. C. Cornell, M. Miller, 65 Fort Washington Av.

M. Dinitz & Son, Manhattan, furs, $50,000; M. and S. Dinitz, I. G. Simmons, 1,575 President St., Brooklyn.

Sterling Die Casting Co., Brooklyn, $120,000; G. Clausen, G. Christensen, C. Larsen, 4,113 Seventh Av., Brooklyn.

Skinner Underwriting Agency, Inc., Manhattan, insurance and brokerage, $10,000; F. G. and A. H. R. and J. R. Skinner, 59 Pine St.

Brin Cap Works, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Freed, B. and H. L. Brin, 445 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

Kapeker & Blum, Inc., Manhattan, jewelry, $14,000; H. Kapeker, R. and J. Blum, 1,111 48th St., Brooklyn.

Mohawk Metal Toy Co., Manhattan, $40,000; S. Hoffman, E. Kessler, M. Wechsler, 25 St. Nicholas Av.

Mandel & Larkin, Inc., Manhattan, food products, $50,000; E. and M. Larkin, N. Mandel, 24 Attorney St.

Barton & Wilson, Inc., Manhattan, realty, construction, and deal in furs and textiles, $15,000; C. M. Wilson, E. A. and W. O. Barton, New Rochelle.

Mangood Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $5,000; S. Wishnew, I. Laconsky, L. Goodman, 146 Segal St., Brooklyn.

Hal J. Smith Lumber Co., Manhattan, $15,000; W. Bronderf, C. G. Hoerner, Jr., H. J. Smith, 125 East 23d St.

The Drodel Co., Manhattan, novelties, $50,000; S. Dorshnicop, M. G. Delaney, O. Hearle, 256 Broadway.

Falk & Finberg, Inc., Manhattan, clothing, $100,000; C. L. Raskin, C. Finberg, S. Falk, 500 West 114th St.

Lee Stevedoring Co., Manhattan, $25,000; W. H. Vaughn, M. and R. B. Cole, 524 East 5th, Brooklyn.

Regis Art Film Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; J. G. Serra, J. A. Arroyo, F. Smith, 80 Wall St.

John L. Goldwater, Inc., Bronx, drugs and chemicals, $5,000; A. Kling, M. and J. K. Goldwater, 2,494 Valentine Av., Bronx.

Machinery and Metals Sales Co., Manhattan, importing and exporting, $150,000; J. J. Whitehead, J. J. Hegt, C. R. Leonard, 32 Broadway.

Atlantic Refining and Asphalt Corp., Albany, $10,000; R. D. Leonard, W. P. Cutler, A. J. Armstrong, Albany.

Reno Sales Co., Brooklyn, electrical fixtures, $15,000; H. E. Josepha, H. M. Levinson, S. Entin, 1,629 East 8th St., Brooklyn.

Page Mfg. Co., Manhattan, electrical goods and hardware specialties, $6,000; L. Goldburg, S. Schnabolk, J. Stitch, 168 Madison St.

Dickson Sales Corp., Manhattan, auto supplies and accessories, $10,000; W. Stermer, L. E. Swarts, H. Brill, 550 West 158th St.

Bryant Cloak Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Spielberg, M. Borak, L. Shimel, 703 Jennings St., Bronx.

Sun Light Arc Corp., Manhattan, patented articles, $1,000,000; E. S. Porter, J. J. Harner, J. S. Dawley; 218 West 148th St.

Ultra Patent Corp., Manhattan, patent rights, $10,000; A. Koehler, M. H. Krope, U. Kornstein, 1,482 Broadway.

Schaeffer Medical Appliance Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $20,000; W. H. Schaeffer, J. L. Waters, M. Wyner, 1,970 Mapes Av.

Kamchatka Fur Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Nadler, D. Hadler, M. Stevens, 4,319 14th Av., Brooklyn.

Rapid Dispenser Co., Manhattan, make liquid dispensing devices, $50,000; G. Panopulo, D. Weir, I. Siegel, 3,547 Broadway.

More Candy Co., Rochester, $15,000; D. J. and J. Casarelli, W. J. Hill, Rochester.

Herbert Film Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures, $5,000; T. Schlickling, T. L. Thompson, A. C. Head, 181 Martense St., Brooklyn.

N. Seligman Merchandise Co., Manhattan, hair nets and human hair goods, $5,000; L. Schiff, V. and M. Seligman, 310 East 13th St.

International Preserving Corp., Queens, $60,000; R. Gibson, G. C. Case, H. G. Friedman, 211 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

Flur Bros. & Wasserman, Manhattan, millinery, $8,000; L. Flur, Q. and L. Wasserman, 1 East 117th St.

Marvin-Davis Laboratories, Manhattan, consulting engineers, $5,000; W. R. Marvin, R. A. Fairbairn, C. E. Davis, Havemeyer Hall.

Bernard A. Rosenberg, Inc., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $5,000; J. and M. and B. A. Rosenberg, 47 West 30th St.

Eagle Traveling Leather Goods Co., Manhattan, $15,000; E. Rose, L. Schneyer, H. Burchess, 1,201 Simpson St., Bronx.

Otisoismore Co., Queens, commission merchants in paper goods and woodenware, $5,000; L. D. Doth, H. L. Tetamore, H. K. Otis, 891 East 14th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Antwerp Diamond Co., Buffalo, $30,000 to $1,000,000.

Berthels Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $200,000 to $500,000.

Kate Moretti, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000 to $15,000.

National Rattan and Willow Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Aero Tank Machine Gun Corp., Manhattan, $15,000 to $25,000.

Elco Shoe Manufacturers Co., Brooklyn, $10,000 to $20,000.

Crayon Shield Trading Corp., Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

Joseph Bloch, Inc., Manhattan, $1,000 to $40,000.

Norwich Pharmacal Co., Norwich, $1,500,000 to $5,000,000.

Huff & Co., Elmira, $100,000 to $250,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Lorser, Robinson & Armstrong, to Robinson & Armstrong.

AUTHORIZATION.

Automatic Electric Co., Ill., install telephone equipment, $5,250,000; representative, L. B. Russell, 21 East 40th St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Willis J. Kendrick, Saratoga.

West 180th Street Corp., Manhattan.

Central Paper Box Co., Cortland.

Gruvert Realty Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 20.—Charters filed:

Safety Impulse Starter Co., automobiles, trucks, &c., $2,500,000; E. M. Jaus, M. C. Miller, Harrisburg, Penn.; M. L. Rogers, Wilmington.

Glass Slides Moving Pictures Machine Corp., $2,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Paramount Typewriter Corp., $1,500,000; R. F. Hansell, E. M. McFarland, J. Vernon Pimm of Philadelphia.

Graienor Corp., lubricants of all kinds, $350,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Philip L. Neisser, all of New York.

National Holding Corp., securities and investments, $500,000; Samuel B. Howard, A. W. Britton, Philip L. Neisser, New York incorporators.

Macy Bros. & Gullet, Inc., teas, coffees, &c., $300,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Chicago Telephone Supply Co., $150,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Cigar Factory, $100,000; Louis Rosenfelt, Ralph Rosenfelt, Harry Shener, all of Philadelphia.

Mauer Pipe Co., to manufacture pipes for smoking, &c., $50,000; Harry L. Mauer, G. D. Townsend, Jr., M. M. Toner of Wilmington.

Tilburn, Inc., wearing apparel of all kinds, $25,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

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B78

Calcutta-

Population 1,216,500

WITH its suburbs Calcutta is next to London the most populous city of the British Empire; over one-third of the entire trade of India passes through Calcutta. Its imports have increased from £21,000,000 in 1902-1903 to £34,000,000 in 1911-1912 and its exports from £34,000,000 to £57,000,000 in the same period. Calcutta is the only available port of export for the rich products of Bengal. The combined value of the import and export trade in private merchandise for the year ended March 31, 1917, was over $481,000,000, as compared with $454,000,000 the previous year. Calcutta received from the United States forty-nine per cent more goods in 1916 than during the previous year. This increase consists of Mineral Oils, Motor Cars, Motor Cycles, Hardware and Electrical Implements. More than half its export trade is with Europe.

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We recommend these notes as a conservative investment to yield a maximum return.

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Chicago Pittsburgh
The U. S. Government warns against the stock swindler. Consult your bank.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Association of American Horse Shows, Inc.
The annual meeting of members will be held at the Biltmore Hotel, New York City, at 12:00 o'clock noon on Tuesday, January 28th, 1919, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. J. MACY WILLETS, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Queens Place Realty Company, Inc., for the election of Directors and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, Queens Subway Building, Long Island City, New York, on Tuesday, January 28th, at 12 o'clock noon.
PARMELY W. HERRICK, Secretary.

New Issue

$1,005,000

South Porto Rico Sugar Company

8% Cumulative Preferred Stock
(Par Value of Shares $100.00)

Preferred as to Earnings, Property and Assets.
Quarterly Dividends Payable on the First Day of January, April, July and October.

Both the common and preferred stocks of the Company are listed on the New York Stock Exchange, and application will be made to list the preferred stock now offered

The Company has no bonded indebtedness.

We summarize from a letter of Frank A. Dillingham, President of the South Porto Rico Sugar Company, as follows:

The Company has been in successful operation since 1902. Dividends at the rate of 8% per annum have been regularly paid on the preferred stock since that time.

The proceeds of the preferred stock just sold will provide additional working capital for the purposes of the Company and its subsidiary, including additional cane plantings in Santo Domingo.

The actual investment in the property (exclusive of current assets), which has been made out of the sale of capital stock and from earnings, is $16,422,287, of which about $6,800,000 is from earnings.

The common stock is now selling on the New York Stock Exchange at about $140 per share, indicating a market equity above the preferred stock of $7,875,000, or $157 per share.

The production of raw sugar by the Company has nearly doubled in the last nine years.

The average annual operating profits for the nine years, 1910-1918, were $1,792,299, which is equal to four and one-half times the 8% annual dividend on the preferred stock now outstanding.

Operating profits for the year ending September 30th, 1918, amounted to $2,691,851, being six and one-half times the amount required to pay the dividend on the entire preferred shares, and it is confidently believed that the earnings for the coming year will be in excess thereof.

Since January, 1910, the operating profits have been $16,150,693, out of which $6,812,860 has been set aside as reserve funds for Depreciation and Working Capital. In other words, considerably more than one-third of the operating profits has been set aside as reserves.

The greater part of the issue having been sold we offer the unsold balance subject to prior sale at

$107.50 per share and accrued dividend, yielding about 7.45%

Descriptive circular will be furnished on request.

Strong, Sturgis & Co.
36 Broad St., New York.

Colgate, Parker & Co.
49 Wall St., New York.

This information and these statistics are not guaranteed, but have been obtained from sources we believe to be reliable.

Canadian Balances

To Banks, Corporations or Individuals:—

Advice and suggestions with respect to the advantageous employment or transfer of Canadian Balances will be extended upon application to Mr. F. L. Appleby, manager of the Foreign Exchange Department of the New York Agency.

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New York Agency, 49 Wall St.
W. J. Dawson and F. T. Short, Agents.
Capital & Surplus $8,600,000

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Largest Banking Institution in Jersey City

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Continental Guaranty Corporation.
January 11, 1919.
TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF CONTINENTAL GUARANTY CORPORATION:
The annual meeting of the stockholders of Continental Guaranty Corporation will be held in accordance with the provisions of the By-Laws of said corporation at its office, 244-248 Madison Avenue, New York City, January twenty-seventh, Nineteen hundred nineteen, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors to fill the places of those whose terms will expire, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
H. M. BENSON, Secretary.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.
To the Stockholders of the Hester-Columbia Company, Inc.:
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the corporation will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 52 Wall Street, Room 202, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, January 29, 1919, at ten o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
JOHN ZUBER, Secretary.
New York, January 13, 1919.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

81 American Chicle Pfd.
16 American Meter
15 Columbia Trust Stock
200 Famous Players-Lasky
100 Farmers Loan & Trust Stock
500 Gold Car Heating & Lighting
50 Int'l Cigar Machine
50 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
100 Midland Securities
50 Mohawk Valley
100 Nat'l Aniline & Chem. Com. & Pfd.
25 New Jersey Zinc
300 New York State Rys. Com.
3 Nichols Copper 6s
25 Pabst Brewing Pfd.
125 Remington Typewriter Com.
25 R. J. Reynolds Tobacco "B"
100 Singer Manufacturing
25 Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
50 Texas Pacific Land Trust Ctfs.
200 White Rock Water Pfd.

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

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Members Montreal Stock Exchange
Dealers in Canadian Bond Issues
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Tel. Main 6850-1-2, 8248-1465

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54 Standard Coupler Pfd.
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Telephone 9149 Rector Cable "Orientment."

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Liberty Bonds
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At prevailing market prices.
FRIEDMAN & CO.
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Lengacre Bldg. (Room 1009) 42d & Bway
Philadelphia Chicago

Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Republic Motor Truck Com.
Lima Loco. Com. & Pfd.
Carib Syndicate
Gwynne Bros.
Phones Rector 3230 to 3235. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Wilson & Co. 6s, 1928
Amer. Tel. & Tel. 6s, 1924
Columbia Graphophone 6s, 1930
Peerless Truck & Motor 6s, 1925
Huntington Land & Improvement 6s, 1924
Beverley Bogert & Co.
Tel. Broad 3317. 25 Broad St.

Nat'l Aniline & Chem.
Packard Motor
Empire Steel & Iron
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 Broadway, New York
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia.

Yale & Towne
Midwest Refining
Standard Oil Stocks
Salisbury, Leslie & Co.
45 Pine St., N. Y. Phone John 1646.

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Fractional Lots of Securities.
A Wall Street man who thoroughly understands this business and its organization seeks a connection with a firm contemplating taking up this branch of the security business. Address Fractional Lots, A 894 Times Annex.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 21, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart, out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $112,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $112,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 5, 1919.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
5% Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Gold Bonds
OF THE
SYRACUSE LIGHT & POWER CO.
DUE JULY 1, 1954

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as successor to the TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA, Trustee, under the Deed of Trust of the Syracuse Light & Power Company, dated April 10, 1907, hereby invites proposals for sale to it of as many bonds secured thereby as will exhaust the sum of Nine Thousand, Six Hundred Thirty-two and 99/100 ($9,632.99) Dollars, in accordance with the Sinking Fund provisions of the said Deed of Trust.

Sealed proposals will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon on January 24th, 1919, and should be endorsed, "Proposals to the Sinking Fund of the Syracuse Light & Power Co."

The right is reserved to reject any and all tenders.

Proposals of bidders unknown to the Trustee must be accompanied by satisfactory references.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice-President.
Dated New York, N. Y., January 17, 1919.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

THOM URGES ACTION TO UNIFY RAILROADS

Says Federal Incorporation Is Necessary for Consolidation of Systems.

OBSTACLE IN STATES' LAWS

Single Head, with a Cabinet Post, Should Be Appointed, Witness Tells Senators.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Federal incorporation of railroads will be necessary in order that there may be consolidations of systems, Alfred P. Thom, General Counsel for the railway executives, told the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee when he completed his testimony before that body today. Mr. Thom said that repeal of the anti-trust laws would not be sufficient. He took this ground, he explained, because many States now had laws prohibiting consolidation, and others required that consent must be obtained from the legislatures before such a step was attempted. Consolidations should be "permitted" instead of being "compelled," under law, he declared.

Mr. Thom will be followed on the stand tomorrow by another representative of the railway executives, Julius Kruttschnitt, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Santa Fé. On Wednesday the Railway Brotherhood will present its views on future railway control.

Today, when Senator Kellogg of Minnesota asked Mr. Thom if he thought the railroads' proposal to establish a Secretary of Transportation in the Cabinet would increase the danger of politics, the witness answered:

"I don't think its possible to keep Federal administration of the roads out of politics. The question would be as to the kind of politics. Whoever may be appointed, and whatever office he would hold, he would still be surrounded by a political atmosphere."

"Well," continued Senator Kellogg, "would it not be better to put the control in the hands of somebody such as the Interstate Commerce Commission, whose members are so appointed as to prevent the body from being influenced by political changes?"

"We believe," replied Mr. Thom, "you are going to extend the period of Federal control. If that is true, it is important that there should be a single head, whose decision in administrative matters might be taken quickly, for that will be the measure of our capacity to adapt ourselves to changing business conditions. Therefore we want a single head to initiate decisions subject to review by the commission."

Senator Kellogg suggested the employment of an outside man, who would act as an administrator. But Mr. Thom insisted that in any system of Federal control the National Administration should be directly responsible to the people for adequacy of service, and therefore a Cabinet officer accessible to the President would be the best administrator.

The railway executives have open minds upon the subject of what should be done with excess earnings, Mr. Thom told the committee; they were willing to consider plans whereby these could be put into extensions and improvements, or into the Federal Treasury, or used for the betterment of more or less unsuccessful systems.

"You do not contemplate a plan of making rates high enough to support every railroad?" asked Senator Cummins of Iowa.

"No, that could not be done," answered the witness. "But we want the Interstate Commerce Commission given specific authority to make rates for roads in the average condition. There are some that could not live under such rates. The ordinary commercial law must apply to them. They must be absorbed."

DISCUSSED FEEDING EUROPE

Supreme Council of Relief Took Up Eastern Problems Saturday.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Further consideration of the problem of provisioning Europe was taken up by the Supreme Council of Supply and Relief after its members had returned from the armistice conference at Treves late last week, according to the council's official statement issued today. A permanent committee was named by the council, and this committee was called together yesterday for its first meeting. The council's statement reads:

"The Supreme Council of Supply and Relief resumed its deliberations on Saturday upon the return of their delegates from Treves. The Earl of Reading presided. The council considered the results of the negotiations of the preceding days at Treves, especially the agreement reached for the handing over of the German mercantile marine. They continued the examination of the financial problems involved in reprovisioning Europe. They had before them information supplied by the Commander in Chief of the allied forces in Eastern Europe as to the needs and resources of the territories in that sphere.

"The council appointed a permanent committee, which held its first meeting on Sunday."

PREDICT DEARER FOOD.

Army Officials Anticipate Removal of Price Restrictions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Higher food prices next year are anticipated by army officials, who, in asking Congress for appropriations for food purchases, disclosed today that they had allowed for a 10 per cent. increase in the year beginning next July.

"When the Food Administration ceases to function and all its restrictions are removed, prices will go sky high," declared Lieutenant Colonel Adams of the Quartermaster's Corps, before the House Military Committee.

An army ration—food for one man for one day—now costs the Government 48 cents. Colonel Adams said appropriations had been asked on a basis of 53 cents.

DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND TO STOCKHOLDERS OF
Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corporation.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corporation, held January 20th, 1919, a dividend of two (2) per cent. was declared upon the stock of this Corporation, payable February 15th, 1919, to the holders of said stock of record upon the transfer books of this Corporation on January 29th, 1919.

The stock books of this Corporation will be closed for the transfer of stocks from and including January 30th, 1919, to and including February 19th, 1919.

STEWART-WARNER SPEEDOMETER CORPORATION,
By W. J. Zucker, Secretary.

THE PULLMAN COMPANY.
DIVIDEND NO. 208.

A quarterly dividend of two dollars per share will be paid February 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record at close of business January 31, 1919.
J. F. KANE, Secretary.
January 20, 1919.

FIRST NATIONAL COPPER CO.

A Dividend of Fifteen cents per share has been declared, payable February 25, 1919, to stock of record February 5, 1919. WM. A. KERR, Treasurer.
New York, January 16, 1919.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

WE DESIRE TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE firm of H. A. KAHLER & COMPANY, dealers in investment securities, at 135 Broadway, New York, N. Y., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
H. A. KAHLER,
T. F. SHERWOOD,
P. G. MERRIFIELD.
New York, N. Y., December 31, 1918.

T. F. Sherwood and P. G. Merrifield have formed a partnership under the name of
SHERWOOD & MERRIFIELD
as successors to H. A. KAHLER & COMPANY, and will continue in the same line of business at 135 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg...	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup..	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg..	97¾	98¾	5s, Fed Land Bk, '35..	102¾	103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup..	97¾	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank...	100	101
3s, registered, 1946.....	88	92	4s, registered, 1925....	104¼	105¼
3s, coupon, 1946.......	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, conversion, 1947....	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
4½s July, 1967....	100½	101¼	100½	3½s Nov., 1955....	81	..	81
4½s June, 1965....	100½	101¼	100½	3½s Nov., 1954....	81	82¾	81
4½s Mar., 1963....	100½	101¼	100½	3½s May, 1954....	81	..	81
4½s Nov., 1957....	100½	101¼	100½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957....	100½	101¼	100½				
4¼s Mar., 1960-30.	96	97	96½	4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1964....	96	97	96½	4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Apr., 1966....	96	97	96½	4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1962....	96	97	96½	4½s 1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4¼s Sept., 1960....	96	97	96½	4½s 1924-1933	4.50	4.30	4.50
4s May, 1959....	91	92	91½	3½s 1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1958....	91	92	91½	3½s 1930-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1957....	91	91½	91	3½s 1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1956....	90½	91½	90½	3½s 1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1955....	90½	91½	90½	3s 1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1936....	93	94	93	3s 1926-1930	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May, 1919....	99½	...	99½	3s 1919-1925	4.60	4.40	4.60

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	†Aetna Expl.	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	1,700	Marc of Am.	4⅝	4¼	4⅝
500	B-AmTob,reg	24	23¾	24	700	‡Nat O & I..	52½	51½	51½
400	B-AMTob,cp.	24½	24½	24½	900	N Am P & P	3	2⅝	2⅝
2,400	‡Dicto Prod..	9⅝	9½	9⅝	1,500	‡PerfecT&R..	⅝	[illegible]	⅝
7,000	‡Gen Asph..	55⅝	53	53⅝	200	‡Poulson W..	7¼	7	7
650	‡ Do pf....	89½	87	89½	700	Sub B, v t c	11⅝	11⅜	11½
270	‡Gillette S R	120	119½	120	600	‡SwiftInt,wi.	44⅝	44⅜	44½
6,000	Hupp M Car	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	1,500	Un Motors..	36	35⅛	35½
4,000	Intercon Rub	18⅛	17¼	17¼	4,600	U S S Co...	5⅛	5	5⅛
3,300	Key T & R..	55½	53⅝	53¾	500	Wayne Coal.	4⅛	4	4
200	‡Kirby Lum.	24	24	24	500	‡W-Mar Air.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
300	‡Lib,McN&L.	22	22	22	500	World F vte..	⅝	⅝	⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	‡Ohio Oil Co.	326	321	326	120	‡S O, N Y..	316	308	310
200	‡S O, N J...	690	680	680	60	‡Vacuum Oil.	405	395	395

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	‡Atlantic P..	2⅞	2¼	2¾	3,500	†‡Mex G Oil.	45	43	45
1,500	‡Bar O & G.	1/16	¼	1/16	10,000	†‡Midw't O..	127	125	126
2,000	†‡B-Wyo O.	19	18	18	1,500	†‡N W Oil..	51	50	51
600	‡Cosden	7½	7½	7½	10,000	†O'r O & G.	33	30	32
35	‡Crystal Oil.	1½	1½	1½	1,800	‡Pennock O.	12⅝	12¼	12¼
300	‡Elk B Pet.	6	6	6	42,000	†‡Queen Oil.	24	17	22
12,200	†‡Esm O Cp.	5½	5	5	1,500	‡Roy D, new	70½	69	69
1,200	‡Federal Oil.	2⅜	2¼	2¼	300	‡Sap O & R.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
9,500	‡Glen Oil....	4⅛	3⅝	4	1,100	Seo P & R...	⅝	⅝	⅝
700	‡Houston O.	79	76	77	700	Seq O & R..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
9,700	†‡Hudson O.	88	80	88	1,100	‡Sin G Cp...	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞
1,700	‡Int Pet....	21	20½	20⅝	2,700	‡Stanton Oil	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
7,000	‡I O & Tran.	7⅛	6⅞	7	5,500	‡Un W Oil, new	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
4,700	†‡Kenova O.	14	13	14	200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2½	2½	2½
100	‡La Oil & R	24	24	24					
500	‡Mer O Cp..	22	21½	21⅝					
11,000	Met Pet.....	3⅛	2⅞	3					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	†Alaska-Brit Col Metals.	43	42	43	300	Hecla Min..	4⅞	4¾	4⅞
300	‡America ...	1	1⅛	1	1,000	†‡Jim Butler	38	36	38
2,400	Ariz B'ghani	1⅛	1	1⅛	500	†Jumbo Ext.	14	14	14
2,000	†‡Atlanta ...	5	5	5	1,000	†‡Kewanas..	7	7	7
1,200	Big Ledge..	⅞	1⅛	⅞	2,500	†‡LibertySil, (a pros)...	54	48	54
1,000	†‡Booth	15	15	15	35,000	†Lone Star..	8	6½	7½
6,000	†Boe & Mon..	50	48	50	500	†‡Moth Lode	33	33	33
4,500	†‡Caledonia..	31	30	31	2,000	†Nixon Ney..	41	39	41
1,500	‡Cain & Jer.	⅛	1/16	⅛	1,100	‡Onondaga..	3⅛	3	3⅛
3,400	†‡Candelaria	56	54	56	900	‡Ray Hercu.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1,200	‡Cerbat Sil..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,400	†Roch Mines.	27	27	27
1,200	Con Ariz Sm	1½	1⅛	1½	2,200	Std Sil-Lead	1/16	¼	1/16
1,500	Con Copper.	6⅛	6⅛	6¼	100	‡Tono Belm't	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
100	Cresson Con	5	5	5	700	Tonopah Ext	2⅝	2½	2⅛
700	‡EurekaCroe	1½	1⅜	1⅛	4,500	†‡U S Cont..	9	8	8
1,100	†‡FlorenceSil	65	64	65	11,000	†‡WardM&M	25	24	25
4,000	†‡Goldf'dMer	7	6½	7	4,500	†‡WUtahExt, (a pros)...	17	10	17
700	†‡HamiltonM &Sm,(pros)	52	51	51	900	†W End Con	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,000	†‡HattieGold, (a pros)...	44	40	40	7,000	†White Caps	16	13½	14

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000	‡Am T & T 6s, w i....	99⅛	99	99	$10,000	‡LacledeGas Lt 7s, w i.	100⅛	100	100
60,000	‡AmTobacco 7s, '23....	103⅝	103¼	103⅝	25,000	‡Liggett&M 6s, '21...	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞
25,000	‡Anaconda 6s, w i....	99⅞	97⅞	97⅞	25,000	‡NY Tel deb 6s, w i..	100⅛	99⅞	100
3,000	‡CanGovt5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	30,000	‡Rus Govt 5½s	60	54½	59
25,000	‡C & N W gen mtg5s	99⅞	99⅝	99⅝	165,000	‡Rus Govt 6½s	61	57½	61
2,000	‡Fed Farm Loan 5s..	103¼	103¼	103¼	10,000	‡St P Union Depot 5½s	99	98⅞	99
100,000	‡GenElec 6s notes, '20.	100⅞	100½	100⅝	175,000	‡Wilson&Co conv 6s..	93¼	93	93
15,000	‡Int R T 7s.	90⅝	90½	90½					
2,000	‡K C RyTer 6s, '23...	100¼	100¼	100¼					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Saturday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.	Saturday Ask.
Am. W. P....	3	3½	3	3½
Am-Br Mfg..	2	5	2	5
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20
Carbon Steel.	90	96	90	96
Car L & P....	2	2½	2	2½
Chev Motor..	145	155	145	155
Chevrolet rts.	⅞	1¼	⅞	1¼
ColumbiaVille Woolen	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12
CurtissAeropf	45	55	45	55
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22
Em'son Phono	2	2½	2	2½
Free Texas ..	34	35½	34	35½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½
Gen Mot rts..	1⅜	2	1⅜	2
Lake Tor Bt	2	2½	2	2½
Do 1st pf..	2½	5	2½	5
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88
Lima Loco...	30	40	30	40
Lukens Steel.	46	50	46	50
Man Transit.	½	⅝	½	⅝
N Y Shipbldg.	33	36	33	39
N Y Transp..	14½	17	14½	17
Peer T & M.	18½	19	18½	19
Penn C & C..	22	24	22	24
PennSeab Stl	40	40½	40	40½
PennSeaboard Steel rts....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Relc Equip...	10½	11½	10½	11½
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38
Smith M T...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stand Motors	7½	8½	7½	8½
Steel Alloys..	7½	8½	7½	8½
St Joe Lead..	13	14	13	14
StL, R M & P	40	..	40	..
Todd Ship ...	107	108½	107	108½
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½
Un Mot rights	¼	½	¼	½
U S Lt&H pf.	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
U S Lt & H..	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Wright-M pf.	60	64	60	64

OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.	Saturday Ask.
Allen Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Crown Oil....	14	15	14	15
Globe Oil	1	1¼	1	1¼
Midwest Ref..	127	129	127	129
Midwest O pf.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Okm P & R..	2	2½	2	2½
Pitts O & G..	8	8½	8	8½
Savoy Oil....	6½	7	6½	7
South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Southwest Oil	35	40	35	40
Texana Oil...	10	13	10	13
Way Oil & G.	3¼	3⅝	3¼	3⅝

MINING STOCKS.

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.	Saturday Ask.
Austin Ama'n	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bradshaw	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Butte-Det	1¼	3	1¼	3
Butte N Y....	⅜	½	⅜	½
Canada Cop..	2	2½	2	2½
Cashboy	7	8	6½	7½
Cerro Gordo..	½	1	½	1
Con Homes'd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
El Salvador..	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
First Nat C..	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Goldf. Con...	21	23	21	23
Great Bend...	4	5	4	5
Howe Sound..	3⅝	4⅛	3⅝	4⅛
La Rose......	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Magna Cop..	26	28	26	28
March Min'g.	3¼	4⅛	3¼	4⅛
NY&HonRos..	12	13	12	13
Ohio Copper..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Seneca Cop..	15½	16	15½	16
Success	5	6	4½	5½
United East..	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
White K pf..	1¼	1⅝	1¼	1⅝
White C Ext.	3	4	3	4
BOND.				
Beth. S. '20..	101	101¼	101	101¼

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil.....	16½	17¼	16½	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	57	60	57
Atlantic Refining.	1090	1110	1090	Prairie Oil & Gas.	655	665	660
Borne-Scrymser ...	475	495	465	Prairie Pipe Line.	267	272	268
Buckeye Pipe Line.	94	97	95	Solar Refining	359	370	360
Chesebrough Mfg..	300	320	300	Southern Pipe L...	175	180	177
Continental Oil...	490	510	500	South Penn Oil...	300	310	300
Crescent Pipe Line.	37	39	37	S'W Penn..........	100	104	100
Cumberland P L...	175	185	180	Stand Oil of Cal..	260	265	267
Eureka Pipe Line..	185	195	185	Stand Oil of Ind..	755	765	765
Galena Signal Oil..	88	92	88	Stand Oil of Kan.	520	540	525
Do pf, new......	102	100	102	Stand Oil of Ky..	355	365	360
Do pf, old......	125	140	125	Stand Oil of Neb..	490	510	485
Illinois Pipe Line..	165	169	164	Stand Oil of N J..	680	690	695
Indiana Pipe Line.	104	107	103	Stand Oil of N Y..	305	310	314
Int Pet Co, Ltd....	20	21	20½	Stand Oil of Ohio..	469	475	470
National Transit..	18	17	16	Swan & Finch	98	102	98
N Y Transit.......	195	205	195	Union Tank	114	116	114
Northern Pipe L...	108	113	110	Vacuum Oil........	390	400	408
Ohio Oil	320	325	323	Washington Oil....	33	37	33

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
Am Brass.........	224	228	210	Du Pont debs, pf..	91¼	92¼	91¼
Atlas Powder......	155	160	152	Hercules	203	208	204
Do pf............	91	93	91½	Do pf............	107	109	107
Babcock & Wilcox.	107	109	107	Niles-Bem't-Pond..	104	108	105
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf............	95	100	93
Do pf...........	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg.......	320	350	320
Colt's Arms......	41	44	37	Standard Screw....	230	250	230
Du Pont..........	270	280	270				

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Saturday Bid.
Am Cigar.........	*114	..	114	P R-Am Tobacco..	132	138	132
Do pf............	88	92	88	R J Reynolds, A..	380	420	300
Conley Foil	180	..	180	Do B.............	290	320	300
J S Young........	125	150	125	Do pf............	106½	108½	106½
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton ...	†167½	175	167½
MacA & Forbes....	190	210	190	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85				

*Ex dividend. †Ex rights.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
600	Cities Service	290	287	287	290
1,270	Cities Service pf	78¼	77¼	77½	78
$106,500	Cities Service deb. "B"	124	123	123	125

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow	13	15	Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf	71	74	Miss River Power	10¼	12¼
Am Gas & Electric	100	105	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Electric pf	44	47	Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Am Light & Traction	236	240	Northern Ohio Elec pf	57	62
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Power & Light	55	60	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pf	77	80	Northern States Power	59	62
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern States P pf	89	91
Am Public Utilities pf	38	40	Northern Texas Elec	57	61
Am W W & Elec	4	6	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	65	70	Pacific Gas & Electric	47	48
Am W W & E partic	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	86	88
Carolina Pow & Light	34	38	Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	18
Colorado Power	27	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	52	54½
Colorado Power pf	98	100	Ry & Light Sec pf	75	80
Columbus Electric pf	72	75½	Republic Ry & Light	17	19
Com Pow, Ry & L	20	22	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & L pf	42	44	Southern Cal Edison	85	88
Conn Power pf	72	76	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec	12	15
Eastern Texas Elec	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76	Tampa Electric	108	112
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	3
Electric B & S pf	92	95	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	14	17
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	United Light & Rys	35	39
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	United Light & Rys pf	70	72
Federal Light & Tr pf	40	44	Western Power	17½	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf	65	68
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West, Church & Kerr	64	67
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West Church & K pf	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	78½	80
Am W W & E col 5s	68	71	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Appalach Power 1st 5s	73	77	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	89	92
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	75	83
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Puget S T, L & P 7s	98	99½
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1914	95	100	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96	97½
Conn Power 5s, 1963	82	80	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	87	92
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	98	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	78
East Tex Elec col 5s	84	88	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	88	90
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97¾	99	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un Util cv 6s, '43	90	95
Gt West Power 5s, '46	85	86½	Utah Securities 6s	89	..
Gt West Power 6s, '25	89½	92	Wash I W L & P 6s	95	98

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Net losses from one to three points were recorded in the market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Pressure in heavy volume in the final hour, directed against the leading industrials made for a sharp decline and extended to the rails. Securities, which previously had displayed strength, gave way and lost the major portion, if not all, of their advances.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
130	Alaska Jun..	2½	2	2½	10	Miami Cop..	24¼	24¼	24¼
60	Allis-Chalm..	31½	30⅝	30⅝	53	Midvale Steel	42⅝	42	42⅝
60	Am B Sug..	68⅝	68½	68½	460	Mo Pacific..	24⅝	23⅞	23⅞
510	Am Can....	46⅜	45⅞	46¼	100	Nat Conduit	15½	15	15½
70	Am C & F..	90¾	88	88¼	10	Nat Enamel.	50	49¾	50
20	Am Cot Oil..	42⅞	42⅝	42⅝	50	Nev Cons...	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
230	Am H & L pf	84½	81¾	83	260	N Y Central	72⅝	71⅞	71⅞
10	Am Linseed.	47	47	47	420	NY, NH & H	30½	28⅝	28⅝
530	Am S & R..	71	68¼	68⅝	50	North Pac..	91⅛	90⅛	90⅛
140	Am Su Tob.	102½	101	101½	40	Ohio C Gas.	42⅝	42¼	42¼
10	Am W P pf	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	780	Okla Oil....	9⅝	8⅞	9⅛
320	Anac Cop..	58¼	57½	57½	10	Pac Mail....	37	37	37
20	A, G & W I.	102	102	102	10	P A P & T	68⅜	67⅝	67⅝
1,230	Bald Loco..	69⅝	67¼	67¼	145	Pennsylvania	45⅛	45	45⅛
30	Balt & Ohio.	48	47½	47½	10	People's Gas	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛
620	Beth St'l B.	56⅝	55⅝	56	80	Pierce Oil...	17⅞	17⅛	17⅞
380	B'klyn R T.	23½	23	23	10	Ry St'l Spgs	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞
10	Butte & Sup.	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	50	Ray Copper.	20¼	20	20¼
80	Cal Petrol..	23½	23	23	640	Reading	79	77⅞	77⅞
110	Cen Leather	58	57⅝	58	30	Rep I & S.	72½	71⅞	72
10	Ches & Ohio	54½	54½	54½	110	Sinclair Oil.	34⅝	34¼	34¼
80	C, M & St P	39	38¼	38¼	1,160	So Pacific..	98⅛	97⅛	97⅛
20	C, R I & P.	23¼	23	23	470	South. Ry...	27⅛	26⅝	26⅝
50	Chino Cop..	33¼	33¼	33¼	640	Studebaker..	49⅞	48½	48⅞
80	Col F & I..	35¼	35¼	35¼	110	Tenn Cop....	13¼	13	13¼
150	Corn Prod..	47⅜	46⅜	46⅞	170	Texas & Pac	28⅝	28	28
350	Crucible St'l	54	52⅝	52⅝	250	Tob Prod...	75½	74	74¼
380	Cuba Cane S	24¼	23½	23½	270	Union Pac..	127⅛	126¼	126⅛
950	Dist Secur..	53⅝	52	53½	340	Un Cig St..	114⅝	112	112
80	Erie	16½	16	16	60	U S Ind Al.	102	100⅞	100⅞
20	Do 1st pf.	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	150	U S Rubber	75	74½	74⅝
20	Gas W & W.	29⅞	29¼	29¼	23,352	U S Steel..	90½	89	89⅝
40	Goodrich Co.	59⅞	59	59	80	Utah Copper	71⅛	71¼	71¼
30	Gt Nor pf..	92	91⅞	91⅞	10	Va-Car Ch..	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝
160	Gt Nor Ore	36⅜	36	36	50	Wilson & Co.	65⅞	65⅞	65⅞
50	Greene-Can..	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜	10	Westing El.	41	41	41
50	Inspir Cop..	43⅞	43⅜	43⅞	180	Willys-Over.	24⅝	24	24
90	Int Mer Ma	24	23⅞	23⅞		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
3,290	Do pf.....	101½	99½	99¾	$1,700	Lib 3½s..	99.46	99.32	99.36
80	Int Paper...	34½	32⅞	34¼	2,100	1st 4s..	96.62	96.42	96.42
30	Interb Con..	5	5	5	3,500	2d 4s..	95.80	95.72	95.74
10	Kenne Cop..	32	32	32	2,450	3d 4¼s..	97.41	97.28	97.30
41	Lehigh Val..	54⅞	54⅝	54⅝	5,600	4th 4¼s..	96.06	95.96	95.96
5,330	Mex Petrol.	171⅞	167¼	169¾					

*Prices include interest.

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
925	Atlantic P..	2⅞	2¼	2⅞	360	Davison C...	37	37	37
25	Con Coal...	83	83	83	85	Elk'n Fuel..	29	29	29
20	Con Power..	106	106	106	2	Mt V M pf..	74½	74½	74½
240	Cosden	7½	7¼	7⅜	16	United Rys..	19½	19½	19½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Con P 4½s..	85	85	85	$3,000	Cosden 6s B.	89¼	89¼	89¼
4,000	Do 5s....	97¼	97	97	7,000	C & P 1st 5s.	101¼	101¼	101¼
10,000	Do 6s....	100	100	100	1,000	Kirby L 6s..	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140	Alaska	4	3⅝	3⅝	65	New Riv pf..	63½	63½	63½
25	Allouez	43	43	43	186	North Butte.	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
35	Anaconda	58	57⅝	57⅝	75	Ojibway	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
45	Ariz Com'l	11⅝	11¼	11¼	50	Pond Creek..	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
200	Batopilas	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	5	Quincy	60c	60c	60c
50	Cal & Ariz	59	59	59	15	Seneca	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
4	Cal & Hecla.	430	430	430	10	Shannon	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
122	Cop Range..	42½	42	42	10	St Mary's...	41	41	41
5	Daly West..	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	350	Sup & Bos...	2⅜	2	2
310	Davis-Daly..	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	25	Trinity	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
120	Island Creek	46½	45½	45½	70	U S Smelt...	44½	44	44
240	Isle Royale..	25	24½	24½	17	Do pf....	45½	45	45¼
130	Lake Copper	4	4	4	168	Utah Con....	8	8	8
192	Mass Con	4¼	4¼	4¼	650	Utah Metal..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
65	Mayflower...	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	25	Victoria	2	2	2
10	Mohawk	51½	51½	51½	5	Wolverine	18	18	18
10	NewCornelia.	16½	16⅛	16⅛					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Boston Elev.	70½	70½	70½	165	Mass Elec...	3⅛	3	3
1	Do pf.....	93	93	93	405	Do pf.....	16	15½	15½
405	Boston & Me	31	30	30	325	NY, NH & H	30½	29	29
7	Fitchburg pf	57	57	57	31	West End	54	54	54
10	Maine Cent..	81	81	81					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
23	Am Agr	101¼	100⅝	101¼	590	Island Oil...	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞
153	Do pf.....	98½	98	98½	40	Int Port Com	5½	5½	5½
200	An Pn Svc..	70c	70c	70c	10	Mathiesen	38	38	38
6	Amoskeag	81	81	81	27	Mergenthaler	133	132½	133
277	Am T & T...	101	100¼	101	11	Pac Mills....	161	161	161
10	Am Wool ..	46	46	46	60	Stewart	33¼	33¼	33¼
20	Do pf.....	95	95	95	809	Swift & Co..	123⅝	123	123⅜
50	A, G & W I.	101½	101½	101½	43	Un Drug ...	95	94	95
110	Art Metal ..	19	18	19	5	Do 2d pf..	94	94	94
5	Booth	19½	19½	19½	217	Un Fruit....	163½	161	161
125	Century	14½	14	14½	126	Un Shoe ...	44⅝	44½	44⅝
15	East Boston.	6	5⅝	5⅝	110	Do pf.....	28¼	28	28¼
17	Edison	167	167	167	100	Ventura Oil..	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
200	FairbanksCo.	53½	52⅝	52⅝	375	Walworth ..	18¼	18¼	18¼
5	Gorton	30½	30½	30½	2	West Union.	88	88	88
42	Gen Elec....	150	149	149					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am T & T 6s	101¼	101¼	101¼	$1,000	Ventura 7s..	95	95	95
5,000	C J & S Y 5s	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	3,000	W T & T 5s.	90	90	90

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
250	Am Ship....	106	106	106	505	Sears, Roeb.	178	174	174
425	Armour pf..	101⅝	101½	101⅝	25	Shaw	92	92	92
210	Booth Fish..	19⅝	19½	19⅝	2,475	Stew Warn.	88½	86½	87
10	C C & C pf	10	10	10	997	Swift Inter.	44⅝	44	44⅝
25	Chi Pneu T.	63	63	63	786	Swift & Co.	123½	122⅝	123
292	Cudahy	104	103½	104	2,136	Un Carbide..	57	56⅜	56⅝
961	L McN & L	22⅝	22	22⅛	40	Un Paperbd	.19	19	19
130	Lindsay Lt.	14	13⅝	14	50	West Stone.	4½	4½	4½
10	M Ward pf.	112	112	112	65	Wilson	67⅞	67	67
25	Midw Util...	25	25	25	10	Do pf.....	98	98	98
34	Qu Oats pf..	102½	102½	102½					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	C Rys, Ser B	49	49	49	$2,000	Swift 1st 5s.	96½	96½	96½
15,000	C Ed 1st 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼	1,000	Wils 1st 6s.	97	97	97
7,000	Pub Ser Nor Ill 5s......	87⅝	87½	87⅝	1,000	Lib 3d 4¼s.	95.94	95.94	95.94

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Am G, N J..	65½	65½	65½	50	L V R R....	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛
10	Cambria I..	41	41	41	200	Penn R R...	45	45	45
60	Elec S Bat..	53¾	53	53¼	1,709	Phil Elec....	25	24⅞	25
54	I Co of N A.	27½	27½	27½	117	Phil Trac....	70⅝	70½	70⅝
810	Gen Asp't...	55	52⅝	55	185	Phil R T...	26⅝	26½	26⅝
818	Do pf.....	88	87	87½	300	Ton Belm't..	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
270	Lake Sup...	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	102	U G Imp....	73	73	73
200	Lehigh Nav.	72	72	72	10	Warwick I..	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Bald Loc 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	$1,000	Penn R R g mtg 4½s...	88½	88½	88½
4,000	E & P 4s ctfs	70	70	70	4,000	P El 1st 5s.	96	95½	96½
5,000	L V con 6s..	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	4,000	Read gen 4s.	86½	85½	85½
4,000	Do reg'd...	100¼	100¼	100¼					

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

BUTTERWORTH-JUDSON CORPORATION.
NOTICE OF MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

A meeting of stockholders of BUTTERWORTH-JUDSON CORPORATION, a corporation of the State of New York, will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 28th day of January, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors to serve until the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
N. W. RUNNION, Secretary.
Dated New York, N. Y., Jan. 14, 1919.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 23d, 1918.
To the Stockholders of the New York-Lackawanna Realty and Bond Company:

You are hereby notified that the Board of Directors of New York-Lackawanna Realty and Bond Company has recommended the dissolution of said Corporation and has called a meeting of the Stockholders to be held on the 30th day of January, 1919, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the Army and Navy Club Room, in Hotel Imperial, corner 31st Street and Broadway, New York City, to vote on the proposition of dissolution of said Corporation. J. W. BROWNING, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Herrick-Parmelee Company, Inc., for the election of Directors and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, Queens Subway Building, Long Island City, New York, on Tuesday, January 28th, at 2 P. M. M. H. LAUNDON, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT CO.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.
Jersey City, N. J.

The Annual Meeting of stockholders of REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last meeting of the stockholders of the Company. The polls will remain open one hour.

The stock transfer books of the Company, both preferred and common, will be closed at the close of business January 29, 1919, and will be reopened on the 19th day of February, 1919.
E. W. FREEMAN, Secretary.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET
January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.
R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

ANGLO-AMERICAN OIL CO. LIMITED OF ENGLAND.
January 21, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Adjourned Annual General Meeting of the above-named Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 36 Queen Anne's Gate, Westminster, London, S. W. 1, on Wednesday, the 12th day of February, 1919, at 3 o'clock P. M.
A. H. HEWETT, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF Flora, located at Flora, in the State of Indiana, is closing its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
J. L. HARTER, President.
Dated, Jan. 8, 1919.

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EARN 5% From Date of Purchase
1.—May be cashed any time at par value.
2.—Secured by all of the Company's assets.
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FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Louis J. de Milhau, of New York, and Robert C. Poskanser, of Albany, were admitted to practice.
130—Postal Telegraph-Cable Co., plain., v. Tonopah & Tidewater Rd. Co.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
217—The Western Union Tel. Co., aplt., v. the B. & O. R. R. Co.—Decree affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.
404—Postal Telegraph-Cable Co., aplt., v. Chicago Great West. Rd.—Decree affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.
114—P. LaTourette plain., v. F. H. McMaster, as insurance commissioner of South Carolina—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
64—J. H. Fitch, Inc., E. T. Kruse, M. Bell, P. Burns, et al. plains., v. U. S.—Judgment reversed, and cause remanded with directions to dismiss for want of jurisdiction.

The Chief Justice also announced the following orders of the Court:
120—E. Wheeler, by his next friend, P. T. Wheeler, plain., v. Cincinnati New Orleans and Tex. Pac. Ry. Co.—Per curiam. Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.
130—Adams Express Co., plain., v. W. N. Reynolds.—Per curiam. Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.
375—C. B. Shafer, aplt., v. E. B. Howard, State Auditor of the State of Oklahoma, and J. S. Woofter, Sheriff.—Per curiam. Suggestion having been made that this case has become moot by expiration of official term of State officers who were defendants below and who are appellees here, attention of counsel of both parties is called to suggestion and information from them on the subject is requested.
—, Original.—Ex parte in matter of G. E. Hamilton, pet., habeas corpus petition denied.
682—B. Tyrrell, nee Offutt et al., pets., v. C. B. Shaffer and W. J. Rowland.—Motion to advance granted and case assigned for argument after case No. 167.
628—J. A. Keown, pet., v. M. E. Keown et al.—Motion for leave to prosecute in forma pauperis denied.
746. The Seaboard Air Line Ry., aplt., v. the U. S.—Motion to strike out part of the findings or to remand for new findings denied without prejudice.
780. M. Peyser, pet., v. E. J. Grauten.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.
410. Gin Dock Sue, pet., v. the U. S.—Writ of certiorari denied.

649. A. Crocker et al., trustees, pets., v. J. F. Malley, Collector of Internal Revenue.—Motion to advance submitted for respondent.
—. Original.—Motion for leave to file petition for writ of mandamus submitted by Mr. Kinney pro se.
784. E. W. Bliss Co., aplt., v. U. S.—Suggestion of diminution of the record and motion for writ of certiorari submitted for aplt. and for appellee in opposition thereto.
161. Southern Pacific Co., plain., v. J. Newman.—Passed; to be restored.
684. J. E. Hartenbower and G. D. Hiltabrand, plains., v. People of State of Ill.—Motion to dismiss submitted for defendants and for plaintiffs in opposition thereto.
658. E. C. Lasater, pet., v. Magnolia Petroleum Co. et al.—Motion for extension of time to submit petition for writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner.
787. Metropolitan Trust Co. of C. N. Y., trustee, &c., pet., v. Chicago & Eastern Ill. R. R. Co. et al.—Writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner and for respondents.
794. A. L. Mora and E. E. Carriere, pets., v. U. S.—Writ of certiorari submitted for petitioners and for respondent.
800. Grand Lodge of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, pet., v. S. A. Groves.—Writ of certiorari submitted for petitioner and for respondent.
356—U. S. ex rel G. W. Billerman, aplt., v. M. J. Long, Criminal Sheriff, &c.—Motion to dismiss or affirm submitted for appellee.
162—O. Teutonia, aplt., v. Erlanger & Gallinger; and 181, Erlanger & Gallinger, aplts., v. O. Teutonia.—Submitted.
148—Gratiot County State Bank, pet., v. D. F. Johnson, trustee, &c.—Submitted.
151—Alaska Salmon Co., plain., v. The Territory of Alaska.—Argued for defendant and submitted for plain.
153—E. Van Buskirk, as admx., &c., plain., v. Erie Rd. Co.—Argued.
155—U. S., pet., v. Brooklyn Eastern District Terminal.—Argued.
158—Chicago & Northwestern Ry. Co., plain., v. A. C. Ochs, doing business under name of A. C. Ochs Brick and Tile Co.—Argued.
160—Large Oil Co., plain., v. E. B. Howard, State Auditor, &c.—Argument commenced for plain.
Adjourned until tomorrow.
Call for Jan. 21: Nos. 160, 163, 167, 168, 169, 170, 172, 173, 174, and 175.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, P. O. Bldg.
Lohman<Am Can Co. McGinniss<US.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Holt<Wabash Ry.
US<Royal Dutch West India Mail Co.
Same<Ludetevis-Stokvis Co.
Same<Union Bank of Canada.
Same<3 diamonds in lavallier.
Stumpp & Walter Co<NY Steam Co.
Miles<Boody.
Woodbury<same.
Van Vliet<same.
Riet<Boody.
Maecks<same.
Blumenstock<D. L & W RR.
Maxham<Boody.
Re Fies, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co.
Belt Well System<Am Chicle Co.
Hoye<Ellis Adding Typewriter Co.
Snack<Erie RR.
Swacker<Black Diamond Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.
Trials: Hyman Morman, Yee Tom, Carl W Newlander, Edward Fickler, Murray Rothbart.
Demurrer: Seldon R Hopkins.
Sentence: Robert Sperans.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, 12th Floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 2 P. M.—Admiralty.
Amer & Cuban SS Co<3600 Tons of Copper Ore.
Anderson<Pearson.
Scully Line<SS City of Chester.
M Cantine & Co<Blackford.
Low<Pearsall.
Bklyn & Man Ferry Co<SS Seaboard.
US Ship Board<SS Chippewa & Java.
Ellerman Line<Barge Pittston.
Actl, &c. A F 1912<20,000 Bags Sugar.
O'Boyle<Tug Hokendauqua.
Hiltebrant<same.
McWilliams<Tug Henry Steers.
Anderson<SS Ocmulgee.
Sanders<Gaston, Williams & Wigmore
US<SS Columbia.
Swift & Co<Glasgow SS Co.
New Eng SS Co<Tug Howard.
Hartwell<Neptune Line.
Saunders<Luckenbach.
Frederick<SS St Louis
Meeck<Tugs Morristown and Cleary.
C RR of N J<Tug Patchogue.
Dailey & 1<CNY.
Erie RR<Steamboat Plymouth.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Common law.
Parry<Cricket SS Co. Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Corp<Janin et al. (on trial.) Equity;
DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 212, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. Motion: Re Coney Island Construction Co.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Wachsman et al<Travelers Ins Co. of Hartford, Conn.
Heflin<Lyford.
Goldfinger<Baumann.
Brighton<Claflin.
First National Bank of Seattle<Gidden.
Goodenough<NY West and Boston Ry Co et al.
Siebrecht<same.
Wadley<same.
Huggins Lumber Co<Phelps et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Dowling, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.
Ryan<Carnegie Trust.
Rappaport<Williamson.
Queens Co Water Co<CNY.
Miller<Met Distributors.
Moore<Crane Sons Co.
Turner<Turner.
Milton Schnaier & Co<Newmark.
West<Beardsley.
Nelson<Hofer.
Levant-Am Comm Co<W Wells & Co, Inc.
Cohn<NY Rys.
Quarello<Remsen.
Indelli & Conforti Co<Hudson Rlty Co.
Quincey<Emery.
Hagenaers<Caballero.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Shelly<Lockwood.
NY Business Bldg Co<Reed & Barton Co.
Golding<Golding.
Margolies<Kahn.
Jacobs<Geizler.
Re US Fid & Guar Co. (Olshinsky.)
Re Anwanda.
Segal<NY Rys Co.
France<McBride. (2.)
Blount<Bway Imp Co.
Chapman<L I RR Co.
Vine<same.
Metcalf<same.
Warner<same.
Octagon Films, Inc<Grossman.
Re Hart, (Huggins.)
Gotham Nat Bank<Lewis.
O'Toole<Heiser.
Davidson<NY Rys Co.
Drimmer<same.
Altman<same.
Hobe<Toepfer.
Hunter Mfg & Com Co<Panther Rubber Mfg Co.
Negrin<Negrin.
Re Ravis. (N Y Album & Card Co.)
Bowring Co<Gillespie.
Brenner<Fisher.
King<Dudley.
Delaney<Slund Realty Co. (2.)
Goldstein<Friend.
Greenberg<Haber.
Bellowin<NY Post Grad Med Hosp.
Kurdydyk<Gillespie.
Kenning<Kenning.
Juilliard<Stein & Blaine.
Mintzer<Mintzer.
Barlow<Craig.
CNY<Frank W Jackson, Inc.
Suranyi<Suranyi.
Titus<Parson.
Longo<Commercial Advertiser Assn.
Re Devlin.
Ocen<Wise.
Lukach<Reigart.
May<Cort Film Co.
Richardson<Harrison.
Arachtingi<Tweedie.
Perrino<CNY.
Kaplan<Kahlbach (2.)
Cohen<same.
Potter<Potter.
Gunderscheimer<Roggen.
Roessler<US Realty & Improvement Co.
Brown<Third Av Ry.
Miranka<same.
ReGoyham Hat Co.
Johnson<Huntington Motor Sales Co.
Nagy<Lefkowitz.
Prinswalle<Prinzwalle.
Young<Rey.
Gleich<Gleich.
Pottash<Cleveland-Akron Bag Co.
Hyman<Coviello.
Cohn<Cohn.
Lies<Bauer.
Hickey<Allee.
Kaplan<Blumer & Bros, Inc.
Markowitz<West Forth Realty Co.
Goldman<Kornreich. (2.)
Pefferman<Mocre.
Biddle<Potter.
Papa<Lloyd Brazilero SS Line.
Raymer<Bregstein. (2.)
Sheridan<Engelson.
Kaskie<Johansen.
Booklovers Sales Co<Pictorial Review Co.
Re Stettiner<Heckley.
D Beam<US Fid & Guar Co.
People ex rel Keyburn<Cukow.
Re Forrester. (Rush-Lowe Engrg Co.)
Otero<Dreicher & Co.
Tierney<Mattigan, (Van Sise.)
Dickey<Hancock.
Trundle<Begge & Co.
Farmers' Loan & Tr Co<Murphy.
Hanover Stik Mfg Co<Mendelson.
Gaines<Haskell.
Re Hofmann.
Commonwealth Mtg Co<Le Roy Sargent & Co.
Wing<Bryant.
Greenhaus<Greenhaus.
Baxter<Trompbour-Whitehead Brass & Copper Co.
Re State Ind Comm<Franco-Amer Lamp.
Hedden<Hedden.
Kennedy, Jr, & Co<Jamesville Woolen Mills Co.
Langhorne Const Co<Winter Realties, Inc.
Breslow<Weinberg.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions:
Re Mann Ry.
Holmes<Camp (3.)
Re Dexter (99 Cherry St.)
Weill<Weill.
Greater Mann Knitting Mills<Rubenstein & Sons Co.
Masten<Penn Coal Mines Co.
General calendar:
Equitable Life Assur Socy<Herbert.
Block<Block.
New Holland Land, &c, Co<Schalck.
Tarditti<Merlini.
Tag<Zarin.
Kessler<Johnson.
Wilner<Johnson.
Katzman<Katzman.
Wood<Krause.
Lewis<State Bank.
Force<Force.
Mayer<Chelsea Fruit.
Herman<US SS Co.
Dey<Seaver.
Nat Soc of Music, Inc<Bailey.
Pincus<Pincus.
Hughes<Techt.
Katzman<Ciechanow.
Miller<Schwartz & Co.
Weissberg<Weissberg.
Elliott & Co<Oxman.
Schoenholz<NY Life Ins Co.
Sims<Sims.
Furst<Furst.
Reeser<Am Druggists Syndicate.
Cummings<B'way-94th St Realty Co.
Lund<Lund.
Heinman<Joslin.
Walsh<Emigrant Industrial Sav Bank.
Cohen<Grossman.
Leed, Inc<Rosoff Lunch Co.
Moyse<Bloom.
Copleston<Copleston.
Donnison<Donnison.
Donahue<Loumoutsos
Rieger's Sons, Inc<Everard's Breweries.
People ex rel Sheldon<Board of Appeals.
Rochler<Walsh.
Parsons Trading Co<Hoffman.
Rafferty<Teachers Ass'n, NY C.
Lowell, Lamb & Co<Herskovitz.
Taylor Auto Truck & Renting Co<Taylor Trucking Co.
McAvoy<C of NY.
Goodman<Auerhahn.
Weitzl<Weitzl.
Kapitola<Kapitola.
Case on.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.
PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.
Lunischloss<Berman Bros.
Holzman<West End Paper Co.
Matthews<105 West 55th St. Inc.
Hatters & Furriers Exch, Inc<Thom & Bayley, Peekskill.
Royal Card & Paper Co<Metro Lith Co.
Breslow<Altman
Sobel<Salzman.
Friedlander<Rosenthal.
Goetz<Wharton.
Atlantic Sales Co<E Shore Shpbldg Co.
Berg<Ertz.
Goodman<Rubinstein.
Kuble Co<River Leafe
Waterman<Tumble-In Co, Inc.
Brewsaugh<Keatinge.
Post<Megalos.
Paulson<Benenson Rty Co.
Trainor<Trainor.
Waydell & Co<Am Trading Co.
Berensman<Weber.
Solomon<Union S Bk of Augusta.
Irving Trust Co<Tull.
Oil, Paint & Drug Reporter<Hechtkopf.
Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner.
Village Garage<Farrell.
James<Steinburger.
Liberty Natl Bank<MacFarland.
Lewis<Slade. (2.)
Phillips<Blumberg Bros Co.
Feller<Friedman.
Bierer & Co<Amer Electrical Works.
Wright, Inc<Maresca.
Elliott<Amer Star L.
Hubschmitt, Jr<Hercules Steel Co.
Hatters Fur Exch, Inc<Peekskill Hat Mfg. (2.)
Gendus<Empire Upholstering Co.
Case on.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.
Walsh<N Y Rys.
Cohen<Lewis. (2.)
Green<Shapiro.
Hansch<3d Av Ry.
Dooley<Bartley.
Donsker<NY Cons RR.
Napan<Hinigin.
Ray<US Garages, Inc.
McCormick<CNY.
Schendel<Int R T.
Ryan<Burridge.
Mulvey<Hotel Martinique.
Ott<Board of Education of the CNY.
Braxton<Mendelson.
Chomowicz<US Rty.
Fick<Wessler.
Held<Equit Office Building Corp.
Scharaga<NY Rys.
Marandino<Kurzman.
Geizeler<Hoyt.
Fowler<N Y Herald Co.
Weiss<Bassel. (2.)
Davidson<Rap Tr Sub.
Schlessinger & Sons, Inc<Rap Tran Sub Cont Co.
Meyer<St Nich Auto Co.
Feill<Miskin.
McKenzie<Lane.
Stieglitz<NY Rys.
Pottish<same.
Margulies<same.
Chierallo<CNY. (2.)
Jaffe<Int R T
Bila<Bloomingdale.
Helmowitz<Steinmetz.
Noreika<Roth.
Haas<Newberry.
Hausdorff<US Realty & Imp Co (2.)
Rappaport<3d Av RR.
Kind<Kilpham.
Hazelton<NY Rys.
Bulova<East 10th St Corp.
Katz<Mallory SS Co.
Freely<NY Rys.
Bunt<Grosner.
McGarvey<Strauss (2.)
Workin<NY Rys.
Lockhead<C NY.
Jordan<Trochia.
Holders Realty Co<Speitze.
Epstein<Lamport.
Silberberg<Grand Central Palace Co.
Flahive<NY Cons RR.
Weissberg<Solot.
Eidlowitz<Schoop.
Koffler<NY Rys.
Burns<Weil.
Mintz<Finkelstein.
Bigliani<Broadway Taxicab Co.
Hoffmeister<Bishop.
Rice<Weill.
Sprudensky<Gluckman.
Sarner<Richman.
N. Kaplan<Beaver.
I Kaplan<same.
Verona<NY Rys.
Weinstein<B H RR.
Helfgood<NY Rys.
Stichel<Helmowitz.
Nudelman<NY Con RR.
De Maria<Whitridge.
Massy<Curtie.
Zappier<Union Ry.
Demasi<Jensen.
Sheffield<NY Rys.
Ostroff<Roth's Transfer Co.
Honig<Isaac.
Schwartz<Spector.
Arlotta<Alasia.
Abelow<Aprill.
Kaswnetz<NY Rys.
Schiaffino<Pernicarn.
Burhans<Bishop.
York<Laudenbach.
Roth<Jeremiah Skidmore's Sons Corp.
Kecner<Sloane, Inc.
Retig<Int R T Co.
Orosoni<Cuomo.
Fately<Am Trotter & Pacer, Inc.
Dannato<Knickerbocker Ice Co.
Freidel<Benjamin.
Morgan<3d Av RR.
Mostking<Int R T Co.
Shapero<Goldberg.
Fisher<Flordaver Realty Co.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.
Mareden<Pfeiffer.
Int'l Cloak Mfg Co<Mass Bonding Co.
Schwartz<Gerli & Co.
Friedenberg<Rosenwasser.
Van Norden<Hanscom
Lazer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Goodwin<Ansonia.
Martorelli<Italian Imp Co of NY.
O'Connell<Conklin.
Cohen<Annunziata.
Goodney<Ehrich.
Rotolo<NY,NH&HRR.
Middleman<Carroll.
Campbell<Bianchi.
Sobray<O'Brien.
Frank<Ryan.
CNY<Facciolo & Co.
Same<Acme Cement.
Freedman<Langroch Bros Co.
Rosenblum<same.
Warwick Art Studios, Inc<Sackett & Wilhelms Corp.
Lund<Lund.
Sickles<Oliver.
Kraut<Richard.
Chatham Sq Rlty Corp<Lo Bue.
Warren Products Co<Binney & Smith Co.
Smith<Marcus.
Moere<Phila & Reading RR.
Clark<Thom.
Sisca<Bank of N S.
Vail<Bernstein.
Kalbach<Hamilton.
Assets & Liabilities Assn<N Y Lodge No 1. B P O of Elks.
Leiberger<Weyhmann.
D'Agostino<United Basket Nursery Furniture Mfg Co.
Electric Operations Co<N Y Sanitary Food.
Wozniak<Rogers.
Knickerbocker Bag Co<Brody.
Amer Ice Dealers Assn<Schroeder Ice.
Milius<Fidelity & Casualty Co of N Y.
Duggan<Freel.
McGuire & Co<Campania Dos Caminhos De F Portu.
National Surety Co<Siefke.
Herzog's Cloak & Suit Co<Skroder.
Kahn<Mercantile Stores Corp.
Gugliano<Atlas Assur Co Ltd.
Cleaveland<Leahy.
Cavallaro<Hall & Co.
Aetna Life Ins Co<McGill.
American Nat Bank of Tulsa<Danforth.
Janovi & Co<Vulcan Steel Products Co.
Terry<Weber.
Young, Jr<Phillips.
Kelly<Potter.
Cass<McManus.
Pyro Chemical Co<Zobel, Inc.
Kluyskens<Crouch Co.
Sikora<Samsky.
Montray Realty Co<Kinloch.
Wells<Roessel.
Hemingway<Marden, Orth & Hastings Co.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.
PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Schlesser<South Brooklyn Ry. (2.)
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Sotsky<Bunge.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Holley<Royal Mail SS Co. Itiven<Turetsky.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Brill<Friedhoff.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Motion calendar: Edward H Kinard, Winthrop V Taylor, Andrew F Kennedy, John J Connelly, Mary Miller, John B Manning, (2.) Fred H Parson, Sheppard Knapp, Josephine Bieler, Robert A Scott, Hyman Siegelbaum, Anton Podtasinski, &c. Annette E Seelos, &c. James Poulos, Elizabeth Sinclair, Tomosumi Hirao, John O'Connor, John G Ottell, Teresa Aschenbrenner, &c. Alma M Erbe, John Bianco, &c. Lizzie Conlon, Therese Borner, Ante Deak, Rudolf G Heldrich, Thomas Mason, Albert Hotzel, Anton Chipura, Feodor E Nepivoda, Mativie J Cfernikowoa, Herman P Bertram, Wassily G Schedko, Egidio Magliette, Rosa Cavallaro, &c., Giuseppa Mule, &c. Bernard Cohen, Catherine M Dixon, Annie J. Morrow, Max Roth, Jeannette Lichtman, William R Denham, Patrick Flynn, Katherine L Goodwin, Richard W Underhill, Joseph A Kernan, Jennie Sevess, infant, Catherine James, Paul Nagel, Rachel H Pfeiffer, Augustin Daly, Bridget Brannan, Emil Milewski, Norman W Graham, &c. Rebecca Lewanda, Laurence Hickey, John J Reuther, Amy D Rohr, Mary Barker, &c. Frank W Richardson, Maria Stirnweiss, &c. Joseph Cudlipp, Marie I Rucking, Kathrin Conroy, Maggie Sullivan, Solomon Kahn, Rosalie D Moses, Marie Koster, James H Stebbins, Fannie Brussel, Carmela Piantino, &c.
Estates of—Issues of fact: Louisa A Penfield, Margaretha Rothenbach, James H Wood, Jr.
Wills for probate: Jeannette F Merrill, E Kennith Hadden, Henry K Chmidt, Henry A Knouer, Joseph F Blackgrons, Ada L Westcott, Helen B Jockel, Oscar A Woodruff, Alexander C Chase, Edward S Worrell, Jr. Frances S Thomson, Charles H Payne, Sarah H Wright, Philippina Haupt, Max Speiser, Charles H Payne.
TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested wills: Samuel Sawyer also known as Sam Sawyer. Estate Anna M Wohlberg Salomon, formerly Anna M Wohlberg, and estate of Martin Caflish. Estate Conrad Braker, Jr.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Gotthoffer<Cohen Co.
Fischer<White.
Von Herrlich<Sydow.
Cohen<Molostowsky & Son.
Midland Trad'g Corp<Hechtkopf.
Crown Cork, &c, Co<Myer Co.
Rubenstein<Rosenfeld
Landley<Natanson.
Besanee Dress Co<Progress Dress Co.
Curto<Cosmos.
Hall<Fried.
Boyd<Peters.
Weinstock<Brown Co.
Goldshear<Harder.
D'Aniello<Proctor Theat Enterprises.
Schwartz<Cowperthwait.
Scherb<Faber.
Gordon<NY Mineral Flooring Co.
Epstein<Goldstein.
Rosenthal<Halle.
Lebenson<Cent Alabama Dry G Co.
City Personal Loan Co<White.
Sarasohn<Wittmeyer.
Taylor<Keller.
Park & Tilford<Mochberg.
National Thread Co<Polsky.
Machinski<Samotej.
Maismud<Pechiro.
Gidding & Co<Goodwin
Drucker<Wolf.
Geoly<Burch.
Berkowitz<French.
Kent<La Jette.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Feinman<Weil.
Goldman<Bloom.
Jacobs<Stone.
Samuels<same.
McGowan<Miller.
Cutler<5th Av Coach Co (2.)
Sipkin<Modern Cloak & Suit House.
Everwear Play Suit Co<Phoenix Mfg Co.
Davis<NY Rys.
Kruglik<Electric Auto Delivery Corp.
Bimonte<Sawyer Biscuit Co.
Feld<B'way Trust Co.
Klein<Brimberg.
Bresko<Smith.
Tannenbaum<Lindenburg.
Cohen<Horn.
Kaplan<Potter.
Holley<Squires.
Topol<Lawuen Co.
Hernstein<Seklir.
Massey<Lamb.
Jonda<Electo Co. (2.)
Bernstein<Nissenshall
Arbolino<NY Rys.
Pearlman<Tiedemann.
Rubin<Normandy Walst Co.
Hall<Union Ry.
Ridley<Gordon.
Crawford<Baedar.
Stelzenmuller<Post.
Shapiro<NY Rys.
Nash<Goldberg's Son & Co.
Langer<Int R T.
Freiman<Frankel.
Levine<Doughty.
Cohen<Penn RR.
Katz<Weiss.
Goldberg<Kline.
Ehrenberg<In R T Co.
Muhlstein<Weiser.
Hurwitz<Williams.
Schlamofsky<NY Rys.
Strassberg<Wartikowitz.
Rosenblatt<Brauner Trucking Co.
Hirschhorn<Schiffman & Co.
Debski<Chauki.
Malone<Peerless Holding Co (2.)
Circello<Kelly.
Maseto<Talmud.
Wasserman<Inga.
Reimer<NY Rys.
Levy<Int R T Co.
Gross<same.
Vogel<same.
Cohen<Weintraub.
Scherkowitz<Taxi Cab Transit Co.
Feldman<Roth.
Slutzkin<Lebast.
Gordon<Handley.
Goldberg<Kahra.
Brodsky<3d Av RR.
Price<Cohn.
Nadelman<NY Rys.
Sachs<same.
Kaufman<42d St, &c, Ry.
Winkler<Goldberg.
Weltzman<Krinsky.
Balinsky<Ridge Holding Co.
Cohen<Rabinowitz.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial, Schlesinger<Schlesinger. Case on.
PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Gluck<Schnell.
Feinstein<Blumenthal & Co.
Sherwood<Syndicate Walst Co.
Ackerman<Blumenthal.
Prudential Knit Mills, Inc<Krasney.
Rosenberg<Schulman.
Greenberg<Carp
Noschkes<Stone.
Dixon<Heale.
Schafuss<Ford Co.
Venino<Bronx Exposition, Inc.
Field<Zuckerman.
Marrow<Casey.
Bank of US<Am Sea Grass Co.
Stein<Persallo.
Fein<Kruger.
Birch<Richard Carvel Corset Co.
Rosenblatt<Franken.
New England Woolen & Drees Goods M'lls, Inc<Schaum.
Kupferman<Morsky.
Regan<Jackson.
Vida! & Co<Hermans De Loos & Co.
Winter<Miltex Cloak & Suit Co.
Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co<Am Union L.
Broadway Central Bk<Hoyt.
Shatan & Co<Storo.
N Y Overseas Co<Halle Perris Trading Co.
Howes Const Co<Maryland Cas Co.
Perlman<Golden
Sheftman<Bronstein.
Brauman<Liberman.
Eichler<Kahnweiler
Elevator Supplies Co<Ritz Realty Co.
Aaronson, Kaplan & Metrowitz<Baum.
Crane<Litchfield.
Dorf<Ginsberg.
Stevens<Modern Woodmen of Amer.
Cirincione<General Walst Co.
Geller<King.
Schwartz<Selecta Trading Corp.
Jobson-Gifford Co<Globe Ind Co.
Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Finch, J.—Mutual Life Ins Co<Walter et al—Allen Wardwell.
SUPREME COURT.—Platzek, J.—Met Trust Co<—Dukes—Eugene L. Bushe. Union Dime Sav Bank<Hamilton—Robert L. Luce.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT.—Finch, J.—Julius J. Dukas<Loretta Corp—Maxim Binkraut. Amelia McIntyre<Benjamin Jacobs et al—Mark Taubert.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.
Re Zerega Av.
Foley<NY Con RR.
Busch<Wanamaker, NY.
Zirinsky<De Nardo.
North Side Savings Bank<Sheehan.
Hallahan<Kreiner.
Murphy<Zanfardino.
People ex rel Wold<Hanson.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.
Guido<Union Ry.
Bridges<Hoving.
Jacobson<Brody.
Napolis<Booth.
Vernora<Brody.
Campbell<Rosenfeld.
Skoultchi<Goldberg.
Whitney<Blake.
Palitz<Duempleman. (3.)
Ambraszka<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
White<Weigle.
Barbaronardo<White Coal Co.
King<Weinberger.
Metropolitan Elec Mfg Co<Woods, Inc.

The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:
H Poulson<Mangels.
K Poulson<same.
D'Avola<Waites Motor Van & Storage Co.
Marks<Lewandowski.
Wynne<Corona Prov.
Tilloy<Muelberger.
Gustavino<Rock.
Y Sneiderwitz<Ehni.
H Sneiderwitz<same.
S Fox<Brunor.
L Fox<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Weisgal<NY City Interborough Ry.
L Zelenko<Union Ry.
W Zelenko<same.
Hellman<Corona Prov.
Abbonante<Union Ry.
McCarthy<Int R T.
Barchan<Grossman.
F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Skupinsky<same.
Hultgren<Union Ry.
Brilles<same.
Beatty<Peace.
Carey<NY O RR.
Rall<Neuman.
Rosenthal<Waites Mot Vans & Storage Co.
Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency.
L Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage.
S Rosenthal<same.
Weber<Holsten.
Uszpalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co.
Verro<Union Ry.
Wolf<same.
Helt<Walworth Bros, Inc.
Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc.
Tuccitto<Union Ry.
Grace<Union Ry.
Nacheman<Hoolahan.
F Frey<Heyne.
M Frey<same.
O'Sullivan<same.
Goldstein<Union Ry.
Kruger<Goldberg.
Weingold<Wulfhop.
Silverblatt<Int R T.
Gasdia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital.
Kallman<Sanwick.
Brinn<Samuels.
O'Shea<Hobby.
Buschl<B H RR.
Phillips<Jacobs.
Buschl<B H RR.
Winkler<Union Ry.
Cotter<Burns Bros.
Ross<So Blvd RR.
Beyrodt<Lyon.
McGuire<C A Sigmond Realty Co.
Bastone<CNY.
Toots<Segal.
Eisler<So Blvd RR.
Lopota<Int R T.
Greenblatt<same.
Stringle<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc.
J Fanelli<Ferguson.
N Fanelli<same.
Maurer<Gimbel Bros.
Schoenfelder<NY Rys
Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.
PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I. Pleading. People<Jas McCarthy.
Trial Term—Joseph Milano (murder)—S. Goldstein.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. Perlberger<Cohen.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Slutzkin<Labell.
Mehrstein<Naviya Co (2.)
Seneca Dist Co<Elsesser.
Di Pitro<Union Ry.
Galewski<Int R T.
Vogel<Kiernan.
Litechfsky<Union Ry.
Watin<Inter R T.
Maher<Stein.
Fenluer<Union Ry.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Re David Gilman<Jacob J. Goneer—Julius Riedler.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department. DECISIONS.
People, &c., ex rel. W. W. Cohen, relator, v. Alfred E. Smith, &c., respt.—Order and writ to be amended so as to be returnable in the County of New York.
A. Doscher, respt., v. M. Rosenzweig and ano., aplts., and ano., deft.
J. J. Klein, respt., v. same.
G. J. Kunze and ano., respts., v. same.—Defendants' motions to open the dismissal of their appeals by default granted in each case on condition, otherwise motions denied, with $10 costs.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Glass<Thatcher.
Lang<Bloomingdale Bros.
Parkerton Wire Wks<Davidoff.
Rehkugler<Rehkugler
Clancy & Van Alst Con Co<Brown.
Butterworth<Butterworth.
North Side Leather & B Co<Lehman.
Krashowitz<Krashowitz.
Zoberg<Zoberg.
Stagliano<Stagliano.
J Bruce<Lapp.
H V Bruce<same.
O Bruce<same.
Rawlins<same.
Cappadona<Boulton.
Re McCarthy. (Bd Education.)
Gottlieb<Wise.
E DeW Lester<Griffiths.
Ada Lester<same.
Webber<Webber.
Re 17th Av. (Mark.)
Van Tuyl, Jr<Sullivan
Marabato<Nordenholt Corp.
Creegan<Curran.
Van Kleeck<Minneker. (2.)
Knipa<Kasdorf.
Sanovitch<Pierson.
Winkelman<Denton.
Realty Assoc<Breitung
Re Roebr Pub Co.
Coggeshall<Norwood.
Schacht<Goldfarb.
Hill<Kurtz.
Re W 24th St, W 25th St.
Herman<Fishman.
Brink<Brown.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.
Stutsky<Rosenblum.
Taub<Gold.
Bourke<Rourke.
Gibbs<Stiner.
Davis<Isaacs.
Davidson<Davidson.
Schmitt<Schmitt.
Reiss<Reiss et al.
Lamb<Lamb.
Ruggiero<Ruggiero.
Fiori<CNY. (3.)
Liftchild<Liftchild.
Gleason<Gleason.
Bess-Mar Realty Co<Capell.
Sharp<Sharp.
Kantor<Kromback.
Lyle<CNY.
Aherns<Parker.
Feldman<Feldman.
Stern et al<Shea et al
Cantor<Frucht.
Highest number reached on regular call, 1234.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.
Kaufman<Greenhut Co.
McBride<B H RR.
Colombo<B H RR.
Feeney<Nassau RR.
Schnur<Perlman.
Harriett<B H RR.
Sager<NY Rys.
Gross<Berman & Swerdlick.
Hines<Cuneo et al.
Esposito<Auditore C Co.
Holtz<NY Cons RR.
Jones<Loeser & Co & ano.
Fearon<So B'klyn Ry.
Darcy<B H RR.
O'Leary<Sand.
Teague<same.
Societe des Anciens Ets Thom & Bailey et al.
Duffy<Int R T.
Reller<So Bklyn Ry.
Ghiraldi<Prospect Coal Co.
Carey<C I & B RR.
Merlia<Kabat.
Kinney<Hillin.
Block<Block.
Roderman<Board of Education.
Kahtrowitz<Sobelson.
Rader<Cohen.
Isbrandtsen<Graham.
Mohr<Friedman et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Mullaly<U S Rubber Co and ano.
Ginsberg<Goldfarb.
Hammermesch<Kemp.
Cohen<Altman Furniture Co.
Yelenewitz<Tamarkin and ano.
Moskowitz<Janpol.
Siegle<Cent New England Ry.
Kiplock<Carroll.
Taylor<B H RR.
Baffa<Purdy and ano.
Kadish<N Y Cons RR.
Araman<Nas RR and ano.
Blain<Reiss et al.
Shultz<Bklyn, Queens Co & Sub RR.
Baxter<Nassau RR.
Neidig<Shaw.
Ebbert<Cohn.
Moorcroft<Dressler Tunnel Ovens & ano.
Fuchs<Richmond Light & RR Co.
Goldstein<So Bklyn RR.
Rosenthal<Bklyn, Qns Co & Sub RR.
Goldsmith<B H RR.
Hemerlein<Rockmore
Haskell<Haskell.
Hibbard<Mason.
Welech<Ocean Newkirk Realty Co.
McManus<Dunn.
Wynne<Nassau RR.
Clark<CNY.
Baron<Spector.
Steinberg<Ward Baking Co.
Prizzi<Michaels.
Thompson<Koenig.
Teubler & ano<CNY.
Sawyer<Wash Detective Bureau.
Sussman<Michaels.
Klecar<L I RR.
Hurjack<Jones Bros Tea Co.
Maloney<CNY.
Highest number reached on regular call, 6553.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of: Walper Wolfe, Bertha Levy.
Accountings of: John Tracy, Eliza Gardiner, David Ross, Gerdt Gorken, Stephen Williamson, Sarah Fields, Henry Howell.
Administrations of: Frank Baldwin.
Estates of: Margaret Chatfield, E C Ruderman, Lina Esherre.

County Court.

PART IV., May, J.; Part V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.—Calendar called in Part V.
Barschi<Wolf.
Rudich<Love.
Gray<Due.
Sussman<NY Cons RR.
Zimarino<Nas El RR.
Dahl<Nies.
Wittleder<Boyd.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.
Hunway<Hunway.
Hall<Hall.
Corell<Besdine et al.
Peter Doelger Brewing Co<CNY
Same<same et al.
Highest number reached on calendar 748.
TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Baehr<Burton.
Schrieber<Motor Car Equipment Co.
White, an inft<Haber.
Cohen, an inft<Laracco
Faltrauer<Ringling et al.
Moore<Jacobus.
Kubelka<Kretchmar, &c.
Rafferty<Munson SS Line.
Regan<Burck, & ano, as execrs.
Egan, an infant, &c<Thos Roulston, Inc.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call.
Stevenson<Marx.
Posser<Michaelfelder & ano.
Coutieri<Long Isl RR.
Smith<Marks, Lisberger & Son, Inc.
Whitbeck<B H RR.
Dart<same.
O'Neil, an infant, &c<Goodman.
Stratford, by guardian<Seaman.
Sexton<Schultz Bread.
Avondet, an infant, &c<Smith.
Burba<NY Rys.
Locicero<Cortinas.
Kenny, as admr, &c<31st St Garage, Inc.
O'Connell<Begg & ano, as receivers, &c.
Feinauer<B H RR.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2606.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tompkins, J. At White Plains. At 10 A. M.
All motions noticed for the 21st are adjourned to 22d.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Keogh, J.—At New Rochelle—At 10 A. M.
Little Russian Church<Washinko.
Miller<Jamaica Manor Realty Co.
Rozenfeld<Mertz.
TRIAL TERM—Part I—Morschauser, J.; Part II., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Ciccone<Fay (2.)
Buchanan<Worden.
Danner<Banfield.
Motor Haulage Co<Staten Island Rapid Transit Ry Co.
Talaco<NY C & H R R R Co.
Vessely<Messer.
Meyer<Archibald.
Melvy<Williamson.
Geno<Funk.
Earl<Coyne.
Rich<Barlow & Co.
Surak<Cheplo.
Grabowsky<W S RR Co.
Barnidge<City of Mt Vernon.
Kelly<Elias.
Merrill<Erie RR Co.
Elgar<Erie RR Co.
Merian<Castle.
Carney<O'Brien (2.)
Persico<Levine.
Barnes<Almy.
Wheeler<Geo Mertz's Sons.
Bird<Herdtfelder.
French<Pres, &c, Ossining.
Stock<Lord & Taylor.
Souther<Union Ry Co (2.)
Brown<NY C RR Co.
Blencestone<Syme.
Thompson<Edw H Crandall Co.
Waldron<Monroe.
Dobson<Moos.
Considine Investing Co<NY C RR Co.
Bond<NY & S RR Co
Vena<Pitman.
Levine<Int R T Co.
Bernarducci<Deutermann.
Witz<Union Ry Co,
Highest number reached on call, 854.

Surrogate's Court.

AT WHITE PLAINS—Sawyer, S.
Wills for probate: Sloney G Comer, Emma Denike, Albert Bleakley, Fritz A Nelson.
Executor's acctg: Clara F Hitchcock.
Motions: Wm Crossman Lee, William H Assenbeck, Robert P Bayles, Fannie Sachs.
Discovery: Otto Landin.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Young, C. J.—At 10 A. M.
Masienka<Brady (case partly tried.)
Clarke<McGivney.
Burchetta<Banker.
McGee<Smythwick.
Pakenham<Holden.
Delx<Aprea.
Mt Pleasant Garage, Inc<Lecn.
Legum & Kasenetz
Tasl Co<Abdelnour.
Swartwout<Peekskill Hotel Co.
Sarles<Contelt.
Lavigna<Dorrance.
O'Hagan<NY & Stamford Ry.
Rose<Di Nonno.
Lord & Burnham Co<same.
Luppinacci<Tripodi.
Stern<Ingebretsen.
Hupfel's Sons<Spizzarro.
Petro<Inwood Dairy.
In re Ellen T Maher, an incompetent person.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

5TH AV, 1,489; Pierce, Butler & Pierce Mfg Corp. against S. V. C. Hamilton, owner, renewal $600.00

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,248 to 2,258; Joseph Ellas against Wm. S. Walter et al., Sept. 9, 1914, canceled $1,433.55
SAME PROPERTY; Globe Automatic Sprinkler Co. against same, Oct. 1, 1914, canceled $065.00
SAME PROPERTY; Charles M. Darmstadt against same, Oct. 5, 1914, canceled $1,952.40
SAME PROPERTY; A. L. Andrews Co. against same, Oct. 28, 1914, canceled $5,184.80

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AV C, 140, south s.; Samuel Adler to J. Levenson, 701 East 9th St., for term expiring April 30, 1921 .... $540
GREENE ST, 129-131, all; Hermanos Realty Co. to Ida Friedman, 225 South 9th St., Brooklyn, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Isidore Weekstein, 61 Park Row $7,000
LENOX AV, 471, all; Emanuel Heckheimer to Samuel J. Branch and another, 471 Lenox Av., 3 years from Oct. 1, 1918; attorney, L. B. Brodsky, 299 Broadway $4,200
3D AV, 186, all; Harrison K. Bird to the Motion Picture Theatre Co., 15 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, George H. Epstein, 99 Nassau St. $2,800
7TH AV, 2,423, north s. and b.; Estelle Heyman to Mathias Hillebrand, on premises, 5 years; attorneys, Hildreth & P., 220 Broadway $1,440
97TH ST, 108 East, all; Daniel F. Mahony to Morris Ginsberg, 108 East 97th St., 5 years from Feb. 1, 1919 .... $1,500
144TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Lenox Av, 125x99.11, all; Perry's Garage-Madaline Realty Corp. to Abram Levenson, 2,720 Decatur Av, 10 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Thomas G. Price, 501 Tremont Av. .... $6,200 and $7,300

REAL ESTATE FIELD

The realty market opened unusually strong yesterday with the sale of a $110,000 dwelling in the Upper Fifth Avenue section, four apartment house transactions on Washington Heights and several investment purchases on the East Side. Many of the sales were for all cash, which is considered highly favorable to market conditions as, heretofore, trading has predominated.

The Upper Fifth Avenue deal involved the modern six-story private dwelling at 6 West Fifty-sixth Street, on a lot 25 by 100.5, which was sold by William B. May & Co., in conjunction with Tucker, Speyers & Co., to Frank Partridge, art dealer, now at 741 Fifth Avenue. It was sold by the heirs of the late Dr. F. LeR. Satterlee, who occupied the house up to his death, about a year ago, since when the house has been vacant. The residence, 1 West Fifty-sixth Street, was recently purchased by Duveen Brothers to protect their Fifth Avenue building.

$300,000 West Side Investment.

An important investment deal in the Washington Heights district was closed by Joseph Jovans in the purchase of the six-story apartment house, known as the Chambold, of 66 to 72 Fort Washington Avenue, being at the southwest corner of 162d Street. It occupies a plot 100 by 152 feet, and was held at $300,000. It was bought from the Chambold Court Realty Company, which acquired it last September from Sallie H. Waller. The deal was a cash transaction. Sol Friedus & Co. were the brokers. Joseph J. Abramson represented the buyer as attorney, and the sellers were represented by Greenberg & Levy.

Upper Manhattan Apartment Sale.

In the Upper Manhattan residential zone the five-story apartment house at 42 Northern Avenue, southwest corner of 179th Street, on plot 80 by 125, was purchased by Voell & Schultz from Henry Van Arsdale. It has been held at $175,000. The brokers in the sale were M. I. Stransky and McDowell & McMahan.

Investor Buys Heights Apartment for Cash.

As an investment, Ethel Backer purchased from Frederick Brown, for all cash, 535 West 151st Street, a six-story elevator apartment, on a plot 75 by 100, adjoining the northeast corner of Broadway. The property shows an annual rental of $17,000 and was held at $135,000. M. Veit negotiated the sale.

Sale of Lexington Avenue Corner.

Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison, Inc., sold for H. B. Leckler the three-story dwelling 180 Lexington Avenue, being the northwest corner of Thirty-first Street, on a lot 21.5 by 47.10, to a client of James V. Graham. The property is assessed at $24,500.

Operator Buys Pearl Street Loft.

Jacob Lorillard sold to an operator, for all cash, 269 Pearl Street, a five-story loft building covering a lot 17 by 61, adjoining the northwest corner of Fulton Street. The Charles F. Noyes Company and Douglas Robinson-Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the sale.

Builder Increases East Side Holdings.

Henry Hof sold for the estate of Conrad Vogel the four-story brick building on a lot 22.8 by 98.9 at 218 East Forty-first Street to Robert E. Kelly, builder. The property has been owned by the seller since 1852. By this purchase Mr. Kelly now controls the five buildings from 214 to 222 East Forty-first Street, on a plot 113.6 by 98.

Private Dwelling Sales.

Duff & Brown Company have sold for the United States Trust Company 384 Convent Avenue, a four-story dwelling on a lot 25 by 95.

$700,000 Fifth Avenue Lease.

An important Fifth Avenue lease has been closed by John Forsythe & Sons in the rental for twenty-one years from May 1 of the six-story building at 590 Fifth Avenue, adjoining the southwest corner of Forty-eighth Street, occupied by Black, Starr & Frost. The lease was taken from the owner, Mrs. Hermine Haan and will aggregate $700,000 for the term. The lessees now occupy the quarters at 3 West Forty-second Street and have no intention of moving for the present. The art firm of Scott & Fowles occupy the store, basement, and first floor in the 590 Fifth Avenue building and expect to remain there for at least two or three years. Rice & Hill were the brokers in the transaction.

Church Gets $160,000 Mortgage on West Side Property.

A mortgage for $160,000 has been obtained by the Congregation B'nai Jeshurum on its property at 257 to 265 West Eighty-eighth Street, 89.2 by 100.8 in the middle of the block between Broadway and West End Avenue. The mortgage was taken by the Emigrant Industrial Savings Institution at 5¼ per cent. due Jan. 1, 1924.

The Bronx Market.

Morris Sax sold for Charles Johansen 2,694 Valentine Avenue, a five-story new law flat on plot 40 by 100, to an investor for cash.

The Benenson Realty Company sold to a client of Rubin & Lefkowitz 1,447 Wilkins Avenue, a six-story apartment house containing four stores, on a plot 56 by 98. The property was held at $75,000 and rents for $11,000 annually. It was a cash transaction.

Brooklyn.

Tutino & Cerny sold for Mrs. Mina Erickson, to a client for investment, the three-story, three-family limestone dwelling, 457 Fifty-first Street.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold 1,583 East Twelfth Street, Flatbush, a two-story, two-family frame cottage, to the Barfell Realty.

Bulkley & Horton Co. sold 698 St. Marks Avenue, between Rogers and Nostrand Avenues, a three-story, one-family stone dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, for Hudson Maxim to a client for occupancy.

Westchester County.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley sold for C. H. Matthiessen property consisting of a fifteen-room house, on plot 100 by 200, located on North Broadway, White Plains, N. Y., to C. D. Bedrosian, a rug importer of Manhattan. The property was held at $25,000.

New Jersey.

The sixteen-family brick apartment located at 26-28 Broad Street, north of Oriental Street, Newark, on a plot 50 by 100, has been sold for Bockoven Bros. Company, lumber dealers, by Louis Schlesinger, Inc., to Charles T. Shipman for an investment.

Recent Buyers.

W. C. Dewey is the buyer of the Braender a ten-story apartment on the south corner of 102d Street and Central Park West, held at $400,000.

Edward H. Burger, operator, is the buyer of the apartments 503, 507, and 509 West 133d Street, held at $100,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Beekman Place, 39, for a one-story garage, 18x20; R. Schlossman, 37 Beekman Place, owner; Sommerfield & Steckler, 31 Union Square, architects; cost, $800.
Broad St, 38 and 40, and New St, 34 and 36, to a seven-story ocean cable office, 40.5x151; E. J. De Forest and F. J. Mall, 30 Broad St, owners; W. W. Bosworth, 527 5th Av, architect; cost, $300,000.
Dyckman St, s e, 150 ft w of Sherman Av, for a four-story garage, 100x200; C. Muller, Rockaway Park, owner; J. P. Powers, Rockaway Beach, architect; cost, $100,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

66th St, 245 West, n s, 150 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; Lydia Kleinfeld et al. against Bernard Gordon et al.; J. S. Seidman, attorney; due, $12,811.43; taxes, &c., $159.30; adjourned to Feb. 3.

By Henry Brady.

Southern Boulevard, n e corner of 140th St, 57.9x107.6x50x136.6, vacant; New York Title and Mortgage Co. against Joseph Goodman et al.; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; due, $8,552.25; taxes, &c., $722.70; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JAN. 20.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ELIZABETH ST, 287-89 w s, 67.2 ft n of East Houston St, 40.9x88.5x41.9x88.11, ½ part; Ignazio Vonofario to Salvatore Cordonaro, 290 Elizabeth St, Nov 1, 1918 .... $1
LENOX AV, w s, 25 ft w of 120th St, 24.11x75; Martin J. Ungrich to Martin Ungrich, Inc, 57 St. Nicholas Av, mtg $17,000, June 18, 1918; attorneys, Strauss, R. & B., 141 Broadway $1
MULBERRY ST, 285, w s, 241 ft n of Spring St, 25.1x96.3, (foreclosure Jan 16, 1919); Jeremiah T. Maloney, referee, to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St, Jan 17; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 110 B'way $16,000
PARK AV, s e corner 9th St, 25x100; Frank Zehor & Co. to Howald Construction Co. 400 East 150th St, mtg, $33,065, Jan 16; attorney, C. S. Levy, 400 East 150th St $100
WILLETT ST, 52, e s, 100 ft n of Delancey St, 16.8x100; Rosie Lewis to Pearl Niles, Union, N. J., mtg $7,500, Nov 15; attorney, E. Sharwin, 170 B'way $100
20TH ST, 145, n s, 158.4 ft w of 6th Av, 16.8x98.9; William E. Spencer, Jr, to Clara B. McGinnis, at Laurel Hill, L. I.; attorneys, Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100
56TH ST, 6 West, s s, 150 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5, foreclosure Jan. 6, 1919; Robert L. Stanton, referee, to Mary A. Nichols of Rye, N. Y., Jan. 9; attorneys, Platt & Field, 120 Broadway $25,000
72D ST, s s corner of Madison Av, 102.2x40 x irregular; Raymond H. Kutner to Letitian H. McKinley, 11 Halsey St., Brooklyn, mtg $200,000, Jan. 15; attorney, United States Title and Guarantee Co., 32 Court St., Brooklyn $110
112TH ST, 7 East, n s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Grand Concourse Realty Co. to May O. Morrill, 172 West 124th St, mtg $18,000, Dec. 31; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100
117TH ST, 249 East, n s, 92.6 ft w of 2d Av, 17.6x75.7; Christina Leyendecker (Adelmann,) and Robert Adelmann to Sebastiano Cangro, 320 East 115th St, mtg $3,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100
136TH ST, 143 West, n s, 175 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11; Fiscembro Corp. to Theresa W. Robinson of Roscoe, N. Y., mtg $7,000, Jan. 14; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100
142D ST, 288 West, s s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11; Sarah Hershfield to Bertha H. Knoth, 209 Maple Av, South San Francisco, Cal, Jan. 16 .... $125
152D ST, 304 W., s e cor. Bradhurst Av, 125x84.8; Martin J. Ungrich to Martin Ungrich, Inc, 57 St Nicholas Av, mtg $36,000; attorneys, Strauss, R. & B., 141 B'way $1

Bronx.

BAILEY AV, e s, 416.2 ft n of unnamed street which forms n line public square at junction Sedgwick and Bailey Avs, 75.3x88.11x75.2x36.11; Ramya Realty Co. to Edna D. Patton, 3,019 Kingsbridge Terrace, mtg $7,100, Jan. 15; attorney, H. D. Patton, 27 Cedar St $100
BAINBRIDGE AV, 2,774, e s, 25x125; Sophia A. Seidman to Frances J. Higgins, 429 Park Av, mtg $4,000, Jan. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100
EAST KINGSBRIDGE RD, s s, 65.6 ft e of Jerome Av, 16.6x80; Phebe M. Arkush to McAllen Realty Corp., 391 E 149th St, mtg $8,000, Jan 16; attorney, H. W. Kiralfy, 391 E 149th St $1
LAFAYETTE AV, s s, 310 ft e of Whittier St, 50x93; Esther Frank to Manuel B. Berkowitz, 30 Ridge St, one-third part, Jan 8; attorney, Manuel D. Berkowitz, 30 Ridge St $1
LONGWOOD AV, 1,015-23, n s, 126x110; Marsilon Realty Corp. to Penzance Realty Co., 369 Aubudon Av, mtg $83,500, Jan. 15; attorney, J. Bernstein, 5 Beekman St $100
LOTS 1,354 and 1,355, map of L. Spencer; Nelle C. Patterson to John P. Moriarity, 317 West 13th St, mtg $540, Jan. 15; attorney, J. P. Moriarity, 317 West 13th St $100
PROSPECT AV, s w corner of 163d St, 100x100; S. E. & M. E. Bernheimer Co. to Simon Realty Co., 460 East 128th St, mtg $105,000, Jan. 20; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway $1
VALENTINE AV, 2,694, e s, 40.1x101.8; Christian Johannsen to Adolf Kraushaar, 2,694 Valentine Av, mtg $19,000, Jan. 18; attorney, George A. Steinbuller, 1,541 3d Av $100
WILKINS AV, 1,563, w s, 50x142; Henry Greenspan to Mary Lane, 218 Willis Av, mtg $33,000, Jan. 10; attorney, Samuel Bitterman, 309 Broadway $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender, and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

48TH ST, 165 West, n s, 83.4 ft e of 7th Av, 16.8x50.4, Sept. 9; Marietta E. Ravekes to Ellis. R. Smith, 437 East 57th St, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way $1,000
53D ST, 302 to 306 West, s e, 80 ft w of 8th Av, 53.4x100.5, P. M., Jan. 17; Neb Realty Corp. to Bernard Karsch, 204 West 76th St, 1 year, 6 p. c., prior mtg $—; attorneys, Wendel, E. & R., 277 B'way $5,000
71ST ST, 323 to 331 East, n s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 125x102.2, Jan. 20; William A. F. Smith and another to Central Savings Bank in City of New York, 157 4th Av, due Jan. 20, 1920, 5¼ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $40,000
88TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of West End Av, 89.2x100.8, Jan. 20; Congregation B'nai Jeshurum to the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, due Jan. 1, 1924, 5¼ p. c.; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St $160,000
114TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Broadway, 20x100.11, Jan. 20; Celia Schlesinger to William C. Lester, 40 Hamilton Terrace, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $2,500
114TH ST, 554 West, 125 ft e of Broadway, 20x100.11, Jan. 20; Celia Schlesinger to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, 3 years, 5¼ p. c.; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St $18,000
125TH ST, 332 East, s s, 375 ft e of 2d Av, 100x150x irregular, Jan. 10; Millie Rosenberg to Israel Freidne, 66 Fort Washington Av, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $25,800; attorneys, Greenberg & L., 38 Park Row.

Bronx.

LONGWOOD AV, 1,015, n s, 42x110; Penzance Realty Co. to Marsilon Realty Corporation, 135 Broadway, prior mtg $28,000, Jan. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. H. Golding, 135 Broadway $8,750
LONGWOOD AV, 1,019, n s, 42x110, same to same, prior mtg $27,500, Jan. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; same attorney $7,500
LONGWOOD AV, 1,023, n s, 42x110, same to same, prior mtg $28,000, Jan. 15, due Oct. 1, 1022, 6 p. c.; same attorney $6,750

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

GREENWICH ST, 394, mtg $3,500; Samuel K. Funkhouser to Empire State Surety Co., 84 William St; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $3,610
8TH AV, s w corner of 149th St; Sarah and Betsey Dinkelman to Jacob H. Semel, 333 Central Park West; attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St $25,000
46TH ST, 241 West; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Christine G. Openhym, St. Huberts, N. Y., et al, trustees; address 176 Broadway $5,000
69TH ST, 306 WEST, mtg $15,000; Mary W. Lillie to Julia W. Porges, 404 West 115th St; attorneys, Holmes, R. & C., 20 Broad St $100
124TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of Amsterdam Av; Helen R. Balknap to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St $39,000
126TH ST, 56 East; Irma Moses to Michael J. Mackey, 212 East 123d St $2,500

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, 1,502; Anna H. Moldenke and ano, trustees, to Anna H. Moldenke and ano, Watchung, N. J., trustees for Ernest A. Heins; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St $5,500
LORILLARD PLACE, 2,385; Anna Piciulo to Edward Morrore, 322 East 26th St; attorney, William C. White, 507 5th Av $100
VALENTINE AV, 2,302; Arrow Holding Corporation to Julius H. Zieser, 668 Greene Av, Brooklyn; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1
SAME PROPERTY; Julius H. Zieser to Charles Levin, 65 West 117th St; attorney, same $1
12TH AV, n s, 130 ft w of 4th St, 25x114, Wakefield; Martin Suchy to Martin and Josephine Suchy, 813 East 225th St; attorney, George B. De Luca, 2 Rector St $1

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BAXTER ST, 6; East River Savings Institution against Louisa Raffetto et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, E. R. Vollmar.
BETHUNE ST, n s, 82.1 ft e of Washington St, 45.10 x 80.7 x irregular; E. H. Hedden against Rose C. P. Hedden et al., amended partition; attorney, S. G. Thomas.
LOT 55, Block 2110, Section 8; City of New York against Joseph Watkins et al., action to foreclose tax lien; attorney, W. F. Burr.
6TH AV, 903 to 907; Harry M. Newington et al. against Samuel Horowitz, action to cancel lease; attorneys, Harris, Corwin, Moffat & Schek.
82D ST, 145 to 151 East; County Holding Co. against United Assets Corp. et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorneys, Merrill, Rogers & Terry.
47TH ST, 257 and 259 West; Vincent Valentine Contracting Co. against Francis X. O'Connor et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorneys, Manken Bros.
85TH ST, 431 East; Edward Bierman et al. against Katie Silver et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorneys, Kantrowitz & Esberg.
102D ST, 228 East; Amelia McEntyre, adm., against B. Jacobs et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorneys, Cannon & Cannon.
136TH ST, 26 West; Julius J. Dukes, trustee, against Loretta Corp., et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, S. P. Hyman.
140TH ST, 507 West; Minna G. Goddard et al. against Carl E. Hoffman et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, W. A. Alcock.

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HEMPSTEAD, L. I., HOMES. Artistically designed. Near trolly, Garden City golf links, &c. O. L. Schwencke, Jr., 271 B'way. Worth
Kew Gardens House, 12 rooms, 5 baths, open fireplaces; every convenience; beautiful corner plot. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.
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Westchester County.

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REAL ESTATE.

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Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Two colored tenements; good order; all rented; paying 10 per cent; 134th St., near 7th Av. H. Nelson Flanagan, 23 Union Square.
SIXTY-THREE ACRES, BETWEEN FLUSHING AND JAMAICA. RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT. TROLLEY PASSING. JOHN J. WHITE, 817 WEST END AV. 9066 RIVERSIDE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES. GEORGE HOWE, 527 5th Av., New York.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Port Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees; plots 100x150; price $2,000 up. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Bargain.—6 rooms, bath, hollow tile, stucco dwelling; steam heat, all improvements, large plot; near station; half hour out Erie. $3,950; easy terms. W. Butcher, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

Group new six-room houses in Summer resort; commuting distance; for sale less than half cost; immediate. T. C., 342 Times.

Real Estate Wanted.

TO PRINCIPALS ONLY. WANTED, A 20-FT. 3-STORY, OR 17-FT. 4-STORY DWELLING, BETWEEN 62D AND 75TH STS., WEST OF 5D AV., FOR CASH ONLY. P. A. & M. LALOR, 621 B'WAY.
House, 10 rooms, 2 or 3 baths; with garage preferred; Brooklyn; vicinity Prospect Park South; full particulars; owners only. Write Box 66, care Kiernan, 135 Broadway.
WILL BUY STRICTLY MODERN suburban home within 25 miles of New York City; large plot; send full particulars. Principal, K 113 Times.
Wanted, garage in good location; must have immediate possession; 50x100. Bargeschi, 402 West 124th.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Farms Wanted.

Wanted to buy about 25 acres tillable land with good house along main road, south side of Long Island; small sum down. Z 230 Times Annex.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Offices, $20 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.
TO SUBLET UNDER MARKET, ONE OF FINEST OFFICE BUILDINGS ON FIFTH AV. SPECIAL LAYOUT OF VERY EXCEPTIONAL SUITE, ABOUT 1,000 FEET, FOR HIGH CLASS EXECUTIVE OFFICES OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE; TERM OF LEASE TO SUIT TENANT. TO SEE SPACE CALL VANDERBILT 1200, EXT. 251.
SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY, "Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta, 1 blk, "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)
STORE AND BASEMENT, 6TH AV., 510-512. Modern fireproof building; sprinkler equipped; no columns; near Penn. Station and leading hotels. Inquire Superintendent, entrance hall, or 4712 Murray Hill. Broker protected.
20,000 SQ. FT. OFFICE SPACE; HIGHEST TYPE BUILDING; GRAND CENTRAL SECTION; UNUSUAL LIGHT; POSSESSION 2 OR 3 MONTHS TIME; UNDER $2 PER SQ. FOOT. TENANT, 192 TIMES.
LARGE STORE. AUTOMOBILE SECTION, BROADWAY. POSSESSION MAY 1ST OR SOONER. NO OBJECTION TO ANY LINE OF BUSINESS; REASONABLE. PRINCIPLES, 167 TIMES.
LONG ISLAND CITY. For lease, 240,000 square feet of most modern factory space, eight stories; ready to build for one responsible tenant; near bridge and subway. Judson A. Herrington, 47 West 34th, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS TO LET
WM. H. WHITING & CO.
41 PARK ROW TEL. 5900 CORT.

Store and Basement at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x85; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

2 Rooms, Kitchenette, Bath
Corner apartments, all improvements. Apply 2036 5th Ave., or premises.
102 West 129th Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Forest Hills Inn
Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.
Modern fire-proof hotel (Am. plan) combining city and country life. Only 15 minutes from Penna. Sta. (L. I. R. R.). Direct connection by subway to uptown and downtown Manhattan; 25 minutes by motor to shopping and theatre districts. You can reach your office more comfortably and in less time from Forest Hills than from 96th Street, Man. More than 70 trains (electric service) daily. For further information—Tel. 6290 Forest Hills.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Factory in New Jersey, 40 horse water power; 4,000 floor space; 9-room house; plenty ground, 40 miles out; half mile from Penna. station; rent $50 monthly, or sell. Write E. W., Box 20, 1,333 3d Av.

15,000 SQ. FT. HIGH-CLASS OFFICE BUILDING; GOOD LIGHT; 42D STREET SECTION; POSSESSION; FREIGHT SERVICE, IF DESIRED; CHEAP. DIRECT, 184 TIMES.

4-STORY AND BASE FACTORY, NEAR EAST 34TH ST. CORNER BUILDING; SIZE 46x77, WITH OR WITHOUT LARGE YARD. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 311 WEST 59TH.—Two light lofts, 25x90, suitable for mercantile or light manufacturing; elevator, steam heat. Apply on premises, or Rieser, 1,350 Madison Square.

15,000 SQ. FT. IN AUTOMOBILE SECTION. HEAVY FLOOR CAPACITY. EXCELLENT LIGHT; POSSESSION MAY 1; LONG LEASE; FIREPROOF BLDG. AUTO LIFT. A. R. C., 160 TIMES.

BUSINESS OFFICE TO RENT.
Part or entire suite of offices, artistically furnished or unfurnished; light, heat, telephones. 110 West 40th St., Suite 702.

Musical studio for rent; time by appointment. Mme. Tofft, 2,128 Broadway. Phone Columbus 5981.

Loft, 202 East 12d, 25x77; modern, light. Inquire 25 floor, 4712 Murray Hill. Brokers protected.

Store, 5 West 16th St., near 5th Av., $75. Inquire Pease & Elliman, or premises; brokers' full commission.

Office to sublet—Large bright office, fully furnished; telephone installed. 25 Beaver St., Room 721.

BROADWAY, 577, (Cor. White St.)—Store, loft sp. [illegible] possession. F. J. GUILFOILE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

Mail privileges, $5; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 507.

10,000 Square feet, power, light, heat; Astoria, L. I. [illegible] 220 Times Downtown.

STORES—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th St.

Four light lofts, 30x50; electric hoist; moderate rent. 211 Park Row.

Desk room, $10, or half office, $15. 1828, 150 Nassau St.

Desk room for rent. Room 1006, 110 West 34th St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted, by large financial corporation, about 2,500 square feet space for office purposes, good daylight requisite; might consider loft space in desirable building from 23d to 45th St.; central location; reference over 20 years single tenancy; full particulars only considered. A 402 Times Downtown.

Offices wanted, financial district, furnished or unfurnished, about 1,500 to 3,000 square feet, light and air, good service. H 793 Times Downtown.

WANTED TO RENT
large dwelling or floors, desired by a charitable organization in centre of city, near East [illegible] St., to provide additional space and sleeping accommodations for its children's department. B 514 Times Annex.

About 500 square feet offices, partitioned; below Chambers St., furnished or unfurnished. K 750 Times Downtown.

Garage wanted, about 10,000 square feet, preferably new; state price and all particulars. K 83 Times.

LOFTS—Two light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator power. 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $50 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up, women only, complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

36TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette for rent, richly furnished, very complete, rent $150. Telephone Jones, Murray Hill 1450.

57th St.—attractive apartment, offered at sacrifice if taken today; leaving town; three rooms, kitchen. Plaza 9245.

60s (near 5th) high class apartment (floor) two big rooms, kitchen, bath, city steam $110. Elbersen, 25 West 42d.

[illegible], 129 EAST.—Attractively furnished apartment, six rooms and two baths; modern building; Feb. 1 to Oct. 1. Telephone Lenox 2543.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, West Side; Long Short Leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

GRAMERCY PARK, 8 rooms, bath; $250 month to May 1. Plaza 2784.

PLAZA SECTION—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished, season, year. Columbus 3974.

SAN JACINTO, 18 East 60th St.
Sublet 2 rooms, bath; complete service.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH,
furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment. 22 East [illegible] St. O. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV. AND 28TH ST.—Furnished bachelor room and bath. $75 monthly; independent entrance. Phone 1958 Madison Square.

[illegible] ST., 40 WEST.—Sublet to June 1, 4 outside rooms and bath, elevator, $110 monthly; references.

[illegible] ST., 54 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, bath, kitchen, complete. Apply Supt.; references.

[illegible] ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor bedroom and bath; $25 per week; full hotel service.

[illegible], 137 WEST.—Hotel King James; Beautifully furnished 1, 2 room apartments, hotel service; $18 and $25 per week.

[illegible], 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness, furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references. $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant [illegible]

[illegible], 112 WEST.—High-class bachelor apartment building, three-room apartment, [illegible] furnished; $100 monthly; electric light [illegible] Payson Merrill Co., 9 East [illegible] St.

[illegible] (near 5th) Apartment, (floor,) three large rooms, kitchen, bath, very attractive; [illegible] month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

[illegible] (near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, (non-elevator,) two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $110. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

[illegible] WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, 2d floor front; steam, electricity.

[illegible] ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End)—Two rooms $75. Columbus 4408.

[illegible] WEST—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two bath, piano; $200 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

[illegible] WEST—Will sublet until October, [illegible] five outside rooms and bath; highly desirable. Apt. 11th. "C."

[illegible] WEST.—Four rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; sublet at $175 monthly to Oct. 1, free maid service, linen, and light. Apt. 9G. Manhattan Sq. Hotel.

[illegible] WEST.—Beautifully furnished, two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Kenny, Apartment [illegible]

[illegible] WEST—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, new & furnished. Columbus 3974.

[illegible], 28 WEST.—Eight rooms, attractively furnished; sublet to adults until Oct. 1. [illegible] Apartment 4-E.

[illegible], 600 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 5 rooms southern exposure; 8 months' lease; [illegible] Apt. 72.

[illegible] WEST.—(Riverside Drive.) 6 rooms, completely, beautifully furnished, piano, phonograph. Apt. 91.

120s WEST—Handsomely furnished elevator apartment three rooms, kitchen, bath, high class, $110 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

120TH, (Morningside Drive.)—Five rooms, well furnished, piano, $150. E. Tripp, [illegible] West 120th; hours, 12-2. Morn. 3502.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides, season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment specialist, 260 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

BROADWAY 2,465, (91st St.)—Handsomely furnished six-room apartment; elevator. Fergin.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
P. P. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

CLERMONT AV., 160.—Furnished apartment, February to June. Apt. 5A.

DUPLEX APARTMENT OF UNUSUAL CHARM, CONSISTING OF STUDIO, DRAWING ROOM, TWO BEDROOMS, KITCHEN AND BATH; WEST 10TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.; $180 A MONTH, MUST RENT IMMEDIATELY AS OWNER IS GOING ABROAD. TELEPHONE STUYVESANT 7069.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 780.—Six rooms, two baths, strictly fireproof; 1 block from subway, beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. O'Dell, Audubon 5400.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 380, (Hendrik Hudson.)—Seven rooms, two baths; elegantly furnished; complete in every detail. Apt. 1G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—Artistically furnished seven-room apartment, complete; Steinway grand piano. For appointment, Mrs. Orr. Bryant 7780.

WEST END AV., 574.—Handsomely furnished, 6 large rooms, 2 baths; 6 months or longer. $350 monthly. G. W. Bishop, Telephone Schuyler 5600.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

Furnished—Long Island.

5-room apartment and bath, to let furnished; all conveniences, piano, Victrola; $65. Apply 117 Judge St., Elmhurst.

Furnished—New Jersey.

A six-room furnished apartment, five minutes from Brick Church Station, $85, lease to Oct. 1. See Janitor, 27 Berwyn Street, near Harrison St., East Orange, or write W 683 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished—East Side.

51ST, 208 EAST.—Large basement and parlor unfurnished to let.

78TH ST., 42 EAST.—New elevator apartment; 2 light rooms with bath; restaurant in building; agent on premises.

THE SHELDON HOTEL.
2-room and bath apartments; modern; first floor suite, suitable for physician. 780 Madison Av., at 66th St. References.

Unfurnished—West Side.

47TH OR 55TH.—Parlor floor, all improvements; residence or business. Bryant 2014.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

50TH ST., 3 WEST.—Apartment, 1 and 2 rooms, with bath and kitchenette.

57TH ST., 200 WEST., COR 7TH AV.
New 14-Story Rodin Studio Apartment Bldg.
Six-room Housekeeping Apartment....$3,000
Eight-room Duplex Apartment........4,300
Apply to Resident Manager. Tel Circle 3560.

58TH, 200 WEST.—To sublet, very desirable apartment, 6 rooms and 2 bath, to 1920. Apt. 12A.

71ST ST., 346 WEST.—Eight immense rooms, two bathrooms, $125; immediate possession. Munger.

94TH ST., 308 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside, Broadway subway.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 144TH ST.
Two blocks east of Amsterdam Av.; 5 rooms, $850; 6 rooms, $1,025; high-class elevator house; exclusive residential section, near subway and "L"; rent $850 and $1,200.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av., (47th.) Specialists: Furnished-unfurnished apts.
Wanted, for refined client (2 adults) immediately, (furnished,) 9 rooms, 3 baths.
Bachelor apt., east side, high class, below 59th; service; year's lease; pay advance.

Two furnished rooms and kitchenette wanted, near Seventh Av. subway, between 100th and 124th Streets. Address, E. J. Ford, 211 West 108th.

Four or five-room furnished apartment wanted between Columbus Circle and 98th West; piano desired; rental not over $85 monthly. K 83 Times.

Wanted, two or three-room furnished apartment, west side, above 110th St., for two bachelors. J. S. Casey, 540 West 165th St. Audubon 0194.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Small apartment, kitchen or kitchenette for February-March; responsible couple. A 64 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

COUPLE wants modern five-room apartment by Feb. 1, west side. Box 127, 852 Columbus Av.

Furnished or unfurnished apartment studio preferred, 3-4 rooms, above 72d St.; state terms; full particulars. K 81 Times.

Couple wanting well-furnished apartment, 4-5 rooms, bath and kitchen until June 1. Write Hotel Manhattan, Room 624.

Small furnished apartment or one good-sized room, with running water; must be reasonable. R 146 Times.

Furnished apartment of four rooms, below 85th, west side; $200 to $250. Telephone Columbus 3974.

Three rooms, kitchenette and bath; $75-$100. Telephone 8579 Columbus before 9:30.

Three rooms, bath; not over $60; below 100th St. West. W 684 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av. (47th.) Specialist Furnished, Unfurnished Apartments; unfurnished apartment wanted immediately, 5-6 rooms, 2 baths, east side, below 86th; pay good rental, 2-3 years' lease. Telephone 2880 Murray Hill.

COUPLE desire small apartment or floor; 2-family house preferred; all improvements; within 40 minutes' commuting from New York; $20-$25 monthly; occupancy now or later. R 109 Times.

THREE or four room apartment, fireplace, bath, kitchen; between 50th and 80th Sts., east of Columbus Av.; not over $65; permanent. Northrop, 220 West 128th St.

COUPLE want 2, 3, 4 rooms, kitchen, bath; all improvements; desirable section; $20-$25 month; occupancy now or May 1. R 110 Times.

WANTED—3-4 rooms, bath; east side, between 50th and 80th; $35-$45. L. 510 Columbus Av.

FOUR-ROOM and bath unfurnished apartment, 110th to 135th west; not over $50; two business women. R 107 Times.

THREE, four rooms, modern improvements; rent $40; west side. B 1031 Times Harlem.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

31TH, 144 EAST.—Large, well furnished; electricity, gas, steam heat; next bath; kitchenette privileges; southern exposure; light housekeeping. Malchus.

54TH ST., (Park Av.)—Large room; private family; women. K 53 Times.

75TH, 32 EAST.—Large front room, suitable studio; desirable location. Rhinelander 3450.

CLEAN, large room, washroom; running water; closet; electricity; gentlemen only, 284 Lexington, (36th.)

MADISON AV., 1,350.—Bright bedroom, bath. Apt. D. Lenox 5447.

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

10TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room overlooking park; adjoining bath, electricity; gentleman; references.

42D, 253 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, absolutely private, newly furnished; elevator service.

65TH ST., (1,730 Broadway.)—Two bedrooms and private bath; references required. Apartment 8G.

34 WEST 56TH.
2-ROOM SUITE.

69TH, 20 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable rooms; electricity; every convenience.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, private bath; electricity, steam heat; references; permanent, gentleman; $15 weekly.

71ST, 126 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished room, second floor; electrically lighted.

74TH, 104 WEST.—Rooms, good neighborhood; well kept.

75TH, 327 WEST, (at Drive.)—Attractively furnished rooms, single, en suite; electricity; residential.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms, with private bath, electricity; references.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive large room, all conveniences.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, $7, $8, bath; private house; phone; references.

78TH, 110 WEST.—Private home; beautiful room, $15; reference essential; breakfast if desired.

78TH, 134 WEST.—Beatifully furnished large front room; running water; ideal surroundings.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Very desirable large front room, $10; telephone, reception room.

78TH, 173 WEST.—Clean room; bath; near subway; gentlemen only; $4. Welch.

80TH ST., WEST.—Two large connecting rooms with dressing rooms; newly decorated; hot and cold running water; steam heat; electric light; new bath tub and lavatories; parquet floors; no other roomers; private family; private house; unusual opportunity; $125 monthly; gentlemen only. X 250 Times Annex.

83D, 231 WEST.—Large sunny room; running water; private family; gentleman; references. Reade.

84TH, 301 WEST.—Beautifully furnished double room; private house; just off West End Av.; also small rooms.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors, large rooms; private bath; unusually well furnished; modern conveniences; near subway and L; references.

88TH, 113 WEST.—Large, elegant front room, alcove bedroom; running water. Schuyler 9287.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large room; running water; adjoining bath; steam; electricity.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful large room, dressing room, bath adjacent, $12.

93D, 253 West.—Highly desirable, large, medium rooms, suitable for two; central; refined.

93D ST., 250 WEST.—Beautiful large room, modern convenience; private house; near subway.

96TH, 206 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Attractive, comfortable front room; high class apartment; private family; references. Apt. 5W.

100TH, 248 WEST.—Large and small rooms, neatly furnished; all conveniences.

103D, 2 WEST.—Cozy court room, $3.50, bath, phone; gentlemen. Robinson.

104TH, 212 WEST.—Bachelor, single bedroom, large closet, bath adjoining; clean, comfortable; $4.50; references; subway. Academy 4678. Janitor.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Large, comfortable room for 1 or 2; running water.

111TH, 140 WEST.—Comfortable single room for business girl; refined Jewish family. Klatsko.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Single room, near Columbia; all conveniences; $4. Apt. 3.

BACHELOR will rent room in high-class apartment to gentleman wishing comforts of refined house; near 86th St. subway station. Address R 90 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (94th St.)—Beautiful rooms with or without bath; view of river. Phone 9881 Riverside. Apt. 53 Bell.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 61.—Beautiful, large front room; all conveniences; quiet house.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Desirable large, also small, rooms, all conveniences; private house.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful, newly furnished studio suit and single rooms.

Connecticut.

"EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY."
With refined private family for business gentleman, location near Greenwich, Conn.; three minutes to station; references exchanged. Further particulars address W 682 Times Downtown.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

New Jersey.

ROSEVILLE AV., 220, (Newark.)—Three and four large, light rooms, two blocks from Roseville Station on D. L. & W., 35 minutes from 33d St., New York; high class, newly finished apartment; all modern improvements; agent on premises from 2 to 5.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

JAPANESE gentleman desires nicely furnished sunny room with private bath if possible, also breakfast; location, between 80th St. and 120th St., near Riverside Drive, $10-$20 weekly. Write Room 610, 30 Church St., New York City.

REFINED Jewish young man wants neat furnished room, private bath and breakfast, in modern apartment house, west side, below 96th St. preferred. S 450 Times Downtown.

ROOM wanted, apartment; private family; for young woman; student; vicinity Gramercy Park or Washington Square; $6. H 268 Times.

Gentlemen wishes front room, Harlem; modern apartment, private family; $40. B 1039 Times Harlem.

NICELY furnished room and bath, for young married couple; preferably on west side, between 72d and 96th. R 81 Times.

FOR FEB. 1.—Gentleman wants furnished room below 70th, west side; medium rates; will locate permanently. K 67 Times.

TWO gentlemen desire sitting room, bedroom, and bath, in Riverside section; warm and congenial. R 154 Times.

GENTLEMEN, best reference, want nicely furnished room in apartment; west side; convenient to 9th Av. "L". R 79 Times.

BY GENTLEMAN, room with coffee, $5 week. K 91 Times.

WANTED.—Nice room in private family. Address I. M., Room 406, 286 5th Av.

COUPLE want 1 or 2 rooms above 95th St., West Side; housekeeping. R 155 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Rooms with board; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent table service; convenient location.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large double room, with bath, by Holland family; give superior accommodation; European style; home cooking.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive large room, second floor; southern exposure; excellent table.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

100TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; private residence; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with private bath, separate or en suite; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family; beautiful rooms, bath; unexcelled table; gentlemen.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Refined couple with 5-year-old boy, 2-3 rooms, well furnished, bath, kitchenette, or board with refined private family, west side; easy commutation Times Square; price moderate. K 72 Times.

Middle-aged gentleman desires a well-furnished room, with bath and full board, with refined private family; 70th-100th West; references exchanged. K 73 Times.

Refined Jewish woman wishes room and board with private family in elevator apartment, west side. Phone Audubon 5059, 11-12 A. M., 6-7 P. M.

Couple desire room and board about thirty minutes from downtown; state full information and price. K 97 Times.

Boarding home for boy of 5; near New York; references. A 156 Times.

Large furnished room, board; refined Jewish couple, west side. K 75 Times.

Gentleman wishes medium-sized room, two meals, 68th-76th; $10. R 153 Times.

Good board, pleasant rooms, attractive locality; four adults; moderate. K 88 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Brooklyn.

Home Sanitarium.—Selected medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Phone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,364 East 27th St.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165 White Plains.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."
Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.
W. T. READE, Prop.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.
A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 to $45.
Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

Country Board Wanted.

WANTED in Garden City by lady, bedroom and board; probably for two months, or over; references exchanged; address with full particulars at once, please. Mrs. I. McDonald, Port Washington, Long Island.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BANKERS.—Capable, well educated, intelligent woman, with wide experience, desires position of trust and responsibility, either in women's department of investment house or other executive capacity; highest credentials. Address A 406 Times Downtown.

BILLING CLERK and assistant bookkeeper; five years' experience; salary $18. R 111 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, comptometer operator: capable taking charge; books opened, closed, financial statements, balances rendered; quick, accurate figurer; experienced cost accounting; capable handling correspondence independently; Christian; highest credentials; $25. R 452 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, confidential clerk, rapid typist, highly efficient, capable assuming responsibilities, qualified by experience; books opened, closed, balanced; excellent figurer; legible penman; $20. K 667 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge accounting, stenography, typewriting; thoroughly experienced, capable; salary $28. S 496 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, an expert double entry, with initiative and executive ability, desires position in some executive capacity; excellent references. P 241 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; eight years' experience; exceptional capabilities; desires connection where there is advancement. Capable. W 685 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, comptometer operator, knowledge stenography, typewriting, seven years' experience, desires permanent position; $25. T., 1,258 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience, controlling accounts, monthly trial balances; excellent references. Phone Forsyth 9678.

BOOKKEEPER, full charge of books, cash, trial balance, financial statements; responsible; references; salary $25. K 785 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience; competent, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balances; knowledge stenography, typewriting; salary $20. S 512 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant and typist; also general office work; experienced, capable. G 691 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, experienced, also typist, general office work; capable; $15. G 690 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Publishing experience, efficient, conscientious; good reference. K 70 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; six years' experience; trial balance, financial statements; $30. H 234 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' experience; capable taking charge; all office details. S 243 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER.—Long experience; full charge; exceptional ability; entirely dependable; $25. R 145 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, capable of taking entire charge. Stuttman, 645 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, high school graduate, several years' experience, desires position. S 494 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, typist; neat, accurate. Lottie Markowitz, 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, seven years' experience; highest references; seeks position. R 99 Times.

CLERK with ledger experience; willing and ambitious; salary $14. R 113 Times.

COOK.—French cook, first class, experienced, wishes position with small family; best references. R. L., 252 West 24th St.

DESIGNER, A1, on infants' wear wishes connection with reliable firm. K 98 Times.

DRESSMAKER, expert, to design, cut, fit, drape, copy latest models; $5. Freyer, 295 Fifth Av. Telephone Madison Square 7706.

DRESSMAKER, high-class; out day; moderate; references. Hall. Riverside 4751.

FILE CLERK, office assistant; understands switchboard; seeks good position; college education; three years' experience; $16. R 137 Times.

GENTLEWOMAN, OF EXCELLENT FAMILY, YOUTHFUL, ACTIVE, CHARMING PERSONALITY, EDUCATED IN PARIS AND LONDON; WIDELY TRAVELLED; WELL-READ; READS ALOUD WELL; DESIRES POSITION AS COMPANION OR CHAPERON TO A LADY; WOULD CONSIDER POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER IN HOME WHERE SERVANTS ARE KEPT, PREFERABLY WHERE THERE ARE CHILDREN; THIS IS A WOMAN OF UNUSUAL QUALIFICATIONS. APPLY IN FIRST CASE TO P. O. BOX FG, 107 TIMES SQ.

GENERAL OFFICE WORKER.
Going to Europe. Want to place my office assistant, Christian, 18 years old, experienced switchboard operator, filing clerk and typist. She is a thorough, willing worker, loyal, honest, and quick to learn, and has initiative. I have been paying her $25 a week, but she is willing to start again at $17. K 82 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Highly recommended German to take entire charge of children 5 to 8 years old; elementary instruction in English. 561 West 163d St. Telephone Audubon 666, 4D.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined elderly woman, very capable, will give her services for room and board. K 90 Times.

INFANT'S NURSE.—Experienced; Scotch; entire charge from birth; $50. Telephone 4935 Harlem.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Houseman, Cathedral Plaza, 101 West 109th St., Apt. 208.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 3329.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NEAT colored girl desires part-time position with couple. G., care Smith, 215 West 142d St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Experienced clerical worker; accurate, good handwriting; refined, ambitious. K 779 Times Downtown.

REFINED WOMAN, 35, no business experience, desires position with business house or dentist's office. B 302 Times.

SALESWOMAN, many years' experience exclusive ladies' tailoring establishment, desires change. K 104 Times.

SECRETARY.—Woman with good, permanent position has two months Winter vacation and wishes to spend it South or West as business or social secretary; the best references. Inquire Room 420, Mutual Life Bldg. Tel. John 2100.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, having extensive commercial experience, desires position as understudy to busy executive. R 118 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER seeks good position; high school graduate; eight years' business experience; best references; $25. R 136 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 25 years, 6 years' commercial, Wall Street experience, intelligent, refined, desires responsible position; $22. G 692 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, executive ability and initiative; thoroughly competent and possessing vast and varied experience; well recommended. K 70 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, detail work; high school graduate; pleasing personality; executive ability; salary $22. B 1046 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, American, eight years' experience. X 287 Times Annex.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, assistant to executive, correspondent; knowledge credit work. R 96 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Young college woman wishes position; highest references. R 132 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate; references; small office preferred; $18. Gramercy 4804.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge bookkeeping; high school graduate; take care office. B 1045 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer; thorough correspondent; 6 years' experience; $25. K 796 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Absolutely reliable; 6 years' technical experience; highly proficient; capable mastering technicalities; grammatically good command English language; accurate, rapid transcriptions; excellent speller; always on the job; $20. B 790 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, banking, electrical, stock brokerage experience, prepossessing, above average intellect, uses discretion, common sense, accustomed technical dictation, accurate transcriptions, excellent memory, capable acting on own initiative; $25. G 613 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, formerly with Department of Labor, Washington, and American Express, desires change; expert, experienced and possessing initiative; strictly business; age 23; prefers large corporation; north of 23d St. R 94 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-Secretary-Bookkeeper, high school graduate; 6 years' engineering experience; capable handling correspondence; live wire, intelligent, trustworthy; highest credentials; $25. B 1034 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, knowledge bookkeeping; 5 years' mechanical export experience; versed up-to-date office methods; quick comprehension; age 23; conscientious, painstaking; $18. R 448 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY.—Christian; high school business college education; five years' experience; reference best; $25. S 473 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, conscientious, reliable beginner; business school graduate; desires position. Gladys Perina, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good business training; takes dictation and transcribes accurately. Queenie Sterling, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2093.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, efficient, reliable; 3 years' experience; best reference; $18-$20. W., 8,731 21st Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, (secretarial,) thoroughly competent, initiative; excellent references; good salary desired. K 786 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, high school graduate; thoroughly experienced; can adapt herself to all kinds of work; $20. K 758 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, COLLEGE GRADUATE, experienced, refined, desires position advertising concern for advertising work. R 447 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ambitious beginner, business school graduate, accurate, intelligent, seeks opportunity. K 776 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate; high school education, business school graduate; well recommended; $16. Freda Regenbogen, 80 Bartlett St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, conscientious worker; several years' experience; references; $20. S 506 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 3 years' experience; high school education; refined; conscientious; accurate; best of credentials. G 695 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, general assistant; competent, reliable; 10 years' experience; Christian; nominal salary; knowledge of French. Miss Black, 7840 Audubon.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, expert, would communicate with woman author or writer contemplating Florida trip; pay own fare. R 486 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; thoroughly experienced; executive ability; initiative; knowledge office routine. G 673 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, efficient, executive ability, high school education; 5 years' experience; Christian; A1 references; $30. K 90 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Position in physician's office. Miss Jordan, 32 West 122d St.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, experienced, competent, rapid; high school education; $15. R 114 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Bright beginner; $10 to start. H. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, (22,) experienced, educated; bookkeeping knowledge; office routine; $22. B 1044 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, typist experienced; $14. R. Minow, 200 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience; rapid worker; references; $15; American. S 516 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' commercial experience; also assistant bookkeeper; salary $18. S 515 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced; high school graduate; highest references; salary $18. G 686 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (19,) 2 years' experience; high school graduate, one year Columbia College; salary $18; competent. R 75 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, good education; conscientious, accurate; excellent references; $16. K 76 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST; thoroughly experienced; excellent references; capable handling office detail. S 488 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, secretary, high school graduate; $20; references. R 120 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST desires position in commercial house; salary $15. S 485 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, 7 years' experience, capable of handling details. R 117 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, efficient, experienced, college education; excellent references; salary $25. K 71 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 2 years' experience; capable, ambitious, efficient; salary $17. R 431 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $18. G 634 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, refined, industrious, age 17; best references; beginner. K 59 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (17,) recent graduate; willing to work hard and start low. Helen, 2 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, some experience, moderate salary, desires permanent position. S 505 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, refined, high school graduate. K 60 Times.

STENOGRAPHIC work evenings. Telephone 9981 Columbus.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; 3 years' experience; age, 20; academic education, quick figuring, good penman, wideawake; references; $12. R 407 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced, desires good connection; reference. S 486 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and office assistant; 4 years' experience; references; $15. R 84 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Christian girl, central office, private board experience; understand typewriting; good reference; $15. S 472 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, thoroughly experienced; 4 years' with large wholesale house. R 848 Times Annex.

TYPIST, 21, reliable, experienced general office work, desires good connection. S 487 Times Downtown.

TYPIST - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, 2 hours evenings; Saturday afternoon; $6 week. K 54 Times.

TYPIST, 4 years' experience, knowledge stenography, office details; references; $18. K 782 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Experienced; good references; salary $15. Miss Esther Feitelberg, 68 E. 120th.

WOMAN, Norwegian, wishes cleaning or laundry work, by the day. Mrs. Samuelsen, 561 West 169th St.

YOUNG LADY bookkeeper, controlling accounts, typewriting, accustomed waiting on retail trade, desires change; capable of taking entire charge of office; wishes to be connected with reliable house. W 362 Times.

YOUNG LADY, intelligent, ambitious; stenographer, typist; college graduate; linguist; desires responsible position; initial salary secondary importance. R 130 Times.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants; excellent cooks; investigated references; seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165; Domestic Service Agency, 329 W. 59th.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th,) Riverside 9463.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE,
office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE.
Age 32, married; 15 years' thorough experience, modern office management and accountancy, systematizer, organizer, and economizer, desires connection where thorough knowledge and loyalty will be appreciated. S 28 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, organizer, systematizer, certified, recently resigned from emergency fleet work, open for engagement; highest credentials for installation of costs and accounting systems. Box 2, 488 St. Nicholas Av. Telephone Morningside 8375.

ACCOUNTANT AND SYSTEMATIZER.
Monthly, yearly audits, reports; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endries, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX.
Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, reports, statements, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized; moderate. Pace & Endries, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT-MANAGER.—Ten years' experience; executive ability; familiar with costs and statistical records; also financial statements. Lange, 9 Roosevelt Av., Jersey City.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 29, seeks connection with large mercantile or accounting firm; 12 years' experience in office management; cost and general accounting. K 762 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, honorably discharged from service, formerly with large C. P. A. concern, desires to make permanent connections in any capacity; highest references. G 697 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, extensive experience with modern business methods; good systematizer; university training; experienced exports, manufacturing; $40. K 94 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 908.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, thoroughly experienced, N. Y. U. student, discharge U. S. Army, desires connection C. P. A. or mercantile establishment. R 1041 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, (23,) junior, experienced, can audit books without supervision, desires position with certified public accountant. R 86 Times.

ACCOUNTANT seeks suitable position, capable executive; excellent credentials; age 26, competent. City Hall Station, Post Office Box 490.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, (22,) five years' experience, A1 references, college education. R 122 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, JUNIOR, student bookkeeping experience, seeks connection with public accountant. W 673 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., high grade executive with record of achievement, seeks position of responsibility with large corporation. G 509 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (22,) formerly with C. P. A. firm, cost experience, N. Y. U. senior, army discharge, desires accounting connections. R 108 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, (29,) general and cost; good executive; 12 years' experience managing large offices; university education. K 761 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT.—Monthly audits, systems installed, tax reports. Robinson, 128 Broadway. Rector 4275.

ACCOUNTANT, 3 years of experience, desires a certified connection. K 791 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires position C. P. A. firm. G., 895 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

ADVERTISING YOUNG MAN, four years' experience, seeks position. Z., 1,508 2d Av.

AMERICAN ARTILLERY OFFICER going abroad, released active service, will undertake special commissions; civil life advertising, sales specialist; record for results in selling and executive work. Z 351 Times Annex.

ARCHITECT.—Draftsman and executive desires connection of any kind where 18 years' experience in all kinds of construction work will count. R 116 Times.

ASSISTANT EXECUTIVE, efficient college graduate; thoroughly experienced in office management and correspondence, desires position where ability counts. G 694 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT to executive, good business knowledge; also 4 years' experience as general office worker, desires permanent position; salary secondary. K 789 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT to gentleman or semi-invalids, city or country; can operate motor vehicle. R 101 Times.

AUDITOR, (25,) N. Y. U. training; can prepare financial, statistical reports and income tax returns; 8 years' experience. K 2 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; factory cost clerk, rapid typist; highly educated; good personality; conversant with improved accounting methods, corporation financial statements, trial balances rendered; seeks position where efficiency, reliability will be appreciated; $25. F 261 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, (28,) take complete charge, render monthly statements; seven years' bookkeeping and managerial experience, credits, collections; initiative; college education; $35. S 493 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, (26,) married, 8 years' experience, formerly employed on war munition contract as paymaster, seeks employment with large engineering corp. K 46 Times.

BOOKKEEPER ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE EXECUTIVE.
Capable of taking full charge; trial balance, financial statements, costs, systematizing, &c.; discharged soldier, $40. R 87 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, honorably discharged from army; college man; experienced in controlling accounts, balances, collections, general office management; knowledge of stenography and accounting. K 61 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance, credits, collection, accurate, reliable; moderate salary; excellent references. R 71 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28 years, seven years' experience, understands thoroughly controlling accounts, trial balances, and financial statements. S 503 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and general office man desires position; nine years' experience; recently discharged Marine Corps officer. K 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Army discharge, 20 years old; accurate ledger clerk, competent assistant bookkeeper; through three years' experience. K 792 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, long, varied experience, at present employed, desires to make change; salary $2,000. H 791 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, 21, thoroughly experienced, trial balance, statements; honorably discharged. S 511 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry and controlling accounts, desires connection with reputable firm; interview would be appreciated. K 105 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, college man, expert correspondent; best references; salary $30. S 490 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, experienced control, double entry ledgers; executive ability; $30. O 355 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, 21, wishes position; three years' experience; best references. B 847 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, four years' experience controlling accounts, trial balance; $30. K 63 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; ten years' experience; best reference. Henry Wagner, 425 47th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Evening work desired by experienced bookkeeper; can do stenography, typewriting. G 690 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER familiar with all modern methods of accounting; salary $30. K 101 Times.

BOOKKEEPER with long experience, double entry, controlling accounts; competent to assume charge of full set, $35. K 102 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, handle any line; trial balance, controlling accounts; thoroughly experienced. B 849 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, experienced, double entry, trial balances. Mayers, 246 West 108th.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, thoroughly experienced, audits, statements, reconciliations, full charge; $25. K 795 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, trial balance; $25; take charge. B 851 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, thoroughly experienced; excellent penman, college education; good references. S 504 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Financial statements, controlling accounts; forceful correspondent. S., 895 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, 20, experienced controlling accounts, trial balance. I. L., 378 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST; knowledge of stenography; bright beginner; $10 to start. A. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, (21,) capable; best of reference; not afraid of work. Z 374 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, expert, modern methods, accounting student. Rose, 102 1st St., City.

BOY, 16, bright, ambitious, desires position with future; night student. K 89 Times.

BUS BOY, Spanish, first class, wishes position hotel. Diaz, 230 West 64th.

BUYER, expert hosiery, general merchandise man, purchasing and selling experience. R 83 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10278.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced; discharged as First Sergeant from service overseas; seeks private position; expert Cadillac and Packard man; salary $30. Van Howe, 222 E. 115th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, 35, wishes position; ten years driving; three years last place. Cars Eggers, 705 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR — Colored, wishes position; willing worker. 432 Riverside Drive, Apt 3A. Morningside 9080.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, have 9 years' experience, expert driver, good mechanic; best reference; go anywhere. Joshi, 882 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; 7 years' experience; best reference. Shelley, 54 West 84th. Schuyler 9852.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, 10 years' experience; private or commercial. Gibson, 6 East 132d, city.

CHAUFFEUR, 22, wishes private position; 2 years with last employer. Swinburne, 1,334 2d Av. Rhinelander 3456.

CHAUFFEUR, five years' city, country experience; references. Henry Karatas, 1,803 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, careful driver, own repairs, best references. J. Herman, 225 West 145th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Wanted position as chauffeur, last position driving for a Major General in France. B 1047 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 7 years' experience; private; references. Filardi, Harlem 3039, 342 East 123d.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 11 years' experience; A1 reference; salary $35. K 74 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 10 years' experience; expert Pierce driver. Scheiblin, 528 East 80th.

CHAUFFEUR; experienced; careful driver; any car; city or country; references. R 92 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—14 years' experience; drives private all over states. Komornek, 1508 2d Av., Box 4.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, recent graduate M. I. T., desires research position in New York City or vicinity. R 150 Times.

CLAIM OR LEGAL INVESTIGATOR.
Young man, 23, with knowledge of six languages and two years' legal training; best references. Box 249, Times, 2 Rector St.

CLERK-TYPIST, (21.)
Good grammarian, neat appearance, knowledge stenography; experienced, desires good connection. K 193 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

CLUB STEWARD or similar position; 8½ years' references from last engagement. Apply Walter Gray, Price Av., Narberth, Penn.

COLLEGE and engineering graduate, (30,) 8 years' experience, design and inspection, desires opportunity with commercial house. S 492 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE graduate, age 30, active, energetic, ambitious, legal training, experienced executive salesman, seeks opportunity. S 502 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK, bookkeeper, four years' experience; payrolls, balances, controlling accounts. G 687 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK, 21 years of age; distribute labor and material. B 1040 Times Harlem.

COUPLE: Finnish; man is chauffeur, wife good cook; city, country; experience; references. Couple, 75 East 127th St., care Korhonen.

COUPLE.—Caretakers of estate; care of invalid or elderly person; good home rather than high wages. K 109 Times.

COUPLE, in city or country, experienced chauffeur and mechanic; wife good cook; best reference. A. S., 137 West 95th St.

CREDIT MANAGER, over 20 years' experience checking commercial and banking credits, more than 10 years with present connection, would consider change. Address B 863 Times Annex.

CREDIT MAN of 15 years' experience, university graduate, knows law and accountancy, can lead salesmen successfully, wants a position anywhere; has capital and brains; age 42 and married. X 290 Times Annex.

CREDIT MANAGER'S ASSISTANT; honorably discharged soldier desires opportunity; five years' experience. McCarthy, 18 Abingdon Square.

DISCHARGED Army Officer desires business position; opportunity to learn advertising preferred; age 25; married; college education. K 57 Times.

DRAFTING.—All kinds drawings made skillfully and promptly; moderate rates. K 734 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Evening work wanted; experienced detailing, expert tracing. K 781 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced on woodwork, detailing, listing, superintending work. K 56 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 23, technical graduate; machine tools, special machinery; $36 salary. O 379 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 26, mechanical tool designer, selling experience electrical trade. K 96 Times.

DRAFTSMAN wishes layout, detail or tracing work, evenings, at home. G 684 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced in mechanical, architectural and topographic drawing; age 32; married. Address E. Hoyos, 511 W. 152d.

DRAFTSMAN, Mechanical, experienced in power plants, general engineering; moderate salary. R 67 Times.

EDITORIAL WORKER, (24,) college graduate, 3 years' newspaper experience as reporter, rewrite man, feature writer and copy reader, seeks connection as assistant to editor or publicity director; best references. G 680 Times Downtown.

EX-ARMY OFFICER, 40, will consider management gentleman's estate or other responsible position. K 106 Times.

EXECUTIVE.
Experienced accountant, credit man, and office manager desires connection with progressive concern where the ability to accomplish things will be recognized; education technical, legal, and general; well versed in financial and corporate matters and business training has been varied sufficiently to enable me to successfully handle every detail with initiative and judgment; good systematizer, strong executive, native born American, aged 31. S 499 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Discharged army captain—civil engineer, 28 years old, 5 years experience on design and construction, desires position with good concern, engineering or contracting preferred but not necessary. R 139 Times.

EXECUTIVE-MANAGER.—Capable systematizing production and decreasing costs; formerly supervised 75; expert on employment, welfare, and supervision; familiar with modern efficiency systems. G 682 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE AND ACCOUNTANT,
(34,) initiative and constructive ability; 18 years' experience, office management, credits, collections, financial and cost accounting. H 266 Times.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER; American, (33;) constructive supervisor, office procedure, records, salesmen, stenographers, filing; thoroughly efficient; unquestionable credentials. G 266 Times.

EXPORT OR IMPORT.
Young man, extensive warehouse experience, desires position export, import house. K 789 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MANAGER'S ASSISTANT, 32, twelve years' manufacturing and business experience; accustomed handling technical matters; dependable, resourceful; demonstrated executive ability. M. D., 1,851 Park Place, Brooklyn.

FURNITURE.—EXPERIENCED INSTALLMENT CREDIT AND SALES MANAGER, BUYER, SUCCESSFUL RECORD, PROGRESSIVE, CAPABLE EXECUTIVE, DESIRES CHANGE FEB. 1, NEW YORK OR ELSEWHERE. R 488 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAN, married, American, twenty years with large financial institution, 10 years' official and executive capacity, familiar with credits and finance, desires position with progressive concern; best references furnished. R 18 Times.

MAN, (23,) executive ability, good personality, conscientious and trustworthy. G 679 Times Downtown.

MANAGER of an estate, with thorough banking and commercial experience, desires a responsible position requiring energy and initiative, in a city with good educational facilities; age 35; married; Protestant. X 312 Times Annex.

MANAGER of real estate; take charge of renting, collecting, and general supervising of machinery and mechanics; have years of experience; will only consider first-class proposition. K 58 Times.

MECHANICAL ACCOUNTANT, qualified, take charge of department using accounting machines. G 696 Times Downtown.

MR. FUR MANUFACTURER.
Can you use a young man (21), with six years' experience in the fur supply line. R 121 Times.

PLUMBER.—Wide experience in Latin America; thoroughly capable handling work; speaks and writes Spanish fluently; best references as to character and ability; open for engagement. Address G., 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

PRINTING salesman, controlling $6,500 account, wants position; commission basis with firm qualified for high class catalog work. K 69 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, now employed, desires evening work three nights week. K 82 Times.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, auditor, twenty-five years' very broad experience filling permanent position, is available for night work four evenings weekly. W. K., Hotel Monticello.

PURCHASING AGENT, MANAGER, FOREMAN, BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, DESIRES POSITION; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. W 669 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

REAL ESTATE.—American, extensive practical experience leasing, renting, selling, looking after properties, &c., with clientele, desires to associate himself with responsible concern Harlem, west side; remuneration, interest in business brought about. Address Estate, L 302 Times.

RECONSTRUCTION EFFICIENCY MEN.—Two young men, age 27 and 30 respectively, desire to connect as welfare experts, promoters of efficiency, production co-operation; proven mechanical and executive ability and handlers of men; vast industrial experience; presently employed, but wish to make change for larger field; have competent assistants if desirable; A1 references. B 304 Times.

SALESMAN.
12 years' traveling for dry goods, past 15 years with same employer, 36 years old, married, wants position, not traveling; can furnish best of reference. Earl D. Myers, Harbor Heights, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

SALESMAN, 15 years' former experience selling high-class foundry pig iron over New York State, New England, Pennsylvania, &c.; intend to renew acquaintances in that country and wish to secure good line of supplies or something suitable for foundry or similar trades; would also consider iron. R 97 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, (21,) honorably discharged from service, excellent character, desires opening in any selling capacity; previous experience in blank books; enthusiasm and ambition. Box L. L. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Resident Philadelphian; large following among general cutting-up trade, men's and women's wear; also jobbers; open for lines, woolens, silks, cotton goods. X 306 Times Annex.

SALESMAN of proven ability; wholesale, retail; 12 years' experience; references exchanged; anybody want live, progressive wire; can sell your goods; interview appreciated. K 80 Times.

SALESMAN.—Executive, 28, 6 years local sales manager, seeks opportunity; convincing personality, university training, efficient ideas. G 681 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, HIGH GRADE GENTILE making Southern States, desires line handkerchiefs, hosiery, gloves, neckwear, from best firms. K 49 Times.

SALESMAN, (28,) energetic, with good selling record, seeks opportunity with reliable firm; college education; textile experience. R 123 Times.

SALESMAN, (35,) ability, forceful personality, seeks high class proposition reliable concern on commission involving $3,000 upward. H 263 Times.

SALESMAN.—Will handle Western sales from Chicago for Eastern company. What have you? L. McJames, 3,203 Snyder Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

SALESMAN, 25, produces results, fluent talker, wishes to connect with automobile specialty house; highest credentials. B 1030 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN CALLING ON LARGE AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORY JOBBERS, DESIRES GOOD SIDE LINE FOR WESTERN TERRITORY. 1,310 ST. NICHOLAS AV.

SALESMAN.—Seven years' experience Ford Motor Company; acquainted with all agents in metropolitan district. L. F. B., care White, 402 West 124th.

SALESMAN, new connected, desires to make change; covering Middle West and Southern States. Michaels, 506 West 173d St.

SALESMAN.—Initiative, twelve years' experience, open for straight commercial proposition. R 125 Times.

SALESMAN, 28, covered Penn., Ohio, &c., for past six years; highest references, ability, and character. R 48 Times.

SALESMAN, (26,) electrical trade following, road experience, designing knowledge. K 95 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man (26) wishes position with manufacturing concern; best references. F. E., 104 East 14th St.

SALESMAN.—Young man open for good selling proposition; speaks Spanish. L 49 Times.

SECRETARY-CORRESPONDENT.—Refined young man, Annapolis graduate, desires to make connection with representative concern where merit has its reward; efficient, conscientious and trustworthy; salary secondary consideration until ability is proven. T. S., 808 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, executive's assistant, (27,) expert stenographer, correspondent, knowledge bookkeeping, initiative, now Government hearing reporter, department demobilizing. R 120 Times.

SECRETARY, over 16 years' experience, seeks employment with busy executive; best references furnished; not afraid of hard work. Address G 683 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, Executive, Clerical.—American; compensation commensurate high-grade ability. K 606 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, (BUSINESS.)—Secretary-stenographer of highest character and ability, out employment due to reorganization; age 32; salary $3,000. S 500 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—7 years' experience, fast, now employed, desires better connection; moderate salary. G 657 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, office manager or assistant; high-class American, 37; references. O 284 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-CLERK, business experience, through eight years legal training; Jewish, wishes employment where can, upon starting moderate salary, work way up to earn fair livelihood or become "somebody." G 693 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, fluent correspondent, confidential secretary, eight years' technical experience, good education, accustomed to technical dictation, capable assuming responsibilities, seeks situation any capacity where competency, intelligence, are mandatory; $25. R 411 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 21; accurate; 4 years' office experience; willing to work hard where there is chance of advancement. Jerome Hohenstein, 200 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 22, a college graduate released from Naval Service, just the man for position requiring intelligence, loyalty and initiative; salary $1,200. R 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, reliable, neat, not afraid of hard work; excellent qualifications. Charles Wilson, 37 East 58th. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent, 20 years, 6 years' experience, graduate of business and evening high schools. S 513 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 20, correspondent, three years' business and secretarial experience, desires position assuring advancement for meritorious work. R 150 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, capable, experienced, conscientious; highly educated; anything offering future. K 14 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; conscientious and ambitious; two months' experience; references. Gordon, 143 West 117th.

SUPERVISING ENGINEER of construction, industrial and commercial buildings desires position. B 93 Times.

TEACHER of English literature and history; best references as to ability and character; several years' experience. K 112 Times.

TUTOR in private family; fine educational advantages, including travel abroad and experience in teaching; best references given. K 111 Times.

WORK SHIRTS AND PANTS.
Cleveland resident commission man, with established trade in Ohio, is open for a good line of men's work shirts, also complete line of pants, on a commission basis; must be reliable concern. Reply G 299 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Do you want a man to make good? Answer this. Five years' business experience; cotton or silk establishment preferred, prospects to be buyer; three years as assistant buyer in large manufacturing house for cotton linings, buttons, and trimmings, and charge of contractors; unquestionable references. R 88 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college graduate, honorably discharged, desires position where prospects for advancement are bright; preferably import and export; no experience, but wishes to learn business game from bottom up; salary no object. K 564 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) honorably discharged, executive ability, aggressive, tactful, possessing keen business insight, wishes position with progressive firm where hard work and loyalty will be rewarded; excellent reference. K 87 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, university education, two years' experience as city salesman and factory manager of large clay products corporation; recently discharged from army as Captain; will bring results. G 688 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, experienced high school graduate; honorably discharged; position in office; bookkeeping, typewriting knowledge; salary secondary; advancement to come only when ability is shown to go ahead. K 77 Times.

YOUNG MAN, six years' experience general clerical work, desires position with reliable mercantile or manufacturing concern; just discharged from service. K 784 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, having thorough knowledge of notions, leather and toilet goods, &c., also selling ability, desires permanent location; excellent references. K 775 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, experienced in real estate business, bookkeeping, collecting, repairs, renting, desires any position with real estate firm or real estate department of bank or law firm. B 846 Times Annex.

YOUNG engineering college student, honorably discharged, desires connection with engineering sales corporation; experienced stenographer; salary $22. S 501 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, ex-service man, having a thorough knowledge of dry goods, also selling ability, would like a permanent location; excellent reference. O 356 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) neat, educated, seeks connection where ability will secure advancement; selling ability; unquestionable references. R 134 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) Christian, desires position with advancement; has clerical experience; references. George Conn, 152 East 94th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, experienced clerk, willing worker, wishes position either day or night. Charles Masone, 836 Fresh Pond Road, Queens.

YOUNG MAN, 24, American, two years' Marines, wishes business position; good education, appearance, experience, references; reasonable. H 267 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, intelligent, high school graduate, two years' office and business experience, wants position. S 514 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—University graduate, 6 years' technical, commercial, executive ability; good personality; looking for lively proposition. R 158 Times.

YOUNG MAN, honorable discharge U. S. Navy, wishes position as valet-chauffeur; great traveling experience; A1 references. K 78 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) 4 years' experience as stock and shipping clerk in wholesale jewelry and notion line; reference; salary $20. S 489 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, neat appearance, education, desires position either office or outside selling; willing and industrious. K 110 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, thorough clerical experience, rapid typist, ex Navy Department, desires position assuring good future. R 151 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Japanese, wants position, useful butler or general housework; small family; good reference; honest, sober, willing, obedient. R 64 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, executive ability; salesmanship; present employer 4 years; position with unlimited future; hard work. R 119 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, experienced on factory payroll, bookkeeping, and billing, wishes position with reliable firm, where hard work will be rewarded. B 850 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 18, wishes position with manufacturing or wholesale concern; reliable and willing worker. Benjamin Franklin, 113 East 105th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, good appearance, speaking English, French, Russian, wishes position bright future. Lenett, 1,607 Bathgate Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wishes position in stock department of reliable house. A. Bernstein, 1,411 Longfellow Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 19, Christian, wishes position as clerk; state salary. K 774 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) honest, good steady worker, wishes to connect with good concern; best references. M. C., 104 East 14th.

YOUNG MAN, 22, with ability to accomplish things, desires position with advancement. Box 42, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, 32, with 10 years' South American business experience, wishes position with reliable concern. S. L., 1,152 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, 19, with experience as office assistant and stock clerk in silk line, seeks position. G 698 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, released from Government; 5 years' payroll experience; understands office routine. T 244 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, comptometer operator, who also has had 4 years' clerical experience, wishes position. D. H., 104 East 14th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, typist, willing worker, desires position; best references. S 483 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school education, knowledge of hardware, desires position with future; references. S. 302 East 58th.

YOUNG MAN, 19, educated, ambitious, wishes advancing position, excellent references. S 507 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) with selling experience, desires position either city or road; live wire. R 104 Times.

YOUNG MAN, several years' experience cottons and woolens; good references. K 66 Times.

YOUNG MAN, all around business experience, desires position, with advancement. K 65 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 29, general office work, shipping clerk, timekeeper. R 1043 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 22, wishes position where future leads to salesman. K 778 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) honorably discharged, Marine Corps, seeks position; $25. K 85 Times.

YOUNG MAN; seven years' experience office, shipping, selling; capable, energetic. R 85 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, good education, willing to start at bottom with concern where ability counts. [illegible]91 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position in shipping department; salary $15. S 484 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position anything; good references. R 100 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position at anything with advancement. R 80 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN,
SALESWOMEN.

We require saleswomen for our corset, silverware, jewelry, shoes, housefurnishings, cotton dress goods, soda, bakery departments. Apply in person or by mail. Superintendent.

ADDRESSERS
earn from $14 to $16 per week; we start you at $8 and bonus; half day Saturday. Apply to
MISS CARLOCK,
Butterick Publishing Company,
326 Hudson St., Second Floor.
Take 7th Av. Subway to Houston St.

ASSISTANT in office; high school graduate; splendid chance for advancement. Picker, 497 Lexington Av.

ASSISTANT SALESWOMAN WANTED FOR OUR DRESS SHOWROOM. LICHTENSTEIN MILLINERY CO., 584 5TH AV.

BAGMAKER, on fine beaded and silk bags, to work at home; materials furnished; state particulars. R 123 Times.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5TH AV., AT 38TH ST.,
require the services of a competent
YOUNG LADY
for their
MAIL ORDER DEPT.
One who has had some experience in adjusting mail order complaints preferred.
Apply Employment Dept.,
6 East 38th St.

BOOKKEEPERS,
THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE
ON CUSTOMERS' CHARGE LEDGERS.
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.
Fine permanent position open for bright girl, with bookkeeping experience; large establishment; pleasant surroundings; one understanding stenography and typewriting preferred; moderate salary to begin with, good prospects for advancement; write full particulars and salary desired. Raymond, East 132d St. and Brown Place, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Fine, permanent position open to a bright, experienced girl; good, conscientious worker; must be able to take her own trial balance every month; must furnish best references. M. Kleinman, 1,367 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer required; the best office assistant obtainable for $15 per week; advancement as merited. Apply by or call with letter stating fully past experience, &c. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, capable keeping small set books, attending office details, salary to start $20 with unusual chance for advancement. K 794 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk, customers' ledger; experience absolutely necessary; state qualifications, age, references; salary to start $18. R 147 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND CORRESPONDENT for keeping subscription accounts and collections, write full particulars; also salary wanted. G 702 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, at least one year experience; Protestant preferred. Y. M. C. A., 8 East 3d St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; state salary, experience, and references. N B 238 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, trial balance, and controlling accounts; salary $16. Call 12-3, Conte, 526 W. B'way.

CARD FILER, experienced, American Red Cross; $2 per day; at once. 159 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Mrs. Ward.

CASHIER in branch office of large metropolitan newspaper; one with experience in this line preferred; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30 A. M.; good opportunity; salary to start $15; state age and experience. X 315 Times Annex.

CLERKS,
tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

COOK OR CHEF, competent, for Jewish institution 100 miles from New York City; must be fully experienced in Jewish dishes and pastries; competent to assume full charge of kitchen; good salary to conscientious worker. Applications only giving full experience and reference will be considered. R 106 Times.

COOK'S ASSISTANT wanted; must be able to assist with plain cooking; board, room, and washing. Memorial Hospital, 2 West 106th.

COOK.—Experienced, personal references; call this morning and tomorrow, between 9 and 11 o'clock, 11 East 80th St.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Woman of ability and business appearance for permanent position with short hours; good pay and opportunity for advancement; experience preferred but not necessary; must be over 25, unemployed only; able to leave city, and ready to begin work immediately; expenses advanced; transportation paid. Call in person for appointment only, Tuesday morning, 10 to 12, Room 520 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn, at Borough Hall subway station.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR
Experience; knowledge of stenography; rapid advancement; good grammarian. Address, stating expectations, Box B 304 Times.

ELLIOTT-FISHER.
Fine opportunity for operator experienced on Model T; position in offices of enterprise of national scope, easy of access; convenient hours, congenial surroundings; luncheon. In reply give age, experience, education. Elliott-Fisher, 301 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK and office assistant; must be experienced; salary $12. R 126 Times.

FORELADY.
One who has had thorough experience in millinery line, able to take charge of workroom.
WHITMAN, 598 BROADWAY.

GENTLEWOMAN to take little girl 9 years old to park from 2:30 to 5:30; must have good reference. 50 West 55th, top floor.

GIRLS! GIRLS!
Neat, to envelope hair nets; steady position; $8 start; rapid increase.
S. GLEMBY,
12 EAST 22D.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

GIRLS
wanted in large cotton goods house; good chance for advancement. M. Lowenstein & Sons, Inc., 40 West 23d St.

GIRLS.
GIRLS AS STOCK CLERKS, WHOLESALE MILLINERY; THOSE HAVING EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. CALL OR ADDRESS HUNKEN, NEALE & FORBES, 485 5TH AV., CORNER 41ST ST.

GIRL, experienced on entering magazine subscription, must be accurate and able to take charge of small department; state experience and salary. A 795 Times Downtown.

GIRL.—Wanted, an intelligent American girl to take care of physician's office and telephone from 8 to 5 p. m. Apply mornings, 336 West 88th St.

GIRL, 16-17 years, in office of large manufacturing concern; state nationality and salary desired; opportunity for advancement. K 790 Times Downtown.

GIRL FOR SAMPLE ROOM IN CANDY FACTORY, EXPERIENCED, INTELLIGENT. AUERBACH, 46TH ST., 11TH AV.

GIRLS. — SMALL; MAKE THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL; LADIES' NECKWEAR HOUSE. TAUSICK, 891 B'WAY.

GIRL.—Intelligent, care for baby afternoons. Call before 10 A. M., Apartment 7G, 870 Riverside Drive.

GIRLS to keep stock in high-class underwear establishment. Brand, 3 East 46th.

GOVERNESS, French, for large family living in the country; must be fond of sports, riding, etc.; applicant state qualifications, give references and religion, and apply by letter to A 794 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORKER.—Girl, (white,) for general housework; small family. 523 West 112th St. Telephone Cathedral 7474.

HOUSEWORK, cooking; white; good wages. Call 9-1, Herzberg, 310 West 86th.

KITCHENMAID, experienced, good worker; sleep out. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th.

MILLINERS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require thoroughly competent milliners who are accustomed to work with the finest materials.
Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

MILLINERS,
PREPARERS,
APPRENTICES.
Must have 5th Av. experience.
HARRY COLLINS, 9 EAST 57TH.

MILLINERY COPYISTS.
Ready-to-wear hats; good pay; steady position. Whitman, 598 Broadway.

MILLINERY DESIGNER on high-class hats for Seattle wholesale house. Address H. Abeles, 656 Broadway.

MODELS
SIZE 16
FOR SUITS AND COATS
MUST BE TALL,
ATTRACTIVE, AND EXPERIENCED
LARGEST SALARY, LONG SEASON.
Apply all week,
SINGER BROS.,
136 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16,
FOR WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE.
THE ROBBINS DRESS CO.,
76 MADISON AVENUE.

MODEL.—TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY, FULL SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MILLAR-MANDEL, 38 E. 30TH.

MODELS.—YOUNG LADIES AS MISSES MODELS, TO TRY ON COATS AND SUITS IN OUR SHOWROOM; LONG SEASON AND GOOD SALARY. A. GERSHEL & CO., 15 EAST 26TH ST.

MODELS WANTED FOR OUR DRESS SHOWROOM, 36 BUST, AND OF GOOD APPEARANCE. LICHTENSTEIN MILLINERY CO., 584 5TH AV.

MODELS.
Several stylish young ladies, size 16; long season; highest salary paid. Leo Finkenberg, Inc., 31 East 31st St.

MODELS; SALARY $25; ATTRACTIVE, TALL YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 16; LONG SEASON. A. & S. LEVY, 42 EAST 32D ST.

MODELS.—Stylish attractive young ladies, size 16 or 18, steady position. Betty Wales Dressmakers, 16 West 33d.

MODEL AND SALESLADY, size 36 or 16; good position. Modern Cloak and Suit house, 15 West 26th.

MODEL wanted, neat appearance, size 16. Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

NURSE.—Graduate or practical, willing to work short hours demonstrating; experience preferred, but not necessary, as nurse in attendance will instruct; must be over 25, disengaged, able to leave city, and ready to begin duties immediately; good pay; expenses advanced; transportation paid. Call in person for appointment only. Tuesday morning, 10 to 12, Room 519, Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn, at Borough Hall subway station.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted, to take care of girl, four and a half years, and assist boy of nine, must be capable and speak perfect English; knowledge of music and French preferred; excellent home and good salary assured, only those with highest references need apply, stating particulars and age. B 285 Times.

NURSE, graduate of general or children's hospital, wanted in small private, suburban school; must assume entire responsibility for high standard of physical care; congenial surroundings; good salary. B. B., 333 Times.

NURSE for 18 months old baby; must understand care of baby; neat appearance, pleasing personality and good references. B 288 Times.

NURSE desiring return England, who can secure own passport, take full care of infant during trip; experience necessary. G. O., 3,525 Broadway.

NURSE.—A specialist in diseases of the digestive organs, with an X-ray plant, seeks the services of an office assistant. Dr. J. W. Weinstein, 16 East 96th St.

NURSE, practical, to take care sick boy, aged 2½; good pay. Stacy, 32 Union Square. Room 801.

NURSE.—Care of child and assist with upstairs work. Apply Tuesday, at 545 West 111th St., Stern, Apt. 4A.

NURSE.—Care of two children. Apply Tuesday from 9 to 3, at 600 West End Av., corner 89th St. Apt. 6A.

OPPORTUNITY.
We want bright, intelligent young women for high-grade clerical work, who can grow with us and advance quickly in positions and salary according to worth and ability.
Must be at least 22 years of age.
We prefer high school graduates or young women who have had previous business experience.
The salary while learning the work is $12, but you can soon fit yourself to earn $25 if you are the right person.
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.
207 West 24th St.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPOTTERS, permanent position; good future, reliable women; salary $12 to start. Apply Otto Sarony Co., 1,177 Broadway.

PUPIL NURSES for one-year course leading to certificate of trained obstetrical nurse; course includes lectures, classroom instruction, and practical work in maternity and pediatric department of registered training school. Supt. of Nurses, St. Elizabeth Hospital, 204 S. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

REFINED, congenial woman can have good home in return for care of business woman's four-room apartment. B 286 Times.

SALESWOMEN.
We are open to receive applications from experienced
SALESWOMEN
for all departments.
Also cashiers and office assistants.
Congenial surroundings; permanent positions; hours 9 to 6; no Saturday night work. Apply superintendent. Barnett Bros., Columbus Av. and 74th St.

SALESWOMAN, young woman to sell a national advertised line of writing inks and adhesives to officers in city; good opportunity and future assurance to right party; salary and commission. A 791 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY, tall and of good appearance and address, to sell toilet preparations in our store; no outside work or demonstrating; salary $12 to begin on. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

SALESLADY for large linen house to call on high-class, private families for selling imported household linens and laces; salary and commission. A 103 Times.

SALESLADY.—Experienced, for old established glass and china house; good salary; opportunity for advancement. Apply in person or by letter. Budde & Westermann, 7th Av., corner 29th St., Manhattan.

SALESWOMEN wanted for women's gowns and suits; must be thoroughly experienced. Brill Brothers, Broadway at 49th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESWOMEN.
TRIMMED MILLINERY.
R. H. MACY & CO. require saleswomen for their French Salon; only those who are accustomed to the best New York clientele will be considered. Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN, experienced on suits and dresses; good salary. Apply Post, 19 West 42d.

SECRETARY and capable accountant for boys' agricultural school, Lakeville, Conn.; $100 per month and living. Apply 9:30-3, Room 1,504, 46 Cedar St.

SHOE SALESWOMEN
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

STENOGRAPHERS,
With general office experience,
AT WANAMAKER'S.
Apply Employment Office.

STENOGRAPHER, (1,) typists, (2,) required by Christian exporting firm; personal interest taken in each member of staff; exceptional opportunity for girls of high character and ability; state full particulars as to experience, &c. A 773 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, fine, steady position, with advancement; excellent opportunity for right party; only written applications considered; state particulars and salary desired. Langdon, Brown Place and 132d St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED, COMPETENT, WITH SOME BOOKKEEPING EXPERIENCE; PERMANENT POSITION WITH CHRISTIAN FIRM; SALARY $18 TO $22. ROOM 408, 1,270 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER
with knowledge of bookkeeping as assistant secretary to executive; good pay to right party. N. C., 44 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted for stock broker's office; must be rapid and accurate, familiar with office work of every kind. Apply to Bamberger, Loeb & Co., 25 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER, refined, capable, and efficient, with some knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply during hours 11 to 1, Samuel Cupples Envelope Co., 7-11 Laight St.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, junior, in public accountants office; must be well educated and of good appearance. K 777 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; must understand billing; Brooklyn factory; five minutes' walk from Fulton St. Phone Main 6451, arrange for interview.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, for physical culture magazine, experienced, unusual opportunity; salary commensurate with ability. Call 119 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER, English-French, by foreign banking house; state experience, salary desired. Address "H. C.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, good appearance, fast and hard worker, intelligent and willing, for first-class New York newspaper. S 524 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in electrical contractor's office, thoroughly experienced, knowledge of bookkeeping essential; state qualifications, references and salary expected. B 287 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Fine opportunity for intelligent girl graduate of general high school course who has had business experience. B 852 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER who can operate dictaphone; $15-$20 weekly; will teach if necessary. Miss Kelly, Room 225, 280 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER in the office of a publishing house; state experience and salary expected. Box 20, Station D, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER in law office, with some law experience; $13-$14; permanent. Call 10 o'clock, Room 910, 256 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER—TYPIST, good, who understands something of bookkeeping; piano factory. R 144 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate, neat appearance, able to take fast dictation; educated; salary $18. Apply 1,228 Woolworth Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; girl to make herself generally useful in office; beginner preferred; state salary. B. J., 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; $20 start; Christian firm; good opening. David Agency, 17 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced operator required; neat, accurate; state qualifications, salary expected. K 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with secretarial ability, give experience and salary to start. K 106 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced. Reply in own handwriting, stating salary, B N 350 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, some experience; $65 monthly; state age, experience, religion, and references. R 141 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for few weeks' work, possibly permanent; salary at rate of not over $50 month. X 310 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, neat and intelligent for general office work. Julius Grossman, 372 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experience unnecessary. W. P. Leuthner, 313 West St.

SWITCHBOARD Operator—Wanted in a large downtown office, a woman switchboard operator; only those with considerable experience will answer; the switchboard has 4 trunk lines and 25 extensions, and applicant must be well educated and refined. Fire Insurance, K 736 Times Downtown.

TEACHER.—Spanish woman teacher wanted three hours a day. Corley, 114 West 79th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, one familiar with plug switchboard; exceptional opportunity for bright young lady. Call 45 West 34th, Room 903.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, splendid opportunity for right person; state experience and salary expected. B 301 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for monitor switchboard; steady position. Solomon-Metzler, 33 East 33d St.

TYPIST.—Capable, energetic; in applying, state age, education, and experience; future depends upon ability to do work. K 797 Times Downtown.

TYPIST to assist in fitting department; write, stating particulars and qualifications. A 792 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, tested on speed, accuracy, and neatness; fair wages, good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

TYPISTS, piece work, experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Peekman St.

TYPIST, rapid, neat, seeking permanent connections; state age, salary, experience. A 796 Times Downtown.

WAITRESS, experienced, 3 days a week. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th.

WAITRESS, experienced; references; sleep out. Woman's Club, 133 East 40th.

WOMAN for general housework and plain cooking; two in the family; also assist in taking care of two-year-old girl; good home and steady position for a competent person; best references required. Apartment 11E, 644 Riverside Drive.

WOMAN in physician's office to clean and help generally, $9. R 82 Times.

YOUNG LADY, neat appearance, accurate at figures, to do simple bookkeeping and make herself generally useful in high-class gown shop. Green Shop, 11 East 47th.

YOUNG LADY for clerical work, filing and willing to make herself generally useful; state experience and salary expected. B 300 Times.

YOUNG girl wanted in advertising agency. Apply J. Walter Thompson Co., 244 Madison Av.

YOUNG LADY, sell pictures; big salary or commission; experience unnecessary. Studio 563, 503 5th Av. Entrance 42d St.

YOUNG LADY for clerical work; $8 to begin. Apply 92 Bible House, 4th Av. and 9th St., New York City.

YOUNG LADY wanted in the foreign dept. of a mercantile house; beginner preferred. Apply by letter, R 417 Times Downtown.

YOUNG GIRL to take care of office and answer the phone. Call between 9 and 10, H. Mittler, 461 4th Av., sixth floor.

YOUNG GIRL, assisting young lady in office and run errands. G 689 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 334 5th Av.

Lady teaches Spanish, French inexpensively. Write 400 W. 150th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BE A FILING CLERK
and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing. Salaries $15 to $30 per week. Our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position. Afternoon and evening classes. Enter our new classes starting today. Number of students limited. Apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

BECOME A DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER IN SIX WEEKS.
Many of the best and most progressive firms are in urgent need of ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS on Billing and Bookkeeping machines. Three to six weeks' course perfects you to fill a good-paying position. Easily learned and inexpensive. Big firms ask US to furnish competent Elliott-Fisher Operators and are paying excellent salaries. Here is an opportunity for the dissatisfied clerk and bookkeeper to be somebody. Call today.
ELLIOTT-FISHER COMPANY,
88 Park Place, near West B'way.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS; 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

KNOW HOW TO SIZE UP PEOPLE?
A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to judge accurately the people you meet. It also enables you to estimate your own abilities. Classes in character analysis and vocational counseling now forming. Write or phone Chelsea 4054 for full information. Merton Institute, 96 5th Av., New York.

HOTELS need trained women; hundreds of positions ready; we will train you quickly by mail in spare time; fit yourself for bigger pay, comfortable living, broad opportunities. Send for free illustrated book, "Your Future in Hotel Work," Lewis Hotel Training School, 134 Warder Bldg., Washington, D. C.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

Become an expert telephone operator; complete course, $10. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

ELSIE DIEHL,
20 VESEY ST.,
requires experienced young ladies to fill following positions:
Stenographers, Secretaries,
Typists, Bookkeepers,
Elliott-Fisher Op., J. C.
Dict. Op., typist,
Tel. Op., Greenpoint Section,
File, Office Assistant,
Typist, Monitor Operator,
Beginner Stenographers,
Bookkeepers and Stenographers,
Bookkeeper's Assistant, Typist.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.
STENOGRAPHERS............TYPISTS
SECRETARIES ....BOOKKEEPERS
.............CLERICAL ....
EXPERIENCED OR BEGINNERS
STENOGRAPHERS (8)..............$18 $22
TYPISTS, CLERKS.................15-18
REGISTRATION FREE.

WALL STREET AGENCY, 20 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHERS, $15-$25; several beginners, $12; bookkeeper, $25; assistant, $15; Switchboard, $15; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Stenographers, bookkeepers; positions galore; literally showers; positively genuine.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, $20; ledger clerks, $18; stenographers, $12-$20. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; TYPISTS, $15-$18; CAN PLACE YOU IMMEDIATELY. STENOGRAPHERS' BUREAU, 158 B'WAY.

Madison Agency, 17 Madison Av., 45th Madison Square, wants office help. Free registration.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

FULTON AGENCY, 93 NASSAU ST.
Stenographers, Bookkeepers, $20-$25.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS.
Leading firm of certified public accountants requires seniors, semi-seniors and juniors. Seniors and semi-seniors must have had ample professional experience. Juniors with public accounting experience will be given preference. Replies to receive consideration must state concisely and in order—name in full, address, telephone number, age, nationality, experience and references which will be held in confidence. H 905 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—Old established house requires a practical working accountant-bookkeeper; good penmanship indispensable; costs, statistics, profits and loss statements, balance sheets, controlling accounts, etc.; state nationality, experience, religious affiliations, age, and salary. A. S. N., 176 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, in office of C. P. A.; state education, experience, references, and salary. A 788 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN.
Live wire for high grade specialty cloak and suit store, of unquestionable ability; must be constructive advertiser and able use tact and initiative; confidential. Write Store, 1619 St. James Building.

ARTIST, high class, required to work in Buffalo, capable of handling best class of illustrative work for newspapers; one who is strong on man's figures preferred; advertiser is prepared to pay $100 to $125 a week to commence with; a year's engagement will be given; when first replying give particulars as to where you have worked, which will be treated confidentially, and any special advertising campaigns your work may have appeared in; if interesting you will be requested to send on samples. X 209 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT to purchasing agent of a motor appliance manufacturing concern wanted; must be good correspondent and have had experience in following up orders and material; state salary. X 291 Times Annex.

A.—SALESMAN.
A New York Catholic Church goods house of national reputation has opening for "live wire" city salesman; knowledge of selling more important than experience in our line; splendid opportunity for man who can produce; salary or commission basis; write, giving full particulars as to past experience; all correspondence strictly confidential. X 271 Times Annex.

BAG MAKER on fine beaded and silk bags to work at home; materials furnished; state particulars. R 124 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Christian manufacturing corporation desires the services of a thoroughly capable bookkeeper; good chance for advancement for right young man; state qualifications and salary desired. B 189 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist; discharged service man, speaking French, preferred; moderate salary to start; good opportunity; call before 11 A. M. H 148 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; experienced; must have complete bookkeeping experience and be capable and accurate; reasonable salary to start; good opportunity with growing concern. J. S. Hoffman Co., 181 Franklin St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Christian concern desires services of competent bookkeeper, typist, and general office assistant; manufacturing line; state age, experience and salary expected. B 201 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; Wall St. export house; state age, salary, religion, experience; good opportunity for young man. G 673 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER or Junior Accountant, with knowledge of controlling accounts and financial statements; state age and salary. K 781 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Spanish, correspondent, good penman and typewriter; excellent opportunity for willing young man. R 112 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—At least one years' experience; Protestant preferred. Y. M. C. A., 8 East 3d St.

BOOKKEEPER WHO HAS HAD SOME EXPERIENCE. G 686 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER, state age, references and salary expected. G 700 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOYS.
For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY WANTED.
Permanent position, with excellent opportunity for advancement, is offered to bright, ambitious boy, about 16 years old; good salary to start; Christian firm. Apply Tuesday morning. Charles Scribner's Sons, (Publishers,) 597 5th Av., 3d floor.

BOYS.—Large surety company wants office boys; excellent chance for advancement for bright, well educated boys; state age and education. A 759 Times Downtown.

BOYS, (3,) COLORED, NOT OVER 20, FOR GENERAL WORK IN BILLIARD CLUB. APPLY AFTER 11 A. M., 227 WEST 74TH ST. TAKE ELEVATOR.

BOY.—Bright boy, 16 to 18, to assist in office; opportunity for advancement to one who is bright and neat of appearance. Call Lehigh Portland Cement Co., 30 East 42d.

BOY wanted in filing department; experienced preferred. Call Collection Department, Credit Clearing House, 440 4th Av., 11th floor. Apply after 10 A. M.

BOY wanted in law office; apply own handwriting, giving references. S 520 Times Downtown.

BOY, colored, to run errands and make himself generally useful; salary $12. Marceau, 624 5th Av. (3d floor.)

BOY wanted for office work; opportunity for beginner. Apply by lettr, R 418 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, for 5th Av. retail store; age 18 to 19 years; no experience required. Apply in person; ask for Mr. Ditz, 520 5th Av.

BOY wanted for large manufacturer's office; excellent chance for advancement. Chas. A. Schieren Company, 30 Ferry St., City.

BOY.—Bright American boy wanted in real estate office; must be neat and gentlemanly. A 789 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, over 18, American, in office large wholesale house; chance advancement. Apply at 7 Leonard St., New York.

BOY wanted in advertising agency. Call at J. Walter Thompson Company, 244 Madison Av.

BOY wanted to run errands. Apply room 92, Bible House, 4th Av. and 9th St., New York City.

BOY; quiet. Library Bar Association, 42 West 44th St. Bring references, 9 A. M.

BUSINESS EXECUTIVE.
Man with executive ability and wide experience to manage office and factory of infants' knit goods and celluloid novelties business. B 305 Times.

BUYERS AND MANAGERS.
The Weisberger Co., Richmond, Va., requires thoroughly experienced buyers for large popular price department store to buy for and manage the following departments: Men's and boys' clothing, men's and boys' furnishings, women's gloves, neckwear, notions, hosiery and toilet goods; only men with successful records, or first assistants to a buyer who knows how to create large volume of business will be considered; good opportunities for the right men. Call for Mr. Weisberger, 9 to 10 A. M., or 5 to 6 P. M. B. F. Levis, 87 W. 26th St.

CASHIER,
LIFE INSURANCE.
A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance, cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. K 625 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, YOUNG MECHANIC, who is thoroughly competent with repairs and experienced with Pierce-Arrow or Cadillac cars, in and out of city; state age, single or married, experience in detail, and salary. "Private Family," 165 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, for commercial car, wholesale and retail delivery; must have best references; good steady position is offered. California Wine Cellars, 276 Seventh Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Reliable and experienced man for light Ford delivery car. B 303 Times.

CLERK in advertising department of large metropolitan daily; middle aged man preferred; hours 4 P. M. to 11 P. M.; salary to start $15; state age and experience. X 314 Times Annex.

CLERK in advertising department of large daily newspaper; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary to start $15; state age and experience. X 313 Times Annex.

CLERK.—Young man as clerk in drafting room; must know how to typewrite. Lowenstein Radio Co., Inc., 397 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

CLERK.—High grade grocery clerk, used to handling the very best trade. Goodwin Bros., 435 Park Av., N. Y.

COLLEGE MEN.—Part time; outside work; excellent chance for hustlers; call, with credentials, 3 to 4 P. M.; salary. 115 East Houston St., National Theatre Building, 1st floor. Rosenblatt.

COLLECTOR wanted on established insurance debit and producer of new business; salary and commission. A 790 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT wanted in prominent collection agency; none considered unless thoroughly experienced. Address, giving age, experience and salary expected. B 296 Times.

Credit Department requires the services of a capable
ASSISTANT CREDIT MAN,
25-35; must have knowledge of bookkeeping; steady position, with opportunity for advancement. Write or apply after 9:30.
LUDWIG BAUMANN & COMPANY,
BLOCK 8TH AV., 35TH TO 36TH STS.

CREDIT—COLLECTION.
We have opening for a man to take charge of the above department; fair salary to start, but to man who can show results a big future is open; state full particulars. CB 7 Times.

DENTIST.—Experienced dentist, in private practice. B 310 Times.

DESIGNER WANTED FOR FINE WOVEN FABRICS; ONLY EXPERIENCED MAN NEED APPLY. ADDRESS "RELIABLE," BOX B 198 TIMES.

DESIGNER for interior decoration and furnishing, good colorist, between 30-45 years; out of town. F. R. Aldrich, 452 5th Av.

DESIGNER wanted on a popular line of skirts. B 290 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—An excellent opportunity for a first-class lay out man, do not apply unless you have had at least 5 years' drafting experience on automobile or motor cycle. Apply Militor Corp., Bergen and Kenney Av., Jersey City.

DRAFTSMAN (architectural) in builder's office; one familiar with alterations preferred; state age, experience, salary expected. A 793 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN, detailers and tracers, on machine work; permanent position; state experience and salary. P. O. Box 72, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DYER.
One who can take charge of dyeing Cotton Fabric, including Heavy Duck. Must have knowledge of Formula and Process. State salary wanted and experience. Address D. W., Box 237 Times Downtown.

ELDERLY MAN, for light office work. Apply Mayer, 23 West 45th.

ENTRY CLERK, also understands running billing machine; young man. S 519 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVES.
Import and Export Banking and Commercial House with world-wide connections requires the services of several high-grade men capable of holding executive positions home and abroad; applicants must possess thorough knowledge of general import and export business; only those fully conversant with this business need apply; applicants must also be thoroughly familiar with both Spanish and English languages; must be competent to take charge of office; these positions offer excellent opportunities to the right men; reply in confidence, giving full particulars as to business career, state markets most familiar with, class of merchandise handled, &c.; also give age, nationality. S 405 Times Downtown.

GENERAL BOOKKEEPER for large Federal operated transportation company; good opportunity; state full particulars; confidential. G 676 Times Downtown.

HALLBOY.—Young man act as captain over hallboys; $65 month. Apply Head Hallman, Hotel Gotham, 5th Av., 55th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

INSURANCE or renting clerk wanted in downtown real estate office. Address S 523 Times Downtown.

INVESTIGATOR for negligence suits wanted; one experienced with casualty companies or attorneys; good opportunity for right party; state full particulars. S 495 Times Downtown.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN.—Periodical wants thoroughly experienced makeup man with artistic ideas and thorough training in publishing. Financial experience an advantage; no interviews unless salary, experience, and references stated fully. Z 293 Times Annex.

MANAGER for women's ready-to-wear specialty store in New York State; must be thoroughly experienced and capable of handling large volume of business; satisfactory references required; excellent opportunity for the right man; will interview Wednesday, 2-6 P. M.; Thursday and Friday, 9-12 A. M. Apply Epstein, Quinto & Bro., Inc., 122 West 27th.

OFFICE BOY wanted, with good knowledge of typewriter and willing to learn export business; $8 per week; good opportunity for advancement. Call at once, Room 602, 25 Beaver St.

OFFICE BOY to make himself useful in office; good pay. Froman & Hacker, 406 West 31st St.

PATTERN MAKERS.
First-class men wanted.
AMERICAN MACHINE
& FOUNDRY CO.,
5,520 2d Av., Brooklyn.

PLUMBERS and helpers wanted. Write Box G 677 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT.
Magazine of national reputation has permanent position for experienced buyer knowing New York market, having broad knowledge of stockroom system, and capable of growing up in the organization; give full particulars about yourself; replies confidential. N. D., 222 Times.

REAL SALESMAN WANTED,
who can qualify as a SALES MANAGER and who feels capable of selling anything in competition, by a substantial export firm which now does $3,000,000 of business a year; the man whom he will succeed has been earning on an average $15,000 a year; to such a man a liberal drawing account and an interest in the profits of the sales created will be given; must be a man of the highest character, with unquestionable references; give detailed information in regard to past record in letter of application. A 757 Times Downtown.

SALES ENGINEER.
Wanted, sales engineer; must be high-class man, with acquaintance among chief engineers and factory superintendents; established boiler room specialty; salary and commission to right man. R 131 Times.

SALESMAN.—High-class man, acquainted with wholesale clothing manufacturers and tailors' trimming trade in Philadelphia and Baltimore, to sell line of cotton goods, cotton linings, and canvasses for a large cotton goods converter; trade already established; must be man of good appearance and engaging personality; this is an exceptional opportunity for the right man; state experience, reference, and expectation regarding salary. Apply S 522 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, with pep, for Boston territory, to sell the 1919 model American meat slicer wherever hot or cold meats are handled; greatest waste and food saving machine on the market; sells on demonstration; price $240; sold on terms; liberal comm, $3,500 to $7,500 yearly; must finance self; man with car preferred; unusual chance; give record and ref. American Slicing Machine Co., 9 West 14th.

SALESMAN to sell lubricating oil to the marine trade in and around New York City; must be experienced; possibly we could use a marine engineer who feels he has ability to sell lubricating oils; acquaintance with buyers in the trade absolutely necessary; give full particulars in first letter, otherwise no attention paid; salary and expenses. X 241 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced traveling hat and cap man, with following among the department, hat and general stores, to handle our high grade line of chauffeurs' and gentlemen's caps, either as a side or regular line, on a commission basis. Write, stating experience, &c., Goldmann, 60 University Place, N. Y.

SALESMAN, experienced, for novelty, jewelry, and souvenir line, Middle West and Great Lakes territory, also New England States; salary and commission basis; thorough acquaintance with trade necessary. Apply own handwriting, stating full experience, Arrow Novelty Co., Inc., 108 East 116th St.

SALESMEN. — Co-operation and assistance given men without selling experience; liberal commission; our men are making $10 to $15 daily among business people on The New York Times Midweek Pictorial. Call before 10, after 3; 220 West 42d St., Room 1808, Mr. Hulse.

SALESMEN.—Young men to sell a nationally advertised line of writing inks and adhesive to offices in city; good opportunities and future assurance to right party; salary and commission. Call 9 A. M., Russia Cement Co., 125 Chambers St.

SALESMAN.—Millinery man wanted who is well acquainted with manufacturers of trimmed hats to handle line of ready-made hat linings; commission basis; big money for right man. L. H. Bandeau Co., 648 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Resident buyer wanted by manufacturer specializing capes and suits, better grade merchandise, popular prices; employ no road salesmen; all territories open; opportunity; commission basis. R. H., 119 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced on men's shirts and collars, to sell in New England States; must have large following; we will give good established trade, commission and drawing account; good opportunity for right man. Goodman Collar Co., 80 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Inside position; only men familiar fancy goods, notions, and millinery trade and able take care better trade need apply; ages 25-50; permanent position to right man; salary basis. American Bead Co., 485 5th Av.

SALESMEN to handle line of ruffilings in connection with one kindred line; territories small towns in the South, Northwest and Far West, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington; commission basis. Freydberg Bros., 85 5th Av.

SALESMEN. — Three discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines fitted to sell popular $1 war books in office buildings; $5 per day, straight salary. Call before 10 A. M. today, Room 1204, 110 West 40th St.

SALESMAN with trade, by a ribbon and trimming manufacturer, for the Middle West and Pacific Coast; salary and commission; reply with references. E. S., 239 Times.

SALESMAN to sell hosiery and underwear in New York and vicinity; applicant must have had previous selling experience in these lines; commission basis. Kahn & Frank, 573 Broadway.

SALESMAN for Middle West, to handle popular priced line of skirts, good opportunity for one who can produce business, drawing account against commission. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

SALESMEN, WELL KNOWN AND ESSENTIAL OFFICE DEVICE; GOOD TERRITORY OPEN; STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS; ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION. A 784 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Call before noon. An active man to sell business service indorsed by banks, lawyers, and merchants; commission. Suite 1303B, 11d West 22d. Mr. Goodhart.

SALESMAN, capable of selling wholesale match trade and acting as sales manager; salary and commission; opportunity. W 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Live wires can earn $40 to $50 a week commission on the best magazine club offer on the market. Call 9-10, Room 1120, 132 Nassau St.

SALESMEN, 40 to 55 years; good address and selling ability essential; earn $50 to $100 weekly on commission. Doll & Co., appraisers, 30 Church.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced coats and suits, to take side line or travel direct in Penn., N. Y., Ohio, and Va.; commission. X 240 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Insulating material, New York and vicinity; big field; advise age, experience, and salary desired for appointment. S 517 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN to handle high-class bathing goods for West and Pacific Coast; write full particulars; salary or commission. K G., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell cloaks and suits to jobbers and retailers; must have large acquaintance; highest references required; salary and commission. K 58 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted, salary and commission, for New York City and out of town. Eagle Ink Co., 111 to 117 East Houston St.

SALESMAN, canvassing, for highest grade piano line, Norfolk, Va.; fare paid; salary and commission. Permanent. 192 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to carry side line of misses' and children's headwear; commission basis. Box B 292 Times.

SALESMAN covering Middle West, take side line novelty infants' wear; occupy small space; commission basis. S 67 Times.

SALESMAN, electrical supplies; must be experienced; salary. Apply Frost, 304 Bowery.

SALESMEN, to handle high class line of small children's dresses; commission basis. Rosenthal-Levine, 29 East 22d.

SALESMAN on skirts, city and vicinity; commission basis. 26 West 17th, Room 300.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, real estate salesman, drawing account and commission. Apply Hover, Room 627, 225 5th Av., New York.

SALESMAN on woolens, on commission. 8th floor, 116 West 29th St.

SHIPPING CLERK,
EXPERIENCED
IN DRESS HOUSE,
to take charge of shipping department; state age, experience and salary expected. Address Box 120, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

SHOE SALESMAN.—Experienced; good salary, permanent position. 240 Main St., New Rochelle.

SOLOISTS.—Three string soloists wanted for February, March, and April; the finest resort hotel in the world desires to engage violin, viola, and 'cello to render largely so-called chamber music under the direction and in company with one of America's leading orchestral organists and directors using great and small organ; Americans, British, French, or Italians preferred. Write, giving full particulars and a history of your work. Soloist, X 261 Times Annex.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER.—The largest concern of its kind in the world, located in Western New York, can use a young man who knows how to make the best of his opportunities. He will be required to take dictation in both Spanish and English from the Manager of Foreign Sales. Besides this he will be given every opportunity to familiarize himself with the work of the department and eventually become assistant to the Manager of Foreign Sales when properly qualified. Make application in English and also enclose translation of the same in Spanish. State age, experience, nationality, and salary expected in the first letter. Applicants omitting any of the above information will not be considered. X 307 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.
YOUNG MAN AS AN ASSISTANT TO AN EXECUTIVE IN A LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE. EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES. WRITE STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. B 294 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—French-English, to go to Europe latter part February and remain about six weeks. Must be able to speak French fluently and be expert stenographer and typist in both English and French; all expenses paid; adequate salary paid to right party. X 282 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, English-French, by foreign banking house; state experience, salary desired. Address H. C., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 19 or older, experienced; $75 monthly; chance for advancement to sales work; state age, experience, religion, and references. R 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER: one who can take rapid dictation and transcribe notes accurately; salary depends on ability. B 293 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for position offering worth-while advancement; executive ability demanded. H. G. Strong, 101 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, bright, ambitious young man, in stock and bond house. Call after 3 P. M., Mr. Ware, 62 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Position out of town. H. G. Strong, 101 West 37th.

STOCK SALESMEN.
We are looking for real producers; if you have made a success of selling stock by phone only and can prove your record, we want to meet you and talk business; branch managerships open in one month; we are paying $25 to $50 plus commission; write us your record. A 404 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, ladies' suit and dress house; thoroughly experienced in silks and woolens; only those who have held similar positions and can come well recommended need apply. Morris Kashowitz, 38 East 30th.

STOCK CLERK, EXPERIENCED
in charging goods to contractors; only one experienced with dress house need apply; state age, experience and salary expected. Box 140, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

SUPERINTENDENT, experienced in manufacturing mechanical work of great variety; no consideration can be given applicant without such actual experience; applications showing such experience in full detail will be treated in strict confidence; also state age and approximate past earnings. Address President, 203 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT for high class apartment house, licensed engineer, thorough mechanic, familiar in operating ice plant. Address, stating experience and reference, B 311 Times.

TUTOR desired; have splendid opportunity for a well-educated young man, English and Hebrew scholar; write for appointment. Frank Cohen, 1,660 East New York Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED
An ambitious and energetic young man about 25-30 with ability and initiative and some training in the electrical and mechanical fields.
The man that joins our rapidly growing organization must have proved with present employers to be able to:
Successfully take charge of important correspondence.
Dictate rapidly, brief, grammatically correct, attractive letters.
Handle general office details with precision.
Approach big men and close important connections, showing equal adaptability in dealing with the smallest trade.
He should preferably have had some experience in:
Importing and exporting.
Selling in Eastern territory.
To the right man an interest in the business will be given when he has made good.
If you possess tact and pleasing personality, write us fully stating why you qualify and salary required.
Box X 308 Times Annex.

WATCHMEN
WANTED BY A LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK, THREE OR FOUR RELIABLE MEN UNDER 50 YEARS OF AGE FOR NIGHT DUTY; STATE AGE AND RECORD OF EXPERIENCE. POST OFFICE BOX 25 WALL ST. STATION. U. S. E. S. PERMIT 362.

WINDOW TRIMMER and sign writer wanted for an up-to-date department store 200 miles west of New York; one who is capable of filling both positions; must be expert in this line; none others need apply; applications treated strictly confidential. X 235 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN.
Wholesale house has opening for young man, 17-18, to work on sample floor; must be wide awake and ambitious and have some stock experience; excellent opportunity to a live young man.
L. D. BLOCH & CO.,
153 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN as stock clerk for handkerchief department, wholesale house; only experienced stock clerk need apply; excellent opportunity for right party. Box B 289 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted to learn business; opportunity for advancement; state previous experience and salary expected. G 704 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, office assistant; knowledge stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping; A1 reference; good opportunity; give details. Box Z 5 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN.—Purchasing department; electrical jobbing concern; state experience and salary. Purchasing, 311 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, good typist, bright and energetic. Apply to Joe Lehmann, 39 West 34th St., Room 702.

YOUNG MAN, over 16, for shipping room; all around helper. S 518 Times Downtown.

YOUTH OR YOUNG MAN wanted as messenger, and to make himself generally useful; reasonable hours and fair salary. Apply Box 199, Madison Square.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

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WITH A NEW SPIRIT.
The lessons learned from the war have inoculated it with new energy, enterprise and progressiveness. THE BUSINESS ENGINEER OF THE DAY is the
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$3,000 TO $10,000—AND MORE
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We can fill, in a limited way only, the many requests being received for AUDITORS, COMPTROLLERS, COST ACCOUNTANTS, EFFICIENCY ENGINEERS, CREDIT MEN, AND SYSTEMATIZERS.
THE LARGEST UNIVERSITY
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teaching Higher Accounting and coaching for C. P. A. examination, by simple, practical, and agreeable Home Study, is making a special effort to train ambitious men and women, with analytical minds, who desire to fit themselves to fill these positions and secure the financial independence that comes with the mastery of the highest paid profession in the world. KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING NOT REQUIRED. We train you from the ground up.
LET 1919 SEE YOUR TRAINING AS A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT COMPLETED!
Address or call on
E. A. MANCHESTER, Registrar,
110 WEST 40TH ST., NEW YORK.
Telephone 1981 Bryant.

ACTIVE MEN wanted for good jobs in a new industry with a future bigger than that of the automobile; get in now as an operator, repair man, or salesman of farm tractors; we qualify you as an expert tractor mechanic; short course, personal instruction. Y. M. C. A. Tractor School, (East Side Branch) 157 East 86th St. Telephone Lenox 6051.

MEN WANTED.
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Take advantage of the great after-the-war reconstruction period; learn Mechanical Dentistry; rise above small-salaried positions into a profession of unlimited opportunities, taught by actual work; no book study; three months' course; day and evening classes; easy payments; tools and equipment furnished free; write for Booklet C. Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 West 44th St., New York; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

KNOW HOW TO "SIZE UP" PEOPLE.
A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to judge accurately the people you meet; it also enables you to estimate your own abilities; classes in Character Analysis and Vocational Counseling now forming. Write or 'phone Chelsea 4054 for full information.
MERTON INSTITUTE, 96 Fifth Av., N. Y.

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The demand for Traffic Managers is growing. We can train you! Our course of instruction in practical work. The course is given in co-operation with the La Salle Extension University, under the supervision of P. W. Moore, Chief of Traffic Bureau, Queensboro Chamber of Commerce. Call, write, or phone. W. V. Weller, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., N. Y.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY. Men wanted to learn a paying professional trade. Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

HOTELS need trained men; hundreds of positions ready; we will train you quickly by mail in spare time; fit yourself for bigger pay, comfortable living, broad opportunities; send for free illustrated book, "Your Future in Hotel Work." Lewis Hotel Training School, 135 Warder Building, Washington, D. C.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

YOUNG MEN can qualify rapidly for good office positions by taking the Y. M. C. A. standardized business course; write, call or telephone today for booklet and free pass. Y. M. C. A., (East Side Branch,) 157 East 86th St. Telephone Lenox 6051.

EARN $25 to $75 Weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet T. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

ENGLISH taught by cultured American young woman, with knowledge of Spanish, French; graduate Boston University; improved method insures results. Room 33, 500 5th Av., 42d St., Murray Hill 2[illegible].

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin [illegible] which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

BOOKKEEPERS, clerks wanted to train under certified public accountants for openings as cost accountants, auditors, executives; new home study plan. International Accountants Society, 309 Broadway, N. Y. C.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

Become expert bookkeepers; stenographers, typists; day-evenings. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

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Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.
ESTABLISHED 1909.
CLERICAL DEPT.
OFFICE MANAGER; must be first-class bookkeeper and cashier; also have experience handling credits; prefer man in thirties, familiar with dry goods trade; $30-$35 and rapid advancement.
BOOKKEEPER, good general ledger man, insurance brokers, $30-$35.
ACCOUNTANT, act as assistant in controller's office of large corporation; man 35 years preferred; salary $30.
ACCOUNTANT AND CASHIER, electrical house, $27.
BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of Spanish desirable, $30.
BOOKKEEPER, engineering corporation, $30.
BOOKKEEPER with C. P. A. firm, 30.
BOOKKEEPER, furniture mfgs., $25.
BOOKKEEPER, lumber company, $25.
CABLE CLERK; must have experience coding cables and be able to read Spanish, $25-$30.
TRANSLATOR AND TYPIST, able to read and write Portuguese, $30.
Call 9 to 1.

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99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.
BOOKKEEPER, accountant...$1,500 to $1,800
STENOGRAPHER, accountant 1,500 to 1,800

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AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

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ON EXHIBITION:
CADILLAC, collapsible Landaulet, 1917.
CADILLAC, convertible Sedan, 1917.
CADILLAC, Victoria coupe, 1917.
CADILLAC, Roadster, 1917.
CADILLAC, 7-passenger, 1917 & 1916.
PACKARD, Chummy Roadster, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, Touring, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, 2-35, Landaulet, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Limousine, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Touring, 1916.
LOCO. 6-38, Landaulet, 1915.
LANCIA, 35, Special Roadster, 1916.
LANCIA, Streamline Touring, 1916.
BIDDLE, new Roadster, 1918.
ISOTTA, Special Touring, 1915.
LANCIA, late Town Car.
SIMPLEX, late Special Speedster.
FIAT, 90, Special Roadster.
DE DION, small Town Car.
RENAULT, '18, collapsible Landaulet.
RENAULT, 45, Limousine.
ROSKAM SCOTT CO.,
1,896 Broadway, (63d) 907 Columbus.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1918 Roadster, wire wheels.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35" 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1918 "48," convertible coupe.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

A CLEARANCE SALE.
NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.
STANDARD CARS GUARANTEED LIKE NEW.
Standard 1917 limousine, like new throughout.
Standard 1918 touring; demonstrators; run very little.
Standard 1917 touring, excellent condition.
Stutz roadster, late model; mechanically very good; newly repainted and renickeled; tires practically new. Big bargain.
Chalmers 1918 sedan, run 3,500 miles; elegant condition.
Chalmers 1917 touring, slip covers, good paint and tires.
Premier 1917 Chummy Roadster, very good.
Satisfactory demonstrations given on every car.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORPORATION,
1920 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4648.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan; latest importation.
1916 SIMPLEX Limousine Landaulet.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 PACKARD Touring.
1918 CADILLAC Imperial Limousine.
1917 CADILLAC Sedan.
1917 CADILLAC Sedan.
1918 DANIELS 4-passenger touring.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1917 PIERCE ARROW touring.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger touring.
1917 MARMON touring.
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1917 MAXWELL Sedan.
1917 HUDSON cabriolet.
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1918 MARMON town car.
1917 DODGE touring.
1916 S. G. V. Roadster, 4-passenger, Fleetwood body.
1917 CADILLAC touring, excellent condition.
1918 STUTZ Speedster Bearcat.
TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
1917 PACKARD, 2-ton.
1918 GARFORD, 2-ton; cannot be told from new.
1917 REO, 2-ton.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
257 WEST 55TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

BUICK SIX 1917 SEDAN. SEE CONKLIN YOURSELF. NO DEALERS. DAVID STROUSE, 302 5TH AV., MADISON SQUARE 1840.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
KRAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLACS.

The man who wants to enjoy the advantages of CADILLAC ownership, and prefers not to invest the amount which a new CADILLAC requires, can gratify his desire in one of our used CADILLACS which has been overhauled and repainted.

1918 Model 57, 5-pass. Touring.
1918 Model 57, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 5-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 5-pass. Touring.
1915 Model 51, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Limousine.
1917 Model 55, Landaulet Brougham, new body; exceptional car.
1915 Model 51 Roadster.
NEWARK BRANCH,
Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co.,
536 Broad St., Newark.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC 1917 7-pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1917 LIMOUSINE.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 38 Landaulet.
PACKARD 1918 LIMOUSINE, 3-35.
PACKARD 1917 COUPE, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 PHAETON, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 TOURING, 2-35.
PACKARD 1917 ROADSTER, 2-25.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 CABRIOLET.
PACKARD 1915 TOURING, 3-38.
PACKARD 1915 PHAETON, 3-38.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078-5079.

CADILLAC 1917—LANDAULET—A perfect car; dark blue body and white wheels, with five brand new U. S. cord tires; no dealers. Owner, 147 West 77th St. Phone 9050 Schuyler.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; new cord tires; many extras; excellent condition; rare opportunity.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. Fourth floor.

CADILLAC 1918-1917 four-passenger sport. PIERCE-ARROW 1918 Landaulet, 38 h. p. PACKARD 1918 Limousine, 3-35. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC—Victoria coupe, wire wheels, extra tires; repainted. Campbell, 235 West 80th St.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; absolutely perfect condition; make offer. Telephone owner, 248 Rector.

CADILLAC Brougham Sedan, 1918; must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition, slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHANDLER DISPATCH 1918; only used five months; perfect condition; all extras; will trade smaller car. C. W. Lowa, 137 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

CHEVROLET 1916 model, 5-pass. enclosed body, cord tires, extra equipment, excellent condition throughout, $425. Studebaker Corporation, 1,771 Broadway.

CHEVROLET Sedan, 1915, $1,000. Write G. Harris, 10 Wall St., Room 706.

COLE USED CAR DEPT.
Cole Sedan, tourings and Chummy roadsters. 226 West 56th St., fourth floor.

DETROIT electric 1918 model; new battery; car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,800; ask to see Cole car at Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y.

DODGE sedan, 1918, like new; $1,250. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

FORD, commercial, 1917 model, all equipment, almost new. Alhambra Garage, 65 West 115th. Inquire between 10 and 12 A. M.

FRANKLIN (late 1917) touring car, (very little used,) detachable limousine top; (wire wheels;) Lee puncture-proof tires; compelled to sell this exceptionally good appearing automobile; great value for some one. Irving Propper, care Sterling Shoe Parlor, 156 West 125th St.

HUDSON "Special" Suburban Sedan; like new, wire wheels; blue velvet upholstery; extras.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. Fourth floor.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917, four-passenger speedster; perfect condition; bargain. Owner, G 701 Times Downtown.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan. Apt. 8-G, 780 Riverside Drive. 7100 Audubon, after 6 P. M.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON, 1919, "Sport" model; cost $2,000; sacrifice, $1,800. Phone owner, 422 Main.

HUDSON Super Six cabriolet, good condition; immediate sale, $1,400. K 50 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; wonderful condition. 1,778 Broadway, (37th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

LATEST MODEL SEDAN.
'19 series Studebaker light six, 4-door sedan; practically brand new; beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., second floor. See Mr. Christie.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1918 PACKARD Tr., used 2,800 miles.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 MERCER Sub. Sedan.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1917 STUTZ Touring.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1918 "48" touring car; settle estate; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON closed car, 1917; mileage 6,000. Mrs. Bushey, 220 W. 70th. Col. 6882.

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MERCER Raceabout, 22-72; condition guaranteed; must sell. Slocum, 5910 Schuyler.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 Sedan; attractive bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

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OLDSMOBILE 1917 Little Six Touring. Mr. Underhill, 5902 Schuyler.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

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1917 2-35 Landaulet, fine condition.
1917 2-35 Fleetwood, five-passenger touring.
1916 1-35 Limousine, newly painted.
George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 5-passenger, six-cylinder touring car, model 6-38; good condition, just overhauled; no dealers; sold to satisfy creditor. E. Jensen, 2,376 Park Av., near 138th. Melrose 1633.

PACKARD 1918 touring, used 2,800 miles; almost new. Lobell Aborn, 230 West 56th.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN.
Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW Sedan in beautiful condition throughout, rebuilt and in perfect mechanical order, self-starter, electric lights; a sacrifice at $2,175. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway, at 56th St., second floor.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Two five-ton trucks, 14 foot and 17 foot bodies; bargains; perfect condition; $3,500 apiece. Garage, 330 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

REMARKABLE CLEARANCE SALE.
OFFERING SOME OF THE BEST BARGAINS OF THE YEAR.
STUDEBAKER 1917, Springfield Sedan; good condition; tires and paint, extra shoe, brown whipcord upholstery like new; exceptional bargain.
SERIES 1918, 6-cylinder 5-passenger special body De Luxe model in first-class condition mechanically and otherwise; runs beautifully; painted a dark blue, with natural wood wheels; very sporty and a very exceptional bargain.
STUDEBAKER 1918, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring, in A1 condition; driven very carefully; no reasonable offer refused.
STUDEBAKER 1917, 6-cylinder touring, in fine condition throughout, offerd at a price that will surely interest you.
STUDEBAKER, late model, 5-passenger, in good condition and at a big sacrifice.
STUDEBAKER, small touring, in beautiful condition; recently repainted a dark maroon with gold stripes; very fine running condition; good tires; don't overlook this fine value.
DODGE 1918, with Winter top; very low priced.
STUDEBAKER DISTRIBUTER,
1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.
Tel. Decator 1484.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS Knight raceabout; recently overhauled; electrically equipped; extra tires; very attractive; guaranteed silent. Knight Motor Repair Co., 549 West 53d St.

STEARNS limousine, 4 cylinder, Fleetwood body, 1917. Mr. Beet, 9657 Riverside.

STUDEBAKER.—Economical family car; a small '18 "Six" touring equipped with two extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally comfortable car; overhauled and in perfect condition; new model costs $2,141; special today, $785. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway and 56th St., second floor.

STUDEBAKER.—Beautiful '18 model Roadster, used for demonstrating purposes only. New car costs $1,732; you can buy this demonstrator today for $875; car is fully guaranteed as new. Studebaker Corp., Broadway, at 56th St.

STUDEBAKER.—A rare bargain in a closed Winter car; '18; six Tour-Sedan for $825; overhauled, revarnished and in beautiful condition; equipped with new cord tires. Studebaker Corp, at 56th St., second floor.

STUTZ 1918.—6-passenger touring; condition new. Phone Circle 5032.

WHITE Touring Car, 4-cylinder, 8 valves; Hers spark plugs; Goodyear tires, 37x5, all weather; Bosch magneto; town body for the Winter months; Weed chain, with spings; no dealers. G 510 Times Downtown.

WINTON, Model 33, light six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

WINTON Six, seven-passenger touring car; electric lights; self-starter; overhauled, repainted, guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

MACK A. C., 5½-ton rack, 15-ft body; new Goodrich De Luxe tires all around, $3,750; cost, new, $6,200; Packard Dumper, 5½-ton, worm drive, new type, $3,800; Mack A. B., 2½-ton dumper, 1918, $3,000; Alco, 3½-ton, $750; G. M. C., 5 ton, $900.
GORDON, 132D ST. AND 12TH AV.
Seen by appointment. Telephone 3947 Morningside.

HURLBURT 1918 3½-ton truck, with stake body; this truck has been in actual use for only four months and still carries the Hurlburt factory warranty; cost $4,730, will sell for $3,500 or best offer; good reason for selling. Z 370 Times Annex.

FORD 1½-ton, express body, good condition, just overhauled; cost $1,300 six months ago. Ford Agents, White Bros., Inc., 2,402 Grand Concourse. Fordham 11.

THREE WHITE ONE-TON TRUCKS, with Brill 12-passenger enclosed pay enter bus bodies. T. C. Smith & Co., 1,531 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Penn.

FORD truck, 1¼ ton Union extension; solid tires on rear in good condition; large express body; price $300. Call Chelsea 1761.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

BEAUTIFUL five-passenger limousine, by hour, day, week, or month. Circle 581.

PACKARD 7-passenger for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Plaza 9290.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOS WANTED; 1 OR 100.
Must have a big number of autos for Southern shipment.
ALL MAKES AND TYPES.
Not older than 1914.
CASH WAITING.
Telephone or call, 1,763 Broadway.
Telephone Circle 2474.

PACKARD or 8-cylinder Cadillac limousine; price, condition, &c., Mr. Brown, care McGoldrick Bros.' garage, Morristown, N. J.

CADILLACS, 1917-1918; closed cars wanted; spot cash waiting. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

MAKE even exchange, 3 free and clear choice Bronx lots for high-class automobile. Archibald, 40 East 41st St.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

Automobile Bodies.

PACKARD.—Have a four-passenger coupe body, new, never mounted; cost $1,500; will sacrifice $750. Dunham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

Automobile Instruction.

20 REASONS 20
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School Largest and best school in the WEST SIDE U.S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A. to school. Telephone Columbus 302 W. 57th St. 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $30.50
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

Lady's Hudson seal, size 38, sable trimming and muff; high class; cross silver fox; like new. R 127 Times.

Stencil machines for marking shipments; removal sale. W. H. Alexander, 66 Leonard.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

For sale, office and showroom partitions, cutting tables, plant, and other items used in cloak and suit factories. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

For Sale.—Showroom partitions. The Mark Erdman Dress, 18 West 27th St.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Wanted.—One thousand yards second hand carpet; cannot use unless fair condition. Box B 299 Times.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Brooklyn Headquarters.
Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day. Telephone Mr. Williams, our rental manager, who will personally select machine. Initial payment applies if purchased.
CORONA SALES CO., Inc.
TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES.
Brooklyn. 531 Fulton St.
Telephone 9272-9273 Main.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
NONVISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $6.00.
VISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $7.50 UP.
Initial Payment Applies if Purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
339 Broadway, at Worth St. TEL. 5408
20 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. FRANKLIN.

Government Sales.

SALE OF ZINC OXIDE.
MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 61,000 pounds of U. S. P. Zinc Oxide for immediate delivery now at Long Island City. Bids made on form M. D. 5, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 29, 1919.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Fifty cents an agate line.

AGENCY WANTED.
Salesman with capital about to open sales office will consider staple lines for Pacific Coast and export. L. B. M., 1,807 Devisadero, San Francisco.

EASTERN SALES MANAGER WANTED
For high grade specialty; must be familiar with shop and office routine, and able to finance his office. See Mr. Fuchs, 1870 Hotel McAlpin, between 2 and 4 P. M. today, or address letter with details.

OIL ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES
Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. O 340 Times.

Excellent opportunity for man who thoroughly understands the manufacture of ladies' handbags; state experience and salary wanted. K 103 Times.

Energetic men (two), open for selling agency proposition of merit. R 103 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Former dress manufacturer would like to negotiate entering into partnership with established dress, waist manufacturer or jobber of dresses; is ready to invest Ten to Fifteen Thousand Dollars. R 149 Times.

Two men with capital of from $5,000 to $10,000, desire to purchase growing business, where there is a ready income and where investment is safe and secure. T. M., 118 Times.

Have $3,000.00 to $10,000.00 to invest, with services, in good, going, legitimate business in or near city. G. K. Parsons Corp'n, 29 Pine St.

Young man, 30, business experience, would invest $2,000 with services, legitimate business; would consider suitable position. G 685 Times Downtown.

Married man, 28, with services, has $1,000 to invest in good, reliable business; state full particulars. K 19 Times.

Young man will invest $2,000 and services in prosperous business. H 264 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

HAVE YOU A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS you wish to sell without publicity? Or seeking associates with extra capital? Write or call Roberts-Frost Company, 595 5th Av. Murray Hill 3851.

ACCOUNTANT-INCOME TAX.
Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, reports, statements; investigations; books opened, closed, systematized; moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

6% guaranteed for any part of $100,000, and share large earnings profits; sound security, highest grade Manhattan improved real estate. S 503 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENCY WANTED.
Have had twelve years' experience marketing to dealers; want proposition comprehending sales agency for reliable line in Maryland, District of Columbia, or vicinity; headquarters Baltimore. If business developed will warrant, can arrange for expansion and increase of selling efforts. K 790 Times Downtown.

Young business man, traveling to England, wishes to represent large manufacturer; thoroughly acquainted with English houses. K 92 Times.

Export man, traveling to Europe, wishes to represent any good line on commission basis; must be responsible party; A-1 references furnished. Box R 102 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
Fifty cents an agate line.

MASS MEETING, DRAFTSMEN, ENGINEERS, Room 506 World Bldg., Jan. 21, at 8 P. M. Be there for your own good.
TECHNICAL MEN'S UNION.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of GREYSTONE SILICA PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.—No. 24942.
To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that Anthony P. Savarese, the Trustee herein, will sell at public auction under the rules and practice of this court, at the office of John J. Townsend, referee, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on the 21st day of January, 1919, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, 38 acres of land, together with the improvements thereon, located at Greystone, in the Town of Plymouth, County of Litchfield, State of Connecticut, all as set forth in the Trustee's petition filed in the office of the referee herein.
New York, January 8, 1919.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
31 Nassau Street, N. Y. City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Southern District of New York.—No. 26400.—In Bankruptcy.—JESSE R. BOWMAN, doing business at J. R. BOWMAN, Bankrupt.
Jesse R. Bowman, doing business as J. R. Bowman, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on December 23d, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on January 31st, 1919, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26400.—In Bankruptcy.—JESSE R. BOWMAN, doing business as J. R. BOWMAN, Bankrupt.
Jesse R. Bowman, doing business as J. R. Bowman, was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 23d, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on January 31st, 1919, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following to Newport News:
CAPTAINS.
Buren, C. R., and Kosminski, L. J.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Austin, H. J.	Baker, J. A.
Bernard, M. B.	Breakey, R. S.
Connor, O. H.	Sell, W. S.
Gallagher, J. F.	Dickens, C. H.
Macune, J. W.	Griffin, H. E.

Sellards, Maj. A. W., Hasbrouck, Capt. E. M., and Mickletwaite, 1st Lt. G. R., to Camp Meade.
McKelway, Maj. G. I., and Wiener, Maj. M., to Hosp. No. 11, at Cape May.
Calhoun, Maj. F. P., and Steele, Capt. G. H., to Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson.
Payne, Capt. T. R.; Daniels, 1st Lt. E. O.; Mackey, 1st Lt. C. G., and Arnold, 1st Lt. J. E., to Hosp. No. 23, at Hot Springs, N. C.
Leavy, Capt. C. A.; Gillis, 1st Lt. J. D., and Joranson, 1st Lt. Y., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.
Hamilton, Capt. A. S., and Randall, 1st Lt. E., Jr., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Montgomery, Capt. C. M., and Amols, 1st Lt. A., to Hosp. No. 16, at New Haven.
Delbert, Capt. G. S., and Tarleton, 1st Lt. F. S., to Hosp. No. 1, at Ft. Sam Houston.
Hart, 1st Lt. T. M., and Hughes, 1st Lt. B., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Cross, 1st Lt. A. A., and Cornica, 1st Lt. A. D., to Hosp. No. 24, at Pittsburgh.
Harrison, Maj. F., to Camp Travis as asst. to Camp Surg.
Colling, Maj. L. C., and Struthens, Capt. J. E., to Chapman Field.
Ross, Maj. D. L., to Hosp. No. 13, at Dansville, N. Y.
Jordan, Maj. F. H., and Weinfeld, Capt. L. M., to Ft. Leavenworth.
Reilly, Capt. J. J., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, sick.
Smith, Capt. G. G., to Hosp. No. 9, at Lakewood, N. J.
Starr, Capt. R. S., to Camp Custer.
Clark, Capt. W. L., to Camp Devens.
Hough, Capt. L., to Ft. Logan for discharge.
Buchanan, Capt. L. C. G., to Austin, Texas, School of Mil. Aeronautics.
Rice, Capt. F. W., to Chicago for discharge.
Forbes, Capt. H. B., and Lackner, 1st Lt. F., to Ft. Riley.
Williams, Capt. B. F., and Castner, 1st Lt. C. W., to Camp Gordon.
Wetherell, 1st Lt. B. D., to Hosp. No. 10, at Boston, for discharge.
Young, 1st Lt. J. R., to Hosp. No. 26, at Ft. Des Moines.
Ruedemann, 1st Lt. R. H., to Hosp. No. 36, at Detroit.
Emmert, 1st Lt. C. S., to Hosp. No. 25, at Ft. Harrison.
Latane, 1st Lt. H. A., to Hosp. No. 8, at Otisville, N. Y.
Connell, 1st Lt. J. A., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Mytinger, 1st Lt. W. H., to Hosp. No. 5, at Ft. Ontario.
Copenhaver, 1st Lt. N. H., to Hosp. No. 14, at Ft. Oglethorpe.
Eckerdt, 1st Lt. A. B., to Camp Lewis.
Royer, 1st Lt. D. J., to Camp Dix.
Fenton, 1st Lt. W. J., to Camp Sherman.
Chase, 1st Lt. C. H., to Camp McClellan.
Tucker, 1st Lt. J. C., to Camp Taylor for discharge.
Dempsey, 1st Lt. J. E., to Camp Amatol, Hammondton, N. J.
Smith, 1st Lt. J. W., Jr., to Camp Grant.
Pearson, 1st Lt. L. M., to Camp Grant for discharge.
West, 1st Lt. R., to Camp Dodge.
Merritt, 1st Lt. W. McD., to Camp Humphreys.
Newton, 1st Lt. L. A., to Barron Field.
Hunter, 1st Lt. W. S., to Ft. Robinson.
Dye, 1st Lt. A. D., to Ft. Terry.
Everett, 1st Lt. E. A., to Hazelhurst Field.
Feuerstein, 1st Lt. H. B., to Hoboken.
Bulkley, 1st Lt. N. C., to Chicago, in office of attending surg.
Siegelman, 1st Lt. C. H., hon. discharged.

Quartermaster Corps.

Following will report to Chief of Const. Div. for duty as his assts.:
MAJORS.

McCartney, M.	Doyle, A. C.

CAPTAINS.

Rider, W. J.	Franch, C. A.
Ferris, J. W.	Jones, F. L.
Weimer, K. L.	Sanders, J. S.

Roloff, Capt. R. P., to Hosp. No. 35, at West Baden, Ind.
Akerlow, Capt. G. W., to Camp Funston.
Carman, Capt. P. D., will report to Director of Finance in Property Accounts Div.
Shissler, Capt. E. F., will assume duty as act. off. in charge of utilities at Camp Humphreys.
Yeager, Capt. O. K., to Camp Knox as asst. to off. in charge of const. work.
Coates, Capt. W. A., to Ft. Bayard.
Cook, Capt. H. J., to Camp Cody as asst. to off. in charge of utilities.
Whitfield, 1st Lt. R. P., to Camp Travis with Commission on Training Camp Activities.
Dunstan, Maj. E. V., will assume duties of Const. Qm. at Camp Wadsworth.
Christensen, Maj. G. A., to Gen. Hosp. No. 19, at Azealea, N. C.

Infantry.

Getty, Col. R. N., retired; Bendel, Lt. Col. C. S., and Colburn, Capt. C., assigned to Purchase, Storage, and Traf. Div. of Gen. Staff.
Crawfis, Maj. J. D., to San Francisco with Commission on Training Camp Activities as Dist. Dir.
Holloway, Maj. J. D., to Chicago as Dist. Dir., Comm. on Training Camp Activities.
Newby, Maj. C. H., to Camp Custer with 160th Depot Brig.
Lippold, Capt. B. V., hon. discharged.
Bernard, 1st Lt. V., will report to executive off. of Commission on Training Camp Activities.

Field Artillery.

The following to Camp Taylor:
COLONELS.

Paine, G. H.	Pfeil, H. H.
Dickinson, O. A.	Van Deusen, E. R.

MAJORS.

Perry, B. H.	McDonald, R. D.
Smith, E. M.	Taylor, A. J.
Woodward, W. R.	Rice, M. R.
Dick, Capt. J. B.	

Golliday, Capt. G. S. R., and Lynch, Capt. J. F., to Ft. Sill.
Bailey, Lt.Col. W. M., to Camp Meade.
Richardson, Capt. S. H., to Camp Lewis with 37th.
Philips, Capt. J. F., and French, 1st Lt. B. C., to Camp Jackson.
Wells, 1st Lt. R. E., Jr.; Haver, 1st Lt. S. C.; Cannon, 1st Lt. G. M., and Sobel, 1st Lt. J. W., to Presidio, at Cal.
Banning, 1st Lt. G. H., to Newport News.
Sanderson, 1st Lt. J. A., to Hoboken, N. J.

Ordnance.

Gatchell, Lt.Col. O. J.; Estes, Maj. F. A.; Pearmain, Capt. W. J.; Curtis, Capt. H. A., and Booth 1st Lt. N. S., assigned to Personnel Branch at Wash.
Sims, 1st Lt. R., Jr., and Fisher, 1st Lt. J. G. to Baltimore.
Wagner, Lt.Col. F. H. and Sifford, Capt. E. J., to Nitrate Plant No. 2, at Muscle Shoals Ala.
Judson, Maj. C. F., to Camp Sherman.
Hemphill Capt. R. W., to Birmingham, Ala.
Stillings, Capt. H. E., to Bridgeport, Conn.
Searight, 1st Lt. W. H., to Rochester, N. Y.
Livingston, 1st Lt. E. J., to Chicago.
Zeller, 1st Lt. H. L., to Camp Logan.

Engineers.

Besson, Col. F. S., relieved from present duties at Camp Humphreys.
Harris, Capt. F. W., to Washington.
Farrington, Capt. T. H., to Camp Bowie as off. in charge of utilities.
Mitchell, Capt. H., relieved from duty at Newport News.
Rawson, 1st Lt. H. C., to Chicago.
Hillard, 1st Lt. J. A., to Wash. with 220th Engs.

Coast Artillery.

Scofield, Maj. F. C.; Hatcher, Capt. M. F.; Patterson, Capt. J. B.; McLochlin, Capt. G. C., and Bottoms, 1st Lt. M., to Coast Defenses of Southern New York.
Allen, Capt. A. A.; Hannah, Capt. T. E.; Hawkins, Capt. J. C.; Craig, Capt. J. L.; Rubendall, 1st Lt. W.; Bukowsky, 1st Lt. H. W. E., and Scott, 1st Lt. W. W., to Coast Defense of Oahu, Hawaii.

Sanitary Corps.

Springman, Capt. H. E., to Gen. Hosp., at Philadelphia, Penn.
Wylie, Capt. H. H., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 39, at Long Beach, N. Y.
Miller, Capt. W. S., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 26, at Ft. Des Moines.
Wyrick, Capt. G., to Army Gen. Hosp. at St. Louis, Mo.
Rejall, 1st Lt. A. E., to Hosp. No. 38, at East View, N. Y.
Neville, 1st Lt. C. E., to Base Hosp. at Camp Dix.

Air Service.

Appleby, Capt. L. E., to Rockwell Field.
Queal, 1st Lt. W. N., to Garden City, N. Y.

Dental Corps.

Cheney, 1st Lt. R. H.; Garnett, 1st Lt. R. E.; Raymond, 1st Lt. C. W.; Tiesing, 1st Lt. H. E. F., and Wyatt, 1st Lt. R. F., to Army Hosp. No. 14 at Ft. Oglethorpe.
Mehrer, Maj. A., to Camp Dix.
Drummond, 1st Lt. J. F., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 36 at Detroit.

Miscellaneous.

Glenn, Capt. D., U. S. A., Hon. discharged.
Trent, Lt. Col. G. T., Judge Advo. Gen.'s Dept. to New York as Asst. Counsel of War Dept., Board of Appraisers.
Welsh, Maj. C. R., Sig. Co., to Washington.
Ingles, Maj. H. C., Sig. Co., to Camp Holabird.
Weaver, Maj. J. R. N., Gen. Staff, assigned to 9th Div., at Camp Sheridan, as Asst. Chief of Staff.
Ballard, Capt. C. B., U. S. G., to Baltimore, Md.
Huse, Capt. G. B., to Camp Custer as veterinarian.
McNamara, 1st Lt. R. M., Tank Corps, will report to Director of Tank Corps at Wash., for discharge.
Staples, 1st Lt. S. D., Chem. War Ser., to New York.
Tompkins, 1st Lt. A., U. S. A., will report to Chief of Staff in Economic Mobilization Section.
Jackson, 1st Lt. A. F., U. S. G., to Newport News.
Mers, 1st Lt. C., U. S. A., relieved from duty with Peace Commission at Paris, and will report to Washington for discharge.

Resignation.

Cullinan, 1st Lt. R. J., F. A., for the good of the service.

Leaves.

O'Hara, Lt. Col. J. J., Gen. Staff, 3 mos.
Oglesby, Maj. R. H., Engs., extended 30 days.
Estabrook, Maj. C. M., Engs., 30 days.
Chipman, Maj. A. D., Inf., 3 mos.
Crandley, Capt. B. J., Qm. C., 2 mos.
Molloy, Capt. M. P., Jr., F. A., extended 10 days.
Fray, Capt. J. M., F. A., 14 days.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion lists are announced:
To Inspector of Meters and Water Consumption, Grade 3, Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity:
Bureau of Water Register, Manhattan—James Wallace, 84.09; John Newman, 81.88; Patrick Hannan, 81.29; William Motzer, 80.12; James Wills, 78.84; John Accles, 78.43. Water Register, Bronx—Michael Balsam, 89.51; John Lowe, 89.00; Henry Klepper, 85.71; John Driscoll, 85.56; Thomas Whelen, 81.25. Water Register, Brooklyn—Matthew Guinen, 88.50; William Evans, Jr., 88.46; Samuel Miciell, 87.80; William Murray, 86.38; Clarence Terhune, 84.51; Robert Dixon, 84.34; Harold Van Wart, 84.18; Francis McGivney, 83.51; James Fitzsimmons, 83.36; Edward O'Brien, 80.70; Nicholas O'Brien, 80.37; Bartholomew Sullivan, 79.84; Charles Ruck, 73.68. Water Register, Richmond—Joseph Cadigan, 86.84; Clicord Guertin, 84.50; Denis Sullivan, 82.67. Water Register, Queens—Alex Cluxton, 84.02; Frank DeMange, 83.00; William Ryan, 80.20; Albert Thompson, 77.14. Chief Engineer, Water Supply, Manhattan—Jacob Klein, 91.57; Ormonde Burke, 89.70; James Gray, 88.12; William Scheer, 88.22; James Smith, 85.18.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 24 an examination for mineral examiner for men. Vacancies in the General Land Office service for duty in the field or in Washington, D. C., at entrance salaries ranging from $1,380 to $1,500 a year, with an allowance for subsistence of $3.50 a day while away from designated field headquarters on official duty, will be filled from this examination. Certification for filling vacancies in positions with headquarters outside of Washington, D. C., will be made of the highest eligibles examined in the section of the country in which the appointee is to be employed, except that upon the request of the department certification will be made of the highest eligibles on the register for the entire country who have expressed willingness to accept appointment where the vacancy exists. The duties require thorough knowledge of geology, mineralogy, practical mining, and the land laws concerning mining claims on the public domain. Competitors will be examined in practical questions in geology, mineralogy, and mineral deposition, 40; elementary mathematics and surveying, 20; report on a subject connected with the general nature of the examination, 10, and education, training, and experience, 30. It is desirable that applicants possess actual practical experience in the work of a mining engineer or in the investigation of mineral or oil deposits. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of the examination.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 22. Patrol. assigned as Corporals in precincts indicated: 8th Insp. Dist., E. K. Delany, 51; Theodore Hilgeman, 51; J. T. Collins, 53; D. P. Rosenberg, 56; E. L. Connor, 56; F. X. Madden, 57; S. P. Breen, 51; James Quinlan, Jr., 53; H. E. Gerken, 53; W. L. Wittmann, 56; William Delaney, 57; J. P. Donnellan, 57. Bicycle patrol, with equipment, T. J. Egan, from 53d to 54th; Michael Downes, from 56th to 54th.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Acting Detective Sergeant, second grade, A. C. Doody, 10th Det. Dist., from 3:40 P. M., Dec. 13, during disability; Patrol. W. F. Fleming, 51st, from 12:05 A. M., Jan. 6, during disability; Harry Gertenbach, 54th, from 7:35 A. M., Dec. 28, to 12 noon, Jan. 5; J. M. Carroll, 73d, from 5:35 A. M., Jan. 11, during disability; P. F. Dorff, 79th, from 1:55 A. M., Jan. 10, to 12 P. M., Jan. 10; Patrick Hunt, 82d, from 10 A. M., Jan. 11, during disability; C. J. Queen, 85th, from 7:30 A. M., Dec. 31, to 12 noon, Jan. 6; William Luttge, 92d, from 3:30 A. M., Jan. 13, during disability; G. A. Maloney, Traffic Div., Sub. C, from 8:15 A. M., Jan. 10, during disability.

Fire Department.

Revocation of indefinite leave of absence, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 23, he having been honorably discharged from the army: Fireman 2d grade John Pelletiere, Eng. 20.

Transfers, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 21: Firemen 1st grade, F. Daly, 11, & L. 76, to H. & L. 6; P. Mullin, Eng. 31, to H. & L. 70.

Resignation: Ununiformed Fireman J. A. Lynch, Eng. 5, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 24.

Retired: Lieut. W. J. Dimbleby, Eng. 49, on annual pension of $1,175, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 22.

Special leave of absence: Fireman 1st grade J. A. Smith, 11, & L. Co. 78, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Jan. 22.

Estates Appraised.

SANDS, BENJAMIN A., (May 1, 1917.) Total estate, $760,051. Assets, real estate, $5,550; cash, $39,376; personal, $110,581; stocks and bonds, $578,056. Of the sixty-eight holdings the largest are 850 shares capital stock of American Mortgage Company, $68,000; interest in law firm of Bowens & Sands, $30,336. Beneficiaries, wife, Amy A. Sands of 58 West Forty-eighth Street, bequest, $11,512; life estate in $20,000, and life estate in residue of $570,168; daughter, Mary Emily S. Heward of Delgany, Ireland, life estate in $100,000. Other relatives and friends receive from $60 to $7,000.

WALLACH, HANNAH, (Sept. 19, 1917.) Total estate, $120,507. Assets, cash, $2,542; personal, $20,167; stocks and bonds, $97,797; income from estate of her husband, Isaac Wallach, at the time of her death, $6,570. Her daughters, Martha W. and Elsie N. Knidel, and Alma W. Liebmann, have a life estate in $27,290 each. Son-in-law, Edward Dryfus, life estate in $13,645. Granddaughter, Aline Dryfus, life estate in $13,645. Two bequests were left to Hebrew organizations.

Wills for Probate.

LATHERS, AGNES, (Dec. 25.) These charitable bequests are made: Cathedral of St. John the Divine, $1,000; Cathedral of SS. Peter and Paul, Washington, D. C., $1,000; Trinity Church, New Rochelle, N. Y., $1,000; Domestic and Foreign Missions of the Episcopal Church, $5,000; Church Periodical Club, $2,000; General Clergy Relief Fund, $3,000; Church Temperance Society, $2,000; St. Luke's Home for Aged Women at 2,914 Broadway, $1,000; Abby Day Nursery, 339 East 149d Street, $500; House of the Holy Comforter, Home for Incurables, 196th Street and the Concourse, $5,000, and St. Luke's Hospital, $5,000. The residue of the estate is bequeathed to a brother, Richard Lathers, Jr., of New Rochelle, and two sisters, Ida and Jolia Lathers of 924 West End Avenue.

SATTERLEE, EDWARD LANSING. Disposes of an estate of $18,000, of which $3,000 is bequeathed to Jane A. Catlin and $7,000 to Mary L. Cussler, cousins. The residue is left to the brother of decedent, Dr. George Reese Satterlee of 125 West Fifty-eighth Street. Deceased was with the American Expeditionary Forces in France and died in Base Hospital No. 8 at Clermont Ferrand on Dec. 4.

SPELLACY, DENNIS A. Prominent in Irish patriotic affairs. Leaves all of his real and personal property in trust for the benefit of his daughter, Mabel E. Spellacy, and appoints his brother, Michael A. Spellacy of Los Angeles, Cal., as her guardian. The value of the estate is not given.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.
WASHINGTON, Jan 20.—Forecast:—
N. C. and S. C., Ga., and Fla.—Fair and warm Tues and Wed.
Ala., Miss., Tenn and Ky.—Cloudy and warm Tues. and Wed.
Ind.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed.
Ohio—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Mich.—Cloudy and fog Tues. and Wed.; moderate temp.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Roxbury National Bank of Boston, located at 2418 Washington Street, Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
LOUIS R. HUNTER, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSAL FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Norfolk, Va.—Sealed proposals will be received here, until 12 o'clock, noon, February 21, 1919, and then opened, for dredging anchorage and 40-foot channel, and constructing bulkhead. Further information on application.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Air pressure is relatively high east of the Mississippi River and low in all Western districts, but no well defined storm centre appears within the field of observation. The prominent feature of the chart of Monday night is continued abnormally warm weather that is general over the United States.

Temperature is 10 to 20 or more degrees above the normal, except along the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts and in the Far West. Rains have again fallen in the Pacific States and the Northern Rocky Mountain region and fair weather has prevailed in all other parts of the country.

The outlook is for continued fair and warm weather over all districts east of the Mississippi River during the next two days.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the Atlantic Coast will be gentle, variable.

FORECAST TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair weather and mild temperatures Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

Western New York—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday; mild temperature.

Northern New England—Fair and somewhat warmer Tuesday; Wednesday, probably fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	9	32	4 P. M.	20	42
6 A. M.	7	31	6 P. M.	17	41
9 A. M.	6	32	9 P. M.	13	38
12 M.	18	40	11 P. M.	11	36

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 37; for the corresponding date last year it was 13; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 32; at 8 P. M. it was 40. Maximum temperature, 44 degrees at 2 P. M. Minimum, 30 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 55 per cent. at 8 A. M., 60 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.21 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.13 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M. Loss.
12:01—Walnut Av. & 142d St.; (freight car; N. Y. Central R. R. ......Slight
12:40—49 Greenwich St.; A. Donohue..Slight
1:30—350 W. 50th St.; Reynolds & Arnold ......Not given
2:10—604 E. 163 St.; Not given....Unknown
3:30—148 W. 49 St.; A. Ginsky......None
8:45—71 Eldridge St.; B. Haimowitz..Slight
9:30—78 Greene St.; B. Korndlun....Slight
10:30—1,608 1st Av.; not given.......Slight
11:00—1st Av. & 125 St. (auto)....Not given
P.M.
1:40—434 E. 49 St. not given........Slight
2:10—161 Broome St.; not given.......Slight
2:10—81 Grace Av.; West Washington Market; A. Strauss.......Not given
2:15—Municipal Bldg.; Board of Estimate $500
5:45—71 W. 137 St.; Yorke Rice......None
5:45—118 W. 116 St.; S. Goldstab....Slight
5:45—Foot E. 71 St. (barge) Dept. St. Cleaning ......Slight
5:50—712 9th Av.; J. Miller.........Slight
6:20—98 Charles St.; not given.......Slight
6:25—164 W. 25 St.; J. Flaxman..Not given
6:30—154 3d Av.; Varnello & Reis.Not given
The fire record last Saturday showed a fire in the premises of Isador Shipper, 176 Wooster Street; the police now report that it was in those of another occupant.
9:50—312 Water St.; Peter Caporale.Slight
10:05—Front 50 Columbia St.; (tar pot.) not given ......Slight
10:35—10 4 St.; Joe Glass......Not given
10:45—166 Waverly Place; C. Hazetti..Slight

Education Notes.

The names of the following have been placed on the appropriate eligible lists as indicated:

Placement as of Aug. 9—Assistant Teachers of accounting and business practice: Shufro, Samuel, 78.275; Metz, Morris, 68.25. Jan. 10—Assistant teacher of chemistry: Dillon, Sidney, 71.5. Assistant teacher of English: Eichel, Charles G., 76.4. Assistant teacher of elocution: Wolfson, George, 72. Jan. 3—Assistant teachers of French: Baker, S. N., 84; Weberman, Benjamin, 72.5; Himber, Isidore, 70. Assistant teachers of history: Goldberg, Israel, 78.5; Franklin, Marjorie L., 73.5. Jan. 10—Library assistant, Zatz, Morris, 70.5. Laboratory assistants, (biology): Bruggeman, Josephine, 76.5; Van Duyn, Evelyn, 75.25; Gluck, Marguerite L., 72.75; Leibell, Agnes M., 72. Assistant teachers of mathematics: Goldman, Louis A.; 85; Shanholt, Henry H., 76; Greenfield, Solomon C., 75; Berg, Harriet J., 80; Baxter, Mary C., 84.75; Steeneck, Adelheit, 83.5; Rosenblatt, Sally, 81.5; Clark, Jennie M., 80.5; Chess, Rosetta, 78.75; Abrams, Florence L., 77.5; Steinberg, Mathilda, 76.5. Assistant teacher of merchandise and salesmanship: Kaylin, Alexander, 74.75. Assistant teachers of physical training: Schoenbrun, Irving, 80.5; Gerstenzang, Robert B., 78.625; Brown, Herman, 78.75. Jan. 3—Assistant teachers of physics: Birnbaum, Simon, 78.5; Bodsski, Alexander, 72; Rider, L. A., —; Greiff, Lotti J., 77.5; MacDonald, Lillian A., 77.

Jan. 10—Assistant teachers of Spanish: Schabacker, Harold M., 86.25; Muller, Walter J., 82.75; Clarke, William A., 79.25; Gray, Magna A., 77.5; Berkowitz, Louis, 76.25; Barras, Moses, 74.5. April 19—Dowell, Sareva, 74. Jan 10—Ray, Medora, (Mrs.) 91.75; Nahon, Zarita, 90.5; Day, Isabella M., (Mrs.) 85.5; Buck, Helen L., 83; Busch, Ella A., 81.75; Simonpietri, Marie L., 81.25; Neuman, Libby, 80.7; Bahret, Ruth A., 80.5; Brandels, Clara, 80.25; Leistner, Ida, 79.5; Espinosa, Rosalina, 79; Perkins, Helen L., 78.5; Weymann, Linda C., 78.25; Seldensticker, Clara, 77.5; Harmon, Esther, 77.25; Miller Maud, 77.25; Feibig, Anna F., 76; Lang, Antoinette T., 76; Blodget, Bertha, 74.5. Jan. 3—Assistant teacher of woodturning and pattern making: Cauvet, William H., 80.

A temporary license as model teacher in a training school for teachers has been issued to Cecilia C. Kelly.

Substitute licenses for service in the vocational schools or continuation classes have been issued as indicated: Flower and feather making: Strassle, Anna E. Monotype operating: Reinhart, John S. Teacher clerk: Mayer, Sabina. Machine shop practice: McPhail, Thomas S., and Rose, Samuel. Printing; Gaddis, Mortimer. Commercial branches: Goldsmith, Sophie M. English and mathematics: Briggs, James A. Telegraphy: Connelly, Anna F.

Benjamin Lorber has been appointed as mechanical draftsman at $1,570 a year, to fill a vacancy.

Two afternoon classes in English and citizenship will be established in the Hebrew Educational Alliance at Hopkinson and Sutter Avenues, Brooklyn.

Public School 39, Manhattan, will be separated into two organizations. There are two separate buildings on the site. Public School 39, primary, will be composed of boys and girls from the kindergarten through the second year and of girls through the sixth year. Public School 39, boys, will be composed of boys from 3A through the sixth-year grades.

President Somers, Vice President Wilsey, and Joseph Yerks, as a committee, will see the Controller today and try to have him agree that the Board of Education shall not be compelled to limit its appointments of teachers to the list already submitted and to add to the payroll each appointment as made.

Vice President Wilsey, Mrs. Isaac F. Russell, and Mr. Prall were announced yesterday as the special committee on the question of teachers' salaries.

Lena Kemp, Principal of Public School 105, will be transferred to Public School 68, Manhattan.

John B. Opdycke will be appointed as first assistant teacher of English in the Theodore Roosevelt High School.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STRAIGHT EDGE BAKING COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, January 23, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:00 A. M., at 100-104 Lawrence St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Office fixtures, baking utensils, machinery, fixtures and equipment. Also the right, title and interest of the Bankrupt in and to the Good Will of the business and in and to the unexpired term of the lease and the option to purchase the said real property and the right, title and interest of the Bankrupt in and to two Duhrkop Patent Ovens installed at said premises and one steel revolving oven located at 209 Greenwich St., Manhattan.
ARTHUR Y. DALZIEL, Receiver.
PAUL M. CRANDELL, Attorney for Receiver, 233 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WORLD SUPPLY CORP., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, January 21, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of shoelace tippers, empty boxes, desks, chairs, office furniture, &c.
MORRIS H. SCHWARTZ, Trustee.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

RAILROADS.

WINTER SPORTS IN CANADA.
Hotels—Place Viger, Montreal; Chateau Frontenac, Quebec.
Canadian Pacific Railway Standard.
F. R. PERRY, Gen. Agt., 1231 B'way.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.
[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]
Sun rises.......7:16 | Sun sets.........4:59

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:59	11:34	5:04	5:25
Governors Island	11:37		5:51	6:13
Hell Gate	1:18	1:26	8:07	8:18

Arrived—Monday, Jan. 20.

U. S. Cruiser Pueblo, Brest, Jan. 7.
SS Calabria, Barry, Jan. 11.
SS Toremeo, Liverpool, Dec. 27.
SS David Lloyd George, Havre, Dec. 23.
SS Mijrecht, Ponta Delgado, Jan. 10.
SS Imperoyal, Gibraltar, Dec. 30.
SS Verona, Cartagena, Jan. 11.
SS West Ekonk, Genoa, Dec. 19.
SS Mandeville, Port Limon, Jan. 11.

Incoming Steamships.

Manchuria	Brest	Jan. 10
George Washington	Brest	Jan. 12
Tasmanic	Cape Town	Dec. 10
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
Goentois	Plymouth	Jan. 3
Giuseppi Verdi	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Mercy H. S.	Bordeaux	Jan. 10
De Kalb	Brest	Jan. 7
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 3
Cretic	Brest	Jan. 8
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Carlsholm	Rotterdam	Jan. 3
DUE TOMORROW.		
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
General Goethals	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Communipaw	Rouen	Jan. 2
Suriname	La Pallice	Jan. 6
DUE THURSDAY.		
Rochambeau	Bordeaux	Jan. 13

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Inca, Haiti	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Steinstad, B'nos Aires	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Irtysh, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Tennyson, Rio Janeiro	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verona, Savanilla	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Charybdis, Bermuda	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Smaragd, Jamaica	2:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Nieuw Amsterdam, Falmouth	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Juno, Haiti	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Iroquois, S. Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Georgeanna Weems, Guadeloupe	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Charlton Hall, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Lapland, Liverpool	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Owego, Genoa	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Gulfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saga, Rio Janeiro	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stavangeren, Martinique	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Silena, at Havre, Jan. 13.
SS Western Scout, at Trieste, Jan. 13.
SS Daymowan, at Cherbourg, Jan. 16.
SS Adolf Delle, at Portland, England, Jan. 18.
SS Mina Brae, at Rotterdam, Jan. 17.
SS Toften, at Rotterdam, Jan. 17.
SS Francisco, at Hull, Jan. 15.
SS Drammensfjord, at Buenos Aires, Jan. 16.
SS Pacific, at Rotterdam, Jan. 17.
SS Ashtabula, at Avonmouth, Jan. 19.

Sailed.

SS Caronia, from Liverpool, Jan. 15.
SS Gothland, from Newport, England, Jan. 16.
SS Krasnoiarsk, from St. Lucia, Jan. 17.
SS British Marquis, from Plymouth, Jan. 18.
SS O. T. Waring, from Plymouth, Jan. 19.

Passed.

SS Danebrog, New York for Rotterdam, passed Portland Bill.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Jan. 21, SS Winifredian; at 8:30 A. M. Jan. 23, Nieuw Amsterdam, and at 7 A. M., Jan. 25, SS Lapland.
France and Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Owego.
Portugal—Close at 8 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Gea.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Samoan Islands, Australia, and especially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura ......Jan. 30
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura, Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline ......Jan. 31
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Dec. 18; Kobe, Jan. 1, and Yokohama, Jan. 3—which arrived per steamer Fushimi, were dispatched east from Seattle on Jan. 17, and are due in New York tomorrow.

STEAMSHIPS AND STEAMBOATS.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
T.S.S. NEW AMSTERDAM
WILL SAIL FROM
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
VIA FALMOUTH
THURSDAY, JANUARY 23.
Passengers for England and France Will Be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply
GENERAL PASSENGER OFFICE, 24 STATE ST., NEW YORK

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland...Jan. 25 | Adriatic....Feb. 3
Baltic....Feb. 8
And Regularly Thereafter.
New York—Azores—Gibraltar—Italy
Canopic..........About Middle of Feb.
HALIFAX—SOUTHAMPTON
Olympic.........Jan. 25
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

(a) South America
Regular Sailings
From ENGLAND to
BRAZIL AND THE ARGENTINE
By large R. M. S. P. & Nelson Line Mail Steamers
(b) Central America
(a) The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
(a-b) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
(a) Nelson Lines
SOUTH AFRICA
By
UNION-CASTLE LINE
SANDERSON & SON, Gen'l Agents
26 Broadway, New York.
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

Commercial South American Line
To West Indies and South American Ports
Sailing January 22.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents.
398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Art. Agts.
29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7500.

CUNARD
ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer ....Jan. 27
Caronia ....Jan. 29
Prinses Juliana ....Feb. 5
Saxonia ....Feb. 12
Carmania ....Feb. 17
Royal George ....Feb. 22
Orduna ....Feb. 26
Caronia ....March 3
HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA..........FEB. 1
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia ....Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

EUROPE, JAPAN, CHINA.
Official Agents Trans-Atlantic and Trans-Pacific S. S. Lines. Tours and Tickets by All Rail Routes. Complete arrangements for business or recreation travel, including Pullman reservations, rail tickets, &c.
THOS. COOK & SON,
245 Broadway. 561 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

A—CHINA—JAPAN
The Cherry Blossom Tour
—Leaves San Francisco March 16.
American Express Travel Department

NORWEGIAN-AMERICA LINE
NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
STAVANGERFJORD, JAN. 30.
Passenger Office, 8-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

ENGLAND
FROM
Newport News, Va.
SS "VICTORIA"....Jan. 25
$150
FIRST CLASS
Pacific Line
(Pacific Steam Navigation Co.)
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts.
26 Broadway - - - New York

AUSTRALIA
HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND
CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
Largest, Newest, best-equipped Steamers.
For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry.
1231 Broadway, New York,
or to Gen. Agent, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE
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For Sailings, Rates, Etc., apply to
Passenger Office, 1 Broadway, N. Y.

AMERICAN & INDIAN LINE
Frequent Sailings to South Africa & India
Norton Lilly & Co., Produce Exch. Bldg., N. Y.
Gen'l Agts. for Ellerman & Bucknall S. S. Co., Ltd.

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE
NEW YORK to GOTHENBURG, SWEDEN
Twin Screw S.S. STOCKHOLM, FEB. 18.
Nielsen & Lundbeck, 24 State St., N. Y.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $2.20.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Daylight service up the Hudson
Discontinued for Season.

NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON.
Mon., Wed. and Fri., Franklin St., 4 P. M.
Phone Franklin 4675.
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TOURS.
California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.
398 B'way, 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin.
CALIFORNIA
Raymond-Whitcomb Tours
225 Fifth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 5210

LEGAL NOTICES.

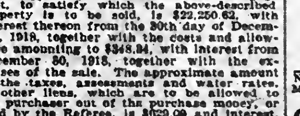
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—MILTON A. RAUH, Plaintiff, against ISAAC REUBENSTONE and others, Defendants.—Clerk's index number 13,880, year 1918.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the second day of January, 1919, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: "All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and bounded and described as follows:

"BEGINNING at a point in the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street, distant one hundred and one (101) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Lexington Avenue with the said northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; running thence northerly parallel with Lexington Avenue one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence westerly, parallel with One Hundred and Twelfth Street, twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches; thence southerly parallel with Lexington Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; thence easterly along the said last-mentioned line twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches to the point or place of beginning. Being known as No. 125 East One Hundred and Twelfth Street."

LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.
MILTON DAMMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 125 East 112th Street:



112th Street.

The approximate amount of the mortgage debt, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $22,250.62, with interest thereon from the 30th day of December, 1918, together with the costs and allowance amounting to $348.94, with interest from December 30, 1918, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $629.09 and interest.
Dated, New York, January 8, 1919.
LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS DAVIS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, January 29, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of neckwear, silks, etc.
LESTER B. JONES, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

TWO MORE MURDERS IN OUTLYING QUEENS

Saloonkeeper and Wife Shot Down Within a Mile of Where Elizabeth Riddell Was Slain.

FOUR LEAVE FINGER PRINTS

Identification of Two $10 Notes May Verify O'Donnell Confession —Prisoner Still Raving.

With the solution of the murder of Miss Marg Elizabeth Riddell, the 17-year-old stenographer who was killed last Wednesday evening in Glen Morris, Richmond Hill, depending upon the identification today of two $10 notes carried by Patrick O'Donnell, who has confessed the murder, the second crime of violence in five days in Queens was reported yesterday. Within a mile from where Miss Riddell was killed, Joseph Holbach, proprietor of Holbach's Hall, a café at Leahy Avenue and Rockaway Boulevard, and his wife were murdered.

As closing time, 1 o'clock, drew near yesterday morning, Holbach began drawing down the shades of his place and his wife went back of the bar to check up the day's receipts. Four men, apparently Italians, were at a small table drinking. The preparations to close the saloon seemed to anger them. On the stroke of 1 o'clock, Holbach with a smile told them they would have to leave.

"Not on your life," one of them replied. Holbach remonstrated with them. One man jumped up and ran to the door, two others took stations at either end of the bar, and although the police last night said that this indicated preparations for a robbery, no effort was made to rifle the cash register until the fourth man at the table drew a revolver. Steadying his elbow on the table he coolly shot Holbach in the chest.

With a hysterical scream, Mrs. Holbach ran from behind the bar, intending to go to her husband's aid. As she stooped over Holbach, the man at the table again pulled the trigger and Mrs. Holbach fell over dead. The shots were heard by Policeman Joseph Paletta, two blocks away, on his way to his home, in Leahy Avenue. When Paletta located the source of the shots, he found the saloon empty and lightless, and Mr. and Mrs. Holbach on the floor.

When an ambulance from St. Mary's Hospital arrived the surgeon found Holbach still alive, but he died eight hours later in the hospital. He made an antemortem statement, in which he furnished the police with a good description of the murderers. Late last night no arrest had been made, although the police had finger prints on all the men, taken from glasses from which they had been drinking.

Intimating that no more serious charge than homicide would be made against Patrick O'Donnell until his story of the murder of Miss Riddell had received more corroboration, the police last night admitted that today probably would prove the truth or falsity of the confession. When Miss Riddell was killed she carried in her purse two $10 notes, received as wages from the Globe Indemnity Company. Detectives yesterday asked the company to get from its bank the serial numbers of all the money used in last week's payroll, all of the notes having been new ones. If the numbers of any of the notes found in O'Donnell's possession correspond with the notes the girl carried, a strong link will have been forged to connect O'Donnell with the crime. In this connection, it was also said that Miss Riddell had an original way of folding her paper money, and, according to the police, both of the notes taken from O'Donnell had been folded in an unusual manner.

While more than 100 detectives, directed by First Deputy Commissioner John A. Leach, sought yesterday to trace down various points in his story, O'Donnell remained in the Queens County Jail, still too nervous to appear in court. His wild ravings even made it undesirable to take him before Judge Humphreys in Long Island City for commitment to the Kings County Hospital for observation as to his sanity.

District Attorney O'Leary said last night, however, that if O'Donnell's condition permitted he would be brought into court this morning.

"O'Donnell continues to accuse himself of the crime," said Assistant District Attorney Edgar F. Hazleton last night, "and he has expressed the hope that his victim and her relatives will forgive him. It is a strange thing that no member of his family, neither his wife nor his father, has visited him since his arrest or come to make a statement to the Queens officials on his behalf. While there are inconsistencies in his confession, his statements regarding some details were so exact that no one not closely connected with the crime could have known them. They were not printed in the newspapers. If he is not telling the truth, we are determined to protect him from himself. We hope we have captured the murderer, for otherwise a fiend is still at large."

Nicholas O'Donnell, father of the prisoner, at his home in 1,015½ De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, censured the police for placing any credence in his son's statements, and suggested that he be taken to Kings County Hospital, where the doctors could determine his mental state.

"I intend to visit my son tomorrow at the Queens County Jail," said Mr. O'Donnell, "and thus far I haven't received any letters from him nor have I heard from him in any way since his arrest. The best thing the police can do with my boy is to turn him over to the doctors, for I am sure they will find that he is suffering from a mental disease. It is apparent that he has not yet realized the seriousness of his predicament."

O'Donnell collapsed in his cell last night and a hasty call was sent for Dr. Edward V. McGoldrick, the jail physician. He attended the prisoner, but the police refused to discuss a report that O'Donnell had tried to harm himself. It was intimated that he had suffered one of the epileptic fits to which he is subject.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST — DESCRIPTION OF EARRINGS IN ANSWER TO ADD IN NEW YORK TIMES JAN. 14, 1919. LOST NEW YEAR'S EVE, BETWEEN HOTEL RITZ-CARLTON AND HOTEL GOTHAM, PAIR OF EARRINGS, CONSISTING OF PEAR SHAPED DIAMOND IN CENTRE, WITH PEAR SHAPED DIAMOND BAND ON THE OUTSIDE, BOTH SWINGING JOINTLY FROM SMALL MARQUISE SHAPED DIAMOND. PLEASE RETURN TO E. M. GATTLE & CO., 630 5TH AV.

LOST—Will honest young man, wearing champagne colored gloves, who picked up diamond ring on east side of St. Nicholas Av., bet. 173d and 174th Sts., return to owner and receive liberal reward; sentimental value. Mrs. William Kohlberg, 590 West 174th St., Apartment 37. Audubon 3520.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of two suit cases and contents, lost off rear of auto which left Lakewood, N. J., at 6 o'clock Saturday evening and arrived at the Hotel Traymore, Atlantic City, at 8:15 via Tuckerton. Communicate with F. W. Gager, Hotel Traymore.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of diamond and platinum wedding ring and solitaire engagement ring, left in wash room, Pennsylvania Station, Sunday evening. Wallace Irwin, 50 East 57th St.

LOST—Lady's black bag, at Red Cross Bird Cage tea rooms; will finder keep money and please return keys, cigarette case, and match box to Welch & Co., 128 Front St., N. Y. City. No questions asked.

LOST—Saturday night, uptown, Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity pin, setting pearls, diamonds; owner's name, chapter, address on back. Return, Parrett, 421 West 118th St.; reward.

LOST—A large brown envelope, containing manuscript, in 6th Av. "L" at South Ferry; liberal reward. Phone 789W New York.

LOST—Bar pin, platinum, diamonds, pearls, Saturday, between East 60th and Lyceum Theatre, via 5th Av. bus, 47th, 6th Av.; large reward. Phone M. K., Bryant 9020.

LOST—Snake skin pocketbook, mounted in gold, between Brevoort Hotel and 140 East 10th St., on Sunday afternoon; reward, Mrs. Willis J. Best, Hotel Brevoort.

LOST—On the 168th St. bus, change purse, containing $10 bill, small change, French money, ring and Yale key; reward. M. Brown, Morningside 6656, Apt. 31.

LOST—In taxicab, a Kolinsky cape, going from Waldorf-Astoria to Metropolitan Opera House; reward. Room 539, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—Saturday, Jan. 18, on Broadway car, gold locket, monogram "A. M. F.," gold rope chain, pictures of soldier son; reward. B 283 Times.

LOST—Saturday, between 2 and 2.15, vicinity of Knickerbocker Hotel, silver meshbag; reward. Phone Bowling Green 7470. Room 504, 71 Broadway.

LOST—Platinum bargin, 1 sapphire and 2 diamonds, between Franklin Simon's and Grand Av., Brooklyn; reward. X 309 Times Annex.

LOST—Waldorf, Monday afternoon, octagon gold wrist watch, with link chain, monogram "M. B. K." Return cashier's desk, Waldorf. Reward.

LOST—Gold watch and fob, between 87th and 86th Sts.; reward. M. Gilfrick, care of G. Borgfeldt & Co., 119 East 19th St.

LOST—Platinum lorgnettes, set with diamonds, on Monday afternoon, Jan. 20. Liberal reward if returned to 7 East 62d St.

LOST—$100 reward, no questions asked, large brown leather suit case, property of H. C. Hibbard. Answer to B 854 Times Annex.

LOST—Wrist watch, marked Comdr. W. V. Tomb, U. S. N.; finder please return to Wilsonia, 225 West 69th, obtain reward.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, Hamilton movement, 34th to 20th; liberal reward. Room 446, Holland House, 5th Av., 30th St.

LOST—Silver wrist watch, monogrammed "H. C. C." Sunday evening; reward. 66 West 83d St.

LOST—Blue silk bag, with silver cap, in Town taxi; if found keep money and return bag to Mrs. H. H. Hamilton, 2 W. 67th.

LOST—Seal muff, left in Black and White taxi Saturday evening. Reward if returned to E. G. Clapp, 112 Duane St.

LOST—Jan. 18, 12:30, 10th Av. line, black silk purse. Return 423 West 43d. No questions asked. Reward.

LOST—At the Plaza Theatre on Madison Av., Saturday, 6 P. M., Fisher neckpiece. Return to 18 East 52d St. and receive reward.

LOST—Tan-colored legal portfolio; ample reward. H. Crone, 261 Broadway.

LOST—Seal skin belt, west 79th or Columbus Av.; reward. Antoni, 175 West 79th.

NO QUESTIONS ASKED return of diamond, pearl, platinum bar pin; $100 reward. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

$50 REWARD.
NO QUESTIONS ASKED.
for return of a Boston bull; about 2 years old, brindle in color, white forelegs and white chest, with white marks on face, wearing collar bearing Atlantic City license tag, 142; answers to name Sport. Carlisle, Apt. 54, Sherman Apts., (corner 73d St., Broadway.)

$100 REWARD.
for brooch, four pear-shaped diamonds forming a clover leaf within a circle of square olivines and diamonds, lost Friday, Jan. 10, between 75th St. and Park Av. and West 58th St. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$25 REWARD
for return of silver cigarette case, engraved with two names and date, lost in Madison Av. car Saturday; no questions asked. Udall & Hallou, 574 5th Av.

Found.

FOUND—Money; loser may have same by proving property. Communicate R 143 Times.

FOUND—Friday night, Jan. 17, gold bracelet, vicinity 53d St.; owner have same by giving description. K 64 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Scotch collie, white and yellow, name "Queeny," reward. Nowha, 509 West 121st St.

GARMENT WORKERS ORDERED TO STRIKE

Union Calls Upon 35,000 Members to Quit Their Employment at 10 o'Clock This Morning.

APPEAL FOR GOOD ORDER

Right to Discharge at Issue—Demands Include 44-Hour Week and Advance in Wages.

A strike involving 35,000 garment workers, members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, will begin at 10 o'clock this morning, when members of the union's shop committees will post the strike notices. According to union officials, 12,000 or more workers have been locked out within a few days in anticipation of the strike against the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, an organization whose 260 members, it was said, represented an annual business of about $100,000,000.

About 90 per cent. of the strikers are women, but the strike order issued yesterday includes many men and calls out cutters, operators, sample makers, drapers, examiners, tuckers, hemstitchers, lace runners, finishers, cleaners, pressers, buttonhole makers, and button sewers. The order read in part:

Sisters and Brothers: You are hereby requested to leave your employment as orderly and quietly as possible. Do not make any disturbance. Pack up your tools and everything that belongs to you promptly at 10 A. M. and leave your shop and join the ranks of the strikers. Avoid arguments and enter into no discussion with your employer or any of his representatives. If the employers refuse to permit you to use the elevators, walk down the stairs. Let the workers of each shop, headed by its shop Chairman, march in an orderly manner to the meeting hall to which you were directed. All workers of open shops are requested to go to the meeting hall as directed. Do not wait for any committee to take you down. Let this circular be your committee.

In a formal statement Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the union, said:

We have done all within our power to avert this strike. When we presented our demands to the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association for a forty-four hour week and for an increase in wages, we announced that we were ready to submit all questions in dispute to arbitration. The manufacturers declined to accept our offer for arbitration and began to discharge workers wholesale. During the last four days alone, from ten to twelve thousand workers have been locked out from their shops; and this action has made the strike unavoidable.

I request all strikers to preserve the best order possible at their meeting halls and on the picket lines.

Morris Weiss, President of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, said yesterday afternoon that the organization had not sought strife in the industry and had made every effort to avert a strike. A letter had been written to Mayor Hylan, he said, setting forth the views of the manufacturers concerning the strike. There had been sporadic stoppages of work in several shops in the last few days, but these had been due to the unsettled state of the workers regarding the strike, Mr. Weiss added.

The strike will affect 35,000 workers directly and between 50,000 and 60,000 indirectly, said Mr. Schlesinger, supplementing his formal statement. The chief point at issue, he said, was whether the employer should be allowed to discharge his workers with no provision to safeguard the union worker. The union had never denied the right of the employer to discharge a worker for improper behavior or for incompetency, he said.

In their open letter to the union the manufacturers contended for the right to discharge employes subject to review in case the discharge is made for union activity. They also demanded the right to offer inducements to especially skilled and rapid workers.

The union demands (1) a 44-hour week to make employment more regular and continuous; (2) an increase of 15 per cent. in wages to meet the cost of living; (3) permission to a representative of the union to visit each shop once a month to discover whether protocol standards are observed.

OUR RED CROSS TO AID RUSSIAN PRISONERS

Will Take Food and Clothing to 1,500,000 in German Prison Camps.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The American Red Cross will begin immediately the work of providing relief for Russian prisoners in Germany, who are said to number 1,500,000. Large sums of money have been contributed for this purpose by Russian societies and individuals in France and Scandinavian countries.

Captain W. B. Webster, of the American Red Cross, is now in London supervising the loading of the steamer Nero with shoes, blankets, and clothing. The vessel will start for Copenhagen in a few days. Negotiations have been completed with Herbert C. Hoover, Director General of Relief, who will supply food up to the limit of the money subscribed for the relief of Russian prisoners through Rotterdam and Copenhagen.

This relief work possibly is the result of a clause in the new armistice conditions, and will be under the general supervision of Brig. Gen. Harries of the American Army, who is in Berlin in connection with the repatriation of American prisoners.

The Russian military prisoners in Germany aggregate 1,200,000, while the civiliane number 300,000. Most of them are in labor camps, there being 200,000 at Danzig alone. There are 14,000 officers. Sanitary conditions among the Russians are said to be very bad because of the lack of soap, disinfectants, and medicines.

The Red Cross is sending hospital and disinfecting units and kitchens and canteens with the first relief ship.

It is reported that 100,000 Russian prisoners are in hospitals, and that 50,000 more are invalids, chiefly from cosumption, because of the lack of proper food. The Red Cross will supply fats and other foods to supplement the diet furnished the prisoners by Germany.

Most of the prisoners have not received any clothing except paper underwear and wooden shoes, and the Red Cross will try to supply at once the urgent need of warm clothing and nourishing food. Distribution of the food and clothing will be supervised carefully to insure that it reaches the prisoners.

ASSAIL COPELAND AT PROTEST MEETING

Labor and Civic Organizations Deplore Proposed Changes in Hygiene Division.

GOLDSTEIN FAVORS INQUIRY

Committees Named to See Commissioner and to Confer with Academy of Medicine.

Unless Health Commissioner R. S. Copeland should give up his plan for withdrawing the Division of Industrial Hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, Mayor Hylan would be asked to request that Dr. Copeland resign, said Rose Schneiderman, President of the Women's Trade Union League yesterday at a conference of representatives of more than sixty social welfare, labor, and civic organizations at the Murray Hill Hotel.

"If the head of the Health Department cannot realize what the desires of the citizens are, then we will demand that he get out and we will ask the Mayor to demand his resignation," she said. Miss Schneiderman protested against what she termed Dr. Copeland's "polite way of doing away with the work of industrial hygiene." Other speakers were Florence Kelley, representing the National Consumers' League and the New York State Child Labor Committee; Dr. Lee K. Frankel; J. Coughlin, of the Central Labor Union; Dr. Leonard Wallstein, of the Citizens' Union, Edward J. Rybicki, delegate of Typographical Union, No. 6, to the Central Federated Union; Fred Gaa of the Painters' Union, Dr. Sidney Goldstein of the Free Synagogue, Rabbi M. L. Kaplan of the Jewish Centre, and Evans Clark, Secretary to the Socialist Aldermanic relegation. The Chairman was Judge Charles M. Hough of the Federal District Court.

All but one of the speakers protested against Dr. Copeland's proposed change in the work of industrial hygiene. Dr. Goldstein favored sending a committee to Albany to ask that the State Legislature inaugurate a sweeping investigation into the affairs of the Health Department. A committee, consisting of Dr. Ira S. Wile, Dr. George M. Price of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control, Dr. G. Alsop of Barnard College, J. J. Bagley of Franklin Union No. 23, Rose Schneiderman, and Mrs. Frances Carter Wod of the Woman's Municipal League, was appointed to call on Commissioner Copeland and request that he desist in making his proposed changes in the work on industrial hygiene. Another committee was appointed to confer with the Committee on Public Health of the Academy of Medicine, which is discussing the situation.

Copeland Sends Regrets.

Commissioner Copeland, who had been invited to speak at the conference, sent a reply in which he regretted that official business would prevent him from accepting the invitation. He said he thought it right that the people had determined to get at the truth in the matter, and added: "Of course, the information you have is distorted." Whenever he presented the plan to any "disinterested person," he said, "there has been entire agreement that the plan I have in mind is a wise one." He said he would be glad to see any committee the meeting might decide to send to his office. Director Louis I. Harris, of the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, who had also been asked to speak, wrote that circumstances compelled him, very much to his regret, to decline the invitation.

ESTIMATE ERIE BASIN CLAIM.

Goodrich Fixes Value of Area at from $200,000 to $900,000.

The hearing on the First Construction Company's application for an equitable award for property appropriated by the State in the Erie Basin was resumed yesterday. Ernest P. Goodrich, who was on the stand when court adjourned last Thursday, was the witness in the morning.

This franchise right Mr. Charles E. Hughes, counsel for the company, contended was a right over the acquired territory based on the improvement. The filling in, which was the condition subsequent, having filled in and complied with this condition, then the fee title would pass under the act of the Legislature. The question to be determined, he said, was the value of the franchise, and the cost of filling in—deduct this and a fair valuation on the property could be reached under the terms of the order of the Court of Appeals.

In the afternoon in reply to hypothetical questions by Mr. Mone, Mr. Goodrich fixed the value of the claimant's rights to the appropriated area at sums varying from $200,000 to $900,000, according to the conditions contained in the questions. There was a long argument over the question of forfeiture of the franchise or its abandonment.

TELLS OF KILLING LEBAUDY.

Widow Says She Shot Him to Protect Her Daughter.

MINEOLA, L. I., Jan. 20.—In her first direct statement since she was lodged in the Nassau County Jail, following her shooting of Jacques Lebaudy, Mrs. Marie Augustine Lebaudy today declared that she had killed her husband to protect her daughter, Jacqueline. In conversation with the matron of the jail, Mrs. Lebaudy also cleared up another point, namely her marriage, by saying that she had wed Lebaudy in France nineteen years ago, having known his family for some time previous.

Following a talk with Mrs. Lebaudy, Harry W. Moore, her counsel, said the collection of valuable jewelry which was in her possession at one time, had not been seen by her for more than a year, and that so far as she could learn it had been distributed among New York women friends of the eccentric "Emperor of Sahara." Mr. Moore said that since his client had been in jail she had received many letters of sympathy from women in Manhattan and that one of the writers had stated she had received a piece of jewelry from Lebaudy, under the impression that he was unmarried.

"About a year ago," Mrs. Lebaudy is reported to have said to Mr. Moore, "Mr. Lebaudy complained that there was too much jewelry about the house, and suggested that I let him put it in a safety deposit vault in Hempstead. I consented and later he informed me he had decided to take the jewelry to New York. After that he refused to tell me what had become of it."

Holding that newspaper reports are not sufficient evidence, Supreme Court Justice Manning in Brooklyn today refused the application of Solomon Desola for an order to question the officers of the First National Bank of Hempstead as to the amount of jewelry Mrs. Lebaudy has in the bank's vaults. Desola recently obtained a judgment for $310 against her.

Sell Collegiate Church Property.

The Collegiate Reformed Church got permission yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Hendrick to sell the property at Avenue B and Fifth Stret, which is 71 feet wide and 100 feet long, for $71,000. The property has long been occupied by the Evangelical Reformed Church founded in 1628, but nearly all the members have gone to Brooklyn or to the Bronx, and the church structure is to be torn down to make way for a business building.

AGITATOR GOT $2 HUSBAND.

Swiss Paper Tells How Rosa Luxemburg Acquired German Statue.

BERNE, Jan. 20.—How Rosa Luxemburg, the dead Spartacide leader of Berlin, managed to gain German citizenship is related by the Tagebiatt of Berne.

Rosa, who had been expelled from Russia for activities among the Jews there, was living in Zurich when she decided to go to Germany to propagate Socialistic ideas. She was warned that she would be expelled, so she sought a lawyer in Zurich and demanded to know whether it was possible to contract a mock marriage with a German citizen in order to become a German herself and hence immune from expulsion.

The lawyer said that there would be some difficulties in obtaining a man to go through such a ceremony. Rosa soon produced a German known as Dr. Lilbeck and he married her on payment of 10 francs.

Rosa immediately left her husband and went to Germany. Lilbeck was expelled later from Switzerland as an undesirable foreigner.

TO HONOR AMHERST'S BRAVE

Dinner to Welcome Its Men in War on Feb. 21.

The Amherst Association of New York is arranging for a welcome to the alumni and undergraduates of the college who have served in the war. It will take the form of a dinner in the Hotel Pennsylvania on Feb. 21, to which all the 1,000 or more Amherst men who have been or still are in the service will be invited as guests of the New York Association.

It is proposed to make this the biggest reunion of Amherst men ever held outside of Amherst. The Alumni Council of the college is to meet in New York on the same day as the dinner, thus insuring the attendance of a large number of the alumni from all sections of the country.

Among the Amherst men who are active in arranging the event are Arthur Curtiss James, Charles D. Norton, George D. Pratt, Maurice L. Farrell, Charles E. Mitchell, William C. Atwater, James A. Nelson, Oliver B. Merrill, Frederick S. Bale, and Charles H. Dayton and others who are co-operating with President George B. Mallon, who will preside at the dinner.

"Who's Hatch?"
The maker of exceptionally delicious, exclusively processed
SALTO NUTS
ITALIAN CHOCOLATES
Hatch
He pays the Parcel Post
35th St. at Herald Sq. B'way at 30th B'way at 45th

WHEN RHEUMATIC PAINS HIT HARD

Just get out that bottle of Sloan's Liniment and "knock it galley-west"

Don't say "it will be all right tomorrow." Rheumatic twinges won't relieve themselves. It takes the counter-irritant of Sloan's Liniment to bring relief. Effective, too, for nearly every external ache and pain that man's heir to.

Put it on and let it *penetrate without rubbing*. Clean, sure, economical. Once tried, it becomes a lifelong friend. Your druggist should have it. Get it today. 30c, 60c, $1.20.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!
Coughing Spreads Disease
SINCE 1870
SHILOH
A FEW DROPS AID IN RELIEF

EL DALLO
"Each Cigar in its own humidor"
Bud says,- "Its a perfect end to any old day."
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Your Change of Business Quarters

involves the following steps:

A study of your present organization to meet its needs in the new offices.

A systematization plan to save overhead expense, waste space and motion.

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A plan for electrical installation.

Negotiations with contractors. The purchase of material and equipment.

The superintendence of construction work.

To our best knowledge there is only one organization where specialists in *all* of these steps work together as a unit, under a single overhead expense and charging but a single fee. This unique organization is described in our booklet—"Who Would You Consult?"

Write for this booklet by all means, if you plan a change in business quarters.

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All the style of a low, long-pointed collar with the comfort of medium height.
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A HOTEL OR RESTAURANT that serves an imitation Worcestershire Sauce will be apt to serve other doubtful food. Serve
LEA & PERRINS SAUCE
THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE
and build up a good reputation. Serve the only original.

Government Regulation of Utilities.

Federal authority over public utilities discussed in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company. 10 cents on news stands—$4 a year by mail.—Advt.

No big repair bills due to corrosion

PYRO Non-Freezing mixture is absolutely safe for your car. It has the lowest freezing point of all mixtures and is as good for your radiator as oil for your engine.

Warning!—The U. S. Bureau of Standards warns motorists thus: "Calcium Chloride compounds should be used with caution if at all, on account of their corrosive action."

On the other hand, the Bureau approves the type of non-freezing mixture of which PYRO is the leader, and the Government uses it in its motor cars, motor trucks and aeroplanes.

Get PYRO from your garageman—let him put it in. No fussing, no "mussiness"—safe, efficient, reliable.

It will pay you to make sure that the non-freeze you buy is not one of the calcium chloride kind, but is PYRO. Sure protection from freezing as well as from repair bills due to corrosion

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; Thursday cloudy; mild temperature; wind southeast.
For weather report see page 20.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,278. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1919. TWENTY-TWO PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 150 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

NEW YORK TO ASK COURTS TO ANNUL NEW PHONE RATES

Service Board Orders Attorney to Join Other States in Fight on Burleson's Order.

JERSEY AND MICHIGAN SUE

Governor of Massachusetts Declares That State's Rights Should Be Protected.

PLEA FOR PRIVATE CONTROL

National Association of State Commissions Opposed to Present Management.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 21.—At its session here today the Public Service Commission of the Second District directed its counsel to begin an action, either by mandamus or injunction, to restrain the New York Telephone Company from putting into operation its new tariff of rates under the order of the Postmaster General. The telephone company, it is stated, is now charging substantially increased rates for services.

The new tariff has not been filed with the commission, and it is the opinion of that body that the telephone company is violating Section 92 of the Public Service Commission law. Attorney Ledyard P. Hale will at once proceed against the telephone company under the commission's authority.

"The commission delayed taking action," said Chairman Hill today, "because it was thought that its position would be stronger by waiting until the Postmaster General had put the order into effect. The new rates were promulgated by the Postmaster General with the statement that they brought about a decrease in charges, but analysis by the commission gives the same results as those made by the commissions in Illinois, Ohio, Nebraska, New Jersey, Indiana, Missouri, and other States; that is, that the increase in rates varies from 20 to 100 per cent.

"The general effect of the order of the Postmaster General is to increase charges for certain telephone service covering the bulk of traffic and making charges for certain services which were heretofore free."

Stands for State's Rights.

BOSTON, Jan. 21.—The action of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company in putting into effect today the new telephone toll rates determined by the Postmaster General was called to the attention of Attorney General Attwill by the Public Service Commission, with a request that proceedings looking to a suspension of the rates be instituted in the State Supreme Court. The commission alleged that the company had violated the laws of the State in ignoring an order of the commission.

"I see no reason," said Governor Coolidge, "why any of the States should surrender any of their rate-making powers to the Federal Government. In times of war emergencies may arise making it advisable not to stand upon the Constitution, but at the present time I feel that the State's interests should be fully protected. I feel strongly that the Public Service Commission, as in the past, should continue to make rates for Massachusetts patrons."

Michigan Asks an Injunction.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 21.—First steps to test the right of Postmaster General Burleson to fix long-distance telephone rates in Michigan were taken today by Attorney General Groesbeck in petitions in the Circuit Court for an injunction. Separate petitions were filed for each of the companies involved. They ask in addition to the restraining writ, an order requiring the companies to continue the present rates "until they are legally modified."

Order Obtained in Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 21.—Postmaster General Albert S. Burleson, the New York Telephone Company, the Delaware and Atlantic Telephone and Telegraph Company, and the American Telephone and Telegraph Company were ordered tonight, through an order issued by Judge John Bellstab, in the United States court, to appear and show cause at 10:30 o'clock on Monday morning next, in the Federal court here, why an injunction should not issue to restrain the Postmaster General and the telephone companies from continuing in force the order of the Postmaster General increasing telephone rates in New Jersey. These new rates, effective today, should first be approved by the Public Utility Commission, it is alleged.

Judge Bellstab, however, refused to issue a restraining order which would prohibit the immediate continuance of the new rates until the court had had an opportunity to pass upon the application for an injunction.

The petition was presented by Alfred N. Barber, Secretary of the State Utility Commission, through L. Edward Herrmann, counsel for the commission. Mr. Barber contends that the board is empowered by the State laws to have supervision, regulation, and control over all public utilities in the State. He also asserts the board has power to fix "just and reasonable" rates and may require every public utility concern in the State to file with it complete schedules and classification of rates.

The petition sets forth that the Utility Board issued an order yesterday directing the suspension of the new rates in

Continued on Page Four.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

France Had 5,192,372 Men Mobilized on Jan. 1, 1918

LYONS, Jan. 21, (Havas.)—The number of effectives mobilized by France from the outbreak of the war is given as follows in the report of Deputy Benazet on the war budget:

Aug. 15, 1914.—Officers, 92,828; soldiers, 3,780,000.

Feb. 15, 1915.—Officers, 97,753; soldiers, 4,900,000.

Jan. 1, 1916.—Officers, 109,814; soldiers, 5, 080,000.

Jan. 1, 1917.—Officers, 113,004; soldiers, 5, 026,000.

Jan. 1, 1918.—Officers, 128,372; soldiers, 5,064,000.

On Jan. 1, 1918, the infantry numbered 2,106,775; artillery, 899,645; aviation, 59,285; cavalry, 166,422; engineering corps, 185,110.

TREASON CHARGE AT WIRE INQUIRY

Moon Accuses Reynolds, Postal Official, Because He Fought Burleson's Plans.

AID FOR SMALL SYSTEMS

Mackay Manager Insists Control Is in Interest of Crippled Companies and Western Union.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Because Edward Reynolds, Vice President and General Manager of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, would not comply with orders issued by Postmaster General Burleson, Chairman Moon of the House Post Office Committee this afternoon charged Mr. Reynolds with "treason" at the committee hearing on the bill Judge Moon has written to extend the period of Federal control over the telegraph and telephone system. Trembling with indignation Mr. Reynolds resented the accusation, while members of the committee protested against Judge Moon's treatment of the witness.

The hearing was marked with bitterness all day. Witnesses representing the Minnesota State Railroad and Warehouse Commission, whom Representative Steenerson of that State presented, were accused by Judge Moon of being actuated by the desire to retain their places, which, he said, would be eliminated by Government regulation. There was distinct line-up in the committee, headed by Judge Moon on one side, and Representatives Steenerson and Madden of Illinois, both Republicans, on the other. Solicitor William H. Lamar of the Post Office Department sat beside Judge Moon and coached the Chairman with questions during the session.

It developed during the testimony that Mr. Reynolds had been dismissed on Dec. 1 because he indorsed a letter written by one of his subordinates urging delay and obstruction to the Federal plan of control.

"You were dismissed, were you?" asked Judge Moon.

"I certainly was," replied Mr. Reynolds.

"Because you were treasonable?"

"I take exception to that," exclaimed Mr. Reynolds, while members at the other end of the table shouted "No, No!" One of them, Mr. Madden, interjected:

"That should certainly be stricken from the record."

"You were disloyal to Mr. Burleson," continued Judge Moon.

"My daughter and son are in France and I won't permit you or any one else to impugn my loyalty," responded Mr. Reynolds.

"I think we should proceed with the hearing as if the witness was a human being," said Mr. Madden. "There's no reason that the power of Government should be used to bulldoze the witness."

Produces Reynolds's Letter.

Judge Moon explained that Mr. Reynolds, in his opinion, had been disloyal to the Postmaster General. The letter in question was of few lines and indorsing one in which a district superintendent said that, "as the war was over" the Postmaster General's plans should be rearded, and added," Thank God for a Republican House and presumably a Republican Senate." Mr. Reynolds said:

"I sent the letter out to some eight officials. It came into the hands of Mr. Burleson, and he dismissed me."

Mr. Reynolds testified he had started with the Postal Company thirty years ago as a messenger and read a prepared statement, in the course of which he said:

"Mr. Burleson's Operating Committee, consisting of a Western Union man, two Bell Telephone men and one Independent Telephone man, has within the last few days tried to get the Postal Company to agree to increased telegraph rates and the Postal Company has refused.

"I am reliably informed that most of the independent telephone companies were making money at the time the Government took them over, and I am also informed that they wish their properties returned at once, notwithstanding the statements made to this committee to the contrary.

"Public sentiment is opposed to retaining the wires, and no one is willing to admit he wishes the Government to keep the telephone lines in order to bring about Government ownership, except Mr. Burleson, himself, because that purpose is a perversion of the purpose for which Congress authorized the seizure of the lines.

"The whole situation looks to me like a scheme for the raising of telephone rates and the financing of crippled tele-

Continued on Page Four.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

LIBERAL GROUPS GAIN IN RETURNS OF GERMAN VOTE

Predicted in Berlin That a Socialist-Democratic Alliance Will Control Convention.

EBERT PARTY FACES FIGHT

May Be in a Minority if the Opposition Combines, Copenhagen Estimates.

RHINELAND FOR CENTRISTS

Weimar Reported to Have Been Selected as Meeting Place of National Assembly.

BERLIN, Jan. 20, (Associated Press.)—Full election returns from all sections of Germany are coming into Berlin slowly because of the work in apportioning the vote among the six leading parties.

Based on incomplete returns available at 8 o'clock tonight, the Majority Socialists had from 43 to 45 per cent. of the total vote. With the Independent Socialists and the German Democrats, the Majority Socialists will constitute the Left of the National Assembly, with 65 per cent. of the seats.

The Democratic Party has made an excellent showing, and may outstrip the Centrists (Christian People's Party) in the final count.

The Independent Socialists made a strong eleventh-hour rally in Berlin, and probably will get four out of the fourteen seats from Greater Berlin. The Majority Socialists will get five seats from Greater Berlin, the Democrats two, and the three parties of the Right one each.

Socialists Outvoted in Wurttemberg.

The combined bourgeois parties in the Kingdom of Württemberg and the Province of Hohensollern, Prussia, elected ten delegates to the National Assembly. The Majority Socialists seated seven and the Independent Socialists none. The combined popular vote of the Socialists was 506,000, and of the bourgeois parties 920,000.

In Mecklenburg and Lübeck the combined bourgeois parties elected three delegates and the Socialists three.

The Majority Socialists appear to have made big gains in East Prussia.

In Hanover and Bremen the Socialists had a large majority over the Independents.

The Independent Socialists in Leipsic polled 195,000 votes against 95,000 for the Majority Socialists.

At Frankfort-on-the-Oder the Majority Socialists elected four delegates, the German Democrats two, the National People's Party two, while the Independent Socialists, the German People's Party, and the Centrists failed to get a seat.

In the Magdeburg-Anhalt district the German Democrats got three delegates, the Majority Socialists seven, the National People's Party one, and the Independent Socialists, German People's Party, and Centrists none.

May Get Final Count Today.

The official final count of the national vote probably will not be available before Wednesday. Numerous votes in Berlin are being contested by the Independent Socialists, who charge the Majority Socialists with having used an illegal caption on their party ballot.

It is probable that former Chief of

Continued on Page Three.

Latest Returns of the German Election Show Socialist Lead for Assembly Seats

The following table shows the definite elections to seats in the German National Assembly, as shown by the latest cabled returns:

	Maj. Soc.	Ind. Soc.	Democrats.	People's	Chris. People's.	National.	Comb'd Anti-Soc.
Berlin	5	4	2	1	1	1	..
Saxony	17	3	6	2	..	4	..
Württemberg	7	..	..	..	..	..	10
Mecklenburg and Lübeck	3	...	...	1	1	1	..
Baden	5	..	3	..	5	8	..
Hamburg	7	1	3	..	..	..	..
Magdeburg-Anhalt	7	..	3	1	..	..	..
Frankfort-on-Oder	4	..	2	2	..	..	..
Totals	55	8	19	7	7	14	10

Estimated distribution of seats in the National Assembly, based on incomplete returns: Majority Socialists, 184; Majority and Independent Socialists and German Democrats combined, 266; other parties, 144. Total seats in the Assembly, about 410.

Total popular vote so far announced in detail—5,791,430.

Party Totals—Majority Socialists, 1,593,366; Independent Socialists, 548,795; Democrats, 688,315; Christian People's Party, 707,730; People's Party, 198,373; National Party, 218,635; Bavarian parties, 410,224, in Württemberg only. Combined Socialists, 506,000; Combined Anti-Socialists, 920,000.

A Copenhagen compilation of the vote gives a total of 6,062,311, of which the Majority Socialists are said to have received 2,603,422.

The Majority Socialists are the party of Premier Ebert, from which the radical element split and formed the Independent Socialist Party.

The Democratic Party is a radical combination of the former National Liberals and Progressives.

The People's Party is the Pan-Germon element.

The Christian People's Party is the old Centrist or Catholic Party, now joined by many Protestants.

The National Party is made up of former Conservatives.

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Denial That Root or Taft Will Be Wilson's Alternate

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.
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By Wireless to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Statements from New York printed in the Paris afternoon newspapers that Elihu Root or William Howard Taft will succeed President Wilson on the American delegation when the President returns to America are said by those close to the President to be unfounded, although no authoritative statement has been issued.

These reports are entirely contrary to the President's announced intentions when he left America. He had arranged then that Secretary Baker should come to France to take his place in the plenipotentiary panel, and there is every reason to believe that there has been no change in his plans. The system for the rotation of plenipotentiaries was adopted, it is understood, partly to fit Mr. Baker's case.

MANUEL READY TO RESUME CROWN

Has Placed Himself Entirely at Disposal of Portugal, His Lord-in-Waiting Says.

ROYALIST CABINET FORMED

Revolt Successful in North, Spanish Government Hears —Lisbon Remains Loyal.

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Special Cable to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Viscount Asseca, Lord-in-Waiting to former King Manuel of Portugal, received The Daily Chronicle representative tonight at the hotel in London where the ex-King is staying. When the latest message from Vigo was shown to the Viscount he made the following statement:

"At the beginning of the war King Manuel made it distinctly understood that there was to be no movement in his favor in Portugal and that his country was to devote the whole of its energies to prosecution of the war. The assassination of the President in December altered the situation and seemed to threaten the country with chaos.

"In the circumstances a new situation was opened up, the possibility of which before was out of the question. The King's position was this, that he placed himself entirely at the disposal of Portugal. If his country wished him to return he would at once do so without any reference to difficulties or dangers that the course would involve.

"He has been treated with infinite kindness in this country, where he has greatly enjoyed his stay, but he has lived with no other idea than to return to his throne."

MADRID, Jan. 21.—The monarchist movement in Portugal, headed by Paiva Conceiro, has been successful in Northern Portugal, and a Government has been formed at Oporto, according to a report received by the Spanish Government yesterday from the Governor of the Province of Ponte Vedra, in Northwestern Spain, who added that Lisbon was believed to have joined the movement.

The monarchical Government, it was said, was constituted with Paiva Conceiro as President of the Council and Food Minister; M. Saleri, Minister of Home Affairs; Viscount Barro, Minister of Justice and Instruction; Magalhaes Lima, Minister of Foreign Affairs; Silva Ramos, Minister of Communication and Public Works; Count Asevedo, Minister of Labor, and Tamagnini Barbosa, Minister of War.

Auvices from another source state that the telegraph and telephone lines between Lisbon and Oporto have been cut, and declare that Manuel has also been proclaimed King in Lisbon.

Direct news from Lisbon, received here in an official message, however, states that the Government controls the

Continued on Page Two.

IRISH ASSEMBLY PROCLAIMS THE IRISH REPUBLIC

Declaration of Independence Read to First Sinn Fein Assembly in Dublin.

MEETING AT MANSION HOUSE

Evacuation of Ireland by the Garrison of British Troops Is Demanded.

APPEAL TO FREE NATIONS

Urges Recognition of National Status and "Right to Vindication" at Peace Conference.

DUBLIN, Jan. 21, (Associated Press).—Twenty-five members of the Sinn Fein Society elected to the British House of Commons assembled here this afternoon and formally constituted themselves the "Dail Eireann," which is Irish Gaelic for "Irish Parliament."

They elected Charles Burgess, whose Irish name is Cathal Brugha, Speaker. They also adopted a declaration of independence and an address to the free nations of the world and appointed a committee consisting of Count Plunkett, Arthur Griffiths and Professor Edward De Valeera to present the claims of Ireland to self-determination to the Peace Conference at Paris.

The two last named being in British prisons, only the venerable Count Plunkett can proceed to Paris, and then only provided the British Government consents to give him passports.

Proceedings Were Dull.

The walls of the hall were quaintly embellished with classic statues in plaster and coats of arms. Past Lord Mayors have witnessed many more exciting dramas, notably in recent years the conventions of the Nationalist Party, when there were impassioned speeches and hot party contests. That today's proceedings seemed tame by contrast was due to the fact that they were conducted in the dead language of the Irish tongue. This was a tribute to sentiment, but it was deadening to interest. Few of the 2,000 auditors understood the addresses.

Oratory was killed by the process of reading all the speeches, and even some of the delegates had trouble in following them on their manuscripts. The only concession to popular interest was the translation of the declaration of independence and the address to the free nations in English and French, and this was a wearisome process.

It should not be inferred there was any lack of emotion or want of feeling or responsibility on the part of the delegates. They evidently felt themselves men playing great parts in a solemn sacrament.

A crowd of perhaps a thousand, including many women and children, wearing green, white and yellow ribbons, pressed around the door of the Mansion House, watching the delegates enter. Only two policemen were visible, but the Sinn Fein had its own police—youths wearing white arm bands—to keep order.

Another crowd of different type was on hand—repatriated war prisoners of the Dublin Fusiliers. They had been entertained at luncheon in the Mansion House, and their friends and the public generally were waiting outside to cheer them.

This combination furnished the possibilities of a clash. But none occurred.

A Dingy Meeting Place.

The rotunda of the Mansion House, where the congress met, is a dingy old place, lighted by stained glass windows overhead. The platform and half the floor were fitted with tables for officers and delegates. The remainder of the floor and the circular gallery were reserved for the public, admission being by ticket.

A large proportion of the audience consisted of women. The number of young priests was conspicuous. One of the popular figures arriving first was Father O'Flanagan, who recently was dismissed from his parish by the Bishop on account of his political activity.

There was a brief demonstration when the delegates advanced down the centre aisle, the people standing on their seats and applauding them.

The youthfulness of the Sinn Fein leaders was their most noticeable characteristic. There were hardly a half dozen gray heads in the group. Count Plunkett, Member of Parliament and one of the leaders of the party, introduced in a few terse sentences Charles S. Burgess, a young man who acted as Chairman and who made a short speech which was much applauded. Most of the members of the party crossed themselves frequently during the prayer of the Rev. Father O'Flanagan.

The roll call was made in English. It included all the Members of Parliament elected from Ireland to the British Parliament. Naturally a majority of these men failed to respond, as they are in prison.

Mention of the name of Sir Edward Carson, leader of the Ulsterites, was the cause of much merriment during the session. The most striking feature of the program was the reading of the Declaration of Independence, first in Irish, with the delegates standing, and afterward in English and French, "Ireland's address to the free nations" was read. It began:

"The nation of Ireland, having her national independence, calls through her elected representatives, in Parliament as-

Continued on Page Two.

McKESSON & ROBBINS
Manufacture and recommend CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

COUNCIL TO DECIDE ON RUSSIA TODAY; COMPROMISE INQUIRY PLAN EXPECTED; WON'T RECEIVE ANY PARTY SPOKESMAN

See in Reinforcement of Polish Army A Means of Checking Russian Bolshevism

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The Daily Chronicle's diplomatic correspondent, discussing the Russian problem now before the Peace Conference, says that the telegrams exchanged between Great Britain and America alone on this portentous subject would fill a volume.

"The opinion obtains here," he says, "that if any intervention is sanctioned it will take the form of reinforcing the Polish Army, which would thus offer a wall to Bolshevism from the east to the west. Polish forces hitherto employed in the west would be strengthened by the addition of two American divisions."

The correspondent proceeds to point out that the weak point in this proposal is the uncertainty as to the disposition of the populace, and whether Bolshevism can be fought by such means. Premier Paderewski's difficulties are considerable, and are as great in the economic as in the political field. The question is how Poland can exist without close economic relations with Russia, since she cannot hope to find a market for her manufactures in the German or Austrian States. The correspondent proceeds:

"The interdependence of Poland, Esthonia, and other constituent parts of the old empire inspire the belief in many quarters that the only real remedy for the present anarchy is federation. Such a solution will probably receive sympathetic consideration from the conference. It is obvious that Russia is too large a territory to be administered from one centre, and its interests also are too diverse. Federation, then, seems to be the most workable system."

DOMINIONS SEEK TO ENTER LEAGUE

British Colonies Want Admission, with Same Status as Other Nations.

EARNED IT, SAYS HUGHES

Nationhood Won by Australia's Efforts in War—Natural Outcome, Says Borden.

PARIS, Jan. 21, (Associated Press.)—Canada, Australia, and the other self-governing Dominions of Great Britain have begun an effort for individual representation in the projected League of Nations. They claim the right to enter the league with the same status as other nations.

The question is now being discussed by the British and Dominion officials, and it will be for the British Government to say whether it shall ask the Peace Conference to accord the Dominions individual membership in the League.

The admission by the Peace Conference of the right of the Dominions to a separate representation at the sessions is held to have been in itself tacit recognition of their nationhood. The new proposal, however, goes further, and it is considered that its acceptance would be a formal acknowledgment by the world of the Dominions existing autonomously within the British Empire and of their equality with other nations. Unofficially it is stated that England will probably approve the plan, although the matter is still the subject of grave discussion.

Premier Hughes of Australia, discussing the claims of the dominions with The Associated Press, said:

"We have earned the right by our sacrifices and efforts in this great war to a place in the family of nations. We expect to come in with the same status as any other nation. So far as I understand it, President Wilson's conception of the League of Nations is that all nations shall come in on a basis of equality, the nations to come in as entities and retain their sovereign rights as nations.

"That being so, of course, once the status of nationhood is established, the Dominions would come in as the other nations and would be accorded whatever right they have."

Sir Robert L. Borden, Premier of Canada, gave to The Associated Press tonight the following statement regarding the claims of the Dominions:

"In the Imperial War Council in 1917 I had the honor of moving in behalf of Canada a resolution which was accepted by the United Kingdom and the other dominions and which declared that the readjustment of the constitutional relations of the component parts of the British Empire should be based on the full recognition of the dominions as autonomous nations of the Imperial Commonwealth.

"The principle thus established has been illustrated and carried into effect by the Peace Conference, in which the several Dominions have distinctive representation as members of the world-wide Britannic commonwealth, which, in open sense, is itself a League of Nations.

"The resolution of 1917, to which I have alluded, declared in emphatic terms the right of each Dominion to an adequate voice in the foreign policy and foreign relations with which the proposed League of Nations is intimately and vitally concerned.

"It is neither necessary nord esirable to forecast the exact method by which this essential purpose shall be fulfilled in framing the constitution of the proposed league."

Canada, Australia, and New Zealand have for several years claimed for themselves absolute independence, so far as the conduct of internal affairs was concerned, but this principle has never been formally admitted by England. The Dominions, it is said, will now ask for formal recognition of it.

The announcement of the aspirations of the Dominions is being discussed with the keenest interest in official circles in Paris. The question is being frequently asked whether this present important step is to be followed later by insistence on the part of the Dominions of a right as nations to have a full share in dictating the foreign policy of the empire as far as it affects the Dominions.

"The British Empire is in one sense a national entity and in another a League of Nations in itself," was the way one high personage summarized the situation tonight.

The Italian Government has nominated Senator Scialoja, former Minister of Justice, as the Italian member of the international committee in Paris to study the question of the League of Nations. Leon Bourgeois and Lord Robert Cecil are the French and British members respectively.

LICHNOWSKY PLEA FOR A JUST PEACE

German Diplomat Expresses His Faith in Wilson and British Statesmen.

ANXIOUS ABOUT FRONTIERS

But Believes Germany's Rights Will Be Respected, "Especially in the East."

BERLIN, Jan. 21, (Associated Press.)—Prince Lichnowsky, former German Ambassador to Great Britain, today gave the following statement to The Associated Press:

"A peace of right and justice, provided it is not merely to be a phrase behind which a peace of violence conceals itself as a Pax Britannica, can only be such a peace as neither enslaves nor mutilates the conquered and which leaves him the possibility of recuperating, of paying his debts and of entering with complete confidence into the peaceful competition of a Society of Nations. A League of Nations which has its roots only in statutes and is not in the hearts of peoples is worthless.

"Just as the conquerors hundreds of years ago treated France forbearingly and left in its possession its old borders, including even German Alsace, which had earlier been taken away from us just as forcibly as we later took it back, so I believe there will be left to us, especially in the East, our borders which are indispensable for us politically and economically.

"Not only ethnography, but also geography, should be taken into consideration in establishing borders. The Poles and Czechs have no more right to our mixed-language territories, which owe their prosperity alone to German organization and to the German market, than we have to all the German territories outside the empire, including the German parts of Alsace-Lorraine.

"Hence a peace of justice would be only such a one as neither boycotts us nor lays upon us intolerable financial burdens which would make us dependents for all time, nor one which creates untenable borders and robs us of lands which we require geographically and economically.

"Mr. Wilson and the British statesmen have announced their war aims to be the abolishing of autocracy and militarism and making good the harm the war has done to Belgium and France. I expect confidently that they will now demonstrate the uprightness of their intentions and that they will not create the impression that a war psychosis now rules them, just as it ruled with us during the war."

STEVENS TO BE HEAD OF TRANS-SIBERIAN

Russian General Horvath to be Co-Director—Allies to Speed Up Work on Road.

VLADIVOSTOK, Jan. 20, (via Montreal.)—The agreement for Allied control of the Trans-Siberian Railway gives the Americans control of the line from Pogranichana to Omsk, a distance of 3,000 miles; the British will have charge of the line from Omsk to the fighting front; the French will control the Khabarovsk line, and the Japanese the line from Blagovieatchenak to Chita.

The administrative positions are to be filled by Russians and Americans in equal numbers. There are to be Russians only on the working staff. John F. Stevens, head of the American Railway Commission to Russia, is to be chief administrator of the railway, with the Russian General Horvath as co-director. Americans are to guard the line.

"Cars and engines are being supplied from the United States. Great workshops are being opened in Vladivostok, and every effort is to be made to speed up operations.

AGAINST DEAL WITH SOVIETS

Danish Diplomat Emphasizes the Futility of Treating With Them.

CALL WILSON REACTIONARY

Red Leaders Scoff at the President and Lloyd George, Council Is Told.

OUR LEAGUE PLAN UP SOON

Wilson Expected to Present Memorial at Full Session Late This Week.

PARIS, Jan. 21, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council of the Great Powers hopes to formulate a concrete proposal on Russia at tomorrow's meeting. This was the definite official announcement of the communiqué issued tonight after the council had been considering the Russian situation continuously for two days.

It can be added that, while this concrete proposal was not finally decided upon and reduced to writing, its main features were agreed upon in principle. The members came from the session, however, feeling that there was no sovereign remedy insuring a certain cure for the difficult and dangerous situation, and that it would be desirable to embody several lines of action in the proposal.

The first effect of this decision will be that neither Serglus Sazonoff, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs before the revolution, nor any Soviet agents will be received in Paris as exponents of Russian affairs, but that some form of inquiry or investigation of political conditions in Russia will be made without considering the presence in Paris of the champions of either side of the dispute. This determination is largely the result of a strong sentiment in some quarters against having any direct dealings with the Bolshevikl.

Early indications were that Premier Lloyd George's proposal to M. Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, would again take form in having Soviet agents come here, and three names of prominent leaders were mentioned as possible emissaries. But this is now said to have been definitely superseded by a plan of inquiry or investigation without involving the presence of Soviet agents.

Dane's Testimony Against Soviets.

The Danish Minister to Russia, Harold Scavenius, who took charge of French interests on the departure of the Ambassador, made a statement before the executive session of the council today on conditions in Russia, which also had a strong influence in determining that Soviet representatives should not come to Paris. He was the last of the Ministers to leave Petrograd, and today he emphasized the futility of trying to conduct any intercourse with the Soviet leaders.

He read an article written by one of the Soviet chiefs declaring that Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson were too conservative and reactionary for the Soviets to deal with.

He also gave exact data on the Bolshevist forces, showing that they did not exceed 90,000 armed men, the remainder being without arms or ammunition, clothing or shoes. He said also that the Red Army was largely recruited from the famished peasants, who took this means to obtain food and the pay the Soviet seemed able to give them.

Polish Question Up Today.

The Polish question will come up at tomorrow's session as well as the matter of Russia. It is understood in this connection that President Wilson has received information concerning the spread of the Bolshevist movement in Poland, where the Russian Red Army is nearing Warsaw. It is expected that proposals will be renewed for the allied armies to help the Polish Army with war material, but this has not yet been decided.

The official communiqué tonight also announces that the question of procedure of the conference was again discussed. The nature of this discussion was in determining the appointment of two committees, the first to deal with reparation for the damages of the war, the second to deal with the subject of the League of Nations.

Another full session of the Peace Conference will probably be held next Friday or Saturday for the purpose of the presentation of a memorial on the League of Nations by President Wilson. The English and French me-

morials on the League will probably be presented at the same time, and the committee proposed today will then work out the details, while the full conference may enunciate some general expression of principle on the plan.

The council at 12:30 o'clock took a recess until 3 P. M. M. Scavenius finished his statement at noon and withdrew. The council, however, continued its consideration of the Russian question and planned to resume it at the afternoon session.

At the close of the morning session President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George had an earnest discussion of ten minutes' duration in an antechamber.

The Supreme Council's afternoon session lasted from 3 to 5 o'clock.

Text of the Official Statement.

The official statement regarding the council's proceedings says:

The President of the United States, the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers, assisted by the Japanese representatives, met today at the Quai d'Orsay from 10:30 A. M. to 12:45 P. M. in the morning, and in the afternoon from 3 to 5 P. M.

In the morning M. Scavenius, Danish Minister to Russia, gave all the information at his disposal on the various parties in Russia.

In the afternoon the discussion of this question was continued. Very great progress toward an agreement was made, and it is hoped to formulate a concrete proposal on this subject tomorrow. The question of the procedure of the conference was then discussed.

The next meeting will take place at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

M. Sazonoff, former Russian Foreign Minister, has been in conference with some members of the American delegation, urging the admission to the conference of delegates from the Omsk Government in Russia, which he represents here.

The attitude of the various powers toward Russia is summed up today by L'Information, which states that the situation stands as follows:

"France and Italy heretofore have been for intervention on condition that the Allies were unanimous for it. Great Britain, through Premier Lloyd George, has expressed a desire to see intervention limited to the coasts of the Caspian Sea, leaving to Russia the adjustment of her own affairs in the interior. President Wilson seems to agree with the latter conception, and to be still hoping to see the Bolsheviki, in the process of evolution, establish a régime less resembling an anarchical one. Japan has not yet agreed to consider the possibility of prolonging the action she has undertaken in Siberia."

FRENCH NOW UNWILLING TO INTERVENE IN RUSSIA

See Futility of Acting Alone, While the Italians Cannot Spare Troops.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—The proceedings before President Wilson and the Premiers and Foreign Ministers of England, France, Italy, and Japan at the Quai d'Orsay today and tomorrow may be likened very closely to an investigation by a Grand Jury. The first witness, so to speak, called today was M. Noulens, the recently returned French Ambassador to Russia. Tomorrow he will be followed by M. Scavenius, the Danish Minister to Russia.

To the testimony of these men the great powers will add all available information on every phase of the Russian situation, political, economic, military, and social. This is the first and one of the greatest tasks of the Peace Conference.

No one pretends yet to say what the finding of this Grand Jury will be, but it is admitted that one of three courses must be followed. These are:

First—To fight the Bolsheviki outright and directly by sending a powerful military force of American and allied troops into Russia.

Second—To fight the Bolsheviki indirectly and by proxy, that is, not by sending in troops, but by furnishing adequate supplies—guns, ammunition, food, and money—to the Russian Governments which are anti-Bolshevist, and aiding them in every possible way short of sending troops, but leaving the actual fighting to save Russia from her present plight to Russians themselves.

Third—To give up fighting the Bolsheviki altogether, and to try to arrive at a working arrangement with the Soviet Government whereby the Bolshevist leaders would pledge themselves to cease warfare and terrorism and to give the Allies an opportunity to relieve the present starvation conditions in Russia and assist in the reorganization of the transportation and industrial systems as a preliminary to restoring commercial and diplomatic relations with the rest of the world and putting the Russian people in a position to decide upon their form of government.

No Chance of Intervention.

There seems to be hardly one chance in a million that the first of these three possible courses will be adopted. The anti-intervention policy of America is well known. Furthermore, France herself, formerly the chief advocate of sending a big allied military force into Russia to exterminate the Bolsheviki, no longer feels that she is able to undertake such a task at the end of a long war and in the face of public clamor for speedy demobilization. France surely would not undertake the enterprise alone, and there is no trace of encouragement or co-operation from any other nation. Italy, who is keeping up full mobilization in case of the emergency of war with the Jugoslavs, would send no troops for a Winter campaign in Russia.

So practically there are really only two possible courses open: either to supply the anti-Bolshevist Russians with munitions to keep up the war on the Lenine forces, or to treat with the representatives of the Bolsheviki, as has already been proposed by Lloyd George. France is the only Government which has declared itself against this proposal from the British Premier, and the only other declared opposition to it is that from the committee of Russian statesmen and diplomats in Paris striving to be accepted by the Peace Conference as the only representatives of Russia with whom the other powers may safely deal.

It has been assumed by France that Italy would stand by her in this matter, and that America and Japan would consent to the Lloyd George plan. But the Orlando Government has given no sign to indicate its Russian policy for the immediate future, and Italy dares not go too far in antagonism to what may be America's attitude, for she is absolutely dependent on the continuance of loans from the United States.

Hope for Lloyd George's Plan.

So it is well within the range of possibility and even probability that the Lloyd George proposal which, when revealed to the world the other day by Pichon's vehement rejection of it, caused such a sensation in international politics, may after all be adopted by the Peace Conference, before which the Bolsheviki would thus have an opportunity to state their case and promise to cease their atrocities till the conference could finally pass on their case.

It should be remembered that the proposal which Lloyd George passed on to the Foreign Offices of other countries came originally from the Bolsheviki themselves in the shape of a request of Litvinoff, who assured Lloyd George that Bolshevist terrorism would cease if he and his associates could get a chance to appear before the Peace Conference.

The adoption of this last of the three possible courses would involve the cessation of the present hostilities against the Bolshevist Government which the Allies are now carrying on in Northern and Southern Russia and Siberia and the withdrawal of the comparatively small military forces now engaged in those campaigns, after satisfactory assurance had been obtained from the Bolsheviki that they also would cease all fighting.

This would not mean formal recognition by the powers of the Bolshevist Government. On the contrary, the Lloyd George plan would provide for the Peace Conference listening to representatives of the other Governments of Russia which are now struggling to maintain themselves against Bolshevism and eventually to unite themselves into one democratic Government of all Russia.

As I cabled you last week, the whole Lloyd George plan is strongly opposed by the Russian committee in Paris on the ground that the Bolsheviki, who represent the destruction of nations, should have no place in a conference based on the idea of democratic States, and that the representatives of the other Governments of Russia should not be received as representing separate States, for the purpose of all those States is to be united, and the truest representation of the real Russia which they are all striving for is in the personnel of this Paris committee consisting of Sazonoff, Lvoff, Bakhmeteff, Maklakoff, and Tchaikovsky. These men will be heard before the decision is reached.

Lenine's Power Seems Waning.

Paris sees vague, wavering signs of hope in the situation because of evidence of the breaking down of the Bolsheviki's strength. Deaths from starvation at the rate of a thousand daily are occurring in Petrograd alone, and the population of that city has been cut in half in the last fourteen months by removal, death, and massacre. Every form of enterprise by which men live has been completely paralyzed; and, because of all this, Lenine's power is diminishing rather than increasing.

Lenine apparently realizes this. It was with his approval, of course, that Litvinoff asked for parleys with the Allies, and he has already gone so far as to propose to the Soviet Congress a surrender to the Allies. Two hundred delegates voted on this proposal, and it was defeated by a majority of only twelve. On the other hand, Lenine still has good control of the Red Army, now estimated at 300,000, and the advocates in Paris of making working arrangements with the Bolsheviki say that is the only way, because every threat of military intervention from without simply increases Lenine's power.

REDS SPEND BILLIONS, CAN'T COLLECT TAXES

Soviet Government Faces Probable Deficit of 43,000,000,000 Rubles for 1918.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 21.—The financial statement of the Russian Bolshevist Government for 1918, according to a Petrograd dispatch, shows that the expenditures for the year were 47,000,000,000 rubles, and that there would be a probable deficit of 43,000,000,000 owing to the inability of the Government to collect the property tax.

From July to December the Soviet Government spent 7,773,000,000 rubles on the Ministry of War, compared with 644,000,000 rubles in the preceding six months.

NEED 350,000 TONS OF FOOD.

Allied Investigator Finds 5,000,000 Poles Must Have Relief.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Dr. Vernon Kellogg, of the international relief organization, who has just returned to Paris from making a food survey of Poland on behalf of the Supreme Food and Relief Council, says that there are between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 people there who must be supplied with 350,000 tons of food for the six months until the next harvest.

Food, he reports, is imperative to fortify the new Government and check disorders in Warsaw, Lemberg, Lodz, and other large cities. Danzig is the key to the Polish relief situation, and under the armistice it is open to the Allies, as well as the territory leading into Poland. Dr. Kellogg urges the immediate shipment of quantities of milk for the starving children in Lemberg, but says extensive relief is impossible until the Danzig avenue is thoroughly organized. A shipload of food bought in New York by Polish and Jewish committees is now on the way to Danzig. Other food will be rushed from Copenhagen and Rotterdam when money for it is available.

Dr. Kellogg says that shipments of raw materials also are necessary to afford employment.

REDS SEEK PEACE WITH UNITED STATES

Ask for a Conference to Discuss Withdrawal of American Troops from Russia.

SEND NOTE TO WASHINGTON

State Department Forwards It by Wireless to Paris to be Dealt with There.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 20.—Maxim Litvinoff, former Bolshevist Ambassador in London, who is in Stockholm, forwarded on Saturday to the American State Department a note sent by Bolshevist Foreign Minister Tchitcherin, in which it was pointed out that the original reasons for allied intervention in Russia, as restated recently in the American Senate by Senator Hitchcock, do not exist any more. The note expresses willingness to come to an understanding with the American Government.

Foreign Minister Tchitcherin asked the American Government to fix a date and place for Soviet representatives to meet emissaries of the United States. Tchitcherin made the assertion that American officers and soldiers "do not any longer understand why they are in Russia."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—American representatives at the Peace Conference, it was said today at the State Department, have under consideration the note of Bolshevist Foreign Minister Tchitcherin, proposing that the United States fix a date and place for a conference between Soviet representatives and American emissaries to discuss withdrawal of American troops from Russia.

The note was forwarded promptly to Paris after its receipt at the State Department by wireless, so that it might be considered along with other aspects of the Russian situation.

ESTHONIANS RETAKE NARVA FROM REDS

Capture Many Prisoners and Guns —Trotzky Said to Have Escaped From City.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—A notable success has been won against the Bolsheviki by Esthonian troops operating to the northeast of Lake Peipus, according to an Esthonian official statement received by wireless at Stockholm today and transmitted here. They have taken the town of Narva, on the Reval-Petrograd Railway line, together with a large number of prisoners.

Finnish troops co-operated with the Esthonians, the statement says. A quantity of booty fell into the hands of the victorious forces, including guns, provisions, and armored trains. The prisoners included division and regimental staffs.

Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist War Minister, it is stated, was present in Narva during the fighting and fled after the Bolshevist defeat.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 21.—Swedish military missions which have returned here from Lithuania and Esthonia have reported favorably regarding the sending of a volunteer military expedition into Lithuania, where the Lithuanian forces are unable to stem the Bolshevist advance. The missions report against an expedition to Esthonia, owing to the lack of economic resources there.

The first Swedish detachment probably will start for Libau this week.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 21.—A majority of the members of the Lithuanian Cabinet, headed by the Premier, arrived at the Danish Island of Bornholm, in the Baltic Sea, Monday. They left Libau because of the Bolshevist invasion of Lithuania.

URGES SEIZURE OF LIVONIA.

Prof. Jeanneret Says It Is Source of Red Army's Chief Strength.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Jan. 20.—M. Philippe Jenneret, the Swiss professor who has just returned from Russia, where he was a teacher at the college in Khasan for many years, has joined the Czechoslovak Corps in Russia. He has had personal experience in fighting the Bolsheviki.

"The organization of the Bolshevist Army," he says, "has been effected chiefly by Letts and Hungarians. In the early days of our campaign the Red Guards were merely bandits who pillaged villages and murdered defenseless peasants, but took to their heels when we attacked them. But quite suddenly there was a complete change, and we found ourselves opposed to well-disciplined regular troops.

"Lenine and Trotzky, realizing their danger, had incorporated thousands of Hungarian prisoners, whom they paid and fed well, in their army, and reorganized it with the help of Lett officers. The Letts and Hungarians today form the backbone of the Bolshevist forces. Lenine and Trotzky draw most of their strength from Livonia, which the Allies should occupy without delay if they wish to strike a mortal blow against Bolshevism in Russia.

"The cruelty and bestiality of the Letts, who hold nearly all the important posts under the Bolshevist Government, surpass belief. The horrors at Khasan, where 250 men, women, and children were walled up in a cellar and left to starve, were perpetrated by order of the Lett Commissary with the Bolshevist Army."

After his tragic experiences, it is natural that the Swiss professor's spirit is overshadowed by the menace which to him appears very real of a Bolshevist invasion of Europe.

"Take strong measures before it is too late," he earnestly advises. "Otherwise Europe will once more be plunged in a sea of blood. Here in the West no one seems to dream of danger. Victory and peace have filled everybody with joy and hope, but the last act of the great drama has not yet been played. Those who, like myself, have been face to face with Bolshevism, are terrified by what they see creeping nearer day by day."

PADEREWSKI NOT WOUNDED.

Warsaw Denies Stories of Disorders, Says Germans Circulate Them.

WARSAW, Jan. 20, (Associated Press.)—Polish troops in arresting more than 200 Bolshevist agitators fired a dozen shots today in the Jewish quarter of the city. The incident at once gave rise to a report that pogroms had occurred. The Jewish newspaper of Warsaw says, however, that only three persons were wounded. Another newspaper says that two of those wounded were Polish women and that the third was a Jewish cabman, who was shot accidentally.

Members of allied missions who are arriving here from Switzerland and France say that wild rumors about disorders in Poland have been in circulation in allied countries. One rumor had to do with the alleged wounding of Ignace Jan Paderewski.

Most of the reports of disorders can be dismissed as having a German origin. There are also innumerable stories circulated here regarding conditions in the outside world, and these are only contradicted when travelers arrive or when Paris or London newspapers reach Warsaw two or three weeks after the alleged incidents were said to have occurred.

A Vienna dispatch received in Copenhagen and transmitted to London on Jan. 12 said that M. Paderewski had been wounded slightly by an assassin at Warsaw. There never was any confirmation of this report from Warsaw direct.

POLES STILL HOLD OUT IN BESIEGED CITIES

People of Lemberg and Przemysl Resist Ukrainian Troops Despite Fierce Bombardment.

WARSAW, Jan. 20, (Associated Press.)—The Polish population is heroically defending Lemberg from capture by the Ukrainians. Women and boys are taking part in the spirited fighting.

For the last month Lemberg has been surrounded by the Ukrainians, and the railway has been cut.

Przemysl is also being shelled by six German nine-inch guns, and airplanes are dropping shells upon the town daily, but the Ukrainians have not been successful in capturing it.

MOVES TO DECLARE HAMMERLING AN ALIEN

Citizenship of Head of Foreign Language Newspapers May Be Revoked by Court.

Special to The New York Times.

SCRANTON, Penn., Jan. 21.—By direction of the Department of Justice the United States District Attorney for this Federal district is preparing to present a petition to the United States District Court for the revocation of the naturalization papers of Louis N. Hammerling, President of the Association of Foreign Language Newspapers in the United States, with offices in the Woolworth Building, New York.

The evidence seems to be, so far as the investigation has proceeded, that when Hammerling applied for his second papers he swore that he was born in Hawaii. It is alleged that this statement was not true.

It was said at Mr. Hammerling's home, 104 East Fortieth Street, last night that he was out of town and it was not known when he would return.

PLAN REVOLTS IN FAR EAST.

Bolsheviki Prepare Propaganda for China, India, and Persia.

LONDON, Jan. 21, (via Montreal.)—The Russian Bolshevist Government for a long time has been organizing an extensive propaganda for revolutions in China, India, and Persia and is now ready, as soon as the opportunity offers, to send agents with large sums of money to stir up trouble throughout Asia, according to reliable advices received here.

A great obstacle facing the revolutionary plans of the Bolsheviki is the existence of the army of the Omsk Government, which at present effectively bars the road to Asia by way of the Ural front. If, however, it is pointed out, Admiral Kolchak's army becomes weakened and disintegrates through lack of support and encouragement, the Bolshevist plans would very seriously threaten the peace of Asia.

CONSIDERING PLANS TO RELAX BLOCKADE

American Delegates Contemplate Allowing Enemy Countries to Import Foodstuffs.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—(Associated Press.)—Owing to pressure of more urgent problems before delegates to the Peace Congress, various economic delegations are studying, each for itself, the blockade and kindred problems. It is probable that they will start joint discussions this week.

American opinion contemplates a certain relaxation of the earlier "watertight" blockade, which would allow the entry of foodstuffs, lubricants and other materials into enemy countries. This, it is held, would permit the restoration of distributing systems, flour mills and other agencies involved in the preparation of food supplies. The blockade, however, would otherwise be as rigidly enforced as ever, because of its value as a weapon to force the enemy to accept the peace terms that will be presented.

The relaxation of the blockade as regards foodstuffs is already effective in a part of the former Hapsburg domains. Food is being sent into Vienna as well as to liberated regions, and will be supplied to Germany under the terms of the armistice extension agreement signed at Treves last Friday.

American experts are said to believe that babbitt metal for bearings, lubricants, repair parts for locomotives and flour mills and other articles fall in virtually the same category as foodstuffs, since it is obvious that enemy countries have no adequate facilities for milling flour and distributing food after it is imported.

Some American economic experts advocate for enemy countries, at least Austria-Hungary, and possibly Germany, a further relaxation of the blockade to permit the importation of limited quantities of raw materials. These imports, however, would not be enough to permit the Central Powers to resume international commercial competition while the allied countries were still laboring under the handicap of the devastation of their chief industrial regions, the spoliation of industrial plants, the transformation of the great bulk of their remaining factories into war plants, and the absence of industrial laborers who are still under arms.

The manufacture of textiles, for example, is urgently required to meet the needs of enemy populations, and the production of other materials is held to be absolutely indispensable. This would, it is said, facilitate relief measures and alleviate conditions of unemployment upon which Bolshevism thrives, particularly in Hungary.

TELLS OF BISMARCK'S AIM.

Memorandum Quotes Him as Saying He Expected to Crush France.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Prince Bismarck contemplated a second war by Germany against the French which would result in the virtual destruction of France, according to a document published in the Petit Parisien today.

The document purports to be a note made by an ex-counsellor of the then King of Hanover, summing up a conversation with Bismarck, and is said to have been found recently among the papers of a French literary man.

"I am positive that if I live long enough I am destined to destroy France," Bismarck is quoted as having said, "for in another war I will take from her her colonies and her fleet, not to mention billions, and will dismember her a second time. For this purpose I am going to prepare the German people to become more powerful."

ARABS LOOK TO US FOR INDEPENDENCE

Prince Feisal of Hedjaz Says Eyes of the Whole East Are Turned Toward America.

PRESENTS CLAIMS AT PARIS

Proposes a State Comprising Hedjaz, Syria, Mesopotamia, Yemen, and Nejd.

PARIS, Jan. 21, (Associated Press.)—Prince Feisal, son of the King of Hedjaz, whom he represents at the Peace Conference, is pressing his claims for the recognition of the Arab State of Hedjaz.

"The Arabs have long enough suffered under foreign domination," he said to The Associated Press today. "The hour has at last struck when we are to come into our own again. We have, I believe, an even greater right to become free and independent than any of the new States to be formed through the war, since we are the oldest democracy in the world.

"The country is inhabited almost exclusively by a homogeneous set of Arabs, all descending from a common stock, while the foreign element is infinitesimal, certainly smaller than in any other country I know of. There are only about two thousand Turkish officials and no Turkish population in a land containing three and one-half million Arabs. Why then should not the Arabs rule the country where they live and have lived for countless generations? Why should we not be masters in our own house?"

The Prince then explained that the provinces they claimed as constituting the proposed State are Hedjaz, Syria, Upper and Lower Mesopotamia, Yemen and Nejd. He made it clear that he was here officially only as the representative of the Kingdom of Hedjaz.

"But," he added, "I am also the representative of the whole Arab army, which was recruited from each and all of these States, and I can truthfully say that the Arabs are unanimous in claiming their independence. If the Peace Conference should doubt this statement, or lend ear to the rumors that Syria prefers the French, or Palestine the British, let them send a commission to investigate. If they find that any portion of Arabia would prefer to be ruled by China, Japan, Chile or any other power, then I shall not have another word to say.

"As a small struggling nation we have already done much. King Hussein, my father, commonly called 'the Grand Old Man of the East,' declared war against Turkey when she was at the height of her military glory, and invited volunteers to his standard. Soon quite a considerable army collected, which, under my personal leadership, inflicted on the Turks a series of defeats, culminating in the taking of Medina last week.

"The Arab Army acted as the British right wing, and in the last offensive, in addition to taking 40,000 prisoners, by a rapid march cut the Turkish line of retreat, enabling the British to capture 70,000 more.

"The two usual objections made to our ambitions," continued the Prince, "are: 'Have your people reached a high enough standard of civilization to govern themselves?' and 'Will you have enough money to carry on your State?'

"To the first I unhesitatingly say 'Yes.' The world must not forget that it is Arabs who largely govern the country at this very moment, and all over the world Arabs have shown their worth as merchants and administrators. There must be some six or seven thousand Arabs fighting in the American Army, as there are about 250,000 Arabs in America.

"As for the second question, I also answer in the affirmative. Our country is a rich one. It contains large quantities of copper, iron, mineral oils, and a little coal, while, when properly irrigated, it is perhaps one of the most fertile in the world. That, I think, is enough to tempt capital, and we intend to welcome all foreigners who come with the intention of investing capital or teaching us something. The only stipulation we make is that there shall be no intrigue, no foreign control, but complete freedom for the Arabs.

"I address this appeal to the American people," said Prince Feisal in conclusion, "because I believe American public opinion to be the chief factor in deciding our fate. I also address them because I have complete faith in them. Even in the furthest corner of my own distant country the word has spread that America is the friend of all oppressed and the enemy of all oppressors, that to her all oppressed may come, sure of finding patient ears to listen and strong arms to uphold the weak if the claims are found to be just.

"At this moment the eyes of the whole East are turned toward America. It is up to her now to show that our faith is not misplaced."

Officers Lead Revolt at Budapest.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 21.—It is reported that there have been counter-revolutionary demonstrations led by officers at Budapest, and that there have been conflicts with the police in which bloodshed resulted.

Uhlans Sent to Polish Border.

BERLIN, Jan. 20, (Associated Press.)—A squadron of the 3d Guard Uhlans, according to the Lokal-Anzeiger, left Potsdam this morning for the Polish front.

MANUEL READY TO RESUME CROWN

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

situation, and that the republican leaders are united in defense of the present régime.

Other messages report Lisbon quiet, with strong police forces guarding the palace of the Civil Governor.

The commander at Coimbra has received orders to march upon Oporto, Braga, and Viscus.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Circumstances of the outbreak of the monarchical revolution in Portugal are given in an agency dispatch from Lisbon filed at 11:45 A. M. on Monday. It says:

"The Minister of War, with a number of officers, took a special train to Oporto and arrived there yesterday. They were received at the station by officers of the garrison, who conducted them to headquarters. They were informed that a monarchy was about to be proclaimed in Oporto.

"The Minister and his suite were able to take a train for Lisbon. On their way they received confirmation of the proclamation of a monarchy in Oporto.

"The monarchist manifesto calls upon the population to fly the old blue and white royalist banner.

"The Cabinet has taken vigorous measures to maintain order. A state of siege has been proclaimed throughout the country. The warships Vasco da Gama and Guadiana have been called home, and two other war vessels have been sent to Oporto. At Coimbra two divisions of the reserves have been called to the colors.

"The Lisbon garrison remains loyal to the Government."

The message states that the troubles are not of a Bolshevist nature, but are merely due to interparty quarrels.

"From a conversation between Premier Barbosa and Ayres Ornellas, chief agent in Portugal of ex-King Manuel," adds the message, "it appears that the former King considers the present moment inopportune for an attempt to restore the monarchy."

DIFFICULT TO ADJUST ALLOTMENT TREATIES

American Delegates Strongly Favor Recasting of Secret Programs Framed in Wartime.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—A. P. Nicholson, the Paris correspondent of The Daily News, telegraphs:

"As the question of the secret treaties made during the war is referred to from time to time, it is of interest to state that I am hearing on trustworthy authority that the view taken by the Allies who signed such treaties is this:

"The treaties signed between the other powers and Russia are abrogated by the Russian revolution only so far as those parts relating to Russia are concerned, while the parts concerning the remaining signatories hold good as treaty obligations. At the same time the view is taken in British circles that so much has happened since America's entry into the war and later events—that it is profoundly desirable that the conference as a whole should regard such agreements as modified by these later events.

"America, which was not a party to such agreements, takes the strong line that this is so, and will make that view felt.

"The agreement between France and Russia of February, 1917, which provided for the Rhineland as an autonomous and neutral State, of course falls to the ground.

"The Treaty of London of 1915, signed by Great Britain, France, Russia, and Italy, is what the Italian claims are founded on. The Russian clauses drop out, but the clauses remaining prescribe a smaller territory to the Jugoslavs, though Fiume was allotted to them. To Italy went the Trentino, Istria, Southern Tyrol, Gorizia, Gradisca, the Dalmatian province, a number of the Adriatic islands, and the Dodecanese Islands.

"The agreement of the same Allies with Rumania in February, 1918, included the Rumanian claim to the Banat, which is now opposed by the Serbians.

"A memorandum on Turkey in the Spring of 1916, made by Great Britain, France, and Russia, holds good diplomatically between Great Britain and France except for the dropped Russian clauses. It was by this that France claimed the coastal strip of Syria and the vilayet of Adana, and Great Britain South Mesopotamia, with Bagdad and the Syrian ports of Haifa and Acre.

"The Persian and China agreements fall out, but I understand that there is an agreement of Japan with the Allies giving Japan possession of the Caroline and Marshall Islands, in the Pacific. This is strongly opposed by Australia.

"It will be seen from this outline what far-reaching modifications will be required in the interests of a common agreement."

DEPUTIES' WORK FOR PEACE.

Committee of the Chamber Planned to Co-operate with Clemenceau.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Premier Clemenceau having appealed to the Chamber of Deputies to co-operate in the task of making peace, Maurice Damour, supported by 100 Deputies, has introduced a motion in the Chamber for the appointment of a committee on the subject to give its opinions on various matters and to prepare reports for submission to the Chamber.

By the adoption of this method M. Damour points out, the Parliament would be kept in close touch with the negotiations and would afford the negotiators needed moral support. The Chamber thus would also be able to study the preliminaries of the peace before they were submitted for ratification.

WOMEN CRY FOR JUSTICE.

French Petition Asks Peace Conference to Avenge Their Wrongs.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Frenchwomen have addressed a petition to the members of the Peace Conference asking justice in the name of thousands of women, young girls, and children who, it is set forth, were systematically torn from their families and subjected to various forms of ill treatment at the hands of the Germans during the war. The petition adds:

"In order forever to prevent the recurrence of such atrocities we ask that those who executed them and those who ordered them be condemned as criminals of the common law."

WHOLE NAVY FORCE SOON TO BE SENT HOME

F. D. Roosevelt Says That Fewer Than 3,000 Men Will Remain Abroad After Feb. 15.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, after a conference with Admiral Sims on plans for the demobilization of the American navy in European waters said tonight that he was confident that with the exception of about 3,000 men the American navy would be out of Europe not later than February 15.

When the armistice was signed there were 70,000 American sailors in European waters. Today there are approximately 25,000. Several thousands are at aviation stations in France and Ireland, but are being sent home as rapidly as possible.

One of the present difficulties in the way of complete demobilization is the uncertainty at this time as to just how many German passenger ships will be allotted to carry American soldiers home and as to when the ship will be delivered. These ships will be manned and operated by the American navy and their advent into troop service will require the services of men at the ports from which they will sail.

The navy is having little difficulty in disposing of the vast amount of material and supplies in France, England and Ireland. The material in England and Ireland is being sold largely to the British Admiralty and the British Air Department. The little that the British government organizations are not taking is of small value and is being sold at auction. In France the navy is selling some material to the American army while the international relief organization also is getting some. The navy also has lent 250 men for relief work in Belgium.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt is here with full authority to clear up demobilization details and will remain until Feb. 1. His presence obviates the delays which would be necessary should many questions have to be referred to Washington.

LONDON STRIKE GROWING.

Public Services Threatened with Tieup in Fight Over Hours.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—A strike which would close down all the engineering works and nearly every class of public service in London is threatened today. Already 15,000 workers are out, and as the men and the employers broke off negotiations for a settlement during the day it is expected that at least 250,000 men engaged in the engineering trade will cease to work before the end of the week.

The trouble arises out of the operation of the forty-seven-hour week, which has just been granted. When the new hours came into operation the employers decided that forty-seven hours meant forty-seven hours' work and withdrew certain privileges that had been previously allowed, such as ten minutes for refreshments in the morning, and a few minutes of the employers' time for men engaged in rough work to wash their hands.

Similar troubles are occurring in other parts of the United Kingdom.

DOUBTFUL OF PEACE LEAGUE

Representative Kahn Would Train Every Boy to be a Soldier.

At the dinner of the National Garment Retailers' Association, held last evening at the Waldorf, Representative Julius Kahn of California told of his plans for reconstruction and of his hope "that there would soon be written on the statute books of this country a law for the universal training of our young men." Other speakers were the Rev. H. Percy Silver, former chaplain of West Point, and Anson H. Ball of Best & Co.

"I am one of those who have not become convinced that the millennium has dawned," said Mr. Kahn. "I contend that war is not a thing of the past, much as we all would like to have it so. Man is a fighting animal. He cannot help it. He was born that way. It is his very nature.

"Many well-meaning and highly educated persons seem to think that you can prevent war with a scratch of the pen—by international agreements. I wish I could bring myself to that belief. They hope that, at the Peace Conference, the nations will agree to a plan of disarmament. These good intentioned dreamers seem to forget some of the lessons of history.

"That plan of disarmament was tried by the great Napoleon, who was undoubtedly the greatest military genius of modern times, against the very power that we have been fighting during the past eighteen months.

"It would be, in my opinion, the height of folly to neglect our own preparations for possible wars of the future, and the defense of our rights as a vigorous, independent, and progressive nation. For that reason I am strongly in favor of universal training for American youth. I consider such a policy the best form of insurance for peace."

IRISH PROCLAIM IRELAND A REPUBLIC

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

sembled, upon every free nation to support the Irish Republic by recognizing Ireland's national status and her right to vindication at the Peace Conference."

It declared that Ireland was radically distinct from England in race, language, customs, and traditions. Ireland, it said, was one of the most ancient nations of Europe. She had preserved her national integrity and vigor intact through seven centuries of foreign oppression and never had relinquished her national rights, which she had defiantly proclaimed every generation throughout the era of English usurpation, "down to her last glorious resort to arms in 1916."

It concluded with an announcement of the "complete independence of the Irish Republic against the arrogant pretensions of England, founded in fraud and sustained only by an overwhelming military occupation."

The meeting lasted only ninety minutes.

Probably no country except Ireland could present an episode as remarkable as the assembly of the "Irish Parliament." Perhaps no writer except an Irishman like George Bernard Shaw could do justice to the paradoxical nature of the proceedings.

Many Members in English Jails.

About half the Sinn Feiners elected to membership in the British Parliament participated, the other half being in various English prisons, charged with sedition, or merely held on suspicion under the spacious and elastic provisions of the Defense of the Realm act. The Sinn Feiners met under the shadow of Dublin Castle, where presides Field Marshal Viscount French, the first Viceroy in many years to give Ireland a purely military government. They met with his full knowledge and tacit consent to take measures which are purely seditious and in direct violation of explicit law.

This is one paradox. Another is that these Sinn Feiners, elected by about half of the voters in Ireland on a platform of independence from the British Empire, were chosen members of the British Parliament, but specifically refused to recognize that body and to call themselves members of the British Parliament. They occupy Mansion House by the permission of the Lord Mayor of Dublin, who himself is a Home Ruler, but not so much of a Separatist that he does not expect to accept what most of his predecessors have accepted—a knighthood from the British Government.

In the shabby Sinn Fein headquarters, situated in a decayed old house which was at one time one of Dublin's finest mansions, courteous young women secretaries gave cards of admission to today's meeting quite impartially to friend and foe; to supporters of the Sinn Fein and to correspondents of English newspapers which hold the Sinn Fein and all its works anathema. Cardinal Newman had his residence in this house during his unhappy incumbency of his high ecclesiastical post in Dublin, concerning which he was reported to have said afterward that his days in Dublin should be subtracted from his term in purgatory.

Today's program in "Independence Hall" differed in one respect from the solemnities of 1776 at Philadelphia. They were carried out in the Irish language, which is virtually a dead tongue, so dead that the Sinn Feiners have been obliged to rehearse their parts and were compelled to lapse occasionally into boycotted English terms because they could not find Irish words to fit modern parliamentary procedure.

Ireland is a country of the unexpected but no one predicts any trouble or disorder. The Government has revoked the order, made last July, requiring official authorization for public meetings and processions, which order had been suspended for some time. The revolutionary flag floats quite freely over the homes of Sinn Feiners in Dublin. Members of the party expect protection from the authorities of the nation whom they are defying. Once they would have looked to the United States for sympathy and help, but now they think they do not command American support.

They do not talk of, and apparently do not contemplate violence. Dublin had an unhappy and fruitless experience in the insurrection of 1916, an experience which cost rows of buildings on Sackville Street, once pointed to with pride as one of the finest avenues in Europe.

The Constitution of the new Irish Republic, declared yesterday by the Sinn Fein Assembly at Dublin, will be in accordance with the highest American ideals of personal and religious liberty, Diarmuid Lynch, Secretary of the Friends of Irish Freedom, and recently elected member of the British Parliament, predicted in New York last night.

"From my intimate knowledge of the men elected to the Dail Eireann," he added, "I am satisfied that they will secure the respect and co-operation of the Ulster minority and will bring honor and prosperity to their country in a measure unattainable while the British connection lasted."

Although the members of the "Dail Eireann" or "Irish Parliament" are conducting their business in Gaelic, they will undoubtedly make concessions to those who do not speak the Irish language, Mr. Lynch said.

GOMPERS HOLDS ALOOF FROM BERNE MEETING

But Goes to Paris to Continue Orga[illegible]n of World [illegible] Congress.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—An adjourned conference of leaders of British labor with Samuel Gompers and other American labor delegates now in England has reached an agreement to form a nucleus for an International Trades Union Congress. A committee of five will be appointed to represent British labor at the new Congress and to aid in organizing it. Mr. Gompers will confer with the British committee in the next few days to formulate plans for the Congress and to select an early date for the meeting in order that the Congress may meet simultaneously with the Peace Conference.

Mr. Gompers and the other American delegates will go to Paris tomorrow, where, Mr. Gompers said tonight, it is hoped to discuss the new movement with French labor leaders in advance of the next meeting with the British committee.

The British Trade Union Congress is committed to the idea of an international Socialist and Labor conference. This conference was first set for Lausanne, but recently was changed to Berne. Arthur Henderson is now at Berne as the representative of British Labor in making the arrangements for the meeting. Mr. Gompers said tonight, however, that the Trades Union Congress would be divorced entirely from the meeting at Berne.

BERNE, Jan. 21.—It is announced that Austria will be represented at the labor conference being arranged in Berne by at least two delegates. Deputy Seitz, a Social Democrat leader, and Deputy Allenburg have been designated by the Austrian labor party. German delegates are expected, but there is no indication yet as to who will be the representatives.

The attitude of Samuel Gompers, the President of the American Federation of Labor, in remaining aloof from the Berne conference mystifies the labor leaders here, more so, they say, because he has been quoted as saying that American labor would have nothing to do with Bolshevism. The Socialists here for the conference, it is declared, not only are opposed to Bolshevism, but are hated cordially by the Bolsheviki.

MANNING LEFT $9,000,000.

Executors Ask Permission to Sell Securities to Pay Expenses.

The estate of John B. Manning, retired broker, who died April 23 last at the age of 83, after he had settled for $100,000 a suit for $1,000,000 for breach of promise brought by Miss Honora Ma[illegible] O'Brien, now the wife of an Irish farmer, left an estate valued at $9,000,000, according to a petition filed in the Surrogate's Court yesterday by the executors asking permission to sell securities to pay inheritance taxes and other expenses of the estate. The inheritance taxes will amount to between $1,500,000 and $2,000,000, the Federal inheritance tax will be $150,000, and the debts and funeral expenses about $300,000. The estate has already sold $1,800,000 of securities under a court order to meet expenses and a further sale is necessary to raise $600,000 needed.

The will left the estate to six children and three grandchildren of the decedent. Guardians for the grandchildren oppose the present sale of the securities because of market conditions, but the adult heirs favor the sale and believe no sacrifice of the securities will be necessary. The heirs will receive the securities in nine equal parts after all expenses are paid.

Mr. Manning held stocks and bonds in about 100 corporations. Among the larger holdings of stock are: Consolidated Gas, $156,520; Consolidated Coal, $207,000; Northwestern Railroad, preferred, $146,250, and common, $549,27[illegible]; Jersey Central, $252,500; Corn Exchange Bank, $171,990; Chemical National Bank, $189,420; Lackawanna Railroad, $69[illegible],535; Illinois Central, $265,950; First National Bank, $154,660; Manhattan Railway, $115,862; Chicago & St. Louis Railroad, $129,580; Pullman Company, $2[illegible],963; Reading Railroad, $621,000; Union Pacific, $214,650; Southern Pacific, $121,000; New York Central, $196,350; Liberty bonds, first issue, $152,837, second issue, $207,782. Surrogate Cohalan reserved decision.

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GROUP OF REPUBLICS FOR NEW GERMANY

Plan of Federation Embraced in the Draft of the Proposed Constitution.

CHAMBERS SERVE 3 YEARS

Redistribution of Landed Property Is Included in the List of Reforms.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Germany, under the draft of the proposed new Constitution, is divided into federated republics. These political divisions, according to a wireless dispatch from Berlin today, include the following:

The Republic of Berlin, heading the list of the Federated Republics and including the city and rural districts of Greater Berlin, with about 10,000,000 inhabitants.

The Republic of Prussia, including the Provinces of East and West Prussia and the Bromberg district.

The Republic of Silesia, including Posen and the Sudeten regions east of Bohemia.

The Republic of Brandenburg, including that part of Brandenburg outside of Greater Berlin, together with Pomerania, Altmark, and the two Mecklenburgs.

The Republic of Lower Saxony, including Hanover, Schleswig-Holstein, Oldenburg, and Brunswick.

The Republic of Westphalia, including Westphalia, Schaumberg-Lippe, and Pyrmont.

The Republic of Hesse, including Hesse-Nassau and the Grand Duchy of Hesse.

The Republic of the Rhineland, including the Rhine Provinces, Bavarian Pfalz, and the Principality of Birkenfeld.

The Erfurt Government District is to go to Greater Thuringia.

The Federal State of German Austria is also to be founded, and Vienna, like Berlin, is to become subject to the State Government. Parts of German Austria are to go to Silesia, Upper Saxony, or Bavaria.

It is provided in the draft of the Constitution that the President of the empire is to be elected by the entire German people, and that his term shall be seven years. The Chancellor is to be appointed by the President and to be responsible to the Chamber. He must retire if the members of the Chamber withdraw their confidence by a definite vote.

BASLE, Jan. 21.—The draft of the proposed new Constitution for Germany provides that all Germans shall have the same rights before the law, and that all privileges and advantages of birth, social condition or creed shall be abolished, according to Berlin advices received here.

The free exercise of religious practice is guaranteed, within the limits of morality and public order, and no one shall be compelled to take part in any religious act or ceremony or to make known his religious convictions. It is provided that the authorities shall have no right to ask questions on this subject.

Scientific instruction, the measure provides shall be free and accessible to all Germans according to their capacities.

It is proposed that the present distribution of landed property shall be modified by a comprehensive process, with a view to the reconciliation of the country districts. Colonization will be fostered in districts where there has not been as yet reasonable fusion of the great, medium-sized and small properties.

In its main feature the proposed constitution, which has been drafted under Government auspices, provides for a Reichstag, composed of two chambers, the one to be a popular chamber and the other chosen by the States. The people's chamber is to be composed of Deputies of the united German people, elected by secret, direct and universal ballot. All men and women over 20 years of age may vote. The lower chamber will be chosen on the principle of proportionate representation.

The upper chamber is to be composed of representatives of the various States. The duration of the legislative mandate of both Chambers is to be three years.

Those who drafted the bill evidently had in mind a highly centralized government, with full control over most of the activities upon which the people are dependent. It characterizes as "imperial matters" the following:

Foreign relations, the defense of the Empire, civil administration of the banks and exchanges; currency, weights and measures; management of railway and river transportation and of all waterways common to the several German States; control of the postal and telegraph service and of motor traffic and aviation; questions of nationality, freedom of domicile in a State and passports; the status of foreigners; emigration and immigration; civil and criminal law and judicial procedure, labor legislation, maritime navigation, legislation bearing on landed property, on the press, on public companies and on public meetings, churches and schools.

The use of the words "Empire" and "imperial" in the new German Constitution is evidently a translation of the words "Das Reich" and "Reichs," in a way that would not have the approval of the Ebert Government.

It was correct in the days of the Empire, for then "Das Reich" meant first of all the German Empire, then the German nation, then any realm, empire, kingdom, nation, or State, and "Reichs" was the adjective. Now, however, at least as far as Germany is concerned, they have lost their imperial—their "kaiserlich"—attributes and might be rendered simply as "nation" and "national" as abstract connotations of the originals.

PRAISES JEWS AS SOLDIERS.

Capt. Harrigan Says They Made a Splendid Record in 77th Division.

Speaking at the dinner of the sales agents of the American Chicle Company at the Waldorf last night, Captain William D. Harrigan of the 307th Infantry gave the very highest praise to the fighting qualities of the New York boys who composed the 77th Division. He stated that in his experience of 185 days of constant fighting he had never seen an enlisted man of the American Army fail to advance when ordered or fall down on a job that was assigned to him.

I wish also to say a special word for the American Jew as a fighter," said Captain Harrigan, who was in command of the force which rescued Lieut. Col. Whittlesey's famous "lost battalion." Whatever opinion any one may have had, I can testify to the splendid record made by the Jewish members of the 77th Division, and they were 40 per cent. of that division. They were put to as hard a test as could be met with in modern warfare when we made our thirty-five-mile advance through the Argonne Forest, an obstacle which had proved a stumbling block in every previous war.

"We had forty-two races and creeds in our division, and from all of them we gained something, as well as from the varied types given us by this city. We had no better men with the bayonet than our gangsters, one of whom I assigned to teach classes in the use of the boot knife—a most valuable weapon at close quarters. He proved a skilled and enthusiastic teacher."

Major Lankester to Talk of War.

Major Eric Lankester of the Honorable Artillery Company of London is to talk on his experiences at the front on Friday night at Delmonico's at a meeting of the Sons of the Revolution, which is to be held to celebrate the birthday of Frederick Samuel Tallmadge, late President of the society.

DENIES THAT JAPAN COVETS TERRITORY

Uchida Says She Is Ready to Aid China and Russia Without Selfish Motives.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The attitude of Japan toward Russia, China, and the allied powers in the present international situation was set forth in a speech delivered today in the Japanese Parliament at Tokio by Viscount Uchida, Minister for Foreign Affairs. The text of the address was made public by the Japanese Embassy here late tonight. The dispatch from Tokio to the embassy indicated that Viscount Uchida's speech had been well and favorably received by the Diet.

Pointing out that the present Peace conference at Paris had in view not only the restoration of peace but "the establishment of peace throughout the world upon solid and enduring foundations," Viscount Uchida asserted that Japan was determined to co-operate "in all sincerity with our allies at the peace conference for the realization of plans conducive to the accomplishment of these objects."

"Japan," declared Viscount Uchida, "has no aspiration but to seek the consummation of a free and unfettered development of her national life along the highway of justice and peace, and to have the open door of the whole world assured to the legitimate and rightful activities of the nation."

Regarding Russia and China, the Foreign Minister said:

"Realizing that the complete withdrawal of our troops from Siberia at this moment might create a serious situation prejudicial to the preservation of order in these regions, the Japanese Government have no alternative but to maintain for the time being a certain portion of force in various localities in Eastern Siberia. At the same time they have decided to effect as much reduction in number of the Japanese troops as the absolute requirements of the situation will permit.

"We do not forget for a moment the conspicuous service which Russia rendered at the initial stage of war in the allied causes, regardless of enormous sacrifices involved by diverting or checking the German military activities on various fronts.

"We confidently look forward to the rehabilitation of Russia as one of the great powers to contribute to the progress and civilization of the world, and we are quite ready to offer her all due assistance for this purpose. We have no intention whatever of interfering in the internal politics of Russia, still less would our policy be influenced by any tendency of taking advantage of domestic troubles in Russia to promote any selfish aims of territorial or economic aggression.

"In view of the mischievos rumors circulated abroad from time to time in regard to our policy in China, I have to say a few words here by way of explanation.

"It goes without saying that Japan has no territorial ambition in China or elsewhere, neither does she contemplate any action which might militate against the development of the legitimate interest and welfare of the Chinese nation. We have solemnly pledged ourselves to respect the independence and territorial integrity of China, and to abide faithfully by the principle of equal opportunity and the open door for commerce and industry.

"We are particularly anxious to deal in spirit of justice and friendliness with all the questions which may come up before the Peace Conference affecting the Chinese interests. Upon acquisition of the right of free disposal from Germany of leased territory of Kiao-chau we would restore it to China in accordance with the terms of the notes complementary to the treaty of May 25, 1915, regarding Shantung Province. At the same time we have to rely, in a large measure, upon rich natural resources in China in order to assure our own economic existence.

"I have no doubt that both the Government and the people of China, in fulfilment of their friendly and neighborly relations with Japan, would not deny us needed co-operation in this respect."

Rose Feinman, Bouck White Ally.

Miss Rose Feinman, who participated in the Bouck White's flag-burning ceremony in the Spring of 1916, died Jan. 10 of pneumonia, but her death was not generally known until Monday. Miss Feinman was one of the eleven arrested with White following the scene in the back yard of the Church of the Socialist Revolution in West Twenty-first Street. White was the only one of the number who was convicted and sentenced to a term in jail. Miss Feinman burned the Rumanian flag, but with the ten others who burned foreign flags she was released.

BERKMAN SPONSOR FOR TROTZKY HERE

Emma Goldman Also One of His Closest Associates, Tunney Tells Senators.

12,000 REDS IN NEW YORK

Former Police Inspector Discloses Anarchist Plot to Blow Up Rockefeller Family.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Leon Trotzky's closest associates in New York were Alexander Berkman and Emma Goldman, the anarchists, who were among the 1,000 persons who assembled on the night of March 26, 1917, to bid the Russian agitator farewell, and at which meeting Trotzky urged his followers in this country to organize for the overthrow of the "damned rotten capitalistic Government" of the United States.

This testimony was placed in the record of the Senate Propaganda Committee today, by Inspector Tunney of the New York Police Department, who during the period of the war was detailed to service with the Military Intelligence Division of the Army. Inspector Tunney also testified that William Schatoff, the Bolshevist Commissioner of Railroads, who, he said, was also in charge of executions, was a former resident of New York.

Another witness before the committee today was Archibald E. Stevenson of the Military Intelligence Service, who told of the efforts that were made by a group of persons in New York to organize a company to publish a daily newspaper in New York which would do "justice to the German cause." The men who were selected to head the publishing company were the late Hugo Schweitzer, Emil Kipper, Max Weg Stehr, and Henry Weismann, the last named the former head of the German-American Alliance in New York State. Kipper is now in the Tombs awaiting trial on an indictment which charges conspiracy to commit treason. Schweitzer, though dead, is named in the indictment as well as Jeremiah A. O'Leary, the Sinn Fein agitator, and John T. Ryan, the fugitive Buffalo lawyer.

The scheme for the organization of the publishing company was disclosed, Mr. Stevenson testified, in a memorandum sheet issued by George Sylvester Viereck. There was to have been, he said, an Advisory Board of Honorary Vice Presidents, among those named in Viereck's paper as having been selected for the board being Professor William M. Shepherd of Columbia University, the Rev. Dr. Hall of the Union Theological Seminary, Dr. Edmund Von Mach, and Mayor John F. Hylan of New York, then a County Judge in Brooklyn.

Trotzky's Purpose Made Plain.

Regarding Trotzky's departure for Russia in March, 1917, Inspector Tunney said that the farewell meeting in the Russian's honor was arranged by Alexander Berkman, the anarchist associate of Emma Goldman. The meeting was held in Harlem, and Trotzky made two speeches, one in Russian and the other in German. At the conclusion of one of his speeches Trotzky uttered these words:

"I am going back to Russia to overthrow the Provisional Government there and to stop the war with Germany, and I want to say that we will allow no interference from any outside Government. I want you people here to organize and keep on organizing until you are able to overthrow the damned rotten capitalistic Government of this country." When Trotzky called he was accompanied by thirty or forty other agitators, whose names, Inspector Tunney said, were in the files of the Government.

"After that and up to the following June 1," Inspector Tunney continued, "about 450 other Russians here left under various leaders, and every one of them went back to road the Ameney commission that was in Russia at that time trying to help the people over there. Two of these men are now in the Government over there. Both were at one time connected with radical foreign language papers in New York. One of these men is William Schatoff, the Russian Commissioner of Railroads under Trotzky. I also understand that Schatoff is the new executioner there in the place of Uritzki, who was assassinated some time ago by a woman."

"I was told recently by an American who managed to get out of Petrograd that he saw Schatoff over there and that he halted him and told him to give his regards to Broadway when he got back. Schatoff was on his private train at the time. The other former New York agitator who is in authority of some sort in Petrograd is named Wallen."

"Have you any evidence," Senator Overman asked Inspector Tunney, "as to whether or not Trotzky's followers in New York are trying to carry out his instructions for the overthrow of this Government?"

"Yes, they have some sort of organization, but it is not what I would dignify with the word effective. There is a lot of talking on, some of it in public meetings and some of it in secret."

12,000 Anarchists Here.

"You have quite a nest of these anarchists in New York, have you not?" asked Senator Nelson.

"Yes, Senator, we have a lot of them there yet."

In answer to further questions by Senator Nelson, Inspector Tunney estimated that there are between 12,000 and 15,000 active anarchists in New York City at this time. Add to this the persons who are in sympathy with them and, he said, the total would probably exceed 50,000.

"How long was Trotzky in New York?" Senator Overman asked.

"Only a few months."

"What did he do?"

"He was also agitating among Russians on organization. He was connected with a Russian paper called the Nova Mir, and was nearly always lecturing on anarchy and radical Socialism, sometimes in Russian and sometimes in German. He believed in the overthrow of all government. He spoke very little English. He does not believe in God."

"Who owns the Nova Mir now?" Major Humes asked.

"A man named Gregory Weinstein."

"How about the activities of these anarchists since the signing of the armistice, has it increased?"

"To some extent, mainly through an increased circulation of pamphlets and other seditious literature."

$140,000 for Cable Propaganda.

In reference to the activities of Dr. Karl A. Fuehr, the head propagandist during the period of American neutrality, Mr. Stevenson said that Fuehr's cable bills to the Mexican cable company alone totaled $140,000, this being the toll on propaganda matter cabled to Mexico, Peru, Chile, Bolivia, and Argentina.

Mr. Stevenson next referred to the daily paper that was to have been started in 1915 to support the German cause, and read a long list of names of prominent men who were to be the honorary Vice Presidents of the organization.

CREEL TELLS OF HIS WORK.

Says German Staff Order Proved American Propaganda.

George Creel, Chairman of the Committee on Public Information, has written an article for the current issue of Everybody's Magazine on American propaganda and its effectiveness abroad. "Eight German prisoners," he says, "out of every ten captured by the Americans had our 'stuff' in their pockets, and reports united in declaring that the literature was well thumbed." Mr. Creel says that the first proof of the effectiveness of the work of the American propagandists was supplied in the order issued by the German General Staff, which provided the death penalty for any one picking up American literature or found with it in his possession.

Getting the truth into Germany and Austria-Hungary was a hard battle, Mr. Creel says, as any fought in France. A censorship, rigidly enforced, not only guarded the frontiers, but broke up every internal attempt to speak or write honestly. Soldiers and citizens "were drugged with lies about Germany's defensive war and the cruel purposes of the enemy." The collapse of the Allies and the inability of America to train and transport troops meant a tremendous victory and world mastery."

The most obvious way to get the propaganda inside the German and Austrian frontiers, according to Mr. Creel, was by airplanes, and pamphlets were rained over firing lines and towns and cities that told the truth in short, sharp sentences.

The fight for the favor of the neutral countries was difficult, Mr. Creel says. There was the danger of saying or doing the wrong thing, and, above all, there was the amazing ignorance about the United States and the abnormal prejudices that had grown out of this ignorance.

INDICT JOHN T. RYAN ON TREASON CHARGE

Fugitive Alleged to Have Aided Germany Since America Entered War.

LONG AN IRISH AGITATOR

Charged with Plotting with Teuton Spies and Agents and Handling German Money.

Following the indictment of Jay Willard Robinson on Monday for treason the Federal Grand Jury yesterday indicted John T. Ryan on the same charge. Ryan, who is a fugitive from justice, was already under indictment for conspiracy to commit treason. It is believed that he is hiding in Mexico, and Federal Prosecutor George Winship Taylor, who is in charge of the prosecution of treason charges, said that if he should be found in that country there would be little difficulty about bringing him here for trial.

It is alleged that Ryan was one of the leaders in the Irish plotting, and that he and Jeremiah A. O'Leary worked together to bring about the defeat of the Allies. Ryan was born in Brookline, Mass., about 45 years ago. He studied law, was admitted to the bar and practiced in Buffalo.

The indictment charges that from April 6, 1917, to Dec. 20, 1918, he was in frequent communication with Maria K. de Victorica, called also Maria von Kretschmann, which is said to be her right name, and by several other names, who, it is charged, was here as a paid spy and agent for the German Government.

On July 20, 1917, the indictment charges, Ryan, with the assistance of O'Leary, took Mme. de Victorica to a certain place in Riverside Drive and there met a man referred to by Ryan as "Hurley" for the purpose of employing him to act as a messenger for Victorica in carrying information from the United States to the German Government and its agents; that between Nov. 3 and Dec. 15, 1917, Ryan paid to Victorica $4,500 to be used by her in her work as a German agent, and that Ryan from April 6, 1917, to Dec. 20, 1918, agreed and conspired with Victorica, Robinson, Hurley, and other agents and officials of the German Government residing in Mexico, Brazil, Germany, Switzerland, Sweden, Denmark, Norway, The Netherlands, Ireland, and Spain, and with other persons, that Victorica should remain in the United States and that her secret activities should be concealed from the officials here and that secret letters and communications containing information for the use of the German Government should be sent by messengers to Germany.

It is also alleged in the indictment that arrangements were made to the end that Victorica should have sufficient money to carry out her plans against this country, and that, in further prosecution and performance of such treason, Ryan, knowing that she was an enemy of this country, met her several times in a hotel at Long Beach.

These meetings are set forth in the indictment as having occurred on July 8 and 29, Aug. 7, 12 and 26, Sept. 9, 23 and 30, and Oct. 7, 1917. These frequent meetings, it is explained, were for the purpose of considering what should be done to further assist Germany in the war against the United States, to counsel and advise the woman, to help her carry on her work without becoming known, and to provide the necessary methods of enabling her to convey her information to Germany, and that Ryan gave her a small dictionary to be used in the selection of words to be used in a code. It is also alleged that Ryan actually gathered information for Victorica which might be used in the interests of Germany against the United States and aided her in every way that he could.

It is said that Ryan was also concerned with Hermann Wessels, Albert Paul Prinz, and Jeremiah O'Leary, already under indictment for treason, and that he acted in concert with them in furthering the aims of Germany. Ryan, it was also said, was in close touch with Sir Roger Casement all the time the latter was in this country, and that Ryan was chosen as a member of the committee which was to carry to Washington the resolution of sympathy adopted at the Irish mass meeting in August, 1915.

Prosecutor Taylor told the reporters that early in 1918 Ryan sent a messenger who is known to the authorities only as "Jerry" to Mexico for $20,000 which he was to receive from the German representatives there, that "Jerry" returned with the money, that Ryan gave the messenger $2,000, and after deducting the $4,500 he had given to Victorica, turned the rest of the money over to her.

Ryan was suspected of having been in the plot to destroy the Welland Canal in Canada, having acted in concert with Captain von Papen, former Military attaché of the German Embassy, and with Horst von der Goltz, a German agent, and of having been active in all of the Sinn Fein plotting in this country. Ryan left Buffalo on May 8 last for an automobile trip to Rochester. That was the last information the authorities have had of him.

Ryan was a Captain in the Spanish war, and, barring the charges pending against him for acts against this country, his record is good. He is described in a Government circular asking for information concerning his whereabouts as being 5 feet 10 inches tall, weight about 190 pounds, a full face, oval chin and an African nose. Mr. Taylor said that Ryan came to this city from his Buffalo home every Saturday and that he has been known as "Philippine Island Bill" and as "Buffalo," the latter being his code name.

FIND LIEBKNECHT SHOT IN BACK

No Proof That He Was Beaten—Rosa Luxemburg's Body Untraced.

BERLIN, Jan. 20, (Associated Press.)—The autopsy upon the body of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the Spartacide leader who was shot and killed last week as he was trying to escape from the party of soldiers which had arrested him in suppressing the revolt, showed that he was shot from behind and that the bullets which struck him were fired from some distance.

The autopsy was conducted by Professor August C. G. Bier and Professor Paul F. Strassman, together with a third surgeon. William Liebknecht, Dr. Liebknecht's brother, and Hugo Haase, the Independent Socialist leader, were present.

The official report of the surgeons showed that the fatal bullet entered the back of the head and came out through the forehead. A second bullet entered the back and traversed the lungs. A third also struck the back, but produced only a slight wound.

The surgeons found that there was nothing substantial in the allegation that Dr. Liebknecht was beaten over the head with clubs or the butts of guns.

An Independent Socialist member of the Workmen's and Soldiers' Council, who was present at the autopsy, signed the finding. Members of the division of mounted rifle guards, who were in charge of Dr. Liebknecht when the shooting occurred, say that this Socialist witness admitted after the post-mortem that there was "unfortunately no chance of using the killing as a basis for a campaign agitation."

The officers of the division have offered a reward of 10,000 marks for information clearing up the deaths of Dr. Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. The body of Rosa Luxemburg has not been found, despite a continuous search.

The Spartacide authorities at Elberfeld, Rhenish Prussia, have changed the name of Kaiser Wilhelm Street to Liebknecht Street, and that of Kaiser Friedrich Street to Rosa Luxemburg Street.

FAVORS LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Prof. Hart Discusses Problems of Territorial Expansion.

Albert Bushnell Hart, Professor of Government in Harvard University, told the members of the National Geographic Society at their annual meeting in the Engineering Societies' Building last night that he believed a League of Nations would accomplish a great forward movement in world history and civilization if it resulted only in an annual Hague Convention for the discussion of grievances among nations and the evolution of a body of international laws.

He reviewed the relations of Europe and America with China, Japan, and the other Asiatic countries, and prophesied that the countries of the Far East would have a great part in world affairs. Readjustment of national boundaries in Asia, he said, were inevitable, and he expressed the opinion that territorial expansion there would form one of the largest problems of the powers.

If the English were to have Mesopotamia because they have conquered her, he said, then consideration also would have to be given to the claims of France for a protectorate over countries in the Near East. Recognition of the claims of those countries also would require earnest consideration of the claims of Italy to Albania and Dalmatia, Professor Hart said, in expressing the opinion that the claim of Italy to those territories "was about as good as ours would be if we claimed Denmark."

One of the inevitable results of recognition of all these probable claims, Professor Hart added, would be that the powers then would be required to consider the proposal that Kiao-chau and other territory and islands in the possession of Japan since the beginning of the war should be given to that country. In speaking of the countries of the Near East and their individual claims and problems, Professor Hart said that the Christian nations of Europe ought to be relieved forever from Turkish domination and that Armenia should be set free.

PASTOR AND WIFE IN COURT.

Each Accuses the Other of Cruelty and Each Wants a Separation.

The Rev. Eugene P. Hall, pastor of the Claremont Park Congregational Church in the Bronx, took the stand before Justice Faber in the Queens County Supreme Court yesterday to defend himself against charges of cruelty made by his wife, Anna A. Hall, in her action for separation. Mr. Hall is also trying to substantiate allegations of cruelty on the part of his wife which he has made in his counter action for separation. Two boys, Harold and Herbert, 8 and 6 years old, now with the mother, are also sought by the father.

Mr. Hall's testimony revealed that he had inherited three three-family brick tenements from an aged friend and that he has been adding to his pulpit income by working as a stenographer. He lost the place he had with the Shewan & Son Shipbuilding Company in Brooklyn because the firm was doing Government work and he was accused of being an alien. He was taken to the Federal Building in this city, but was not interned. He asserted that these difficulties were the result of his wife's persecutions. "I was born in Germany, but my father came to this country when I was 2½ years old, and he was a citizen and always voted," Mr. Hall testified.

Mr. Hall said he supplied the money with which he and a neighbor in Ridgewood went into the business of raising goldfish.

"You see my pastoral income was small," he testified. "I built hothouses and aquariums and started to raise goldfish. Then one Sunday last Fall, while I was in my church preaching, this partner of mine came and ripped out the tanks and dismantled the aquariums and broke up the business."

"You don't charge that as cruelty against your wife, do you?" asked Justice Faber.

"Yes, I do," replied Mr. Hall, "because she was looking out of the window and saw him do it."

Mr. Hall testified that he had an income of $50 a month from his congregation, an equal contribution from the General Board of the Congregational Church, and $149 a month from his tenement houses.

Mrs. Hall, while testifying, had produced a revolver and a box of cartridges and said she had taken them from her husband's desk just before their separation last Fall.

"I never had any such a weapon," Mr. Hall testified. "All I had was an old-fashioned firearm which was about 350 years old and which was given to me by the man who left me the property. He had obtained it from an ancestor who was a missionary among the Indians."

AN ULSTER

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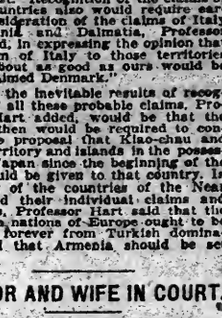

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LIBERAL GROUPS GAIN IN GERMANY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

Police Eichhorn and Hugo Haase, former Secretary for Foreign Affairs in the Ebert Cabinet, have been elected to the National Assembly. Berlin newspapers announce that a warrant for the arrest of Eichhorn has been issued. It is said that various charges, proof of which would lay Eichhorn liable to imprisonment for fifteen years, have been issued.

The former National Liberal leader, Gustav Stresemann, was elected to the Assembly in the Osnabruck-Wilhelmshaven district. Philipp Scheidemann, the Majority Socialist leader, has a big majority in the municipal district where he headed his ticket.

Railway officials at Karlsruhe, according to the Vossische Zeitung, forced Herr Barth, a former member of the German Government, to relinquish his official pass on which he was traveling in connection with the political campaign. Barth, it is said, had been stumping in South Germany for the Independent Socialists at the expense of the Government.

The official pass which, it was charged, he issued to himself while a member of the Government, was taken from him and he was forced to pay first-class fare for all the distance he had traveled since he left Berlin.

Socialists May Not Control.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 21. — Incomplete returns from the German elections showed last night that the Democrats polled 1,234,041 votes; Majority Socialists, 2,603,422; Independent Socialists, 401,187; Christian People's Party, 1,110,137; German People's Party, 266,157, and Conservatives, (National Party,) 467,367, according to advices received by the Berlingske Tidende.

While the Majority Socialists will have the ascendency over any other single party, the results indicate the bourgeois parties together will have a majority in the National Assembly.

Full returns from the Republic of Saxony, received here from Dresden, show this result: Majority Socialists, 17 seats; German Democrats, 6; National Party, 4; People's Party, 2, and Independent Socialists, 3.

The National Party has elected eight delegates in Baden, including Herr Düringer, a former Minister. The Christian People's Party elected five delegates, one of whom is the former President of the Reichstag, Konstantin Fehrenbach. Three delegates were elected by the German Democrats, one being Herr Dielsch, Foreign Minister of Baden.

The Social Democrats succeeded in electing five delegates, one of whom is Herr Rückert, Traffic Minister. Ludwig Haas, Minister of the Interior, was successful as a candidate of the Democratic Party.

The German National Assembly will meet at Weimar, capital of the Grand Duchy of Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, according to the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger. This was decided upon in a conference between the German Government representatives and the Prussian Ministry, after they had agreed that the session ought to be held in a non-Prussian town.

Results Received in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—The count of the German vote is proceeding slowly, the Majority Socialists, who received the largest vote, having their party name printed at the bottom of the ballot. In some polling stations in Berlin large numbers of ballots were declared illegal, and it is said that Philipp Scheidemann lost 11,000 votes in one ward alone from this cause.

Results so far announced in dispatches received here are:

Munich—Majority Socialists, 147,236; Christian People's Party, 77,304; Democrats, 59,821; Minority Socialists, 34,195; National Liberals, 7,145.

Cassel—Majority Socialists, 51,718; Democrats, 25,002; Christian People's Party, 4,095; National Liberals, 9,489; Conservatives, 2,710; Minority Socialists, 1,194.

Stettin—Majority Socialists, 60,794; Independent Socialists, 8,495; Democrats, 30,722; People's Party, 19,578; National Party, 9,084; Centrists, 282.

Ludwigshafen—Majority Socialists, 24,444; Independent Socialists, 2,549; Centrists, 7,732; Democrats, 7,260; Peasants' League, 2,800.

Franconia—Majority Socialists, 104,653; Independent Socialists, 20,882; People's Party, 10,454; Bavarian People's Party, 113,615; National Liberals, 28,365.

Upper Bavaria and Swabia—Majority Socialists, 240,862; Peasants' League, 71,773; National Liberals, 9,463; Bavarian People's Party, 213,937; German People's Party, 91,105; Independent Socialists, 30,080; Bavarian Middle Class Party, 391.

Lower Bavaria—Majority Socialists, 43,600; Independent Socialists, 421; Bavarian People's Party, 66,489; German People's Party, 887; Peasants' League, 31,368.

Early returns from the elections are interpreted here to signify a promising prospect for the establishment of a fairly stable German administration at an early date.

The Majority Socialists and the German Democrats, who are the successors of the old Radical Party, apparently will go into the Constituent Assembly with a big lead over the Independent Socialists. Friedrich von Payer, former Vice Chancellor and leader of the Democrats, and the Socialist leaders, Ebert and Scheidemann, demonstrated their ability to work together in the old Reichstag. They can also count on Konstantin Fehrenbach, the Centrist leader, as an ally in their efforts to institute a government with a basis of popular support.

This consummation is regarded in all allied circles here as an indispensable preliminary to any peace negotiation. The coming into power of these groups will mean the continuation of the present armistice commission and the probable appointment of Scheidemann, von Payer, and Fehrenbach or Erzberger as the leading members of the German peace delegation.

Had the elections brought in two fairly evenly balanced Socialist groups with an insignificant representation from the moderate and non-Socialist elements, as was feared at first, the controversies and bitterness between the Majority and Independent Socialists would undoubtedly have converted the Constituent Assembly into a disorderly gathering, from which little could have been expected.

Extremists Beaten in Hamburg.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—In Hamburg, which was considered a stronghold of the Spartacides and Independent Socialists, the Majority Socialists secured seven seats out of eleven in the election, according to a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam. The German Democrats won three seats and the Independents Socialists one.

The Majority Socialists and the Centrists were close together in the Palatinate with 50,550 and 54,871 votes, respectively. The People's Party got 46,502 votes, the Democrats 15,521, and the Independent Socialists, 531.

In Nuremberg the Majority Socialists got 29,748; Independent Socialists, 709; Democrats, 5,754; Bavarian People's Party, 17,783, and Bavarian Middle Class Party, 5,683.

Amsterdam Gets Berlin Returns.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 21.—In the Third Berlin District the Majority Socialists won five seats, Philipp Scheidemann, Herr Fischer, Herr Pfannkuch, Herr Schmidt, and Herr Heinmann; the Independents four seats, Herr Eichhorn, Hugo Haase, Herr Leuwart, and Luise Zietz; the Democrats two seats, Herr Naumann and Herr Hartmann, and the Nationalists, the Centrist, and the People's Party one seat each.

Other returns from the German election received here show that at Erfurt the Independent Socialists polled 24,600 votes to 13,500 for the Majority Socialists. The Independents, on the other hand, were beaten badly in Dresden, Chemnitz, Hamburg, Magdeburg, Nuremberg, and Munich.

The Majority Socialists appear likely to get 40 per cent. of all the votes, with the German Democratic Party second. The National Liberals lost more than the Conservatives and the Centrists lost more than they gained.

The final results will not be known until Wednesday, but the indications are that the Majority Socialists will be the strongest party in the new republic and will occupy most of the Cabinet seats. Friedrich Ebert is presumed to stand the best chance of obtaining the Chancellorship.

CENTRIST CANDIDATES SWEEP RHINELAND

Believed at Coblenz That the Socialists Will Be Outvoted in Convention.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 20.—The Centrist or Christian People's Party swept the Rhineland in the elections for the German National Assembly.

While only partial returns are available, an official estimate is that the Centrist vote is two-thirds of the total cast in the district occupied by the American Army. This result had been predicted in these dispatches, but it came as something of a surprise that such a poor showing was made by the Social Democrats, who in Treves polled 4,000 votes, against the Centrists' 14,000, and who in Cohlenz were outdistanced about three to one.

Reports from up and down the Rhine indicate the same general result. The Independent Socialist vote was negligible in the Rhineland, although that party carried Leipsic, for instance, by a heavy majority. Reports from Bavaria indicate that the Centrists and affiliated forces won two to one, and in lesser degree south Germany appears to have gone for the Moderates safely.

Few reports are coming through yet from Prussia, where the Socialists of both branches will probably control by a large vote. A large number of Spartacides, who disavowed the election entirely, appear to have voted the Independent Socialist ticket.

From what we can get at this hour from the rest of Germany by wireless and other reports, the indications are that the Socialists will be swamped in the National Assembly. There are the following parties that count: the Centrists, German Democrats, German People's Party, People's Party, National Party, Social Democrats, and Independent Socialists.

It is the opinion of our experts who have studied the situation closely that in the National Assembly the division will be for and against socialism. That will mean that the Centrists, German Democrats, German People's Party, Nationalists, and People's Party will line up against the two Socialist Parties, who will probably bury their differences during the convention.

It The best guess to be made at this hour, 8 P. M., Monday, is that this division will give the Moderates and Conservatives a two-thirds vote, against one-third for the Socialists. The belief is that the disorders in Berlin have hurt the Social Democrats, the party of Ebert and Schiedemann.

The Centrists will join the old German Democrats, the monarchists, it is assured, and further support will probably swing to them if it is needed to defeat the Socialists. Certainly every faction in the Rhineland has its axe sharpened for socialism.

Protestant church leaders have promised the Catholic Party their votes where socialism is the issue.

It is probable that the National Assembly will be called for early next week, after the Prussian elections, which take place next Sunday. Two drafts of the Constitution, Conservative and Socialist, will be presented on the opening day, it is understood, and the battle will be fought out for the adoption of one or the other, with possible amendments, of course.

As the Rhineland delegation will be controlled by the Centrists, it should be mentioned that these delegates, being largely of the propertied class, will call for the deepest consideration of Germany's financial situation at once, a problem which does not bother the Socialists particularly. Germany is in a very bad way financially and the indemnity will make it worse.

Germany's national debt is now equivalent to $30,000,000,000. Five per cent. interest on this plus 2 per cent. for amortization means yearly taxes of $2,100,000,000. In Paris they are talking of $20,000,000,000 or $30,000,000,000 indemnity. If the taxes required to take care of this are another $2,100,000,000 that will make $4,000,000,000 and more yearly which Germany will have to raise in taxes.

To realize what this means one may bear in mind that before the war the United States Government, with resources vastly superior to those of Germany, raised slightly more than $1,000,000,000 yearly.

Fiscal experts of Germany have declared that the country cannot raise $1,000,000,000 a year in taxes. That raises the question, what will Germany do in the dilemma—repudiate her national debt or fail to pay the indemnity?

The Allies say she must pay the indemnity. Economic disaster threatens if she repudiates her national bonds, which form practically the basis of the fiscal machinery of Germany today. It is a problem in which conservative, constructive Germans are deeply concerned.

INTEGRITY

The CHILDS Company passed through the great world war without lowering its high standard of food, service and sanitation for a single day.

The stockholders, realizing the difficulty of doing this, are satisfied to know that the integrity of the institution has been preserved.

True, the Company made no money; but it did co-operate with the Government in maintaining the economic stability of our Country.

And it did make personal sacrifices for the good of the Cause and to the end that a speedy victory might be won.

And with the victory came the removal of all restrictions in the use of wheat flour, and so—

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FIGHT ON WILLIAMS PLANNED IN SENATE

Republicans Expect Secret Democratic Help to Prevent Controller's Reconfirmation.

ANNUAL REPORT ISSUED

Controller Recommends 30 Items of Legislation, Including Guarantee of Bank Deposits Up to $5,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The annual report of John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, in which he makes thirty distinct recommendations for banking legislation, and which was made public today, probably will be received with more than perfunctory interest because the nomination of Mr. Williams for another term is expected in the Senate shortly and promises to lead to an interesting contest in executive session.

The report covers the fifth year of the Controller's term of office. Unlike any other official in the Treasury Department, the Controller is appointed for a term of five years. His present term began Feb. 3, 1914, and will expire next month. Therefore, if Mr. Williams is confirmed by the present Senate he will remain in office until 1924. Republican members of the Senate are preparing to fight confirmation, predicting that after March 4, 1921, there will be a Republican Secretary of the Treasury, who will not relish retaining a Democratic Controller.

Opponents of Mr. Williams are represented as believing that there will not be enough Democratic Senators to join the Republicans to insure defeat of his nomination. But the statement was made today that there might be a few Democrats who would secretly aid the Republicans by lending themselves to tactics of delay to prevent final action on the nomination at the present session of Congress. In that event President Wilson would give Mr. Williams a "recess appointment," which would come before the new Senate for confirmation.

Guarantee of Bank Deposits.

The annual report of Mr. Williams is exhaustive. One recommendation that probably will attract wide attention is for the insurance or guarantee of certain national bank deposits.

That legislation be enacted to provide for the Federal insurance or guarantee of bona fide deposits of national banks where the balance to the credit of any one individual amounts to a sum not exceeding $5,000, and upon which interest no exceeding 3 per cent. per annum is paid. It is also recommended that it be made discretionary with the national banks as to whether or not they shall take advantage of the provisions of such a law.

The main arguments in favor of the plan are:

1. That it would bring from hiding many million dollars of hoarded money.

2. That such a law would afford complete security to some 18,000,000 depositors in national banks whose balance amount to $5,000 or less.

3. That such a law would largely prevent runs on banks.

4. That the law would contribute more to the unification and solidarity of the entire banking system than anything else that could be done at this time.

Mr. Williams asserts that the taking over of the railroads by the Government averted a financial catastrophe and made possible the success of the Third and Fourth Liberty Loans and the winning of the war. He declares that the future prosperity of the country will depend largely upon the correct solution of the railroad problem.

Banking Power of United States.

The Controller reports that the banking power of the United States, represented by the capital, surplus, profits, circulation, and deposits of all national banks and reporting State banks and trust companies, as well as capital, Government and reserve deposits of the Federal Reserve Banks, and Federal Reserve notes in circulation, amounted in June, 1918, to $39,082,000,000, an increase for the year of $4,909,000,000, or 13 per cent. Since June, 1914, the estimated banking power of the United States has grown from $24,340,000,000, an increase of approximately 60 per cent., against an increase the preceding four-year period of about 16 per cent.

Mr. Williams says the banking power of this country today is nearly two and a half times as great as the banking power of the whole world as late as 1890, according to Mulhall's estimate at that time, and the banking power of the United States today is estimated to be seven times greater than our banking power in 1890.

The recommendations for banking legislation made by the Controller may be epitomized as follows:

First—That the officers of national banks be prohibited from borrowing funds of the banks by which they are employed.

Second—That a "conservative and proper limitation" be placed upon the aggregate loan a national bank may make to any one person, firm, or corporation through discounting of commercial paper and bills of exchange.

Third—That the penalty for an excessive loan be the disqualification of the officer granting the loan, or a suitable fine, or both, in addition to the civil liability incurred by reason of making such a loan.

Fourth—That the Controller be authorized to bring proceedings against national bank Directors for losses sustained by the bank through violation of the provisions of the National Bank and Federal Reserve acts.

Removal of Directors.

Fifth—That the Controller be vested with power to remove Directors "guilty of persistent violations of the National Bank act."

Sixth—That the law provide that if a director-elect does not qualify within thirty days after his election a vacancy shall be immediately declared.

Seventh—That the Controller's office be empowered to penalize, by fines, all violations of the law and regulations, and that these fines be imposed on "offensive" officers, as well as upon the bank.

Eighth—That the Department of Justice be authorized to bring suit against national banks guilty of usury upon information furnished by the Controller.

Ninth—That national banks be authorized to make an interest charge of 25 cents on any loan, even though that charge might exceed the legal rate authorized by law.

Tenth—That the State laws regarding overdrafts be made applicable to national banks in those States.

Eleventh—That the rates of interest any national bank may pay on its deposits shall not exceed 4 per cent. annually, unless the highest rate for time paper fixed by the Federal Reserve Bank of the district is over 4 per cent.

Twelfth—That the total deposits which a national bank may receive shall be limited to eight or ten times the unimpaired capital and surplus of the bank.

Thirteenth—That a law be enacted to prevent "wildcat" banking in the District of Columbia.

Fourteenth—That all officers and employes of a national bank handling its funds furnish surety bonds.

Fifteenth—That all certificates of deposit must be signed by two officers of the bank.

Sixteenth—That no officer or employe of a bank be permitted to make erasures on the books of a bank.

Seventeenth—That authority be given to standardize the by-laws of national banks.

Eighteenth—That rechartered national banks be authorized to continue the use of old banknote plates.

Nineteenth—That the engraving of signatures of bank officers on authorized banknote plates be authorized.

National Bank Branches.

Twentieth—That national banks be allowed to establish branches "within certain limits" but not outside the boundaries of the State in which the parent bank is located. No national bank to be allowed to have more than twelve branches.

Twenty-first—That national banks be permitted to establish branches in Alaska and the insular possessions.

Twenty-second—That the Criminal Code be amended to prode a penalty for false financial statements for the purpose of obtaining credit from national banks.

Twenty-third—That the breaking and entering a national bank for purposes of robbery be made a Federal crime.

Twenty-fourth—That the laws be amended to provide that no national bank be permitted to tie up by investment in an office or bank building an amount in excess of the paid-up capital of the bank.

Twenty-fifth—That the United States Treasurer be authorized to sell bonds securing circulation thirty days after a bank goes into liquidation.

Twenty-sixth—That provision be made by which no national bank shall have the right to make a charge against the account of a depositor except on a charge ticket or order signed by at least two officers of the bank.

Twenty-seventh—That the Controller's office have authority to require national banks to shift their bookkeepers and employes from time to time from one desk or place to another so as "to make it more difficult, if not impossible, for employes to hide their defalcation or manipulate the books."

Twenty-eighth—That Congress require long dormant balances to be deposited in the United States Treasury, Mr. Williams pointing out that reports to his office show that the national banks on March 5, 1917, held $27,000,000 in inactive accounts belonging to 730,000 customers who have drawn no checks for five years.

Twenty-ninth—That legislation be enacted to allow banks to deduct United States bonds from taxable assets.

Thirtieth—That legislation be enacted to insure or guarantee all deposits of $5,000 or less.

CLEAR MRS. LEBAUDY OF KILLING HUSBAND

Grand Jury, After 8 Days' Investigation, Find No Ground for an Indictment.

RETURNS TO HER HOME

Shares Estate, Variously Set at Between $3,000,000 and $20,000,000, with Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Jan. 21.—Mrs. Augustine Lebaudy, who shot and killed her husband Jacques, the "Emperor of Sahara," on Jan. 12 at her home, Phoenix Lodge, Westbury, left the Nassau County Jail here and went to her home today after the Grand Jury had refused to indict her.

The Grand Jury's investigation, which has been going on for eight days, strongly indicated, it was said, that Jacques Lebaudy had plotted against his wife and daughter and that Mrs. Lebaudy was compelled to shoot him in defense of her life and her daughter. It was stated that the majority of the Grand Jurors were convinced that she acted in self-defense, but that the conclusion which they reached was not unanimous, a few of the Grand Jurors feeling that the petty jury should pass on the case.

The Grand Jury's presentment simply set forth that the Grand Jury had investigated the issue, and found no ground for indictment. District Attorney Charles R. Weeks said that the Grand Jury had made a thorough and conscientious investigation of all the evidence, and that he had no fault to find with their conclusions.

Mrs. Lebaudy was in her cell in the county jail when word was conveyed to her that the Grand Jury had refused to indict, and that she would not have to undergo a trial. She spent some time in prayer, and left the jail with her daughter and her lawyer, H. W. Moore, after an order of discharge had been signed by Justice Aspinall. She asked Sheriff Seaman to convey her thanks to the people of the vicinity and to others who had sympathized with her and aided her in the belief that she acted in self-defense.

Tell of Death Threats.

H. W. Moore, lawyer for Mrs. Lebaudy, said that he had proof that Lebaudy had not only threatened the life of Mrs. Lebaudy but had made attempts to hire men to assassinate her and her daughter. One of these witnesses, who gave the name of Wilbur Rother, of 23 Prospect Park, Long Island City, and went before the Grand Jury this morning, said that Lebaudy had asked him about six weeks ago to kill "two dogs," offering him $1,500 for the work. Rother said that when he asked for more information Lebaudy showed him pictures of his wife and daughter and told him that it was they whom he wished to have killed.

Mr. Moore said that Lebaudy had tried also to hire a man named Theobold Minser to murder his wife and daughter. Lebaudy sent for Minser after the latter had inserted an advertisement asking for employment as a chauffeur. Lebaudy's proposal was that Minser should act as his chauffeur and should contrive to drown Mrs. Lebaudy and Jacqueline by driving into the river with them. Both men regarded Lebaudy as crazy and gave little heed to his strange offers.

Mrs. Lebaudy and her daughter Jacqueline are the heirs to the Lebaudy estate, and the right of Mme. Lebaudy to inherit her share is completely cleared by the finding of the Grand Jury that she acted in self-defense.

No Will Found.

No will of Lebaudy has been found at the Phoenix Lodge, and it is not known whether he left one in other hands. Whether one is in existence or not is probably of little moment, in view of the volume of proof as to his mental incapacity, which would render any such document of little value. One of Lebaudy's freaks was that of stowing away papers and valuables in ingenious hiding places, so that some time may elapse before all his possessions are discovered.

Those familiar with Lebaudy's business affairs say that it would be impossible to place any accurate valuation on the estate in its present condition. A large part of his inherited money was invested in non-income-paying stocks, from which he expected to achieve value at a later date, and in good mining properties which were closed down and sometimes flooded by Lebaudy as soon as he came into control of them. Lebaudy was believed to have pursued this policy because he was afraid to trust any one, so that he kept his property in an inactive state, which did not require the intervention of managers and agents.

Guesses as to the value of Lebaudy's fortune have ranged from $3,000,000 to $20,000,000. The fortune of Max Lebaudy, the French "Sugar King," and father of Jacques, was said to have been $80,000,000, of which Jacques inherited about one-fourth. On his brother's death he received a considerable legacy, and in 1917 he inherited another large fortune on his mother's death.

Mother Had $9,500,000 Estate.

The total value of the estate of the mother is not known, but the property owned by her in this country was among the largest in possession of any foreigner. Her estate last Fall paid to a New York Internal Revenue office a tax of more than $1,000,000. There was considerable speculation at the time as to the identity of the non-resident whose fortune in this country had been so large, and it was generally supposed that the estate in question was that of the late James Gordon Bennett, but this was denied. It has since been learned that the securities and other property left by Mrs. Lebaudy in this country were appraised at $9,500,000.

H. W. Moore, counsel for Mrs. Lebaudy, said yesterday that he had no reliable information on which to base an estimate of the value of the Lebaudy estate, and he said there was evidence that Jacques had hidden the papers relating to it in several cities. He said that Jacques had a brother and sister in France, but that the indications were that there would be no legal contest over the estate.

TREASON CHARGE AT WIRE INQUIRY

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

phone companies and to carry the Western Union through troublous times and in addition with a view to consolidating all the telegraph and telephone companies and possibly cable lines into one huge monopoly. Everything indicates that this is the general plan toward which all these parties are working, namely, Mr. Burleson, the Bell Telephone, the Western Union, Mr. Vail, and Mr. Carlton.

"The idea that a great consolidation of telegraphs, telephones, cables, and the wiping out of competition and the grant of subsidies for new cables will confer great benefits upon the American public, is put forward to deceive. Such a combination would impose a hardship upon the public without giving it a single advantage it does not enjoy today. It might be called a hobby of Mr. Vail if it were not for the fact that back of it is the definite intent to set up a monopoly for the benefit of his companies."

Many questions were asked Mr. Reynolds about the contention of the Post Office Department that it had tried unsuccessfully to ascertain a true valuation of the Mackay companies, but has been unable to do so because of the companies' conflicting figures. Mr. Reynolds explained that the Mackay companies was a holding company for thirty-nine small organizations which had nominal capital.

"Didn't your companies make sworn statement to the Interstate Commerce Commission that the value was $6,647,-000?" asked Judge Moon.

"No, on the equity the small companies held in the value of the larger one," was the answer.

"Don't you know you swore unequivocably to that regardless of its equity," perslated the Chairman, who repeated his question many times, while Mr. Reynolds reiterated that the value of the Mackay companies was difficult to ascertain because of intangible assets added to the value of the small companies.

"We declined to accept the award of $1,680 000 from the Postmaster General, because last year we made $4,269,000," said the witness. "And the valuation of $28,000 000 he put on our property was guesswork. He sent a man to examine our books, but not the physical value of our property. I think they agreed what to allow us, and simply worked back to that."

Mr. Reynolds was preceded by Charles E. Ellquist, a former Minnesota State Commissioner, and F. W. Putnam, a present member of the Minnesota Commission. Both of these men insisted that the wire systems should be returned to private control. When Representative Ramseyer of Iowa asked the two men what they would recommend in the way of legislation in the event the control period was extended, both earnestly urged that the police powers and right of regulating interstate rates should be left to the State Commissions.

"You must have local authority who can ascertain the facts and which the public can reach without coming to Washington," said Mr. Putnam.

"Oh, you're a Commissioner, and you want to hold your authority," said Judge Moon.

"I don't want the witness insulted," said Mr. Steenerson.

"We have a right to bring out the facts," said Judge Moon. "I will not be deterred from the assumption that a State Commissioner wants to hold his job."

Mr. Putnam said the Postmaster General's new telephone rate schedule would cost the Minnesota public not less than 20 per cent., and in some cases up to 40 per cent., above the present rates.

During the testimony, Judge Lamar presented the following table of compensations allowed to telephone and telegraph companies by the Government:

	Telephone Companies.	All Companies.
Investment Aug. 1, 1918	$1,311,805,439	$1,463,252,439
Compensation allowed	69,816,104	80,014,945
Ratio compensation to investm't.	5.32%	5.47%
Net revenue for six mos. ended June 30, 1918	36,247,526	41,928,300
Average investm't 1915-1917	1,130,800,000	1,278,252,430
Net revenue's average 1915-1917	69,366,566	80,836,566
Ratio aver. earnings to investment 1915-1917	6.14%	6.35%

SOUTH DAKOTA PROTESTS.

State Senate Demands Return of Roads and Other Utilities.

Special to The New York Times.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 21.—The South Dakota Senate has adopted a resolution condemning Government ownership of railroads and other, corporations and asking the Government "to take immediate steps to restore to private control the great public service corporations before they become further entrenched under the guise of Government control by an increase in rates that will be impossible to reduce to a normal standard."

The anti-ownership resolution followed the arrival of three attorneys in Pierre in a private car to fight for an increased express rate.

ARREST 23 IN ROUNDUP.

Police Hold Men Suspected of Part in Recent Crimes.

While the police were making a vigorous roundup of suspected criminals of all classes yesterday in an effort to check increasing reports of crime, evidence was obtained which strengthens the theory that Patrick O'Donnell was guilty of the murder of Mary Elizabeth Riddell at Richmond Hill, as he confessed himself to be.

A blow at the alibi claimed for O'Donnell by his family was struck by Patrick Flood, a medical student, who on the night of the murder was tending bar in his father's saloon at Lexington Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street, Manhattan. While the family of O'Donnell asserted that the man was at work at the factory of the Waterman Fountain Pen Company at Glen Morris until after 8 o'clock on the night of the crime, Flood said that he was positive that he had sold a glass of beer to O'Donnell at 7:15 o'clock that night. The murder at Richmond Hill occurred at 6:30, so that O'Donnell would have had time to cover the distance from Richmond Hill to the saloon. Flood stated that on buying the glass of beer O'Donnell remarked that he was just recovering from an attack of epilepsy.

Following the instructions of Police Commissioner Enright, who had called a hunt for suspicious characters, twenty-three men accused of taking part in recent hold-ups and burglaries were taken to Police Headquarters yesterday. Men who have been held up recently will be asked to be present at Police Headquarters to look over the lineup of suspects. Commissioner Enright has sent out a number of aggressive policemen and detectives with a commission to pick up dangerous characters, and it is understood that an organization resembling the old "Strong Arm Squad," the one headed by Lieutenant Charles Becker, who was executed for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, will be brought into existence.

WILL ASK COURTS TO ANNUL PHONE RATE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

New Jersey until April 20 unless that board previous to that date should approve of the changes.

Mr. Barber declares the new rates are "unlawful, illegal, and extortionate," and that only the rates legally effective in New Jersey are those which were in effect yesterday and which were filed with the Public Utility Commission.

NEW YORK SUBURBAN TELEPHONE RATES CUT

Schedules Show Residential District Exchanges Favored on Long Distance Calls.

Schedules of the new telephone rates promulgated by Postmaster General Burleson on Dec. 14 were obtainied yesterday from an official of the New York Telephone Company. They disclose that under the new method of computing charges on an airline basis of 4½ mills a mile New York's suburban tolls will be cut substantially. Another effect locally will be to include Hoboken and Jersey City in the 5-cent zone, although the new charges will not increase or decrease the present tolls on calls within New York City.

Although it had been expected from the official announcement that great saving would result to business men through the airline computation on long distance calls, the schedule obtained yesterday disclosed that of about sixty specimen cities scattered throughout the country fully 50 per cent. will still continue to pay the old rate and several, notably Washington, D. C., with a boost of 15 cents per call, will find that telephonic communication with New York must cost more. Sharp decreases, however, were made in calls between here and great industrial centres, some of the cheaper rates applying to Akron, Detroit, Cleveland, Chicago, and Philadelphia. For some reason, not explained yesterday, the rates between New York and Boston and New York and Albany, points of heavy traffic, were not decreased.

Another puzzling thing about the new schedule, as was pointed out yesterday, is the fact that special partiality has been shown in making long-distance rates to and from "zones" outside the business districts in New York. The lowest rates of all are given to Manhattan, Zone No. 1, which is made up entirely of exchanges in the residential parts of the city. While cuts were ordered in Manhattan, Zone No. 2, the business exchanges of New York, the rates that were made for long-distance business are still higher than the new rates applied to the "social exchanges," as they are termed.

The following table of long distance points indicates how the new system works out:

LONG DISTANCE.

City.	Manhattan, Zone 1.	New Rates, Brooklyn, Zones 1 & 5.	Manhattan, Zone 2.	Bronx, Zone 2.	Old Rate, All Zones.
Akron	2.70	2.70	2.65	2.65	3.25
Albany	.90	.90	.85	.85	.90
Atlantic City	.70	.70	.65	.65	.70
Atlanta	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	5.25
Baltimore	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.00
Boston	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Buffalo	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90
Chicago	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	5.00
Cincinnati	3.80	3.80	3.80	3.80	4.00
Cleveland	2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70	3.25
Dayton, Ohio	3.45	3.45	3.45	3.45	4.00
Detroit	3.15	3.15	3.15	3.15	4.00
Indianapolis	4.15	4.15	4.15	4.15	4.50
Kansas City	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.05	7.25
Philadelphia	.55	.55	.50	.50	.75
Pittsburgh	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.10	2.50
Provid'e, R.I.	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.00
Rochester	1.70	1.70	1.65	1.65	1.70
San Fran.	16.70	16.50	16.50	16.50	18.50
Washington	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.25
Wilm'g'n, Del.	.75	.75	.75	.75	.75
Wore'r, Mass.	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.00
Youngst'wn, O.	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

The zones indicated in the preceding table, and those that follow, are composed of these exchanges:

Manhattan—Zone 1: Academy, Barclay, Beekman, Bowling Green, Broad, Bryant, Canal, Chelsea, Circle, Columbus, Cortlandt, Farragut, Forsyth, Franklin, Gramercy, Greeley, Hanover, John, Lenox, Madison Square, Murray Hill, Orchard, Plaza, Rector, Rhinelander, Riverside, Schuyler, Spring, Stuyvesant, Vanderbilt, Whitehall, Worth. Zone 2: Audubon, Cathedral, Harlem, Marble, Morningside, St. Nicholas.

Bronx—Zone 2: Fordham, Intervale, Melrose, Tremont.

Queens—Zone 4: Astoria, Hunters Point.

Brooklyn—Zone 4: Bedford, Borough Park, Bushwick, Cypress, Decatur, East New York, Evergreen, Flatbush, Greenpoint, Hamilton, Kenmore, Main, Prospect, South, Stagg, Sterling, Sunset, Williamsburg. Zone 5: Bath Beach, Bay Ridge, Canarsie, Coney Island, Midwood.

From a total of seventy-two rates available, the following were selected to show how the new charges affect suburban calls: Manhattan, Zone 1, to Bayonne, N. J., 10 cents as against 15 cents; Manhattan, Zone 2, to Asbury Park, N. J., 30 cents as against 40 cents; Manhattan, Zone 1, to Montclair, 15 cents as against 20 cents. Calls from Manhattan, Zone 1, to Glen Cove, L. I., cut from 25 cents to 20 cents; to Port Washington, from 20 cents to 15 cents; to Long Beach from 25 cents to 20 cents. Connections to points in Westchester and Connecticut average about 10 cents less than the former rate.

Here is the schedules of initial period toll rates:

When Rate is—	Sta. to Sta. Even'g Rate.	Sta. to Sta. Night Rate.	Person to Person Rate.
.05	Day rate	Day rate	Not quoted
.10	"	"	"
.15	"	"	.20
.20	"	"	.25
.25	"	"	.30
.30	.25	.25	.40
.35	.25	.25	.45
.40	.25	.25	.50
.45	.25	.25	.55
.50	.25	.25	.60
.55	.50	.25	.65
.60	.30	.25	.75
.65	.35	.25	.80
.70	.35	.25	.85
(e)	(b)	(c)	(d)

(a)—And thereafter increasing in five cent steps.

(b)—And thereafter one-half the day rate. When the day rate is not evenly divisible by two, one-half the day rate, computed to the next higher multiple of five cents.

(c)—And thereafter one-fourth the day rate. When the day rate is not evenly divisible by four, one-fourth the day rate, computed to the next higher multiple of five cents. Minimum rate twenty-five cents.

(d)—And thereafter 25 per cent. in addition to the station-to-station day rate. When the station-to-station day rate is not evenly divisible by four, 25 per cent. in addition to the station-to-station day rate, computed to the next lower multiple of five cents.

(e)—And thereafter 50 per cent. in addition to the station-to-station day rate. When the station-to-station day rate is not evenly divisible by two, 50 per cent. in addition to the station-to-station day rate, computed to the next lower multiple of five cents.

(f)—And thereafter one-fourth the station-to-station day rate. When the station-to-station day rate is not evenly divisible by four, one-fourth the station-to-station day rate computed to the next higher multiple of five cents; but no report charge will exceed two dollars.

The evening rates quoted in the foregoing will apply from 8:30 o'clock until 4:30 A. M., while the low rate, or night rate, will run from 4:30 to 6 A. M., the day rate being in effect the remainder of the twenty-four hours.

The Postmaster General's schedule of rates took effect at midnight on Monday.

THIRTEEN STATES PROTEST.

Service Commissions Contend for Private Control.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Protests from a dozen State Public Service Commissions against the Administration measure extending Government wire control were presented today to the House Post Office Committee.

"Better and cheaper service will result from private management under efficient State commissions than under the present control," declared Charles E. Elmquist, representing the National Association of Railway and Utilities Commissions, in offering the protests.

Opposition to the legislation was expressed in telegrams from the commissions of Maine, Rhode Island, Illinois, Indiana, New York, Mississippi, New Jersey, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Oregon, Nevada, Tennessee, and Michigan. The North Dakota commission favored merger of wires under Government control, but suggested that States retain police powers over the utilities.

"No injury will result to the public interest if the companies are turned back to private operation immediately," Mr. Elmquist said, adding that Government control with dividends guaranteed during the readjustment period would be favored by the companies. He denied that the opposition of the commissions was due to curtailment of their powers by Government operation.

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The Famous Daiquiri Cocktail Is Made of BACARDI
The Best High Highball You Ever Drank is Made of BACARDI
The Purest And Most Efficacious of All Stimulants For Medical Purposes Is BACARDI

Buy Now! Later the Price Will Be Higher Owing to Increased Taxation

THE BACARDI CORPORATION OF NEW YORK
267 WEST BROADWAY, NEW YORK

PECK & PECK

Announcing Our Regular

HALF YEARLY SALE

At 20% Reduction

Our Standard Qualities of

Plain and Fancy Silk Stockings for Men and Women
Men's Wool Stockings
Men's and Women's Silk or Wool Muffler Scarfs
Women's Silk or Wool Sweaters
Children's Silk, Wool and Cotton Hosiery

Special Reductions in Men's Neckwear

Silk Scarfs, our regular $1.50 quality, now 95c each—$5.50 the half dozen

Knitted Silk Scarfs, also Scarfs made from English Squares, regularly $3 to $4 $2.35 each—$13.50 the half dozen

Peck & Peck

STOCKING SHOPS
586 Fifth Avenue at 48th Street
501 Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street

PECK & PECK HOSE

Maillard NEW YORK

Real Food Value

¼ and ½ pound Package

CHOCOLATE PRODUCTS

HASH?

WELL, you can hardly call it that because it doesn't taste like any other hash you ever ate. You see, it has been pulled out of the ridiculous into the sublime by the appetite-teasing flavor of

A1 SAUCE

THE MAN WITH THE SMILE

He's the fellow we want to cheer the boys over there. We're sending one hundred men to France to relieve the loneliness and monotony of the days on the Rhine.

Fifty men will be put on transports. It's a big man's job

APPLY AT ONCE

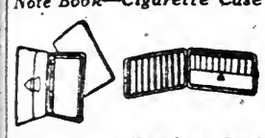
Jewish Welfare Board
149 Fifth Avenue.

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

The Missouri Doctrine

Show me what you have done — without reference to what you have not.

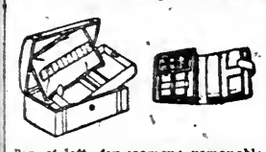
Note Book—Cigarette Case



Note book, removable pad, pencil and 3 card pockets. Black pin seal or tan pigskin, 3¼ x 5 inches, closed....$6.00

Cigarette case, flat design, extension pocket taking 10 cigarettes. Calfskin case, silk lining, 3¼ x 3¾ inches, closed.....$5.25
Black pin Morocco.....$5.50
Tan pigskin.....$6.00

Jewel Box—Hasty Line Pad



Box, at left, for women; removable tray, pen-loops on velvet pad. Glazed calfskin leather, two gold bordered stripes in contrasting colors, silk and velvet lining; lock and key; 6¾ x 4¼ x 3 inches.....$12.50

"Hasty Line" pad; blotter pad, leather address and note books, calendar, 1 quire combination paper and envelopes, loop for pen. Glazed calfskin leather, border of gold tooling; 5 x 6 inches.....$7.75

Cross Shopping Bag

For women, of colored chiffon velvet, exquisite silk linings, 10½ inch covered frame, cat catch. Bag 11½ inches deep. Attached purse inside.....$9.75

Cross Suit Case

For women, black enamel cloth covering, cretonne lining throughout, pocket inside cover.
Sizes 18 and 20 inches.....$9.00
Sizes 22, 24 and 26 inches.....$9.50
Initials painted, 50c. extra.

Cross Collapsible Kit Bag

For travelling; when not in use folds flat and compact to one-half its size and 3-inch thickness, taking small space in trunk. Tan hide or black cowhide, linen lining, strong lock; 18 and 20 inches.....$32.50—$34.50
Initials stamped without charge.

Booklet sent upon request.

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404 Fifth Ave. (At 38th Street) — 753 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)
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Dealers Throughout the World

READY TO RATIFY PROHIBITION HERE

State Senate and Assembly Committees May Act Favorably on Resolution Today.

GIVE WARNING AT HEARING

"Wets" Assert Absolute Prohibition Is a Grave Menace to the Nation.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 21.—Lacking much of last year's interest, and in a totally different atmosphere, opponents of ratification by the New York State Legislature of the Federal Prohibition Amendment conducted their last fight this afternoon before joint legislative committees in a packed Assembly Chamber.

The Republicans, it became known tonight, are to make the ratification resolution a party measure, and New York State, perhaps before another week, will have joined the "Dry" column of States which already have put the national ban on alcoholics. Prior to the hearing this afternoon twenty of the twenty-nine Republican members of the Senate signed a caucus call for Monday night, which will mean backing of the Thompson-McNab resolution. A sufficient number of Democrats will aid in making up the necessary twenty-six votes.

The Senate Committee on Taxation voted tonight to report favorably tomorrow the "Dry" amendment. The committee as a matter of courtesy will listen for an hour to Lemuel E. Quigg, counsel for the hotel men, and will then report to the Senate in favor of the adoption of the resolution declaring for the ratification of the Federal amendment.

The Assembly Judiciary Committee tomorrow morning will vote the measure out, according to plans tonight, after hearing Quigg in the interests of the "Wets." There are more than enough votes in the lower house to assure passage of the resolution.

Warning that the Russian revolution may be repeated here after the country goes "dry" was sounded by Emmanuel Coveleski, of Rochester, Vice President of the New York State Federation of Labor. He predicted that brewery workers in numbers would be walking the streets, and added: "Be careful that the Russian revolution doesn't happen in New York State."

This warning was practically repeated by John E. Bowman of New York, head of the hotel interests, who declared that the Anti-Saloon League started in bloodshed and would end "God only knows how."

"You can turn the country upside down," he said, "and break New York State, but you can't stop people from drinking." He declared that the problem was not one of business so much as it was one of personal liberty.

Prohibitionists denounced the methods of the "Wets" and said their opponents had attempted to wave the red flag.

"We have had a statement here today which sounded much like waving the red flag," declared Mrs. Ella A. Boole, President of the New York State Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

We were told that if we had ratification there would be a rebellion against law. We are Americans and we do not think these statements represent the opinion of the rank and file of organized labor in this country."

Beside Mrs. Boole, Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League; Mrs. Ida B. Sammis, member of the Assembly, and William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, spoke for the Prohibitionists.

William R. Hirst, counsel for the brewers; Everett P. Wheeler, New York lawyer; John McE. Bowman, hotel man, and his counsel, Mr. Quigg; D. C. Gibboney, representing the Law and Order League of Philadelphia, and Assemblyman Peter G. McElligott of New York spoke in favor of the resolution.

Maurice Leon, a New York lawyer, spoke in favor of permitting the use of light wines. He declared that ratification would mean a blow to the wine-producing regions of France and deny them power of rehabilitation.

James P. Holland, President of the New York State Federation of Labor declared in favor of a referendum of the liquor question to the people and said that such action was favored by labor.

D. C. Gibboney, representing the Law and Order League of Philadelphia, and Assemblyman Peter G. McElligott of New York also spoke in favor of a referendum.

Mrs. Sammis, Member of Assembly, was the first speaker for the "Drys."

"We insist on the ousting of this everlasting foe of the home, of the State, of democracy itself," she declared. She characterized appeals of opponents of ratification as "disloyal and un-American."

Others who spoke for ratification included O. R. Miller, Civic League; James Empringham of the Episcopal Church Temperance Society, Miss Elizabeth Collier of the Republican Committee of Kings County, Mrs. Eva Sherwood Potter of the Woman Suffrage Party of Kings County, William H. Burr, State Chairman of the Prohibition Party; Mrs. Robert T. Oliver of the Woman Suffrage Party of New York County, and Dr. C. B. Skinner of Erie.

FARLEY HEADS DEMOCRATS.

Former Foe of Murphy Is Chosen Chairman of State Committee.

SYRACUSE, Jan. 21.—Former State Excise Commissioner William W. Farley of Binghamton and Albany, once foe of Charles F. Murphy, was today unanimously elected Chairman of the Democratic State Committee to succeed Judge J. Augustus Kellogg of Glens Falls, who resigned after being appointed counsel to Governor Smith.

Farley says he intends to organize the up-State democracy along the lines followed by Samuel J. Tilden.

In his speech of acceptance Chairman Farley said he is heartily in sympathy with the policies of President Wilson and Governor Smith. He favors curbing the money power and progress along practical lines of reform.

None of the prominent members of the committee from New York, Brooklyn, and Queens attended the meeting. It was a gathering of the up-Staters, among the prominent leaders being William H. Fitzpatrick of Erie, Charles F. Rattigan of Cayuga, Gerald Flubrer of Orleans, John Pallace and James A. Leary of Rochester, Mayor James D. Smith of Utica, James J. Nolan of Albany, Charles E. Norris of Carthage, George R. Van Amee of Jefferson, Frank Purcell of Steuben, Dr. John W. Gurnett of Schuyler, Frank S. Disney of Chemung, and Frank Sweet of Livingston.

W. Paige Hitchcock of Syracuse, after the members of the committee were called to order in the Hotel Onondaga by Secretary Van Amee, proposed Mr. Farley for Chairman.

Governor at City Hall on Saturday.

ALBANY, Jan. 21.—Governor Smith will hold another Governor's day at the New York City Hall next Saturday morning. He will leave Albany Friday afternoon and probably will return some time Sunday. He hopes to be able to have a Governor's day at Buffalo on Feb. 1.

Soldiers May Keep Shaving Tools!

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21. — Secretary Baker has directed that enlisted men upon being discharged from the service may retain the safety razor, comb, shaving brush, steel mirror, and towels issued to each man.

RETAILERS PROTEST AGAINST LUXURY TAX

Franklin Simon Tells Association That It Would Hamper Industry.

MESSAGE TO WASHINGTON

Resolution Says Tax in Its Present Form Is "Impractical and Impossible of Just Collection."

At the annual convention of the National Garment Retailers' Association, held yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria, the so-called luxury tax provision of the pending revenue bill was discussed and condemned and a telegram protesting against its retention in the bill, at least in its present form, was sent to the Chairman of the House Conference Committee. In his opening address to the convention the President, Franklin Simon, said:

"Before the conclusion of the war this association, at the solicitation of the Treasury Department, submitted a plan, in case the bill became a law, which would make the collection of the tax as little burdensome to the retail merchants as possible. With the signing of the armistice, however, the luxury tax looked a bit different. While we would not, as an organization, oppose any legislation which might help the successful conclusion of the war, yet, with the war over, we were of the opinion that a luxury tax would be economically unsound and fundamentally wrong. We believe that our efforts today should be to encourage production so that returning soldiers and sailors may readily find places of employment.

"The passing of a luxury tax, I am afraid, will hamper industry. In cooperation with the War Service Committee of Department Store and Dry Goods Interests, we expressed our opposition to the luxury tax to the Senate Finance Committee, and, as you know, when the bill left the committee the luxury tax had been eliminated. The Senate, however, to the surprise of nearly everybody, restored the tax to the bill in amended form. Though the percentage of tax was cut in half by the Senate, and coats, suits, dresses, and millinery were exempted, there are many lines of merchandise carried by most merchants that will be affected by the provision as it stands.

"Merchants know that a luxury tax will mean a great mass of needless detail to the store, necessitating the employment of extra help to see that the law is properly obeyed. Such a tax, if imposed, may react on our sales. It is not the amount of money involved that led us to oppose this method of taxation, for all the members of the association are more than willing to pay their share of the war debt. It is merely the method of taxation and the great burden of detail it means to which we object. But it looks as though a luxury tax, in some form, will be in the bill when it becomes a law. The Conference Committee, it appears, has agreed to the provision as it passed the Senate. It is for this convention to determine what further steps in opposition to the measure it desires to take, if any."

A motion was carried to appoint a special committee to recommend what further action should be taken, and the committee recommended that the following telegram be sent to Congressman Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the House Conference Committee:

The National Garment Retailers' Association, in convention assembled this day at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, New York City, has unanimously passed a resolution protesting against the luxury tax in its present form as being impractical and impossible of just collection, creating a great hardship on all merchants and an expense in excess of the tax to be collected. It is the intention and desire of our organization to support and assist the Government in the collection of war taxes in every possible way. The contemplated tax in its present form is impossible of correct interpretation. We recommend this resolution to your favorable consideration.

NATIONAL GARMENT RETAILERS' ASSOCIATION.

Congressman Julius Kahn of California, who was the principal speaker at the association's dinner last night, was asked, at the Waldorf yesterday afternoon, what he thought of the action taken by the convention and whether or not he was in favor of a luxury tax. Congressman Kahn said:

"The language of the telegram is plain and unmistakable. I wish that the language of the entire Revenue bill could be made as plain. The dispatch says that the provision of the bill is 'impractical and impossible of just collection.' That is the opinion of successful and hardheaded business men, who will have much to do with seeing that the tax is collected. If their statement be true, and I see no need to question it, then their lawyers ought to go to Washington to confer with the Conference Committee and with the Treasury Department to try to arrive at a agreement on a wording of this provision of the bill which will insure its practicability and make certain its just collection.

"Now as to whether I am in favor of a luxury tax in any form. I answer that I am. Only those who have the means may purchase luxuries, and the presumption is, therefore, that they will be able to pay a luxury tax without feeling the burden to be more than they are able to bear. If some such tax as this were not carried in the bill, it would mean simply that others, less able to pay taxes at all, would have their revenue taxes increased, for our war bill must be paid. We have an enormous principal to pay and an enormous interest charge until the principal is paid. Then, too, there must be set aside a goodly amount for the sinking fund.

"Our people must not imagine that the war is quite over until its cost has been wiped out. And it will take the sustained patriotism of us all to bear cheerfully the burdens of war taxation. It will take almost as much patriotism to bear these burdens in the true spirit of Americans as it required successfully to prosecute our part in the war. It is a situation for every taxpayer to face, and face manfully, and in the true American fashion.

"But, if I am in favor of the levying of a luxury tax, I am utterly opposed to the Federal prohibition amendment and the consequent loss of revenue that will result. If ever there was a time when we needed all the revenue we can get it is now. Besides, in my opinion, Constitutional prohibition will not prohibit. Take the State of Maine, for example. They have had prohibition there for seventy years. Yet it is not only possible to obtain liquor in that State but there is plenty of evidence of plenty of intoxication there."

Besides Mr. Simon, the convention listened to addresses on "The Woolen Market," by A. L. Gifford of the Worumbo Company; on "The Dyestuff Situation," by Dr. Louis J. Matos of the National Aniline and Chemical Company; on "The Relation of the Garment Buyer and Seller," by I. M. Getskay of Getskay & Dann; on "The Re-employment of Soldiers and Sailors," by Percy S. Straus of R. H. Macy & Co., and on "Can the Self-Serve Principle Be Applied to Garments?" by John Mench of the Duffy-Powers Company of Rochester.

To Pay Britain for Carrying Troops.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The United States will pay the British Government actual cost for the transportation of American soldiers overseas in British vessels. Colonel Battison of the Army Embarkation Bureau told the House Military Committee today that General Hines, head of the bureau, would start for London in a few days to determine the amount. Complaints of food on British ships, Colonel Battison said, were largely due to the British practice of serving only tea for breakfast, which was changed because American soldiers objected.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
AHEAD OF THE FIREMEN
They Pay for Themselves
There might be some excuse if it cost a lot of money to guard against fire. But Globe Sprinklers will watch over your property and pay for themselves at the same time from reduced insurance premiums. Ask for details.
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"Speed with Economy"
Because we built a timber seaplane base in 18 days, Navy said:
"Take over the structural concrete work on this warehouse."
We took hold at basement; put roof on in 9 weeks.
Phone us—Bryant 2908.
Barney-Ahlers
Industrial Construction.

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST NEW YORK
Fashions FOR *Palm Beach*
AND OTHER
Southern Resorts
TRAVEL COSTUMES
DAYTIME AND EVENING WRAPS AND GOWNS
FORMAL AND INFORMAL MILLINERY

Saks & Company
Announce a Special Sale of
Men's Reversible Leather Coats at $65
Reduced from $85
These coats are now very much in favor for both street and motoring, and at this reduced price are certainly remarkable values. Cut in swagger belted model, in soft, pliable Tan leather with reverse side of Fancy Tweed or Gabardine.
Cannot be Duplicated at $65
SIXTH FLOOR

Saks & Company Offer
Remarkable Values To-day in a Sale of Men's Shoes At $5.95
A fine collection of shoes from our regular stock, made strictly according to our usual standard—*the highest.* The lasts are of a practical, but very graceful type, made of
Patent Leather with Kid Top; Serviceable Gun Metal Leather, Black Vici Kid and Dark Mahogany Leather.
All Sizes and Widths, but not in each style
FIFTH FLOOR
Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

E.M. GATTLE & CO
Platinumsmiths 630 FIFTH AVE *Jewelers*
Our Remounting Specialists are prepared to transform Old Jewelry into Modern Gattle Creations
Opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral

KAHLER SHOES
STYLE PLUS COMFORT
Established 1866
FOR MEN & WOMEN
MAKE WALKING A PLEASURE INSTEAD OF AN EFFORT!
P. KAHLER & SONS
15-17 West 44th St. near 5th Ave. New York.

CONCRETE WHITE NEW YORK
You won't feel uneasy every time you hear the fire engines if you—
Let WHITE build it of CONCRETE.
White Builders of Concrete Construction NEW YORK

Opportunities
The sustained eagerness to obtain Haviland China is not due to its scarcity. In spite of the difficulties of importation, New York's favorite china is procurable in gratifying variety here. A wholesome appreciation that mere cheapness does not mean china economy or satisfaction is responsible—stimulated right now by the season-end repricing of many of our most attractive patterns.
Haviland & Co
Founded 1842
11 East 36th Street 10 East 37th Street
New York
So you may distinguish it, each piece is stamped under glaze—
Haviland France
Haviland China
The decorated China has an additional stamp on the glaze—
Haviland & Co Limoges

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC
January LINEN Sale
Hemstitched Damask Lunch Napkins, from 6.75 dozen
Guests' Towels, " 6.75 "
Large Towels, " 12.60 "
Bath Towels, " 6.50 "
Pillow Cases, (Hemstitched) " 3.60 pair
FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

MAISON BERNARD
Fifth Avenue at FIFTY-SEVENTH ST.
Season's Clearance
WILL CONTINUE WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY
The highest-priced models in
Gowns, Coats, Wraps
are included in this final clearance at
½ and ⅓ of Regular Prices
In addition, the remainder of imported, costly fabrics have just been made up into copies of our French Models, and are offered in this Sale—exemplified in the following items:
Afternoon and Dinner Gowns in Satin, Charmeuse, Taffeta, beaded Georgette, Chiffon, Tricolette; including many Spring shades. Former prices up to $95 — $35
Tailleur Frocks in French Serge, Tricotine and other fashionable cloths. — $35
Spring Hats
Introducing a new department of
Smart Trotteur Hats — $10
Exclusive Maison Bernard models at.....

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY
THERE are doubtless *"very good reasons"* for some stores holding Sales before legitimate sale time.
There are also *"very good reasons"* why the German mark and the Mexican dollar are at present debased.
Our Suits and Overcoats are the supremest value in New York
$28 *and upward*
Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

Macy's
R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.
Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

No Trick At All
To tog you out from tip to toe. Our large stocks mean variety to select from and our name is synonymous with savings.
Men's Sack Suits at $21.75
A specially desirable selection, specially priced. All the season's most popular models in cheviots, homespuns, cassimeres and unfinished worsteds.
A good choice of patterns and colors including grays, browns, and many mixtures.
Today, style and fabric may interest you more than linings or finishings, but be assured of a satisfactory future in our clothing. It's the result of careful, high grade tailoring. The proof's in the wearing.
Macy's—Fifth Floor, B'way.
Men's Shirts of Quality, $1.89
You'll delight in their fresh, crisp fabrics. The patterns are confined to manufacturers of high grade shirts. Materials are madras and crepe weaves. There's a large degree of comfort in the careful cut and workmanship of these garments. Either soft or laundered cuffs.
Twixt Right and Wrong
An eighth of an inch is large measure when it comes to men's headwear. Correct modelling and high grade finish are strong qualities of
The "Lansdowne"
Men's Hats
Made of fur felt. Flat brim, or medium roll shape. Olives and grays.
$3.89
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.
Surefooted!
No reason why you shouldn't be if you have
SUPREMACY REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
stamped in your shoes. This label represents all that is best in men's footwear at a price unusually modest for such high quality.

Men's Genuine Cordovan Shoes, $9.89
Wine color cordovan is style's decree in men's walking shoes, and there's a truly smart appearance to this flat last model. Goodyear Welted Soles and blind eyelets.
Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 35th St., Rear.
Ties Our Heroes Choose
Our overseas forces may differ on questions international but they seem unanimous in selecting our
Silk Knitted Cravats, $1.89
Made on hand frame machine in heather or stripe effect in shell crochet weaves.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Front.

15 Reasons

Why First Mortgages Guaranteed by This Company Are the Best Investment for Prudent People.

16

If the war has taught anything about investments it has taught the great merit of guaranteed mortgages.

Institutions have seen the quotations on their stocks and bonds go down so much that if they needed money the last thing they wished to do was to sell these securities and incur the heavy losses involved.

They have turned to their mortgages and, of course, have not collected all that they asked for, but have got more from that source than from any other, and what they have received they have received at par.

It is not reasonable to expect mortgages to bear the double burden of payment in full and payment immediately, but they have met in hundreds of cases even this double demand and have come out of this crisis with much better reputation than stocks and bonds which could not be collected without loss and quite often could not be realized upon at all.

No investor has ever lost a dollar.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.

Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000

176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

Just as soon as you want to stop throwing your money away, just step into one of our 15 shirt specialty shops,—and buy real shirt values.

Now on Special sale.

Woven Madras
SHIRTS
Actual $2.75 and $3.00 Values
$1.95
Other Shirt Values in Proportion

REMEMBER—We sell shirts and shirt satisfaction,—your money back if you want it.

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

317 Broadway 1407 Broadway
28 Cortlandt St. 1484 Broadway
139 Nassau St. Near 42d St.
110 Chambers St. 62 E. 14th St.
38 Delancey St. 264 W. 125th St.
BROOKLYN SHOPS
367 Fulton St. 431 Fulton St.
NEWARK SHOP, 170 Market St.
Bridgeport Waterbury Scranton.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPENING for accountants with imagination and experience, with progressive methods, with capacity and equipment for success. We want ambition, with ability to give it momentum. We must have a large reserve of personal capital. College education or its equivalent necessary. Liberal reward and unusual prospects for those who qualify.

LESLIE, BANKS & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
123 Broadway

Cocoanut Oil Makes A Splendid Shampoo

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Many soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain mulsified cocoanut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is better than some expensive soaps or anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rinses out easily and removes dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get mulsified cocoanut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.

The Supply of
SCOTCH WHISKEY
Is Limited & High Priced. Try
OLD BUSHMILLS
11 year old all malt
IMPORTED WHISKEY
It is like fine old Liqueur-Scotch with less smoky taste.
ALEX D. SHAW & CO NY
12 Stone St. Tel. 8070 Bowl. Green

GOT ORDER TO FIGHT, AFTER PEACE CANARD

Major Thacher Tells How Men of 306th, Stirred by False Report, Fought Grim Battle.

TOLD TO TAKE HILL 182

Recounts Valor of Companies H and I in Taking St. Juvin and Repelling Germans.

Major Archibald G. Thacher of the 306th Infantry, who spoke last night at the Washington Irving High School before the auxiliary composed of relatives and friends of that regiment, said that one of the hardest assignments received by the regiment had come just a few hours after the officers and men had been excited by a premature report that the armistice had been signed and that the war was over.

"Just as we were preparing to celebrate the victory and end of the war," he said, "word came at midnight that we were to attack and capture Hill 182 in front of us on the Argonne front on the following morning, and we were given to understand that no explanation would be accepted for failure.

"After three or four hours of sleep the attack was started, and seven companies advanced to make a frontal attack on the town of Saint Juvin. As we approached in a final attack it was seen by our commanding officers that the plan of attack was inadvisable and that the proper way to 'crack' the town was to make flank attacks. The plan was hastily recast. Company H, commanded by Captain Julius O. Adler, supported by Company I, was detailed to make a flank attack. This they did with great success, not only capturing the town, but taking more prisoners than the strength of the attacking company. Captain Adler received a citation for this feat. Later we were able to take Hill 182. The Germans, after a furious artillery fire, counter-attacked, but were unable to regain a footing in the territory we had won.

Major Thacher said that, after the arrival of the regiment in France, the officers had been sent to the front to be trained, so that none of them would have to undergo their baptism of fire before the eyes of their men.

"The only way in which a man can obtain absolute self-control under fire is by experience," he said, "and absolute self-control on the part of officers in the presence of their men is essential, because if an officer falters for a fraction of a second the faith of his men is shattered. Therefore, it was thought necessary to train officers thoroughly in danger zones, and those who were killed during this period were sacrificed for the purpose of insuring the self-control and resoluteness of the survivors.

"After a period in the Marne sector, we were shifted to the River Vesle, where our men distinguished themselves for unusual bravery and calmness under fire. It was an ordinary occurrence in our regiment to find officers going into No Man's Land to bring back a private who had been lying helpless after being struck by enemy bullets. One of the most beloved officers in the regiment was Lieutenant Hayes. During the struggle through the Argonne Forest, he was constantly in the lead of his men, searching for the safest spots to shelter them when they should come up."

HEARS CASE FOR RAILWAY.

Service Board Investigates Position of New York Company.

Testifying yesterday before the Public Service Commission, Thomas M. Fazakerley, President of the New York Railways Company Brotherhood, said that serious labor troubles on the city's railroads might follow the appointment of a receiver for the company. Heretofore, he explained, the brotherhood had always been able to confer amiably with the officials of the company. Last May, when more pay was sought by the employes, a tie-up of the lines, said the witness, was only prevented by Oscar S. Straus, then Chairman of the Public Service Commission, who succeeded in smoothing out the trouble by asking the workers not to disrupt the service during the war period.

F. T. Wood, assistant to Frank Hedley, Vice President and General Manager of the company, admitted that the company was not giving adequate service and submitted data showing that estimates made for the fiscal year ending July 31 next were made on the assumption that the service was to be improved. He told the commission that the receipts of the company for December, 1918, were greater than for the same period in 1917, and explained this by saying that there had been no interruption of service because of snow storms. He said that the company's maintenance fund was exhausted.

The report of the New York Railways Company for November, 1918, shows a decrease in gross operating income of $95,271, the figure being $909,152, as compared with $998,423 in November, 1917. In the month operating expenses increased $58,738 and taxes increased $35,312, while income from operation dropped $189,321. After the payment of interest on underlying bonds, rentals, &c., there was a deficit of $108,850, as compared with a balance of $79,932 in the preceding year.

RELATIVES GET $5,000,000.

Nathaniel Whitman, Bachelor, Made Fortune in Dress Goods.

Nathaniel Whitman, who died on Jan. 8 at the Hotel Plaza, Manhattan, has left an estate valued at more than $5,000,000 which is to be divided among his relatives. Mr. Whitman was a bachelor, and for sixty-seven years was a member of the firm of Lesher, Whitman & Co., dealers in dress goods and linings at Broadway and Nineteenth Street, Manhattan. The will has not as yet been probated, but from the Whitman heirs it was learned last night that the estate, which consists of real and personal property, is to be divided among Mrs. William Withey and Mrs. F. R. Baldwin of Green Avenue, Brooklyn; Mrs. Emma M. Colfax, of Virginia, nieces; Mortimer Whitman, Sr., of 163 Twenty-fifth Street, Elmhurst, a nephew; Mortimer Whitman, Jr., also of Twenty-fifth Street, Elmhurst, a grand nephew, and his two children, Nathaniel and Ethel Whitman.

It is said that the will has been read to the survtving heirs, and that Mrs. Colfax, Mrs. Withey, Mrs. Baldwin, and Mortimer Whitman, Sr., are each to receive $1,000,000 in trust, besides considerable cash; that Mortimer Whitman, Jr., is to receive $300,000 in trust, and that his two children each will receive $133,000. Before her marriage to Mortimer Whitman, Jr., Mrs. Whitman was a clerk in the Bayside Branch of the Flushing Post Office. They now occupy a small apartment in the Jackson Heights section of Elmhurst, where the elder Whitman and his wife are also living. Young Whitman is employed as a salesman by his granduncle's concern.

Bequests to Charity Uneffective.

Because William G. Kaufman survived his wife, Mrs. Nanette E. Kaufman, of 4 East Sixtieth Street, who died at Atlantic City last week, he will receive the entire estate, and bequests of $10,000 each to the Montefiore Home, the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, the Presbyterian Hospital, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children are not effective. Mrs. Kaufman left the estate to charity in case her husband died before her, or they both died "in the same casualty."

Schmittberger Left Only $8,232.

Application was made to Surrogate Cohalan yesterday by the heirs of the late Chief Inspector Max F. Schmittberger to exempt the estate from the payment of a transfer tax on the ground that the estate amounts to only $8,232, and consists of $5,000 insurance, cash, and Liberty Bonds, with expenses of $2,500 chargeable against the estate.

SEES BREAD LINE BY MAY 1.

Morrison Tells Senators Unemployment Situation Is a Menace.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Reports from twenty-one cities showing more than 185,000 men unemployed were submitted to the House Immigration Committee today by Frank Morrison, Secretary of the American Federation of Labor, in support of his contention that "there will be bread lines in every industrial centre before May 1." Mr. Morrison appeared in support of legislation to restrict immigration.

The reports submitted today were in addition to those from thirty cities given to the committee last Thursday by Mr. Morrison, and showed Detroit with 50,000 unemployed, Philadelphia with 10,000, Indianapolis, 8,000; Bridgeport, Conn., 15,000; Charleston, West Va., 3,500; Worcester, Mass., 12,000; San Francisco, 15,000; Tacoma, Wash., 2,500; Denver, 1,750; Great Falls, Mon., 1,000; Akron Ohio, 2,500; Schenectady, N. Y., 3,500 and Pittsburgh 10,000.

A report from Seattle, Wash., said it was impossible to give the approximate number of unemployed there, but that there were thousands, and that the number was increasing daily. The situation was becoming so menacing, it was stated, that Government intervention might soon be necessary.

Mr. Morrison read a letter from William H. Johnston, President of the International Association of Machinists, stating that the existing unrest among the laboring classes is being accentuated by employers who are increasing the number of hours a day the employes have to work and lowering wages. The letter also said that several companies working under awards of the War Labor Board have served notice that as far as they are concerned the war ended the day the armistice was signed and that the awards no longer were in effect. In this connection the Worthington Pump Company of Cudahy, Wis., and the Willys-Overland Company of Elyria, Ohio, were mentioned.

LANE EXTOLS ROOSEVELT.

Secretary Pays Tribute to Him in Indorsing $5,000 Pension.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—A tribute to Theodore Roosevelt by Secretary Lane was adopted by the House Pensions Committee today as a part of its favorable report on a bill, which already has passed the Senate, granting an annual pension of $5,000 to Mrs. Roosevelt. Secretary Lane wrote the committee that Congress had set precedents by granting pensions to the widows of Presidents Polk, Tyler, Lincoln, Grant, Garfield, and McKinley.

The committee, unanimously voting a favorable report, found that the Secretary's letter constituted "one of the most beautiful, fair, and just tributes" to Mr. Roosevelt's life and character. It follows:

"The impress that Theodore Roosevelt's personality has made upon the world does not need emphasis. Whatever his fame as a statesman, it can never outrun his fame as a man. However widely men may differ from him in matters of national policy, this thing men in their hearts would all wish, that their sons might have within them the spirit, the will, the strength, the manliness, the Americanism of Roosevelt. He was made of that rugged and heroic stuff with which legend delights to play. Idylls and Sagas and the Iliads have been woven about men of his mold. We may surely expect to see developed a Roosevelt legend, a body of tales that will exalt the physical power and endurance of the man and the boldness of his spirit, his robust capacity for blunt speech and his hearty comradeship, his live interest in all things living—these will make our boys for the long future proud that they are of his race and his country. And no surer fame than this can come to any man—to live in the hearts of the boys of his land as one whose doings and sayings they would wish to make their own."

ZIONISTS RAISE $400,000.

Third Day of Drive for $3,000,000 Brings In $120,000.

For the third day of the $3,000,000 drive of the Zionist Organization of America the committee announced receipts to the Palestine Restoration Fund of $120,000, bringing the total subscriptions to date up to about $400,000. The largest single subscription received yesterday was $46,000 from San Francisco, the next largest, $15,000, from Los Angeles. At the meeting of team captains in the afternoon it was announced that 1,000 merchants here had pledged 10 per cent. of one day's income to the fund, and that as the result of the campaign in New York $5,120 in cash and $28,000 in pledges had been received. The Women's Committee announced that Rosa Raisa had volunteered to give a concert in the Hippodrome for the fund.

Saturday will be Palestine Restoration Day, and Palestine, the Jewish homeland, and its needs will be the subject of many sermons. On Sunday Judge Julian W. Mack, President of the Zionist Organization, will give a dinner to 200 business and professional men in the Hotel Astor, at which a committee will be formed to assist the drive.

FAVOR TUNNEL TO JERSEY.

Legislative Leaders Confer with Commission on Vehicular Tube.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 21.—Members of the New York State Bridge and Tunnel Commission, who conferred today with legislative leaders regarding the proposal for the State to appropriate $6,000,000 toward a vehicular tunnel between New York and New Jersey, found the leaders in an attitude favorable to the project, it was stated tonight.

The leaders are prepared to support legislation to bring about the construction of the tunnel, it is understood, and the only question was said to be over the method of raising the funds. The cost of the tunnel has been estimated at $2,000,000. New Jersey has already appropriated half that amount.

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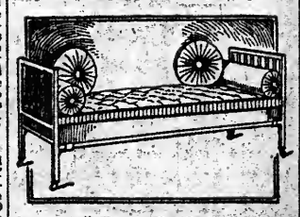
The Standard of Quality



Day Beds

are only one popular article of our complete line of metallic beds, horse hair mattresses, durable box springs, beautiful quilts, comfortable pillows and cushions for window seat or boat.

We Manufacture all our Bedding

and for that reason can guarantee it to be built right and of the finest materials.

FRANK A. HALL & SONS
Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding
25 West 45th St., New York City

SAYS THE DOUGHBOY IS AN AMBASSADOR

Joe Mitchell Chapple, Back from the Front, Declares There Is No Soldier Like Him.

BUT HE WANTS TO GET HOME

Editor Learned That It Was Albert Ballin Who Suggested to the Kaiser That He Abdicate.

Fresh from a visit to the American Army of Occupation in the Coblenz area, Joe Mitchell Chapple, editor of the National Magazine, returned to the United States several days ago, and last night, at the Hotel Cumberland, related some of the episodes of his trip, which included a three weeks' tour of all the battlefields of the war on the western front from Liége to the Argonne.

While in Europe Mr. Chapple was informed that it was Albert Ballin of the Hamburg-American Line who made the suggestion to the Kaiser that he abdicate in order to save Germany. Ballin died soon after the armistice was signed, and the report that reached Mr. Chapple, but which he was unable to verify, was that Ballin had committed suicide after his interview with the Kaiser. But it was the American doughboy who interested Mr. Chapple most on his last trip to the front. Speaking of conditions in the Coblenz area, he said:

"You must know that there is no soldier like the American doughboy. That sounds trite, but I'll tell you why. The American soldier is just a naturalborn cavalier, a crusader. First of all he is a man in the full sense of the word and then he is a soldier. There is nothing servile about him. He makes himself at home wherever he is. No matter where I went in my various trips in the battle areas or in the area of occupation after the signing of the armistice, the most wonderful thing I found was the doughboy adapting himself to any situation he found himself in and fitting into it like a tree into a landscape.

"At Coblenz, where I spent Christmas Day, I found that the population fairly worshipped the Americans. Of course in the case of the adults there may have been something of propaganda in this, the desire to show that the Germans were not at bad as we found them to be during the hostilities. But this could not apply to the children, who trooped around the Americans with childish admiration, hanging on to them with great glee and indulging in their games.

"The problem in the area of occupation seems to be to keep the soldier a soldier. He is more of a wonder in times of peace with an army of occupation than in times of war with an army of battle. He is doing more to build up an understanding of the American character among the people of Europe than the diplomats can ever do. The doughboy is the real American ambassador to the nations of Europe. He sees a woman dragging a heavy load on the street and he just naturally walks over and lifts it from her shoulders.

"He is as unaffected in his simplicity in the streets of Coblenz or Paris as he is when at home in New York or Oshkosh. And he certainly wants to come home. When those boys in Coblenz heard that I had been in New York in December they crowded around me as if I were something of a curiosity. 'Say, bud,' I heard one say in an awestricken way, 'this guy was in New York a month ago.' These boys have been over there for eighteen months, and home sounds good to them.

"There was a real American celebration on Christmas eve. Great evergreen trees were set up in Coblenz, and on top of the Ehrenbreitstein fortress across the river. The trees were illuminated, and the populace turned out and sang Christmas songs. The doughboys sang the Battle Hymn of the Republic over and over again and it was thrilling.

"The Y. M. C. A. man at Coblenz was indispensable. He was first on the spot and ready for the soldiers when they arrived. He distributed a million cigarettes in a short time and quantities of chocolate.

"The German demobilized soldiers act as if they are dazed. They walk the streets doing nothing, although there is plenty of work to be done. They do not seem to realize that they were defeated. This sense of defeat seems to be slow in penetrating the German mind."

Mr. Chapple visited the grave of Quentin Roosevelt near Chambery. "Across a field of bleeding ground we walked to the grave where he had been buried by the Germans," said Mr. Chapple. "The site is marked by evergreen trees on the fringe of the hill where the young hero lies. The grave overlooks a landscape that seemed to me like the plains of Dakota. The grave was inclosed, and the blue cross of the Germans was between the crosses erected by the Americans with the simple plate and the more elaborated headmark by the French. Beside the Stars and Stripes is his identification disc. The spot where he fell is marked by flowers. There are the immortelles of the French and other flowers of American and other admirers.

"As I leaned over toward the grave I saw a tiny violet peeping up to the sky, catching the blue of the heavens. It seemed to me then that there the infinite and the finite touched. That violet was the most fitting emblem of the tragic fall, from the blue skies overhead in glory as true blue as the flag he served."

Gimbel Brothers
31st ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST

Military Clothing
½ Price Sale
Trench Coats, Raincoats, Overcoats, Shirts, Suits, Puttees, etc.

Suitable for Civilian wear—for Motoring, Hunting, and Hiking—as well as for Military Men who want "something better."

Officers' Overseas Trench Coats
$55.00 *Now* $27.50
Separate wool linings.

Officers' Trench Coats. *Moleskin and belted, single or double breasted.*	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00
Officers' Winter Overcoats	$60.00	*Now*	$30.00
Officers' Winter Overcoats	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00
Officers' O. D. Mackinaws.	$28.50	*Now*	$14.25
Officers' Raincoats	$40.00	*Now*	$20.00
Officers' Raincoats	$22.50	*Now*	$11.25
U. S. Navy Raincoats (Black)	$30.00	*Now*	$15.00
Corduroy Vests, sheepskin lined.	$11.50	*Now*	$5.75
Moleskin Vests, sheepskin lined.	$11.50	*Now*	$5.75
U. S. A. Spiral Puttees	$6.00	*Now*	$3.00
Officers' Leather Puttees	$15.00	*Now*	$7.50
Officers' Leather Puttees	$11.75	*Now*	$5.88
Wool Army Shirts		*Now*	$3.75
Wool Army Shirts	$8.00	*Now*	$4.00
Wool Army Shirts	$9.00	*Now*	$4.50
Cotton Khaki Shirts	$5.50	*Now*	$2.75
Cotton Khaki Shirts	$3.50	*Now*	$1.75
Silk Khaki Shirts	$10.00	*Now*	$5.00
Officers' Whipcord Suits	$70.00	*Now*	$35.00
Officers' Serge Suits	$65.00	*Now*	$32.50
Officers' Serge Suits	$55.00	*Now*	$27.50
Officers' Serge Suits	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00
Officers' O. D. Wool Suits	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00

No C. O. D's - - - - - *No Returns*

GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

It Keeps Right On!

During the war, Grape-Nuts stood in the foremost ranks in providing the utmost in food values and food economy. *It Keeps Right On!*

Grape-Nuts

stands unique among ready-to-eat cereals in percentage of available nourishment, ease of digestion, and flavor. It contains its own sweetness, self-developed from the grains in the making, and it is a delicious food, eatable to the last atom!

"There's a Reason"

For the invalid and the convalescent—Borden's Malted Milk—pleasantly palatable and highly nutritious.
Insist on Borden's—always.
In square packages only.
Borden's
THE IMPROVED
MALTED MILK

SECURITY

The security of a contract is a good thing to have, but it doesn't begin to compare with the security of having a good contractor.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
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PLAZA ART ROOMS, INC.
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TODAY, WEDNESDAY,
Saks & Company
Will Hold a Very Special Sale of
Paris-Inspired Frocks for Women at $35

Showing Fashion's Newest Edicts for Spring

Dainty Frocks of Georgette Crepe and Meteor, in stunning Straight Line, Side Pleated and Russian Blouse models—the most charming created for Spring.

The model pictured is tastefully hand-embroidered, beautifully made and comparable only to frocks usually shown at much higher cost. To be had in:

Taupe, Silver Grey, Copenhagen Blue, Beaver and Wistaria. Sizes 34 to 42.

Greatly Reduced!
The Entire Balance of Our
Women's Higher-Priced Frocks

Original models by well-known couturiers, and skilful reproductions of costly importations. At these reduced prices such frocks are indeed *rare!*

Tricotine and Poiret Twill Dresses
Formerly $49.50, $69.50, $89.50
Reduced to **$35, $49.50, $69.50**

Georgette Crepe and Chiffon Velvet Combination Dresses
Formerly $75, $89.50, and $95
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Director, Bureau of Sales.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,
Alien Property Custodian.

REPORTED CASUALTIES TOTAL 217,519

234 Named in Latest Army Lists; Marine Corps Announces Loss of 30

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contained 234 names, bringing the total for the army up to 211,788. One Marine Corps casualty list was issued, which contained 30 names, bringing the total for that arm to 5,731. The total for army and Marine Corps is now 217,519.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 96 killed in action, 56 died of wounds, 26 died of accident, 26 died of disease, and 30 missing in action.

The Marine Corps list issued today contained the names of five killed in action, 5 died of wounds, 5 died of disease, 13 wounded severely, 1 wounded slightly, and 1 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 21.	Total.
Killed in action	30,018	96	30,114
Lost at sea	732	-	732
Died of wounds	12,596	56	12,652
Died of accident	2,553	26	2,579
Died of disease	18,176	26	18,202
Total	64,075	204	64,279
Wounded	134,102	30	134,109
Missing	13,377	30	13,407
Total	211,554	234	211,788

Summary of Marine Corps Casualties to Date.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	93	2,016
Wounded	120	3,031
In hands of enemy	-	36
Missing	1	486
Total	214	5,517

Total 5,731

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Rendered to Duty.
(WI) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded. (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

DIESTOL, E. F., 1,065 Jackson Av.....(MA)
DUCHAN, LOUIS, 1,128 Park Av.—Lt.(DW)
FAHET, M. L., 674 10th St., Bkln.—Sgt.(MA)
FINGERMAN, ROBERT M., 1,186 Tinton Ave.—Corp.....(DW)
GAUTHIER, JAMES, 590 4th Av., Long Island City.....(DW)
GRIFFIN, JOSEPH F., 78 Adelphi St., Brooklyn—Mast. Eng.....(DD)
HIGGINS, JAMES, 439 Academy St., Long Island City.....(KA)
KELLY, F. F., 628 E. 10th St.—Sgt....(KA)
KEMO, JOHN W., 8 Bank St.....(DW)
MARKSTAHLER, EDWARD R., 683 E. 25th St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(KA)
NERO, PASQUALE, 328 E. 109th St....(DD)
TUTTLE, L. P., 253 St. Balm.—Sgt.(DA)
WATSON, JAMES, 34 60th St., Bkln....(KA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BONNE, JOE, Buffalo.....(MA)
DANIELS, CHARLES R., Lockport—Lt..(DW)
DEVINE, CLAUDE R., Elmira.....(MA)
HALCOCK, F. W., Jr., Little Falls....(MA)
KING, ALBERT, Elizabethtown.....(MA)
LEIWITH, JERRY, Schuyler Falls....(KA)
LOSHAW, JOHN E., Copenhagen.....(DD)
PIOTROWSKI, Joseph A., Depew.....(DW)
STELDNER, S., Ellenville—Corp.....(DW)
VANCOR, EDMUND, Lake Colbey.....(DD)
WILBER, WM. J., Saratoga Springs..(KA)

ALABAMA.

MACON, PRESTON A., Wetumpka....(KA)
PENLAND, DAVID A., Triana.....(DW)
ROSS, ALBERT S., Birmingham—Lt..(KA)

ARKANSAS.

COOPERWOOD, TOM, Wildner—Sgt....(DD)
SITZ, SHELBY, Canton.....(KA)

CALIFORNIA.

BROWN, HAROLD, Bakersfield.....(KA)
CARETTI, JOSEPH A., Ferndale.....(KA)
DAVIS, THOMAS A., Estrella.....(KA)
KROEKER, HENRY E., Reedley.....(DW)
STUTSMAN, R. L., Santa Rosa.....(DW)

COLORADO.

DAVIS, DAVID H., Denver.....(KA)
LAMB, EDMOND C., Mancos.....(DD)
WELTY, PAUL D., Cedar Ridge.....(DD)

FLORIDA.

LAMB, AUGUSTUS, St. Marks.....(DD)
RIZER, CORNELIUS, Apalachicola....(KA)

GEORGIA.

LEVIE, WALTER H., Montezuma—Lt.(KA)
WIGGS, WALLIE W., Vidalia.....(DA)
WILSON, HOMER, Atlanta.....(KA)

IDAHO.

NYBAK, JAKOB A., Rellog.....(KA)
SHERER, RAY E., Payette.....(DW)

ILLINOIS.

BENNETT, ANDREW M., Makanda...(KA)
FREGEAU, ARTHUR J., Kankankee..(KA)
FREUND, HERMANN A., Hoffman...(KA)
GREEN, ARTHUR, Chicago.....(DD)
HELMAN, FRANK, Chicago.....(DA)
ILKO, PETER, Chicago.....(DW)
JEWELL, BONNIE L., Cornland.....(KA)
LEDBETTER, C., Elizabethtown.....(KA)
McCAFFERY, BERNARD, Chicago....(DW)
McCLUSKEY, T. J., Chesterfield.....(DD)
McCUAID, ARTHUR, Chicago—Lt.....(DW)
MICHAEL, J. C., Chicago—Corp.....(DD)
PILLOW, F. H., Marion—Corp.....(DW)
RICHARDSON, R. L., Olin.....(DW)
STOKER, W. D., Jr., Chicago—Lt.....(DW)

INDIANA.

ADAMEC, JOE, Indiana Harbor.....(DA)
CHAFFIN, RAYMOND R., Laconia.....(DW)
GUTHRIE, WILBUR A., Columbus.....(KA)

IOWA.

FERRY, ALEXANDER G., Woodward..(DW)
NELSON, WALTER W., Forest City....(DD)
O'HARA, NEWELL B., Logan.....(KA)
SCHMIDT, RAYMOND M., Dubuque...(KA)

KANSAS.

POLLARD, JAMES C., McDonald.....(DD)

KENTUCKY.

CLINKINBEARD, H. J., Covington....(KA)
CLINKINBEARD, H. W., Covington....(KA)
CROWE, JESSE, Indian Fields.....(KA)
GABBARD, CLARENCE A., Sunnydale..(KA)
PETERS, JAMES M., Emerson.....(DW)
THOMAS, HUBERT, Corbin.....(DD)
WILKINS, HENRY F., Bremen.....(KA)

LOUISIANA.

HAZEL, WINSOM M., Dunn.....(DA)
LEMOINE, MURPHY P., Bordelonville.(DW)

MAINE.

CLARK, DEWEY G., Cape Neddick...(KA)
SIMMONS, JEDIAH R., Rockport....(DA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

CHANDLER, LESTER G., Brockton...(KA)
MURPHY, JOHN T., Salem.....(DW)
TIGGOTT, GARRETT, Medford.....(DA)
RAY, MATHEW R., Boston—Corp.....(KA)
ROBINSON, HENRY B., Gholson....(DD)
WHITE, WILLIAM L., Boston.....(DA)
WHITNEY, HOBYOKE, Dedham—Lt...(DA)

MICHIGAN.

ANDERSON, ABRAHAM, Ewen.....(KA)
BISKY, JOSEPH A., Alpena.....(KA)
BOOTH, RAY D., Greenville.....(DW)
GALBRAITH, R. A., Monroe—Corp....(KA)
GRIGH, LAWRENCE D., Grand Rapids.(DW)
LEWIS, K. R., Niles—Corp.....(DA)
MENULTY, F. L., Detroit.....(DD)
REYMANSKI, L. A., Detroit.....(DA)

MINNESOTA.

KARN, N. D., Eagle Lake—Corp.....(KA)
PERRON, A. B., Minneapolis.....(DA)
STARKEY, F. S. or H., Clitheral—Corp.(KA)
VALENTIEN, BERHEND, Comfrey...(KA)

MISSISSIPPI.

FOSTER, H. J., New Albany.....(KA)
MARTIN, J. F., Louise—Corp.....(KA)

MISSOURI.

GRIFFIN, F. H., Kansas City.....(KA)
OLIVER, R. McK., Kansas City.....(KA)
SPAHN, A. A., St. Louis.....(DA)
STUBENRAUCH, R. W., St. Louis....(KA)
ZOBAB, P. H., St. Louis.....(KA)
WILLMORE, RALPH, St. Louis.....(KA)
WOOD, A. J., Richmond—Corp.....(KA)

MONTANA.

BABET, E. E., Angela.....(KA)
SHEPHAN, G. W., Anaconda.....(DW)
WEISSBORN, E. F., Wibaux—Corp....(KA)

NEBRASKA.

SHELLENBERGER, A., Beaver City..(DW)
SMAUS, L. J., Prague.....(KA)

NEVADA.

ANDERSON, C. J., Cambridge.....(KA)
FOGEL, L. P., Carson City.....(KA)
LUNDGREN, FRED, Osceola—Corp....(KA)

NEW JERSEY.

BALL, W. H., Jr., Jersey City.....(KA)
DAVID, EDMOND J., Irvington.....(MA)
LARROP, P. H., North Bergen.....(MA)
McGREGOR, C. H., Lane Branch.....(DD)
MATTERN, H., New Brunswick—Lt....(KA)
SOLOMON, SIDNEY, Elizabeth.....(KA)

NORTH CAROLINA.

DONNERSON, W. V., Dover.....(KA)
WHITLEY, JAMES, Huntersville.....(DA)

NORTH DAKOTA.

BOHNER, F. A., Foltaric.....(KA)
CALLAHAN, MARCUS E., Minto.....(DW)

OHIO.

CLAYTON, JOHN M., Lima—Corp....(KA)
DERROUGH, H. L., Williamsburg.....(KA)
DEW, TODD, Gloster.....(DW)
FRANCIS, ERNEST H., Cleveland.....(KA)
HERBERT, FRANK, Tiffin.....(KA)
HINKLE, L. E., Millersburg—Corp....(KA)
LUDWIG, F. R., Cleveland—Corp.....(KA)
MADDEN, MICHAEL, McKeesport.....(DD)
O'BRIEN, WILLIAM, Orbiston.....(DD)
OVERSTAKE, PETER B., Fincastle...(DD)
WILL, ALOYS J., Chickasaw.....(KA)
WISE, WALTER, Greenfield.....(KA)

OKLAHOMA.

ARMSTRONG, WILLIAM C., Alva.....(KA)
CLEMMONS, ROBERT R., Nowata.....(KA)
MARCHMAN, ARTHUR O., Snyder...(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BALL, JAMES N., Hillsdale—Corp....(DW)
CANTAFIO, JOE, Warren.....(DA)
COOK, HARRY, Easton—Lt.....(DA)
FLEKAL, F. J., Philadelphia.....(KA)
FLEMING, WM., Philadelphia.....(DW)
GORGOL, JOSEPH S., Scranton.....(DW)
KNOBLOCK, FRANK, Philadelphia....(DA)
LARKIN, PATRICK J., Pittsburgh....(DW)
McHENRY, OLIVER F., Berwick—Lt....(KA)
McNAMARA, MICHAEL, Philadelphia...(DA)
MACK, ARTHUR L., Westfield.....(DW)
MOECKEL, JOHN E., Philadelphia....(KA)
PLOWERS, WM. J., Pittsburgh.....(DW)
STAMBAUGH, La R. D., Rehrersburg—Sgt.....(DA)
STOE, ANTHONY J., Lancaster.....(DW)
STUFFLET, JOHN J., Oley.....(KA)
WHINNIE, JOSEPH, Pitco.....(DW)

RHODE ISLAND.

BERTHERMAN, R. E., Providence—Corp.....(DW)
DONOVAN, J. W., Pawtucket—Wagn...(DA)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

FUERST, GEORGE, Stotland.....(KA)
NELSON, I. L., Ireee.....(DD)

TENNESSEE.

DAVIS, CHARLIE, Monrezuma.....(DW)
LOVELACE, A. M., Ridgetop.....(DW)
RICE, BENJAMIN H., Russellville....(DW)
SNIDER, D. W., Vonore.....(KA)

TEXAS.

PATE, R. M., Woodville.....(KA)
URBAN, C. M., Giddings.....(KA)

VERMONT.

CONNER, ARTHUR, St. Albans—Lt...(KA)
DENNO, H. D., Brandon.....(KA)
MARTELL, LORENZO, Milton.....(LW)
SMITH, JOE, Lyndonville.....(DA)
WELSH, W. J., Winooski—Corp.....(DA)

VIRGINIA.

DODD, K. C., Fincastle.....(DW)
GARDNER, C. W., Melfa.....(KA)
GRAY, N. L., Warrenton.....(DW)
IRBY, S. E., Blackstone.....(DW)
LANE, HIRMAN, Wayland.....(KA)
LUMSDEN, CLARENCE, Boones Mill..(DW)
MABRAY, ISAAH, Petersburg.....(DD)

WASHINGTON.

HERTTUA, ISAAC, Bodar.....(DW)
HORN, F. J., Ridgefield.....(DW)
HUGHES, THOMAS, Seattle.....(DD)
LAWSON, CHAS., Jr., Deer Harbor...(DD)
McMORRAN, C. P., Seattle.....(KA)
McWILLIAMS, JOHN, Olalla.....(KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

CRUMRINE, C.E., Parkersburg—Wagn.(DD)
LUCIAN, E. L., Sutton—Sgt.....(DA)
McLAUGHLIN, C., Huntersville.....(DW)
SIMONS, RITCHIE, Berea.....(DW)
WHANGER, HARRISON, Lewisburg...(KA)

WISCONSIN.

BINDER, LOUIS, Marshfield.....(DW)
BRADBOOW, J. Neenah—Corp.....(DA)
BREDENDICK, W. E., Shepley.....(KA)
FLEMING, JAMES, Janesville.....(DW)
GERLACK, W. H., Algoma.....(KA)
KLEMZAK, CASIMIR L., Milwaukee...(KA)
KOENECKE, A. A., North Freedom...(KA)
KORECZ, F. H., Kenosha.....(DW)
MICKELSON, H., Blackearth.....(KA)
OLSON, C. G., Sawyer—Mch.....(DW)
SIMONSON, G. S., Wautoma.....(DW)
POLER, P. C., Ainsworth.....(DD)
SCHAEFER, F. W., South Kaukauna..(KA)
SCHOLZ, A. E., Oshkosh.....(KA)

AZORES ISLANDS.

XAVIER, LOUIS J., Anene Atacaz....(DA)

FINLAND.

SALO, OTTO W., Laimas, Weskioski..(KA)

ITALY.

ARDIZZI, ORAZIO, Colle Vecchio, Province di Abrissi.....(KA)
CRUDELE, M. A., Isernia—Corp.....(KA)
SALNTO, NICOLA, Jase Chiaiaria.....(KA)
TROGOLO, CARLO, Cuccello—Cor.....(DW)
VIOLA, BENDETTO, South Elle Piume Rapido, Province di Caserta.....(KA)

RUSSIA.

COHEN, PHILIP, Solmin, Gredno.....(KA)

SPAIN.

FORTUOSO, ANTON, Provincial De Baje, Encia—Civilian.....(DD)

Revised List of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rep'd.	Prev. Rep'd.
ARBERG, CHARLES, 847 6th St., Brooklyn	(Bck)	(MA)
LEBTHKE, JOHN, 904 Flushing Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
NERRO, PASQUALE, 328 19th St., Brooklyn	(....)	(DD)
RIOCIO, DANTE, 143 Pleasant St., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
SMITH, HARRY, 651 Lexington Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
STEINKAMP, FRED H., 1,252 Clay Av.	(WU)	(MA)
WALSH, H., 541 E. 56th St.	(WU)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

ADAMSKI, FELIX, Rock Rock.....(WU) (MA)
KETCHUM, B. A., Victory Mills.(WU) (MA)
NEALON, J. L., Schenectady.....(RD) (MA)
TAYLOR, C. R., Valatie.....(WU) (MA)
WOODRUFF, B., Lacona.....(RD) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

ACKERLY, C. R., Bridgeport, Conn.....(Bck) (MA)
ALBRECHT, WILBERT T., Lyndhurst, N. J.....(RD) (MA)
ALLEN, ARTHUR M., Pang. burn, Ark.....(KA) (MA)
ALLEN, EMERY M., Hackettstown, N. J.....(WU) (MA)
BAIN, JAMES, R., Portland, Ore.....(Erroneously reported).(KA)
BEAN, WINSTON H., Jackson, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
BIERHORST, WILLIAM, Cincinnati, Ohio.....(KA) (MA)
BLAIR, JOHN W., Poulsbo.....(D) (MA)
BOTHUN, ANDREW O., Sherwood, N. Dak.....(KA) (MA)
BROWN, HAROLD H., Los Angeles, Cal.. (Erroneously reported) (KA)
BUFFINGTON, FRANKLIN C., Villisca, Iowa.....(KA) (MA)
CAMPBELL, CHARLEY, Haddit, Ky.....(KA) (MA)
CARSON, TOM, Gilmer, W. Va.(KA) (MA)
CATLIN, MELVIN C., Carson, Wash.....(KA) (MA)
CHAPMAN, MORTON H., Harbor Beach, Mich.....(KA) (M,
CHASE, THOMAS J., Kingston, Penn.—Sgt.....(KA) (MA)
CHOROWSKI, STANISLAW, Baltimore, Md.....(KA) (MA)
CLARK, Otis Ferguson, Wonewoc, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
CLEVELAND, RICHARD, Kenton, Ohio—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
COOPER, E. J., New Lothrop, Mo.....(KA)
CORBISIER, A., Brussels, Wis..(KA) (MA)
COUSINS, W. H., Blaine, Me...(KA) (MA)
COZZETTE, J., Rathdrum, Idaho Erroneously reported) (KA)
CRAWFORD, H. B., Fairmont City, Penn.....(KA) (MA)
CRIPPS, W. H., Liberty, Tenn.. (D) (MA)
CROSS, E., Curryville, Mo.....(DW) (MA)
CURRY, E., Garfield, Ky.....(KA) (MA)
DAVIS, K., Mount Tell, W. Va..(KA) (MA)
DEAKLE, ROBERT W., Streetman, Texas .....(KA) (WU)
DEKKER, C., Chicago, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
ENEMAN, B. J., Jr., West Hoboken, N. J.....(WU) (MA)
EUBANK, W. E., Kirklio, Ind...(KA) (MA)
FOJTIK, J., Jr., Needville.....(KA) (MA)
FOWLER, K., Simpsonville, S. C. (D) (MA)
GARDEWINE, R., Twin Valley, Minn.....(D) (MA)
GENTHOLTZ, W. J., West Warren, Ohio .....(KA) (MA)
HERMAN, M. F., Hartford, Conn..(KA) (MA)
HILL, J. W., Lower Salem, Ohio(KA) (MA)
HITCHCOCK, F. M., Gillaspie, Ill.(KA) (MA)
HITCHENS, C. W., Celina, Ohio —Corp.....(KA) (MA)
HOOVER, S., Harbor Springs, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
LYONS, R., Winston-Salem, N.C.(KA) (WS)
MURPHY, JOHN, Salem, Mass., (Erroneously reported) (KA)
NEELY, GILBERT A., Morgantown, W. Va.....(KA) (MA)
PILON, J. D., Cheboygan, Mich.(KA) (MA)
POWELL, E., Reed City, Mich..(KA) (MA)
RANDOLPH, L. W., Plainfield, N. J.....(RD) (MA)
RUDINSKI, F. P., Chicago, Ill..(KA) (MA)
SPINNIKEN, E. H., Buttons Bay, Mich.—Bgl.....(KA) (MA)
STRACAGNOLO, A., Milwaukee, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
STRAND, H., East Helena, Mon.(KA) (MA)
STRAND, J. R., Milan, Minn...(KA) (WS)
TAYLOR, RAY B., Juliaetta, Idaho .....(KA) (MA)
VERDI, PETER P., Eveleth, Minn.(KA) (MA)
VOLLENWEIDER, W., New Haven, Conn.—Lt.....(WS) (M
WAGERS, LOURNEE, Glomawr, Ky.....(KA) (MA)
YARNALL, LEWIS W., Jr., Haines City, Fla.....(KA) (MA)

Marine Corps Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

FAUST, HERBERT J., 424 E. 160th St.(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

CANFIELD, HECTOR J., Hobart.....(WS)
CHRISTIAN, WESLEY J., Rochester..(DW)

ARIZONA.

GRASSIE, WALTER G., Glendale.....(DD)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

BURNS, JOHN I., Washington.....(DD)

ILLINOIS.

CREIGHTON, WILLIAM F., Oak Park.(DD)
HENDRICKS, CHARLES A., Moline...(KA)

KANSAS.

CROW, HARVEY I., Hutchinson.....(DD)

KENTUCKY.

CHAPMAN, HENRY W., Paducah.....(DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

MOGAN, ARTHUR V., Waltham.....(DW)

MICHIGAN.

DAVIDSON, FRED G., Detroit.....(KA)

MISSISSIPPI.

FOWLER, MARK P., Blue Mountain...(KA)

MISSOURI.

JONES, CLARENCE D., St. Louis....(DW)
LEPERE, WALTER H., Farmington...(KA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

AUWERTER, ANDREW I., Columbia..(KA)

Revised List Marine Corps.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rep't'd.	Prev. rep't'd.
JOHNSON, C. H., 108 West 130th.	(RD)	(MA)

OTHER STATES.

DUNCAN, F. T., St. Paul, Minn. —Corp.....(RD) (KA)
RUTLEDGE, L., San Francisco, Cal.....(DW) (WS)
WELCH, C. L., Elyria, Ohio.....(DW) (MA)

CALLS FOR $250,000 TO WELCOME TROOPS

Hylan Asks Aldermen to Authorize a Bond Issue, and His Plans Are Outlined.

BOARD ACCEPTS HEARST

Passes Collins's Resolution After Committee Declares It a Duty to Uphold the Mayor.

Mayor Hylan asked the Board of Aldermen yesterday to authorize an issue of $250,000 in special revenue bonds to provide for a welcome for homecoming soldiers and sailors. The request was made a special order for next Tuesday's meeting. It would have been granted at the meeting yesterday but for the objection of Alderman Squiers of Brooklyn and the Socialist delegation in the board. The Mayor's request was made the subject of a special message, presented to the board by Grover Whalen, the Mayor's Secretary. Mr. Whalen explained the plan of welcome and how the appropriation was to be spent.

The cost of decorations, according to Mr. Whalen, will be $125,000; the illumination $25,000, and the entertainment of troops $100,000. The whole expenses of welcoming the troops will be in the neighborhood of $300,000. Private subscriptions, he said, would fill out the fund.

New York, according to Mr. Whalen, is to be a great blaze of color when the troops are welcomed. The City Hall will be decorated, as will the Washington and Victory Arches, the Public Library and other public buildings. Fifth Avenue will be gay with bunting and flags by day and with lights at night. Mr. Whalen showed the Aldermen drawings of the proposed plans of decoration. The officers of the troops, he said, would be received at the City Hall. Troops will line the plaza and the guard of honor will be men in Colonial uniforms.

A reviewing stand to cost $15,000, Mr. Whalen said, would be put up at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street. As a measure of economy the lumber used in the stand will be stored after the parade for use on some other occasion. In the past, Mr. Whalen explained, stands in all cost the city about $60,000.

The program of entertainment as outlined includes dinners to be served in the armories. To feed the 60,000 men in the two New York divisions which are to be welcomed the estimated cost is $300,000. Mr. Whalen said that there was available for this $100,000, and private subscriptions were counted on to make up the deficit. The Mayor's Committee, Mr. Whalen said, had already welcomed 103,000 troops who have arrived at this port.

Action by the Aldermen.

The Board of Aldermen accepted the selection of William Randolph Hearst as a member of the committee to welcome troops when the Democratic majority adopted a report rejecting a resolution offered by Alderman Squiers, Republican, of Brooklyn, and accepting one offered by Alderman Collins last week. The Squiers resolution called for the repudiation of "every truckler with our country's enemies who strives, or has striven, to extenuate or excuse such crimes against humanity as the rape of Belgium, the sinking of the Lusitania, and the German policy of assassination by submarines." It also repudiated any one who would sow dissension among the Allies or "who now seeks to capitalize his appointment to membership on any committee appointed by the Mayor or other public official to welcome our homecoming heroes."

The resolution introduced by Alderman Collins called on "all good citizens, irrespective of personal prejudice or political bias, to join in an enthusiastic official welcome on the part of and in a manner befitting this America's chief city to our heroes on their return to the land they so valiantly and victoriously served."

The resolution also deplored any situation that would give rise "to an imputation that there is any division among the people of our city in the strength of their patriotic fervor, or that political or other prejudice or narrow-mindedness or frenzy of politics would cause an organized, persistent and studied effort in an attack upon any individual member of the committee to the extent of embarrassing the official representative of our city and interfering with a whole-souled welcome to our brave boys and tend to the degrading of the nobility of our spirit of patriotism in this America's hour of victory."

Report of the Committee.

In its report to the board the General Welfare Committee, in rejecting the Squiers resolution, said:

"The plain purpose of this resolution is to censure the chief executive of this city for having appointed as a member of the committee to arrange for a fitting welcome to our homecoming soldiers a newspaper publisher who has, by his vigorous support of measures in the interest of the people, incurred the enmity of jealous rivals and certain political and social elements in this city, and who is sincerely and earnestly upholding the hands of President Wilson in the arduous and overwhelming responsibilities now resting on his shoulders.

"It seems a great pity that the welcome to be extended to our gallant heroes who have been the determining factor in the great struggle for a safe democracy throughout the world should be made the occasion for any display of discord or partisanship or that any attempt should be made to discredit the Mayor of this city or to cast any aspersion on his patriotic devotion to our country and its heroic defenders in the hour of peril."

In conclusion, in favoring the Collins resolution, the committee said:

"Your committee is of the opinion that it is the duty of the Board of Aldermen, representing the City of New York, irrespective of political or other conviction, to support the Chief Magistrate of this city, their city, the city of the constituency they represent, in extending a welcome and participating in a celebration of a character suitable to our returning heroes, and have therefore reported favorably the resolution introduced by Alderman Collins as fittingly expressing that thought, and recommends the filing of this resolution."

B. Charney Vladeck, the Socialist member of the General Welfare Committee, brought in a minority report. The Socialists opposed both the Collins and the Squiers resolutions. In opposing the Collins resolution Mr. Vladeck referred to Mr. Hearst as one of "the evils of the country." The Collins resolution was adopted by a vote of 41 to 14.

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GROWING EXPORT MARKET

Indications point to an increase of all exports to Mexico in the near future. Perhaps Peace finds you with a large output but decreased market and you wish you again had the trade in Mexico you once enjoyed.

We have offices or representation in five cities in Mexico and travelers in less accessible districts.

We own and operate our own freight trains in Mexico for the rapid delivery of our merchandise within the Republic.

Our trading experience during the past three years, while others kept out, has enabled us to successfully develop a wide market among the financially strongest concerns there and has given us the representation of several of the very largest concerns in the United States who are reopening their activities in the Mexican field.

We have the knowledge of conditions, the organization and the goods will necessary to successfully introduce a few more staple lines of first-class houses, and therefore invite interviews to determine the feasibility of union for this purpose.

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The materials are Irish Linen, White Rep, Devonshire Cloth, Chambrays, Palmer Linen, Khaki, Galateas, Japanese Crepe, Twills and Linenes.

Only One Kind of POST TOASTIES — says Bobby

BEST CORN FLAKES MADE

Leo Ornstein writes of The Ampico

The Ampico Reproduces The Great Artists

Gentlemen:-

In the full realization that in the Ampico I am leaving a permanent record of my playing, I feel impelled to say that the Ampico is without a peer. Its reproduction vitalizes—it fills piano playing with the life-throb and so contains the spirit of the artist that the rendition is electrifying.

To my mind, no great artist can honestly proclaim the playing of any instrument as comparable to that of the Ampico, unless he has missed hearing it.

The Comparison Recitals, in which I have participated, and those to which I have been simply an auditor, stand as monumental and incontrovertible evidence. It has demonstrated its supremacy.

To William Knabe & Co.
December 10th, 1918

Leo Ornstein

As to Comparison Recitals

IN the several years that the Ampico Reproducing Piano has been before the public, numerous Comparison Recitals have been given, so that the perfection of the Ampico might be tested and proven in actual performance. These recitals have been given from New York to the Coast, and as far South as New Orleans, in collaboration with such Artists and Orchestras as

LEOPOLD GODOWSKY — GEORGE COPELAND — LEO ORNSTEIN
RICHARD BUHLIG — MARGUERITE VOLAVY — VICTOR WITTGENSTEIN
METROPOLITAN OPERA ORCHESTRA — RIALTO-RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

WE have called these demonstrations "Comparison Recitals" advisedly, as in every recital the audience has had the opportunity to make a direct comparison between the playing of the artist and the Ampico's reproduction. Here, the pianist, whose art was being reproduced, played a selection personally. The Ampico then repeated the same composition for direct comparison.

The Direct Comparison is the Only Genuine Test

OTHER concerts have been given in which carefully rehearsed orchestras have played with a piano operated by a music roll, or have played before an audience when the artist was absent. These, while interesting demonstrations of the progress of mechanical efficiency, are not comparisons. The only true comparison is that in which the artist's playing may be directly compared with the reproduction.

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NATIONAL LEAGUE WILL RENDER DECISION IN HAL CHASE CASE BY END OF MONTH

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Hats, shoes and furnishings on a par with our clothing.

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Genuine Cordovan Horse Hide Shoes in Black & Tan. $8.45 Were $12.00

Wing Tip Shoes, $8.45, were $11
Russet Shoes, $6.85, were $9.00
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30 x 3½	Non-Skid	$12.84
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All other sizes equally as low

Manufacturers' Surplus Tire Co.,
789 7th Av., New York.
Between 51st and 52d Streets.

HEYDLER WILL HOLD HEARING FOR CHASE

Charges Alleging Gambling on Ball Games Will Be Taken Up on Jan. 30.

McGRAW IS A WITNESS

First Baseman of Reds Is Confident He Will Be Cleared and Will Play with Some Other Club.

President John A. Heydler of the National League will hold a hearing on the charges against Hal Chase, the Cincinnati first baseman, at National League headquarters Thursday, Jan. 30. The hearing was to have been held today, but on the suggestion of Chase's attorney, it was put over.

Last Summer Manager Mathewson, of the Cincinnati Club, suspended Chase indefinitely just after a series at the Polo Grounds. While the charges against Chase have never been publicly announced, Mathewson said at the time that it had something to do with Chase's alleged practice of betting on baseball games. Pitcher Pol Perritt of the Giants is one of the leading witnesses against Chase and so is Manager McGraw. These two witnesses will be at the hearing next week.

Chase vigorously denied that he was implicated in any questionable betting scheme and has brought suit against the Cincinnati Club to recover his salary from the time he was suspended until the end of the season. This suit is now pending. Chase will be represented by counsel, and President Heydler proposes to give Chase every chance to clear himself of the charges.

It is many years since any player has been accused of openly betting on ball games and all men connected with the game are anxious to see the present case settled one way or another. If such practice as Chase is charged with has been going on in the game it is the intention of every one connected with the national pastime to put an end to it.

Chase has told his friends that there is no doubt that he will be cleared of the charges, as he says Manager Mathewson's suspicions were entirely groundless. There must be absolutely unquestionable proof against Chase in order to bar him from the game.

Chase is now one of the oldest ball players in the major leagues in continuous service. He came from St. Mary's College on the Pacific Coast to the Yankees in 1905 after playing a season with the Los Angeles Club. Chase was a sensational performer from the start and in the early days of the American League on the hilltop park at 168th Street and Broadway he developed into the cleverest first baseman in the major leagues. Chase had his troubles with the Yankee players and there were times when there was lack of harmony in the club.

Chase jumped the Yanks in 1908 and played with an outlaw league on the coast. He was barred from organized baseball, but in the Spring of 1909 he was reinstated by the National Commission and again played with the Yanks. During the Farrell régime Chase was manager of the Yanks for one season, but there was much dissension while he was in charge. Chase was one of the many players who jumped to the Federal League, and when that outlaw organization went out of business Chase was bought by the Cincinnati Club. During his first season in the National League he led the circuit in batting.

There has been much speculation about what will become of Chase if President Heydler exonerates him of the charges brought by Manager Mathewson. It has been rumored that Manager McGraw would sign him for the Giants if his differences with Cincinnati are adjusted. President Herrmann says that Chase will never play with the Cincinnati Club again.

All the club owners of all the leagues in baseball, major and minor organizations, have sent appeals to Congressmen and Senators asking their co-operation for a reconsideration of the 20 per cent. tax which is proposed for amusements. The major leagues have asked for a hearing on the subject, and if it is granted President Johnson and President Heydler will appear before the Senate Committee. Baseball men fear that if the war tax now in effect is doubled it will have a serious effect on the attendance next Summer.

George Gibson, who has been coach of the Giants for the last few seasons, has been offered the position of manager of the Toronto club of the International League. Gibson's place on the Giants will be taken next Summer by Pat Moran, formerly Manager of the Phillies. If the major league clubs will waive claim to Gibson's services he will take the Toronto job. The New York club is willing to let Gibson go.

Manager Huggins of the Yankees doubted yesterday the report that Frank Baker had signed to play with the Delaware County League next season. The Yankee Manager talked with the third baseman at his home in Trappe a few weeks ago and at that time Baker promised to let him know if he decided to take any definite action about his plans for next season. If Baker does refuse to return to the Yankees Huggins is ready to place Bill Fewster at third base.

Slim Sallee, the Giant southpaw who assumes the architectural lines of a bamboo fishpole, has announced that he will play baseball no more. He says he is going to buy a farm in Kentucky and raise tobacco for a living. This bit of news from Sallee is taken by the knowing ones as an indication that the pitcher is a "hold-out," and that he must hear pleasant news in regard to his contract for next season before he dispels the tobacco-raising idea from his mind.

COLUMBIA DROPS HOCKEY.

Team Can Find No Facilities for Practice.

Important decisions as to hockey, swimming and wrestling at Columbia University during the present season were announced yesterday. It was decided by the athletic authorities that it would be impossible to maintain a hockey team, so all activity in that sport will be suspended for a year. In wrestling a short schedule will be formed in the absence of an intercollegiate league schedule, and in swimming there will be meets with all the teams in the Intercollegiate Swimming Association, and in addition with Amherst and Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The decision to abandon hockey was reached after it was found that it would be impossible to make arrangements to practice either on the Iceland or the Brooklyn Ice Palace rink, and none of the open air rinks in the vicinity of the university afforded satisfactory facilities.

There will be no wrestling league competitions, and at Columbia the prospects are not bright for meets with all the members of the league. One match has been definitely scheduled, that with the Navy on Feb. 15, and other matches will be held with Yale and Brown. There may be a meet with Princeton, but it is uncertain.

In swimming there will be home and home meets with the College of the City of New York, and single meets with Yale, Princeton, and Pennsylvania, in addition to the matches with Amherst and M. I. T. in the course of a New England trip. The opening meet of the year will be with C. C. N. Y. There will be water polo matches at all meets excepting those with Amherst and M. I. T.

NO INTERNATIONAL POLO THIS SEASON

Association, at Annual Meeting, Decides Not to Challenge for Cup This Year.

Competition for the International Polo Cup, now held by England, will not be resumed this year. This declaration was made yesterday by H. L. Herbert, Chairman, at the annual meeting of the Polo Association, held in the Down Town Club. It is unlikely, also, that there will be a revival of the intercircuit contests.

"Of the prospects of games for this year," said Mr. Herbert, "so many identified with polo are still in the service the sport may not reach the dignity of championship events the coming season. Nor is there likely to be an immediate resumption of the intercircuit contests. Tournaments in which visiting teams take part on the old-time scale will probably be superseded by more home play and matches with nearby clubs.

"There can be no possible thought of a challenge from the Polo Association for the International Cup, won back so gallantly by the team representing England in 1914, until the Hurlingham Club has had ample time to refill and prepare its sadly depleted polo ranks."

How much time will be necessary for the English cup holders to prepare for a match is problematical. There is doubt whether the English polo ists will be in a position to defend the cup even in 1920. If the conditions warrant it, however, the Polo Association will challenge for the trophy next year, for there is a strong sentiment for a revival of the international matches. In the event that conditions next year make it inadvisable for international polo it is probable the Polo Association will challenge for the cup in 1921.

The present officers of the association were unanimously re-elected. They are: Chairman, H. L. Herbert; Secretary-Treasurer, W. A. Hazard; Executive Committee: Major August Belmont, Joshua Crane of Boston, Colonel John C. Groome of Philadelphia, who is now in France; W. A. Hazard, Alexander T. Primm, Jr.; Dudley P. Rogers of Boston, W. Plunkitt Stewart, and H. P. Whitney.

No dates were adopted for the coming season. Because of the uncertain conditions it was decided to defer arranging a schedule until the return from the European war zone of many members who before the war were prominently identified with the game. It is planned to arrange a schedule during the course of the season. This means that matches will be conducted at the convenience of the contending teams.

Mr. Herbert's report on the past season disclosed that the sport had not been entirely inactive during the war. Many games were played at various army camps in the country where conditions permitted. These contests were played for the benefit of patriotic funds. In California, near the Coronado Club colony, American and English army officers who were attached to camps in the vicinity of the club played polo. Southern camps also produced games, while in Hawaii military teams competed regularly.

Of the Polo Association's membership of 1,440 exactly 1,005 members went into the nation's service when this country entered the war. Included in this number are six Major Generals and the same number of Brigadier Generals. Until many of these heroes have been mustered out of the service there will be little concentrated effort toward an extensive revival of the sport.

"It is Mr. Hazard's and my own opinion," Mr. Herbert said in discussing the situation, "that the sport will be extensively revived when the great numbers of polo-playing soldiers have been mustered out. They will most likely be glad to share in a well-earned period of friendly battles on the polo field, where the contests are stubbornly fought in a spirit of fair play and good-fellowship."

Representatives of twenty-one clubs attended the meeting. Only two Eastern clubs reported weekly games during last year. They were the Rumson Country Club, at Rumson, N. J., and the Western Country Club, at Westchester, N. Y. This year's tournament at the Coronado Country Club began Jan. 1, with the Pacific Coast All-American Polo Trophy, the California Challenge Trophy, and the Pacific Coast Junior Polo Trophy as prizes. On the opening day the Coronado Club was defeated by the Forty-sixth Field Artillery team by a score of 17 to 3. The Coronado team defeated the team from Camp Kearny, Jan. 5, by a score of 6 to 2.

APAWAMIS CLUB MEETS.

Elects Officers and Arranges for Golf Activities.

At the annual meeting of the Apawamis Club held at Rye, N. Y., the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, William H. Conroy; Vice President, Thomas H. Watkins; Treasurer, James S. McCulloh; Secretary, Howard E. White.

The other members of the club elected to the Board of Governors were: Hugh D. Montgomery, W. Creighton Peet, Douglas R. Hartshorne, Archibald A. Forrest, Charles T. Governi, Louis A. Snyder, William J. Knapp, and Reginald W. Walden.

The golfing program for the coming season indicates a return to the activities of other years. The Metropolitan Golf Association has awarded the Apawamis Club the dates of June 26, 27, and 28 for its annual tournament. The seniors' tournament will be held as usual during the month of September, and the club has made up its program of Saturday and holiday events, including the important competitions for President's and Governors' Cup, and Vice President's Cup.

ST. FRANCIS FIVE VICTORS.

Win Another Victory in Catholic School Tourney.

St. Francis Prep School's basket ball team added another victory to its record in the Brooklyn Catholic Schools A. L. basket ball tournament yesterday when it defeated the Brooklyn Prep School five on the St. Francis court by a score of 28 to 21. Lynch was the most effective player for the victorious team, scoring six field goals.

The line-up:

St. Francis, (28.)	Position.	B'klyn Prep. (21.)
Cooney	R. F.	Wade
Moran	L. F.	Schaulein
Lynch	C.	Bleigh
McPartland	R. G.	Hawkins
Walsh	L. G.	Lynch

Field goals—Cooney, (2.) Moran, (2.) Lynch, (6.) McPartland, (2.) Walsh, Wade, (5.) Schaulein, (2.) Bleigh, Lynch, (2.) Goals from foul—Cooney, (2.) Wade. Referee—Mr. Winters, Manhattan College. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes each.

COCHRAN GAINS IN MATCH.

Chicago Player Improves in Billiard Contest with Schaefer.

Welker Cochran, the young Chicago rival of Willie Hoppe, decreased Jake Schaefer's lead in yesterday's two blocks of their 3,600 point balkline billiard match at Daly's Academy, but the Chicagoan is still eighty-six points in the rear of his rival. The score for two days of playing now favors Schaefer by 1,200 to 1,114.

Cochran displayed rare form in the afternoon block and rolled up points with a consistency which astounded his opponent. At the end of seven innings the score favored the young Chicago player by 503 to 300, the match ending when Schaefer scored his necessary 300 points for the block. Cochran made a high run of 200 and averaged 71 6-7. Schaefer had a high run of 96, with an average of 37 4-8.

Schaefer took the evening block by a count of 600 to 286 in eight innings. The victor made a high run of 132 and averaged 37 4-8. Cochran's highest run was 101 and he averaged 40 6-7. The match will be continued today.

HENS WITH RECORDS CACKLE IN GARDEN

Uncle Sam Exhibits Wondrous Egg-Laying Leghorns at Annual Poultry Show.

The thirtieth annual exhibit of the New York Poultry and Pigeon Association opened at Madison Square Garden yesterday with an entry list of more than 12,000, including every breed known to husbandry. The interest which the Government has taken in chicken raising during the last few years has stimulated the industry, and with eggs now at a point where they are more or less of a luxury the poultry raisers have become folks of real prominence.

The Government exhibit at the Garden is one of the features of the show. It is in charge of Chief Poultryman Harry M. Lamon, who has brought some of the best stock from the Government establishment at Beltsville, Md. The Government has found white leghorns more productive than any other breed, and one of the exhibits is Victory Belle, which has a record of laying 214 eggs as a pullet and 654 eggs in four years. Another Government leghorn laid 408 eggs in two years.

There are several special displays at the show this year, including the exhibit of decorative waterfowl from the farm of G. D. Tilley at Darien, Conn. Birds of rare plumage from all parts of the globe are in this exhibit.

One of the most interested visitors yesterday was a Chinese merchant, Charles F. Gong, who with several other Chinese restaurant keepers is looking for a suitable acreage near New York to raise poultry and pigeons, which make up a great part of the favorite dish known as chop suey.

Exhibits of pit games are shown by Payne Whitney of Manhasset, L. I.; Clarence Sackett of Rye, and F. Leo of this city. The homer pigeons attracted much attention and included in the display were homers with records of from 100 to 1,000 miles. There is an exhibit of the smallest type of pigeon, known as the African owl, not much larger than a canary bird. These are shown by H. E. Dugan of Toronto, Can.

The judges started their work early yesterday and more than $15,000 in prize money will be distributed before the show ends. In the early judging, John A. Gamewell of Little Silver, N. J., was awarded several ribbons for his exhibit of golden pencilled Hamburgs. This variety has been brought to great perfection in recent years. Winners in silver spangled Hamburgs were Dr. J. S. Wolfe of Bloomfield, N. J., and in the golden spangled Hamburgs Morton B. Cooper of Bainbridge, N. Y., won several firsts.

BALCH LEADS GOLFERS.

Has the Best Score in Tourney at Belleair.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., Jan. 21.—The first round of match play in the annual January tournament was played today with the favorites all coming through with flying colors. As a result De Witt Balch of Cincinnati will meet E. H. Augustus tomorrow in what should be the best match of the tournament. Both won their matches today with wide margins. Other favorites to come through were I. S. Robeson of Rochester and Hamilton Kerr of Greenwich. George Balch, last year's Belleair champion, lost to Hugh Halsell of Sleepy Hollow, who many pick to win the tournament.

The best round of the day was played by De Witt Balch. He played close to par all the way, defeating A. Ashley by 8 and 6. Balch registered a 75 for the round.

Holton Wins Game at Doyle's.

Charles Holton defeated Max Bache last night in the National Pocket Billiard Tournament of the A. A. B. A. at Doyle's Academy by a score of 100 to 99. Holton, who was thirteen points behind in the latter stages of the game, carried off the victory in a rally before his opponent could complete his string. Tonight Benjamin How will oppose Norman Zibbard.

Phillies Trade Three Players.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 21.—Jack Coombs, manager of the Philadelphia National League Club, tonight announced that Third Baseman Stock, Pitcher Dixie Davis, and Catcher Dilhoefer had been traded to the St. Louis Nationals for Infielder Douglas Baird, Pitcher Gene Packard, and Infielder J. S. Stewart. There was no money consideration.

CRESCENTS BEAT OFFICERS.

New Moon Basket Ball Five Wins from Naval Team by 41 to 20.

A basketball team made up of officers of the United States Naval Auxiliary force bowed to the superior playing of the Crescent A. C. team last night in the club's gymnasium in Brooklyn by a score of 41 to 20. The Brooklyn club five clearly outclassed the rival aggregation.

The naval officers were decidedly erratic in shooting. In a total of seventeen attempts at free throws but ten goals were registered. The score at the end of the first half favored the New Moon players by 20 to 7.

The lineup:

Crescent, (41.)	Position.	Naval Aux., (20.)
Heath	R. F.	Rae
McTigue	L. F.	Stewart
Austin	C.	Ryan
Stewart	R. G.	Babbs
Ashmead	L. G.	Cheney

Field goals—Heath 2, McTigue 4, Stewart 4, Ashmead 3, Beaver 2, Hart 1, Stewart, (Naval Auxiliary,) 2, Hjelte 4, Church. Goals from foul—Ashmead 9, Stewart, (Naval Auxiliary,) Church. Substitutions—For Crescent A. C., McCann for Heath, Beaver for McTigue, Irving for Ashmead. For Naval Auxiliary, Evans for Stewart; Olsen for Babbs. Referee—Mr. O'Brien, Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

DE LA SALLE FIVE WINS.

Defeats Xavier Team by Score of 15 to 8.

De La Salle Institute's basket ball quintet downed the Xavier High School five yesterday on the De La Salle court by a score of 15 to 8. The victorious team ended the first half leading by a margin of 6 to 5. In the second half the Xavier defense weakened and the De La Salle quintet scored most of its points.

The lineup:

De La Salle, (15.)	Position.	Xavier, (8.)
Moeschin	R. F.	Hanlon
Magrane	L. F.	Gallipoli
Quigley	C.	Driscoll
Graham	R. G.	Conway
Hemlin	L. G.	Riley

Field goals—Moeschin, Magrane, (2.) Quigley, Graham, (2.) Hemlin, Gallipoli, (2.) Conway. Goals from foul—Hemlin, Hanlon, (2.) Referee—Mr. Keoch, De La Salle Institute. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

Best & Co.

40TH ANNIVERSARY SALES

Men's Finest Suits & Overcoats

Reduced for To-day

42.50

Regularly Priced $47.50 and $52.50

THERE are very few ready-for-service garments in New York, irrespective of price, that are of higher quality fabric and tailoring than these.

The fabrics were all secured from the best weavers here and abroad, many of them through the same sources that supply the finest custom tailors, and nearly all are exclusive.

The tailoring was all done in our own shops, and is of a quality that is much finer than in the usual ready-for-service garment.

The models were produced by our own designers.

They express New York style and are to be found exclusively here.

The assortment includes garments for every service and will meet the requirements of men of every taste.

These splendid garments were fully $5 to $10 under market level when marked $47.50 and $52.50

A special outside purchase of English Type Ulsters Regular $57.50 grade 47.50

1879 Best & Co. 1919

Men's Shop—Fifth Floor Entrance—1 West 35th St.

Forced to Be Big!

THE packers are frequently accused of being large. If bigness is a crime, Armour and Company are guilty of the charge. For, from a small beginning this business has grown to a point where it serves millions—affording a constant, ever-open market to producers—bringing meats hundreds of miles to consumers.

Some one has wisely said that "Production waits on distribution." In other words, there can be no incentive to stock-growers to produce more livestock unless adequate outlets are provided to keep pace with the production. When greater yield is created on the farm, the outlet must be widened at the market to care for it.

Armour and Company are large because the livestock industry is large. Obviously the packing industry must keep pace with the increase of livestock and population-growth. As herds increased, the Armour organization kept step with them. New plants were erected in the centers of new stock-raising regions; improved operating methods were adopted; more refrigerator cars were built to carry the food.

Then, with the outbreak of war, the wisdom of this development had a chance to prove itself. In spite of labor shortage, disrupted railway service, and scores of other difficulties, Armour and Company and other similar concerns were equipped to instantly meet the War Department's call for food. In addition to shipping over a hundred carloads of meat a day, or seventy-five million pounds a month to the Army and Navy, we have taken care of civilian requirements in the usual way.

With an increase in cattle production, encouraged by the Food Administration's high prices, had to come further increased facilities for preparing and marketing not only the meat, but the hides, hoofs and all other parts of the animal. To meet the influx of the hundreds of additional cattle daily, we were compelled to erect a new building in ninety days, build additional coolers, tanks to handle the rendered products, dryers, buildings to treat and handle casings, additional oleo kettles, hide storage warehouses, etc.

With the return to normal conditions, these facilities—expanded during the stress of war to provide stock-growers with necessary outlets, and to furnish food in adequate quantities for both Army and Civilian needs—are still at the service of the public. They represent a permanent investment, assuring a permanent outlet and thus a permanent supply of best foods at true value prices.

Today, with Europe looking to America as its most certain source of supply, together with our own country to be fed, Armour and Company's size and ability to handle large volume most efficiently and economically becomes of greater importance than ever.

ARMOUR AND COMPANY
CHICAGO

PLUTO WATER
America's Physic—and *more!*

Seven centuries ago the Red Man discovered PLUTO water. "Sun and Earth are here in these magic springs," he said.

Modern science has proved the accuracy of the Red Man's instinct—it has found the health-giving *minerals* of the earth and the properties of *radium*—concentrated sunlight—in the PLUTO Spring.

PLUTO Water is *more* than a physic. Its minerals are absorbed into the blood and tone up the whole system. Especially beneficial in the treatment of kidney, liver and stomach troubles, rheumatism and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs. On Sale at All Drug Stores, Hotels, Clubs and on Trains. Prescribed by physicians everywhere.

Large Bottle 45c; Smaller Bottle 20c

French Lick Springs Hotel Co., French Lick, Ind.

CHEAPER CLOTHING PREDICTED FOR MEN

Manufacturers in Convention Expect Prices to Drop for Next Fall and Winter.

STYLES TO BE RESTORED

Double-Breasted Coats, Patch Pockets, and Cuff Trousers, Barred During War, Will Be Worn Again.

After-the-war readjustment problems, chief among them the question of price revision engaged the attention of 100 men's clothing manufacturers at the opening sessions of the twenty-third annual convention of the National Association of Clothiers, held yesterday at the Hotel Astor. Samuel Weill of Rochester, N. Y., President of the association, presided, delegates being present from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Rochester, Baltimore, Syracuse, and other clothing manufacturing centres.

While some of the manufacturers said that manufacturing costs would not be lower for a considerable period, others expressed the belief that next season's clothing would retail at prices materially below those of 1918, with further reductions in the offerings for the Spring and Summer of 1920.

While the question of price revision downward was not discussed on the floor of the convention, a committee of the manufacturers' association conferred with a committee of five retail clothing dealers appointed at the recent convention of the National Association of Retail Clothiers in Chicago. The retail clothiers urged the manufacturers to make such concessions in price as would permit the dealers to charge lower prices in the immediate future. The manufacturers held that the prices made on their garments were based on the high cost of materials and labor and to reduce them would mean serious losses. Some manufacturers are known, however, to have made slight reductions to the retail trade in cases where they received concessions from mills and the retailers' committee is hopeful of getting like concessions.

In addition to the price question, the committees of manufacturers and retailers are considering the new styles of men's clothing to be put on the market. The joint committees are expected to report their conclusions on the price and style questions at today's convention. It was made known, however, that the double-breasted coat is scheduled for an early return to the favor it enjoyed prior to the edict of the War Industries Board banishing the garment as a conservation measure. Patch pockets, belts, and turned-up trousers, also under a similar ban during the war, are now expected to make an early appearance.

It was brought out at the convention that the retail stocks of clothing are 25 per cent. above normal, and the question of reducing them will be gone into. Such surplus stocks were attributed to the lessened demand for civilian clothing.

The conventions decided to send a committee to Washington to confer with the Senate and House War Revenue Conference Committee regarding the luxury tax provision of the Revenue bill, which, it is claimed by the manufacturers, is an uncalled for burden to both makers and wearers of clothing. The signing of the armistice found the clothing manufacturers with a large amount of material on their hands which it had been intended to work up into army clothing, while millions of dollars' worth of contracts were held by the clothing makers. It was said that until the Government made settlements it would be impossible for many clothing contractors to proceed with business on a normal basis.

The War Service Committee reported that the Government had promised to dispose of its huge surplus stocks of army clothing in such a way as not to upset business. David Kirschbaum of Philadelphia said that for many years following the civil war army uniforms, particularly faded blue overcoats, were worn by those who had been in the conflict, and who seemed unable to get any other kind of clothing. Mr. Kirschbaum said that he hoped this condition would not confront the present generation.

At the afternoon session the adoption of a resolution to form a subsidiary organization to meet the industrial situation was preceded by a long debate. The resolution was proposed by Jacob J. Abt of Chicago, President of the Chicago Wholesale Clothiers' Association, and proposed the establishment of a labor bureau composed of members of the various local associations.

"This labor bureau," Mr. Abt said, "will be called upon to consider the last day, the wage problem, hours of labor, shop conditions, complaints, and every matter of detail connected with the clothing industry."

The convention also voted to form a clearing house for the settlement of controversies arising between the clothing manufacturers and the mill men, and it was announced that the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers would participate in the clearing houses' activities. The convention will end this afternoon and be followed tonight by the annual dinner, which will be held at the Astor.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

The Philadelphia Orchestra.

The composer possessing the most exquisite sensibility since Chopin is Claude Debussy. Little matters his affinities with Wagner and Verlaine, his shy or recondite moods; this Frenchman wrought of his genius something rare and evocative. In his three nocturnes, for example, we overhear Tristan, who, like those clouds of Baudelaire, faint, floating, flocculent . . . les nuages . . . là bas . . . is in some dim, remote chamber of the musician's fancy; a Wagner attenuated by a feminine temperament. But Debussy must be interpreted by a poetic conductor else he thaws and resolves himself into everlasting inanity. He is all nuance; that nuance which Verlaine praised; of which naughty Paul was the supreme master in verse.

Leopold Stokowski proved himself a musician doubled by a poet yesterday afternoon at Carnegie Hall when the Philadelphia Orchestra played those nocturnes: "Nuages," "Fêtes," and "Sirènes." The delicacy and expressiveness of "Clouds" was music-making of no ordinary merit. The Philadelphia band discoursed eloquently in this dream within a dream. The festal music was brilliant, technically admirable, and the tempo breath-catching. Of the "Sirens" it may be said that while they gasped and gurgled, wailed and moaned, they were not sirenic; rather did they recall the semi-articulate speech of seals sporting on sun-smitten rocks.

The difficult intervals, close, chromatic, and the tonalities, vague and disquieting, were sufficient reason for the colorless singing of a female choir from the Schola Cantorum. Debussy uses the voice for its specific color, just as he employs an English horn. There is too much tooral-looral in "Sirens," but we are grateful to Mr. Stokowski for giving it. Beethoven's Eighth Symphony was played with finesse, for the young Philadelphia conductor has a light touch. Particularly praiseworthy was the accompaniment he provided for Efrem Zimbalist, who was the solo violinist in Mozart's A major concerto. The Russian virtuoso played like a man and a musician, though much of the naïve and tender charm of Mozart was absent. As usual Stokowski conducted without a score, except in the concerted number. His memory is remarkable. The large and distinguished audience was enthusiastic over Debussy—and Stokowski.

Flonzaley Quartet.

"Missing at Verdun" was a significant note on the program of the Flonzaley Quartet at Aeolian Hall last night. It followed the announcement of a manuscript string quartet by the late Paul Roussel, a French composer. It also explains why the work is an unfinished one. In two movements, it is brief and interesting rather than original. The short-breathed phrases in the opening movement are indicative of a mood wrestled with but hardly realized; yet there is charm, and in the animated second movement genuine vitality and no little ingenuity in the treatment. The Roussel fragment ended an evening that began with the more sophisticated work by Vincent D'Indy, a Quartet, Opus 35, which contained more of volition than inspiration; in a word, cerebral. Also filled with more dramatic moments than some of his chamber music. There was fire and fantasy in the third section, a scherzo-mood with a coiling back upon the "moderate" measures. The science of D'Indy is lightly worn. He is a master of rhythm. There is color in his harmonies. The strings give forth rich clangors. A cool head directs the concert of piquant progressions and acid-sweet melodies. Thought-stuff in abundance, and George Meredith has said that thought stuff is not lean stuff.

But Beethoven's early quartet in B flat, Opus 18, No. 6, won the affection of the audience. It was beautifully played, and when on the reprise of "La Malinconia" in the last section—which sounds like an echo of "My Old Kentucky Home"—a string snapped on Mr. Betti's instrument the effect was cataclysmic, so unexpected was it. All is relative in this world of poor relatives, and that broken fiddle string left the audience gasping in midair, like an aviator marooned on a roof. The accident didn't long delay the music, and on a new pinion the composition floated to the close. The Flonzaleys, as ever, grazed perfection in their playing. Another oasis in the season!

"MARTHA" SUNG AT PARK.

Americans in Flotow's Opera Please a Large Audience.

The Society of American Singers, now entering its fifth month of opera in English at the Park Theatre, introduced "Martha" last night to a large and friendly audience. The cast was all-American and headed by Ruth Miller, heard last season at the Metropolitan. The other of the famous pair of heroines of this well-known opera was Elizabeth Campbell, recently with the Boston Opera Company. Lionel and Plunkett were sung by Craig Campbell and Bertram Peacock, respectively, who have just ended a long run together as the two kings "who act in perfect unity" in the justly celebrated "Gondoliers" of Gilbert and Sullivan. Carl Formes as Sir Tristan and Jack Goldman as the Sheriff completed the cast.

Supported by the fine orchestra led by John McGhie, which has done so much to make the long and successful career of the American singers, Flotow's melodies which have traveled over the whole world were sung again to the great satisfaction of the audience.

"The Last Rose of Summer," always associated with the opera; the famous tenor song in the third act and the swelling finale of that act were generously applauded.

President Hinshaw of the Society announced yesterday that the next opera to be added to the already long list of productions this season would be "Robin Hood," which will be given on Monday night, Feb. 3.

Toscha Seidel, Violinist, Plays.

Toscha Seidel, who has played often with New York's orchestras since his début last Spring, gave his first violin recital of the season before a large audience last evening in Carnegie Hall. The young man's exuberant spirits and style have a popular appeal, and his enthusiasm is infectious. In his program were the Tartini "Devil's Trill," with cadenza by his master, Auer; the D minor concerto of Wieniawski, assisted by I. T. Grunberg; Beethoven's "Romance" in G, several arrangements by Kreisler, and Achron's "Hebrew Lullaby."

TO STOP THEATRE TAX FIGHT

Senators Win Support and Managers Believe Victory is Won.

On the advice of Senator James A. Reed, a member of the Senate Committee on Finance, steps will be taken by the theatrical managers today to discontinue the stream of protests against the 20 per cent. tax which has been pouring into Washington. It was generally felt by the managers last night, following the receipt of dispatches from Washington, that the fight against the tax is practically won, and that the 10 per cent. rate will be permitted to stand. Speeches were made in the theatres as usual last night, however, and petitions were again circulated.

Lee Shubert, as Vice President of the United Managers' Protective Association, yesterday received a telegram from Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, and credited with being the principal advocate of the 20 per cent. tax, asking that the managers submit a brief setting forth their side of the case. This was in process of preparation last night, and will be carried to Washington today by special messenger. According to information from Washington the tax will be brought up for a vote in the committee today or tomorrow.

Many Senators and members of Congress wired the managers here yesterday assuring them of their support. The most important of these messages was from Senator Reed, who declared that he had canvassed the Conference Committee and found a majority of its members opposed to the increase. Among others who have gone on record against the tax are Senators Smoot of Utah, Poindexter of Washington, Smith of Michigan, and Ashhurst of Arizona.

The total number of protests which have reached Washington is said to be more than 6,000,000. The prospective victory of the managers will put a halt to elaborate plans to enroll the entire country as petitioners. A call was sent out yesterday to all persons who write for the stage, urging them to make themselves heard at Washington, and Rotary Clubs, Chambers of Commerce, and commercial organizations all over the country have been passing resolutions of protest.

Will She Be a Leader or a Trailer?

WITH diploma in hand, the young woman leaves the campus behind and starts along the long, winding road of life. How far will her education carry her? Much depends on the blood in her veins and the vigor in her body. The bruising, breathless race for success is not for weaklings, no matter how cultured. Red blood tells above all else.

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That is what Gude's Pepto-Mangan helps to make—redder blood—richer blood—purer blood. It aids in increasing the number of the red cells and their capacity to carry and distribute oxygen to every cell and tissue. The whole body quickly responds to the beneficial qualities of Pepto-Mangan in renewed vigor and vitality. Easy to digest, exceedingly pleasant to taste. Prescribed by the medical profession.

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Brinkerhoff, Famous Cartoonist, says "It certainly is a thrilling Movie"

STRAND BROADWAY at 47th St. ALL THIS WEEK

STRAND B'way at 47th St. ALL THIS WEEK

"The Fighting Roosevelts," the romantic life and stirring deeds that made Theodore Roosevelt famous. The big-hearted traits that made him famous. A Motion Picture That Appeals to Every Man, Woman, and Child.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. MATINEES TODAY & SAT., 2:15. INDISPUTABLY THE BEST REAL MUSICAL COMEDY IN TOWN! KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF LAUGHTER and MELODY. THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic. Two Entirely Different Shows.

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri., Sat. 2:30. STUART WALKERS PORTMANTEAU SEASON. Tel. Circle 1366. Current Bill, LORD DUNSANY'S THE LAUGHTER OF THE GODS "STINGY" and "A NIGHT IN AVIGNON"

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Bryant 393. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees TODAY and Sat., 2:20. THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. "A PRINCE THERE WAS" GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

HARRIS West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. POP. PRICE MAT. TODAY. The Big Sensation of Psychic Mystery grips New York! Follow the Crowd to THE INVISIBLE FOE. "Thrills that bite to the marrow."—Dorothy Dix.

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. POP. 50c TO $1.50 MAT. TODAY. Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written THREE FACES EAST. Hundreds turned away at every performance.

If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long Legs," you'll love PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE. Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evgs. 25c to $1. MAT. TOMORROW, 25 & 50c. FLORENCE NASH in "Remnant"

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:20. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. William Gillette "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY"—Herald. Dear Brutus. "To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. at 8:10. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in the Comedie Francaise Sensation "THE MARQUIS DE PRIOLA".

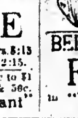
"THE CANARY" It's a Bird. JULIA SANDERSON JOSEPH CAWTHORN. Sam Hardy, Doyle & Dixon, Maude Eburne. GLOBE—200 FIRST BALC. SEATS $1.50. POPULAR PRICE MAT. TODAY.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow and Sat., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS DADDIES

VANDERBILT West 48 St. Beg. Mon. Jan. 27 Seats Now. A LITTLE JOURNEY. Moves Here from THE LITTLE THEATRE

LIGHTNIN GAIETY, B'way & 46 St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Friday and Sat., 2:30. AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT 3 Wise Fools CRITERION, B'way & 44 St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY LISTEN LESTER! "WELL WORTH LISTENING TO AND LOOKING AT."—Eve. World.



CORT West 48th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:20. 'Ulle! 'ere's a 'it. The Better 'Ole. With MR. and MRS. COBURN

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow and Sat., 2:20. FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight, 8:15. Manon Lescaut. Alda, Perini; Martinelli, De Luca, Segurola. Cond., Papi. Thurs. at 8:15. Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi. Fri. at 8 (1st time.) La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux. Sat. Mat. at 2. L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta. Cond., Papi. Sat. at 8:15. (75c to $3.) Lucia. Garrison; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Bada. Cond., Papi. Next Mon. at 8. Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, De Luca, Mardones. Cond., Papi. Tues. Mat. at 2. ($1 to $5.) Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Wed. at 8:15. Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky. BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Tues., Jan. 28, at 8. Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mat. Daily, 25c-$1. CECIL LEAN & Cleo Mayfield, Four Mortons, Morton & Glass, Clara Morton, Gus Edwards and ADELE ROWLAND

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St. New Year's Festival, Adelaide & Hughes, Geo. White & Co., Jimmie Hussey & Co., Muriel Window, Others.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15. The Leightons, Collinis Dancers, All Fears, 7 Others. In the Theatre, Anna Rese. Case, "The Hidden Truth." 25, 35.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily. Pop. Price. MILLION DOLLAR DOLLS

Lexington THEATRE, 51st St. & Lex. Ave. Phone 4024 Plaza. CHICAGO Opera Association GRAND OPERA Beginning MONDAY, JANUARY 27. Mon., "Gismonda"; Tues., "Romeo & Juliet"; Wed., "Madam Butterfly"; Thurs., "Monna Vanna"; Fri., "Le Chemineau"; Sat. Mat., "Thais"; Sat. Night, "Tales of Hoffmann." SEATS NOW ON SALE AT LEXINGTON THEATRE BOX OFFICE.

CENTURY THEATRE To-Night at 8:30. New York's Tribute to Capt. Carpenter, V. C. (The Story of the Zeebrugge Raid). 50c to $3. Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome. Matinee Today, Best Seats (Exc. Boxes) $1.00. Evgs. at 8:15

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MOTION PICTURES.

"THE GREATEST SHOW I EVER SAW IN ALL MY LIFE!" THE PICTURE THAT ALL NEW YORK IS TALKING ABOUT. "THE HEART of HUMANITY" The Picture That Will Live Forever. BROADWAY THEATRE, B'WAY AT 41ST ST. 10 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20, 30, 55. Loges $1. ELSIE FERGUSON in "His Parisian Wife." New Sennett Comedy. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.

RIALTO Times Square. 20—30—60. BRYANT WASHBURN "The Way of a Man With a Maid." Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

PLAZA Madison Ave. at 59th St. ETHEL BARRYMORE in "The Divorcee," from her play "Lady Frederick," by W. S. Maugham.

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980. Douglas FAIRBANKS in His Latest ARIZONA. Also Greater VAUDEVILLE.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 15, 25, 35. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. "Sandy Burke of the U-Bar U" with Louis Bennison

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2. AL JOLSON And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD. 42nd Week in New York.

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL AT 11:30. A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. MATINEE TODAY 2:30. ALICE BRADY Personally in FOREVER AFTER. EXTRA MATINEE TOMORROW.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. MARY NASH in THE BIG CHANCE

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13. A New Play by Samuel Shipman & Max Marcin.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30. Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits. New Musical Play—The 100% Cast "SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART" CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15. A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN. CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.

MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th Street, West of Broadway. Beginning NEXT SAT. NIGHT. Seats Now. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in "EYES OF YOUTH". Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier. 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Tm'w & Sat. 2:15. THIS WEEK Les Freres Karamazov. Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat. 2:30. Jane Cowl in The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way. 150th TIME TODAY MAT. SOUVENIRS. THE COMEDY HIT Tea for 3. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30.

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:15. Smartest Musical Show in Town. LITTLE SIMPLICITY With the Prettiest Girls in the World

Shubert-Riviera Broadway and 97th St. Mt. Tm'w. Best Seats 50c. UNDER ORDERS

LYRIC 42d St. west of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers. 5th Month. Not a War Play. THE UNKNOWN PURPLE. The Season's Hit. With RICHARD BENNETT

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:15. Eves. 8:15. NORA BAYES IN HER JOYOUS PLAY LADIES FIRST

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:15. "ADORABLE."—Mail. EAST IS WEST. A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

BIJOU 48th, W. of B'way. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners with IRENE BORDONI

SHUBERT West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. Last 2 Weeks in N. Y. Mat. Today 2:30 BETROTHAL. By Maeterlinck, Author of Blue Bird.

COMEDY 41st, East of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow and Sat., 2:30. "IT IS WELCOME AND WILL SUCCEED."—Louis De Foe, World. THE CLIMAX With ELEANOR PAINTER. "FRESHER AND MORE VIGOROUS THAN EVER."—John Corbin, Times.

PRINCESS Mats. Today and Saturday. Evenings at 8:20. Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. OH, MY DEAR! "BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES" LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Last 2 Weeks. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts. Today & Sat., 2:30. A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:15. Riotous Musical Comedy THE MELTING OF MOLLY With CHARLES PURCELL. Chorus with a Kick.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST. SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS. Tonight & Friday 8:15 FRA DIAVOLO. Thurs. Eve., Sat. Mat. MARTHA. Saturday Evening at 8:15 MME. BUTTERFLY. Next Week—Mikado. (Popular Request.) Fra Diavolo, Martha. Feb. 3—Robin Hood. (star cast.)

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Eves. 8:30. Sharp. Matinees Today and Sat. at 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Comedy A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley. Moves to Vanderbilt Theatre next Monday.

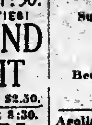
PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE, FRI. AFT. at 2:30 & SAT., 10:30 A. M. WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET. "Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. MATINEE TODAY at 2:30. The Laugh Play. KEEP IT TO YOURSELF. "Snappy and daring enough to make the audience gasp."—Mail.

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomor'w, 25c & 50c. "AN IDEAL HUSBAND"

Poultry Show MADISON SQUARE GARDEN. The only New York Show this year. Standard and ornamental fowl. Rare game birds. Government exhibit of poultry. Homer pigeons. Motion pictures. Open every day and evening, Jan. 21 to 25. Adm. 75c.



CENTURY THEATRE, Friday 1:30. A DRAMATIC FESTIVAL OF NOVELTIES! Seats and Boxes at Century. ACTORS FUND ANNUAL BENEFIT. All Special Features. Prices 50c to $2.50.

Aeolian Hall, Fri. Eve., Jan. 24, at 8:30. PIANO RECITAL BY MARVIN MAAZEL. Seats $1, $1.50, $2 at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

ICE SKATING TODAY ICELAND, BROADWAY & 52D ST.

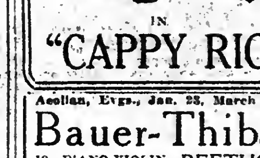
CARNEGIE HALL, Tomorrow at 3. Auspices Society for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, Inc. Mrs. HERMANN M. BIGGS, President. Miss RUTH TWOMBLY, Vice President. RACHMANINOFF. A LIMITED NUMBER OF TICKETS $2.50 TO 75c. ON SALE NOW AT HOTEL ST. REGIS AND CARNEGIE HALL BOX OFFICE. Direction C. A. ELLIS. Steinway Piano used.

39TH STREET THEATRE. Sunday Evening, Jan. 26th, at 8:30. PROGRAM OF DANCES BY CHALIF'S PUPILS with Frederick Dixon, Pianist. Benefit Permanent Blind Relief Fund. Tickets at 163 West 57th St. (Opp. Carnegie Hall.)

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow Afternoon at 3. GANZ. ONLY PIANO RECITAL IN NEW YORK. Benefit: Societe Mutuelle des Professeurs du Conservatoire, Paris. Prices 50c to $2.00. On sale at Box Office. (Steinway Piano)

AMUSEMENTS.

MOROSCO HAS THE HIT! WEST 45TH ST. EVES. 8:20. MATS. TODAY (POP.) & SAT. 2:20.



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Aeolian, Evgs., Jan. 23, March 4 & 31. Bauer-Thibaud. 10 PIANO-VIOLIN SONATAS OF BEETHOVEN. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Tel. Circle 2156.

Aeolian—Friday Aft., Jan. 24, at 3. Piano Recital GABRILOWITSCH ALL CHOPIN PROGRAM. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AEOLIAN—Tues. Aft., Jan. 28, at 3. SAMUEL GARDNER SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Baldwin Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan 25, 2:30. PIANO RECITAL—JOSEF HOFMANN (STEINWAY PIANO.) Seats at Box Office.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Jan. 28, at 8:15. LEOPOLD AUER. Program: Beethoven Sonatas, C Minor, G Major, A Major. Mme. WANDA STEIN at the Piano.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY .... Conductor. CARNEGIE HALL, To-morrow (Thurs.) Ev., 8:30 & Next Fri. Aft., 2:30 HEIFETZ. BERLIOZ SYMPHONY FANTASTIQUE, BEETHOVEN LEONORE NO. 3, BEETHOVEN VIOLIN CONCERTO. SUNDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 26, AT 3 GUIOMAR NOVAES. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Aeolian Hall, Sat. Morn., Jan. 25, at 11 THIRD SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR CHILDREN. Mr. DAMROSCH will explain the Violoncello, Trumpet and Trombone. Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan'y 26, at 3. Soloist Mme. HULDA Lashanska. RAFF, MASSENET, MENDELSSOHN, TSCHAIKOWSKY, LOEFFLER. Tickets at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall Tuesday Evg., Jan. 28, at 8:15. Wed. Aft., Jan. 29, at 3. RUSSIAN SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor. RACHMANINOFF in his new Piano Concerto; Orchestral numbers by Stravinsky, Scriabine, Rimsky-Korsakoff. Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Stieff Piano.

BROOKLYN. ACADEMY OF MUSIC. SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Soloist—HULDA Sat., Jan. 25, at 3 LASHANSKA SOPRANO. Brahms Symphony No. 3, Saint-Saens, Tschaikowsky, Rimsky-Korsakoff. Tickets $1 to $1.50. Institute Box Office.

Brooklyn Academy of Music, Sun. Ev., Jan. 26, 8:15. JOINT RECITAL Zimbalist-Braslau. Tickets 50c. to $2, at Box Office. Mail Orders Van Rügo Musical Soc., 270 W. 42 St., N. Y.

SIXTH BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE. Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore, Jan. 24, at 11. HELEN STANLEY, LEOPOLD GODOWSKY, ANDRES DE SEGUROLA. Res. Seats $3, Box Seats $5, now on sale at Biltmore Box Office from 9 to 6 (balcony floor). Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Fri. Eve., Jan. 24. KOSCAK YAMADA SECOND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT with SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA of 90. CLARENCE WHITEHILL, Baritone. Seats 75c to $2. Mgt. Jules Daiber. (Steinway Piano.)

CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Eve., JAN. 25 at 8:15. Violin Recital MAX ROSEN. Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. STEINWAY PIANO.

FRIENDS OF MUSIC. Aeolian Hall, To-Day at 3. ALFRED CORTOT. LAST RECITAL THIS SEASON. Tickets $2-50c. at Box Office.

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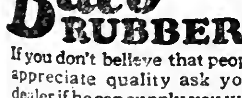

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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MORALS, ECONOMICS, AND POLITICS.

Ten States are in rebellion against the telephone rates fixed by the Postmaster General under the war powers which he exercises. The Interstate Commerce Commission declares that the Director General fixed unjust and unreasonable railway rates on a certain commodity, under his war powers, and orders the Federally controlled railways to make other rates. On the same day the Commerce Commission is overruled by the Supreme Court of the United States, and by the Public Service Commission of Pennsylvania in a case like several others pending which involve the relations between State and national powers. It might be thought that our institutions were in peril and that we have failed in the practice of that self-determination in matters of government the theory of which we are spreading abroad. The opposite is the truth. There is so little excitement about these conflicts between officials in matters involving a mixture of morals, economics, and politics that the interest felt is deficient even among those charged with duties in the premises. Congress is described as apathetic, and few follow the cases mentioned unless they have a specific concern in them. There is rather excess of confidence that the snarls will be straightened in due season, and that finally our affairs will be settled for us in the manner in which the League of Nations will settle world affairs if only the peoples of the world will emulate our self-control as well as our self-determination.

That is all very well, but there are other things in which we are setting worse examples to the world which is fixing its eyes upon us, we are assured. American efficiency does not shine when its highest officials quarrel instead of doing things. If Government operation and control bungles in the smaller tasks set it, what will the harvest be if larger affairs are intrusted to the same humans, who do not become supermen by putting on official mantles? If these alarums now fall upon deaf ears, how can it be urged that the matters are of such supreme importance, and will it not be shown that, like the tariff, they are merely local issues and not new irrepressible conflicts? May it not even be said that they are thought to be individual matters concerning only the parties involved, and will be thought so until one of the triangular contenders, the officials, the utilities, and the public, makes its position so clear that a standard will be raised around which it is possible to rally supporters? Manifestly, it is not possible to rally around all of them, for their positions are inconsistent, and a solution can be hoped for only by abandoning some of them.

The question of wrongful use of war powers needs little attention. Even if it were malicious usurpation, instead of bureaucratic officiousness, the coming of true instead of technical peace would remove that issue. The conflict between State and national authority is of another sort. It has survived for a generation, and now is ripe for settlement. In the telephone cases the important question is the establishment of a system of zone rates, whether done by war or peace authority. The zone system of express rates threw the companies into bankruptcy. The zone system of mail rates makes the distribution of intelligence costly and localized, instead of cheap and national. There is pending a proposal for the establishment of railway zone rates, or, worse yet, pure distance rates. The singular situation is that those exercising national authority are using it narrowly, locally. It is a degradation of national power, without raising local power. It is apparently a matter of politics, but is based on wrong economics, and will fail with the demonstration. Those who are ready or even wish to see the railways go the way of the express companies may slumber on undisturbed if they prefer a smash to a revival of the methods which gave us prosperity.

The lumber rate case adds moral questions to those of politics and economics. The idea is to establish by law equality of unequal economic conditions. Usually this assertion of what "ought" to be done in matters of economic discretion has been made by the Interstate Commission, which has not succeeded where it declares the Director General has failed. When railways competed for business which they could get only by sacrificing profits it was a mere question of profit and loss, and was settled by the balance sheet. Either the business paid and was justified or it did not pay. The present temper is to discourage uneconomic competition, and to allow merely reasonable competition, either regulated officially or moderated by pools or combinations justifiable under the rule of reason. It is different when official authority, either of the Director General or the Interstate Commission, enables shippers to compete in a manner so costly that the bills go to the taxpayers instead of the railways. A distance or zone tariff is no more a solution of justice and morality in rate making than a blanket rate which takes in or excludes competitors as the case may be. There has been immorality in both railway regulation and railway operation, and some of it has been the result of good rather than bad intentions. There is a just mean between apathy and hysteria as well as between morals and economics in relation to self-determination. The scales have dropped from the eyes of some admirers of lawmakers and regulators, and, now that the regulators are regulating one another, the end must be near.

THE GERMAN ELECTIONS.

Imperfect as are the returns of the German general elections for the National Assembly, they confirm the conclusions drawn from the recent local elections. The parties of order are an immense majority. Feeble are the Independent Socialists, whose most violent section made so much disturbance and looked so formidable until the slow, orderly mass of the population goaded the Majority Socialist Government into too long delayed severe action; and the Red Terror was quieted with lead. Sporadic disturbances by the Spartacans are reported. Here and there there were raids upon the ballot boxes and shootings, not so much more or worse, perhaps, than Manhattan and Philadelphia have known in the golden prime of ferocious ward politics.

Apparently the Majority Socialists, the strongest party at the last Reichstag election, are the strongest still. For the purposes of this election they are practically a "bourgeois" party; nor is the immediate construction of a Socialist State in their plans. Germany has too many, too urgent, and too far-reaching tasks and burdens ahead of her to venture on highly theoretic or doubtful political and social schemes. It is fortunate for Germany, for her conquerors who have to deal with her, for the polity under which she is to live, for a time at least, that the parties in the National Assembly are to be balanced and checked, as the returns indicate. If the Majority Socialist Party has a larger representation in the Assembly than any other, the combined "bourgeois" parties have a majority in that body.

The Democratic Party, compounded of the most liberal elements of the old Progressives and National Liberals, seems to have polled a great vote. This is a moderate reasonable republican party. In Socialist Berlin it has made signal gains. It seems to be uncertain whoso vote was larger, that of the Democrats or that of the late Centrists, now the Christian People's Party. Whatever their differences of principles, these two parties may be depended upon to resist any extreme radical policy, should the Majority Socialists favor such. The German People's Party, composed of the most conservative wings of the former Progressives and "big business" National Liberals, ironically so called, has cast no multitudinous vote. Finally, the National People's Party, refuge of the East Elbian grandees and foaming Pan Germans, of Junkerdom and Megalomania, was only moderately strong.

A conservative triumph, we might say, if conservatism in Germany wasn't associated with reaction. A good day's work for the German people and for the rest of us. It will be interesting to see how many of those entitled to vote, more than half of them women, went to the polls.

COMRADES IN WAR, FRIENDS IN PEACE.

Captain CARPENTER of the Vindictive was not wrong—far from it—when he said at a dinner of the Economic Club on Monday night that "there is "a certain amount of insidious prop-"aganda going about that our navies "[the American and the British] did "not get along as well together as "might have been hoped." As a matter of fact, the propagandists have stuck at nothing to provoke ill feeling among the men of the United States Navy, by disparaging the work of the British sailors in the war, by spreading stories of their treatment of the Americans in European waters, and particularly by lauding the efficiency and bravery of the Americans at the expense of their British allies. Doubtless in a subtle way the British bluejackets were tampered with, but the opportunities for mischief were not as promising in England; there propagandists sometimes came to grief, and a watch was always kept upon them.

Since the armistice the sowing of discord has been very noticeable in this country. Captain CARPENTER did well to have his say about it. When he faced his great audience on Monday night he used the short and ugly word, with a seaman's dash of profanity, in characterizing the evil work of the enemies of America and Great Britain, and he finished by calling as a witness Admiral RODMAN, who said that the personnel of the two navies—he was speaking of their co-operation—had been bound together by the closest ties of regard and esteem, adding:

> I sometimes commanded a force with British Admirals under me, and sometimes they commanded me, and no thought of jealousy, no thought of nationality, no thought of misunderstanding, ever arose. * * * Though my comrades in the British Navy were born under a different flag, though we are by geographical boundary different nations, yet I am convinced that the same blood flows in our veins, that we have the same ideals, the same love of righteousness and liberty. Should the time ever come again in the future, as it has done in this war, there is no question in my mind but that we shall stand together through thick and thin, fight together, and win together.

That is the feeling among Admiral RODMAN's brother officers throughout the navy, and the intelligent warrant officers and sailors share it. Allowing for a certain degree of prejudice against England, coming down from Lexington and Concord, which has been assiduously cultivated by the propagandists, who have not overlooked any racial feeling they could turn to account, American sailors in the past have not been hostile to men in the British service in Manila Bay or elsewhere, though in foreign ports they have had their personal rows, like all bluejackets ashore, as well as their friendly meetings and common amusements. If the American sailor could not find a comrade in the British sailor, on the Asiatic station, for instance, whom could he get to know and fraternize with in another navy?

It remained for the great war, with its rivalry in a common cause, the sharing of the same tasks and dangers, the winning together of a historic victory, the exchange of hospitalities, eye-to-eye and hand-to-hand association ashore in sports and games, to bring the men of the two services closer together in bonds of good-will and esteem than would have been possible in a hundred years of peace. The rank and file never understood one another so well before, and it is a poor specimen of Yankee or Britisher who will let himself be moved by the German propagandist, or any of the breed, to dislike the other uniform.

WELL CHOSEN.

Governor SMITH has added nobly to what is getting to be a series of admirable appointments. Among the thirty-six members whom he has named of the Reconstruction Committee to ponder many large questions—military, financial, economic, sanitary—with which the State must deal are five competent women and some of the ablest and most distinguished men; the best specialists, fittest by talents, character, and service that could be found for the work. Since they are to get no pay, a modest word of praise is not too much to give them.

The chief acknowledgment, however, should go to Governor SMITH. He keeps on picking out people for office or keeping them in office because they are qualified. There is a certain danger in such a course. It may make a Governor too popular with the people at large—and unpopular with bossikins of his party.

WHAT DO THEY KNOW ABOUT RUSSIA?

What does Mme. BRESHKOVSKAYA, "the Grandmother of the Russian Revolution," know about Russia? She has arrived in the United States and is touring the country denouncing the Bolsheviki and describing LENINE as a "criminal despot." You can meet on any street corner glib individuals who have never been in Russia, but know all about it, and they will tell you that the newspapers and the American Government are in a "conspiracy to suppress the truth" about Russia; that all the things printed to the discredit of the Bolsheviki are "lies." With what superior scorn they must read of the words of BRESHKOVSKAYA! What can she possibly know about Russia, compared with them?

What does MAXIM GORKY know about Russia? He, after a vain effort to tolerate the Bolshevist régime, has exposed it as a despotism deadlier than that of the Czar. What does he know about Russia, compared with EUGENE V. DEBS? DEBS, who comes from Terre Haute, Ind., says that free speech is dead in the United States but lives on in Russia. GORKY, who hails from Petrograd, says that free speech is dead in Russia; but what does GORKY know about it?

What does MARIA SPIRIDONOVA know about Russia? She was for years regarded as the living martyr of the revolution. The overthrow of Czarism liberated her from her captivity in Siberia, and she returned to European Russia to become leader of the Social Revolutionists of the Left. In that capacity she allied herself with the Bolsheviki, and remained their ally until she saw that they were trying to erect not liberty, but despotism. Then she arraigned them as autocrats, and they put her in prison, as their predecessor in autocracy, the Czar, had done. But what does she know about autocracy? New York is full of individuals who have never been east of Mineola, and they can tell you that she is ignorant of conditions in Russia.

What does PETER KROPOTKIN know about Russia? He is not a Czarist; he has been for many years the foremost Anarchist in the world. But he denounced the Bolsheviki as autocrats and despots. If he is out of prison, which is unlikely, he should come to the United States and meet some of our intellectuals. They can tell him all about Russia, and convince him to his face that he is the victim of "lies" published by the American newspapers and the American Government.

There is lying and suppression somewhere, without a doubt. We should like to see the actual falsifiers and suppressors undertake to face CATHERINE BRESHKOVSKAYA.

FEWER AND BETTER STUDENTS.

That day seems lost which does not see some cherished tradition of American life discarded. Now comes Columbia University with the theory that there is a considerable waste in using the expensive plant and operating force of an institution of higher education on great numbers of students who are incapable of profiting seriously by higher education. Columbia will try to weed out its students before they enter by a psychological and physiological inquiry similar to that used in the selective draft, and to the famous Binet tests for discovering and culling out defective children. The old entrance examination is apparently not to be dropped, but candidates for admission who can present certificates that they have done the necessary preliminary work may elect the new test instead of the examination, if they prefer.

In this option there seems to lie a weakness, for the student of subnormal mentality who might be coached to pass the entrance examinations, but would be of no use thereafter, is likely to elect the test which he can pass by cramming rather than the psychological inquiry which would reveal his unfitness. But whatever the defects of the plan, its very adoption is an indication of the tendency of educational authorities to revolt at the hampering of able and willing students, and the waste of the teacher's time, which comes from the prevalence in past years of the notion that college was a convenient, if temporary, asylum for harmless morons.

It is a wholesome reaction, but a reaction which may perhaps be carried too far. From the point of view of scholarship, and certainly from that of the interest of the abler students, it is true that those who can and want to make progress should not be hampered by inclusion in classes with the idle and the dull. But if a college be regarded as an instrument of service to the community it is a serious question whether more service would be rendered by the intensive cultivation of a few, or by the present method of doing some good to a great many. No doubt for the great universities a more exacting admission test will be a good thing, for the mere fame of an institution such as Harvard or Columbia draws students to it in such multitudes that it is beginning to be a serious problem what to do with them. But in the newer parts of the country the universities, and even more the small colleges, perform a very considerable service by their effect upon men who may never graduate, but who still leave college better equipped for life than when they entered. Students from rural or semi-rural environment who leave college without a degree, but with better standards of taste or deportment, with business experience such as might come from managing the football team or the glee club, with ability to talk, to "mix," to reason on problems for practical decision—even with such minor bits of knowledge as what fork to use—they may not have got all that college has to offer, but they have got a good deal that will be useful in their future life.

The British universities have compromised by the institutions known as "pass schools" and "honor schools," whereby those who go to the university to live up to tradition, or to spend their time in agreeable frivolities, undergo a course of instruction which makes no great demands on deficient mentality; and those who want to work, or for some reason have to work, are freed from the handicap of association with men who only retard the instruction of others. Perhaps we may ultimately come to this; in any event, the old system was unfair to the abler and more industrious students, but it ought to be remembered that the great majority even of the dullards come away from college better off than they entered. Whether their profit was worth what it cost their parents and the college is a question that can hardly be answered by a generalization.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

War Problems Brightly Illuminated.

That nothing is easier to explain than somebody else's failure, unless it be to tell what the somebody else should have done to achieve success, was beautifully illustrated by the remarks, printed yesterday, of Captain VON SCHWINK, a German officer hitherto unknown to fame outside of his own country. The Captain followed the method invariably chosen by those who undertake the task he essayed to perform. The German offensive of 1918 came to its dismal termination, he said, in effect, because the German High Command did what it did, and the campaign would have ended in a brilliant triumph if the great Generals had done something quite different.

These statements are of an accuracy far beyond question, and Captain VON SCHWINK has earned the right to take himself, and to have others take him, as a military critic of the first rank.

That the German campaign was not well planned—that its originators overestimated the strength of their own forces and underestimated the fighting ability of their enemies—is proved by the event. Of course, the Captain is not the first to notice these facts, but he is justified in mentioning them again, and his rehearsal of them has an interest it would lack if it came from a different source, for, made by a German officer, they constitute one of the very few confessions of military imperfection in either planning war or carrying it on that have yet been heard from anybody of his race and class.

When Did He See All This?

After Captain VON SCHWINK turns from condemning what his superiors did to telling what they should have done, he is still on safe ground, though it is ground not quite as solid as was that occupied by him while he was engaged in the other part of his task. For then there is no event to vindicate his judgment. He need not worry about that, however, and probably does not, for, whatever doubt anybody may have as to the possibility of winning the war by adopting the measures he says should have been adopted, still he cannot be proved wrong, and that is always a comfortable position to be in.

The Captain—presumably because he is a modest man—does not reveal whether or not he saw, while the campaign of 1918 was in progress, all the things now so plain to him. By an implication perhaps unintended he apparently would have us believe that he did not share the ignorance of HINDENBURG and LUDENDORFF as to what the Allies could and would do before they began to think of surrender, and that he was well aware of the inadequacy of the forces sent against them to compel submission.

It may be that such is the case. Again disproof is impossible, but it does seem a pity, if the Captain was really thus wiser than the other German officers, he could not have brought his knowledge somehow to the attention of his countrymen. It would have been lots of money in their pockets, saved some hundreds of thousands of their lives, and made the future considerably brighter for them than it is now.

It Causes Never a Thrill.

In other days it would have been easier, and much easier, than now to become excited over the finding over in Africa of a diamond weighing 388¼ carats. Even with the added information that the big stone is of the soft or blue-white lustre that commands the highest market price, present inclination is to ask, "What of it?" and for attention then to turn away to any one of a hundred subjects the greater importance of which is now appreciated by almost everybody.

There are several other forms of that common but highly valuable substance, carbon, that interest the world far more deeply at present than do diamonds, and it is with something different from pleasure that one thinks of the only people who can be expected to invest large sums of money in the several pieces into which this monstrous crystal will probably be cut to make it seem a good investment even for the least sensitive and most splurging of war profiteers.

Once a place could have been found for those pieces among what are called "crown jewels," but additions to those rather dubious collections are not likely to be made for some time, if ever, by the more judicious of such monarchs as have survived Germany's effort to vindicate the divine right of Kings to do and have what they want at any cost. The royalties that retain the valuable asset of popular approval did not preserve it by the possession of diamonds, nor will the others gain it by purchasing and wearing them.

To Whom Should He Apply?

So far as can be gathered from reading the, as yet, incomplete reports of the speeches made in the Senate by the vehement critics of Mr. HOOVER, the chief, if not the only, cause of their animosity to him is their discovery that, needing large quantities of meat for distribution among the hungry Europeans, he is intending to buy it of the corporations that have it for sale! What other source of supply he should utilize is not named or even hinted in these impassioned orations. That is strange, too, for the problem created if the meat packers are not to be patronized when meat by the hundreds of tons must be bought is so difficult that those who impose the ban certainly should be ready to name other dealers who are ready to do business of this sort.

That the big packers will make some money if Mr. HOOVER goes to them for the meat he wants seems probable, but in the probability there is nothing obviously criminal, nor does it create even a shock of surprise anywhere outside of the Senate—not at once, at least, except, perhaps, in Senator PENROSE's own State, where, as is well known, big business, from preference, is always done at a loss.

An Ancient Race Is Awakening.

With a Prince representing an Arab King present as a duly accredited and officially recognized delegate at the Peace Conference, memories are revived of the days when the successors of MOHAMMED ruled a vast empire, which, after the fashion of the time, they had conquered with their notably good swords. They ruled it, too, for centuries, about as well and wisely and justly as any empires were ruled then, and much better than some of the other empires were ruled.

The Caliphs, however, showed the lamentably human inability to stand prosperity, and the hard-fighting Turks reduced them to a subjection in which they have remained until now. GIBBON tells magnificently the story of the Arab rise and fall, and present events make him better than ever worth reading.

This hardly seems a propitious time for a new King to set up in business, but the Arabs probably know what they want, and of course they are not to be deprived of "self-determination" any more than anybody else. They are at least fortunate in occupying a country with few or no attractions for other peoples, and if the Hedjas person will only develop a few of the picturesque qualities of his remote predecessors, he will add a much-needed element of the romantic to the grim happenings of this momentous era.

But it is to be feared that HAROUN-AL-RASCHID is very, very dead.

RAILWAY REGULATION.

Mr. Morawetz Advocates a Government Guarantee of Profits.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of Jan. 21 you did me the honor of discussing and criticising editorially a plan submitted by me to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce for the solution of the railway problem. In discussing my plan you did a public service, because only through full public discussion will it be practicable ever to reach a solution of the problem. However, I believe that you have failed to recognize certain fundamental facts that cannot be altered.

It is a fact that the power of the Federal Government to regulate railway rates cannot be taken away or abridged.

It is a fact that to make the validity of rate regulation depend upon the so-called "reasonableness" or "adequacy" of the rates, or upon the application of any formula that can be devised, furnishes no real protection to the owners of railway securities. All such tests of the validity of rates are impractical and illusory. No court and no commission and no railway man has ever furnished any definite or practical standard for determining what rates are reasonable, or adequate, or fair.

If the validity of rates imposed by a commission is made to depend on their reasonableness, or adequacy, or upon any other formula, the question whether in fixing rates the commission has exceeded the statutory limit would have to be decided by the courts. Yet it is a fact, shown by thirty years' experience, that the courts are not fitted to supervise the regulation of the railways or the making of their rates. Even if the courts were competent to supervise rate regulation by commissions, the delays of court procedure would make a resort to the courts ineffective.

It is a fact that the security of railway investments cannot be restored and that the capital necessary to the development of the railways cannot be obtained so long as the power to fix railway rates is left in the hands of a governmental commission, unless the Government in some way guarantees a fair return on the investments.

In your editorial article you say: "The only guarantee the railways require is that of a fair opportunity to earn profits." Profits on what? The law now says that the railways are entitled to earn a fair return or profit on their invested capital. Everybody recognizes that this furnishes no safe or practicable standard for fixing rates. Would the situation be improved if Congress enacted some new standard to be applied by the Interstate Commerce Commission subject to review by the courts?

My plan is based upon the assumption that the railway problem cannot be solved without full recognition of unalterable facts, or by merely tinkering with those features of the present situation which are radically wrong.

VICTOR MORAWETZ.

New York, Jan. 21, 1919.

Washington Invited to Europe.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Has any one happened to quote, regarding President Wilson's visit to Europe, a letter Benjamin Franklin wrote George Washington in 1780? Here it is:

"Should peace arrive after another campaign or two, and afford us a little Leisure, I should be happy to see your Excellency in Europe, and to accompany you, if my Age and Strength would permit, in visiting some of its ancient and most famous Kingdoms. You would, on this side of the Sea, enjoy the great reputation you have acquir'd, pure and free from those little Shades that the Jealousy and Envy of a Man's Countrymen and Cotemporaries are ever endeavoring to cast over living Merit. Here you would know, and enjoy, what Posterity will say of Washington. For 1000 Leagues have nearly the same Effect with 1000 years. The feeble Voice of those grovelling Passions cannot extend so far either in Time or Distance. At present I enjoy the Pleasure for you, as I frequently hear the old Generals of this martial Country, (who study the maps of America, and mark upon them all your Operations,) speak with sincere Approbation and great Applause of your conduct; and join in giving you the Character of one of the greatest Captains of the Age."

READER.

Brooklyn, Jan. 20, 1919.

Fruit Trees for France.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let me express to you the thanks of the New York Bird and Tree Club for furthering its work of planting fruit trees in France and at the same time keeping alive the memory of our young manhood who there gave their all for freedom.

We issued 1,000 memorial tree cards late in November bearing the poem "Trees," by Joyce Kilmer, each guaranteeing a fruit tree planted in France, and our hope was to sell this number before Christmas. On Nov. 24 the Sunday TIMES published an account of our work, and as a result we were literally deluged with letters from Maine, Canada, California, Texas, Florida, Porto Rico, and all the territory in between, mentioning THE TIMES article or inclosing a copy of a local paper in which the article had been printed.

By Christmas 10,000 trees had been sold, and orders are coming in daily, so that the French Government officials and the American Forestry Association are encouraging us to go on with our work until France shall have all of her ruined orchards restored.

THE NEW YORK BIRD AND TREE CLUB,
1,974 Broadway, New York, Jan. 20, 1919.

FUTURE HOMESTEADERS.

Angus McPhail, who sold linens at Stacey's,
Would find it gey tame to return to the store
And measure out towels and sheeting to housewives—
He who in France, for a twelvemonth and more,
Has tugged at a stretcher—been cited for valor
Because of his grit, on the Ambulance Corps!

The pharmacy lad who used to mix sundaes,
In natty white coat, as neat as a pin,
Since then in the trenches has neighbored with "cooties,"
And studied machine guns without and within.
Of course, now war's over, he must find a new job,
But somehow—he doesn't know how to begin!

Percival Poore, lounge lizard and wastrel,
Who lived but to one-step and follow Jazz bands,
Has learned that a year in the navy breeds manhood,
As well as strong muscles and tough, calloused hands.
It's life out-of-doors that will suit him hereafter;
His viewpoint has altered—and, likewise, his plans!

To all of these men, and hundreds just like them,
Whose vision has changed, who are ready to roam—
"Come back to the land," 'tis old Earth's invitation,
"Clear out my waste forests, and plow my rich loam!
There are acres for all—join the land army forces!
Come, stake out your ground claim, and build you a home!"

MAZIE V. CARUTHERS.

ASSAIL FAMINE FUND.

Senators Assert President Plans to Feed Bolsheviki.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The Senate again today debated the bill to appropriate $100,000,000 to feed starving nations of Europe, advocated by President Wilson. Senators Penrose of Pennsylvania, Johnson of California, and Poindexter of Washington, Republicans, declared that the President's idea was to subdue the Bolshevists of Europe by feeding them, and that this was the wrong way to do it.

The three Senators, with others who assailed the President's program for supplying food to Europe adverted to conferences Herbert C. Hoover had with the packers last October, as revealed in a Senate committee inquiry, in which the Food Administrator, it is alleged, agreed to help dispose of the packers' products abroad so as to stabilize prices for them here. They condemned the alleged agreement made by Mr. Hoover.

Senator Penrose expressed the belief that Mr. Hoover intended to stay in Europe after the Peace Conference, and by staying there would avoid service of any subpoena that might be issued to get him before a Congressional inquiry. The Pennsylvanian indicated that Congress intends to subpoena other heads of departments after March 4 and that exhaustive investigation in the conduct of the war would be initiated by the Republican majority in the next Congress.

Senator Penrose was moved to his attack upon the Administration by a statement of Senator Hollis, Democrat, of New Hampshire, who charged the Republicans with intent to "humiliate the President."

"The opponents of the Administration are conducting poison gas attacks upon the entire conduct of the war by the President," said Mr. Hollis.

The Pennsylvania Senator spoke of the airplane production program, the Hog Island shipyard enterprise, and the contract for the Ford ships, "which every shipbuilder in America pronounces to be failures and hardly capable of keeping afloat upon the ocean," as legitimate subjects of investigation and added:

"I do not know what the Senator means by branding investigations universally demanded by the American people, and as inevitable as the sunrise, as partaking of such methods, unless he secretly has friends to protect."

Senator Penrose spoke of Mr. Hoover's conduct of the Food Administration as having provoked "a universal outcry of protest" throughout the country.

Senator Johnson of California denounced the project to appropriate the $100,000,000 as too vague for Congress to act upon. The President had not indicated what peoples were to be fed. Alluding to the statement of a packer appearing as a witness before the Agriculture Committee that Mr. Hoover had agreed with the packers to help dispose of their surplus stocks in Europe and that the $100,000,000 appropriation was to be applied to this purpose, Mr. Johnson proceeded:

"When I heard that, the sentiment which I had with respect to the passage of a measure of this kind, the tugging at my heartstrings by appeals to feed the hungry of the world ceased and were wholly at an end.

"In Europe today we are creating a multitude of small nations, the very names of which not five members on this floor ever heard of before we entered the war. Today we are building Esthonia and Livonia and Lithuania and creating a new Poland and Finland, a Jugoslavia and a Czechoslavia, Assyria and Albania, Montenegro, Armenia, and various other nations, the props of all of which, we are told, are to be in the future American bayonets. While building castles in the air in Europe let us make our foundations firm at home."

"In the interesting list the Senator from California gave," Senator Penrose interpolated, "I regret that he made an omission. So that no feelings shall be hurt in international relations, I would suggest that he include the Sultan of Hejaz. That potentate ought not to be overlooked; because it might lead to an interruption in the amity of nations and the concert of humanity."

"Quite so," assented Mr. Johnson. "It undoubtedly will be necessary for us to maintain that nation. But I insist that it is a crime for an American policy, for American business, for American social life, for American economic life.

"As we are asked to pay $100,000,000 to those abroad who might require food I have thought of America at this time and of the cloud on the horizon, perhaps no bigger than a hand today, the cloud of unemployment which may in the next few months swiftly engulf this country and present an issue such as never before has been brought to our doors. The American soldier who has looked into the muzzle of a machine gun must not be compelled to look into an empty dinner pail."

Senator Poindexter spoke of Bolsheviki having gotten into the American Army abroad and of having declined to carry out orders or to eat food supplied by the Americans.

"How are we going to curb Bolshevism when the Bolsheviki won't eat?" he demanded.

"This whole scheme to feed Europe, coming the way it has, smacks of royalty," commented Senator Hardwick of Georgia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21, (Associated Press.)—A definite development of the opposition to the Famine Fund bill today was the introduction of an amendment by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, proposing that the administration of the $100,000,000 fund be placed in the hands of a commission of three members to be named by the President, subject to confirmation by the Senate, and to be responsible to Congress.

NEED FOR KINDERGARTENS.

George McAneny Says They Take Only One-Third of City's Children.

At the annual meeting of the New York Kindergarten Association, at the Ritz-Carlton yesterday, George McAneny, President of the Association, presided. Mr. McAneny said that only one-third of the children in New York could be accommodated in the kindergartens and that 17,000 of these children were in private kindergartens. There should be a free kindergarten for each child whose parents desire to have it attend one, Mr. McAneny added.

"Many people think that children have a period of hanging around and waiting until they are 6 years old," said Dr. George E. Vincent, President of the Rockefeller Foundation, "and the time for beginning their education comes. Most of our institutions were organized for rural populations. It is well for children on a farm to wait until they are six before beginning school. The farm with the animals and many things for them to study is a good kindergarten in itself. With urban conditions it is different and the children begin educating themselves with the things they see around them."

Dr. Vincent said that he hoped there would never be a return to the previous condition of individualism and that it was not possible to talk of democracy among people who did not have equality of opportunity. He said he hoped for smaller classes in the schools to enable the teachers to give more individual attention to the children and that beginning with the kindergarten the children would be guided through opportunity into development of character. Mrs. Kate Douglas Wiggin also was a speaker.

TO REPUDIATE IRIGOYEN.

Radical Party in Argentina Will Reject Acts of its Nominee.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 21.—La Provincia says that the Radical Party is reorganizing and is preparing to issue a declaration that it will no longer be responsible for the acts of Dr. Hipolito Irigoyen, the President of the republic.

Dr. Irigoyen was elected President of the Argentine Republic in June, 1916, as the candidate of the Radical Party, being the first of his party to become President. He took office in October, 1916, for a term of six years.

Since assuming the Presidency, Dr. Irigoyen has had to reform his Cabinet several times. His attitude during the war caused much political dissension in Argentina and at times even led to hostile demonstrations against the Administration.

DEMANDS WILSON ABANDON IDEALISM

Senator Harding Says President Must Adopt Practical Methods to Avert Chaos.

SEES DANGER IN DELAYS

Criticises His Pre-Peace Journeyings in Europe While Bolshevism Menaces America.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Affairs of government in the United States are "drifting into chaos," Senator Harding, Republican, of Ohio, declared in a speech in the Senate today, in which he urged that President Wilson and those closely affiliated with him in the Administration "give up their idealism" and resort to sound practicality in the conduct of the nation's after-war reconstruction work.

Mr. Harding's speech, in view of the recent talk of him as the Republican nominee for President in 1920, created a profound impression in the Senate. When he had concluded Senator John Sharp Williams, Democrat, of Mississippi, went across the aisle to shake the Ohio's Senator's hand.

Senator Harding criticised the President for not having devoted himself immediately upon arriving in Europe to the task of bringing about a speedy peace. The President, he said, might better have waited until a conclusive peace was made before going abroad to Europe to receive the acclaim of the multitudes.

The speaker also found fault with the President for not having started reconstructive work for America before going abroad. Mr. Wilson, he said, while opposing a program for reconstruction evolved by Congress, had forced his own program through, but had not "lifted a hand" to carry it out.

"Because of the lack of action on the part of the Executive we are drifting into chaos," declared Senator Harding. "That is why I am urging that the Government give up the idealism it has pursued and get back to practical work."

Senator Harding said it was "a mistake from the beginning" for the United States to allow the impression to go out that we were in the war "for democracy's sake."

"We ought to have let the world know we were in the war because American rights had been violated by Germany," he said. "I don't agree with the President that we must establish a new internationalism," paralyzed by Socialism. The world today, trembling with the menace of Bolshevism, owes a good part of its difficulties to the policies of the Chief Executive."

The Menace of Bolshevism.

The Ohio Senator referred to President Wilson's cablegram asserting that the spread of Bolshevism in Europe must be stopped by feeding Europe's starving nations.

"You cannot buy permanent tranquillity anywhere in the world," he said. "You cannot shower the world with gold and harvest contentment. You cannot reach practical results through an avenue of dreams. There is no rhetorical route to the establishment of normal conditions.

"A good deal has been said about the destruction of 'class rule.' It is significant that autocracy is vanishing, but I want to know if we are going to establish another form of government based on force. You can't have popular government dictated by the force of physical numbers. The rule of physical force might well wreck the world's civilization.

"In this uncertain pursuit of a modern idealism we are drifting in that direction. I am not imputing any questionable motives to the President's trip abroad. I am only doubting the practicability of that trip. If the President had gone abroad as the American Premier or as the head of the American Peace Commission, to which he has appointed himself, and, after concluding the peace treaty, had made a triumphal tour of Europe, I would have rejoiced, for there is no jealousy in my soul. But he should have gone abroad to conclude a treaty of peace as soon as possible. In chasing the dreams of idealism he has neglected that great essential. He has neglected the practical things here at home in the United States. We have been infinitely more neglectful in preparing for the duties of peace than in preparing for the duties of war."

One vital problem before the country which demands the President's attention now, Senator Harding said, is that of wages and the cost of living.

"You cannot reduce the present cost of living," he said, "and keep up the present American wage. It is demagogy to say otherwise. I think the war will have been waged in vain if we do not go back to the old conditions that prevailed before the war.

Labor at a Dollar an Hour.

"If you do not have a fairer division of profits of business here you will have more Bolshevism in the United States than you have in Russia. Common labor in some cases is now receiving $1 an hour. It is time to be practical. We can fix an American policy for ourselves at home. We have taxed the big industrial enterprises until they are almost paralyzed. Why not, instead of giving so much attention to the expenditure of $100,000,000 to feed the people of Europe, give more attention to the taxpayers?

"America needs a policy. America must understand that, above everything else, orderly government is the first essential. I do not forget that the Executive and the legislative during the war preached the doctrine of revolution in the Central Empires. The doctrine was preached that revolution was necessary to bring about tranquillity in the world. You started a fire then that is difficult to put out now.

"If we must have anarchy on the one hand or hateful autocracy on the other I choose autocracy. We can best stay the march of Bolshevism by appealing to the deliberate American understanding. The man who expects to stop it by the application of charity is chasing a rainbow that has no end.

"If you don't get back to a peace basis in the next ninety days you will be more concerned about putting out the fires of Bolshevism in the United States than about the starving peoples of Europe. I want to cry out for the practical things. We are building $3,000,000,000 worth of American ships, at war prices, ranging from $220 to $250 a ton. It is proposed to spend $2,000,000,000 more. While we are building on this basis the head of the Shipping Board says we must 'write off' a billion dollars. Practical builders say that is not enough. Where is this magic treasury that makes it possible to write off two, three, four, five or six billions? If we had any confidence in ourselves we would say 'not another ship at war prices.'"

Senator Harding said that while the Shipping Board had been paying $220 to $250 a ton for steel ships Great Britain was paying only $90.

EXPECTS EXTRA SESSION.

Mann Believes Democrats in Congress Are Trying to Force It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—James R. Mann, the Republican leader, reminded the House today that only four of the fourteen appropriation measures had been passed in the first seven weeks of the short session, and that only six weeks remained for passage of supply bills and other legislation.

"Now, I do not know," said Representative Mann, "whether the President has directed the Democratic side of the House to force an extra session of Congress or not, but it looks as though he had. In addition to the appropriation bills we have an unusual bill, a census bill, yet to be disposed of, and the revenue bill, also a bill providing for the purchase of wheat at the price guaranteed by the Government, and a number of other unusual bills which must be disposed of."

THREE SHIPS BRING 5,000 TROOPS HOME

Transports George Washington, De Kalb, and Giuseppi Verdi Dock Here.

INDIAN CHIEF DECORATED

Sioux Brave Stopped Four Germans and Was Twice Wounded.

Nearly 4,000 troops and 1,000 navy men from the seaplane, mine sweeping, and destroyer bases in France and the shores of the Mediterranean, arrived yesterday on the United States transports George Washington and De Kalb, and the Italian liner Giuseppe Verdi, and were enthusiastically welcomed down the bay by the committee on the Police Boat Patrol, and by the crowds waiting outside the piers at Hoboken.

The Italian liner went to her own pier in Jersey City, near the Pennsylvania Ferry Slip, as she had a number of civilians on board, in addition to the 480 navy men. There were 3,047 troops on the George Washington, including the 49th Infantry, numbering 28 officers and 1,860 enlisted men.

Included in the total were about 900 sick and wounded, of whom 121 were stretcher cases which were sent to either the Greenhut Hospital or to Camp Merritt.

There was also the Headquarters of the 81st Division, Brigade Headquarters of the 166th Infantry, 308th Supply Train, 110 casual officers, 15 army nurses, and 43 civilians. Commander Perkins, the executive officer of the George Washington, said that she was a day late because of bad weather, but that the wounded and sick patients in the wards did not suffer much discomfort, as the vessel did not roll or pitch very much.

General Chamberlain Returns.

The senior army officer was Brig. Gen. Chamberlain, who commanded the United States Coast Artillery Corps, which included three brigades, and operated all heavy railway guns from eight to sixteen inches calibre. Brig. Gen. Wilber E. Wilder of the Headquarters Staff was also a passenger.

Corporal Walter Snow of the 172d Infantry, an American Indian chief known as "Little Drop," who also arrived, wears a Croix de Guerre, which was pinned upon his breast by a French General. The Indian fighter was on outpost duty one night on the Verdun sector when he saw four German soldiers carrying a machine gun toward their trench. He dropped two with bullets from his rifle, and the two others beat a hasty retreat to their own lines. He bears two wound stripes on his right arm, is a Sioux, and was born in Oklahoma twenty-four years ago.

There were a number of soldiers from New York and Brooklyn on board, who had been wounded in the St. Mihiel and Argonne sectors, and were returning home convalescent. One of them was Captain James B. Loughborough, formerly a well-known New York newspaper man, who fought with the 306th Infantry in the Vesle and the Aisne sectors, and was severely gassed on Aug. 24.

Lieutenant W. P. Erwin of Chicago, attached to the 1st Aero Squadron, has nine Hun machines to his credit, and at Verdun last September he was wounded while fighting three enemy planes, and fell 1,000 feet. He has the D. S. C., the French War Cross, and the Aero Club gold medal. Another passenger was Major M. A. Hall, Wing Commander of the First Army, who served with the British forces before America entered the war and has the Croix de Guerre with palm, the D. S. C., the Belgian War Cross twice, and also the Order of Chevalier of the Order of the Crown. He was transferred to the American Army in December, 1917, and took part in the fighting at Château-Thierry, the Marne, the Vesle, St. Mihiel, the Argonne, and Verdun. He has arranged with Lieutenant Erwin to fly across the Atlantic when they are discharged from the army.

Several Aviators Return.

The Giuseppe Verdi brought back officers and men from the American naval air service, among whom were several aviators who had distinguished themselves in air fighting. Among them were Ensigns Ludlow and Hamman of Evanston, Ill., and Baltimore, Md. On Aug. 21 they were two aviators out of four who went up in single seaters to act as escort to a big bombing plane, and they also dropped bundles of propaganda matter on Pola, the Austrian naval base. The bomber was 10,000 feet up and the planes 2,000 feet higher still. Five Austrian Phoenix planes attacked the bomber, Lieutenant Hamman said, and the escort went for them hard. The guns on the two other American planes were jammed and Ludlow had to tackle three, leaving two of the enemy planes to Hamman. Ludlow said:

"I shot one plane, and he went down in a crash from about 7,500 feet, but the remaining two made it hot for me. We had 'dog fighting' for a while, and at last a machine gun bullet broke through the crank case to my engine, and within a few moments two more found the wires to the magneto, and the magneto as well, and the short circuit set fire to oil on the engine.

"As the motor caught fire I took the only chance that I knew of—one chance in a million, I guess—and started downward at a speed of probably 200 miles an hour in a spiral nose dive. Half the way down the rush of air put out the flames, and I leveled out at a height of 1,500 feet.

"I had two cylinders working out of the six, and home was seventy-five miles away. Then a shot from one of the fellows who had stuck to me tore away my propeller and another 'pinged' the top of my helmet, and I went down in my seat in a heap, wounded, I thought, but I wasn't. It was only a scratch, and the blue Adriatic was my last chance. Luckily my steering controls were intact, and although I landed kerplunk into the sea I was only shaken up.

"The Austrian chased me down, but he didn't fire. I guess because his gun had jammed. Suddenly Hamman appeared and dropped into the sea forty yards away. It was a handsome thing to do with a choppy sea running, but he had seen my difficulties and had followed me down. Later I learned he shook off the two Austrians by going into a cloud."

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ORDERS 27TH HOME; PLANS PARADE HERE

War Department Notifies New York Divisions to Prepare for Embarkation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The homeward flow of American fighting units which had the opportunity to distinguish themselves in action will soon begin. The War Department announced today that three famous National Guard divisions—the 27th (New York,) 30th (Wild Cat,) and the 37th (Buckeye)—had been ordered to prepare for embarkation.

There was no information as to when the divisions would start from French ports, but heretofore it has required several weeks for units to embark after being assigned to early convoy.

Divisions having a distinguished fighting record and others having a distinctive local identity in the United States will be kept together after their return from France until they can be paraded at home and receive the welcome that the people are anxious to bestow upon them.

No definite plans as to the three divisions now designated for early return have been made here, but it is assumed at the War Department that the various units of each division will be sent home close together, so that it will be no hardship upon the men who arrive first to keep them organized until the entire division can be paraded.

Other divisions which will be paraded on their return are the 26th (New England) and the 42d (Rainbow.) Secretary Baker indicated today that he had practically determined to have the Rainbow Division, which is composed of troops from nearly all States, march in review both in New York and Washington. The 26th probably will parade in Boston.

27th to Go Into Camp.

It is assumed here that the 27th Division, commanded by the only National Guard officer who retained the rank of Division Commander throughout the war, Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, will be sent to a camp or cantonment convenient to New York. Similarly the 30th Division will go to a Southern camp where it can be reviewed by the people of North and South Carolina and Tennessee, from which States came its original personnel. The 37th, under this policy, will be concentrated at Camp Sherman, or some other point in Ohio.

The 27th and the 30th Divisions were commended by Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, the British Commander in Chief, whose official report at the close of the war gave to these American troops, then serving with the British Fourth Army, credit for breaking the Hindenburg line in Flanders.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MINNIE CATHERINE GRIEBEL, wife of John P. Griebel, died yesterday at her home, 1,177A Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 30 years.

JOSEPH W. BOHEN, head of the express business in Brooklyn which was founded by his father, died on Monday at his home, 107 Madison Street, Brooklyn. He was 65 years old and a charter member of the Tenth Assembly District Republican Club.

BERNHARDT F. GERTZEN, retired cigar manufacturer, died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Sunday in his seventieth year.

Mrs. MARGARET PRATT FROST, wife of Frank Jefferson Frost, assistant secretary of the Guaranty Trust Company, died on Monday at her residence, 232 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Pratt and was married to Mr. Frost in 1915.

LEWIS JURGENS, a retired wholesale grocer of Wallabout Market and a Trustee of the Greenpoint Savings Bank, died in his eighty-fourth year on Sunday at his home, 286 Midwood Street, Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Wallace Tiebout, 980 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, this evening.

JOSEPH F. FRADLEY, formerly head of the firm of J. F. Fradley & Co., silverware manufacturers in Manhattan, died on Monday at his home, 128 New York Avenue, Brooklyn, in his seventy-sixth year. Although born in Birmingham, England, Mr. Fradley had lived in Brooklyn for seventy-one years and was an old member of Mistletoe Lodge, F. and A. M.

JOHN J. V. GUERIN, 28 years old, employed in the supply department of the Board of Education, died of pneumonia on Sunday at his home, 12 Park Place, Brooklyn. He was married six months ago to Miss Catherine V. Hopkins, who survives him.

WILLIAM H. BAUGHAN, 48 years old, who weighed more than 400 pounds, died on Sunday at his home, 234 Martense Street, Brooklyn. He was a member of Bedford Lodge, 574, F. and A. M.; Clinton Commandery, 14, K. T., and Kismet Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S.

Patrolman JOHN J. BRENNAN, formerly connected with the Property Clerk's office in Manhattan, died on Monday at his home, 198 Baltic Street, Brooklyn.

JOEL BENJAMIN KAUFMAN, a Confederate veteran and formerly a department store owner of Augusta, Ga., and Pittsburgh, Penn., died at his home, 223 East Fourth Street, Brooklyn, on Monday. He was 80 years old.

CLIFFORD JEROME MORRISON, son of the late John H. Morrison, who was a well-known writer on marine subjects, died of pneumonia on Monday at his home, 358 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, aged 30 years.

Mrs. CALEB RIDGWAY, mother of Mrs. William C. Reick of this city, and widow of Senator Caleb Ridgwey of New Jersey, died Monday night at her home in Burlington, N. J., at the age of 82 years.

WILLIAM A. FRIEDMAN, Treasurer of the Carbondale Mills Company, died Sunday at his home, 664 West 161st Street. He was 32 years old.

Mrs. GRACE PALMER MYERS, 50 years old, wife of Dr. William A. Myers of 48 Ashford Street, Brooklyn, died Sunday.

Dr. CHARLES H. GREENOUGH, 69 years old, for twenty-three years a practicing physician and surgeon at Bayport, L. I., is dead at his home there.

SOLOMON L. REISS, 57 years old, a retired merchant, of 5 West Ninety-first Street, died suddenly last night, in a barber shop at 685 Columbus Avenue. Dr. Robert McMahon said that Mr. Reiss probably died of heart disease. Mr. Reiss came to this city from Germany more than twenty-five years ago, and started the firm of Reiss & Bernhardt, dealers in wholesale bakers' supplies, at 340 Greenwich Street. He retired from business four years ago. Mr. Reiss was on the Board of Trustees of several hospitals in the city.

Mrs. BERTHA D. MIFFLIN of Lansing, Mich., died yesterday in her apartment at the Hotel Hermitage. She came here two weeks ago on a shopping tour. She was born in Xenia, Ohio, thirty-one years ago.

GEORGE F. MADAN, night detective of the Hotel Maria Antoinette, died yesterday at the City Hospital of pneumonia. He was 58 years old and lived at 169 West Sixty-seventh Street.

JOHN CANNON, who, with his wife, Gilda Norris, had been seen in a dramatic sketch in vaudeville for the last twenty years, died yesterday at Bellevue Hospital of pneumonia at the age of 43 years.

MISS JESSIE ASHLEY DEAD.

Socialist, Suffragist, and Lawyer a Victim of Pneumonia.

Miss Jessie Ashley, lawyer, writer, speaker, Socialist, and woman suffrage worker, and one of the three founders of the National Birth Control League of America, died Monday at her home, 102 East Fifty-second Street, of pneumonia.

Miss Ashley was born in New York City, a daughter of the late Ossian and Harriet Nash Ashley, and after attending school in New York and in Berlin, she studied law at the New York University Law School, where in 1902 she received the degree of LL. B., and a year later the LL. M. degree. Miss Ashley had filled the position of private quizzer for men and women for the New York Bar Association and for the University Law School examinations. She was also lecturer in the woman's law class of the New York University.

Miss Ashley was for two years President of the Collegiate Equal Suffrage League and one time Treasurer of the National Woman's Suffrage League. She was a member of the New York County Lawyers' Association, the Women Lawyers' Club, and the Woman's Municipal League. She ran for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals on the Socialist ticket in 1912.

She is credited with having been of much benefit to the labor movement in the strikes at Lawrence, Mass.; Little Falls, N. Y.; Paterson, N. J., and the first women's waist makers' strike in New York.

In October, 1910, Miss Ashley was fined $50 in the Court of Special Sessions for preaching birth control and distributing the literature of the propaganda to a crowd in Union Square.

In April, 1917, Miss Ashley received considerable notoriety when she and her escort, Frederick Boyd, a writer for The Call, a Socialist newspaper, refused to stand when the orchestra played "The Star-Spangled Banner" in Rector's restaurant. Sentence was suspended on Boyd when arraigned in the Men's Night Court.

Dr. George Nelson Dolbeck.

Dr. George Nelson Dolbeck, for nineteen years a practicing physician of this city, died on Friday at his home, 111 East Twenty-eighth Street, and was buried yesterday at Ticonderoga, N. Y., his birthplace.

Before coming to New York he lived at Port Chester, N. Y., where he practiced medicine. He could not find a barber in New York City to satisfy him, so regularly, twice a month, he went back to Port Chester to have his hair cut.

Born.

BERGER.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Berger (nee Ethel B. Froelich,) 1,769 Vyse Av., wish to announce the birth of a daughter, Monday, Jan. 20, 4 A. M.

CALISHER.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Calisher, (nee Hattie Lightstone,) 600 West 161st St., wish to announce the birth of a son, Monday, Jan. 20.

ROTHSTEIN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Leonard L. Rothstein (nee Mollie Lamport,) 640 Riverside Drive, a daughter, Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919.

Married.

KRONE—LOOP.—Edna Adele Loop to William Krone, Jan. 21, 1919.

Died.

ALLEN.—At Hartford, Conn., Jan. 21, 1919, Agnes Hall, wife of Walter B. Allen. Funeral service at her late residence, 121 Girard Av., Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

ANDERSON.—At Constantinople, on Jan. 8, of pneumonia, Abbie Frances Hamlin, daughter of the late Rev. Cyrus Hamlin, D. D., and beloved wife of Professor Charles Anderson of Robert College, in the 72d year of her age.

ASHLEY.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, of pneumonia, at her residence, 102 East 52d St., Jessie Ashley, daughter of the late O. D. and Harriet A. Ashley. Boston papers please copy.

AUB.—At her residence, 645 West End Av., Jan. 19, Emma Rupprecht Aub, widow of Albert Aub. Requiem mass at Church of St. Gregory the Great, 140 West 90th St., Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

AUBRY.—Henry. Lying in state, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

BECK.—Jan. 20, at her home, Hotel Chatham, Sarah Sonnenberg Beck, beloved wife of Martin Beck and mother of Helen and Josephine. Funeral services at Chapel in Salem Fields Cemetery, Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 12 o'clock noon.

BEDELL.—Mary E., wife of Harry E. Bedell. Funeral service at her late residence, 552 East 86th St., Wednesday at 8 P. M. Interment at Cedar Lawn Cemetery, New Jersey, at convenience of family.

BERRENT.—Violet, in her 20th year, beloved daughter of Joseph A. and Esther Berrent and devoted sister of Herbert I. and Rose. Funeral Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 10 A. M., from the late residence, 665 West 160th St. Kindly omit flowers. Philadelphia, Boston, Richmond, Va., papers please copy.

BIDDLE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, at her home, Elizabeth, N. J., Catherine Freneau, widow of Edward Biddle. Funeral private.

BISHKOW.—Thomas, husband of Fanny, father of Dora, Simon, and Tessie, suddenly on Jan. 21. Members of Citizens' Lodge, 628, F. and A. M., and Empire Chapter, 170, R. A. M., are requested to attend funeral from his late residence, 631 East 168th St., corner Boston Road, Thursday, Jan. 23, at 10 A. M.

BLUMENTHAL.—After a short illness, Benjamin Blumenthal, brother of the late Isaac Blumenthal, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral Thursday at 9 A. M. from 42 West 70th St. Kindly omit flowers.

BRENNECKE.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, at 5 P. M., George Brennecke, in his 77th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 219 Congress St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

BULLARD.—At Liberty, N. Y., Jan. 21, 1919, George H. Bullard, in his 73d year. Funeral Thursday afternoon at Liberty.

CAIN.—Jan. 21, 1919, Ada Marguerite, wife of Willis Cain and daughter of George W. and Marie L. Dietz. Funeral private, at her late home, 699 Prospect St., Maplewood, N. J., Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.

CANNON.—John. Lying in state "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," B'way, 66th St. Auspices Actors' Fund.

CAPEN.—At her residence, Providence, R. I., Jan. 10, Rossetta Willets Capen, wife of Samuel H. Capen, Jr., and daughter of Walter R. Willets of New York, in her 36th year. Funeral at Episcopal Church, Roslyn, L. I., 3:30 P. M., Thursday, Jan. 23.

CLARKE.—Francis J., retired member of Fire Department Repair Shop, N. Y. Funeral from his late residence, 2,125 86th St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary.

COLLETTE.—Tuesday, Jan. 21, at his home, 222 West 107th, William Rich, beloved husband of Mabel Marsh and son of Ada Rich and the late William Gordon Collette. Funeral private. Salt Lake City papers please copy.

CONDON.—At College Point, on Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, after a lingering illness, at her home, Monument Av., Margaret I. Condon, dearly beloved sister of Agnes and Mary Condon. Funeral from St. Fidelis Church, on Thursday, Jan. 23, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CONSOLATION.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Henrietta Humphreys Consolation, dearly beloved wife of Vincent Consolation. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 33 Post Av., (between Dyckman and Academy Sts.,) Inwood, N. Y. C., on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

DAENIKER.—Suddenly, on Jan. 20, Mary Taylor Mills Daeniker, widow of Henry H. and daughter of the late Seth D. and Julia T. Mills. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 259 West 88th St., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 10 A. M.

DAVID.—Julius. Members of Manhattan Washington Lodge, 19, I. O. B. B., are requested to attend the funeral of Brother Julius David Thursday morning, 10 o'clock, from Elks' Club, 108 West 43d.

DAVID.—Julius, beloved son of Edw. David and brother of Otto David. Funeral services Thursday, 23d, at 10 A. M., at the B. P. O. Elks Lodge No. 1, 108 West 43d St.

DAVID.—King Solomon's Lodge, 279, F. and A. M. Brethren: With deep regret we announce that our beloved brother, Julius David, has been called from his earthly labors. Funeral will take place from Elks Lodge, 1, 108 West 43d St., on Thursday, Jan. 23, at 10 A. M. You are hereby requested to attend.

MORITZ COHN, Master.

OTTO OCHS, Secretary.

DE LA CRUZ.—Amivel. Lying in state "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," B'way, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

DUBOIS.—On Jan. 20, 1919, John, brother of Charles A. DuBois. Services at Chapel Home for Incurables, 183d and 3d Av., Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M.

DUMONT.—Grace Robbins, beloved wife of R. Duval Dumont, Jan. 21, pneumonia. Funeral services Thursday evening, 8 o'clock, 938 East 14th St., Brooklyn.

DUNCAN.—Julia Jones, widow of the late General Samuel A. Duncan, on Jan. 21, 1919, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Ruth H. Duff, Jamaica Plain, Mass., in the 77th year of her age. Services at the residence of Mrs. E. A. Brinckerhoff, Palisade Av., Englewood, N. J., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 3 P. M.

EHRLICH.—Rosa, beloved wife of the late Adolph, on Tuesday, Jan. 21. Funeral from her late residence, 914 Longwood Av., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 1:30 P. M.

FRADLEY.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Joseph F. Fradley, in his 76th year. Funeral services at his late home, 128 New York Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M.

FRIEND.—On Jan. 21, Carrie P. Friend, beloved sister of Edith F. Ryttenberg and Clarence G. Friend. Funeral private.

FROST.—On Jan. 20, Margaret, infant daughter of Frank J. and Margaret Pratt Frost.

GEARY.—Edward Cawley. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Thursday, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at the Church of St. Thomas Aquinas, 10 A. M. Interment St. Raymond's.

GOLDIN.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, Sarah, dearly beloved mother of Harry Goldin, William Goldin, Jennie Simon, Fanny Goldberg and Celia Karp. Funeral private, 225 West 110th St. No flowers.

GOLDSCHMIDT.—At Brookline, Mass., Jan. 21, 1919, Meyer H., husband of Esther Teary Goldschmidt. Funeral Thursday at 10 A. M. from his late home, Hotel Majestic, Brookline, Mass.

GRONMAN.—Rose, (nee Josephson,) beloved wife of Maurice Gronman, beloved daughter of Mrs. Annie Josephson, sister of Albert, Ray, and Jack, Jan. 21. Funeral from her late residence, Thursday, 10:30 A. M., 303 West 122d. Kindly omit flowers.

HARING.—Jan. 20, 1919, Mary E. Wanamaker, beloved wife of D. E. Haring, aged 71 years. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Wednesday morning, 11 o'clock.

HATZEL.—Jennie A., widow of F. H. Hatzel, in Chicago, at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. A. Daniell, Jan. 19. Interment at Woodlawn.

HESSEN.—On Jan. 20, 1919, Susan McKinley Hessen, in her 50th year, beloved wife of John A. and devoted mother of Mary Mayers, James and Geraldine Hessen. Funeral from her late residence, Seaview Av., Far Rockaway, N. Y., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass, St. Mary Star of the Sea Church, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

JOHNSTON.—Entered into rest on Jan. 20, 1919, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. O. Huntting, 409 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Elizabeth Pennell Kelly, wife of the Rev. Levi Johnston, and daughter of the late John W. Kelly of Philadelphia, Penn. Service at 409 Clinton Street at 4 P. M. Jan. 21. Funeral from St. Mark's Church, Mendham, N. J., Jan. 22, at 11 A. M.

JURGENS.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Lewis, in his 84th year, husband of Naomi Thurber. Relatives and friends and members of Yew Tree Lodge No. 461, F. & A. M. are invited to attend the funeral service at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Wallace Tiebout, 980 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Interment private.

KAUFMAN.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Joel B. Kaufman, beloved father of Mrs. A. L. Rich, Benjamin, George, and Jay G. Kaufman. Funeral from his late home, 223 East 4th St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2 P. M. Interment at Bay Side Cemetery.

KELSEY.—Suddenly, at New Port Richey, Fla., on Jan. 17, 1919, Myron H. Kelsey. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at his late home, 178 Harrison Av., Jersey City, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at 8 P. M.

LEWIS.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, at Oradell, N. J., Gladys Trevor, daughter of David Trevor and Mary L. Lewis, aged 23 years.

LUTHY.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, of pneumonia, at Hahnemann Hospital, Kenneth F. Luthy, beloved husband of Mildred Hollis.

LUTZ.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, at her home, 125 Sterling St., Brooklyn, Amelia Corby, beloved wife of Frederick C. Lutz and daughter of Thomas and Henrietta Corby. Funeral services at the home of her parents, 113 Park Av., Hoboken, N. J., Wednesday at 1 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

KENNEDY.—John. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Wednesday at 10 A. M. Interment at St. Raymond's.

KINSELLA.—Elizabeth L. Kinsella, aged 49, and Caroline G. Kinsella, aged 22, suddenly at their home at 2,630 Mansfield Place, after short illness. Survived by William, Isabell, Josephine, Vincent, George and Charles Kinsella and Mrs. Wilfred J. Cadley. Funeral from their late residence, Thursday, Jan. 23. Requiem mass St. Mark's Church, 9:30 A. M. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

McCLELLAND.—On Jan. 20, 1919, Laura Mandeville, wife of William A. McClelland and daughter of Sarah Floyd and the late Charles Somer. Funeral services at Burr, Davis & Son Chapel, Mount Vernon, on Wednesday, 2:30 P. M., Jan. 22.

McGIVNEY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, Alma, beloved wife of the late Thomas McGivney. Funeral services at her late residence, 3,052 Hull Av., Bronx, Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

MACKEL.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Katherine Mackel, daughter of the late Adolph Mackel. Funeral services on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 1:45 P. M., from the residence of Mrs. Petro, City Island Road, Pelham Bay Park.

MADAN.—George F. Lying in state, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

MIFFLIN.—Bertha D. Lying in state "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," B'way, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

MILLER.—Max A., beloved husband of Fannie, (nee Segal,) and beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Miller, beloved brother of Abe, Isidor, and William Miller, Annie Stern, Bessie Hirshberg, Sadie Mendelowitz, and Blanche Miller. Funeral from his late residence, 568 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday morning, 10 o'clock sharp. Kindly omit flowers.

MILLER.—Max A. Brethren of Veritas Lodge No. 734, F. and A. M., are invited to attend Masonic funeral services of our deceased brother, 10 A. M. Thursday, Jan. 23, at 568 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery.

MAX H. SHIVITZ, Master.

GEORGE E. A. ISE, Secretary.

MONDS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, Ann Monds, in her 88th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 103 Grant Av., Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

MORRISON.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Clifford Jerome, son of the late John H. Morrison. Funeral services at his late residence, 358 Hancock St., Brooklyn, Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, 1919, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

MORSE.—Harry B., at Nantucket, Mass., on Sunday, Jan. 19, son of Elizabeth W., aged 28 years. Pittsburgh, Chicago, and Boston papers please copy.

MOTT.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Phebe E. Mott in her 84th year. Funeral services at the residence of her son, Charles E. Mott, 334 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

NEWMAN.—Irene C., beloved daughter of Thomas F. and Daisie Newman, (nee Dunn,) Jan. 21. Funeral from James McGowan's Funeral Parlor, Thursday, Jan. 23. Requiem mass 9 A. M., St. Catherine's Church, 153d St., near Amsterdam Av. Interment private. Omit flowers.

NIEMEYER.—On Jan. 20, after a short illness, at his residence, 4,241 Broadway, my beloved husband, Nicholas Niemeyer, in his 38th year. Funeral services will be held on Thursday, Jan. 23, at 2:30 P. M., at the Holyrood Church, 179th St. and Fort Washington Av.

NIEMEYER.—Retail Liquor Dealers' Association of 33d District. Members: You are hereby requested to attend the funeral services of our late member, Nicholas Niemeyer, at Holyrood Church, 179th St. and Fort Washington Av., Thursday, Jan. 23, 2:30 P. M.

PIERCE COYCE, President.

HENRY C. SONNEMAN, Secretary.

NIXON.—Thomas E. and Eugene J., beloved sons of Eugene and Dorothy Nixon, (nee Horan.) Funeral from Kennedy's Funeral Parlors, West Broadway and Canal St., New York City, Thursday, 2 P. M. Schenectady papers please copy.

NOBLE.—Ambrose J., husband of the late Cecelia Noble. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Thursday, Jan. 23, 8:30 A. M. Requiem mass at the Church of Our Saviour, 9 A. M. Interment at St. Raymond's.

NOONAN.—On Monday, Jan. 20, at her residence, 357 West 28d st., Mary C. Toole, beloved wife of Thomas F. Noonan. Solemn requiem mass at Church of St. Columba, West 25th St., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege. Please omit flowers. Albany, N. Y., papers please copy.

O'REILLY.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, at his residence, 58 Sands St., Brooklyn, James, beloved husband of Mary O'Reilly, (nee McAuliffe,) and son of the late James and Ellen M. O'Reilly. Funeral Wednesday at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass St. James's Pro-Cathedral at 10 o'clock. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

PATTERSON.—Jan. 21, Isaac L. Patterson, aged 78 years. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Wednesday, 8 P. M. Members Greenwich Lodge 467, F. and A. M., invited.

PELL.—On Jan. 20, at his late residence, Hotel Robert Fulton, Thomas Nowlan Pell, beloved husband of Sophie L. Maurer. Funeral private.

PERKINSON.—Lawrence C., Monday, Jan. 20, 1919. Services at late residence, 100 East 124th St., Wednesday, 8 P. M.

PICK.—On Jan. 21, Irene, beloved wife of Emil Pick and daughter of Peter and Mary Ann Barnett, at her residence, 543 West 162d St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

PRESWICK.—Emma Alexander, daughter of the late Christopher and Mary Alexander Preswick, in her 86th year. Funeral services at residence of her niece, Mrs. Mary C. Fuller, 311 Washington Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, at 2 o'clock.

REISS.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Jan. 21, aged 57, at his residence, 5 West 91st St., Solomon L., beloved brother of Herman Reiss. Notice of funeral later. Please omit flowers.

RIDGWAY.—At her residence in Burlington, N. J., Jan. 20, Amy Rogers, widow of Senator Caleb G. Ridgway. Funeral services and interment at St. Mary's, Burlington, on Thursday at 2:30.

ROESEL.—At his residence, 2,736 Creston Av., Bronx, in his 70th year, Robert H. Roesel, beloved husband of Katherine, father of Edward, Tina, Elsie, and Harry. Services Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private Thursday morning. Please omit flowers.

ROONEY.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, John E. Rooney, beloved son of the late John and Ann Rooney, brother of Sister Marie Lawrence, and dearly beloved father of John B. and Lawrence I. Rooney. Funeral from his late residence, 100 East 83d St., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 9 A. M., thence to Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Av. and 84th St., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

ROSENZWEIG.—Betty, on Jan. 21, in her 88th year, beloved wife of the late William Rosenzweig and mother of Emma Hefter, Mollie, Arnold, Jennie Lebenstein, and Joseph Rosenzweig. Funeral from her late residence, 568 West 149th St., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Hungarian Cemetery, Union Fields.

ROWAN.—Edward, on Sunday, Jan. 19, at his residence, 629 East 163d St., beloved husband of Margaret Johnston Rowan and father of Alfred G. Rowan, Mrs. John J. F. McLoughlin, Mrs. Francis Martin and Edward Harold Rowan. Funeral from his late residence, 10:45 A. M., Wednesday, Jan. 22, thence to St. Augustine's Church, 167th St., Franklin Av., Bronx, where solemn requiem mass will be offered at 11 o'clock. Automobile cortege. Montreal, Plattsburg, Boston papers please copy.

SANDERS.—On Monday, Jan. 20, in the 69th year of his age, Henry Sanders, dearly beloved husband of Bertha Sanders (nee Schloss) and father of Mrs. Leo Pollack. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, the Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway, on Wednesday morning, at 9:30. Philadelphia and New Orleans papers please copy.

SANDERS.—On Jan. 20, Henry Sanders, at the age of 68. He was for 26 years connected with the Empire Worsted Mills of Jamestown, N. Y. Before that he had been for many years associated with Captain Olliver and Colonel Richardson of the Mississippi Mills. He leaves a wife and a daughter, Mrs. Leo Pollack.

SARGENT.—Mortimer B., suddenly at Toledo, Ohio, on Jan. 19, beloved son of Deborah Sargent. Funeral services 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, from 1,061 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Interment private.

SATTERLEE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, at his residence, 1,125 Madison Av., Arthur B., son of the late Edward and Jane Anna Yates Satterlee, in the 59th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SAWERS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, in the 51st year of his age, William Brown Sawers, at Saranac Lake, N. Y. Funeral notice later.

SCHMIDT.—Louis, formerly of New York Police Department. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,908 Bathgate Av., on Wednesday, at 2 P. M. Interment Kensico.

SIEGLER.—On Monday, Jan. 20, at his residence, 448 West 29th St., Elias V., beloved husband of Lucy Mitchell Siegler. Funeral service at Trinity church, Broadway and Wall St., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 11 o'clock.

SILL.—Florence Virginia Sill, at Cooperstown, N. Y., Jan. 21, of pneumonia. Funeral at Christ Church, Cooperstown, Friday, at 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Lillian Virginia, suddenly, on Jan. 21, at her home, 110 Westervelt Av., New Brighton, S. I., beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Smith and beloved sister of Ensign Edward J. Smith. Funeral Thursday, at 10 A. M., from St. Peter's Church, New Brighton, S. I.

SMITH.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 21, 1919, Dorothy Seymour, wife of Charles W. Smith of Hotel Osborn, New Rochelle, N. Y. Funeral at the convenience of the family.

STRANG.—At Pueblo, Col., Jan. 15, Louisa Luqueer, widow of the late Stephen B. Strang and daughter of the late Francis T. Luqueer. Interment in Greenwood.

TENNEY.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, Matilda Shell, beloved wife of John H. Tenney. Funeral services at Charles M. Jerolomon's Parlors, 2,157 7th Av., on Wednesday evening, Jan. 22, at 9 o'clock. Interment private.

THOMPSON.—Jane, (nee Foote,) beloved wife of Rev. William G. Thompson and daughter of George H. and the late Louisa Foote, entered into life eternal on Tuesday, at her residence, 60 Marion Av., Staten Island. Funeral service Friday, Jan. 24, at St. John's Church, Clifton, S. I., at 2 P. M. Newfoundland papers please copy.

THOMPSON.—Robert H., Jr., on Monday, Jan. 20, at 633 East 10th St., Brooklyn, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Thompson, age 22 months. Funeral Thursday, Jan. 23, at 2 P. M.

TOMPKINS.—Caroline Mary, beloved wife of Laird F. Tompkins, at her residence, 102 Manor Road, West New Brighton, Staten Island. Funeral services Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at 8 P. M.

VANDEWATER.—Suddenly, at Cedarhurst, L. I., Mary Elizabeth Hewlett, wife of Peter C. Vandewater. Funeral services Friday afternoon, Jan. 24, 3:30, at Trinity Church, Hewlett, L. I.

VOGELL.—Martha J., beloved wife of William H. Vogell, Jan. 21, 1919, at her residence, 2,040 7th Av. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

WATSON.—Sarah M. Funeral services Wednesday, 3 P. M., at John Graham's Chapel, 4,221 Park Av., near Tremont Av., Bronx. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

WEINSTEIN.—Helene, Jan. 20, wife of Max Weinstein, mother of Richard and Mrs. George F. Picken. Funeral Thursday, 10:30 A. M., 6,214 19th Av., Brooklyn.

WHITCHER.—Dr. Ralph Hall, on Jan. 20. Funeral services will be held at his residence, 2,677 Marion Av., 9 P. M., Thursday, Jan. 23. Interment at Warren, N. H.

WILLIAMSON.—At Newark, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Alice Albee, wife of W. Alexander Williamson. Funeral service will be held at her late home, 539 Clifton Av., Newark, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Evergreen Cemetery at the convenience of the family.

WYSHAM.—In San Antonio, Texas, Jan. 16, of pneumonia, following influenza, Laura Dickey Wysham, wife of the Rev. William Norris Wysham and daughter of Anna L. and the late Rev. Hervey Simpson Dickey.

YALLALEE.—Alan J. Pryce, at his residence, 96 Mount Hebron Road, Upper Montclair, N. J., Monday, Jan. 20, in the 39th year of his age. Services private. Interment at All Saints' Church, Navesink, N. J.

In Memoriam.

MILLS.—In loving memory of Mary A. Mills, who left us for a better world a year ago. A wonderful mother and a loving and devoted friend. Sorrowfully,

JULIA and HARRY.

MITCHELL.—John J., died Jan. 22, 1918. God has given him safe lodging, a holy rest, and peace, through Jesus Christ Our Lord. Amen.

SIMMONS.—In loving and constant remembrance of our only child, Emily V. Glass Simmons, who departed this life Jan. 22, 1916. Three long years since our only darling passed away, yet it seems as if it happened the other day.

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THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BEARSKIN Wanted.—All colors; American produced, stuffed. Toy Co., 116 Wooster St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Juilliard's 110 or equal; open for quantity, all colors. Louis Turoff, 150 West 22d St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Burgundy or wine, 54 inches wide. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, 0792, army shade. Greeley 5611.

CAMBRICS Wanted.—Also skirting. Rice, 100 5th Av. Chelsea 8636.

CAPES AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on new, snappy samples. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

CAPES Wanted.—Coats, dolmans, and snappy style suits in the better grade. 40 West 27th St., 8th floor.

CAPES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on capes, better grade, all week, until 12 A. M. 5th floor, 29 West 35th St.

CLOTHS Wanted.—Will buy quantity of cheviots and poplins, in high shades only. Farragut 4717.

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring dolmans, capes, and sport coats, high grade only. Call fourth floor, Kaye Building, Madison Av. and 30th St., (30th St. entrance.)

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring coats, capes, and sport wear of the better kind every morning until 12 o'clock. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on novelties in new coats and suits. Call all week with samples. 11 West 32d, fifth floor.

COATS, Capes, and Dolmans Wanted.—Placing orders on better-grade Spring merchandise. 14 East 27th St., 6th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Placing orders on fine line children's coats, sizes 2 to 6, 8 to 14. 64 West 21st St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade coats, suits and capes. 12 West 27th St., 12th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber places orders on fine coats, dolmans and capes. 135 West 26th, second floor.

COATS, Suits and Capes Wanted.—Looking at better kind only; will look all day. Miller Cloak and Suit Co., 11 West 20th St.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing Spring orders; also juniors. 4th floor, 6 West 32d.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—88-80, 96-92, 96-100 nainsook; 68-72, 72-76 muslin; voile at 15c to 18c; 64-60 nainsook jeans. U. S. Textile. Gramercy 6227.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Spot cash paid for cotton goods under market price. Kaplan Mfg. Supply Co., 423 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS and Linings Wanted.—For cash, below market price. Nehemiah Gitelson, 317 Canal St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Damaged, flesh; state price. R 201 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on georgette, tricotine, tricolette, jersey, satin, and taffeta dresses; samples 9-12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d, fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgette, crepe, and taffeta; waists, underwear, and petticoats wanted for export by prominent international merchants. B 282 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for cash any quantity taffeta, georgette, satin, or cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d St., fifth floor.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats Wanted.—Any quantity; Spring garments, spot cash, jobs only. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted.—Serges and satins; will pay cash. 16 East 33d St., 4th floor.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H.; all colors. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

EVORA, Bolivia and Cashvel wanted for spot cash. Samuels & De Maio, 6-8 West 32d St.

GABARDINES Wanted.—All colors, any make. Parness. Farragut 2369.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Everett classic gingham, open for 1,000 pieces; must be cheap. Canal 9520.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Mad. Square 8670.

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PLAID SILK, poplin, waist goods, and woolens wanted; call from 9 to 11. Great American Skirt Co., 46 West 25th St.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted.—Lorraine 3666-3667, quantity; also tricotines, velour, check. Farr. 5750.

POIRET TWILL and Tricotine Wanted.—Good quality; Spring shades; cash. Mad. Sq. 4180.

POPLINS Wanted.—American peacock red-leva, 12075, navy, brown, Burgundy, reindeer; will exchange 7301 navy for black. Farragut 2980.

POPLINS Wanted.—All high shades, any description and quantity, for spot cash. 140 West 22d. Poses & Stemler Bros.

POPLIN Wanted.—In high shades, for spot cash. Farragut 4089.

POPLINS Wanted.—Tan, American or similar. Chelsea 9423.

POPLINS Wanted.—High shades, Stevens's or American. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

POPLINS Wanted.—06077 or 90610. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—All colors, any make. Parness. Farragut 2369.

POPLIN Wanted.—Copenhagen; spot cash. Chelsea 4616.

POPLINS Wanted.—High shades, any make, for spot cash. Farragut 9297.

SATEEN Wanted.—Black sateen or twill. David Crystal, 11 East 26th St.

SECO Wanted.—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—99, Whitman's, navy, rookie, pekin, and copen; 1464, pekin, copen; 774, gray and copen. Williamsburg Mfg. Co., 1,133 Broadway.

SERGE Wanted.—Bachman's 3155, in tan, all wool poplin, in tan and gray, also 7301 in black and blue. Chelsea 9465.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 838, navy, reasonable, cash. Schulman Bros., 141 West 27th St. Farragut 3440.

SERGE Wanted.—American 0936, 776 tan; will exchange for navy or buy same. Farragut 3139.

SERGES Wanted.—9, 99, 104, 11433, 809, 7120, 54289, W. F. X. 3610, 06077, K 544. Call Gramercy 5941.

SERGES Wanted.—519, 1059, 11433, or similar, in black and navy, cash. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—Wool, storm serge and cheap pantings. Max Udell & Co., 124 Bleecker St.

SERGE Wanted.—Rose, Amoskeag serge or similar quality. Hanauer & Arnstein, 136 Madison Av.

SERGE Wanted.—146, navy. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted.—838 and 235 navy, black, tan, and Copen. Chelsea 6501.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for U. S. 235, Whitman 9. H. J. Schiffer, 10 East 33d St.

SERGES Wanted.—6234, 1464, 99, 104, for spot cash. Elco Mills, Madison 2639.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, 99, S. P. G. L. for cash. Gramercy 3840.

SERGES Wanted.—Cash, 99, 9, 104, 11433, 7614, 54289. Room 1307, 220 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantity, cash; 4059, 4060, 4061, 4408, all colors. Gramercy 6227.

SERGES Wanted.—Cotton warped; must be exceptionally cheap. Feynman, 19 W. 21st.

SERGE Wanted.—54289 and Lorraine. 4th floor, 16 East 33d St. Murray Hill 5562.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 1464, 09070, and silvertones. Madison Square 2945.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for Whitman's navy, 9 and 99. Farragut 5166.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for 0936, tan. Madison Square 3935.

SERGES Wanted.—All kinds, any quantity; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—11433 and 7120. Shapiro, Madison Square 3608.

SILKS Wanted.—Jobs of satins, taffetas, peau de cygne; odd shades; seconds. Spring 7934.

SILKS Wanted.—Striped tub; also other silks; must be cheap. Leroy Shirt Co., 114 5th Av.

SILK Wanted.—Open for any quantity in odds and ends for cash. Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for plain or fancy closeouts. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Joel's, H. & L. Andrews; Spring shades; quantity. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades; also Garfield 4718 tricotines. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden-Leonard's, copen, navy, and oxford. Madison Square 8274.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Spring shades. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade suits, coats, capes. 12 West 27th St., 12th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—We are ready to place orders on Spring suits and coats; call with samples. 1,140 Broadway, 3d floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing orders better-made suits and coats. Call all week, 4th floor, 48 West 25th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing orders on new smart samples. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's, velours, navy and Spring shades. Grossman Bros., Madison Square 4620.

THIBETS Wanted.—Flagle's 1500, all colors, quantity; cash. Elco Mills, Mad. Sq. 2639.

TRICOTINES, Velour, Poplins, Poiret Twills Wanted.—Spring shades. Mad. Sq. 2094.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718 for cash. Klein-Marcus Cloak Co. (Division. Orchard 3666.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S. serges, Holden-Leonard silvertone. Ben Ginsburg Co., 40 West 24th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Poiret twills, velours, in Spring shades, for cash. Madison Square 8586.

TRICOTINES and American Poplins Wanted.—90610. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 W. 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 5010, 127, tan; also 2003. Phone Madison Square 8275.

TRICOTINE and Poiret Twill Wanted.—Good quality; Spring shades; cash. Mad. Sq. 4180.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield 4718; cash. Madison Square 4173.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Andrews's, tan, for cash. Greeley 2263.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Poiret twill and serges. Farragut 8868.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—838 U. S. serges. Call Chelsea 2840.

VELOURS Wanted.—Or will give in exchange brown and navy for taupe, green, and black 544, 13009, 11050, or similar weights. Gramercy 2965.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweights, 6-4 cotton warp and all wool. Weinstein, Diamond & Cohen, 141 West 21st St.

VELOURS, POPLINS, SERGES, AND COVERTS Wanted.—In all shades and makes. H. Drusin & Son. Farragut 3486.

VELOURS Wanted.—544, 13009, 11050, also 12075, at a price, for cash. Chelsea 4616.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight; Spring shades. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweights, brown only. Shapiro, Madison Square 3609.

VELOURS Wanted.—Amer. 032, reindeer, taupe, brown; cash. Chelsea 9149.

VELOURS Wanted.—13009, 544, 11050; cheap for cash. Spring 7553.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—24 inch, twill back, all colors. Phone Schwarcz, Mad. Sq. 8644.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—Must be cheap; any colors. Krischer, 19 University Place.

VELVETS Wanted.—Light shades of millinery velvet, for cash. Spring 7934.

WOOLENS Wanted of any kind, heavyweight and lightweight, old styles; also ends, any quantity, for cash. Call Gramercy 1064.

WOOL JERSEYS Wanted.—Have on hand a few pieces navy 1961; Bahnsens to exchange for copen. Broder, 48 West 25th.

ZYBELINES, Velour Broadcloths Wanted.—Anything suitable for children's coats; attractive prices. Rosenberg, 45 West 25th.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

ARMY BLANKETS.—Military camp and institution, spot delivery, various sizes and weights at less than cost to manufacture. Onnes, 200 5th Av.

BATHROBES.—Men's, ladies', and children's of the best make at lowest prices. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th.

BEAVER FURMOSS and Hudson Bay.—Reasonable. Farragut 9975.

BLANKETS.—All wool khaki and gray, 6-4 goods, $3.50. Stuyvesant 3333.

BRAIDS.—Special price; gold and silver braids for chevrons; spiral puttees, protected edge, $12 and $13.50 dozen. Military Headgear Co., 53 West 3d. Spring 9573.

BROADCLOTHS.—110, black, navy, brown, green and taupe; also light and heavy weight velours. Gramercy 2991.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. and Botany; also Spring shades velour. Farr. 5750.

COATEES.—Beaver, mole, and Baffin seal; 500 sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pilo fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—American poplin coats, half lined, special $9.50; quick delivery. Tannenbaum & Bloom, 39 East 9th St., near Broadway. Stuyvesant 2496.

COATS.—2,000; closing out prices, large assortment, colors and materials, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 26 St.

COATS.—Ladies', junior and children's velours and plushes; big assortment of fur-trimmed and plain, at closing-out prices. Elsen & Son, 122 West 26th St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed silvertone, pom pom, velour, plushes; sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—Closing out 300 smart velour coats, fur trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 W. 27th St.

COATS.—Sacrificing velours, trimmed raccoon, sealine, coney collars, $10 up. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Smart Spring styles on hand; immediate delivery; see special at $8.50. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—400 cloth coats in velours to close out at a big reduction. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 West 26th St.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 100 West 26th.

COATS.—500 nutria shawl collars all wool pom poms, velours, broadcloths, at a sacrifice. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—200 ladies' and juniors', close out cheap before moving to new quarters. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st St.

COATS.—500 velour coats with kit coney collars; will sell at a sacrifice. Vanderbilt 3868.

COATS.—Silvertones, broadcloth, velours, raccoon and seal trimmed, to close out at 50c. on dollar. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

COATS.—2,000 serge on hand; will sell at low prices. Mark Perlman, 31 East 31st St.

COATS.—100; regular prices, $12.50 to $16.50; will close out for $7.50. 19 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS of the better kind to close out. Plager, 1,161 Broadway.

COATS.—300 fur-trimmed at a sacrifice before moving. Cooper & Granes, 302 5th Av.

COATS.—All lined fur, plush trimmed; $8 up. B. & B., 24 East 12th St.

COATS.—Job ladies' coats to close out $5.50 because of moving. Alex Kogut, 129 W. 22d.

COATS.—To close out, 500 ladies', misses', juniors'. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

COTTON GOODS.—Annual inventory clearance sale at remarkable low prices of odd lots second—Remnants and regular goods. Call at once for choice selection. Calbro Mills, 546-548 Broadway. Spring 814.

COTTON GOODS.—Dress manufacturer has high class new 1919 patterns for sale at a price. Mannie Solomon Co., Inc., 31 E. 31st.

COTTON PIECE GOODS.—We offer Berwick chambray and black voiles, under market price. Canal 9520.

COTTON GOODS.—Flesh and white lingerie, 30-36 inches. Rosenberg Silver, 152 Wooster St.

COTTON GOODS.—3 cases, 36-inch, 64-60 nainsook. Lipshitz. Spring 3451.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Three-thread ivory, flesh, navy, black; also Georgette, all colors, below market price. Madison Square 3047.

CREPE DE CHINE.—3 thread, 8 flesh, 2 canary, 2 white, 95c net. Freedman, 21 Hester St., Orchard 5370.

CRYSTAL CORD.—Holden-Leonard 611, 459, henna. Farragut 2616.

DELHI.—American 037, all colors. Chelsea 9313.

DRESSES that create sales. Spring models, all wool French serge; $5-$10.50; embroidered satins, taffetas, georgettes, $6.75-$18.50. "There is a reason." I want to be known by the values I give. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large assortment for street and afternoon wear at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 152 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Immediate sacrifice before removal larger quarters; tremendous bargains; perfect merchandise. Ruby, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersal dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere. I. Rand & Co., 38 West 28th St.

DRESS LININGS.—Dress manufacturers; buy ready-made dress linings, cheaper and better than you make them; save time, labor and money. Farragut 8890.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Snappy styles in silks; don't fail to see our taffeta specials at $5.75. Silverman, Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Children's wash dresses, 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big value. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values, wool French serges, $6; jerseys, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 21 West 26th.

DRESSES.—3,000 all wool serges to close out at sacrifice price. Pan American Dress, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, Jerseys, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 17 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Silk, serge and party, for immediate delivery. Cohen-Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgettes, serge, and evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Jersey, for sale; call between 10 and 12. L. Hoffman, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out, reasonable. Seld, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—500 serge to close out, reasonable. American Costume, 118 West 29th.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES, 2,000 velvetians, serges, and silks, to close out, $3.75. American Shirtwaist, 151 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Newest Spring models, for jobbers; all materials. Marietta, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Velours, $10.75, $13.75; best in market. Michael Senft, 29 West 35th.

DRESSES.—Serges, Georgettes to close out, $6.75. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

DUVET DE LAINE, chinchilla, Lapin, and Pekin. Ben Kramer, 2 West 33d St., 11th floor. Mad. Sq. 9656.

DUVET-ME-LANGE F. and H. Spring shades to close out. Jack, Farragut 9752.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines; colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

GINGHAM.—Amoskeag 19000 range, selected plaids and plain colors, in case lots only, at 20c. per yard; privilege of making own selection. Address R. M., 117 Times.

GINGHAMS.—Amoskeag plaid, universal check ginghams, all colors; also percales and flannels; very cheap prices. Friedman-Wallach, 71 West 23d.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—All kinds; biggest assortment; great sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

GINGHAMS.—Lancaster staple checks. Phone Spring 633.

NECKWEAR.—Men's, odd lots, 50c and $1, to close. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

OVERCOATING.—American 724, 25 pieces blue Melton, $2.40 net; 426, 15 pieces blue kersey, $2.50 net. Tel. Spring 2947.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black, all wool and cotton warp in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

PLAID SATINS.—20 pieces, all colors. 5th floor, 149 5th Av.

PLUSH.—Blumenthal's cravenetted plush, Hug Flagler's 1500, 13009; broadcloths and 0360; very cheap. Farragut 4470.

PLUSH.—Peerless T-10; reasonable. Farragut, 9973.

POIRET TWILL.—Lorraine, 3666; American poplin, 90610. Farragut 5723.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS.—P. P. L., 774, 787, 777, B. P. N. L., S. P. A., N. P. A., H. W. P., 228, 230; also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St.

POPLINS.—Andrews 6009, high shades, also navy 774, 639, Gera 503, 8158, Panama 7802, Amoskeag, also gabardines. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS.—Whitman's 774, in all Spring colors; $2.10 net, 60 days. Jacob Cohen, 11 West 32d.

POPLINS.—American, navy, 90610 and 06077. Telephone Greeley 1544.

POPLINS.—American 90610, navy and black. Mad. Sq. 3121.

RAINCOATS.—Ladies' single textured, to close out. Model Raincoat Co., 135 W. 26th.

SATEENS.—All shades, 20c. yard. I. Waserman, 80 West 21st St.

SECO SILK, 25c; voiles and organdies, mercerized, 15 cases, 18c; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES, Poplins and All-Wool Flannels.—Also high shades and black, 0936, 09070, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, 7120, 8158, Botany 809, 11433, 1464, 7008, WFX., MFL., 528, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, PPL., BPNL., PNA., American poplins 90610, 06077, also big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway, Spring 2716.

SERGES, poplins and gabardines; 54289, 4059, 4060, 4408, American 0609, 0696, 609½, Broadhead 500, 8700, Jamestown 7302, 9603, Geras 7008, 9056, 10388, 10708, 2137, Pacific WFX, CFL, Barney, Adross & Scotias poplins. Whitman's 1210, 1209, 3, 774, Atlas gabardines. Raymond Woolen Co., 251 4th Av. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES 9058, 3850, M. F. L., V. S. L., 54289, 4061, W. F. X., F. S. G., C. S., C S. G., W. S. G., S. B. G. L., T. P. S., 1717, K. S., 1209, 1210; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES.—Mail bids for American 6234 navy, 48 pieces; Bahnsen 925 navy, 62 pieces; terms cash. Progressive Textile Co., 32 West 18th St.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—To close out, Amoskeag's 6002, $1; Amoskeag's 4002, 75c; Amesbury serge, 80c; Scotia heavy poplin, $1.43. Phone 2361 Mad. Sq.

SERGES, Poplins, Broadcloths, and Velours.—510 W. F. X., 4632, 3703, Newports, 11435, Cleveland 9288, M. F. L. 4860, 1080. Madison Square 651.

SERGES.—54289, $1.45; 7120, $1.47½; 10453, $1.52½; 3850, $1.60; 54292, $1.60; 809, $1.85. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d St.

SERGES.—Navy, black, and high shades, 1464, 519, 809, 7614, 3703, Walworths. Hyman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—All brands, all numbers, below market price. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—Whitman's 99, navy, No. 9, copen, green, brown; Stevens, 3850 navy; quantities to close out. Phone Gramercy 3445.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7302, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6009, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—7120, 528, 1464, 1210, 54289, 3665; all shades; reasonable. Spring 4369.

SERGES.—11433, $1.80; 1464, $1.82½; 54289, $1.45; 7120, $1.50, net 70 days. Madison Square 3669.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES, poplins, gabardines, Spring shades velours 519, 9056, 9288, 0609, 54289, 06077, 090610, 3421, 774, 10764. Farragut 2951.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—MFL and PPL, very cheap. Simon Agress, 1,123 Broadway. Phone Farragut 2932.

SERGES.—235, 838, 1464, 09070, 7120, 11433, 4860, 774, cheap. Weinstein Co., Madison Square 2639.

SERGES.—High shades, for immediate delivery; 54289, W. F. X. 4421. Gramercy 5941.

SERGES.—0936, 9, 809, 519, 7301, 54292, 0609, 54289 and others. Grossman Bros., Mad. Sq. 4620.

SERGES.—U. S. 838, American 09070, Stevens 3850, tan, Amoskeag, 6614 Copen. Mad. Sq. 3121.

SERGES.—All kinds; biggest assortment; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES.—54280, 3665, WFX, 764 S, 0609, 3850, 838, and other numbers. Gramercy 3601.

SERGES.—Will sell 20 pieces 104 navies, $1.65 cash. Madison Square 376.

SERGES.—Gilbert's 8200, 809, 519, 6234, very cheap. Madison Square 8508.

SERGES.—Dunmores 0351; 519 Garfields; 9058 Garfields. Phone Orchard 8744.

SERGE.—No. 925 Gera, 15 pcs.; No. 787 Gera, 47 pcs.; all navy. Call Orchard 6319.

SERGES.—7120, 528, 1464, 1210, 54289, 3665; all shades; reasonable. Spring 4369.

SERGES.—6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.17½. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—Whitman's 94, 10 pieces navy. Ettenson Zalud, 11 W. 32d.

SERGES.—All wool, 38 inches, 4002-87 Whitman 75c. Telephone Farragut 3489.

SERGE.—No. 3 Whitman's; very reasonable; limited quantity; on terms. Chelsea 2210.

SERGES.—U. S. 838, 235, Garfield's 4718, tricotine. Farragut 5728.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 11433, 0609, 54274, 9240, 642, on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES.—Whitman's 106, 2205, U. S. 820, 235, Gera 787. Stuyvesant 7843.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch width. X 304 Times Annex.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILK.—Georgette, pure silk, popular priced, gray or finished; manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribbon Co. Madison Square 1034.

SILK FAILLE LUSTRE, Susquehanna, all shades; price reasonable. Madison Square 2604.

SILK.—Sacrifice sale 100 pieces stripes, plaids, plain taffeta and satin. 3 W. 29th, Room 701. Madison Square 654.

SILK POPLIN.—Susquehanna, cheaper than market price on terms. Chelsea 2210.

SILVERTONES.—Khaki, liberty, navy. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS, wool and silk, to close out; Spring line ready, clever styles, good values. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

SKIRTS.—Silk poplins and mixtures, close out cheap. Chauser, 19 West 21st.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TRICOTINE.—Garfield 4718, rookie, tan, Copen., black, Arthur Joel, navy, black, Garfield 4680 Gabardines, all colors. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES.—Black, navy, tan, rookie, gray, pekin, $3.20. Farr. 5750.

TRICOTINES.—Reade 5800, black, navy; tan, reindeer, pekin, velours. Farr. 5750.

VELOURS.—Spring shades, Henna, Victory red and others. Chas. Cohen Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6174.

VELVETS.—18-inch silk-faced; reasonable. Kempner, Lambert, 254 4th Av. Gramercy 7000.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

VELOURS.—American 032, reindeer, taupe, clay, green, burgundy and plum. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

VELOURS.—All shades, to close out; also tricotines, Poiret twills. Madison Sq. 8434.

VELOURS.—0360, 976, 4281, Copen., arfield, 5069, 423, 448, 127. Phone Chelsea 9313.

VELOURS.—Botany, Spring shades, $2.77½; poplin 774, navy, black, $1.80. Greeley 1156.

VELVETS.—18-inch, silk face; reasonable. Kemptner Lambert, 254 4th Av. Gram. 7000.

WAISTS.—For immediate delivery, a variety of styles in crepe de chine and georgette waists, from $2.25. Pride Waist Company, 829 5th Av., City.

WAISTS.—Voile, white or black, $7.50 to $9 dozen. Stone, 1,170 Broadway.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS Wanted on work shirts. Call 1,270 Broadway, Room 606.

Allied Industries.

ARMY SUPPLIES, foreign and domestic chevrons, campaign bars, citation cords, medals, spiral puttees, overseas caps, division insignias, and general military supplies at lowest prices. Munter Bros., 491 Broadway, N. Y. Spring 8580.

CANVAS CUFF LEGGINGS.—600 dozen, regular and rubberized. E. Simon Halpern Co., 121 West 17th.

CHEVRONS.—Buy direct from manufacturer supplying Government; gold, silver, $4 gross, scarlet, blue, $2.75, large quantities only. La France, 120 5th Av.

CHEVRONS.—Gold and silver; also service bars; division insignias. I. Klein & Co., 104 5th Av. Farragut 5768.

CHEVRONS.—Gold, silver, red, and blue; low prices. Clinton Novelty Co., 21 East 14th. 2163 Stuyvesant.

Help Wanted.

SALES ENGINEER.—Wanted immediately, energetic, wide-awake sales engineer who has experience in iron, steel, machinery, with enough initiative to take charge, help build up small, growing business; excellent prospects for right man; state age, experience. K 125 Times.

SALESMAN.—Resident buyer wanted by manufacturer specializing capes and suits, better grade merchandise, popular prices; employ no road salesmen; all territories open; opportunity; commission basis. R. H., 119 Times.

SALESMEN for woolens; on commission. 8th floor, 116 West 29th.

Situations Wanted.

MILLINERY.—Young lady with 5th Av. experience is open for position as manager or buyer for high-class millinery department; will go West. L 55 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Monday....5@5¼ " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Fair Sales of Gray Goods.

There was an easing off in prices in the local gray goods market yesterday. Fair quantities of several constructions were sold by first hands at lower levels than obtained before the break in cotton on Monday. Among the transactions in print cloths reported were sales of 39-inch 72-76s and 68-72s at 14¾ and 12½ cents, respectively; 38½-inch 64-60s at 10¼ cents, and 32-inch 64-60s at 9 cents. In sheetings 36-inch 6.50s went at 8¾ cents.

Sales of Table Linen.

The sale of table linens at present is considered fair by firms handling this class of merchandise. In view of the shortage of raw materials used in these goods, there are still some retail houses which are under the impression that there will be a decline in the market. According to one of the leading linen firms this is not likely to happen. Owing to the depleted stocks now on hand, the prices are more apt to advance. It is very difficult at present to secure lines of table cloths with napkins to match.

Silks Women Are Buying.

Silk buyers in the city are only nibbling, the big houses say. They are looking around trying to decide what lines will be the most to their advantage. They might strike anything and not go wrong, according to the taste of the public as is shown in the retail buying. All lines are going equally well, the retailers say—prints, fancies, plain, and sport silks. The rough sports silks are stunning, white always taking the lead. Some have a broad satin stripe and in one which is apparently an all-over rough silk shows in certain lights a block pattern. As a contrast to the brilliant sport colors there is shown a strong tendency among the women buyers for black in satin and charmeuse, a fancy that has been in the background for some years. These will make up into suits as well as gowns.

Anticipating the Strike.

Anticipating the strike that began in the garment trade yesterday morning, there was a decided increase in the sale of women's cotton waists. Retailers throughout the country were told of the existing conditions in the trade by salesmen on the road. The result was that large orders were placed, especially in the South and on the Pacific Coast. During the latter part of last week out-of-town buyers who were in the city devoted much attention to these lines.

Jobbing Trade Holding Off.

Manufacturers of men's wool sweaters find that there is a tendency on the part of the jobbing trade to hold off to some extent. Orders that are now being received for Fall are fairly good, but are not in proportion to those taken last season. Despite these facts, the retailers are said to be buying very liberally. One seller in this line said that if the jobbers continued to hold off he would dispose of his merchandise direct to the retail trade.

Disposing of Camisoles.

There is a wide difference of opinion in the women's undergarment trade regarding the present outlook for the sale of camisoles. Some firms in this line say that that the men on the road find that there is but little demand for this merchandise, and that buyers are waiting until there is a reduction in price. Other firms selling the higher class trade are of the opinion that these articles are selling as well as ever, especially in the local trade where there is a good sale for camisoles retailing for $2.50 each.

Looking for Price Reduction.

The call for crêpe de chine and satin underwear in the retail trade appears to be slowing up, according to firms in this line. Salesmen who are now in various sections of the country report that smaller orders are being placed, and lower prices are anticipated by the retail stores. Although there are a number of out-of-town buyers in the city who are interested in these goods, the orders that are being received are comparatively small. In regard to the question of prices some of the manufacturers claim that these are more likely to advance than decrease.

New York's Next Fur Sale.

Announcement has been made of the offerings of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation, which will be auctioned off without reserve beginning on Feb. 3 at 10 A. M. at Masonic Hall, 71 West Twenty-third Street. The sale will probably continue until the evening of Feb. 8. Purchasers will be allowed a discount of 1 per cent. on all amounts paid before prompt day, which is March 3, and, in addition, interest at 8 per cent. on such amounts. Goods will be on show on and after Jan. 29. The pelts are varied, including both foreign and domestic, and there are a number to be sold for A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian. The largest of the offerings is one of 650,000 muskrat and the next largest that of 280,000 mole. Foxes, the cats, mink, marten, opossum, skunk, nutria, &c., are well represented in the collection.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Baer & Lillenthal, resident buyers, 1,150 Broadway, have added the accounts of Mayers-Arnold Company of Greenville, S. C., and Meyers Brothers of Newport News, Va.

P. S. Farmer, resident buyer, has engaged Miss M. H. Bourke to assist as buyer of women's ready-to-wear. She was for four years buyer of such goods in the local office of the Associated Dry Goods Company. On Jan. 27 Mr. Farmer will remove to larger quarters on the twentieth floor of the building at 212 Fifth Avenue, where he is now located.

The Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company of St. Louis will on Feb. 1 remove from 395 Broadway to 56 Worth Street.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

CHARLES M. PATTERSON, a merchant, of 54 West Fortieth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $84,983 and assets of $970, consisting of bills, &c., $70; accounts due, $300, and property in reversion, &c., $600. Among the largest creditors are National Park Bank, $2,267; Southern National Bank of Wilmington, N. C., about $25,000; Atlantic Trust and Banking Company, or American Banking and Trust Company, its successor, of Wilmington, N. C., about $25,000.

WEXLER & SCHECHTER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Barnet Wexler and Joseph Schechter, individually, and as copartners trading as Wexler & Schechter, jobbers in cotton goods, at 113 Eldridge Street, by the following creditors: B. Siegel, $940; Max E. Bloch, $1,348, and Henry A. Benoit, $415. Liabilities are said to be $17,000 and assets $5,000. An assignment was also made to Julius Fischer.

CHARLES A. DOELGER, a salesman, at 45 West Seventy-sixth Street, who states that he was a member of the firm of Joseph Doelger's Sons, has filed a petition in bankruptcy individually and as a member of the said firm, with liabilities of $46,486 and no assets. Among the largest creditors are the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, $10,530; Viola M. Flannery, $4,219, and William Burroughs, $3,293.

SAMUEL SCHOEN, a wage earner, of 78 Brookfield Street, White Plains, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,576 and no assets.

ELIAS DREYFUS, clerk and salesman, at 505 West 143d Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,181 and no assets.

STRAIGHT EDGE BAKING CO., INC., at 100 to 106 Lawrence Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $38,757 and assets of $13,573, consisting of stock, $1,040; machinery, tools, &c., $11,528; property in reversion, $1,000, and cash in bank, $5. Among the largest creditors are Straight Edge Industrial Settlement, $15,195; Theodore Durham, $1,850, and Charles A. Drey, $1,707.

JACOBS TOY MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—David F. Jacobs and Mary Schnitzer have filed schedules in bankruptcy individually and as copartners in the toy business under style of Jacobs Toy Manufacturing Company, at 175 Greene Street, with liabilities of $4,929 and assets of $2,478, consisting of unliquidated claims for fire loss, $2,478, and $20 deposited with New York Edison Company. Joseph Hershkovitz is a creditor for $1,700.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Anfelberg, Abraham; Bernard Rosenblatt, Jacob Noyes, and Jacob Fashbinder—Eastman Machine Co. $769.49
Brown, Roy L.—W. Michelson 190.00
Barker, Helen—Bergdorf-Goodman Co. 1,621.79
Casper, William—J. R. Williston et al., costs 109.96
Campbell, J. Albert—A. W. Samuels 291.40
C. P. N. Chemical Co.—J. B. Miller 4,339.80
Same—Same 3,520.70
De Magalhaes, Nestor P.—S. Sousa 6,218.22
De Mayo, Julia—W. G. Covert et al. 443.79
Delgado, Carlos—R. A. Chesebrough 146.34
Davies, Laura—K. de Prosszynski 171.70
Erdman, Ben—G. Nelman, costs 108.45
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank—T. Loscalze 3,240.00
Filler, Charles—S. Lane, costs 107.81
Friedlander, Sarah or Fannie—James Jordan & Co. 104.32
Fately, Arthur B.—America Trotter & Pacer, Inc., costs 110.00
George T. Ranke Corp.—Joe Lowe Co. 137.00
General Platers Supply Co.—Domestical Chemical Corp 2,482.79
Galaif, Abraham; Jacob Feinberg, and William Feinberg (A. Galaif & Feinberg Bros.)—E. Cunard 278.00
Hendler, Morris—L. Schwartz 128.72
Johnston, Glenn—Baron Printing Co. 854.65
Kleinman, Charles, President—A. Turkeltaub et al. 172.85
Morris Kaufman Co.—H. H. Gocssling 380.90
Kurland, Robert—H. B. Zimmern et al. 991.54
Kalbach, Andrew E., receiver—M. Rennert 3,057.69
Lignate Flag Co.—M. Gauggel 249.60
Leonard, Jane, Andres Campa, and Julian Leonard—M. Dollsky 1,480.30
Leshaw, Max—L. S. Ranger 227.70
Levin, Morris, Jacob Levin, and Sophie Levin—L. Golembe 122.77
Douthner, Wm. P., and Oscar J. Wiesman—R. Atoniello 4,163.85
Leventhal, Jennie—Liverpool and London and Globe Ins. Co., costs 318.07
Same—Home Ins. Co. 313.07
Same—Boston Ins. Co., costs 313.07
Same—North British and Mercantile Ins. Co., costs 321.57
Levenson, Moe, and Belle G. Levenson—J. W. Jones et al. 284.20
Missouri Metals Corp.—Worthington Pump and Machinery Corp. 3,419.30
McAvoy, James—Cracroft Oil Co. 2,032.50
Miles, Joseph R.—M. N. Hoguet 134.50
Moss, Joseph A.—H. W. Murray et al. 663.70
Mergenthein, Aaron P.—Sherman National Bank of N. Y. 626.66
Nunally, Louis J.—B. G. Goodrich Rubber Co 598.65
N. Y. Clay Products Co.—Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. 11,224.64
New Century Co.—Wheat Export Co., Inc 6,345.47
Ocean Steamship Co. of Savannah—F. Kopances, costs 130.12
Ornstein, Julius—M. Gedaly 172.76
Paradies, Henry C., and Charles Matzen, (Consumers' Pie Baking Co.)—J. L. Riddle et al. 115.05
Pernick, Jack—H. Rich et al. 110.93
Peerless Weaving & Throwing Co.—J. L. Wolf 2,097.52
Rosenthal & Giotta, Inc.—S. Bernstein et al 738.86
Reiss, Lena—A. Figersky 500.00
Reimer, John B. and Otto B.—M. Selden 6,704.45
Same—D. Selden 1,886.05
Randall, Wm. H.—T. E. Wing 5,925.55
Rothbert, Harry—Berger Mfg. Co. 306.89
Rice, Hyland P., and Oliver B. Hill—Lewis B. Preston, Inc., costs 215.03
Samuels, Ralph—S. Stadler 140.00
Siegel, Samuel—Public National Bank of N. Y. 553.85
Sibrava, Alois, or Louis—H. Steiner 120.41
Smith's Auto Delivery, Inc.—S. Klein 600.00
Same—I. Klein 200.00
Smith, Percy J.—R. R. Baker 521.15
Schiavone, Giuseppe—C. Novello 111.01
Swift & Co.—Department of Farms & Markets of the State of N. Y. 174.52
United Woman's Apparel Co.—W. J. Salmon 2,447.88
Whitney, Bert C.—U. S. Printing & Lithographing Co. 1,398.07

In Bronx County.

Conforti, Nicholas—R. Stringham $75.42
Goebel, George C.—Harvey & Eddy Co. 488.30
Heyer, Sam—M. Perlbinder 90.72
Hurlburt Motor Truck Co.—Bankers Commercial Security Co. 251.58
J. R. Bldg. Co., Inc., and Jakob Reich—Dimock & Fink Co. 014.03
J. R. Bldg. Co., Inc., Jakob Reich, and Yetta Reich—Same 1,126.30
Peppernick, Joseph, and Joseph Lichtig—A. Kane 264.28
Rosenfeld, Irving—I. Herz 652.12
Steuer, Edward—M. W. Syark, costs (correction) 12.78
Schatz, Morris—H. B. Selvin 87.05
Samuels, Lewis—J. Manganaro 543.49
Taddel, Pasquale—L. Malavita 114.10

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Studebaker Corp. of America—A. Anooshian; March 11, 1918 ....$1,638.40
State Investing Co.—E. Orber; May 20, 1918 ....3,142.26
Westchester County Brewing Co.—S. E. Yeoman; April 15, 1918 ....1,137.92
Goetchins, H. Du Bois—K. S. Smith; Dec. 4, 1918 ....388.07
Hebrew Pub. Co.—S. Saland; March 15, 1918 ....200.50
Same—Same; March 26, 1917 ....6,256.06
Meisel, Harry—Tompkins Kiel Marble Co.; Dec. 13, 1918 ....253.88
P. J. Martin, Inc.—F. C. Jennings et al.; Jan. 11, 1919 ....209.60
Montufar, Rafael, Anita de Montufar, and Manuel de J. Galvam—A. F. Andre; Jan. 17, 1919 ....265.71
A. Silz, Inc.—E. Hannan; Dec. 10, 1918 ....2,384.30
Central R. R. of N. J.—Magnolia Metal Co.; Jan. 13, 1919 ....1,440.14
Fitchett, Susie E.—C. A. Balden; Nov. 3, 1915 ....3,569.06
A. Silz, Inc.—H. Hennan; Dec. 10, 1918 ....250.00
Jorn, Chas. J., and Bella A.—People, &c.; July 19, 1912, (vacated) 500.00
Ladd, Arthur W.—R. Adamson; March 29, 1916, (canceled) 4,468.00
World Film Corp.—Broadway Photoplay Co.; Feb. 29, 1916, (vacated) 4,565.34
Same—Same; Dec. 20, 1918, (vacated) 96.80
Exposition Catering Co.—Whitney Duplicating Check Co.; Nov. 14, 1918 ....255.96
Gangel, Jacob and O. & Z. Leasing Co.—J. Tompkins; Dec. 14, 1918 ....800.41

In Bronx County.

Herdt, Barbara S.—E. Pelz; Sept. 12, 1918 ....$1,051.06

A combination of style, quality and low price is hard to find these days, but shrewd buyers are satisfying their patrons fully with American Girl Coats for Children and Juniors. These Coats sell well and show you a handsome profit. Investigate them.

For Children and Juniors

H. Goldwater & Co., 36-46 W. 25th St., N. Y.

Juniors' & Misses' COATS & SUITS

Strikingly pretty Spring Styles—our own originations.

We have a complete line of "live wires" to show you. Will you drop in?

COATS: $8.75 to $30
SUITS: $10.00 to $25

Irving Finkelstein
"House of Live Wires"
29-35 West 32d Street
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NEW YORK

F. F. Models
FULL FORM SUITS & COATS for stout Women

If you fit only two-thirds of your customers you are throwing away at least $3 of every $10. Add that extra money to your profits this year by keeping a full stock of F. F. Models. Among them there is one designed specially for every type of full-formed woman that comes to your store.

BERNSTEIN, BAUM DA COSTA CO.,
38 W. 32ND ST., N. Y.
13th Floor.
22nd & Arch Sts., Phila.

Raven Hue
DRESSES of BLACK

Now is the time to secure for your store the only line of black dresses and waists designed especially for style and styled exclusively for one color—black.

Don't leave town without investigating.

NATIONAL BLACK GOODS COMPANY
44 East 32nd St. New York
THE BLACK LINE

"They Sell Themselves"
DRESSES

In Stock—Spring Line of TAFFETAS & SERGES that do not have to be pushed.
They Sell Themselves
$6.75 TO $17.75

LINDE & RUBIN
129 West 27th St

DRESSES
$13.75 and $16.75

OUR BUSINESS—YOUR BUSINESS

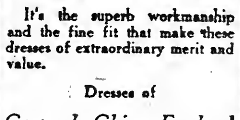
It is our special business to produce extraordinarily good dresses at $13.75 and $16.75. It is your business to look them over and awake to their tremendous selling strength.

Crepe Meteors, Taffeta, Georgette, Serge, Wool Jerseys, Persian Crepe

On Our Racks—Ready to Ship.

GINSBERG BROS.
6-8 West 32nd ST.
NEW YORK

BIG BARGAINS IN SPRING COATS-SUITS-CAPES
Prompt Deliveries—Special Prices.
EHRLICH BROS.
28 E. 10th St. Stuyvesant 5562.



It's the superb workmanship and the fine fit that make these dresses of extraordinary merit and value.

Dresses of
Crepe de Chine Foulard
Georgette Jersey
Taffeta Serge

On the Racks
$8.75 to $24.50

IDEAL GARMENT CO.
18 West 33rd St.
New York

MERCHANDISE EXECUTIVE

Who has had experience that will enable him to manage the merchandising of one of the largest Department Stores in this country is offered an opportunity of a lifetime.

My client's business has been steadily increasing for the past seven years. There are probably only a very few men in this country who could successfully fill this position; and my client wants one of them.

Write me of your qualifications and if you "measure up," I will arrange for an interview with my principals.

Your communication will be held in the strictest confidence. Address all communications B 232 Times.

Reference: Mr. W. McMaster Mills, Central Union Trust Company, 5th Ave. & 60th St.

Mr. OUT OF TOWN WAIST BUYER

Your Trip to New York will cost you less if you see the values and styles we offer in VOILE & SILK WAISTS
$9 a Dozen and Upwards for Special Sales.
MEYER GOLDBERG & SONS
134-140 W. 26th St., N. Y. C. Farragut 14

ALL WOOL SERGE SUITS Peau de Cygne Lined
No. 3228 Very Special $14.75
D. M. JONAS, 3 EAST 28TH ST.

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Wanted by manufacturer who is specializing on novelty capes and suits, making better grade merchandise, employ no road salesmen; all territories open, commission basis; opportunity of a life time. Strictly confidential. N. D. 244 Times.

TIP TOP
134 W. 87TH ST.

WE HAVE Several Thousand DRESSES

For January Sales
In Serges, Satins, Taffetas & Georgettes, at close-out prices.
OUR SPRING LINE IS READY.
Also a variety of
PARTY DRESSES
on our racks at special prices.

NITROGEN TUNGSTEN
30% SAVING ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS

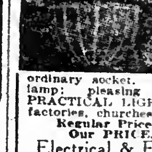
Compare These Prices
MAZDA STYLE TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
10, 15, 25, 40, 50	.35	.25
60	.40	.28
100	.85	.60

MAZDA STYLE NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
75	.70	.49
100	1.10	.77
150	1.65	1.15
200	2.20	1.54

We guarantee all our lamps.



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Illuminates Without Glare
Easy for the Eyes
Equal light distribution. Fits any ordinary socket. Suitable for any size lamp; pleasing appearance. THE PRACTICAL LIGHT for offices, stores, factories, churches, etc.
Regular Price $5.50. Our PRICE $2.50

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A brilliant assortment of all the newest colorings in several grades. Prices as attractive as the fabrics.

POTTER TEXTILE Co.
72-74 Madison Av., N. Y.

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GOWNS and BLOUSES
Original Creations
New Models—
Continuous, exclusive, decidedly different. For your exacting trade, see Our Spring Line.
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CHILDREN'S & INTERMEDIATE DRESSES
SPRING LINE READY. PRICE:
GOODS SUITABLE FOR SALES ON STOCK $12 up
Alliance Dress Co.
130 W. 29th St. Phone Farragut 2777.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg
Serge, Satin and Novelty Dresses
$8.75 to $18.75
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For Spring Now Showing
See Our Special $16.75
Also CAPES COATS DOLMANS
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44-50 West 28th St.
Famous for Popular Values

DESKS, TABLES, CHAIRS, ETC.

We have several carloads bought for government requirements. Changed conditions due to the cessation of the war compel us to offer this stock at extremely low prices.

U.S. Desk Co., Inc.
119 E. 34th St.
Phone Vanderbilt 5652.

Light & Air
Ideal Manufacturing Floor Space
In the Centre of Springfield, Mass.
70,000 sq. ft. on 2 floors. All or part is now available. Passenger and freight elevator-sprinkler system.
Plenty of high grade help available.
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Fuller Bldg. Springfield, Mass.

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Man with wide scope of experience in commission banking business. Excellent opportunity in a big proposition. Do not apply unless highly qualified. Write for appointment, stating previous experience. All correspondence will be kept in absolute confidence.

Address K 151 TIMES.

Auctions.

Continuation Starting with Lot No. 1007
IMPORTANT PEREMPTORY Auction Sale of the entire stock of
SHONINGER BROS.,
(in liquidation)
Inventoried at over $250,000.00,
TODAY, Wednesday, January 22nd,
at 10.30 A. M. and until completed
On the Premises, No. 881 Broadway, (at 19th St.), New York City
Today's Offering Will Include THE CHOICEST AND MOST STAPLE PART OF THE STOCK, such as

METAL LACES
Beaded Laces
REAL CLUNIES
WHITE GOODS
Chiffons, Silk Nets
Cotton Nets, Georgettes
In Large Quantities:

ALL DRY GOODS and DEPARTMENT STORES should be represented.

The Entire Fixtures (all Cabinet work) consisting of over 200 hardwood tables, partitions, office furniture, Filing Cabinets, Safes and Contents of the Shipping Department, will be sold

Thursday, Jan: 23rd, at 10:30 A. M.

A. SCHAAP & SONS, Auction Dept.
Main Office, 394 Broadway.
Phone Franklin 42 and 43

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Opposite Sherry's
SALE THIS EVENING
CLOSING SESSION
Modern Paintings
By the Most Gifted and Popular French and American Artists
The Combined Collections of
J. Stuart White, Esq., LL.D.
(founder of the Berkeley School)
and
Mrs. Almira S. Knopf.
removed from the gallery of her home, No. 99 Riverside Drive.
To Be Sold by Auction
This Evening, Jan. 22,
at 8.15
See Complete Catalogue.
The Sale Will Be Conducted by
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SAMUEL MARX,
Office and Salesrooms, 115-117 W. 23d St.
Tel. Farragut 9460-9461.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS. Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices, located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga., Boston, Mass., Chicago, Ill., New York, N. Y., Phila., Pa., St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 228 CE.

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Specially important is the fact that the creators of Rosebud Cotton Dresses and Wash Skirts are specialists. The expert planning which is responsible for the charm of a hundred lovely models also keeps Rosebud Cotton Dresses within the price range of $2.75 to $10.00.

ROSEBUD MFG. CO.,
Quality Merchandise Economically Produced
37 West 26th Street, New York.

Cotton Dresses
Wash Skirts

Why should you see these *dresses?*

Because they're the ones you're looking for—BIGGER VALUES!

Silks — Taffetas
Crepe de Chine — Jerseys
Crepe Meteor — Foulards
Georgettes — Serges

$7.50 to $22.50

On the Racks for Immediate Delivery.

PIONEER LADIES GARMENT CO.
6-8 West 32nd St. N.Y.C.

Denzer-Nathan

MYSTERY

The trade is wondering how we can produce

Sateens

so rich in quality, color, service and value that they are crowding expensive satins out of use in many lines.

611-21 Broadway, New York

Follow the Buyers
Who Buy From Live Wires.

Suits — All Wool Poplin — $7.50 up
Serge Suits — $6.75 up
Coats — All Wool Poplin — $7.50 up
Serge Coats — $6.75 up

All Wanted Fabrics in Leading Shades.

BENJAMIN MARTIN
22-24 West 27th St.

DRESSES
SUITS
COATS
SKIRTS
WAISTS
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We Sell Only Jobbers

NEW SPRING SHOWING

BEST MANUFACTURERS ARE REPRESENTED

Mr. & MRS. L. N. CRAKOW
1210 Broadway, N. Y.

ALPHRA WAIST CO.
Crepe de Chine—Georgene
WAISTS at $2.25

BERTEX WAIST CO.
Georgette Waists at $3.50
STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND
NOW IN OUR NEW HOME
31-37 West 27th St.
Telephone—Farragut 2121-2122.

FALL LINE INFANTS' CLOAKS NOW READY for Jobbers, Catalogue and Export Trade

Largest Assortment of Low-priced garments in town.

S. J. HARTMANN 118 SPRING ST. N.Y.

HOLSTEN, YOUNG AND COMPANY
LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
WATERPROOF TWEED COATS
RAIN AND AUTO COATS
34-36-38 WEST 27TH STREET

Puritan Underwear Manufacturing Co.,
332 Fourth Avenue, New York.

IMPORTED WHITE GOODS—LIKE LINEN.
Miss English Suiting
ORIGINAL WHITE ROSE MEDIUM WEIGHT
A. E. Nathan Co., Inc., 68-72 Leonard St., N. Y.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABERDEEN, Wash.—G. J. Wolf; Mrs. G. J. Wolf, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

ALBANY, Ga.—R. L. Jones Co.; R. L. Jones, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

ALBANY, N. Y.—John G. Myers Co.; W. A. Findlay, coats, suits; 220 5th Av.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Stanley & MacGibbons Co.; Miss M. Doling, jubs, serge dresses; 1 W. 36th.

AMARILLO, Texas—White & Kirk; R. D. Kirk, general mdse.; McAlpin.

AMARILLO, Texas—Jarett Fashion Shop; M. Jarett, ready-to-wear; 1,196 B'way.

ATLANTA—J. Franklin, ready-to-wear muslin underwear; 303 5th Av.

ATLANTA, Ga.—United Clothing House; J. L. Cook, men's, women's clothing; Breslin.

AUSTIN, Texas—Snapman; Miss F. Malasky, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rozenberg, silks; Alcazar.

BALTIMORE—Cahn-Cohens Co.; S. Blum, notions, jewelry; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE—Siegel, Rothschild & Co.; D. A. Weinberg, umbrellas; 126 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Varsity Underwear Co.; L. H. Weil, underwear, materials; 906 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; A. J. Fry, coats, suits, skirts, dresses; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. W. Sebald, stationery; A. A. Dieterle, linens; 354 4th Av.

BEAUMONT, Texas—Rosenthal D. G. Co.; J. Rosenthal, dry goods; Miss Levy, ladies' wear; 1,150 B'way; Imperial.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; S. Lindy, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d; Hermitage.

BOSTON—H. H. Stearns & Co.; Mrs. J. B. Knox, millinery; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Wolff & Silverman; D. B. Wolff, women's garments; Breslin.

BOSTON—Butler's; Miss M. Fanning, shirtwaists; 1,150 Broadway.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss Sweeney, misses' suits, dresses; G. W. Little, upholstery goods, floor coverings; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; L. F. Hill, smocks; P. D. Slocum, furs; Miss A. G. Tarpy, misses' coats, suits; C. Koven, men's clothing; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; Mr. Guest, ribbons, gloves; Miss Wall, infants' wear; Miss Cathcart, laces, neckwear; Miss Hirsch, shirt waists; Miss O'Brien, Spring suits; basement buyers, Mr. Cohen, coats, suits, dresses; Mrs. Keltner, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filenes Sons Co.; Mrs. Milliken, infants' muslin underwear; Miss Peck, infants' undermuslin, petticoats; Miss Louie, millinery; Miss Gilman, children's, girls', juniors' dresses, misses' skirts; Miss Langtry, knit underwear; Miss Murphy, misses' dresses; Miss D. Murphy, misses' suits; Miss Kalenski, neckwear; Miss Otis, women's suits; Mr. Hunting, women's coats; basement buyers, Miss Sweeney, millinery; Mr. O'Brien, misses', women's, coats, suits; Miss Dart, infants' wear, kimonos, house dresses; Miss Lynch, petticoats; Mr. Kiley, women's, misses' dresses; Mr. Tobey, shoes; Mr. Whipple, Mr. Cooper, general mdse.; 116 West 32d.

BRADDOCK, Penn.—Katz & Goldsmith; S. Herrup, men's furn. goods; J. N. Stein, carpets, furniture; 37 West 26th.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Stanley & MacGibbons Co.; Mrs. M. Downs, jobs serge dresses; 1 W. 36th.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; E. J. Godfrey, silks, dress goods; J. D. Granfield, furn. goods, gloves, hosiery, underwear; J. S. Greening, upholstery goods; Miss M. Lynehan, millinery; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Hens & Kelly Co.; C. E. Bassett, millinery; 1,123 B'way; Breslin.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. Wile & Co.; H. H. Wile, woolens; 200 5th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; D. A. MacFarland, children's wear; 2 W. 37th; Wallick.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; S. V. Swanz, upholstery goods, draperies; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; F. C. Stinehart, upholstery goods, lace curtains; P. F. Brett, hosiery, underwear, gloves, knit goods, B. C. Burlingame, domestics, linens; 2 W. 37th.

BURLINGTON, Iowa—Royal Cloak Co.; H. Klein, ready-to-wear, underwear; Brozdell.

BUTTE, Mon.—Symons D. G. Co.; L. Ransdoff, gloves, ribbons, notions, laces, hosiery; 141 5th Av.

CAMBRIDGE, Ohio—Royal Cloak Co.; M. Greenwald, ready-to-wear; Brozdell.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Welsh, Cook Co.; F. C. Plumb, women's ready-to-wear, hosiery, underwear; 43 Leonard.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. L. Pobbs, dry goods; Breslin.

CHARLOTTEVILLE, Va.—H. Kaufmann & Sons; M. Kaufmann, clothing; Wellington.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—D. B. Loveman Co.; D. B. Loveman, gen'l mdse.; 1,150 B'way.

CHICAGO—Kaufman, Auerbach & Co.; A. Auerbach, silks, ribbons; 657 B'way.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. H. Powell, muslin apparel, knit goods; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—L. Klein, Inc.; L. Michaelson, silks, dress goods; 1,123 Broadway.

CHICAGO—Spalding Waist Shop; H. Nathan, waists; Claridge.

CHICAGO—S. F. Platt—J. S. Rosenberg, silk, cotton waists; 43 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Mr. Dauerheim, woolens, blankets; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—The Fair; Mr. Millett, basement, underwear; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—H. Resler & Co.; H. Resler, silk, cotton fabrics; Grand.

CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bro.; A. H. Winkler, waists, petticoats; 40 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; E. J. Dawson, men's furn. goods; 13 East 22d.

CHICAGO—Edson, Keith & Co., Inc.; Mr. O'Halahan, hats; 225 5th Av.

CHICAGO—The Fair; H. A. Miller, underwear, basement; 225 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; J. S. Mitchell, talking machines, musical instruments; 369 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Schultz, Rosky, Block Co.; S. J. Rosky, shirts, underwear, sweater coats; W. Schultz, hosiery, belts; McAlpin.

CINCINNATI—Mock, Berman & Co.; A. Mock, mfrs. clothing; Ansonia.

CINCINNATI—John H. Hibben D. G. Co.; H. J. Machle, notions, fancy goods; 1,170 B'way.

CINCINNATI—The Fair Store Co.; B. H. Sheaman, Miss M. Johnson, millinery, waists; 22 East 26th.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; J. W. Robertson, silks, velvets; Miss I. Zinn, muslin underwear, corsets; 366 5th Av.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn.—A. Pearson & Co.; M. Lautner, ready-to-wear; 366 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss H. Haaron, trimmed millinery; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Sterling, Welch Co.; J. E. Crew, lace curtains; Manhattan.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; J. J. Kelly, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND — Hirsch Co.; P. Hirsch, Spring suits; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.—Mr. Strasmich, shoes, jobs shoes; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—Issed Bros. & Co.; J. A. Henninger, hats; 621 Broadway.

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor Son & Co.; Mrs. Oram, women's wear; Mrs. F. Keyes, misses' wear; 470 4th Av.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col.—C. A. Hibbard & Co., Mrs. Crowley, women's wear; 141 Madison Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Jones, Witter & Co.; F. G. Barnes, silks, domestics; Hermitage.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; T. H. Siebert, shoes; 225 5th Av.; Collingwood.

DALLAS—Jewlers' Mercantile Co.; Miss A. Smith, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.

DALLAS — Higginbotham-Bailey-Logan Co.; W. L. Logan, piece goods; 395 B'way; Wallick.

DALLAS, Texas—Higginbotham, Bailey, Logan Co.; J. M. Higginbotham, Jr., furn. goods; 395 B'way.

DALLAS—A. Harris & Co.; E. L. Pollock, women's ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,150 Broadway; York.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Royal Cloak Co.; M. Klein, ready-to-wear; Brozdell.

DAYTON, Ohio—Dayton Clothing Manufacturing Co.; J. E. Richards, clothing; Algonquin.

DENVER, Col.—The Denver D. G. Co.; Miss Z. Russell, dresses, skirts; 200 5th Av.

DES MOINES, Iowa—N. L. Goldstein; I. Gutman, notions, furn. goods; Marlborough.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; J. Leffler, drugs, neckwear; Miss Farrell, cloaks, suits; Mr. Metcalfe, coats, suits, dresses; 303 5th Av.

DETROIT—E. J. Hickey Co.; Miss K. L. Tracy, misses', infants' wear; Herald Sq.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; E. L. Gleaves, millinery, bassment; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Kline's; J. Alexander, millinery; 404 4th Av.

DETROIT, Mich.—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; F. C. Palmer, ladies' waists, skirts, petticoats; 43 Leonard.

DUBUQUE, Iowa—J. F. Stampfer Co.; E. M. Heflin, house furn. goods; 141 Madison Av.

DULUTH—Christensen, Mendenhall, Graham Co.; W. G. Campbell, shirts, pants, overalls; Imperial.

DULUTH, Minn.—Miller-Albenberg Co.; M. C. Albenberg, women's, children's wear; 303 5th Av.; Flanders.

EASTON, Penn.—Bunstyn & Co.; H. A. Latham, H. Bunstyn, millinery; Latham.

EASTON, Penn.—Wm. Laubach & Son; J. H. Sieman, coats, suits, waists; F. H. Laubach, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 41 Union Square; Imperial.

EUREKA, Cal.—C. Jackson, men's, women's ready-to-wear; 3 W. 29th; Flanders.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; Mrs. H. R. MacKenzie, wash goods; J. M. Greeley, representing; 404 4th Av.

FORT WAYNE—Wolf & Dessauer; G. I. Latz, coats, suits, waists, underwear; 6 West 32d; Hargrave.

FORT SCOTT, Kan.—W. J. Calhoun & Co.; W. K. Calhoun, coats, suits; 1,150 B'way; Breslin.

GAINESVILLE, Tex.—Peers Co.; A. Teague, carpets; Aberdeen.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y.—C. Marks Co.; C. Marks, ready-to-wear, hosiery, gloves; Breslin.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; F. York, men's furn. goods; 404 4th Av.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, suits; 37 West 26th.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thompson & Co.; G. Reardon, coats, suits, waists; 230 5th Av.; Park Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; J. J. Mack, laces, embroideries; W. H. Smiley, silks, dress goods; 141 Madison Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; C. C. Goodsell, drugs; J. J. Egan, hosiery, gloves, underwear; H. L. Eliot, notions, fancy goods; 404 4th Av.

HONOLULU, T. H.—The Liberty House; Miss K. A. Scott, infants', children's, boys' wear, women's ready-to-wear; Park Av.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark.—Woodcock & Lawson; E. F. Woodcock, general mdse.; 1,150 B'way; Breslin.

HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; M. E. Gimbel, millinery; 1,150 B'way.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Watson & Co.; P. Burke, neckwear, vellings; 116 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS—Hibben, Hollweg Co.; W. J. Herrington, notions, cotton; 230 B'way.

JOPLIN, Mo.—Newman Mercantile Co.; A. Scharff, coats, suits, waists; Wallick.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Harzfeld Parisian; S. Harzfeld, Miss S. Platt, coats, suits, dresses; 303 5th Av.

LANCASTER, Penn.—W. H. Hager & Bro.; Miss K. Kreider, art goods; 404 4th Av.; Breslin.

LANCASTER, Penn.—M. T. Garvin & Co.; J. H. Rose, coats, suits, waists, boys' clothing, millinery, infants', children's wear; 37 W. 26th; York.

LEBANON, Penn.—L. Samler, dresses; 37 West 26th.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Lubin's; D. Lubin, coats, suits, waists; 88 W. 32d.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—The Lowenberg Co.; J. Lowenberg, ladies', misses' ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Beal-Burrows D. G. Co.; J. T. Beal, dry goods; W. O. Koen, coats, suits, men's furn. goods; 72 Leonard.

LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; M. B. Mountjoy, ready-to-wear, millinery; 23 E. 26th.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—C. H. Almond D. G. Co.; W. J. Almond, coats, suits, waists; 141 Madison Av.

MARION, Ind.—Boston Big Store; Mr. Kinnear, dresses; 37 West 26th.

MARSHALL, Texas—J. Weissman & Sons; Mr. Hirsch, gen. mdse.; 1,150 B'way.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Paris Fashion; Miss A. M. Crowder, ready-to-wear; Holland House.

MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand; C. L. Upham, dry goods; C. L. Upham, Jr., coats, suits, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.; Park Av.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; H. A. Leonard, carpets, upholstery goods; Miss D. Van De Water, notions, jewelry, art goods; 404 4th Av.

MILWAUKEE—J. A. Brown & Co.; J. A. Brown, women's ready-to-wear; Longacre.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; J. Karaghensian, Oriental rugs; 225 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. B. Donaldson Co.; G. B. Roth, shoes; 230 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Miss E. Spillane, Miss N. A. Wilson, Miss B. McDermott, coats, suits; 230 5th Av.

MONREAL, WELLS, Texas—Poston D. G. Co.; Mrs. W. C. Poston, millinery, ready-to-wear; 396 B'way.

MOBILE, Ala.—The Vogue; L. Levy, ladies' ready-to-wear; 3 W. 29th.

MOBILE, Ala.—Pearson Millinery & Garment Co.; A. Pearson, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

MONTREAL—Rabinovitch & Co.; P. Rabinovitch, mfrs. furs; Wallick.

NASHVILLE—Armstrong's; A. T. Armstrong, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

NASHVILLE—Mannie Milder, ready-to-wear; 1,199 Broadway.

NASHVILLE—L. Jonas & Co.; S. W. Melzer, muddy blouses; 432 4th Av.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—New Bedford D. G. Co.; A. J. Potvin, notions, jewelry; 404 4th Av.; Wallick.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; W. H. Flack, silks, dress goods; A. A. Breton, housefurnishing goods; 404 4th Av.

NEW ORLEANS—Chas. A. Kaufman Co.; T. Arrow, shoes; 116 W. 32d.

NEW ORLEANS—L. Goldstein & Sons; M. A. Goldstein, furn. goods; 43 Leonard.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Schwartz; W. O. Schwartz, representing; 1,270 B'way.

NORFOLK—New York Clothing House; J. Stern, clothing, furn. goods; Marlborough.

NORFOLK—Written, Bettew & Clay; Mrs. A. Potter, ready-to-wear; Miss R. Swindell, millinery; 23 E. 26th.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Scott-Halliburton Co.; W. Brounlow, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

OMAHA, Neb.—Herzberg Bros.; A. Herzberg, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Rohinson; A. B. Cote, silks, dress goods; 404 4th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Blumenthal, woolens; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; S. B. Koffler, laces; 1,123 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA — Gross Bros.; S. Gross, waists, dresses; Herald Square.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; L. Silverstein, knit goods; 1,123 B'wy.

PHILADELPHIA—J. F. Dittman & Co.; J. F. Dittman, coats, suits; 2 W. 33d.

PHILADELPHIA—W. Bodek Co.; D. Rabinovitch, hosiery, knit underwear; Marlborough.

PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; J. H. Bunting, domestics, dress goods; B'way and 10th.

PHILADELPHIA—"Blauncer's"; Miss Mahoney, skirts; Miss Weiss, jobs Georgette waists; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Mr. Goldman, ready-to-wear; Miss A. B. Lerner, dresses; Broadway and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Litt Bros.; T. Cowell, rugs; 1,261 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Mrs. C. Arnold, infants' wear; Miss A. M. Day, laces, hdkfs., ladies' neckwear; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; Mr. Rosenberg, jobs, millinery; Miss Salkind, juniors', children's dresses, coats; 37 West 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; B. F. Montague, gloves; S. Scott, men's furnishing goods; B. Marks, toilet articles; Broadway and 32d.

PITTSBURGH—M. Lando & Son; M. Lando, woolens; Cumberland.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; S. G. Kerngood, millinery; 1,261 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—Abels & Ress; M. Abels, clothing, Knickerbocker.

PITTSBURGH—Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co.; J. G. Kohl, blankets, linens, curtains; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH—S. M. Rose Co.; C. T. Durham, millinery; Breslin.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; E. Edsall, art goods; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH—Enterprise Cloak and Suit Co.; M. Esman, coats, suits, waists; Cumberland.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; D. T. McKeag, flannels, blankets; Mr. Vallao, representing; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. H. Frank, mdse. manager, negligees, waists, sweaters, muslin underwear; Miss I. Marks, waists, basement; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; C. H. Van Scoten, men's, boys' furn. goods, women's hosiery, gloves; M. Rosenthal, jobs silks, dress goods, domestics, basement; 404 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; F. J. Haskins, shoes; 432 4th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Gladding D. G. Co.; Mrs. M. B. Moulton, underwear; 200 5th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Gladding D. G. Co.; Mrs. E. F. Warner, millinery; 200 5th Av.

PUEBLO, Col.—Crews, Beggs D. G. Co.; W. D. Young, coats, suits, waists; 230 5th Av.

RALEIGH, N. C.—Hudson-Belk Co.; J. G. Hudson, general mdse.; 116 W. 32d; Aberdeen.

RICHMOND, Ind.—Sydnor & Hundley; C. C. Boisseau, carpets; York.

RICHMOND, Ind.—Adam H. Bartel Co.; J. L. Wilcox, carpets; 43 Leonard; Latham.

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; A. Bates, notions, leather, toilet goods; 432 4th Av.

RICHMOND, Ind.—A. H. Bartel Co.; J. H. Saylor, domestics, silks, white goods, linens; 43 Leonard.

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller & Rhoads; Wm. Didenhover, coats, suits, waists; Mrs. P. Turner, waists; 432 4th Av.

ROANOKE—S. H. Heironimus Co.; C. B. Cole, domestics, gloves, umbrellas; H. D. Gray, hosiery, infants' wear, stationery; L. D. Daniel, dress goods; 141 Madison Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—S. & J. Rosenberg; S. Rosenberg, furn. goods; Collingwood.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Stein, Bloch Co.; C. T. Stott, woolens; 200 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; J. C. Fitzgerald, rugs, sewing machines; 470 4th Av.

SACRAMENTO — Wasserman-Gatfmann Co.; Miss E. Boden, millinery; 1,150 B'way.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Wasserman-Gattman Co.; D. S. Wasserman, domestics, underwear, toys; 1,150 B'way.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Kerth, O'Brien Co.; J. McArthur, dress goods, silk; 116 W. 32d; Great Northern.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Zion's Cooperative Mercantile Institution; W. A. Needham, cloaks, waists, laces; Great Northern.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Joska Bros.; Miss H. Strohmeyer, millinery; 1,150 B'way.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Wolff & Marx Co.; J. J. Sterne, mdse. manager; A. C. Frail, cloaks, underwear, infants' wear, corsets; 141 Madison Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss H. Kirk, waists, petticoats; Miss Crawford, stout, ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—G. Eckstein Co.; J. E. Eckstein, ready-to-wear; 141 Madison Av.

SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; Miss C. Berger, millinery; 23 E. 26th.

SEATTLE, Wash.—J. Berkman Co.; J. Berkman, men's, children's clothing; 395 B'wy; Cumberland.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—H. Fishgall, coats, suits; 1,261 B'way.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Style Store; F. Authier, coats, suits, millinery; Breslin.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Levy-Wolf D. G. Co.; S. Wolf, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Kest & Rountree D. G. Co.; J. H. Rountree, domestics; 72 Leonard.

ST. LOUIS—Rice, Stix D. G. Co.; H. S. Wheeler, notions, ribbons, leather goods; 377 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Kline Apparel Co.; Mrs. F. Thompson, suits; 404 4th Av.; Holland House.

ST. LOUIS—E. W. Magee Mfg. Co.; E. W. Magee, women's ready-to-wear; Imperial.

ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Co.; Miss M. C. Marcks, trimmed hats; 303 5th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Field, Schlick & Co.; A. J. Grawert, rugs; 1,123 Broadway.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Neal & Hyde; A. M. Robinson, underwear; 72 Leonard.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—J. Goldberg, jobs dresses; 37 West 26th.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Stahl-Urban Co.; C. A. Urban, trimmings; Imperial.

TEXARKANA, Ark.—I. Schwartz Clothing Co.; Mrs. Ellington, ready-to-wear; 141 Madison Av.

TOLEDO, Ohio—F. W. James Co.; C. H. Rhodes, untrimmed hats; Breslin.

TOLEDO—La Salle & Koch Co.; Miss M. Lee, coats, suits, skirts; Miss Meyers, infants' wear; Miss Storck, dresses; 225 5th Av.

TROY, N. Y.—S. Lewis, ready-to-wear; Wallick.

UTICA, N. Y.—Baby Shop; Miss E. Roberts, infants', children's wear; Park Avenue.

UTICA, N. Y.—H. D. Pixley Son & Co.; H. D. Pixley, Jr., men's furnishing goods; Manhattan.

WABHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. J. Ranger, upholstery goods; Grand.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A. Lisner; R. Wenzie, suits, dresses; 220 5th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. C. Koch, millinery; Marlborough.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; D. L. Frank, jobs Winter coats, serge dresses; 1,140 B'way.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; D. L. Frank, jobs Winter coats, serge dresses; 1,140 B'way.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss E. Hart, misses' waists; J. O. Moque, rugs, carpets, furniture; G. Louis, toys, travelling goods; 334 4th Av.

WATERBURY—Reid & Hughes D. G. Co.; W. E. Mier, carpets, rugs; 404 4th Av.

WATERLOO, Iowa—Burch Bros. Co.; C. E. Burch, cloaks, suits, ladies' ready-to-wear; 45 W. 34th.

WEATHERFORD, Texas; Baker-Poston Co.; J. C. Jenkins, dry goods; 395 B'way.

WEST POINT, Miss.—Rosenfield Ladies' Store; S. O. Rosenfield, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.

WHEELING, W. Va.—G. M. Snook Co.; J. W. Meidel, rugs; Brozdell.

WILMINGTON, N. C.—J. H. Rahder & Co.; A. Alligood, silks, linens, ready-to-wear, muslin underwear; Breslin.

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—Ideal D. G. Co.; H. L. Trotter, notions, hosiery, gloves; Herald Square.

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—Marler-Dalton-Gilman Co.; R. L. Means, general mdse.; Aberdeen.

WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Harris & Mowry Co.; T. A. Engelbach, wash goods, blankets, rugs; 404 4th Av.

WORCESTER, Mass.—John C. MacInnes Co.; J. D. Robertson, ladies' underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 432 4th Av.

WORCESTER, Mass.—John C. MacInnes Co.; G. W. Aubuchon, handkerchiefs, hosiery, gloves; 432 4th Av.; Broztell.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Nils. Bjork Co.; N. Bjork, millinery, ribbons; Latham.

YORK, Penn.—P. Wiest's Sons; Miss E. S. Spangler, jewelry, neckwear, notions; 105 Grand.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Youngstown D. G. Co.; W. G. Wood, domestics, blankets; 72 Leonard.

YOUNGSTOWN—Youngstown D. G. Co.; G. J. Wallace, dress goods, white goods; 72 Leonard.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouse, Hirshberg Co.; Miss K. Ituzel, millinery; 141 Madison Av.; Park Av.

ROSENTHAL BROTHERS COMPANY
44-50 WEST 28th ST. NEW YORK

WAISTS of COTTON

Plain or fancy.

Lacy or embroidered.

Simple or elaborate

But all well-made and effective.

Moderately priced

See our line of Stout sizes also. Famous for fit and finish.

Duchess frocks

Youthful, buoyant styles that appeal instantly to women, misses, and juniors. Values unrivalled. In All Fashionable Fabrics,

$13.75 to $37.75

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19 West 34th St., N. Y.

PRINCESS DRESS HOUSE
A JOURNAL OF COSTUMES AND DRESSES
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We Are Moving Jan. 25
to 25-29 West 31st St.
Every dress on our racks must be sold for a QUICK TURNOVER.

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$6.75 to $19.75

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Corner 31st. Street, New York

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THE MOST FASCINATING TRICOTINE DRESS

(Richly Embroidered)

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Taffetas — Serges
Georgettes — Wool Jerseys

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Whatever style is in popular demand, you'll find here at remarkably low prices.

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FOR ALL PURPOSES

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6 to 14
FOR JANUARY SALES
$10.50 to $13.50 per dozen
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In high grade materials
At low end prices
$13.75 to $45.00
100 styles to select from
For immediate delivery

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We feel we have the values in Coats and Suits you're looking for. And we know you'll feel the same way when you call at our showroom. Make it a point to see us today.

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Progressive Stores Everywhere Are Featuring
DERBY STOUTS
—scientifically designed to fit stout figures. An assortmente combined with Derby regulars will prove immensely profitable.
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SAVES YOU 20%

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Pathfinders Not Trailhitters

A season ahead of all others in newness of design and decorative treatment, Lack Smocks will add prestige as well as profit to your smock department. They are correct for all informal day wear.
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LACK MFG. CO. 28 W. 27th. ST. NEW YORK

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Weak in a Confused Market—Railroad News Puzzles Traders.

The further decline of railroad stocks yesterday appeared to reflect considerable confusion of mind among owners of these securities over developments at Washington, a condition which made easier the success of professional traders on the downward side of prices. The discussion pro and con of possible freight rate increases the day before was switched to consideration of the Interstate Commerce Commission's action in overruling the Director General in case of particular Western rates. A superficial reading of the commission's findings made them appear more comprehensive in application than they will probably prove to be, but the uncertainty caused by the indefinite state of the whole railroad situation reacted on sentiment in the market. The Commerce Commission evidently acted to even up competitive rates in case of certain lumber shipments, a step which it had the right to take under the law. The stock market as a whole lost considerable ground, with marked irregularity showing here and there among industrial issues of a sort to indicate that traders were perplexed over various factors affecting speculative opinion. Steel common moved forward at the same time that some of its companion stocks were inclined to be weak. The copper group displayed a fairly firm front much of the time and closed not greatly changed from the final quotations of the day before. It was in case of the railroad shares, automobile stocks, and a number of specialties that the weak character of the market was most clearly expressed.

Discussion of the Commerce Commission's ruling had as one of its chief points the reference to the war ending "when the armistice was signed." It was felt in security market circles that if this construction of the armistice should be upheld a marked alteration of the railroad outlook would come about. It would tend to limit the period in which a plan for a return of the carriers to their owners was to be completed, and the imagination of speculators went further, making reference to the status of Government control of telegraph and cable lines in case the armistice could be considered as actually ending the war emergency. Needless to say, the point raised by the commission was looked upon in conservative quarters as something by no means final and which supplied no cause for the radical unsettlement of former ideas about the time when peace shall actually be considered as complete. The weakness of stocks was felt in the bond market, but to a small extent only. Liberty bonds continue to show in unimportant price changes the moderate balance which has existed for some days past in favor of selling pressure over investment demand. It is significant of the attitude of institutions toward Liberty bonds at current prices that large investment purchases are being reported.

Call money was somewhat firmer, the rise from 4 per cent. to 4½ per cent. for the majority of loans reflecting, apparently, the heavy withdrawals of Government deposits which were made during the day. The steps taken by representatives of many banks and business organizations to promote the use of acceptances, which occurred at a local meeting, is worthy of reference in connection with the money market in view of the importance they may have later in the financing of domestic and foreign business.

Chubb Leaves Shipping Board.

Hedon Chubb of Chubb & Son, marine underwriters, has resigned as Director of Insurance for the United States Shipping Board, effective on Feb. 1. Mr. Chubb was appointed Director of Insurance on Sept. 17, 1917.

Prices Sustained on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—Prices on the Bourse were sustained today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63 francs 35 centimes for cash; Exchange on London, 25 francs 98 centimes; 5 per cent. loan, 93 francs 50 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5¼
Low	4½	Low	5
Renewals	4½	Renewals	5
Last	5	Last	5¼

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....4¼@4¼

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5	Sixty days	5¼
Ninety days	5 @5¼	Ninety days	5¼@5¼
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¼@5¼
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5¼@5¼
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5¼@5¼

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4¼@4¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5 @5¼

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months.....5 @5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months.....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 7-16	$4.75 7-16	...
Cables	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	4.76 7-16	...
Francs—				
Demand	5.45½	5.45½	5.45½	—.00¼
Cables	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼	—.00¼

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.75 7-16	$4.76 7-16
5.1813	Paris	5.45½	5.43½
5.1813	Belgium	5.66	5.64
	China—		
	Hongkong	78.00	78.25
	Peking	120.00	120.25
	Shanghai	120.50	120.50
40.20	Holland	41.875	42.625
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	53.25	53.50
	Yokohama	53.25	53.50
19.30	Spain	20.07	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.75	29.00
	Copenhagen	26.625	26.85
	Christiania	27.70	28.00
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	44.70	44.85
54.42	Rio	25.15	25.25
5.1813	Switzerland	4.86¼	4.83¼
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	15.65	16.85
	500 rubles	15.55	15.75

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71⅝	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $695,082,076; balances, $63,770,463; United States Treasury debit balance, $339,770; Federal Reserve credit balance, $51,131,286.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$6,842,624	$82,794,206
Internal revenue:		
Income and excess profits	13,392,729	708,866,382
Miscellaneous	66,599,571	658,013,826
Miscel revenue	10,762,341	265,524,308
Total receipts	$104,097,267	$1,713,203,731
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord. receipts	869,520,887	7,820,167,903
Excess of total receipts over total disbursement	356,580,212	140,411,371
Expenditures	373,617,805	8,533,971,634

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JAN. 21, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	660,103	461,388	359,982
Year to date	7,661,810	10,456,241	13,258,635

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
46	48½	100	Adams Express	46½	46½	46½	46½	—2½
21	21½	900	Advance Rumely	21½	21½	21	21	—1
56	58	200	Advance Rumely pf.	57½	57½	56¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
3¾	3⅞	1,000	Alaska Gold Mines	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	—⅛
2	2⅛	1,000	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2⅛	2	2	...
30¼	30¾	3,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	30½	31	30	30¾	+¾
82	83	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	—½
100⅜	100¾	500	Am. Agricul. Chem.	101½	101½	100½	100½	...
68⅜	68½	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	68	68⅝	67⅞	68⅝	...
46¼	46½	6,000	Am. Can	46¼	46¾	45⅝	46¼	+⅛
100¾	101¾	400	Am. Can pf.	101⅝	101⅝	101	101	...
88¾	89	3,200	Am. Car & Fdry.	88½	89	88¼	88¾	+⅜
41⅞	42	1,600	Am. Cotton Oil	42½	42½	41½	41⅞	+⅝
14⅞	15	1,100	Am. H. & Leather	15⅛	15⅛	14⅞	14⅞	—⅝
81	81⅛	16,900	Am. H. & L. pf.	83	83	80⅛	81⅛	—2¾
37½	39	400	Am. Ice	40	40	38	38	—2
54	54½	300	Am. International	54	54	53½	53½	—⅝
46	46½	3,200	Am. Linseed	46¼	46⅝	45⅝	46⅛	—⅝
57	58	1,200	Am. Locomotive	58	58⅛	58	58	—2¼
1½	1⅞	350	Am. Malting	1½	1½	1½	1½	+⅛
68	68¼	15,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	67½	68¼	67½	68	—¼
105¼	106	400	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	106½	106½	106	106	—½
105	110	100	Am. Snuff	110½	110½	110½	110½	—½
78⅝	78¾	2,600	Am. Steel F'dries	78½	79⅞	77⅝	79	+⅞
111¾	113	700	Am. Sugar Ref.	112¼	112¼	111¼	111¼	—1
101	102	3,000	Am. Sumatra Tob.	102	102⅛	100⅝	102	+½
100⅜	100½	900	Am. Tel. & Tel.	100½	100½	100⅜	100½	—¼
192	195	600	Am. Tobacco	196	196	192	193	—5
101	102	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	101	101	101	101	...
45	45¾	300	Am. Woolen	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	—⅜
33½	33⅞	1,200	Am. Writing P. pf.	34⅞	34¾	33⅞	33⅞	—½
11½	12	300	Am. Zinc L. & S.	11½	11½	11½	11½	...
39½	43½	300	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf.	40	40	40	40	—2½
57⅞	57⅞	5,600	Anaconda Copper	57⅛	57⅞	57¼	57⅞	...
1	1⅛	100	Assets Realization	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	—⅛
21½	22	400	Asso. Dry Goods	22¼	22¼	21⅝	21⅝	—⅝
90⅜	91	3,950	Atch., Top. & S. F.	91½	91⅝	90⅝	90⅝	—⅝
85	88	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	86½	86½	86	86	—2
100	101	3,000	At. Gulf & West I.	101	101	98	100½	—1¼
65½	68	400	At. Gulf & W. I. pf.	66¼	66⅝	65½	66⅝	+¼
67	67¼	18,100	Baldwin Loco.	66⅝	67⅞	66⅝	67	+⅜
43⅞	44	8,000	Baltimore & Ohio	46⅝	46⅝	44	44	—3½
53	54⅞	500	Baltimore & O. pf.	55¼	55¼	54⅞	54⅞	—⅛
108½	112	100	Barrett Co.	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	+1½
56	56¾	11,600	Beth. Steel, class B	55¼	56½	55⅝	56⅛	+⅞
101½	102	900	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	102	102	101⅝	102	...
21⅞	22	6,600	Bklyn. Rapid Tran.	22¾	22¾	21⅞	22	—1
9	10	800	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S.	9½	9½	9	9	—1
151	155	100	Burns Brothers	152	152	152	152	+1
17⅝	18¼	100	Butte & Superior	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+¼
16⅞	17¼	100	Butterick Co.	17	17	17	17	...
51	52	400	California Packing	51½	51¼	50¼	51	—1
22½	22¾	400	California Petrol.	22⅞	22¾	22⅝	22½	—½
156	156½	2,300	Canadian Pacific	157	157	155⅝	156⅝	+¼
91	94	300	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	93½	93½	93½	93½	+2
57¼	57½	600	Central Leather Co.	57⅞	57⅞	57⅜	57⅜	—¼
105	106	300	Central Leather pf.	105⅜	105⅜	105¼	105¼	+⅛
31½	32½	1,900	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	32½	32¼	31½	31½	—1
53⅞	54⅜	2,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	54⅝	54⅝	53⅜	54	—⅛
7⅛	7⅞	600	Chi. Great Western	7½	7½	7⅛	7⅛	—⅜
23⅝	23¾	300	Chi. Great West. pf.	24	24	23⅝	23⅝	—⅜
36½	37	9,200	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	38⅛	38⅝	36	36⅞	—1½
65	67	3,300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	68⅜	69	65½	65½	—3½
93½	94½	1,600	Chi. & Northwest'n	94½	94½	93½	94	—⅝
22¼	22⅜	5,300	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	22½	22⅝	22⅛	22¼	—⅜
74	75	1,300	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	74½	74½	73¾	74	—1
61¾	62	1,400	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	62½	62½	61½	62	—1
75	82	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	78	78	78	78	—4
105	120	100	C., St. P., M. & O. pf.	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	...
105	120	60	Do. odd lot	105	105	105	105	...
17⅝	17¾	1,600	Chile Copper	17¼	17½	17¼	17½	+¼
33½	33⅝	1,500	Chino Copper	33½	33½	33⅛	33⅝	+¼
30	33½	300	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	35	35	33⅛	33⅛	—2¼
35⅛	35⅝	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	35¼	35½	35⅛	35⅛	—⅜
19	20	200	Col. & Southern	20	20	20	20	—1¼
41	41½	2,700	Columbia Gas & El.	41⅛	41⅛	40¾	41	—½
92¼	93½	500	Consolidated Gas	92½	92½	92	92	—1¼
69	70	500	Continental Can	68½	69	68½	69	+1
46½	46⅝	13,800	Corn Products Ref.	46⅝	46⅞	46	46⅝	—⅛
102	103½	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	—⅜
53	53½	5,500	Crucible Steel	52⅝	54	52⅝	53¼	+¼
90	94	100	Crucible Steel pf.	91	91	91	91	—1
23⅝	23⅞	4,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	23⅝	24¼	23½	23⅞	+¼
75¼	76	900	Cuba Cane S. pf.	75⅝	75⅝	75⅛	75½	+⅛
101	103¼	300	Del. & Hudson	101	101¼	101	101¼	+¼
3¾	4	100	Den. & Rio Grande	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	—1⅛
6½	7	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	6½	6½	6½	6½	—⅜
52⅝	53	9,800	Distillers' Secur.	53½	53⅝	52⅝	53	—⅞
11½	12	400	Dome Mines	12¼	12¼	12	12	—⅛
15⅛	15¼	5,900	Erie	15⅝	16	15⅛	15⅝	+⅛
24⅞	25¼	2,000	Erie 1st pf.	25	25¼	24¾	25	—½
17⅝	18	400	Erie 2d pf.	18	18¼	18	18⅛	—½
25⅛	27	3,100	Gaston, W. & W.	29	29	25⅛	25⅛	—⅛
48	50	1,900	General Cigar	49½	50	47½	48	—3⅞
147	149	900	General Electric	148	148	147	148	—2
121	121¼	7,700	General Motors	121½	121½	118½	121½	—1
⅞	1	10,048	Gen. Motors rights	1	1⅛	⅞	⅞	—¼
82¼	83½	200	General Motors pf.	83	83	82½	82½	—⅛
57¼	57½	700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	58	58	57½	57½	—1½
74½	75	900	Granby Consol.	75½	75⅝	74½	74½	—1
90⅝	91¼	3,300	Great Northern pf.	91½	91½	90½	91	—1⅜
36½	36¾	8,700	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	35⅝	36½	35⅝	36½	—⅝
42⅞	43	500	Greene-Can. Cop.	43½	43½	42⅝	43¾	+⅝
51	52	600	Gulf States Steel	51½	51⅛	50⅞	51	—⅝
95	96	300	Illinois Central	96⅞	96⅞	96	96	—⅛
43½	43⅝	2,700	Inspiration Copper	43¼	43¾	43⅛	43⅝	—1
4⅞	5	2,900	Interboro Consol.	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	+¼
18½	19	1,300	Interboro Con. pf.	19¼	19¼	18½	18½	...
53⅞	55	168	Int. Agricultural pf.	54½	54½	54½	54½	—1⅜
110⅜	112	600	Int. Harvester new	112⅞	112⅞	110⅜	110⅜	+⅜
23⅝	24	2,100	Int. Mer. Marine	23½	23⅜	23⅛	23⅜	—2⅛
99⅞	99⅞	23,175	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	99¼	100⅞	98¼	99⅜	—⅛
26½	27	8,600	Int. Nickel	26½	27	25⅞	27	—⅛
35	35¼	5,500	Int. Paper	34	35¾	34	35	+⅜
63½	64	400	Int. Paper pf., sta.	63	64	63	64	+1½
31	32	100	Jewel Tea	32	32	32	32	+2
17⅞	18	500	Kansas City South.	18	18	18	18	—1
49	51	100	Kan. City South. pf.	49½	49½	49½	49½	...
67⅝	68	300	Kelly Spring. Tire	68½	68½	68	68	—½
35	36	100	Kelsey Wheel	35	35	35	35	—1
32¼	32⅝	1,300	Kennecott Copper	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	...
59	67½	200	Kress (S. H.) Co.	60	60	60	60	...
62⅝	63	1,300	Lackawanna Steel	63¼	63¼	62½	61	+6¼
83	86	100	Laclede Gas	83	83	83	83	—¾
8¼	9¼	100	Lake Erie & West.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	—1⅛
18	21	300	Lake Erie & W. pf.	18½	18½	18	18	+⅛
54¼	54½	400	Lehigh Valley	54⅝	54⅞	54⅝	54⅝	—1¼
162	165	100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	162	162	162	162	—¼
64	65	400	Mackay Cos. pf.	64	64	64	64	—1
84½	86	100	Manhattan Elev.	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	...
27¼	27¾	300	Maxwell Motors	27⅞	27⅞	27½	27½	—1¼
50	51	200	Max. Motors 1st pf.	51	51	50⅝	50⅝	—⅜
65	65⅞	700	May Dept. Stores	65	66	65	66	+1¼
167	167¼	43,800	Mexican Petroleum	170	171	163⅝	167¼	—2⅞
24	24½	400	Miami Copper	24	24¼	24	24	—⅜
41¼	41½	3,800	Midvale Steel	41½	42	41¼	41½	—⅛
9¼	10	800	Minn. & St. L. new	10	10	9¾	9¾	—⅜
4⅞	5	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5	5	5	5	—⅜
8½	9	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	8¾	8¾	8½	8½	—⅜
22⅞	22⅞	6,600	Missouri Pacific	23½	23½	22⅝	22⅞	—⅜
49	50	1,200	Missouri Pacific pf.	51¼	51⅜	49½	49½	—2⅜
70½	73	100	Montana Power	70½	70½	70½	70½	+1½
69⅞	79	100	Morris & Essex	71½	71½	71½	71½	+1½
30	31	100	Nat. Acme	30½	30½	30½	30½	—⅝
110	111	200	Nat. Biscuit	111½	111½	111	111	—½
14½	15	1,100	Nat. Cond. & Cable	14½	14⅞	14⅛	14⅛	—½
48	48½	700	Nat. Enam. & St.	48½	48½	48	48½	—½
67¾	68	1,000	Nat. Lead	67⅞	68⅛	67½	68⅛	+⅜
16⅝	16¾	300	Nevada Con. Cop.	16¾	16¾	16⅝	16⅝	—⅛
33	34	100	N. O., Tex. & Mex.	33	33	33	33	—¼
100	102¾	200	N. Y. Air Brake	103	103	102½	102½	—1¼
70	70½	4,400	N. Y. Central	71	71	69¼	70	—1¼
20	25	200	N. Y. Dock	25	25	24½	24½	—½
27¾	28½	3,600	N. Y., N. H. & H.	28	28¼	27⅞	28	—1
18½	19	200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	18½	18⅝	18½	18½	—⅞
104	105	500	Norfolk & Western	104⅛	104⅛	104	104⅛	—⅝
...	...	1,000	Norf. & West. rgts.	¾	¾	¾	¾	...
88½	88¾	4,200	Northern Pacific	90⅝	90⅝	88⅝	88⅝	—1⅝
42	42¼	2,400	Ohio Cities Gas	41⅞	42	41⅞	42	...
8¾	9	6,900	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	—⅛
36⅜	38½	700	Pacific Mail	37¼	37¼	36½	36⅜	—1⅛
21½	22½	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	22	22	22	22	+3⅛
67¼	67½	4,100	Pan-Am. P. & T.	67¾	68⅝	67	67¾	—½
44½	44⅝	2,500	Penn. R. R.	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	—⅛
12⅛	12½	300	Pere Marquette	12⅝	12½	12½	12½	...
29⅞	30½	200	Philadelphia Co.	30½	30½	30	30	...
39	39½	2,300	Pierce-Arrow	39⅜	39⅜	39	39⅜	—½
17	17⅛	1,900	Pierce Oil	17⅝	17⅝	16⅞	17⅛	—⅝
45	50	100	P., C., C. & St. L.	45	45	45	45	—1
45	46	600	Pittsburgh Coal	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	—¼
34⅞	34⅞	1,800	Pitts. & West Va.	34⅝	34⅝	34	34½	—¼
13	13½	200	Pond Creek Coal	13	13	13	13	—½
61	62¼	200	Pressed Steel Car	61¼	62¼	61½	62¼	+¼
120⅝	123	200	Pullman Co.	120⅝	121	120⅝	121	+⅜
70½	71¼	900	Railway Steel Sp.	70½	70½	70	70½	+⅛
20	20⅜	1,100	Ray Con. Copper	20	20⅛	20	20⅛	+⅛
77	77⅛	22,100	Reading	77½	78⅛	77	77	—⅝
36	38	100	Reading 1st pf.	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	+1½
72⅛	72¾	900	Rep. Iron & Steel	71½	72¾	71⅛	72⅜	+1⅛
71½	73	1,200	Royal Dutch t r	70⅜	72	70⅜	72	+½
11	11⅛	700	St. Louis-San Fran.	11½	11½	10⅞	11⅛	—⅛
17	18	200	St. Louis Southw.	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	—⅛
29	30	200	St. L. Southw. pf.	30	30	30	30	—1½
62	63	400	Savage Arms	62¼	62¼	62	62	—1
7¾	8	400	Seaboard Air Line	8	8	7¾	7¾	—⅛
15⅞	16¼	200	Seab. Air Line pf.	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	—⅛
171½	173	400	Sears, Roeb. & Co.	173¼	173¼	172	172½	—2⅞
12	13	500	Shattuck-Arizona	12¼	12¼	12	12	—⅜
34	34½	3,800	Sinclair Oil Refin.	34¼	34¼	33⅝	34	—⅜
49¼	51	300	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	49	50	49	50	—1
96⅛	96½	21,300	Southern Pacific	97	97½	95½	96⅛	—⅜
25⅞	26	14,000	Southern Railway	26¼	26¼	25	25⅞	—⅜
66¼	67¼	500	Southern Ry. pf.	67¼	67¼	66⅞	66⅞	—⅝
37½	37½	400	Strom. Carburetor	38	38	37½	37½	—1½
46⅞	46⅞	34,200	Studebaker Co.	48⅝	50	46⅞	46⅞	—2⅝
47½	49	100	Stutz Motor	48	48	48	48	—⅞
32	33	800	Superior Steel	32	32½	32	32½	...
13	13¼	300	Tenn. C. & C.	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	—⅛
187½	188	10,100	Texas Co	187¾	189	185	188	—⅞
16⅜	16¾	2,900	Texas Co. rights	16¼	17	16¼	16⅝	+1⅛
28⅛	28⅝	4,400	Texas & Pacific	28	29	27⅞	28⅜	+⅞
73⅜	74	4,400	Tobacco Products	73¾	74¼	73¼	73½	+⅛
101	104	300	Tobacco Prod. pf.	102	102	102	102	—⅝
125¼	125½	9,200	Union Pacific	126⅝	126⅝	124⅛	125¼	—2
72	73	800	Union Pacific pf.	72⅛	72⅛	72	72	—¾
37⅝	37⅞	300	United Alloy Steel	37½	37⅝	37½	37⅝	—⅛
110⅜	111¼	6,000	United Cigar Stores	111⅝	112⅛	110⅛	110⅞	—⅛
92	94	100	United Drug	93	93	93	93	—1⅛
160	161½	400	United Fruit	161½	161½	160	160	...
17	18	200	U. S. Express	17	17	17	17	—2
99⅞	100½	2,800	U. S. Indus. Alco.	101	101	99¼	99⅞	+1
100	103	200	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	100½	100½	100¼	100¼	—1⅛
24½	25¼	600	U. S. R. & Imp.	26⅝	26⅝	24¼	24½	+⅛
73	73⅞	7,200	U. S. Rubber	74¼	74¼	73	73⅞	—2
108½	109½	300	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	109¾	109¾	109	109	—1⅛
43	43¼	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	43⅛	43⅛	43¼	43¼	—⅛
89⅛	89⅝	94,100	U. S. Steel	89	89⅞	88⅝	89⅝	—⅛
114½	114⅝	500	U. S. Steel pf.	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	+⅝
71	71¼	3,500	Utah Copper	71⅛	71½	70⅝	71⅛	+⅛
51⅛	51⅝	1,300	Va.-Car. Chemical	53	53	51½	51⅝	+⅛
110	112	200	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	112	112	111⅛	111⅛	—⅝
7⅛	8	300	Wabash	7⅝	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	—1⅛
30⅛	31	2,000	Wabash pf. A	30⅝	30⅝	30⅛	30⅜	—⅛
10½	10⅞	400	Western Maryland	10½	10⅝	10½	10⅝	+⅛
57	60	100	Western Pacific pf.	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	—1⅛
87	88	200	Western Union Tel.	87½	87½	87½	87½	—⅜
40⅛	40⅝	1,700	Westingh. E. & M.	41	41	40⅛	40⅝	—⅛
7⅝	8	100	Wheeling & L. E.	8	8	8	8	—¼
45	47	100	White Motors	45	45	45	45	—¼
66	69	800	Wilson & Co.	65⅝	66	65⅝	66	+⅝
23⅝	23⅞	12,500	Willys-Overland	23¾	24⅛	23⅝	23⅝	+⅛
123	125	200	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	124	124½	124	124½	+⅝
116	118	100	Woolworth pf.	116	116	116	116	—1½

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	60.53	59.58	59.88	—.73
25 industrials	81.44	79.98	80.66	—.54
50 stocks	70.98	69.78	70.27	—.63

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 20	71.65	70.78	70.90	—.63
Jan. 18	72.02	71.36	71.53	—.39
Jan. 17	72.60	71.71	71.92	—.92
Jan. 16	73.51	72.07	72.84	—.35
Jan. 15	73.49	72.94	73.19	+.05
Jan. 14	73.52	72.92	73.14	+.12
Jan. 13	73.47	72.86	73.02	—.16

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919	74.90 Jan. 3	69.73 Jan. 21	70.27
1918	69.09 Jan. 31	64.12 Jan. 15	68.91
1917	80.46 Jan. 1	84.71 Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.83 Jan. 3	84.47 Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.60 Jan. 22	60.07 Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919	74.90 Jan. 3	69.73 Jan. 21	70.27
†1918	68.37 Jan. 8	64.12 Jan. 15	65.79
Full Years.			
1918	80.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.48 Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.93	—.17	—1.73	+1.09

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 20	78.10	—.35	Jan. 13	78.82	..
Jan. 18	78.45	—.03	Jan. 11	78.82	—.16
Jan. 17	78.48	—.11	Jan. 10	78.97	—.01
Jan. 16	78.59	—.05	Jan. 9	78.98	..
Jan. 15	78.64	—.03	Jan. 8	78.98	+.04
Jan. 14	78.67	—.15	Jan. 7	78.94	+.12

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919	79.01 Jan. 3	77.93 Jan. 21	77.93
†1918	77.26 Jan. 3	76.78 Jan. 17	76.84
Full Years.			
1918	82.36 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.73
1917	89.48 Jan. 29	74.24 Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Some Bonds Show Weakness.

The bond market was sluggish yesterday, with some of the traction issues selling to new low records. Interborough Rapid Transit refunding 5s and Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s moved off steadily, while Brooklyn Rapid Transit 7 per cent. notes again touched their previous low established about a week ago. In the general bond market dealers reported that, while there are inquiries for short-term issues, the railroad bonds and industrial offerings which cover a term of years are not in favor. The new issue of Pennsylvania Railroad 5s, maturing in 1968, sold off to 97¼ on the Stock Exchange. No large issue of long-time bonds is expected in this market until after the final offering of Victory Liberty bonds in April.

Baltimore & Ohio Notes.

As Feb. 1 approaches railroad operators and bankers show increasing interest in the manner in which the $22,500,000 notes and bank loans of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company will be met. No definite statement has as yet been made by the company's bankers, but it is generally believed in authoritative quarters that a further extension of the notes will be requested. It is also understood that the matter rests entirely with the War Finance Corporation and the Railroad Administration, and it has been suggested that the former will probably decide to take up the Baltimore & Ohio notes that holders do not want to extend. In the case of other railroad note and bank loan extensions this method of meeting the situation has been resorted to. The Baltimore & Ohio Directors met yesterday and declared the regular 2 per cent. quarterly dividend on the common and preferred stock without making its payment dependent upon the receipts of funds from the Railroad Administration. Just how long an extension will be arranged has not been decided upon as yet, but it is reported that it will carry over the next Liberty Loan campaign far enough to allow for some substantial financing by the company.

Railroad Shares Drop Sharply.

The wave of selling which served to depress prices of the standard railroad shares in the stock market on Monday was evident shortly after the opening yesterday, and there were persistent offerings of stock. This increased in volume about the middle of the day and prices dropped from fractions to 3½ points. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul preferred moved off from a high at 69 to 65½ at the close. The opening quotation was 68⅜. New York Central, New Haven, Great Northern preferred, and others among the railroad stocks were under pressure and sold at lower figures. There were some recoveries before the close, but the market for these issues remained apathetic. The liquidation of the rails was generally attributed to the lack of positive news from Washington on the railroad situation.

Marine Insurance Market Active.

There is a refreshing quality about the continued increase in the activity of the local marine insurance market when the stock market appears to be only moderately busy. Underwriters report that business is developing so rapidly that the one thing they fear is their inability to handle it. In 1914 there were fifty-eight companies or associations authorized by this State to write and carry on the business of marine insurance, according to the State Insurance Department. On Jan. 1, 1918, there were 109 companies or associations of the same character, and a still further increase is indicated.

Hope to Salvage Wooden Ships.

In shipping quarters there has been considerable discussion recently regarding the wooden ships constructed by the Government during the war period. It is hoped that some way will be found to salvage these vessels which have become known among shipowners as "lame ducks," and it has been suggested more than once that they can be converted into sailing ships. This, it was said, would mean the ripping out of engines at prohibitive cost, and would not be practical. In marine circles there is every hope that the ships will survive, and not go to the junk pile.

Hide and Leather Is Lower.

The quarterly report of the American Hide and Leather Company, which was published yesterday, compared unfavorably with the corresponding period in the preceding year, and while it was much better than had been expected in certain quarters in the financial district, the preferred stock felt the pressure of selling orders and moved off to 80⅛ after opening at 83. In the later trading, however, there was some good buying which served to aid the issue in the recovery of a part of the loss. The closing quotation was 81⅛.

City Bank Wants More Power.

The National City Bank has applied to the Federal Reserve Board for permission to assume certain trust and fiduciary powers, which were provided for by an amendment of the Federal Reserve act several months ago. The Hanover National took similar steps some time ago. The banks may act as trustees, administrators, &c., under the statute, powers which formerly were exercised by trust companies alone among banking institutions.

Convert United Kingdom Notes.

J. P. Morgan & Co. announced yesterday that with the approval of the British Treasury they have completed the organization of a group of banks and bankers which has underwritten the conversion on Feb. 1 of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland 5½ per cent. notes which may remain unconverted upon that date. It was also learned that about half of the original issue, or $143,000,000 of the notes, have been converted into twenty-year 5½ per cent. bonds of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JAN. 21, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$13,111,500	$3,598,500	$4,328,500
Year to date	178,434,500	74,775,000	97,650,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47: 14....99.10; 18....99.08; 2....99.10; 38....99.14; 15....99.10; 5....99.10; 11....99.10; 117....99.08; 19....99.06; 30....99.06; 1....99.10; 15....99.12; 5....99.06; 15....99.08; 1....99.08; 109....99.10; 1....99.06; 85....99.10; 1....99.08; 100....99.10; 1....99.08; 10....99.06

$570,000 1st cv 4s, 1932-'47: 3....94.02; 3....94.00; 12....94.04; 5....94.06; 20....94.06; 1....94.04; 1....94.02

$45,000 2d 4s, 1927-'42: 20....93.82; 1....93.78; 30....93.80; 17....93.76; 1....93.72; 1....93.78; 12....93.70; 3....93.78; 35....93.80; 15....93.82; 5....93.84; 8....93.82; 6....93.76; 1....93.74; 1....93.72; 1....93.70; 3....93.76; 5....93.78; 10....93.80; 12....93.72; 5....93.70

$191,000 1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47: 10....96.10; 6....96.02; 2....96.08; 40....96.10; 3....96.04; 3....96.02; ½....96.12; ½....96.12; 1....96.02

$36,000 2d cv 4¼s, 1927-'42: 2....95.02; 100....95.00; 15....95.04; 40....95.02; 21....94.96; 155....95.00; 19....95.02; 83....95.04; 13....95.00; 15....95.02; 70....95.04; 82....95.00; 7....95.04; 29....95.00; 3....94.96; 15....95.00; 17....94.94; 20....95.02; 30....95.04; 25....95.00; 20....95.04; 78....95.00; 27....94.96; 20....95.02; 65....95.04; 9....95.00; 5....95.04; 60....95.06; 3....95.00; 50....95.06

$1,123,000 3d 4¼s, '28: 20....95.86; 100....95.84; 9....95.86; 35....95.80; 10....95.82; 3....95.80; 34....95.88; 23....95.84; 6....95.86; 38....95.88; 92....95.90; 30....95.84; 1....95.80; 2....95.82; 22....95.84; 120....95.88; 25....95.90; 7....95.86; 30....95.86; 20....95.88; 40....95.90; 2....95.86; 3....95.88; 15....95.90; 20....95.92; 5....95.90; 30....95.88; 10....95.90; 35....95.96; 10....95.94; 10....95.96; 17....95.90; 20....95.94; 5....95.96; 60....96.00; 2....95.98; 1....96.00; 40....96.04; 25....96.00; 10....95.98; 3....95.94; 5....96.02; 15....95.94; 5....95.92; 24....95.94; 1....95.90; 16....95.92; 9....95.94; 118....95.92; 31....95.90; 42....95.92; 200....95.90; 42....95.92; 6....95.90; 15....95.94; 15....95.96; 25....95.94; 20....95.98; 400....95.92; 2....95.90; 2....95.96; 125....96.02; 15....95.90; 2....95.94; 35....95.96; 5....95.90; 5....95.94; 15....95.90; 16....95.88; 20....95.94; 5....95.90; 16....95.88; 8....95.90; 25....95.96; 75....95.94; 1....95.88; 1....95.86; 80....95.82; 100....95.84; 11....95.88; 40....95.86; 50....95.92

$2,812,000 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38: 35....94.96; 148....94.98; 5....94.92; 5....94.94; 15....94.92; 58....94.92; 50....94.90; 226....94.96; 60....94.94; 10....94.92; 183....94.90; 77....94.88; 25....94.90; 95....94.92; 40....94.94; 6....94.90; 25....94.94; 50....94.90; 17....94.94; 11....94.90; 83....94.96; 1....94.92; 35....94.94; 1....94.90; 2....94.94; 5....94.90; 15....94.96; 4....94.90; 20....94.94; 29....94.96; 28....94.92; 1....94.90; 1....94.92; 3....94.92; 10....94.94; 3....94.90; 50....94.96; 25....94.92; 1....94.96; 3....94.92; 60....94.90; 52....94.90; 53....94.90; 68....94.94; 2....94.96; 185....94.94; 12....94.90; 40....94.92; 50....94.94; 137....94.90; 10....94.96; 1....94.90; 2....94.98; 2....94.94; 150....94.90; 14....94.92; 65....94.96; 1....94.90; 1....94.94; 50....94.96; 23....94.92; 10....94.96; 53....94.92; 183....94.90; 20....94.94; 20....94.96; 10....94.94; 15....94.96; 1....94.90; 3....94.92; 80....94.96; 2....94.94; 24....94.94; 5....94.90; 1....94.92; 80....94.91; 25....94.98; 1....94.96; 25....94.98; 4....94.94; 3....94.92; 11....94.94; 50....94.86; 32....94.94; 4....94.92; 4....94.98; 25....94.94; 62....94.96; 50....94.98; 25....95.00; 1....94.94; 100....94.98; 8....94.98; 10....94.98; 40....95.00

$3,354,000 U S 4s, coup: 3....104¼; 10....104½

AmForSec5s: 01....99⅝
Anglo-Fr 5s: 12....97⅛; 8....97¼; ½....97⅜; 1....97¼; 192....97¼; 21....97⅛; ½....97; ½....97⅛; 1....97¼; 1....97⅛; ¼....97; 14....97¼; 5....97⅛
CityofLyons6s: 4....100⅜
CityofMars6s: 2....100⅜
CityofParis6s: 3....99⅞; 1....99⅞; 2....99⅞; 1....99⅞; 2....99
DomofCan5s, 1926: 1....97½; 1....96½
1931: 17....97⅝; 1....98; 5....97⅜; 16....97⅞; 1....98
FrenchGov 5½s: 100....104; 525....104⅛; 4....104⅛; 65....104; 104....104⅛; 3....104⅛
JapGovt4½s, sterl loan: 6....87
UnKofGtBr&Ire5½s,1919: 14....100; 5....100⅛; 3....100⅛; 5....100⅛; 45....100
new: 204....100⅛; 908....100⅛; 64....100⅛
5½s, 1921: 3....98¼; 2....98¼; 8....98¼; 11....98¼; 14....98⅛; 1....98¼; 1....98⅛
5½s, 1937: 45....100¼; 22....100⅛; 5....100⅛
NYCity4½s, May, 1957: 3....100⅛
Nov, 1957: 10....100⅛
1963: 1....100⅛
AmAgChe1 5s: 1....100
conv 5s: 5....98
AmHide&L6s: 1....100
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 5....92
AmT&T col 4s: 1....84½; 10....84½
col tr 5s: 7....92¼; 1....92
conv 6s: 10....101¼; 1....101⅛; 33....101⅛; 4....101⅛
Am Tob 4s: 2....72¼
A,T&SFgen4s: 2....84½; 3....84; 1....83⅞
AtlCstL1st4s: 1....84
Balt&Ohio3½s: 10....88
gold 4s: 1....78
conv 4½s: 18....77; 8....76⅞; 1....77⅛
ref 5s: 1....81½; 1....81
PLE&WV4s: 6....74½
BRT7s,1921: 5....80¼
1....80⅞; 1....80⅜; 84....80; 8....79
CenLeather5s: 1....96¼
CentPacgtd4s: 1....80⅜
Ches&Ocen5s: 4....93¼; 2....99
conv 4½s: 9....78
conv 5s: 5....86⅜; 15....85⅞; 10....85; 1....84⅞; 10....85; 1....84⅞; 2....84⅞
C,B&Qjoint4s: 16....95½; 1....95⅞
Ill div 4s: 3....85
Neb ext 4s: 4....93¼
Chi Gt W 4s: 9....60⅜; 16....60¼
Chi,Ind&Louis ref 6s: 1....108
Chi,M&StP gen 4½s: 3....84⅝
cv 5s, Ser B: 1....78
conv 4½s: 1....77; 1....76⅞; 1....76½
C&NWgen5s: 1....100½
C,RI&Pgen4s: 18....76
Chi RI&PRy ref 4s: 1....75; 10....74½
Chi&WIcon4s: 2....68⅛; 1....63
Chile Cop 7s: 2....107⅛; 1....106½
col tr 6s: 10....83; 2....82⅝
cv6s,rcts,pt paid,ext: 2....94
Clev,C,C&StL deb 4½s: 1....78½
ConGasconv6s: 43....101; 5....100⅛; 1....100⅛; 6....100½
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934: 2....100
Cumberld T 5s: 7....93¼
Del&Hud5s: 3....95
Den&RioG1st & ref 5s: 10....53
Dul&IronR5s: 1....94¼
EHornFuel 6s: 1....95
Erie 1st con 7s: 1....100¼
1st gen 4s: 1....53½
cv 4s, Ser D: 1....50⅜; 7....50
Fremont Elk & Mo Val 6s: 3....109
GenElecdeb5s: 3....97⅛
G Nor ref 4¼s: 1....86
Gulf&Ship I 5s: 5....80
Hud&Man1st&ref5s,SerA: 2....58
adj inc 5s: 16....17; 1....17½
Ill Steel 4½s: 10....84
Ind Steel 5s: 1....96¼
Inter-Met 4½s: 10....30⅛; 10....30⅜; 3....30⅜; 5....30⅛; 5....30⅜; 2....30¼; 2....30⅜; 40....30⅜; 10....30; 20....30⅛; 20....30⅛; 30....30¼; 10....30⅛
IRT1st&ref5s: 5....69⅛; 5....70¼; 5....69⅛; 21....69; 10....68⅝; 10....68⅞; 6....68⅝; 3....69; 1....68⅝; 5....69⅛; 10....69⅛; 4....69⅛; 6....69⅛
Int Agr Corp col tr 5s: 5....78⅛; 11....78; 3....78⅛
IntMerMa16s: 25....97½; 1....97⅛; 1....97⅛; 3....97; 5....97¼
KanCityTer4s: 1....77
LacledeGasLt ofStL1st5s: 5....99⅞
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcs: 40....102
Liggett&M5s: 1....93¾
Liggett&M7s: 3....113
Louis & Nash unified 4s: 3....85¾
St L div 6s: 1....100⅛
All,K&C4s: 3....78⅛
Mich St Tel 5s: 4....90
Midvale Steel col tr 5s: 1....87; 2....87⅛; 6....87½
M & St L 1st & ref 4s: 2....44
MoP 1st con 6s: 1....99⅜
gen 4s: 5....60⅛; 5....60; 1....59⅞; 1....60; 2....59½; 4....60; 1....59⅞; 4....59⅞
1st & ref 5s, 1923: 10....91⅛
Mont Pow 5s, Ser A: 2....93⅛; 2....93
NO,T&M 6s, A: 10....97; 2....96⅛
NYCent deb 6s: 11....98; 4....98¼; 14....98; 2....98⅛; 10....98; 20....97⅜; 24....98¼
N Y, C & St L deb 4s: 1....72½
N Y, N H & H non-cvdeb4s, 1955: 1....56⅞
1956: 1....58; 2....59⅛
NY,O&Wref4s: 1....69
NYRys ref 4s: 2....41⅛; 1....41⅞
adj 5s: 1....18½; 4....13
N Y, S & W 1st ref 5s: 1....78⅛
N Y Tel 4½s: 1....89⅛; 11....89⅛
N & W cv 6s, when issued: 5....106⅛; 5....106⅜; 10....106⅜; 10....106⅛; 30....106⅛; 1....106⅛; 11....106⅛
Poc C & C 4s: 1....86
Nor Pac 4s: 1....84½; 6....84
Nor Pac 3s: 1....60⅜
OreSL 1st 6s: 2....101
1st con 5s: 3....98⅞
Pac T & T 5s: 5....94½
Penn 4s, 1948: 1....87
Penn gtd 4½s: 2....97⅜
PaRRcon4½s: 1....96
gen 4½s: 1....88⅜
gen 5s, temp ctfs: 2....96⅜; 27....96¼; 15....96⅛; 10....96⅛; 18....96⅛; 8....96⅛; 10....96⅛; 2....96⅛; 20....96⅛; 24....96⅛; 27....96; 16....96⅛; 40....96
Peop G & C of Chi con 6s: 1....101
PereMar 1st 5s: 1....86
1st 4s: 1....71; 1....70⅜
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1924: 1....92; 2....91⅛; 5....91; 4....91⅛
St L, I M & S gen 5s: 2....96⅛
unl & ref 4s: 1....80⅛
St L & S F pr lien 4s, A: 1....61⅛; 5....60⅜; 1....60⅛; 4....60⅜
pr lien 5s, B: 5....77
adj 6s: 4....65½; 10....65⅛; 2....65⅛; 5....65
income 6s: 2....41⅛
StLSW 1st 4s 1951: 72
SAL adj 5s: 1....30⅛; 3....30⅛; 6....30⅛; 6....30⅛; 10....30; 2....29⅞; 1....30
Sincl Oil & R 1st s f 7s: 15....95⅜; 5....96; 2....95⅞; 1....95⅜; 1....96
with war: 3....99⅞
So Bell T & T 1st 5s: 1....92
So Pac cv 4s: 8....83⅛; 1....83⅜; 6....83⅛
conv 5s: 24....101; 10....100⅝; 33....100⅞; 37....100⅞; 7....100⅜; 40....100⅜; 10....100⅜; 35....100⅜; 1....100⅛; 140....100; 10....100⅛; 16....100; 1....100⅛; 49....100; 5....100⅛; 16....100⅛; 14....100⅛; 5....100⅜
1st ref 4s: 1....82⅜; 4....82⅛
SouthRy1st5s: 1....94⅛; 2....95
gen 4s: 14....67⅜; 10....67⅛; 2....67
Std Mill 1st 5s: 7....93
ThirdAvadj5s: 3....29⅛; 1....29; 2....28⅝; 33....28
Union E L & P 5s, 1932: 5....92
Un Pac 1st 4s: 11....86; 2....87⅛
conv 4s: 2....87⅛; 2....87⅛
Union Pac 6s: 9....104½; 26....104; 1....104¼; 1....104⅛; 5....106; 1....104¼; 5....104⅛
USR&Imp5s: 3....62; 5....61⅛
U S Rub 7s: 5....103; 11....102⅜
1st & ref 5s: 10....86⅜; 1....86⅛; 54....86⅛
USSm,Ref&M cv 6% notes: 1....99
U S Steel Corp s f 5s: 12....100; 1....99⅞; 1....100
Wabash 1st 5s: 1....95; 10....97⅛
Westn Pac 5s: 1....85
Wilson & Co 1st 6s: 4....97⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Foreign Sec. 5s	99⅜	99¾
Anglo French 5s	97¼	97⅛
Argentine 5s	90	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅞	98¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96⅞	97
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	98
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	70	71½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	93½	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90¼	96¾
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104	..
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅛	1
City of Lyons 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	..
Japanese 4½s	87½	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87	88½
Japanese 4s	70	75
City of Tokio 5s	81¼	82⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅛	..
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100⅛	[illegible]
United States of Mexico 5s	66	75
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98⅜	Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	98
2s, c, 1930	97½	98⅜	Pan 3s, r, 1961	89	92
3s, r, 1946	88	91⅛	Pan 3s, c, 1961	89	92
3s, c, 1946	88	91⅛	P I 4s, '34	89	98¼
4s, r, 1925	104¼	104½	P I 4s, '35	89	96
4s, c, 1925	104¼	104½	P I 4s, '36	89	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	95	98
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	98			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ajax Rub.	70½	71
Alb & Sus.	..	185
Alls & W.	97½	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	98⅝	98½
Am B N	32½	35
Do pf.	43	48
Am B Sug pf.	85	89
Am Br. Sh pf.	150	165
Am C & F pf.	113	115
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	86	92
Am Exp.	90	93
Am Ice pf.	51	55
Am Lin pf	88	89¼
Am Lo pf.	101	101¾
Am M 1st pf.	42½	46
Am Shipb.	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	91¼	93¼
Am Sn pf.	95	101
Am Sug R pf.	113	115
Am S Tob pf.	92	97
Am T & C.	55	70
Am W pf.	94½	95¼
Asso D G 1st pf.	59	68
Do 2d pf.	59	..
Assoc Oil	68	73
A, B & A.	7½	8
Atl C. L.	95½	97½
Bald Lo pf	102	107
Barrett Co pf.	110½	114
Batop M.	1½	1½
B'ch Cr'k.	30¾	..
Beth Steel.	55½	56¼
Do 7% pf.	90	95
Booth Fish	19	19½
B U Gas.	80	90
Brown Sh.	68	71
Do pf.	96¼	100
B, R & P.	65	72½
Do pf.	90	107
Burns Bros pf.	110	115
Bush Ter.	..	97
B C & Z.	6	6½
Cal Pet pf.	86¼	87
Cal & Ariz	59	59¾
Can So.	43	50
Cent Fdy.	17	28
Do pf.	31	34
C R R of N J.	209	230
C & S A T.	114	118
C'tain-teed	..	38¼
Do 1st pf	85	..
Chand Mot.	103	104
Chi & Alt.	7	10¼
Do pf.	..	12
C & N W pf.	131¼	136
C, C, C & St L pf.	62½	75
Cl & Pitts.	69½	80
Do spec.	38	..
Clu-P, ex div	63¼	64
Do pf.	106	..
Col F pf.	102	..
O & S 1st pf.	48	50
Do 2d pf.	41½	48
Comp T R.	36	38¼
C I C M.	8	9⅛
Cont C pf.	104¼	107½
Cont Ins.	59½	60
Crex Carp.	47	55
C-Am Sug.	150	160
D & Co pf.	95	96½
D, L & W.	173	178
Det Ed.	110	117
Det & M.	..	85
Do pf.	..	110
Det U Ry.	81	88
D, S S & A.	3	3½
Do pf.	5	7
Elec S B.	50	55
Elk H C.	27¾	29
Do pf.	39½	43
Erie & P.	..	70
Fed M & S.	9	11
Do pf.	33½	35¾
Fisher Bdy	37	42
Do pf, ex div	92	93⅞
Gen Chem.	168	175
Do pf.	102	107
Gen Cig pf	91	106
G'drich pf.	101½	103¾
G, M & N.	7	9
Do pf.	30	31
Gulf S S 1st pf.	94	96½
Hartman.	54½	58
Hask & B.	42	43
Homestake	94¼	98
Int Agri.	11½	13
Int H pf.	114	..
Int N pf.	95	..
Int Pa pf.	75	90
Int Salt.	52	62
Iowa Cent.	2½	4
Jew Tea pf	89	90
K C, Ft S & M pf.	59	..
Kelly S T pf.	90	100
Kelsey Wh pf, ex d.	89	95
K & D M.	3	5
Do pf.	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P.	..	98
Kresge(S S)	106	..
Do pf.	105	..
Kress(S H) pf.	105½	..
Lee Rub T.	21¼	22
Ligg & M.	190	220
Do pf.	108	110
L-W Risc.	45½	46
Do 1st pf	95¼	..
Do 2d pf.	96¾	97½
Lorill'd Co pf.	109	110
Louis & N.	112½	114½
M'kay Cos.	70	70½
Man B'ch.	¼	3
Man El S.	..	44
Man Shirt.	67	78
Marlin R.	71	80
Math Alk.	..	43¼
Max Motor 2d pf.	19½	20
M Dep Sts pf.	104	106
Mex Pet pf.	103½	..
Mich Cent.	85¾	99
M, St P & S S M.	85	88
Do pf.	100	108
Do l l.	60	70
Mon P pf.	104	..
N, C & St L.	110	120
Nat B pf.	118	120
Nat C & S.	70	73
Do pf.	103	104
Nat En pf.	93	97
Nat L pf.	108	..
Nat Rys of M 2d pf.	8	8½
N Y C & St L.	26	28
Do 1st pf	60	66
Do 2d pf	43	47
N Y Dock pf.	40	47
N Y, L & West.	82¼	100
Norf South	15	17
Norf & W pf.	72¾	..
North Am.	47	48
Nor Cent.	67	..
Neva So S.	53	54
Ohio F S.	42½	43½
Ont Min.	6	6½
Owens B M	47	48
Owens B M pf.	104	109
Pac Coast.	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf.	55	80
Pan-Am P & T pf.	117	119
Peo Gas.	45½	47
Peo & E.	4½	6
Pere M pr pf.	53	60
Do pf.	40	44
Pett-Mull.	25	45½
Do 1st pf	94	100
Pierce-A pf	102	102¾
Pitts C pf.	84	86
P, Ft W & C.	132	138
Pitts S pf.	90	94
Pitts & W Va pf.	78	79
Pr Stl Car pf.	100	103½
P S, N J.	91	..
R R Sec. 1 C stk cfs.	..	72
Ry Stl Spr pf.	102¼	107
Rdg 2d pf.	37¾	38½
Rep I & S pf.	100¼	102
St L S F pf.	23	27
Saxon Mtr.	7¼	7½
Sears-R pf.	115	125
S-S S & I pf.	87	90
So P R S.	125	138
Do pf.	107	110
St'd Mill.	120	132
Do pf.	86	90
Studeb Co pf.	92	97
Sup Steel 1st pf.	95	101
T P L Tr.	200	290
Third Av.	13⅛	14½
Tide W O.	218	223
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs.	..	6
Do pf.	10	20
Do pf c.	10	15
Tran & W.	37½	38½
T C R T.	36	42
Do pf.	76	125
Und Typo.	117	122
Do pf.	110	..
U B & P.	75	78
Un Cig Sts pf.	110	125
U Drug 1st pf.	51	53
Do 2d pf.	85	94
U Dyew'd.	50	61
Do pf.	90	95
U Rys Inv.	7¼	8
Do pf.	15⅛	17
U S C I P.	13½	14½
Do pf.	42	46½
U S Sm pf	44	45½
Utah Sec.	13⅞	14½
Va I, C & Coke	57	60
Va R & P.	..	48
Wabash pf B.	18⅝	20
W F Exp.	66	73½
W Md 2d pf.	20	29
West Pac.	18	19
W E & M 1st pf.	60	65
W & L E pf.	17	20
W-Over pf.	86½	89½
Wilson pf.	90	99
Wis Cent.	30	35
Wor Pump.	54	55
Do pf. A.	86	89¼
Do pf. B.	66¼	67½

To Issue New Air Reduction Stock.

Stockholders of the Air Reduction Company will be asked at a special meeting scheduled for Feb. 19 to approve an increase in the common stock of the company to 258,320 shares of no par value. Subject to the approval of the stockholders, the Directors will offer 47,082 shares of the common stock to common stockholders of record on that date at $50 a share, this being 40 per cent. of their respective holdings. The Directors urge that common stockholders subscribe for only 20 per cent. of their holdings, so that part of the new shares which is not subscribed, to the number of 10,504 shares, will be set aside for the conversion of 5,252 shares of preferred stock which is held by French holders who did not feel that they could convert their stock into common when other holders of the preferred did so. This conversion will eliminate all of the company's preferred stock. The company has trebled its business and earnings and is now operating twenty oxygen plants.

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WANT PEACE PARLEY TO AID IN MEXICO

Powerful Banking Interests Join in Move to Send Delegation to Versailles.

FIVE GROUPS REPRESENTED

Look for the Co-operation of Foreign Interests in the Settlement of Problems.

Some of the most powerful banking interests in the city, among them J. P. Morgan & Co., the Guaranty Trust Company, the First National Bank, and the National City Bank, have become identified with the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico and will lend support to the determination of the association to send representatives to the Peace Conference at Paris in the hope that a solution of the difficulties can be decided upon there. The proposal of the association to send such delegates abroad, which has been under consideration for several weeks, was formally ratified at a meeting of the Executive Committee yesterday morning at the offices of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company. As yet no delegates have been named. The Executive Committee decided that each of the various groups of interests identified with the association should have the privilege of designating a representative, so that there would be a delegation equipped with all of the facts regarding each phase of the Mexican question.

The association now represents five distinct interests in Mexico, namely, mining and smelting, petroleum, industrial, and banking, and two more may be added shortly, transportation and labor. E. L. Doheny, President of the Mexican Petroleum Company, it is believed, will be selected as the delegate to represent American oil interests. It is the belief that the mining men will have as their representative Cornelius F. Kelley, Vice President of the Anaconda Copper Company, which is interested in the Mexican situation through its holdings n Greene-Cananea. Mr. Kelley is already planning a trip to Europe in the interests of the recently formed Copper Export Association. Thomas W. Lamont, one of the partners in J. P. Morgan & Co., is to sail for Europe shortly in the interest of the Treasury Department, and for this reason it is improbable that he will act for the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, although he may be an adviser to the delegation. It is known that Mr. Lamont has been keenly interested in Mexican affairs and that, while he has not attended all of the meetings of the National Association, he has usually had present as his alternate Martin Egan, also of Morgan & Co. The latter was in attendance at yesterday's Executive Committee meeting.

It is said that there has not been thus far any active co-operation between the National Association and similar associations which it is known either are forming or have been formed, in other countries, notably England, France, and Canada. It is understood, however, that there will be closer co-operation in the future, and that whatever action is taken in Paris will be the result of concerted action by all interests which have affiliations in Mexico. E. L. Doheny, speaking for the National Association, said:

"We sincerely hope and believe that the consideration of the problems which will arise in the new countries that will be created will also furnish a solution for the vexed question existing in Mexico.

"In my opinion there will be involved in the discussions a question which is applicable not only to Governments already established, but particularly to Governments which may be established on the ruins of those that have lately ceased to exist. Out of the territory of the four great empires that have recently disintegrated in Central and Eastern Europe will be constructed many different States, with entirely new and perhaps different forms of government than those which formerly existed.

"The question which has been raised by the Mexican Government is one which will necessarily arise in each of the new score or more of countries that will be formed in Eastern Europe. Will the people holding the reins in these new Governments act as though they had descended by means of some great space navigating craft, from Mars, the moon, or other celestial body, on an uninhabited planet, and proceed to appropriate for the Government which they may form, all of the land and other forms of property which exist, or will they be compelled by the decent public opinion of mankind to conform to the well established usages of all civilized nations when occupying conquered lands and respect the rights both in person and in property ofthe inhabitants thereof?

"In the expansion of the United States over the area which it now occupies, outside of the original thirteen colonies, whether acquired by purchase or by conquest, the rights both in person and in property of all the inhabitants have always been fully recognized. Our courts have even confirmed in the holders of Spanish grants within the boundaries of Arizona New Mexico, and California greater privileges thanu were given by either the Spanish or Mexican Government to the original grantees.

BRITISH LOAN RECOVERS.

Announcement of Conversion Rights Causes Rise in 4½% Issue.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The 4½ per cent. war loan today recovered from yesterday's decline of 8 points to 91½, and was quoted at the opening at 99 in consequence of an announcement by the Government that the loan would have conversion rights in the new issue of 5 per cent. National War Bonds for five or ten years.

The issue of new war bonds completely surprised the financial market where it had been thought for some time that any fresh borrowings would take the form of a long-term loan at a lower rate of interest.

Much dissatisfaction was expressed on the Stock Exchange at yesterday's quotations on the 4½ per cent. war loan which slumped when the conversion rights lapsed with the withdrawal of the seven-year war bonds. The unexpected announcement by the Government last night that the new war bonds would carry equally the valuable conversion rights for the 4½ per cent. war loan caused a sharp recovery in the 4½ per cents today and it is believed that yesterday's transactions will be canceled officially.

Corn Exchange Capital Increased.

Stockholders of the Corn Exchange National Bank, at their annual meeting yesterday, ratified the proposed increase in the capital of the bank from $3,500,000 to $4,200,000 by the issuance of 7,000 shares at $100 each. Retiring Directors were re-elected.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.90	5.60
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.88	5.62
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'28	4½	5.90	5.80
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	7.25	6.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.90	5.40
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.20	5.60
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.90	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.80	5.35
Michigan Central	1919-'30	5	5.90	5.50
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.95
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.65	5.53
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.00	5.50
Penn. Gen. Fght.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.75	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.95	5.85
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.40	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	0	7.00	0.20
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.35
Southern Railroad	1919-'24	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Union Tank Line	1919-'20	6	6.50	5.50

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	State.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15, '20	98	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99¾	99¾	..
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1918	99	99¾	5.50
Norweg. Gov.	8	Feb., 1923	99½	100½	5.80
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Govt.	6½	June, 1919	80	81	..
Do rubles.	5½	Feb. 14, '20	135	140	..
Russian Govt.	5½	Dec., 1921	59	61	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99½	5.50

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100¼	100⅞	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99⅞	5.25
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	6.00
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1923	100⅝	101¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101⅛	101⅜	5.25
Am. Tob Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅝	102	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102⅛	102⅜	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅜	103	6.05
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅛	103⅜	6.10
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96½	99½	7.00
B. & O. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	6.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '19	100⅛	100⅜	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '20	100⅜	101	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '21	100⅝	101	6.55
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	100⅞	101	6.85
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	101	101¼	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	100¼	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	89	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	97⅛	98½	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	96⅜	97⅛	7.15
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99⅝	100⅜	5.56
Cub.-Am. Sug.	8	Jan., 1921	99½	100¼	5.85
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15, '23	102¼	102⅝	6.80
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1910	98¾	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98¾	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	94	95	..
F. G. Sug. R.	6.5	Jan., 1920	97½	99	6.55
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.35
Gen. Electric.	8	July, 1920	100⅝	100⅞	5.40
Gt. S. P.	6	June, 1921	98	99½	6.20
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	8	Apr., 1919	98½	100	6.00
Met. Ry.		Dec., 1920	85	87½	6.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99½	5.80
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	96	99¾	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C. N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitts. & S. S. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100½	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100⅝	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	101⅝	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102⅝	103½	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103½	104¼	5.75
Rem. A. U. M. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99½	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing, W.	6	Dec., 1919	102¾	103¼	..
St. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	5.40
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	99⅝	99⅞	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99½	100	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	99½	99½	7.50
United Lt. & Ry.	6	May, 1920	95	98½	8.00
U. L. & Ry.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15, '23	89	90	0.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100½	4.75
Wm. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99¾	100	7.00

COTTON SLUMPS, THEN RISES

Reports of Exports Indicate Larger Takings to Run Through Month.

After breaking to some new low records for the present movement, yesterday's cotton market turned, and on buying of a rather good character recovered well, finishing the day at gains of 5 to 45 points over Monday's closing. The buying which turned the market upward came from local trade and ring sources, with some of the so-called Wall Street houses participating. The selling was mostly for Southern account. Liverpool appeared to be more or less out of the market for the moment.

The technical position yesterday was considerably strengthened by the early selling, coming, as it did, on top of heavy selling on Monday, and a fairly large amount of short covering was reported in the afternoon. In addition, trade advices were somewhat more reassuring, especially with regard to the export movement, which shows signs of expanding to very respectable proportions. Yesterday's reports of exports were good, and it was generally believed that from now to the end of the month efforts will be made to forward more of the staple than has been moving in the recent past.

The early break in the January option was credited to the circulation of notices, estimated at 2,000 bales. When these were stopped, however, the price quickly recovered to around 25.50c, a gain of more than $5 a bale. This rally carried other old crop options up, and the more popular new crop options also improved, so that at the close the market showed a better tone and higher prices than those of the previous day.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. day
Jan.	25.15	25.50	24.35	25.10	25.07
Feb.	23.45	23.45	23.45	23.90	23.50
Mar.	23.15	23.82	23.15	23.75@23.70	23.30
Apr.	....	22.73	22.73	22.70	22.40
May	22.10	22.53	21.85	22.47@22.50	22.15
Aug.	20.30	20.58	19.95	20.58	20.30
July	21.31	21.65	21.02	21.64	21.40
Sep.	20.10	20.40	19.75	20.20	20.05
Oct.	19.88	20.05	19.43	19.50@20.00	19.80

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 20 points decline to 27.85c for middling upland; sales, 700 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 28.25c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 26.68c; Memphis, 29.25c; Houston, 27c; Little Rock, 28c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last. Yr.
Port receipts	25,425	31,102	27,986
Exports	33,619	10,663	4,730
Exports, season	2,247,528	2,051,073	2,306,904
N. Y. stocks	93,082	82,818	145,212
Port stocks	1,436,221	1,474,840	1,419,256
N. Y. arrivals	4,874	2,843	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was pressed for sale, with middling, old contract, at 16.58d, and good middling, new contract, at 19.80d. Sales, 1,000 bales, of which 500 were American. Imports, 7,000 bales, 3,000 American. Futures opened easy, 50 to 76 points lower, and closed unsettled, 13 to 65 points from the previous day. Prices: Jan., 17.09d.; Feb., 16.18d; March, 14.92d; April, 13.62d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths dull and easy.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Wed.; Thurs. cloudy, probably becoming unsettled by Thurs. night.

S. C., Ga., and Fla.—Partly cloudy Wed.; Thurs. unsettled, probably rain, continued warm.

Ala. and Miss.—Cloudy, with probably rain, Wed. and Thurs., cooler Thurs.

Tenn. and Ky.—Cloudy Wed., probably followed by rain; Thurs. rain and cooler.

Ohio—Fair Wed.; Thurs. becoming unsettled; mild temperature.

Ind.—Unsettled Wed., probably followed by rain; Thurs. rain and colder.

Mich.—Threatening, with probably rain Wed.; Thurs. rain or snow and colder.

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THREE GUGGENHEIMS RETIRE AS OFFICERS

Relinquish Active Management of American Smelting Co. to Younger Men.

SIMON TO BE PRESIDENT

Daniel and Murry Will Continue on Directorate, While S. R. Guggenheim Will Withdraw Entirely.

The active management of the great mining and smelting interests of the American Smelting & Refining Company and the American Smelters' Securities Company has been relinquished to younger hands by Daniel Guggenheim, Murry Guggenheim and S. R. Guggenheim. Their retirement was announced yesterday. Daniel Guggenheim was succeeded as president of the two companies by Simon Guggenheim, a younger brother, who was formerly a United States Senator from Colorado. The retiring head of the metal concern plans to leave for California next week for an extended trip, and on his return his only connection with the corporations will be as a director. Simon Guggenheim was formerly Chairman of the Board of Directors and was succeeded in this office by Edgar L. Newhouse, previously First Vice President.

Murry Guggenheim retired as Chairman of the Finance Committees of the companies, which have always been closely affiliated, and as a member of the Executive Committees and was succeeded by Simon Guggenheim. The former will continue as a director. S. R. Guggenheim withdrew from both the Chairmanship of the Executive Committee and from the directorate, the office of Executive Committee Chairman being filled by the new President.

"For many years the senior members of the firm of Guggenheim Brothers have been the dominant factors in the management of the affairs of the American Smelting & Refining Company and of the American Smelting Securities Company," said Daniel Guggenheim in a statement to stockholders yesterday, "and have occupied a number of the most important official positions in these companies. They feel that if these companies are to retain and improve their business positions it is advisable to turn over the management and control to younger and more aggressive men. They believe the time has now arrived when they are warranted in making a change in the management of these companies, and it has been decided that three of the older members of the firm of Guggenheim Brothers should retire, so that the important offices of President, Chairman of the Executive Committee and Chairman of the Finance Committee may be filled by others.

"It is the expressed wish of the Board of Directors that the Hon. Simon Guggenheim, formerly United States Senator, who for the past six years has been active in the management of these companies, as Chairman of the Board of Directors, should succeed to the Presidency of the smelting company and the securities company. He is a very capable merchant, experienced in the smelting business, and by temperament well qualified to fill the position of President. The other offices will be filled by men now connected with the companies, who are in every respect fully capable of filling the same. It is the intention of Mr. Murry Guggenheim and myself to remain as members of the Board of Directors, and we will place our services at the disposal of the Directors of the companies in an advisory capacity, but without compensation.

"In making the changes herein outlined we are doing so at a time when the earnings of the past fiscal year are satisfactory and the finances of the companies are in excellent shape. As to the immediate future, because of the problems of reconstruction confronting the whole world, some difficult months may be expected, but I am a great optimist as to the future, based upon the enormous demands that must be made for raw materials. These demands will be felt as soon as the various business interests realize that prices and supplies are at a low ebb.

"Those succeeding to our positions are contemplating putting into effect many excellent plans which will be of prime importance and which will, I believe, insure their signal success in directing the affairs of the companies. During the years of my Presidency many important reforms in the business have been inaugurated, and none more important, in my judgment, than permitting its important managing and operating officials and employes a participation in the profits of the companies. I consider this an opportune time, because of some unfriendly intimations which have reached me from a few shareholders of the companies, to state that no member of the firm of Guggenheim Brothers has ever participated in any way in such distribution of profits. I take this occasion to express my very best wishes for the continued success of these great corporations."

Ex-Senator Guggenheim has been associated with his brothers in the mining business for the last thirty years, except for the six years from 1907 on, when he was at Washington. He was born in Philadelphia on Dec. 30, 1867, educated in that city and in Europe, and became local manager of the Philadelphia Smelting and Refining Company's plant at Pueblo, Col., in 1888. Later he became interested in the Mexican operations of the Guggenheim properties. He is married and has two sons.

At the Guggenheim offices it was said yesterday that the new plans referred to in Daniel Guggenheim's statement comprised suggestions which the "younger blood" had made and did not bear on specific undertakings. It is expected that the expansion of operations in Mexico will be included in the measures in view.

HIDE & LEATHER REPORT.

Company's Surplus for Last Quarter Was $333,242.

The report of the American Hide and Leather Company for the quarter ended Dec. 31 showed a surplus after charges and Federal tax allowances of $33,242, a decrease of $315,587 from the figures of the preceding quarter. The surplus in the December quarter was equal to $2.56 a share on the $13,000,000 preferred stock, as compared with $4.99 a share in the quarter immediately preceding. The net earnings for the December quarter amounted to $498,617 after allowances for replacements, renewals, Federal taxes, and the like. In 1917 the earnings for the same quarter were $867,587, no allowances being made for extra charges such as Federal taxes. In the same quarter of 1916 the net amounted to $1,235,337, and the surplus was $1,069,962, as compared with $333,242 in the quarter just passed.

For the six months ended Dec. 31 the company's surplus after charges and Federal taxes was $982,072, this being equal to $7.55 a share on the preferred stock, as compared with $1,026,099, or $7.89 a share, during the corresponding period of 1917. The net earnings for six months of 1918 after charges and Federal taxes amounted to $1,312,822, a slight decrease from the report for the corresponding months of 1917, which showed $1,356,849. The surplus for six months of 1918 was $982,072, a decrease of $44,027 from the corresponding months of 1917. The company's net current assets on Dec. 31 were $14,262,025 and bonds in the hands of the public totaled $2,861,000.

Chile Copper Report.

The combined report of the Chile Copper Company and the Chile Exploration Company for the quarter ended with September, 1918, showed a surplus after charges of $2,701,630, which was equal to 71 cents a share on the copper company's $95,000,000 outstanding stock, par value $25. This compared with 38 cents a share in the quarter ended with June, 1918. The surplus for the quarter was $2,701,630, compared with $1,445,747 in the June quarter.

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American Bosch Magneto Corporation
(New York Corporation)
Capital Stock
Capitalization Authorized And Issued
60,000 Shares of Capital Stock (without Par Value)
$1,800,000 Seven Per Cent. Serial Gold Notes Due 1920, 1921, 1922.

The Bosch Magneto Company was originally formed in 1906. A large plant was erected at Springfield, Mass., which was placed in operation in 1912. The entire capital stock and certain patent rights, etc., were seized by A. Mitchell Palmer, the Alien Property Custodian, and were sold by him in December, 1918. The American Bosch Magneto Corporation has been formed under New York laws and has acquired all the property, business and patent rights and other assets of the Bosch Magneto Company.

The net quick assets alone as of September 30, 1918, were $4,367,767—equal to par for the notes and $42.00 a share for the stock. The value of the plant and equipment as certified by the Manufacturers' Appraisal Co. as of September 30, 1918, was $2,363,300. Total net assets were $6,703,526—equal to par for the notes and $81.00 a share for the stock. The plant includes a factory building of re-inforced concrete construction, four stories in height, with a floor space of over five acres. Patent rights are carried at $1.00.

Average annual net earnings for the five and one-quarter years ended September 30, 1918, were $970,800, or at the rate of more than seven times annual interest requirements on the notes. These average earnings are equal to over $14 per share for the stock.

The directors will include Arthur T. Murray, George A. MacDonald, Martin E. Kern, Harry C. Dodge, C. H. Dwinnell, Duncan A. Holmes, Philip L. Spalding, Henry N. Sweet.

A majority of the stock having been sold, we offer the unsold balance, subject to prior sale, at $65 per share.

All legal details have been passed upon by Messrs. Herrick, Smith, Donald and Farley. An audit of the books has been made by Messrs. Ernst & Ernst, Certified Public Accountants, and an appraisal of the plants and properties by the Manufacturers' Appraisal Company.

The above statements are not guaranteed, but are based upon information believed to be reliable.

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Series B, 1919
ISSUED UNDER THE PHILADELPHIA PLAN
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In coupon form for $1,000 each with provision for registration of principal. Dividends payable January 1 and July 1. The Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Philadelphia, Trustee.

The information given below is summarized from a letter from the President of the Canadian Northern Railway.

The Certificates represent, at par, only 70% of the cash contract cost of new railway equipment pledged with the Trustee, which retains title until all the Certificates have been paid. With this large initial cash payment and the retirement of 10% of the certificates each year, over 50% of the equipment cost will have been paid within three years.

Under the provisions of the Statutes of Canada relating to the Canadian Northern Railway Company, the rentals payable by the company under the lease of the trust equipment rank as a working expenditure of the railway, and thus constitute a claim against its earnings prior to both principal and interest of all its mortgage debt.

The Canadian Northern Railway is owned by the Government of the Dominion of Canada, which has acquired the outstanding $100,000,000 capital stock under authority of Acts of the Dominion Parliament.

Prices:
1919 Maturity, 6% basis; all other Maturities, 6¼% basis.

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Merchants Coal 5s, 1937
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INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM

Prominent buying has been responsible for this stock's activity. The company's position for marketing products on the West Coast has been improved. Situation in the market treated in current number of our

WEEKLY REVIEW "No. 334"

Copies sent without obligation.
Among other issues discussed are:

Keystone Tire — Intercont. Rubber — Marconi Wireless — Midcoast Oil — General Asphalt — Royal Dutch

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Lima Locomotive
Manati Sugar
National Surety
Penna. Coal & Coke
Penn Seaboard Steel
Port Lobos Petroleum
Remington Typewriter Stocks
Santa Cecelia Sugar Pfd.
Studebaker 7% Notes
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70 Cripple Creek Cent. Ry. Com.
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100 General Baking Com. & Pfd.
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5M Kolb Bakery 5s, 1937

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POCKET MANUAL
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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Pacific Products Co., Inc., will be held at the offices of the company, 33 Union Square, New York City, Wednesday, January 29th, at 12 o'clock noon.

PLAN CAMPAIGN FOR TRADE ACCEPTANCES

New Organization Will Urge Their Use by Bankers and Merchants.

LOCAL COUNCILS TO AID

Governor Harding of Reserve Board Says New Legislation May Be Sought to Expand Demand.

The American Acceptance Council, which springs from the American Trade Acceptance Council, was organized yesterday at a meeting in the rooms of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building. Articles of association were adopted and an Executive Committee, which is ultimately to consist of twenty-four members, eight of whom will be chosen later, was appointed. This committee consists of the following: L. B. Pierson, Paul M. Warburg, Morton H. Fry, J. H. Tregoe of New York, D. G. Wing of Boston, William A. Law of Philadelphia, Forrest Ferguson of St. Louis, Jerome Thralls of New York, A. J. Sands of Richmond, Va., J. F. Holdsworthy of Pittsburgh, Charles W. Dupuis of Cincinnati, M. A. Taylor of Chicago, J. T. McCarty, Houston, Texas; Randall N. Durfee, Fall River, Mass.; Henry Burden, Cazenovia, N. Y., and Herbert C. Freeman.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. Pierson, and was addressed by W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, and by Paul M. Warburg, formerly Vice Governor of the Federal Reserve Board. Jerome Thralls, Chairman of the special committee appointed to draw up the plan whereby the American Trade Acceptance Council was reorganized as the American Acceptance Council, presented his report and plan, which were adopted.

Purpose of the Organization.

The purpose of the new organization, as set forth in the articles of association, is "to conduct a nation-wide educational campaign, designed to inform the business people and bankers as to the merits of trade and bank acceptances, the method of their use in foreign and domestic merchandising, and for the additional purpose of aiding in the establishment of a comprehensive open discount market and to assist in other matters that will improve the credit system and strengthen the financial position of America."

It is planned to organize Acceptance Councils in many cities throughout the country. To this end an Organization Committee will be appointed to make an immediate survey of the United States. The local councils will work with the central body and every effort will be made to popularize acceptances both with business interests and with banks and other possible investment interests.

Views of Governor Harding.

Governor Harding, in his address, laid stress on the desirability of popularizing the acceptance, and pointed out that with the withdrawal of the Government from the short-term market there was an unusual opportunity for accomplishing this at the present time. As for hostility toward the acceptance on the part of some large commercial houses, Governor Harding said he thought this arose from a fear that widespread use of acceptances might lead to abuses of the practice, and expressed the opinion that in preventing, or correcting abuses the Acceptance Council could do valuable work. Governor Harding also said that the Federal Reserve Board was contemplating asking for legislation which, he thought, would further expand the investment demand for acceptances. In this respect the plan now considered, he said, was to ask that national banks be allowed to "accept" to 200 per cent. of their capital and surplus, the whole amount being divided: 50 per cent. for domestic acceptances; 50 per cent. for "dollar exchange"; 100 per cent. for acceptances growing out of export or import business. This would apply, he said, only to banks whose capital and surplus were $1,000,000 or more.

Mr. Warburg, while agreeing with Mr. Harding on most points, took issue with him on the desirability of increasing the legal limits of acceptance by banks and advocated in place of this the creation of new companies whose business will be essentially that of accepting.

"There is nobody that is more ambitious than I in wishing the United States to become a leader in the acceptance business," said Mr. Warburg, "but I believe the basis for it must be furnished by a proportionate increase in capital and surplus, or by organizing a growing number of acceptance corporations, or by interesting a growing number of private banking firms, but not by unreasonably overextending the individual acceptance obligations."

As for the Acceptance Council, Mr. Warburg said he believed it could do invaluable service to the nation by informing business men of the use of the medium for financing their needs, and by enlisting the interest of banking firms and institutions in the investment possibilities presented.

CITY FINANCES.

Chamberlain's statement of receipts, payments and balances for the week ended Jan. 18:

CITY TREASURER.

Balance Jan. 11 ... $15,224,125.91
Receipts: Revenues, $1,380,804.05; miscellaneous, $48,105.36; loans: asst. bonds, $100,000; revenue bills, $5,250,000; corp stock notes, $700,000 ... 7,478,909.41
$22,703,035.32

Payments: General administrat'n, $4,083,820.54; repayment of tempor'ry loans corp. stock notes, $2,500,000; redemption of city debt, $184,447.44; interest on city debt, $29,447.44 ... 6,747,724.42

Balance Jan. 18 ... $15,955,310.90

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance: Uninvested Jan. 11 ... $3,664,589.18
Receipts ... 500,266.95
4,164,856.13
Payments ... 1,052,609.29
Balance: Uninvested Jan. 18 ... 3,112,246.84
Aggregate bal ... $19,067,557.74

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.50	...	5.87½
Spelter	...	7.45	...	7.50
Antimony	...	7.50	7.37½	7.62½
Quicksilver	$105.00	...	$105.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2 X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Monday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	91 0 0	93 0 0
Copper, futures	84 0 0	83 0 0
Tin, spot	250 0 0	251 0 0
Tin, futures	245 5 0	247 0 0
Spelter	56 0 0	56 0 0
Lead	35 0 0	35 0 0

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Am. H. & L. pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Balt. & Ohio	2	—	Mar. 1	Jan. 28
Do pf.	2	S	Mar. 1	Jan. 28
Canada Cement pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 16	Jan. 31
C. R. R. of N. J.	2	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 30
Farmers Loan & Tr.	5	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
Gen. Cigar pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 24
Manfd. Rubber pf.	3	—	Jan. 27	Jan. 24
Montreal L. H. & P.	1	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Stand. Oil, Kansas	$3	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 14
Do	$3	Ex.	Feb. 28	Feb. 14
Thos. G. Plant pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 31	Jan. 17

WANT PROFITS DISTRIBUTED

Savage Arms Protective Committee Ask Proxies of Stockholders.

William Hamlin Childs, George C. Hollister, Neal Dow Becker, William D. Lyon, and Robert L. Kine, who have been chosen to act as a protective committee for holders of stock in the Savage Arms Corporation, have sent out a circular asking for proxies, in which they say that it is their opinion that the company, which was enlarged for war purposes, could and should distribute from $50 to $75 a share to the common stock holders.

The committee suggests that the distribution might be accomplished through a reduction of the capital stock. The circular, after stating the position of the committee, says in conclusion:

"If you agree with us that a substantial part of the assets accumulated during the war period through the manufacture of the Lewis gun should be returned to the holders of the stock now, we ask you to sign and return at once the proxy herewith inclosed."

Dividend on Standard Oil of Kansas.

NEODESHA, Kan., Jan. 21.—The Standard Oil Company of Kansas today declared the regular quarterly dividend of $3 a share and an extra dividend of $3 a share, payable Feb. 14. Stock books will not be closed.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The National City Company, Harris, Forbes & Co., and the Equitable Trust Company have purchased an issue of $3,000,000 three-year 5 per cent. Province of Ontario bonds which they will offer at 97⅝, to yield about 5⅞ per cent. Delivery and payment are to be made in the United States.

Strong, Sturgis & Co. and Colgate, Parker & Co. are offering a part of $1,000,000 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the South Porto Rico Sugar Company at $107.50 a share, to yield about 7.45 per cent. The stock is preferred as to earnings, property and assets.

Edward T. Horwill and Rawdon W. Kellogg were elected members of the board of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company at the annual meeting of stockholders yesterday.

Luigi Criscuolo, formerly in the finance division of the United States Railroad Administration, has become associated with Merrill, Lynch & Co.

Lamborn & Co. have issued a circular entitled "Cuban American Versus Cuba Cane," which is a comparison of the two companies based on their recent annual reports.

The National City Company has issued a leaflet containing brief descriptions of high-grade bonds, which they suggest as permanent foundations for peace investments.

There will be a meeting of members of the New York Produce Exchange this afternoon in the manager's office to consider action relative to Government price fixing.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Mexican	.08
Alta	.02	Occidental	.40
Andes	.04	Ophir	.01
Best & Belcher	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con.	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.08
Con. Virginia	.04	Mexican dollars	.77½
Hale & Norcross	.01		

TONOPAH.		GOLDFIELD.	
Belmont	2.60	Atlanta	.04
Brougher Divide	.17	Booth	.13
Cash Boy	.06	Florence	.12
Gold Zone	.13	Goldfield Con.	.22
Halifax	.16	Goldfield Merger	.05
Jim Butler	.33	Great Bend	.03
McNamara	.28	Jumbo Ext.	.13
Midway	.29	Kewanas	.06
Mizpah	.05	Lone Star	.06
Monarch Pitts	.07	Silver Pick	.04
Montana	.14	Spearhead	.20
North Star	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.07	Manhattan Con.	.04
Tonopah Divide	2.65	Nevada Hills	.03
Tonopah Ext.	2.20	Packard	.25
West End	1.27½	Rochester	.28
West Tonopah	.15	Round Mountain	.30
		United Eastern	4.25
		White Caps	.15

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	5¼	McKinney	7½	8¼
Dr. Jackpot	4	5	Portland	100	105½
Elkton	14	20	U. Gold M.	14¼	16
Golden C.	176	178	Vindicator	41	43
Granite	18¼	24	Rose Nicol.	13	13½
Isabella	5¼	6¼			

EARNINGS.

AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER for the quarter ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Net earnings	$498,617	$867,587	$1,235,337
Bond int.	50,085	58,830	62,670
Sink fd., &c.	115,290	106,546	102,705
Surplus	333,242	702,211	1,069,962
Six months—			
Net earnings	*1,312,822	1,356,849	1,511,424
Bond int.	103,870	118,970	128,010
Sink. fd., &c.	226,880	211,780	202,740
Surplus	982,072	1,026,099	1,180,674

*After replacements, renewals, Federal taxes, &c.

UNITED GAS AND ELECTRIC CORPORATION subsidiary operating companies for November—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Nov. gross	1,478,567	1,408,294	*70,273
Net aft. taxes	241,981	447,206	205,225
Sur. aft. chgs.	110,520	142,813	32,293
12 mos.' gross	16,228,554	16,196,689	*31,865
Net aft. taxes	4,058,508	5,192,554	1,134,046
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,242,679	2,630,798	1,388,119

*Increase.

The United Gas and Electric Corporation received as its proportion of the surplus earnings of subsidiary companies, for the 12 months ended Nov. 30, 1918, $708,276. Total income derived from bond investments, &c., was $884,070. After charges of $751,386, there was a balance of $132,684 available for dividends.

DIVIDENDS.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Baltimore, Md., January 21, 1919.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the net earnings of the Company for the six months ended December 31, 1918, a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Preferred stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1919, to the Stockholders of record at the close of business on January 28, 1919.

The Board also declared from the surplus earnings of the Company a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Common stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1919, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on January 28, 1919.

The transfer books will not close.
C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 2 Rector Street, New York.
January 21st, 1919.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the United States Express Company, notice is hereby given that a sixth and partial distribution of the assets of this Company, amounting to $1.25 per share, will be made February 21st, 1919, to the shareholders of record as of the 1st day of February, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

Transfer books of the Company will close at 12 o'clock noon February 1st, 1919, and re-open February 24th, 1919.
JAMES W. SMYTH, Treasurer.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
Seven-Year Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Bonds

Coupons from these Bonds, payable by their terms on February 1, 1919, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or in Boston, will be paid in New York by the Bankers' Trust Company, 10 Wall Street.
G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 27.
January 8, 1919.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two ($2.00) dollars per share on the Common Capital Stock, payable March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 10, 1919. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.
C. F. VALENTINE, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH STEEL COMPANY.
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 6, 1919.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a cash dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable March 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 15th, 1919.
D. P. BENNETT, Treasurer.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 24, 1919.
S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

PACIFIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
New York
DIVIDEND NO. 126.
January 21, 1919.

The Board of Directors of the Pacific Fire Insurance Company at a meeting this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 5%, payable January 22nd, to stockholders of record on January 21st.
H. B. LAMY, Jr., Secretary.

THE CONTINENTAL BANK OF NEW YORK
New York, January 21st, 1919.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of Three dollars and fifty cents per share, payable February 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business January 27, 1919.
F. H. HORNBY, Cashier.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year.
January	$1.34¾	$1.31	$1.34½	$1.32½	$1.27⅝
February	1.31⅞	1.28¾	1.31⅝	1.28⅞	..
March	1.29¾	1.25¾	1.29⅞	1.26	1.24¾
May	1.26¾	1.23⅝	1.26¾	1.25	1.23⅝
July	1.23⅞	1.20½	1.23¾	1.21⅞	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	66⅝	65½	66⅝	66¼	79½
February	66⅝	65	66⅝	66¼	..
March	67⅛	65⅝	67	66⅝	78
May	67⅝	65⅞	67⅝	67	76
July	65	63	65	63⅞	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 76½c; No. 2 white, 76@76½c; No. 3 white, 75½@76c; No. 4 white, 75@75½c; ordinary clipped, 70@77½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	$23.35	$23.20	$23.20	$23.35	$24.70
May	23.65	23.30	23.60	23.35	24.95
Ribs—					
January	24.52	24.47	24.50	24.77	23.95
May	22.25	21.80	22.17	22.00	24.35
Pork—					
January	45.25	45.00	45.25	46.00	47.15
May	40.25	39.00	40.15	39.85	45.75

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.55	13.30	13.40	13.24
July	13.40	13.09	13.24	13.05
September	13.25	13.00	13.14	12.95
December	13.10	12.80	12.97	12.80

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.55½	$1.55	$1.55¼
March	1.55	1.54¾	1.55
May	1.55	1.54½	1.55

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,759 packages. Market suffered a further decline of 1c. on the top grades of creamery and about ½c. on the secondary qualities. Trading was better at the decline, but tone still unsettled. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 61½@62c; extras, 92 score, 61c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 58½@60½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 56@58c; lower grades, 52@53c; unsalted, higher than extras, 63½@64c; extras, 62½@63c; firsts, 60@62c; seconds, 57@58c; State dairy tubs, finest, 60c; good to prime, 56@59c; common to fair, 51@55c; renovated, extras, 53@54c; firsts, 51@52c; lower grades, 44@48c; imitation creamery, first, 47@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 43@46c; seconds, 43½@44c; lower grades, 42@43c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 43@43½c; No. 2, 42@42½c; lower grades, 37@41½c.

EGGS.—7,062 cases. The tone of the market continues unsettled and fluctuating. The continued mild weather, with some orders to sell stock on hand are giving a little easier feeling, and it is easier to supply the demands of the trade. Prices are sustained, but the market is barely steady at prices quoted. Buyers at top figures are very critical. Little doing in storage eggs on the open market. Some lots of very inferior stock are selling at any reasonable offers. Desirable qualities are still in demand and firm, with some sales of strictly prime Fall packings above previous quotations. White eggs cleaning up fairly well, and prices firm in the ranges quoted. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 64@65c; extra firsts, 63@64c; firsts, 61½@62½c; seconds and poorer, 58@61c; dirties, No. 1, 56@57c; No. 2 and poorer, 53@55c; checks, good to choice, dry, 49@51c; undergrades, 43@48c; refrigerator, 33@35c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 70@72c; ordinary to prime, 64@69c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@70c; pullet whites, 62@64c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 70c; lower grades, 64@68c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 63@68c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 68@69c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 62@65c.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 21.—Thirty-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $725,700, were chartered today. They include:

Timothy E. Desmond Stevedoring and Contracting Company, Brooklyn, $20,000; M. and T. and T. E. Desmond, 71 Lorraine Street, Brooklyn.

Marble Toy Game Company, Manhattan, $100,000; H. D. and C. J. Crary, and J. W. Lysons, 108 West Forty-third Street.

Waldman Printing Company, Manhattan, $5,000; A. J. Waldman, and C. and A. Eisenstein, 417 Lafayette Street.

Wham & Co., Manhattan; awnings, tents, and bunting, $50,000; J. Adcock, J. R. Wham, and D. C. Champion, 230 Dean Street, Brooklyn.

New Howard Manufacturing Company, Manhattan, art linens, $20,000; L. Esses, B. Budnick, and D. I. Shapiro, 99 Nassau Street.

Belbar Auto Corporation, Bronx, $25,000; N. and S. and J. Barudin, 598 East 102d Street.

Bardow Coal Corporation, Manhattan, $5,000; L. H. Moos, E. Fichlander, and P. Monahan, 19 Cedar Street.

Triangle Jewelry Company, Manhattan, $10,000; S. Lizan, D. H. Lehman, and L. Rosenthal, 291 Broadway.

Ideal Modern Cafeteria, Manhattan, $30,000; S. Davidson, J. and J. Zimmerman, 540 West 144th Street.

Gilt Edge Baking Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. B. Bowman, L. Tendler, G. J. Hartman, 503 Grand St.

Alter Hotel and Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $10,000; T. G. Rush, S. L. Rosenfeld, C. Alter, 221 Sherman Av.

Phoebe and Dress Co., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Klein, H. E. Diamond, A. Werner, 52 West 119th St.

Schonondoa Ice Co., Oneida, $10,000; R. R. Woolver, F. L. Gardinier, W. C. Harting, Oneida.

National House and Farms Assn., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; E. Meiser, B. J. Kline, H. Rothberg, 9 Church St.

Products Import and Export Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Gillesque, A. M. and O. A. Freyberg, 287 East 162d St.

The Eastwood Builders' Corp., Rochester, $100,000; S. Forsthier, J. T. Leader, A. B. Eastwood, Rochester.

Century Auto Renting Co., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Kirschenbaum, S. Bernstein, E. Unger, 56 Willett St.

The Modern Watch Co., Manhattan, $20,000; I. Rochlin, J. Jacobs, D. I. Shapiro, 99 Nassau St.

Printcraft Press, Manhattan, $20,000; A. C. Thiel, B. Rabinowitz, R. Goldstein, 655 Fox St.

United Stereotype Supply Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. A. Down, C. J. McWilliams, R. S. Dubois, 154 Nassau St.

Troy Av. Garage, Inc., Brooklyn, $15,000; I. Pincus, I. and J. Deitchman, 88 Bowery.

Sessa Edgerton and Gerardi, Inc., Manhattan, jewelry, $12,000; M. Sessa, C. D. Edgerton, E. Gerardi, 73 East 176th St.

Schultz-Goldmann, Inc., Manhattan, jewelry business, $50,000; A. Schultz, M. Negri, H. M. Goldman, 71 Nassau St.

National Fur Skin Dressing Co., Brooklyn, $12,000; I. Katsky, H. M. Feuerstein, A. Geronemus, 1,883 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

R. and W. Hat Shop, Manhattan, $65,000; C. T. Hall, P. C. and C. Wimpfheimer, 200 5th Av.

Little Preuss Hartmann Co., Manhattan, advertising signs and novelties, $60,000; J. L. Little, H. G. Preuss, M. A. Jackson, 20 East 56th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Oppenheimer, Collins & Co., Buffalo, $300,000 to $500,000.

Curtiss Grain Corp., Buffalo, $150,000 to $250,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Aaldere Garage and Repair Co., Manhattan, to Aalders Bros., Inc.

Simon W. Greenbaum & Co., Manhattan, to Graham Co., Inc.

MERGER.

Orange and Rockland Electric Co. and Warwick Valley Light and Power Co.

AUTHORIZATION.

American Oil Corp., Mich., $100,000; representative, A. H. Steele, 11 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Manhattan Barber Towel Supply, Manhattan.
137 West 89th St. Corp., Manhattan.
John Knox Co., Manhattan.
Neuberger Co., Manhattan.
Eisenberg & Friedman, Inc., Manhattan.
The Majestic Broom Co., Manhattan.
Obermeyer & Liebmann, Manhattan.
St. Lawrence Navigation Corp., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 21.—Charters filed:

Memphis Packing Corp., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Pan-American Food Products Co., $500,000; M. L. Horty, M. A. Denver, J. D. Frock of Wilmington.

Trico Manufacturing Co., $100,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwink, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

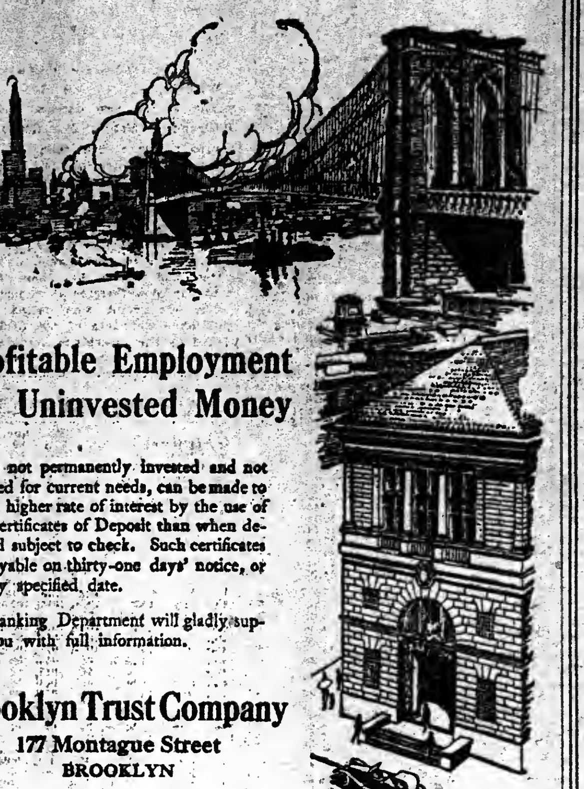
Commercial Syndicate of Detroit, $100,000; W. J. Neishmer, L. A. Burke, J. L. Burke, all of Detroit.

Ross Navigation Corp., $100,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, Philip L. Neisser, all of New York.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL STOCK.

Alpha Chemical Works, from $100,000 to $250,000.

Automatic & Co., Denver, Col., from $50,000 to $100,000.



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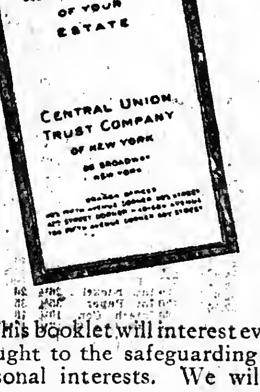
Our Banking Department will gladly supply you with full information.

Brooklyn Trust Company
177 Montague Street
BROOKLYN



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Any of the Officers of the Company will have pleasure in detailing the extent and character of these banking facilities.

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ITALIAN DISCOUNT AND TRUST COMPANY
399 BROADWAY NEW YORK
CAPITAL $500,000 · SURPLUS $250,000

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Commonwealth Bank
NEW YORK CITY.
January 14th, 1919.

At the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, held today, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Edward C. Schaefer, Daniel Brubacher, Bernhard Beinecke, Charles A. King, Edward Benneche, J. Chr. G. Hupfel, John Rheinfrank, Otto M. Eidlitz, Louis P. Bach, Gustave Lindenmeyr, William H. Schmidt, Charles A. Stadler, Thomas G. O'Connor, Frank Gulden, Ashbel P. Fitch.

Messrs. George N. Kanenbley, George A. Rheinfrank, and George G. Schaefer were unanimously elected Inspectors of Election.

At the meeting of the Directors held January 21st, 1919, the following officers were unanimously re-elected, viz.: Edward C. Schaefer, Chairman of the Board; Charles A. King, President; Bernhard Beinecke, Vice President; William H. Schmidt, 2d Vice President. Albert C. Fuchs was re-appointed Cashier and George F. A. Oit was re-appointed Assistant Cashier.
ALBERT C. FUCHS, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET
January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.
R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the MUNDELTA STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the company, 32 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 29, 1919, 11 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.
Dated, January 15, 1919.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY

A Receiver of all the property of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company having been appointed by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned have, at the request of the holders of a large amount of the company's stock, consented to act as a committee for the protection of the interests of all stockholders who shall become parties to an agreement dated January 2, 1919, copies of which may be obtained from the Depositary, the Sub-Depositary, or the Secretary of the Committee.

This crisis in the affairs of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company demands, in the judgment of the Committee, prompt and concerted action on the part of the stockholders in order to secure their proper protection, and in order that the representation of the stockholders shall carry the greatest possible weight.

Stockholders are, therefore, requested to deposit their certificates of stock with **MERCANTILE TRUST & DEPOSIT COMPANY, DEPOSITARY, 115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY,** or with **PEOPLE'S TRUST COMPANY,** Sub-Depositary, **181 MONTAGUE STREET,** Brooklyn, in return for which the Depositary will issue negotiable certificates of deposit. Application will be made to list the certificates of deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.

The Committee has limited to March 3, 1919, at 3 o'clock P. M. the period during which deposits of stock may be made, after which no deposits will be received except under such conditions and penalties as the Committee may impose.

The assignment on the back of all deposited stock certificates must be executed in blank, dated, properly witnessed, and have the requisite stock transfer tax stamps attached thereto. In order to protect the Committee against unauthorized transfers, the endorsement must be guaranteed by a member of the New York Stock Exchange, or by a bank or trust company in the City of New York, or by a bank or trust company having a correspondent in that city.

Copies of a circular letter addressed by the Committee to the stockholders may be obtained from the Depositary, the Sub-Depositary, or the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated January 22, 1919.

ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Chairman.
CHARLES A. BOODY,
FREDERICK H. ECKER,
SEWARD PROSSER,
GALEN L. STONE,
FREDERICK STRAUSS,
EVERETT B. SWEEZY,
Committee.

CHELLIS A. AUSTIN, Secretary, 115 Broadway, New York.

RUSHMORE, BISBEE & STERN, 61 Broadway, New York. } Counsel.
CULLEN & DYKMAN, 177 Montague Street, Brooklyn. } Counsel.

MERCANTILE TRUST & DEPOSIT COMPANY,
115 Broadway, New York, Depositary.

PEOPLE'S TRUST COMPANY,
181 Montague Street, Brooklyn, Sub-Depositary

TO THE HOLDERS OF

New Orleans Railway & Light Company

4½% General Mortgage Gold Bonds

St. Charles Street Railroad Company 4% First Mortgage Bonds.
Edison Electric Company 5% First Mortgage Bonds
New Orleans & Carrollton Railroad Co. 5% First Mortgage Bonds.
New Orleans City & Lake Railroad Co. 5% Consolidated Mtg. Bonds.
New Orleans City Railroad Company 5% General Mortgage Bonds.
New Orleans Power House Company, Ltd., 5% First Mortgage Bonds.
Merchants Electric Light & Power Co. 5% First Mortgage Bonds.
Canal & Claiborne Railroad Company 6% First Mortgage Bonds.

Default having been made by the New Orleans Railway & Light Company in the payment of interest due January 1st, 1919, on its 4½% General Mortgage Gold Bonds and a Federal Receiver having been appointed for its properties involving likewise the properties of all its subsidiary Companies, it is important that holders of said bonds, as well as those of the subsidiary companies listed above, immediately deposit the same with the undersigned Committee organized for their mutual protection and benefit.

Deposits of bonds accompanied by coupons due January 1st, 1919, and all coupons maturing subsequent thereto may be made with any one of the following depositaries:

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
New York City.
THE HIBERNIA BANK AND TRUST COMPANY,
New Orleans, Louisiana.
THE COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK,
New Orleans, Louisiana.
THE INTERSTATE TRUST AND BANKING COMPANY,
New Orleans, Louisiana.

who will pay to any depositing bondholder so desiring the equivalent of the coupons which matured January 1, 1919, on any of the above bonds now in default, if accompanied by properly executed income tax certificates.

Negotiable certificates of deposit will be issued for deposited bonds. Application will be made to list such certificates on the several stock exchanges where the bonds are now listed.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement will be furnished upon application to any of the depositaries.

BONDHOLDERS' PROTECTIVE COMMITTEE.

R. S. HECHT, Chairman.
President, Hibernia Bank & Trust Co., New Orleans.
CRAWFORD H. ELLIS, Vice Chairman.
Vice President, Whitney-Central Trust & Savings Bank, New Orleans.
JOSEPH P. HENICAN,
Capitalist, New Orleans.
GEORGE W. DODGE,
Vice President, Interstate Trust & Banking Co., New Orleans.
PAUL H. SAUNDERS,
President, Commercial Trust & Savings Bank, New Orleans.
ARTHUR M. HUGER,
President, New Orleans Stock Exchange, New Orleans.
MORTIMER N. BUCKNER,
President, The New York Trust Company, New York.
ALBERT BRETON,
Vice President, Guaranty Trust Company, New York.

BERNARD McCLOSKEY, New Orleans } Counsel.
WALKER B. SPENCER, New Orleans } Counsel.

New York, January 21, 1919.

THE MORRIS PLAN

Investment Certificates EARN 5% From Date of Purchase

1.—May be cashed any time at par value.
2.—Secured by all of the Company's assets.
3.—Never depreciate in value.
4.—Exempt from personal property tax in New York State.
5.—Issued in denominations from $50 to $5,000.

The Morris Plan Company of New York

Operated under supervision of State Banking Department.
261 Broadway, N. Y. City
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Write for "Certificate Booklet".

Sales Manager Wanted

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A Wall Street man who thoroughly understands this business and its organization seeks a connection with a firm contemplating taking up this branch of the security business. Address Fractional Lots, A 894 Times Annex.

WHAT'S COMING?

Babson's Investment Bulletin, which will be off the press about January 1, will carefully analyze

"THE OUTLOOK FOR 1919"

It will discuss the extraordinary conditions of the stock and bond market here and abroad. With the war ended, this bulletin is of special interest to investors and bankers to whom it will be sent free. Address Department N-63 of

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Douglas Fenwick & Co.
Standard Oil Securities
34 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. John 4220

American Grapho.
Lone Star Gas.
BREITUNG & CO.
11 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 6180

Lone Star Gas
Lyon & Co.
60 Wall Street, New York
Telephone Hanover 7920.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

WESTFIELD MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Westfield, Massachusetts.

To the Holders of the Preferred Stock of Westfield Manufacturing Company:

Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of Section 3, Article V., of the Agreement of Association of Westfield Manufacturing Company, all of the outstanding Preferred Stock of said Company has been duly called for redemption and will be redeemed on the next dividend payment date, to wit, February 10th, 1919, at one hundred and ten ($110) dollars per share and dividends accrued on that date. All holders of said stock are requested to present and surrender their certificates for the same duly endorsed for transfer to the Company or in blank, at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, 37 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y., on or before February 10th, 1919, on which date payment in full for said stock so presented and surrendered will be made by said Trust Company at the redemption price above mentioned.

As the redemption price will include the quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share, payable February 10th, 1919, the usual dividend checks will not be mailed to the holders of the Preferred Stock.

From and after February 10th, 1919, dividends shall cease to accumulate upon every share of Preferred Stock of said Westfield Manufacturing Company and the holders of such shares shall cease to have or exercise any vote or voting power by reason of being the record holders of such shares, and such shares shall not be transferable upon the books of the corporation, except to the corporation or its nominee, under the terms of such redemption, and the holders of such shares shall have no further rights or interest in respect to the corporation other than to receive the redemption price without interest upon the subsequent surrender of such shares.

By order of the Board of Directors of Westfield Manufacturing Company,
CUTHBERT P. GORMAN, Clerk.
Dated January 2d, 1919.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 8, 1919.

ARMOUR CONDEMNS FEDERAL OWNERSHIP

Warns That Taking Over Packing Houses Would Dislocate Industry in General.

DENIES A MEAT MONOPOLY

Packer, at Inquiry, Says Earnings in 1918 Were Only 9 Per Cent. on Net Investment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Appearing before the House Interstate Commerce Committee today in opposition to the bill providing for Government ownership of refrigerator cars and direction of stock yards, J. Ogden Armour, head of Armour & Co., denied that the so-called "Big Five" meat packers controlled the meat situation of the country and could regulate prices. He characterized the pending bill as confiscatory and intimated that in several features its constitutionality was doubtful.

Mr. Armour read a statement of more than 10,000 words in which he not only discussed the bill itself but referred to reports made on the packing industry by the Federal Trade Commission. Nearly every phase of the meat packing industry, including the financial aspect of his firm, was related by the witness. He submitted to cross-examination, but little was developed when the hearing adjourned to be continued tomorrow morning.

In denying the assertion that the packers could drive the small cattle dealers out of business and thereby control the price of meat, Mr. Armour said that this was physically impossible except by collusion among the big packers. There was no collusion, he said, and the markets were regulated entirely by business conditions. Control of the price of meats, he declared, rested upon the cost of production and supply and demand.

Denies Control of Prices.

"The so-called 'Big Five' cannot control the prices by reason of the fact that their business does not represent more than 40 per cent. of the business of the country," Mr. Armour said.

The witness saw in the pending bill, proposed by the Federal Trade Commission a move "to dissolve an alleged monopoly and decentralize the meat industry," and he warned Congress against disturbing present business relations.

"If a monkey wrench is thrown into the gears of this business its effects will not be confined to the meat packing industry," he asserted. "If the ability of the packing industry to properly function is impaired it will affect the live stock industry and it, in turn, will effect corn prices. Wheat will then be drawn in and so will bread and so will labor and so will everything that has for its basis the wealth produced by agriculture.

"The theories on which pending legislation is based are not constructive; they are not progressive. They are reactionary. They would disrupt the great manufacturing and marketing machines which half a century of enterprise has evolved and the results would be detrimental not alone to the leading industry of this nation, but even more so to that portion of the public which produces and which must have its product distributed, and to the entire public, which consumes food and which must have food brought within its reach to eat."

Touching upon the Constitutional question, Mr. Armour said:

"It is perhaps not becoming of me, a merchant and unfamiliar with legal problems, to even allude to the fact that a part of the proposed legislation may violate the Constitution. I may, however, be pardoned for saying that I have been advised by advisory counsel, who is now here for this company, that a part of the proposed legislation is probably unconstitutional."

Bacon was costing 70 cents a pound, whereas it cost 25 or 30 cents four years ago, because the price of hogs increased 245 per cent. between 1915 and 1919, said Mr. Armour. He asserted that in 1915 Armour & Co. paid for live hogs in Chicago on the average $7.10 a hundred pounds. In 1918 the price was $17.45 a hundred and it was even higher now, the witness testified. The increased cost of labor and fuel also entered into the present price of bacon.

Compares Sales and Profits.

In 1917 Armour & Co.'s gross sales amounted to $575,000,000 and the net profit on each dollar of sales was 3.7 cents as compared with a net profit of 1.8 cents on each dollar of sales in 1918, when the gross sales amounted to $861,000,000. The net income was at the rate of 9 per cent. on the average net invested capital.

Mr. Armour said that the company had been able to declare a 400 per cent. stock dividend in 1916 by reinvesting during the preceding years 71 per cent. of the aggregate earnings.

Discussing Goverment ownership, he said:

"Ownership by the Government implies red tape and restrictions which cannot help but add to the costs of the service—costs which must eventually be borne either by the producer or the consumer. Government ownership implies, too, the abolition of the private initiative and enterprise which has made it possible to erect efficient stockyards almost over night when occasion justified it.

"The Government, you know, does not make up its mind very quickly on such matters, as is evidenced by the years old controversies over the building of post offices or such comparatively trivial matters as to whether or not cities should have underground mail chutes. It is only because I fear less efficient operation and the consequent serious results that I make these comments, but I am entirely willing and ready to at once relinquish my holdings upon being allowed just compensation therefor."

In reference to a charge by the Federal Trade Commission that an attempt was being made to control the grocery trade, Mr. Armour described the development of by-products of the company's packing plants and declared the company had undertaken the sale of many lines which it did not manufacture only because of the demand from their customers, which could not obtain satisfactory service elsewhere. He denied that his firm had entered or intended to enter the retail business.

The packers' interests in stockyards and adjunct institutions, such as belt railways, rendering plants, serum plants, market newspapers and cattle loan associations, were declared by Mr. Armour to be a necessary outgrowth of the business, but not detrimental to the public welfare, as the Federal Trade Commission charged. All these things, the witness said, were essential to the successful marketing of livestock, without which the producer would suffer.

Ownership of Cars.

Questioned as to the Government ownership and operation of all refrigerator cars, Mr. Armour said that he believed the packers would suffer through decreased efficiency.

"The packers would have no objection to Government ownership or control of stock cars provided they could have some tangible guarantee that they would get the cars they need," he declared.

In reply to a question by Representative Esch (Wisconsin) on the effect of packer ownership of stockyards Mr. Armour said:

"If any one else can operate the stockyards as well as the packers I have no objection to their being operated by others. We think we get better efficiency out of our management than the railways get."

Representative Doremus asked Mr. Armour about the ownership of the Chicago stockyards and the increase in capitalization from $1,000,000 to $8,000,000. The witness declared that he was only a minority shareholder and that the increased capitalization was represented by property values in the yards.

"I think F. H. Prince is the other stockholder; as far as I know there are no others," he said.

In reply to questions by Representative Hamilton (Michigan), Mr. Armour replied that while meat prices would not be so high except for the European war, he did not believe they would have declined from the pre-war basis despite the increased production of cattle.

Representative Hamilton was particularly interested in Armour's connection with the Food Administration. The witness said that while many men had gone from the Armour firm to various branches of the Government, it so happened that none had gone to the Food Administration.

ARMOUR COMPARES PROFITS.

Submits Tables to Show Earnings of 14 Corporations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—J. Ogden Armour, in supplemental testimony before the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce late this afternoon, submitted a table showing the net earnings of fourteen of the leading industrial companies, the per cent. on capital stock, and the per cent. on total investment for the years 1912 to 1918. In submitting this table he explained that the net earnings for 1918, except those for Armour & Co., were not available. The table submitted by Mr. Armour follows:

Year.	Net Earnings.	P. C. on Capital Stock.	P.C. on Total Investment.
Armour & Co.			
1912	$5,701,646	28.60	5.08
1913	6,028,196	30.14	6.01
1914	7,509,907	37.54	7.20
1915	11,000,000	35.04	10.02
1916	20,100,000	20.30	16.92
1917	21,293,562	21.29	15.56
1918	15,247,857	14.07	9.00
American Beet Sugar Company.			
1912	$2,325,573	13.50	10.41
1913	831,056	3.87	3.88
1914	644,105	2.29	2.82
1915	1,601,643	8.68	6.74
1916	3,174,830	19.17	13.6
1917	6,126,877	38.84	24.02
American Woolen Company.			
1912	$3,218,253	2.00	4.4
1913	Deficit	..	..
1914	2,788,602	..	4.08
1915	4,080,676	6.40	5.8
1916	5,863,818	15.3	8.2
1917	6,844,156	20.22	9.19
Anaconda Copper Mining Company.			
1912	$15,856,335	14.60	14.2
1913	11,323,498	10.4	9.8
1914	3,789,588	7.5	7.6
1915	16,695,806	14.3	18.4
1916	50,828,372	43.6	38.62
1917	34,333,751	29.4	20.81
Bethlehem Steel Company.			
1912	$2,063,641	13.8	5.39
1913	5,122,703	29.46	12.97
1914	5,590,020	32.5	12.61
1915	17,762,813	112.49	29.1
1916	43,593,968	280.3	43.97
1917	27,320,737	43.2	16.8
Central Leather Company.			
1912	$5,736,884	8.67	7.34
1913	4,356,345	5.17	5.52
1914	4,876,923	6.4	6.03
1915	6,626,897	10.7	7.93
1916	15,489,201	33.1	16.58
1917	14,404,855	30.4	14.13
Corn Products Company.			
1912	$1,714,535	0.9	2.22
1913	2,284,856	1.01	2.66
1914	2,305,174	1.35	3.10
1915	8,168,368	3.35	4.28
1916	6,083,746	9.69	7.82
1917	11,348,460	18.60	12.21
Distillers' Securities Corporation.			
1912	$527,182	1.61	1.37
1913	359,567	1.04	.92
1914	761,864	2.03	1.82
1915	1,450,872	4.20	3.68
1916	3,327,094	10.11	8.38
1917	4,700,432	14.56	11.46
Pittsburgh Coal Company.			
1912	$2,025,463	2.00	2.75
1913	2,726,260	4.29	3.67
1914	1,371,059	.05	1.81
1915	1,653,524	.93	2.18
1916	3,143,926	5.60	4.14
1917	14,076,852	31.47	18.11
Quaker Oats Company.			
1912	$2,215,895	22.83	12.6
1913	2,051,426	20.15	10.9
1914	2,099,650	20.79	10.7
1915	3,600,112	38.54	16.9
1916	3,685,086	38.13	16.4
1917	4,906,927	52.67	20.2
Standard Oil Company of Indiana.			
1913	$14,687,606	48.96	36.52
1914	6,590,924	21.96	14.55
1915	15,996,376	53.33	36.04
1916	30,043,614	100.14	52.9
1917	26,808,931	89.36	32.20
The Texas Company.			
1912	$2,203,882	9.61	7.70
1913	6,663,123	24.66	22.61
1914	6,185,974	20.62	17.93
1915	6,393,327	21.31	15.54
1916	13,868,862	37.56	31.21
1917	19,724,526	35.54	31.77
United States Steel Corporation.			
1912	$54,240,049	7.71	5.39
1913	81,216,985	11.02	11.9
1914	23,496,768	deficit	2.3
1915	75,833,832	9.95	7.28
1916	271,531,731	48.46	21.7
1917	224,219,565	39.15	17.2
Western Grocer Company.			
1913	$182,364	8.51	6.91
1914	393,306	19.58	14.85
1915	295,967	14.3	10.06
1916	536,157	26.64	17.78
1917	657,080	28.45	19.52

LOBBYIST IN OFFICIAL PARTY.

T. F. Logan Says He Went Abroad with Hurley and Hoover.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Thomas F. Logan, a Washington newspaper man and corporation agent for the packing house and other interests, told the Senate Agriculture Committee today of a trip he made to Europe in November with Herbert C. Hoover, Food Administrator, and Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board, and of having participated in conferences with them over the food situation in Europe. Both Mr. Hoover and Mr. Hurley, he said, knew that he was lobbyist for the packers.

The Government paid Mr. Logan's expenses on the trip to Europe, he said, although he was still in the pay of the packers. His activities as agent in Washington, the witness stated, yielded a monthly income of $2,700, divided as follows: Swift & Co., $500; Atlantic Refining Company, $700; the General Electric Company, $500; the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, $500, and the Freeport Sulphur Company, $500. Besides this he receives an irregular salary of $500 a month from the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, while he is also Washington correspondent for The Philadelphia Inquirer.

Mr. Logan, in reply to a question, said he had "tipped off" to the packers the appointment of Mr. Hoover as Food Administrator three days before it was made by the President. Asked if he obtained the "tip" through Executive channels, he replied that he did not.

"Where did you get your information?" asked Senator France.

"From the newspapers and The Congressional Record, largely," replied Mr. Logan. "They cover the field admirably."

"That's all camouflage!" exclaimed Senator Kenyon, who asked if it were not true that Mr. Logan had written letters to the packers telling things that Joseph E. Davis, former head of the Federal Trade Commission, had revealed to him.

"There might be such a letter," admitted Mr. Logan.

"Then why do you sit here and try to tell this committee that you didn't know members of the Federal Trade Commission, as you did a few minutes ago?" demanded Mr. Kenyon.

The witness spoke of having known Mr. Hurley for four years. He explained that he was asked to go to Europe as an assistant to Mr. Hurley. The amount of money to be expended by the American Government to feed Europe was discussed at allied conferences that he attended, he said; but nothing was mentioned as to the allotment to be given individual packers in supplying American food products. He testified that when in Europe he had not communicated with the packers.

"Who paid your expenses abroad?" asked a Senator.

"The Shipping Board," was the reply.

"And you were still on the payroll of the packers?"

"Yes."

"What did these corporations do without you in Washington?" pursued Mr. Kenyon.

"That's why I came back; they needed me," replied the witness.

"And Mr. Hurley knew all about your connections with the packers?" asked Senator Kenyon.

"Oh, yes; he knew I was an adviser."

Mr. Logan denied that he used his friendship with Mr. Hurley to promote the adoption of an oil-burning boiler system for the American merchant shipping fleet.

HINES ADMITS POWER OF COMMERCE BOARD

Director General Denies There Was Any Controversy Over Railroad Rate Order.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—In his capacity as the new Director General of Railroads, Walker D. Hines tonight issued a formal statement in which he acknowledges the right of the Interstate Commerce Commission to review any of the rates initiated by the Director General on behalf of the President. He denies that the Director General "has sought to contest the right" of the commission to make such a review of rates, and insists that there is no controversy over their relative jurisdictions.

The statement was called forth by published accounts of the decision rendered by the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday in the Pacific Lumber Company case, in which the commission overruled the late order issued by former Director General McAdoo. It reads in part:

"It is distinctly unfortunate that several newspapers, in reporting this morning the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission in the Pacific Lumber Company case, have drawn the conclusion that there exists a controversy over the relative jurisdictions of the Director General and the Interstate Commerce Commission. It appears to be assumed in these stories that the Director General has denied or ought to contest the right of the Interstate Commerce Commission to review rates initiated by him on behalf of the President.

"As a matter of fact, nothing could be further from the truth. The Federal Control act places such power of review specifically in the hands of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the Director General, time and time again, has recognized this authority by being represented before the commission by counsel who have argued as to the merits of contested rates.

"At no time since the Government took possession and control of the railroads has there been the faintest suggestion of any conflict in jurisdiction between the commission and the Director General. At all times the Director General has enjoyed the co-operation and assistance of the commission, and assurances to this effect have been most cordially given to the new Director General."

Asks $400,000,000 for Waterways.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 21.—The Mississippi Valley Waterways Association launched its campaign today in support of a Government appropriation of approximately $400,000,000 for the development of all inland waterways throughout the United States. Of this amount $160,000,000 will be required for the Mississippi and its tributaries, James E. Smith, President of the association, said.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil....	4½	5½	Houghton ...	50	60
Bay S Gas....	7	9	Homa Oil....	20	21
Bos Aris.....	..	1½	Iron Bloss...	45	50
Boston Ely..	96	99	Iron Cap....	15¼	15½
Bos Mont....	49	50	Jer Verde....	42	50
Begole	2	50	La Rose.....	40	50
Black Hawk.	25	50	Majestic	22	24
Bohemia	75	95	Mex Metals..	25	28
Butte Lon...	14	16	Moj Tung....	5	7
Calaveras ..	1½	..	New Baltic..	1	1⅛
Champ, old..	3	4	Nat Z & L..	5	10
Chief Con....	3⅝	4	Nixon Nev..	41	43
Con Copper..	5⅞	6⅛	New Doug....	30	35
Con Aris.....	1½	1⅝	Oneco	30	45
Cortez	12	17	Onondaga	10	15
Crown Res...	44	50	Seven Mets..	45	46
Crystal	20	23	S W Miami, full paid...	85	1¼
Denbigh	51	52	Un Ver Ext..	33	33½
Earle Eagle..	..	2	Vic Mines....	..	70
Eagle B B....	2⅛	2⅝	Yukon Gold..	75	90
Fortuna	2	4			
Gold Lake....	2	4			

RELIEF FOR EASTERN LANDS

Hoover Plans Commissions for Trieste, Rumania, and Turkey.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—The Supreme Council of Supply and Relief at its meeting Monday, according to an official statement issued today, adopted a recommendation that interallied relief commissions be appointed for Trieste, Bucharest, and Constantinople. Herbert C. Hoover, the Director General of Relief, presided at the meeting.

The council decided to send a letter to Marshal Foch asking him to take immediate measures under the armistice to secure the transport of foodstuffs through Danzig for Poland.

Measures were taken to provision Finland, and also to obligate Germany to feed the Russian prisoners in Germany.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered........	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg...	89	92
2s, coupon, '30........	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup...	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg....	97½	98½	5s, Fed Land Bk, '38..	102⅞	103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup..	97½	98½	4½s, Fed Land Bank....	100	101
3s, registered, 1946....	88	92	4s, registered, 1925....	104⅞	105½
3s, coupon, 1946........	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925.......	104⅞	105⅝
3s, conversion, 1947....	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.			Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
4½s July,	1967....	100¾	101⅛	100½	3½s Nov.,	1955....	81	..	81
4½s June,	1965....	100¾	101⅛	100½	3½s Nov.,	1954....	81	82¼	81
4½s Mar.,	1963....	100¾	101¼	100½	3½s Mar,	1954....	81	..	81
4½s Nov.,	1957....	100¾	101¼	100½	The following are quoted on percentage basis:				
4½s May,	1957....	100¾	101¼	100½	4½s	1924-1931....	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar.,	1960-30.	96	96¾	96	4½s	1921-1923....	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar.,	1964....	96	96¾	96	4½s	1919-1920....	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Apr.,	1966....	96	96¾	96	4½s	1919-1923....	4.60	4.30	4.50
4¼s Mar.,	1962....	96	96¾	96	4½s	1924-1932....	4.50	4.30	4.50
4¼s Sept.,	1960....	90	96¾	91	3½s	1940-1963....	4.00	4.40	4.60
4s May,	1959....	91	92	91	3½s	1930-1939....	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov.,	1958....	91	92	91	3½s	1922-1929....	4.60	4.40	4.00
4s Nov.,	1957....	91	91½	91	3½s	1919-1921....	4.60	4.40	4.30
4s Nov.,	1956....	90¾	91¼	90¾	3½s	1940-1958....	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov.,	1955....	90¾	91¼	90¾	3s	1926-1930....	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov.,	1936....	93	94	93	3s	1919-1925....	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May,	1919....	99¾	..	99¾					

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Industrials were firm and railroad issues reactionary at the close of the market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Trading, professional in character, was fairly active. With the exception of the rails, the market had little definite trend. Prices at the close were about the highest for the session in the leading industrials and about the lowest in the rails. Steel shares were firm throughout the day after the opening.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
120	Allis-Chalm..	30¾	30	30¾	40	Lack Steel..	62¾	62¾	62¾
20	Am B Sugar	68¾	68¾	68¾	70	Max Motor..	27½	27½	27½
600	Am Can....	46⅛	45⅝	46⅛	8,910	Mex Petrol..	170¾	163¾	167¾
40	Am C & F..	88¾	88¾	88¾	15	Miami Cop..	23¼	23¼	23¼
15	Am Cot. Oil.	41¾	41¼	41¾	220	Midvale Steel	41¾	41¼	41¾
50	Am H & L.	15	15	15	250	Mo Pacific..	23⅞	22⅝	23½
390	Do pf......	82⅝	80¼	81½	50	Nat Enamel	48¾	48¾	48¾
120	Am Ice	38¼	37⅞	38¼	50	Nat Lead...	68¾	67½	68¾
10	Am Internat.	53¾	53¾	53¾	382	N Y Central	71¼	69¾	70
40	Am Linseed.	46½	46	46	420	NY, NH & H	28¾	27¾	27⅞
130	Am Loco....	58¾	57⅞	57⅞	10	N Y, O & W	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
670	Am S & R..	68⅝	67¼	68⅝	90	North Pac..	90⅜	88⅝	89⅛
10	Am St Fds..	79½	79½	79½	120	Ohio C Gas.	42	41¾	41¾
100	Am Su Tob.	102½	100¾	102	650	Okla Oil....	9	8⅞	9
640	Anac Cop...	57⅞	57⅛	57⅝	10	P A P & T	67½	67½	67½
10	A, T & S F.	91½	91	91	140	Pennsylvania	44⅝	44⅜	44⅝
1,000	Bald Loco..	67⅞	66½	67⅛	10	Pierce-Arrow	39½	39½	39½
490	Balt & Ohio.	46⅞	44½	44½	230	Pierce Oil...	17⅞	17	17⅞
550	Beth St'l B.	58⅝	55⅞	56	60	Ray Copper.	20¾	20	20
310	B'klyn R T.	22⅞	22	22	880	Reading ...	77⅞	75¾	77
170	Cal Petrol..	22⅞	22¼	22¼	100	Rep I & S..	72⅝	71⅝	72½
10	Can Pacific.	155½	155½	155½	140	Sinclair Oil.	34½	33½	34¼
40	Cen Leather	57½	57½	57¼	1,863	So Pacific...	97½	95¾	96¼
20	Ches & Ohio.	54¼	54	54	210	So Railway.	26¼	25	25⅞
600	C, M & St P	38¼	36	36⅝	3,170	Studebaker..	49⅞	46½	48⅞
140	C, R I & P.	23⅝	22¼	22⅞	20	Tenn Cop...	13	12⅞	12⅞
20	Col Fuel....	35½	35⅝	35⅝	40	Texas Co...	188¾	188¾	188¾
50	Con Gas....	92	92	92	300	Texas & Pac	28¾	27½	28¼
140	Corn Prod...	46⅞	46¼	46⅞	360	Tob Prod...	74¼	73¼	74¼
280	Crucible St'l	54¼	52½	53½	450	Union Pac..	126¾	124⅜	126
120	Cube Cane S	24	23¼	23⅞	180	Un Cig St..	112¼	111	111⅝
500	Dist Secur..	53⅝	52¼	52⅝	20	U S Ind Al.	100¼	100¼	100¼
400	Erie	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	580	U S Rubber	74⅞	73	73⅞
70	Do 1st pf.	25¼	24½	25	22,970	U S Steel...	89⅞	88⅞	89¼
130	Gas W & W	29	28	28	310	Utah Cop...	71⅝	70¼	71
10	Goodrich Co	58	58	58	30	Va-Car Ch..	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞
20	Gt Nor pf..	90⅞	90	90	60	Westing El.	40⅞	40½	40⅝
190	Gt Nor Ore.	36⅜	35¾	36⅝	185	Willys-Over.	24	23¼	23¼
70	Inspir Cop..	43⅝	43	43⅝		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
120	Int Mer Mar	23⅞	22⅞	23½	$1,500	Lib 3½s...	99.44	99.40	99.40
1,200	Do pf......	100⅝	98⅝	99⅞	1,350	1st 4¼s..	96.46	96.38	96.42
70	Int Nickel..	26½	26	26⅜	2,600	2d 4¼s..	95.80	95.70	95.74
170	Int Paper...	35⅝	35	35½	1,650	3d 4¼s..	97.38	97.24	97.30
60	Interb Con..	10½	10	10	6,100	4th 4¼s..	96.02	95.86	96.00
10	Kan City So	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞		*Prices include interest.			
120	Kenne Cop..	32	32	32					

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,000	‡Aetna Expl	6⅝	6½	6½	200	‡Nat C & I.	52	51¼	51½
1,200	Brit-Am Tob. coupon ...	24¼	23¾	24¼	2,100	‡Perf T & R	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,800	‡Dicto Prod.	9½	9⅛	9½	700	Submar Bt, v t ctfs...	11⅝	11¼	11½
4,500	‡Gen Asph..	55⅝	53⅝	54	900	‡Swift I. w I	44½	44	44
1,050	Do pf......	89	87	89	500	‡Un Motors.	35⅝	35⅝	35½
340	‡Gillette S R.	120	118	118	3,500	U S St'ship.	5⅛	4⅞	5
1,500	Hup Mot C..	6⅝	6¼	6¾	700	Wayne Coal	4	3⅞	4
1,400	Inter Rub...	17⅞	17	17½	1,500	‡Wright-Mar Aircraft ..	3⅝	3½	3⅝
3,000	Key T & R.	54¼	53½	54					
1,500	Marc of Am	4½	4⅛	4⅛					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	‡Ind. P L...	104	104	104	80	‡St O, N J..	683	675	680
65	‡Ohio Oil...	318	316	318	140	‡St O, N Y.	310	306	310

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	‡Allen Oil ..	⅜	¼	⅜	1,500	†‡Midw Oil..	132	126	130
12,000	‡Barn't O&G	1/16	⅛	⅛	2,300	†‡Northw Oil	51	49	49
1,000	‡Cosden & Co	7⅝	7½	7½	6,000	†Omar O & G	33	30	30
500	‡Elk Basin..	6⅛	6	6⅛	5,600	‡Pennock Oil	12⅞	12¼	12⅞
9,800	†‡Esmeralda	5⅛	5	5	25,000	†‡Queen Oil..	23	19	21
1,500	‡Federal Oil	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	700	‡RoyalDutch, new	70	69	69½
3,500	‡Glenrock ..	4⅛	3⅞	4	300	‡Sapulpa ...	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
400	‡Houston Oil	77	76	77	200	Savoy Oil ..	7⅛	7	7⅛
7,450	†‡Hudson Oil	94	90	94	800	Secur P & R.	⅝	½	⅝
2,000	‡Int'l Petrol.	21	20	20¼	1,400	Sequoyah ..	7/16	⅜	7/16
8,000	‡Isl'd O & T	7⅛	7	7⅛	2,500	‡SinclairGulf	23⅝	22½	23½
3,500	†‡Kenova Oil	14	13	14	3,200	‡Stanton Oil.	1⅝	1¼	1¼
5,000	‡La O & R..	27	24	27	8,000	United West Oil, new ..	1⅛	1 1/16	1⅛
8,000	Met Petrol..	3½	3	3 1/16	400	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2½	2⅜	2⅜
5,300	‡ Do full-pd ctfs.....	2⅝	2⅜	2½					
800	†‡Mex Gulf..	45	45	45					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	†Al-Brit Col Metals ...	43	42	43	780	Hecla Min..	4⅝	4½	4½
200	‡Am Mines.	11/16	11/16	11/16	100	†Iron Blos..	½	½	½
1,700	Aris Bing C	1	1	1	900	†‡Jim Butler	36	36	36
3,000	†‡Atlanta ..	5	5	5	100	†Jumbo Ext.	14	14	14
1,400	Big L. Cop.	⅞	11/16	⅞	500	La Rose, Ltd	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,000	†‡Booth	15	15	15	6,000	†Lone Star..	7	6½	6½
4,000	†Bos & Mon	50	48	49	500	†‡Moth Lode	33	33	33
6,500	†‡Caledonia..	32	30	31	6,000	†Nixon Nev.	46	41	43
700	‡Cal & Jer..	½	7/16	½	1,300	‡Onon Mines	3¼	3	3¼
3,500	†‡Candel'a Sil	56	54	56	900	‡Ray H M..	2⅝	2½	2⅝
1,500	‡Cer S M & M	1¼	1¼	1¼	1,500	†Roch Mines	27	27	27
1,500	Con Aris Sm	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,100	Stand Sil Ld	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
500	Con Cop M..	6	5⅞	6	900	Ton Ext....	2⅝	2 1/16	2 1/16
1,000	Cress Con G	5	4⅞	5	850	Un Eastern.	4½	4⅜	4⅜
500	‡Eureka C M	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	8,000	†‡U S C M..	10	9	10
2,100	†‡Flor Sil...	66	64	65	5,000	†‡W M & M.	27	25	26
1,000	†‡Gold Mer.	6½	6½	6½	4,600	†‡W U Ext. (a pros)..	17	15	16
1,100	†‡H M & S, (a pros.)..	52	51	52	800	†West E O..	1¼	1¼	1¼
					37,000	†White Caps	13½	12½	12½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000	‡Am T & T 6s	99¼	99	99¼	$15,000	‡Lig & M'r 6s, 1921..	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
10,000	‡Am T 7s, 1923	103⅝	103¼	103⅝	20,000	‡N Y T Co deb 6s....	100¼	99⅞	100¼
90,000	‡Anac'a 6s.	97⅞	97⅝	97⅝	30,000	‡Russ Gov't 5½s	56	56	56
100,000	‡Can G 5s..	99½	99⅜	99½	120,000	‡Do 6½s..	61½	59	59
95,000	‡C & N W g mtg 5s.	90⅝	90½	90½	15,000	‡St Paul U Depot 5½s	99	98⅞	99
25,000	‡Int Rap T 7s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	25,000	‡Wil'n & Co conv 6s..	93	92⅝	92⅝
6,000	‡Lac'e G L 7s, w i...	100¼	100¼	100¼					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note.—Jan 16 15,000 Southern Ry 5s sold at 98⅝, and Monday's low sale in Big Ledge was 11/16.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Monday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.	Monday Ask.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.	Monday Ask.
Am W P....	3	3½	3	3½	U S Lt&H pf.	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅝
Am-Br Mfg..	2	5	2	5	Wright-M pf..	50	63	60	64
Brit-Am Tob, registered..	23	24½	23	24½	World Film..	⅜	½	⅜	½
Butter-Judson	15	20	15	20	OIL STOCKS.				
Carbon Steel.	90	91	90	96	AtlanticPetrol	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Car L & P..	2	2⅝	2	2⅜	Bos & Wyo..	18	20	18	20
Chev Motor..	145	155	145	155	Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Chevrolet rts.	⅝	1½	⅝	1½	Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	Crystal Oil ..	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
Curtiss Aero.	11¼	12	11¼	12	Merritt Oil ..	21	22	21	22
Do pf......	45	55	46	55	Midwest Ref..	127	129	127	129
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22	Midwest O pf.	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
Em'son Phono	2	2¼	2	2¼	Okm P & R..	2	2½	2	2½
Free Texas..	34	35½	34	35½	Pitts O & G..	8	8½	8	8½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½	Royal Oil	½	⅝	½	⅝
Gen Mot rts.	1⅝	2	1⅝	2	South Oil & T	2½	3¼	2½	3¼
Lake Tor Bt	2	2½	2	2½	Southwest Oil	35	40	35	40
Do 1st pf..	2½	5	2⅝	5	Texana Oil ..	10	13	10	13
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	86	Wayl'd O & G	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
L McN & L.	21⅝	22¼	21⅝	22¼	MINING STOCKS.				
Lima Loco..	30	40	30	40	Austin Ama'n	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Lukens Steel.	40	50	46	60	Bradshaw	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Man Transit..	¼	½	¼	½	Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
N Y Shipbldg.	33	36	33	36	Butte-N. Y...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N Y Transp..	14¼	17	14¼	17	Canada Cop..	2	2½	2	2½
Peerless T&M	18¼	18⅝	18¼	19	Cashboy	7	8	6⅞	7¾
Penn C & C.	22	24	22	24	Cerro Gordo..	½	1	½	1
Penn Seab Stl	40	40½	40	40½	Con Homes'd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
PennSeaboard Steel rights	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	El Salvador..	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
Pilsen Wireless	7	7½	7	7½	First Nat C.	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
Relo Equip...	10¼	11¼	10¼	11¼	Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	Goldf Con....	21	23	21	23
Smith M T....	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Great Bend..	4	5	4	5
Stand Motors.	7½	8½	7½	8½	Howe Sound..	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
Steel Alloys..	7½	8½	7½	8½	Magma Cop..	26	28	26	28
St Joe Lead..	12	13	13	14	Marsh Min'g.	3½	4½	3½	4½
St L R M & P	40	..	40	..	NY&HonRos..	12	18	12	13
Todd Shipyd..	107	108½	107	108½	Ohio Copper..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½	Seneca Cop..	15½	16	15½	16
Un Mot rights	¼	..	¼	..	Success	5	6	5	6
U S Lt & H..	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝	White K pf..	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
					White C Ext..	3	4	3	4
					BOND.				
					Beth S, '20..101	101¼	101	101½	

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
1,220	Cities Service	290	285	287	290
2,407	Cities Service pf.....	79	77½	78½	79
$168,500	Cities Service deb. "B"..	125	123	123	125

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow......	13	15	Gas & Elec Secur pf...	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf..	71	74	Miss River Power.....	10½	12½
Am Gas & Electric....	99	102	Miss River Power pf...	38	40
Am Gas & Electric pf.	43	45	Northern Ohio Electric.	14	17
Am Light & Traction..	236	240	Northern Ohio Elec pf.	57	62
Am Light & Trac pf...	98	100	Northern Ont L & P...	11	16
Am Power & Light....	55	60	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	53
Am Power & Light pf..	76	79	Northern States Power.	59	62
Am Public Utilities.....	..	25	Northern States P pf..	89	91
Am Public Utilities pf.	36	40	Northern Texas Elec...	57	61
Am W W & Elec.......	..	46	Northern Tex Elec pf..	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	67	70	Pacific Gas & Electric.	47	48½
Am W W & E partic...	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf..	86	88
Carolina Pow & Light	33	35	Puget Sd Trac, L & P..	13	18
Colorado Power........	25	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	52	54½
Colorado Power pf.....	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf.....	75	80
Columbus Electric pf..	72	75½	Republic Ry & Light...	16	18
Com Pow, Ry & L.....	20	22	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Li pf.	41	48	Southern Cal Edison...	84	88
Conn Power pf.........	72	76	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf..	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec..	13	14
Eastern Texas Elec....	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	72	76	Tampa Electric	108	112
El Paso Electric........	90	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power...	2	3
Electric B & S pf......	91	94	Tenn Ry, L & P pf.....	14	17
Empire Dist Elec pf....	70	75	United Light & Rys....	37	39
Federal Light & Trac...	8	11	United Light & Rys pf.	70	72
Federal Light & Tr pf.	40	44	Western Power........	17½	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf......	66	68
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West, Church & Kerr..	65	70
Gas & Elec Securities..	260	275	West Church & K pf..	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s...	78½	80
Am W W & E col 5s..	68	71	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Appalach Power 1st 5s.	73	77	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	89	92
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95	Nor Tex Elec col 5s....	80	85
Col G & E deb 5s, '27..	77	80	Omaha & C B 5s, '28..	75	83
Com L & P 6s, 1947....	90	95	Puget S T, L & P 7s..	96	98½
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 5s, 1944.....	95	100	Roanoke W W 5s, '19.	96	97½
Corn. Power 5s, 1963..	82	88	So Cal Edison 5s, '39..	88	92
Dallas Electric 5s, '22..	90	93	Twin S G & E 5s, '53..	70	78
East Tex Elec col 5s...	84	88	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32...	58	90
East Tex Elec 7s, '21.	97¾	99	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
El Paso Elec col 5s....	82	90	Un Util cv 6s, '43.....	90	96
Gt West Power 5s, '46.	84½	86½	Utah Securities 6s.....	88½	89½
Gt West Power 6s, '25..	89½	92	Wash I W L & P 6s....	95	98

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Com Cre't pf	25	25	25	35	Penn Water.	77½	77½	77½
10	Con Coal....	82¼	82¼	82¼	50	Mer Trust..	186	186	186
37	Hous'n O pf.	74¾	74¾	74¾	100	M & M N B.	28	28	28
25	Mt V Mills..	17¾	17¾	17¾	10	W. B & A...	26¼	26¼	26¼

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Balt & H 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼	$1,000	Kirby L 5s..	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
1,000	Con Pow 5s.	98¾	98¾	98¾	3,000	Twin City 5s	93	93	93
3,000	Cosden 6s A	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	10,000	Un Rys 5s..	75¼	75¼	75¼
1,000	Do B......	89	89	89	4,000	Do 1st 4s.	74¼	74¼	74¼

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Am Zinc....	11½	11¼	11½	67	Mayflower ..	2½	2½	2½
215	Do pf......	48	40	40	70	Mohawk	51	50¾	51
25	Ahmeek	71	71	71	45	New Arc	1½	1½	1½
186	Allouez	44	42½	44	100	New Idria...	9	9	9
96	Anaconda ...	57⅝	57⅛	57⅝	250	New Cornelia	16	16	16
355	Aris Com'l..	11¼	11	11¼	25	Nipissing ...	8¾	8¾	8¾
150	Cal & Aris..	60	59	59	20	North Butte.	10¼	10¼	10¼
4	Cal & Hecla.	430	430	430	5	Old Dom....	34	34	34
85	Centennial ..	12¾	12¾	12¾	300	Pond Creek.	13	13	13
10	Chino	33¾	33¾	33¾	15	Quincy	59	59	59
145	Cop Range..	42	41½	42	41	Shannon	3	2⅞	2⅞
600	Davis-Daly..	5	5	5	90	St Mary's....	42	41	42
55	East Butte..	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	150	Superior	4¾	4¾	4¾
50	Franklin	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	915	Sup & Bos..	2	2	2
50	Hancock	5¼	5¼	5¼	95	U S Smelt..	43¼	43	43
900	Island Creek	45⅛	45	45	100	Do pf......	45	45	45
8	Do pf......	82½	82½	82½	200	Utah Apex..	2¼	2¼	2¼
222	Isle Royale..	24¾	24	24¼	45	Utah Cop...	70¾	70¾	70¾
120	Lake Copper	4	4	4	230	Utah Metal.	1¼	1¼	1¼
55	Lasalle	12½	2½	2½	286	Winona	1	90c	90c
10	Mass Con....	4½	4½	4½	10	Wolverine ...	18	18	18

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Atchison pf..	86¾	86¾	86¾	380	Mass Elec...	3	2⅞	3
23	Bos & Alb...	134	133	133	545	Do pf......	16¾	15¼	15¼
230	Bos Elev....	70½	70	70	510	NY, NH & H	28⅝	28	28
70	Bos & Me....	29¾	28¾	28¾	10	Old Colony..	101	101	101
8	Con & Mont, Class 4....	76	76	76	1	Prov & W pf	130	130	130
10	C J & S Y pf	86¼	86¼	86¼	20	Rutland pf..	19¾	19½	19½
10	Fitchburg pf	57	57	57	75	West End...	45¼	45	45
7	Maine Cent..	80¼	80¼	80¼	10	Do pf......	52	52	52

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
146	Am Ag Ch...	101	100¾	100¾	5	Do pf......	70¼	70¼	70¼
191	Do pf......	98½	98¼	98¼	41	N E T & T..	92¼	91¼	91¼
41	Amoskeag ..	81	81	81	55	Pac Mills...	163	163	163
8	Am Sugar pf	115	115	115	20	Punta Sugar	50¼	50	50¼
259	Am T & T..	100⅝	100¼	100¼	160	Stewart	33¼	32⅞	32⅞
35	Am Wool pf.	94¾	94	94	268	Swift & Co..	123	122	122¼
30	Art Metals..	17¼	17¼	17¼	10	Torrington ..	54¼	54¼	54¼
102	Cent Steel...	14	14	14	30	Un Drug	94	94	94
50	Cuban P C..	12¼	12¼	12¼	175	Un Fruit....	161¾	160½	160½
120	East Bos L..	5¼	5¼	5¼	270	Un Shoe	45	44¾	44¾
110	Fairbanks ...	53	52½	53	200	Ventura Oil.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
2	Gen Elec....	147¼	147¼	147¼	25	War B 1 pf.	38¾	38¾	38¾
450	Island Oil...	7¼	6¾	..	30	West Union.	88	88	88
5	Mass Gas....	81½	81½	81½					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A.G&WI5s...	82¾	82¾	82¾	$1,000	U S Rub 5s..	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝
1,000	C J & S Y 5s	94	94	94					

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
38	Am Radi pf.	126	126	126	120	Public Serv..	91	91	91
50	Am Shipb'g.	104	104	104	20	Do pf......	92	92	92
55	Armour pf..	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	12	Qua Oats pf.	102	102	102
225	Booth Fish..	19½	19¼	19¼	195	Sears-Roe ..	173	170½	172
40	Do pf	80	80	80	825	Stewart-W..	87	86	86
100	PneumatTool	62½	62½	62½	1,882	Swift Int'l..	44¾	44	44½
25	ChiRys,Ser 1	37	37	37	1,068	Swift & Co..	122⅝	122¼	122⅝
211	Cudahy	104	103¾	104	2,084	Union Carb.	56¾	56¼	56¼
50	Com Edison.	114½	114	114	15	Do rights. B	3¼	3¼	3¼
25	Ill Brick	59	59	59	150	West Stone..	4¼	4	4¼
1,775	Libby	22¼	21½	21½	20	Wilson pf..	98	98	98
10	M Ward pf..	112	112	112					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	ChiRys1st5s.	80	80	80	$2,000	ComEl 1st 5s	90	90	90
1,000	ComEd1st 5s	94¼	94¼	94¼	5,000	Pub Serv of Nor Ill 5s..	87½	87½	87½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Elec Stor'e..	53	53	53	961	Phil Elec....	25	24⅞	24⅞
84	I Co of N A	27	27	27	36	Phil Trac....	84½	84½	84½
455	Gen Asp't...	55¾	54¼	54¼	150	*Phil R T..	25¾	25	25
235	Do pf......	87½	87	87	460	Ton Belm't..	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
180	Lake Sup....	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	35	U G Imp....	73	73	73
150	Lehigh Nav.	72	72	72	120	Union Trac.	38	37½	37½
100	L V R R....	54½	54½	54½					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$8,000	Elec & Peo 4s ctfs....	70	70	70	1,000	Phil Co con 5s, stpd...	100	100	100
1,000	L V con 6s.	102¾	102¾	102¾	27,000	Phil E 1st 5s	93¼	96	96
12,000	Do 6s....	102	102	102		*Ex dividend.			
37,000	L V gen 4½s	88¼	88¼	88¼					

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil.....	16⅝	17¼	16¼	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	57	60	57
Atlantic Refining.	1100	1115	1000	Prairie Oil & Gas.	650	660	655
Borne-Scrymser ..	475	495	475	Prairie Pipe Line..	267	272	267
Buckeye Pipe Line.	94	97	94	Solar Refining.....	350	370	350
Chesebrough Mfg..	290	310	300	Southern Pipe L...	175	180	175
Continental Oil....	400	510	400	South Penn Oil....	300	310	300
Crescent Pipe L...	37	39	37	S W Penn..........	98	102	100
Cumberland P L...	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Cal..	263	268	260
Eureka Pipe Line.	180	190	183	Stand Oil of Ind..	750	760	755
Galena Signal Oil..	88	92	88	Stand Oil of Kan..	520	540	520
Do pf, new.......	100	105	102	Stand Oil of Ky..	360	370	355
Do pf, old.......	120	140	125	Stand Oil of Neb..	490	510	400
Illinois Pipe Line.	164	168	165	Stand Oil of N J..	677	682	680
Indiana Pipe Line.	103	107	104	Stand Oil of N Y..	307	312	305
Int Pet Co, Ltd....	20	21	20	Stand Oil of Ohio.	460	475	460
National Transit..	18	17	16	Swan & Finch.......	98	102	98
New York Transit.	195	205	195	Union Tank.........	113	116	114
Northern Pipe L...	108	113	108	Vacuum Oil.........	385	405	390
Ohio Oil...........	315	320	320	Washington Oil....	33	37	33

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
Am Brass	223	226	224	Du Pont debs, pf..	91⅛	92½	91½
Atlas Powder	155	160	155	Hercules	203	208	203
Do pf	91	93	91	Do pf	107	109	107
Babcock & Wilcox.	106	108	107	Niles-Bem't-Pond..	104	108	104
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	95	100	96
Do pf	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg	320	350	320
Colt's Arms	41	44	41	Standard Screw ...	230	250	230
Du Pont	270	280	270				

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Monday Bid.
Am Cigar	*114	..	*114	P R-Am Tobacco..	132	138	132
Do pf	88	92	88	R J Reynolds, A...	380	420	380
Conley Foil	180	..	180	Do B	290	320	290
J S Young.........	125	150	125	Do pf	106⅛	108¼	106⅛
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton..	†167½	175	167½
MacA & Forbes....	190	210	190	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85	*Ex dividend. †Ex rights.			

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF
Title Guarantee and Trust Company,
176 Broadway, New York, January 21st, 1919.

At the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, held January 21st, 1919, the following gentlemen were duly elected Trustees:

CLASS EXPIRING IN THE YEAR 1922
Frank Bailey, George E. Ide,
Charles S. Brown, Augustus D. Juilliard,
Edward T. Bedford, Ronald H. Macdonald,
Julien T. Davies, Frederick Potter.
CLASS EXPIRING IN THE YEAR 1920
Edward T. Horwill.
Rawdon W. Kellogg.
CLASS EXPIRING IN THE YEAR 1921
Robert Olyphant.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board, the following officers were unanimously elected: CLARENCE H. KELSEY, President; FRANK BAILEY, Vice President; CLINTON D. BURDICK, Second Vice President; EDWARD O. STANLEY, Third Vice President; J. WRAY CLEVELAND, Secretary; CLARENCE C. HARMSTAD, Treasurer; FRANK L. SNIFFEN, Manager of the Brooklyn Banking Department; HORACE ANDERSON, Manager of the Manhattan Office; JOHN W. SHEPARD, LOREN H. ROCKWELL, and STEPHEN T. KELSEY, Assistant Treasurers; NELSON B. SIMON, DAVID BLANK, HAROLD W. HOYT, RANDALL SALISBURY, FRED P. CONDIT, and FRED H. FREEMAN, Assistant Secretaries.

J. WRAY CLEVELAND, Secretary.

Federal Light & Traction Company.
Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.
New York City, N. Y., Jan. 14, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of FEDERAL LIGHT & TRACTION COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 60 Broadway (18th floor), Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company. The polls will remain open one hour.

The stock transfer books will be closed at the close of business January 15, 1919, and will be reopened on the 6th day of February, 1919.

JOHN B. MARSH Secretary.

Office of
BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO.
City of New York.
Borough of Brooklyn, January 6, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for the election of four (4) directors to serve three (3) years, and of three (3) inspectors of election to serve at the next succeeding annual meeting and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may be duly brought before the meeting, will be held at twelve o'clock noon on Friday, January 31, 1919, at the office of the Company, 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City. The polls will remain open for one hour. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on January 16, 1919, and will remain closed until ten o'clock A. M. on the day immediately succeeding said stockholders' meeting.

J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.
Office of
GENERAL FIRE EXTINGUISHER CO.
German American Building.
No. 1 Liberty Street, New York, N. Y.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the General Fire Extinguisher Company will be held at the office of the Company in the city of New York on Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 10 A. M., to elect Directors and transact such other business as may properly come before this meeting.

The transfer books will be closed on January 25th, 1919, and reopened February 7th, 1919.

HENRY B. CROSS, Secretary.
January 13, 1919.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE SPRINGFIELD COAL MINING COMPANY.—The Annual Stockholders' Meeting of Springfield Coal Mining Company will be held at the office of the Company, 90 Water Street, New York City, New York, at noon Monday, the twenty-seventh day of January, nineteen hundred and nineteen, for the purpose of electing seven Directors and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

A. PITZER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the MUNINDIES STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the company, 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 29, 1919, 11 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.
Dated, January 15, 1919.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the MUNAIRES STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the company, 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 29, 1919, 11 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.
Dated, January 15, 1919.

C. Tennant, Sons & Co. of New York,
100 William Street.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Directors and transaction of other business will be held at the office of the Company, 100 William Street, New York City, on Monday, February 3, 1919, at 11 o'clock A. M.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of Gold-Seligman Co., Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, 33 Union Square, New York City, Wednesday, Jan. 29th, at 12 o'clock noon.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

STATE OF SAN PAULO 1913 LOAN

Notice is hereby given that all San Paulo 1913 bonds not previously drawn have been drawn for payment the first of January, 1919, on which date interest ceases.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

For the purpose of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders, the preferred and common stock transfer books of this Company will close February 5, 1919, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopen February 27, 1919.

FRED E. KNAPP, Secretary.
New York, January 21, 1919.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

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MONTCLAIR, N. J.
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OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY.

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"Just the Place"
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DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Thomas J. O'Neill of New York City was admitted to practice.

168—U. S., aplt., v. the Purcell Envelope Co.—Passed, to be restored.

682—B. Tyrrell, (nee Offutt) et al., pets., v. C. B. Shaffer et al.—Reassigned for March 3 next.

173—The Harriman National Bank of New York, plain., v. H. H. Seldomridge, as receiver, &c.—Passed, to be restored.

174—Pacific Gas & Elec. Co., plain., v. the Police Court of Sacramento, Cal., et al.—Continued, per stipulation.

160—Large Oil Co., plain., v. E. B. Howard, State auditor, &c.—Argument continued for plain., and concluded for deft.

155—Central of Georgia Ry. Co., plain., v. W. A. Wright, Controller General, &c.—Argument commenced and continued for deft., and concluded for plain.

161—T. Gilcreese, pet., v. G. R. McCullough, et al., argued.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 22, Nos. 169, 170, 172, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, and 182.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Holt<Wabash Ry.
Stumpp & Walter Co<NY Steam Co.
Miles<Boody.
Woodbury<same.
Van Vliet<same.
Rist<Boody.
Maecks<same.
Blumenstock<D, L & W RR.
Maxham<Boody.
Re Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co.
Hoye<Ellis Adding, &c. Co.
Snack<Erie RR.
Darderi<Cent RR, NJ.
Jensen<D, L & W RR.
Regal Button Works<Baird Mach Co.
H Newberger Co<Lenigh Val RR.
Hubbard<Nov Paper.
Whitman<Touraine Co
Anderson<NY C RR.
Brown<Penn RR.
US<Six Rings.
De Valasco<Freund.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Anderson<Pearson.
Scully Line<SS City of Chester.
Ellerman Line<Barge Pittston.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.

Trials: Yee Tom. Edward Fickler. Murray Rothbart. Anskar Arildsen. Anton Olsen. Thomas Winkle. Michael Keogh & Charles Flear. Ryman Halberg. (2.) Philip Lovitz.
To set for trial: Scott Nearing et al.
Last day to withday plea: Eugene Geoffrey. George Jenkins. Paul M A Masurka.
Sentences. Stephen H Cordill. (3.) Jacob Platt et al. Lum Suey.
Pleadings: Anthony Musco. John H Quigg. J L Hopkins Co. Harry Aromy et al. M Montagnino et al. Vincenzo Licata. Ignatius Scaduto. Charles Dworkowitz. B Wagner et al. S E Rosenthal et al. Eugenio Lucarini. Fred Neuschafer. Midwood Chemical Co. M Rosenberg. Manuel Reyes. Thomas Bowers. Grace Fuller et al. Charles Thomas. E W Henry et al. L Lipschitz et al.

DISTRCT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., fourth floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy and equity.

Re Rice, (to fix a day for trial.)
Weiss<Byers & Hayes Co. Inc.
Allnan<Dwyer.
Foster<Callaghan & Co.
Baltaier<Springler.
Loomis Mfg Co.
Kimball Co<Nonsting Pin Ticket Co.
Am Can Co<Metallograph Corp.
Kayser & Co<Franklin Simon Co.
Fulton Co<Powers Regulator Co.
Wells<Altman & Co.
MacGregor<Shubert Theatrical Co.
Boulevard L & E Co, Inc<Eclipse Emby Works, Inc.
Army & Navy Stores Co, Inc<Levy.
Juenest<Sheridan Iron Works.
Same<Hill Pub Co.
US<Von Tilg.
Meccano, Ltd<John Wanamaker, NY
Massillon Wire Basket Co<Nat Mfg Co.
Jenness<Kemp.
Patents Selling & Exp Co<Speyer Rldg.
Brower<Passaic Falls Throwing Co.
Penn Steel Co<NYC Rys.
Wire Wheel Corp of Am<C T Silver, Inc.
Boston Pencil Pointer Co<Automat Pencil Sharpener Co.
Hopkins<Megargel.
Simpson<N'port News S & D D Co.
Vapor Car Heat Co<Gold Car H & L Co, (3.)
Hughes<Corn Products Ref Co.
Fair & Carnival Supply Co<Samet.
Keystone Type Fdy<Fastpress Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Common law at 10 A. M.

Parry<Crickett SS Co, (on trial.)
Criminal at 10:30: US<I S Merwin, (for pleading.)
Motion calendar at 2 P. M.: US<Coastwise Lumber & Supply Co. (2.)
Re petition of O'Brien Brothers.
Donnelly & ano<Leh Valley Transp Co.
Ashley & ano<Yacht Gretchen.
Kings Co Iron Fdy, Inc<J E Ogden Co.
Cochrane<Palmer et al.
Am Tube & Stamping Co<E. Grossman Mfg Corp.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323 Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corp<Janin et al, (on trial.)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Vironi, as admx., &c., respt., v. Krumenaker, aplt.; Fanara, respt., v. Portuna and another, &c., aplts.; Dobrinsky, an infant, &c., v. Moshman and another, impld., &c., aplts.—Motion for leave to appeal denied, with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Silver and another, aplts., v. Woodbury, &c., and others, aplts.—Motion by defendant-aplts. for leave to appeal granted.

Tiedemann, respt., v. Tiedemann, aplt.—Motion to amend return denied, with $10 costs.

People ex rel. American Mfg. Co., respt., v. Brady et al., as Comrs. of Taxes, &c., aplts., taxes 1906; People ex rel. American Mfg. Co., respt., v. Purdy et al., &c., aplts., taxes of 1907-1909; People ex rel. Cunningham Realty Co. and another, respts., v. Purdy et al., &c., aplts., taxes of 1908, 1910, 1911, and 1912.—Motion to amend order denying motion for leave to appeal granted, without costs.

Noble, aplt., v. Kendall, as sole surviving partner, &c., impld., &c., respt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted and appeal dismissed, with costs and $10 costs of motion.

Steiner and others, copartners, &c., aplts., v. American Alcohol Co., Inc., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Re judicial settlement account Farmers Loan and Trust Co., as temporary admr., &c., of Binkerhoff, dec'd; Clark and others, respts.; O'Keere, aplt., v. Dugan, as acting Town Clerk, &c., and others, respts.; re claim Dugan for compensation, &c., aplt., v. Harry J. McArdle, Inc., and another, respts.; re claim Haley for compensation, &c., respt., v. the Boston & Albany R. R. Co., aplt.; re transfer tax estate of Richards, dec'd., Controller of State, aplt., Spencer, exr., &c., respt.; Sohland, aplt., v. Pa. Silk Co., respt., impld., with others.—Orders affirmed, with costs.

Re application for judicial settlement, &c., Hoss, Public Admr of Brewis, dec'd; Brewis, as ancillary exr., &c., aplt.; Hoss, as Public Admr., &c., respt.—Order affirmed, with costs, and question certified answered in the negative.

Trowbridge, as sole qualified exr., &c., of Trowbridge, dec'd, respt., v. Earle et al., defts.; Martens, aplt.—Appeal dismissed, with costs.

Hull, aplt., v. Hull, indiv., &c., and another, respts., impld., with James Hull deft.—Judgment modified in accordance with opinion of Hogan, J., and as modified confirmed.

Smith, aplt., v. Browning, respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Bottlers' Seal Co., &c., aplt., v. Rainey et al., respts.—Judgment reversed and judgment ordered overruling defendant's demurrer, with costs in all courts, with leave to defendant to plead over within twenty days upon payment of costs.

Queeney, aplt., v. Willi, Jr., respt.; Queeney, aplt., v. same.—Judgment in each case reversed; new trial granted, costs to abide event.

DAY CALENDAR.

People<Curtis.
Mohawk Improv Co<Everest et al.
Am Defense Soc<Sherman Natl Bk of N Y.
Melcher<Ocean Acc & Guar Corp.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Dowling, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M. Enumerated motions.

Levant-Am Comm Co<W Wells & Co, Inc.
Quarello<Remsen.
Quincey<Emery.
Hagenaars<Caballero.
Iadelli & Confarti Co<Hudson Rty Co.
Healy<Hallenbeck-Hungerford R Co.
Re Bischoff.
Higgins<Applebaum.
Botsky<48th St Co.
Branch<Latham.
Leventhal<No Brit, &c, Ins Co.
Same<Levy.
Loosy<Black and White Cab Co.
Stewart<Dan Casey Co.
Guenther<Ridgway Co.
Re Tone.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Re Chesebrough, (Whitlock.)
Cochrane<Craig Demagnetizer and Ink Dryer Co.
Ellay Realty Co<Langman.
Elias<Hunts Point Palace Co.
U S Rubber Co<Auto Truck Co.
Re Ralston.
Rice<Rogers & Hagerty, Inc.
Beaver Engineering & Cont Co<Hart.
Fols<Folz.
Mass Fire and Marine Ins Co<Williams.
Fleming<Columbian Protective Ass'n, Inc.
Ryan<I R T Co.
Horowitz<Horowitz.
Leonard<Vels, (2.)
Blasius<Hartford Fire Ins Co.
Von Pustau<Von Pustau.
Baker & Co<Blancke.
Guaranty Trust Co<2d Av RR Co, (Di Gregorio.)
Niece<McKenna.
Rallo<Ruckert.
Hajek<Bohemian Workingmen Co-operative Assn.
Lathers<Hamlin.
Smith<Johnson.
Franklin Savings Bk<Frank.
Essanay Film Mfg Co<Chaplin.
Bigio<Rosenzweig.
Newman<Zaro.
Ratkowsky<A. Ratkowsky, Inc.
Copper<Greenhut.
Cole<Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.
Kaufman<Weltman.
Clark<Clark.
Easterday<Easterday.
Cohn<Levine.
Salke<Stanley.
O'Neil<Birdseye.
Phillips<same.
Covent<Jackson.
Canevari<Piercy, Inc.
Coveny<Jackson.
Mott<Mott, 3d.
Re Beck.
Re Acetylene Welding Co, (Margulies.)
Regan<Regan.
Bowers<Silverman.
Brenner<Fisher.
Wise Auction Co<Pryol.
People of the State of New York ex rel Davidson<Brennan.
Re Bresenoff, (Isaacson.)
Van Rood<Hoffman.
Ford<McClurg.
Litchfield<Litchfield.
Cassuto<Schelaman.
Re Spass, (Zanger.)

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motion:

Brook<Poor.
General calendar:
Block<Block.
Equit Life Assu Socy<Herbert.
Leary<Geller.
Harris Struct Steel Co<Jatison Con Co.
Godley<Crandall & Godley Co.
Brinkman<Brinkman.
Katsman<Katsman.
Wood<Krause.
Lewis<State Bank.
Force<Force.
Day<Seaver.
Nat Soc of Music, Inc<Bailey.
Hughes<Techt.
Miller<Schwartz & Co.
Weissberg<Weissberg.
Elliott & Co<Oxman.
Sims<Sims.
Heinman<Joslin.
Cohen<Grossman.
Rieger's Sons, Inc<Everard's Breweries.
Rochler<Walsh.
Rafferty<Teachers Ass'n, NY C.
Taylor Auto Truck & Renting Co<Taylor Trucking Co.
Kapitola<Kapitola.
Spiro<Simonette.
Curry<Cody.
Jackson<Jackson.
Sherashevsky<Dearman.
Tyers<Tyers.
US Trust Co<Spear & Co.
Levis<Glaser.
Lusk<Lusk.
Case on.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.

PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.

Holzman<West End Paper Co.
Matthews<105 West 55th St, Inc.
Hatters & Furriers Exch, Inc<Thom & Bayley, Peekskill.
Royal Card & Paper Co<Metro Lith Co.
Breslow<Altman
Sobel<Salzman.
Friedlander<Rosenthal.
Goetz<Wharton.
Atlantic Sales Co<E Shore Shpbldg Co.
Berg<Ertz.
Goodman<Rubinstein.
Kubie Co<River Leafe
Waterman<Tumble-In Co, Inc.
Post<Megalos.
Paulson<Benenson Rty Co.
Trainor<Trainor.
Waydell & Co<Am Trading Co.
Berensman<Weber.
Solomon<Union S Bk of Augusta.
Irvin Trust Co<Tull.
Oil, Paint & Drug Reporter<Hechtkopf.
Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner.
Village Garage<Farrell.
James<Steinburger.
Liberty Natl Bank<MacFarland.
Lewis<Slade, (2.)
Phillips<Blumberg Bros Co.
Feller<Friedman.
Wright, Inc<Maresca.
Elliott<Amer Star L.
Hubschmitt, Jr<Hercules Steel Co.
Hatters Fur Exch, Inc<Peekskill Hat Mfg, (2.)
Gibbons<Raymond.
Maher<Picker
Betts<Johnson.
Wisner Mfg Co<Van Vranken.
Breslow<Winberg.
Case on.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inquest—Schwartz<Spector.
Cohen<Lewis. (2.)
Green<Shapiro.
Hansch<3d Av Ry.
Dooley<Bartley.
Fick<Wessler.
Held<Equit Office Building Corp.
Scharaga<NY Rys.
Marandino<Kurzman.
Fowler<N Y Herald Co.
Weiss<Bassel. (2.)
Davidson<Rap Tr Sub.
Schlessinger & Sons, Inc<Rap Tran Sub Cont Co.
Meyer<St Nich Auto Co.
Felli<Miskin.
Bila<Bloomingdale.
Rappaport<3d Av RR.
Katz<Mallory SS Co.
Workin<NY Rys.
Holders Realty Co<Speltze.
Silberberg<Grand Central Palace Co.
Sarner<Richman.
Nudelman<NY Con RR.
Zappier<Union Ry.
Honig<Isaac.
Arlotta<Alasia.
Abelow<Aprill.
Kaewnetz<NY Rys.
Burhans<Bishop.
Roth<Jeremiah Skidmore's Sons Corp.
Dannato<Knickerbocker Ice Co.
Morgan<3d Av RR.
De Blasio<Gitsky.
Strachman<NY Rys.
Neger<Lowenthal.
Harvey<Koenigsberg.
Green<Hulbert.
Kurzrok<Rheinauer.
Harreys<Marmus.
Fisher<Kronovet.
Kandel<Combined R E Interests (2.)
Levy<Wallace.
Caswell<Ehret.
Carlson<Ailmento (2.)
Ginsberg<NY Rys.
Field<Schubert Bearing Co.
Horowitz<L I RR.
Berger<same.
Gaucher<Int R T.
Jabs<Union Ry.
Kelly<Int R T.
Libowitz<R Carvel Co.
Slattery<NY Rys.
McQuillan<42d St, &c, Ry.
Curoe<Rambeau (2.)
Cohen<O'Connell.
Austin<Seeman.
Goldstein<NY Rys.
Steinberg<Int R T.
Greenbaum<NY, O & W RR.
Fately<Graham.
Jacobowitz<Union Ry.
Brand<Brown.
Boykoff<Jersey.
Randall<914 Simpson St Realty Co.
La Patricia Custom Corset<F Hunt, Inc.
Kaastner<Kinsella.
Moore<Greenberg.
McCarthy<NY Rys.
McShane<Degnon Con.
Galesman<Jaffe.
J Scott<Goetz.
T Scott<same.
Cannata<NY Rys.
Clark<Variety, Inc.
Thomann<NY Rys.
Connolly<J Wilfert Co
Beloff<Cohen.
Laird<Neurological Inst of NY.
Santillo<D, L & W RR
Hoylance<NY Rys.
Rosenstein<Watson.
McComisch<Howlett.
Stoloya<B H RR.
Hervereaux<Black & White Cab Co.
Wizemann<Tag.
Bennett<NY Rys.
Kastlinger<O H Perry & Son, Inc.
Wolf<NY, N H & H RR
Gelb<Int R T.
Irons<Silberman Dairy
Carbola<NY Rys.
Siegel<same.
Cooperson<Rachman.
Walsh<Weinberg.
Comstock<Union News
Grossman<Johnson.
Bornstein<same.
D'Angelo<Feldman.
Luculto<same.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Int'l Cloak Mfg Co<Mass Bonding Co.
Friedenberg<Rosenwasser.
Laxer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Goodwin<Ansonia.
Martorelli<Italian Imp Co of NY.
O'Connell<Conklin.
Cohen<Annunziata.
Goodsey<Ehrich.
Rotolo<NY,NH&HRR.
Middleman<Carroll.
Frank<Ryan.
Warwick Art Studios, Inc<Sackett & Wilhelms Corp.
Lund<Lund.
Sickles<Oliver.
Kraut<Richard.
Warren Products Co<Binney & Smith Co.
Vail<Bernstein.
Kalbach<Hamilton.
Leiberger<Weyhmann.
Phil<Matthews.
Milius<Fidelity & Casualty Co of N Y.
Herzog's Cloak & Suit Co<Skroder.
Pyro Chemical Co<Zobel, Inc.
Hemingway<Marden, Orth & Hastings Co.
Guggenheimer<Reilly.
Tomony<Finley.
Conti<Legend Rty Co.
Park & Tilford<Di Stackelberg.
European & Far East Sales Co<Rownson Drew & Sales, Inc.
Sklamberg<Zecknowitz.
Beaver Eng & Con Co<CNY
De Graff<Halbot & Co
Mortimer<Bristol.
Von Dorn<Crary.
Schoonmaker Co, Inc<Hirsch.
Hallowell<Headden.
Joseph<Millens.
Nat City Bank of NY<Schwarzstein.
Wade<Wade.
Mundheim Co<US Fid & Guar Co.
Gottesman<Iroquois Pulp & Paper Co.
Wenatchee Val Fruit Gr Assn<Steinhardt.
Berkowitz<Vetter Aut Top Co.
Aron & Co<Bassett, Jr.
Hubbard<Hartley.
Heineman Phono Sup Co<Perry.
Levin<Treinis.
Miller<Campbell.
Howard<Fox Vaud Co.
Muderofiros<Miller.
Rose<Feinstein.
Thomas<Hutton.
Pope Trading Corp<Seligman.
Buck<C, M & S P Ry.
Caracanda<Dugundji.
Rosen<Goldwin Pictures Corp.
Lovejoy<Shapiro.
Hirschfield<Fuld & Hatch Knitting Co.
Albright<Byrnes.
Weiss<Am Burlesque Assn, Inc.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Holley<Royal Mail SS Co.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Wills for probate: Ernest C. Chown, Gustave Feig, Cerline Lasker, Margaret Buckley, Charles Bernstein, Daniel J. Sheridan, Mary O'Connor, H. Garrabrants, George Achenbach, Elizabeth B. T. Martin, Emma Miles, Arthur B. Speyers,

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Enoch<George Margra f.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Fischer<White.
World Film Corp<Am Surety Co.
Teich<Gilman.
Berman<Holbrook.
Cabot & Rollins Corp
Jacobson & Co<Merz.
Hammond<Thompson.
Graham<Lemke.
Alland Brothers & Co<Horikoshi & Co.
Cohen<Cohen.
Hollander<Katz.
Bound Brook Co<Adler.
Austin Nichols & Co<Kurtz.
Malamud<Pechiro.
Weiner<Carmana Rty Co.
Lieberman<Josephson.
Goodstein<Milady Hat Co.
Lippman<Rosenblatt.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Feinman<Weil.
Samuels<Stone.
McGowan<Miller.
Klein<Brimberg.
Bresko<Smith.
Tannenbaum<Lindenburg.
Cohen<Horn.
Kaplan<Pottar.
Holley<Squires.
Tapol<Lawson Co.
Hernstein<Sekilr.
Massey<Lamb.
Jonda<Electo Co, (2.)
Bernstein<Nissenshall
Arbolino<NY Rys.
Pearlman<Tiedemann.
Rubin<Normandy Waist Co.
Hall<Union Ry.
Ridley<Gordon.
Crawford<Baeder.
Steinenmuller<Post.
Shapiro<NY Rys.
Nash<Goldberg's Son & Co.
Langer<Int R T.
Freiman<Frankel.
Levine<Doughty.
Cohen<Penn RR.
Katz<Weiss.
Goldberg<Kline.
Muhlstein<Walser.
Schlamofsky<NY Rys.
Stressberg<Wartikowitz.
Hirshhorn<Schiffman & Co.
Mazeto<Talmud.
Reimer<NY Rys.
Levy<Int R T Co.
Gross<same.
Vogel<same.
Scherkowitz<Taxi Cab Transit Co.
Slutakin<Lebast.
Brodsky<3d Av RR.
Price<Cohn.
Nadelman<NY Rys.
Sachs<same.
Kaufman<42d St, &c, Ry.
Winkler<Goldberg.
Weltsman<Krinsky.
Cohen<Rabinowitz.
Friedman<Levy.
Landley<Natanson.
Bumfeld<Kress.
Finkelstein<K & W Holding Corp.
Schatz<Brandwein.
Kornberg<3d Av RR.
Conti<Battaglio.
Forman<Friedman.
Cohen<Miller.
Mendelson<N Y City Int Ry.
Warren Products Co<Caravel Co.
Landers<N Y Rys.
Williams<Colt-Stratton Co.
Meltzer<Kush.
Kendler<Int R T Co.
Finkelstein<same.
Greenberg<142 Forsyth St Co.
81st St Bldg Co<Eltoma Rty Co.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Schlesinger<Schlesinger.
Metz<N Y Rys.
Inter Allied Trading Co<Royal Mfg Co.
Gregory<Mutual Trading Co.
Case on.

PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Ackerman<Blumenthal.
Prudential Knit Mills, Inc<Krasney.
Rosenberg<Schulman.
Greenberg<Carp
Noschkes<Stone.
Schafuss<Ford Co.
Field<Zuckerman.
Bank of US<Am Sea Glass Co.
Stein<Pergallo.
Fein<Kruger.
Birch<Richard Carvel Const Co.
Rosenblatt<Franken.
New England Woolen & Dress Goods M'lls, Inc<Schaum.
Regan<Jackson.
Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co<Am Union L.
N Y Overseas Co<Halle Ferris Trading Co.
Howes Const Co<Maryland Cas Co.
Perlman<Golden
Bratman<Liberman.
Crane<Litchfield.
Schwartz<Selecta Trading Corp.
Feinstein<S. Blumenthal Co.
Elev Supplies Co<Ritz Rty Corp.
Aaronson, Kaplan & Mstrowitz<Baum.
Cirrincione<General Waist Co.
L. Hamoner & Co<Weinstein.
Landau<Levensohn.
Wolff<Kupferberg.
Germain Co<Woods Const Co.
Nathan<Strauss.
Berlin<Gluckin.
Weissman<Nat Liberty Ins Co.
Cochran<Sahn.
Perret<Di Cippioo.
Watney<Dannen.
Schoenfeld<Military Art Nov Co.
Ritter<Internat'l Cloak, &c, Co.
Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Matter of Zerwil Garage, Inc—Michael H Wolfe. Martin, Rose—William H Ford.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Farmers Loan and Trust Co<Murphy—Nathaniel Phillips. In re Rush-Lowe Eng Co, Inc—Thomas W Churchill.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—John Muir<Charles A Burbank—Frank J Coyle.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

McCann<42d St, Man & St Nich Av RR.
Cohen<Cohen.
Lascar<Union Ry.
Thau<CNY.
Wheelwright<Ginsburg Realty Co.
Bronx Parkway Comm<Thomas.
State Industrial Comm<La Gattuta.
Rudovsky<7th Av Const Co (2.)
Sceisa<J Butler, Inc.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.

Bridges<Hoving.
Jacobson<Brody.
Napolis<Booth.
Vernora<Brody.
Campbell<Rosenfeld.
Skoultchi<Goldberg.
Whitney<Blake.
Paltis<Duempleman, (3.)
Ambraszka<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
White<Weigle.
King<Weinberger.
Metropolitan Elec Mfg Co<Woods, Inc.

The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:

H Poulson<Mangels.
K Poulson<same.
D'Avola<Waltes Motor Van & Storage Co.
Marks<Lewandowski.
Wynne<Corona Prov.
Tilley<Muelberger.
Gusstavino<Rock.
Y Sneiderwitz<Ehnl.
H Sneiderwitz<same.
S Fox<Brunor.
L Fox<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Weisgal<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Zelenko<Union Ry.
W Zelenko<same.
Heilman<Corona Prov.
Abbenante<Union Ry.
McCarthy<Int R T.
Barchan<Grossman.
F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Skupinsky<same.
Hultgren<Union Ry.
Brilles<same.
Beatty<Peace.
Carey<NY C RR.
Rail<Neuman.
Rosenthal<Waltes Mot Vans & Storage Co.
Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency.
L Rosenthal<Waltes Mot Van & Storage.
S Rosenthal<same.
Weber<Holsten.
Uspalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co.
Verro<Union Ry.
Wolf<same.
Helt<Walworth Bros, Inc.
Furrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc.
Tuccitto<Union Ry.
Grace<Union Ry.
Nacheman<Hoolahan.
F Frey<Heyne.
M Frey<same.
O'Sullivan<same.
Goldstein<Union Ry.
Kruger<Goldberg.
Weingold<Wulfhop.
Silverblatt<Int R T.
Gasdia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital.
Kallman<Sanwick.
Swinn<Samuels.
O'Shea<Hobby.
Buschi<B H RR.
Phillips<Jacobs.
Buschi<B H RR.
Winkler<Union Ry.
Cotter<Burns Bros.
Ross<So Blvd RR.
Beyrodt<Lyon.
McGuire<C A Sigmond Realty Co.
Bastone<CNY.
Toots<Segal.
Elsler<So Blvd. RR.
Lopota<Int R T.
Greenblatt<same.
Stringis<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc.
J Fanelli<Ferguson.
N Fanelli<same.
Maurer<Gimbel Bros.
Schoenfelder<NY Rys.

Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.

PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions: Estates of— Esther Cohen, Stavros Christoforakis, Lena Gruber, Maria Tufo Valente, Teodora Marasclo, Patsy Garafolo, Marguerita Bauer. Wills for probate: Mary Bride, Gertrude Boecher, Mary Knox Fox, Jeremiah Horan, Mary A McGinley, Louis Spevack, Joseph Kennealiy, John Joseph McCall, John J Hynes, John Slater, Henrietta Eiffert, Maurice J Israelite. Accountings: Estates of— Augustus W Colwell, Mary A McMahon, Samuel G Dayton, William Beaman.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.

Woflson<So Blvd RR.
Mehrstein<Naviya Co, (2.)
Galewski<Int R T.
Watin<Inter R T.
Maher<Stein.
Fenluer<Union Ry.
Grieco<Comes.
Deitzman<Pentel.
Castro<Union Ry.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Samuels<George J Graham Construction Co et al—Myron Sulzberger. N Y Title and Mortgage Co<Clegg et al—Hartley G Pelletier. Bradley, executor, &c<Rossfield and another—Morris Frank.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Edward S Murphy<Evelyn H White et al—George E Buckbee.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Dubman<Zinman.
Todd<Keller.
Alfreta<Alfreta.
Finken<Liebler (2.)
Gausman<Lindner.
H Buck<CNY.
E Buck<same.
Kelly<same.
Klockmeyer<same.
Freeland<same (2.)
Rubin<same.
Hurlburt<same.
Shelley<same.
G M Janvrin<same.
M A Janvrin<same.
Simpson<same.
Flaherty<same.
Kennington<same.
Lodge<same.
Goethals<same.
Naill<same.
Book<same.
Grant<same.
Collins<same.
Schmidt<same.
Rosenfeld<same.
Re First Norwegian D B Church.
M J Burnett<NY Cons RR Co.
J O D Burnett<same.
Cikonowich<Korn.
Quinn<Hamilton.
Parisi<MacArthur Bros Co.
Van Nostrand<Van Nostrand.
Hauck<Middendorf.
MacCaskill<Downey Shipbuilding Co.
Re Mendolia.
Coyle<Int R T.
Lukasarinsky<same.
Tappen<Tappen.
Tulte<Tulte.
Zimmerman<Zimmerman.
Feinmesser<Feinmesser.
Minesale<Merritt & Chapman D & W Co
Minion<Warner.
Serena<Serena.
People State NY<Loris
Meinor<Jacobs.
Mary Gwenn's Bread Shop<Van Noy Interstate Co.
Snyder<Snyder.
Re Hackmann.
Koths<Feldmann.
Nassau-Beekman Inv Co<Moore
Johnson<Smith & Sons

PART II.—Manning, J.—At 10 A. M.

Parits<Parits.
King<King.
Hencken<Hencken.
Durchlichtig<Durchlichtig.
Herr<Herr.
Zagon<Zagon.
Koenig<Koenig.
Clark<Clark.
Jaffee<Jaffee.
Fallon<Fallon.
Handwerg<Handwerg
Malone<Malone.
Rosenfeld<Rosenfeld.
Sternberg<Sternberg.
Wagner<Wagner.
Fenn<Fenn.
Tonnele<Tonnele.

PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Stutsky<Rosenblum.
Taub<Gold.
Bourke<Bourke.
Davis<Isaacs.
Davidson<Davidson.
Schmitt<Schmitt.
Reiss<Reiss et al.
Lamb<Lamb.
Ruggiero<Ruggiero.
Fiori<CNY, (3.)
Gleason<Gleason.
Litchild<Litchild.
Bess-Mar Realty Co<Capell.
Sharp<Sharp.
Kantor<Krombeck.
Lyle<CNY.
Aherns<Parker.
Feldman<Feldman.
Stern et al<Shea et al
Cantor<Frucht.
Goldberg<Goldberg.

Highest number reached on regular call, 1254.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.

Feeney<Nassau RR.
Harriett<B H RR.
Gross<Berman & Swerdlick.
Esposito<Auditore C Co.
Jones<Losser & Co & ano.
Teague<B H RR.
Societe des Anciens<Thom & Bailey et al.
Duffy<Int R T.
Reller<So Bklyn Ry.
Ghiraldi<Prospect Coal Co.
Carey<C I & B RR.
Merila<Kabat.
Kinney<Hillin.
Block<Block.
Kantrowitz<Schelsen.
Rader<Cohen.
Isbrandtsen<Graham.
Mullaly<U S Rubber Co and ano.
Ginsberg<Goldfarb.
Hammermesch<Kemp.
Cohen<Altman Furniture Co.
Yelenewitz<Tamarkin and ano.
Moskowitz<Janpol.
Siegle<Cent New England Ry.
Taylor<B H RR.
Baffa<Purdy and ano.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:

Kadish<N Y Cons RR.
Illein<Reiss et al.
Baxter<Nassau RR.
Neidig<Shaw.
Ebbert<Cohn.
Moorcroft<Dressler Tunnel Ovens & ano.
Fuchs<Richmond Light & RR Co.
O'Leary<Sand.
Goldstein<B Bklyn RR
Rosenthal<Bklyn, Qns Co & Sub RR.
Hemerlein<Rockmore.
Haskell<Haskell.
Steinberg<Ward Baking Co.
Thompson<Koenig.
Teubler & ano<CNY.
Sawyer<Wash Detective Bureau.
Susman<Michaels.
Kenney<Million.
Kornblum<Com Advertiser Assn.
Preuss<Nassau RR.
Richter<Clover Farms
Darrow<Humiston.
Dalury<Dalury Candy
Shapiro<Borden's Farm P'rod Co.
Mezick<L I RR.
Trainor<Nassau RR.
Grossman<same.
Feller<same.
Federico<Herman et al.
Shepuraitis<Kazlaukas.
De Groff<Drysdale.
Galewitz<Weltman.
McGuire<Nassau RR.
Newman<Bennett.
Berg<Bklyn Up Gas.
Kennedy<NY Con RR.
Gray<B H RR.
Cogut<Basinst.
Ward<B H RR.
Palmedo<Miller.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6674.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of: Charles Sauter, Sarah Moore, Bernard Cunningham, Ellen Walsh, John Ferrier, George Bunnell, Peter Miteser. Accountings of: Jane Olds, Lou Israel, George Hornblow, Bernard Hillan, Jennie Harrison. Estates of: Rose Siegel, Isabella Hamilton, James Kelly, Kate Lamb, Harris Yarmus, Benjamin O'Connell, Elizabeth McDonnell, Domingo Alonso, Lorenz Knippert, Louis Kaufer, Patrick Kelly, Pauline Neudoerfer, Elizabeth Nisber, Anna Schuster. Contested will of: Claudine Eckert.

County Court.

PART IV., May, J.; Part V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.—Calendar called in Part V.

Ross<Nassau El RR.
Sosnowski<Wlocjowski.
Fasanella<Polito.
Stone<Brockman.
Lemowitz<Wilson St Laundry.
Impellizzeri<C I & B RR.
Mettalia<same.
Kanner<Duntz.
Nilsen<Cohen.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.

Corell<Bendine et al.
Bauer, as execr, &c<Rasmussen et al.
Sheridan<Sheridan.
Story<Craig, as Controller, &c.
Cromwell<Cromwell.

Highest number reached on calendar is 748-f.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.

Cohen, an inf<Laracco.
Kubelka<Kretchmar, &c.
Rafferty<Munson SS Line.
Regan<Burck, & anc, as execrs.
Egan, an infant, &c<Thos Roulston, Inc.
Sechko<Muller & ano.
Posser<Michaelfelder & ano.
Coutleri<Long Isl RR.
Smith<Marks, Litsberger & Son, Inc.
Whitbeck<B H RR.
Stratford, by guardian<Seaman.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:

Sexton<Shults Bread.
Burba<NY Rys.
O'Connell<Begg & ano, as receivers, &c.
Feinauer<B H RR.
Seaman, an inf<Stoff.
Hill<NY Cons RR.
O'Neill<same.
Hagmaier<Pacific Coast Borax Co.
Quittner<Hirschberg.
Dickerson & Oaskell, Inc<Sima & Co.
Nassauer<Tagliabue.
Bohley, an infant<Meusel & ano.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2614.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tompkins, J.—At White Plains, at 10:45 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Keogh, J.—At New Rochelle—At 10 A. M.

Rosenthal<Mertz.
Shipiro<Lowe.
Vought<Cornwall.
Griffin<Coons.

PART II.—Platt, J.

Donmini<Etruscan Pottery Corp.
Briggs<Griot.

TRIAL TERM—Part I—Morschauser, J.; Part II., Platt, J. At 9:45 A. M.

Buchanan<Worden.
Geno<Funk.
Barnidge<City of Mt Vernon.
Persico<Levine.
Bird<Herdtfelder.
Blencestone<Syme.
Bernarducci<Deutermann.
Witz<Union Ry Co.

Balance of calendar goes over to February Term.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Young, J.

Sloat<Gold. (Partly tried.)
Burchetta<Banker.
McGee<Smythwick.
Delz<Aprea.
Mt Pleasant Garage, Inc<Leon.
Legum & Kasenets Taxi Co<Abdelnour.
Swartwout<Peekskill Hotel Co.
Sarles<Contelt.
Lavigna<Dorrance.
O'Hagan<NY & Stamford Ry.
Rose<Di Nonno.
Lord & Burnham Co<same.
Luppinacci<Tripodi.
Stern<Ingebretsen.
Petro<Inwood Dairy.
Frey<Schaff.
Foster<Smith.
Smith<Aitchinson.
Tecci<Mann.
Westch Co Nat Bank<McCord.
O'Connell<Sundry.

MORTGAGE ASSIGNMENTS.

Manhattan.

CLAREMONT AV, e s, 300 ft n of 122d St, mtg now $3,000; William J. Casey to Irwin Arnow, 409 Central Park West; address 1,834 Broadway $2,500

COLUMBUS AV, 731; Henry Wiener, Jr., and another, trustees, to James McWalters, 600 West 150th St; address 1,497 Broadway $10,000

GOLD ST, mill property; also property in Brooklyn; Agnes C. Hawley to Agnes C. Hawley, Theodore F. Jackson and Oscar F. Hawley, trustees will of Oscar F. Hawley, deceased; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,500

MONROE ST, 294-96, mtg, $39,000; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St....$30,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 140; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to N. Y. Estates Corp., 511 5th Av.; attorneys, Ferriss & S., 165 Broadway. $50,000

SAME PROPERTY; Bankers' Trust Co., trustee, to Lawyers' Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St.; attorneys, same....$50,000

WEST BROADWAY, 307-309, mtg now $15,000; Mary K. Marsh, executrix, to Mary K. Marsh, 72 Park Av; attorney, A. A. Silberberg, 256 Broadway $1

WILLETT ST, 89, mtg. $39,000; Thomas Rothmann to Theresa Rothmann, 59 Liberty St. $5,000

3D AV, 1,280-84; William Pragen, individual, and Isaac Lowenfeld, et al, executors, to Nettie Simons, 115 West 118th St; attorneys, Weschler & K., 42 Broadway....$100

5TH AV, 590, mtg $27,500; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$250,000

10TH AV, s w corner of 30th St; Lincoln Trust Co., trustee, to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & D., 40 Wall St $9,500

96TH ST, 209 West; Solomon A. Fatman, executor, to Dry Dock Savings Institution, 341 Broadway; attorney, F. M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row $19,000

117TH ST, n s, 92.6 ft w of 2d Av; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Robert Adelmann, 640 Morris Park Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,500

125TH ST, 332 East, mtg $4,200; Israel Freidus to James McWalters, 1,497 Broadway; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row $1

Bronx.

CLAY AV, 1,202; Carrie Toello to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,737 3d Av; attorney, Mackellar & G., 43 Cedar St....$16,000

LORILLARD PLACE, s e corner of 187th St, 24.4x100; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Caroline S. Fellowes, 840 Park Av; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $17,000

OLMSTEAD AV, s e corner of Powell Av, 33x105; George A. Hefter to Johanna L. Barry, 1,148 Olmstead Av; attorney, G. A. Hefter, 2,164 Westchester Av....$100

VALENTINE AV, 2,078; Charles Danewitz to Julius H. Zieser, 686 Greene Av, Brooklyn; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Julius H. Zieser to Henry Linsmann, 3,480 Elm Place; attorney, same $1

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 84.6 ft n of 168d St, 37.8x90.9; Rice-Fitzgerald Building Co. to Josephine Fitzgerald, 314 East 157th St; attorney, S. T. Stern, 41 Park Row...$3,500

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 72 ft n of 168d St, 37.6x90.8; Rice-Fitzgerald Building Co. to Anna Rice, 514 East 157th St; attorney, S. T. Stern, 41 Park Row....$3,500

WILKINS AV, 1,464; Lulu L. Thorndike, guardian, to Charles B. Mayer, Flushing, L. I.; attorney, John C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman $28,500

142D ST, s s, 320 ft e of Willis Av, 15x100; Charlotte Barr to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St....$3,500

169TH ST, 359 East; August Buggeln to Carrie F. Lopez, 4 Hunter St, Mamaroneck, N. Y.; attorney, C. F. Lopez, Mamaroneck, N. Y. $1

236TH ST, 605 East; Robina B. Knox, trustee, to Eugene L. Larkin, 5,751 Broadway; attorney, Louis Cohen, 302 Broadway.$3,596

SAME PROPERTY; Eugene L. Larkin to Rose Bartley, 129 Coligna Av, New Rochelle, N. Y.; attorney, same....$3,596

SAME PROPERTY; Rose Bartley to Filomena B. Ferrara, 210 West St, Brooklyn; attorney, same $500

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

54TH ST, 442 West; Niccolo Rao against Joseph Silverstein et al., Dec. 11, 1918..$160

Bronx.

134TH ST, 531 East; Louis Grodsky against Charles Adler et al., Aug. 21, 1918....$205

MECHANICS' LIEN.

Manhattan.

6TH AV, 1,011; Dickson Bros. against Robert F. Ballantine, owner; Robert T. Lyons and C. T. Silver, contractors....$1,173.74

REAL ESTATE FIELD

In the lower downtown section an interesting deal was closed in the purchase by Baker, Carver & Morrell of the four-story commercial building at 87 Water Street, on a plot 28 by 83. It was bought from the New York Cotton Exchange, having been used for the inspection of cotton. It adjoins the eight-story building occupied by the buyers on the corner of Coenties Slip, and the firm was anxious to obtain it for additional space.

The Cotton Exchange offered to sell provided another suitable building in the neighborhood could be found for its use. The structure at 51 Water Street was acquired for that purpose by Baker, Carver & Morrell a short time ago, a five-story building on a plot 30 by 80, and nearer the Exchange than their former Water Street property. This was then given in exchange, closing a deal of mutual benefit.

William A. White & Sons were the brokers in both transactions.

Lively Bidding for Penn. Zone Property.

Several valuable parcels were offered at auction in the Vesey Street rooms by Joseph P. Day in the disposal of the properties of the estate of Charlotte Y. Ackerman. The chief competition arose for the gore-shaped plot at 135 West Thirty-third Street, opposite the new Pennsylvania Hotel. Bidding finally became a contest between Robert E. Dowling and Charles F. Noyes, the latter finally securing it for $42,000. The parcel has a frontage of 31.8 feet on Thirty-third Street, a depth of 98.9, and a width in the rear of 9 inches.

Other offerings included the three-story dwelling with a stable in the rear at the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and Eighty-second Street, an irregular shaped plot. It was started at $25,000, and after sixteen bids had been recorded was sold to Oscar Uns for $40,500; a three-story building at 260 West Twenty-fourth Street, on lot 16.8 by 98.8, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues bought by H. Leftin for $8,100, and the three-story building at 327 Seventh Avenue, bought by Ignatz Roth for $33,600. The lot is 24.8 by 99.9.

In speaking of the sale, Mr. Day said that the attendance evidenced the real awakening of an active real estate market that may be anticipated during the coming year, and that while prices will have to seek their level gradually, the fact that so many operators were interested in the sale and bid on the properties indicated that well-located properties can be successfully marketed.

Henry Van Arsdale Disposes of Another Heights Apartment.

Henry Van Arsdale of Newark, N. J., sold to Lauzner & Kahn the five-story apartment house, occupying plot 75 by 105, on the northwest corner of 178th Street and Northern Avenue. The property shows a gross annual rental of $16,000 and was held at $150,000.

On Monday Mr. Van Arsdale sold a similar property, adjoining, known as 42 Northern Avenue, to Vogel & Schulz. M. G. Strunsky and McDowell & McMahan negotiated both transactions.

Operators Buy Private Garage Held at $38,000.

Ennis & Sinnott, operators, purchased from the James Stillman estate, 170 East Seventy-third Street, a three-story private garage on a lot 25 by 100, held at $30,000. L. J. Phillips & Co. negotiated the sale.

Left in Old Silk District Sold.

In the old silk and notion district William Herman & Co., paper merchants at 69 Wooster Street, purchased from the estates of Sarah and Leopold Haas 74 Wooster Street.

The property consists of a five-story loft on a lot 25 by 100, located between Broome and Spring Streets. The buyers will use the building for warehouse purposes.

Times Square Sale.

In the Times Square section, the M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company sold for the Kineo Realty Company the three-story and basement altered dwelling at 150 West Forty-fourth Street, on plot 16.8 by 100.5. This completes the sale of the Kineo Realty Company's holdings in this section, the sale of its property at 141, 143, and 145 West Forty-third Street to the owner of the adjoining Hotel Woodstock having been announced last month.

A Harlem-Bronx Trade.

Matthew McNamara purchased from Frederick Brown, operator, 2,403 Grand Concourse, a four-story apartment on a plot 50 by 80, held at $40,000. In part payment the buyer gave 121 West 127th Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16 by 100, held at $9,000. W. R. Lowe negotiated the sale.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

John E. Rousmaniere purchased from an estate represented by A. C. Cox 115 East Sixty-fifth Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 20 by 102.2, held at $50,000. The new owner will remodel the structure. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the sale.

G. Attenbury and S. Phelps sold to a client of Pease & Elliman, the five-story American basement dwelling 160 East Seventy-fourth Street, on a lot 18.9 by 100.

James M. Betts sold to a client of the A. Kane Company 221 West 127th Street, a three-story dwelling on a plot 45.4 by 98.9.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company sold to a client of A. J. Robinson 48 and 50 West Forty-seventh Street, two four-story private dwellings on a plot 45.4 by 98.9.

Buying Tenements.

John McKee purchased from the Hersog Holding Company 257 East 125th Street, a five-story tenement on a plot 28 by 100, held at $18,000. A. A. Goldstein negotiated the sale.

Contracts for the sale of three West Harlem tenements, 246, 250, and 252 West 136th Street, have been signed by the Cooper Realty Company, representing Holsman Brothers, bankers, of 26 Exchange Place. The properties are six-story structures, each on plot 49.2 by 99.11, adjoining the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue. The purchaser is a client of Freidus & Co. and Joseph Harrison.

The Bronx Market.

McLernon Brothers sold for a client to Vincent Riggio of the American Tobacco Company, a private residence at 2,282 Andrews Avenue, University Heights, on a plot of 88 by 100, just north of the Campus of the New York University. The same brokers also sold Regina Friedenberg, for investment, the five-story and apartment at 2,338 University Avenue, on a plot 44 by 100, located about 250 feet south of Fordham Road.

Joseph Robinson purchased for investment from Frederich Brown, operator, 118 West 190th Street, corner of Devoe Terrace, a two-story two-family house on a lot 25 by 100, held at $12,000. Greenfield & Starrin were the brokers, the buyer paying all cash.

The Benenson Realty Company purchased from the Friedman Brothers, and Feinberg Construction Company the six-story elevator apartment house, at 960-964 Prospect Avenue, on a plot 75.5 by 219.9 irregular. It was a cash transaction. The property was sold at $165,000. L. J. Greenburger negotiated the sale.

Frank L. Norris, purchased from Cahn & Pittman, 876 East 169th Street, a three-story flat on a lot 17 by 80.

The Burnett-Wall Construction Company sold to an investor 1,002 Garrison Avenue, a five-story flat, at the southeast corner of Manida Street.

Brooklyn.

The Meister Builders, Inc., purchased from Clarence A. Spear, 1,352-1,356 Seventy-seventh Street, two one-family dwellings on a plot 62 by 100. John E. Sullivan sold the two-family brick house, 7,211 Sixth Avenue, for C. S. Pickett to J. Finnegan, for investment.

The three-story dwelling at 147 Rodney Street, on lot 22 by 100, was sold by Joseph Metzger for Mrs. Annie Tepper to an investor.

Queens Borough Sales.

F. Ashley of Manhattan purchased a plot 185 by 276 at the southwest corner of Clinton and Seventh Avenues, Flushing.

H. Warbasse sold to E. Romain a plot 94 by 350 on the west side of Magnolia Avenue south of the Brooklyn Plank Road, Jamaica.

The Bank of Long Island sold to the J. D. Morris Realty Company a plot 135 by 142 at the northwest corner of Central Avenue and Williams Street, Far Rockaway.

J. Chandler has sold to M. Hartenstein a plot 80 by 102 on the west side of Jessica Avenue south of Story Place, Far Rockaway.

Staten Island.

Moffatt & Schwab have sold for Miss Lucy J. Kipper the two-family brick dwelling at 138 Jersey Street, New Brighton, to Andrew Devito.

Realty Notes.

Clara B. McGinnis is the buyer of the dwelling, 145 West Twenty-sixth Street.

May O. Morrill is the buyer of the five-story flat 7 East 112th Street.

The Eldo Realty Company has been formed to take over the property at 136 West Forty-second Street, a five-story business building, 25 by 100, which has been leased by Robert M. Fuller to Hugh Dougherty, for a term of ten years from May 1, at a net yearly rental of $5,400. The property adjoins the twenty-nine story Bush building on the west.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

82d St, 331 West, n s, 350 ft w of West End Av, 26x102.2, three-story and basement dwelling; also

82d St, n e corner of Riverside Drive, 26.5x60.4x irregular; vacant; to Oscar Uns for $40,500; also

24th St, 260 West, s s, 141.8 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x98.9, three-story and basement dwelling; to H. Lifton for $8,100; also

7th Av, 327, e s, 77 ft n of 28th St, 24.8x99.4x24.8x99.9, three-story loft and stable; to the 174th Street Construction Co., Ignatz Roth, President, for $33,600; also

33d St, 135 West, s s, 300 ft e of 7th Av, 31.8x103.6x9.9x98.9, two-story tenement and stores; Y. Brush against C. A. Ackerman et al.; Spitz & B., attorneys; partition; to the Parmelee Realty Corporation, adjoining owner, for $42,000.

John St, s s, — ft n of Ditmars St, —x— to Main St, City Island; lots 712 and 713; Agnes Walsh et al., administratrix, against Vincenzo Parlato et al.; P. E. Revillo, attorney; due, $6,994.31; taxes, &c., $1,125.82; adjourned to Jan. 30.

By Henry Brady.

114th St, 331 East, n s, 305 ft w of 1st Av, 20x100, four-story tenement and stores; C. H. Hughes against Louisa Garofalo et al.; E. D. Loughman, attorney; due, $3,731.83; taxes, &c., $900; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By Samuel Marx.

71st St, 222 East, s s, 280 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.4, four-story stores and clubhouse; C. P. Buckley, trustee, &c., against Delaware Club et al.; W. W. Buckley, attorney; due, $18,809.29; taxes, &c., $1,208.85; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By James J. Donovan.

St. Peter's Av, 1,638, n s, 28 ft e of Maclay Av, 25x100.7x22x100.4; F. S. Phraner against Wilgus Realty Co. et al.; F. D. Arthur, attorney; due, $4,326.60; taxes, &c., $1,285.88; to the plaintiff for $4,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JAN. 21.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

EAST END AV, 48, w s, 76.8 ft s of 82d St, 25.6x98, foreclosure Jan. 10, 1919; Richard O'Gorman, referee, to Vincent Greubel, executor, 20 Glover Av, Yonkers, N. Y., Jan. 21; attorneys, Frees & McE., 3,029 3d Av....$12,500

GREENWICH ST, 206-210, n w corner of Vesey St, (72,) 53.10x22.10x50.5x41.11, foreclosure Dec. 31, 1918; Theodore B. Richter, referee, to Solomon A. Fatman, 39 West 55th St; Morris Fatman, 23 West 81st St; Joel E. Spingarn, 9 West 73d St, and Florence E. Waldstein of London, England, trustee, will of David L. Einstein, Jan. 17; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 129 Broadway....$35,000

WEST END AV, s e corner of 73d St, 76.8x100; 270 West End Avenue Corporation to Langhorne Construction Co., 200 West 72d St, Oct. 4; attorney, Joseph Levy, 45 Cedar St $1

2D AV, 231-233, s w corner of 14th St, (245,) 50x70.3, foreclosure Dec. 30, 1918; Philip J. Sinnott, referee, to 231 Second Avenue Holding Co., Jan. 17; attorney, Armin H. Mittlemann, 347 Madison Av....$14,500

2D AV, 1,484, e s, 42.8 ft s of 78th St, 25x100; Jacob Droisen to Annie Cholst, 77 Graham Av, Brooklyn, mtg $13,000, Jan. 20 ....$100

6TH AV, 910, e s, 89.5 ft n of 51st St, 22x77.11, quitclaim; William C. Eckerson and another to Sara T. E. Nichols, at Greenwich, Conn., Jan. 20; attorney, A. Mayer, 125 Broadway....$1

6TH AV, 910, e s, 89.5 ft n of 51st St, 22x77.11; Frederick R. Nichols, Jr., and another to William C. Eckerson, Garden City, L. I.; Sara T. E. Nichols of Greenwich, Conn., and Mary W. E. McMonegal, Nyack, N. Y., mtg $18,000; Jan. 20; attorney, A. Mayer, 120 Broadway $1

7TH AV, 2,528, w s, 80.7 ft n of 146th St, 19.3x100, foreclos. Dec. 27, 1918; John K. Clark, referee, to Emma B. Marcoso and Blanche M. O'Neil, 117 West 73d St, Jan. 20; attorney, E. S. Clinch, 41 Park Row $15,000

39TH ST, 118 East, s s, 175 ft w of Rivington St, 20x98.9; Hermann C. Schwab to Henry C. Schwab, Merrick, N. Y., Jan. 18; attorneys, Schenck & P., 84 William St.$100

47TH ST, 226 East, s s, 242 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.5; Maria L. La Cagnina to Vittoria Messines, 1,822 Avenue U, Brooklyn, April 3, 1916, ½ part....$1

58TH ST, 362 West, s s, 80 ft e of 9th Av, 20x75.5; Frederick P. Nichols, Jr., and another, executors Sophia Eckerson, to Wm. C. Eckerson, Garden City, L. I., and Sara T. E. Nichols, Greenwich, Conn., and another, Jan. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

96TH ST, n s, 220 ft w of 8th Av, 20x100.11; Edith S. Radley to May Schaller, 11 West 96th St., ½ part, mtg $13,000, Dec 31; attorney, A. S. Mapes, 31 Nassau St....$1

98TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Gertrude Parker to Lloyd R. Johnson, 715 East 218th St., Aug 10, 1915; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row $100

SAME PROPERTY; Lloyd R. Johnson to Hiltonian Realty Co., 14 West 135th St., Jan 11; attorneys, same....$1

98TH ST, 57 West, n s, 125 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; same to same, Jan 15; attorneys, Greenberg & L., 38 Park Row...$1

SAME PROPERTY; Gertrude Parker to L. R. Johnson, 715 East 218th St., Aug 10, 1915; attorneys, same $100

98TH ST, 55 West, n s, 150 e of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Lloyd R. Johnson to Hiltonian Realty Co., 145 West 135th St., Jan 15; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row $100

SAME PROPERTY; Gertrude Parker to L. R. Johnson, 715 East 218th St, Aug. 10, 1915; attorneys, same....$100

113TH ST, n s, 75 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. to Charles E. Haskel, Orange, N. J., Jan. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Charles E. Haskel to Wm. Intner, 92 Pulaski St., Brooklyn, mtg $10,000; attorney, same....$100

117TH ST, 428 East, s s, 294 ft e of 1st Av, 43x100.10, foreclosure, Jan. 16, 1919; Hy C. Quinby, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Jan. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $12,500

121ST ST, 445 East, n s, 125 ft w of Avenue A, 25x150; John Stein to Matthew F. Mulvihill, 140 East 121st St, mtg $12,000, ½ part, Feb. 4, 1918; attorney, Abraham J. Halprin, 41 Park Row....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Sara T. E. Nichols and another to Wm. C. Eckerson, Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., Jan. 20; attorney, same....$1

122D ST, 187 West, n s, 408.4 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x100.11; James H. Cruikshank, Freeport, L. I., and another, to Jennie Adler, 105 East 116th St., mtg $10,000, Jan 9....$100

127TH ST, 112-116 East, s s, 90 ft e of Park Av, 50x99.11, foreclosure Jan. 14, 1919; John B. Harrison, referee, to Sarah E. Furnald, 34 East 72d St, Jan. 20; attorney, Richard Kelly, 233 Broadway....$15,000

134TH ST, 116 West, s s, 290.6 ft w of Lenox Av, 28x99.11; Lloyd R. Johnson to Hiltonian Realty Co., 145 West 135th St., Jan 15; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row.$1

134TH ST, 118 West, s s, 290.6 ft w of Lenox Av, 28x99.11; Gertrude Parker to Lloyd R. Johnson, 715 East 218th St., March 15, 1915; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row $100

149TH ST, s s, 178 ft w of Broadway, runs s 99.11x w 187 to Riverside Drive x n 100.7 to 149th St x s 148.6; Jacob Azelrod to Langhorne Holding Corporation, 200 West 72d St, Dec. 31; attorney, Joseph Levy, 45 Cedar St $1

Bronx.

ANDREWS AV, s s, 300.10 ft n of 183d St, 88.2x100; Rose A. Friedenberg to Vincent Riggio, 2,422 University Av, mtg $7,500, Jan. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 851.6 ft n of 183d St, 43.9x102.1 to Oroton Aqueduct x 43.9x102.5; Vincent Riggio to Rose A. Friedenberg, 2,282 Andrews Av, mtg $26,000, Jan. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

ARTHUR AV, 2,374, s s, 18.8x85.3; Giuseppe Cataldo to Grazia Oteri, 2,334 Cambreling Av, mtg $2,250, Jan. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

CROTONA AV, n s corner of 189th St, 150x100; also Crotona Av, e s, 150 ft n of 189th St, 48.11x102.2x25x100; Virginia Marazzi to Sisters of Charity Pallotine, Aug. 8, 1918; attorney, A. M. Yuzzolino, 233 Broadway.$1

EAST FORDHAM ROAD, 617 and 619 East, n s, 38.2x100; Alfred H. Amato to P. Robert Weiss, 772 9th Av, mtg $26,500, Dec. 24, 1918; attorney, P. Robert Weiss, 772 9th Av $1

MONTGOMERY AV, w s, 196.7 ft n of 176th St, 100x100x128x100; Hyman Sonn et al., trus., to John O'Leary, 2,216 University Av, Dec. 18, 1918; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$6,500

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 2,423 and 2,425, w s, 37.6x98; Algernon S. Norton, referee, to Bella A. Jorn, 2,417 Southern Boulevard, Jan. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,850

135TH ST, s w s, 185 ft n w of 3d Av, 30x100; Helen C. Rotherol com., to Margaret S. Ives, 117 East 30th St, mtg $7,000, Jan. 20; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $400

SAME PROPERTY; Bessie Phelan et al. to same, mtg $7,000, Dec. 23, 1918; same attorney $100

137TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Alexander Av, 100x100; James C. Brown to Maurice C. Buck, 169 Lincoln Av, Jan. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

161ST ST, s s, 46 ft e of Melrose Av, 25x65; Helena Bruckner to Adamos Sisia, 340 West 20th St, Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

220TH ST, n s, 80 ft w of White Plains Road, 50x114; Matthew C. Griffin, referee, to Jacob Hess, 162 Foxall St, Brooklyn, Jan. 20 1915; attorney, Grant Squires, 299 Madison Av $2,400

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BEGINS AT POINT 50 ft s from corner 9th Av and 58th St, s s, 20x75.5, Jan. 20; Wm. C. and Olga L. S. Eckerson to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, installs., due Jan. 1, 1922, 5 p. c....$10,000

75TH ST, s s, 126 ft w of Avenue A, 37.6x102.2, Jan. 20; Olive Realty Co. to Bank of Europe, 1,429 1st Av, due Jan. 20, 1920, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $30,000

92D ST, n s, 179 ft 4 of 1st Av, 40x100.8, Dec. 30; Millie Rosenberg to Sol Freidus, 804 Riverside Drive, and William Hyman, 528 West 176th St, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Greenberg & Levy, 38 Park Row $8,500

118TH ST, n s, 75 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11, P. M., Jan. 20, 1919; Charles B. Haskel to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 3 years....$10,000

Bronx.

MONTGOMERY AV, w s, 196.8 ft n of 176th St, 100x100x128x100; John O'Leary to Hyman Sonn, 40 West 86th St, et al., trustees, Jan. 10, 4 years; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St. $4,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 150 ft n of 187th St, 50x102.1x49.5x100; Bella A. Jorn to Bella A. Jorn and another, executors, 2,417 Southern Boulevard, Jan. 6, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,000

134TH ST, 453 East, n s, 16.5x70; Abina Hennessey to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co., 256 East 138th St, Jan. 20, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. Levison, 256 East 138th St....$850

161ST ST, s s, 46 ft e of Melrose Av, 25x65; Adamos Sisia to Helena Bruckner, 406 East 161st St, and another, Jan. 16, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,250

220TH ST, n s, 80 ft w of White Plains Road, 50x114; Jacob Hess to Thos. Foy, 201 East 33d St, Jan. 20, due as per bond; attorney, G. Squires, 299 Madison Av.$1,700

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, 167, store floor and shop underneath; Marie Schnabel, executrix of Nicholas Geller, to Charles Steuerwald, 167 Avenue B, 5 years, from Jan. 1, 1919; attorney, F. Habenschnaden, 191 Duane St. $1,450

BROADWAY, 1,560, ground floor, store, and basement; The Neiber Co. to New York County Bakery and Lunch Room Co., 7 4-12 years, from Jan. 1, 1919; attorney, L. Dorfman, 1,269 Broadway $13,500

VESEY ST, 30, store; Hugh C. and Francis F. Fox, executors, to Frank Ott, 2,083 West 6th St, Brooklyn, 4 3-12 years, from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, A. J. Herrick, 99 Nassau St....$1,800 to $2,000

36TH ST, 50 West, all; Robert C. Myers to Samuel Hoffman, 50 West 36th St, 3 7-12 years, from Oct. 1, 1918; attorney, Leo Schrafran, 51 Chambers St....$1,650

36TH ST, 59 West, all; Samuel Hoffman to Jacob Kombian, 64 West 36th St, from Dec. 14, 1918, to May 1, 1922; attorney, same $1,620

38TH ST, 544 and 546 West, all; Pine Hill Crystal Spring Water Co. to Rockaway Motor Truck Co., Cortland, N. Y., 5 years, from Jan. 1, 1919 ....$3,000

Bronx.

CLAY AV, 1,781, all; Alfred Lewis to S. Glass, 1,781 Clay Av, and another, 3 years, from Oct. 1, 1918; attorneys, Reit & K., 309 Broadway $675

HOLLAND AV, 3,630, s e corner 214th St, store; Raffaele Lombardi to Luigi Cristaniello, 3,630 Holland Av, 3 years, from May 1, 1918; attorney, A. M. Schwartz, 3,471 White Plains Road....$540

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

49TH ST, 605 and 607 West; Zerwil Garage, Inc., against People of the State of New York et al., action to register title, &c.; attorney, W. Fairchild.

52D ST, n s, 300 ft e of 11th Av 25x100.5; Julius Lohrenkrauss et al. against Lena Gerdinger et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, S. Seiderman.

Bronx.

BROWN PLACE, 190 and 192; Philip Rhinelander, as executor, against Henry D. Maisel et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Scott, Gerard & Bowers.

BROWN PLACE, 194 and 196; Philip Rhinelander, as executor, against Henry D Maisel et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Scott, Gerard & Bowers.

OLD VIRGINIA HOME IN THE JERSEY HILLS
$8,500 on easy terms and $9,000 first mortgage buys it.

12 big rooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping porch, big open fireplaces, large concrete veranda; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, old ivory and mahogany trim; fine tree covered grounds and lawn; exclusive residential neighborhood; very convenient to ex. sta. on D., L. & W. R. R.; fine commuting service to N. Y. City; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lake and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches and markets. Write or phone Apartment 2-H, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. C. Telephone 6684 Audubon.

Ideal Showroom for

a wholesaler of apparel is offered for rent in Cuyler Building, 116-120 West 32nd Street.

Located on front of 15th floor, contains 4,636 net usable square feet. High ceiling. Windows on 4 sides. Fully sprinklered building. 4 passenger, 3 freight elevators.

Possession May 1st, 1919.

Loton H. Slawson Company
171 Madison Avenue

REAL ESTATE.

A Series of FACTS—3

Details

UNDER the constant supervision of the executive heads of this business, an experienced technical graduate directs the Management Department, assisted by a practical engineer, who study the operating requirements of our buildings to the smallest detail. The correction of even some minor mechanical fault in many instances has resulted in large savings in operating costs.

This is one factor that has made it profitable for owners of twenty-three leading apartment buildings in the Park Ave. Section to shift the entire burden of management responsibility to our shoulders.

Perhaps you'd like to know more about our service?

Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
Town and Country Residences
414 MADISON AVE.
At 48th Street - Murray Hill 5600

A PROPHECY!

Expansion—prosperity—opportunity are right 'round the corner! Am I correct? Of course, you'll need capital. Assign me your 1919 rent income and I'll provide spot cash. Reasonable terms, no "red tape" and strict confidence.

Jacob Rosenthal
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Nothing under $5,000.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Live, Experienced Real Estate Broker

Can find exceptional opportunity with long-established downtown general real estate concern. Commission basis. Only live wire considered. Apply in confidence to address "H. A.," P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y.

HESS Business Property

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 44th St. Murray Hill—6441.

On Chester Hill, near Station
Modern 11-room house with garage. Enclosed porch, steam heat, electric lights. Wall-built and attractive, 2 baths. Possession March 1st. Price, $15,000. Terms to suit. Might rent on long lease at $1,500.
Anderson Realty Co. Near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

An Ideal Home—A Bargain.
New eight-room Dutch Colonial house and garage; large living room with open fireplace; every modern convenience, including sewers and gas; particularly attractive, highly restricted district; only 30 minutes to Grand Central; near station; little cash required. Full particulars GEO. H. MILLS, Tribune Building. 'Phone Beekman 4500.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT MERRICK.
Beautiful semi-bungalow, 9 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; enormous sun parlor; two-car garage; chicken houses and run; large corner plot; frontage on three streets; five minutes' walk to station; near Great South Bay; value $12,000; out-of-town owner offers for $9,000. This is a real bargain. R. J. McCord, 176 Pine St., Freeport, L. I.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A GENUINE BARGAIN FOR SERIOUS HOMESEEKER. A change of business to the Middle West makes it possible for you to buy for only $7,500 my cozy little home, near picturesque lake, in a beautiful, refined, highly restricted suburb, for a small cash payment, balance monthly, no more than rent; it has nine big rooms, outdoor sleeping porch, parquet floors, huge open fireplace, and two tiled baths; a very large plot, with fine old shade trees, beautiful lawn; house splendidly built by days' labor and only three years old; elegant condition throughout; every city improvement, combined with advantages of the country; 45 minutes on D., L. & W. R. R. For pictures and details write Business, Box 529, City Hall Station, New York City.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY HOMES
$500 CASH.
Balance monthly payments less than rent, buys beautiful new suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; 8c commutation; on plot 40x120; six rooms and bath, finished with hardwood trim, mahogany doors, white enameled woodwork; beautifully decorated up-to-date fixtures; large porch; streets paved, sewers, gas, and electricity; plenty of space for a garage and a garden. 70 trains daily.
PRICE $4,500
AMERICAN HOME BUILDERS,
26 Cortlandt St. Phone Cortlandt 964.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TEMPLE COURT
5 BEEKMAN ST., COR. NASSAU.
LIGHT CORNER OFFICES
1,620 SQUARE FEET; RENT $2,800.
SMALL OFFICES SINGLY OR TOGETHER FROM $240 TO $400.
RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION,
ON PREMISES. CORTLANDT 112.

LOFTS FLOORS OFFICES BASEMENTS COLUMBUS CIRCLE
1845-1847 BROADWAY, NEAR 60TH ST.
Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rent
L. MILLER & SONS, 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 4294

FOR RENT
Choice Banking Space in Financial District.
For particulars apply
Fred'k Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr.
11 Broadway. Tel Bowling Green 8380

Store and Basement at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x85; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Forest Hills Inn
Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.
Modern fire-proof hotel (Am. plan) combining city and country life. Only 15 minutes from Penna. Sta. (L. I. R. R.). Direct connection by subway to uptown and downtown Manhattan; 25 minutes by motor to shopping and theatre districts. You can reach your office more comfortably and in less time from Forest Hills than from 96th Street, Man. More than 70 trains (electric service) daily. For further information—Tel. 6290 Forest Hills.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
Fifty cents an agate line.

WE HAVE FROM $1,000 to $3,000 to loan on second bond and mortgage improved property in Mount Vernon, Yonkers, New Rochelle, Bronxville, or Pelham. Cooley Realty Company, Mount Vernon, N. Y. 'Phone 3400.

FIRST MORTGAGE MONEY UP TO $40,000. Will cash good second mortgages on Manhattan and Bronx flats and loft buildings from $5,000 up. Brokers protected. S. A. ISRAEL, 99 NASSAU STREET.

To loan—$3,000, $6,000, 2d mortgage; $7,000 1st mortgage; no vacant lots; quick answer. G. CARLUCCI, 150 Nassau Street, City.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.

50's, Park and Lexington Avs., residence block, small three-story brownstone, nine rooms and bathroom; can be made attractive and comfortable house with slight alterations. price, $20,000, reasonable terms. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th St.

Private house for sale, 5 stories, 15 rooms, 5 baths, magnificently furnished; refined location, suitable doctor, dentist, business or furnished rooms, valuable leasehold; lifetime opportunity. Owner, 62 West 51st St.

Three-story, electricity, parquet, 80's, near Drive, two baths. Houghton, 280 Columbus.

Queens.

At Elmhurst.—One-family houses, $5,500, $6,000 up, two-family, $5,000, $7,000, $9,000. Builder, George Johnston, 75 Kingsland Av., near Elmhurst Bridge, Elmhurst.

Long Island.

NEW HOUSE WITH GARAGE, at Hempstead, L. I.; 6½ miles from Greater New York; 7 rooms and bath; sleeping porch, large plot; will take $6,500 on reasonable terms. Norton, Room 301, 277 Broadway. Phone Worth 4037.

Attractive furnished house to rent in Kew Gardens; 7 rooms, 2 baths; 16 minutes from Pennsylvania station, will rent for 2 or 3 months starting Feb. 3, owner going South; no children. Telephone Richmond Hill 3251.

Bayside. Houses and to rent; attractive houses 7 and 8 rooms with bath; near station; immediate possession. Bayside [illegible], Inc., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6896.

Westchester County.

28 minutes from Grand Central, for rent, attractively furnished bungalow-type, two-story modern house, 8 rooms, living room, fireplace, picturesque location among big rocks and trees, February to October, $100 per month. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

New Jersey.

[illegible] Six-room house, all modern improvements, plot 75x150; near school, church, stores, station and trolley car; price $4,350. This requires quick action. Bergen Realty Co., 157 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.

Bargain—[illegible] room house, all improvements; [illegible] $7,650; suitable terms. [illegible] Church, New York.

Madison, N. J. For sale, modern house, ten rooms, [illegible] garage, small attractive grounds, price $12,000. N. 257 Times Annex.

Seven-room house, furnished; good [illegible], garage, $75; convenient to New York. [illegible] Grantwood, N. J.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Paris, facing Arc Triomphe, private residence, 40 windows on Av. [illegible] Arc Triomphe, to see victory [illegible] entering Paris; price five [illegible] Contal-Fouque, 66 Rue [illegible].

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

HARRIS'S EXCHANGE.

[illegible] Bryant 310. For sale. [illegible] apartments with stores. Bargain. [illegible] new buildings. High class. [illegible] and stores, near East 116th. [illegible] free and clear. Sell or exchange.

[illegible] mortgage $12,500, at 5½; 3-story, [illegible] private dwelling, 10 rooms, 2 baths; [illegible] Washington Heights; might exchange for country or city. Desirable. [illegible] Times Downtown.

[illegible] west side, rent $9,500, price [illegible] mortgage $37,500, net income over [illegible] Edward Polak, Inc., 587 [illegible].

[illegible] in apartment houses and other [illegible] properties. Apply Room 627, [illegible] 42d St., New York.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful new Colonial house in restricted [illegible] Flatbush, 8 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch, fireplace, parquet, electricity, steam heat, every convenience; one block from Brighton "L" and cars; corner [illegible] $10,000; seen by appointment. [illegible] 5270 mornings.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Three-story brick, 17 rooms, 2 baths; half [illegible] Square, in Bronx; price [illegible] Times.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

SIXTY-THREE ACRES, [illegible] AND JAMAICA. [illegible] FOR DEVELOPMENT. [illegible] PASSING. JOHN J. WHITE, [illegible] WEST END AV. 8866 RIVERSIDE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; [illegible] 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedroom in white enamel hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

ESTATE WITH BEAUTIFUL LAKE. [illegible] acres, hour out; 750 ft. elevation; 50 acres tillable, balance fine woodland; in [illegible] most charming lake; well stocked; [illegible] numerous outbuildings; good commuting; near station; urgent sale; less than [illegible] Times Downtown.

Bargain—8 rooms, bath, hollow tile, stucco dwelling, steam heat, all improvements; [illegible] near station; half hour out Erie; [illegible] W. Butscher, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 7895 Beekman.

Real Estate Wanted.

REAL ESTATE MAN. Gentleman owning [illegible] apartment houses which he handles, [illegible] to arrange with estates or first-class apartment house owners to take charge of their property so as to keep more occupied; [illegible] references given. K 160 Times.

TO PRINCIPALS ONLY.

WANTED A 20-FT. 3-STORY, OR 17-FT. 4-STORY DWELLING, BETWEEN 62D AND [illegible] WEST OF 5D AV., FOR CASH ONLY.

[illegible] & M. LALOR, 621 B'WAY.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

[illegible] farm, forty-five tillable, rest [illegible] pasture; good house; large [illegible] Middletown, N. Y., fine location, [illegible] station; bargain at $1,500; [illegible] $2,000; or will exchange [illegible] farm within commuting distance [illegible] will exchange for good touring car of same value. J. B. Morris, 261 Broadway.

Farms Wanted.

Wanted—Small farm not more than five acres within fifty miles of New York City; Westchester County preferable; price not to [illegible] W. 400 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES [illegible] year to responsible tenants [illegible] sprinklered office structure, [illegible] BUILDING, [illegible] 621 BROADWAY, [illegible] Broadway subway sta. 1 blk, [illegible] old subway, 2 blocks. [illegible] management.)

[illegible] 18th St. Large Light Loft. About 75x80, Light, Power, Elevators. Sprinklered Superintendent.

5th AV. (at 42d St.)—Two entire floors, [illegible] each, sprinkler system; possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 7475.

BROADWAY, 487—Office space 4,000 square feet. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 7475.

BROADWAY, 477, (Cor. White St.)—Store, [illegible] sq. ft. possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

[illegible] 1020 St., one flight up, magnificent location, good business; will in[illegible].

[illegible] $4; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway.

[illegible] Square feet, power, light, heat; [illegible] 220 Times Downtown.

[illegible] Desirable studios; rents $65 up; [illegible] divided. Slater Buildings, 7 West 42d.

Offices $20 to $100, 30-story building. 110 W. 40th St., Room 1203.

[illegible]—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

TO SUBLET UNDER MARKET, ONE OF FINEST OFFICE BUILDINGS ON FIFTH AV.; SPECIAL LAYOUT OF VERY EXCEPTIONAL SUITE, ABOUT 1,000 FEET, FOR HIGH CLASS EXECUTIVE OFFICES OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE; TERM OF LEASE TO SUIT TENANT. TO SEE SPACE CALL VANDERBILT 1200, EXT. 251.

FACTORY.—FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STATION; WILL ERECT TO SUIT YOUR BUSINESS; ON RAILROAD SIDING; 10,000 TO 30,000 SQUARE FEET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED TO RENT large dwelling or floors, desired by a charitable organization, in centre of city, near East 23th St., to provide additional space and sleeping accommodations for its children's department. B 814 Times Annex.

Want to rent about 3,500 sq. ft. on ground floor and next floor up in well-constructed building, New Jersey, near Newark, for rubber manufacturing; need 100-lb. steam and power. Maynard, 133 Water St., New York.

Wanted to rent for a term of years or purchase a one-story factory, 25,000 sq. ft. or more, for heavy machine manufacture, with railroad siding, within 20 miles of New York City. R 503 Times Downtown.

Garage wanted, about 10,000 square feet, preferably new; state price and all particulars. K 93 Times.

Office space wanted, public stenographer, with, without desk; dictation return. S 543 Times Downtown.

Wanted, single office, modern building, three months. Madison-5th Av., 34th to 48th; moderate rent. Edwards, 108 East 82d.

Want modern factory building, east or west side, about 75x100; will buy or lease. R 163 Times.

LOFTS.—Two; light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

19TH ST., 132 EAST.—If you want furnished apartments, quality and refinement, with maid service and linens, I have two, 2 rooms with bath, exclusively furnished; references essential. Mr. Bohanan, Gramercy 478.

19TH, (Gramercy Section.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, grand piano; $225 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

50'S, (bet. 5th and Park Avs.)—Two-room apartment, well furnished; large living room; open fire; maid service; grand piano; private phone; non-elevator; bachelor or lady alone; six weeks or two months, $125. L 61 Times.

60'S, (near 5th.)—Apartment (non-elevator) two big rooms, kitchen, bath; city steam; $110 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

76TH ST., 125 EAST.—Seven rooms, bath, from Jan. 25 for three months or longer; seen between 10 and 6; $125.

82D, 129 EAST.—Attractively furnished apartment, six rooms and two baths; modern building; Feb. 1 to Oct. 1. Telephone Lenox 9543.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

PARK AV.—Six rooms, complete, unusually attractive; two months or longer; $300 monthly. Tel. 360 Lenox.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 397.

SUBLET, sacrifice corner suite fashionable hotel. Emergency Committee Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th Av.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 60 WEST.—Four rooms, piano and bath to Oct. 1, $95. Apt. 2. F. W.

16TH, 125 WEST.—Four rooms, elevator, housekeeping. Baker, Apartment 140. 6600 Chelsea.

47TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness, furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $35-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6071.

50'S, near 5th Av.—Handsome apartment, (floor,) three rooms, kitchen, (2 bedrooms,) bath; steam; $100. Elberson, 25 W. 42d St.

50'S.—Five rooms, $125, sublet. Emergency Housing Committee, Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 Fifth Av.

55TH, 350 WEST.—Sublet two large rooms, kitchenette, furnished, $100. Columbus 6972.

69TH, 210 WEST.—Leaving town, will sublet front apt.; living room, mahogany furniture, gas log; bedroom, ivory furniture; kitchen, shower bath, electricity, steam heat, $75, gentleman preferred; references. "Macgregory." Col. 3126.

69TH, 22 WEST.—High-class 2-3 room apartment; kitchenette; electricity; heat; maid service; refined surroundings; $150-$175.

69TH ST., 245 WEST. (the New West End.) —Two rooms, $75. Columbus 4465.

70'S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; grand piano, $260 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d St.

72D, 344 WEST.—Will lease from Feb. 15 to Oct. 1 attractively furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, overlooking Hudson; linen and silver; $225; seen 2 to 5 P. M. Apply Captain.

79TH, 307 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; outside, sunny; $300 Oct., $350 4-5 mos. Schuyler 6381. Mitchel.

80'S, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, five rooms, bath; grand piano; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

80'S.—Attractive five-room apartment; new building. Phone Columbus 1275.

80'S, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

81ST, 203 WEST, Apartment 4C.—Beautifully furnished five-room outside apartment, $200; short lease; better terms long.

89TH, 305 WEST.—Private house, beautiful parlor floor, 3 rooms; bath; kitchenette; $125.

92D ST., 200 WEST.—Five rooms, bath, all outside, will lease until October; $65. Seen by appointment. Phone 8745 River.

114TH, 600 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 5 rooms, southern exposure; 8 months' lease; piano; call 12-4. Apt. 72.

116TH, 616 WEST.—Beautiful six-room apartment home, completely equipped, reasonable rent to proper tenant. Apartment 91.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Delightfully furnished two rooms; conveniences. Telephone Academy 1380. (deVore.)

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. F. K. Van Winkle, 166 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

MANHATTAN AV., "L," 104th.—Little apartment suite, parlor, bedroom, bath kitchenette; entire top floor small private house; gas, electricity, telephone, heat, linen; maid service included; $100 monthly. Telephone Academy 2026.

OWNERS.

We will pay spot cash for used cars, in good condition.

LINCOLN SQUARE AUTO EXCHANGE, 1,970 Broadway.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—Artistically furnished seven-room apartment, complete; Steinway grand piano. For appointment, Mrs. Orr. Bryant 7730.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Five rooms, front, top complete, linen, silver, $125. Curry.

TWO rooms and bath; cooking facilities or meals served on premises; elevator. Apply 2,402 Broadway, cor. 73d St. K 156 Times.

TWO rooms, kitchenette; outside; elevator apartment; practically new; $300 cash; no dealers. Phone mornings, Morningside 3085, Apt. 45.

WEST END AV., 601.—8 rooms, 3 baths; elegant home; $600 Oct., $700 4-5 months. Decorator. Schuyler 9361.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3074.

44 WEST 10TH ST. WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION. Six-room apartment, two baths, with open fireplace and separate maid's room, in new nine-story building; elegantly furnished; to lease to Oct. 1; $250 month; Sage, Apt. 8-D.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Bronxville—Six rooms, all conveniences, three minutes station; $65. Telephone Bronxville 366.

Furnished—New Jersey.

NEWARK, N. J.

Roseville Av., 220, nicely furnished new apartment, 4 large light rooms; 35 minutes 33d St., New York; price $90. Telephone 4026 Branch Brook.

Ocean front building, high class; hot and cold sea water; refrigeration; 3-4-5 rooms and bath. H. G. Harris & Co., Guarantee Trust Building, Atlantic City.

Unfurnished—East Side.

THE SHELDON HOTEL.

2-room and bath apartments; modern; first floor suite, suitable for physician. 780 Madison Av., at 66th St. References.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH.

Furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Unfurnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 60 WEST.—Elevator apartment, four rooms, bath; will transfer $65 month lease providing party buys furniture, including piano, with apartment; will sacrifice furniture for $350. Franken.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

57TH, 140 WEST.—4 bright rooms, 2 baths; high-class building; 10th floor.

72D ST., 106 WEST.—Will sublet until October, 1920, five outside rooms and bath; highly desirable. Apt. 11th, "C."

94TH ST., 308 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside, Broadway subway.

181ST ST., 605 WEST.—Doctor's office; 2 rooms and laboratory; rent $30 ground floor premises; in the busiest centre of upper Manhattan.

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY OF LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located. RENTALS $100 TO $1,800 MONTHLY. Office, 68 West 56th St. Tel. Circle 3090.

EXAMINE CORNER APARTMENT, BROADWAY AND 103D ST.

Two-room foyer, studio apartment; $1,100. Thomas J. O'Reilly, Broadway and 109th St. Academy 1600.

WEST END AV.—Beautiful corner apartment to sublease, 11 rooms, 3 baths, (all large outside rooms,) located in the nineties; rent $3,000; immediate possession. N. R., 534 Times.

WEST END AV., 312.—KITCHENETTE, 2 ROOMS; 2D FLOOR; YEARLY LEASE ONLY; $100; ELECTRICITY AND GAS INCLUDED.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av., (47th.) Specialists: Furnished-unfurnished apts. Wanted, for refined client (2 adults) immediately, (furnished,) 9 rooms, 3 baths. Bachelor apt., east side, high class, below 59th; service; year's lease; pay advance.

Three or four room furnished apartment wanted by business women, Washington Square section preferred; would sublet apartment and give excellent care; moderate price. Address Room 2600, 55 Liberty St., New York.

Wanted immediately, doctor's apartment, furnished or unfurnished; 5th to Lexington, 48th to 68th St., first or second floor, 4-5 rooms, bath, kitchenette or meals served; sunlight essential. Dr. Taylor, 568 Park Av.

Responsible party wants furnished apartment, 8-10 rooms, 3 baths, Park Av., or vicinity; 3 months; pay $1,000 monthly. Telephone Clark Realty, Vanderbilt 1450.

For five months for mother and daughter, small furnished apartment, with kitchenette, on west side, between 66th and 96th Sts. Address "Chicago." K 177 Times.

Two furnished rooms and kitchenette wanted, near Seventh Av. subway, between 100th and 124th Streets. Address, E. J. Ford, 211 West 105th.

Couple want two or three room apartment, kitchenette, furnished, four months or longer, rental $70 to $85, between 50th-95th; highest references. R 183 Times.

Wanted—Two or more room apartment until May; 2 excellent adults; highest references; state lowest price. L 51 Times.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Several clients waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Married couple desire room with private bath, up to date apartment, below 96th. Address U. R. T. Lund, Catasauqua, Penn.

One, two rooms, kitchen, bath; refined married couple; walking distance Times Square. R 191 Times.

Furnished apartment, 5 rooms, between West 72d and 118th; particulars. R 161 Times.

Business couple want five rooms, furnished completely; reasonable. L 62 Times.

Four to six room apartment, furnished; responsible party. Phone Col. 1277.

Unfurnished.

Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av. (47th.) Specialist Furnished, Unfurnished Apartments, unfurnished apartment wanted immediately, 5-6 rooms, 2 baths, east side, below 80th, pay good rental, 2-3 years' lease. Telephone 2890 Murray Hill.

Modern apartment, 5 or 6 rooms, or lower floor two-family house, about $50, within hour Madison Square, wanted, February, by Rev. J. T. Moses, Room 60A, 105 East 22d. Gramercy 1816.

Wanted 3 to 4-room housekeeping apt. with steam heat and hot water supply; immediate possession. Cohen, 954 Madison Av. Telephone 3687 Rhinelander.

Wanted by young couple for immediate occupancy, 4-room apt. on west side; $50-$55. N 317 Times Annex.

For few months, a 2 or 3-room apartment with kitchenette and bath; give particulars. R 859 Times Annex.

Five-six room apartment, below west 96th; reasonable. Apartment 66, 100 West 80th.

Wanted, apartment or tenement house to lease. S. E. S., B 324 Times.

Two-three rooms, kitchen, bath; walking distance 56th & 7th Av. R 157 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

27TH, 48 EAST.—Large, handsome front room; conveniences; no other roomers. Brooks.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $18 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $10 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

56TH ST., 83 EAST.—Nice, large room for gentlemen only; private house.

61ST ST., 166 EAST.—Beautiful large, front room, private bath, electricity; one or two gentlemen, $12; select surroundings; telephone.

93D, 31 EAST.—Large front room, private house; select neighborhood.

CLEAN, large room, washroom; running water; closet; electricity; gentlemen only. 284 Lexington, (36th.)

GRAMERCY PARK, (145 East 21st St.)—Newly decorated large front room, furnished, private bath, steam heat, electricity; references.

THE HOTEL BELMORE, northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,058—Large, bright room; private family; all modern improvements; $6 per week; references; telephone. Schellburg.

West Side.

10TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room overlooking park; adjoining bath, electricity; gentleman; references.

45D, 253 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, absolutely private, newly furnished; elevator service.

55TH ST., (1,730 Broadway.)—Two bedrooms and private bath; references required. Apartment 8G.

34 WEST 56TH. 2-ROOM SUITE.

51ST, 57 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Very attractive, newly furnished, papered and decorated front hall room; one flight; white woodwork; electric light and heat; private hall, closet, $7.50.

69TH, 206 WEST.—Room, near bath, to lady; references.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, private bath; electricity, steam heat; references; permanent, gentleman; $15 weekly.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large double room with private bath; steam; electricity; exclusive.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Desirable, large, sunny room, also single studio room; telephone.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Large southern room, for one or two gentlemen; reference.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Daytime use of pleasant, sunny parlor, with piano and studio.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Very desirable large front room, $10; telephone, reception room.

79TH, 225 WEST.—B'way subway, back parlor, private bath, electricity, kitchen privileges.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional large, elegant room, bath, dressing room; four windows facing parks; conveniences; private house.

82D, 66 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms; private bath; every convenience.

87TH, 108 WEST.—Beautiful large front room; private bath; hot water, electricity; references.

91TH, 264 WEST.—Large room, dressing room, $14; single room, $6; private residence.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors, large rooms; private bath; unusually well furnished; modern conveniences; near subway and L; references.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful large room, dressing room, bath adjacent, $12.

103D, 216 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; running water; business people; references. Robins.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Beautiful room overlooking Hudson; other room; lavatory; seventh floor.

West Side.

114TH, 514 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished room, adjoining bath; twin beds. Apt. 71.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Room suitable one-two; gentlemen preferred; $6.50. Apt. 41.

124TH, 541 WEST.—American family, elevator, Broadway subway; gentlemen, $3.50. Apt. 21.

130TH, 507 WEST.—Large light room; all improvements. Phone Morningside 7780. Apt. 68.

143D ST., 500 WEST.—Nice room, elevator apartment, adjoining bath; $5. Apt. 72.

109TH, 304 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room with dressing room; large closets, also smaller room; well heated modern house.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 65.—Sunny room, adjoining bath; modern apartment; references. Bell.

LARGE, light, newly furnished, adjoining bath; Protestant family; refined gentleman. Riverside 8878J.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (one Block from 157th St. Subway.)—Very large parlor and bedroom, suitable for 2 or 3, or will rent single; southern exposure; exclusive use of bath; in one of the most pretentious apt. houses on Riverside Drive. Aud. 5400. Apt. 51.

TWO ROOMS, private apartment Central Park West; gentlemen preferred. Telephone Academy 1386. De Vore.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful, newly furnished studio suit and single rooms.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

88TH, (near Central Park West.)—Beautiful large room and bath, electricity, parquet floors; exclusive private residence; $50 monthly. Phone Harris, 1230 Knickerbocker.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Naval officer wants permanent location with refined family, above 59th preferred, large, well lighted room; board optional; all conveniences; must be reasonable. R 158 Times.

REFINED Jewish young man wants neat furnished room, private bath and breakfast, in modern apartment house, west side, below 96th St. preferred. S 450 Times Downtown.

Business couple, away all day, desire double room; warm, running water or near bath; elevator apartment, or one flight; Columbia neighborhood; permanent. K 188 Times.

Young lady desires comfortable room; apartment; private family; west side. R 425 Times Downtown.

Room with bath, 36th-50th East, refined surroundings; references exchanged. K 189 Times.

TWO gentlemen desire sitting room, bedroom, and bath, in Riverside section; warm and congenial. R 154 Times.

Room, kitchenette, electricity, private, married couple, employed; not over $8. R 181 Times.

Two young men in service desire a room in private family; reasonable; breakfast optional. K 180 Times.

Young gentleman seeks room with congenial people. K 115 Times.

Room, high-class apartment, 80th to 145th. H. H., 210 Times Downtown.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large sunny room; adjoining bath.

61ST, 159 EAST.—Elegant rooms; all improvements; excellent table; high-class house.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

72D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6396.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large double room, with bath, by Holland family; give superior accommodation; European style; home cooking.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large room, with dressing room; steam; unusual table; references.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Private Jewish family; beautiful room with good board. Apt. 3F.

102D, 244 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; gentlemen or private family; table guests invited.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for two adults in private Christian-American family; front room; 4 southern windows; private bath.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; private residence; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

152D, 590 WEST.—Beautiful large room; exceptionally good board; homelike; private family.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, cor. 94th St.—Lovely room; convenience; Hudson view; real home cooking; gentlemen only. Jandorf, Apt. 34. Tel. 9881 River.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. 50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 693, (94TH.)—Attractive front rooms; automatic elevator; French spoken; table guests; references.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Lady wants medium-sized front room and board with private family or small boarding house; west side preferred; references. B 1046 Times Harlem.

Middle-aged gentleman desires a well-furnished room, with bath and full board, with refined private family; 70th-100th West; references exchanged. K 73 Times.

Jewish young man desires real comfortable home with refined family. A 414 Times Downtown.

Gentleman and wife want board for February; walking distance of 42d St.-5th Av.; not exceeding $40 per week. K 143 Times.

Army officer and wife, room with private family; 42d-5th Av. L 67 Times.

Home for 2 children; boy 7, girl 5; refined American family. H 1038 Times Harlem.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Brooklyn.

Home Sanitarium.—Selected medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Phone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,364 East 27th St.

Long Island.

Couple or two gentlemen can find superior accommodations, private home, Long Island, 40 minutes out; references; reasonable. S 547 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

Refined home, invalid, elderly people; nursing, care, every comfort, warm house. 574 Palisade Av., Yonkers. Telephone 5642 Yonkers.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH, 45 North Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J. "45 Minutes from Broadway."

Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.

W. T. READE, Prop.

South Orange, N. J.—Beautiful home and location; large room, bath, and board; couple; reference. 117 Scotland Road.

Country Board Wanted.

By gentleman, board at pleasant country place; would like to be permanent; state terms. K 167 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING.—Can write copy that brings and holds patrons; broad business experience, training; thorough executive; Christian. W 693 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK and Assistant Bookkeeper, (Typist.)—Four years' experience; thoroughly competent; salary to start, $18. A 412 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, 3 or 4 years' commercial experience; must be competent and reliable; state where formerly employed and salary expected. B. W., 75 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, office manager; thoroughly competent; collection correspondent, systematizer; textile experience; initiative; conscientious; highest references; $30. B 1042 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Eight years' experience, taking complete charge; also six months' experience as statistician for silk house; salary $25. Ella Wollman, 858 Hewitt Pl., City.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; knowledge of typewriting; wholesale clothing or woolen house preferred. S 531 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; 5 years' experience; college graduate; readily adaptable. S 546 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Several years' experience; understands trial balance, controlling accounts. R 190 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, knowledge of stenography; high school graduate. R 518 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; 6 years' experience; trial balance. C. E., 211 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ten years' experience; efficient; executive ability; trial balance. Telephone 2325 Schuyler.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; four years' experience; trial balance; $20. S 537 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — EXECUTIVE, VERY HIGH CLASS. $25. R 145 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; cost accounting; financial reports; $35. K 131 Times.

COMPANION.—Experienced teacher of lip reading desires position companion to adult deaf lady to whom lip reading could be taught; best references. B 857 Times Annex.

COMPANION. — Efficient commercial secretary, refined, companion and secretary to lady; will travel; phone mornings. Morningside 5085, Apt. 45.

COMPANION.—Lady can give several hours daily as companion to lady. B 1054 Times Harlem.

COLORED girl wants general work or half time. Telephone Riverside 8503.

COOK.—Japanese, first-class cook, wishes position private family; thorough, experienced. R 160 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, high school graduate, 4 years' experience; $18-$20. B 440 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR and stenographer, rapid and accurate; unquestionable credentials. R 511 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, telephone operator, experienced, Christian, wishes permanent position; $18. R 430 Times Downtown.

GENTLEWOMAN, refined, educated, college graduate, youthful, pleasing personality, experienced with children and household responsibility, position where there are growing children needing a mother's attention; Protestant; 5 years' reference. K 192 Times.

GOVERNESS desires to take full care of 1 or 2 children; teaches French. G., 306 East 57th St.

GOVERNESS. — Visiting, diploma; young Parisienne; studio, residence; French, English. Pianist, 2,429 Broadway.

GOVERNESS, Nurse. — Educated, refined; references. Call Audubon 1797, Apartment 20, 8 P. M.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position wanted by neat, competent, conscientious woman of 38; best references and ten years' experience as private and institutional housekeeper, or would go as assistant in hotel. A. B., 1,039 3d Av.

LADY wishes position, hostess or matron, in restaurant hotel. Telephone 8457 Riverside.

MAID.—Position as companion; good sewer and obliging. R 165 Times.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 3329.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MILLINERY.

Young lady with 5th Av. experience is open for position as manager or buyer for high-class millinery department; will go West. L 55 Times.

NURSE.

Refined American nurse to child 3 years or over; country all year around; would prefer New Rochelle. Phone Schuyler 3095.

NURSE, American, with best references, wishes position. Call Columbus 7851 on Wednesday, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

OFFICE ASSISTANT and switchboard operator; four years' experience; salary $14. Sallie Nadler, 380 Marcy Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady; neat, accurate; one year's experience. R 173 Times.

PIANO TEACHER. — French; perfect; few more, advanced, beginners. Godord, 259 West 112th.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' experience; high school education; refined, conscientious, accurate; best of credentials. R 504 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, first class, four years' export accounting experience, desires permanent position as confidential stenographer steamship line, export house; salary to start, $25. R 502 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, clerical; knowledge of French; high school graduate; experienced, neat, conscientious, adaptable. T. W., 1,434 Bryant Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years in secretarial and technical work; willing to give part time for small salary with privilege of doing public work. W 688 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; painstaking, efficient, dependable, with knowledge of bookkeeping; desires permanent position; $20. K 163 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, expert, would communicate with woman author or writer contemplating Florida trip; pay own fare. R 480 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, general office assistant, desires position with mercantile house; capable handling correspondence; seven years' experience; $20. K 182 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; experienced; thoroughly competent; alert; complete charge office details; excellent references; $22. S 497 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, file clerk, and general office assistant; 22 years; college education; position where efficiency will be appreciated. S 540 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wishes permanent position requiring executive ability; knowledge bookkeeping, Spanish. S 539 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Position in physician's office. Miss Jordan, 32 West 123d St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Bright beginner; $10 to start. H. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience; rapid worker; references; $15; American. S 516 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced; high school graduate; highest references; salary $18. G 696 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST desires position in commercial house; salary $15. S 485 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and dictaphone operator, rapid and accurate; unquestionable credentials. R 512 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, general asst.; 4 years' business experience; $17. R 176 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young woman with knowledge of X-ray laboratory work, doctor's office or institution. R 195 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Export experience; high school education; neat, accurate; $18. B 434 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; 7 years' experience; accustomed to detail work. A 159 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; efficient, thoroughly competent; initiative; reliable; $20. K 157 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $18. H 430 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, general office assistant, 3 years' experience; $18; reference. R 507 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined; 5 years' commercial experience; high school graduate; $20. B 423 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six months' experience; understands office work; reference; $12. B 438 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, 4 years' experience; energetic; initiative; excellent references; $18. S 53d Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; thoroughly efficient, reliable; $12 to start. B 1061 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER. — Capable of operating dictaphone; accurate, experienced; salary $18. B 400 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, (22,) experienced, educated, bookkeeping knowledge, office routine, $22. B 1059 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter; bright, intelligent beginner; Christian. E. S., 52 Lawrence St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, educated, reliable; good references. A. L., 566 West 162d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced high school graduate desires permanent position; $18. 1988 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; high school graduate; five years' experience; references; $20. S 544 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, expert, doing secretarial work, wants permanent position. S 546 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; capable of handling details; references; $23. B 856 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Above average; 6 years export line; executive ability; $25. R 410 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant wishes position in export house. S 526 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school graduate; best references. K 148 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, bright, competent; giving up position for soldier; $20. K 155 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 4 years' experience; best references. K 117 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, capable; high school graduate; $15. K 159 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and general office work; 3 years' experience; $15-$16 to start; best references. S. 549 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced, efficient; best of reference. K 120 Times.

TEACHER, visiting, desires pupils; preparatory, intermediate; references; chaperoning. S., 563 Columbus Av.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR. — Expert; neat appearance; pleasing voice; five years' experience; salary $18. Cathedral 8364, before 1 P. M.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and typist, 3 years' experience, wishes steady position; salary $16. A 413 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Expert; high school graduate, possessing initiative; salary $18. S., 1,533 St. Nicholas Av.

TYPING, accurate, neat, promptly done at home. Apartment 43, 450 West 152d.

TYPIST. — Experienced, rapid; high school graduate; office assistant; $16. K 141 Times.

TYPIST wishes to work evenings at home. B 416 Times Downtown.

WOMAN of 30, with executive ability, would negotiate for position where general business knowledge qualifies her. W 691 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, 21, high school graduate, 1 year college, 2 years' clerical experience, desires position; $15. R 508 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN wishes position general office work, or interviewing in office where refinement is appreciated. L 63 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes typewriting at home; English, French, or Italian; has own machine. Box 248 Times, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG LADY to take charge of office; knowledge of bookkeeping. B 402 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants, excellent cooks, investigated references, seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th St.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th,) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hone Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX.

Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, trial balances, statements, reports, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endries, Public Accountants, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT, cashier, office executive, with technical training and varied experience, understanding foreign exchange and banking, credits, exports and imports, correspondence, &c., open for permanent engagement with mfg. or com'l corporation; age 37; salary $2,500. B 443 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE, office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT—OFFICE MANAGER. Eleven years' experience; recently with Government, financial statements, systematizing and auditing; thoroughly acquainted with modern office management; will accept position with C. P. A., or mercantile firm; salary $2,400. R 142 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, broad manufacturing experience, modern cost and financial accountant; present assistant senior auditor connected with fifteen plants; age 37; married; salary $3,000; thorough executive capable mature business judgment. R 498 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, Columbia graduate, 28, with legal training, having completed cost analysis survey of major industry, thorough knowledge of uniform systems, cost accounting, audits, tax procedure; salary $100 weekly. R 187 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-MANAGER.—Ten years' experience; executive ability; familiar with costs and statistical records; also financial statements. Lange, 9 Roosevelt Av., Jersey City.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 29, seeks connection with large mercantile or accounting firm; 12 years' experience in office management; cost and general accounting. K 762 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, 40; broad experience in office management and corporate accounting, cost production, sales statistics, Government and State tax reports; credentials. K 123 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 20, university student, two years' accounting and statistical experience, desires position with accountant or private concern offering chance for advancement. K 130 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (31,) twelve years' bookkeeper, desires position with C. P. A. concern, as junior; can make audits, balance sheets, analysis, &c.; $30. K 136 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, income tax reports, books audited, systematized; part-time bookkeeping; spare time evenings, Saturday afternoons; reasonable. S 535 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 968.

ACCOUNTANT, (23,) junior, experienced, can audit books without supervision, desires position with certified public accountant. R 86 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, (29,) general and cost; good executive; 12 years' experience managing large offices; university education. K 761 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires books to post; trial balances, profit and loss statements, audits, &c., during spare hours or evenings. K 181 Times.

ACCOUNTANT. — Young man, experienced junior and semi-senior, seeks position with accounting firm; no supervision. B 417 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A., high-grade executive, record of achievement, seeks responsible position large corporation. B 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires position with growing concern; college student. B. O., A 421 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, many years' experience; now supervising office. K 118 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, 38, desires change; college education, lawyer; knowledge of Spanish, French, German; $40. D. R., 119 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior, seeks position with public practitioners. K 180 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, three years of experience, desires certified connection. S 541 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER OF LEADING NEW YORK STORE DESIRES TO MAKE CHANGE; ABLE EXECUTIVE, FORCEFUL WRITER, EXCELLENT KNOWLEDGE OF MERCHANDISE; AGE 32. K 191 TIMES.

ADVERTISING experience linked to skillful correspondence, an ideal combination for a firm looking forward to better business relations with old and new trade. Strongpen, Room 9069, 1 Madison Av.

ADVERTISING MAN, 22, possessing original ideas for layouts, sketches, plans, copy, 5 years with publishing house, desires connection with assured future. K 161 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.—Successful experience special editions; house catalogue advertising; percentage. K 190 Times.

ADVERTISING WRITER or correspondent, versatile, creative, and cosmopolitan, seeks position. K 127 Times.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE.—Honorably discharged from service, fully qualified by public experience as accountant, auditor, and systematizer, with analytical mind for financial, cost, operation, and income statistics; traveling, branch office experience; single, American, Christian. B 404 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE EXECUTIVE.

Capable of taking full charge; trial balance, financial statements, costs, systematizing, &c.; discharged soldier, $40. R 87 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Accountant, junior; six years' experience; controlling accounts, general ledger; understanding theory bookkeeping thoroughly; highest references. R 178 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Army discharge, 20 years old; accurate ledger clerk, competent assistant bookkeeper; through three years' experience. K 702 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, six years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance, credits, collections; accurate, reliable; moderate salary; excellent references. K 134 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry and controlling accounts, desires connection with reputable firm; interview would be appreciated. K 105 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, with many years' practical experience, desires position; collection, credit man; high testimonial; salary $30. B 424 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, — (22;) thoroughly experienced, audits, statements, reconciliations; complete charge; $25. S 528 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, college man, expert correspondent; best references; salary $30. S 400 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; experienced; control, double entry ledgers; executive ability; $30. O 355 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, 21, wishes position; three years' experience; best references. B 847 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER; ten years' experience; best reference. Henry Wagner, 423 47th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Evening work desired by experienced bookkeeper; can do stenography, typewriting. G 609 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER with long experience, double entry, controlling accounts; competent to assume charge of full set, $35. K 102 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, handle any line; trial balance, controlling accounts; thoroughly experienced. B 640 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, thoroughly experienced; excellent penman, college education; good references. S 504 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST; knowledge of stenography; bright beginner; $10 to start. A. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, CORRESPONDENT, MANAGE OFFICE SMALL CONCERN. R 489 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER wants evening work; long, varied experience; American Christian; references. B 422 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22,) four years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance; $20. K 129 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager as executive, desires position, metal manufacturing preferred. K 122 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, married, 8 years' experience, trustworthy; excellent references; $25. B 421 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Familiar with all modern methods of accounting; salary, $30. K 178 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, age 25; good correspondent; knowledge credits, systematizer; highest credentials. B 1029 Times Harlem.

BOY, 17, office experience, high school education, desires position; reference. B 413 Times Downtown.

BUYER.

Young man, thoroughly experienced men's and women's wear department, now with Kansas City best house; would connect with high grade N. Y. shop, as buyer or assistant. "A. A.," 272 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; 12 years' experience; careful driver; prompt, reliable; drive any car; capable taking charge garage; will go anywhere; references. K 140 Times.

CHAUFFEUR — Colored, wishes position; willing worker. 452 Riverside Drive, Apt 3A. Morningside 1080.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 11 years' experience; A1 reference; salary $35. K 74 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—14 years' experience; drives private all over states. Komornek, 1508 2d Av., Box 4.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced young man, with a private family; reference. A. Aberg, 150 East 128th St.

CHEMIST.—Young man wants position either plant or laboratory; good theoretical training; two years' analytical experience laboratory of high explosives; willing, conscientious worker; initial salary not substantial as against opportunity for further advancement; references. X 218 Times Annex.

CLUB STEWARD.—Good manager; thoroughly practical, kitchen and service; English and French speaking; well recommended; disengaged. K 137 Times.

CLUB STEWARD OF HIGH-CLASS ABILITY AND BEST OF REFERENCES IS OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT. A 154 TIMES.

CLUB STEWARD or similar position; 20 years' references from last engagement. Apply Walter Gray, Price Av., Narberth, Penn.

COLLEGE MAN desires position as assistant to executive, with chance for advancement; best references. B 411 Times Downtown.

COMPANION.—Elderly gentleman, having had experience as companion, desires engagement; excellent references; moderate remuneration. W 692 Times Downtown.

CONFIDENT.—Married man, 31, open position of confidential character, representative or investigator to man of affairs in America or abroad; references; experienced. W 689 Times Downtown.

CONNECTION desired with plant manufacturing mechanical and electrical devices; preferably small plant where new ideas will be acceptable; have executive experience with big war industry and natural inventive ability; salary reasonable. K 86 Times.

COOK wants position in restaurant, hotel, or private family; speaks French and English; good references. Karkjian, 132 88th St., Brooklyn. Phone Bryant 4267, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

CORRESPONDENT and Claim Investigator. —(23,) fluent, thoroughly experienced mail order and railroad; excellent references; salary $25. R 500 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK, bookkeeper, four years' experience; payrolls, balances, controlling accounts. G 687 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK, Bookkeeper.—U. S. Navy discharge; accountancy student; experienced. K 134 Times.

COUPLE, in city or country, experienced chauffeur and mechanic; wife good cook; best reference. A. S., 137 West 96th St.

COUPLE.—Chauffeur mechanic; wife excellent cook and baker; trustworthy, reliable; references; city, country. J. T., 157 E. 74th.

DRAFTSMAN, able designer of steel and reinforced concrete structures, technical graduate, 7 years' practical experience, industrious and efficient, wants position with engineering firm in New York; A1 references. K 185 Times.

DRAFTSMAN-ENGINEER, 15 years' experience design steel, concrete, mining, elevators, conveyors and power work, desires position. G 708 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, (21,) experienced, competent detailer; technical education; best references. B 1060 Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced on woodwork, detailing, listing, superintending work. K 55 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced in mechanical, architectural and topographic drawing; age 32; married. Address E. Hoyos, 511 W. 152d.

DRAFTSMAN, 14 years gasoline engine, automobile layout, jigs, and fixtures. G 278 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Detailer, tracer, 3 years' experience, technical education, good references. G 706 Times Downtown.

EDITORIAL WORKER, (24,) college graduate, 3 years' newspaper experience as reporter, rewrite man, feature writer and copy reader, seeks connection as assistant to editor or publicity director; best references. G 680 Times Downtown.

EDITOR-WRITER wants place in New York City; familiar with every detail; is $75 man, but will start at $40 to demonstrate value. R 162 Times.

ENGINEER, &c.—College man, (30,) civil engineer, 6 years' experience, designing and selling, desires position engineering, industrial, commercial. A 158 Times.

ENGINEER'S ASSISTANT. — Engineering student, (19,) had one year's experience as draftsman, wishes to assist along engineering lines. S 538 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, Columbia graduate, capable and ambitious, desires opportunity in an administrative, executive, sales, or industrial position. A 160 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Retired naval officer, experienced in banking, rail and ocean transportation and manufacturing, thoroughly familiar with modern business methods, desires executive position with future. K 84 Times.

EXECUTIVE, (21,) Lieutenant, commissioned from ranks, honorably discharged, desires position in technical or manufacturing concern; experienced manufacture of machinery; technical college; has had charge of office of 11 persons. K 174 Times.

EXECUTIVE-SECRETARY. — Young man wants executive or secretarial work; college and law graduate; considerable business and investment experience; well fitted for position of trust; understands shorthand and typewriting. B 437 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, managerial and sales experience, at present Eastern manager Western concern, desires change where larger opportunity is offered; electrical and mechanical experience; versatile and resourceful; Christian, (33,) married. R 198 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Discharged army captain—civil engineer, 28 years old, 5 years experience on design and construction, desires position with good concern, engineering or contracting preferred but not necessary. R 139 Times.

EXECUTIVE AND ACCOUNTANT, (31,) initiative and constructive ability: 18 years' experience, office management, credits, collections, financial and cost accounting. H 266 Times.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY - Stenographer, ten years' experience, possesses tact and diplomacy, with capacity for detail and consistent hard work, desires connection. L 52 Times.

EXPORT-IMPORT. — ENERGETIC, RELIABLE ARMY OFFICER, 3 YEARS' EXPERIENCE ASSISTANT TO IMPORT MANAGER, 2 ASSISTANT TO EXPORT MANAGER, 1 SPANISH-ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT, 1 BOOKKEEPING, 8 MOS. SPANISH STENOGRAPHER, DESIRES EXECUTIVE POSITION; REFERENCES A1; SALARY $28. R 196 TIMES.

EXPORTERS.—Young man, 22, college education, good knowledge Spanish, French, technical and business experience, acquainted with foreign countries, desires position with exporting firm; ambitious; willing to learn; references. H 1027 Times Harlem.

EXPORT OR IMPORT.

Young man, extensive warehouse experience, desires position export, import house. K 798 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MANAGER'S assistant, 32, 12 years of manufacturing and business experience, accustomed handling technical matters, dependable, resourceful, demonstrated in executive ability. M. D., 1,551 Park Place, Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT, a young, energetic, and capable Cornell short-course student, with ten years' experience as a manager of estates; have been very successful with cattle, hogs, and poultry; good references from my former employers and am able to back them. X 328 Times Annex.

MAN.—Would like a position with dry goods or specialty shop; have experience as buyer for women's ready-to-wear, men's furnishings, and dry goods; manager and merchandise man; willing to go anywhere in U. S. R 203 Times.

MAN.—Would like a position with dry goods or specialty shop; have experience as buyer for women's ready-to-wear, men's furnishings, and dry goods; manager and merchandise man; willing to go anywhere in U. S. R 203 Times.

MAN, (28,) Christian, neat appearance, army discharge, wishes position offering advancement; six years' automobile business experience. R 164 Times.

MAN, 27, with engineering education, desires position with specialty and machinery department of an export concern. K 138 Times.

MAN.—Just sold his restaurant, has 15 years' experience, wants position as cashier or manager. R 175 Times.

MAN, 28, wishes position; engineering trained, reports, investigations; expert statistician. K 145 Times.

MANAGER.—Columbia graduate, 28, with legal training, feasible sales ideas, and successful sales experience; constructive accountant, vigorous correspondent; not spectacular, but consistent, hard worker; salary $100 weekly. R 186 Times.

MANAGER of an estate, with thorough banking and commercial experience, desires a responsible position requiring energy and initiative, in a city with good educational facilities; age 35; married; Protestant. X 312 Times Annex.

MASSEUR, licensed, ten years; New York; refined men; physicians references. Schuyler 6246.

MECHANICAL DESIGNING ENGINEER with wide and successful experience, will develop your automatic labor-saving problems; consultation. K 153 Times.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, thoroughly experienced, statistician, excellent correspondent, desires permanent position. B 409 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, correspondent, middle-aged American, qualified by long experience to conduct an office successfully. B 426 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, &c.—Man, 37, executive ability, solicits position office manager, bookkeeper, salesman. B 769 Times Downtown.

POSITION as superintendent or manager of country estate wanted by gentleman of experience. X 320 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE MAN, renting, collecting, repairs, desires position; trustworthy. K 121 Times.

SALES ENGINEER or Factory Organizer—Man, 27, aggressive and tactful, with engineering training and five years' experience, desires position. K 139 Times.

SALESMAN, capable, forceful, honorable discharge, six years' successful road experience, wishes connection with progressive concern in New York; salary and commission; exceptional references. A 407 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, first-class, 17 years' experience traveling throughout United States selling notions and drug sundries to wholesale and retail trade; any territory; expenses and salary against commission. 17,243 Times Bronx.

SALESMAN CALLING ON LARGE AUTOMOBILE ACCESSORY JOBBERS DESIRES GOOD SIDE LINE FOR WESTERN, SOUTHERN TERRITORY. 1,310 ST. NICHOLAS AV.

SALESMAN, 30 years old; long experienced traveling salesman in toy and housefurnishing line seeks position with reliable concern; can furnish unquestionable references. R 188 Times.

SALESMAN, engaged in specialty line, desires to connect with reliable firm selling staple line; good appearance and personality; willing to travel; references. S 534 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Man, 30 years old, single, desires to connect with concern as city or traveling salesman; have ten years' previous selling experience. R 189 Times.

SALESMAN, (33,) ability, forceful personality, seeks high class proposition reliable concern on commission involving $3,000 upward. H 265 Times.

SALESMAN.—Technical education, 8 years' engineering experience; released from U. S. Navy; automobile accessories or machinery. B 407 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, (22,) wishes position with manufacturing paper concern catering to the jobbing trade; 3 years' experience. S 532 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Many years' retail experience, capable manager, accustomed to high-class trade, wishes new connections. Particulars K 135 Times.

SALESMAN wishes to connect with reputable concern, buying, selling automobile parts; specialty Ford; unquestionable references. K 170 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, just released from navy, desires connection, any line; seven years' business experience. R 506 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN of ability open for appointment; commission basis; Pacific Coast territory. Address Salesman, B 264 Times.

SALESMAN, adding machines and typewriters successfully; good record; city, country. K 172 Times.

SALESMAN; experience, engineer, insulating, cold storage, anything building line. B 442 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man open for good selling proposition; speaks Spanish. L 49 Times.

SALESMAN, (34,) general experience, desires position; city or road. K 176 Times.

SALESMAN.—Have traveling experience; will accept good position. K 175 Times.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, Executive, Clerical.—American; compensation commensurate high-grade ability. K 686 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, (BUSINESS.)—Secretary-stenographer of highest character and ability, out of employment due to reorganization; age 32; salary $3,000. S 500 Times Downtown.

STATISTICIAN-ENGINEER.—(27,) married; six years' experience statistics, costs, office management, drafting, commercial and technical education. B 418 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—WE DESIRE TO PLACE STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, FAMILIAR WITH OFFICE WORK IN CLOAK AND SUIT TRADE, JUST RELEASED FROM U. S. A. SERVICE. WRITE OR PHONE GEORGE G. WOOD & CO., 105 MADISON AV.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY seeks position with opportunity for advancement; age 21; well educated; six years experience; highest references obtainable. R 499 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 21; accurate; 4 years' office experience; willing to work hard where there is chance of advancement. Jerome Hohenstein, 200 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, assistant bookkeeper, ambitious young man, 23, with navy release; employed by day, desires evening clerical work; 6:30 to 10 P. M. K 128 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—High school graduate, expert stenographer, typist, bookkeeper, with knowledge of Spanish, two years' experience. S 555 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, released from service; experienced correspondence, office routine; moderate salary; excellent references. R. B., 607 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, SPANISH - ENGLISH, TRANSLATOR, EXCELLENT IN BOTH LANGUAGES; $30 START. B 406 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER-OFFICE CLERK.—Experienced; former Government employe; honorable army discharge. S 542 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, (30;) knowledge bookkeeping; used to handling office details. K 164 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; 18; experienced; knows how and when to do things. K 144 Times.

SUPERVISING ENGINEER of construction, industrial and commercial buildings desires position. R 93 Times.

TEACHER of English literature and history; best references as to ability and character; several years' experience. K 112 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, familiar with all traffic matters, is desirous of obtaining freight bills to locate and make claim for overcharges, loss, and damage; will make reasonable proposition. R 185 Times.

TUTOR in private family; fine educational advantages, including travel abroad and experience in teaching; best references given. K 111 Times.

UNITED STATES ARMY AVIATOR, honorably discharged from service, age 28, wishes position requiring travel to foreign countries; willing to accept position of any type of this nature and will go anywhere with responsible parties. X 319 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 24 years old, six years' experience, stenographer-secretary to executive, later assistant credit man, just released from U. S. Navy overseas service, desires position offering real opportunity; initial salary secondary consideration. D. F. McCarthy, 642 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 27, married Yale graduate, released navy officer, desires responsible position, preferably as secretary to executive who needs dependable assistant; business experience, initiative, executive ability. R 494 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23 years of age, recently released from navy, which he joined at beginning of war, desires position with opportunity to learn sales end of business; was two years at college after graduating from high school. H. R., Box 251 Times, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) honorably discharged; executive ability; experienced correspondent, cashier; knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, credits, desires employment as office manager, secretary, or similar position; highest references. B 410 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, 20, two years' experience stenographer, typewriter, desires clerical position in bank, with advancement; have knowledge bookkeeping; salary no object; reference. R 182 Times.

YOUNG MAN, honorably discharged, high school graduate, evening accounting student, bookkeeping and inside selling experience, desires position at anything; salary $18. R 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate, four years' experience, discharged from army, business getter, seeks opening leading to salesmanship; references. W 668 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, recently discharged from service, wishes to connect with export and import firm; have both high and business school education. B 408 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) college training, engineering and general business experience, desires connection offering broad opportunity; forceful. G 711 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, American, two years' Marines, wishes business position; good education, appearance, experience, references; reasonable. H 267 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, evening work from 6 to 10 o'clock, high school graduate, expert stenographer, secretary, experienced, efficient, refined. B 427 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, honorable army discharge, seeks position any capacity; opportunity essential; four years' experience; unquestionable references. R 492 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires clerical position; 2½ years' experience; knowledge of stenography and typewriting. S 545 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 39, American born, desires position clerk or correspondent; college education; speaks French; best references. B 414 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, understands stenography, bookkeeping; typist; willing worker; start low with growing concern; best references. D. Frankel, 3,754 White Plains Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, ambitious, technical night school student, wishes connection with civil engineering concern offering advancement. B 405 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN. 20, honest, conscientious, efficient, high school education, desires position as stock clerk; best references. V 246 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position as shipping or stock clerk in the woolen line or similar; best reference; salary no object. K 146 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, honorable army discharge, high school graduate, 3 years' business experience, position with advancement. K 649 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) can handle responsible position, general business experience, high school graduate; salary $25. B 412 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 27, well educated, ambitious, selling ability, wants chance with future; city or traveling; references. G 718 Times Downtown.

YOUNG SPANIARD, (23,) speaks English fairly well, knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, desires position; $18. A. V., 20 Irving Place.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) honorably discharged, high school graduate; 2 years' commercial experience; best references. B 1053 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) two years' experience assistant buyer would like connection with same; other propositions considered. L 54 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wishes position in stock department of reliable house. A. Bernstein, 1,411 Longfellow Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, (32,) light colored, educated, desires position with advancement. B 1056 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, comptometer operator, who also has had 4 years' clerical experience, wishes position. D. H., 104 East 14th St.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) energetic and ambitious, with knowledge of accountancy, desires position with a live concern. K 187 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, educated, ambitious, wishes advancing position, excellent references. S 507 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) with selling experience, desires position either city or road; live wire. R 104 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) high school graduate, desires clerical position; experienced. S 523 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) clerical experience, desires position, anything offering advancement. B 415 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, refined, clerical experience, desires position with opportunity. S 554 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge bookkeeping, desires position at anything; best references. S 529 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wishes position at anything; best reference; shipping preferred. W 247 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires work evenings stenography or anything else. G 707 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, school graduate, A1 references, advancement, wishes position. B 111 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, willing to start at the bottom and work up; good education and habits. R 171 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position with commercial house, advancement; references. R 200 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position, anything; advancement; selling ability, travel. R 491 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) wishes connection; office, selling, and traffic experience. S 533 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, reliable, sales experience, seeks position with advancement. K 120 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) honorably discharged, Marine Corps, seeks position; $25. K 83 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, 5 years' business experience, seeks position. S 527 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN; seven years' experience office, shipping, selling; capable, energetic. R 85 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, wishes position; typist, bill, order clerk. K 114 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position anything; good references. R 100 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) A1 office man, cashier, typist; position anything. R 184 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, seeks position with reliable firm. K 110 Times.

YOUNG OFFICER, recently discharged, three years West Point, teach military drill, physical culture, anything, night, day. K 173 Times.

YOUTH, (18,) desires position with advancement; A1 reference. R 167 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN,
SALESWOMEN.

We require saleswomen for our corset, silverware, jewelry, shoes, house-furnishings, cotton dress goods, soda, bakery departments. Apply in person or by mail. Superintendent.

ADDRESSERS

earn from $14 to $16 per week; we start you at $8 and bonus; half day Saturday. Apply to Miss Carlock,
BUTTERICK PUBLISHING COMPANY,
326 Hudson St., (2d floor.)
Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Private dressmaking house offers position to neat, intelligent young lady, accurate at figures and good penman; one having knowledge of stenography and typewriting preferred; state age, experience, and religion; salary $15 to begin and chance for rapid advancement. K 171 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced operator on Burroughs posting machine; must be neat and accurate, and have had at least one year's experience; in reply state age, experience and salary desired; good opportunity for the right party. Reply Bookkeeper, G 717 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER; expert; one who is willing and will take an interest in art business; splendid opportunity; no beginners; state full particulars and salary desired. R 197 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, capable keeping small set books, attending office details, salary to start $20 with unusual chance for advancement. K 794 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by prominent resident buyer; only those thoroughly experienced and fully capable of taking entire charge will be considered; state age, experience, salary expected. B 316 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, AMERICAN; ACCURATE; GOOD PENMAN; STATE COMPENSATION. S 509 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Girl wanted for simple bookkeeping and typewriting; hours 9-5; salary $12-$14; state age and experience. S 530 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, preferably cloak and suit line, experienced; good position for one with initiative; $15-$16 to start. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, capable of handling and checking bills; must be able to do stenography and typewriting. Kienzler Co., 45 West 17th St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, one familiar with manufacturing ladies' hats; good pay to right party. M. Whitman, 508 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT.—Experienced; Brooklyn resident preferred; state salary; good opportunity. R. S., 805 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger work; state experience, qualifications, and salary. Apply A 419 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, thoroughly experienced, take complete charge of office and correspondence. Kibel, 28 West 38th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, trial balance, and controlling accounts; salary $16. Call 12-3, Conte, 528 W. B'way.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, accurate at figures, good handwriting; write, stating full particulars. B 315 Times.

CASHIER in branch office of large metropolitan newspaper; one with experience in this line preferred; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30 A. M.; good opportunity; salary to start $15; state age and experience. X 315 Times Annex.

CASHIER for restaurant, with hotel experience. Apply Manager, Hotel Gotham, 5th Av. at 55th.

CASHIER.—Young lady to act as cashier; salary. Fulton Bond Co., 472 Fulton St.

CHAUFFEUR, 24, single, 8 years' experience on high-priced cars, wishes private position; New York and New Jersey license; own repairs; best references. Address Box 617, 1,464 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, (32,) 9 years' experience; 4 years last employer; laid-up car. W. O., 596 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 9 years' experience; understands any car; careful driver; good mechanic; city, country. Doyle, 30 West 97th.

CLERKS,
tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERKS, $45 monthly; rapid advancement; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; high school graduates; ages 18-23. Write, Clerk, P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Station.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS wanted in office of large chain store corporation for inventory figuring. Write stating age, experience, salary, and nationality to C. O., 119 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.
Must be thoroughly experienced.
GOOD SALARY.
L. M. BLUMSTEIN, 3d Av., 150th St.

COOK and waitress, couple or 2 girls, family of 4; Mount Vernon. Phone Murray Hill 410.

COOK.—Experienced, personal references; call this morning and tomorrow, between 9 and 11 o'clock, 11 East 80th St.

COOK.—Young white woman to do cooking and waiting Fridays and Sundays all day. Apartment 6B, 27 East 62d.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, with good experience in large publishing house; good position for the right person; highest salary and ability quickly recognized and advanced accordingly. Call Miss Kearney, 119 West 40th St., eighth floor.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR,
experienced, knowledge of stenography, rapid typist, good grammarian; address, stating expectations. Box B, 306 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Must be rapid, neat, thoroughly experienced; also assist with office work; opportunity for advancement. T. H., 227 Times.

DICTATING MACHINE TRANSCRIBER, with billing experience; good advancement. Room 702, 114 Liberty St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, experienced, in busy commercial law office. Call prepared for work, Room 1312, 299 Broadway.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED.
A desirable all-year-round position for young women under 30 years of age, who understand dressmaking. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience, to
F. Carter,
Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT for medical journals and books, with knowledge of make-up, proof-reading and preparation of material for printer; experience in advertising desirable but not essential; state education, experience, references and salary expected. Medical Books, B 312 Times.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR; must be expert, quick and correct at figures; none others need apply. Call Barnard, Phillips & Co., dry goods commission merchants, 150 Madison Av.

FILING CLERKS.—A few positions are open for filers experienced on vertical filing. Reply, stating nationality, experience, and salary desired. Address P. O. Box 302, Madison Square Station.

FILE CLERK.—Wholesale house has good opening for intelligent girl, 15-18, as file clerk; excellent opportunity to beginner. L. D. Bloch & Co., 153 5th Av.

FILE CLERK.—Experienced; $45 monthly to start; state age, religion, experience, and telephone. R 180 Times.

FOLDERS and inserters, circular work. Pictorial Review, 216 West 39th, 9th floor.

GIRLS! GIRLS!
Neat, to envelope hair nets; steady position; $8 start; rapid increase.
S. GLEMBY,
12 EAST 22D.

GIRLS, COMPETENT, EXPERIENCED, for office work; must be accurate and quick at figures; state full particulars regarding previous experience and salary. Write R. D., Box 20, 125 East 34th St.

GIRL, BRIGHT, YOUNG,
to do clerical work; excellent chance for advancement.
KROWER-TYNBERG CO.,
46 West 23d St.

GIRL, 16-17 years, in office of large manufacturing concern; state nationality and salary desired; opportunity for advancement. K 789 Times Downtown.

GIRL OR ELDERLY WOMAN to do general housework and take care of babies. B. Engler, 1,432 East 3d St., Brooklyn. Phone Midwood 6091.

GIRL FOR SAMPLE ROOM IN CANDY FACTORY, EXPERIENCED, INTELLIGENT. AUERBACH, 46TH ST., 11TH AV.

GIRL for switchboard, previous experience unnecessary; state age, religion, and telephone. R 179 Times.

GIRLS to keep stock in high-class underwear establishment. Brand, 3 East 46th.

GIRLS for record stockroom in wholesale talking machine house. 55 Warren St.

GOVERNESS, French, for large family living in the country; must be fond of sports, riding, etc.; applicant state qualifications, give references and religion, and apply by letter to A 794 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl, white, wanted for general housework, small family, with or without washing; fine room and private bath; exceptionally good wages; carfare paid. C. M. Crofoot, 281 South Ridgewood Road, South Orange, N. J. Phone South Orange 1245.

HOUSEWORKER.—Wanted an experienced girl for general housework; no laundry; good cook; own rooms and bath; high salary to competent person. Mrs. Gage, 260 West 76th St. Phone 9272 Columbus.

HOUSEKEEPER (white) to superintend a renovated house; no laundry or cooking; halls, door, and telephone principal duties. Call all day Wednesday. 323 West 75th.

HOUSEKEEPER and companion; refined, intelligent woman, useful companion to lady in three-room apartment; sleep out. 601 West 191st St., corner St. Nicholas Av.

HOUSEWORKER wanted; woman to do the downstairs work of small family. Apply by mail. B 1058 Times Harlem.

HOUSEWORKERS wanted; two women to do the work of small family; private house. Reply by letter, B 1057 Times Harlem.

JAPANESE young man wants position as useful butler or housework in city. Senda, 414 East 58th.

LADY in office; salary $10 weekly to start; can advance. R 427 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESS, efficient, (white,) to come two days a week. Mrs. B. Revel, 16 East 96th St.

LAUNDRESS, experienced, 3 days a week. Women's Club, 133 East 40th St.

MAID wanted for general housework; small adult family; $40 per month; Forest Hills, L. I. B 1049 Times Harlem.

MESSENGER.—Careful, pleasant young woman for interdepartment messenger; high school graduate; $18. L 66 Times.

MODELS
SIZE 16
FOR SUITS AND COATS
MUST BE TALL,
ATTRACTIVE, AND EXPERIENCED
LARGEST SALARY, LONG SEASON.
Apply all week,
SINGER BROS.,
136 MADISON AV.

MODEL.—TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADY, FULL SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY; LONG SEASON. MILLAR-MANDEL, 38 E. 30TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16, TALL, ATTRACTIVE AND STYLISH YOUNG LADIES; GOOD SALARIES. APPLY A. SCHWARTZ & CO., INC., 20 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS wanted for photographic fashion posing; tall, good-looking women; misses, juniors. Stone, Van Dresser Co., Inc., Flatiron Building.

MODELS, attractive; size 16, misses' suits; long season; price no object. Apply Sam Samuels, 31 West 27th.

MODELS wanted, size 16; salary $25 per week. Apply all week, Edelman & Edelstein, 30 West 26th.

MODELS.—Misses' size 16, for large cloak and suit house; must be experienced; good salary. 5th floor, 1,333 Broadway.

MODEL, ACCUSTOMED YOUNG LADY, SIZE 16, FOR DRESS HOUSE. LEO FINKENBERG, 31 EAST 31ST ST.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MODELS FOR MILLINERY SHOWROOM; MUST BE STYLISH, GOOD-LOOKING. RAWAK, 48 WEST 38TH.

MODEL wanted, neat appearance, size 16. Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

MODEL.—Perfect 16; $25; long season. Call Joseph C. Lunts, 10 East 33d St.

MODEL on coats; size 16. Friedman, Simon & Co., 44 West 28th St.

NURSE wanted, middle age, to take entire charge of infant only; no housework, good home with refined Jewish family; must have first-class reference. B. Cohn, 901 Prospect Av., Bronx. Melrose 2543.

NURSE wanted, refined white girl as nurse for afternoon work, 1 to 6. Apply 204 West 110th St., Apartment 7W, between 12 and 3 o'clock, Wednesday. Telephone Academy 2020.

NURSE, neat, willing, capable, for four-year-old child, who attends kindergarten; best references; sleep out; highest wages. Apt. 10B, 258 Riverside Drive, corner 98th.

NURSE wanted; experienced baby nurse of highest references and character to take full charge of 1-year-old baby; liberal salary; N. Y. C. K 162 Times.

NURSE, English or Scotch preferred, to care for 5 months baby; personal references; liberal wages. Apply, 4-6, 58 West 95th.

NURSE.—Doctor requires resident office nurse; training necessary; fair salary; good family; home surroundings; give full particulars. X 327 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Graduate for floor duty, moderate-sized hospital; state qualifications, age, salary expected. Box 300, 2,121 3d Av.

NURSE, competent, for infant. Call Wednesday morning before 11, 230 West 79th, Apt. 91.

NURSE.—Young woman to help with babies in day nursery. 329 East 62d.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted at once with experience for two young children; exceptional wages; excellent recent references required. B 317 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, for general office work in bookselling and publishing house; reply in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected. Medical Books, B 313 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT for small publication; must be over 25; good typist; stenography desirable; highest references as to character. L 58 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, thoroughly acquainted with general office routine, desires position. G 719 Times Downtown.

OPPORTUNITY.

We want bright, intelligent young women for high-grade clerical work, who can grow with us and advance quickly in positions and salary according to worth and ability.

Must be at least 22 years of age.

We prefer high school graduates or young women who have had previous business experience.

The salary while learning the work is $12, but you can soon fit yourself to earn $25 if you are the right person.

NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPOTTERS, permanent position; good future, reliable women; salary $12 to start. Apply Otto Sarony Co., 1,177 Broadway.

PRIVATE SECRETARY wanted; must be expert stenographer; well poised with pleasant personality; discerning in handling people; should have good general knowledge; give full particulars in letter. 142 Times.

PUPIL NURSES for one-year course leading to certificate of trained obstetrical nurse; course includes lectures, classroom instruction, and practical work in maternity and pediatric department of registered training school. Supt. of Nurses, St. Elizabeth Hospital, 204 S. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

RESPONSIBLE position is wanted by married man, 30 years of age, who had 15 years' general business experience from errand boy to general manager. Reply, Executive Ability, A 423 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY VICTOR RECORDS.

ONE WHO KNOWS THE VICTOR CATALOG THOROUGHLY; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN SELLING AND ORDERING RECORDS; NONE OTHER NEED APPLY. CALL AT LAUTER PIANO CO., 149 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY.

SALESLADY wanted, experienced, for retail fancy goods and women's wear, with reference. Apply H. Mallouk & Co., 98-100 Greenwich St., between 11-12.

SALESLADY.—Wanted, competent saleslady in specialty shop, to sell negligee blouses and underwear. Nadine, 2,425 Broadway.

SECRETARY.
Secretary wanted by promotion manager of advertising department of large monthly magazine; superior education, refinement and ability to do rapid stenographic work essential; beginning salary $18-$20. B 314 Times.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, to executive; experienced, efficient, well educated, and well appearing person; good salary; reply, giving age, experience, &c. X 303 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK, thoroughly acquainted with shipping department routine, desires position. G 720 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESWOMEN
AT WANAMAKER'S.
APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, also accurate at figures, good education; steady position; hours 8:30 to 5:30, half day Saturday; salary to start $18; good chance advancement; state age, experience and religion. Address B 826 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and dictaphone operator; thoroughly experienced; must be willing, earnest worker, and have unusual knowledge of English; state present salary, age, experience, education in full; salary $25. B 441 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady in home office of insurance company; must be bright, of good family and character; permanent position; apply by letter giving age, reference, religion, experience, and salary expected. S 552 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSIST EDITORIAL WORK MEDICAL JOURNAL; STATE EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE, AND COMPENSATION EXPECTED. S 519 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—Girl about 17 years of age, with about one year's experience; must be quick and accurate and must understand the Underwood machine. Apply B. B. Davis & Co., 250 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat appearance, accurate, about 16, for office; one just from business school considered; salary $10 to start; references. Apply by letter. C. M. S., Room 721, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, well educated; hours 9 to 5; permanent position to intelligent, willing girl; state age, previous experience, and salary expected. Address O 395 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, good appearance, fast and hard worker, intelligent and willing, for first-class New York newspaper. S 524 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Fine opportunity for intelligent girl graduate of general high school course who has had business experience. B 852 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, with some knowledge of bookkeeping, for a Brooklyn factory; Williamsburg section; state salary in own handwriting. X 324 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, conscientious worker, familiar with office detail, in high grade printing concern; good opportunity. Krause, 230 West 17th.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for Christian firm; neat and accurate; state fully experience and qualifications; start $12. L 58 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, some experience, desirable, permanent position; Christian firm; give full particulars in own writing. K 150 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, wanted, who lives in or near St. Albans, L. I., for extra work evenings and Sundays for author. Address K 147 Times.

STENOTYPIST.—Expert young lady or man. Write, stating education, speed, salary desired, B 825 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in the office of a publishing house; state experience and salary expected. Box 20, Station D, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER for position offering worth-while advancement; executive ability demanded. H. G. Strong, 101 West 37th.

STENOGRAPHER with export and import experience; a splendid opportunity. Apply 465 Washington St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, beginner, $10; quick advancement. International, 461 Broome St., near Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, experienced; call after 4 P. M. today, Room 825, 111 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, factory office; write, stating experience and salary. T. B., 118 Times.

TEACHER of touch typewriting, day and evening; write, stating salary expected. X 321 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR by wholesale Christian concern; state experience and salary expected; permanent position. Address O. D. P., P. O. Box 460, City Hall Station, N. Y.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS wanted; several operators; good salary; rapid advancement; central office experience necessary. K 116 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for Monitor switchboard; steady position. Solomon-Metzler, 33 East 33d.

TYPIST, SPANISH, AND CORRESPONDENT; girl, with good knowledge of Spanish; must be rapid typist, French also desirable; permanent position. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

TYPIST, intelligence rather than speed required; must be neat, punctual; good hours; high class surroundings. R 168 Times.

TYPIST, employed in locality, to work daily from 5 to 6:30 or from 5:30 to 7; $8 weekly. 1,482 Broadway, Times Square, Room 714.

TYPIST, rapid, neat, seeking permanent connections; state age, salary, experience. A 796 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, age 18 to 25, expert, temporary position, with possibility of permanency. Apply Room 315, 193 Broadway.

TYPIST to assist in billing department. Write, stating particulars and qualifications. A 792 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—High school graduate; $12 weekly. O'Connor, 1,149 Broadway.

WOMAN with good references wanted to keep offices and stock rooms clean; permanent position to reliable party. Apply Wertheimer Bros., 19 East 24th St.

YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist on plan work in insurance office; no experience necessary; $30 per month to start; advancement with opportunity to learn drafting. Reply to B 428 Times Downtown.

YOUNG girl wanted in advertising agency. Apply J. Walter Thompson Co., 244 Madison Av.

YOUNG GIRL for filing. Inquire G. & G. Waist and Dress Co., 6-8 West 82d St.

YOUNG LADY, ABOUT 18-19 YEARS OLD, ASSIST IN OFFICE, BOOKKEEPING EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; MUST BE NEAT, INTELLIGENT AND ENERGETIC. N. Y. MILLINERY & SUPPLY COMPANY, 1,237 BROADWAY.

YOUNG LADY, with general knowledge of filing and clerical work, for sales offices of large concern; make application between 12 and 1 on Wednesday or Thursday. 34th floor, Metropolitan Tower, New York City.

YOUNG LADY, cashier, typist, and assistant bookkeeper in jobbing house; state qualifications and salary; bond required. K 184 Times.

YOUNG LADY, sell pictures; big salary or commission; experience unnecessary. Studio 503, 503 5th Av. Entrance 42d St.

YOUNG LADY for clerical work in hotel office; $70 month. Apply Manager, Hotel Gotham, 5th Av. at 55th.

YOUNG LADY for clerical work; $8 to begin. Apply 92 Bible House, 4th Av. and 9th St., New York City.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, experienced with children, to care for little girl of 11 afternoons; unquestionable references required. Apply mornings until 10 at 132 East 64th St.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

Lady teaches Spanish, French inexpensively. Write 400 W. 130th St.

BE A FILING CLERK
and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing. Salaries $15 to $30 per week. Our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position. Afternoon and evening classes. Enter our new classes starting today. Number of students limited. Apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

OVER THREE THOUSAND
GIRLS AND WOMEN
have been placed by us in positions paying FROM $12 TO $35 PER WEEK.
Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building.
Branches: Philadelphia, Boston.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself.—MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 8 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.
Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every-day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 192. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, post-graduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL for women; largest and best equipped; visitors who wish to inspect the school should secure free pass at West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
154 NASSAU ST., MISS GRIFFIN.
Stenographer-Secretary, unusual opening with office specialty company to assist executive in educational and secretarial work; must have A1 personality and high school or college education; excellent salary; stenographer brokerage, $20; others, $15-$18; typist-clerk, good at figures, $18; typists, beginners, $12-$15.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.
Steno., Secy., uptown, $30.
Numerous positions, $25-$23.
Engineering, $22—Brooklyn, $20.
Typist, $50 monthly.
Bookkeeper, steno., $22-$20.
Telephone op., $15—Brooklyn, $12.
No registration fee.

AGNES I. RICHARDS
ROOM 303A 52 WALL STREET.
Immediate positions for refined American applicants.
STENOGRAPHERS $20-$25.
TYPISTS $15-$18.
CLERKS, Etc. No registration charge.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU ST. CORT. 3519.
STENOGRAPHER, commercial, $20 to $22.
STENOGRAPHER, legal, $20.
STENOGRAPHER, beginner, $12 to $15.
LEDGER clerk, $15.
TYPIST, $12 to $15.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 NASSAU.
Stenographers, banking experience, chemical, $18; engineering, $22; publishing, $18; law, $20; numerous commercial, beginners, experts; competent bookkeepers, filers, $12 up.

STENOGRAPHERS, legal, $18-$25; commercial, $12-$20; beginners, $10; bookkeepers, $15-$25; typists, $15; office assistants, $12. Owen's Agency, 165 Fulton or Times Building, 42d St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, uptown and downtown, $18-$20-$22.
OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY,
149 BROADWAY. SINGER BUILDING.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 BROADWAY.
Stenos., $20-$18; typists, $18; dictaphone operator, $22; many others; register free.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, brokerage, legal, commercial; worth investigation; call immediately.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$20; EXCELLENT OPENINGS; FREE REGISTRATION. FULTON AGENCY, 93 NASSAU.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; typists, $15-$18; can place you immediately. Stenographers' Bureau, 158 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE AGENCY, 10 East 43d; stenographers, $15-$25; investigator, $25.

STENOGRAPHERS, $22-$20 law, $18 commercial; typists, $15, many; office girls, $8. Atlas Agency, Room 513, 132 Nassau.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS.
Leading firm of certified public accountants requires seniors, semi-seniors and juniors. Seniors and semi-seniors must have had ample professional experience. Juniors with public accounting experience will be given preference. Replies to receive consideration must state concisely and in order—name in full, address, telephone number, age, nationality, experience and references which will be held in confidence. H 905 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—Semi-senior in public accountant's office; N. Y. U. or other accountancy school graduate preferred; some knowledge of Federal tax laws; permanent. R 509 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, senior and junior, wanted by prominent firm of certified public accountants; splendid opportunity for men with public accounting experience. "Confidential," L 68 Times.

ADVERTISING AGENCY wants young man who has had experience in general agency work, preferably in the way of printing, cuts, rates, &c.; excellent opportunity; write giving full details and salary desired. Box G 714 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN wanted on class journal who is capable of doing some editorial work. R 495 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—Three experienced preferred; commission basis. Apply in person. Room 1805, 220 West 42d St.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPENING
for accountants with imagination and experience, with progressive methods, with capacity and equipment for success. We want ambition, with ability to give it momentum. We must have a large reserve of personal capital. College education or its equivalent necessary; liberal reward and unusual prospects for those who qualify.
LESLIE, BANKS & COMPANY,
Chartered Accountants.
128 Broadway.

ARTIST DESIGNERS on label carton and booklet lettering; only those experienced need apply. Robert Gair Co., foot of Washington St., Brooklyn.

ASSISTANT TO OFFICE MANAGER.
Manufacturing company of national reputation desires to employ an active, energetic man, about 25 to 30, with a view to training him to assume entire charge of office at one of their smaller branches; must be thoroughly posted on bookkeeping, office details, and have a general knowledge of business affairs; position permanent for the right man; apply in own handwriting, stating experience, salary desired, married or single. R 610 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, in office of a manufacturing concern; must have good handwriting and thorough knowledge of controlling accounts; good chance for advancement; state age, past experience, and salary wanted. A 415 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, responsible position; good opportunity for a high-grade man; references required which will stand thorough investigation. G 716 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT; Wall St. export house; state age, salary, religion, experience; good opportunity for young man. G 873 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER assistant in printing establishment, able to take off trial balance; state salary, age and experience. B 433 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced, to take full charge; trial balance, &c.; state salary and full particulars. R 192 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; double entry; state experience, age, and salary to start. Manufacturer. B 432 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER in meat market, also assist with order department; steady position. M. Buchsbaum, 792 Columbus Av.

BOY for office of prominent manufacturing concern, neat, wide-awake, well bred; exceptional opportunity for advancement to one who can make good and give highest references. Address, stating full particulars, as to age, salary, &c. N. A., 218 Times Downtown.

BOYS.

For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY by large advertising agency; opportunity to learn advertising business; unusual chance for advancement. Call or write, Room 712, 381 4th Av.

BOY wanted for general office work in sales organization of large concern. Call for interview between 12 and 1 on Wednesday or Thursday, 34th floor, Metropolitan Tower, New York City.

BOYS to act as indoor messengers; only live and energetic boys need apply; splendid opportunity for ambitious boy. Jewish Welfare Board, 149 5th Av.

BOY.—Downtown real estate and insurance office offers opportunity to learn business; age 17-18; $9 to start; answer in own handwriting. Address "Advancement," 702 Times Downtown.

BOY for stock and make himself generally useful in large mercantile house; apply in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected. P. O. Box 27, Madison Square Sta.

BOY to begin as messenger in bank; good chances for advancement; advancement made from the ranks; state age. Address Box 82, 2,121 3d Av.

BOYS.—Large surety company wants office boys; excellent chance for advancement for bright, well educated boys; state age and education. A 759 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Bright boy, 16 to 18, to assist in office; opportunity for advancement to one who is bright and neat of appearance. Call Lehigh Portland Cement Co., 30 East 42d.

BOY of neat appearance for office of large cotton and silk house to run errands and do filing; good chance for advancement for bright boy. Apply by letter. K 179 Times.

BOY, 15 to 17 years, by large Wall St. law office; write, stating age, salary expected, references, education. G 710 Times Downtown.

BOYS wanted by large publishing house. Apply to Mr. Koelbel, 8th floor, 119 West 40th St. Licensed by U. S. E. S., Permit 384.

BOY wanted for large manufacturer's office; excellent chance for advancement. Chas. A. Schieren Company, 30 Ferry St., City.

BOY, bright American, wanted in lawyer's office; hours 9 to 5. Apply Room 1619, 120 Broadway.

BOY wanted, over 16, American, in office large wholesale house; chance advancement. Apply at 7 Leonard St., New York.

BOY wanted to run errands. Apply room 92, Bible House, 4th Av. and 9th St., New York City.

BOY WANTED, STEAMSHIP OFFICE. G 705 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY.—Good opening for ambitious boy as messenger; downtown office. L 65 Times.

BOY.—Bright boy for office work. Call 2d floor, 243 West 17th St.

BUSINESS EXECUTIVE.
Man with executive ability and wide experience to manage office and factory of infants' knit goods and celluloid novelties business. B 305 Times.

BUYERS WANTED.
A BOSTON SPECIALTY STORE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A BUYER FOR ALL WOMEN'S APPAREL; ALSO A BUYER FOR BOYS' CLOTHING. SEE MR. FERRYS THURSDAY OR FRIDAY THIS WEEK, ROOM 602 5TH AV. BUILDING.

CANVASSERS wanted, live wire, for new publication for those interested; commission basis only; references required. Apply in person. Room 1613, 220 West 42d St.

CARPENTERS
FOR WORK IN SOUTH.
APPLY
U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
22 EAST 22D ST.
JAMES STEWART & CO.

CARPENTERS wanted; wages, $5.50 per day. Edward Corning Co., 179 West 135th St.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly competent, with repairs, careful driver; steady position; state age, experience in detail and salary. K 168 Times.

CHAUFFEUR to drive private Buick car; thorough mechanic and careful driver. Davis, 168 Chambers St., New York.

CHECKERS.—Two experts, rapid food and wine checkers; steady position; large Atlantic City hotel; $90 monthly to commence; if satisfactory, $100; transportation paid; only those with unquestionable references considered. Call immediately, Whitney Duplicating Check Co., 250 West 54th St.

CLERK in advertising department of large metropolitan daily; middle aged man preferred; hours 4 P. M. to 11 P. M.; salary to start $15; state age and experience. X 314 Times Annex.

CLERK in advertising department of large daily newspaper; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary to start $15; state age and experience. X 313 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

CLERK wanted in insurance office; write stating age, education, experience, and salary expected. A 411 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—High grade grocery clerk, used to handling the very best trade. Goodwin Bros., 485 Park Av., N. Y.

COLLECTOR, experienced on magazine accounts, for West New York and near-by towns; bond and references required. Periodical Publishers Service Bureau, 307 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

COLLEGE MEN.—Part time; outside work; excellent chance for hustlers; call, with credentials, 3 to 4 P. M.; salary. 115 East Houston St., National Theatre Building, 1st floor. Rosenblatt.

CORRESPONDENT Wanted.—Man of large general experience, with a record as a successful correspondent, by large corporation; only one of ability and tact need apply, advising nationality, age, and salary desired. Address P. O. Box 302, Madison Square Station.

CORRESPONDENT for sales dept.; thorough training in handling quantity of complicated detail work essential; state age, experience, and salary expected. C. D. W., 186 Times.

CORRESPONDENT wanted in prominent collection agency; none considered unless thoroughly experienced. Address, giving age, experience and salary expected. B 296 Times.

CREDIT—COLLECTION.
We have opening for a man to take charge of the above department; fair salary to start, but to man who can show results a big future is open; state full particulars. CB 7 Times.

EDITOR wanted for technical journal; a man with general publishing experience and competent to take full charge preferred. R 496 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER and SUPERINTENDENT for small office building; $25 a week and $5 extra for night work on Friday. Chronicle, G 709 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK, also understands running billing machine; young man. S 519 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVES.

Import and Export Banking and Commercial House with world-wide connections requires the services of several high-grade men capable of holding executive positions home and abroad; applicants must possess thorough knowledge of general import and export business; only those fully conversant with this business need apply; applicants must also be thoroughly familiar with both Spanish and English languages; must be competent to take charge of office; these positions offer excellent opportunities to the right men; reply in confidence, giving full particulars as to business career, state markets most familiar with, class of merchandise handled, &c.; also give age, nationality. S 405 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.
Export house of reputation is looking for an executive whose training and experience qualify him to organize and direct a machinery department; a liberal salary and an attractive bonus will be offered to the right party; to receive attention, applicants must give their full history in first letter. B 429 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN TRADE.
Wanted, for service in tropics, mature office executive with general commercial experience; knowledge of Spanish and of accountancy essential; immunity to yellow fever desirable; attractive salary and good prospects; replies confidential; write full particulars, giving age, nationality, and experience. G 712 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN wanted, first-class, on ladies' silk waists; Princess-Lillian Dress and Waist Co., 108-112 Spring St.

FURNITURE SALESMAN for auction rooms; experienced; permanent position. Apply 9 A. M., Monarch Auction Co., Inc., 161 East 125th St., near 3d Av.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

J. & J. SLATER, 3 EAST 37TH ST., REQUIRE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED LEDGER CLERKS.

MAN WANTED.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 388 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN wanted, by large trucking company, capable to properly dispatch and route trucks for city and export shipping; excellent opportunity for right man; must have experience, steadiness and ability to handle men; write, giving experience and references. A 409 Times Downtown.

MAN, knowing latest formulas and their application, of vitreous enamels for kitchen utensils; how to make, quickest way, fewest coats; another State; satisfactory salary. Employment Department, Y. M. C. A., 316 West 57th St., City.

MASSEUR.—Licensed; experienced; good wages; steady employment. Apply Room 107, 50 Broadway.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN.—Man about 30 for draftsman, detailer and calculator on heavy machinery; permanent position to right party; employment in Jersey City. X 322 Times Annex.

MERCHANDISE MAN.

Man who has had broad training as merchandise man or buyer of a large retail establishment, to act in the capacity of merchandise manager; no statistician; only those thoroughly experienced in handling merchandise and supervising others will be considered. Apply by letter, stating in detail experience and lines of merchandise you are acquainted with, to Dept. A. M. M.
BLOOMINGDALE BROS.,
59th St. and Lexington Av.

MUSICIANS
WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
Cornet, clarinets, trombone, alto, for duty on flagship Pennsylvania. Report to Bandmaster Foelker, U.S.S. Penn., 79th St. dock.

NICKEL ANNODE MAKER wanted in foundry of local concern; one with long experience wanted, who understands his business thoroughly; write particulars. R 505 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—School graduate preferred, living with parents; salary to start, $7 a week. Apply, by letter only, to Room 307, 30 East 42d St.

OFFICE BOY, industrious and willing; good chance for advancement; apply with hand written application. George B. Herzig, 89 West 29th St.

OFFICE BOY, neat, high class, good references as to character; bond; permanent. The Wahl Company, 501 5th Av.

OFFICE BOY wanted by a large manufacturing company; experience not necessary. Manufacturer, B 431 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY in cotton goods broker's office; good chance for advancement. K 656 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK and assistant estimator for printing and bindery shop. Apply Phillip Hano, Greenwich and 12th Sts.

PORTER.—Colored; wanted in cloak factory; steady position; references required. Call 30 West 26th St., 10th floor.

SALES ENGINEER.—Wanted immediately, energetic, wide-awake sales engineer who has experience in iron, steel, machinery, with enough initiative to take charge, help build up small, growing business; excellent prospects for right man; state age, experience. K 125 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced on Panama hats, for city, territories; commission basis. R 202 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to take out a line of picture frames; commission basis. Terrace Mfg. Co., 241 Centre St.

SALESMAN, sell electrical supplies; commission basis; fine proposition for hustler. K 165 Times.

SALESMAN.—Unusual proposition for high grade man; high commission. Electric Company, 1,047 Park Av.

SALESMEN for woolens; on commission. 8th floor, 119 West 29th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN

Between Ages of 25 and 48

Do you want to get ahead? Or do you want to stay forever in the background? Make your abilities give you full returns. Our concern's story is one of the wonders in successful American business life. 18 months ago it was merely an idea—today it is the largest organization of its kind in this country, with 40 branches from Lewiston, Me., to Pittsburgh, Pa.

We shall grow still greater, and we require more men—men of the type that have grown big with us. It is a privilege to be part of us, and it provides a purpose in your life.

Our system teaches our men to sell successfully, but further, we want men with ideas, initiative, and the power to lead. Our system presents our idea successfully to the prospective client, but it requires character, enthusiasm, earnestness, and unbounded faith in the truth of that idea to return the full reward.

No matter what your income is, we believe our system will make it bigger; the bigger the income, the larger you can make it with us, and the bigger and better man you will become. We want real men, with stamina and backbone. Can you qualify to be taught and to lead? Selling Commercial Finance Corporation shares. Commission basis. No advance. Write to or see manager of nearest office.

NEW YORK (DOWNTOWN): Mr. Wright, Suite 1304, E. River Savings Institution Bldg., 291-295 Broadway.
NEW YORK (UPTOWN): Mr. Phillips, 50 East 42d St., Suite 1806.
BROOKLYN: Mr. McIntire, 107 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., 32 Court St.
NEWARK: Mr. O'Connell, 1201 Fireman's Insurance Bldg.

SALESMAN.
To represent large New York importing and converting house carrying white and wash goods, laces, embroideries, handkerchiefs, and silks, to travel in Indiana; must be familiar with the lines and well acquainted with the retail dry goods trade; preference given to man immediately available; salary and commission; state references and experience. Write R. D., Box 20, 125 East 34th St.

SALESMEN.—Manufacturer of a well-known and nationally advertised household commodity has an opening for two first-class specialty salesmen to solicit the retail grocery trade in the metropolitan district, (one with headquarters at New York City, and the other at Newark.) Good salary and bonus. Previous experience in handling the retail grocery trade strictly essential. This is a splendid opportunity for a live one. Applications must state fully previous experience, age, nationality, and salary expectations. W 690 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
Several high-calibre men capable of earning from $5,000 to $10,000 a year on commission basis only to sell high-grade line of cotton goods direct from mill to institutions, hotels, railroads, steamships, laundry supply, &c.; only men of following who can furnish high-class references need apply Wednesday and Thursday A. M. to The Great White Ways, 2,096 7th Av., corner 125th St.

SALESMAN.—High-class man, acquainted with wholesale clothing manufacturers and tailors' trimming trade in Philadelphia and Baltimore, to sell line of cotton goods, cotton linings, and canvasses for a large cotton goods converter; trade already established; must be man of good appearance and engaging personality; this is an exceptional opportunity for the right man; state experience, reference, and expectation regarding salary. Apply S 522 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—MEATS.

Well-known butcher concern requires hustling salesmen to call on hotel, restaurant, and butcher trade; experienced men in the line preferred; wonderful opportunity; salary and commission. L 56 Times.

SALESMEN.—Part or full time; opportunity to make $1,500 to $2,500 yearly selling our new "Triple" Indemnity Policy; nothing like it ever issued; pays $120 monthly for every accident and sickness, $240 monthly benefit, $360 monthly for travel accident; cost only $24 yearly; one-half benefits, $12; great demand for same and easy seller; big commission. Call or write for particulars, Fred J. Schaefer & Co., Managers, 1,123 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMEN by A1 hardware manufacturing concern in Newark, N. J., with world-wide reputation, wants young traveling salesmen, good appearance, good education, willing to learn the line; salary while learning, $100 monthly and expenses; after that salary and liberal commission; opportunity to make good in a big way. Reply, giving full particulars, K 787 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—BUTTON; BY LEADING MANUFACTURER; ONLY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED BUTTON OR TRIMMING SALESMAN WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE CLOAK AND DRESS TRADE NEED APPLY; COMMISSION BASIS; ANSWER GIVING FULL DETAILS. BOX 9A, 1619 ST. JAMES BUILDING.

SALESMEN.
THE NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY
issues A NEW SURETY BOND
against CHECK ALTERATION.
Every CHECK ACCOUNT a PROSPECT.
Commission and renewals.
Fisk, 141 West 36th Street.

SALESMAN wanted; live experienced salesman to represent us in New York City, and one in Boston and New England States, selling STEK-O paste and our other adhesives; salary or commission; give age, experience and references. Clark Paper & Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Bright young man to sell specialized line of colored printing to manufacturers in New York City and vicinity commission basis; weekly salary will be paid while being trained; position worth $4,000 to $5,000. A 410 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Resident buyer wanted by manufacturer specializing capes and suits, better grade merchandise, popular prices; employ no road salesmen; all territories open; opportunity; commission basis. R. H., 119 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.—20 experienced salesmen for high-class new food product on commission basis only; call between 7 and 9 P. M., Wednesday and Thursday. Seacoast Food Corporation. Room 502, 151 West 42d St.

SALESMAN, experienced on men's shirts and collars, to sell in New England States; must have large following; we will give good established trade, commission and drawing account; good opportunity for right man. Goodman Collar Co., 80 Broadway, B'klyn.

SALESMEN.—Three discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines fitted to sell popular $1 war books in office buildings; $5 per day, straight salary. Call before 10 A. M. today, Room 1204, 110 West 40th St.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Services of reliable salesman required to sell high-grade popular-priced stock in an established producing oil company of sound reputation; unusual opportunity; commission basis. A 418 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, city, thorough knowledge iron, steel products required; must have handled South American, Japanese, and Continental export trade; commission with drawing allowance; references and full particulars to S 533 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, covering West at present, with following among domestic buyers, to handle well known brand embroidered pillow cases, scarfs, &c., as side line; commission. K. K., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, covering West at present, with following among domestic buyers, to handle well known brand embroidered pillow cases, scarfs, etc., as side line; commission. K. K., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, automobile, experienced, to sell Fords, Tractors and Republic trucks; a golden opportunity for the right man; drawing account against commission. Jamaica Auto and Supply Co., Bergen Av., Jamaica.

SALESMAN, CLOTHING, EXPERIENCED, WANTED; GOOD SALARY AND PROSPECTS FOR THE RIGHT MAN. MANUFACTURERS OUTLET CLOTHING CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

SALESMAN—BUTTONS.
One who has sold same or kindred line to skirt, coat, and dress place; commission basis. Call 11:30. National Pearl Works, 30 East 23d St.

SALESMAN wanted to handle popular-priced line coats and suits; all territories open; also resident man with offices; salary or commission. Box N. N., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Traveling; must be thoroughly experienced in selling high-grade dolls; this is a splendid opportunity for a $5,000 man; state experience and territory; salary and commission. B 318 Times.

SALESMAN for printing concern wanted; only experienced with established trade need apply; $3,000 to $4,000 per year income; commission. S 100 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced man for popular-priced cloaks and suits; no limited territory; commission basis. Box BK9, 1,619 St. James Building.

SALESMAN, capable of selling wholesale match trade and acting as sales manager; salary and commission; opportunity. W 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN on straight salary, for city and vicinity; one familiar with the retail drug trade preferred; state age and full experiences. A 420 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for ladies' dresses, to call on city and office trade; commission basis. Reliance Incorporated, 234 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced coats and suits, to take side line or travel direct in Penn., N. Y., Ohio, and Va.; commission. X 246 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, photo-engraving, with good trade; salary or commission basis; interest in established concern if desired. R 497 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, on commission, for a new art publication of unique quality and universal interest and educational value. George D. Sproul, 160 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
Broadway and 33d St.,
wish to engage experienced salesmen for
FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.
Exceptional opportunity.
Apply Employment Office, Fifth Floor.

SALESMAN WANTED.
SERVICES OF RELIABLE SALESMAN REQUIRED TO SELL HIGH-GRADE POPULAR-PRICED STOCK IN AN ESTABLISHED PRODUCING OIL COMPANY; SOUND REPUTATION; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY; COMMISSION BASIS. A [illegible] TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SHIPPING CLERK,
EXPERIENCED,
IN DRESS HOUSE,
to take charge of shipping department; state age, experience and salary expected. Address Box 129, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

SHIPPING CLERK experienced in dress and suit house. Friedman, Simon & Co., 44 West 28th St.

SHOE SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY. WILLIAM KAHN, 240 MAIN ST., NEW ROCHELLE.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER. The largest concern of its kind in the world, located in Western New York, [illegible] a young man who knows how to make the best of his opportunities. He will be required to take dictation in both Spanish and English from the Manager of Foreign Sales. Besides this he will be given every opportunity to familiarize himself with the work of the department and eventually become assistant to the Manager of Foreign Sales when properly qualified. Make application in English and also enclose translation of the same in Spanish. State age, experience, nationality, and salary expected in the first letter. Applicants omitting any of the above information will not be considered. X [illegible] Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER

YOUNG MAN AS AN ASSISTANT TO AN EXECUTIVE IN A LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE. EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES. WRITE STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. B 294 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER typewriter and accountant wanted immediately, competent, familiar with hotel and club accounting; position open in the lake district of Florida; perfect climate; best of references required. A 161 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced in electrical contractors' office; state qualifications, references, salary expected. [illegible] 162 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in office of [illegible] er; young man who has a knowledge of bookkeeping. R 493 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, position out of town. [illegible] Strong, 101 West 37th.

STEWARD, competent, for country club within 25 miles New York; must be familiar with refined catering and also with supervision of clubhouse and cottages; furnish references, state age, nationality, and previous experience. L 59 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN.
We are looking for real producers; if you have made a success of selling stock by phone only and can prove your record, we want to meet you and talk business; branch managerships open in one month; we are paying $25 to $50 plus commission; write your record. A 404 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, EXPERIENCED in charging goods to contractors; only one experienced with dress house need apply; state age, experience and salary expected. Box 140, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

STOCK SALESMAN wanted, to sell block of $25,000 treasury stock of N. Y. corporation, backed and managed by men of international reputation; strictly commission basis. Write Salesman, 2,387 Broadway.

STOCK SALESMAN wanted, tire and rubber corporation, with factory in operation, wants several men who can present proposition honestly; must be producers; leads furnished; to a few such, an opportunity is open for immediate connection commission basis. Apply Mr. Beattie, 50 Union Square, Suite 2001.

SUPERINTENDENT automobile inner tube factory, New York district, who thoroughly understands inner tube construction on both straight and curved mandrels, to take charge of manufacture and development work; excellent opportunity for right man; state salary expected and give complete statement of experience and qualifications; replies confidential. A 100 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT for high class apartment house, licensed engineer, thorough mechanic, familiar in operating [illegible] Address, stating experience and references. P 311 Times.

TUTOR desired; have splendid opportunity for a well-educated young man. English and Hebrew scholar; write for appointment. Frank Cohen, 1,660 East New York Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN for highest class office specialty; commission; with drawing account if worthy. Plechner, 42 Broadway.

TELLER.—Wanted experienced paying teller and receiving teller in uptown bank. [illegible] 194 Times.

WATCHMAKER.
Several good watchmakers wanted on fine work; wages $45 to $55 a week; one for [illegible] line and smaller movements, $35 to $40; eight hours a day, half day Saturday, all year round. K 133 Times.

YOUNG MAN familiar with selling and handling of knit goods; one who has had some experience as a stenographer preferred, also capable of handling correspondence and inducing trade to call at show rooms; position requires lots of ambition, ability, and initiative; bright future for man who qualifies; in reply state full particulars as to reference, salary, &c; give telephone number, if any. X 323 Times Annex.

YOUNG MEN.—An old established banking house can use three well-educated young men about 16 to 18 years of age, of good home training; an unusual opportunity to learn the investment bond business and splendid future for the right boys; we wish especially to get in touch with parents who believe their sons can be developed for executive positions and who want to be assured of highest type of training. Write giving full details to Mr. Klee, Secretary, S. W. STRAUS & CO., 150 BROADWAY, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN of good family with knowledge of bookkeeping, good penman and figurer, for office of prominent manufacturing concern; to one who is wide-awake, intelligent, and ambitious unusual opportunity for advancement; highest references required; state full particulars as to age, salary, experience, &c. Address M. T., [illegible] Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, office assistant, must be experienced in cloak and suit line and accurate at figures; also knowledge of typewriting. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN who has had not less than two years' training selling goods at retail and has a high school education; must be of good appearance and a worker; state experience and salary. B 319 Times.

YOUNG MAN, who can run Remington typewriter and make himself useful in office of factory; state age, reference and salary expected. Box 250 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced solicitor for architectural work, also wood and metal specialties, capable to assist manager. Apply [illegible] Butler St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN wanted by wholesale plumbing supply house as quotation clerk; must be experienced; rapid advancement. B [illegible] Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Cashier, typist, assistant bookkeeper, wholesale butter and egg house; bond required; state qualifications, salary. K 123 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18 years, for clerical work in large wholesale house; good chance advancement. K R., 205 Times.

YOUNG MAN, over 16, for shipping room; all around helper. S 518 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ENGLISH taught by cultured American young woman, with knowledge of Spanish, French; graduate Boston University; improved method insures results. Room [illegible] 500 5th Av., 42d St., Murray Hill [illegible].

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin [illegible] which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin. Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

STUDY shorthand; small classes; free trial lesson. Y. M. H. A., Lexington Av., 92d St.

MOVING-PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.
Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 91. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Efficiency Expert for executive office mfg. plant, attractive salary; Clerks-Bookkeepers, (3,) thorough knowledge trial balance and profit and loss statements, attractive salary. Alliance Exchange, 29 Liberty.

FIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 71 BROADWAY.
Security cage men, $30. Men, cotton and grain experience, age 22, $25. Many others. Register free.

STATISTICIAN, cashier, insurance experience. Pharmacist, graduate; Accountants, Bookkeepers, others. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

ALCO seven-passenger touring, new tires, slip covers; just overhauled, repainted; every possible extra and equipment; must be seen to be appreciated; owned by estate. G 773 Times Downtown.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1918 Limousine.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

AUTO BARGAINS. ON EXHIBITION.
CADILLAC collapsible Landaulet, 1917.
CADILLAC convertible Sedan, 1917.
CADILLAC Victoria coupe, 1917.
CADILLAC Roadster, 1917.
CADILLAC 7-passenger, 1917 and 1916.
PACKARD Chummy Roadster, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD Touring, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD 2-35, Landaulet, 1917.
PIERCE 6-48, Limousine, 1917.
PIERCE 6-48, Touring, 1916.
LOCO. 6-38, Landaulet, 1915.
LANCIA 35, Special Roadster, 1916.
LANCIA Streamline Touring, 1916.
BIDDLE new Roadster, 1918.
ISOTTA, Special Touring, 1915.
LANCIA, late Town Car.
SIMPLEX, late Special Speedster.
FIAT, '16, Special Roadster.
DE DION, small Town Car.
RENAULT, '18, collapsible Landaulet.
RENAULT, '16, Limousine.
RUSKAM SCOTT CO., 1,700 Broadway, (63d) 907 Columbus.

[illegible] HODGES.—A brougham and one limousine landaulet, cost $3,000 each; take $500 [illegible] 1,700 Broadway.

AUCTION SALE. AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES. $10,000.00 STOCK, TIRES, TUBES, MAGNETOS, ROBES AND TRUCK TIRES, WALL CASES FIXTURES, &C. SALE AT 1,687 BROADWAY, FRIDAY, JAN. 24, 10:30 A. M. E. SCHIELDS, AUCTIONEER.

[illegible] limousine, newly painted and upholstered, fit any car; price reasonable. Boyd, 415 West 55th St.

BUICK COUPELET. 1917 Little six; excellent. Federal Warehouse, 250 West 54th.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1917 Little-6 touring, $800. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918 touring E45, practically brand-new; sacrifice $1,150. Phone 422 Main.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK roadster, 1918, six-cylinder. See Al, 221 West 54th. Clemons's car.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrows, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLACS.
The man who wants to enjoy the advantages of CADILLAC ownership, and prefers not to invest the amount which a new CADILLAC requires, can gratify his desire in one of our used CADILLACS which has been overhauled and repainted.
1918 Model 57, 5-pass. Touring.
1918 Model 57, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 7 pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 5 pass. Touring.
1915 Model 51, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Limousine.
1917 Model 55, Landaulet Brougham, new body; exceptional car.
1915 Model 51 Roadster.
NEWARK BRANCH, Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co., 536 Broad St., Newark. Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; new cord tires; many extras; excellent condition; rare opportunity. COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 West 56th St., Fourth Floor.

CADILLAC sedan, 1915, been in storage two years, is in excellent mechanical condition; can be seen at Willett's Garage, 15 East 1st St., New York City. Doctor's car.

CADILLAC 1916-1917 four-passenger sport. PIERCE-ARROW 1918 landaulet, 38 H. P. PACKARD 1915 limousine, 8-35. F. Tiner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan; absolutely perfect condition; make offer. Telephone owner, [illegible] Rector.

CADILLAC 1918, also 1917 sedan, 1917 tourings, bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC suburban Sedan, 1916; must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition; slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC brougham, wire wheels, mechanically perfect; sacrifice. Ryan, Lincoln Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 sedan, new, mechanically perfect; bargain. S 556 Times Downtown.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,775 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHANDLER DISPATCH 1918; only used five months; perfect condition, all extras; will trade smaller car. C. W. Lowa, 197 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

CHEVROLET 1916 model, 5-pass. enclosed body, [illegible] tires, extra equipment, excellent condition throughout, $425. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway.

COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 WEST 56TH ST., FOURTH FLOOR. Cole Sedans, tourings and chummy roadsters.

CRANE SIMPLEX, latest model, Sedan body, never run. 5902 Schuyler.

DETROIT electric, 1918 model; new battery; car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,500, ask to see C's car at Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West.

EASY WAY TO SELL YOUR CAR.—Van Tassell & Kearney's sales ring, 126-128 East 13th St., has long been esteemed a clearing house for the sale and purchase of second hand automobiles by auction; least troublesome and quickest medium for both seller and buyer; more prospective buyers than cars as a rule, so enter yours now; auction of autos every Tuesday and Friday at noon. Telephone Stuyvesant 583.

GUARANTEED EXCHANGE LOCOMOBILES AND OTHER MAKES.
1918 ?-2 Locomobile 7-Pass. Tour.
1917 Locomobile "48" 4-Pass.
1916 Locomobile Landaulet.
1917 Willys-Knight Spec. Limo.
1917 ?-35 Packard Touring.
1915 Winton 7-Pass. Touring.
Inquire of G. M. Brock,
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA, 61st St., West of B'way, N. Y. C.

GUARANTEED EXCHANGE LOCOMOBILES AND OTHER MAKES.
1918 ?-2 Locomobile 7-Pass. Tour.
1917 Locomobile "48" 4-Pass.
1918 Locomobile Landaulet.
1917 Willys-Knights Spec. Limo.
1917 ?-35 Packard Touring.
1915 Winton 7-Pass. Touring.
Inquire of G. M. Brock,
LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA, 61st St., West of B'way, N. Y. C.

HUDSON "Special" suburban Sedan; almost new, wire wheels, blue velvet upholstery, extras. COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 West 56th St., Fourth Floor.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET. HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916. WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 sedan, 1918 touring, 1917 speedster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

HUDSON 1918 4-passenger speedster; must sell quickly; need cash. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON Super-six speedster, 1917, almost new; new cord tires. K 149 Times.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; wonderful condition. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

KISSEL Sedan car, 1917, 12-cylinder, mechanically perfect, A1 condition; not a dollar to be spent on this car. Bayley, 1,655 Broadway.

KNOX.—Beautiful limousine-landaulet, wire wheels, starter; cost over $7,000; first cash offer of $1,000 accepted. 1,930 Broadway.

LATEST MODEL SEDAN.
'19 series Studebaker light six, 4-door sedan; practically brand new; beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., second floor. See Mr. Christie.

LOBELL ABORN CO., SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1918 PACKARD Tr., used 2,800 miles.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO., 230 West 56th St., one door west of Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE, 38, beautiful town car, almost new, used five months; reasonable. Cukor, 200 West 86th St. Schuyler 5200.

MARMON closed car, 1917; mileage 6,000. Mrs. Bushey, 220 W. 70th. Col. 6882.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES. Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

MERCER Raceabout, 22-72; condition guaranteed; must sell. Slocum, 5910 Schuyler.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 Sedan; attractive bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, Little-6 touring. Mr. Underhill, 5902 Schuyler.

OVERLAND Country Club, almost new, five wire wheels; two Goodyear cord, two Pennsylvania Vacuum Cup, one Ajax tire, all practically new, and one good Firestone tire; spot light, slip cover, tools, etc.; everything guaranteed in first class condition; any demonstration given; lowest price $700. Stern, 31 East 27th St.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND, late model, perfect order; overhauled and painted; many extras. Garage, 182 East 64th St.

PACKARD PHAETON, 1918.
Model 8-25, 5-passenger, driven less than 4,000 miles; equipped with Goodyear cord tires, bumper, mirrorscope; has been repainted and is in good mechanical condition. Newark Branch, Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co., 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. 3240 Mulberry.

PACKARD.—Credit of $600 on new Packard transferred for $300. E. A. Stout, 600 West 118th St.

PACKARD 1918 touring, used 2,800 miles; almost new. Lobell Aborn, 230 West 56th.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN. Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW Sedan in beautiful condition throughout, rebuilt and in perfect mechanical order, self-starter, electric lights; a sacrifice at $2,175. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway, at 56th St., second floor.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 61st St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

REMARKABLE CLEARANCE SALE. OFFERING SOME OF THE BEST BARGAINS OF THE YEAR.
STUDEBAKER 1917, Springfield Sedan; good condition; tires and paint; extra shoe, brown whipcord upholstery like new; exceptional bargain.
SERIES 1918, 6-cylinder 5-passenger special body De Luxe model in first-class condition mechanically and otherwise; runs beautifully; painted a dark blue, with natural wood wheels; very sporty and a very exceptional bargain.
STUDEBAKER 1918, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring, in A1 condition; driven very carefully; no reasonable offer refused.
STUDEBAKER 1917, 6-cylinder touring, in fine condition throughout, offerd at a price that will surely interest you.
STUDEBAKER, late model, 5-passenger, in good condition and at a big sacrifice.
STUDEBAKER, small touring, in beautiful condition; recently repainted a dark maroon with gold stripes; very fine running condition; good tires; don't overlook this fine value.
DODGE 1918, with Winter top; very low priced.
STUDEBAKER DISTRIBUTER, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

REO 1917 touring 4-cylinder, extra shoes, &c., $550. 352 East 149th St.

STANLEY sedan, 1917 model, in excellent condition. Phone for appointment, Kenmore 165.

SELECT USED CARS
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE, 150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT. 415 West 55th St. Columbus 7606.

STEARNS Knight raceabout; recently overhauled; electrically equipped; extra tires; very attractive; guaranteed. Silent-Knight Motor Repair Co., 549 West 53d St.

STEARNS, eight cylinder, perfect condition, run 10,000 miles, purchased September, 1916, with Sedan Winter body, also Victoria top for Summer use; owner leaving for France Feb. 1; make offer. R 177 Times.

STEARNS limousine, 4 cylinder. Fleetwood body, 1917. Mr. Best, 9657 Riverside.

STUDEBAKER.—Economical family car; a small '18 "Six" touring equipped with two extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally comfortable car; overhauled and in perfect condition; new model costs $2,144; special today, $785. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway and 56th St., second floor.

STUDEBAKER.—Beautiful '18 model Roadster, used for demonstrating purposes only. New car costs $1,732; you can buy this demonstrator today for $875; car is fully guaranteed as new. Studebaker Corp., Broadway, at 56th St.

STUDEBAKER.—A rare bargain in a closed Winter car; '18; six Tour-Sedan for $825; overhauled, revarnished and in beautiful condition; equipped with new cord tires. Studebaker Corp, at 56th St., second floor.

STUTZ 1917 Speedster, wire wheels; practically new; make cash offer. 1,930 B'way.

STUTZ 1918.—6-passenger touring; condition new. Phone Circle 5682.

WINTON, Model 33, light six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

MACK A. C., 5¼-ton rack, 15-ft body; new Goodrich De Luxe tires all around, $3,750; cost, new, $6,200; Packard Dumper, 5½-ton, worm drive, new type, $3,800; Mack A. B., 2½-ton dumper, 1918, $3,000; Alco, 3½-ton, $750; G. M. C., 5-ton, $900.
GORDON, 132D ST. AND 12TH AV. Seen by appointment. Telephone 3947 Morningside.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Two five-ton trucks, 14 foot and 17 foot bodies; bargains; perfect condition; $3,500 apiece. Garage, 330 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

THREE WHITE ONE-TON TRUCKS, with Brill 12-passenger enclosed pay enter bus bodies. T. C. Smith & Co., 1,531 Cherry St., Philadelphia, Penn.

PIERCE-ARROW dumpers for sale, fine condition. R 174 Times.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. 'Phone 4219-2530 Bryant.

PACKARD for rent by the hour; 6 limousines. Phone Paul, Lenox 2418.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. — 20 REASONS 20. Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. — Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. — Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50. BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A. 1121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

TO ERNEST ASH AND HIS SISTER HENRIETTA, if living, residences unknown, children of Maria Ash, a deceased sister of Malvina Astor, late of the town of Copake, Columbia County, New York.
Notice is hereby given that there is a legacy awaiting each of you, to be applied for within six months after October 5, 1918, the date of the probate of the last will and testament of Malvina Astor, deceased. If no demand is made within such stated time, said legacies are to fall in and form a part of her residuary estate.
Dated, Chatham, N. Y., November 1, 1918.
WILLIAM B. DINEHART,
ADRIAN D. LANGDON,
GEORGE McCLELLAN,
Executors of, &c., of Malvina Astor, deceased, Office and Post Office address, Chatham, Columbia County, New York.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOS WANTED; 1 OR 100. Must have a big number of autos for Southern shipment. ALL MAKES AND TYPES. Not older than 1914. CASH WAITING. Telephone or call, 1,763 Broadway. Telephone Circle 2476.

Wanted, speedster or runabout, Mercer or Stutz preferred; state price, mechanical condition, and where car can be seen. A. Lowinson, 62 West 14th St., New York.

PIERCE-ARROW wanted, 1918 sedan; state price, mileage condition, and size tires. J. H. Ackerman, Woodcliff Lake, N. J.

MOTOR TRUCK wanted, 5-6½-ton rack body, Packard, White, Mack. Capitol Supply Co., 19 West 27th St.

CADILLACS, 1917-1918; closed cars wanted; spot cash waiting. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 6412 Fordham.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

2,000 SQ. FT. OFFICE SPACE; HIGHEST TYPE BUILDING; GRAND CENTRAL SECTION; UNUSUAL LIGHT; POSSESSION 2 OR 3 MONTHS' TIME; UNDER $2 PER SQ. FOOT. TENANT, 132 TIMES.

MANUFACTURING.
A well-equipped, modern plant, capacity 150 men, economically operated under skilled and efficient management, is prepared to submit attractive estimates on manufacturing, tool, die or experimental work. S 694 Times Downtown.

7,500 SQ. FT. IN AUTOMOBILE SECTION. HEAVY FLOOR CAPACITY. EXCELLENT LIGHT; POSSESSION MAY 1; LONG LEASE; FIREPROOF BLDG. AUTO LIFT. A. B. C., 160 TIMES.

Partner wanted, (active or inactive,) in established garage business, one of the finest garages and machine shops in State; good paying proposition; $20,000 in stock and equipment; $5,000 cash required and quick action. B 858 Times Annex.

Restaurant privilege in first-class hotel or apartment house wanted by high-class man, who can produce very satisfactory results; only proposition with high-class refined clientele considered. A 155 Times.

Wanted, good selling article for mail order; also suitable for selling by canvassers to family or business people. Kresh, 945 East 165th St., N. Y.

Department or general store wanted; preferred in Eastern States; must be established business; give all particulars; confidential. Monarch Co., 718 Broadway.

OIL ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES. Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. O 349 Times.

Business space, stores, lofts, buildings, all sizes, localities. Tell me your requirements. Ephraim Buchwald, 113 East 129th St.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Former dress manufacturer would like to negotiate entering into partnership with established dress, waist manufacturer or jobber of dresses; is ready to invest Ten to Fifteen Thousand Dollars. R 140 Times.

Am prepared to take interest in manufacturing or patent undertaking requiring $25,000-$100,000; showing substantial profits; give description or no attention paid. R 159 Times.

Salesman will invest $1,000 and services; would consider suitable position. R 195 Times.

Young man will invest $2,000 and services in prosperous business. H 264 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

INDUSTRIAL.
I desire to obtain financial backing, $50,000 upward, to manufacture a successful mechanical device largely used by prominent steel mills, chemical plants, electric power developments, and tractor manufacturers; existing demand is world wide; business admits of great expansion and unusual profits; will deal only with principal of desired financial responsibility. Address Mechanical Engineer, A 765 Times Downtown.

Restaurant, with established trade, at present doing a business of about $60,000 a year, in large mercantile building in this city, is for rent; this is a splendid opportunity for persons with experience; write, stating your full experience and references. L 57 Times.

Export firm, year established with Siberian connections and business on hand, wishes partner, young, honest, experienced American, with capital, $5,000-$10,000; only man ready to develop business need apply; references exchanged. Box K 100 Times.

Half interest, good paying automobile body builders; established 12½ years; active, industrious, sober man, capable of taking charge office; credentials exchanged; $5,000. L 64 Times.

Partner wanted, $3,000, in substantially profitable business; capital fully secured. K 189 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, AN OPERATING COAL PROPERTY PRODUCING HIGH-GRADE LOW-VOLATILE COAL, FOR $250,000, AND WOULD CONSIDER ACCEPTING GOOD BONDS, STOCKS, OR REAL ESTATE IN EXCHANGE. X 326 TIMES ANNEX.

For sale, retail shoe furnishing and hat store for men and boys; established eight years; annual sales, $12,000; inventory, $4,000; reason, death. Box E. E. 814, 1,265 Broadway.

GARAGES.
Manhattan, 75 cars now, $30 each; $3,500. Brooklyn, 70 cars now; long lease; terms. Also Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Jersey; capacity 25-200 cars. Crowe, Times Building.

Well paying beauty booth for sale with fixtures, earning from $5 to $8 daily; selling account of leaving city; sacrifice at $325 cash; theatrical district. B 855 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

A well educated Englishman with large business and selling experience in the United States and Great Britain is shortly returning and is open to become sole representative for a good American specialty house, in Great Britain and Colonies or in the European countries; highest references. R 166 Times.

Sales Executive wants sales agency or branch office on commission basis, preferably one permitting employment small selling force; can finance territory or make investment with manufacturer. Lieutenant Tuttle, 2,465 Broadway.

Business house publishing monthly foreign trade magazine would like to arrange with established advertising agent to take entire charge of sale of advertising space in the publication. A 416 Times Downtown.

Young business man, traveling to England, wishes to represent large manufacturer; thoroughly acquainted with English houses. K 92 Times.

College graduate, two years in exporting, was Lieutenant in France, wishes to return as trade representative. L 60 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SEE US BEFORE SELLING YOUR BUSINESS. Better Business Bureau, 23 W. 31st.

Capital furnished for legitimate enterprises; stocks, bonds sold. Suite 306, 198 B'way.

AGENTS WANTED.

Fifty cents an agate line.

AGENTS make big money selling "We Employ War Veterans" flags to stores, factories, offices; sells at sight; every employer wants one or more; liberal commission. Write at once G. E. Browne, 51 East 42d St., New York.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Complete outfit of fixtures for millinery and waist dept., Circassian wood, in first-class condition. Philipsborn Women's Shop, 15 Division St., city.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

For sale, office and showroom partitions, cutting tables, plant, and other items used in cloak and suit factories. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following to Camp Upton:
CAPTAINS.
Cole, H. S. | Ducat, R.
Simmons, C. O. | Sullivan, D. W.
Ward, A. H.
FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Watkins, W. M. | Verdel, L. F.
Kaplan, M. | Crawford, F. W.
Clark, T. H.

Leonard, Capt. J. B., and Geipt, 1st Lt. M. J., to Camp Logan.
Birge, Maj. R. H., and Danielson, 1st Lt. W. A., to Camp Meade.
King, 1st Lt. E., and Behney, 1st Lt. C. A., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Walter Reed Hosp.
Bradley, Col. A. E., to Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C., sick.
Sharpe, Lt. Col. H. H., to Camp Lewis.
Paton, Maj. S., will report to Surg. Gen.
Hall, Maj. J. N., to Camp Travis, in Hosp. No. 15, at Corpus Christi, Hosp. No. 1, at Ft. Sam Houston, then to Camp Logan.
Parker, Capt. G. H.; Robertson, Capt. G. A.; Russell, Capt. A. B., and Defnet, 1st Lt. W. A., to Garden City, Air Service Depot.
Sturdevant, Maj. L. B.; Crane, Capt. M. C., and Ostrander, 1st Lt. F. R., to Camp Cody.
Stevens, Capt. B. F., to Camp Travis.
Landis, Capt. H. B.; Morrison, Capt. W. R.; Schwendener, Capt. J. E., and Braham, 1st Lt. J. A., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Dodge.
Penrose, 1st Lt. J. B., and Schreiler, 1st Lt. J. B., promoted to be Captains.
Bare, Capt. E. A., to Key West Barracks.
Munly, Capt. W. C., to Ft. McDowell.
Clarke, Capt. G. W., to Ft. Douglas for discharge.
Matheny, Capt. A. R., to Camp Grant.
Krebs, Capt. F. J., to Hosp. No. 23, at Hot Springs, N. C.
Walter, Capt. M. R., to Ft. Wayne.
Stepfield, 1st Lt. R. E., to Hosp. No. 31, at Carlisle, Penn.
Blackshear, Capt. E., and Badt, 1st Lt. M. B., to Camp Jackson.
Cole, 1st Lt. L. H., to Hosp. No. 36, at Detroit.
Guthrie, 1st Lt. M. B., to Hosp. No. 10, at Boston.
Hance, 1st Lt. B. M., to Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C.
Craig, 1st Lt. C. A., to Letterman Hosp.
Downing, 1st Lt. E. D., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver.
King, 1st Lt. G. A., to Hosp. No. 38, at Eastview, N. Y.
Sager, 1st Lt. M. A., to Hosp. No. 8, at Otisville, N. Y.
Blim, 1st Lt. S. P., to Camp Grant.
Dewey, 1st Lt. L. S., to Vancouver Barracks.
Carmelt, 1st Lt. H. G., to Camp Sevier.
Sherlock, 1st Lt. W. P., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of 18th Div., at Camp Travis.
Capeles, 1st Lt. L. F., to Garden City, sick.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Stewart, Maj. S. T.; Hill, Capt. S. C.; Brand, 1st Lt. C. E.; Cornish, 1st Lt. T. K., and Pratt, 1st Lt. G. S., to Coast Defenses of Portland, Me.
Svarverud, Capt. V., and Winton, 1st Lt. A. V., to Coast Defenses of Boston.
Smith, Maj. H. W.; Miller, Maj. M., and Hilton, Capt. H. H., to Coast Defenses of New Bedford, Mass.
Foster, Capt. V. P.; George, Capt. R., and Raczkiewicz, Capt. J. H., to Coast Defenses of Delaware.
Haggard, Capt. A. L., and Hardey, Capt. B. A., to Coast Defenses of Key West.
Parker, Capt. R. A., to Coast Defenses of Southern N. Y., Ft. Hamilton.
Palmer, Capt. C. B., to Coast Defenses of San Francisco.
Herzer, Capt. C. J., provisional appointment in regular army made permanent.

Quartermaster Corps.

CRAMER, Maj. J. W., to Chicago as asst. to Chief of Const. Div.
Avery, Capt. E., to Washington as asst. to Chief of Const. Div.
Wood, Capt. P. J., will report to Dir. of Purchase, Storage and Traffic at Wash.
Hall, Maj. H. L., to Camp Gordon as off. in charge of const. work.
Rhodes, Maj. E. V., to Hoboken, under dir. of Supt. of Water Transp., N. Y.
Huston, Capt. H. B., to Camp Wheeler as off. in charge of const. work.
Winchester, 1st Lt. L. J., to Camp Johnston, with Field Remount Squadrons.

Infantry.

Weaver, Maj. C. C., and Bresnahan, Capt. M. J., to Camp Shelby with development batt.
Faulkner, Maj. W. D., from 158th Depot Brig. to 48th Inf., at Camp Sevier.
Peyton, Maj. J. W., and Wiener, Capt. J. B., to Mil. Intelligence Div. of Gen. Staff at Wash.
Gerow, Maj. L. S., to Washington in Purchase, Stge., and Traffic Div.
Thompson, Maj. F. H., to Boston, re students army training corps affairs.
Harrison, Capt. G. M., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Fleet, Capt. G. T., 26th, will report to Cmdg. Gen. of Hoboken.
In[illegible] Capt. E. G., 9th, to Hosp. No. 26 at [illegible] Moines, sick.
Riley, [illegible] Lt. J. J., 101st, to Hosp. No. 10, at Boston, sick.
Hendrick, 1st Lt. R. M., to Camp Lee for discharge.
Cooper, 1st Lt. G. P., 367th, to Camp Dix with 418th Res. Labor Bat.

Engineers.

Mershon, Lt. Col. R. D., will report to Chief of Engs.
Chisholm, Maj. E. N., Jr., will report to Maj. W. R. Burgess of Gen. Staff at Wash.
Gough, Maj. W. J., to Letterman Hosp. for discharge.
Bailey, Capt. T. W., to Wash.
Ford, Capt. W. E., will assume duty as off. in charge of utilities at Camp MacArthur.
Cranston, Capt. H. D., to Manila for discharge.
Shriver, 1st Lt. R. O., to Base Hosp., at Ft. Riley, sick.
Butts, 1st Lt. W. M., to Camp Kearney.
Strong, 1st Lt. F., hon. discharged.

Field Artillery.

Howard, Maj. C. W., to March Field.
Sothern, Capt. R. J., 6th, to Cornell Univ.
Buchenroth, Capt. F., from 51st, and assigned to 48th at Camp Kearny.
Hodson, 1st Lt. H. J., 127th, to Newport News.

Ordnance.

Park, Maj. W. E., to Raritan Arsenal as asst. to cmdg. off. of Supply Depot.
Oberdorfer, Capt. H. D., to New York as asst. to Zone Supply Off.
Brown, Lt. Col. T. F., to Boston, Mass.

Dental Corps.

Aiken, 1st Lt. H. L.; Haskin, 1st Lt. J. R.; Obert, 1st Lt. J. T., and Rice, 1st Lt. G. L., to Ft. Sill.
Clow, 1st Lt. L. F., Jr., and Sedgwick, 1st Lt. W. E., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 39, at Long Beach, N. Y.
Gober, 1st Lt. W. D., to Walter Reed Hosp., Washington, D. C., sick.

Air Service.

Maranville, Maj. C. H., and Beckett, 1st Lt. A. W., to Washington.
O'Connell, Maj. J. J., to Dallas, Texas.
Wright, Capt. W. F., to School of Aeronautics at Austin, Texas.
Harding, 1st Lt. F. E., to Rockwell Field.
Rogers, 1st Lt. G. W., to Speedway, Indianapolis, Ind.

Miscellaneous.

Mudd, Col. S. W., U. S. A., is hon. discharged.
Ackerman, Maj. E. B., U. S. A., to Remount Depot No. 309, at Camp McClellan, as veterinarians.
Lackland, Maj. F. D., Sig. Corps, will assume command at Langley Field.
Rosenblum, Capt. M. M., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Camp Mills, with Commission on Training Camp Activities.
Kleitz, Capt. A., Philippine Scouts, retired from active service.
Bradley, Capt. M., San. Corps, to Wash.
Noble, Capt. G.; Favre, Capt. H. W.; Blanchard, Capt. E. B.; Swanson, 1st Lt. F. J., and Brunig, 1st Lt. W. D., Chem. War. Serv., to Camp Shelby.
Wallach, 1st Lt. C., San. Corps, to Army Med. School.
Eades, 1st Lt. E., Judge Adv., will report to Judge Adv. Gen.
Mather, 1st Lt. J. L., U.S.A., to Walter Reed Hosp. for treatment.

Resignations.

Harrington, 1st Lt. P. B., Inf., temp. Capt.
Cocke, 1st Lt. L. L., Inf., temp. Capt.
Guess, 1st Lt. J. D., Med. Corps.
Robinson, 1st Lt. R., Inf.
Reynolds, 1st Lt. K. G., Inf.
Pontius, 1st Lt. M. H., F.A.

Leaves.

Chamberlaine, Brig. Gen. W., U.S.A., 10 days.
Hathaway, Lt. Col. C. E., Cav., extended 2 months.
Sheridan, Maj. C. L., Inf., extended 2 months.
Gough, Maj. W. J., Engs., 1 month.
Nowakoski, Maj. A. G., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., 14 days.
Connor, Capt. A. M., Inf., extended 10 days.
Young, Capt. W., M.C., 10 days.
Felton, Capt. S. M., Jr., Engs., 2 months.
Allen, Capt. A. A., Coast Art., 35 days.
Purden, Capt. R. L., Inf., 2 months.
Hesler, 1st Lt. F. M., Inf., 14 days.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. Brooklyn Headquarters.
Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day. Telephone Mr. Williams, our rental manager, who will personally select machine. Initial payment applies if purchased.
CORONA SALES CO., Inc.
TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES.
Brooklyn, 531 Fulton St. Telephone 9272-9273 Main.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED, Non-visible, three months, $6. Visible, three months, $7.50 and up. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4728.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted, pneumatic tubing and carriers with blower for seven receiving and seven sending stations. The Printz-Biederman Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Government Sales.

SALE OF ZINC OXIDE. MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 61,000 pounds of U. S. P. Zinc Oxide for immediate delivery now at Long Island City. Bids made on form M. D. 5, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 29, 1919.

The Civil Service.

City.

The eligible list for patrolman is announced. It contains 718 names. Those who obtained a rating of more than 90 are as follows: Anthony S. Burke, 96.25; Frank K. McFarland, 96.25; Joseph P. Dolan, 96.25; Joseph A. Ackermann, 96; William Neumann, 95.25; Leo J. Miller, 95.25; George E. Rudden, 95.10; Harold I. Nelson, 94.75; Clarence J. Brennan, 94.75; George A. Reynolds, 94.75; Charles U. Baeger, 94.75; John R. Ritter, 94.75; Philip Griebe, 94.35; Thomas J. Smyth, 94.25; Jerome J. Butler, 94.25; Raymond A. Aiken, 94; Thomas J. Feeney, 94; Frank Donnelly, 93.75; Arthur J. O'Connell, 93.60; Walter R. Waltword, 93.50; John J. Conway, Jr., 93.50; Thomas F. Murphy, 93.50; George F. Mehr, 93.45; John Beekamp, 93.25; Raymond S. Asaph, 92.85; George P. Hurst, 92.80; John A. Dinneen, 92.60; Stephen Connolly, 92.50; Herman F. Litowitz, 92.45; Michael Regan, 92.35; George M. Myhrberg, 92.10; Patrick J. Meaney, 92; Harold F. Gallagher, 92; Thomas A. McLoughlin, 92; Michael A. Mahoney, 91.85; Joseph B. Mulligan, 91.85; Francis Naughton, 91.75; John P. Young, 91.75; Michael Brown, 91.75; Julius Staiger, 91.60; Frank J. Gentner, 91.60; John Healy, 91.60; John S. Leonard, 91.60; Abraham Fine, 91.45; Bernard J. Pryor, 91.35; Owen T. Rafferty, 91.35; Charles Weiler, 91.25; John J. Tennant, 91.25; John P. Kennedy, 91.20; Angelo Viscardi, 91.20; Edward V. Fitzgerald, 91.15; Walter C. Meyer, 91.10; Joseph J. O'Leary, 91.10; George Vanhove, 91.10; August Schreiber, Jr., 91; George S. Mahony, 91; August H. Wergin, 91; Charles J. Vorbach, 90.85; Pasquale Pinto, 90.85; James F. Stapleton, 90.80; Otto Claus, 90.75; Jeremiah J. Creedon, 90.75; Charles J. Cass, 90.75; Jeremiah J. McCarthy, 90.70; John P. Donoghue, 90.60; Stephen J. Devins, 90.50; James W. Holder, 90.50; Thomas K. O'Brien, 90.50; Michael J. Ward, 90.50; William F. Phillips, 90.45; Edward Mulherin, 90.35; Patrick J. Farley, 90.25; Jerome J. O'Neill, 90.25; Edward J. Farrell, 90.25; Walter S. Cooper, 90.25; Michael Hanrahan, 90.15; Joseph J. Malone, 90.10.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 5 and 6 an examination for assistant curator, for men only. A vacancy in the Department of Geology, National Museum, Washington, D. C., at $1,800 a year, will be filled from this examination. It is desired to obtain men thoroughly conversant with the most recent methods and qualified to undertake independent, original investigation in mineralogy and petrology. Competitors will be examined in crystallographic mineralogy, 20; descriptive mineralogy, 15; petrology, 15; chemistry, 25; education, training, experience, and fitness, 25. An educational training equivalent to that required for a bachelor's degree from a college or university of recognised standing, such training to include courses in mineralogy, petrology and chemistry, is a prerequisite. Applicants will be admitted regardless of their age, but at the request of the department making appointment certification will be made of eligibles who are within reasonable age limits. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

Education Notes.

Sixteen rooms in P. S. 47, the Bronx, occupied by the Evander Childs High School as an annex, will be vacated and assigned as an annex to the Theodore Roosevelt High School.

Public School 159, Manhattan, has been added to the list of community and recreation centres adopted by the Board of Education on Dec. 23, 1918.

John A. McCarthy, formerly a teacher of electric wiring installation in the Murray Hill Vocational School and who was assigned to the office of the Associate Superintendent in charge of vocational activities, has been continued in that assignment until Dec. 31, 1919.

Three teachers, in charge of annexes to the Evander Childs High School, Clayton G. Durfee, Henry Keigwin, and Jessie H. Haley, have had their assignments terminated. Messrs. Durfee and Keigwin and Edward M. Williams have been assigned in charge of annexes to the Theodore Roosevelt and Evander Childs High Schools.

The semi-annual drawing exhibit of the Bay Ridge Evening High School for men and women, Fourth Avenue and Sixty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, will be held from Jan. 29 to Jan. 31, inclusive, between 7:30 and 9:30 P. M. Owing to the consolidation of the South Brooklyn Evening High School for men and the Bay Ridge Evening High School for women, the number of classes in drawing has been augmented, and the exhibit, therefore, will show a greater variety of subjects covered. It will consist of water colors, pen and ink work, cartoons, comic series, posters, wash work, jewelry designing, textile designing, costume designing, commercial designing, and illustrating. There will also be a comprehensive exhibit of mechanical drawings and machine designs executed by the students of the mechanical drawing department. An informal dance will be held on Jan. 31, the last evening of the exhibit.

Dr. John H. Eager will speak on "Early Days of the World War: Places and Faces," at 8 P. M. on Jan. 23 at Evening School 144, Howard and St. Mark's Avenues, Brooklyn.

I. David Cohen, teacher in charge of P. S. 8 and 9, Brooklyn, will be permitted, without loss of pay, to be absent from duty from Feb. 18 to 21 to attend the meeting of the National Vocational Guidance Association in St. Louis, Mo.

Emma S. Johnson, Principal of the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers, will be permitted to be absent from duty from Feb. 24 to March 1, without loss of pay, and her expenses paid by the Board of Education, to attend a conference of city normal schools at a meeting of the Board of Superintendence in Chicago.

Oliver M. Jones, Principal of P. S. 120, Manhattan, will be permitted, without loss of pay, to attend the meeting of the Department of Superintendence from Feb. 24 to March 1 in Chicago.

Memorial services in honor of Frank A. Willard, the late Principal of P. S. 64, Brooklyn, will be held in the school building, Belmont Avenue, and Berriman Street, this evening, at 8 o'clock.

Estates Appraised.

EDWARDS, MARIA J., (Aug. 2, 1918.) Total estate $146,946. Assets, real estate, $5,750; cash, $4,111; personal, $137,085. The beneficiaries are her sister, Henrietta J. Fernandez of 137 West Twelfth Street, $46,507; niece, Sarah E. Parker of Chappaqua, N. Y., $23,253. Six nephews and nieces receive $11,626 each.

MEEKS, SARAH A., (April 5, 1918.) Total estate $37,983. Assets, cash, $3,146; personal, $29,976; stocks and bonds, $4,811. Her sons, Everett V., 701 Madison Avenue; Harold A., and Arthur D. Meeks of Meriden, Conn., receive $9,641 each.

WILCOX, AGNES H., (April 23, 1918.) Total estate, $33,297. Assets, real estate, $25,000; cash, $3,479; stocks and bonds, $5,918. Beneficiaries, Cleremont H. Wilcox, 52 Broadway, life estate in all.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSAL FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Norfolk, Va.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, February 21, 1919, and then opened, for dredging anchorage and 40-foot channel, and constructing bulkhead. Further information on application.

BUSINESS READING.

The Annalist this week presents articles on the following subjects: Public Utility Control Through Thrift Dollars, Increase of Railroad Stockholders, Pegged Wheat Complicates Peace-Time Adjustments, Commodity Regulation in Light of Rail and Utilities Cases, Government Regulation Has Excited a Downward Pressure, and "Resumption" Not "Reconstruction" America's Watchword. Published by The New York Times Company, 10 cents on news stands—$4 a year by mail.—Advt.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Air pressure continues high east of the Mississippi River, and it is high and rising over the plains States, the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions. A belt of low pressure covers the Mississippi Valley, and has a fairly well defined storm centre at its southern extremity over the Rio Grande Valley.

Unseasonably warm weather prevails in practically all parts of the country. During the last twenty-four hours there were rains in Eastern Texas, Southern Louisiana, and the Pacific States, and rains and snows in the Western plateau and Northern Rocky Mountain regions.

Fair weather was general elsewhere, but with a widespread cover of clouds over the great central valleys and the region of the Great Lakes.

The weather will be generally fair and mild Wednesday and Thursday throughout the Atlantic States, the Upper Ohio Valley, and the Lower Lake region. In the Upper Lake region, the Lower Ohio, and Lower Mississippi Valleys the weather will be unsettled Wednesday and Thursday, with probably rain and lower temperature on Thursday.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate southeast and south; Middle Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate east and southeast; South Atlantic Coast, gentle variable, but mostly east.

FORECAST, TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, cloudy; mild temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, cloudy, probably becoming unsettled by Thursday night.

Western New York—Fair Wednesday, becoming unsettled Thursday; mild temperature.

Northern New England—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, cloudy.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	8	37	4 P. M.	29	43
6 A. M.	10	37	6 P. M.	24	43
9 A. M.	12	38	9 P. M.	20	41
12 M.	21	44	11 P. M.	18	41

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 18; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 35; at 8 P. M. it was 41. Maximum temperature, 46 degrees at 11:15 A. M.; minimum, 34 degrees at 8:15 A. M. Humidity, 80 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 79 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.14 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.21 inches.

Fire Record.

Time and place	Loss.
A.M.	
10:00—91 East Broadway; Feldman & Silverman	Slight
11:15—319 E. 60 St.; A. Cohen	Not given
11:20—249 2d St.; I. Seller	Not given
11:55—451 E. 172 St.; S. Greissler	Slight
P.M.	
2:10—138 W. 14 St.; Garf. Washburn & Dunn	Slight
2:15—Bronx River and Arlington Av.; (auto.) W. Eidelberg	Slight
3:25—2,109 Daly Av.; H. Weinrib	Slight
4:30—926 Columbus Av.; not given	Slight
4:40—128 Maiden Lane; Petroleum Products Co.	Slight
4:40—65 James St.; Catherina Rossi	Slight
5:20—162 E. 111 St.; not given	Slight
5:50—570 9 Av.; not given	Slight
6:40—3,537 3 Av.; not given	Slight
7:20—67 5 Av.; Abraham Cohen	$1,000
8:20—408 Audubon Av.; Rose Liebowitz	$25
11:00—176 Av. B.; Samuel Spain	Slight

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol—Edmund Mahoney, Traffic Div. Sub. A, from 2:30 P. M., Jan. 7, during disability; G. J. Doerr, Traffic Div., Motorcycle Squad No. 2, from 1:30 P. M., Jan. 10, during disability.

Fire Department.

Detail to attend funeral of Ununiformed Fireman J. G. Schmitt, Eng. 44, from his late residence, 29 Caldwell Av., Maspeth, L. I., at 2 P. M. Wednesday, Jan. 22. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery: A detail of 30 men, (6 as pallbearers,) consisting of 2 men each from the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 33d, 34th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 44th, 46th, 49th, and 50th Battalions, under the command of Lieut. M. J. Stephens, Eng. 22, together with the members of Eng. 44, who will follow the hearse as mourners, will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of Eng. 288, Fisk Av., north of Grand St., at 1:30 P. M., proceed to residence, and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 10th Battalion will detail an officer, engineer of steamer, and one man, and the Chiefs of the 8th, 11th, and 12th Battalions two men each to report at the quarters of Eng. 44 at 11:30 A. M. for duty during the absence of that company. It is requested that members of the department on leaves of absence, and those who may be excused from duty for that purpose, be present at the funeral, (white gloves to be worn.) The members of the Department Band will report to Fireman A. J. Muir at the quarters of Eng. 288 at 1:15 P. M., who, in turn, will report to the officer in command of the funeral detail for instructions.

Detail to attend funeral of Fireman 1st Grade G. J. Scanlan, Eng. 44, from his late residence, 2,511 Madison St., Ridgewood, L. I., at 10 A. M., on Thursday, Jan. 23. Interment at Holy Cross Cemetery. A detail of thirty men, (six as pallbearers,) consisting of two men each from the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 33d, 34th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 44th, 46th, 49th, and 50th Battalions, under the command of Lieut. J. M. Roche, Eng. 275, together with the members of Eng. 44, who will follow the hearse as mourners, will report, in full uniform, at the Fresh Pond Station, on Myrtle Avenue Elevated Line, at 9:15 A. M., proceed to residence, thence to the Church of St. Matthias, Catalpa and Woodward Avs., and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 10th Battalion will detail an officer, engineer of steamer and one man, and the Chiefs of the 8th, 11th, and 12th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of Engine Co. 44, at 7:30 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company. It is requested that members of the department on leaves of absence, and those who may be excused from duty for that purpose, be present at the funeral. (white gloves to be worn.) The members of the department band will report to Fireman A. J. Muir at the Fresh Pond Station, Myrtle Avenue Elevated Line, at 9:15 A. M., who, in turn, will report to the officer in command of the funeral detail for instructions.

Special Leave of Absence—Engineer of Steamer G. A. Melledy, Eng. 231, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Jan. 22.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.:
Whereas, the partnership heretofore existing under the name of F. P. Garrettson & Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent of the partners, and had transacted business in the City of New York for not less than three years prior to such dissolution, and
Whereas, the business thereof was conducted and said partnership name used by the undersigned, Henry Wilkinson Lyall and Frederick Prime Garrettson, up to the time of said dissolution on December 31, 1918, and
Whereas, the undersigned, said Henry Wilkinson Lyall, intends to deal under said name of F. P. Garrettson & Co. on and after the first day of January, 1919,
Now, Therefore, I Henry Wilkinson Lyall, whose place of residence is Jamaica, Borough of Queens, City and State of New York, do hereby certify pursuant to Article III. of the Partnership Law of the State of New York, that I am the person intending to deal under said name of "F. P. Garrettson & Co." on and after January 1, 1919, and that my principal place of business will be in the City and County and State of New York.
Dated, New York, December 31st, 1918.
HENRY WILKINSON LYALL.
STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.:
On this 31st day of December, 1918, before me personally came Henry Wilkinson Lyall, to me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.
[SEAL.] M. GREGG LATIMER, Notary Public, Kings Co., No. 82. Certificate filed in New York Co. No. 218; New York County Register's No. 10168; Commission Expires March 30, 1920.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore doing business under the name of KEAN, TAYLOR & CO. having expired by limitation on the 31st day of December, 1918, the undersigned will continue the business under the same name.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Hamilton F. Kean,	Union Co., New Jersey
Moses Taylor,	Mount Kisco, New York
George E. Barstow, Jr.,	Montclair, New Jersey
Edward J. Duffy,	Montclair, New Jersey
Jerome Hill,	Pittsburgh, Pa.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION of F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.
The firm of F. P. Garrettson & Co. at No. 150 Front Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Henry Wilkinson Lyall will continue the business and will settle all obligations of the old firm, and is authorized to collect all of its accounts.
FREDERICK PRIME GARRETTSON,
HENRY WILKINSON LYALL.
Dated, New York, December 31, 1918.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

(By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

Sun rises......7:15 | Sun sets......5:00

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:42	..	5:50	6:06
Governors Island	6:16	12:21	6:48	7:00
Hell Gate	1:54	2:00	8:50	9:04

Arrived—Tuesday, Jan. 21.

U. S. T. George Washington, Brest, Jan. 13.
U. S. T. De Kalb, Brest, Jan. 6.
SS Giuseppe Verdi, Gibraltar, Jan. 6.
SS Calcutta Maru, Santos, Jan. 1.
SS Prins Willem I., Matanzas, Jan. 16.
SS Absalom, Havana, Jan. 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Manchuria	Brest	Jan. 10
Orizaba	Brest	Jan. 12
Tasmania	Cape Town	Dec. 16
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
Goentoer	Plymouth	Jan. 8
Mercy H. S.	Bordeaux	Jan. 10
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 8
Cretic	Brest	Jan. 8
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 8
General Goethals	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Communipaw	Rouen	Jan. 8
Suriname	La Pallice	Jan. 6
DUE TOMORROW.		
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Calamares	Pauillac	Jan. 12
Vauban	Southampton	Jan. 12
DUE FRIDAY.		
Ice King	St. Nazaire	Jan. 10
Gatesburg	Nantes	Jan. 10
Invincible	London	Jan. 8
Carlsholm	Rotterdam	Jan. 3
DUE SATURDAY.		
Chicago	Bordeaux	Jan. 14
Maui	Bordeaux	Jan. 14
Rochambeau	Bordeaux	Jan. 9
Montserrat	Cadiz	Jan. 9
Communipaw	Brixham	Jan. 10

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Tennyson, Rio Janeiro	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Justin, Para	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Charybdis, Bermuda	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Smaragd, Jamaica	2:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Nieuw Amsterdam, Falmouth	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Juno, Haiti	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Verona, Santa Marta	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Iroquois, S. Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Georgeanna Weems, Guadeloupe	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Charlton Hall, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Niagara, Bordeaux	7:00 A.M.	
Lapland, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Owego, Genoa	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Gullfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saga, Rio Janeiro	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stavangeren, Martinique	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Mangolia, at St. Nazaire, Jan. 17.
SS Armando, at Gibraltar, Jan. 17.
SS Ardgroom, at Pauillac, Jan. 14.
SS Crown of Toledo, at Dunkirk, Jan. 16.

Sailed.

SS Hellig Olav, from Christiania, Jan. 18.
SS New York City, from Bristol, Jan. 10.
SS Absecon, from Nantes, Jan. 17.
SS Tongking, from Copenhagen, Jan. 16.
SS South Gate, from Gibraltar, Jan. 15.
SS Caronia, from Brest, Jan. 17.
SS Ruby, from Algiers, Jan. 17.
SS Minnekahda, from London, Jan. 20.
SS Cabo Cervera, from Malaga, Jan. 17.
SS Aniwa, from Fayal, Jan. 18.
SS Fairmount, from Rotterdam, Jan. 18.
SS Polar Land, from Bordeaux, Jan. 15.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 8:30 A. M. Jan. 23, Nieuw Amsterdam, and at 7 A. M., Jan. 25, SS Lapland.
France and Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Owego.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Goa.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura ....Jan. 30
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura..Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline ....Jan. 31
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Dec. 18; Kobe, Jan. 1, and Yokohama, Jan. 3—which arrived per steamer Fushimi, were dispatched east from Seattle on Jan. 17, and are due in New York today.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Roxbury National Bank of Boston, located at 2418 Washington Street, Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
LOUIS R. HUNTER, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of Queens.—KATHERINE SULSKI, Plaintiff, against JOHN P. DALY and his wife, if any, her name being unknown to the plaintiff; and the widow, devisees and heirs at law of said John P. Daly, if he be deceased, who are unknown to the plaintiff; and the wife, if any, of each of such devisees and heirs at law, and the widow and surviving husband, if any, of such of them as may be deceased, each of whom is unknown to the plaintiff; and the devisees and heirs at law, if any, of such devisees and heirs at law; and the wife, if any, of any of them; and the widow and surviving husband, if any, of any of them who may be deceased, each of whom is unknown to the plaintiff; MARY E. DALY; and JOHN DOE, the tenant or occupant of the premises described in the complaint in this action, who is unknown to the plaintiff, the name John Doe being fictitious.—Defendants.
TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANTS:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated New York, December 18, 1918.
MILTON DAMMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, Number 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
NOTICE—To the widow, if any, of John P. Daly, deceased, and his devisees and heirs at law, if any, and the widow and surviving husband, if any, of such of them as may be deceased, and the devisees and heirs at law, and the wife, if any, of any of them; and the widow and the surviving husband, if any, of any of them who may be deceased. The foregoing summons is served upon you, by publication, pursuant to an order of David F. Manning, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the thirteenth day of January, 1919, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of Queens at Jamaica in the said county.
MILTON DAMMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, Number 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 26,176. Notice is given that WILLIAM KOSTER, Jr., bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition offered to his creditors. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 3, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such composition should not be confirmed.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 25,458. Notice is given that ABRAHAM D. BOGEL, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

STEAMSHIPS.

Ideal 16-day Cruise
From New York to and around this fascinating, tropical island and return, stopping at principal ports.
All Expenses $105.00 and up
You make the steamer your hotel during entire voyage. Shore visits picturesque Spanish life and customs.
Write for sailings.
PORTO RICO LINE
11 Broadway, New York

CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer ....Jan. 27
Caronia ....Jan. 31
Prinses Juliana ....Feb. 5
Saxonia ....Feb. 12
Carmania ....Feb. 17
Royal George ....Feb. 22
Orduna ....Feb. 26
Caronia ....March 3
HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA..........FEB. 1
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia ....Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

Holland-America Line
T. S. S.
New Amsterdam
WILL SAIL FROM
New York to Rotterdam
VIA FALMOUTH
Thursday, January 23
Passengers for England and France Will Be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

ENGLAND
FROM
Newport News, Va.
SS "VICTORIA"....Jan. 25
$150 FIRST CLASS
Pacific Line
(Pacific Steam Navigation Co.)
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts.
26 Broadway - - - New York

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland...Jan. 25 | Adriatic....Feb. 3
Baltic....Feb. 8
And Regularly Thereafter.
NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic..........About Middle of Feb.
HALIFAX—SOUTHAMPTON
Olympic..........Jan. 25
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing January 27, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts. 28 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7800.

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(COMPANIA TRASATLANTICA)
FREQUENT SAILINGS. Direct to Vigo, Coruna, Gijon & Santander; Cadiz & Barcelona; Havana & Vera Cruz.
L. LLANSO, Agt., Pier 8, E. R. Tel. Hanover 216.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South. Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

WARD LINE.—Regular steamship service to Havana; Mexico, including Progreso, Vera Cruz and Tampico; Nassau, Bahamas. Information on request. New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co., foot Wall St., New York.

STEAMBOATS.

Fall River Line
to Boston
Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5 P. M. Music.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH LINE), Str. lvs. Pr. 40, N.R., Houston St., wk. days only, 5:30 P.M. Lv. Pr. 70, E. R., 22d St., 6 P.M.
BRIDGEPORT LINE, Str. lv. Pier 27, E. R., wk. days, 1 P. M. Pr. 70, E. R., 1:15 P.M.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $2.20.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M. Phone Spring 9491.

TOURS.

California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.
398 B'way. 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,528. In Bankruptcy.—HERMAN M. MACKLER, Bankrupt.
Herman M. Mackler was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 16, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on January 31, 1919, at 2:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26,527. —In Bankruptcy.—GEORGE H. TERWILLIGER, Bankrupt.
George H. Terwilliger was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 16, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on January 31, 1919, at 2 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL creditors of THE SUPERIOR FABRIC CO., INC., of 261-267 Lorimer Street, Borough of Brooklyn, to present claims duly verified at the office of Jacob Kaplan, No. 277 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, on or before January 25, 1919, at 2 P. M.

LABOR BOARD HEARS PORT BOAT OWNERS

Counsel Tries to Show That Tides Prevent Operation of Tugs on 8-Hour Basis.

WRANGLING MARKS HEARING

Expect to End Hearings in Time to Report to Full Board in Washington Next Week.

Counsel for the six unions comprising the marine affiliation yesterday finished the presentation of their evidence upon the demands for an eight-hour day and a 25 per cent increase in pay before the sub-committee of the National War Labor Board in session at City Hall. The Red Star Towing and Transportation Company and other boat owners immediately began to read their evidence into the records, and it is expected that the hearings will be completed this week, so that a report may be made to the entire War Labor Board in Washington next week.

Paul Bonynge, counsel for the boat owners, yesterday directed his line of questioning with all his witnesses to prove that the conditions of the tides in the harbor would not permit the operation of the actual eight-hour day because of the necessity of towing all ships and heavy scows when the water in the bay and the rivers was at its height. Part of his time also was spent in eliciting testimony to disprove the charges of profiteering by the boat owners and to show that the expenses of operation had increased more than 100 per cent since the beginning of the war.

Tiff Between Counsel.

A controversy between counsel for the opposing sides upon the demand of the unions that the profit sheets and all the books of the Red Star Company be submitted for inspection became so bitter at the afternoon session that Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the unions, criticised the rulings of Chairman W. L. Hutcheson, who is a member of the labor group on the board. Chairman Hutcheson listened to all Mr. Walsh had to say and then informed him that the committee would direct the hearing of evidence in its own way.

After further prolonged argument Chairman Hutcheson finally informed Mr. Walsh that inasmuch as the committee had already ruled three times that the company could not be forced to bring in its books, argument was futile, and the taking of evidence would have to continue. When counsel for the boat owners then introduced testimony to show that the charges of profiteering made by the union men had been unfounded, Mr. Hutcheson asserted his belief that if the charge were to be refuted he believed that it would be necessary to bring in the profit sheets and other books.

Vice President Smith of the Red Star Line testified that the cost of operating boats had increased from 75 to 100 per cent. since the beginning of the war. Fuel cost $3.15 a ton in 1915, he said, while the present price was $7.06. Rope and other supplies cost three times as much as in 1915, he testified, while the cost of repairs had increased more than 200 per cent. When the value of marine property advanced insurance companies required heavier insurance at higher rates, he said, while the rate of manual or employers' liability insurance had increased from 3.94 per cent. to 7.94 per cent. on the total payroll.

Says Tides Bar Eight-Hour Day.

Fred B. Dalzell, Treasurer of Fred B. Dalzell & Co., said that the insurance rates on ships in some instances had increased 300 per cent. In telling of the operations of the Dalzell tugs in docking ocean liners he said that the price had been increased only from $10 to $12.50 an hour for towing, despite the rise in the cost of materials, and that the cost of docking a large ship was $17.50 to the Government and $25 to private lines. He testified also that the necessity of working ships on high tides in this harbor would not permit the operation of the straight eight-hour day on his single-screw boats. When John Rugge, Jr., President of the Tice Towing Line, Inc., sought to show that the tides in the harbor would not permit the change from a twelve-hour crew to an eight-hour crew in transporting scow flotillas from the Hudson River to Newark Bay, Chairman Hutcheson took up the questioning himself, and finished by saying: "You're some manipulator, all right."

Arthur Knight, who owns a single tug now chartered to the Government, said that he received $125 a day for his boat. He testified that it cost $9,000, and was operated by a crew of twenty men, working in two shifts. The mates received $175 a month, he said, while the engineers received $165 each, and the deckhands and other employes $90 a month. Coal was furnished by the Government, he said, and water cost $10 a month, with heavy costs for other supplies. Replying to questions upon his profits, he said that the "Government had the service of his tug and part of his money every month." James Kennedy of the Kennedy Towing Company, operating six tugs, said that the increase of wages and the eight-hour day "would put him out of business," and he consented to bring all of his books into court.

The hearing will be continued in the Board of Estimate room at City Hall at 9:30 o'clock this morning, and an adjournment then will be taken over Thursday.

Airplane Service for Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, Jan. 21.—Representatives of a British commercial airplane concern are seeking a concession for an aerial route from Pernambuco to a point near Rio de Janeiro. It is intended to extend the system to Buenos Aires later.

35,000 JOIN STRIKE OF DRESS WORKERS

Union Members, Chiefly Young Women, Leave Shops Quietly and Parade in Groups.

MANUFACTURERS SEE MAYOR

Demand for 44-Hour Week and a 15% Wage Increase Is Rejected and No Arbitration Is in Sight.

The great upheaval in the dress and waist industry which had been threatening for several months because of a deadlock between the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association and the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union came yesterday with a general strike of more than 35,000 dress and waist workers, the majority of them young women.

With the busy season at hand, both the members of the association and its independent supporters were faced at 10 o'clock yesterday with shops abandoned by the workers while the latter paraded in groups through Fourth and Fifth Avenues, prepared, said Benjamin Schlesinger, the President of the union, "to wait until the manufacturers come to their senses and agree to arbitrate our demands." The manufacturers' association is composed of 260 members, who represent an annual business of about $100,000,000. The independent firms affected by the strike, it was said, do a yearly business of about one-half this amount.

Union officials asserted last night that the full membership of the union in the dress and waist making trades had joined the strike. It was estimated that about 20,000 union workers for firms in the association quit promptly at the hour set by the union in its strike order, and from 10,000 to 15,000 workers had left the independent shops later in the day. Non-union shops, it was supposed, were not affected by the strike, although union officials pointed out that some sympathetic action might be taken by this minority.

The union seeks a forty-four-hour week for its members to make employment more regular and continuous; an increase of 15 per cent. in wages to meet the cost of living, and permission for a representative to visit the shop once a month to discover whether the standards established by the protocol are being carried out. The protocol under which peace reigned in the industry expired on Dec. 31. The manufacturers assert that two months before the document went out of existence labor leaders had laid plans for a strike.

It was reported yesterday afternoon that B. Marcheso, Labor Manager for the Manufacturers' Association, had declared that the association was ready to arbitrate providing the workers remained at work while the negotiations were going on. Mr. Marcheso later denied this.

"The union has given us no chance to discuss its demands," he said, "nor have we had opportunity to discuss the association's proposals with the union representatives. The union broke off relations with us as far back as October, 1918, while the protocol still had three months to run. The union levied an assessment on all its members for a strike fund. In August, 1918, we gave the strikers an increase in wages with the express stipulation that no increase would be asked for in wages at the time our agreement expired and was due to be taken up again. This was signed by Abraham Baroff, Secretary and Treasurer of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union."

Mayor Hylan held a conference at City Hall yesterday with Morris Weiss, President of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, and Harry A. Gordon, counsel for the association, and other officers. The Mayor will confer with representatives of the union today. Mr. Gordon said the union had greatly exaggerated the number of strikers, he added, as only 12,000 had voted for the strike.

"We explained to the Mayor that the issue in this strike was not a question of wages or a question of hours. The only issue is the doctrine of life tenure of employment which the union is seeking to impose upon us. Comparatively few of the workers have left their machines, while the largest shops in the city will run normally tomorrow.

The general walkout was conducted yesterday in an orderly manner, the police reported. In isolated sections of the city last night a number of arrests were reported and several workers were sent to the workhouse after complaints of disorderly conduct had been made against them. Picketing at all shops where union workers had been employed commenced early yesterday afternoon, young women remaining in the vicinity of the shops.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning, when the strike notices were posted in the various shops in the industry by the Chairmen of the union shop committees, the majority of the workers were ready for the walkout. Many had gone to their work in holiday attire, and when the strike signal was posted they grouped themselves on the streets in the manufacturing district between Fourteenth Street and Thirty-eighth Street, and then when many such groups had been formed they marched to their meeting halls. About 90 per cent. of the workers were women.

"The entire waists and dress industry," said Benjamin Schlesinger, "is completely tied up. The strikers are assembled in twenty-two halls where they will meet until the strike is over."

Three strikers were sentenced to the workhouse for five days by Magistrate Nolan in Harlem Court yesterday after the men had been arrested on the complaint of William Fineman, a dress manufacturer at 2,082 First Avenue, who testified that the men had entered his shop and created a disturbance, charging that they had literally dragged women workers from their machines insisting that they join the strike. The men were Max Bernstein, 37 years old, of 54 East 103d Street; Harry Rabinowitz, 34 years old, of 9 Ludlow Street, and Max Scoller, 28 years old, of 1,561 Fulton Avenue, the Bronx.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—DESCRIPTION OF EARRINGS IN ANSWER TO AD. IN NEW YORK TIMES JAN 14, 1919. LOST NEW YEAR'S EVE, BETWEEN HOTEL RITZ-CARLTON AND HOTEL GOTHAM. PAIR OF EARRINGS, CONSISTING OF PEAR SHAPED DIAMOND IN CENTRE, WITH PEAR SHAPED DIAMOND BAND ON THE OUTSIDE, BOTH SWINGING JOINTLY FROM SMALL MARQUISE SHAPED DIAMOND. PLEASE RETURN TO E M GATTLE & CO., 650 5TH AV

LOST—NEW YORK, NOV. 12, 1918.—CERTIFICATE NO. E 41,639, FOR TWENTY SHARES OF TEXAS CO., IN THE NAME OF LEONARD O'MALLEY, AND CERTIFICATE NO. NYA 57,646, FOR TWENTY-FIVE SHARES N. Y., N. H. & HARTFORD RAILROAD CO., IN THE NAME OF EDWARD T CARVIN. IF FOUND, PLEASE NOTIFY WARDWELL & ADAMS 71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY. TRANSFER HAS BEEN STOPPED, AND ALL PARTIES ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST NEGOTIATING THE SAME.

LOST—Certificate No. 349 for 22 shares of the People's Bank of the City of New York in the name of Olivia H. Lawrence, issued May 16, 1896. If found please notify E. W. D. Brown, 27 Cedar St., New York City. Transfer has been stopped and all parties are cautioned against negotiating the same.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of two suit cases and contents, lost off rear of auto which left Lakewood, N. J., at 6 o'clock Saturday evening and arrived at the Hotel Traymore, Atlantic City, at 8:15 via Tuckerton. Communicate with F. W. Geiger, Hotel Traymore.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York city.

LOST—Lady's black bag, at Red Cross Bird Cage tea rooms, with finder keep money and please return keys, cigarette case, and match box to Welch & Co., 138 Front St., N. Y. City. No questions asked.

LOST.—A suitable reward will be paid for return of circle pin of gold, onyx, and pearls lost in New York, Saturday, Jan. 18. Send communication to P. O. Box 71, Bronxville, N. Y.

LOST—Gold bar pin with centre cluster of diamonds, surrounded by emeralds set in platinum, between Bonwit, Teller Co., or on 5th Av. Kindly return to H. B. Greenlog, Waldorf-Astoria, and receive reward.

LOST—Tuesday afternoon, one gray canteen pocket book, containing keys, small amount of money, on Waverley Place or University Place or Broadway; liberal reward. Mrs. Graham Foster, 210 West 14th.

LOST—In vicinity of 112th and Broadway, lady's gold filled watch, belonging to school teacher; reward for returning. Apartment 9b, 542 West 112th St.

LOST—Diamond pin, about 2-karats, from 104th and Columbus Av.-106th and Central Park West; no questions asked; $50 reward. Telephone Academy 4580, Farley.

LOST—The person who found a genuine silver fox scarf in library at the Waldorf Tuesday, Jan. 21, kindly return to cashier, Waldorf; no questions asked; liberal reward.

LOST—On the 86th St. bus, change purse, containing $10 bill, small change, French money, ring and Yale key; reward. M. Brown, Morningside 6826. Apt. 31.

LOST—Saturday afternoon at Globe Theatre silk umbrella, red stone top. Liberal reward if returned to Voelker, 979 3d Av. Phone Plaza 3039.

LOST—$100 reward for return of platinum and diamond lorgnettes with small diamond hoop attached on Monday, Jan. 20. Return to Columbia Trust Co., 358 5th Av.

LOST—On Canal St. train, 9 A. M., Tuesday, black leather bag, initials "E. F. S.," wearing outfit, sweater, &c.; reward. Rector 2563.

LOST—Blue silk bag, with silver cap, in Town taxi. If found keep money and return bag to Mrs. H. H. Hamilton, 2 W. 67th.

LOST—Black velvet bag, silver top, initials I. K. S., between Riverside-Waldorf Hotel; reward. S. Sauter, Waldorf.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, 32 stones, flexible, lost last week. Finder will be rewarded. Telephone 6232 Schuyler.

LOST—Diamond and platinum bar pin, near 125th and Lenox Av., or 53d St. and 8th Av., liberal reward. Williams, 26 East 43d.

LOST—$250 reward, no questions asked, diamond lavalliere and frog, Jan. 20, Loeb, 438 West 116th St.

LOST—At the Plaza Theatre on Madison Av. Saturday, 6 P. M., Fisher neckpiece. Return to 18 East 52d St. and receive reward.

LOST—Tan-colored legal portfolio; ample reward. H. Crone, 261 Broadway.

LOST—52d and 60th Sts., envelope containing pictures, reward. Telephone Plaza 3420.

LOST—Small tan purse, about $17; reward. Return Simmons, 59 West 65th.

LOST—Scotch collie white and yellow, name "Queeny"; reward. Nowak, 509 W. 121st St.

NO QUESTIONS ASKED return of diamond, pearl platinum bar pin; $100 reward. Charlton & Co., 554 5th Av.

$25 REWARD

for return of silver cigarette case, engraved with two names and date, lost in Madison Av. car Saturday; no questions asked. Udall & Bailey, 574 5th Av.

$100 REWARD for return of purse, lost, Gimbel's waist counter, basement, Jan. 16; no questions. Return Gimbel's, Superintendent.

Found.

FOUND—Lorgnettes. Loser may recover by describing property and paying for this add. Phone Broad 3067, Thomas

8 P. M. Friday

Final release of copy for advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and restaurants, for insertion in the Sunday edition of The New York Times, must be in The Times Building by 8 o'clock Friday evening.

Advertisers and advertising agencies should comply strictly with this rule in order to avoid disappointment. Advertisements under the classifications mentioned released on Saturday cannot be inserted in the Sunday edition.

The circulation of the Sunday edition of The New York Times is 550,000 copies.

The New York Times

ADVERTISEMENT.

ACCOUNTANCY

EVENINGS ONLY.
POST-GRADUATE CLASS COMMENCES FEBRUARY 6, 1919.

For Auditors, Accountants, and Double Entry Bookkeepers. Qualifies for private and public practice and CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT EXAMINATIONS.

Approximate time for completion of course, 10 months. Class personally conducted by

FRANK BROAKER C. P. A. No. 1

Secretary of First Board N. Y. State Examiners of Certified Public Accountants.

BOOKKEEPING

EVENINGS ONLY.
CLASS COMMENCES FEBRUARY 3, 1919.
For Executives, Business Men, Clerks.

Time for completion of course, 3 months. A practical training by the BROAKER METHOD.

No other special limited classes will be formed until October, 1919.

BROAKER ACCOUNTICS CORP'N
Broaker Building, N. E. Cor. 13th St. 63 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Tel. 831 Stuyvesant

Hold Your Liberty Bonds to the Last Trench

They are the best investment in the world. If you must sell, we will purchase them from you for cash, in small or large amounts at market prices. Plus interest less 1%.

Public Investing Co., Inc.,
Chartered 1907. State of N. Y.
154 Nassau St., Room 823. *Hours 9-5.*
17 West 42d St., Room 222-25. *Hours 9-7*

"Turner for Concrete"

Cuticura Soap
IS IDEAL
For the Hands
Soap 25c., Ointment 25 & 50c., Talcum 25c. Sample each mailed free by "Cuticura, Dept. 6B, Boston."

Does $10 or $15 Interest You?

Readjustment of stock
$60 suitings reduced to $50.
$50 & $40 suitings now $35.
$30 & $35 suitings now $25.
Order your suit now
MADE TO YOUR MEASURE
and you save $5, $10, or $15. Over 230 patterns.
ARMY OFFICERS, ATTENTION!
Special Sale 20 oz. whipcord uniforms, $25; 30 oz. overcoats, $25; ready to wear away.

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*Yesterday is done; to-morrow hasn't begun. To-day is here—use it.* Arnheim Axioms

"OKEH" the new **ARROW FORM-FIT COLLAR**
25 CENTS EACH
CLUETT, PEABODY & Co. Inc. Makers

We Will Loan You MORE MONEY
on Your Diamonds and Jewelry than any other loan concern.
ONLY 1½ PER MONTH.
MAX BERNSTEIN
273 West 125th Street

DESKS
OF
Durability and Distinction

If you are contemplating a change in your office appointments, we are in a position to supply your every need, whether it be a simple telephone table or a luxurious mahogany desk.

Quick & McKenna
390 B'way. Tel. Franklin 3709

What Is Clothing Worth?

That depends on so many things.

If a suit or overcoat doesn't please you as to style and fabric—if it fits badly—it isn't worth much to you.

If the fabric is not good and the tailoring is poor it isn't worth much to any one.

For a good many years the name Hart Schaffner & Marx has meant to millions of men—clothes satisfaction—the good wear of all-wool fabrics—the gratification of good style.

That is the kind of clothing that Soldiers, Sailors and civilians can now buy at real reductions—at less than standard values.

Every
Hart Schaffner & Marx Winter Overcoat and Fancy Winter Suit Reduced

$32.50 and $30.00 Suits and Overcoats....	$27.50
$38.00 and $35.00 Suits and Overcoats....	$32.50
$45.00 and $40.00 Suits and Overcoats....	$37.50
$50.00 and $48.00 Suits and Overcoats....	$43.50
$60.00 and $55.00 Suits and Overcoats....	$49.50

The higher grades are reduced in like proportion

No Charge for Alterations

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d
"It's Time to Put On Style"

Alfred Cortot making a record for the Duo-Art Piano

The ART OF ALFRED CORTOT is reproduced faithfully by the DUO-ART PIANO

THE Duo-Art has the power to bring the playing of the great piano-masters into your own home. Bauer, Cortot, Ganz, Grainger, Hofmann, Paderewski; all the leading pianists have made record-rolls for this marvelous instrument which, when playing these rolls, faithfully reproduces every characteristic of their art.

You cannot appreciate the wonders of the Duo-Art's great reproducing feature until you hear it. All piano music is at your command. Light and grand opera selections; sacred, patriotic and popular songs and dances and the wonderful classics in endless variety, are available to you. Every occasion has its suitable music, every hour its resource of the most delightful, inspiring and fascinating pastime.

THE Famous French pianist Alfred Cortot, stands in the very fore-front of the world's great masters of the keyboard. Possessing an incomparable technique, allied with a poetic and romantic nature, Cortot's pianism is marked by a sincerity and an imagery that is unsurpassed.

Cortot plays at Aeolian Hall, this afternoon, January 22.

Hear him play in person and then hear the life-like recordings of his playing on the Duo-Art.

The Duo-Art is also a Pianola—the highest type of player-piano, with advanced improvements for playing any 88-note music rolls.

A perfect piano for hand-playing, the Duo-Art is obtainable in either Grand or Upright. Models in the following superior makes—Steinway, Steck, Stroud or famous Weber.

Duo-Art Recitals are held every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, in the Duo-Art Salon, fourth floor, Aeolian Hall. Comparison recitals are held on Tuesday afternoons.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
Makers of the Aeolian-Vocalion—The Greater Phonograph

In MANHATTAN 29 West 42nd Street
In THE BRONX 367 East 149th Street
In BROOKLYN 11 Flatbush Avenue
In NEWARK 895 Broad Street

"When I looked out of my office="

and saw my stenographer again struggling to open the drawer of an old wooden filing cabinet, I decided then and there to do away with this loss of time and effort."

It was this actual evidence of lost efficiency that impelled this man to replace his old wooden files with Security Steel.

Will you go on waiting or will you accept your own better judgment and invest in steel equipment without further delay?

"801"

"801", the leader of the famous 800 line of Security Steel office files, has enjoyed an unprecedented popularity among exacting office managers the world over.

It is finished in green, mahogany, or oak, in letter, legal and document sizes.

Let us send you File Booklet No. 217A

STEEL EQUIPMENT CORPORATION
25 West 45th Street
New York
Telephone Bryant 6765
Security Steel

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Probably rain today and Friday; cooler Friday; south and east winds.
For weather report see page to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,279. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

FIXED RAILROAD POLICY IS ASKED BY KRUTTSCHNITT

Urges Senators to Establish "One That Does Not Change Every Four Years."

TELLS EXECUTIVES' IDEAS

Their Suggestion Calls for a Cabinet Post and Avoiding Conflicts on Rates.

DENIES LINES BROKE DOWN

Southern Pacific Official Questions Superior Efficiency Claimed for Federal Control.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A national railroad policy "that cannot change every four years" was urged by Julius Kruttschnitt, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific, when he appeared today before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee, which is considering legislation affecting the future of the railroads.

"We are asking you," said Mr. Kruttschnitt, "to do what has never been done before, that is, to adopt a national railroad policy. If you do that the policy cannot change every four years. Recent occurrences have shown that the Interstate Commerce Commission has no hesitation in overruling the acts of an official who has much greater power than the proposed Secretary of Transportation. We are chiefly concerned with the establishment of a definite policy by Congress. Whether it is given effect through a Cabinet officer or through an enlarged and fortified commisseon is still a matter of discussion. Add to that a board for the adjustment of wages, which should be closely tied to the body which controls rates and revenues. We are not, however, held to a hard and fast plan."

Mr. Kruttschnitt declared that the economies which the Railroad Administration has said it has put into effect amounted in all to less than 1 per cent. the car-mile saving by direct freight routing being but 2-10 of 1 per cent. He said that at the time the roads were taken over the actual volume of freight traffic was larger, although the average tonnage per car in 1918 showed a 6.2 per cent. increase over 1917.

Objections to Standardization.

Senator Kellogg of Minnesota asked Mr. Kruttschnitt what he thought about standardization of cars. Alluding to a desire of the Railroad Administration to have the Southern Pacific use box cars of smaller capacity, yet 1000 pounds more weight than the system used, the witness replied:

"Acceptance of those cars would have meant hauling about 4,300 pounds of useless weight for the entire life of the cars. That would have been the same as loading each car with 4,500 pounds of sand before the rest of the load was put in.

"At one time the late Mr. Harriman became obsessed with the idea of standardizing all locomotives on his system and he charged me with the duty of devising a plan whereby this could be done. I opposed it for the same reason that I am opposing it now, namely, that in order to get the most efficient service you must have different types of locomotives to meet the varying conditions of grade, tonnage, fuel, water and character of traffic.

"In this connection, I might say that last year when I was using every effort to get the Railroad Administration to release ten of our locomotives which they wanted to use in the East, I was not able to make any headway until I brought it to their attention that these locomotives were all oil burners, for the fueling of which the eastern roads have no facilities."

Mr. Kruttschnitt told the committee that reductions by the Railroad Administration in train mileage in making economies of $79,665,000 in operating expenses and $6,000,000 in salaries had been effected by reducing service to the public.

The witness asserted that the owners of the rail properties would be able to serve far more efficiently than they have ever been able in the past, if they got the reasonable assistance "that Congress alone can give us."

Profiting by experience acquired under both private and Government operation," he said, "the carriers earnestly desire to provide a better system of operation by combining the initiative and beneficial features of competition inherent in private ownership with the benefits developed during operation by the Government unhampered by legal restrictions."

Denies Service Failed.

In denying that private operation had failed or broken down, Mr. Kruttschnitt declared that the plant provided by private owners "gave service that has never been equaled in the history of transportation, and with legislation permitting practices heretofore prohibited it can and will, by combining the good and eliminating the bad features of both Federal and private operation, give a service better than any that has ever been given in the past."

A press dispatch in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Jan. 1, 1919, credits to the railroad administration an estimate of the operating saving as of 1918 at $5,800,000.

Continued on Page Four.

The Ill-Fated Children of the Czar.
The story of their tragic life is told by one of the Imperial Guard—Illustrated from photographs taken by the children themselves—in the February SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE.—Advt.

Hungarian Peasants Loot Castle of Count Andrassy

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 20, (via Geneva, Jan. 21.)—Depredations are reported on aristocratic country seats in Hungary. Count Julius Andrassy's castle, Tissea Club, has been pillaged by infuriated Bolshevist peasants, who caused enormous loss, spoiling valuable Gobelin tapestries, a Van Dyke picture, and other inestimable art works. Count Andrassy declared that he would never inhabit the castle again.

Yesterday strong monarchist manifestations occurred in Budapest, arranged by Clericals, officers of the former army, and students. Thousands paraded the streets, shouting for the monarchy, cheering for King Charles, and demonstrating against Karolyi. They invaded numerous coffee houses on the boulevards and attacked the Jewish guests, beating and robbing them, and disturbed the audiences in theatres. The crowds finally dispersed.

BIG STRIKE MENACE BEFORE BRITAIN

Engineers, Shipbuilders, and Miners Threaten to Halt Traffic and Industry.

LARGELY AN ISSUE OF HOURS

Great Yorkshire Tieup Possible Over a Matter of Time for Workers to Eat.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Three great British industries, coal mining, engineering, and shipbuilding, are now concerned in the dispute over the interpretation of the new forty-seven-hour week.

Over minor adjustments of working hours London is threatened with a strike in the engineering trades which would paralyze the tramways, electric railways and the electric light supply, causing chaos in many other directions; 200,000 members of twenty-five trade unions, including the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, are directly affected. A union official says the provincial workers would join in.

The issues in themselves are so comparatively small that it is hoped that an amicable settlement will be reached.

The Yorkshire coal fields, where 170,000 men propose to strike tomorrow, seek to enforce a demand for twenty minutes' interval for food during worktime.

Altogether 600,000 work people would be indirectly affected by the strike and be out of work by the end of the week. The situation is causing great alarm in commercial circles in West Riding where there are no reserve stocks of coal and many works would soon be forced to close if no supplies were forthcoming.

There are hopes of an adjustment of the dispute on the northeast coast shipbuilding yards over the interpretation of a forty-seven hour week but the situation is critical. A large number of ships are held up in the repair yards.

The Clyde workers threaten to strike next Monday to enforce a forty-hour week.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Industrial unrest throughout the United Kingdom is on the increase. In addition to the threat of a railway strike, the whole Yorkshire coalfield probably will be idle tomorrow, throwing 150,000 men out of employment, while preparations are being made in Scotland for a general strike for a forty-hour week.

Severe criticism of the "apathy" shown by Premier Lloyd George and the Government toward railway employes was heard at a conference of delegates of the National Union of Railwaymen last night. These delegates represent nearly 200,000 workers and are here for a discussion of the question of working hours, as well as other grievances. It was declared by union officials that unless the Government faced the issues before it with promptness drastic action would be taken by the organization.

BRIBE CHARGE BY BENNET.

Ex-Congressman Accuses Milton J. Trainor of War Department.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Ex-Congressman William S. Bennet of New York charged, before the Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, today, that Milton J. Trainor of Chicago, official of the Real Estate Division of the War Department, attempted to extort $100,000 from George H. Shank of Chicago, who had the contract for building a military hospital on the Speedway in Chicago. Mr. Bennet appeared as attorney for Edward S. Hines, a Chicagoan interested in the contract.

Mr. Bennet said that Trainor approached Shank, stating that he "wanted a commission of $100,000" on the project and that if it was not forthcoming the contract would not be awarded the Shank firm.

Later, Mr. Bennet said, Mr. Hines called upon Secretary Baker, laying before him the alleged attempt to extort the $100,000, but no action, so far as Mr. Bennet knows, was taken against Trainor. The contract for the project was never signed, Mr. Bennet said, the construction firm going ahead with the work under an informal agreement.

McKESSON & ROBBINS
Manufacture and recommend
CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

BERLIN DEPLORES CHOICE OF WEIMAR FOR CONVENTION

Danger of Outbreaks Asserted if Cabinet Is Absent Long at Assembly.

FEAR SHIFT OF CAPITAL

Intention to Change Denied—Aim to Escape the Prussian Spirit.

EBERT WINS 132 SEATS

Coalition with Democrats Would Control—Provisional Government to be Elected.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 21, (via Copenhagen.)—The Government's decision that the National Convention shall be convoked at Weimar, where it will open on Feb. 6 at the former Court Theatre, will meet with the fiercest opposition from the whole Berlin press, except the Socialist wing, while probably all the provincial newspapers, except the Pan German and other reactionary organs, will support it.

In deciding on Weimar, the Government has given way to the pressure of the South German States and Western Prussian provinces, which wish the convention to be removed as far as possible from the influence of the old Prussian spirit. Much the same motive actuated the revolutionaries of 1848 in calling their National Convention at Frankfort-on-the-Main.

The Government has made a public statement, emphasizing that it has no intention of displacing Berlin as the seat of the Central Government, and explaining that the National Convention is not a permanent parliamentary institution, but is merely required to outline the fundamental basis on which the new Germany is to be erected, and to adopt a Constitution, the condensed text of a draft of which was made public today.

Fears New Anarchy in Berlin.

The Tageblatt expresses the fear that if the National Convention is convoked at any other place members of the Government will be absent from Berlin during the whole session, and anarchy may once more lift its head in the capital. The paper ascribes the decision to fear of the Government not being able to protect the convention if held in Berlin.

The first part of this argument is met by the Government's statement that only the first few days of the convention will require the presence of a majority of the People's Commissioners. After that the convention's business, it is set forth, will be largely transacted by committee, which only one People's Commissioner will attend.

As to the Government's fear of Spartacide interference the official statement remains silent. Doubtless there is still much apprehension lest the Spartacides break out again.

Last night they made another attack on the Anhalt Railway station in Königgrazerstrasse, and when chased by troops fled across roofs and disappeared. There was a great deal of shooting again in various districts.

In view of this situation it is difficult to understand Governor Noske's order withdrawing most of the troops from Berlin, leaving only the Reinhardt Regiment and a somewhat doubtful group of marines for the protection of the city.

The National Convention will certainly be much more secure at Weimar, and the smallness of that city will be no impediment, as there are large hotels and other buildings easily made habitable for about 8,000 persons. The Government has appointed a commission, which left for Weimar this morning to provide for all necessary accommodations, including press facilities, telegraph, and railway service.

Measures to Guard East Front.

At a Cabinet meeting this afternoon with General Groener and Foreign Secretary Rantzau participating the removal of Grand Headquarters from Kassel to Kolberg of Konigsberg was considered.

Hindenburg and Groener will direct any military operations found necessary for the protection of the eastern front. Replying to a letter addressed to him by the Magistrate of Danzig praying his aid for the preservation of that old German city and West Prussia as integral parts of Germany, Hindenburg replied:

"Danzig's fate concerns me deeply. Be assured that I will do everything possible to prevent her separation from Germany. I have no knowledge that our enemies have decided against Germany so far as Danzig is con-

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

When you think of Writing think of WRITING.—Advt.

Krupp Plant Put at Work on Parts of Guns for Us

COBLENZ, Jan. 22, (Associated Press.)—The Krupp plant at Essen began working for the United States Government Tuesday. The task undertaken by the Krupps consists of making parts for seventy-two incomplete cannon rejected by the American authorities as part of the war material offered by the Germans under the terms of the armistice.

The German commission which has been in Berlin considering the question of the heavy guns rejected by the American authorities has arrived at Coblenz and reported that eighty cannon have been shipped to the headquarters of the American Army of occupation to replace big guns which failed to meet requirements. With the delivery of the parts for the seventy-two cannon and the arrival of these eighty cannon, the delivery of heavy artillery to the Americans will have been completed, the American allotment calling for 152 heavy guns.

BAKER RELEASES SOME OBJECTORS

Directs That Two Groups, Totaling 113, Be Freed from Fort Leavenworth.

THESE ARE CALLED SINCERE

All in Prison Known as Insincere Objectors to Army Service Must Serve Terms.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Secretary Baker today announced that he had ordered the release of 113 conscientious objectors held at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., the remission of the unexecuted portions of the sentences of the offenders, their "honorable restoration to duty" and their immediate discharge from the army.

In announcing this action Secretary Baker gave out the text of a memorandum which he sent to General March, Chief of Staff, under date of Jan. 16, in part as follows:

"Pursuant to the request made in my memorandum to you of Dec. 9, Judge Mack and Dean Stone have personally examined and reported to me regarding certain of the conscientious objectors now serving court-martial sentences. Group 1 of these men have heretofore been recommended by the Board of Inquiry for furlough, but because of the pressure of other work and the resulting delay in making the plan for farm furlough thoroughly effective throughout the country the men in this group missed the opportunity to apply for and to receive the furlough. Group 2 are men whom the Board of Inquiry now find to be sincere and who in their judgment would have been recommended for furloughs if they had had the opportunity of being examined by the Board of Inquiry before the court-martial proceedings.

"It will be recalled that this device of granting farm or other furloughs to such men as might be adjudged sincere was adopted in order that the country might have the benefit of such labor as they could conscientiously perform, instead of having to pay for their care and subsistence with no corresponding benefit; on the whole its adoption has been justified by experience, and if we were still actively engaged in warfare I should give my attention to the problem of ascertaining whether some plan could not be adopted for insuring the same treatment to these prisoners.

"The signing of the armistice, however, which took place while these cases were under consideration by my military associates, has changed the entire situation, and the War Department has since adopted and announced the policy of returning to civil life at the earliest practicable moment such conscientious objectors as are not serving court-martial sentences. (War Department Circular No. 97.)

"In view of this fact, and believing that essential justice will be rendered by so doing, for reasons stated in the above mentioned memorandum to you, I have decided to exercise the power of clemency intrusted to me by the President.

"I desire that the conscientious objectors, general prisoners, U. S. D. F., Fort Leavenworth, Kan., below enumerated be extended clemency in the form of remission of the unexecuted portions of the sentences of the offenders, honorable restoration to duty, and their immediate discharge from the United States Army.

GROUP 1.

Lillig, C. F.; Hofer, A. A.; Loewen, H.; Heckman, A. E.; Duncan, M. S.; Wingert, A. J.; Hauser, P. I.; Stise, B. W.; Hiebert, D. O.; Hofer, A. A.; Hiesser, E. R.; Craber, C. P.; Pankratz, P. W.; Mater, C. J.; Peters, P. H.; Waldner, P. M.; Metzler, R.; Read, H. M.; Fox, R. E.; Schmidt, D. J.; Hershberger, C.; Barnes, R. L.; Morrow, R. J.; Baltzer, B.; Johnson, H.; Leatherman, N.; Plenert, J. J.; Baergan, G. M.; Hers, M. A.; Schmidt, C. A.

GROUP 2.

Brenaman, J. I.; Cook, J.; Goppart, W.; Richer, M.; Fisher, E. N.; Blough, H. D.; Hochstettler, I.; Neuenachwander, A.; Nuschaum, W.; Myers, J. E.; Houley, E. N.; Miller, O. J.; Miller, P.; Leichty, J. P.; Hostetler, E.; Neuenachunder, O.; Walker, C. H.; Williams, M. T.; Woodworth, M. C.; Miller, H. H.; Hewett, A. L.; Dunbrouski, J.; Maurer,

Continued on Page Two.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
Use Mak. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

"YOUR DREAM for next spring will never come true—" See top of page 7.—Advt.

ALLIES ASK ALL RUSSIAN FACTIONS TO CONFERENCE WITH POWERS FEB. 15; REDS MEET DEFEAT IN NORTH RUSSIA

REDS YIELDING GROUND

Trotzky Said to Have Given Orders Not to Defend Sinovien.

WHOLE REGION IN REVOLT

Army Reported to Have Gone Over to Allies—Evacuation of Petrograd Suggested.

OUR TROOPS REPEL ATTACK

With Russians, Retain Main Positions on Waga River After Fierce Battle.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 22.—The Svenska Dagbladet of Stockholm affirms that Leon Trotzky has telegraphed to Sinovien [this should probably read "has received a telegram from Sinovien"] that the Bolsheviki have been heavily defeated in the north, where the General and his whole army have gone over to the enemy, and that Petrograd probably will have to be evacuated.

A special edition of the Berlingske Tidende says Trotzky has sent the following dispatch to the War Minister at Petrograd:

"Deliver city without fighting." [This probably refers to Sinovien.]

Other advices to those papers say that the peasantry in the region around Petrograd have revolted against the Bolsheviki and blown up the railroad bridges. In the capital itself 60,000 workmen are reported to have gone on strike.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The Bolshevist forces in Northern Russia have suffered a severe defeat, according to advices received by the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen. The dispatch adds that great peasant revolts have been reported from many parts of the country, and that the Bolshevist Commander ordered his troops to surrender the town of Sinoveff without a fight.

REDS SHELLING OUR LINES.

Mobilize Peasants and May Start Big Drive on American Front.

ARCHANGEL, Jan. 21, (Associated Press.)—Bolshevist troops are heavily shelling the farthest south positions of the American and Russian armies at Ust Padenga, on the Waga River, thirty miles south of Shenkursk. They also are showing considerable activity west of Shenkursk on the Tania River. It has been impossible to determine whether the attack will develop on a greater scale. The enemy has mobilized the peasants in the vicinity of Vilsk and apparently is prepared for a general offensive in the Shenkursk sector.

Sunday the enemy, under cover of heavy bombardment, attacked with infantry the American and Russian positions at Ust Padenga. The allied outposts withdrew, but the Bolshevist attack on the main positions was repulsed with heavy losses.

There has been no infantry action since, though there has been a constant rain of shells on the village. The American artillery is vigorously replying. Flying in a temperature of 16 degrees below zero, one American airplane bombed the enemy and secured direct hits on important Bolshevist positions.

The fighting is going on in cold, clear weather, but the temperature is so low that it is difficult for the infantrymen to remain in the open for any length of time.

The Bolsheviki also are shelling the American positions on the Vologda Railway. With the exception of a few days early in January, when the allied forces attempted to improve their positions southward on the Kadish Railroad and on the Onega sector, the offensive on the Archangel front for several months has been in the hands of the Bolsheviki. They are boasting that in the vicinity of Kadish they will "drive the Allies into the White Sea in March."

Along the Murmansk Railway front the Russian and allied troops yesterday raided the village of Rugozerka, fifty miles southeast of Soroka, where they either killed or captured all the Bolshevist garrison. They took 110 rifles and other equipment and numerous documents. The allied forces did not suffer a single casualty.

Want Pope at Peace Conference.

MONTREAL, Que., Jan. 22.—The French Canadian Catholic organ, L'Actione Catholique, urges that the Pope attend the Peace Conference as the only monarch fair to Allies and Teutons alike.

USE SONORA NEEDLES!
Sonora Semi-Permanent Silvered Needles replace steel needles. They play 50 to 100 times. Loud, Medium or Soft grades, 30c. per card of 5.—Advt.

Text of the Supreme Council's Announcement Of Decision As to Allies' Attitude Toward Russia

PARIS, Jan. 22, (Associated Press.)—This official communication was issued by the Supreme Council this afternoon:

The President of the United States, the Prime Ministers, and the Foreign Ministers of the allied and associated Powers and the Japanese representatives met at the Quai D'Orsay between 3 and 5:30 this afternoon and approved the proposal of President Wilson, which reads as follows:

The single object the representatives of the associated powers have had in mind in their discussions of the course they should pursue with regard to Russia has been to help the Russian people, not to hinder them or to interfere in any manner with their right to settle their own affairs in their own way.

They regard the Russian people as their friends, not their enemies, and are willing to help them in any way they are willing to be helped. It is clear to them that the troubles and distrust of the Russian people will steadily increase, hunger and privation of every kind become more and more acute, more and more widespread, and more and more impossible to relieve unless order is restored and normal conditions of labor, trade, and transportation once more created, and they are seeking some way in which to assist the Russian people to establish order.

They recognize the absolute right of the Russian people to direct their own affairs without dictation or direction of any kind from outside. They do not wish to exploit or make use of Russia in any way.

They recognize the revolution without reservation and will in no way and in no circumstances aid or give countenance to any attempt at a counter-revolution.

It is not their wish or purpose to favor or assist any one of the organized groups now contending for the leadership and guidance of Russia as against the others. Their sole and sincere purpose is to do what they can to bring Russia peace and an opportunity to find her way out of her present troubles.

The associated powers are now engaged in the solemn and responsible work of establishing the peace of Europe and of the world, and they are keenly alive to the fact that Europe and the world cannot be at peace if Russia is not. They recognize and accept it as a duty to serve Russia as generously, as unselfishly, as thoughtfully, as ungrudgingly as they would serve any other friend and ally, and they are ready to render this service in the way that is most acceptable to the Russian people.

In this spirit and with this purpose they have taken the following action: They invite every organized group that is now exercising or attempting to exercise political authority or military control anywhere in Siberia, or within the boundaries or European Russia as they stood before the war just concluded, except in Finland, to send representatives, not exceeding three representatives for each group, to Princes' Islands, Sea of Marmora, where they will be met by representatives of the associated powers, provided in the meantime there is a truce of arms amongst the parties invited and that all armed forces anywhere sent or directed against any people or territory [illegible] as they stood before the war, or against any people or territory whose autonomous action is in contemplation in the fourteen articles upon which the present negotiations are based, shall be meanwhile withdrawn and aggressive military actions cease.

These representatives are invited to confer with the representatives of the associated powers in the freest and frankest way, with a view to ascertaining the wishes of all sections of the Russian people and bringing about, if possible, some understanding and agreement by which Russia may work out her own purposes, and happy, co-operative relations be established between her people and the other peoples of the world.

A prompt reply to this invitation is requested. Every facility for the journey of the representatives, including transportation across the Black Sea, will be given by the Allies, and all the parties concerned are expected to give the same facilities. The representatives will be expected at the place appointed by Feb. 15, 1919.

The proposal will be sent tonight by wireless to the interested parties.

The meeting then decided to call a plenary session of the Conference for 3 o'clock on Saturday, Jan. 25, to discuss the subject of the League of Nations on the basis of the proposals made by Mr. Lloyd George, as well as other subjects which were examined this afternoon.

Washington Opinion Divided Over Allied Council's Decision

Senator Hitchcock Calls It a "Most Fortunate Agreement"—Senator Borah Applauds Letting Russia Settle Her Own Affairs—Senator King Deplores Any Dealings with the Bolsheviki.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Senator Hitchcock, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, said tonight on being informed of the decision of the Supreme Peace Council at Versailles:

"It looks like a most fortunate agreement between the powers. It indicates a final agreement over the Russian policy which gives an appreciable hope of a start to solving the Russian problem. Certainly it shows that the powers are faithful to the policy of self-determination for Russia, and it will encourage the better elements in that country in reaching some form of agreement.

"I may say that this agreement upon the Russian policy has been expected for some days. The President was known here to have been working upon it. The result of today's conference comes as an agreeable outcome of his efforts.

"The powers, in taking the attitude they have today, make it clear that they will expect, as representatives at the proposed conference at Princes' Island, those of all political parties in Russia. They will expect representatives of the Soviet as well as the other elements that are striving for the upper hand in Russian affairs.

"The whole thing, as I view it, is an encouraging augury for the ultimate determination of the Russian problem by the Russian people themselves."

Senator Borah of Idaho, a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, said:

"I am thoroughly in favor of the fundamental principles involved in this action today by the Peace Conference, that is to let Russia settle her own affairs. The powers have put themselves on record as against any counter-revolution in Russia, and in doing it have recognized the existing Government. They go further than this, though, in saying they will expect representatives of all organized groups to send representatives to the conference.

"It is a very hopeful, a very encouraging thing. No one can, of course, foretell with any accuracy what the outcome of such a conference will be, but it is the right step. I have maintained, in the Senate that Russia ought to have the right of self-determination of her own affairs, and this action of the pacifist of today leads in that direction. For myself, I must say I am pleased over the news."

Senator King, Democrat, of Utah, said:

"I heartily oppose the decision of the Paris Conference. I approved the attitude taken a few days ago by Foreign Minister Pichon of France. Upon it being reported that England had suggested a similar plan to that adopted by the Paris Conference today—that is, that all factions in Russia, including the Bolsheviki, sent to Paris to submit their claims of recognition—he opposed any such move.

"With the record we have of the perfidy of Lenine and Trotzky, the conclusive proof that they acted as the agents of Germany, and in view of the bloody class warfare that they have carried out, and further, in view of their denunciation of our own nation and of the democratic principles upon which it is founded, and their avowed purposes to destroy it, as well as all other nations, I don't see how the Peace Conference, with honor to itself, or a proper regard to the nations it represents, could have any dealings with the Bolsheviki.

"If President Wilson or others of the American delegates have consented to treat with the Bolsheviki or receive them or accord them recognition, as this Paris dispatch indicated, either as a revolutionary party or a de facto Government, it does not meet with my approval. If the dispatch means that any opposition in Russia to Bolshevism is counterrevolution, then I cannot approve of the statement.

"If the idea to be conveyed by the cabled announcement is that Lenine and Trotzky represent a revolution and a revolutionary government with which we can treat, then it meets with my entire disapprobation. Lenine and Trotzky don't represent any revolution, or any Government. They are outlaws. In my opinion the Peace Conference should recognize the Omsk Government as de facto, and should have no commerce with the Bolsheviki either directly or indirectly."

Little Opposition to Plan.

PARIS, Jan. 22. (Associated Press.)—Led by President Wilson, the Supreme Council of the great powers today moved to unite the factions of distracted Russia and bring them into the Peace Congress. The council unanimously adopted a proposition brought forward by President Wilson, asking all the Russian factions, including the Bolsheviki, to meet the allied and associated Governments at Princes' Islands, in the Sea of Marmora, on Feb. 15, the contending factions meanwhile declaring a truce and suspending all military operations.

The Joint Commission of the associated Governments will be announced as soon as the Russian factions accept the proposal which was communicated to them by wireless tonight. The Russian commission will proceed to the meeting place, probably on a warship, by way of the Black Sea and the Bosporus.

General John J. Pershing, the American Commander in Chief, has been called to Paris, and it is expected that he will be the military member of the American representation of the joint commission.

Aside from the importance of the conclusions reached, it was especially notable as being the first time that the voice of the United States has taken the direction in the concert of European powers on the most serious European question now presented. There was added significance in the fact that an American President in person had taken leadership in the council, made up chiefly of European statesmen, and had pointed a way they had unanimously adopted.

The final result, came after three days of continuous discussion of Russia, which did not crystallize until the final hours, when President Wilson presented in writing the plan he had elaborated. There was little opposition, and this was based mainly on

ALL FIGHTING MUST STOP

Supreme Council Disclaims Wish to Dictate to Russian People.

ADOPT WILSON'S PROGRAM

Invitation to the Conference Is Wirelessed to Soviets and Other Factions.

PLAN MISSION TO POLAND

Will Send to Warsaw Eight Delegates—League Plan Up on Saturday.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.
Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference this afternoon adopted a proposal submitted by President Wilson for bringing order out of the Russian chaos. The essentials of the plan are that representatives of all the Russian and Siberian factions shall meet representatives of the Allies at Princes' Islands in the Sea of Marmora on Feb. 15 and discuss the situation, in the hope of reaching a settlement of Russia's difficulties. As evidence of good faith the Russian factions must [illegible] hostilities prior to the [illegible] conference.

This proposal is the outcome of a week's discussion among the chief delegates of the five great powers. It is a reflection of the plan of Premier Lloyd George that an interallied commission be sent to investigate the Russian situation, but the plan itself appears to be President Wilson's, for to him was given authority to prepare the formula adopted today.

The President's proposal, which was furnished to the press and wirelessed to all the Russian factional governments, gives the most careful assurances that the Allies have no selfish purpose in seeking an ending of the disturbances in Russian territory. The Russian Governments are told that the Allies recognize the absolute right of the Russian people to direct their own affairs "without dictation or direction of any kind from the outside."

It is evident that, while some doubters are not convinced, a considerable opinion exists in the Peace Conference that this is the best solution offered with any hope of success. It is pointed out that the Allies' proposal applies to the Bolsheviki as well as to the factions that oppose them. The assurances contained in the proposal paraphrase sentiments uttered by President Wilson from time to time.

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the world. No invalids, no children under ten.—Advt.

doubts as to whether the proposition would be accepted. In reply it was pointed out that the contending factions were well-nigh at the end of their resources and that their needs likely would lead them at last to a combined appeal to the associated powers.

Besides the definite proposal as given in the official communiqué, the joint commission of the associated powers will lay down four conditions, indispensable in bringing about an adjustment; first, peace at all points; second, removal of all economic barriers, which restrain the free circulation or exchange of food and other commodities between the factional zones and the outside world; third, general elections on a representative basis, and, fourth, some adequate arrangement for the payment of debts.

Even if eventually the proposal is not accepted, members of the Council expressed the view that their proposition was before the world and that it would pave the way for such other measures as their own action had brought about.

The Princes' Islands were chosen for the eventful meeting because they are outside the zone of any of the contending factions. They are also allied headquarters, and are not obnoxious to any of the factions, as would be other points, having better material facilities for the meeting.

Feb. 15 was designated as the time of the meeting, so as to give time for representations to come from the remotest sections of Siberia and other distant localities.

To Send a Mission to Poland.

The Supreme Council took up the Polish question when it assembled. Marshal Foch, the allied Commander in Chief, was present, and was consulted on this subject. The discussion resulted in a decision by the Council to send at once to Poland a mission comprising eight delegates from the United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy, one military and one civil delegate from each of those countries.

The Council then took up again the Russian situation, President Wilson reading his proposal on the subject to the Council.

The official statement on the morning proceedings of the Council read:

"The Supreme Inter-allied War Council met this morning at 11 o'clock at the Ministry for Foreign Affairs. The President of the United States of America and the Prime Ministers and Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the allied and associated powers, as well as Baron Makino and Baron Matsui, the Japanese delegates, considered the Polish question, on which they consulted Marshal Foch. They decided to send at once to Poland a mission composed of two delegates, one civil and the other military, of the United States, the British Empire, France, and Italy.

"The Ministers then resumed the examination of the Russian question, and President Wilson read a proposal which will be discussed this afternoon. The meeting will take place at 3 o'clock."

After the morning session President Wilson went to the headquarters of the American Peace Mission for a conference with the delegates.

When the Supreme Council met for the morning session there were present, in addition to all the members of the council and Marshal Foch, General Weygand, the Marshal's Chief of Staff, and Rear Admiral Hope, Deputy First Sea Lord of the British Admiralty Board. It was assumed from the presence of these military and naval officers that the Russian situation on both the Baltic and the land front was discussed. W. F. Massey, the Premier of New Zealand, was present with the council for a short time.

France favors immediate armed intervention by the Allies in Poland, according to authoritative unofficial information. The French view is said to be that only military assistance can save Poland from being crushed by the Bolsheviki, and that such assistance must be given within the next few weeks. It is contended that the sending of food or munitions to Poland would only strengthen the Bolsheviki, since they would ultimately capture the supplies.

It will be difficult, Le Temps thinks, for the Entente mission to Poland to make its investigation and report to the conference before three weeks.

Russian Suggestions Discarded.

Le Temps says that, with regard to Russia, it is understood that two suggestions were discarded by the conference, the first proposing to hear in Paris representatives of all the Governments in Russia, including that of the Bolsheviki, and the second the sending to Russia of a mission analogous to that to Poland.

According to Le Temps, the Peace Conference has under contemplation the creation of two interallied commissions, one on a league of nations and the other on the compensation Germany must pay for damages done. The newspaper adds that the American plan contemplates the forming of three other commissions, one on territorial questions, the second on overseas territories, and the third on responsibilities.

The Supreme War Council will hold two sessions tomorrow. The full Peace Conference will probably meet Saturday.

Princes' Islands, where the conference with the Russian representatives is to be held, consist of a group of nine small islands in the Sea of Marmora, from ten to fifteen miles southeast of Constantinople. The largest are Prinkipo and Khalki. On the latter are a naval academy and a Greek school of theology. The population of the islands numbers about 10,000, for the most part Greeks, Turks, and Armenians.

RUSSIAN PROBLEM WAS GIVE AND TAKE

Peace Conference Approached the Preliminaries in a Spirit of Compromise.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—The question of Russia still engrosses the attention of the Peace Conference. Premier Lloyd George is reported to have said that the information about Russia comes from fifty different sources and that there had not yet been found a common denominator which would make it possible to appraise the respective values of all these reports.

Incidentally it may be stated on authority that the differences between the British and French viewpoints of Russia are not so extreme as might be inferred from the published statements. M. Pichon's letter, as printed in L'Humanité, was a partial statement severed from the essential context. It is an interesting sidelight on the publicity regulations which are governing the Peace Congress that L'Humanité obtained the document in question from a French civil servant who sought to eke out an inadequate income by hawking about to the press such documentary information as he came across.

As stated a few days ago, the American attitude in regard to the Russian problem was found on examination to approximate fairly closely to the British view, and on their side the French fully realize that it is of dominant importance to arrive at unity of decision. Compromise may be said to be the watchword of the hour so far as the greater powers are concerned, and whatever decisions the representatives of the great associated powers come to will necessarily determine the general policy of the conference.

You have already had an outline of the three policies toward Russia which were advocated in the allied camp, and I need not repeat them in another form. The chief difficulty confronting the allies has been to construct any program of intervention which would be at once limited and effective.

The Russian Committee in Paris, which was at first of a very conservative character, has now been enlarged and liberalized, while at the same time the Polish Committee in Paris has undergone a similar modification parallel with the construction of the Paderewski-Pilsudski Ministry. It will be remembered that a deadlock was foreseen from the circumstance that the Polish Committee in Paris, which claimed to have the fullest support of the Polish elements in the United States, did not see eye to eye with Pilsudski's Government. It is of good augury for other similar differences that some measure of understanding has been reached by the two Polish parties, thanks to Paderewski, whose wholehearted and unselfish patriotism has been the bond of union.

Similarly, in regard to Russia, there has been a considerable modification of the idea that the Russians who were in Paris prepared to represent their country were all reactionaries. The French Socialist papers declaimed against what they called "the policy of émigrés", but it is pointed out that Sazonoff, now a delegate of the Omsk and Koudan Governments, got on extremely well with the last Duma; that Prince Lvoff, who was at the head of the first two Cabinets of the Russian revolution, is liberal in policy, and that Boris Savinkoff, Kerensky's representative, is a Socialist, like Tchaikovsky, the head of the Archangel Government, now on his way here.

The Russian claim that the Russian people should have some representation at the conference was voiced today by one of those above mentioned, as follows:

"Russia must be heard through her only possible representatives—the sooner the better. There are the gravest dangers of misunderstanding. Events have carried us from the extremity where men said Russia had betrayed her allies to the opposite extremity, where men are saying the Allies are betraying Russia.

"We ask, first, for moral recognition and representation; secondly, we ask for economic assistance; thirdly, the constituents of the democratic Governments of Russia ask for help in arms and ammunition. It is only fourthly that we ask for the aid of a small military force, totaling 150,000 volunteers, which could be raised in equal proportions by the Americans, French, and British."

In both British and American quarters there is a good deal of sympathy with this point of view, and further information which the chief delegates of the great powers are obtaining about the Russian situation is likely to bring about a concerted policy.

Map Showing Princes' Islands.

The Princes' Islands (indicated on the above map by an arrow) are nine in number. They lie in the Sea of Marmora, ten to fifteen miles southeast of Constantinople, and near the coast of Asia Minor.

The largest islands are Prinkipo, or "Red Island," and Khalki. On the latter are a naval academy and a Greek school of theology. The beauty of the scenery, similar to that of the Maine coast in Summer, attracts many visitors. The climate is most agreeable. Greeks, Turks, and Armenians, to the number of 10,000, form the population.

LITVINOFF TELLS AIMS OF RED PROPAGANDA

Admits Activity in Germany, but Not in Neutral or Entente Countries.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 21.—Maxim Litvinoff, former Bolshevist Ambassador in London, admitted to The Associated Press today that Bolshevist propaganda had been carried on in Germany, but denied any such activity in neutral or Entente countries.

"This talk of propaganda is rather fantastic and does not conform to facts," he said. "While I represented the Russian Government in England, neither I nor any of my staff engaged in any illegal propaganda. The same applies to Bolshevist diplomats in Scandinavia. Now, when the Entente nations are waging war on Russia and in Russian territory, we feel justified in engaging in propaganda work among the allied troops. Any Government in our place would do the same.

"With the end of hostilities and the withdrawal of these troops, there will be neither opportunity nor desire on our part to make foreign troops or citizens the objects of our propaganda.

"In regard to Germany, we do not deny propaganda work, but prior to the revolution Germany, despite the formal peace, continued to be the greatest danger to the Russian revolution, and our propaganda was an act of self-defense. Even now, the Allies are attempting to make Germany a jumping off ground for attacking Russia, and are using for this purpose even German troops with the connivance of Scheidemann's Government. This is instanced in the Baltic provinces, Lithuania, and Ukraine.

"With the ceasing of the allied war against the Soviet and the resumption of diplomatic intercourse and relations, Germany and Russia will be put on a more formal footing, and then the German Government will have little cause for complaint about propaganda as any other Governments at peace with Russia. Of course we shall continue to express our views through our press and literature, but this will not take the form of a direct appeal to the citizens of other countries, and will be conducted by political parties, not the Government."

M. Litvinoff assured the correspondent that "the Bolsheviki were great friends of the freedom of the press and political liberty, and that the present suppression of all opposition in Russia was due only to the fact that other parties, in a treacherous way, invited foreign troops to invade the country to fight the Bolsheviki. In concluding, he said he was sorry that Paris had been chosen for the Peace Congress, because it was the least suitable place for Soviet representatives to go. He was sure, he said, that it was not President Wilson's fault that the Russian Government, which has now been in power fifteen months, is not represented at the Congress."

RUSSIANS HERE PROTEST.

Object to Admitting Bolshevist Delegates to Peace Conference.

In a statement issued yesterday in the form of an advertisement in the newspapers by the Russian Economic League, founded by Russian business men at present living in New York, regret is expressed over the reported proposal to admit to the Peace Conference as representatives of Russia the agents of the so-called Bolshevist Government. Alexander W. Behr is the acting President of the league, and the Vice Presidents include W. Washkiroff, A. A. Boublikoff, E. Ljubovitch, S. Novosloff, and B. Samolienko.

The statement declares that only through a monstrous misunderstanding could the thought of admitting to the Paris Conference the Bolshevist representatives be entertained. The Bolsheviki were charged with "speculating on the lowest instincts of the population," and of being "the scum of human society."

"The theorists bluff the world with the highness of their ideals, and the practitioners, in the meantime, organize the All-Russian gang of thieves and robbers," the statement said. "The Russian Economic League steadfastly keeps in remembrance the promise of President Wilson to stand by Russia.

"Awaiting how and when this help will take form, the Russian Economic League cannot but loudly give expression to this sentiment—that it could not even imagine that help to Russia could take the form of admitting the theorists of Bolshevism to the world's tribune, from which to preach their corrupting lies, and of allowing the practitioners of Bolshevism a breathing space for the further strengthening of their organization.

"The Russian Economic League considers it its civic duty to the Allies once more to remind them of the handwriting on the wall. Russian Bolshevism is a danger to the civilization of the world."

OPPOSES U. S. IN ARABIA.

Sir Francis Younghusband Attacks Suggestion of American Control.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Sir Francis Younghusband, in a letter to The Morning Post, condemns the proposal, as reported in a Reuter Paris telegram, to form a "great federation of all Arabian States from the Red Sea to the Persian Gulf, free from any Turkish domination and under the protection of the United States." Younghusband says:

"It was we who freed the Arabs. It was by our sacrifice that Turkish domination was broken. By the tenacity of our people, the skill of our Generals, and the valor and endurance of our troops—British, Australian, and Indian—we have won our present position in Mesopotamia, Palestine, and Arabia. Why should the Americans enjoy what we have won? * * *

"The Americans at this very moment are taking steps to construct what in the words of their Secretary of the Navy will be 'incomparably the greatest navy in the world.' If we weakly connive at their occupying such a position at the crucial point of our line of communication with India, Australia, the Malay States, and East Africa—a position which by every right is ours rather than theirs—then we may be perfectly certain that our spirit will slowly decline, and our pre-eminence in world affairs gradually pass from us to them."

New Zealand Wants Two Peace Seats.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—W. F. Massey, Premier of New Zealand, and Sir J. G. Ward, Minister of Finance of New Zealand, arrived in Paris today and expressed disappointment at the decision of the Supreme Council to give the country only one delegate at the peace congress. The New Zealand Ministers represent two different parties in New Zealand politics, and both wish to be present at the conference. They said they would endeavor to have the decision changed so that both could attend the peace sessions.

FRANCIS ASSAILED FOR RUSSIAN POLICY

La Guardia and Miller Charge in House That Envoy Is Incompetent.

SHARP DEFENSE BY CLARK

Speaker Wins Applause by Demanding Return of Our Troops from Russia, France, and Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—David R. Francis, Ambassador to Russia, was charged on the floor of the House, today with inefficiency in the conduct of the affairs of his office. Major La Guardia, a former army aviator who is one of the New York Representatives in Congress, and Clarence Miller of Minnesota, a member of the Foreign Affairs Committee, attacked the Ambassador, criticising particularly his backing of Kerensky. So bitter became the debate, which hinged upon the Diplomatic and Consular bill, that Speaker Clark left his chair and went to the floor to defend Mr. Francis.

"The gentlemen intimate that Francis is afraid," said the Speaker. "Let me tell you something! A man born in Kentucky and raised in Missouri is not afraid of the devil himself!"

During the debate, Speaker Clark brought applause from the House by demanding the immediate return of all troops from Russia, France, Germany, and all Europe.

Mr. La Guardia said Ambassador Francis's reports in no way agreed with those submitted by North Winship, formerly Consul General at Petrograd, nor with those of Lieutenant Commander Crowley, once Naval Attaché in Russia.

"If there is one man in the United States who does not understand and never did understand Russian conditions, it is Mr. Francis," said Mr. La Guardia. "He is hopelessly incompetent. If the Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee will read the reports of Mr. Winship and Commander Crowley, he will get the facts. I hope the committee will compare these reports with those of Mr. Francis.

"If I have a friend in the Chairman knew that our Allies had to call the attention of the State Department to the personal conduct and associations of our Ambassador with a lot of his Teutonic friends.

"Both Winship and Crowley informed our Government that the eastern line would break and we would lose the whole eastern front. Any man could see that. The British and French backed Kornilov, but we backed Kerensky and brought pressure on our allies to do so. After Mr. Winship put in his reports, Ambassador Francis said, 'I don't want this man here.'"

Representative Miller said that Mr. Francis had failed to form the proper associations when he went to Russia, and was therefore unacceptable to the Russian people.

"He not only had a complete lack of understanding of the Russian character," said Mr. Miller, "but completely failed, possibly due to his circumstances, to know what the Russian people were thinking about or what they were willing to do, or could be made to do. He did not put himself in a position where he could acquire this knowledge."

"How did you get it into your head that you knew what would happen over there better than our Ambassador did?" asked Speaker Clark of Miller.

"I never had that in my head," retorted the Representative.

"You talked that way," commented the Speaker, who continued:

"I hold no brief for Ambassador Francis. These gentlemen bring generally nebulous charges against him. What did he do that the representatives of other great powers did not do, or in what did he fail? The truth is that there is not a man on earth that really knows what is going on in Russia. All those Ambassadors over there could do was to take care of Americans as well as they could.

"I suggest to these critics of Mr. Francis that they could be in better business than backscapping the American Ambassador to Russia."

The Speaker's demand that American soldiers be withdrawn from Europe followed his speech defending the Ambassador.

"I am in favor of bringing every American soldier out of Russia," he said, "and I will say also that I am in favor of bringing every American soldier out of Europe. A few weeks ago General du Pont, who made more money out of selling powder for this war than you could stack up in this chamber in dollar bills, said we would have to keep our soldiers there for two years to tear down barbed wire fences and entanglements.

"We did not put up those fences, and, if the Belgians and French do not want them, they will tear them down. Some one else suggests we ought to keep our soldiers there to police Europe. After we kicked the Germans for them, surely they ought to police Europe themselves.

"I am willing for my boy to go there and fight, but I am not willing to have him stay there and interfere with life's work to tear down fences or be a policeman.

"The most sensible thing President Wilson has said since he has been in Europe is what he intimated a week or two ago—that he was going to bring those soldiers there back home."

WILSON CALLS WAR CABINET.

Will Confer with Advisers in Paris on Peace Problems.

PARIS, Jan. 22, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson has decided to resume the sessions of his War Cabinet, his "Wednesday Cabinet," so called because this is the regular meeting day at the White House of the heads of the war boards, military advisers, and members of the Cabinet.

The purpose of the meeting in Paris is for the discussion of economic problems involved in the armistice and the peace negotiations. The meetings will be attended by Bernard Baruch, Herbert C. Hoover, Vance McCormick, and Edward N. Hurley, all of whom have been summoned to Paris by the President, and such other of his diplomatic, political, economic, and military advisers as the President may designate to attend.

Blockade, shipping, food relief for Europe, and the provision of raw materials for the restoration of the devastated regions are among the problems which will come before the meetings, and the Cabinet will probably also give attention to the Russian question.

Plans for co-operation with the Entente Powers in the solution of economic problems are also taking shape. The British Government expects to designate an economic representative to work with the American delegates on this aspect of the peace negotiations. Italy and France will probably follow suit.

The American Peace Commission is depending upon its specialists in international law for the preparation of the American view of important questions raised in the agenda adopted by the Peace Conference Saturday. These are, first, responsibility for the war, and second, the framing of a policy for international co-operation in legislation directed toward the interests of labor.

Wide differences exist at present regarding the first question, particularly as to the responsibility of individuals, rather than of Governments, for the war, and likewise violation of the rules of war by the Central Powers. It is believed to be by no means certain that the American delegates are willing to accept the views of the French legal authorities quoted by Premier Clemenceau respecting the personal responsibility of the former German Emperor and his Generals, in the absence of precedents and until there is a clearer understanding of the limitations within which such a doctrine can be exercised.

There is a possibility that recommendations upon labor will be withheld until opportunity is afforded to study the developments of the Berne labor congress.

WOMEN SEEK PART IN LEAGUE.

Also Asks Condign Punishment of Perpetrators of Atrocities.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—A request that a place be given to women in whatever bodies may be created for putting into effect the idea of a League of Nations is made in a resolution presented to the Peace Conference by an organization of Frenchwomen under the Presidency of Mme. Juliate Adam. This resolution accompanied one passed by the organization in which the demand was made that those responsible for atrocities during the war be punished as criminals, so as to prevent the recurrence of barbarities. The text of this latter resolution reads:

"In violation of the primitive law of humanity, thousands of women and girls, even children, of all social conditions, have been systematically torn from their families and submitted to inhuman tortures and treated as slaves.

"With broken and bleeding hearts, we women of France and the allied countries come before the Peace Congress to ask justice in the name of our martyred sisters. To prevent a recurrence of similar atrocities, we ask that those who have directed them and ordered them may be condemned as criminals."

The other resolution sets forth the work women did during the war and demands that women "claim their place in all future institutions of the League of Nations in legislative and executive branches of government."

CHINA SEEKS A FREE HAND.

Wants Peace Treaty to Free Her from Foreign "Influence."

PARIS, Jan. 22.—Discussing the position of China with regard to the Peace Conference, C. T. Wang, a member of the Chinese delegation, who has been prominent in the South China Government, said to The Associated Press correspondent today that the two portions of China were thoroughly united on the question of foreign policy. The delegation now in Paris, he declared, represents China as an allied nation, independent of other nations, seeking the full restoration of its sovereignty and asking the conference to free it from treaties and agreements which prevent its economic development.

"China's greatest handicap," said Mr. Wang, "is the present system of making loans and letting railway concessions. Under the bane of the 'influence' system forced upon China by outside Powers, it is impossible for China to get money for railway or other extensive developments. Existing contracts and agreements make it possible for the various Powers to prevent China from entering the world's market for the money required. Consequently the great nation is lying dormant through lack of transportation. There are abundant opportunities for all nations to make investments in China if the Peace Conference will remove the barrier in the form of foreign agreements.

"China also confidently expects to have the rights of extra territoriality removed. The delegates realize that the present courts of law in China are not sufficiently modernized to satisfy the demands of such advanced nations as Great Britain and the United States, but they can be improved gradually, just as the Japanese courts were."

Mr. Wang said that China would seek the right to regulate her own customs service, and would ask the restoration of that territory in China formerly held by Germany. The Chinese delegation is hopeful that the peace treaty will result in the opening of all China to equal commercial opportunities for all foreign citizens.

WANTS SWEDISH REPUBLIC.

Socialist Proposes Popular Vote on Form of Government There.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 22.—The National Tidende learns from Stockholm that Wennerstroem, a Socialist, has proposed that the Government bring in a provisional bill for a popular vote of all men and women above 21 years of age to show if the people want a monarchy or a republic. He thinks that the majority would vote for a republic.

According to another Stockholm dispatch, the Social Democrats will propose a bill abolishing compulsory enlistment service for the classes of 1919 and 1920.

BAKER RELEASES SOME OBJECTORS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

C. G.; Schmidt, A.; Dunham, W. A.; Voth, C.; Adams, T. J.; Muzi, E. H.; Little, G. H.; Oliver, W. W.; Tschetter, J. E.; Cook, J. R.; Randolph, E.; Reimer, H. E.; Waltner, E. J.; Blom, B.; Troyes, D. R.; Hershberger, S. M.; Villiard, P. C.; Martens, J. N.; Goertz, A.; Klippenstein, J. M.; Hershberger, E. J. Smith, W. O.; Somers, H.; Stauffer, V. J.; Christophel, A. B.; Hochstetter, O.; Bontrager, A. T.; Leichty, E.; Lantz, H. A.; Metzler, R.; Garber, K. I.; Culp, C. C.; Whitely, P. L.; Soldner, T. H.; McPherson, C. E.; Pound, P. E.; Wuiff, M.; Brandberg, S. S.; McDonald, J. B.; Walker, D. H.; Waters, C. H.; Barkman, J. H.; Faat, H. E.; Barnhart, D. E.; De Rosa, U.; Sampley, A. H.; Dirksen, P. P.; Dirks, I. T.; Neufeld, J. T.; Lemke, B. B.; Clay, C. T.; Proctor, W. D.; Schmidt, J. J.; Witherbee, G.; Reimer, H. F.; Gilliman, R. H.; Huebener, T.; Elstun, G. E.; Hiebert, P.; Mitchner, L. E.

Mr. Baker also gave out the text of the report made to him by Judge Mack and Dean Stone. This says in part:

"The undersigned members of the Board of Inquiry on conscientious objectors pursuant to the request of the Secretary of War, proceeded to the United States Disciplinary Barracks at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, on Jan. 4, 1919, and there personally examined prisoners claiming to be conscientious objectors detained in the Disciplinary Barracks.

"Group 1 includes those men whom the Board of Inquiry has heretofore examined and classified as one, that is to say, men who are found to be conscientious in their objections, both to combatant and non-combatant service in the army. Thereafter these men were placed on trial by court martial and sentenced for terms of imprisonment in disciplinary barracks. They have never had opportunity to apply for the farm furlough in accordance with the recommendations of the Board of Inquiry. The undersigned have examined the court martial records in the case of each of these men, and in the opinion of the undersigned, clemency should be promptly exercised in their cases.

"Group 2 includes those men who claim to be conscientious objectors who were not brought before the Board of Inquiry for examination prior to their court martial conviction and sentence to disciplinary barracks.

"The undersigned having now examined them report that in their opinion these men are conscientious in their objections, both to combatant and non-combatant service in the army and that they would have been so classified by the Board of Inquiry had they been examined by the board. The undersigned have examined the court-martial records in the case of each of these men, and in the opinion of the undersigned, clemency should be promptly exercised in their cases."

The Secretary's action does not affect the status of those conscientious objectors, who, having been examined by the Board of Inquiry, were found to be insincere in their objections. Men included in this class are left to serve the sentences which have been imposed upon them.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS COMES UP SATURDAY

Plenary Session of Peace Conference to Discuss British Plan Then.

CECIL OUTLINES PROGRAM

Not to Involve the Internal Affairs of Any of the Countries Concerned.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The plenary session of the Peace Conference will take up on Saturday, according to official announcement today, the proposal for a league of nations as presented by Great Britain.

Lord Robert Cecil, who has in charge for Great Britain the task of aiding in the formation of a league of nations, said today that he had submitted to the Peace Conference the draft statement of the British views on the subject, which in its broad line did not differ much from the ideas expressed by General Jan C. Smuts, the South African leader.

"It is certain," said Lord Robert, "that public opinion of the world is in favor of a decision that will not only make a world peace real, but ordain that international recognition of a League of Nations is an essential part of modern civilization. It is absolutely impossible to proceed on the old arrangement, everybody pulling for his own side without any regard for the others.

"This, of course, does not mean that the international body shall have anything to do with the internal affairs of the countries concerned, because all sorts of organizations already exist for this purpose, and these will grow in number after the war. The best way to solve all problems of this kind would be the creation not of a Parliament with majorities and minorities, but the creation of some commission comprising representatives of the great nations. Not diplomats, but influential members of each Government, sitting at regular intervals.

"The commission, which would not lay down any rigid rules, but rather would give the greatest publicity to its work, would more likely on all problems reach by compromise or mutual agreement a decision which would prevent a clash in many if not in all instances. No treaties could be passed unless in conformity with the rules of the league.

"Peace would thus be rendered possible, and if mutual sacrifices were made an agreement would be reached without having to throw all the forces of the united nations against one or two who wished to break the commonly arrived at law.

"The question of the admission of Germany to the league will be discussed at length, but it is probable that no settlement will be reached until after the signing of the peace—a peace which probably would not have been broken in 1914 if a league of nations had existed and a conference had taken place."

FRANCE WARMER TO LEAGUE.

But Wilson, by Return to France, Will See Plan Through.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—In some quarters the decision of President Wilson to return to France, which is not yet known generally, is bound to bring statements that he has changed his mind. This view is borne out, in a measure, by the circumstance that when the President came to Paris it was with a rather indefinite idea as to the tardiness of diplomatic procedure. Even when this was realized there remained in the minds of many of those concerned in making peace quickly a feeling that dilatory efforts were being made to prevent an early solution of the problems confronting the allied statesmen.

Since then there has been an improvement in this regard, so that now it is generally accepted that the best thing to do is to formulate a peace agreement with the greatest possible speed and to let the nations of the world return to a normal basis.

But the President, it is evident, does not intend to take any chances on his principles being sidetracked or emasculated on account of his absence, and it is mainly on this account, it is believed, that he has definitely determined to come back for the finish.

One of the most encouraging signs of the success of the plan for the formation of a League of Nations on practical lines is afforded by the knowledge that the interview on Monday between President Wilson and Leon Bourgeois was productive of an agreement on the most important particulars of the formula for the organization of the league. M. Bourgeois is one of the foremost advocates of the league idea, and he has been designated as the French representative on the commission which will draft the plan for adoption by the Peace Conference.

The French Government had shown rather a cold attitude toward the league proposal as President Wilson conceived it—as, for instance, was shown in Clemenceau's recent advocacy in the Chamber of Deputies of a balance of power combination with America, Great Britain, France, and Italy as members, which President Wilson opposed indirectly in his addresses in Manchester and Rome.

But now, judged by what is learned in the best-informed circles as to yesterday's consultation between President Wilson and M. Bourgeois, there seems tangible ground for believing that France is willing to agree to an organization of as many nations as will be practical in its deterrent effects on the disposition of any nation or nations to resort to hostilities.

All circumstances point to the drafting in the near future of a working plan for a league that will combine the features of the formula prepared by Lord Robert Cecil, General Smuts, Leon Bourgeois, and the American delegation under President Wilson's direction.

BETHMANN DEPRECATES RIGOR IN PEACE TERMS

Ex-Chancellor Puts Hope in Wilson's "Exalted Program" for a League of Nations.

BERLIN, Jan. 21, (Associated Press.)—Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg, German Chancellor at the outbreak of the war, has made the following statement to The Associated Press concerning peace questions:

"I am asked what constitutes a peace of justice. I answer gladly. President Wilson has announced an exalted program for the future regulation of international amity and that there shall be an arrangement similar to that which has long been the aim of the policy of all individual States.

"Just as a constitution guarantees to a citizen in the exercise of his fundamental rights as a human being protection against violence, and freedom and integrity of person and property and honor, so the new League of Nations shall assure to all States, great or small, those rights which are consequent upon mutual recognition and respect.

"Only if the peace to be concluded is animated by this spirit can it deserve the name of a peace of justice. If the victor exploits the distressed condition of the conquered, violates his body, compels him to employ his forces of blood and property in enslaved service, he can then, it seems, boast his power, but justice will veil her head and the ideal of a League of Nations will sink into dust and ashes under the domination of a new international Bolshevism.

"What do I think about the division of responsibility for the war? My answer is plain. I have precisely the same opinion today which I always have had and which as Chancellor I repeatedly expressed in the Reichstag. I have never carried on a spurious propaganda, but have always endeavored to serve the truth."

Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg admitted in an interview which he gave in Berlin last November, it may be recalled, that the Germans erred in the administration of Alsace-Lorraine and in paying too little heed to Pan German activities. He blamed also what he called a lack of energy in German foreign policy, and "many deficiencies in international policies."

Preparing Labor Proposals.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—In the discussion of labor problems before the Peace Conference, it is said, British labor leaders, headed by George N. Barnes, a member of the British peace delegation, are preparing proposals to be handed to the congress. It is not known here what value the International Labor Conference in Switzerland will have in this respect, but it is understood that the British Government does not object to the meeting, which might be useful in an advisory capacity.

TAKE $8,000,000,000 OF BRITISH WAR BONDS

Totals Subscribed Through Bank of England and the Post-office Are Announced.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The subscriptions to the national war bonds reached and passed a total of £1,600,000 before the close on Saturday, it is learned.

The Bank of England figures now available show that during the final week of the issue applications were made for £102,980,202, making a grand total for the Bank of England issue of applications of £1,540,605,815. To this has been added £30,986,240 subscribed through the Postoffice.

The amount therefore so far realized by the national war bonds is £1,640,562,055.

WILSON AIDS BRITISH FUND.

Autographed Copy of Fourteen Points to be Auctioned in London.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—President Wilson has sent an autographed copy of his famous fourteen points, set out on official White House notepaper, to be sold on behalf of a fund for the dependents of British soldier and sailor journalists.

The document will be auctioned from the stage of the London Coliseum on Feb. 2, when a matinée performance on behalf of the fund is to be given. Hope is expressed here that British interest will result in the document's being retained in this country for presentation to some public institution.

At Sotheby's on Feb. 4 there will be auctioned a mass of correspondence of great political and social interest. It consists of letters exchanged between Delane, editor of The London Times, and some of the most famous of his contemporaries during the period from 1841 to 1877. It includes letters from the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Palmerston, Disraeli, &c.

Over ten years ago Arthur Dasent, nephew and biographer of Delane, used many of the letters in his book. The Dossier now offered for sale contains these and others hitherto unpublished.

FAVORS AIR MINISTRY.

Senator Chamberlain Advocates Keeping Up Aerial Preparedness.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Creation of a separate Air Department with a Cabinet member, as its head was advocated today by Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, Chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, in a statement in which he expressed the belief that the control of the air would "unquestionably be the deciding factor in the next war, overshadowing in importance the forces on either land or sea."

"The United States," said Senator Chamberlain, "ought to profit by the experiences of the war with Germany and formulate a constructive program accordingly. We ought to continue to manufacture airplanes in reasonable quantities, but more than all we should endeavor to develop mechanical flight so as to be able, should the emergency arise, to achieve and maintain control of the air.

"The air problem in the future seems to rest on efficient co-ordination. It is for this reason that we—speaking for a majority of the members of the Senate Military Affairs Committee—recommend a unification of effort and still see what is best for the development of aerial navigation, whether it should be the creation of a separate air branch, or department, whose head should sit in the Cabinet along with the Secretaries of War and Navy."

Joseph Jefferson Leaves Hospital.

Joseph W. Jefferson, the actor, who underwent an operation for cancer at New York Hospital several weeks ago, left the hospital last night for his home in a greatly improved condition.

DALMATIA INDISPENSABLE.

Italian Peace Delegates Confer on Demands with General Diaz.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The Italian delegation to the Peace Conference held a conference with General Diaz, the Italian Commander in Chief, who arrived in Paris today, to discuss Italy's aspirations from a military and strategic point of view, with special attention to the possession of what the Italians call "the key of the doors on land and sea."

To realize this object, the Italian delegates, it is said, consider it indispensable that Italy possess the Brenner Pass and also the Dalmatian coast and Zara and Sebenico. Without this territory, they say, it would be impossible for Italy to control the Adriatic, as otherwise the coastline of Central Italy would be at the mercy of any nation possessing Dalmatia.

We could have saved her many times our fee

The relatives of an elderly woman who had been ill for a long time told us that her fortune consisted chiefly of securities which were in another city in a safe-deposit box. It had not been opened for two years, since no one but herself had access to it.

In that time her income had been held up and she had lost considerable in interest, since no coupons had been cut or collected and many bonds were overdue.

Had these securities been placed in our care for safekeeping, we would have collected principal and interest promptly, re-investing the principal if so directed.

Our charges for such services are very reasonable. We shall be glad to give you an estimate if you will write for estimate sheet and booklet "The Modern Method of Caring for Securities."

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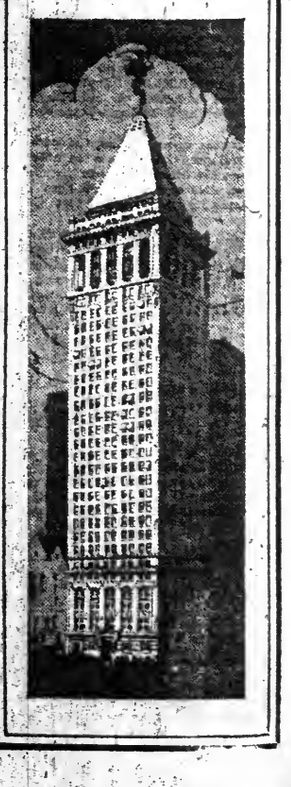

PIQUED OVER POWER OF FIVE NATIONS

Smaller Countries Feel They Should Have More Voice in Peace Preliminaries.

LOCAL PROBLEMS INVOKED

Russia, the Scheldt, and Adriatic Among Them—Present System Aims at Expediency.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—There is already considerable rumbling of discontent among the representatives of the small nations at the Peace Conference because of what they consider the too great predominance of the five big powers in the plan to arrange all questions before they are submitted to the full conference for final decision. It is assumed that this final decision will be necessarily a mere perfunctory approval by the other nations of what America, England, France, Italy, and Japan have already determined upon and that any attempt to do anything but approve will be futile. Incidentally there is some curiosity as to who is dominating what suddenly became the "Big Five" instead of the "Big Four."

At the outset of the preliminaries it was only America, France, England, and Italy that counted; and then, without explanation, Japan gets added to the list of the big powers. This fact has added much to the resentment of some of the small nations who suffered most from the war and who took a far more active part in the war. The objection on the part of the small nations, "oppressed" and otherwise, is to the principle of the thing. None of them contends that every question could or should be threshed out in a full meeting of the more than sixty delegates of all the nations; but those who are dissatisfied with the present plan believe there should be some middle ground, and incidentally there is some revival of talk concerning the rights and equality of small nations.

Questions of Representation.

Some feeling of this sort was shown just before the opening of the conference, when Belgium and Serbia were credited with only two delegates each and, in spite of their war sufferings, put in the same category with Siam. That was remedied by their getting three each, but not until after three had been allotted to Brazil, upon the insistence of the United States, because Brazil is the largest South American nation participating in the conference.

But that is another detail. The real complaint of the small nations does not touch so much upon the numerical strength of their delegations as upon the plan of the five big powers to keep them out of the most vital discussion at which the real decisions will be reached.

As already intimated, they think there should be a middle ground considered, an elastic committee system by which any small nation or group of small nations would have full equality with the big ones in deciding each question which directly concerned it or them. For example, the investigation of the Russian question which is now being made by the big five preliminary to arriving at a most vital conclusion is being cited today as an illustration of the exclusiveness that ought not to be.

Rumania borders on Russia, and therefore is vitally interested in what happens to and in the latter country, but she has no part in the discussion. There is not much love for Rumania, as a matter of fact, by the other small countries, but as a matter of principle they declare she should be considered in all matters pertaining to the State across her own borders.

Another illustration which is given by those who object to placing the entire work of remaking the world in the hands of the men who are the Premiers or Foreign Ministers of the five countries is the Adriatic Sea question. That involves a dispute full of war possibilities between Italy and Serbia. Each of these two countries is fully as much concerned as the other, but under the present arrangement Italy will have a place at the table when the matter is decided, while Serbia will be outside, or, at best, in as a witness.

Another question for the conference to decide is that of the rights of Holland and Belgium in the use of the River Scheldt. Although they are rated as small nations, Holland and Belgium feel they should have as much to say in this matter as Japan and Italy, for example.

On Plea of Expediency.

The chief argument put forth in favor of the plan to let the five big powers dominate is that of expediency. A French advocate of this system put the matter to me this way:

"If all the nations delegated were given an opportunity to discuss we would never get through. There would be no peace signed at all. Furthermore, there would be too much opportunity for intrigue, trading, and corruption. To put it brutally, if every small State had a voice there would be too much temptation in some quarters to sell out or dicker.

"As it is, the world is much safer with all responsibility fixed in the five chief powers. The views of the representatives of those five powers are sufficiently divergent on the great fundamental questions to assure us that there can be no collusion, no sacrificing or exploiting of small countries. There is no sense in all this talk about a repetition of the crimes of the Vienna Congress. No such repetition is contemplated, nor would it be possible.

"There is no small nation in the world that will not have one or more sponsors at the meetings of the Big Five to guard her interests. For example, President Wilson is there. Although Mr. Wilson himself has said so much in favor of publicity, thereby causing the present discontent, he has since admitted privately that there must be limitations if any practical results are to be reached in the life of the present generation. We are not making this peace in heaven, but on earth, where everybody is human."

REPORT EX-KING MANUEL ON SHIP OFF LISBON

If He Won't Take the Throne, It May Be Offered to Anita Stewart's Husband.

PARIS, Jan. 22, (Havas.)—Former King Manuel of Portugal is at present on board a steamship off Lisbon, a dispatch from Madrid says. Le Matin says that Manuel has left London for an unknown destination.

The monarchist movement in Portugal, according to advices received here, appears to be making progress. A monarchist proclamation was read at Valenca-do-Minho in the presence of the garrison. The republican flag was then torn down and burned and the monarchist flag hoisted in its place.

Portuguese circles here have learned that if former king Manuel is not ready to head the monarchical movement in Portugal, his followers will offer the throne to Dom Miguel of Braganza, husband of Anita Stewart, an American.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A semi-official statement received today from Lisbon says:

"Tamagnini Barbosa, the Premier and Minister of War, who is ill, has been replaced by General Hipolito, commander of the Coimbra force."

Dispatches from Madrid yesterday giving the make-up of the monarchical Government proclaimed by the Portuguese revolutionists in Oporto, listed Barbosa as Minister of War in the monarchical Cabinet. Senhor Barbosa had been for several weeks the Premier of the Government established at Lisbon after the assassination of President Paes in December, and he was mentioned in Lisbon advices, dated Monday, as continuing his duties as Premier in the Government.

ARMS AND 1,000 REDS SEIZED IN WARSAW

Germans in East Prussia Organizing an Army to Resist the Bolsheviki.

WARSAW, Jan. 21. (Associated Press.)—Several thousand rifles, many machine guns, and thousands of hand grenades, intended for use in an attempt to overturn the Pilsudski Government which has now been succeeded by the Paderewski Government, were discovered in Warsaw today. The Government authorities also arrested 1,000 Bolsheviki. The arrests were made in an effort to secure orderly elections to the National Assembly.

Prince Sapieha, who led the brief and futile attempt against the Pilsudski Government a fortnight ago, is still in prison. He will be released when the political situation becomes settled. However, there is no law under which he can be prosecuted.

That the German population of the East Russian Provinces not only are anti-Bolshevist, but are organizing an army to protect the frontiers is the main fact found during a journey from Warsaw over the Polish frontier to Danzig and Memel. It was also found that the army of General von Hoffman, both men and officers, while uncontaminated by Bolshevism were demoralized and indifferent to the fact that the arms and munitions they were selling to Lithuania will later be used against the Germans.

From conversations picked up aboard trains, which were crowded with civilians and soldiers, it seemed apparent that the new army has been organized locally, but is under vague direction from Berlin. The single district of Ostrowo furnished 30,000 soldiers. It is affirmed that two divisions of the new army are gradually working to the frontier of East Prussia, there to halt the Bolshevist troops, against which feeling is bitter. These troops have experienced officers. Though young men they are paid six marks a day.

Although the Bolsheviki are now near Libau and also have occupied Riga, they will be resisted at Memel. Eylau Tilsit, and other towns, and also the country, are orderly. There have been no peasant uprisings.

CRIME WAVE IN PARIS.

The Matin Lays Robberies to Deserters, Including Americans.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—Thefts, acts of violence, and armed attacks are increasing daily in Paris, according to the Matin, which declares that the demobilization of the troops is bound to have the effect of further increasing acts of lawlessness. The Matin continues:

"Many former prisoners now freed from the army are hurrying to make up for lost time. This band of lawbreakers is now increased by contingents from the armies of our allies. Such a statement need not offend the susceptibilities of our friends beyond the Channel and across the Atlantic. A national army means the recruiting of all classes, good as well as bad.

"During the last week 130 night assaults in the Paris district were reported as having been committed by deserters from the American Army. The task of handling this scum of an energetic and hard-working population has been entrusted to Deputy Police Commissioner Evans, one of the best New York police experts, who will act in conjunction with the Provost Marshal's Office, which employs nine companies of 150 to 200 men each as well as three companies of patrolmen. In addition to these police there will be a company of detectives in uniform, but not wearing special marks, neither the armlet marked 'M. P.' which the military police wear nor a revolver visible. Six detectives in private clothes will work with the French detective service."

At Police Headquarters it was said that the department had no official representative in Paris and that no authority had been delegated to any one of its members in war service in France to assist the French authorities in the work mentioned in the cablegram. There is no "Deputy Police Commissioner Evans" connected with the New York Police Department. It was the opinion of police officials here that General Pershing or some member of the American General Staff may have assigned some one of the former New York policemen, who are now in overseas service, to assist in this special work.

BIG LOSS IN WAR MATERIAL.

Thorne Foresees Years of Work in Selling Government Property.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Explaining to the House Military Committee today plans for disposing gradually of the enormous stocks of supplies on hand when the armistice was signed, R. J. Thorne, the War Department's Assistant Director of Purchase and Storage, said there necessarily would be great loss to the Government, and that it probably would take several years to sell all of the surplus. He said from now on the 1918 wool clip probably would be sold at the British issue price, or far below its cost to the Government.

Among the things Mr. Thorne said the Government had on hand were 45,000 tons of heavy barbed wire, 150,000 horses, 2,000,000 pairs of rubber hip boots, and great supplies of food and clothing of every description. He said the department could not avoid having large surplus supplies, as the armistice was signed at a time when preparations were being made for feeding and clothing 2,50,000 additional drafted men monthly.

IRISH PARLIAMENT ELECTS A CABINET

Premier and Secretaries of Finance, Home Affairs, Foreign Affairs, and Defense.

MARTIAL LAW IN TIPPERARY

Follows Murder of Two Policemen and Seizure of Explosives by Band of Masked Men.

DUBLIN, Jan. 22. (Associated Press.)—The Sinn Fein Parliament provided only a one-day sensation. Its members held a brief meeting at the Mansion House this afternoon, but behind closed doors. Afterward Count Plunkett told the reporters that a statement of the business transacted would be furnished to the press later, thus following the precedent of the Paris Conference.

The official report of the meeting says that twenty-four Deputies were present. A temporary Prime Minister was elected unanimously, and four other Ministers, nominated by the Speaker, were approved by the Parliament.

According to the provisional constitution the Ministry is to consist of a President and four executive officers, Secretaries of Finance, Home Affairs, Foreign Affairs, and National Defense. All revenues will be raised on the vote of the "Dail Eireann." The Constitution may be altered upon seven days' notice.

Count Plunkett, Professor Edward de Valera, and Arthur Griffith will probably be appointed Irish delegates to the Peace Congress.

A group of a hundred young men gathered outside the Mansion House during the secret session, but no excitement of any kind was shown. The public was far more interested today in the murder of two policemen in Tipperary yesterday at the time the Parliament was meeting. This is taken to signify the beginning of a new period of terrorism, which veteran Irish politicians expect will include other assassinations and attempts to destroy Government buildings and public works. The extremists are exceedingly anxious to get explosives.

Two policemen were guarding a cartload of gelignite which was being taken to a mine when they were surrounded by masked men. The policemen were shot dead and the explosives carried off. The immediate sequel was a proclamation placing Tipperary under the Crimes act, which means a régime much like the occupied German cities are undergoing.

All meetings are prohibited and nobody can pass in or out of the district without permits. None of the residents may be outdoors after 7 o'clock in the evening without a permit. No letters may pass in or out without censorship. Enough troops were quickly sent to the district to enforce these regulations.

The Clare district was recently proclaimed under the Crimes act, and the measure was enforced with apparent success.

Comments of the Irish papers on the "Parliament" are to the effect that it was an empty beating of the air and that its special purpose was to attract the attention of the world, particularly of the Peace Conference, to the Sinn Feiners' case. In the opinion of the papers most of the Dublin people believe that the Sinn Feiners expected and desired the congress to be suppressed by the police or the military.

The gist of the newspaper comment is that if Count Plunkett presents the Sinn Fein's declaration of Irish independence the Peace Conference will merely put it in the archives without discussion, under the rules adopted permitting any one to present petitions.

The Irish censorship prevented the appearance of the Sinn Fein's declaration of independence in the Dublin papers.

Without interference, the Lord Mayor of Dublin, Laurence O'Neill, having obtained passports from the government, will proceed to Paris to tender to President Wilson the freedom of the city of Dublin, recently voted by the corporation.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—Although no official notice has been received that the committee named by the Irish Parliament in Dublin yesterday, comprising Count Plunkett, Professor Edward de Valera, and Arthur Griffith, was coming to Paris to present the claims of Ireland to self-determination to the Peace Conference, it has already been determined that if the delegation secures passports its application for admission to the conference to represent Ireland as an independent nationality will be passed upon by the Committee on Credentials, under the rules.

This committee is the sole judge initially on all applications for admission to the conference, although possibly an appeal might lie to the full conference in certain circumstances.

Thus far the Credentials Committee has held no meetings, but as it is anticipated that there will be a flood of applications from minor nationalities or races, it is the intention of the committee to hold a meeting shortly for the purpose of adopting a code of rules to be followed.

Calls Ireland Peace Congress Test.

Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan said yesterday that the meeting of the Irish Constitutional Assembly was the logical sequence of events in Ireland, the results of the intensive Sinn Fein campaign and the recent elections in that country.

"No greater test can be made of the capacity and sincerity of those who control the Peace Conference," he said, "than their disposition of the case of Ireland. If they reject her claims they will alienate a large section of liberty-loving people throughout the world and arouse fears that their conference will no more effect a permanent and just peace than did the conference of Vienna."

GERMANY ORDERED TO LET POLES ALONE

British Note Says Future of Eastern Frontiers Depends on the Peace Conference.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 22.—In reply to a British note requesting the German Government to refrain from further provocation of the Polish population in East and West Prussia, Posen, and Silesia, the German Government, according to a dispatch from Berlin, expresses agreement with Great Britain that the future of the German eastern frontiers depends upon the Peace Conference. The German note expresses surprise at the request to refrain from provocation and says that the request "can only be attributed to the fact that the British Government is inadequately informed of events in the East."

The German note declares that Germany has done everything to redress Polish grievances and accuses the Poles of continually provoking the Germans. It says that Posen is in a state of upheaval and that the German population has appealed for help to the German Government, which has been forced to take military measures to restore law and order. The note asserts that while the German Government has refrained from action against Polish Nationals who "planned and committed treason and revolt," it cannot "suffer ambitious imperialism to reign supreme."

Events in Upper Silesia, the German note contends, have nothing in common with national questions, and regarding East Prussia there can be no talk of a national Polish movement there. The note concludes:

"All measures of the German Government since the conclusion of the armistice have only served to carry out the prescriptions of the treaty, toward unjustifiable Polish attempts to bring the Polish question to a head before the Peace Conference."

BERLIN DEPLORES CHOICE OF WEIMAR

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

cerned. Danzig's citizens may rest assured that the highest war councils long since prepared measures for protection of the threatened province."

The division of the old Kingdom of Prussia into seven or eight new States, which is part of the program of the Socialist Government, has aroused a storm of indignation among the reactionary elements, which immediately made it the main issue in the elections for the Prussian State convention, coming Sunday. Even the Socialist Provisional Cabinet governing Russia now has grave apprehensions concerning that division and will meet tomorrow to consider the question. The Cabinet's principal objection is to the clause providing that any section counting over 2,000,000 in population may obtain Statehood. This, some Cabinet members fear, might lead to the splitting of Germany into more States and Statelets than even the most liberal interpretation of self-determination warranted.

The reactionary argument is that it is doubtful if the German Federation can be preserved, and Prussia, if split up according to the Government plan, could never be reunited. Prussia's preservation, however, must be the highest duty of the partriotic parties.

While I am writing this the electric lights all over the city have been suddenly extinguished, the men in the electric works having struck punctually at 5 P. M. They threatened to strike Saturday demanding higher wages, but were persuaded to give the Government's mediator one more chance to settle the differences between the workmen and administrators of various electric works. The mediator, however, failed and the city was thrown into dense darkness with here and there an island of illumination in houses that have private electrical installations. Many families will have to spend all the evening and night in darkness, for candles and lamp fuel of any kind are absolutely unobtainable.

All street cars were stopped in the streets where they happened to be. There soon were immense numbers of pedestrians in the streets, the stores and business houses pouring forth their multitudes of employes two hours earlier than usual.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 22.—The first work of the National Assembly at Weimar on Feb. 6, according to advices received from Berlin, will be to elect a provisional Government.

The assembly will then consider the draft of a Constitution, which is expected to occupy the remainder of February.

SOCIALISTS STILL LEAD IN GERMAN RETURNS

Majority Party Has 132 Seats So Far, Not Enough to Control Without Coalition.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 22.—It is reported unofficially from Berlin that 319 delegates were known to have been elected to the German National Assembly from twenty-eight districts up to 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. They were distributed as follows:

Majority Socialists, 132; Democrats, 58; Centrists, 57; National Party, 28; Independent Socialists, 22; People's Party, 14; scattering, 8.

Potsdam returned to the National Assembly five Majority Socialists, one Independent Socialist, two Democrats, one National Party delegate, and one from the People's Party.

Partial reports from the elections in lower Bavaria and upper Pbalz show that the Bavarian People's party won five seats, the Majority Socialists two and the Peasants' Alliance two.

In Schleswig-Holstein and Lubeck, the Majority Socialists won five seats and the Democrats three. The Independent Socialists and the Christian People's party failed to win a single seat there.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 22.—The final results of the German elections in the Cologne-Aix-La Chapelle District show the success of eight Centrists, three Majority Socialists, one Democrat, and one member of the People's Party.

Although the Majority Socialists obtained an absolute majority in Berlin and the suburbs, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Handelsblad, they cannot consider the results satisfactory, as the bourgeois parties found more support than had been expected. The Lokal-Anzeiger estimates that the bourgeois parties up to Tuesday afternoon were assured of as many seats as the two Socialist parties combined.

One of the great surprises of the election was the success of the Socialists in East Prussia, where they were formerly detested by the voters. The Conservatives polled a heavy vote throughout the country.

WORKMEN CONTROL BREMEN.

Occupy Public Buildings and Disarm Soldiers in Barracks.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 22.—The City of Bremen is virtually in the hands of the workingmen, according to a dispatch to the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger from that seaport.

The workingmen have occupied the barracks, the Town Hall, the telephone office, and the banks, and have posted machine guns in the market place and in public buildings. The soldiers in the barracks were disarmed by the workers.

A general strike has been proclaimed at Remscheid (Rhenish Prussia) as a protest against the killing of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, a Barmen dispatch states. The factories have been closed and traffic has been stopped.

The officials and workmen on the railways in the district of Halle have also gone on strike. They demand higher wages and a shorter work day.

KAISERIN WANTS TO RETURN

Expresses a Wish to Live with Her Sons at Potsdam.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 20, (via Copenhagen.)—According to Potsdam reports, the Kaiserin has expressed a wish to return from Amerongen to Potsdam, where she desires to spend the rest of her life among her sons and grandchildren residing there.

As a residence the Kaiserin wants to make use of the handsome villa of Alexander, which is the Hohenzollerns' private property. It is isolated from the outside world by a spacious park, with magnificent, old trees, permitting, however, a splendid view of the whole chain of lakes.

Wilson Going to Brussels Next Week

PARIS, Jan. 22.—President Wilson, according to present plans, will go to Brussels on Monday.

FORESEES AIRSHIPS IN OVERSEAS TRADE

British Ministry Predicts Their Use as Freight Carriers Throughout the World.

CROSS OCEAN IN THREE DAYS

Hopes to Develop Craft That Will Carry 200 Tons and Cruise 20,000 Miles.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Visions of mighty aircraft soaring over continents and oceans at a speed greater than that of an express train and carrying freight equal to the contents of twenty trucks are conjured up by the "Notes on Airships for Commercial Purposes" issued by the Air Ministry.

Among the striking points contained in this document are future airships which, it is predicted, will be of 10,000,000 cubic feet capacity, or about five times the capacity of the German Zeppelin, and 6,000 horsepower, carrying freight of 200 tons at a maximum speed of more than eighty-five miles an hour. These leviathans, 1,100 feet long and 150 feet high, could stay in the air for three weeks, and possess a range of 20,000 miles, or nearly once around the world. With a crew of six officers and twenty-six men they could go over or around storms, link up continents and oceans by means of stations 2,000 to 3,000 miles apart, and bring New York within a leisurely three days' journey of London. The larger the airship, the greater its efficiency.

Nine airship stations and a number of airships now used by the Admiralty may soon be available for commercial purposes. It is made clear in these notes that there will be no commercial competition between the airship and the airplane. The airship, says the report, is essentially a long-distance, weight-carrying craft, as compared with the short-distance, high-speed airplane. The airship, it is held, is worthy of consideration for commercial flight involving nonstop journeys of 1,000 miles and upward. It appears that for commercial purposes large rigid airship stations should be established at distances of 2,000 or 3,000 miles apart, mainly for transoceanic traffic, while the airplane would be used for bringing passengers and merchandise to these from neighboring countries.

For example, the Continent service could run from Lisbon to New York, passengers being taken to Lisbon from Paris, Rome, &c., by airplane. In this the war airplane would compete with the train and the airship with the steamer, over which she would have the advantage of reducing the average time of transit by at least 50 per cent. In addition to this, airships would be used for linking up railway lines in such places as Central Africa, where the country is difficult, both for airplanes and land transport.

Although airships are generally considered to be fair weather craft, up to the end of November there were only nine days in 1918 when no airship flight took place in the British Isles, which are notorious for possessing almost the worst weather conditions in the world. Successful experiments have been made in mooring airships in the open. For instance, an airship has been moored out for six weeks in a perfectly open expanse to a specially designed mast. Only two or three men were required to look after the ship, and winds of up to fifty-two miles an hour have been ridden out without any damage whatever resulting.

The possibilities of using floating sheds on the water are also being inquired into, and appear to be promising. The use of the mooring mast will very greatly increase the regularity of any airship service, as the chief difficulty at present consists in taking airships in and out of sheds.

In 1914 the average endurance of the German rigid airship at a cruising speed was under one day, and the maximum full speed about fifty miles an hour.

In 1918, with the German L-70 class of 2,195,000 cubic feet capacity, the endurance at forty-five miles per hour has risen to 177.5 hours, and the maximum full speed to seventy-seven miles per hour. The British R-38 class, of 2,720,000 cubic feet capacity, has an estimated cruising endurance at forty-five miles an hour of 211 hours, thirty-four hours greater than the German L-70 class.

The cost of a 10,000,000 cubic feet airship is estimated between $1,000,000 and $1,500,000. Official statistics show that only one airship has been lost in this country owing to catching fire in the air, although 83,360 hours have been flown, and over 2,500,000 miles were covered during the war. In the case referred to the flight was an experimental one, with a new type of ship, and the cause has since been ascertained and eliminated.

DEMOCRATS PLAN FIGHT AGAINST PROHIBITION

Assembly Committee Reports a Referendum Bill Together with the Ratification Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Anti-Prohibitionists have not yet given up hope of staving off ratification by the New York Legislature of the Federal Prohibition Amendment. The Judiciary Committee of the Assembly today reported out for discussion on the floor the ratification resolution and a referendum bill, an unlooked-for action by the "drys." Democrats in the House revived the referendum bill. The Senate Taxation and Retrenchment Committee, which is Republican, brought out the ratification resolution by a party vote.

The last stand of the "wets" probably will be made in the Assembly tomorrow morning when the Republican majority will attempt suspension of the rules in order to bring the two liquor propositions to a vote. The action of the Judiciary Committee upset the Republicans to the point where Majority Leader Adler moved for a call of the House with the intention, if sufficient number of Republicans were present, to caucus on the proposals and make the ratification resolution a party measure, as was done in the Upper House. The caucus, however, was not held and instead the suspension of the rules will be attempted tomorrow.

The Assembly Committee voted seven to five to put the ratification proposal before the House. Those in favor of reporting the measure out were Assemblymen Martin, McNab, Pierce, Lown, Jenks, Everett, and Wilson. The five members who opposed its being reported were Pellett, Goldberg, Bloch, O'Hare, and Fertig. In favor of reporting the referendum measure were Rowe, Everett, Pellett, Wilson, Goldberg, Bloch, O'Hare, and Fertig; against this proposal were Martin, McNab, Pierce, Lown, and Jenks.

Assemblyman Goldberg of New York moved for the reporting of the referendum bill in order, he said, that "the entire liquor question may be freely discussed on the floor of the House."

The vote in the Assembly Committee was taken just after Lemuel E. Quigg, counsel for the New York City hotel interests, had argued for an hour against the Constitutionality of the amendment. Even if the Constitutionality of the proposal was sustained by the United States Supreme Court, the country would never be dry, he declared, until patent medicines were brought under the ban.

The Senate unanimously passed today Senator Foley's bill to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors to men in military or naval uniforms. The measure was requested by the War and Navy Departments.

BERLIN LIGHTS OUT; TRAMWAYS CRIPPLED

Employes of Municipal Electric Plant and Railway Workers Strike.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 21, (via Copenhagen.)—Darkness reigned this evening in most parts of the city which are supplied by the municipal electric works, whose employes went on strike, and in other parts, where the strikers cut the electric cables.

Most of the cinema theatres, not having their own electric installations, had to turn away their audiences. The telephone service was partly affected.

Most of the restaurants and hotels were completely dark and closed. The Mayor of Berlin is now negotiating with the strikers, who may return to work soon.

BERLIN, Jan. 22, via Amsterdam, (Associated Press.)—The tramway men of Berlin are also on strike and that service has been partially suspended.

Genuine
Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

The value of Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin needs no proof. But you do need the Bayer Cross on a tablet to prove you are getting genuine Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin.

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

Marked with the Bayer-Cross for Your Additional Protection

FRANKLIN SIMON OFFERS
A Limited Number of All-Wool
MEN'S SUITS
NOT HAND-TAILORED
at $19.00

Never advertised before
Won't be advertised again

DURING the course of a season we buy examples of competitive clothes in order to keep informed as to what other shops are not doing. The suits in this clearance event comprise our accumulation of such merchandise during the present season. They embrace the finest makes of machine-made clothes and are now offered far below what they regularly sell for in all shops. *A small charge for alterations.*

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE
Men's Shops—2 to 8 West 38th Street—Street Level

Once-A-Year Sale
Stein-Bloch Winter Suits,
100% Wool!

$35 Suits $28.75
$50, $45, $40 . . . $36.50
$65, $60, $55 . . . $48.50

THE simple statement that these are *Stein-Bloch Suits* obviates the necessity of "drawing the long bow" of piffling puffery. These Suits are full-lined or half-lined and many have silk sleeve linings; most of them are in *intermediate weights* suitable to wear right now and right up to early summer. Sheaves of Fashion Models for Young Men, as well as their Elders.

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THAT we have been able to win the patronage of men accustomed to only the finest tailoring, emphasizes the fact that Croydon Ready Tailored Clothes and the finest custom tailoring are identical.

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The only New York Show this year. U. S. Government record-flight Homer Pigeons and Poultry. Game and ornamental birds and standard fowl. Motion pictures and lectures by experts. Open every day and evening, Jan. 21 to 25. Admission, 75c.

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Hot water
Quick Relief
BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION
Contains no dangerous or deleterious substitutes

$16,859,356 ASKED BY B. R. T. RECEIVER

Garrison Applies to Court for Permission to Issue Notes for Company's Needs.

$1,100,000 IN WRECK CLAIMS

Appropriation for New Surface Cars Ordered by Court Is Included in the Budget.

Lindley M. Garrison, Receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the New York Municipal Railway Corporation and the New York Consolidated Railroad Company, made application yesterday to the United States District Court for permission to issue receiver's certificates in the amount of $16,859,356.96. On the filing of the application, Judge Julius M. Mayer gave notice that he would hear all parties interested in the application on next Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Copies of the application were served upon the following lawyers, representing the clients named:

Cravath & Henderson, for the note holder's committee; Rushmore, Bisbee & Stern, for one stockholder's committee and Cullin & Dykeman, for the other; William L. Ransom, for the Public Service Commission; William P. Burr, Corporation Counsel, for the City; George S. Franklin, for the War Finance Club Corporation; Walter F. Taylor, for the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and The Central Union Trust Company, trustee under certain underlying mortgages. Copies of the application were served also on fifteen banks and trust companies, holding bills payable of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to the amount of $3,850,000.

The sum asked for would provide, not only for all current obligations of the three companies, but for extensions of power station facilities, the purchase of additional subway and surface cars, construction now going on and additional contracts for construction and equipment to be entered into within sixty or ninety days. After giving all the lien obligations of the companies in receivership, except real estate mortgages, Mr. Garrison, in his application, says:

"Your petitioner has made an investigation of the possibility of obtaining the funds required, and is of the opinion, and so represents to this court, that it will be impossible for the necessary funds to be obtained unless receiver's certificates are issued therefor which shall have a lien upon part or all of the property of the companies whose property is in possession of your receiver, superior to the liens of some or all of the said mortgages of the said companies hereinabove set forth, * * * wherefore, your petitioner prays that he may be authorized * * * to issue receiver certificates * * * in such an amount, in such denominations and series, maturing at such times, bearing such rate of interest and secured by such lien or liens as to the court may seem best."

For the Tunnel Accident.

Of the total amount asked for, $1,100,000 will be needed to pay the claimants in connection with the Malbone Street tunnel accident last November. In commenting on these claims, the application reads:

"I beg leave to repeat the statement contained in my report as temporary receiver, submitted to this court on Jan. 15, 1918, which was as follows: On Nov. 1, 1918, a deplorable accident occurred on the Brighton Beach line at Malbone Street, resulting in 94 deaths and 208 persons injured. Prior to my appointment settlements had been made in 12 death cases and 102 personal injury cases at an aggregate cost of about $138,000. While only an approximation can be given of the amount of damages still accruing, the sum will probably not be less than $1,100,000."

"It will clearly be impossible for the amount of these claims to be settled and paid for out of the current receipts of the properties in the receivership in the judgment of petitioner it is desirable that these claims should be settled so far as settlements can be entered into, and that the amounts agreed upon in the settlements should be paid all at the earliest possible date."

The application specifies the immediate need of about $2,300,000 for obligations maturing up to and including Feb. 20, 1919. These payments are: For the account of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, $948,024.02; for the account of the New York Consolidated Railroad Company, $847,092.82; for the account of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, $537,818.04. The items for the account of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company are as follows: Power station contracts, $235,512; taxes due Nov. 1, 1918, with interest at 7 per cent. 1, 1918, $87,512.02; vouchers prior to Jan. 17, 1919, excluding interest on notes and loans, $625,000. The amount needed for the New York Consolidated Railroad Company is to cover the following items: Taxes due Nov. 1, 1918, with interest at 7 per cent. from Nov. 1, 1918, $308,817.22; interest due Feb. 1, 1919, on Kings County Elevated bonds, $140,000; interest due Feb. 1, 1919, on Brooklyn Union Elevated bonds, $399,175.

The immediate needs of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation are: Vouchers for construction and equipment, rendered Jan. 17, 1919, $140,426; purchasing agent's orders for January and February, estimated, $50,000; payrolls, January and February estimated, $38,000; contractor's estimates due Jan. 20, 1919, $135,844; contractor's estimates, due Feb. 20, 1919, $150,000; taxes due Nov. 1, 1918, with interest at 7 per cent. from Nov. 1, 1918, $23,648.04.

Needs of the B. R. T.

Of the total amount asked for, $16,859,356.96, the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company requires $6,438,833.02; the New York Consolidated Railroad Company needs $1,947,992.23, and the New York Municipal Railway Corporation requires $8,452,531.62. The $6,458,833.02 for the account of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company is needed for the following purposes: To provide for enlargement of power stations, $2,986,321; to provide for fifty additional surface cars already contracted for, and improvements to existing equipment, approximately $710,000; to purchase and equip 200 additional surface cars to comply with court orders affecting an additional car equipment, $2,000,000; taxes now due and payable, with interest from Nov. 1, 1918, at 7 per cent., $87,512.02; for work done and in progress in replacement of storage and dock facilities, approximately $50,000; to pay audited vouchers for operation and unpaid payrolls and supply accounts incurred in operation within four months prior to the receivership, approximately $625,000.

The $1,947,992.32 for the account of the New York Consolidated Railroad Company is required for taxes not in litigation, with interest from Nov. 1, 1918, at 7 per cent., $308,817.32; payments to claimants in connection with the Malbone Street accident, approximately $1,100,000; interest due Feb. 1, 1919, on first mortgage bonds of the Kings County Elevated Railroad Company, $140,000; interest due Feb. 1, 1919, on Brooklyn Elevated Railroad Company, first mortgage bonds, $399,175.

The total amount to be expended for the account of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, $8,452,531.62, will be expended for payment of purchasing agent's orders, $971,820.01; payment of purchasing agent's orders in connection with the Brighton Beach line, $174,-330.84; amount of outstanding obligations covered by existing formal contracts, $3,782,812.73; additional contracts to be entered into within the next sixty or ninety days for construction and equipment and miscellaneous expenditures, $1,000,000; taxes not in litigation, with interest from Nov. 1, 1918, at 7 per cent., $23,548.04; purchase of 100 additional subway cars, $2,500,000.

The item of $2,000,000 for 200 additional surface cars attracted attention, because Mr. Garrison is not receiver of the surface lines. But the application gives the following explanation for inserting this item in the B. R. T. account:

"The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company owns all, or substantially all, of the stock of the street surface railroad companies for which the cars are to be acquired, and in accordance with its previous operations it has already made arrangements as such holding company to take care of the financing of the acquisition of fifty of the cars, and would, in ordinary course, handle the financing of the remaining 200 cars."

Mayor Hylan sent a letter to Mr. Garrison yesterday calling his attention to the wooden cars used in the Chambers Street subway. In his letter the Mayor said:

"The operation of wooden cars in the subway, in which thousands of people are compelled to ride, is a grave public menace. Further, the headway of trains in the early part of the rush in the morning and at night should be shortened, so that there will be less overcrowding. If the heavy traffic schedule morning and evening were placed in operation a little in advance of the rush hour and continued during heavy traffic and steel side-door cars substituted for the old wooden cars now in use, a great deal of the scandalous overcrowding and delays would be eliminated."

TRACTION EARNINGS FALL.

Shonts, at Stockholders' Meeting, Discusses the Fare Question.

Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation, said at the annual meeting of stockholders yesterday that as long as the Interborough Rapid Transit Company's dividends could be continued, receivership for the former company would be avoided, but that in time the question of a receivership must be faced unless the existing situation was remedied. He told the shareholders that the municipal authorities, in holding to the five-cent fare, were losing sight of the most important point involved in the local traction dispute.

"The question of fare had nothing to do with the negotiations regarding the dual subway system," said Mr. Shonts. "The five-cent fare was established as the standard, simply because it was the prevailing rate. Whether the rate was 4, or 5, or 10 cents was not taken into consideration by us. We entered into the contract with the city because of the fixed return which was promised us on our money through a preferred lien on subway earnings.

"If the public authorities continue to maintain their present position of refusal to increase the rate of fare and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company shall find itself unable to realise an amount sufficient to enable it to carry its debt, to the lean period, as extended by the conditions due to the war, they will have violated the spirit of the city's contract with the Interborough Company; and will have destroyed its credit and by that all basis of all future investment of private capital necessary for the development of the city's transportation, and they will not have advanced by a day the city's right to operate the property itself."

The annual report of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation, which is the holding company and controls the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, the Manhattan Railway Company, and the New York Railways, was made public at the meeting. It showed decreases in almost all departments for the year ended Dec. 31. Total income for 1918 was $4,402,175, compared with $6,955,866 in 1917, a decrease of $2,553,691. Expense, taxes, and interest decreased in the course of the year $14,795 to $3,677,261, and net income amounted to $724,914, which was equivalent to $1.58 a share earned on the $45,740,500 preferred stock.

In 1917 net income was $3,262,910, which, after the deduction of 6 per cent. preferred dividends, left a balance equal to 55 cents a share on the 932,626 shares of common stock of no par value. After the payment of the preferred dividends in 1918 the company's surplus was $38,-807, compared with $519,480 in the preceding year, a decrease of $480,673. Total surplus for the year amounted to $1,134,163, a decrease of $511,194 from the 1917 figures.

Refers B. R. T. Application to Deputy.

State Attorney General Newton, it was learned yesterday, has referred the application of Leslie J. Tompkins and Edwin M. Otterbourg to ask permission of the Supreme Court to begin an action to declare forfeit all the charters of the subsidiary companies of the B. R. T. system to Deputy Attorney General Cheney, until recently a Public Service Commissioner for the Second District. Attorney General Newton, it was said, will take no action until he has received Judge Cheney's report.

SENATE REPUBLICANS ADOPT HARMONY PLAN

Lodge, on Vote of Caucus, Selects Committee to Frame a Reorganization.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Senate Republicans in caucus today voted for a committee of seven to be appointed by Senator Lodge to frame rules for reorganizing committees when the Republicans assume control of that body. The caucus was called to settle differences between the Old Guard and Progressives.

Senator Lodge appointed on the committee Senators Lenroot, Cummins, Smoot, Norris, Harding, Knox, and Hale, four "regulars" and three Progressives.

Senator Penrose, who insists that he must have the Chairmanship of the Finance Committee, did not attend the caucus. He announced, however, that he would demand the seniority rule in the naming of the Chairman of the committee, and that he would fight for the place. Beyond that he made it known he had no particular interest in the caucus. Senator La Follette also remained away, as did Senator Borah of Idaho, who has announced himself as opposed to Senator Penrose as Chairman of the Finance Committee.

The Senators discussed the resolution offered to the caucus some time ago to provide that no Senator holding a Chairmanship on any of the ten more important committees be allowed to serve on any other committee.

A substitute was offered by Senator Cummins to provide that no Senator should be assigned to more than two of the ten leading committees and that no Senator who is Chairman of any such committee be appointed to a conference committee unless the bill to be considered is reported by the committee of which he is the Chairman. This resolution, it is expected, will be accepted by Senator Norris.

The Republicans profess not to be worried over the opposition of Senator Borah to the appointment of Senator Penrose to the Finance Committee. An important Chairmanship will be offered to the Idaho Senator. The Republicans will need his vote, having a bare majority in the Senate.

MRS. LEBAUDY LEAVES HOME

Attorneys Endeavor to Untangle Her Husband's Business Affairs.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Jan. 22.—Mrs. Jacques Lebaudy, who was released from the Mineola County Jail yesterday after the Grand Jury had failed to indict her following its investigation of her killing of her husband, left her home at Westbury today and went to Glenwood with her thirteen-year-old daughter Jacqueline, to spend a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weder, parents of the nurse of Mrs. Lebaudy.

According to attorneys for Mrs. Lebaudy, little progress has been made in tracing the scattered affairs of Lebaudy, whose fortune of several millions is said to be represented by papers in safety deposit vaults and other places of security in various cities.

EICHHORN SURROUNDED.

Early Capture of Fugitive Berlin Police Chief Expected.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The Berlin police have surrounded the hiding place of former Chief of Police Eichhorn, and it is expected that he will be taken into custody in the near future, a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says.

ATTACK 8-HOUR DAY AT HARBOR HEARING

Boat Owners Also Tell War Board That Their Workers Are Being Well Paid.

CAPTAINS GET PILOT FEES

Testify Men Get Full Wages While Vessels Are Repairing or Awaiting Cargo.

Officers of companies operating tug boats and other harbor craft yesterday gave testimony to the sub-committee of the National War Labor Board in City Hall to show that the operation of the eight-hour day on most of their craft would be impracticable and to refute the assertions of the 16,000 men that they were receiving insufficient wages for their work. A great part of the testimony yesterday was upon the operation of the scows, coal and grain boats, and other non-propelled boats manned by the members of the Harbor Boatmen's union who have abandoned their demand for an eight-hour day but seek higher wages and better working conditions.

All the witnesses summoned by the boat owners told the members of the subcommittee that hundreds of the union men were receiving large pay in overtime charges. They said also that all classes of boats, but particularly grain and coal boats, would not be in continuous service, and that the men were not required to exert their full efforts all the time, although they received full pay. Boats often are laid up for repairs or repainting, they said, while many scows and similar craft wait several days at coal ports for their loads, and frequently are tied up at docks for several weeks. They said that the pay of the men continued in such instances, although there was little work to do aboard the craft. They told the board, under cross-examination, that the fees of the boat owners also continued when a boat was tied up with cargo.

Instances of tug boat captains receiving large sums in pilotage fees in addition to their regular pay from the companies, also were read into the evidence by the War Labor Board. Robert G. Anderson, a tug captain for the Lee Towing Line, testified that for the last eighteen months the captains of their three tugs had earned an average of $167 a month in this service. In the last month two of the captains received $250 a month each. They drew also from the company their regular wages.

Mayor Hylan yesterday wrote a letter to James McGuire, President of the Lighter Catpain's Union, who had written to him demanding an explanation for his action in ordering policemen to run the municipal ferries during the three days when practically all harbor traffic was tied up by the strike of the 16,000 marine workers in the six unions of the Marine Affiliation. In his letter the Mayor said:

Answering your peremptory demand to know why I took the stand I did in the recent sympathetic strike of certain city employes, who had no grievance of their own as to wages or hours, I can only offer in explanation, but without apology, a certified copy of my oath of office as Mayor of this city.

Representatives of the municipal ferries yesterday gave out a statement denying that they had no grievance against the city and that they went out only in sympay with the demands of the other workers. They said that the wage award of the Harbor Wage Adjustment Board, signed last July, called for time and one-half for overtime but that the city had not paid the overtime claims. Back claims from November, 1917, to the date of the July award also remained unpaid, the statement said. The statement denied that the city was paying the prevailing wage scale.

REPORT STRIKE SETTLED.

Clothing Workers, It Is Said, Will Return to Work on Monday.

It was reported last night at the dinner of the National Association of Clothiers at the Hotel Astor, that the strike of workers in the men's and boys' clothing industry of this city had been settled, and that the workers in all probability would be back at their benches on Monday.

It was said that the grievances between the employers and employes have been adjusted. These workers have been on strike for the last three months.

Max Freedman, who was a member of the Board of Arbitration appointed to settle the differences, refused to deny or affirm last night that the strike had been settled, and that the employes would return to work on Monday. He said that Louis Marshall, the attorney, would probably issue a statement today.

SAYS STATE AND CITY FACE FINANCIAL CRISIS

E. R. Seligman Tells Tax Experts Expenditures Are Increasing While Revenues Are Smaller.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Tax problems affecting the State and its municipalities are being discussed at a three-day conference of tax experts gathered here for their eighth annual meeting, which opened tonight. The conference is being held under the auspices of the New York State Tax Department and the State Tax Association.

Many New Yorkers appear on the program, including Controller Craig, who will address the conference tomorrow morning; L. A. Tanzer, New York lawyer; Robert E. Dowling, Chairman of the Tax Committee of the Real Estate Board of New York, and Edward N. Goodwin and Henry N. Powell, both lawyers. Speaker Sweet of the Assembly, Senator Sage, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and various State tax officials will address the meetings.

The opening session tonight was featured by an address by Edwin R. Seligman, Vice President of the State Tax Association, who said that both the State and New York City were confronted with a financial crisis.

"We are met everywhere," he said, "by the fact of increasing expenditures. And side by side with the increasing expenditures we find a narrowing of the base of revenues. In our State finance the adoption of prohibition will remove a fruitful source of revenue. What is still more important, the not improbable assumption by the Federal Government of the telegraph, the telephone, and perhaps even of the railways, will destroy another most important category of revenue not alone in the State at large but in all localities.

"In New York City the base of taxation is being narrowed almost every year until real estate has come to bear the overwhelming share of local taxation. This has brought with it such a continually increasing tax rate as finally to constitute an intolerable and crushing burden. So far as the tax is imposed on buildings it leads to an increase of rents, which is becoming a grave factor in social unrest.

"For the State simply to increase the direct tax would be of little avail, because the direct tax as actually administered is overwhelmingly a tax on real estate, and the result would be simply to intensify still further the burdens, not only on the farmer, but on the property owners and tenants in our cities.

"Since real estate is already bearing more than its share, it follows that we must resort to business and to income taxes. New York State has taken the first step in the business tax by the Emerson law, which, however, instead of being confined simply to corporate business, must be extended to firms and partnerships. There still remains, as a necessity, the adoption of the income tax."

FIXED RAILROAD POLICY IS ASKED

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

000, or $1,000,000,000 more than 1917. This expenditure was made to increase efficiency. Nevertheless roads that are alleged to have been run down at the end of nine months of unified private control show:

"1. A larger volume of freight traffic handled in nine months under private than in the same period under Government control.

"2. The largest volume of freight traffic ever handled in any one month.

"3. Loaded-car mileage 7.5 per cent. larger than under Government control.

"4. Greater number of loaded cars per train than under Government control.

"5. Miles run per locomotive per day 7.2 per cent. higher than under Government control.

"6. Miles run per freight car per day 6.1 per cent. higher than under Government control.

"7. The physical condition of freight locomotives better than under Government control.

"8. The condition of freight cars equally as good as under Government control.

"As weather conditions both at the end of 1917 and the beginning of 1918 were unusually severe, the comparison of the two periods is not unfair. Whence it follows that increased efficiency under Government control is, to say the least, not proven."

Outlines a National Policy.

Mr. Kruttschnitt said that the plan for a national railroad policy had been evolved after a period of six years' study, and that the plan, as submitted by Chairman Cuyler, has been adopted by the Association of Railway Executives, representing about 92 per cent. of the earnings of the country.

"In it," said Mr. Kruttschnitt, "we ask Congress to make it possible for the carriers to give the public the advantages of conservation of capital by requiring unification of lines and terminals, when required in the public interest, by promoting useful consolidations and permitting agreements as to rates and practices, the benefits of which have been proved during Federal operation, but which the carriers by law have been prevented from supplying. Its fundamental features, to which details of organization and operating machinery are subordinate, are:

First—The creation of a Department of Transportation headed by a Secretary, who would sit at the President's council table, who would relieve the Interstate Commerce Commission of executive duties, and in whose jurisdiction would be centred rate regulation subject, to revision by the Interstate Commerce Commission, and the fixing of wages, which would use the power of the Administration to maintain proper service, to create the necessary credit for the carriers, and to maintain harmonious relations between employers and employes.

"Second—The adoption of a fixed policy as to the revenues of the carriers by requiring that the influence of the President, through his Secretary of Transportation, shall be put behind movements for increased rates which he finds proper, and the establishment of a statutory rule for rate making, which shall require that rates be not only reasonable but adequate and sufficient to protect existing investment and to attract such capital necessary to maintain existing properties up to the standard of the public need, and for the construction of extensions and branches.

"Third—To provide for compulsory Federal incorporation and for the elimination of the conflict of regulating power between the States and the Federal Government as to all essential matters, including rates, State and interstate, with as little interference as possible with the State commissions in carrying out the intended purposes.

Offered as a Suggestion.

"Our plan is not presented in the shape of a hard and fast bill, but is offered as a suggestion, by no means inflexible, of a way to attain desired ends.

"The question of a guarantee was freely discussed in our deliberations, but we do not ask for a guarantee. We recognize that the establishment of a definite guarantee would stifle all incentive to efficient management and would destroy competition as to service and facilities, for if necessary revenue could be obtained without effort what inducement would exist to make an effort?

"Under our plan, if a rate system be put in effect in a given region that will produce revenue adequate to yield a fair return on roads operated under average conditions and with reasonable efficiency, and to enable them to maintain their credit and pay satisfactory returns to their security holders, some roads below the average which should never have been built, or which were poorly located and are indifferently managed, may be forced to reorganize or sell their properties, while those above the average will prosper. But all without exception will be stimulated by self-interest to create new and increase existing traffic by competition in service and facilities, because by so doing the net returns to the owners are increased and at the same time the public is better served."

One of the representatives of the four railroad brotherhoods, probably Warren S. Stone, head of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, will present views to the Senate Committee tomorrow at the morning session.

I.W.W. GAINING HERE, SENATORS ARE TOLD

Federal Agent Also Testifies Over 250 Papers Support Radical Socialism.

PACIFISTS UNDER SCRUTINY

Many University Professors Among Them — Government's Census of the Red Agitators.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The Senate Committee on Propaganda, after an executive session, decided late today to hear evidence bearing on present radical activities, particularly those of the radical Socialists, the I. W. W., and kindred movements which are agitating for a condition in this country similar to that which now exists in Russia.

For several months the Military Intelligence Service has been taking a census, so to speak, of persons of Bolshevist activities and listing organizations and newspapers which are advocating attempts to overthrow the Government.

Archibald E. Stevenson of New York, now of the military intelligence service, is a member of a commission which has been investigating this question, and he began, late this afternoon, his narrative of some phases of the situation. The narrative unfolded up to the time the committee adjourned had to deal principally with the activities of the I. W. W., and radical Socialists led by Victor Berger and others of that school.

The data in possession of the Government shows that the agitators were never more busy than they are now. They are supplied with large funds and are backed by several hundred daily and weekly newspapers.

Closely co-operating with the I. W. W., Mr. Stevenson said, was the National Civil Liberties Bureau of New York, which numbers among its members many prominent persons of pacifist views. This organization helped finance the defense of Haywood and the other I. W. W. agitators convicted recently in Chicago and flooded a large part of the country with propaganda in their favor.

Tried to Influence Officials.

Evidence now in the possession of the Government showed, it was testified, that efforts were made before the I. W. W. trial to influence the authorities, but without success. The entire mailing list of the Civil Liberties Bureau was turned over to the I. W. W. The Government has the complete files of the Bureau.

These files showed, it was testified, that in December, 1917, Frank P. Walsh, former co-Chairman with ex-President Taft on the Industrial Relations Commission, addressed a letter to the National Civil Liberties Bureau announcing J. A. Law and L. T. Chumley of the I. W. W. Defense Council, and thereafter Chumley established an office at the bureau.

On Jan. 11, of last year, Roger N. Baldwin, then head of the Civil Liberties Bureau and now in prison, sent to Clarence Darrow, a Chicago lawyer, copies of the minutes of a meeting that was held in this city at about that time. The minutes stated that no action was taken in the absence of Messrs. Walsh and Darrow." A letter written by Chumley stated that he was sending matter to be used in compiling a propaganda pamphlet, and he added that Frank P. Walsh will do the same, and asked for suggestions as to how to raise the $25,000 bail for Haywood.

An advertisement which appeared in The New York Tribune before the I. W. W. trial was also placed in the record. This was an appeal for funds to help finance the trial, and among those whose names appeared as signers of the appeal were Robert W. Bruere, the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, Walter E. Weyle, George P. West, and John A. Fitch.

Despite the conviction of its leaders, the I. W. W. continues to grow, and its propaganda is carried on through newspaper and pamphlets. The principal ones of these papers are published in New York State, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Michigan, California, Washington, Illinois, Ohio, Kansas, and Oregon.

Bolshevism Began in Germany.

Mr. Stevenson said that a close study of the present worldwide radical movements showed that it was of German and not Russian origin. It was all an outgrowth, he said, of the Marxian theories, and the present Bolshevist situation in Russia had spread there from Germany. He cited the fact that at an international conference held by these radicals in Brussels a few years ago the delegates included Lenine of Russia, Victor Plecaf, a Swiss, and Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, the German Socialists who were lynched by Berlin mobs last week.

"The Radical Socialist party," said Mr. Stevenson, "has become the most active propaganda agency in the United States. It operates or has the support of more than 250 newspapers, probably a majority of them printed in foreign languages. The circulation of these papers is extremely large, in some instances in excess of 50,000 daily. There is also a large number of smaller publications.

"The party is today holding meetings in all parts of the country. In New York alone the number held each week probably exceeding one hundred. They are not street corner meetings either, but are held in halls. And I may add that they are organizing schools for the education of the children along radical lines. In other words the Socialist party, as it now exists in America, is a revolutionary organization."

Senator Nelson asked the witness if he had a list of the newspapers. Mr. Stevenson said he had a list of every important one among them, and at the suggestion of Senators Nelson and Overman that list was put into the record.

Mr. Stevenson also testified regarding certain other phases of the propaganda. He mentioned the American League to Limit Armaments as one of the earliest of the pacifist organizations whose activities did not tend to help the United States in preparing to bear its part in the European struggle. From this grew the Union Against Militarism, which sought to influence Congress against preparedness and which, after this country declared war, opposed the conscription act, and sought among other things, it was testified, to discourage recruiting.

Active in Propaganda.

The witness named as having been active in the union the Rev. Dr. Frederick Lynch of the Church Peace Union, Professor Emily Greene Balch, formerly of Wellesley College; the Rev. John Haynes Holmes, Amos T. Pinchot, Oswald Garrison Villard, Max Eastman, Crystal Eastman, and Scott Nearing.

Mr. Stevenson made a reference to a "Who's Who" of college and university Professors who have been identified with the form of propaganda under discussion.

"Are there many of these Professors?" asked Senator King.

Mr. Stevenson—Quite a large number of them, mostly among Professors of Sociology, economics, and history.

Senator Nelson—I should like to get a list of those Professors.

Senator King—We ought to drive out of the universities these pernicious teachers.

In connection with propaganda in universities and colleges, the witnesses cited the Intercollegiate Anti-Militarist League, which got a foothold in some of the principal educational institutions.

The Church Peace Union, which was founded by Andrew Carnegie, and which was described as a perfectly proper organization, did not escape contamination, according to the testimony.

"The Church Peace Union," said Mr. Stevenson, "was used by its secretary, the Rev. Frederick Lynch, to gather information for the use of the National Civil Liberties Bureau. Dr. Lynch issued letters to preachers and others to express themselves on conscription and the answers were placed at the disposal of the league.

"The Ford Peace Mission was really inspired by the Rosalka Schwimmer, now Hungarian Minister to Switzerland, who was a German agent. Mr. Ford's peace secretary at that time was L. P. Lochner, and it is interesting to keep his name in mind, for he shows up prominently in many organizations such as we are describing, which came into existence at subsequent dates, among them the People's Council for Peace and Democracy."

Mr. Stevenson will continue his narrative tomorrow. John R. Rathom of The Providence Journal will be summoned to tell what he knows about enemy propaganda in America.

SOCIALISTS CANNOT SAIL.

State Department, Meyer London Says Refuses to Issue Passports.

It was announced last night at the Rand School, 7 East Fifteenth Street, that the State Department had refused to issue passports to the three Socialists who were to have sailed on the Rochambeau today to attend the International Socialist Conference at Lausanne, Switzerland, on Feb. 23.

Because of the delay the Socialists here telegraphed to Congressman Meyer London, asking him to investigate the reason for the nonarrival of the passports. Congressman London replied that he had made inquiries, and learned that the State Department would not issue the passports. The delegates are Alderman Algernon Lee of this city, James O'Neal of Brooklyn, and John M. Work of Chicago.

TANK TROOPS TO RETURN.

Included in Force of 270 Officers and 4,927 Men Listed for Home.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Additional organizations assigned to early return home, comprising 270 officers and 4,927 men, were announced today by the War Department.

Included in the list are the 58th Regiment, Coast Artillery, less the 3d Battalion; Base Hospital No. 15, 90th and 104th Aero Squadrons, 39th Company Transportation Corps, 1st and 2d Casual Companies, Transportation Corps; Cement Mill Companies Nos. 2, 4, and 6; 17th and 18th Balloon Companies, 109th Field Signal Battalion, 464th Pontoon Train, 407 Telegraph Battalion, Base Hospital No. 24, and the following tank corps units: 332d Battalion, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 301st, 307th, 318th Replacement and Salvage Companies, 304th, 335th, 336th, and 337th Battalions; Casual Companies A, B, and C; October automatic replacement draft.

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COLLUSION IN BUYING DENIED BY ARMOUR

But He Admits Division of Cattle, Based on Plant Capacity, at Some Markets.

FAVORS AID FOR GROWERS

Thinks Livestock Shipments Should Be Under Control — Senators Hear of "Social Lobby."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Two Congressional committees were occupied again today in hearing witnesses, who were questioned concerning evidence brought out at the Federal Trade Commission's meat packing inquiry. The committees have under consideration legislation providing for Government control of the meat packing industry.

J. Ogden Armour, President of Armour & Co., continued his testimony before the House Interstate Commerce Committee. He said his salary was $25,000 a year and had never been any higher. He asserted that Armour & Co. would welcome means to enable livestock producers to market their animals at a price based on the cost of production, suggested a central control of livestock shipments as a possible means of obtaining this, and renewed his opposition to a pending bill to empower the Government to take over control of adjuncts of the packing industry.

Mr. Armour said he thought the control bill probably meant ultimate government ownership of the packing industry, and he agreed with Representative Cooper of Ohio, that if the bill were constitutional, there was no limit to which the Government might go in controlling private industry.

Representative Dillon, of South Dakota, tried to find out how cattle buyers determine the prices. He drew from Mr. Armour the admission that Armour & Co. insisted on having an equal division of the cattle offered at markets where there were only two packing plants, such as Fort Worth and Denver, but he said there was no collusion; that the purchases were made on a basis of plant capacity.

Mr. Armour defended the practice of "bidding on," whereby a buyer who failed to obtain cattle which the grower wanted on shipping to another market or a better price notifies the company's representative at the new market of the price he offered.

Denies Juggling Figures.

Foreign business of Armour & Co. was said to be divorced from the parent corporation because it was desirable to have the companies operate under the laws of the country where they were located. The South American plants made $10,000,000 last year, Mr. Armour said. Virtually all the South American meat had been shipped to Europe, and Mr. Armour thought there would be little of it sent to this country in the near future, especially if a free market were opened in Germany, which the company hoped would result from the establishment of a new Government there.

Charges of juggling figures were resented by the witness. He said that reports of transferring prices to make a department of the business show better results than another was "a child's talk." Mr. Armour criticised the Federal Trade Commission for alleged unfairness in conducting its inquiry. Discussing in detail recommendations by the commission, he said:

"I think the commission made a lot of foolish suggestions that won't work. Anything that is hardship to the packer is bound sooner or later to manifest itself in hardship to the consumer or producer."

Mr. Armour said the consumer could protect himself against high prices by refraining from purchasing, but that the producer of livestock, like the packer, had to take whatever the market was paying at the time he sold.

Bringing out that the $15,000,000 earnings shown in Armour's annual statement did not include $8,800,00 set aside for income and excess profits, Representative Stephens asked:

"Then you are passing that on to the consumer?"

"That may be so," Mr. Armour replied.

Brings Up Relief Bill.

Representative Hamilton of Michigan attempted to develop the possible effect on the packers of the food relief appropriation of $100,000,000 requested by President Wilson.

"They say that the fund will enable the packers to sell in Europe a great surplus of salt pork, which has been accumulated in England and which the people there won't eat now that the war crisis is past," Mr. Hamilton said.

Mr. Armour replied that the packers perhaps had larger stocks of salt pork than ordinarily, but he thought there was going to be a demand for it.

Representative Winslow of Massachusetts, questioning Mr. Armour regarding his company campaign of publicity, elicited this reply:

"If it is commendable for the Administration of this country to spend untold millions to defend its conduct of its business," Mr. Armour said, "it certainly is not reprehensible for a business corporation to follow its example."

Mr. Armour told Representative Rayburn that what the packers objected to most in the Federal Trade Commission's inquiry was the commission's trial of the packers through the newspapers."

"Did the newspapers ever give you a chance to answer," asked Mr. Rayburn.

"No," Mr. Armour replied.

In the course of the examination of Thomas F. Logan, Washington representative of Swift & Co., and other corporations, before the Senate Agriculture Committee, Senator Kenyon of Iowa said:

"You were a lavish entertainer of members of Congress?"

The witness objected to this question as unfair.

"I think a social lobby is about as effective as a money lobby on legislation," replied Senator Kenyon, and as guests were putting their feet under table furnished by packers' money."

Representative Bailey of Texas, who appeared for Mr. Logan's counsel, interrupted to say: "Most of the lobbying in Washington is through the social lobby, and to protest that the Senate Committee had no power to investigate Mr. Logan's relations with executive officials or Congressmen. He insisted that only alleged efforts to procure defect legislation could be subjected to scrutiny.

"It is all right to question Mr. Logan about his affairs with Secretary Tumulty," replied Senator Norris.

"While I take the stand that the inquiry should be limited," Mr. Bailey suggested, "Mr. Logan is willing to testify concerning any relations to any one in the service of the Government."

The witness said he became acquainted with Mr. Tumulty immediately after the latter came to Washington with President Wilson, and that he had business with him frequently. They were sometimes joined by Mr. Hurley, he said. He added that Henry Veeder, counsel for Swift & Co., had ever been in the party.

"Did you render an expense account to Swifts for these luncheons?" asked Senator Kenyon.

"Never," was the reply, "and I never introduced Mr. Tumulty to any of my clients."

Offers Plan for a New County.

ORANGE, N. J., Jan. 22.—The formation of a new county, which would include the Oranges, neighboring towns and Western Essex, in opposition to a plan for consolidation with Newark, has been urged by Judge Daniel A. Dugan. Newark by itself is large enough to be a county, Judge Dugan asserts, and the establishment of a new county, he declares, would mean better representation for the Orangee in the Legislature.

FOR BUSINESS BASIS IN NEW LOAN APPEAL

Gates W. McGarragh Declares Issue Should Be Floated on More Than Patriotism.

FEELING AMONG BANKERS

Country on Great of Worldwide Wave of Inflation, Says R. F. Maddox at Dinner.

At a dinner given by the Forum of the New York Chapter, American Institute of Bankers, in honor of Robert F. Maddox, President of the American Bankers' Association, at the Hotel Astor last night, Gates W. McGarrah, President of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, urged that the next Liberty Loan should be on a sound business basis rather than be offered as an appeal to pure patriotism.

Mr. McGarrah, who later was warmly praised for his stand by many of those present, said that while no one could possibly take issue with Secretary of the Treasury Glass on the patriotism of the American people, he felt that it was good business common sense, in view of all the burdens the people already are carrying, that the forthcoming appeal should offer them an investment which would appeal to their judgment.

The speaker, who is Assistant Chairman of the Central Liberty Loan Committee of New York, instanced the falling off of previous issues of the loan and said he felt that a bond which would stay at par, one that would carry a fair rate of intetrest, could be absorbed with far less difficulty. He felt, he said, that a bond with a somewhat higher rate of interest would be widely accepted and the burden of the loan would be shifted on to the shoulders of the many instead of being concentrated on those of the few.

Uncertainty After Glass Speech.

Mr. McGarrah's brief discussion of the loan was interpreted by Wall Street men as affirming an understanding current yesterday afternoon that prominent bankers of this and other cities soon would recommend to Secretary Glass that he modify somewhat the attitude expressed in his recent speech when he said he felt sure patriotism would play an effective part in floating the next loan.

There was much uncertainty in financial circles following the speech, in which Mr. Glass indicated that he did not believe the final loan should be offered as a purely business proposition, particularly as financiers differed as to the exact interpretation to be put upon the Secretary's remarks.

The Loan Committee discussed the situation at its meeting last Monday, it was learned yesterday, and it is understood that some concern was expressed over the general understanding of Mr. Glass's meaning, particularly as reports had poured into New York from many out-of-town banks and investment houses of uneasiness over the possibility that the new issue would be offered at too low a rate, the Treasury Department relying upon the continuance of the same spirit which carried the previous Liberty Loans to success while the country was in the midst of war.

The reports of uneasiness in outlying districts were not surprising to New York bankers and bond men, as they themselves have been anxiously awaiting a definite indication of just how the new bonds will be placed on the market. The Secretary's speech provided food for thought, and the financial community needed only the spur of a country-wide expression of opinion to resolve that the new loan should be made more attractive than any of its predecessors.

It has also been generally agreed upon, according to authoritative information, that the new bonds should be of comparatively short maturity and offer a real business inducement to make their oversubscription a wholesale success.

Suggestions of Some Bankers.

In some quarters it has been suggested, and it is not improbable that the point will be embraced in the recommendations which will be placed before the Secretary of the Treasury, that it would be much wiser to make the issue an attractive one to begin with, which will find a ready market, than to have the offering subscribed to in the first rush of the campaign by individuals, and later have to place large blocks of the residue with the large and small banking and investment institutions of the country, causing a heavy drain on their absorptive power and possibly causing so far-reaching an effect as temporarily to curtail and embarrass their banking activity.

Some of the more conservative bankers are not inclined to commit themselves publicly as to their views on what the terms of the new loan should be, but it is understood that an official announcement from Washington that the bonds would pay 5 per cent., would run for ten years, would carry the rediscount privilege at Federal Reserve Banks, and would amount to $5,000,000,000, would be received with a great deal of relief.

In some quarters a higher interest rate has been suggested as necessary, but there have been an equal number of proposals that a lower rate with shorter maturities would prove more efficient.

Mr. Maddox asserted in his speech at the dinner that we are on the crest of a world-wide wave of inflation, but he said the very fact that it is world-wide is a favorable feature, as it will result in a more gradual reduction of wages and prices. He declared no one expects prices and wages to be maintained at the artificial level to which they were raised by the war's demands, now that the war is over, but that a good deal depends upon the fairness and promptness with which the Government settles the contracts for labor and supplies to which it was committed at the time the war ended.

The Great Question at Present.

"The great question now is," said Mr. Maddox, "how can we continue to maintain or increase our foreign business with a credit balance of approximately $500,000,000 in annual interest due to start with, an amount nearly equal to the balance of our foreign trade four years ago? How can we be paid for the goods we hope to export in the future? It would be unwise to add to our already large stock of gold. There are some articles which we now import which we could use in increasing quantities, but there is little hope that this increase will keep pace with our ability to increase our own export products.

"One of the plans suggested is for this country to continue to buy the obligations of the Governments of our debtor countries until our people are educated to buy direct foreign Governments' securities or the securities of well established industrial enterprises in other parts of the world. If we expect to increase or even maintain our foreign business, it is absolutely essential to grant these credits in some form, and we must begin at once some plan to absorb these securities."

Touching on the railroads Mr. Maddox said:

"The operation of the railroads by the Government may have been a war necessity, but the service has not improved. It is a general impression among business men in every section that these railroads should be returned to their owners under proper conditions. With an estimated loss in the operation during the last year of $350,000,000, it cannot be claimed that they have been operated more economically.

"The future of our merchant marine, to my mind, is the most vital question to be solved during the coming year. The small amount of tonnage under the American flag before the war was a disgrace to this country. It remained for the emergency of war to emphasize our pathetic dependence on foreign bottoms and to start the construction of a creditable fleet.

"There has been a great awakening throughout the country as to the importance of ships, and the man now in Omaha is as much impressed with the necessity of a large merchant marine as a resident of California or the Carolinas."

FAVOR TREATY FOR HARBOR.

Joint Commission from New York and New Jersey to Control It.

Scant disapproval of the proposed treaty between New York and New Jersey for joint harbor control found expression yesterday at the public hearing held by the New York-New Jersey Port and Harbor Development Commission in the City Hall. The principal feature of the proposed agreement is the creation of a port authority, a joint commission, made up of three Legislature appointed Commissioners from this State and a like number from New Jersey. The tentative draft of the treaty which was presented for consideration is an amendment of the States' treaty of 1834 fixing and determining the States' rights and obligations in and about the Harbor and Bay of New York. It is specifically stated that at least two of the New York Commissioners shall be residents of New York City.

The treaty provides that no grant of land within the port district shall be made without approval of the port authority, and that any plan for the development of the port shall bear the stamp of its approval. It will also be the duty of the port authority to make plans for port development and from time to time make recommendations for improvement to the Legislatures of the two States. It will also petition the Interstate Commerce Commission, the Public Service Commission or such bodies having jurisdiction, for the execution of physical improvements, changes in methods of transporting or handling freight or to petition on other matters for the public good. Unless the revenues from operations conducted by the port authority are sufficient the Legislatures of the two States will appropriate an equal amount for the sustaining of the port authority. That body will determine salaries to be paid to its staff. It is proposed that for violation of an order of the port authority the offender is guilty of a misdemeaner and subject to a fine of from $10 to $5,000, or imprisonment for not more than a year or by both fine and imprisonment.

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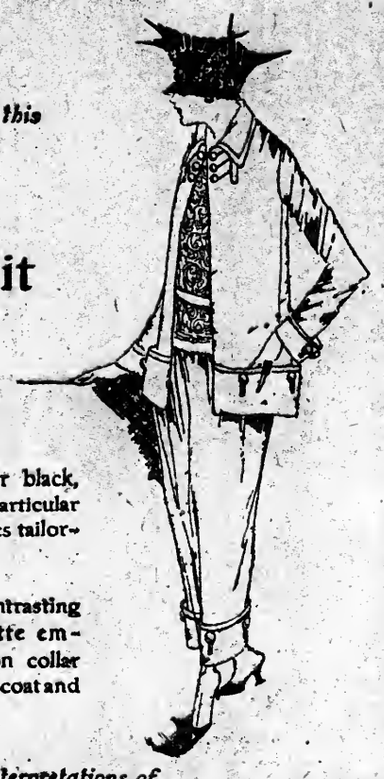

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Fabrics are wool tricotine, gabardine, Poiret twill, Rayonner cloth, whipcord, covert, wool Jersey or fibre silk fabrics, in new Spring shades, including navy or black, also Oxford suitings, pencil stripes or black and white worsted checks.

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Saks & Company Will Hold To-day a

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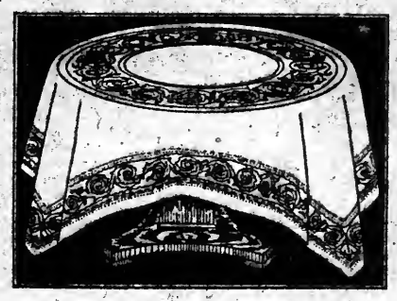

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2½x2½ yards	16.50
2½x3 yards	19.50
2½x3½ yards	22.00
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2½x2½ yards	16.50
2½x3 yards	20.00
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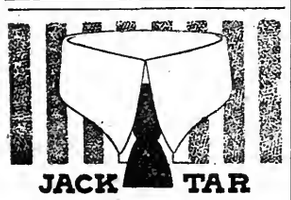

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SENATE VOTES DOWN FOOD RELIEF CURB

Penrose Amendment, Making the Commission Responsible to Congress, Is Beaten.

HOOVER IS AGAIN ASSAILED

Borah Renews Charge of Favors to Packers—Lenroot Deplores Paris "Pomp."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Criticism of President Wilson and Food Administrator Hoover was continued today in the Senate debate on the Administration bill appropriating $100,000,000 for food relief in Europe. The Senate again failed to reach a final vote but the disposition of amendments was begun, and Administration leaders hope to pass the measure tomorrow.

Without a record vote, the Senate rejected the amendment offered by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, providing for distribution of the fund by a commission to be named by the President subject to confirmation by the Senate and to be responsible to Congress.

The amendment by Senator Ashurst of Arizona, authorizing a bonus of sixty days' pay to privates and non-commissioned officers discharged from the army, met a similar fate. Senator Ashurst vainly sought a record vote and said that he would call up the amendment again for final disposition. The Senate this week passed a bill to give one month's pay to enlisted men on demobilization.

Borah Renews Hoover Attack.

Senator Borah of Idaho accused the Administration of "stupendous extravagance" in war expenditures. He urged Congress not to vote appropriations without fully acquainting itself with the necessities, and that mere suggestion by the President was not enough to go upon.

"Let me tell the Republican Party in this Senate," said the Idaho Senator, "that the voters who put the party in power again last November will regret that they did it if the party here surrenders to the same power that once dictated the course of the party."

Mr. Borah referred to the "capitalistic element," represented by a group of five packers, as having arranged with Food Administrator Hoover to work off their surplus stocks through the projected $100,000,000 appropriation.

"Mr. Hoover, as evidence before a Senate committee shows, made this agreement before he went to Europe and before he knew that any of the nations there needed food relief," said Mr. Borah.

The Idaho Senator spoke of the war profits of the five great packing firms as "unconscionable." In 1912 their profits, he said, were $18,715,000; in 1913, $20,217,000, and in 1918 they jumped to $95,639,000.

"How did they get it?" asked Borah. "They got it under the administration of Mr. Hoover, and he is still helping them. And he has transferred the same representatives of the packers to Europe that he had with him in his Food Administration. They are in Europe now, dickering to unload the packers' surplus on Europe.

"The scheme to relieve 'starving' Europe did not originate in Europe. It originated in Chicago."

Senator Knox of Pennsylvania remarked that he would vote for an appropriation of $100,000,000 to feed starving Europe if convinced that it was actually for that purpose, but not to help stabilize the American market for the Chicago packers.

Lenroot Criticises "Pomp."

Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin criticised the President's course in traveling in Europe, but said he would vote for the bill.

"If I may be permitted to say it," he said, "the pomp and ceremony that is daily attending the Peace Conference in Paris, in my judgment, is doing almost as much to speed Bolshevism as food can do to prevent it.

"The occurrences at Buckingham Palace, a short time ago, where dinner plate costing $15,000,000 was used, the ostentatious display and bowing and scraping, the emphasizing of class distinctions over there, I say were most unfortunate at this particular stage of the history of the world. I am sorry that President Wilson when he went to Paris did not stay there and attend to the stupendous work in hand."

Senator McLean of Connecticut urged the passage of the bill approving its humanitarian purpose, and also pronouncing it a good investment to bring peace in Europe. Declaring that some Republican opponents had brought in subjects having no bearing on the issue, Senator McLean said that incompetency by the Administration was no reason for refusing to meet the obligations of America abroad.

Townsend Deplores Peace Delay.

Senator Townsend of Michigan criticised President Wilson, declaring that he was virtually the only American Peace Commissioner, and that he was not informing the country regarding his plans. He said that the President's absence was causing neglect of interests at home and delaying emergency legislation. Deprecating delay at the Peace Conference, he said:

"Nothing has been done except private and secret conferences by separate little groups in Europe. I believe the President ought to finish his business of settling the war with Germany and leave all these other questions to be settled later."

The proposed appropriation, the Senator said, "was a bribe to buy the good behavior of Bolshevism," designed to influence the peoples of small nations represented at the Peace Conference.

Senator Myers of Montana said that Germany eventually would be able to obtain peace terms which she did not deserve, and that "then we will be called upon to vote $100,000,000 or more to feed the starving people of Germany."

"The United States is about to assume the role of a great rich uncle to all the world," he continued. "I am opposed to encouraging revolutionists who think they can destroy government and then appeal to Uncle Sam to feed them."

ASSURES FOOD FOR SWISS.

War Trade Board Completes Agreement for Exports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Arrangements for provisioning the people of the Swiss Confederation, who are said to be on exceedingly short rations, were completed today in an agreement signed by representatives of the War Trade Board, the Swiss Confederation, the Government of France, and the Government of Great Britain.

The board stated that in connection with existing arrangements it is expected that the Swiss will be enabled to obtain a total supply of approximately 800,000 tons of foodstuffs and essential commodities during the ensuing year.

Purchase of the supplies will be under the direction of the Supreme Council of Supply and Relief, the Allied Relief Organization, of which Herbert Hoover is President, although the agreement is declared not to be an integral part of the Supreme Council's relief program.

Specifically the agreement provides that the board will grant licenses for export from the United States to the Swiss of the following commodities up to the amounts indicated:

1. Breadstuff cereals, amounting to 300,000 metric tons, in the following proportions: Wheat, 220,853 tons Rye, 34,333; barley, 44,814.

Other food and feeding stuffs: Oats, 112,000 tons; corn, 137,000; sugar, 96,000; edible fats, 8,000.

This allotment is for the year ending Sept. 30, 1919. Protection against reexportation to the Central Powers is vested in the control of the Société Suisse de Surveillance économique.

DIED IN FAREWELL FLIGHT.

"Hobey" Baker Was on the Eve of Leaving for America.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan 22.—Captain "Hobey" Baker, noted athlete, had been relieved from active service and was about to start on his journey to the United States when he met death in an airplane accident on Dec. 21, according to Lieutenant Edward C. Olds, another Princetonian, who, under date of Dec. 22, wrote friends here from the headquarters of the Second Army as follows:

"I have just returned from Hobey Baker's funeral. It has cast a cloud over the Second Army air service, where he was very well known and liked by officers and men. Knowing how much he has meant in recent years to all Princetonians, I hasten to give you the facts about his death.

"He was to have left last night, Dec. 21, on the 8 o'clock train for Paris on his way home. Forty-five minutes later he was dead. In that time he had motored back to the Toul airdrome, about two miles, and decided to take a final trip in his old speed. However, as luck or fate would have it, there was a ship in the hangar belonging to one of the officers, the engine of which had gone bad a few days ago. It had been repaired, and Captain Baker decided to make his last trip to test out the repaired machine, instead of using his own. He was up only 150 meters when the engine failed."

The writer added that the aviator dropped rapidly, but might have saved his life if he had not tried to go back into the field. There he was crushed to death.

DR. BUTLER LOOKING TO 1920

Most Serious Time in History of the Republic, He Says.

President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University spoke last night at the regular Wednesday meeting of the Manhattan Republican Club, 474 West 141st Street. His topic was to be "The Next Duty of the Republican Party," but owing to the death of Moses M. McKee, leader of the Twenty-first Assembly District and former President of the Club, on Tuesday night, the meeting became a memorial service, and Dr. Butler, with several other members of the club, spoke of Mr. McKee's service to the party and country.

In speaking of the healthy influence of the local politician upon the affairs of the country, Dr. Butler said that all those who banded themselves together to make plans for carrying on the Government were politicians, and he was proud to be called one in that sense. "We are coming to a time," he continued, "that is more serious than any time in the history of the Republic. In the Presidential election of 1920 we shall be called upon to decide the most momentous issue that has come before us since 1860.

"At that time our fathers had to determine whether the Union should remain intact or should dissolve. In 1896 we faced an issue of the greatest importance. It was a matter of sound currency or unsound currency. But a government can get along for a while at least with unsound currency. However, in 1920 we shall have to make a decision as to whether we are to maintain our American form of government, whether we are to develop and progress along the lines laid down by our fathers, or whether we shall overturn the present form of government and try a new and experimental type of State socialism. We know that the Republicans will be on the side of Americanism, and will be the voice of the forward-looking, forward-stepping democracy, for it stands for advance by evolution and not by revolution."

MEXICO WANTS MONEY.

Secretary of Finance Nieto Coming Here to Obtain Loan.

Rafael Nieto, Under Secretary of Finance of the Mexican Government, it was learned yesterday, is on his way to this country for the purpose of negotiating a loan here. There have been reports for some time that Mexican finances were in an unsatisfactory condition and that some new means of financing would doubtless have to be undertaken. It is known that bankers here have been rather unfavorably inclined toward making any advances to Mexico because of the unsettled conditions in that country.

How large a loan the Carranza Government will endeavor to get in this country can only be approximately estimated. The figures talked of in banking circles yesterday were $400,000,000.

FEDERAL WELCOME FOR TROOPS URGED

Independent Citizens' Committee Asks Baker to Name National Greeters.

WANT UNITY OF ACTION

National Body Would Supersede Mayor's Welcome Committee of Which Hearst Is a Member.

An appropriation of $250,000 by the city to aid the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to the Homecoming Troops in carrying out its plans will not cause suspension of the work of the Independent Citizens' Committee, organized as a protest against the membership of William Randolph Hearst on the official Committee, and it was announced yesterday that the independent committee would soon make known its plans for greeting the returning troops as they land here.

Through its Chairman, Charles Stewart Davison, the independent committee yesterday suggested to the Secretary of War that a national committee be formed so that the Mayor's committee here would be superseded. A similar request for the formation of a State committee, made two weeks ago, was ignored. The letter to the Secretary of War was in part as follows:

"I am instructed by the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome of the City of New York, which is composed of over 100 patriotic and civic organizations and of 2,000 individual citizens of New York, to respectfully call to your attention the general subject of the appropriate welcoming of the troops—soldiers, sailors, and marines—returning from foreign service. It has seemed to the committee that the subject was a broader one than would appear to have been recognized, though I doubt not but that you as the head of the War Department have had it in mind, and it may be that the suggestions of this letter have already been under consideration.

"The troops and wounded naturally arrive in a number of ports and in varying numbers and not in the same groups in which they sailed. The leaving of the general subject to local committees, either official or otherwise, does not produce a consistent result—necessarily cannot do so. Without undertaking to delay you with a recital of details, it appears that the subject would be better handled officially by the Federal Government under the auspices of the War Department than in any other manner.

"The suggestion therefore which it is desired to make is that appropriate steps be taken by Congress under your suggestion, through the adoption of a joint resolution, for the appointment of a Federal committee to have charge of and superintend the matter at large with subordinate Federal committees at appropriate localities so that there may be uniformity of action, and that the numberless petty questions which arise and militate against the subject being dealt with with dignity and propriety may be avoided.

"We feel sure that in the future you will look back with the greater satisfaction to the arduous duties of your important office if you can feel that the nation as a whole welcomed its returning troops—as a preliminary step toward providing for their future welfare—which latter matter is now justly regarded as of great importance, and is occupying the attention of many able minds. The troops themselves will be the better satisfied that their future needs are to be carefully, thoroughly, and intelligently cared for and protected if the matter of their welcoming be under the general national auspices and be but the first step in their reincorporation under proper auspices into the general body of citizens."

Announcement of plans of the independent committee for welcoming the 27th Division and other New York troops, as well as the troops of other States, probably will be made later this week after a meeting of the Executive Committee. Minor committees are being formed now to carry out the details of a program of welcome.

WON'T SERVE WITH PELOUZE

Chicago Welcoming Committee Resents Appointment by Mayor.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Because of Mayor Thompson's appointment of his brother-in-law, William Nelson Pelouze, as head of the committee to entertain returning soldiers a committee appointed by the Association of Commerce for a similar purpose has retired in high dudgeon, leaving the Mayor and his brother-in-law a free field. Tag day funds for the entertainment of homecoming soldiers, $120,000, has been turned in to the City Treasurer, a Democrat, for disbursement.

Mr. Pelouze informed members of his Executive Committee today that he thought the entertainment of soldiers last week by the old committee had been too expensive.

Nests of Infection

The drain pipes of toilet, bath-tub and wash-bowl are nesting places and breeding places for germs. They are also depositories for the germs of any malady their users may have.

Regular disinfection of the bath-room is necessary to prevent disease. You cannot rely upon soap and water cleanliness.

Lysol Disinfectant

will make and keep these disease-breeding places Absolutely Germ-Proof, if it is used regularly. For Lysol kills all germ-life instantly.

A 50c bottle makes 5 gallons of powerful disinfectant enough to last for months—a 25c bottle makes 2 gallons.

Get a bottle today. Use the solution frequently in bath-room, sink, garbage can, and in dark, sunless corners. You will then make a better fight against disease than it can make against you.

Lysol is invaluable for Personal Hygiene.

Lysol Toilet Soap
Contains Lysol, and therefore protects the skin from germ infection. It is refreshingly soothing and healing and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he hasn't it, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream
Contains Lysol, and kills germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound), guards the tiny cuts from infection, and gives the antiseptic shave. If your dealer hasn't it, ask him to order a supply for you.

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CONFEREES RESTORE THEATRE TAX OF 10%

Reject Doubling of Rate Lest It Reduce Attendance and Resultant Yield.

15% IMPOSED ON CLUB DUES

Cabarets and Roof Gardens Also to Pay That Levy—Excess Profit Problem Being Solved.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—As a result of thousands of protests, the conferees on the War Revenue bill voted today to restore the 10 per cent. rate of taxation on admission to theatres, moving picture houses, and similar places of amusement. The action was taken in face of opposition by Representative Kitchin of North Carolina and Representative Fordney of Michigan, who wished to retain the 20 per cent. tax which had been tentatively agreed upon.

While the theatre managers thus won a victory, cabarets, roof gardens, and clubs will have to be content with a compromise. The conferees had agreed on a tentative program which called for a 20 per cent. tax in each instance as compared with the present rate of 10 per cent. It was agreed today to fix the rates at 15 per cent.

Several factors were considered today in coming to a readjustment of the theatre tax. To begin with, the conferees were faced with petitions bearing more than 350,000 names which had been obtained at theatres throughout the country. There also were thousands of telegrams and letters from theatrical organizations, theatre managers, and theatregoers.

There was also submitted the plea that many theatres would be threatened with ruin, and the attendance at theatrical performances so reduced by the additional taxation that it was a serious question whether the revenue to the Government would actually be increased.

The House conferees had estimated that the taxes would be increased from $54,000,000 to about $81,000,000 by the proposed 20 per cent. tax. This was predicated on the theory that attendance at theatres would not be greatly reduced by the increase. The Senate conferees were not ready to admit that was the case.

The decision reached today strikes out also the House proposal to increase the tax on boxes held at the opera or theatre to 25 per cent. and restores the rate of 10 per cent. Where tickets are sold at an advanced price, a tax of 10 per cent. is to be paid on any excess not above 50 cents and where the advance is more than 50 cents, a tax of 50 per cent.

In cabarets, roof gardens, and similar places of amusement where a regular admission is not charged the admission fee will be figured as 20 per cent. of the amount paid for refreshment, service, and merchandise.

While the conferees failed to reach a final agreement today on the schedule of war excess profits taxes payable in 1919, it was reported that financial experts were rewriting parts of the title, and that a decision might be arrived at within the next forty-eight hours. It is understood that the rewritten title will supply a compromise between the so-called 80 per cent. on corporations suggested in the House bill and the lower schedule proposed as a substitute by the Senate conferees.

The only official announcement made today was that the conferees had agreed upon certain changes which had to do wholly with "technical and clerical" features of the title, and that definite action on the other parts of the tax schedule as related to war and excess profits taxes had been deferred.

DEPLORES CABLE CENSORING

Dr. E. E. Pratt Charges That It Is Interfering with Trade.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Jan. 22.—Continued censorship of the cables "is working incalculable harm to American commerce," Dr. E. E. Pratt of the Committee of Communications of the Council on Foreign Relations of New York said today in an address before the Chamber of Commerce. Dr. Pratt, who was formerly Chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce, said it was a fair question to put to the highest Government officials "as to exactly why the commerce of the United States should be burdened and restricted by an indiscriminating censorship that assists our competitors and handicaps our own trade."

The whole matter, he said, was shrouded in impenetrable mystery, and that no explanation could be obtained of delays and failures to deliver cables.

"We are told," he said, "that the cable censorship must be continued because the United States has entered into an agreement with the allied nations to keep it in operation until after the signing of the treaty of peace. This agreement, however, does not apply to the use of private codes."

Dr. Pratt said that Secretaries Daniels and Redfield, Postmaster General Burleson, War Trade Board representatives, and other Government officials had recently assured Mark O. Prentiss, manager of the Council of Foreign Relations, that they would do everything in their power to lift the censorship, but that nothing had been done.

THINK THEY HAVE RYAN.

But Federal Authorities Here Doubt Ohio Prisoner Is O'Leary's Counsel.

GALLIPOLIS, Ohio, Jan. 22.—A man believed by the police to be Captain John T. Ryan, former officer in the Spanish-American War, of Buffalo, N. Y., who was counsel for Jeremiah A. O'Leary, now awaiting trial for treason, was arrested here today.

Ryan was indicted in New York City by a Federal Grand Jury as an offender against the espionage and neutrality laws of the United States and for aiding German spies.

The prisoner gave his name as Gerard Crowin Leahy. He denied he was Ryan, or that he was the man wanted by the New York authorities. Leahy, the police say, answers all descriptions sent out for the arrest of Ryan. He is being held in the County Jail awaiting word from New York.

According to the police, Leahy was at one time an attorney in Buffalo, N. Y. He said he was formerly a resident of Brazil, and that he had been working recently in the Government hospital at Nitro, W. Va.

The Federal District Attorney here had received no word yesterday that John T. Ryan, long wanted for alleged treasonable activities and indicted on the charge of treason yesterday, had been arrested at Gallipolis, Ohio. It was stated that all information in possession of the Federal authorities here indicated that Ryan was not in the United States, and doubt was expressed as to whether the Ohio authorities had arrested the right man. He was believed to have fled to Mexico.

Ryan is accused of having aided a German propaganda plot among Irish-Americans in this country.

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The Coward Bunion Shoe has a hollow shaped at the right place to fit over the bunion. It does not touch the sore spot but protects it from chafing or rubbing. The bunion pocket is *shaped*—not merely stretched—and does not show unduly on the outside of the shoe. This member of the Coward shoe family is one of the most popular models we make. Its friendly comfort has endeared it to thousands of our friends who will wear no other shoe.

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PRINCE Albert is geared to a joyhandout standard that just lavishes smokehappiness on every man game enough to make a bee line for a tidy red tin, and, a jimmy pipe—old or new!

Get it straight that what you've hankered for in pipe or cigarette makin's smokes you'll find aplenty in P. A.! It never yet fell short for any other man, and, it'll hand you such smokesatisfaction you'll think it's your birthday every time you fire up! *That's because P. A. has the quality!*

You can't any more make Prince Albert bite your tongue or parch your throat than you can make a horse drink when he's off the water! Bite and parch are cut out by our exclusive patented process!

You just lay back like a regular fellow and puff to beat the cards and wonder why in samhill you didn't nail a section in the P. A. smokepasture longer than you care to remember back!

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold. Toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

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STATE WILL PRESS PHONE RATE FIGHT

New Rates Will Continue in Effect Pending Action by the Courts.

HILL ANALYZES CHARGES

Service Board Chairman Insists That Law Is Violated—Indiana's Governor Assails Burleson.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Until its attorneys prepare the necessary papers in its action requesting a mandamus or injunction restraining the New York Telephone Company from carrying out the orders of Postmaster General Burleson regarding the new schedule of telephone rates, the up-State Public Service Commission will take no further action in the matter. In the meantime the new rates will continue in effect.

Chairman Hill said today that neither the Government nor the telephone company had filed any schedule with the commission showing the new tariff, but the commission firmly believed that the company was violating the present law and would fight the matter to the highest court.

In explaining the increase in rates, which he said varied all the way from 20 to 100 per cent. in the various States, Chairman Hill said that the main features of the old and new rates, in comparison, showed station-to-station messages, person-to-person calls, proposed appointment and messenger rate calls, and night rates. The station-to-station rate, he explained, was the basic rate which had heretofore been called the two-number rate. It meant, he said, that a subscriber was supposed to call by number, but a charge was made if he talked with any one, whether the person wanted or not. Chairman Hill continued:

"The person-to-person call is what we have heretofore described as the 'particular person' call, which means that you talk with the particular person called for and no one else. The minimum rate now proposed for this service is 20 cents for an eighteen-mile service, and if the person desired is not found you are charged a minimum of 10 cents up to a maximum of $2.

"Proposed appointment and messenger rate calls begin at 25 cents for an eighteen-mile service and increase according to distance. The charge is made in addition to the actual charge for a messenger. Under the old rate there was no extra charge for appointments and a uniform charge of 15 cents was made for messenger service.

"The new night rates are for station-to-station calls only, and if a particular person is wanted the full day rate for person-to-person calls is charged.

Makes Comparison of Rates.

"To take a particular instance and assuming that distances will be computed between the same starting points, the following shows a comparison of old and new toll rates between Albany and New York City:

	Old Rate.	New Rate.
Station to station.....Not quoted		$0.90
Person to person.....$0.90		1.10
Appointment.....50		1.35
Report charge.....No charge		.20
8:30 to midnight.....Not quoted		.45
Midnight to 4:30 A. M..Not quoted		.25

"The two last items apply to station to station calls only. If a particular person is called the full day rate for person to person is charged. The public generally has become accustomed to two kinds of toll service, the 'two number' for 'short haul' and the 'particular person' for 'long haul.' In the 'short haul' we have a rate of 5 cents for the first eight miles and 5 cents for each additional eight miles. This two number 'short haul' service has generally been applied only to the 5, 10, and 15 cent rates; that is, points where the traffic is heavy, especially between the larger towns within short distances where the service is speeded up by using the call by number only, and if in any instance the person really wanted is not found the loss is only 5, 10, or 15 cents, and in most cases some one is found to do business with.

"In the case of 'long haul' traffic, where the charge is greater, running from 25 cents to several dollars, people want to make sure that they are going to talk with the person they want; so it has become the practice to make all this longer haul traffic on the 'particular person' basis, and if the person is not found no charge is made.

"In the new order of things the Postmaster General puts in a 'two number' rate extending to all distances. This is exactly the same as the old 'particular person' rate, except for the first four steps, where the charge is 5 cents for the first six miles, 10 cents for the second six miles, 15 cents for the third six miles, 20 cents for the fourth six miles, and then follows the old step of 5 cents for each eight miles additional. This has the effect of making a slightly higher rate for a less satisfactory service in the short haul.

"A considerable increased rate is charged for all of the 'long haul' business under the 'particular person' basis, and on top of this a charge is made for using the wires, even though the person called for is not found and no conversation is held. This 'report charge' was tried out many years ago and abandoned by the corporations because it caused so much irritation. People do not like to pay something for what they consider nothing.

"Under the old rates an appointment might be made without extra charge for two reasons to talk at a certain time. Under the new scheme an extra charge is made for this kind of service, which is considerably above the new 'particular person' rate. This extra charge is also applied where it is necessary to call a non-subscriber by messenger, plus the actual messenger fee. The old rates made no extra charge for calling non-subscribers to the telephone, but made a uniform charge of 15 cents for the messenger service.

"The night rates give a 50 per cent. cut between 8:30 P. M. and midnight and a 75 per cent. cut between midnight and 4:30 A. M. A good deal has been made of this in the newspaper reports, but the public will be disappointed when it finds that it must use the 'two number' basis to get the benefit of this reduction, and if a 'particular person' is sought must pay full day rate. We cannot expect that the night rates will be used for business purposes, and only to a limited extent for social purposes. Night rates at half the day rate were tried out by the corporations many years ago and abandoned as unprofitable."

Government Control Attacked.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 22.—Governor James P. Goodrich of Indiana today placed the resources of his office back of the fight of the Indiana Public Service Commission against the new long-distance telephone rates ordered by Postmaster General Burleson. After a conference with the Commissioners and representatives of the department of the Attorney General of Indiana, Governor Goodrich issued a statement in which he criticised Government control of wire communication systems and Postmaster General Burleson's action. The statement concluded:

"The country, at least the great central part of it, as evidenced by the interest neighboring States are taking in the matter, demands there be an end to advancing either personal or political plans for nationalization of utilities under the guise of war measures, and also an end to deception of various kinds of which Mr. Burleson's is a fine example."

The new rates are not being collected in Indiana because of a temporary restraining order issued by Judge A. B. Anderson of the United States District Court.

Vermont Opposes Federal Control.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Jan. 22.—The Public Service Commission today went on record as opposed to continuance of Federal operation of railroad, telephone and telegraph systems and to Federal regulations fixing intrastate rates for service on such systems.

Opposition by Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Jan. 22.—The Pennsylvania Public Service Commission last night ordered counsel to proceed against telephone companies which have advanced rates by order of the Postmaster General. The action will be either in the courts or before the commission. The proceedings will be started within a few days and will be of a sweeping character.

MANY ADVANCES IN RATES.

High Percentage of Increases in "Person-to-Person" Charges.

The contention of the Public Service Commission for the Second District of New York that Postmaster General Burleson's so-called reduction in telephone rates really constitutes a steep increase in the cost of communication for the business man was further supported yesterday by an analysis of long-distance tolls. Twenty-three long-distance toll rates from all points of the country, figured on a table of computation furnished by the telephone company, disclosed nineteen points where the rates have been advanced, one where no change one way or the other was made, and three where decreases, small in comparison to the increases, were effected.

Although on the face of the figures supplied from the office of Mr. Burleson the cuts in station-to-station rates would on cursory examination give the impression of great economies, the high percentages of the increases in the person-to-person rate, "particular person," calls as they are termed, will strike directly and hard at business.

"On the station-to-station rate, if you call a firm in Chicago, get it, and then ask for a particular person, but find he is out, you have to pay for the call," said a telephone official yesterday. "On the other hand, if you put in a call for Mr. So and So of the Chicago firm, and inquiry establishes that he is not at the office, no charge is made. For this reason, practically all firms use the person-to-person call, and under the new rates, unless one wishes to take the chance of paying for a call that doesn't accomplish its purpose, firms will have to pay the increased person-to-person rate."

The following table indicates just what the new system of the Postmaster General will mean to large users of the telephone:

LONG DISTANCE.
Computed on calls originating in Manhattan Zone No. 1.

	New Rates. Station to Station Rate. Day.	Night.	Person to Person Rate. Day & Night.	Old Rates. Full Service.	*Increases.
Akron	2.70	.68	3.36	2.25	.23
Albany	.90	.25	1.18	.90	.13
Atlantic City	.70	.25	.85	.70	.15
Atlanta	4.75	1.19	5.94	5.25	.69
Baltimore	1.15	.29	1.44	1.00	.44
Boston	1.25	.32	1.57	1.25	.32
Buffalo	1.90	.48	2.38	1.90	.48
Chicago	4.65	1.17	5.82	5.00	.82
Cincinnati	3.80	.95	4.75	4.00	.75
Cleveland	2.70	.68	3.38	3.25	.13
Dayton, Ohio	3.45	.86	4.31	4.00	.31
Indianapolis	4.15	1.04	5.19	4.50	.69
Kansas City	7.05	1.76	8.81	7.25	1.56
Pittsburgh	2.00	.50	2.50	2.50	
Providence, R. I.	1.05	.25	1.26	1.00	.26
Rochester	1.70	.43	2.13	1.70	.43
San Francisco	16.50	2.63	20.65	18.50	2.15
Washington	1.40	.35	1.75	1.25	.50
Wilmington, Del.	.75	.25	.94	.75	.19
Worcester, Mass.	1.06	.28	1.31	1.00	.31
					Decreases.
Detroit	3.15	.79	3.94	4.00	.06
Philadelphia	.65	.25	.69	.75	.06
Youngstown, Ohio	2.25	.67	2.82	3.25	.43

*This is the increase in cost of person-to-person rates over the old rate for full service. Decreases also are on that basis. Suburban rates, figured on the method used in the foregoing, all showed decreases.

6,392 TROOPS BACK; SAW MUCH SERVICE

Transports Manchuria and Cretic Arrive Here from France.

MANY HAVE SEVERE WOUNDS

Friends of 55th U. S. Coast Artillery Come from Boston to Welcome Unit Home.

Two transports arrived yesterday from France, the American steamship Manchuria and the British steamship Cretic, and brought a total of 6,392 troops, which included a good percentage of sick and wounded.

The Cretic brought back the 55th United States Coast Artillery, who were mostly from Boston, and many of their friends were at the White Star pier and others went down the Bay on the police boat Patrol to welcome their boys home. The regiment was commanded by Colonel John I. Roberts, formerly an officer in the old 7th of New York. In addition to the artillerymen, the Cretic had 210 wounded on board, of whom 52 were stretcher cases, and had to be carried to the transfer steamboat Shinnecock, which conveyed them to the General Debarkation Hospital at Ellis Island.

Many of the wounded belonged to the 7th, 12th, 23d, 47th, 71st, and some from Squadron A, all of the 27th Division, and the majority of them have their homes in New York or Brooklyn. Some of the men who lined the rail of the Cretic as she was hauled into Pier 59 were without a leg, an arm, or an eye, but they were all happy and glad to get back home.

A good example of the gallant National Guardsmen of New York was Corporal John McClave Granger of the 107th Regiment, who lived at 535 West 185th Street before the war. He is a grandson of the late John McClave, at one time Police Commissioner of New York City. The Corporal lost one of his limbs at St. Quentin in the attack on the Hindenburg line on Sept. 26, but did not seem to worry about it yesterday when he was chatting on deck with the reporters.

"I was busy cutting the German barbed wires," he said, "when a shell dropped and took off my left leg and broke the other one. Private Chauncey Entrett of Ogdensburg rushed up to me with a stretcher, but just then a second shell came and smashed his left leg, so that he was nearly as helpless as I was myself. Four German prisoners were ordered to carry us to the nearest field hospital, and by that time I was nearly exhausted from the loss of blood. The surgeon asked if any one would volunteer to let me have a little blood to save my life, and Private P. J. Chinock of the 11th Australian Ambulance Corps, a bronzed and brawny six-footer, rolled back his khaki sleeves and told the surgeon to go to it. Nearly a quart of blood from the boy's arm was transfused into me, and it saved my life. I have written to him several times and thanked him, but that does not mean so very much."

Secretary Baker's Brother Returns.

Another passenger on board the Celtic was Major Frank A. Baker, a brother of the Secretary of War, who had been stationed with the Headquarters of the Quartermaster's Department at Tours. He admitted that the camp at Brest was bad, but said that the army was doing its best in the haste to rush the troops back home.

The transport Manchuria had 4,557 troops on board, which included the 115th and 117th Field Artillery, Headquarters of the 55th Artillery Brigade, the 106th Ammunition Train, Headquarters of the 53d Infantry Brigade, training cadres from the 31st Division, and 956 sick and wounded. All the artillery are of the 31st Division, and the men hail chiefly from Florida, Alabama, and Georgia. Many of the wounded wear the French War Cross and Distinguished Conduct medals for bravery on the battle field.

There were two deaths from pneumonia on the voyage home—Sergeant William J. Phillips of the Headquarters Company of the 55th, whose home was at Tamaqua, Penn., and Private Frederick G. Guyette of the 55th, from Wisconsin.

Despite the fact that the 55th Artillery Regiment saw heavy fighting and fired 32,678 rounds of ammunition, its losses were surprisingly small. Only 13 men were killed, 18 died of disease, and there were 61 wounded who did not die during its campaign. It was assigned to the First Army, and was part of the 31st Heavy Artillery Brigade, of which the 96th is from Connecticut and the 67th from New York. The regiment, then in command of Colonel James F. Howell, sailed from New York on the Mauretania in March of last year, trained at Clermond-Farrano Training Camp in France, and came to the battle front at the "crucial hour of the Allies' cause," according to the regiment's historian, who was among the returned soldiers. They were cited by both the French and the American commanding officers.

Lieutenant Paul E. Boomer of Beaver Dam, Wis., of the 12th Machine Gun Battery, was gassed on Oct. 9 and hit with seven shrapnel bullets in the St. Mihiel front when he rescued a French officer lying helpless about 150 yards out in No Man's Land under a heavy machine gun fire. In spite of his wounds, Boomer managed to get the French officer back into the American lines, for which he was cited twice and given the Croix de Guerre.

Another wounded officer was Lieutenant Earl P. Sherry of St. Louis, attached to the 77th Field Artillery and later to the 32d Mortar Battery, who has fought on all fronts in France and Flanders and was wounded in the cheek by a high-explosive bullet, which tore out the roof of his mouth. He was eleven hours in the ambulance before the stretcher bearers, because of the continuous heavy firing from the enemy's big guns, could get him to the field hospital.

Second Lieut. F. V. Collins of Company I, 7th Infantry, said that in four weeks of fighting in the Argonne his regiment lost 33 officers and 85 per cent. of its men in casualties. "We are coming back 35 men to the company," he added.

Sputh Dakota Holds Up Express Rates.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 22.—The State Supreme Court, today in a temporary injunction enjoined the American Railway Express Company from putting into effect new express rates ordered by the Director General of Railroads.

SOLDIERS HELD IN COURT.

Accused by Tailor of Robbing Him, Assisted by Civilian.

John Huetenin, 50 years old, a tailor, says he was returning to his home at 615 Third Avenue Tuesday night and was about to open the front door when two men said to be soldiers entered the vestibule, followed by a third man, who appeared to be a civilian. He said he called for help twice, and was about to call a third time when he was struck on the head and lost consciousness. Patrolman George Gill of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station corroborated the story to the extent of having seen three men run out of the vestibule. When he drew his revolver the men stopped and were locked up, charged with robbery.

When arraigned in the Yorkville Court yesterday they gave their names as George Williams, 20 years old, of 2,480 Carleton Avenue, Brooklyn; John Murray, 22 years old, of 50 Gouverneur Street, and John Lee, 27 years old, of the same address. Both Lee and Murray were in uniform, and both had overseas stripes on their arms. They were held in $1,500 bail each for the Grand Jury. Magistrate Douras said to the men in uniform:

"Almost every one looks with leniency on a uniform, and there are a lot of soldiers who have been mustered out going around in their military clothes as camouflage and committing crimes of various kinds. This should be stopped."

AMERICAN FOUND MURDERED

Policeman, Probably of the Army, Killed at Tours, France.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The body of an American policeman was found today near the railroad at Tournus, in the Department of Saône-et-Loire.

Wounds on the head indicated that he had been murdered.

"American policeman" in the Paris dispatch probably means a member of the military police of the American Army.

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A striking picture of German prisoners under the guard of American soldiers getting material in a French quarry for the construction of roads, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times, next Sunday.—Advt.

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From Paul Thompson.

Creel

From the instant George Creel was appointed by President Wilson as "Censor" and chief of American propaganda he has been the subject of bitter and constant attack. Whatever you think of Creel, the storm of disapproval he has aroused is proof of activity on his part. However he may have done it the task he was given to do is one of the biggest and most important ever asked of an American citizen.

Everybody's Magazine has lifted the curtain and makes public the story of what Creel's department did in the war—told by George Creel himself.

"America's Fight for World Opinion," by Mr. Creel in the February *Everybody's*, is an amazing disclosure of the scope and intensity of America's propaganda in every country in the world.

Creel tells how the truth was at last made to penetrate into Germany; how countless thousands of circulars were dropped on German territory from the sky; how the German grip on the moving picture industry of neutral countries was broken; how Italians in America choked the cables in a successful attempt to bring back the Italian morale after the Caporetta disaster; how Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, despite raids on her headquarters and every other kind of attack, by indomitable courage and great ability changed the public opinion of an entire nation.

Creel tells the whole story of America's world-wide propaganda; how it was done and what was accomplished. It is the first of a series of three articles written by Mr. Creel for *Everybody's*, and it is a narrative to be read with unabated interest by every American. Do not miss it in the February *Everybody's* now on sale.

Everybody's Magazine

February Issue Now On Sale

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No "caffeine" in POSTUM
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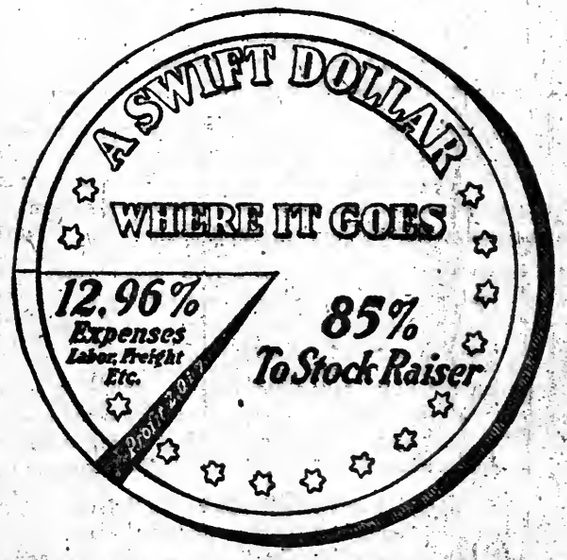
The Swift Dollar for 1918



The above diagram shows the distribution of the average Swift dollar received from sales of beef, pork and mutton, and their by-products, during 1918.

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DECLARES BURLESON UNDERMINED POSTAL

Reynolds Says Employes Were Allowed to Enroll in Organization of Rival.

CONTRADICTED BY LAMAR

Solicitor Accuses Dismissed Official of Duplicity—Angry Altercations at Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The accusation that Postmaster General Burleson authorized the enrollment of Postal Telegraph and Cable Company employes in an organization or Western Union employes, thereby destroying the morale of the Postal forces, was made today to the House Committee on Postoffices by Edward Reynolds, who was dismissed by Mr. Burleson from the post of Vice President and General Manager of the Postal system.

Solicitor William H. Lamar of the Postoffice Department, denied the charge, saying that Mr. Burleson was not concerned about the organizations the employes belonged to, but was determined to retain to himself the right of settling wage disputes without being coerced by the labor bodies.

The acrimony between the Postoffice Department and the Postal Company and between certain of the committee members themselves was again apparent today in the hearing. Judge Moon, Chairman of the committee and author of the bill to extend the period of Federal control over the wires, withdrew the charge of "treason" he yesterday laid against Mr. Reynolds on the ground that the telegraph company official had not supported Mr. Burleson's steps in taking over the wires.

Representative McKinley of Illinois launched an independent move against the Postmaster General by introducing a resolution demanding that as Mr. Burleson is holding the wires "only to his own will and pleasure," and has raised rates until they are "burdensome, onerous, and unjust," both matters should be investigated by a Congressional special committee.

Reynolds Accuses Burleson.

The accusation that Mr. Burleson allowed the Western Union employes to enroll Postal men was made when Mr. Reynolds stated:

"About Aug. 1 the Postmaster General issued an order authorizing the enrollment of Postal employes in the Western Union employes' organization that could result in nothing but the breaking down of the morale of our men."

"There was no such order," interrupted Judge Lamar.

"The officers of that association," continued Mr. Reynolds, "came here and were authorized to enroll our men. They went to New York and did not see me, but went to one of our subordinate heads with their proposal and took him out to lunch."

By this time Judge Lamar and Mr. Reynolds were constantly interrupting each other. The Post Office Department, Solicitor was insisting that the only interest the Postmaster General had in labor matters was that he should handle the wage settlements and not be dictated to by labor organizations.

Mr. Reynolds recited an instance in which he said there was an endeavor by Western Union employes in New Orleans to enroll Postal men.

"I wrote to the Postmaster General," he said, "that this was an impossible situation. But he never acknowledged the letter. Later I heard from one of our men that a Western Union employe told him there would be no Postal employes and he had better 'get on the band-wagon' and join the organization. I wrote that, too, to the Postmaster General, but got no answer."

The witness charged that a "horde of Western Union secret service men" had been going through Postal offices, "sowing the seeds of fear among our men to break down their morale."

"The labor men tried to do the same thing when the wires were taken over. I mention here the Konenkamp letters, recently offered in evidence," said Judge Lamar, who asked Mr. Reynolds if he had any proof that the Post Office Department was trying to "undermine" the Mackay companies.

"It's very hard to define, but I know what's in the men's minds, and my dismissal emphasized their fear," was the answer.

Duplicity, Lamar Asserts.

"Did you think," asked Judge Lamar, "you could continue your duplicity and continue in the service of the Government?"

Mr. Reynolds spoke of "underground" methods, and Judge Lamar hurried to characterize this allegation as "unjustified, unwarranted, and untrue." He said he knew what the Wire Committee had been doing, and that nothing such as Mr. Reynolds alleged had been done.

"Your conduct in regard to the letter you wrote, first suggesting changes and later protesting against aiding the Government, shows that the Post Office Department made no mistake in not consulting you," Solicitor Lamar declared.

Mr. Reynolds contended that to the Mackay companies was due pay, not alone for the physical value of the property, but for the good will. He reiterated the Postal's contention that the Western Union has received more in compensation from the Government than it earned last year.

On motion of Judge Moon, Judge Lamar, who was present all day, took up the questions, asking:

"You say you were dismissed Dec. 1 by the Postmaster General. Did you not talk with him before that and make recommendations?"

"I think I did the listening, he made a stump speech," answered Mr. Reynolds.

There was an altercation between witness and examiner in which some members took the side of Mr. Reynolds and some that of Judge Lamar, who later took the stand and who was asked by Representative Azera of Massachusetts if the telegraph operators' strike impending last Summer had anything to do with the seizure of the wires. Judge Lamar said no.

"There is no basis for any charge that the Postmaster General had not kept faith with labor; he made no promises," said Judge Lamar later on in the day.

The Solicitor introduced a witness from the statistical department of the Interstate Commerce Commission to prove that the subsidiaries of the MacKay companies had sworn to their actual value, and not their "nominal" as Mr. Reynolds said yesterday. Mr. Reynolds stuck to his contention.

Would Drop Girl Bellhops Now.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—A movement to displace girl "bellhops" in hotels which employed them because of the war labor shortage was begun today by A. B. T. Moore, National Secretary of the Gideons. Acting on a resolution adopted at a recent meeting of the Executive Committee of the organization, Mr. Moore today addressed a letter to the American Hotel Men's Protective Association, pointing out that the necessity for intensive use of female help has passed and urging that the girl "buttons" be released from these positions, which, he said, subjects them to improper moral influences.

Norfolk Freight Handlers Strike.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 22.—Under orders of the local council of the International Longshoremen's Association, freight handlers employed by local railroads and add to number 2,700 went on strike today for higher wages. Waterfront workers were not included in the strike order.

HEROES RECOGNIZED BY CARNEGIE BOARD

Large Money Grants Besides Medals Awarded for Bravery —Some Go to New Yorkers.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 22.—At the fifteenth annual meeting of the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission today, thirty-one acts of heroism were recognized. In seven cases silver medals were awarded, and in twenty-four cases bronze medals. Money grants accompanied the medals in every case. Fifteen of the heroes lost their lives, and to the dependents of ten of these pensions aggregating $7,320 a year were granted. To the dependents of four others who lost their lives the sum of $1,250 was granted to be applied as the commission may sanction. In addition to these money grants, in four cases, $5,200 was appropriated for educational purposes, and in twelve cases awards aggregating $10,000 were made for other worthy purposes. Among the awards were the following:

John Waechter, 511 Bloomfield Street, Hoboken, N. J., bronze medal and $1,000 for a worthy purpose as needed. Wachter, a pipe fitter, aged 31, helped to save Richard Caffrey, a packer, aged 40, from drowning at Troy, N. Y., on Feb. 10.

Robert W. Paxton, 230 Stowe Avenue, Troy, N. Y., bronze medal and $1,000 for a worthy purpose as needed. Paxton, a carpenter, aged 40, helped Wachter save Caffrey, at the risk of his own life.

Frank Pugliese, deceased, of Schenectady, N. Y., silver medal to the widow and death benefits at the rate of $30 a month, with $5 a month additional on account of each of six children. Pugliese, aged 30, a crossing flagman, died attempting to save Douglas P. and W. Archibald R. Bryant, aged 5 and 9, respectively, from being killed by a train at Schenectady on June 12.

Albert A. Schmitt, deceased, of Buffalo, N. Y., bronze medal and $250 to father. Schmitt was a tiler, aged 21, when he died attempting to save Gertrude E. Wiley, aged 17, from drowning at Albany, N. Y., on May 29, 1917.

Daniel M. Parvis, deceased, 264 Elm Street, Albany, N. Y., bronze medal and $250 to father. Parvis, aged 18, a clerk, also died in attempting to save Miss Wiley.

Dorothy E. Goff, 28 Stanley Street, Mount Morris, N. Y., bronze medal and $1,600 for educational purposes. Miss Goff, a student, aged 16, saved Fern C. Johnston, aged 14, and helped to save M. Elizabeth Winters, aged 18, from downing at Mount Morris, on July 23, 1918.

New Telephone Toll Rates

Effective January 21, 1919

In accordance with the order of the Postmaster General, dated December 13, 1918, new schedules of rates for telephone toll calls (to points outside the local service area) under which all toll calls throughout the United States are placed on a uniform basis, become effective 12:01 a. m., January 21, 1919.

Under these new schedules the "station to station" rate is the base rate upon which all rates for the various classes of service offered, are computed. This rate is determined by the air line distance between toll points and is computed, for the initial period, on the basis of 5c. for each 6 miles up to 24 miles and 5c. for each 8 miles beyond that distance.

For toll calls where the calling party does not specify a particular person to be reached at the called telephone, the **"station to station" rate** is charged. **This method provides the cheapest and quickest form of telephone toll service.**

"Station to station" calls must be made as far as possible by giving the telephone number of the called telephone. Where the number is not known and telephone directory information is not available, the number should be obtained from "Information," or if the called telephone is at a distant point, the name and address of the called subscriber should be given to the toll operator.

For toll calls where the calling party specifies a particular person to be reached at the called telephone and the connection is established and conversation held with that person, the **"person to person" rate** is charged. As this service requires a greater amount of operating effort, the rate for such calls is about one-fourth greater than the "station to station" rate. (Minimum "person to person" rate 20c.)

For toll calls on a "person to person" basis, where the calling party, in placing the call, designates a definite time at which he will talk and the conversation is held, the **"appointment" rate** is charged. As this service involves the making of the appointment in addition to the operating effort necessary for a "person to person" call, the "appointment" rate is about one-half greater than the "station to station" rate. (Minimum "appointment" rate 25c.)

For toll calls made on a "person to person" basis where messenger service is required to secure attendance of the designated person at the called telephone, the **"messenger call" rate** applies. This rate is the same as the "appointment" rate, plus any necessary charge for messenger service. (Minimum "messenger call" rate 25c.)

In connection with all toll calls other than those made on a "station to station" basis where the connection is established but the conversation is not held, because of any reason beyond the control of the telephone company a **"report charge"** is made equivalent to about one-fourth of the "station to station" rate. (Minimum "report charge" 10c., maximum $2.00.)

Reduced rates, **applying only to calls made on a "station to station" basis** are quoted for toll service between the hours of 8:30 p. m. and 4:30 a. m. The rate between 8:30 p. m. and 12 midnight is about one-half the "station to station" day rate, and between 12 midnight and 4:30 a. m. about one-fourth the "station to station" day rate. The minimum night rate is 25c. Where the "station to station" day rate is 25c. or less no reduction is made for night service.

For the purpose of applying reduced rates, for evening and night "station to station" service, the time of day at the calling point is used.

Day rates apply on all calls other than those made on a "station to station" basis, whether they are made during the day, evening, or night.

This does not change the rates for, or the handling of, calls within the local service area, or within the City of New York.

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RUSSIAN ECONOMIC LEAGUE

The Russian Economic League, founded by Russian business men at present living in New York, learns from newspaper reports with deep feeling of anguish and regret of the proposal to admit to the Peace Conference as representatives of Russia the agents of the so-called Bolshevist "Government."

Such an act of unfriendliness towards all loyal and true to the Allies elements of the Russian people, can be explained in two ways only: either by a monstrous misunderstanding; or by an intentional unwillingness on the part of the authors of this proposal even in some future time to see Russia great again, united and free, instead of divided, weakened and deprived of significance and a worthy voice among the nations of the world.

The League indignantly rejects the thought even of the possibility of this last explanation being the true one and can only adhere to the first one, namely an astounding ignorance of the world's public opinion as to the real nature of Russian Bolshevism.

The League finds it necessary first of all to point out the significant fact that all such persons as come forward with praise to Bolshevist ideas, invariably start with the emphatic assurance that they themselves are not Bolsheviks.

This phenomena of course has its roots either in the desire to emphasize their supposed disinterestedness or in the tacit avowal of exceptional baseness combined with that Bolshevism which for other reasons the advocates of Bolshevism are eager to exculpate and to exalt.

In Bolshevism it is necessary to distinguish two different sides; firstly, phraseology and secondly, an indescribably abominable practice.

There is no denying the exceptional talents of the leaders of Bolshevism in phraseology. Having been for scores of years put aside from practical work by the Russian Imperial Government, the Russian revolutionary workers have to an extraordinary degree developed their faculties in the use of speech.

The building up of theoretical schemes of universal happiness on earth, although these schemes absolutely disagree with the real conditions of life and actually contradict them, being at the same time, however, of extraordinary beauty and enticement, is no doubt one of the foremost qualities of the Russian Bolshevik theorists.

It cannot be denied that some of them believe in the utopia they themselves have created. Even more, their almost religious belief in their own doctrines has led them into the abyss of moral degradation, in which they have fallen, dragging down with them our entire great country.

The trouble was, when they reached a position making it practically possible for them to realize their ideals, they encountered the fact that actually all the educated classes in Russia were in the camp of their adversaries.

They, however, did not for a moment doubt the righteousness of their theoretical inventions and did not hesitate to quiet their conscience with the accusation of the Russian intelligent classes, in what they said was egotism of class and to begin to make Russia happy on the Bolshevist plan, *against the will of the majority.*

This first deal with conscience was the beginning of the moral downfall of Bolshevism.

Encountering the firm refusal of the educated class of Russia to abet communistic experimentalizing, they could do nothing else, but begin speculating on the very lowest instincts of the population, and to seek the support of the scum of the people, of everything morally weak, or even openly criminal.

In fact the ranks of Bolshevism and its camouflage, the Soviets, did not only include in corpore the whole of the so-called "black hundred" and the hideous agents of political research, but all such people as had an irresistible desire for a fat living without the corresponding work and talents, all who had long ago lost their conscience.

Among this gang, composed of the scum of human society, the Bolshevist theorists entirely disappear. It is left to them to write fly leafs, which are styled decrees of the Russian Government, but which are put into practice only inasmuch as they serve to sanctify the beastly appetites of the Bolshevist masses.

This literature of decrees, as well as the diplomatic overtures of the Bolsheviks serve only for catching the simple minded foreigners who cannot grasp the idea that anybody could go so far in prostituting human thoughts and words as is done by the Bolshevik leaders.

The practical work of the Bolsheviks, as it appears in Russia, is done not by them but by more "businesslike" elements of the Bolshevist party.

The theorists bluff the world with the highness of their ideals and the practitioners in the meantime organize the All-Russian gangs of thieves and robbers.

The theorists in their irresistible thirst for power try to build the ideological fundament under the destructive work they do in order to satisfy their political ambitions and the practitioners under the banging of highly socialistic and "democratic" watch words build up from their lines a new class of bourgeoisie only one having for basis of its riches not labor and talent, but the most openfaced robbery.

There is some reason for the singular new "sport on sables," which has spread in places where the Bolshevist Government has been liquidated. The population of these places makes a regular occupation of systematic shooting of the fleeing Bolsheviks, explaining this sport by the words that it is more profitable to kill a Bolshevik than a sable, as unfailingly he has on his person not less than 10,000 to 20,000 roubles and sometimes much more.

The public opinion of the world, fascinated as it is by the revolutionary phraseology of the Bolshevist theorists, is not inclined to heed the lessons of history. The phenomenon of Bolshevism, such as it really is and not such as it is depicted by the theorists, is not new to the world. Towards the end of the French revolution and before the coming of Napoleon, France was likewise infected by gangs of robbers and these gangs also hid themselves behind the banners of beautified politics. The only difference is that the French Bolsheviks did not have talented organizers uniting their forces and justifying in theory robbery and violence. France brought forth not a Trotsky but a Napoleon.

In spite of all the high flowing revolutionary phrases or rather under their roar, the Russian people have been so much "liberated" from all rights, not only political ones, but the very elementary human rights, that with good reason they begin to recall to memory even the Czar's regime as something that is worthy of envy and regret, as a lost paradise.

It needs only a slight impulse to see Russia drop back into the most violent reaction.

The Russian Economic League cannot of course make so light of historical events as to satisfy itself with an explanation that a licentious mob composed of the scum of the town populations has found leaders and ideologists full of temper and talent.

There can be no denial that the causes of sympathies for Bolshevism root much deeper than this in the great mistakes and even crimes of the bourgeois order of things (not being, however, connected with the nature of it) in its lack of care for the lower classes, and finally in the cruel sufferings brought on by the war in the perversion of human psychology, in the taste for atrocities raised by the war in the masses and, in their belief, in the efficacy of violent methods.

The masses have been attracted to Bolshevism as the representative of the most radical turn of human thought, hoping to escape from the distressing reality into the realm of ultra-revolutionary dreams.

There is no doubt, however, that the happiness of humanity cannot be attained by idling and destroying, but only by constructive activity, by incentives to and development of labor, talents, creative genius and initiative.

The Russian Economic League steadfastly keeps in remembrance the promise of President Wilson to stand by Russia.

Awaiting when and how this help will take form, the Russian Economic League cannot but loudly give expression to its sentiment that it could not even imagine that help to Russia could take the form of admitting the theorists of Bolshevism to the world's tribune, from which to preach their corrupting lies, and of allowing the practitioners of Bolshevism "a breathing space" for the further strengthening of their "organization."

The Russian Economic League cannot forget that as attested by the most authoritative observers of Russian life, who personally took part in the heroic struggle with the Bolsheviks and the Germans, a military force of ten to twenty thousand disciplined and suitably provided men would have sufficed to take Moscow last summer, and that the same object now requires over 150,000 men.

The Russian Economic League considers it its civic duty to the Allies once more to remind them of the handwriting on the wall: *Russian Bolshevism is a danger to the civilization of the world.*

The experience of the Russian political parties who tried to treat Bolshevism as a certain kind of honest political creed, which can be made compromises with and can be opposed by parliamentary means, has, in the opinion of the Russian Economic League, shown only too clearly by the tragic end of the Russian Empire that Bolshevism cannot exist at the same time as civilization and democratic ideals.

For Russia the last days are nearing when the help of the world's democracies may still be able to save for her the idea of democracy.

Russia, by the efforts of the Bolsheviks, is already brought to the threshold of the most sweeping reaction, and, following upon this, of such international combinations, which will essentially oppose and menace the interests of really democratic nations.

RUSSIAN ECONOMIC LEAGUE

ALEXANDER W. BEHR, Acting President.

W. N. Bashkiroff,
A. A. Boublikoff
E. L. Ljubovitch
S. S. Novoseloff
B. N. Samoilenko
} Vice-Presidents

REPORTED CASUALTIES TOTAL 217,872

353 Named in Latest Army Lists Include 209 Dead and 7 Missing

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contained 353 names, bringing the total for the army up to 212,141.

No Marine Corps casualty list was issued, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,731. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 217,872.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 43 killed in action, 44 died of wounds, 12 died of accident, 108 died of disease, 137 severely wounded, and 17 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 22.	Total.
Killed in action	30,114	45	30,159
Lost at sea	732		732
Died of wounds	12,652	44	12,696
Died of accident	2,579	12	2,591
Died of disease	18,202	108	18,310
Total	64,279	209	64,488
Wounded	134,102	137	134,239
Missing	13,407	7	13,414
Total	211,788	353	212,141

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WI) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mech. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

BERGVIST, SET. H., 131 Engert Av., Brooklyn.....(DW)
BRAY, JOHN H., 418 E. 80th St.....(MA)
CHRESTIN, C., 3A 2d Place, B'klyn...(WS)
FAVARO, PANTELEO, 811 V. Nose Av.(WS)
FRANK, JOS., 847 E. 22d St.—Corp.(DA)
ISRAEL, I., 280 Keap St., Brooklyn..(DW)
KEITH, ELISHA R., 33 W. 67th St.....(DD)
LOWENSTERN, E., 341 St. Ann's Av.(KA)
MARECHAL, N. W. V., 325 E. 90th St..(DW)
POWELL, J., 337 Lafayette St., B'klyn.(KA)
PETERSON, I., 5,303 6th Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(KA)
REITER, G. S., 371 Marion St., B'klyn.(WS)
SCHROEDER, F. F., 432 W 42d St....(WS)
SEEDORFF, H., Jr., 121 Dewey Av., Jamaica.....(WS)
SHAW, A., 2 Willard Av., Jamaica....(DD)
STARK, NICHOLAS, 1,202 Av.....(DD)
STISER, G. J., 248 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WS)
STOEHLIN, R. A., 494 Prospect Place, Brooklyn—Lt.....(DW)
WALLACE, J., 209 Sands St., B'klyn.(DW)
WEAVER, H. W., 133 New York Av., Jamaica.....(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

AHRENS, J. F., Salamanca—Corp.....(KA)
DANIELS, JUSEPPE, Frankfort.....(WS)
DELLWARDT, HARVEY G., Buffalo..(WS)
HADEK, CHARLES J., Riverhead.....(WS)
HALLEY, DANIEL, Glen Head...(DW)
MERWIN, H. R., Woodridge—Corp....(DD)
SCHNOOP, A. J., Hoosick Falls—Corp.(WS)
SEWING, RICHARD T., Hartsdale....(WS)
SHEEHAN, MAURICE, Syracuse.....(WS)
STEPHENSON, EDWARD M., Ilion...(WS)
STOCK, JOHN R., Rochester.....(WS)
SUDWARTH, J. J., Hicksville—Corp....(WS)
WEINERT, FRED C., Dunkirk.....(WS)
WIDENER, E. B., Chili Station.....(WS)
WILLIAMS, J. J., Randolph—Corp....(DD)

ALABAMA.

BARKER, OLIVER, Demopolis.....(DD)
BUCHANAN, BENJAMIN, Heflin.....(DD)
KENNEDY, VERNON B., Clayton.....(DD)
ROBINSON, R. W., Vida.....(DW)
SHARP, RICHARD A., Scottsboro.....(DD)

ARKANSAS.

DAVIS, ELIHUGH, Cotton Plant.....(DD)
LAWRENCE, LAND, Jonesboro.....(DD)
REED, WILLIE B., Piney.....(KA)
SALSBURY, NATHANIEL, Springfield.(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

LA GRASSINO, S., San Francisco....(KA)
MANN, GEORGE, Chico.....(KA)
ROBERTS, CARL, Santa Rosa—Mus.(KA)
PETERSON, OSCAR, San Francisco...(KA)
TASSNER, C. C., Corning.....(KA)
SMITH, W. J., Oakland.....(KA)

COLORADO.

LEWMAN, FRED C., Haxton.....(DD)

CONNECTICUT.

DAVIS, JAY S., Farmington.....(KA)
ABBIE, ISRAEL, New Britain.....(WS)
SMITH, E. F., Southington.....(WS)
STENOW, KARL, Hartford.....(WS)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

HARDAN, MARK, Washington—Corp...(DD)

FLORIDA.

SMITH, OLAN, Zellwood.....(DD)

GEORGIA.

BOB H. CLARK, Hastings.....(DD)
FIELDING, JOHN, Waycross.....(KA)
WILLIAMS, JULIUS, Dover.....(DD)

IDAHO.

DANIELS, FRED, Pocatello—Corp....(DW)

ILLINOIS.

AULD, ARCHIBALD, Chicago.....(DD)
BLACKEVE, W., Greenville—Corp.....(DD)
BLOOMGREN, V. E., Chicago.....(DD)
BRADFORD, CLARENCE, Elgin.....(DW)
BRUNCK, ELMER F., Rockford.....(DD)
BURKE, CHARLES L., Monroe—Corp.(DD)
CURRY, OTA D., Champaign.....(DD)
DAY, JAMES, Chicago.....(DD)
DENNISON, S., Chicago—Corp.....(DD)
DYKES, WALTER J., Dow.....(KA)
FOX, GEORGE, Ohaks—Corp.....(DW)
FURSTEL, FRANK D., Hoopeston—.....(DD)
GRAY, ANDREW J., Chicago.....(DA)
HELLMAN, JOSEPH, Chicago.....(KA)
HILLIS, WALLACE, Chicago.....(DD)
HOMUTZ, HENRY J., St. Libory.....(DW)
JONNEKER, IRVING H., Chicago...(DD)
KITTER, TROY, East St. Louis.....(DA)
KNORPE, CLIFFORD, Macomb.....(DD)
KUKAITIS, CHARLES, Chicago.....(KA)

INDIANA.

COLTON, ELLSWORTH D., Evansville....(DD)
GRISNER, WALTER, Royal Center—Lt.(DP)

IOWA.

COOPER, CHARLES J., Bentonsport..(DW)
JANSEN, CARL F. O., Battle Creek..(DD)
KIARA, NEVILLE B., Magnolia.....(KA)
SWAIN, INGVAL, Moorhead.....(DD)
VAN DE KIRKOVE, A. V., Keokuk..(DD)
VANEEK, CHARLES, Fairfax.....(DW)
WEST, ALEX J., Davenport.....(DD)

KANSAS.

ROBINSON, WILLIAM C., Moline.....(DD)
SMITH, CHARLES E., Downs.....(DD)

KENTUCKY.

AKERS, J. W., West Van Lear—Lt....(KA)
BOERNER, H., Owensboro—Sgt.....(DW)
MONHOLLEN, LIDA, Cailiff.....(DD)
STEPHENS, CECIL, Bel.....(DD)
TIFFANY, L. P., Adolphus.....(DD)
VON KAENEL, F. O., Covington.....(DD)

LOUISIANA.

MILLER, ALEX, Crawford—Cook....(DW)
REED, LEONARD M., Thibodaux.....(DD)

MAINE.

MANNING, A. B., North Waterford—Chauffeur.....(DD)

MARYLAND.

GREENHOFFER, H. M., Baltimore.....(DD)
HERMELSEN, P. J., Baltimore—Corpr..(DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

ALBIN, E. H., New Bedford.....(DA)
BAKER, JOHN H., Andover.....(DD)
BROWN, GERMOTH A., Barre.....(DW)
CORTHELL, NELSON E., Melrose.....(DD)
EMERSON, H., Concord Junction—Lt.(DW)
FERSON, E. J., West Roxbury.....(DD)
HARMON, W. A., Worcester.....(DD)
MCGARVEY, JOHN, Stoughton.....(DD)
OBRIEN, J. P., East Boston.....(DW)
PHILLIPS, ARTHUR, Winchester.....(KA)
SMITH, WM. A., Millbury—Corp.....(DD)
SMITHSON, WILBER, Worcester.....(KA)
WHYMOTT, ERNEST C., Mattapan.....(DD)

MICHIGAN.

[illegible] WM. M., Bay City—Corp.....(DD)
[illegible]GERSON, C. N., Monomiffee.....(DD)
[illegible]EZY, LAWRENCE, Detroit.....(KA)
WALKER, L., Jackson—Corp.....(DW)
WEBBROOK, FRED, Quincy Branch.....(DD)

MINNESOTA.

FREDERICKSON, HOLDOR, Harris...(DD)
HALL, THEODORE, Elmar.....(DD)
JOHNSON, JOSEPH C., Hector.....(DD)
LARSON, OLOF, Osterbrook.....(DW)
LOCHART, MARTIN A., Waubung.....(KA)
SOMMERS, WILLIAM F., Wasca.....(DD)
TALLMO, THEODORE, Fisher.....(DD)
WALLER, G. L. E., Cloquet.....(DW)
WEST, HENRY, Anoka.....(DW)

MISSISSIPPI.

ALEXIS, ELIOT V., Macon—Sgt.....(DW)
BURNHAM, JAMES G., Europa.....(DW)
HIGGINS, WILLIAM, Moss.....(DD)
PITTS, JESSE, Meehan Junction.....(DW)

MISSOURI.

DEVENT, BENJAMIN, St. Louis.....(DD)
DODSON, HARRY, St. Louis.....(DD)
HASH, EARL, Memphis—Corp.....(KA)
HESSKING, ELMER H., St. Louis...(DD)
KENNON, R. G., Sedalia—Corp.....(DW)
MONROE, GEORGE H., West Plains..(KA)
POPE, NELSON G., Wheeling.....(DW)
RIBYN, L., Caruthersville.....(DD)
SHUCK, PEARL T., Huntington.....(KA)

MONTANA.

SMITH, MARION, Bozeman.....(DP)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

MINNATT, J. E., Winchester—Corp....(KA)

NEW JERSEY.

DUMBAVIN, RICHARD, Arlington....(DD)
HORL, S., Clifton—Corp.....(WS)
HARRISON, JOHN C., Sussex.....(WS)
HEBEL, ANTOL, Flemington.....(WS)
HEIGHT, ROELIF M., Jersey City....(DD)
ZABLECKIS, JOHN, Newark.....(WS)

NORTH CAROLINA.

BEASON, JAMES M., Climax.....(KA)
HOBBS, VADEN, Clinton.....(DD)
LOWYRE, GARFIELD, Pembroke.....(KA)
SUGGS, HENRY L., Spencer—Lt.....(DP)
TAYLOR, JEFF, Elmore.....(DD)
WALSER, ALBERT H., Blowing Rock.(DW)

NORTH DAKOTA.

CARLSON, GUSTAV R., Blabon.....(DW)
FINKETHAGEN, OSCAR, Lignite.....(KA)
RESLER, NICHOLAS E., Leroy.....(DW)

OHIO.

CLEARY, JOSEPH P., Cleveland.....(KA)
CURRENS, CLARENCE, Murray City...(DD)
GAULT, GEORGE M., Means.....(DD)
HERZOG, WILLIAM A., Springfield...(DW)
LEWIS, CLYDE C., Hamilton.....(DD)
MOCK, LESTER L., Toledo.....(DW)
NEWMAN, W. A., New Matamoras...(DW)
OPER, RALPH, Lakeside.....(DD)
REID, LON M., Ohio City.....(DD)
TANNER, A., West Austintown.....(DD)

OKLAHOMA.

RAGSDALE, CHESTER L., Hollis.....(DD)
ROSS, JENNY, Coleman.....(DD)
SKODA, JOSEPH A., Waukomis.....(DD)

OREGON.

DENNIS, NEWMAN G., Dallas—Sgt...(DD)
FITZMAURICE, J. D., Condon—Sgt....(DD)
WHITE, ALLEN C., Kirby.....(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BAIRD, JOSEPH A., Philadelphia.....(DD)
BATTLES, HARRY A., Titusville.....(KA)
CHRIST, MARTIN C., Wilkes-Barre...(DD)
DORNEY, JAMES J., McKeesport—Sgt.(DA)
GOULD, RALPH K., Monaca.....(DD)
HILL, RICHARD H., Cokeville.....(DW)
LUCAS, PHILIP H., Mechanicsburg...(DW)
MAYS, JOHN E., Van.....(DD)
MICHNUK, TOM, Ambridge.....(KA)
SCHMALDIENST, FRANK, Allentown.(DW)
SHAFFER, MICHAEL, Brookville.....(DD)
SHROLL, DANIEL, New Holland.....(DD)
SOLOMON, SAMUEL, Philadelphia....(DW)
STINSON, J. T., Philadelphia.....(DW)
SYLVESTER, C. W., Willow Grove....(DD)

RHODE ISLAND.

CLAYS, LEON, Providence.....(DW)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

FLYNN, WILLIAM, Charleston—Sgt...(DD)
GRAHAM, WALTER, Allendale.....(DD)
HENDERSON, SAMUEL, Little River..(DD)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

JENSEN, CHRIS, Linden—Sgt.....(DD)
MCCUNE, CLARENCE, Mitchell.....(DD)

TENNESSEE.

KLOPE, GORDON, Crawford.....(KA)
LEDFORD, JAMES L., Carthage.....(KA)
LYNER, OSCAR R., Benton.....(DW)
WILSON, HUBERT H., Dresden.....(DD)

TEXAS.

NOWLIN, HANTHUS R., Manta.....(KA)
WILBURN, DELBERT D., Ladonia...(KA)

VERMONT.

LYNCH, FRANK P., Brattleboro—Corp.(DD)

VIRGINIA.

ADAMS, L. G., Danville.....(KA)
HUBBARD, R. R., South Hill.....(DD)
KILPATRICK, H., Middlesburg.....(DD)
POWERS, C. B., Virginia City.....(DW)
PRYOR, JOSEPH, Hampden.....(DD)
REFLOGLE, J. M., Strasburg Jct...(KA)

WASHINGTON.

CHAUSSEE, W. P., Pacific.....(DD)
SORENSEN, A. B., North Yakima.....(DD)

WEST VIRGINIA.

DEWS, T. W., Tams.....(DW)
DOWNEY, J. P., Pine.....(DD)
HARRIS, J. T., Pennsboro—Lt.....(DA)
WORKMAN, WARD, Jesse.....(DD)

WISCONSIN.

DE BROUX, GLEN, Parson.....(DD)
JOERRES, JOHN, Milwaukee.....(DD)
KARASTES, GEORGE, Hersey.....(KA)
KINNE, ELTON C., Ellsworth.....(DD)
LAMPERT, J. E., Oshkosh—Lt. Col.(DD)
LEE, WILLIAM, Marshfield—Lt.....(DD)
OAS, OTTO, Manitowoc—Lt.....(DW)
STANNELE, G., Forest Junction.....(KA)
STUHL, HARVEY, Oshkosh.....(DD)
WISSINK, WALTER T., Cedar Grove.(DD)
WOLFE, FRANK, Ashland.....(KA)
ZILINKA, JOSEF, Milwaukee.....(KA)

BRITISH WEST INDIES.

THOMSON, G. S., Kingston, Jamaica..(KA)

ENGLAND.

SNELL, A. J., North Devon—Wash...(DD)

ITALY.

INTROINI, LEONE, Samarati.....(DW)
TITONE, LIBERIO, Castelnetrano....(KA)

RUSSIA.

BABINSKI, J., Vinniova, Poland.....(DW)
ORLOW, NICHOLAS, Wolenek.....(KA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BENT, A., Schenectady.....(RD) (MA)
CAMPOLI, D., Rochester.....(WU) (MA)
DALEY, P. J., Oswiatig.....(WU) (MA)
DEL DONNO, G., Peekskill.....(RD) (MA)
DIEDICK, ANDREW, Oswego..(RD) (MA)
MASTERS, C. E., Syracuse—Corp.....(WU) (MA)
THOMAS, W. L., Yonkers—Sgt.. (DA) (MA)
TREADWELL, A. H., Poughkeepsie—Lt.....(DW) (MA)
WHALEY, J. F., Great Valley..(KA) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

AIELLO, EMILIO, Newark.....(RD) (MA)
BAHLMAN, C. A., McClure, Ohio(KA) (MA)
BASSETT, G. W., Wilmington, Vt.—Corp.....(WU) (KA)
BEITER, D. O., Newcomerstown, Ohio.....(DW) (MA)
BELLINI, G., Chelsea, Mass...(DW) (MA)
BERGER, M. E., Ansonia, Conn.WU) (MA)
BRAND, F. C., Newark, N. J.—Corp.....(KA) (MA)
BRADLEY, C. J., Salt Lake City, Utah.....(KA) (MA)
BROOKS, G. W., Forest Junction, Wis.....(KA) (MA)
BROWN, H., Asbury Park, N. J.—Corp.....(WU) (MA)
BROWN, J., Holly Hill, S. C....(KA) (WS)
BUCCHERI, S., Hartford, Conn.(Sick) (MA)
BURGOYNE, R., Elizabeth, N. J.(RD) (MA)
CAMERON, T., Seattle, Wash.—Mch.....(KA) (MA)
CECCHI, C. A., Hayward, Cal...(KA) (MA)
CLEMENTS, E., Linville, Mo...(KA) (MA)
CRAGUE, F. S., Woodbury, Conn.....(RD) (MA)
EVERTS, O. E., McConnelstown, Penn.....(DW) (MA)
FARST, L., New Madison, Ohio.(KA) (MA)
FINKELSTEIN, N., Hoboken, N. J.....(RD) (MA)
GARDNER, H., North Bend, Ore.....(WU) (KA)
GEIGER, J. F., Newark, N. J....(RD) (DD)
GOLDEN, F. M., Jersey City, N. J.—Corp.....(WL) (KA)
GUTTORMSON, H. M., Lanesboro, Minn.....(KA) (MA)
HAGEN, F. J., La Crosse, Wis.(DW) (MA)
HANSCOM, K. N., Portsmouth, N. H.—Mch.....(RD) (DW)
HEFFRON, D. J., Cleveland, Ohio.(KA) (MA)
JOHNSON, M. G., Brush, Col....(KA) (MA)
JOHNSON, W. P., Toddville, Md.(KA) (MA)
KEENEY, A. E., Greenville, Mich.....(RD) (DD)
KELLY, E. J., Medicine Lake, Mon.....(WS) (DW)
KERSEY, C. F., Charlestown, W. Va.....(KA) (MA)
LIDRAL, F. E., Algoma, Wis..(DW) (MA)
LONGACRE, E., Norristown, Penn.—Corp.....(D) (KA)
McCOY, C. J., Bellefonte, Penn..(WU) (KA)
McNERNEY, M. J., New Haven, Conn.....(KA) (MA)
MAHAFFEY, J., Peiser, S. C...(KA) (MA)
MEADOR, W. T., Walcott, Ark.(KA) (MA)
MEYER, N. W., Kalamazoo, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
O'KEEFE, W. A., Jersey City, N. J.—Corp.....(WU) (MA)
OTTO, Q. J., Claire City, S. D..(DD) (DW)
SCHLICHTING, E. W., Jersey City, N. J.....(WL) (MA)
SHEA, F. W., Wesington, S. D.(KA) (MA)
SHEEHAN, R., Mahonoy, Penn..(KA) (MA)
SHEETS, H. W., Flemington, N.J.(RD) (MA)
SIMMONS, G. E., Philadelphia..(KA) (MA)
SNYDER, ADAM B., Lebanon, Penn.—Sgt.....(WS) (KA)
STEWART, E., Blairsville, Penn.(KA) (MA)
STOEWER, C., Canton, Md.....(KA) (MA)
SVENSON, WILHELM, Viverstod, Horasnit, Sweden.....(KA) (WS)
THOMAS, E. E., Jonesboro, Ind., (D), (MA)
VIGILIANESE, CARMELO, Minnesville, Penn.....(WU) (KA)
WALTERS, J. B., Gadsden, Ala.(KA) (MA)
WEBER, G., Braddock, Penn....(DW) (MA)
WELKER, OSCAR, Dudley, Mo..(KA) (MA)
WEST, BURRELL, Oneida, Tenn.(KA) (MA)
WIGGETT, W., Streator, Ill.....(KA) (MA)
WOOTEN, JOHN, Hulette, Ky.—Mch.....(KA) (MA)

CAPTAIN ELLSWORTH IS CITED FOR BRAVERY

New Yorker Serving with Upton Division Gets War Cross from General Pershing.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The War Department issued another list of names today of American soldiers in France who have received the Distinguished Service War Cross from General Pershing for extraordinary heroism in action. Among those in the latest list of citations are:

Lieutenant R. L. Finch of Tempe, Ariz.; Lieutenant Levi Sterens of Alpena, Mich.; Captain A. C. Rubel of Greensburg, Ind.; Lieutenant J. M. Richardson of Uniontown, Ala.; Sergeant H. W. Flesher of Cleveland, Ohio; Sergeant P. A. Smithhisler of Mount Vernon, Ohio; Private W. O. L. Multer of Washington, Penn.; Captain M. C. Overton of Unionport, Ga.; Lieutenant J. A. West of Cincinnati, Ohio; Lieutenant R. S. Landstreet of Baltimore, Md.; Captain H. L. Thompson of Columbia, S. C., and M. H. Chiles of Denver, Col.

One of those mentioned in the list issued today is a Brigadier General whose name and address and specific act of bravery together with those of the three New Yorkers in the list follows:

Brig. Gen. Benjamin A. Poore, 7th Infantry Brigade; for repeated acts of extraordinary heroism at Bois de Septsarges, on Sept. 27, and at Bois de Fays, on Oct. 11. At Bois de Septsarges on Sept. 27 he personally re-formed his disorganized troops, who were falling back through lack of command and because of severe casualties. Under heavy fire he led them to the lines and presented an unbroken front to the enemy. Again, on Oct. 11, in the region of Bois de Fays, he gathered together troops who were taking refuge from hostile fire and turned them over to the support commander. Home address, Mrs. B. A. Poore, 126 East Moorehead Street, Charlotte, N. C.

Capt. Bradford Ellsworth, 306th Infantry; for extraordinary heroism in action near La Besace, on Nov. 5. He displayed great courage by leading a mounted reconnaissance patrol a kilometer in advance of our lines, developed the enemy's line by drawing fire from his machine guns, and remained under this heavy machine-gun fire until the emplacements had been located. Home address, Mrs. Juliet Innes Ellsworth, wife; 145 East Fifty-second Street, New York, N. Y.

Sergt. William Mohrman, Headquarters Company, 307th Infantry; for extraordinary heroism in action near St. Pierremont, on Nov. 4. After passing through a heavily bombarded area Sergeant Mohrman learned that a soldier of his platoon had been wounded and had fallen in the shelled area. He at once volunteered, and went back for him, assisted in bringing him to a place of safety, and later helped to carry him through another shelled area to the first-aid station. Home address, John Mohrman, 170 Chauncey Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Sergt. Abraham Belefant, Headquarters Company, 307th Infantry; for extraordinary heroism in action near St. Pierremont, Nov. 4. After passing through a heavily bombarded area Sergeant Belefant learned that a soldier of his platoon had been wounded and had fallen in the shelled area. He at once volunteered, and went back for him, assisted in bringing him to a place of safety, and later helped to carry him through another shelled area to the first-aid station. Home address, Mrs. Mary Belefant, mother, 511 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

REVISED CASUALTIES

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rptd.	Prev. Rptd.
ABRUZZO, C., 104 Troutman St., Brooklyn	(Sick)	(MA)
AGERBO, CHR., 219 E. 115th St.....(Erroneously)		(MA)
ANDRES, H., Jr., 827 39th St., Brooklyn	(D).	(MA)
CAMMARATA, JOE, 200 Forsyth St.	(KA)	(MA)
BECKER, LOUIS, 604 W. 127th St.	(WU)	(MA)
BLOODGOOD, JAMES, 61 Crook St., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
BRENNAN, J. B., 204 W. 96th St.—Sgt.	(RD)	(MA)
BROCK, EDW. R., 304 24th St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
CONNELL, F. K., 2,077 Fulton St., Woodhaven	(RD)	(MA)
EISENBERG, LOUIS, 132 Orchard St.	(Sick)	(MA)
GRITZ, MAX, 12 E. 14th St.	(WU)	(MA)
HARLEY, E. A., 724 Classon Av., Brooklyn	(WL)	(MA)
HAUSER, A. W., 284 9th Av., Astoria	(WL)	(MA)
JURSIK, ANTON, 926 E. 72d St.	(RD)	(KA)
MAHONEY, J. M., 558 2d Av.	(WS)	(MA)
MEISELS, S. H., 19 Locust St., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
REFRANO, PAUL, 2,209 Pacific St., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
SCHELLENBERG, F. C., 469 E. 156th St.	(WL)	(MA)
WEINGART, E., 558 W. 149th St.	(WL)	(MA)
WHITMAN, M., 621 E. 9th St.	(Sick)	(MA)
WINOGRAD, B., 352 Boerum St., Brooklyn	(WL)	(MA)
WOYNA, P., 569 E. 10th St.	(Sick)	(MA)

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Special inducements this week to those who wish to lay in a supply of 5 gallons or more.

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Begin with the

February number:

"Good Looks," a "beauty" department that tells how to preserve and enhance one's good looks in natural, sensible and healthful ways.

"Interesting Corner Arrangements," a page of pictures showing how to make an ideal spot for a tired man to read and smoke, which also adds to the furnishing of the room.

"If I Should Lose My Voice," says Geraldine Farrar, "I could be a saleswoman, sempstress, nurse, chauffeur, but not a waitress."

Roland Phillips has gone to France to find out about boys whose families have not heard from them, and report through the Companion.

And many other things as helpful and entertaining

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION

THE CROWELL PUBLISHING COMPANY

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION
THE AMERICAN MAGAZINE
FARM AND FIRESIDE

BAKER AND HIS POTENT CUDGEL ARE LIKELY TO JOIN YANKEES' HEAVY ARTILLERY

FRANK BAKER NOT UNTRUE TO YANKS

New York Third Baseman Has Not Signed with Upland in Outlaw League.

PLANS FOR TRAINING TRIP

Manager Huggins Hopes to Arrange Exhibition Games with Brooklyn—Deals Pending.

Manager Miller Huggins of the Yankees received good news yesterday when he learned that Home Run Baker had not signed a contract to play with the Delaware outlaw league. Huggins's informant talked with Baker yesterday, and said the player denied the yarn that he had signed to play with the Upland Club. In the talk which Huggins had with Baker a few weeks ago the third baseman told him that he would take no definite action without first consulting the New York Club.

While Baker's big contract with the Yankees expired last season, it is believed that the player and club will get together on a new contract which will be satisfactory to both parties. Baker led the Yankees at the bat last season, and his hitting strength would be a big loss to the team. Huggins expects to hear from the player in a few days, and he feels certain that the home run slugger will be with the club when it goes South in March.

Manager Huggins talked over the plans for the training trip yesterday, and he will gather his players at Jacksonville, Fla., about March 24. His large staff of twenty-six pitchers will not report before the other players, for Huggins has decided that there is little to be gained by getting the hurlers at work before the other members of the squad.

The deal between the Yanks and Cleveland is still pending and something may develop to swing the trade whereby outfielder Bobby Roth will come to New York. Huggins has offered either pitcher Allan Russell or Ray Fisher and an outfielder, but Manager Fohl seems to want nothing less than one of the pitchers that Huggins is anxious to keep.

Huggins expects to do some wholesale weeding out of players at the Jacksonville camp, for he has more players than he can ever hope to use. He is in a position to furnish other clubs with promising young players, and before the club comes North he expects to be able to trade some of them for more seasoned material.

Manager Huggins said yesterday that he was not in favor of making any long jumps on the trip home. As Brooklyn has practically decided to train in Florida, the Yankees will play some exhibition games with the Dodgers in Southern cities. It is not certain whether the usual series between the Yanks and Dodgers will be played next Spring, as Brooklyn will have to open the preliminary National League season in Boston on Patriots' Day, April 19. The Yanks will book games in several of the Southern cities and take the trip homeward by easy stages.

Dean Academy, at Franklin, Mass., is going to hold memorial exercises on Feb. 21 for former students who made the supreme sacrifice in the war. One of these is Captain Eddie Grant, formerly baseman of the Giants. The Academy authorities have asked the New York Club to send representatives to take part in the exercises.

Secretary John B. Foster announced yesterday that Captain William Harrigan, who was with Captain Grant in the Argonne Forest when he was killed, would make one of the addresses, while the club will also send one of its players to talk on Grant's baseball career. Manager McGraw is also going to suggest to the National League that some sort of a memorial be erected at the Polo Grounds for Captain Grant.

Ban Johnson, President of the American League, was in Washington yesterday in connection with his efforts to get baseball players out of the army in time for the Spring training and preparation for the coming season. He took with him a list of players, and War Department officials undertook to locate the men for him in order that the clubs might arrange to have them file applications for discharge.

Mr. Johnson conferred with General March, Chief of Staff. So far as known, there will be no change in the policy of the department not to issue any special order in favor of baseball players, but to treat them as all other soldiers are treated and leave it to their immediate commanders to pass upon their applications for discharge. Since the league players have their places awaiting them, however, they fall within the class of soldiers commanding officers have been authorized to discharge without delay where military efficiency would not be injured by that action.

The Cleveland Club will train in New Orleans again this Spring. Members of the Indians will probably go South in two squads. Manager Fohl leaving with his pitchers before the other players. No exhibition games will be played on the way North, it was announced. After a month's training the team will leave New Orleans about April 20, going direct to Detroit for the opening game April 23.

Tim Hendryx, outfielder, and Ray Friday, pitcher, were released yesterday by the St. Louis Browns to the Louisville American Association Club. Hendryx went to the Browns last season from the Yankees. Friday was with the Mobile Club last year.

NAVY PASSERS WIN AGAIN.

Annapolis Takes Eleventh Straight Game in Beating Georgetown.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 22.—Georgetown surprised the midshipmen this afternoon with their aggressiveness and good passing and the Navy lads had the greatest difficulty in winning, 22 to 13. It was the eleventh straight victory for the local five. The midshipmen entered the game with Lewis and Deringer, two of their best, on the bench.

After Georgetown got the jump and scored five points, the full strength was marshaled and the midshipmen gradually caught up, the half ending 11 to 8 in their favor. The game was a rough one and two midshipmen and two Georgetown players were banished.

The score:

Naval Acad. (22.)	Position.	Georgetown. (13.)
Farwell	L. F.	Fees
Sanner	R. F.	Flavin
Thomas	C.	O'Connell
Coubie	L. G.	Zasalle
Watters	R. G.	McMahon

Field goals—Naval Academy: Lewis, (6.) Farwell, (2.) Watters. Georgetown: Zasalle, (3.) Foul goals—Navy: Farwell, 8 in 18. Georgetown: Fees, 3 in 4; Flavin, 2 in 3; Zasalle, 2 in 8. Referee—Mr. Grove, St. John's. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each.

COCHRAN LEADS SCHAEFER.

Chicago Billiardist Has Advantage of 22 Points Over Opponent.

Welker Cochran, the young Chicago billiardist, defeated Jake Schaefer last night in the continuation of their 3,000-point match at 18.2 balkline billiards at Lulu's Academy by a score of 492 to 278. This result placed the young Chicagoan in the lead by a total score of 1,880 to 1,778 for six blocks. Cochran, with a brilliant display of form, completed his string in fourteen innings, making an average of 33 2-14, with high runs of 103 and 95. Schaefer's average was 19 2-14, and he had a high run of 85.

Schaefer took the afternoon block by a count of 300 to 208. This game required nine innings, giving Schaefer an average of 23 3-9. He had a high run of 122. Cochran's highest run was 38, and he averaged 25 4-8.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Schaefer—10 2 6 24 17 20 46 43 122—300. Average—23 3-9. High run—122.

Cochran—17 53 0 46 25 18 15 2—204. Average—25 4-8. High run—53.

EVENING GAME.

Cochran—27 0 98 1 0 10 52 0 103 80 0 35 15 2—82. Average—33 2-14. High runs—103, 98.

Schaefer—7 85 20 7 0 20 15 2 7 17 29 6 13—276. Average—19 2-14. High run—85.

HELLUM GOES TO NORWAY.

Pentathlon Winner Came Here to Learn Our Athletic Methods.

John Hellum, former Pastime A. C. all-around athlete, has left this country for his home in Norway. Hellum sailed Tuesday on the Scandinavian-American Line steamship Oscar II. The departure of the former Pastime A. C. athlete means his retirement from amateur track and field competition. Hellum, soon after his arrival in Norway, will take up a position of Government instructor in athletics.

Hellum was sent here by the Norwegian Government and the Thalve A. C. expressly for the purpose of studying American methods of athletic training. Part of this training course included Hellum's active participation in American competition, to familiarize himself with conditions. It was originally planned to have Hellum attend Columbia University and Yale. The Norwegian star did put in a period of studying at Columbia, but was compelled to forego his intended visit to Yale.

Hellum arrived in this country Dec. 27, 1917. He won the pentathlon championship, the metropolitan senior discus throwing title, and finished fourth in the senior national javelin throwing competition. These performances were the outstanding lights in the Norwegian star's local athletic career. The pentathlon title was gained by Hellum Aug. 18 at Celtic Park. Against a field of ten rivals Hellum returned the low-winning score of 13 points for the five events which made up the test.

HOLLYWOOD FIVE UNDER BAN

Registration Brings Charges of Professionalism Against Them.

E. Wetmore Kingsley of the Hollywood Inn A. A. was cited yesterday to appear before the Metropolitan A. A. U. Registration Committee at its next meeting to answer charges of sponsoring a professional basketball team in the Hollywood Inn A. A. The Registration Committee at a special meeting yesterday took this action on evidence in its possession alleging that the Hollywood Inn quintet played games with unsanctioned teams under the name of the Yonkers Stars on Sundays, and on week days the team competed under the club name.

MANHATTAN TEAM VICTOR.

Brooklyn Collegians Defeated in One-Sided Game, 43 to 13.

Manhattan College's basket ball team scored an easy victory over the St. John's College of Brooklyn five last night in a one-sided game on the De La Salle Institute Court. The score was 43 to 13.

The Manhattan five held the lead almost from the start and with accurate shooting and clever passing easily outclassed the Brooklyn collegians. At the end of the first half the Manhattan lads were leading by 22 to 4.

Van Tassel Wins Billiard Game.

H. Van Tassel scored a close victory over William Blumenthal last night in the A. A. B. A. three-cushioned carrom billiard tournament at Thum's Academy, Thirty-first Street and Broadway. The score was 25 to 35. Van Tassel finished his string in sixty-four innings and had a high run of five. Blumenthal made a cluster of eight markers in his fifty-third inning.

WHITE OWLS CLINCH CUP IN POLO CLASH

Defeat Royal Air Force Team in Well-Fought Battle at Durland's Academy.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
White Owls	4	0	1.000
Royal A. F.	4	1	.800
Squadron A.	1	2	.333
Meadowlarks	1	2	.333
Rovers	0	2	.000
Foxhunters	0	3	.000

The White Owls polo trio clinched the Victory Cup last night in the tournament which has been progressing at Durland's Riding Academy, when they defeated the Royal Air Force team by a score of 13½ goals to 8. The contest was one of the most spectacular of the tournament, and was keenly contested. This victory gives the White Owls a state of four victories in as many games played. The Royal Air Force team has won four games and lost one.

The Canadian players conceded a handicap of five goals to their rivals, and it was this, with penalties for fouls in the first period, which caused the R. A. F. downfall. The White Owls, led by M. Wilder at No. 2, played a dashing game and combined good use of the stick with an unusually clever display of horsemanship.

The form displayed by the Royal Air Force was not up to the standard of their previous matches, and this also played a part in the defeat. M. Baker, at back, was off form, so that Archie Kinney, the sterling Canadian player, had to divide his attention between covering Baker's position and scoring goals for his team. At that he was successful for he accounted for six of his team's nine goals. His pony also got a marker when he kicked the ball into the goal in the second period.

Wilder accounted for five goals, and led most of his team's charges against the opposition.

The lineup:

WHITE OWLS. (13½.)	R. A. F. (8.)
No. 1—T. Wynn.	No. 1—J. Finley.
No. 2—M. Wilder.	No. 2—A. Kinney.
Back—O. Coleman.	Back—M. Baker.

Handicaps—R. A. F., 14; White Owls, 9. Goals—Henley, (2.) Kinney, (6.) Kinney's pony, Winn, Wilder, (5.) Coleman, (3.) Foul penalties—Baker one-half point; Henley, one-half point; Coleman, one-half point. Field referee—C. Sherman. Sideline referees—Dr. Blatherwell and Earl Hopping. Timekeeper—P. Chadwick. Time of periods—Ten minutes.

COLUMBIA 'VARSITY DINED.

Coach Dawson and Football Players Guests of Columbia Club.

Fred Dawson and the Columbia S. A. T. C. 'Varsity football team which won six of seven games played last Fall, were guests at a dinner held in their honor at the Columbia University Club last night. There were present at the dinner, in addition to members of the team, Levering Tyson, Graduate Manager of Athletics; Charles Halsted Mapes, Chairman of the Columbia Committee on Athletics, and a number of other prominent graduates.

Plans for next season were discussed, and it was made known that the schedule would be much the same as the one which had been prepared for the 1918 'Varsity eleven, but which had to be canceled when the S. A. T. C. took charge of sports. It was also announced that the 1919 season would be brought to an end by a game with Brown or some other eleven of equal rank.

SWIMMING DATES NAMED.

Pennsylvania Clubs Get Four Competitions.

The distribution of ten addition l national swimming championship races was announced yesterday by Frederick W. Rubien, Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U. Four of the competitions go to clubs in Pennsylvania. The Pittsburgh A. C. will hold the 100-yard free style swim Feb. 21; the Philadelphia Turngemeinde will promote the 100-yard free style swim for women March 8; the Pittsburgh Aquatic Club will conduct the plunge for distance March 23, and the United Labor League, Pittsburgh, will hold the half-mile swim Sept. 1.

Two races, the 50-yard free style swim and the 200-yard breast stroke swim, will be held under the auspices of the Chicago A. A. Feb. 19. The Detroit A. C. on March 29 will promote the 220-yard free style swim, and the 100-yard back stroke swim and the long-distance championship race will be held under the auspices of the Riverton Yacht Club, Riverton, N. J., in the Delaware River, Aug. 16.

The Women's Swimming Association of New York received sanction to hold the Metropolitan 100-yard free style swim championship for women at the Young Women's Hebrew Association, Feb. 1.

Patrolman Volberg Is Winner.

Patrolman H. Volberg scored his second victory over his brother-officer, J. Fogler, yesterday in the 200 points pocket billiards match being decided at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. The score was 50 to 27. This success gives Patrolman Volberg an advantage of 100 to 73 in the total score. The match is to decide the championship of the One Hundred and Fifty-fourth Precinct, Brooklyn.

Rutgers Place Five Wins.

Rutgers Place Gymnasium's basket ball team defeated the St. Anselm's A. C. last night in the Metropolitan A. A. U. 145-pound championship basket ball tournament by the score of 32 to 15. The contest was played at St. Anselm's A. C.

BIRDS FOR FRENCH FARMS.

Campaign at Poultry Show to Send Stock to Devastated Land.

A campaign to supply poultry to the farmers in devastated France was launched at the Poultry Show at Madison Square Garden yesterday. The committee in charge hopes to enlist the interest of fanciers to such an extent that the American Committee on Devastated France will be able to furnish a sufficient number of young poultry until the French farmer can again become self-sustaining.

The war has completely eliminated the French cottage breeds, Houdans, Creve Coeurs, La Fleche, and Faverolles. These are the varieties most favored, and the committee will make a special endeavor to forward the necessary breeding stock to France. There is an exhibit of the best and purest varieties of the French breeds at the show, and, while all standard-bred poultry will be welcome in the campaign, the committee will try first of all to send breeding pens of the distinctively French varieties.

A victory for amateur fanciers was scored at the show last night, when J. Robinson Beard of this city won the blue ribbon for the best display pen of Buff Orpingtons, consisting of a cock and four hens. They were raised at his Lucknow Farm, at Stamford.

The Plymouth Rocks and Rhode Island Reds, the two prominent American breeds, are attracting considerable attention. The largest exhibitor of barred Plymouth Rocks are E. B. Thompson of Amenia, N. Y., and Bradley Bros., of Lee, Mass. Mr. Thompson has been an exhibitor at every show for the last thirty years, and has won the highest honors in the breed for twenty-seven years.

The largest sale recorded yesterday was made by M. F. Delano of Vineyard Haven, Mass., who sold a single-comb White Leghorn to F. L. Sewell for $500.

August de Corte, who has charge of the portable war pigeon coop, released several of the homers yesterday, and, despite all the distracting noises in the Garden, they all returned to the wagon loft. The wagon is similar to those used in France during the war.

LANGDON IS WINNER IN BILLIARD MATCH

Player Defeats Foss in Class C Tournament at Lawlor's Academy.

J. R. Langdon and Humboldt Foss played one of the longest games of the tournament last night in the continuation of play in the N. A. A. B. P. National Class C 18.2 balkline billiard championship tournament at Lawlor Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. After seventy-three innings, Langdon won by a score of 150 to 129.

Langdon held the lead practically all the way and Foss seldom came within dangerous reach of his rival. The latter seemed content to play safely at all stages of the contest. This condition accounted for the length of the match. Langdon found it difficult to score consistently with the unfavorable spread which Foss invariably left him. Foss, however, failed to take advantage of many seemingly favorable layouts which were presented frequently, when Langdon missed.

Two games were scheduled for the closing play in the preliminary round, J. Neustadt and Ardie Wickers were to have been opponents in the other contest. This match was abandoned because of the illness of Wickers. It is planned to play the game tomorrow night. Unless the unusual occurs, Langdon and Neustadt will be among those to oppose Ferdinand A. Unger, champion, in the final round for the title.

The score by innings:

J. R. Langdon—0 0 0 0 0 1 2 5 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 0 3 3 0 0 2 1 1 2 1 1 5 0 0 0 1 0 4 1 1 1 1 2 6 1 0 8 3 1 9 6 1—150. Average, 2 4-73. High runs, 15, 13, 12.

Humboldt Foss—0 1 0 0 3 2 0 0 4 0 4 2 2 0 2 0 1 1 0 2 0 0 0 3 3 0 0 1 2 2 8 1 0 3 0 2 4 1 0 0 1 2 1 1 0 7 4 4 3 1 2 3 3 3 4 3 1 3 1 1 9 4 1 2 2 0 1 1—129. Average, 1-56-73. High runs, 9, 6.

Billiard Victory for Blaisdell.

J. M. Blaisdell defeated Joseph Dalton last night in the Victory Handicap 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn, by a score of 130 to 100. Dalton was playing for 140 points. Blaisdell finished his string in forty-two innings, for an average of 3 4-42, and had a high run of 12. Dalton's average was 2 18-41, and which Foss invariably left him. Foss, he had a high run of 12.

FRANKLIN WINS CLOSE GAME

Cutler School Five Loses at Basket Ball by 31 to 21 Score.

Franklin School's basketball team defeated the Cutler School five in a close game yesterday on the Franklin court by a score of 21 to 21. For the greater part of the contest the Cutler lads led in scoring.

A rally in the last ten minutes of play, however, gave the Franklin quintet victory.

The lineup:

Franklin. (21.)	Position.	Cutler. (21.)
Tishman	R. F.	Brenner
Reinthal	L. F.	Bressler
Bianchi	C.	Chase
Roedelheimer	R. G.	Sweed
Frank	L. G.	Fox

Field goals—Tishman, (7.) Reinthal, (2.) Bianchi, (2.) Frank, Brenner, (5.) Chase, (2.) Sweed, (2.) Fox, (2.) Foul goals from fouls—Tishman, (5.) Brenner. Referee—M. Schwitzer. Time of halves—One of 15 and one of 20 minutes.

Easy Victory for Clason Point.

By the score of 40 points to 11, the Clason Point Military Academy basketball team trounced the Mount Pleasant Military Academy five yesterday on the Clason Point court.

All of Mount Pleasant's points came in the opening half, which ended with Clason Point leading by 18 to 11.

"Making ends meet is certainly harder than it used to be. Things cost more — and somehow don't last!"

Wrong! They do last—if you pick the right dealer.

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Suits, overcoats, hats, shoes, furnishings—for men: for boys.

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A slight stir in men's shirts!

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419 shirts that were $5.00 to $7.00. $3.75 now.

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"The answer to the problem of shoe wear lies in the use of Neolin Soles"—so says H. L. Evans of Steubenville, Ohio.

"For five months," says Mr. Evans, "I have been wearing the same pair of Neolin-soled shoes at my work at the La Belle Iron Works and they are good for two months more wear. As my work takes me to all parts of the mill daily where I have to walk over cinders, slag, etc., it is simply out of the question to buy anything else to take the place of Neolin Soles."

You too—and your whole family—will find Neolin-soled shoes wear long and so save money. You can get them in the styles you like at almost any good shoe store. And any repairman will re-sole your worn shoes with Neolin Soles—scientifically made to be durable, comfortable and waterproof. They are made by The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels—guaranteed to outwear any other heels.

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Men's Banister Shoes
Tan Russia Calf, Black Calf and Patent Colt
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Suit Reductions		Overcoat Reductions	
$35, $30 and $28 Fancy Suits	$24.50	$38, $35, $30 and $28 Overcoats	$24.50
$40, $38, $35 and $33 Fancy Suits	29.50	$38 and $35 Overcoats	28.50
$45, $43, $40 and $38 Fancy Suits	34.50	$45, $43 and $40 Overcoats	34.50
$50, $48 and $45 Fancy Suits	39.50	$50, $48 and $45 Overcoats	39.50
$58, $55 and $53 Fancy Suits	47.50	$60, $58, $55 and $50 Overcoats	47.50
$65 and $60 Fancy Suits	52.50	$75 and $65 Overcoats	59.50

Blue, Gray and Black Suits at Material Reductions

Oxford, Blue and Black Overcoats Included at These Reductions

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WHISKEYS	Qt.	Gal.
Old Aster Rye, full qt.	$1.75	$7.00
Old Crow, qt.	2.00	7.50
Gibson Rye	2.00	7.50
Green River	1.75	7.00
Private Stock, very old	2.00	7.50
Monogram	1.25	6.25
Grand Dad, Bond	2.00	—
Overholt	2.10	—
Hermitage, qt., Bond	2.00	—
Old Crow, Bond	2.25	—
Old Taylor	2.25 and	8.00
Hunter Rye	2.00	—
Duffy's Malt	1.55	—
Kirk's Old Crow	1.50	—
Canadian Club	2.00	—
Perfection Scotch	2.50	—
Johnny Walker	3.25	—
Dewar's White Label	3.00	—
Black and White	3.00	—
Banff Scotch	2.25	—
Bushmill	2.50	—
John Jameson Irish	2.50	—
John Burke's Irish	2.30	—
Wise's Irish	2.25	—

COGNACS AND GINS	Pt.	Qt.	Case.
Martell*** or Hennessy***			6.00
Jules Robin***			3.00
Pellison Pere***			2.50
California Brandy			2.00 8.00
Gordon Dry Gin			1.00 —
Imperial Dry Gin			1.50 7.00
Lane's Old Sloe Gin			2.00 7.50
Plymouth or Nicholson			3.00 —
De Kuyper Gin			3.00 —
Burnett's Tom or Dry			1.85 —
Humphrey Taylor			1.75 —

CHAMPAGNES	Pt.	Qt.	Case.
Pommery	$5.25	—	$75
Piper Heidsick	3.00	—	72
Du Barry	1.25	2.50	30
London Club	1.00	2.00	24

WINES	Bot.	Gal.
Imperial Reserve Port, qt.	.60	$2.25
Graham Port	.80	3.00
Alhambra Sherry	.80	3.00
Golden Crown Sherry, qt.	.60	2.25
Virginia Dare	.80	—
St. Julien Type	.50	2.00
Claret Special	.40	1.75
Rhine Wine	.50	2.00

VERMOUTHS	
Martini Rossi, Italian	$1.10
Granier, French	1.25

MISCELLANEOUS	
Kummel	$1.50 and $2.00
Manhattan, Bronx or Martini Cocktails, best grade	1.50 & 1.75
Benedictine, pts.	2.50
Bacardi Rum	2.50
Red Heart Rum	2.50
Grenadine Syrup, qt.	1.00
Creme de Menthe	1.50 and 2.00

Many Other Brands Not Listed.

Deposit required of 20c on gallon jugs, 15c on ½ gallon jugs.

STORE OPEN UNTIL 8 P. M.

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859 8th Avenue
NO BRANCHES
Bet. 51st and 52d Sts.
On West Side of the Avenue.
Phone Columbus 2170-2171.
Convenient to Subway, L & Street Cars

Scothe Your Troubled Skin With Cuticura

All druggists; Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25c. Sample each free of "Cuticura Dept. St., Boston"

Monroe Clothes
TRADE MARK — REGISTERED.

Monroe Clothes Cost You LESS

This is the day of big affairs.

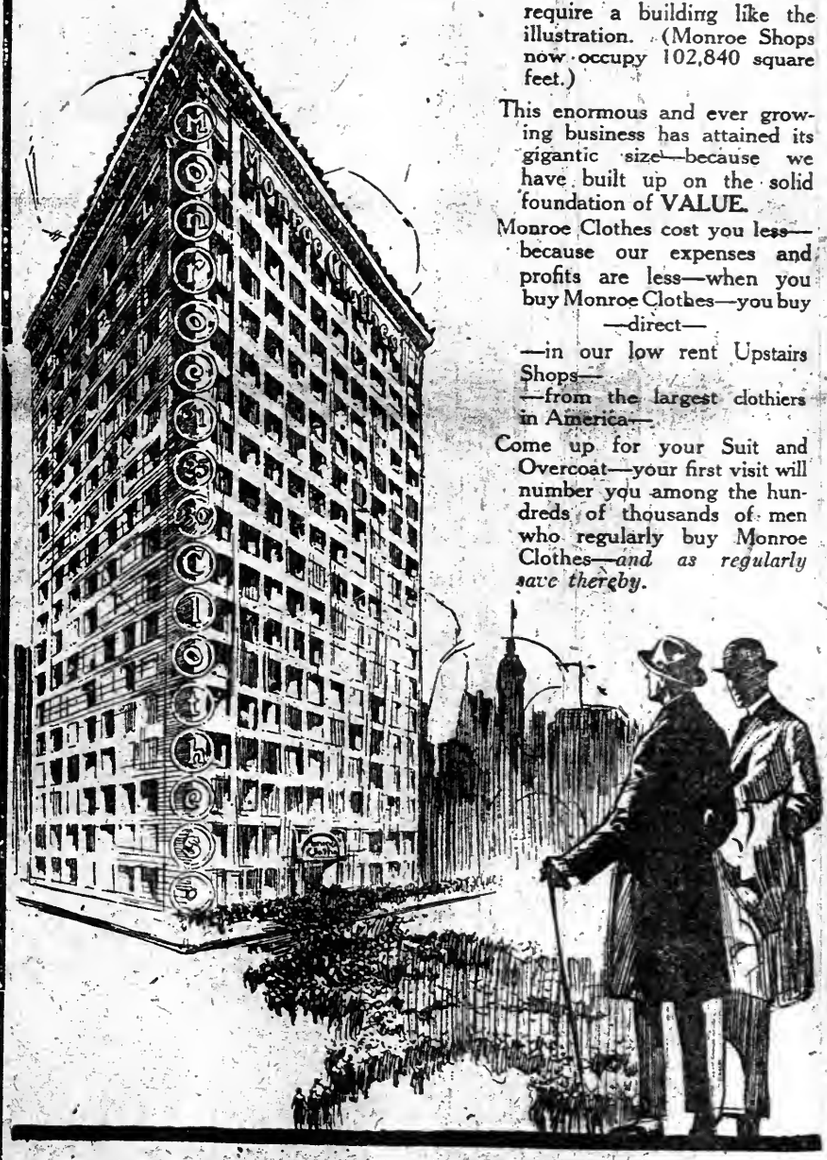
The biggest affair in the clothing world is—Monroe Clothes.

If all our Upstairs Shops were under one roof—we would require a building like the illustration. (Monroe Shops now occupy 102,840 square feet.)

This enormous and ever growing business has attained its gigantic size—because we have built up on the solid foundation of VALUE.

Monroe Clothes cost you less—because our expenses and profits are less—when you buy Monroe Clothes—you buy —direct— —in our low rent Upstairs Shops— —from the largest clothiers in America—.

Come up for your Suit and Overcoat—your first visit will number you among the hundreds of thousands of men who regularly buy Monroe Clothes—*and as regularly save thereby.*



Monroe Clothes $21. Distinctive, high grade Fall Suits and Overcoats *at a tremendous saving.*

Monroe Clothes $30. De luxe Suits and Overcoats *at a tremendous saving.*

Monroe Clothes $25. Custom quality fabrics in Suits and Overcoats *at a tremendous saving.*

MANHATTAN
42nd Street cor. B'WAY.
50 E. 42nd " " MADISON
NASSAU " " FRANKFORT
5 CORTLAND " " B'WAY.
14th St. opp. ACAD. MUSIC
34th Street, Cor. B'WAY
59th. " at COL. CIRCLE
125th. " cor. 7th. AVE.
CHRYSTIE St. at CANAL

BRONX
Benson Ave. at 149th St.
BROOKLYN
Court & Montague Sts.
Fulton & Hoyt Sts.
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market St.
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. at Jay
PATERSON—220 Main St.
YONKERS—Getty Square

OPEN EVENINGS
Monroe Clothes
America's Largest Retail Clothiers
SUITS and OVERCOATS READY FOR SERVICE
Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded

RAID SPECULATORS UNDER NEW LAW

Thirty-two Arrests Made, and Eleven Men Held in Court for Examination.

TYSONS HAD NO LICENSE

Most of Prisoners Clerks in Their Offices — Profiteering to be Taken Up Next.

The first attempt by the District Attorney's office to enforce the new city ordinance intended to regulate theatre ticket speculation was made yesterday afternoon by Assistant District Attorney Kilroe. With the aid of three Police Inspectors and sixty detectives, thirty-two sellers in Broadway offices and at other points in the theatre districts were arrested. Eleven of the prisoners were held in $300 bail each in the West Side, Yorkville, and Jefferson Market Courts for examination on Tuesday.

All the others released were clerks or sellers in the twenty-one hotel offices of the Tyson Company, Mr. Kilroe said, and they were freed after an officer of the agency office 1,482 Broadway had announced the immediate application would be made for a license. A single theatre ticket license permits an agency to operate any number of separate selling booths or sales offices.

The arrests were made in three inspection districts, commanded by Police Inspectors Dominick Henry, James S. Bolan, and Frank J. Morris, all of whom accompanied Mr. Kilroe in his search for licensed and unlicensed agencies along Broadway and at all the principal hotels. According to Mr. Kilroe the only resistance met with occurred at the agency of Joseph Le Blang at Broadway and Forty-third streets.

"A detective seized a clerk there for the alleged sale of tickets without a license, and another clerk sought to take the prisoner from the officer, who hit the meddler and tumbled him beneath a counter. He was one of the eleven arrested," said Mr. Kilroe.

The question of profiteering, of which the District Attorney has received several complaints, was not considered in the raids yesterday, but this feature of the ordinance will be taken up later. The maximum penalties provided in the ordinance are $500 fine and six months' imprisonment or both. The ordinance has been in effect since Dec 28. / District Attorney Swann said:

"We believe public opinion approves and appreciates the ordinance designed for the protection of amusement seekers, and we shall enforce it by continual arrests, if necessary. We have no doubt of the authority of the Aldermen to enact the measure, and believe the city authorities have power not only to demand the license fee of $250, but to impose a prohibitive license fee if it were desired—say $2,500 or more."

Louis Marshall, who was retained as attorney for the ticket agencies, will defend the accused men and he intimated that a writ of habeas corpus may be applied for to test the validity of the ordinance in the Court of Appeals. Mr. Marshall holds the measure is unconstitutional and advised that the license requirement be ignored. However, some seven or more of the large agencies have obtained licenses.

"Manon Lescaut" Sung Again.

Puccini's "Manon Lescaut" was repeated at the Metropolitan last evening, with Mme. Alda in the name part, Mr. Martinelli as Hero, Messrs. De Luca, De Segurola, and others, Mr. Papi conducting. A dress rehearsal was held earlier in the day for tomorrow's production of "La Reine Fiammette," the first opera by Xavier Leroux to reach New York, soon to be followed by the Chicago production here of another of his works, "Le Chemineau."

Mr. Monteux was indisposed yesterday, and Mr. Bamboschek directed the rehearsal, with Mr. Lazaro and others, Mme. Farrar singing the title rôle of Fiammette, which was acted in Catulle Mendes's play some years ago by Miss Julia Marlowe.

Alfred Cortot Gives Last Recital.

Alfred Cortot, the French pianist, gave his last recital here for the Society of Friends of Music yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, having remained some days after the departing Paris Orchestra, with which he came to America last Fall. M. Cortot was heard in Schumann's posthumous "Etudes Symphoniques," a theme and five variations, not the longer and familiar series. He played Liszt's sonata dedicated to Schumann, besides pieces by Schubert, Weber, Mendelssohn, and four of the pianist's countrymen—Ravel, Faure, Debussy, and Chabrier.

"Tea for Three" at Sing Sing Prison

"Tea for Three," now being performed at the Maxine Elliott, will be played at Sing Sing Prison a week from Sunday night, under the auspices of the Mutual Welfare League.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Helen Westley and Frank Thomas have been engaged for "Bohemia," which will reopen the Greenwich Village Theatre on Saturday night, Feb. 8.

Chic Sale will make his first appearance in the Ziegfeld Frolic a week from Monday night. He will appear in both the 9 o'clock and midnight shows.

Howard Kyle will appear in Marjorie Rambeau's support in the revival of "Eyes of Youth," to be seen at the Manhattan Opera House on Saturday night.

Ed Wynn has returned to the Century Midnight Whirl after an absence of about a week.

Louis Hendery and Alice Belmore have been added to the cast of "Penny Wise," a Lancaster comedy in which Molly Pearson will have the leading role.

Ada Mae Weeks, the dancer of "Listen, Lester," has been placed under a two years' contract by John Cort, and will be seen next season in a new revue.

Ned Wayburn, the stage director, will leave for Paris in about two weeks to produce an entertainment along the lines of the Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic.

More than one thousand wounded men will attend a special showing of "The Fighting Roosevelts" at the Strand Theatre at noon today.

MUSIC NOTES.

John McCormack, who lost a concert in Scranton because of a cold, has been announced out West by reports that he had pneumonia. The tenor telegraphed yesterday that he was singing in Missouri, where they have to "be shown," and he was showing them.

Rachmaninoff and Rudolph Ganz are giving benefit concerts today, the Russian at Carnegie Hall for the Society for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, Inc., and the Swiss pianist at Aeolian Hall in aid of the Professors of the Paris Conservatoire.

ROME HAILS OUR SAILORS.

200 of Them Entertained and Cheered in the Streets.

ROME, Jan. 21.—A contingent of 200 American sailors arrived here today and was most enthusiastically received at the station.

The Italian Government has undertaken to put a special train at the Americans' disposal during their stay here for the purpose of taking them to and fro between this city and Civita Vecchia, the seaport of Rome. Rome is so crowded that it is impossible to find accommodations for the men here at night.

The Minister of the Navy gave a luncheon for the American officers today, while American and Italian sailors lunched together at another restaurant. Wherever the American bluejackets appeared during the day they were heartily cheered by the population.

Overheated Legislators Must Go.

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—From today until all danger from the present influenza epidemic has passed members of the Legislature whose temperatures are above normal must leave the State House immediately, both houses decided yesterday. Official clinical thermometers for taking the legislators' temperatures have been provided.

Propose Memorial to Don Martin.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Plans for a memorial for Don Martin, correspondent of The New York Herald, who died in France during the war, were made at a meeting today of the Albany Legislative Correspondents' Association.

Governor Harrison Reaches Panama

PANAMA, Jan. 22.—The Danish motor ship Zealandia, from Manila for New York, passed through the Panama Canal today. Among the passengers on board the vessel is Francis Burton Harrison, Governor General of the Philippine Islands, who is proceeding to the United States on a six months' leave of absence.

New Zealand's Casualties 57,932.

WELLINGTON, N. Z., Jan. 22.—New Zealand's casualties in the war totaled 57,932, of whom only forty-five were taken prisoner by the enemy. The number killed was 10,500.

Thursday and Friday
January 23, 24 at 3 P. M.
Hear the playing of
Bauer, Cortot, Gabrilowitsch, Ganz, Godowsky, Hofmann, Paderewski
Reproduced by
THE DUO-ART PIANO
Admission without charge
The Aeolian Company,
29 West 42nd St. Fourth Floor

PERFORMANCE BY
CHALIF'S PUPILS
UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED
for 4 Weeks.
Time and place to be announced later.
Money for tickets will be refunded at
163 West 57th Street

AMUSEMENTS.

SIXTH BILTMORE
FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore
To-morrow (Friday) Morning at 11
"Biltmore Musicales begin promptly at 11:01"
HELEN STANLEY
LEOPOLD GODOWSKY
ANDRES DE SEGUROLA
Res. Seats $3, Box Seats $5, now on sale at Biltmore Box Office from 9 to 6 (balcony floor). Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL
To-night at 8:30 & To-morrow (Fri.) Aft. at 2:30
HEIFETZ
BERLIOZ SYMPHONY FANTASTIQUE.
BEETHOVEN LEONORE NO. 3.
BEETHOVEN VIOLIN CONCERTO.

SUNDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 26, AT 3
GUIOMAR NOVAES
Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

CARNEGIE HALL, Today at 3
Auxiliary Society for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis, Inc.
Mrs. HERMANN M. BIGGS, President.
Miss RUTH TWOMBLY, Vice President.
RACHMANINOFF
A LIMITED NUMBER OF TICKETS $2.50 TO 75c.
ON SALE NOW AT HOTEL ST. REGIS AND CARNEGIE HALL BOX OFFICE.
Direction C. A. ELLIS. Steinway Piano used.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tom'w Eve., Jan. 24
KOSCAK YAMADA
SECOND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT
75th SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA of 90.
CLARENCE MITCHELL, Baritone.
Seats 75c to $2. Mgt. Julia Dalley.
Japanese-Wagnerian Program. (Steinway.)

Aeolian Hall, THIS AFTERNOON at 2
GANZ ONLY PIANO RECITAL IN NEW YORK.

TOMORROW
ACTORS' FUND
Seats and Boxes Century Theatre. BENEFIT
DRAMATIC & MUSICAL STARS in A GREAT PROGRAM OF NOVELTIES.
50c, $1.00, $2.00, $2.50 CENTURY FRIDAY, 1:30
Management of Daniel Frohman.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 134 in
42nd Week SINBAD 42nd Week
In New York. New York.
Sunday Night Concert
A BILL OF NOTED ENTERTAINERS.

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre
NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL
Dancing at 11:30
RESERVATIONS! Phone Col. 8800.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St. East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30.
MATINEE TODAY 2:30.
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

48TH ST. Thrs. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30.
Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
MARY NASH IN THE BIG CHANCE

BOOTH Thurs., 45th St., W. B'way. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
A. H. WOODS Presents
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13
A New Play by Samuel Shipman & Max Marcin.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. at 8:15.
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD
in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

WILLIAM COLLIER LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:20.
In "NOTHING BUT LIES"
Last 3 Weeks. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
A. E. Anson "RIDDLE: WOMAN"
Chrystal Herne
Lee Baker
Albert Bruning

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:20.
Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:20.
WILLIAM Courtenay AND TOM Wise
In Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit. CAPPY RICKS

LYRIC 42d St., west of B'way. Evs., 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers.
39th Mouth Not a War Play THE Yes Eleven's Hit.
UNKNOWN PURPLE With RICHARD BENNETT

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way.
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Evs. 8:15.
NORA BAYES LADIES FIRST
IN HER JOYOUS PLAY
Nora Bayes' Nifty Sunday Nights

SHUBERT West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.
LAST 2 WEEKS in N. Y.
BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, Author of Blue Bird.

PRINCESS Matinees Wednesday & Saturday.
Evenings at 8:30.
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes.
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.
OH, MY DEAR!

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15.
Mats. Today and Sat., 2:15.
Riotous Musical Comedy
THE MELTING OF MOLLY With CHARLES PURCELL Chorus with a Kick

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, Broadway and 97th St.
Mat. Today, Best Seats 50c. UNDER ORDERS
Next Week—An Ideal Husband.

AMUSEMENTS.

39TH ST. Thrs., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
The English Play.
It To Yourself
"Surely one sees an audience so convulsed by laughter."—*S. J. Kaufman, Globe*

COMEDY 41st East of B'way. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30.
"IT IS WELCOMED AND WILL SUCCEED."—*Louis De Foe, World.*
THE CLIMAX With ELEANOR PAINTER
"FRESHER AND MORE VIGOROUS THAN EVER."—*John Corbin, Times.*

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
"ADORABLE."—*Mail.*
EAST IS WEST
A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway.
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
Jane Cowl
IN
The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way.
THE COMEDY HIT
Tea for 3

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street.
Evs. 8:30 Sharp.
Next Matinee Saturday, 2:30
Rachel Crothers' A LITTLE JOURNEY
Comedy
With Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley.
Moves to Vanderbilt Theatre next Monday.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST.
SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS
Tonight 8:15 & Mat. Mat. Fri. Eve., 8:15.
MARTHA FRA DIAVOLO
Sat., 8:15. MME. BUTTERFLY
(Farewell)
With Margie Tayte and Orville Harrold
Next Week—Il Barbiere di Siviglia (Popular Request.) Mme. Diarole, Martha. Feb. 3—Robin Hood. (star cast.)

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE.
TOM'W, AFT. at 2:30, & SAT., 10:30 A. M.
WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
"Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH
In THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits
New Musical Play—The 100% Cast
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL B'way & 47. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30
H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners with IRENE BORDONI
MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th Street, West of Broadway.
Beginning NEXT SAT. NIGHT. Seats Now.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in "EYES OF YOUTH"
Always 500 Orchestra Seats at $1.00.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier
55 W. 35. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
THIS WEEK Les Freres Karamazov
Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

44th ST. Thrs., East W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15.
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Smartest Musical Show in Town.
LITTLE SIMPLICITY With the Prettiest Girls in the World

Loew's 7th Av. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1.
Mat. Today 25c & 50c. An Ideal Husband"
Next Week—"Business Before Pleasure"

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evs. 8:15.
MATINEES WED. & SAT., 2:15.
THE REAL LAUGHING MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON
THE KLAW & ERLANGER'S TIMELY GEM OF JOY AND MELODY
GIRL BEHIND THE GUN
ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE.
Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic
Two Entirely Different Shows.

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Thurs., Fri., Sat. 2:30
STUART WALKERS
PORTMANTEAU SEASON
Tel. Circle 1568. Current Bill, LORD DUNSANY'S
THE LAUGHTER of the GODS Mat. Today
"Stinpy" and "A Night in Avignon."

GEO. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43 St.
M. Bryant 392.
Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:20.
THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY.
"A PRINCE THERE WAS"
GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30.
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
The New Sensation of Psychic Mystery!
THE INVISIBLE FOE
TREMENDOUS HIT! "Not a war play!"

EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY.
LIGHTNIN Evs. at 8:30. Mat. Tom'w, Saturday & Wed., 2:30.
GAIETY, B'way & 46 St.
AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT
3 Wise Fools Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evs. 8:20.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Most Fascinating Mystery Play Ever Written
THREE FACES EAST
Hundreds turned away at every performance.

If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long Legs," you'll love
PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:10
Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
Standard B'way, 66th St. Mat. Today, 25c-50c.
FLORENCE NASH in "REMNANT"
Next Week—"Come Out of the Kitchen"

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight, 8:15, Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Raisbeck, Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi.
Fri. at 8. (1st time.) La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. Mat. at 2. L'Elisir d'Amore. Bori, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta. Cond., Papi.
Sat. at 8:15. (75c to $3.) Lucia. Garrison; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Reiss. Cond., Papi.
Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $2. Sextette, Pianist, Metsenaer, Rosalie Miller. Orch. Cond., Hasenas.
Next Mon. at 8. Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, De Luca, Mardones. Cond., Papi.

Tues. Mat. at 2. ($1 to $5.) Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Cond., Hasenas.
Wed at 8:15. Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs. at 8. Samson et Delila. Matsenauer; Caruso, Cossmann, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tom., Jan. 24, at 8:15. Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

TO-NIGHT
BAUER — THIBAUD
Aeolian Hall, $1.15
BEETHOVEN SONATAS
50c to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian—Tomor'w Afternoon, Jan. 24, at 3
Piano Recital
GABRILOWITSCH
ALL CHOPIN PROGRAM
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano

AEOLIAN—Tues. Aft., Jan. 28, at 3.
SAMUEL GARDNER
SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Baldwin Piano

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 25, 2:30
PIANO RECITAL—JOSEF
HOFMANN
(STEINWAY PIANO.) Seats at Box Office.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Jan. 28, at 8:15
LEOPOLD AUER
Program: Beethoven Sonatas, C Minor, G Major, A Major.
Mme. WANDA STEIN at the Piano.

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Aeolian Hall, Sat. Morn., Jan. 25, at 11
THIRD SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR CHILDREN.
Mr. DAMROSCH will explain the Violoncello, Trumpet and Trombone.

Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan'y 26, at 3.
Soloist
Mme. HULDA Lashanska
RAFF, MASSENET, MENDELSSOHN, TSCHAIKOWSKY, LOEFFLER.
Tickets at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Jan'y 29, 8:15 P. M.
GODOWSKY
(Knabe Piano)
Seats 50c and $1.00 at Hmanitarian Coll. 266 West End Ave.

CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Eve., JAN. 25
Violin Recital at 8:15 MAX
ROSEN
Seats at Hall Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Steinway Piano.

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow Eve., at 8:30
PIANO RECITAL MARVIN MAAZEL
Seats $1, $1.50, $2 at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

MOTION PICTURES.

BROADWAY Theatre, B'way at 41st St.
Cont. 10 A. M. to midnight.
THE HEART OF HUMANITY
A GREAT BIG BEAUTIFUL ROMANCE OF THE WAR.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 2.30, 5.5, 7.40, 10.15
ELSIE FERGUSON in "His Parisian Wife"
New Bennett Comedy.
RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

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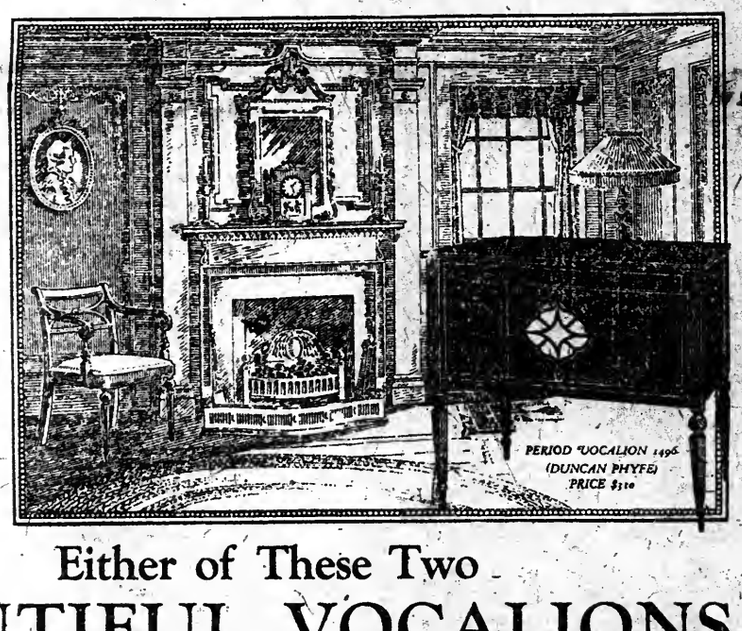

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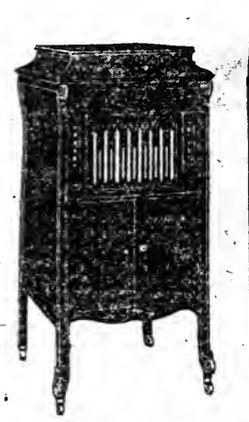

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JUDGE MOON'S VIEWS ON TREASON.

Representative MOON of Tennessee plants his feet upon the solid rock of consistency and defies a sneering world. Granting the soundness of his views as to the Postmaster General's powers and his exercise of them, Judge MOON's position is unassailable. He is Chairman of the House Committee on Post Office and Post Roads, he is unflinching in his championship of Mr. BURLESON, he believes that the control of telegraphs, telephones, and cables is rightly lodged with Mr. BURLESON, he is loyal to Mr. BURLESON. He stands by his guns and for his courage, at least, he is to be commended.

If it be once granted that a department officer, without limit and without restraint, may exercise war powers after the fighting has stopped, then resistance to that officer's authority becomes a serious matter. Mr. REYNOLDS, Vice President of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company, not standing in fear of Mr. BURLESON, had urged upon employés of the Postal system something perilously like obstruction to the plan of Federal control. In testifying at the hearing given upon Judge MOON's bill to extend the period of control over telegraphs and telephones, Mr. REYNOLDS admitted that he was dismissed because of this act of insubordination. "Because you were treasonable?" asked Judge MOON. To that remark Mr. REYNOLDS objected. "You were disloyal to Mr. BURLESON," persisted Judge MOON. How can that be denied? Mr. BURLESON is sovereign of the wires. Mr. REYNOLDS impudently defied him. Obviously, this was lèse-majesté, a grievous lesion was inflicted in and upon the august person of the sovereign by the insurrectionary REYNOLDS.

In taking the view that this was "treasonable," Judge MOON appears to have the distinguished support of CHARLES E. HUGHES, late Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. In his address to the New York State Bar Association the other day, Mr. HUGHES said that "in increasing measure we are ruled not "by Congress, nor by the Executive, "nor by State Legislatures, nor by "Governors, but by department officials, whose personal will, whose "favor or disfavor measures for practical purposes the rights of American citizens." But here is the point:

> Disobedience to the bureaucrat is a crime, and a citizen prefers to obey rather than chance the disgrace of an indictment. For him due process of law is largely an unreality, for reputation is too dear to enable him to risk the displeasure of the bureau chief or even of a subordinate who can enforce his will by the fact of a criminal charge.

It is unfortunate for Mr. REYNOLDS that these considerations did not occur to his mind in time to save him. He sinned against authority, the axe fell, and now Judge MOON intimates that he is guilty of treason and disloyalty.

It is a solemn thought that a railroad passenger who thoughtlessly opens or closes a car window may bring down upon himself an accusation of giving aid and comfort to the enemy, because of some regulation issued by authority of the Director General, of which he was ignorant. A like disgrace may be incurred by the heedless infraction of some telephone or telegraph regulation issued from sovereign authority. It is because of these risks, and of a thousand inconveniences, that the people of the United States are fervently praying that the war and the legal fiction of its continuance may be brought to an end promptly by the signing of the Treaty of Peace.

Department officers continue to exercise war powers, to ask for an extension of the period of their exercise, long after the fighting has ceased. Persons of a suspicious temper even intimate that these powers are exercised, not because of any war emergency, but because of the deliberate purpose of certain department officials permanently to extend Federal control over railroads and the wires. That suspicion may be treason. It has been popularly supposed that there are limits to the executive power. It has been assumed, even, that the courts would define those limits, that they would protect citizens and their property against acts beyond the authority of department officials under war or other legislation. The cables were seized after the war had ended, in fact but not in law, on the plea that it was necessary that the Government should have quick and unimpeded communication with Paris during the sessions of the Peace Conference. Objection was made that the seizure of the Pacific cables could hardly be justified by that plea. Suits were brought to determine the issues involved in the exercise of Federal authority in that manner, but as Congress had granted very broad powers to the Executive, and as the war in the legal sense had not yet ended, the decision of the Federal Court in this city that the case could not be considered justiciable was not unexpected. The courts, as everybody knows, do not concern themselves with the exercise of the executive power unless it plainly transcends statutory or Constitutional authority. But somewhere there are limits, and as Mr. HUGHES remarked in his address before the Bar Association, the courts of justice "should be keen to detect the step- "ping over the line of official au- "thority." The abuse of power is "the most vicious wrong in democracy," and the only protection "is to be found in courts of justice." States as well as individuals have begun to take notice of the somewhat startling theories of the scope of their powers entertained by department officials.

THE IRISH PARLIAMENT.

It is one of BERNARD SHAW's theories, or statements of fact, as disputable and certain, no doubt, as most other facts, that the Englishman is a dreamer, the Irishman severely logical and practical. An Irishman like Mr. GEORGE RUSSELL, a noble poet and prose writer, an effective dreamer, a mystic, and a master of agriculture, co-operation and one knows not what else, might represent both nationalities. Something of artistry, of humor and the want of it, of simplicity in the best sense, of earnestness, and of ardor is to be expected of all successors of the Tuatha de Danaan.

These characteristics were not missing from the meeting of the twenty-five Sinn Fein members of the British House of Commons, who have organized the Irish Parliament at Dublin. They call it "Dail Eireann," in that Irish language which was the medium of so ancient and memorable a literature, which is venerated even by revivers of it who, like WILLIAM BUTLER YEATS, can't read it, and of which, in translation, the reader who has no Irish can only complain that, in the case of proper names at least, its pronunciation is mighty hard.

Mr. CHARLES BURGESS, Gaelicized as CATHAL BRUGHA, was Speaker of this Irish Parliament. Nothing is wholesomer than laughter, and the audience, mostly women and children, can't have been too much refreshed by the real Irish speeches, the Irish declaration of independence, and address to free nations. The greatest reverence is due to antiquity, yet language revivals demand patience, even of the patriot. An All-Indian Parliament listening to addresses in Sanscrit, a German Parliament whose proceedings were in Old Gothic, a New England Parliament in Algonquin or Hassanamissittese, would be improving and impressive, but not too blithe. Some of the members of the Irish Parliament had trouble in reading their Irish manuscript speeches. All the more credit to them and to their hearers.

Descent was made to En_ _h, however, and the two main documents were translated into English and French. It seems a little strange that these friends of the Irish Renaissance forgot their Armorican cousins. Copies might well have been made in Breton.

Of three delegates to present the Irish cause to the Peace Conference two are in jail for the moment. The third will have to apply in English to the British Government for a passport. "The nation of Ireland," begins the address to the free nations, "having her national independence." Right before the eyes and ears of the Government these declarations of independence are made. These twenty-five men, almost all young and hopeful, chosen to a Parliament in which they won't sit, start on paper a new "nation," though they and their imprisoned colleagues represent not more than a half of it, and for a different purpose. In Dublin Lord FRENCH and the Secretary for Ireland are not in the slightest degree disturbed. LLOYD GEORGE in Paris has several other things to look after. Both on the part of the Sinn Feiners and of the British Government, no more amiable and peaceful conduct could be wished.

BOLSHEVIST PROPAGANDA.

If one believes MAXIM LITVINOFF, late Bolshevist Ambassador in London, his Government has engaged in no propaganda in any foreign country but Germany. But there are excellent reasons for not believing Mr. LITVINOFF. He was expelled from London for engaging in propaganda against the existing British system. He says the charge was false; but several thousand people heard him address the labor conference at Nottingham with a plain exhortation to revolution, and there is good evidence that propaganda literature was sent out from his Embassy.

Detailed evidence is at hand as to Bolshevist propaganda in Switzerland, which was a year or two ago, and perhaps is still, to serve as a centre for agitation in Germany, Austria, France, and Italy. Just before he went back to Russia LENINE himself left a memorandum for his associates at Zimmerwald which, as summarized by the Journal de Genève, laid out a program for the Swiss Socialist and labor elements which was frankly revolutionary. It contained four main proposals: Struggle against the Swiss Federal Constitution with the object of centralizing the State; denationalization, by close co-operation between Swiss and foreign proletarian groups and by facilitating rapid naturalization—a measure which at that time would have immensely forwarded the German plans for gaining economic control of Switzerland; unceasing struggle against the moderate and patriotic parties in Swiss socialism; and opposition to all measures for national defense.

This, to be sure, was LENINE as a private individual. But last Spring LENINE's Government sent a legation to Switzerland, and, according to Swiss newspapers quoted by The New Europe, its head expressly promised the President not to engage in any revolutionary propaganda. Yet very soon the mission was doing propaganda work, both by interviews given by the Minister to the Socialist press and by literature and "news" emitted by his subordinates. There is evidence that this centre carried on the work of LENINE himself, which had included incitement to a proletarian revolution in France as well as agitation in Switzerland, and it also carried out his advice to the Zimmerwaldians and tried to make out of every manifestation of economic discontent an expression of proletarian revolutionary sentiment. So, early in November, the Swiss Government expelled the whole mission.

That some persons, either Russian Bolsheviki or sympathizers with the Bolsheviki, have carried on a strong pro-Bolshevist propaganda at the Peace Conference is evident from the accounts of what is going on there; correspondents and peace delegates appear to be favored with innumerable arguments and apologies for the Bolsheviki. The conference has finally been persuaded that it will be best to give a hearing to the Russian factions, Bolsheviki and all. The best informed friends of the Russian people will feel that this is a deplorable mistake. The Bolsheviki are not only irreconcilable enemies of human society, their leaders have been the paid spies and agents of Germany. It is a fresh betrayal of the Russian people to treat with them. But the Allies, chiefly, it appears, because of opposition at Washington, refused aid to the Russians ten months ago, when they might have put down the Bolsheviki and set Russia free. This is a late and weak attempt to correct that blunder.

DOCKS AND TUNNELS.

It does not fully express the significance of the New York-New Jersey tunnel to say that it is a proposal to unify the Port of New York. That is enough to justify it, or rather to make it imperative to build it. Beyond that joint interest of the two States most immediately concerned, and also beyond the interest of the nation in the port which it neglects scandalously, lies the specific interest of this city. The existing situation is that unless funds are found for harbor facilities the city will lose commerce for the lack of waterside accommodation. The nation ought to help, for it is a reproach that of the billion dollars of Federal appropriations for development of rivers and harbors less than 3 per cent. has come to the port which does 50 per cent. of the nation's foreign trade and supplies three-quarters of the customs collections.

The annexation of Manhattan to the continent is not a local improvement in any sense, but there would be local consequences of specific importance to it. If the vehicular tunnel were built, there would be less need for the forty-six piers now in use by the railways on this little island, and there would be an immediate sufficiency of accommodation for foreign commerce now diverted elsewhere because the city is unable to furnish the piers for which offers have been made. If there were a vehicular tunnel the New Jersey waterfront also would be released from the railway monopoly which prejudices New Jersey. There is not space enough to accommodate the railways between the Palisades and the river, and the railway terminals need many acres further inland. The preferable tunnel would be a railway tunnel, on the broad view of the question. The vehicular tunnel would be a great relief to the New York interest. It would be a substitute for drayage, at the expense of shippers instead of railways. The traffic would be greatly facilitated, but it would remain true that the cost of delivery across the river would equal or exceed the cost of carriage from midcontinent or overseas. The need is so great that consignees as well as shippers would be willing to assume it in despair of other relief, and the time is ripe for availing of their readiness, which may disappear when trade becomes quieter. It should be remembered that the through East and West business needs accommodation as much as the local traffic, and can only get it by great inland railway classification yards, which should separate the two classes of business and deliver the goods where they ought to go on the wheels which bring them to tidewater. The mere cost of breaking bulk for wagon delivery creates a problem as great as the lighterage problem, which has muddled the rate situation for years.

There is no prospect that the railways in their present anaemic condition can build freight tunnels as one road built passenger tunnels. Nor is there any prospect that the Federal Administration will help the railways in the matter. Therefore, there is no escape from welcoming the co-operation of New York and New Jersey in the building of the wagon tunnels. Twelve of the most representative and influential civic organizations have approved, and the only dissent has come from New Jersey. That State does not appreciate what it will receive, and overvalues what it will give. It even ungraciously suspects the motives of its partner State and wants a sectional referendum upon the question of unifying the port. There is danger that the New York vote, either by population or investment, would promote the unification of the port, but it is not a danger which New Jersey needs dread. There is equal representation upon the commission which has the matter in charge, and there is no reason to suppose that anything injurious to New Jersey can even be proposed, and still less be feared, from the malice or covetousness of New York. Tunnels run in both directions, and New Jersey travelers or freight will benefit more by access to Manhattan than Manhattan users of the tunnel will benefit by access to New Jersey.

PORTUGAL.

Of what is to come from the confused, explosive politics and parties of Portugal in the last nine years the seventh son of a seventh son born under Libra, and therefore of balanced judgment, shall make but vain guesses. The Monarchists, who are rising, or said to be, in the north, were mostly pro-German in the war, with the exception of the associates of Dom MANOEL in England. Portugal's ancient friendship and alliance with England forbid any long German success there, and if Dom MANOEL is really bent on a Lusitanian emprise he at least is a good friend of the Entente.

A certain vigor and violence, a remarkable power of intrigue, the spirit of dictatorship, however hidden by republican and democratic names, are characteristic of modern Portugal. If, with the fate of his father and elder brother in his mind, and Europe full of monarchs out of business like himself, Dom MANOEL really goes back to Portugal, he is a brave man who loves adventure, loves Portugal so well that he wants to be buried there as soon as possible.

SAILORS FOR GERMAN SHIPS.

According to the agreement reached at Treves last week, the German ships which are to carry troops to this country and Australia will take back food to Germany. All must be manned by British or American seamen. Germany's delegates in the brief conference asked that sailors of their own country be used. Their plea was rejected. The seamen's boycott appears to have been overlooked.

Nearly all the British seamen have signed a pledge which excludes them for seven years to come from any service in the interest of Germans, and this boycott movement has the support of the French sailors' organization. The leader of it, J. HAVELOCK WILSON, President of the International Seamen's Union, and his Executive Committee have called an international conference, to be held on Feb. 24, for the consideration of a resolution saying that seamen "will "not man any ship going to or coming "from an enemy country" until provision has been made for due compensation to the dependent relatives of those whose lives were taken by submarines. There were more than fifteen thousand British victims of the U-boats. He predicts that the resolution will be adopted "provid- "ing that no food shall go to Ger- "many" until the compensation is assured.

If the seamen stand by their pledges the movement of troops as well as the carrying of food may be delayed, for in many cases the same ship will be used for both kinds of service. The German ships in home ports are ready for sea work. An early announcement by the Peace Conference of its purpose to care for the dead sailors' dependents would promote effective and immediate use of them, if German seamen must be excluded.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Promise Must Be Kept. People in and out of Congress who are making such bitter moan over the prospect that the Government must pay $2.26 a bushel for wheat when the market price is likely to be about $1.35, feel a perfectly comprehensible grief, and one that is shared, probably, by everybody except the farmers who are going to get an extra billion or more for their crop. They, of course, view the situation with pleased equanimity.

Hard, however, as the bargain does seem, now, and hard as it undoubtedly is, the thought of not standing by its terms has not received expression from any quarter, and it should not. National faith is involved in keeping the contract, and even a suggestion to evade the Government's agreement would have deplorable consequences—possibly fatal consequences, perhaps, if ever there should arise in the future another emergency like the one that existed when the agreement was made. It was vital, then, to the world's safety and welfare to be assured that the next wheat crop in this country would be large enough to make up for the difficulty or impossibility of getting adequate supplies for the Allies, their associates, and their friends in other lands. There was no failure here or anywhere else to recognize that fact, and the only question raised was, not as to fixing a minimum price for all American wheat, but as to the size of the price that should be fixed.

Criticism Queerly Reversed. Even the fiercest of the orators now discussing the price of wheat have the grace to admit that the agreed price must be paid. Somehow or other, however, they must utilize for political purposes the general and natural reluctance to pay more than the market price for anything, and they have found what they think is a way to do it. Their naïve device is to attack the man whom, with some plausibility, they can attack as having had much to do with determining the amount every American farmer should get for every bushel of wheat he could and would raise.

They forget that, only a few months ago, every politician who had any regard at all for the farmer vote was denouncing that same man for insisting that $2.26 was a price quite enough to make wheat raising attractive, because profitable. They vehemently declared that amount insufficient to make the farmer confident of making both ends meet or to inspire him with either eagerness or willingness to risk planting a large acreage to a somewhat uncertain crop. The clamor, then, was for $2.50 a bushel, and when that was refused prophecies rang through both halls of Congress that our sturdy yeomanry were about to be ruined because of that same man's ignorance or malice.

At present the contention is that the country is to be robbed of a billion because he set the price too high! If Mr. HOOVER is well supplied with appreciation of the humorous, he may be only amused by this oscillation of opinion as to his judgment; if he isn't, his temper must be much tried.

A Warning Familiar in Sound. As it will make no practical difference whether or not New York State ratifies the prohibition amendment—as the amendment, that is, will become a part of the Constitution, regardless of what New York does—there is some difficulty in understanding how the "wet" spokesmen at Albany managed to put so much fire into their orations. It was easy to see, however, that they used more fire than wisdom, especially in the case of those who substituted for argument based on facts an appeal to fear.

Prohibition, they declared with an almost convincing semblance of sincerity, would be followed by a Bolshevist revolution here, and then, they said, we'd be sorry for shutting up the distilleries and breweries that hitherto have guarded us from that awful fate!

Now, if these seemingly apprehensive persons really are afraid of such a result of prohibition, they are quite the most timid people in the United States, and they shouldn't be allowed as far away from home as Albany unless attended by nurse girls at least as competent as Orphant Annie to guard them from Black Things.

Their warnings recall what we used to hear would happen to us if, ignoring the opinions and will of our pro-German residents, the United States dared to join the Allies in fighting the Central Empires. As a matter of fact, just nothing happened—nothing, that is, except that many Americans of German birth or descent promptly volunteered to fight under their adopted country's flag, and a considerably greater number submitted to conscription with no less docility than their neighbors.

Prohibition will doubtless have its troublesome consequences, but neither a Bolshevist revolution nor a Bolshevist uprising will be one of them.

The police would not permit it.

Another British Blunderer. Prince FEISAL, son of King HUSSEIN, is a most disappointing person. His remarks, as reported by the ever-accurate Associated Press, contain not one trace of Oriental imagery—not one reminder of the Arabian Nights—not one indication that he is even trying to add something of picturesqueness and of the unfamiliar to the day's discussion.

He seems to be an entirely practical young man, with aspirations differing in no respect from his many fellow-fishers in the troubled waters the war has left, and for anything that appears in his talk he might have been born and raised, not in Medina, but in Paris, London, or even Trenton, N. J.

It's not that what the Prince says isn't sensible, intelligent, and commendable. It's that it isn't touched with the glamour of the East. Perhaps this is the fault, not of Prince FEISAL, but that of the British Colonel who has him in tow and presumably edits and possibly writes his speeches. If that is so, the British Colonel is either not wise enough to hold the place he does or else he is too wise. Somebody ought to give him some good advice as to what is expected of an Arabian Prince who really is a desert warrior and could talk like one if he were allowed to be himself.

"AND THERE IS NO PEACE!"

The god of love, the god of strife—
Twin brethren, they, and lords of all;
And, at the trumpet call of life,
They answer to one battle call.

The bowman, Cupid, armored Mars—
Eros and Ares—one in name,
They lead, as one, through life and wars,
For life and warfare are the same.

In bleeding heart and crimson hand
That show the quick blood of the race,
Their banners float in every land
Whereof the oceans still hold trace.

The fertile seed of life they sow,
And water it with blood and tears;
By blood and tears the nations grow
Through all the unremembered years!

The hand shall not put up the sword
Until the beating pulses cease,
And, all its crimson banners lowered,
Life yields the victory to Peace!

M. E. BUHLER.

THE BOLSHEVIKI AND THEIR APOLOGISTS.

The Kind of "Order" We Have in Russia—The Force Necessary to Save the Country—Lloyd George's Suggestion.

By GEORGE KENNAN.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A general and apparently concerted attempt is being made by radical Socialists in the United States to excite sympathy for the Russian Bolsheviki, on the ground that their Government is a new, untried, and peculiarly Russian form of democracy; that it has maintained order in Russia for a period of fourteen months; that it has the support of a majority of the people, and that the Russian masses ought not to be prevented, by foreign intervention, from trying out the theories in which they firmly believe. No one knows, it is said, what the real situation in Russia is; the alleged cruelties and atrocities of the Red Guard and the Extraordinary Commissions are probably exaggerations, if not inventions, and there is really no good reason why delegates from the Government of the Bolsheviki should not be admitted to the Peace Conference on a perfect equality with delegates from the anti-Bolshevist Governments in Omsk, Ekaterinodar, and Archangel.

In a speech made in Cooper Union last night and reported in THE TIMES this morning, Mr. M. J. Olgin, one of the many apologists for the Bolsheviki, said:

"Though I am not a member of the Bolsheviki and do not approve of the course of the Russian revolution, I must say that the Bolsheviki were the only ones who introduced order out of chaos. They have maintained order for fourteen months and they show no signs of weakening."—(NEW YORK TIMES, Jan. 20, 1919.)

It would be interesting to know just what Mr. Olgin's conception of "order" is. It must be something like the unrestrained activity of lunatics from a public asylum, a cohort of Black Hundred pogrom rioters from the Jewish Pale of Settlement, and a gang of "Forty Thieves" from the Arabian Nights. According to Maxim Gorky (as quoted by William E. Walling) there have been in Russia, since the revolution began, more than ten thousand cases of lynching, "with theft and robbery increasing every day." And for most of these crimes of violence, committed in what Mr. Olgin calls a state of "order," the Bolsheviki and their adherents are directly responsible. Mr. Walling also quotes Oskar Tokoi, formerly Socialist Prime Minister of Finland, as saying:

"Only a small minority supports the [Bolshevist] Government; and, what is worse, to the supporters of this Government are rallying all the hooligans, robbers and others, to whom this period of confusion promises a good chance of individual action."—(NEW YORK TIMES, Dec. 30, 1918.)

Mr. Olgin says that "it would take a scholar many years to analyse the vast system of laws which they [the Bolsheviki] have introduced." But in all this "vast system of laws" the commandments "Thou shalt not kill" and "Thou shalt not steal," which were handed down from Sinai for the protection of life and property, do not seem to have found a place. Perhaps Mr. Olgin thinks that the "vast system of laws" devised by the Bolsheviki has superseded the Ten Commandments, and that killing and stealing are not incompatible with a state of "order."

In arguing against foreign intervention in Russia Mr. Olgin says:

"Are the Allies going to fight Russia because they do not believe in its political principles? The Russian masses have done things they ought not to have done; but are we to invade Russia and kill them off because we disagree with them? To send an army to Russia would require 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 men, and the war might last from five to fifteen years."

This is more extraordinary, if possible, than the assertion that the Bolsheviki have maintained order. If the Allies invade Russia in force, it will not be to "kill off" the masses, but to prevent the Bolsheviki from killing them off. The Bolshevist Red Guard and Extraordinary Commissions are the killers; the allied armies would be the life-savers. Mr. Olgin's estimate that it would require a force of two million to three million men and a war of from five to fifteen years to overthrow the Bolsheviki is almost too irrational for serious consideration. A few divisions of Czechoslovaks, insufficiently armed and with very little ammunition, took away from the Bolsheviki last summer the whole line of the Trans-Siberian Railway from the Urals to the Pacific. A much smaller force of Russians and Czechoslovaks—only a few regiments in fact—boldly attacked the Bolsheviki, within a few hundred miles of the latter's headquarter's, captured from them the important cities of Samara, Ufa, Syzran, Stavropol, Simbirsk and Kazan; forced the evacuation of Nizhni-Novgorod, and threatened even Moscow itself. If they had had the support of a single division of allied troops, with artillery and machine guns, they would probably have taken Moscow by assault and put an end to the Bolsheviki forever. The forces of Lenine and Trotzky, composed mainly of Russian mercenaries and marauders with a stiffening of Germans, Hungarians, Letts and Chinese, could not stand against the Czechoslovaks and the "People's Army," even when they outnumbered the latter seven to one. The city of Kazan, which had a garrison of 8,000 Bolsheviki of the Red Guard, was taken by three hundred Serbians, three companies of the People's Army, and four companies of Czechoslovaks, with only a single 37-millimetre field gun. (For details of all these operations see "The Russian Democracy in its Struggle with the Bolshevist Tyranny," by Colonel Vladimir I. Lebedeff; N. Y., 1919, p. 13-31.)

And now we are told by Mr. Olgin that 3,000,000 veteran British, French and American soldiers would have to fight from five to fifteen years in order to conquer a Bolshevist Red Guard that was defeated a dozen times last summer by a mere handful of patriotic Russians and Czechoslovaks. The only word that seems fitly to characterize such an estimate is—preposterous! But Mr. Olgin does not stand alone when he declares that it would take 3,000,000 allied soldiers fifteen years to overthrow the Bolsheviki. Other admirers of the Red Guard say that it would take 5,000,000. In an address on "Lloyd George's Policy toward the Soviet Governments of Russia," which was delivered last night in the Church of the Ascension of this city, Mr. Jerome Davis, who is described as the "Senior Secretary in charge of all the war work of the Y. M. C. A. in Russia," said:

"To crush out the Bolsheviki would be impossible, were it desirable. Those who have made a study of the question, Professor Harper of Chicago University among them, assure us that it would take 5,000,000 men."—(NEW YORK TIMES, Jan. 20, 1919.)

This estimate is even more extraordinary than that of Mr. Olgin. It would require us to believe that the Red Guard of mercenaries—the Bolshevist army of Russians, Germans, Hungarians, Letts, and Chinese—which could not hold its own last Summer against a few thousand half-armed Czechoslovaks, has since become so formidable that to crush it would require a force comparable to that which Marshal Foch used in smashing the veteran and victory-flushed armies of Germany. If Trotzky ever reads THE NEW YORK TIMES he will feel a thrill of pride when he sees that, in the opinion of Professor Harper and the Senior Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., his Red Guard would be almost if not quite, a match for five million such men as fought at Château-Thierry and in the forest of the Argonne.

Mr. Davis is also reported as saying that even if the Allies do not intervene for the protection of the harried and terrorized people of Russia—if they merely send "ammunition, clothing, food, and supplies of all kinds to the opponents of the Bolsheviki"—they will so incense and exasperate Lenine, Trotzky & Co. that the latter will attack their enemies more fiercely than ever, and bring about a state of "chaos which will make the so-called Red Terror look mild in comparison." This policy, moreover, on the part of the Allies, will bring about in some unexplained way "the starvation of hundreds of thousands of women and babies." And for all this, including wholesale Bolshevist massacres and starving women and babies, we, the Allies, are to be held directly responsible. It will be, as Mr. Davis says, "on our heads."

What, then, is to be done? Shall we, in the words of President Wilson, "stand by Russia," or shall we stand by the Bolsheviki and let Russia perish? Mr. Davis seems to favor the latter course, inconsistent as it may be with Y. M. C. A. principles. The only policy left, he says, "is the one sponsored by Lloyd George. We must be proud of England for taking this stand, and it must be that it is the result of superior information which Lloyd George has, and which most of you have not. I am inclined to think that it is based on the reports of the British High Commission, reports which have not been published, but which I understand convey the offer of the Bolsheviki to co-operate with the Allies."

This policy, which Mr. Davis says is recommended by Lloyd George and the British High Commission, would be a disgraceful compromise with what Ambassador Noulens has called a system of "tyranny and terror which should place the bloody chiefs at Moscow and Petrograd outside the pale of humanity." It would admit as delegates to the Peace Conference unrepentant Bolshevist murderers who ought long ago to have been tried for their innumerable crimes and hanged by the neck until they were dead. It would condone assassination and mass terrorism; it would put the stamp of toleration on such acts of violence and outrage as those committed by the Germans in Belgium; and, worst of all, it would invite red-handed criminals from Moscow to come to Paris, mingle with honorable men, and take part—as witnesses at least—in the proceedings that are to determine the future fate of Russia.

France, certainly, will never consent to the adoption of any such policy, and it is to be hoped that the delegates from the United States will unhesitatingly take their stand beside Ambassador Noulens and Foreign Minister Pichon. If Lloyd George believes that delegates from the Bolsheviki are worthy of admittance to the Peace Conference, he is in violent disagreement with his own Ambassador to Russia, Sir George Buchanan, who witnessed the rise of the Bolsheviki to power, and who now joins Ambassador Noulens and Foreign Minister Pichon in denouncing them as cold-blooded murderers and traitors to the Allies, whose atrocious crimes "should place them outside the pale of humanity." In a recent article in The Fortnightly Review, Sir George said:

"Russian workmen and peasants alike have realized too late by bitter experience what Bolshevist rule means, and how it has spelled ruin both for themselves and their country. Liberty, the watchword of the revolution, has long been a dead letter—it is the monopoly of a single class, of a minority which through its Red army terrorizes the majority of the nation. All who do not subscribe to the articles of the Bolshevist creed are disfranchised, all papers which do not support the Government are suppressed. Justice is unobtainable, or only to be bought, and corruption is rampant. Never since the days of Ivan the Terrible has Russia suffered from such tyranny; and when, some weeks ago, the Bolsheviki feared that their power was on the wane, they indulged in an orgy of massacre and pillage, in the hope of overawing a helpless people with the Red Terror. Nobody's life is safe—all their political opponents, whether belonging to the Socialist or non-Socialist parties, to the working classes or to the aristocracy, are styled counter-revolutionaries, and as such are judged guilty and sentenced to death. The process of passing sentence on individuals is even found too slow, and they are massacred in batches, the Red Guard or the Chinese mercenaries employed as executioners being free to choose their victims from the list of the proscribed. Such are the methods by which those pseudo-democrats, Lenine and Trotzky, have attempted to found their Socialist State, and such are the precepts of the Bolshevist gospel which they would fain see preached in this and other countries.

"I believe in Russia's eventual resurrection, provided that the Allies will help her to cast off the Bolshevist tyranny, which is sapping her vital force, and that they will further, with all the means at their disposal, her political and economic reconstruction."

Will Mr. Davis and the Y. M. C. A. please take notice!

GEORGE KENNAN.

New York, Jan. 20, 1919.

General Bell.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During General MacArthur's campaign to the north from Manila in the Spring of 1899 I served on his staff as a civilian aid, on the recommendation of Major J. Franklin Bell. One evening, after a day of very lively skirmishing, Bell and I were just making our own little camp with a few armfuls of rice hay and one blanket when the General approached. He took Bell aside, but only a few feet, and complimented him on what he had accomplished, concluding with these words: "Major Bell, you have been worth your weight in gold to me this day." There was no other auditor besides myself.

GEORGE F. BECKER,
United States Geologist.

Washington, Jan. 16, 1919.

SEES ANTI-BRITISH PROPAGANDA HERE

Sir Henry Babington Smith Warns Against Efforts to Create Discord.

BECK URGES FRATERNITY

Says Sentiment of Unity Between Liberal Forces Is Needed for League of Nations.

Sir Henry Babington Smith, Acting High Commissioner of Great Britain in the United States, speaking yesterday at the sixteenth annual meeting of the Pilgrims at the Waldorf-Astoria, said that there are influences and activities, some subtle and some gross, some open and some secret, whose object it is to create discord and destroy the confidence created in the last 100 years between Great Britain and the United States.

Referring to the villain in "Hamlet," who murdered Hamlet's father by pouring poison into his ear while he was asleep, Sir Henry declared earnestly: "Poison is being poured into the ears of the American people, and if they be not awake to the danger it will have its murderous effect. I believe, however, that whatever attempts will be made they will be powerless for evil, provided that we are on our guard against them."

A similar sentiment was spoken by James M. Beck, former United States Attorney General, who declared that there are two great currents running through this country; one the sentiment of accord with Great Britain and the other a current of deep-seated prejudice and passion against everything British. "And these two currents will come into active collision before many a day," he added. The chairman of the meeting was Chauncey M. Depew.

"The war is over, but we have not yet made peace," said Sir Henry in his address. "We are all rather inclined to believe that we are at the end of our troubles, to grumble at the slowness of demobilization and at everything that interferes with our return to business as usual."

After adding that the process of readjustment is going on with surprising rapidity Sir Henry remarked that a period of convalescence is necessary, for the patient cannot go about his business as usual the moment the fever has subsided. The world, he said, is going through this period of convalescence, and the doctors are in consultation in Paris.

Sees Difficulties Cropping Up.

"There is indeed just as much need of co-operation and unity now as there was during the war, and it is more difficult to maintain it," he continued. "In the war the one paramount object was to defeat the enemy. In this we were all agreed. But now that the fighting is over and the compelling force of military necessity ceases to operate, divergent interests and desires begin to reappear, not only between nation and nation, but it may be between different political parties, different social groups, or diverging national aspirations in the same country. On the broad principles which should guide the settlement there is substantial agreement, but in the detailed application of these principles there is room for difference, if only because of the complexity of the problems to be solved and of the variety of the forces which come into play."

The governing idea underlying the League of Nations, Sir Henry urged, was that the reign of law which in civilized life governs the relations between individuals should be extended to govern the relations between nations.

"The League of Nations, if it is to be an effective instrument and a living reality, must be the expression and the embodiment of the fixed will and determination of the world. Two things are necessary; the creation of the law-abiding habit of mind in international affairs, and the creation of machinery for giving effect to law, whether it be for the guardianship of young nations, for the settlement of disputes, or for the coercion of the law-breaker, but the former is as necessary as the latter. In the last resort the effectiveness of the league's action would depend on the wills of the nations composing it, and not upon the ingenuity or aptness of the provisions devised for its constitution. It is only by the force of the nations composing the league, whether that force be exercised as moral suasion, or in case of necessity, by economic pressure, or by armed compulsion, that the league can give effect to its obligations or to its decisions. They must guard against the danger of providing machinery from which the motive power will be lacking, and which will therefore remain ineffective.

"For this reason doubts have been expressed whether the present is the right time for forming the league, and it has been suggested that it would be better to wait till passions were cold, and till the normal economic life of the world has been resumed. I venture to dissent from that view. Steel has to be cast when it is hot, not when it is cold. It is true that the strength of the casting depends upon the strength of the metal when it is cold, but if you wait till it is cold the casting cannot be done."

Summing up the union of Great Britain and America during the war, Sir Henry declared that there were not wanting those who will try to efface that impression. "They do not hesitate to distort facts, to suggest vile or selfish motives and to appeal to every outworn prejudice and animosity of the past." He concluded by declaring that the surest guarantee for the peace of the world, the firmest foundation for a League of Nations, lies in the understanding and friendship, the unshakable confidence between Great Britain and the United States.

Beck Refers to Prohibition.

Mr. Beck, after referring to the prohibition amendment as a new child, but not a true child of our constitutional system of Government, declared that the victory of the allied nations was one of sentiment; for it was the sentiment of the free peoples that enabled them to conquer the nations which had prepared for war.

"So far as Great Britain and America are concerned," he added, "it is easier now than ever before to develop this sentiment of fraternity, and I say this notwithstanding the efforts that are now being made in many ways to divide these two countries. A peace conference can meet, solemnly deliberate, engross elaborate treaties of peace, form leagues of nations, bind them together by yards of red tape, and attach signatures with many seals; but, when all is done, these will prove little more than scraps of paper unless behind them is the sentiment of unity and fraternity between the liberal forces of the world that have won the victory. We have fought together. We must remain together."

Former Senator Depew, referring to the fighting already going on between some of the smaller nations of Europe, said it was as dangerous to be in Jugo-slav territory at the present time as it was to be a husband on Long Island. He said there could be no revolution in this country, where people think straight and have liberty, and he denounced the Bolsheviki for "regarding the murder of those who disagreed with them as liberty."

WANT WOMEN JURORS TO SERVE AT WILL

Club Presidents Favor Bill Providing for an Elective System.

DOUBTFUL ABOUT FARMERS

Miss Wren Says They Will Not Pass a Bill That Would Take Their Wives from Farm Duty.

Presidents of Women's Clubs at a meeting called by the Brooklyn Women's Bar Association at the rooms of the Professional Women's League, on West Forty-eighth Street, yesterday afternoon voted unanimously to favor a bill making women of the State subject to jury duty. The proposed bill does not make jury duty mandatory as it is for men, but elective, the women to have the right to refuse to serve if they wish to do so.

This was not the desire of the gathering or of the Brooklyn women lawyers, who consider that the exemptions which free men from duty under many circumstances would be equally satisfactory for women, but they voted for elective jury duty because they said the up-State farmers would never pass a bill which might call their wives and daughters away from home in the middle of Winter to spend a week in a town hotel.

"There are two Winter sessions of the court," said Miss Amy Wren, President of the Brooklyn Lawyers' Association, who presided, "and the men go to court as they would to the theatre, but you couldn't get the farmers to pass a bill that would make it mandatory for their wives and daughters to go. If the men enjoy it I don't know why the women should not have a little of the fun."

"The women would love it," said Miss Mary Wood. "I'm an up-State woman and I know. The men have all that fun and are paid for it, too."

"Unmarried women are not as well fitted for jury duty as the married," said Mrs. Ellen Kirk Downs. "They cannot understand children and family conditions."

"I consider the unmarried women are much better fitted," said Miss Wood, "because they are unprejudiced."

"No one can understand a boy like a mother," persisted Mrs. Downs.

"Cases of children under 16 are tried in the lower courts where they have no jury," said Miss Wren, "and the age is going to be raised to 18."

"I have heard Judge after Judge say that they have had cases where they would have been thankful if they could have had even one woman on the jury," said Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw.

"Most men and women believe that jury duty goes automatically with the privilege of voting," said Mrs. Olive Stott Gabriel. "Women always rise to their responsibilities and they will make good jurors."

LENBACH PAINTING, $1,750.

"Portrait Study of a Man" Leads Moderns in Halsey Collection.

At the sale of paintings and miniatures of the collection of the late Frederic R. Halsey at the Anderson Galleries last evening an unusual "Portrait Study of a Man," the half length figure of a Bavarian peasant in relief against a background of rough gray boards, by the German artist Lenbach, brought the highest price for a modern picture, going to L. M. Robbins for $1,750. Another Lenbach, "Portrait of a Peasant Girl," a life-size study, an early work of the artist, went to the same buyer for $925. The returns for the evening were $13,429.

F. A. Lawlor was one of the biggest buyers at the afternoon sale of art and household furnishings, paying $625 for a bronze group, the "Four Seasons," in four pieces; $200 for a pair of modern bronze amphoras, French; $145 for an Empire candelabraum, and $100 for two figures, Anthony Van Dyke and Rubens. The returns for the afternoon were $7,315. The sale will be continued this afternoon.

SOLDIERS TO SEE PARIS.

Pershing Issues New Order Providing Leaves of Absence.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—All American officers and soldiers will get a chance to see Paris in a leave of absence of three days before sailing homeward, according to General Order No. 14 issued from American General Headquarters on Jan. 18. American soldiers of Italian, French, Belgian, and British extraction will have an opportunity to visit their former homes or relatives before returning to the United States.

The general order, however, carries one condition to the clause concerning visits to Paris, as follows:

"Permission may be granted without special reason to men of exceptional good character, who may be expected to conduct themselves properly at all times and who have sufficient funds."

Black marks against privates will not prevent them, however, from obtaining leaves of absence to visit relatives in France, Belgium, Great Britain, and Italy.

Leaves are hereafter to be granted on a more liberal basis.

Their 60th Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Lamkay of 350 Midwood Street, Brooklyn, are celebrating their sixtieth wedding anniversary this week. They were married in this city and have ten children, twenty grandchildren and five great-grandchildren, all of whom are living and well. The entire family resides in Greater New York and are uniting in the celebration. Mr. Lamkay is prominent in Brooklyn fraternal and charitable institutions.

Special Sale of
BOOKS
Through January
Fine Sets of Standard Authors, Art Books, etc.
at DUTTON'S
681 Fifth Ave., near 54th St.

JAN V. CHELMINSKI'S
Latest Portraits of
PERSHING, FOCH, JOFFRE and HAIG, Etc.
on Exhibition at the
Kleinberger Galleries
725 Fifth Ave.

1,000 ATTEND PEACE BALL.

Southern Society Dances at Waldorf in Aid of War Wounded.

The Peace Ball, given last night at the Waldorf-Astoria by the Southern Society, was largely attended, the guests numbering more than 1,000. The grand ballroom and Astor Gallery were used for the affair, with decorations symbolic of peace and victory. The affair began at 9:30 o'clock with a reception, followed by general dancing, two orchestras playing continuously.

The Southern colony of New York was well represented, and many offerings of the army and navy, as well as soldiers and sailors, enjoyed real Southern hospitality. Special dances enlivened the evening's program.

The proceeds of the ball will be used by the society's war fund, of which Walter L. McCorkle is Chairman, to promote the comfort of the wounded boys from overseas. Robert Adamson was head of the Entertainment Committee.

Thirty representative Southern women of prominence acted as patronesses, among whom were Mrs. A. M. Anderson, Mrs. Adamson, Mrs. Chester Alexander, Mrs. George Gordon Battle, Mrs. Barson G. Collier, Mrs. James H. Dinwiddie, Mrs. H. Snowden Marshall, Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mrs. Bedell Parker, Mrs. Almuth C. Vandiver, Mrs. Julian B. Beatty, Mrs. Walter L. McCorkle, Mrs. E. B. Wilson, Mrs. George B. Covington, Mrs. Junius Parker, Mrs. Mart Gress, Mrs. Robert H. Wiley, Mrs. S. R. Bertrand, Mrs. Simon Baruch, Mrs. Charles Guggenheimer, Mrs. Hugh Gordon Miller, Mrs. James W. Hall, Mrs. F. Graham Cootes, and Mrs. Stuart G. Gibboney.

ZIONIST FUND NOW $700,000.

Day's Subscriptions Reach $284,000—Canada Pledges $250,000.

Subscriptions to the Palestine Restoration Fund on the fourth day of the $3,000,000 drive by the Zionist Organization amounted to $284,000, bringing the total up to $700,000. The Zionists of Canada have pledged $250,000 and it was announced yesterday that at a dinner the Canadian Zionists had raised $50,000.

Among the contributions received yesterday was an anonymous one of $24,000. Emil Berliner subscribed $10,000 and $1,000 each was received from Mrs. Max R. Guggenheimer, Rudolph Levy of Lynchburg, Va., and Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Lindheim. At a meeting of the team captains yesterday $29,651 was reported in cash and pledges. At a benefit performance in Kessler's Theatre $1,700 was raised.

The Zionist Organization of America announced the departure for Palestine of Dr. Harry Friedenwald of Baltimore, Vice President of the Zionist Organization of America; Dr. I. M. Rubinow of New York, and Robert Szold of the Department of Justice of Washington. Dr. Friedenwald will be accompanied by Rudolph Sonneborn, who will serve as his private secretary.

Y. M. C. A. MAKES DENIAL.

Asserts Cigarettes for Free Distribution Were Not Sold.

Charges that the Y. M. C. A. sold in France packages of cigarettes intended for free distribution, made by an Army Chaplain, were denied last night by the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A.

In the statement given out by the Y. M. C. A. refuting these charges, it is said that Beveridge C. Dunlap of New York, was one of the Y. M. C. A. workers with the regiment to which the Chaplain was attached and that he has received from the men in the regiment a loving cup, costing $100 in appreciation of the services he performed. Mr. Dunlap has received a letter from Colonel William Screws, commander of the regiment, in appreciation of his work.

The statement says that this is the first specific charge against the Y. M. C. A. that has been fully investigated, and that it has been found to be entirely without foundation.

SAVED 47 FROM CASTALIA.

Americans Picked Up by Norwegian Ship—Five Died After Rescue.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 22.—The Norwegian-American liner Bergensfjord, which has arrived here, reports saving forty-seven men from the American steamer Castalia, which was wrecked off Sable Island on Jan. 11, while the Bergensfjord was on her way across the Atlantic.

Five of these saved died from exposure after being taken aboard the Norwegian vessel.

Better Ocean Mails Wanted.

Major Philip Curry, a Director of Traffic in the British Ministry of Shipping, will sail today for England on the Leviathan to discuss the shipping situation with the chief officials in London. Merchants here are complaining of the poor mail facilities under the present system. There has not been a mail steamer for Liverpool since the Carmania sailed on Jan. 8. The next will be the Lapland, sailing on Saturday, Jan. 23.

Community Theatre for the Bronx.

The Bronx is to have a community theatre, and to carry on the movement the prominent women of the Bronx have formed an auxiliary, who will hold a meeting at the Melrose Library next Monday evening.

Mrs. Flagler's Wealth Grows.

The accounting of Cornelius J. Sullivan and the Guaranty Trust Company as committee of the property of Mrs. Ida M. Flagler, divorced wife of the late Henry M. Flagler, for the past year, was filed in the County Clerk's office yesterday. It shows that the property put in trust for Mrs. Flagler's benefit when she was declared incompetent and sent to Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald's sanitarium at Central Valley, N. Y., is now worth $7,950,327, an increase of $1,289,477 over the value reported last year. In that year there was a shrinkage of $1,310,000, due to the depreciation of securities in the trust.

J. G. Blaine, Jr., to be Bank Official.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—James G. Blaine, Jr., of Providence, R. I., has retired as director of the Department of Development of the American Red Cross to become a Vice President of the Liberty National Bank of New York. He has been succeeded by Edward C. Crossett of Davenport, Iowa, an associate director of the Department of Development.

EX-SENATOR OLIVER DIES IN PITTSBURGH

Publisher of Two Republican Newspapers Was Former Steel Manufacturer.

BEGAN CAREER AS LAWYER

Elected to United States Senate for Unexpired Term of Knox, He Served Continuously Until 1917.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Jan. 22.—Former United States Senator George T. Oliver died at his home here this morning after a lingering illness. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon, and will be private.

George T. Oliver, former United States Senator, lawyer, steel manufacturer, and newspaper publisher, was born in Dungannon, Ireland, Jan. 26, 1848, while his parents were visiting there. His lifelong home was in Allegheny, now a part of Pittsburgh, and he was educated at Bethany College, West Virginia, of which subsequently he was a trustee.

He was admitted to the bar in 1871, practicing with notable success until 1881. His legal business had been largely identified with the steel industry, and eventually he withdrew from professional practice and devoted himself to manufacturing. During twenty years of connection with steel he gave the subject the same careful attention he had previously given the law. Until 1899 he was Vice President and then President of the Oliver Wire Company, and was President of the Hainsworth Steel Company from 1889 to 1897. He remained President of the amalgamated companies until 1901, when he disposed of all his manufacturing interests.

Senator Oliver became the owner of The Pittsburgh Gazette in 1900, and a little later he purchased an afternoon paper, The Chronicle-Telegraph. He completed his newspaper purchases in Pittsburgh six years later when he bought The Times, a morning paper, and merged it with The Gazette under the name of The Gazette-Times. For eighteen years he directed the papers, with his two sons, George S. Oliver and Augustus K. Oliver, associated in the management. In the meantime he became the owner of extensive real estate in Pittsburgh and contributed to the upbuilding of the city.

While a newspaper publisher he became active in local, State, and national politics as a Republican, exerting potent influence in the nomination and selection of State and national officers. He was elected United States Senator in 1909 for the unexpired term of Senator Knox, who had become Secretary of State, and subsequently was elected for a full term of six years ending March, 1917. While in the Senate he gave close attention to tariff matters affecting iron and steel and other products of Western Pennsylvania.

Senator Oliver left in addition to the sons already mentioned, one son, Lieutenant Bennett Oliver, and three daughters, Mrs. John P. Young and Mrs. Alexander C. Blair, Pittsburgh, and Mrs. Edward McCauley of Washington. His wife, who was Miss Mary Kountze of Omaha, died in May, 1917.

EX-EMPEROR OF KOREA DIES

Yi Hiung, Who Abdicated the Throne in 1907, a Victim of Apoplexy.

TOKIO, Jan. 21.—Former Emperor Yi Hiung of Korea is dead. He died after a stroke of apoplexy.

Former Emperor Yi Hiung abdicated the throne of Korea on July 19, 1907, when his throne was threatened by dissensions in the Korean Court. Yi Hiung, it was said at the time, was without a friend among the Governments of Europe. He succeeded the preceding monarch on the throne in 1864, being the thirtieth in succession since the founding of the dynasty in 1392, but did not assume the title of Emperor until October, 1897. Yi Hiung was succeeded by his son, Yi Syek, who maintained his position on the throne until Aug. 22, 1910, when Korea was formally annexed to the Empire of Japan and the name of the country changed to Chosen. Yi Hiung was 68 years old.

Moses H. McKee.

Moses H. McKee, one of the Commissioners of the Board of Elections since July, 1911, died Tuesday night at his home, 275 West 140th Street. Mr. McKee had long been active in Republican politics of this city and was leader of the Twenty-first Assembly District. For many years he was a close friend of ex-Governor Odell, then State Chairman, but in 1906, when he found that most of the Republicans in his district were in favor of Herbert Parsons, he went with the other wing of the party. In August of that year he succeeded Edward H. Healy, an Odell man, as State Deputy Commissioner of Excise, and five years later he was appointed by Controller Prendergast as Deputy Collector of Assessments and Arrears. Later he became a member of the Board of Elections.

Charles Alfred Hamilton.

Charles Alfred Hamilton, Vice President of the International Silver Company and a Director of the Bridgeport Brass Company, with offices at 11 Maiden Lane, died yesterday at his home, 431 West End Avenue, in his seventieth year. He was born in Albany, and came here many years ago. He had a Summer home at Ridgefield, Conn., and was a member of the Loyal Legion and the Lotos Club. Mr. Hamilton is survived by his wife and one son, Captain Burgoyne Hamilton, who returned Saturday from France, where he had been in active service.

Miss Dorothy Hamlin Dies in Paris.

Miss Dorothy Hamlin, a Red Cross canteen worker for a short time in England and France, died of influenza at Hospital 101, in Paris, on Jan. 13, according to announcement made yesterday by the Atlantic Division of the American Red Cross. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Hamlin of 79 East Fifty-sixth Street, and left here on Nov. 27, after having been engaged in canteen work in this city for more than a year. She was accompanied to France by her friend, Miss Adrienne Rudkin of this city. Miss Hamlin was the organiser of the Day Nursery in Chicago.

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THE FINER GRADES ONLY IN MODERN AND DISTINCTIVE DESIGNS
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
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321 FIFTH AVENUE New York AT 32nd STREET

PAYS HONOR TO GIBBONS AS A GREAT AMERICAN

Cerretti, Presenting Pope's Jubilee Message, Also Says Red Hat Was Intended for Ireland.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 22.—In an address not only eulogistic of Cardinal Gibbons but which also paid a tribute to President Wilson, Archbishop Bonaventure Cerretti, Papal Under Secretary of State, today presented to the Cardinal the congratulations of Pope Benedict on the golden jubilee of his episcopate.

Archbishop Cerretti also indicated that had he lived Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul would have been made a Cardinal.

"The Sovereign Pontiff has sent me to express his love and admiration for that great American whose name is written with letters of gold in the hearts of the American people," said the Archbishop to Cardinal Gibbons. "But in honoring you, your Eminence, the Holy Father honors the whole American Church, honors America, for in your Eminence is represented all that is great and noble in American religious and civil life."

In speaking of the close friendship which existed between Cardinal Gibbons and the late Archbishop Ireland, Mgr. Cerretti said:

"If the Archbishop of the West had been spared, he would have rejoiced to be here today, and we also would rejoice were he with us today. Especially would we all have rejoiced in the near future—this I may say without indiscretion—when the great Archbishop Ireland, whom the Holy Father esteemed so highly, would also have received the highest distinction within the power of the Sovereign Pontiff to bestow.

"We are gathered together in a historic moment for America. The eyes of the world are turned with hope and confidence toward this great Republic. Your great President Wilson has enunciated to the world the highest and the noblest principles of humanity. He has proclaimed, in the most eloquent terms, the spirit and nobility of American manhood.

"And we are indeed gratified to know that those great principles which the American people love, those principles which President Wilson has never ceased to expound, to develop and to apply, according as the events of the gigantic world struggle have evolved, we are gratified to know, I say, that they are based upon the general outlines already traced by the Holy Father during the critical period of the war.

"It is well known what the Holy Father proposed for the restoration to the world of a just and lasting peace, that peace for which he together with the whole church has prayed so fervently. It was in particular these four points: That the right of might should give way to the might of right, that the just aspirations of nationalities should be satisfied, that no nation should be subjugated by another, because nations do not die; that there should be a general disarmament of nations and an international court of arbitration established."

Obituary Notes.

ARTHUR B. SATTERLEE, a civil engineer, for many years connected with public works engineering of this city, died Tuesday at his home, 1,125 Madison Avenue, in his fifty-first year. Mr. Satterlee was a son of the late Edward Satterlee of New York and Highland Falls and a brother of the late Bishop Henry Yates Satterlee of Washington.

ALFRED P. McNULTY, who for the last year had been engaged in war work as a Knights of Columbus secretary, died in his thirty-first year on Tuesday at his home, 262 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. He was one of five sons of the late Peter H. and Margaret V. McNulty, three of whom are in the army.

FRANK STEWART MOORE, formerly a diamond salesman for a Manhattan firm and in recent years proprietor of a restaurant in Bay Shore, L. I., died in the Babylon Hospital on Tuesday after an operation.

MAX A. MILLER, associated with his father in the manufacture of women's garments, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 550 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 32 years. He was a member of Veritas Lodge, 734, F. and A. M., and of the Unity Club.

FRANK C. BISHOP, 63 years old, formerly in the wholesale paper business and a member of the Colonial, New York Athletic, and the Tennis and Racquet Clubs, died on Tuesday at his home, 262A Brooklyn Avenue, Brooklyn.

DANIEL GILL, at one time widely known in the leather district in this city, died in his ninety-third year on Monday at his home, 128 Duffield Street, Brooklyn. He was an inspector of hides for many years and one of the oldest members of the Brooklyn Volunteer Firemen's Association.

Mrs. ELIZABETH KINSELLA, widow of William J. Kinsella, and her daughter, Caroline G. Kinsella, 22, died on Tuesday of pneumonia at their home, 2,630 Mansfield Place, Brooklyn, within seven hours of each other. Another daughter, Josephine, 19, is seriously ill with influenza. Mr. Kinsella, who died two weeks ago, was a master plumber, for twenty-five years in business in the Sheepshead Bay section.

GEORGE STRATH, since 1902 golf professional for the Crescent Athletic Club in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 9,030 Seventh Avenue, Bath Beach, in his seventy-sixth year. Mr. Strath was born in St. Andrews, Scotland, and was one of three brothers who became well known as golfers, the others being Andrew and David. On coming to this country, twenty-four years ago, he laid out the courses for the Dyker Meadow Golf Club, at Westbrook, and the Marine and Field Club.

GEORGE BRENNECKE, at one time widely known in the cotton trade of the country and a former President of the New York Cotton Exchange, of which he was also Treasurer for several years, died on Monday at his home, 219 Congress Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 76 years. Mr. Brennecke was formerly head of the old firm of George Brennecke & Co. of Manhattan. He was born in Bremen, Germany, but had lived in Brooklyn for more than fifty years.

Captain P. A. DEMENS, who in 1916 aided in reorganizing the Russian Purchasing Bureau in New York, died Tuesday at his home at Alta Loma, Cal., at the age of 69. Nearly forty years ago, while a Captain in the Imperial Guard, he had a difficulty with a member of the then imperial family of Russia, which caused him to come to America.

WILLIAM H. STEELE, 71 years old, of New Milford, Conn., died suddenly of heart disease last night at the Empire Theatre, Broadway and Fortieth Street, where he had gone to attend the performance of "Dear Brutus." Heart disease was given as the cause.

LEWIS A. PLATT, President of Platt Brothers & Co. and Treasurer of the Patent Button Company, Waterbury, Conn., died yesterday at Miami, Fla., at the age of 64 years. He was a member of the University and Yale Clubs of New York and served in the Connecticut State Senate in 1910.

Miss EDITH M. DEVANEY, assistant organist of the Church of Our Lady of the Valley, Orange, N. J., and private secretary in the office of Jaegels, Inc., Newark, N. J., died Tuesday night of pneumonia. She was 24 years old.

The Rev. JOHN A. GRAHAM, pastor emeritus of St. Francis's Roman Catholic Church, Metuchen, N. J., died yesterday at his home at Piscataway, N. J., at the age of 45 years. He was graduated from St. Mary's Seminary, Baltimore, in 1895.

ALBERT GLEEK of 63 Garfield Avenue, Paterson, N. J., for many years a mason contractor, died Tuesday night from a fracture of the skull suffered when his horse ran away in a Paterson street and threw him to the pavement.

Mrs. MARY SPARKES WHEELER, wife of Dr. Henry Wheeler, Methodist clergyman, died Tuesday night at her home in Asbury Park, N. J. She was the author of many religious books and was once superintendent of the World W. C. T. U.

Mrs. FRANCIS J. TIBBETS, supervisor of the public playgrounds in Port Chester, N. Y., died at her home on Oakwood Avenue, Rye, N. Y., yesterday of pneumonia, following influenza. She was at one time supervisor of the playground system in Atlanta, Ga.

The Rev. Dr. CHARLES MARTIN NILES, for many years rector of the Episcopal Church of the Ascension, Atlantic City, N. J., died at the rectory, 1,722 Pacific Avenue, that place, yesterday. He was born in Rutland, Vt. Dr. Niles was a delegate to the Pan-Anglican Congress which met in London several years ago.

Mrs. MARY C. TOOLE NOONAN, wife of Justice Thomas F. Noonan of the Municipal Court, died Monday at her home, 357 West Twenty-third Street.

Mrs. ELLA BRUCH MAHR, musician and member of the Faculty of the New England Conservatory of Music, died Monday at her home, Arlington Heights, Mass. She married in 1887. Following Mr. Mahr's death, in 1914, Mrs. Mahr became teacher of diction in the New England Conservatory of Music. She was 52 years old.

The Rev. ANDREW J. POTTER, 80 years old, a widely known Baptist clergyman of Southern Connecticut, died Tuesday at Noank, Conn.

JAMES CAMPBELL GROENDYKE, head of the firm of J. C. Groendyke Company, manufacturer of cordage and binder twine, died suddenly at his home, 4,338 Ellis Avenue, Chicago, on last Thursday. He was a son of John Groendyke of Somerville, N. J.

In Memory of Dr. MacCracken.

A memorial service for Dr. Henry M. MacCracken, Chancellor Emeritus of the New York University, will be held in the chapel at University Heights on April 18, plans for which are now being made by a committee of the university. Chancellor Elmer E. Brown, representing the committee of the University Council, began yesterday to arrange for the memorial service.

Married.

BEHNKE—HAPPEL.—Mr. and Mrs. Adam Happel announce the marriage of their daughter Anna to Mr. Richard E. Behnke of Allentown, Penn.

BERSE—COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Cohen of 531 West 143d St. announce the marriage of their daughter Alice to Leo N. Berse of Plainfield, N. J. Reception after return from honeymoon.

Died.

ADLER.—On Jan. 21, Rose, wife of the late Ignatz Adler and beloved mother of Lillian and Daisy and Jessie Seidenberg. Funeral from her late residence, 515 West 124th St., on Friday at 10 A. M.

ADLER.—Officers and members of the Society of Righteous Women are requested to attend the funeral of our sister, Rosa Adler, from her late residence, 515 West 124th St., Friday, Jan. 24, at 10 o'clock.
ROSA HERSCHMAN, President.

ALLEN.—Clara Harrison, born Carlisle, England, beloved wife of Herbert O. Allen, Jan. 21, at her home, Far Rockaway, L. I. Funeral Friday, Jan. 24, at 10:30, at St. John's Episcopal Church, Far Rockaway, L. I. Interment at Woodmere, L. I. Besides her husband three daughters survive her, Mrs. Winifred A. Dickson of Far Rockaway, Mrs. Florence Glen of Boston, Mass., and Mrs. T. E. Williams of Thessalon, Ontario, Canada.

ARLINGTON.—Jan. 22, Frederick T., beloved husband of Theresa Arlington, (nee Dolan,) father of Frederick T. Arlington. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday, 8 P. M.

AUB.—At her residence, 645 West End Av., Jan. 19, Emma Rupprecht Aub, widow of Albert Aub. Requiem mass at Church of St. Gregory the Great, 140 West 90th St., Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 10 o'clock. Interment private.

AUBRY.—Henry. Lying in state. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

BAIRD.—At her residence, 534 Park Av., East Orange, N. J., Jan. 22, 1919, Ruth Ryan, wife of Collier W. Baird and daughter of Mrs. George W. Ryan. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BENSON.—On Jan. 21, 1919, Helen Roberts Walton, beloved wife of Guy Kenneth Benson, at her residence, 838 West End Av. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell,) Broadway and 66th St., Thursday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

BETTMAN.—Henrietta, (nee Maas,) relict of Moses, in her 89th year. Funeral services at Chapel Temple Emanu-El, Salem Fields, 10:30 A. M., Friday, Jan. 24.

BICKMAN.—Suddenly, Edward, beloved son of Elizabeth and the late John Bickman. Funeral Friday morning at 10 o'clock from late residence, 827 East 18th St., thence to the Church of the Epiphany, where solemn high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Kindly omit flowers; masses preferred. Funeral private.

BIDDLE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, at her home, Elizabeth, N. J., Catherine Freneau, widow of Edward Biddle. Funeral private.

BISHKOW.—Citizens Lodge No. 628, F. and A. M. Brethren are requested to attend the funeral service of Worshipful Brother Thomas Bishkow at his late residence, 631 East 168th St., on Thursday, Jan. 23, 10 A. M. sharp. Fraternally,
JACOB A. UHR, Master.
MORRIS D. JACOB, Secretary.

BLUMENTHAL.—After a short illness, Benjamin Blumenthal, brother of the late Isaac Blumenthal, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral Thursday at 9 A. M. from 42 West 70th St. Kindly omit flowers.

BRENNECKE.—On Monday, Jan. 20, 1919, at 5 P. M., George Brennecke, in his 77th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 219 Congress St., Brooklyn, on Thursday, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

CAIN.—Jan. 21, 1919, Ida Marguerite, wife of G. Willis Cain and daughter of George W. and Marie L. Dietz. Funeral private, at her late home, 699 Prospect St., Maplewood, N. J., Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.

CANNON.—John. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., Thursday, 11 A. M., auspices Actors' Fund.

CAPEN.—At her residence, Providence, R. I., Jan. 19, Rossetta Willets Capen, wife of Samuel H. Capen, Jr., and daughter of Walter R. Willets of New York, in her 36th year. Funeral at Episcopal Church, Roslyn, L. I., 3:30 P. M., Thursday, Jan. 23.

CHAPMAN.—Sergt. Major Russell Chapman, at Camp McClellan, Jan. 20, in his 25th year, only son of William and Hannah Chapman, Elmhurst, L. I. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

CLARKE.—On Jan. 22, 1919, Harriet Pritchett, wife of James Irving Clarke, at her residence, 112 Riverside Drive, aged 33 years. Funeral private. Interment at Century, Fla. Friends please omit flowers.

COHEN.—Henry C., of 136 Lee Av., Yonkers, N. Y., beloved husband of Clotilda and dear father of Julius, Freda, August, and Louis. Services Myers & Co.'s Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., Friday, Jan. 24, at 2 P. M.

DAENIKER.—Suddenly, on Jan. 20, Mary Taylor Mills Daeniker, widow of Henry H. and daughter of the late Seth D. and Julia T. Mills. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 258 West 88th St., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 10 A. M.

DAVID.—Julius, beloved son of Edw. David and brother of Otto David. Funeral services Thursday, 23d, at 10 A. M., at the B. P. O. Elks Lodge No. 1, 108 West 43d St.

DAVIES.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, at his residence, 233 West 135th St., Thomas J. Davies, beloved husband of Susie Davies and brother of Hannah, Hopkin B., and Charles F. Davies, in his 70th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DAVIS.—At her residence, 2,528 Creston Av., Fordham, on Jan. 21, 1919, Louise Collins Locke, wife of Dudley A. Davis. Funeral from Church of Our Lady of Mercy, 2,496 Marion Av., Fordham, on Friday, 10 o'clock. Interment Poultney, Vt.

DILLON.—At Kingston, N. Y., Jan. 21, 1919, Julia McEntee, wife of the late John Dillon. Funeral at her late residence, 109 Pearl St., on Friday, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Mount Repose Cemetery, Kingston, N. Y.

DOANE.—On Sunday, Jan. 19, 1919, Lieutenant Colin R. Doane, U. S. N., of pneumonia, beloved son of Francis H. and Anet R. Doane, in his 25th year. Funeral services at residence, 56 East 40th St., Bayonne, N. J., on Wednesday at 8 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery Thursday morning.

DUMONT.—Grace Robbins, beloved wife of R. Duval Dumont, Jan. 21, pneumonia. Funeral services Thursday evening, 8 o'clock, 938 East 14th St., Brooklyn.

DUNCAN.—Julia Jones, widow of the late General Samuel A. Duncan, on Jan. 21, 1919, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Ruth H. Duff, Jamaica Plain, Mass., in the 77th year of her age. Services at the residence of Mrs. E. A. Brinckerhoff, Palisade Av., Englewood, N. J., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 3 P. M.

EHRLICH.—Rosa, wife of the late Adolph, mother of Henry, David, Irving, Annie Mandelbaum, Eva Cohen, Lillian McCarthy, sister of Ignatz and Bernard Lichtig, Jan. 21. Funeral from her late residence, 914 Longwood Av., Bronx, Thursday, Jan. 23, at 1:30 P. M.

FALLON.—On Jan. 22, Michael J. Fallon, beloved husband of the late Catherine Fallon, (nee Kiernan.) Funeral from his late residence, 85 Diamond St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Jan. 25. Solemn mass of requiem at 10 A. M. at St. Cecilia's R. C. Church. Interment Calvary.

FINKELSTEIN.—On Jan. 22, 1919, at 220 West 98th, Louis Finkelstein, beloved husband of Ethel and father of Harry, Isaac, Herman, Nathan, Rose, Abe, and Frank.

FOX.—On Jan. 30, 1919, at New Haven, Marion Dorothy Roe Fox, wife of Lieutenant Robert Franklin Fox, U. S. A. D. C. Funeral service at Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Jan. 23, at 2:30.

FRIEND.—On Jan. 21, Carrie P. Friend, beloved sister of Edith F. Ryttenberg and Clarence G. Friend. Funeral private.

GERRING.—On Jan. 21, 1919, at Shelton, Conn., Kate, daughter of the late William B. and Anne Ward Gerring.

GILL.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, E. Howard, Jr., beloved son of Sarah E. and E. Howard Gill. Services at his late residence, 1,725 East 18th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Thursday evening, Jan. 23, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

GOLDMAN.—Bernard, Jan. 22, 1919. Funeral from his mother's residence, 217 West 111th St., on Thursday at 1 P. M. Detroit papers please copy.

GRAVES.—On Jan. 22, 1919, at Brooklyn, N. Y., in her 70th year, Sarah Frances, daughter of the late Richard and Maria Luisa Major. Services at 2 P. M. Friday from her late residence, 1,350 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Interment private.

GRONMAN.—Rose, (nee Josephson,) beloved wife of Maurice Gronman, beloved daughter of Mrs. Annie Josephson, sister of Albert, Ray, and Jack, Jan. 21. Funeral from her late residence, Thursday, 10:30 A. M., 303 West 122d. Kindly omit flowers.

GUSTAFSON.—At Montclair, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, Emma Gustafson, in her 62d year. Services at her late home, 135 Claremont Av., Thursday evening, Jan. 23, at 8 o'clock.

Died.

HAMILTON.—On Jan. 22, Mabel, (Mrs. Bert Clark.) Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway and 66th St., Friday morning, 11 o'clock.

HAMILTON.—Charles Alfred, on Jan. 22, at his residence, 431 West End Av., New York City, in the 70th year of his age. Funeral services at the residence Friday, Jan. 24, at 11:30 A. M. Interment private, at Ridgefield, Conn. Kindly omit flowers. Connecticut papers please copy.

HAMLIN.—Dorothy, a Red Cross worker, daughter of Harry L. Hamlin and Mary Paxton Hamlin, on Jan. 13, of influenza, in hospital in Paris. Chicago papers please copy.

JOHNES.—William Wallace Johnes, at his residence, Edgemere Drive, West Allenhurst, N. J., Jan. 22, 1919. Services private. Interment Pottsville, Penn.

KAUFMAN.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, Jennie, beloved wife of Isaac Kaufman, devoted mother of David, Samuel H., Julius, and Goldie Kaufman. Funeral from her late residence, 2,391 Grand Concourse, Thursday, Jan. 23, at 1:30 P. M. Omit flowers.

LINTOTT.—Madeline, a Religious of the Sacred Heart, daughter of Thomas J. and Jane A. Lintott (nee Haggerty) of Newark, N. J., at the convent, Manhattanville, New York City, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919.

LITHGROW.—On Jan. 21, Margaret E. Lithgrow, in her 84th year. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 2:30 P. M.

LOCKWOOD.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at Hackensack, N. J., Jan. 21, 1919, Harold Monteith, brother of Joseph F. and son of Marion Finch and the late Husted Lockwood of 354 Summit Av., Hackensack, N. J. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

LYON.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, at his residence, 10 Menahan St., Brooklyn, George E. Lyon, in his 68th year. Funeral services Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, at 8:30 P. M.

McNULTY.—On Tuesday, of pneumonia, Alfred P. McNulty, son of the late Peter H. and Margaret V. McNulty, at his home, 262 Garfield Place, Brooklyn. Requiem mass Friday, 11 A. M., at St. Francis Xavier Roman Catholic Church, 6th Av. and Carroll St. Interment Holy Cross. Automobile cortege.

MILLER.—Max A., beloved husband of Fannie, (nee Segal,) and beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Miller, beloved brother of Abe, Isidor, and William Miller, Annie Stern, Bessie Hirshberg, Sadie Mendelowitz, and Blanche Miller. Funeral from his late residence, 558 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday morning, 10 o'clock sharp. Kindly omit flowers.

MONDS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, Ann Monds, in her 88th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 103 Grant Av., Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

MYERS.—On Jan. 21, 1919, Alice, in her 66th year, dearly beloved wife of Benjamin Myers and devoted mother of I. William, Otto, Clarence, and Mrs. Henry Lustgarten. Funeral Thursday at 2 P. M., from her late residence, 189 Maple Av., Red Bank, N. J. Interment Fairview Cemetery. Please omit flowers. Greensburg (Penn.) papers please copy.

NICHOLS.—Lewis Frederick, beloved husband of Mary Curtis and father of Helene Curtis Nichols, on Jan. 22. Services Friday evening, 8:30 o'clock, at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St. Interment Saturday morning.

NIEMEYER.—On Jan. 20, after a short illness, at his residence, 4,241 Broadway, my beloved husband, Nicholas Niemeyer, in his 38th year. Funeral services will be held on Thursday, Jan. 23, at 2:30 P. M., at the Holyrood Church, 179th St. and Fort Washington Av.

NILES.—Fell asleep at noon on Jan. 22, the Rev. Charles Martin Niles, D. D., rector of the Church of the Ascension, Atlantic City. Funeral services at the church on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 2 P. M. Reverend clergy invited to attend. Please bring vestments.

OPPENHEIM.—Bendit, beloved husband of Sarah Mollie, father of Theresa Finestone, Mae Z. Mendoza, Lillian Epter, Eva Levine, Nathan, Jesse, Ben, Dave, Addie, and Rose. Funeral from his late residence, 961 Avenue St. John, Bronx, Thursday, at 1 P. M. sharp.

PICK.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, Irene G., beloved wife of Emil Pick and daughter of Peter and Mary Ann Barrett. Funeral Saturday at 10:30 A. M. from her late residence, 543 West 162d St. Requiem mass at Church of St. Rose of Lima, West 165th St., at 11 sharp. Automobile cortege.

PRESWICK.—Emma Alexander, daughter of the late Christopher and Mary Alexander Preswick, in her 86th year. Funeral services at residence of her niece, Mrs. Mary C. Fuller, 311 Washington Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, at 2 o'clock.

PRICE.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Gertrude B. Smithwick, 498C Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Agnes L. Price. Notice of funeral later.

RANSOM.—Suddenly, at Englewood, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, Julia Snyder, widow of George Warren Ransom, in her 69th year. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Englewood, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 11 o'clock A. M.

REID.—On Jan. 22, 1919, Dorothy Marie, beloved wife of Oswald J. Reid. Services at her late residence, 2,333 Loring Place, Friday, 2 P. M.

REISS.—Solomon I., suddenly, on Jan. 21, in his 57th year, beloved brother of Herman. Funeral from his late residence, 5 West 91st St., on Friday, Jan. 24, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

RIDGWAY.—At her residence in Burlington, N. J., Jan. 20, Amy Rogers, widow of Senator Caleb G. Ridgway. Funeral services and interment at St. Mary's, Burlington, on Thursday at 2:30.

RILEY.—At New York City, Jan. 21, 1919, Dr. Thomas Lewes Riley of 330 West 46th St. Interment Providence, R. I.

ROBINSON.—John Knowlton, beloved husband of Camilla C. Robinson. Masonic services will be held at the Robinson Mausoleum in Woodlawn Cemetery on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 26, 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. Frank E. Campbell, funeral director.

ROESEL.—At his residence, 2,736 Creston Av., Bronx, in his 70th year, Robert H. Roesel, beloved husband of Katherine, father of Edward, Tina, Elsie, and Harry. Services Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private Thursday morning. Please omit flowers.

SATTERLEE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, at his residence, 1,125 Madison Av., Arthur B., son of the late Edward and Jane Anna Yates Satterlee, aged 59. Funeral services at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., Friday, Jan. 24, at 10 A. M.

SATTERLEE.—St. Nicholas Society of the City of New York, 48 Cedar St., New York. It is with deep regret that announcement is made of the death on Jan. 21, 1919, at New York City, of their late associate, Arthur Bergh Satterlee.
WILLIAM DENNISTOUN MURPHY, President.
FREDERIC IRVING LOCKMAN, Secretary.

SIERRA.—Charlotte Cecilia, widow of Joseph, mother of Frank R. Funeral from her late residence, 968 Gates Av., Brooklyn, Friday afternoon at 2:30.

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Pacific Novelty Company announces with deepest regret the death of their trusted employee and friend

Mr. Julius David

January 21, 1919

Died.

GILL.—Florence Virginia Gill, at Cooperstown, N. Y., Jan. 21, of pneumonia. Funeral at Christ Church, Cooperstown, Friday, at 2 P. M.

SILVER.—Bertha C., wife of Dr. Harry R. Silver, on Jan. 22. Funeral Thursday at 11 A. M. from 920 Kelly St., Bronx.

SMITH.—Lillian Virginia, suddenly, on Jan. 21, at her home, 110 Westervelt Av., New Brighton, S. I., beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Smith and beloved sister of Ensign Edward J. Smith. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 A. M. from St. Peter's Church, New Brighton, S. I.

STEELE.—Suddenly, at New York, Jan. 22, William Henry Steele of New Milford, Conn., aged 71 years. Interment Jan. 24 at Albany, N. Y.

TANNER.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, at 700 West 180th St., Edith Tanner, mother of Mrs. E. W. Manley. Funeral private.

THOMPSON.—Jane, (nee Foote,) beloved wife of Rev. William G. Thompson and daughter of George H. and the late Louisa Foote, entered into life eternal on Tuesday, at her residence, 60 Marion Av., Tompkinsville, S. I. Funeral service Friday, Jan. 24, at St. John's Church, Clifton, S. I., at 2 P. M. Newfoundland papers please copy.

THOMPSON.—Robert H., Jr., on Monday, Jan. 20, at 633 East 16th St., Brooklyn, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Thompson, age 22 months. Funeral Thursday, Jan. 23, at 2 P. M.

Died.

VALENTINE.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at Roosevelt Hospital, William Brewster Valentine, in the 60th year of his age. Funeral private.

VANDEWATER.—Suddenly, at Cedarhurst, L. I., Mary Elizabeth Hewlett, wife of Peter C. Vandewater. Funeral services Friday afternoon, Jan. 24, 3:30, at Trinity Church, Hewlett, L. I.

WHITFIELD.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, Alfred Lockwood Whitfield, husband of Nellie F. and son of the late Charles H. and Emily L. Whitfield. Funeral services at his late residence, 158 Wadsworth Av., (182d St.,) Friday, Jan. 24, at 11 A. M.

WOOD.—On Jan. 21, in his 8th year, Robert Otis, beloved son of Robert P. and Eugenie Martin Wood. Funeral Thursday, 2 P. M., from Dargeon's Funeral Church, 107th St. and Amsterdam Av.

WRIGHT.—Jean Leslie, wife of Warren Wright and daughter of the late John Leslie and Adella Leslie, Jan. 22. Services Thursday, 7:30 P. M., at 236 Central Park West. Interment private.

YOUNG.—In France, Oct. 10, from wounds received in action Oct. 8, Richard Young of Boston, First Lieutenant, Company K, 38th Infantry.

In Memoriam.

SALZER.—In memory of our beloved employer, Mr. Leopold Salzer, who departed this life Jan. 23, 1918.

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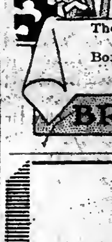
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Recover as Market Sentiment Grows Calmer—Steel Mill Operations.

The atmosphere surrounding stock market transactions was clearer yesterday than for several preceding days, inasmuch as conflicting information about the railroads was absent, and prices recovered part of the distance lost since Monday morning. Probably much of the buying which imparted the firm tone to the list as a whole and gave particular stocks a strong appearance was in the way of realizing of profits on earlier short sales. Such a process was not unnatural in view of the downward tendency of railroad issues before and may have been hastened somewhat by the fact that only a moderate degree of liquidation occurred when prices looked weakest on Monday and Tuesday. Trading was quiet, and the upturn was as free of untoward movements as had been the progress toward lower levels. Any survey of the course of dealings for some time past would be incomplete without reference to the relative indifference which the public has displayed toward the market. Inquiry in bank and brokerage circles indicate that many of the sellers of railroad stocks from long accounts were much closer to the ticker than the average owner of railroad securities, and therefore was more easily disturbed by reports and conjectures which gained a hearing in market circles. Baltimore & Ohio recovered 2 points, St. Paul preferred 1½ points, New York Central 1 point, and many of the other prominent stocks moved forward good-size fractional distances. Reading, which had been under considerable pressure the day before, rose 1½ points under persistent buying, which was also the case with Southern Pacific.

Market comment turned from the rails to industrial stocks again. Naturally, the steel issues came in for close study and here decidedly mixed opinions were voiced. Information coming from manufacturing centres goes to show that mill operations are decidedly "spotty." The largest single unit is extensively engaged in working up commercial orders which have accumulated in the last year or more, and its plants are reported to be still operating in excess of 90 per cent. of normal, taking the varied forms of output as a whole. The Iron Age said that the larger Chicago mills were operating from 70 to 90 per cent. of capacity, while, in the East less than 50 per cent. has been the rule this week. The companies with diversified products and substantial bookings to be specified against seem to be doing pretty well, but new orders are said to be coming in at a rate equal to no more than half of current operations which indicates that the period of deflation is not yet over. Every day of partial activity means progress toward the time when buyers and sellers will get together and the steel stocks have not yet reflected any undue apprehension among the holders that the period will be so long as to deplete their patience.

The foreign exchange market contained movements against the Swiss and Belgium francs. The Belgium check rate now stands at 5.67, as compared with 5.62 when business was begun a few days ago. This movement may have reflected some transfers of funds to this centre from Antwerp, but the decline has not been greater than would be expected to follow the renewal of financial transactions after the long interval in which the market was disrupted. Call money was slightly firmer than on Tuesday.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5¼
Low	4¾	Low	5¼
Renewals	5	Renewals	5¼
Last	5	Last	5¼

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances .... 4¼@4¾

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5	Sixty days	5
Ninety days	5¼	Ninety days	5¼
Four months	5¼	Four months	5¼@5½
Five months	5¼	Five months	5¼@5½
Six months	5¼	Six months	5¼@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days .... 4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days .... 4¼@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days .... 5 @5¼

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days .... 5 @5¼
4 to 6 months .... 5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months .... 5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling— Demand	$4.7580	$4.7580	$4.7580	—.000125
Cables	4.76⅝	4.76⅝	4.76⅝	..
Francs— Demand	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	..
Cables	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7580	$4.76⅝
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅛	5.45¼
5.1813	Belgium	5.67	5.65
	China— Hongkong	78.00	78.25
	Peking	120.00	120.25
	Shanghai	120.50	120.50
40.20	Holland	41.875	42.625
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India— Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan— Kobe	51.40	51.50
	Yokohama	51.40	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.08	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia— Stockholm	28.625	28.875
	Copenhagen	26.50	26.75
	Christiania	28.625	28.875
	South America—		
42.61	Buenos Aires	44.70	44.85
34.42	Rio	25.15	25.25
5.1813	Switzerland	4.88	4.85
51.46	Russia: (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	15.60	15.30
	500 rubles	14.90	15.20

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71⅝	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $715,943,767; balances, $121,726,881; United States Treasury debit balance, $1,303,806; Federal Reserve credit balance, $110,186,498.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77¼@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Customs receipts:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$6,811,103	$83,862,685
Internal Revenue— Inc. and exc. profits tax	22,037,458	708,411,115
Miscellaneous	74,083,518	663,452,774
Miscel. revenue	13,060,078	268,822,037
Total receipts	114,842,149	1,723,948,013
Exc. of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	962,682,368	7,853,329,934
Exc. of total rec. over total disb.	546,434,096	41,434,152
Expenditures	1,017,524,917	9,571,278,547

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.50	...	5.50
Spelter	...	7.45	...	7.45
Antimony	...	7.50	...	7.50
Quicksilver	$105.00	...	$105.00	...
Aluminum	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2 X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@22c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Tuesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	91 0 0	91 0 0
Copper, futures	84 10 0	84 0 0
Tin, spot	247 5 0	250 0 0
Tin, futures	214 0 0	245 5 0
Spelter	56 0 0	56 0 0
Lead	35 0 0	35 0 0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	449,710	369,052	355,078
Year to date	8,111,520	10,825,293	13,613,713

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
21⅝	22½	200	Advance Rumely	21½	21½	21½	21½	+⅛
70½	71⅝	100	Ajax Rubber	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝	−⅛
3⅜	3½	1,500	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	...
1⅞	2⅛	400	Alaska Juneau	2	2⅛	2	2	...
30⅝	31	2,600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	30½	31⅛	30⅜	30⅝	−⅛
82	84	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	−⅜
99	100½	300	Am. Agricul. Chem.	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	...
68⅞	69	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	68⅞	69	68⅞	68⅞	+⅜
46	46⅜	2,900	Am. Can	46⅜	46⅜	45⅞	46⅜	+⅜
100⅜	101⅛	200	Am. Can pf.	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	+⅜
89⅝	89⅞	1,500	Am. Car & Fdry.	89⅞	90⅛	89⅞	89⅞	+⅛
86	90	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	88	88	88	88	−1
88	94	1,100	Am. Express	90	90	90	90	−1
14¼	14½	1,200	Am. H. & Leather	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	−⅛
78	78¾	13,100	Am. H. & L. pf.	81½	81½	78	78	−3½
38	38⅝	300	Am. Ice	39	39⅝	38⅝	38⅝	+⅜
53¼	54	400	Am. International	54	54	53½	53½	...
46⅜	46½	2,800	Am. Linseed	46	46⅞	46	46⅜	−⅛
88	90	300	Am. Linseed pf.	89	89⅛	88⅞	88⅞	−⅛
58½	58⅝	200	Am. Locomotive	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	+⅜
100⅞	101½	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	+½
1½	1⅞	200	Am. Malting	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	...
69	69½	12,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	68	69½	67⅞	69½	+1½
105½	106½	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	106	106	106	106	...
79½	79¾	1,100	Am. Steel F'dries	79¼	79⅝	78¼	79¾	+⅛
112	113	300	Am. Sugar Ref.	112	112	111½	111½	+⅛
101	102½	1,500	Am. Sumatra Tob.	102	103⅜	102	102	...
100	100⅛	2,900	Am. Tel. & Tel.	100¼	100⅛	99⅞	100	−⅛
192	195	200	Am. Tobacco	195	195	193	193	...
101	102	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	+⅛
45⅜	46	700	Am. Woolen	45⅞	46	45⅞	45⅞	+⅞
33½	34¼	1,700	Am. Writing P. pf.	34½	35⅝	34	34	+⅜
40	42	100	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf.	41	41	41	41	+1
57¼	57½	6,100	Anaconda Copper	57¼	57⅝	56⅝	57⅞	...
20½	21½	400	Asso. Dry Goods	21½	21½	21	21	−⅛
73	73½	400	Associated Oil	72	72½	72	72½	−1½
90⅝	91⅛	500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	91⅛	91⅛	90⅝	90⅝	...
95½	98½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	95½	95½	95½	95½	−2½
98½	99	1,800	At. Gulf & West I.	101	101	98	98½	−1½
66	67	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf.	66½	66½	66½	66½	+⅛
67⅜	67½	4,800	Baldwin Loco.	67½	68	66⅞	67⅜	+⅜
45⅞	46	4,200	Baltimore & Ohio	46	46	45¼	46	+2
53½	54	100	Baltimore & O. pf.	54	54	54	54	−¼
108½	111	300	Barrett Co.	109	109	108½	108½	+⅛
1¼	1⅜	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	...
57⅛	58½	700	Bethlehem Steel	56½	57⅛	56½	57⅛	+1½
58	58⅛	19,900	Beth. Steel, class B	56½	58⅛	56½	58½	+2½
101⅜	102	400	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	102	102	101⅜	101⅜	−⅛
21½	22	4,300	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	21⅝	22	21½	21½	−⅛
152½	156	100	Burns Brothers	152½	152½	152½	152½	+⅛
6	6¼	200	Butte Cop. Z. & S.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	...
17⅝	18⅛	100	Butte & Superior	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	...
16⅝	17	100	Butterick Co.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	−⅛
52	52¼	800	California Packing	52	52¼	51⅝	52¼	+1½
22	23	900	California Petrol.	22½	22⅝	21⅞	21⅞	−⅜
67	68	600	California Pet. pf.	66⅞	67	66⅞	66⅞	−⅛
57⅛	58	1,300	Central Leather Co.	57⅞	57⅞	57⅛	57⅛	−⅜
31	31¼	900	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	31	31	31	31	−⅜
54	54⅝	300	Chesapeake & Ohio	54½	54½	54½	54½	+⅜
23⅝	24	100	Chi. Great West. pf.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	+⅛
37	37⅜	3,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	36⅞	37½	36	37⅜	+⅞
66½	67¼	2,600	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	65⅞	67	65⅞	67	+1½
94½	95½	200	Chi. & Northwest'n	95	95	95	95	+1
22⅜	22⅝	1,400	Chi., Rock I. & P.	22¼	22⅝	22¼	22⅝	+¼
73½	74¼	700	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	74	74	73½	73½	−⅛
62¼	63	700	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	62	62	61⅞	62	...
17⅝	17⅞	600	Chile Copper	17⅝	17⅞	17½	17¼	...
33¼	33½	500	Chino Copper	33⅞	33⅞	33	33¼	−⅛
62	63	100	Cluett, Peabody	63	63	63	63	−2
35	36	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	35½	35½	35½	35½	...
19½	20½	800	Col. & Southern	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	−¼
41	42	400	Columbia Gas & El.	40⅝	41	40⅝	41	...
92	94	600	Consolidated Gas	92½	92½	92	92	...
68½	69⅝	400	Continental Can	68½	69½	68½	69½	+⅛
59½	60	100	Continental Insur.	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	−⅛
47¼	47¼	4,100	Corn Products Ref.	47	47½	46⅞	47	+⅜
53¼	53⅜	1,800	Crucible Steel	54	54½	53⅛	53¼	+⅛
23⅞	24	3,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	23⅞	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	...
75¾	76	300	Cuba Cane S. pf.	75¾	75⅞	75¾	75¾	...
95	96½	100	Deere & Co. pf.	95½	95½	95½	95½	−⅛
3⅜	5½	100	Den. & Rio Grande	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	...
6½	6⅞	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	...
52	52⅛	4,500	Distillers' Secur.	53⅜	53⅜	51⅞	52	−1
11⅝	12½	600	Dome Mines	12	12	11⅞	11⅞	−⅛
27	27½	200	Elk Horn Coal	28	28	27½	27½	−⅛
15⅝	15¾	1,000	Erie	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+⅛
25	25½	800	Erie 1st pf.	25	25½	25	25	...
18¼	18½	100	Erie 2d pf.	18½	18½	18½	18½	+⅜
33½	35	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	35	35	35	35	+2
29¼	30	3,100	Gaston, W. & W.	26	29½	26	29½	+4½
49	49½	400	General Cigar	49	49½	49	49	+1
148	150	100	General Electric	149	149	149	149	+1
121½	122	1,100	General Motors	121½	122	121¼	121⅝	+⅛
1	1⅛	3,170	Gen. Motors rights	1	1⅛	1	1⅛	+⅛
82½	83½	100	General Motors pf.	83	83	83	83	+½
57⅞	58	800	Goodrich Co. pf.	58	58	57⅞	57⅞	+⅞
74½	75	800	Granby Consol.	74⅝	74⅝	74½	74½	...
91	91½	900	Great Northern pf.	91½	91½	91	91	...
36⅜	36⅞	4,700	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	36½	36⅞	36⅜	36⅛	+⅜
42⅝	44⅛	300	Greene-Can. Cop.	42½	42⅝	42½	42⅝	+½
51	51½	400	Gulf States Steel	51½	51½	51½	51½	+⅛
43	44	100	Haskell & Barker	43	43	43	43	+1
94	98	100	Homestake Mining	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	+½
43½	43⅝	1,000	Inspiration Copper	43½	44	43½	43⅝	+⅜
4⅛	5	1,500	Interboro Consol.	5	5⅛	4½	5	...
18⅜	18½	1,300	Interboro Con. pf.	18½	18⅝	18	18⅜	−½
111	112½	500	Int. Harvester new	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	+2⅞
22⅞	23	3,700	Int. Mer. Marine	23⅛	23⅛	22⅞	23	−⅛
99⅝	99⅞	20,000	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	100⅞	100⅞	97⅞	99⅝	−½
26⅞	27	1,500	Int. Nickel	27	27	26½	26½	−⅛
35	35½	6,300	Int. Paper	35¼	36⅜	35	35	−⅛
17½	18	200	Kansas City South.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	−⅛
...	...	100	Kayser (J.) & Co.	107	107	107	107	+4
68½	70	100	Kelly Spring. Tire	68	68	68	68	...
32½	32⅝	4,500	Kennecott Copper	32¼	32½	32	32⅜	+⅛
59	64	100	Kress (S. H.) Co.	63	63	63	63	+3
62⅝	63	800	Lackawanna Steel	63	63⅜	63	63	...
7½	9	100	Lake Erie & West.	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	−⅛
21	21¼	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	21	21¼	21	21¼	+½
54½	54⅝	500	Lehigh Valley	54½	54⅝	54⅜	54⅝	+⅛
46	46½	500	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	45½	46⅜	45½	46	...
69	70	300	Mackay Cos.	70½	70½	70	70	−1½
81	87	340	Manhattan Elevatd	84½	84½	83	83	−2½
26⅞	27½	1,400	Maxwell Motors	27½	27½	26⅞	27	−⅜
50½	51½	100	Maxwell M. 1st pf.	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	−⅛
19½	20	200	Maxwell M. 2d pf.	20	20	20	20	+⅛
65	66	100	May Dept. Stores	65	65	65	65	−1
165½	165⅜	41,200	Mexican Petroleum	168⅛	169¼	164	165½	−1½
24	24¼	200	Miami Copper	24	24	24	24	...
41⅞	42	1,300	Midvale Steel	42	42	41½	41⅞	+⅛
9⅝	10¼	100	Minn. & St. L. new	9¼	9½	9½	9½	+¼
4⅞	5¼	370	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4⅞	5	4⅞	5	...
23⅜	23⅝	2,800	Mo. Pacific	23	23⅝	23	23½	+⅝
49⅝	50	500	Mo. Pacific pf.	50½	50¼	49⅝	49⅝	+⅛
103	...	100	Montana Power pf.	105	105	105	105	+⅝
70	73	100	Nat. Cloak & Suit	70	70	70	70	−2
14½	15	600	Nat. Con. & Cable	14⅞	14½	14½	14½	...
48	48½	800	Nat. Enam. & Stpg.	48	48½	48	48½	...
67	68	600	National Lead	67⅞	68⅛	67¼	67½	−1
16¼	17	1,000	Nevada Con. Cop.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅜	16⅜	...
31½	32½	800	New O., Tex. & M.	31⅞	32	31½	31½	−1½
70⅝	71	1,700	N. Y. Central	70	71	70	71	+1
28⅛	30	700	N. Y., N. H. & H.	28⅜	28⅜	28⅛	28⅛	+⅛
89½	90	700	Northern Pacific	89	89½	89	89½	+⅛
54	56	100	Nova Scotia S. & C.	53	53	53	53	−2
41½	42	600	Ohio Cities Gas	42	42	41⅞	42	...
8⅜	8¾	5,100	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅜	8⅜	−⅛
6	6¼	200	Ontario Mining	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	...
46	48	100	Owens Bottle Mach.	47	47	47	47	−1¼
...	...	800	Pacific Mail	36⅜	36½	35⅜	35⅜	−1
67	67½	1,200	Pan-Am. Pet. & T.	68¼	68¼	67	67½	−¼
116	119	100	Pan-A. P. & T. pf.	117	117	117	117	−2½
44⅝	44⅞	2,600	Pennsylvania Rail	45	45	44½	44⅝	+⅛
46	48	100	People's Gas, Chi.	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	45⅛	−⅛
12½	12⅝	500	Pere Marquette	12½	12½	12½	12½	...
30½	30⅝	700	Philadelphia Co.	30	30½	30	30½	+¼
39	39½	1,100	Pierce-Arrow	39½	39½	38⅞	39	+⅛
101⅝	102¼	100	Pierce-Arrow pf.	102	102	102	102	+⅜
17	17¼	1,500	Pierce Oil	17¼	17¼	17	17	−⅛
45¼	45⅞	300	Pittsburgh Coal	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	...
35½	35⅜	1,700	Pitts. & West Va.	34⅜	35½	34⅜	35½	+1
62	63	100	Pressed Steel Car	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	...
71	71½	700	Ry. Steel Spring	71	71½	71	71½	+⅝
20	20¼	1,300	Ray Consol. Cop.	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	−⅛
78⅛	78⅜	12,600	Reading	77¼	79	77¼	78⅜	+1½
72⅝	73	1,000	Republic Iron & S.	72¼	72⅝	72⅛	72⅝	+1½
101½	103	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½	+1½
73	74	400	Roy. Dutch T. rcts.	74	74	72½	73½	+1½
11	11½	400	St. Louis-San F.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+⅛
29	30	100	St. L. Southwn. pf.	30	30	30	30	...
7¼	8	600	Seaboard Air Line	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	−⅛
16	17	100	Sea. Air Line pf.	16	16	16	16	−⅛
174	175	300	Sears, Roe. & Co.	173	174½	173	174½	+2½
12¼	12½	100	Shattuck-Arizona	12	12	12	12	...
33⅞	33⅞	3,600	Sinclair Oil Ref.	34	34	33⅞	33⅞	−⅛
97½	97⅝	8,700	Southern Pacific	96	97⅝	96	97½	+1
26	26¼	2,300	Southern Railway	25⅞	26⅜	25⅞	26⅜	+⅛
38	38½	600	Stromberg Carbur.	38½	38½	38	38	+⅛
46⅞	47	19,000	Studebaker Co.	47½	47⅝	45⅞	46⅞	+⅛
92	95	200	Studebaker Co. pf.	92	92	92	92	−⅛
31¼	32½	100	Superior Steel	32½	32½	32½	32½	...
13	13¼	600	Tenn. Cop. & Chem.	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	...
187¼	188	5,000	Texas Co.	180	188¼	187¼	187⅞	−¼
16⅜	17	700	Texas C. rights	16⅞	17⅛	16½	16⅞	−⅛
30⅞	31	21,200	Texas & Pacific	28⅞	31⅛	28⅞	31	+2½
74½	74⅞	2,800	Tobacco Products	74⅞	75	74	74½	+1¼
40	43	100	Twin City R. Tran.	40	40	40	40	+2
125⅞	126	2,100	Union Pacific	125⅝	126	125⅛	125⅞	+¼
72	72½	100	Union Pacific pf.	72	72	72	72	...
37½	37⅞	200	United Alloy Steel	37⅛	37½	37⅛	37½	−⅛
112½	112⅞	3,300	Unit. Cigar Stores	110½	113	110½	112¼	+1⅝
52	52½	100	United Drug 1st pf.	52	52	52	52	...
53	61	100	United Dyewood	58	58	58	58	...
159	160⅞	400	United Fruit	160	161½	159	159	−1
15½	16½	100	Uni. Ry. Invest. pf.	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	−⅛
18	20	100	U. S. Express	18	18	18	18	+1
99	99¼	5,000	U. S. Indus. Alco.	99⅜	99⅜	97¼	99	−⅛
25	26	200	U. S. R. & I. Co.	24	25¼	24	25¼	+⅜
74	74¼	2,000	U. S. Rubber	73¾	74⅜	73¾	74¼	+1
108	109½	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	109	109	109	109	...
43½	44⅞	100	U. S. S. R. & Min.	43½	43½	43½	43½	+⅛
90⅞	90⅞	74,700	U. S. Steel	89⅞	90⅞	89⅞	90⅞	+⅞
114½	114⅝	200	U. S. Steel pf.	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	...
69⅞	69⅞	7,200	Utah Copper	71⅞	71⅞	69⅞	69⅞	−1½
14¼	14½	200	Utah Securities	14⅜	14¼	14¼	14¼	−⅛
51	52½	100	Va-Car. Chemical	51½	51½	51½	51½	−⅛
7⅞	8	300	Wabash	7⅞	8	7⅞	8	+⅛
30⅞	31¼	200	Wabash pf. A	31	31¼	31	31¼	+⅛
17½	18½	400	Western Pacific	18¼	18¼	18	18	−⅛
86	87	300	West. Union Tel.	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾	−1
40½	40¾	400	Westing. E. & M.	40⅝	40⅝	40½	40½	+¼
8	8½	300	Wheeling & L. E.	8	8	8	8	...
68	68½	1,200	Wilson & Co.	68¼	69	66¼	68½	+2½
23⅞	23½	8,000	Willys-Overland	23⅞	23⅞	23½	23½	+¼
30	33	100	Wisconsin Central	30½	30½	30½	30½	−3½
124	125	100	Wool. (F. W.) Co.	123¼	123¼	123¼	123¼	−1¼
114	120	200	Woolworth pf.	115	115	115	115	−1
53⅝	55	200	Worthing. Pump	54	54	54	54	−1

New York Central Elects Directors.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the New York Central Railroad today the following directors were elected:

William K. Vanderbilt, Chauncey M. Depew, Frederick W. Vanderbilt, George F. Baker, William Rockefeller, William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Harold S. Vanderbilt, Ogden Mills, Edward S. Harkness, Charles B. Seger, Samuel Mather, and Frank J. Jerome.

Land Banks Loaned $157,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Under the farm loan system $157,020,000 had been lent to 67,882 farmers up to Jan. 1, the Federal Farm Loan Board reported today. This included $9,567,000 loans to 3,525 farmers in December.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	60.62	59.97	60.38	+.40
25 industrials	81.48	80.40	80.88	+.17
50 stocks	70.92	70.18	70.35	+.28

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 21	70.98	69.75	70.27	−.06
Jan. 20	71.66	70.70	70.90	−.63
Jan. 18	72.02	71.88	71.53	−.39
Jan. 17	72.80	71.71	71.92	−.92
Jan. 16	73.51	72.67	72.84	−.35
Jan. 15	73.49	72.94	73.19	+.05
Jan. 14	73.52	72.92	73.14	+.12

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	73.90 Jan. 3	69.73 Jan. 21	70.35
1918	69.08 Jan. 31	64.12 Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46 Jan. 1	84.77 Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.63 Jan. 3	84.47 Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.66 Jan. 23	60.07 Jan. 2	63.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	74.90 Jan. 3	69.73 Jan. 21	70.35
†1918	68.87 Jan. 3	64.12 Jan. 15	68.50
Full Years.			
1918	80.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	73.33
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	61.48 Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	98.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.79	−.15	−1.56	+1.06

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 21	77.98	−.17	Jan. 14	78.07	−.15
Jan. 20	78.10	−.35	Jan. 13	78.22	..
Jan. 18	78.45	−.05	Jan. 11	78.22	−.15
Jan. 17	78.48	−.11	Jan. 10	78.37	−.01
Jan. 16	78.59	−.05	Jan. 9	78.38	..
Jan. 15	78.64	−.03	Jan. 8	78.38	+.04

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	79.01 Jan. 2	77.78 Jan. 22	77.78
†1918	77.26 Jan. 3	76.72 Jan. 23	76.72
Full Years.			
1918	82.36 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	88.48 Jan. 29	74.24 Dec. 20	74.84
1916	90.16 Nov. 27	86.13 Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Farmers' Income Tax.

Owing to the high prices which farmers received for their products last year it is to be expected that much heavier income tax payments will come from agricultural regions than before. Congress is considering a special appropriation to meet the guarantee of $2.26 per bushel for wheat. A banker suggests that the income taxes of the farmers be applied as completely as possible in order that the Government may get back a large part of the payments for wheat from the farmers' tax.

Waiting for the Law.

Dealers in municipal and other bonds exempt from the income tax say they expect an increase of bidding for such securities as soon as the Revenue bill is made into law. While the income tax rates are expected to go through approximately as they stand in the bill at present, still it is said many individuals are holding back their investments in order to be certain of the terms.

Brokers' Accommodation.

A broker, whose firm has just taken over a rather large account from another firm, makes an interesting point in the general question of brokers' bank accommodation. This firm, of course, has a theoretical loan limit, beyond which it is not expected to go. But by the act of taking over the account which was financed through another firm previously and is not new speculative business, it has increased its requirements. Now, asks the broker, would it be proper for his firm to receive additional accommodation at the expense of the firm from which the account came?

Pittsburgh Men Blue.

A well-known steel man from the Pittsburgh district who was in New York yesterday said that all the mill men were blue and the coal and coke men were even bluer. He said that he knew of one instance where a mill which had been turning out a large quantity of special material for the army had had its contracts canceled in toto without notice, necessitating the laying off of several hundred workmen. This, he said, resulted in a general depression in that particular city, and not only the discharged workmen but the officers and directors of the company in question began to liquidate their holdings of Liberty bonds and other negotiable securities. In the case of the coal and coke men he stated that many fuel tonnages have been canceled and there has been a considerable offering of this fuel at prices slightly lower than those at which it was purchased.

Lower Shipping Rates.

The announcement from Washington that shipping rates would be lowered will afford to American manufacturers an opportunity to compete on even terms with foreign industries in the race for world trade. The British and French rates have already been lowered and it was therefore imperative that American rates come down so that there could be an opportunity afforded for the expansion of the industries of this country in foreign fields commensurate with the plans as to export that were being undertaken. The formation of many export companies under the Webb act has shown conclusively that American industry, expanded to greater productive capacity than ever before, must seek an outlet for its commodities in the world markets or else fall back to a plan of decided curtailment.

Confidence in Britain.

While the security markets in this country, and in some of the neutral lands, have been steadily inclining to lower levels since shortly after the signing of the armistice, due to the doubt as to the stability of business conditions during the transition period, there has been a marked contrast in the tone prevailing on the Paris Bourse and the London Stock Exchange. In those two countries values have been appreciating, not rapidly, to be sure, but consistently. This on the surface seems to indicate a greater confidence in the immediate future than is entertained here. It might be pointed out, however, that securities both in England and France were so intimately related to the war situation that there was no boom such as was evidenced here on the strength of high war profits. The prices there might be considered as recovering from the effect of war depression, while here they are reacting from a war enthusiasm.

Signing the Contracts.

The news from Washington that Director General of Railroads Hines has come out flat-footedly for the signing of all of the compensation contracts between the carriers and the Railroad Administration was well received in local railroad quarters yesterday. Operators and bankers have been deploring the fact that so much time has been lost in executing these instruments, and it is understood that in some instances this has militated against some very necessary refinancing. If the majority of the contracts can be signed within sixty days, as suggested by the Director General of Railroads, it is generally admitted that the railroad situation will at least have one definite prop to lean against in its period of uncertainty.

Buying Power Evident.

Baltimore & Ohio at the opening of the stock market yesterday was in fair demand, and following the placing of several orders, there was a rush to cover by those who had sold short on the rumor that the directors might not decide to pay 2 per cent. or both the common and preferred stock, which served to advance the quotation 2 points. Later in the day there were some offerings of stock and the common sold off 45¼, but recovered to 46 at the close. In the late trading there was substantial buying of Reading, which advanced to 78½ at the close and lead the majority of the rails in an upward movement, which apparently reflected what might be interpreted at least as a momentary restoration of confidence in these issues. Other railroad shares which displayed underlying strength and moved upward were Texas & Pacific, Southern Railway, Southern Pacific, New York Central, and Pennsylvania.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$11,454,000	$4,360,000	$4,426,000
Year to date	189,888,500	79,135,000	102,076,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47: 24...99.06, 4...99.04, 4...99.06, 1...99.06, 40...99.00, 21...99.04, 100...99.00, 202...98.96, 8...98.94, 4...98.94, 60...98.90, 11...98.88, 1...98.90, 7...98.80, 2...98.76, 10...98.80, 20...98.76, 22...98.72, 15...98.74, 1...98.76, 100...98.80, 3...98.76, 5...98.80, 1...98.76, 46...98.72, 16...98.78, 11...98.80

$643,000 1st conv 4s, 1932-'47: 22...93.90, 5...93.80, 20...93.84, 4...94.00, 2...94.00, 8...94.00, 11...93.90, 4...93.82

$70,000 2d 4s, '27-'42: 80...93.78, 20...93.70, 75...93.80, 2...93.62, 20...93.78, 1...93.60, 1...93.62, 1...93.66, 3...93.60, 20...93.66, 15...93.60, 1...93.54, 5...93.52, 24...93.60, 20...93.62, 16...93.60, 3...93.52, 7...93.54, 3...93.56, 15...93.50

$285,000 1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47: 2...96.02, 70...96.00, 1...96.06, 92...96.00

$185,000 2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42: 50...95.02, 28...96.00, 5...94.96, 75...95.00, 1...94.98, 26...94.94, 65...94.96, 1...94.92, 26...94.96, 8...94.90, 15...94.92, 10...94.90, 20...94.88, 100...94.94, 4...94.90, 25...94.92, 5...94.88, 115...94.92, 1...94.96, 25...94.94, 50...94.92, 50...94.96, 5...94.94, 3...94.98, 1...94.90, 7...94.94, 29...94.96, 1...94.98, 1...94.90, 25...94.96, 10...94.94, 10...94.96, 5...94.92, 52...94.96, 10...94.92, 1...94.96, 95...94.90, 1...94.92, 1...94.90, 15...94.94, 10...94.90, 15...94.94, 1...94.90, 30...94.92, 54...94.96, 10...94.94, 28...94.96, 11...94.90, 50...94.96

$1,201,000 3d 4¼s, 1928: 20...95.62, 35...95.60, 75...95.84, 130...95.72, 1...95.80, 10...95.84, 25...95.82, 90...95.84

23...95.86, 20...95.86, 35...95.84, 50...95.84, 20...95.84, 6...95.82, 25...95.84, 1...95.84, 15...95.84, 9...95.88, 3...95.84, 1...95.80, 60...95.82, 40...95.86, 5...95.86, 30...95.86, 8...95.84, 4...95.80, 10...95.84, 20...95.84, 80...95.84, 75...95.82, 10...95.81, 27...95.80, 1...95.80, 7...95.82, 38...95.80, 41...95.80, 7...95.80, 25...95.80, 23...95.80, 85...95.86, 1...95.84, 50...95.82, 10...95.86, 40...95.84, 24...95.82, 2...95.82, 18...95.80, 85...95.80, 50...95.82, 12...95.78, 3...95.80, 31...95.80, 3...95.84, 115...95.80, 65...95.78, 35...95.76, 55...95.74, 82...95.76, 24...95.78, 25...95.80, 23...95.82, 100...95.84, 10...95.86, 7...95.76, 20...95.82, 1...95.78, 23...95.82, 15...95.80, 10...95.82, 20...95.84, 10...95.86, 60...95.80, 10...95.74, 50...95.82

$2,152,000 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38: 100...94.90, 140...94.88, 15...94.84, 7...94.86, 1...94.90, 140...94.84, 6...94.86, 20...94.82, 20...94.86, 20...94.84, 72...94.86, 20...94.88, 1...94.90, 8...94.88, 85...94.90, 24...94.88, 4...94.86, 31...94.86, 1...94.90, 7...94.88, 8...94.86, 37...94.88, 65...94.86, 125...94.86, 23...94.90, 31...94.88, 16...94.86, 44...94.84, 8...94.86, 50...94.86, 85...94.88, 11...94.86, 25...94.84, 75...94.86, 62...94.88, 56...94.88, 32...94.86, 18...94.84, 41...94.85, 6...94.86, 40...94.90, 26...94.88, 2...94.88, 119...94.84, 10...94.86, 25...94.90, 40...94.88, 6...94.86, 21...94.86, 33...94.86, 37...94.84, 10...94.86, 50...94.90, 13...94.86, 6...94.86, 8...94.88, 40...94.90, 2...94.88, 30...94.90

1...94.88, 1...94.90, 12...94.86, 25...94.90, 7...94.84, 18...94.86, 4...94.90, 24...94.86, 2...94.90, 1...94.84, 1...94.86, 12...94.86, 8...94.88, 58...94.88, 15...94.88, 60...94.90, 10...94.88, 8...94.88, 15...94.86, 110...94.86, 26...94.84, 6...94.86, 25...94.86, 34...94.84, 50...94.90, 20...94.88, 7...94.84, 1...94.82, 40...94.84, 45...94.86, 19...94.84, 5...94.90, 2...94.88, 50...94.84, 50...94.86

$2,810,000

U S 4s, reg: 20...104⅛
Am For S 5s: 46...90½
Anglo-Fr 5s: 328...97¼, 81...97¼
C of Bordx 6s: 1...100⅛, 14...100⅛, 15...100⅛
C of Lyons 6s: 12...100⅛, 10...100⅛
C of Marsl 6s: 1...100⅛, 1...100⅛, 22...100⅛
C of Paris 6s: 18...98⅝, 1...98⅝
Dom of Can 5s, 1921: 1...98, 1...98½
1926: 1...97¼
1931: 2...97⅜, 3...98, 25...97⅜
French G 5½s: 1...104⅛, 45...104⅛, 15...104⅛, 177...104⅛, 5...104⅛, 20...104⅛, 11...104⅛, 2...104⅛, 2...104⅛
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan: 1...87½
2d Ser, Gerst: 1...84½, 1...83, 1...84
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1904: 5...93
R of Cuba 4½s: 20...83
U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919: 2...100, 11...100⅛, 27...100
new: 107...100⅛, 5...100⅛, 810...100⅛, 308...100⅛
5½s, 1921: 3...98⅛, 4...98⅛, 100...98⅛, 1...98⅛, 1...98⅛, 8...98⅛, 21...98⅛, 3...98⅛
5½s, 1937: 2...100⅛, 1...100⅛, 49...100⅛
N Y City 4¼s, 1960: 1...96, 4...96¼
4½s, Nov, '57: 1...100⅛
Alaska Gold M cv deb 6s, B: 2...32
Am H & L 6s: 1...100¼
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 5...91¼
AmT&T col 4s: 1...84½, 1...84½
conv 6s: 2...101½, 20...101⅛

11...101½, 4...101⅝, 2...101½, 5...101⅝, 2...101½, 2...101⅝, 3...101⅝
Am Wr P 5s, Tr Co ctfs: 10...88
Arm'r&Co 4½s: 10...86½, 5...85, 1...87½
A&WISS gen 5s: 1...84, 1...83½
adjust 4s: 1...79½
Eastn Okl 4s: 1...92½
Trans S L 4s: 1...80½
AtlCstLine gen unified 4½s: 1...85
B&O pr ln 3½s: 5...88⅛, 25...88
gold 4s: 10...77, 2...76, 10...76¼
conv 4½s: 8...77½, 1...76, 9...76½
ref 5s: 2...81, 5...80½, 7...81
Beth Stl ext 5s: 1...99½
purmoney 6s: 7...81½, 2...81½, 19...81½
BRT ref cv 4s: 1...49
1s, 1921: 1...79⅞, 4...79
CenLeather 5s: 12...96⅞
CenPacgtd 4s: 6...81
Ches&O con 5s: 1...96½, 1...96½
gen 4½s: 2...76
conv 4½s: 10...76¼, 6...78½, 3...78, 1...77⅛, 8...78
conv 5s: 8...84½, 1...84½, 1...84½, 5...84½, 37...84½, 20...84½
C,B&Q gen 4s: 3...81
joint 4s: 8...95½, 21...95½, 5...95½
Chi Gt W 4s: 5...60½
Chi, M & St P gen 4½s: 1...88
conv 4½s: 1...77½, 5...78, 8...78½, 1...76
cv 5s, Ser B: 6...78
ref 4½s: 1...70½
C&NW gen 3½s: 5...71
C,RI&P gen 4s: 1...76, 1...76½, 3...76
Chi,RI&P Ry ref 4s: 4...74½
Chi, StL&NO gold 5s: 1...94½
Chile Cop 7s: 1...107
cv 6s, rcts, pt paid, ext: 5...82, 7...82¼
col tr 6s: 5...82½
Con Gas cv 6s: 16...100⅛
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934: 4...99¼
Cumberld T 5s: 10...93½
Del&Hud cv 4s: 14...95
Den&R G cons 4s: 2...70, 2...70½
Edi El Ill of NY 1st con 5s: 5...100
Erie 1st con 4s: 3...69
1st gen 4s: 7...53, 3...52½, 5...53½
cv 4s, Ser B: [illegible]

1...47
cv 4s, Ser D: 8...50
Genesee River 6s: 6...98½, 5...100
Hud&Manhat ref 5s, Ser A: 21...57, 3...57½, 11...56½, 2...56½
adj inc 5s: 5...17, 5...16½, 1...17, 20...16½, 5...16½, 14...16, 2...16½, 6...16½, 5...16⅜, 9...16, 1...16½
Ind Steel 5s: 4...95½
Inter-Met 4½s: 5...30½, 1...29⅞, 8...29½, 3...30, 1...30½, 1...30, 2...30½
IRT 1st&ref 5s: 12...69½, 1...69½, 6...69½, 3...69½, 2...69½, 3...69½
IntMerMar 6s: 25...97¼
Iowa Cen 1st 5s: 1...77
Kan&M 2d 5s: 2...90¼
KC, FtS&M 4s: 1...102⅛
KanCitySo 5s: 1...81½
KanCityTer 4s: 1...78¼
Lack Steel 5s, 1923: 5...96⅞
LS&MS 4s, '28: 1...89⅛
Leh Val cons 6s, temp wi: 1...102, 1...101⅞
Long Isl ref 4s: 6...76½
gen 4s: 1...79
Louis & Nash unified 4s: 3...84¼
Man con 4s, tax exempt: 10...74
MoPac 1st 6s: 5...99⅞
1st & ref 5s, 1965: 5...87½
gen 4s: 3...60, 2...59⅞, 1...59½, 1...59½, 7...59½, 7...60, 8...59½, 5...59½, 4...59½
Mont Pow 5s, Ser A: 2...93, 1...92½, 1...93
Nat Tube 5s: 2...98⅛
NO,T&M inc 5s: 5...58½
NYAirli 1st 6s: 1...100
NYCent deb 6s: 1...98⅛, 10...98¼, 16...98⅛
gen 3½s: 3...72½, 3...72
ref & imp 4½s, A: 1...82, 3...82½
N Y, L & W Constrctn 5s: 3...97¼
N Y, N H & H non-cv deb 4s, 1955: 4...55½
1956: 4...58
NY,O&W ref 4s: 1...70
NYRys ref 4s: 1...47
adj 5s: 3...12½
N Y Tel 4½s: 5...89½
NY,W&B 4½s: 1...50
Niag-F Pow Co 1st 5s: 1...95
N & W con 4s: 2...82½
cv 6s, w i: 57...106½
Nor Pac 4s: 2...84

Nor Pac 3s: 5...60
OreR&N con 4s: 5...85
Oreg Sh Line gtd ref 4s: 3...86½
Oreg-W R R & Nav ref 4s: 2...77½
Pac G & El 5s: 20...87½
PacofMo 1st 4s: 2...82
Pac Pow & L 1st & ref 5s: 1...88
PaRR gen 4½s: 1...89½, 10...87½
gen 5s, temp ctfs: 24...96, 80...96½, 1...96
PereMar 1st 5s: 5...85, 3...85½
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1920: 5...101
1924: 7...91½
Read'g gen 4s: 5...86½
RioGrW 1st 4s: 1...71
StL,Ark&L 4½s: 1...76½, 2...79
R,W&O con 5s: 4...99
St L & S F pr lien 4s, A: 2...60½, 12...60½, 4...60⅛, 8...60½
adj 6s: 3...65
StLSW con 4s: 3...65⅛, 3...67⅛
St P & K C S Line 1st 4½s: 3...70
S A L adj 5s: 1...30, 10...40⅛, 1...40
Sinclair Oil & R 1st s f 7s: 5...95½, 1...96
with war: 12...99½
So Pac col 4s: 1...73¼
conv 4s: 15...83½
conv 5s: 2...100⅛, 14...100⅛, 5...100⅛, 45...100⅛, 5...101, 10...100⅛, 30...100⅛, 4...100⅛
1st ref 4s: 3...82⅛
S F Term 4s: 4...75⅛
SoPCoast g 4s 1st: 1...83
SouthRy 1st 5s: 2...95
gen 4s: 6...65½, 3...66⅛, 6...66½
Tex Co deb 6s: 1...101⅛, 5...101⅛, 4...101⅛
Tex&P 1st 5s: 1...96½, 2...90
ThirdAv adj 5s: 4...28
Tol,StL&W 4s: 2...48
Tri-City 5s: 2...94½
U Bag & P 5s: 3...87
Un El L & P 5s, 1932: 7...92
Un Pac 1st 4s: 5...87⅛, 5...87⅛, 5...87½
Union Pac 4s: 11...104, 11...103⅛
USR&Imp 5s: 10...93
USRubber 7s: 1...103
1st & ref 5s: 8...86½, 24...86½
U S Stl Corp s f 5s: 3...100, 6...99⅝, 43...100
Wabash 1st 5s: 1...96½
Wilson & Co 1st 6s: 2...97½, 5...97½, 10...97½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Foreign Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅞
Anglo French 5s	97¼	97⅜
Argentina 5s	90	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅞	98
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96⅝	97½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅜	98
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	82	84
Chinese Government 5s	70	71
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	93	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90½	[illegible]
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104	104⅛
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Lyons 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Paris 6s	98⅜	98⅝
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87	88
Japanese 4s	70½	74½
City of Tokio 5s	81¼	82½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅜	100½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98¼	98⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100¼	100⅜
United States of Mexico 5s	66	69
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55
Russian Government 4s, 1894	22	32

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97¼	98¼	Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	98
2s, c, 1930	97¼	98¼	Pan 3s, r, 1961	88	90
3s, r, 1946	88	91¼	Pan 3s, c, 1961	88	90
3s, c, 1946	88	91¼	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, r, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '35	90	96
4s, c, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	97	99
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	98			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	46	48½
Ad Rumely pf.	56	56½
Alb & Sus.	..	185
Allis & W. pf.	87¼	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	98	98½
Am B. N.	32½	38
Do pf.	45	48
Am B Sug pf.	85	90
Am Br Sh.	80	95
Do pf.	150	168
Am C & F pf.	113	115
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot O.	41½	42½
Am Ice pf.	49	55½
Am M 1st pf.	46	47
Am Shipb.	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	81½	83½
Am Snuff	100	110
Do pf.	95	101
Am Sug R pf.	114	115½
Am S Tob pf.	92	95
Am T & C	55	70
Am W pf.	94½	96½
Am Zinc	11½	12
Assets R.	1	1⅛
Asso D G 1st pf.	60	..
Do 2d pf.	56	..
A, T & S F pf.	86	88
A, B & A.	7½	8
Bald Lo pf.	102	107
Barrett Co pf.	110	112½
B'ch Cr'k	36½	..
Beth S 7% pf.	90½	100
Booth Fish	19	19½
B U Oss.	85	90
Bruns Ter.	9½	10½
Brown Sh.	69	71
Do pf.	96½	100
B, R & P.	65	72½
Do pf.	90	107
Burns Bros pf.	110	115
Bush Ter.	..	97
Cal & Ar.	58	60
Can So.	45	50
Can Pac.	150½	157½
Case (J I) pf.	81½	84
Cent Fdy.	17	23
Do pf.	31	38
Cent L pf.	105	106
C R R of N J	200	230
C & S A T.	114	116
C'tain-teed	..	38½
Do 1st pf.	85	..
Chand M.	104	105
Chi & Al.	7	10½
Do pf.	..	12
Chi Gt W.	7⅛	7½
C & N W pf.	131	136
Chi, St P, M & Om.	75	82
Do pf.	105	120
C, C, C & St L.	32	35
Do pf.	62½	75
Cl & Pitts.	69½	80
Do spec.	38	..
Clu-P pf.	106	107½
Col F pf.	102	..
C & S 1st pf.	48	50
Do 2d pf.	41½	48
Comp T R.	38	38½
C I C M.	8	8½
Cont C pf.	104½	107
Corn P R pf.	102	103
Crex Carp.	47	55
Cruc S pf.	90	94
C-Am Sug.	150	160
Del & Hud.	102	104
D, L & W.	173	178
Det Ed.	110	117
Det & M.	..	85
Do pf.	..	110
Det U Ry.	81	89
D S S & A.	3	5½
Do pf.	5	7
Elec S B.	50	55
Elk H Coal pf.	..	43
Erie & P.	..	70
Fed M & S.	8	11
Fisher Bdy.	37	42
Do pf.	92½	93½
Gen Chem.	167	175
Do pf.	102	107
Gen Cig pf.	100	106
G'drich pf.	102	103½
G, M & N.	7½	9
Do pf.	31	35
Gulf S S 1st pf.	94	99½
Hartman	54½	58
Ill Cent.	95	97
Int Agri.	11½	13
Do pf.	53½	55
Int H pf.	114	..
Int N pf.	91½	..
Int Pa pf.	75	80
Do pf s.	63½	64
Int Salt	52	62
Iowa Cent.	3	4
Jewel Tea	20	30
Jew Tea pf.	80	90
K C, Ft S & M pf.	59	..
Kan C So pf.	49	50
Kelly S T pf.	90	100
Kelsey Wh.	35	36
Do pf.	90	93
K & D M.	3	5
Do pf.	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P.	96	98
Kresge (SS)	106	..
Do pf.	105	..
Kress (S H) pf.	103½	..
Lacl Gas.	83	86
L E & W pf.	18	20
Ligg & M.	190	219
Do pf.	108	110
L-W B 1st pf.	95½	..
Do 2d pf.	96½	97½
Lorill'd Co.	162	166
Do pf.	109	110
Louis & N.	112½	114½
M'kay Cos pf.	64	65
Man B'ch	¾	..
Man El S.	..	44
Man Shirt	67	78
Marlin R.	71	80
Math Alk.	..	43⅛
M Dep Sto pf.	104	106
Mex Pet pf.	103½	..
Mich Cent.	95½	96
M, St P & S S M.	83	87
Do pf.	100	108
Do L.	60	70
M, K & T pf.	8¼	9½
Mon Pow.	70½	73
Mor & Es.	69½	75½
N, C & St L.	113	120
Nat Acme	30	31
Nat Bisc.	110	111
Do pf.	115	120
Nat C & S pf.	103	104
Nat En pf.	93	97
Nat L pf.	108	110½
Nat Rys of M 2d pf.	8	8½
N Y A B.	99	104
N Y, C & St L.	26	29
Do 1st pf.	60	66
Do 2d pf.	43	47
N Y Dock	21	25
Do pf.	40	47
N Y, L & West.	92½	100
N Y, O & West.	18½	19
Norf So.	15	17
Norf & W.	104	[illegible]
Norf & W pf.	72½	..
North Am.	47	48
Nor Cent.	67	..
Ohio F S.	42¼	44½
Owens B.	31	..
Do pf.	104	109
Pac Coast	40	50
Do 1st pf.	68	100
Do 2d pf.	55	80
P T & Tel.	21½	22½
Peo & E.	4½	6
Pere M pr pf.	54	60
Do pf.	40	45
Pett-Mull.	25	45
Do 1st pf.	94	100
P, C, C & St L.	45	50
Pitts C pf.	84	86
P, Ft W & C.	132	138
Pitts S pf.	96½	[illegible]
Pitts & W Va pf.	79	81
Pond C C.	13	15½
Pr Stl Car pf.	100	104
P S N J.	91	..
P'man Co.	120	121
R R Sec I C stk ctfs.	..	79
Ry Stl Spr pf.	102	107
Rdg 1st pf.	37	38
Do 2d pf.	37¾	38½
St L S F pf.	24	27
St L S W.	17	22
Savage A.	60	64
Saxon Mtr.	7¼	7½
Sears-R pf.	115	125
S-S S & I.	50	51½
Do pf.	84	90
So P R S.	123	140
Do pf.	107	110
So Ry pf.	67	68
St'd Mill.	121	123
Do pf.	87	90
Stuts Mtr.	48	48½
Sup Steel 1st pf.	97	101
T P L Tr.	200	280
Third Av.	13⅝	14½
Tide W O.	218	223
Tob P pf.	101	104
T, St L & West	..	8
Do ctfs.	..	8
Do pf.	10	..
Do pf c.	10	15
Tran & W.	37½	38½
T C R T pf.	70	125
Und Type	117	122
Do pf.	110	..
U B & P.	75	78
Un Cig Sts pf.	110	125
Un Drug	92	..
Do 2d pf.	85	93
U Dyew'd pf.	90	95
U Rys Inv.	7½	8
U S C I P.	13½	15
Do pf.	42	46½
U S Ind A pf.	100	103
U S Sm pf.	44	45½
Va-Car Ch pf.	111½	112½
Va I C & Coke	57	60
Va R & P.	46	48
Wabash pf B.	18½	26
W F Exp.	66	72½
West Md.	10¾	11
Do pf.	22	29
W Pac pf.	..	[illegible]
W E & M 1st pf.	60	65
W & L E pf.	17	18
White Mtr.	46½	45½
W-Over pf.	87½	88
Wilson pf.	95	99
Wor Pump pf. A	86½	90½
Do pf. B	66½	67½

First Mortgage Bonds

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co. Consol. 4s, 1952 To yield 4.95%

Illinois Central R. R. Co. Pur. L's 3½s, 1952 To yield 5.15%

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*Free from New York State personal tax.

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should be subjected to a periodical examination and analysis. This is an important feature of our service to investors, and has been the means of saving them considerable money and anxiety.

Letter Y-T on request.

W. C. Langley & Co.

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To yield 4% to over 6%

List A-18 sent on request

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Cities Service Company

Series "C"

7% Convertible Debentures

Send for circular and chart T-8 prepared by our Statistical Department, showing *Actual* and *Possible Profit* resulting in conversion on January 1st, 1921.

J. B. Harris & Co.

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Payable at our office February 1, 1919

CREW LEVICK COMPANY 1st 6s, 1931

EMPIRE REFINING CO. 1st Mtge. & Coll. Tr. 6s, 1927

THE LORAIN CO ELEC CO. 1st Mtg. 5s, 1941

SPOKANE GAS & FUEL CO. 1st & Ref. Mtg 5s, 1944

WEBB CITY & CARTERVILLE GAS CO 1st Mtg. 6s

Henry L. Doherty & Company

60 Wall Street

STANDARD
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ISSUES

EXPORT EXPANSION

CERTAIN STANDARD OIL COMPANIES ARE PREPARING FOR INCREASED POST-WAR FOREIGN TRADE.

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Dealers in Standard Oil Securities

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5% Gold Bonds

Due November, 1942

Price to yield about 6%

Net earnings over 5 times bond interest charges.

The bonded debt is very conservative, being less than 1⅗ times gross earnings.

These bonds are a first mortgage upon the entire property subject on a portion of the property to only $272,000 underlying closed mortgage bonds of the Beaumont Traction Co.

Circular B-1 containing detailed information sent upon request.

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Telephone Rector 6020

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THE OIL INDUSTRY

on a

Peace Basis

Special letter on request

F. S. SMITHERS & CO.,

Members New York Stock Exchange

19 Nassau St., New York

TO OPPOSE ALIEN RIGHTS IN MEXICO

Carranza Sends Envoy to Paris to Seek Support for Radical Property Doctrines.

HITS AMERICAN INVESTORS

American Oil Interests Send E. L. Doheny to Combat Proposals at Peace Table.

The Mexican Government is planning retaliatory measures against the action of the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico in consolidating all the interests having conflict with the Carranza Government. An American delegation will make representations at the Peace Conference at Versailles, asking for the abatement of the present unsettled conditions in Mexico and the firm establishment of the property rights of foreigners, and it was learned yesterday that Alberto Pani, who recently sailed for France as the representative of the Mexican Government, will have entire charge of presenting the case of his country, which is expected to stand in opposition to the contention of American business men.

With him when he sailed was a large delegation of Mexicans, many of whom it is understood will be directly associated with him in his endeavor to have the ideas of the new Mexican Constitution incorporated as a principle of international law. Large as this delegation is, however, it is believed here that additional lawyers will be dispatched from Mexico in the near future to give their support to Pani's proposals.

It is said that the plans which the Mexican representatives hope to offer before the Peace Conference will be revolutionary as regards the custom of nations. The chief point which Pani has been instructed to present is the so-called Carranza doctrine which was enunciated by President Carranza in a message to the Mexican Congress on Sept. 1 last. This is to the effect that no nation shall have the right to interfere in the affairs of another country even where the property rights of citizens in a foreign country are in question, that being the province only of the country in which the rights are held.

Another Carranza Contention.

Pani will also support another Carranza contention that a Government by alteration of its constitution can legally take such properties within its borders as the demands of the Government may indicate. It is the belief of the Mexican President that in such cases there can be no appeal to an outside nation which may feel that its citizens are being discriminated against, this being a question which only the courts of the country can determine.

This doctrine was submitted at the International Labor Conference at Laredo, Texas, recently for ratification, but after consideration it was turned down by the delegates, mainly because of the opposition of the American representatives.

The proposals of Carranza are in keeping with the new Mexican Constitution which was adopted more than a year ago, and in which was set forth the principal that all the subsoil rights in Mexico were inherently the property of the Mexican Government and that they never could have been sold to foreign interests. Where such sales were made it is maintained that they were in contravention to the rights of the Mexican Government and therefore could not be legal. This applies not only to the purchase of subsoil rights by foreigners after the passage of the Mexican Constitution, but is retroactive to the extent of application in all cases where foreigners hold such rights.

It was to support this idea that the Carranza doctrine was promulgated. It is hoped that Pani can now have the Peace Convention ratify the proposals Peace Conference ratify the proposals the Carranza Government had with foreigners will be at once settled by international decree. The Mexican Government does not consider that its proposals are confiscatory, but a contrary view is held by the Governments whose citizens have made investments in Mexico. Several sharp notes have been dispatched to Mexico on this subject by both the American and British Governments.

Sees Advantage for Mexico.

Pani, it is believed, hopes to have an advantage over the delegates from this country in that he may be able to obtain a seat at the peace table as the representative of one of the neutral nations. Steps have already been taken looking toward this end. The American representatives, on the other hand, will have no official standing, their hope being that they will be called before the Peace Conference to describe conditions as they have been found in Mexico. It was said yesterday by an authority on Mexican affairs that there might be a stumbling block to Pani's aspirations in that Great Britain will not recognize the Carranza Government until certain confiscated British properties have been restored.

The National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico is steadily advancing its cause. Yesterday afternoon the oil interests identified with the association appointed as their delegate to Paris E. L. Doheny, President of the Mexican Petroleum Company. Together with several other oil men he went to Washington last night to arrange for passports. Mr. Doheny expects to sail on Feb. 1. Whether the other representatives of the association will sail at the same time is not certain. Some of them have not yet been appointed. Cornelius F. Kelley, who is expected to represent the mining interests, may leave for France a little earlier.

The State Department, it is said, is thoroughly conversant with the plans of the American Association, and is understood to have said that the last note of President Wilson to the Carranza Government, in which he described the proposed enforcement of the subsoil provisions of the Mexican Constitution as confiscatory, was a document on which it was prepared to stand.

McHUGH MADE CHAIRMAN.

Will Lead Bankers' Committee on Commerce and Marine.

John McHugh, Vice President of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, was elected Chairman of the Committee on Commerce and Marine of the American Bankers' Association yesterday. The members of this committee are Robert F. Maddox, President of the Atlanta National Bank, and President of the American Bankers' Association; Lewis E. Pierson of the Irving National Bank, Charles H. Sabin of the Guaranty Trust Company, Fred I. Kent of the Bankers Trust Company, Daniel G. Wing of Boston, Charles A. Hinsch of Cincinnati, Thomas B. McAdams of Richmond, Va., John L. Hamilton of Columbus, Ohio, and Mr. McHugh.

The commmittee came into being at the recent convention of the association, when resolutions were adopted calling upon the members to support by every means possible the development of foreign trade. The committee will devote especial attention to expanding facilities for financing this export business.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil	4½	5½	Houghton	30	60
Bay S Gas	7	8	Homa Oil	1	3
Bos Ariz	..	1½	Iron Bloss	45	50
Boston Ely	95	98	Iron Cap	15⅝	15¼
Bos Mont	49	50	Jer Verde	43	52
Begole	..	50	La Rose	40	45
Black Hawk	25	50	Majestic	22	25
Bohemia	75	85	Mex Metals	25	28
Butte Loo	14	15	Moj Tung	5	7
Calaveras	1¼	..	New Baltic	1	1½
Champ. old	3	4	Nat Z & L	8	10
Chief Con*	3⅝	3¾	Nixon Nev	42 bid	
Con Copper	5⅝	6	Nev Doug	25	35
Con Ariz	1⅛	1¼	Oneco	20	45
Cortez	13	15	Onondaga	10	16
Crown Res	42	45	Seven Mets	45	48
Crystal	20	21	S W Miami, full paid	85	1¼
Denbigh	50	51	Un Ver Ext	33	34
Earle Eagle	..	2	Vic Mines	..	75
Eagle B B	2¼	2⅝	Yukon Gold	75	95
Fortuna	2	4			
Gold Lake	1	4			

*Ex-div ⅛.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98¼	98¾	6.60
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99½	99¾	5.95
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99	99¾	5.50
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99½	100½	5.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	58½	60	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	130	136	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	51	56	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99½	5.50

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100⅛	100⅜	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99⅞	5.25
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	100⅜	101¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101⅜	101⅝	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅞	102	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102½	102¾	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103	6.05
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103½	103¾	6.10
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98½	99¼	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100⅛	100⅜	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	100⅝	101	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100½	100⅞	6.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅝	101	6.65
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	101	101½	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100¼	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	89	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1920	97½	98½	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1921	96¾	97¾	7.10
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100½	5.20
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100¾	5.60
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102¼	102¾	6.90
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅜	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98¼	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	93	94	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	97½	99	6.06
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100⅝	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅜	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99	100	8.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99½	5.90
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99⅝	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S.-C., N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitt. & S.S.R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100½	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100⅝	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	101⅝	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102½	103¼	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103½	104¼	5.75
Rem. A. U. M. Ctge. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99½	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102¼	103¼	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99⅝	99⅞	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99¼	100	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95½	96½	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	98¼	8.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	89	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100½	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99⅝	100	7.00

COTTON MARKET IRREGULAR.

Shows Strength in Forenoon, but Drops Sharply in Afternoon.

Yesterday's cotton market was highly irregular. Starting firm, it rose 30 to 40 points in the forepart of the session, mainly on cheerful reports from Liverpool, where both futures and spots were strong, and on a fairly considerable amount of short covering by local traders, who seemed entirely satisfied to accept the more optimistic foreign attitude. The South again sold, but its selling was neither large in volume nor aggressive in character, and was quite overshadowed by the buying, which dominated the market and controlled the price movement.

The improvement abroad was undoubtedly in response to the announcement that the British Cotton Control Board has removed some of the restrictions on manufacturers. Local interests took this to mean that the export movement here will quicken, and as the slowness of exports has been one of the chief retarding factors for some time, this was considered bullish.

But the strength was short lived. In the early afternoon buying began to fall off and in the last hour selling became general and fairly heavy. With demand satisfied, the bears found but little opposition, and hedge selling from the South and a resumed output of short contracts by many of the ring traders, who had covered early in the day, sent quotations down sharply. At the low point January was off 100 points from the previous closing, March was down 46 points and July was off 54 points. Just before the end a slight rally occurred, but even with this quotations finished 25 to 55 points under Tuesday's ending.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. day.
Jan.	25.35	25.40	24.10	24.52	25.10
Feb.	..	..	..	23.70	26.90
Mar.	23.90	24.10	23.30	23.52	23.75
Apr.	22.55	22.60	22.55	22.45	22.70
May	22.55	22.80	21.95	22.31@22.35	22.47
July	21.05	22.02	21.10	21.35@21.45	20.58
Aug.	..	20.57	20.57	20.20	21.64
Sep.	20.15	20.17	19.65	19.65	20.20
Oct.	19.90	20.25	19.28	19.45@19.55	19.50

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, at 60 points decline to 27.25c for middling upland; sales, 200 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27.50c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 26.68c; Memphis, 29c; Houston, 26.75c; Little Rock, 27.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last. Yr.
Port receipts	23,194	30,813	15,640
Exports	46,165	.....	.....
Exports, season	2,293,693	2,051,073	2,306,904
N. Y. stocks	93,788	84,327	149,538
Port stocks	1,411,112	1,454,051	1,437,793
N. Y. arrivals	2,747	1,762	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was freely offered at 16.81d for middling, old contract, and 19.67d for good middling, new contract. Sales, 1,000 bales, of which 500 American. Imports, 17,000 bales, of which 13,000 were American. Futures opened steady at 1 point decline to 10 points advance, and closed steady at 23 to 32 points advance. Prices: January, 17.92d; February, 16.47d; March, 15.24d; April, 13.91d. Manchester: Yarns were dull and cloths were in good demand.

BANKS ELECT NEW OFFICERS

Richard Morris Named Vice President of Bankers Trust Company.

The election of several new officers for banking institutions took place yesterday. Richard L. Morris became a Vice President of the Bankers Trust Company and will be connected with the bond department. He was formerly with the banking firms of Potter, Choate & Prentice and Kean, Taylor & Co., and the commercial paper house of Blake Brothers & Co. Mr. Morris lately served as Chairman of the Committee on Legislation of the Investment Bankers Association.

Alfred G. Fletcher was elected Vice President of the American Foreign Banking Corporation. He was with the Canadian Bank of Commerce for seven years and took part in the organization of the Metropolitan Bank at the time of its merger with the Bank of Nova Scotia in 1914. The American Foreign Banking Corporation was formed last year by several of the local banks to extend banking facilities abroad. Amos F. Hill of Boston was elected by the Executive Committee of the Clearing House section of the American Bankers Association as Secretary, succeeding Jerome Thralls. Mr. Thralls resigned recently to become Secretary and Treasurer of the Discount Corporation of New York. Mr. Hill was formerly connected with the Traders National Bank of Lowell, Mass.

TO MOVE CLEARING HOUSE.

New Quarters to be Provided in Stock Exchange Building.

At the weekly meeting of the Governors of the Stock Exchange yesterday it was decided that the Clearing House of the Exchange, now more than a block from the big board, should be housed in the basement of the Exchange building, which runs through the block between Broad and New Streets, and which houses not only the trading floor but executive offices, libraries, and a luncheon club.

After yesterday's meeting a Governor of the Exchange said that the decision had been reached after considerable discussion, and that the change meant that the necessity of transporting large quantities of valuable negotiable securities through busy thoroughfares would be abolished. The new plan will be carried out as soon as possible.

SAYS CHINA WANTS AMERICAN EXPORTS

Consul General Appeals to Business Men to Enter Far East Market.

ENCOURAGES FOREIGN TRADE

Assistant Secretary Long Says State Department Wishes to Stimulate Expansion.

Chao Hsin Chu, Chinese Consul General at San Francisco, in an address made yesterday at a luncheon of the American Manufacturers' Export Association, held at the Hotel McAlpin, said that the Chinese market offered big opportunities to enterprising exporters. Breckenridge Long, Third Assistant Secretary of State, who was the other speaker, pledged the full support of the State Department to the campaign for overseas trade. More than 300 representatives of the country's large manufacturing export concerns were present.

"Commercial opportunities everywhere in China are awaiting you American business men, Consul General Hsin Chu said, "You have been building up your foreign trade in Latin-American countries, but you have not paid proper attention to your foreign trade in the Far East. Prior to the war Germany had developed a large trade in the Orient. The German interests have now been driven out of business and it is a good opportunity for America to enlarge her foreign trade there, and such replacement, I can assure you, will become permanent and most acceptable."

Discussing China's tariff the Consul General said that even if American manufacturers chose to "dump" their products into the Chinese market no protective tariff law would be invoked. "On the contrary," Hsin Chu said, "I am inclined to believe that we should enjoy the dumping, for we are always anxious to obtain large quantities of foreign manufactured articles to satisfy the universal needs and wants."

The Consul General recommended that agencies should be given to Chinese firms, as local conditions and different dialects would discourage foreign salesmen in the interior of China; that direct trade should be facilitated between the two countries and the so-called compradore system dropped owing to its indirectness, and that to remedy this Chinese merchants should be allowed to become "partners" instead of compradores through some sort of American-Chinese mercantile company, to be formed for the purpose of securing better means of co-operation on the part of Chinese merchants. Mr. Chu's recommendations also included a comprehensive and sustained advertising campaign in Chinese newspapers and periodicals to push the sale of American goods, and exhibit rooms in Chinese commercial centres.

Assistant Secretary of State Long said that the Department of State desired to encourage and stimulate American foreign trade, and in pursuance of its policy applied every legitimate means to accomplish its object. "Industry in the United States," Mr. Long said, "cannot stand still. It must either expand or contract, and its influence upon the life of the entire country is so powerful that we must secure for it a normal rate of development, and, to that end, provide it with the room for expansion which only foreign trade can furnish. Our international interests today are greater than they ever have been before. We have been living in stirring times, we have been in an international atmosphere, and I wonder whether, when it is over, if there will not remain to us, individually and nationally, something of those emotions which we had."

Mr. Long added that during the last Summer there was established in the Foreign Trade Adviser's office of the State Department a new economic intelligence section, which is equipped to deal with the economic and commercial questions which are more and more frequently arising.

FEW NEW STEEL ORDERS.

Buyers Show Disposition to Wait for Lower Prices.

New orders in the steel trade are coming in slowly, according to this week's reports from trade centres, and buyers continue to show a disposition to wait for lower prices. Mill operations in different quarters of the industry show wide variations in comparison with normal times, ranging from 50 per cent. to 90 per cent. of capacity. The Iron Age says:

"With new bookings less than half of current production, the industry is measurably nearer the moment of total deflation from the war basis. In many lines of finished steel there is not much over a month's work ahead. The encouraging feature from the buyer's standpoint is that labor now idle shows a disposition to resume at reduced wage rates, and firm offers for steel at below present levels are now the more likely to lead to successful negotiation.

"Threats of strikes in the Pittsburgh district seem unwise. Pig iron makers have been piling iron; melters are for the greater part in possession of three months' supplies; high cost plants are contemplating shutdowns, and there is no hesitation to blow out furnaces for relining and repairs. January pig iron production will be considerably below that of December.

"While in the heavier tonnage items of finished steel, production is at a low ebb, in sheets, tin plate, and wire products, there is comparative activity, mills averaging 70 per cent. of capacity. Nor is the country as a whole on a uniform manufacturing basis, the larger Chicago mills operating at 70 to even 90 per cent. of capacity, while in the East less than 50 per cent. is the rule."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"In Pittsburgh, steel works are operating at an average of 70 per cent. capacity. About thirty blast furnaces have been blown out in the East, and South Buffalo furnaces are again becoming a powerful factor in the New York pig iron market, owing to the fact that the freight rate from Buffalo to the metropolitan territory is lower than the rate from Pittsburgh. Inquiries for 5,000 tons of foundry iron for delivery during the first half are now pending in New York. Moderate export activity continues. Japan, which is actively pushing its shipbuilding program, has placed 35,000 tons of plates in the Chicago district and ordered 10,000 tons of pig iron."

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The United States Express Company announces that the sixth dividend in course of liquidating the company, amounting to $1.25 per share of stock, will be paid Feb. 21 to shareholders of record Feb. 1.

The Western Gas and Electric Company has applied to the California Railroad Commission for authority to sell $450,000 of its 5 per cent. bonds at a price not less than 85.

Hornblower & Weeks are offering a portion of 60,000 shares of the American Bosch Magneto Corporation at $65 a share.

Directors of the Republic Iron and Steel Company have decided not to issue a quarterly report covering the three months ended Dec. 31 last. The necessity for additional time to adjust accounts for the annual statement and the uncertainty about tax legislation caused the decision.

The Irving National Bank has prepared a pocket edition of its commercial map of Latin America for the convenience of commercial travelers.

Hartshorne, Fales & Co. have issued a letter discussing the General Asphalt Company and its oil holdings.

A chart which shows the movements of the principal foreign exchange rates in the New York market from April 1, 1917, to Dec. 1, 1918, has been issued by Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne.

Frederick P. De Witt and Charles H. Dahmer have been appointed assistant cashiers of the Fifth Avenue Bank.

Arthur J. Stobbart has been appointed to take charge of the Fidelity claim department of the National Surety Co.

Exempt from All Federal Income Taxes

$195,000

Oklahoma City, Okla.

5% School District Bonds

Coupon Bonds $1,000 Denomination. Principal and semi-annual interest payable in New York.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed value of taxable property (actual)		$80,567,012.00
Total bonded debt, 1918		2,015,747.80
Sinking fund, June 30, 1918	$752,490.04	
Net Debt		1,263,257.76

Population, 1918—estimated, 110,000

OKLAHOMA CITY is the capital and largest city in the State of Oklahoma. It is served by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, and the St. Louis & San Francisco railways. The City is the commercial metropolis of the surrounding territory, there being no other large city nearer than 175 miles.

THIS ISSUE OF BONDS was made by the Board of Education of the School District of Oklahoma City, which includes all of Oklahoma City and a large amount of outside territory. The bonds are payable by a direct ad valorem tax upon all taxable property within the district. The bonds were issued for the purpose of retiring a like amount of indebtedness.

MATURITIES

$55,000......1926 $60,000......1930 $80,000......1931

Price 100 and interest

LEGALITY APPROVED by the Attorney General of the State of Oklahoma and by Messrs. Storey, Thorndike, Palmer & Dodge, Attorneys at Law, Boston, Massachusetts.

William R. Compton Company

Government and Municipal Bonds

"Over a Quarter Century in This Business"

14 Wall Street, New York

St. Louis Cincinnati Chicago New Orleans

The attitude of the British investor on the present status of the

TOBACCO INDUSTRY

is strikingly illustrated in the quotations for

BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

which on November 4th, a week before the armistice was signed, sold on the London Stock Exchange at 118 shillings and on January 4th at 130 shillings, 6 pence equal to $31.66.

British American Tobacco is quoted here 24¾ bid 25 asked.

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange in British American Tobacco are unusually large, indicating a wide demand for the stock.

IMPERIAL TOBACCO CO.

of Great Britain which is offered in our market at 13½ is selling in London at 70 shillings equal to $16.66, another illustration of the wide popularity of Tobacco investments in Great Britain.

We specialize in both British and Imperial, as well as in R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company Securities.

Bamberger, Loeb & Co.

25 Broad Street New York

General Asphalt

A discussion of this Company and its oil holdings is presented in our circular E-40, which may be had upon request.

Hartshorne, Fales & Co.

MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

7 WALL STREET. TEL. 4500 RECTOR

First Mortgages Yielding 5½%

On Improved City Real Estate for investment in amounts of $1,000 and upward.

Salient features of these mortgages are—

1. *Unusual security*—Average less than 40% of appraisal.
2. *Good income yield.*
3. *High type of Borrowers.*
4. *Semi-annual Payments Reducing Principal*—which may be re-invested in Participation Certificates without loss of income.
5. *No trouble to Investors*—all care of mortgages assumed by us until paid.

Write for Booklet M-1 and Partial List of offerings.

No Loss to Investors Over a Period of 48 Years.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

Capital and Surplus, $6,000,000

Main Office: 55 Cedar Street

BRANCHES

73rd St. at Broadway 125th St. at 8th Ave.

Madison Ave. at 75th St.

Wanted

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

Class B Stock

Bamberger, Loeb & Co.

25 Broad Street New York

Exempt from Federal Income Tax
No Income Tax Certificates Required

Municipal Bonds

To yield from 4.20% to 5.10%

		Rate	Maturity	Yield
NT	$100,000 Rochester, N. Y. Reg.	4½%	1931-32	4.20%
NT	10,000 Syracuse, N. Y. Reg.	4¼%	1921	4.30%
N	50,000 Youngstown, Ohio	5%	1921-24	4.55%
	9,000 State of Louisiana Port Com. Canal	5%	1942	4.75%
	15,000 Stamford, Texas	5%	1953-55	5.00%
	23,000 High Point, N. C.	6%	1919-37	5.10%
	72,000 Renville County, N. D.	6%	1922	5.10%

N—Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York State.
T—Exempt from all taxation in New York State.

STACY & BRAUN

5 Nassau Street

NEW YORK

Toledo Cincinnati

Bonds Legal for Trust Funds

For conservative investors who desire maximum safety we recommend Railroad Bonds "legal" for trust funds, which are selling in some cases to yield over 5%. Such bonds are readily marketable. List will be sent upon request.

Kean, Taylor & Co.

5 Nassau Street, New York

Chicago Pittsburgh

The U. S. Government warns against the stock swindler. Consult your bank.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Third Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, LIMITED, will be HELD on SATURDAY, the eighth day of February, 1919, at 10 A. M., at the offices of the Company, 56, Church Street, in the City of Toronto, Canada, for the purpose of transacting the ordinary business of the Company.

Holders of Bearer Share Warrants desirous of attending the Meeting or of being represented thereat by proxy, must deposit their Warrants at the head office of the Company, 56, Church Street, Toronto, at least three days before the date appointed for the Meeting in exchange for which they will receive a certificate entitling them to attend and vote either in person or by proxy.

The Bearer Warrants must remain deposited with the Company until after the General Meeting or any adjournment thereof shall have been held, and upon delivering up the said certificate to the Company the Share Warrants in respect thereof shall be retorned to the parties surrendering the certificate.

By Order of the Board.
J. R. CLARKE, Secretary.
56, Church Street, Toronto, Canada, 23rd January, 1919.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET
January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.
R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK
of the City of New York,
250 Fifth Avenue, New York.

At a Meeting of the Board of Directors of The Second National Bank of the City of New York, held January 21, 1919, the following officers were elected:
WILLIAM A. SIMONSON, President.
EDWARD H. PEASLEE, Vice President.
WILLIAM PABST, Vice President.
ARTHUR L. BURNS, Vice President.
CHARLES W. CASE, Cashier.
EDWARD H. WEBB, Assistant Cashier.
JOHN H. HOVERMAN, Asst. Cashier.
ROBERT E. SHOTWELL, Asst. Cashier.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

For the purpose of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders, the preferred and common stock transfer books of this Company will close February 5, 1919, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopen February 27, 1919.
FRED E. KNAPP, Secretary.
New York, January 21, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE COMMON AND PREFERRED STOCK RESPECTIVELY OF BRONX EXPOSITION, INC.:—

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the BRONX EXPOSITION, INC., will be held at the office of the Company, in the Exposition Grounds, 177th Street and Bronx River, City of New York, on the 8th day of February, 1919, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to take action upon a proposed amendmant of the Certificate of Incorporation of this Company; so as to increase the number of shares that may be issued by it from 105,000, as at present constituted, and of which 5,000 shares of the par value of $100 are preferred stock, and 100,000 shares of no par value are common stock, to 138,500 shares, of which 3,500 shares of the par value of $100 will be preferred stock, and 125,000 shares will be common stock with no par value, and to increase the amount of capital with which this company will carry on its business from $1,000,000 to $1,475,000.

And to elect Directors to serve until the next annual election and until their successors shall have been duly elected and shall have qualified;

And to take action upon such other or further matters as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, Jan. 22d, 1919.
HARRY F. McGARVIE, President
L. A. Beebe, Secretary.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M. The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK
New York, January 21, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at its office, No. 55 John Street, on Tuesday, February 4, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors in place of those whose terms expire and for such other business as may come before them.
C. J. HOLMAN,
Vice President and Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

Furnished rooms and apartments advertised in The New York Times carry with them a reputation second to none. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 14 Wall St., N.Y.

The U. S. Government warns against the stock swindler. Consult your bank first.

RUSSIAN CURRENCY AND BONDS

Bought & Sold On Order.

Shuman & Seligmann

Members New York Stock Exchange

30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7270

OUR Foreign Department handles foreign banking transactions with leading banks throughout the world.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin

NOBLE & CORWIN

25 Broad St. New York

Chase Nat. Bk. Borden's Com.
Nat. Bk. Commerce Otis Elevator

Telephone 1111 Broad.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of Gold-Seligman Co., Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, 33 Union Square, New York City, Wednesday, Jan. 29th, at 12 o'clock noon.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSAL FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Norfolk, Va.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, February 21, 1919, and then opened, for dredging anchorage and 40-foot channel, and constructing bulkhead. Further information on application.

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin

NOBLE & CORWIN

25 Broad St. New York

Corn Exchange Bank

Stock & Rights

Telephone 1111 Broad.

Investment Suggestions

Glidden, Davidge & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

5 Nassau St., New York

SMALL BANK ACCOUNTS INVITED

Write or call for booklet

BIGELOW & COMPANY

BANKERS

25 PINE STREET NEW YORK

I. M. TAYLOR & CO.

Investment Securities

120 Broadway, New York

Boston Cleveland
Philadelphia Pittsburgh

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Roxbury National Bank of Boston, located at 2418 Washington Street, Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
LOUIS R. HUNTER, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

Correspondence Invited

We invite correspondence on stock market commitments and all investment subjects. Frequent analytical reports issued and mailed gratis. Special weekly cotton letter and grain review.

Sent upon request

E. W. Wagner & Co.
Established 1887, Chicago

Members: New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, New York Produce Exchange, N.Y. Coffee and Sugar Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade, Chicago Stock Exchange, Cleveland Stock Exchange, Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis Merchants Exchange, Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce

33 New Street (Ground Floor) New York

To those seeking information regarding western and middle-western securities we are pleased to offer the facilities of our Investment Department.

January list of offerings will be furnished on application.

UNION TRUST COMPANY CHICAGO

A BANK OF STRENGTH AND CHARACTER

7.15% Income

$487.50 plus accrued dividend will purchase 100 SHARES

CARBO-HYDROGEN CO. OF AMERICA

7% PREFERRED STOCK

In addition to which 25 shares common stock is given as a bonus. After deducting preferred stock dividends, fixed charges, etc., the Company's earnings are at the rate of about 8% on the common stock for 1918 with possibilities of considerably increased earnings for this year. Write for circular "T."

Farson, Son & Co

Members New York Stock Exchange.
115 Broadway, New York City.

"Securities Suggestions"

Among other interesting features, the last two issues of this semi-monthly publication contain the following:

Future of the Oil Industry
Cities Service Bonds
American Linseed Co.
An Attractive Diversified Investment

This with booklet describing

The Part Payment Plan

will be sent free. Write us for "Q"

R.C. MEGARGEL & CO.
27 Pine Street—New York

The probable future of the

OIL INDUSTRY

Discussed in our special letter, available on request.

WADE, TEMPLETON & CO.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
42 Broadway New York

The U. S. Govt. warns against the stock swindler. The Oil Stock swindler is particularly active. Consult us or your bank.

Gillette Safety Razor
Stock and Notes
New Mexico & Arizona Land Co.
Bought, Sold, Quoted.

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Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., New York. Tel. Rector 9970

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Home Ins. Co.
Fidelity Phenix Ins.
Great American Ins.

CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway N.Y.

Cities Fuel & Power 7s

Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston.

OPPOSED TO LUXURY TAX UPON CLOTHING

Manufacturers in Convention Declare Against Proposed Measure.

DON'T WANT WAGES LOWER

Wholesale and Retail Clothiers Deny That 1919 Fall Prices Will Be Lower Than Those Last Year.

Following a conference between manufacturers and retailers, a report was made yesterday to the annual convention of the National Association of Clothiers, held at the Hotel Astor, covering uniform credit terms, in which it was recommended that a study of the subject be made with a view to deciding whether it was possible to establish a basis for uniform terms, either net or regular, or both. The report emphasizes that there should be uniformity in either one or both of these methods.

The convention approved lifting the ban now prescribed by the style regulations for the Spring of 1919 on double-breasted suits, and on golf suits, where the latter were made with knickerbockers, but not including golf suits made with vests and long trousers. The association also went on record as opposing the so-called luxury tax on furnishings, and also a similar tax on clothing, if the latter should finally be incorporated in the Internal Revenue bill now in conference.

The manufacturers passed a resolution suggesting that the Chamber of Commerce of the United States send a commission to Europe, composed of men of high standing, to study and report upon industrial conditions. David Kirschbaum of Philadelphia stated that a fund of $150,000 had been set aside by the manufacturers to investigate fraudulent advertising and seek its correction, even to the extent of legal prosecution of offenders who misstate the quality and values of their goods through public advertisements.

It was the sense of the convention that neither an increase in the hours of labor nor a reduction of wages was desirable, but attention was called to the fact that the minimum wage in Great Britain for clothing workers was for women $3.50 per week and for men not more than double that sum. Under this wage scale, it was said, American manufacturers could not successfully compete with the English, despite the fact that American clothing is the best made in the world.

Samples to be Larger.

Following a brief discussion, it was decided to return to the old sample sizes of 6½ by 9 inches double, or 13 by 18 single, which is just double the size which has been in operation during the war. This course was taken because there is no longer vital necessity for the conservation of material. A unanimous vote of thanks was tendered by the convention to the War Service Committee for the excellent work it did during its life.

Mr. Kirschbaum told the members of the association that the American clothing industry alone now disposes of $600,000,000 of manufactures annually, and that if domestic manufacturers could successfully export clothing, the business would be doubled. The next convention will be held in Chicago, Dec. 16 and 17 of this year. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Ludwig Stein, Chicago; Vice Presidents, Jacob J. Abt, Max H. Friedman, David Kirschbaum, Max L. Holtz, E. R. Smith, and Eli Strause; Treasurer, Max L. Wile, and Secretary, William R. Corwine.

In connection with views attributed to some who attended the convention of the National Association of Clothiers on Tuesday that the price of men's clothing would probably be lower next Fall, Ludwig Stein, President of the National Association of Wholesale Clothiers, and Andreas E. Burkhardt, Vice President of the National Association of Retail Clothiers, made the following statement yesterday:

"In our judgment prices of men's and young men's clothing for the Fall of 1919 will be the same as the opening prices of the Fall of 1918, or will possibly be slightly higher on trustworthy merchandise. While prices of the raw material, that is, the cloth for the Fall season, will be offered at slight concessions over prices which prevailed for the Fall season of 1918, conversion cost has advanced materially.

Stocks Nearly Exhausted.

"The statement made in this morning's TIMES that the stocks of the retail clothiers were 25 per cent. higher than normal is erroneous. The business since the signing of the armistice has been exceptionally good, and stocks of the better kinds of merchandise are pretty well exhausted, particularly in suits, as has been evidenced by the fact that larger operators have been obliged to replenish their stocks of heavyweight suits to considerable extent during the last sixty days. A conference of the National Association of Retailers and the National Association of Manufacturers was not held yesterday, as reported, but was held today, and many matters of interest were discussed. Among these was the question of price reduction, which was covered by the following resolution:

"It is the sense of this convention that an article published in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning to the effect that prices for men's clothing will be cheaper for Fall and Winter was not reflected in the deliberations of the convention, and does not represent the views of the delegates. The fact that the manufacturing costs are higher at this time than ever before does not give encouragement to the theory of lower prices."

Samuel Weill, retiring President of the National Association of Clothiers, added the following statement:

"The conference bases this recommendation on the apparently certain outlook and on facts so far as they can at this time be determined, that the elements that go into cost of production do not warrant even the hope that prices for next Fall can be any lower than for the season just closing. In fact, there is a possibility, and it cannot be determined at this time, that prices generally speaking, at least for worthy merchandise, will be higher rather than lower."

Samuel Weill of Rochester, N. Y., presided at the annual dinner held last night in the grand ballroom of the Astor. More than 1,000 clothing and fabric manufacturers, jobbers, and retailers were present. Felix Frankfurter, Chairman of the War Labor Policies Board, who had as his subject, "The Constitutionalizing of Industries," discussed the future relations of capital and labor. Referring to the clothing manufacturing industry, he said that the subject of seasonable occupation "warranted" close study, since it was bad for the morale of workers to be idle periodically. Mr. Frankfurter congratulated the association upon having formed a labor bureau.

Edmund James Cattell of Philadelphia said that he saw a big future for American trade. Ludwig Stein, President-elect of the association, expressed the belief that a wonderful prosperity would exist in this country during the next few years. D. Thomas Curtin of the Northcliffe Press, London, told of his experiences as a war correspondent in eleven campaigns, covering seven countries.

Oppose Skip-Stop System.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 22.—Unless the Public Service Railway Company abolishes the skip-stop system within the city limits of New Brunswick, the city's Fire Department will be used to compel compliance with the demands of the City Commission, Commissioners E. F. Houghton and J. J. Feaster declared today. Fire trucks will be run along the trolley tracks in front of each car, stopping at every corner and thus compelling the cars to stop. City Attorney T. F. Hagerty declared the trolley company had been profuse in its promises to abolish the system, but that nothing had been done, so the Commissioners decided on drastic action.

Absorbs Cumberland Valley Line.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—As a further step toward consolidating the Pennsylvania Railroad system and simplifying its incorporate organization, it was announced today that the company had absorbed the Cumberland Valley Railroad.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Jacket	.05
Alta	.02	Mexican	.08
Andes	.04	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.01	Ophir	.01
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.04	Savage	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.03
Con. Virginia	.01	Union Con.	.18
Hale & Norcross	.01	Mexican Dollars	.75

TONOPAH.		Booth	.13
Belmont	2.60	Florence	.12
Brougher Divide	.19	Goldfield Cons.	.21
Cash Boy	.06	Goldfield Merger	.05
Gold Zone	.19	Great Bend	.03
Halifax	.16	Jumbo Exten.	.13
Jim Butler	.34	Kewanas	.06
McNamara	.27	Lone Star	.06
Midway	.37	Silver Pick	.04
Mizpah	.03	Spearhead	.19
Monarch Pitts.	.07	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Montana	.14	Manhattan Cons.	.04
North Star	.06	Nevada Hills	.03
Rescue	.07	Packard	.25
Tonopah Divide	2.97	Rochester	.25
Tonopah Exten.	2.25	Round Mountain	.31
West End	1.25	United Eastern	4.25
West Tonopah	.35	White Caps	.13
GOLDFIELD.			
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¼	5½	Isabella	5	6½
Dr. J'pot	4	5	McKinney	7½	8½
Elkton	4¾	7	Portland	100	104
El Paso	14	20	Rose Nicol	13	13½
Golden C.	174	177	U. Gold M.	15	16
Granite	19	30	Vindicator	40	45

EARNINGS.

INTERBOROUGH CONSOLIDATED CORPORATION for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Total income	$4,402,175	$6,055,866	$6,031,357
Net income	724,914	3,263,010	3,136,218
Pfd. dividends	686,107	2,744,430	2,744,430
Surplus	38,807	519,480	391,788
Prev. surplus	1,645,356	1,875,877	1,834,090
Total surplus	1,684,163	2,395,357	2,225,878
Deduction	*550,000	750,000	350,000
Pr. & loss sur.	1,134,163	1,645,357	1,875,878

*Appropriation for reduction of amount advanced by Bankers Trust Company June 29, 1916.

MOVE FOR SHIP CONTRACTS.

Senators Want Administration to Revoke Ban on Foreign Orders.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—A resolution to require the Shipping Board to revoke all orders preventing ship construction in America for foreign account was introduced today by Senator King of Utah, Democrat, and was referred to the Commerce Committee.

President Wilson's failure to remove such restrictions was criticised by Senator Jones of Washington, who declared it unjustifiable and "almost criminal." Such a policy, he said, not only compelled shipyards to suspend operations, throwing thousands of men out of employment, but resulted in these contracts being awarded to firms in other countries.

"Foreign shipbuilding contracts are sought in American shipyards," said Senator Jones. "These shipyards cannot take these contracts, because they cannot get a permit to do so from their own Government. American shipyards are closed. American labor is idle. American resources are unused. Hundreds of millions of foreign capital wanting to come here is directed to foreign countries. Why? Because an American President, using the power given to him to carry on the war, refuses for undisclosed reasons to permit our people to take those contracts and build these ships. No reason is given to justify this action. None can be given to justify it."

DISCUSSES GOMPERS' STAND

Henderson Says American Federation First Urged Labor Conference.

BERNE, Jan. 21.—Arthur Henderson, who is representing British labor at the International Socialist and Labor Conference here, issued today a statement relative to the refusal of Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, to attend the meeting. He said that it was the American Federation which first proposed a world labor and Socialist conference, to be held at the same time as the Peace Congress.

The Social Democrats of Russia have indicated their sympathy with the movement in a message to the Organization Committee of the meeting. They are represented by M. Axelrod.

Finland has sent M. Koto and M. Utolijok as delegates, and Esthonia is represented by M. Martna and M. Köstner. The Swedish Socialists are expected to send Hjalmar Branting, and two other prominent Socialists, probably Moller and Engberg.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 22.—The German Social Democrats, according to a dispatch from Berlin, will be represented at the International Socialist and Labor Conference at Berne by Herman Müller, Otto Wels, and Richard Molkenbuhr.

St. Lawrence Still Open to Ships.

QUEBEC, Jan. 22.—Never in the history of navigation on the St. Lawrence has a steamer left Quebec for the open sea so late in the season as the Canadian Voyager, which departed today for Halifax and then overseas. The St. Lawrence is ordinarily ice locked here at this time of year.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NIAGARA, LOCKPORT AND ONTARIO POWER COMPANY.
Notice of Redemption of Two-Year Secured Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the Two-Year Secured Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes of Niagara, Lockport and Ontario Power Company, due February 1, 1920, issued under the Trust Agreement dated January 31, 1918, made to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, that all said notes have been called for redemption and payment on February 1, 1919, and that said notes will be redeemed and paid on said date at the office of said The Equitable Trust Company of New York, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at their principal amount and accrued interest. Interest on said notes will cease from and after February 1, 1919.

Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates covering the amount of accrued interest should accompany the notes when presented for redemption and payment.

Notice is further given to the holders of said notes that on or before January 22, 1919, but not thereafter, they may, at their option, as provided in said Trust Agreement, convert their notes at face value into Refunding Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Series A and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum, of said Niagara, Lockport and Ontario Power Company, taken at ninety per cent. (90%) of their face value, with a cash adjustment of fractions as provided in said Trust Agreement.

Dated January 2, 1919.
NIAGARA, LOCKPORT AND ONTARIO POWER COMPANY,
By FRED D. COREY, President.

Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis FIRST AND REFUNDING MORTGAGE.

Notice is hereby given that Bankers Trust Company, Primary Trustee under the First and Refunding Mortgage of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, dated July 1, 1912, to Bankers Trust Company and the Union Trust Company of Indianapolis, Trustees, intends to apply the sum of $14,350.97, now held in the Sinking Fund, to the purchase of First and Refunding Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, issued under such mortgage, at a price not exceeding par, accrued interest and 8% premium, and to that end invites offers to Bankers Trust Company of such bonds at a price not to exceed par, accrued interest and 8% premium, which offers shall be for all or any part of the bonds so offered.

All offers must be made in sealed envelopes and delivered to Bankers Trust Company as Primary Trustee, at its Trust Department, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, on or before 12 o'clock noon on February 14, 1919, and shall be for the sale to it of such bonds as of February 20, 1919. No offer will be accepted which shall be for a sum in excess of par, accrued interest and 8% premium.

Dated at New York, this 16th day of January, 1919.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Primary Trustee.
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

MUSKOGEE ELECTRIC TRACTION CO.
First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the mortgage of the Muskogee Electric Traction Company, dated May 1, 1912, hereby invites offerings for the sale to it of as many bonds issued thereunder as will exhaust the sum of four thousand four hundred thirty-two and 15/100 dollars ($4,432.15) at a price not to exceed 105% and accrued interest. Sealed offers will be opened at the office of the undersigned Trustee, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon, February 4th, 1919; on and within thirty days after which date the holders of bonds whose offers are accepted must present their bonds to the Trustee for payment. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

Dated New York, N. Y., January 9, 1919.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice President.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,618.56, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 8, 1919.

International Paper Company.
CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND CONVERTIBLE BONDS.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor to Colonial Trust Company, as Trustee under International Paper Company Mortgage dated January 3, 1905, hereby invites offers to the Sinking Fund for the sale of bonds issued under said mortgage to exhaust the sum of One Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Two Hundred and Ten Dollars and Eighty-eight cents ($168,210.88). Bonds offered at the lowest prices will be given preference.

Sealed offers will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon, on February 5, 1919, and should be endorsed "Offers for Sale of Bonds to the International Paper Company Sinking Fund."

The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Forty-four new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,380,000, were chartered today. They include:

Albany Plaza Real Estate Corp., Albany, $10,000; W. J. Brennan, W. Howard Spellman, J. Sheldon Frost, Albany.

Treaties Service Corp., Manhattan, insurance, $15,000; W. W. Heshaw, A. D. Dowrie, A. M. Jorburn, 54 Pine St.

Hygrade Delicatessen, Inc., Schenectady, $15,000; J. G. and A. G. Abramson, S. Dressel, 30 Church St.

The Horace Kane School of Flight, Inc., Manhattan, flying machines; $15,000; P. M. Coonley, L. Moen, H. Keane, 478 Central Park West.

Cyro Realty Co., Manhattan, $9,000; J. F. Thorn, T. F. Costello, E. V. Fink, 250 West 21st St.

Delaware Avenue Auto Service, $10,000; W. H. Watson, J. L. Kingsley, M. E. Sullivan, Buffalo.

Ellen Terry Theatre Corp., Buffalo, $5,000; J. A. Schuchert, H. E. Wilkinson, W. W. Bradley, Buffalo.

Mahnken & Moore Material Co., Brooklyn, building materials, $25,000; C. W. and J. H. Mahnken, D. W. Moore, 1,576 Union St., Brooklyn.

Cassidy Co., Queens, make gas and electric fixtures, $250,000; G. W. Cassidy, W. N. Baylis, A. Wahle, 1,492 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn.

The Northern Forwarding Co., Manhattan, $30,000; W. E. Davis, C. Epstein, S. Weiss, 108 Broad St.

Moore Chemical Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; A. M. Chamow, H. P. Moore, S. Nusim, 215 West 111th St.

The Ferro Electric Welding Co., Brooklyn, $150,000; K. Furuholn, A. Meyer, O. Johannessen, 35 East 18th St.

The Milk Producers of Randolph, Inc., Randolph, $50,000; W. H. Strelb, H. D. Nutting, L. G. Kirkland, Randolph.

Lerego Baby Carriage Co., Rochester, $5,100; L. Cohen, W. Rehe, J. Levy, Rochester.

Gordon Radiator Co., Manhattan, $25,000; H. B. Gordon, A. P. Anderson, J. Bramwell, 34 Nassau St.

Wellington Cross Co., Fultonville, Mercantile business, $20,000; W. and W. J. and R. S. Cross, Fultonville.

Palisades Securities Corp., Yonkers, realty, $10,000; J. R. Green, L. Crawford, J. A. Rogers, Yonkers.

Stolwell Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Neger, I. A. Stoloff, M. Wolper, 1,911 Madison Av.

Tidewater Electric Co., Manhattan, $6,000; C. Bohling, P. E. Matteson, W. H. Shotwell, 91 Monroe St., Brooklyn.

Aladdin Light Display Co., Rochester, motion picture equipments, $5,000; H. G. Morris, J. L. Conlif, R. L. Wallace, Rochester, N. Y.

Parker Axle and Products Corp., Manhattan, $500,000; C. W. and W. C. Parker, A. Foshay, 120 Broadway.

George L. Pierce Mfg. Co., Manhattan, baby carriages and stools, $250,000; H. B. Sabiston, F. D. and G. L. Pierce, 1,492 University Av.

Dynamic Metal Products, Manhattan, $30,000; W. E. Bowman, A. J. Tuck, W. R. Hutson, 385 5th Av.

Carlson Metal Products Co., Buffalo, metal specialty and office furniture, $12,000; R. E. Jacobson, E. Carlson, P. J. Janson, Buffalo.

S. and L. Realty Co., Manhattan, $25,000; I. L. Messing, R. R. Ernst, M. Epstein, 815 West 179th St.

Oquaga Dairy Products Co., Oquaga, $20,000; W. Walker, C. Crone Meyer, E. R. Gregory, Oquaga Lake.

Pennsylvania Axminster Carpet Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; F. W. Jockel, J. M. Wright, C. Shierman, Jr., 68 William St.

Willis Jason Kendrick, Saratoga Springs, cork and corkwood articles, $10,000; A. J. and A. W. and W. J. Kendrick, Saratoga Springs.

Frank Partridge, Manhattan, furniture business, $300,000; A. F. Ottol, D. J. Wickers, R. B. Miller, 114 East 84th St.

J. Goodman, Manhattan, drugs, $20,000; J. and E. S. Goodman, L. A. Grossman, 152 East 80th St.

Yankee Toy Product, (a corporation,) Manhattan, $10,000; E. P. Bond, M. Wickner, E. R. Madan, 260 Milford St., Brooklyn.

Fashion Bargain Emporium, Inc., Rochester, women's wearing apparel, $15,000; J. L. Abrams, J. and L. Lesser, 51 East 96th St.

C. E. Herrick & Co., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $10,000; C. E. Herrick, I. Jacobson, F. Nathan, 20 Broad St.

Odets Printing Co., Manhattan, $30,000; H. G. Stein, P. and L. J. Odets, 143 West 20th St.

Aaron Garages, Inc., Bronx, $10,000; H. H. and A. and M. Moscowitz, 981 Home St., Bronx.

549 and 551 West 49th St. Corp., Manhattan, realty, $30,000; D. A. Schultz, H. Gubman, M. Rogoff, 2,879 West 29th St., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Fuel Engineering Co. of New York, Manhattan, $25,000 to $150,000.

Banda Waist Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $25,000.

Silver Black Fox and Fur Co., Binghamton, $30,000 to $50,000.

J. A. Smith Milling Co., Pittsford, $10,000 to $35,000.

Atterbury Motor Co., Buffalo, $250,000 to $500,000.

Bencoe Exporting and Importing Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $200,000.

The Bird Dress Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $20,000.

Neo-Gravure Printing Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $35,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Levine Shevell Co., Manhattan, to Canton Silk Mills, Inc.

N. Khouri & Co., Manhattan, to Madeira Cut Work Co.

Friedlander & Kofsky Bros., Brooklyn, to Kofsky Bros., Inc.

Bayer & Pretzfelder Co., Manhattan, to Bayer, Pretzfelder & Mills, Inc.

REVOCATION AND NEW DESIGNATION.

Worthington Pump and Machinery Corp., Virginia; new representative, C. N. Barney, 115 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

M. Meyers, Inc., Manhattan.
Frey Sewing Machine Co., Manhattan.
Brouwers Point Realty Corp., Manhattan.
The American Guarantee Holeproof Clothiers Co., Manhattan.
Borsch Magneto Co., Manhattan.
Imperial Motion Picture Co. of N. Y., Manhattan.
Willis Jason Kendrick, Inc., Saratoga.
Trade Mark Record, Manhattan.
Saratoga Stage Line, Inc., Saratoga.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Jan. 22.—Charters filed: Beaver Machine and Tool Co., Newark, $250,000; E. B. Slade, Anton Felin, and Hugo Brugmann, Newark.

Allied Amusement Co., Asbury Park, $30,000; Milan Rosa, Asa A. Taft, Eugene A. Amell, Asbury Park.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 22.—Charters filed: United Sulphur Co., $1,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Hinger of Wilmington.

Manufacturers' Industrial Service Corp., $100,000; general employment business; G. F. Brown, M. M. McCormick, L. F. Pfiefer of Philadelphia.

Gypsy Cola Co., $50,000, extracts and syrups for non-alcoholic drinks, &c.; A. M. Confer, Louis C. Weaver, York Weaver of Philadelphia.

The

AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK

128 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

Comptroller's Call, December 31, 1918

Officers

PRESIDENT
LEWIS L. CLARKE

VICE-PRESIDENTS
WALTER H. BENNETT
THEODORE H. BANKS
GEORGE C. HAIGH
LOUIS S. TIEMANN
MERCER P. MOSELEY

CASHIER
ARTHUR P. LEE

ASS'T CASHIERS
A. K. de GUISCARD
ELBERT A. BENNETT
HUGH S. McCLURE
WALTER B. TALLMAN
ALEX G. ARMSTRONG
ROY MURCHIE
ARTHUR D. BRIGHT
CHARLES E. MEEK

RESOURCES

*Loans, Discounts and Investments		$84,485,400.25
*U. S. Liberty Bonds	$18,130,056.26	
U. S. Ctfs. of Indebtedness	1,819,367.05	
Loans on Liberty Bonds	15,120,129.13	35,069,552.44
Cash & Due from Federal Reserve Bank		23,421,834.94
Exchanges for Clearing House		57,553,775.75
Due from Banks and Trust Companies		3,326,607.23
Customers' Liability under Acceptances		6,395,517.28
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer		250,000.00
Interest earned but not collected		201,496.52
		$210,704,184.39

*Includes those securing Circulation, Postal Savings, U. S. Deposits and Federal Reserve Bank.

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$5,000,000.00
Surplus Fund	4,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	1,680,354.59
Inter't & Discount Collected, not earned	332,553.69
Reserved for Taxes	664,666.36
Deposits	172,413,766.07
U. S. Deposits	1,942,000.00
Acceptances and Letters of Credit	6,852,223.66
Circulation	4,947,900.00
Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank	10,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds Borrowed	2,331,000.00
Other Bonds Borrowed	530,700.00
	$210,704,184.39

Documentary Letters of Credit issued but not used or drawn against. $6,010,942.04

Directors

WILLIAM H. BARRETT
WALTER H. BENNETT
JOHN S. BROWNING
LEWIS L. CLARKE
R. FULTON CUTTING
WILLIAM P. DIXON
STEPHEN B. FLEMING
GEORGE LEGG
EDGAR J. NATHAN
EDWARD C. PLATT
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JAMES A. SMITH
ELBRIDGE G. SNOW
CLAUS A. SPRECKELS
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Commercial Accounts - Reserve Accounts - Time Deposit Accounts - Certificates of Deposit
Foreign Exchange - Letters of Credit - Travellers Credits - Acceptance Credits

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BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY

To the Holders of

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY:

Three-Year Seven Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, due July 1, 1921.

Six-Year Five Per Cent. Secured Gold Notes, due July 1, 1918;

NEW YORK MUNICIPAL RAILWAY CORPORATION:

First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, Series A, due January 1, 1966.

In view of the appointment of a receiver of the properties of Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and of its subsidiaries, New York Municipal Railway Corporation and New York Consolidated Railroad Company, and the default in the payment of interest on the above-mentioned Three-Year Notes and of interest and sinking fund on the above-mentioned Bonds, the undersigned, owning and representing large amounts thereof, believe that prompt action should be taken for the protection of the above-mentioned Notes and Bonds, and to that end, acting as a Protective Committee, under a Deposit Agreement dated January 2, 1919, invite the holders of said Notes and Bonds to deposit the same, with all coupons attached, on or before JANUARY 31, 1919, with CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York City, as Depositary, under said Deposit Agreement. Against such deposits the Depositary will issue its certificates of deposit under said Deposit Agreement.

The undersigned have arranged that the Depositary will, if desired by depositors of said Three-Year Notes or First Mortgage Bonds, advance to them upon such Notes or Bonds, at the time of deposit, the amount of the interest maturing thereon January 1, 1919. Ownership certificates in accordance with the Federal Income Tax Law will be required upon all advances.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained at the offices of the undersigned.

New York, January 6, 1919.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

KUHN, LOEB & CO.
KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

CHARLES E. SIGLER, Secretary,
54 Wall Street.

CRAVATH & HENDERSON, Counsel.

To the Holders of Five Per Cent. First Mortgage Gold Bonds OF The Northwestern Terminal Railway Company

Issued under the Mortgage indenture dated July 1st, 1906 (and supplements dated September 27th, 1909, and January 2, 1915), made by said Company to The Mercantile Trust Company (now Bankers Trust Company), as Trustee:

The Northwestern Terminal Railway Company (herein called the Terminal Company) has defaulted in the payment of the semi-annual interest due January 1, 1918, July 1, 1918, and January 1, 1919, upon the above issue of bonds. The 1916 and 1917 State taxes upon its property are unpaid and delinquent. We are advised that its terminal railway properties in and near Denver, Colorado, were taken, and now are, under Federal control. All the property of The Denver and Salt Lake Railroad Company (herein called the Salt Lake Company) was placed in a creditor's bill receivership in the District Court of Adams County, Colorado, in August, 1917, and such receivership is still in effect, except that the railway and transportation system of the Salt Lake Company is in Federal control. Under existing agreement whereby the Salt Lake Company occupied and used (and the Federal Railroad Administration is now occupying and using) properties of the Terminal Company, the Salt Lake Company agreed (in effect) to pay, as rental, among other things, the interest upon the Terminal Company's First Mortgage Bonds and taxes upon its property.

The undersigned, holding and representing large amounts of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Terminal Company, believe it to be essential that the holders of such bonds be in a position to take prompt and concerted action for the protection of their interests, and therefore have agreed to act as a committee for that purpose. This Committee is the result of an agreement whereby former committees organized separately, in New York and Denver, have been dissolved, and succeeded by the undersigned.

It will be to the advantage of the Bondholders promptly to deposit their Bonds with the Committee in order to participate in the benefits to be gained by concerted action on the part of the majority of the Bonds. Bondholders are therefore urgently requested to deposit their Bonds, with the January 1, 1918, and subsequent, coupons, on or before March 1st, 1919, with The International Trust Company, Denver, Colorado, the Depositary under an agreement, dated December 18th, 1918, providing for such deposits; or with Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York, the Agent of the Depositary. Transferable certificates of deposit will be issued therefor.

The Committee will promptly pay any interest which may be received by it on the Deposited Bonds to the holders of the certificates of deposit representing the Bonds in respect whereof such payments of interest shall be made, deducting any income tax required to be withheld.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained by application either to the Depositary or to its Agent above mentioned.

Dated, Denver, Colorado, January 3, 1919.

S. M. PERRY, Chairman.
WILLIAM A. BELL,
JOHN C. MITCHELL,
HENRY McALLISTER, Jr.,
THEODORE G. SMITH,
THOMAS B. STEARNS,
(All of Denver, Colorado)
Committee.

THEODORE G. SMITH, Secretary,
c/o The International Trust Company, Denver, Colorado.

GERALD HUGHES,
HENRY McALLISTER, Jr.,
Counsel to Committee.

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DIVIDENDS.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY
49 Wall Street
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 37.

New York City, January 22nd, 1919.

The Board of Directors of Standard Milling Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%) upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable out of the earnings for the current fiscal year, on February 28th, 1919, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on February 18th, 1919.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY
49 Wall Street
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 9.

New York City, January 22nd, 1919.

The Board of Directors of the Standard Milling Company have today declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. (2%) upon the Common Stock of this Company, payable on February 28th, 1919, in cash, to Common Stockholders of record at the close of business February 18th, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

THE ESMOND MILLS

On February 1, 1919, there will be paid to all Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business January 24, 1919, the regular quarterly dividend, No. 36, of one and three-fourths (1¾%) per cent.

HAROLD C. WHITMAN, Treasurer.

THE ESMOND MILLS

On February 1st, 1919, there will be paid to all Common Stockholders of record at the close of business January 28th, 1919, a Dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent.

HAROLD C. WHITMAN, Treasurer.

MARYLAND COAL COMPANY OF WEST VIRGINIA,
NO. 1 BROADWAY.

New York, January 23d, 1919.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of this Company, held at the above office, on Wednesday, January 15th, 1919, a dividend of Three Per Cent. (3%), payable in United States Liberty Loan Bonds, on the capital stock of the Company, was declared payable February 15th, 1919, or at the convenience of the management, to stockholders of record as of February 6th, 1919.

Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from February 6th, 1919, to February 15th, 1919, both days inclusive.

Bonds representing dividends will be mailed.

J. E. McGOWAN, TREASURER.

PRESSED STEEL CAR COMPANY.

New York, January 22nd, 1919.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 80.

A quarterly dividend of One Dollar Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share will be paid February 25th, 1919, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business February 4th, 1919.

COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 31.

A quarterly dividend of Two Dollars ($2.00) per share will be paid March 5th, 1919, to Common Stockholders of record at the close of business February 11th, 1919.

H. H. SWARTZ, Assistant Treasurer.

TRIUMPH OIL & REFINING COMPANY

January 22, 1919.

The Board of Directors have declared the regular monthly dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent. to stockholders of record January 25, 1919, payable February 5, 1919.

F. BEATON, Secretary.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
55 John Street, New York City.

January 16, 1919.

A dividend of 5 per cent. (5%) has this day been declared.

C. J. HOLMAN, Vice President and Secretary.

THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK.

New York, January 21, 1919.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held January 8th, 1919, a quarterly dividend of Four (4%) Per Cent. was declared payable February 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 31st, 1919.

EDWARD S. MALMAR, Cashier.

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Fidelity Phenix Insurance
Home Insurance
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Midland Securities
National City Bank Stock
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Singer Manufacturing
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American Snuff Pfd.
Clinchfield Coal
Fisk Rubber
Kelsey Wheel
Kirby Lumber
Motor Products
Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
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PROPOSE NEW LAWS TO AID STATE BANKS

Banking Council Would Admit Savings Institutions to Federal Reserve.

OTHER FEATURES OUTLINED

Also Provide for Departmental Banks to Operate Under National Charter.

The United States Council of State Banking Associations has mailed to all banks operating under State charters a bulletin which sets forth proposed legislation affecting such banks which is now under consideration by the Federal Reserve Board. A résumé of the bulletin says:

"The proposed legislation is divided under three heads. First, to admit to membership in the Federal reserve system mutual savings banks, which have no capital stock, and stock savings banks with insufficient capital stock to entitle them to become members under the existing law, provided the surplus of mutual savings banks and the combined capital and surplus of such stock savings banks are equal to the capital stock required of national banks in the places where such savings banks are located.

"Second. Authorizing the board by regulation to prescribe the conditions under which time deposits may be classed as savings deposits and providing that two-thirds of the 3 per cent. reserve against savings deposits may consist of United States bonds issued since April 24, 1917, or United States certificates of indebtedness deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank.

"Third. Authorizing savings banks which convert into national banks to maintain separate savings departments and authorizing national banks to establish separate savings departments to be operated in substantial conformity with State laws.

"While two of these proposals relate especially to the membership of savings banks in the Federal Reserve system, the outstanding feature is the third proposal, which in effect creates a departmental bank under national charter, national banks being now authorized to conduct both a commercial and a trust business under certain conditions.

"Under the third proposal it would also be possible to organize a national bank solely for the purpose of conducting a savings business against which two-thirds of the required reserve could be carried in Government bonds. In such event it is more than probable that the use of the word 'savings,' both in corporate title and advertising, would be upheld by a Federal court, whether or not in contravention of State law.

"The Federal Reserve Board has taken no action or expressed any opinion in regard to these proposals, but has consented to their circulation in order that the State bankers of the country may have an opportunity to express their views on the subject. In this action the board has evidence a desire to co-operate with the State institutions."

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.36	$1.31½	$1.33	$1.34½	$1.27½
February	1.33	1.27¾	1.28¾	1.31¾	..
March	1.31½	1.25¾	1.26¾	1.29¾	1.25¾
May	1.27¾	1.22¼	1.23¼	1.26¾	1.24¾
July	1.25	1.19¾	1.20¾	1.23¾	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	65½	62¾	62¾	66¾	80¾
February	66⅞	63	63⅛	66¾	..
March	67⅛	63	63⅝	67	79¾
May	67⅛	63½	64	67¾	77¾
July	65½	61½	61½	65	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 74@75c; No. 2 white, 73½@74½c; No. 3 white, 73@74c; No. 4 white, 72½@73c; ordinary clipped, 74@75c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	$23.20	$23.15	$23.20	$23.20	$24.67
May	23.60	23.30	23.82	23.60	24.90
Ribs—					
January	..	..	24.25	24.50	23.92
May	22.25	21.90	21.90	22.17	24.35
Pork—					
January	..	..	45.00	45.25	47.25
May	40.30	39.60	39.60	40.15	45.75

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.70	13.43	13.68	13.40
July	13.37	13.25	13.48	13.24
September	13.30	13.10	13.35	13.14
December	13.25	12.95	13.20	12.97

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.55½	$1.48	$1.49
March	1.55	1.48	1.48
May	1.55½	1.47	1.47

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 11,416 packages. The market decidedly lower and very much unsettled. Supplies heavy, there is no buying support, and it looks as if still lower prices would have to be accepted. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 58½@59c; extras, 92 score, 57½@58c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 53½@57c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 53@55c; lower grades, 50@52c; unsalted, higher than extras, 60½@61c; extras, 59½@60c; firsts, 57@59c; seconds, 34@55c; State dairy tubs, finest, 56½@57c; good to prime, 53@56c; common to fair, 48@52c; renovated, extras, 52@53c; firsts, 50@51c; lower grades, 44@47c; imitation creamery, firsts, 47@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 44½@45½c; seconds 43c; lower grades, 41@42½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 42½@43c; No. 2, 41½@42c; lower grades, 37@40c.

EGGS.—8,157 cases. Arrivals continue moderate and advices indicate moderate shipments in transit at the market and the weather conditions continue favorable, collections are increasing in sections, there are some orders to sell limited stock on hand, and with increased offerings and a quiet trade the market is lower and closes weak at the decline quoted. Very little doing in storage eggs on the open market. Most of the dealers have discontinued their use, and there are some lots offering for which it is not easy to find buyers at recent prices. Nearby white eggs scarce, and there was still some call for them yesterday at sustained prices. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 63@63½c; extra firsts, 61½@62½c; firsts, 60@61c; seconds and poorer, 57@59c; dirties, No. 1, 55@56c; No. 1 and poorer, 52@54c; checks, good to choice, dry, 49@51c; under grades, 43@48c; refrigerator, 33@35c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 70@72c; ordinary to prime, 64@69c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@70c; pullet whites, 63@64c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 70c; lower grades, 64@68c; Western and Southern, gathered browns and mixed colors, 61@64c. vania, and nearby hennery browns, 57@58c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 61@64c.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.90	5.50
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.88	5.62
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.55
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.65	5.25
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	7.25	6.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.65	5.40
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.15	5.60
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.80	5.30
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.80	5.35
Michigan Central	1919-'30	5	5.95	5.50
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.30	5.85
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.95	5.50
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.00	5.60
Penn. Gen. Fght.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.70	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.35
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.40	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	8	7.00	6.20
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.30
Southern Railroad	1919-'24	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Union Tank Line	1919-'20	5	6.50	5.50

PLAN FOR CHEAPER FOOD.

Produce Exchange Asks President to Remove War Restrictions.

The New York Produce Exchange directed an appeal to President Wilson yesterday asking him to take prompt action to remove the present war restrictions on food products and to discontinue price-fixing as now applied to hogs, grain, and similar commodities. Conditions of supply and demand, it was asserted, should now be allowed to govern prices. If these were to be permitted full sway the Exchange believes that there would be brought about a material reduction in the cost of living. With reference to wheat a special memorandum was added to the resolutions adopted by the Exchange in which it was asked that the present method of handling the 1918 wheat crop and the price for the same remain as at present. With reference to special agreements the resolutions said:

"In cases where the Government is obligated, either by law or by agreements entered into in good faith, to maintain prices, we are in favor of an honorable fulfillment on the part of the Government of such obligations up to the present time, but not beyond. Such obligations should be at once terminated or canceled, and just an equitable adjustment should be made to provide for any actual bona fide loss accruing under such agreements, believing that such a course would be wiser and economically safer, as well as more just and equitable, than to maintain the prices at a high and artificial level to the benefit of about 30 per cent. producers against about 70 per cent. consumers who are now suffering from the high cost of living, which we believe is not justified by the actual conditions of supply and demand now existing."

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Am Bank Note	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Bates Mfg	6	SA	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Com. P. R. & L pf.	*1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Continental Motors	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Edwards Mfg.	3	SA	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Kellogg Switch'b'd.	2	Q	Jan. 31	Jan. 25
National Acme	1½	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Norf. & Western	1¾	Q	Mar. 19	Feb. 28
Pennsylvania	1½	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 1
Pressed Steel Car	$2	Q	Mar. 4	Feb. 11
Do pf.	$1.75	Q	Feb. 25	Feb. 4
Standard Oil, Ind.	$3	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 3
Do	3	Ex	Feb. 28	Feb. 3

*Payable in scrip.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., Ga., and Fla.—Rain Thurs. and Fri.

Ala. and Miss.—Rain Thurs.; cloudy and cooler Fri.

Ind.—Cloudy and colder Thurs.; cloudy Fri. Ohio—Cloudy and rain Thurs. and Fri. Mich.—Rain or snow Thurs. and Fri.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup.	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg.	97¾	98¾	5s, Fed Land Bk, '38	102¾	103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup.	97¾	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	101
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104½	105½
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100½	101¼	100½	3½s Nov., 1955	81	..	81
4½s June, 1965	100½	101¼	100½	3½s Nov., 1954	81	82¼	81
4½s Mar., 1963	100½	101¼	100½	3½s May, 1954	81	..	81
4½s Nov., 1957	100½	101¼	100½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957	100½	101¼	100½	4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.85	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	96¼	96¾	96	4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1964	96¼	96¾	96	4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Apr., 1966	96¼	96¾	96	4½s 1919-1923	4.60	4.30	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1962	96¼	96¾	96	4½s 1924-1932	4.60	4.30	4.50
4¼s Sept., 1960	96¼	96¾	96	3½s 1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May, 1959	91	92	91	3½s 1930-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1958	91	92	91	3½s 1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1957	91	91½	91	3½s 1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.30
4s Nov., 1956	90½	91½	90½	3s 1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1955	90½	91½	90½	3s 1926-1930	4.60	4.40	4.00
4s Nov., 1936	93	94	93	3s 1919-1925	4.30	4.40	4.00
4s May, 1919	99½	..	99½				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
940	Cities Service	291	287	290	292
1,340	Cities Service pf.	79¼	78½	78¾	79¼
$138,000	Cities Service deb. "B"	124	123	123	125

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow	13	15	Gas & Elec Secur pf.	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf.	71	74	Miss River Power	10½	12½
Am Gas & Electric	100	103	Miss River Power pf.	38	40
Am Gas & Electric pf.	48	45	Northern Ohio Electric.	14	17
Am Light & Traction	235	240	Northern Ohio Elec pf.	57	62
Am Light & Trac pf.	98	100	Northern Ont L & P.	11	15
Am Power & Light	55	60	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pf.	76	79	Northern States Power.	59	62
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern States P pf.	89	91
Am Public Utilities pf.	36	40	Northern Texas Elec.	57	61
Am W W & Elec.	4	6	Northern Tex Elec pf.	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	67	70	Pacific Gas & Electric.	47	48¾
Am W W & E partic.	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	86	88
Carolina Pow & Light	33	35	Puget Sd Trac, L & P.	15	18
Colorado Power	25	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	52	54½
Colorado Power pf.	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf.	75	80
Columbus Electric pf.	72	75½	Republic Ry & Light	13	16
Com Power, Ry & L.	19	21	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	41	43	Southern Cal Edison	84	88
Conn Power pf.	72	76	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf.	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec.	13	14
Eastern Texas Elec.	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	72	76	Tampa Electric	108	112
El Paso Electric	90	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	3
Electric B & S pf.	91	94	Tenn Ry, L & P pf.	14	17
Empire Dist Elec pf.	70	75	United Light & Rys	37	38
Federal Light & Trac.	8	11	United Light & Rys pf.	70	72
Federal Light & Tr pf.	40	44	Western Power	17½	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf.	66	67
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West, Church & Kerr.	65	70
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West Church & K pf.	81	86
Bonds.					
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s.	78½	80
Am W W & E col 5s.	68	71	Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	92	96
Appalach Power 1st 5s.	73	77	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88	92
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95	Nor Tex Elec col 5s.	80	85
Col G & E deb 5s, '27.	77	80	Omaha & C B 5s, '28.	75	83
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Puget S T, L & P 7s.	88	99¼
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 5s, 1944	96	100	Roanoke W W 5s, '19.	96	97¼
Corn Power 5s, 1965	82	89	So Cal Edison 5s, '39.	88	92
Dallas Electric 5s, '22.	86	93	Twin S G & E 5s, '53.	70	78
East Tex Elec col 5s.	84	88	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32.	58	80
East Tex Elec 7s, '21.	97¾	99	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
El Paso Elec col 5s.	83	90	Un Util cv 6s, '43.	90	95
Gt West Power 5s, '46.	84½	86½	Utah Securities 6s.	88½	89½
Gt West Power 6s, '25.	88½	92	Wash I W L & P 6s.	95	98

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
36	Con Coal	81½	81	81	25	Mer Trust	106	106	106
65	Con Power	109	108¾	108¾	12	North Cent.	73½	73¼	73½
260	Davison C.	36½	36	36	125	United Ry.	19¾	19¼	19¾
55	Elkhorn	28¾	28½	28¾	10	W, B & A.	26½	26½	26½
10	Farm Bank.	44	44	44					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	City & Sub Wash 5s	100	100	100	$1,000	H Oil div 6s	100	100	100
					1,000	Twin City 5s	92½	92½	92½
11,000	Cosden B 6s.	89¾	89¼	89¾	3,000	Un Ry 4s	74	74	74

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Ahmeek	70	70	70	32	Osceola	49½	49	49
100	Alaska Gold.	3¾	3⅝	3¾	140	Pond Creek.	13	13	13
45	Anaconda	57½	57¼	57¼	13	Shattuck	13	13	13
110	Ariz Com'l.	11½	11½	11½	50	Seneca	13	13	13
235	Calu & Ariz.	59½	59	59	5	St Mary's Ld	42	42	42
*79	Cop Range.	42	41¾	41¾	50	Superior Cop	5	5	5
380	Davis-Daly	5	5	5	1,600	Super & Bos	2¼	1⅞	2
325	East Butte.	9¼	9	9	100	Trinity	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
20	Franklin	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	100	Tuolumne	78c	78c	78c
50	Hancock	5¼	5¼	5¼	25	U S Smelt.	43¼	43	43¼
10	Inspiration.	43¾	43¾	43¾	75	Do pf	45	44¾	44¾
70	Isle Royale.	24¾	24¾	24¾	100	Utah Apex	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
100	Kerr Lake.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	338	Utah Con	8	8	8
50	Michigan	3½	3¼	3¼	115	Utah Cop	69¾	69¾	69¾
30	Mohawk	51	50½	50½	325	Utah Metals.	1½	1⅜	1⅜
30	New Corn'a.	16	16	16	200	Victoria	2	1⅞	2
100	Nipissing	8¼	8¼	8¼	135	Winona	95c	95c	95c
40	North Butte.	10½	10¼	10½					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Atchison	91¼	91¼	91¼	20	Mass Elec.	3	3	3
156	Boston Elev.	69¾	67	67¼	200	Do pf	16	15½	15½
25	Bos & Me.	29½	29	29½	195	New Haven.	29	28	28¾
6	Chi Jctn pf.	86	85	85	13	Old Colony.	100	100	100
5	Fitchb'g pf.	57½	57½	57½	10	West End	44	43	43
10	Me Central.	80	80	80	5	Do pf	52½	52½	52½

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
176	Am Agr Ch.	101	100¾	101	100	Int P Cem't.	5	5	5
20	Do pf	98½	98½	98½	30	Mass Gas	82	81¼	82
100	Am Pneumat	70c	70c	70c	4	Do pf	70¼	70¼	70¼
10	Am Sugar.	112	112	112	18	N E Tel.	92	90	90
25	Do pf	115	114	114	67	Pac Mills	156	155½	155½
1	Amoskeag pf	81	81	81	2	Pullman	121	121	121
653	Am Tel	100¼	100	100	1	Plant pf	95	95	95
120	Am Woolen.	46¼	46	46¼	124	Stewart	33	32¾	32¾
70	Do pf	95	94¼	95	276	Swift	122¾	122	122¼
10	Booth	19½	19½	19½	18	Torrington.	55	54½	54½
300	Century	14¼	14	14¼	80	United Drug	94	93½	93½
50	East Boston.	5¼	5¼	5¼	300	United Fruit.	162	159	159
5	Edison	168	168	168	51	United Shoe.	45	44½	45
325	Eastern SS.	7	6	7	70	Do pf	28¼	28¼	28¼
421	Do pf	40	40	40	50	Ventura	7¾	7¾	7¾
170	Fairbanks	52¾	52¼	52¾	30	Walworth	18	18	18
25	Gorton	30¼	30	30	3	Warren Bros 2d pf	39	39	39
2	Gen Elec	148	148	148					
270	Island Oil	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	80	West Union.	87¾	87	87¾

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Miss Riv P5s	79	79	79	$5,000	U Fruit 4½s	100	100	100
6,000	PondCreek6s	92	92	92	9,000	Ventura 7s	95	95	95
3,000	Swift 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾	1,000	West Tel 5s.	90	90	90

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
75	Armour pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾	50	Pub Serv.	91	91	91
85	Booth Fish.	19½	19¼	19¼	10	People's Gas	46	46	46
120	C C & C pf	10¼	10	10	42	Qua Oats pf.	102¼	102	102¼
255	Cudahy	104	103¾	104	610	Sears, Roeb.	174	172	174
450	Do rights.	⅝	⅝	⅝	50	Do pf	120	120	120
25	Com Edison.	114	114	114	801	Stew.-Warn.	87	86¼	86¾
415	Dia Match.	110	110	110	1,112	Swift Inter.	44¾	44½	44½
1,995	L McN & L	21½	21¼	21¼	1,100	Swift & Co.	123	122½	123
180	Lindsay Lt.	13¾	13½	13½	497	Un Carbide.	56¾	56¼	56¾
20	Midw Util pf	53	53	53	25	Wilson	69	68½	69
					20	Do pf	97	97	97

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	C C & C 5s	48	48	48	$28,000	Pub Ser Nor Ill 5s	87½	87½	87½
6,000	Ch Teleph 5s	96½	96½	96½	2,000	Wils 1st 6s	97½	97½	97½
10,000	C Ed 1st 5s	94½	94½	94½					

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Am G, N J.	66½	66½	66½	70	Lehigh Nav.	72	72	72
20	Cam Iron	41	41	41	13	Penn Salt	84½	84½	84½
20	Cramp	80	80	80	365	Phil. Elec.	25	24¾	25
15	Elec S Bat.	53	53	53	405	Phil R T.	25¼	24¾	24¾
59	Ins Co, N A.	27½	27½	27½	1,300	Ton Belm't.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,855	Gen Asp't.	57½	55	56¾	230	U G Imp.	73	72¾	72¾
1,924	Do pf	92½	88	92	35	West Coal.	75	75	75
410	Lake S Cp.	17¾	17¼	17¼					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$8,000	A G & E 5s.	87	87	87	$5,000	L V 6s con.	102	102	102
6,000	E & P 4s ctfs	70	70	70	1,000	L Sup inc 5s	59½	59½	59½
3,000	N J Trac 5s.	89	89	89	12,000	P El 1st 5s.	95½	95½	95½
3,000	LV Coal 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	2,000	Welsbach 5s	95	95	95

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	16½	17	16½	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	55	60	57
Atlantic Refining	1100	1125	1100	Prairie Oil & Gas	640	650	650
Borne-Scrymser	475	495	475	Prairie Pipe Line	268	272	267
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	97	94	Solar Refining	350	370	350
Cheesebrough Mfg.	290	310	290	Southern Pipe L.	177	182	175
Continental Oil	475	500	490	South Penn Oil	300	310	300
Crescent Pipe L.	37	39	37	S W Penn	98	102	98
Cumberland P L.	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Cal.	263	267	263
Eureka Pipe Line	180	190	180	Stand Oil of Ind.	745	755	750
Galena Signal Oil.	88	92	88	Stand Oil of Kan.	520	540	520
Do pf, new	100	105	100	Stand Oil of Ky.	355	365	360
Do pf, old	115	130	120	Stand Oil of Neb.	490	510	490
Illinois Pipe Line	164	168	164	Stand Oil of N J	675	680	677
Indiana Pipe Line	102	105	103	Stand Oil of N Y	305	310	307
Int Pet Co, Ltd.	20	21	20	Stand Oil of Ohio	460	470	460
National Transit	16	17	16	Swan & Finch	98	102	98
New York Transit	105	205	105	Union Tank	112	115	113
Northern Pipe L.	108	113	108	Vacuum Oil	305	405	305
Ohio Oil	314	318	315	Washington Oil	33	37	33

TELLS OF WAGE INQUIRY.

Consumers' League Reports Findings in the Case of Working Girls.

The Consumers' League made public yesterday a report of a survey of the cost of living of girls employed in Manhattan and Brooklyn. The report says that in proportion to costs the girls in most cases were receiving the same wages that were paid in 1916. According to the report, the cost of living has increased as follows: Clothing for women, 112 per cent; food, 65 per cent; fuel and light, 25 per cent; incidentals, 62 per cent.

The League found 3,016 girls receiving less than $12 a week. Of these 45 per cent were receiving less than $10 a week; 30 per cent less than $9, and 11 per cent less than $8. The statistics, it says, were gathered at the high water mark of wages in 1918 from employment files where trained workers register. The industrial history of the girls, the report says, showed a lack of standarization and failure to recognize long years of faithful work. Cases are cited of girls who after working 15 and 20 years receive $8 and $11 a week.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was a firm tone to values at the close of the market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Final prices were substantially higher in the standard industrials and rails as the result of an active demand which was more than sufficient to absorb what stock was offered. This demand made for a general advance in the final half hour and had a favorable influence on those stocks which had shown a reactionary tendency previously. Reactions and rallies alternated throughout the session but price improvements, except in a few issues, were maintained.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alaska Jun.	2	2	2	140	Mo Pacific.	23¾	23¼	23½
120	Allis-Chalm.	30¾	30¾	30¾	10	Nat E & S.	48½	48½	48½
20	Am B Sugar	69¾	68¾	69¼	10	Nat Lead	67½	67½	67½
180	Am Can	46¾	45½	46½	110	N Y Central	70¾	70½	70¾
20	Am C & F.	90¼	90	90¼	40	NY, NH & H	28¾	28¾	28¾
10	Am H & L.	14¼	14¼	14¼	30	North Pac.	89½	88¾	89¼
760	Do pf	81	78½	78¾	90	Ohio C Gas.	42¾	41¾	42¾
10	Am Ice	39¼	39¼	39¼	570	Okla Oil	8½	8¾	8¾
10	Am Linseed.	46½	46½	46½	20	P A P & T	67	67	67
900	Am S & R.	69¼	68¾	69	187	Pennsylvania	45¼	44½	44¾
50	Am Su Tob.	102¾	102¾	102¼	20	Pierce-Arrow	39	38¾	39
70	Am T & T.	99¾	99¾	99¾	20	Pierce Oil	17	17	17
840	Anac Cop.	57¾	56¾	57½	20	Pitts Coal.	45½	44¾	44¾
10	A, G & W I	98½	98½	98½	30	Ry St'l Spgs	71½	71	71
880	Bald Loco.	68½	66¾	67½	520	Reading	78¾	77¾	78¾
160	Balt & Ohio	46	45½	46	30	Rep I & S.	72¾	72½	72½
10	Batopilas	1¼	1¼	1¼	400	Sinclair Oil.	33¾	33¾	33¾
1,030	Beth St'l B.	58¼	56	58	460	So. Pacific.	97½	96½	96¾
380	B'klyn R T.	22	21¾	21¾	110	So Railway.	26½	25¾	25½
50	Cal Petrol.	22¾	22½	22½	1,650	Studebaker.	47¾	45¾	46¾
120	Cen Leather	57½	57	57½	120	Tenn Cop.	13	12¾	13
320	C, M & St P	37¾	36	37¼	70	Texas Co.	189½	188½	188½
50	C, R I & P.	23	22½	22¾	755	Texas & Pac	32	29½	31
130	Corn Prod.	47¾	46¾	47	120	Tob Prod.	74¾	74¾	74½
310	Crucible St'l	54¼	53¾	53¾	110	Union Pac.	126	125½	125½
110	Cuba Cane S	24	23¾	24	150	Un Cig St.	112¾	111	112
560	Dist Secur.	53¾	51¼	51¾	210	U S Ind Al.	99¾	98	98¼
30	Erie	15¾	15¾	15¾	310	U S Rubber	74¼	73¾	73¾
60	Gas W & W	28¼	25¾	28¾	23,530	U S Steel	90¼	89¾	90¼
60	Gt Nor Ore.	36¾	36¼	36¾	455	Utah Cop.	71½	69	69¾
160	Inspir Cop.	43¾	43¼	43¾	50	Wab pf A.	30¾	30¾	30¾
110	Int Mer Mar	23¼	22½	22¾	20	Wilson & Co	69	69	69
2,460	Do pf	100¾	98	99¾	60	Westing. El.	41½	40¾	41½
60	Int Nickel.	26½	26¼	26¼	160	Willys-Over.	23¾	23½	23¾
70	Int Paper	36	35½	36		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
50	Kan City So	17½	17¼	17¼	$1,700	Lib 3½s	99.46	99.02	99.02
180	Kenne Cop.	32¼	31¾	32¼	1,650	1st 4¼s	96.40	96.36	96.36
20	Lack Steel.	64¼	63¾	63¾	3,450	2d 4¼s	95.82	95.66	95.66
4,810	Mex Petrol.	169½	164¾	165	2,350	3d 4¼s	97.22	97.20	97.22
20	Miami Cop.	24¼	24¼	24¼	3,850	4th 4¼s	95.90	95.80	94.82
60	Midvale Steel	42¼	41¾	41¾		*Prices include interest.			

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	‡Aetna Exp.	6¾	6¾	6¾	2,000	Mar of Am.	4½	4	4½
50	‡Air Red'n.	54½	54½	54½	600	‡Nat C & I.	53	50½	51
800	B-Am T Co. reg	23¾	23½	23¼	400	N A P & P.	3	2¾	2⅞
600	Do coupon.	24¾	24¾	24¾	5,000	‡Per T & R.	⅝	11⁄16	11⁄16
2,200	‡Dict Prod.	9⅞	9¼	9¾	1,600	Sub's Boat v t ctfs	11¾	11¼	11½
7,000	‡Gen Asp't.	57	54¾	56¼	500	‡Swift I, w i	44½	44	44
2,300	‡Do pf	93	*86⅞	92¼	500	Un Motors.	35½	35¼	35½
250	‡G S Razon	119	118	118	1,700	U S S'p Co.	5⅛	5	5
4,800	Hupp M C.	6¼	5¾	5¾	1,200	Wayne Coal.	*4	3¾	3⅞
1,200	Int Rubber.	18	17¼	17¼	100	World F Cp v t ctfs	½	½	½
2,950	Key T & R.	54⅞	53⅞	54¼					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	‡So Penn O.	307	307	307	62	‡St O, Ohio.	320	315	315
150	‡St O, N J.	683	677	677	41	‡Vac'm Oil.	402	395	402
64	‡St O, N Y.	312	306	310					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	‡Allen Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞	2,000	‡ Do f p ctfs	2⅝	2⅝	2½
2,000	‡Bar O & G	¼	¼	¼	2,500	†‡Midw Oil.	128	126	126
1,000	‡Cos & Co.	7½	7½	7½	1,500	†‡N W Oil.	50	49	49
300	‡Elk B Pet.	6⅛	6	6⅛	6,000	†Omar O & G	30	29	30
6,200	†‡Esmer Oil.	5	5	5	3,500	‡Pennok Oil	12¾	12⅝	12⅝
6,000	‡Federal Oil	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	40,000	†‡Queen Oil.	24	18	21
5,700	‡Glenrock Oil	4	3⅞	3⅞	1,700	‡Roy D, new	72	70¼	71½
500	‡Houston Oil	78	77	77	200	‡Sap O & R.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
7,500	†‡Hudson Oil	98	94	95	1,500	Seq O & R.	1⁄16	¼	¼
1,500	‡Inter Pet.	20¾	20¼	20¼	700	‡Sincl Gulf.	23¼	22½	22⅞
12,000	‡Isl'd O & T	7½	7⅛	7⅝	10	‡Sinc O war	38	38	38
2,700	†‡Kenova Oil	14	12	14	1,700	‡Stanton Oil	1⅝	1½	1½
8,000	‡Lou O & R	29	27	29	9,500	‡U W O, new.	1⅝	1½	1⅝
100	‡Merritt Oil.	21½	21½	21½	200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2½	2⅝	2⅝
2,500	Mot Patrol.	3½	3	3					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,700	†A-B Col M.	40	38	38	400	†‡Jim Butler	36	36	36
100	‡Am Mines.	11⁄16	11⁄16	11⁄16	1,500	Jumbo Ext.	14	13	13
1,400	Ariz B C Co	1	1	1	2,250	Kerr Lake.	5⅝	5⅝	5½
1,000	†‡Atlanta	5	5	5	15,000	†Lone Star.	6⅛	6	6
7,500	Big Ledge.	⅞	11⁄16	⅞	1,500	†McK'ley-D.	49	48	48
1,000	†‡Booth	15	15	15	2,700	†‡Mother L.	33	32	33
15,000	†Bos & Mon.	50	48	49	6,000	†Nixon Nev.	43	43	44
10,500	†‡Caledonia.	33	30	32	500	‡Onon Mines	3½	3½	3½
4,000	‡Cal & Jer.	½	7⁄16	½	600	‡Ray H M.	2⅝	2½	2½
9,700	†‡Can Silver	56	54	56	1,300	Stand S-L.	5⁄16	¼	5⁄16
1,200	†Cashboy	7½	7	7	2,000	†‡Success M	4½	4½	4½
1,100	‡C S M & M.	1¼	1¼	1¼	200	Ton Ext.	2 1⁄16	2 1⁄16	2 1⁄16
1,000	Con Ariz S.	1¼	1⅛	1¼	15,000	†‡T River P	36	30	36
300	Con Cop M.	6	5⅞	5⅞	2,625	Un Eastern.	4⅛	3 15⁄16	4
300	Cresson C G	5	4⅞	5	7,000	†‡U S C M.	9	8	8
600	‡E C M Co.	1½	1½	1½	1,400	‡Un S Mines	½	⅜	½
2,400	†‡Flor Silver	67	65	66	3,500	†‡W M & M.	28	25	28
1,000	†‡Gold'd M.	6	6	6	900	†Wash G Q.	91	90	91
800	†‡H M & S. (a pros).	54	53	54	2,000	†‡W U Ext. (a pros).	16	15	16
1,675	Hecla Min.	4⅝	4 1⁄16	4 1⁄16	2,600	†West E C.	1¼	1¼	1¼
300	†Iron Bl'm.	½	½	½	6,500	†White Caps	15	14	14

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$30,000	‡Am T & T 6s	99½	99	99¼	$5,000	‡Lacl'e G L 7s, w i	100	100	100
5,000	‡Am T 7s, 1923	103⅝	103¼	103¼	75,000	‡Liggett & M 5s, 1921	100	99⅞	100
3,000	‡Anac'a 6s.	99⅞	97⅞	97⅞	20,000	‡N Y Tel Co deb 6s	100	99⅞	100
7,000	‡Beth S 7%. 1921	101	100⅝	100⅝	25,000	‡Russ Gov't 6½s	60	58¾	59
50,000	‡Can Gov't 5s	99½	99½	99½	15,000	‡Sinc'r G 8s.	85	83	83
25,000	‡C & N W g mtz 5s.	99¾	99¾	99¾	2,000	‡St Paul U Depot 5½s	99	99	99
45,000	‡Int Rap T 7s	90⅝	89¾	89¾	45,000	‡Wilson & Co conv 6%	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Tuesday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.	Tuesday Ask.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.	Tuesday Ask.
Am W P.	3	3½	3	3½	Wright-M Air	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
Am-Br Mfg.	2	5	2	5	Do pf	59	63	59	63
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20	OIL STOCKS.				
Carbon Steel.	90	96	90	96	AtlanticPetrol	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Car L & P.	2	2½	2	2½	Bos & Wyo.	18	20	18	20
Chev Motor.	145	155	145	155	Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Chevrolet rts.	⅞	1¼	⅞	1¼	Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	Crystal Oil	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12	Globe Oil	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Do pf.	45	55	45	55	Mex Gulf Oil.	42	45	42	45
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22	Midwest Ref.	127	129	127	129
Em'son Phono	2	2½	2	2½	Midwest O pf.	1 1⁄16	1⅛	1 1⁄16	1⅛
Free Texas.	34	35½	34	35½	Okm P & R.	2	2¼	2	2¼
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½	Pitts O & G.	8	8½	8	8½
Gen Mot rts.	1⅝	2	1⅝	2	Royal Oil	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
Kirby Lum.	22	24	22	24	Savoy Oil	7	7½	7	7½
Lake Tor Bt	2	2½	2	2½	South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Do 1st pf.	2½	3	2½	5	Southwest Oil	35	40	35	40
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88	Texana Oil	10	13	10	13
L McN & L.	21⅝	22¼	21⅝	22¼	Wayl'd O & G	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
Lidia Loco.	30	40	30	40	MINING STOCKS.				
Lukens Steel.	46	50	46	50	Austin Ama'n	1⁄16	⅜	1⁄16	⅜
Man Transit.	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜	Bradshaw	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
N Y Shipbldg.	33	36	33	36	Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
N Y Transp.	14½	17	14½	17	Butte-N Y.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Peerless T&M	18¼	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	Canada Cop.	2	2½	2	2½
Penn C & C.	22	24	22	24	Cerro Gordo.	½	1	½	1
Penn Seab Stl	40	40½	46	40½	Con Homes'd.	1⁄16	1⁄16	1⁄16	1⁄16
PennSeaboard Steel rights	1⁄16	1⁄16	1⁄16	1⁄16	El Salvador.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
P'isenWireless	7	7½	7	7½	First Nat C.	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Smith M T.	1⁄16	1⁄16	1⁄16	1⁄16	Goldf Con.	21	23	21	23
Stand Motors.	7½	8½	7½	8½	Great Bend.	4	5	4	5
Steel Alloys.	7½	8½	7½	8½	Howe Sound.	3⅞	4½	3⅞	4½
St Joe Lead.	12	13	12	13	Magma Cop.	25	27	26	28
St L R M & P	40	..	40	..	Marsh Min'g.	3¼	4½	3¼	4½
Todd Shipyd.	107	108½	107	108½	NY&Honlton.	12	13	12	13
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½	Ohio Copper.	1⁄16	⅜	1⁄16	⅜
Un Mot rights	⅛	¼	⅛	¼	Seneca Cop.	15½	16	15½	16
U S Lt & H.	1⅛	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝	White K pf.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
U S Lt&H pf.	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	White C Ext.	3	4	3	4
					BOND.				
					Beth Stl, '20.	101	101¼	101	101¼

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Am Brass	223	226	223	Du Pont debs, pf.	91½	92½	91½
Atlas Powder	155	160	155	Hercules	203	208	203
Do pf	91	93	91	Do pf.	107	109	107
Babcock & Wilcox.	106	108	106	Niles-Bem't-Pond.	104	108	104
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	95	100	95
Do pf	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg	320	350	320
Colt's Arms	41	44	41	Standard Screw	230	250	230
Du Pont	270	280	270				

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Am Cigar	*114	..	*114	P R-Am Tobacco	132	138	132
Do pf.	88	92	88	R J Reynolds, A.	380	420	380
Conley Foil	180	..	180	Do B	290	320	290
J S Young	125	150	125	Do pf	106½	108½	106½
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton	†167½	175	167½
MacA & Forbes	190	210	190	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85				

*Ex dividend. †Ex rights.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

K. R. RAZOOK & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Kaiser R. Razook and Said A. Razook, copartners, trading as K. R. Razook & Co., manufacturers of women's underwear at 105 East Twenty-ninth Street, by the following creditors: Marcellina Mathieu, $600; Albert B. Heller, $170, and Anton Hyde, $204. Judge Mayer has appointed Harry Zalkin receiver in $1,500 bond. Liabilities said to be upward of $40,000 and assets alleged not over $5,000.

JOHN BARILLA, Columbus Avenue, Village of Tuckahoe, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,580 and assets of $494, consisting of accounts due. Among the largest creditors are Merritt, Elliott & Co., $680; the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Company, $454, and J. E. Bates & Co., $370.

HURLBURT MOTOR TRUCK COMPANY of Third Avenue and Harlem River.—Judge Mayer has appointed William B. Hurlburt receiver in $25,000 bond.

CHARLES A. BURBANK.—Justice Hendrick of the Supreme Court has appointed Frank J. Coyle receiver in supplementary proceedings for Charles A. Burbank, a former stock broker, in proceedings brought by John Muir, a broker, who recovered a judgment against Burbank for $64,873 on Nov. 22, 1916. The amount is alleged to be due on a demand note made by Burbank on July 12, 1917. An execution against the defendant's property was returned unsatisfied on Nov. 27, 1918.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Reuben Gordon, a junk dealer, filed petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $14,734 and assets of $12,191. For the first time in the history of the Bankruptcy Court here a church pew figures in assets. Gordon values his seating in the Vanhokolel Synagogue here at $75.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Aluzzo, Gasparo, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c. $500.00
Aelter, Thomas or Charles—I. Cahn 100.20
Amalgamated Oil Gas Corp.—W. J. Salmon 2,233.84
Bases, Samuel—J. P. Griffin 4,142.51
Bloom, Albert—A. Goldman 950.77
Bickart, Julia M.—I. Y. Halsey 441.49
Block, Yette, and Harry Katz—People, &c 500.00
Brueatle, George—P. Levitzky 150.00
Same—A. Levitzky 340.38
Cohen, Joseph—Coney Dyeing Works 964.64
Cooper, Hyman—S. Haber 157.98
Columbus Circle Const. Corp. and Henry Mandel—Geiger Jones Co. 1,653.55
Devlin, Wm. H.—P. Wollner 220.90
Destderio, Frank—State Ind. Comm., &c 1,156.37
Duffy, Rose M.—M. Heller 100.00
Fries, Geo. G., Robert G., and Edw. H.—P. Goldfarb 2,403.75
Gilbert, Charles—J. E. Kuns 105.41
Glassberg, Harry—L. Adler et al 119.43
Gutman, Rahmil—B. Mann, costs 108.95
Gutman, David, by guardian—B. Mann, costs 109.95
Hurlburt Motor Truck Co.—Hornscher Metal Co. 999.71
Home of the Christian Hungarian Sick Benevolent Societie of N. Y.—I. Kudlecaka 111.91
Hecht, Jacob, and Spray Electric Co.—T. Sullivan 750.00
John Begg, Ltd.—J. H. Doscher 28,804.45
Jones, Frances P.—T. Kick 210.52
Jacobson, Leonard L.—M. Korfager 111.70
Kiley, Thomas F.—Standard Oil Co. of N. Y. 218.27
Kern, Helen—Morris & Co. 926.12
Kenvel Clothing Co.—I. Kundebick 289.20
London Mutual Fire Ins. Co.—Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins. Co. 3,222.55
Linn, Ike—W. Geler 112.47
Manhattan, High Powered Motor Co.—54th St. Realty Co. 308.85
Miller, Rose, and Jennie Brown—People &c 500.00
McKay, Floyd J.—Yonkers Trust Co. 843.20
Maynard, Charles—N. Nunvess 123.70
Mantell, Sam—J. Siegel 131.15
O'Connell, Michael, and Amsterdam Casualty Co. 2,500.00
O'Beirne, Mary A., and Anna E. Golden—R. Di Lubetsi 180.21
Preston, A. C.—Vogue, costs 108.99
Perlman, David—Wright Cake Co. 252.90
Petts, Clifford S., and Federal Body Co.—Tioga National Bank of Oswego Co., owner and contractor 129.71
Same—Same 334.63
Reed, Abraham G.—East Realty Savings Institution 183.15
Seligman, Anna—J. E. Gomport 592.60
Speer, Helen—N. H. Schage 1,065.90
Spannbeck, Otto L.—D. Pariser 830.25
Schram, Michael, and John Tuike—People &c. 500.00
Stanley, James—S. Eckelman 22,765.00
Satzman, Pesse, and Abraham L. Heilinger 4,536.85
Satterlee, Mary P.—M. A. Nichols 26,626.13
Sutherland, Da—Spencer Automobile Repairing and Machine Shop, Inc. 161.90
Stewart, Arthur—Bronxville Garage Co. 321.46
Staab, Leo H.—I. M. Stettenheim 4,546.59
Unsida Gold & Mining Co.—W. E. Ralston 245.75
Wellington Mutual Fire Ins. Co.—Glove-Rutgers Fire Ins. 2,311.38
West, Edward P.—D. Block 106.00

In Bronx County.

DeLisle, Jean—S. Fishbein $47.32
Finkelstein, George—E. V. Levy 90.72
Jurist, Joseph—Schultz Linoleum Co. 169.01
Kaplan, Meyer S.—D. Mayer Brewing Co. 797.22
Kanter, Samuel—N. Linetzky et al. 53.33
Lopinto, Ciro—D. Mayer Brewing Co. .. 411.72
Man-Sherwood Supply Co.—J. Schiller .. 101.75
O'Leary Realty & Construction Co.—G. E. Kuckler et al as executors 5,713.28
Sinnott, Edward—J. R. Sherwood 156.65
Steinberg, Benjamin—B. Sheitlis 39.41
Union Railway Co. of N. Y. C.—J. E. Higgins 1,733.97

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Lamport, Joseph H.—L. Eisenberg, June 4, 1918 .... $1,816.47
La Montagne, Alice W.—R. F. Weir, March 5, 1914 .... 77,774.62
Oppenheim, Morris—H. A. Siegel, Jan. 20, 1919 .... 118.06
A. L. Holding Co.—F. Steinberg, Nov. 15, 1918, vacated 214.65
Same—L. Steinberg, Nov. 21, 1918, vacated 112.15
Tiffany Studios—Onward Const Co., Dec. 18, 1917, reversed 14,827.62
Montegriffo, Helen F.—H. Mack, Nov. 5, 1915 .... 166.11
Barber Asphalt Paving Co.—Lord Electric Co., June 17, 1916 .... 8,660.65

In Bronx County.

Levy, Charles, and 238th Street Const. Corp.—H. Karp, March 15, 1917 .... $88.73
Same—Cullo Marble & Tile Works, Inc., March 29, 1917 .... 122.16
Same—Indiana Flooring Co., Jan. 24, 1917 .... 327.24
Nista Const. Co.—T. R. Thorn & Co., Inc., June 11, 1918 .... 1,411.50
Tyras, William—D. Deutschman, Dec. 2, 1918 .... 112.22

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company to be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on Saturday the 25th day of January, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:

(a) To authorize the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company to negotiate and cause to be executed and delivered such contract with the President of the United States, the Director General of Railroads, or such other person as the President may direct, as said Board or said Executive Committee shall deem expedient, relating to the compensation to be paid for the possession, use and control of the railroad and system of transportation and appurtenances thereof of the Company, the operation, maintenance and return thereof, and to any other matter connected with or growing out of the taking over by the President of said properties; to alter, amend or add to such contract, by mutual consent to be signified on behalf of the Company by vote of its Board of Directors or Executive Committee; to collect the aggregate compensation to be paid under such contract; and generally to take such action as said Board or Committee shall deem necessary to secure, either by such contract or otherwise, adequate compensation for, and proper maintenance and a timely return of, the property so taken over;

(b) To consent to, approve and authorize the creation and issue of mortgage bonds of the Company to be limited to a principal amount, in United States Gold Coin, of not exceeding $50,000,000 at any one time outstanding; such bonds to mature at such date or dates, to bear interest from such date or dates and at such rate or rates, to be issuable for such purposes and in such denominations, and to be in such form and to contain such terms and provisions, including provision for conversion of any of all such bonds into stock of the Company, as the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company may determine;

(c) To consent to, approve and authorize the execution and delivery, to secure such bonds, of a mortgage and deed of trust on and of all or any part of the railroads, equipment, franchises and property, including corporate stocks and obligations, owned by the Company at the date of the execution and delivery of such mortgage and deed of trust or at any time thereafter acquired by it;

(d) To approve or to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company in its discretion to determine, the form and terms of such mortgage and deed of trust, and the property of the Company to be embraced therein;

(e) To ratify and confirm, and to authorize and consent to, any action theretofore taken or authorized by said Board of Directors or by the Executive Committee, of the Company, which may be submitted to the meeting, whether for the purposes of, or in connection with, or in contemplation of, any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise;

(f) To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed for the meeting on Thursday the 26th day of December, 1918, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Monday, the 27th day of January, 1919, at ten o'clock A. M.

Dated, Columbus, Ohio, December 16th, 1918.

By order of the Board of Directors.

A. TREVVETT, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

New York, January 22, 1919.

THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank, held on the 21st inst., the following named gentlemen were re-elected Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS.

David Bingham, Charles W. McCutcheon.
William A. Nash, Andrew Mills.
Clarence H. Kelsey, Philip Lehman.
William R. Stewart, Henry B. Vaughan.
William H. Nichols, Robert A. Drysdale.
Walter E. Frew, J. Louis Schaefer.
Henry Schaefer, David M. Morrison.

INSPECTORS OF ELECTION.

Edwin H. Peck.
John J. Halpin.
Edward F. McManus.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, by unanimous vote, William A. Nash was re-elected Chairman of the Board of Directors, and Walter E. Frew, President.

EDWARD S. MALMAR, Cashier.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY.

NOTICE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned hereby give notice that according to the Statutes of the State of New York relating to Limited Partnerships they have duly formed a Limited Partnership and the terms thereof are as follows:

I. The name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY. The County wherein the principal place of business is to be located is the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan.

II. The general nature of the business intended to be transacted is to carry on the business of brokers and to buy, sell and deal in stocks, bonds, grain and other commodities.

III. The names of all the General and Special Partners interested therein and their respective places of residence are as follows:

GENERAL PARTNERS.

HENRY E. BUTLER, residing at Cushing Road, Plainfield, State of New Jersey.

JOHN P. GRIER, residing at No. 30 West 59th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

PHILEMON DICKINSON, residing at Stenton Avenue and New Street, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania.

EDWARD H. LEVIS, residing at Mt. Holly, State of New Jersey.

SPECIAL PARTNERS.

J. HORACE HARDING, residing at Rumson, Monmouth County, State of New Jersey.

HENRY SANDERSON, residing at Oyster Bay, Nassau County, State of New York.

IV. The amount of capital which each Special Partner has contributed to the common stock is as follows:

J. HORACE HARDING has contributed One Million ($1,000,000.) Dollars;

HENRY SANDERSON has contributed Three Hundred Thousand ($300,000.) Dollars.

All of said partners are of full age.

V. The time at which the Partnership is to begin is January 1st, 1919, and the time at which the Partnership is to end is December 31st, 1920.

Dated New York, December 31st, 1918.

HENRY E. BUTLER,
JOHN P. GRIER,
PHILEMON DICKINSON,
EDWARD H. LEVIS,
J. HORACE HARDING,
HENRY SANDERSON.

CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY.

State of New York, City and County of New York, ss.:

HENRY E. BUTLER being duly sworn deposes and says that he is one of the General Partners in the Limited Partnership of CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY, formed by the Certificate dated December 31st, 1918, signed by the General and Special Partners of said firm, to wit:

GENERAL PARTNERS.
HENRY E. BUTLER,
JOHN P. GRIER,
PHILEMON DICKINSON,
EDWARD H. LEVIS.
SPECIAL PARTNERS.
J. HORACE HARDING,
HENRY SANDERSON,

and that the sum specified in the said Certificate to have been contributed to the common stock by each of the Special Partners has been actually and in good faith paid in cash, that is to say, J. HORACE HARDING has paid in cash the sum of One Million ($1,000,000.) Dollars, and HENRY SANDERSON has paid in cash the sum of Three Hundred Thousand ($300,000.) Dollars.

HENRY E. BUTLER.

Sworn to before me this 31st day of December, 1918.

[Seal.] EDGAR KEIM,

Notary Public, Nassau County. Certificate filed in New York County, No. 311. Register's No. 9245. Commission expires March 30, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

THE PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY COMPANY

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NUMBER 7.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of one and one-half (1½) per cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ended December 31, 1918, payable March 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business on February 13, 1919.

D. W. SUMMERFIELD, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, January 2, 1919.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A dividend of four dollars ($4.00) per share has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, at the New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to Stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

Boston, January 21, 1919.

EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF EMIL GROSSMAN MANUFACTURING CORPORATION.

Pursuant to decree of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, in a cause therein pending, entitled "American Tube & Stamping Company, complainant, against Emil Grossman Manufacturing Corporation, defendant," all persons, firms or corporations claiming to be creditors of Emil Grossman Manufacturing Corporation shall file or cause to be filed on or before February 10, 1919, duly verified proofs of claim with Patrick E. Callahan, Esq., of 32 Court St., Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, who is appointed by said decree Special Master for that purpose, and to examine and report to the Court as to the allowance or disallowance of claims as in said decree provided, and all persons, firms and corporations claiming to be creditors of defendant who shall not so file their verified proofs of claim on or before that date, shall be adjudged not to hold or have any valid claims against defendant entitled to participate in the distribution of the assets of defendant, or the proceeds thereof in this proceeding and shall be perpetually barred and enjoined from enforcing any claim against defendant.

Dated December 30, 1918.

FINANCE AND TRADING CORPORATION, Liquidator.

CURTIS MALLET-PREVOST & COLT, 15 Broad Street, New York City.

ROSENBERG & BALL, 74 Broadway, New York City,

Solicitors.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that HENRY POWELL RAMSDELL, JAMES A. P. RAMSDELL and HOMER S. RAMSDELL, as executors and trustees under the last will and testament of Homer Ramsdell, deceased, owners of the ferryboat "Orange," have filed their petition for limitation of liability for any loss, damage or injury caused by or resulting from the collision between the ferryboat "Orange" and the steamer "Rensselaer," on the night of June 15th, 1918. Value of vessel and freight, $99,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Marshall S. Hagar, Esq., at his office, at No. 63 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., or be defaulted.

Dated, December 5th, 1918.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is hereby given that the Cornell Steamboat Company, owner of the steam tug "Primrose," has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury arising out of collision claimed to have occurred between the said steam tug "Primrose," the boat "Ontario & Western, No. 21," and the barge "Bavier"; value of the vessel and freight, $8,500. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Louis Bennett, Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25901.

Notice is given that Jacob M. Spar, doing business as Jacob M. Spar & Co., bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition of all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 3d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such application should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The Shelburne
ATLANTIC CITY
FRENCH GRILL and RIVIERA TERRACE
Reopens February 1st
after many improvements
Under same liberal direction.
Jacob Weikel

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales, with complimentary Tea Service. Garage.
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Eleven stories of real comfort with an environment of distinctive refinement without extravagance.
AMERICAN PLAN. ALWAYS OPEN. LITERATURE and TERMS MAILED.
WM. A. LEECH, MGR.

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The Leading Resort House of the World
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
Health Is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments.
Ownership Management. Josiah White & Sons Co.

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HOTEL and COTTAGES
on the Beach ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
EVERY CONVENIENCE for COMFORT and PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
Cap. 600. Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen.
Open All Year. S. Hourstein, Prop.

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FIREPROOF
On the ocean front
Capacity 600. Always open
Seawater in all baths. Orchestra
THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL

ALAMAC HOTEL
FIREPROOF
OCEAN FRONT IN THE HEART OF ATLANTIC CITY
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

ARLINGTON
Michigan Ave., near Beach.—Attractive in location, equipment, service and comforts. Winter rates.
R. J. OSBORNE & SON.

PIERREPONT
Family Hotel Mrs Gerson L. Kahn

PHILLIPS HOUSE
Massachusetts Ave., near Beach. F. P. PHILLIPS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAUREL HOUSE
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
The Laurel House is justly famous for its homelike atmosphere, hospitality and charming social life. Laurel House Gun Club, Trap Shooting. Complete Hydro-Therapeutic Baths in Hotel. Booklet and information on request. Tel. 430 Lakewood.
A. J. Murphy, Mgr. C. F. Murphy, Asst. Mgr.

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LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY
Write for Beautifully Illustrated Booklet.

NEW ENGLAND.

PINE FOREST COLONY,
On Forest Lake, Berkshire Hills.
Refined Resort. Hotel open all year. 200 acres, private lake, excellent table. 2 hours from N. Y. J. D. Weil, Wingdale, N. Y.

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Find out *difference* in fares to the far South resorts and Old Point Comfort
OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.
HOTEL CHAMBERLIN
Swimming Pool, Golf, Sea-food Cuisine. Every European Bath and Treatment.
Write GEO. F. ADAMS, Manager, Fortress Monroe, Va., or
Booklets and information at Bertha Ruffner Hotel Bureau, Hotel McAlpin; Cook's, 245 B'way, 561 Fifth Ave.; Marsters, 235 Fifth Ave.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 255 Fifth Ave.; "Ask Mr. Foster" at Lord & Taylor's; Frank Tourist Co., 489 Fifth Ave.; Brooklyn Eagle Resort Bureau.

Hotel Bon Air
AUGUSTA, GA.
A convenient and delightful place to spend your holidays. Good driving and motoring, excellent saddle horses, 2 golf courses and all outdoor sports.
Address C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager

Highland Park Hotel
AIKEN, S. C.
OPENS JANUARY 16. AMERICAN PLAN.
New hotel all modern conveniences. Golf, tennis, polo, driving and horseback riding; ideal climate. J. J. SWEENEY, Mgr.
FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT.

Hotel Clarendon SEABREEZE, FLORIDA
and cottages. Directly on ocean. 18 hole golf course. Booklet. 1,180 Broadway, New York.

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is the ideal winter resort. Its wonderful climate enables the tourist to enjoy outdoor sport throughout season. Address Boards of Trade, Hotels, etc.

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Prettiest Winter Resort in the World.

Spend the Winter on the
FLORIDA EAST COAST
Full information at 243 Fifth Av., New York.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.—Land of the Sky.
Write Board of Trade for folder and special list.—Advt.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

LEGAL NOTICES.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY,
Incorporated.
NOTICE.

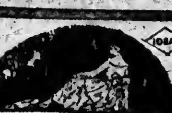
NEW YORK, N. Y., DECEMBER 31, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the terms of Section 14 of Article Sixth of a certain mortgage dated January 1, 1912, executed by the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Kentucky, to secure an issue of $15,000,000 of Twenty-five Year First and General Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, and a certain indenture supplemental thereto dated May 1, 1912, Philip V. R. Van Wyck, of Summit, in the State of New Jersey, has been appointed by said Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company as Trustee under said mortgage and supplementary indenture, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Frank W. Conn, late of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, one of the Trustees named in said mortgage and supplementary indenture.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, Incorporated,
By W. T. GENTRY, PRESIDENT.

END OF EXILE.

A striking group of Belgian refugees returning to their homes pictured in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times, next Sunday.—Advt.



The workmanship and fit of these dresses are so perfect that they are really far beyond what you would expect at an amazingly reasonable price.

Dresses of
Crepe de Chine Foulard
Georgette Taffeta
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On the Racks
$8.75 to $24.50

IDEAL GARMENT CO.
18 West 33rd St.
New York.

Current Events
include the interesting fact that
Sateens
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Denzer & Nathan
are foremost in style, quality, variety, service and value.
511-21 Broadway, New York.

Splendid Opportunity

Man with wide scope of experience in commission banking business. Excellent opportunity in a big proposition. Do not apply unless highly qualified. Write for appointment, stating previous experience. All correspondence will be kept in absolute confidence.
Address K 151 TIMES.

RESIDENT BUYER, ATTENTION!

Cloak and suit house making a better line of coats, suits and capes is open for several offices to sell their output on a 5% commission basis; all transactions strictly confidential. Box B 348 Times.

Loft To Let

About 5,000 square feet, 17th Street between Fifth Avenue and Broadway, suitable for office or showroom. High class building; immediate occupancy. Apply Herbert B. Lederer Co., 91 Fifth Avenue. Telephone Stuy. 7176.

Auctions.

Continuation Starting With Lot 1801
important peremptory auction sale of the entire stock of
SHONINGER BROS.
(In liquidation)
Inventoried at over $250,000.00
Today, Thursday, Jan. 23rd,
at 10:30 A. M.
On the Premises, 881 Broadway,
(at 19th Str.,) N. Y. C.
Today's Offering Will Include
large quantities and most staple part of stock and will complete the sale; large lines of the following will be offered:

METAL LACES
CHIFFONS
Cotton Nets
SILK NETS
GEORGETTES
WHITE GOODS

Also 6 Cases of Laces, Chiffons and Nets in Bond.
All dry goods and department stores should be represented

The Entire Fixtures
will be sold at 3 P. M.
All cabinet work, consisting of over 200 hardwood tables, partitions, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, and contents of the shipping department.
A. Schaap & Sons Auction Dept.
MAIN OFFICE, 394 Broadway, N. Y. C.
Phone Franklin 42-43

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AUCTIONEERS,
599 & 601 Broadway, New York.
Regular Auction Sales
Tuesdays and Fridays.
WOOLENS,
DRESS GOODS,
COTTONS,
DRY GOODS,
HOSIERY, &c.
Also on Thursdays at our Annex
All Kinds General Merchandise.
Phone, Spring 9944.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures. Van Praag & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 2248.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS. Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 28 CE.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants
Ten cents per word each insertion.

AMERICAN POPLIN Wanted.—Cash; tan, Quaker, Rokie, Copen, Poilu. Kurlander Bros. & Herfield. Madison Square 9856.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Velour, sybellines, mercerized plush fur effect cloth, anything suitable children's coats; attractive prices; spot cash. Rosenberg, 45 West 25th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Juilliard's 110 or equal; open for quantity, all colors. Louis Tureff, 150 West 22d St.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Burgundy or wine, 54 inches wide. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

CAPES Wanted.—Coats, dolmans, and snappy style suits in the better grade. 40 West 27th, 6th floor.

CAPES AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on new, snappy samples. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

CAPES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on capes, better grade, all week, until 12 A. M. 5th floor, 29 West 35th St.

CHECKS Wanted.—All worsted, black and white; quantity for cash. Mad. Sq. 9087.

CLOTHS Wanted.—Will buy quantity of cheviots and poplins, in high shades only. Farragut 4717.

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring dolmans, capes, and sport coats, high grade only. Call fourth floor, Kaye Building, Madison Av. and 30th St., (30th St. entrance.)

COATS AND CAPES Wanted.—Looking at better kind only; will look all day. Miller Cloak and Suit Co., 11 West 20th St., 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Children's Spring coats; jobber can use quantities. Write, stating what you can make for February delivery. K 235 Times.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade coats, suits, and capes. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

COATS Wanted.—Will look at new style suits and coats all day. Use freight elevator. 11th floor, 145 West 30th St.

COATS, Capes, and Dolmans Wanted.—Placing orders on better-grade Spring merchandise. 14 East 27th St., 6th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing order on new coats and suits all week. 29 West 35th, 5th floor.

COATS, CAPES Wanted.—Dolmans, smart styles, ladies, misses. Call Thursday and Friday. 131 West 35th, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Dolmans and Capes; better grade Spring samples. 123 West 26th, 10th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—We are placing orders on high grade Spring coats and suits. 32 East 31st St., 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Children's jobber looking Spring styles. Call with samples, 8-10, 40 West 27th St., 8th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing Spring orders; also juniors. 4th floor, 6 West 32d.

COATS, CAPES Wanted.—Dolmans of the better kind; jobber placing orders. Room 505, 339 5th Av.

COATINGS Wanted.—Three-quarter Flagler's, 1500, or similar for cash. B 362 Times Annex.

COATS, CAPES, and SUITS Wanted.—Better grades only. 15 West 26th, 1st floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open for a large quantity of tan, olive, or brown crash, (mixture suitings.) Apply Borgenicht & Sons, 9 West 24th, 12th floor, mornings only.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Denims, linene, lawn, jean, 64-60, 68-72, 80-80, percale, 76-72, 88-80, 96-100 nainsook. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gram. 6227.

COTTON GOODS and Linings Wanted.—For cash, below market price. Nehemiah Gitelson, 317 Canal St.

COTTON PONGEE Wanted.—Black; open for a quantity. Chelsea 8229.

DELHI Wanted.—American and all wool serge single warp. Chelsea 4077.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgette, crepe, and taffeta; waists, underwear, and petticoats wanted for export by prominent international merchants. B 282 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for cash any quantity taffeta, georgette, satin, or cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d St., fifth floor.

DRESSES, SUITS, COATS Wanted.—Any quantity; Spring garments; spot cash; jobs only. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are ready to place orders on dresses and skirts. Call every morning, 10 to 1, first floor, 134 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders, better grade dresses, all materials; bring samples daily. 1,160 Broadway, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgette, taffeta, crepes, any quantity, cash. Albert, 130 W. 25th.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DEVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Silvertones, velours, Forstman, and Botanys, all colors; American 032, 0360, reindeer, trecos, Read's 5800, 7161, Andrews 5782, Garfield's 5810, all colors. Orchard 8245.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H., all shades; also F. & H. velour. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

EVORA, Bolivia and Cashvel wanted for spot cash. Samuels & De Maio, 6-8 West 32d St.

FRENCH LINEN Wanted.—Forty-five-inch, colors. Call Madison Square 1404.

FURS Wanted.—Jobs in furs of all descriptions; also furs for coming Fall season. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Interested in 20,000 yards of georgette, dark colored only; price no higher than $1.05, spot cash. L. Feinberg, 189 6th Av., 1st floor.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—100 pieces, three-thread; high shades; must be cheap for cash. Princess Dress, 10 West 24th.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 6670.

KERSEYS Wanted.—110, taupe and brown. Gramercy 1913.

KHAKI Wanted.—Open for all wool and worsted, cash basis; mail samples with lowest prices. Box OO 614, 1,265 Broadway.

OVERCOATING Wanted.—Melton, navy, regulation 30 oz.; Main 2523.

PLUSH Wanted.—Peco, P-10, Lapinix, any quantity, at $3 cash. Greeley 4099.

POIRET TWILL and Tricotine Wanted.—Good quality; Spring shades; cash. Mad. Sq. 4180.

POIRET TWILL OR TRICOTINE Wanted.—Tan, good quality. Madison Square 821.

POPLINS Wanted.—Tan and gray, Arthur Joel's, Saxonia, or American woolens, Poiret twills, tan and navy, serges, Pekin and Copen. Greeley 2030.

POPLIN Wanted.—High shades, American, Brightwood, Walworth; spot cash. Knickerbocker 258.

POPLINS Wanted.—06077 or 90610. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

POIRET TWILL and Gabardines Wanted.—All colors. Parness, Farragut 2369.

POPLIN Wanted.—In high shades for spot cash. Farragut 4080.

POPLIN Wanted.—Burgundy and taupe, all wool. Chelsea 7897.

SATIN AND CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Heavy; close prices. Dayan Silk Garment Co., 138 West 17th St.

SATINS Wanted.—Black only, 36 inches wide, good quality, up to $1.42½ yard. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

SECO Wanted.—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Will buy any quantity navy blue only, 6120, 6122, W. F. X., and W. F.; spot cash; must be very cheap. M. Silverman & Sons, 1,133 Broadway. Farragut 3148.

SERGES Wanted.—99, Whitman's, navy, rookie, pekin, and copen; 1464, pekin, copen; 774, gray and copen. Williamsburg Mfg. Co., 1,133 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use quantity of Nos. 9 and 104 Whitman serge and 11433 botany and navy; must be cheap. Phone Mad. Sq. 8069. Mr. Gettlieb.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 800, 99, 519, 11433, 54289, 235, 838, 0936, 09070; also poplins, 90610, 774, P. P. L., and other numbers. Farragut 3088.

SERGES Wanted.—528, 54289, navy, brown, black; must be cheap for cash. H. Wolfenson, 256 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for W. F. X. 164, 519, 11433, 54289, 7120; price must be low. K 234 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Copenhagen, similar quality as 6301, for cash. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity of style 812 Cleveland in black and navy. Merchants' Exporting Co., Stuyvesant 3411.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity 7120 at low price; cash on delivery. Wire Lederer Bros. & Co., Chicago.

SERGES Wanted.—Black, navy, 838, 9, 09070, 0936, 0696, gabardines 4668, all shades. Greeley 6373.

SERGES Wanted.—Bachman's American woolens, for clothing trade. 4th floor, 69 Worth St.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for 99 navy and black; must be cheap. Madison Square 3935.

SERGE Wanted.—99, 7614 navy, black, tan, poplin; Spring shades; for cash. Modern Cloak & Suit House, 15 West 28th.

SERGES Wanted.—Will exchange 54289 or 6120, navy, for black, tan, or gray. Holpert Bros., 137 West 25th St. Farragut 3954.

SERGES wanted—Navy, 11 433 519 54 289, or similar for spot cash at a low price. Farragut 8880.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 09070, 9, navy and rookie, for cash. S. Stootack & Co., 37 West 28th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Brightwood 4632, Whitman's 104, 99. Gramercy 4404.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 99, must be reasonable. Chelsea 9955.

SERGES wanted—54 289 774, in black and navy. Call Mad. Sq. 8,738.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 99, 104, poplin 90610. S. Z. Stein, Gramercy 845.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy 1464. Farragut 2815, Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted.—American 0609, navy only; quantity. Stuyvesant 7270.

SERGE Wanted.—235, 0936; exchange navy for black. Joseph Durak. Greeley 8183.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, black, and 7120 navy. Shapiro, Madison Square 3608.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 9-774 and F. P. L. Call Madison Square 7080.

SERGES Wanted.—All kinds, any quantity; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—3859, 9, navy, black, at a price; cash. Farragut 707.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, 3158, 99, 7122, 4408, 4059, 4061. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES Wanted.—7120 navy and Newport, large quantities. Gramercy 6510.

SERGES Wanted.—Tan, Rooky gray, 09070, 0936, 838, at right price. Gramercy 6174.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for 4,408, also botany 2137. A. Bernstein, Gramercy 4476.

SILKS Wanted.—Jobs of satins, taffetas, peau de cygne; odd shades; seconds. Spring 7934.

SILKS Wanted.—Striped tub; also other silks; must be cheap. Leroy Shirt Co., 114 5th Av.

SILK Wanted.—Open for any quantity in odds and ends for cash. Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy quantity in all silk fancy linings; cash. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden-Leonard henna, Pekin, Copenhagen, victory. Leibman & Hurwitz, 134 West 21st St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden & Leonard, Bochman, Pekin, Copen, tan, beige; spot cash. Knickerbocker 258.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Spring shades; Holden, Leonard, Joels; spot cash. Third floor, 9 West 35th St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All shades; also Garfields, 4718 tricotines. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Spring shades. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

SILVERTONE Wanted.—High shades; Tricotine, Velour; checks. Farragut 587.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—We are ready to place orders on Spring suits and coats; call with samples. 1,140 Broadway, 3d floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing orders better made suits and coats. Call all week, 4th floor, 48 West 25th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade suits, coats, and capes. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade suits only. Call all day, 45 West 25th St., 5th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders all week from 11-3, on misses' ohio suits. 37 West 28th St., 12th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing orders on new smart samples. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on novelty blouse suits; call 4 to 6 P. M., 8th floor, 110 West 25th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Of better kind; jobber placing orders. Room 505, 339 5th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—50 pieces Stehli or similar make, navy and black; cheap. Louis Lazarowitz, 482 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Can use short ends from ½ yard up; any quantity; cash. Phone Farragut 3666.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Can use any color; no blacks; any quantity; changeable or plain; cash. Nadler, 7 West 18th.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Changeable and plain colors; quantity no object. Room 1618, 220 5th Av. Madison Square 2029.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar, navy, tan, gray, and taupe. Madison Square 2698.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—U. S. serges, Holden-Leonard silvertone. Ben Ginsburg Co., 40 West 24th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Poiret twills, velours, in Spring shades, for cash. Madison Square 8586.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Garfield's 4718; tan, gray, navy; any quantity. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St., Farragut 5757.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, navy, also poiret twills. Madison Square 8475.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Poiret twill and serges. Farragut 8868.

TRICOTINES and American Poplins Wanted.—90610. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 W. 26th.

TRICOTINE and Poiret Twill Wanted.—Good quality; Spring shades; cash. Mad. Sq. 4180.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy blue. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavyweights, 6-4 cotton warp and all wool. Weinstein, Diamond & Cohen, 141 West 21st St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will buy or exchange brown and navy for taupe 544, 13009, 11050, or similar weights. Gramercy 2665.

VELOURS AND SILVERTONES, SERGE Wanted.—In high shades; spot cash. Friedman, Simon & Co., 44 West 28th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will pay cash for 544, 13009, 11050, brown, taupe, and navy, must be cheap. Madison Square 3935.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H., all shades; also duvet de laine. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

VELOURS, POPLINS, SERGES, AND COVERTS Wanted.—In all shades and makes. H. Drusin & Son. Farragut 3486.

VELOURS AND POPLIN Wanted.—All colors., Parness, Farragut 2369.

VELOURS Wanted.—American heavyweight taupe only; spot cash. Chelsea 6549.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight; Spring shades. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—High shades. Sprayregen & Marks, 158 West 29th.

VELOURS Wanted.—13009, 544, 11050; cheap for cash. Spring 7553.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—Must be cheap; any colors. Krischer, 19 University Place.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Any quantity, off price, light weights and heavy weights, spot cash; call with samples. Elias Surut & Sons, 670 Broadway. Spring 9697.

WOOLENS wanted—Velours, silvertones, spring shades, and American poplin, black. Hirsch & Bro., 153 W. 27th St.

Offerings to Buyers
Ten cents per word each insertion.

BEAVER FURMOSS and Hudson Bay; reasonable. Farragut 9975.

BLANKETS.—All wool khaki and gray, 6-4 goods, $3.50. Stuyvesant 3333.

BOLIVIA, Silvertip, De Laine, 1150, all Spring shades, to close out. Jack, Farragut 9752.

BROADCLOTHS.—110, black, navy, brown, green and taupe; also light and heavy-weight velours. Gramercy 2901.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H., Botany, Spring shades; velour, Reade 5800; tricotines, Farr. 5759.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany 315; all colors. Madison Square 7038.

CAPS.—Buyers of blue serge caps wanted. Henry Strauss, 45 Bond St.

CHECKS.—Black and white; 4 pieces Parker Wilder deer, 5 pieces, and 8 pieces De Land deer serge. Weiss, Mad. Sq. 7073.

COATEES.—Beaver, mole, and Baffin seal; 500 sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Special for jobbers; newest Spring style; very cheap; suits on racks for immediate delivery. B. Rabinowitz & Sons, 50 West 15th St.

COATS.—American poplin coats, half lined, special $9.50; quick delivery. Tannenbaum & Bloom, 39 East 8th St., near Broadway. Stuyvesant 2496.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices, large assortment, colors and materials, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 26 St.

COATS.—Ladies', junior and children's velours and plushes; big assortment of fur-trimmed and plain, at closing-out prices. Elsen & Son, 122 West 26th St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COAT PLUSHES.—Silvertones, velours; silvertones, broadcloths; the best 50c. on the dollar. P. Hutner & Co., 48 West 25th.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—Closing out 300 smart velour coats, fur trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 W. 27th St.

COATS.—Sacrificing velours, trimmed raccoon, sealine, coney collars, $10 up. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Smart Spring styles on hand; immediate delivery; see special at $8.50. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—400 cloth coats in velours to close out at a big reduction. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 West 26th St.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—500 nutria shawl collars all wool pom pome, velours, broadcloths, at a sacrifice. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—200 ladies' and juniors', close out cheap before moving to new quarters. Klapper Bros., 46 West 21st St.

COATS.—2,000 serge, poplin, shepherd check, 2 to 6 on hand; will sell very low. Katchver, 1,115 Broadway.

COATS.—Job 40 crystal cord coats, pussy willow lined; raccoon shawls, tailored. A. Watterson, 141 West 21st.

COATS.—100; regular prices, $12.50 to $16.50; will close out for $7.50. 19 West 27th St.

COATS.—300 fur-trimmed at a sacrifice before moving. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

CORDS.—100 dozen pillow cords, mercerized, all colors; can be used as bath robe cords; $1 per dozen. L. & W. Bauman, 118th St. and 3d Av.

COTTON GOODS.—Annual inventory clearance sale at remarkable low prices of odd lots second—Remnants and regular goods. Call at once for choice selection. Calbre Mills, 546-548 Broadway. Spring 814.

COTTON GOODS.—Organdies, voiles, different grades, Repp, Poplin, Lenine, Gabardine, Pique, Jean, far below market prices. Brookdale Textile Co., 39-47 West 19th St.

COTTON GOODS.—Jobbers' and exporters' cotton drills, gabardines, hollands, voile; full assortment; below market price. Call, or write, Graze & Dabah, 276 Canal St.

COTTON GOODS.—Dress manufacturer has high class new 1919 patterns for sale at a price. Mannie Solomon Co., Inc., 31 E. 31st.

COTTON GOODS.—3 cases, 36-inch, 64-60 nainsook. Lipshits, Spring 5431.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Three-thread ivory, flesh, navy, black; also Georgette, all colors, below market price. Madison Square 8047.

DRESSES that create sales, Spring models, all wool French serge; $5-$10.50; embroidered satins, taffetas, georgettes, $6.75-$16.50. "There is a reason." I want to be known by the values I give. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large assortment for street and afternoon wear at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 132 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Immediate sacrifice before removal larger quarters; tremendous bargains; perfect merchandise. Ruby, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersey dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESS LININGS.—Dress manufacturers; buy ready-made dress linings, cheaper and better than you make them; save time, labor and money. Farragut 8890.

DRESSES.—Georgette and taffetas of the better kind; will make sacrifice. M. Sternberg, 133 West 22d St.

DRESSES.—Silk, serge and party, for immediate delivery. Cohen-Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—Snappy styles in silks; don't fail to see our taffeta speciale at $5.75. Silverman, Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge on hand; assorted styles; will sell at low prices. Mark Perlman, 31 East 31st St.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, jerseys; 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—300 snappy serges, $3.75; 200 beautiful taffetas, $6.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Children's wash dresses, 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big value. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values, wool French serges, $6; jerseys, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—3,000 all wool serges to close out at sacrifice price. Pan American Dress, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES, 2,000 velvetians, serges, and silks, to close out, $3.75. American Shirtwaist, 151 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Children's all-wool serge to close out. Goldberg & Bros., 134 W. 26th.

DRESSES.—Newest Spring models, for jobbers; all materials. Marietta, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—100 beaded Georgette, all colors. Goldberg & Abrams, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgettes, serge, and evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Jobs serges, sateen, taffetas; 1,000 close out. Paragon, 130 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out, reasonable. Seid, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—300 serge to close out, reasonable. American Costume, 118 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Jersey and serge, to close out. William Stechel, 34 East 29th St.

DRESSES.—Wool serges to close out. Chelsea 2280. Call Mr. Kowars.

DUVET DE LAINE.—F. & H. and Botany Yalama; all Spring shades. Mad. Sq. 5825.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines; colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

GEORGETTES.—All colors, immediate delivery, $1.15 per yard. Kremer, 31 E. 27th.

GINGHAM PERCALES, 60-64; 40 cases; big range; assorted, selected plaids and fancies; under market; quantities only; immediate delivery. Call Broad 4881.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—All kinds; biggest assortment; great sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

GINGHAMS.—Lancaster staple checks. Phone Spring 633.

GLOVES.—On account of moving, will close 200 dozen ladies' capes, pique prix seam, gray and tan; No. 1 goods. Phone 7325 Spring, or call at 656 Broadway. Anker Glove Co.

MOHAIRS.—Imported black and blue; prices reasonable. Greeley 2810.

KERSEY, velours, Juilliards 2002, Americans 11052, botany broadcloth, 315 colors, reasonable. Gramercy 6037.

OVERCOATING.—American 724, 25 pieces blue Melton, $2.40 net; 426, 15 pieces blue kersey, $2.50 net. Tel. Spring 2947.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black, all wool and cotton warp in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

PERCALES, 68x72, hundred cases, first-class, light assortment, for sale cheap. Telephone Franklin 1390.

PETTICOATS.—Silk, taffeta, black and colors, at $2.25; immediate delivery. Manhattan Petticoat Co., 3 West 29th.

PLAID SATINS.—26 pieces, all colors. 5th floor, 140 5th Av.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS.—P. P. L., 774, 767, 777, B. P. N. L., S. P. A., N. P. A., H. W. P., 228, 230; also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St.

POPLINS.—774 black, navy, $1.85; tan, $2; P. P. L., high colors, $1.95; 0677 taupe, Burgundy, navy, $2.25; 3 serge, $1.45; V. S. L., $1.25; 87-77¼c.; X. X., 72½c.; 566, $1.85. Carity, Gramercy 3260.

POPLINS.—Andrews 6009, high shades, also navy 774, 639, Gera 503, 3158, Panama 7802, Amoskeag, also gabardines. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS.—American, 6709½, $1.17½; 767, $1.75; Stevens serge 3850, 12075. Gramercy 845.

POPLIN.—Silk, Susquehanna; cheaper than market price, on terms. Chelsea 2210.

POPLINS.—American, navy, 90610 and 06077. Telephone Greeley 1544.

RAINCOATS.—Ladies' single textured, to close out. Model Raincoat Co., 135 W. 26th.

SECO SILK, 25c.; voiles and organdies, mercerized, 15 cases, 18c.; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. N. than & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES.—Poplins and all-wool flannels; also high shades, and black, 0936, 09070, 888, 235, 54289, 104, 99, 7120, 8158, Botany 809, 11433, 1464, 7008, WFX., MFL., 528, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, PPL., BPNL., PNA., American poplins 90610, 06077, also big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES, poplins and gabardines; 54289, 4059, 4060, 4408, American 0609, 0696, 6009½, Broadhead 500, 3700, Jamestown 7302, 9603, Geras 7008, 9056, 10388, 10708, 2137, Pacific WFX, CFL, Barney, Adross & Scotlas poplins, Whitman's 1210, 1209, 3, 774, Atlas gabardines. Raymood Woolen Co., 251 4th Av. Gramercy 5443.

SERGES 9058, 3850, M. F. L., V. S. L., 54289, 4061, W. F. X., F. S. G., C. S., C. S. G., W. S. G., S. B. G. L., T. P. S., 1717, K. S., 1209, 1210; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES, Poplins, Broadcloths, and Velours.—519 W. F. X., 4632, 3703, Newports, 11433, Cleveland 9288, M. F. L. 4860, 1080. Madison Square 651.

SERGES.—Navy, black, and high shades, 1464, 519, 809, 7614, 3703, Walworths. Hyman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—Whitman's 99, navy, No. 9, copen, green, brown; Stevens, 3850 navy; quantities to close out. Phone Gramercy 3445.

SERGES.—We have them, any color, any make, any quantity. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7302, 4632, poplins 6609½, 8009, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—7120, 528, 1464, 1210, 54289, 3665; all shades; reasonable. Spring 4369.

SERGES.—11433, $1.80; 1464, $1.82½; 54289, $1.45; 7120, $1.50, net 70 days. Madison Square 5660.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—All kinds; biggest assortment; big sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SERGES, poplins, gabardines, Spring shades velours 519, 9056, 9288, 0609, 54289, 06077, 090610, 5421, 774, 10764. Farragut 2951.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—MFL and PPL very cheap. Simon Agress, 1,123 Broadway. Phone Farragut 2932.

SERGES.—7120, 09070, 11433, 1464, 94, 113, 106, 1210, 774, 4860; very cheap. Davidoff Co., Mad. Sq. 4622.

SERGES.—Whitman 104, Garfield 907, greens, to close out at $1.25 cash. Chelsea 8618.

SERGES.—54289, 3665, WFX, 764 S, 0609, 3850, 838, and other numbers. Gramercy 3001.

SERGES.—Gilbert's 8200, 518, 809; very cheap. Mad. Sq. 8398.

SERGES.—7120, 54289; all colors. Gramercy 512.

SERGE.—7120, original tickets, navy, $3.45 cash; only 27 pieces. Greeley 3535.

SERGES.—20 pieces navy 4632 F. Brightwood, $1.65 net. Spring 7217.

SERGES.—No. 3 Whitman's; very reasonable on terms. Chelsea 2210.

SERGES.—Gera 787, Dunmore 6422, American 0609, U. S. 235. Stuyvesant 7843.

SERGE.—09070, 10 pieces navy; best cash offer accepted. Chelsea 4676.

SERGES.—American Woolen 09070, 40 pieces, navy, $2.20 net cash. Gramercy 2795.

SERGES.—0120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.17½. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—All wool, 36 inches, 4002-87 Whitman, 75c. Telephone Farragut 3480.

SERGES.—1404, 4632, 11433, 0609, 54274, 9240, 042, on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch width. X 304 Times Annex.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILK FAILLE LUSTRE, Susquehanna, all shades; price reasonable. Madison Square 2604.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS, wool and silk, to close out; Spring line ready, clever styles, good values. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

SKIRTS.—Poplins, $2 up; silks, $2.25 up; immediate delivery. New York Silk Garment Co., 1,140 Broadway.

SKIRTS.—Jobs of wool serge and poplin, $2.25 and up. Malakin & Schiff, 27 West 24th St.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield's 4718, all colors, including navy; also Arthur Joel. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINE.—Ardross, tan, gray, henna, and taupe. Call Madison Square 7080.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield's rookie, F. & H. 5800 navy. Madison Square 4173.

TRICOTINES.—Navy and black; Garfield's 4718. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINES.—Black, navy, tan, rookie, gray, Peking; $3.20. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINES.—In all shades. W. Phillips & Co., 145 West 28th St.

VELOURS.—American 032, brown and burgundy, 13009, 11050, 13046, 544; blue, brown, green, burgundy and black Thibet. Call Gramercy 2482.

VELOURS.—American 032, reindeer, taupe, clay, green, burgundy and plum. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

VELOURS.—Spring shades, henna, victory red, and others. Chas. Cohen Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6174.

VELOURS.—Terra cotta, all shades; U. S. 838, 235. Andon Mills. Gramercy 6384.

VELOURS, checks, Oxfords, 0936, 11433; cheap. Greeley 6942.

VELOUR.—Botany, Spring shades; also 11433, 1464 serges. Farr. 5759.

VELVETEENS.—Twill back, 24-inch, all shades, 90c. Rosh-Mayers, 17 West 28th.

VELVETS.—18-inch silk-faced; reasonable. Kempner, Lambert, 254 4th Av. Gramercy 7000.

WAISTS.—For immediate delivery, a variety of styles in crepe de chine and georgette waists, from $2.25 up. Pride Waist Company, 329 5th Av., City.

WAISTS.—Voile, white or black, $7.50 to $9 dozen. Stone, 1,170 Broadway.

WOOLENS.—2,000 yards of assorted woolens to close out. Shainberg & Galowitz, 22 West 38th St.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS not affected by the strike on georgette waists, $3.75 up; only those having made nice, clean work need apply. L. Y., 807 Times Downtown.

COATS Wanted.—Subcontractors with their own samples of coats call from 9 to 4. Jos. Leff, 46 West 25th St.

Allied Industries.

ALLIED and every issue known of ribbon bars; immediate delivery; actual manufacturers. Emdel Novelty Mfg. Co., 621 Broadway. Telephone 1364 Spring.

ARMY SUPPLIES, foreign and domestic chevrons, campaign bars, citation cords, medals, spiral puttees, overseas caps, division insignias, and general military supplies at lowest prices. Munter Bros., 491 Broadway, N. Y. Spring 5530.

CAMERON CUTTING MACHINE, 42-inch, Model 24, nearly new, for sale cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 31st.

CANVAS CUFF LEGGINGS.—600 dozen, regular and rubberized. E. Simon Halpern Co., 121 West 17th.

CHEVRONS.—Scarlet and blue felt in large quantities, price $2.88 per gross; gold and silver imported braid in large quantities, $8 per gross; campaign bars at lowest prices. Bloom, Farragut 9346.

CHEVRONS.—Buy direct from manufacturer supplying Government; gold, silver, $4 gross, scarlet, blue, $2.75, large quantities only. La France, 120 5th Av.

CHEVRONS.—Gold and silver; also service bars; division insignias. I. Klein & Co., 104 5th Av. Farragut 5768.

CLOTHING for sale, racks and coat hangers. Call 906 Broadway, 10th floor.

CUTTING TABLES.—For sale, cutting tables, shelving and pressing plant; will sacrifice on account of moving. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

DRUMMER TRUNKS Wanted.—Suitable for children's bathrobe line. Apply Loxiton Mfg. Co., 1,182 Broadway. Phone Mad. Sq. 7135.

NEEDLES.—Japanese, sewing, assorted sizes, sacrifice; immediate delivery. Spring 2306.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES for sale, No. 4413, with tables and stands, complete, $6 each; also cutting tables, work boxes, chairs, &c., cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 31st.

Help Wanted.

MODELS wanted, size 16. Sol. A. Pyle Co., 17 West 28th St.

RESIDENT BUYERS—Salesmen wanted by manufacturer who is specializing on novelty capes and suits, making better grade merchandise; employ no road salesmen; all territories open, commission basis; opportunity of a life time; strictly confidential. N. D., 244 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for apron line, metropolitan district, acquainted with department store buyers; commission basis; apply by letter only, stating past experience. W. H. Dean, 45 East 17th.

Situations Wanted.

MAN.—Would like a position with dry goods or specialty shop; have experience as buyer for women's ready-to-wear, men's furnishings, and dry goods; manager and merchandise man; willing to go anywhere in U. S. R 203 Times.

WORK SHIRTS AND PANTS.—Cleveland resident commission man, with established trade in Ohio, is open for a good line of men's work shirts, also complete line of pants, on a commission basis; must be reliable concern. Reply G 299 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Tuesday....5@5¼
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Dress Industry Service Bureau.

A service bureau, to furnish data to buyers who come to this city, has been installed by the Associated Dress Industries of America. The information to be given will include the kinds of goods made in this market by individual manufacturers, the range of prices for each concern, the character of garments made and such other facts as may be found useful. A questionnaire on the subject will be sent today to all manufacturers who are members of the association.

Variety in Gray Goods Trading.

More than the usual variety of constructions were dealt in in the local gray goods market yesterday but the trend of prices was downward. Now that Government competition is out of the way, the variations in the quotations on cotton seem to be more of a factor in influencing the prices of the fabrics. Among yesterday's print cloth sales were 39-inch 72-76s and 68-72s at 14½ and 12 cents respectively and 38½-inch 64-60s at 10 cents. In sheetings 48 square, 36-inch, 4 yard goods were sold at 12½ cents. In spite of the strike in the waist and dress industry, a fair amount of voiles was disposed of but at considerable concessions. There were also sales in some volume of sateens, twills and low counts.

ROSENTHAL BROTHERS COMPANY
44-50 WEST 28th ST.
NEW YORK

WAISTS of COTTON

Every favored style in all the popular wash fabrics—
Voiles
Organdies
Batistes
White and dainty colors.
Moderately priced.

See our line of Stout sizes also. Famous for fit and finish.

Raven Hue
DRESSES of BLACK

Now is the time to secure for your store the only line of black dresses and waists designed especially for style and styled exclusively for one color—black.

Don't leave town without investigating.

NATIONAL BLACK GOODS COMPANY
44 East 32nd St. New York
THE BLACK LINE

Spray Mark
SUITS & COATS
For Misses

Sold by the best stores in the country because of:
Really distinctive styles
Excellent tailoring
Guaranteed materials
Fair prices

A visit to the SPRAYMARK showroom will delight you.

SPRAYREGEN & MARKS
158 West 29th Street,
New York City

Duchess frocks

Youthful, buoyant styles that appeal instantly to women, misses, and juniors. Values unrivalled.
In All Fashionable Fabrics,
$13.75 to $37.75
Fine Selection for Immediate Shipment.
Little Duchess Dress Co
19 West 34th St., N. Y.

SILK WAISTS
$2.25—$3.00—$3.75
STOCK FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
Fair Waist & Dress Co.
A. GEVIRTZ, Prop.
1372 B'way, Cor. 37th.
Telephone Greeley 2013.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES
6 to 14
FOR JANUARY SALES
$10.50 to $13.50 per dozen
H. & L. SACKS,
99-101 Fifth Ave., New York

BIG BARGAINS
IN SPRING
COATS-SUITS-CAPES
Prompt Deliveries—Special Prices.
EHRLICH BROS.
28 E. 10th St. Stuyvesant 5562.

HOLSTEN, YOUNG AND COMPANY
LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
WATERPROOF TWEED COATS
RAIN AND AUTO COATS
34-36-38 WEST 27TH STREET

ALL WOOL SERGE SUITS Peau de Cygne Lined
No. 3226 Very Special $14.75
D. M. JONAS, 3 EAST 28TH ST.

The best way to find out how much value there is in the Herman line of Coats and Suits is to come up to our showrooms and see for yourself. Make your visit today!

HERMAN CLOAK CO.
The Big Popular Priced Coat & Suit House
GIRLS to LADIES

EVERYTHING IN SILKS
M. Ascher Silk Corporation
102 Madison Ave
New York

Here you will find the silks your customers will like, at prices that *you* will like.

We suggest that you view our newest offerings.

A DOLMAN
at $16.75
Best value in the market.
Don't fail to see it!!
A HIGH-CLASS MODEL IN
A. W. CO. ALL WOOL VELOUR
KAPLAN BROS.
22 West 32nd St., New York

DERBY Waist Inc.
Progressive Stores Everywhere Are Featuring
DERBY STOUTS
—scientifically designed to fit stout figures. An assortment combined with Derby regulars will prove immensely profitable.
Immediate Deliveries. 40 W. 32nd St., New York

Cash Chases Gloom
If your financial problems are souring your disposition and keeping you awake nights, I'll provide the cure—CASH! Charges reasonable and quit when you wish.
No "red tape" and strictest confidence.
UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.
Jacob Rosenstock
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Relieve Your Mind of Financial Worry
We Will Finance Your Business
ON VERY FAVORABLE TERMS.
DETAILED INFORMATION ON REQUEST. SERVICE CONFIDENTIAL.
Trade Acceptances Purchased. Accounts Guaranteed.
Coleman & Company
Tel. Farragut 9763. 1133 Broadway.

Abundant Working Capital
for any
Sound Manufacturing or Mercantile Enterprise
on
Accounts Receivable Without Notification—
Acceptances—Drafts With Documents—
Letters of Credit—Warehouse Receipts.
The Finance Trust
26 Exchange Place. Phone Hanover 6590.
Representative will call on request.

FINANCING
of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.
WORMSER & CO.
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuyv. 3950.

ACCOUNTS FINANCED.
As low as 1% charged.
As high as 90% advanced.
Best Finance Co., 1133 Broadway

LEVISON & CO.
BANKERS
141 Fifth Avenue
We want to make money with you and for you.

See the Liliputian Style Show

B.W. WASH-TOGs

TOTS' COLORED DRESSES
BABY BOYS' SUITS
ROMPERS — CREEPERS

From $9.00 to $36.00 Doz.

The B.W. Company
73 Fifth Ave.
Cor. 15th St.
Tel. Stuy. 5432 NEW YORK

PRISCILLA COATS for MISSES

Priscilla Coats for Misses excel in style and workmanship, but they sell at popular prices. That means quantity sales and corresponding profits. It will pay you to pay us a visit. Come in today.

H. Goldwater & Co.,
36-46 W. 25th St., N. Y.

Celfast DRESSES

ASK TO SEE STYLE NO. 532

Elegantly Embroidered
TRICOTINE DRESSES
$22.50
Immediate Delivery

The exceptional large business booked on our wonderful Spring Creations warrants your inspection.

H.B. Levine Co. Inc.
12 E.33rd Street New York

HEADQUARTERS FOR POPULAR PRICED
SUITS & COATS
The wise buyer will visit HEADQUARTERS before placing his Spring Order.

All-Wool Men's Wear SERGE SUITS
Full lined with Peau de Cygne, $12.75

NIEDELMAN & HOFFMAN
COATS & SUITS
45-51 WEST 25TH STREET
NEW YORK

TIP TOP
134 W. 37th ST.
WE HAVE Several Thousand
DRESSES
For January Sales
in Serges, Satins, Taffetas & Georgettes, at close-out prices.
OUR SPRING LINE IS READY.
Also a variety of
PARTY DRESSES
on our racks at special prices.

800 JERSEY

Looks and feels like silk—but at quite a different price—particularly adapted for Sport Garments.

POTTER TEXTILE CO., Inc.
72-74 Madison Av., N. Y.

S & K SKIRT CO.
SILK SKIRT SPECIALISTS
ALL WOOL & PLAID SKIRTS
STOCK ON HAND AT ALL TIMES
SEND FOR SAMPLES
9 WEST 20TH ST. CHELSEA 9677

CHILDREN'S & INTERMEDIATE DRESSES
SPRING LINE READY. PRICE: GOODS SUITABLE FOR SALES ON STOCK $12 up
Alliance Dress Co.
130 W. 29th St. Phone Farragut 2777.

SPIRITED BIDDING FOR FURS.

European Buyers Make Big Purchases at St. Louis Sale.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 22.—Eighty thousand civets were offered at the opening of the fur sale this morning, and they attracted many buyers. They sold at an advance of 10 per cent. and for a total of $15,000. The day's sales amounted to $350,000, making the total for the three days $2,300,000.

Twenty thousand house cats sold from 9 to 90 cents each, for a total of $10,000; 5,500 ringtails sold quickly for $5,700; 500 swift fox went for $750; 300 hair seals brought $2,000; 400 mountain lions sold for $1,500; 1,700 leopard and leopard cats brought over $8,000; 1,400 bears sold for over $20,000; 130 polar bears brought $3,000.

At the afternoon session 118,000 ermine attracted strong and steady bidding. American choice lots brought good advance prices. The entire offering brought about $235,000 at prices nearly the same as at the October auction.

There were some extra choice skins in the offering of 1,000 silver fox. Paris and London buyers bid heavily and contention was strong throughout this sale.

European buyers purchased well with considerable confidence in the market, declaring that Paris can absorb large quantities of the finest furs. Because of European shortage, buying was heavy. Buyers stated they expect the era of high prices to continue abroad, and see no reason why prices here should drop. American buyers expected prices to decline.

CUTS SEA FREIGHT RATES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Reduced ocean freight rates over various routes, including some special rates on commodities to Belgium, which are expected to aid in reconstructing the commerce of that country, were announced today by the Shipping Board. The new rates follow:

Cotton from American gulf ports to Ghent, $5.10 a hundred pounds; phosphate rock from Florida to Antwerp and Ghent, $40 a gross ton; cocoanut oil from North Atlantic ports to Antwerp (and Rotterdam), $50 a long ton; rosin from American ports to Liverpool, $2.80 a hundred pounds; pine tar and turpentine from Atlantic ports to Liverpool, $3 per hundred pounds; coal from American gulf ports to Chile, $16.50 a gross ton; coal from Hampton Roads to Hawaiian Islands, $20 a ton; tanning extracts from Curacoa to New York, $30 a long ton; barley from the Pacific Coast to the United Kingdom (for the Food Administration), $52.50 a short ton.

More Buying in the Drug Trade.

General resumption of buying is reported in the drug trade, and inquiries have increased. Drug and Chemical Markets will say today. Many products are lower, including acetanilid, carbolic acid, glycerin, mercury, and cocaine. Camphor has advanced owing to scarcity, and Russian ergot is higher. Prices of dyestuffs remain steady, with few exceptions. Some dealers have been unloading too rapidly and have sold at concessions in fear that still lower prices might cause heavy losses. Benzol has advanced. Toluol is very plentiful and the price is low. The Government still holds large supplies. There is new life in heavy chemicals, and prospects are brighter for larger domestic business and for export trade.

Combinations in Women's Hats.

Besides the combination of chrysanthemum braids with georgette there are also displayed combinations of lisere with georgette and pineapple braid in women's hats that range in price from $24 to $42 a dozen, according to the bulletin of the Retail Millinery Association of America. A few of the medium-sized mushrooms in lisere with georgette crowns have thick layers of ostrich covering the entire upper brim. Moiré ribbon forms a prominent trimming feature on the lisere models. Wide ribbon flares on the crown in a contrasting shade and soft ribbon edges are seen. On the smaller shapes there are entire ribbon crowns.

In the Coat and Suit Trade.

There is very little activity in the women's coat and suit industry at present, and it is said by firms in this trade that the buying will not start until the retailers have purchased their Spring lines of dresses. The sales that are being made are relatively small in comparison with last year's business. This, however, is not causing much concern in the trade, as most of the business is looked for during the middle of next month. Conditions outside of the city are not as good as was anticipated, but it is expected that most of the buyers will come into the local market for their merchandise.

Larger Size Shirts Wanted.

In view of the lull in the shirt trade during the last two months of the past year, many of the manufacturers of men's shirts have been unloading their stocks, and in some cases reducing the price. This, it is said, accounts for the numerous shirt sales is now being held throughout the city. Although the sale of these goods has been exceptionally good in the retail stores during the past month, buyers are still holding off to a certain extent. Where orders were formerly received for shirts ranging from 14 to 14½ in size, retailers are now asking for the 15 and 15½ sizes. Many of these are being sold to men recently discharged from the service.

Wamsutta Sheeting Prices.

Watts, Stebbins & Co. have issued the following price list on Wamsutta wide sheetings, the figures representing a reduction of about 12½ per cent.:

Width.	Wamsutta.	New Bedford.	Percale.
42-in.	55½	50½	41½
5-4	58	59½	49½
50-in.	49½	42½	51½
6-4	45	45½	56½
63-in.	58½	61	71½
8-4	68½	68½	80
9-4	73½	76	88
10-4	81	83½	96
11-4	88½	91	$1.04

Have Advanced Prices.

In the local trade there has been a decided increase in the sale of leather handbags and suitcases. Orders that are being received from the New England States are very large, but in the West and on the Pacific Coast business is not as good as was expected. Some of the firms in this industry have advanced the prices on these goods that range from 50 cents to $2, depending upon the size and the quality of the material used in the construction of the article.

Fall Lines of Men's Hats.

During the last week many out-of-town buyers have been in the local trade looking over the Fall lines of men's hats. For the most part, the buying has been rather light, as the tendency seems to be to hold off for lower prices. Owing to the prevailing prices of silk, fur, and leather, it is the contention of the makers that there will not be any break in the market until the prices of these materials are much lower than what they are quoted at present.

Orders for Lace Curtains.

Lace curtain buyers who are now in town are devoting much attention to filling in orders for the Spring season. Owing to the depleted stocks in the retail stores, the merchandise that is now being sold embraces a wide range of patterns in various materials. Although there is still a big sale in the West for marquisette curtains and yard goods, more galls are being received of late for voiles. It is expected that after the inventories in the retail stores are completed more buyers will be in the market for these goods.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Irving National Bank has issued a pocket edition of its commercial map of Latin America for the convenience of commercial travelers in those countries. It contains data of all kinds useful in facilitating and extending trade.

Concerns engaged in making floor coverings have formed the National Wholesale Floor Coverings Association to promote better business conditions for those engaged in the trade. The officers are: President, L. B. Clough; First Vice President, W. C. Hanton; Second Vice President, H. J. Alexander; Secretary, E. W. Goodman, and Treasurer, H. E. Stickel.

Another of the schools of foreign trade, established at various centres, is to be organized by the Central Y. M. C. A., 55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, under the direction of E. E. Pratt, formerly with the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Lectures will be given weekly on eighteen Wednesdays.

Brown & Macrae, resident buyers of 1,270 Broadway, have added the following accounts: Miller, Rhoades & Swartz of Norfolk, Va., and the Block & Kuhl Company of Peoria, Ill.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABILENE, Texas—W. A. Minter, Jr., general mdse.; Albert.
ALBANY, N. Y.—W. M. Whitney & Co.; A. J. Palmer, rugs; 1,133 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—H. Hamburger & Co.; H. E. Hamburger, dresses; 1,270 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; C. F. Krastell, mgr. shirt, overall factories; 334 4th Av.
BALTIMORE.—Baltimore Bargain House; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery, underwear; 334 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hutzler Brothers; A. Feldman, linens, blankets; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—L. & I. Greenbaum, waists, dresses, house dresses; 1,182 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Cahn-Cabiens Co.; E. G. Colvill, domestics, silks; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Kramer & Sauber; N. Sauber, vailings, cotton piece goods; 1,182 B'way.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—J. L. Morgan Co.; H. L. Riggs, piece goods; Grand.
BOSTON—Farley, Harvey & Co.; C. E. Holt, blankets, linens, white goods; 108 Franklin.
BOSTON—Emporium World Millinery Co.; J. F. Browe, millinery; 621 B'way.
BOSTON—Blodgett, Ordway & Webber; E. J. Bartlett, quilts, toweling, white goods, draperies; 396 B'way; Cumberland.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; F. C. Hincks, furn. goods; 243 Church.
BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; W. H. Mulcahy, linens; 230 5th Av.; Park Avenue.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; J. Walsh, women's dresses; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filenes Sons Co.; Mrs. Milliken, infants' sweaters; Miss Thulin, women's coats; Miss E. Murphy, misses' suits; Miss D. Murphy, misses' dresses; Miss Otis, women's coats; Miss Watts, infants' wear; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; Miss Catheart, laces, neckwear; basement buyers, Mr. Cohen, coats, suits, dresses; Miss Gardner, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 366 5th Av.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; J. E. Kelly, notions, laces; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Clawson & Wilson Co.; C. B. Bechtold, domestics, wash goods; H. Ey Gahwe, silk, dress goods; 43 Leonard.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; G. DeBus, jewelry, silverware; Mr. Benson, toys, sporting goods, trunks; Miss Jackson, muslin underwear, negligees; 2 West 37th.
CHICAGO—Catalogue House; M. M. Philipsborn, ready-to-wear; 132 W. 21st.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss M. Clements, women's cloaks; Mrs. M. Moore, women's waists; Mrs. E. Dubitts, children's cloaks, dresses; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; L. Weiskopf, men's, boys' clothing; 368 6th Av.; Wallick.
CHICAGO—Charles A. Stevens & Bros.; E. A. Stevens, silks; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss E. Holbrook, women's skirts; Miss F. Anderson, infants' wear; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Phillipson & Co.; B. L. Sloan, dress goods, silks, domestics, furn. goods, laces, neckwear; Grand.
CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bros.; C. G. Stevens, suits; Miss M. Dunlap, women's suits; Miss Wethered, misses' suits; 44 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Brothers; J. P. Loos, hosiery, gloves, underwear; 40 East 22d.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; W. H. Garvey, cloaks, suits; F. O. Perry, dresses; 115 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—Joseph B. Loeb Co.; J. Loeb, millinery; 33 W. 32d.
CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss Vincent, jobs Georgette, crepe de chine waists; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; Miss S. Cohen, waists; Miss E. Reutlinger, silk, cotton underwear; 116 West 32d.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Miss Robbins, women's shoes; A. A. Garey, waists, basement; 225 5th Av.
DALLAS—Titche, Goettinger Co.; H. Hymes, linens, wash goods; 1,150 Broadway; Hargrave.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; W. H. Hirst, rugs; 19 East 24th.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; F. Hirsch, notions; 19 East 24th.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; A. W. Krenfing, millinery; F. B. Fraser, Miss McNamara, linens; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—Edson, Moore & Co.; J. H. Thorne, representing; 43 Leonard.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Salm Bros.; I. Salm, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; J. Conn, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.; Wallick.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—C. Snowberger, women's garments; Breslin.
GOLDSBORO, N. C.—A. M. Shrago, dry goods; Breslin.
GREENVILLE, Ill.—Waise & Bradford; G. W. Weise, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
HAMILTON, Ont.—T. Watkins, Ltd.; J. Thompson, bargain basement; 23 E. 26th.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; J. W. Bowman, dry goods; C. R. Bowman, rugs; 1,270 B'way; Continental.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss K. Sheehan, waists, petticoats; 404 4th Av.
HOUSTON, Texas—Grand Leader; J. Wolfstein, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
HOUSTON, Texas—McCardell & Sauer; J. H. McCardell, ready-to-wear, millinery; 303 5th Av.; Navarre.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Zenner-Bradshaw Co.; H. C. Gerlach, carpets; 1,270 Broadway; Hermitage.
JACKSON, Tn.—C. Mallott; H. S. Downe and A. F. Whitney, ready-to-wear; 47 W. 34th; Grand.
JACKSON, Mich.—Dach & Hershey; I. M. Dach, muslin underwear; 1,182 Broadway.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—M. Schoenfeld, skirts, dresses; 339 5th Av.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Jones Stores Co.; Mrs. E. Whitford, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 23 E. 26th.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; A. P. Duptua, jewelry, leather goods; 25 Madison Av.; Broszell.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Anderson, Dulin, Varnell Co.; Miss L. Murphy, waists; F. G. Ramsey, coats, suits; 1,150 B'way.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Anderson-Dulin-Varnell Co.; J. D. Varnell, millinery, woman's ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
LANCASTER, Penn.—M. T. Garvin & Co.; A. A. Cauler, furn. goods; 37 W. 26th; York.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Pfeiffer Bros.; Miss Vann, laces, embroideries, hdkfs., hosiery; D. Lubin, ready-to-wear, waists; 1,150 B'way.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—G. Blass Dry Goods Co.; J. G. Blass, A. Pyke, J. Berger, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway.
LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; Mrs. M. E. Turrish, corsets, women's, infants' wear; 95 Madison Av.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Herman Strauss & Sons Co.; A. Strauss, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
MEMPHIS—J. Goldsmith & Sons Co.; Mrs. L. Coleman, women's waists, misses' suits; 1,150 B'way.
MILWAUKEE—Paris Fashion Co.; G. B. Schoen, suits, coats, skirts; 37 W. 26th.
MILWAUKEE—Field's; S. T. Gans, coats, suits; Claridge.
MONROE, La.—Masur Bros.; Mr. Masur, general mdse.; 1,150 B'way.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—J. L. Cobbs & Co.; Miss A. Morris, millinery; 1,170 B'way; Imperial.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. Rice, ready-to-wear; Miss B. Dreyfuss, waists; 303 5th Av.
MONTREAL—Tooke Bros.; W. A. Brophy, tie silks; Manhattan.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Gamble-Desmond Co.; Miss F. Schell, infants' wear; 212 5th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NEW ORLEANS—Meyer Israel Co.; B. Argus, women's ready-to-wear; Imperial.
NEWPORT, Ark.—H. Clay Sanders Co.; Mrs. H. C. Sanders, ready-to-wear; 35 W. 32d.
NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; Miss A. B. Petar, coats, suits; Miss I. Sykes, rep.; 1,270 B'way; Gregorian.
NORFOLK, Va.—New York Sample Store; M. Manheimer, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th; Bristol.
OAKLAND, Cal.—S. N. Wood & Co.; A. Yohl, cloaks, suits, waists, children's garments; 43 W. 16th.
OSHKOSH, Wis.—Frank Stein & Co.; Mr. Stein, women's wear; 116 W. 32d. R. 1303.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Weiss, jobs georgette waists; 15 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Criscola, serge, silk dresses; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—A. Weiss, sultings; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Kowitz, coats; Miss Epstein, suits; Miss Koenig, dresses; 15 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; Mr. Rosenberg, jobs millinery; 37 W. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss M. McCrohan, waists; Miss A. J. Troupe, dresses; 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; H. L. Birnbaum, ready-to-wear; 364 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; J. M. Winters, waists, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH — Kaufmann-Baer Co.; J. Baer, men's, boys' clothing; M. Hersko-witz, upholstery goods, curtains, draperies; 404 4th Av.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Berkshire Mfg. Co.; G. W. Pease, pants; Murray Hill.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; O. A. Moore, Jr., upholstery goods; 432 4th Av.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; Mrs. G. M. Ridlon, coats, suits, dresses; 432 4th Av.
PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—Anderson Bros. Co.; Miss S. Farmer, Miss V. Cryer, millinery; 404 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. Samuels & Bro.; M. Isaacs, coats, suits, waists, skirts; 116 W. 32d.
PROVIDENCE.—New England D. G. Co.; B. F. Robinson, coats, suits, millinery; Imperial.
PUEBLO, Col.—Pueblo Store Co.; A. C. Jones, coats, suits, waists; P. D. Paxton, dress goods, silks; 220 5th Av.
RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; F. L. Lockett, flowers, feathers; 303 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—B. Forman Co.; Miss Epstein, representing; C. W. Herman, dresses, basement; 225 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Raub, Isaacs & Co., Inc.; R. M. Isaacs, woolens, cotton goods; 1,133 Broadway, Room 1120.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; S. Bernstein, men's, boys' furn. goods; 470 4th Av.; Aberdeen.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Hickey-Freeman Co.; J. G. Hickey, woolens; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—People's Credit Co.; J. Zobel, cloaks, clothing; 200 5th Av.
SAN ANGELO, Texas—Baker-Hemphill Co.; W. Apple, dry goods, notions; 395 B'way.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Zions Co-op. Mercantile Institution; R. A. Patrick, silks, velvets, ladies' furn. goods, cloaks, waists, notions, laces, ribbons; A. H. Woodruff, domestics, dress goods, blankets, white goods; 60 Worth.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Saulson D. G. Co.; Mr. Hickok, notions, jewelry, hosiery, gloves, underwear; G. C. Margoszewits, domestics; 1,150 B'way.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Emil Blum Co.; Miss M. E. Jones, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.
SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Colonial Cloak & Suit House; S. Shiverman, coats, suits, dresses; 1,150 B'way, Room 1013.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss Loeb, infants' wear; Miss R. Mason, women's coats; Mrs. M. Gaskell, women's suits; 225 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Reich & Lievre; M. Reich, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 1,170 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—S. N. Wood & Co.; A. Yohl, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 43 W. 16th.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—Leopold Adler; J. Rainstein, infants', children's, boys', men's wear; 1,150 B'way.
SCOTTS BLUFF, Neb.—Fliesbach & Sons; H. S. Fliesbach, general mdse.; McAlpin.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Frederick & Nelson; M. J. Fohn, basement ready-to-wear; 450 4th Av.
SELMA, Ala.—Ellasberg Mercantile Co.; Mrs. Mars, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
SHREVEPORT, La.—Dreyfuss D. G. Co.; S. Dreyfuss, notions, dry goods; Miss Norsek, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Culbertson-Grote-Rankin Co.; Miss I. MacFarlane, gloves, umbrellas; 116 W. 32d.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Superior Millinery Co.; S. J. Hamelberg, J. A. Ring, millinery; Bristol.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Poole D. G. Co.; J. C. Poole, mdse. mgr.; 105 Grand.
ST. LOUIS—Schwartz Importing Co.; A. Schwartz, women's, children's ready-to-wear; 684 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Co.; J. P. Coveney, woolens; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Sensenbrenner's; J. J. Sensenbrenner, ready-to-wear; 364 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—I. Russack & Sons; S. J. Russack, men's, boys' clothing; Imperial.
ST. LOUIS—Meyer & Goessling; L. J. Meyer, waists, dresses; Herald Square.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Mercantile Co.; J. A. Langhois, dress goods; C. B. Spaeth, jewelry, leather goods; E. H. Clark, wash goods; L. W. Gerard, general mdse.; 105 Grand.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Whaley & Anglin; F. J. Whaley, furn. goods; Breslin.
TALLADEGA, Ala.—Goldberg & Lewis; Mrs. M. T. Smith, cloaks, suits, furs, waists; 1,261 Broadway; Marlborough.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—J. Goldberg, suits; 37 W. 26th.
UTICA, N. Y.—Fink Bros.; J. B. Fink, men's furn. goods, hosiery, shirts, clothing, sweaters; Broadway Central.
WACO, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Miss Miller, ladies' ready-to-wear; 19 East 24th.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Frank R. Jelief; Mrs. M. Goodman, coats, suits, waists; Holland House.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; D. L. Frank, winter coats, dresses; 1,140 B'way.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Dixon Co.; Mrs. A. Water, millinery; McAlpin.
WASHINGTON—S. Bendheim, mfrs.' hats; Wellington.
WATERBURY, Conn.—Scott's Cloak House; W. D. Scott, coats, suits, corsets; Grand.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; F. A. Krim, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.
YAKIMA, Wash.—H. L. Callahan Co.; Mr. Cahallan, ready-to wear, dry and fancy goods; Prince George.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Youngstown D. G. Co.; J. Bowmaster, men's furn. goods, shirts, overalls; 72 Leonard.

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DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.
Supreme Court.
Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Joseph Nicchia and George P. Foulk of New York City were admitted to practice.
Original—Ex parte in matter of A. P. Fricke, pet.—Motion to file pet. for writ of mandamus submitted for pet.
173—Dominion Hotel, Inc., plain., v. the State of Arizona.—Passed to be restored.
134—The New York Central R. R. Co., successor, &c., plain., v. A. C. Porter, for herself, &c., et al.—Leave granted to file brief for defendants.
348—Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., plain., v. the Western Union Telegraph Co.—Assigned for hearing with case 176.
180—Companía General de Tabacos de Filipinas, aplt., v. Alhambra Cigar and Cigarette Mfg. Co.—Submitted.
169—Postal Telegraph-Cable Co., aplt., v. City of Richmond.—Argued.
170—Union Tank Line, plain., v. W. A. Wright, Controller General of Georgia.—Argued for plaintiff and submitted for defendant.
173—Northern Pacific R. R. Co. et al., pets., v. E. W. McComas.—Argued.
175—The Denver & Rio Grande R. R. Co., plain., v. J. R. Baird.—Submitted.
176—Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., aplt., v. Western Union Telegraph Co., and 348—Louisville & Nashville R. R., plain., v. the Western Union Telegraph Co.—Argument commenced.
Adjourned until tomorrow.
Call for Jan. 23: Nos. 176, (and 240,) 177, 179, 182, 183, 184, 185, (and 494,) 186, 187, (and 188,) and 189.

Southern District.
DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—In Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Holt<Wabash Ry.
Stumpp & Walter Co<NY Steam Co.
Woodbury<Boody.
Van Vliet<same.
Rust<Boody.
Maecks<same.
Maxham<Boody.
Re Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co.
Hoyt<Ellis Adding, &c. Co.
Snack<Erie RR.
Darderi<Cent RR. NJ.
Regal Button Works<Baird Mach Co.
Anderson<NY C RR.
Brown<Penn RR.
US<Six Rings.
De Velasco<Freund.
DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, 13th floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Cantine & Co<Blackford.
B'klyn & Man Ferry Co<SS Seaboard.
U S Shipping Board<SS Chippewa and Java.
DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.
Trials: Murray Rothbart.
Yee Tom. Thomas Winkle.
Edward Fickler. Michael Keogh.
DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 1, Woolworth Building, twelfth floor, at 11 A. M. Argument: Macomber<Eisner.

Eastern District.
DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Co<Janin et al, (on trial.)
DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn. Naturalizations at 9:30 A. M.
Admiralty at 11 A. M.
Festinis<Olga, (on trial.
Common law:
Parry<Cricket SS Co, (on trial.)

STATE.
Court of Appeals.
Tiedemann<Tiedemann.
Babarsky<Drew et al.
McDonald<Mohawk Gas Co.
Johnson<Syracuse Dry Goods Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Dowling, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M. Enumerated motions.
Re Bischoff.
Botsky<48th St Co.
Branch<Latham.
Loosy<Black and White Cab Co.
Stewart<Dan Casey Co.
Quenther<Ridgway Co.
Gordon, Inc<Mass Bonding & Ins Co.
People ex rel Dunn<Ludwig.
People<Levy.
Moore<Crane's Sons.
Ursprung<Grant & Co, Inc, (2.)
Lithbridge<Miller.
Tyler<Windels.
Guenther Pub Co<Ridgway Co.
Zunino<Parodi Cigar Co.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Conn Alloyed Metals Co<Earle.
Schwartz<City & Sub Home Co.
Martini<Warner Hudnut Co.
Mass<Burch.
Caldrai<Cullen Transp Co.
Sanders<Sayer.
Steam Laundry Co.
Joseph & Bros Co<Stabinsky.
Allen Lane Co<Naylor.
Riskind<Cookingham.
Joseph<McAdoo.
Roth<Roth.
Hoyt<Katz.
Carpenter<Carpenter.
Waumbek Mfg Co<Casino Waist Co.
Shapiro<same.
Re Ewing & Miles, Inc. (Gregory.)
Aresoni<Ulirey.
Tussenbrock<Tussenbrock.
Craig<Adams.
Moore<McPhillips.
Lennan<Lennan.
Mapes<Purdy, (2.)
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Smith<Smith.
Watts<Watts.
Seymour<Mechanics & Metals Nat Bank.
Egelson<Egelson.
Bodenstein<Oppenheim.
Lennan<Lennan.
Taubin<Lester Austern, Inc.
Preston, Inc<Rice.
Moore<Perot.
Lefkowitz<Reiss.
Kuttner<Kuttner.
Aronson<Bushman.
Rubin<Katz.
Pomerantz<N Y Rys Co, (2.)
Rothman<same.
Rosenberg<same.
Sonnenberg<same.
Schreibman<same.
Smith<same, (2.)
Schmidt<same.
Stanton<same.
Roberts<same.
Taylor<same.
Tierney<same.
Ventura<same.
Glozer<same.
Genser<same.
Brahm<same.
Bogolslon<same.
Berkowitz<same.
Miller<same.
Mansbach<same.
Logidiuci<same.
Lieberman<same, (2.)
Adler<same.
Halzen<same.
Lecaust<same.
Draisin<same.
De Stefano<same.
Davis<same.
Fosket<same.
Conti<same.
Burns<same.
Baer<same.
Bloom<same.
Duffy<same.
Skop<same.
Klier<5th Av Coach Co, (2.)
Smith<same.
Seamen's Bank for Saving<Mooney.
Bowring<Gillespie.
May<Cort Film Co.
Pottash<Cleveland-Akron Bag Co.
Hanover Silk Mfg Co<Mendelson.
Commonwealth Mtge Co<Le Roy Sargent & Co.
Greenhaus<Greenhaus.
Baxter<Trumpbour-Whitehead Brass & Copper Co.
Davis<Plant.
Re Tuzio<De Feline.
Gerlow<Benesch.
Zibell<Vose.
Goodman<Rubinstein.
Blasius<Hartford Fire Ins Co.
Cassuto<Scheinman.
Hill<Hill.
Ratkowsky<A. Ratkowsky, Inc.
Cole<Warner-Quinlan Asphalt Co.
Clarke<Clarke.
Greenhut Co<Cooper.
Francesconi & Co<Shongood.
Donohue<Kaumautsos.
Ford<Flammer.
Donahue<Koumoutsos.
Suspension Bed Spr'g Mfg Co<Gassau-Thompson Co.
Trimbles<Levine, (2.)
Hickey<Messimer.
Brown<de Montjoye.
PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions:
Douglas<Boston Transcript Co.
Levison<Kahnweiler.
Holmes<Camp (3.)
Preferred cause:
Prudential Iron Wks<Non-Column Garage.
General calendar:
Block<Block.
Moder<Moder.
Lewis<State Bank.
Force<Force.
Dey<Seaver.
Nat Soc of Music, Inc<Bailey.
Hughes<Techt.
Miller<Schwartz & Co.
Weissberg<Weissberg.
Elliott & Co<Oxman.
Sims<Sims.
Helmann<Joslin.
Cohen<Grossman.
Rieger's Sons, Inc<Everard's Breweries.
Rochler<Walsh.
Rafferty<Teachers Ass'n, NY C.
Taylor Auto Truck & Renting Co<Taylor Trucking Co.
Kapitola<Kapitola.
Tyers<Tyers.
US Trust Co<Spear & Co.
Levis<Glaser.
Frawley<Dietz.
Black<Lodge Moders-maelet.
Root<Bagnell.
Palefsky<Kobriner Benev Ass'n.
Harmse<Harmse.
Kessler<Johnson.
Wilner<same.
Schoenholtz<NY Life Ins Co.
Walsh<Emig Ind Sav Bank.
Case on.
PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.
PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Part II., Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.
Royal Card & Paper Co<Metro Lith Co.
Breslow<Altman.
Sobel<Salzman.
Friedlander<Rosenthal.
Goetz<Wharton.
Atlantic Sales Co<E Shore Shpbldg Co.
Berg<Erts.
Goodman<Rubinstein.
Kuble Co<River Leafe.
Waterman<Tumble-In Co, Inc.
Post<Megaloe.
Paulson<Benenson Rty Co.
Trainor<Trainor.
Waydell & Co<Am Trading Co.
Berensman<Weber.
Solomon<Union Sav'ge Bank of Augusta.
Irvin Trust Co<Tull.
Oil, Paint & Drug Reporter<Hechtkopf.
Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner.
Village Garage<Farrell.
James<Steinburger.
Liberty Nat'l Bank<MacFarland.
Phillips<Blumberg Bros Co.
Feller<Friedman.
Wright, Inc<Maresca.
Elliott<Amer Star L.
Hubschmitt, Jr<Hercules Steel Co.
Maher<Picker.
Pictorial Review Co<Miller & Crozier Co.
Nelson<Citizens Bank.
Palmer<Nat'l Film.
Mears<Levitt.
Bauchsbaum Co<Mayes.
Person<Hartmann.
Nordstrom<Ledyard.
Lindsay<Morelon.
Breslaugh<Keating.
Case on.
PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.
Inq.—Cohen<Baron.
Schatz<NY Cent. RR.
Weiss<Bassel, (2.)
Bila<Bloomingdale.
Katz<Mallory SS Co.
Worsin<NY Rys.
Holders Realty Co<Speitze.
Silberberg<Grand Central Palace Co.
Barner<Richman.
Nudelman<NY Con RR.
Zappler<Union Ry.
Burhans<Bishop.
Neger<Lowenthal.
Green<Hulbert.
Harreys<Marmus.
Kandel<Combined R E Interests (2.)
Field<Schubert Bearing Co.
Jabs<Union Ry.
Cohen<O'Connell.
Austin<Seeman.
Goldstein<NY Rys.
Jacobowitz<Union Ry.
Kaastner<Kinsel'a.
McCarthy<NY Rys.
McShane<Degnon Con.
Clark<Variety, Inc.
Thomann<NY Rys.
Beloff<Cohen.
Hervereaux<Black & White Cab Co.
Wolf<NY, N H & H RR.
Gelb<Int R T.
Carbola<NY Rys.
Cooperson<Rachman.
D'Angelo<Feldman.
Lucullo<same.
Voight<Johnson.
Biasichia<Allied Mut Liab Ins Co.
Filangeri<Morse D D & Repair Co.
Manley<Muller.
Ricciardi<S I R T.
Richard<Bixler.
Hofstetter<Foster.
Lalla<Hiesman.
Castellana<same.
Nachanowitz<Joseph.
Fahy<Wilck, (2.)
Mangio<Conley Foil Co.
Parker<Swift & Co.
Ray<US Garages, Inc.
Heimowitz<Steinmetz.
Bunt<Grosher.
Varona<NY Rys.
Van Dorn<NY Rys.
Macaluso<Feldman.
Peters<McKeown.
Smith<same.
Bornstein<Johnson.
Piscitello<CNY.
Bradley<NY Co Nat Bank.
Stoltzenberg<Burns Bros, Inc.
Palumbo<Raporel SS.
Schaenman<Int R T.
Moskowitz<Klauber Rty Co.
Riccardi<Lemon.
Buffum<Hoondorf.
Jacobs<C I & B RR.
Kellar<Griffler.
Hellman<Int R T.
Gill<W Spencer & Son.
Bilawski<C I & B RR.
Sullivan<NY Rys.
McInerny<Slater.
Cronin<Bergen.
Halpern<Frey.
Krakower<De Diiva.
Becher<Peck.
Tapper<NY Rys.
Copozzi<NY Con RR.
N McNiff<Schwarz.
J. McNiff<same.
Martin<Burchell.
Ericksen<Truth Magazine, Inc.
Abramowitz<Gross.
Cohen<NY Rys.
Pottebaum<Greenman.
Kraus<Pilcher.
Goodkin<Frantz.
Budlansky<Richard Carvel Co.
Creveling<D,L&WRR.
Holland Security Co<Greenhut.
Greenbaum<Amdur.
Smith<Belt Line Ry.
Turn Verein of CNY<Bradley Con Co.
McGuiness<Duval.
Fay<Sarasohn.
Longon<Bailey Co.
Longo<Press Pub Co.
Shaw<Kornbluth.
Spiegel<Marsh.
Freydberg<Colan.
Krane<Martin Taxi Service Co.
Zebrower<Boys' Club.
C Finley<Atlantic Transport Co.
H Finley<same.
W Finley<same.
Atwater<same.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.
Friedenberg<Rosenwasser.
Laxer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Goodwin<Ansonia.
Frank<Ryan.
Warwick Art Studios, Inc<Sackett & Wilhelms Corp.
Lund<Lund.
Kraut<Richard.
Vail<Bernstein.
Leiberger<Weyhmann.
Phil<Matthews.
Herzog's Cloak & Suit Co<Skroder.
Hemingway<Marian, Orth & Hastings Co.
Sklamberg<Zacknowitz.
Beaver Eng & Con Co<CNY.
Von Dorn<Crary.
Schoonmaker Co, Inc<Hirsch.
Hallowell<Headden.
Nat City Bank of NY<Schwarzstein.
Mundheim Co<US Fid & Guar Co.
Maderobros<Miller.
Caracanda<Dugundji.
Albright<Byrnes.
Weiss<Am Burlesque Assn, Inc.
Goodney<Yadofsky.
Davis<Plant.
Logan<Turner.
Wachsman<Simpson.
Lesher<Mfg Jewelers Export Co.
Finke<Com Cas Ins.
O'Hanlon<McCreery & Co.
Park & Tilford<Davenport.
Cagliostro<Oddo.
Martin<Keen.
Batcheller & Co<Feiner.
Import Chem Co<Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Universal Chain & M Stamping Co<Egyptian Lacquer Mfg Co.
Rogers<Brisben.
Williams Commission Co<Consumers Linter Co.
Partola Mfg Co<C P N Chemical Co.
Geichtel<Stone.
Newell<Peter Ibbetson.
Scrivens<Blum Co.
Depositors' Assets Corp<Convent Park Const Co.
Sulzberger<Carroll.
Sivelli<New River Coal Co.
Howlett<White & Co.
Relber<Madison Glue Mfg Co.
Sundh Elec Co<Batavia Switchboard Co.
Howlett & Hockmeyer Co<Brody.
Morey<Moon.
Keen<Anderson.
Hudson Products Co<Holzwasser, Inc.
Goldstein<Fidelio Brewing Co.
Herskovits<Ocean Heights Imp Co.
Morris<Ringer.
TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.
PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lyden, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Rappaport<3d Av Ry.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Green<Shepiro.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.
CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estate: Aaron Datesgold.
Wills for probate: Charles E. Fleming. Claus A. Meyn. Martin Simons. Josephine Baer. Max Speiser. Philip Maloy. Anthony D. Holmes. Nannette G. Kaufman. George P. Kneeber. John M. Mages. Helen B Joozel.
TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Senkiw<Archbishop, &c, Russian, &c, Ch.
Knoch<M & L Radin.
Beauty Waists<Traphagen.
Rubenstein<Rosenfeld.
Wertheim<Weinrib.
Donnelly<Swiss Colouro Co.
Frost Veneer Seating Co<Atlantic Cabinet.
Merz<Ratkowsky.
Schneider<NY Con RR.
Rway Adv Co<Winter.
Freiman<Frankel.
Dryfoos<Miller.
Pioneer Ladies' Garment Co<Hollinger.
Nadler<Grand Lodge, I O F S I.
Abramowitz<Jones.
Wang<Greenberg.
Pulvin<Truchinskey.
Cramer<Byrne.
Austin, Nichols & Co<Kurtz.
Arker<Fisher.
Martin<Curnyn.
Bartley<Sofield & Co.
Goodwin-Gallagher, &c, Corp<L P Fluhrer Co.
Froman & Hacker<Grossman.
Brenner<Heller.
Woodruff<Woodruff.
Kirsch<Mittenthal.
Malsman<Bigio.
Lippman<Rosenblatt.
Alland Bros & Co<Horikoski & Co.
Greenberg<Silverman.
Miller<Quinn.
Forman<Friedman.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
McGowan<Miller.
Tannenbaum<Lindenburg.
Kaplan<Potter.
Massey<Lamb.
Jonda<Electo Co. (2.)
Pearlman<Tiedemann.
Rubin<Normandy Waist Co.
Ridley<Gordon.
Nash<Goldberg's Son & Co.
Langer<Int R T.
Freiman<Frankel.
Cohen<Penn RR.
Katz<Weiss.
Goldberg<Kline.
Muhlstein<Weiser.
Schlamofsky<NY Rys.
Strassberg<Wartikowitz.
Hirschhorn<Schiffmen & Co.
Reimer<NY Rys.
Levy<Int R T Co.
Gross<same.
Vogel<same.
Scherkowitz<Taxi Cab Transit Co.
Slutzkin<Lebast.
Brodsky<3d Av RR.
Price<Cohn.
Nadelman<NY Rys.
Sachs<same.
Kaufman<42d St, &c, Ry.
Winkler<Goldberg.
Cohen<Rabinowitz.
Finkelstein<K & W Holding Corp.
Schatz<Brandwein.
Conti<Battaglia.
Forman<Friedman.
Mendelson<N Y City Int Ry.
Warren Products Co<Caravel Co.
Landers<N Y Rys.
Williams<Colt-Stratton Co.
Meltzer<Kush.
Kendler<Int R T Co.
Finkelstein<same.
Greenberg<143 Forsyth St Co.
61st St Bldg Co<Eltoma Rty Co.
Reeder<Int R T.
Yam<Lipman.
Sanitary Brass Wks<Rubin & Marcus.
Firs<Kobler Volesner Y M B A.
Prokosuner<Clyde Mills.
Symons<Shattan.
Roman<Nat'l Gum & Mica Co.
Kohn<NY Rys.
Elberger<Lawyers Mtge Co.
Wieser<117 Columbia St.
Possein<Weinstein.
Berger<Stein.
Vuolo<Fidler.
Rubenstein<Gibraltar.
Hauben<Rosenbaum.
Schwarts<Hall.
McKenna<Bordens Farm Prod Co.
SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Schlesinger<Schlesinger. Clear.
PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Ackerman<Blumenthal.
Prudential Knit Mills, Inc<Krasney.
Noschkes<Stone.
Field<Zuckerman.
Bank of US<Am Sea Grass Co.
Stein<Pergallo.
Fein<Kruger.
Birch<Richard Carvel Cotst Co.
Regan<Jackson.
Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co<Am Union L.
N Y Overseas Co<Halle Perris Trading Co.
Howes Const Co<Maryland Cas Co.
Crane<Litchfield.
Feinstein<S. Blumenthal Co.
Nathan<Strauss.
Weissman<Nat Liberty Ins Co.
Watney<Dannen.
New England Woolen & Dress Goods M'lls, Inc<Schaum.
Perlman<Golden.
Aaronson, Kaplan & Melrowitz<Baum.
Cirrincione<General Waist Co.
Landau<Levensohn.
Ritter<Internat'l Cloak, &c, Co.
Hurewitz<Kramer.
Maas<Hofmann, (2.)
Halpern<Newark Rub.
Gotham Pearl Button Works<Am D G Co.
Boswell<Winter.
Tuttle<Simon.
Kupferman<Mirsky.
Rabinowitz<Goldstein.
Lazarowitz<Sachs.
Tsaconas<Mouwet.
Silberstein<Lefkowitz & Bros.
Kaufman<Kaplan.
Pelligrino<Atl Load.
Case on.
PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Re Lustig—Alfred H. Towsley. Re Bresenoff—William Allen.
SUPREME COURT — Hendrick, J.—Kobre Assets Corp<Elliott—Hon. Charles S. Whitman.
SUPREME COURT — Finch, J.—Berrier<Green—Charles Weiser.

Receiver Appointed.
SUPREME COURT — Finch, J.—Central Union Trust Co<Broadway & John St Corp—Margaret M Burnett.

BRONX COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.
Fleischman<Murray, (4.)
Oster<Westergren.
Thompson<Thompson.
Same<McKeon.
Paskart<Thompson.
Thompson<Jarchow.
Sheridan<Brennan.
Gold<Abrams.
Re Armour.
Re Masanec.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. Orr<Orr.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.
Jacobson<Brody.
Napolis<Booth.
Vernora<Brody.
Campbell<Rosenfeld.
Skoultchi<Goldberg.
Whitney<Blake.
Palits<Duemple.
man, (3.)
Ambraszka<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
White<Weigle.
King<Weinberger.
Metropolitan Elec Mfg Co<Woods, Inc.
The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:
H Poulson<Mangels.
K Poulson<same.
D'Avola<Waites Motor Van & Storage Co.
Marks<Lewandowski.
Wynne<Corona Prov.
Tilley<Muelberger.
Guastavino<Rock.
Y Sneiderwitz<Ehai.
H Sneiderwitz<same.
S Fox<Brunor.
L Fox<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Weisgal<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Zelenko<Union Ry.
W Zelenko<same.
Heilman<Corona Prov.
Abbenante<Union Ry.
McCarthy<Int R T.
Barchan<Grossman.
F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Skupinsky<same.
Hultgren<Union Ry.
Brilles<same.
Beatty<Pence.
Carey<NY O RR.
Rail<Neuman.
Rosenthal<Waites Mot Vans & Storage Co.
Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency.
L Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage.
S Rosenthal<same.
Weber<Holstan.
Usspalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co.
Verro<Union Ry.
Wolf<same.
Helt<Walworth Bros, Inc.
Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc.
Tuccitto<Union Ry.
Grace<Union Ry.
Nacheman<Hoolahan.
N Frey<Heyne.
M Frey<same.
O'Sullivan<same.
Goldstein<Union Ry.
Kruger<Goldberg.
Weingold<Wulfhop.
Silverblatt<Int R T.
Gasdia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital.
Kallman<Sanwick.
Brinn<Samuels.
O'Shea<Hobby.
Buschi<B H RR.
Phillips<Jacobs.
Buschi<B H RR.
Winkler<Union Ry.
Cotter<Burns Bros.
Ross<So Blvd RR.
Beyrodt<Lyon.
McGuire<C A Sigmund Realty Co.
Bastone<CNY.
Toots<Segal.
Eisler<So Blvd RR.
Lopota<Int R T.
Greenblatt<same.
Stringle<Crimmins-Oper Co, Inc.
J Fanelli<Ferguson.
N Fanelli<same.
Maurer<Gimbel Bros.
Schoenfelder<NY Rys.
Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.
PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.
CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.
SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Karpinski<Chelsea Fibre Mills, Inc.
Mehrstein<Navlys Co, (2.)
Maher<Stein.
Fenluer<Union Ry.
Grieco<Comes.
Castro<Union Ry.
Tusel<Hausmann.
Flanagan<Siegel.
Goldman<Int R T.

Referees Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Orth<Kronemeyer et al—Arthur N. Giegerich. Wheelwright<Ginsburg Rty Co—Jacques Mantinband.

KINGS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM — Second Department — Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Southard<Southard.
Re Breen.
Lockwood<Lamberg.
Fields<Fields.
Leo<Leo.
Oppenheim, Collins & Co<Weir.
People State NY<Libetti.
Haber<Libratti.
Re Partola Mfg Co<Coon.
Weintraub<John Clarke Estate.
Martin Rlty<Bay View Heights R Co (Normandie), (2.)
Clancy & Van Alst Con Co<Brown.
Price<Walker.
Rhinehart<Merguntine.
Segreto<Degnon Const.
Luby<Luby.
Miller<Silkworth.
Deck<Levin (2.)
Long Beach Trucking Co<Woodrow.
Davies<Healey & Co.
Mason<Norwood.
Schwartz<Golden.
Ruland<Tuthill.
German<German.
Rocker<Emmons Co.
Rosenwasser Bros<Workingmen's Co-op Pub Assn.
Boro Haulage Co<Garford Motor Truck Co.
Sasho<Wakefield.
PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART III.—Lasansky, J.—At 10 A. M.
Stutsky<Rosenblum.
Pattelit<Peterson.
Bourke<Rourke.
Davis<Isaacs.
Davidson<Davidson.
Schmitt<Schmitt.
Reiss<Reiss et al.
Lamb<Lamb.
Ruggiero<Ruggiero.
Fiori<CNY, (3.)
Gleason<Gleason.
Liftchild<Liftchild.
Bess-Mar Realty Co<Capell.
Sharp<Sharp.
Kantor<Kromback.
Lyle<CNY.
Aherns<Parker.
Feldman<Feldman.
Stern<Shea.
Cantor<Frucht.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Harway Improve Co<Partridge.
Highest number reached on regular call, 1254.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.
Feeney<Nassau RR.
Teague<B H RR.
Carey<C I & B RR.
Kinney<Hillin.
Reder<Cohen.
Hammermesch<Kemp.
Kadish<N Y Cons RR.
Llain<Reiss et al.
Baxter<Nassau RR.
Neidig<Shaw.
Ebbert<Cohn.
Moorcroft<Dressler Tunnel Ovens & ano.
O'Leary<Sand.
Goldstein<S Bklyn RR.
Rosenthal<Bklyn, Qns Co & Sub RR.
Haskell<Haskell.
Steinberg<Ward Baking Co.
Trubler & ano<CNY.
Sawyer<Wash Detective Bureau.
Sussman<Michaels.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Kenney<Million.
Kornblum<Com Advertiser Assn.
Richter<Clover Farms.
Dalury<Dalury Candy.
Feller<Nassau RR.
Federico<Herman et al.
Shepuraitis<Kaslaukas.
De Groff<Drysdale.
McGuire<Nassau RR.
Newman<Bennett.
Cogut<Bashist.
Shawee<Nassau RR.
Winslow<B, Q Co & S RR.
Talmud<NY Rys.
Asserson<CNY.
US Title Guar Co<Burrough.
Binder<Perdigo.
Loeser & Co<Durland.
Davidson<Kramer & ano.
Furgerson<Sayre.
People<Hart.
Herbert<Nichols.
Redmond<Carrier.
Ratz<Hummeresh & ano.
Feinbloom<Palley.
Kantrowitz<Resnick.
Halperin<Barrett.
Karlinsky<Mandelbaum.
Fritz<Levine & ano.
Moore<Kahan & ano.
Mussachio<Moskowitz.
Herman<Kramer.
Silverman<Kalish.
Prumm<B H RR.
Bernstein<NY Title & Mtge Co.
Boyle<NY Con RR.
Laffel<Met Life Ins.
Dowd<NY Rys.
Fenning<Laskas & ano.
Moresco<B H RR.
Highest number reached on regular call, 6607.

Surrogate's Court.
CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of: Peter Stappers. Rebecca Solomon. Nathan Levy. Anna Treckmann. Elizabeth Duffy. William Seaman. Harda Normann. Carolina Landroe. Lena Saphir.
Accountings of: Josiah White. Lawrence Lehman.
Joseph Eppig. George Burns. Marinus Emerins. Theodore Crohen.
Administration of: Pincus Belchenthaler.
Estates of: Weiss infants. Mary Roche. Frederick Miller. Elizabeth Proudman. Margaret Chatfield. Benjamin Spatt.

County Court.
PART IV., May, J. PART V., Dike, J.—No day calendar.

QUEENS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M.
Case on—No day calendar.
Highest number reached on calendar is 748-1.
TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cohen, an inf<Laracco.
Regan<Burck, & ano, as execrs.
Egan, an infant, &c<Thos Roulston, Inc.
Posser<Michaelfelder & ano.
Coutieri<Long Isl RR.
Smith<Marks, Lissberger & Son, Inc.
Whitbeck<B H RR.
Stratford, by guardian<Seaman.
Burba<NY Rys.
O'Connell<Begg & ano, as receivers, &c.
McDonald<B H RR et al.
Kenny, as admr, &c<51st St Garage, Inc.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:
Seaman, an inf<Stoff.
Hill<NY Cons RR.
O'Neill<same.
Quittner<Hirschberg.
Johnson<Dally et al.
Elliott<Reliable Bldg.
Esper<Pell.
Hooh<Menton.
Magale<Brown.
Consalvo, an infant<Mansfield et al.
O'Beirne<B H RR.
Kruse<Schlessinger.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2622.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Tompkins, J.—At White Plains at 10:45 A. M.
All motions noticed for the 23d are adjourned to 24th.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Keogh, J.—At New Rochelle at 10 A. M.
Miller<Jamaica Manor Realty Co (on trial.)
Rosenthal<Merts.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Platt, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Geno<Funk.
Bird<Herdtfelder.
Balance of calendar goes over to February.

County Court.
DAY CALENDAR—Young, J.
Sarisa<Conteit.
McGee<Smythwick.
Lavigna<Dorrance.
Tocci<Menn.
Van Sustendael<Schneider (2.)
Gabriele<Badeau.
Yonkers Lumber Co<Hanlon.
Miller<Smith.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Considerable activity characterized the realty market yesterday, the chief feature of which was a report that the National Park Bank had practically closed negotiations for additional property on Fulton and Ann Streets, for the purpose of enlarging its Broadway bank building in the near future. In the Bronx the resale of the Great Northern Apartments closed a $500,000 deal and Manhattan was productive of several good transactions.

The officials of the National Park Bank declined to affirm or deny the reported deal, but it was stated that the property to be acquired includes the well-known Mouquin's restaurant building and the old Brosnan's cafe, one of the oldest establishment of its kind in the city, at 151 Fulton Street, adjoining the bank building. The latter property, fronting 23 feet by 818 feet deep is owned by the Alexander Ventura estate and the reported deal involves the taking of a long lease by the bank. Adjoining is the Mouquin Restaurant property, at 149 Fulton Street, running through to 20 Ann Street, 23.1 feet on each street and 134.8 feet in depth. This is owned by the Pauline A. Morgan Estate. The old building at 18 Ann Street was purchased by the National Park Bank in 1917.

With the acquirement of this additional property the bank would control a frontage of 137.10 feet on Fulton Street and 114.14 feet on Ann Street. The bank building has a frontage of 59.4 feet on Broadway, flanked by the St. Paul building on the Ann Street corner and the old structure on the immediate Fulton Street corner.

The Great Northern Apartments Held at $500,000 Resold to Syndicate.

The Great Northern Apartments in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx, recently sold by the Johnson Estate to Frederick Brown, operator, have been resold to the syndicate headed by Louis Cohen.

The porperty, which is assessed for taxation purposes by the city at $425,000 and was held at $500,000, consists of two six-story elevator apartments, occupying a plot 126 by 288 by irregular on 161st Street between Westchester and Hewitt Avenues.

There are eighty-two apartments and three stores in the two buildings, which show a gross rental of about $63,000 a year. It was an all-cash transaction, negotiated by Leitner Bruner and Starr.

Quick Resale of $96,000 Apartment in West Bronx.

At a substantial profit the Morgenstern Brothers Syndicate sold to Joseph Gulinsky its contract to purchase 2,109 Harrison Avenue. The property consists of a five-story modern apartment, occupying a plot 75 by 100, adjoining the corner of 180th Street, in the West Bronx section. It is fully rented, shows an annual income of $14,000, and was held at $90,000.

Private Dwellings Sold.

James H. Cruikshank has resold to Willy Ehernhauss the three-story dwelling at 116 East 112th Street, on plot 17.4 by 100. Harry Sugarman and E. A. Polak were the brokers.

Pease & Elliman sold for the Beekman Estate Corporation the leasehold of the dwelling 120 East Sixty-fourth Street, on a lot 20 by 100. The buyer, a well-known banker, will occupy the premises.

Henry E. Poor purchased from E. H. Norton 119 East Sixty-first Street, a five-story American basement dwelling, on a plot 30 by 102.2, near Park Avenue. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the sale.

Children's Aid Society Buys on Second Avenue.

The Children's Aid Society purchased from George Hampton 829 Second Avenue, a four-story brick building, on a plot 27.6 by 92. The buyer holds title to the adjoining property on the northwest corner of Forty-fourth Street, and now control a plot of 80 by 100. The building will be extensively altered into a gymnasium and club rooms. Henry Hof negotiated the sale.

The Bronx Market.

Elisabeth Shirley sold to Leo Miller for investment 2,206 University Avenue, a two-story private dwelling. McLernon Brothers in conjunction with L. Adler negotiated the sale.

The Queen Mab Company sold to an investing client of Hugo Wobst four brick houses on the south side of Eighth Street, 250 feet east of Fourth Avenue, Williamsbridge.

Brooklyn.

The Clinton Trading Corporation of Brooklyn sold to Louis J. Druss a four-family brick dwelling at 2,749 West Third Street, Coney Island, on a plot 30 by 100 feet. Bernard Berenberg was the broker in the transaction.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold to Eugene Craig Cochran 1,830 Seventieth Street, a two-story, two-family brick house, on a lot 20 by 100.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Hanson Construction Company, Inc., purchased from S. Goodman a plot, 73 by 109, at the southwest corner of Sherman Street and the Fresh Pond Road, Evergreen.

E. Karsch purchased from G. Haviland a plot, 115 by 160, on the east side of Fourteenth Street, north of Seventh Avenue, College Point.

A. Jacob sold to S. Papp a plot, 50 by 100, on the east side of Fourteenth Street, north of Seventh Avenue, College Point.

Westchester County.

Fish & Marvin sold for the Crowell Publishing Company a residence on Storer Avenue, at Pelham, to Frederick B. Davies of Brooklyn. The property was held at $13,000.

New Jersey.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman sold for Edwin Quackenbush to Arthur H. Carpenter the residence 80 Linden Street, Woodside Park, Ridgewood, N. J.

Henry G. Atha of Newark purchased from Michael Bennett a country estate situated on the north side of Rumson Road, opposite the entrance to the Rumson Country Club. The property has a frontage on the Rumson Road of about 350 feet, and contains eight acres. There is a large modern residence on the property, which was held at $25,000. William H. Hintelmann negotiated the sale.

Commercial Leases.

White-Goodman have leased the store on the Thirty-second Street side at 152 Madison Avenue to Spielmann & Co., silk merchants, and Spear & Co. in conjunction with Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd leased for the Hermanos Realty Company the entire building 129-131 Greene Street for a term of years to the General Merchandise and Warehouse Company, now located at 158 Wooster Street.

Gifford Pinchot has leased his six-story business property at 21 West Forty-fifth Street to a client of A. J. Robertson for a period of twenty-one years, subject to the existing leases.

J. Clarence Davies leased for Henry Frank to the Arden Manufacturing Company the three-story brick factory 446 East 148th Street.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased for J. Archibald Murray the store and basement of the Inverness Building, 129-135 Lafayette Street, corner of Howard, to Lunkenheimer Company, for many years located at 64 Fulton Street, at an aggregate rental of about $50,000.

Pease & Elliman leased the five-story and basement building 214 Franklin Street for George C. Carnegie to Joseph Kane for a term of years.

Realty Notes.

John J. Leonard is the buyer of the dwellings 229 to 233 West 129th Street.

The Harlem Property Owners' Association will meet this evening at 147 East 125th Street.

There will be a public meeting in Borough Hall, St. George, S. I., on Friday evening for the purpose of co-operating with President Calvin D. Van Name in his demands for subway connection between Staten Island, Brooklyn, Manhattan, and the Bronx.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

Balcolm Av, s w cor Latting, 550x100x—x125; also Balcolm Av, e s, — s Latting, 225x100; S. E. Conklin against Bronx Dock & Land Co. et al.; Harvey De Raun, attorney; due, $24,776.24; taxes, &c., $2,051.54; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

Haviland Av, s w cor Havemeyer Av, 305x108; also Haviland Av, n w cor Havemeyer Av, runs n 108x e 175x s 25x e 105 to Havemeyer Av x s 83x w 280 to beginning; also Edwards Av, e s, 100 ft n of Latting, 75x100; Sarah E. Conklin against Bronx Dock & Land Co. et al.; Harvey De Raun, attorney; due, $15,400.18; taxes, &c., $9,179.56; to the plaintiff for $11,000.

By Charles A. Berrian.

119TH ST, 17 West, n s, 165.5 ft w of 5th Av, 14x76.10x14.6x73, three-story tenement and store; I. E. Place against Samuel Siskind et al.; Wells & S., attorneys; due, $10,915.98; taxes, &c., $264.94; to the plaintiff for $4,300.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, w s, 90 ft n of Leroy St, 24.6x75; Thomas W. Chirney to Minnie H. Chirney, Great Barrington, Mass., mtg $10,000, Jan. 15; attorney, T. S. Hale, 47 West 34th St....$1
CHERRY ST, 384, s s, 25x101.10; Scammel St, 45 and 47; Rebecca Richard to Alice L. Wright, 123 Parkside Av, Brooklyn, mtg $35,000, ½ interest, July 18, 1918; attorney, Thomas F. Keogh, 237 Broadway....$1
SAME PROPERTY; B. & E. Gerden Co. to same, ½ interest, mtg $3,500, July 18, 1918; attorney, same....$1
FRONT ST, 126, w s, 90.3 ft n of Wall St, 75x18.6x irregular, foreclosure Nov. 26, 1918; Charles A. Curtin, referee, to Henry L. Young, 67 Oxford Av., Richmond Hill, N. Y., Jan. 21; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$24,100
MADISON AV, 1,046, a w corner of 80th St, 60.2x95; Charles A. Stein and Royal Atlantic Realty Corporation to Moss Estate, Inc., 60 Wall St, mtg $60,000, Jan. 20; attorney, H. E. Rogers, 60 Wall St....$1
MANHATTAN AV, 312, n e corner of 113th St, 100.11x95; Rochambeau Realty Co. to Malex Realty Corp., 170 Broadway, mtg $135,500; attorney, Alexander S. Natanson, 170 Broadway....$100
THOMPSON ST, 215, w s, 200 ft n of Bleecker St, 25x100; Maria Canevari to Andrew Antonio and August D. Canevari, 215 Thompson St, Jan. 21; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway....$1
WEST BROADWAY, 249, e s, 25x100; Maria Canevari to Andrew, Antonio, and August D. Canevari, 215 Thompson St, Jan. 21; attorney, Chas. Zerbarini, 346 Broadway....$1
1ST AV, 1,611, w s, 54 ft s of 84th St, 27x75, all; 2d Av, 1,415, w s, 50.6 ft s of 74th St, 25x67, ½ part; Joel Jacobs to Meyer C. Jacobs, 654 West 161st St, Jan. 15; attorney, D. Henschel, 26 Liberty St....$1
2D AV, 2,623, w s, 75 ft n of 124th St, 26.11x80.6; Madison Av, 1,897, e s, 25.5 ft n of 112th St, 25x75; Madison Av, 1,745, e s, 25.11 ft s of 115th St, 25x70; Joel Jacobs to Meyer C. Jacobs, 654 West 161st St, Jan. 18; attorney, D. Henschel, 26 Liberty St..$1
2D AV, 1,322, e s, 50.5 ft s of 70th St, 25x74; Henrietta Goldberg to Mary Mayer, 101 West 126th St, et al., mtg $14,000, Jan. 16; address, William Wolff's Son, 1,192 Lexington Av....$100
62D ST, 239-241 East, n s, 155 ft west of 2d Av, 50x100.5; Home of the Christian Hungarian Sick Benevolent Societies of New York to Philip Leone, 220 East 62d St, mtg $22,400, Jan. 20; attorney Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$40,000
74TH ST, n s, 446 ft w of Columbus Av, 22x102.2; Therese R. Naumburg to Realty Concession Corporation, 50 East 42d St, mtg $16,500, Aug. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1
84TH ST, 120 West, s s, 350 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x102.2; Hermine K. M. Griessel to Chas. H. and Francis Griessel, 120 West 84th St, mtg $15,000, Nov. 11, 1918; attorneys, Maguire & M., 200 West 72d St..$100
87TH ST, 346 West, s s, 160 ft e of Riverside Av, 20x100.8; Francis E. Hadley to Agatha H. Hadley, 346 West 87th St, Jan. 18; attorneys, Cullom & Rinka, 165 Broadway....$1
100TH ST, 227 West, n s, 170 ft e of West End Av, 15x100.11; William E. Cuff to Mary C. Cuff, 817 West End Av, mtg $24,000, Jan. 22; address, 817 West End Av.$100
103D ST, 222 East, s s, 255 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; Francis C. Kelly to Monoboro Corp., 63 Broadway, Flushing, L. I., July 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100
111TH ST, 226-230 East, s s, 240 ft w of 2d Av, 60x100.11; Leon Tuchmann to Tremont Realty Corp., 111 Broadway, Jan. 10; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway..$1
120TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of Lenox Av, 30x100.11; Edwin Kempton, trustee, to Benny Beck, 113 West 113th St, mtg $8,000, Jan. 22....$1,000

Bronx.

CONCORD AV, 438, s e cor 145th St, 77.9x100; Benj. Goldberg to Lena Goldberg, 42 Jumel Place, Jan. 15; attorney, S. J. Joseph, 154 Nassau St....$1
EAST ½, Lot 810, map Wakefield, August Lerch to Emma Lerch, his wife, 839 East 226th St, Jan. 18; attorney, W. D. Penfield, 4,523 White Plains Road....$100
HUTCHINSON RIVER GOVERNMENT Canal, s e s, being part parcel B on map Franklin A. Wilson, —x—x339; Henry R. Barrett, referee, to Caroline W. Fraser, 309 West 72d St, Dec. 3, 1918; attorneys, Wilfley, W. & E., 27 Cedar St....$8,910
HUTCHINSON RIVER GOVERNMENT CANAL, s e s, being part parcel B on map Franklin A. Wilson, 200x120x irregular; same to same, Dec. 3, 1918; same attorney....$1
KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, e s, 237 ft n from point of curve, opposite monument, L. I., 124, runs s e 109.11 x s 28.9 x w 98.5 x n 20.7; Louise Cole to Evert B. Snedeker, 2,125 Glebe Av and another, Jan. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1
LOT 94, map Abne Park; Louis Padula Co. to Nicola Marrano, 2,419 Bryant Av, Jan. 15; attorney, L. Padula, 291 East 149th St....$1
LOTS 72 and 73, same map; same to same, Jan. 15; same attorney....$1
LOT 79, same map; same to same, Jan. 15; same attorney....$1
LOT 26, map of Moss Estate; Leon G. Szefczyk to Kasimir Szefczyk, Passaic, N. J., ½ part, Oct. 16, 1918; attorney K. Szefczyk, Passaic, N. J....$1
LOT 312, map of Van Cortlandt Estate; Joseph Friedman to Sadie Friedman, 201 West 117th St, Jan. 15; attorney, R. Seelay, 51 Chambers St....$1
LOT 465, Map Lohbauer Park; Mark E. Grable to George W. Criss, 159 West 51st St, Jan. 9; attorney, L. J. Gold, 132 Nassau St....$100
MORRIS PARK AV, 592, s w corner of Garfield St, 25x9.5; Howard O. Kelly, referee, to James J. Tully, 177th St and Ferris Av and another, Jan. 22; M. J. Horan, 258 Broadway....$16,100
ST. ANN'S AV, 340, e s, 25x90; Arthur H. Henning, referee, to Sarah E. Bruce, 38 West 68th St, Jan. 21; attorneys, C. P. & M. W. Buckley, 141 Broadway....$9,000
WHEELER AV, e s, 230 ft n of Westchester Av, 40x100; Equity Assets Corp. to Philipp Messinkopf, 782 Home St, mtg $20,000, Jan. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100
135TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of Willow Av, 50x100; Frank J. Coyle to Joseph B. Miller, 326 6th Av, Brooklyn, Dec. 30, 1918; attorney, A. Weymann, 29 Broadway....$950
SAME PROPERTY; Joseph D. Miller to Clarence M. Rooney, 1,245 Simpson St, Dec. 31, 1918; same attorney....$100
141ST ST, a s, 153 ft e of Southern Boulevard, runs e 151.8x e 25x s 26.0x e 32.2x n 98.6x n 50.8x w 64.11; also 140th St, n s, 164.3 ft w of land of Harlem River & Port Chester R. R. Co., 82.2x96.6; Lena Symmers to Robert E. Symmers, 368 East 158th St, Jan. 7; attorney, William Peters & Co., 144 East Tremont Av....$1
165TH ST, 760 East, s s, 20x90; Benj. Goldberg to Dora Goldberg, 42 Jumel Place, Jan. 15; attorney, P. J. Joseph, 154 Nassau St....$1
165TH ST, 502 East, a s, 25.6x96; Wm. S. Bogert to Della N. Kelly, 160 Wadsworth Av, Jan. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100
SAME PROPERTY; Della N. Kelly to Gennaro Fasano, 2,877 West 24th St, Coney Island, mtg $10,000, Jan. 21; same attorney....$100
190TH ST, s e corner of Parkview Place, 25x85; Olds Holding Corporation to Max Steinberg, 118 West 190th St, and another, mtg $7,000, Jan. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

45TH ST, 357 West, n s, 100 ft e of 9th Av, 25x100.5, Jan. 21; Frank C. J. Becker to John Willenbrok, 33 Clifford Av., Pelhamwood, N. Y., due Jan. 21, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $16,000; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway....$4,000
87TH ST, 41 West, n s, 285 ft e of 6th Av, 20x98.9, Jan. 22; Edna W. Hulbert to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and interest as per bond....$28,000
MANHATTAN AV, 312, n e corner of 113th St, 100.11x95, Jan. 22; Malex Realty Corp. to Rochambeau Realty Co., Tarrytown, N. Y., installments, interest as per bond, prior mtg $130,000; attorney, Frederick Lese, 35 Nassau St....$5,500
FRONT ST, 126, w s, 90.3 ft n of Wall St, 75x18.6x irregular, Jan. 21; Henry L. Young to N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, 3 years, 5½ p. c....$10,000
LEROY ST, s e corner of Greenwich St, 100.1x125.2x110.2x125.3, Jan. 22; Baker & Williams, Inc., to the trustees of Columbia University, 63 Wall St, 5 years, 5½ p. c. for 3 years and then 5 p. c., prior mtg $——; attorney, J. B. Pine, 63 Wall St....$225,000

Bronx.

MANIDA ST, 848, n e s, 25x100; Emma C. Howe to Kath. L. Ward, 21 Fort Washington Av, prior mtg $5,500, Jan. 8, due as per bond; attorney, Leo Schafran, 51 Chambers St....$725
WHEELER AV, 1,222, e s, 40x100; Philipp Messenkopf to Jacob Hauburger, 773 German Place, prior mtg $19,500, Jan. 20, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,000
165TH ST, 502 East, s s, 25.6x96; Della N. Kelly to Rosalie E. Bauer, 1,839 Bristow St, Jan. 21, due Dec. 15, 1921; 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000
ST. ANN'S AV, w s, 120.6 ft n of Westchester Av, 36.8x100.1; Henry Frers to Frank J. Fuchs, 881 Cauldwell Av, Jan. 16, due Jan. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. A. Acker, 776 Forest Av....$1,000
LINCOLN ST, w s, 376.8 ft n of West Farms Road, 32.3x101.8x16.6x100; William Brommer to Rudolf Brejer, 508 East 165th St, Jan. 22, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,250
MORRIS PARK AV, 592, s w corner Garfield St, 25x95; James J. Tully et al. to Sarah B. Lovell, 654 High St, Fall River, Mass., Jan. 22, due Feb. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Reeves & T., 165 Broadway....$12,000
CLAY AV, e s, 106.8 ft n of 166th St, 39x80; Mary Shea to Sophia Goeren, 1,125 Teller Av, Jan. 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, MacKeller & G., 43 Cedar St....$1,500
CLAY AV, e s, 147 ft n of 166th St, 38.11x80; Annie D. Klippel to Elise Junker, 74 East 121st St, Jan. 8, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, MacKeller & G., 43 Cedar St.$3,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AV A, 1,530; Frederick A. Heins and another, executors, to William Koehler, 556 West 36th St; attorneys, Salter & Son, 140 Nassau St....$12,000
BAXTER ST, 83-85, mtg $21,500; Domenico Casella to Carlos Casagrande, 705 8th Av; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway....$1
LEROY ST, 17; Morton St, 18, mtg now $28,000; Harry H. Van Ness to Margaret E. Van Ness, 17 Van Nest Place, and Hamilton Walling to Harry H. Van Ness, 28 Beach St, Rutherford, N. J.; attorney, George H. Corey, 59 Wall St; 2 assignments, each....$1
MAX SILBERSTEIN, exr, to Hannah Silberstein, 945 East 163d St, and Jeanette Flam, 2,511 Broadway; attorney, L. J. Gold, 132 Nassau St; 2 assignments, each....$1
U. S. TRUST CO. OF N. Y. to U. S. Trust Co. as trustee, 45 Wall St, and Edwin A. Ely to same; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St; 2 assignments, each $1
WATER ST, 380-82, all titles; mtg, $23,000; Charles Zerbarini to John Mangini, 2,869 Bainbridge Av; attorney, C. Zerbarini, 346 Broadway....$100
1ST AV, s e c 69th St; mtg, $45,000; Morris W. Benjamin, executor, to Frida Davidson, 335 West 29th St., and another; attorneys, Cohen, S & R., 111 Broadway....$1
2D AV, 2,170; mtg, $2,000; Max Silberstein, executor, to Hannah Silberstein, 945 East 163d St and Jeanette Flam, 2,571 Broadway; attorney, L. J. Gold, 132 Nassau St.$1
7TH AV., s w c, 124th St; mtg, $55,000; Title Guarantee & Trust Co, trustee, to Anthony Doll, Jr., and another, 14 Manhattan Av; attorney, E. V. Daly, 32 Nassau St....$1
75TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Av A; ½ interest in mtg, $24,000; Emile P. Arnaud to Paul Tallen and Frederic R. Coudert, joint tenants; attorneys, Coudert Bros., 71 Broadway.$6,000
128TH ST, n s, 135.7 ft e of Convent Av and 128th St, n s, 195 ft e of Convent Av; Reuben L. Maynard and another, trustee, to Bowery Savings Bank and the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the P. E. Church in U. S., 281 4th Av.; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St; 2 assignments, each....$42,000
164TH ST, s e corner of Amsterdam Av; Louis Evers to Frederick Ritterhof, 3,021 Heath Av; attorneys, Saller & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St....$5,000
169TH ST, 565 West, mtg $30,000; 169th St Realty Corp. to Lanchorne Holding Corp., 250 West 72d St; attorney, J. Levy, 45 Cedar St....$100
178TH ST, 534 West; Nathan Tuckman to Miriam Tuckman, 601 West 168th St....$1

Bronx.

AVENUE B, s e corner of Westchester Av, 67x105x146x132; Thomas Sproull et al., executors, to Tildene F. Wood, 34 Harvest St, Forest Hills, L. I.; attorneys, Gerdes & W., 41 Park Row....$2,000
BATHGATE AV, 2,273; John Seeke to Pauline L. Seeke, 1,249 Brook Av; attorney, P. L. Seeke, 1,249 Brook Av....$3,000
CLAY AV, 1,353; John Seeke to Pauline L. Seeke, 1,249 Brook Av; attorney, P. L. Seeke, 1,249 Brooke Av....Omitted
DALY AV, s w cor Elsmere Place, —x—; Edw. W. Tapp et al. to N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$22,000
SAME PROPERTY; N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co. to Greater N. Y. Savings Bank, 498 5th Av., Brooklyn; attorney, same....$20,000
LONGFELLOW AV, 1,150; John Seeke to Pauline L. Seeke, 1,249 Brook Av; attorney, P. L. Seeke, 1,249 Brook Av....Omitted
LOT 87, map Seton Homestead; Oscar Baker to Agnes M. Newman, 1,543 Benson Av.; attorney, Joseph Newman, 1,543 Benson Av....$4,000
LOTS 662 and 663, map Lohbauer Park; William D. Hyam to Julius E. Woldt, 8 Maiden Lane; attorney, William Peters & Co....$1,000
LOTS 13 to 16, map of 165 lots of estate of Martin Schrenkeisen; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Mary Motzer, 483 East 52d St; attorney, Mary Motzer, 483 E. 52d St.$2,100
PARK AV, 3,140; Wilhelmina Hoffen to Decio Canino, 3,140 Park Av.; attorney, H. Bennett Solomon, 814 Brook Av....$6,158.38

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

MADISON AV, s w corner of 93d St; Madison Av, 1,304; 93d St, 24 East, all; Frederica A. Bennecke to Ashton Hotel Corp., 126 West 73d St, 18 years from Dec. 1, 1918; attorney, Edward H. Talman, 20 Broad St....$21,000
UNIVERSITY PLACE, 88, top floor; Guardian Life Insurance Co. to Stephanie and Andre Marchand et al., firm of Marchand Bros., 170 Broadway, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Joseph Kohler, 100 William St....$4,500
8TH AV, 783, 2d and 3d floors; Johanna Von Meyer et al. to Joe K. Leung, 783 8th Av, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1918; attorney, Quan Yickman, 28 Henry St....$1,020
8TH ST, 364, all; Hyman Schiff to Isaac Silverfield, 335 East 8th St, and another, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1916; address, I. Silverfield, 335 East 8th St....$2,950

Bronx.

KELLY ST, s e corner of 163d St, corner store; Edward Robitsek and another, executors, to Alexander Howath, 209 West 115th St, and another, 5 years from Jan. 15, option 5 years' renewal; attorneys, Edgerton & H., 255 Broadway....$1,320 to $1,560

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

HUDSON ST, n w corner 12th St, 37x24.6x irregular; New York Savings Bank against Margaret A. Fagan et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. A. Dutton.
1ST AV, e s, 25.11 ft n of 106th St, 75x238; 106th St, n s, 263 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11, except parts released; Excelsior Savings Bank of the City of N. Y. against Rose Solomon et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.
7TH AV, w s, 94.1 ft n of 34th St, 36x75; New York Savings Bank against Florence M. Riddle et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. A. Dutton.
118TH ST, 345 East; Grand Lodge of the U. S. of the Independent Order of the Free Sons of Israel against Mark W. Cohn et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, M. B. & D. W. Blumenthal.
34TH ST, n w corner 2d Av, 76x20.5; Wilfred A. Openhym against Joseph F. Kiernan et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Kurzman & Frank.

Bronx.

CARPENTER AV, s e corner 221st St, 50x105; Wilhelmina Haffen against Christian H. Werner et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Frees & Davis.
CASTLE HILL AV, 1,103; Otto J. Betz et al., as executors, against Elise Schellenberg et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Kellogg & Street.
ST. ANN'S AV, 477; Susan Ashland against James T. Bunt, Jr., et al., partition; attorney, C. Caldwell.
224TH ST, 870 East; matter of petition of Richard L. Johnson, action to register title; attorney, W. Fairchild.
167TH ST, n s, 151 ft w of Washington Av, 50x112.6; Andrew J. Dalton against Irene Schopps et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Frees & Davis.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

54TH ST, 128 East; P. Aguado Co. against Amelia Sinsheimer, owner, renewal..$39.00
136TH ST, 167 West; Jacob Soffen against Thomas J. Simcox and Mary Simcox, owners, renewal....$170.30

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

56TH ST, 227 and 229 East; Pollack & O'Neill, Inc., against L. L. D. Realty Co., Inc., et al.; July 11, 1918....$878.44
SAME PROPERTY; Starchin Electrical Supply Co., Inc., against same; Jan. 22, 1918....$222.93

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

On Chester Hill, near Station
Modern 11-room house with garage. Enclosed porch, steam heat, electric lights. Well-built and attractive, 2 baths. Possession March 1st. Price, $15,000. Terms to suit. Might rent on long lease at $1,500.
Anderson Realty Co. Near New Haven Sta., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

For Rent—10-Room House
with 3 baths; large studio can be used as billiard room; garage; high elevation, fine view; restricted, fully developed colony; gas, sewers, etc.; unusual rental opportunity; only 39 minutes to Grand Central. Particulars. L. H. Tasker, Tribune Building.

ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill—6641.

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Doctor's Home
at Great Neck, North Shore of Long Island, 26 minutes from Penn. Station. The house is built with every modern office facility and convenience for general practitioner. Fine neighborhood. Former owner averaged over $10,000 per year. Rare opportunity for right man. Price $25,000. Terms if desired.
Finlay Realty Company
Phone 5921 Greeley. 1 West 34th St.

AT MERRICK.
Beautiful semi-bungalow, 9 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; enormous sun parlor; two-car garage; chicken houses and run; large corner plot; frontage on three streets; five minutes' walk to station; near Great South Bay; value $12,000; out-of-town owner offers for $9,000. This is a real bargain. H. J. McCord, 176 Pine St., Freeport, L. I.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

56 West 45th St.
STORE & BASEMENT
IN 18 STORY FIREPROOF BLDG.
Approximately 3,500 Sq. Ft., from Feb. 1st.
$8,500
ALSO A FEW DESIRABLE OFFICES ON UPPER FLOORS.
N. A. BERWIN & CO.
on Premises. Tel. Vanderbilt 4452.

TEMPLE COURT
5 BEEKMAN ST., COR. NASSAU.
LIGHT CORNER OFFICES
1,620 SQUARE FEET; RENT $3,500.
SMALL OFFICES SINGLY OR TOGETHER FROM $240 TO $400.
RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION.
ON PREMISES. CORTLANDT 1182.

LIGHT LOFT
7700 Square Feet
Top (8th) Loft, high ceiling skylights, unrestricted north light, steam heat, power; sprinkler system. Immediate possession. Owner
218 WEST 26TH ST.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS TO LET
WM. H. WHITING & CO.
41 PARK ROW TEL. 3900 CORT.

5,000 Sq. Ft. Loft Space $1200
13 & 15 Lispenard St., nr. W. B'way
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 30 E. 42.

Store and Basement at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
46x95; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

2 Rooms, Kitchenette, Bath
Corner apartments, all improvements. Apply 2038 5th Ave., or premises.
102 West 129th Street.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

59th St. & Lexington Ave.
(740 Lexington Ave.)
New Studio Apartments
2 Rooms Kitchenette and Bath. $50, $60 Per Month.
Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
Apply week days only to private office
BLOOMINGDALES,
59th St. and Lexington Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Forest Hills Inn
Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.
Modern fire-proof hotel (Am. plan) combining city and country life. Only 15 minutes from Penna. Sta. (L. I. R. R.). Direct connection by subway to uptown and downtown Manhattan; 25 minutes by motor to shopping and theatre districts. You can reach your office more comfortably and in less time from Forest Hills than from 96th Street, Man. More than 70 trains (electric service) daily. For further information—Tel. 6290 Forest Hills.

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100 Feet Facing Riverside Drive
NEIGHBORHOOD OF 145TH ST.
Modern dwelling, Corner Plot, 21 feet 8 inches by 100. Price $25,000. Apply owner,
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DO YOU WANT A HOME?
Send for list of Handsome 7-room Brick Houses, ready to occupy, on Brooklyn Subway, 30 minutes from Times Square; easy terms. Few for rent. Silsby, 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

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Forest Hills Gardens
15 Minutes from Penna. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

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AT GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT
For Sale or To Let from April 1st, 1919.
About 3½ Acres, All Developed.
Residence of 17 rooms and 8 baths; Garage, Gardener's Cottage, etc. In the best section of Greenwich, adjoining Rockefeller Estates.
GEORGE ROSENFELD CO., INC.,
51 East 42nd Street, New York City.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.

Private house for sale, 5 stories, 15 rooms, 6 baths; magnificently furnished; refined location; suitable doctor, dentist, business or furnished rooms; valuable leasehold; lifetime opportunity. Owner, 62 West 51st St.

Three-story, electricity, parquet, 80's, near Drive; two baths. Houghton, 280 Columbus.

Queens.

At Elmhurst.—One-family houses, $5,500, $7,000, $8,400 up; two-family, $5,000, $7,000, $10,500. Builder, George Johnston, 75 Kingsland Av., near Elmhurst Bridge, Elmhurst.

Long Island.

Forest Hills Gardens.—Cosy seven-room detached house; first floor has large living room with fireplace, dining room, kitchen, and porch; second floor four bedrooms and bath; also bath in cellar; excellent heating plant; plot is large enough for garage; genuine bargain, $13,000. Address B 297 Times.

Flushing, Murray Hill.—Modern detached eight-room house, all improvements, near station and school, 20 minutes to Manhattan, buy now, occupy May 1; $6,500; terms suitable. Owner, 434 East 49th St.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., HOMES.
Artistically designed.
Near trolly, Garden City golf links, &c. O. L. Schwencke, Jr., 277 B'way. Worth 4657.

Kew Gardens House, 12 rooms, 3 baths, 2 open fireplaces; every convenience; on beautiful corner plot. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

Bayside.—For sale and to rent; attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms with bath; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6896.

Westchester County.

BARGAIN—EASY TERMS.
Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon.
One of the finest private homes; 14 rooms, three baths; large grounds; garage and all conveniences; 30 minutes from Grand Central. S 498 Times Downtown.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

New Jersey.

From the porch of this house at Montclair Heights you can see plainly all the New York tall buildings and the panoramic view cannot be cut off; the house is splendidly built and arranged, has every convenience, and plot 108x115; owner leaving State offers it for $12,000. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Telephone Beekman 2508.

Attention—Six-room house, all modern improvements; plot 75x141; near school, church, railroad station and trolley car; price $4,200. This requires quick action. Bergen Realty Co., 197 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.

Bargain.—Six-room house; all improvements; half hour out; $3,850; suitable terms. Owner, Room 628, 30 Church, New York.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
Fifty cents an agate line.

FIRST MORTGAGE MONEY UP TO $10,000. Will cash good second mortgages on Manhattan and Bronx flats and loft buildings from $5,000 up. Brokers protected. S. A. ISRAEL, 99 NASSAU STREET.

Second mortgage $10,000 wanted; new law apartment; 10 per cent commission. X 334 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

LESSEES.—Just purchased several apartment houses; will lease immediately; great bargains; never before offered. Browning, 118 West 40th.

$2,000 cash will purchase my dwelling and lot, near 23d St. and 4th Av. Address Anderson, 238 Times Downtown.

Good bargains in apartment houses and other productive properties. Apply Room 627, 30 East 42d St., New York.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

SIXTY-THREE ACRES, BETWEEN FLUSHING AND JAMAICA, RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT, TROLLEY PASSING. JOHN J. WHITE, 317 WEST END AV. 9068 RIVERSIDE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Port Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees, plots 100x150; price $2,000 up. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Bargain.—8 rooms, bath, hollow tile stucco dwelling; steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Butcher, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 3605 Beekman.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

460 acres, 12-room farm house, large barn, carriage house, 2,000 sugar maples. Spring brook, large orchard, buildings, worth more than price, $5,000. Berkshires. Archer, 16 East 43d.

Real Estate Wanted.

TO PRINCIPALS ONLY. WANTED, A 20-FT. 3-STORY, OR 17-FT. 4-STORY DWELLING, BETWEEN 62D AND 75TH STS., WEST OF 3D AV., FOR CASH ONLY. P. A. & M. LALOR, 621 B'WAY.

House, 10 rooms, 2 or 3 baths; with garage preferred; Brooklyn; vicinity Prospect Park South; full particulars; owners only. Write Box 66, care Kiernan, 135 Broadway.

WILL BUY STRICTLY MODERN suburban home within 25 miles of New York City; large plot; send full particulars, Principal, K 112 Times.

Alterations, all interior decorations very reasonably done; high class work to make your unprofitable house profitable. Ellis Painting Decorating Co., 17 West 42d.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

THE FARM BROKERS' ASSOCIATION of New York State gives you service, protection, square dealing, and offers you thoroughly investigated propositions like this: A very productive, level farm of 93 acres, with especially good buildings and water and wonderfully fruited; with all machinery, equipment, and live stock, ready for business and immediate possession in Lower Central New York, for $4,500; come prepared. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row, New York, Member of the Association.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Three farms in one, 362 acres, State highway, 18 buildings, good condition; noted for hay and grain; running spring water; equipped for 1,000 hens, 38 head cattle, 10 horses; 1½ miles village, 4½ miles railroad; 100 acres chestnut ties; near Pomfret, Conn.; $10,000. F. D. Lawrence, Groton, Conn., G. I. W.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

TO SUBLET UNDER MARKET, ONE OF FINEST OFFICE BUILDINGS ON FIFTH AV.; SPECIAL LAYOUT OF VERY EXCEPTIONAL SUITE, ABOUT 1,000 FEET, FOR HIGH CLASS EXECUTIVE OFFICES OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE; TERM OF LEASE TO SUIT TENANT. TO SEE SPACE CALL VANDERBILT 1200, EXT. 251.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING at 621 BROADWAY. "Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta, 1 blk. "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)

FACTORY.—FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STATION; WILL ERECT TO SUIT YOUR BUSINESS; ON RAILROAD SIDING; 10,000 TO 30,000 SQUARE FEET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

37-41 East 18th St. Large Light Loft. About 75x90; Light, Power, Elevators, Sprinklered. Superintendent.

4-STORY AND BASE. FACTORY, NEAR EAST 34TH ST. CORNER BUILDING; SIZE 46x77. STEAM HEAT, ELEVATOR, WITH OR WITHOUT LARGE YARD. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

Wanted—Small apartment hotel or building suitable for bachelor apartment, furnished or unfurnished, for term of years, between 6th and Park Aves., below 59th; responsible person; no brokers. Rafael de Flores, 402 Madison Av.

Meeting rooms at 4 Columbus Circle, (formerly Pabst's); large, fully equipped lodge rooms with organ, for lodges, societies or rehearsed. Arrangements by the day, month, or year. Agent on premises, or Walter J. Salmon, 17 West 42d. Phone Vanderbilt 47.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 311 WEST 59TH. Two light lofts, 22x90, suitable for mercantile or light manufacturing; elevator, steam heat. Apply on premises, or Riesser, 5,350 Madison Square.

133 WEST 72D ST. MODERN BUILDING, SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIANS AND DENTIST. SINGLE AND DOUBLE SUITES.

Wanted to rent, by an engineer, desk in furnished office, with telephone privilege; $15; location lower New York City, below City Hall. R 526 Times Downtown.

Loft, with or without machinery and fixtures, suitable for waist and dress manufacturers; preferably between 14th and 25th Sts. Telephone Stuyvesant 3886.

Broadway, cor. 100th St., one flight up; magnificent location; good business; will increase like snowballs.

Desirable office space or desk room to rent; warehouse room for small stock of goods if desired and use of phone. Phone Bryant 885.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 300 Broadway, Suite 807.

Business space, stores, lofts, buildings, all sizes, localities. Tell me your requirements. Ephriam Buchwald, 113 East 129th St.

10,000 Square feet, power, light, heat; Astoria, L. I. R. R. Y., 220 Times Downtown.

Offices, $20 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

STORES.—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th St.

Furnished offices and desk room; service, mailing privileges. Suite 608, 51 East 42d.

50th, 3 West.—Stores for high-class retail business. Inquire Superintendent.

57th St., (Near 5th Av.)—Exceptional floors; long lease. Phone 1176 Vanderbilt.

Doctor's office for rent, account of death; completely equipped. 69 East 120th St.

Madison Av., 785, (67th.)—Parlor floor; $100; basement store, $83; suitable tearoom.

Four light lofts, 36x50; electric hoist; moderate rent. 211 Park Row.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted to rent for a term of years or purchase a one-story factory, 25,000 sq. ft. or more, for heavy machine manufacture, with railroad siding, within 20 miles of New York City. R 503 Times Downtown.

Garage wanted, about 10,000 square feet, preferably new; state price and all particulars. K 93 Times.

Wanted, single office, modern building, three months, Madison-5th Av., 34th to 48th; moderate rent. Edwards, 108 East 82d.

Light office in vicinity of 42d St.; to sensible concern. Box B 349 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 8160.

47TH, 141 EAST, (Wooley.)—Bedroom, sitting room, bath, kitchenette; silver, linen; grand piano, victrola; ground floor; rent $125.

47TH, 146 EAST.—Three-room apartment, with kitchen, fully furnished; immediate possession; $25 per month. Apply Apt. 24.

48TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsomely and luxuriously furnished; two very large rooms and bath; $200 a month.

50TH.—Handsome fur. 2r, bath, kitch'ette, excl.; $125 mo. to Oct. de Flores, 402 Madison Av.

50TH, (near 5th.)—Handsome apartment (floor,) two big rooms, kitchen, bath; city steam; $110. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

52D, 129 EAST.—Attractively furnished apartment, six rooms and two baths; modern building; Feb. 1 to Oct. 1. Telephone Lenox 9543.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY,
East, West Side; Long, Short Leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

HIGH-CLASS furnished apartment to let, 4 to 8 months; living room, bedroom, bath, shower, extra toilet; sunny and light. Hubbard, 508 5th Av., Room 404. Telephone 8728 Murray Hill.

MADISON AV., 726.—Attractively furnished apartment; two rooms, bath, elevator, telephone. Sterling 1175.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

SAN JACINTO, 18 East 60th St.
Sublet 2 rooms, bath; complete service.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH,
furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment, 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

Furnished—West Side.

7TH AV.—Elegant, 8 rooms, 1 bath, in select section, 3 months; $150 a month; will make concession on longer lease. Phone Cathedral 5945.

10TH ST., 60 WEST.—Sublet to June 1, 4 outside rooms and bath, elevator, $110 monthly; references.

16TH, 125 WEST.—Four rooms, elevator, housekeeping. Baker, Apartment 140. 6000 Chelsea.

20TH ST., 54 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, bath, kitchen, complete. Apply Supt.; references.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

43TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST.—High-class bachelor apartment building, three-room apartment, tastefully furnished; $100 monthly; electric light included. Payson Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St.

50's, (Near 5th Av.)—Apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath; attractively furnished; $135 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

59TH, 100 WEST.—Overlooking Park, exquisitely furnished apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette. Mason.

69TH, 210 WEST.—Leaving town, will sublet front apt.; living room, mahogany furniture, gas log; bedroom, ivory furniture; kitchen, shower bath, electricity, steam heat; $75, gentleman preferred; references. "Macgregory." Col. 3126.

69TH, 22 WEST.—High-class, two, three room apartment, kitchenette, electricity, maid service, refined surroundings; $150-$175.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three-room apartments; $60 up; latest improvements; completely furnished.

70'S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; grand piano; $300 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D, 344 WEST.—Will lease from Feb. 15 to Oct. 1 attractively furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, overlooking Hudson, linen and silver; $225; seen 2 to 5 P. M. Apply Captain.

80'S, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, five rooms, bath; all light; $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80'S WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

100'S, WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, piano; $110 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

110TH, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Delightful five sunny rooms, private house; elevator; convenient 116th Broadway subway; $125. Holmes Cathedral 3774.

112TH, 539 WEST.—Handsomely furnished 3 rooms, bath, non-housekeeping apartment. $100. Blum.

113TH, 500 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Seven rooms, bath, completely furnished; two toilets, extra lavatory, antique mahogany, Oriental rugs, piano, silver, linen; to July or October, no children, references. Apt. 20.

114TH, 622 WEST.—Furnished, 6-room elevator apartment; seen by appointment. Alder.

118TH, 616 WEST.—Beautiful six-room apartment home, completely equipped, reasonable rent to proper tenant. Apartment 91.

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY OF LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice
APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located.
RENTALS $100 TO $1,800 MONTHLY.
Office, 66 West 86th St. Tel. Circle 5090.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av.
Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly.
2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up.
3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up.
Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 8th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

CALL ON MILLER, 162 West 50th St., for list of apartments. Circle 3067.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 370.—Studio apartment, 4 rooms, fireplace, player piano; $200. Crane.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

GENTLEMAN, seldom in town, would share two-room and bath apartment; centrally located, reference required. Phone Columbus 4146.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—Artistically furnished seven-room apartment, complete; Steinway grand piano. For appointment, Mrs. Orr. Bryant 7730.

WEST END AV., (in '80s.)—Beautifully furnished, complete in every detail, 9 rooms, 3 baths, 3 master's bedrooms, 11th floor, all exposures; only apartment on floor; new building, most desirable location; will sublet for long term. Phone 5280 River.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings, terms. Columbus 3974.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

MONROE PLACE, 29.—Furnished or unfurnished two rooms, bath; all modern improvements.

Unfurnished—East Side.

78TH ST., 42 EAST.—New elevator apartment, 3 light rooms with bath; restaurant in building, agent on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building, $125. Apply on premises.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, COR 7TH AV.
New 14-Story Rodin Studio Apartment Bldg.
Six-room Housekeeping Apartment....$3,000
Eight-room Duplex Apartment........ 4,300
Apply to Resident Manager. Tel Circle 3560.

57TH, 140 WEST.—4 bright rooms, 2 baths; high-class building; 10th floor.

72D, 322 WEST.—2 3-room apt., bath, entire floor, private residence.

78TH ST., 308 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside, Broadway subway.

181ST ST., 605 WEST.—Doctor's office; 2 rooms and laboratory; rent $30 ground floor premises; in the busiest centre of upper Manhattan.

EXAMINE CORNER APARTMENT BROADWAY AND 103D ST.

FIFTH AV. AND 28TH ST.—Kitchenette suites 2 rooms and bath, $125 monthly. Phone Md. Sq. 1958.

Two-room studio apartments, rooms 20x20; rent $1,100. Apply 616 West 113th St. or T. J. O'Reilly, Broadway at 109th St. Academy 1600.

WEST END AV.—Beautiful corner apartment to sublease, 11 rooms, 3 baths, (all large outside rooms,) located in the nineties; rent $3,000. Immediate possession. N. R., 84 Times.

WEST END AV., 255.—Three rooms and bath high-class apartment house.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted — Three, four room, bath, kitchen; west side, $75-$100. Vanderbilt 7051.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

For four months from February 1st, fully furnished apartment in first class building, containing three master's bedrooms and at least two baths; $250 per month. Light rooms necessary. Addressed to those who prefer reliable tenant to a high rental. X 337 Times Annex.

Furnished apartment wanted, until about June 15th; five or six rooms on West Side, from Sixtieth to Ninetieth Street. Must be nicely furnished, for a responsible tenant. N. G. Loeb, 302 West 86th Street.

Wanted, for high-class tenant, immediately, 9 rooms, 3 baths, furnished, Park Av. or vicinity, Feb. 1 to June 1, for small adult family, now living at best hotel. Rafael de Flores, 402 Madison Av., (47th St.)

Couple desire four or five room apartment furnished or unfurnished; west side, between 70th and 121st, Rent $100.00 or less. Telephone Broad 1254. R 546 Times Downtown.

Wanted, mother and adult son, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; near subway; private house, small apartment; Brooklyn. R 215 Times.

Business couple want two or three room apartment, furnished, kitchenette, lease. Rental $79 to $85, near Broadway subway. R Williams, 268 West 73rd St.

Six or seven light rooms, high-class house below 110th Street, west side. Chandler, 264 W. 34th Street.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, between 50th-70th; rental $50 to $80; music student. Morningside 3632. L 80 Times.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, near Washington Square. $75 per month. K 231 Times.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Captain, U. S. Army, stationed New York, Emergency Housing Committee, Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 Fifth.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Young couple, four or five room apt. About $65. L 70 Times.

Unfurnished.

COUPLE wants modern five-room apartment by Feb. 1, west side. Box 127, 852 Columbus Av.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $18 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

56TH ST., 83 EAST.—Nice, large room for gentlemen only; private house.

CLEAN, large room, washroom; running water; closet; electricity; gentlemen only.
284 Lexington, (36th.)

MADISON AV., 785, (67th.)—Attractive large room, $7, adjoining bath; electricity; gentlemen.

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

55TH ST., (1,730 Broadway.)—Two bedrooms and private bath; references required. Apartment 8G.

34 WEST 56TH.
2-ROOM SUITE.

70TH, 28 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, private bath; electricity, steam heat; references; permanent, gentleman; $15 weekly.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Large southern room, for one or two gentlemen; reference.

71ST, 10 WEST.—THREE LARGE, SUNNY, MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED ROOMS; OPEN FIREPLACES, LUXURIOUS BATH, ELECTRIC CABINET, NEEDLE SHOWER; BREAKFAST AND MAID SERVICE OPTIONAL, UNUSUAL.

73D, 268 WEST.—Newly decorated, newly furnished room, adjoining bath; $10.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select house, front parlor; also skylight room; steam; electricity.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Back parlor, warm, cheerful room; private bath; electricity; hot water; references.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Artistic large rooms, $10, $12; electricity; parquetry; business men only.

76TH, 42 WEST.—Unusually attractive double room; Southern exposure; select house.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional large, elegant room, bath, dressing room; four windows facing parks; convenience; private house.

82D, 135 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor, three rooms and bath; electricity; telephone.

82D, 66 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms; private bath; every convenience.

88TH, 344 WEST.—Comfortable furnished room, southern exposure, all conveniences; references.

89TH, 70 WEST.—Select house, front room and dressing room; steam, electricity.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful large room, dressing room, bath adjacent, $12.

93D ST., 259 WEST.—Beautiful large room, modern convenience; private house; near subway.

99TH, 306 WEST, near Broadway.—Large, attractive, comfortable front room; high-class, private family; references. 5 West. 9132 Riverside.

107TH, 230 WEST, near Broadway.—Large front library room; two smaller bedrooms; elevator. 826 Academy. Apt. 61. Baker.

113TH, 621 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, third floor, bath adjoining; $12.

156TH, 601 WEST.—Well-furnished room; private family; breakfast optional. 8361 Audubon. Apartment 6-4.

Large, newly furnished and decorated; Protestant family; refined gentlemen. Riverside 8878.

RIVERSIDE.—Large, small room, bath, private residence; electricity; reference. Phone Schuyler 8448.

WEST END AV., 826.—Exclusive bachelor accommodations; private bath; references required, breakfast.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

82D, 66 WEST.—Handsome, large room, bath, kitchenette; ground floor; private house.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Business couple, away all day, desire outside room, running water, or near bath; ground floor or one flight; west side, between 42d and 96th; permanent; $35 per month. L 74 Times.

Young woman, employed, wants warm, clean single room, west side, below 10th St.; respectable neighborhood; private family preferred. Birmingham, 415 West 120th St.

Ground floor room, kitchenette, bath desired by dressmaker, between 40th and 60th Sts. R 530 Times Downtown.

Lady wishes furnished room; southern exposure; steam heat; electricity; running water; east of 8th Av. R 204 Times.

Gentlemen desire front room, West Harlem; private, modern apartment; $40. B 1066 Times Harlem.

Professional man, middle age, wishes room (breakfast optional) south of 20th St., east or 14th west. L 72 Times.

Two rooms and bath, with board, for three adults. Lenox 650. Ira Barnett, 1,356 Madison Av.

Young musician desires nicely furnished room with private family; modern conveniences; no other roomers. R 220 Times.

Single room, telephone service, below 119th, West, for trained nurse. K 248 Times.

Couple, room, private bath, kitchenette; up to date; state particulars. K 247 Times.

Young man desires room in exchange for some work; references. L 87 Times.

Unfurnished.

Two, three, four rooms, kitchenette; would consider buying furniture and take lease, good location; $55-$65. K 236 Times.

Seven or eight light rooms, high class house, below 110th St., west side. Chandler, 264 West 34th St.

Small, unfurnished, modern kitchen or kitchenette apartment wanted, below 125th St.; $40-$50. K 233 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 8160.

West Side.

72D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6396.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large double room, with bath, by Holland family; give superior accommodation; European style; home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

102D, 244 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; gentlemen or private family; table guests invited.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; private residence; service and surroundings unusual.

107TH, 323 WEST, (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath, single room; exceptional table, modern.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, with private bath, separate or en suite; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

132D, 500 WEST.—Beautiful large room; exceptionally good board; homelike; private family.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 893, (Near 94th.)—Large room, private bath, also suite; French spoken; table guests; references.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Home for 2 children; boy 7, girl 5; refined American family; no boarding house. B 1038 Times Harlem.

Gentleman and wife want board for February; walking distance of 42d St.-5th Av.; not exceeding $40 per week. K 143 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Brooklyn.

Home Sanitarium. — Selected medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Phone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,384 East 27th St.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."

Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.

W. T. READE, Prop.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.
A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 to $45.
Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

New York State.

STAMFORD-IN-THE-CATSKILLS
FOR HEALTH.
Right altitude, right air, right living.
Invalids, convalescents, and nervous cases.
Constant medical attention.
For terms and full particulars
Address Dr. L. J. Kiernan,
Stamford, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING.—Can write copy that brings and holds patrons; broad business experience, training; thorough executive; Christian. W 693 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, highest credentials; salary $20. L 81 Times.

ASSISTANT or secretary to dentist; experienced. Phone Flatbush 5252-W.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, comptometer operator; capable taking charge; books opened, closed, financial statements, balances rendered; quick, accurate figurer; experienced cost accounting; capable handling correspondence independently; Christian; highest credentials; $25. R 452 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, confidential clerk, rapid typist, highly efficient, capable assuming responsibilities, qualified by experience; books opened, closed, balanced; excellent figurer; legible penman; $20. K 607 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST.—Competent, conscientious, accurate; college training; capable taking entire charge of office; salary $20. R 533 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience, taking complete charge, also 6 months' experience as statistician for silk house; salary $25. Ella Wollman, 858 Hewitt Place, City.

BOOKKEEPER, eight years' experience double entry, controlling accounts, voucher system; complete charge; exceptional ability; highest credentials. Metro, 117 Rivington St.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, one year experience, double entry; capable of taking trial balance. Lillian Yelon, 1,764 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Several years' experience; understands trial balance, controlling accounts. R 190 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—ledger clerk, 3 years' experience; accurate, willing; $13. R 461 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 5 years' experience; capable taking entire charge; $18. B 450 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 6 years' experience; trial balance, financial statements; $30. X 248 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; complete charge; control accounts; trial balances; references. K 241 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; 6 years' experience; trial balance. C. E., 211 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; cost accounting; financial reports; $35. K 181 Times.

CHAMBERMAID, in American family; apartment only; city reference. K 211 Times.

CLERK.—High-class confidential clerk, capable, reliable; statistician with executive ability; good appearance. K 224 Times.

CLERK, experienced; general office work, typewriting and bookkeeping. K 245 Times.

COMPANION, experienced, wishes situation as nurse or attendant for elderly lady or invalid; refined American woman; good seamstress and understands management of a home. Morningside 5271. Mrs. B., 527 West 121st St., Apt. 43.

COMPANION.—Useful; Japanese, highly educated woman, refined, reliable, pleasing personality; studied most phases of Japanese art; traveled; to elderly couple, or lady, or invalid; has references. K 243 Times.

COOK.—Japanese, first-class cook, wishes position private family; thorough, experienced. R 160 Times.

DESIGNER, high grade, on infants' wear; position with good house. K 220 Times.

DRESSMAKER, artistic, by day; satisfaction guaranteed. Anderson, 155 West 108th. Academy 3079.

EXECUTIVE.
Energetic young lady, (24,) seeks position, combining bookkeeping, secretarial correspondence; entire charge of office; most desirable references; salary $20 to $25. Edna M. Leindorf, 1,456 Wilkins Av. Phone Intervale 1370.

FILE CLERK, competent, 3½ years' experience, desires situation; references; $15. S 567 Times Downtown.

GENTLEWOMAN, refined, educated, college graduate, youthful, pleasing personality, experienced with children and household responsibility, position where there are growing children needing a mother's attention; Protestant; 5 years' reference. K 192 Times.

GIRL.—Refined, cultured American girl, living in the vicinity of Columbia University, desires to take charge of several children morning or afternoon; references exchanged. Phone Cathedral 7659.

GIRL would take care of child over 2 years after 10 o'clock daily. Phone Columbus 7851, between 10 and 5, Thursday only.

GOVERNESS.—Young French nursery governess wants position refined family; references. 300 East 57th.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined, well educated woman desires position; experienced housekeeper, stewardess, tea room manager—stock room—high-class only; highest references. B 865 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER.—REFINED LADY, BEST REFERENCES, WISHES POSITION; BUSINESS COUPLE OR SMALL FAMILY; ONLY ADULTS. WRITE BOX 25, 1,316 3D AV.

HOUSEKEEPER, gentlewoman, college bred, managing household where some help is kept; understands and fond of children; suburb preferred. Write H. G., 3,825 B'way.

LAUNDRESS wants work home; references. 58 East 101st. Bowlers, Phone Lenox 3413.

MASSEUSE, licensed, can take additional patients; references. Brook, 211 West 88th St. Riverside 3320.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Houseman, Cathedral Plaza, 101 West 109th St., Apt. 208.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

NURSE.—Experienced nurse in specialist's office; nose, ear, and throat; best reference. Apt. 25, Laurelton Hotel, 149 West 55th St.

NURSE.—Graduate nurse would be glad to take position in doctor's office; best references. Hotel Laurelton, Apt. 25.

NURSE.—Registered trained nurse desires permanent position New York or elsewhere in doctor's office, sanitarium, private hospital or family where no night work required. L 71 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Refined American lady desires position Feb. 1 as office assistant; A1 double entry bookkeeper; capable of taking entire charge of office. L 113 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, experience, young lady, 17, wishes position; salary $9. L 114 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, 2 years' experience, accurate, willing worker; $12. S 571 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 2 years' experience, conscientious, willing worker; Christian; $12. R 541 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Woman with good, permanent position has two months Winter vacation and wishes to spend it South or West as business or social secretary; the best references. Inquire Room 420, Mutual Life Bldg. Tel. John 2100.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Highly recommend my stenographer whom conditions compel me to release; exceptionally capable, intelligent, educated; wide experience; writing ability; $22. R 550 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally good experience, intelligence above average, desires permanent position; salary $26 to start. B 864 Times Annex.

SECRETARY, stenographer, executive, refined; varied experience; efficient; all routine; references. R 209 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Absolutely reliable; 6 years' technical experience; highly proficient; capable mastering technicalities; grammatically good command English language; accurate, rapid transcriptions; excellent speller; always on the job; $20. B 790 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, banking, electrical, stock brokerage experience, prepossessing, above average intellect, uses discretion, common sense, accustomed technical dictation, accurate transcriptions, excellent memory, capable acting on own initiative; $25. G 813 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, knowledge bookkeeping; 5 years' mechanical export experience; versed up-to-date office methods; quick comprehension; age 23; conscientious, painstaking; $18. R 448 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (20,) thoroughly proficient and accurate speller, three years' commercial and manufacturing experience; salary desired $17; excellent references. K 206 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, conscientious, reliable beginner; business school graduate; desires position. Gladys Perina, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good business training; takes dictation and transcribes accurately. Queenie Sterling, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza, 2993.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, efficient, executive ability, high school education; 5 years' experience; Christian; A1 references; $30. K 90 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, and general office assistant; refined woman, (35,) practical and efficient, desires position; moderate salary. B 446 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, 5 years' varied experience filing, stockkeeping, and general office work; ambitious and dependable. L 84 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years as such to President large corporation; executive ability; willing, conscientious; salary $22. G 722 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, assistant bookkeeper; 4 years' experience; efficient, trustworthy; credentials. R 528 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (17,) recent graduate; willing to work hard and start low. Helen, 2 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Bright beginner; $10 to start. H. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, ambitious, willing, business school graduate, intelligent; seeks opportunity. S 557 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $18. B 439 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, experienced all legal work; moderate salary. R 125 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, rapid; references; American; $15. B 455 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Elliott-Fisher biller, with knowledge of bookkeeping. B 1055 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, experienced, small set books; permanent; moderate salary. R 355 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, knowledge of bookkeeping; willing, capable. Beauclerk, 126 East 115th St.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, (22,) experienced, educated, bookkeeping knowledge, office routine; $22. B 1070 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2½ years' experience; capable and willing; $15. R 539 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, desires permanent position with reliable concern; $30. Room 6, 234 East 25th St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, (Hebrew,) high school education, three years' experience; references; $18. R 535 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires position; 10 years' experience; capable. R 538 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, knowledge bookkeeping, 8 years' experience, reliable; excellent references; $20. B 342 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, six months experience; understands office work; reference; $12. B 438 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, expert, doing secretarial work, wants permanent position. S 546 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; capable of handling details; references; $25. B 856 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant wishes position in export house. S 526 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (22,) 5 years' experience, bright, conscientious worker; salary $20. R 529 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 4½ years' insurance, mercantile experience; capable, efficient; $18. R 531 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; 3 years' experience; age, 20; academic education, quick figuring, good penman, wideawake; references; $12. R 407 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, Christian, 8 years' experience, drop or lamp board; $18. B 343 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and typist; 6 years' experience; salary $16; references. R 551 Times Downtown.

TYPIST with the knowledge of stenography, general office assistant, unquestionable references, little knowledge of law; salary $15. B 448 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN desires position as auditor, bookkeeper, stenographer; not afraid of long hours or hard work; can furnish best of references; $50 weekly; willing to leave New York City. K 227 Times.

YOUNG LADY, (22,) college graduate, experienced, thoroughly competent in double entry, desiring good permanent connections. B 88 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, with baby 18 months old, wishes position, general housework; no laundry. R 210 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, (20,) student, wishes half day employment where intelligence and ability are required. Kahn, 130 East 82d.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced servants, excellent cooks. Investigated references, seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th St.

SELECT HOUSEWORKERS, colored cooks, chambermaids, laundresses; part time maids; investigated references. Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d. Columbus 3120.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th,) Riverside 9463.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX.
Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, trial balances, statements, reports, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, Public Accountants, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE,
office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT, Auditor and Bookkeeper, with analytical mind, thoroughly conversant in preparing reports and business statistics, with varied traveling and public experience; honorably discharged from service, single, American, Christian. B 403 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, correspondent, familiar export, manufacturing, banking, foreign languages, desires to make change; for 5 years foreign auditor of leading national bank, at present with firm of certified public accountants; reasonable salary at start. S 570 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, organizer, systematizer, certified, recently resigned from emergency fleet work, open for engagement; highest credentials for installation of costs and accounting systems. Box 2, 488 St. Nicholas Av. Telephone Morningside 8375.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, tax specialist, (38,) American, married, 18 years' broad, practical experience, brains, tact, initiative, qualified to take charge, desires responsible connection; available immediately; salary $3,600. B 1067 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—Widely experienced, income tax expert, books audited, systematized; part time bookkeeping; reasonable; will also consider high-grade permanent position paying $3,000. B 420 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, 40; broad experience in office management and corporate accounting, cost production, sales statistics, Government and State tax reports; credentials. K 123 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, student, experienced bookkeeper, best references, desires position with public accountants or corporation's auditing department. B 1069 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, (31,) twelve years' bookkeeper, desires position with C. P. A. concern as junior; can make audits, balance sheets, analysis, &c.; $30. K 136 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT.—New York University graduate, 1916, 5 years' public accounting experience, independent audits, reports, seeks C. P. A. connection. L 95 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 738 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior, N. Y. U. student, honorable discharge U. S. Army, desires connection C. P. A.; best reference. B 1065 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A., high-grade executive, record of achievement, seeks responsible position large corporation. B 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior; balance, financial statements, auditing; C. P. A. experienced; Breaker's student. K 201 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (21,) formerly with C. P. A.; senior N. Y. U.; army discharge. K 194 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, (28;) extensive experience modern methods, systematizer; university training. K 217 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, many years' experience; now supervising office. K 118 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires connection with firm of C. P. A.'s. R 549 Times Downtown.

ARMY OFFICER, (24,) AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE GRADUATE, DESIRES POSITION OF RESPONSIBILITY AND SCOPE ON PRIVATE ESTATE OR IN LARGE AGRICULTURAL ENTERPRISE; COMPENSATION IS SECONDARY TO OPPORTUNITY OFFERED. K 216 TIMES.

ARMY SERGEANT, honorably discharged, wishes position with prospects; married man, (26,) thoroughly experienced in export shipping; extensive business training; excellent references. R 525 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT.—Experienced young man, (20,) well educated, capable relieving employer of many details, stenographer, seeks position. K 208 Times.

BILLING CLERK, 21, five years' experience, knowledge of stenography, seeks connection with firm promising advancement. Rivot, 326 Columbus Av.

BOOKKEEPER, COST ACCOUNTANT, (30,) Christian, married, 10 years' experience modern cost and statistical records, controlling accounts, financial statements, open for engagement with manufacturing or commercial corporation where ability assures advancement. P. O. Wernecke, 1,037 Forest Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; factory cost clerk, rapid typist; highly educated; good personality; conversant with improved accounting methods, corporation financial statements, trial balances rendered; seeks position where efficiency, reliability will be appreciated; $25. F 261 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, discharged soldier, college man, experienced in controlling accounts, balances, financial statements, collections, general office management; knowledge of accounting. S 560 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, Junior.—Six years' experience; advanced student Pace Institute; thoroughly experienced; financial statements; complete charge. S 563 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE EXECUTIVE,
Capable of taking full charge; trial balance, financial statements, costs, systematizing, &c.; discharged soldier, $40. R 67 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Seven years' experience with manufacturing concerns; double entry systems, controlling accounts, balances, statements, &c.; capable of assuming charge complete set; $30. K 198 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, 18, knows double entry, trial balances, controlling accounts, and statements, 1 year's experience, desires position, preferably with export and import house. H. Meyer, 157 East 124th St.

BOOKKEEPER, Accountant, Office Executive.—N. Y. U. graduate; up-to-date, first-class experience; discharged soldier; $35. K 262 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, nine years' experience, corporation, manufacturing, wholesale, retail; college graduate; best references; thoroughly efficient; $28. K 223 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance, credits, collections; accurate, reliable; moderate salary; excellent references. K 209 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, with many years' practical experience, desires position; collection, credit man; high testimonial; salary $30. B 424 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Jewish young man, seeks position; not to work Saturdays; typist, correspondent; 2 years' experience; $20. K 193 Times.

BOOKKEEPER OR ASSISTANT, (20,) experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; accountancy student; capable and aggressive. K 197 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, college man, expert correspondent; best references; salary $30. S 490 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) formerly with firm of accountants; college education; $25. K 195 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, thoroughly experienced audits, statements, reconciliations, complete charge; $25. B 1068 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) knowledge of accounting, experienced, salary moderate, seeks connection. R 518 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, handle any line; trial balance, controlling accounts; thoroughly experienced. B 849 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST; knowledge of stenography; bright beginner; $10 to start. A. G., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, age 25; good correspondent; knowledge credits, systematizer; highest credentials. B 1029 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, (21;) double entry; $18; references. Mayers, 246 West 108th St.

BOY, 16, wishes position in office of good firm with chance of advancement; salary $10. Address F. M. Cataldo, 429 East 115th St., city.

CAPABLE CORRESPONDENT,
forceful writer; sales letters that bring orders; follow-ups; keen business man; college graduate; 29, married; hustler; $40. K 212 Times.

CARPENTER wants position in large mercantile house or hotel as house carpenter. Apply B 452 Times Downtown.

CASHIER.—Six years' experience in large hotel and cigar stand. R 214 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, abstainer, 5 years with one family; 10 years' city experience on Pierce, Packard, Buick, Cadillac, and Hudson; just discharged from Aviation Corps. Huggard, 365 W. 55th. Columbus 6830.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, 28; private; long experience on high-grade cars; neat appearance; good references. George Swinburne, 1,324 2d Av., city. Tel. Rhinelander 3456.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, 17 years in large position; willing and obliging; private family; drive any car. James Gallagher, 206 East 80th St. Telephone 470 Rhinelander.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, (33,) 16 years' experience high grade cars, expert Pierce driver; city, country. Scheiblin, 328 East 89th St.

CHAUFFEUR desires private position; 12 years' experience; 4 years with last employer; go anywhere. Chauffeur, Tel. Bushwick 956.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position, private, commercial; do repairs; no Fords; 5 years' experience. Schuhrieman, 444 East 91st St.

CHAUFFEUR, couple, mechanic, garden; 10 years' experience Loco.; any car; wife excellent cook; best references. L 79 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, (32,) 9 years' experience; 4 years last employer; laid-up car. W. O., 596 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, (33,) experienced, careful driver; good reference; city or country. Alex Keto, 62 East 124th St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 11 years' experience; A1 reference; salary $35. K 74 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and gardener, careful driver, wants position, private family; 5 years chauffeur; best of references. K 222 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced young man, with a private family; reference. A. Aberg, 150 East 128th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Useful; English; wife excellent cook; country. Humphries, 137 W. 67th.

CHAUFFEUR; use to high-class family. Joe Simpson. Phone Evergreen 2676.

CHIEF BILL CLERK or timekeeper, prefer hotel or steamship company; good penman; first class references. B 460 Times Downtown.

CLUB STEWARD.—Good manager; thoroughly practical, kitchen and service; English and French speaking; well recommended; disengaged. K 137 Times.

CLUB STEWARD or similar position; 3½ years' references from last engagement. Apply Walter Gray, Price Av., Narberth, Penn.

COLLEGE MAN desires position as assistant to executive, with chance for advancement; best references. B 411 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK, bookkeeper, four years' experience; payrolls, balances, controlling accounts. G 687 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS.—Young man, (23,) discharged soldier; six years' experience in converting department with former employer. B 462 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, in city or country, experienced chauffeur and mechanic; wife good cook; best reference. A. S., 137 West 95th St.

CUSTOMER'S MAN.—Stock and grain man, (33,) 16 years' experience, seeks connection with Stock Exchange house; large acquaintance among traders; some accounts promised; small salary; opportunity wanted; engaged in war work past nine months. W 603 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, wishes position with progressing concern; seven years' experience. L 94 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical; 7 years' experience designer and detailer on automatic machinery and tools. K 204 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced electrical; college man, 31, desires position. R 199 Times.

EFFICIENCY EXPERT in organizing, investigations, systems, and accounting, now with the Government as supervising expert, and having traveled extensively all over the world, desires to communicate with responsible corporation for connection in Europe as representative auditor. P. D. Hall, Bay City, Mich.

ENGINEERING college student, experienced stenographer-typewriter, desires connection with engineering sales or construction corporation; salary $22. S 566 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.
Experienced accountant, credit man, and office manager desires connection with progressive concern where the ability to accomplish things will be recognized; education technical, legal, and general; well versed in financial and corporate matters and business training has been varied sufficiently to enable me to successfully handle every detail with initiative and judgment; good systematizer, strong executive, native born American, aged 31. S 499 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—A competent executive; idea, layout artist; writes copy, agency experience, advertising, printing, engraving, photographs, seeks connection with live organization. L 75 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—(30;) has good business training; ability to promote sales; good credit man and correspondent; 15 years' experience, commercial line. J. S., 324 3d Av.

EXPERT.—Are you looking for an efficiency expert, 34, specializing in constructive organization with executive, accounting, and financial experience? Be available two weeks; now finishing work with one of largest corporations in country; salary $3,500. L 73 Times.

EXPORT CLERK desires position export manufacturing house; understands making out bills of lading, manifests, consular invoices, drafts, export shipping, bookkeeping; can take full charge of same; a salesman on side line; 4 years' experience; trustworthy; a hard worker; age 28. K 238 Times.

EXPORT OR IMPORT, GRADUATE FINANCE AND COMMERCE, UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, AGED 24, GENERAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, SEEKS OPPORTUNITY WITH ADVANCEMENT; SALARY SECONDARY. K 219 TIMES.

FACTORY MANAGER'S assistant, 32, 12 years of manufacturing and business experience, accustomed handling technical matters, dependable, resourceful, demonstrated in executive ability. M. D., 1,851 Park Place, Brooklyn.

FACTORY MANAGER, superintendent, 17 years' experience; thorough knowledge of machinery and electricity. C. W. Smith, Y. M. C. A., Yonkers, N. Y.

HONORABLY discharged officer desires position with reliable firm; salary secondary. R 213 Times.

MAN, married, American, twenty years with large financial institution, 10 years' official and executive capacity, familiar with credits and finance, desires position with progressive concern; best references furnished. R 18 Times.

MAN, (33,) married, with initiative, executive ability; conscientious and trustworthy. B 444 Times Downtown.

MAN.—Just sold his restaurant, has 15 years' experience; wants position as cashier or manager. R 175 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, factory supt., experienced designer special and automatic machinery, production, tools, maintenance, experimental developments, expert, practical, inventive American; 20 years' experience. S 361 Times Downtown.

NAVAL AVIATOR desires a position with aeronautic concern; good technical and practical knowledge of construction, repair, &c., of seaplanes and flying boats; will accept position demonstrating or testing; have handled all types of machines accepted by the U. S. Navy. L 83 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, thoroughly acquainted with general office routine, desires position. G 719 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, correspondent, middle-aged American, qualified by long experience to conduct an office successfully. R 426 Times Downtown.

PLUMBER, licensed steamfitter, wishes responsible position; expert mechanic. K 229 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, SUPERVISING ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, CORRESPONDENT.
At present employed in ribbon mill and desire to make a change, either in same or similar line. B 1072 Times Harlem.

PURCHASING AGENT, MANAGER, FOREMAN, BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, DESIRES POSITION; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. W 669 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, (26,) honorably discharged from military service, wishes post as city salesman; 4 years' experience; best references; salary secondary to opportunity. K 218 Times.

SALESMAN.—Naval aviator, 22 years of age, has college education and business experience, desires a position, preferably as salesman, offering exceptional opportunities. L 82 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young Italian, 24, high school graduate, speaking English and French fluently, desires to connect with importing house in salesmanship capacity. L 93 Times.

SALESMAN.—Pharmacist possessing selling ability desires to connect with good pharmaceutical house. Charles Blackman, 517 Sackman St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, 28, desires position with wholesale house; at present employed in men's retail store; reference. L 92 Times.

Salesman, exceptional qualifications, desires connection; bond; mortgage house; now employed. R 540 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires position with a reliable cap and hat manufacturing concern; experienced. K 246 Times.

SALESMAN, adding machines and typewriters successfully; good record; city, country. K 172 Times.

SALES MANAGER. — Draftsman, designer desires connection with machinery concern, sales department. R 532 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man open for good selling proposition; speaks Spanish. L 49 Times.

SALESMAN, (34,) general experience, desires position; city or road. K 176 Times.

SALESMAN.—Have traveling experience; will accept good position. K 175 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 27, with nine years' experience, wishes position with reliable house; excellent references. B 454 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, married man, (32,) thoroughly experienced in all details, wishes position. S 565 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, thoroughly acquainted with shipping department routine, desires position. G 720 Times Downtown.

SPANISH - ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER; A REAL ONE. B 456 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—WE DESIRE TO PLACE STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, FAMILIAR WITH OFFICE WORK IN CLOAK AND SUIT TRADE, JUST RELEASED FROM U. S. A. SERVICE. WRITE OR PHONE GEORGE G. WOOD & CO., 105 MADISON AV.

STENOGRAPHER, fluent correspondent, confidential secretary, eight years' technical experience, good education, accustomed to technical dictation, capable assuming responsibilities, seeks situation any capacity where competency, intelligence, are mandatory; $25. R 411 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND SECRETARY seeks position with opportunity for advancement; age 21; well educated; six years' experience; highest references obtainable. R 499 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; thorough knowledge Spanish; American, 30 years of age; recently discharged from army; permanent position desired; $30. L 86 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, reliable, neat, not afraid of hard work; excellent qualifications. Charles Wilson, 37 East 58th. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER; 18; experienced; knows how and when to do things. K 144 Times.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man wants position in woolen house; references. K 244 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, charge two nine-story elevator, desires change Feb. 1; mechanic; own tools, good renter. Supt., 39 E. 27th.

TRAFFIC CLERK, (20,) 3 years' experience, well acquainted steamship circles, wishes position assistant to export traffic manager South American exporters. R 514 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC CLERK.
Thorough knowledge tariffs, classification, claims, &c., desires position reliable concern. S 573 Times Downtown.

UNITED STATES ARMY AVIATOR, honorably discharged from service, age 23, wishes position requiring travel to foreign countries; willing to accept position of any type of this nature and will go anywhere with responsible parties. X 319 Times Annex.

VALET.—Can cook; speaks French, English, Spanish; young man; reference. L 85 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) honorably discharged; executive ability; experienced correspondent, cashier; knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, credits, desires employment as office manager, secretary, or similar position; highest references. B 416 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, single, honorably discharged, seeks position with a reliable concern, where intelligence and common sense are required; have inherited a fortune, but am too energetic to depend upon this money as an only source of income. L 102 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, college training, high school graduate, business experience, honorably discharged, knowledge bookkeeping and typewriting, position as assistant in office; advancement to come through hard, earnest work. K 226 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 30, married, well educated, well appearing, capable, wants position where refinement and cultured intelligence is essential; released from Government service; best references. R 211 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position as assistant in advertising department of trade journal or commercial concern affording an opportunity to learn and advance; no objection to long hours. G 723 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, good appearance and selling ability; general business knowledge; bookkeeping, clerical experience; recently released from Government work; highest credentials. K 232 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) just released from navy, high school graduate, one year at college, four years' selling experience, desires position with reputable concern; willing to travel; excellent references. L 91 Times.

YOUNG MAN, office manager, and credit man, expert accountant; 8 years' experience with large mercantile concerns; honorably discharged; A1 reference. L 106 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) mechanical engineering student 2 years' technical high school graduate, knowledge of mechanical drafting and machine shop methods, desirous of opening for future. B 445 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, well educated, executive ability, bookkeeping knowledge, credit and collection experience, desires good connection. L 100 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) executive, sales ability, position with responsibility for one energetic and wide awake. G 721 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) two years' experience assistant buyer would like connection with same; other propositions considered. L 54 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position; 6½ years' experience typewriter and clerk; honorably discharged navy; $22; excellent reference. N. Blumkin, 587 West 158th St.

YOUNG OFFICER, recently discharged, three years West Point, teach military drill, physical culture, anything, night, day. K 173 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 16, high school graduate, good stenographer, typist, assistant bookkeeper, year's experience, desires permanent position. S 568 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, 3½ years' commercial experience, desires connection with reliable concern, with chance for advancement. R 207 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, released from National Guard service, wishes to connect with export house; business experience and highest references. L 108 Times.

YOUNG MAN, with thorough knowledge of storage, shipping, and general knowledge of skins, desires position with reliable fur house. B 1062 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) high school graduate, desires position where hard work will be compensated by advancement. B 860 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, experienced, wishes position reliable firm. K 203 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) with selling experience, desires position either city or road; live wire. R 104 Times.

YOUNG MAN seeks evening work; very good knowledge of accounts; Christian. Herbert, Rhinelander 2074.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) Hebrew, seeks an opportunity to travel, any capacity; will invest money, if required. L 109 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) desires position with real opportunity for advancement. O 304 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, clerk, employed, desires extra work evenings. S 564 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN; seven years' experience office, shipping, selling; capable, energetic. R 85 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, 3 years with knit goods concern, desires position; excellent references. A 480 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, six years' business and clerical experience, desires position, evenings 6-11. L 96 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) experienced secretary, stenographer; knowledge accounting. S 562 Times Downtown.

YOUNG SPANIARD, 23, speaks English, office experience, desires position. L 104 Times.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly familiar with office detail, desires position with growing concern; salary $25. S 558 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) five years' business experience, desires position. K 237 Times.

YOUNG MAN, civil engineer, accepts position as draftsman walter, &c. R 206 Times.

YOUNG MAN, six years' experience, wishes clerical position. Abrams, 445 East 83d St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUSS.
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
MILLINERY WORKROOM.

There are several opportunities in our millinery workroom for young girls to serve as apprentices to learn the millinery trade. Rapid advancement as proficiency is attained. Apply to Superintendent.

ARTISTS.—Girls for stencil coloring on greeting cards; experienced preferred. Dreyfuss Art Co., 133 East 16th.

ASSISTANT to our appointment and reception clerk wanted; must be capable of assisting at other office duties; salary $12 to start. Apply by calling with written application. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADY FOR MISSES' SUITS, SIZE 16; GOOD SALARY. MAX SINGER & CO., 28 WEST 25TH.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Prominent garment house requires experienced bookkeeper; must be quick and accurate; no application considered without complete record of previous employment and last salary. Address in confidence Perling & Maer, Inc., 148 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER required; the best office assistant obtainable for $15 per week; advancement as merited. Apply by calling with written application. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, capable keeping small set books, attending office details, salary to start $20 with unusual chance for advancement. K 794 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced double entry books; capable of taking trial balances. Write only, stating salary, reference, and experience. J. Druckman, 31 East 21st St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, 3 or 4 years' commercial experience; must be competent and reliable; state where formerly employed and salary expected. E. W., 75 Times.

BOOKKEEPER in a law office; young woman with knowledge of stenography; state experience and wages desired. W. C., Box 421 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable of taking charge of all office details. Address, with reference and salary. L 107 Times.

CASHIER in branch office of large metropolitan newspaper; one with experience in this line preferred; hours, 5 P. M. to 12:30 A. M.; good opportunity; salary to start $15; state age and experience. X 315 Times Annex.

CASHIER for dining room, young lady; neat appearance; good position, including room and board. Apply Manager, Hotel Gotham, 5th Av., 55th.

CLERKS,
between the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERKS, $45 monthly; rapid advancement; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; high school graduates; ages 18-23. Write, Clerk, P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Station.

CLERICAL WORKER.—Young lady, experienced in magazine subscription work, filing, entering names, routine correspondence, stencil work; experience in any one of these lines favorably considered; hours 9-5, Saturdays 12:30. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

CLIPPING BUREAU ASSISTANT wanted; one with many years' experience; state age, salary, and details of experience. P. O. Box 363, City Hall.

COLLEGE WOMEN wanted to do quantitative and qualitative analysis in the laboratory of a large manufacturing concern; the post offers opportunities for research work and holds out excellent prospects for advancement. X 328 Times Annex.

COOK, with best references, ability, &c.; small apartment. Phone Schuyler 3287, or call Apt. 207 Belnord, Broadway and 86th. Mrs. Walter Lang. Fare paid.

COOK and waitress, couple or 2 girls, family of 4; Mount Vernon. Phone Murray Hill 410.

COOK, &c.—Young woman to do cooking and waiting Fridays and Sundays all day. Apt. 6-B, 27 East 62d.

ELLIOTT-FISCHER bookkeeping machine operator, thoroughly experienced on sales ledger postings; state age, reference and salary expected. B 322 Times.

FILING CLERKS.—A few positions are open for filers experienced on vertical filing. Reply, stating nationality, experience, and salary desired. Address P. O. Box 362, Madison Square Station.

FUR SALESLADY, experienced, and accustomed to high-class retail trade; an excellent opening. A. Ratkowsky, 435 5th Av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, with references, for country, 35 minutes from New York; no washing; $40. Mrs. Dean, Willard Av., Pelham, N. Y. Phone Pelham 1891.

GIRLS! GIRLS!
Neat, to envelope hair nets; steady position; $8 start; rapid increase.
S. CLEMSY,
12 EAST 22D.

GIRL, 16-17 years, in office of large manufacturing concern; state nationality and salary desired; opportunity for advancement. K 799 Times Downtown.

GIRL.—Clerical assistant, to be generally useful in embroidery house; state experience, reference and salary desired. K 190 Times.

GIRL.—Experienced, willing sample girl; good salary, steady position. Apply Herbert B. Loderer Co., 91 5th Av.

GIRLS to keep stock in high-class underwear establishment. Brand, 3 East 46th.

GIRL for general housework small family; references. Apt. 5, 4 West 105th St.

GIRL for sample department. Phoenix Mfg. Co., 877 Broadway.

GOVERNESS, French, for large family living in the country; must be fond of sports, riding, etc.; applicant state qualifications, give references and religion, and apply by letter to A 794 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS.
Refined young girl as nursery governess; must be French; good home. Call between 9 and 12, 789 West End Av., Apt. 11 C.

HOUSEWORK.—Lady wants young woman, (white,) light housework, 9 to 1; four rooms; give age, nationality, salary. B 449 Times Downtown.

INSTRUCTOR in stenography and bookkeeping wanted at Plaza Business School, Queens Plaza Court, Long Island City.

MILLINERY.—Experienced designer; high-class retail trade; salary no object. Belmont Millinery, 216 Bergenline Av., Union Hill, N. J.

MILLINERY.
EXPERIENCED: CALL READY FOR WORK, ADLER COSTUME, INC., 1,567 BROADWAY.

MILLINER, good, wanted; call 10:30. Joseum, 100 W. 44th St.

MODELS, size 16, stylish and attractive, to try on misses' coats and suits; must have experience; good salary; long season. Apply all week. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

MODELS, SIZE 16, TALL, ATTRACTIVE AND STYLISH YOUNG LADIES; GOOD SALARIES. APPLY A. SCHWARTZ & CO., INC., 20 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS wanted for photographic fashion posing; tall, good-looking women; misses, juniors. Stone, Van Dresser Co., Inc., Flatiron Building.

MODEL, size 16, for coats and suits; steady position for right one. Wolf-Bergin Co., 172 5th Av.

MODELS wanted for coats and suits; size 16; must be stylish and experienced. Ettensen-Zalud, 11 West 32d.

MODELS, sizes 16 and 36, only those experienced need apply. P. Hutner & Co., 48 West 25th.

MODEL, size 36, for coats and suits; long season, pleasant surroundings, good pay. Mutual Garment Co., 16 West 32d.

MODELS wanted, size 16. Sol. A. Pyle Co., 17 West 28th St.

NURSE.—Undergraduate or nurse's aid, with surgical training, for throat and ear specialist office; must live in; give experience and salary expected. B 336 Times.

NURSE wanted; experienced baby nurse of highest references and character to take full charge of 1-year-old baby; liberal salary; N. Y. C. K 169 Times.

NURSE for 14-month-old boy; references; apply Thursday, Kalmus, 500 West End Av.

NURSE, experienced, for child 2½ years old; reference. Call, between 9 and 12 A. M., Thursday, 315 West 115th, Apt. 28.

NURSE for two children, experienced with reference; good salary. Mrs. J. Slattery, 410 Riverside Drive. Cath. 9631.

OFFICE ASSISTANT for small publication; must be over 25; good typist; stenography desirable; highest references as to character. L 53 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—YOUNG LADY TO MAKE HERSELF USEFUL; GOOD PENMANSHIP REQUIRED. B 335 TIMES.

OFFICE NURSE wanted; refined young woman as office nurse for dental specialist. Answer by letter. B 337 Times.

OPERATOR.—Elliott-Fisher bookkeeping machine operator, thoroughly experienced on sales ledger posting; state age, references, salary expected. B 339 Times.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPOTTERS, permanent position; good future, reliable women; salary $12 to start. Apply Otto Sarony Co., 1,177 Broadway.

PUPIL NURSES for one-year course leading to certificate of trained obstetrical nurse; course includes lectures, classroom instruction, and practical work in maternity and pediatric department of registered training school. Supt. of Nurses, St. Elizabeth Hospital, 204 S. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

SALESLADY wanted, experienced, for retail fancy goods and women's wear, with reference. Apply H. Mallouk & Co., 98-100 Greenwich St., between 11-12.

SALESLADY to sell toilet preparations in our store; no outside work or demonstrating; salary $12 to begin on. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

SALESWOMAN and buyer to take complete charge of hosiery department in exclusive shoe shop; high-salaried, steady position. Shoecraft Shop, 27 West 38th St.

SAMPLE GIRL wanted by silk commission house to take full charge of sample department; state age, experience, and references. S 575 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER wanted, high grade, with a thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, only A1 office woman need answer; state experience and salary wanted to start. L 99 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert typist, touch operator, able to turn out a large quantity of work, familiar with mail order book business, follow up systems and general office routine; must be accurate, intelligent, and come well recommended; state fully age, experience, references, and salary desired; an excellent opportunity for a capable girl. Apply by letter only, addressing John Brennan, 118 East 28th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—By gentile wholesale house near Municipal Building; must be experienced, capable, correct, and possess initiative; preferably one having general office experience; permanent; $20; state age, experience. R 536 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Vice president of manufacturing company requires services of capable stenographer until about May 1; applicant must be familiar with filing and other routine office matters. X 341 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER in export department of large chemical house; must have mercantile experience, good education, rapid and accurate; excellent position at a satisfactory salary; state references, experience, salary. Apply R 520 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, for manufacturing concern, with knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; permanent position to right party. F. R., 805 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST; MUST BE RAPID AND ACCURATE WORKER. APPLY THURSDAY, SCHOLL MFG. CO., 339 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER, French, wanted by export house; English not necessary, but experience in taking commercial dictation essential; $25 or more if competent. W 696 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in office of manufacturing firm; competent, accurate, and neat stenographer, Underwood operator; state experience and salary; apply by letter. Gerstendorfer Bros., 231 East 42d.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Treasurer of manufacturing company requires services of capable stenographer; must be familiar with filing and other routine office matters. X 340 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright young girl with at least 1 year's experience; reasonable salary, with chance for advancement if satisfactory. Morris Richmond Music Co., Inc., 145 West 45th.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid typist, faultless grammarian, good speller, for publishing house; $18 to start; advancement. Apply, in person, between 10 and 11, Pearson's Magazine, 34 Union Square East.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large Christian corporation on West 125th St. requires competent young lady with about 2 years' experience; salary $14 to $16; by letter only. Mr. Miller, Willard Storage Battery Co., 418 West 125th.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, well educated; hours 9 to 5; permanent position in intelligent, willing girl; state age, previous experience, and salary expected. Address O 395 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; bright girl; accurate; one familiar with mail order business preferred, though not essential; state experience, age, salary. B 340 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with some knowledge of bookkeeping, for a Brooklyn factory; Williamsburg section; state salary in own handwriting. X 334 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and simple bookkeeping, subscription accounts and correspondence; write full particulars, experience, also salary desired. G 724 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, must be thoroughly experienced, neat appearing, quick and accurate. M. Daniel Brown Co., 43 West 33d.

STENOGRAPHER.—Smart young beginner; must be quick and accurate; good wages to start; permanent reference; Christian firm. Vaughan, 43 Barclay St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Experienced; permanent position. Call Wednesday morning, after 9, Campbell, 1,970 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate, well educated, fast and willing worker; thoroughly experienced for a high-class position; hours 9 to 5. Address B 863 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Must have seven or eight years' experience; rapid, accurate; permanent position; give references; salary $18. B 467 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, young lady, must be experienced; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in person, Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., 1,871 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, factory office; write, stating experience and salary. T. B., 118 Times.

STENOTYPIST.—Expert young lady or man. Write, stating education, speed, salary desired. B 345 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and Bookkeeper's Assistant.—Capable of handling and checking bills. Kienzler Co., 45 West 17th.

STENOGRAPHER, neat appearing, educated, to take general dictation; 125 words a minute; $18. I. M. Levy, 233 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, with common sense, to take charge of office; salary $18. Sittenfield Leather Co., 138 Prince St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Young lady, and to do typewriting; must be efficient; state salary. B 439 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR for apartment house; $60; middle aged woman preferred. K 228 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Christian firm; with some knowledge of typewriting and stenography; must be well recommended; state experience and salary expected. B 340 Times.

TELEPHONE.—Young woman wanted as telephone operator and filing clerk; salary $16. Reply, stating references, J. M. S. & Co., P. O. Box 901, city.

TYPIST.—Young lady with some clerical experience wanted; must be a good worker and accurate. Apply in person, Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., 1,871 Broadway.

TYPIST.—Capable, energetic; in applying, state age, education, and experience; future depends upon ability to do work. K 797 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid, neat, splendid opportunities for advancement, write stating age, experience and salary expected. "Typist," 182 Times.

TYPISTS, piece work; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyds, 19 Beekman St.

TYPIST, tested on speed, accuracy and neatness, fair wages; good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

YOU CAN DUPLICATE
THIS WOMAN'S SUCCESS
IN SELLING.

Up to the middle of last month Mrs. Lucy R—— had never in all her life sold anything. She had a room to let which is how our head designer happened to meet her.

"So you design custom-made corsets?" remarked Mrs. R——. "I wonder if I could sell them?"

"Try it," was the suggestion. Next morning Mrs. R—— called at our office. We showed her how to fit. Next day she called on a woman whose name we gave her. The first week she took nine orders and made $36. Since then she has made steady gains.

Mrs. R—— is busy, happy, and independent. She is putting money in the bank. Wouldn't you like to hear her story from her own lips? We can offer similar opportunities to a few more women under 40. Write A 427, Times Downtown.

WAITRESS, CHAMBERMAID, capable, wanted by American family, five persons, occupying modern apartment, East 82d, maid will have comfortable room alone, adjoining bathroom; $40 a month; please state nationality, religion, age, previous experience. X 838 Times Annex.

WOMAN for general housework and help care of little girl; 3 in family; no washing; sleep in or out; wages $10 a week; no colored. Address 181st and Broadway. Phone St. Nicholas 0092. Apt. 44.

WOMAN, experienced, to serve as a practical nurse; state reference, qualifications and expectations. Address K 214 Times.

WOMEN wanted to work on powder puffs at home or factory. Apply I. Berman, 146 Avenue D, corner 10th St., 4th floor.

YOUNG lady, experienced in handling advertising copy details, trade paper experience will be valuable, should have ability to write plain, straight forward letters, give full experience and salary wanted in first letter. A. L., 213 Times.

YOUNG LADY wanted in office of a wholesale house to take charge of order and stock books; one capable of operating typewriter preferred; salary, $13 to $15, according to ability. Address B 466 Times Downtown.

YOUNG American girl, office assistant, experience not essential, but must be willing, neat and good at figures; answer in own handwriting, stating experience, if any, salary and age. A. C. 151 Times.

YOUNG LADY in clerical capacity in large mercantile firm; must be neat writer and good at figures; permanent position, with every chance for advancement. B 469 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY of neat appearance to work in laboratory of Christian firm; fair education; excellent opportunity for advancement; $12 week to start. Apply Compagnie Morano, 118 East 27th.

YOUNG LADY wanted, experienced on operating multigraph machine; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in person, Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., 1,871 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY in office; salary $10 weekly; good writer; advancement. R 427 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN to help with babies in day nursery. 329 East 62d.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BECOME A DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER IN SIX WEEKS.
Many of the best and most progressive firms are in urgent need of ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS on Billing and Bookkeeping machines. Three to six weeks' course perfects you to fill a good-paying position. Easily learned and inexpensive. Big firms ask us to furnish competent Elliott-Fisher Operators and are paying excellent salaries. Here is an opportunity for the dissatisfied clerk and bookkeeper to be somebody. Call today.
ELLIOTT-FISHER COMPANY,
88 Park Place, near West B'way.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syl-la-bic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

KNOW HOW TO "SIZE UP" PEOPLE?
A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to judge accurately the people you meet; it also enables you to estimate your own abilities. Classes in Character Analysis and Vocational Counseling now forming. Write or 'phone Chelsea 4054 for full information.
MERTON INSTITUTE, 96 Fifth Av., N. Y.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.
Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English Is Good Business," at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New classes will meet on Wednesday, from 6:30 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for booklet, "Your English," and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Big opportunity for American stenographers who know Spanish business correspondence; come and learn at once where special course is given by real Spanish graduate teacher at her studio, 219 West 106th. Position guaranteed when ready at $30-$40 weekly; rates moderate; private lessons; translations. 4640 Academy. Miss Alvarado.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY
as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet.
CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y.,
1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6955.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, post-graduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 334 5th Av.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 Vesey St.
No registration fee.
Stenographer-Secretary, steel concern, $30.
2 Stenographers, moving picture, $100 monthly.
2 Stenographers, brokerage, downtown, $25.
5 Stenographers, insurance, export, $22-$20.
2 Stenographers, high school graduates, $20
2 Stenographers, Bklyn, Bush Term., $20-$18
Numerous positions, small offices, $18-$15; beginners, $12.

2 Office Assistants, $75 monthly.
3 Typists, $15-$12-$10.
Brooklyn, uptown, downtown.
6 Bookkeepers, typists, stenos, $20-$18.
1 Bookkeeper, Harlem, $25.
5 Telephone Operators, $14-$12; Harlem, downtown positions.
1 Assistant Bookkeeper, stenographer, $18.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
25 STENOGRAPHERS (Americans) for permanent positions (hours 9-5, half-day Saturday) in commercial, export and insurance offices. Salaries range $15-$23 weekly.
3 TYPISTS (Banks, Oil and Commercial); $18-$20.
10 TYPISTS (Commercial and Insurance), $12-$14-$15.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE,
7 Pine Street.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
154 NASSAU STREET. MISS GRIFFIN.
STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, to assist executive; A1 personality and experience required; good salary.
STENOGRAPHERS, brokerage, $20; others, $15-$18.
TYPISTS-CLERKS. Dictaphone.

BRODY AGENCY,
239 Broadway. (Entrance, 1 Park Pl.)
STENOGRAPHERS.
Legal, brokerage, commercial, advertising and others; 25 A1 positions; $15-$25; free registration.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.
STENOGRAPHERS, legal, commercial....$20
STENOGRAPHERS, beginners.....$12 to $15
TYPIST, bill clerks........................$15
TYPIST, tabulating.........................$20
CLERICAL $15

STENOGRAPHERS, Americans (3) for Christian firms, $15; bookkeeper and stenographer, $22; clerks and typists, educated Americans placed at once. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$20; typists, $16; Underwood bookkeeper, $18. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

JUPP AGENCY, 81 Nassau.—Stenographers, numberless, positions, legal, commercial; bookkeepers, stenographers, typists.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY,
93 Nassau St., 480 5th Av.
STENOGRAPHERS, $15-$20.

STENOGRAPHERS, $20-$16-$15-$12; Christian firm. David Agency, 17 West 42d.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS.
Leading firm of certified public accountants requires seniors, semi-seniors and juniors. Seniors and semi-seniors must have had ample professional experience. Juniors with public accounting experience will be given preference. Replies to receive consideration must state concisely and in order—name in full, address, telephone number, age, nationality, experience and references which will be held in confidence. H 805 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANTS.
TWO COMPETENT QUALIFIED SENIORS WITH TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE IN PUBLIC ACCOUNTING; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, AND RELIGION; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT FIRM, A 428 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT SENIOR by established firm of New York accountants for permanent staff; a competent senior accountant; state age, compensation and full details of qualifications; references will be treated in strictest confidence. Write Room 1014, 56 Pine St.

ACCOUNTANT, (senior,) on permanent staff C. P. A., (American;) firm of high standing; unusually desirable opportunity with exceptional prospects; public accounting experience essential; state commencing salary expected. S 569 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (COST.)—Services of a very high-grade, fully experienced cost accountant required for temporary work; one who is familiar with automobile manufacturing or similar line preferred; good salary. "Rex," B 457 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, senior and junior, in office of certified public accountant; permanent position to right parties; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 424 Times Downtown.

ACETYLENE CUTTER and welder wanted for sheet and structural work; first-class man. Apply New York Engineering Co., foot Babcock Place, Yonkers, N. Y., or telephone Rector 5305.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT.—Weekly trade paper wants young man about 22 years of age as assistant in advertising department; good chance for clean-cut young men of pleasing personality; ability to write advertising copy desirable. Address, giving particulars of past experience in this line, if any, and salary desired. S 576 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AGENCY wants young man who has had experience in general agency work, preferably in the way of printing, cuts, rates, &c.; excellent opportunity; write giving full details and salary desired. Box G 714 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—Three experienced preferred; commission basis. Apply in person. Room 1805, 220 West 42d St.

ASSISTANT to purchasing agent of a motor appliance manufacturing concern wanted; must be good correspondent and have had experience in following up orders and material; state salary. X 291 Times Annex.

BANK
OFFICE BOYS.
LARGE DOWNTOWN NATIONAL BANK, BOYS ABOUT 16 YEARS OF AGE; PROMOTION ASSURED. ADDRESS, STATING REFERENCES, P. O. BOX 65, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

BILLIARD MECHANIC, to set up, overhaul, and cover table. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d St.

BOOKKEEPER.
experienced in wholesale grocery business, to take charge of dept.; salary commensurate with ability. Box L 110 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, in office of a manufacturing concern; must have good handwriting and thorough knowledge of controlling accounts; good chance for advancement; state age, past experience, and salary wanted. A 415 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and general manager who can make himself useful in large coat and suit establishment; must be experienced and able to accomplish things and well recommended. Call between 1 and 2 P. M., Peck Advertising Agency, 347 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, ledger clerk; state experience, qualifications and salary desired; splendid opportunity for capable man. L 97 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced on customers' ledger; trade experience essential; state qualifications and references; salary to start, $23. L 98 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for a woodwork factory in New England; state experience, age, salary expected, and references. Box 252 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; good opportunity; state salary, experience. Box 87, West New York, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER. — Must understand bookkeeping in all its branches. K 200 Times.

BOOKKEEPER in club, $80 and meals. B 347 Times.

BOYS.
For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 4 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY WANTED FOR NIGHT WORK IN COMPOSING ROOM; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; HOURS 7 P. M. TO 3 A. M. APPLY AFTER 6 P. M., TIMES ANNEX, 43D ST., 4TH FLOOR.

BOY.—A large corporation offers an unusual opportunity for advancement to boy of good character who can furnish good reference; work stockroom and messenger; age 14 to 16. B 468 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced and responsible; familiar with controlling accounts and financial statements; please state references and salary desired. K. D., 81 Times Bronx.

BOYS (2) wanted to learn the advertising business; must furnish first-class references from last employer or school. Apply Metropolitan Advertising Company, 6 Wall St., New York.

BOY.—Downtown real estate and insurance office offers opportunity to learn business; age 17-18; $9 to start; answer in own handwriting. Address "Advancement," 702 Times Downtown.

BOY to begin as messenger in bank; good chances for advancement; advancement made from the ranks; state age. Address Box 82, 2,121 3d Av.

BOY of neat appearance for office of large cotton and silk house to run errands and do filing; good chance for advancement for bright boy. Apply by letter. K 176 Times.

BOY for general office work; one who can learn telephone switchboard preferred. Maxwell Motor Sales Corp., 175th and Grand Concourse.

BOY wanted in collection department for filing; experienced preferred. Call after 10 A. M. Credit Clearing House, 440 4th Av., 11th floor.

BOY, bright, for stock and shipping department; state age, experience, if any, and salary expected; splendid prospect for right party. Lace Importers, C. K., 235 Times.

BOY, about 16, in stock broker's office; state references, salary. G 726 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, high school graduate, to learn publishing business. Write Box 108, 1619 St. James Building.

BOY, over 16, strong, with some knowledge of figures; excellent opportunity for advancement. A 429 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Over 15; go errands; also helpers house departments. R 522 Times Downtown.

BOY, wanted, over 16, American, in office large wholesale house; chance advancement. Apply at 7 Leonard St., New York.

BOY.—Bright young boy for insurance office, public school graduate. Call 91 William St., 4th floor.

BOY WANTED, STEAMSHIP OFFICE. G 763 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BRIGHT BOY wanted to run errands and make himself generally useful by wholesale jewelry house; good opportunity for advancement. Write or call. Henry Freund & Bro., 65 Nassau St., N. Y.

BRUSH MAKERS wanted, pitch setters, and boring hands. Box 217, Bradford, Penn.

STOCK CLERKS, learn dry goods line; youths over 16. R 523 Times Downtown.

BUYER, automobile supplies; must be capable; state religion, age, salary expected, references. B 458 Times Downtown.

C. P. A. Wanted by accounting concern; possibility of firm membership for right man, account member of firm retiring; state briefly age, nationality, experience, in first letter. R 544 Times Downtown.

CASHIER,
LIFE INSURANCE.
A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. Address A 422 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS wanted, live wire, for new publication for those interested; commission basis only; references required. Apply in person, Room 1613, 220 West 42d St.

CARPENTERS
FOR WORK IN SOUTH.
APPLY
U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
22 EAST 22D ST.
JAMES STEWART & CO.

CHAUFFEUR wanted, experienced with Delaunay car. Address with particulars, K 230 Times.

CHANDELIER MAKER; must be good mechanic. Kramer Bros. Lamp Co., 583 Broadway.

CLERK wanted in insurance office; write stating age, education, experience, and salary expected. A 411 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married preferred, living convenient to Broadway and 72d St. L 161 Times.

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT.—Exceptional opening for capable accountant with good executive ability to manage accounting department of growing business; in filling this vacancy chief considerations will be previous experience and army career. S 559 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORK.—Men about 30 for clerical work in large office; good handwriting and accuracy in simple arithmetic required; experience as entry clerk desirable; preference given to men honorably discharged from U. S. service; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. B 453 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Wanted for an industrial plant at Perth Amboy, N. J., a production and cost clerk; technical training and experience in this kind of work essential; salary to start $100 per month. Address, with full details, P. L. F., Post Office Box 307, Perth Amboy, N. J.

CLERK.—Man, 25-30 years of age, as entry and ledger clerk; must be good penman, quick, accurate at figures, and experienced in general office routine. Reply, stating age, references, and salary expected, Galtee, 143 8th Av.

CLERK, experienced in workman's compensation statistics; state age, experience, salary desired at start. A 426 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—High grade grocery clerk, used to handling the very best trade. Goodwin Bros., 435 Park Av., N. Y.

COLLECTOR, experienced on magazine accounts, for West New York and near-by towns; bond and references required. Periodical Publishers Service Bureau, 307 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

CORRESPONDENT Wanted.—Man of large general experience, with a record as a successful correspondent, by large corporation; only one of ability and tact need apply, advising nationality, age, and salary desired. Address P. O. Box 302, Madison Square Station.

CORRESPONDENT, age 25-30, capable of handling large volume of detail collection work and securing results without antagonism; an opportunity is offered for advancement. P. O. Box 1201, New York.

CREDIT MAN or financial officer, position desired by man of wide experience, both banking and commercial; at present employed; first-class references. X 228 Times Annex.

DESIGNER FOR DECORATIVE DEPARTMENT; GOOD COLORIST; BETWEEN 30-45 YEARS; OUT OF TOWN. B 338 TIMES.

DESIGNER, experienced on children's and junior's coats. A 425 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, all-around, accustomed to making own details. Write, giving experience and salary, Y. S., 806 Times Downtown.

DYER.
One who can take charge of dyeing Cotton Fabric, including Heavy Duck. Must have knowledge of Formula and Process. State salary wanted and experience. Address D. W., Box 237 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER.—Working chief engineer; must be expert and experienced and have the ability to operate on the most economical basis; salary $40 per week. Apply 11 to 12 A. M. R. A. Near, 783 5th Av.

ENTRY CLERK, also understands running billing machine; young man. S 519 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.—Leading export publication requires capable man familiar with export trade to act as assistant manager of service department; preference to discharged soldiers. Apply Room 620, 280 Broadway.

FEEDER.—Multicolor operator; experienced, rapid, competent, reliable. Apply Cortina Academy, 12 East 46th St.

FINANCIAL SALES MANAGER.
Engineering financial house offering stocks, first mortgage bonds, and preferred stock seeks wide-awake man thoroughly familiar with marketing this class of securities; high-class position for man capable mastering both technical and selling operations as manager this department. S 572 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN wanted, first-class, on ladies' silk waists; Princess-Lillian Dress and Waist Co., 106-112 Spring St.

FOREIGN CREDIT MAN.—Fine opening for man capable handling details and correspondence of foreign credit reports; must be able to read simple Spanish, French, and Portuguese; discharged soldier preferred. Apply Room 620, 280 Broadway.

FUR SALESMAN, experienced, and accustomed to high-class retail trade; a good opportunity for the right man. A. Ratkowsky, 436 5th Av.

GENERAL BOOKKEEPER for large Federal operated transportation company; good opportunity; state full particulars; confidential. G 676 Times Downtown.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS, union, above scale for clean, fast operators; night side. J. J. Little & Ives, 425 East 24th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

JANITOR, 3 four-story houses, small, high class apartment; steam, hot water; $60 monthly; no living quarters. Call Thursday, 10-11 A. M., or write Huberth & Huberth, 258 West 58th St.

LIVE WINDOW DISPLAY MAN and advertising writer for New York State store, who can furnish good references. Communicate or call, Walter Floeckler, 200 5th Av.

MAN WANTED, — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN.—A large manufacturer with office and salesroom on 5th Av., New York, has an opening in its sales department for a college man who would be willing to serve a short apprenticeship in its factory and salesrooms before taking up an active position in its sales organization. K 240 Times.

MAN wanted, by large trucking company, capable to properly dispatch and route trucks for city and export shipping; excellent opportunity for right man; must have experience, steadiness and ability to handle men; write, giving experience and references. A 409 Times Downtown.

MAN.—Periodical wants thoroughly experienced makeup man with artistic ideas and thorough training in publishing. Financial experience an advantage; no interviews unless salary, experience, and references stated fully. Z 293 Times Annex.

MAN wanted in old-established firm, familiar with customs declarations and tariffs in all South and Central American countries; permanent position, with every chance for advancement. B 471 Times Downtown.

MANAGER
for ready-to-wear specialty store in New York State; must be thoroughly experienced and capable of conducting a store and handling a large volume of business; excellent opportunity and good salary for the right man; will interview from 9 to 12 A. M. Thursday and Friday. Apply Epstein, Quinto & Bro., Inc., 122 West 27th St.

MEN'S CLOTHING
STOCK MAN.
EXPERIENCED WHOLESALE STOCKKEEPING. GOOD CHANCE FOR INDUSTRIOUS, CAPABLE MAN. APPLY ALL WEEK.
BEST & CO.,
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
7 WEST 35TH ST., 8:30-9:30 A. M.

MESSENGERS.—Wanted, by large downtown bank, young men as messengers; between the age of 18 and 19 years. R 543 Times Downtown.

MESSENGERS.—Wanted, by large downtown institution, boys as interior messengers. R 542 Times Downtown.

NECKWEAR SALESMEN
to carry with other lines splendid line of marabout capes on commission basis for South Middle West; other territories open. B 334 Times.

NICKEL ANNODE MAKER wanted in foundry of local concern; one with long experience wanted, who understands his business thoroughly; write particulars. R 505 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Level-headed, clean-cut gentleman as office assistant; preferably one who has had motion picture office experience; state experience and past salaries. B 333 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—School graduate preferred, living with parents; salary to start, $7 a week. Apply, by letter only, to Room 307, 30 East 42d St.

OFFICE BOY, bright and industrious; salary $8 per week; splendid chance for advancement; wholesale dry goods merchants. B 329 Times.

OFFICE BOY, industrious and willing; good chance for advancement; apply with hand written application. George B. Herzig, 89 West 29th St.

PACKERS, EXPERIENCED.
Q. R. S. CO., 518 WEST 55TH ST.

PANTS MANUFACTURER, proved executive and manufacturing ability, to take complete charge of manufacturing department of large pants house; a rare opportunity for a progressive, capable man, who can handle successfully a large proposition; in strict confidence give in detail experience and full particulars. Address Pants 228 Times Downtown.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—Rapid worker on lantern slides and enlarging. Call after 9 A. M., ninth floor, 406 West 31st St.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.—Experienced printer for high-class studio. Rockwood, 510 West 145th.

RESIDENT BUYERS—SALESMEN
wanted by manufacturer who is specializing on novelty capes and suits, making better grade merchandise; employ no road salesmen; all territories open, commission basis; opportunity of a life time; strictly confidential. N. D., 244 Times.

SALES MANAGER
DISTRICT
WANTED.
We are looking for a really high class specialty salesman who has actually sold worth while specialties on territorial agency contract basis, where the agent was required to purchase a minimum quantity in order to secure contract. The man we want should be about middle age, in good health, in the ten thousand dollar per year class at least, and prepared to travel. This man should also have had some experience selling stock to round out his experience, although this will form no part of his activity with us.
On our part, we have an absolutely clean clear business proposition, distinctly worth while, involving the marketing of business and office appliances which are grade "A" in every respect.
If you feel you are the man we want to see, call any time after 10 o'clock and ask for Mr. Montgomery, at 380 Lafayette Street, New York City.

SALESMEN
Wanted for All Territories for
HANDKERCHIEFS, LACES, CURTAIN DRAPERIES AND WHITE GOODS.
Liberal arrangements on commission basis or drawing account against commission will be made with men familiar with the line and good following with retail trade, or can be carried as a side line on strictly commission basis. Address with full particulars as to territory covered and references, J. K., 210 Times.

SALESMEN.—Great Northern Manufacturing Co. wants three experienced traveling salesmen, between 31 and 45 years old, to sell aluminum cooking utensils to the retail trade, &c., in Mich., Illinois and Iowa; contract on liberal commission basis; expenses advanced; opportunity to earn from $5,000 to $12,000 a year; only big calibre men, able to furnish highest references, need apply. Call in person, Thursday, Friday, C. P. Shaw, Hotel York.

SALESMAN, with knowledge of bristles, is offered excellent opportunity with large corporation; salary or commission basis; in replying give full details, and applications will be treated in the strictest confidence. Address R 552 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—We manufacture permanent military testimonial tablets, for which there is a ready sale to all who display service flags; this is the most artistic tablet on the market; only high-class men of proven selling ability capable of interviewing big men need apply; state particulars in first letter fully; commission basis with liberal advancement as soon as sales are made. K 210 Times.

SALESMAN.—Must be well acquainted with the toilet goods buyers throughout the United States; only those who sold high-class toilet preparations and earned more than $5,000 per year and can furnish first-class references will be interviewed; commission and drawing account; submit full particulars of your previous employment, which will be treated strictly confidential. M. P., 330 Times.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Services of first-class sensible salesman of pleasing personality for Eastern representative of well-established Middle West carton and label printing house; give references, with full detail of age, experience, and salary or commission expected, also whether or not employed at present; excellent opportunity. X 332 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to sell lubricating oil to the marine trade in and around New York City; must be experienced; possibly we could use a marine engineer who feels he has ability to sell lubricating oils; acquaintance with buyers in the trade absolutely necessary; give full particulars in first letter, otherwise no attention paid; salary and expenses. X 241 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, one who has had selling experience, to sell light commercial cars, preferably one who has served in Motor Transport Service; automobile selling experience not necessary; in reply state opinion as to which car gave best service in the army; commission against drawing account. Write M. M., 303 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—American Can. Co. has openings for a few live-wire salesmen to sell adding machines and typewriters; exclusive territory, drawing account, and commissions make it possible to average $100 weekly; experience neither essential or objectionable. Apply by letter only for appointment. L. M. Elsman, 305 Broadway.

SALESMEN. — Co-operation and assistance given men without selling experience; liberal commission; our men are making $10 to $15 daily among business people on The New York Times Midweek Pictorial. Call before 10, after 3, 220 West 42d St., Room 1808, Mr. Huiss.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN, experienced, for novelty jewelry and souvenir lines Middle West and Great Lakes territory, also New England States; salary and commission basis; thorough acquaintance with trade necessary. Apply own handwriting, stating full experience, Arrow Novelty Co., Inc., 108 East 16th St.

SALESMAN wanted; live experienced salesman to represent us in New York City, and one in Boston and New England States, selling STEK-O paste and our other adhesives; salary or commission; give age, experience and references. Clark Paper & Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Prominent immediate delivery coat house, specializing coats and capes exclusively, $10.00 to $40.00, open for general salesman who can show records producing $100,000 sales or over; unusual opportunity; communication strictly confidential; commission. X 336 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Prominent immediate delivery coat house, specializing coats and capes exclusively, $10.00 to $40.00, open for general salesman who can show records producing $100,000 sales or over; unusual opportunity; communication strictly confidential; commission. X 336 Times Annex.

SALESMEN. — Three discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines fitted to sell popular $1 war books in office buildings; $5 per day, straight salary. Call before 10 A. M. today, Room 1204, 110 West 40th St.

SALESMAN, experienced, for apron line, metropolitan district, acquainted with department store buyers; commission basis; apply by letter only, stating past experience. W. H. Dean, 45 East 17th.

SALESMAN, CLOTHING, EXPERIENCED, WANTED; GOOD SALARY AND PROSPECTS FOR THE RIGHT MAN. MANUFACTURERS OUTLET CLOTHING CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

SALESMAN wanted, notion or ribbon, in each State to carry on commission as side line our Hair Bow Holder, which every department store carries. Goldsmith & Harzberg, Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN.—Energetic salesman to solicit general color lithography for a splendidly equipped New York lithograph plant for New York and vicinity; liberal commission basis. R 519 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to handle popular-priced line coats and suits; all territories open; also resident man with offices; salary or commission. Box N. N., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN for popular-price skirt line for office trade only; splendid opportunity for man who can prove satisfactory results; commission basis. Perfection Skirt Co., 12 West 18th St.

SALESMAN.—Traveling; must be thoroughly experienced in selling high-grade dolls; this is a splendid opportunity for a $5,000 man; state experience and territory; salary and commission. B 318 Times.

SALESMAN.—One who is acquainted with the wholesale ready-to-wear buyers; must have a following; drawing account and commission. Address B 328 Times.

SALESMAN.—Call before noon. An active man to sell business service indorsed by banks, lawyers, and merchants; commission. Suite 1303B, 114 West 32d. Mr. Goodhart.

SALESMEN.—Exceptional opportunity to obtain exclusive territory for meritorious auto accessory; commission. 25 West 42d St., Suite 625.

SALESMAN FOR DECORATIVE DEPARTMENT LARGE DRY GOODS STORE 400 MILES FROM NEW YORK. APPLY F. R. ALDRICH 452 5TH AV.

SALESMAN wanted to get business for a sash, door and trim house; city and suburban; commission to start; drawing if warranted. B 1064 Times Harlem.

SALESMEN wanted to take out a line of picture frames; commission basis. Terrace Mfg. Co., 241 Centre St.

SALESMAN, acquainted with department stores, silk, underwear; commission basis. X 333 Times Annex.

SHOE SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED, STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY. WILLIAM KAHN, 240 MAIN ST., NEW ROCHELLE.

STATISTICIAN.—Gentleman who has experience in preparing statistics and presenting them; review past experience and salaries. B 331 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-
SECRETARY.
Man, not over 28 years. Must be first-class stenographer; careful, rapid, common sense, education, ability to develop for responsible position as secretary to Manager of manufacturing firm. EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY if you can measure up. Write FULLY, giving age, experience, salary, &c. B 463 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid typist, faultless grammarian, good speller, for publishing house; $18 to start, advancement. Apply in person between 10 and 11. Pearson's Magazine, 34 Union Square East.

STENOGRAPHER and general assistant for afternoon and evening work in Young Men's Hebrew Association; write stating qualifications and salary expected to Superintendent, 1261 Franklin Ave., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; state age, experience, and salary desired. G 725 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN.
We are looking for real producers; if you have made a success of selling stock by phone only and can prove your record, we want to meet you and talk business; branch managerships open in one month; we are paying $25 to $50 plus commission; write us your record. A 404 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT, experienced in manufacturing mechanical work of great variety; no consideration can be given applicant without such actual experience; applications showing such experience in full detail will be treated in strict confidence; also state age and approximate past earnings. Address President, 203 Times Downtown.

TESTER.
Elementary knowledge of physics, electricity, or chemistry will warrant interview for young man looking for bright future in work where those who are ambitious are tutored into experts along electrical path leading to a broad and desirable manufacturing career. We pay $16, while becoming familiar with primary, simple testing duties. This is with a concern of unequaled prestige in its line, REPUTABLE, EXPANDING, PERMANENTLY. Give a plain, brief outline covering studies and ability to live in New Jersey permanently.
T. T., 210 Times Downtown.

TELLER.—Wanted experienced paying teller and receiving teller in uptown bank. R 194 Times.

TRADE PAPER EDITOR.—Leading export paper requires editorial assistant and reporter; must be good writer and active reporter; preference to discharged soldiers. Apply Room 620, 280 Broadway.

TREASURER'S ASSISTANT.—Clean cut gentleman, 25 to 30 years of age, able to handle office detail for treasurer, preferably possessing auditing experience; splendid opportunity for one possessing qualifications; in reply give details. B 332 Times.

TUTOR desired; have splendid opportunity for a well-educated young man, English and Hebrew scholar; write for appointment. Frank Cohen, 1,660 East New York Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

TYPIST, expert typewriter; state experience, references, and salary. R 205 Times.

WAIST BUYER wanted for store handling better grade of merchandise; some one who has already shown results. Address Lock Box 199, Madison Square.

WE WANT SOME
INTELLIGENT BOYS
of good stock and fair education who wish to make business their lifework.

The book business is one of the most agreeable of commercial occupations. It is not of the "get-rich-quick" kind, and those only are successful who are genuinely absorbed in the work and put their entire spirit and energy into every part of it. There are excellent openings with us for boys of the right character, young enough to begin at the bottom, who have real fondness for work, and who realize that the top of the ladder cannot be reached in a year.

Many of the leading booksellers and publishers are those who began as boys and were advanced step by step to their present positions.

PUTNAMS, 2 W. 45, N. Y.

If calling in person ask for Irving Putnam and apply at 3 P. M. any day but Saturday.

WINDOW TRIMMER, card writer, and advertising man wanted for a medium-sized department store in Wheeling, W. Va.; call with samples of work Thursday morning, between 9 and 11 A. M., or 5 and 6 P. M., Ben. I. Levis, 37 West 26th.

YOUNG MAN, bright, energetic, wanted in credit department of old-established mercantile house; moderate salary to start, but excellent opportunity for advancement for steady, reliable, and ambitious worker; no answers will receive consideration unless they state age, salary expected, business experience or training, and nationality of applicant's parents. B 330 Times.

YOUNG MAN who has had some experience in architect's office or drafting for position as salesman with steel furniture company; good opportunity for advancement; must be well recommended, good appearance; salary and commission. B 861 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted by importing firm; some office experience, for position as billing clerk; must be accurate, good penman, furnish A1 references; address own handwriting. K 207 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Useful; light, inside, clean work; over 16. R 521 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, experienced solicitor for architectural work, also wood and metal novelties, capable to assist manager. Apply 281 Butler St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN in credit department of large import and export concern; must be good at figures; permanent position; every chance for advancement. B 470 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by wholesale plumbing supply house as quotation clerk; must be experienced; rapid advancement. B 821 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted by silk commission house to check stock and enter invoices; state age, experience, and references; salary $12. S 574 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, BRIGHT, NEAT APPEARING, IN WHOLESALE HOUSE TO INVESTIGATE REFERENCES. A. STEINHARDT & BRO., BROADWAY AND 17TH.

YOUNG MAN for Christian firm, 17-18 years, in office of customs agents; experience unnecessary; answer by letter only; state salary expected. Room 821, 24 State Street.

YOUNG MAN, 18 years, for clerical work in large wholesale house; good chance advancement. K R., 205 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school education, learn apron manufacturing. Apply by letter only; salary $15. Room 711, 45 East 17th.

YOUNG MAN.—Typist, assistant to manager; willing to work up; state experience and salary expected. B 344 Times.

YOUNG MAN, over 16, for shipping room; all around helper. S 516 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

AMERICAN BUSINESS IS ABLAZE
WITH A NEW SPIRIT.

The lessons learned from the war have inoculated it with new energy, enterprise and progressiveness. THE BUSINESS ENGINEER OF THE DAY is the

TRAINED EXPERT ACCOUNTANT.

He is in the greatest demand of any professional man in the world, has the least competition, and consequently is the best paid.

$3,000 TO $10,000—AND MORE

yearly. Business men realize that if they are to survive and prosper in this new era they must have a close, accurate and constant analysis of their business, and possibly a day-by-day audit, such as can only be secured through the medium of the man—or woman—trained in Higher Accounting. The available supply of these is exhausted—there are none to be had.

We can fill, in a limited way only, the many requests being received for AUDITORS, COMPTROLLERS, COST ACCOUNTANTS, EFFICIENCY ENGINEERS, CREDIT MEN, AND SYSTEMATIZERS.

THE LARGEST UNIVERSITY
IN THE WORLD,

teaching Higher Accounting and coaching for C. P. A. examination, by simple, practical, and agreeable Home Study, is making a special effort to train ambitious men and women, with analytical minds, who desire to fit themselves to fill these positions and secure the financial independence that comes with the mastery of the highest paid profession in the world. KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING NOT REQUIRED. We train you from the ground up.

LET 1919 SEE YOUR TRAINING AS A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT COMPLETED!

Address or call on

E. A. MANCHESTER, Registrar.
110 WEST 40TH ST., NEW YORK.
Telephone 1981 Bryant.

MEN WANTED.
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Take advantage of the great after-the-war reconstruction period; learn Mechanical Dentistry; rise above small-salaried positions into a profession of unlimited opportunity; taught by actual work; no book study; three months' course; day and evening classes; easy payments; tools and equipment furnished free; write for Booklet C. Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentristy, 15 West 44th St., New York; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.
Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English Is Good Business" at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New class will meet on Wednesdays from 6:05 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for booklet "Your English" and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT.
The demand for Traffic Managers is growing. We can train you! Our course offers instruction in practical work. The course is given in co-operation with the La Salle Extension University, under the supervision of P. W. Moore, Chief of Traffic Bureau, Queensboro Chamber of Commerce.
Call, write, or phone. W. V. Weller, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY. Men wanted to learn a paying professional trade. Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men. Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

YOUNG MEN can qualify rapidly for good office positions by taking the Y. M. C. A. standardized business course. Write, call, or phone today for booklet and free pass. Y. M. C. A., (East Side Branch,) 157 East 86th St. Telephone Lenox 6061.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

EARN $25 to $75 Weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "T." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W 36th St.

BOOKKEEPERS, clerks wanted to train under certified public accountants for openings as cost accountants, auditors, executives; new home study plan. International Accountants Society, 309 Broadway, N.Y.C.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin. Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

SCHOLARSHIPS. — McBurney Preparatory Day School offers chance for boys to earn way while studying. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

REFINED South American desires change Spanish for English lessons. J. V. Gomez, 63 7th Av.

STUDY SHORTHAND.—Small classes; free trial lesson. Y. M. H. A., Lexington Av. and 92d St.

MOVING-PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

Fifty cents an agate line.

"THE AMERICAN,"
115 BROADWAY, COR. CEDAR ST.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, (6,) for Manufacturing Plant in New Brunswick, N. J.; permanent positions, $110-$125 month.

BOOKKEEPER.—Take full charge and maintain factory cost system for wood working firm in Bronx; $30 week.

JUNIOR COST ACCOUNTANT.—Knowledge of time study or purchasing for stationery concern; $30 week.

C. P. HASSON. J. J. McLAUGHLIN.
AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE.
115 BROADWAY.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

AUCTION SALE.
AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.
$50,000.00 STOCK, TIRES, TUBES, MAGNETOS, ROBES AND TRUCK TIRES, WALL CASES, FIXTURES, &C.
SALE AT 1,657 BROADWAY,
FRIDAY, JAN. 24, 10:30 A. M.
E. SCHIELDS, AUCTIONEER.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
PEUGEOT Suburban Sedan; latest importation.
1916 SIMPLEX Limousine Landaulet.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

AUTO BARGAINS.
ON EXHIBITION.
CADILLAC, collapsible Landaulet, 1917.
CADILLAC, convertible Sedan, 1917.
CADILLAC, Victoria coupé, 1917.
CADILLAC, Roadster, 1917.
CADILLAC, 7-passenger, 1917 and 1918.
PACKARD, Chummy Roadster, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, Touring, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, 2-35, Landaulet, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Limousine, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Touring, 1916.
LOCO, 6-38, Landaulet, 1915.
LANCIA, 35, Special Roadster, 1918.
LANCIA, Streamline Touring, 1916.
BIDDLE, new Roadster, 1918.
SOTTA, Special Touring, 1915.
LANCIA, Modern Town Car.
SIMPLEX, late Special Speedster.
FIAT, 90, Special Roadster.
DE DION, small Town Car.
RENAULT, 18 horse, collapsible Landaulet.
RENAULT, 45, Limousine.
ROSKAM SCOTT CO.,
1,896 Broadway, (63d) 907 Columbus.

1918 PACKARD Touring.
1918 CADILLAC Sedan.
1917 CADILLAC Sedan.
1918 DANIELS 4-passenger touring.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW touring.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger touring.
1917 MARMON touring.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 MAXWELL Sedan.
1917 HUDSON cabriolet.
1917 BUICK Sedan.
1917 OVERLAND Sedan.
1918 MARMON town car.
1917 DODGE touring.
1916 S. G. V. Roadster, 4-passenger, Fleetwood body.
1917 CADILLAC touring; excellent condition.
1918 STUTZ Speedster Bearcat.
TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
1917 PACKARD, 2-ton.
1918 GARFORD, 2-ton; cannot be told from new.
1917 REO, 2-ton.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.,
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

BENZ seven-passenger touring; electrically equipped; good condition; special built body; $950; private owner. Phone Schuyler 3761.

BUICK COUPELET,
1917 Little six; excellent.
Federal Warehouse, 250 West 54th.

BUICK, 1917, LIGHT 6 TOURING, Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK, 1917, Little-6 touring, $800. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUY now. Prices advance in spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1919 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 CHUMMY.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLACS.
The man who wants to enjoy the advantages of CADILLAC ownership, and prefers not to invest the amount which a new CADILLAC requires, can gratify his desire in one of our used CADILLACS which has been overhauled and repainted.

1918 Model 57, 5-pass. Touring.
1918 Model 57, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 7-pass. Touring.
1916 Model 53, 5 pass. Touring.
1915 Model 51, 7-pass. Touring.
1917 Model 55, 7-pass. Limousine.
1917 Model 55, Landaulet Brougham, new body; exceptional car.
1915 Model 51 Roadster.

NEWARK BRANCH,
Detroit-Cadillac Motor Car Co.,
536 Broad St., Newark.
Tel. 3240 Mulberry. Used Car Dept.

CADILLAC 1917 7-pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1917 LIMOUSINE.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 38 Landaulet.
PACKARD 1918 LIMOUSINE, 3-35.
PACKARD 1917 COUPE, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 PHAETON, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 TOURING, 2-35.
PACKARD 1917 ROADSTER, 2-25.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1916 CABRIOLET.
PACKARD 1915 TOURING, 3-38.
PACKARD 1915 PHAETON, 3-38.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078-5079.

CADILLAC Amesbury special sedan, 1918, for sale; perfect condition; looks like new; equipped with Hy-Sig signaling device and all improvements; especially silent and powerful engine. Telephone Orange 6666 or Bryant 9656.

CADILLAC, 1917 Sedan; new cord tires; many extras; excellent condition; rare opportunity.

COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St., Fourth Floor.

CADILLAC roadster, late model, equipped electrically throughout; 6 wire wheels; car in perfect condition. Phone 6764 Riverside, after 6 P. M.

CADILLAC 1918-1917 four-passenger sport. PIERCE-ARROW 1918 landaulet, 38 H.-P. PACKARD 1918 limousine, 3-35. F. Turner, 29 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC suburban Sedan, 1916; must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition; slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 sedan, like new, mechanically perfect; bargain. Owner S 556 Times Downtown.

CADILLAC brougham, wire wheels, mechanically perfect; sacrifice. Ryan, Lincoln Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE,
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHALMERS, touring model 32A; all wearing parts just replaced; 6 new shoes; very economical; bargain. Andrus, 208 West 101st St.; Riverside 9670.

CHANDLER CHUMMY ROADSTER, 1918. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. Phone 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

CHEVROLET, 1916 model, 5-pass. enclosed body, new tires, extra equipment, excellent condition throughout, $425. Studebaker Corporation, 1,731 Broadway.

COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 WEST 56TH ST., FOURTH FLOOR.
Cole, Sedans, tourings and chummy roadsters.

CRANE SIMPLEX, latest model, Sedan body; never run. 3902 Schuyler.

DE DION BOUTON 7-passenger touring; will sell at sacrifice. Chelsea Lumber Co., 87 Manhattan St.

DETROIT electric, 1916 model; new battery; car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,500; ask to see C's car at Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y.

FIAT, 45 horse power chassis; excellent condition; very low price. H. S. Ricce, 99 Southern Boulevard.

FORD, commercial, 1917 model, all equipment; almost new. Alhambra Garage, 65 West 118th. Inquire between 10-12 A. M.

FRANKLIN SEDAN, 1917, series 9. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

HUDSON "Special" suburban Sedan; almost new; wire wheels; blue velvet upholstery; extras.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St., Fourth Floor.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE 1917 Sedan; wonderful condition. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

LEXINGTON sedan, 1918 model, 7 passenger; will sell at sacrifice; need the money. Joseph Levine, 87 Manhattan St. Morningside 2544.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 58th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1918 "48" touring car; settle estate; bargain. Cook-Maccounell, 1,750 Broadway.

MARMON, 1917 touring, seven passenger. 1,778 Broadway, (57th) one flight. Circle 1417.

MARMON closed car, 1917; mileage 6,000. Mrs. Bushey, 220 W. 70th. Col. 6882.

MARMON, 1917, Chummy Roadster, for sale; no dealers. 2246 Fordham, Apt. 52.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES,
Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

MERCER Sportster, 1917 model No. 22-70; nearly new; thoroughly overhauled; wonderful bargain. To be seen at Maxim Garage, Grand Concourse, near 182d St.

NATIONAL coupé, 1916, 6-cyl.; excellent condition; owner going abroad. Andrus, 208 West 101st. Riverside 9670.

NATIONAL, latest model, Newport Sedan; condition new; rare opportunity. Phone Circle 5692.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 Sedan; attractive bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

PACKARD PHAETON, 1918.
Model 3-25. 5-passenger, driven less than 4,000 miles; equipped with Goodyear cord tires, bumper, mirrorscope; has been repainted and is in good mechanical condition. Newark Branch Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co., 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Tel. 3240 Mulberry.

PACKARDS.
1917 2-35 Landaulet, fine condition
1917 2-25 Fleetwood, five-passenger touring
1916 1-35 Limousine, newly painted.
George Lamberty, 1,526 Broadway.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN.
Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW Sedan in beautiful condition throughout, rebuilt and in perfect mechanical order, self-starter, electric lights; sacrifice at $2,175. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway, at 56th St., second floor.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 148 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook-Maccounell, 1,790 Broadway.

REO 1917 touring 4-cylinder, extra shoes, &c., $550. 252 East 149th St.

STANLEY sedan, 1917 model, in excellent condition. Phone for appointment, Kenmore 165.

SELECT USED CARS
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 169.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7860.

STEARNS Knight raceabout; recently overhauled; electrically equipped; extra tires; very attractive; guaranteed. Silent-Knight Motor Repair Co., 549 West 53d St.

STEARNS limousine, 4 cylinder, Fleetwood body, 1917. Mr. Best, 9657 Riverside.

STUDEBAKER, Series 1918, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger special body De Luxe model; in first-class condition, mechanically and otherwise; runs beautifully; painted a dark blue with natural wood wheels; very sporty and a very exceptional bargain; price $950. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER.—Economical family car, a small '18 "Six" touring equipped with two extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally comfortable car; overhauled and in perfect condition; new model costs $2,144; special price $785. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway and 56th St., second floor.

STUDEBAKER, small touring, in beautiful condition; recently repainted a dark maroon with gold stripes; very fine running condition; good tires; don't overlook this fine value; price $525. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER.—Beautiful 18 model roadster, used for demonstrating purposes only. New car costs $1,782; you can buy this demonstrator today for $875; car is fully guaranteed as new. Studebaker Corp., Broadway at 56th St.

STUDEBAKER 1917, Springfield Sedan, good condition; tires and paint, extra new brown whipcord upholstery, like new; exceptional bargain; price $1,000. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917, 6-cylinder touring, in fine condition throughout; offered at a price that will surely interest you; price $650. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER.—A rare bargain in a Winter car; '16, six Tour-Sedan for $725; overhauled, revarnished and in beautiful condition; equipped with new cord tires. Studebaker Corp. at 56th St., second floor.

STUDEBAKER 1918, 6 cylinder, 7-passenger touring, in A1 condition; driven very carefully; price $775. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUTZ SPEEDSTER, 1916, three passenger. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

STUTZ, 1918, 6 passenger touring; used 4 months; condition new. Circle 7892.

WINTON Six, seven-passenger touring car, electric lights; self-starter; overhauled, repainted, guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

MOTOR TRUCK wanted, 3 to 5 tons, any body preferred, with automatic dump. Pierce-Arrow, Republic Mack, about 1917 or late model; state mileage and price. Gibbons Company, 318 Columbia St., Brooklyn.

MOTOR Trucks to hire by day, week, or month; contracts taken. Mahoney, 206 West 17th. Chelsea 8983.

WHITE TRUCK, 3 or 5 tons, wanted. R. Hernandez, 1,834 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW dumpers for sale, fine condition. R 174 Times.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. J. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4200 Bryant.

HUDSON TOWN CAR; handsome, latest model; for hire by day, week, or month; owner drives. Victor Johnson, 326 East 57th. Telephone Murray Hill 1402.

PACKARD for rent by the hour; 6 limousines. Phone Paul, Lenox 2418.

PACKARD 7-passenger for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Plaza 9290.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOS WANTED; 1 OR 100
Must have a big number of autos for Southern shipment.
ALL MAKES AND TYPES.
Not older than 1914.
CASH WAITING.
Telephone or call, 1,763 Broadway.
Telephone Circle 2476.

CADILLACS, 1917-1918; closed cars wanted; spot cash waiting. Russell & Downs, 28 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1746.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans; standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

Automobile Bodies.

PACKARD.—Have a four-passenger coupé body, new, never mounted, cost $1,300, will sacrifice $750. Dunham Sales, 407 South Broadway, Yonkers.

AUTO BODIES.—A brougham and one limousine landaulet, cost $3,000 each; take $350 for either. 1,930 Broadway.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. 7920.	Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $30.50
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STRAIGHT EDGE BAKING COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, January 23, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 100-104 Lawrence St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office fixtures, baking utensils, machinery, fixtures and equipment. Also the right, title and interest of the Bankrupt in and to the Good Will of the business and in and to the unexpired term of the lease and the option to purchase the said real property and the right, title and interest of the Bankrupt in and to two Lubrecop Patent Ovens installed at said premises and one steel revolving oven dough mixer and motor, located at 200 Greenwich St., Manhattan.
ARTHUR Y. DALZIEL, Receiver.
PAUL M. CRANDELL, Attorney for Receiver, 233 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTCRAFT WAIST CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, January 23, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 43 West 24th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large stock of silks, Georgettes, trimmings, bindings, silk and Georgette waists, newly equipped plant of machinery, power tables, motors, office and factory fixtures, safe, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest of the lease of the above premises up to February 1, 1920, together with a deposit of $1,000 as security for said lease.
BERTHA REMBAUGH, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Rutherford, Col. H. H., assigned as surg. at Camp Greenleaf and Camp Forrest.

Gregory, Col. J. C., and Miller, 1st Lt. S. W., to Hosp. No. 30, at Plattsburg Barracks.

Gentry, Lt.Col. E. R.; Schram, Capt. D. L., and Desmond, 1st Lt. M. A., to Hosp. No. 29, at Ft. Snelling.

Clarke, Lt.Col. H., to Ft. Bayard Hosp., sick.

Taylor, Maj. R. T., and Codman, Maj. E. A., to Army Medical School.

Strong, Maj. S. M., to Air Serv. School at Barron Field.

Whiting, Maj. S. B., to Camp Lewis.

Bartholomew, Maj. H. S., to Arcadia, Cal., in Army Balloon School.

Briedenwald, Maj. E., to Hoboken as witness for general court-martial, then to Camp Meade.

Clift, Maj. M., to Camp Custer.

Harris, Capt. E. R.; Sloan, Capt. E. H.; Dixon, Capt. C. D., and Shoemaker, 1st Lt. A. J., to Camp Travis.

Phillips, Capt. E. J., to Norfolk, Va.

Bradley, Capt. J. M., to Hosp. No. 35, at West Baden, Ind.

Ludwick, Capt. A. L., appointed Act. Qm. at the Gen. Hosp. at Cooperstown, N. Y., vice Capt. W. C. Johnston.

Ducat, Capt. R., and Stayton, Capt. C. A., to Hosp. No. 24, at Pittsburgh.

Reinstein, Capt. A. H., to Letterman Hosp.

McCort, Capt. J. H., to Camp Upton.

Schons, Capt. N., and Doyle, Capt. G. F., to Hosp. No. 14, at Ft. Oglethorpe.

Whittington, Capt. H. D., and Nunnick, Capt. C., to Ft. Sam Houston.

Wise, Capt. E. De W., to Camp Dodge.

Pumpelly, Capt. W. C., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Stapleton, Capt. E. A., to Camp Shelby.

Timberman, Capt. J. H., to Carlstrom Field.

Mize, Capt. E. H., to Kelly Field as flight surg.

Plice, Capt. W. A., to Hosp. No. 25, at Fort Des Moines.

Krohn, Capt. W. O., to Hazelhurst Field.

Sanford, Capt. C. H., to Hosp. No. 33, at Fort Logan H. Root.

Bayless, Capt. C. O., to McCook Field.

Donhauser, Capt. J. L., to Wash.

Brewster, Capt. R. B., and Sanie, 1st Lt. L. R., to Hoboken.

Hohnstedt, Capt. J. H., to Hosp. No. 23, at Hot Springs, N. C.

Jenninge, Capt. J. G., to Garden City Air Service Depot.

Cook, Capt. E. L. C.; Caffee, 1st Lt. Wm. M., and Rice, 1st Lt. G. W., to San Francisco, and sail for Philippine Islands.

Bates, Capt. L. B., to Panama Canal Zone.

Pitts, 1st Lt. C. E., to Hosp. No. 8, at Otisville, N. Y.

Buck, 1st Lt. S. B., to Jefferson Barracks, for discharge.

Hausman, 1st Lt. L., to Camp Grant.

Huntley, 1st Lt. W. B., and Summers, 1st Lt. A., to Camp Grant, re disease.

Bray, 1st Lt. S. E., and McNaughton, 1st Lt. W. T., to Camp Beauregard.

Reid, 1st Lt. J. J., to Hosp. No. 5, at Fort Ontario.

Mahoney, 1st Lt. H. L., to Camp Green.

Golomb, 1st Lt. J., to Camp Dix.

Hein, 1st Lt. E. E., to Hosp. No. 28, at Fort Sheridan.

McFadden, 1st Lt. J. E., to Camp Meade.

Sutton, 1st Lt. D. C., to Hosp. No. 9, at Lakewood, N. J.

Sonne, 1st Lt. I. H., to Camp Pike.

Pilot, 1st Lt. I., to Boston.

Lanahan, 1st Lt. C. R., to Camp Taylor.

O'Connell, 1st Lt. W. M., to Hosp. No. 16, at New Haven.

Brody, 1st Lt. S., to Camp Forrest.

Cooley, 1st Lt. W. H., to Hosp. No. 6, at Fort McPherson, sick.

Cooley, 1st Lt. D. B., to Camp Leach.

Anderson, 1st Lt. G. C., to Hosp. No. 11, at Cape May.

Moody, 1st Lt. R. W., to Hosp. No. 28, at Fort Sheridan.

Ogden, 1st Lt. F. N., to Camp McClellan.

Wilcox, 1st Lt. J. W., to Hosp. No. 19, at Ocean, N. C.

Turner, 1st Lt. G., to Hosp. No. 2, at Fort Bliss.

Field Artillery.

Judah, Lt. Col. N. B., Jr., hon. discharged.

Griffith, Maj. C. T., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at Univ. of Penn.

Delahanty, Capt. R. D., assigned to 82d, at Fort Bliss.

Carlson, Capt. E., to Newport News.

Craw, Capt. J. W. L., assigned to Judge Advo. Gen.'s Dept.

Bronson, Capt. J. W., assigned to 54th, at Camp Travis.

Weiss, 1st Lt. C. J., and Keating, 1st Lt. J. H., to Fort Sill.

Gulbrandson, 1st Lt. C. D., relieved from present duties as asst. to Mil. Attache at Copenhagen.

Conless, 1st Lt. B., to Army Gen. Hosp., at Fort Bayard.

Roberts, 1st Lt. A. B., to Camp Sheridan for discharge.

McLaren, 1st Lt. R. A., to Presidio for discharge.

Infantry.

Wood, Col. G. H., hon. discharged.

Herron, Lt. Col. T. M. R., will report to Zone Supply Off. at Wash.

Butcher, Lt. Col. E., to Camp Sevier.

Cook, Maj. C. F., will report to Surg. Gen.

Power, Maj. E. O., to Gen. Hosp. No. 1 at New York for treatment.

Patten, Maj. W. T., detailed as Insp.-instructor National Guard, at Seattle, Wash.

Baxter, Maj. J. H., to Garden City, L. I., for discharge.

Byrne, Capt. F. A.; Avery, Capt. I. C.; Horton, Capt. R. F., and Pendleton, Capt. A., permanently appointed in regular army.

Van Dusen, Capt. D. B., will report to Judge Adv. Gen.

Sarge, Capt. H. D., to Philadelphia with O. T. C. Dist. No. 3.

Boatwright, Capt. J. R., to Camp Custer.

Brostos, Capt. C. L., and Price, 1st Lt. A. T., to Washington.

Van Atta, Capt. A. G., to Philadelphia.

Hakes, Capt. C. C., to Camp Taylor, for discharge.

Quigley, Capt. E. H., assigned as aid de camp on staff of Cmdg Off of East Dept at New York.

Cooke, 1st Lt. J., to Walter Reed Hosp., Wash., for treatment.

Elliott, 1st Lt. A., to Indiana Univ., Bloomington, Ind.

Esterly, Capt. A. H.; Kreptley, Capt. G. S.; Baird, 1st Lt. E. E.; Piper, 1st Lt. C. A., and Snow, 1st Lt. J. B., to Newport News.

Dougherty, 1st Lt. T. J., to San Francisco.

Prahl, 1st Lt. J. F., will report to Chief of Staff in Statistics Branch.

Schmidt, 1st Lt. W. W., to West Baden.

Sjoan, 1st Lt. G. A., to Chicago.

Price, 1st Lt. E. T., to Camp Dix.

Rau, 1st Lt. F. T., to Gen. Hosp. No. 28 at Fort Sheridan.

Null, 1st Lt. C. E., to Hoboken.

Coast Artillery.

Following to Coast Defenses of Balboa, Ft. Grant, Canal Zone:

Sperry, Maj. S. W.	Seymour, Capt. W. H.
Huston, Capt. A. C.	Jackson, Capt. H. R.
Raymond, Capt. E. H.	Dixon, Capt. V. B.
Read, Capt. M. M.	Boyd, Maj. W. T.
Crossman, Capt. A. H.	Taylor, 1st Lt. L. W.
	Warren, 1st Lt W. H.

Following to Coast Defenses of Cristobal, Ft. De Lesseps, Camp Zone:

Irvine, Maj. W. W.	Bruner, Capt. A. P.
Phillips, Maj. R. E.	Harrison, 1st Lt. F. E., Jr.
Cox, Capt. F. R.	Harris, 1st Lt. C. S.
Matejka, Capt. J. V.	Gaus, 1st Lt. G. H.
Anderson, Capt. J. W.	Rice, 1st Lt. H. U.
Taber, Capt. S. H.	Christian, 1st Lt. F. L.
Bultman, Capt. H. F. E.	Crowell, 1st Lt. E. R.
Evans, Capt. H. T.	Austin, 1st Lt. C. B.
Carrington, Capt. G. D. L.	

Miller, Capt. L. A.; Cochran, Capt. H. McC.; Pettigrew, Capt. M. W.; Loucks, Capt. C. E.; Troupe, Capt. J. E.; Mayer, Capt. W.; Ginsberg, Capt. A. R.; Swarts, Capt. C. G., and Moore, 1st Lt. G. E., to Coast Defenses of Manila, at Ft. Mills, P. I.

Engineers.

Schley, Col. J. L., and Felton, Capt. S. M., will report to Chief of Staff.

Kratz, Lt. Col. A. B., relieved from assignment to 211th.

Estabrook, Maj. C. M.; Duval, Capt. N. H.; Brown, Capt. W.; Yilek, Capt. F., and Lynny, Capt. W. S., to Wash.

Dignowity, Capt. E. H., to Camp Polk as off. in charge of const.

Keays, Capt. W. J., assigned to 211th, at Camp Meade.

Belcher, Capt. P. W., to Eng. School, at Washington Barracks, D. C.

Jones, 1st Lt. M. W., to Columbus, Ohio.

Caine, 1st Lt. G. A., assigned to Casualty Div., in Adjt. Gen.'s Office.

Ockerblad, 1st Lt. A. M., to Ft. Barrancas.

Quartermaster Corps.

Following will report to Chief of Const. Div. as assts.:

CAPTAINS.

Hancock, E.	Murphy, R. E.
Woody, F. W.	Charnock, E. C.
Baldensperger, H. L.	De Haven, F. I.
Ebbs, A. E.	Ellison, C. B.

Ayers, Maj. W. E.; Barton, Capt. L.; Urbutt, 1st Lt. C. F., and Wingett, 1st Lt. R. A., to Wash.

Morse, Lt.Col. R. C., to Philadelphia.

Peters, Capt. G. Q., assigned to Intelligence Div. of Gen. Staff.

Curry, Capt. E. G., to Philippine Dept.

Lincoln, Capt. A. K., to Vladivostok, Siberia.

Kenny, Capt. T., assigned to 14th Div., at Camp Custer.

Enquist, Capt. A. F., to Gen. Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry, as Utilities Off.

Hickman, Capt. C. F., to Camp Gordon.

Madigan, Capt. J. P., to Denver.

Thomas, Capt. A. T., to Jeffersonville, Ind., as Act. Zone Property Auditor.

Lamb, Capt. C., assigned as Qm. at Ft. Wingate.

Winter, Capt. H., assigned as Qm. at Ft. Lawton.

Gamble, Capt. O. D., to Camp Bragg.

Grimes, Capt. J. F., to Camp Grant.

Fisher, 1st Lt. W. V., to Camp Sherman.

McHenry, 1st Lt. A. B., to Hoboken, N. J.

Cox, 1st Lt. R. W., to Hosp. No. 35, at West Baden.

Havlin, 1st Lt. S. H., to New York.

Clarke, 1st Lt. L. C., to Baltimore.

Johnson, 1st Lt. F. H., to Camp Lee.

Brownley, 1st Lt. W. S., to Camp Meade.

Air Service.

Cheston, Lt. Col. D. M., Jr.; Cook, Capt. P. P.; McInerney, Capt. J.; Stewart, Capt. J. E.; Immel, 1st Lt. P. P.; Wiggins, 1st Lt. F. C.; Nolde, 1st Lt. F. F.; Ravenscroft, 1st Lt. C. F., and Vollmer, 1st Lt. W. H., to Wash. with Div. of Mil. Aeronautics.

Caldwell, Col. R. C., and Schumacher, 1st Lt. E., to Arcadia, Cal., in Army Balloon School.

Jones, Lt. Col. B. Q., detailed as member of Joint Army and Navy Technical Board on Aircraft.

Goodier, Lt. Col. L. E., Jr., to Western Dept. at San Francisco as Dept. Air Service Off.

Deuel, Maj. T., to Arcadia, Fla.

Fleet, Maj. R. H.; Edison, Capt. C. G., and Snow, 1st Lt. L. L., to McCook Field.

Newbold, Capt. E. E., to Park Field.

O'Neill, Capt. G., to Garden City.

Etheridge, Capt. A. J., to Speedway, Indianapolis.

Coon, Capt. S. C., and Puryear, 1st Lt. O. W., to Rockwell Field.

Felt, Capt. L. W., to Post Field.

Atkinson, 1st Lt. T. P., to Ft. Sill.

Dun, 1st Lt. C. E., to Boston.

Doyle, 1st Lt. W. J., to Wash.

Arnold, 1st Lt. W. C., to Repair Depot at Indianapolis, Ind.

Fisk, 1st Lt. J. K., to March Field.

Cavalry.

Cummings, Maj. R. E., assigned to command Aux Remount Depot, at Camp Shelby.

Sprinkle, Maj. L. E., to Columbus, N. M., with 12th Cav.

Bell, Maj. V. R., assigned as Dist. Mil. Inspector of Dist. No. 7, R. O. T. C., at Chicago.

Roffe, Maj. A. W., to Ft. Bliss, with 7th Cav.

Stringfellow, Maj. H., Jr., hon. discharged, as maj. of cav. only.

Lewis, Maj. J. E., of Penn. Mil. at Collek, Chester, Penn.

Thomas, Maj. K., to Philippine Dept. with 9th cav.

Luts, Maj. H. C., to Camp Travis with 14th Cav.

Ryder, Maj. L. H., to Douglas, Ariz., with 1st Cav.

Ordnance.

Humphreys, Maj. J. J., to Boston.

Judson, Maj. C. F., to Morgan, N. J.

Waterbury, Maj. F. M., to Camp Custer as div. ord. off.

Hallowell, Capt. H. B., to Chicago.

Beckett, Capt. H., to Sheffield, Ala.

Martin, Capt. S. S., to Pittsburgh, Pa.

Havlin, Capt. T. H., to Petersburg, Va.

Muir, Capt. M. S., and Moore, 1st Lt. C. S., to Pig Point, Va.

Kanter, Capt. C. A., to Toronto, Can.

Clark, 1st Lt. M. H., Jr., Cummings, 1st Lt. H. K., and Wallace, 1st Lt. A. B., to Wash.

Wolf, 1st Lt. C. B., to Tullytown, Penn.

Rade, 1st Lt. H. S., to Camp Travis.

Signal Corps.

Bingham, Lt. Col. H., to Wash.

Hubbard, Maj. S. T., Jr., hon. discharged.

Potter, Capt. M. L., to New York.

Hovde, 1st Lt. H. B., to Army Balloon School at Arcadia, Cal.

Motor Transport Corps.

Staples, Capt. F., and Schank, 1st Lt. E. S., to Camp Holabird.

Debolt, 1st Lt. C. E., and Carruthers, Capt. A. S., to Chicago.

Hanna, 1st Lt. L. C., Jr., to Wash.

Burns, 1st Lt. W. H., to Camp Meade.

Shank, 1st Lt. C. M., Jr., assigned as Cmdg. Off. of M. T. Co. No. 389, at Eagle Pass.

Fegan, 1st Lt. W. J. G., and Shepperson, 1st Lt. C. M., to Camp Jessup.

Sanitary Corps.

Weinberg, Maj. M., to Domestic Operations Div., at Washington.

Eble, Capt. C. F., to Gen. Hosp. at St. Louis, Mo.

Stein, Capt. L. H., to Camp Dodge in Base Hosp.

Hayes, Maj. J. W., hon. discharged.

Berry, Maj. C. S., to Base Hosp. at Ft. Riley.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Sharpe, Capt. H. C.; Jones, Capt. T. W., and Eldridge, 1st Lt. A. C., to Edgewood Arsenal.

Beal, Capt. W. De F., to New York.

Dental Corps.

Scott, 1st Lt. C. H., to Ft. Williams.

Hanley, 1st Lt. A. L., to Army Gen. Hosp. No. 10, at Parker Hill, Boston.

Veterinary Corps.

Levenson, Capt. L., relieved from duty Camp Las Casas, San Juan, P. R., and proceed to U. S.

McCallan, 1st Lt. J. A., to Ft. Ringgold.

Miscellaneous.

Goddard, Maj. E. C., and Middleton, Capt. B., U. S. A., assigned to Ord. Dept., at Wash.

Cronkhite, Lt.Col. H. M.; Britt, Capt. S. Y., and Montgomery, Capt. B. F., U. S. A., ret., relieved from active duty.

Following will report to Chief of Ord., Washington:

CAPTAINS.

Roll, W. Z.	Bizzell, J. W.
Marshall, H. B.	Van Amburgh, C. J.
Harker, H. L.	Chesley, G. W.
Raymond, P. A.	Richard, W. H.

Sarsfield, 1st Lt. G., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Camp Grant.

Bowman, Maj. M. S., U. S. A., to Wash., with Commission on Training Camp Activities.

Acker, Maj. W. T.; Eggeman, Maj. F. W.; Baker, Capt. D.; Hanks, Capt. H. S., and Nevins, Capt. A. S., to Wash.

Skinner, Capt. R. E., U. S. A., to Camp Sevier.

Barney, Maj. D. E., U. S. A., to Ft. Sill, with 58th F. A.

Tuteur, Capt. A. C., U. S. A., to Key West, Fla.

Barbee, Capt. B. B., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Camp Grant.

Waddell, Maj. J. C., unassigned, to Walter Reed Hosp., Wash., for treatment.

Gulick, 1st Lt. L. H., hon. discharged.

Stockton, 1st Lt. R. G., J.A., to Camp Lee.

Fordyce, Maj. J. R., Engs., to St. Louis, Mo.

Donald, 1st Lt. D., U. S. A., ret., to Peekskill Mil. Acad., N. Y., as Prof. Mil. Science.

Winston, 1st Lt. C. L., U. S. A., hon. discharged.

Lindenstruth, Capt. J., Philippine Scouts, to Philippine Dept.

Bass, Maj. F. M., J.A., to Governors Island.

Museer, Maj. (no initials), to Camp Lee with 8th Div.

Wotkyns, Capt. G. L., U. S. A., to Camp Kearny.

Shoemaker, Maj. M. M.; Klingesheld, Capt. R. C., J.A., and Hill, Capt. R. H., C.A.C., to France, in branch office of Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept., A.E.F.

Following to France in branch office of Judge Adv. Gen's Dept., A.E.F.:

White, Col. H. A.	Smith, Lt.-Col. M. L.
Goff, Col. G. D.	Coles, Maj. M. A.
Glibert, Col. W. O.	Weed, Maj. H. I.
MacChesney, Lt. Col. N. W.	Parkhill, Maj. C. B.
Brindley, Lt. Col. A. H.	Freeman, Maj. R. R.
Keedy, Lt. Col. E. R.	Hornblower, Maj. G.
Millar, Lt. Col. R. W.	Albert, Maj. C. S.
	Strode, Maj. A. E.

Resignations.

Abeles, 1st Lt. E. L., Cav.

Kittredge, 1st Lt. G. D., C.A.

Quinley, 1st Lt. W., Qm.C.

Berry, 1st Lt. T. P., Inf.

Garvin, 1st Lt. J. A., Cav.

Putnam, 1st Lt. S. R., Inf.

Leaves.

Middleton, Capt. J., M. C., 10 days.

Lewis, Lt. Col. E. R., M. C., extended 10 days.

Bultman, Capt. H. F. E., C. A., 20 days.

Harris, 1st Lt. C. S., C. A., 20 days.

Shallcross, 1st Lt. J. B., Ord., 15 days.

Crowell, 1st Lt. E. R., C. A., 20 days.

Dow, Capt. A., Ord., 10 days.

Robbins, 1st Lt. U. G., 3 mos.

Bowman, Capt. H. C., F. A., 10 days.

Debolt, 1st Lt. C. E., M. T. C., 10 days.

Mumford, Capt. E. B., M. C., extended 14 days.

Brant, Col. G. C., Air Serv., 10 days.

Herron, Col. C. D., F. A., 10 days.

Faust, Maj. J. J. A., 3 mos.

Allen, 1st Lt. C. S., Engs., 3 weeks.

Gage, Capt. F. B., Vet. Corps, 14 days.

Galligan, Capt. J. J., M. C., 1 month.

Christian, 1st Lt. F. L., 20 days.

Rice, 1st Lt. J. H., C. A., 10 days.

Russell, 1st Lt. F., Ord., 14 days.

Hamilton, Capt. A. S., M. C., 14 days.

McClure, 1st Lt. R. A., extended 30 days.

Erickson, Capt. J., Inf., extended 20 days.

Oliver, Lt. Col. L. E., Engs., extended 10 days.

Conway, Lt. Col. W. T., Gen. Staff, 14 days.

Miller, 1st Lt. H. A., M. C., 14 days.

Patterson, 1st Lt. J. B., Ord., 10 days.

Goulke, 1st Lt. W. F., Inf., extended 10 days.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SECURITY SALESMAN WANTED for approved dividend-paying oil stock; also gold commission basis. Harry A. Cochrane, 1,328 Broadway.

OIL-ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. O 349 Times.

SPECIALTY LINES PREFERRED. Want to represent firms throughout the United States, have staff of live wires. Room 1003, 261 Broadway.

Certified public accountant wanted to replace retiring member of well-established firm. R 345 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Open, $5,000 to $8,000 and services by experienced business man with excellent reputation as partner in some legitimate and remunerative enterprise. Kindly write particulars with all details concerning proposition to A. K., 14 Avenue A, Manhattan.

Young man, sales and executive ability, would invest $10,000 or $15,000, with services, for going manufacturing or jobbing business, interest; state business. B 1071 Times Harlem.

CAPITAL WANTED.

HAVE YOU A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS you wish to sell without publicity? Or seeking associates with extra capital? Write or call Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 2851.

Export firm, year established with Siberian connections and business on hand, wishes partner, young, honest, experienced American, with capital, $5,000-$10,000; only man ready to develop business need apply; references exchanged. Box K 100 Times.

Elderly gentleman of means, owner of woolen knit goods manufacturing plant, paying well, would consider partner with at least $25,000 to assume full management; only thorough business man considered. Address "Future," Box 1213, City Hall Station.

ACCOUNTANT-INCOME TAX. Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, reports, statements; investigations; books opened, closed, systematized, moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

Half interest, good paying automobile body builders, established 12½ years; active, industrious, sober man, capable of taking charge office; credentials exchanged; $3,000. L 64 Times.

Partner wanted, with or without services, $5,000 to $10,000 required; retail lumber yard and jobbing trim for the building trade. B 1063 Times Harlem.

Partner with $10,000 in very profitable patented article, established nine years; your money back before profits are divided. C. W. S. 73 New York Times, Brooklyn.

Established, well-equipped bias binding manufacturer seeks a man with some capital and with thorough knowledge of the business to connect as partner. L 69 Times.

Partner wanted, $3,000, in substantially profitable business; capital fully secured. K 189 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENCY WANTED. Have had twelve years' experience marketing to dealers, want proposition comprehending sales agency for reliable line in Maryland, District of Columbia, or vicinity; headquarters Baltimore. If business develops will warrant, can arrange for expansion and increase of selling efforts. K 100 Times Downtown.

Manufacturers.—Reliable, energetic, established concern desires to represent additional manufacturers in Texas; only responsible propositions considered; references exchanged. 215 Security Bldg., Galveston, Texas.

FOR SALE.

Silk underwear manufacturers.—Salesman with capital and commanding a large trade wants to connect with party thoroughly experienced in this line, to act as designer and capable of managing factory; replies must state details in full, past experience; strictly confidential. Box K. H., 605 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Up-to-date corner grocery and meat market, established 15 years; all modern improvements, including freezing plant, in one of the most lively towns in Long Island within 15 minutes of disembarkation camp, the best of reasons for selling. V 335 Times Annex.

For sale, beautifully equipped lingerie and millinery shop, best location in city (on Broadway), will sacrifice; quick sale; owner leaving city. B 327 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SPAIN—SHALL LEAVE FOR SPAIN IN the very near future and will be glad to make arrangements with manufacturers who want to establish relations with or agencies in that country. I was born in Spain and am thoroughly conversant with the requirements of that country. Please address communications to B 447 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. Brooklyn Headquarters.

Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day. Telephone Mr. Williams, our rental manager, who will personally select machine. Initial payment applies if purchased.

CORONA SALES CO., Inc.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES.

Brooklyn 531 Fulton St. Telephone 9272-9273 Main.

Clear white pine, 13-16x1⅝x6-4½, 1⅛x7¾x3-11, have about 12,000 pieces; make us an offer. Chelsea Lumber Co., 87 Manhattan St.

For Sale—Mosler large fireproof safe, 6 feet high, 5 feet wide, office fixtures and partitions. Hessel, Raines & Co., 349 Broadway.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Furniture—Six beautiful Oriental rugs at a sacrifice. 70 West 80th.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted, pneumatic tubing and carriers with blower for seven receiving and seven sending stations. The Printz-Biederman Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. NONVISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $6.00. VISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $7.50 UP. Initial Payment Applies if Purchased. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC., 239 Broadway, at Worth St. } TEL. 5408 20 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. } FRANKLIN.

Government Sales.

SALE OF ZINC OXIDE. MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 61,000 pounds of U. S. P. Zinc Oxide for immediate delivery now at Long Island City. Bids made on form M. D. 5, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 29, 1919.

THE TEACHING STAFF.

Appointments and Transfers in the Various Public Schools.

The following have been appointed as teachers in the elementary schools to fill vacancies:

KINDERGARTEN—SCHEDULE B1.

Bineinik, I. R.	Corbin, L. E.
East, G. V.	Montgomery, Alice.
Cadmus, E. C.	Fairbanks, Dorothy.
Carmienoko, D. A.	Pereira, J. L.
Douglas, Alison.	Schrag, J. I.
Cortelyou, R. E.	Owens, E. D. F.
Bell, Helen.	Altschuler, S. R.
Miller, G. M.	Tushnit, L. V.
Pommer, P. M.	Mix, D. K.
Jagger, C. R.	Fisher, Jeanette.
Sutorius, M. M.	Bernstein, Helen.
Joslin, V. C.	Bryde, C. M.
Weiss, Elizabeth.	Harman, Rosalind.
Fulton, F. M.	Tucker, L. J.
Haring, A. C.	Stelling, R. M.
Austin, C. H.	Doherty, D. K.
Cochman, Elaine.	Fitzsimmons, G. L.
Bristow, A. A.	Droge, L. D.
Camp, Hazel.	Lane, Helen.
Kreppel, R. M.	Rea, M. I.
Ross, L. E.	Glessler, M. L.
Baldwin, M. E.	Glogan, H.
Hirsch, M. F.	Monnis, M. E.
Harrington, Rita.	Harenstein, Sadie.
Robertson, O.	Dempsey, L. M.
Whitlock, H. M.	Caught, M. H.
Papps, H. L.	Hanheimer, B. B.
Dowie, L. M.	McGinness, C. O.
Hollwedel, R. H.	Quick, L. E.
Haaren, Henrietta.	May, L. S.
Breden, H. M.	Altmann, M.
Wentworth, M. F.	Wand, L. F.
McLaughlin, K.	King, L. F.
Westover, H. J.	Sharkey, I. M.
Truil, Nina.	Beecher, Doris.
Madden, C. D.	Garvey, M. M. J.
Wischhusen, H.	Martin, J. A.
Caterson, A. K.	Palley, Lillian.
Kialik, S. B.	Lieberman, Ethel.
Schwartz, S. D.	Talmage, Edith.
Marks, S. J.	Martin, J. R.
Lee, Ruth.	Greenwald, C.
Stevenson, E. E.	Shipman, Marion.
McMahon, C.	Sherwood, Dorothy.
Dunn, E. A.	Johnson, R. V.
Loughery, M. I.	Osgood, M. E.
Gardner, M. A.	Kaplan, L. E.
Hirschfeld, L.	Shankey, M. C.
Todd, M. S.	Walter, Marjorie.
Germain, E. L.	Sutton, Madeline.
Karlson, Edith.	Frackman, Flora.
Lindner, B. H.	Lublang, Hannah.
Brittan, Adelaide.	Freedman, Florence.
Lilly, F. M.	Mishking, H. A.
Howlett, M. H.	Ryan, A. D.
Kevin, D. E.	Roberts, J. O.
Callahan, J. B.	Noonan, M. C.
Cornwell, H. J.	McGoldrick, K.
Quinn, M. M. O.	Cradock, J. A.
McBride, E. E.	Fisters, Ruth.
Weiner, H. R.	Brady, Helen.
Freiman, Edith.	Barailay, Clara.
Shannon, M. U.	Webb, Jane.
Jackson, B. C.	Karpas, A. V.
Benda, Constance.	Shapiro, Marie.
Wood, M. A.	Levy, Lena.
Orgill, C. P.	Herman, R. M.
Myers, Delia.	Pheinbaum, Miriam.
Harrington, M.	Nortis, S.
Cambier-Bourfield, E.	Dembe, L. R.
Ostermayer, M. M.	Mondell, Rose.
Kraft, M. B.	Fads, Celia.
Neidinger, M. G.	Schaff, F. M.
Wilson, Eula.	Rottman, Eleanor.
Daniels, M. A.	Robinson, E. M.
McNaughton, E. C.	Maxcy, J. M.
Burke, A. D.	Van Velsor, C. F.
Pearce, L. G.	Danforth, Ethel.
Hanigan, C.	Elliott, Marion.
Todd, K. A.	Bullet, Josephine.
Wallace, H. M.	Gluck, M. L.
Snelling, G. E.	Hughes, E. L.
Adikes, Mary.	Hart, G. M.
Dens, L. A.	Courtney, E. R.
Melair, Katherine.	Featherstone, A. D. G.
Penschuck, A. M.	Sigmund, Zara.
Weckstein, H.	Madigan, Kathleen.
Beha, O. C.	Gordon, Augusta.
Jepson, W.	McMackin, M. V.
Schoffbuch, M.	Wiener, Ruth.
Greenblatt, Frieda.	Hickey, L. R.
Greme, M. F.	Flam, R. R.
Davis, Esther.	O'Donohue, L. E.
Hillyer, H. S.	Daly, H. S.
Coleman, Marguerite.	Crossen, E. E.
Biesenthal, A. E.	Williams, Florence.
Rainey, E. C.	McCarthy, E. F.
Sauer, M. I.	Feller, E. G.
Nagle, K. A.	Irwin, Hazel.
Stockwell, R. E.	Albrecht, M. M.
Marshall, F. L.	Quinn, A. M.
Butterfield, D. I.	Keane, A. R.
Wright, Pauline.	Capodiferro, J.
McDonald, E. B.	Riley, J. T.
Ball, C. M.	Mitchell, Freda.
Burgess, Jessie.	Levey, H. M.
Rome, L. W.	Veeps, Anna.
Wallace, P. E.	Bodenstein, L.
Gunyan, G. A.	Todd, M. C.
Barrett, Mary.	Sheridan, M. E.
Heuman, Florence.	De Varso, Tessie.
Cullen, Genevieve.	Esperance, P.
Hozzenthaler, G.	Wienheld, F. E.
Seidel, Jessie.	Fernandez, R.
Crump, Hazel.	Hirschewitz, B.
Lesser, Jennie.	Wilkie, M. A.
Muller, H. F.	Howieson, A. S.
Magenheimer, F.	Lowenthal, E. L.
Malone, Kathleen.	Dunne, M. C.
Dale, A. F.	Milne, M. H.
Jacobs, I. J.	Fladen, S. L.
Mungrave, R. A.	Gunther, F. A.
Lewis, R. R.	Levine, M. F.
Andrews, Mabel.	Wade, C. K.
Schonberg, E.	Brown, M. K.
Magee, Kathryn.	Antin, Dora.
McKillop, E. G.	Fromer, Henrietta.
Manheim, H. E.	Chasan, Rose.
Mouquin, L. C.	Leary, Loretta.
Disbrow, Geneva.	Graham, Bessie.
Rosenfield, G.	Smith, L. E.
O'Leary, H. J.	Hanston, L. M.
Connolly, L. H.	Campbell, H. G.
Borchers, R. L.	Dunn, H. V.
Dawson, L. C.	Greyson, E. G.
Dumproff, H. M.	Halleck, I. H.
Hough, E. M.	Jacobson, Laura.
Cusack, F. T.	Mahoney, Mary.
Black, Harriet.	Podoll, Adelaide.
Hyman, C. C.	Sammond, L. D.
Gallagher, B. M.	Sarvis, V. M.
Praol, R. H.	Strucks, M. O.
Hitchcock, H. A.	Van Deusen, L. B.
Osorio, H. F.	
Wilde, M. E. S.	

MEN.

Low, Maurice.	Toomey, W. J.
Schiff, Julius.	Phillips, S. B.
Pulitz, H. B.	

C. E. Hart to P. S. 1; Mary Tierney to P. S. 2; E. A. Rohde, to P. S. 12; D. A. Dreher to P. S. 35; H. L. Gardner to P. S. 38; L. M. Heppler to P. S. 61; Natalie Pecora to P. S. 85; Eileen O'Meara to P. S. 102; M. A. Norton to P. S. 130; Eva Maisel to P. S. 131; Edith Wilson to P. S. 158; F. J. Burke to P. S. 177; M. B. Firth to P. S. 26; Helen Mahlstedt to P. S. 66; E. M. Marquand to P. S. 126; R. M. Kreppel to P. S. 181; A. M. Burmeister to P. S. 176; M. M. Grodotske to P. S. 39; Barbara Delaney to P. S. 76; Florence Briggs to P. S. 83; R. M. Albro to P. S. 12; H. M. Bats to P. S. 14.

TRUANT, PARENTAL, OR PROBATIONARY SCHOOL—SCHEDULE P3.

Burns, Agnes.	Hutchinson, S. H.
Winter, G. M.	Robinson, Ethelinda.
Graham, G. G.	Markey, A. R.
Sullivan, K. E.	Linchan, K. L.
Rand, Lillian.	Donoghue, M. S.
Higgins, K. I.	Leuch, E. A.
Purdy, I. M. W.	Schuyler, I. A.
Gallagher, K. G.	Flynn, M. V.
Rogoff, L. N.	O'Hare, M. M. A.

The following have been appointed to fill vacancies existing in the grades of the last two years in the schools of the several boroughs:

MANHATTAN.

Frances Morrissey, drawing, from P. S. 77 to 3; M. M. Blair, English, from P. S. 63 to 63; M. D. Pecora, music, from P. S. 53 to 89; Elizabeth Hallinan, English, from P. S. 104 to 104; E. R. Bienefeld, physical training, from P. S. —— to 114; Margaret Hallinan, English, from P. S. 50 to 168; J. A. O'Donnell, from P. S. 171 to 171.

THE BRONX.

M. F. Murphy, physical training, from P. S. 3 to 3; Johanna Lohsenz, English, from P. S. 63 to 4; M. T. Brown, English, from P. S. —— to 11; Harriet McLaury, English, from P. S. —— to 54.

BROOKLYN.

E. A. Youngs, physical training, from P. S. 90 to 98; Elizabeth Jarrett, English, from P. S. 86 to 74; E. M. Burr, English, from P. S. 86 to 109; Irving Ritter, history, from P. S. 26 to 109; R. E. Warner, phsical training, from P. S. 141 to 141; A. L. Gillis, English, from P. S. 160 to 160; H. B. Davis, physical training, from P. S. 168 to 168; A. E. Hall, English, from P. S. 169 to 169.

QUEENS.

I. L. Haviland, physical training, from P. S. 97 to 90.

The following teachers of shopwork have been appointed to vacancies existing in the elementary schools:

SCHEDULE L2.

Montague, E. F.	Goff, C. D.
Hay, J. M.	Keegan, Haverll.
Peck, Joseph.	Stoltz, R. R.

The following teachers of cooking have been appointed to fill vacancies:

Loiridge, Edna L.	Walker, Lillian E.
Wellwood, Grace T.	Chase, Freda V.
Feehan, Anne.	Dean, Stella M.
Edling, Alice.	Porterfield, Frances.

The following high school teachers have been transferred: R. E. Wyckoss, asst. tchr. history, from Eastern District to Commercial; F. V. Mahnken, asst. tchr. biology, Morris to Washington Irving; M. E. Potter, asst. tchr. Spanish, Newton to Washington Irving; Sadie Krupp, asst. tchr. sten. and type., Bushwick to Julia Richmond; Alfred Coester, asst. tchr. Spanish, Commercial to Evander Childs; Amanda Langdon, asst. tchr. acct. and bus., Washington Irving to Theodore Roosevelt; M. S. Hamilton, asst. tchr. biology, Washington Irving to Theodore Roosevelt; G. F. Humphries, asst. tchr. acct. and bus. pr., Bushwick to Theodore Roosevelt; H. M. Love, asst. tchr. English, Stuyvesant to Theodore Roosevelt; Fern Stieg, asst. tchr. phys. trng., Bushwick to Theodore Roosevelt; M. V. Cameron, asst. tchr. Spanish, Curtis to Girls; M. G. Avirett, asst. tchr. Spanish, Bay Ridge to New Utrecht; M. A. O'Neil, asst. tchr. acct. and bus., Curtis to Flushing; C. E. Cowles, asst. tchr. acct. and bus., Commercial to Jamaica.

MANHATTAN.
SCHEDULE B3.

Annie Spence, from P. S. 18 to P. S. 86.

SCHEDULE B1.

R. M. S. Mahoney, from P. S. 39 to 172; A. M. E. Tucker, from P. S. 39 to 48.

SCHEDULE VII.

I. S. Mark, from P. S. 17 to P. S. 23; Joseph Weinstein, from P. S. 11 to P. S. 62.

SCHEDULE VI.

H. W. Mussacos, from P. S. 133 to P. S. 188B.

UNGRADED, SCHEDULE B2, (plus $100 bonus.)—Margaret Hannan, from P. S. 158 to P. S. 58.

SCHEDULE B2.—K. L. Dickinson, from P. S. 188B to 18; F. A. Molwitz, from P. S. 42 to 62; Abner Cassen, from P. S. 53 to 62; Elizabeth Wallace, from P. S. 104 to 62; F. L. Hanley, from P. S. 104 to 62; A. B. Howleson, from P. S. 22 to 69; A. C. Eckstein, from P. S. 74 to 83; E. A. Rodman, from P. S. 76 to 96; M. E. Wilcox, from P. S. 82 to 169; Louis Englander, from P. S. 13 to 186; F. M. Colligon, from P. S. 159 to 192; Margaret Morrison, from P. S. 159 to 192; J. R. Mitchell, from P. S. 103 to 192.

SCHEDULE B1.—Hazel Becker, from P. S. 15 to 10P; C. F. Doherty, from P. S. 1 to 10P; Sophie Chatainoff, from P. S. 26 to 12; Jennie Cohen, from P. S. 39B to 13; F. C. McGowan, from P. S. 63 to 17; H. F. Berenson, from P. S. 140 to 31; Hattie Helborn, from P. S. 39 to 46; Rose Dillberto, from P. S. 900 to 50; F. T. Murray, from P. S. 58 to 52; Elfreda Taylor, from P. S. 192 to 62; Beatrice Clark, from P. S. 43 to 59; M. A. Rusack, from P. S. 14 to 59; Roslyn Bernstein, from P. S. 91 to 62; Kathryn Gallagher, from P. S. 75 to 62; M. W. Woods, from P. S. 58 to 62; Edna Hixon, from P. S. 57 to 62; L. K. Van Siclen, from P. S. 168 to 63; Jessie De Lamater, from P. S. 28 to 63; J. J. Wurtenberg, from P. S. 43 to 68; Estelle Hochman, from P. S. 173 to 83; G. E. Cady, from P. S. 6 to 85.

As teacher of Grades 1A-6B, formerly teacher of a crippled class—I. J. Davidson, from P. S. 30 to 85; Ray Mann, from P. S. 5 to 89; Josephine Goldberg, from P. S. 51 to 93; Ella Bleicher, from P. S. 51 to 101; Maude Gollomb, from P. S. 89 to 101; M. A. Mulqueen, from P. S. 36 to 103.

As teacher of the Grades 1A-6B, formerly teacher of an anaemic class—Anna Isaacs, from P. S. 92 to 103; M. E. Brady, from P. S. 58 to 119; P. E. Chambers, from P. S. 192 to 119; R. E. Miller, from P. S. 69 to 157.

As teacher of Grades 1A-6B, formerly teacher of an anaemic class—Mildred Kamsler, from P. S. 87 to 170P; Ellen Brennan, from P. S. 40 to 186; G. V. Schuyler, from P. S. 69 to 186; Dorothy Wells, from P. S. 43 to 192.

KINDERGARTEN—SCHEDULE B1.

Mary E. Timberlake, from P. S. 116 to 15; Masie Kelly, from P. S. 102 to 35; Dorothy E. Teel, from P. S. 85 to 51; Lulu Murphy, from P. S. 83 to 74; Agnes Blatt, from P. S. 37 to 171; Mabel S. Rogers, from P. S. 76 to 183.

THE BRONX—SCHEDULE VII.

John H. Tully, from P. S. 11 to 10.

SCHEDULE B1.

Jeanette MacDonald, from P. S. 48 to 1; Anna Rosansky, from P. S. 6 to 2; Lydia M. Lauter, from P. S. 43 to 3; Catherine C. Connaughton, from P. S. 109 to 6; Josephine M. McWilliams, from P. S. 130 to 6; Florence M. Simpson, from P. S. 83 to 9; Julia Helsky, from P. S. 80 to 9; Marion Gilbert, from P. S. 25 to 10; Josephine Woodlock, from P. S. 38 to 10; Mary C. McCarthy, from P. S. 30 to 12; Nellie M. Mindell, from P. S. 5 to 16; Babette D. Richman, from P. S. 80 to 27; Kate Eisenberg, from P. S. 30 to 327; Irene R. Behan, from P. S. 55 to 34; Ellen V. Gunn, from P. S. 70 to 37; Cecile Krellenstein, from P. S. 53 to 37; Minnie Ruben, from P. S. 10 to 38; Florence Brinn, from P. S. 89 to 39; Anna Selector, from P. S. 39 to 40; Henrietta Cohn, from P. S. 20 to 42; Ida H. Doman, from P. S. 34 to 42; Dorothy Lichterman, from P. S. 160 to 42; Henrietta J. Stern, from P. S. 25 to 42; Irene E. Keane, from P. S. 54 to 44; Hilda Levi, from P. S. 21 to 48; Barbara Gordon, from P. S. 15 to 54.

BROOKLYN.
SCHEDULE B3.

H. G. Brand, from P. S. 141 to P. S. 83; C. M. Graham, from P. S. 109 to P. S. 141; Cecilia Watson, from P. S. 50 to P. S. 173.

SCHEDULE VII.

Henry Smithline, from P. S. 168 to P. S. 174.

SCHEDULE B2.

Ernestine Miller, from P. S. 23 to P. S. 15; L. A. De Witt, from P. S. 130 to P. S. 77; J. A. Freudenthal, from P. S. 156 to P. S. 84B; L. A. G. Sullivan, from P. S. 109 to P. S. 130; A. S. Patterson, from P. S. 114 to P. S. 158.

SCHEDULE B1.

A. G. Ratigan, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 16; A. C. Marcoux, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 17; S. A. Zucker, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 18; A. A. Willmann, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 18; M. R. McKillop, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 16; Bella Konowitz, from P. S. 111 to P. S. 18; E. M. Dreyer, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 16; C. C. Hurley, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 18; L. T. Kilroy, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 18; C. Lacey, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 18; E. M. Langan, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 18; M. C. McCarthy, from P. S. 148 to P. S. 25; D. O. Parks, from P. S. 25 to P. S. 28; E. E. Semond, from P. S. 117 to P. S. 31; G. R. Dolan, from P. S. 28 to P. S. 42; Mamie Erdheim, from P. S. 35 to P. S. 43; Rosalie Apelzin, from P. S. 4 to P. S. 43; Celia Harkaway, from P. S. 50 to P. S. 49; Margaret Bowman, from P. S. 73 to P. S. 67; A. M. Toomey, from P. S. 84B to P. S. 73; Ruth Rickert, from P. S. 149 to P. S. 90; L. T. Kammerer, from P. S. 43 to P. S. 109; Belle Palmer, from P. S. 61 to P. S. 112; G. S. Dunn, from P. S. 176 to P. S. 127; Ida Hecht, from P. S. 95 to P. S. 135; Rose Corigliano, from P. S. 2 to P. S. 144; M. C. Stangers, from P. S. 1 to P. S. 144; C. L. Flinker, from P. S. 34 to P. S. 149; Eva Wischerth, from P. S. 147B to P. S. 149; Genevieve Kennedy, from P. S. 162 to P. S. 150; E. T. Davies, from P. S. 84 to P. S. 152; H. F. G. De Lappe, from P. S. 25 to P. S. 152; A. J. Woods, from 109 to P. S. 160; Ruth Trapp, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 164; L. C. Watkins, from P. S. 82 to P. S. 170; H. M. Foley, from P. S. 30 to P. S. 175; Helen Gilbert, from P. S. 122 to P. S. 179; H. S. Munkelt, from P. S. 80 to P. S. 179.

KINDERGARTEN SCHEDULE B1.

J. M. Jaffee, from P. S. 105 to P. S. 1; A. D. Casey, from P. S. 80 to P. S. 13; Josephine Bartles, from P. S. 159 to P. S. 53; Theresa Schulman, from P. S. 148 to P. S. 53; E. W. Buckman, from P. S. 57 to P. S. 56.

QUEENS.
SCHEDULE B2.

L. W. Black, from P. S. 57 to P. S. 56; Jeannette Clark, from P. S. 57 to P. S. 90.

SCHEDULE B1.

A. B. Kiesewetter, from P. S. 100 to P. S. 7; Delphine Gossella, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 14; M. M. Fritz, from P. S. 50 to P. S. 14; C. V. McGrath, from P. S. 23 to P. S. 23; M. E. Hopkins, from P. S. 14 to P. S. 22; A. M. Hunt, from P. S. 22 to P. S. 23; E. G. Breuer, from P. S. 114 to P. S. 64.

KINDERGARTEN SCHEDULE B1.

L. M. Lindberg, from P. S. 76 to P. S. 83.

RICHMOND.
SCHEDULE B2.

M. B. Clark, from P. S. 13 to P. S. 12; M. T. Caveney, from P. S. 30 to P. S. 18; E. B. Messenger, from P. S. 1 to P. S. 20; M. E. Mitchell, from P. S. 26 to P. S. 30.

SCHEDULE B1.

A. V. McGinn, from P. S. 21 to P. S. 17; M. H. Sherman, from P. S. 21 to P. S. 20.

Education Notes.

The Teachers' Union will hold a meeting at 4 P. M. today at P. S. 62, Hester and Grand Streets. The subjects of discussion will be unionism and the salary bill of the Teachers' Union.

The Harlem Evening High School, 13 West 118th Street, will offer a free course in stenotypy, (machine shorthand,) beginning next month. Young men and women wishing to take this course may register during the week of Jan. 27.

The scholarships in Latin and in Greek offered by the New York Classical Club have been awarded as follows: The Latin scholarship to Miss Anna Meade of Curtis High School, with a percentage of 86.5; the Greek scholarship to Walter Ferriss of Erasmus Hall High School, with a percentage of 87. Mr. Ferriss is a nephew of Mrs. Ruth S. Russell of the Board of Education. The plan of the examination for the scholarships has been changed from the former plan of averaging the answer papers on examinations set by the Regents, chiefly because the dates for the Regents and for the College Entrance Board examinations conflicted. The examination prepared by a committee of the New York Classical Club is now a composite paper in each subject, and is somewhat more exacting than in the former plan. This explains why the percentages are not so high as they have been formerly.

A class in cooking is in session at Evening School 93, Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-third Street. Lessons in table setting and table serving are also given. The hours are from 7:45 to 9:45 P. M., on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

A special course in stenotypy is now being organized in the Washington Heights Evening High School, 145th Street and Amsterdam Avenue, for men and women. All those who desire to enroll may register any evening at the Principal's office on the fourth floor.

The following sites for school buildings were selected yesterday: Washington Avenue and 170th Street, adjoining P. S. 55, the Bronx; Longwood Avenue and Beck Street, opposite P. S. 39, the Bronx; Clarkson Avenue, East Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Streets, Brooklyn, and Wool and Van Horn Streets, between Lewis Avenue and Laconia Street, Nassau Heights, Queens.

Mrs. Pauline Perlman, a teacher in P. S. 25, Manhattan, and Mrs. Lillian N. Viett, a teacher in P. S. 65, Manhattan, have been suspended for neglect of duty in absenting themselves from school.

A leave of absence without pay until Jan. 15, 1920, has been granted to Michael S. Lobenthal, of the Julia Richman High School, to serve as auditor with the United States Treasury Department.

A leave of absence with 40 per cent. of her pay has been granted to Anna G. Smith, a teacher in P. S. 74, Manhattan, from Feb. 1, 1919, to Jan. 31, 1920, inclusive, her application for a disability pension having been filed with the Board of Retirement.

Wills for Probate.

BEATTY, EDWARD, (Jan. 10,) provides that $150,000 of his estate be invested by his executors and the income paid to his wife, Elizabeth W. Beatty; $5,000 to be invested for the benefit of Fannie Stebbins, and $2,000 be given to each of his nephews and nieces and $10,000 for a relief fund for the benefit of his brothers and sisters. The residue, of the estate is bequeathed to brothers and sisters.

HYDE, JANE F., 248 West Sixteenth Street, (Jan. 14,) who for many years kept the newsstand at the northwest corner of Twenty-third Street and Sixth Avenue, had an estate of $5,000. Her daughter, Mary M. Connolly, gets $2,500 and her diamond earrings on condition that she pay $100 for the perpetual care of her burial lot. The newsstand is bequeathed to her grandson.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Temperatures continue above the normal in all parts of the country, the weather being unseasonably warm in the Northwestern States, the great central valleys, and all districts east thereof. Disturbances were central Wednesday night over the Gulf of Mexico, the upper lake region, and the Western Canadian Provinces. The sky is hidden by clouds over all districts east of the Rocky Mountains and in the Northern Pacific States and during the last twenty-four hours there were rains in the Gulf States, Tennessee, Arkansas, and the Far Northwest, and rains and snows in Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Michigan.

The outlook is for a continuation of unsettled weather and rains over much of the country east of the Mississippi River during the next forty-eight hours. No decided temperature changes are indicated for the eastern half of the country during Thursday and Friday.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable, mostly south, with rainy, foggy weather; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate variable, mostly east and southeast, unsettled weather with rain and fog; South Atlantic Coast, moderate to fresh east, unsettled weather and rain.

FORECAST TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York and Southern New England—Probably rain Thursday and Friday; somewhat lower temperature Friday.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Threatening, probably with rain Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Cloudy, probably with rain Thursday and Friday; lower temperature Friday.

Northern New England—Rain or snow Thursday; colder Thursday night. Friday, probably snow.

The temperature record for the twenty-four ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	19	40	4 P. M.	10	45
6 A. M.	15	40	6 P. M.	20	45
9 A. M.	20	42	9 P. M.	19	43
12 M.	20	44	11 P. M.	19	43

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 43; for the corresponding date last year it was 19; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 41; at 8 P. M. it was 44. Maximum temperature, 47 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 39 degrees at 5:30 A. M. Humidity, 82 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 88 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.26 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.25 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
4:30—253 W. 111 St.; Morris Floria		Slight
10:10—52 Vanderbilt Av., (auto;) George Floyd		Slight
11:45—834 E. 165 St.; not given		None
P. M.		
12:30—403 W. 135 St., (auto;) Dr. Foster Putter		Slight
2:05—227 E. 20 St., (auto;) William Ottman Co.		Not given
3:50—250 W. 40 St.; not given		Not given
4:00—400 W. 146 St.; not given		Slight
4:15—1,741 Avenue A; not given		Not given
6:45—Madison Av. & 86 St.; not given		Not given
9:20—49 E. 119 St.; P. S. 103		Slight

Estates Appraised.

DE PEYSTER, EMILY M., (Oct. 3, 1917.) Net estate, $256,919. Assets: Real estate, $48,577, including premises at Amsterdam Av. and 99th St., valued at $59,500, equity $2,833; 80 East 70th St., valued at $47,000, equity $26,744; stocks and bonds, mortgages, and personal property, $206,379. Of this sum, $2,714 is cash, jewelry $2,734. Of the 41 beneficiaries, the principal are her cousins, William M. D. De Peyster of 525 Park Av., $20,000; Anna L. Short of 1,155 Park Av., life estate in $72,079 and personalty valued at $1,113; Emily M. Crosby of Islip, N. Y., life estate in $72,079 and personalty valued at $1,128; Colonial Dames of New York, Huguenot Society of New York, $500 each; other cousins, Harriet A. Eckerson of Hotel Martha Washington; Livingston L. Short of 1,155 Park Av.; Anna L. Jones of 16 East 69th St.; Robert R. Crosby, Jr., of Islip; Cornelius De P. Hunt of New Brunswick, N. J., $5,000 each.

LORILLARD, JACOB, (April 28, 1914.) Total estate, $656,283. Assets: Real estate, $655,700, which includes 243 Canal St., $76,000; 827-829 Broadway and 47 East 12th St., $127,500; 391-393 West Broadway, $120,000; 296 Broadway, equity $140,700; 176-178 Duane St., $87,500; cash, $585. This estate is the decedent's share in a trust which was created by his father, Peter Lorillard, in 1867, for each of his seven children. The beneficiaries of Jacob Lorillard are his sons and daughter—Jacob Lorillard of Philadelphia, $130,251; Ernest E. Lorillard of Bernardsville, N. J., $202,539, and Frances Augusta Sands of 33 West 51st St., $172,317.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for fireman, Fire Department, will be received until 4 P. M. on Feb. 7. The subjects and weights of the examination are: Physical development and strength, 50; mental test, 50. Applications will be received from persons who are 21 years of age on or before the date of the mental examination, but not from persons who are more than 35 years of age on the date of filing application. They must be not less than 5 feet 6 inches in height and must weigh at least 140 pounds stripped. The mental test will be held April 9.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 5, at the New York Custom House, an examination for specialist in household science and calorimetry, for women. Two vacancies in the States Relations Service, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., at $1,400 to $1,800 a year, will be filled from the examination. Certification to fill the higher-salaried positions will be made from those attaining the highest average percentage in the examination. Competitors will be examined in practical questions in either household science and calorimetry, or experimental food preparation and calorimetry, 40; thesis, 20; education and experience, 40. The prerequisites are: Graduation from a college or university of recognized standing in a course embracing household science, and at least two years' experience in teaching home economics in high school or college; demonstration or extension work in such subjects; household or institutional management; or laboratory experimental work in home economics subjects. Applicants must have reached their twentieth birthday on the date of examination.

Police Department News.

Transfers and assignments, Patrol., to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 23: William Deans, from 55th to 113th, assignment to clerical duty discontinued. To take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 24, D. J. Cronin, from 7th to 25th; Charles Hoffman, from 22d to 98th; J. J. Garvey, from 25th to 38th; D. A. Barry, from 43d to 38th; George Little, from 46th to 53d, assigned to duty in Prison Ward, Fordham Hosp.; J. C. Brosnan, from 53d to 46th, assignment in Prison Ward, Fordham Hospital, discontinued. From 16th to precincts indicated: A. A. Dooley, 30; John Kingston, 109. From 18th to precincts: Morris Grasberg, 13; Edwin Carroll, 36; A. P. Milton, 98; William Hogan, 112; M. F. Farrell, 36; J. H. McMall, 85; Thomas Balbert, 112; T. J. Carney, 113. From 21st to precincts indicated: Theodore Under, 97; Edward Nuoffer, 97. From 26th to precincts indicated: Harry Hepner, 17; Edward Lorch, 36; Morris Rosner, 17. From 38th to precinct indicated: Theodore Under, 97; Ed. Burnell, 49. From 38th to precinct indicated, assigned to bicycle duty: C. W. P. Kleine, 53; C. A. Hess, 53. Assigned to bicycle duty in precincts indicated: E. J. McManus, 42; J. G. Sheridan, 70; G. M. Blessman, 70; J. J. Powers, 50; Julius Weidanhoft, 70. Assigned to Prison Ward, Bellevue Hospital: John Rudden, 25; Philip Mahoney, 25; C. D. Sands, 25; John Heenan, 25. From precincts indicated to 25th, in Prison Ward, Bellevue Hospital: Samuel Dunston, 5; P. J. Reid, 26; Patrick Perkins, 85; W. S. Moore, 23; J. J. McGovern, 33. From 25th to precincts indicated, assignment in Prison Ward, Bellevue Hospital, discontinued: Michael McDonnell, 26; John Lenihan, 36. Assigned to Prison Ward, Fordham Hospital: C. K. Hunter, 53; T. J. Potter, 53. Assigned from 82d to Prison Ward, Kings County Hospital: Patrick O'Brien, Thomas Troy, Patrick Byrne, John Cavanagh, F. G. Bird, Edward Keating. Assigned as Corporals in precincts indicated: 9th Insp. Dist., W. S. Winant, 60; Robert Esselborn, 63; F. E. Ruggles, 65; Johnston Humphries, 66; C. A. Powell, 63; W. P. McGann, 65; W. H. Fielding, 66; Andrew Frohlin, from 1st to 60th; 10th Insp. Dist., S. A. Crowley, 67; Patrick Cudmore, 67; G. J. Schlesinger, 68; Malachy McGarry, 73; M. A. Conlon, 73; J. J. Hubman, 67; T. J. Harley, 68; E. C. Stiehr, 70; T. J. Lockyer, 73; J. M. Weissenreider, from 21st to 68th; Michael Kennedy, from 85th to 72d; W. J. Dooley, from 85th to 72d; bicycle patrol, with equipment, T. A. A. Reilly, from 74th to 70th; J. E. Driscoll, from 74th to 70th; Harry Stafford, from 78th to 72d.

Leave of absence, without pay: Patrol. Max Isaacson, 1st, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Jan. 24.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

(By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

Sun rises ....7:15 | Sun sets 5:01

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	0:19	12:27	6:40	6:51
Governors Island	1:07	1:10	7:28	7:30
Hell Gate	2:55	2:52	9:53	9:56

Arrived—Wednesday, Jan. 22.

SS Crelle, Brest, Jan. 11.
SS Manchuria, St. Nazaire, Jan. 10.
SS Stavangerfjord, Christiania, Jan. 11.
SS Rangoon Maru, St. Nazaire, Dec. 30.
SS Rouen, Cardiff, Dec. 30.
SS Medina, Gibraltar, Jan. 11.
SS Lake Duncan, Rochefort, Dec. 31.
SS Twilite, Bahia, Jan. 1.
SS Sterna, Buenos Aires, Dec. 3.
SS Talthybius, London, Jan. 8.
SS Point Adams, Colon, Jan. 12.
SS Tanamo, Barry, Jan. 5.
SS Maipo, Vera Cruz, Jan. 17.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Orizaba	Brest	Jan. 12
Tasmania	Cape Town	Dec. 10
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
Goentoia	Plymouth	Jan. 8
Mercy H. S.	Bordeaux	Jan. 10
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 2
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
General Goethals	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Communipaw	Rouen	Jan. 2
Suriname	La Pallice	Jan. 6
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Calamares	Pauillac	Jan. 12
Vauban	Southampton	Jan. 12

DUE TOMORROW.

Rochambeau	Halifax	Jan. 22
U. S. S. Louisville	Brest	Jan. 8
U. S. S. N. Hampshire	Brest	Jan. 8
Ice King	St. Nazaire	Jan. 10
Gatesburg	Nantes	Jan. 10
Invincible	London	Jan. 6
Carlsholm	Rotterdam	Jan. 2

DUE SATURDAY.

Chicago	Bordeaux	Jan. 14
Maui	Bordeaux	Jan. 14
Montserrat	Cadiz	Jan. 5
Communipaw	Brixham	Jan. 10

DUE SUNDAY.

Caronia	Liverpool	Jan. 15
Sverre	Nantes	Jan. 12

DUE MONDAY.

Lorraine	Bordeaux	Jan. 16
Medina	Marseilles	Jan. 5
Sioux	La Pallice	Jan. 10

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
U. S. T. Leviathan, Brest	——	10:30 A.M.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Falmouth	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Juno, Haiti	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Verona, Santa Marta	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Iroquois, S. Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Monterey, Havana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Georgeanna Weems, Guadeloupe	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Advance, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Charlton Hall, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Niagara, Bordeaux	7:00 A.M.	——
Lapland, Liverpool	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
President Grant, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
South Dakota, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Belgic, Liverpool	——	11:00 A.M.
Owego, Genoa	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Gulfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saga, Rio Janeiro	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stavangeren, Martinique	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL SUNDAY.

Wilhelmina, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

G. Washington, Brest	——	3:00 P.M.
Sierra, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Pueblo, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

De Kalb, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.

By Wireless.

U. S. Battleships Louisiana and New Hampshire were signaled due at Hoboken Friday.

SS Suriname, incoming from Brest, was signaled; due Thursday afternoon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Oregonian, at St. Michaels, Jan. 20.
SS Casco, at Lisbon, Jan. 18.
SS Corning, at La Rochelle, Jan. 18.
SS Tidewater, at Gibraltar, Jan. 18.

Sailed.

SS Megantic, from Liverpool, Jan. 22.
SS Bayamo, from Nantes, Jan. 20.
SS Herald, from Rotterdam, Jan. 22.
SS Remo, from Christiania, Jan. 12.
SS Plattsburg, from Southampton, Jan. 20.
SS Eurybates, from London, Jan. 21.
SS Magdalena, from Santos, Jan. 18.
SS Rotti from Nagasaki, Jan. 19.
SS Wellington, from Gibraltar, Jan. 18.

Passed.

SS Saranac, New York for Falmouth, passed Lizard.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 8:30 A. M. Jan. 23, Nieuw Amsterdam, and at 7 Jan. 23, Nieuw Amsterdam, and at 7 A. M., Jan. 25, SS Lapland.

France and Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.

Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Owego.

Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Gee.

Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura ....Jan. 30

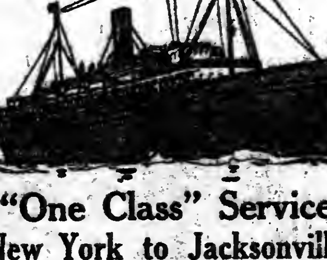
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura. Jan. 31

Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline ....Jan. 31

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

STEAMSHIPS AND STEAMBOATS.

FLORIDA



"One Class" Service
New York to Jacksonville
Direct without change
calling at Charleston, S. C., with opportunity to see this historic city. Connections for all Carolina Resorts, Florida Points, St. Augustine, Palm Beach, Miami, Sanford, Tampa, St. Petersburg, etc., and other popular winter colonies of the South.

$28.35 2nd Cabin $32.67 1st Cabin

Meals and Stateroom Berth —and War Tax—Included.

Exclusive "One Class" Service on steamers Comanche and Huron at second cabin fares, affords choice of accommodations *in any part of the ship*—upper or lower deck, in social hall or outside. Unrestricted privilege of Saloons, Music Room, Smoking Room, Promenade Decks, etc.

First cabin tickets only will be honored on steamers Apache, Arapahoe and Mohawk.

February Bookings Now Open
Sailings from New York, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

For schedule of steamers and other detailed information—call or address

PASSENGER TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT
CLYDE STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Pier 36, North River, New York

STEAMSHIPS.

(a) South America
Regular Sailings From ENGLAND to BRAZIL AND THE ARGENTINE
By large R. M. S. P. & Nelson Line Mail Steamers
(b) Central America
(a) The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
(a-b) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
(a) Nelson Lines
SOUTH AFRICA By UNION-CASTLE LINE
SANDERSON & SON, Gen'l Agents 22 Broadway, New York, Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer ....Jan. 27
Caronia ....Jan. 31
Prinses Juliana ....Feb. 5
Saxonia ....Feb. 12
Carmania ....Feb. 17
Royal George ....Feb. 22
Orduna ....Feb. 26
Caronia ....March 8
HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA ....FEB. 1
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia ....Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

Egypt—India
American & Indian Line
From NEW YORK direct to PORT SAID, MADRAS, RANGOON, CALCUTTA
SS Trafford Hall sailing about Feb. 15
Carrying FIRST CLASS ONLY ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
For rates of passage, etc., apply to
Norton, Lilly & Co.
Produce Exchange Building, New York City
General Agents for Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co., Ltd.

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE
NEW YORK to GOTHENBURG, SWEDEN Twin Screw S.S. STOCKHOLM, FEB. 18. Nielsen & Lundbeck, 24 State St., N. Y.

Holland-America Line
T. S. S.
New Amsterdam
WILL SAIL FROM
New York to Rotterdam
VIA FALMOUTH
Thursday, January 23
Passengers for England and France Will Be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

HONOLULU
SUVA, NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA
CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
Largest, Newest, best-equipped Steamers. For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry. 1231 Broadway, New York, or to Gen. Agent, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7800.

NORWEGIAN-AMERICA LINE
Passenger Service to NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK.
STAVANGERFJORD ....JAN. 30
For Rates, &c., apply to Passenger Office, 8-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing January 27, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway, Phone Franklin 4630. Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts. 29 Broadway, Phone Whitehall 600.

AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVEL DEPARTMENT
—CHINA—JAPAN—
The Cherry Blossom Tour Leaves San Francisco March 16.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE
NORWAY, SWEDEN, DENMARK
For Sailings, Rates, Etc., apply to Passenger Office, 1 Broadway, N. Y.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland ...Jan. 25 | Adriatic ....Feb. 8
Baltic ....Feb. 15
And Regularly Thereafter.
NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic ....About Middle of Feb.
HALIFAX—SOUTHAMPTON
Olympic ....Jan. 25
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

STEAMSHIP PASSAGES
To Europe, South America, West Indies, South Africa, Australia, China, Japan, etc. Official Agents for All Trans-Atlantic and Trans-Pacific S. S. Lines. Tours and Tickets by All Rail Routes. Complete arrangements for business or recreation travel, including Pullman reservations, rail tickets, &c.
THOS. COOK & SON,
245 Broadway. 561 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South. Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS. $1.10 to $0.50. Above prices include war tax. Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M. Phone Spring 9491.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Daylight service up the Hudson
Discontinued for Season.

NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON, Mon., Wed. and Fri., Franklin St., 4 P. M. Phone Franklin 4673.
Central Hudson Line

CALIFORNIA
Raymond-Whitcomb Tours
225 Fifth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 6270

RAILROADS.

WINTER SPORTS IN CANADA.
Hotels—Place Viger, Montreal; Chateau Frontenac, Quebec. Canadian Pacific Railway Standard. F. R. PERRY, Gen. Agt., 1231 B'way.

FEAR A DEADLOCK IN GARMENT STRIKE

Leaders Declare Unless Employers Change Attitude Strike Will Continue.

CONFERENCE AT CITY HALL

Mayor Hylan Discusses Prospects of Arbitrating Trouble with Union Officers.

The outlook for a settlement of the waist and dress strike was not bright yesterday, according to union officers who declared that before there was a chance of arbitration either one side or the other must shift its position. The strikers say that 35,000 workers are idle.

Mayor Hylan conferred yesterday with Benjamin Schlesinger, of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and Solomon Seidman, a union officer. The Mayor wanted to know what could be done to bring about a speedy arbitration of their differences. Mr. Schlesinger pointed out that the manufacturers had refused to arbitrate the question of the right to discharge workers and for that reason he did not see how the Union could arbitrate. The trouble began, he said, over the renewal of the protocol under which the question of discharges was referred to a Board of Review. The workers held that with the passing of the protocol there passed also the means by which both sides got together and that there was no longer means to review actions that one side or the other considered detrimental to general welfare.

Mr. Schlesinger went into this phase of the question with the Mayor. He said afterward that the Mayor had been fair, but he did not think the Mayor would be able to do anything in the matter, in view of the stand taken by the Dress and Waist Manufacturers Association, and that the strike would continue. The union will conduct its efforts to have the points at issue reviewed by some board that will be acceptable to both sides.

Mr. Schlesinger said that he was seeking to have a group of Columbia University professors review the questions at issue and have them give an impartial view. Their answer to the contentions of both sides, the union leaders believe, will at least set the union right in public opinion.

Unless President Morris Weiss of the Manufacturers Association receded from the position he took several days ago in a letter to Mr. Schlesinger, it was said that the Columbia professors would not arbitrate the strike for the employers. The association then held that the time had passed when outsiders could decide upon questions about which they knew nothing, and which vitally affected its business. Mr. Schlesinger said Mayor Hylan promised that he would make every effort to see that the police did not act arbitrarily with the strikers.

It was reported yesterday that members of the employers association met quietly at the Waldorf-Astoria on Tuesday night and that it was the consensus of opinion that they were willing to arbitrate. This report was received by the workers with skepticism.

Strike meetings were held in several halls yesterday, and the work of picketing the shops was begun. It was reported that 350 independent manufacturers were ready to settle, and that they had asked for the demands of the workers. The latter are preparing to distribute thousands of circulars giving their side of the controversy.

Two striking garment workers, Rebecca Learner of 335 Crimmins Avenue and Rose Gold of 630 East 170th Street, were fined $5 each for disorderly conduct by Magistrate Sweetser in the Morrisania Court yesterday. The complainant in the case was Miss Minnie Varenelli, a dressmaker, of 148th Street near Third Avenue. She said that when she left her shop on Tuesday evening with two of her workers the strikers jeered at them and called them names.

The factories throughout the city, and especially those in the district between Twenty-third and Thirty-Eighth Streets in Manhattan, are being picketed by strikers chosen in rotation from the ranks. They have been repeatedly warned by the strike leaders that there must be no violence.

It is the contention of the manufacturers that the number out on strike is not as great as the strikers claim, and that only 12,000 workers voted for the strike.

SEEKS RUSSIA'S STATUS.

Railroad's Attorney Interposes Objections in Black Tom Litigation.

Charles A. Boston, counsel for the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, appeared before Federal Judge Mayer yesterday to challenge the right of Frederic R. Coudert to begin an action on behalf of the Russian Government for damages growing out of the Black Tom explosion. Mr. Boston called the court's attention to an alleged statement by President Wilson that there was no Russian Government, and told of his own efforts to obtain from the State Department information as to whether the United States recognized such a Government. The information sought, Mr. Boston said, was refused on the ground that it was contrary to precedent, but that the court, on application, would receive the information.

Mr. Coudert submitted a copy of a certificate signed by Secretary of State Lansing on Oct. 31, 1918, to the effect that this country, since July 5, 1917, had recognized Boris Bakhmeteff as Ambassador of the Russian Kerensky Government, and said that when Ambassador Bakhmeteff went abroad on Dec. 3 the embassy was turned over to Sergus Ughet as Chargé d'Affairs, and that he has since been recognized as the representative of the Russian Government by the United States.

Mr. Boston questioned the accuracy of this information and said that Kerensky was deposed on Nov. 7, 1917. He asserted that Bakhmeteff had never been recognized as Russia's spokesman in this country.

Judge Mayer said that he would give the matter consideration, but that he would hesitate before asking the State Department for information concerning the status of Russia, because such an inquiry might embarrass the Government's position at the Peace Conference. The threatened suit involves many millions.

PLAN TO REOPEN FERRY.

Business Men Pledge Fund to Operate Astoria Line.

John H. Delaney, Commissioner of Plants and Structures, at a meeting of business men of the upper west side of Manhattan and Harlem and of Astoria, yesterday at the Queens Chamber in Long Island City, to discuss the probable reopening of the Astoria and Ninety-second Street ferry, informed the men who want the ferry operated that he would oppose municipal ownership and also the granting of a subsidy.

"The New York and East River Ferry Company, which has the franchise for this ferry and has been operating it, wants $50,000 for each of its ferry boats," said Commissioner Delaney. "It would cost $20,000 to put each of them in repair. The Astoria terminal is assessed for only $70,000. I only believe in the city purchasing nonpaying properties in an emergency, and I do not believe such an emergency exists in this case, and I will oppose the purchase by the city."

The Yorkville Taxpayers' Association, the Harlem Market Association, the Twelfth and Nineteenth Ward Property Owners Association, the Astoria Taxpayers' Association, together with manufacturing concerns along the East River in Astoria, were represented. After the attitude of Commissioner Delaney was learned some of the business men of both Manhattan and Astoria pledged themselves to provide a fund to operate the ferry, for the use of teams and working people. This plan is now being worked out.

SAYS LOWER MEAT IS NEAR.

P. Q. Foy Declares Consumers Will Benefit by Drop This Week.

New York City is now receiving virtually a normal supply of milk, estimated by the Health Department to be 1,800,000 quarts daily, from the sources from which milk was obtained before the strike on Jan. 1 of members of the Dairymen's League, when they failed to agree with the distributers on the price for January milk. No milk at all was received by the distributers yesterday from points outside of the regular New York milk territory.

P. Q. Foy, of the Market Reporter, said yesterday that in view of the present wholesale prices consumers generally should reap a benefit of a general drop in retail prices in beef and other meats by the latter part of the week.

"Since the publication of the storage reports," he said, "prime beef has dropped from 3 to 5 cents a pound, while the lower grades are down from 5 to 6 cents a pound. Lamb and mutton are from 8 to 11 cents a pound lower than a week ago. Veal dropped from 8 to 10 cents, pork, heavy, has declined 6 cents and medium light pork has come down 4 cents a pound.

"Butter—creamery extra—which was 67½ cents Jan. 14, was 61½ cents to-day. The price of creamery extras has fallen from 70 cents Jan. 11 to 61½ cents to-day. Eggs, Western firsts, which were 68 cents a dozen Jan. 11, were quoted to-day at from 61 to 62 cents."

SAIL FROM HALIFAX.

Americans Forced to Go to Canadian Port to Get Fast Ships.

On account of many of the fast Atlantic liners turning around at Halifax instead of coming to New York, American travelers who want to get to England in a hurry are being compelled to make the long overland journey through snowclad Maine, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia to the northern port.

One hundred first-class passengers will leave the Grand Central Terminal at 10 o'clock this morning via Boston to embark on the White Star liner Olympic, which sails from Halifax for Liverpool on Saturday. Among them are E. J. Nally of the Marconi Company; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. B. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Paton, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sanderson, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Barber, and Colonel I. M. Lewis, the inventor of the machine gun which has done such good work in the war.

The passengers are due to arrive at Halifax at midnight tomorrow and remain in their sleeping cars until Saturday morning, when they will go on board the Olympic, which is scheduled to reach Liverpool early on the following Friday.

The Cunarder Aquitania will sail from Halifax one week later, on Feb. 1.

Begin Scott Nearing Trial on Feb. 3.

The trial of Professor Francis Scott Nearing and the American Socialist Society on indictments charging violation of the Espionage act will begin on Feb. 3 before Federal Judge Meyer. The charge against Nearing is based on his pacifist writings and that against the society for the publication of a collection of anti-war literature under the title of "The Great Madness." Professor Nearing is under $5,000 bail. Morris Hillquit is counsel for the defendants. Albert Paul Fricke, the agent of a German toy concern, under indictment for treason, will be arraigned for pleading next Tuesday.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—DESCRIPTION OF EARRINGS IN ANSWER TO AD. IN NEW YORK TIMES JAN. 14, 1919. LOST NEW YEAR'S EVE, PAIR OF EARRINGS, CONSISTING OF PEAR-SHAPED DIAMOND IN CENTRE, WITH PEAR-SHAPED DIAMOND BAND ON THE OUTSIDE, BOTH SWINGING JOINTLY FROM SMALL MARQUISE SHAPED DIAMOND. SUITABLE REWARD AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED UPON RETURN TO E. M. GATTLE & CO., 620 FIFTH AV.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612 issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser No. 61 Broadway, New York.

LOST—Black patent leather vanity case, containing letter and rings, early Sunday morning, left in Black and White taxicab at Lenox Road, Flatbush. Reward. Telephone 4246 Lenox.

LOST—A suitable reward will be paid for return of circle pin of gold, onyx, and pearls, lost in New York, Saturday, Jan. 18. Send communication to P. O. Box 71, Bronxville, N. Y.

LOST—Gold bar pin with centre cluster of diamonds, surrounded by emeralds set in platinum, between Bonwit, Teller Co., or on 5th Av. Kindly return to H. R. Greening, Waldorf-Astoria, and receive reward.

LOST—The person who found a genuine silver fox scarf in library at the Waldorf Tuesday, Jan. 21, kindly return to cashier, Waldorf; no questions asked, liberal reward.

LOST—Lady's black leather bag; on Broadway car, Wednesday about 8.30 A. M. Reward. Rose R., care C. O. Johnson, 229 West 43d St.

LOST—In elevated train, portfolio, containing Government letters, private papers; reward. Return Evans, 21 West 10th St. Phone Stuyvesant 3521.

LOST—Watch fob, initialed "A. M." set in platinum and diamonds, on black ribbon; vicinity 14th to 43d Sts., Jan. 21; suitable reward. Kirby, Black & Fisher, 1150 Bway.

LOST—Gold-washed lorgnette, Tuesday morning, on Lexington Av car or East 59th St. Please Phone 3061 Lenox.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring. Reward if returned to Ann Fulton, Y. M. C. A., 115 E. 23d St., New York City.

LOST—Mink velvet-trimmed muff, Monday night 10:30 alighting Broadway car, 16th St. Reward. 214 East 16th.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, 32 stones flexible, last week; finder will be rewarded. Telephone 6232 Schuyler.

LOST — Heart-shaped sapphire platinum ring. Liberal reward, no questions. Holland House. K 221 Times.

LOST—Combination gold knife and pencil, monogram D. B., return Hotel Manhattan; reward.

LOST.—Black lynx muff, left in 5th Av. bus on Jan. 21, at 8 o'clock; reward. Return to The Century Co., 353 4th Av.

LOST—Tan-colored legal portfolio; ample reward. H. Crone 261 Broadway.

LOST—Sunday, flexible gold bracelet; liberal reward. Hotel Willard, Apt. 42.

$75 REWARD.

no questions asked, return seal cape with sable collar marked Hartwig & Co., left in taxicab at West End Av. and 59th St., Jan. 21. Albert R. Lee & Co., Inc., Insurance Adjusters, 15 William St.

$25 REWARD.

for return of silver cigarette case, engraved with two names and date, lost in Madison Av. car Saturday, no questions asked. Udall & Hallin, 574 5th Av.

$250 REWARD.

No questions asked; return gold mesh bag with sapphires across the top, lost Jan 17, at Montclair, N. J. Mrs. C. E. Van Vleck, 37 North Mountain Av., Montclair, N. J.

$100 REWARD.

No questions asked, return gold mesh bag, lost Jan 6, owner's name and address engraved inside. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST Black Scottish terrier Tuesday evening, Fifth Av., 82d St.; name and address on collar; liberal reward. Edward H. Delafield, 22 East 82d St., City.

LOST—Scotch collie, white and yellow, name "Queeny"; reward. Newark, 509 W. 121st St.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ADDITIONAL SPACE and SLEEPING accommodations needed. Charitable organization desires to rent large dwelling or floors in centre of city, near East 25th St., for its children's department. Address B 814 Times Annex.

MAZOLA

MAZOLA, the oil from corn, is as pure and delicate as the daintiest foods cooked in it or served with it. Ask your grocer for Mazola Cook Book containing dozens of delicious recipes.

CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO.
P. O. Box 161, New York

MEXICO
GROWING EXPORT MARKET

Indications point to an increase of all exports to Mexico in the near future. Perhaps Peace finds you with a large output but decreased market and you wish you again had the trade in Mexico you once enjoyed!

We have offices or representation in five cities in Mexico and travelers in less accessible districts.

We own and operate our own freight trains in Mexico for the rapid delivery of our merchandise within the Republic.

Our trading experience during the past three years, while others kept out, has enabled us to successfully develop a wide market among the financially strongest concerns there and has given us the representation of several of the very largest concerns in the United States who are reopening their activities in the Mexican field.

We have the knowledge of conditions, the organization and the goodwill necessary to successfully introduce a few more staple lines of first-class houses, and therefore invite interviews to determine the feasibility of union for this purpose.

The Oliver American Trading Co., Inc.
100 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS

AT YOUR GROCERS

Learn to distinguish, by the label and the signature, the famous

Lea & Perrins

SAUCE

It has been the world's leading condiment for generations.

LEA & PERRINS
SAUCE
THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

DO IT ALL TRACTOR

Plow—Harrow—Cultivate

They do all the work on big and little farms. They not only plow but they cultivate any crop that grows. They go between the row on wide rowed crops, astride the row on narrow rowed crops. A boy can operate them; experience not necessary. They run all kinds of machinery, lawn and horse mowers; cost less to buy than the keep of a horse for a year.

Ask for Catalog T. It's Free.
CONSOLIDATED GASOLINE ENGINE CO.,
292 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

SALTO NUTS

—more than a trade mark
—a grade mark
—the best meaty nuts Mother Nature grows made toothsome and wholesome for you by Hatch's exclusive process.

Hatch
He pays the Parcel Post

35th St., at Herald Sq. B'way at 30th
B'way at 35th

Hold Your Liberty Bonds to the Last Trench

They are the best investment in the world. If you must sell, we will purchase them from you for cash in small or large amounts at market prices. Plus interest less 1%.

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Chartered 1907, State of N. Y.
154 Nassau St., Room 653, Hours 9-5
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Safe Milk
for
Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form
For infants, invalids and growing children.
Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body.
Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged.
More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc.
Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

ADVERTISEMENT.

EASE THE PAINFUL RHEUMATIC TWINGE

Sloan's Liniment will relieve it on one application

It's a world popular counter-irritant for the shooting, darting pains and aches of those numerous external attacks which nearly every man, woman and child suffer from at one time or another.

By *penetrating without rubbing*, it helps to scatter the congestion, resulting in a warm, tingling glow of comfort and ease. Takes little to turn the trick quick. Won't stain the skin. Get a big bottle today for economy's sake. Most druggists *everywhere* sell it. 30c, 60c, $1.20.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

Camouflage in Clothes

Great word, camouflage; great thing too; fools 'em. Makes a transport-road look like a dense thicket; makes a ship look like part of the ocean

It's all right in war, but not in clothes; you'll find plenty of it in clothes; don't let yourself be fooled

All-wool fabrics, high-class tailoring, correct, lively style; the real thing, not merely appearances. Be sure of it all.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Clothes that Save

There's nothing more stylish than the Hart Schaffner & Marx waist-seam designs; they're here; satisfaction guaranteed

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain, clearing, colder today; tomorrow, fair; strong west winds.
For weather report see page 14 last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,280. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1919. TWENTY-TWO PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

FOOD RELIEF BILL AGAIN ATTACKED IN THE SENATE

Sherman Calls It a Campaign Fund for Wilson for Peace League Chairman.

RESENTS ORDERS BY CABLE

Says President Is a Don Quixote Fighting Windmills—Cummins Joins in Assault.

BILL STRONGLY SUPPORTED

Its Passage Today Is Expected, with About Twenty Votes Against It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Passage tomorrow of the Administration bill for food relief in Europe was predicted tonight by leading advocates and opponents after another day of debate, which proceeded with only a few members in their seats. Polls taken by leaders today were said to show only about twenty votes in opposition to the measure.

The bi-partisan support of the $100,000,000 bill was further indicated today. Speakers urging passage of the measure included Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, Democrat, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, and Smoot of Utah and Kellogg of Minnesota, Republicans. Principal opponents in the day's debate were Cummins of Iowa and Sherman of Illinois, Republicans.

Declaring that the proposed appropriation was not for charity, Senator Hitchcock urged the Senate to aid President Wilson and his work at the Peace Conference by voting the fund. Its rejection, he declared, would involve repudiation of America's representatives.

Food Administrator Hoover, who has been severely attacked by opponents of the bill, was highly praised by Senator Hitchcock, and also by Senator Smoot. The Nebraska Senator said attacks on Mr. Hoover were "stabs in the back," and he joined Senator Smoot in commending the Food Administration's work in fixing live stock and meat prices, declaring both consumers and producers had been protected.

Senators' Assertions Clash.

"I have not any use for the packers' combine," Senator Hitchcock said. "I would be glad to support any measure that would result in bringing them under Government control, and I know Mr. Hoover would be, but if the word of the United States or of a recognized official of the United States has been given to the packers, and they have acted on it, it is our business to see that it is made good. Mr. Hoover under the powers intrusted to him by Congress, was under an obligation to use those powers for the purpose of stimulating all the energies necessary to win the war, and he did it."

"Does the Senator think that when Mr. Hoover, or the men who were in his employ, utilized the powers which were conferred upon them to put independents out of business, that was helping to win the war?" asked Senator Borah.

"No," replied Senator Hitchcock, "and I deny that he did it."

"I say that he did," insisted Mr. Borah. "I say that the evidence is sufficient to show that he did."

"I deny it," said Senator Hitchcock.

"I say he did," persisted Senator Borah.

"I deny it absolutely," retorted Senator Hitchcock. "I say that Mr. Hoover is coming out of this thing vindicated, with a reputation better than any other public official. In my opinion, Mr. Hoover stands in the hearts of the American people equal to any man in the United States. I am very sure that no member of the Senate running for President against Mr. Hoover would be able to poll as many votes as he would poll."

"I have not, any doubt," Senator Borah commented, "that there is no man who would be able to raise so large a campaign fund."

Russian Policy at Paris.

Senator Sherman said the agreement on a Russian policy at Paris proposed recognition of the Bolshevist Government, and in this connection he inveighed against Socialist propaganda, which, he said, was being forwarded by professors in nearly every American college. Denouncing these professors as "firebrands of sedition," Senator Sherman said some men of their type were attached to the American peace mission.

Senator Sherman called the proposed $100,000,000 appropriation "not a relief fund for starving nations, but a campaign fund for the President as a candidate for Chairman of the Peace League of the World."

"Strip off this insolent pretense that covers this appropriation; tell the truth about it once in a while, if you must shame his Satanic majesty in doing so," said the Illinois Senator. "I am tired unto death of the sickening pretense with which Senators condole and satisfy themselves in this chamber.

"A hundred million dollars is the first tribute we pay to a departure from the warnings in Washington's Farewell Address—how much more nobody knows. It is one continued round of appropriations.

"We have got to the point where everybody regards Congress with open and undisguised contempt. Here is a

Continued on Page Five.

Railroad Building and Loan Association SHARES PAY 5% AND 6% 103 Park Ave., Cor. 41st. Booklet.—Advt.

King Urges Montenegrins to Await Peace Congress Action

PARIS, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—The Minister of Foreign Affairs of Montenegro has made public the following note:

"The King of Montenegro, learning of the tragic incidents now desolating his country, is anxious to stop the shedding of blood and has addressed a note to his people as follows:

"'To My Beloved People: I beg you to remain quietly in your homes and not oppose by arms troops which seek possession of the Government of our country.

"'I have received the highest assurances from high representatives of the allied countries that very soon a true opportunity will be afforded the Montenegrin people to pronounce freely on the political form of their future Government. For my part, tell them that I shall adhere to that decision with pleasure.'

"The message was approved by the Peace Conference yesterday, which authorized that it be sent to Montenegro."

SWIFT WOULD KEEP MEAT PRICES FIXED

Needed for a While to Maintain Market Stability, Packer Testifies.

LARGE STOCKS ON HAND

He Opposes Proposal to Have Government Take Over Ownership of Cars and Stock Yards.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Louis F. Swift, President of Swift & Co., packers, testifying before the House Interstate Commerce Committee today in opposition to Government ownership of refrigerator cars and stock yards, said that the regulation of meat prices by the Food Administration had been advantageous to the Government, the producer, and the consumer because it stabilized the market, prevented speculation and assured a continuous shipment of meat products abroad.

During his testimony, Mr. Swift admitted that he had large stocks of pork on hand—250,000,000 pounds. A drop of a cent in the price of pork, he said, would cost his firm $2,500,000.

One opinion expressed by Mr. Swift was that the critical time for both the producer and consumer still existed and that the regulation should be continued while the stabilization appeared necessary.

"Would the high prices of pork and meat have existed if the Food Administration had not fixed the prices?" asked Representative Sweet of Iowa.

"The prices might have been higher," replied Mr. Swift. "The Food Administration tried to stabilize prices to prevent a series of sensational declines and advances and to keep the price at an average level which would be fair both to the consumers and the producers."

"Then it accomplished a good thing for both?" asked Mr. Sweet.

"Yes, I think so."

"Should the regulation continue for a year or so?"

"Now is the most critical time," replied Mr. Swift. "The need is now as great as it was during the actual warfare. I should say that the regulation has been advantageous to the consumer, the producer, and the Government. It has been the only possible way to make shipments abroad."

Mr. Swift explained that there were 25,000 stockholders in Swift & Co., and that the majority of the stock of a capitalization of $150,000,000 was not owned by his family. In 1918 the firm earned $21,000,000 or 11.2 per cent. on the capital and surplus. The earnings in 1917 amounted to 22 per cent., in 1918 the profits for each $100 invested amounted to $1.76, whereas in previous years it was $3.98.

"What percentage of your business is not concerned with meat packing?" asked Representative Sweet.

"I cannot make an exact answer to that, but I would say that more than 90 per cent. relates entirely to the packing industry proper," replied Mr. Swift. "Swift & Co. branched out into the buying and distribution of butter, eggs, and poultry but refrigeration was necessary and it was found to be a related part of our business. Nell, Libby & Nell, which was once owned by Swift & Co., became packers of fruits, and we have distributed them for them. That is our only connection with the distribution of anything outside of the packing line."

Yards Must Be Efficient.

"Will Government ownership of stockyards benefit the producer?" asked Mr. Sweet.

"It will make no difference to the producer who owns the stock yards if they are properly and efficiently conducted," replied Mr. Swift.

Mr. Swift disclaimed that the five big packers could control the price of meat on the hoof. He said that 35 per cent. of the beef killed went to the five big packers; that the independents use 35 per cent. of it and the remaining 30 per cent. was killed by the farmers and small men in different communities. He said that as far as he knew no packer had any interest in hotels; that his firm had refused to buy stock in hotel properties, although he believed that Mr. Armour, for some reason or other, had

Continued on Page Five.

DURING CONVALESCENCE FROM INFLUENZA—and pneumonia—take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing, strengthening, delicious, with no sickish sweetness. Any druggist, 25c.—Advt.

ASSEMBLY ADOPTS 'DRY' AMENDMENT, 81 VOTES TO 66

Passes Prohibition Resolution After a Lively Debate Lasting Seven Hours.

REFERENDUM BILL KILLED

Republicans in Caucus Decided on Course That Doomed the "Wets."

SENATE MAY VOTE TUESDAY

Prohibitionists Claim One More Vote Than Is Necessary to Win.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 23.—The Assembly ratified the Federal prohibition amendment tonight by a vote of 81 to 66 after a seven-hour session.

Similar action is expected in the Senate next Tuesday, following a caucus on Monday night, at which the Republicans will make the ratification resolution a party measure. Prohibitionists claim 27 votes in the upper house, one more than necessary to put New York State in the dry column.

Eleven Republicans, six of them from New York City, aligned themselves with the Democrats and Socialists against ratification. The New York men who voted negatively were John C. Hawkins, William W. Pellett, Herman Weiss, James H. Caulfield, Sol Ullman, and Joseph Steinberg. The remaining Republicans who voted against ratification were George Blakeley of Westchester, Nicholas J. Miller of Erie, John G. Malone and Clarence F. Welsh of Albany, and Edward J. Wilson of Westchester.

Defeat of the anti-prohibition forces was forecast in the first test of strength, when the McElligott Referendum bill, which the Democrats revived yesterday, was recommitted to the Judiciary Committee by a vote of 79 to 66.

Prohibition workers crowded the Chamber, and when partial victory had been assured them they congratulated Speaker Sweet on his stand in their favor. The Speaker predicted consummation of their fight in the Senate next week.

Every step for final action on ratification was contested by opponents of prohibition. When the Republicans had succeeded in obtaining a suspension of the rules to permit advancement and passage of the ratification resolution, they were faced with an amendment to the resolution, offered by Assemblyman McElligott, which proposed a referendum to the people before the question could be acted upon by the Legislature. This proposal was beaten, 83 to 65.

Immediately upon convening this morning the majority went into a caucus, which lasted an hour and forty-five minutes, before the referendum bill had been beaten and victory assured the "drys" through making ratification a party measure. The submissive bill was killed in caucus by a vote of 74 to 5. The Republicans who later refused to vote for ratification refused to attend the caucus.

No new arguments were advanced by either side in the lengthy debate that followed when the ratification resolution came up for adoption. Warning was given that illicit liquor stills would spring up throughout the country, that prohibition meant a transfer by the State of its police power to the Federal Government, and that ratification action meant a lessening of personal liberties.

Assemblyman McCue of New York delivered the most vehement speech against ratification. He served the warning that prohibition would bring illicit distilling of liquors and he attacked the clergy who had fought with the "drys."

"They have discarded the Ten Commandments and are now amending the Constitution," he declared. "They read the Bible no more, they are seeking to substitute the policeman's nightstick for the Bible of Jesus Christ."

Socialist Assemblyman Claessens, who followed McCue, deplored his "bitterness" and declared his attitude was one of inciting to riot. Claessens also declared that law cannot be enforced unless the sentiment of the people is back of it.

John Kennedy of Queens said it was his belief that the prohibitionists were financed by the Rockefeller Foundation. He added that it would mean the demoralization of labor throughout the country.

At least half of the $24,000,000 of State revenue, now obtainable from the excise tax, but which will be lost when prohibition takes effect, can be raised through greatly increased taxes on soft drinks, according to Senator Sage, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee.

While the Assembly was voting in favor of the national amendment today Senator Sage was holding a conference in his office with other legislative leaders on the question of obtaining more revenue, and it was the unanimous opinion of those present that ice cream sodas, grape juice, and other nonalcoholic drinks should be made to bear a heavy part of the taxation burden now borne by the "hard stuff."

A bill providing for increased taxes on all such drinks probably will be introduced in the Legislature during the present session.

McKESSON & ROBBINS Manufacture and recommend CALOX TOOTH POWDER. It contains Oxygen. For sale everywhere.—Advt.

Blockade Killed 500,000, German Government Asserts

BERLIN, Jan. 22, (Associated Press.)—It is announced officially by the Government that further investigation of mortality "due to the blockade", from the Autumn of 1916 until the end of 1918 shows that the figures were much higher than were at first estimated.

More than 500,000 deaths, it is said, were caused by malnutrition or under-nutrition. Only civilians are included in the list, which, says the announcement, "if it errs at all, it is by giving too low figures."

Only such cases were included, it is set forth, as were definitely established to have been due to the causes named. The officials intend to publish the material on which the investigations were based "to demonstrate that this is not propaganda, but strictly for the purpose of establishing the facts."

34 WOMEN WON AT GERMAN POLLS

Will Sit in the Assembly Which Will Frame the New Constitution.

EBERT PARTY'S VOTE 164

Predicted That Democrats Will Play a Big Part—Eisner Beaten in Bavaria.

BERLIN, Jan. 22, (Associated Press.)—The former National Liberal Party was the only party which elected no women delegates to the National Assembly.

The Majority Socialists elected 15 women, the Independents 3, the Democrats 5, the Clericals 7, and the Conservatives 4.

BASLE, Jan. 23.—Reports from the twenty-seven electoral districts in Germany, returning the full number of 421 members of the National Assembly, show that the Majority Socialists will have a plurality in the Assembly, with a total of 164 votes. The next highest number of members was returned by the Christian People's Party, the former Centrists, who will have 88 members.

The distribution of the members by parties will be:

Majority Socialists	164
Christian People's Party	88
Democrats	77
German National Party	34
Minority Socialists	24
German People's Party	23
Guelphs	4
Bavarian Peasants' League	4
Württemberg Bourgeois Party	2
Peasants' and Workmen's Democratic League	1

Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, failed to win a seat in the National Assembly in any of the constituencies in which he was a candidate.

Premier Ebert and Philipp Scheidemann have gone to Weimar to superintend the making over of the Court Theatre there, in which the Assembly is to meet.

Assembly Coalition Predicted.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—It is presumed here that the Majority Socialists and the Democrats, supported by an overwhelming majority of the people, will be in position to dominate the German National Assembly.

Among those whose seats are assured are Count Posadowsky, Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, former Chief of Police Eichhorn, and Hugo Haase.

The Poles in Posen and the Danes in Schleswig refrained from taking part in the election. In Posen, out of 1,250,000 Poles entitled to vote, only 129,000 did so.

Democrats May Sway Convention.

By LEONARD SPEAR.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 21.—The elections for the German National Assembly have clearly demonstrated the ideas in the minds of the bulk of the people as to the future form of the German Government. By their votes they placed it beyond all doubt that they desire a democratic republic, freed of monarchial or Bolshevist influences.

The extremists on both wings have been heavily defeated. The strongholds of the Pan Germans have been stormed by the Democrats and the Spartacides have failed to reach any of their objectives. The Majority Socialists have not realized their expectations of two months ago.

For this disappointment, however, they were prepared. The disorders in Berlin immediately produced a certain reaction among many people who, though not in the least genuine Socialists, looked during the debacle of November to Ebert and Scheidemann as only men with sufficient authority over the masses of the people to restore the established order of society. But the failure of the Government to grapple with the Spartacides until the last moment weakened their faith in the Majority Socialists and provided

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

SAZONOFF, REJECTING WILSON PLAN, SAYS HE 'WILL NOT SIT WITH ASSASSINS'; OTHER LEADERS SAID TO BACK HIM

COUNCIL TAKES UP LABOR

Responsibility and Reparation for War Also Considered.

PERSHING TO ATTEND TODAY

Allies Suggest a Relatively Larger American Army in Occupied Territory.

PLANS FOR LEAGUE SHAPING

Wilson Awaits the Presentation of British and Other Views Before Declaring His.

PARIS, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference met again at 10:30 o'clock today, all the members being present, and definitely fixed upon four main subjects to be presented at the full conference on Saturday—first, international labor legislation; second, responsibility and punishments for the war; third, indemnities; fourth, internationalization of ports, waterways, and railways.

These subjects are not to be discussed in detail, but will be immediately referred to committees for study and report. The American members of these committees were selected at an extended conference between President Wilson and the American delegates this afternoon.

The American plans on the first topic are already well advanced. While there is no definite information on the second point, relative to the responsibility and punishments for the war, the sentiment in American quarters inclines to a negative attitude, with some suggestions that those responsible for international crimes who have fled from Germany should be returned for Germany to deal with.

The third subject, indemnities, will not be presented in the conference with statements of the amounts claimed by each Government, but a committee will be charged with the task of assembling these amounts and also of determining the probable maximum the enemy powers are able to pay.

The meeting tomorrow will have added importance in bringing together the Supreme War Council, with President Wilson, the Premiers, and Foreign Ministers, reinforced by Marshal Foch, Field Marshal Haig, General Pershing, and General Diaz and the full membership of the War Council of Versailles.

The subject for consideration is not Russia or Poland, as was supposed, but the status of the present military occupation of Germany, on which the Council desires information from the military leaders.

In some allied quarters it had been suggested that the American strength in the occupied regions should be relatively larger than that of the other powers, as the European Allies had gone through longer service. This view is not shared in American quarters, where it is maintained that the relative American strength is fully up to the requirements.

The presence of the military leaders tomorrow is expected to bring a pretty full understanding on this subject.

The official statement of today's proceedings reads:

The President of the United States, the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of the Allied and associated Powers, and the Japanese representatives met this morning at the Quai d'Orsay. The meeting proceeded with the examination of the agenda for the plenary meeting of the Conference on Saturday. The following questions were considered for this purpose:

First—International legislation on labor.

Second—Responsibility and punishments in connection with the war.

Third—Reparation for war damage.

Fourth—International régime of ports, waterways, and railways.

In addition, the meeting began consideration of the procedure to be adopted with regard to territorial questions.

The Supreme War Council will meet tomorrow morning at 10:30. Marshal Foch, Field Marshal Haig, and General Diaz will be present, as well as the military representatives at Versailles of the Allied and associated Powers.

League Questions to the Fore.

Having disposed of the Russian question for the moment, the Supreme Council of the Peace Congress turned today to the principal object of its work, the establishment of a League

Continued on Page Two.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA! Use MOL-A-R CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES. All drug stores. McKesson & Robbins, Inc., 91 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Advt.

British Plan an International Labor Board Which Will Be Responsible to League of Nations

PARIS, Jan 23, (Associated Press.)—Great Britain's plan for the actual working machinery to carry out the proposed internationalization of labor was outlined today to The Associated Press by George N. Coll Barnes, Minister without portfolio, whose proposals will be considered by the Peace Conference Saturday.

Briefly, his program calls for the establishment of an international commission, made up of the representatives of both labor and capital, for the settlement of labor problems. This commission is to be responsible to the League of Nations.

Under the Barnes scheme would be the appointment by the Peace Conference of a small commission composed of delegates from the Great Powers. This commission would convene the first labor conference, which, in turn, would become the central international commission for the betterment of labor.

Because of lack of machinery, the present Peace Conference would be unable to establish a perfected commission, although the Peace Conference may make certain suggestions and even bind the powers to them.

For example, such questions as the right of the people to form themselves into trade unions might be settled by the Peace Conference. The matter of the hours of labor and similar problems would come before the International Labor Commission. In case of nonfulfillment of labor agreements the League of Nations would be called in to settle the matter.

The International Labor Commission, or bureau, will not deal with purely internal problems of the nations. Capital and labor will still work out their local differences as before.

Asked as to what power the commission would have back of it to enforce its rulings, Mr. Barnes replied in substance that if any nation refused to play the game she might be brought to reason by depriving her of trade privileges with sister States.

TROTZKY'S FORCES QUIT PETROGRAD

Red War Minister Said to be Moving His Headquarters to Nizhni-Novgorod.

ADMITS CAUSE IS BEATEN

He and Trotzky Told Moscow Soviet Recently That Aid Must Be Sought.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 23.—The Bolshevist forces are evacuating Petrograd and removing all stores, according to a dispatch to the Berlinske Tidende from Helsingfors.

The dispatch adds that Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist Minister of War, is transferring his headquarters to Nizhi-Novgorod, and that the anti-Bolshevist movement is growing daily.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Leon Trotzky the Russian Minister of War, has ordered Zinovieff, the Bolshevist Governor of Petrograd, to surrender that city without a fight, if it is attacked by the Northern Russian forces, according to Exchange Telegraph advices from Copenhagen.

[The agency's dispatches on the same subject last night made it appear through an error in transmission that the Bolsheviki had been ordered to abandon a town named Sinoveff.]

In Northern Russia, the dispatch adds, the Bolshevik forces have been defeated and a large part of them have surrendered. In addition great numbers of peasants are reported to be in revolt in various part of Bolshevik Russia.

Unconfirmed reports have been received in official circles that the Bolsheviki have captured Orenburg, on the Ural River, about 250 miles north of the Black Sea.

If the report proves true, the difficulty of the Russian-Siberian Army getting in touch with General Denikine's force is increased. The capture of Orenburg also would be a threat to the small British force in Transcaucasia.

Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier, and Trotzky, speaking recently before the Moscow Soviet, confessed that the Bolshevist régime was bankrupt, especially regarding industrial production, finance, and food, according to a Helsingfors dispatch to The Mail.

They said that it was time that experts from the middle class were invited to co-operate with the Soviets. A similar invitation had been addressed, the speakers said, to intellectuals who had heretofore stood outside the Civil War.

In referring to the foreign policy of the country Trotzky is reported to have intimated that the Soviet Government was prepared, under certain conditions, to abandon its internationalist aims and raise the banner of "Russia for the Russians."

TEA DANCES CLUB DE VINGT, 44 East 58th St. SUPPER DANCES Monday, Wednesday, Friday Evenings, 10:30. Open to Public, as well as Club Members. Thes Dansants Every Afternoon, 4 to 7.—Advt.

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 1 Wall St.—Advt.

RUSSIANS HERE ARE DISAPPOINTED

Say Conference Offer Comes Just at Time When Bolsheviki Need Respite.

DOUBT SUCCESS OF PLAN

Recall That Reds Said They Would Treat with the Devil for an Advantage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Russians here who have been identified with the effort to overthrow the Bolsheviki and set up an All-Russian Government on a firm and solid basis, are somewhat disappointed over the decision of the Supreme Council to ask for a conference to which the Bolsheviki are invited to send representatives.

"The plan is not what we desired," said one Russian authority today, "and it is still to be seen if it will be successful. It has come at a most opportune moment for the Bolsheviki. They have just been defeated by the Esthonians. They have been driven out of Perm and further back by the armies operating under the authority of the Omsk Government. They have been beaten by General Denekine's volunteer army in the Don country. Latest advices record their losses on the Archangel front, and it is reported that Trotzky is preparing to evacuate Petrograd, in view of the Red Army's most recent disasters.

"Therefore, the offer of the Allies and America comes at a moment when a respite is needed by the Bolsheviki, and it is not unlikely that it will be accepted. It is remembered that at Brest-Litovsk they said they would treat with the Devil if it gave them advantage in carrying out their program for a revolution to cover the world."

President Wilson's plan, adopted at Paris yesterday, is looked upon in well-informed quarters here as a compromise between the French and British plans. The French were opposed to any form of recognition of the Bolsheviki. The British plan contemplated inviting all Russian factions, including the Bolsheviki, to send representatives to Paris to discuss with the Allies the means by which friendly aid might be given to Russia by the Allies and at the same time point out ways for trying to solve the Russian problem.

It was suggested here today that the French plan might have denied the right of the Russians to determine their own future by imposing the power of one faction upon the entire nation. One factor operating against the adoption of the French plan, which was supported by eminent Russian spokesmen in Paris, was the unwillingness of the allied nations to send into Russia armed forces sufficiently large to deal adequately with the situation. The American and Japanese Governments were opposed to such a plan and Great Britain is not understood to have favored it.

Senator Johnson of California, in a statement today on the Peace Conference's Russian agreement, declared that it gave no information regarding the return of American troops from Russia, while press dispatches told of fighting between the Americans and Russians.

"If our professions made since January, 1918, repeated often since then, and yesterday again, are anything more than mere empty words," he said, "let's cease making war in violation of our laws and our Constitution, and bring home our soldiers who are now in Russia."

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

RUSSIAN POLICY IN BALANCE

Early Reports of Acceptance Are Quickly Contradicted.

LVOFF DENOUNCES PLAN

Says the Bolsheviki Won Their Greatest Victory by the Council's Action.

BITTER ATTACK BY TEMPS

Semi-Official French Organ Says Council Gives Traitors Equality with Faithful.

PARIS, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—Sergius Sazonoff, the former Russian Foreign Minister under the old régime and now representing the Government of Yekaterinodar and the Siberian Government at Omsk, declares in a statement that he will not participate in the meeting proposed by the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference with Bolshevist representatives.

M. Sazonoff told the Echo de Paris today that he would not go to Princes' Islands for the proposed conference between representatives of the various Russian factions and the allied Governments.

He added that it was very likely that neither the Government of Admiral Kolchak nor that of General Denikine would send emissaries, for they were fully aware of what Bolshevism meant.

Prince Lvoff, former Russian Premier, in a statement today, strongly deprecated the decision of the Supreme Council regarding Russia.

"We never thought," said Prince Lvoff, "that the conference would begin its peace work by renewing relations with our tyrants. The Bolsheviki have won their greatest victory in Paris. The decision of the council is of danger not only to us, but to the whole world. It gives new impulse to anarchy."

Esthonians State Their Position.

Charles R. Pusta, representing the Esthonian Government at the Peace Conference, said tonight that the Esthonians were ready to send delegates to the Princes' Islands to give their views to the powers, but that they wished to maintain the right to put forward the same views at the Peace Conference in Paris, from which they expected definite satisfaction of their claims.

Whether the effort of the Great Powers to tranquilize Russia was to succeed or fail was still in the balance tonight. No reply had come from the Bolsheviki, and as the wireless message embodying the proposal of the associated powers was not sent until 2 o'clock this morning, some days may intervene before anything definite is heard from Russia itself.

In the meantime, during the day prominent anti-Bolshevist leaders in Paris were apparently not clear as to their course. The first reports that they were favorable to the plan having been followed by a statement by such leaders as Sergius Sazonoff that they would not sit at the table with assassins.

The semi-official Temps also asserts that the Supreme Council's proposal "permits traitors who withdrew Russia from the war and turned the entire German strength against France to be received on the same footing as the faithful."

Hold Proposal Was Wise.

The American and British delegates feel, however, that the proposal was the only course open.

Information reaching the Allies indicates that the Bolsheviki have a powerful army in which discipline is being enforced. In view of this information, one of the Premiers pointed out today that the Bolsheviki could be combatted only by a large number of allied troops, which would have to be on the spot immediately, whereas none of the Governments could ask people already wearied by war to undertake another large military expedition.

The solution of the Russian problem proposed by the Supreme Council

of the Peace Congress was considered here as the first visible manifestation and realization of American and British accord on the great issues before the Peace Congress. This accord was pledged in speeches and in private expressions in England by both President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George.

It is understood that, inasmuch as the Supreme Council has accepted the American plan for the settlement of the Russian question, the British plan may form the foundation of the structure which the Peace Congress may erect to house the League of Nations. Yet, it is pointed out by observers here, that this is a mere exchange of courtesy. The plan for settling the Russian question is regarded as virtually identical with that which Premier Lloyd George suggested in his note to Stephen Pichon, French Foreign Minister, on Jan. 3. It is understood, although no official admission has been made, that the British plan for the creation of a League of Nations is essentially identical with that which American experts formulated after close study of every promising available plan among the two score which were presented.

Hope for Russian Bondholders.

While yesterday's official statement was silent on the question of the redemption of Russia's foreign debt, there is some reason to believe that, through unofficial but powerful sources, assurances have been conveyed that the Bolsheviki will recede from their threat to repudiate this debt in consideration of relief, through Entente aid, of desperate economic conditions in Russia. It is believed that assurance on this point induced France to sanction the plan, which averts the spectre of financial loss to French holders of Russian securities.

REDS STILL SHELL OUR LINES.

Lost 500 Men in Attack on Ust Padenga, Peasants Say.

ARCHANGEL, Jan. 22, (By The Associated Press.)—The Bolsheviki are continuing their shelling of the American positions at Ust Padenga, thirty miles south of Shenkursk, and the American artillery is replying to the enemy fire. The infantry attack which the Bolsheviki were expected to make yesterday failed to materialize.

Peasants say that the Bolsheviki suffered 500 casualties in the infantry attack of Jan. 19, leaving many wounded, who froze to death in the forest. The American casualties in the fight were less than fifty all told.

ESTHONIANS PURSUE REDS.

Rout the Radical Force and Move Toward Petrograd.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Helsingfors states that the Esthonian communiqué of Tuesday says that the Bolshevist rout following the capture of Narva has become complete.

The Esthonians have crossed the Narva-Gdoff line and their advance guards are only 75 miles from Petrograd. They continue to capture men, guns, and munitions, and have taken an armored train. The dispatch adds:

"I have reason to believe that the Esthonians will push on as far as the Luga and Russa, the last important rivers before Petrograd is reached, which will enable them to encircle the town of Pskov from the north. But there is no possibility of their attacking Petrograd without help from outside their own frontiers.

"According to trustworthy information from Petrograd, men of the former Imperial Guard at Seminoff on Saturday shot dead Anveld, the military commissary, who had gone to persuade them to leave for the Narva front.

"The success of the ill-equipped little Esthonian army is explained by the Bolsheviki as the result of treason on the part of the commander of the Second Fusiliers Division."

TO DISCUSS AIR PROBLEMS.

Inter-Allied Commission on Rules Will Soon Sit in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The Inter-Allied Air Commission will soon meet in Paris to settle the big problems connected with the aerial traffic of the world. Technical experts of the various powers now are engaged on plans to be submitted to the commission. The British scheme, according to the Paris edition of The London Daily Mail, is ready.

One of the chief difficulties to be overcome is the drawing up of a set of rules for aerial passage applicable to all nations, in view of complicated geographical conditions. Ordinary rules for flying, such as speed, height, navigating lights, etc., are easily adjustable, but the political and commercial aspects are bound to involve controversial points.

SOCIALISTS AT BERNE TO DISCUSS THE LEAGUE

British Delegate Says Reconstruction of the Internationale May Also Be Considered.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Jan. 23.—The International Socialist Conference will be opened on Monday or Tuesday next in the hall of the Volksmaus at Berne, and will last two or three weeks. Arthur Henderson, the British Labor Party leader, who is a delegate, says of its program:

"Our conference is an ad hoc meeting. It is a natural consequence of the late interallied Socialist conference. It is, therefore, a mistake to assume that its chief object is the reconstruction of the old Internationale. Many of the expected delegates were never even members of the Internationale. Our aim is to elaborate the statutes of a future League of Nations as we understand them and to establish the international character of labor legislation.

"We hope to exert an influence on the decisions of the Peace Conference as regards these vital questions. On my way through Paris I saw Mr. Lloyd George, who has promised me that, after the termination of our conference, a delegation chosen from its members will be received by the Peace Conference at Paris, to which it will submit its suggestions.

"The problem of the best policy to adopt toward Bolshevism in Russia will also be discussed at the Socialist conference and only after the solution of these questions will the reconstruction of the Internationale perhaps be taken into consideration."

German Socialists will certainly attend the conference. Russia will be represented by Tchsidze and Tseretelli, of early revolutionary fame, who are coming from the Caucasus, while Axelrod and Ruvanoff will arrive from Paris.

GRAND COMMITTEE FOR PEACE LEAGUE

Plenary Session Will Be Asked to Name Members to Examine Various Proposals.

OBJECTS OF BRITISH PLAN

Would Check Territorial Ambitions and Limit the Race for Armaments.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—When the second plenary session of the Peace Conference is held, it will be invited to approve of a permanent League of Nations and appoint a Grand Committee to examine proposals on the subject offered by the American, British, and French delegations. President Wilson will move a resolution to that effect, which will be supported by one French and one British delegate, unless Clemenceau, as President, decides to do so himself, in which case either Lloyd George or Balfour will speak for the British.

Lord Robert Cecil and Léon Bourgeois may be called upon to give exposition of their respective projects if President Wilson goes into any details in outlining the American plan. Viscount Bryce is now on his way to Paris. He is President of the British Union for a League of Free Nations. He will act in a consultative but unofficial capacity.

As already stated in these dispatches, the text of the British project of a league is in the hands of the printers. It cannot be published until it has been presented to the Grand Committee; but it may be stated that it is essentially an effort to provide practical measures to meet concrete eventualities. The French proposals will probably be found to be a more symmetrically developed logical thesis. The British plan seeks to provide machinery which can be extended and improved with the growth of the League. Such existing machinery as wartime necessities have already set in motion—for instance, the Allied Maritime Transport Council—is to be utilized; but opportunity is left for adding other methods of handling the current business of the league.

The British scheme has two fundamental objects in view—to check ambitions for territorial aggrandizement, and to limit the race of armaments. It is proposed to form a permanent council of the league, consisting not of second-rate diplomatists with ill-defined powers, but of the Premiers and Foreign Ministers, who would be able to take immediate decisions practically binding their respective Governments.

The principles of the league will, of course, require definition. This definition, which might be described as a charter of rights and duties of all nations, may be found to have received adequate treatment either in Wilson's proposals or in Bourgeois's thesis. All the nations in the league, if the British plan is adopted, will be required to make two pledges: First, to arbitrate all justiciable disputes, and not to go to war until time has been given for a public ventilation and negotiation of all matters affecting the national honor; second, to support the league with all the economic or other force required. The league, according to the British plan, would be the trustees for the smaller nations. This is the idea already outlined by General Smuts.

Conversations among President Wilson, Lord Robert Cecil, and Léon Bourgeois are understood to have shown a practical unanimity of view respecting general principles. Lord Robert Cecil, in conversation today with British journalists, went over much the same ground as he covered in his talk with the American newspaper representatives last week.

DELAY IS THE ESSENCE OF CECIL LEAGUE PLAN

British Expert Also Favors a Permanent International Council, Meeting Frequently.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Lord Robert Cecil, who today announced in Paris that he had submitted to the Peace Congress a draft of the British view of the subject of the League of Nations, believes the world has not yet reached a stage at which an absolutely rigid system for the preservation of international peace can be set up, according to a Reuters' dispatch from the French capital. In discussing his idea of the form the league should take, Lord Robert says he thinks an international tribunal with absolutely binding powers is not practicable at present.

"The creation of non-rigid international machinery by which a council, by exerting influence toward conciliation, may work, will be the main strength of future peacemakers," he said. "Such a body must, however, possess at least sufficient internationally guaranteed power to be able to prevent surprise declarations of war and to compel disputants to accept delay, during which the forces of civilization may have time to try to avert a calamity.

"The interdependence of modern States has become so great that no nation can control its own affairs entirely without regard to the effect of its actions on other nations. It is important to proceed with the utmost respect for national sovereignty. At present certain international organizations, such as posts and telegraphs, are regulated by international agencies. Before the war we had the Danube Commission, the Rhine Convention, and even international labor organizations.

"It is easy to see that in the future certain cities located on waterways will have to be under international control, which will guarantee free access to them. Some of the new States formed out of the Austro-Hungarian Empire, for example, cannot possibly have independent access to the sea. Switzerland is, according to newspaper dispatches, considering a plan which will give her a way to reach tidewater. Certain nations have a strong interest in having free access to Saloniki, but it is out of the question for them to plan possession of that port. The most important example of this kind, of course, is that of the Dardanelles and the Bosporus.

"These examples of international agencies, which are necessary, lead naturally to a new organization, the object of which will be the welfare of the nations of the world.

"Delay, which can give opportunity for discussion and conciliation, will be the main resource of the league in dealing with disputes in which the vital interests of great nations are involved. As in the Peace Congress, the ultimate decision must rest with the Great Powers, since, as a last resort, the league can enforce its decisions only by the military power which will always be possessed by the great nations."

Speaking of the attitude of other Powers represented at the Congress, Lord Robert said he had found in conversations with delegates that there was, in very large measure, an agreement on the the principles he had outlined. In case of smaller disputes between nations, there was no reason, he said, why they should not be settled by an international tribunal.

"In general, the power on which the league must mainly rely will be public opinion," he continued, "and it is for this reason that the power imposing delay on disputants is so important."

Lord Robert said he favored the establishment of a permanent international council of the league, which would sit at a place agreed upon. Above this, he said, there should be a superior council, consisting of Premiers or important members of various national Governments, which might meet regularly, and during the next few years very frequently.

New States formed out of the wreck of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy, Lord Robert said, could be admitted to the league without difficulty as soon as settled Governments were established.

EARLY RECOGNITION OF POLAND EXPECTED

Paris Hears of Failure of Negotiations Between the Poles and the Germans.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The recognition of the new Government of Poland is expected here at an early date.

Conferences have been in progress during the last few days at Bromberg, German Poland, between German and Polish Commissioners. According to a telegram received by the Polish National Committee in Paris, the Germans rejected all terms of agreement, containing fourteen points, proposed on behalf of the Poles by Albert Korfanty, a member of the Supreme People's Council of German Poland and formerly a Deputy in the German Reichstag.

The entire situation in Poland is difficult, according to the Polish viewpoint. The Germans are falling back, and, it is said, are handing over arms and ammunition to the Bolsheviki and not permitting the Poles to take suitable measures for their own defense against the Bolsheviki. It is asserted also that German troops are being sent from the interior of Germany with the object of fighting the Poles.

It is stated that Ukrainians to the number of 30,000 have attacked the Poles. It is believed that the Ukrainians want to obtain possession of the disputed territory before the decision of the Peace Conference can be promulgated.

In Esthonia the Bolsheviki appears somewhat disorganized, partly owing to the trouble in Petrograd and the recent disaster they suffered at Perm.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—German Main Headquarters has been transferred to Kolberg, Pomerania, according to a German wireless message received here, and Field Marshal von Hindenburg will take charge of operations to protect the German eastern frontier.

COUNCIL TAKES UP LABOR

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

of Nations. This question promises to command virtually the undivided attention of the delegates until their action regarding Russia shows results one way or another. As the Russian delegates are not expected at Princes' Islands until Feb. 15, this means that nearly the whole attention of the Congress will be turned to the League of Nations until President Wilson's departure for America.

Out of the Russian negotiations it is hoped that some unanimous agreement will be reached that will bring representatives of that country into further sessions at Paris. Delegates of all the associated Governments have expressed the opinion that a secure peace can hardly be considered to have been made while Russia remains on fire.

It is regarded as quite significant in circles surrounding the Peace Congress that it should be announced that the first plan for a League of Nations to be considered comes from Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain. This is quite in consonance with what has been known in a very small circle close to the American delegates, that President Wilson plans to have European ideas come before the Congress in advance of his own.

American Plan Awaits Others.

American officials explain that Mr. Wilson's purpose is not only to show deference to the European nations which have sacrificed so much in the war, or out of deference to the views of European statesmen, but to obtain a technical advantage in reserving American plans until all others have been fully discussed, when they may be brought forward, probably to form a bridge by which disagreements that may have developed may be dispelled.

Mr. Wilson has told his colleagues that he has no personal pride of authorship in the plan for the league, and is quite ready to place himself in a position of supporting some other nation's plan rather than of proposing one of his own if he feels that procedure will best serve the common purpose. If discussion goes on according to this plan it appears likely that both the British and French plans will be discussed before the President brings out his own, which is now entirely completed and ready for presentation at any time.

Mr. Wilson will go ahead with his announced purpose of devoting all his energies to the reducing of various views on the League of Nations to a basis of agreement while awaiting results from the effort to compose the differences between Russian factions. He intends to adhere to his determination to hold all other plans secondary, including his visit to Brussels and his trip to the battlefields and devastated regions.

The preliminary peace will be signed early in June at the latest, according to the most trustworthy information, says Marcel Hutin in the Echo de Paris today.

SWISS PRESIDENT TO SEE WILSON TODAY

Ador Also to Consult with Poincare, Clemenceau, and Possibly with Lloyd George.

HAS A PEACE FORMULA

Expects His Country to be Admitted to Conference When Neutral Interests Are Discussed.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The Presidents of the United States and Switzerland will hold a formal conference tomorrow evening. President Ador, who arrived from Berne today, will confer with President Poincaré, Premier Clemenceau, and possibly Premier Lloyd George, before he talks with President Wilson, whom he saw for a few minutes today.

He comes to Paris bearing an official statement of the views of the Swiss Government on pending international questions, which will be laid before the Peace Congress. Following is the text of the statement:

"1.—Switzerland expects to be admitted with other States to the peace negotiations as far as they will deal with her own special interests or with problems of general importance. Exclusion from deliberations on problems of the League of Nations would be considered by the Swiss people as inconsistent with the principles of democracy. Neutral States, though not having been called upon to make as heavy sacrifices as belligerents, have, nevertheless, suffered severely in consequence of the war. All have been able, especially in case of Switzerland, to render considerable service to humanity.

"2.—Switzerland highly approves of the creation of a League of Nations for preserving peace, and expects from it a complete reform of international relations. Consequently, the maintenance of peace should not really depend upon the observation of a procedure of inquiry previous to a declaration of war, but must be founded upon a general interdiction to parties in conflict not to resort to arms. International conflicts must, as far as their character allows, be solved either by arbitration tribunals formed by the free consent of the parties, or else by a permanent international court offering every guarantee of political independence. All other international disputes must be submitted to a procedure of mediation through which lasting settlements on the basis of equity and justice can be arrived at.

"3.—Switzerland recognises the necessity for action which may ultimately consist of military pressure within the system of the League of Nations. Nevertheless, Switzerland is determined not to abandon her neutrality, which is laid down in the Swiss constitution and based on 400 years of peaceful politics. This neutrality is necessary for Switzerland, considering the composition of her population, as well as on account of her being in a particularly exposed strategical position. In case armed conflict should, after all, occur under the reign of the League of Nations, the existence of the several permanently neutral and inviolable states would be a great benefit also for the league itself. The institution of the Red Cross must be based on the existence of such neutral territory if it is to be able to entirely fulfil its task.

"4.—Freedom of production and commerce is of vital importance for Switzerland. The Swiss people hope peace will re-establish the principle of commercial freedom. As far as limitations will be imposed concerning importation, exportation and free passage of goods and raw materials, all states should mutually accord each other most-favored nation treatment.

"5.—Switzerland, as a landlocked country mainly dependent upon its share of the world's commerce, highly approves of the principle of free access to the sea. First of all, Switzerland attributes great importance to the maintenance and improvement of the existing international waterway of the Rhine from Basle to the North Sea. Switzerland fully expects, besides, that it will soon be possible to come to an understanding with France and Italy for opening the Rhone and Po-Ticino rivers for navigation on a big scale, and obtain recognition of similar principles regarding these rivers as are in vogue for already internationalized waterways. It is the case of vital interest to Switzerland to obtain the right of passage over railroads to the sea and through European states eastward.

"6.—The political, legal and economic principles formulated by President Wilson are so entirely in conformity with the traditional wants of Switzerland that she will adhere to them, whatever difficulties may lie in the way of their realisation."

ITALY HAS A LEAGUE PLAN.

Favors Central Tribunal Composed of Delegates from All Lands.

ROME, Jan. 23.—A commission made up of professors of international law, Councillors of State and Judges of the Supreme Court, recently appointed here, has decided to recommend to the Peace Congress a project for a League of Nations, founded upon the principle of right, which each State would stand ready to defend.

It is suggested that the Central Tribunal of the league should be constituted by the appointment of a council from all signatory nations, each State being represented by plenipotentiaries, for the consideration of questions of common interest.

STRAUS TO SAIL TOMORROW.

Announcement of His Presence in Paris Was an Error.

Oscar S. Straus, Chairman of the committee that will represent the League to Enforce Peace in Paris during the Peace Conference, said yesterday that the league would probably not be able to participate in conferences with the British, French, and Italian League of Nations Associations before the second week in February. A dispatch from Paris, published yesterday, stated that Mr. Straus, representing the American group, Leon Bourgeois, head of the French group, and Viscount Bryce of the British group would meet next week in Paris.

"This announcement," said Mr. Straus, "was probably due to the fact that the British and French associations know that I had intended to depart for Europe on Jan. 15. The sailing of the Lapland, on which I have booked passage, has been postponed until Saturday, Jan. 25, and I shall not be able to reach Paris before the second week in February. I have cabled this fact to Paris and have received assurance that even if the allied associations decide to hold their first conference on Jan. 26, as originally planned, they will adopt no final resolutions until my arrival."

The main purpose of the League to Enforce Peace, in sending this committee to Paris, Mr. Straus continued, was to give all possible support to President Wilson in promoting his League of Nations program. "The whole campaign of the league in this country," he said, "is based on the idea that we must show the European statesmen that the League of Nations plan is backed not only by our President but by an overwhelming majority of our people."

STUDYING PROBLEMS OF RELAXING BLOCKADE

Wilson's "War Cabinet" Will Co-operate with the Experts of the Allied Powers.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—The object of the resumption of the sessions of President Wilson's "War Cabinet" here is to consider and dispose of pressing problems affecting America and Europe—particularly the industrial situation in this part of the world, where the restoration of normal conditions is of great urgency. The economic crisis of Germany and other enemy countries will come immediately before the War Cabinet.

To facilitate the handling of that problem another body has been formed in Paris, composed of experts from each of the allied powers, who will pass on questions requiring immediate attention. This committee will work in combination with the commission just formed by the commanding Generals of the allied forces in occupied German territory. The procedure will be that the commission for the occupied territory will make recommendations to the governing body of the Peace Conference, which, after obtaining the views of the interallied committee experts, will pass judgment on them.

The report that General Smith, the American Administrator at Treves, has arranged with the Allies to permit the resumption of manufacturing in the territory occupied by United States troops, the products being sold wherever possible, but France having the first call on them for cash, is not understood by American officials here. It is explained that General Smith has no authority to make such arrangements without the direct approval of the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference, which, according to the statements of officials, has not had the proposal brought to its attention.

It is officially stated that the blockade against Germany has not been lifted except as to the importation of a limited quantity of food, and no permission has been given for German trading with the outside world, nor has any encouragement been afforded Germany for the resumption of industry.

Some American officials are opposed to lifting the blockade, and apparently sympathize with the refusal of the British and French to agree to the suggestion of the American Commission for letting Germany engage in commerce; but even they are of the opinion that it will be absolutely necessary to modify the blockade restrictions to a greater degree than was called for in the agreement reached recently at Treves for the use of the German unsurrendered merchantmen in return for food equal in value to their charter price.

These expected modifications are mostly in line with the decision to let Germany have food. For instance, it is explained, the German railways are in a deplorable state on account of the lack of lubricating oils, and, in order to facilitate the transport of allied food supplies to the parts of Germany where they are most needed, it will be necessary to let Germany have such oils. Then, Germany is in crying need of clothing, and it is believed that the Allies will be obliged to let clothing supplies enter German territory.

Appeals are being made to the Peace Conference from several neutral countries for the abolition of the German trade blacklist. It is represented that it interferes with the resumption of world trade, and the arguments advanced appeal to some of those officially attached to the American delegation. But considerable opposition to granting these appeals is being shown. The main ground of opposition is that the abolition of the blacklist will release German credits in neutral countries, which are believed to be considerable, and give Germany so much advantage in business when she is permitted to engage in international commercial operations. These credits may play a part in the reparation Germany must make to the allied nations and the devastated smaller countries.

While the Treves conference arranged that Germany should receive food equaling in value the services rendered by the German merchantships, it may be necessary to utilize these credits for the payment of the additional supplies needed by Germany, such as food, lubricating oils, and clothing. There is gold in Germany, also, and the opposition to lifting the blockade takes into account that this could be used to advantage by the German Government if the blockade restrictions were abolished.

KAROLYI WARNS ALLIES.

Says Dismemberment of Hungary Will Mean Future Trouble.

BUDAPEST, Jan. 22.—Count Karolyi, the President of Hungary, declared today that the maintenance of the territorial integrity of Hungary was essential to a European peace.

"France and England," the Count said, "fought to prevent the realization of Mittel Europa, but if they continue to act as they have been doing since the armistice they are going toward the reconstitution of this Mittel Europa."

Count Karolyi declared it was a mistake to take territory from Hungary as it was before the war and give it to new States, "for we can perfectly well give these peoples whom it is sought to detach from us, autonomy which will make them ethnical entities similar to the Swiss Cantons." He continued:

"By cutting up Hungary the Allies will not only wipe out a people with a glorious past, who will not forget, but will break down the Hungarian economic system. Transylvania, Banat, and Slovakia are economically Hungarian territories and not Rumanian, Serbian or Bohemian. Look at all the rivers which flow toward and join the same collector, the Danube, which is the hub of the Balkans. All that forms an economic territory, perhaps more so than any similar regions in Europe.

"I am not opposing the geographical conception of nationalities to the ethnical one. On the contrary, I wish to conciliate them and wish to give all peoples inhabiting the Hungarian economic territory ethnical autonomy and full liberties as possessed by the Swiss Cantons."

The Hungarian leader said he could not have any foreign policy because he was not in contact with any of the powers, but should much like to see the formation of a Danubian Federation.

FRENCH TORPEDO BOAT SUNK

Eighteen Missing When Vessel Hits a Mine Off the Tunis Coast.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—French torpedo boat 325 has struck a mine and sunk off the coast of Tunis. Eighteen men of the crew are missing.

Torpedo boat 325 was launched in 1906. The vessel was 222 feet long and had a speed of 26 knots an hour.

LONDON IS DIVIDED ON RUSSIAN POLICY

Mild Press Censure Alternates with Enthusiastic Praise of Wilson's Plan.

IMPARTIAL TONE DEPLORED

Chronicle Regrets Putting All Russians on One Level—News Has High Hopes of the Outcome.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—In its comment on President Wilson's proposal for the solution of the Russian problem, The Daily Chronicle says that its phraseology is extremely Wilsonian, but its substance does not seem to differ materially from that of Lloyd George, made some weeks ago.

"Much may be said for and against it," The Chronicle observes, "and perhaps we may admit that its strongest recommendation is the total inability of the five powers to agree on any alternative policy for themselves. We rather regret the phrase in the document which might suggest that the Allies ignored the very different record of the rival Russian leaders. The alliance of General Denikin and his friends, for instance, never ceased at the greatest risk and sacrifice to remain loyally at war with Germany, while the Bolsheviki repudiated every allied obligation and went on to treat us as enemies. It was necessary for the purposes of the conference that we should make quite plain our desire not to stand in the way of any internal reconciliation between Russians, but we should beware of speaking as if we were at all indifferent to the loyalty which some Russians have shown toward us."

Times Sees Dilemma for Reds.

The Times says that the President's proposal was evidently the product of previous consultation and agreement, and that there is a clear, consistent, and humane principle discernible in it. The Times recognizes that its success is doubtful. "But," it adds, "even if it fails, we shall feel better for having made it, and the powers at the conference will be united as they could never otherwise have been.

"The best fate that we should desire for Bolshevism is that it should commit suicide. If it meets the other representatives of Russia, and they succeed in devising means for ascertaining the will of the Russian people, then the suicide of Bolshevism is assured. Our quarrel with it, over and above the fact that it opposes the will of the Peace Conference in Poland and elsewhere, is that it does not represent the mind of the Russian people.

"If, on the other hand, the Bolsheviki decline to meet at the Princes' Islands, then their creed will have confessed itself an enemy alike of the liberty of the Russian people and of the people of the world; and, fortified with this confession, the powers in Paris will know how to vindicate both."

The Daily Express sincerely trusts that the Allies are right in their views that final peace in Eastern Europe may be achieved without further bloodshed.

"But," it says; "it would be absolutely premature to indulge in any such hopes of a final settlement. The moral sense of Europe is as much in revolt against Bolshevism's creed of slaughter as ever it was against the Kaiser in the firing and massacre of Louvain. A peace which ignores this moral standpoint would be an offense to the whole civilized world."

Daily News Is Enthusiastic.

The Daily News says:

"Wilson's magnificently phrased resolution raises the whole Russian question to a broader and loftier plane. It is not without significance that the word 'Bolshevik' does not occur in it. There is happily no reason to suppose that this wise and high-minded offer will be rejected by any Russian Government. It affords them all a chance of escape from a future full of menace of more calamity. It relieves them from the threats of foreign interference which have made fiercer the class antagonisms and accentuated the material miseries that have so long tormented the hapless Russian peoples.

"But it is not only Russia that President Wilson has probably saved by this resolution. It is the hope of a League of Nations. Clearly no League of Nations could tolerate forcible invasion of independent countries for purposes of political or social propaganda. That is the sort of thing it exists to prevent. Equally clearly no League of Nations could intervene by force in the domestic affairs of one of its members, or even of a nation outside its constitution, because it disapproved of the form of government in existence there. President Wilson's resolution is the formal abandonment of both these errors. Its adoption is by far the most hopeful thing that has yet come out of the Paris conference."

Calls It Courageous Course.

The Westminster Gazette says that if the plan fails "the Peace Conference will still have the satisfaction of having taken a courageous course and of having done all that was possible to bring peace and order to Russia by the general assent of the Russian people. There will remain other ways of dealing with the Russian situation, though none of them are so promising or are to be embarked upon with any confidence."

The Star says that it applies "the acid test to the Bolshevist Government, and if they reject the invitation they will write themselves down as irreconcilable enemies of liberty and democracy."

The Evening Standard, on the other hand, regards the plan with a good deal of misgiving and considers that in adopting it the Allies have gone to the very extreme of concessions. It thinks the President steers between two logical extremes and thus summarizes the situation:

"Clemenceau wants the Bolsheviki to go to perdition, Lloyd George wants them to go to Paris, and President Wilson to the sea of Marmora." However, it admits that some sacrifice of principle is permissible if the really sane elements of Russia gain a breathing space, while, if the Bolsheviki will not attend the conference, they will have added "another and quite conclusive ground to the many that already exist for vigorous armed action against them on the part of all the allies."

Praised by Manchester Guardian.

LONDON, Jan. 23, (British Wireless Service.)—Discussing the decision of the Peace Conference Supreme Council to invite Russian representatives to the Princes' Islands meeting, The Manchester Guardian says that it is of the best augury. It displays an admirable spirit of compromise among the powers themselves, it adds, and it is "the first act of the great drama of the establishment of a world's peace."

"We hope that there will be a response inspired by the same spirit from the Russian people," says The Westminster Gazette. "Whether that is to be so or not will depend in the main on the Bolsheviki. They can, if they so desire, make all the good-will of the Peace Conference nugatory, or they can make the meeting in the Sea of Marmora the birth of a new Russia. Whatever the answer may be, the Allies will have the satisfaction of having taken a sane and courageous course. If Russia declines the friendly hand that is now held out, there are other resources open to civilization, though none of them holds a tithe of the promise of the experiment that is now made."

PARIS PRESS IS DIVIDED.

Russian Plan Gets Some Praise and Some Adverse Comment.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The decision of the Supreme Council of the Peace Congress on the Russian question meets with a mixed reception on the part of the commentators in the Paris morning newspapers. The Matin, which carries the news under the caption, "Dramatic Stroke at Peace Conference," says:

"It is a great and bold idea. We shall see if it is practical and fruitful."

On the other hand, the Journal says:

"There is no hiding the fact that the solution adopted has caused a painful impression upon the French. Foreign Minister Pichon expressed public sentiment when he said in his speech of Dec. 29 and his letter of Jan. 5: 'No compromise with the Bolsheviki.'"

The Echo de Paris says:

"Insensate as may be the settlement now proposed, it has at least the merit of ridding us of the still more harmful solution of bringing the Bolsheviki to Paris and giving them the opportunity of repeating on allied territory the Brest-Litovsk propaganda."

The Figaro says:

"No solution of the Russian problem has yet been found, but a broad and fair-minded inquiry is opened by the associated powers under their auspices. It is to be hoped the Bolshevist agents will not take advantage of this temporary respite to continue their propaganda in Europe and hamper the work of peace in the name of their own principles."

The Socialist Humanité says:

"The Social Democrats of the whole world will read President Wilson's proposals with the deepest joy. President Wilson speaks the language which we and the workers of the civilized globe have been waiting for."

DECISION PLEASES GOMPERS.

He Hopes That It Will Restore Russia to Her Place Among Nations.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, who was told upon his arrival here last night of measures relative to Russia adopted by the Peace Congress, said:

"I think that it is a very wise decision and hope it will have satisfactory results in restoring peace in Russia and placing that unfortunate country again in comity with the great factors of the civilization of the world."

WILSON HAS MANY CALLERS.

He Receives French Men of Letters, Political Leaders, and Artists.

PARIS, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson today received Georges Lecompte, the President, and the Abbé Wetterle and General Malleterre, Vice Presidents of the Society of Men of Letters. President Wilson seemed particularly pleased at the courtesy of the French writers in calling on him.

This afternoon a reception was tendered by him at the Murat mansion to about 300 persons—diplomats, politicians, artists, and writers—who were introduced to the President and Mrs. Wilson. Among those who attended the reception were Gustave Ador, President of the Swiss Confederation, with whom President Wilson conferred for a few moments in his studio; Premier Clemenceau, Stephen Pichon, French Foreign Minister; J. J. Jusserand, French Ambassador to the United States, and M. Dubost, President of the Senate. Many women were also present.

A delegation representing the League of the Rights of Man called on President Wilson yesterday afternoon. In a short address to the delegation Mr. Wilson said that it was with genuine satisfaction that the United States came to the help of France," and that he believed that it was true that "the coming of the Americans prevented a catastrophe that might have overwhelmed the world."

Secretary Robert Lansing gave a dinner last evening in honor of John W. Davis, American Ambassador to Great Britain. President Wilson and all the officials attached to the American Peace Mission were present.

The President last night received a deputation of the students of the Sorbonne, or the Departments of Arts and Science of the University of Paris. They presented to him as a souvenir an album bound in old parchment and containing fine photographs of the Rheims Cathedral before the war.

In reply to an address, which was read by a young woman student, Mr. Wilson said he was particularly touched by the gift as a mark of esteem from the students, which, he said, he accepted "as a professor." He remarked that he would tell American students of the "nobility of the sentiments of their French comrades."

It is now definitely settled that a large number of American troops will go to America with President Wilson on the liner George Washington. Mr. Wilson has personally given orders that every available bit of space on the liner be given over to troops, and that the personnel of his party be reduced to the minimum.

1919 PROFITS LEVY HOLDS UP TAX BILL

Conferees Rewriting This Part of Measure—Glass Complains of Delay.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The Senate and House conferees on the War Revenue bill failed to reach a final decision today on the war excess profits payable in 1919. The title is being rewritten in the hope of producing a compromise which will be acceptable both to the Senate and House members, and pending its submission there was a discussion of insurance taxes and the inheritance tax title. On the latter, at least, there is a wide difference of opinion among the conferees.

It appears that the conferees will do well if they reach a final decision on all of the problems involved in the bill, including the second class postal rates, by the end of next week. The Senate conferees had hoped for agreement by this time, but Representative Kitchin and his coworkers from the House side have not been so optimistic. One prediction made several days ago was that the bill might not leave the conference in completed form before Feb. 10.

Secretary Glass said today that the Treasury had made all plans for collecting taxes on the understanding that the Revenue bill would be enacted by Feb. 1.

"The delay is making a most serious situation for the Treasury and a feeling of exasperation among business men," the Secretary said. "We cannot administer the law so well when it is so late in being completed, and there is apparent a great deal of irritation on the part of interests which do not know how much to set aside for taxes."

Mr. Glass said the Treasury would proceed with administration of the law without awaiting the signature of the President when it finally was disposed of by Congress.

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Admission 75c.

WHERE YANKS STILL FIGHT. Where United States soldiers are still fighting, described in an article in the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

TURKEY GAVE UP ON EVE OF ATTACK

Allies Were Ready to Seize Adrianople and March on Constantinople.

HEAVY LOSSES IN BALKANS

Gen. Milne Reports How British Held Bulgars While French and Serbs Broke Through.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A dispatch from Lieut. Gen. Sir George F. Milne on the operations of the British Army in Macedonia from Oct. 1, 1917, to the close of hostilities is published in tonight's London Gazette.

Bulgaria was utterly defeated, and the allied troops were about to occupy Adrianople and march on Constantinople, when news reached the British Army commander that the armistice with Turkey had been concluded. Two British divisions and one French, says General Milne, were ready on the River Maritza on the night of Oct. 30-31 to seize the northern bridges and occupy Adrianople.

The bridge at Ipsala was in his possession, while in the rear the 1st Greek Corps was echeloned between Kavalla and Drama, ready to take part in the general advance on Constantinople.

Turkey's surrender thus took place under conditions parallel to those faced by Germany. As is known from a statement made by Marshal Foch and Sir Douglas Haig, the latter country was only saved from invasion by the armistice of Nov. 11.

Tells of Breaking Bulgar Front.

LONDON, Jan. 23. (Associated Press.)—Lieut. Gen. Milne, in his report on operations in the Balkans, says that he received instructions in July to prepare for his share in the allied offensive in Macedonia.

He was advised that the British were to take the heights west and northwest of Lake Doiran, provided that the initial Franco-Serbian attack from Sokol to Vetrenik was successful. The French and Serbians assaulted on Sept. 14 and gained a brilliant victory.

The British attack began on Sept. 18, the British having been reinforced by French and Greek troops because their numbers were reduced to half strength through climatic diseases. The front between Lake Doiran and the Vardar, General Milne says, baffles description. The ground is rocky and there are steep hillsides and deep ravines. A high ridge, well fortified with guns and machine guns, was in front of the British line.

The attack was led by the 66th Infantry Brigade. The 12th Cheshires, the 9th South Lancashires, and the 8th Shropshires reached the Bulgarian lines, but, after severe fighting, were compelled to fall back with the loss of 65 per cent. of their effectives, including two Colonels, who fell at the head of their battalions.

Meanwhile Greek and Welsh troops attacked a network of hills in front of the ridge and penetrated a mile, despite desperate resistance from machine-gun emplacements blasted out of solid rock. The repulse on the other flank, however, compelled the troops on this sector to fall back. In this attack the 7th South Wales Borderers had left only nineteen unwounded men and one officer out of a battalion.

General Milne says that the Bulgarians were badly shaken, although he had suffered heavy casualties, losing 1,200 prisoners alone.

British and Greek troops attacked again on Sept. 19, but were compelled to fall back once more, although on the centre they managed to make some gains. In this fighting the 12th Argyle and Sutherland Highlanders, the 8th Royal Scots Fusiliers, and the 11th Scottish Rifles covered the retirement and suffered severe casualties, including the loss of all their commanding officers killed or wounded.

The allied attack on the Doiran-Vardar front kept the Bulgarians from sending help to the other front, and the Franco-Serbian forces managed to break through.

The Bulgarians then began a retreat all along the line. The first troops to enter Bulgaria were Derbyshire Yeomanry belonging to the British Army.

BEATTY TO BE SEA LORD.

Commander of British Fleet Soon to Succeed Wemyss.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Admiral Sir David Beatty, according to a dispatch to The Westminster Gazette from Rosyth, will soon give up the command of the British Grand Fleet and will come to London as First Sea Lord of the Admiralty.

The present First Sea Lord is Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY'S DEBT

Amounted Before Breakup of Empire to 84,090,000,000 Crowns.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The total debt of Austria-Hungary last October was 84,000,000,000 crowns, according to a dispatch from Vienna. Austria's debt was 43,000,000,000 crowns.

A commission appointed to investigate the question of German Austria's share of these liabilities, finds that its proportion, assuming that the other States of the former empire pay their share, amounts to 25,000,000,000 crowns.

VOTES FOR FRENCHWOMEN!

Feminist League Presents Its Demands Upon Parliament.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The French League of Rights for Women has sent to the French Parliament a demand that Frenchwomen receive the franchise. The document says that the right of women to vote is recognized in enemy and Allied countries, and instances England and the United States.

Letts, Not Lithuanians, Fled Libau.

John J. Kainin, Secretary of the Lettish National League of America, informs THE TIMES that The Associated Press dispatch from Copenhagen printed yesterday, describing the arrival there from Libau by way of the island of Bornholm of "the Premier of Lithuania accompanied by a majority of the Lithuanian Cabinet" refers to a Lettish party and not to Lithuanians. Premier Ullmanis is the head of the Provisional Government in Livonia, not of Lithuania.

PORTUGUESE WARSHIPS BOMBARDING OPORTO

Rumors Persist in Madrid That Manuel Is About to Land in Portugal.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—A wireless dispatch from Madrid says that reports from frontier towns are to the effect that Portuguese war vessels are bombarding Oporto, which is still in the control of the monarchists.

The dispatch adds that rumors persist that former King Emanuel is about to land in Portugal.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—Contradictory advices on the status of the Monarchist revolution in Portugal were at hand today. A wireless dispatch from Madrid quotes a Vigo telegram as stating that the monarchical movement has assumed a more serious character. On the other hand, Lisbon advices declare that the Government is on the point of quelling the rising.

The official journal of the Lisbon Government has promulgated a decree inflicting heavy fines upon the districts of Oporto, Vizeu, and Braga, where the Monarchists have been in control. These fines vary from $50,000 to $100,000 for every day the districts remain in a state of rebellion.

$1,500,000 PAID FOR FURS.

800,000 Supplementary Lots to be Offered at St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 23.—Sales aggregating more than $1,500,000 were made today at the annual Winter fur auction at the International Fur Exchange.

This brings the total sales made since the opening of the auction on Monday up to $3,750,000. Officials of the company say that, as the sale is not yet half over, the original estimate of $8,000,000 will be exceeded. They made this statement after an additional catalogue had been issued containing a description of 800,000 supplementary lots that will be added to the original list.

The sale began today when 187,000 marmots that were held over from Monday were offered for bidding. These were soon disposed of and brought fairly good prices, the total being about $190,000.

Following the marmots, 30,000 red fox furs were placed under the hammer and attracted a large crowd of buyers. The total sales for this lot were $748,000. A few choice lots aided in reaching this figure, some high prices being offered.

A consignment of 4,300 Karagon red fox furs was sold for $13,000. Australian red foxes were somewhat higher, 5,200 of them netting approximately $40,000. About $15,000 was realized by the sale of 2,600 Macedonian red foxes, and about $25,000 for 6,000 Patagonian foxes. The last of the foxes to be placed on the auction block was a lot of 10,200 Argentine, which sold for $15,000.

The 77,500 Australian ringtail opposum furs that were placed on sale added $60,000 to the day's total. These were followed by 43,000 ringtails that brought approximately $85,000.

PRAISES NATIONAL GUARD.

Gen. Heavey Wants It Maintained as Before the War.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Brig. Gen. John W. Heavey, acting Chief of the Militia Bureau, recommended to the House Military Affairs Committee today that a rider be included in the Army Appropriation bill authorizing the Secretary of War to turn over to the National Guard from the surplus supplies of the regular army equipment valued at $135,000,000. He explained that if this equipment were turned over the cost would be reduced to $55,000,000.

General Heavey urged that the National Guard be maintained in the same form as it was before the United States entered the war and that the increases in its strength authorized by the act of June 5, 1916, be carried out.

"The value to the country during the war of the National Guardsmen cannot be overestimated," he said. "At the time men were needed most the National Guard provided a force of 367,000 men and 12,123 officers. They have done magnificent work, comparing most favorably with the forces of any other nation. The efficiency of the officers was proven by the fact that of the entire number only 352 were discharged for inefficiency."

French Seize Big German Plant.

METZ, Jan. 23. (Havas.)—The Thyssen Steel Works, a large German concern at Hagendingen, Lorraine, has been sequestrated. This action was taken at the request of a Government commission.

CHINA WANTS TREATY WITH JAPAN REVISED

Says Compacts of 1915 Need Changing as Much as Those of Brest and Bucharest.

HER FREEDOM IS INVOLVED

Also American Doctrine of the Open Door, Peace Conference Is to be Told.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—Revision of the Chino-Japanese treaties of 1915, signed after the presentation by Japan of her twenty-one demands, will be asked at the Peace Conference by the Chinese delegation, according to an official statement issued here tonight by the Chinese Agency.

"The Chinese people," said the statement, "assert that the Chino-Japanese treaties of 1915 are in principle as much a war settlement demanding revision by the Peace Conference as the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and of Bucharest.

"Like these latter settlements, the Chino-Japanese treaties contain terms and conditions demanded by one of the belligerent powers in order—to quote the opening sentence of Japan's ultimatum (May 7, 1915) under whose duress and coercion China was forced to sign the documents—'to adjust matters to meet the new situation created by the war between Japan and Germany.'

"The parallel between the two sets of war transactions runs in other directions. One more may be cited. Like the acts of Brest-Litovsk and of Bucharest, the Chino-Japanese treaties impose on a State, since associated with America and the Allies against the Central Powers, exactions wholly inconsistent with the free and unfettered development of China as a modern independent nation.

"Further, besides striking at the root of the independence and territorial integrity of China as defined and affirmed in the great series of conventions between the great powers, the Chino-Japanese treaties also violate the American doctrine of the open door in China. And it was for this and other reasons that the American Government followed the conclusion of the treaties with a formal protest, notifying Japan that the United States would not be bound by the provisions of the same."

Commenting on the declaration of Japan's attitude toward China made by Viscount Uchida, the Japanese Minister for Foreign Affairs, in his address to Parliament last Tuesday, the statement said that whether Viscount Uchida was speaking with "a Wilsonian accent" would be tested by the Japanese attitude toward the demand of China at the Peace Conference.

"The treatment to be accorded by Japan to this Chinese claim," said the statement, "will be in truth the 'acid test' of the anxiety mentioned in Viscount Uchida's speech 'to deal in a spirit of justice and friendliness with all questions which may come up before the Peace Conference affecting Chinese interests.'"

FRENCH HONOR A BRITON.

Sir Geoffrey Butler Guest at Meeting Held Here.

Distinguished Frenchmen united last evening at the Hotel Vanderbilt in honoring Sir Geoffrey Butler and Great Britain, the nation he is representing in this country.

Praise for Sir Geoffrey and his work during his two years' stay in this country was voiced by the speakers of the evening, who included M. Johannet, the toastmaster, General Controller of the French Mission to this country; Marcel Knecht, head of the French Information Bureau in America; H. Goiran, the French Consul; Professor Charles Downer, President of the Alliance Francaise; F. Cunliffe Owen, of the France-America Society; Colonel Dercle, head of the French Medical Mission to the United States; Albert Blum, President of the Association of Alsatians and Lorrainers of America; Lucien Arvad, President of the French Benevolent Society, and Professor Todd, Vice President of the French Institute.

Sir Geoffrey, who is a Fellow of Corpus Christi College and was chief librarian at Cambridge University before the war, thanked the speakers for the praise they gave his country, and said he hoped that the friendship between France and England initiated by the late King Edward would be everlasting.

AMERICA AND JAPAN TO LAY TWO CABLES

Uchida, Former Official of Communication, Reports Project for Pacific Lines.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—Two new cables are to be laid between San Francisco and Japan within two years, according to K. Uchida, former Japanese Vice Minister of Communication, who left today for the Orient.

The United States and Japan, Mr. Uchida said, under an initial agreement, will jointly operate and control the cables. He said he believed Yokohama would be the Oriental terminal of one of the cables.

FOR REAL ESTATE RELIEF.

Speakers at Albany Conference Favor an Income Tax.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Relief of real estate of the burden of taxation was urged by speakers today at the annual tax conference of State and local taxing officials and taxpayers under the joint auspices of the State Tax Department and State Tax Association. It was the general belief of the speakers that small property owners, especially were menaced. An income tax was the most accepted means of relieving the situation.

Mark Graves, Director of the Municipal Accounts Bureau of the State Controller's office, estimated that the increased cost of local Government would average 10 to 15 per cent., while the revenue from other than general taxes would be nearly $2,500,000 less owing to the loss of excise receipts. This situation, he said, meant an average increase in taxation of $3.50 on every $1,000 of assessed valuation.

O'DONNELL CALM IN COURT.

Man Who Said He Killed Marie Riddell Is Arraigned.

Patrick O'Donnell, who said he killed Miss Marie Riddell in the Glen Morris district of Richmond Hill, was arraigned in the Jamaica Police Court yesterday, but at the request of District Attorney O'Leary the case was postponed until Saturday. O'Donnell on his first appearance in court was hysterical, tore his clothes, and fought the attendants. He stood quietly yesterday while his case was under consideration.

The Grand Jury heard a number of witnesses yesterday, including the prisoner's wife and employes of the Waterman Fountain Pen Company, who said that O'Donnell was at work when the murder was committed.

The Once-a-Month Club of Morris Park, which is near Glen Morris, yesterday offered a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of the murderer. The reward was raised by subscription.

FARMERS TO BLAME, HE SAYS

One Drove 12 Miles with 6 Quarts of Milk, I. E. Jennings Declares.

Testifying in the milk inquiry before Chief City Magistrate McAdoo yesterday, Irwin E. Jennings, Assistant Secretary of the Metropolitan Trust Company, and up to a few years ago Secretary of the Clover Farms Company, a milk distributing firm, blamed inefficiency on the part of the farmer for a large portion of the present high cost of milk. He said that he had made numerous investigations of the milk problem, the last one in 1917. He told of one man who drove a team of horses twelve miles to a creamery to deliver six quarts of milk. He found many others, he said, who were driving from six to nine miles a day to deliver from ten to twelve quarts of milk. No price, he said, would pay such a farmer for cost of production.

SOLDIERS' HUNGER STRIKE.

Men at East View Hospital Say Food Is Unfit to Eat.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 23.—Soldiers who are stationed at the East View Hospital are up in arms over their food. This morning a number of members of the Medical Corps went on hunger strike and refused to eat at mess. They say that the food is absolutely injurious and that little meat is served.

Here is the menu for two days as furnished by them: Tuesday morning, mush, potatoes, coffee and bread. Noon, stew (no meat), macaroni, bread. Night, beans, sour potatoes, tea, or some chemical concoction called tea, no butter. Wednesday morning, cornflakes, sour potatoes, bread. Noon, stew, cabbage, coffee, bread. Night, carrot soup, mashed potatoes, apricots, and bread.

They add that many of the men are laid up with stomach trouble. They say that they will, if necessary, go from house to house and beg food. The East View Hospital now has 500 orderlies and 85 nurses. Nearly 1,000 wounded men are expected there to be treated.

SPARTACAN CHIEFS ASKED OUTSIDE AID

Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg Appealed for Worldwide Revolt of Toilers.

PRINTED IN SWITZERLAND

Manifesto Said That the German Extreme Socialists Alone Could Not End Capitalism.

What was probably the last formal appeal to the outside world for the support of their Bolshevist doctrines sent out by Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg was printed in the Berner Tagwacht of Dec. 26, a copy of which has just reached this city.

This appeal, which was addressed "To the Workers of All Countries!" and was printed in the Swiss Socialist paper just twenty days before Liebknecht and Frau Luxemburg met violent deaths in Berlin, the former at the hands of Government soldiers while attempting to escape from custody, and the latter through lynching by a mob, confirms the cabled reports to the effect that the Spartacan leaders were determined to accept nothing less than the complete program of international Socialism and were ready to go to any lengths to accomplish their aims.

The manifesto was also signed by Frans Mehring, the veteran Socialist politician and historian, and Klara Zetkin, the leader of the German Socialist women for many decades. Both of these leaders broke with the Majority Socialist Party shortly after the outbreak of the world war and carried on an aggressive agitation against the pro-Government Ebert-Scheidemann group. The manifesto reads:

"Proletarians! Men and Women of labor! Comrades!

"The revolution has made its entry into Germany. The masses of the soldiers who for four years were driven to the slaughterhouse for the sake of capitalistic profits; the masses of workers, who for four years were exploited, crushed, and starved, have revolted. That fearful tool of oppression—Prussian militarism, that scourge of humanity—lies broken on the ground. Its most noticeable representatives, and therewith the most noticeable of those guilty of this war, the Kaiser and the Crown Prince, have fled from the country. Workers' and Soldiers' Councils have been formed everywhere.

Ebert Men Called Betrayers.

"Proletarians of all countries, we do not say that in Germany all the power has really been lodged in the hands of the working people, that the complete triumph of the proletarian revolution has already been attained. There still sit in the Government all those Socialists who in August, 1914, abandoned our most precious possession, the International, who for four years betrayed the German working class and at the same time the International.

"But, proletarians of all countries, now the German proletarian himself is speaking to you. We believe we have the right to appear before your forum in his name. From the first day of this war we endeavored to do our international duty by fighting that criminal Government with all our power and branding it as the one really guilty of the war.

"Now at this moment we are justified before history, before the International and before the German proletariat. The masses agree with us enthusiastically, constantly widening circles of the proletariat share the knowledge that the hour has struck for a settlement with capitalist class rule.

"But this great task cannot be accomplished by the German proletariat alone; it can only fight and triumph by appealing to the solidarity of the proletarians of the whole world.

"Comrades of the belligerent countries, we are aware of your situation. We know very well that your Governments, now since they have won the victory, are dazzling the eyes of many strata of the people with the external brilliancy of the triumph. We know that they thus succeed through the success of the murdering in making its cause and aims forgotten.

"But we also know something else. We know that also in your countries the proletariat made the most fearful sacrifices of flesh and blood, that it is weary of the dreadful butchery, that the proletarian is now returning to his home, and is finding want and misery there, while fortunes amounting to billions are heaped up in the hands of a few capitalists. He has recognized, and will continue to recognize, that your Governments, too, have carried on the war for the sake of the big money bags. And he will further perceive that your Governments, when they spoke of 'justice and civilization' and of the 'protection of small nations,' meant the profits of capital just as did ours when it talked about the 'defense of the home'; and that the peace of 'justice' and of the 'League of Nations' amounts to the same base brigandage as the peace of Brest-Litovsk. Here as well as there the same shameless lust for booty, the same desire for oppression, the same determination to exploit to the limit the brutal preponderance of murderous steel.

No Faith in Promises.

"The imperialism of all countries knows no 'understanding,' it knows only one right—capital's profits; it knows only one language—the sword; it knows only one method—violence. And if it is now talking in all countries, in yours as well as ours, about the 'League of Nations,' 'disarmament,' 'rights of small nations,' 'self-determination of the peoples,' it is merely using the customary lying phrases of the rulers for the purpose of lulling to sleep the watchfulness of the proletariat.

"Proletarians of all countries! This must be the last war! We owe that to the 12,000,000 murdered victims, we owe that to our children, we owe that to humanity.

"Europe has been ruined through the infamous international murder. Twelve million bodies cover the grewsome scenes of the imperialistic crime. The flower of youth and the best man power of the peoples have been mowed down. Uncounted productive forces have been annihilated. Humanity is almost ready to bleed to death from the unexampled blood-letting of history. Victors and vanquished stand at the edge of the abyss. Humanity is threatened with the most dreadful famine, a stoppage of the entire mechanism of production, plagues, and degeneration.

"The great criminals of this fearful anarchy, of this chaos let loose—the ruling classes—are not able to control their own creation. The beast of capital that conjured up the hell of the world war is not capable of banishing it again, of restoring real order, of insuring bread and work, peace and civilization, justice and liberty, to tortured humanity.

"What is being prepared by the ruling classes as peace and justice is only a new work of brutal force from which the hydra of oppression, hatred and fresh, bloody wars raises its thousand heads.

"Socialism alone is in a position to complete the great work of permanent peace, to heal the thousand wounds from which humanity is bleeding, to transform the plains of Europe, trampled down by the passage of the apocryphal horseman of war, into blooming gardens, to conjure up ten productive forces for every one destroyed, to awaken all the physical and moral energies of humanity, and to replace hatred and dissension with fraternal solidarity, harmony, and respect for every human being.

"If representatives of the proletarians of all countries stretch out their hands to each other under the banner of Socialism for the purpose of making peace, then peace will be concluded in a few hours. Then there will be no disputed questions about the left bank of the Rhine, Mesopotamia, Egypt, or colonies. Then there will be only one people; the toiling human beings of all races and tongues. Then there will be only one right: the equality of all men. Then there will be only one aim: prosperity and progress for everybody.

"Humanity is facing this alternative: Dissolution and downfall in capitalist anarchy, or regeneration through the social revolution. The hour for decision has struck. If you believe in socialism it is now time to show it by deeds. If you are Socialists, now is the time to act.

"Proletarians of all countries, when we now summon you to a common struggle it is not done for the sake of the German capitalists who, under the label 'German nation,' are trying to escape the consequences of their own crimes; it is being done for our sake as well as for yours. Remember that your victorious capitalists stand ready to suppress in blood our revolution, which they fear as their own. You yourselves have not become any freer through the 'victory,' you have only become still more enslaved. If your ruling classes succeed in throttling the proletarian revolution in Germany, as well as in Russia, then they will turn against you with redoubled violence. Your capitalists hope that victory over us and over revolutionary Russia will give them the power to scourge you with a whip of scorpions and to erect the thousand-year empire of exploitation upon the grave of socialism.

"Therefore the proletariat of Germany is looking toward you in this hour. Germany is pregnant with the social revolution, but socialism can only be realized by the proletariat of the world.

"And therefore we call to you: 'Arise for the struggle! Arise for action! The time for empty manifestos, platonic resolutions, and high-sounding words has gone by! The hour of action has struck for the International!' We ask you to elect Workers' and Soldiers' Councils everywhere that will seize political power and, together with us, will restore peace.

"Not Lloyd George and Poincaré, not Sonnino, Wilson, and Erzberger or Scheidemann, must be allowed to make peace. Peace is to be concluded under the waving banner of the socialist world revolution.

"Proletarians of all countries! We call upon you to complete the work of socialist liberation, to give a human aspect to the disfigured world and to make true those words with which we often greeted each other in the old days and which we sang as we parted: 'And the Internationale shall be the human race!'

"KLARA ZETKIN.
"ROSA LUXEMBURG.
"KARL LIEBKNECHT.
"FRANZ MEHRING."

PROTEST YIELDING SHIPS.

Hamburg and Bremen Wrought Up Over Agreement with Allies.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The acceptance by the German Armistice Commission of the demand by the Allies for the delivery of the German merchant fleet is causing both indignation and anxiety in Hamburg and Bremen.

A meeting of protest was held at Hamburg on Monday, according to the Berlin Vossische Zeitung. All the trade interests and representatives of the sailors took part in the meeting, which was very largely attended.

The new manager of the Hamburg-American Line, Privy Councilor Cuno, announced the agreement of the armistice authorities regarding the shipping surrender, and the meeting passed a resolution against the action which has been taken. The resolution declared that the interests represented expected that the Government would not ratify the agreement, and that it would make preparations for the reopening of the discussion of the question by the joint commission of German experts and representatives of the Entente.

The shipowners of Bremen have likewise protested to the Government at Berlin against the measure.

The German Armistice Commission has announced that, according to a statement made by Marshal Foch at Treves, sea transport for about 25,000 German soldiers assembled at Nikolayev, Russia, as well as German troops at Haifa, Syria, will be undertaken by the Entente. It is said that only one of the allied powers has not agreed to the plan.

PROTESTS KAISER CONCERT.

Dutch Paper Objects to Proposed Honor—Ex-Ruler a Busy Sawyer.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 23.—The announcement that the local choral union at Amerongen would give a concert Saturday at Amerongen castle in honor of the former German Emperor has provoked a strong protest from the Handelsblad.

The newspaper says that such action is calculated to create difficulties and complications with the Entente powers, who might consider the concert an indication of Dutch sympathy for Herr Hohenzollern.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Jan. 22, (Associated Press.)—Sawing wood continues to be the chief occupation of the former German Emperor, who spends several hours each morning and afternoon within the castle grounds working hard, while several men-servants respectfully hand logs to him and then pile the short sticks in heaps for use later in the furnaces of the castle.

The shortage of coal in Holland compels the burning of wood, plentiful supplies of which are obtainable from the surrounding estate. William Hohenzollern works so well that he is able to furnish the entire consumption of the castle fires. The former Emperor scarcely ever speaks to his attendants while he is at work.

The two moats which encircle the castle are now covered with ice sufficiently thick to bear skaters. The villagers, however, have been given to understand that the accustomed permission to skate in the moats cannot be accorded while the former Emperor is in the castle.

There are various reports in circulation concerning the alleged intention of the former Empress to return to Potsdam. These are based on her expressed desire to end her days at Potsdam, which she regards as her home.

The former Empress, it is said, has no intention of leaving her husband in Holland. Communication between her and her children and grandchildren is fairly frequent by letter and telegram, but no suggestion has arisen as to her joining them in Germany.

For several weeks nothing has been heard from the former Crown Prince, who remains virtually alone in his refuge on the Island of Wieringen.

Several more members of the former Emperor's suite are about to leave for Germany, where, as State servants, they must place themselves at the disposal of the Government or forfeit their right to pensions.

Lieut. Gen. von Estorff, whose wife is an American, will continue to devote himself to the former Emperor. The General has resigned his rank in the German army. At present von Estorff is suffering from a cold as a result of the dampness.

ONLY ONE PRISONER LEFT.

Lone American Captive in Germany Too Ill to be Removed.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—(Associated Press.)—Of the American soldiers captured by the Germans during the operations on the western front only a single one now remains in Germany, the Associated Press correspondent has learned.

This prisoner is at Stuttgart, too ill to be removed at present.

34 WOMEN WON AT GERMAN POLLS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

material for propaganda of which the bourgeois made swift and abundant use.

At the same time the pendulum has not swung as far to the right as had been anticipated, and the sweeping success of the German Democratic Party is the surprise of the elections. Having a prospect of holding a position of great importance in the new Parliament, this group comprises former Progressives of the left wing and National Liberals, with hitherto unorganized radical elements, supported by, among others, Prince Max of Baden and Dr. Solf.

As the Democratic Party includes in its ranks the best of the moderate bourgeois, with a good leavening of "intellectuals," its leaders proved their tactical ability by declining, when everything was in the melting pot, to co-operate with the other bourgeois parties in making a united front against the Socialists. In this way they secured support from many electors who would otherwise have voted for the Majority Socialists rather than risk a possible reactionary victory.

Their success is even greater than they themselves expected, and gives to German radicalism an importance in the State it never before possessed. It is estimated that the Majority and Minority Socialists combined have got a mandate of 40 to 50 per cent. of the electors. If, therefore, they are unable to form a majority of the Government, then the Democratic Party, by virtue of its personnel, as well as its members, will really constitute the most influential group in the State and leave the strongest mark on the new Constitution.

Here and there the reactionaries have maintained their hold, but, speaking of the elections generally, they suffered disaster, in some cases of a sensational character. In feudal Mecklenburg, for example, the Conservatives secured only one seat, as compared with the Socialists' three and the Democrats' two. In Baden all the reactionary parties combined have only one representative, while the Socialists won five seats, the Centrists the same number, and the Democrats three.

In Leipsic, where the reactionaries are believed to be exceptionally strong, only one Conservative was elected.

Especially amazing is the success of the Left parties in Württemberg, where the Socialists won no fewer than seven seats and the Democrats four, while the extent of the radical victory is even better indicated by the fact that the Centrists, who were splendidly organized there, managed to get only four out of their seventeen candidates elected.

The old National Liberals of the right wing, better known formerly as Pan-Germans, have suffered more than any of the reactionary parties, some of their strongest citadels having been captured by the Democrats.

Expect Assembly to Legislate.

BERLIN, Jan. 22, (Associated Press.)—The German National Assembly, which will convene at Weimar on Feb. 6, is expected to be in session about two months. The first business before the Assembly will be the selection of a provisional Government, because the present Government considers its existence at an end with the convening of a Constituent Assembly.

The Assembly will then take up the adoption of a Constitution. The present Government, as such, will not present any proposal, and the draft prepared by the Ministry of the Interior will be submitted merely as a preliminary suggestion to form the basis of discussion.

The obligatory task of the Constituent Assembly will be finished with the adoption of a Constitution, but it has the right to make of itself a constituted, instead of a constituting, body, and this will probably be done. In that case the Assembly will be obliged to regulate tax and financial questions by legislation.

The peace question probably will not be considered, as it is not expected that the Germans will be admitted to the Peace Conference before the adjournment of the Assembly.

The question of lodging the 3,000 persons who are expected to attend the convention is a serious one, because Weimar is a small city with limited accommodations. The municipal authorities there are considering the question of billeting the delegates and journalists with private families, if necessary, and in adjacent cities.

Telegraph, telephone, and postal communications will be enlarged and train service will be increased. Work in this direction is already under way.

The Constituent Assemblies of the various German States probably will not convene until after the National Assembly has completed its work.

HAMBURG RIOTS RENEWED.

Spartacide Successes Reported—Radek Back in Berlin.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Dispatches from Hamburg report that there was shooting Tuesday night in the neighborhood of the Central Railway Station, the Town Hall, and on the harbor front by Spartacides, who are reported to have captured two police stations.

A stricter form of martial law has been proclaimed, and all the theatres and restaurants have been ordered closed. The Soldiers' Council has decreed that all arms must be surrendered within forty-eight hours. Those found in possession of weapons at the expiration of that time will be liable to summary court-martial.

Karl Radek, the Russian Bolshevist, who was prominent during the recent disorders in Berlin, and who fled when the Government troops were victorious, is once more in Berlin trying to resume connections with chiefs of the Spartacus element, according to dispatches to Paris newspapers.

Since German troops were summoned to put down the Spartacide uprising in Berlin, the army has been assuming a position of greater importance, according to advices received here. Supreme command of the peace army has been transferred from the People's Commissioners to the Minister of War, who will be responsible to the Government. The transfer was made with the approval of the Soldiers' and Workmen's Council, which will still be responsible for all social and economic regulations concerning the army.

Officers in future will wear a dark blue stripe on the left sleeve. All other distinctive marks have been abolished. The obligation to salute is reciprocal, but has been abolished in the big cities.

STRIKES IN BERLIN END.

Light Restored and Street Cars Run —Halle Strike Also Settled.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The strike of electrical workers in Berlin, which had caused the closing owing to lack of light of a large proportion of the hotels, restaurants, cafés, and places of amusement, greatly inconveniencing the public, has been ended, Berlin advices announced today.

The strike of the Berlin tramway men has also been called off and the street car service, which had been partially suspended, has been resumed on full schedule.

The Halle Zeitung announces that the railway strike there has been settled. The demands of the strikers were conceded, including one for the dismissal of the official who had incurred their dislike.

The Savings of Soldiers and Sailors

It's all right to talk about frugality.

But when a fellow has paid for Liberty Bonds, insurance, cigarettes, stamps and a few other things out of the pay envelope Uncle Sam hands him, you can't exactly blame a fighting man if his capital is mostly good will.

That's why it gives us such genuine pleasure every time a Soldier or Sailor takes advantage of the substantial reductions we have made in our good all-wool Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

He looks good in the clothes and the savings look good in his pocketbook.

Every Hart Schaffner & Marx Winter Overcoat and Fancy Winter Suit Reduced

$32.50 and $30.00 Suits and Overcoats....	$27.50
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THE OVER-GARMENT SKETCHED IS SUITED TO SERVICE WITH EVENING CLOTHES, OR SUNDAY DRESS WITH THE CONVENTIONAL TAIL COAT.

THE MODEL EXHIBITS THE CHARACTER CONSIDERED SO ADMIRABLE IN THE DEVELOPMENTS OF FINCHLEY.

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Evening clothes and morning coats of correctness.

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Contains no dangerous or deleterious substitutes

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Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

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Frederic N. Whibley, Inc.
Engineers and Contractors
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THE BLIND SOLDIER.
What is being done to help soldiers blinded in the war dealt with in an article in the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

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Back in everyday life. Can you find the place that fits you—in which you will count for all that is in you?

"If I Were Twenty-one."
By William Maxwell, Vice President of Thomas A. Edison, Inc., is a guide for the returning soldier, by which he may find the place that is rightfully his in the business world.

$1.25 AT ALL BOOKSTORES
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Hats, caps, gloves and canes of proper mode

RICH Gravies

THEY prevent waste because they make the meat go farther. Make yours luscious by flavoring them with plenty of the sauce with the Frenchy tang—

A-1 SAUCE

MEMORIAL WINDOW EXHIBITION

At the suggestion of many who have inspected the Medallion Window which is now on view, the exhibition will be extended until February third.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT
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Sixtieth Anniversary of the
PAULIST FATHERS
CHURCH OF ST. PAUL THE APOSTLE,
59th St. & Columbus Ave.

You are cordially invited to attend the celebration of Our Patronal Feast. Vespers, 8 P. M., Friday, Jan. 24th. Sermon by Rev. Bertrand L. Conway, C. S. P. High mass, 11 A. M. Saturday, Jan. 25th. Sermon by Rev. Thos. F. Burke, C. S. P.

CONCRETE WHITE
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NEW YORK

WILLIAMS ACCUSES NEWSPAPER CRITIC

Controller Charges a Correspondent with Starting Propaganda Against Him.

SOUGHT AID OF BANKERS

No Name Mentioned, but Norborne T. N. Robinson of Buffalo Admits He Is the Man.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, issued a statement tonight in which he declares he has discovered the origin of propaganda which, he says, has been started against him and his office.

Without disclosing names Mr. Williams made public a photographic copy of a memorandum which he says, evidence in his possession shows, was prepared by a newspaper correspondent in Washington.

The memorandum was addressed to a Washington banker. In making it public the Controller withheld the name of this banker. He also withheld the name of the newspaper correspondent, but Norborne T. N. Robinson, correspondent of The Buffalo Evening News, declares he is the man referred to by Mr. Williams. The correspondent issued a statement tonight attacking the Controller.

The statement issued by Controller Williams follows:

"The origin of propaganda recently started against the Controller of the Currency and this office is explained by a document which came into my possession accidentally within the last few weeks, a photograph of which in the interest of decent journalism and fair play I feel it my duty to make public.

"The document is headed 'Memorandum for Mr. ——.' The name, typewritten in the memorandum, but which I prefer not to make public now, is that of an official of a banking institution (not national) which has been under serious criticism by the Controller's office for months past for irregular and unlawful practices.

"Evidence in my possession shows that this memoradum was prepared by a newspaper correspondent of Washington, who was the author of some recent stories sent out from Washington to various newspapers, to the effect that active opposition to the confirmation of a new term for the Controller of the Currency had been developed on the part of both Democratic and Republican Senators, and criticising the Controller's administration, and who probably was the instigator of others along the same line.

Admits Sending Out Stories.

"This correspondent was sent for and came to the Treasury last Monday and was asked whether he had sent out stories criticising the Controller of the Currency. He first denied that he had done so, except to one newspaper in Buffalo, N. Y., of which he said he was the Washington correspondent, but subsequently he admitted that he had furnished the material for the stories to various other newspapers in different parts of the country, including among others the New York Tribune, The Wall Street Journal, papers in Boston, Louisville, &c.

"Although he denied that he had delivered the document mentioned above to the bank official to whom it was addressed, he admitted that he had been in consultation with that official in this connection on a number of occasions and had received his criticisms of this office, and that he had been carrying on negotiations with some one whose name he refused to divulge—but who was evidently the bank official to whom the memoranuum had been addressed—with a view to conducting a campaign to oppose the confirmation of the Controller of the Currency in the event of his renomination. He refused to affirm or deny that he had written the memorandum. His refusal to deny may be taken fairly under the circumstances as confession.

"He said he had not as yet received a nickel for his propaganda work, but subsequently admitted that he had, within the last few weeks, gotten money as a loan from the banker who had been attacking and criticising the Controller of the Currency and to whom his memorandum was addressed.

"He said that his negotiations as to the propaganda were yet on. In response to my question whether he had ever heard any breath of criticism directed against the integrity of my administration, he admitted that he had not.

"He insisted that he had not yet consummated his negotiations for continuing his publicity campaign, although he confessed that he had already given wide circulation to the stories he had written.

"I am a little doubtful as to whether this newspaper scribbler—a discredit to a noble profession—seeking fees to defame a Government official should be dignified with public notice, but I think the people should understand the nature of some of the things appearing in the newspapers so as not to be imposed upon and in order that they may distinguish paid for propaganda for real facts.

Appeal Sent to Banker.

"The following is a copy of the 'memorandum' referred to in the foregoing statement, a photograph of which memorandum, by chance but unfortunately for its author, has come into the possession of the Controller of the Currency:

"'If reappointed and confirmed the present Controller of the Currency will remain in office for five years.

"'What is needed is determination on the part of two or three Republican Senators. If they assume the responsibility the Democrats are not apt to make a serious fight for Williams in the Senate.

"'A publicity campaign should be started at once, but should be run very quietly. Several papers will print stories if the stories are handed to them disguised.

"'Full publicity can come when the names are sent to the Senate and referred to the committee.

"'In the meantime a story here and there would help the Senators along.

"'Get several bankers in on the deal. Do not tell them who is to handle the publicity at the beginning. That is a matter strictly between you and me for the present, because I will want to work quietly at first, since, when I have to come out in the open, I will be sure to make some enemies in high places.

"'Since the fight promises to last only a few weeks and in handling the publicity I will be sure to incur some enmities, the charges will be $250 a week. I am sure I can do some good work for the cause.'"

Here is Robinson's statement:

"Although he withholds names, Mr. Williams refers to me in his statement. It is easy to read between the lines of Mr. Williams's statement the suggestion of intimidation. Mr. Williams the Controller is using his official position to obtain private information which he could not obtain as an individual, and is using that information to further his personal ends. Desiring reappointment he is leaving no stone unturned to help his candidacy.

"The promissory note to which he refers is indorsed by two newspaper men of standing; it is a transaction which no honest man could or would criticise. Between the date on which Mr. Williams' bank examiners photographed the note—unknown to the officers of the bank—and the date when Mr. Williams with 'third degree' methods 'flashed' the photograph on me, the first curtailment had been made. I told Mr. Williams this, but he withholds that fact in his statement.

"With other Americans, I have felt we were at war with autocracy. Woodrow Wilson, to whom Mr. Williams owes his reappointment, is fighting autocracy with all his might. Yet Mr. Williams in an effort to intimidate those who dare criticise him, uses autocratic methods of the sort the deposed William Hohenzollern always indulged in.

"In having my promissory note photographed to use for purposes of intimidation he was not engaged in any duty required of him as a Government official. He acted as an individual, as John Skelton Williams struggling to hold a Government job.

"I did not seek participation in a publicity campaign against Mr. Williams. I have merely known him as an unpopular Government official. His statement tonight must carry to all fair-minded men the conviction of his unfitness for public office. My newspaper associates in Washington at all times have authority to pass on my standing in my profession."

WHERE DIVISIONS ARE LOCATED ABROAD

List as of Jan. 2 Shows Several Generals Have Been Relieved of Commands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Locations of the divisions of the American Expeditionary Forces on Jan. 2, with the names of the present division commanders, was made public today by the War Department.

The new list shows that Major Gens. Charles D. Rhodes, Peter E. Traub, Leroy S. Lyon, and Charles E. Martin have been relieved of their commands. The 87th is now under Brig. Gen. William F. Martin, the 90th under Brig. Gen. John P. O'Neill, and the 92d under Brig. Gen. James B. Erwin. The 34th and 8th are temporarily without regularly detailed general officers.

No changes are indicated in the composition of the Army of Occupation, which still numbers tentatively thirteen divisions—the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 7th, 28th, 32d, 33d, 42d, 77th, 80th, and 90th.

Today's announcement of locations shows that many divisions have moved since Nov. 28, when they last were located. The divisions, their locations, and commanders were given as follows:

1—Montabaur, Major Gen. E. F. McGlachlin.
2—Heddesdorf, Major Gen. John A. Lejeune.
3—Andernach, Major Gen. Robert L. Howze.
4—Bertrich, Major Gen. Mark L. Hersey.
5—Esch sur Alzette, Major Gen. Hanson E. Ely.
6—Aigny-le-Duc, Major Gen. Walter H. Gordon.
7—Euvezin, Major Gen. Edmund Whittemeyer.
26—Montigny-le-Roi, Major Gen. Harry C. Hale.
27—(On priority,) Montfort, Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan.
28—Hudicourt, Major Gen. William H. Hay.
29—Bourbonne les Baines, Major Gen. Charles G. Morton.
30—(On priority,) Ballon, Major Gen. Edward H. Lewis.
31—Skeletonized, part on priority, part sailed, Major Gen. William M. Wright, Jr.
32—Diekirch, Major Gen. George Bell, Jr.
34—Skeletonized, part on priority, part sailed.
35—Commercy, Major Gen. Thomas B. Dugan.
36—Cheny, Major Gen. W. R. Smith.
37—(On priority,) Wormhoudt, (to Le Mans,) Major Gen. Charles B. Farnsworth.
38—Skeletonized, part on priority.
42—Ahrweiler, Major Gen. Clement A. F. Flagler.
77—Chateau Villain, Major Gen. Robert Alexander.
78—Semur, Major Gen. James H. McRae.
79—Souilly, Major Gen. Joseph E. Kuhn.
80—Ancy-le-Franc, Major Gen. Samuel D. Sturgis.
81—Missy sur Seine, Major Gen. Charles J. Bailey.
82—Prautboy, Major Gen. George B. Duncan.
84—(To be skeletonized at Le Mans, Nov. 28.)
86—(Skeletonized—part for replacement, part to return to United States.)
87—St. Nazaire, Brig. Gen. William F. Martin.
88—Laigny, Major Gen. William Weigel.
89—Kyburg, Brig. Gen. Frank L. Winn.
90—Bernasel, Brig. Gen. Joseph P. O'Neill.
91—(Designated for Lafarst—Bernard—to early return, Le Mans,) Major Gen. M. H. Johnston.
92—Le Mans, Brig. Gen. James B. Erwin.

DEPOT DIVISIONS.

41—St. Aignan, Brig. Gen. Ell Cole, U. S. M. C.
82—Le Mans, Major Gen. E. T. Glenn.
85—Toul, Major Gen. Chase W. Kennedy.
89—(Skeletonized for replacement and return to the United States.)
90—Rengy, Major Gen. F. S. Strong.
3—Pons.

DIVORCE FOR MRS. NIMICK.

Accused Husband of Misconduct While She Was In a Hospital.

After hearing testimony yesterday Supreme Court Justice Pendleton intimated that he would grant a decree of divorce to Mrs. Nellie Pearson Nimick from Alexander K. Nimick, who inherited more than $1,000,000 from his mother, Mrs. Florence N. C. Nimick, when Nimick failed to appear to deny the charges against him and his counsel asked a few questions to make it appear that the defendant desired to protect the reputation of Beatrice Dorothy Arnold, the co-respondent. The defendant's mother died at Bay Shore, L. I., on July 23, 1910, leaving the bulk of her estate to her son because he had adhered to her wishes and refrained from marrying during her lifetime.

He married Miss Pearson in 1911. She left her husband after their last child was born in 1916, because she learned that while she was in the hospital her husband had taken Miss Arnold to their home in Rye. The chief witness for the plaintiff was Catherine Fanning, a maid, who said that when the defendant took the co-respondent home with him he stated that Miss Arnold was a friend of Mrs. Nimick who believed that the latter was at home, and asked the maid to "be nice to her." Nimick and Miss Arnold went away together the next afternoon. Mr. Nimick's former chauffeur testified against him and concerning trips he and Miss Arnold took from the Hotel Marie Antoinette, "where they both seemed to stop frequently." A room clerk at the hotel also testified. Ex-Justice George L. Ingraham appeared for Mrs. Nimick.

INDICT 8 LUMBER CONCERNS

Four Manhattan Companies Among Those Accused Under Elkins Law.

Eight lumber companies were indicted yesterday by the United States Grand Jury in Newark, N. J., for alleged violation of the Elkins law. It is charged that they discriminated against certain customers, and that lumber consigned to private concerns was labeled as Government property to get it through embargo territory.

Four of the indicted firms have headquarters in New York. Those indicted were the National Box and Lumber Company of Newark, the Ditmar Company of 20 Broadway, New York; the Forest Box and Lumber Company of 405 Fourth Street, New York; the Royal Box and Lumber Company, Incorporated, of 41 Wooster Street, New York; the Union Wholesale Lumber Company of Youngstown, Penn.; the Passaic-Bergen Lumber Company of Passaic, N. J., the Also-Parker Lumber Company of Tuscaloosa, Ala., and the Star Box and Lumber Company of 81 Tompkins Street, New York.

The first four in this list pleaded not guilty. The others probably will plead on Monday.

Ownership Bill Introduced.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 23.—The Municipal Ownership bill, indorsed by the State Conference of Mayors, was introduced in the Legislature today by Senator J. Samuel Fowler of Chautauqua. Under its provisions the Public Service Commission having jurisdiction would fix a fair value for the public utilities property subject to acquisition, and proceedings to establish a municipal utility might be instituted either by the Municipal Board by the adoption of a resolution or by the electors of the municipality by the adoption of a proposition.

CITY BREVITIES.

The Good Shepherd Presbyterian Church on Sixty-sixth Street, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue, will hold a special service for the benefit of soldiers next Sunday night at 7:45 o'clock. Arthur C. V. Dangremond will deliver the principal address, and the Rev. Daniel E. Lorens, pastor of the church, will make a speech of welcome to the boys from the hospital.

Members of the National Association of Women Painters and Sculptors will be the guests today of the Museum of French Art, at 590 Fifth Avenue.

The Associate Members of the Federal Grand Jurors, who for several months investigated the campaign fund of the primary election of Senator-Elect Truman H. Newberry of Michigan, will hold a dinner tomorrow night at the Manhattan Club. Albert J. Weber will be toastmaster.

Tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock, at the Episcopal Church of St. Mary the Virgin, 125 West Forty-sixth Street, Stephen Thaw will be ordained to the Diaconate. Mr. Thaw is a brother of Major William Thaw, the famous American ace.

The Aquarium Society, which meets twice a month for the study of aquarium fish and plant life, is to hold its annual auction of fish and plants at the Museum of Natural History this evening.

HOTEL MEN TO FIGHT TO RESTORE LIQUOR

Form an Organization with Real Estate Interests to Attack Prohibition.

PLAN A WIDE CAMPAIGN

Will Seek a Repeal of the Amendment or Attack Its Constitutionality in the Courts.

Men in the hotel and real estate business have organized themselves into the Association Opposed to National Prohibition and have opened an office in Room 302 of the Cambridge Building, at Thirty-third Street and Fifth Avenue. James Woods, Vice President and general manager of the company operating the Hotel Belmont and the Murray Hill Hotel, is the Chairman of the association, and John McK. Bowman, President of the company operating the Biltmore, Commodore, and Ansonia Hotels, is the Treasurer. Frank A. K. Boland of the law firm of Campbell & Boland is the general counsel.

The object of the association is to cause the repeal, if possible, of the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment, or, failing that, to attack its constitutionality in the courts. The first meeting of the entire association was held at its office yesterday afternoon. Leading hotel men of New York attended the meeting, as well as many real estate men and a representative of the New York Real Estate Board of Trade. After the meeting Mr. Boland said that it had been voted unanimously to send a letter, the text of which had been read to the meeting and approved, to every hotel association in the United States, inclosing copies of a petition of protest against the methods employed in obtaining the ratification of the amendment, with a request that the petitions be circulated among the patrons of every hotel in every State for their signatures. Copies of the petitions are expected will be in the lobbies of the chief New York hotels in a few days.

At the same time that the petitions are being circulated lawyers employed by the association will attack the validity of the ratification by the Legislatures of those States whose constitutions or statutes compel matters like an amendment to the Federal Constitution to be submitted to a referendum of the people before they may be voted on by the Legislatures of those States. Mr. Boland said there were about fifteen States which, in his opinion and in the opinion of lawyers associated with him, had illegally ratified the amendment, because it was not first submitted to a referendum of the people.

Mr. Woods has caused to be sent all over the country, over his signature, a monograph in which the following questions are asked:

What about revenues?
What about confiscation and claims?
What about labor and wages?
The Constitutional issue—is this amendment really before you? Was it lawfully passed by Congress?
Can the whole spirit and purpose of the Constitution be changed without conventions of the people?
Shall an instrument intended to be charter and guarantee of individual liberty be transformed into an instrument of absolutism, tyranny, and oppression?
Shall 4,000 votes in this liberty-loving land arbitrarily control 100,000,000 of people?

Every civic, commercial, political and patriotic organization in every State, Mr. Boland said, had been invited or would be invited to ally itself with the new association and help in the work. What the association desired most, he said, was a man of the type of Theodore Roosevelt to become its President. The office would have been offered to Colonel Roosevelt had he lived, Mr. Boland said, and he was sure that he would have accepted it. Another man of great national prominence, he said, was now being considered.

At a meeting of the Committee of Permanent Organization of the Self-Determination League of Liberty, held at the Hotel Walton, Seventieth Street and Columbus Avenue, last evening, a committee of eleven men and women was appointed to complete the organization. The Chairman of the meeting, R. A. McIntyre of 583 West 177th Street, announced that no person engaged in the liquor business would be eligible for membership. The committee appointed last night was empowered to hire permanent headquarters for the league, and meantime the temporary headquarters will be at the Hotel Walton.

The following protest is being sent by the league to all parts of the country for signatures:

"We, the undersigned citizens and voters of the United States of America, who are not engaged in the liquor business, desire to enter our protest against the arbitrary enactment of the proposed vicious prohibition legislation, which threatens the destruction of our freedom and liberty. Prohibition, in our opinion, spells disunion and disaster. The enforcement of this undemocratic, autocratic measure we believe to be a menace to the peace and welfare of this country.

"The Self-Determination League of Liberty is hereby authorized to affix our names to any memorial having for its object the denunciation of all those who are responsible for this wicked infringement of our rights as free and independent citizens, rights guaranteed to us by the Constitution. We further authorize the use of our names in opposition to any and all candidates for public office throughout the United States who would deny the right of self-determination to the voters of this country, particularly in the Sovereign State of New York.

"This is to be a fight to a finish against every legislator, State and national, who by their votes have betrayed the trust reposed in them by the voters. Sectarianism has no place in our national life and we cannot too strongly condemn those who seek to make this a part of the laws of this country. The Anti-Saloon League we consider a mere catspaw for those interests who seek to impose their will upon the workingmen for reasons best known to themselves, but who are unwilling to abide by the consequences of their own acts where it affects them personally."

Thomas D. Green, President of the Hotel Association of New York, speaking last night at the fortieth annual dinner of the association at the Hotel Biltmore, said in discussing prohibition that the people themselves would "probably turn the tide of bigotry and fanaticism which has cornered the Legislatures."

"It has been suggested that if the country goes 'dry'," said Mr. Green, "there will be plenty to drink. If there is, it will not be in the hotels. It will be peddled around, no doubt by bootleggers, and heaven help the result.

"While I have done all that I could to keep this country 'wet,' it has been very little as compared to what others in this heartrending fight have been and are doing for a cause that we know to be just to the last degree. Don't get it into your heads that this is a deathbed struggle.

"What has happened is doing more good than we could have accomplished; but what we must do now is to take advantage of the altered attitude and drive our point home. We'll put an argument on every menu and in every room in the hotels in this country, and we'll do more. Don't fear, the matter is in good hands."

Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert, another speaker, said that he was in Congress when the prohibition amendment made its appearance. The Legislatures rushed it through, he said, when many minds were bent on winning the war, and Congress itself did not really understand what the amendment would mean to the country.

BURN $2,000,000 OF OPIUM.

Public Destruction of China's Stors of the Drug Begins in Shanghai.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Jan. 23.—The first public burning of opium stocks at Shanghai has commenced. The first day $2,000,000 worth was destroyed.

The sequestration of German property in China becomes effective Feb. 10.

The repatriation of enemy aliens, excluding medical men, invalids, and septuagenarians will begin March 1.

SAY THEY MUST RAISE ANTHRACITE PRICES

Operators Paint Gloomy Picture of Conditions for Senate Investigating Committee.

POTTSVILLE, Penn., Jan. 23.—The statement that anthracite coal operators do not create a surplus because such a condition would naturally lower prices was made at the first session today of the subcommittee of the United States Senate Committee on Manufactures, which is inquiring into the high price of coal and the alleged shortage of domestic sizes. Fred M. Chase, Vice President and General Manager of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company and the Coxe Brothers Company, said producers opposed running up a surplus as a matter of business protection.

E. H. Leaming, general manager of three independent collieries in the Scranton field, testified that coal producers must get more for their output or go out of business. He said his companies were operating at a loss. Officers of mining companies were emphatic in denial that there was any attempt to curtail production to keep up prices.

S. D. Dimmick, assistant to the Vice President and general manager of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, of Scranton, said the profits at some of the collieries were so small that they were considering closing some of them. High prices of labor and materials is the chief cause for the high cost of production, he said.

Charles F. Huber, President and General Manager of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, testified that only about two-thirds of the required employes could be obtained, and said that with a full force the production of coal could be increased 50 per cent. He insisted that the margin of profit was too close to permit of any price cutting. He estimated roughly the profit on a ton of coal at 60 or 65 cents.

WANTS USEFUL MONUMENTS

Labor Leader Suggested "Liberty Halls" Instead of Statues.

George W. Coleman, publicity representative of the Department of Labor, as principal speaker at a meeting to discuss labor conditions, at the public forum of the Church of the Ascension last night urged the building of "Liberty Halls" in each town and city throughout the country instead of monuments of stone or metal to the soldiers who gave their lives in the war.

Mr. Coleman said that the building of these "Liberty Halls" as monuments would be a far more fitting monument to the hero dead, and at the same time would help solve the labor problem by advantageously using the present labor surplus. The speaker declared the building industry is now $3,000,000,000 behind in buildings erected.

Joseph Schlossberg, one of the officers of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, told of the winning of the clothing strike for forty-four hours a week. He asserted that the strike for a shorter working day had been decided upon by the union so that soldiers returning from the war could get their old jobs back without putting any of the other workers out or lowering their wages. These returning soldiers had stood solidly with the union, he declared, to such an extent that the employers wrote Secretary Baker complaining about the presence of soldiers in uniform at strikers' meetings.

Leon Loster, representing the International Hotel Workers, told of the waiters' strike, which has now been in progress for thirteen weeks. "And we asked," he said, "was $15 a week and a ten-hour work day. We wanted to abolish the tipping system. It has been done in Petrograd and in Berlin, and we hope it will some day be done in New York. We stand for that ideal, but the hotel proprietors with hired thugs prevent our picketing, and scores of our members for no offense at all have been sent to jail."

HEALTH BILL INDORSED.

Council of Organizations Favors Action by Congress.

A meeting of the Council of Organizations, representing 400 bodies in New York, met yesterday at the Cosmopolitan Club, 133 East Fortieth Street, and discussed ways to meet the present health emergency. It was the sense of the meeting that it was highly important that matters pertaining to health be brought to the attention of Congress for proper legislative action, especially infant hygiene.

The principal speakers were Representative Jeannette Rankin, Miss Lillian D. Wald, Chairman of the Nurses' Emergency Council; Miss Florence Kelley, Secretary of the National Consumers' League, and Dr. William J. Schieffelin, Chairman of the Citizens' Union.

The speakers approved the Rankin-Robbins bill now before Congress, which is to preserve all the bureaus of industrial hygiene. Miss Rankin said she had drafted the bill after careful consideration and much discussion with those who know the subject. Mrs. Charles Cary Rumsey, Chairman of the council, urged those present to support the measure.

BANK PRESIDENT A SUICIDE.

George Howard, an Influenza Sufferer, Found Dead in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—George Howard, President of the du Pont National Bank, and prominent in fashionable clubs and social circles, was found dead last evening in the basement hallway of the building of that bank, on du Pont Circle.

He had taken his life with a revolver, one bullet having entered his body and a second one having passed through his head. Life had been extinct several hours when the body was discovered by a colored maid.

Mr. Howard, who was 49 years old, is survived by his wife and a son, Henry Howard, 12 years old. He was a native of England and a son of Sir Henry Howard and Lady Howard, his mother being a daughter of one of the founders of the Riggs National Bank. He came to this country when a young man and had resided here for twenty years.

Fifteen years ago Mr. Howard married Mrs. Clifford Perin, who was Miss Mae Claggett before her first marriage. He was treasurer of the National Savings and Trust Company before he became President of the du Pont National Bank, and was identified with other financial institutions in this city. He held membership in the Chevy Chase Club, the Metropolitan Club, the Montgomery Club and the Alibi Club.

An attack of influenza, from which he probably had not fully recovered, was the only reason assigned for the deed.

Mayor Hague Defends Bond Issue.

Testimony was taken at the City Hall in Jersey City yesterday before Charles J. Roe, a Supreme Court Commissioner, to be submitted to the Supreme Court in certiorari proceedings to test the validity of the proposed issue by Jersey City of $2,334,000 of general improvement bonds. John A. O'Brien and other members of the Taxpayers' League who obtained the certiorari writ represented to the court that the proposed issue was to pay for expenses that should have been provided for in the tax budget. Mayor Frank Hague testified that no money raised by the sale of bonds had been used to pay current expenses of the City Hospital, and he declared that the City Hospital is carried on at a cost of $50,000 a year less than under the preceding administration. The hearing will continue next Thursday.

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

BRITISH MINERS WIN MEAL-TIME DEMAND

Controller Agrees to Proposal While Mines Are Run by the Government.

ENGINEERS GAIN POINT

Students of Labor See in Unrest a Movement to Revolutionize Working Conditions.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The strike of the 147,000 Yorkshire coal miners who quit work today when the owners refused to meet their demands, was settled late in the day by the Coal Controller, who agreed to concede the twenty minutes "dead time" for meals while the mines are under Government control. The men are to resume work Friday.

At a conference of representatives of the employers and the engineering trade today an agreement was reached by which the men will resume work on the understanding that the conference next week will discuss the grievances of the men. The engineers' agreement includes the engineers, shipbuilders, and affiliated trades, and brings into operation a forty-seven-hour week. Other details will be arranged at the conference.

The National Federation of General Workers, representing nearly 1,000,000 men and women, at a meeting today resolved to demand a forty-hour working week.

Serious strikes and threats of more serious ones in England over disputes which ordinarily would be considered unimportant have led some students of British labor conditions to the belief that the demands are made, not in an effort to better labor conditions, but in an attempt to revolutionize the whole condition of employment. In the shipbuilding union is an active minority which demands a thirty-hour week.

A number of responsible labor leaders have declared that they are not in sympathy with continued trivial demands and they are represented as being supported by the more conservative members.

The Daily Mail, which is usually well-informed on labor questions, says:

"The extremists are a small minority, but are exceedingly active. They are in revolt, not only against capitalism, but also against the union leaders."

HAAG ON PENSIONS BOARD.

Secretary of Estimate Board Appointed by the Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 23.—Governor Smith today appointed Joseph Haag, secretary of the Board of Estimate of New York, a member of the commission to inquire into the subject of retirement pensions and allowances for state and municipal officers and employes. Haag is appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the failure to qualify of Robert W. Allen.

The Governor today also signed Senator Foley's bill which will prohibit sale of liquor to the army in uniform, whether they have been discharged from service or not.

The Governor received a letter today from the League to Enforce Peace requesting that he appoint a legislative committee to attend the sessions of the Atlantic Congress for a League of Nations to be held in New York Feb. 5 and 6. The letter was signed by William Howard Taft, Alton B. Parker, Governor Cooper of Kansas, James W. Gerard, and Myron T. Herrick as a Committee on Legislative Invitations of the League.

A meeting of the Senate Finance Committee has been called for next Tuesday evening to consider the nominations sent to the Senate by the Governor, including that of Charles F. Rattigan for Superintendent of Prisons, Lewis F. Nixon for Superintendent of Public Works, Michael F. Walsh for Tax Commissioner, Miss Frances Perkins for member of the State Industrial Commission, and Henry Renaud for Superintendent of Elections.

RELEASE EIGHTEEN SHIPS.

Requisitioned Vessels Returned to Owners by Shipping Board.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Notices have been sent to owners of eighteen vessels requisitioned by the Shipping Board during the war that they are now released for private service. The ships constitute part of the total of several hundred which the board announced recently would be released upon their arrival in American ports. Ships and their owners as announced tonight are:

Santa Clara, American and Cuban Steamship Line.
Cornelia, A. H. Bull Steamship Company.
Argonne, Argonne Steamship Company.
William A. McKenney, Crowell & Thurlow Steamship Company.
Cuzco, Grace Steamship Company of Delaware.
Lurline, Matson Navigation Corporation of California.
Munsonia, Munsonia Steamship Corporation of New York.
Esperanza, Monterey, Morro Castle, and Mexico, New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Company.
Satsuma, New York and Oriental Steamship Company of New York.
Brazos and Coamo, New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company of New York.
Ventura, Oceanic Steamship Company of San Francisco.
Grover Hall, United States Steel Products Company of New York.
Keresaspa, Kerr Navigation Corporation.
Bantu, United States Steel Products Company.

FERRY RATES ARE RAISED.

Deficit on Thirty-ninth Street Line Means Increase for Vehicles.

A schedule of increases in vehicle rates on the municipally owned ferry line from Whitehall Street, Manhattan, and Thirty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, which was proposed by John H. Delaney, Commissioner of Plants and Structures, was approved yesterday by the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners, of which the Mayor is Chairman. Commissioner Delaney explained that the rate on the ferry is far below the rates charged on privately owned ferries and that the route is four times as long. He declared that the present rates were inadequate, as there was a deficiency of $178,893 in the operation of the line last year. It was estimated that the new rates would produce $170,000 additional revenue to the city.

Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert was authorized by the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners to lease to the United States Steel Products Company the marginal street area between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, at an annual rental of $10,518.

REFUSE WORKERS' DEMAND.

Lawrence Mill Owners Say Conditions Do Not Justify Concessions.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 23.—A mass meeting of textile workers in this city will be held at the City Hall Saturday afternoon to consider the situation resulting from the refusal of owners of large mills to grant a demand for a forty-eight-hour week, recently made upon all mills in the city.

The Pacific Mills, employing 10,000 operatives, refused the demands today. Walter E. Parker, agent of the mills, stated that a reduction in hours was not justified by business conditions or the prospects of the immediate future. Tonight John Mercer, agent of the Arlington Mills, said his company took the same stand as the Pacific Mills.

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The Jewelled Setting that is designed especially to express individuality is a Gattle creation.

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"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

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for Street — Afternoon — Dinner — Dance and Formal or Informal Evening Wear

Remaining winter selections in handsome models developed from fabrics of exceptionally rich quality.

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It's Purchasing Value in
MEN'S SHIRTS
At Saks To-day

WE have shirts in our stocks at this price that would be considered *gems* in some shops at *Three Dollars*. According to the present market they *are* worth more than we ask. However, extensive purchases made over a year ago, gives us a big advantage which we now share with our clientele. A few materials in our present assortments of shirts

AT TWO DOLLARS

Woven Madras with Hair Line or Broad Stripings; End and End Cloths that are now impossible to obtain at this price *wholesale*; Silk Striped Madras, Crepe Cloths, Fine Mercerized Cloths that look very much like Silk, and Russian Cords—Usually confined to high-priced custom garments.

At $2—They Stand Absolutely Alone!

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A GENUINE "PASS TO THE MARNE FRONT." IBANEZ

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse

IT IS ONE NOVEL YOU MUST NOT LEAVE UNREAD

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105th FIELD ARTILLERY

Will the relatives and friends of members of Batteries A, B and C of above, and of BROOKLYN MEMBERS of Headquarters and Supply Companies attached thereto, please furnish at once names and communicate addresses of Overseas Boys to

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Armory, 171 Clermont Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ADDITIONAL SPACE and SLEEPING accommodations needed. Charitable organization desires to rent large dwelling or floors in centre of city, near East 25th St., for its children's department. Address B 514 Times Annex.

RAILROAD EARNINGS DROP $250,000,000

Estimated Total for Year Under Government Operation Is $713,000,000.

WAGE INCREASE BIG ITEM

Added $636,000,000 to Operating Expenses—Heavy Decrease in December Traffic.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Railroads in 1918 under Government control and unusual war conditions earned about $713,000,000, or $250,000,000 less than in 1917, $370,000,000 less than in the record year of 1916, and about the same as in 1913.

This became apparent today on the basis of definite reports to the Interstate Commerce Commission of earnings of 195 principal railroads—those having annual operating revenues of more than $1,000,000—for eleven months and unofficial calculation of December earnings, which Railroad Administration reports indicate will be considerably smaller than those of the preceding months. Although subject to slight revision, the figures afforded the first public view of the results of railway operations last year, so far as earnings are concerned.

Receipts from freight, passenger, express and other transportation during the year amounted to approximately $4,-813,000,000, or $802,000,000 more than in the previous year. Operating expenses jumped to about $3,971,000,000, or about $1,139,000,000 more than in the preceding year.

Preliminary reports to the railroad administration indicate that freight traffic fell off in December, with the virtual stopping of grent food shipments destined for Europe and the cessation of the hauling of other war material, while expenses could not be reduced materially. This condition sent the net earnings, or railway operating income, which has been declining steadily since the record month of last July, to probably $25,-000,000 or $30,000,000, officials believe. This may be compared to income of $59,-000,000 in December of 1917, when blizzards and curtailment of traffic sent earnings to what was then considered a very low record.

The outstanding features of the railway earnings situation last year were that freight and passenger rates were increased to yield about $500,000,000 annually, or $450,000,000, in the six months during which they were effective, while wage advances added $630,000,000 to operating expenses. These are the latest estimates of railroad administration accountants, but are not considered final. Wages particularly may prove to amount to more than is now believed.

The Railroad Administration accounts now report that in 1918 the $1,710,-000,000 payroll of the year previous was increased 37 per cent., and that consequently $2,346,000,000 was paid out last year to the 2,000,000 railway employes. Many wage increases were effective for only the latter part of the year, and if these run through the present year, even without other additions which may come from actions on pending applications for more pay, they would make $784,000,000 additional wages. The wage level at the end of 1918 was a little more than 43 per cent. higher than at the beginning of the year, when the Government assumed control.

Prospects for improvement of the earnings situation this year depend mainly on whether business during the readjustment period continues active, and gives a large volume of freight traffic. Indications point to a reduction of traffic, and consequently to reduced earnings, according to the Railroad Administration. Director General Hines has stated that no "considerable" increase is to be given to any rate increase, but he believes no general reductions can be made this year.

These facts bear only an indirect relation to the Government's deficit, estimated at $198,000,000. This represents the difference between the net income received by the railroads and the aggregate, calculated at a little less than $800,000,000, which the Government guarantees the roads for the year.

Neither does this take into consideration the expenditures of about $588,-000,000 last year for capital purposes—to make permanent improvements, and buy cars and locomotives.

Held for Armenian Massacres.

PARIS, Jan. 23, (Havas.)—General Kiamil Mahmoud Pasha, who is said to have been responsible for massacres of Greeks and Armenians, has been arrested, according to a report received here from Constantinople.

TO CALL BURLESON IN WIRE INQUIRY

Will Be Last Witness Before Committee—Koons Fears Labor Troubles for Companies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Postmaster General Burleson will be the last and only additional witness the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads will hear on the Moon resolution, designed to extend the period of governmental regulation of telegraphs and telephones. The committee decided this evening to ask the Postmaster General to testify next Tuesday morning. Mr. Burleson said he would appear.

All the Republicans and a few of the Democrats among the members who have been attending the hearings are against the plan. There are thirty Democrats on the committee, as opposed to nine Republicans.

John C. Koons, First Assistant Postmaster General, supported the resolution before the committee this afternoon. He asked that a definite time for returning the wire systems to private ownership be inserted in the resolution, which in its present form simply extends the control until Congress orders otherwise.

"This proposed amendment is important," he said, "so that we can arrange proper operation during the time given to us, and so that the owners may know when the systems will be given back to them."

"What about April 1 for the return?" asked Representative Ramseyer of Iowa.

"Too soon," replied Mr. Koons.

"But don't you think it might be done as soon as possible?"

"If the companies could operate the systems as economically as the Government I might answer yes, but labor troubles are impending," was Mr. Koons's answer.

"Do you fear a Bolshevist movement in this country?" Mr. Ramseyer asked.

"I have more confidence in our Government than that," replied Mr. Koons. "There would be nothing like that, but there s no question that labor conditions may be very serious."

He said the Government would be in a better position to handle the labor situation than private companies, and the employes probably would respect the Government more.

Another witness was Sam Small, ex-President of the International Commercial Operators' Association. He said he was for Government ownership of the telegraph lines, but declared that under the present control the system had been a "crime" in its administration.

Protests against extension of control were made by Montana, New Mexico, and Vermont State Commissions.

CHEAPER BUTTER AND EGGS

Prices Drop All Over Country—Meats to Follow, Says Dr. Day.

The price of butter has been dropping steadily in the last three weeks both here and in other parts of the country, due, it was pointed out yesterday, to overproduction for export and the absence of cold weather. Butter has been quoted in the last few days at 57 cents a pound, a drop in three weeks of about 20 cents. The prediction is, Dr. Jonathan C. Day, Commissioner of Foods and Markets, said yesterday, that there will be a corresponding fall in the price of eggs.

"Everything is favoring a drop in the price of butter and fresh eggs," Dr. Day said, "and a similar drop may be expected in meats, though this drop will be more gradual. I am informed that there are many dozens of refrigerator cars sidetracked out in the Jersey meadows containing meat that was to have been shipped abroad. Before the armistice was signed, a shortage in butter and eggs was anticipated, but now the opposite is true.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—Butter dropped 5 cents a pound wholesale today. This makes a total fall of 15 cents a pound in less than two weeks. Wholesale trade in butter was described as not merely demoralized but paralyzed. Demand both foreign and domestic was almost at the zero point. Stoppage of Government and foreign buying as a result of cheap supplies abroad, especially from Australian and South America, started the decline. Excessive high prices in the domestic trade did the rest.

Heavy Influenza Toll in Jamaica.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 23.—Government statistics show an increase of 160 per cent. in deaths from October to December while Spanish influenza was raging. During the last quarter of 1917 there were 3,090 deaths, and during the corresponding period last year there were 13,373 deaths. It is estimated that more than one-third of the population was affected by the epidemic, which is now ended.

WILLIAMS RESIGNS AS HEAD OF B. R. T.

Also Quits Presidency of Affiliated Corporation, Surrendering $50,000 Salary.

WILL TAKE "A LONG REST"

H. W. Taft Succeeds Garrison as Arbiter in Dispute Over Tunnel Wreck Claims.

Colonel Timothy S. Williams, for many years the executive head of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Syetem, has resigned the Presidency of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and the Presidency of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, two of the three B. R. T. companies now in the hands of a receiver. Of the third company in the receiver's hands, the New York Consolidated Railroad Company, Colonel Williams was only a Director. By giving up the Presidency of the two companies Colonel Williams gives up a salary of $50,000 a year. He will retain, however, the Presidency of five B. R. T. surface car lines, the Presidency of the Bridge Operating Company and of the Transit Development Company, for serving at the head of all of which he receives a salary of $25,000 a year. He gave as the reason for resigning his desire to take a long rest. He has arranged to go away about Feb. 1.

The fact that Colonel Williams had resigned became known yesterday morning when his letter to Receiver Lindley M. Garrison and Mr. Garrison's reply were given out at the B. R. T. Building, 85 Clinton Street. In his letter Colonel Williams wrote:

The receivership of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and the New York Municipal Railway Corporation automatically severed me from administrative responsibility and duties with reference to those companies, but, as you know, I have been on hand since your appointment as receiver to assist you in every way possible and to relieve you of certain routine duties which you have assigned me. I am much in need of a long rest, and I therefore ask that you will release me from all duties and responsibilities affecting the operations of these two companies. If convenient to you I should like to have this request take effect not later than Jan. 31, for I am planning to go away for a rest at that time.

To this letter, Mr. Garrison made the following reply:

I am just in receipt of your letter of Jan. 22, 1919. You understand, of course, that the appointment of myself as receiver does not automatically or in any other way affect the corporation organization by which I mean that the officers of the corporation elected by the Directors or otherwise are not affected, excepting to the extent that their salaries cease and they no longer have control of the corporate finances or of property, the latter being transferred by the Court's order to the receiver.

Since, on Dec. 31, 1918, when I took possession under the Court's order, you expressed the same sentiment that is contained in your letter of Jan. 22, and since you have remained at my request since that time in order to help me, I have, of course, been looking about for some one to assist me in the operation of the properties and I hope to be able to secure some one and be able to relieve you by the time mentioned in your letter.

I cannot let this opportunity pass without expressing to you my sincere appreciation of the fidelity, ability, and energy with which you have assisted me in the existing complex and difficult situation with which my duties require me to become acquainted.

I thank you most heartily, and I wish you every measure of good health and good fortune.

Before he left the B. R. T. Building Colonel Williams was asked if he had any other reason for resigning than the one given in the letter, and he was asked also where he was going on his vacation. He replied that he thought he would better make no comment on the resignation and he did not care to say anything about his vacation plans. Mr. Garrison was not at the receiver's office yesterday, but it was said there that he would have nothing to add to his letter to Colonel Williams.

Any plans that Colonel Williams may have made for a vacation must be subject to the date fixed for his trial and that of other B. R. T. officials and employes on the charge of manslaughter growing out of the Malbone Street tunnel wreck on Nov. 1. The defendants applied to Supreme Court Justice Callaghan in Brooklyn a few days ago to have the trial held in another county as far distant from Kings County as possible because, the defendants contended, the feeling against the B. R. T. and its officials was so strong in that county that a fair trial there was impossible. Justice Callaghan has the case still under consideration.

Colonel Williams has been connected with what is known now as the B. R. T. system for a few months less than twenty-five years. He was born in Ithaca, N. Y., in 1862. After being graduated from Cornell University in the class of 1884, he came to New York and became a reporter on the old Commercial Advertiser.

Ultimately he left newspaper work to become private secretary to Governor Hill. Governor Flower retained him. When Flower retired from the Governorship and undertook the reorganization of the Long Island Traction Company, out of which grew the B. R. T. system, Williams was made Secretary of the Reorganization Committee. That was in the Spring of 1895. A few months later he was made Secretary and Treasurer of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, and when the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company was organized he was made a Director, and Secretary and Treasurer. In 1900, he became Vice President of the B. R. T. and its constituent companies, and, in 1911, he succeeded Edwin W. Winter as President.

To settle the dispute which has arisen between the B. R. T. and the city over the settlement of the claims growing out of the Malbone Street tunnel wreck, a Board of Arbitration was appointed. The B. R. T. wished the city, as its partner in the subway, to pay half the amount of the allowed claims. The city declined to do so. The contract, under the dual subway system, provides that, when a dispute arises between the city and company over items of expenditures, the dispute shall be arbitrated. The original Board consisted of Charles E. Hughes, appointed by Frank H. Hiscock, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals; Louis Marshall, appointed by the Subway Commission, and Lindley M. Garrison, appointed by the B. R. T. Yesterday Henry W. Taft was appointed to take the place of Mr. Garrison.

Paul A. Schmidt, a lawyer living at 1034 East Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn, with an office at 47 Nassau Street, Manhattan, was arraigned before Magistrate McClusky in the Flatbush Police Court yesterday, charged with violating a city ordinance in having ridden on the rear platform of a Brighton Beach elevated train yesterday morning. Schmidt pleaded guilty, saying that at the Boerum Place station a station guard had permitted him and a dozen others to get on the rear platform. The car was so crowded, Schmidt said, that it was impossible for him to get inside. At the Franklin Avenue station a special officer of the railroad company arrested him. The Magistrate said he would investigate the so-called herding of passengers on the rear platforms of elevated trains, and discharged Mr. Schmidt.

CUT OUT PARK'S DEAD TREES

More Than 3,000 Removed—Wood to Go to the Poor.

Philip Berolzheimer, Park Commissioner of Manhattan and Richmond, in a statement yesterday said that the Park Department was concentrating all its forces on the removal of a large amount of dead wood which had accumulated in the parks for the last few years.

"Already over 3,000 dead trees have been removed," he said, "but not until a very careful examination had been made of each individual one to ascertain whether the tree was beyond saving. Some of this wood will be distributed, with the consent and approval of Mayor Hylan, to poor people through the Fuel Committee of the Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense. The dates for distribution will be announced later. There will be stations for distribution at Seventy-seventh Street and Riverside Drive, Ninety-seventh Street and Central Park and Fort Washington Park."

Mr. Berolzheimer announced the establishment of a nursery in Silver Lake Park in Staten Island for the purpose of growing trees, shrubs, and plants to restore the parks.

"For the immediate present," he said, "about eight acres of land, already cleared and prepared, will be planted. By next Fall it is hoped that a considerable supply of perennials will be available with which to rebuild the several herbaceous beds in the parks of the city."

AGITATION AGAINST JEWS.

Hostile Movement Reported from South American Cities.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 23.—A campaign against Jewish residents is in progress in several South American cities. Billboards in Buenos Aires have been covered with the inscription, "Down with the Jews."

The Zionist fraternity yesterday placarded the city with posters "in the name of 150,000 Israelites." These posters declared that the Jews were persecuted by "white guards" in the recent outbreak, and appealed to the people of Argentina and foreign residents for justice "against these unjust persecutions."

Today every poster was covered by another, typographically identical, blaming Russian Jews for the recent outbreak, as well as "the anarchistic outbreak" in 1910, and demanding that the Government "rid the nation of this Jewish pest."

The Zionist fraternity has retained legal advisers and is appealing to the police and Government against the continuation of these persecutions.

There is an anti-Jewish movement also in Montevideo, which has taken the form of opposition to certain Jewish rites, and news dispatches from Chile report an agitation against the Jews there.

CHAUFFEUR FOUND GUILTY.

When Max Katz, a chauffeur, pleaded guilty of assault in causing the death of John Simpson at Forty-eighth Street and Eighth Avenue, Judge McIntyre said in General Sessions yesterday:

"I have determined to make an example of these villainous chauffeurs who recklessly disregard human life. A pedestrian takes chances with his life in crossing a street, and some chauffeurs seem to feel that they are monarchs of all they survey, and that they can kill old and young with impunity. The speeding chauffeurs often insult those who protest against their recklessness. This reckless speeding has resulted in great loss of life, and I am going to put a stop to it, if I can."

Katz will be sentenced for his crime on Jan. 28.

SWIFT WOULD KEEP MEAT PRICES FIXED

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

recently purchased a small holding in a Washington hotel.

As to the proposed bill, Mr. Swift said that its enactment would cripple the packing industry and add as a consequence to the present cost of foodstuffs. The bill, he asserted, was founded upon a misconception of the industry and the service it renders to the public.

Such legislation is drastic and unprecedented and amounts practically to class legislation," he said.

"After an investigation of over a year," added Mr. Swift, "the Trade Commission is unable to deny that the profits of the packers are so small they could be wiped out without affecting the price of livestock or the price of meat by more than a fraction of a cent a pound. It is difficult to see how this profit could be lower and there is no business that is conducted on such a narrow margin.

"This profit also fluctuates from week to week and often becomes a loss. During twenty-one weeks of the year ending June 30, 1918, for example, Swift & Co. either made no money at all or suffered an actual loss on its beef operations. If there were a combination it would be worthless if it could not prevent losses and if it would not result in more than a bare minimum living profit.

"The only thing that is wrong with the packing business is the public impression that something is wrong. If that impression, which has been created by misstatements and the inflaming of public prejudices, could be remedied, the need for all this legislation would also be remedied.

"As to the 7,000 Swift refrigerator cars which the bill might bring under Government ownership, Mr. Swift said: 'We have only 80 per cent. of our requirements for our business, and they are a losing proposition financially at present.'

The witness said that he would have no objection to Government purchase of the cars if efficient service could be guaranteed.

Discussing the Federal Trade Commission investigation, the witness said:

"Scraps of paper and certain letters from files were taken to maintain their contention, whereas, if we had had an opportunity to explain or introduce evidence we could have shown to any fair-minded person that there is real competition in the business and that no irregular arrangements exist.

"The live stock producer is inclined to think he is underpaid for his product; the consumer is pretty sure to think his meat is costing too high. The packer, a third element, only expects fair play between the two.

"I can well remember when I paid 4 cents a pound for good live cattle and the cattle man was satisfied. Today we are paying from 14 to 18 cents and nobody is satisfied."

The only outside interest Swift & Co. has, the witness said, was in a number of small banks that had to be established near the stock yards to help finance the cattlemen.

HOOVER ANSWERS SENATORS.

Also Tells Farmers He Is Willing to End Pork Agreement.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—Herbert C. Hoover, the Food Administrator, made a statement today in reply to criticisms of him in the United States Senate during a recent debate.

"I apparently emerge in a new light as the friend of the Chicago packers," said Mr. Hoover. "At the same time the mail brings a report from Swift & Co. blaming the Food Administration for reducing their profits by $10,000,000 during the last year. I do not imagine that the packers would appreciate a wide circle of such friends.

"I notice also that I committed a crime by holding the October joint conference of farmers and representatives of forty small packers, as well as the big packers, together with representatives of allied Governments for the purpose of settling on a price for exports of pork that would give the American farmer a square deal and a distribution of orders that would protect the small packers.

"We have even tried to secure the continuance of these war arrangements through the armistice period and the opening of other markets, because the American farmer did his duty and produced goods.

"If the American farmer and the small packer now feel that these arrangements are wrong it would be the greatest burden off our shoulders if we could know it quickly. The British Government is particularly anxious to be relieved from these arrangements."

COLVER DEFENDS REPORT.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 23.—William B. Colver, Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, discussing the commission's report on the packing industry before the convention of the American National Live Stock Association today, said that the packers devoted themselves to criticism of the commission itself but did not deny the facts contained in the report.

"They criticise the language in which the report was written," he said, "but I failed to see what difference that makes. They can't deny the facts, because they were obtained from their own files. They say we were not fair because we did not let their attorneys in to cross-examine witnesses and look into the papers we had. But those papers were taken from their own files and they had examined them long ago. What they wanted was to find out what papers we had got hold of."

Mr. Colver said that if the commission had treated the packers as defendants it would have been criticised then on the ground that the investigation was unfair because the packers were being prosecuted.

"We did not consider the packers, or any one else, as defendants," he said. "We had no prejudice against them or any one. We merely set out to discover the facts in the food situation, and no one has yet denied that our report does not contain those facts.

"When we began our investigation we submitted questionnaires to the packers and asked them for suggestions. They did not then suggest that they be treated as defendants or that their attorneys be permitted to be present to cross-examine witnesses. On the contrary they took the attitude that they were not concerned in the investigation, as all their business was open and above board."

FOOD RELIEF BILL AGAIN ATTACKED

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

cable dispatch from Europe, on the strength of which Senators in tumultuous haste fall over each other to announce support of it. There is no need for the President to be at home; he can vote us much better abroad, because it possesses novelty. I will no longer lend my voice or my vote here to being the Good Samaritan of the world.

"Don Quixote is abroad now, the knight errant of the world, largely fighting windmills. It is the toss-up of a coin which one is Sancho Panza, whether it is Colonel House or the other fellow. But it takes money. There's where a modern Don Quixote is a more expensive character than the one of the fifteenth century literature.

"France can take care of herself. A cable came across last week in which it was stated that work was offered Belgians. They have been living on Hoover's charity so long they did not care to work. They declined work because they knew they would be fed anyway."

Surplus Stocks of Foodstuffs.

Senator Calder of New York spoke of the surplus stocks of foodstuffs in the warehouses of America after the armistice was signed as being "far beyond the expectations of any one."

"If things were normal and the fixing of prices were not in the hands of the Government," he said, "the people could buy necessities today at about half the price they are paying. Europe has stopped buying from us because it can buy cheaper elsewhere. Europe can buy Argentina wheat at $1.20 a bushel and Australian wheat at $1.14 a bushel while American wheat is $2.26, the price fixed by the Food Administration. Corn in Chicago sells at $1.23 a bushel, while the price in Argentina is half that. In oats, rye, and other products, too, there is the same variance in price.

"The astonishing information came to me in New York a few days ago that 7,000,000 barrels of flour were in the storehouses and that the oversupply was so alarming that flour merchants were offering to sell at a price lower than that agreed upon with the Food Administration. Hogs are being offered to packers at less than the guaranteed price of $17.50 a hundred pounds, but the packers don't dare to buy at the lower prices because of the arrangement with the Food Administration.

"The Food Administration formed a corporation under the laws of Delaware called the Sugar Equalization Board, and bought up the entire crop of Cuban cane sugar. The board pays the sugar producers 5½ cents a pound in Cuba, making the cost 6.9 cents duty paid and delivered to refiners along the Atlantic coast. The board, instead of selling to the market at 6.9 cents a pound, charges 7.28 cents, making a clear profit of .38 of a cent a pound. If this is kept up the board will make a clear profit of $30,000,000 this year on sugar. This may be regarded as a consumption tax on the people."

Senator Cummins challenged the wisdom of the United States joining Great Britain and other European powers in establishing, as he said, "at least ten new sovereignties surrounding the old German Empire." He would vote against any appropriation, he said, embracing such a scheme.

Opposes "New Nationalism."

"The $100,000,000 appropriation is said to be essential to prevent the spread of Bolshevism and make effective the creation of new nations," said the Iowa Senator. "I do not agree with the President that this nation must do as much for other nations as it does for itself. This new nationalism does not appeal to me.

"There are many things to be done before we assume guardianship over the entire world. I insist that we do not ratify in advance the plan to guarantee the existence and maintenance of these new sovereignties of eastern Europe. There is no objection if Great Britain, France and Italy do that. It is no business of ours. We have one guarantee of that kind now relating to Cuba.

"It will be an evil day when the United States shall bind herself to send her army and navy to the remotest parts of the earth to reduce some nation that has broken her obligations. We must not leave the problem of our own country and take up the controversies of others. The German problem is not involved in this appropriation. If it were I would favor it."

Senator Penrose read into the record a telegram from C. H. Canby, a former President of the Chicago Board of Trade, saying he had it on reliable authority that $20,000,000 of the $100,000,-000 asked for in the Anti-Famine bill had already been spent by Mr. Hoover. He asked Senator Martin, in charge of the bill, to ascertain if this was true.

Senator Jones of Washington presented telegrams from Mayor Hanson and other officials of Seattle denying a statement made recently by Senator Johnson of California, Republican, in opposing the bill, that former soldiers had participated in unemployment riots at Seattle. The telegrams stated, however, that discharged soldiers and sailors were in Seattle without employment. In reply, Senator Johnson said his statement was based solely on newspaper dispatches.

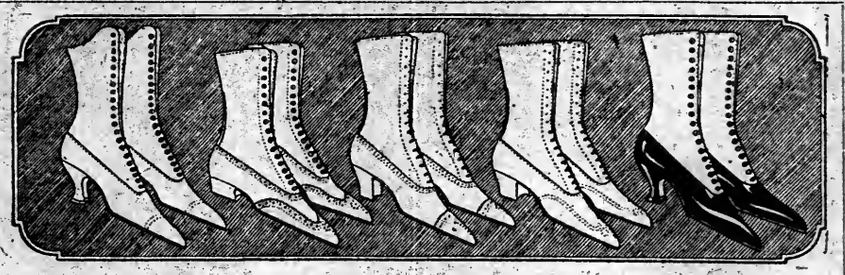
Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

A Comparative Statement

covering the period 1914-1918 taken from reports at the end of each year to the Comptroller of the Currency by the Citizens National Bank, together with the annual dividends paid.

Date	Capital	Surplus & Undiv. Profits	Annual Dividends Paid	Deposits	Total Resources
Dec. 31, 1914	2,550,000	2,133,198	204,000	25,718,193	32,457,388
Dec. 31, 1915	2,550,000	2,250,280	204,000	29,907,656	36,931,721
Dec. 27, 1916	2,550,000	2,462,118	204,000	30,786,482	37,997,623
Dec. 31, 1917	2,550,000	2,667,212	293,250	36,215,179	46,379,510
Dec. 31, 1918	2,550,000	3,097,956	306,000	43,056,155	52,212,836

THE
CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK
OF NEW YORK *Established 1851* 320 BROADWAY



TO-DAY and SATURDAY

A Most Unusual Sale of Women's and Misses' Boots

At Sharply Reduced Prices

Our Regular $8.00 Shoes	Reduced to $ 5.95
Our Regular $10.00 Shoes	Reduced to 7.45
Our Regular $11.00 and $12.00 Shoes	Reduced to 8.85
Our Regular $12.50 and $13.50 Shoes	Reduced to 10.85

This sale differs entirely from one in which a reduced price is quoted to clean up broken lots. Your size is here, your width is here in at least thirty distinct styles, each and every one made according to a standard of workmanship established to meet the requirements of a very critical clientele.

The Leathers and Combinations:
Grey or Brown Buckskin, Patent Coltskin, Dark Russia Calfskin, Black Kidskin, Gun Metal and Colored Kidskin.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

Annual Sale of
FRANKLIN SIMON
Boys' Overcoats
10 to 18 years
Liberal Reductions on Liberal Selections!

Boys' Overcoats reduced to $15.00
Formerly $18.75 to $33.00

Overcoats & Mackinaws reduced to $8.00
Formerly $12.75 to $17.00

THE range of choice embraces slip-on and belted back models, with clever ideas in pockets, tailored in substantial gray, brown, and heather fabrics and flannel or worsted lined to give extra warmth.

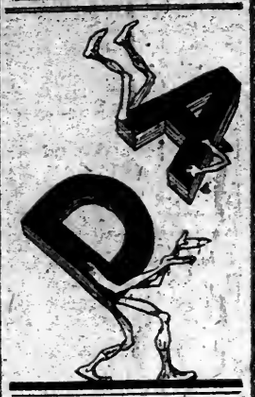
Sale *of* Sweaters
for YOUTHS *and* BOYS
Sizes 28 to 36 chest
Reduced to $4.50 *Were $7.95*

Pure worsted heavy shaker knit sweater coats, in navy, Oxford, maroon and green heather, with shawl roll collar.

BOYS' SHOPS—Fifth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.
Store opens 9:00 A.M. and closes 5:30 P.M.



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Is what you should expect from your Depositor's Account,—Energetic earnings and savings.

Our D. A. patrons appreciate the advantage of receiving 4% interest on their deposits, but they are only receiving the benefit at one end of this modern method of purchasing unless they keep their account continually active.

6% saved as well as 4% earned is an economy feature to consider and that is what you do save by purchasing here, for our prices are at least 6% less than elsewhere. Make your account save as well as earn.

The Depositor's Account
is as simple as it is convenient and you can become a depositor without the red tape often demanded by other banking institutions. The Depositor's Account is a private bank supervised by the State of New York.

Just deposit whatever sum you desire, your signature is recorded, you are given a card bearing your D. A. number. No references or letters are necessary. You handle the transaction independently.

Order your purchases charged against this account and receive a quarterly statement of what your account has earned, as well as a monthly statement of what you have spent. You may withdraw your money in whole or part upon demand.

Ask for Particulars.

R. H. Macy & Co., Depositors' Account Dept., Private Bankers, under the supervision of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York.

Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 34th St.

Snoopin'!
Yes, we make it our business to go below surface appearances and where substantial worth is lacking we substitute the finer grade of upholstery.

We seldom just re-cover furniture, but renew it and often make it better than new. For instance, furniture of high grade appearance may have but a tow filling or too few springs. We substitute hair or moss filling, use extra springs and give added strength to your furniture.

A High Standard
is maintained, for our staff of skilled workmen has been with us for years. All work is done in hygienic sunlit workrooms, here on the premises.

Our estimators will call upon request to give quotations. We shall be delighted to suggest color schemes and fabrics for draperies, wall coverings or cushions. We make slip-on covers, shades and awnings.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 34th St., Rear.

15 Reasons

Why First Mortgages Guaranteed by This Company Are the Best Investment for Prudent People.

15

Trustees have had many unpleasant experiences during the last few years, both with high class bonds and with unguaranteed mortgages. The better the quality of the bonds, often the greater the depreciation in price. With the falling off in real estate values the unguaranteed mortgages frequently have had to be foreclosed and the investor has become the owner of the real estate.

Not so the 36,000 trustees, individuals and corporate lenders who have held the guaranteed mortgages of this Company. Not one of them has had to mark down his principal or had to wait for his interest or has had to buy in the real estate at foreclosure sale.

We believe that for a long time to come, and until New York real estate in general takes on a very different aspect, prudent people will decline to take unguaranteed mortgages or to risk buying even high class bonds, but will make such a demand for guaranteed mortgages that we cannot supply their wants.

This means more money brought into the real estate market and better times, we believe, for the real estate owner.

No investor has ever lost a dollar.

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Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000

176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

"Works of Masters"
UNRESTRICTED SALES
OF EXTRAORDINARY
IMPORTANCE

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH NEW YORK CITY

ON FREE PUBLIC VIEW
9 A. M. Until 6 P. M.

The Notable Collection
of
Beautiful Old Chinese Porcelains

Rare Jades and other Hard Stones, Antique Bronzes, Tang, Han, Sung, and Ming Pottery, Enamels and other
Oriental Art Treasures
Collected by the Widely Known Connoisseur, the late
Rufus E. Moore
To be sold by direction of the executors
On the Afternoons of January 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st and February 1st and 3rd
AT THE
AMERICAN ART GALLERIES

. Descriptive Catalogue illustrated by color plates and half-tone reproductions mailed to applicants on receipt of One Dollar.

ALSO ON FREE VIEW
The Important
INGLIS-MORTEN-LAWRENCE COLLECTIONS
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PAINTINGS
By Celebrated Masters of the Modern Schools
THE COMBINED COLLECTION TO BE SOLD
WEDNESDAY EVENING NEXT
January 29th
IN THE GRAND BALL ROOM OF THE PLAZA
(Admission by card, to be had free, of the managers.)

. Illustrated Catalogue mailed on receipt of One Dollar.

The Sales Will Be Conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY and his Assistants, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers,
3, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. So.

Retailer's 35c Grade
Coffee
In 5 Lb. Lots and up
From Wholesaler Direct to You
BEAN OR GROUND
27c Lb.

Come direct to wholesale headquarters, save delivery expenses and retailer's profits. Get the most delicious coffee your money ever bought. Delivered to Your Door at 29c lb.

Satisfaction or Money Back.

Gillies Coffee Co.
285-289 WASHINGTON STREET, NEW YORK.
Between Park Place and Barclay Street.
Phone Barclay 8867. Established 79 Years.

The Supply of
SCOTCH WHISKEY
Is Limited & High Priced. Try
OLD BUSHMILLS
11 year old all malt
IMPORTED WHISKEY
It is like fine old Liqueur-Scotch with less smoky taste.
ALEX D. SHAW & CO NY
12 Stone St. Tel. 8070 Bowl. Green

FIX 44-HOUR WEEK FOR CLOTHING TRADE

Advisory Board Sends 55,000 Strikers Back to Work—Will Pass on Wages Later.

SUGGESTS FULL INQUIRY

Also Recommends That Machinery Be Provided for Settling Future Disputes.

Louis Marshall, a member of the Advisory Board in the strike of 55,000 members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers against the American Men's and Boys' Clothing Manufacturers' Association, announced yesterday that the commission had decided in favor of the union's demands for a forty-four-hour working week, and had advised the workers to return to their places in the shops. About 75,000 men and women are affected by the decision in New York City and vicinity and probably 250,000 workers throughout the country. The strike had been on for three months.

At the request of the union and the manufacturers' association an advisory board, made up of Dr. William Z. Ripley, Administrator of Labor Standards on Army Clothing; Professor Felix Frankfurter, Chairman of the War Labor Policies Board, and Louis Marshall, entered the controversy in an effort to end the strike. The board met yesterday at the Bar Association, the union represented by Sidney Hillman and the manufacturers by Max H. Friedman.

The recommendations of the board follow:

First—The adoption of a forty-four hour week to begin from the date when work shall be resumed. In this connection the hope is earnestly entertained that this precedent be recognized throughout the industry, in view of the desirability of bringing about its proper standardization. It would be regarded as unfortunate if the hours of labor should vary in this industry in the several important centres where it is extensively conducted.

Second—In view of the absence of any reliable data indicating the existing basis of compensation to the employes and the cost of living to which they are now subjected, it is impossible to reach any satisfactory conclusion without first obtaining the result of an inquiry and collation of facts by a skilled investigator. It is therefore recommended that such an investigator be designated by this board, at the expense of both parties to this controversy, to proceed forthwith to make the necessary inquiry and to report the facts as ascertained to the board for further action.

Third. The board recognizes the importance, to employer and employed alike, of the formulation of principals and the establishment of machinery calculated to carry them into effect, which will result in improvement as far as efficiency, discipline and production are concerned. To deal adequately with these problems will likewise require careful study by this board, the assistance and opinions of those who have had experience in dealing with these phases of the problem, and an investigation of the bearings of the various propositions involved upon the industry in general.

Obviously a reasonable time will be required in which to take up this branch of the subject. In the meantime, the only conclusion that the board has reached is that it will be of essential importance for the parties to agree upon the selection of an impartial chairman or adviser to adjudicate upon the various questions that are certain to arise from time to time in the industry. Whatever plan may be ultimately determined upon will necessarily revolve around such a central figure.

With this preliminary report, the board is unanimously of the opinion that the employes should at once return to their posts, and that the employers shall proceed to open their shops for regular operation.

Jan. 22, 1919.

WILLIAM Z. RIPLEY,
LOUIS MARSHALL,
FELIX FRANKFURTER.

Mr. Marshall said the action of the board was unanimous and that the promptitude with which it was enabled to act was in a large degree due to the reasonable attitude of Messrs. Hillman and Friedman, and the frankness, fairness, and moderation with which they presented their respective contentions.

GARMENT STRIKE GOES ON.

Both Sides Stand Firm on Question of Discharges.

The third day of the garment workers' strike saw little change in the attitude of either side toward the chief point of difference—the right of discharge.

Cheers greeted the announcement of the settlement of the men's and boys' clothing workers' strike in the twenty-two halls where the workers on women's garments were gathered.

"We shall enter into no discussion with the manufacturers' association until they recede from their position regarding the employers' unlimited right to discharge without a board to review cases of unjustifiable discharge," said Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union yesterday. "Nor is the demand by the union that complaints of unjustifiable discharge be reviewed within twenty-four hours arbitrable. There is no reason why complaints should be left to drag along for days and weeks and to become a source of irritation and stoppages."

Mr. Schlesinger added that he expected that more than 20,000 workers would have returned to work under settlements which would probably be made with independent manufacturers within three weeks.

In a statement issued by the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association yesterday afternoon, Morris Weiss, the President said:

"The manufacturers are asked to subscribe to a principle of 'life-tenure of employment' of their workers. At a glance it must be apparent in whose interest and for what purpose this ultimatum is made. A competent, thrifty and orderly worker requires no such form of compulsion to assure her employment. She can always earn her wage. Her services have always been in demand. The columns of the newspapers have been filled with advertisements for such workers.

"The thought that she holds her place only because her employer has no right to dispense with her services is an insult to her and would properly be resented by her. It must be apparent that this ultimatum is given only in the interest of the grossly incompetent worker who, on her merit, is unable to hold her place.

"The union has suggested arbitration. But what is there to arbitrate—the right of the employer to run his factory, to choose his workers, to dispense with the services of incompetent and disorderly employes? The manufacturers have been the victims of a system of arbitration for six years. This arbitration has driven a large number of manufacturers from business."

Y. M. C. A. TO WORK ABROAD.

William Sloane Says Overseas Service Is More Needed Than Ever.

In connection with a report that the Y. M. C. A. intended to discontinue its overseas war work and that this work would be taken over by the American Red Cross, William Sloane, Chairman of the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A., said last night:

"The rumor is without the slightest foundation. We have no intention of abandoning our work among the American troops and in the armies of our allies. At the time the armistice was siged, the vital necessity for service such as the Y. M. C. A. is giving abroad became more apparent than ever. The work was immediately revised to conform with the exigencies of the situation. At the present moment, the Y. M. C. A. is operating in almost innumerable ways in France, Italy, England, Russia, Mesopotamia, Egypt, and other places, giving such service to the armies and navies of the various countries as the authorities have asked. It has a great mission yet to perform. It certainly does not contemplate discontinuing its war service work and never has."

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

INFLUENZA DECREASES HERE

Copeland Offers Suggestions to Prevent Epidemic Spreading.

There was a decrease of 98 in the number of cases of influenza reported to the Department of Health in the last 24 hours. The total yesterday was 672. The deaths reported were 78, eight less than the day before.

Dr. R. S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, issued the following suggestions to the public yesterday:

"1.—The person who coughs or sneezes discharges a spray more deadly than bullets or poison gas, unless the mouth and nose are covered by a handkerchief. Spitting in public places and dry sweeping are dangerous and unlawful.

"2.—Glasses and eating utensils which have been used in restaurants and other public places, or even by members of your family, must be sterilized by washing in boiling water to destroy the germs sticking to them. To avoid infection your lips should not touch the mouthpiece of a public telephone.

"3.—The waiter whose fingers handle glasses or eating utensils soiled by use should not touch your bread, the edge of your glass, cup, plate or knife, or the bowl of your spoon.

"4.—The hands of a person who has a running nose, a cold in the head, or influenza are smeared with germs. Therefore if you must shake his hand or handle any article he has touched, avoid touching your lips, nose or eyes until you have carefully washed your hands. Never eat without first washing your hands.

"5.—Remember that the germs of influenza and pneumonia are discharged from the mouth and nose, not only of one whom you recognize as being sick, but often by a person who seems to be healthy.

"6.—To avoid infecting your child do not kiss it near its mouth. It is unsafe to kiss your child before washing your face.

"7.—Do not visit one who has influenza or pneumonia. The sick person should have a separate room and separate eating utensils.

"8.—Those who have colds or influenza risk their lives and the lives of others by going to work or to school.

"9.—Keep yourself fit by avoiding overwork and overeating, worry, fatigue, lack of sleep, and unventilated rooms in the home, shop, factory or place of amusement.

"10.—Make sure that all cases of influenza with which you come in contact are reported to the Department of Health. In this way we can better protect you by enforcing quarantine."

TO HELP SOLDIERS TO JOBS.

National Civic Federation Takes Up Question at Meeting.

Ralph M. Easley, Chairman of the Executive Council of the National Civic Federation, announced yesterday that a special meeting, called by William Jay Schieffelin, Chairman of the Committee on National Defense, was held yesterday afternoon at the Midday Club, at 25 Broad Street.

The purpose of the meeting was to consider the practicability and value of the American Soldiers and Sailors' Protective Association and to consider also the economic questions involved in the present system of demobilization, and the methods of enlisting the co-operation of the United States Employment Service, the War Camp Community Service, and the Red Cross to obtain employment and relief for the discharged soldiers.

A committee was appointed to investigate the administration of the Soldiers and Sailors' Protective Association and a sub-committee was chosen to visit the headquarters of the association and to confer with its heads on its organization and methods.

This sub-committee will report its work to the larger committee at a meeting today at the office of the Civic Federation, 1 Madison Avenue. On the committee are William Jay Schieffelin, Chairman; August Belmont, Otto H. Kahn, Emerson McMillin, Louis B. Schram, Maude Wetmore, John Golden, James Bertram, Percy Straus, Lawrence F. Abbott, and Gertrude Robinson Smith. The last four mentioned names are on the sub-committee. Others who were present were Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., James W. Sullivan, Haley Fiske, and Wheeler P. Bloodgood.

OBJECT TO COPELAND PLAN.

Council of Organizations Oppose Transfer of Dr. Harris's Division.

A resolution protesting against Health Commissioner R. S. Copeland's plan to remove the Division of Industrial Hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases was passed yesterday at a meeting of the Council of Organizations, comprising, it was said, 500 women's organizations. The meeting was held at the Cosmopolitan Club, 133 East Fortieth Street. The speakers who urged that it would be unjust and inefficient to withdraw the division from the bureau of which Dr. Louis I. Harris is director were William Jay Schieffelin, Pauline Goldmark, Dr. George M. Price and Sadie American. Congresswoman Jeannette Rankin, Lillian Wald, Frances Perkins and Florence Kelley spoke on the Rankin-Robinson bill pending in Washington, as well as on industrial readjustment and the nursing situation.

Miss Goldmark demanded that Commissioner Copeland refrain from in any way "crippling the work that Dr. Harris has done for three years." Mr. Schieffelin thought that if it were true, as Commissioner Copeland suggested, that Dr. Harris was overworked, he ought to have adequate assistance in the Division of Industrial Hygiene so that the work might remain under control of an expert in the field of industrial work.

What's in a name? A lot—says Bobby when it's
POST TOASTIES
(MADE OF CORN)

We are Loaning
in Queens and Nassau on improved property. Rates and charges reasonable.
First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Bridge Plaza, Long Island City, N. Y.

THE TIMES IN HARLEM
Advertisements and subscriptions for The New York Times are received at The Times Harlem office, 2,109 Seventh Avenue, a few doors north of 125th Street.

CONGRESS CONTROL OF LABOR IS URGED

Only Solution of Problem Here, Says Australian Labor Minister.

SEES AMERICA FAR BEHIND

Says We Are Only Now Considering Principles Long Conceded in Other Countries.

G. S. Beebe, Minister of Labor and Industry in the New South Wales Government and a labor leader in Australia, who has reached New York after several months in the United States studying the industrial situation and labor problems, yesterday gave his impressions of conditions here and outlined the object of his mission to America and to England, for which country he sails tomorrow. He will report the result of his investigations to the Government of Australia, and it is expected to lay the foundation for an amendment to the Commonwealth's Constitution for labor reforms of a sweeping character.

"I spent two months on the Pacific Coast," he said, "and then proceeded with my inquiry in the Central West, and then in the East. It is my firm belief that you won't get relief from industrial disputes until you take the power of settlement of labor disputes out of the hands of State tribunals and vest it in Congress.

"The first thing that impressed me was the incoherent condition existing in the United States in regard to industrial matters—I mean the lack of some definite policy in dealing with industrial unrest among the workers. Personally, I do not believe that the United States can obtain a proper degree of industrial regulation without recognition of the right of workers to organize. As I see it, America is now debating or discussing first principles of industrialism that other countries have long since conceded. These principles include the standard working day, the living wage, and some method of protection against unemployment, as well as proper protection of child labor. The latter is a weak spot in American industrialism, as I see it."

"It is proposed in Australia to centralize authority in dealing with disputes between employers and workers," said Mr. Beebe, "and to substitute a system of 'compulsory negotiation' for compulsory arbitration by boards and courts. The disputes at the present time are settled mainly by the courts and we want to eliminate the judicial atmosphere. My proposal will be to supplant the present boards of arbitration in Australia and put the settlement of disputes directly into the hands of laymen—employers and workers.

"The weakness in the existing Australian system has been that it discouraged negotiation, and had the effect of encouraging litigation. The tendency should be to make our tribunals more conciliatory. My proposal is to give the workers some say in the conditions governing their employment. I am convinced that a country can be saved from Bolshevism through co-operation of employers and workers."

Recognizes Trade Unionism.

Mr. Beebe's program favors full recognition of trade unionism. In this connection he said that Australian employers had become accustomed to dealing with organized labor, and in fact knew no other kind of workers. "The employers get on pretty well under these conditions," the Minister said, "and the county seems to also, as Australia's productive wealth increased from £175,000,000 in 1910 to £250,000,000 in 1915."

He also favors the vesting of the whole industrial power in the Federal Parliament of Australia on the understanding that existing State agencies are taken over and used in the establishment of a uniform system. Under this plan the Federal Parliament would be called upon to enact unified laws dealing with regulation of factory and shop, industrial safety, a method fixing the basic living wage, workmen's compensation, prescribing the standard day, control of child labor, and kindred subjects.

In order to encourage the settlement of industrial disputes by conference and negotiation instead of litigation, the present arbitration courts and wages boards are to be superseded by a national council of industry, radiating out into State or county councils and operating under the direction of the national body, industrial councils for separate industries or establishments, and shop and mine committees to deal with technical matters peculiar to different establishments.

The administration of the whole system to be vested in the national council, which is given, among others, the following powers: to compel parties to industrial disputes either before or after a strike or a lockout to meet in conference and state the matter in dispute, to make an award binding on the parties whenever any industrial council fails to arrive at an agreement as to the minimum wages and conditions of employment applicable to its industry, and to establish a trade union registry. The national council would also be empowered to create and appoint independent chairmen to industrial councils and shop committees, and establish and maintain labor bureaus and exchanges and generally deal with problems of intermittent employment.

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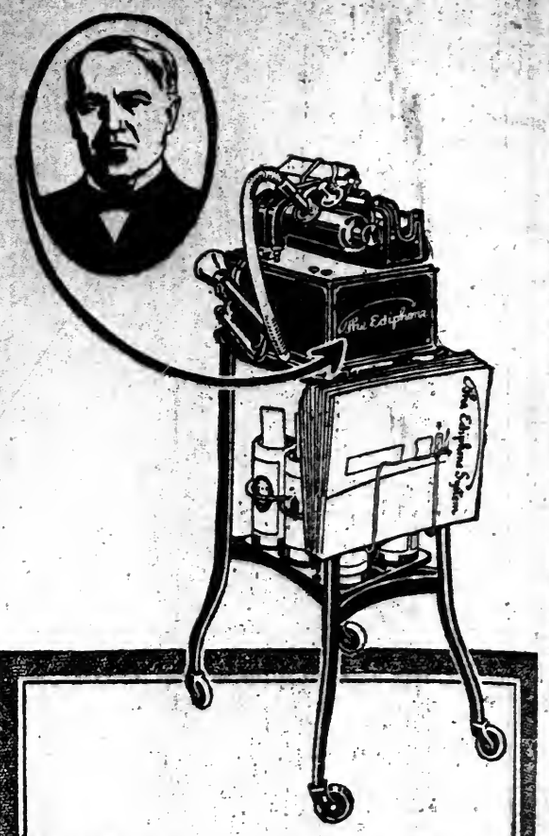

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27TH DIVISION TO RETURN AS UNIT

Is Under Orders for Home, but May Not Leave France for Six Weeks.

WILL PARADE IN NEW YORK

Discharged and Sick and Wounded Members to be In Line, in Ambulances Where Necessary.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—With the announcement today that virtually the complete strength of the 27th, (New York National Guard,) Division, had been assigned for early convoy by General Pershing, plans began to take shape here for an adequate reception to this first combat division to return. If it is found practicable to do so, an opportunity will be given to New York City to see the organization on parade at full war strength, with its fighting equipment, its recovered wounded, and its battle trophies before it is demobilized.

Secretary Baker reiterated today his desire that wherever possible either the full strength or substantial portions of the returning combat divisions parade in large cities in the section from which they came.

"For instance," said the Secretary, "the Black Hawk, (86th.) Division, comes largely from Chicago. I am hoping to be able to work out a plan by which a substantial part of that division can parade in Chicago. This division will go to Camp Grant, which is a considerable distance from Chicago, and the train arrangements for getting the whole division to Chicago will be very complicated, and perhaps impossible. One plan may be to have the troops sent through the city first, allowed to detrain, parade, and then entrain again for the camp, thus breaking the railroad journey."

Mr. Baker again expressed a strong wish that the 42d, (Rainbow,) Division, now with the American Army on the Rhine, parade in Washington as representative of the entire country and the whole fighting army.

Whether it will be possible to arrange for a complete divisional parade of the 27th depends on many factors, it was said at the War Department. In any case, however, a substantial portion of the division will be paraded before it disbands. Camp Upton having been selected as the demobilization point for the division with that end in view.

Mr. Baker announced that men of the 27th who had already returned, even those who had been mustered out, would have an opportunity to march with their comrades, the sick and wounded being carried in ambulances or other motor transport.

The units of the 27th assigned for return include both infantry and the artillery brigades, as well as the divisional trains, machine gun battalions, and other organizations. They have an aggregate strength of more than 900 officers and 25,000 men out of a full divisional strength of about 37,500. The men will return with their sidearms, but as yet no artillery has been shipped home from France, and, presumably, none of the motor transport equipment of the trains will accompany the troops. It is possible, however, that horses, guns, and other equipment to give the command a full parade complement will be assembled at Camp Upton for its use.

If the return of the various units of the 27th is spread over a considerable period of time it may be found impossible to hold the first arrivals at Camp Upton until the full strength is assembled. In that event, however, the large units, such as the infantry brigades, would be paraded.

Another suggestion that Secretary Baker is considering has to do with the German guns and other fighting gear captured in battle by the 27th. He may ask General Pershing to arrange for the shipment of these trophies with the division, so that they may be displayed by the troops when the march of triumph through the streets of New York takes place.

There was no official estimate as to when the New York division would actually start, but unofficially it was said that probably five or six weeks would elapse before embarkation began. The records show that at least 200,000 other troops are on General Pershing's priority list ahead of the 27th.

26TH HAD 11,995 CASUALTIES.

1,730 Officers and Men of New England Division Killed.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—The casualties of the Twenty-sixth Division, New England's National Guard contribution to the overseas forces, were 11,935 men, according to compilations from the War Department reports announced by Governor Coolidge today. The list included 1,730 officers and men killed; 3,624 wounded severely, 2,819 wounded slightly, 3,863 gassed, 283 missing and 136 taken prisoner.

The Yankee division captured 3,148 Germans, including sixty-one officers. Its principal battles, among which were Apremont, Selcheprey, Flirey, Xivray-Harvoisin, Château-Thierry, (second battle of the Marne); St. Mihiel and north of Verdun, extended over a period of nine months from Feb. 5, 1918.

In the drive of the 26th north of Verdun, begun Oct. 18 and ended by the armistice, the figures show that the Yankees pushed the Germans back 5.5 kilometers. The advance at Château-Thierry in seven days was 17.5 kilometers and in its action at St. Mihiel the division drove forward fourteen kilometers in two days.

The statistics show that the division was in service in the front lines about seven months.

Representative William H. Carter, of Needham who returned today from a visit to France, said that "all Europe is wild over the exploits of the men of the Yankee division." He added that the men of the Twenty-sixth were anxious to get home and particularly wanted to parade in Boston under the lead of Major Gen. Edwards, and Colonel Edward Logan, who were transferred from their commands after long service with the division.

PLANS BIG GREETING TO 27TH.

Citizens' Committee Gains Support —Negro Regiment Welcome.

The Citizens' Committee of Welcome, which was organized as a protest against the inclusion of W. R. Hearst as a member of the Mayor's Committee to Welcome Homecoming Troops, announced yesterday that a big welcome would be extended to the veterans of Major Gen. O'Ryan's 27th Division. While the committee was not ready to announce its plans in full, it was said that every agency would be enlisted in an effort to demonstrate to the heroes the city's appreciation of what they had done.

In expectation that the former 15th Infantry, a regiment of colored troops, commanded by Colonel William B. Hayward, would arrive about the same time as the 27th Division, a delegation, composed of negro clergymen, laymen, and members of the Hayward Unit No. 14, Motor Corps Division, National League for Women's Service, yesterday called at the City Hall for permission to organize a separate welcome for the negro infantrymen. Grover A. Whalen, Secretary to the Mayor, informed the visitors that all permits necessary to their welcome would be granted. Part of the plans of the delegation consist of a victory arch at Seventh Avenue and 135th Street, with a parade and a big ball afterward.

Many letters offering to help in the independent welcome of the Citizens' Committee were received yesterday, and among them from the following organizations: General Society Daughters of the Revolution, Daughters of the American Revolution, College Women's Club, York Club, The Readers, Long Island Society, Daughters of the Revolutions; Vivisection Investigation League, and Athenaeum Club.

HONORS 208 AMERICANS.

Quentin Roosevelt Among Those Cited by French Government.

PARIS, Jan. 22.—Citations for 208 Americans are contained in French Army orders, according to the latest Official Journal. The list includes Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt, Major Gen. John A. Lejeune, Brig. Gens. A. J. Bowley and W. C. Nevill, Colonels William S. Mitchell, Hugh G. Myers, Jr., Edward Davis, Hiram I. Bearss, Edward Stone, James Rhea, and Frederick L. Wyatt; Aviators Edward V. Rickenbacher and Douglas Campbell, and Chaplain Thomas G. Speers.

The citation of Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt reads:

"An excellent pilot and scout, possessing the highest qualities of courage and devotion to duty. On July 10, 1918, in a combat with five enemy machines he brought down one of his adversaries. He gloriously fell in the course of an aerial combat on July 14, 1918."

TROOPSHIPS HELD NEAR PORT BY FOG

Orizaba, with 2,526 Soldiers Aboard, Only Ship to Get to Her Pier.

HARBOR SHIPPING TIED UP

Arrangements Made to Dock Transports This Morning and to Welcome Men Back.

Fog tied up shipping in this port yesterday, bringing a fleet of steamships to anchor in the vicinity of Sandy Hook. The Leviathan, with a distinguished passenger list, was unable to get away from her Hoboken pier, and will sail at 11 o'clock today. The steamship Pensacola, laden with relief supplies for the Near East, did not sail and only one transport pushed her nose through the curtain of mist yesterday. She was the Orizaba, from Brest, with troops on board.

The United States hospital ship Mercy, which left St. Nazaire on the 7th with 590 sick and wounded on board, is believed to be out in the fog, and arrangements have been made for her to dock at Pier 45, North River, sometime this morning. The steamship Surinam with 36 officers and 8 men on board was also reported anchored off the port. It is probable that the French liners Chicago and Rochambeau, both due, will be near Sandy Hook this morning.

The steamship Calamares, from Pauillac, Jan. 12, with 38 casual officers, was another of the transport ships reported to be held up by weather conditions. She is to dock at about 8:30 this morning. With her is probably the steamship Gen. Goethals, which sailed from Bordeaux on Jan. 7. She has 245 men of various commands and 36 casual officers on board. The United States cruiser Rochester, with Naval personnel on board and from Brest, was reported last night. She may anchor in the river.

Fog delayed the arrival yesterday of the battleships Louisiana and New Hampshire, which are bringing the 59th Coast Artillery, the old 58th Coast Defense Corps of Brooklyn. Wireless messages received indicated that both warships anchored off the Hook last night.

The transport Orizaba came to anchor off Weehawken early yesterday morning, and it was not until hours later that she was able to lift her anchor and move slowly into the debarkation piers at Hoboken. On board were 2,526 officers and men, of whom 290 were sick or wounded. On board were twelve officers and 549 men of the 52d Ammunition Train, in command of Major C. H. Wallace, whose home is at 7 West Ninety-second Street, and who before the war was an instructor in mechanical engineering at New York University. There were also twelve casual companies on the Orizaba, one made up of seventy New York men and another of New Jersey men. There was also on board a casualty company of marines of the 5th and 6th Regiments of the 2d Division.

The Mayor's Welcoming Committee on the police boat Patrol reached the Orizaba just as the anchor was being weighed and she was beginning to move toward her pier. Mayor Hylan's greetings were "wigwagged" and the men on deck "wigwagged" back some messages in reply. The Street Cleaning Band played "Home, Sweet Home" and other appropriate airs, but this did not satisfy the men. "Give us a fox trot!" they shouted, and the band responded. Then those on the police boat had a glimpse of the men dancing, some together, and some with the nurses. When the vessel got alongside her pier no time was lost in getting the men ashore. The bed cases among the sick had been taken off while the vessel was at anchor.

Glad to Reach "God's Country."

The men had stories of adventure in plenty to tell, but before they told them they usually began by saying how glad they were to get back again to "God's country." One who has had an adventurous career was Private C. W. Merrow of Indianapolis, who has been in the service since 1896. He went to France with the 304th Signal Corps, and saw service on the Verdun and Argonne fronts. Just before he was wounded by a shell at Mount Faucon and put out of the fight, he had a hand-to-hand encounter with a German and he killed him with a knife. Another returned marine was "Happy" Jack Gallagher, who has seen service in the Spanish-American war and the Philippines. He lives at 315 West Sixteenth Sree. He said that he had been "everywhere the marines have been," and a comrade remarked that that was going some. He was gassed twice and was wounded by shrapnel in the leg.

Lieutenant James B. Randall of 258 East Seventy-eighth Street, of the 102d Signal Corps, was gassed while in action at Mount Kemmel. He was in the thick of things at St. Quentin and said that at the latter place the German retreat hit such a pace that they nearly outran the Americans. After several times going over the top Thomas Leddy of the 165th Infantry was wounded at Château-Thierry by shrapnel on Aug. 1. He said that of a company of 250 only 55 came out of the fighting.

A veteran of three wars is Sergt. George Luden of Vancouver, who joined the army when his eight sons went to war. He is 54 years old, and said he just could not stand to stay out when his sons joined the colors. He was offered a commission in the Quartermaster's Department, but the life was not active enough for him, so he offered himself as a private. Being physically fit and young looking they took him and so he went to France with his sons.

"They are still over there," he said. "Believe me, there is going to be some family reunion when we all get home and get together."

Find Stowaway Aboard.

When the Orizaba was one day out from Brest a stowaway came on deck and declared himself. The Captain put him to work and when the vessel arrived he was turned over to the immigration officials to pass upon his right to land. This unlisted passenger gave his name as W. C. Wakleason, and said he had lived at 4 West 104th Street. He said that though born in Austria he was an American citizen. He is 18 years old. Wakleason said that he was in Austria when America entered the war and the military officials scouted around for more men for the army. They came to him, and asked him to enlist, he said, but he refused and as a result he was interned. He was detained for eighteen months and when the armistice was signed he made his way to Rotterdam and from there traveled to Brest.

Some of the New Yorkers aboard, who were all members of the casual company, were: Captain John Muller of 79 West Washington Place, Manhattan; Lieutenant Warren H. Gilman of 126 Colonial Avenue, Forest Hills, L. I.; Lieutenant Henry Godfrey of 103 East Seventy-sixth Street, Manhattan; Lieutenant Julius Noyes of 7 Park Avenue, Manhattan, and Corporal H. J. Colwell of 2,208 Sixty-third Street, Brooklyn; Private John Wallein of 2,515 Woodbine Street, Brooklyn; Don Luddy of 250 East Seventy-eighth Street, Manhattan; Corporal O. St. Clair of 461 Fort Washington Avenue, Manhattan.

Brooklyn will welcome the returning 50th Artillery and the 13th Coast Defense when the battleships Louisiana and New Hampshire come through the fog today. Colonel Clarence W. Smith of the 13th Coast Defense command announced the plans for carrying Brooklynites who desire to welcome the men down the bay. The steamship Highlander will leave the Battery at 8 o'clock and will follow the Patrol with the Mayor's Welcoming Committee down the bay. They will exchange greetings with those on the battleships and will convoy the latter to the Hoboken piers, where the troops will be landed. Relatives will not be allowed on the piers, but they may watch the men come ashore from the deck of the Highlander.

On board the Leviathan, which is held up by the fog, is a notable list of passengers, including William G. Sharp, American Ambassador to France; Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines, Chief of Embarkation at Washington, and Newcomb Carlton, head of the Western Union Telegraph Company. There are also ten French officers, who have been in the country as instructors at army camps, and eight Polish officers and 600 Poles recruited in this country for service in Poland.

The Leviathan was to have sailed on Jan. 1, but engine trouble prevented the big ship from getting away.

TO WELCOME RICKENBACKER.

Automobile Industry to Honor American Ace.

Captain Eddie Rickenbacker, American Ace of Aces, will be warmly welcomed, when he arrives home on the steamship Adriatic on Saturday or Sunday. The Contest Board of the American Automobile Association announced yesterday that while the Adriatic is docking the whistles of some 2,000 automobile, tire, and accessory manufacturing plants throughout the country will blow their whistles for fifteen minutes in his honor. This is the initial recognition by the automobile soprt and industry to its most successful representative in the war.

The Contest Board, in co-operation with half a score of other automobile bodies, will give a dinner to Captain Rickenbacker at the Waldorf Astoria on Feb. 5. Congressman Ireland, a friend of the Captain, will be the toastmaster and the principal speaker will be Secretary of War Baker. One thousand covers will be laid and more than half of these have already been taken. The arrangements are in charge of Ralph De Palma, the veteran starter of automobile races. He has offices with the Contest Board at 501 Fifth Avenue.

Ohio Opposes Hearst as Welcomer.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 23.—The Ohio Senate today adopted a joint resolution petitioning Federal authorities to have returning American troops landed at some other point than New York, because of the fact that William Randolph Hearst is a member of New York's Reception Committee. The resolution was offered by Senator White of Columbiana County.

Glass to Quit Democratic Committee

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Secretary Glass said today he would resign as Secretary of the Democratic National Committee and probably would be succeeded by W. R. Hollister of Missouri, now Assistant Secretary. Homer S. Cummings, Vice Chairman of the committee, who is expected to become Chairman, conferred today with Mr. Glass.

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

PLANS BURIAL GROUND FOR OUR MEN IN FRANCE

Bill Introduced in House to Incorporate American Field of Honor Association.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Representative S. D. Fess of Ohio introduced a bill in the House today to incorporate the American Field of Honor Association, consisting of prominent and patriotic people throughout the country, to co-operate in selecting and beautifying an estate in France as a final resting place of all Americans who died in battle abroad. The plan is to have a sort of Arlington Cemetery somewhere in France for the burial of the American heroes.

The incorporators proposed by the bill are:

William E. Bailey of Pennsylvania, Wilson Eyre of Pennsylvania, James S. Cushman of New York, William Howard Taft, Washington, D. C.; Dr. John H. Finley, New York; Bishop Luther B. Wilson, New York; Alfred E. Marlin, New York; Arthur Curtiss James, New York; Henry Morgenthau, New York; Jacob H. Schiff, New York; Morgan J. O'Brien, New York; William Fellowes Morgan, New York; Dr. William T. Manning, New York; Cleveland H. Dodge, New York; Commander Evalino Booth, New York; George Wharton Pepper, Pennsylvania; William Potter, Pennsylvania; Charles L. Borie, Pennsylvania; Judge J. Willis Martin, Pennsylvania; Owen Wister, Pennsylvania; A. J. D. Dixon, Pennsylvania; Colonel Frederick M. Alger, Michigan; Dr. George S. Stewart, New York; Major Robert Davis, New York; Mrs. Robert E. Speer, New Jersey; Mrs. John Meigs, Pennsylvania; Violet Oakley, Pennsylvania; Agnes Repplier, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Finley J. Sheppard, New York.

"There were approximately 30,000 Americans killed in action and about 33,000 died from other causes, according to Representative Fess, who pointed out that men were buried in many cases where they fell. Their burial places are marked with wooden crosses, he said, and the only identification in many cases are the identification tags on their bodies.

"The American Field of Honor Association purposes to secure an estate of about 500 acres and prepare it in place by proper improvement for a burial ground and appropriate memorials," said Representative Fess.

"A suitable building of monumental style of architecture is to be erected at the head of the field to serve as a hall of records and as a chapel. Here will be entered the chart of the field so as to easily locate the grave of any fallen hero. The record of each boy will be entered in the book of records.

"The Government would, of course, secure the ground by the consent of the French Government. It will remove and place the bodies in the Field of Honor. It will also provide for its maintenance and keep a garrison of one or two companies of soldiers to protect this bit of American land in France. If permitted, this proposed Association of the American Field of Honor will provide by popular subscription a fund of $15,000,000 to permanently endow the field, to insure it as a perpetual thing of beauty, to which every American traveling in Europe will wish to go."

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Hudson Seal Coats—Dyed Muskrat in various lengths, with self and contrasting fur collars,

$225.00 and $295.00

Skunk Scarfs	$37.50	Nutria Muffs	$14.50
Skunk Muffs	$38.50	Raccoon Muffs	$19.50
Black Lynx Scarfs	$47.50	Black Lynx Capelets	$57.50
Black Lynx Muffs	$37.50	Raccoon Scarfs	$12.50

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For Misses, 14 to 20 years

New model dresses of taffeta, satin, crepe de chine, foulard, plain or flowered Georgette, fibre silk tricolette or Fan-ta-si silk; ruchings, pleated frills, self ruffles, silk floss fringe, embroidered designs or beads are distinctive embellishments.

29.50 to 98.50

Wool Dresses for Spring

For Misses, 14 to 20 years

Preference is given to serge, tricotine, Poiret twill or Jersey; buttons, braid, silk or wool embroidery are extensively used; very new are string belts that vaguely suggest a regulation or lengthened waistline. 14 to 20 years.

18.50 to 98.50

Girls' and Juniors' Dresses

Spring models, fabrics and colors

Dresses especially designed for young people, 6 to 17 years of age, include new models of taffeta silk, Japanese foulard silk, plain or figured Georgette, challis, pongee, or serge; many washable dresses are embroidered or hand smocked.

4.75 to 49.50

New Modes Typical of Youth

NEW Spring fashions are here! Scores and scores of attractive models.

Picturesque frocks are fashioned of Georgette crepe, pastel tinted and in darker tones, or garlanded with tiny flowers or with futurist designs.

In fact, every new weave is shown in wool, silk or cotton fabrics, comprising countless original designs.

As for the Spring Suits, Capes, Coats and Wraps, they have a smartness of cut, individuality of style, graceful swing and dash that reflect the spirit of youth and have a style exclusiveness characteristic of Franklin Simon & Co.

Misses' Spring Suits

Exclusive Franklin Simon & Co. models

Almost invariably the silhouette of the new wool or silk suits is slender. There are varying types of box coats many with panel vests or mannish waistcoats, also belted or semi-fitted coats; ankle length skirts. 14 to 20 years.

39.50 to 125.00

Spring Capes and Coats

Jaunty short and long lengths

New capes for Misses are of fibre silk weaves, silk duvetyn, wool velour, serge, Poiret twill, wool tricotine or Jersey. Tailored or dressy coats of wool fabrics in new shades, also velveteen sport coats. 14 to 20 years.

29.50 to 145.00

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STAND BY THE BOYS

They fought and won for you. They need you badly now to fill their leisure with good cheer.

The Jewish Welfare Board has sent out a call for one hundred mature and resourceful men for overseas and transport service.

WILL YOU ANSWER?

Jewish Welfare Board

149 Fifth Avenue.

PERSHING HONORS MEN FROM UP-STATE

Several Members of the 108th Infantry Regiment Cited for Gallantry in Action.

CITY SOLDIERS IN THE LIST

Capt. Ireland of Brooklyn and Lieut. W. A. Kloball Win the Distinguished Service Cross.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—A number of men attached to the 108th Infantry Regiment, part of the Twenty-seventh, (New York National Guard), Division, are named in the lists of citations issued by the War Department today. Among the men who have received the Distinguished War Service Cross from General Pershing in France for extraordinary heroism in action are:

Sergeant L. S. Smith of Binghamton, N. Y.; Sergeant E. K. Nail, Cleburne, Texas; Corporal F. K. Johnston of Denton, Texas; Sergeant E. V. Monohan of Centralia, Penn; Lieutenant L. M. English of Freeport, Ohio; Private H. P. Rumberger of Waynesboro, Penn; Private J. J. Auber of Elm Grove, W. Va.; Corporal E. M. Boggs of Pilot Point, Texas; Private W. C. Curtis of Petersburg, Texas; Sergeant H. C. Moore of Upland, Cal.; Sergeant Oliver Anderson of Matsoni, British Columbia; Sergeant B. K. Malcomson of Los Angeles, Cal.; Corporal N. E. Edwards of Chicago, Ill.; Sergeant E. J. Brook of Los Angeles, Cal.; Lieutenant J. A. Vincent of Davenport, Ia.; Sergeant W. J. Percy of Niagara Falls, N. Y.; Lieutenant W. H. Ward of Auburn, N. Y.; Corporal L. F. Whitney of Auburn, N. Y.; Captain C. A. Sandburg of Jamestown, N. Y.; Lieutenant E. A. Dennis of Auburn, N. Y.; Corporal R. E. Bentley of Horseheads, N. Y.; Corporal H. F. Beinlish of Elmira, N. Y.; Sergeant Nicholas Rodakis of Australia; Lieutenant J. F. Michener of Erie, Penn.; Captain John Mitchell of Manchester, Mass.; Corporal C. A. Fritz of Richland Center, Wis.; Private Will Rogers of Tulsa, Okla.; Sergeant Millard Smith of Vox, Ky.; Captain Maurice Pincoffe of Baltimore, Md.; Lieutenant W. H. Carrier of Glastonbury, Conn.; Sergeant M. B. Dudderer of Chattanooga, Tenn.; Lieutenant C. W. Steinhliber of Watertown, N. Y.; Corporal Henry Eateman of Buffalo, N. Y.; Corporal John Chyko of Beaver Valley, Penn.; Private S. J. Randall of Beaver Dam, N. Y., and Corporal Charles Stanton of Troy, Penn.

The men from this city, their addresses and the specific acts for which they have been cited, follow:

Corporal Herman Nubel, Co. L, 307th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Pierremont on Nov. 4. He advanced under heavy machine-gun fire to a position on the flank of his company's sector, located a machine-gun post and opened fire on it. He remained in this position in the face of fire from a one-pound gun. Home address, Mrs. A. Nubel, mother, 106 Ivy Street, Elmhurst, L. I.

Sergt. Angus Robertson, Co. E, 105th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy on Sept. 25. Although suffering intense agony from the effects of a severe gassing, he continued in command of his platoon during a most terrific shelling. By administering first aid to a wounded comrade he was instrumental in saving his life, although risking his own by removing his gas mask to render more valuable treatment. He continued to assist the wounded until he collapsed. Home address, Miss I. M. Robertson, 50 Van Cortlandt Park Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.

Sergt. Harry E. Lynk, Co. G, 106th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy on Sept. 29. While suffering from severe wounds he organized several small groups from other companies, consolidated them, and led them into effective combat, continuing with this splendid example of courage and fearlessness until wounded a second time. Home address, Mrs. C. Lynk, mother, 178 Tuaffe Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private James Bougle, Sanitary Detachment, 106th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy on Sept. 29. During operations against the Hindenburg line he went forward under heavy shell and machine-gun fire and brought in wounded comrades, continuing his work even after he himself had been wounded. Home address, Mrs. Mary Bougie, 371 Bridge Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Corporal Patrick Synott, Co. F, 108th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Ronssoy, on Sept. 28. He displayed exceptional bravery in leaving shelter and going forward under heavy machine-gun fire and bringing back several wounded soldiers. Home address, Mrs. Thomas O'Shay, sister, 2,058 Eighth Avenue, New York City.

Capt. Rutherford Ireland, 106th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Souplet. He continued to lead his battalion in attack, although suffering great pain from a wound caused by shell fire. After being ordered to the dressing station he had his wound dressed without waiting to have the shrapnel removed, returning to his battalion and remaining on duty for two days. Home address, W. De F. Ireland, brother, 556 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

First Lieut. Walter G. Kleball, 9th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel, on Sept. 12. While advancing in the first wave of the advance of Sept. 12 he was forced to deploy his platoon over a wide sector in thickly wooded territory in order to maintain contact and liaison with the unit on his flank. The crews of several machine-gun nests were routed, and in one instance he captured a machine-gun crew assisted by only two of his men. Home address, Mrs. James H. Gannon, sister, 680 West End Avenue, New York City.

3,000 Americans Lost Arm or Leg.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Two soldiers out of every thousand who fought with the American Army overseas lost an arm or a leg. Lieut. Col. Strong of the Medical Corps told the House Military Committee today that 3,000 of the total combat force of 1,500,000 men were so maimed, and that 1,100 had been returned home and were being fitted with artificial limbs in military hospitals. An appropriation of $7,000,000 to purchase artificial limbs as well as serums and vaccines was asked for by the Medical Corps.

Vote for Bill to Deport Enemy Aliens

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Four thousand and twenty enemy aliens were interned during the war, the Department of Justice today informed the House Immigration Committee, which is considering a bill authorizing deportation of these persons. Twenty-two hundred were merchant seamen and the remainder resident aliens. The committee adopted a favorable report on the bill.

Halsey Art Sale Reaches $16,333.

A massive Louis XV. commode in paneled rosewood, with ormolu mounts and red-veined marble slab, brought the highest price at the second day of the Frederic R. Halsey estate sale at the Anderson Galleries yesterday afternoon, selling on order for $1,400; a massive French ormolu clock group sold on order for $1,000, and to A. Odell went another Louis XV. commode of rosewood with ormolu mounts for $1,100, and an ornate pair of French bronze andirons with caryatids and amorini went to the same buyer for $510. J. D. Barrett paid $290 for a massive Louis XVI. ormolu clock, and a "Sèvres vase, blue and gold, with heavy ormolu mounts and caryatid handles, went to L. Marx for $415. The returns for the day were $5,018, making a total to date of $16,333. The sale will be continued this afternoon.

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

REPORTED CASUALTIES TOTAL 218,216

344 Named in Latest Army List Includes 59 Dead and 285 Wounded

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The War Department gave out one army casualty list today, which contained 344 names, bringing the total for the casualty list up to 212,483. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,731. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 218,216.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 59 died of disease, 285 severely wounded.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 23.	Total.
Killed in action	30,150	..	30,150
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,696	..	12,696
Died of accident	2,591	..	2,591
Died of disease	18,310	59	18,369
Total	64,483	59	64,547
Wounded	134,239	285	134,524
Missing	13,414	..	13,414
Total	212,141	344	212,484

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WI) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt., Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

SECKER, HARRY, 404 South 2d St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WS)
BRUE, R., 5 Herkimer St., Brooklyn..(WS)
DROPKIN, S., 253 Volobooh St., Bklyn..(WS)
FEDER, N., 211A Lewis Av., Brooklyn..(WS)
HAYDEN, R. V., 414 East 152d St—Lt.(WS)
HEARTY, J. H., 822 Greenwich St.....(WS)
JABLONSKI, CAROL, 201 Sackman St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
KLERCESKI, T., 305 Kent Av., Bklyn..(WS)
LEMLEY, A. F., 240 East 132th St.....(WS)
LEVINESS, J. J., 194 65th St., Bklyn...(DD)
LEVY, HARRY, 129 Christie St.....(WS)
MASEK, FRANK, 418 East 78th St.....(WS)
MEEHAN, W., 37 Hancock Place.....(WS)
PARSOFF, H., 236 East 7th St.....(WS)
ROBERTSON, J. M., 27 Oakland St., Brooklyn.....(DD)
ROSMARIN, L., 221 Lewis Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WS)
WECKESSER, E. A., 75 Irving Av., Brooklyn.....(WS)

OTHER PARTS NEW YORK STATE.

BECKER, PERCY, Saugerties.....(DD)
BENJAMIN, HORATIO J. Low Beach.(WS)
BOLYARD, WESLEY C., Buffalo.....(WS)
BOSZ, FRED, West Falls—Wagn.....(WS)
BUNT, WILMER, Otisco Valley.....(WS)
DAHL, PETER D., Tonawanda.....(WS)
DEMETRIOS, TOMAS, Syracuse.....(WS)
FERGUSON, R. B., Huntington, Long Island.....(DD)
FISCHER, ALEXANDER, Manhasseit.(WS)
GANNON, THOMAS M., Hudson.....(WS)
JACKSON, CHARLES, Albany.....(WS)
KIEFER, EDWARD P., Buffalo—Sgt...(WS)
LEAHY, JAMES J., Mamaroneck.....(WS)
MACALI, LODOVICO, Little Falls.....(DD)
MACIEJEWSKI, CAISMER, Buffalo.....(DD)
OSWALD, R. F., Lancaster.....(WS)
STOCK, JOHN R., Rochester.....(WS)
SWEET, ALBERT H., Waterloo.....(WS)

ALABAMA.

McNEIR, CLEVELAND, Camden.....(DD)

ARKANSAS.

BURKS, JAMES E., Hudspeth.....(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

OGDEN, WILLIAM A., Hanford—Corp.(DD)
ROBERSON, BURTON, Pleyto.....(DD)

COLORADO.

DOTSON, APON R., Campo.....(DD)

CONNECTICUT.

CELELLO, NICKOLAS, Southington...(WS)
DELY, JOHN, Bridgeport—Sgt.....(WS)
PATROHILOS, G., Thompsonville.....(WS)
ROOT, GEORGE W., Middletown—Sgt..(DD)
SHUMSKY, L. Z. A., New Britain—Sgt.(WS)

GEORGIA.

POELER, DAVID, Cordele.....(DD)

ILLINOIS.

KALVELAGE, GEORGE J., Chicago....(DD)
LASKOWSKY, WALTER, Chicago.....(DD)
PATZER, WILLIAM R., Chicago.....(DD)

INDIANA.

COOPER, ELMER E., Huntingburg....(DD)

IOWA.

ADDAM, FRANK E., Klemme.....(DD)

KANSAS.

NUCHOLS, MONTIE T., Eureka.....(DD)

KENTUCKY.

ALFORD, GEORGE W., Anna.....(DD)
BARROW, TINIS G., Louisville—Sgt...(DD)
THEISSEN, W. M., Lorrington—Corp..(DD)

LOUISIANA.

HOBGOOD, HENRY W., Jackson.....(DD)
LINSCOMB, RAY, Echo.....(DD)

MARYLAND.

SCHERBIN, S. M., Baltimore.....(DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

MOORE, MICHAEL F., Worcester.....(DD)
PITTS, WILLIAM H., Campello.....(DD)
TAYLOR, W. W., Hamilton—Corp.....(DD)

MICHIGAN.

PRINTUP, G. G., Grand Rapids—Corp.(DD)

MISSOURI.

BEERMAN, A. W. H., Concordia....(DD)
DUNN, ALVIN M., Barnard.....(DD)

MONTANA.

BRESLIN, CORNELIUS, Butte.....(DD)

NEBRASKA.

CORLEU, AUGUST, Bloomfield—Cook..(DD)
FREY, EDWIN J., Hebron.....(DD)
LIBOT, ORIN J., Burton.....(DD)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NIDING, JOSEPH, Manchester.....(DD)

NEW JERSEY.

BOOTH, G. P., Hamburg.....(WS)
BRAZO, R. J., Long Branch.....(WS)
BREMBLE, J. A., Plainfield—Corp....(WS)
BROCHON, A. A., White House Sta....(WS)
GILL, H., Woodcliff-on-Hudson—Corp.....(WS)
GRANT, WALTER, Atlantic City.....(DD)
McKEOWN, F. J., Gloucester—Bgl....(WS)
MILLER, L., Irvington—Corp.....(WS)
SCHNACK, C. W., Passaic—Sgt.....(WS)

NORTH CAROLINA.

LEWELLYN, T. E., Round Peak.....(DD)
LEWIS, S. J., Raleigh.....(DD)

OHIO.

McKNIGHT, T. C., Monesworth.....(DD)

OKLAHOMA.

COURT, L. W., Lawton—Cook.....(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

ANDERSON, C. A., Warren.....(DD)
LAUER, J. B., McPherson—Sgt.....(DD)
LUTSICK, STEVE, Beaver Meadow...(DD)
NORTHUP, CLAUD, Sugar Grove....(DD)
O'NEILL, THOS., Philadelphia.....(DD)
PLATT, W. S., Mount Carmel.....(DD)
POSEY, JOHN, Reading.....(DD)
FRANKLE, N. J., Plymouth Meeting—Sgt.....(DD)

TENNESSEE.

AUSTIN, F. C., Fountain City—Corp..(DD)

TEXAS.

BURROUGHS, F. A., Robert Lee.....(DD)
COBB, J. L., Raelva.....(DD)

VERMONT.

SMITH, CASPER L., Waitsfield.....(DD)

VIRGINIA.

MORGAN, ELBERT L., New Point....(DD)

WEST VIRGINIA.

ARBAUGH, ASA, Charleston.....(DD)

WISCONSIN.

COLOGNE, JULIUS A., Green Bay....(DD)
HENNEMAN, JOSEPH, Lena.....(DD)

FRANCE.

SHERMAN, R. H., Paris—Cook.....(DD)

ITALY.

BONACCI, CARMINE, Petecele Di Calivi, Riscorta, Pos Di Caserta.....(DD)

SPAIN.

MARTIN, DELORIS, Valladis—Civilian.(DD)

Revised Casualty List.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rept'd.	Prev. Rept'd.
CAMPI, VINCENT, 378 Montgomery St., Brooklyn—Wagn.	(MA)	(WS)
CUCCIA, JOS., 64 E. 106th St.	(WU)	(DW)
DAMMES, J. T., 17 Cooper St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
DEVONMILLIE, EDWARD A., 641 Grand Av., Brooklyn.	(MA)	(WS)
DIMAGGIO, ROCCO, 563 E. 124th St.	(KA)	(MA)
DONELAN, CORNELIUS, 362 Monitor St., Brooklyn	(WS)	(MA)
FITZGERALD, C. J., Jr., 633 St. Johns Place, Brooklyn. (Erroneously		(WS)
GUNDERSON, CARL, 733 - 54th St., Brooklyn.	(MA)	(WS)
HAAS, LEO, 1,043 South'n Blvd.	(DW)	(DA)
HANRAHAN, WM., 2,307 Bull Av.	(RD)	(DA)
HATCH, A. E., 504 Argyle Road, Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
HUBER, W. A., 1,859 Putnam Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
HYLAND, C. J., 337 E. 39th St.	(WL)	(MA)
MARCUS, L. H., 1,034 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
MARESCA, P. C., 504 Ondardonk Av., Brooklyn.	(MA)	(WS)
O'CONNOR, W., 233 E. 77th St	(WU)	(MA)
PERETZMAN, SAM, 18 Belvedere St., Brooklyn.	(RD)	(MA)
POLLICAIN, JOS., 1,061 Flushing Av., Brooklyn	(WS)	(MA)
QUERE, E. W., 28 James St.	(WU)	(MA)
RUBANOW, WM., 249 Hart St., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
ROMAN, DYONIZY, 98 Clinton Av., Maspeth	(RD)	(MA)
RUBINO, PASQUALE, 86 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.	(WU)	(KA)
RUVKINE, CHARLES, 633 Lexington Av.	(KA)	(MA)
SAFARIK, RUDDY R., 278 5th Av., Long Island City	(WU)	(MA)
SANDERS, CHESTER, H., 204 Clifton Place, Brooklyn. (Erroneously		(WS)
STIMBOL, A., 422 Barbey St., Bkln.	(DW)	(MA)
WALSH, J. A., 313 E. 85th St.—Lt.	(KA)	(MA)
WALZ, H., 100 S. 4th St., Bklyn.	(WU)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

CARRIOLA, LUIGI, Ameterdam.	(WL)	(MA)
CONTALDI, J., Amsterdam.	(MA)	(WS)
CULLEN, T. J., Kingston—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
ELDRIDGE, B. G., Carthage—Mch.	(RD)	(MA)
GORMLEY, R. J., Cohoes—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
NORRIS, JOHN K., Elmira.	(RD)	(MA)
ROGERS, J. W., Westfield.	(WU)	(MA)
ROGERS, N. C., Canandaigua—Lt. (Erroneously)		(D)
RUMMINGS, HENRY, Elmira.	(RD)	(MA)
STEPHANO, D., Mt. Vernon—Sgt.	(MA)	(WS)
WESTERLUND, A., Islip—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)

OTHER STATES.

	Now Rept'd.	Prev. Rept'd.
ALTO, H., Cromwell, Minn.	(DW)	(MA)
BARR, R., Philadelphia, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
BOUTS, W. E., Bloom Switch, O.	(KA)	(MA)
CLINKINBEARD, H. W., Covington, Ky. (Erroneously)		(KA)
COSTELLO, M., Marinette, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
DIETRICH, A. C., Cedarburg, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
DUERR, G. A., Newark, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
ERB, E. F., Millersburg, Ohio.	(WU)	(MA)
FIKSTAD, M. T., Thornton, Idaho.	(KA)	(MA)
FOX, HARRY, Newark, N. J.	(KA)	(MA)
GAFFNEY, C., Dover, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
GARLAND, T. F., Harmon, Ill.	(D)	(MA)
GROVE, H. J., Bay City, Mich.	(D)	(MA)
HAAS, A. A., Dayton, Ohio.	(KA)	(MA)
HERRING, W. F., Chillicothe, Mo.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
HOLLAND, EDWARD, 130 6th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. (Erroneously		(WS)
HOYLE, W. H., Spring Valley, Ohio (Erroneously		(DW)
IVORY, H., Smithville, Ga.	(DD)	(DA)
JABLONSKI, S., Detroit, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
JAMERSON, E. E., Phila., Penn.	(KA)	(WL)
KEYES, R. A., Boston, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
LACY, J. R., Nesga, Ill.—Corp.	(RD)	(DW)
LAFLAMM, O., Jewett City, Conn.	(D)	(MA)
LARSON, M., Suttons Bay, Mich.	(WU)	(KA)
LIMPKIN, J. W., West Tulsa, Okla.	(KA)	(MA)
MADDEN, F. E., Pittsburgh, Penn. (Erroneously)		(DD)
MATVRIK, A., Athens, Wis.	(D)	(MA)
MOSHER, E. N., Mystic, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
NIEBUHR, W., Jersey City, N.J.	(WU)	(MA)
NELSON, OSCAR E., Elizabeth, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
O'NEAL, H. J. R., Adamsville, Tenn.	(KA)	(MA)
OSBERG, G. A., Rockford, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
OSIER, JOHN, Orono, Me.	(KA)	(MA)
PARSLEY, H., Westwood, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
PAYNE, H. C., Jackson, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
PETREE, H. E., Oregon, Mo.—Lt.	(D)	(MA)
PETROWSKI, A., Carnegie, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
ROSSIGNOL, A., New Hartford, Conn.—Corp.	(MA)	(WS)
ROWAN, J. A., Jersey City, N. J.	(MA)	(WS)
ROMANCZUK, W., Owen, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
SAMPLES, L., Hatton, Ky.	(KA)	(WS)
SCHODIC, G., N. Brunswick, N.J.	(WL)	(MA)
SHEEHAN, G., Burlington, Vt.	(D)	(MA)
STEGEMANN, W. H., Oshkosh, Wis.	(WS)	(KA)
STILLWELL, A. L., Garwood,	(MA)	(WS)
SWENSON, P., Randall, Iowa.	(D)	(MA)
VANN, G. C., Montgomery, Ala.—Lt.	(D)	(MA)

COMMUNITY COUNCIL IN AFTER-WAR WORK

Comprehensive Program of Suggestions Prepared by Council of National Defense.

INCLUDES MANY ACTIVITIES

Returning Soldiers and Sailors and Their Interests to Receive First Consideration.

A comprehensive program of Community Council work during the period of demobilization and readjustment and plans for the organization of permanent Community Councils are contained in a message which is being sent by Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Director of the United States Council of National Defense, to the County and Community Councils of Defense and the units of the Woman's Committee.

The program is suggestive in character only, and Mr. Clarkson says that it should be modified in each county and community as experience indicates to be most desirable. The program includes suggestions on the problem having to do with returned soldiers and sailors, aid in demobilization, children's year, relief, and health.

Regarding the returning soldier and sailor, the following problems are treated: Employment, legal assistance, moral welfare, disabled soldiers, receptions. It is suggested that a "Bureau of Returning Soldiers, Sailors and War Workers," to provide employment, information, and other assistance to these men on their return, be created wherever conditions warrant it. Such a bureau would see that every soldier coming into the community, who has any litigation pending against him under the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Rights act, is warned of the importance of immediate action to safeguard his rights. The bureau would also give him free legal advice for the conduct of his litigation. The suggestion is made that the need be placed before the lawyers of the community and then notices posted to notify the soldiers where the lawyers may be found.

The moral welfare of the soldiers, it is suggested, should be guarded by seeing that all regulations are enforced. The Community Council should see to it that no disabled man returning to the community fails to take the special vocational training given by the Federal Board for Vocational Training, it is urged. Some group in the community, the program says, should give an appropriate reception to each soldier or sailor immediately upon his return.

In Americanization work, after pointing out the need for assimilating all foreign-born citizens into true American citizenship, it is suggested that these methods may be used: (1) by providing education in English and in American institutions and ideals; (2) by seeing that all foreign-born citizens are taken into the community activity and life in such a way as not to violate customs and ideals. "See that the Children's Year Program is carried through to completion," the program continues. "Every child up to 6 years of age should have been weighed and measured. Secure the treatment of every defect discovered by providing public health nurses, county child health centres, clinics, &c."

Co-operation with the local health authorities and the conducting of community meetings and community singing are also suggested. A detailed program for an organized community showing how these endeavors may be carried forward is also indicated.

Mr. Clarkson, who was in New York yesterday, said that the forty-eight State Councils of Defense and that of Alaska, and the State divisions of the Woman's Committee of the council, were being asked to take immediate steps to secure legislation to provide for the development of community organization and for permanent State leadership in all organized communities on a wholly nonpartisan and nonsectarian basis.

"The State of New York," said Mr. Clarkson, "has already taken the lead in this matter through Governor Smith's appointment of a Reconstruction Commission, which may very well act as a head-centre for community council activities in the State."

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Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
Eighth Av., cor. 127th St.

BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN
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Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Fifth Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

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Stores at 14th Street, 42d Street, 125th Street and Brooklyn Open Tomorrow Evening Until 9.

PLAN INVESTIGATION OF RELIEF ABROAD

Bureau Here to Send W. Frank Persons Overseas on Tour, It Announces.

SAY WASHINGTON APPROVES

District Attorney Here Declines to Consider Question of Money Misspent in France.

Announcement was made yesterday by the National Investigation Bureau, 1 Madison Avenue, of which Samuel Mather of Cleveland, Ohio, is President and Barry C. Smith, Director, organized last September for the purpose of making a thorough investigation of war charities and similar activities, that W. Frank Persons had been engaged to make a study of the relief situation abroad, Mr. Persons will leave tomorrow for France, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland, and other European countries to carry on his investigations.

The announcement said that Mr. Persons was until recently Director General of Civilian Relief of the American Red Cross and that he is considered peculiarly qualified by training, experience, and ability to make an impartial investigation and estimate of the various American activities in European countries which are soliciting support from the American people.

It is announced that Mr. Persons's inquiry will not include the Red Cross and the seven organizations which participated in the United War Work Campaign, which were the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the National Catholic War Council, (Knights of Columbus,) the Jewish Welfare Board, the Salvation Army, the War Camp Community Service, and the American Library Association.

Mr. Persons, it was explained, goes abroad with the full approval of the War Department, which has co-operated unofficially with the National Investigation Bureau in planning the survey. He will be in close touch with the Hoover Commission, with the American diplomatic officers, and with the relief officials of the respective foreign Governments, it is announced.

Mr. Persons, it was said at the office of the National Investigation Bureau, will endeavor to obtain reliable information as to the need, value, and efficiency of those organizations concerned in his inquiry, and also to make a general survey of the European relief situation with a view to securing, as accurately as possible, information concerning the demands which may reasonably be expected to be made upon the American people for foreign suffering during the next six or eight months."

Each organization will be rated according to the findings of Mr. Persons, and while it is understood that his investigation is to be from the viewpoint of efficiency, and is not to deal with the question of whether or not the money has been honestly expended, yet if in course of the survey any irregularities are discovered the information will be made available to the District Attorney's office in this city, which will also the rating of the individual organizations.

Assistant District Attorney Kilroe, who has charge of the war charity investigation, when recently asked for the result of an investigation of these war charity activities abroad, said that the information obtained from such an investigation, made in the proper manner and with the sanction of the War Department, would be of much value in his work in this country.

Mr. Kilroe knew of the intended investigation by the National Investigation Bureau and said the matter had been discussed with him several times, but that his office was in no way connected with the proposed survey.

District Attorney Swann said:

"I have expressed no opinion on that matter and it is not proper for me to do so, but so far as an investigation by the District Attorney of money that is spent in France, that is out of the question. It is impossible for me to do so. It is out of my jurisdiction. Such matters are regulated by the laws of the country where the money is spent."

Galli-Curci to Reappear Here Feb. 4.

Mme. Galli-Curci is to make her re-entrance in opera here on Tuesday evening, Feb. 4, in Donizetti's "Linda di Chamounix." On Feb. 9 she will sing in a concert for Stony Wold Sanitorium at the Hippodrome. Director Campanini announces Mascagni's "Isabeau" on Feb. 3 in his second week at the Lexington. Henri Fevrier, composer of "Gismonda," which will open the series next Monday, has arrived from the West, and will return to Paris soon after the start of the Chicago company's New York visit.

"Crispino e la Comare" Sung Again.

The Ricci brothers' gay "Crispino e la Comare" had its second performance at the Metropolitan last evning before a large house. Mmes. Hempel and Braslau, Mr. Scotti, Messrs. Chalmers, De Segurola, and others reappeared, and Mr. Papi conducted.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

Two Benefit Recitals.

Various critical commuters of the daily press had a pesky time yesterday afternoon trying to catch the "Toonerville Trolley"—which meets all the trains—as two celebrated pianists played; Rudolph Gan, the Swiss, at Aeolian Hall, and the Russian Serge Rachmaninoff at Carnegie Hall, and both for worthy benefits; Mr. Gans for the Société Mutuelle des Professeurs du Conservatoire de Paris, Mr. Rachmaninoff for the Society for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis. Obviously criticism must sit up and behave itself as these fine artists of the keyboard are, because of sweet charity's sake, hors concours. But the Toonerville Trolley? Only this: Rachmaninoff and Ganz had on their programs those magnificent but deadly 32 Variations by Beethoven; magnificent because of Beethoven, deadly because they rightly belong on an educational recital before a pure-throated audience in the outlying districts where they spell rum with a capital R, but are not welcome in this busy cosmopolis of ours. Hence the problem was to avoid the aforesaid variations. How?

Rachmaninoff began his scheme with them, and we gambled on the chance of his sticking to the repetition double-bar—if there be one—as he did at his first recital with the Mozart Variations. Mr. Ganz put them as his fourth number. No escape. And then the Rachmaninoff C sharp minor prelude, commonly referred to in Pittsburh as it, (capitalized.) That figured in Part III., and the Eternal Flapper, who plays at it, as she plays at Sinding and Moszkowski, and the sugary Liszt Chant d'Amour, was happy. But we had to swallow the Variations—and mighty well played they were by Ganz—and just reached Carnegie Hall as Rachmaninoff sounded the sombre opening of the much-abused Prelude. Curiously enough he did not play it in the Pieper style. Very impressive it proved, and the various little accents and changes in rhythm and the personal rubato—why, Apollo be praised; we hardly recognized the piece; itself a clever variation on Hensel. It was Stasoff, said to have died a few weeks ago, who introduced this Prelude here in Mendelssohn Hall, in West Fortieth Street; now no more.

Both Aeolian and Carnegie Halls were fairly filled. The weather was hardly propitious, and the critical commuters sapped sorrow long without their umbrellas.

HEIFETZ SCALES HEIGHTS.

His Playing of Beethoven Concerto Applauded by Vast Audience.

When Mark Twain once thought to climb the Matterhorn, he decided he could get a better idea of the mountain by watching some real climbers through an opera glass. Jascha Heifetz last night scaled the Matterhorn of violinists—scaled and trilled and cadenza'd the Beethoven concerto—and brought back a photograph lacking color of life. Acclaimed "fiddler to the angels," Heifetz may or may not have played Beethoven's work in public before. His own manager thought not. Last year he did it a month earlier, the Brahms.

Last night, in a deluge of rain that warped strings, but left no empty chair in Carnegie Hall's sold-out house in the Philharmonic subscription, Heifetz organ-ized the big Tschaikowsky "Fantastic" Symphony was over, about the time commuters and critics were going home. The young wizard was nervous, which was a human and therefore hopeful sign. There was much tuning and trying of strings as he awaited the violin's entrance, and the first part was cold save for those passages where Beethoven seems to pause to contemplate the work and its maker, and to sing—and sigh—a little over it. There Heifetz also sang, as he did in the lovely Larghetto, while the Rondo was of course a field day for his skill.

In the cadenzas, whether his own or his master, Auer's, was not told, he tossed the whole bag of tricks into the air and watched the dazzling flights come down again like fireworks. It was pretty but it wasn't Beethoven. Heifetz may climb his Matterhorn some day. He has made the start in a spirit of good sportsmanship, and he has nurtured in the fear since he came here. His performance was much applauded. The whole orchestra had had a rising recall after Berlioz's symphony, and the season's longest concert ended near 11 o'clock with more Beethoven, the third "Leonore."

ADVERTISEMENT.

LAWYERS AND LAW STUDENTS ARE INVITED TO A LECTURE BY
CHARLES E. HUGHES
Former Justice Supreme Court U. S.
TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 28th, at 8:30 o'clock sharp, in the large meeting room of the Association of the Bar, 42 West 44th St.
Subject:
"Arguments in the Appellate Courts."
(This is one of the course of lectures on "The Actual Trial of Cases," which is being conducted for the College of the City of New York, by Henry Wollman, in co-operation with Bernard Naumburg, supervisor of the Course.)

AMUSEMENTS.

Burton Holmes
CARNEGIE HALL. AT 8:30
Sund. Eve. Mon. Mat. AT 3
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POPULAR PRICES 50c to $1.50

CARNEGIE HALL TO-MORROW (Sat.) Eve. at 8:15
Violin Recital MAX
ROSEN
Seats at Hall. Myr. Hasselé Jones. Steinway Piano.

WALDORF ASTORIA, To-night at 8:15. Joint Recital, Benefit for the NEW YORK OSTEOPATHIC CLINIC
LOUIS GRAVEURE
MILDRED DILLING
Tickets may be had from Cecil B. Rogers, 47 West 34th St. Telephone, Greeley 885.

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Matinee Today, Seat Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Eves. at 8:15

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mat. Daily, 25c-$1.
CECIL LEAN & Cleo Mayfield, Four Mortons, Morton & Glass, Clara Morton, Van Edwards and ADELE ROWLAND

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St.
New Year's Festival, Adelaide & Hughes, Geo. White & Co., Jimmie Hussey & Co., Muriel Window, Others.

AEOLIAN HALL, Fri. Eve., Jan. 31, at 8:15
CONCERT OF
CZECHO-SLOVAK MUSIC
Ornstein, Fabry, Mikova, Olshanski
Berkshire String Quartet, Dicktoon.
Prices 75 cents to $2.50. On sale at the Box Office.

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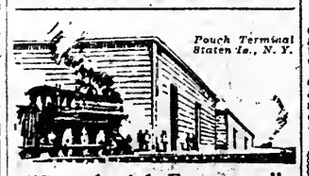
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in the current issue of

The Nation
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AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight at 8, (1st time) La Reine Fiammetta, Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux. Sat. Mat. at 2. L'Elisir d'Amore, Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti. Misiaeta. Cond., Papi. Sat. at 8:15. (25c to $6.) Lucia, Garrison; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Bada. Cond., Papi. Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $2. Godowsky, Pianist. Matsenauer, Rosalie Miller. Orch. Cond., Hageman. Next Mon. at 8, Forza del Destino, Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, De Luca, Mardones. Cond., Papi.
Tues. Mat. at 2. ($1 to $6.) Butterfly, Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni.
Wed. at 8:15. Oberon, Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier, Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs. at 8. Samson et Dalila, Matsenauer; Caruso, Omnibus, Rothier, Cond., Monteux.
Fri. at 8:15. Barbiere di Siviglia, Hempel; Hackett (debut), De Luca, Mardones, Misiaeta. Cond., Papi.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues., Jan. 28, at 8:15. Orfeo e la Canna, Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Lexington THEATRE 51st St. & Lex. Ave. Phone 4024 Plaza.
CHICAGO GRAND OPERA Association Beginning MONDAY, JANUARY 27.
Mon., "Gismonda"; Tues., "Romeo & Juliet"; Wed., "Madam Butterfly"; Thurs., "Monna Vanna"; Fri., "La Chemineau"; Sat. Mat., "Thais"; Sat. Night, "Tales of Hoffmann"; Mon., Feb. 3, "Isabeau"; Tues., Feb. 4, "Linda di Chamounix."
SEATS NOW ON SALE AT LEXINGTON THEATRE BOX OFFICE.

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SOCIETY
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Aeolian Hall, Tom'w (Sat.) Morn. at 11
THIRD SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR CHILDREN.
Mr. DAMROSCH will explain the Violoncello, Trumpet and Trombone.
Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan'y 26, at 3.
Soloist LASHANSKA
Mme. HULDA
RAFF, MASSENET, MENDELSSOHN, TSCHAIKOWSKY, LOEFFLER.
Carnegie Hall Thurs. Aft., Jan. 30. Sat. Evng., Feb'y 1.
Soloist SEIDEL
TOSCHA
DE SABATA, MENDELSSOHN, WAGNER.
Tickets at Box Offices. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Tomorrow Aft., 3:30.
PIANO RECITAL—JOSEF
HOFMANN
(STEINWAY PIANO.) Seats at Box Office.
Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Jan. 28, at 8:15
LEOPOLD
AUER
Program: BEETHOVEN SONATAS, C Minor, G Major, A Major.
Mme. WANDA STEIN at the Piano.

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Time and place to be announced later. Money for tickets will be refunded at
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AEOLIAN—THIS AFTERNOON AT 3.
Piano Recital
GABRILOWITSCH
ALL CHOPIN PROGRAM.
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
AEOLIAN—Tues. Aft., Jan. 28, at 3.
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GARDNER
SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Baldwin Piano.
Carnegie Hall Tuesday Eve., Jan. 28, at 8:15. Wed. Aft., Jan. 29, at 3.
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MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor
RACHMANINOFF
in his new Piano Concerto; Orchestral numbers by Stravinsky, Scriabine, Rimsky-Korsakoff. Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Steff Piano.

TODAY (DOORS 1:15) CENTURY (BEGINS 2:45)
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12 Stars in "Floradora"; 12 Distinguished Composers in a Pianologue; Sam Bernard & Nora Bayes in "Romeo & Juliet"; Two new comedies with local favorites; also eight other star features. Doors open 1:15.

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CLARENCE WHITEHILL, Baritone.
JAPANESE-WAGNERIAN PROGRAM
Mgt. Jules Daiber, (Steinway Piano.)

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15.
"Bon Voyage," Les Morchantes, All Seats
Lola Wentworth, others, in Theatre Reserved
Norma Talmadge, "Heart of Wetona," 25, 35, 50

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Brooklyn Academy of Music, Sun. Eve., Jan. 26, 8:15
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SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
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SOPRANO
Raff Symphony No. 5, "Lenore." Massenet, Saint-Saens, Tschaikowsky, Rimsky-Korsakoff.
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"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 81. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15. Evs. 8:15.
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BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
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In THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

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New Musical Play—The 100th Cast
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"

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A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w. & Wed., 2:30.
H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners | with IRENE BORDONI

French Thea. 59 W. 25. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:15
Vieux Colombier
THIS WEEK Les Freres Karamazov
Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

44th ST. Thes., Just W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
Smartest Musical Show in Town. With the Prettiest Girls in the World
LITTLE SIMPLICITY

SHUBERT West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
LAST 2 WEEKS in N. Y.
BETROTHAL
By Maeterlinck, Author of Blue Bird.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:15.
Riotous Musical Comedy With CHARLES PURCELL Chorus with a Kick
THE MELTING OF MOLLY

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
WILLIAM Courtenay AND TOM Wise
In Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit. CAPPY RICKS

LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30 Sharp. Matinee Tomorrow, 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' Comedy A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley. Moves to Vanderbilt Theatre next Monday.

Loew's 7th Av. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Sat., 25c to 75c. Next Week—"Business Before Pleasure"

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St., West of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
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MARJORIE RAMBEAU
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IN HER FAVORITE ROLE.
Eyes of Youth
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THE CLIMAX With ELEANOR PAINTER
"FRESHER AND MORE VIGOROUS THAN EVER."—*John Corbin, Times.*

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Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers
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A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

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"So funny you are sure to explode with laughter."—*Charles Darnton, Evening World.*

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Tea for 3
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.

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Tonight, 8:15. Sat. Mat. 2:15.
FRA DIAVOLO | MARTHA
Sat., 8:15, Miss Teyte's Farewell | MME. BUTTERFLY
With Maggie Teyte and Orville Harrold
Next Week—Mikado. (Popular Request.) Fra Diavolo. Martha. Feb. 3—Robin Hood. (1st cast.)

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION
SPECIAL—THIS AFT., 2:30 TOMORROW, 10:30 A.M.
WALTER HAMPDEN
HAMLET
SEATS 4 WEEKS AHEAD.

WILLIAM COLLIER LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30.
In "NOTHING BUT LIES"
Last 2 Weeks. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.

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Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes, "BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.
OH, MY DEAR!

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
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"RIDDLE: WOMAN"

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Next Week—An Ideal Husband.

Lost and Found Advertisements on next to last page.

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Two Entirely Different Shows.

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STUART WALKER'S PORTMANTEAU SEASON
Tel. Circle 1266. Current Bill, LORD DUNSANY'S
THE LAUGHTER of the GODS "Stingy" and "A Night in Avignon." | Mat. Today

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GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

VANDERBILT West 48 St. | Beg. Mon. Jan. 27 | Seats Now
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HAVE THE BOLSHEVIKI SURRENDERED?

If there be a special reason, not yet disclosed, for the unexpected agreement by the Allied envoys at Paris to receive representatives of all the Russian factions in conference near Constantinople, it may be surmised that recent disasters and possibly the impending collapse of the Bolsheviki in Russia have put them in a temper to make overtures to the Peace Conference of which the invitations to the Russian groups to send representatives to the conference on Feb. 15 are the result.

A possible consideration in support of this conjecture is to be found in the news of the defeat of the Bolshevist forces in the north, of the revolt of some of their troops, and the intimation that they might even surrender Petrograd. The recent gradual rise in the market quotations of Russian securities lends some slight confirmation to the theory, which is further supported by the statement in Paris dispatches that one of the definite proposals to be made to the Russian representatives will be that an adequate arrangement be made for the payment of Russia's debts. Inasmuch as the repudiation of the foreign debt was one of the chief joys of the Bolsheviki, it cannot be imagined that a reassumption of liability would be asked of them, or assented to if asked. Russia owes hundreds of millions to France; the French Government would scarcely agree to the plan of a conference which might lead to the setting up of a recognized Bolshevist Government, from which she would never recover a kopeck of the vast sums due. Manifestly, there has been some change in the situation in Russia, known to the envoys at Paris, which has made this agreement possible; and it would seem to follow of necessity that the Bolsheviki can have no part in the plans the Allies have in mind for the future of Russia. Otherwise, they could have reached no agreement.

STEPHEN PICHON, the French Foreign Minister, in rejecting LLOYD GEORGE's proposal to receive in conference the representatives of the Russian groups, including the Bolsheviki, said that "the French Government will make no contract with crime." The Bolsheviki, he said, did not represent a democratic government, they could not possibly develop a government, since they were supported "solely by the lowest passions of anarchical expression," and could not claim to be recognized. It must be that there has been some marked change in the prospects and position of the Bolsheviki, for their nature cannot change, they are still criminals, still enemies of society, and the French Government would not assent to any treatment of them which might lead to their possible recognition.

Moreover, the statement, prepared by Mr. WILSON, which sets forth the plan of the conference at Princes' Islands, in its own language supports the conclusion that the Allies are confident that the Bolsheviki will be eliminated, that the Omsk Government, the Archangel group, and the organizations in Southern Russia; as the true representatives of the Russian people, will be able to form a recognizable government. On any other theory the official statement of the Supreme Council at Paris would read like a bitter travesty of Allied intentions. To say that the Allies "recognize the absolute right of the "Russian people to direct their own "affairs without dictation or direction "of any kind from outside"; to say that it is their sole and sincere purpose "to do what they can to bring "Russia peace and an opportunity to "find her way out of her present "troubles," unless it is evident and known that the Bolsheviki are near the end of their rope, would be a proclamation of purpose to abandon the Russian people to destruction. So long as the Bolsheviki were in possession of most of the arms in Russia; so long as by the looting of banks and by the robbing of private individuals and the issuing of floods of "government" money and by the control of foodstuffs, they were able to maintain a Red army made up of peasants and workingmen for whom service in that army was the only alternative to starvation, it would have been impossible for the Russian people to find their way out of their "present troubles," save by death at the hands of the armies controlled by LENINE and TROTZKY. They are a helpless, leaderless mass, sheep at the mercy of the butcher. If the butcher were in a way to continue his trade, the Allies could not leave them to their fate without assuming the guilt of a cruel betrayal, without violating their many and generous pledges of succor.

If it be true that the Bolsheviki have nearly run their race, then the plan adopted by the Allies becomes intelligible, it is promising. Certainly it would have been unnecessary for the Supreme Council to disclaim the intention to "give coun"tenance to any attempt at a coun"ter-revolution." Nobody but the Bolsheviki would have made that charge. But the Bolsheviki themselves are the counter-revolution in Russia, they have robbed the Russians of the fruits of the revolution of March, 1917, for in place of the oppressive rule of the autocrat they have set up the lawless and bloody dominion of a small but prevailing criminal group, prevailing because in the disorganized condition of Russia it controlled men enough and arms enough and money enough to overawe the helpless majority.

The obscurity which now veils the origin and motives of the sudden agreement of the Allied envoys will be cleared up by the treatment their invitation receives in Russia, and ultimately by the character of the Russian representation and of the proceedings at the conference on the island in the Sea of Marmora. The present outlook, however, is hopeful for Russia and for the Allied relations with Russia, because of the very great probability that the overthrow of the Bolshevist power is a foreordained result of the conference.

A COALITION COMMITTEE.

Is the boundless chasm between the Old Guard and the Progressive Republicans of the Senate to be bridged? Seven pontifices have been appointed by Senator LODGE. Three, Mr. CUMMINS, Mr. NORRIS, Mr. LENROOT, are Progressives. Four are "regular, or reactionary, Mr. HALE, Mr. HARDING, Mr. KNOX, Mr. SMOOT. The last, a highly competent Senator, had been regarded as utterly reprobate, if any regular be indeed reprobate utterly, if even for Mr. PENROSE the light does not hold out to burn.

This coalition of regulars and irregulars is to make rules for the reorganization of the committees when the Republicans control the Senate. Is Republican Harmony, with corpulent Chairmanships in her train, about to bless us? Neither Mr. LA FOLLETTE nor Mr. BORAH was at the caucus. Yet the Republicans must have the votes of these absentees and dissenters.

May there be Chairmanships enough to go around, committee assignments comforting to Regular and Irregular alike, and forgiveness even for BOIES PENROSE, for all his Pennsylvanian inheritance of unregenerate politics, an able and a useful Senator when he chooses to be.

THE VICTORY LOAN.

The Victory Loan is the key which is needed to unlock the economic and financial future. The money has been spent and the bills must be paid before the resources can be put at other work. So, too, the Victory bonds must in turn be paid, but Congress cannot lay its taxes until it knows when the bonds will fall due and what interest must be paid meanwhile. Moreover, it is not possible to compartment the Victory Loan and regard it as an independent issue. The market will promptly relate its terms regarding interest and maturity to all outstanding issues. They must be protected in the interest of all concerned, so much does their total exceed the total of the last loan to be issued.

If it were only a question of raising six billions, the rate of interest to be paid might readily be made whatever is necessary to get the funds. But if the rate were made high enough easily to accomplish that purpose, all issues of all securities would be adjusted to make a yield which the market considered a fair equivalent for the increased yield on the new national bonds. As even the Liberty bonds are selling to yield below the rate which any one thinks would attract six billions of new funds at this time, it is clear that their present discount would be increased proportionately to the increased rate on the next and last issue. Four times takers of Liberty bonds have been taught that their subscriptions at par yield to them a loss on principal of about a year's interest within a short time after the lists were closed. That is not the sort of education best fitted to enlarge the list of Victory Loan takers, and it is highly desirable that the terms of issue should be such as to maintain the issue near the original price. That must be par under the present policy of Congress.

The rate to be fixed depends upon the term and the combination of the term with privilege of exemption from taxation. A national obligation to pay interest and not to collect taxes is more valuable in proportion that its term is longer. In fact, the exemption and obligation are so valuable that the Treasury inclines to shorten the term. The combination which is spoken of just now is a term of two to ten years at the Treasury's option and a rate of 4 per cent., with tax exemption. Those are excellent terms considered in connection with previous issues and present market conditions. The price of the present fully exempt issue shows that a higher rate than 3½ is necessary. The discount on the other issues with qualified exemption shows that the higher rate alone is not sufficient, unless made so high as to be depressing to outstanding issues. It also would be costly in tax-exemption cost. On a six-billion-dollar loan the difference between 4 and 5 per cent. is $60,000,000 yearly for the term. The increase of interest might be a little more than balanced by the taxes collected, but it is useless and costly to collect taxes for the sake of disbursing interest. The lower rate with exemption privilege would within a narrow margin of difference compensate the Treasury for the loss of taxes.

The balancing of these considerations is matter of judgment. The future must be considered as well as the present, and foreign conditions as well as domestic. The present alone is the known factor. A good line on foreign conditions is about to be given by the reception of the British loan to refund in this market the maturing 5½ per cent. notes. For a twenty-year term the market has rated the worth of these notes around 104. The premium shows that the rate is too high. Both the British and domestic national loans are in irreproachable credit, but the Victory Loan has certain domestic privileges in regard to rediscount and availability for loans in relation to banking capital, which give it preference enough to justify a lower rate. The Canadian loans have three maturities and all are at a premium, with the larger premium on the longer maturities. The same preference for longer maturities was shown when recent large industrial issues were offered at a lower yield for the longer term.

There is one suggestion yet to be made to unite these conflicting interests. Since the Victory Loan is to be the last, it is an excellent chance to unify all issues. There are too many issues, with too many varieties of rates and privileges, to give anything like a standard quotation for Government credit. The multiplicity and diversity of issues confuse those not familiar with the money market, and tend to give a wrong impression that there are grades of Government credit instead of diversity of terms. The banking condition is now so strong that conditions are favorable for a consolidated issue, with option to all present holders to exchange into it on terms open to all. If the new issue were made in serial form there would be both long and short terms to suit the wants of all takers, either investors or bankers. The Treasury already has expressed itself as favorable to the renewal of lapsed privileges of conversion on the ground of inexperience of the holders. The idea is good in proportion that it is general, not special. Such a consolidated issue also might follow the British example of giving an option of taking a low rate with tax exemption or a higher rate without it. That would allow the takers of the loan to balance these conflicting considerations, each for himself, and on the same terms for all.

THE UNSCRAMBLING OF PRUSSIA.

Comic, if wild, is the rage of most of the non-Socialist press of Berlin at the decision of the Government that the National Assembly be held at Weimar. The capital on the Spree sulks. Why should the fine old town on the Ilm, capital of the Augustan age of German literature, be preferred to the capital of shoddy and militarism? The choice of Weimar is in fact admirable. The place is accessible, pleasant, made for visitors. The Spartacan ruffians haven't the chance there that a vast city, breeding and collecting criminals, would give them. Some moral influences should come from the Goethe-Schiller Monument before the Court Theatre where the Assembly is to meet, from all that peace and dignity of a time when Germany had not become the dupe of materialism.

Some non-Prussian site had to be chosen. The old resentments against the dominance and insolence of Prussia have sprung up stronger since Germany was lured to disaster by Prussia. In the South German States this feeling has long been more than latent. In the provinces added to Prussia by the Congress of Vienna, in Frankfort, Hanover, Hesse-Cassel, Nassau, which she gobbled after the Seven Weeks' War, in Saxony, which TALLEYRAND, by inducing England and Austria to support France, prevented Prussia from gobbling altogether at the Congress of Vienna, the old enmities smolder. Finally, all Germans who really want a democratic government must want the Prussian collar taken off their necks for good.

One can imagine how shrilly the Prussian Junker press, in the provinces as in Berlin, must shriek and ululate at the deprussianization not only of Germany but of Prussia itself. It is not the spurned beauty of Berlin, if beauty it have, that moves such wrath. It is not alone the cockneys of Berlin, bewailing that a provincial capital is preferred to the capital of Kultur, that we hear lamenting. It is East Elbia, grandeedom, all the contemporary Knights of the Sword. Prussia the Great is fallen. The Majority Socialists mean to break into seven or eight States the mighty robber State, by secular thrift and cunning and violence built up on Brandenburg.

TALLEYRAND, demonic-clever as he was, made a titanic error when he consented to compromise the Saxon question and let Prussia have half dismembered Saxony, and the provinces marching with France as "compensation" for the rest. Thus Prussia, hitherto mainly an East, became a Central German State, while Austria, swapping her possessions in the Netherlands for Italian and Dalmatian lands, conveniently headed southeast out of Prussia's way; and Prussia, which had been forcing herself westward since the seventeenth century, and had been halted by NAPOLEON, as eager to force her to the east, forged westward and watched the Rhine. Now the whirligig of Time brings on his revenges. The partitioner of Poland is herself to be partitioned, in a sense Prussia is to be made safe for Germany. One can't blame the Junkers if they see the end of their world and growl like their esteemed hero of eight hundred years ago, ALBERT, the Bear of Brandenburg.

DEGENERATION OF A NOBLE RACE.

Defeat has brought to Germany what her cultural leaders used to tell her people would be the ultimate and deepest infamy, a process of Americanization. In Coblenz the other day German girls were discovered polishing the boots of American soldiers, and in many an honest Rhenish household there were groans of anguish at this degrading enslavement of German womanhood. For German officers, in the days before the war, to push women out of the way as they passed by, for the German paterfamilias to walk before the wife who carries the bundles—these things were right and proper, part of time-honored German culture. But for German girls to polish the boots of the invader—this was outrage inconceivable.

However, it was soon discovered that a thrifty citizen of Coblenz had discovered the American liking for resplendent footwear, and had opened up his own shoe-shining parlor with girl help, (perhaps because he could get them at a lower wage,) so it was not American tyranny at all, but German business. Another imitation of American custom must, of course, have been the high-handed measures adopted to abolish LIEBKNECHT and LUXEMBURG. One of the German comic weeklies only last August got out what might have been called a special lynching number, in which practically all the space was devoted to this American pastime. A full-page illustration showed a scaffold erected in Wall Street, with skyscrapers towering all about, and harsh-faced persons in cowboy costume in the act of lynching a mild-mannered German, while silk-hatted plutocrats and ladies of fashion crowded in to applaud. It was notorious in Germany at that time that hundreds, if not thousands, of Germans had been so treated, and the prevalence of lynch law was deemed the worst of the innumerable abominable traits which German observers found in the American character. If, then, the Germans adopt lynching themselves, it can only be in the pathetic effort to win our friendship and in the firm conviction that less strenuous measures than imitation are of no avail.

One of these weaker measures is chronicled in dispatches from the zone of occupation—the issuance of souvenir watchfobs on which the Stars and Stripes encircle the Iron Cross. This pretty memento does not seem to be having much of a sale. No wonder the Germans are driven to extreme and distasteful methods in order to win our esteem. They have blown up our factories, sunk our ships, drowned our women and children, bombed our hospitals, tried to stir rebellion among our people, lied to our Government, reviled every trait of our character, tried to partition our territory, and finally distributed ornaments on which our most sacred emblem is united with theirs; and still we do not love them. If, after all this, they are driven to swallow their feelings and pretend that they like American customs, their motive for trying to win our favor must be an urgent one indeed.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Power Rarely Exercised. The chief lesson of the theatre tax episode is that it demonstrates how easily any considerable fraction of the voting population can have its way with legislators when the units in that fraction—it need not be a majority—are in reality or appearance all of one mind, and have found, or have had found for them, methods of making themselves articulate. Much more onerous taxes than this one—taxes far less easily defensible—are in, and seem likely to remain in, the pending Revenue bill, and the predestinate payers thereof content themselves with an occasional, entirely ineffectual, growl.

This may be due to the fact that these other taxes are less well understood, or because they will be paid after only a single twinge of pain instead of in small amounts of real money, handed over at more or less frequent intervals by or for everybody who seeks the amusement the stage provides. Another reason may be the comparative unfamiliarity of the tax. It is not one of those of such long standing as to be included with death among the recognised inevitables and unescapables. A tax on a house, now—that is in the order of nature, as it were; nobody hopes to avoid it and therefore nobody seeks to do so, particularly as houses cannot be hidden, which also conduces to resignation. Theatre tickets, on the contrary, have hitherto been "of wild nature," as the lawyers say, and a tax on them attracts immediate and indignant attention, just as did all game laws in days not remote.

His Answer Ended the Controversy. As President of a large and variously powerful union, JAMES MCGUIRE had not a little excuse for believing that he could address the Mayor, if not exactly in the tone of one laying down the law to a black beetle, yet with a sternness and acerbity proportioned to his resentment of what the Mayor had done. At any rate, as that is what Mr. MCGUIRE did when he wrote to the Mayor, asking why members of the police force had been used to run the municipal ferryboats during the harbor strikes, it is evident that Mr. MCGUIRE thought the excuse for sternness and acerbity sufficient.

He had what, to save the time it would require to think up a new phrase, may be called a rude awakening. "Rude" is not quite the right word, but it will do, for there is little doubt that Mr. MCGUIRE, when he read the Mayor's reply to his question, murmured, as do all those rudely awakened, "Where am I?" Well he might, for the Mayor, instead of shrinking and shriveling, as was expected, under an inquiry obviously intended and expected to be a rhetorical substitute for condemnation, returned a note that surely was what the world's people would call some settler. It is worth reprinting, as a model document, worthy to be copied not infrequently by other public officials. It wasn't long and ran thus:

> Answering your peremptory demand to know "why I took the stand I did" in the recent sympathetic strike of certain city employes, who had no grievance of their own as to wages or hours, I can only offer in explanation, but without apology, a certified copy of my oath of office as Mayor of this city.

Questions Hard to Answer. It would be more than interesting to know by the application of just what tests the officials who examined the conscientious objectors at Fort Leavenworth decided that some of these objectors were "sincere" and some were not. We all arrive at belief in similar cases, but that seems hardly enough to decide action when on it depends whether men shall regain their liberty or remain long years in prison.

Really to know sincerity from insincerity requires what is meant by "a searching of hearts"—a task recognized as beyond human ability. On the other hand, what does the sincerity of an objector to the performance of a citizen's first duty have to do with the question whether or not he can be permitted, without punishment, to persist in refusing to perform that duty?

We would not ask about the sincerity of a man who professed to believe in human sacrifice as a part of religious obligation. If he put his belief into practice, we should either put him to death as a murderer or shut him up in an asylum as a madman.

Objection to military service at one's country's call is based on one of two convictions—that war is always wrong or that war is always dangerous. The result is the same in either case—the service is avoided by the objector and made heavier for his neighbors.

This is not to say, of course, that it is necessary or even worth while to support in idleness for many years men who in times of peace may be fairly, or even notably, amiable and estimable. It is only to express wonder as to how the investigators whom Secretary BAKER trusted knew who was sincere and who wasn't and what logical difference it made whether the subjects of investigation were sincere or not.

The Gaelic Language.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The editorial article in Thursday's TIMES repeats the assertion made by a correspondent on the spot that the proceedings of the first Irish Assembly were conducted in a "dead" language. This is a mistake. Irish is the sole language of a quarter of a million people in Ireland. There has never been a time when less than half a million spoke it. And since the Gaelic League started to work for a national revival, the language has been spread through the country, and now all the young, educated people of the Nationalist tradition pride themselves on using it. It may interest your readers to know that Irish has been an obligatory subject in the National University since its foundation.

The editorial in THE TIMES compared the proceedings in the Irish Assembly to what might take place if an Indian Parliament made use of Sanscrit or a German Parliament made use of Old Gothic. There is really no analogy. One would not go into the villages in India or in Germany to learn Sanscrit or Old Gothic. But one would have to go into the villages in Ireland to learn Irish. By the way, one could learn the same language by going into the villages in the Highlands and islands of Scotland.

PADRAIC COLUM.

New York, Jan. 23, 1919.

A Welcome to Breshkovskaya.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you allow me and other old American citizens of Russian origin to extend, through your great journal, our hearty welcome to Catherine Breshkovskaya to this blessed land of liberty, free labor, and fair play? While in Russia, over forty-five years ago, we respected Catherine Breshkovskaya as champion of freedom and victim of the Czarist regime, and now we deeply sympathize with her as the victim of the abominable terrorist misrule, uniting old despotism with mob rule. May free speech of "the Grandmother of Russian revolution" counteract most effectively pernicious Bolshevist propaganda both in this country and in Russia.

PETER J. POPOFF.

Flushing, N. Y., Jan. 23, 1919.

TO THE WOUNDED.

This is our homage when you pass us by;
Not the crude, pitying stare you dread, but this—
Averted eyes, and conquered tears, and pangs
Of helpless love • • • You do not know how brave
We also are, not stretching out our hands,
Maddened with pity, to the stranger faces
That whitely pass us, needing us so much!
Oh, boy with deep bright eyes and crippled foot,
Oh, soldier with the face made old with war,
We promise you, by every wound you bear,
A nation's homage and a nation's help,
And all its grateful hearts, your eager friends!

SULAMITH ISH-KISHOR.

RIDDER NEWSPAPER UNDER NEW INQUIRY

Staats-Zeitung Editorial Cited to Senators as Sample of German Propaganda.

ANARCHIST SCHOOLS GROW

Senator Overman Discusses Restricting Immigration to Anglo-Saxons for Ten Years.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The Government has been conducting an investigation into the ownership of the New York Staats-Zeitung, an editorial from which paper was read into the records of the Senate Committee on Propaganda today as being a typical expression of post-armistice pro-German propaganda such as is now being carried on in this country.

The Government's suspicions as to the control of the paper were not established, although evidence was obtained which indicated that in the latter part of 1914 and early in 1915 the German Foreign Office was deeply interested in the fortunes of the paper, and had authorized, if necessary, the expenditure of a large sum of money to refinance it. The Ridder brothers denied that such aid was received.

Evidence also was brought out showing that in most of the larger cities there are now organized Soviets, similar to those in Russia, that anarchists are now conducting schools, and that the radical propaganda which has taken on new life since the signing of the armistice is gaining headway in those parts of the country where there are large foreign-born populations.

Near the close of the afternoon session there was an informal discussion of future immigration laws. It seemed to be the opinion of the committee that stringent laws on this subject should be enacted, Senator Overman, the Chairman of the committee, going so far as to ask whether or not it might be well to restrict immigration into the United States for the next ten years to members of the Anglo-Saxon race. Archibald E. Stevenson, of the Military Intelligence Service, when asked what he thought of such a proposition, replied that in his opinion it would be a good thing.

Mr. Stevenson read the Staats-Zeitung editorial of December 8, which in part, was as follows:

"Hundreds of thousands of our boys are standing now over there in the old homeland, which for nineteen months was enemy country and is that still, but which, as President Wilson promised, will soon be a land of peace again, rich in diligent work, rich in true and good people, • • • as the whole happy life of this blessed region presents a picture to the spectator, it is to be wondered whether his [the American soldier] memory will awaken on what he read of this country [Germany] at home long ago, whether he will feel a slight blush of shame in his cheeks and anger for those who, not from their own knowledge but from doubtful sources, branded a whole great people, 70,000,000, as barbarians, Huns, murderers of children and church robbers. And whether he [the American soldier] will at the same time make a pledge in his heart to combat those lies and rumors when he is back home again, and to tell the truth about those [the Germans] living behind those mountains."

Germans Afraid to Come Here.

The editorial continues with a reference to a great number of Germans who will want to come here after peace is signed, but doubts that they will come because of the treatment that it says has been accorded to their kin in this country. It adds, however, that "it would be good if they would come."

"You say that was published in The Staatz-Zeitung; now I would like to ask you," said Major Humes, "if you have any information regarding the financing of that paper?"

Mr. Stevenson replied that he was in possession of certain information which had developed during the recent investigation of the paper. That investigation, he added, was conducted by Nathaniel R. Elsberg, as a special Deputy Attorney General, appointed for the purpose by the Attorney General of New York, who had acted at the request of the Government at Washington. When Herman Ridder, the father of the present owners of The Staatz-Zeitung, died he left the paper involved, Mr. Stevenson said, to the extent of more than $300,000. The stock of the paper, he said, had been pledged as collateral for various private loans.

Mr. Stevenson said that the only German money which it had been proved was actually transferrd into the treasury of the paper was $15,000 which Dr. Dernburg advanced through Adolph Pavenstedt, the German banker and intimate friend of Bernstorff.

"I may add," said Mr. Stevenson, "that some very interesting testimony was given by George von Skal, the former managing editor of The Staatz-Zeitung, who was subsequently associated with Captain von Papen. Von Skal swore that he had seen cablegrams in von Papen's files which stated that if The Staatz-Zeitung was not assisted out of its then difficulties it might fall into hands unfriendly to the Germans. He then read from the record what von Skal had to say on this subject. The testimony concerned the refinancing of The Staatz-Zeitung in 1915, and communications with Berlin about it.

How Paper Was Financed.

The Staatz-Zeitung, Mr. Stevenson said, was reorganized through the issuance of about $200,000 preferred stock which was underwritten by Chandler & Co., the New York bankers. This was the bank that handled the sales of the first German war bonds sold in this country. A holding company, the witness added, was formed, and the stock put in the hands of voting trustees, the chief of the voting trustees being Adolph Pavenstedt of G. Amsinck & Co.

"The voting trustees," said Mr. Stevenson, "controlled the management, put in the Directors they wanted, and were practically the owners of the paper. Others besides Pavenstedt who were interested in the refinancing of the paper were Fritz Achelis, George Ehret, who, I think, put in $50,000, Henry Heide, William Knauth, Adolph Kuttroff, William H. Mulligan, the estate of Jacob Schwartz, William J. Amend, and Amand Pagenstocher."

In his references to anarchistic propaganda, Mr. Stevenson said that the schools for children which the anarchists were conducting were in most of the principal cities of the country. Leonard D. Abbott of New York he named as the head of the school system, which includes schools for adults as well.

On the subject of Bolshevism, Mr. Stevenson said that it was not generally known that the Bolshevists are now in control of several Mexican States.

WILL BE "LADY PATRICIA."

Princess to Lose Her Royal Title on Marriage, the King Consenting.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—King George has consented to the renunciation by Princess Patricia of Connaught of both her title of "Princess" and her style of address as "Royal Highness" on her marriage next month to Commander Lord Alexander Ramsay, brother of the Earl of Dalhousie.

The Princess after her marriage will be known as Lady Patricia Ramsay. She will receive a considerable fortune from the estate of her mother, the late Duchess of Connaught.

ART NOTES.

Exhibitions at the Anderson and American Galleries.

At the Anderson Galleries are three exhibitions of various degrees of interest. Downstairs is a collection of antique objects of art, carvings, textiles, porcelains, sculptures, prints, &c., to be sold by order of A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian. These objects belonged to German dealers and cannot be sold to a German or any one representing a German.

Among the pieces of furniture in the collection is a very remarkable and beautiful walnut cassone, a specimen belonging to the finest period of Italian Renaissance and of unusually noble proportions. Three panels on the front are separated by Renaissance pilasters and framed by borders of inlay. There is a decoration of inlay and gilded pastiglia of great richness, yet the general effect is dignified to the point of austerity. Another notable piece in a very different vein is a French Louis XV. table of rosewood with fine ormolu work. There also is a Louis XVI. set of furniture covered with embroidered silk after the charming designs of Philip Lascelle, incredibly accurate in workmanship and fresh and fair in color.

The stone and wood carvings are for the most part of German origin, two or three of them coming from the famous Spitzer collection. A terra cotta Florentine Madonna of the late fifteenth century is a piece of modeling as lovely as anything that incomparable century has shown in this kind. The purity of the type, the long gracious lines of the drapery and flowing hair, the breadth and simplicity of the treatment make the little piece a source of rare pleasure.

The mezzotints and stipples are of good quality, the Gaugain stipple after Morland's "Louisa" having an especial vivacity of execution and color. One seldom sees a print of this subject in which Louisa's "mild yet steadfast eyes," to quote the stanza inscribed on the margin, are so little obliterated. The sale takes place on the afternoon of Jan. 27, and American citizens will have an opportunity of securing admirable treasures, but the penalties of the law are heavy for any one attempting to purchase for, or resell to, an alien.

Three Collections of Moderns.

The Inglis-Morton-Lawrence collections of modern pictures now on view at the American Art Galleries, although brought together by three different collectors, are astonishingly harmonious and expressive of a rare faculty of discrimination. Mr. Morton's Ryders form a remarkable and beautiful set, ranging from "The Equestrian," a sketch in which J. Alden Weir, Ryder's old friend, figures as the horseman, accompanied by his dog, to the "Pegasus," painted for Charles De Kay in 1885, and including "The Pond" and "Homeward Bound," the former a comparatively conventional arrangement of landscape features, but with a nobility and richness that places it on the plane of the masterpieces, the latter conveying the mystery of evening with the sense of loneliness attaching to figures in a wide landscape.

Mr. Morton's collection also includes pastels by Eugene Higgins, a couple of symbolic compositions by Kenneth Hayes Miller, several landscapes by William S. Robinson, a small Blakelock, a Jerome Myers, a Childe Hassam of special splendor, a very beautiful "Nocturne" by Ernest Lawson showing city streets drenched with rain and peopled by almost indistinguishable figures, and "An Old-Fashioned Circus," also by Lawson, both rich in the romantic spirit yielded by ordinary material at this accomplished painter's command. Other American paintings in the same collection are Twachtman's "My Summer Studio," Jonas Lie's "The Fog," two other Lawsons, one of Frederick C. Frieseke's most inveigling descriptions of feminine frippery, Juliet Thompson's portrait of Mrs. Leslie Carter, and a superb example, from the Cyrus J. Lawrence collection, of Mary Cassatt's wholesome and athletic art, a mother and sturdy child, the red of the mother's bodice flaming magnificently among the muted colors in the neighboring pictures.

Mr. Morton's Foreign Pictures.

Mr. Morton's foreign pictures are fewer in number but equally distinguished. A pleasant Courbet, "The Blacksmith's Shop," a good Renoir, a charming Sisley, a Raffaelli of unusual and superior quality, a young woman standing before her dressing table, her robust yet piquant beauty and the plastic character of the modeling strongly supporting the delicate wreaths of pale color in white draperies and pink flowers; a little Cazin, a pastel by Degas, an artist's model resting on a couch in an attitude of exhaustion, bringing into play the muscular rhythms of which Degas was master to a degree unequaled by any of his contemporaries, and a couple of interesting Ribots.

The Frank R. Lawrence collection also abounds in good American work. "In the Forest," by Alexander Wyant, is in that really great painter's best vein, the sunlight that sifts in through the foliage luring the eye to far horizons, and the fine proportions of the foreground adding to the sense of spaciousness. "Gray Day, Shropshire, England," by Charles Melville Dewey, is one of the prizes of the collection, a landscape in which the structure of line, an architecture as infrangible as it is delicate, is overlaid by lovely modulations of light and shade and color, a picture as varied, firm, moving in its emotional appeal as Nature in her kindest mood and in its basic scheme as the traditional Medean laws. The interest felt by the artist in his foreground has resulted in a marvelously complex portrait of that little patch of moist ground, but its beautiful complexity is fused in a still more beautiful simplicity of effect. The artist has done nothing more interesting as a technical achievement or more enchanting as a poetic interpretation of the natural world.

Other Americans in the Lawrence collection are F. Ballard Williams, H. W. Ranger, David Johnson, Robert C. Minor, Edward Moran, F. W. Kost, W. G. Bunce, C. H. Eaton, C. H. Miller, Julian Rix, Irving R. Wiles, and John J. Enneking.

In the Inglis collection foreign names predominate, but there are two flower subjects by J. Alden Weir of exquisite quality. The French paintings in this collection will enlist attention. There is a Barye landscape with the seal of the "Vente Barye," small handsome panels by Monticelli, Fantin Latour, François Bonvin, Charles Jacque, and drawings by Millet, Puvis de Chavannes, and Daubigny.

The walls are far from crowded, and the pictures, with few exceptions, will threaten the self-control of the most restrained bidder should he happen to fancy the kind of art that is a joy forever.

Moore Collection of Oriental Art.

In the upper galleries is the Rufus E. Moore collection of Oriental art objects, many of the Chinese porcelains equaling the best that have been shown even in this place of hospitality to the finest works of the East. The brilliant example of "sang de boeuf" numbered 1159, for example, is as fiery and deep in color and as elegant in form as the most exacting connoisseur could ask, much finer than anything sold in the open market in recent years. No. 1147, a mirror black vase, as intensely black as a raven's wing and graceful in shape, is another remarkable specimen. The single color group as a whole is impressive, and its dignity is enhanced by the tact shown in the arrangement of the cases. Nothing is easier to spoil than the effect of a miscellaneous collection of objects strong in color and varied in shape. To see each at its best they have to be treated as an artist treats the pigments in his tubes, as material, that is, out of which to make a picture. A very satisfying picture has been made of the Moore collection.

The Sung wares and the handsome pieces of Korean ware will have much to say to the modern collector who has turned in recent years to these less sophisticated products with their more robust forms and graver color. A fourteenth century Korean jar, No. 591, is particularly happy in the color and character of the grapevine decoration, a bold attempt at aubergine that falls short of the tint probably desired, but achieves a high degree of beauty.

SEND SHIP TO HELP SUFFERING SYRIANS

Pensacola Sails with 4,000-Ton Cargo of Food and Supplies.

THIRD TO LEAVE THIS PORT

Three Former Ambassadors to Turkey Send Greetings to Expedition.

The steamship Pensacola, the third ship to leave this port with relief supplies for the Near East, will sail today for Beirut, Syria, with 4,000 tons of clothing, food, fuel, machinery, and hospital supplies, being sent by the American Committee for Relief in the Near East.

The committee held a send-off meeting on the Pensacola yesterday. Cleveland A. Dodge, Treasurer of the committee, spoke, as did Albert Lucas, Secretary of the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Fund for Jewish War Sufferers, which contributed $300,000 toward the cost of the cargo of the Pensacola. The Rev. G. Monorian of the Armenian National Union spoke on behalf of his countrymen and the Rev. Dr. Joakin Alexopoulos bade the vessel godspeed in the name of the Greeks of Asia Minor, who will share in the relief supplies. There was a brief talk by the Rev. H. A. Kisbany, representing the Syrians. He presented a bouquet of flowers to Captain Fred Marcus, commander of the ship.

Speaking for the Red Cross, which co-operated in the sending of the steamship, Albert E. Staub, Director of the Atlantic Division, said that the cargo was an expression of love and sympathy of the whole American people toward those suffering in the Near East. In behalf of the committee, Secretary Charles V. Vickery pointed out that the Food Administration had guaranteed additional cargoes of flour and other foods as needed by the committee.

Three former Ambassadors from the United States to Turkey sent greetings to the Pensacola expedition. The message from Oscar S. Straus reads as follows:

> The subject nationalities of the Ottoman Empire, the Syrians, the Armenians, and Jews, have been the greatest martyrs of the war. The humanitarian relief which America has so generously accorded to these suffering people and the relief that is now going forward will ever stand to the great credit of America and save from starvation thousands of unfortunates, who will be best qualified to contribute to the regeneration of the Near East.

Abram I. Elkus sent the following:

> I regret I cannot be with you in person, but I know that you will bring relief to many starving and hungry, and that you will do much to help the poor people of the Near East who are in so much need of assistance.

Henry Morgenthau wrote:

> I greatly regret that I am unable personally to wish the relief expedition in the Near East "godspeed." My heart and wishes are with you.
>
> The condition of the Armenians in Turkey was pitiful when I left in 1916, and since then many have died from starvation and exposure.
>
> The personnel of this expedition will be bringing to the Armenians the first relief and ray of hope that they have had for many years.
>
> It is my earnest wish that you should be the advance guard of many Americans and shiploads of food to follow.

Ex-army men on board are: Charles F. Weeden, Jr. of Newton Centre, Mass., who was in the Air Service; Gardiner C. Means of Brookline, Mass., who was a second lieutenant in the Aviation corps, stationed at Ellington Field, Cicott, Texas; Donald Burke Perry of Hallowell, Maine, who has just left the Signal Officers' Training School at Camp Vail, N. J.; Thomas W. Farnsworth of Hartford, Conn., a private from Camp Devens, Mass.; Carleton S. Ayer of Boston, Mass., who was a second lieutenant in the Signal Corps; Charles V. Farnham, second lieutenant in the Aviation Section; Joel L. Connolly of Dorchester, Mass., who was a lieutenant in the Medical Corps; Charles Graber of Philadelphia, who was a private; William E. Greenleaf of Fair Haven, Vt., formerly a second lieutenant in the Sanitary Corps; Dr. Manning C. Field of Brooklyn, N. Y., who served in the Medical Corps for fifteen months, and Edward W. Burgess of Plymouth, Mass., and Richard T. Wilson of Watertown, Mass.

BEST STATUES FOR SOLDIERS

Academy of Arts Makes Public Appeal for Artistic Memorials.

That all monuments, medals, &c., to appear as memorials of the valor of American soldiers, sailors, and marines of the great war may be of the highest artistic merit, the American Academy of Arts and Letters has issued a public statement and appeal. William Dean Howells is President of the Academy, Robert Underwood Johnson, Secretary, and William M. Sloane, Treasurer. The statement was adopted unanimously at the recent annual meeting of the organization.

The Academy believes the American men who took part in the great struggle are worthy of the best art of the country, it does not wish to have even in the smallest village what it calls machine-made statues, turned out in numbers. The statement refers to the National Commission of Fine Arts created by act of Congress to advise the President and Congress concerning any matter of art in the District of Columbia, and, as appointed by the President, it has had an admirable effect upon the artistic character of national memorials. Individual States and cities have similar commissions, and the statement appeals to committees everywhere to obtain the best artistic judgment and the most expert advice before undertaking memorials.

The Academy also suggests that where it is proposed to erect monuments abroad conferences should first be held with the artistic authorities of the different countries. More than ordinary business intelligence is required for this work, the statement adds, and there should be on each committee architects, sculptors, and painters as well as business men. The National Institute of Arts and Letters has indorsed these recommendations as well as the Academy.

PLAN A HIGHER AUTO TAX.

All Owners in State May Have to Pay $3 Operator's Fee.

Automobile owners in this State may be required to pay a higher fee for driving their own cars during the coming year in order to help the State meet its estimated deficit of $12,000,000. A new law is being prepared for the Legislature at Albany to increase the operator's license fee, now applicable only to New York City, from $1 to at least $2, and perhaps to $3. The operator's license fee, which is taken out by private owners who drive their cars and is distinct from the regular chauffeur's license, is paid by owners in New York City and those who drive cars into the city more than ten times a year. There are about 106,000 licenses of this sort.

The proposed new law, while enhancing this fee, is also to be applied throughout the State, and as more than 470,000 motor vehicles of all kinds have been registered with the Secretary of State, the wider application of the law would mean that a great majority of the owners of these cars would be required to take out the operator's license, meaning an increase to the State revenue of from $750,000 to more than $1,000,000.

UNITE TO DEVELOP NEW TRADE FLEET

Shipbuilders and Owners Firm for Private Control of Merchant Marine.

BOWLES OPPOSES MOVE

Donald Wants Vessels Used in Small Groups to Promote Efficient Management.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Resolutions favoring the development of an American merchant marine under private enterprise, creating an organization to be known as the National American Merchant Marine Association, were adopted today at the closing session of a general conference of shipbuilders, owners, operators and employes.

R. Goodwyn Rhett of Charleston, S. C., was elected Vice President of the new organization and Winthrop L. Marvin of Boston Secretary. Other officers will be named after further conferences.

Former Rear Admiral Francis T. Bowles of the Emergency Fleet Corporation vigorously opposed the permanent organization.

"I feel that it is particularly inappropriate to attempt the organization of any body representing private interests at a time when the nation's interests are at stake," he said. "I have seen the attempts to influence Congress by such associations as this. I know that the only thing that can lead us out of our present difficulties is the organization of a body representing the Government and the people alone."

Matthew Woll, representing the American Federation of Labor, told the conference that representatives of labor were not so much interested in the ownership of ships, "since we find there is little difference between autocratic individual industrial control and autocratic governmental bureaucratic control."

"What we do stand for is a merchant marine, American manned as well as American owned," he said. "I am sure that if you will stand against attempts to enslave again the seamen, and make the seas free for American seamen as well as ships, you can count upon the support of labor."

Commander Charles Belknap of the navy, introduced as the executive in the movement of the navy's merchant ships during the war, said that American vessels had proved their superiority over German. Comparing the records of the Leviathan and the Northern Pacific and Great Northern, he said that the two latter had proved to be the cheapest and fastest as transports.

John A. Donald, Acting Chairman of the Shipping Board, told the conference that he favored individual ownership and operation for the present Government fleet.

"The number of ships is so large, amounting to about 2,700, that I hardly see how the Government can adequately take care of so huge a fleet," Mr. Donald said. "As a manager of ships in the past, I have found that a fleet of five or ten requires all the individual capacity of a managing owner."

Mr. Donald advocated the sale of some of the ships to new and small corporations which would have Government-named Directors. He also urged differential rates on direct commerce moving in and out of American ports on American ships.

The Shipping Committee of the American Manufacturers' Export Association demanded an immediate reduction in the rates fixed by the Shipping Board. It submitted a summary of replies to a questionnaire issued by the export association to its members. These replies, received from almost 200 of the most prominent concerns in the United States, were declared to prove that American exporters were being compelled to pay exorbitant freight rates. The committee laid emphasis on the answers of eighty-five firms which stated that a continuance of present rates would throw their trade to European competitors.

WANTS SHIP ORDERS CUT 1,500,000 TONS

Piez's Proposal Would Still Give United States 13,000,000 Tons —Foreign Offers for Ships.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Director General Piez of the Emergency Fleet Corporation outlined a program before the Senate Commerce Committee today for after-war steel shipbuilding in which he urged that the war schedule be shaved down by cancelling 1,500,000 tons of contracts now out. This, he said, would give 13,000,000 tons of shipping to the United States. Thereafter the yearly output of tonnage ought to be 2,000,000 tons, which is about 40 per cent. of the normal capacity of the existing yards.

The 1,500,000 tons of steel shipping, Mr. Piez estimated, could be cancelled with a loss of about $100,000,000. The Director General told of a recent offer from a foreign Government to buy twenty-five of the first fifty ships turned out at Hog Island. These are 7,500-ton steel ships, and the price offered was $225 a ton, or $42,000,000 for the twenty-five vessels. The offer had been submitted by cable to Mr. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board, who is now in France. Opportunity also exists, Mr. Piez said, to dispose of a number of smaller steel vessels that are being built on the great lakes. Contracts on these and other steel vessels, he said, were being cancelled at a loss of $100 a ton. He said the Emergency Fleet Corporation had stopped construction or cancelled contracts upon 132 wooden ships, and had reduced its steel program from 16,000,000 to 15,000,000 tons. He insisted that, to attempt a program of over 13,000,000 tons would be "wasteful."

Mr. Piez gave figures to show that the aggregate of contracts commitments entered into by the Emergency Fleet Corporation for merchant shipping was $3,615,000,000 as against authorizations by Congress of $3,671,000,000. The Shipping Board arranged for 154 steel and wooden yards. Nearly all of the 87 wooden shipyards have been completed, while of the 67 steel yards, 56 have been finished.

The first steel vessel launched at the Hog Island yard, Mr. Piez said, had cost $324 a ton, and gradually this was reduced so that from the twenty-fifth to the fiftieth ship turned out the average was $212 a ton. The first ship cost $2,427,000 and the fiftieth cost $1,348,000. The Fleet Corporation, he said, had delivered 526 vessels of all types in 1918 and launched 287 which were 80 per cent. completed. There are now 391 ships on the ways, about 331.3 per cent. completed.

Mr. Piez told the committee that the concrete ship construction had been reduced from 42 to 14 vessels since the armistice was signed. Concrete ships cost approximately 30 per cent. less than steel ships, he said, and he pronounced them serviceable. The 5,000-ton concrete ship Faith, he said, had come back from a trip to Europe without a leak.

STORES PUSH WAR STAMPS.

Division, in Final Report, Shows Sales of $2,589,051.25.

A final report which has just been made to the National War Savings Committee by the Department and Retail Dry Goods Stores Division, shows that the stores sold more than $2,500,000 in War Stamps. The report represents the efforts of about 1,800 department and retail dry goods stores in Greater New York.

With the exception of the insurance companies, which have unusual facilities for the disposition of stamps, there is probably no other industry which has made such an enviable record. The following list gives the results of some of the stores:

Abraham & Straus	$162,356.00
Adams-Flanigan	2,677.73
Adams, Sr.	1,440.17
B. Altman & Co.	112,803.25
Arnold, Constable & Co.	16,674.00
Best & Co.	36,550.00
Bloomingdale Brothers	80,671.63
L. M. Blumstein	64,372.00
Bonwit, Teller & Co.	71,475.00
Edward Callan	12,127.50
Franklin Simon & Co.	61,534.00
J. M. Gidding	3,272.88
Gimbel Brothers	108,244.93
L. P. Hollander	935.43
James A. Hearn & Son	174,586.00
J. F. Koch & Co.	8,617.75
Frederick Loeser & Co.	130,728.25
Lord & Taylor	65,020.50
R. H. Macy & Co.	539,769.06
James McCreery & Co.	132,264.74
A. I. Namm & Son	33,708.00
Oppenheim, Collins & Co.	70,061.73
Alf. M. Rogers	1,156.00
Rothenberg & Co.	43,465.00
Saks & Co.	36,707.88
Stern Brothers	28,939.50
John Wanamaker	207,425.00
Small stores and canvassers	363,397.67
Total	$2,589,051.25

In an endeavor to stop the unauthorized traffic in War Saving Certificates the following notice of the Post Office Department has been issued by the Secretary of the Treasury:

"In order that the interests of owners of War Saving Certificates stamps of either series may be safeguarded, I hereby notify all persons to refrain from offers to buy War Savings Stamps or accept the same in trade.

"In pursuance of the foregoing, Postmasters are directed not to pay War Savings Certificates on which the names of the owners have not been entered or have been erased or changed, since, under the regulations, they are not transferable are are payable only to the original owners, except in case of death or disability.

"Postmasters are further instructed not to pay any War Savings Certificates presented by persons or firms known to be buying, or publicly offering to buy, War Savings Stamps or Certificates from the owners, unless positive evidence is submitted that the certificates were originally issued to the persons or firms presenting them for payment."

ATTACK MRS. TAYLOR'S WILL

Next of Kin Charge That Restaurant Man's Widow Was Illiterate.

Suit was filed in the Surrogate's Court yesterday to break the will of Mrs. Catherine L. Taylor, who died recently at the age of 90 in a boarding house at 73 West Eighty-third Street, on the ground that the chief legatee, William J. Smith, formerly bookkeeper and captain of the bellboys at the Hotel Longacre, was able to have the will executed in behalf of himself and a number of persons who surrounded Mrs. Taylor in her boarding house, because in addition to her advanced age Mrs. Taylor was almost blind and deaf, and was illiterate. The share of the estate left to Smith is estimated at $75,000. Smith and other legatees named in the will deny that they exercised undue influence on the aged woman.

The contest has been brought by ten or more of the next of kin of Mrs. Taylor, some of whom got only $5 each and others larger sums. The first move in the case was the application yesterday by Mrs. Margaret McMullen, a niece, of 244 East Eighty-sixth Street, one of the five-dollar legatees, to be appointed temporary administratrix pending the trial of the suit. She objects to the issuance of letters of administration to Smith, who is named as one of the executors.

Mrs. McMullen alleges that Smith, who is now 35 years old, was a schoolteacher in Ireland before he came here, and that while he was captain of the bellboys and bookkeeper at the Longacre Hotel he met Mrs. Taylor in 1912. Mrs. Taylor, who took a liking to him Mrs. McMullen says, later began to take his advice as to the management of her property, which included the Cornell apartments, at 116 West Forty-sixth Street, valued at $100,000, from which Mrs. Taylor got an income of $8,000.

Counsel for Mrs. McMullen said yesterday that Mrs. Taylor was the widow of Washington L. Taylor, who made a fortune in the restaurant business and invested in realty, his holdings including the Longacre Hotel, where Smith was employed, and where he met Mrs. Taylor. Smith still lives at the Longacre.

A FLOATING HIPPODROME.

Dillingham Plans to Give Show on Lighter for Returning Soldiers.

A plan to carry amusement to returning soldiers detained at various points in the harbor was evolved yesterday by Charles B. Dillingham, and will be put into immediate practice. A huge lighter will be transformed into a stage and circus ring, to be known as the Floating Hippodrome, and various features of the Hippodrome show will be carried thereon to men at Quarantine and naval landing stations. Among the acts which will be thus shown will be the Hippodrome elephants, the Hanneford family of equestrians, and the Slayman Ali troupe of acrobats and others.

Mark Lawson and George H. Williams, scenic artist and carpenter of the Hippodrome, began yesterday to transform the lighter into a theatre. The barge will meet incoming transports during the mornings, and on Sundays it will be towed to the different stations where troops are being quartered.

TICKET MEN GIVE UP FIGHT.

Some Seek Speculators' Licenses—May Appeal Test Case.

Owners and managers of a number of theatre ticket agencies who have fought the new city ordinance withdrew their contest yesterday and applied for licenses. At the District Attorney's office this action was considered as the direct result of thirty-two arrests of ticket sellers and other employes in the theatrical districts on Wednesday, eleven of whom have been held by the Magistrates' courts for examination next week.

"Louis Marshall, attorney for a group of the agencies, has announced that he will apply for a writ of habeas corpus previous to the hearing of the men under arrest," said Assistant District Attorney E. P. Kilroe. "The defendants may get an appeal to General Sessions, but to reach a final decision it would be necessary to carry the case to the Court of Appeals."

One of the firms which sought a license yesterday was Bascom, Incorporated, which operates threatre ticket agencies at the Plaza, Manhattan, and Biltmore Hotels.

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PERSHING, FOCH, JOFFRE *and* HAIG, *Etc.*

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725 Fifth Ave.

HARRY S. HARKNESS DIES OF INFLUENZA

Owner of the Sheepshead Bay Speedway Was Son of Late Standard Oil Man.

YACHTSMAN AND AVIATOR

He Sued the Government for $401,250 for Loss of Wakiva II., Said to Have Sunk 3 Submarines.

Harry S. Harkness, only son of the late Lamon V. Harkness, one of the biggest stockholders in the Standard Oil Company, from whom he inherited a large fortune, died last night at his home, 270 Park Avenue, of influenza. He was 38 years old.

Mr. Harkness was President of the Harkness Estates, Inc., and was owner of the Sheepshead Bay Speedway. He was President of the Sheepshead Bay Corporation from its organization until 1916, when he resigned, and on May 2, 1917, he bought the property under a foreclosure sale for $1,300,000.

Mr. Harkness formerly owned the U. S. S. yacht Wakiva II., which was sunk in European waters in May of last year in a collision with a navy cargo carrier. It was said last night that the yacht had sunk three German submarines. In February of last year, Mr. Harkness filed suit in the United States Court of Claims, Washington, for $401,250, which he asserted was the difference between the real and appraised value of his yacht, which was taken over by the Navy Department. The Government appraised the vessel at $265,000, of which amount Mr. Harkness accepted 75 per cent. in part payment and then entered suit for the remaining $401,250, which he claimed he should have been paid. The vessel was appraised four times by the Government officials before the price was fixed.

Mr. Harkness was the holder of many automobile records and was also an amateur aviator of note. In September, 1910, he had a narrow escape from death when his Antoinette monoplane crashed to the ground with him at the Mineola Aviation Field. Mr. Harkness was elected President of the National Speedway Association in 1916. In September of last year, Mr. Harkness, who was then living at the Hotel St. Regis, was sworn in as a Colonel in the Police Reserves, and served on the staff of Special Deputy Police Commissioner Rodman Wanamaker.

With his sisters, Mrs. Myrtle Macomber and Mrs. Lela Edwards, Mr. Harkness inherited a large share of the $150,000,000 estate left by his father.

Mr. Harkness was twice married. His first wife, Miss Marie M. Marbeck, he married in 1906 and divorced in 1916. His second wife, who survives, was Mrs. Florence Steuber Gaines of Erie, Penn., a daughter of Louis Steuber, a shipbuilder. She divorced her first husband only a short time before her marriage to Mr. Harkness.

INSURANCE MEN MEET.

Hear Metropolitan Wrote $882,340,609 Insurance in a Year.

About 800 managers of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, in the United States and Canada, began their annual meeting at 1 Madison Avenue yesterday. Discussion of 1918 business revealed that nearly 90,000 Metropolitan policy holders had died since Sept. 1 of influenza. In the first two weeks of January 7,444 deaths were reported. This called for the payment of claims of about $18,000,000.

There was some discussion of Government insurance of soldiers and sailors, and the attitude of the company was set forth by Vice President Haley Fiske:

"You should advise soldiers and sailors to keep up their insurance," he told the managers. "The cost of this insurance is less than would be furnished by any private company, since the Government plans a considerable part of the actual cost shall be paid out of the general revenue. That is a good reason for its continuance by the insured. You will not allow your agents to try to 'twist' Government insurance into Metropolitan policies. The Government is fulfilling a duty to the soldiers and sailors in continuing their insurance to them at net cost."

Summarizing the business of 1918, Mr. Fiske said that notwithstanding the war and the influenza, the insurance written had been greater than ever placed by any other company in a year, the total being $882,340,609, of which $464,000,000 was ordinary and $419,000,000 industrial.

At the annual meeting of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company yesterday John R. Hegeman, President, said that the company paid insurance amounting to $882,340,609 in 1918. Of this amount $463,000,000 was in ordinary policies and $419,000,000 was in industrial policies. The assets of the company increased by $71,429,182 to $775,454,698 in the year and the surplus was $28,988,141.

The total insurance in force, he said, was $4,500,000,000, while the premium income amounted to $154,000,000. Approximately 90,000 holders of the company's policies died following attacks of influenza from Sept. 1, 1918, to Jan. 20, 1919.

ACCUSED OF BOND THEFT.

Schoenberg Arrested in Street After $10,000 Worth Disappeared.

Pending an investigation into the disappearance of $10,000 worth of B. R. T. bonds lost on their way from a brokerage firm to the Bank of Commerce at 31 Nassau Street, the police yesterday arrested Albert Schoenberg, who said he was a striking garment worker and lived at 903 Prospect Park, Brooklyn. Policeman Kimmone was standing at Pine and Nassau Streets when a man asked him to place Schoenberg under arrest. Almost immediately, Norman Peck, messenger for the brokerage firm of R. Barnett, 7 Wall Street, came up and accused Schoenberg of being the man who took the bonds.

The man who asked for the arrest is said to have been an elevator man in the Bank of Commerce, and he gave the policeman a $1,000 bond which he said Schoenberg had dropped. Peck said the bonds were taken from his pocket, and he did not know they were gone until he started to deliver them. While being taken to the Old Slip Station Schoenberg broke away, and the policeman fired a shot before he was caught by citizens. No bonds were found in Schoenberg's possession, and he denied having taken them.

BEGIN SONATA RECITALS.

Harold Bauer and Jacques Thibaud Play from Beethoven.

Beethoven at his intimate best, as well as his Parisian politest, was heard in a first sonata recital by Harold Bauer and Jacques Thibaud, which drew a musical audience last evening at Aeolian Hall. All the master's sonatas for pianoforte and violin, which, like the symphonies, number nine, were to be performed, as last year, in three evenings, of which the later events will be March 4 and 31.

There was some difficulty in starting, the weather made listeners late and strings unresponsive, but the sonata in M major, Op. 12, soon put the two players and their audience in harmony, and the later G major, Op. 96, and C minor, Op. 30, were equally enjoyed.

Actors' Fund Benefit Today.

The annual Actors' Fund performance in this city will take place at the Century Theatre this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. The program, which is long, will embrace a number of novelties. There will be two one-act plays, and a revival of the "Florodora" double sextet, with a dozen stars as its members. The special feature of the afternoon, which will bring the program to a close, will be the appearance of a dozen well-known composers, who will play medleys of their own compositions, in addition to a special number in unison.

OTTO IRVING WISE DEAD.

Brother of New York Rabbi Was a Leading San Francisco Lawyer.

Otto Irving Wise, a prominent lawyer of San Francisco, brother of Rabbi Stephen Samuel Wise, of the Free Synagogue, and of Joseph H. Wise, both of this city, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home in San Francisco.

Mr. Wise was born in Budapest, Hungary, Dec. 5, 1871, a son of the Rev. Dr. Aaron and Sabine Wise, and came to America in 1874. He was a student at the College of the City of New York in 1885-7, and the following two years he studied at the New York University. He was admitted to the bar in New York City, where he practiced for some time before removing to San Francisco. When he was 22 years old he ran for the Assembly in the old Twenty-first New York District, but was defeated by a small majority. For twenty years he had practiced law in San Francisco, a member of the firm of Wise & O'Connor. He was Vice President and general counsel of the Western States Life Insurance Company, Pacific Sanitary Manufacturing Company, Pacific Porcelain Ware Company, and member of the Board of Directors of the San Francisco Federation of Jewish Charities. He was also a trustee of the Temple of Rodelph Sholem, of this city.

Mr. Wise married Miss Ethel A. Rosenthal, of Baltimore, Feb. 8, 1893, and she survives.

DR. JOHN H. LOWMAN DEAD.

Headed American Red Cross Tuberculosis Mission to Italy.

Dr. John H. Lowman of Cleveland, Ohio, who headed the first American Red Cross tuberculosis mission to Italy, died yesterday in the New York Hospital in this city. The funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon at the Campbell Funeral Church, Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street, and the body will be taken to Cleveland for interment.

Dr. Lowman, who was 70 years old, was a victim of complications resulting from influenza, contracted during his work with the Red Cross mission. Members of his family were with him at the hospital when he died.

Dr. Lowman was graduated from Wesleyan University, and earned his medical degree at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of this city.

Dr. Lowman is survived by his wife and three sons.

Howard White.

Howard White, 37 years old, the American basso who was widely known in concert and opera work, died Wednesday night of pneumonia at his home, 64 Riverside Drive. His wife, Evelyn Scotney, also a singer, is seriously ill of influenza.

Mr. White was graduated from Brown University in 1902, and after a course at the Boston Opera School he made his début with the Boston Opera Company, scoring in many rôles.

He toured the United States in concert and opera. This season he became a member of the Society of American Singers at the Park Theatre.

SHOWS ICE STOCK ADVANCE.

Controller Odell Tells How Dealers Evade Contract Prices.

The cross-examination of Benjamin B. Odell, Ice Controller, was concluded yesterday before Chief City Magistrate McAdoo in the case wherein the charge was made by Odell that the Washington Heights Ice Corporation was producing ice without a license. Adjournment was taken until Jan. 31.

The Ice Controller was cross-examined by Max D. Steuer, counsel for the ice corporation. "Governor," asked Mr. Steuer, "since you became Ice Controller the stock of the Knickerbocker Ice Company and Burns Brothers has gone up considerably in its value, doubled in fact, hasn't it?"

"I saw it in the papers. I don't follow the stock market. I learned my lesson many years ago," replied the Controller.

Mr. Steuer then produced thirty-two ice contracts for wholesalers. The first three which he read proved to have been made since the Ice Controller took office and were for $3 a ton, instead of $4.40, the price which the Ice Controller had set. Mr. Steuer sought to prove that under these contracts wholesalers or "loaders" who held the $3 contracts resold ice to other loaders who did not have the contracts, while the Washington Heights Ice Corporation, the independent firm, was compelled to maintain its $4.40 price under order of the Controller.

"As a result of this condition did not many dealers undersell the rate you had established for the family trade, namely, fifty cents per hundred, by selling at thirty cents per hundred?" asked Mr. Steuer.

"I received such complaints," the Controller replied, going on to explain that there was no possible way of avoiding this condition, as ice dealers keep no books and do only cash business with the manufacturing plants.

Artists to Give Victory Dinner.

One of the social events to be held in the ballroom of the new Hotel Commodore will be a victory dinner and dance, to be given on Feb. 14, by the Pictorial Division of the Creel Committee, of which Charles Dana Gibson is Chairman. This division is made up of artists of America who helped win the war by their poster art. Secretary of War Newton D. Baker and Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, are to be among the guests of honor.

Delta Kappa Epsilon Club Ball.

A ball in honor of the Allies will be held on Feb. 14 by the Delta Kappa Epsilon Club at the clubhouse, 30 West Forty-fourth Street, at which officers of the various allied missions to this country will be the guests of honor. W. Morrison Patterson, is Chairman of the Entertainment Committee, and prominent society women are to act as patronesses.

Authors' Matinee for Charity.

An authors' matinée, at which a number of well-known writers will read from their own works, will be given in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria this afternoon for the benefit of the Mary Fisher Home. Among the writers on the program will be Joseph C. Lincoln, Dr. Frank Crane, Zona Gale, Hamlin Garland, Robert Underwood Johnson, Edwin Markham, and Jessie Rittenhouse.

Hotel Commodore Open on Jan. 28.

The Hotel Commodore, at Lexington Avenue and Forty-second Street, one of the largest hotels in the world, and part of the Bowman group, will have its formal opening Tuesday, Jan. 28. An informal reception and private view of the hotel will take place on Monday. It is expected that 10,000 persons will inspect the building, men in every conceivable line of industry having been invited. The ball room will be used for the assembly of the throng of visitors, some of whom will come by special trains from Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, and other cities.

Gifts of $128,000 Made to Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 23.—Gifts aggregating $128,000 to Yale University were announced today. Of this sum $80,000 was from Mr. and Mrs. Howard H. Spaulding, J. Ogden Armour, and Benjamin H. Throop, the amount from each not being announced. Another gift was $25,000 to the Forestry School from Mr. and Mrs. Gifford Pinchot.

Ocean Rates from Canada Fall.

MONTREAL, Jan. 23.—The freight rate on steamships plying regularly between Canada and the British Isles has dropped to $1.50 a cubic foot, it was announced here today. Local shippers say that vessel space will soon be seeking cargoes, thus reversing the conditions which have prevailed for four years. The rate before the war was 30 cents a cubic foot.

To Appoint Only Luxemburgers.

LUXEMBURG, Jan. 23.—Grand Duchess Charlotte, the new ruler of Luxemburg, has decided that her household shall be formed entirely of natives of Luxemburg. The reform has been initiated by the appointment of François D. Huart, the former representative of Luxemburg at The Hague, as Master of the Household.

ARCHDUKE LOUIS VICTOR.

Youngest Brother of Former Emperor Francis Joseph Dies.

PARIS, Wednesday, Jan. 22.—Announcement is made of the death of Archduke Louis Victor, youngest brother of former Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria Hungary. His death occurred at his home at Salsburg.

Archduke Louis Victor was born at Vienna, May 15, 1842. He was never married.

Obituary Notes.

PETER DONNELLY, head law clerk in the County Clerk's office and prominent in civic work in the Bay Ridge section of Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 437 Seventy-fourth Street, of heart disease. Mr. Donnelly had lived in Bay Ridge for twenty-five years. He was for several years Treasurer of the West End Board of Trade, one of the Board of Governors of the Brooklyn Democratic Club and for years Secretary of the Ninth Assembly District Democratic Club. He was a member of the Bay Ridge Citizens' Association and Chamber of Commerce.

Mrs. SARAH FRANCES GRAVES, a lifelong resident of Brooklyn and widow of Sidney H. Graves, died in her seventieth year on Wednesday at her residence, 1,350 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. KATHARINA WILKENING REISS, wife of Frederick Reiss, died of pneumonia on Wednesday at her home, 351 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, aged 60 years. She was a member of Greenpoint Chapter, No. 177, O. E. S.; Alma Hive, No. 27, Lady Maccabees; Queen Esther Court, No. 7, Order of Amaranth.

Mrs. THERESA HANLEY, wife of Richard Hanley, a liquor dealer in Brooklyn, died at her home, 50 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday.

WILLIAM H. DOUGHERTY, 57 years old, a retired printer, died on Wednesday at his home, 1,654 Dean Street, Brooklyn.

BERNARD CALLAHAN, a civil war veteran and retired real estate dealer, died at his home, 48 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, on Monday. He was a member of U. S. Grant Post, G. A. R.

Mrs. LOUISE VOM LEHN, wife of Martin A. Vom Lehn, a builder in Flatbush, and a daughter of John H. Meyer, editor of The Retail Grocers Advocate, died on Tuesday at her home, 1,000 East Eighth Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia.

Mrs. EVA A. VAIL, wife of Henry T. Vail and a former resident of Brooklyn, where she was active in the work of the Hanson Place M. E. Church, died at her home in Riverhead, L. I., on Tuesday. She was at one time one of the Board of Managers of the Deaconess House and had served as Superintendent of one of the oldest Chinese Mission Sunday Schools in Brooklyn.

MABEL HAMILTON, well known in vaudeville as the partner of Bert Clark, died at the Park Hospital yesterday morning from pneumonia. She was a Canadian, and had been playing in vaudeville in this country for many years.

Dr. THOMAS LEWES RILEY, for many years a practicing physician of this city, died Tuesday at Bellevue Hospital. He retired from practice about a year ago on account of his health. Dr. Riley was graduated from Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1897. His home was at 330 West Forty-sixth Street.

Ensign CHARLES D. SIGSBEE, Jr., U. S. Naval Reserve Force, son of Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee, U. S. N., retired, of New York City, died at the Naval Hospital at Annapolis, Md., yesterday, from pneumonia following influenza. He was 26 years old.

ALBERT J. MacDONALD of the law firm of Gellar, Rohlston & Horan died Wednesday at his home, 35 West Sixty-first Street. He was 30 years old.

Mrs. HARRIET PRITCHETT CLARKE, 33 years old, wife of James Irving Clarke, died Wednesday at her home, 112 Riverside Drive. Her husband was formerly on the editorial staff of The Sun and is now manager of the service department of the National Bank of Commerce.

CHARLES ULRICH, 92 years old, died yesterday at the Home for Disabled Soldiers at Kearny, N. J. He was a member of Company A of the 39th New Jersey Volunteers in the civil war.

ARTHUR G. STILES, a lawyer of this city, died Wednesday at Hendersonville, N. C. Mr. Stiles was a graduate of Kenyon College and the Harvard Law School.

LOUIS ILIFF, 53 years old, died yesterday at his home, 43 Trinity Street, Newton, N. J. He represented Sussex County for two terms in the State Assembly.

JOHN C. WILSON, President and Treasurer of several tool and machine manufacturing companies in Connecticut, died at his home in Hartford, Conn., yesterday. He was born in Mooreland, Ga.

FELIX CORDANO, the original peanut vendor of Bayonne, N. J., where he was known as "Peanut John," died yesterday at his home, 251 Broadway, Bayonne, at the age of 84 years.

Mrs. SAMUEL BOWDEN, who returned Monday from a stay of four years in England, died Tuesday at her home in Huntington, L. I., of pneumonia, contracted on her way from England.

Miss MARIA DE BARRIL, daughter of the late John Joseph and Manuela Laverrerie de Barril, died last night in her home at 9 East Thirty-ninth Street. Miss de Barril was born in this city, where she spent all of her life. Three brothers, Robert and Alexander de Barril of Baltimore and Captain John de Barril of Porto Rico, survive.

Mrs. ELEANOR BARR BARNES, wife of Edward Shippen Barnes, well known music teacher, died yesterday at her home, 22 East Seventeenth Street. The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon at Calvary Church, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-first Street.

Miss SALLY BALDWIN MILLER, twin daughter of William Baldwin and Louise Stevenson Miller, died Wednesday at her home, 400 Park Avenue.

STUART PARKER HUBLEY, Vice President and General Manager of the firm of Benjamin Hedges & Co., tobacconists, died Wednesday night at his home, 305 Webster Avenue, New Rochelle. He was born in Halifax, N. S., forty-four years ago. Mr. Hubley was a member of the New Rochelle Yacht Club and the Canadian Club of New York.

JOSHUA ROTHBLATT of the firm of Bernard Rothblatt & Sons, manufacturers of clothing at 718 Broadway, died yesterday of pneumonia in his apartment at Hotel Ansonia. He was born in this city thirty years ago, and was a member of the Congregation Elijah and the Jewish Federation.

Born.

ROCK.—To Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Rock of 2,321 Tiebout Av., New York, a son, Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919.

Married.

GREENWALD — DEVINE. — On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, Nana Devine to Harold D. Greenwald.

Died.

ADLER.—Officers and members of the Society of Righteous Women are requested to attend the funeral of our sister, Rosa Adler, from her late residence, 515 West 124th St., Friday, Jan. 24, at 10 o'clock. ROSA HERSCHMAN, President.

ALLASON.—On Jan. 23, Clara, daughter of the late William and Susan Allason, at her residence, 129 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

AUBRY.—Henry. Lying in state THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.)

BAIRD.—At her residence, 534 Park Av., East Orange, N. J., Jan. 22, 1919, Ruth Ryan, wife of Collier W. Baird and daughter of Mrs. George W. Ryan. Funeral private.

BARNES.—At her home, 222 East 17th St., New York, Jan. 23, 1919, Eleanor Barr Barnes, beloved wife of Edward Shippen Barnes. Funeral services 2:30 P. M., Saturday, Jan. 25, Calvary Church, 21st St. and 4th Av. Interment private. Boston and Philadelphia papers please copy.

BETTMAN.—Henrietta, (nee Maas,) relict of Moses, in her 80th year. Funeral services at Chapel Temple Emanu-El, Salem Fields, 10:30 A. M., Friday, Jan. 24.

BOYE.—Amy H., on Jan. 23. Funeral services at Church of the Messiah, Saturday, Jan. 25, 2 P. M.

BRIDGER.—On Jan. 23, 1919, Mary E., widow of Priestley A. Bridger. Funeral services at the late home, 189 Crown St., Brooklyn, on Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

CAIN.—Jan. 21, 1919, Ida Marguerite, wife of G. Willis Cain and daughter of George W. and Marie L. Dietz. Funeral private, at her late home, 690 Prospect St., Maplewood, N. J., Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.

CUMINGS.—At Rutherford, N. J., on Jan. 22, 1919, Beulah L., beloved wife of John H. Cumings, in her 35th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 3 Sylvan St., on Saturday at 12:30.

CUMMINGS.—Beverly, Company F, 107th U. S. Infantry, in France, son of John J. and Susan Davis Cummings, and brother of May V. and Lieutenant Harold E. Cummings, 446 Manhattan Av. Requiem mass St. Thomas R. C. Church, 118th St. and St. Nicholas Av., Saturday, Jan. 25, at 10 o'clock.

DAVIES.—On Jan. 22, Thomas J. Davies, 70 years, beloved husband of Susie Davies, brother of Hannah Hopkin and Charles F. Davies. Funeral services from his late residence, 233 West 135th St., Friday evening, Jan. 24, 8 o'clock. Interment convenience of family.

DE BARRIL.—At her residence, 9 East 39th St., on Jan. 23, Maria, daughter of the late John Joseph and Manuela Laverrerie de Barril. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DINKEL.—Suddenly at Havana, Cuba, Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, George W. Dinkel, husband of Anna Wittpenn Dinkel, of 35 Highland Av., Jersey City. Funeral services private.

GEERING.—After a brief illness, on Jan. 23, 1919, Marie Annette, youngest daughter of the late Henry and Anna Geering. Funeral service at her late residence, (44 new number,) 9,125 Lefferts Boulevard, Richmond Hill, L. I., on Saturday evening, Jan. 25, at 8:30. Interment at convenience of family.

GOCKEL.—Henry, after a short illness, at 771 3d Av., Vice President of the Associate Society, of Steinwehr Post, No. 192, Grand Army of the Republic.

Comrades: It is our painful duty to announce the death of our beloved comrade, Henry Gockel, son-in-law of George Probst, of Steinwehr Post No. 192, Grand Army of the Republic. Comrades and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at 10 A. M., Saturday, Jan. 25th, St. Boniface Church, 47th St. and 2d Av. FREDERICK H. MEIER, President. ERNEST H. LEVIN, Secretary.

GOSFORD.—On Jan. 23, Olive Ermina, beloved wife of William A. Gosford. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Saturday evening 8:30 o'clock. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

GRAVES.—On Jan. 22, 1919, at Brooklyn, N. Y., in her 70th year, Sarah Frances, daughter of the late Richard and Maria Luisa Major. Services at 3 P. M. Friday from her late residence, 1,350 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Interment private.

GRIFFIN.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, Mary Adelia, (nee Hawkins,) beloved wife of Robert M. Griffin, and daughter of Charlotte J. and the late William C. Hawkins, in her 31st year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at her late residence, 1,012 129th St., Richmond Hill, (Dunton section,) L. I., on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 1:30 P. M. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

GUTTERSON.—At St. John's Riverside Hospital, Yonkers, N. Y., on Jan. 23, 1919, Marian Barber Gutterson, beloved wife of Wilder Gutterson and daughter of James and Catherine Barber of Englewood, N. J. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAMILTON.—On Jan. 22, Mabel, (Mrs. Bert Clark.) Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway and 66th St., Friday morning, 11 o'clock.

HAMILTON.—Charles Alfred, on Jan. 22, at his residence, 431 West End Av., New York City, in the 70th year of his age. Funeral services at the residence Friday, Jan. 24, at 11:30 A. M. Interment private, at Ridgefield, Conn. Kindly omit flowers. Connecticut papers please copy.

HARKNESS.—Harry S., aged 38, beloved husband of Florence S. Harkness and only son of the late L. V. Harkness, at his residence, 270 Park Av., at 7:45 P. M., Jan. 23, 1919. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAWK.—At her residence, 125 East 72d St., Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, of pneumonia, Edith Olivia, beloved daughter of William S. and Edith A. Hawk. Funeral services at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 334 West 57th St., Saturday morning, Jan. 25, at 11 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

HEBRIEGEL.—On Jan. 23, 1919, Daniel Hebriegel, beloved husband of Christine Hebriegel, in his 39th year. Funeral services Saturday evening at 8 o'clock at his late residence, 1,228 Simpson St., New York City. Funeral private.

HICKEY.—Jan. 22, 1919, Marie F. Hickey, daughter of Joseph and Sarah Hickey of Albany, N. Y. Funeral and interment Albany, N. Y.

HUBLEY.—On Jan. 22, 1919, Stuart Parker Hubley, in his 45th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 305 Webster Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Saturday morning at 10:30.

HUTTMAN.—B. H., beloved father of Maud A. Huttman, on Jan. 23. Funeral services at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Monday, Jan. 27, at 3 o'clock. Companions of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion and members of the George Washington Post, G. A. R., are invited to attend.

LARKIN.—On Jan. 23, Mary A. Larkin, (nee Fallon,) beloved wife of Kearn Larkin. Funeral from her late residence, 1,727 Lexington Av., on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 1 P. M. Interment Calvary.

LEE.—Suddenly, Jan. 23, 1919, Jennie Chace Lee, music teacher Steinway Hall, age 45 years. Funeral and interment Baldwinsville, N. Y.

LINTOTT.—Madeline, a Religious of the Order of the Sacred Heart, daughter of Thomas J. and Jane A. Lintott (nee Haggerty) of Newark, N. J., at the convent, Manhattanville, New York City, on Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919.

LUNT.—Charles Henry, at New York City, on Jan. 23, 1919. Burial at Newburyport, Mass. Boston, Chicago, and Newburyport papers please copy.

LYON.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, at his residence, 10 Mcnahan St., Brooklyn, George E. Lyon, in his 68th year. Funeral services Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, at 9:30 P. M.

McKEE.—The Republican Organization and the Manhattan Republican Club of the 21st Assembly District announce, with deep regret the death of their beloved leader and former President Moses M. McKee on Jan. 21, 1919.

Members of the organization and the club are requested to assemble at his late residence, 475 West 140th St., on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 8:45 A. M. sharp; they will then proceed in a body to Calvary M. E. Church, 7th Av. and 129th St., where funeral service will be conducted at 9 A. M.

JOHN T. McNEILL,
Vice Chairman Republican Organization.
WILLIAM V. GOLDIE,
President Manhattan Republican Club.

McKIBBIN.—Jan. 20, 1919, Martha A. McKibbin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John G. McKibbin. Services at Reformed Church, Bronxville, N. Y., Saturday, 10:30 A. M. Interment Bronxville Cemetery.

McNICKLE.—William J., at Bay 25th St., Brooklyn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

McNULTY.—On Tuesday, of pneumonia, Alfred P. McNulty, son of the late Peter H. and Margaret V. McNulty, at his home, 262 Garfield Place, Brooklyn. Requiem mass Friday, 11 A. M., at St. Francis Xavier Roman Catholic Church, 6th Av. and Carroll St. Interment Holy Cross. Automobile cortege.

MEADE.—Sister Anita Rosario, cousin of Rev. William Turner of Catholic University and of Rev. John Turner, St. Joseph's Seminary, Dunwoodie. Funeral from St. Vincent's Hospital Saturday, Jan. 25, 9:30 A. M.

MILLER.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, Sally Baldwin Miller, twin daughter of William Baldwin and Louise Stevenson Miller. Services at the residence, 400 Park Av., New York City, Saturday, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

MILLER.—Abbie D., wife of the late Eben Miller, suddenly, on Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, at 10 8th Av., Brooklyn. Funeral private.

MOFFITT.—On Jan. 22, Pauline R., beloved wife of George W. Moffitt of Madison, N. J. Funeral services at residence of his mother, 371 West 120th St., Saturday, Jan. 25, 8 P. M.

MURPHY.—On Jan. 23, Martha, beloved daughter of Henry and Martha Murphy, (nee Tuke.) Funeral from late residence, 529 West 123d St., Saturday, 10 o'clock; Requiem mass Corpus Christi Church, West 121st St. and Broadway, 10:30 o'clock.

NATKINS.—Mrs. Benjamin F., (nee Goldie Singer,) at her parents' home, 805 Tremont Av., Bronx, on Jan. 21. Private funeral services were held Jan. 22, at 9:30.

NEWMAN.—Sergeant Major Mortimer M. Newman, beloved son of Adolphus and Hannah Newman, passed away at his residence, 880 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, Jan. 23, pneumonia. Funeral private. No flowers.

NICHOLS.—On Jan. 22, Lewis Frederick, at his residence, 105 West 77th St. Service THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Friday evening, 8:30 o'clock. Interment Moravian Cemetery, Staten Island.

NILES.—Fell asleep at noon on Jan. 22, the Rev. Charles Martin Niles, D. D., rector of the Church of the Ascension, Atlantic City. Funeral services at the church on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 2 P. M. Reverend clergy invited to attend. Please bring vestments.

PATTERSON.—Jan. 22, in Philadelphia, Seely B., eldest son of Eleanor S. and the late Henry A. Patterson, and husband of Josephine Meeker, in the 74th year of his age. Services and interment at Allentown, Penn.

PICK.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, Irene G., beloved wife of Emil Pick and daughter of Peter and Mary Ann Barrett. Funeral Saturday at 10:30 A. M. from her late residence, 543 West 162d St. Requiem mass at Church of St. Rose of Lima, West 165th St., at 11 sharp. Automobile cortege.

PRICE.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, Agnes L. Price, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Gertrude B. Smithwick, 4980 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn. Services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 8d Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., on Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, at 2:30 P. M.

RANSOM.—Suddenly, at Englewood, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, Julia Snyder, widow of George Warren Ransom, in her 69th year. Funeral services at St. Paul's Church, Englewood, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 11 o'clock A. M.

REISS.—Solomon L., suddenly, on Jan. 21, in his 57th year, beloved brother of Herman. Funeral from his late residence, 5 West 91st St., on Friday, Jan. 24, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

ROBINSON.—John Knowlton, beloved husband of Camilla C. Robinson. Masonic services will be held at the Robinson Mausoleum in Woodlawn Cemetery on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 26, 2 o'clock. Friends invited to attend. Frank E. Campbell, funeral director.

ROSENBLUM.—Mrs. Sadie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Kidansky, Jan. 22. Funeral Friday, Jan. 24, 10 A. M., from late residence, 51 East 96th St.

ROTHBLATT.—Joshua, age 30, dearly beloved son of Bernard and Ida Rothblatt and brother of Mrs. Bessie Ellasberg, on Jan. 23, after short illness, at his residence, Hotel Ansonia, Broadway and 73d St. Funeral services on Friday, Jan. 24, at 11 A. M., at Congregation Pincus Elijah, 118 West 95th St. Please omit flowers.

SATTERLEE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, at his residence, 1,125 Madison Av., Arthur B., son of the late Edward and Jane Anna Yates Satterlee, aged 59. Funeral services at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., Friday, Jan. 24, at 10 A. M.

SATTERLEE.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G., N. Y.—Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Arthur B. Satterlee (9th Company) at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., New York City, on Friday, Jan. 24, at 10 A. M.

Colonel WILLARD C. FISK, President.

SATTERLEE.—The Society of Ninth Company Veterans, 7th Regiment N. G. N. Y., announces with deep regret the death of Arthur B. Satterlee, on Jan. 21, at his residence, 1,125 Madison Av., New York City. Funeral services will be held at Calvary Church, 4th Av. and 21st St., Jan. 24, at 10 A. M.

FRANCIS G. LANDON, President.
EGBERT C. DENISON, Secretary.

SAWERS.—On Jan. 21, William Brown Sawers, in his 53d year. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway, 66th St., on Saturday morning, 10:30 o'clock, Jan. 25, 1919. Interment Woodlawn.

SINGER.—On Jan. 23, Viola C. Singer, (nee Cohn,) in her twenty-eighth year, beloved wife of William B. Singer, daughter of Pauline Goldberger. Funeral services West End Synagogue, 160 West 82d St., Sunday, Jan. 26, 10 A. M. Mexico City papers please copy.

STEELE.—Suddenly, at New York, Jan. 22, William Henry Steele of New Milford, Conn., husband of Zulma De Lacy (Dorr) Steele, aged 71. Funeral at Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, 5 P. M., Friday, Jan. 24. Interment at Albany, N. Y. Please omit flowers.

STILES.—Arthur G., at Hendersonville, N. C., on Jan. 22. Funeral service at residence of his sister, Mrs. Mansfield, West Somerville, Mass. Ohio and Boston papers please copy.

TURNBULL.—At her residence in Nutley, N. J., Josephine, loving wife of James E. Turnbull, passed away Jan. 17. Interment was at Woodlawn Cemetery, New York.

VALENTINE.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, at Roosevelt Hospital, William Brewster Valentine, in the 60th year of his age. Funeral private.

VANDEWATER.—Suddenly, at Cedarhurst, L. I., Mary Elizabeth Hewlett, wife of Peter C. Vandewater. Funeral services Friday afternoon, Jan. 24, 3:30, at Trinity Church, Hewlett, L. I.

WALLER.—Louis, on Thursday, Jan. 23, at 12 o'clock. Funeral from his late residence, 217 Keap St., Brooklyn, Friday at 10:30 A. M. Interment Washington Cemetery.

WELLS.—In France, on Oct. 16, from wounds received in action, First Lieutenant Edward L. Wells, in his 33d year, son of Anna M. S. and the late Edward L. Wells of Charleston, S. C.

WHITFIELD.—On Tuesday, Jan. 21, Alfred Lockwood Whitfield, husband of Neille B. and son of the late Charles H. and Emily L. Whitfield. Funeral services at his late residence, 188 Wadsworth Av., (182d St.,) Friday, Jan. 24, at 11 A. M.

WILSON.—At Hartford, Conn., Jan. 22, 1919, John Cincinnatus Wilson, aged 84 years. Funeral service at his late residence, 670 Prospect Av., Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.

WISE.—At San Francisco, Jan. 22, Otto Irving Wise, beloved husband of Ethel Adelaide, and son of the late Rev. Dr. Aaron Wise and Sabine Wise. Funeral notice hereafter.

WOLF.—Charles William, beloved husband of Anna E. Pierre, at his residence, 203 West 131st St. Funeral services at 8 P. M. Friday. Interment private.

WOLF.—Mary Christine, at Staten Island Infirmary, Jan. 22, age 89. Funeral at St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Davis Av., West New Brighton, Saturday, 2 P. M.

WOLLMAN.—Amelia, devoted wife of Herman and dear mother of Phoebe Rhea, Lester, Joe, Mrs. L. Pollak, and Mrs. Charles Zabinski. Funeral services at her late residence, 629 West 170th St., Friday, Jan. 24, at 10 A. M.

WYNN.—Madeleine, beloved daughter of Katherine and the late James Wynn, and sister of May, Bess, Julia, and Frances Wynn, at her residence, 28 8th St., Weehawken, N. J. Funeral train leaves via West Shore R. R. Sunday at 8:59 A. M. Interment Monday, at Rosendale, N. Y. Kingston (N. Y.) papers please copy.

YARK.—Minnie, suddenly, at her residence, 3,017 Kingsbridge Av. Funeral services at the Church of the Mediator, Kingsbridge, on Sunday, at 3 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

YOUNG.—In France, Oct. 10, from wounds received in action Oct. 9, Richmond Young of Boston, First Lieutenant, Company K, 38th Infantry.

In Memoriam.

ECLESHEIMER.—In memory of beloved Uncle Isaac, devoted brother, friend. B. L. M.

McCAFFREY.—Died Jan. 24, 1918. Gone, but not forgotten. Anniversary mass Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, at 9 A. M., at the Church of the Sacred Heart, West 51st St., near 10th Av. AUNT.

McCAFFREY.—In memory of Rebecca, dearly beloved sister of Edward J. McCaffrey and loving niece of Bridget Gallagher, an anniversary mass of requiem will be celebrated in Sacred Heart Church, 51st St., between 9th and 10th Av., next Saturday, Jan. 25, at 9 A. M.

ULLMAN.—In loving memory of Eunice Ramsey Ullman, died Jan. 25, 1918.
ALEX ULLMAN,
JAMES ULLMAN,
Mrs. K. RAMSEY.

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A Thriving Young Orchard with a Certain Future

Due to the disturbed conditions brought about by the war, the owners of one of the most promising young apple orchards in the Northwest are compelled to seek outside capital to finance their venture. This orchard consists of about 450 acres of prime land, all of which acreage is in apples of the most popular eating varieties. The trees are just coming into bearing and under an ordinary yield their crop should run next year between fifty and sixty thousand boxes, with a yield in 1920 of approximately one hundred thousand boxes. The last crop of this orchard was sold at an average price of $1.38 per box f. o. b. cars at orchard.

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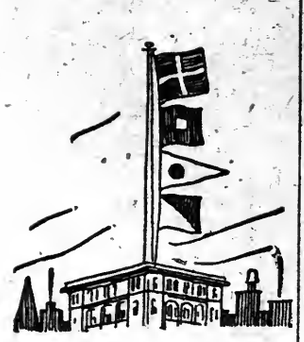

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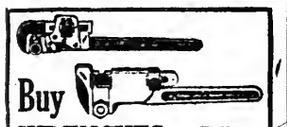

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THE GIANTS WILL BROWSE MID CLASSIC HAUNTS OF FLORIDA COLLEGE

GIANTS WILL TRAIN ON COLLEGE CAMPUS

Manager McGraw Accepts Flattering Invitation from the University of Florida.

GAINESVILLE IS THE PLACE

New York Club Grasps Opportunity to Give Players Mental as Well as Physical Recreation.

The Giants should be the brainiest club in baseball next season. Manager McGraw has decided to train his club at the University of Florida, at Gainesville, which is only about three hours' ride from Jacksonville. The Mayor of Gainesville, Gordon B. Tison, and the President of the university, A. A. Murphee, extended an invitation to the Giants which was so flattering that they could not refuse it.

A few weeks' sojourn in the shadows of the classic college halls should have just the effect on some members of the Giants that McGraw has sought for many years. A development of brain power, along with the baseball practice, may give the Giants a decided advantage just beneath their caps in the pennant race next Summer.

At Marlin, Texas, where the Giants used to train, the only mental recreation the players enjoyed consisted of the movies and the learned treatises of the sporting pages. Imagine the joy of the players when they find that they may spend their idle hours in the lecture hall, drinking deeply at the fountain of knowledge, or among the musty volumes in the college library.

Picture Heinie Zimmerman sitting out 'neath the shade of the sheltering palms, deep in the study of the famous race at Marathon. Also, picture Larry Doyle lost in the alluring pages of a volume on "Mind Over Matter." Then, perhaps, also, Rube Benton will have a chance to revive his memories of higher mathematics, so that when the season starts he will be more certain than ever before, when he has two strikes and three balls on the batter. Benny Kauff, perhaps, will have a chance to take up a short course in oratory. Benny's oratory possesses possibilities, but it has always lacked the polish and endurance which will come with college forensic training. Manager McGraw and his first lieutenant, Pat Moran, will have a chance to get more familiar with the battle strategy of Napoleon Bonaparte.

Here is Mayor Tison's invitation to Manager McGraw:

"It gives me pleasure to have such an excellent excuse to write a man that I have always admired. As Chief Executive of the City of Gainesville, I take great pride in extending to you an invitation to do your Spring training in our beautiful little city. We have a population of about 10,000, modern municipal improvements, excellent water—just water—good hotel, and what I believe you will call a good practice field.

"We are anxious to have you train here and will be glad if you will look Gainesville over carefully before you select any other place in Florida. I believe we can satisfy you, in fact please you from every angle.

"Yours respectfully,

"GORDON B. TISON, Mayor."

Following is the invitation of President Murphree of the University of Florida:

"I am glad to join a number of our citizens, including the Mayor of Gainesville, in an invitation to you and your organization to spend the training months in Gainesville. The University of Florida will offer you, free of charge, the use of a very excellent baseball diamond and your men access to the shower baths.

"Our climate is equal to the best in Florida during the training season. We have, as a rule, very little rain and the days are good. We should be very happy if you should decide to spend your training season at the University of Florida.

Yours very truly,

"A. A. MURPHREE, President."

Just as soon as Manager McGraw accepted these offers he lost no time in getting ready for the most scholarly trip his club has ever taken. The Giants will leave New York on the evening of Thursday, March 20, and will get to Gainesville March 22. Practice will commence the next day. Secretary John B. Foster said yesterday that the club had about thirty-five players under reserve and several of these will be traded or sold to other clubs before the Giants return to the North.

Manager McGraw has an old friend in Gainesville who will be glad to see him. He is Charley Harris, once a member of the old Baltimore Orioles. Charley is now the village grocer in Gainesville and a prominent citizen. The Giants' manager was once in Gainesville—way back in 1901—and he thinks that it will be an ideal place to train, especially because the college atmosphere will give his men the additional mental stimulant. The name of the hotel where the Giants will stop is the White House.

DODGERS PICK FLORIDA.

Manager Robinson Will Take Team to Jacksonville.

Manager Wilbert Robinson of the Dodgers decided yesterday to take the Brooklyn Club to Jacksonville to train. The Ebbets Field troupe will be neighbors of the Yankees. There are two baseball parks in Jacksonville and the clubs will play several exhibition games. With the Giants at Gainesville, a few hours distance, it is expected that other practice games will be arranged with McGraw's team.

The Brooklyn squad will go south about March 20 and will be ready to start training on March 23. If all of Brooklyn's players are out of the service by that time the Dodger leader will have a big squad from which to pick his team. It is expected that the Daubert case will be settled then, and that Brooklyn will have traded him for an infielder, probably Bill Kopf, of Cincinnati.

LOYOLA WINS AT HOCKEY.

Keresey Scores All the Goals Against Horace Mann Seven.

Excellent stick work by Keresey, playing centre, gave the Loyola School hockey seven a victory yesterday over the Horace Mann School septet, in their annual game, played at the Brooklyn Ice Palace. The score was 4 to 0. Keresey scored all four of the victorious team's goals. Two of them came in the first period on long, difficult shots from the centre of the rink. In the second period Keresey registered two more goals on passs from Stoneham, right wing. Stoneham is the son of the new President of the New York Giants.

The line-up:

Loyola. (4.)	Position.	Horace Mann. (0.)
Hennessy	G.	Gibbs
Harrington	F.	Herold
Armend	C.P.	Habbicht
Wilson	R.	Grace
Keresey	C.	Prime
Hallifte	L.W.	Benhoten
Stoneham	R.W.	Hetzler

Goals—First period: Keresey, 2. Second period: Keresey, 2. Referee—Mr. Smith, Wanderers' Hockey Club. Time of periods—Ten minutes each.

RING CHAMPION BEATEN.

Nable Gets Decision Over Tomasulo in Amateur Bout.

J. Tomasulo of the Elizabeth (N. J.) Y. M. C. A., national 115-pound amateur boxing champion, was defeated last night in his semi-final round bout in the Bensonhurst Yacht Club's monthly tournament. Tomasulo's conqueror was Sam Nable, a capable little boxer of the Clark House A. A. Nable received the judges' award after three rounds. In the final Nable gained the prize when he defeated J. Murphy, East Side House.

A disagreement came in the final bout of the 158-pound class, in which J. Foxtack, Glencoe A. C., and W. Vandler, East Side House, were opponents. At the end of three rounds the judges were unable to agree on a winner and the referee ordered an extra two-minute session. In this round Foxtack accumulated enough points to win.

The summaries:

110-Pound Class.—C. Svoboda, East Side House, defeated V. Duane, East Side House, three rounds, judges' decision; S. Parks, Rutgers Place Gymnasium, defeated H. Harris, Brooklyn Navy Yard, three rounds, judges' decision.

Final Bout—Svoboda defeated Parks, three rounds, judges' decision.

115-Pound Class.—S. Nable, Clark House A. A., defeated James Tomasulo, Elizabeth (N. J.) Y. M. C. A., three rounds, judges' decision.

Final Bout—Nable defeated J. Murphy, East Side House, three rounds, judges' decision.

128-Pound Class.—Final Bout—A. Berl, Clark House A. A., defeated W. Morris, Morningside A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

138-Pound Class.—W. Vandler, East Side House, defeated Leo Waltz, East Side House, three rounds, judges' decision.

Final Bout—J. Foxtack, Glencoe A. C., defeated Vandler, four rounds, judges' decision.

Kerr and Balch in Final.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., Jan. 23.—Hamilton K. Kerr of Greenwich will meet De Witt Balch of Cincinnati in the finals of the January tournament here tomorrow. Balch did not have to play today, as C. M. Ransom defaulted his match. Kerr played one of his old-time games against Hugh Halsell, the Sleepy Hollow golfer, and won an easy victory, 4 and 3.

Will Revive Henley Regatta.

LONDON, Jan. 23, (via Montreal.)—The Henley regatta will be revived this year. The program will include races open to services representing the Dominions and the Allies.

M'KAY GIVES YALE VICTORY AT SQUASH

Defeats Vanderpoel of Princeton in Spectacular Match—Harvard Defeats Columbia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Harvard	2	1	.667
Yale	2	1	.667
Columbia	1	2	.333
Princeton-Squash	1	2	.333

Donald McKay of the Yale Club defeated W. H. Vanderpoel of the Princeton-Squash Club yesterday in the most spectacular match produced to date in the Metropolitan team squash tennis championship tournament. The scores were 6—15, 15—11, and 18—17. The games were played on the courts of the Yale Club. McKay's success gave his team a victory by 3 matches to 2.

Splendid rallies just when the outlook appeared unfavorable for him gave McKay the match. Both players furnished their usual hard-driving game, effectiveness being shared alternately. The third game developed the hardest playing, and in the end it was a miss by Vanderpoel on an attempted return of a cross-court shot which gave Yale Club's team its victory.

This game started with Vanderpoel showing strongly. The Princeton-Squash Club player quickly piled up a lead of 9 to 1. Here McKay rallied, and with a smashing attack jumped to the lead when the score was at 13 to 12. Vanderpoel furnished a rally of his own at this stage and brought the game to 18 all.

The contestants then agreed on five sets, and McKay started as if he would take the match then and there. He advanced to a 4-love score before Vanderpoel struck his pace. Subsequently Vanderpoel brought the match to 4 all, and then came McKay's winning cross-court shot, which flew past Vanderpoel as the latter sought to return it.

McKay failed to attain his true form in the opening game. Vanderpoel, on the other hand, played well throughout and scored a comparatively easy victory at 15—6. In the second game the Yale Club player recovered himself and evened the count by taking the game 15—11.

While the Yale-Princeton-Squash Club teams were struggling for supremacy on the Eli courts, Harvard Club's quintet was accomplishing the downfall of the Columbia Club on the Crimson courts. The result was 3 matches to 2 in favor of the Harvard team. A surprise was sprung in this match when R. L. Streibeigh of the Blue and White team was defeated by A. Lockett, a Crimson player, in straight games. The scores were 15—12 and 15—9.

J. Burden's excellent use of the racquet in the final game gave the Harvard players victory. Burden opposed I. H. Cornell of the Columbia Club, who was defeated after three bitterly contested games by scores of 6—15, 15—7, and 15—12. The Blue and White player made his greatest display of form in the closing game. Burden started well and maintained the lead until the score reached 14—8. Then Cornell rallied and played brilliantly for a time. His rally ended, however, after he had collected four points.

The summaries:

YALE CLUB VS. PRINCETON-SQUASH CLUB.

Donald McKay, Yale Club, defeated W. H. Vanderpoel, Princeton-Squash Club, 6—15, 15—11, 18—17; Harold Tobey, Princeton-Squash Club, defeated D. S. Baker, Yale Club, 15—12, 15—8; J. A. Victor, Yale Club, defeated G. M. Godley, Princeton-Squash Club, 15—7, 15—3; Livingston Platt, Yale Club, defeated A. D. Mittendorf, Princeton-Squash Club, 15—6, 15—7; Robert Monks, Princeton-Squash Club, defeated H. W. Carhart, Yale Club, 15—6, 6—15, 15—11.

Score—Yale Club, 3 matches; Princeton-Squash Club, 2 matches.

HARVARD CLUB VS. COLUMBIA CLUB.

F. H. Davis, Harvard Club, defeated H. T. Buckley, Columbia Club, 15—8, 15—7; Fred S. Kesler, Columbia Club, defeated R. Read, Harvard Club, 15—7, 15—8; A. Lockett, Harvard Club, defeated R. L. Streibeigh, Columbia Club, 15—12, 15—9; F. Kidde, Columbia Club, defeated John L. Lee, Harvard Club, 15—6, 15—8; J. Burden, Harvard Club, defeated I. H. Cornell, Columbia Club, 6—15, 15—7, 15—12.

Score—Harvard Club, 3 matches; Columbia Club, 2 matches.

Taft Becomes Yale Coach.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 23.—Charles Taft, son of ex-President Taft, who recently returned from France, has been engaged to coach Yale's basket ball quintet.

S. G. A. MEETS TONIGHT.

All of Present Officers Have Been Named for Re-election.

The annual meeting of the United States Golf Association at the Waldorf tonight promises to be somewhat different from the last session held in this city at the Astor two years ago. On that occasion an unsuccessful endeavor was made to restore Francis Ouimet to amateur status. Tonight's gathering will not exactly be a cut-and-dried affair, although the election of officers named by the Nominating Committee is a matter of course. All of the officials have been renamed to succeed themselves, Frederick S. Wheeler of Apawamis being the President.

Delegates from clubs all over the country are expected to put in an appearance, including Silas H. Strawn of Chicago, Frank L. Woodward of Denver, and Howard W. Perrin of Philadelphia, all former chief executives. Daniel Chauncey of this city, President in 1907 and 1908, will be on hand. The occasion will mark the twenty-fifth anniversary meeting of the U. S. G. A. Delegates will be called to order at 8:30, and after all the business has been transacted a collation will be served.

COLGATE TROUNCES PRATT.

Hamilton Collegians Beat Brooklyn Five by Score of 38 to 19.

Colgate College's basket ball quintet scored a convincing victory over the Pratt Institute five last night in a game held on the Pratt court in Brooklyn by the score of 38 to 19. The Hamilton, N. Y., collegians outclassed their Brooklyn rivals throughout and led in scoring from the start. Colgate's players showed a fast passing game and team work, which puzzled the Pratt team. The first half ended with Colgate leading by 16 to 8, and in the second half this margin was maintained.

Anderson and Cottrell were the leaders in practically all of Colgate's offensive plays. Both scored heavily for the Hamilton team. Cottrell got four field goals and Anderson caged five from the floor and one foul.

The lineup:

Colgate. (38.)	Position.	Pratt. (19.)
Cottrell	R.F.	Roth
Anderson	L.F.	Fitelson
Cottrell	C.	Brown
Dwyer	R.G.	Meyer
Steffer	L.G.	La Barr

Field goals—Cottrell, 3; Anderson, 5; Cottrell, 4; Dwyer, 3; Steffer, 2; McBride, Roth, 6; Fitelson. Goals from foul—Anderson, 2; Roth, 2; Fitelson, 3. Substitutions—For Colgate—McBride for Cottrell; Kirchgraffner for Anderson. For Pratt—Bogart for Meyer. Referee—Ed Thorp. De La Salle Institute. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

SCHAEFER GOES INTO LEAD.

Day's Billiard Games Leave Welker Cochran 66 Points Behind.

Jake Schaefer again assumed the lead over Welker Cochran, young Chicago billiardist, yesterday, in their 3,600 points 18.2 balk line billiard match which is being played at Daly's Academy. As a result of the two blocks played yesterday afternoon and evening, Schaefer is now leading his rival by a matter of 66 points. The total score favors Schaefer by 2,400 to 2,334.

In the afternoon block, Cochran showed to advantage, winning by a score of 300 to 278. This contest ended in seven innings, giving Cochran an average of 42 6-7. He had high runs of 103 and 95.

The scores:

Afternoon Game.

Cochran—26 2 103 41 8 95 25—300. Average, 42 6-7. High runs, 103, 95.

Schaefer—114 66 49 0 3 46—278. Average, 39 5-7. High runs, 114, 66.

Evening Game.

Schaefer—83 51 12 10 0 108 78 2—344. Average, 49. High runs, 108, 83.

Cochran—28 3 136 39 4 5 11 7—234. Average, 29 2-8. High run, 136.

"C" FOR COLUMBIA MEN.

Sixteen of Last Year's Football Team Get Letters.

Eighteen 'Varsity "C"'s and six football monograms were awarded to the members of the Columbia S. A. T. C. football team of last Fall by the University Athletic Council, according to an announcement made yesterday. The 'Varsity letters went to sixteen regulars, the manager, and to John T. Kennedy, captain-elect of the team, who was absent in service. The awards follow:

'Varsity "C"—John T. Kennedy, captain-elect, absent in service; Harry D. Robb, back; Captain; Ralph T. Forsythe, W. J. Grace, and Roger D. Stevens, ends; M. M. Robinson, George W. Tower, J. L. Kraus, and Alfred E. Moderelli, tackles; John F. Kiennenger and J. S. Parkes, guards; Francis P. Fargo, centre; L. W. Zychlinski, line and backfield; Charles Shaw, J. M. Houlahan, C. T. Collins and Frank J. Canapery, backs, and W. J. Saeger, student manager.

'Varsity monogram, "C. F. T."—William Daley, Walter S. Wesley, James R. Logan, John McD. Memmott, Charles Rubinstein, and Alexander Herman.

PIGEONS HAVE DAY AT POULTRY SHOW

New Rochelle Homer, with 1,000-Mile-Flight Record, Is Blue Ribbon Winner.

A blue chequered homer pigeon, which last Fall made a flight of over 1,000 miles from Florida to its home loft in New Rochelle, was awarded the blue ribbon among the male birds with records of 1,000 miles at the Poultry Show at Madison Square Garden yesterday. This record-holding homer is owned by Oscar W. Opsann of New Rochelle. The winning 1,000-mile record hen was entered by C. Mentz of Newark. This blue homer made a flight of 1,100 miles from the West last Summer.

There was a more impressive entry of homers at this year's show than ever before, and the classes were judged yesterday by W. White, Jr., who was selected by the American Federation of Homer Clubs. The concourses, or clubs, which were represented were Manhattan, Stamford, Bronx, Brooklyn, Newark, Yonkers, and New Rochelle. Manhattan and New Rochelle were tied in the judging classes with four firsts each, but New Rochelle won on points because of the victory of Mr. Opsann's record homer. Newark won three first places, Brooklyn three, Stamford three, Bronx two, and Yonkers one.

The bird which furnishes America's favorite holiday dish, the turkey, held the attention of the judges. Wendover Farm, of Bernardsville, N. J., won the first prize among the bronze turkeys. The winner among the male birds was a thirty-pound beauty of brilliant plumage, while the blue ribbons in the ben, cockrell, and pullet classes went to the entries of the Bird Brothers of Meyersdale, Penn.

The miscellaneous breeds were judged yesterday, and in the exhibits were birds of new shades and markings. The four miscellaneous classes, which includes new types which have not yet been recognized as standard varieties, attracted considerable attention. In these new classes the winners were Red Houdans, a bird never before exhibited at a poultry show here. They were bred at Forrestgates Farms.

There have been numerous inquiries regarding how to begin keeping poultry at the information booths of the Government Poultry Exhibit, which is in charge of Chief Poultrymen Harry M. Lamon and M. Orr. There were so many crowding about the booth that a line had to be formed, and 200 people were standing on it the greater part of the afternoon awaiting their turn to ask the questions or collect the Government literature given out regarding poultry raising.

The awards in the homer pigeon classes were as follows:

100-Mile.—First prize, adult cock, F. A. Phillips, New Rochelle, N. Y.; adult hen, R. V. Dehan, Bronx Borough; cock, Oscar W. Opsann, New Rochelle, N. Y.; hen, Charles S. Bissitt, Stamford, Conn.

150-Mile.—First prize, cock, Oscar W. Opsann; hen, M. Lowentkal, Brooklyn.

200-Mile.—First prize, adult cock, Charles S. Bissitt; adult hen, G. T. Waaser, Brooklyn, N. Y.; cock, A. S. Vincent, Manhattan; hen, R. V. Dehan.

300-Mile.—First prize, adult cock, George Schroner, Brooklyn, N. Y.; adult hen, Christ Mentze, Newark, N. J.; cock, A. S. Vincent; hen, A. S. Vincent.

400-Mile.—First prize, adult cock, Charles S. Bissitt; adult hen, Christ Mentze.

500 Mile.—First prize, adult cock, A. S. Vincent; adult hen, G. W. Kittridge, Yonkers, N. Y.

1,000-Mile.—First prize, adult cock, Oscar W. Opsann; adult hen, Christ Mentze.

Likeliest Novice Flier.—First prize, cock and young hen, A. S. Vincent; hen, Oscar W. Opsann; young cock, J. Wilboughby Mitchell, Manhattan.

SKATERS Can obtain these Taylor Skating Outfits while they last at the following special prices:

SALCHOW (Imported) figure skates attached to expert shoes, high cut,

per pair attached, $27.00

HAGEN (Imported) speed skates with light weight racing shoes,

per pair attached, $19.00

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per pair attached, $11.50

Catalog free, containing description of TAYLOR SKATES, SHOES, STICKS, SKIS, SWEATERS, Etc.

ALEX TAYLOR & CO. INC.

Winter Sports Outfitters

26 E. 42d St. Opp. Hotel Manhattan

WE MAKE ALL OUR OWN SHOES

6.50 To 12.00

To get good service from your shoes they must be made of the best leather, made well, made by expert, our patrons get such service.

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Maker of Fine Boots. Nassau St., N. Y.

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Men's Suits & Overcoats

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Unusual purchasing opportunities are offered in

Men's Sack Suits . at $34.50 & 38.50

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The models are smart and up-to-date, the materials of excellent quality, and the tailoring such as to meet the most exacting demands.

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Once-A-Year Sale Stein-Bloch Winter Suits 100% Wool

$35 Suits $28.75

$50, $45, $40 . . . . $36.50

$65, $60, $55 . . . . $48.50

IF you want a Suit at a *low price* that you can wear with *high pride*, this opportunity won't recur for twelve months. Stein-Bloch is not merely a label, but an institutional and international standard. The assortments are all-complete at all prices. In clothes for currency, no such heaping values are available.

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STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32nd Street

Once-A-Year Sale Stein-Bloch Winter Overcoats 100% Wool

$35 Overcoats $28.75

$45 and $40. . . . . $34.50

$55 and $50. . . . . $42.50

$70, $65, $60 . . . . $62.50

IF you're after *extra-extraordinary* values, you'll find them after each price named above. Mark well—these are *Stein-Bloch* Overcoats, Ulsters and Greatcoats, not nameless, fameless garments.

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STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32nd Street

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

THE HEYDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, GARFIELD, N. J.

The Entire Outstanding Capital Stock of The Heyden Chemical Works, (Manufacturers of Chemicals and Drugs). 747 Shares Out of 750 Authorized Shares (3 Shares Treasury Stock), par Value $200 per Share.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public sale, at the door of the Main Office of The Heyden Chemical Works, at Garfield, New Jersey, at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 14th day of February, 1919, the entire outstanding capital stock consisting of 747 shares of the par value of $200 per share, of The Heyden Chemical Works, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New Jersey; and also, all the rights, interests, and benefits created in favor of Chemische Fabrik von Heyden A. G. of Radebeul, Germany, by a certain agreement dated June 7, 1906, with The Heyden Chemical Works; and all claims and demands existing thereunder, and certain patents, trademarks and methods of manufacture; and also certain trademarks heretofore held by said Chemische Fabrik A. G. and Fr. von Heyden Nachfolger, of Radebeul, Germany.

Full description of and information concerning the above property, and the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES, 110 West 42nd Street, New York City.

A. MITCHELL PALMER,

Alien Property Custodian

BANKS EXCEEDED QUOTA.

$600,000,000 of Treasury Debt Certificates Oversubscribed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Secretary Glass today announced that the fourth bi-weekly offering of Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, in pursuance of the program for financing the current necessities of the Government, to all banks and trust companies, had been oversubscribed. The minimum amount offered was $600,000,000, and the subscription aggregate $600,101,500.

The results by Federal Reserve Districts arranged in the order of the percentages of subscriptions of their quotas are:

Districts.	Quota.	Subscription.
Minneapolis	$20,800,000	$27,780,000
Chicago	84,000,000	97,774,500
St. Louis	24,000,000	26,445,500
Philadelphia	42,400,000	43,533,500
New York	203,200,000	203,609,500
Boston	52,000,000	49,080,500
San Francisco	42,400,000	40,000,000
Cleveland	54,400,000	50,400,000
Richmond	20,800,000	18,753,500
Kansas City	24,000,000	18,463,500
Atlanta	17,600,000	12,288,000
Dallas	14,400,000	8,043,000
Treasury	......	4,000,000
Total	$600,000,000	$600,101,500

Secretary Glass, under the authority of the act approved Sept. 24, 1917, as amended by the act approved April 4, 1918, also offered today for subscription, at par and accrued interest, through the Federal Reserve banks, $600,000,000 or more Treasury certificates of indebtedness, Series V E, dated and bearing interest from Jan. 30, 1919, payable July 1, 1919, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent. per annum. Applications will be received at the Federal Reserve banks.

The subscription books will close at the close of business Feb. 6. The certificates will be issued in denominations of $500, $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, and $100,000.

ALASKA PACKERS' DIVIDEND.

Extra Share to be Paid in Liberty Bonds, It Is Announced.

Directors of the Alaska Packers' Association, which is controlled by the California Packing Corporation through ownership of 79 per cent. of the association's stock, have declared an extra dividend of 25 per cent., payable in Liberty bonds on Feb. 10. A previous dividend of 10 per cent. in cash had been declared, making the total disbursment for the year to end with February 35 per cent.

Of this amount the California Packing Corporation's share will amount to approximately $1,591,000, which is equal to $4.69 on the common stock of that concern, which compares with $4.03 on the same stock in the preceding year. The general balance sheet of the Alaska Packers' Association as of Dec. 30, 1918, showed that accounts receivable had decreased to $155,620 from $1,-731,705 in the preceding year, while holdings of Liberty bonds increased to $4,-485,951 from $2,658,125 in 1917. Current liabilities increased to $882,044 from $87,784 in the preceding year.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U S DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy—No. 25[illegible]. Notice is given that ADAM J. HAFNER, bankrupt has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York on February 24, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 26421. Notice is given that MORRIS GOLDSTEIN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

WILL SHARE IN PROFITS.

Officers and Employes of Equitable Trust Co. to Participate.

The Board of Trustees of the Equitable Trust Company has announced that the profit-sharing fund of the institution which will be distributed to officers and employes in 1919 will be derived from a percentage of the company's net earnings in excess of an annual rate of 7 per cent. on the combined capital, surplus, and undivided profits for the year.

The distribution will be based on the respective salaries of both officers and employes and the period of service in the employ of the company, the percentage of profits increasing with length of service. The profit-sharing plan, which is now in its fifth year, was adopted by the company's Executive Committee Nov. 24, 1915.

STEADYING PRICES OF BONDS

Treasury Still Buying Limited Quantities of Liberty Issues.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The Treasury is continuing to use its Liberty bond purchasing fund, but is not buying bonds on the market "in any great quantities," it was said today after a conference between Secretary Glass and Eugene Meyer, Jr., who as Director of the War Finance Corporation supervises the purchases for the Treasury.

By buying up even a small proportion of bonds thrown on the market, the Treasury hopes to keep the market price nearer par.

The annual limit of Government purchases for the Third Loan bonds is $298,-000,000, and for the Fourth Loan $350,-000,000.

Hepburn Succeeds Morgan on Board

A. Barton Hepburn, Chairman of the Advisory Committee of the Chase National Bank, was elected yesterday by the Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank to represent the New York district on the Federal Advisory Council for the current year. Mr. Hepburn succeeds J. P. Morgan, who has been the district member on the council for the last four years. The election resulted from an informal agreement between the Directors of practically all the Federal Reserve Banks whereby rotation in membership on the Advisory Council was agreed upon. Several of the Reserve Banks will change their representatives this year.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Surrogate's Court.

At White Plains—Slater, S.

Wills for probate: Anna May Van Schaick. Frescott E. Barker. Augusta Lockwood. John Miller. David Doherty. Adam Danner, Compulsory acc't'g. P. J. Tierney. Charles S. Ware. Order to show cause N. P. Bushnell. Adm'r's accounting—

Notice.—The following case will not be called for the reason that no proofs have been filed under Rule II. Probate—Re Vincent B Thomas.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Young, J.—At 10 A. M.

Sloat<Gold. (partly tried.) McGee<Smythwick. Tocci<Menn. Van Suetendael< Schneider (2.) Voss<Levene. Sockolof<Voss. Delz<Aprea. Smith<Aitchinson.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Faber, J.—At 10 A. M. Sheridan<Sheridan.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.

Posser<Michaelfelder & ano. McDonald<B H RR et al. Hill<NY Cons RR. O'Neill<same. Quittner<Hirschberg. Johnson<Daily et al. Elliott<Reliable Bldg. Hoch<Menton. Magale<Brown. Consalvo, an infant< Mansfield et al. O'Beirne<B H RR. Kruse<Schlessinger.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2622.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Louis B. Boudin of New York City was admitted to practice.

186—W. H. Odell, aplt., v. C. F. Fardsworth Co. et al.—Passed.

187—Seufert Bros. Co., aplt., v. U. S. as trustee and guardian, &c., et al., and 188—U. S. as trustee and guardian, &c., et al., aplts., v. Seufert Bros. Co.—Passed.

183—The Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co. et al., plain., v. L. Block.—Submitted.

176—Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co., aplt., v. Western Union Telegraph Co., and 248—same, plain., v. same.—Argument continued.

177—Standard Oil Co., plain., v. H. T. Graves and H. T. Graves as Commissioner of Agriculture, &c.—Argued.

182—J. D. Boxley, plain., v. E. I. Scott et al.—Submitted.

184—J. E. Whitehead, plain., v. J. O. Galloway et al.—Submitted.

185—Oklahoma Gin Co., plain., v. the State of Oklahoma.—Leave to file brief for defendant within ten days, and leave to file brief for plain. within five days thereafter, granted.

185—Oklahoma Gin Co., plain., v. the State of Oklahoma, and 494—the Oklahoma Operating Co., aplt., v. J. E. Love et al., &c.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 24: Nos. 185, (and 494,) 179, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, and 196.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Acti. &c. A F, 1912< 20,000 Bags Sugar. O'Boyle<Tug Hakendaqua. Hiltebrant<same. McWilliams<Tug Henry Steers. Anderson<SS Ocmulgee. Sanders<Gaston, Williams & Wigmore. US<SS Columbia.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.

Trials: Murray Rothhart. Thomas Winkle. Michael Keogh. Charles Fiear. Joseph Borman et al. James McDermott. Last day to withdraw plea: Paul M A Mazurka. Sentences: Thomas Owens et al. Pleadings: Meinel & Wemple, Inc et al.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M. Motion calendar.

Keator<Rock Plaster Mfg Co. Lorg<Hould-Dusha Co. Foundation Co<Underpinning & Foundat'n. Re Malkan. Am Exch Nat Bank< Palmer. Auld & Wiborg<Kruse. Judd<Ransome. Penn Cement Co< Bradley. Ross<O'Boyle. Re Tug C P Raymond. De Gennaro<McQuade. US<251 Cases Eggs. Marshall<All-America's Merc Corp. All-America's Merc Corp<Marshall. Lutz<All-America's Merc Corp. Jeness<Kenny. Keweney<McCormick. Thorburn<Gates. Re SS Arlington. Comp Francaise<Bark San Giuseppe. Leach<Ky Block Cannel Coal Co. Nat Surety Co<Mass B & I Co. Saunders<Star. Red Star, &c. Co<C RR of N J. Western Assur Co<Atlantic Transport Co. Grimes<Tug N Y Central No 17. James<Tug Montclair. MacGregor<Shubert. Stuart<Tug Ganoga. Rankin<Assoc Bill Posters. Ramsey<Same. Re Alexander. Simon<Babcock & Wilcox. Cohen<Edwards. Silson<NY C RR. Re Palos. Bingham<Homer. US<Wessels. Blake<Enoch. Rivolta<Guaranty Tr. Grasselli<Aetna. Jensen<L V RR. Badino<Palmer.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corp<Janin et al. (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Building, Brooklyn, at 10 A. M. Parry<Crickett SS Co. (on trial.) Bankruptcy calendar at 2 P. M.

Discharges: J. H. Meyers. J. Goldman & Sons, Inc. Isaac Goldberg. A. W. N. Brandenberg. A. L. Bernstein. W. A. De Goode. Louis N. Sanford. Franklin Brew Co. J. R. Marquette, Jr., Inc. A. Ratkowsky. (2.) United Auto Dealers Mfg Co. Kolman Holland. Sarah B. Sokol. W. K. Meserole. Motions:

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Kilmer<Dr. Kilmer & Co. Dollard et al.<Whowill. Peterson Agt. Missouri, Kansas & Tex Ry Co. Kutner<same.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Dowling, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

People, &c<Congold Realty Co. CNY<US Fid & Cas. Fox<CNY. Fagan<same. People, &c<Callahan. Fine<Clinton Rty Co. Berthert<Schubert Cotton Co. Kronthal<Ranger. Badgeley<De Witt. Re Lyon<Ritchie. Re Dresoes. Am Fidelity Co< Lenhy. Hirschmann<Morris. Campbell<King. Kennedy<Supreme Council Catholic Ben Legion. Patentees' Protective Corp<Willard. De Vivo<Gellerani. Cent Brew Co<Kalbach. Woodruff<Woodruff. Trop<Gramercy Chocolate Co. Feldman<Ronsheim. Hanigsberg<Fein. Re Barbour. Alfonso<Kahn. Childs<same. Horn<Silinsky. Re Harrison. Cohen<Toole. Re Watson. Re Heilman. Re Troughion. Re Bayton & Johnson. Liberty Nat Bank< McFarland. Laroizabul<Valentine. Re Kennedy. Greenwich Sav Bk< Franklin-Madison Realty Co.

Non-enumerated motions at 10:30 A. M.:

Nat Surety Co< Descalzi. Dowling<Wynne. Hendrix<Man Beach Dev Co. Mfg & Dealers Motor Underwriters<Fire Brokers' Assn. Holmes<Camp. Sprenger<Dept of Health. United Shoe Repairing Mach Co<Dochterman Storage, &c. Co. Re Phillips, (US.) Grand Lodge, I O S B.) Herts<Davis. Kayz<Peck. Re Stanton<Craig. Holmes<Futterman. Schacht<Noble. Ordway<Goldstein. Thomashefsky<U S F & Guar Co. Klein<Blondell. S C Pesner Co<Jackson. Edwards<Stebbins, (2.) Edwards<Stebbins, (2) Reuter & Hancock.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Leroy Sargent & Co< McHarg. Re Dudgeon. (2.) Greco Canning Co< Buscaglia. Bennyman<Summer Sessions Opera Co. Scelsa<Demarco. Cole<Fornia. Roberts<NY Life Ins. Schneiderman<Naples Macaroni Co. Finn<Weitman. Bellerman<Bollerman. Oriental Am Trad, Inc <Slocum, Avram & Slocum Trad Co. Finn<Weitman. Wellenbrink<Wellenbrink. Caputo<Robifs. Manhattan Cut Stone Co<167 5th Av Co. Goldstein<Fidelio Brew Co. Zweigbaum<B H RR. Equit Exp Co<Lucas Laboratories, Inc. Re Wetter, (Bohlmeyer.) Fairmont Film Co< New Aster Cas Co. Musgrave<Musgrave, (2.) Bigham<Bigham. Bell<Gertner. Munac<3d Av Ry. Curtis<Curtis. Goldstein<Friend. Kenning<Kenning. Suranyi<Suranyi. Brown<3d Av Ry. Hyman<Coviello. De Bearn<US Fidelity & Guar Co. Leff<Levy Dairy. (2.) Redmond<Stonehan. Re Lambrosa, (Hempel, (2.) Boker & Co<Blancke. Kaufman<Weitman. O'Neil<Birdsaye. Phillips<same. Van Rood<Hoffman. Ford<McClurg. Itice<Rodgers & Hegerty, Inc. Hajek<Bohemian W Co-operative Assn. Glickstein<Glickstein. Rohrback<Rohrback. Singer<Selman. Keen-Hargraves< Wetmore. Schwartz<Paul Geril & Co. Times Sq Imp Co<J McCreery Rty Co. Donohue<Koumoutsos. (2.) Apollo Amus Co<Un Pict Theat of Am. Trimbles<Levine. (2.) Seymour<Mechanics & Metals Nat Bank. Greenhaus<Greenhaus. Re Mantell, (Drucker.) Conabeer<Conabeer. Shein<Khouri. Weyl<Cornell. Levison<Hurley.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions:

Crystal<Junior Plattsburg, Inc. Lasky<Lasky. Dorfman<Dorfman. Farmers' L & T Co< Duncan. Aronson<Bushman. Un-x-ld Paper Box Co <Levy. Undefended divorces: Bark<Bark. Jones<Jones. Simone<Simone. Asch<Asch. Heney<Heney. Bergul<Bergul. Danese<Danese. Hussey<Hussey. Tobias<Tobias. Singer<Singer. Rosenberg<Rosenberg. Goodman<Goodman. Goldstein<Goldstein. Roberts<Roberts. Bacola<Bacola. Perillo<Perillo. Cherowitz<Cherowitz. Kenning<Kenning. Davidson<Davidson. Valanzo<Valanzo. Salamone<Salamone. Aiotta<Aiotta. Pauly<Pauly. Bornemann<Bornemann. Isman<Isman. Bierman<Bierman. Nitzberg<Nitzberg. Aarons<Aarons. Jones<Jones. Del Valle<Del Valle. Spalding<Spalding. Reynolds<Reynolds. Raimo<Raimo. Ercolani<Ercolani. Skolnick<Skolnick. Iteman<Iteman. Whitmore<Whitmore. Flatow<Flatow. Fleux<Fleux. Ross<Ross. Drummond<Drummond. Rudinsky<Rudinsky. Adams<Adams. Millstein<Millstein. Morrison<Morrison. Kessler<Kessler. Weinberg<Weinberg. Inns<Lans. Strong<Strong. Barone<Barone. Thompson<Thompson. Dolaro<Dolaro. Schwartz<Schwartz. Browning<Browning. General calendar: Tag<Zarin. Moder<Moder. Lewis<State Bank. Force<Force. Nat Soc of Music, Inc <Bailey. Hughes<Techt. Miller<Schwartz & Co. Weissberg<Weissberg. Elliott & Co<Oxman. Sims<Sims. Heinman<Joslin. Cohen<Grossman. Rieger's Sons, Inc< Everard's Breweries. Rochler<Walsh. Rafferty<Teachers Ass'n, NY C. Taylor Auto Truck & Renting Co<Taylor Trucking Co. Kapitola<Kapitola. Tyers<Tyers. US Trust Co<Spear & Co. Levis<Glaser. Black<Lodge Modernmaniet. Palefsky<Kobriner Benev Ass'n. Kessler<Johnson.

Wilner<same. Schoenholtz<NY Life Ins Co. Walsh<Emig Ind Sav Bank. Smith<Smith. Whitehead<Whitehead. Federal SS Corp<Am Union Line. Cummings<B'dway-84th St Rty Co. Donahue<Loumoutsos. Clear.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.

PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part II., Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.

Sobel<Salsman. Friedlander<Rosenthal. Goetz<Wharton. Berg<Ertz. Goodman<Rubinstein. Kuble Co<River Leafe. Waterman<Tumble-In Co, Inc. Post<Megalos. Paulson<Benenson Rty Co. Trainor<Trainor. Waydell & Co<Am Trading Co. Berensman<Weber. Solomon<Union Sav'gs Bank of Augusta. Irvin Trust Co<Tall. Oil, Paint & Drug Reporter<Hechtkopf. Bernstein & Shapiro< Brenner. Village Garage<Farrell. James<Steinburger. Liberty Natl Bank< MacFarland. Phillips<Blumberg Bros Co. Feller<Friedman. Wright, Inc<Maresca. Elliott<Amer Star L. Hubschmitt, Jr<Hercules Steel Co. Maher<Picker. Nelson<Citizens Bank. Mears<Levitt. Persen<Hartmann. Nordstrom<Ledyard. Breaugh<Keating. Clear.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ing.—De Miglio< Baldi. Weiss<Bassel, (2.) Bila<Bloomingdale. Workin<NY Rys. Holders Realty Co< Speitze. Silberberg<Grand Central Palace Co. Sarner<Richman. Zappler<Union Ry. Burhans<Bishop. Neger<Lowenthal. Kandel<Combined R E Interests (2.) Goldstein<NY Rys. Thomann<NY Rys. Bissichia<Allied Mut Liab Ins Co. Filangeri<Morse D D & Repair Co. Ricciardi<S I R T. Lalla<Hiesman. Castellana<same. Parker<Swift & Co. Ray<US Garages, Inc. Helmowitz<Steinmetz. Varona<NY Rys. Piscitello<CNY. Palumbo<Raporel SS. Schaenman<Int R T. Hellman<Int R T. Copozzi<NY Con RR. Kraus<Pitcher. Smith<Belt Line Ry. Zebrower<Boys' Club. Lucas<I R T. Coon<Wall St Taxicab Co. Pox<N Y Rys. Sullivan<Union Ry. Tyler<B H RR. Paelman<Walton. Davis<Olson. Dalmas<Bickley. Ruth<N Y Rys. Spinelli<Kalbach. Malady<N Y Rys. Kleinman<same. Ilmalstein<N Y Cone RR. Hawrylka<N Y Rys. (2.) Silver<N Y Edison. Zuckerberg<Cohen. (2) Leighton<Met By-Products Corp. Grosso<CNY. Ricci<Miller. Muller<Volken. A. Hieckel<Grieco. H. Hieckel<same. Korman<Levinson. Good, Jr<N Y Rys. Kell<N Y City Interborough Ry. Eichner<Weingarten. Clarke<Conay. Hannigan<Chamberlain. Petrone<Ferliano. Gittens<Ehret. Hillec<Huser. Kaufman<Moskowitz. Mark<Middleboro Rty. S. Mark<same. Feeney<Young. Brown<N Y Rys. Jacobs<Central Syndicate Bldg. Kell<N Y City Interborough Ry. Miller<Hirsch. Kantrowitz<Stutz. Feeney<Warman. Sones<N Y Rys. Finnagan<Ine R T. Hudson Trust Co<Am Linseed Co. Ryan<I R T Co. Takarcik<Lloydell Coal Mining Co. Brown<Stewart. Goodman<Harburger. Madine<Burns Bros. Cerrato<Viggiano. Glass<Tausky. Schrank<Miller. Abromiwitz<Denbosky. A. Aronowitz<Town Taxi Co, Inc. M. Aronwitz<same. Hunter<Hutchinson. Ferri<CNY. Hopcroft<5th Av Coach Co. Mullaney<Wolf. Kingsley<Gibralter. Herbert<Barrett.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Laser<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co. Frank<Ryan. Leiberger<Weyhmann. Hemingway<Marden, Orth & Hastings Co. Beaver Eng & Con Co <CNY. Von Dorn<Crary. Hallowell<Headden. Mundhein Co<US Fid & Guar Co. O'Hanlon<McCreery & Co. Universal Chain & M Stamping Co<Egyptian Lacquer Mfg Co. Rogers<Brieben. Depositors' Assets Corp<Convent Park Const Co. Cons Mach & Wreck Co<Harper Mach Co. Sisson<Shuman Hotel. Nepbegyi<Interchange, Ltd. Melville<Demonjos. Am Brass & Copper Co<Pine. Int Time Record Co< H Miner Lith Co. Williamsburg Marble Co< G & M Imp Co. Odell<CNY. Hartwell & Lester, Inc<Ward. Marden, Orth & Hastings<Baldwin. Buchman<Freitag. Freedman<Langrock Bros. Rosenblum<same. Clark<Thom. Young, Jr<Phillips. Kinyskens<W J Crouch Co. Greenhut Co<C Cooper. Same<G Cooper. Same<W Cooper. Reed<Sullivan. 250 West 103d St Corp <Flammer. S Blumenthal & Co< Ascher. Regelman<Johns-Manville Co.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Rappaport<3d Av Ry.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar:

Thomas J Dillon. Mildred Schwartz. John H Harbeck. Oscar Lewisohn. Winthrop V Taylor. Victorine Lee. William F Havemeyer. James C Craig. Hattie L Mossler. Elizabeth Walsh, &c. George Persad. H D Buegeleisen. Samuel G Halsey, &c. Sheppard Knapp. Francesco Cavaliere. G Barbarone, &c. Joseph Roy. Christ Tsitouris. Martin Farrington. Mary M Grinnell. Max G Schmitz. John J Callahan. Gabrielle Durant, &c. Augusta Erlenwein. Emil Erlenwein. Sebastian Hoffmann. Adolph Kramer. Fannie Konigfest. Thomas Mack. D O Margaronie. Charles A Manley. Meri Paluda. Minnie Rushe, &c. James Sick. Rhineholdt Schulz. Robella Severina. Charles Smyrlis. Girda Swenson. M K Stelleanos, &c. Teres Tabacs. Joseph Isaacs. John W Wood. Catherine L Taylor. Valdemar Hansem. Sophia Beach. George H Huber. Morris Kuentlinger. Chester P Siems. Christie J Becker. George Finck. Flora A Gordon. Christie J Becker. James Reilly. Letitia A Tyson. Alfred J Malcolson. Michael J Lavin. Pauline Aronsen, &c. James A Beattie, &c. Matthew Madigan. Elizabeth Mesler. Frederick O Kuns. John Keys. Emily R N Wells, &c. James A Blanchard. Peter Hebel. Catherine Brady. Rosa Rubens. Albertine Bamberger. Virginia A Smith. M F Schmittberger. Mario Molohan. Netta D Olendorf. Johanna Swenson. Harriet M Ver Nooy. Patrick Dunn. Harry Wuckerman. William L Smith. Fannie Brussel. Aaron S Rowley. Phebe Gruening. James R Steers. Caroline C Hettinger. Sarah F Smiley. William Kramer. Rachel A Elting. (2.) Antonio Desposito. John De F Frazee. Emilie Field. John F Carbin, &c. James Holdsworth. Estates of—Issue of fact: Antoinette L Schermerhorn. George Persad. Wills for probate: Simon Keane. Philip Hasbrouck. Elizabeth De Louoree. Kalman Haas. Charlotte Travers. William McCarthy. Thomas Dimon. Margaret Flynn. Anna F Fallon. Frederick Napier. Catherine Fulcher. John S. Dutton. Agnes Lathers. Emeline De Kermes. Edward L Satterlee. Joseph Weinstein. S Hammerslough. Robert Hill.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested wills: 3561—David Ohleon. Estate: Theresa Auerbach.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Weissberg<Bauman. Beller<Friend & S. Hurwitz<Williams Co. Pellegrino<Atl Load. Epstein Wrecking Co <Fleming. Silberstein<Berman. Scheinson<Lemarco. Crassons<Power. Barrett<McIntyre. Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Co<Lempert. Conroy<Kraus. Behre<Hawes. Foedick<Globe Ind Co. Lebenson<Cent Alabama D O Co. Mitchell<Pike. Greenberg<Silverman.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Pearlman<Tiedemann. Rubin<Normandy Waist Co. Ridley<Gordon. Nash<Goldberg's Son & Co. Freiman<Frankel. Katz<Weiss. Goldberg<Kiins. Muhlstein<Weiser. Hirschhorn<Schiffman & Co. Levy<Int R T Co. Gross<same. Vogel<same. Scharkowitz<Taxi Cab Transit Co. Slutzkin<Lebast. Brodsky<3d Av RR. Price<Cohn. Nadelman<NY Rys. Sachs<same. Kaufman<42d St, &c. Ry. Winkler<Goldberg. Cohen<Rabinowitz. Finkelstein<K & W Holding Corp. Schatz<Brandwein. Conti<Battaglio. Forman<Friedman. Mendelson<N Y City Int Ry. Landers<N Y Rys. Meltzer<Kush. Kendler<Int R T Co. Finkelstein<same. Greenberg<143 Forsyth St Co. 61st St Bldg Co<Elioma Rty Co. Reeder<Int R T. Yam<Lipman. Sanitary Brass Wks< Rubin & Marcus. Firs<Kobler Voleener Y M B A. Prokoeuner<Clyde Mills. Symons<Shattan. Roman<Nat'l Gum & Mica Co. Kohn<NY Rys. Elberger<Lawyers Mtge Co. Pessein<Weinstein.

Vuolo<Fidler. Hauben<Rosenbaum. McKenna<Bordens Farm Prod Co. O'Brien-Credezza Co< Cumb Glass Mfg Co. Schlang<Hozen. Kraus<Zochowiske. D H Shirt Co<H V T Schill Co. Manen<Weinberger. Siegel<Mendel. Aristo Hosiery Co< Lichten. Boylan<Butler. Youngman<NY Rys. Silver<same. Eisenstein<same. Ryan<Postal Trans S. Gordon<Talmud Torah Tipereth Jerusalem. Weinberg<NY Rys. Cohen<Friedman. Janoskefsky<Mogilensky. Cumming Con<Holmes. Zalowitz<5th Av C Co. Fink<same. Case on.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial. No day calendar.

PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Prudential Knit Mills, Inc<Krasney. Noschkes<Stone. Fein<Kruger. Birch<Richard Carvel Cot et Co. Regan<Jackson. Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co<Am Union L. N Y Overseas Co< Halle Ferris Trading Co. Howes Const Co< Maryland Cas Co. Crane<Litchfield. Feinstein<S. Blumenthal Co. Nathan<Strauss. Weissman<Nat Liberty Ins Co. Watney<Dannen. New England Woolen & Dress Goods Mills, Inc<Schaum. Perlman<Golden Aaronson, Kaplan & Meirowitz<Baum. Cirrincione<General Waist Co. Gotham Pearl Button Works<Am D G Co. Teaconas<Mouwet. Landau<Levensohn. Boswell<Winter. Kupferman<Mirsky. Lasarowitz<Sachs. Westervelt<Andrews. Howlett & Hockmeyer Co<Uditsky. Greater N Y Pickle Works<Golden. Forchheimer<Vierhaus. Bogart<Winkler. Le Roy Silk Mills< Schraeder & Co. Miltex Cloak, &c. Co< Rosner & Son. Rybakoff<Gittler. Jiffy Life Belt Mfg Co<Van Gytenbeek. Heuman<Kasper. Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Titus<Parson—James A Lynch; re Spasse—Myron Sulzberger.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Hirsch<Aspinwall—Wm H Hatfield; re Brandt—Victor Deutsch; re Betzol—Victor Deutsch.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—US Trust Co< Schlesinger Realty Co (2)—Alfred C. Coxe, Jr; John S. Jacobus<Schlesinger Realty Co—Edward C. O'Thomas; Mary L Shear< same—Edward C O'Thomas.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

Cashman<Cashman. Re Ponatto. Wilson<Dula. Re Rabinowitz. Re Savoca. Mutual Life Ins Co< Banard. Int R T<Brennan. Zinberger<Cohcdo Rty Co. Schenk<NY Prod Ex. Dollard<Conroy. Re Happy Home Rty. Courtney<Strachan. Loewy<Fridiger.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.

Napolis<Booth. Jacobson<Brody. Vernora<Brody. Campbell<Rosenfeld. Palits<Duempleman, (3.) White<Weigle. King<Weinberger. Metropolitan Elec Mfg Co<Woode, Inc.

The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:

H Poulson<Mangels. K Poulson<same. D'Avola<Waites Motor Van & Storage Co. Marks<Lewandowski. Wynne<Corona Prov. Tilley<Muelberger. Guastavino<Rock. Y Sueiderwitz<Ehni. H Sneiderwitz<same. S Fox<Bruner. L Fox<same. Friedman<NY Rys. Welegal<NY City Interborough Ry. A Zelenko<Union Ry. W Zelenko<same. Hellman<Corona Prov. Abbenante<Union Ry. McCarthy<Int R T. Barchan<Grossman. F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry. J Skupinsky<same. Hultgren<Union Ry. Brilles<same. Beatty<Pence. Carey<NY C RR. Rall<Neuman. Rosenthal<Waites Mot Vans & Storage Co. Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency. L Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage. S Rosenthal<same. Weber<Holsten. Uszpalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co. Verro<Union Ry. Wolf<same. Heit<Walworth Bros, Inc. Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc. Tuccitto<Union Ry. Grace<Union Ry. Nachman<Hoolahan. F Frey<Heyne. M Frey<same. O'Sullivan<same. Goldstein<Union Ry. Kruger<Goldberg. Weingold<Wulfhop. Silverblatt<Int R T. Gasdia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital. Kallman<Sanwick. Brinn<Samuels. O'Shea<Hobby. Buschi<B H RR. Phillips<Jacobs. Buschi<B H RR. Winkler<Union Ry. Cotter<Burns Bros. Ross<So Blvd RR. Beyrodt<Lyon. McGuire<C A Sigmond Realty Co. Bastone<CNY. Toots<Segal. Eisler<So Blvd RR. Lopota<Int R T. Greenblatt<same. Stringle<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc. J Fanelli<Ferguson. N Fanelli<same. Maurer<Gimbel Bros. Schoenfelder<NY Rys.

Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.

PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. Cauk<Freyant. McDermott<Kingston. People, &c<Weinstein.

TRIAL TERM—Tierman, J.

Tuzel<Haussman. Grieco<Comes. Nudelman<Jaffe. Weiss<Union Ry. Pepe<same. Feigel<same. Rosenholts<Int R T. Burdman<Schein. Dolinke<Kanner. Pellarin<Bronx Scenic Ry Corp. O'Connell Con Co< Redmond Co.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, Mills, Rich, Putnam, Blackmar, Kelly, and Jaycox, JJ.—Motion calendar at 10 A. M.

Paterson<N Y Cons Ry Co. Re Hazeldine Hamilton. Victory Cont Co<Trotta & Md Cas Co. GoldfarbFries.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

People State N Y ex rel Meyron, (Craig.) Mannino<Brady & Gloe. Re Rosenberg, (Shapiro.) Re Kalmanowitz, (Shapiro.) Gallo<Gallo. Webber<Webber. Schacht<Goldfarb. Re W 24th St-W 25th St. Re New England Eq Ins Co, (Barrett, Ashner & A.) Same, (Barrett, Wasserman,) (2.) Re Union Bank, (Gold et al.) Berger<Ocean Elec Ry Co. Snyder<Snyder. Wise<Wise. Hartranft<Clody. Roberts<Farrel. Hauseman<Goldstein. Gittleson<Peckworth. Re Rodeman, (Wulf.) Re East Richmond Hill Land Co, (Com Tazes & A.) Re Kew Gardens Co, (same.) Re Man, (same.) Re South Richmond Hill Land Co, (same) Re East Richmond Hill Co, (same,) (3) Re Kew Gardens Corp, (same,) (3.) Leavitt<Leavitt. Staub<Wolf. Reed<Reed. Kaiser<Fritze. Leo<Leo. Liebowitz<Solomon & Horace Realty Co.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Stutsky<Rosenblum. Davidson<Davidson. Reiss<Reiss et al. Lamb<Lamb. Ruggiero<Ruggiero. Fioro<CNY. (3.) Glasson<Gleason. Liftchild<Liftchild. Bess-Mar Realty Co< Capell. Kantor<Kromback. Aherns<Parker. Stern<Shea. Goldberg<Goldberg. Feldman<Feldman.

Highest number reached on regular call, 1254.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.

Teague<B H RR. Rader<Cohen. Goldstein<S Bklyn RR. Haskell<Haskell. Steinberg<Ward Baking Co. Teubler & ano<CNY. Sawyer<Wash Detective Bureau. Kenney<Millon. Kornblum<Com Advertiser Assn. Richter<Clover Farms. Dalury<Dalury Candy. Feller<Nassau RR. Federico<Herman et al. Shepuraitis<Kazlauskas. De Groff<Drysdale. McGuire<Nassau RR. Newman<Bennett.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.

Cogut<Bashlet. Winslow<B, Q Co & S RR. Talmud<NY Rys. Asserson<CNY. Evelyn<Reid. Binder<Perdigo. Davidson<Kramer & ano. Furgeson<Sayre. People<Hart. Redmond<Carrier. Ratz<Hummerech & ano. Kantrowitz<Resnick. Halperin<Barrett. Karlinsky<Mandelbaum. Fritz<Levine & ano. Moore<Kahan & ano. Boyle<NY Con RR. Leffel<Met Life Ins. Dowd<NY Rys. Fenning<Laskas & ano. Hogarty<Nassau RR. Applebome<Sheffield Farms Co. Anderson<Anderson. Stringer<Boegner. Immella<Westcott Ex. Russo<Schlank. Hurley<Butler. Levene<Wilson & ano. O'Neill<B H RR & ano. Carroll<Kovacs. Smith<McKeown. Peters<same. Kiernan<Union Rys. Enke<Schwartz et al. Cedola<Nassau RR. Pekarsky<Pekarsky & ano. Goldstein<Nassau RR. Nicholas<B, Q Co & Sub RR. Pusso<Holland Co. Feldberg<Annenberg & ano. Gallo<Fabre & Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6625.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

PART IV., May, J.; PART V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.—Calendar called in Part V.

Blonstein (case on, Part IV)<Vogel. Merkle<Marks. Sankin<Flax. Dexheimer<Nichols. McKeon<Salber. Holmes<Elysian Home Building Corp. Aricom<Gruber.

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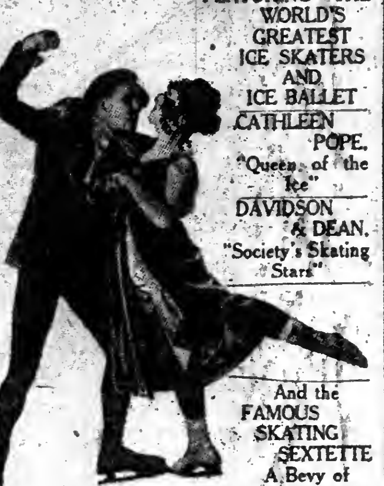

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LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—MILTON A. RAUH, Plaintiff, against ISAAC REUBENSTONE and others, Defendants.—Clerk's index number 13,880, year 1918.

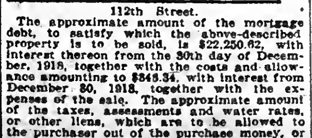
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the second day of January, 1919, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: "All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and bounded and described as follows:

"BEGINNING at a point in the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street, distant one hundred and one (101) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Lexington Avenue with the said northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; running thence northerly parallel with Lexington Avenue one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence westerly, parallel with One Hundred and Twelfth Street, twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches; thence southerly parallel with Lexington Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; thence easterly along the said last-mentioned line twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches to the point or place of beginning. Being known as No. 125 East One Hundred and Twelfth Street."

LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.

MILTON DAMMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 125 East 112th Street:



The approximate amount of the mortgage debt, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $22,250.62, with interest thereon from the 30th day of December, 1918, together with the costs and allowance amounting to $343.34, with interest from December 30, 1918, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $629.09 and interest.

Dated, New York, January 8, 1919.

LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS' SALES CO., INC., Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 26529.

It appearing to my satisfaction from the petition of Edward P. Sobel, verified the 22nd day of January, 1919, that a petition was filed in this court on the 17th day of January, 1919, praying that the above named, AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS' SALES CO., INC., be adjudged a Bankrupt and that a subpoena directed to the said alleged Bankrupt was duly issued out of this Court to the Marshal of this District and that the said Marshal has been unable to serve the same upon the alleged Bankrupt and that said alleged Bankrupt is not within this District now, nor are any of its officers now within this District so that personal service may be made upon it, and that diligent efforts have since been made to ascertain the whereabouts of the said alleged Bankrupt and that it is not now within the jurisdiction of this Court; it is now, on motion of Edward P. Sobel, attorney for the petitioning creditors,

Ordered, that the above named alleged Bankrupt plead or answer on or before the 10th day of February, 1919, to the petition herein filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court on the 17th day of January, 1919, and in case of its failure to plead or answer thereto, adjudication shall be made against it according to the prayer of said petition; and it is further

Ordered, that this Order be published in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 24th day of January, 1919, and that a copy of this Order be mailed to the said alleged Bankrupt at its last known place of business, to wit: No. 256 West 60th Street, in the City of New York, on or before the day of the first publication, and that another copy of this Order be mailed to Thomas H. Keogh, at No. 52 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the day of the first publication.

Dated, New York, January 22nd, 1919.

J. M. MAYER, District Judge.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26525.—In Bankruptcy.—FRANZ F. DEINER, Bankrupt.

Franz F. Deiner was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 16, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 6, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26511.—In Bankruptcy.—JACOB LEVY, Bankrupt.

Jacob Levy was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 13, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 6, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26533.—In Bankruptcy.—PETER J. CONRAN, Bankrupt.

Peter J. Conran was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 10, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 6, 1919, at 10:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25692.

Notice is hereby given that JACOB K. HALBFINGER has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 24th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York. Bankruptcy No. 26213. Notice is given that WILLIAM THOMAS, individually and trading as WILLIAM THOMAS COMPANY, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26451.

Notice is given that CHARLES MANDELBAUM, bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition of all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 3rd, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such application should not be granted. MAGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

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of a Shanley dinner lies in the flawless, comfort-giving service. Come early and enable us to give you the individualized attention and perfect satisfaction to which you are entitled.

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"The Spice of Life"
By John Murray Anderson and James K. Hackett.
Entirely New Divertissements. Elaborate New Ensembles with a Company of Fifty.
Dinner Show at 7:15 After Theatre Show 11:15
NO CHARGE FOR DINNER PERFORMANCE
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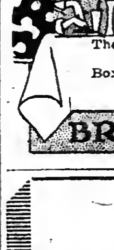
Boxes and tables may be reserved in advance by telephone—Bryant 9440.



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GOOD MUSIC— DANCING—
"KA-MA-KU-RA"-ROOM, DANCING 3 P. M. TILL CLOSE

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TABLE D'HOTE
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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25553.

Notice is hereby given that NATHAN ZIMAN and ISRAEL CHIRLAN, individually, and as co-partners trading as ZIMAN & CHIRLAN, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 24th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26439.—In Bankruptcy.—STRAIGHT EDGE BAKING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Straight Edge Baking Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 6, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 6, 1919, at 11:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York—Bankruptcy No. 26453. Notice is hereby given that LEONARD H. SMITH has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, Feb. 24, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 24898. Notice is given that ABRAHAM HAMMER, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 24, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

WINGED WARFARE.

Charles Warren, ex-Assistant U. S. Attorney General, writes of world federation as necessary to enforce regulations for air fleets in the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

Opportunities in Long-term Bonds

At present prices high-grade bonds offer an unusually attractive yield over a long period.

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To yield about 5% to 6%

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Rise as Cotton Slumps—Victory Loan Plans Check New Issues.

Price movements in stocks yesterday stood in fairly sharp contrast with the course of quotations in the cotton market, a break of $10 a bale in cotton future contracts reflecting apparently considerable disturbance of sentiment among spinners as well as speculative operations for the decline. Railroad stocks continued to make progress forward and securities as a whole gave a good account of themselves, excepting local traction bonds. Interborough Rapid Transit notes on the Curb and Brooklyn Rapid Transit 7 per cent. paper on the Stock Exchange broke down 4 points and drew renewed attention to the street railway situation. It could hardly be said that the stock market denoted a marked change of speculative opinion toward the constructive side of quotations, for neither the gains nor the volume of business was large enough for that. The observations of Chairman Kruttschnitt of the Southern Pacific before the Senate Committee gave holders of railroad securities considerable concrete information about an active railroad man's ideas of practical and effective operations of the carriers and tended to equalize a great deal of conjecture over the problem which had been aroused earlier in the week. As railroad operating and financial experts give their views in the hearing, it is to be expected that the public will acquire a better grasp on plans for the future and in this lies encouragement for an early expression of opinion, which should assist Congress in its work.

The credit situation promises to grow more interesting as the time grows near for the next Government loan. It seemed to be more than coincident that the Money Committee of the banks held a long session yesterday at the time when announcement was made of a new offering of Treasury certificates of indebtedness in anticipation of the loan. In the announcement, banks were tacitly urged to make their subscriptions as large as possible, for the reason that Government expenditures were running at an extraordinarily high rate. The outlay in December for maintaining the troops abroad, for demobilization purposes and for liquidating war contracts was in excess of $2,000,000,000 and so far this month this rate has been closely approximated. The urgent call upon the banks hardly presages any relief from current bank credit conditions and in responsible banking quarters the prediction is made that little new financing of large calibre can be put through before the loan campaign begins. From this indications point toward efforts to renew some maturing corporate obligations which fall due in the near future and the War Finance Corporation is likely to be called upon to supply assistance for one or two railroad maturities. In view of the outlook it would not be surprising if closer scrutiny of stock market loans were made from now on than has been the case even in recent months of radical restrictions.

The Bank of England's weekly statement showed a decrease of $1,280,000 in gold holdings, the first decline since the middle of last July. A decline of $3,300,000 in note circulation occurred at the same time, however, and this worked to increase slightly the proportion of reserves to liabilities, which now stands at 19.32 per cent. The British Government has evidently found the method of raising funds through a continuous offering of bonds entirely satisfactory, as evidenced in the announcement of a new issue to be opened on Feb. 1.

Prices Active on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—Prices on the Bourse were active today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63f. 25c. for cash; exchange on London, 25f. 98c.; 5 per cent. loan, 93f. 25c.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5¼
Low	4½	Low	5
Renewals	5	Renewals	5¼
Last	4½	Last	5

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.............4¼@4½

Time Loans.

ALL INDUSTRIALS.		MIXED COLLAT'LS.	
Sixty days	5	Sixty days	5
Ninety days	5	Ninety days	5¼
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¼
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5¼
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5¼

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.............4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.............4¼@4⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.............5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.............5 @5¼
4 to 6 months.............5 @5¼
Other Names.
4 to 6 months.............5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.7580	$4.7580	$4.7580	+.00⅛
Cables	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	+.00¼
Cables	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	+.00⅛

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7580	$4.76⅞
5.1813	Paris	5.45¾	5.45⅛
5.1813	Belgium	5.67	5.65
	China—		
	Hongkong	78.00	78.10
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	120.50
40.20	Holland	41.625	41.9375
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.40	51.50
	Yokohama	51.40	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.07	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.40	28.65
	Copenhagen	26.40	26.65
	Christiania	27.50	27.75
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	44.70	44.85
34.42	Rio	25.15	25.25
5.1813	Switzerland	4.88	4.85
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	16.10	16.30
	500 rubles	16.00	16.20

*TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers 60 Days.	Bankers 90 Days.	Commercial 60 Days.	Commercial 90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71¾	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $651,447,410; balances, $62,906,019; Treasury debit balance, $1,086,173; Federal Reserve credit balance, $48,507,890.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Customs receipts:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$7,153,214	$83,604,796
Internal Revenue— Inc. and exc. profits tax	23,800,494	709,274,157
Miscellaneous	79,302,741	668,811,009
Miscel. revenue	16,466,619	274,228,581
Total receipts	$126,813,070	$1,735,919,533
Exc. of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	944,409,409	7,805,117,635
Exc. of total rec. over total disb.	554,470,787	49,529,243
Expenditures	1,071,282,539	9,631,036,569

Stock Exchange Seats Sold.

Four seats on the New York Stock Exchange were sold yesterday for $68,000 each. This is $2,000 less than the high price which has been recorded recently. The proposed transfers of membership, which are subject to favorable action by the Exchange, are the seat of Lamont Dominick to Bancroft Smith, the seat of William Erdmann to Benjamin F. Swartz, the seat of J. E. Liggett to George F. Naphen, and that of Samuel Babcock, deceased, to Donald Y. Hill.

The following were elected to membership: John F. McCann, J. W. Peterson, Harold W. Carhart, and Charles V. Benton.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 23, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	417,635	275,006	410,578
Year to date	8,529,155	11,100,299	14,024,291

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
70½	71	200	Ajax Rubber	70½	70½	70½	70½	— ½
8¾	8⅞	100	Alaska Gold Mines	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
2	2½	500	Alaska Juneau	2½	2½	2	2	...
31	31¼	1,600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	30¾	31⅝	30¾	31⅝	+ ¾
81½	84	300	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	81½	82	81⅝	82	— ½
99⅞	100¼	500	Am. Agricul. Chem	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	...
68⅛	69	10	Am. Beet Sugar	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	...
46⅝	46¾	1,000	Am. Can	46⅞	46⅞	46	46⅞	+ ¾
100¼	101⅛	100	Am. Can pf	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	+ ½
90⅛	90⅝	1,300	Am. Car & Fdry	89⅝	90⅝	89⅝	90	+ ⅞
15⅛	15½	2,100	Am. H. & Leather	14½	16	14½	15⅝	+1⅛
81½	81⅝	15,900	Am. H. & L. pf	78	82	77⅞	81⅛	+3⅛
54¼	54⅛	700	Am. International	53½	54½	53⅞	54⅛	+ ⅞
47⅞	47⅞	8,000	Am. Linseed	46⅞	48	46⅞	47⅞	+1⅛
88½	89⅞	300	Am. Linseed pf	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞	+ ⅞
59	59½	100	Am. Locomotive	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	...
101	103	800	Am. Locomotive pf	101½	101½	101	101	— ½
1⅜	1½	1,000	Am. Malting	1½	1½	1½	1½	...
43	46	225	Am. Malt. 1st pf	46	46	46	46	—2
69	69¼	6,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	68¾	69⅝	68⅝	69⅛	...
106	106½	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	106	106	106	106	...
100	105	100	Am. Snuff	105	105	105	105	—5½
79	80	900	Am. Steel F'dries	79⅛	79⅛	78⅛	78⅝	— ½
112	113	100	Am. Sugar Ref	112	112	112	112	+ ½
102	103	1,400	Am. Sumatra Tob	102	102⅝	101⅞	102⅝	+ ⅞
100	100½	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	99⅞	100	99⅞	100	...
192	194	100	Am. Tobacco	194	194	194	194	+1
45⅛	46	200	Am. Woolen	45½	45⅞	45¼	45⅞	+ ½
94¾	95¼	100	Am. Woolen pf	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	+ ½
34½	35	300	Am. Writing P. pf	34½	34½	34½	34⅞	+ ½
11½	12	100	Am. Zinc L. & S	11½	11½	11½	11½	...
40	41½	100	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf	41	41	41	41	...
57¾	57⅞	5,500	Anaconda Copper	57½	58⅛	57	57⅞	...
1⅜	1⅝	500	Assets Realization	1⅝	1½	1⅜	1½	+ ⅛
21½	21⅝	200	Asso. Dry Goods	21⅝	21⅝	21½	21⅞	+ ½
73⅝	75	100	Associated Oil	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	+ ⅞
91½	92	400	At., Top. & S. F	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	+ ⅜
86½	87½	41	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	86½	86½	86½	86½	...
97	99½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	98	98	98	98	+2⅛
100¼	101¼	1,400	At. Gulf & West I	99¾	100⅞	99¾	100⅞	+1⅛
67½	68	7,400	Baldwin Loco	67⅛	68⅛	66⅝	67⅞	+ ½
48¼	48½	4,700	Baltimore & Ohio	46⅞	48⅞	46⅛	48⅞	+2⅛
54	56	200	Baltimore & O. pf	54	54	54	54	...
110	110½	100	Barrett Co	110½	110½	110½	110½	+1⅛
58¼	58⅛	1,100	Bethlehem Steel	58⅝	58⅞	58¼	58⅞	+1⅛
58⅝	58⅞	15,400	Beth. Steel, class B	58⅝	59⅛	58⅛	58⅞	+ ⅜
101½	102	400	Beth. Steel 8% pf	101½	101⅞	101⅜	101⅞	...
20⅝	21	11,600	Bklyn Rapid Tran	21½	21½	20⅝	20⅞	—1⅛
153	157	200	Burns Brothers	152	153	152	153	+ ⅞
6	6½	1,100	Butte Cop. & Zinc	6	6	6	6	— ⅛
17⅝	18⅛	100	Butte & Superior	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	...
53⅞	54	5,200	California Packing	52¼	54¼	52¼	54	+1⅜
22¼	23	400	California Petrol	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅜
67	67½	100	California Pet. pf	67½	67½	67½	67½	+ ⅜
157	157½	500	Canadian Pacific	157	158	157	157	+ ½
58⅛	58¼	800	Central Leather Co	57½	58⅛	57½	58⅛	+ ⅜
105	107	100	Central Leather pf	106	106	106	106	+ ⅝
31⅛	32	300	Cerro de Pasco Cop	31¼	31¼	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅜
55	55½	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	55	55½	55	55½	+ ⅝
7⅝	8	400	Chi. Great Western	7⅛	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	+ ⅛
25	26½	200	Chi. Great West. pf	25½	25⅞	25½	25½	+1⅜
38¼	38½	4,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P	37½	39⅛	37⅛	38½	+1⅛
70	70½	6,600	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	67	73	67	70	+3
94½	95½	200	Chi. & Northwest'n	95½	95½	95	95	...
23	23¼	2,400	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	22⅞	23¼	22⅝	23	+ ½
74½	75	1,400	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	73⅞	74⅞	73⅞	74½	+1
62½	63	800	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	62	63⅛	62	62½	+ ¾
17¼	17½	300	Chile Copper	17¼	17⅛	17¼	17⅛	...
32⅞	33	2,400	Chino Copper	33⅝	33⅛	32⅝	32⅝	— ¾
32	36	200	Clev., C., C. & St.L	33	33	33	33	— ½
35	36	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	+ ¼
20	21	200	Col. & Southern	20½	20½	20½	20⅞	+ ⅛
41⅝	42	200	Columbia Gas & El	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	+ ½
68¼	69⅞	100	Continental Can	69	69	69	69	— ½
47⅞	47⅞	4,300	Corn Products Ref	47⅞	48⅛	47	47⅞	+ ⅜
101½	102⅞	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	102	102	102	102	— ⅜
53½	54	1,400	Crucible Steel	53⅝	54	53½	54	+ ½
23⅝	24	2,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	24	24¼	23⅞	23⅝	— ¼
75	75½	600	Cuba Cane S. pf	75¼	75⅜	75¼	75⅛	— ⅛
95	98	100	Deere & Co. pf	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	+ ⅞
3⅝	4½	100	Den. & Rio Grande	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	...
6½	7	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	6½	6½	6½	6½	...
..	..	1,000	Det. Edison rights	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	...
51⅝	52	2,600	Distillers' Secur	51⅝	52⅛	51⅛	51⅝	— ½
11⅝	12	200	Dome Mines	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ½
27	27½	200	Elk Horn Coal	27	27	27	27	— ½
15⅝	16	2,300	Erie	16	16¼	15⅝	15⅞	+ ½
25½	26½	600	Erie 1st pf	25½	26¼	25¼	26	+1
18½	20	100	Erie 2d pf	18½	18½	18½	18½	...
33¼	35	100	Federal M. & S. pf	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	— ½
29	29⅝	2,900	Gaston, W. & W	29⅛	29¼	28⅞	29⅛	— ⅛
40	50	100	General Cigar	49	49	49	49	...
121½	123	1,700	General Motors	122	123½	121⅝	121⅝	+ ¼
1⅛	1¼	3,530	Gen. Motors rights	1	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
83	85	100	General Motors pf	83½	83½	83¼	83½	+ ½
58	59	200	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	57⅞	58	57⅞	58	+ ⅛
73½	74½	200	Granby Consol	74	74	74	74	— ½
92¼	92½	2,100	Great Northern pf	92	92⅝	92	92⅝	+1½
37	37¼	7,900	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	37	37⅝	36⅝	37⅝	+ ⅝
43½	44½	100	Greene-Can. Cop	43½	43½	43½	43½	+ ½
53	54½	300	Gulf States Steel	51½	52⅝	51½	52⅛	+1½
95	96½	200	Illinois Central	96⅝	96½	96⅝	96½	+ ⅞
95	96½	84	Do. odd lot	95	95	95	95	...
43⅞	44	1,500	Inspiration Copper	43⅝	44½	43⅝	44	+ ¾
5	5⅜	1,300	Interboro Consol	5	5⅜	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
18⅞	18⅞	400	Interboro Con. pf	18½	19	18½	19	+ ½
53½	54½	50	Int. Agricultural pf	56	56	56	56	...
23⅛	23⅞	1,400	Int. Mer. Marine	23½	23¾	23	23⅝	+ ¾
102	102½	22,100	Int. Mer. Marine pf	99⅞	102⅞	98⅝	102	+2⅝
26⅞	26⅝	3,200	Int. Nickel	26⅝	26⅞	26½	26⅝	+ ⅝
34⅛	35	700	Int. Paper	35	35	34½	35	...
32	33	500	Jewel Tea	31	32½	31	32	...
17	18	100	Kansas City South	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅝
49½	51	200	Kan. City South. pf	50	50	50	50	+ ½
70	71	1,000	Kelly Spring. Tire	69	71	69	70⅛	+2⅛
32¼	32⅝	700	Kennecott Copper	32½	32½	32¼	32⅜	— ¼
63	63⅝	500	Lackawanna Steel	63	63½	63	63½	+ ¾
21¼	22	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	...
55	56	200	Lehigh Valley	55	55½	55	55½	+1¼
45¼	46½	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	46	46	45⅝	45⅝	— ¾
109⅛	119	19	Lorill. (P.) Co. pf	110	110	110	110	...
112⅞	114⅞	100	Louis. & Nash	113½	113½	113½	113½	—1
19¼	20½	100	Max. Motors 2d pf	20	20	20	20	...
164⅛	164½	32,100	Mexican Petroleum	165½	167⅞	162⅝	164⅝	—1¼
23½	23⅝	1,700	Miami Copper	24¼	24¼	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅝
41½	42	1,600	Midvale Steel	41⅞	41⅞	41½	41⅞	+ ¼
87	90	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	— ¼
4⅞	5	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
24⅛	24⅝	3,300	Missouri Pacific	23⅞	24½	23⅞	24½	+ ½
50	51	500	Missouri Pacific pf	49¾	50½	49¼	50½	+1⅝
30	31	400	Nat. Acme	30	30	30	30	— ½
15	15¼	100	Nat. Cond. & Cable	15	15	15	15	+ ½
48	48½	200	Nat. Enam. & St	48½	48½	48½	48½	...
66⅞	67⅛	700	Nat. Lead	67⅛	67⅛	67	67	— ¼
16⅝	17	300	Nevada Con. Cop	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	...
32½	33	800	N. O., Tex. & Mex	32¼	32½	32	32⅝	+ ½
72⅞	72⅞	1,800	N. Y. Central	71⅞	72	71⅛	72	+1
42	46	100	N.Y.,C.& St.L.2d pf	43½	43½	43½	43½	...
29½	29⅞	3,500	N. Y., N. H. & H	29	30¼	28⅝	29⅝	+1⅛
19	20½	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	19	19	19	19	+ ½
104½	105⅞	100	Norfolk & Western	104½	104½	104½	104½	+ ⅞
90	91	2,400	Northern Pacific	89½	91	89½	90½	+1
41⅞	42	900	Ohio Cities Gas	42	42	41⅞	42	...
8½	8⅝	4,900	Okla. Prod. & Ref	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ½
22½	24	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	22¼	22½	22¼	22¼	+ ½
67	67½	2,600	Pan-Am. P. & T	67⅛	67⅞	67⅛	67⅛	— ⅜
117	120	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	118	118	118	118	+1
44⅞	45	2,900	Penn. R. R	44⅞	45	44⅞	45	+ ¼
12⅞	13½	300	Pere Marquette	13¼	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	+ ⅜
39⅞	39⅞	600	Pierce-Arrow	39¼	39⅞	39	39⅞	+ ⅜
101⅞	102½	200	Pierce-Arrow pf	102	102	102	102	...
17	17¼	700	Pierce Oil	17	17¼	17	17⅛	+ ⅛
45⅞	46	300	Pittsburgh Coal	46	46	46	46	+ ½
35½	35⅞	1,000	Pitts. & West Va	35½	36¼	35¼	35⅞	+ ¼
63	63⅞	400	Pressed Steel Car	62⅛	63⅛	62¼	63	+ ⅞
71½	71⅞	800	Railway Steel Sp	72	72	71⅞	71⅞	+ ⅜
20	20⅝	400	Ray Con. Copper	20	20⅝	20	20⅝	+ ⅝
77⅞	78	7,100	Reading x d	77½	79	77¼	78	+ ½
37	38	100	Reading 1st pf	37	37	37	37	— ½
72⅝	72⅞	600	Rep. Iron & Steel	72⅝	72⅞	72¼	72⅝	— ⅛
74¼	76	2,300	Royal Dutch t r	73⅞	76⅛	73⅞	74½	+1
11⅞	12	400	St. Louis-San Fran	11½	12	11½	12	+ ½
7	7½	200	Saxon Motor	7⅛	7¼	7⅛	7¼	— ¼
7⅝	8	100	Seaboard Air Line	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅛
174	175	300	Sears, Roeb. & Co	175⅛	175⅜	174½	175	+ ½
12	12½	400	Shattuck-Arizona	12⅛	12⅛	12	12	...
33½	33⅞	1,800	Sinclair Oil Refin	34	34	33½	33⅝	...
97½	97⅞	10,390	Southern Pacific	97	98¼	96⅝	97⅞	+ ⅝
26⅞	27	7,400	Southern Railway	26⅛	27¼	26	27	+ ⅞
67½	68	300	Southern Ry. pf	68	68	68	68	+1¼
125	130	100	Standard Milling	125	125	125	125	...
38	38½	100	Strom. Carburetor	38½	38½	38½	38½	+ ½
47½	47¾	6,500	Studebaker Co	47¼	47⅞	46⅞	47½	+ ⅜
47½	48	200	Stutz Motor	48	48	47⅞	47⅞	— ¼
32	33	200	Superior Steel	32⅛	32⅞	32⅛	32⅞	+ ⅜
187	187¼	3,600	Texas Co	187¼	189	186½	187⅛	— ⅜
16¼	17	200	Texas Co. rights	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
32⅝	32⅞	20,100	Texas & Pacific	31⅝	33⅛	31⅛	32⅞	+1⅝
74¼	74⅞	1,100	Tobacco Products	74⅞	75	74¼	74½	— ¼
37	38¼	100	Transue & Wms	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	+ ⅜
40	43	100	Twin City R. T	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	41⅞	+1½
126⅝	127	4,200	Union Pacific	126	127⅛	125⅞	126⅝	+1
112⅞	113	2,100	United Cigar Stores	113	113⅝	112⅞	112⅞	+ ⅝
53	54½	200	United Drug 1st pf	53	53	53	53	+1
158⅞	160	100	United Fruit	159	159	159	159	...
8½	8⅝	800	United Ry. Invest	7⅝	8½	7⅝	8½	— ⅜
16⅝	18	300	United Ry. Inv. pf	16	17¼	16	17¼	+1⅝
18	19¼	200	U. S. Express	18	18	18	18	...
99	99¼	1,200	U. S. Indus. Alco	98½	99½	98¼	99	...
99⅞	102	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	100	100	100	100	— ¼
25	26	300	U. S. R. & Imp	26	26	25⅛	25⅞	+ ⅞
74½	75	4,600	U. S. Rubber	74½	75½	74	75	+ ¾
107	110	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	+ ⅞
89⅞	90	77,100	U. S. Steel	90⅞	90⅞	89⅞	90	— ⅝
114⅛	114⅞	400	U. S. Steel pf	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	...
69⅞	70	1,900	Utah Copper	69⅞	70½	69⅞	70	+ ¼
15	15½	800	Utah Securities	14½	15¼	14⅞	15	+ ½
51⅞	52½	300	Va.-Car. Chemical	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	+ ⅝
8	8½	600	Wabash	8⅛	8⅛	8	8⅛	+ ½
31⅞	32¼	900	Wabash pf. A	31½	32¼	31¼	32¼	+1
19½	20	200	Wabash pf. B	19	19½	19	19½	— ¾
66	70½	100	Wells Fargo Exp	66½	66½	66½	66½	—8½
11	11¼	600	Western Maryland	11	11⅛	11	11¼	+ ¾
41	41½	700	Westingh. E. & M	40⅞	41	40⅞	40⅞	+ ⅜
45	46½	100	White Motors	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	+ ¼
67¼	68¼	400	Wilson & Co	68	68	68	68	— ¼
23½	23⅝	3,800	Willys-Overland	23⅝	23⅞	23⅜	23⅝	+ ¼
31½	34	100	Wisconsin Central	31	31	31	31	+ ⅜
124½	126	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	125	125	125	125	+1½
115	120	200	Woolworth pf	115	115	115	115	...
54	55	100	Worthington Pump	54	54	54	54	...
67¼	67⅞	200	Worth. Pump pf. B	67	67½	67	67½	+ ½

BRITISH ISSUE NEW BONDS.

Differ from Other Series in Lack of Conversion Privilege.

Sir Hardman Lever, representative of the British Treasury in this country, announced yesterday that a new series of "National War Bonds" would be opened for subscription by the British public on Feb. 1. The new bonds will not carry any right of conversion into past or future war loans and the issue of seven-year bonds will be discontinued. The new securities will be 5 per cent. bonds, subject to income tax, running from five to ten years, and 4 per cent. bonds of ten years maturity with income tax compounded. As in the case of the last series the issue price of the 5 per cent. bonds will be par, and of the 4 per cent. bonds 101½. The five-year 5 per cent. bonds will be redeemed at 102, the ten-year issue at 105, and the 4 per cent. bonds at par.

The chief feature differentiating the forthcoming issue from past offerings of the same character lies in the lack of a conversion privilege. Since the British authorities began continuous sales of war bonds in October, 1917, more than $5,000,000,000 has been raised.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

French 5½ Per Cents.

Now that the conversion of the United Kingdom notes has been accomplished, interest in the financial district attaches to the disposition of the French 5½ per cents. which fall due on April 1. In some quarters there is belief that some underwriting may be done here. Bankers conversant with the situation point out that as these notes are payable in New York in dollars, or at Paris at the rate of 5.75 francs to the dollar, the exchange arbitrage precludes the possibility of an operation similar to that of the United Kingdom notes. A considerable number of these notes, it is understood, have been forwarded to Paris already, and it is expected that most of the issue will be presented there. At present the arbitrage point is figured at about 105, so that for those having facilities the present price offers a small profit.

No Big Financing.

It is understood that no big private financing operations will be undertaken until the next Government loan has been disposed of, and as the offering of this issue will not be made for two months it is believed that Wall Street and the other financial centres will be very quiet until May. There are several deals which will have to be undertaken, however, among them being the Baltimore & Ohio matter, which is under discussion at the present time. This will have to be arranged by the first of the month.

Cotton's Weakness.

The cotton market experienced one of its wild days, with fluctuations extending over a range of close to 200 points. The March option broke 196 points; May lost 191 points; August, on the new crop, suffered a decline of 195 points. One had to go as far ahead as October to find a "moderate" decline, relatively speaking, which in this case was 120 points.

Russian Bonds Strong.

Reports that the Allied Peace Conference is to try to harmonize the several factions in Russian politics, gave the Broad Street Curb courage to buy the Russian "externals," and both the 5½s, and the 6½s were strong, the former going to 57 and the latter to 61. The 6½ per cents. fall due next June 10, and as the interest has been promptly paid on each due date, there are many who believe the bonds will be cashed at that time.

Iron Exports Held Up.

Iron men report that export of their product is being held back pending action by the United States Shipping Board on the question of cutting ocean freight rates to a level where offerings may be made in foreign markets which will be at actual competitive figures. There have been some tonnages shipped where the demand had been for immediate delivery regardless of price, but this have been in the minority. The trade is reported to be in a splendid position to sell iron just as soon as the freight rates are cut so that foreign market prices may be scaled.

Awaiting Controller's Approval.

It was reported in the financial district yesterday that new financing by the Southern Railway was crystalizing, but that any offering of new notes to take up the $25,000,000 issue which matures March 1 must receive the approval of Controller of the Currency. This approval, it is undrstood, will probably be forthcoming in the near future. In fact, it is was said yesterday that a number of banking institutions had been sounded in regard to participating in a syndicate for the purchase of the issue from the company and that the response had been gratifying.

Loan to Mexico Improbable.

It was the opinion among bankers yesterday that there was little probability of the Mexican Government being able to arrange a loan here. According to report, Rafael Nieto, Under Secretary of Finance in Mexico, who is on his way to this country, will endeavor to negotiate a substantial loan for the use of the Carranza Administration. Bankers who have heretofore been prominent in international transactions, point to the unsettled conditions in the Southern Republic as an obstacle to any Mexican loan. It is one of the odd features of the situation that the Mexican representative is coming here to seek a loan from the very bankers who have now allied themselves with the National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, an organization which is firmly opposed to procedures recently undertaken by the Carranza Government.

Bethlehem Dividend Unchanged.

Once again Wall Street predictions have gone awry with regard to dividends. It was rumored for some time that there would be a reduction in the case of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation common shares, but the Directors yesterday declared a quarterly dividend at the yearly rate of 10 per cent. This was made up of a 1¼ per cent. regular dividend and 1¼ extra. This is the first time that the word regular has been used in connection with a dividend by this company and actually places the stock on a 5 per cent. regular basis.

Copper Men Going Abroad.

C. F. Kelley, President of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company; Walter Douglas, President of the Phelps-Dodge Company; R. L. Agassiz, President of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company, and Joseph R. Clendenin, Vice President of the American Smelting and Refining Company will leave for Europe on Saturday as a committee representing the Copper Export Association. They will be accompanied by S. R. Guggenheim, a director of the American Smelting and Refining Company, and Stephen Birch, President of the Kennecott Copper Corporation. The purpose, it is said, is to perfect plans of extension for the Copper Export Association.

Magneto Company Financed.

The first financing of a concern taken over by the Alien Property Custodian has been completed with the sale of 60,000 shares of the stock of the American Bosch Magneto Corporation to American holders. Hornblower & Weeks announce that the entire amount of stock was sold at $65 a share.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

	Increased.
Total reserve	£421,000
Circulation	*677,000
Bullion	*256,614
Other securities	154,000
Public deposits	*951,000
Other deposits	1,756,000
Notes reserve	356,000
Government securities	267,000

*Decreased.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 19.32 per cent.; last week it was 19.14 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	5	5¼	Houghton	30	60
B. S. Gas	7	9	Hema Oil	22	28
Boston Ariz	..	1¼	Iron Bloss	45	52
Boston Ely	95	99	Iron Cap	15¼	15¾
Boston Mon	49	50	Jerome V	42	50
Begole	..	50	La Rose	32	40
Bohemia	75	85	Majestic	20	24
Butte Lond	14	16	Mex. Metals	25	28
Calaveras	1¼	1⅜	Moj. Tung	5	7
Champ., old	3	4	New Baltic	1	1½
Chief Con	3⅝	3⅞	Nat. Z. & L.	8	10
Con. Copper	5⅝	6	Nixon Nev	42	48
Con. Ariz	1⅛	1¼	Nev. Doug	25	30
Cortez	12	15	Oneco	20	45
Crown Res	44	46	Onondaga	10	15
Crystal	20	21	Seven Metals	56	57
Denbigh	51	55	S. W. Miami, full paid	85	1¼
Earl-Earle	..	2	U. V. Ext	33	33½
Eagle B. B.	2¼	2⅝	Vic. Mines	..	80
Fortuna	2	4	Yukon Gold	75	1
Gold Lake	3	4			

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 23, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$11,861,500	$4,553,000	$3,857,000
Year to date	201,750,000	83,698,000	105,988,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
16.... 98.68
5.... 98.64
15.... 98.60
4.... 98.54
5.... 98.60
7.... 98.54
2.... 98.50
1.... 98.54
50.... 98.50
50.... 98.56
19.... 98.50
20.... 98.54
10.... 98.56
1.... 98.54
2.... 98.50
6.... 98.52
10.... 98.54
2.... 98.50
14.... 98.52
40.... 98.54
1.... 98.50
36.... 98.54
14.... 98.50
10.... 98.58
67.... 98.54
1.... 98.50
3.... 98.56
80.... 98.54
5.... 98.50
$496,000

1st conv 4s, 1932-'47
25.... 93.00
17.... 93.60
1.... 93.90
5.... 93.80
23.... 93.70
9.... 93.60
$80,000

2d 4s, '27-'42
118.... 93.50
15.... 93.40
1.... 93.34
9.... 93.30
3.... 93.40
20.... 93.46
1.... 93.40
1.... 93.46
18.... 93.30
13.... 93.32
20.... 93.40
2.... 93.32
12.... 93.30
25.... 93.40
5.... 93.32
17.... 93.30
13.... 93.34
2.... 93.30
$290,000

1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47
15.... 95.00
17.... 95.80
2.... 95.60
30.... 95.70
3.... 95.60
2.... 95.62
10.... 95.80
$79,000

2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42
25.... 94.84
15.... 94.88
2.... 94.86
31.... 94.80
8.... 94.82
30.... 94.84
35.... 94.82
45.... 94.80
85.... 94.82
23.... 94.80
5.... 94.82
13.... 94.84
20.... 94.80
2.... 94.78
10.... 94.80
30.... 94.84
3.... 94.78
45.... 94.84
50.... 94.80
15.... 94.82
6.... 94.80
2.... 94.76
35.... 94.78
22.... 94.76
40.... 94.82
30.... 94.84
2.... 94.76
86.... 94.78
6.... 94.74
21.... 94.76
20.... 94.82
5.... 94.78
1.... 94.80
4.... 94.76
25.... 94.80
35.... 94.82
85.... 94.84
2.... 94.80
45.... 94.84
2.... 94.82
28.... 94.80
21.... 94.84
2.... 94.80
20.... 94.84
8.... 94.82
60.... 94.80
125.... 94.78
89.... 94.74
35.... 94.74
50.... 94.76
$1,353,000

3d 4¼s, 1928
10.... 95.76
10.... 95.74
200.... 95.72
10.... 95.64
40.... 95.70
45.... 95.68
2.... 95.70
70.... 95.64
78.... 95.60
20.... 95.66
10.... 95.64
25.... 95.66
15.... 95.62
22.... 95.60
2.... 95.70
60.... 95.60
10.... 95.64
20.... 95.66
89.... 95.62
75.... 95.60
68.... 95.64
1.... 95.62
10.... 95.60
20.... 95.62
2.... 95.58
3.... 95.60
24.... 95.58
6.... 95.56
20.... 95.56
125.... 95.60
40.... 95.64
10.... 95.58
1.... 95.56
47.... 95.60
20.... 95.56
25.... 95.58
10.... 95.54
50.... 95.58
50.... 95.56
50.... 95.58
25.... 95.62
188.... 95.60
15.... 95.58
40.... 95.56
67.... 95.60
1.... 95.54
25.... 95.60
2.... 95.54
16.... 95.52
1.... 95.50
8.... 95.58
1.... 95.50
65.... 95.60
15.... 95.56
10.... 95.54
125.... 95.60
5.... 95.54
1.... 95.52
50.... 95.60
5.... 95.64
7.... 95.50
25.... 95.52
10.... 95.56
40.... 95.56
$2,122,000

4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
80.... 94.74
80.... 94.78
125.... 94.74
25.... 94.76
143.... 94.74
10.... 94.70
11.... 94.72
65.... 94.80
20.... 94.74
5.... 94.72
50.... 94.78
20.... 94.72
25.... 94.76
18.... 94.70
20.... 94.76
25.... 94.78
5.... 94.74
50.... 94.72
46.... 94.76
99.... 94.74
2.... 94.76
2.... 94.72
18.... 94.74
19.... 94.70
100.... 94.72
26.... 94.74
1.... 94.78
130.... 94.76
11.... 94.74
25.... 94.72
65.... 94.70
50.... 94.72
1.... 94.74
11.... 94.70
15.... 94.68
5.... 94.64
45.... 94.70
7.... 94.66
34.... 94.68
13.... 94.72
4.... 94.68
21.... 94.70
60.... 94.72
78.... 94.66
6.... 94.64
2.... 94.68
7.... 94.64
30.... 94.66
24.... 94.62
10.... 94.60
5.... 94.62
10.... 94.64
5.... 94.62
10.... 94.60
20.... 94.62
80.... 94.64
55.... 94.60
2.... 94.64
75.... 94.66
5.... 94.62
4.... 94.60
44.... 94.64
20.... 94.66
61.... 94.68
26.... 94.64
20.... 94.66
2.... 94.62
4.... 94.60
30.... 94.70
20.... 94.64
20.... 94.68
15.... 94.70
38.... 94.64
1.... 94.62
1.... 94.60
20.... 94.62
30.... 94.64
30.... 94.68
8.... 94.64
52.... 94.62
10.... 94.66
2.... 94.68
51.... 94.64
50.... 94.62
25.... 94.60
10.... 94.58
61.... 94.60
10.... 94.58
61.... 94.60
69.... 94.58
5.... 94.60
39.... 94.58
40.... 94.54
25.... 94.56
25.... 94.60
1.... 94.54
5.... 94.60
29.... 94.54
100.... 94.52
50.... 94.54
$2,970,000

Am For S 5s
10.... 99⅝
360.... 99½
Anglo-Fr 5s
11.... 97⅛
206.... 97⅛
C of Bordx 6s
4.... 100⅝
4.... 100¼
3.... 100⅝
2.... 100⅝
2.... 100⅝
2.... 100⅝
2.... 100¼
5.... 100⅝
C of Lyons 6s
15.... 100⅝
1.... 100⅝
4.... 100⅝
1.... 100⅝
1.... 100⅝
2.... 100½
6.... 100⅝
C of Marsls 6s
1.... 100¼
11.... 100⅝
3.... 100⅝
2.... 100⅝
2.... 100⅝
1.... 100⅝
3.... 100¼
1.... 100⅝
C of Paris 6s
20.... 98⅞
8.... 98⅝
6.... 98⅝
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
11.... 98¼
1926
4.... 97¼
1.... 97⅜
1931
1.... 97⅞
5.... 97⅝
French G 5½s
1.... 104⅝
7.... 104⅞
458.... 104¼
21.... 104⅞
165.... 104⅝
20.... 104⅝
Jap Gov 4½s, ster ln, 2d S, Ger stamp
1.... 85
U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919
39.... 100
new
431.... 100⅝
57.... 100⅞
162.... 100⅝
7.... 100⅞
5½s, 1921
8.... 98¼
5.... 98⅛
8.... 98¼
5½s, 1937
17.... 100½
5.... 100⅝
15.... 100½
AmAgCh cv 5s
1.... 98⅝
AmHide&L6s
6.... 100½
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
1.... 91¼
2.... 91
AmT&T col 4
8.... 84½
10.... 84⅝
3.... 84⅝
5.... 84½
col tr 5s
2.... 92¼
conv 6s
5.... 101¼
50.... 101⅝
1.... 101⅛
37.... 101⅝
6.... 101⅜
35.... 101⅞
96.... 102
1.... 101⅜
25.... 102
6.... 101⅞
5.... 102
1.... 101⅜
Am Wr P 5s
5.... 81
Tr Co ctfs
5.... 88¼
A.T&SFgen4s
1.... 84
3.... 83⅝
½.... 84⅝
1.... 83⅝
1.... 83½
½.... 83½
3.... 83⅝
AtlCstL1st4s
1.... 84
B&O pr ln 3½s
20.... 88
gold 4s
1.... 76½
conv 4½s
5.... 77¾
3.... 78
ref 5s
1.... 82
3.... 81½
Tol.Cindiv4s
3.... 65⅝
BRT ref cv 4s
7.... 49
1.... 48
7s, 1921
3.... 78⅜
25.... 78½
10.... 78
1.... 77½
3.... 78
2.... 76
5.... 76½
8.... 76⅝
3.... 75
BklnUnGas5s
1.... 94½
CenLeather5s
3.... 96¼
Ches&Ocv4½s
5.... 78
6.... 78½
conv 5s
1.... 84⅝
3.... 84⅝
2.... 84½
9.... 84⅝
C.B&Qgen4s
10.... 82½
11.... 82
joint 4s
39.... 95½
Neb ext 4s
1.... 93⅛
Chi Gt W 4s
8.... 61
Chi, Ind & L ref 6s
1.... 103
Chi, M & St P conv 4½s
2.... 75⅝
1.... 76½
38.... 77
cv 5s, Ser B
1.... 79
ref 4½s
5.... 70¼
Chi Rys 5s
8.... 80½
Chi.RI&PRy ref 4s
2.... 75
Chi Un Sta 4½s, Ser A
6.... 88⅝
1.... 88¼
Chile Cop col tr 6s
20.... 81½
cv6s,rcts,pt paid, ext
1.... 82½
Col & So 1st 4s
10.... 88
Comp-Tab-Rec s f 6s
1.... 83
Con Gas cv 6s
2.... 100½
1.... 100⅝
Cumberld T 5s
2.... 93⅝
2.... 93½
Den&RGcon4s
1.... 70¼
1.... 69⅞
con 4½s
2.... 73½
imp 5s
5.... 79⅝
Erie1stcon4s
3.... 70
1st con 7s
1.... 99⅞
cv 4s, Ser A
1.... 47½
12.... 47¼
cv 4s, Ser D
21.... 50
Pa col tr 4s
1.... 78
Fla East Cst Ry 1st 4½s
5.... 84
Gen Elec 3½s
3.... 73
HockV1st4½s
3.... 79
Hud&Man1st &ref5s,SerA
2.... 56¼
2.... 57¼
4.... 57
5.... 57½
adj inc 5s
2.... 16⅝
2.... 16⅝
3.... 16⅝
48.... 16
IllCent4s,1953
5.... 76
Ind Steel 5s
2.... 96
Inter-Met 4½s
9.... 40¾
1.... 40
4.... 40⅛
4.... 40⅛
1.... 40⅛
20.... 40⅛
1.... 40½
1.... 40⅛
20.... 40
IRT1st&ref5s
36.... 70
6.... 70⅛
5.... 70⅛
5.... 70⅛
5.... 70⅛
40.... 70⅛
7.... 70⅛
5.... 70⅛
2.... 70⅛
26.... 70⅛
38.... 70⅛
5.... 70
2.... 70⅛
1.... 70⅛
11.... 70⅛
3.... 70
15.... 69¾
Int Agr Corp col trust 5s
4.... 78
IntMerMar6s
10.... 97⅝
20.... 97⅝
10.... 98
5.... 98⅛
2.... 98⅛
10.... 98⅛
34.... 98⅜
KanCitySo5s
4.... 84¼
1.... 84⅛
1.... 85
2.... 84⅝
LS&MSo3½s
5.... 73
4s, 1931
3.... 88⅝
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcts
6.... 101⅛
8.... 101⅛
4.... 101½
Liggett&M5s
1.... 92
LongIsldeb5s, 1937
2.... 77
LorillardCo5s
5.... 91½
Louis & Nash unified 4s
10.... 85
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
3.... 87
Minn,SSteM& Atl 4s
6.... 94½
MoP1stcon6s
1.... 99⅞
1st & ref 5s, 1926
40.... 90
gen 4s
4.... 60
11.... 59¼
5.... 60
2.... 59⅝
17.... 60
1.... 60¼
Mont P 5s, A
2.... 93
1.... 92⅞
NO,T&M6s,A
1.... 96⅞
9.... 97
2.... 96⅝
income 5s
10.... 58½
NYAirB 1st 6s
1.... 100
NYCent deb 6s
1.... 98⅜
20.... 98¼
2.... 98⅜
1.... 98⅜
1.... 98⅜
deb 4s, 1934
4.... 82⅝
2.... 83
3.... 83½
2.... 84
N Y C & St L 1st 4s
2.... 80
NYG,EL,H&P pur money 4s
1.... 71¼
col tr 5s
2.... 91¼
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s
3.... 86
NYRys adj 5s
3.... 12½
N Y Tel 4½s
3.... 89⅝
Norf S 1st ref 5s, A
1.... 68
N & W cv 6s, when issued
17.... 106⅝
30.... 106⅝
5.... 106⅝
2½.... 106¼
Nor Pac 4s
15.... 84
3.... 84½
Nor Pac 3s
3.... 60
1.... 60¼
OhioRiv 1st 5s
1.... 96
Ontario P Co 1st s f 5s
1.... 89
OregSL 1st 6s
1.... 101
1st con 5s
2.... 98
Pac G & El 5s
5.... 87⅝
Penn 4s, 1948
5.... 86½
PaRRgen4½s
26.... 87½
3.... 87⅝
gen 5s, temp ctfs
37.... 96
14.... 96⅛
3.... 96
135.... 95⅞
50.... 95⅞
17.... 95⅞
36.... 96
1.... 96⅛
4.... 95⅞
4.... 96⅛
2.... 96⅛
Penn and 4½s
1.... 97⅝
Peop G & C of Chi con 6s
6.... 100⅜
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1920
7.... 100¼
4.... 100¼
Read'g gen 4s
2.... 85⅝
1.... 85⅝
1.... 85⅝
1.... 86⅛
RioGrW 1st 4s
1.... 70
RI,Ark&L4½s
1.... 71
St L, I M & S unl & ref 4s
1.... 81
Riv & G 4s
7.... 74½
St L & S F pr lien 4s, A
10.... 60⅝
7.... 60⅞
pr lien 5s, B
1.... 76⅝
adj 6s
19.... 64
1.... 64½
income 6s
8.... 40¼
7.... 40⅝
StLSo 1st 4s
1.... 79⅝
StL[illegible] 1st 4s
[illegible] 72⅝
[illegible]term 5s
[illegible] 60
S[illegible] adj 5s
[illegible] 49⅝
Sin[illegible] & R [illegible] 7s
[illegible] 96
w[illegible]ar
10.... 99⅝
So Pac cv 4s
1.... 83⅝
5.... 83⅝
5.... 84
conv 5s
35.... 100⅝
34.... 101
13.... 101¼
1st ref 4s
2.... 82
1.... 82⅝
SouthRy 1st 5s
1.... 94⅞
1.... 94½
1.... 95
gen 4s
2.... 66⅞
23.... 66⅝
22.... 66⅝
Tex Co deb 6s
1.... 101⅛
Tex & P 1st 5s
1.... 91
ThirdAvadj5s
6.... 28
2.... 28½
3.... 28
Un Pac 1st 4s
1.... 87½
1.... 86⅞
Union Pac 6s
5.... 104
U R Rs of S F 4s, Un Tr cfs of dep
2.... 22
U S Rub 1st & ref 5s
6.... 86¼
2.... 86⅝
1.... 86⅝
1.... 86⅝
6.... 86½
20.... 86
USRubb[illegible]
9.... [illegible]
5.... [illegible]
3.... 1[illegible]
USRAimp5s
2.... 68⅝
USSm, Ref & M cv 6% notes
1.... 99
USStl C s f 5s
18.... 100
86.... 99⅞
VirgnRy 1st 5s
3.... 92⅝
Westn Elec 5s
1.... 97⅝
Wilson & Co. 1st 6s
2.... 98
1.... 97⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Foreign Sec. 5s	99⅝	99¾
Anglo French 5s	97¼	97⅜
Argentine 5s	90	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98⅛	98¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96⅝	97½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅞
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	70	71
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	93	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90¼	96⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	80⅝	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104⅝	104⅞
City of Bordeaux 6s	100½	100⅝
City of Lyons 6s	100½	100⅝
City of Marseilles 6s	100½	100⅝
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	98⅞
Japanese 4½s	86½	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87	88
Japanese 4s	76½	75
City of Tokio 5s	81½	82⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅝	100½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅛	98¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100⅝	100½
United States of Mexico 5s	60	69
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55
Russian Government 4s, 1894	22	32

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98⅜	Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	98
2s, c, 1930	97½	98⅜	Pan 3s, r, 1961	88	90
3s, r, 1946	88	91¼	Pan 3s, c, 1961	88	90
3s, c, 1946	88	91¼	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, r, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '35	90	96
4s, c, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	97	99
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	98			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	46	48½
Ad Rumely	21½	22½
Do pf	58	58
Alb & Sus	..	185
Alls & W	97½	..
Am Ag Ch pf	98	98½
Am B N	32½	36
Do pf	43	46½
Am B Sug pf	85	90
Am C & F pf	114	115
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot O	42	43
Do pf	88	92
Am Exp	88	93½
Am Ice	38	39¼
Do pf	52	55
Am Shipb	..	142
Am Sm pf A	91	93½
Am Sn pf	95	101
Am Sug R pf	115	115½
Am S Tob pf	92	95
Am T & C	55	70
Am Tob pf	101½	102
Asso D G 1st pf	60	..
Do 2d pf	58	..
A, B & A	7½	8
A, G & W I pf	66	67
Bald Lo pf	102	107
Barrett Co pf	111	114
Batop Min	1¼	1⅝
B'ch Cr'k	30¼	..
Beth S 7% pf	90½	100
Booth Fish	19	19½
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh	69	71
Do pf	96½	100
Bruns Ter	9½	10¼
B, R & P	65	72½
Do pf	90	107
Burns Bros pf	110	115
Bush Ter	..	97
But'k Co	16¾	17
Cal & Ar	59	60
Can So	43	50
Case (J I) pf	91½	94
Cent Fdy	17	23
Do pf	31	36
C R R of N J	209	230
C & S A Tel	115	118
C'tain-teed	30	35
Do 1st pf	85	..
Chand M	103	106
Chi & Alt	7	10¼
Do pf	8	12
C & N W pf	131	136
Chi, St P, M & Om	75	82
Do pf	105	120
C, C, C & St L pf	62½	75
Cl & Pitts	69½	80
Do spec	38	..
Clu-Peab	60¼	63
Do pf	106	107⅝
Col F pf	102	..
C & S 1st pf	48	50
Do 2d pf	41½	48
Comp T R	36	38½
Cons Gas	92⅝	94⅛
C I C M	8	8⅜
Cont C pf	104½	107
Cont Ins	59¼	59⅞
Crex Carp	40	55
Cruc S pf	90	94
C-Am Sug	153	160
Del & Hud	102	104
D, L & W	173	190
Det Ed	110	117
Det & M	..	85
Do pf	..	110
Det U Ry	81	89
D, S S & A	3	3½
Do pf	5	7
Elec S B	50	55
Elk H Coal pf	..	43
Erie & P	..	70
Fed M & S	9	11
Fisher Bdy	37	42
Do pf	92½	93⅞
Gen Chem	170	178
Do pf	102	107
Gen Cig pf	100	106
Gen Elec	148½	150
G'drich pf	102	103¼
G, M & N	7	9
Do pf	31	35
Gulf S S 1st pf	94	99½
Hartman	54½	57½
Hask & B	43	44
Homestake	94	98
Int Agric	11½	12
Int Harv	111	112¾
Do pf	114	..
Int N pf	94⅞	..
Int Pa pf	79	99
Do pf s	62⅝	63
Int Salt	52	82
Iowa Cent	3	4
Jew Tea pf	89	90
K C, Ft S & M pf	59	..
Kelly S T pf	90½	100
Kelsey Wh	34	35
Do pf	89	95
K & D M	3	5
Do pf	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P	94	98
Kresge (SS)	106	..
Do pf	105	..
Kress (S H)	59	63
Do pf	105¼	..
Lacl Gas	83	86
L E & W	7½	9
Do pf	18⅞	20
Ligg & M	190	210
Do pf	108	110
L-W B 1st pf	95½	..
Do 2d pf	96⅞	98
Lorill'd Co	163	175
M'kay Cos	69	70
Do pf	64	65
Man B'ch	⅝	3
Man El S	..	44
Man Elev	81	86
Man Shirt	67	78
Marlin R	..	80
Meth Alk	..	44
Max Mot	27	27½
Do 1st pf	50½	51
M Dep Sts	63	66
Do pf	104	106
Mex Pet pf	103½	..
Mich Cent	85½	96
M & St L	9⅝	10⅝
M, St P & S S M pf	100	108
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T pf	8¼	9¼
Mon Pow	70⅞	73
Do pf	104	..
Mor & Es	69⅞	75¼
N, C & St L	110	120
Nat Bisc	110	115
Do pf	115	120
Nat C & S	70	78
Do pf	103	104
Nat En pf	93	97
Nat L pf	108	110¾
Nat Rys of M 2d pf	8	8½
N Y A B	102	104
N Y C & St L	26	29
Do 1st pf	60	66
N Y Dock	21	25
Do pf	40	47
N Y, L & West	89½	91½
Norf So	15	17
Norf & W pf	72⅝	..
North Am	47	48
Nor Cent	67	..
Nova Sc S	52	56
Ohio F S	42½	47
Ont Min	6⅝	6¾
Owens B M	46	48
Do pf	104	109
Pac Coast	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf	55	80
Pac Mail	36½	37
Peo G C	46	48
Peo & E	4½	6
Pere M pr pf	55	61
Do pf	40	43
Pett-Mull	25	45
Do 1st pf	98	..
Phila Co	30½	30¾
P, C, C & St L	45	50
Pitts C pf	85	86
P, Ft W & C	132	138
Pitts S pf	90⅞	94
Pitts & W Va pf	78½	81
Pond C C	13	13½
Pr Stl Car pf	99	104
P S N J	91	..
P'man Co	120	122
R R Sec, I C stk cfs	..	79
Ry Stl Spr pf	103	105
Rdg 2d pf	37⅝	38¼
Rep I & S pf	101¼	102¾
St L S F pf	23	27
St L S W	17	22
Do pf	29	32
Savage A	60	63
Seab A L pf	16½	17
Sears-R pf	115	125
S-S S & I	50	50½
Do pf	87	90
So P R S	130	140
Do pf	107	110
St'd M pf	86	90
Studeb Co pf	92	94
Sup Steel 1st pf	95	100
Tenn Cop	13	15½
T P L Tr	225	300
Third Av	13⅝	14¼
Tide W O	218	228
Tob P pf	101	104
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs	..	6
Do pf	10	20
Do pf c	10	15
T C R T pf	70	125
Und Type	117	125
Do pf	110	..
U B & P	75	78
Un Pac pf	72	72¼
U Alloy S	37½	37⅞
Un Cig Sts pf	110	125
Un Drug	93¼	94
Do 2d pf	90	92¼
U Dyew'd	53	61
Do pf	90	95
U S C I P	13⅞	14
Do pf	42½	46¼
U S Smelt	43½	45
Do pf	44⅞	45½
Va-Car Ch pf	111½	112¾
Va I, C & Coke	55	60
Va R & P	..	48
W Md 2d pf	22	29
West Pac	17¼	18¼
Do pf	55	59
West Un	86¼	87⅝
W E & M 1st pf	60	63
W & L E	8	8½
Do pf	17	18
W-Over pf	87⅝	88
Wilson pf	90	99
Wer Pump pf A	86	90

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Increased. Francs.
Gold in hand	3,102,000
Silver in hand	426,000
Notes in circulation	93,848,000
Treasury deposits	48,638,000
General deposits	235,764,000
Bills discounted	*86,945,000
Advances	5,139,000

*Decreased.

Manual Companies Consolidate.

Poor's Manual and the Moody Manual Company are being consolidated under the name of the Poor's Publishing Company. The new company will publish for 1919 a consolidated manual in three volumes entitled: "Poor's Railroad Manual," "Moody's Manual of Public Utilities," and "Moody's Manual of Industrials."

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BARS INCOME TAX ON STOCK DIVIDENDS

Judge Mayer Rules They Do Not Bring In Anything with Which to Pay Tax.

CASE FOR SUPREME COURT

Collector Eisner Says the Decision Was Expected by Treasury Department.

Federal Judge Mayer yesterday dismissed the demurrer interposed by the Government to the suit of Mrs. Myrtle Harkness Macomber for the recovery of $1,342 paid by her under protest on a stock dividend of $19,577 by the Standard Oil Company of California which was charged against her as income. The dismissal of the demurrer was in fact a verdict for Mrs. Macomber, and the suit, instituted as a case to test the constitutionality of the amendment of 1916 to the income tax law, will be carried to the United States Supreme Court.

The income tax law of 1913 did not expressly refer to stock dividends, and suits instituted to recover taxes on them were successful. But the amendment of 1916 said that stock dividends should be considered as income, and it was under this amendment that the taxes were assessed and collected. One of the suits cited in the brief of Charles E. Hughes and George Welwood Murray, counsel for Mrs. Macomber, was that of Towne against Eisner, the defendant being the Collector of Internal Revenue, and was under the 1913 law.

The United States Supreme Court, in finding for the plaintiff, said that the stock dividend was capital and that "a stock dividend really takes nothing from the property of the corporation, and adds nothing to the interests of the shareholders. Its property is not diminished and their interests are not increased. The proportional interest of each shareholder remains the same. The only change is in the evidence which represents that interest, the shares and the original shares representing the same proportional interest that the original shares represented before the issue of the new ones."

In his decision Judge Mayer stated that he saw no difference between the Macomber case and the Towne case "in which the United States Supreme Court unanimously held that stock dividends were not income." Mr. Murray, commenting on the case after the argument, stated that the issue was to determine whether Congress had the power to say that white was black and black white, and that the insertion of the words "stock dividends" in the law did not in any degree affect the fact that stock dividends were not income. If the decision of Judge Mayer is upheld it will mean that all money collected by the Government since March 1, 1916, as income taxes on stock dividends by authority of the amended law will have to be returned. Previous to Jan. 1, 1916, Mrs. Macomber owned 2,200 shares of the stock of the Standard Oil Company of California. On that date she received an additional 1,100 shares, and the tax assessed on this new stock was at the rate of 18.07 per cent. of $110,000, the par value of the new shares.

During the argument in court there were present United States District Attorney Caffey, his assistant, Vincent H. Rothwell, who presented the argument for the Government. Mr. Hughes, in his argument, contended that the imposition of the tax on the new shares was a violation of those sections of the Constitution requiring that direct taxes be apportioned to the population and that it was not included within the provisions of the Sixteenth Amendment permitting the taxation of incomes without apportionment. He said that Mark Eisner, the collector for the Government, had interpreted the term "cash value" as "par value," and that the figure was an arbitrary one was shown by the relative value of the stock before and after the distribution of the shares as dividend. It was contended that the stock dividends were not income within the meaning of the Sixteenth Amendment. Concluding his argument, Mr. Hughes said:

"It is not necessary to show what happened when the Standard Oil Company of California declared its stock dividends; it is merely sufficient to show that plaintiff has not received anything with which to pay the tax."

He also pointed out that the plaintiff was no richer through the receipt of the extra shares and that she had not realized any gain. If dividends should be paid on the new shares, then the amount received would be subject to the tax, but until that happened, he stated, she was immune from taxation under the income tax law. It was not the intention, he said, of Congress to tax a change in ownership.

"The decision in the Macomber case was expected by the Treasury Department," said Mark Eisner, Collector of Internal Revenue, last night, "and the assessment of taxes on stock dividends was continued only because of the mandatory provisions of the act of September 8, 1916. The effect of the decision upon the pending revenue bill will be felt at once. The bill now provides that surplus unnecessarily accumulated by corporations shall be taxed against the individual stockholders at surtax rates the same as if they were members of a partnership. Under the decision in the Macomber case these corporations can declare stock dividends and thus employ that surplus without rendering their stockholders liable to the high rates of taxation, and a few years hence when rates are lower they may reduce their capital stock and pay out their surplus as cash dividends to the stockholders in exchange for their stock.

"Partially to anticipate this it will be necessary for Congress to restore in a modified form the undisturbed surplus tax which was contained in the old law, so that corporations which distribute stock dividends will be taxed upon the surplus which they transferred to their capital stock account, or at least so much thereof as was earned in the taxable year. That is to say, Congress may declare that earnings transferred to capital stock account shall be taxed at a higher rate than other earnings of a corporation."

G. O. May on War Trade Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The appointment of George O. May of New York as a member of the War Trade Board, was announced today. Mr. May acts as an additional representative of the Secretary of the Treasury. The other representative is Albert Strauss, who as has been announced, is to be in Paris acting in an advisory capacity with the American Mission there.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Harris, Forbes & Co., the National City Company, Estabrook & Co., and Remick, Hodges & Co., are offering a new issue of $1,581,000 Jersey City 4¾ per cent. gold notes, maturing serially, Dec. 1, 1919, to 1958. They will be sold at prices to yield 4.50 per cent.

The Dominion Securities Corporation is offering an issue of 4½ per cent. first mortgage bonds of the Canadian Northwestern Railway Company, which are guaranteed by the indorsement of the Province of Alberta at a price to yield 5½ per cent.

Samuel S. Sharp has been elected Chairman of the Board of the Penn National Bank of Philadelphia. His place as President has been taken by Melville G. Baker.

Albert Breton, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, has been made a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor by the French Government.

At a meeting of the Reserve City Bankers Association at the Hotel Astor yesterday it was decided that the next annual convention be held at New Orleans on April 30 and May 1 and 2.

Maury, Rogers & Auchincloss have issued a circular giving an analysis of the United States Steel Corporation.

The Hocking Valley Products Company has resumed interest payment on the first mortgage 5 per cent. sinking fund gold notes due in 1951. Arrangements have been provided whereby holders will receive relinquished interest, amounting to 10 per cent., on July 1, in United States Liberty 4¼ per cent. bonds.

F. H. Pinckney has issued a circular outlining the growth and financial position of the National Surety Company.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.
YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.17	60.47	60.95	+.07
25 industrials	81.51	80.66	81.11	+.28
50 stocks	71.34	70.56	71.03	+.45

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 22	70.93	70.18	70.85	+.28
Jan. 21	70.06	69.73	70.57	+.03
Jan. 20	71.03	70.79	70.90	—.03
Jan. 18	72.02	71.38	71.53	—.39
Jan. 17	72.80	71.71	71.92	—.92
Jan. 16	73.51	72.07	72.84	+.35
Jan. 15	73.49	72.94	72.19	+.05

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Jan.					
*1919.	74.99	Jan. 3	69.78	Jan. 21	71.03
1918.	69.09	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917.	69.46	Jan. 1	64.71	Jan. 31	65.21
1916.	91.83	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	85.17
1915.	84.48	Jan. 22	60.07	Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919.	74.99	Jan. 3	60.73	Jan. 21	71.03
†1918.	69.37	Jan. 5	64.12	Jan. 15	65.89
	Full Years.				
1918.	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	72.29
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	57.45	Dec. 20	65.83
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915.	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change.		
	Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues.....77.83	+.03	—1.12	+1.19

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 22	77.78	—.15	Jan. 15	78.64	—.03
Jan. 21	77.93	—.17	Jan. 14	78.67	—.10
Jan. 20	78.10	—.[illegible]	Jan. 13	78.82	—.[illegible]
Jan. 18	78.45	—.03	Jan. 11	78.82	—.13
Jan. 17	78.48	—.11	Jan. 10	78.97	—.01
Jan. 16	78.59	—.05	Jan. 9	78.96	

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919.	79.01	Jan. 3	77.78	Jan. 22	77.83
†1918.	77.26	Jan. 3	70.64	Jan. 24	76.64
	Full Years.				
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	76.78
1917.	80.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 29	74.54
1916.	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	86.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

CITIES SERVICE EARNINGS.

Dividends Larger This Year and Outlook Brighter for Next.

The report of Cities Service Company earnings for the year ending Dec. 31, 1918, shows a gross income of $22,280,067, an increase of $3,027,574 over the preceding twelve months, while net income after the deduction of expenses, interest on debentures, and other interest charges is $21,486,002, an increase of more than $2,500,000 over the 1917 figures. This was equal to 5.32 times the preferred dividend, while the percentage earned on the common stock increased to 61.87 from 60.73 per cent. in the preceding year.

The dividends on the preferred stock during the year were $4,034,275, which, compared with $3,712,695 in 1917, and left a balance for 1918 available for dividends on the common stock, reserves, and surplus of $17,451,728, compared with $15,179,707 for the year before. The results reported were after reserves that are believed to be ample had been charged from the profits of all subsidiary companies for the payment of Federal taxes and other prior charges.

The earnings statement reviewed the twelve months ended with December the chief factors in the country's peace last and said that the volume of crude oil production was increased by the producing subsidiaries, while the refining subsidiaries made good records. The Empire Pipe Line Company, which is the company's chief transporting subsidiary, became the second largest carrier of crude oil in the United States so far as quantity was concerned, being exceeded only by the Prairie Pipe Line Company in the twelve-month period.

The utility subsidiaries of the company were reported to have ended the year in much better position and with a brighter outlook as the result of rate increases granted which enabled higher operating expenses to be absorbed. Storms, the influenza epidemic, and other disturbing elements were met in the course of the year, militating against the perfect operation of the oil subsidiary concerns, but the total 1918 production of the Empire Gas and Fuel Company exceeded 15,000,000 barrels of oil, which was an increase of more than 2,000,000 barrels over the 1917 figures.

TREASURY CALLS FOR MONEY

Asks for Large Oversubscription of New Treasury Certificates.

The Treasury Department informed the banks yesterday that Government expenditures were still running at an extraordinarily heavy rate and a large oversubscription of a new issue of Treasury certificates of indebtedness was necessary. Fortnightly issue of certificates will be dated Jan. 30, and will mature July 1, according to an announcement made by the Federal Reserve Bank. The paper will bear 4½ per cent. interest and will be accepted for installment payments on the next loan.

"The quota for this issue has been placed at $500,000,000," said the bank's statement, "but the Treasury Department calls attention to the fact that this figure is a minimum and is not the maximum amount desired."

The Government's outlay in December was in excess of $2,000,000,000, and is said to be continuing at this rate, although signs are not wanting that the pressure is gradually easing. The matter of financing the Government's immediate requirements was understood to be the subject of a lengthy session of the Money Committee of the banks of the Federal Reserve Bank yesterday afternoon. The meeting was attended by Albert Strauss, member of the Federal Reserve Board, who is scheduled to sail for France on Saturday in the capacity of a financial adviser to the American delegation at the Peace Conference.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15, '20	98½	101	6.40
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99½	99¾	5.95
Gov. of N. S.	5	July, 1919	98¾	100	5.60
Norway, Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99½	100½	5.80
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	60	61	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14, '20	138	143	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	56	58	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99½	5.50

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100½	100⅝	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99⅝	5.25
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	6.00
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1928	100⅜	101¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101⅛	101⅜	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅜	102	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102½	102¾	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102¾	103	6.05
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103½	103⅝	6.00
Ark. Val. Ry.					
L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96½	99½	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅝	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '19	100½	100⅝	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '20	100⅝	101	6.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '21	100¼	100⅜	6.60
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '22	100⅝	101	6.65
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15, '23	100⅝	101¼	6.75
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	100¼	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	80	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	97⅛	98½	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	96⅜	97¼	7.10
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100⅜	5.20
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅜	5.60
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15, '23	102¼	102⅝	6.80
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅝	98	6.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98⅝	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	92	94	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	97¼	99	6.05
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1918	100⅜	100⅝	5.25
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1920	100⅝	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99⅛	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	98	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99¼	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99⅛	5.80
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99⅝	7.00
Ore. R. & L.	7	Nov., 1920	98	99	8.00
P. S. C. N.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitt. & S. S. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100¼	6.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100⅝	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101½	101⅝	6.25
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102½	103	6.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102⅝	102½	6.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103⅜	104½	6.85
Rem. & U. M. Clee. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99½	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W. &	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	6.00
St. G. & E. rec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '10	99¼	99⅝	..
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99¼	100	7.00
Studs. Corp.	7	Jan., 1920	95	99½	7.50
United L. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	96¼	8.00
U. L. & Ry. sec.	7	Apr., 1922	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15, '22	98	99	6.35
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Wm. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99¾	100	7.00

BETHLEHEM STEEL HAD A RECORD YEAR

$448,000,000 Gross Business in 1918, Compared with $10,000,000 in 1905.

DROP IN THE NET EARNINGS

Profit Was 3.5 Per Cent. Last Year, Whereas in 1917 It Was 9.14 Per Cent.

The Board of Directors of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation yesterday declared the full year dividends on the 7 per cent. and 8 per cent. preferred stocks and a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the A and B common shares, together with an extra dividend of 1¾ per cent. This makes the dividend on the common at the rate of 10 per cent. a year the same as has prevailed in the past, although this is the first time that there has been a differentiation in the dividend as to regular and extra. The dividends on the preferred stocks are payable quarterly, on April 1, July 1, Oct. 1, of this year, and Jan. 2, 1920, to holders of record of March 12, June 16, Sept. 15, and Dec. 16. The dividend on the A and B common shares is payable April 1 to holders of record of March 12.

In order that a comprehensive report of conditions might be made, the books of the company were theoretically closed. The gross business for 1918 is estimated to have been $448,000,000. This compares with a gross business of about $10,000,000 in 1905, the first year in which the corporation operated. The earnings of last year prior to the depreciation and similar charges, including taxation, amounted to $52,000,000. The net earnings, after deductions for depreciation and amortization due to the abnormal conditions resulting from the war, amounted to about $16,000,000, equivalent to 21 per cent. on the common stock of the company after the payment of dividends on the two preferred stocks. The net earnings represent a profit of about 3.5 per cent. on the gross shipments of the year, practically all of which went to the United States and its allies. In 1917 the gross sales of the Bethlehem Corporation amounted to $298,929,530, and the total net earnings were $58,979,360. The net income for that year was $27,320,735, this representing a profit on gross sales of about 9.14 per cent., as compared with 3.5 per cent. last year. The gross sales of 1918 are the highest ever recorded in the history of the company.

In commenting on the company's affairs Eugene G. Grace, the President, said that the company was sending men to every part of the world to investigate shipping conditions and called attention to the fact that shipbuilding was one of activities. First hand reports on conditions, he said, were more desirable than mere hearsay. With regard to the plans for turning the company's war plants to peace lines he held that nothing definite had been worked out as yet, but that a number of objectives were under consideration, among them the manufacture of agricultural implements and machinery. When asked concerning the recently so-called report that Charles M. Schwab had said industry was facing a period of depression, Mr. Grace said that he believed Mr. Schwab intended the use of the word depression to mean depression only in the immediate future, and added that every one knew that Mr. Schwab was always an optimist when viewing the future in its large sense.

3,000,000 Tons a Year.

"During the year," said Mr. Grace, "there was expended for extensions to plant, $27,866,000, leaving $20,000,000 to be expended during the year 1919 to complete the corporation's construction program. This expenditure is mainly for the completion of the commercial steel plant at Sparrows Point, Md., which will result in making productive new and additional steel capacity, representing an investment of $50,000,000. This will give to the Bethlehem Steel Corporation an annual capacity for steel output of more than 3,000,000 tons with finishing plants of sufficient capacity to convert this entire tonnage into commercial products, thus completing our provision for the great reduction in Government orders and the practical cessation of the manufacture of munitions.

"The present uncertainty as to the policy of the Government regarding cancellation of some of our contracts makes it impossible to state accurately the amount of unfilled orders on the books as of Jan. 1, 1919. After deducting orders definitely canceled by the Government and making liberal allowances for others we have any reason to expect will be canceled, there will remain unfilled orders of from $300,000,000 to $350,000,000. Included in these unfilled orders is a large amount of shipbuilding work for both the Navy Department and Emergency Fleet Corporation. While the returns on shipbuilding contracts are but a small percentage on the cost, the large volume of this business should insure substantial aggregate earnings for the coming year and afford an element of stability to the operations of the corporation independent of the business conditions in the general steel trade.

"It is our opinion that for the immediate future there will be no large buying movement in the steel market. The whole country must stop and take an account of stock, so to speak, and start anew putting our whole economic structure on a normal peace-time basis. We should then see again a period of unusual prosperity supported by an era of construction.

"The finances of the corporation are in good condition. Funds for plant improvements were provided by the note issue of last Summer, and all other requirements for the present year, including maturities of existing obligations, are provided for. During the period of the European war, Bethlehem shipped to our Government and its allies:

Finished guns	3,570
Forgings for guns, (shipped for assembling in other plants and arsenals, largely in France,) 85,027,197 pounds, equivalent in finished guns to about	11,000
Finished gun carriages, limbers, and other vehicles	7,582
Finished naval gun mounts	599
Complete field gun ammunition, rounds	16,477,876
Projectiles for ammunition	1,710,579
Air flask forgings for torpedoes, pounds	9,817,311
Armor plate, pounds	40,400,533

"This represents, as we are reliably informed, about the following percentages of the entire output of the country during the period of the war: Finished guns, 60 per cent.; gun forgings, 65 per cent.; complete ammunition, 40 per cent.

Work for Governments.

"At the close of the war our shipments of gun forgings to the French, (who were finishing and assembling guns for our army,) were sufficient for about 900 guns per month, and our shipments of ammunition to foreign Governments reached 1,000,000 rounds per month. Meanwhile the shipbuilding plants have been busily engaged on work for the navy and for the Emergency Fleet Corporation. Since the United States Government's declaration of war, we have delivered an aggregate of 625,000 deadweight tons of merchant shipping, representing about 22 per cent. of the output of the entire country during this period.

"During the past year the corporation has delivered to the navy, in addition to sixteen submarines, twenty-six torpedo boat destroyers, more than one-half of the deliveries by all of the shipbuilding plants of the country, and has launched and fitted out for early delivery thirty-six additional destroyers."

Appropriate resolutions were adopted by the Board of Directors on the death of George F. Sheldon, who, from the formation of the company, was a member of the board.

Problems of Peace
will be as great as the problems of war. If your problem is financial, perhaps we can help you.
Garfield National Bank
23rd Street where Fifth Avenue crosses Broadway.

7.15% Income
$487.50 plus accrued dividend will purchase 100 SHARES
CARBO-HYDROGEN CO. OF AMERICA
7% PREFERRED STOCK
In addition to which 25 shares common stock is given as a bonus. After deducting preferred stock dividends, fixed charges, etc., the Company's earnings are at the rate of about 6% on the common stock for 1918 with possibilities of considerably increased earnings for this year. Write for circular "T."
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Members New York Stock Exchange.
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We have installed a private wire between our New York office and that of our Buffalo correspondents, Messrs. Vietor & Hubbell.

New Loan
$1,581,000
Jersey City, New Jersey
School 4¾% Gold Bonds
Dated December 1, 1918 Maturing Serially December 1, 1919–1958
Tax Exempt in New Jersey
Exempt from the Federal Income Tax
Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds
in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts
Jersey City with a population of 270,903 in 1915 is the second largest city of the State of New Jersey. The city is in excellent financial condition, its affairs having been so administered over a long period of years that the net funded indebtedness in proportion to taxable values has gradually been reduced, and at present is only 3.27% of the assessed valuation for taxation.
Price to Yield 4.50%
Harris, Forbes & Co New York
The National City Co New York
Estabrook & Co New York
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22 Branches in South America at Your Service
In preparing to extend your business abroad your financial representation should be carefully considered. Unfamiliarity with conditions in new markets has often led to costly experiments. With twenty-two branches of its own in South America and other offices in Central and South America operated by affiliated companies, the Anglo-South American Bank, Limited, is in a strategic position to assist in solving your export and import problems in that territory. Through its own offices in England, France and Spain and its correspondents in all parts of the world it can offer the broadest kind of facilities to those engaging in foreign trade.
Its facilities are at your disposal through the medium of your own bank, if you so desire.
Send for booklet "Collection Tariff"
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OFFICES OF AFFILIATED COMPANIES IN
COLOMBIA, VENEZUELA, ECUADOR, PERU, BOLIVIA, SALVADOR, NICARAGUA
ANGLO SOUTH AMERICAN BANK Ltd.
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Head Office London
John Cone, Agent
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W. M. Dawkin, Sub-Agent
Capital and Reserves Over $32,000,000

Which Is The Best Mortgage Loan?
Here are three mortgage loans on real estate:

	Amount of Loan	Value of Property	Net Income of Property
A	$100,000	$250,000	$7,500
B	100,000	120,000	18,000
C	100,000	180,000	15,000

Which of the three is the best and safest loan?
Which is the more important—the value of mortgaged property or its income?
What relation should the income bear to the value and to the interest charges?
What is the most common cause of default in mortgages?
What can be done to make the ordinary mortgage loan a safer as well as a more convenient investment? These questions, and many others, of vital interest to mortgage investors, are asked and answered in our "Questionnaire for Mortgage Buyers," which we will send on request. Thousands of investors have found it an invaluable guide in investing money and a reliable test of the safety of any investment. Call or write for it today, together with offerings of sound 6% January investments, safeguarded under the *Straus Plan*. Ask for
Circular No. A-224.
S. W. STRAUS & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1882 INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
CHICAGO MINNEAPOLIS PHILADELPHIA SAN FRANCISCO DETROIT
37 years without loss to any investor

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CENTRAL UNION TRUST CO. of New York,
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BRANCHES
5th Avenue at 60th Street
Madison Avenue at 42nd Street
5th Avenue at 58th Street
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $25,000,000

Trust Means Confidence
We act in any capacity having to do with finance where reliance on integrity is the chief requisite.
Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York
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Descriptive Circular on Request.
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Coal Co. Bonds
Wanted
Keystone C. & C. Ref. 6s, serial
Dawson Ry. & Coal 5s, 1951
Fairmount C. & C. 4s, 1919
Pocahontas Colleries 5s, 1937
H. I. Nicholas & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
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5% Gold Bonds

Due November, 1942

Price to yield about 6%

Net earnings over 5 times bond interest charges.

The bonded debt is very conservative, being less than 1⅗ times gross earnings.

These bonds are a first mortgage upon the entire property subject on a portion of the property to only $272,000 underlying closed mortgage bonds of the Beaumont Traction Co.

Circular B-1 containing detailed information sent upon request.

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Bought—Sold—Quoted

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A LARGE amount of road building and improvement is anticipated. Deferred construction, in addition to usual requirements, will very probably swell the total expenditure. The relation of General Asphalt to this situation is discussed in our weekly review, sent without obligation.

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CONTAINS

A brief history of all listed stocks and bonds traded on the leading exchanges, also high and low for the past year.

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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

WOODWARD IRON COMPANY

5% Sinking Fund Gold First and Consolidated Mortgage Bonds.

Sealed proposals will be received up to 12 M. January 31st, 1919, at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York City, for the sale to the Trustee of a sufficient number of bonds to invest the money in the Sinking Fund under the above-mentioned mortgage. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.
New York, January 6, 1919.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

COTTON PRICES DROP TO NEW LOW RECORD

Decline Due More to Paucity of Demand Than to Selling.

JANUARY DOWN 100 POINTS

Census Bureau Reports Ginnings to Jan. 16 as 11,051,845 Bales.

The cotton market continued its downward course in yesterday's session and, at the low levels for the day, several options stood at the lowest prices seen this season. The break, while rather extensive, was not as sensational as its extent would appear to indicate and was apparently caused more by an abnormal paucity of demand than by any alarmingly aggressive selling. This paucity of demand was, in fact, the real feature of the day, and the only reason quotations were not marked down further seemed to be the unwillingness of sellers to take less for their contracts. In other words, there was no noticeable support, even at the low levels.

Liverpool prices were somewhat disappointing, and while our market did fairly well at the start, there was a decidedly weak undertone which promised ill for values. It did not take long for this promise to materialize, and by the middle of the morning the decline was in full swing. Prices at that time for January were down 100 points or more and selling was very general. A good deal of supply came from Liverpool, where labor uncertainties are becoming acute, while local ring traders sold on the supposition that textile troubles would soon become uncomfortably oppressive. The export movement, which at the moment shows improvement over recent reports, is still highly uncertain. All in all, the trade finds much of a bearish character and very little of a bullish.

In a report issued yesterday, the Census Bureau placed the amount of cotton ginned from the 1918 crop to Jan. 16, at 11,051,845 bales, figuring round as half bales. Last year to the same date the ginnings were 10,570,783 bales, and in the year before they were 11,187,712 bales. This was regarded as bearish, as the National Ginners Association estimates showed only 10,900,000 bales.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. day.
Jan.	24.50	24.60	22.67	22.85@22.86	24.52
Feb.	..	..	..	21.70	23.70
Mar.	23.50	23.56	21.56	21.56@21.60	23.03
Apr.	..	21.00	21.00	20.55	22.45
May	22.95	22.30	20.40	20.40@20.50	22.31
July	21.38	21.42	19.60	19.65@19.72	21.86
Aug.	20.25	20.25	20.25	18.60	20.20
Sep.	19.60	19.70	18.48	18.40@18.45	19.65
Oct.	19.45	19.50	18.25	18.25@18.35	19.45

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 165 points decline to 25.60c for middling upland; sales, 600 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27.50c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 25.75c; Memphis, 28.50c; Houston, 26.75c; Little Rock, 26.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	22,911	19,850	13,667
Exports	27,616	8,435	13,661
Exports, season	2,321,209	2,059,508	2,320,565
N. Y. stocks	90,121	86,047	186,962
Port stocks	1,403,483	1,462,282	1,437,876
N. Y. arrivals	1,429	2,395	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was easier at 10.63d for middling and 19.76d for good middling. Sales, 1,000 bales, of which 500 American. Imports, 1,000 bales. Futures opened quiet, 17 to 32 points decline, and closed easy at 53 to 62 points decline. Prices: January, 17.29d; February, 15.88d; March, 14.63d; April, 13.29d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths moved slowly.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg	89	92
2s, coupon, 1930	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg	97½	98½	3s, Fed Land Bk, '38	101¾	103¼
2s, Panama, '38, coup	97½	98½	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	100¾
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104½	105¾
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100⅝	101¼	100½	3½s Nov., 1953	81	..	81
4½s June, 1965	100⅝	101¼	100½	3½s Nov., 1954	81¼	83	81
4½s Mar., 1963	100⅝	101¼	100½	3½s May, 1954	81¼	..	81
4½s Nov., 1957	100⅝	101¼	100½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957	100⅝	101¼	100½				
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	96¾	97½	96¾	4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1964	96¾	97½	96¾	4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.33	4.60
4¼s Apr., 1966	96¾	97	96¾	4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1962	96¾	97½	96¾	4½s 1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4¼s Sept., 1960	96¾	97½	96¾	4½s 1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
4s May, 1959	91	92	91	3½s 1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1958	91	92	91	3½s 1930-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1957	91	91½	91	3½s 1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1956	90½	91½	90½	3½s 1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.30
4s Nov., 1955	90½	91½	90½	3s 1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov., 1936	93	94	93	3s 1926-1950	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99¼	3s 1919-1925	4.60	4.40	4.60

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Industrials were steady and the rails strong in the market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Final prices were below the high levels of the session, and, in some instances, the reaction of the late afternoon made for slight losses. Good buying orders around midday made for general advancement, and the list recorded best values in the early afternoon. Trading was moderately active, but speculative interest was centred chiefly in a small group of stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Allis-Chalm	31¼	30⅞	31¼	4,750	Mex Pet	166¾	163¼	164⅝
90	Am Can	46⅝	46	46	150	Midvale S	42	41¼	41¼
10	Am Car & F	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	180	Mo Pac	24¼	23⅞	24⅛
30	Am H & L	14¼	14¼	14¼	10	Nat Lead	67	67	67
800	Do pf	82	77¾	81¾	110	N Y Central	71⅜	71	71⅜
20	Am Lin Oil	48	46½	48	260	NY, NH & H	29¼	28⅞	29⅛
50	Am Loco	59	59	59	10	North Pac	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
290	Am Sm & R	69¼	68⅞	69	270	Oklahoma O	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞
60	Am Sum T	102¼	101¼	101⅞	40	Pierce-A	39⅛	39	39⅛
550	Anaconda Cop	58	57	57¼	20	Pitts Coal	46	46	46
10	Atchison	91½	91½	91½	10	Pan Am Pet	67½	67½	67½
1,110	Bald Loco	68⅞	67	67⅞	30	Pierce Oil	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
220	Balt & Ohio	48	46¼	48	10	Ry Steel Spg	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
1,180	Beth Steel B	59⅝	58⅞	59	10	Ray Con C	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
800	B'klyn R T	21¼	20¼	21	580	Reading	78⅞	77¼	77½
20	Cal Pet	22¼	22¼	22¼	30	Sinclair Oil	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜
10	Can Pac	157¾	157¾	157¾	965	South Pac	98⅞	96⅞	97⅞
40	Cent Leather	58¼	58¼	58¼	120	South Ry	27¼	26¾	27
60	Ches & Ohio	55½	55½	55½	780	Studebaker	47⅝	46⅝	47⅛
240	C, M & St P	39¼	37⅝	38⅝	420	Texas Co	188½	187⅜	188
40	C, R I & P	23¼	23¼	23¼	870	Texas & Pac	33¼	31¾	32¾
20	Chino Cop	33	33	33	10	Tob Prod	75	75	75
10	Col Fuel & I	35¼	35¼	35¼	130	Un Pac	127⅜	125⅞	126⅞
200	Corn Prod	47½	47⅜	47⅜	20	Un Cigar S	113¾	113	113
180	Crucible S	54	53⅞	54	70	U S Ind Alc	99	98	99
60	Cuba Cane	24½	23¾	23¾	350	U S Rubber	75⅞	74¼	75
100	Distill Sec	52	51⅝	51⅝	13,770	U S Steel	90⅝	89⅝	90
50	Erie	16¼	15⅞	16	50	Utah Cop	70½	69⅝	69¼
20	Erie 1st pf	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞	50	Va Car Ch	52	51⅝	52
30	Gen Motors	122¾	122¼	122¼	30	Wabash pf A	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
20	Gt Nor pf	92	92	92	30	Wilson Beef	68	68	68
210	Gt Nor Ore	37¾	36⅞	37¾	180	Willys-O	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞
60	Gas, W & W	29⅝	29¼	29⅝		UNITED STATES BONDS.			
20	Inspiration	43⅞	43⅝	43⅞	$1,500	Lib 3½s	98.98	98.98	98.98
2,070	Int M M pf	102	98¾	101⅝	850	1st 4¼s	96.38	96.30	96.38
190	Inter Nickel	27	26⅝	26⅝	1,600	2d 4¼s	95.60	95.50	95.54
30	Int Paper	35	35	35	4,350	3d 4¼s	97.14	97.00	97.02
10	Interb Con	5¼	5¼	5¼	2,300	4th 4¼s	95.72	95.52	95.58
30	Kan City So	18	18	18		*Prices include interest.			
100	Kennecott	32¼	32¼	32¼					

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Con Power	105¾	105¼	105¼	5	Merch Tr	186	186	186
55	Con Coal	81½	81½	81½	15	Nat Bk Balt	162½	162½	162½
52	Cosden	7¼	7¼	7¼	25	Penn W P	77½	77½	77½
115	Cosden pf	4	4	4	30	United Ry	19½	19½	19½
30	Davison C	37	36¾	36¾	10	Wash B & A	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
5	Elkhorn	27½	27½	27½					

Bonds.

$5,000	Atl C L 4s	83	83	83	$2,000	Kirby L 6s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
1,000	Cons G 4½s	89	89	89	4,000	Wil & W 5s	87	87	87
1,000	Cosden 6s	89½	89	89½	1,000	United Ry 4s	73½	73½	73½
1,000	Elkhorn 6s	99½	99½	99½	1,000	WashB&A5s	83	83	83
1,000	Fla Cent 6s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
45	Ahmeek	70	70	70	20	Michigan	4¼	4¼	4¼
25	Alaska Gold	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	10	Mohawk	50⅜	50⅜	50⅜
2	Anaconda	57	57	57	30	New Cornelia	16	16	16
16	Butte & Sup	17½	17½	17½	20	Nipissing	8½	8½	8½
120	Cal & Ariz	59⅝	59½	59½	55	North Butte	10½	10¼	10¼
110	Cop Range	41⅞	41½	41¾	43	Osceola	49	48	48
70	Davis-Daly	5	5	5	100	Pond Creek	13	13	13
235	East Butte	9¼	9	9¼	165	Seneca Cop	13	13	13
200	Indiana	70c	70c	70c	60	Sup Copper	5¼	5	5¼
65	Island Creek	45	45	45	110	Trinity	2⅝	2½	2½
10	Do pf	82½	82½	82½	15	U S Smelt	44	44	44
41	Isle Royale	25	24¾	24¾	10	Do pf	45	45	45
132	Kerr Lake	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	50	Utah Apex	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
10	Mass Con	4½	4½	4½	50	Utah Cop	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝
85	Mayflower	2½	2½	2½	650	Utah Metal	1½	1⅜	1⅜

Railroads.

10	Bos & Alb	133½	133½	133½	50	Mass Elec	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
322	Bos Elev	68¾	67½	68	295	Do pf	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
5	Bos & Low	93	93	93	5	Maine Cent	80	80	80
75	Bos & Me	30	29½	30	10	NY, NH & H	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
10	C J & S Y pf	86½	86½	86½	10	Old Colony	100	100	100
14	Conn River	113	113	113	32	West End	44½	44	44

Miscellaneous.

35	Am Ag Ch	100½	100¼	100¼	10	Pullman	121	121	121
130	Do pf	98½	98	98½	90	Punta Sugar	50	50	50
25	Amoskeag pf	81	81	81	1,135	Stewart	33	32½	33
310	Am T & T	100¼	99⅞	100	400	Swift & Co	123	122½	122½
39	Am Wool pf	95½	95	95½	15	Torrington	54½	54	54½
50	Cent Steel	14½	14½	14½	16	Un Drug	94	94	94
25	Cuban P C	13	13	13	11	Do 2d pf	93	91	91
75	East Bos L	5	5	5	70	Un Fruit	160	159½	160
17	Fairbanks	53¼	53	53¼	127	Un Shoe M	44⅞	44½	44⅞
115	Gorton Pew	30	30	30	24	Do pf	28⅝	28⅝	28½
10	Gen Elec	150	148	150	530	Ventura Oil	8½	7⅞	8⅛
2,535	Island Oil	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	15	West Union	87½	87	87½
20	Mass Gas	83	83	83	2	Wer B 2d pf	38	38	38
36	Do pf	70½	70	70	130	Walworth	18	18	18
10	N E T & T	92	92	92					

Bonds.

$1,000	Am T & T 6s	101½	101½	101½	$2,000	N E T & T 5s	92	92	92
1,000	Miss R P 5s	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜	2,000	Ventura O 7s	95	95	95

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Armour pf	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	100	Mont W pf	112	111½	112
265	Booth Fish	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	445	Sears Rob	175	174	175
200	C C & C pf	10	9⅞	10	235	Stew War	87	86½	86⅝
50	Ch PneuTool	63	62⅝	62⅝	1,391	Swift Inter	44⅛	43½	44
240	Cudahy	104	103⅞	104	498	Swift	123¼	122½	123
1,979	Libby	21⅞	21½	21¾	726	Un Carbide	56⅜	56¼	56⅜
					216	Un Paparb'd	18	17⅝	17⅝

Bonds.

$11,000 Com'w Edison 5s 94¾ 94¼ 94¾

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
453	Elec S Bat	53	51⅞	52	5s.	Fed Land Bk, '38	101⅝		103
166	Ins Co N A	27½	27½	27¼	1,300	Tono Bel	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
1,185	Gen Asp't	58	57	57	15	Tono Mining	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
675	Do pf	95½	92½	95½	60	United G I	72	72	72
5,850	Lake S Cop	19⅜	18	19	210	Union Trac	37½	37	37
23	Penn Salt	84½	84½	84½	10	W Jer & S S	75	75	75
605	Phila Elec	25	24¾	25					

Bonds.

$1,000	Am G&E 5s	87	87	87	21,000	Lake S Inc	61	60	61
1,000	E & p ctfs	70	70	70	1,000	L V g 4½s	80½	80½	80½
1,000	Equit G 5s	102½	102½	102½	8,000	Pa g m 4½s	87½	87½	87½
1,600	N J Trac 5s	88	88	88	24,000	Ph E 1st 5s	95	95	95
2,000	Lehigh V 6s	102½	102½	102½	4,000	Walsb c t 5a	95	95	95

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.
Am Cigar	*114	..	*114	P R-Am Tobacco	182	188	182
Do pf	88	92	88	R J Reynolds, A	380	420	380
Conley Foil	180	200	180	Do B	290	320	290
J S Young	125	150	125	Do pf	106½	108½	106½
Do pf	98	105	98	Wayman-Bruton	†167½	175	†167½
MacA & Forbes	190	210	190	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85	*Ex dividend. †Ex rights.			

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.
Am Brass	222	225	223	Du Pont debs, pf	91½	92½	91¼
Atlas Powder	155	160	155	Hercules	203	208	203
Do pf	91	93	91	Do pf	107	109	107
Babcock & Wilcox	106	108	106	Niles-Bem't-Pond	104	108	104
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	95	100	95
Do pf	60	80	80	Scovill Mfg	340	370	320
Colt's Arms	41	44	41	Standard Screw	250	270	230
Du Pont	268	275	270				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
810	Cities Service	292	289	291	294
1,670	Cities Service pf	79¼	78¾	78¾	79¼
$138,500	Cities Service deb. "B"	125	123	124	126

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow	12	14	Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf	71	74	Miss River Power	10½	12¼
Am Gas & Electric	101	104	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Electric pf	43	46	Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Am Light & Traction	235	240	Northern Ohio Elec pf	57	62
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Power & Light	55	60	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pfd	76	79	Northern States Power	59	62
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern States P pf	89	92
Am Public Utilities pf	36	40	Northern Texas Elec	57	61
Am W W & Elec	4	6	Northern Tex Elec pf	70½	75½
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	67	70	Pacific Gas & Electric	47	48¾
Am W W & E partic	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	84	88
Carolina Pow & Light	33	35	Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	18
Colorado Power	25	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	53	56
Colorado Power pf	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf	75	80
Columbus Electric pf	72	75½	Republic Ry & Light	16	18
Com Power, Ry & L	19	21	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	41	43	Southern Cal Edison	84	87
Conn Power pf	72	76	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec	13	14
Eastern Texas Elec	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76	Tampa Electric	108	112
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	8
Electric B & S pf	91	94	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	14	17
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	United Light & Rys	37	38
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	United Light & Rys pf	70	72
Federal Light & Tr pf	40	45	Western Power	17	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf	66	67
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West, Church & Kerr	65	70
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West Church & K pf	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Gt West Power 5s, '46	84½	86½
Am W W & E col 5s	68	71	Gt West Power 6s, '25	89½	92
Appalach Power 1st 5s	73	77	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	76½	80
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Cities Fuel & Pow 7s	98	100	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	89	92
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	75	83
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	95	100	Puget S T, L & P 7s	93	99½
Corn Power 5s, 1963	82	89	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96	97½
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88	92
East Tex Elec col 5s	84	88	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	78
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97¾	99	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	58	60
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Empire Gas & F 6s	97½	100	Un Util cv 6s, '43	90	95
Empire Refining 6s	93	100	Utah Securities 6s	88½	89½
			Wash I W L & P 6s	95	98

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	‡Aetna Exp.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	3,000	Mar of Am.	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,400	Br-AmT Co, r	23¾	23½	23½	100	‡Natl C & 1	51½	51½	51½
1,500	Br-AmT Co, c	24¾	24⅝	24⅝	500	N Am P & P	2¾	2¾	2¾
600	‡Dicto Prod.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	8,000	‡Per T & R	¾	⅞	⅞
4,000	‡Gen Asphalt	57⅝	56⅝	57⅛	700	Sub B v t c	11½	11	11
2,000	‡Gen Asp pf	97	92½	97	800	Un Motors	36	35¾	35¾
3,000	‡Hupp M Car	6	5⅞	5⅞	1,800	Un Prof S	¾	½	½
2,200	Inter Rub	17¾	16¾	17¼	500	U S S Co	5	5	5
1,000	K-T & Rub	54⅝	54¼	54⅝	1,200	Wayne Coal	4	3⅝	4
300	‡Kirby Lumb	24	23½	24	400	‡W-M A Cp	3⅝	3½	3½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

10	‡Ill P Line	165	165	165	30	‡S O Co, Cal	270	265	270
37	‡Ohio Oil Co	322	315	321	230	‡S O Co, N J	693	675	693
10	‡Prairie P L	270	270	270	50	‡S O Co, N Y	315	306	315

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

100	‡Allen Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝	8,000	Met Petrol	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
4,000	‡Bar O & G	½	⅛	½	1,000	†‡Mex G Oil	45	45	45
2,000	†‡Bos-Wyo O	20	18	20	1,000	†‡Northw Oil	50	49	50
1,500	‡Cosd & Co.	7¼	7⅛	7½	5,000	‡Omar O & G	31	29	30
200	‡Elk Bas Pet	6½	6½	6⅝	8,000	‡Pennok Oil	13¼	12⅝	13¼
6,800	†‡Esm Oil Cp	5	4½	5	30,000	†‡Queen Oil	22	18	21
3,500	‡Federal Oil	2½	2⅛	2¼	3,000	‡Royal D, h	74¼	72	73¼
1,800	‡Glenrock Oil	4	3⅝	3⅞	400	‡Sap O & R	7¾	7⅛	7¾
2,000	‡Houston Oil	80½	77	80	2,000	Seq O & R	⅛	⅛	⅛
5,300	†‡Hudson Oil	94	90	90	800	‡Sinc O Cp	23½	23	23½
8,700	‡Int Petrol	20¼	19½	20	2,500	†Southw Oil	40	38	40
25,000	†‡Isl Oil & T	8¼	7⅝	8¼	1,000	‡Stanton Oil	1¾	1⅛	1¾
5,700	†‡Kenova O	.142	1	13	25,000	‡Un W O, n	2⅛	1½	2
11,500	‡La Oil & R	32½	30½	32	100	‡Vic O, n s	2½	2½	2½

MINING STOCKS.

1,500	†Alas-BCMet	40	36	40	2,500	†‡Jim Butler	36	35	36
2,300	Ariz B Cop	1¼	1	1⅛	60,000	†Lone Star	6½	6	6½
4,000	Big L Cop	¼	⅛	¼	1,000	†McKin-Dar	49	49	49
1,100	†Bos & Mon	50	48	49	1,400	†‡Mother L	33	32	33
7,000	†‡Caledonia	32	31	31	3,500	†Nixon Nev	44	42	42
500	‡Cal&Jerome	½	½	½	700	‡Onon Mines	3¼	3	3¼
4,000	†‡Candel Sil	57	54	57	600	‡Ray H M	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,450	‡Cashboy	8	7	8	600	Stand S-L	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,200	‡CarbS M&M	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	750	Tonop Ext	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜
2,000	Con Ariz Sm	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	18,000	†‡Tuol R P	44	35	42
500	Con Cop M	6	5⅝	5⅝	6,700	Un M Aris	¼	⅛	¼
500	Cres Con G	5	4⅞	5	5,000	†‡US Con M	10	9	10
1,100	El Sal Sil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,700	‡Un Sulp M	⅛	⅛	⅛
500	‡Eu Cross M	1½	1½	1½	2,000	†‡Ward M&M	27	26	27
1,800	†‡Florence S	66	65	66	2,500	†‡W U Ext. (a pros)	16	15	16
3,000	†‡Goldf Merg	6	6	6	300	†West E C	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,500	†‡Gt Bend	5	4	5	2,500	†White Capa	14½	13½	14
600	†‡HamM&S.p	54	54	55	3,500	†Wilbert M	5½	5	5
1,000	†‡HatGM(p)	44	44	44					
750	Hecla Min	4¼	4⅛	4⅛					

BONDS.

$10,000	‡Am T & T 6s	99½	99	99	$1,000	‡Liggett & M 6s 1921	100	100	100
30,000	‡Am T 7s, 1923	103½	103¼	103¼	25,000	‡N Y Tel Co deb 6s	100	99¾	100
10,000	‡Anac'a 6s	99⅝	97¼	97¾	15,000	‡Rus Govt 5½s	57	55	57
4,000	‡Beth S 7%, 1921	101	100¼	101	55,000	‡Russ Govt 6½s	61	*59	60¼
20,000	‡C & N W g mtg 5s	99½	99⅜	99¼	12,000	St. Paul U Depot 5½s	94⅞	98⅞	98⅞
50,000	‡Cities Serv 6% deb	124	123	124	25,000	‡Wilson & Co conv 6%	92½	92¼	92¼
80,000	‡Int Rap T 7s	89¼	85	86					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

NOTE.—Wednesday 200 North Am. Pulp & Paper sold at 3.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Wednesday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.	Wednesday Ask.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.	Wednesday Ask.
Am W P	3	3½	3	3½	World Film	⅜	½	⅜	½
Am-Br Mfg	2	5	2	5	OIL STOCKS.				
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20	AtlanticPetrol	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Carbon Steel	90	96	90	96	Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Car L & P	2	2¼	2	2¼	Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Chev Motor	145	155	145	155	Crystal Oil	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Chevrolet rts.	⅞	1¼	⅞	1¼	Globe Oil	1	1¼	1	1¼
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	Merritt Oil	21	22	21	22
Curtiss Aero	11½	12	11½	12	Met Pet ctfs.	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
Do pf	45	55	45	55	Mex Gulf Oil	42	45	42	45
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22	Midwest Oil	126	128	126	128
Em'son Phono	2	2¼	2	2¼	Midwest Ref	127	129	127	129
Free Texas	34	35½	34	35½	Midwest O pf	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Gen Dovel'm't	22	22½	22	22½	Okm P & R	2	2¼	2	2¼
Gen Mot rts.	1⅞	2	1⅞	2	Pitts O & G	8	8½	8	8½
Gillette S R	118	120	118	120	Royal Oil	½	⅝	½	⅝
Lake Tor Bt	2	2½	2	2½	Savoy Oil	7	7½	7	7½
Do 1st pf	2½	5	2½	5	South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88	Sinc Oil war.	37	39	37	39
L McN & L.	21⅞	22¼	21⅞	22¼	Texana Oil	10	13	10	13
Lima Loco	30	40	30	40	Wayl'd O & G	3½	3⅞	3½	3⅞
Lukens Steel	48	50	48	50	MINING STOCKS.				
Man Transit	½	⅝	½	⅝	America Mines	11/16	1	11/16	1
Mitchell Mot	20	25	20	25	Atlanta	4	5	4½	5½
N Y Shipbldg.	33	36	33	36	Booth	13	15	14	15
N Y Transp	14¼	17	14¼	17	Bradshaw	⅛	½	⅛	½
Peerless T&M	18	18½	18⅛	18⅜	Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
Penn C & C	22	24	22	24	Butte-N Y	⅜	½	⅜	½
Penn Seab Stl	40	40½	40	40½	Canada Cop	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
PennSeaboard Steel rights	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	Carro Gordo	½	1	½	1
P'isenWireless	7	7½	7	7½	Con Homes'd.	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	First Nat C.	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Smith M T	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16	Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Stand Motors.	7½	8½	7½	8½	Goldf Con	21	23	21	23
Steel Alloys	7½	8½	7½	8½	Howe Sound	3⅞	4¼	3⅞	4¼
St Joe Lead	12	13	12	13	Iron Blossom	1/16	½	1/16	½
St L R M & P	40	..	40	..	Jumbo Ext	13	15	13	14
Swift Int w i	43⅞	44¼	43⅞	44¼	Kerr Lake	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5½
Todd Shipyd	107	108½	107	108½	La Rose	1/16	1/16	..	..
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½	Magma Cop	25	27	25	27
Uo Mot rights	⅛	¼	⅛	¼	Marsh Min'g	3	4	3½	4½
U S Lt & H	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝	NY&HonRos	12	13	12	13
U S Lt&H pf.	2½	2¾	2½	2¾	Ohio Copper	1/16	⅝	1/16	⅝
Wright-M Air pf	59	63	59	63	Roches. Mines	26	28	..	..
					Seneca Cop	15½	16	15½	16
					Success Min	4	6	4	5

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Wednesday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	17	17½	16½	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	56	60	55
Atlantic Refining	1125	1150	1100	Prairie Oil & Gas	645	615	655
Borne-Scrymser	475	495	475	Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	268
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	96	94	Solar Refining	360	380	350
Chesebrough Mfg	290	310	290	Southern Pipe Line	177	182	177
Continental Oil	490	515	475	South Penn Oil	305	315	300
Crescent Pipe L	37	39	37	S W Penn	98	102	98
Cumberland P L	175	185	173	Stand Oil of Cal	268	275	261
Eureka Pipe Line	180	190	180	Stand Oil of Ind	750	765	745
Galena Signal Oil	88	92	88	Stand Oil of Kan	525	550	520
Do pf, new	100	105	100	Stand Oil of Ky	360	370	355
Do pf, old	115	130	115	Stand Oil of Neb	500	525	490
Illinois Pipe Line	165	170	164	Stand Oil of N J	690	700	676
Indiana Pipe Line	103	107	102	Stand Oil of N Y	313	318	303
Int Pet Co. Ltd	19½	20½	20	Stand Oil of Ohio	460	480	460
National Transit	16	17	16	Swan & Finch	98	102	98
New York Transit	200	210	195	Union Tank	113	116	112
Northern Pipe L	106	113	108	Vacuum Oil	410	420	395
Ohio Oil	316	322	314	Washington Oil	33	37	33

$4,000,000

The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company

Six Per Cent Serial Gold Notes

Dated January 1, 1919. Due $400,000 annually from January 1, 1920, to 1929, inclusive. Redeemable at 103 per cent. and interest at the option of the Company as a whole, but not in part, on any interest date upon sixty days' notice. Principal and semi-annual interest (January 1 and July 1) payable in gold in New York City and Chicago. Coupon notes. Denomination, $1,000, except notes maturing January 1, 1925, which are in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100.

Interest payable without deduction for any Normal Federal Income Tax now or hereafter deductible at the source not in excess of two per cent.

Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, Trustee

For information regarding these Notes we refer to a letter of B. E. Bensinger, President of the Company, copies of which may be had upon request, and which states that:

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER COMPANY, whose business was established in 1845, is the largest manufacturer in the world of billiard tables, bowling alleys and accessories, and the manufacturer of the "Brunswick" phonograph, "Brunswick" automobile tires, hard rubber goods, etc. The business is owned and managed by the heirs of the original founders, who, together with other officers and employes of the Company, own practically all the Common Stock.

These Notes will be the direct obligation of the Company and will constitute its only funded indebtedness. The indenture securing the Notes will provide that—

(a) While any of the Notes are outstanding the Company may not mortgage or pledge any of its present assets, or those of its subsidiaries, except Liberty Bonds or other obligations of the United States Government.

(b) Total quick assets of the Company and its subsidiaries must equal at least twice total liabilities, including the amount of these Notes outstanding.

(c) The Company may not issue, guarantee or endorse any other long time notes, bonded debt or similar securities, except for acquiring additional property, without the consent of the Trustee.

Total assets as of November 30, 1918, after giving effect to this financing, were $21,228,764.80, or more than five times the total issue of these Notes; net quick assets were $13,389,078.70, or more than three and one-third times the amount of the issue.

Surplus net income for the year ended December 31, 1918, after liberal allowances for taxes, is estimated at $1,450,000.00, or more than six times the maximum annual interest requirements on these Notes.

COMPARATIVE SURPLUS NET INCOME

*1918	1917	1916
$1,450,000	$1,211,889	$1,165,409

*One month estimated.

Surplus net income for the past twelve years averaged $1,221,406, or more than five times maximum annual interest requirements on these Notes.

We offer these Notes subject to prior sale, when, as, and if issued and received by us, and subject to the approval of counsel.

$400,000	due	January 1, 1920;	Price 100	and Interest to Yield About	6.00%
400,000	"	January 1, 1921;	" 99½	" " " " "	6.25%
400,000	"	January 1, 1922;	" 98¾	" " " " "	6.50%
400,000	"	January 1, 1923;	" 98¼	" " " " "	6.50%
400,000	"	January 1, 1924;	" 97⅞	" " " " "	6.50%
400,000	"	January 1, 1925;	" 97⅛	" " " " "	6.60%
400,000	"	January 1, 1926;	" 96¾	" " " " "	6.60%
400,000	"	January 1, 1927;	" 96⅝	" " " " "	6.55%
400,000	"	January 1, 1928;	" 96⅜	" " " " "	6.55%
400,000	"	January 1, 1929;	" 96	" " " " "	6.55%

We Recommend These Notes for Investment. Circulars Furnished upon Request.

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Ames, Emerich & Co. Chicago Milwaukee

Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank Chicago

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Christopher & Tenth St. R. R.
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Famous Players-Lasky
Farmers Loan & Trust Stock
Fidelity Phenix Insurance
Home Insurance
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Midland Securities
National City Bank Stock
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Singer Manufacturing
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

SAYS M'ADOO VETOED EXPERTS' FINDINGS

Ordered Engine Standardization, Despite Advice to Contrary, Kruttschnitt Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—It was in spite of the advice of his experts that William G. McAdoo as Director General of Railroads insisted upon the standardization of locomotives, Julius Kruttschnitt, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific, told the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee today. Railway executives, testifying at the hearing on the bill to extend the time of Government control over the roads to five years, have criticised this policy of the former Director General and insisted that almost every railroad needed its peculiar type of engine.

Mr. Kruttschnitt said he understood all the members of the committee appointed by Mr. McAdoo to consider the matter reported against standardization. Samuel Vauclain, Vice President of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, was Chairman of the committee, and only a short time previous, Mr. Kruttschnitt testified, Al B. Johnson, President of the company, had said the idea was not practicable.

"I understood that the committee members had no discretion in the premises," said the witness, adding that he believed the experts could do nothing except go ahead with the standardization.

Reduction of operating expenses through elimination of unnecessary trains and other methods was discussed by Mr. Kruttschnitt. He said that anything that reduced operating cost would defer the time when the roads would have to apply for higher rates.

"That's an implication," Senator Cummins commented, "that all the railroads could be owned by one corporation, or by the United States."

"Common ownership, either private or Government, would eliminate every incentive to provide increased service," Mr. Kruttschnitt replied.

The witness explained that the railroad executives recommended pooling of traffic, so that, under the supervision of some public authority, business percentage between terminal points could be assigned on a basis of past performances.

"Under properly supervised pooling arrangements there would be an incentive to improvement to the end that the carriers, with a small amount of business, would receive a larger allowance at the next revision of the arrangement," he said.

Returning to the matter of new equipment furnished by the Railroad Administration, Mr. Kruttschnitt said that, although for the five years preceding Federal control, his road had plenty of equipment, and received $1,250,000 profit in renting cars to other lines, the Administration not only diverted tonnage and thus produced a surplus of equipment, but allotted to the Southern Pacific 4,000 cars of a type it could not economically use. The cars had not been built, the witness said.

EARNINGS.

BRAZILIAN TRACTION, LIGHT AND POWER—

	1918. Milreis.	1917. Milreis.	Increase. Milreis.
Nov. gross...	7,581,000	7,695,000	*114,000
Net aft. tax...	3,723,000	3,492,000	231,000
11 mos. gross	93,363,000	84,131,000	9,232,000
Net aft. tax..	47,864,000	43,376,000	4,488,000

NEWPORT NEWS & HAMPTON RY, GAS & ELEC—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Nov. gross ...	$230,307	$142,032	$88,275
Net aft. tax.	51,790	50,802	987
Sur aft. chgs.	30,635	27,856	2,778
11 mos. gross.	1,996,921	1,223,443	773,477
Net aft. tax.	536,946	472,752	64,194
Sur. aft. cgs.	317,513	244,049	73,464
WESTERN POWER CORPORATION—			
Dec. gross....	444,783	363,042	81,741
Net af. taxes.	308,199	212,629	95,570
†Sur. aft. cgs.	170,307	76,793	93,514
12 mos. gross.	4,644,407	4,008,553	635,854
Net af. taxes.	2,880,900	2,515,828	365,072
†Sur. af. cgs.	1,205,786	855,775	350,011
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO—			
Aug. gross ...	7,403,061	7,030,017	373,044
Net op. rev...	1,216,285	2,185,468	*969,183
Oper. income..	898,553	1,795,651	*897,098
Sept. gross...	7,352,077	6,819,773	532,302
Net op. rev...	1,334,225	1,830,143	*495,918
Op. income...	996,735	1,441,316	*444,581
Oct. gross...	8,202,946	7,464,665	738,281
Net op. rev...	1,989,614	2,157,775	*168,161
Op. income...	1,545,824	2,120,014	*574,190
10 mos. gross	71,782,883	63,471,538	8,311,345
Net op. rev...	15,396,284	18,932,573	*3,536,309
Op. income...	12,149,595	15,422,691	*3,273,096

*Decrease. †Before depreciation.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.90	5.50
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.88	5.65
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.55
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.65	5.25
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.75	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.95	5.45
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.15	5.60
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.90	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.05	5.60
Illinois Central	1919-'28	4½@5	5.80	5.35
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.80	5.30
Michigan Central	1919-'30	5	5.95	5.50
Minn & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'2d	4½@5	6.30	5.85
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.95	5.50
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.75	5.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.10	5.75
Penn. Gen. Frgt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.65	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.35
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.40	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.20
Southern Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.75	5.30
Southern Railroad	1919-'24	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	*6.60	5.50

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.50	...	5.50
Spelter	...	7.30	...	7.45
Antimony	...	7.50	...	7.50
Quicksilver	$105.00	...	$105.00	...
Aluminum	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	91	0	0	91	0	0
Copper—futures	85	0	0	81	10	0
Tin, spot	248	0	0	247	5	0
Tin, futures	244	0	0	244	0	0
Spelter	56	0	0	58	0	0
Lead	35	0	0	33	0	0

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Jacket	.13
Alta	.02	Mexican	.08
Andes	.04	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.01	Ophir	.01
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.13
Challenge Con.	.03	Savage	.08
Confidence	.04	Sierra Nevada	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.08
Con. Virginia	.03	Mexican dollars	.77½
Hale & Norcross	.01		

TONOPAH			
Belmont	2.60	Booth	.13
Brougher Divide	.20	Florence	.12
Cash Boy	.06	Goldfield Cons.	.20
Gold Zone	.20	Goldfield Merger	.05
Halifax	.14	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.35	Jumbo Exten.	.13
McNamara	.27	Kewanas	.05
Midway	.38	Lone Star	.08
Mizpah	.05	Silver Pick	.04
Monarch Pitts.	.08	Spearhead	.16
Montana	.14	OTHER DISTRICTS	
North Star	.06	Manhattan Cons.	.04
Rescue	.07	Nevada Hills	.08
Tonopah Divide	3.15	Packard	.25
Tonopah Exten.	2.20	Rochester	.25
West End	1.25½	Round Mountain	.31
West Tonopah	.15	United Eastern	4.25
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.13
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid	Asked.		Bid	Asked.
Cresson	4½	5	Isabella	4⅞	6½
Dr. J'pot.	4	5	McKinney	7	9
Elkton	4¾	6½	Portland	100	105
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	14½	15¾
Golden C.	177	178	Vindicator	40	45
Granite	17½	20	Ross Nicol.	13	13½

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following secrities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

12 shares New York Life Insurance & Trust Company, $100 each, 800.

159 shares Edison Storage Battery Company, common, $100 each, $120 lot.

$2,000 New York Central & Hudson River Railroad, 4 per cent. debenture bonds, due May, 1934, 82½.

3,000 shares Peoples Collateral Pledge Society, 10c per share.

200 shares Worthington Pump & Machinery Corporation, $100 each, 53⅝.

20 shares Union Pacific Railroad Company, $100 each, 124⅝.

25 shares United Fruit Company, $100 each, 156⅛.

15 shares American Sugar Refining Company, preferred, $100 each, 112⅝.

$1,000 Pond Creek Coal Co., first mortgage 6 per cent. convertible gold bond, due June, 1923. Interest June and December. 90.

1 share Chatham & Phenix National Bank, $100, 244.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 23.—Sixty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,163,400, were chartered today. They included:

United States Ferro Alloys Corp., Manhattan, $500,000; J. W. Fraser, J. Siegelman, W. Brower, 60 Beaver St.

Kings County Heating and Ventilating Co., Brooklyn, $30,000; A. H. Jeter, A. W. Dovel, J. A. King, 14 Butler Place, Brooklyn.

Breed-Howell Film Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; W. A. Howell, B. Clark, Jr., G. H. Breed, 27 West 44th St.

Slipe Waist Co., Manhattan, $10,000; Y. Setler, M. Slipe, S. Brown, 314 East 100th St.

Tims Patent Muffler Cap Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Feiner, M. Feigenbaum, J. A. Tim, 116 West 72d St.

Midco Tire Co., Manhattan, $10,000; O. E. Bury, S. and C. S. Huntley, Yonkers.

Berge Clay and Wax Importing Co., Queens, tailors' chalk and crayons, $5,000; H. Witt, J. C. Herman, L. E. Nelson, 120 Broadway.

Service Wagon Repair Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. C. Geigerich, F. J. and W. J. Weins, 754 10th St.

Charles Hollinshed Co., Manhattan, commission business, $10,000; E. Hecker, W. J. Fischer, C. Hollinshed, 207 Bay 85th St., Brooklyn.

Standard Hollowware Co., Manhattan, stoves and ironware, $10,000; G. Rosenwald, K. and M. Heyne, 7 Dutch St.

Kinlock Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. E. Murphy, V. Withstandley, E. F. Adams, 115 Broadway.

Wend-a-Weigh Barrel Co., Manhattan, fibre articles, $150,000; J. K. Guerin, M. Mulvey, S. S. Myers, 60 Wall St.

Parlos Realty Corp., Manhattan, $120,000; F. E. Carroll, J. Carroll, B. Kaiser, I. J. Cabot, 79 West 104th St.

Consolidated Doll Co., Manhattan, $225,000; M. M. Henschel, K. Cohen, C. A. Berart, 213 11th St., Brooklyn.

Republic Druggists Syndicate, Inc., Manhattan, $200,000; J. and E. and N. Boradman, 561 Fox St.

Drucker Printing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. Klien, S. Hirschdorfs, M. Drucker, 351 East 51st St., Brooklyn.

Jacoba Restaurant, Inc., Manhattan, $25,000; E. and M. E. and N. Jacobs, 435 Riverside Drive.

Middlesex Sales Co., Brooklyn, commission merchants, $100,000; D. E. Hamburger, H. W. Dawson, E. H. Blanthorn, 535 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

Jivorin Corp., North Pelham, ivory and celluloid articles, $25,000; N. Brupert, W. J. Euedingen, C. McClave, 1 Madison Av.

Optical Club of America, Manhattan, restaurants and reading rooms, $10,000; A. Frank, M. Zadek, L. Friedlander, 36 John St.

Pine Tree Farms, Inc., Rochester, $42,000; C. E. Wright, E. W. Miller, A. M. Little, Rochester.

Warren Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty and construction, $5,000; S. Goldman, A. and H. M. Simon, 815 7th Av.

Russian-American Line, Manhattan, storage and warehousing, $10,000; B. J. M. Bullowa, H. L. Cheyney, A. Begg, 32 Broadway.

The Bockar Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J., J. J., and A. Bockar, 207 East 115th St.

Balatour Beverage Co., Manhattan, $100,000; M. Gordon, L. A. and S. C. Dreednor, 73 Grand St.

Kids Kute Klothes, Inc., Manhattan, $30,000; M. and L. Tartikoff, A. L. Mose, 508 West 114th St.

International Marine Sealing Co., Manhattan, contracting, $25,000; A. Domante, J. and C. Sorrentino, 1,125 41st St.

Peter Knauss Corp., Manhattan, hosiery and underwear, $60,000; H. L. Horwitz, J. Levy, J. C. Cohen, 291 Broadway.

Wright Cake Co., Brooklyn, formed by consolidation of Wright Co. and L. C. Wright Baking Co., $160,000; F. W. Houston, H. J. and W. Wright, Wallabout Market, Brooklyn.

Westchester Drug Co., Yonkers, $25,000; W. Heldemark, J. Egerman, L. Cooper, Yonkers.

Sambre Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. S. and J. Weinberg, 828 Columbus Av.

Madison Dress Co., Manhattan, $7,500; J. M. Zinaman, M. Baqedonow, M. Krakower, 1,047 Home St.

Holloway Furniture Co., Manhattan, $5,000; E. R. Jacobs, E. C. Kelly, A. Bangser, 398 West End Av.

Pioneer Auto Supply Co., Bronx, $5,000; E. Antine, M. and D. Pudlin, 1,057 Hoe Av.

Merit Photo Studios, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Platnick, J. Chalkows, P. Hurwitz, 278 East Houston St.

Weikersheimer & Finkel, Manhattan, furs, $10,000; B. Finkel, B. and H. Weikersheimer, 125 East 86th St.

Great Northern Apartment Corp., Manhattan, realty, $9,000; B. K. Lionsky and M. Cohen, 818 Hewitt Place.

American Corp. for International Commerce, Manhattan, $25,000; A. E. Garlevaro, M. Kosina, J. A. Fields, 320 5th Av.

White House System of Breaderies, Inc., Manhattan, baking business, $24,000; W. L. Sayers, W. N. Carter, W. H. Jackson, 53 West 142d St.

United Bookbinding Co., Manhattan, $10,000; L. and S. Epstein, H. Tamarin, 97 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

Carreh-Cavere Corp., Manhattan, mining, $10,000; W. U. Hart, J. F. Mann, J. H. Philbin, Woodmere.

Noma Motor Corp., Manhattan, $30,000; F. and F., Jr., Ammann, W. W. Walton, 420 Riverside Drive.

Palate Provision Supply Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Levy, R. and M. Schlesinger, 313 Grace Av.

Daniel Meenan Corp., Manhattan, realty, $500,000; J. J. Meenan, J. A. Keohue, J. A. Delehanty, 115 Broadway.

Beldav Realty Co., Manhattan, $8,000; J. and S. and S. Weinberg, 80 Maiden Lane.

Cohen Bros. Mfg. Co., Manhattan, clothing, $350,000; A. and B. and I. P. Cohen, 317 West 93d St.

Russian-American Merchandise Corp., Schenectady, $25,000; A. Litschitz, A. and H. Lifset, Schenectady.

George R. Goshaw, Manhattan, furs, $10,000; G. H. Goshaw, H. F. Klein, M. M. Yolt, 100 Haven Av.

The Gartner Co., Manhattan, furniture and cabinet making, $10,000; A. D. Boyle, R. M. Pettit, J. Gartner, 887 Southern Boulevard, Bronx.

The L. Jankovic Co., Manhattan, produce and merchandise, $100,000; J. H. Leddy, H. J. Hagen, L. Jankovic, 233 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Samek Bros., Manhattan, $100,000 to $150,000.

J. Wolkind & Co., Manhattan, $5,500 to $55,000.

Wallkill Dairy Co., Wallkill, $20,000 to $30,000.

New Netherlands Bank of New York, Manhattan, $200,000 to $300,000.

Barth & Guttman, Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Standard Animal Products Co., Manhattan, $30,000 to $100,000.

Cameron Machine Co., Kings County, $65,000 to $600,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Livingston Radiator and Mfg. Co., Manhattan, to Brookhill Corp.

Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Co., White Plains, to Westchester Title and Mortgage Co.

Maraue Knitting Corp., Manhattan, to Marlow Knitting Corp.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

The J. Roland Day Co., Ills., publishing and advertising, $10,000. Representative, A. E. Briggs, 18 East 41st St.

Frost, Landis & Kohn, Inc., Tenn., publishing and advertising, $25,000. Representative, J. W. Zorne, 225 Fifth Av.

Webster Steamship Co., Ltd., Can., $1,000,000. Representative, J. L. Stewart, 24 Broad St.

Hitchcock, Lloyd & Co., Del., importing and exporting, $250,000. Representative, J. W. Hitchcock, 50 Broadway.

Bills, McHarg & Co., Mass., importing and exporting, no capital given; representative, A. V. Morris, 30 Church St.

Gardiner-McInnes Co., Del., paints, varnishes, and chemicals, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value, begin business with 10 shares; representative, M. A. Howard, 258 Broadway.

Edison Storage Battery Garage, Inc., New Jersey, autos, $100,000; representative, J. Kelly, 247 West 35th.

Synthetic Drugs, Ltd., Canada, $200,000; representative, G. A. Webster, Buffalo.

Henry Bosch Co., Ill., paints, oils, and glass, $25,000; representative, E. L. Tenney, 485 Fifth Av.

Davenny Millinery Mfg. Co., Penn., $25,000; representative, J. E. Davenny, 37 West 37th.

DISSOLUTIONS:

Jacob Freed & Co., Manhattan.
A. Adler & Son, Manhattan.
Daniel Beder & Co., Cedarhurst.
Venus Embroidery Co., Manhattan.
A. Sonnenschein, Manhattan.
Samuel E. Hermann Co., Manhattan.
Gordon Machinery Works, Manhattan.
C. W. Hunt Co., Manhattan.
Hudson River Lighterage Co., Edgewater, N. J.
Adelberg & Berman, Inc., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 23.—Charters filed:

Blair-Cambral Coal and Railways Corp., $11,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

United States Chain and Forging Co., iron, steel, &c., $8,000,000; J. Albert McKay, Pittsburgh, Penn.; John T. Arbett, S. F. MacConkey, all of Columbus, Ohio.

Pittsburgh Tin Plate and Steel Corp., $3,000,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Stiegler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

American Scrubbing Equipment Co., $2,500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

National Phonograph Corp., $2,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer of Wilmington.

Royeleum Products Co., chemists, druggists, &c., $500,000; John E. Kircher, John Zehr, Eli J. Blume, Edward H. Kircher, all of Walcott, Ind.; R. F. Zehr, Monticello, Ind.

Agalita Iron Co., $250,000; M. L. Horty, J. D. Frock, M. A. Denver of Wilmington.

Chicago Painting Schools, Inc., $250,000; W. H. Beld, Elmer T. Moore, Harry Glick, all of Chicago.

Slavonian Trading Corp., importing and exporting business, $200,000; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Charles W. Jones of Dover.

Mohawk Coal Co., $60,000; Frank L. Kiss, Elmer Patte, Butler, Penn.; Edward J. Dugan, Chicora, Penn.

Riverton Coal Co., $50,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, George V. Reilly, all of New York.

John F. Shelding Co., credit and reporting business, $25,000; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Charles H. Jones of Dover.

Stewart Products Service Station of Kansas City, Inc., to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in and with tools, machinery, &c., $10,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Stewart Products Service Station of Cleveland, $10,000.

Stewart Products Service Station of St. Louis, Mo., $10,000; business and incorporators same as above.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Graphoscope Development Co., New York, from $300,000 to $800,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Columbus Aircraft Corp. to Improved Shoe Heel Corp., New York.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Jan. 23.—Charters filed:

Earle & Parcells, Inc., Newark, to deal in vehicles of all kinds, $25,000; F. H. Earle and M. P. Earle of South Orange, and W. W. Parcells of Newark.

Newman Realty Co., Bayonne, $50,000; A. S. Newman and Peter Gold, Bayonne; Oscar Manning, Jersey City.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

HERMAN L. SCHRADER, jeweler of 439 East Ninth Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by the following creditors: John Karges, $1,000; Matilda Kroger, $4,600, and Felix Neimeyer, $900. Liabilities said to be $19,000 and assets $4,000. An assignment was also made to Herbert A. Wolff.

COLEMAN R. CHAMBERLAIN, a clerk at 3,131 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $3,595 and assets of $130. Petitioner states that he was formerly in business at 303 Fifth Avenue under Styles of Index Systems Company and Fifth Avenue Shopping Service. Among the largest creditors are Jay Edward Wingate, $1,420, and Edgar F. Perkins, Jr., $500.

KALMAN PERSILY, a clothing presser at 1,784 Anthony Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,910 and assets of $4,346, of which amount $4,182 are accounts due. Among the largest creditors are Henry Lerner, $1,500; William Herschaft, $1,136, and Benjamin Wallman, $1,114.

ARTHUR LEVY, a salesman, 205 West Seventy-second Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $27,598 and no assets. Among the largest creditors are Vogue Company, Los Angeles, Cal., $11,886, and Pacific States Corporation, Los Angeles, Cal., $3,300. Most of the other creditors live in Los Angeles, Cal. It is stated that Levy owns 300 shares of Vogue Company, Los Angeles, Cal., par value $100 each, actual value none.

PARISIAN WAIST COMPANY, at 16 East Eighteenth Street, trading as Parisian Waist Company, has assigned to Melville Boyd.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and Over.

Anderson, Wm. H.—O. S. Schlan.....$186.00
Armstrong & White—I. M. Cohn.....116.88
Butler, Richard J.—J. J. Asch.....192.54
Baeder, Chas. S.—E. L. Crawford et al.1,922.07
Blumenthal, Jacob—S. Ackerman et al.....2,069.19
Champion Coated Paper Co.—Carey Printing Co., costs.....181.10
Capona, Ralph—L. Alterisi.....301.00
Cunningham, Louis J. and Laura H.—New York County National Bank.....220.55
Carpenter, Edwin E.—L. P. Gatti et al.....2,419.54
Depole, John, Thomas, and Joseph, (Depole Bros.)—S. H. Dougherty.....600.00
Di Menna & Del Bass, Inc.—Ransome Concrete Machinery Co.....235.80
De Fontaine, Wade H.—E. B. Slade et al.....861.68
Eisenberg, Ivan—G. Glassberg.....630.79
Freedman, Harry H., and Theodore Straues (Freedman & Co.)—Deckler.....4,031.12
Fish, Wm., Jr.—L. Vottin.....1,087.80
Farrell, Elizabeth A.—Acker, Merrill & Condit Co.....214.20
Farrell, George, and Nat. Surety Co.—People, &c.....500.00
Flood, Eugene J.—M. Raymond.....9,171.20
Greenberg, John—G. Glassberg.....815.65
Greenspan, Elsy—J. E. Hodges et al...278.20
Howard, Margery—F. Board.....244.20
Hamilton, Isabella—J. Morrison.....413.56
Henigin, John, Jr.—L. Napen.....1,381.70
Iroquois Pulp & Paper Co.—M. Gottesman et al.....1,464.73
I. Kravitz, Inc.—Eastman Machine Co.226.77
James J. Corbett Institute, Inc.—Brunswick Realty Co.....112.10
Jerome Lester and Fidelity & Casualty Co.—People, &c.....1,500.00
Kaplan, Meyer S.—David Mayer Brewing Co.....707.32
Kehlenbeck, Geo. H.—F. Forman.....866.65
Kennedy Theatres, Inc.—Realty Advertising & Supply Co.....545.33
Kirschenbaum, Heyman, Gdn.—P. F. & W. A. Kane; costs.....108.85
Levy, Louis and Joe Cohen—People, &c.....1,000.00
Luban, Jacob—Westchester Av. Bank..397.73
Lynar, Max or Rochus Max Zu Lynar and Passy De Chimang—A. Denes.....315.41
Lenihan, Patrick—N. Y. Trust Co.....4,445.21
Levin, Philip, (P. Levin & Co.)—J. Halle et al.....1,241.74
Maiden, Orth and Hastings Co.—N. Y. Color & Chemical Co.; costs.....115.53
Same—J. C. Glamond.....115.24
Mazo & Seldeman, Inc.—H. Siegel et al.459.05
Martin, Chas. P.—F. T. Harris.....294.80
Masson, Francis C.—H. A. Carstens.....104.20
N. Y. Telephone Co. & George Brown—B. C. Stiefel.....7,400.00
Neudorfer, Leo and Frances—Bendheim Const. Co.....424.84
Nevins, Michael J.—N. Rosenstock.....655.65
O'Reilly, John—A. Costiglielo.....104.63
Panino, Giuseppe—Italo American Flour Co.....579.10
Syndicate Waist Co.—M. Sherwood.....1,229.82
Sommers, Edw. H.—B. Altman & Co.....181.05
Schwartz, Leopold—Schieffelin & Co.....185.56
Schmidt, Mary and Boleshal Czerack—People, &c.....100.00
Warnock Uniform Co.—H. Krakower.....386.40
Same—Kobre Assets Corp.....309.88
Wagman, Lena and Morris Picket—State Mercantile Co.....136.55
Wilkin, Max—E. D. Murphy et al.....2,737.10
Wiggers, Henry—Emil Fleischl & Son..101.02
Zuccam, Emil—P. Sciortino.....2,309.47
Same—same.....349.20
Same—same.....1,172.75

In Bronx County.

Austin, William T. and Mary C.—R. F. Baxter.....$106.12
Atkinson, Mary Arete—H. E. Oliver.....666.29
Elss, Joseph, and Harry Schimelman—Motor Mercantile Co.....175.85
Gent, John G.—National Radiator Co..236.20
Hurlburt Motor Truck Co.—Hemscher Metal Co.....990.71
Kiernan, Bernard P.—A. Vogel.....2,074.17
Knowles, Charles A.—W. Nirenberg et al.....39.72
Luhan, Jacob — Westchester Avenue Bank.....397.73
Lippner, Charles and Frances—S. Trimmer & Sons, Inc.....832.42
Parrotta, Nicola—S. Damros.....3,485.24
Stiner, Samuel—Nathan & Wolf, Inc...101.85
Schrier, Frank—E. Weiner.....46.97
Stiefel, August—B. J. Conroy.....116.90
Stanley, James—S. Echelman.....227.05
Shire, Robert—B. Henderson.....507.82
Tobias, Samuel—J. Zimmerman.....82.92

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Radow, Bernard, and Frank McGuire—Sidney Blumenthal & Co., Jan. 11, 1919.....$148.42
Radow, Bernard, and Frank McGuire—Same, May 31, 1916.....100.13
Benedict, Edward and Josephine—E. Kubovetz, June 7, 1917.....392.53
Crassopoulos, George—J. W. Samuel, Inc., Jan. 11, 1919.....166.95
Weaver, Thomas A.—Munson-Whitaker Co., Oct. 28, 1914.....171.97
Vidor, William H.—H. Boker & Co., Inc., June 9, 1917.....240.34
Same—Irving National Bank, N. Y., Nov. 30, 1917.....784.26
Somach, Joseph—T. F. Cahill et al., Oct. 11, 1918.....258.62
Small, Edward, and Charles Pope—B. B. Bates, Dec. 29, 1917.....125.20
Ross, Joseph, and Antonio Barone—People, &c., Oct. 25, vacated.....500.00
Cohen, Joseph—Coney Dyeing Works, Inc., Jan. 23, 1919.....986.64
Elssing, William F.—Encyclopedia Britannica Corp., May 8, 1918.....260.08
Eckerson, William C.—E. C. Eckerson, Oct. 4, 1918.....3,445.29
Lindenbaum, Isidore M.—Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md., April 17, 1918.....208.00
Home for the Christian Hungarian Sick Benevolent Societies of N. Y.—I. Kudlickso, Jan. 22, 1919.....111.01
Gerhardt, Charles, Jr.—A. P. Bourguardez, Jr., June 22, 1916.....371.41
Bronx Home News Pub. Co.—A. Schechter, Dec. 10, 1918.....500.00
Same—I. Schechter et al., Dec. 10, 1918.....1,152.99
Malex Realty Corp.—J. C. Salisbury et al., Nov. 14, 1918.....520.34
Radow, Bernard, and Frank McGuire—Sidney Blumenthal & Co., May 28, 1915.....2,022.01

In Bronx County.

Becker, Frank A.—H. C. Steinhoff et al., March 2, 1918.....$292.80
Levy, Charles D.—Brooklyn Fireproof Sash and Door Co., Oct. 16, 1917.....86.85
238th Street Const. Corp.—Brooklyn Fireproof Sash and Door Co., Oct. 16, 1917.....119.94

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.32¼	$1.31	$1.32¼	$1.33	$1.27⅞
February	1.29½	1.28	1.29¼	1.28⅝	..
March	1.27⅝	1.24	1.26⅝	1.26⅛	1.26¼
May	1.24¼	1.21	1.23⅛	1.23⅛	1.24⅝
July	1.21¼	1.18	1.19⅞	1.20¼	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	.63⅝	62	62½	62⅝	81⅝
February	.64¼	62	62⅞	63¼	..
March	.64½	62	63½	63⅝	80⅛
May	.65	62⅝	64	64	77⅞
July	.62¼	60½	61⅞	61¼	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 75½c; No. 2 white, 73c; No. 3 white, 73c; No. 4 white, 72c; ordinary clipped, 72@73c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	$23.17	$23.07	$23.17	$23.20	$24.62
May	23.45	23.17	23.42	23.32	24.92
Ribs—					
January	..	..	23.87	24.25	23.87
May	21.95	21.67	21.92	21.90	24.37
Pork—					
January	44.50	44.25	44.50	45.00	47.22
May	39.75	39.30	39.60	39.60	45.97

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.65	13.50	13.65	13.68
July	13.33	13.33	13.40	13.48
September	13.35	13.35	13.25	13.35
December	13.17	13.00	13.10	13.20

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	$1.60½	$1.59	$1.59
February	1.51	1.49	1.51
March	1.49⅝	1.49	1.49⅝
May	1.50⅛	1.47	1.48⅝

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday: 12,408 packages. Market still tumbling with an exceedingly dull trade and excessive supplies. Prices about 3c lower. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 55½@56c; extras, 92 score, 55c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 51½@54c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 49½@51c; lower grades, 47@49c; unsalted, higher than extras, 57½@58c; extras, 56½@57c; firsts, 53@56c; seconds, 50@52c; State dairy tubs, finest, 53@54c; good to prime, 50@52c; common to fair, 46@49c; renovated, extras, 51@52c; firsts, 49@50c; lower grades, 43@47c; imitation creamery, firsts, 46@47c; ladles, current make, firsts, 43½@44½c; seconds, 41½@42c; lower grades, 40@41c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 41½@42c; No. 2, 40½@41c; lower grades, 37@40c.

EGGS.—7,733 cases. While arrivals continue lighter than heretofore, the weather conditions in producing sections are favorable, advices indicate an increase in collections in some sections, limits are being removed from accumulations in store, and the offerings are sufficient to force prices to a still lower level, the decline amounting to about 2c. a dozen on the leading grades of Western and Southern eggs. Storage eggs quiet; most of the distributing trade have abandoned their use, and some lots offered on the open market find few takers, with prices ruling in buyers' favor. White eggs more plenty, but they are still in pretty good demand, and prices were sustained. Some lots of Californias are coming in, however, some of which are not as yet fairly on the market. These may weaken the situation later. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 61@62c; extra firsts, 60@60½c; firsts, 58@59c.; seconds and poorer, 55@57c; dirties, No. 1, 54@55c; No. 2 and poorer, 50@53c; checks, good to choice, dry, 49@50c; undergrades, 43@48c; refrigerator, 32@51c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 70@72c; ordinary to prime, 64@69c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@70c; pullet whites, 63@64c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 70c; lower grades, 64@66c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 63@68c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery browns, 65@66c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 59@62c.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Alas. Pack. Ass'n.	$25	Ex.	Feb. 10	....
Butler Bros.	2½	Q	....	....
Do	4	Ex.	....	....
Gaston, W. & W.	$1	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Greene-Can. Cop.	$1.50	Q	Feb. 24	Feb. 1
Harmony Mills	2	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 23
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 23
Leh. Coal & Nav.	2	Q	Feb. 28	Jan. 31
Phil. Warehouse	3	SA	Feb. 1	Jan. 28
Procter & Gamble	5	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 25
Standard Milling	2	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 18
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 18
Triumph O. & G.	1½	M	Feb. 8	Jan. 26
United P. & T.	50c	—	Jan. 31	Jan. 14
Westamoe Mills	$3	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 22

*Payable in Liberty bonds.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

WESTFIELD MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Westfield, Massachusetts.

To the Holders of the Preferred Stock of Westfield Manufacturing Company:

Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of Section 3, Article V., of the Agreement of Association of Westfield Manufacturing Company, all of the outstanding Preferred Stock of said Company has been duly called for redemption and will be redeemed on the next dividend payment date, to wit, February 10th, 1919, at one hundred and ten ($110) dollars per share and dividends accrued on that date. All holders of said stock are requested to present and surrender their certificates for the same duly endorsed for transfer to the Company or in blank, at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York, 37 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y., on or before February 10th, 1919, on which date payment in full for said stock so presented and surrendered will be made by said Trust Company at the redemption price above mentioned.

As the redemption price will include the quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share, payable February 10th, 1919, the usual dividend checks will not be mailed to the holders of the Preferred Stock.

From and after February 10th, 1919, dividends shall cease to accumulate upon every share of Preferred Stock of said Westfield Manufacturing Company and the holders of such shares shall cease to have or exercise any vote or voting power by reason of being the record holders of such shares, and such shares shall not be transferable upon the books of the corporation, except to the corporation or its nominee, under the terms of such redemption, and the holders of such shares shall have no further rights or interest in respect to the corporation other than to receive the redemption price without interest upon the subsequent surrender of such shares.

By order of the Board of Directors of Westfield Manufacturing Company,
CUTHBERT P. GORMAN, Clerk.
Dated January 2d, 1919.

To the Holders of the

First Mortgage

5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

Due 1961, of the

Hocking Valley Products Company

Copies of the plan of December 16th, 1918, for the resumption of full interest payments upon these bonds and the payment (in U. S. Liberty 4¼% bonds) of the relinquished interest to the bondholders (which on July 1, 1918, amounted to 10% of the face value of the bonds) may be had at the Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall Street, New York City. In order to obtain the benefits accruing under such plan, your bonds, together with the certificates for relinquished interest and signed consent, should be deposited at once with the said Trust Company.

HOCKING VALLEY PRODUCTS COMPANY
S. L. Chamberlaine, President.
20 Broad St., New York, N. Y., Jan. 22, 1919.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $13,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 6, 1919.

STATE OF SAN PAULO 1913 LOAN

Notice is hereby given that all San Paulo 1913 bonds not previously drawn have been drawn for payment the first of January, 1919, on which date interest ceases.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

STATE OF GEORGIA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, ATLANTA.
NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority conveyed by an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia, approved August 13, 1915, and printed in the Georgia Laws of 1915, Pages 56-57, I will receive at the Governor's Office at the Capitol in Atlanta, Wednesday, February 5th, 1919, up to twelve o'clock noon, Central Standard Time, sealed bids for the purchase of $2,500,000.00 of warrants to be drawn by the Governor on the funds appropriated by the Legislature for the public schools for the year 1919, said warrants to be drawn at the end of each month as needed and for such amounts as are then due the teachers. The warrants to be disposed of to the bidder offering the lowest rate of discount.

Said warrants will be issued by the Governor for the purpose of anticipating the collection of taxes for the year 1919, and will be payable on February 1st, 1920.

Under the same law warrants were issued and sold as follows last year: February, $323,192; March, $300,813; April, $306,813; May, $292,532; June, $173,086; July, $119,926; October, $66,929; November, $110,554; total, $1,781,585.00. This should give an approximate idea of the time and amount of loans needed.

Bids will be opened at the Governor's Office at noon Wednesday, February 5th, 1919.

The right is hereby reserved to reject any and all bids.

This January 9th, 1919.

HUGH M. DORSEY, Governor.

By the Governor:
C. A. WEST, Secretary Executive Department.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.
NOTICE OF SPECIAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company to be held at the principal office of the Company in the City of Columbus, Ohio, on Saturday the 25th day of January, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the following purposes:

(a) To authorize the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company to negotiate and cause to be executed and delivered such contract with the President of the United States, the Director General of Railroads, or such other person as the President may direct, as said Board or said Executive Committee shall deem expedient, relating to the compensation to be paid for the possession, use and control of the railroad and system of transportation and appurtenances thereof of the Company, the operation, maintenance and return thereof, and to any other matter connected with or growing out of the taking over by the President of said properties; to alter, amend or add to such contract, by mutual consent to be signified on behalf of the Company by vote of its Board of Directors or Executive Committee; to collect the aggregate compensation to be paid under such contract; and generally to take such action as said Board or Committee shall deem necessary to secure, either by such contract or otherwise, adequate compensation for, and proper maintenance and a timely return of, the property so taken over;

(b) To consent to, approve and authorize the creation and issue of mortgage bonds of the Company to be limited to a principal amount, in United States Gold Coin, of not exceeding $50,000,000 at any one time outstanding; such bonds to mature at such date or dates, to bear interest from such date or dates and at such rate or rates, to be issuable for such purposes and in such denominations, and to be in such form and to contain such terms and provisions, including provision for conversion of any or all such bonds into stock of the Company, as the Board of Directors or the Executive Committee of the Company may determine;

(c) To consent to, approve and authorize the execution and delivery, to secure such bonds, of a mortgage and deed of trust on and of all or any part of the railroads, equipment, franchises and property, including corporate stocks and obligations, owned by the Company at the date of the execution and delivery of such mortgage and deed of trust or at any time thereafter acquired by it;

(d) To approve, or to authorize the Board of Directors of the Company in its discretion to determine, the form and terms of such mortgage and deed of trust, and the property of the Company to be embraced therein;

(e) To ratify and confirm, and to authorize and consent to, any action theretofore taken or authorized by said Board of Directors or by the Executive Committee, of the Company, which may be submitted to the meeting, whether for the purposes of, or in connection with, or in contemplation of, any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise;

(f) To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed for the meeting on Thursday the 26th day of December, 1918, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Monday, the 27th day of January, 1919, at ten o'clock A. M.

Dated, Columbus, Ohio, December 16th, 1918.

By order of the Board of Directors.
A. TREVVETT, Secretary.

THE UNITED STATES SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
New York, January 14, 1919.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, held this day, the following named gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors for the ensuing year:

Charles S. Brown,
Lewis L. Clarke,
David L. Gallup,
Donald G. Geddes,
Alexander J. Hemphill,
William A. Jamison,
John W. Platten,
Mortimer L. Schiff,
Charles B. Seger,
James Timpson,
Arthur Turnbull,
William H. Williams,
J. Lynch Pendergast.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Secretary.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

GEORGE W. HELME COMPANY
Jersey City, N. J., January 24, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of George W. Helme Company for the election of seven Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the home office of the Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Monday, March 3, 1919. The Transfer Books of the Preferred and Common Stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 31st day of January, 1919, and reopened at 10 o'clock A. M. on the fourth day of March, 1919.

E. D. CHRISTIAN, Sec'y & Treas.

New York, January 15th, 1919.

To Stockholders of Oriental Navigation Corporation:

A special meeting of the stockholders of ORIENTAL NAVIGATION CORPORATION will be held on the 3rd day of February, 1919, at 12:30 o'clock P. M. at the office of the Company, No. 17 Battery Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from $2,000,000, consisting of 20,000 shares of the par value of $100 each, to $5,000,000, to consist of 50,000 shares of the par value of $100 each.

PHILIP DeRONDE, President.
FRANK H. HALL, Secretary.

FASHION PUBLISHERS' AGENTS, INC.

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this corporation for the election of directors, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, 243 West 39th Street, in the City of New York, on Saturday, the first day of February, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon.

H. A. BINGHAM, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of NATIONAL RAILWAY APPLIANCE COMPANY will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 50 East 42d Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Wednesday, the fifth day of February, 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the AMERICAN KRON SCALE COMPANY, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held on Wednesday, February 5th, at 3 P. M., at Room 903, 30 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

I. WERTHEIMER, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the United Injector Company will be held at the office of the Company, 119 West 40th Street, New York, on Wednesday, February 5th, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before the meeting.

H. D. CARLTON, Secretary.

THE EX-KAISER A DESERTER.

Maximilian Harden, the intrepid German newspaper man, has recently published an article dealing with the ex-Kaiser as a deserter. A translation appears in the Magazine Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

American Writing Paper Company

First Mortgage Sinking Fund 5% Gold Bonds

Due July 1, 1919

Over $8,800,000 or 80% of the $11,000,000 Bonds have been deposited under the Deposit Agreement dated October 10, 1918.

The Committee again calls attention to the fact that the proposed new issue of first mortgage bonds must be taken by the present bondholders, as the Company has found it impossible to effect an underwriting of the issue. Therefore, unless the plan become operative—and it can only be operative if deposits are made—it must fail and the bondholders will be faced with the uncertainty as to what the situation will be on July 1, 1919, when the present bonds mature.

The success of the plan is of such vital importance to the present bondholders that the Committee has extended the time for deposit of bonds. Deposits will be received by the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston, Central Union Trust Company of New York, or Springfield Safe Deposit & Trust Company of Springfield, Mass., **until the close of business on Thursday, February 20, 1919.** No charge of any kind will be made to bondholders who deposit their bonds on or before said date. **Deposited bonds must have the July 1, 1919, coupon attached.** Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, listed on the New York and Boston Stock Exchanges, will be delivered by the Depositaries.

If the plan is declared operative, one of the immediate advantages to depositing bondholders will be the receipt of interest on July 1, 1919, at the rate of 7% against 5% on the present bonds, i. e. $35 instead of $25.

Copies of the Refunding Plan and of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained from either of the depositaries or from the Secretary of the Committee.

GEORGE C. LEE, Chairman
GORDON ABBOTT
W. MURRAY CRANE
A. WILLARD DAMON
GEORGE C. GILL
HENRY EVANS
JAMES N. WALLACE
ALBERT H. WIGGIN
MELVILLE C. BRANCH
Committee.

Old Colony Trust Company, Boston
Central Union Trust Company, New York,
Depositaries.

Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins,
Counsel,
60 State Street, Boston, Mass.

JOSIAH F. HILL, Secretary
44 State Street, Boston, Mass.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Stockholders of the Ajax Rubber Company, Inc.:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the AJAX RUBBER COMPANY, Inc., will be held at the offices of the Company, 218-223 West 57th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of February, 1919, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of electing five Directors to hold office for the term of three years, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting. Also Amendment to Article I, Section 1, of the By-Laws to provide for the holding of the Annual Meeting of stockholders on the fourth Tuesday in February instead of the second Tuesday, as now provided. And for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

For the purposes of the Annual Meeting a record of stockholders will be taken as of the close of business January 30th, 1919.

H. L. McCLAREN, President.
F. E. DAYTON, Secretary.
Dated, New York, January 23rd, 1919.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Hayden & Derby Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company, 119 West 40th Street, New York, on Tuesday, February 4th, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before the meeting.

GEORGE D. BRANSTON, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Baltimore, Md., January 21, 1919.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the net earnings of the Company for the six months ended December 31, 1918, a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Preferred stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1919, to the Stockholders of record at the close of business on January 28, 1919.

The Board also declared from the surplus earnings of the Company a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Common stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1919, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on January 28, 1919.

The transfer books will not close.

C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

GREENE CANANEA COPPER CO.,
42 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Board of Directors of the Greene Cananea Copper Company has declared a dividend of $1.50 per share upon its Capital Stock of the par value of $100.00 per share, payable on February 24, 1919, to the holders of such shares of record at the close of business at 3:00 o'clock P. M. Friday, February 7, 1919. The dividend is payable only upon the $100.00 shares into which the Capital Stock is divided. All stockholders who have not converted their holdings into shares of $100.00 par value should do so without delay in order that they may receive their dividend promptly.

The transfer books will not be closed.

J. W. ALLEN, Treasurer.
New York, January 23, 1919.

UNION BAG & PAPER CORPORATION.
EXTRA DIVIDEND.

An extra dividend of two per cent. has this day been declared upon the stock of this Corporation, payable in Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds on February 15, 1919 to holders of record of the stock of this Corporation at the close of business on February 5, 1919. Amounts less than $50.00 will be paid in cash.

CHARLES B. SANDERS, Secretary.
New York, January 23, 1919.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 27.
January 8, 1919.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two ($2.00) dollars per share on the Common Capital Stock, payable March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 10, 1919. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.

C. F. VALENTINE, Secretary.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 24, 1919.

S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

THE CONTINENTAL BANK OF NEW YORK
New York, January 21st, 1919.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of Three dollars and fifty cents per share, payable February 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business January 27, 1919.

F. H. HORNBY, Cashier.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A dividend of four dollars ($4.00) per share has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, at the New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to Stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

Boston, January 21, 1919.

EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.

BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK COMPANY.
Common Stock Dividend No. 47.

The regular semi-annual dividend of 4% has been declared on the common stock of this company, payable February 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record February 1st, 1919. Books do not close. Checks to be mailed.

F. D. SHOVE, Treasurer.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY

A Receiver of all the property of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company having been appointed by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned have, at the request of the holders of a large amount of the company's stock, consented to act as a committee for the protection of the interests of all stockholders who shall become parties to an agreement dated January 2, 1919, copies of which may be obtained from the Depositary, the Sub-Depositary, or the Secretary of the Committee.

This crisis in the affairs of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company demands, in the judgment of the Committee, prompt and concerted action on the part of the stockholders in order to secure their proper protection, and in order that the representation of the stockholders shall carry the greatest possible weight.

Stockholders are, therefore, requested to deposit their certificates of stock with **MERCANTILE TRUST & DEPOSIT COMPANY, DEPOSITARY, 115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY,** or with **PEOPLE'S TRUST COMPANY,** Sub-Depositary, **181 MONTAGUE STREET,** Brooklyn, in return for which the Depositary will issue negotiable certificates of deposit. Application will be made to list the certificates of deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.

The Committee has limited to March 3, 1919, at 3 o'clock P. M. the period during which deposits of stock may be made, after which no deposits will be received except under such conditions and penalties as the Committee may impose.

The assignment on the back of all deposited stock certificates must be executed in blank, dated, properly witnessed, and have the requisite stock transfer tax stamps attached thereto. In order to protect the Committee against unauthorized transfers, the endorsement must be guaranteed by a member of the New York Stock Exchange, or by a bank or trust company in the City of New York, or by a bank or trust company having a correspondent in that city.

Copies of a circular letter addressed by the Committee to the stockholders may be obtained from the Depositary, the Sub-Depositary, or the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated January 22, 1919.

ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Chairman,
CHARLES A. BOODY,
FREDERICK H. ECKER,
SEWARD PROSSER,
GALEN L. STONE,
FREDERICK STRAUSS,
EVERETT B. SWEEZY,
Committee.

CHELLIS A. AUSTIN, Secretary,
115 Broadway, New York.

RUSHMORE, BISBEE & STERN,
61 Broadway, New York.
CULLEN & DYKMAN,
177 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
Counsel.

MERCANTILE TRUST & DEPOSIT COMPANY,
115 Broadway, New York, Depositary.

PEOPLE'S TRUST COMPANY,
181 Montague Street, Brooklyn, Sub-Depositary

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED STATES CAST IRON PIPE AND FOUNDRY COMPANY.
New York, January 23, 1919.

The Executive Committee by authority of the Board of Directors of this Company this day declared a dividend of Five Per Cent. (5%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company out of the earnings for the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1918, payable One and One-quarter Per Cent. (1¼%) quarterly; the first quarterly dividend to be paid March 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record March 1st, 1919.

B. F. HAUGHTON, Secretary.

LUDLOW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES,
Boston, Mass.
DIVIDENDS NOS. 90 AND 91.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared, payable on March 1, 1919, to shareholders of record February 1, 1919.

MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE RODGERS COMPANY.

A. Albert Marks is no longer a member of this firm since Jan. 2. Morris J. Rodgers and Fred Hasler will continue under the same firm name.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of B. VIACAVA & CO., consisting of the undersigned and doing business at 23 Johnson Av., Brooklyn, New York, has been this day dissolved, and the said business will be hereafter conducted by BARTOLOMEO VIACAVA individually.

Dated New York, Jan. 20, 1919.
BARTOLOMEO VIACAVA.
VIRGILIO FERRARI.

GROSS & KLEIN, COTTON GOODS, 87 Bleecker St., New York, N. Y., have dissolved Jan. 16 by mutual consent.
MAX GROSS, Successor.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSAL FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Norfolk, Va.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, February 21, 1919, and then opened, for dredging anchorage and 40-foot channel and constructing bulkhead. Further information on application.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Jacksonville, Fla. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M. Jan. 28, 1919, and then opened, for dredging in Key West Harbor. Further information on application.

Rosebud

Huge profits may be pleasurable, but nothing strikes to the heart so warmly as genuine good will. Rosebud Cotton Dresses are modest in price—$2.75 to $10.00—but the good will that they inspire will bring new business to you.

ROSEBUD MFG. CO.,
Quality Merchandise Economically Produced
37 West 26th Street, New York.

Cotton Dresses
Wash Skirts

ALPHRA WAIST CO.
Crepe de Chine—Georgene
WAISTS at $2.25
BERTEX WAIST CO.
Georgette Waists at $3.50
STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND
NOW IN OUR NEW HOME
31-37 West 27th St.
Telephone—Farragut 2121-2122.

SUITS
For Spring Now Showing
See Our Special $16.75
Also CAPES
COATS
DOLMANS
Royal Coat Co.
44-50 West 28th St.
FAMOUS FOR POPULAR VALUES

MacHehey
GOWNS and BLOUSES
Original Creations
New Models—
Continuous, exclusive, decidedly different.
For your exacting trade, see
Our Spring Line.
315 5th Ave. (at 32nd St.) N. Y.

The Military Rendezvous

Campaign Ribbon Bars
Every issue known. Immediate deliveries. Single, double, triple, quadruple. Catering to wholesalers and large retailers.
EMDEL NOVELTY MFG. CO.
621 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1364 Spring.

S & K SKIRT CO.
SILK KIRT PECIALISTS · ALSO · WOOL PLAID SKIRTS
STOCK ON HAND AT ALL TIMES
SEND FOR SAMPLES
9 WEST 20TH ST. CHELSEA 9677

Nearlinen
British Manufacture
THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York.

MR. BLANK, who was referred to us by one of our clients, needed $25,000 before the close of business the next day. A payment due from a large corporation engaged in Government work in Philadelphia was held up because of delay in locating the goods shipped them.
We at once sent one of our accountants to the neighboring city to adjust the difficulty, and within a few minutes after receiving a message that the goods had been located, Mr. Blank had our check for $25,000. If prompt service interests you, confer with us.
LEVISON & COMPANY
Bankers
141 Fifth Avenue

Commercial Investment Trust
Merchandise Loans
Acceptances Discounted
Accounts Financed
347 Madison Avenue at Forty-fifth St.
Telephone Murray Hill 1125.

Wormser & Co.
Commercial Bankers
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360
Accounts Financed.
Advances on Merchandise.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants
Ten cents per word each insertion.

BOTANY Wanted.—100 pieces of 11433 serge; must be cheap. Rosenthal & Heffer, 99 Madison Av.; Mad. Sq. 4944.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—110 Juilliard American velours, 544, 11050, 13009, 5120, all colors and other quotings for cash. Phillip Geffen, 34 West 22d St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Juilliard's 110 or equal; open for quantity, all colors. Louis Turoff, 150 West 22d St.

CAPES AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on new, snappy samples. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

CLOTH Wanted for children's Winter coats, velour, broadcloths, meltons, mixtures, corduroys, and cotton plushes. Superior Girl Coat Co., 117 Prince St.

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring dolmans, capes, and sport coats, high grade only. Call fourth floor, Kaye Building, Madison Av. and 30th St., (30th St. entrance.)

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on novelties in new coats and suits. Call all week with samples. 11 West 32d, fifth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Children's Spring coats; jobber can use quantities. Write, stating what you can make for February delivery. K 235 Times.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on children's and infants' coats; bring your samples. 135 West 27th, eighth floor.

COATS, Capes, and Dolmans Wanted.—Placing orders on better-grade Spring merchandise. 14 East 27th St., 6th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing order on new coats and suits all week. 29 West 35th, 5th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—We are placing orders on high grade Spring coats and suits. 32 East 31st St., 9th floor.

COATS, Capes, Dolmans Wanted.—Smart styles; ladies', misses. Call today, 131 West 35th St., 7th floor.

COATS, SUITS, DOLMANS Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders, new models. 118 West 27th; top floor.

COATS, CAPES Wanted.—Dolmans of the better kind; jobber placing orders. Room 503, 339 5th Av.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing order on Spring coats and Dolmans. Gottlieb, 10 West 32d.

COATS Wanted.—High-grade jobs. Farragut 1586.

COTTON Goods Wanted—Rutledge nainsook, Windsor crepe, outing flannels, 68-72, 80-80, percale, 96-100 nainsook, low count lawns. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 6227.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open for a large quantity of tan, olive, or brown crash, (mixture suitings.) Apply Borgenicht & Sons, 9 West 24th, 12th floor, mornings only.

COTTON GOODS Wanted for cash; submit samples and quote quantity and lowest price. S 582 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted. We are open for 6460 nainsook, 30-inch; spot cash. Newmark, 832 4th Av.

COTTON WORST PLEATS Wanted.—We are open for job lot of cotton worst pleats, mail swatches and best price. Itand Mfg. Co., 33 S. 2d St., Philadelphia, Penn.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted for about 90 cents; seconds for cash. L 144 Times.

DELHI Wanted.—American and all wool serge single warp. Chelsea 4077.

DOLMANS Capes and Sport Coats Wanted. Call 22 West 26th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Georgette, crepe, and taffeta; waists, underwear, and petticoats wanted for export by prominent international merchants. B 282 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for cash any quantity taffeta, georgette, satin, or cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d St., fifth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay cash for georgettes, white and colored; bring samples Friday morning, 2 East 29th, 1st floor. Madison Square 2873.

DRESSES Wanted.—Looking at jersey and tricolette stock; orders given. Louis Bernstein, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats Wanted—Any quantity, Spring garments, spot cash. Jobs only. Farragut 5154.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

EVORA, Bolivia and Cashvel wanted for spot cash. Samuels & De Maio, 6-8 West 32d St.

FURS Wanted.—Jobs in furs of all descriptions; also furs for coming Fall season. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

GABARDINES, Poiret Twill and Poplin Wanted.—Spring shades. Parness, Farragut 2369.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—200 pieces, for cash; must be at a price; white, flesh, and colors. Phone 7348 Chelsea.

GINGHAMS, PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

HAIRLINE STRIPE Wanted.—Folwell Bros. style 644, color 12 and 13. Murray Hill 6907.

LACES Wanted for underwear or waists; must be 50 per cent. off. L 145 Times.

OLIVE DRAB Wanted.—Can use a quantity of olive drab shade of wool cloth, mohair. Kindly call with samples. Levett, Frank & Co., 38 West 32d St.

POMPOM Wanted.—Quality 12075; must be cheap; spot cash. Madison Square 5662.

POPLINS Wanted.—Tan and gray, Arthur Joel's, Saxonia, or American woolens, Poiret twills, tan and navy, serges, Pekin and Copen. Greeley 2030.

POPLIN Wanted.—American; cash; tan, Quaker, rookie, copen, pollu. Kurlander Bros. & Herfield. Madison Square 9356.

POPLIN Wanted.—High shades, American, Brightwood, Walworth; spot cash. Knickerbocker 258.

POPLINS Wanted—0610 American black and tricotines, Garfield's 4718. Madison Square 3388.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 90610, 06077 black. Farragut 4539.

POPLINS Wanted.—High shades only. Alper, Schultz & Herschfield, 1,140 Broadway.

POPLINS Wanted.—767 or 774, black only, Herman Bruner. Gramercy 4264.

POPLIN Wanted.—In high shades, for cash. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—Susquehanna; spot cash paid; all colors. Madison Square 3391.

SATIN AND CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Heavy; close prices. Dayan Silk Garment Co., 138 West 17th St.

SECO Wanted:—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—9, 09070, 838; also gabardine 4666 black and navy Hersbfeld. 164 West 25th St. Farragut 9330.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash for W. F. X. 104, 519, 11433, 54289, 7120; price must be low. K 234 Times.

SERGES wanted—Navy, 11 433 519 54 289, or similar for spot cash at a low price. Farragut 8880.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 99, U. S. 838, Andrews's 1464 in quantities for spot cash. Orchard 8744.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 09070, 838, 9, 99, 6234, 1464, 11433. Grossman Bros. Madison Square 4620.

SERGES Wanted.—S. B. G. L., navies only; quantity for cash. Telephone Stuyvesant 2675.

SERGES Wanted at once; 9, 104, also other kinds, for cash; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES AND POPLINS Wanted.—0696 black, 90610, 774 light colors tricotine, spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear, American heavyweight velour, for cash. Jacobus Bros. & Co., 1,261 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity of 6301, Amoskeag navy; also 2004 Whitman's navy. Spring 2039.

SERGE Wanted.—Open for taupe American Woolen, style 09070, color 734. S. L. Silver & Co., Inc., 6 East 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 104, quantity. Ben Kramer, 2 West 33d, 11th floor. Madison Square 9656.

SERGES Wanted.—09070 and 4632 or similar. Henry Leavy & Son, 9 West 31st. Madison Square 1921.

SERGE Wanted.—6301 and 7201; can use quantity at right price. Call Gramercy 4241.

SERGES Wanted for cash; Americans and other makes. Julius Pollack, 49 W. 25th.

SERGES Wanted.—Andrew 1464 and Whitman 104 at a price for cash. Farragut 6386.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235 navy for cash. Atwood Cloak & Suit Co., 148 W. 24th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use a quantity of No. 9 Whitman navy serge. Mad. Sq. 1880.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for Whitman's 0 and 99. Farragut 5166.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, 0936, 09070 navy; spot cash. Madison Square 6716.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 104, navy and black, for spot cash. Gramercy 2796.

SERGES Wanted.—0609, 99, 209, 7614, 8-94-7301; cash only. Chelsea 9192.

SERGES Wanted.—1464, 0936, 99, 104, 9, 510. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, 6301, 6614; can use quantity 54289; all colors. Gramercy 6227.

SERGE Wanted.—99, navy. Rosengarten, 11 East 33d St. Madison Square 6635.

SERGES Wanted.—3859, 9, navy, black, at a price; cash. Farragut 707.

SERGES Wanted.—104 navy, at a price. Madison Square 9037.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, navy and colors. Madison Square 2128.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 6301, 104, 99, 54289. M. Weinstein Co. Mad. Sq. 2639.

SERGE Wanted.—235, 0936; exchange navy for black. Joseph Durst, Greeley 3133.

SERGES Wnated.—0936, 09070. Farragut 2570.

Buyers' Wants
Ten cents per word each insertion.

SILK Wanted.—Open for any quantity in odds and ends for cash. Madison Square 2673.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden & Leonard, Bochman, Pekin, Copen, tan, beige; spot cash. Knickerbocker 258.

SILVERTONES Wanted, — All standard makes, in high shades; cash. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—H. & L. Fall shades; cash. Grossman Bros. Madison Square 4620.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors; also Garfield's 4718 tricotines. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing orders better made suits and coats. Call all week, 4th floor, 48 West 25th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing orders on new smart samples. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Of better kind; jobber placing orders. Room 505, 339 5th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Will buy any colors in taffeta; no blacks, jobs only, any quantity; cash. Nadler, 7 West 13th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Garfield's 4718; tan, gray, navy; any quantity. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St., Farragut 8757.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar; navy, tan, grey, taupe. Madison Square 2698.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Poiret twills, velours, in Spring shades, for cash. Madison Square 8586.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 5010 and 4718, navy and colors. Madison Square 8434.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Gabardine tan shade; also 0036, rookie 966. Madison Square 1969.

TRICOTINES and American Poplins Wanted.—90610. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 W. 26th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 5010 shades 2001 and 2003. Murray Hill 8371.

TRICOTINE Wnted.—Garfields 4718, navy and tan. Phone Gramercy 5156.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy. Noah Levy, 135 West 29th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, Garfield's 4718. Farragut 4064.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavy and light weight, cotton warp, pom pom, for cash. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281, also American poplin, high shades; cash. Printz, 48 West 25th.

VELOURS Wanted.—544, 11050, all shades; cash. Grossman Bros. Madison Square 4620.

VELOURS Wanted. — 544, 13009, 11050, also 12075, at a price, for cash. Chelsea 4616.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H.; all Spring shades. Madison Square 5825.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. and H., all colors. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

WASH SATIN, Plush Wanted.—About $1. Adelson, 57 West 19th.

Offerings to Buyers
Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS.—110, black, navy, brown, green and taupe; also light and heavyweight velours. Gramercy 2901.

BROADCLOTHS. — Botany 315; all colors. Madison Square 7039.

CANVAS JUTE.—Have 10,000 yards, 20 inches wide, imported from Great Britain; will sell entire lot at 12½c. yard, net cash. Box S. S., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

COATEES.—Beaver, mole, and Baffin seal; 500 sacrifice before moving. Harry Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Special for jobbers; newest Spring style; very cheap; suits on racks for immediate delivery. B. Rabinowitz & Sons, 50 West 15th St.

COATS.—American poplin coats, half lined, special $9.50; quick delivery. Tannenbaum & Bloom, 39 East 9th St., near Broadway. Stuyvesant 2496.

COATS.—Ladies', junior and children's velours and plushes; big assortment of fur-trimmed and plain, at closing-out prices. Eisen & Son, 122 West 26th St.

COATS.—500, closing out prices, on account of moving; good assortment, colors, and materials, fur and self trimmed. Leo F. Sturm, 48 West 35th.

COATS.—Silvertones, velours, plushes, broadcloths, ladies', children's, and juniors', close out, 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices, large assortment, colors and materials, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 26 St.

COATS.—Plush and cloth coats, ladies' and juniors', for immediate delivery. Schulman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—Closing out 300 smart veleur coats, fur trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 W. 27th St.

COATS.—Sacrificing velours, trimmed raccoon, sealine, coney collars, $10 up. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Smart Spring styles on hand; immediate delivery; see special at $8.50. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—400 cloth coats in velours to close out at a big reduction. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 West 26th St.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—300 nutria shawl collars all wool pom pom, velours, broadcloths, at a sacrifice. Shapiro-Davis, 29 West 35th.

COATS.—200 ladies' and juniors', close out cheap before moving to new quarters. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st St.

COATS.—2,000 serge, poplin, shepherd check, 2 to 6 on hand; will sell very low. Katcher, 1,115 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS.—Annual inventory clearance sale at remarkable low prices of odd lots second—Remnants and regular goods. Call at once for choice selection. Calbro Mills, 546-548 Broadway. Spring 814.

COTTON GOODS.—Organdies, voiles, different grades, Repp, Poplin, Lenine, Gabardine, Pique, Jean, far below market prices. Brookdale Textile Co., 39-47 West 19th St.

COTTON GOODS.—Jobbers' and exporters' cotton drills, gabardines, Hollands, voile; full assortment; below market price. Call, or write, Gazl & Dabah, 276 Canal St.

COTTON GOODS.—Dress manufacturer has high class new 1919 patterns for sale at a price. Mannie Solomon Co., Inc., 31 E. 81st.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Three-thread ivory, flesh, navy, black; also Georgette, all colors, below market price. Madison Square 3047.

DRESSES that create sales, Spring models, all wool French serge; $5-$10.50; embroidered satine, taffetas, georgettes, $6.75-$16.50. "There is a reason." I want to be known by the values I give. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Immediate sacrifice before removal larger quarters; tremendous bargains; perfect merchandise. Ruby, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersal dresses at $8.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESS LININGS.—Dress manufacturers; buy ready-made dress linings, cheaper and better than you make them; save time, labor and money. Farragut 8890.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $8.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 18 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—To close out at a price; evening gowns, tricolette, silks, georgette, and novelties. Schwartz Bros., 39 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Snappy styles in silks; don't fail to see our taffeta specials at $5.75. Silverman, Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, jerseys, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Children's wash dresses, 6-14, $7.50 dozen up; big value. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values, wool French serges, $6; jerseys, $9.75. Loeb Nussbaum, 31 West 26th.

DRESSES.—3,000 all wool serges to close out at sacrifice price. Pan American Dress, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES, 2,000 velvetlans, serges, and silks, to close out, $3.75. American Shirtwaist, 151 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satins, serges, silks; also waists, all kinds, 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—300 snappy serges, $3.75, 200 beautiful taffetas, $6.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES. — Children's all-wool serge to close out. Goldberg & Bros., 134 W. 26th.

DRESSES.—Newest Spring models, for jobbers; all materials. Marietta, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgettes, serge, and evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES. — Jobs, serges, sateen, taffetas; 1,000 close out. Paragon, 130 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out, reasonable. Seld, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—300 serge to close out, reasonable. American Costume, 118 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Jersey and serge, to close out. William Stechel, 34 East 29th St.

DRESSES.—200 taffeta and serges to close out. Premier, 145 West 28th.

DUVET DE LAINE.—F. & H. and Botany Yalama; all Spring shades. Mad. Sq. 5825.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines; colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

Offerings to Buyers
Ten cents per word each insertion.

GEORGETTES.—All colors, immediate delivery, $1.15 per yard. Kremer, 31 E. 27th.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—All kinds, biggest assortment, great sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

GINGHAMS.—Lancaster staple checks. Phone Spring 683.

HOSIERY.—Ladies' 18-inch fiber silk hose, mercerized top, for immediate delivery only; $5.50 net cash. G 735 Times Downtown.

JAP SILK, Habutai and Pongee, popular weights, natural and colors. Call Hanover 7519. Llata & Co.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black, all wool and cotton warp, in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PERCALE.—60-64, 40 cases, fine assortment, selected plaids and fancies; cheap; immediate delivery. Call Broad 4881.

POIRET TWILL.—Gera 50286, navy, tan, grey, Pekin, Copen; 4666 Lorraine black. Herzog's Cloak & Suit Co., 1237 Broadway. Madison Square 5466.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS.—P. P. L., 774, 767, 777, B. P. N. L., S. P. A., N. P. A., H. W. P., 228, 230; also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St.

POPLINS.—Andrews 8009, high shades, also navy 774, 639, Gera 503, 8158, Panama 7802, Amoskeag, also gabardines. Herman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS.—Saxonia 049, navy and black; Sheldon's navys only; also velours, American, lightweight; very reasonable. Chelsea 1914.

POPLINS, TWEEDS.—Dobson's 503, Whitman's 774, 94. Fisher Kennedies. Chelsea 6018.

SECO SILK, 25c.; voiles, organdies, mercerized, 15 cases, 18c.; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES.—Poplins and all-wool flannels; also high shades and black, 0936, 09070, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, 7120, 8158, Dotany 809, 11433, 1464, 7008, WFX., MFL., 528, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, PPL., BPNL., PNA., American poplins 90610, 06077, also a big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES, poplins and gabardines; 54289, 4059, 4060, 4498, American 0609, 0696, 609½, Broadhead 500, 3700, Jamestown 7202, 9603, Geras 7008, 9056, 10388, 19708, 2137, Pacific WFX, CFL, Barney, Adross & Scotias poplins, Whitman's 1210, 1209, 3, 774, Atlas gabardines. Raymond Woolen Co., 251 4th Av. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES.—9058, 3850, M. F. L., V. S. L., 54289, 4061, W. F. X., F. S. G., C. S., C. S. G., W. S. G., S. B. G. L., T. P. S., 1717, K. S., 1209, 1210; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES.—4040, black, navy, tan, copen, brown, gray, cream, wine, scarlet; very cheap; 4002, 87, black, tan, plum, green, 67½ cents; Jamestown 9602, navy, $2.17½. Madison Square 448.

SERGES, VELOURS, POPLINS.—We have them; all shades, all makes, all numbers, any quantity. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—Cash, all kinds, biggest assortment; great sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 8671.

SERGES.—Navy, black, and high shades, 1464, 519, 809, 7614, 8703, Walworths. Hyman Bruner, 251 4th Av. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—Whitman's 99, navy, No. 9, copen, green, brown; Stevens, 8850 navy; quantities to close out. Phone Gramercy 3445.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7302, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6609, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—Navy 87, reasonable; also heavy velours, American 11032, colors. Gramercy 5087.

SERGES.—7120, 528, 1464, 1210, 54289, 3665; all shades; reasonable. Spring 4309.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—Whitman 104, Garfield 907, greens, to close out at $1.25 cash. Chelsea 6618.

SERGES.—1464, 11433, 7120, 09070, 104, 8850, very cheap. Davidoff Co., Mad. Sq. 4622.

SERGES. — 6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.17½. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 11433, 0609, 54274, 9240, 642, on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES.—Gilbert's 8200, 809, 519, very cheap. Madison Square 8598.

SERGES.—0609, 235; Cleveland 9288; Whitman's 106; Gera 787. Stuyvesant 7843.

SERGE.—09070, 10 pieces navy; best cash offer accepted. Chelsea 4876.

SERGE.—7120 navy, original ticket, 12 pieces, $1.45; cash only. Greeley 3535.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch width. X 304 Times Annex.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, flies, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILK.—Georgette, pure silk, popular priced, gray or finished; manufactured by Knickerbocker Ribbon Co. Madison Square 1034.

SILKS.—We have about 5,000 yards short ends in silks suitable for department store sales. Madison Square 4941.

SILK DRESSES.—To close out; $5.50. Lauretta, 450 4th Av.

SILVERTONES, tan, navy, khaki. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—Jobs of wool serge and poplin, $2.25 and up. Matzkin & Schiff, 27 West 24th St.

TRICOTINES.—Cash; Garfield's 4718, all colors, including navy. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES.—Botany 5889, navy, 6 pieces, very cheap. Shaffel, Mad. Sq. 4622.

TRICOTINES. — Navy and black; Garfield's 4718. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINES.—Cash; Arthur Joel navy, black. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES in high shades to close. Chelsea 492.

TRICOTINES.—Andrews's 5782, navy. Farragut 2616.

VELOURS.—American 032, brown and burgundy, 13009, 11050, 13046, 544; blue, brown, green, burgundy and black Thibet. Call Gramercy 2482.

VELOURS.—American 032, reindeer, taupe, clay, green, burgundy, and plum. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

VELOURS.—032, all shades; also serges and poplins. Gramercy 1807.

VELVETS.—18-inch, silk face; reasonable. Kemptner Lambert, 254 4th Av. Gram. 7000.

WAISTS.—Voile, white or black, $7.50 to $9 dozen. Stoae, 1,170 Broadway.

Allied Industries.

ARMY SUPPLIES, foreign and domestic chevrons, campaign bars, citation cords, medals, spiral puttees, overseas caps, division insignias, and general military supplies at lowest prices. Munter Bros., 491 Broadway, New York. Spring 6530.

CAMERON CUTTING MACHINE, 42-inch, Model 24, nearly new, for sale cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 81st.

CANVAS CUFF LEGGINGS.—600 dozen, regular and rubberized. E. Simon Halpern Co., 121 West 17th.

CHEVRONS.—Scarlet and blue felt in large quantities, price $2.88 per gross; gold and silver imported braid in large quantities, $8 per gross; campaign bars at lowest prices. Bloom, Farragut 9346.

CHEVRONS.—Buy direct from manufacturer supplying Government; gold, silver, $4 gross, scarlet, blue, $2.75, large quantities only. La France, 120 5th Av.

CHEVRONS.—Red and blue felt, $2.75, per gross. Clinton Novelty Co., 21 East 14th St. Telephone 2153 Stuyvesant.

CHEVRONS.—Gold and silver; also service bars; division insignias. I. Klein & Co., 104 5th Av. Farragut 5768.

EIGHT uniform piece goods cases to sell cheap. Sader Bros., 145 West 30th St.

For sale, clothing racks and coat hangers. Call 906 Broadway, 19th floor.

NEEDLES. — Japanese, sewing, assorted sizes, sacrifice; immediate delivery. Spring 2896.

POWER TABLES.—For sale, W. & W., $3 a table, complete. M. & E. Goodman, 1 East 33d.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES for sale, No. 4413, with tables and stands, complete, $9 each; also cutting tables, work boxes, chairs, &c., cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 81st.

Help Wanted.

BOOKKEEPER.—One who has had experience in cloak line. Box P. P. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

MODELS wanted, size 16. Sol. A. Pyle Co., 17 West 28th St.

SALESMAN wanted for New York City and Brooklyn, one having New York office preferred, to handle well-known line of bungalow aprons and apron dresses; must have acquaintance with buyers of muslin underwear; commission basis. Apply direct to Stirling Mfg. Co., Oswego, N. Y.

SALESMAN, experienced, for apron line; metropolitan district, acquainted with department store buyers; commission basis; apply by letter only, stating past experience. W. H. Dean, 45 East 17th.

SALESMAN, experienced, for cotton goods jobber catering to various trades; only those who can show results need apply; state experience, salary, commission. S 581 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers
Ten cents per word each insertion.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Prominent immediate delivery coat house, specializing coats and capes exclusively, $10.00 to $40.00, open for general salesman who can show records producing $100,000 sales or over; unusual opportunity; communication strictly confidential; commission. X 336 Times Annex.

SALESMAN who calls on leather goods trade to carry side line of fancy cotton lining; no experience of cotton goods necessary; commission basis. B 351 Times.

Situations Wanted.

CREDIT MAN OR FINANCIAL OFFICER.—Position desired by man of wide experience, both banking and commercial; at present employed; first-class references. X 238 Times Annex.

WOOLEN PIECE GOODS MAN thoroughly familiar with all trades; also market conditions; looking for an opening where these qualifications can be utilized. R 234 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Wednesday .5@5¼ " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Good Out-of-Town Orders.

Manufacturers of high-grade misses' and juniors' suits and coats selling to the retail trade are receiving some very substantial orders from the salesmen in various sections of the country. In the local trade there is very little activity, and buying is not expected to start until next month. Other firms which are selling lower-priced lines to the jobbing trade claim that business in the South is good, but on the Pacific Coast and in the East it is rather slow.

Meshbags in Good Demand.

Owing to the low stocks of ladies' gold and silver mesh bags in the retail jewelry stores throughout the country, the makers are receiving some big filling-in orders. The past season was one of the best ever experienced by firms in this line, and the present indications are that this year will be equally as good. It was said yesterday morning that the road business is exceptionally good, and the only difficulty at present is the question of filling the orders on hand.

More Soft Collars Being Sold.

Orders that are now being received by manufacturers of men's collars show that there is more of a sale for soft collars. According to one of the firms in this line, the sale of these goods a short time ago was on a basis of about one to two in favor of the stiff linen collars. At present, however, it is about equally divided. From investigations made by some of the makers it was found that the haberdashers who display a complete line of goods are selling more than those who show just a few styles.

For Women's Neckwear.

All the smart outing materials which are to be worn by the women this coming Summer are being made up by the neckwear manufacturers into their wares. Among the most popular of these are the new rough sport silks. These handsome goods, which retail at between $7 and $8 a yard, are made into waistcoat effects with rather broad turn-over collar, the V or a little square at the front filled in with an entre deux of insertion and lace. Outing stocks with tie, and the ties alone, are made of the same material.

Cretonnes Moving Slowly.

Although there is more of a demand for cretonnes in the ocal trade at present, out-of-town buyers are rather skeptical regarding the market conditions, and are therefore buying very conservatively. One of the local firms said yesterday that even job lots are moving very slowly at reduced prices. Other firms say that advance orders have been taken for delivery during the next month, but for the most part the buying is rather light. The export business, however, is very good, especially to Australia and South America.

Gray Goods Prices Weaken.

Yesterday's break in the cotton market was reflected in the transactions in gray goods, which showed further recessions. The dealings reported were fairly large, but the market closed weak with an inclination on the part of first hands to shade prices. What constructions were sold were for delivery within the next three or four weeks. In print-cloths sales were made of 39-inch goods of 72-76s at 14 cents, and of 68-72s at 12 cents. In 38½-inch fabrics 64-60s went at 10 cents, and 60-48s at 9 cents. In sheetings sales were reported of 36-inch 5.50s at 9¼ cents. There were also sales of pocketings, fine goods and twills at from one to two cents below the quotations.

Japanese Bronze Cats.

The cat is an animal which has always been given more or less mystic qualities, and it has been supposed to bring good luck or bad luck, as has happened to be the opinion in different generations and among different people. Tomil, a sculptor of note, of Kobe, Japan, has designed a sphinxlike cat from a composite of different felines, the wild and the domestic. This is cast in large size, and is one of the most decorative pieces of imported modern Japanese bronze. The same cat in a small size is used for book ends. The latter wholesale for about $10, and the large ones at $200.

Raw Silk Summary.

In the Yokohama raw silk market Sinshiu No. 1 has declined to 1,450 yen, according to cables received by H. L. Gwalter & Co., but a fair business developed at the lower level, sales on Tuesday aggregating 800 bales. Reelers are reported as not anxious to go on at these prices, which mean a big loss to them on their production cost, and any renewal of demand is likely to be followed by a quick recovery of values. Stocks are estimated at about 32,000 bales. Direct cable communication with Canton and Shanghai is still interrupted but the market at the former is reported dull, while that at the latter is quiet but steady. The Italian market remains lifeless. Locally, the transactions are limited to the most pressing needs of the mills, pending the adjustment of labor troubles.

Where Cheap Fans Go.

Modern improvements and modern amusements have knocked the inexpensive paper fan business into something quite different from what it started, the fan importers say. In places of public amusement, parlor cars, and even the homes, the electric fan and other methods are used for cooling the atmosphere, and the individual fan is not needed. In these days, too, women are much more out of doors automobiling, playing golf, and doing other things where a fan would be a ludicrous accessory. Large quantities of fans are still sold, but north of the Mason and Dixon line they go to hotels and big spectacular shows, where they are used for souvenirs. They are sold by the crate, come in pretty designs, each in five different colors, and wholesale at from something over a cent to 5 cents apiece. There is nothing distinctly new brought out in them, and they vary slightly in style from year to year. South of Mason and Dixon's line there is a larger sale for individual use. Expensive fans are strong in ostrich feathers in decided colors, and cost from $75 to $150.

BUSINESS NOTES.

John Franklin Fort, member of the Federal Trade Commission and ex-Governor of New Jersey, will speak at the monthly meeting of the New York Credit Men's Association in the Hotel Astor next Thursday evening. His topic will be "General Trade Conditions."

A desk set was presented to Charles L. Bernheimer, retiring President of the Converters' Association, at a dinner on Wednesday evening at the Plaza Hotel. Julius Siegbert, the newly-elected President, acted as toastmaster.

The 1918 pack of corn amounted to 11,721,860 cases, and of tomatoes 15,882,872 cases, according to the statistics of the Food Administration, which are published by the National Canners' Association.

Joseph Lehmann, who has just been discharged from the army after foreign service with the rank of Captain, has become traveling representative of the Adwerth Manufacturing Corporation, 90 Franklin Street.

Manufacturers of house dresses, who recently formed an association to promote sales, voted yesterday unanimously to discontinue their project and affiliate with the Associated Dress Industries of America. This gives the latter body fifty additional members.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.—Greensfeld Bros.; A. Greensfeld, genl. mdse.; 890 Broadway; Biltmore.
ALEXANDRIA, La.—M. Mayer & Sons; S. Mayer, clothing, drugs; Gerard.
ATLANTA, Ga.—H. Mendel, ready-to-wear; 1,123 Broadway; Arlington.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—P. F. Sheron & Co.; P. F. Sheron, hats, shoes; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—The Hub; Mrs. H. Sloman, misses', infants' wear, corsets, muslin underwear; 53 West 14th.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; J. Cunningham, men's furnishing goods; 404 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss M. H. Schofields; laces, neckwear; 2 West 37th.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; W. H. Mann, domestics; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; S. Falk, boys' clothing, furnishings goods; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Blodgett, Ordway & Webber; E. S. Bartlett, white goods, towelings; 396 Broadway; Continental.
BOSTON—T. D. Whitney Co.; J. H. Harding, linens; M. Fanning, handkerchiefs; Martinique.
BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—S. Pushin & Bro.; S. Pushin, general mdse.; 17 West 28th.
BOZEMAN, Mont.—C. A. Mull, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.
BRENHAM, Texas—Curtis & Co.; A. G. Curtis, dry goods, ladies' ready to wear, men's clothing; 1,150 Broadway; York.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; H. D. Johnson, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.
CAIRO, Ill.—Pearson Garment Shop; J. Pearson, ready to wear; 1,150 Broadway.
CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Solof Bros.; J. W. Solof, Miss Kelly, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; E. A. Brooks, shirts, overalls; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO—The Fair; H. A. Levy, jobs misses' waists, coats, dresses; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; M. Herz, jewelry; 13 East 22d.
CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward & Co.; J. L. Mitchell, tone arms, motors, musical instruments; 309 6th Av.
CHICAGO—Kahn & Rosenthal; C. D. Rosenthal, woolens; Imperial.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; A. W. Merritt, curtains; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Portis Hat Co.; H. R. Portis, men's hats, caps; J. M. Portis, millinery, trimmings; Collingwood.
CHICAGO—F. M. Matthews & Co.; Miss Heller, ready-to-wear; 20th floor, 212 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; C. M. Morgan, coats, waists; Mr. Oehm, hosiery, underwear; Mr. Wieland, men's furnishing goods; 115 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Hart & Co.; J. W. Mason, silks, ribbons, 37 W. 32d; Aberdeen.
CLEVELAND—Clawson & Wilson Co.; E. J. Boll, domestics, wash goods; 43 Leonard.
DALLAS—Sanger Brothers; Miss E. Lowe, Miss B. Ullman, millinery; 19 East 24th.
DALLAS—Lorch Mfg. Co.; A. Lorch, silk dresses, silk skirts; R. 1015, 1,150 B'way.
DANVILLE, Ky.—Pushin & Bro.; H. Pushin, clothing, men's furn. goods; 17 West 28th.
DAVENPORT, Iowa—J. H. C. Peterson's Sons; R. L. Brodt, draperies, carpets, decorations; 404 4th Av.
DAYTON—Rike, Kumber Co.; Mrs. M. A. K. Heller, art goods; 225 5th Av.
DENVER, Col.—The Denver D. G. Co.; D. W. Ten Eyck, coats, suits; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; E. G. Aruffo, rugs; 116 West 32d.
DETROIT, Mich.—F. G. Clayton Co.; F. G. Clayton, clothing, genl. mdse.; Belmont.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner Co.; J. B. Jones, clothing, boys' furn. goods; 120 West 32d.
DUBUQUE, Iowa—J. F. Stampfer Co.; H. E. Heflin, rugs, draperies; 1,270 Broadway.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.—Fowler & Co.; G. R. Bright, clothing, shoes, hats, underwear; Miss M. E. Banks, ready-to-wear, dress goods, silks; Latham.
ELMIRA, N. Y.—Sheehan, Dean & Co.; E. Dean, general merchandise; 105 Grand.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; J. R. Duncan, cloaks, millinery, house-furnishing goods; Latham.
GREENVILLE, S. C.—Smith & Bristow; A. A. Bristow, clothing, furn. goods, hats; Imperial.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; W. M. Seery, millinery; 404 4th Av.
HELENA, Ark.—Ware & Solomon; D. Solomon, notions, men's furn. goods, carpets, upholstery, house furn. goods; 1,150 B'way.
HOUSTON, Texas—S. P. Ladinsky, suits, dresses; Herald Square.
HOUSTON, Tex.—W. C. Munn Co.; J. H. Hill, mdse. manager; 1,150 Broadway; Somerset.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss P. McKarney, millinery; 116 West 32d.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Mr. Edmonds, basement, ready-to-wear. 225 5th Av.
JACKSON, Miss.—Union Dept. Store; K. F. Walker, dry goods, jewelry, hosiery, men's furn. goods, clothing, women's garments; 141 Madison Av.; Breslin.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Leinbach & Co.; C. Simmons, millinery; 11 West 36th.
LOS ANGELES—N. B. Blackstone Co.; O. Bartlett, President; 225 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Faris-Walker Co.; I. M. Walker, mdse. mgr.; 116 West 32d.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; C. J. McGuire, domestics, blankets; 225 5th Av.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Ox Breeches Mfg. Co.; C. New, mfrs. pants; Ansonia.
LOWELL, Mass.—J. L. Chalifoux Co.; Miss L. Blennerhasset, waists, muslin underwear; D. Bonder, representing; J. A. Gagnor, mdse. mgr.; 6 W. 32d; Marlborough.
MILES CITY, Mont.—Lieberman & Goldstein; L. Goldstein, man's clothing, furn. goods, hats, women's ready-to-wear; Marlborough.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; R. J. Gardner, rugs; 230 5th Av.
MONTREAL—O. Gilvys D. G. Co., Ltd.; P. H. Graham, women's ready-to-wear; Manhattan.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Wendel & Freedman; Mr. Freedman, ready-to-wear; 44 East 23d.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche; S. S. Mann, domestics, dress goods, silks; 116 W. 32d; Somerset.
NORFOLK, Va.—G. S. Rubenstein, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
NORFOLK, Va.—Watt, Rettew & Clay; Miss E. Grapes, ladies' wear; 23 East 26th.
NORFOLK, Va.—Watt, Reuew & Clay; Miss B. Brightwell, stationery, toilet goods; 23 E. 26th; Holland.
PARAGOULD, Ark.—Bertig Bros.; Miss S. Wipstut, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
PAWTUCKET, R. I.—David Harley Co.; Miss A. McVey, Miss S. McKenna, millinery; Wallick's.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; H. Fredericks, clothing; 230 5th Av.; Latham.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss N. W. McCann, cloaks, suits, dresses; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss M. McKenney, upholstery goods, art needlework; H. Weichsebaum, upholstery goods, 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; W. Bucks, boys' clothing; A. Snellenberg, dry goods, general merchandise, manufacturers' clothing; 1,261 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—Blanner's; Miss Portnoy, jobs fur trimmed coats; 15 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; J. A. Rubin, suits; 15 East 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss A. J. Troupe, dresses; Miss McCrohan, waists; 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co.; R. H. Houston, domestics, prints, ginghams; 48 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh Dry Goods Co.; W. F. Dalzell, dress goods, ginghams, prints; 43 Leonard.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; J. J. Dolan, millinery; 1,125 Broadway.
READING, Penn.—S. J. Kotzen, woolens, mohair, cottons, linens, silk fabrics, linings, velvets, white goods; Broadway Central.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; W. H. Crumley, hdkfs; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; skirts, suits, dresses; 432 4th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—Boston Store; J. Findling, coats, suits; 15 East 26th.
SALT LAKE CITY—Keith-O'Brien Co.; J. McArthur, silks, dress goods; 118 West 32d.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Charlton Cloak and Suit Co.; L. M. Charlton, ready-to-wear; Broztell.
SAN DIEGO, Cal.—Ballard & Brockett—F. C. Ballard, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill Co.; W. C. Murray, laces; 15 E. 26th.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros., Inc.; Miss M. Lenahan, representing; 50 Union Square.
SAN FRANCISCO—Prager Co.; L. Ettling, hosiery, furn. goods; 1,150 B'way; Flanders.
SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros.; H. J. Mayer, jewelry, silverware; 50 Union Square; Continental.
SAN FRANCISCO—L. Dinkelspiel Co.; L. Ettling, ladies', children's hosiery, knit underwear; 377 B'way.
SPOKANE — Culbertson-Grote-Rankin Co.; Miss I. MacFarland, gloves, umbrellas; 116 West 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Rosenthal, Sloan Millinery Co.; R. E. Starkey, millinery; 303 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; A. E. Lundquist, clothing; 37 West 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort, Barney D. G. Co.; Miss N. Belfry, coats; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix Dry Goods Co.; T. A. Hennigen, waists, muslin underwear, petticoats, children's wear; 377 Broadway.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—The Emporium Mercantile Co.; S. A. Spaeth, notions; F. J. Metzger, ladies' hosiery, underwear; 6 W. 32d.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Golden Rule; J. G. Wilner, infants', children's year, negligees, muslin underwear, petticoats; 1,261 B'way.
ST. PAUL—Emporium Merc. Co.; L. W. Gerard, mdse. mgr.; E. R. Clark, wash goods, linens; J. A. Langholz, dress goods; O. E. Spaeth, jewelry, leather goods; 6 West 32d.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Dey Bros. & Co.; C. H. Legg, upholstery, art goods; H. G. Robinson, hosiery, knit underwear; J. A. Russell, coats, suits; 220 5th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Howar & Daavid; M. G. Daavid, A. J. Howar, waists; Latham.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Roberts; I. E. Block, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Brooks & Co.; Miss V. Walker, millinery; McAlpin.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Whites, Inc.; J. Block, women's, misses', ready to wear, furs, waists, petticoats; Imperial.
YAKIMA, Wash.—Callahan Co.; H. L. Callahan, ready-to-wear, dry, fancy goods; Prince George.

COTTON GINNING REPORT.

Output Prior to Jan. 16 Was 11,051,845 Running Bales.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Cotton ginned prior to Jan. 16 was 11,051,845 running bales, including 149,412 round bales, 21,800 bales of American Egyptian and 41,068 bales of Sea Island, the Census Bureau reported today. Prior to Jan. 16 last year total ginnings were 10,570,783, including 186,014 round bales and 88,840 bales of Sea Island. Ginnings by States are:

Alabama, 763,167; Arizona, 35,713; Arkansas, 868,358; California, 56,440; Florida, 29,242; Georgia, 1,994,752; Louisiana, 540,782; Mississippi, 1,073,403; Missouri, 52,984; North Carolina, 811,075; Oklahoma, 554,017; South Carolina, 1,440,500; Tennessee, 290,662; Texas, 2,515,717; Virginia, 21,255; all other States 4,770.

Sea Island—Florida, 16,061; Georgia, 17,701; South Carolina, 7,306.

EXPORTS DROP A LITTLE.

But Statistics for 1918 Show Advance in Imports Over 1917.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—America's exports during the year 1918 amounted to $6,150,000,000, or $83,000,000 below the total for the preceding year and more than double the value of imports. The import total was $3,031,000,000, compared with $2,952,000,000 in 1917.

Heavy exports in December brought the total well beyond early estimates. During December, the first full month after the signing of the armistice, exports reached a total of $566,000,000, an increase over the $522,000,000 recorded for November, although not up to the high mark of $600,000,000 for December, 1917.

Imports for December were low, being $211,000,000 against $251,000,000 for November and $228,000,000 for December of the previous year.

Imports as well as exports of gold continued to decrease, the imports amounting to $62,000,000 in 1918, against $582,000,000 in 1917, and the exports to $41,000,000 and $372,000,000 in the same years.

Imports of silver increased from $[illegible],000,000 in the calendar year 1917 to $[illegible],000,000 in 1918. The exports of silver during December, 1918, amounted to $[illegible],000,000, a larger amount than in any month during the last three years. For the calendar year exports of silver amounted to $253,000,000 in 1918, against $84,000,000 in 1917.

Modern Chinese Porcelains.

A large demand for modern Chinese porcelains began the year previous to the war. This has continued partially because there has not been an opportunity to obtain modern porcelains of other countries, but largely because the modern reproductions of the old Chinese porcelain are beautiful, both in color and design, and are comparatively inexpensive. The present demand for the solid colors has come in with the increased use of Colonial furniture, and since reproductions of old chintzes for draperies have taken the place of solid tone velours. With the latter the five-tone porcelains in landscape, flower and figure designs were popular, and the hawthorne blues and whites. Solid colors, deep tones, or green coral, turquoise or orange go better with figure hangings and covers. The modern porcelains reproduce the old shades and colors.

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150	1.65	1.15
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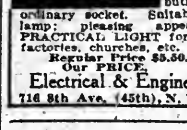
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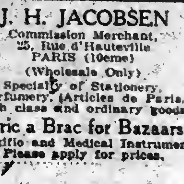
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PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS. Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D. No. 238 CE.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

A large investment deal was closed in the upper Dyckman section in the purchase by Samuel H. Jackson of the two five-story apartment houses at 3,852 to 3,858 Tenth or Amsterdam Avenue, from Richard W. Henriquis. The property has a frontage of 110 feet by 170 feet deep and irregular, being 180 feet south of 207th Street, facing the Broadway subway station at that street. The apartments are fully rented, including four stores on the ground floor, and show a rent return of $22,000 a year. The property was held at $175,000. J. W. Cohen was the broker in the transaction.

Investor Buys $85,000 Madison Avenue Apartment House.

George H. Jackson purchased for investment from Frederick Brown, operator, The Lorraine, at 1,429 Madison Avenue.

The property consists of a seven-story elevator apartment house, occupying a plot 50 by 100, adjoining the southeast corner of Ninety-ninth Street. It shows a gross rental of $14,000, and was held at $85,000. The buyer paid all cash. Starr Corey negotiated the sale.

Edward W. Browning Closes Leases Aggregating $3,000,000.

Leases aggregating $3,000,000 were closed yesterday by Edward W. Browning, operator and builder. The most important contract is a twenty-one-year lease of the Worlds Tower Building and the Worlds Tower Annex at 108 to 112 West Fortieth Street, to the Point Realty Corporation, of which Louis K. Schwartz is President. This is a modern thirty-story office building, erected on a plot 75 by 100, by Mr. Browning about six years ago. The other deals closed affect the Southdale apartment house, 100 by 100, arranged for sixty families, to J. Granat; the six-story elevator apartment house, 54 and 56 East 129th Street, known as the Nobel, to J. Klein; the northwest corner of Convent Avenue and 150th Street, known as the Kenway, to Charles Juster, and the Royal Crown apartment, 14 to 26 East Twenty-seventh Street, to Abraham Arkin.

Sale of Murray Hill Dwelling.

In the Murray Hill section the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company sold for Adelaide W. Ogden 83 Park Avenue, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 14 by 80, assessed by the city for taxation purposes at $65,000. L. J. Bataie will acquire title to the property.

Deal in Greenwich Village.

Pepe & Brother sold for all cash, for Mrs. Sarah Stephenson and others, 22 Bank Street, a three-story and basement brick dwelling, on a lot 19.11 by 40 by 93, to a Washington (D. C.) client, who will alter for studios.

Operators Buy on the Heights.

Ray D. Kupferman sold to Ennis & Sinnott, operators, the five-story apartment house 211 West 184th Street, on a plot 50 by 100. The property shows a gross annual rental of 19,600 and was held at $65,000. Charles S. Kohler, Inc., negotiated the sale.

Tenement Sales.

J. Rovegno and J. C. Vialotti purchased for investment from Jennie I. Ryan 270 Spring Street, a five-story tenement, on a lot 25 by 100.

The Schwartz estate sold, to the Thirty-seven West Nineteenth Street Realty Company, represented by A. O. Ernst, 326 and 328 East 102d Street, a six-story tenement, on a plot 37.6 by 100.11.

James H. Brady sold to an investor 56 East 115th Street, a five-story tenement with stores, on a lot 25 by 100.11, adjoining the corner of Madison Avenue.

The Bronx Market.

Cahn & Pittman sold to a client of A. G. Bechmann, for investment, the five-story new-law apartment, 2,426 Grand Avenue, adjoining the southeast corner of Fordham Road, 44 by 94.

F. J. Guilfoyle & Co., Inc., have sold for the P. K. B. Company, to a builder, two lots on Intervale Avenue, about 200 feet north of Winchester Avenue.

Schwab & Co., in conjunction with Harry W. Davis, sold for a client the five-story new-law apartment 104 West 174th Street, to the Benenson Realty Company, on a plot 50 by 100, held at $60,000. It was an all-cash transaction.

Phillip Wattenburg purchased from Max N. Natanson 1,023, 1,037, 1,041, 1,045, 1,049, and 1,053 Bryant Avenue, six five-story apartment houses, each on plot 40 by 100. The property was held at $300,000 and was sold for all cash above the mortgages. Selkin & Mintz were the brokers in the transaction.

Brooklyn.

B. J. Sforza sold for Lorenzo Vannata to a client, for occupancy, the one-family brick dwelling 1,362 Sixty-eighth Street.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold 1,832 Seventieth Street, a two-story two-family brick house, on a plot 20 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

Elisha T. Everett has sold for Mrs. Oberle the two-family house 1,480 Union Street, to a client for occupancy.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Bank of Long Island sold to B. Klein a plot, 87 by 130, on the northeast corner of Canton Avenue and the Rockaway Boulevard, Far Rockaway.

The Long Island Bond and Mortgage Company purchased from M. Crabbe a plot 50 by 100, on the east side of Meredith Avenue, north of Amstel Boulevard, Far Rockaway.

The Lawyers Title and Trust Company sold to J. McCaffery a plot, 50 by 100, on the east side of Neilson Street, north of Dinsmore Avenue, Far Rockaway.

H. Busch sold to L. Schneble a plot, 40 by 100 on the west side of Ninety-seventh Street, south of Jamaica Avenue, Richmond Hill.

Staten Island.

W. S. E. Hall sold for John Pignata the two-family house at 108 Montgomery Avenue, Tompkinsville, to E. D. O'Reilly of Manhattan.

Westchester County.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for the Union and New Haven Trust Company, as trustees, a plot in the Nepperhan Heights section of Yonkers to Robert Heal.

Commercial Leases.

Dwight, Archibald & Perry, Inc., have leased the building at 812 Broadway to the Greenwald Display Fixture Company.

The Cross & Brown Company have leased the store at 345-347 Broadway to Weber & Heilbroner.

Recent Buyers.

Mrs. Alice Duer Miller is the buyer of the dwelling 128 East Fifty-fifth Street.

Charles Kimmelman is the buyer of the two five-story apartment houses, 444 to 450 West 170th Street sold last week.

D. A. Schultz, H. Gutman, and M. Rogoff are Directors of the 549 and 551 West Forty-ninth Street Corporation, formed at Albany to take title to property at that address, sold recently by Emil Rudolph. The corporation, which is capitalized at $30,000, will build a six-story garage on a plot 50 by 110.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

103d St, 218 East, s s, 205 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.9, four-story tenement and stores; M. C. Crookes against J. M. B. Co., Inc., et al; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; due, $4,131.95; taxes, &c., $305.14; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

1st St, 32 East, n s, 84.1 ft e of 2d Av, 24.2x60.4x33.9x67.6, five-story tenement and stores; F. M. Oppenheimer against Leo Rosvere et al; Cary & C., attorneys; due, $20,465.23; taxes, &c., $889.85; to G. A. Haggerty for $20,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JAN. 23.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, nw cor of 49th St, runs n 125.6x w 81.4x s 25x w 26x s 100.5 to 49th St x e 122.1 to beginning; Archibald D. Russell to Moses T. Pyne and Albertina T. Russell, Princeton, N. J., and Percy R. Pyne, Bernardsville, N. J.; mtg $394,000, all liens, May 23, 1906; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 23 Exchange Place......$100

CENTRAL PARK WEST, w s, 57.11 ft n of 106th St, 18x100; John Furlong to James H. Cruikshank, Freeport, L. I., mtg $16,509, all liens, Jan. 22; attorneys, Scott, G. & B., 48 ......$100

MADISON AV, s e cor 72d St, runs s 102.2x e 58.3x n 22.1x w 18.3x n 80 to s s of 72d St x w 40 to beginning; 253 West End Av Corpn to Raymond H. Kutner, 2,303 Hughes Av; b & s, c. a. g., all liens, Oct 28, '18; attorney, L S T & T Co, 32 Court St, Bklyn..$1

MANHATTAN AV, 44, e s, 50.11 ft s of 102d St, 25x100; Lillian W. Moers to L. W. Moers Real Estate Co; mtg $22,000, all liens, b and s, and c. a. g., Jan 23; attorney, R. Moers, 2 Rector St......$1

3D AV, 2,198, s w corner of 120th St, (174-184 East,) 25x108.8, foreclosure Jan. 14, 1918; Phoenix Ingraham, referee, to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St, sub-trustee, subject to taxes, &c., Jan. 23; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St......$30,000

8TH AV, s w corner of 149th St, 25x100; Rose Ullmann et al. to Regina Kauder, 1,885 7th Av, mtg $27,000, undivided right, title, and interest; attorney, A. W. Venino, 59 Wall St......$1

45TH ST, 330 West, s s, 350 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5; Henry Feuerstein to Malden Knitting Mills, Malden, Mass., mtg $10,000, all liens, Jan. 13; attorney, Paul Gross, 302 Broadway......$100

54TH ST, 23 West, n s, 470 ft e of 6th Av, 25x100.5; Lawyers Title & T Co and Richard T. Greene, executors, to Gertrude D. Walker, 23 West 54th St; Jan 16; attorneys, Greene & H, 43 Exchange Pl..$100,000

57TH ST, 339 West, n s, 450 ft n w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Hy. Feuerstein to Katherine Stillwell, 7 South 33d St, Philadelphia, Penn, mtg $15,000, all liens, Jan. 23; attorney, Paul Gross, 302 Broadway...$100

71ST ST, 212 West, s s, 175 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 18x100.5; Ellay Realty Co to John Hodel, 307 Ditmas Av., Bklyn; all liens, Jan 21; attorney, Title Guar & T Co, 176 Broadway......$100

SAME PROPERTY; John Hodel to Helen Fountain, 246 W 70th St; Jan 21; attorney, same......$100

110TH ST, 207 East, n s, 110 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; Metropolitan Sav Bank to Denwood Realty Co, 500 Willis Av, Bronx; all liens, Jan 17; attorney, Lawyers T & T Co, 160 Broadway......$1,050

112TH ST, 243 East, n s, 125 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11, Pellegro & Cecilia Pellerano to Anita Peragallo, 243 East 112th St; ½ part, mtg $3,000, all liens, e t; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway......$1

144TH ST, 610-616 West, and Colyers Row (1-8) s s, 175 ft w of Broadway, 100x99.11, (foreclosure Nov 14, 1918;) George M. MacKellar, referee, to Edw. F. Weed, Darien, Conn; foreclosure of tax lien attachment Jan 23; attorneys, Dunlop & Otto, 46 Lawton St, New Rochelle, N. Y......$31,000

144TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of Lenox Av, 87.6x99.11; Mary E. N. O'Neill to Fleissner Realty Co., Newark, N. J., July 19, 1918; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway..$1

178TH ST, 709-711 West, n s, 156.4 ft w of Broadway, 56.4x92.6; Edwin F. Caragher to H & M Bldg Corpn, 1,138 St Nicholas Av; mtg $56,000, all liens, Jan 15; attorney, Title Guar & T Co, 176 Broadway......$100

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, s e corner 133th St, 25x81.6; also Walton Av, e s, being Lot 8, Block 2,466, tax map George R. McMahon, to Luana Realty Co., 320 Broadway, ¼ part, mtg $15,000, Jan. 18; attorneys, Chedsey & R., 320 Broadway......$100

AMUNDSON AV, e s, 337.6 ft s of Jefferson Av, 37.6x100; Edenwald Nelson to Carl F. Del Missier and ano, 1,710 Webster Av., Jan. 11; attorney, B. Nelson, 233d St and White Plains Rd......$1

BRYANT AV, w s, 100 ft s of 165th St, 240x100; Normar Real Estate Co. to Malex Realty Corporation, 170 Broadway, Jan. 18; attorney, A. S. Natanson, 176 Broadway..$1

CHATTERTON AV, 2,112, s s, 25x108; Caroline J. Dick to Frank N. Taylor, 2,112 Chatterton Av, mtg $4,500, Jan. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

FAILE ST, w s, 425 ft n of Seneca Av, 25x100; also Faile St, w s, 150 ft n of Seneca Av, 25x100; also Faile St, w s, 225 ft n of Seneca Av, 25x100; also Faile St, w s, 250 ft n of Seneca Av, 25x100; Theo. M. Macy to Harry Goldsmith, 777 Broadway, and another, mtg $16,600, Jan. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 170 Broadway......$100

FAILE ST, w s, 25 ft s of Gilbert Pl, 50x100; John J. Tully to Joseph G. Abramson, 875 West 180th St, Jan. 10; attorney, Joseph G. Abramson, 30 Church St....$100

LOTS 1 TO 85, map Louisa Dash; Anzonetta B. Knappe to John B. Dash, at 240th St and Dash Place, Dec. 9, 1918; attorney, Lawyers' Title & Trust Co., 160 Bway...$1

SAME PROP; Agnes D. Meikleham to same, Dec. 10, 1918; same attorney......$1

LOTS 66 and 67, map Louisa Dash; John B. Dash, individually and executor, and another to Sophie W. Rahe, 3,609 Broadway, Jan. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$1,150

All following same map, date and attorney:

LOTS 6, 81 and 85; same to Fannie B. Krasner, 433 East 75th St......$2,000

LOTS 19, 20, 37 to 40; same to Waldo E. Thompson, 706 Riverside Drive......$4,050

LOTS 26 to 31; same to Patrick J. Haugley, 95 Columbia St, Jersey City....$3,175

LOT 11; same to Emma L. Young, 166 East 33d St......$850

LOTS 9, 10, 49 and 50; same to Edw. Hisnay, 3,628 Greystone Av......$1,975

LOTS 33 and 34; same to Louis Rothenberg, 1,722 Union St, Brooklyn......$500

LOTS 7, 8, 14 to 18; same to Valhalla Corp., 509 Willis Av......$5,775

LOT 48; same to Michael Prowler, 4 East 120th St......$400

LOTS 43 and 46; same to Morris Gross and another, 855 Hunts Point Av......$500

LOT 47; same to Simon M. Prowler, 569 De Kalb Av, Brooklyn......$400

LOT 32; same to Christian Hansen, 242 West 14th St......$300

LOTS 62, 63, 68, and 69; same to Agnes A. Fanning, 19 East 127th St......$1,950

LOTS 58 and 59; same to Joseph F. Fitzgerald, 176 West 94th St......$1,400

LOTS 60 and 61; same to Dominick La Gamba, 222 Bowery......$500

LOTS 21, 22, 35, 36, 41 to 44, 51 to 54, and 70 to 83; same to Alice M. Jones, 59 West 56th St......$13,375

LOTS 12, 13, and 55, same map; Northern Realty Co., 45 Cedar St......$6,750

LOTS 23 to 25, 64 and 65; same to Joseph Greco and another, 211 East 28th St..$2,550

LINTON AV, w s, 192.7 ft s of 156th St, 25x96.5x26.1x82.6; Thumas J. Adams to Alex Rankin, 261 Riverside Drive, mtg $11,500, Dec 18, '18; attorney, William R. Adams, 50 Broad St......$1

TRINITY AV, w s, 172.8 ft n of 165th St, 50x123.3; Si'shire Constr. Co. to Mary B. Clark, 325 Fort Washington Av, mtg $7,000, Jan. 13; attorney, R. H. Bergman, 2,804 3d Av......$100

220TH ST, n s, 230 ft w of White Plains Av, 50x114; Isador Silver, referee, to H. Eliz. Oliver, 3,737 Willett Av, Jan. 20; attorneys, Mott & McC., 51 Warburton Av, Yonkers, N. Y......$100

180TH ST, 450-4 East, s s, 50x100; Minnie T. Theiss to Carl J. G. Schades, 1,974 University Av, mtg $15,000, Jan. 22; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av......$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

54TH ST, 23 West, n s, 470 ft east of 6th Av, 25x100.5, Jan. 16; Gertrude D. Walker to Lawyers' Title and Trust Co. and Richard T. Greene, 544 West 114th St, trustees, will William H. Walker, 3 years; attorneys, Greene & Hurd, 43 Exchange Place..$50,000

71ST ST, 212 West, s s, 175 ft west of Amsterdam Av, 18x100.5, P. M., Jan. 21; John Hodel to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way, due and interest as per bond..$10,000

71TH ST, 132 West, s s, 320 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x102.2, Jan. 22; Walter W. Skinner to Benjamin Bernstein, 617 West 141st St, due and interest as per bond, prior mtg $20,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$3,000

110TH ST, 207 East, n s, 110 ft east of 3d Av, 25x100.11, P. M., Jan. 22; Denwood Realty Co. to the Metropolitan Savings Bank, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$8,000

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 2,027-9, n w c of 179th St, 60.5x94; Iseer Realty Corporation to William Goodman, 911 Park Av, Jan. 22; due Aug. 1, 1921, 6 p c; attorneys, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 B'way......$2,000

FAILE ST, 883, w s, 25x100; Harry Goldsmith and ano to Theodore M. Macy, 139 Pelham Rd, New Rochelle, N. Y.; prior mtg $4,200, Jan. 20, installs 6 p c; attorneys, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$1,300

FAILE ST, 887, w s, 25x100; same to same; prior mtg, $4,000, Jan. 20, installs 6 p c; same attorneys......$1,500

FAILE ST, 893-7, w s, two lots each, 25x100; two mtgs, $1,300 each; same to same; two prior mtgs $4,200 each, Jan. 20, installs 6 p c; same attorneys......$2,600

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, n e c of Bush St, 102.5x98.3x82.5x100; John Brannigan to Max J. Klein, 22 Mt Morris Park West; Jan 22, installs 6 per cent.; attorney, F. Lese, 35 Nassau St......$5,000

LOTS 37 to 40, map Louisa Dash; Waldo E. Thompson to John B. Dash, at 240th St. and Dash Place, and another, executors, Jan. 20; 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$840

All following same map, date, attorney, and three years:

LOTS 60 and 61; Dominick La Gamba to same......$600

LOTS 62 and 63; Agnes A. Fanning to same......$665

LOTS 68 and 69; same to same......$700

LOTS 84 and 85; Fannie B. Krasner to same......$440

LOTS 70 to 83; Alice M. Jones to same.$5,722

LOTS 23 to 25; Joe Greco and another to same......$1,100

LOT 32; Christian Hansen to same......$210

LOTS 12, 13, and 55; Northern Realty Co to same......$4,725

LOTS 9, 10, 49, and 50; Edw. Hisnay to same......$1,382

LOT 6; Fannie B. Krasner to same......$560

LOTS 26 to 31; Patrick J. Haugley to same......$2,222

LOTS 7 and 8; Valhalla Corpn to same.$1,015

LOTS 14 to 18; same to same......$3,027

LOTS 45 and 46; Morris Gross to same...$250

LOTS 21, 22, 35, and 36; Alice M. Jones to same......$1,190

LOTS 51 to 54; same to same......$1,330

LOTS 41 to 44; same to same......$1,120

LOT 20; Waldo E. Thompson to same..$1,295

LOT 19; same to same......$1,295

LOTS 64 and 65; Joe Greco and another to same......$400

180TH ST, 450-4 East, s s, 50x100; Carl J. G. Schodes to Minnie S. Theiss, 38 West 127th St; Jan 22, 2 years, 6 per cent.; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av......$3,000

MORRIS AV, a s, 604.9 ft n of 196th St, 25x100.4; Jeanette J. Tucker to Home Building and Loan Association of Mount Vernon, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., prior mtg $1,500, Jan. 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$500

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 2,331-7, w s, 101.9x232.7; Benenson Realty Co. to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square, Jan. 22, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$35,000

225TH ST, n s, 450 ft e of Barnes Av, 25x114; Eliza Wenzel to Charles H. Wenzel, 2,796 Bainbridge Av; prior mtg, $3,500; Dec. 27, 1918, due as per bond; attorney, Charles H. Wenzel, 19 Bible House......$500

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

GREENWICH ST, 205; Josephine A. Rohrer and another, executors, to Josephine A. Rohrer, Burlington, Vt.; attorneys, Hoehling, Peele & Ogilby, 1,416 F St, Washington, D. C......$1

LUDLOW ST, s s, 162.6 ft e of Delancey St; E. Virginia Saterlee to Lucy E. Lee; attorneys, White & Case, 14 Wall St..$6,000

MANHATTAN AV, 312; Rochambeau Realty Co. to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, and another; attorney, Frederick Lese, 35 Nassau St......$100

1ST AV, 1,510, mtg $2,000; Robert J. Connolly to William W. Shannon, 344 East 70th St......$1

8TH AV, n e corner 41st St; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av; attorney, W. M. Powell, 7 Wall St......$45,000

54TH ST, 10 East, mtg $35,000; Philip Lehman to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$35,000

65TH ST, 136, mtg $16,000; Thomas W. Chirney to Minnie R. Chirney, Great Barrington, Mass., and Alfred Chirney, to Thomas W. Chirney, Great Barrington, Mass.; attorney, Theo. S. Hale, 47 West 34th St......Two assignments, each $1

80TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 3d Av, mtg $20,000; Bankers Trust Co., trustee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St....$10,000

120TH ST, 25 West; Anna Mack and another, executors, to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway......$8,000

122D ST, s s, 90 ft e of Park Av; Fox Realty Co. to Mary A. Ferris, 159 West 87th St; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$3,500

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, 2,071; Kate L. Osborn to Pietro Sentini, 2,019 Lafontaine Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$3,300

CLAY AV, 1,108; Francis K. Pendleton and another, trustee, to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,787 3d Av; attorneys, Mackellar & G., 43 Cedar St......$17,500

CLAY AV, 1,112; same to same; attorney, same......$16,000

WHITLOCK AV, 968; Geo. F. Johnson's Sons to Frederick Johnson; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$1

155TH ST, 173-175 East; Mary W. Lillie to Julia W. Forgee, 404 West 115th St; attorneys, Holmes, R. & C., 20 Broad St..$100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and adddress of lessee.

Manhattan.

1ST AV, 275, w s, 43.3 ft s of 16th St, 20x80; 1st Av, 277, w s, 23.3 ft s of 16th St, 20x80; Max Canno to Wolf Karp, 220 1st Av, 3 years from Dec. 1, 1918, 3 years' renewal; attorney, Benjamin H. Lieberman, 51 Chambers St......$3,000

1ST AV, 220, e s, 180.6 ft s of 14th St, 25.6x66.6; Lillian Laitman (Canno) to Wolf Karp, 220 1st Av, 3 years from Dec. 1, 1918, 3 years' renewal; attorney, Benjamin H. Lieberman, 51 Chambers St......$2,400

125TH ST, 63 East, store and basement; Norman Real Estate Corp. to Louis Haims, 1,804 7th Av, from Jan. 1, 1919, to April 30, 1924; attorney, Samuel Charkes, 116 Nassau St......$1,740

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON AV, 514; Robert Elken against Annette Villari, owner; Victoria Building and Contracting Co., Inc., contractor..$140

58TH ST, 227 and 229 East; Thomas Lynch against T. Suffern Taller, owner; United Building Co., contractor......$15

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

26TH ST, 114 to 120 West; J. Harry Riker against Criterion Construction Co. et al., Oct. 30, 1918......$313

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

PLEASANT AV, a w corner 108th St, 100.11x93; William Rankin against Henry Frucht et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. R. Adams.

RIVINGTON ST, 308 and 312, two actions; Francis Asbury Palmer Fund against Charles Casazza et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorney, R. Kelly.

7TH ST, 279 and 281; Julia A. Loew et al. against Max Hirshawitz, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Man & Man.

29TH ST, 336 West; Helen O. Zurich against Elysee Realty Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Elsman, Lee, Corn & Lewine.

29TH ST, 338 West; Bertha R. Fox against Elysee Realty Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Elsman, Lee, Corn & Lewine.

52D ST, 433 and 435 West, two actions; United States Trust Co. of New York against Charles M. Marks et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

53D ST, 426 and 428 West, two actions; United States Trust Co. of New York against Montague D. Cohen et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

122D ST, 349 West; Matilda Groger against Elizabeth Smith et al., action to set aside conveyance; attorney, H. A. Geldel.

Bronx.

LOT 22, Block 3,209, Section 12, tax map; City of New York against Fredericke Steinke Mumford et al., action to foreclose tax lien; attorney, W. P. Burr.

Ideal Showroom for a wholesaler of apparel is offered for rent in Cuyler Building, 116-120 West 32nd Street.

Located on front of 15th floor, contains 4,636 net usable square feet. High ceiling. Windows on 4 sides. Fully sprinklered building. 4 passenger, 3 freight elevators.

Possession-May 1st, 1919.

Loton H. Slawson Company
171 Madison Avenue

REAL ESTATE.

GILT EDGE SECURITY

Your rent income represents capital which when invested wisely will yield liberal dividends. I'll advance you spot cash on your 1919 rent income on very reasonable rates and no "red tape." Absolute confidence. Tel. Chelsea 327.

100 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Nothing under $5,000.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HESS Business Property

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island.
18 Minutes from Penn. Station.
Kew Gardens Construction Co. is
Now Building Houses
for sale or on order
from plans of distinction
Edgeworth Smith, Sales Manager. 1 W. 34th St. Greeley 5250.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR MAY FIRST

A Modern Colonial Stucco House of 10 rooms, 2 tiled baths and servants' bath; 4 fireplaces; white enamel trim; large halls; sleeping porch; plot 80x200. Well known, restricted residential colony. A bona fide bargain at $13,500. Come out and see it or send for photo.

WILLIAM E. MORRELL, Inc.
Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

ALONG THE SOUND
Westchester County and Connecticut.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East ... St. Murray Hill—6441.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT MERRICK.

Beautiful semi-bungalow, 8 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; enormous sun parlor; two-car garage; chicken houses and run; large corner plot; frontage on three streets; five minutes' walk to station; near Great South Bay; value $13,000; out-of-town owner offers for $9,000. This is a real bargain. H. J. McCord, 176 Pine St., Freeport, L. I.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

1500 Square Feet
(Will Divide)
OFFICE OR SHOWROOM
IN MADISON SQUARE SECTION.
EXCEPTIONAL LIGHT
MODERN BUILDING
Fred'k Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr.
11 Broadway. Bowl. Green 8580.

TEMPLE COURT
5 BEEKMAN ST., COR. NASSAU.
LIGHT CORNER OFFICES
1,620 SQUARE FEET; RENT $2,800.
SMALL OFFICES SINGLY OR TOGETHER FROM $240 TO $400.
RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION.
ON PREMISES. CORTLANDT 1182.

LOFTS FLOORS OFFICES BASEMENTS
COLUMBUS CIRCLE
1845-1847 BROADWAY, NEAR 60TH ST.
Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rent
L. MILLER & SONS, 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 4234

STORE $65
5 W. 16th
FIFTH AVE. Phone Chelsea 3106.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x85; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

59th St. & Lexington Ave.
(740 Lexington Ave.)
NEW STUDIO APARTMENTS
2 Rooms Kitchenette and Bath. $50, $60
Per Month.
Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
Apply week days only to private office, 6th floor.
BLOOMINGDALES,
59th St. and Lexington Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE UNUSUAL APARTMENT
47th St., Bet. 5th & Madison Av.
5 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.
Tile floors, superbly decorated, elevator service; immediate possession; can be seen by appointment only.
Also 2 Bachelor Apartments of 3 Rooms and Bath each.
DAVID WALLACE
18 East 41st St.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.

Private house for sale, 5 stories, 15 rooms, 5 baths; magnificently furnished; refined location; suitable doctor, dentist, business or furnished rooms; valuable leasehold; lifetime opportunity. Owner, 62 West 51st St.

Handsomely furnished small modern house, newly remodeled, electricity; every up-to-date improvement; French in appointments. R 222 Times.

Long Island.

NEW HOUSE WITH GARAGE, at Hempstead, L. I.; 6½ miles from Greater New York; 7 rooms and bath; sleeping porch, &c., large plot; will take $6,500 on reasonable terms. Norton, Room 301, 277 Broadway. Phone Worth 4057.

Bayside.—For sale and to rent; attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms with bath; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 0880.

New Jersey.

For sale, attractive 7-room house, large living and sleeping porches; fine view; lot 100x150, with barn; fruit trees and grapes in bearing; ten minutes' walk from Millburn Station, D. L. & W. R. R.; price $7,800; terms to suit purchaser; monthly payments if desired. Apply to owner, F. B. Jewell, 426 Wyoming Av., Wyoming, N. J., or any agent.

Attention—Six-room house, all modern improvements; plot 75x141; near school, church, railroad station and trolley car; price $4,200. This requires quick action. Bergen Realty Co., 197 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.

Bargain.—Six-room house; all improvements; half hour out; $3,650; suitable terms. Owner, Room 828, 30 Church, New York.

Seven-room modern house, furnished; good-sized garden; garage; $75; convenient to New York. P. O. 350, Granlwood, N. J.

New York State.

Sell, furnished, easy terms, hollow tile house, tile roof; garage. Howard Falling, Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel. N. Y. Spring 9176.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE.—Paris, facing Arc Triomphe, large private residence, 40 windows on Av. Champs-Elysees, Arc Triomphe, to see victorious troops entering Paris; price five million francs. G. Contal-Fouquet, 66 Rue Monceau.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Fifty cents an agate line.

FIRST MORTGAGE MONEY UP TO $40,000. Will cash good second mortgages on Manhattan and Bronx flats and loft buildings from $3,000 up. Brokers protected. S. A. ISRAEL, 98 NASSAU STREET.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

HARRIS'S EXCHANGE, Times Building. Bryant 810. For sale, 2 thirty apartments with stores. Bargain, 3 4-story new buildings. High class. 2 buildings and stores, near East 116th. Farm free and clear. Sell or exchange.

LESSEES.—Just purchased several apartment houses; will lease immediately; great bargains; never before offered. Browning, 110 West 40th.

90th, 35 West.—Beautifully furnished rooming house, all rented; part in trade; reasonable; owner. Telephone Riverside 5881.

$2,000 cash will purchase my dwelling and lot, near 23d St. and 4th Av. Address Anderson, 258 Times Downtown.

Good bargains in apartment houses and other productive properties. Apply Room 827, 30 East 42d St., New York.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Three-story brick, 11 rooms, 2 baths; half hour from Times Square, in Bronx; price reasonable. L 48 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Manufacturing building, 30x85; high ceiling; now equipped with 40 sewing machines, 10 h. p. gas engine, Wilcox & Gibbs and Singer machines; will sell or rent; building is located in Brooklyn, near Prospect Park; plenty of help to be gotten; will sacrifice. Miss Goldfine, care Pacific, 221 West 33d St., New York.

For sale, Brooklyn residence, located on Fort Hamilton Parkway; bargain, $12,000; terms reasonable. J. H. Glancy, 300 New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

SIXTY-THREE ACRES, BETWEEN FLUSHING AND JAMAICA, RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT, TROLLEY PASSING. JOHN J. WHITE, 817 WEST END AV. 9068 RIVERSIDE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Flushing.—New six-room cottage, all improvements; plot 50x150; fine location; $6,500, on terms. Box B 870 Times Annex.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, Yonkers residence; fine location; plot 100x100; garage; price $11,500. J. H. Glancy, 300 New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 76 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

Bargain.—8 rooms, bath, hollow tile, stucco dwelling; steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out Erie; $3,750; easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau St. Telephone 3806 Beekman.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

460 acres, 12-room farm house, large barn, carriage house, 2,000 sugar maples. Spring, brook, large orchard, buildings, worth more than price, $6,000. Berkshires. Archer, 10 East 43d.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted.—Factory of brick construction with 40,000 square feet; will buy for cash or lease for a term of years. R. E. Patterson, 641 Leonard St., Brooklyn, New York.

Wanted.—A railroad siding Long Island City or Blissville, with ten to twenty city lots; will purchase for cash. R. E. Patterson, 641 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Will buy house, ten rooms, two or three baths, garage; between Mt. Vernon and White Plains; must be modern; full particulars, owners only. Box L 182 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY, "Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta, 1 blk. "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)

TO SUBLET UNDER MARKET, ONE OF FINEST OFFICE BUILDINGS ON FIFTH AV.; SPECIAL LAYOUT OF VERY EXCEPTIONAL SUITE, ABOUT 1,600 FEET, FOR HIGH CLASS EXECUTIVE OFFICES OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE; TERM OF LEASE TO SUIT TENANT. TO SEE SPACE CALL VANDERBILT 1200, EXT. 251.

Owners will build to suit tenant on corner plot 50x100 feet, five minutes from Grand Central Terminal, situated at Jackson Avenue subway station, Long Island City; reasonable terms. Wm. Richenstein, 64 Jackson Av., Long Island City, New York.

FACTORY.—FIVE MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STATION; WILL ERECT TO SUIT YOUR BUSINESS; ON RAILROAD SIDING; 10,000 TO 30,000 SQUARE FEET. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

37-41 East 18th St. Large Light Loft. About 75x90; Light, Power, Elevators, Sprinklered. Superintendent.

2,000 SQ. FT. OFFICE SPACE; HIGHEST TYPE BUILDING; GRAND CENTRAL SECTION; UNUSUAL LIGHT; POSSESSION 2 OR 3 MONTHS' TIME; UNDER $2 PER SQ. FOOT. TENANT, 192 TIMES.

One-story fireproof building, 130x110 ft., divided in two parts, 8,000 sq. ft., 6,000 sq. ft.; will rent together or separate; situated one mile from Manhattan Bridge in Brooklyn; can be used for garage or merchandise storage. K. K., 402 West 42d St.

7,500 SQ. FT. IN AUTOMOBILE SECTION. HEAVY FLOOR CAPACITY. EXCELLENT LIGHT; POSSESSION MAY 1; LONG LEASE; FIREPROOF BLDG. AUTO LIFT. A. B. C., 100 TIMES.

133 WEST 72D ST. MODERN BUILDING SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIANS AND DENTIST. SINGLE AND DOUBLE SUITES.

Lofts, (two,) light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. Harrison Fixture, 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

500 5TH AV., (at 42d St.)—Two entire floors, 3,000 sq. ft. each; sprinkler system; possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 7475.

BROADWAY, 487.—Office space 4,000 square feet. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 7475.

Broadway, cor. 108d St., one flight up; magnificent location; good business; will increase like snowball's.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Business space, stores, lofts, buildings, all sizes, localities. Tell me your requirements. Ephriam Buchwald, 113 East 129th St.

Broadway, 2,289.—Desirable store for millinery, lingerie, waists; best on Broadway. Mann's.

Light loft to let, 2,000 square feet; printer desired; West 15th St. Write B., 1,773 Amsterdam Av.

Offices, $20 to $100, 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

STORES.—2 large, light showrooms, near subway station. 110 West 40th St.

50th, 3 West.—Stores for high-class retail business. Inquire Superintendent.

Madison Av., 785, (67th.)—Parlor floor; $100; basement store, $83; suitable tearoom.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted — Small apartment hotel or building suitable for bachelor apartment, furnished or unfurnished, for term of years, between 6th and Park Avs., below 50th; responsible person; no brokers. Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av.

Rochester wholesale clothing house desires space in 5th Av. building or its vicinity with concern who wishes to sublease part of their office; must have good light. K 276 Times.

Wanted, tastefully furnished house with eight rooms and baths, in country surroundings within hour's motor run of city. Full details to Box 254 Times, 2 Rector St.

Loft, with or without machinery and fixtures, suitable for waist and dress manufacturers; preferably between 14th and 25th Sts. Telephone Stuyvesant 3886.

Wanted to rent, by an engineer, desk in furnished office, with telephone privilege; $15; location lower New York City, below City Hall. R 526 Times Downtown.

Wanted, furnished office, vicinity Hudson Terminal or Woolworth Building. R 570 Times Downtown.

Desk room wanted in Hudson Terminal Building, 30 or 50 Church St., by responsible firm. Address K 277 Times.

Wanted, part or half of loft, with show room privilege, to cloak and suit jobber, from 27th to 33d St. R 228 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

44TH, 141 EAST.—One room, kitchenette, and bath; every convenience; lease until October; $75. Call Friday, 1 to 6:30 P. M., The Woolsey, Apartment 97.

44TH, 141 EAST, (Woolsy.)—Bedroom, sitting room, bath, kitchenette; silver, linen; grand piano, victrola; ground floor; rent $125.

40TH ST., 7 EAST.—Two superb rooms and bath, furnished; utmost privacy; a rare opportunity. Vanderbilt 4440.

48TH ST., 23 EAST.—Handsomely and luxuriously furnished; two very large rooms and bath; $200 a month.

49TH, 148 EAST. — Three-room apartment, with kitchen, fully furnished; immediate possession; $125 per month. Apply Apt. 24.

60TH ST., EAST.—8 rooms, kitchen and bath; luxuriously furnished; immediate possession; service; $400. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1785.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

EAST 60S.—ALL SUNNY, BEAUTIFULLY EQUIPPED. 6-7 ROOMS; 9TH FLOOR; FEB. TO OCT. 1; $3,300; MAIDS. X 356 TIMES ANNEX.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 8974.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

MADISON AV., 726.—Attractively furnished apartment; two rooms, bath, elevator, telephone. Sterling 1175.

Near Plaza, handsomely furnished, 4-room kitchenette apartment, (corner;) 2 bedrooms; service, restaurant; $400 monthly. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

PARK AV.—Six rooms, complete, unusually attractive; two months or longer; $300 monthly. Tel. 360 Lenox.

Furnished—West Side.

12TH, (Washington Sq. Section.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, piano; $150 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

12TH ST., 23 WEST.—Furnished apartment; two rooms and bath; remodeled house.

39TH ST., 54 WEST.—Two sunny rooms, bath, kitchen, complete. Apply Supt.; references.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 8255.

50'S, (Near 5th Av.)—Apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath; very attractive; $115 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

55TH, 350 WEST.—Sublet two large rooms, kitchenette, furnished, $100. Columbus 6972.

57TH ST.—6 rooms, 2 baths, duplex apartment, luxuriously furnished; maid accommodation; $800 per month, three months' lease. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1785.

59TH, 100 WEST.—Overlooking Park, exquisitely furnished apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette. Mason.

65TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful studio, handsomely furnished; electricity included; or unfurnished; lease to October; 1 room and bath, $800 a year; 2 rooms and bath, $1,500.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three-room apartments; $60 up; latest improvements; completely furnished.

70'S WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; grand piano; $200 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

75TH, 57 WEST.—Sublet, 7-room furnished or unfurnished corner apartment. Apply agent on premises.

80'S, (Near Drive.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, four rooms, kitchen, bath, (2 bedrooms;) $175 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

80'S, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 8974.

82D, 55 WEST.—3 rooms, new apartment, new furnishings; every convenience and comfort; rent $125.

90'S, (Near Riverside Drive.)—Seven rooms, southern exposure, silver, linen, piano, Victrola; immediate possession, or would sell contents; $500, no dealers. Apply 745 West End Av., near 97th. Phone Riverside 8098.

113TH, 535 WEST.—Four-room apartment, 2 bed, living room. Apt. 84.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Three large, light rooms, kitchen; unusually attractive; $100. Ellsworth.

157TH, 614 WEST.—1 block subway; elevator apartment, my home, comfortably, completely furnished; 5 rooms, bath; piano, Victrola; $100. Audubon 3885. Apt. E-7.

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY OF LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located. RENTALS $100 to $1,800 MONTHLY. Office, 68 West 58th St. Tel. Circle 3099.

Artistical, luxurious apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; beautiful view on park; rent $450 or preferably take over furniture with 2½ years' lease; immediate occupancy. Tel. Circle 1806, 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

BEAUTIFUL 5-room furnished apartment to sublease; best section Washington Heights; $3,000, worth $5,000; rent $42. Phone St. Nicholas 3777.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 370.—Studio apartment, 4 rooms, fireplace, player piano; $200. Crane.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

Four rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; piano; steam heat; electric light; telephone; elevator. 370 Manhattan Av., Apt. 3E.

FIFTIES, (Near 5th Av.)—Three-room, handsomely furnished; new building; $225 monthly; 3 months; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1450.

FIFTH AV., (28th St.)—Kitchenette suite, 2 room and bath; $125 monthly. Phone Md. Sq. 1958.

Four rooms, bath, St. Nicholas and 158th St.; modern, pleasant surroundings; $70. Phone Riverside 9204 after 6 P. M.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 380, (Hendrik Hudson.)—7 outside rooms, beautifully furnished; pianola, Victrola; complete in every detail. 1-G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—Artistically furnished seven-room apartment, complete; Steinway grand piano. For appointment, Mrs. Orr. Bryant 7730.

TWO ROOM, also four-room apartment; new, high-class elevator building; near Plaza; will sublet to party purchasing furnishings. Mrs. Haller, tel. Plaza 6680.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

MONROE PLACE, 29.—Furnished or unfurnished two rooms, bath; all modern improvements.

Furnished—New Jersey.

Ocean front building, high class; hot and cold sea water; refrigeration; 3-4-5 rooms and bath. H. G. Harris & Co., Guarantee Trust Building, Atlantic City.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Warm, beautifully furnished 7-room apartment in Pelham; only those who will appreciate exceptional surroundings considered; three bedrooms, two baths. Telephone Pelham 2091.

Unfurnished—East Side.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH. Furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals, if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

50IES.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette, exclusive; $125 month to October. De Florez, 402 Madison Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH, 106 WEST.—To sublet, three rooms and bath. Apartment 2. Call after 6 P. M.

50TH, 3 WEST.—High-class apartment, one large room, bath, kitchenette. Inquire premises.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

57TH, 140 WEST.—4 bright rooms, 2 baths; high-class building; 10th floor.

72D, 322 WEST.—2, 8-room apt., bath, entire floor, private residence.

94TH ST., 208 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside, Broadway subway.

150TH, 620 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; modern house; lease $60 month. Apt. 2E.

181ST ST., 605 WEST.—Doctor's office; 2 rooms and laboratory; rent $30 ground floor premises; in the busiest centre of upper Manhattan.

EXAMINE CORNER APARTMENT BROADWAY AND 103D ST.

FOR RENT.—370 CENTRAL PARK WEST, corner 97th St., from Feb. 1, 7 rooms and 3 baths; unusually large rooms and closets; open fireplace in living room; $185. Call Superintendent.

PARK AV. & 81ST ST.—6 rooms, 2 master chambers, $300 a month for two months. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 W. 57th St.

SEVEN room apartment covering one floor, unfurnished. 78 Irving Place. Telephone Gramercy 3311.

WEST SIDE.—Six rooms, 3 baths, magnificently furnished, 86th St. and West End Av., $400; lease from 1 to 4 years. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Nicely furnished six, seven room apartment for two bachelors, 72d to 110th St., west side; two light, airy sleeping rooms necessary; reference; from Feb. 1 to June 1, or preferably monthly, $200-$300 month. G 738 Times Downtown.

Furnished apartment wanted, until about June 15th; five or six rooms on West Side, from Sixtieth to Ninetieth Street. Must be nicely furnished, for a responsible tenant. N. G. Loeb, 302 West 86th Street.

Wanted, for high-class tenant, immediately, 9 rooms, 3 baths, furnished, Park Av. or vicinity, Feb. 1 to June 1, for small adult family, now living at best hotel. RAFAEL DE FLOREZ, 402 Madison Av., (47th St.)

Wanted, high-class furnished apartment, four master bedrooms, Park Av. section. Price no object. Telephone Col. 9600.

Couple, 5-6 room apartment, $200-$250. Miller, 162 West 50th. Circle 3067.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Couple desire four or five room apartment furnished or unfurnished; west side, between 70th and 121st. Rent $100.00 or less. Telephone Broad 1254. R 546 Times Downtown.

Refined Japanese couple want suite of rooms where can serve breakfast or board, between 72d and 116th Sts., west of Amsterdam Av. K 282 Times.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, near Washington Square. $75 per month. K 281 Times.

I will rent your furnished apartment satisfactorily to reliable tenants; moderate fee. Call Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

Four-room furnished apartment by Feb. 1, location 59th to 145th, not over $65; no lease. L 140 Times.

Young couple desire furnished apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $50 to $70. Address R. H., Room 61, 46 Broadway.

Married couple desire room with private bath, up to date apartment, below 96th. Address U. R. T. Lund, Catasauqua, Penn.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Two or three rooms with kitchenette arrangement, by business woman; best references; west side, below 120th. B 323 Times.

Responsible party wants six-room furnished apartment, east or west side, five months, around $300 monthly. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Couple desire high-class apartment, below 59th St., accessible to subway. K 281 Times.

Wanted.—Small apartment until May; two refined adults; give excellent care; highest references; state lowest price. L 123 Times.

Wanted.—Room, parlor, and bath, with family of refinement; references. L 115 Times.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished housekeeping apartment, three rooms, bath; $40-$50. Bryant 6235, Apt. 215.

UNFURNISHED THREE-ROOM APARTMENT, VICINITY COLUMBIA. L 126 TIMES.

Seven or eight light rooms, high-class house, below 110th St., west side. Chandler, 264 West 34th St.

Living, bedroom, kitchen, and maid's room; immediate possession. Phone Lenox 8847.

Six or seven rooms, bath, modern, above 86th. West; responsible. L 130 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 119 EAST.—Large, small rooms, nicely furnished; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 174.—Two plainly furnished rooms to people desiring refined surroundings; $60-$50 per month; references exchanged.

THE HOTEL SELMORE, northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates. $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

55TH (1730 BROADWAY.)—Most desirable room; gentlemen; $10. Apartment 6G. Circle 2131.

68TH, 44 WEST.—Parlor floor, private bath; good for doctor or dentist; also other rooms with running water; newly furnished; $1 to $10.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Large southern room, for one or two gentlemen; reference.

72D, 261 WEST.—Medium sized room; board optional.

73D, 108 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; large rooms; shower bath; electricity; telephone; $16.

75TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable small room; electricity; select residence; $4.50; gentlemen; references.

75TH, 170 WEST.—Attractive sunny room; steam, electricity, telephone; $5; gentlemen. Hoyt.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large and medium rooms, $10-$12; electricity; business man.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select house, front parlor; also skylight room; steam; electricity.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Artistic, medium, large room, perfectly appointed, $10; electricity, parquetry; gentleman.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Large, sunny, warm front room; private bath; electricity, hot water.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, bath; phone; references; private house.

80TH ST., WEST.—Two large connecting rooms with dressing rooms; newly decorated; hot and cold running water; steam heat; electric light; new bath tub and lavatories; parquet floors; no other roomers; private family; private house; unusual opportunity; $125 monthly; gentlemen only. X 250 Times Annex.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptionally large elegant room, bath, dressing room; four windows facing parks; private house.

82D, 66 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms; private bath; every convenience.

88TH, 344 WEST.—Comfortable furnished room, southern exposure, all conveniences; references.

92D, 214 WEST.—Large room adjoining bath; private family. Apt. 2D.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful large room, dressing room, bath adjacent, $12.

94TH, 264 WEST.—Private residence; large room, handsomely furnished; three windows; dressing room.

97TH, 259 WEST.—Large room, second story, adjoining bath; private house; $10 per week.

103D, 15 WEST.—Clean, homelike room, 1 flight; all conveniences; gentleman; references. Stokes.

118TH, 425 WEST.—Large, attractive outside room; elevator apartment; subway. Apartment 43.

160TH, (38 Fort Washington Av.,) Apt. 64.—Two bright double rooms, near bath; gentlemen; breakfast optional; convenient subway.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 478, (108th.)—Attractive, warm room; running water; adjoining bath. Sheppard.

DESIRABLE room, bath; near subway; small private family. Ellis, Morningside 211.

LARGE, newly furnished and decorated; Protestant family; refined gentleman. Riverside 5878-J.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, one block from 157th St. subway; unusual large sunny rooms adjoining exceptional bath; southern exposure; view of the Hudson; suitable 1 or 2. Aud. 290.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (94th.)—Beautifully furnished single room, bath. Phone 9881 Riverside. Apart. 53.

TWO large, outside, well-furnished rooms, overlooking Hudson; private bath; Southerner's home; elevator. Tobey. Phone Chelsea 5342.

WEST END AV., 826.—Exclusive bachelor accommodations; private bath; references required; breakfast.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Middle-aged lady wishes, with family or better class, single, intelligent woman, a good-sized, well furnished, independent room near bath; improvements and cleanliness expected; private house, centrally located, preferred; price $4, $5. M. G., Fordham Station Post Office.

Gentleman, Protestant, room with refined family; good location; full particulars. K 262 Times.

Business young man wishes room in Brooklyn with congenial people, near subway; give all particulars. W 697 Times Downtown.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

88TH, 29 EAST.—Large front room, southern exposure.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

72D ST., 213 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6896.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large double room, with bath, by Holland family; give superior accommodation; European style; home cooking.

76TH, 114-138 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for two adults in private Christian-American family; front room; 4 southern windows; private bath.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath, single room; exceptional table, modern.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful room, with private bath; separate or en suite; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Single front room; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

128TH, 616 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and single rooms; 2 adults; good meals; $30 per week; 2 minutes subway.

162D, 590 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; exceptionally good board; homelike; private family.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 361, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Refined Jewish American, mother 2 sons, 17 and 19, and daughter 12, desire rooms and board in very best surroundings. Phone Decatur 1034 or write Freiberger, 539A Greene Av., Brooklyn.

Young Hebrew gentleman desires substantial board, comfortable room; refined family. B 478 Times Downtown.

Room with board wanted by a Southerner with private family. K 252 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Brooklyn.

Home Sanitarium. — Selected medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Phone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,364 East 27th St.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
43 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."

Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.

W. T. READE, Prop.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.

A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $33 to $46.
Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced, capable of taking entire charge; most desirable references; salary $20. Edna M. Deindorf, 1,456 Wilkins Av. Phone Intervale 1370.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, 22, refined, college graduate, experienced in double entry, desiring good, permanent connections. S 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, thoroughly competent; eight years' experience; executive ability; best credentials. Miss G., 1148 Madison Square.

BOOKKEEPER-SECRETARY, thoroughly experienced, controlling accounts; entire charge of office. L 116 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience, knowledge general office work. Z 250 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, 6 years' experience; trial balance. F. C., 211 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, three years' experience taking charge office, desires good connection. R 566 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—A1, experienced, capable, executive ability, trial balance. Lunt, 177 West 79th.

BUSINESS WOMAN with 18 years' experience wishes position, supervisor, stenographer, typist; accustomed to detail and confidential work. Address Miss E., 7 Manhattan Av.

CABLE CLERK, competent stenographer, 22, Christian, desires to change position; salary, $25. H. L., 354 East 19th St. Brooklyn.

COMPANION.—Useful; Japanese, highly educated woman, refined, reliable, pleasing personality; studied most phases of Japanese art; traveled; to elderly couple, or lady, or invalid; has references. K 243 Times.

DENTAL NURSE, graining, some experience ethical office; moderate salary. 23 West 115th.

DRESSMAKER.—By day, $4; gowns, "remodeling," copyist. Murphy. Telephone Lenox 6092.

DRESSMAKER.—Dresses, coats, specialty; alterations; stylish; $3 daily. Phone Hensley 880 Morningside.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, university graduate, thoroughly experienced, desires responsible position. R 216 Times.

FILE CLERK.
Refined Christian, familiar with various systems of filing, desires position; 4 years' experience; excellent references; salary, $20. B 872 Times Downtown.

GIRL.—Refined, educated American girl, living in vicinity of the Plaza Hotel, desires to take care of several children, mornings or afternoons; references exchanged. Phone Plaza 6106.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE.—Registered trained nurse desires permanent position New York or elsewhere in doctor's office, sanitarium, private hospital or family where no night work required. L 71 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally good experience, intelligence above average, desires permanent position; salary $25 to start. B 864 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 10 years' experience; exceptional initiative and executive ability. L 111 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 22, experienced, educated; bookkeeping, knowledge office routine; $22. B 1077 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate; small office; $18. Morningside 3558, Apt. 13.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, high grade, confidential, nine years' experience, desires position; conscientious, reliable, exceedingly ambitious; $30 weekly. L 185 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (20,) thoroughly proficient and accurate speller, three years' commercial and manufacturing experience; salary desired $17; excellent references. K 206 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly competent, alert, complete charge office details, experienced; willing start $28 with export house. R 567 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, transcribe, rapid, difficult dictation in accurate, neat, well-appearing manner; 8 years' technical experience. G 737 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Actress, with stage experience, desires position with playwright or movie director. Address Miss Quinn, 210 West 80th St.

STENOGRAPHER desires position; many years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping, general office work; best references. T. Morris, 564 West 160th St.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, rapid; references; American; $15. B 455 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced, high school graduate; highest credentials; salary $18. R 558 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, desires permanent position with reliable concern; $20. Room 6, 234 East 25th St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, general office assistant; three years' experience; $18; references. R 576 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience; good references; $15 to $18 to start; willing worker. R 563 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and stenographer, experienced, with large hotel, business house, broker; state salary. X 347 Times Annex.

TYPIST, knowledge stenography, filing and general office work; $16-$18. R 584 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced, rapid, high school graduate; conscientious; assist clerking; $16. K 272 Times.

TYPIST, 21, clerical, desires good connection. R 565 Times Downtown.

VISITING GOVERNESS, highly educated in French, German, wishes position. L 127 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, pleasing personality, ambitious, desires secretarial position; salary, $22; write fully. M C 118 Times.

YOUNG NEWSPAPER WOMAN desires opening with publication; also commercial correspondent. K 235 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6016.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX. Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, trial balances, statements, reports, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, Public Accountants, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE, office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $3,200; available week's notice. Accountant, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT, broad manufacturing experience, modern cost and financial accounting; present assistant senior auditor connected with fifteen plants; age 37; married; salary $3,000; thorough executive capable mature business judgment. R 498 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Office manager; extension of credit, correspondence, financial statements, five years' experience in manufacturing, cost, general; age 26; college education; honorably discharged. W 699 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Widely experienced income tax expert, books audited, systematized; part time bookkeeping; reasonable; will also consider high-grade permanent position paying $3,000. B 420 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, experienced in shop routine and costs, seeks connection small factory outside New York City; university graduate; age 30; Christian. L 146 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—N. Y. U. graduate desires position with C. P. A. or mercantile firm; short accounting experience. F. K., 127 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 908.

ACCOUNTANT.—New York University graduate, 1916, 5 years' public accounting experience, independent audits, reports; seeks C. P. A. connection. L 95 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT, income tax reports, books audited, systematized; part-time bookkeeping; spare time evenings, Saturday afternoons; reasonable. S 535 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior, bookkeeping experience, N. Y. U. student, desires connection with C. P. A. R 573 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior; public accounting experience; university training in accounting; discharged soldier. G 729 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, thoroughly experienced in all branches, wishes permanent position with C. P. A. firm. Box 154, 1,464 Third Av.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A., high-grade executive, record of achievement, seeks responsible position large corporation. B 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (24,) University graduate, over a year's experience, desires position; at present employed. R 562 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior; balance, financial statements, auditing; C. P. A. experienced; Broaker's student. K 201 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, (28,) extensive experience, modern methods, systematizer; university training. R 575 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN, 22, possessing original ideas for layouts, sketches, plans, copy, 5 years with publishing house, desires connection with assured future. K 161 Times.

AN INDUSTRIAL ACCOUNTANT—not a theorist, but a man of practical knowledge—able to organize your general and cost accounting, expense distribution, production and stock records, and comparative statistics so that they will give you permanently an up-to-date picture of the status of each department and of your progress, desires permanent engagement; salary, $3,000 to start, until worthiness of higher renumeration is proved. X 325 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER. — Accountant, junior; six years' experience; controlling accounts, general ledger; understanding theory bookkeeping thoroughly; highest references. R 178 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (28,) married; ten years' experience; complete charge; systematizer; auditing; controlling accounts; statements; aggressive; $35. G 732 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, office manager, experienced in sales and credit work, desires moderate salaried position with opportunity in small progressive concern. G 731 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—WIDE EXPERIENCE; FAMILIAR WITH ALL MODERN METHODS OF ACCOUNTING. B 484 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance, credits, collections, accurate, reliable; moderate salary; excellent references. L 129 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, with many years' practical experience, desires position; collection, credit man; high testimonial; salary $30. B 424 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, college man, expert correspondent; best references; salary $30. S 490 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance; controlling accounts; forceful correspondent. G 895 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, experienced modern systems, costs; open immediate engagement; $30. R 561 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, possessing thorough knowledge of accounting; capable taking full charge; salary $30. K 243 Times.

BOY, 17, wants position with reliable firm; also a good chance for advancement; A1 references. B 477 Times Downtown.

CAPABLE CORRESPONDENT, forceful writer; sales letters that bring orders; follow-ups; keen business man; college graduate; 29, married; hustler; $40. K 212 Times.

CHAUFFEUR seeks position with family desirous of securing experienced, courteous, and reliable married man; best references. M. Levin, 182 East 73d. Tel. 9960 Rhinelander.

CHAUFFEUR, 17 years in large position; willing and obliging, private family; drive any car. James Gallagher, 206 East 80th St. Telephone 470 Rhinelander.

CHAUFFEUR.—Pierce-Arrow mechanic, also understands Delauney-Belville car, wishes private position city or country; references. R 233 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic, with private family; long trips preferred; ten years' experience; best references. Paul Hotzelove, 175 East 77th St.

CHAUFFEUR, employed at present; employer going to France; 14 years' experience. George Conover, 124 West 54th St. Phone 1740 Circle.

CHAUFFEUR, married, (32,) 9 years' experience; 4 years last employer; laid-up car. W. O., 596 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Private, used to high-class position. Simpson, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—Careful driver; seven years' experience; private; do minor repairs; Shelly, 54 West 84th St., Schuyler 9852.

CHIEF BILL CLERK or timekeeper, prefer hotel or steamship company; good penman; first class references. B 460 Times Downtown.

CLERK, automobile stock, (23,) capable of managing automobile parts or accessory stock room; best references. K 266 Times.

COLLEGE MAN.—Graduate civil engineer; one year technical experience, two years' executive business experience, desires position engineering, industrial, commercial; best references; honorable discharge army. R 559 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, (23,) clerical, statistical, correspondence, bookkeeping experience; adaptable, efficient. B 479 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS.—Young man, 23, discharged soldier, desires position with cotton converting house or similar line; six years' experience with former employer. S 577 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, chauffeur, mechanic, garden; 10 years' experience Loco.; any car; wife excellent cook; best references. L 79 Times.

CREDIT MAN of 15 years' experience, university graduate, knows law and accountancy, can lead salesmen successfully, wants a position anywhere; has capital and brains; age 42 and married. X 290 Times Annex.

DOES my honorable discharge signify anything? Technical engineer desires position at drafting, design, calculating, experimental, or research work; relinquished valuable position when joining service; best references. B 1079 Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, wishes position with progressing concern; seven years' experience. L 94 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced detailer and tracer; technical graduate; attending evening school. R 534 Times Downtown.

EFFICIENCY EXPERT in organizing, investigations, systems, and accounting, now with the Government as supervising expert, and having traveled extensively all over the world, desires to communicate with responsible corporation for connection in Europe as representative auditor. P. D. Hall, Bay City, Mich.

ENGINEERING college student, experienced stenographer-typewriter, desires connection with engineering sales or construction corporation; salary $22. R 553 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER and DRAFTSMAN.—Aviator, discharged as Lieutenant, age 25, college man, varied experience, desires position in commercial or industrial field. K 257 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Retired naval officer, experienced in banking, rail and ocean transportation and manufacturing, thoroughly familiar with modern business methods, desires executive position with future. K 84 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

EXECUTIVE.—Capable young woman, 14 years' experience manufacturing firm, desires responsible position; office, showroom, stock, and factory experience. C. C., 353 West 118th.

EXPORT MAN with 17 years' experience and knowledge of Spanish, French, German, seeks position. R 560 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN TRADE. Representative leaving for Europe shortly, seeks connection with manufacturers looking for trade in that direction. K 260 Times.

MAN, (28,) Christian, neat appearance, army discharge, wishes position offering advancement; six years' automobile business experience. R 164 Times.

MAN.—Just sold his restaurant, has 15 years' experience, wants position as cashier or manager. R 179 Times.

MANAGER.—Columbia graduate, 28, with legal training, feasible sales ideas, and successful sales experience; constructive accountant, vigorous correspondent; not spectacular, but consistent, hard worker; salary $75 weekly. R 232 Times.

MOTOR TRANSPORTATION MANAGER. Officer, soon released, wishes to form connection with firm operating large fleet motor trucks, as operating and maintenance engineer; technical graduate; six years' mechanical and efficiency engineering, senior inspector manufacture army trucks, staff officer on organization and classification motor transport personnel; executive ability; with highest references. K 250 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER seeks connection with growing concern that can capitalize youth and ability; knowledge bookkeeping, filing, stenography; a valuable asset; now employed. K 280 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER.—&c.—Man, 37, executive ability, solicits position office manager, bookkeeper, salesman. B 769 Times Downtown.

PROCESS SERVER; A1 REFERENCES. IRVING TAUBENFELD, 54 WEST 115TH.

REAL ESTATE, 32, eight years' experience managing properties, supervising repairs, desires connection. B 1073 Times Harlem.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE. — Officer, 30, just discharged, successful, ambitious, good personality, excellent references; will make headquarters in Detroit; several years' acquaintance manufacturers' territory; want good line of strong progressive house to handle there; ready to go now. A. L. B., 471 Irvington Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

SALESMAN desires connection with reliable steel, hardware, or small tool house; excellent selling and practical experience; very well acquainted with city trade; aged 27; good appearance; hard worker. B 472 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—First class; desires permanent connection with future; experienced in silks, hosiery, and specialty lines; salary or salary and commission; immediate engagement. L 121 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young; an open for good selling proposition; speaks Spanish. L 49 Times.

SALESMAN.—Position desired as salesman, retail and wholesale business. X 359 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, now employed; willing to sell on commission; highest references. K 233 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling, Eastern States, established trade, leather and shoe finding, interested in side line. Y 249 Times Bronx.

SALESMAN, (34,) general experience, desires position; city or road. K 176 Times.

SALESMAN.—Have traveling experience; will accept good position. K 175 Times.

SECRETARY, over 10 years' experience, seeks employment with busy executive; best references furnished; not afraid of hard work. Address G 683 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, thoroughly acquainted with shipping department routine, desires position. G 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office clerk, experienced; former Government stenographer; honorable army discharge. R 571 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; thorough knowledge Spanish; American, 30 years of age; recently discharged from army; permanent position desired; $30. L 86 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years in secretarial and technical work; willing to give part time for small salary with privilege of doing public work. B 480 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, some knowledge Spanish, desires position export house; salary secondary. G 734 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; 18; experienced; knows how and when to do things. K 144 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, 34, eleven years' experience manufacturing, laboratory, chemicals, desires position assistant or executive. Technical, Box 231 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT, charge two nine-story elevator, desires change Feb. 1; mechanic; own tools, good renter. Supt., 39 E. 27th.

TRAFFIC CLERK. Thorough knowledge tariffs, classification, claims, &c., desires position reliable concern. S 573 Times Downtown.

UNITED STATES ARMY AVIATOR, honorably discharged from service, age 28, wishes position requiring travel to foreign countries; willing to accept position of any type of this nature and will go anywhere with responsible parties. X 319 Times Annex.

WOOLEN PIECE GOODS MAN thoroughly familiar with all trades; also market conditions; looking for an opening where these qualifications can be utilized. R 234 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 29, single, honorably discharged, seeks position with a reliable concern, where intelligence and common sense are required; have inherited a fortune, but am too energetic to depend upon this money as an only source of income. L 102 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) honorably discharged U. S. A., desires position with import and export house offering opportunity to learn; active, aggressive, willing. R 557 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, college, legal, business training, knowledge modern languages, expert investigator and reporter, seeks connection with export, import firm or publication. R 1078 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) mechanical engineering student 2 years' technical high school graduate, knowledge of mechanical drafting and machine shop methods, desirous of opening for future. B 445 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, a college graduate, recently discharged, thoroughly experienced stenographer, industrious, loyal, intelligent, and with initiative, desires to assist executive. L 118 Times.

YOUNG college graduate, (22,) naval release, reliable and experienced, knowledge accounting, desires opening with concern where advancement and reasonable salary are offered. R 231 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) army discharge, 4 years' clerical experience. What can you offer ambitious young man not afraid of work? Unquestionable references. R 572 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, competent stenographer and clerk, desires to connect with progressive firm. L 119 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, thorough knowledge bookkeeping, selling ability; willing and conscientious, desires good connection. M. D., 811 East 168th St.

YOUNG MAN, recently honorably discharged from army, desires position as salesman in city; can furnish his Ford roadster; highest references. C. Y., 808 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25); wishes position with coal company; 11 years' experience; managed a branch yard. William Geiss, 287 Marion St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 19, army discharge, good figurer, bookkeeping and general office experience, college education, desires position. B 478 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, American, 24, honorable discharge marines, wishes position business house; good education, experience, references; reasonable. H 269 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes position where salesman will be future. B 474 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, well educated, with business experience, position anything. G 727 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, 3 years with knit goods concern, desires position; excellent references. A 430 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly familiar with office detail, desires position with growing concern; salary $25. S 558 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 27, married, wishes position anything; best references. R 574 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires opportunity; thorough clerical and bookkeeping knowledge. B 1076 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (29,) hard worker, salesman, executive ability; master anything. R 229 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, school graduate; A1 references; advancement. K 254 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ARTISTS, experienced newspaper advertising illustrations, lettering, furniture photo layouts. Call with samples, Copic Service Co., Inc., 176 Fulton St., city.

ARTISTS.—Girls for stencil coloring on greeting cards; experienced preferred. Dreyfuss Art Co., 133 East 16th.

BOOKKEEPERS-BILLERS.

BOOKKEEPERS, ON CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS; DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE PREFERRED; PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR THOSE WHO CAN QUALIFY.

ALSO

OPERATORS ON ELLIS BILLING MACHINES.

BEST & CO. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 8:30-12 A. M.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Prominent garment house requires experienced bookkeeper; must be quick and accurate; no application considered without complete record of previous employment and last salary. Address in confidence Perling & Maer, Inc., 148 Madison Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT wanted by large establishment; accustomed to purchase ledger work; must be able to take off a trial balance and work with little supervision; elegant opportunity for advancement; state age, experience and salary expected and give telephone number. Write "B. L.," Box 41, 1,358 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST. — To take full charge small office, floor coverings, with banking connection; neat, active, accurate at figures; state age, experience, religion; $15 to start, good opportunity; hours 9-5:30. Jobber. B 350 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, wanted; must have commercial experience and competent to take charge of a small set of books; state experience, references, age and salary desired. B., 1075 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER in a law office; young woman with knowledge of stenography; state experience and wages desired. W. C., Box 421 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; must be accurate at figures; references required. Address in own handwriting. B 352 Times.

BOOKKEEPER who is also a stenographer and typist. Call with a handwritten letter, applying for the position, A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in office work. Address, giving reference and salary. L 106 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT for large concern; state salary and experience. A 439 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. Makelburg Specialty, 9 Walker St.

CASHIER, experienced; references. Apply manager Symphony Theatre, 96th St. and Broadway.

CASHIER in meat market; permanent position. M. Buchsbaum, 792 Columbus Av.

CLERKS, tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young lady, publicity department; refined, educated, quick to learn, good typist; steady employment; begin $16. K 264 Times.

CLERKS, $45 monthly; rapid advancement; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; high school graduates; ages 18-23. Write, Clerk, P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Station.

COLLEGE WOMEN wanted to do quantitative and qualitative analysis in the laboratory of a large manufacturing concern; the post offers opportunities for research work and holds out excellent prospects for advancement. X 328 Times Annex.

COMPTOMETER CLERK, permanent position and good salary. The Calculating Co., 50 Church St.

CORSET OPERATOR.—Experienced in alterations wanted in high-class specialty shop; steady work in all seasons; pleasant surroundings and working conditions; good salary. Van Orden Shop, 379 5th Av., New York.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, experienced; accurate typist; one who is a good stenographer preferred; state salary expected. S 580 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Good position for capable operator; state age, religion, experience, whether stenographer and salary. G 739 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Must be experienced. Apply The Magazine of Wall St., 42 Broadway.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, capable and reliable; exceptionally pleasant home; family 2 adults; apartment. Call any time. Hoskins, 8 West 37th St. Telephone 2412 Greeley.

GIRL.—Desirable position for girl not over 23 years old, assist mother with girl going to school and do part of housework; have another girl who cooks and does part of housework; must wait on table; two adults; American family; wages, $35. Telephone Academy 2570, Apt. 5 south.

GIRLS under 20 years of age for internal messenger service in financial institution Wall Street district; answer GW, P. O. Box 372, City Hall Sta., New York, stating age, education, and whether living with parents; also give references; previous experience not necessary.

GIRL, 18 to 21 years old, do some housework, family two adults, and assist mother nine-year schoolgirl; wages, $40-$50; New York apartment; American family. Telephone Academy 126.

GIRL wanted in showroom, ladies' waists, to wait on wholesale trade, experienced only; knowledge of typewriting. Call Saturday morning, after 10 A. M., Hagedorn & Merz Co., 2 West 33d St., Room 1003.

GIRL.—Experienced veiling sample girl; good salary, steady position. Apply Herbert B. Lederer Co., 91 5th Av.

GIRL, refined, for portrait studio. Knickerbocker Galleries, 1,400 Broadway.

GIRLS to keep stock in high-class underwear establishment. Brand, 3 East 46th.

GOVERNESS, French, for large family living in the country; must be fond of sports, riding, etc.; applicant state qualifications, give references and religion, and apply by letter to A 794 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORK.—Lady wants young women, (white,) light housework, 9 to 1; four rooms; give age, nationality, salary. B 449 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORK.—Woman for general housework in small private family. Call 78 Haven Av., or telephone 5324 Audubon.

MILLINERY.—Experienced designer; high-class retail trade; salary no object. Belmont Millinery, 316 Bergenline Av., Union Hill, N. J.

MODELS. ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON WRAPS IN SHOWROOM; SIZES 16 AND 36; FIVE DAYS PER WEEK; GOOD SALARY. WILLIAM FISCHMAN, 15 EAST 26TH.

MODELS wanted for photographic fashion posing; tall, good-looking women; misses, juniors. Stone, Van Dresser Co., Inc., Flatiron Building.

MODELS, EXPERIENCED, WANTED IN COAT HOUSE, BUST 36; GOOD PAY, LONG SEASON. BERNSTEIN & MEYERS, 131 WEST 26TH.

MODEL.—Will blond young lady, 5 feet 11 inches tall, who called at the S. V. Co., Flatiron Building, on Wednesday, about photographic posing, please call immediately?

MODEL, size 36, for coats and suits; long season, pleasant surroundings, good pay. Mutual Garment Co., 16 West 32d.

MODELS, size 36 and 16, experienced; good position. Modern Cloak and Suit House, 15 West 26th.

MODELS, attractive, to try on misses' and juniors' suits; long season and good salaries. S. A. Francke & Co., 30 West 25th St.

MODELS, SIZE 16 AND 36, FOR CLOAKS AND SUITS. MAX LACHMAN SON, INC., 302 5TH AV.

MODELS for cloak and suit house; 16 and 36; highest salary; long season. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

MODELS wanted, size 16. Sol. A. Pyle Co., 17 West 28th St.

NURSE, NORLAND, WANTED, OR SUPERIOR ENGLISH NURSERY GOVERNESS FOR SIX-YEAR-OLD CHILD. WRITE, GIVING QUALIFICATIONS AND REFERENCES, X 357 TIMES ANNEX.

NURSE wanted; experienced baby nurse of highest references and character to take full charge of 1-year-old baby; liberal salary. Telephone, 10 to 12, 2539 Schuyler.

NURSE, EXPERIENCED, TO TAKE FULL CHARGE OF INFANT, 5 MONTHS OLD AND GIRL 5 YEARS OLD; GOOD SALARY. APPLY FRIDAY, 11 TO 1, MRS. MAX WEINSTEIN, 246 WEST END AV.

NURSE.—Wanted in Brooklyn, intelligent young woman who likes children as nurse and companion. For particulars call at 530 Manhattan Av., N. Y. City, Friday night or Sunday morning.

NURSE.—Thoroughly experienced and competent, for one child, 15 months; wages $50-$60; position permanent. Apply Mrs. E. S. Palmer, Hotel Ansonia, 73d and Broadway.

NURSE, practical, for early February; state reference and salary wanted. K 213 Times.

OPERATOR, Ellis billing machine; quick and accurate; neat appearance. Apply in person, Grande Maison de Blanc, 538 5th Av.

PUPIL NURSES for one-year course leading to certificate of trained obstetrical nurse; course includes lectures, classroom instruction, and practical work in maternity and pediatric department of registered training school. Supt. of Nurses, St. Elizabeth Hospital, 204 S. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

SAMPLE GIRL wanted by silk commission house to take full charge of sample department; state age, experience, and references. S 575 Times Downtown.

SALESLADY. We want a young woman of tact and responsibility to sell maps in New York City on commission basis; references required. L 112 Times.

SECRETARY. President of advertising concern requires services of capable young lady; knowledge of dictating machine necessary; excellent advancement; start $25. Thos. A. Edison, 114 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in advertising make-up department for large publishing house; state experience and salary; replies confidential. Address

BRAINS, 1,610 ST. JAMES BLDG.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; excellent opportunity for experienced, ambitious girl. Apply C. Young, Rogers Peet Co., 842 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; permanent position, with prospects for advancement, for refined, capable young lady. Apply in own writing, stating age, religion, previous experience, and salary. B. R., 415 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—By The New York Times, War Volume Department, Room 1710, Times Building, Times Square, a competent young woman who can assist with office work; must be quick and accurate; salary to start, $14 per week. Call between 9 and 10 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; also required to do office work. APPLY 89 WEST 3D ST.

STENOTYPIST.—Young lady of intelligence around 30 preferred; capable keeping small set of books; rapid advancement as merited; but a trial week for $15, then full worth. Apply with written application. Advertising experience is preferred but not essential. Room 1816, 150 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Vice president of manufacturing company requires services of capable stenographer until about May 1; applicant must be familiar with filing and other routine office matters. X 341 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER in export department of large chemical house; must have mercantile experience, good education, rapid and accurate; excellent position at a satisfactory salary; state references, experience, salary. Apply R 520 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; those having waited on buyers in showroom preferred; excellent opportunity for right party. Address, stating full particulars, B 854 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Permanent position manufacturing business; salary, $16 weekly start; prospect of advance; must be experienced, accurate, rapid worker, with best references. R 578 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, experienced stenographer and typist; bright, active girl; a good opportunity. Address or call, Frank P. Kruger, 80-82 Wooster St., near Spring.

STENOGRAPHER in office of manufacturing firm; competent, accurate, and neat stenographer, Underwood operator; state experience and salary; apply by letter. Gerstendorfer Bros., 231 East 42d.

STENOGRAPHER, high school education, experienced in filing and general office work; must have very best references. Apply to A. E. Vaughan, 165 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHERS IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; MODERATE SALARY; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY DESIRED. B 357 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Treasurer of manufacturing company requires services of capable stenographer; must be familiar with filing and other routine office matters. X 340 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced Remington operator for 5th Av. specialty store; hours, 8:30 to 6 P. M., including Saturday. Apply in person, E. B. Meyrowitz, Inc., 520 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, well educated; hours 9 to 5; permanent position to intelligent, willing girl; state age, previous experience, and salary expected. Address O 395 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; bright girl; accurate; one familiar with mail order business preferred, though not essential; state experience, age, salary. B 346 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate, well educated, fast and willing worker; thoroughly experienced for a high-class position; hours 9 to 5. Address B 863 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and office manager who has had executive duties to perform; must have best of references. Apply American Red Cross, 165 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, familiar with office details, who is accurate at figures; salary not over $15. Harry Hess & Co., 212 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, young lady, must be experienced; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in person, Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., 1,871 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, factory office; write, stating experience and salary. T. B., 118 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; permanent position; salary to start, $16. Reply fully B 486 Times Downtown.

STENOTYPIST.—Expert young lady or man. Write, stating education, speed, salary desired. B 845 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Sedgwick Machine Works, 150 West 15th St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Young lady, and to do typewriting; must be efficient; state salary. B 459 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR with commercial experience for switchboard of large importing house. K. E., 210 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, in garage; state age, salary, experience. T. W., 210 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR AND TYPIST for general office work. R 225 Times.

TYPIST.—Young lady with some clerical experience wanted; must be a good worker and accurate. Apply in person, Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., 1,871 Broadway.

TYPIST, rapid, for general office work; permanent position; good salary; reasonable hours. Apply Saturday until 4 P. M., Room 1136, 200 5th Av.

TYPIST, tested on speed, accuracy, and neatness; fair wages, good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

TYPISTS, piece work; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman.

TYPIST.—Permanent position with advancement. State age and salary desired. Address Typist, 100 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, good grammarian; $12. O'Connor, 1,149 Broadway.

WAITRESS, CHAMBERMAID, capable, wanted by American family, five persons, occupying modern apartment, East 82d, maid will have comfortable room alone, adjoining bathroom; $40 a month; please state nationality, religion, age, previous experience. X 338 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY WHO HAS HAD SELLING EXPERIENCE IN BOOK STORE PREFERRED, OR DRUG STORE EXPERIENCE; HOURS FROM 1 P. M. TO 9:30 P. M., NO SUNDAY WORK. CALL LEVY BROS. BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS, 2,305 BROADWAY AT 83D ST.

YOUNG WOMAN.—School teacher or equivalent training to do estimating; exceptional opportunity. Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, 330 Wythe Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY wanted, experienced on operating multigraph machine; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in person, Firestone Tire and Rubber Co., 1,871 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN.—Permanent position in reception room for intelligent, courteous young woman; do clerical work and run elevator; salary $10. Call 153 5th Av.

YOUNG LADIES, good figures, size 16 and 36, for modeling in cloak and suit house; good salary. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

YOUNG LADY, refined, learn interior decoration; small salary. Suite 363, 35 West 39th.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents on agate line.

OVER THREE THOUSAND GIRLS AND WOMEN have been placed by us in positions paying FROM $12 TO $35 PER WEEK. Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building. Branches: Philadelphia, Boston.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes. PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS. Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English is Good Business," at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New classes will meet on Wednesday, from 6:30 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for booklet, "Your English," and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FRENCH AND SPANISH. Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every-day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 102. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 18 years old; advanced registration and references required.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL for women; largest and best equipped; visitors who wish to inspect the school should secure free pass at West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet. CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6955.

Typewriting instruction given free, exchange answering telephone. B 475 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NO REGISTRATION FEE. 25 STENOGRAPHERS (Americans) for permanent positions (hours 9-5, half-day Saturday) in banking, commercial, export and insurance offices. Salaries range $15-$25 weekly. 3 TYPISTS (Banks, Oil and Commercial), $18-$20. 10 TYPISTS (Commercial and Insurance), $12-$14-$15. JUNIOR FILING Clerks, $12. AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE, 7 Pine Street.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519. STENOGRAPHERS, legal........$18 to $25 STENOGRAPHER, commercial......$15 to $20 TYPIST, clerks..........$15 to $20

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Stenographers, numerous vacancies, legal, commercial, expert and beginners; switchboard operators, $12-$15; typist; office worker, $17; filers, bookkeepers; free registration.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY, 93 NASSAU ST. 489 5TH AV. STENOGRAPHERS, $15-$20.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS.

TWO COMPETENT QUALIFIED SENIORS WITH TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE IN PUBLIC ACCOUNTING; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, AND RELIGION; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT FIRM, A 428 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT, EXPERIENCED IN ALL BRANCHES OF ACCOUNTING AND GENERAL BOOKKEEPING; PERMANENT POSITION WITH LARGE CORPORATION; STATE AGE, QUALIFICATIONS, AND COMPENSATION. ADDRESS ACCOUNTANT, BOX 302, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

ACCOUNTANT SENIOR by established firm of New York accountants for permanent staff; a competent senior accountant; state age, compensation and full details of qualifications; references will be treated in strictest confidence. Write Room 1014, 56 Pine St.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, senior and junior, in office of certified public accountant; permanent position to right parties; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 424 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN with knowledge of layout, mailing lists, follow-up systems, and modern business building methods; conscientious, hard worker; state age, experience, and salary expected. S. A., 96 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—Three experienced preferred; commission basis. Apply in person. Room 1805, 220 West 42d St.

ALTERATION DEPT. REQUIRES PRESSERS ON WOMEN'S GARMENTS.

BEST & CO. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 West 35th St., 8:30-10:30.

ARMATURE WINDER wanted for general repair shop work. Call 70 East 11th St.

ARTISTS. — Experienced newspaper advertising illustrations, lettering, furniture, photo layouts. Call with samples, Copic Service Co., Inc., 176 Fulton St., City.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER. — Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, requires an assistant bookkeeper; salary to start, $12 per week. Apply with credentials at 10 A. M.

AUTOMOBILES.

COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILE BODY BUILDERS AND BODY PAINTERS. APPLY WARD BAKING CO., CONCORD AV. AND EAST 143D ST., BRONX.

BANK MESSENGER wanted; call immediately. Cosmopolitan Bank, 803 Prospect Av.

BILLIARD MECHANIC, to set up, overhaul, and cover table. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d St.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT WANTED BY COMPANY MANUFACTURING GAS MIXING MACHINERY; YOUNG MAN WITH MECHANICAL AND BOOKKEEPING EXPERIENCE; ONLY EX-SOLDIER WITH HONORABLE DISCHARGE AND GOOD ARMY RECORD NEED APPLY; APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, STATING FULLY NAMES OF EMPLOYERS BEFORE ENTERING ARMY, AND BRANCH OF ARMY SERVICE FILLED. ADDRESS LETTER TO THOMAS F. CREAN, TREASURER, SELAS CO., 525 W. 23D ST.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT wanted; one thoroughly familiar with general office work; give full particulars, kind of work have done, salary, references, in own handwriting. International Feature Service, Inc., 246 West 59th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; good opportunity; state salary, experience. Box 87, West New York, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER.—One who has had experience in cloak line. Box P. P. 614, 1,263 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER. — Must understand bookkeeping in all its branches. K 200 Times.

BOYS.

For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE STREET, Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOY WANTED FOR NIGHT WORK IN COMPOSING ROOM; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; HOURS 7 P. M. TO 3 A. M. APPLY AFTER 6 P. M., TIMES ANNEX, 43D ST., 4TH FLOOR.

BOY wanted as beginner in office of mercantile corporation; must be reliable and of good character and appearance; apply in own handwriting, stating age, references and salary expected. Jonas & Naumburg, Inc., 1,107 Broadway, New York City.

BOYS FOR BANK. Good opportunity for several boys, 14-17 years, starting in various departments of a large downtown bank; good salary, lunches, and other benefits; state age, schooling, and experience. R 577 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Permanent position with excellent chance of advancement is offered to bright, ambitious boy in office of well known publishing house; write giving age, references and salary expected. D. A. 517 Times.

BOY.—Downtown real estate and insurance office offers opportunity to learn business; age 17-18; $9 to start; answer in own handwriting. Address "Advancement," 702 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Work in large publishing house, good chance advancement; hours 8:30 to 5:00; 12 o'clock on Saturday; call The Iron Age Publishing Co., 239 West 39th.

BOY to begin as messenger in bank; good chances for advancement; advancement made from the ranks; state age. Address Box 82, 2,121 3d Av.

BOY of neat appearance for office of large cotton and silk house to run errands and do filing; good chance for advancement for bright boy. Apply by letter. K 179 Times.

BOY about 17 years of age for office; steady position; good chance for advancement. Apply Friday morning, Room 304, 17 West 42d St.

BOY wanted for stock and shipping department to make himself generally useful; wages to start, $12; advancement. V. Z. J. Co., 636 Broadway.

BOY wanted in office of large fancy goods house; must write good hand and be quick in figures; $9 weekly to start. Reply in own handwriting, A 438 Times Downtown.

BOY for messenger service in daily newspaper; hours, 8:30 to 5:30; good opportunity; salary to start, $8. Apply 229 West 43d, second floor.

BOY, about 16, anxious to become an artist, to assist in art department; salary $7 week. Ethridge Co., 25 East 26th St.

BOY wanted, 16 to 18 years of age, wholesale glass house, for general office work. Benjamin Griffin, 40 Vestry St.

BOYS.—Over 16; go errands; also helpers house departments. R 522 Times Downtown.

BOY, ambitious, wanted to learn wholesale business; good opportunity advancement. K 259 Times.

BOY for night work in newspaper office; hours, 5 to 12; salary to start, $8; state age. Apply 229 West 43d St., second floor.

BOY, bright, to learn the shoe machinery business; excellent chance for advancement. Richard J. Leies, 32 Warren St.

BOYS.—Intelligent, for errands; advancement. E. De Grandmont, Inc., 20 West 37th St.

BOY for office work; age 15-16; give reference and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 538, City Hall station, N. Y. City.

BOY wanted by wholesale linen house to deliver packages; $9. Apply L 134 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOY wanted, over 16, American, in office large wholesale house; chance advancement. Apply at 7 Leonard St., New York.

BUYER, milling and plumbing supplies; must be capable; state age, religion, experience, references, and salary expected. G 740 Times Downtown.

BUYER, automobile supplies; must be capable; state religion, age, salary expected, references. B 458 Times Downtown.

C. P. A. Wanted by accounting concern; possibility of firm membership for right man, account member of firm retiring; state briefly age, nationality, experience, in first letter. R 544 Times Downtown.

CASHIER, LIFE INSURANCE. A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. Address A 422 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS wanted, live wire, for new publication for those interested; commission basis only; references required. Apply in person. Room 1613, 220 West 42d St.

CARPENTERS FOR WORK IN SOUTH. APPLY U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 22 EAST 22D ST. JAMES STEWART & CO.

CHIEF ENGINEER. Chief operating engineer, 2,000-horse power vertical engine, plant with elevator, refrigerating plant, and air compressors; must have New York license; unusual opportunity for progressive man; large New York City concern of long standing wants a good man for a permanent place. T. K., 225 Times.

CHICAGO REPRESENTATIVE to handle a strong line of dresses at $12.75 to $27.50; commission basis. C. D., 808 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Wanted for an industrial plant at Perth Amboy, N. J., a production and cost clerk; technical training and experience in this kind of work essential; salary to start $100 per month. Address, with full details, P. L. F., Post Office Box 307, Perth Amboy, N. J.

CLERK, experienced in workman's compensation statistics; state age, experience, salary desired at start. A 426 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, age 25-30, capable of handling large volume of detail collection work and securing results without antagonism; an opportunity is offered for advancement. P. O. Box 1201, New York.

COST ACCOUNTANT.

ONE OF THE LARGEST RUBBER COMPANIES IN AKRON, OHIO, DESIRES TO GET IN TOUCH WITH AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT WHO HAS MADE A SPECIALTY OF "COSTS."

THE REQUIREMENTS ARE FOR A MAN WHO HAS HAD CONSPICUOUS SUCCESS IN THE INSTALLATION OF COST SYSTEMS, PREFERABLY WITH A RECOGNIZED FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AND SEVERAL YEARS OF EXPERIENCE IN ACTUAL CHARGE OF GENERAL ACCOUNTING AND COST ACCOUNTING WITH SOME LARGE COMPANY.

PLEASE GIVE FULL PARTICULARS OF PERSONAL HISTORY AND BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, AND IF POSSIBLE ENCLOSE A PHOTOGRAPH WHICH WILL BE RETURNED.

THIS POSITION IS UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE, BOTH AS TO PRESENT SALARY AND FUTURE PROSPECTS.

P. O. BOX 402, AKRON, OHIO.

CREDIT MANAGER. High-class, experienced credit manager for large manufacturing concern selling at retail on installments; large debit requiring man of unusual ability, tact, and personality; corporation is one of the oldest and largest in its line; to the man capable of filling this position an unusually good opening is presented; state experience and salary expected. C. M. S., 579 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER, experienced on children's and junior's coats. A 425 Times Downtown.

DISTRICT SALES AGENT wanted for Cincinnati, Kansas City, and Milwaukee; must be familiar with steam power plants; commission basis; some of our agents making as high as $1,100 per month. Room 1007, 15 East 40th St.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced on motor truck parts and body drawings. Apply Mr. Smith, AMERICAN RAILWAY EXPRESS CO., 218 EAST 44TH ST.

EXPORT. Export house of reputation is looking for an executive whose training and experience qualify him to organize and direct a machinery department; a liberal salary and an attractive bonus will be offered to the right party; to receive attention, applicants must give their full history in first letter. B 429 Times Downtown.

FASHION ARTIST wanted, experienced; to a man who can adapt himself to figure and commercial work between seasons a steady position is guaranteed; a good starting salary and splendid prospects for the right man; send samples and state salary desired. Grip Limited, Toronto, Canada.

GARDENER-CHAUFFEUR; city Winter, country Summer; state age, nationality, experience, reference. Address M. L., 70 5th Av., Room 817.

GOLF AND SPORTING GOODS SALESMEN. FREDERICK LOESER & CO., BROOKLYN, REQUIRE A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED GOLF AND SPORTING GOODS SALESMAN, ONE FAMILIAR WITH THE GAME OF GOLF AND CAPABLE OF ASSISTING MANAGER OF DEPARTMENT. APPLY ANY HOUR OF THE DAY TO SUPERINTENDENT, 4TH FLOOR.

INKMAKER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF LITHOGRAPHIC INKS; STATE AGE AND FORMER EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS B 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

JAMES McCREERY & CO. require the services of a number of SALESMEN for MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. Apply Superintendent's Office, Eighth Floor, 35th St., Employes' Entrance.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS, union, above scale for clean, fast operators; night side. J. J. Little & Ives, 425 East 24th.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN.—A large manufacturer with office and salesroom on 5th Av., New York, has an opening in its sales department for a college man who would be willing to serve a short apprenticeship in its factory and salesrooms before taking up an active position in its sales organization. K 249 Times.

MAN.—An excellent home and board for educated, refined man, 25 to 30; salary start $50 month; pleasing personality; as companion nervous breakdown student. Apply 10 to 12, store, 168 West 24th.

MANAGER.—Wanted, a gentleman to undertake the management of the London office of a company and introduce a high-class natural mineral water; he must be equipped with first-class experience, a thorough knowledge of advertising, and an acquaintance with first-class hotels, restaurant clubs, &c. Address, with full particulars as to experience, reference, salary expected, &c., to Box No. 200, T. B. Browne, Ltd., Aeolian Building, 33 West 42d St., New York City.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MANAGER for ready-to-wear specialty store in New York State; must be thoroughly experienced and capable of conducting a store and handling a large volume of business; excellent opportunity and good salary for the right man; will interview from 9 to 1 P. M. Friday. Apply Epstein, Quinto & Bro., Inc., 122 West 27th St.

MERCHANDISE MAN. Man who has had broad training as merchandise man or buyer of a large retail establishment, to act in the capacity of merchandise manager; no statistician; only those thoroughly experienced in handling merchandise and supervising others will be considered. Apply by letter, stating in detail experience and lines of merchandise you are acquainted with, to Dept. A. M. M. BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59th St. and Lexington Av.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN.—Man about 30, for draftsman detailer and calculator on heavy machinery; permanent position for right party; employment in Jersey City. X 351 Times Annex.

MESSENGERS.—Wanted, by large downtown bank, young men as messengers; between the age of 18 and 19 years. R 543 Times Downtown.

MESSENGERS.—Wanted, by large downtown institution, boys as interior messengers. R 542 Times Downtown.

MILLINERY MANAGER FOR LARGE, EXCLUSIVE MILLINERY STORE IN PITTSBURGH; ONLY THOSE WHO ARE THOROUGHLY VERSED IN EVERY BRANCH OF THE BUSINESS AND UNDERSTAND ADVERTISING NEED APPLY; SALARY $75 WEEK, WITH GOOD PROSPECTS. APPLY A. FRUCHTER, 315 5TH AV.

NICKEL ANNODE MAKER wanted in foundry of local concern; one with long experience wanted, who understands his business thoroughly; write particulars. R 505 Times Downtown.

NIGHT CLERK.—Take charge sailors' home; one with hotel experience. Apply Housekeeper Sailors' Home, 819 East 17th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Level-headed, clean-cut gentleman as office assistant; preferably one who has had motion picture office experience; state experience and past salaries. B 333 Times.

OFFICE BOY. Wholesale house has opening for bright, ambitious boy; good opportunity for advancement. I. D. BLOCH & CO., 153 5TH AVENUE.

OFFICE BOY; bright, ambitious, and reliable; excellent opportunity; state age, salary, and nationality of parents. B 359 Times.

OFFICE BOY, industrious and willing; good chance for advancement; apply with hand written application. George B. Herzig, 39 West 29th St.

OFFICE BOYS, several, wanted by a large and well-known fire insurance company; opportunity for advancement. A 433 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS BOY WANTED IN OFFICE OF WHOLESALE HOUSE. APPLY 153 5TH AV.

OFFICE BOY; $10; good chances for advancement; short hours; call before 12. 132 Nassau St., Room 209.

OFFICE BOY.—Apply Magazine of Wall St., 42 Broadway, 5th floor.

PANTS MANUFACTURER, proved executive and manufacturing ability, to take complete charge of manufacturing department of large pants house; a rare opportunity for a progressive, capable man, who can handle successfully a large proposition; in strict confidence give in detail experience and full particulars. Address Pants 228 Times Downtown.

PAPER CONTAINERS.—Man familiar with manufacture and heading of round containers to superintend equipment new factory; good fee and possible permanent employment. G 780 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN wanted to consult concerning high-grade preparation about to be marketed; signed statements desired for publication if physician finds claims amply justified. Reply in confidence. K 275 Times.

PIANO SALESMEN. GIMBEL BROTHERS, Broadway and 33d St., require high-grade piano salesmen; excellent opportunity. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR.

PUBLISHING HOUSE has vacancy for bright young man not over 19 years old in art department; experience not necessary; state age, salary expected, and full particulars. Opportunity, P. O. Box 24, Station O, New York City.

RIVETERS, calkers, chippers for marine boiler works, first-class men. Apply New York Engineering Co., foot Babcock Place, Yonkers.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Services of first-class, sensible salesman of pleasing personality for Eastern representative of well-established Middle West carton and label printing house; give references, with full detail of age, experience, and salary or commission expected, also whether or not employed at present; excellent opportunity. X 332 Times Annex.

SALESMAN. We want clean-cut American, under 30, to sell maps in New York City and vicinity on commission basis; this is not a gold mine; references. L 111 Times.

SALESMEN.—WORLD'S LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF PIPE ORGAN THEATRE ONE MAN ORCHESTRAS, 63 YEARS IN FIELD, WANT LIVE WIRE SALESMEN, CITY AND ROAD; SALARY AND COMMISSION. CALL BETWEEN 10 AND 11, WURLITZER HALL, 120 W. 41ST ST.

SALESMEN wanted to sell caps in the Western territory; must have experience in selling this line; we have two established territories; a good opportunity for first-class men only; state in your first letter your past experience; commission, traveling expenses, and drawing account. Empire Cap Mfg. Co., 908-10 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMEN to cover department stores of New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade and lines will be considered; no others need apply; commission basis. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN wanted for New York City and Brooklyn, one having New York office preferred, to handle well-known line of bungalow aprons and apron dresses; must have acquaintance with buyers of muslin underwear; commission basis. Apply direct to Stirling Mfg. Co., Oswego, N. Y.

SALESMAN to cover department stores of New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high class man, thoroughly acquainted with the trade and lines, will be considered; no others need apply; commission basis. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN wanted by retail jewelry establishment; to a man of good personality possessing experience and ideas we offer a permanent position where loyal service will be appreciated; good salary to man who will produce results; replies treated confidentially. K 270 Times.

SALESMAN to cover established territory, Pennsylvania and New York State, to sell notions, ladies' and children's ready-to-wear merchandise; only those having thorough knowledge of the stated lines need apply; salary or commission. Baumgart, 518 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted; live experienced salesman to represent us in New York City, and one in Boston and New England States, selling STEK-O paste and our other adhesives; salary or commission; give age, experience and references. Clark Paper & Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Prominent immediate delivery coat house, specializing coats and capes exclusively, $10.00 to $40.00, open for general salesman who can show records producing $100,000 sales or over; unusual opportunity; communication strictly confidential; commission. X 336 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Prominent immediate delivery coat house, specializing coats and capes exclusively, $10.00 to $40.00, open for general salesman who can show records producing $100,000 sales or over; unusual opportunity; communication strictly confidential; commission. X 336 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, by prominent manufacturer; handle their lines decorative art linens, pillow cases, and infants' wear for following territories: South and Coast; can be handled conjunction with non-conflicting lines; commission basis. C. F., Times Downtown.

SALESMAN TO HANDLE LINE OF MARABOU AND OSTRICH FEATHER NECKWEAR; ONE ABOUT TO START ON ROAD WITH KINDRED LINE PREFERRED; COMMISSION. O. U., 809 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN for Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York; must be experienced; reference required; salary. Preston Shirt Co., 465 Broome St.

SALESMAN wanted to carry side line work shirts; Oklahoma and Texas; commission. Preston Shirt Co., 465 Broome St.

SALESMEN wanted to take out a line of picture frames; commission basis. Terrace Mfg. Co., 241 Centre St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN; $3.50 a day and commission; steady work and good chance for advancement with old established Pittsburgh toilet goods house; men discharged recently from the U. S. service given preference. Ask for, MR. CONDON, 214 Livingston St., Room 3. Opposite Abraham & Straus, at Hoyt St. Subway Station, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN WANTED. We are looking for a really high-grade specialty salesman who has actually ... worth while specialties on territorial ... contract basis, where the agent was ... to purchase a minimum quantity in order ... secure contract. The man we want ... be about middle age, in good health ... ten thousand dollar per year class ... and prepared to travel. This man ... also have had some experience selling ... to round out his experience, although ... will form no part of his activity with ... On our part, we have an absolutely ... clear business proposition, distinctly ... while, involving the marketing of ... and office appliances which are grade "A" ... in every respect. Drawing account and commission. If you feel you are the man we want to see, call any time after 10 o'clock and ask for Mr. Montgomery, at 280 Lafayette St., New York City.

SALESMAN. Manufacturers and refiners of well-known brand automobile oils, greases, and soaps open for high-class livewire man for N. Y. City; must be thoroughly conversant with trade and capable of landing distributors, dealers, and jobbers; straight salary; only those who have made a success in selling considered; unusual opportunity; open now; explain why you want to change, giving age and qualifications. B 263 Times.

SALESMEN Wanted for All Territories for HANDKERCHIEFS, LACES, CURTAINS, DRAPERIES AND WHITE GOODS. Liberal arrangements on commission basis or drawing account against commission ... be made with men familiar with the ... and good following with retail trade, or ... be carried as a side line on strictly ... mission basis. Address with full particulars ... as to territory covered and references, ... 210 Times.

SALESMEN.—Part or full time; opportunity to make $1,500 to $2,500 yearly selling new "Triple" Indemnity Policy; nothing like it ever issued; pays $120 monthly for accident and sickness, $... monthly ... $360 monthly for travel accident; cost ... $24 yearly; one-half benefits, $12; great demand for same and easy seller; big commission. Call or write for particulars, Fred J. Schaefer & Co., Managers, ... Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN, with knowledge of bristles, is offered excellent opportunity with large corporation; salary or commission basis; in replying give full details, and applications will be treated in the strictest confidence. Address R 552 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—We manufacture permanent military testimonial tablets, for which there is a ready sale to all who display service flags; this is the most artistic ... on the market; only high-class men of proven selling ability capable of interviewing big men need apply; state particulars in first letter fully; commission basis with liberal advancement as soon as sales are made. K 210 Times.

SALESMAN—BUTTONS. One who has sold same or kindred line to skirt, coat, and dress trade; commission basis. Call 11:30, National Pearl Works, ... East 23d St.

SALESMAN with bank following ... "Cesco" fine loose leaf, accounting forms, binders, &c.; commission. Apply Friday and Saturday A. M., Piedmont Co., 200 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted; high-class man for all territories, also to call on resident buyers in the city to sell coats, suits, and dresses; first-class man only; salary and commission. B 361 Times.

SALESMAN covering West at present, with following among domestic buyers, to handle well known brand embroidered pillow cases, scarfs, &c., as side line; commission. B. B., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, covering West at present, with following among domestic buyers, to handle well known brand embroidered pillow cases, scarfs, &c., as side line; commission. B. B., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, for apron line, metropolitan district, acquainted with department store buyers; commission basis; apply by letter only, stating past experience. W. H. Dean, 45 East 17th.

SALESMAN, CLOTHING, EXPERIENCED, WANTED; GOOD SALARY AND PROSPECTS FOR THE RIGHT MAN. MANUFACTURERS OUTLET CLOTHING CO., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

SALESMAN wanted, notion or ribbon ... each State to carry on commission as side line our Hair Bow Holder, which every department store carries. Goldsmith & ...berg, Providence, R. I.

SALESMEN.—Experienced men in bonds, stocks, or real estate; high-class proposition; splendid remuneration; leads furnished; commission basis. Call 10-12, and 1-4 daily. Suite 625, 119 Nassau St.

SALESMAN, experienced, for cotton goods jobber catering to various trades; only those who can show results need apply; state experience, salary, commission. S ... Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for popular-price skirt line for office trade only; splendid opportunity for man who can prove satisfactory results; commission basis. Perfection Skirt Co., ... West 18th St.

SALESMAN wanted to get business for lighting fixture house; city and suburban; salary and commission; splendid opportunity. R. C. Heather Co., 19 West 38th St.

SALESMAN who calls on leather goods trade to carry side line of fancy cotton lining; no experience of cotton goods necessary; commission basis. B 351 Times.

SALESMEN.—Exceptional opportunity to obtain exclusive territory for meritorious auto accessory; commission. 25 West 43d St., Suite 626.

SALESMAN wanted to get business for a sash, door and trim house; city and suburban; commission to start; drawing if warranted. B 1064 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN with experience in selling retail druggists; salary and commission. Apply in afternoon. 13 Park Row, Room 180...

SALESMAN for city on salary and commission; electrical. Alfred Tabl, 494 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted for drawing material; state salary. B 483 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—By an old-established manufacturer of food products, strong, alert man, accustomed to hard work, about 25 to 35; experience in similar line desirable, but not absolutely necessary; permanent position with opportunity for advancement; must be familiar with streets and shipping points, both rail and water, in Metropolitan District; hours 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. Reply in own handwriting, stating experience, whether married or single, and salary desired. ... 570 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK for large stationery establishment; must have good executive ability, understand routing, shipping, and laying out of stock; must give results to hold position; good salary. Box G 741 Times Downtown.

STATISTICIAN.—Gentleman who has experience in preparing statistics and presenting them; review past experience and salaries. B 331 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. Young man, 17 to 19 years of age, who can qualify as a competent stenographer for work in the credit department of a Wall Street bank; splendid opportunity. Box A 486 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST required; young man; excellent opportunity for advancement; one employed previously in auto accessory business preferred. Ask for Mr. Minzie, Times Square Auto Supply Co., Broadway and 56th.

STENOGRAPHER and general assistant for afternoon and evening work in Young Men's Hebrew Association; write stating qualifications and salary expected to Superintendent, 1,261 Franklin Ave., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man in large manufacturing company's office; state age, experience and salary expected. A 427 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, to take notes in English, translate and write in Spanish, and vice versa. Address by letter, B. B., Room 600, Tribune Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER.—Pay $15 week, board and room. Call 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; wages $18; references required. Call H. V. Loewi, 33 Water St.

STOCK BOY wanted for wholesale linen house. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, to Box L 133 Times.

STOCK CLERKS, learn dry goods line; youths over 16. R 523 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

TEACHER.—High school experience in English and German for Brooklyn evening preparatory school. X 353 Times Annex.

TIME-STUDY MAN, familiar with machine shop and foundry work; excellent opportunity; in replying give information complete, qualifications, experience, and salary expected. C. D. Gilpin, 1,491 East 114th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

TREASURER'S ASSISTANT.—Clean cut gentleman, 25 to 30 years of age, able to handle office detail for treasurer, preferably possessing auditing experience; splendid opportunity for one possessing qualifications; in reply give details. B 332 Times.

TUTOR desired; have splendid opportunity for a well-educated young man, English and Hebrew scholar; write for appointment. Frank Cohen, 1,660 East New York Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WINDOW TRIMMER, advertising man, floor man, small Western town; only experienced young man, best references, with energy and ambition considered; apply immediately. K 271 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, in office of wholesale hardware firm to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate or attendant preferred; fixed line of promotion, starting on mailing desk at $9 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months and again in six months. Address G 733 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Large corporation has vacancy for ambitious young fellow capable of learning business and eventually taking charge of billing department; no experience required but preferred; state age, salary, religion, and education. R 580 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN who has had some experience in architect's office or drafting for position as salesman with steel furniture company; good opportunity for advancement; must be well recommended, good appearance; salary and commission. B 861 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted, married preferred, one who is willing to settle in a Pennsylvania town of 150,000 population, to act in the capacity of collector and salesman; must have clothing experience. X 358 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted by importing firm; some office experience, for position as billing clerk; must be accurate, good penman, furnish A1 references; address own handwriting. K 207 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced solicitor for architectural work, also wood and metal novelties, capable to assist manager. Apply 281 Butler St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN wanted by wholesale plumbing supply house as quotation clerk; must be experienced; rapid advancement. B 321 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted by silk commission house to check stock and enter invoices; state age, experience, and references; salary $12. S 374 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for Christian firm, 17-18 years, in office of customs agents; experience unnecessary; answer by letter only; state salary expected. Room 821, 24 State Street.

YOUNG MAN for large coat and suit jobber; one who has experience in calling on contractors and general assistant to the buyer. Box U. U. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN as order clerk, office salesman, make himself generally useful; wages $15, chance for advancement. L 130 Times.

YOUNG MAN to operate multigraph machine and do general office work; good hours. 505 5th Av., Room 1706.

YOUNG MAN.—Useful; light, inside, clean work; over 16. R 321 Times Downtown.

Instruction.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

ACTIVE MEN wanted for good jobs in a new industry with a future bigger than that of the automobile; get in now as an operator, repair man, or salesman of farm tractors; we qualify you as an expert tractor mechanic; short course, personal instruction. Y. M. C. A. Tractor School, (East Side Branch,) 157 East 86th St. Telephone Lenox 6051.

KNOW HOW TO "SIZE UP" PEOPLE? A scientific study of character analysis teaches you to judge accurately the people you meet; it also enables you to estimate your own abilities. Classes in Character Analysis and Vocational Counseling now forming. Write or 'phone Chelsea 4054 for full information. MERTON INSTITUTE, 96 Fifth Av., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS. Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English is Good Business" at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New class will meet on Wednesdays from 6:05 to 7:35 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for booklet "Your English" and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FRENCH AND SPANISH. Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every day vocabulary, business terms and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 91. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY As a Doctor of Chiropractic; day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet B. CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 166 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6956.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 23, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MOVING-PICTURE operating taught; positions free, day or evening. 644 8th Av.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

NO REGISTRATION FEE
STENOGRAPHERS. (Americans) 17-30 years for bank positions, $15-$23 (lunches). SPANISH-ENGLISH Stenographers, $25 upward. CLERKS, good penmen, $12-$15. AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE, 7 Pine St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wholesale grocery experience, charge accounts, payable merchandise, expense ledger. $30-$35. Atlas Agency, Room 513, 132 Nassau.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

ALCO seven-passenger touring, new tires, slip covers; just overhauled, repainted; every possible extra and equipment; must be seen to be appreciated; owned by estate. G 115 Times Downtown.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

AUCTION SALE. AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES, $10,000.00 STOCK, TIRES, TUBES, MAGNETOS, ROBES AND TRUCK TIRES, WALL CASES, FIXTURES, &C. SALE AT 1,687 BROADWAY, FRIDAY, JAN. 24, 10:30 A. M. E. SCHIELDS, AUCTIONEER.

A CLEARANCE SALE. NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED. All STANDARD "8" cars GUARANTEED. LIKE NEW.
STANDARD "8," 1917, LIMOUSINE, almost new throughout.
Standard "8," 1918 touring; demonstrators; run very little.
Standard "8," 1917 touring; excellent condition.
Stutz roadster, late model, very good mechanically; newly repainted and renickeled; tires practically new; big bargain.
Chalmers 1918 sedan, run 3,500 miles, elegant condition.
Chalmers 1917 touring, slip covers, good paint and tires.
Premier 1917 chummy roadster, very good.
Satisfactory demonstrations given on every car.
Standard "8" Used Car Dept. TAYLOR MOTORS CORPORATION, 64th St. and B'way. Phone Columbus 4648.

BUICK, 1917, LIGHT 6 TOURING. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway, Circle 1417.

BUICK, 1917, Little-6 touring, $800. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1916-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK roadster, 1918, six cylinder. See Al, 231 West 54th, Clemons's car.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrells, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLAC, 1917 Sedan; new cord tires; many extras; excellent condition; rare opportunity. COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 West 56th St., Fourth Floor.

CADILLAC roadster, late model, equipped electrically throughout; 6 wire wheels; car in perfect condition. Phone 6764 Riverside, after 6 P. M.

CADILLAC 1918-1917 four-passenger sport. PIERCE-ARROW 1918 landaulet, 38 H. P. PACKARD 1918 limousine, 3-35. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4478 Rector.

CADILLAC suburban Sedan, 1916; must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition; slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 phaeton; has had splendid care and is in excellent condition. Cortlandt 6032.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; perfect mechanical condition; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC brougham, wire wheels, mechanically perfect; sacrifice. Ryan, Lincoln Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918, also 1917 sedan, 1917 tourings; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; real bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHALMERS, touring model 32A; all wearing parts just replaced; 6 new shoes; very economical; bargain. Andrus, 208 West 101st St.; Riverside 9670.

CHANDLER CHUMMY ROADSTER, 1918. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. Phone 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 WEST 56TH ST., FOURTH FLOOR. Cole, Sedans, tourings and chummy roadsters.

CRANE SIMPLEX, latest model, Sedan body; never run. 5902 Schuyler.

DE DION BOUTON 7-passenger touring; will sell at sacrifice. Chelsea Lumber Co., 87 Manhattan St.

DETROIT electric, 1918 model; new battery; car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,500; ask to see C's car at Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y.

FRANKLIN SEDAN, 1917, series 9. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

GUARANTEED EXCH. LOCOMOBILES AND OTHER MAKES.
Sr.-2 Locomobile 7-Pass. Tour.
Sr.-2 Locomobile "48" 4-Pass.
1918 Locomobile Landaulet.
1917 Willys-Knight Spec. Limo.
1-25 Packard Touring.
1915 Winton 7-Pass. Touring.
Inquire of G. M. Brock, LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA, 61st St., West of B'way, N. Y. C.

HUDSON "Special" suburban Sedan; almost new; wire wheels; blue velvet upholstery; extras. COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 West 56th St., Fourth Floor.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET. HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916. WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1918 4-passenger speedster; must sell quickly; need cash. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

KISSEL sedan, 1917, newly overhauled, auxiliary seats. Desola, 624 John.

KNOX.—Beautiful limousine-landaulet, wire wheels, starter; cost over $7,000; first cash offer of $1,000 accepted. 1,930 Broadway.

LEXINGTON sedan, 1918 model, 7 passenger; will sell at sacrifice; need the money. Joseph Levine, 87 Manhattan St. Morningside 2544.

LIMOUSINE, almost new; cost $3,000; must sacrifice less half. Century, 1,700 B'way.

LOBELL ABORN CO., SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display. The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course. LOBELL ABORN CO., 220 West 56th St., one door west of Broadway.

MARMON, 1917 touring, seven passenger. 1,778 Broadway, (57th) one flight. Circle 1417.

MARMON 1917-1918 LIMOUSINES. Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

MERCER Sportster, 1917 model No. 22-73; nearly new; thoroughly overhauled; wonderful bargain. To be seen at Maxim Garage, Grand Concourse, near 182d St.

MERCER 4-passenger Sport, Victoria, T motor, perfect; price right. R 508 Times Downtown.

NATIONAL coupe, 1916, 6-cyl.; excellent condition; owner going abroad. Andrus, 208 West 101st. Riverside 9670.

NATIONAL, latest model, Newport Sedan; condition new; rare opportunity. Phone Circle 3692.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC. Broadway and 50th St.

OWNERS. We will pay spot cash for used cars, in good condition. LINCOLN SQUARE AUTO EXCHANGE, 1,870 Broadway.

PACKARD.—Credit of $600 on new Packard transferred for $300. E. A. Strout, 600 West 113th.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN. Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW 48 limousine, 1917; mileage, 4,500; perfect condition. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

REO 1917 touring 4-cylinder, extra shoes, &c., $350. 352 East 149th St.

STANLEY sedan, 1917 model, in excellent condition. Phone for appointment, Kenmore 165.

SELECT USED CARS. DE DION BOUTON SEDAN. 1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN. 1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE. 1916 CADILLAC TOURING. INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE, 150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS. Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1916 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars. STEARNS USED CAR DEPT., 415 West 55th St. Columbus 7606.

STEARNS eight-cylinder 1916 Sedan; also Summer top, Victoria style; owner sails for France Feb. 1; car in perfect mechanical condition; cannot be told from new; make offer. Hubbard, 501 5th Av. Telephone Murray Hill 3566.

STEARNS-KNIGHT Limousine, good condition, $700. Standard Garage, 365 North Av., New Rochelle.

STEARNS limousine, 4 cylinder, Fleetwood body, 1917. Mr. Best, 9657 Riverside.

STUDEBAKER, Series 1918, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger special body De Luxe model; in first-class condition, mechanically and otherwise; runs beautifully; painted a dark blue, with natural wood wheels; very sporty and a very exceptional bargain; price $910. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER, small touring, in beautiful condition; recently repainted a dark maroon with gold stripes; very fine running condition; good tires; don't overlook this fine value; price $525. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917, Springfield Sedan; good condition; tires and paint, extra shoe, brown whipcord upholstery, like new; exceptional bargain; price $1,000. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917, 6-cylinder touring, in fine condition throughout; offered at a price that will surely interest you; price $650. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1918, 6 cylinder, 7-passenger touring; in A1 condition; driven very carefully; price $775. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUTZ SPEEDSTER, 1916, three passenger. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

STUTZ.—Late model, fully equipped, 6-passenger, reasonable; owner leaving city. 525 East 11th St. Tel. 9558 Forsythe.

STUTZ, 1918, 6 passenger touring; used 4 months; condition new. Circle 3692.

STUTZ 1917 speedster, wire wheels; practically new; make cash offer. 1,930 B'way.

WESTCOTT.—All-year Sedan, 7-passenger; practically new; bargain; must be sold at once. Phone Circle 3049.

WINTON, Model 33, light six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

Motor Trucks.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Two five-ton trucks, 14 foot and 17 foot bodies; bargains; perfect condition; $3,500 apiece. Garage, 330 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

FORD truck, 1½ ton, union extension, solid tires on rear; in good condition; large express body; price $300. Call Chelsea 1761.

MOTOR Trucks to hire by day, week, or month; contracts taken. Mahoney; 208 West 17th. Chelsea 6088.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. U. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. 'Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

HUDSON TOWN CAR; handsome; latest model; for hire by day, week, or month; owner drives. Victor Johnson, 326 East 35th. Telephone Murray Hill 1402.

PACKARD for rent by the hour; 6 limousines. Phone Paul, Lenox 2418.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOS WANTED: 1 OR 100. Must have a big number of autos for Southern shipment. ALL MAKES AND TYPES. Not older than 1914. CASH WAITING. Telephone or call, 1,763 Broadway. Telephone Circle 2476.

Wanted, two high-grade automobiles, any standard make, or exchange for my equity in seven-room detached house; equity $2,500; don't want used car. Write Box 15, 1619 St. James Building.

CADILLACS, 1917-1918; closed cars wanted; spot cash waiting. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

WANTED, CADILLAC SEDAN, 1917 or 1918; state mileage and price. Roberts, 307 5th Av.

Interested to buy private Cadillac sedan, 1918; perfect condition. L 120 Times.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

Automobile Bodies.

AUTO BODIES.—A brougham and one limousine landaulet, cost $3,000 each; take $500 for either. 1,930 Broadway.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. — 20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue I.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. — Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. — Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $30.50. BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A. 1121 BEDFORD AVENUE. DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Clear white pine, 13-16x1¾x6-4½, 1½x7½x3-11¼; have about 12,000 pieces; make us an offer. Chelsea Lumber Co., 87 Manhattan St.

A revolvator hoisting machine, about 6 feet high, in good condition. Denzer & Nathan, 611 Broadway.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

For sale, office and showroom partitions, cutting tables, plant, and other items used in cloak and suit factories. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

5-room apartment, rent $45, up to date furniture, sacrifice $500, worth double. Apt. 2, 501 West 145th, near Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. Brooklyn Headquarters. Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day. Telephone Mr. Williams, our rental manager, who will personally select machine. Initial payment applies if purchased. CORONA SALES CO., Inc.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES. Brooklyn. 331 Fulton St. Telephone 9272-9273 Main.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. Non-visible, three months, $6. Visible, three months, $7.50 and up. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4733.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Government Sales.

SALE OF ZINC OXIDE. MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 61,000 pounds of U. S. P. Zinc Oxide for immediate delivery now at Long Island City. Bids made on form M. D. 5, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 29, 1919.

SALE OF RUBBER CEMENT. Material Disposition Section, Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City. Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 780 gallons of rubber cement packed in 30-gallon drums. Bids made on forms M. D. 8, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Feb. 3, 1919.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Fifty cents an agate line.

PROSPEROUS JOBBING COAT AND SUIT BUSINESS FOR SALE. ANNUAL BUSINESS APPROXIMATELY $400,000; LARGE CLIENTELE, WELL ADVERTISED FIRM; BIG EARNINGS, SPRING ORDERS ALREADY ON HAND AND SELLING FORCE ON THE ROAD; ORGANIZATION CAN BE HAD INTACT; MODERATE AMOUNT OF CASH REQUIRED. B 475 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Manufacturing building, 30x85, high ceiling, now equipped with 40 sewing machines, 10 H. P. gas engine, Willcox & Gibbs and Singer machines; will sell or rent; building is located in Brooklyn, near Prospect Park; plenty of help to be gotten; will sacrifice. Miss Goldfine, care of Pacific, 221 West 53d St., New York.

ATTENTION! AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS. Leaving shortly for the Far East, Australasia, and South Africa in interests of New York export commission merchants; desire to represent American manufacturers who will share traveling expenses on reasonable basis; references. L 77 Times.

AGENCY WANTED. Salesman with capital about to open sales office will consider staple lines for Pacific Coast and export. L. B. M., 1,807 Devisadero, San Francisco.

MANUFACTURING. A well-equipped, modern plant, capacity 150 men, economically operated under skilled and efficient management, is prepared to submit attractive estimates on manufacturing, tool, die or experimental work. S 604 Times Downtown.

Patent for sale, cash and royalty; small, simple automatic machine; estimated market in States 100,000; let me demonstrate on working model. B 868 Times Annex.

Wanted.—Eighteen tons high carbon 18 gauge black sheet steel immediately; give size and lowest price. B 485 Times Downtown.

On account of health, want to sell interest in metal corporation; wonderful opportunity to man able to manage business; no attention paid to brokers. R. H. 91 Times.

Wanted, mechanical specialty company with equipment to manufacture and finance a patented article for automobiles. B 960 Times.

Consult business counsellors before venturing into new enterprises; you may save money and worry. Address L 143 Times.

Ornamental, plaster and decorating business for sale; established 11 years; reason for selling, other interest. L 136 Times.

Certified public accountant wanted to replace retiring member of well-established firm. R 545 Times Downtown.

Road house wanted, on the main auto road. K 273 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Open, $5,000 to $8,000 and services by experienced business man with excellent reputation as partner in some legitimate and remunerative enterprise. Kindly write particulars with all details concerning proposition to A. K., 14 Avenue A, Manhattan.

Will invest from $5,000 to $10,000 as partner in coat and suit jobbing business; desire a live cloak man who will put up equal amount. B 871 Times Annex.

$16,000.—Will invest with services, manager or salesman, in established, profitable, legitimate business; state full particulars when answering. K 279 Times.

LOST AND FOUND.
Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—DESCRIPTION OF EARRINGS IN ANSWER TO AD. IN NEW YORK TIMES JAN. 14, 1919, LOST NEW YEAR'S EVE: PAIR OF EARRINGS, CONSISTING OF PEAR-SHAPED DIAMOND IN CENTRE, WITH PEAR-SHAPED DIAMOND BAND ON THE OUTSIDE, BOTH SWINGING JOINTLY FROM SMALL MARQUISE SHAPED DIAMOND. SUITABLE REWARD AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED UPON RETURN TO E. M. GATTLE & CO., 630 FIFTH AV.

LOST—Tiffany's monogrammed gold wrist watch, link bracelet, in 5th Av., bet. 42d and 34th Sts., or in department stores on avenue, Jan. 23, between noon and 4 P. M. Reward. Notify Lane Manufacturing Co., 874 Broadway.

LOST—In Black and White taxi, 7:30 P. M., from 111th and Broadway to 508 West 114th, a small black pin seal purse, containing $10 and change and house key. Finder please return same to Apt. 71, 508 West 114th St. Cathedral 7618.

LOST—Lady's gold mesh bag with two small sapphires in clasp, containing American and French money, on Pier 61, on arrival of S. S. Lapland, Sunday, Jan. 19; reward $200 for return to Cartier, 653 5th Av.; no questions asked.

LOST—Long black purse containing money and diamond ring, on 5th Av. bus or on Washington Square N. E. between corner of 5th Av. and No. 6 Washington Square; large reward. Return to Watson, 6 Washington Square. Telephone 6820 Spring.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 81 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Gold bar pin with centre cluster of diamonds, surrounded by emeralds set in platinum, between Bonwit, Teller Co., or on 5th Av. Kindly return to H. B. Greening, Waldorf-Astoria, and receive reward.

LOST—At Cohan & Harris Theatre, or between there and Broadway, blue silk beaded bag containing money and jewelry; finder will receive reward by applying at 9 East 46th St.

LOST—Will person who found small change purse on 5th Av. bus Jan. 19, please return ring and French money and keep $10 bill as reward. M. Brown, 418 West 118th, Apt. 31.

LOST—Watch fob, initialed "A. M.," set in platinum and diamonds, on black ribbon; vicinity 14th to 43d St., Jan. 21, suitable reward; Kirby, Black & Fisher, 1,150 B'way.

LOST—Man's pigskin wallet, containing money, blue traveler's credit letter; other papers; Rogers Peet or subway; reward. Pahline, 35 West 35th. Phone 1500 Greeley.

LOST—Lady's purse with $128, Wednesday, at subway station, uptown side, 42d St., Broadway, or possibly some other place; reward. L 138 Times.

LOST—Small black velvet bag, containing purse and card case, Tuesday, Jan. 21, between 15th and 43d, 5th Av. Reward. Phone Circle 515.

LOST—Diamond lavalliere, Jersey City, Hudson Tube, New York subway. Reward. K 233 Times.

LOST—Tuesday, gold brooch, red enameled, near Aeolian Hall or 12th St.; reward. Vanderbilt 5618.

LOST—Black lynx muff, left in 5th Av. bus on Jan. 21, at 8 o'clock; reward. Return to The Century Co., 353 4th Av.

LOST—Monday evening, grey squirrel neck-scarf. Return Lanham House, 39th and Lexington Av.

LOST—Mink velvet-trimmed muff, Monday night, 10:30, alighting Broadway car, 16th St.; reward. 214 East 16th St.

LOST—A black Pekingese dog, 72d St., near Columbus Av.; $25 reward; return to 45 West 72d St.

LOST—Large black skunk muff tails Tuesday evening, Hotel Rutledge. Reward. Kennedy.

LOST—Reward for return of beaded bag and contents. Morningside 2780, Apt. 6.

LOST—Silver mesh bag studded; reward. Segall, 600 West 141st. Audubon 9828.

LOST—Bank book, Seamen's, 647876. Kindly return Luis Olano, 116 Nassau St. Reward.

LOST—Sunday, flexible gold bracelet; liberal reward. Hotel Willard, Apt. 42.

LOST—Black sealskin muff, subway, Bowling Green—68th St.; reward. R 223 Times.

LOST—A Fischer scarf, in taxi, Penn. Station to 2 East 70th. Reward.

$75 REWARD. no questions asked; return seal cape with sable collar marked Hartwig & Co., left in taxicab at West End Av. and 90th St., Jan. 3. Albert R. Lee & Co., Inc., Insurance Adjusters, 15 William St.

$100 REWARD. No questions asked, return of large quantity embroidered U. S. Army chevrons, lost from truck vicinity of 8th and 42d, Dec. 28. A. R. Lee & Co., Insurance Adjusters, 15 William St.

$250 REWARD. No questions asked, return gold mesh bag with sapphires across the top; lost Jan 17, at Montclair, N. J. Mrs. C. E. Van Vleck, 87 North Mountain Av., Montclair, N. J.

$100 REWARD. No questions asked, return gold mesh bag, lost Jan 6, owner's name and address engraved inside. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Park Av., near 83th, tan and white Pekingese dog; black harness; answers to Pao Ko; reward. Mrs. Cooper, 103 East 84th. 4843 Lenox.

LOST—Large yellow Persian cat, afternoon of Jan. 23; suitable reward if returned to 127 West 58th St. Phone Circle 4854.

LOST—Scotch collie, white and yellow, name "Queeny"; reward. Nowak, 509 West 121 St.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Fifty cents an agate line.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Gentleman who has had thirty years in the oil business, leasing, drilling, and producing, well known and associated with the best people, has done good business in handling properties here and abroad, would like to meet independent party to join him in his New York office, to take full charge, put up a little money, continuing an important and profitable business; must be practical in business and finance and have connections. Write fully, entirely confidential, will then appoint personal interview satisfactory. B 464 Times Downtown.

Wanted a man, (or couple,) to supervise agricultural development, sixty miles from New York on elevation of 1,500 feet; ideal surroundings and extremely dry climate; to right man a good income will be assured; investment of $3,000-$5,000 required; money under your control if references are satisfactory; this is an opportunity to build up your health and also insure a permanent income. Address K 274 Times.

Party who is willing and capable of handling Louisiana oil leases and properties; we have everything essential, drilling rigs, pipe lines, and property; will make reasonable proposal after receiving confidential letter. B 465 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted to invest $5,000 in my established shoe lace manufacturing plant, New York City; business has shown large profits; orders on hand. For full particulars address B 969 Times Annex.

Partner wanted, with or without services, $5,000 to $10,000 required; retail lumber yard and jobbing trim for the building trade. B 1063 Times Harlem.

6% guaranteed for any part of $100,000, and share large earnings profits; sound security, highest grade Manhattan improved real estate. S 508 Times Downtown.

Established, well-equipped bias binding manufacturer seeks a man with some capital and with thorough knowledge of the business to connect as partner. L 69 Times.

Partner wanted, $3,000, in substantially profitable business; capital fully secured. K 189 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, AN OPERATING COAL PROPERTY PRODUCING HIGH-GRADE LOW-VOLATILE COAL, FOR $250,000, AND WOULD CONSIDER ACCEPTING GOOD BONDS, STOCKS, OR REAL ESTATE IN EXCHANGE. X 326 TIMES ANNEX.

Ladies' wear shop, 1,687 Broadway, corner 53d St., southwest corner, for sale; act quick; best opportunity; I have two stores; cannot attend both. Mrs. Bloom, 1,687 Broadway. Telephone Circle 2135. With or without stock.

FOR SALE. A commercial stationery store and printing establishment in a downtown section; established for over 12 years and doing a good business; reason, going another line. X 349 Times Annex.

SPECIALTY SHOP for sale; busiest Bronx business centre; two-story building, selling gowns, waists, suits, coats; long lease, low rental. Additional information J. H. ALBERT, 55 Liberty St.

I WOULD LIKE TO BUY A WELL PAYING ESTABLISHED REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BUSINESS. BOX R. R. 614, 1,265 BROADWAY.

Garage business for sale; modern, fireproof, one-story building; 70 cars; business section Brooklyn. K. K., 402 W. 42d St.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Responsible manufacturer of universally used article desires representation locally by organization having efficient sales force; brokerage basis; small investment required. Address Room 208, Prince George Hotel.

8 P. M. Today

Final release of copy for advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and restaurants, for insertion in the Sunday edition of The New York Times, must be in The Times Building by 8 o'clock tonight.

Advertisers and advertising agencies should comply strictly with this rule in order to avoid disappointment. Advertisements under the classifications mentioned released on Saturday cannot be inserted in the Sunday edition.

The circulation of the Sunday edition of The New York Times is 550,000 copies.

The New York Times

Fire Record.

A. M. — Loss.
1:15—193 Rivington St.; Samuel Mintz. Not given
1:35—5 Dutch St.; Baker & Voorhis... Slight
2:34—1,234 Broadway; Hotel Grand... None
P. M.
12:20—18 W. 34 St.; United Cigar Store. None
1:50—265 E. 151st St.; Louis Ross. Not given
4:30—1,226 B'way; St. Regis Lunch. Not given
4:45—229 W 111 St; E. Garrison. Not given
5:00—22 Bradhurst Av; (steam roller,) Bureau of Highways... Slight
5:20—37 W 137 St; M. Harris... Not given
6:35—1,001 Falle St; H. Morowitz... Slight
7:05—137 W 141 St; not given... Slight
7:15—223 E 44 St; James Kane... Slight
10:05—27 City Hall Place; Munson Supply Co... Slight

Estates Appraised.

DAVID, SARAH H., (Oct. 19, 1918.) Total estate, $250,928. Assets: Real estate, 172 West 76th St., $21,000; cash, $520; personal, $1,770; stocks and bonds, $227,638. Her son, Frank Haines David of 172 West Seventy-sixth Street, the residuary legatee, receives $212,734. Her sister, Eliza J. Hubbard of Philadelphia, has a life estate in $18,000. Ten grandchildren, nephews, and nieces, receive bequests, chiefly of family heirlooms.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfer—To take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 24: Patrol. J. J. Buckley, from 103d to 104th.

Temporary Assignments—Patrol. Harry Carty, 29th to 5th Insp. Dist., in front of alleged disorderly hotels, for 8 days, from 8 A. M., Jan. 24. From precincts indicated to 1st Insp. Dist., in raided premises, for 8 days, from 8 A. M., Jan. 24: William Pfeiffer, 13; Daniel Delehanty, 96, C. L. Town, 83.

Assignment Discontinued—Patrol. M. M. O'Donnell, 23d to 5th Insp. Dist., in front of alleged disorderly hotels, (temporary,) from 8 A. M., Jan. 24.

Leave of Absence (without pay)—Patrol. J. E. McCarthy, 89th, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Jan. 25.

Fire Department.

Resignation: Ununiformed Fireman Henry Roth, Eng. 222, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 26.

Transfer, to take effect at 8 A. M., Jan. 24: Fire. 1st gr. J. P. J. O'Reilly, Eng. 1, to Eng. 65.

Special leaves of absence: Capt. P. J. Marron, Eng. 74, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Jan. 23; Capt. E. A. A. Quinn, Eng. 14, for 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Jan. 24; Engineer of Steamer F. T. Lynch, Eng. 18, for 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Jan. 25.

The Civil Service.

City.

The mental test for stenographer and typewriter, Grade 2, will be held on Jan. 30 and 31.

The following lists are announced: Plasterer, all boroughs: F. Demminaco, Philip Spano, John Moller, Frederick Spahr, Michael Collnao, E. Bonillan.

Cement mason, all boroughs: Frank Ducy, P. Infanta, James Churchill, P. Taddro, Francisco Torre, Patrick McCormack, Frank Vodola, Joseph Morello, G. Verdi.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 5 at the New York Custom House an examination for aid in paleobotany, for men and women. A vacancy in the Division of Paleontology, Department of Geology, United States National Museum, Washington, D. C., at $1,200 a year, will be filled from this examination. The duties will consist of the preparation, care, and classification of paleobotanical materials. Competitors will be examined in geology, 20; paleobotany, 25; French or German, 5; thesis, 20; education and experience, 30. Applicants must show that they have attended a college or university of recognized standing for at least three years, such training to have included courses in geology, zoology, and botany; they must also show that for at least six months they have been employed in the preparation and classification of fossil or recent plants. Additional qualifying experience not exceeding one year will be accepted in lieu of a similar length of time in attendance at a college or university. Applicants must not have reached their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

Education Notes.

The long dispute over the appointment of the Principal of Morris High School has been settled by the appointment to the position of Elmer E. Bogart, who has been its Acting Principal since John H. Denbigh's retirement. Charles H. Vosburgh has been appointed Principal of Jamaica High School, to succeed the late Theodore C. Mitchell.

Graduation exercises for School District 14 will be held as follows: Jan. 28 at P. S. 68 at 9:30 A. M. and at P. S. 119 at 10:30 A. M., Jan. 29 at P. S. 90 at 9:30 A. M. and P. S. 159 in the auditorium of P. S. 90 at 1 P. M., Jan. 30 at P. S. 89 at 9:30 A. M. and P. S. 85 at 1 P. M.

A business course for men and women is being given in P. S. 157, Manhattan, 127th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue. The course includes business arithmetic, English, and bookkeeping. School nights are Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday from 7:30 to 9:30. Registration begins Monday.

The Columbia Grammar School has added to the Faculty Lieutenant R. E. Pickett, who will head the scientific department. Lieutenant Pickett is a Columbia University man who served most of his time at Camp Meade, acting as instructor in radio-electricity. War experiences were recently given by Mr. Laity, former member of the Faculty, who was with the American division brigaded with the British in their great Flanders drive. A recent event of unusual interest was the debate of the Irving Debating Society. The subject was "That Russia Should Be Left to Work Out Its Own Destiny."

The Board of Examiners has placed on the appropriate eligible lists as indicated the names of the following:

LICENSE NO. 1.—Placement as of Sept. 1, 1918, (Men)—Maurice Low, 73.19; Julius Schiff, 72.04. (Women)—Hazel Irwin, 88.55; Bertha M. Albrecht, 81.41; Adrienne M. Quinn, 80.99; Anna R. Keane, 79.62; Jennie Capodiferro, 79.24; Jessie T. Riley, 78.26; Freda Mitchell, 77.07; Hannah M. Levy, 75.99; Anna Vespa, 75.02; Louise Bodenstein, 74.62; Marjory C. Todd, 74.01; Mary E. Sheridan, 73.19; Tessie De Varco, 72.66; Esperanca Pascual, 69.5; Florence E. Wienholz, 66.95; Rosalia Fernandez, 66.65.

Placement as of Dec. 1, 1918—(Mrs.) Blanche Hirschewitz, 79.133.

Placement as of Jan. 8, 1919—(Mrs.) Marion A. Wilkie, 98.75; (Mrs.) Alida S. Howieson, 98; (Mrs.) Ethel L. Lowenthal, 98; (Mrs.) Margaret C. Duane, 93; Margaret H. Milne, 90.608; (Mrs.) Sarah L. Fladen, 85.783; (Mrs.) Florence A. Gunther, 85.466; (Mrs.) Minnie F. Levine, 85.016; (Mrs.) Clara E. Wade, 84.583; (Mrs.) Mary E. Brown, 83; (Mrs.) Dora Antin, 82.783; (Mrs.) Henrietta Fromer, 81.156; (Mrs.) Rose Chasan, 80.916; Loretta Leary, 80.2; Bessie Graham, 78.983; (Mrs.) Louise E. Smith, 78; (Mrs.) Louise M. Hanston, 73.8; (Mrs.) Hattie G. Campbell, (Mrs.) Hannah V. Dunn, (Mrs.) Ethel G. Grayson, (Mrs.) Ida H. Halleck, (Mrs.) Laura Jakobson, (Mrs.) Mary Mahoney, (Mrs.) Adelaide Podoll, (Mrs.) Lina D. Sammond, (Mrs.) Vinnie M. Sarvis, (Mrs.) Marguerite O. Sturcke, (Mrs.) Lillian B. Van Deusen.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers will hold a meeting at 4 P. M. today in the Washington Irving High School. Action will be taken upon the salary schedules adopted by the Federation of Teachers Association.

A meeting of senior teachers will be held at Wanamaker's at 10 A. M. on Jan. 25.

A new Bureau of Plan and Operation, to have full charge of the repair, heating, ventilating, and care of school buildings, will probably be established. A director will be appointed at probably $6,000 a year. Robert W. Rodman, sanitary assistant to the Superintendent of School Buildings, is mentioned for the place.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Forecast:
N. C., S. C., Ga., and Fla.—Fair and cooler Fri.; fair Sat.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Fri.; fair and warmer Sat.
Ind.—Cloudy and warmer Fri.; cloudy Sat.
Ohio—Cloudy Fri.; fair and warmer Sat.
Mich.—Cloudy Fri.; snow or rain Sat.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Shields, Lt. Col. W. S., will report to Surg. Gen.
Flynn, Lt. Col. T. J., to Camp Eustice.
Davis, Lt. Col. A. D., to Camp Humphreys.
Yale, Maj. A. W., to Rockwell Field.
Beach, Maj. G. C., Jr., and Robertson, 1st Lt. A. P., to Camp Lee.
Parsons, Maj. A. H., and Gable, 1st Lt. F. J., to Camp Meade.
Vest, Capt. C. W., to Fort Meyer.
Burnett, Capt. T. R., and Shimer, Capt. W. S., to Camp Travis.
Ashley, Capt. P. L., to Hosp. No. 29 at Fort Snelling.
Lawrence, Capt. T., to Hosp. No. 34, at Norfolk, Mass.
Scott, Capt. D. R., to Park Field.
Trow, Capt. W. G., to Walker Reed Hosp., sick.
Clark, Capt. N. W., to Fort Bayard.
Gough, 1st Lt. L. S., to Camp Lewis.
Mebane, 1st Lt. T. S., to Hosp. No. 36, at Detroit.
Mark, 1st Lt. J. S., to Camp Dodge.
Kent, 1st Lt. G. B., and Morgan, 1st Lt. L. G., to Hosp. No. 4, at Fort Porter.
Easton, 1st Lt. E. R., to Camp Grant.
Wahlberg, 1st Lt. K. W., to Rockefeller Institute, New York.
Mullins, 1st Lt. C. E., to Camp McClellan.
Hatch, 1st Lt. F. L., to Hosp. No. 28, at Fort Des Moines.
Pfeifer, 1st Lt. E. C., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland, with 271st Aero Squad.

Infantry.

Cabell, Col. L. D., and Rhodes, Capt. J. M., to Wash.
Eaton, Col. H. A., to Camp Lee.
Bash, Col. L. H., to Newport News.
Cullen, Col. D., to Camp Funston.
Dick, Maj. C. H., will report to Chief of Staff for duty in personnel branch of Operations Div.
Schneider, Maj. F. V., to Boston as Dist. Mil. Inspector of R. O. T. C.
Drake, Maj. C. C., will report to Chief of Motor Transport Corps.
Field, Maj. B. W., to Univ. of Ill. as prof. of mil. science and tactics.
Kayser, Capt. H. P., provisional appointment is made permanent.
Ednie, Capt. E. V., to Univ. of Oklahoma as prof. of mil. science and tactics.
Steinbrenner, Capt. H. P., to Camp Upton.
Leadbetter, Capt. L. A., to Hosp. No. 29, at Fort Snelling, sick.
Putnam, Capt. H. D., to Chicago, thence to Des Moines.
Grimes, Capt. W. F., 40th Replacement, to Atlanta, thence to Charleston, S. C.
Kline, Capt. W. T., to Hosp. No. 24, at Park View, Penn., sick.
De Long, 1st Lt. J. C., to Camp Gordon.
Jones, 1st Lt. C. J., will report to Director of Mil. Aeronautic.
Bantlayon, 1st Lt. C. A., to Kansas City.
Towle, 1st Lt. D. A., to Camp Custer, sick.
Luce, 1st Lt. A. D., to Camp McClellan.
Priest, 1st Lt. A. W., detailed as prof. of mil. science and tactics at Milwaukee School of Engineering.
Goodman, 1st Lt. A. M., to Camp Lee.
Lewandowski, 1st Lt. G. O., to Washington.
Smith, 1st Lt. H. M., to Univ. of Maine as prof. of mil. science and tactics.
Luke, 1st Lt. H. S., detailed as prof. of mil. science and tactics at Meridian College, Miss.

Quartermaster Corps.

Daly, Col. C. P.; Distler, Maj. W. G.; Murphy, Capt. J.; Austen, Capt. E. S., and Armstrong, 1st Lt. A. C. R., to Washington.
Williams, Col. K. P., to Zone Supply Off. at New Orleans.
Bertsch, Col. W. H., to Gen. Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago, for treatment.
Lester, Maj. W., assigned as Acting Zone Property Auditor, at Boston.
Allen, Maj. I. D., to Camp Johnston as off. in charge of utilities.
Phillips, Maj. E. S., to Camp Bowie in command of Auxiliary Remount Depot.
Green, Capt. E. J., to St. Louis.
Jordan, Capt. H. E., to Camp Sevier, in charge of const. work.
Slaughter, Capt. L. A., relieved from present duties at Ft. Myer, Va.
Haworth, Capt. L. B., will report to Dir. of Finance.
Rath, Capt. H. J., to Ft. Myer, as off. in charge of const. work.
Cheyney, Capt. E. L., to command Army Reserve Depot, at New Cumberland, Penn.
Lockhart, 1st Lt. J. F., to Ft. Leavenworth.
Spofford, Capt. C. W.; Todd, 1st Lt. L. W.; Millar, 1st Lt. R. J.; Keith, 1st Lt. J. W.; Dye, 1st Lt. W. E.; Young, 1st Lt. T. B., and Wadsworth, 1st Lt. H. M., to Chicago as assts to Zone Supply off.

Ordnance.

McCord, Lt. Col. J. B., to Pig Point, Va., as comdg. off. of Ord. Depot.
Goodman, Maj. P. W., to Augusta, Ga.
Fisher, Capt. R. F.; Ruby, Capt. W. M.; Hapgood, Capt. W., and Keller, 1st Lt. P., to Philadelphia, Penn.
Burnett, Capt. L. D., to Washington.
McBride, Capt. V. K., to Detroit.
Carter, 1st Lt. W. G., to Rochester.
Jones, 1st Lt. J. G., to Gen. Hosp. No. 19 at Oteen, N. C., for treatment.
Tanner, 1st Lt. P., to Turner Station, Md., as comdg. off. of Ord. Depot.

Air Service.

Duncan, Lt. Col. T., to Carlstrom Field.
Humphreys, Maj. F., to McCook Field.
Grout, Capt. T. W., to Boston.
McRae, Capt. J., to Park Field.
Braig, Capt. E. C., to Austin, Texas.
Galt, 1st Lt. J. M., and Derham, 1st Lt. P. F., to Wash., D. C.
Tufte, 1st Lt. W., Jr., to Boston for discharge.
Hochreiter, 1st Lt. C. J., and Van Meter, 1st Lt. S. L., Jr., to Kelly Field.
Krause, 1st Lt. J. W., to Barron Field.

Field Artillery.

Setharn, Capt. R. J., to Cornell Univ., N. Y.
Lynch, Capt. J. F., and Weiss, 1st Lt. C. J., to Ft. Sill.
Davis, Capt. T. H.; Hitchcock, Capt. H. R.; Walsh, Capt. R. J.; Deeds, 1st Lt. H. T.; Mahon, 1st Lt. S.; McCoy, 1st Lt. D. H., and Vogel, 1st Lt. L. J., relieved from assignment to 14th F. A.

Coast Artillery.

Walke, Col. W., will assume command of coast defenses of East. New York at Ft. Totten, N. Y.
Wallis, Maj. J. W., relieved from active duty, and honorably discharged.

Engineers.

Merriam, Capt. C. A., to duty Wash.
Bell, 1st Lt. J. E., to Base Hosp., Ft. Houston, for treatment.
Cowles, 1st Lt. R. F., to Camp Dodge.
Grunow, Maj. W. M., to Iowa State College as Asst. Prof. of Mil. Science.

Signal Corps.

Pittman, Capt. D. D., to Wash.
Guthrie, Capt. R. R., assigned to 218th Field Sig. Bat. at Camp Travis.
Back, 1st Lt. G. I., to Camp Meade.
Zerbee, Maj. L. F. J., to Honolulu.

Dental Corps.

Trainor, 1st Lt. A. J., to Gen. Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Kotrich, 1st Lt. J. F., and Parrish, Capt. R. W., to Gen. Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.
Guthrie, 1st Lt. H. E., to Payne Field.

Miscellaneous.

Wells, Maj. W. C., and Cochran, Maj. P. C., Judge Adv., to A.E.F. in branch office of Judge Adv. Gen. in France.
Lee, Maj. L. B., Judge Adv., U. S. A., hon. discharged.
Lawrence, Lt. Col. C. G., M.T.C., to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.
Brown, Lt. Col. L., Jr., Cav., to Ft. Sam Houston as Cmdt. of Cav. Officers' School.
Aten, Capt. E. M., M.T.C., to Wash.
English, Maj. P. X., Ins. Gen's Dept, to Camp Cody.
Orcutt, 1st Lt. H. W., San. Corps, will report to Surg. Gen.
Miller, 1st Lt. P. G., Chem. War Ser., to Hoboken, N. J.

Resignations.

Darby, 1st Lt. H., Jr., F.A.
Gooch, 1st Lt. R. K., C.A.
Hamilton, 1st Lt. N. R., Cav.
Thomas, 1st Lt. W. H., Inf.
Markey, 1st Lt. E. W., Inf.
Emmett, 1st Lt. M. W., Inf.
Powers, 1st Lt. N., Inf.

Leaves.

Munly, Capt. W. C., M.O., 10 days.
Wolfe, Col. O. R., Inf., one month.
Browne, Lt. Col. C. J., Ord., 14 days.
Rankine, Lt. Col. B. J., Inf., one month.
Lang, Lt. Col. E. J., Inf., one month.
Nichols, 1st Lt. F. J., Sig.C., 2 weeks.
Brown, Col. C. H., Engs., 10 days.
Oldfield, Lt. Col. H. R., C.A., 14 days.
Thomas, Maj. K., Inf., 30 days.
Hannah, Capt. T. F., C.A., 30 days.

STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED. COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.16 to [illegible]. Above prices include war tax. Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M. Phone Spring 9451.

Fall River Line TO BOSTON
Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5:00 P. M. Music.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH LINE) Str. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., weekdays only, 5:30 P.M. Lv. Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 23d St., 6 P.M.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.
[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun Rises....7:14 | Sun sets....5:02

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	1:06	1:18	7:36	7:41
Governors Island	2:00	2:04	8:36	8:43
Hell Gate	3:22	3:47	10:50	10:58

Arrived—Thursday, Jan. 23.

SS Charles Braley, Beaumont.
SS Orizaba, Brest, Jan. 12.
SS Suriname, La Pallice, Jan. 8.
U. S. Cruiser Rochester, Brest.
SS Nijni Novgorod, Rochefort, Dec. 30.
SS Ashanti, Liverpool, Dec. 29.
SS Ryvarden, St. Thomas.
SS Morro Castle, Havana, Jan. 19.
SS Osman, Norfolk, Jan. 22.
SS Nacoochee, Norfolk, Jan. 22.
SS W. B. Keene, Jacksonville, Jan. 19.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Rochambeau	Halifax	Jan. 22
U. S. S. Louisville	Brest	Jan. 9
U. S. S. N. Hampshire	Brest	Jan. 8
Tasmania	Cape Town	Dec. 10
Trinculo	Greenock	Jan. 1
Sutherland	Bordeaux	Dec. 30
Goentoie	Plymouth	Jan. 8
Mercy H. S.	Bordeaux	Jan. 10
Accomac	Bordeaux	Jan. 8
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
General Goethals	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Communipaw	Rouen	Jan. 2
Suriname	La Pallice	Jan. 8
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Calamares	Pauillac	Jan. 12
Vauban	Southampton	Jan. 12
Ice King	St. Nazaire	Jan. 10
Gatesburg	Nantes	Jan. 10
Invincible	London	Jan. 6
Carlsholm	Rotterdam	Jan. 3
DUE TOMORROW.		
Chicago	Bordeaux	Jan. 14
Maui	Bordeaux	Jan. 14
Montserrat	Cadiz	Jan. 9
Communipaw	Brixham	Jan. 10
DUE SUNDAY.		
Caronia	Liverpool	Jan. 15
Sverre	Nantes	Jan. 12
DUE MONDAY.		
Lorraine	Bordeaux	Jan. 19
Medina	Marseilles	Jan. 5
Sioux	La Pallice	Jan. 10

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
U. S. T. Leviathan, Brest	—	11:00 A.M.
Chariton Hall, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Niagara, Bordeaux	7:00 A.M.	
Lapland, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
President Grant, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
South Dakota, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
Belgic, Liverpool	—	11:00 A.M.
Owego, Genoa	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Gulfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saga, Rio Janeiro	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stavangeren, Martinique	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
SAIL SUNDAY.		
Wilhelmina, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
G. Washington, Brest	—	3:00 P.M.
Sierra, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
Pueblo, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
De Kalb, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Halvorsen, at Havre, Jan. 20.
SS Liberty, at Havre, Jan. 20.
SS Thorberd, at Nantes, Jan. 21.
SS Metapan, at St. Nazaire, Jan. 20.
SS Greiben, at Rotterdam, Jan. 21.
SS Nantasket, at Rotterdam, Jan. 21.
SS Bothnia, at Gothenburg, Jan. 7.
SS Zordic, at Gothenburg, Jan. 7.
SS Oluf Maersk, at Cette, Jan. 15.
SS Espagne, at Bordeaux, Jan. 18.

Sailed.

SS Senta, from Barry, Jan. 22.
SS Liguria, from Naples, Jan. 15.
SS Mar Cantabrico, from Pt. Talbot, Jan. 20.
SS Belgia, from Rotterdam, Jan. 20.
SS Westwego, from Rouen, Jan. 19.
SS Kermanshah, from Nantes, Jan. 20.

Passed.

SS Elizabeth, New York for Rotterdam, passed Dover.
SS War Jackdaw, New York for Havre, passed the Lizard.
SS Nordland, New York for Rotterdam, passed Dover.
SS Nyanza, New York for Falmouth, passed the Lizard.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 8:30 A. M. Jan. 23, Nieuw Amsterdam, and at 7 A. M., Jan. 25, SS Lapland.
France and Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Owego.
Portugal—Close at 8 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Gea.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura....Jan. 30
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura. Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline....Jan. 31
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer....Jan. 30
Caronia....Jan. 31
Prinses Juliana....Feb. 5
Saxonia....Feb. 12
Carmania....Feb. 17
Royal George....Feb. 22
Orduna....Feb. 26
Caronia....March 3
HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA....FEB. 1
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia....Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

Ward Line
Direct service on fast twin-screw steamers from New York to
HAVANA WEEKLY SERVICE
MEXICO FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE
To Progreso, Vera Cruz and Tampico
Monthly service to Nassau, Bahamas.
Literature and full information on request
New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co. Foot of Wall Street, New York.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland...Jan. 25 | Adriatic....Feb. 8
Baltic....Feb. 15
And Regularly Thereafter.
NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic....Feb. 2
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7800.

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS Sailing March 15, 1919. Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4630. Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts. 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 600.

SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE (COMPANIA TRASATLANTICA) FREQUENT SAILINGS. Direct to Vigo, Coruna, Gijon & Santander; Cadiz & Barcelona; Havana & Vera Cruz. L. LLANSO, Agt., Pier 8, E. R. Tel. Hanover 213.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South. Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Pressure is low and falling over the Middle Atlantic States and the St. Lawrence Valley, and an extensive area of low barometer covers the Northwest and has its centre over Alberta, Canada. During the last 24 hours there were rains in practically every State east of the Mississippi River and in the Pacific States, except Southern California. In all other parts of the country the weather remained fair.

A storm off the Virginia Capes is moving rapidly north-northeastward and increasing rapidly in intensity.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast at and north of Cape Hatteras.

There will be rains and snows, followed by clearing weather, Friday and fair weather Saturday in New York and New England. Elsewhere east of the Mississippi the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday, except that snow is probable Saturday in the upper lake region.

Temperature will be lower Friday throughout the Atlantic States, and it will rise Friday night in the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the upper lake region.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be strong east, shifting to west, probably reaching gale force, rain and snow; Middle Atlantic Coast, strong west winds, probably of gale force, rain, followed by clearing; South Atlantic Coast, fresh west, fair.

FORECAST TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Snow or rain in the interior, and rain followed by clearing on the coast Friday, colder Friday; Saturday fair.

Southern New England—Rain, followed by clearing and colder Friday, Saturday probably fair.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy and colder Friday, Saturday fair.

Western New York—Snow flurries and colder Friday, Saturday cloudy.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	15	42	4 P. M.	23	44
6 A. M.	18	42	6 P. M.	20	45
9 A. M.	19	43	9 P. M.	17	43
12 M.	23	43	11 P. M.	15	42

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 44; for the corresponding date last year it was 20; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43, at 8 P. M. it was 47. Maximum temperature 48 degrees at 10 P. M.; minimum 41 degrees at 1:30 A. M. Humidity 88 per cent. at 8 A. M., 94 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.15 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.67 inches.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
Summit, N. J.
Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D. L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn. OPEN ALL YEAR.

IDEAL WINTER HOME
Hotel Montclair
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS.
OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales, with complimentary Tea Service. Garage.
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
on the beach ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
Cap 600 Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen.
Open All Year S. Henstein. Prop.

Marlborough-Blenheim
The Leading Resort House of the World
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
Health Is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments.
Ownership Management. Josiah White & Sons Co.

Hotel STRAND
FIREPROOF
On the ocean front
Capacity 600. Always open
Seawater in all baths. Orchestra
THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL

ALAMAC HOTEL
FIREPROOF
OCEAN FRONT IN THE HEART OF ATLANTIC CITY
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

PIERREPONT
Family Hotel Mrs Gerson L. Kahn

MICHIGAN.

MOUNT CLEMENS MINERAL BATHS
For Rheumatism, nervousness and that run-down condition. Open all the year. Booklet. Business Men's Association, Mt. Clemens, Mich.

SOUTHERN STATES.

THE KIRKWOOD
ON CAMDEN HEIGHTS
Open January to May
SOUTH CAROLINA
18-Hole Golf, Riding, Climate.
T. EDMUND KRUMBHOLZ

HOTELS
INDIAN RIVER and ROCKLEDGE
ROCKLEDGE, FLORIDA
Golf, Tennis, Boating, Fishing, Hunting, etc. Ideal climate. Write for circular. W. W. BROWN, Summer season: Granliden Hotel, Lake Sunapee, N. H.

Hotel Windsor, facing beautiful Hemming Park, is Jacksonville's largest and Florida's finest Hotel. Robt. R. Meyer, Proprietor. J. E. Kavanaugh, Mgr. Jacksonville, Fla

Hotel Royal Palm Open Jan. 4th. Fort Myers, Florida.
Fine 18 Hole Golf, Fishing, Swimming Pool. Every Room with Bath. J. L. NELSON, Mgr.

FINEST RESORT HOTEL IN SOUTH.
THE DE SOTO Savannah, Georgia.
Golf through the Winter, 18-Hole Course.

THE WEST COAST OF FLORIDA is the ideal winter resort. Its wonderful climate enables the tourist to enjoy outdoor sport throughout season. Address Boards of Trade, Hotels, etc.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Grafton Hotel
CONNECTICUT AVE. & DE SALES ST.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
European Plan, $2 per day upward.
American Plan, $5 per day upward.
HARRINGTON MILLS, Proprietor.

Public recognition of a magazine policy that is right

Largest 20 cent magazine circulation in the world

Over 1,500,000 copies monthly

ONLY one magazine in the entire woman's magazine field has from the very beginning based its policy on the recognition of women's widening interests—Pictorial Review.

Years ago, Pictorial Review sensed the direction in which women were advancing, responded instantly, was at hand to champion and encourage.

The American woman herself, has answered how right this was! Pictorial Review's price has now been 20 cents a copy for eight months. Yet today its circulation is greater than at any time in its history. This growth has established its leadership among American women's magazines.

Sometimes the claims made by publishers are, by necessity, a matter of opinion. It is especially significant, therefore, that Pictorial Review's development to leadership is based upon provable *fact*.

The figures below, which are statements of net paid circulation made to the Audit Bureau of Circulation by the Publishers represented, tell their own story.

Latest net paid circulation figures furnished by the publishers to the A. B. C.

	Jan. 1917	June 1917	Jan. 1918	June 1918	
Pictorial Review	1,156,923	1,265,529	1,373,727	1,418,433	261,510 gain
Ladies' Home Journal . . .	1,614,128	1,602,790	1,643,058	1,590,828	23,300 loss
Woman's Home Companion	1,184,606	1,089,323	1,051,848	1,001,410	183,196 loss
Delineator	885,769	952,376	834,734	814,635	71,134 loss
Designer	335,236	321,936	300,943	294,899	40,337 loss
Woman's Magazine	211,637	208,431	189,403	193,000	18,637 loss

If you will study the above table you will see the great change which has come in the circulations of the publications mentioned from January 1917 to June 1918 (which are the last figures furnished by these publications to the A. B. C.).

You will see that Pictorial Review leads the Woman's Home Companion by over 400,000 copies per month. That it leads The Delineator by over 600,000 copies per month.

As to the Ladies' Home Journal—in January of 1917 the *total* net paid circulation of the Journal was 457,205 copies greater than that of Pictorial Review. By June of 1918 it was only 172,395 copies greater.

LOOKING into the figures further, however, this interesting and very significant fact comes to light.

The difference in the circulations of Pictorial Review and the Ladies' Home Journal in the UNITED STATES PROPER is shown to be less than 3½ per cent.

Here are the figures.

For the June 1918 issue, Pictorial Review's net paid circulation *in the United States* was 1,390,765 copies.

The last itemized statement furnished by the Ladies' Home Journal to the A. B. C. is for the May 1918 issue. This showed a total net paid circulation of 1,477,577 *in the United States*, which is only 86,812 copies more U. S. A. circulation than Pictorial Review had in its June 1918 issue.

As the June issue of the Ladies' Home Journal, according to their own statement, had a sale of 41,323 copies *less* than they had in May, it is very apparent that if the June issues of both magazines were compared, the difference in the two circulations for the United States proper, would figure proportionately as 49,398.

For eight months now, Pictorial Review's price has been 20 cents a copy, and yet today its circulation is greater than ever before in its history. The Ladies' Home Journal sells for 15 cents a copy.

ANOTHER condition which will be of interest to advertisers is the SUBSCRIPTION CIRCULATION tendencies shown by these various magazines.

The figures given are for the circulation in the United States only. The issues indicated for 1918 are the last ones on which itemized statements of circulation have been furnished to the A. B. C. by the publishers represented.

U. S. Subscription circulation as reported by the publishers to the A. B. C. for the issues indicated

For 1917 the figures quoted are for issues which most closely correspond in the A. B. C. reports to those furnished by the publishers for 1918

PICTORIAL REVIEW		
May 1917, 776,624	June 1918 issue, 932,013	Gain, 155,389
LADIES' HOME JOURNAL		
June 1917, 756,246	May 1918 issue, 743,858	Loss, 12,388
WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION		
March 1917, 862,660	September 1918 issue, 742,273	Loss, 120,387
DELINEATOR		
June 1917, 805,145	June 1918 issue, 672,740	Loss, 132,405

In fourteen months, Pictorial Review increased its subscription sales over 155,000 copies, while *all* the others lost subscribers.

While the foregoing tables will give Advertisers a better understanding as to the changed conditions in the position of the various women's magazines, there is still one other factor that is even more gratifying to its publishers than any of the others:—

During its entire history, Pictorial Review has always *gone ahead*—in circulation, advertising lineage, and advertising revenue. Even during the war period, in spite of the fact that every Government rule for conservation of paper was fulfilled, Pictorial Review's circulation kept consistently on an upward trend.

With this as a foundation, we are justified in promising, to advertisers and advertising agents, much greater things in the future from Pictorial Review than it has shown even in the past.

The March 1919 Issue carries a total of 267 columns of advertising, a gain of over 127 columns (25,400 lines) above the March Issue of last year. This means about $415,000.00 in advertising in this one issue. No other monthly magazine (with one exception) has ever reached a figure approaching this.

PICTORIAL REVIEW

AMERICA'S GREATEST WOMAN'S MAGAZINE

Since the above statement was prepared, the Ladies' Home Journal announces an increase of 160,172 copies in net sale over the June 1918 issue. The sale of Pictorial Review is now over 180,000 copies greater than in its June 1918 issue, and this despite the fact that the 20 cent price has been in effect since the July 1918 number. The Ladies' Home Journal sells for 15 cents a copy.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, colder today; Sunday fair, warmer; northwest gales.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,281. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1919. EIGHTEEN PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

HINES ASKS NEW $750,000,000 FUND TO FINANCE ROADS

Estimates 1918 and 1919 Needs at That Sum, Beside Former Revolving Fund.

PART OF IT TO BE REPAID.

$368,193,096 to be Advanced in Covering the Cost of Improvements.

$196,000,000 LOSS MADE UP

Director Says Amount Fixed Will Be Required Regardless of Congressional Policy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Walker D. Hines, the new Director General of Railroads, today submitted to Carter Glass, Secretary of the Treasury, a supplementary estimate for an appropriation by Congress of $750,000,000, to be immediately available, to enable the Railroad Administration to finance the Federal railroad situation until the end of 1919.

This appropriation is sought from Congress in excess of the $500,000,000 which was granted in the Railroad Control act, and which was called the revolving fund.

The Railroad Administration has not yet confirmed the statement that preliminary estimates indicated that there would be a deficit of $250,000,000 in the operation of railroads, mainly due to the wage increases in 1919, but the official announcement that another revolving fund of $750,000,000 was wanted from Congress was sufficient confirmation of the accuracy of the forecast that the original $500,000,000 revolving fund was about to vanish.

Director General Hines, in his letter to Secretary Glass, shows that it will take $881,806,904 for the Railroad Administration to settle its accounts for 1918. After applying the original appropriation of $500,000,000 made by Congress in the revolving fund toward this settlement, there will still be needed $381,806,904. From the appropriation of $750,000,000 asked Mr. Hines proposes to meet the requirement of $381,806,904, which will leave a balance of $368,193,096 toward meeting the capital expenditures for 1919.

Alternative to Rate Increase.

In a Washington dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES, printed last Monday morning, the statement was made that "the cost of Federal operation of the railroads, mainly as a result of higher wages, has reached the point where it may be necessary" for the Director General "to seek a further rise in freight rates to meet the great increase." On Monday afternoon Mr. Hines issued a statement in which he denied that the Railroad Administration was "giving any consideration to any increase in the present basis of rates."

It was pointed out in the Washington dispatch to THE TIMES, printed on Monday, that if three of the five ways of meeting the deficit were not adopted—these three being reduction of wages, operating economies, and increased volume of traffic—there were two remaining methods. These alternatives were to raise freight and passenger rates or ask Congress to make a large direct appropriation. The action taken by the Director General shows that instead of meeting the 1919 deficit out of higher rates, the alternative of a direct appropriation has been adopted.

It was pointed out that the request for an appropriation of $750,000,000 additional for Federal railroad financing was made on the day when the Senate passed the bill calling for an appropriation of $100,000,000 for feeding famished peoples in Europe, and at a time when the Senate Conference Committee was considering a bill under which the Government hopes to be able to obtain $6,000,000,000 of revenue from higher taxes, and only a few weeks before the Treasury Department launches its campaign for the Victory Loan of $5,000,000,000 or $6,000,000,000 more.

Text of Hines Letter.

Mr. Hines's letter to Secretary Glass reads:

Jan. 24, 1919.

My Dear Mr. Secretary:

I have the honor to submit herewith a supplementary estimate in the sum of $750,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, and to be added to and considered a part of the "revolving fund" provided for in Section 6 of the act approved March 21, 1918 entitled, "An Act to Provide for the Operation of Transportation Systems While Under Federal Control, for the Just Compensation of Their Owners and for Other Purposes."

This additional sum would be expended in the same manner and for the same purpose and under the same conditions as the amount appropriated in the above-mentioned section.

The necessity for this appropriation grows out of the following facts:

When the Railroad Administration shall have settled its accounts for the year 1918, the result will be substantially as follows:

1. *The Railroad Administration had, cash on hand at the end of the calendar year, 1918,* $247,100,000.

This represents approximately the working cash capital partly in the central treasury at Washington, but principally in the hands of the Federal Treasurers of the Railroad Administration throughout the country. This represents much less than one

Continued on Page Six.

Driving the Turks from Jerusalem.
A stirring description of Gen. Allenby and the British Holy Land campaign appears in the February Scribner's.—Advt.

Berlin Says Germans Will Man Relief Ships

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 23.—The Berlin Zeitung am Mittag publishes the following:

"The Entente's provisional plan for supplying foodstuffs to Germany is on the basis of the delivery of 200,000 tons of wheat and 70,000 tons of fat. With regard to the question of the Entente's and Germany's mercantile marine, the only thing so far discussed at Treves is the placing of Germany's whole tonnage at the disposal of the Interallied General Commission for Provisioning. The German ships remain German property and will be manned by German crews so far as this is not made impossible by Bolshevist movements among the men."

MONEY-BORROWING BAN NOW LIFTED

Restrictions in Local Market Removed, Also on Money Lent on Stocks.

EXCHANGE TO GET REPORTS

Members Will Record Their Borrowings Until the Next Liberty Loan Closes.

At a meeting of the Sub-Committee on Money of the local Liberty Loan Committee, held at the Federal Reserve Bank yesterday afternoon, it was decided to remove the restrictions which have been in force on the money borrowings for stock market purposes for some months past. It was also decided to terminate the $200,000,000 "money pool," notice to which effect will reach the members of the pool this morning.

The Stock Exchange authorities are requested to continue to receive from members the daily reports of their borrowings until after the next Liberty Loan is placed.

"Last December when the arrangement whereby the New York banks have been furnishing funds to stabilize rates on loans on Stock Exchange collateral was about to expire," said a statement issued by the committee, "the committee inquired whether the Treasury Department wished an extension of the arrangement then in force, and were requested by it to continue their operations in aid of the Government's financial requirements.

"Acting in accordance with the wish of the Treasury, thus expressed, the Sub-Committee on Money arranged with the New York banks to continue the arrangement then existing until after the next Government loan, and with the authorities of the Stock Exchange to continue exercising control of the loan account to prevent its expansion in the aggregate.

"This week, however, the officials of the Stock Exchange, in a written communication to the Money Committee, having stated that the conditions have so changed that 'there is now nothing to indicate the probability of a speculative movement which would absorb large amounts of money,' the sub-committee on Money at its meeting today gave full consideration to this statement and after consultation with and the approval of the Treasury Department reached the following conclusions:

1.—That control by the Stock Exchange Committee may for the present be suspended.

2.—That the Stock Exchange authorities be requested to continue to receive from members of the Exchange daily reports of their borrowings until after the next Liberty Loan is placed.

3.—That the definite arrangements made with a large group of New York banks to furnish funds for Stock Exchange loans, if and as required, should now be terminated.

"The Money Committee desires to acknowledge and record its appreciation of the hearty co-operation which the members of the Stock Exchange and the New York banks have given it during the past months, and feels confident that should it hereafter become necessary, in the interest of Government financing, to re-establish the control of money for Stock Exchange loans and for the stabilization of money rates, the Stock Exchange authorities and the New York banks will again unite, with a patriotic purpose, to lend full support to the Treasury Department."

Stock Exchange men have been more or less restless and have insisted that the general financial and political situation is now such as to make unnecessary the very strict supervision which the committee has maintained.

However, it was said yesterday by bankers that the stock market will not be allowed to "run wild." There will still be supervision of loans which, while not the work of a special committee, will, nevertheless, be effective in checking any disposition toward widespread public speculation in securities. The individual institutions will continue to limit the amounts they will be willing to offer in the collateral demand market, and it is understood that some of them have been gradually reducing the loans of this character, and will continue to curtail offerings, giving preference to commercial demands, rather than allowing the stock market to absorb additional sums.

In Stock Exchange circles there is a belief that the most satisfactory control of the loan situation is through the automatic operations of the rate of interest. There has been no end of complaint over the system now abandoned, which, it was contended, did not operate equitably and was not economic. In fact, Stock Exchange authorities have maintained consistently that the best regulation was through the operation of a free market, with the rate of interest governing borrowings, and warning the Street of changes in the loan situation.

The Money Committee came into being in the early part of September, 1917, as a sub-committee of the New York Liberty Loan Committee. It consisted of Benjamin Strong, Chairman; Gates W. McGarrah, Vice Chairman; Frank A. Vanderlip, James S. Alexander, Jackson Reynolds, Albert H. Wiggin, James N. Wallace, Walter E. Frew and Charles H. Sabin. It was designed to supervise stock market borrowings so as to prevent an overspeculation in securities during the war period. Virtually all the banks and trust companies in the metropolitan district were requested to furnish the committee with data on the volume of call loans and the amount of balances of out-of-town institutions.

The Money Pool, formed as an adjunct to the Money Committee, represented a sum reported at approximately $200,000,000. This money was subscribed by the local banks and trust companies and was loaned in the open market at times when conditions demanded heroic action. During the last Liberty Loan campaign an amount said to be in the neighborhood of $50,000,000 was loaned. At another time, it was reported that as much as $90,000,000 had been advanced in the market by the Money Pool.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
McK. & R. Cin-u-form Lozenges, 25c.—Advt.

CROMWELL TWINS END THEIR LIVES BY LEAP FROM SHIP

Daughters of Late Frederick Cromwell Reported Suicides from French Liner.

ON WAY HOME FROM FRANCE

Were in Red Cross Work at Front and Suffered from Long Strain Under Fire.

BROTHER HERE DOUBTS IT

Seymour L. Cromwell Cables to Paris, Refusing to Believe the Report.

BORDEAUX, Jan. 24.—Misses Gladys and Dorothea Cromwell, sisters, of New York leaped from the rail of the French steamer La Lorraine as the steamer was in the Garonne River bound for New York today. Both were drowned. The bodies have not been recovered.

Both the young women belonged to the American Red Cross and were returning home. A letter found in their stateroom and addressed to the commanding officer of their Red Cross unit informed him of their intention "to end it all."

The Misses Cromwell are said to have belonged to a prominent New York family. They had spent much time at the front and friends said they had complained of being tired physically and mentally.

The steamer was opposite the Christopher Light when the young women leaped into the sea.

The Cromwell sisters were twins, 22 years old. They had been in the service of the Red Cross since February, 1918, most of the time at Chalons-sur-Marne, where they were engaged in canteen work. For several months they were within range of the Germans guns and in the midst of constant airplane raids.

When the canteen closed the sisters entered the evacuation hospitals, where they continued work under high pressure. Miss Barnett, the immediate superior officer of the Misses Cromwell, told The Associated Press that they were the best liked and the most devoted workers she had. Miss Barnett believes that the reaction from the long strain and high nervous tension under bombardments caused the young women to become despondent. They appeared to be cheerful and happy when they left Paris, she said.

[There is apparently an error in the date of the above dispatch or in the name of the ship. La Lorraine was reported as sailing from Bordeaux on Jan. 19.]

Brother Doubts the Report.

The dispatch from Bordeaux telling that the Misses Cromwell had committed suicide caused a shock in social circles yesterday. The young women were members of one of the prominent New York families, and have been active in social life since they made their début on Dec. 4, 1916.

Seymour L. Cromwell, their brother, who is a banker and broker with offices at 36 Broad Street, said last night at his residence, 169 East Seventy-fourth Street, that he did not believe the report, and that the evidence was not sufficient to confirm it. He said that he

Continued on Page Four.

Britain Would Leave Colonies for Consideration of League

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Reuter's Paris correspondent says that he has been given to understand that Great Britain is willing to relegate such problems as Mesopotamia, Palestine, and the German colonies to a League of Nations, as soon as that body is formed, in order to avoid wasting the time of the Peace Conference.

Thus, says the correspondent, it is apparent that Great Britain is not desirous of making any demands for territory incompatible with the principles of a League of Nations.

LISTS AMERICANS AS PACIFISTS

Senate Committee Puts Sixty-two Well-Known Men and Women Into Record.

ELIMINATED SOME NAMES.

Roster Furnished by Military Intelligence Service Included More Than 100.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—There was placed today in the record of the Senate Committee which is investigating German propoganda the names of sixty-two men and women who have been recorded as active in movements which did not help the United States when the country was fighting the Central Powers. The original list contained more than 100 names, and about 50 per cent. of them were eliminated as a result of an executive session of the committee.

The various organizations named include the most prominent of the so-called pacifist and radical movements in this country. The names now in the Senate records are those of clergymen, professors, lawyers, writers, Socialists, labor leaders, architects, an I. W. W. agitator, and one former publisher of a New York newspaper.

The list was originally submitted by Archibald E. Stevenson of the Military Intelligence Service, who brought to the attention of the committee that there was such a list in existence when testifying regarding Bolshevist, socialistic, and other radical movements in the United States. Mr. Stevenson called it a "Who's Who in Pacifism and Radicalism," and Senator Nelson of Minnesota asked that it be made a Federal record.

A large number of universities and colleges are represented in the list, among them Columbia University, Barnard College, the College of the City of New York, Cornell University, Harvard, Princeton, Leland Stanford, Jr., University, University of Pennsylvania, Wellesley College, Tufts College, Swarthmore, Haverford College, University of Chicago, and the Universities of California and Texas. New York City is largely represented.

Ames Plachot Named.

The list got into the record as the result of a few questions that were asked Mr. Stevenson by Senator King of Utah. Mr. Stevenson had been testifying regarding the war activities of the various pacifist and radical organizations, a large number of them having actively engaged, he said, in opposing the enforcement of the military laws of this country. He had named Amos Pinchot as one of the men who had been active in some of these organizations.

"If Mr. Pinchot tried to obstruct the draft law, I do not see why he should not be prosecuted the same as other people," Senator King remarked. "Have

Continued on Page Four.

All Enlisted Men Allowed to Stay in Army Until They Find Civilian Employment

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—To solve the problem of unemployed discharged soldiers, the War Department has ordered that no man be discharged from the army against his desire until such time as he can obtain employment in civil life.

It was announced today that orders had been telegraphed to all department and division commanders, at Secretary Baker's direction, to retain all men who desired to remain temporarily in the service without prejudice to their subsequent discharge to take employment. The order follows:

"All commanding officers will take steps to insure that every enlisted man in their command understands thoroughly that the War Department does not desire to discharge any soldier who cannot secure civil employment. It will be made clear to every soldier that where he would normally be discharged under orders for demobilization, he may remain temporarily in the military service at his own written request until such time as he can secure employment. The fact that he requests to remain in the army temporarily does not in any way operate to compel him to remain in the army for a long period of time against his will. Any man who would normally have been discharged if he had not expressed his desire in writing to remain in the service, may thereafter be discharged from the service at his own request whenever he thinks he may secure employment. All such men as are retained temporarily under the above authority will be attached to the most convenient unit and where their services will be most useful."

In connection with this policy, adopted after orders were issued last week for demobilization of the combat divisions in the United States, it was said that action to prevent a large proportion of these men from facing unemployment was taken not only to protect the soldier individually but because of its effect upon employment conditions throughout the country.

Another aspect of the new policy is that the families of married soldiers will continue to draw their allotments from the Government during this temporary service. For the time being, at least, the War Department will have ample work to keep the men busy in handling demobilization of other troops and in storing war material and in similar tasks.

Representative Garland of Pennsylvania, Republican, who has just returned from overseas, where he spent Christmas at Coblens with American soldiers, introduced a resolution today demanding "the return of the soldiers by every transportation facility that can be made available" and for the immediate discharge on arrival in this country of drafted men and members of the National Guard.

"Something ought to be done," Mr. Garland said. "The men don't have any idea when they will get back and have been told they will be there a year or longer. There is nothing around them but rain and mud and tombstones and ruin. There are plenty of French and British there to police the country. The privates think that the officers getting big pay want to keep them there."

Representative Garrett of Tennessee, Democrat, replied that Secretary Baker had but a short time before told the Rules Committee that the return of the men had received more attention than any other problem before the War Department and that all vessels that could be obtained were devoted to the service.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—Governor Coolidge will send the Legislature next week a bill authorizing an appropriation of $10,000 to aid and find employment for returned and returning soldiers, sailors, and marines.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

ALLIES ASKED TO PERMIT ENLISTMENT OF VOLUNTEER ARMY TO SAVE RUSSIA; COUNCIL HALTS TERRITORY SEIZURES

ALL CLAIMANTS WARNED

Must Not Employ Force to Gain Possession of Disputed Areas.

COLONIES ARE DISCUSSED

Officials of Canada, South Africa, and Australia Tell Allied Leaders Their Views.

MAY CUT OCCUPATION FORCE

Committee Named by Foch Will Consider How Large an Army Is Needed.

PARIS, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—A series of international events of the highest order took form today at meetings of the council of the great powers and the military commanders on all the fronts. These may be summed up as follows:

First—Issuance of a solemn warning that taking of territory by force would seriously prejudice the claims of those who used such means and set up sovereignty by coercion. This declaration was framed by President Wilson.

Second.—Appointment of a commission, including the British Minister of War, Winston Churchill; Marshal Foch, General Diaz, and General Bliss to carry forward early demobilization and establish proportionate allied and associated forces on the western front.

Third—Discussion of territorial claims on conquered German colonies, with hearings of interest to Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa, on German East Africa and the German islands of the Pacific.

Fourth—Approval of the striking of a medal for all troops taking part in the war.

Fifth—Authorization to M. Pichon, French Foreign Secretary, to draft instructions for the joint mission which is about to proceed to Poland.

These matters embrace some of the most difficult questions before the Peace Conference, and with the projected action tomorrow on the League of Nations, indemnities, punishments, labor, and international highways, much progress is being made toward clearing the slate of the large subjects before the conference.

Warning Has Wide Scope.

While the solemn warning with regard to the gaining of territory by force specified no countries, it covered broadly the warring elements in the Ukraine and those around Vilna and Lemberg; also in the Causasus, where the new Georgian Republic is fighting the new Armenian Republic; also the Serbian inroads on Montenegro, as well as territorial occupation along the Eastern Adriatic, in Thrace and in Poland.

Some of these situations have already brought protests and other protests are expected, so that the great powers decided to enunciate the principle that possession by force would place a cloud on the title.

The sentiment of the Council was strongly for demobilization with the least possible delay. There is reason to believe that the commission will carry out the plans for the return of American troops homeward as rapidly as transportation permits, and that there will be no increase in the American quota of troops in the occupied regions.

While the hearing on the German colonies was confined to the British dominions, Japan was represented on the Council and expects to be heard in due time concerning some of the German Pacific groups and Kiao-Chau.

The second plenary session of the Peace Conference at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon will have the League of Nations as its foremost topic. This will be followed by the four questions: Labor, indemnities, punishments, and highways.

David Lloyd George, the British Premier, will make the opening presentation of a plan for a League of Nations in a brief speech dealing largely with principles and leaving the details for the commission.

What part President Wilson will take in tomorrow's session has not been definitely announced.

The Supreme Council first met today as the Supreme War Council. Not only were there present President Wilson and the Premiers and Foreign Ministers, but also Marshal Foch, Field Marshal Haig, General Pershing, General Diaz, and the Generals of the Versailles War Council, including

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

"LAST CALL!"—Our 'Bouquet' of a 10% addition——" See top of Page 5.—Advt.

CALOX OXYGEN TOOTH POWDER Cleans, Whitens, Preserves—McK. & R.—Advt.

British League Plan Is Founded on Agreement To Maintain the Territorial Integrity of States

PARIS, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—The British plan for a League of Nations, which has just been completed, can now be outlined in concrete form to the people of the United States for the first time.

The main feature of the league provided for in the plan will be the establishment of machinery for handling international disputes. This will be based on an agreement among the members of the league not to interfere with the territorial integrity of States or to permit others to interfere with them.

The rendering of assistance and guidance to new and undeveloped States to maintain freedom of transit and just commercial relations between the members of the league are some of the principal aims to be supervised by the league.

In this connection it is held that all international bodies now existing, and any which may be created, must be brought together in some central place, which will be the capital of the league, and work in close co-operation with the league if the effort to promote international co-operation is to be successful.

The British plan provides for a general conference of the delegates of all nations that are members of the league and for a smaller International Executive Council for the transaction of ordinary business.

A permanent secretariat for the league would be presided over by a man of authority and experience in European affairs sitting at the capital of the league with all necessary diplomatic immunities. Periodic meetings of the league's delegates are provided for.

The plan excludes some States, like Germany, from the league for the present, on the ground of untrustworthiness, but it holds that this exclusion should not be prolonged unnecessarily. Every civilized State with a settled government will be invited to join the league. Provisions for separate representation for India and the British dominions is provided for.

Disputes for settlement are divided into two classes, justiciable and nonjusticiable, and each State will be the final judge as to whether a dispute is justiciable or not.

The establishment of a permanent Court of International Justice for the settlement of justiciable disputes is proposed, and until it is created a Court of Arbitration is suggested. Either a council or a conference of the league is thought to be the proper organ for the consideration of nonjusticiable quarrels.

The plan maintains that in either case all that ought to be attempted at present is to see that there shall be a deliberate public discussion and that international public opinion and not formal coercive machinery shall be appealed to. It is held that the world is not yet ready for such machinery.

The plan looks to cancellation of treaties incompatible with the tenets of the league and calls for a provision regarding publicity of treaties.

The question of disarmament is held to be difficult, although more or less complete disarmament is considered necessary to peace. It is suggested that there might be some step toward the abolition of conscription. The plan would prohibit any nation, having forces or armament sufficient for the purpose, to indicate an intention of employing them aggressively.

FIRST STEP TODAY TOWARD LEAGUE

Britain to Present Proposals with Full Concurrence of Wilson.

MAY OFFER RESOLUTIONS

Setting Forth of Principles Rather Than a Concrete Plan Likely to be His Aim.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—Tomorrow's plenary meeting of the Peace Conference which is to be devoted in part to considering the question of the formation of a League of Nations is likely to be a disappointment to those who expect concrete results or even nothing more than some definite guidance as to the attitude of the great powers concerning the league scheme.

All the evidence at hand goes to show that the powers are not ready to disclose their matured views as to a working plan for making the league a practical organization.

It was expected that the British would present a definite program for the league at the session but this understanding lacks confirmation.

The League of Nations proposals will be brought before the Conference through half a dozen resolutions offered by Lloyd George, which it was supposed would embody a set formula for an international society designed to prevent a recurrence of wars. All those concerned were disinclined to discuss the character of these resolutions, but the inference was drawn from the little that was said that they will be general in scope, stating principles for the foundation of a league and not containing a detailed plan of organization and procedure.

Nor will Lloyd George deliver a considered address backing any hard and fast suggestions. He has decided and has not announced to representatives of other nations that he will reserve his remarks, leaving to the smaller nationalities a chance to express their views on the principles which they believe, should be recognized in any arrangement intended to save them from aggression, such as the Teutonic powers inflicted on Serbia and Belgium.

Therefore it looks as if Saturday's full session of the Peace Conference

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

LITHUANIANS TAKE 6,500 BOLSHEVIKI

Inflict Heavy Defeat on Red Army Midway Between Kovno and Vilna.

BANDITS LOOT PETROGRAD

All Parties in Russia Opposed to Bolsheviki Rallying to Kolchak Government.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—Lithuanian troops have inflicted a defeat upon the Bolsheviki near Kossedary, about midway between Kovno and Vilna, according to reports from Kovno received today.

The casualties of the Bolsheviki were heavy and they are reported to have lost 6,500 men in prisoners.

The Lithuanians are said to be advancing toward Vilna. Their losses are declared to have been slight.

Delegations of Poles from Lithuania and White Russia, including representatives from the cities of Vilna and Warsaw, have arrived in Paris. They will defend the interests of the Polish populations in Lithuania and White Russia and wish to obtain, first of all, assurance that a Bolshevist invasion of those regions will be prevented

HELSINGFORS, Finland, Jan. 24.—Petrograd is being left to the mercy of gangs of robbers formed of escaped criminals, who are dividing the town into districts for looting purposes, according to the newspaper Russky Listok.

It reiterates the report that the Bolsheviki are making hurried preparations for the evacuation of Petrograd, with the intention of moving either to Moscow or Nijni-Novgorod. The greater proportion of the persons now interned in Petrograd will be executed, it is predicted, and their women and children left to shift for themselves.

All the valuables in private houses, bank vaults and museums will be removed from the city.

ANTI-RED FACTIONS IN RUSSIA UNITING

Three Cossack Chieftains Rally to Siberian Government and Semenoff Submits.

OMSK, Siberia, Jan. 19. (Associated Press.)—The Omsk Government, headed by Admiral Kolchak, is rapidly increasing its authority both east and west of Omsk. During the last week the Omsk Government was advised of the adherence to the authority of General Denikine, the leader of the Omsk forces west of the Urals, of General Krasnoff, the Hetman of the Don Cossacks, and Gen-

Continued on Page Two.

USE SONORA NEEDLES!
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SAZONOFF MAKES APPEAL

The Russian Statesman Cites Historic Precedents for His Proposal.

ASKS FOR NO FINANCIAL AID

Confident That Anti-Bolshevists Could Float a Loan for the Undertaking.

SPOKESMAN OF 40,000,000

Ex-Minister's Plan Contemplates Raising of Troops in Various European Countries.

PARIS, Jan. 24. — Sergius Sazonoff, representing the Governments of Omsk and Ekaterinodar, today made a plea that anti-Bolshevist Russians be allowed to raise a volunteer army in other European countries for the restoration of order in Russia.

"There is only one possible way of settling the Russian question," he said. "It is not suggested by any Russian who might be accused of partiality, but by such unbiased men as M. Noulens (former French Ambassador to Russia), and M. Scavenius (Danish Minister to Russia), both of whom were interrogated by the Conference and pronounced themselves in favor of military intervention.

"We know that the powers do not wish to make a new campaign into Russia. We go so far as to admit the justice of the reasons guiding the powers in this attitude, but it is being universally recognized that there is only one remedy for overcoming Bolshevism and preventing its spread outside Russia, namely, to crush it by force. We ask to be allowed to use force.

"We strongly urge an expedition of volunteers; but, in order not to involve the responsibility of the powers we do not insist on such expedition being organized by the powers themselves, asking only authorization to raise the volunteers ourselves and to be allowed to enlist them in different European countries, which is not a novelty, having been done in many wars."

M. Sazonoff cited as examples of this the Peninsular war, the Garibaldi campaigns, the Boer war, the war in the Balkans, and other conflicts.

"Why should we not also be allowed to raise a volunteer army," M. Sazonoff added, "for one of the most sacred causes the world has ever known—that of freeing our country from a band of malefactors who in some unfortunate parts of Russia by force of arms are setting at naught all principles of rights and personal freedom?

"We do not even ask from the powers any financial assistance, as the Governments already constituted, to which I represent two of over 40,000,000 people, will float a loan which undoubtedly will be well received, as every one knows the immense resources of Russia, which, with its huge population, soon will regain its position as one of the principal factors in the world's activity."

Russian Reply May Be Delayed.

It seems doubtful whether replies to the inquiries addressed by the Supreme Council to the various Russian factions will be received in time for Saturday's session of the full Peace Conference.

In fact, it develops that the Russians now in Paris asserting that they represent the anti-Bolsheviki may not be competent to pass upon the question themselves. They have credentials conveying unknown powers. The Council is disposed to accept these credentials as sufficient in the event that the Russians now here participate in the meeting on the Princes Islands; otherwise, it is said, it will be necessary to await the decisions of the home Governments of the various factions in Russia.

Recognition of Russia's pre-war national debt to France by the Lenine-Trotzky Government will be one of the first subjects discussed at Princes Islands should the Bolshevist leaders accept the invitation of the Peace Conference to meet them.

While Russia is a debtor to all the Allies except Italy, there is a feeling in French official circles that the French debt should receive priority as it was contracted much earlier during the time of peace—while the English and American claims date back only to the war period. Russian bonds are widely scattered throughout

France, and there are more than 2,000,000 holders, among them many workingmen, small proprietors, and tradesmen, whose savings of a whole lifetime are invested.

President Wilson's plan for dealing with the Russian problem includes the "unconditional recognition of the revolution" by the representatives of the associated powers, according to Le Petit Parisien, which declares its information comes from "an especially authorized source." Of this recognition its informant says:

"This must be construed as implying recognition of all the consequences of the Russian revolution as far as the former Government of the Czar is concerned, but in no wise as approval of the Bolshevist policies."

Maklakof Favors the Conference.

The press continues to display the keenest interest in the Russian problem. Although Sergius Sazonoff, the former Foreign Minister, and Prince Lvoff, the former Premier, declare they are firmly decided to have nothing whatever to do with the Bolsheviki, Le Matin says that numerous Russians at present in Paris, notably Vasili Maklakof, the last accredited Ambassador, are of the opinion that the anti-Bolshevist Governments should not give up the advantage of a hearing before the Allies, no matter how reluctant they may be to meet the Bolsheviki.

The Russian Social Revolutionary Party approves without reserve President Wilson's proposal, according to the delegate of that party now in Paris. A document to this effect, signed by the delegate, is published today in the Socialist newspaper L'Humanité.

Most of the newspapers continue to combat the decision of the conference for a meeting of the representatives of all the Russian Governments, characterizing the policy thus decided upon as unsound.

Wilson Planning "Vigorous Action"?

Both the Petit Journal and the Petit Parisien point to the danger in which the Bolsheviki are reported to stand of losing Petrograd. They say that the Bolshevist defeat at Narva ought to be regarded by the Soviet Government as a serious warning. The time will come, these newspapers predict, when the prolonged parleying will be succeeded by vigorous action, and the Petit Parisien asserts that President Wilson is even now preparing the ground for the action he has in view. The Petit Journal predicts that unless Premier Lenine handles the situation carefully he will meet with a catastrophe in a very brief time.

Milukoff Against Meeting Reds.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Paul N. Milukoff, former Foreign Minister of Russia, who is in London, expressed surprise when told today that the Allies had invited the Bolsheviki of Russia to a conference. He said:

"The Bolsheviki are in no wise representative of the Russian people. They are robbers and cutthroats; mad dogs who wish to bite others so that all may be mad."

He said the only way to settle the Russian problem was to overthrow the Bolshevist rule there, which, he said, was simply terrorism and "hateful to the majority of Russians." He also said that if the Allies would supply guns and munitions patriotic Russians would overthrow "Bolshevist tyranny."

FRENCH ORGANIZATION TO FIGHT WILSON PLAN

Franco-Slav Society Counts on Republican Senate Opposition to Russian Policy.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The criticisms in the French press of the action of the peace plenipotentiaries in offering to send envoys to deal with the Bolsheviki have been followed by a more definite movement of opposition, which is directed against President Wilson. The fact that he fathered the Russian compromise has brought upon him the wrath of the Franco-Slav Society, and steps have been taken intended to embarrass him in the United States. This organization opposes Bolshevism, and it may be added that it does not approve of the League of Nations.

According to my information, the society at a recent meeting considered a plan for bringing together the French opponents of Bolshevism and the elements in America which are making cause of complaint over the President's activities in connection with the conditions in Russia.

At the meeting of the Franco-Slav Society addresses were delivered by M. Franklin-Bouillon and Andre Cheradame, the latter widely known as a publicist. It is evidently the belief of the Franco-Slav group that a union can be effected with the American opponents of Wilson's policies, particularly the Republican Senators, and a propaganda undertaken in the United States which will cause the curtailment of the President's activities in behalf of Russia.

With the statement concerning the efforts of the Franco-Slav Society is coupled a report that its members are endeavoring to persuade the Peace Conference that Wilson should be considered not as President but as a party leader whose views are out of harmony with those of many of his own countrymen.

The President has decided to devote one day, Jan. 27, to an inspection of the devastated regions. He has been reluctant to do so until the most important work of the conference was finished, but the pressure upon him to change his mind has been too great for him to resist. I am told that one argument advanced was that the French people would misunderstand his attitude if he did not see with his own eyes the devastation wrought by the enemy.

LONDON VIEWS VARY ON TRUCE WITH REDS

Morning Post Says It Presupposes "More Than Christian Meekness."

MUCH FAVORABLE COMMENT

Times Expects Good Effect, Whether the Bolsheviki Accept the Invitation or Not.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The Morning Post, commenting on the decision of the Paris Conference to meet delegations of all the Russian Governments, including the Bolsheviki, says:

"We hope the Russian Bolsheviki will be duly grateful to the Peace Conference. It is true they have not been invited to Paris. That would have been too much. But they have been invited to the Sea of Marmora, where the Allies propose to leave their cards upon them. The moral distinction between inviting a shady person to your house and meeting by appointment at a seaside resort has always been recognized by the civilized West—and France is fain to accept the lofty standards of her Allies.

"Our friends in Russia will also be gratified. The Bolsheviki could not sit down to table with us. That would be both a crime and a scandal. But with them—why, with them it is a different matter. The Bolsheviki have robbed them, have murdered their fathers and brothers, or have paid Chinese coolies to murder them, and have committed unspeakable outrages upon their wives and daughters. The Bolsheviki have murdered their Czar, and, indeed, their whole royal family. The Bolsheviki have robbed them, dispossessed them, treated them in a manner so foul and so cruel that even to read of it makes the blood run cold.

"No longer ago than Jan. 2, they shot in cold blood 750 Russian officers who were returning to their homes from prison camps in Germany.

"And now the Allies—their allies—ask them to meet these Bolsheviki and sit around the table with them and come to a happy arrangement. It is marvelous to consider what the friends of the Allies have been asked to do and to suffer since the great war began. But this, perhaps, is the greatest marvel of all. It is to exercise much more than Christian meekness—such forgiveness unto seven hundred and seventy times seven—that if it done the Sea of Marmora will thenceforth rank with the Sea of Galilee."

The Daily Telegraph says:

"Bolshevism itself means, and can mean nothing but, anarchy, however it may disguise its real spirit and essence by means of a proclamation of class war and the supremacy of the proletariat. To have any dealings with criminals of this kind, guilty of such acts, constitutes a grave lapse from the high moral maxims which have throughout guided us during the war, and from a practical point of view, it is also an extremely bad policy. Encouragement is the one thing which is likely to foster the growth of Bolshevism, and if the proposals of the conference do not involve a certain tacit acceptance and encouragement of the forces of Lenine and Trotzky, we really do not know what they do mean."

All for the Best, Says The Times.

LONDON, Jan. 24, (British Wireless Service.)—The Times, discussing the allied invitation to Russia, says that on the whole the agreement of the Conference concerning Russia has been better received by the world at large than in Paris, and that even those who might be disposed to criticise it must recognize that the decision was unanimously reached by so imposing a cabinet of nations that it is practically impregnable. The chief objections to the proposals, The Times adds, are concerned with its practicability. No one, it says, can guarantee the success of the proposed meeting, or even that the meeting will ever take place.

The newspaper argues that even if the meeting does not occur, or if it takes place and no definite decision is reached, "we shall, in either case, be in a better position to arrive at a decision than we now are, for in either case we shall have made it impossible for the Bolsheviki in Russia or their sympathizers outside to keep on any more.

"They will have revealed themselves as enemies of the human race, and whatever steps the Conference may find it desirable to take in order to vindicate its authority can be taken without misgiving and with the assurance that it has popular sympathy behind it. On the other hand, if the Bolsheviki attend the Marmora meeting and behave reasonably the gain will be still greater. We shall have made the peace of Europe secure without further fighting. We shall have laid the foundation of future friendships between the real mind of Russia and the aspirations of the Entente peoples, and we shall have dug the grave of Bolshevism."

The Times concludes by saying that it hopes the plan will work, but that if it does not, and other means become necessary, "our hands will have been strengthened by the failure."

"In the meantime," it says, "it is important that we should put ourselves in a position to assert the will of the conference at once in case the present scheme breaks down."

The Daily Chronicle's diplomatic correspondent says it is generally considered in diplomatic circles that the Peace Conference was moved to make the remarkable experiment by the magnitude of the problem, and that there was virtually no other course open.

"Reflects War-Weariness."

"The sense of the conference," this correspondent says, "was against any resumption of the sword. In this it reflects general war weariness. * * * Russia has fallen under Bolshevism because of lack of the common necessaries of life. Supply those necessaries, and Bolshevism will fail. That is the theory, and it is good sense. Those who best know Russia rejoice that an effort is being made to stem the tide of anarchy. The fact remains that the vast majority of the inhabitants—probably some 86 per cent.—are peasants, dependent upon tilling the soil. Indifferent to persons, as to forms of government, they demand a cessation of disorder and a resumption of normal conditions. To them the proposition of the Allies will come as a hope of better things."

The Manchester Guardian, which warmly supports the proposal, says Bolshevist Russia is in desperate need, first of peace, and second of trade.

"She needs thousands of things," says this newspaper, "which she cannot herself supply, and to obtain these and freedom from the external menace and the drain which it implies on her scant resources; there can be little doubt that she would be ready to make great concessions. * * * She needs foreign assistance—foreign capital. Her finances are in utter disorder, and she is on the verge of bankruptcy. She can escape only by foreign intercourse and aid. Who can say what salutary results might not flow from her return to the ordinary relations of a great State?"

The Daily News says the suggestion that the proposal involved recognition of the Bolsheviki will not bear examination. The Westminster Gazette declares that to Europe as a whole it will be a great gain if the Marmora Conference assembles, "for then we may hope to secure through it the peace of the world."

"The reasons that favor the experiment," The Gazette continues, "immensely outweigh all that can be said against making it. Chief of these reasons is that a mission to the Sea of Marmora would be a practical trial of those ideals in the domain of government with which the name of President Wilson is associated. The effort is being made to get at the end of the Russian situation in the only way possible at the present time and to base the decisions of the Paris Conference upon the clear expression of the will of the people concerned. We are glad to think that on this point the American and English delegates are absolutely at one, and that the views that are receiving the unanimous approval of the Conference are as much those of Lloyd George as of President Wilson. Our hope is that the mission will not fail, but if it does the Conference will have the satisfaction of knowing that it has attempted a settlement as creditable to its head as to its heart."

Dr. E. J. Dillon, the foreign political expert of The Telegraph, writing from Paris, says the Prince's Islands plan caused consternation in Russian circles in Paris and adds that he is authorized to declare that the Governments of Omsk, Archangel, Crimea, and Yekaterinodar will absolutely refuse to send representatives to the conference.

SENATORS CONDEMN DEALINGS WITH REDS

King and Myers, Democrats, Support Sherman's Denunciation of New Russian Policy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Recognition of the Bolsheviki as a constituent part of the turbulent Russian situation, and the proposal by the Paris Conference to treat with the Reds at Princes Islands, in the Sea of Marmora, brought scathing comment in the Senate today.

Two Democratic Senators, King of Utah and Myers of Montana, joined with a Republican, Senator Sherman of Illinois, in deploring the fact that the Peace Commissioners had recognized the existence of the Bolsheviki. The President was responsible for any yielding on the part of the French representatives, Senator Sherman asserted.

"I cannot reconcile myself," he told the Senate, "directly or indirectly to the recognition of the present Bolshevist body in Russia. The Bolshevist Government is admitted to be a godless Government as well as a violent one. They are only a little in advance of the Socialists of this country. There is no thorough Socialist who admits any religious obligations.

"The local council of Petrograd has decreed that all married women between 18 and 45 years of age shall be provided with husbands selected by the council. Their children are not to be allowed to remain with their parents, but will be taken over as wards of the State. The parents are to have no more concern with them than the sire and the dam of the beasts of the field after their young have been born."

"Such a Government as that," interrupted Senator King, "is an enemy to all forms of law or order or progress or civilization, and that is the kind of Government we are giving some recognition to at this time at the Paris Peace Conference. The decrees the Senator from Illinois has spoken of are to be expected of a Government founded upon atheism and denunciation of God.

"I believe it to be the sovereign duty of every American to resist relations that may be sought. Great honor is due to the French for refusing to assist the Bolshevist representatives. If they have unhappily yielded, it was because of pressure begun by the Chief Executive of this country."

Senator Myers declared himself against any recognition "of the prevailing powers of the Soviet Government."

"I am greatly surprised and disappointed," he continued, "that the Powers in conference at Paris had considered entering into negotiations with these people or recognize them in any way whatever.

"The Bolsheviki are murderers, thieves, assassins, rapists, and criminals of the worst type. They indorse all practices known to criminality and have invented new forms of crime. They are the worst criminals the world has ever known; worse even than the Germans. They have abolished God; they declared war on all churches and religion.

"They have decreed free love. They have decreed that hereafter all women of Russia should be kept for the common use of all men, and that all children shall be raised by the State like a lot of pigs or cattle. No child in the future is to know who his father is. Such doctrines are absolutely shocking. I am greatly disappointed that the Powers have decided to deal with the Bolsheviki."

CABLES PROTEST TO WILSON.

Methodist Pastor, Long in Russia, Calls Reds Russia's Greatest Foes.

The Rev. George Albert Simons, superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Russia, and pastor of the American Church in Petrograd since 1907, yesterday cabled the following message to President Wilson in Paris:

"Recently left Russia, where I spent eleven years. Know Bolshevism to be avowedly anti-Ally, anti-humanitarian, anti-Christian, anti-Russian. Consider it greatest menace to world peace, world democracy, civilization, and sanctity of home. Therefore, most earnestly hope Peace Conference will not pollute itself by recognizing Russia's greatest foe. Christian America and Christian Russia can fitly express their sentiment in this crisal hour by quoting Second Corinthians, vi., 14-18."

FIRST STEP TODAY TOWARD LEAGUE

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

would be mainly important as a notice to the world that the League of Nations proposals were now formally before it and subject to continued discussion until disposed of. It is the privileged business of the Conference, and under the agreement reached shall have precedence over everything that pertains to the making of peace.

It would seem that as the originator, as it were, of the league idea the United States would have the preference in bringing the question formally before the Conference. The fact that the British are to do so has deep significance, however.

There is reason to believe that President Wilson and the American delegation preferred this method of procedure. In the first place, it was a marked compliment to the British delegation, and in the second it showed to all the world that Great Britain and America stood together in furthering this most ambitious scheme to end hostilities between nations.

No more striking instance of the unity with which the British and American delegates are working can be afforded than by the desire of Wilson to have the Prime Minister of Great Britain launch the craft for which the American Government has been assiduously laying the ways.

It does not need supernatural powers to understand that the President's visit to England in Christmas week and his subsequent private conferences in Paris with Lloyd George and Balfour are bearing fruit.

As stated in one of my prior dispatches those close to the British delegation are saying that Lloyd George has come to have a great liking for Wilson personally, and is particularly impressed with his sense of fairness and courtesy as well as directness. This cordial relationship between these two men is all the more interesting to those who had been hearing predictions that as soon as President and Prime Minister got down to business a clash was bound to come.

FRENCH SKEPTICAL OF RUSSIAN PLAN

Yielded to British and Americans for the Sake of Preserving Harmony.

ENGLAND THE PRIME MOVER

"America Was Umpire," It Is Said, Rather Than Participant in Conflict of Wills.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—There are several sufficiently accurate ways of characterizing the agreement of America and the allied powers to receive representatives of all the Russian groups, including the Bolsheviki, at the Princes' Islands conference. It is called here in Paris a diplomatic defeat of France by America. It is also called, more precisely and exactly, a diplomatic defeat of France by England, with America acting as umpire.

But a better way, perhaps, is to speak of it as a compromise of all the powers concerned to arrive at a harmonious settlement of the first serious difference that has actually come to a head since the formal opening of the conference. It is better to look at it in that way, because, after all, this is a peace conference; and to speak of "defeat" and "victory" implies that there has been fighting. And fighting among themselves is distinctly what the delegates do not want, especially in these days of preliminaries. For, big as the Russian question may be in itself, much greater issues are to come, which will call for even greater concessions or compromises than that which France has just made in consenting to this conference after that emphatic Pichon note declaring that under no circumstances would France deal with the Bolsheviki as requested by Lloyd George.

Incidentally, this might be called the third case in which France has yielded to America for the sake of harmony. First there was her consenting to bring the League of Nations matter into the first part of the conference instead of leaving it to the last. Then came the readjustment as to the representation of small nations, and now the unbelievable has actually happened in the Russian question.

"The main thing to keep in mind," said a French statesman to me today, "is that the union of the Allies and America has been preserved unimpaired by this decision itself. There is no question but what France was diametrically opposed to England and America. They have yielded something; so have we.

"It has been something like the process of the conversations between Washington and Berlin last October. You will remember the great uncertainty in France at the time about the wisdom of President Wilson's action. We wanted to keep on fighting, but yielded; and the results have been satisfactory.

"No doubt the present situation will work out, too. But we do not think it will work out the way the advocates of the Prinkipo conference hope. It is hardly likely that all the anti-Bolshevist Governments in Russia will consent to participate in the conference with Anarchists. Perhaps none of them will. So we may find ourselves conferring only with the Bolsheviki, who are eager to come. What will happen in that case has apparently not yet been worked out. But it is not probable under these conditions that the fighting in Russia would cease, whereas such a cessation of hostilities is an essential requirement on which we have declared the Prinkipo conference must be based. I think it is a foregone conclusion that Admiral Kolchak's Government in Siberia will take no part in the conference with the Bolsheviki; but, on the other hand, the Admiral probably would not go on with his military operations without the support of the allied troops in his region.

"The trouble is that in Western Europe, England, and America, we do not yet appreciate Bolshevism as they do in Russia. To us it is serious enough, but still an incidental thing, which some of us seem to think we can settle without force by a sort of sideshow Peace Conference run in connection with the big affair in Paris. But to Russians themselves, Bolshevism must be the one and only question till it is eradicated, and they think there is only one way to eradicate it.

"However, America and England have our support now. If their way fails, we shall have their support later on. Valuable time may be wasted, but it will be worth something if all the civilized nation are eventually convinced that the Bolsheviki cannot be trusted. In the meantime, it is to the credit of France that she has established a precedent of compromise for the sake of harmony among the Allies.

"It is not a defeat of France by America. The issue is not so sharply drawn there anyway, as between France and England. America was the umpire. Italy and Japan hardly figured in the matter. Lloyd George asked that the Peace Conference receive the Bolsheviki in Paris. Pichon refused. President Wilson suggested, as a middle course, that a commission of the Peace Conference—not the conference itself—should receive the Bolsheviki and others at Prinkipo. We accepted this middle course."

The above talk may be taken as a fair representation of the French attitude of skepticism in the entire matter. The same thing is expressed with much more bitterness and sarcasm in many Paris papers. The Socialist paper, L'Humanité, is the only organ which approves the action of the conference. The other papers make a point of ignoring Lloyd George's advocacy of receiving the Bolsheviki, and directly or indirectly hold President Wilson responsible for the whole matter.

In L'Echo de Paris, which also carries its usual daily cable from Washington attacking the Administration, Pertinax, its chief political writer, says:

"Ideology, ignorance and electioneering politics have become the bad tenants of the Quai D'Orsai."

ALL CLAIMANTS WARNED

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

Generals Wilson, Belling, Bliss, and Robilant.

The military branch of the Council adjourned at noon until tomorrow morning.

The Council of the five great Powers continued in session after the withdrawal of the military representatives. Louis Klotz, French Minister of Finance, and Louis Loucheur, French Minister of Reconstruction, took part in its deliberations.

Decisions Told by Communique.

The communiqué regarding proceedings of the morning session reads:

The Supreme War Council met this morning from 10:30 A. M. to 12:30 P. M., and was attended by the President of the United States of America, the Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Britisr Empire, France and Italy, as well as the Secretary of State of the United States of America, the British Secretary of State for War and the French Minister of Munitions; the representatives of the Japanese Government; Marshal Foch, accompanied by General Weygand; Field Marshal Haig, General Pershing, General Diaz, General Wilson, General MacDonough and the military representatives of the United States of America, France, Great Britain and Italy at Versailles.

The Council conferred with Marshal Foch and the other military experts as to the strength of the forces to be to all the forces of the allied and associated Powers on the western front during the period of the armistice.

It was decided to set up a special committee composed of Mr. Churchill, Mr. Loucheur, Marshal Foch, General Bliss and General Diaz to examine the question.

The Supreme War Council also agreed to recommend for the approval of the governments concerned the issue of an identic medal and ribbon to all the forces of the Allied and associated Powers who have taken part in the war.

Warning to Factions Using Force.

After the Supplementary Council, the President of the United States of America and the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of the Allied and associated Governments, with the representatives of Japan, held a short meeting and agreed to the publication and transmission by wireless telegraphy to all parts of the world of the following communication:

"The governments now associated in conference to effect a lasting peace among the nations are deeply disturbed by the news which comes to them of the many instances in which armed force is being made use of in many parts of Europe and the East to gain possession of territory, the rightful claim to which the Peace Conference is to be asked to determine.

"They deem it their duty to utter a solemn warning that possession gained by force will seriously prejudice the claims of those who use this means. It will create the presumption that those who employ force doubt the justice and validity of their claims, and purpose to substitute possession for proof of right, and set up sovereignty by coercion rather than by racial or national preference and natural historical association. They thus put a cloud upon every evidence of title they may afterward allege, and indicate their distrust of the conference itself.

"Nothing but the most unfortunate results can ensue. If they expect justice they must refrain from force and place their claims in unclouded good faith in the hands of the conference of peace."

The session will be resumed at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

According to Le Temps the part of the communiqué warning those who are refusing to await the Peace Conference's decision on territorial questions was written by President Wilson.

German Colonies Are Taken Up.

A communication issued this evening, dealing with the afternoon session of the Supreme Council, reads:

The President of the United States of America, the premiers and foreign secretaries of the United States, of the British Empire, and France and Italy, and the representatives of Japan met at the Quai D'Orsay this afternoon from 3 o'clock until 5:15 o'clock.

The mission of the Allies and associated great powers to Poland was frist discussed, and it was agreed that M. Pichon should prepare draft instructions to the mission for the approval of the representatives of the powers.

It was agreed that one press representative for each of the five great powers should be permitted to accompany the mission.

The question of territory readjustments in connection with the conquest of the German colonies was then taken up. Sir Robert Borden, Prime Minister of Canada; Mr. Hughes, Prime Minister of Australia; General Smuts, representative of General Botha, the Prime Minister of South Africa, and Mr. Massey, Prime Minister of New Zealand, were present and explained the particular interest of the respective Dominions in regard to this question.

The next meeting of the allied ministers will take place on Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The Peace Conference will hold a plenary sitting at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs tomorrow (Saturday), at 3 o'clock.

To Hasten League Plan.

Responsive to demands in the United States and Great Britain, which are echoed in Germany, for an immediate conclusion of the peace treaty, efforts are being made to hasten the adoption of a plan for a League of Nations. It is declared to be the conviction of the delegates that no permanent peace can be made until certain principles to govern the relations between the States have been accepted by the Peace Conference.

Such questions as the rearrangement of boundaries, the assumption of indemnities and reparations and the creation of constituted authorities are regarded as the very basis of the treaty of peace, and not only the American deelgates, but also the British and French delegates are understood to be of the opinion that these things cannot be safely composed in special peace treaties, but must be founded upon the general principles forming the basis of a League of Nations.

Another consideration is the likelihood that if the treaty of peace is signed first, there will be little disposition among the delegates to linger in Paris to complete a League of Nations.

LABOR IS ONE TOPIC TODAY.

Ideas Crystallizing for International Protection of the Worker.

PARIS, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—One of the subjects on the order of business of the plenary session of the Peace Congress tomorrow will be international legislation on labor. Under instructions given at the first session, various delegations have been preparing written statements of their views on the subject, and it is understood that, under a special order, these will be received by the congress and referred to a committee, which will give careful study to the reports and endeavor to amalgamate them into a general project to be recommended to the congress for approval.

America's view has been crystallized and is believed to harmonize in many respects with those held by the British delegates. There is reason to believe that the principles enunciated will be found acceptable in general to most of the Entente Powers. While it has been deemed proper up to this time to adhere to the practice of withholding such reports from publication until formally presented before the congress, it is believed that the propositions of the United States are based upon full recognition of the principles of international protection of labor by Governmental agencies, thus offsetting what is regarded as a dangerous tendency toward class control of Governments.

Data are being prepared to demonstrate a simultaneous movement in this direction by labor organizations in the United States, England, and France, culminating in the adoption by the French Chamber of Deputies of the report of the Berne Conference, held before the war, as amplified by the conference held at Leeds, England, in 1916. These, in general, look to relieving labor from international capitalistic control, allowing freedom to choose employment and place of labor, guarantees of employment, social insurance, the right of organization, and the enforcement of hygienic conditions at places of employment.

Of interest to the Southwestern section of the United States, as well as Mexico, is the demand for freedom to work in any country on terms of equality with native labor.

Other provisions are said to relate to child and female labor, prohibition of night work for minors, a basic eight-hour day and prohibition of international trade in products made by minors.

It is expected that the American delegates will present data to show the necessity for international standardization of sailors' wages, as already required by American law, if unfair and injurious Competition for the world's freight business is to be avoided. It is understood, and a spirit of mutual co-operation is to govern, as the best guarantee of avoiding wars resulting from such competition.

FOCH SWUNG FRENCH TO WILSON'S VIEW

Willing to Have President's Russian Policy Tried to Prove Its Futility.

SOME BRITISH OPPOSITION

Premier Lloyd George Has Not the Solid Backing of His Countrymen in Paris.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—There is far from unanimity of opinion in British circles as to the wisdom of yesterday's sensational developments in the attitude of the conference toward the Russian situation. President Wilson's policy, which the conference decided to accept, is the sequence of Lloyd George's proposals, rejected by Pichon. Upon Wilson and Lloyd George personally rests the responsibility.

Both of them, of course, have the backing of their respective delegations, for it is almost as true of Lloyd George as it is of President Wilson that they are the delegations, the other delegates of their two countries being more or less in their pockets. French acceptance of President Wilson's proposals is understood to have been largely influenced by the advice of Marshal Foch, who insisted that the present popular reluctance to embark upon military measures in Russia could not be disregarded, but that in the event of a failure of the Princes' Islands meeting, the opinion of the world would veer round in favor of forcible intervention, not necessarily for the purpose of settling the domestic affairs of Russia, but with the object of raising a barrier against the spread of Bolshevism.

There are two possibilities of the future of the Princes' Islands scheme. One is that a majority of the various existing Russian Governments will refuse the invitation. The other is that the Bolsheviki will hold firm to their attitude of war against existing institutions. In either case, Clemenceau's hand will be considerably strengthened, and as a measure of self-protection the outside world will have to adopt forcible methods.

In some British quarters the present proposals are regarded as an interesting experiment, which may have no worse result than loss of time. In others, they are held to be a dangerous compromise with anarchy, semi-recognition of Bolshevism, and an ill-considered venture out of the realm of practical politics into the unknown land of an idealism which is susceptible of subversive as well as of uplifting interpretation.

Lloyd George, however, had his way when the question of making the British proposals of December last was discussed in London, and now President Wilson has obtained the decision of the conference in support of the plan, which at least has this much in its favor—that it is a first class innovation, that its execution will clear the air, and that in the event of its success, distinct progress will have been made toward a solution of what is perhaps the world's greatest problem; and that in the event of its failure there is likely to be a great change in public opinion in both America and England as to the necessity of intervention.

MEDAL IN HONOR OF WILSON.

French Department of the Seine to Issue It.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The General Council of the Department of the Seine has decided to have a medal struck in honor of President Wilson's visit to France. On one side will be a profile portrait of Mr. Wilson, and the other side will bear the inscription:

"The Department of the Seine to President Wilson, Benefactor of Humanity."

A popular edition of this medal will be struck for general distribution.

AGREEMENT ON INDEMNITIES?

Wilson Said to Have Accepted the Principle.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—During consideration of the question of reparation at the meeting of the Supreme War Council yesterday, says the Paris edition of The London Daily Mail, President Wilson agreed to the principle that Germany must be made to pay indemnities in addition to the full cost of reparation.

At the instance of the British representatives, the paper adds, discussion was also begun on the questions of the addition of conscription and general disarmament.

In the future, The Daily Mail says, there will be one full meeting of the Peace Congress each week.

LITHUANIANS TAKE 6,500 BOLSHEVIKI

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

eral Filimonoff, Hetman of the Kuban Cossacks.

Admiral Kanine, it is announced, has been appointed commander of the Russian Black Sea Fleet. He is subordinate to General Denikine, who now holds sway over Odessa, the Crimea, and Sebastopol.

It is announced in Government circles that the controversy with General Semenoff, the anti-Bolshevist leader in the region of Chita, is in a fair way to a settlement. Semenoff, it is said, has accepted the appointment of a commission to try charges against him and has signified his readiness to join General Dutoff in fighting the Bolsheviki. The commisson to try General Semenoff will meet in a week or so at Chita. It is understood that General Semenoff has informed Admiral Kolchak that he was the victim of a misunderstanding. The charges against Semenoff include that of interfering with the telegraph and railway lines, the seizing of money in banks, and the intimidation of railway employes. Allied officers in Omsk continue their good offices in the interest of a settlement.

M. Savinkoff and Vladimir Bourtzeff, well-known revolutionist now in Paris, have telegraphed offers of their support to Admiral Kolchak. The adherence of Savinkoff is regarded as adding important strength to the Omsk Government. Admiral Kolchak has telegraphed his thinks to Savinkoff, declaring:

"I consider your acceptance a sign of a distinct movement which is uniting all forces to save Russia in this critical hour."

It probably would be premature and over optimistic to declare that the Omsk Government has inaugurated a settled régime and that insurrections and civil conflicts in non-Bolshevist Russia are at an end. The country is too vast, and unknown political currents have not yet found complete expression.

In Omsk Russia is compared to an agitated river which will continue to be troubled until it finds a normal and peaceful level, but Russians seeking the highest interests of the country as well as foreigners who are studying the situation on the ground appear to be united in considering the Kolchak Government as a sincere and vigorous movement to rehabilitate the nation.

There is a unanimous feeling that a powerful personality like Admiral Kolchak is necessary to carry the Government over the present crisis. If he succeeds in holding and strengthening his position in the next six months, these observers believe he will have formed the nucleus of an orderly and permanent régime, whatever political form it may eventually assume.

The observers do not believe that Kolchak is conspiring to restore the monarchy, as some of his opponents charge. They look upon the Kolchak Government as the only group offering hope of a solution.

The correspondent visited the churches in Omsk during the services Saturday night and found them all crowded. The Cathedral was overflowing. Most of the worshipers were men, and all were standing quietly in prayer.

Just as along the four thousand miles of the Trans-Siberian Railway, so at Omsk the masses of the Russian people apparently crave only peace and order, opportunity to obtain the necessities of life and a fair measure of comfort and happiness. They say they are surfeited with suffering, war and sorrow. It is hard to reconcile the gentle, sympathetic, and hospitable Russians encountered everywhere in this region with the tales of ferocity coming across the Urals.

At this critical hour of reconstruction the people are turning trustingly to America and the Allies for help. Their leaders emphasize that help, to be effective, must be immediate.

SEIZE KRYLENKO AS SPY.

Ex-Commander in Chief of Reds Sought to Enter Cossack Army.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 24.—Ensign Krylenko, former commander of the Russian Bolshevist Army, has been arrested, according to reports received through Finland.

He was caught when he attempted to enter the anti-Bolshevist Army of General Krasnoff, (Hetman of the Don Cossacks) for espionage purposes.

Ensign S. Krylenko was placed in command of the Bolshevist Army by Premier Lenine on Nov. 21, 1917, a fortnight after the coup d'état of the Bolsheviki, and retained that command until after the first taking of Kiev in February, 1918.

He succeeded General Dukhonin, who was degraded because he refused to offer an armistice to the Germans and Austrians until they had evacuated Russian territory.

On Nov. 30 Lenine sent out his famous wireless dispatch to Vienna, announcing that the new Government was ready to open negotiations for an armistice and peace, and henceforth, until the treaty of Brest-Litovsk was actually signed on March 3, 1918, Krylenko journeying from one sector to another, offered not only one, but a series of armistices to the commander of every enemy force with which he came in contact.

After one or two experiments the Germans would have none of him, for with the fraternization of troops came loads of Bolshevist propaganda literature. With his failure to seduce the enemy Krylenko gradually lost caste among his "comrades," and had been little heard of since last Spring.

ASSERT TROTZKY WAS TAKEN.

Libau Advices to Switzerland Say He Did Not Escape from Narva.

BASLE, Jan. 24.—Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist Minister of War and Marine, did not escape from Narva after the defeat of the Bolshevists by the Esthonians, but was taken prisoner, according to dispatches received here from Libau.

Advices from the same source state that, owing to the intervention of Finnish troops in northern Esthonia and Livonia, the country has been completely cleared of Bolshevist forces.

An Esthonian official report on the capture of Narva by Esthonian and Finnish troops, received on Tuesday, announced that Leon Trotzky, who had been present at Narva during the fighting, had escaped from the city after the Bolshevist defeat. Dispatches of Jan. 23 from Copenhagen appeared to confirm this, announcing that Trotzky was transferring his headquarters as Minister of War to Nijni-Novgorod.

Communications between Libau and Narva do not appear to be particularly good at present. The places are nearly 300 miles apart, and Bolshevist forces have recently been reported in the territory between them.

FOUGHT WAY THROUGH REDS.

German Soldiers from Ukraine Reach Germany on Armed Train.

COBLENZ, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—After being three weeks on a train fighting their way through bands of Bolsheviki in Russia, several German soldiers arrived here yesterday from the Ukraine. Four hundred Germans of the Bavarian heavy cavalry left Kharkov on Dec. 26, after manning and arming a special train with one-pounders, machine guns, and rifles.

A non-commissioned officer of the German First Corps, with headquarters at Kharkov, was among the arrivals at Coblenz. He estimates that there are 80,000 German soldiers remaining in the Ukraine. Between Kharkov and Kiev the German train had frequent encounters with bands of Bolsheviki, numbering from 200 to 2,000. In one of these encounters the Germans suffered sixty casualties.

The officer said the train was frequently stopped by Bolsheviki and it was necessary for the Germans to fight their way day after day. Sometimes the Germans bribed the Bolsheviki to allow them to pass, but in most cases they fought their way through, using machine guns from the train windows. The itinerary of the Germans included Poltava and Krementchug, the train making several detours because of destroyed bridges.

The Bolsheviki had officers, but they maintained little order and fought as disorganized units. A large proportion of them appeared to be former Russian prisoners. Many wore Russian uniforms, while some had uniforms stolen from German soldiers.

BOLSHEVISTS ON THE RAND.

Find Little Sympathy in South African Gold Fields.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Plans for the establishment of a Bolshevist movement on the Rand, the rich gold mining region of the Union of South Africa, have been unearthed, according to a dispatch to Reuter's, Limited, today from Johannesburg.

The principals in the plan style themselves International Socialists, and the movement was launched at the time of the armistice celebrations in South Africa, one of the measures being the issuance of a circular announcing that arrangements for practical co-operation with "brothers in Russia" had been completed.

"Investigations show," adds the dispatch, "that the natives will have nothing to do with this Bolshevism, the native strike fiasco last June having caused the natives to lose confidence in the International Socialists. While free speech is not interfered with, steps are being taken to insure adequate protection to the public."

THREATEN SWISS AGAIN.

Russian Soviet Demands Recognition of Its Envoy to Berne.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 24.—(Havas.)—The Russian Bolshevist Government threatens to keep in jail Swiss citizens in Russia until the Swiss Government ratifies the appointment of an official representative of the Russian Soviet in Switzerland.

EXPELS SOVIET LEGATION.

Sweden Notifies Bolshevist Officials to Leave by Tonight.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 24.—The Folkets Dagblad of Stockholm says today that Vorovski, with the whole Soviet Legation at Stockholm, has been ordered by the Swedish Government to leave the city by Saturday night at the latest. The Government guarantees its safe journey. Vorovski confirms the report that he will leave in the next few days.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 24.—The Swedish Government has sent an ultimatum to the Bolshevist Legation here, demanding its departure from Sweden by Jan. 25 at the latest, according to the Politiken.

BOLSHEVIST RUSSIA LIKE A WASP'S NEST

All Would Combine in Defense if Attacked, Says Lithuanian Foreign Secretary.

TROTZKY A RUTHLESS CHIEF

"Haves" Robbed by "Have Nots," Who Will Resist Any Return to Former Conditions.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—Interesting details about the character of the Bolshevist rule in Russia were given to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent by the Lithuanian Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Rosenbaum, who arrived in Paris last week. He said:

"It is a mistake to suppose that the Bolsheviki have a regular organization covering all the Russian territory which has accepted their principles. On the contrary, it is a cardinal feature of the new régime that each locality, each community, however small, should have full independence and liberty of action. For it must be remembered that, despite statements in the allied press to the effect that the Bolsheviki hold sway entirely by terrorism, this is only true in a limited sense. Their real force lies in the acceptance of their theories by a majority. Ignorant and misled as the latter may be, it is nevertheless a fact that they have for the most part rallied to the program of communistic socialism which forms the basis of Lenine's doctrine.

"Where terrorism comes in is in the methods used almost everywhere by these majorities to crush or convert their opponents and to dispossess them in favor of the proletariat community of what, in common with the proprietor classes in other countries, they naturally regard as their own property. What I mean is that the 'Haves' are robbed and terrorized by the 'Have Nots,' and since in Russia, as all the world over, there are more numerically of the latter class than the former, it is perfectly correct to say that once the 'Have Nots' are given a free hand, as they have been in Russia, they will resist a return to former conditions.

"Herein lies the real strength of the Bolshevist leaders, for although, as I said, there is no system of centralized authority by which they can exercise sway over all Russia, they yet are certain that any attempt to interfere with majority or mob rule in any district would immediately be resented and opposed by the local Soviet or majority representatives.

"At the same time the Bolshevist leaders have another source of strength—the Red Guard Army. Really it is less of a national army than Trotzky's personal instrument, just as the Praetorian Guard used to be an instrument of the Roman Emperor.

"Trotzky is an exceptionally strong and determined man. Like Bismarck, he is a thorough realist—he knows what he wants and goes after it with utter and whole-hearted indifference to moral or any other considerations save expediency. Having once established the new communism in Russia—which only became wholly possible by the signature of peace on any terms with Germany—Trotzky set himself to beat down the elements of opposition and possible reaction.

"Once that was done, he went further and took advantage of the weakening German military power to increase the area over which the Bolshevist theories were accepted. For this he needed a force, and he found it in the use of the Red Guard, which, as the world knows, is not only fighting the anti-Bolshevist elements in Russia, but is pressing westward toward Poland and threatening my own country, Lithuania, where, owing to the German refusal to permit us to raise an armed force, we are virtually at the Bolsheviki's mercy.

"To get a clear idea of the situation in Russia at present, you might compare the country to a wasp's nest wherein the greater part of its inhabitants do pretty much what they please, provided they are left alone and do not interfere or take part in activities of the 'soldier wasps'—that is, the Red Guard—but who would all combine in common defense the moment the nest is attacked by an outside enemy."

7,000 OFFICERS MASSACRED.

Example of Bolshevist Methods Cited by Traveler from Russia.

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PARIS, Jan. 24.—I talked yesterday with a man who is well known to many people in Chicago and who would be identified by many others if I were permitted to give his name. He has just returned from a trip of many months covering little known parts of Russia and Asia. He traveled in a semi-official capacity and had the best facilities for observation and for collecting information.

He brought back with him sensational stories of operations of the Bolsheviki in Russia which I have never seen in print. Here is a sample describing the capture of the City of Kazan, which is sixty miles to the east of Moscow:

"The Republicans, anti-Bolsheviki, were in control of Kazan, one of the considerable but not well-known cities of Russia. Kazan is so close to Moscow that the Bolsheviki hated to see it in the hands of their enemies. They were reinforced by a large band of mutinous sailors from the Russian fleet. These men brought with them a number of machine guns and quantities of ammunition. Meanwhile the Moscow Bolsheviki sent emissaries into Kazan to spread their doctrine. They told the ignorant workmen of the city that once the Bolsheviki got into power no workmen would have to labor more than four or five hours a day, while wages would be at least ten times what they were then getting.

"Finally the Moscow Bolsheviki organized the rabble into an army several hundred strong. This band was led out of the city in the direction of Kazan. At every village they reached all the male inhabitants were forced to join the marching columns. Immediately behind the so-called army came the sailors armed with their machine guns, as whenever the army showed weariness or signs of discontent the machine guns were used to force them to advance.

"When word came of the Bolshevist advance the republicans in Kazan got ready to meet it. They got together a considerable force, largely made up of former officers in the Russian Army, and marched out of Kazan to face the coming enemy. At the same time the Bolsheviki in Kazan redoubled their efforts. They used large bribes, promises, and threats to induce the workmen to join them in organizing a detachment to attack the republicans in their rear.

"When the Bolsheviki from Moscow attacked in front, the newly gathered mob from Kazan unexpectedly closed in from the other direction and the republicans were surrounded and forced to surrender. More than 7,000 former officers of the Russian Army were captured. Of these no fewer than 3,000 were taken, at one time, into an open field and sailors turned machine guns on them. All but two were killed. I talked at length with one of the two who escaped. Later the other 4,000 were also massacred.

"That, I think, is a fair sample of the way in which the Bolsheviki operate."

Religious Notices on Page 15.

WAVE OF STRIKES ALARMS GERMANS

Mines Crippled by Workers as a Protest Against Killing of Spartacide Leaders.

BERLIN TIEUP RESENTED

Socialist Leaders Disturbed by the Serious Consequences of Electrical Workers' Action.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 23.—Strikes of miners on a great scale have broken out in Germany, extending to nearly every colliery district. The movement, which originated as a protest against the killing of Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg, is of a political character, directed against the Ebert-Scheidemann Government.

In Upper Silesia, where last week an economic settlement was arrived at between the employers and workers, a fresh strike has begun, and, according to today's news, of the 150,000 miners in that area, 70,000 are idle. In the Essen region trouble is brewing, and large numbers of pits are closed.

The employers of the famous Deutsche Kaiser mine have issued a declaration that their action is a demonstration against the Government.

At Hamm, near Dusseldorff, the workers have proclaimed the Socialization of the mines. At Remscheid there is a general strike as a protest against the killing of Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. All industries there are stopped, and traffic is at a standstill.

The Berliner Tageblatt states that at Oppel, near Breslau, notwithstanding the decision of their leaders that work must be continued, the employes of no fewer than forty-four mines went on strike and the leaders have no longer any authority over the men.

Strike Nearly Paralyzed Berlin.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 22, (via Copenhagen.)—During the period of the strike of electrical workers in Berlin [since ended] perhaps a majority of the houses here were without any light. The few candles in the stores were sold and there was not a quart of kerosene, the only other possible illuminant at any public store.

The effect of the strike was almost a catastrophe at the hospitals, which were overcrowded. In some cases the lives of patients on operating tables were endangered because the lights went out suddenly and without warning. Patients might have bled to death, but for the extraordinary dexterity of German surgeons, which has been increased manyfold by the exigencies during the four years of war.

Happily the subway has its own electrical works, but one might well imagine the panic that was caused in the tunnels by the sudden extinguishing of the lights. The private power today in the subways afforded the only means of communication. The Stadtbahn has not been operating for weeks, lacking locomotives which had to be delivered to France, according to the terms of the armistice. So great was the pressure in the subway cars that many windows and even some doors were bursted by closely packed masses of humanity, the nearest station being reached safely only by all passengers clinging stoutly together.

The streets were full of abandoned cars, there not being horses enough to bring them to the nearest stations.

Telephone service was only partly interrupted.

A few large restaurants, feeding from accumulations of stores, managed to keep open until 8 or 9 o'clock at night, when their lights, too, went out suddenly. Many of them were crowded to the utmost, and there was a panic among the waiters when many guests rushed to the streets instead of waiting in the darkness until their bills could be collected.

Of about thirty theatres, only ten gave performances last night.

The population was against the strikers in the aggregate, and the municipal authorities were criticised sharply because, it was argued, they should have tried to save the trade of the city from this calamity, whatever the cost.

The strikers got 2 marks per hour, and they wanted 3 marks. On Saturday they were quite willing to submit to a court of arbitration, but yesterday they absolutely refused arbitration. It was rumored that the Spartacide element among them got the upperhand.

Berlin theatrical enterprises are gravely endangered by the latest measures to save coal. Beginning next Monday they will be accorded only 50 per cent. of the electric power they used in December, 1918, and that was only 60 per cent. of what had been permitted in December, 1916. Consequently, they will be restricted to three, or at the utmost, four nights weekly.

Even now Berlin theatres are so dark that one must light matches to read the programs. Lighting effects on the stages have become impossible and the artists' dressing rooms are so dark that they have the utmost difficulties in painting their faces.

Despite all these drawbacks, however, the theatres have been crowded night after night, even during the "housetop war" and the recent street car strikes, which may be accounted for by the fact that going to theatres is the only pleasure which moderate purses now permit. Still the managers complain, though many have grown very rich during the war, and they threaten to charge twice the usual price in the future.

Socialist Leaders Disquieted.

BERLIN, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—The strike epidemic in Berlin, and particularly the strikes of the electric, gas, and other municipal workers, whose position enables them to extort compliance with their demands from public or private employers, are beginning to disquiet even the Socialist leaders.

In common with the bourgeois press the Socialist Vorwärts dwells on the "disloyal" nature of the strike of the electric workers, by which hundreds of thousands suffered great hardships.

The Aldermen of Charlottenburg, a working-class district of Berlin, at a Common Council meeting today criticized the attitude of the workers. The criticism came from members of all parties.

The employes of the city gas works, who received an eight-hour day only recently, have now, under a threat to paralyse the gas supply, compelled the granting of a six-hour day and an increase in wages amounting to 12,500,000 marks annually.

Herr Richter, the Police President of Berlin, who is a Socialist, said today that the obvious tendency of the workers was to convert the revolution into a wage movement which would endanger all of Germany.

Herr Katzenstein, a Socialist Alderman, said that the recent strikes indicated that "we have progressed from exploitation by the capitalists to exploitation by the proletariat, with the distinction that the capitalists were accustomed to reckon more than six weeks ahead." He added that the workingmen were exhibiting utterly unsocialistic selfishness and that a great part of them had demonstrated that they were not yet ripe for Socialism.

The Vessische Zeitung refers to the strikes as "the sabotage of Socialism," and calls on the Government to counteract this terrorization of the municipality by furnishing men to take the place of the strikers if necessary. This action, the paper adds, could not, in the circumstances, be regarded as strikebreaking. The paper concludes:

"If this economic terror is permitted to rage further it will undermine our vital forces, weaken the labor movement, and strengthen the counterrevolutionary forces."

Bremen Doctors Threaten Strike.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 24.—All doctors and chemists in Bremen have decided to go on strike, according to the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, as soon as the political strikes endanger the traffic of supplying the people with food, gas, and electricity, or if citizens of Bremen are arrested for political reasons.

Matters have reached such a pitch in Berlin owing to the strikes of coal miners that households in the German capital may hereafter have no gas to use between 8:30 o'clock at night and 11 o'clock in the morning, and between 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Handelsblat.

Street lighting in Berlin will be reduced 20 per cent., and restaurants have been ordered to close at 10 o'clock at night.

The Vorwärts, the dispatch adds, says that the coal shortage is so great that the central electric stations and all trades requiring coal will soon be forced to close down.

PARIS CAR AND BUS STRIKE.

All Lines Are Tied Up by Workers' Action.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—A general transportation strike was declared in Paris this morning. Subway lines, surface cars and automobile buses were affected. The strike was apparently well organized.

The population took the matter calmly, even good-naturedly, and proceeded to walk to work. The streets presented an unusually busy appearance for the early hours of the day and the boulevards looked as if a holiday was in progress. In the meantime the taxicabs reaped a harvest and exacted exorbitant rates.

The strike of automobile bus drivers was decided upon at a meeting yesterday under the presidency of Marcel Cachin, a Socialist Deputy. Surface car employes deliberated until 1:30 o'clock this morning when they finally decided to go out.

LABOR PARLEY IN PARIS.

Americans, French, British, and Belgians to Meet Next Week.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, and other members of the American Labor delegation now in Paris had a conference last night with Gustav Francq and P. M. Draper, Canadian labor leaders, and Leon Jouhaux and other leaders of the French General Labor Federation. Mr. Gompers wanted to have the labor leaders agree to the holding of an inter-allied labor conference in Paris before the Socialist and Labor Conference at Berne, but M. Jouhaux, while not opposed to a preliminary exchange of views, said it was impossible to hold a meeting in Paris. He said that many allied delegates would be unable to come to Paris before going to Berne.

It was agreed finally that there should be an exchange of views next week between the representatives of the American, Canadian, French, Belgian, and British labor federations. Mr. Gompers and his colleagues later had dinner with George Nicoll Barnes, the British labor leader, and talked over the British labor plan which Mr. Barnes will present to the Peace Conference, to which he is one of the British delegates.

EISNER STOPS DUKE'S MEAT

Cuts Off Aged Ludwig's Extra Ration—Report Premier Will Flee.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 23, (via Copenhagen.)—The Lokal-Anzeiger learns from Munich that Duke Ludwig of Bavaria, 88 years old, the senior member of the House of Wittelsbach, who is being operated on in a Red Cross hospital, has been denied the daily extra ration of meat on which he had subsisted. This was done by special order of Premier Eisner.

The Lokal-Anzeiger adds that Eisner's position has become so precarious that a rumor that he is preparing to send his family to England and later follow himself is generally credited.

DUTCH SONGS FOR EX-KAISER

Concert Planned for Tonight Continues to be Deprecated.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 23.—The ex-Kaiser has developed an interest in the national songs of his country of adoption. On Saturday night he is to be entertained by Amerongen's Christian Choral Union, and the program, at the request of the ex-Kaiser, is to consist principally of Dutch folk songs.

The function is to be a full household gathering, consisting of the ex-Kaiser, the ex-Kaiserin, their suite, and the family of Count von Bentinck.

The incident is harmless enough in itself, but is causing a considerable amount of discussion in Holland, where it is feared that the entertainment of the ex-Kaiser by public bodies in Holland is likely to prejudice the country's position. Political circles are against the function, which they foresee will cause unfavorable comment abroad, as did the recent story of the dinner given to the ex-Kaiser by officers in the mess of the Dutch Flying Corps.

The matter is also being taken up by the press, which laughs at international susceptibilities being ruffled by such a harmless proceeding, but points out what will be the effect and advises beneath its laughter that the concert should not take place.

BRITISH TASKS IN THE NEAR EAST

German and Austrian Troops, as Well as Bolsheviki, Cause Trouble Beyond the Caspian.

TURKS HARRY ARMENIANS

Natives in Mesopotamia Are Kept Quiet Only by the Presence of Troops.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The vastness of the task before the League of Nations in restoring order in Eastern Europe and Asia is illustrated by the amount of work which, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learned today from well-informed sources, the British Army still has to perform.

More than two months after the armistice there are in the region beyond the Caspian inhabitants who do not know yet that the war is over, and have recently been informed that German submarines have sunk 30,000 British troops in the Caspian. As a large number of German and Austrian troops are there as well as a force of Bolsheviki, the British have their hands full in protecting the peaceful tribesmen.

To maintain communication with this force and also to see that the armistice terms are carried out it is necessary to keep other British garrisons in the region north of the Caucasus, while in Cilicia there is still another force. They are needed there especially on account of the Armenians.

The Turks are showing the old truculent spirit toward that unfortunate race. They do not seem to realize that they have been defeated and it is only the convincing presence of the khaki detachments that prevents them from continuing the old system of oppression and extermination.

Further to the southeast in Mesopotamia a considerable part of the expeditionary force remains and will have to remain. Here, after the lapse of centuries, good Government has been introduced as the result of war, and it is absolutely necessary, if order is to be maintained, that some civilized nation should hold the reins of power.

The natives are split into many mutually hostile tribes, and even such restraining influence as the Turks used to exercise has been withdrawn. Moreover, the British have in the last three years made great improvements. Basra has been made into a port with every modern facility. Navigation of the rivers has been improved. Hundreds of miles of railway have been constructed. Bagdad has been transformed into a prosperous city, and improvements in irrigation, in addition to the increase in security, have enormously increased agricultural production. If the British were to withdraw all these developments would fall into ruin.

Meanwhile in Eastern Europe the British forces are engaged in international police work and are occupying a number of points, the ultimate ownership of which will be decided by the Peace Conference, but will certainly not be awarded to England. A division of the Saloniki force is thus stationed near Constantinople, and another is garrisoning Dobrudja, in the zone between the Bulgarians and Rumanians. A battalion of the Essex Regiment has taken temporary charge of Soutari, in Northern Albania. A battalion of the Yorkshire and Lancashire Regiment is looking after Fiume, and another of the Honorable Artillery Company is in Northern Tyrol. In addition there are 20,000 British troops in Northern Russia.

British commitments in lesser theatres of the war are, therefore, by no means liquidated. The Government is anxious to reduce them, but it cannot do so until the Peace Conference has decided what is to be done with all these lands, where British detachments alone maintain order.

CHARGES CRUISER FAILED.

Galveston Left the Ticonderoga to Her Fate, Providence Journal Says.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 25.—The Providence Journal prints this morning a story in which it charges on the authority of naval officers who are not named that the steamship Ticonderoga was deserted in a helpless condition by the United States cruiser Galveston before she was finally attacked and sunk by a U-boat with the loss of 113 American soldiers and sailors.

The Journal asserts that the transport convoy, of which the Galveston was a member, changed its course when word of a naval action ahead of it was received, and continues:

"For some reason the Ticonderoga did not follow the rest of the convoy, and the sound of heavy firing early in the morning revealed that she was being attacked. The cruiser Galveston went back to within two miles of the Ticonderoga, fired several shots at the submarine without effect and then left the Ticonderoga to her fate.

"It develops now, from the story of the naval officer, that the Captain of the Galveston is to be brought before a court-martial to explain the occurrence.

"The officer's defense is, first, that the specific general orders were to stay with his convoys at all times; second, that half his crew were helpless with influenza at the time. The Galveston had seventy men in the sick bay, and while she was passing the wreck of the Ticonderoga the executive officer died of influenza."

The Journal says that it learns from a naval informant that the submarine disappeared, after the cruiser had opened fire, but returned some time after the cruiser had gone on her way, reopened the attack and sunk the ship. The submarine later submerged suddenly, while one of the rafts bearing survivors was tied to its superstructure, any only the breaking of the rope saved the raft from being dragged under water with those on board.

Says Wilson Will Head Peace League

PARIS, Jan. 24.—President Wilson is likely to be offered the Presidency of the Commission of the League of Nations, the Echo de Paris says today.

By the Commission of the League of Nations is probably meant the permanent executive body for the conduct of the league's affairs.

Religious Notices on Page 15.

SEE BOLSHEVIST TREND IN BRITISH STRIKES

Workers' Impatience Inspires Petty Demands—Older Leaders Now Gripping Situation.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—While the Yorkshire miners' strike is settled, and the prospect of great idleness there is banished, there are still gloomy happenings and tokens of labor unrest. Twenty thousand North Nottinghamshire miners and twenty pits are idle, and 14,000 Rhonda men have stopped as a protest against the dismissals of miners engaged during the war. South Wales ship repairing yards are standing idle, and the bakers are threatening a national strike.

The extraordinary frivolity of grievances advanced as excuses for several of the present epidemics of strikes and threatened strikes is arousing great uneasiness. Any one of these strikes would cause great loss and inconvenience to thousands unconnected with the trades concerned. Yet the men do not hesitate to take the strongest action at short notice on what is generally regarded as unreasonable grounds.

Another disturbing factor is the lack of discipline shown by the younger men. Just as the older and abler leaders have won the national confidence by their steadiness and loyalty in the war, they are being betrayed by their own followers.

G. H. Thomas, M. P., a veteran leador of the railwaymen, showed his vexation at the way in which the trainmen in Wales flouted his authority by an unauthorized strike, by resigning his position; and other labor leaders are now having similar experiences.

No one believes that these strikes will go very far. But it is not denied in well-informed quarters that they have been actively fomented by Bolshevist influences. There is naturally a desire on the part of men, now that the war is over, to have better conditions of living, and the feeling is expressed widely in the press that these should be granted them. But their demands are taking impossible forms.

There are, however, elements that are fighting against the extreme views. Demobilization is proceeding steadily, and is adding thousands of men daily to the labor market. The old and respected leaders of the men have not lost their heads. William Brace, M. P., President of the South Wales Miners' Federation, in an interview, has recognized the impossibility of pressing the men's demands to the point where they would make industry unprofitable.

BRESHKOVSKAYA IN CHICAGO

Grandmother of the Russian Revolution Says Reds' Power Is Waning.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Mme. Catharine Breshkovskaya, the so-called "Grandmother of the Russian Revolution," despite her seventy-three years, twenty-two of which were spent in Russian and Siberian prisons because of her revolutionary opinions, today breathed defiance of the Lenine-Trotzky Government and said that in Chicago, New York, Washington, Boston, and elsewhere she intended to make a series of speeches which would bring home to the American people the real significance of recent events in her native country.

As she alighted from the Olympian Limited after her transcontinental journey from Seattle, where she landed a few days ago, she was bombarded with American Beauty roses thrown by admirers to the number of 1,000 or more, who had gathered at the Union Station to pay her homage. In a sort of triumphal procession she was taken by Miss Jane Addams and a number of other prominent Chicago women to Hull House, where she will remain until Monday, when she will start for New York.

Mme. Breshkovskaya declined to go into the details of her escape from Russia. She denounced the Bolsheviki in round terms. She said that there was much misery and actual starvation in Russia and that she saw little hope of ameliorating conditions until Lenine and Trotzky were permanently removed from authority.

"Their rule is slowly but surely coming to an end," she said. "The decline of their power is now rapid. It must terminate soon. With Lenine and Trotzky out of the way there will be a chance for the Social Democrats of Russia to get together and restore order out of chaos."

Mme. Breshkovskaya is in the United States for the purpose of raising funds to educate and ameliorate the condition of 4,000,000 Russian war orphans. "If we pass them by, allow them to run wild and grow up without a sense of responsibility," she said, "anarchy will spread not alone through Russia, but in communities not remote from the United States."

POLITICAL AGITATION REVIVES IN IRELAND

Parties Other Than Sinn Fein Take a Hand—New Home Rule Plan Proposed.

DUBLIN, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—The political agitation in Ireland, outside the sphere of Sinn Fein activities, is undergoing a revival. A meeting of Moderate Home Rulers, headed by Stephen Gwynn, yesterday launched a movement for home rule with a separate Parliament for each of the four provinces, or three Parliaments, with Leinster and Connaught joined, which they call Dominion Home Rule.

Today the council of the Irish Unionist Alliance met in Dublin and adopted a resolution presented by Lord Farnham reaffirming "unalterable opposition to home rule for the whole or any part of Ireland," and declaring "the real object of all home rule movements is total separation," which would result in handing over Ireland "to those who during the war have actively sought to procure the defeat of our arms and the disruption of the Empire."

On the other hand, home rule gained a recruit in Major Gen. Sir Hubert Gough, former commander of the British Fifth Army, who was a leader in what was termed the Curragh revolt, at which time he resigned from the army when Lieut. Gen. Sir Arthur Paget, then Commander of the Forces in Ireland, gave the officers at Curragh their choice between resigning and agreeing to march against Ulster in case of civil war.

General Gough has written a letter to Mr. Gwynn in which he says he feels that "the policy of drift is leading the country to moral, if not material, ruin." In his letter Sir Hubert expressed agreement with Mr. Gwynn's Home Rule plan and declared: "The main object we require to arrive at among Irishmen is a feeling of brotherhood, comradeship, and respect for each other. Many of us have learned that comradeship can exist and what real brotherhood meant in this war."

The letter concludes with the statement that the difficulty confronting self-government lies in Ireland, not at Westminster.

MOVING TO ALLY GERMAN PARTIES

Berlin Democratic Organ Declares for Coalition with Majority Socialists.

INDEPENDENTS NOT WANTED

Vorwaerts Suggests Working Union with Liberals to Assure Basis of Constitution.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 23, (via Copenhagen.)—The election returns, which are now complete, show 166 mandates for the Majority Socialists, 93 for the Centrists or Christian People's Party, 75 for the Democrats, 37 for the National People's Party, 23 for the People's Party, 22 for the Independent Socialists, and 5 for the so-called "wild ones," totaling 421 mandates distributed over thirty-seven election districts, Alsace-Lorraine forming the thirty-eighth.

This result is anything but satisfactory to the three People's Parties, which made such gigantic efforts and spent so much money during the last week of the campaign, but it is no surprise to impartial observers, nor to any one belonging to other than those three parties. Certain newspapers and politicians guessed a result, almost exactly as recorded today, days before the election.

The Lokal-Anzeiger divides the mandates into three distinct groups—the Socialists, 188; the People's Parties, 153, and the Democrats, 75—expressing the hope that the five "Wild Ones" will join the People's Parties on all serious questions. In South Germany the home of the "Wild Ones," they did not do so. They rather seem to be inclined to follow the Socialist lead.

Though it is well known that the Democratic leaders intend an alliance with the Majority Socialists, which would give them a working majority of 241 out of 421, the Lokal-Anzeiger believes that many persons who voted the Democratic ticket have no sympathy with a Socialist alliance. The paper remarks, however, that the voters will find that the persons elected by them will not permit sentiment to stand between them and the prospect of power.

Vorwärts admits that the Majority Socialists will have to seek an alliance, even if the Independents should not prove to be obstinate.

"The Democrats," says Vorwärts, "must give proof of a really democratic spirit and sympathy for social ideals if they or part of them wish effective co-operation from us."

The Tageblatt, the principal Democratic organ, declares unreservedly for an alliance with the Majority Socialists, in which case the attitude of the Independents could not count.

Socialists Polled 10,000,000 Votes.

BERLIN, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—The German Social democracy polled more than 10,000,000 votes in the elections of last Sunday, according to the Freiheit, as against 4,250,000 in the last Reichstag elections. The Majority Socialists are conceded to have received 8,000,000 votes and the Independents a trifle under 2,000,000.

The strength of the radicals' total vote, says the newspaper, is not indicated by the number of mandates they captured, as both wings of the party suffered by the election tactics of the Conservatives, Clericals, and National Liberals, who by combining their tickets secured mandates which would not have been obtainable had they run independently.

The Scheidemann and Haase parties worked independently and undoubtedly forfeited isolated mandates which they might have gained had they pooled their tickets.

Vorwärts, the organ of the Majority Socialists, makes the significant suggestion of the possibility of effecting an active working union with the bourgeois democracy for the purpose of fortifying the constitutional foundations of the republic.

Hope of a Strong Government.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Basing its comment upon the final unofficial figures of the results of the German elections for the National Assembly, The Times today expresses the opinion that there is every probability of a strong combination between the Majority Socialists and the Democrats, (the former Radicals, reinforced by some National Liberals,) together with whatever recruits they may attract from the other groups.

"Such an arrangement of parties," says The Times, "would produce the one result which concerns the Allies and the United States. It would give Germany a strong Government with the indisputable moral right to bind the German State and people. * * * The Allies and America should hasten to recognize the state of things which the election has created.

"Hitherto we had no direct representatives of the German people to deal with. These elections furnish such representatives. Let us recognize their title and lose no time about it."

It may be pointed out that the original plan for the National Assembly called for 433 members of that body, but owing to the fact that Alsace-Lorraine did not vote the total is reduced by 12 and hence will be 421.

FIRM WITH HAMBURG REBELS.

Machine Guns Check an Attack on the City Hall.

HAMBURG, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—The Government troops are making short work of putting down the Spartacide outbreak here.

When the revolt began the Spartacides occupied the railway stations and other Government buildings, but since that time they have been driven out. They attempted to attack the City Hall yesterday, but met with a heavy machine-gun fire and retreated. They have also been driven from several police stations which they had occupied.

Ordinary traffic and business was resumed today. The troops continue to clear up Spartacide nests throughout the city.

Government reinforcements are on the way to Hamburg, and it is believed that a repetition here of Berlin's Spartacide week has been forestalled.

ARMY CONTROL TIGHTENED.

Power of German Soldiers' Councils Is Now Greatly Limited.

BERNE, Jan. 24.—Under the new regulations which have been issued relative to the control of the Germany Army the power of the Soldiers' Councils is greatly diminished.

The Prussian Minister of War, through the army officers, will be charged with responsibility for the employment and leadership of his men. He will be supreme chief of the army, and he alone will have power to promote officers and soldiers.

Soldiers' Councils will be formed by all garrisons, regiments, or battalions to watch over the activities of officers, and see that military authority is not used against the Government. They must be consulted as to permanent regulations relative to feeding the troops, the granting of leave, and discipline, but beyond that they are under strict limitations.

FIND ROSA LUXEMBURG'S BODY

News of Its Discovery in Canal Kept Secret in Berlin.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 24.—The body of Rosa Luxemburg, the Spartacide leader who was killed by a mob recently, was found yesterday in the Landwehr Canal, according to a report from Berlin. The body was terribly mutilated.

The news, it is said, is being kept secret for fear of anarchistic reprisals.

AMERICANS BUY GERMAN SHIPYARDS?

Report in Berlin of the Sale of Schichau Works for About $40,000,000.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 24, (via Copenhagen.)—It is rumored in shipping circles that the Schichau Works at Danzig, Elbing, and Pillau have been sold to an American firm for 160,000,000 marks. What American firm it is cannot be ascertained so far because Herr Carlson, the present owner, keeps closely to his house and will not talk. Carlson is a son-in-law of Ziese, who was the son-in-law of Schichau, the founder of the firm. Carlson never got along with his workmen, who during the war numbered over 10,000, which circumstance, combined with the fear of socializing experiments, induced him to part with one of the most valuable shipbuilding yards in Germany.

The Schichau yards in Danzig, Elbing, and Pillau cover more than one million square metres in space, containing thirty slips and four swimming docks.

One of Schichau's specialties were torpedo boats which were built not only for Germany but for Russia, Argentina, China, Turkey, and other foreign countries. Dreadnaughts, cruisers, and other warships were built in their yards as well as the largest passenger steamers. Among the latter being the Columbus, of 50,000 tons.

AMERICANS TO INSIST ON FREE WATERWAYS

Internationalization of Certain Rivers and Railroads Vital Issue at Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The question of the internationalization of ports and waterways and, in certain cases, railways, which is to come before the Peace Conference session on Saturday, has received careful study by American specialists on the subject. It is believed that they will present some advanced views on the question.

It is felt tha to carry out this proposal, which is the third of President Wilson's fourteen points, will remove many causes of friction which have existed because of unjust control of international means of communication. That some of the new States expected to grow out of the war may be wholly inland, it is said, emphasizes the necessity for the removal of barriers to access to the sea, which the American delegates are expected to favor.

The question of the Scheldt, the Dardanelles, and certain other waterways, it is expected, will be decided by a commission, although it probably will approach with caution the subject of canals, in which America is particularly interested because of the Panama Canal.

International control of railways in certain circumstances, it is said, will be favored by the American delegates. Such railways are the line from Danzig to Poland and the Bagdad Railway, which are regarded as substitutes for natural waterways.

The question of whether the Panama Canal should be internationalized would depend entirely upon the attitude of the United States Government, according to the belief expressed tonight by Lord Robert Cecil, who has submitted to the Peace Congress a draft of the British view of the structure of the League of Nations. At a conference of journalists, and in answer to a query, he said he had not heard any formal or specific discussion of the Panama Canal among delegates, it being mentioned only incidentally in connection with other waterways. He held that the Panama Canal was not on the same basis as some other waterways, since it is property of the United States, and it must be for that country to say how it shall be controlled.

In speaking of the admission of neutrals into the league on the same basis as other nations, Lord Robert said that it was his conception that there should be no classification, but that all sovereign independent states should have equal rights. In the general discussion which followed this remark, he said it would be a disaster if no South American nations were included in the organization.

The question was raised as to whether, if a big indemnity was assessed against Germany, she should be kept out of the league until payment was completed. Lord Robert replied that Germany should not be barred merely because of her inability to pay, in case the indemnities should run over a long period.

He said that no definite proposals had been made regarding limitation of armaments, which is presenting an extremely difficult problem. In his opinion, there must be limitation, but there cannot be total disarmament, since every country must maintain certain defensive forces.

In discussing means for enforcing the rulings of the league, Lord Robert said:

"If you are going to try to force peace by the mechanical perfection of your machinery, the attempt will be a failure. You must have behind you public opinion. Machinery is important, but without a favorable atmosphere against war it will fail."

He believed that a free press was highly important, since through the press this favorable atmosphere could be created.

PLAN FOR FREE CATALONIA.

Statutes to Make Four Provinces Autonomous Are Made Public.

BARCELONA, Jan. 23.—Details are announced of the new statutes for the autonomous State of Catalonia, comprising the present Spanish provinces of Barcelona, Tarragona, Lerida, and Gerona. The new Catalonian Government will be composed of a parliament of two chambers and an Executive and a Governor General.

Catalonia will no longer recognize the supreme authority of Madrid in matters of administration affecting Catalonia alone. The new Government proposes to assume the direct control of mines, waterways, taxation, and education.

REPORT ROYALIST TRIUMPH IN LISBON

Spain Hears the Monarchy Has Been Proclaimed in the Portuguese Capital.

MANUEL STILL IN ENGLAND

South Portugal and the Navy Said to be Loyal to Republican Government.

MADRID, Jan. 24.—The monarchy has been proclaimed in Lisbon, the Portuguese capital, a telegram received here from Valenca, on the Portuguese border, says.

Former Queen Marie Amelie of Portugal, mother of former King Manuel, has arrived here, according to the newspapers. She traveled to Spain incognito.

VIGO, Spain, Jan. 24.—The greater part of the Lisbon garrison has gone over to the Monarchists, it is affirmed in reports on the progress of the Portuguese revolution received here from Coimbra, in northern Portugal and other localities. The wireless station near Lisbon is said to be in Royalist hands.

Troops under Colonel Silveramos, which the Lisbon Government had sent to aid in suppressing the Monarchist rebellion, are reported to have joined the Royalists at Santarem, forty-five miles northeast of the capital.

RADAJOS, Spain, Jan. 24.—The Monarchist movement is apparently making no headway in south Portugal, contrary to the expectations of the Royalists.

In northern Portugal, owing to the failure of the troops to suppress the movement, police forces are to be used against the Monarchists. These forces have been started toward the disturbed districts from southern Portugal.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—According to dispatches from Lisbon the situation is developing adversely for the Government. The Monarchist cause is gaining many adherents in Lisbon and is rapidly extending the field of operations to the north.

The monarchy having been proclaimed at Louza, Sao Thiago, Villa do Conde and Barcellos, it is feared that nothing can now avert civil war.

The widely-circulated rumor that former king Manuel of Portugal was about to land on Portuguese territory is at least premature. Ex-King Manuel was still in London today.

PARIS, Jan. 24, (Havas.)—The Portuguese navy has remained loyal to the Government, according to all accounts received in Madrid. The Madrid newspapers, however, have advices reporting that the army is on the side of the revolutionists.

FOR FRANK DISCUSSION OF ITALY'S CLAIMS

Serb Minister to The Hague Says It Would Have Advantageous Results.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 24.—Speaking to the Serbian Minister, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today asked how the relations between Italy and Serbia were at the present moment and what settlement was hoped from the Peace Conference.

"The relations between Serbia and Italy have always been excellent, but at the present moment we are confronted by serious difficulties concerning the demarcation of our frontiers, which we firmly believe can be settled but which depend entirely on Italy," he said. "Italy entered the war in order to complete her national union; but we now see her coming out of her frame and attempting to appropriate countries inhabited by Serbo-Croats and Slovenes.

"The example of Dalmatia clearly proves that Italy has not yet adopted President Wilson's ideas. It is a country where the national idea of the Serbo-Croats is absolutely crystalized. Commencing west of Fiume and extending along the Adriatic coast to Montenegro, it is a Serbo-Croat country. Italy even has pretentions to Fiume, based on the fact that there is a majority of a few thousand Italians in the town. Fiume, however, is only a port, behind the walls of which there is not a single Italian to the south. To deprive the Serbo-Croats of this port would be to strangle their commerce.

"To quote an instance: there are more Italians in New York than in Rome or Naples, but Italy would never dream of appropriating New York. As for Istria, Trieste, and the regions of Gorizia and Gradiska, I consider that according to the ideas of President Wilson the situation should be well investigated and studied in the country itself, when it would soon be appreciated that the Serbo-Croat and Slovene claims are based on the conviction that a limitation of frontiers should be formed on the principle of nationalities.

"It would be unfortunate if Italy could not discard old ideas reminiscent of the times when nations were disposed of like a flock of sheep. It would be still more unfortunate because America, England, and France have frankly accepted the principles of self-determination."

"Do you consider that open and free discussion of Italian-South Slavonic relations would bring good results?" the Minister was asked.

"Decidedly," he answered. "We are only too glad to apply Mr. Wilson's principles here, too, and to confront the question openly and frankly. We are convinced that this free discussion would achieve advantageous results for both nations concerned and for the Allies. There are many reasons which impel the Italians, Serbo-Croats and Slovenes to cultivate the best relations. In this way, both nations assure themselves of peace and economic prosperity, and at the same time prepare themselves against the danger of Germanic invasion, which will always remain a danger for the two peoples."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 23, (via Geneva, Jan. 24.)—Serious dissensions are reported among the Jugoslavs. Croatians and Slovenes are incensed against the Karageorgievic dynasty and the central Government at Belgrade owing to their weak attitude against the Italian encroachments. The Serbians are charged with not seriously demanding Trieste and Istria for the Jugoslavs because they themselves want for Belgrade merely the Dalmatian harbors.

Slovenian and Croatian bad feeling against the Serbian dynasty is partially based upon religious grounds, the Croatians and Slovens being strict Roman Catholics, fear orthodox propaganda under Serbian auspices.

PLOTTED CAPTIVES' ESCAPE.

British Prisoners' Committees Vetoed Vain Projects.

LONDON, Jan. 24. (British Wireless Service.)—The establishment of "Escape Committees" among the British prisoners in German camps and the ingenious schemes devised by captives to get away, are described in an article in The Evening News, by an officer who has just returned after twenty-two months of captivity.

"If you wanted to escape," says the officer, "you had to state your case before the committee, giving the full details of your scheme. If your plan interfered with the chances of another, the committee would sit on it.

"For instance, suppose I told the committee that at a certain hour each day a certain sentry was in the habit of neglecting his duty in some way and that I meant to slip by him. The committee had the power to say: 'That is a way out for six others, you must all make the attempt in three days,' and their word was law.

"In this way obviously impossible schemes were brought to light and vetoed, both in the interest of the officer contemplating flight and his comrades remaining in prison.

"One officer told the committee that he had constructed an improvised parachute out of a big umbrella and he wanted to jump with it off the roof of the prison, which was close to a highway, and float down into the road. The committee said 'No.'

"One of the best escape inventions brought before the committee was a chute made of a long dinner table with a slippery polished top. This was slid down from a window of the prison and on it officers were able to slide down and drop into the road outside."

Giving the dollar wings

Every shopping-day the women in command in Delineator families spend $345,441 for their own clothes. They have children who also need clothes, food, toys, education, and homes which need furniture, housekeeping aids and countless things that contribute to the comfort and joy of living. These women are the spenders of good American dollars for the vast needs of the four and a half million members of these homes. Do you make anything *you* would like to exchange for their dollars? Your message will get right to them through

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Can't you remember coming down-stairs on a crisp, frosty morning to find the lower part of the house tantalizingly fragrant with country sausage sizzling in the pan? And "on the side," thick slices of baked apple and delicious coffee?

At CHILDS any nippy morning you can get this famous country combination. Your plate is "helped" in genuine old-fashioned style; a cake of freshly made, perfectly seasoned country sausage meat; finely flavored apple, and a bit of *good* gravy.

And on the side, real buckwheat cakes with fine butter and syrup.

Country sausage, apple, buckwheat cakes and syrup, with a cup of mellow, delicious coffee—35c.

Childs

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HE will tell you that the French have a very valuable Baume which helps to take the stiffness out of his muscles after a hard day chasing the Boche. They call it

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difficult to pronounce, but easy to rub on. One of the oldest and most famous of French remedies, it was originated in the laboratories of Dr. Jules Bengué of Paris.

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COPELAND DEFENDS HIS BOARD CHANGES

Health Commissioner and Rabbi Goldstein in Controversy at Hearing.

DR. HARRIS QUESTIONED

Copeland Asks That Criticism Be Withheld Until His Plan Is Tried Out.

Representatives of labor and civic organizations met in the Department of Health Building yesterday on the invitation of Health Commissioner Copeland to present to him their objections to and discuss the advisability of his action in removing the Division of Industrial Hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, of which Dr. Louis I. Harris is Director, and placing it nunder the direct care of the Health Commissioner, thereby removing it from Dr. Harris's supervision.

From start to finish the discussion was lively. With considerable heat Dr. Copeland read a statement attributed to one representative that Deputy Health Commissioner Dr. Frank Monaghan, the Mayor's physician, was the real head of the Health Department. This he said was false. At another time, replying to a question, he said the Mayor was not running the Health Department, that the Mayor had given him a free hand and he was not taking orders from any one, but was trying to give a conscientious, honest administration of the health affairs of this city.

Next came the controversy between Dr. Copeland and Rabbi Sidney E. Goldstein of the Free Synagogue. Dr. Goldstein had charged that the public has lost confidence in Dr. Copeland's administration of the department.

Dr. Copeland accused Dr. Goldstein of having named a committee of health experts in a recent sermon. Dr. Goldstein said he had not, and Dr. Copeland continued:

"If I have to submit my problems to commissions named by you or your committee, I will quit right now." Commissioner Copeland then asked Dr. Goldstein whether he had not been associated with Dr. S. S. Goldwater at Mt. Sinai Hospital. Dr. Goldwater was the expert suggested by Dr. Goldstein for a member of the proposed committee to pass on the Health Department program, and it was Dr. Goldwater with whom Dr. Copeland differed as to methods of handling the influenza epidemic.

In the exchange that followed Dr. Goldstein said he was biased in favor of the workers of the city, and Commissioner Copeland replied that he as Health Officer was in a position to help labor while the rabbi was not. Waving a newspaper clipping Dr. Copeland said: "If you are showing labor the way to heaven by such misstatements, then I want to follow another leader."

In the course of his remarks, Dr. Goldstein gave Dr. Copeland the impression that he was claiming to represent the different delegates present. He jumped to his feet. "Are these various groups led by Dr. Goldstein?" he asked. There were shouts of "No," and a man who said he represented 50,000 longshoremen assured the Commissioner that he never saw Dr. Goldstein before.

There was a difference of opinion as to whether Dr. Harris should be present. Some contended that it would be embarrassing for him to appear. While the discussion was in progress Dr. Harris came in. Dr. Copeland told him to answer with frankness the questions that those present might ask. He did so. These related to the work of the Division of Industrial Hygiene.

Many of those present pointed out that it was Dr. Harris who had shown labor the necessity for industrial hygiene, and that he had accomplished something notwithstanding handicaps that included a lack of inspectors for the work. For this reason they wanted him retained as head of the bureau. One labor union man summed up their position when he said: "Labor will stick to Dr. Harris to the end."

Among those who attended the meeting were Edward C. Rybicl, Central Federated Union; Mrs. Frederick Nathan, Consumers' League; Dr. George M. Price, Joint Board of Sanitary Control; Edward Bliven and Ann Hogan, Labor Sanitary Conference; Leon H. Rouse, Typographical Union No. 6; Frank M. Gaa, Painters' and Decorators' Union; Rose Scheiderman, Woman's Trades Union League; Mrs. Elmer Blair, Woman's City Club; Miss Lillian D. Wald, Henry Street Settlement; Dr. Ira S. Wile, editor of American Medicine; Miss Sarah Mulhall, Women's Organization of Sanitary Control; Dr. Mason Pittman, Riverdale Asylum; Mrs. Ellen O'Gorman Stanton, and Superintendent Simmons of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum.

ACCUSES INSURANCE MEN.

Federal Grand Jury Indicts Two, Who Deny Charges.

Edward Meinel and William Y. Wemple of the firm of Meinel & Wemple, Inc., insurance brokers, who were arrested on Dec. 26, were indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury for alleged violation of the Trading with the Enemy Act and were held in $10,000 bail each. The defendants succeeded to the business of H. Mutzenbacher, Jr., a German concern, in October, 1917, as the American agents of the Salamanda Insurance Company and the Second Russian Insurance Company, Russian corporations.

The fifteen specific charges in the indictment are to the effect that the defendants have done business with one Paul Clausen of Copenhagen in the placing of reinsurance or property in this city for the account of Mutzenbacher, and have conducted business without having obtained a license, which was only possible with the consent of the President; and that they had sent abroad by mail corrections of real estate maps in this city showing how the insurance was placed.

In a statement the defendants said that the indictment was predicated upon communications between them and Russian and French reinsurance companies in October, 1917, and within a few days after the passage of the act they are accused of violating. They say that they still represent the Russian concerns and also the Paternelle Insurance Company of Paris. They denied that they had ever traded with the enemy or that any of the concerns represented by them had any enemy connections.

Arthur Weiner, who was born in Berlin in 1884, was arrested yesterday by agents of the Department of Justice on suspicion of being an enemy alien, and was sent to Ellis Island to await further investigation. It was said that Weiner had escaped military service in Germany because of his physical condition, that he learned the trade of a printer in his uncle's shop in Berlin, and that he came here in 1908 with the intention of learning the newspaper business.

Other information gathered concerning him by the authorities is to the effect that he returned to Germany in 1910, and after his uncle's death in 1911 returned here. It is alleged that when the war began he reported to the German Consul, and early in 1915 became interested in Jeremiah O'Leary and the latter's American Truth Society.

Federal Judge A. N. Hand issued an order yesterday directing that all of the papers taken from the law office of Jeremiah A. O'Leary, when he fled from this city in May last, be returned to him with a few exceptions. The court said that the theory that O'Leary lost any right to his flight from justice would not bear analysis, and that flight could not transfer title to property, but any papers used in the trial of O'Leary without protest could be retained.

INQUEST IN SETON TRAGEDY.

Lieut. Col. Rutherford Charged with Willful Murder of Major.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—A Coroner's jury today brought in a verdict of willful murder against Lieut. Col. Norman Cecil Rutherford of the Medical Corps of the British Army in connection with the death of Major Miles Charles Seton of Melbourne.

Major Seton was shot at the home of his cousin in London on Jan. 13. A detective testified that after the arrest of Colonel Rutherford, Rutherford wrote a note to his wife saying:

"I am sorry. The worst possible has happened. Seton is dead."

Mrs. Rutherford's maid testified that in the absence of Colonel Rutherford in France, Major Seton several times visited the Rutherford house and remained there for week-ends. On the day of the shooting, the maid declared, there was some trouble between Colonel Rutherford and his wife, after which Rutherford left the house, telling the maid not to place his revolver in his travelling bag.

The Coroner read extracts from letters written by Mrs. Rutherford to her husband stating that she wanted him to gain his freedom and would not place any obstacle in the way of a divorce.

ROW IN THE POLICE BAND.

Trial at Headquarters Reveals Discord Among Musicians.

There is discord in the Police Department Band, it became nown yesterday, when Patrolman Albin Johnson, French horn player, was put on trial before Deputy Commissioner John W. Goff, Jr., charged with having been disrespectful to Edward F. Goldman, conductor of the Band. The alleged offense occurred at a rehearsal in the Seventh Regiment Armory on Oct. 28 last, and was incidental to a protest by one faction of the band against the conductor. It was said that twenty-five bandsmen sided with the conductor and seventy-five were against him.

Conductor Goldman testified that Johnson had threatened to throw him out of the hall and had grabbed up the conductor's music stand. When this occurred, he said, the unfriendly faction had surrounded him and some one had pulled the baton from his hand.

Johnson in his defense said that as Chairman of the musical committee, it was his duty to distribute the music. The rehearsal was to have started at 10 o'clock but Goldman insisted in starting ten minutes earlier and had distributed the music. His protest consisted, he said, in saying: "You've an awful nerve to do that." Then he took the stand away.

One witness testified to hearing someone shout: "Don't lay your hands on Goldman as it constitutes an assault." The rehearsal ended in a great commotion. Decision was reserved.

LEVIATHAN SAILS IN A GALE.

Big Transport Spends an Hour Straightening Out in the River.

After being delayed twenty-four hours by fog the American transport Leviathan left Pier 5, Hoboken, at 11:30 yesterday morning for Brest with nearly 1,000 passengers. The northwest gale was blowing eighty miles an hour and came with terrific force against the side of the Leviathan, which stands ninety-five feet out of water. Captain W. W. Phelps realized that force was needed to cope with the wintry blast and ordered the tugs to push against her port bow and straighten her out so he could use her four propellers to advantage without making trouble for other shipping. It took nearly an hour, but the transport got away at 12:25 and headed out of the harbor. She was reported to have touched a sandbar near the Narrows, but it was denied by the Navy Department afterward.

Among the passengers was William G. Sharp, the United States Ambassador to France, and his son, five Commissioners from the United States Shipping Board, headed by E. E. Palen, who are going over to investigate freight and passenger traffic from Brest to Bombay, and Brig. Gen. Hines, who will consult the British Government as to what sum is to be paid finally for the transport of American troops to France and back to New York. So far a tentative sum of $35 a head has been paid.

FOR ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL.

Widow Sends Her Mite to the Oyster Bay Fund.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Jan. 24.—The committee that is raising a fund for the memorial to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt received a letter today containing $1. "This is a widow's pittance," said the letter, "for a man so brave." The letter was from Mrs. Mary Pherinto of Fennington, Va. William Loeb, Jr., former secretary to Colonel Roosevelt when he was President, was elected President of the memorial committee at a meeting of the local committee here tonight. John P. Birmingham was elected First Vice President, and Colgate Hoyt, Second Vice President. Mortimer L. Schiff will be Treasurer.

Announcement was made yesterday that the National Association of Audubon Societies and affiliated organizations would begin work at once for the erection in New York or Washington of a Roosevelt memorial bird fountain. Eminent American sculptors will be asked to present plans, it was said, and a national committee of nature lovers and sportsmen would soon be formed to advance the project.

CROMWELL TWINS END LIVES AT SEA

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

received a telegram from his sisters last Tuesday which read:

"Missed steamer; sailing Espagne."

He knew that they were about to leave France, where for over a year they had been acting as canteen workers for the Red Cross. Up to last night he had received no word from his bankers in Paris, whom he cabled in an effort to determine whether his sisters actually sailed on La Lorraine. He was inclined to disbelieve it himself, and discredited the report that they had purposely ended their lives. He said that the last letters which had been received from them were most cheerful.

The Misses Cromwell lived together in a fashionable apartment building at 555 Park Avenue. Before sailing for Europe last year they sublet their apartment, but recently notified their brother that they intended to return. The maid who had previously been in their employ was re-engaged, and for the past week was getting their home in readiness.

The sisters were both members of the Colony Club and traced their descent to the stock from which Oliver Cromwell sprang. Their father, Frederick Cromwell, who died in 1914, left a large fortune to his children. Mary, who has been residing at 46 Rue Spontoni, Paris; Dorothea, and Gladys, and one son, Seymour. Frederick Cromwell for many years was Trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance Company and Director in many large corporations.

After the outbreak of the war the Misses Cromwell abandoned their social activities to take up war work. They had long wished to go to France and help in whatever way they could, and being inseparable all their lives were happy when the opportunity came for them to go over together for the Red Cross. They had been under fire several times on the battle front.

A cheery letter was received by their housekeeper on Christmas day in which they said that they doubted very much their ability to come home because they were still needed in France. All the letters they wrote home, particularly those of recent date, were written in a cheery tone, and their friends here could not conceive of any reason for suicide.

The Cromwells have a large country estate at Bernardsville, N. J. The sisters were wealthy and gave much out of their fortune to the Red Cross.

Religious Notices on Page 13.

LISTS AMERICANS KNOWN AS PACIFISTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

you discovered that in many universities there were professors who subscribed to these dangerous and anarchistic sentiments?"

"A very large number," Mr. Stevenson answered.

"And participated in this class of revolutionary and Bolshevist meetings and organizations?"

"Quite a large number of them, mostly among professors of sociology, economics, and history."

"It seems to me," said Senator King, "that this is a good time for the States and those who control the universities to look into this matter."

"I should like to get a list of these professors," added Senator Nelson.

"I have a 'Who's Who' here that I have prepared, giving a brief biographic sketch of each," replied Mr. Stevenson.

The list was submitted for the pruning process and some sixty or seventy names were eliminated. Those eliminated, it was stated, were persons who had ceased activities of a pacifist and anti-war nature after this country declared war.

List Put Into Record.

The biographical data was also eliminated in most instances, and only the organizations of a pacifist or radical nature to which the person belonged were named. The list as it went to the Senate records was as follows:

JANE ADDAMS, Chairman Woman's Peace Party, Vice Chairman American Neutral Conference Committee, Executive Committee American Union Against Militarism, Council of Fellowship of Reconciliation, American League to Limit Armaments.

JAMES J. BAGLEY, President Franklin Union No. 23, Inc., New York City; member Organising Committee People's Council; Executive Committee Peace Without Victory League; Executive Committee Young Democracy.

HENRY J. CADBURY, professor University of Pennsylvania; Executive Committee Young Democracy; American Friends' Service Committee; Fellowship of Reconciliation.

EDMUND C. EVANS, architect, Philadelphia; Organizing Committee People's Council; Executive Committee, Fellowship of Reconciliation, National Civil Liberties Bureau; active in Young Democracy.

HAROLD EVANS, lawyer, Philadelphia; attorney for Civil Liberty Bureau of American Union Against Militarism; General Committee, Liberty Defense Union; Executive Committee, Fellowship of Reconstruction; American Friends' Service Committee; Executive Committee Young Democracy.

KUNO FRANCKE, former professor Harvard University; American Neutral Conference Committee; Intercollegiate Socialist Society; Knight Royal Order Prussian Red Eagle and Order of Crown.

WILLIAM F. BADE, professor Berkeley, Cal.; student University of Berlin, 1905-6; professor University of California 1902; member Intercollegiate Socialist Society.

PROFESSOR EMILY GREENE BALCH, economist, studied with Professors Schmoller and Wagner; former Professor Political Economy, Wellesley College; American Neutral Conference Committee, People's Council of America, Liberty Defense Union, Woman's Peace Party of New York City, Emergency Peace Federation, American Union Against Militarism, Collegiate Anti-Militarism League, Woman's International League, Intercollegiate Society.

ROGER N. BALDWIN, now serving sentence in prison for violation of Selective Service act; former instructor sociology, Washington University, St. Louis; National Civil Liberties Bureau, American Union Against Militarism, Fellowship of Reconciliation, Liberty Defense Union, Collegiate Anti-Militarism League, Bureau of Legal Advice, League for the Amnesty of Prisoners.

Former Columbia Professor.

CHARLES A. BEARD, professor, formerly of Columbia University; Intercollegiate Socialist Society, lecturer Rand School of Social Science, New York.

SOPHONISBA P. BRECKENRIDGE, Assistant Professor of Household Administration, University of Chicago, since 1908; American Union Against Militarism, Woman's Peace Party.

FREDERICK, M. BUSBEE, professor, Colorado College; studied in Berlin; Intercollegiate Socialist Society.

EVANS CLARK, former instructor of economics at Princeton University; head of Bureau of Research and lecturer Rand School of Social Science; Intercollegiate Socialist Society.

LINDSAY T. DAMON, professor, Brown University; Intercollegiate Socialist Society.

HENRY W. L. DANA, former Professor of English, Columbia University; People's Council of America; Collegiate Anti-Militarism League; Young Democracy.

JOHN LOVEJOY ELLIOTT, educator; received degree of Ph. D. from Halle University, in Germany; American Union Against Militarism; Liberty Defense Union; Bureau of Legal Advice; National Civil Liberties Bureau.

ELIZABETH FREEMAN, born in England; Executive Secretary People's Council; Advisory Board for Amnesty for Political Prisoners; Committee League for Small and Subject Nationalities.

ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN, I. W. W. for the last ten years; under indictment for violation of the Espionage act; Executive Committee, Liberty Defense Union.

THOMAS C. HALL, professor and theologian; studied in Germany; former professor Union Theological Seminary; Intercollegiate Socialist Society; Reception Committee, Friends of Peace; Organizing Committee, German University League in this country; contributed to the Fatherland; decorated by the Kaiser with Order of Crown; now in Germany.

MORRIS HILLQUIT, (originally Morris Hillkowitz,) born in Russia; Organizing Committee, People's Council; attorney co-operating with National Civil Liberties Bureau; American League to Limit Armaments.

The Rev. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, clergyman; Executive Committee, American Neutral Conference Committee; Executive Committee, American Union Against Militarism; Director National Civil Liberties Bureau, Vice President Liberty Defense Union; editorial board, World of Tomorrow; Fellowship of Reconciliation, American League to Limit Armaments.

Commissioner of Immigration.

FREDERIC C. HOWE, United States Commissioner of Immigration, New York, studied in Germany; General Committee, American Neutral Conference Committee; President League of Small and Subject Nationalities; member League of Free Nations Association.

JESSIE W. HUGHAN, professor Barnard College, New York; Advisory Board, Collegiate Anti-Militarism League; council Fellowship of Reconciliation; Executive Committee Woman's International League; Secretary, New York State Branch of Woman's Peace Party; Executive Committee, Intercollegiate Socialist Society; member League of Conscientious Objectors.

WILLIAM I. HULL, professor Swarthmore College, Penn.; studied in Germany; General Committee, American Neutral Conference Committee; council Fellowship of Reconciliation.

PAUL JONES, Bishop; Organizing Committee, People's Council; Council Fellowship of Reconciliation; instructor in Young Democracy.

RUFUS H. JONES, professor Haverford College, Pennsylvania; editorial board, World of Tomorrow; council, Fellowship of Reconciliation; American Friends Service Committee.

DAVID STARR JORDAN, chancellor Leland Stanford Junior University, California; American Neutral Conference Committee; Executive Committee, American Union Against Militarism; General Committee, Liberty Defense Union; Advisory Committee, Collegiate Anti-Militarism League; Committee American League to Limit Armaments; People's Council of America.

GEORGE W. KIRCHWEY, former dean Columbia University Law School, American Neutral Conference Committee, member Civic Club of New York, a meeting place for radicals; member Advisory Board Bronx Open Forum.

LINDLEY M. KEASBY, professor University of Texas; studied in Germany; member organizing committee, People's Council of America, and in charge of organizing work of that organization in Southern States.

EDWARD KREHBIEL, professor Leland Stanford Junior University, California; General Committee, American Neutral Conference Committee, Civil Liberties Bureau of America; American Union Against Militarism; League of Free Nations Association.

New York Woman on List.

AGNES BROWN LEACH of New York, Executive Board, Woman's International League; treasurer New York State branch, Woman's Peace Party; Executive Committee American Union Against Militarism; National Civil Liberties Bureau, Civic Club of New York; interested in Young Democracy.

LOUIS P. LOCHNER, was press representative of Henry Ford on board Peace Mission ship; Executive Secretary, People's Council of American Liberty Defense Union, organizing mittee; National Conference of Labor, Socialist and radical movements.

The Rev. FREDERICK LYNCH, clergyman; Executive Committee American Neutral Conference Committee; Treasurer Emergency Peace Federation; Executive Committee American Union Against Militarism; interested in National Civil Liberties Bureau; connected with League of Small and Subject Nationalities.

JUDAH L. MAGNES, rabbi, New York; Organizing Committee People's Council of America; National Civil Liberties Bureau.

THERESA S. MALKIEL of New York; Executive Board Woman's International League; member New York State Branch Woman's Peace Party; Executive Committee Liberty Defense Union.

JAMES H. MAURER, President Pennsylvania Federation of Labor; Organizing Committee People's Council of America; General Committee Liberty Defense Union.

Miss TRACY MYGATT, New York; Overflow Meetings Committee of Friends of Peace; Executive Committee Bureau of Legal First Aid; Associate Editor for Young Democracy.

SCOTT NEARING, former professor University of Pennsylvania; Executive Committee American Union Against Militarism; Liberty Defense Union; Organizing Committee People's Council of America; Intercollegiate Socialist Society; under indictment violation Espionage act.

KATE RICHARDS O'HARE was Chairman of Committee on War and Militarism at Nashville Convention of Socialist Party held in St. Louis, 1917, which reported the anti-war resolution; represented America in International Socialist Bureau in Brussels; Executive Committee, Liberty Defense Union, now in prison for violating Espionage act.

HARRY A. OVERSTREET, Professor of Philosophy, College of the City of New York; Emergency Peace Federation, Collegiate Anti-Militarism League, Intercollegiate Socialist Society, League of Free Nations Association.

Local Justice Included.

JACOB PANKEN, Judge Municipal Court, New York City, President of Forward, Radical Jewish newspaper; People's Council of America, National Conference of Labor, in Socialist and radical movement.

ELSIE CLEWS PARSONS (Mrs. Herbert) of New York, People's Council of America, American League to Limit Armaments.

AMOS R. E. PINCHOT, lawyer, American Neutral Conference Committee; American Union Against Militarism, National Civil Liberties Bureau.

GILBERT E. ROE, lawyer, New York; attorney National Civil Liberties Bureau; interested in People's Council of America.

The Rev. HAROLD L. ROTZEL, Boston, Mass., member of League of Democratic Control; Fellowship of Reconciliation, League for Permanent Peace, interested in Defense of I. W. W., connected with National Civil Liberties Bureau.

The Rev. JOHN N. SAYRE, Suffern, N. Y., member of Fellowship of Reconciliation; National Civil Liberties Bureau.

JOSEPH SCHLOSSBERG, Secretary of Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America; member People's Council of America; Liberty Defense Union; National Conference of Labor Socialist and radical movements; Young Democracy.

NATHANIEL SCHMIDT, professor Cornell University, studied in Germany; member of Intercollegiate Socialist Society.

VIDA D. SCUDDER, professor at Wellesley College; member American National Conference Committee; Intercollegiate Socialist Society; writer on Socialism and literature.

CLARENCE R. SKINNER, professor Tufts University; member of Collegiate Anti-Militarism League; on editorial staff of Young Democracy.

HELEN PHELPS STOKES of New York, Treasurer National Civil Liberty Bureau; Vice Chairman Liberty Defense Union; member of Council of Fellowship of Reconciliation; Executive Committee Intercollegiate Socialist Society.

The Rev. SIDNEY STRONG, Seattle, Wash., member of People's Council of America; Liberty Defense Union; Fellowship of Reconciliation.

The Rev. NORMAN M. THOMAS of New York; member of American Union Against Militarism; National Civil Liberties Bureau; Liberty Defense Union; Fellowship of Reconciliation; editor World of Tomorrow; National Conference of Labor, Socialist and radical movements.

ALEXANDER TRACHTENBERG of New York; member of Collegiate Anti-Militarism League, Director of Department of Labor Research; Rand School of Social Science; contributor to The Liberator, successor to The Masses.

The Rev. IRWIN ST. JOHN TUCKER, clergyman and editor, Chicago, Ill.; managing editor, Christian Socialist; member of People's Council of America; Chairman People's Council of Chicago; convicted of violation of Espionage act.

OSWALD GARRISON VILLARD, born in Germany; editor of The Nation; American Neutral Conference Committee; American Union Against Militarism; American League to Limit Armament; Fellowship of Reconciliation; interested in National Civil Liberties Bureau.

LILLIAN D. WALD, sociologist, of New York; member American Neutral Conference Committee; American Union Against Militarism; Civil Liberties Bureau; American League to Limit Armament; Woman's Peace Party of New York.

JAMES P. WARBASSE, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.; member American Union Against Militarism; National Civil Liberties Bureau of Peace Without Victory League.

HARRY F. WARD, Professor of Social Service, Boston School of Theology; member of Collegiate Anti-Militarism League, Fellowship of Reconciliation; Liberty Defense Union.

DONALD WISEMAN of New York; member of National Committee, Collegiate Anti-Military League; Executive Committee, Fellowship of Reconciliation, active in organization of Young Democracy; connected with Union Theological Seminary.

L. HOLLINGSWORTH WOOD, lawyer, New York, Treasurer of American Union Against Militarism; Chairman of National Civil Liberties Bureau; Treasurer of Fellowship of Reconciliation.

EUGENE V. DEBS, Socialist; member Organizing Committee, People's Council of America; General Committee, Liberty Defense Union; member of National Conference of Labor, Socialists and radical movements.

The committee will resume its public sessions next Tuesday. There will be an executive session on Monday.

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HOW TO GAUGE MEN
Before Science took hold of the matter, men would judge their fellows by what they called "first impressions" or "intuitions." Now-a-days, it is said, there is a sound scientific basis for judging character by physical signs. Here are five books which explain different phases of the subject:
Character Reading Through Analysis of the Features—*Gerald Elton Fosbroke,* $1.79
Laws of Scientific Hand Reading—*William G. Benham,* $4.04
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"With the Help of God and a Few Marines"
By Brig. Gen. A. W. CATLIN, U. S. M. C.
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Writes Gen. Catlin:—"Waking or sleeping, I can still see before me the dark threat of Belleau Wood, as full of menace as a tiger's foot, dangerous as live wire, poisonous with gas, bristling with machine guns, alive with snipers, scornfully beckoning us to come on and be slain—waiting for us like a dragon in its den."
This is not alone the story of the fight that saved Paris; it is a *HISTORY* OF THE MARINES. *Net, $1.50.*
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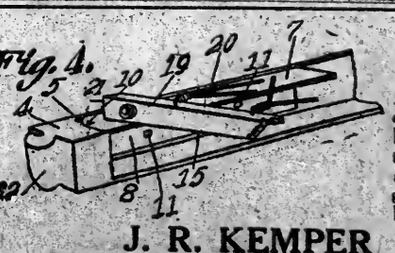
By ARTHUR H. POLLEN
England's greatest naval expert tells the vivid story of the British navy and its marvellous success in sweeping the enemy from the seas. Many of the statements of the fighting commanders are here included.
"Pollen is to be congratulated. The best and foremost important book written about the war."—*London Times.*
The subject of England's dependence on her navy is treated at length—a topic in which we are all deeply interested. *Net $2.50*
DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & COMPANY

WHAT novel had, during December, the "largest sale" in twenty large cities?
WHAT novel was, and still is, most in demand at the public libraries?
WHAT novel is still selling continuously all over this country?
The answer is
"SHAVINGS"
By JOSEPH C. LINCOLN.
and the reason
—because it is the most entertaining story of the season.
This Is an Appleton Book For Sale at All Bookstores, $1.50 net



FOR SALE
U. S. Patent No. 1236490
A one position combination metal bed rail. Appeals to manufacturers and dealers. Bargain to quick buyer.
J. R. KEMPER
Care of Wallick Hotel, 43rd St., New York City.

GARRISON SEES GOOD FUTURE FOR B. R. T.

Receiver Tells Bond Club Guests He Aims to Co-operate with All Interests.

ASKS THE PUBLIC TO HELP

Jacob H. Schiff Declares Stockholders Eventually Will Get Back a Good Property.

Lindley M. Garrison, receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, spoke yesterday at a luncheon given by the Bond Club at the Bankers' Club. He called attention to the fact that the B. R. T. system is the largest organization of its kind in the world. It was made up, he said, of fourteen constituent companies, operated 520 miles of street surface railroad and some 200 miles of elevated and subway lines. Last year, he said, it carried something like 771,000,000 passengers, and the gross income was not far from $30,000,000.

"In so far as the present situation of the company is concerned," continued Mr. Garrison, "it is attributed to a policy which has been pursued for many years, by which the parent company, out of income that it received from operating revenue, has spent that money for betterments and improvements, capital expenditures for the subsidiaries, taking therefor their certificates of indebtedness, and not floating in turn from their own resources, bonds or stock or other means of raising capital to replace that money. It has on hand today some $37,000,000 of these certificates of indebtedness, and when it was faced with the necessity of making capital expenditures, almost wholly capital expenditures, amounting to $16,000,000, which we have got to have to complete the obligations of the company in respect of the subway contract, and to complete its own roads on account of the arrangement with the Public Service Commission and the city, they were in no position to market their securities—the market was in no position to absorb any security that they might put out—and they were face to face with a stone wall, and had to seek the protection of the court.

Outlines His Policy.

"Now, as to the policy to be pursued by the court and the receiver, of course I can speak only in generalities. We have, as you know, of course, but one single policy in all that we do. We realize that this is a public service corporation, a quasi-public institution, and that its primary duty is to the citizens, to the public, and, of course, we intend, to the fullest measure that the facilities admit of, to devote them to the best possible service that can be given to the public. We realize that in doing that we are serving our trust, because the other obligation of the trust is to the people who have put their money into this property, who have financed it, and who are entitled to proper treatment of their investment.

"In doing this, as you can well realize, we have a many-sided proposition. We are dependent absolutely upon harmony and helpfulness from all those whose duty or whose personal relations bring them in contact with us. We have to work through and with and under the city authorities, both the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate, and, of course, our purpose is to work in absolute harmony with them. We do not purpose to start out with good intentions and then run amuck, by which I mean to put into effect any half-baked theories, or half-thought-out remedies. One may as easily kill a patient from good designs badly carried out, as from evil designs, and many good properties are ruined by people with the best intentions who put into effect over night a plan which is not well thought out and which does not produce a solution of the problems involved.

"We hope, therefore, that those who are interested, and that practically includes everybody, will endeavor in every way that is in their power to sympathize with our difficulties, and to hearten and cheer us on our way of progress when we are headed in the right direction, and I, for one, have very little, if any, fear that eventually the dark clouds that now overshadow the situation will turn out their silver linings, and the situation will turn into one of great promise for the future."

Sees Hard Road for Garrison.

Jacob H. Schiff, another speaker, said: "I am sure that Colonel Williams had tremendous difficulties to overcome, and these finally became greater than any human being could surmount. In consequence, Judge Garrison had to take his place. I do not think the way for Mr. Garrison is an easy one. He has a very great property that does not need, as I understand it, very much money in order to get it into good shape; something like $16,000,000 to $20,000,000, I believe. When you consider the amount of money that has gone into that property, there ought not to be, there cannot be, any difficulty in raising $16,000,000. Nor is there any danger to the security holders in this. When I speak of security holders, I mean the creditors, I do not mean the stockholders.

"While I think the stockholders eventually will get a good property back, a property that, with fair treatment by the public, can earn sufficient to pay an equitable return even on the stock, the stockholders should understand that it is necessary, in order to get the property in good condition, to put their hands in their pockets to eventually clear the property from any temporary debt that may have to be created to complete it. But the property, as everybody agrees, is a good one. If my judgment is worth anything, there is very little danger to its securities—I mean to its bonds—and no one will lose any money in it if Mr. Garrison, as we all hope, is kept in charge."

Travis H. Whitney, acting Chairman of the Public Service Commission, was another speaker at the luncheon. He said he was not so much interested in what fare should be charged on the traction lines as he was to have some scheme worked out to increase the revenue in order to remove the fixed charges on the city's investment from the tax budget.

Receiver Garrison called on the Mayor at the City Hall yesterday, presumably to give in person his answer to the Mayor's letter of a few days ago, in which he said that the wooden cars operated on the Chambers Street line were a "grave menace to human life." Neither the Mayor nor Mr. Garrison had anything to say about the meeting when it was over.

Mr. Garrison said yesterday that he contemplated offering the job of President of the road from which Colonel Timothy S. Williams has resigned to a practical railroad man of international reputation. Colonel Williams's resignation is to take effect on Jan. 31. His salary has been $50,000 a year. Mr. Garrison said the name of his successor would be made known very soon and that his relations to the receiver would be similar to that of Chief of Staff of the army to the Secretary of War.

HUBBARD OUT OF CITY JOB.

Street Cleaning Deputy Resigned, It Is Said, at Hylan's Request.

It become known yesterday that H. Warren Hubbard had resigned several days ago as First Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner. Mr. Hubbard was appointed on April 4 last at a salary of $5,000 a year. He lives at 105 East 116th Street and he is one of the Tammany leaders in the Eighteenth Assembly District. Mr. Hubbard resigned, it was said, at the request of the Mayor, who said that he did not want politicians in the department. Commissioner McStay was asked yesterday what the Mayor had in mind.

"I don't know. He did not tell me," replied the Commissioner.

Alfred A. Taylor, General Superintendent of the department, has been assigned as Acting First Deputy until an appointment is made.

COMPLAIN TO SMITH OF ESTIMATE BOARD

Service Commission Tells Governor Attitude Endangers Whole Transit Program.

POINTS TO FUNDS HELD UP

Criticises Contract Settlements Made by Controller—Calls Situation Serious.

The Public Service Commission delivered a letter to Governor Smith yesterday, complaining of the antagonistic attitude of the Board of Estimate, which it was alleged, threatens not only to delay the completion of the dual system of rapid transit but to subject the people to large additional expenditures. Many of the accusations levelled at the board are serious, such as encouraging claims against the city by contractors, danger to life and limb through the enforced dismissal of engineers and inspectors by curtailment of appropriations, and failure to recognise any of the factors controlling the rapid transit situation under the law.

Travis H. Whitney, acting Chairman of the commission, who signed the letter, has spent much of his time recently in Albany and it was conjectured that the letter was framed at the suggestion of some important State official for the purpose of having the situation, as it is viewed by the commission, in concrete form. The letter goes much into detail and sets forth the duties of the commission in the making of plans and records and of supervision of all branches of the rapid transit work and points out that so important has the engineering staff been considered that it has never been touched through all of the many other changes which have taken place in the personnel of the commission. To show how important the financial end of the work is to the people the letter says that the commission has completed and is now operating municipal lines which have cost $123,000,000 to construct, that there are now outstanding contracts aggregating $80,000,000, and "that about one-fourth of the entire work remains to be done.

After describing its efforts to hurry forward the work in the face of manifold difficulties caused by the war the commission says it has been further delayed and harassed by the Board of Estimate's "failure and neglect of duty to recognize the good faith, credit and obligations controlling the entire situation," and that the matter has grown till it requires the Governor's attention.

Then the requisition of the commission for an appropriation of $1,999,966 to carry on the work is described. This requisition was made on Dec. 3, and, the commission says, after many delays on the pretext of desiring further detailed information, all of which was at the disposal and within easy reach of the board, the appropriation was so reduced on Dec. 30 that it was necessary to dismiss immediately 377 employes, nearly all of them engineers. The result of this curtailment was summed up by the commission, which said that work on final estimates was stopped, necessary inspection of work and material made impossible, and the demoralization of the entire force threatened at a most critical time, because of the unfair treatment of many faithful and efficient employes.

In addition to these things, the letter says, there is also the great evil resulting from the inability of the commission to restore former employes who have been fighting at the front, and the impossibility of enlarging the field of employment at a time when it is most desirable.

Drivers Win Wage Increases.

Three hundred drivers of coal wagons, who have been on strike in the Williamsburg district of Brooklyn since Tuesday, will go back to work today with increases of wages varying from $5 to $9 a week. The drivers of C. H. Reynolds & Sons, the Brooklyn Union Coal Company, the Tuttle Coal Company, and the Bush Coal Company were those on strike. Their wages will now run from $28 to $36 a week.

R.H. Macy & Co's Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store Opens 9:00 A.M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Mrs. Necessary Met Mrs. Unnecessary

Both were shopping but with such different methods.

Mrs. Necessary being a Modernist takes advantage of every convenience for conserving time and energy.

Mrs. Unnecessary—well she realizes the difference herself, for she exclaimed to Mrs. Necessary, "I look like a human express van and you go around with nothing but your husband on your arm and a bank book in your hand."

Mrs. Necessary explained that it wasn't a bank book but a *Blue Card*, the key to modern shopping problems.

It eliminates waiting for parcels or change. You go your way from department to department without the inconvenience of carrying small bundles, at the risk of occasionally dropping one.

Just ask any salesclerk for a *Blue Card*, take it with you to various sections where you purchase. When through shopping present the *Blue Card* at the Superintendent's Desk, Main Floor, Centre, pay the total amount of your purchases and receive your parcels neatly assembled in a compact package for carrying.

Ask any salesclerk for the *Blue Card*.

LIT'RAL'Y STARVED!

We admit appearances are deceptive and perhaps Mrs. Heather was slightly inclined to exaggerate, but she explained that she had shopped all morning and at 3 o'clock was delighted to find we served a

SPECIAL AFTERNOON LUNCH at 49c

FROM 3 to 5:30 P. M.

No question of arriving too late for the more delectable dishes, or of being told every desirable delicacy is out, for this luncheon is prepared especially for late arrivals or for patrons desiring an early meal before taking an evening train.

The following is today's menu:

SPECIAL AFTERNOON LUNCHEON
49c
3 to 5:30
Consomme
or
Vegetable Soup
Shirred Eggs with Bacon
or
Escalloppe of Veal Milanaise
French Fried Potatoes
American Vanilla Ice Cream with Cake
or
Apricot Chantilly
Tea, Coffee, Milk, Buttermilk

Macy's—Eighth Floor.

Broadway **Saks & Company** *at 34th St.*

In the Heart of New York—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

Limited to Saturday Only

Girls' Pussy Willow Taffeta Frocks

as Pictured

At $12.95

An exclusive Spring model, real girlish in line and beautifully made.

Bodice is in Coatee effect, and cuffs and pockets are elaborately embroidered in contrasting colors.

Obtainable in Rose, Copenhagen, Blue, Navy and Foulard patterns. Sizes 8 to 16 years.

Girls' Serge Sailor Dresses Saturday at $5.95

Unequalled! Made of durable Navy Blue Serge with Braid trimmed sailor collar and cuffs. Finished with Silk tie and leather belt. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Also—Practical Fur-Trimmed Coats for Girls, Special, $14.75

Smart tailored models, in a large variety of the most wanted materials. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

SATURDAY!

Dainty Crepe de Chine and Satin Envelope Chemises

In Three Models, as Pictured

At $3

Quantity Limited. Two styles are in Washable Satin, Elaborately trimmed with Filet Lace Insertion or Neatly Hand-Embroidered. The Third model is in Crepe de Chine, trimmed with bands of Cluny Lace.

Absolutely unequalled at $3

Third Floor

An Opportunity to Effect a Big Saving

200 Women's Smart Coats Greatly Reduced for Prompt Clearance

Sizes for Medium, Average and Large Figures—
34 to 50½

Handsome Fur-trimmed and Strictly Tailored Coats, beautifully fashioned in Winter's most successful materials—Bolivia, Silvertone, Crystal Cord, Pom-Pom, Wool Velour, Waterproof Tweeds, and the Best of Pile Fabrics.

Note These Liberal Reductions:

Coats formerly $25 to $29.50.....Now **$16.50**
Coats formerly $35 to $39.50.....Now **$25.00**
Coats formerly $45 to $55.00.....Now **$35.00**
Coats formerly $59.50 to $75.....Now **$49.50**

Each coat beautifully lined and warmly interlined.

Unequalled!

Women's Waterproof Rubberized Raincoats Special at $7.50

No woman should be without one. Single and double-breasted styles, made of Cantonette—a Rubberized fabric that sheds water like a duck. Tan, Taupe, Black and Navy. Sizes 34 to 46.

Fourth Floor

Ultra-Smart Serge Frocks for Women

of a highly individual type

Saturday at $18.50

Charming All-Wool Serge Frocks in the new Spring silhouette, with tunic skirts or straight of line, beautifully embroidered back and front.

Also—new coat-effect dresses for larger women, trimmed with Flat Hercules Braid.

Obtainable in Navy Blue, or Black. Sizes 34 to 44. Two styles *pictured.*

Fourth Floor.

They Take Their Inspiration From High-Priced Importations—

Misses' Frocks of Taffeta or Satin At $25

Teeming with the spirit of youth, these frocks have an unusual appeal and individuality.

They are fashioned of the new Taffetas and Satins for Spring, showing rows of cording or broad tucks, dainty Swiss Embroidered Vestee, or collar and cuffs of Georgette Crepe in contrasting color.

Obtainable in Copenhagen, Taupe, Navy and Black. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

A Clearance of Misses' Coats

Today affords substantial savings from regular prices

Coats formerly $22.50.....Now **$12.95**
Coats formerly $25.00.....Now **$14.75**
Coats formerly $29.50.....Now **$19.75**
Coats formerly $36.00.....Now **$23.75**
Coats formerly $40.00.....Now **$29.50**
Coats formerly $45.00.....Now **$35.00**
Coats formerly $50.00.....Now **$39.50**
Coats formerly $60.00 and $75.00..Now **$45.00**

Second Floor

Splendid Selections in Styles and Sizes Are Offered Today in an

Important Clearance of Women's Suits

Formerly $39.50 to $59

At $29.50 and $36

These suits are in the very fashionable Box Coat, Belted and Straight Line styles, superbly tailored in Velour, Broadcloth, Velour Checks, Duvet de Laine, and Velveteen, elaborately fur trimmed or strictly tailored.

Fourth Floor

Smart All Wool Plaid Skirts Today at $14.75

The newest skirts created for Spring—at a price much below their actual worth. Side or Box Plaited, and Tailored Sports models, with entirely new belt and pocket features. Waistbands 25 to 36 inches.

Fourth Floor

Just Arrived!

Fashion's Newest Blouses

Offered Today, Saturday

Special at $5

In their wonderful styling and exquisite needlework they are comparable only to Blouses usually shown at much higher cost. The styles are in dainty Frilled, Collarless, beautiful Beaded and Braided effects—showing the most charming style notes for Spring, as seen in leading Paris Shops. They come in:

Artillery Red, Soldier Blue, Bisque, Sunset, Canary, New Green, Peach, Rose, Flesh, White, and the new suit shades.

Saks & Company

Direct Especial Attention to

The New Shetland and Zephyr Wool Sweaters

for women now on display on the Third Floor. Some are in quaint Dutch effects, others have smart sailor collars, and there is also a splendid assortment of military styles, belted or with laced fronts. Priced very reasonably

From $3.95 to $7.50

Colors: Soldier Blue, Rookie, Turquoise, Buff, Navy Blue, and Black. One *Illustrated.*

Third Floor

For One Day Only!

Diamond & Sapphire Rings at $22.50

Illustrated

Regularly $35. Exquisite Filigree Gold Ring, with square or oval Sapphire and six Diamonds, set in Platinum.

None Like Them—

Men's Blanket Robes at $4.95

—which is about their wholesale cost today

Made in soft, fleecy, Beacon Blanket Cloth, in popular Robe model, buttoning to neck. Trimmed with varied-colored cord to match, and obtainable in a wide variety of patterns. All sizes.

Fifth Floor

"Last Days of Exhibition"
UNRESTRICTED SALES OF EXTRAORDINARY IMPORTANCE

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH — NEW YORK CITY

ON FREE PUBLIC VIEW
9 A. M. Until 6 P. M.

The Notable Collection
of
Beautiful Old Chinese Porcelains

Rare Jades and other Hard Stones, Antique Bronzes, Tang, Han, Sung, and Ming Pottery, Enamels and other
Oriental Art Treasures
Collected by the Widely Known Connoisseur, the late
Rufus E. Moore
To be sold by direction of the executors
On the Afternoon of Monday Next and every Day Next Week, concluding on Monday, Feb. 3d, Beginning each Afternoon at 2:30 o'Clock
AT THE
AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
*** Descriptive Catalogue Illustrated by color plates and half-tone reproductions mailed to applicants on receipt of One Dollar.

ALSO ON FREE VIEW
The Important Collection of
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PAINTINGS
By Celebrated Masters of the Modern Schools
Included in This Important Sale Is a Number of Representative Foreign Works of Rare Artistic Quality
Collected by the Late
JAMES S. INGLIS
(CUTTER & CO.)
And to be Sold for account of MISS ELIZABETH INGLIS, Owner
The Private Collection
Formed by the Late
ALEXANDER MORTEN
and
IMPORTANT REPRESENTATIVE
AMERICAN PAINTINGS
Collected by the Late
FRANK R. LAWRENCE
for many years President of the Lotos Club.
THE COMBINED COLLECTION TO BE SOLD
WEDNESDAY EVENING NEXT
January 29th
IN THE GRAND BALL ROOM OF THE PLAZA
(Admission by card, to be had free, of the managers.)
*** Illustrated Catalogue mailed on receipt of One Dollar.
The Sale Will Be Conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his Assistants, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION,
Managers,
2, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. So.

Musical Headquarters

We are exhibiting the most remarkable collection of musical instruments ever assembled in New York.

Autoharps	$5 to	$20
Banjos	$8 to	$60
Banjo-Mandolins	$15 to	$136
Banjos, Tenor	$25 to	$68
Banjo-Ukuleles	$9 to	$14
Bugles	$3 to	$12
Cornets	$15 to	$90
Dinner Chimes	$5 to	$90
Drums	$1 to	$25
Fifes	$1 to	$5
Flutes	$25 to	$160
Guitars	$10 to	$175
Harps	$75 to	$10,000
Mandolins	$5 to	$150
Music Rolls	$1 to	$5
Music Satchels	$2 to	$18
Piccolos	$5 to	$55
Saxophones	$75 to	$105
Trombones	$25 to	$65
Tarapatches	$15 to	$35
Ukuleles	$6 to	$35
Violins	$5 to	$500
Victrolas	$22.50 to	$950
Violoncellos	$45 to	$375

Telephone Murray Hill 4144.
Chas. H. Ditson & Co.
8-10-12 East 34th St.

WANTED—FOR NOTHING
A combination pool and billiard table for use in club room of the soldiers of U. S. Tank Corps to be opened on February 1st at 251 Madison Avenue. Any person willing to loan or donate such a table will kindly communicate with
TANK CORPS LEAGUE,
220 West 42nd St.
Telephone 9656 Bryant.

GRAVE OF EDITH CAVELL

Photograph of group of American Red Cross men placing a wreath on the spot where the martyred English nurse lies, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Adv.

FOOD BILL PASSES SENATE BY 53 TO 18

$100,000,000 Relief Fund Proposed by President Wins After Extended Fight.

STIPULATES NO AID TO FOE

La Follette and Borah Attack the Measure in Final Debate—Three Democrats Oppose It.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—By a vote of 53 to 18, the Senate today passed the bill appropriating $100,000,000 as called for by President Wilson for food for famine relief in Europe. The House passed the bill a short time ago by a vote of 272 to 43.

Voting for the Bill—53.

DEMOCRATS—Ashurst, Bankhead, Beckham, Chamberlain, Fletcher, Gay, Gerry, Hale, Henderson, Hitchcock, Hollis, Johnson of South Dakota, Kirby, Martin of Kentucky, Martin of Virginia, Nugent, Overman, Phelan, Pittman, Pollock, Pomerene, Ransdell, Saulsbury, Shafroth, Sheppard, Simmons, Smith of Arizona, Smith of Georgia, Swanson, Thompson, Trammell, Underwood, Williams, and Wolcott.

REPUBLICANS—Colt, Curtis, Frelinghuysen, Hale, Jones of Washington, Kellogg, Knox, Lenroot, Lodge, McLean, New, Page, Smoot, Spencer, Sterling, Wadsworth, Walsh, Warren, and Weeks.

Voting Against the Bill—18.

DEMOCRATS—Gore, Hardwick, and Myers.

REPUBLICANS—Borah, Calder, Fernald, France, Harding, Johnson of California, Kenyon, La Follette, Moses, McNary, Penrose, Poindexter, Sherman, Townsend, and Watson.

The bill had met with severe criticism, some Senators alleging that it was "only a scheme to help along the great packers," by forcing the packers' products to Europe.

The Senate included in the bill the stipulation that the fund should be used for the relief of the people of Europe outside the Central Empires, whereas the House bill provided only that the relief should be afforded outside of Germany. The Senate also specified that some of the relief should be given to Armenian, Syrian, and other Christian and Jewish populations of Asia Minor, now subjects of Turkey.

There were several speeches made today against the bill. Senator La Follette, in particular, exhibiting decided antagonism. He said it was impossible to support the measure as a war proposition, as the country was not now at war, and he added, in allusion to the American occupation of Russian territory, that this was a "violation of the Constitution." Breed lines before August 1 were predicted by Senator La Follette.

"Sending food abroad will make the high cost of living go still higher," he said.

Another opponent was Senator Borah of Idaho, who characterized the bill as creating "the most remarkable situation" since he entered the Senate. He declared that not more than 5 per cent. of the Senators favored the bill, yet the majority would vote for it. He said that the Senate was in "mortal dread," and would vote for a bill it knew nothing of. Senator Borah also charged that secrecy surrounded the Peace Conference, and the only news given out about it was that it met at noon and adjourned for the afternoon. This sort of procedure, he declared, was against the solemn promise of the President that all negotiations should be conducted in the open.

"In all my legislative experience," said Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, "I have never been quite so perplexed or found it quite so difficult to make up my mind as to what my duty in the circumstances was. The manner in which this proposition has been presented to Congress has been so inadequate, so vague, and so difficult of clarification that it is hard to feel willing to support it.

"Still greater would be my unwillingness to fail to vote for a measure, especially a measure for joint action by the allied Governments, agreed upon by the Interallied Council that, properly clarified and properly carried out, should subserve their common aims in the war. I have, therefore, concluded to cast my vote in favor of the appropriation."

RIDDER DEFENDS EDITORIAL

Says It Was Based on Cable Messages to New York English Papers.

Bernard H. Ridder, editor and publisher of the New York Staats-Zeitung, commenting yesterday on the testimony read into the record of the Senate Committee on Propaganda, at its hearing in Washington on Thursday, in which an editorial in the newspaper was cited as German propaganda, said the editorial, which appeared on Dec. 8, was written by his express order.

"The editorial in question," Mr. Ridder said, "was based entirely upon cables sent to New York newspapers by their special correspondents in Coblenz or Cologne, telling of the kindly manner in which the American troops had treated the German people in the Rhine section, and of the way in which this attitude by our soldiers had been reciprocated by the German population."

Mr. Ridder denied that the Staats-Zeitung had ever received money from the German Government, and said he was indignant over the mass of "insinuations" made by Archibald E. Stevenson of the Military Intelligence Service.

READY FOR GARMENT STRIKE

Schlesinger Says Trouble Was Anticipated Last July.

Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, 35,000 of whose members are striking against the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, announced yesterday that the union's Settlement Committee had received about 400 applications for settlement from independent manufacturers, and that the work preliminary to ending the strike in their shops would begin on Monday.

John Mitchell, Chairman of the State Industrial Commission, held several conferences with dress contractors and jobbers yesterday, and today will meet union leaders.

Replying to a statement issued by the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, which asserted that the union had anticipated the strike as early as last September, and had collected a strike assessment of a day's wages from the workers at that time, Mr. Schlesinger said yesterday:

"We began to anticipate this strike in the waist and dress industry as far back as July 29, or rather, from that first time that Mr. Gordon [Harry A. Gordon, counsel for the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association] appeared before the Board of Arbitration held on that date, as attorney for the Manufacturers' Association. His conduct at that meeting was of such a nature, as pages 23 and 28 of the official minutes of the meeting show, that he was severely rebuked by the Chairman of the Board, Judge Julian W. Mack, for his savage attacks upon the Board. Mr. Gordon's attitude at that meeting convinced our committee that trouble in the waist and dress industry was coming, and we are now glad that we had sufficient foresight to tax our members with a day's wages so that the Association might not find us in a defenseless position."

Morris Weiss, President of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, charged yesterday that there was documentary evidence to show that the union had fomented the strike and therefore that the full responsibility for the strike fell upon the union.

"The collective agreement which was made expired on Dec. 31" said Mr. Weiss, "and it was confidently expected by the association that prior to that time arrangements would be made for its renewal. The union had no thought of renewing the agreement. It had determined upon a strike at the very time it stipulated in writing that the increases which were granted it in August should continue in effect during the period of renewed agreement. It proceeded forthwith to levy and collect a fund for the strike which it determined to call shortly after the expiration of the agreement. The Union has fully carried out this plan."

Attached to the statement was a copy of one of the receipts which the union issues to its workers in the factory of L. Heller & Co., 116 West Thirty-second Street, indicating that the union collected $101.80 for the strike fund in that shop. "This is not the largest amount we collected in one shop," said Mr. Schlesinger. "In several shops the amounts ran as high as $700 and $800, collected for the reason I explained."

CHANGE TIME OF MURDER.

Detective Believes Discovery Bears Out O'Donnell's Confession.

When Patrick O'Donnell, self-confessed murderer of Miss Marie Riddell of Glen Morris, is arraigned in the Jamaica Police Court today, Detective Charles Krummel will offer some newly-discovered evidence which, he believes, tends to corroborate O'Donnell's confession, notwithstanding efforts to prove that O'Donnell was at work in Manhattan when the crime was committed.

Krummel believes that the murder was committed at 6 P. M. on Jan. 15—not 7 P. M., as had been thought from the time the body was discovered. Since it was learned that O'Donnell probably was in a saloon near his home on Lexington Avenue, Manhattan, between 7:15 and 7:30 on the night of the murder, Detective Krummel has been checking up Miss Riddell's movements. He found by questioning Miss Anna Ahlers and Miss Anna Carroll, who accompanied her from Manhattan to Glen Morris, that Miss Riddell boarded a train in Manhattan at 5:10 P. M. The train reached the end of the line, where she alighted, at 6 P. M., instead of 7, and the murder occurred within ten minutes after that.

By making good train connections, O'Donnell could have left the scene and reached the Manhattan saloon by 7:15 o'clock, Krummel says. When he entered the saloon he was trembling and highly excited, the detective has learned, and explained his condition by saying he had just had another epileptic seizure. Krummel believes he may then have returned to the factory where he was employed and duly punched his time card when leaving at 8:53 P. M.

Notwithstanding the new evidence discovered by the police, it was said last night that O'Donnell probably would be released following his arraignment today. District Attorney O'Leary said last night that he did not have evidence to warrant him in asking the Magistrate to keep O'Donnell in custody, and unless the evidence is materially strengthened he is expected to recommend his discharge.

Ambassador Fletcher Coming.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 23.—Ambassador Fletcher, who will leave Saturday for the United States on a vacation of four weeks for private business, paid a farewell visit to President Carranza this afternoon. General Carranza offered to send him in a private car with a military escort to the border.

FOOD PRICES DECLINE AS STOCKS INCREASE

Chicago Dealers Find Butter, Eggs, and Meats Too High for the Public to Reach.

MILD WINTER ONE FACTOR

New York Authority Says Relaxation of Regulations Has Restored Law of Supply and Demand.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Big reductions in prices of eggs, butter, and, in some instances, of meats brought joy to the Chicago housewife today. The decline in prices which has been in progress for a week is heralded as the preliminary step in a general lowering of household commodities.

Butter today took another slump of 3 cents a pound, making a decline of 19 cents wholesale since Jan. 13. Egg prices followed in the smash at the high cost of living and were quoted from 2½ to 3 cents a dozen lower, a drop of from 13 to 15 cents within a few days.

Retailers, however, were charging from 67 to 80 cents a dozen for eggs and their butter prices were only 5 or 6 cents under the top prices charged a week ago.

Meat prices have also tumbled. Pork, which was selling at 30 cents a pound, dropped to 22 cents. Veal and lamb are from 3 to 4 cents a pound lower.

Various reasons are assigned for the slump, but the one that makes the housewife most cheerful is that the goods were not moving, which meant that prices must fall, which goes to prove that when prices get to a point where the public cannot purchase the dealer must let go and stand a loss if necessary.

"The public could not buy butter and eggs at the prices asked," said one wholesaler today. "What with paying for Liberty bonds, the general high cost of all foods, and men and women losing their war-time wages, they could not pay the prices and the stuff was not moving. The butter and egg market is paralyzed, and will drop still lower."

RETAIL PRICES BREAK HERE.

Butter, Eggs, Meats, and Some Other Foods Show Sharp Decline.

Following a sharp slump in wholesale prices of meats, eggs, and butter, and some other commodities, due to the mild Winter and the increased supply, there has been a gradual decrease in the retail prices in many stores in New York, and the prediction was made last night by persons posted on the food situation that there would be further "breaks" in retail prices. Meats are expected to take another tumble today.

"The reason the consumer has not felt the reduction before now that has prevailed in wholesale prices for some days was explained yesterday to be because in many shops and markets purchases were made by the retailer before the decline, and he felt that he ought to keep up prices until his present supply was exhausted. Persons in touch with the situation said that a sharp decline in prices to the consumer was bound to come within a few days. There has already been a marked decrease in the price of butter, many stores offering first-grade creamery at 61 cents a pound. In its weekly review of the wholesale situation this morning, the New York Daily Market Report, edited by P. Q. Foy, says:

"The sharp decline in all kinds of food products this week is the result of the relaxation of the Food Administration rules, which has permitted the law of supply and demand to prevail. The heavy quantity of frozen foods in the warehouses in connection with the increasing number of unemployed artisans and other workers which has impaired the purchasing power of consumers and resulted in a lower range of values. It is impossible to quote prices that would enable shippers to check up their account of sales accurately, as considerable stock of all kinds was carried over unsold from last week and worked out from day to day this week at rapidly declining prices."

The New York Federal Food Board has ceased to function so far as fixing prices is concerned. For some time the board issued what was known as a "Fair Price List," which all dealers were required to post conspicuously in their shops. The last list was issued on Jan. 14, and there has been a decided break in wholesale prices since that time. It was explained yesterday that a great many of the dealers are continuing to charge the same margin of profit they were allowed by the Federal Food Board, and are not taking into consideration the fact that the Food Board allowed an abnormal margin of profit in view of curtailment of sales due to the war conservation program.

Best creamery butter was selling retail yesterday at from 61 to 65 cents, creamery extra 58 to 60 cents, good table butter 56 to 58 cents, cooking butter 50 to 54 cents, extra unsalted 65 to 70 cents. Select candled eggs are now 68 to 70 cents, white hennery eggs 70 to 80 cents, and brown hennery eggs 70 to 75 cents.

Onions, which are plentiful, show only a slight decline. Red fancy are selling at 3 to 4 cents a pound, while white onions bring 8 to 10 cents. Florida new cabbage brings 5 and 6 cents, old White Danish 4 to 5 cents, and old domestic 3 to 4 cents.

URGES PROLONGING HOOVER'S CONTROL

Swift Advocates Regulation of Live Stock Prices Until the Times Are Normal.

SEES DISASTER OTHERWISE

Packer Denies Licensing Has Been of Great Benefit—Tells About Propaganda.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Regulation of livestock prices so as to assure a stable market, either through continuing the Food Administration or by establishing some similar system of control, was discussed today before the House Interstate Commerce Committee by Louis F. Swift, President of Swift & Co., who said a stable price over the periods of production was desirable, and declared that if Food Administration restrictions were removed now disaster would result.

Members of the committee evinced considerable interest in the statements of the packer, and Representative Stephens of Nebraska announced that he thought there should be some Government agency to control prices irrespective of war conditions.

Violent fluctuations of prices were predicted by Mr. Swift if food administration control should be removed. He seemed to doubt that Government control over the sale of livestock at agreed prices would be practicable in normal times, pointing out that the success of the food administration's guarantee of a minimum price for meat animals had been due to the fact that the administration dominated the market through control of purchases for the Allied armies.

"Anything that will make for a steady average price is better than the same price reached through sharp declines and increases," Mr. Swift said. He added that "constructive co-operation" would accomplish more than anything else, but that this was in violation of the Sherman law.

Effect of Licensing Feature.

Chairman Sims asked Mr. Swift if the licensing feature of Food Administration Control had not been of great benefit, but the witness did not agree, declaring the success achieved had been due to co-operation among producers, packers, and the Government representatives.

A bill to regulate the meat packing industry is pending before the committee, containing a license clause which the packers have opposed vigorously as threatening the extinction of the business.

"Wouldn't it be advisable to extend in some form for this year or until normal conditions are restored the licensing or food control now exercised, without passing any other part of this bill or by amending the food control law?" asked Mr. Sims.

"I think it would be advisable to extend the Food Administration's control until after peace," Mr. Swift said. "It has cut down our profits, but we are satisfied."

Mr. Swift took occasion to say that passage of the $100,000,000 famine relief appropriation would not benefit the packers, because they expect sufficient demand to take all their products, despite the enormous supplies accumulated at war prices. Representative Hamilton had asked about reports that the English people refused to eat great quantities of preserved pork since the war crisis had passed, and that the appropriation was to enable the sending of it to Southwestern Europe.

"We find the English people are buying their normal amounts of bacon, ham, &c.," Mr. Swift said.

"I didn't anticipate you were going to send 70 cents a pound bacon to those other people," said Mr. Hamilton.

$400,000 for Propaganda.

Expenditure of $400,000 last year to counteract Federal Trade Commission "propaganda," and the employment of Thomas F. Logan of Washington, a former newspaperman, to advise Swift & Co. regarding publicity, attracted considerable interest from members of the committee. Henry Veeder, counsel for Swift & Co., insisted that the expenses came out of stockholders' profits and not out of consumers.

"Any expense so unessential is a public injury in a business so vital to the country, because otherwise you could reduce your prices that much," declared Chairman Sims. "It is such things that have put a bad taste in the public's mouth as to the packing industry."

Mr. Swift said advertisements were placed without any thought of influencing the policies of papers.

At the close of the hearing Mr. Sims thanked Mr. Swift for being frank and not quibbling, and said he thought the witness had had a "fair, square" opportunity of representing his side. Mr. Swift said he was positive he had.

ARMOUR FACES HENEY IN CROSS-EXAMINATION

No Suggestion of a Prosecution, Senator Gore Assures Attorney for the Packer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Francis J. Heney, who conducted the investigation of the packing industry for the Federal Trade Commission, began cross-examination of J. Ogden Armour today before the Senate Agricultural Committee which is considering meat control bills. It was at the instance of Senator Norris of Nebraska that Mr. Heney took up the examination.

"If this is to be a prosecution I should object very much," said Senator Page of Vermont, when Senator Norris made his motion. Levy Mayer of Chicago, attorney for Mr. Armour, assented to the cross-examination upon condition that he should have the privilege of asking witnesses questions. Before Senator Page made his remark, Mr. Mayer said:

"It is very important that we know in advance whether this is to be an investigation or a prosecution."

"There's no suggestion of a prosecution; we merely want the facts," said Senator Gore of Oklahoma, the committee Chairman.

Nothing of sensational interest developed at the hearing today. Mr. Heney appeared to be laying a thorough foundation for further cross-examination. He went into the early history of the Armour firm, dating back to the time when Mr. Armour became associated with it at the age of 19, in 1882. In 1911 he became President upon the death of his father.

"Mere volume of business does not mean success," said Mr. Armour. "Volume without intelligent direction is no good. Volume alone will not make money, nor pay bills."

"Do you think it is to the advantage of the consumer to have the packing business concentrated in a few plants?" asked Mr. Heney.

Mr. Armour replied that the consumer now paid but a small profit to the packer.

"The only reason we can do business on such a small percentage is the size of our concern," he said in explanation.

Mr. Heney commented that the Armour advertisements stated that the company made but $1 a head on cattle, as compared with the shippers' profit of $50.

"You make your $1 in two weeks; it may take the shipper three years to make his $50," said the attorney.

"It depends on whether he buys the beef or raises it," replied Mr. Armour.

"But, we have no quarrel with the shipper. He can make as much money as he pleases."

The packer said he had no conversation with Mr. Hoover, nor did he know, as Senator Gore asked, that the Food Administrator went to Paris to "try to arrange a larger market for packing-house goods."

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Men's Winter Overcoats and Suits at $25

Winter Overcoats
Chesterfield Models
Skirted Models
Form-fitted Models
Short Ulsterettes
Big Roomy Ulsters
The Overcoats are made mostly quarter silk lined, in the rough shaggy materials for the ulster and in plain goods for the velvet collar styles. Brown, green and plaids, fancy mixtures. Sizes 34 to 46.

Winter Suits
Two and three button Models
Soft Roll Models
Conservative Models
Plain Sack Suits
Skirted Models
The Suits, quarter, half or full lined, in the season's latest colors, of dark materials. Striped effects. Plain and fancy mixtures. Sizes 34 to 44.

GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

Military Clothing
½ Price Sale
Trench Coats, Raincoats, Overcoats, Shirts, Suits, Puttees, etc.
Suitable for Civilian wear—for Motoring, Hunting, and Hiking—as well as for Military Men who want "something better."

Officers' Overseas Trench Coats
$55.00 Now $27.50
Separate wool linings.

Officers' Trench Coats, Moleskin and belted, single or double breasted.	$50.00	Now $25.00
Officers' Winter Overcoats	$60.00	Now $30.00
Officers' Winter Overcoats	$50.00	Now $25.00
Officers' O. D. Mackinaws	$28.50	Now $14.25
Officers' Raincoats	$40.00	Now $20.00
Officers' Raincoats	$22.50	Now $11.25
U.S. Navy Raincoats (Black)	$30.00	Now $15.00
Corduroy Vests, sheepskin lined	$11.50	Now $5.75
Moleskin Vests, sheepskin lined	$11.50	Now $5.75
U. S. A. Spiral Puttees	$6.00	Now $3.00
Officers' Leather Puttees	$15.00	Now $7.50
Officers' Leather Puttees	$11.75	Now $5.88
Wool Army Shirts		Now $3.75
Wool Army Shirts	$8.00	Now $4.00
Wool Army Shirts	$9.00	Now $4.50
Cotton Khaki Shirts	$5.50	Now $2.75
Cotton Khaki Shirts	$3.50	Now $1.75
Silk Khaki Shirts	$10.00	Now $5.00
Officers' Whipcord Suits	$70.00	Now $35.00
Officers' Serge Suits	$65.00	Now $32.50
Officers' Serge Suits	$55.00	Now $27.50
Officers' Serge Suits	$50.00	Now $25.00
Officers' O. D. Wool Suits	$50.00	Now $25.00

No C. O. D.'s - - - - - No Returns
GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

HINES ASKS FUND TO FINANCE ROADS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

month's operating expenses and approximately this amount is necessary to enable the Railroad Administration and the various railroads under its control to meet without delay their payrolls, vouchers, and other cash requirements.

2.—*The Railroad Administration had on hand as of Dec. 31, 1918, approximately the following additional current assets:*

Agents' and conductors' balances	$154,000,000
Advances temporarily made to railroad corporations on open account, for which in effect materials and supplies are held collateral	100,000,000
Total	$254,000,000
Less outstanding current liabilities	162,047,865
Balance	$91,952,135
Forward	339,952,135

This net balance of these current assets will become again available in cash at the end of Federal control, but pending Federal control is inevitably tied up as a part of the working cash capital of the Railroad Administration.

Covers Loan to the New Haven.

3.—*Loaned New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. Co.* $51,475,000

This amount will be eventually paid with interest, but the greater part of it, and perhaps all of it, will not be paid until after the end of the calendar year 1919.

4.—*Invested in necessary additions and betterments actually made during the year 1918 over and above the amount which the companies can immediately repay out of their rental and out of the balances due them on open account for the calendar year 1918* $200,918,283

This amount will eventually be paid with interest to the Railroad Administration. The rapidity with which it can be paid is dependent upon financial conditions and the ability of the railroad corporations to borrow this money in the open market without undue disturbance of financial conditions and without undue interference with the financing of the Government.

It will be observed that while all this amount of cash is temporarily tied up in the Government's conduct of the railroad business, it is expected that the entire amount will be eventually repaid, but temporarily it cannot be repaid, as above indicated, and therefore provision has to be made for carrying it.

5. *In addition, the Railroad Administration will have paid the operating loss for 1918, i. e., the difference between the standard return due the railroads and the net operating income derived by the Government from railroad operations, this difference amounting to* $196,000,000.

This loss was due largely to the fact that increased rates were effective for only six months approximately, while increased expenses were effective to a large extent for the entire twelve months, due partly to the unprecedented weather last Winter (the railroads having shown an operating loss of over $100,000,000 for the first four months of 1918 as compared with 1917, although no increased wages were included in these months, and while the corporations themselves were still operating the railroads as agents of the Director General) and partly to conducting business at whatever cost was necessary to meet the needs of war.

This represents the only item in the entire expenditure for the calendar year 1918 (except a portion of the next succeeding item) which is a loss to the Government, and ought frankly to be charged as part of the cost of the war and should be regarded as an exceedingly low cost for the result accomplished.

Work on Inland Waterways.

6. In addition, the Railroad Administration has expended during the year 1918 in connection with inland waterways $4,361,486.

Of this amount $500,000 represents operating deficit during the year 1918. It must be remembered that this operating deficit was incurred in the early and formative stages of Government operation upon the inland waterways, and cannot be regarded as indicating in any way that similar losses are to be expected when the operation shall be fully developed.

The balance, or $3,861,486, represents boats and other property acquired by the Government for operation of inland waterways, and which, of course, can and will continue to be so employed.

Grand total	$681,806,904
Amount of revolving fund	500,000,000
Amount to be provided to settle all accounts for 1918	$81,806,904

In order, therefore, to settle in full accounts of the Railroad Administration for the calendar year 1918 it will be necessary to provide the additional sum of $381,806,904, which, together with the revolving fund of $500,000,000 appropriated in the act of March 21, 1918, will meet the transactions of the Railroad Administration for the year 1918, all or which have been outlined above.

It must, of course, be understood that the figures used are necessarily only approximate at this time, because the accounts for the year 1918 have not been completely stated and cannot be prior to March 1 at the earliest.

For the calendar year 1919 financial provision must be made for the following:

1. To financing expenditures contemplated on inland waterways	$12,840,000
2. To financing Boston & Maine reorganization	20,000,000
3 To financing equipment ordered in 1918 and to be delivered in 1919	286,000,000
4. To financing other necessary capital expenditures for additions and betterments, including equipment	491,000,000
Total	$809,840,000
Less portion of companies' rental, which can be devoted to capital expenditures	150,000,000
Balance to be provided	$659,840,000

The item of $491,000,000 represents a forecast of capital expenditures which will need to be made during the calendar year 1919, including those which were authorized and not entered upon or not completed during the calendar year 1918. Under existing conditions it is the purpose, generally speaking, to avoid the making of new capital expenditures without the assent of the corporations, but with such a vast transportation system it is believed that the expenditure of $491,000,000 will be required during the year and will be substantially assented to by the corporations themselves.

A very large part of these expenditures must be provided for in the first few months of 1919, and we are compelled to allow for the situation that during the period prior to the next Liberty Loan campaign and during that campaign it would not be desirable or practicable for railroad corporations to do a large part of their own financing.

Says $750,000,000 Is Minimum.

Under these circumstances I am of the opinion that $750,000,000 is the minimum appropriation which will enable the Railroad Administration to carry as above explained the money that is necessarily tied up in the Government's conduct of the railroad business and to provide for financing by the Railroad Administration of the portion of the necessary capital expenditures which it must be assumed it will be necessary for the Government to carry temporarily for the protection of the general financial situation as well as for the protection of its own financing.

Such appropriation will meet the requirement of $381,806,904 to settle the accounts for 1918 and in addition will provide $368,193,096 toward meeting the above mentioned capital expenditures for 1919.

This matter has been very carefully considered with my associates in the Railroad Administration, and we are satisfied that at least this much provision ought to be made for temporary assistance for these important purposes. It must be emphasized again that the money so provided will eventually be returned to the Government with interest.

It is highly important that adequate funds for these purposes should be provided so as to give the Railroad Administration a reasonable margin for encouraging the making of such railroad improvements as may seem justifiable from the railroad standpoint, especially since such improvements will aid in stabilizing the general industrial situation.

Whether Government control shall continue until the end of the twenty-one months period or shall be terminated in the next few months, it is equally necessary that the appropriation above recommended be made. If the control continues to the end of the twenty-one months period, it is my belief and the belief of my associates in the Railroad Administration that we cannot count upon the railroad companies financing during the calendar year 1919 any greater portion of their capital expenditures than it is above assumed they will finance.

On the other hand, if control should be terminated in the next few months, it will still be true that a very large part of the capital expenditures for 1919 will have been made, and, besides, the possession of an adequate fund to facilitate the transfer back to private control and to give temporary aid in financing will be highly desirable. Of course, I must deal with the matter exclusively upon the basis of the law as it now stands and without reference to conditions which might be brought about in the event of a further extension of Federal control.

The reason for the submission of the supplementary estimate at this time is that the accounts of the Railroad Administration are kept up on the basis of the calendar year, and, therefore, it was not practicable to make any reasonable estimate until after the end of the calendar year.

Cordially yours,
WALKER D. HINES.

Maillard
NEW YORK
Real Food Value

¼ and ½ pound Package
CHOCOLATE PRODUCTS

PLAN FOR RECEPTION OF HOMING TROOPS

Independents Appoint Committee to Find Places for Unemployed Soldiers.

MORE JOIN THE MOVEMENT

Committee Will Co-operate with Other Organizations to Prevent Duplication of Work.

At a meeting of the Plan and Scope Committee of the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome held last night at 415 Madison Avenue, a program for the organization, which was formed as a protest against William R. Hearst as a member of the Mayor's Committee to Welcome Homecoming Troops, was drawn up. J. Howes Burton was appointed Chairman of a sub-committee which will begin work at once to find employment for the returned soldiers and in other ways aid in solving the problem. Another thing that was taken up at the meeting was the question of how to obtain sufficient stands along the line of march for relatives of the men.

Cards bearing a suitable inscription will be distributed to the men when they land at the piers, the reverse side of the card giving instruction to the soldier or sailor on how to obtain employment through the Citizens' Independent Committee of Welcome. The question of entertainment was discussed at length and a committee was appointed to confer with the various organizations doing work of this character so that no duplication of effort would result. The work of the War Camp Community Service, Knights of Columbus, Salvation Army, Y. M. C. A. and other organizations looking after the returned soldier in this city was commenced.

It was announced that Joseph M. Price, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the City Club, had accepted the Chairmanship of the Plan and Scope Committee. Others on this committee are Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, Dr. Robert Abbe, Dr. Howard Duffield, Dr. William T. Manning, Robert Erskine Ely, George Ethridge, Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. Caspar Whitney, Taylor More, Edwin O. Holter, Dr. Jeremiah W. Jenks, Lieut. Col. Latham R. Reed, Mrs. E. G. Merrill, Miss Ruth Graff, and Charles Scribner.

Among those who yesterday signified their intention of co-operating with the Citizens' Independent Committee were William Hamlin Childs, 17 Battery Place, who wrote in part: "I shall be more than pleased to accept your invitation to add my name to the Citizens' Independent Committee of Welcome," and J. Wray Cleveland, Secretary of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, who said among other things: "I am heartily in sympathy with the effort to afford a proper tribute of respect and affection to our returning troops by an unquestioned 100 per cent. American committee." Acceptances were also received from the Good Membership League, the Sorosis Club, the New York Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and Alfred P. W. Seaman of 60 Broadway.

The Young Men's Christian and Civic League of Elmhurst held a meeting last Monday night and unanimously adopted a resolution condemning the appointment of W. R. Hearst to the Mayor's Committee. A copy of the resolution was forwarded to Mayor Hylan yesterday by J. S. Vermilye, Secretary, and F. I. D. Gartner, President of the Young Men's organization.

The Manhattan Republican Club of the Twenty-first Assembly District announced yesterday that it had taken steps toward the establishment of a permanent memorial to Washington Heights boys who lost their lives in the war. An open-air memorial service will be held at a date to be announced later. It is likely that the memorial will be placed in the park at the junction of Broadway, Hamilton Place, and 137th Street.

MAJOR K. P. LITTAUER HONORED BY PERSHING

N[ew] York Aviator Gets Distinguished Service Cross for Brilliant Work in France.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Two more lists of men who have received the Distinguished Service Cross from General Pershing for extraordinary heroism in action were issued today by the War Department. Among the latest men cited for bravery are Major Gen. William H. Johnston of the 91st Division, and the following men of lower rank:

Private George Drechsler of Chicago, Corporal C. C. Theobold of Deseret, Utah; Private J. Y. Boiley of Fort Shaw, Mont.; Corporal W. I. Walsh of Monongah, ...; Captain J. M. McKibbin of Hagerstown, Md.; Colonel George E. Adams of Washington, D. C., attached to the 30th Infantry Regiment of the Camp Upton Division; Lieutenant A. E. Keller of Rice Lake, Wis.; Lieutenant F. F. Lewis of Denver; Sergeant R. I. Uffman of Marceline, Mo.; Lieutenant J. X. Shoemaker of Dayton, Ohio; Lieutenant A. M. Barlow of Gallipolis, Ohio; Private Wilk Gunckle of Osgood, Ohio; Lieutenant S. E. Telfair of Raleigh, N. C.; Private L. B. Heath of Windsor, N. Y.; Lieutenant W. F. Bourland of Rock Springs, Texas; Sergeant J. H. Gill of Henderson, N. C.; Private W. L. Clark of Fountain City, Tenn.; Private K. R. A. Koehler of Hillsdale, Oregon; Lieutenant H. S. Bailey of Tulare, Cal.; Private C. E. Thompson of Escalon, Cal.; Private J. M. Supler of Rocklick, W. Va.; Sergeant G. L. Zilkey of May, Idaho; Private E. C. Presley of Fulton, ...; Corporal H. C. Strother of Ripon, Cal.; Sergeant A. C. Preeley of Salem, Oregon; Lieutenant M. S. Hoffman of Paris, France; Sergeant H. M. Stroman, Corporal C. R. Higgins of Sawtelle, Cal.; Corporal H. Elder of Santa Cruz, Cal.; Private Sidney Smith of Pearl, Ill.

The specific act for which General Johnston has been honored is described below. The names of the New Yorkers in the list and the acts of bravery follow:

Major K. P. Littauer, Air Service. For repeated acts of heroism in action near Conflans, on Sept. 14, and near Doulcon, on Oct. 30. He volunteered on a mission to protect a photographic plane for another squadron on Sept. 14 and continued toward the objective at Conflans after three other protecting planes had failed to start. In an encounter with five enemy pursuit planes, he completely protected the photographic plane by skillful manoeuvering, although his observer was wounded and his machine seriously damaged. On Oct. 30 Major Littauer, on duty as Chief of Air Service of the Third Army Corps, volunteered and made an important reconnoissance of enemy machine-gun emplacements at a low altitude near Doulcon. Home address, Alfred Littauer, father, 100th Street and Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Private Henry Miller, deceased, Co. H, 308th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Binarville, on Oct. 2. When his company had been cut off from communication and exposed to intense shell and machine gun fire, he observed and attacked an enemy sniper, silencing further fire from that source. While attempting to return he was killed by machine-gun fire. Next of kin, Mrs. Elizabeth Miller, wife, 312 West 111th Street, New York City.

Sergt. Jules Gingras, Co. F, 302d Engineers. For extraordinary heroism in action near Villessavoye, on Aug. 18. He voluntarily plunged into the Vesle River to rescue some soldiers who had fallen into the water with full packs while crossing a footbridge and were in danger of drowning. In order to see, he removed his gas mask and as a result was severely gassed. Home address, Grace C. Hammond, friend, 275 Church Street, Richmond Hill, N. Y.

First Lieut. James Finley Brown, deceased, 302d Engineers. For extraordinary heroism in action at Villers devant Mouzon, on Nov. 7. He displayed remarkable bravery in reconnoitering sites for footbridges across the Meuse River and later directing the construction of these bridges under heavy machine-gun fire. While so engaged, he was killed by a sniper. Next of kin, Mrs. Olivine K. Brown, wife, 27 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

35TH DIVISION'S DEAD TOTAL 827, SAYS BAKER

War Secretary and General March Answer Criticisms by the Governor of Kansas.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Losses of the 35th Division (Kansas and Missouri National Guard) in killed and died of wounds during its entire service in France up to Nov. 7, were 827 men, Secretary Baker told the House Rules Committee today, in connection with a resolution by Representative Campbell of Kansas, calling for Congressional investigation of reported excessive losses in this division.

The resolution, Representative Campbell said, was founded on reports current in Kansas and upon statements made by Governor Allen of that State on his return from service with the Y. M. C. A., attached to the 35th Division. It asked for investigation of reports that the division, in a seven-day fight in Argonne Forest, lacked horses, adequate artillery support, ammunition, food, airplane protection, and adequate care of wounded, 1,200 of whom were said to have been left on wet ground without shelter for thirty-six hours.

In the course of the hearing, General March, who accompanied Secretary Baker, said that roughly 300,000 American troops participated in the Argonne fight. They had behind them 4,000 guns, he said, and an official statement from the chief of staff of the artillery of the First Army, of which the 35th was a part, stated that the infantry never got beyond artillery support.

Secretary Baker said the War Department invited the fullest investigation of the conduct of the war by Congress, and called attention to the fact that after the Civil War a very extensive investigation of this character was made. He indicated that he would welcome a similar investigation after the return of the troops from France when full reports would be available.

The total replacements of the 35th for all causes, Secretary Baker said, were 10,605 men from its arrival in France up to Nov. 10. He thought it indicated an "over-estimate" in the report cited by Representative Campbell that 7,000 men of the 16,000 infantry of the division had been killed or wounded in the Argonne battle.

Secretary Baker said the Argonne battle was "the most difficult operation ever undertaken by American troops," and General March declared that no hint of complaint had come from abroad as to the handling of divisions in that action.

"It was a well planned battle," the Chief of Staff declared. "It would never have gotten through if it had not been."

This fight, General March added, was the first real action in which the 35th Division participated, and he declared emphatically that the division had done very well. The indicated casualties, he thought "were incredibly low," in view of the difficulties of the fight in the forest.

Representative Campbell asked General March repeatedly if the removal of Generals Martin and McClure just before the fight had not tended to derange battle plans.

General March thought not. "The day of personal leadership is gone," he said. "The machinery that runs the fight is the staff. I do not think the removal of any individual would impede it."

TOPEKA, Kansas, Jan. 24.—When Governor Henry J. Allen was informed of Secretary Baker's statement in Washington that the total killed and dead from wounds in the 35th Division up to Nov. 7 was 827 men, the Governor said:

"The estimate made by officers at the front, after the battle of the Argonne Forest, that the 35th suffered more than 7,000 casualties of course, included all casualties."

ITALY HONORS OUR AIRMEN.

Authorizes 48 Officers to Wear the Italian Service Ribbon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Forty-eight officers of the American Air Service and one officer of the Medical Corps who served in Italy, have been authorized by the Italian Minister of War to wear the Italian service ribbon, the War Department was informed today. The officers have returned to this country, and their official certificates from the Italian Government have been sent to the Division of Military Aeronautics for distribution. The officers decorated were:

Captains E. A. Kruss, San Diego, Cal., and O. B. Kiel, Medical Reserve Corps, no address, and Lieuts. P. H. Cresswell, Cedarville, Ohio; W. J. Flynn, Detroit; H. J. Gaffney, Jersey City, N. J.; Richard Goodman, Philadelphia; W. M. Malcolm, Hartford, Conn.; T. J. Mitchle (no address); W. T. Ricker, New Durham, N. H.; Herman Schmidt, Washington, D. C.; H. S. Stevens (no address); J. A. Posy (no address); L. D. Messner (no address); L. J. Joseph, Galveston, Tex.; J. W. Canon (no address); L. N. Campbell, Owatonna, Minn.; W. H. Carpenter, Duluth, Minn.; R. P. Clarke, Jr., Sewickley, Pa.; L. O. Conley, Penn Yan, N. Y.; F. G. Dodge, Geneseo, N. Y.; R. R. Dunn, Noblesville, Ind.; Horace Drever, Philadelphia; T. F. Fielder, Spartanburg, S. C.; Bicknell Hall, Jr., Taunton, Mass.; G. S. Mackey, Chicago; E. B. Mayer, Iowa City, Iowa; E. M. Malley, Greensburg, Pa.; W. S. McKay, Plainfield, N. J.; E. M. Ogden, Rochester, N. Y.; C. P. Penney, Buffalo, N. Y.; D. S. Pruitt, Bethany Beach, Del.; E. D. Ranck, Overbrook, Pa.; S. S. Robinson (no address); L. G. Sherman, Brattleboro, Vt.; H. L. Stevenson, Washington, D. C.; O. H. Stout, Indianapolis, Ind.; Verlie Van Zele, Genesee, Ill.; P. J. Wedel, Jersey City, N. J.; G. O. Wright, Fort Valley, Ga.; L. V. Windnagle, Portland, Ore.; W. P. Young, Clearfield, Pa.; C. M. Young, Des Moines, Iowa; W. T. Mayer, Columbus, Ohio; W. M. Boadway, Princeton, N. J.; L. B. Cowgill (no address); H. D. Stier (Stark), Pittsburg, Pa.; G. N. Nyland (Hyland), Philadelphia; J. N. Devoe (no address); F. C. Cox (no address).

STATE D. A. R. OFFICERS.

Mrs. Dow Named for Vice President General Over Mrs. Whitman.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 24.—By a vote of 52 to 24 the State Conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution, at the close of a protracted session early this evening, indorsed Mrs. Frank F. Dow, State Chaplain and Regent of Irondequoit Chapter, for the office of Vice President General of the National D. A. R. organization.

As soon as the result of the balloting became known, Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, wife of the former Governor of New York, who had received the smaller number of votes, moved that the indorsement of Mrs. Dow be made unanimous.

Previously officers nominated early today were elected without opposition. They were:

State Regent—Miss Stella F. Broadhead, Jamestown.

Vice Regent—Mrs. Charles M. Nash, Albany.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. John Francis Yawger, New York.

Corresponding Secretary — Mrs. Cora Sheldon Tew, Jamestown.

Registrar and Genealogist — Mrs. Frederick W. Yates, Rochester.

Historian—Mrs. Francis Roberts, Utica.

Parliamentarian—Mrs. Cora Wells, New York.

Auditors—Mrs. Alonza B. Foster, Fonda, and Mrs. Frank Burton, Gloversville.

Advisory Board — Mrs. Leonard Giles, Troy; Mrs. Philip Elling, Kingston; Mrs. William R. Stewart, New York; Mrs. Samuel Munson, Albany; Mrs. Samuel Ver Planck, Beacon, and Mrs. Joseph Kling, Fort Edward.

Miss Margaret H. Burdick of Johnstown declined a re-nomination as treasurer, and on her motion Miss Anna Ten Eyck, Johnstown, was nominated.

The last act of the conference was to adopt the resolution proposed by the Committee for the Protection of Women under international law; asking the Versailles Conference to provide for the trial and punishment of German officers and soldiers guilty of crimes against women and for providing that the status of wounded shall be given to women of the allied countries against whom outrages were perpetrated.

Search for Duveen Will.

Geoffrey Edgar Duveen, son of the late Henry J. Duveen, art dealer, applied in the Surrogate's Court yesterday for an order to open the decedent's safe deposit box in the Guaranty Safe Deposit Company to search for a will made by his father. The son believes his father made a will, but it has not been found.

REPORTED CASUALTIES UP TO 218,491

260 Named in Latest Army Lists; Marine Corps Announces Loss of 15

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today which contained 260 names, bringing the total for the army up to 212,745.

One Marine Corps casualty list was issued, which contained 15 names, bringing the total for that arm of the service up to 5,746. The total for army and Marine Corps is now 218,491.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 33 killed in action, 28 died of wounds, 11 died of accident, 46 died of disease, 36 severely wounded, and 106 missing in action.

The Marine Corps list contained the names of 7 died of wounds, 3 died of disease, 1 wounded to a degree undetermined, and 4 missing.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 24.	Total.
Killed in action	30,159	33	30,192
Lost at sea	732		732
Died of wounds	12,696	28	12,724
Died of accident	2,591	11	2,602
Died of disease	18,369	46	18,415
Total	64,547	118	64,665
Wounded	134,524	36	134,560
Missing	13,414	106	13,320
Total	212,485	260	212,745

Summary of Marine Corps Casualties to Date.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	93	2,025
Wounded	120	3,032
In hands of enemy		35
Missing	1	440
Total	214	5,532

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ANDERSON, A. F., 13 Reeves Place, Brooklyn ....(DW)
CAPUANO, A., 3,637 Holland Av....(MA)
DRAGONETTI, S., 428 Neptune Av., Brooklyn ....(MA)
FEREANCE, M., 64 North 8th St., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(MA)
GING, M. F., 413 Lincoln Road, Brooklyn ....(DW)
GOLDBERG, L. W., Heyward St., Brooklyn ....(MA)
GULLIKSEN, H., 276 22d St., South Brooklyn ....(DW)
KIRCHMER, C. V., 181 Herkimer St., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(MA)
LANG, J., 318 12th St....(MA)
LEIBSON, I., 38 Norfolk St....(DW)
McKINNEY, J. P., 1,430 57th St., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(DW)
MAINELLA, A., 26 Vandam St....(MA)
MITCHELL, G., 2,501 Hoffman St.—Sgt.(KA)
OLSON, O., 1,118 Madison St., Brooklyn—Mch. ....(DD)
SPESSER, M., 2,371 Broadway....(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

BONACKER, J. E., Rensselaer....(DW)
CALOGERO, G., Utica....(MA)
CONLIN, FRANK J., Lockport....(DD)
FARRAR, J. P., Glens Falls....(DW)
FINCH, G. A., Northville....(DD)
FRASIER, JULIUS, Graphite....(KA)
LEVY, CLYDE E., Jackson Corners....(KA)
McCOURT, WILLIAM, Theresa—Corp.(MA)
MURPHY, C. P., Buffalo—Corp....(MA)
SHOVAH, ELMER H., Whitehall....(MA)
SIGAFOOS, F. W., Lackawanna—Corp.(DW)

ALABAMA.

EFURD, ROBERT E., Dotham....(DD)

ARKANSAS.

GRIFFITH, JAMES A., Guy....(DW)
JOHNSON, ROBERT P., Rose Bud....(DW)
LAY, CLEVELAND, Jonesboro—Cook..(DD)
PARKER, WILL, Earle....(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

BRIDGES, CHESLEY M., Visalia....(DW)
HYLAND, JOSEPH R., Plymouth....(DD)

CONNECTICUT.

MAYOTTE, A. J., Quinebaug—Lt....(DD)

FLORIDA.

SIMMONS, WM. C., Orlando....(DW)

GEORGIA.

HUNTER, CHARLIE J., Early....(DD)
JONES, SEARCY E., Fayetteville....(KA)
ROWLAND, OSCAR, Tennille....(DD)

ILLINOIS.

ARNOLD, R. F., Watertown—Lt....(DW)
GERBER, GEORGE E., Peoria....(KA)
HALPERIN, JACOB S., Chicago....(DW)
JOHNSON, J. E., Camp Point—Mch....(DW)
LINN, JOHN A., Chicago—Secretary, Y. M. C. A....(DA)
McCORMACK, G. L., Chicago—Corp....(KA)
McDONALD, JAMES, Livingston....(DW)
MANNING, FRANK, Dongola....(KA)
POELKER, CLEMENS H., New Baden.(DW)
SAWYER, HOWARD C., Dundee—Lt....(DD)

INDIANA.

BARTHOLOMEW, B. O., Lapel....(DD)
KUHN, HERBERT H., Warsaw....(DA)
MIKULA, SEVE, South Bend....(KA)
WAGNER, R., Lafayette—Corp....(DD)

IOWA.

PAULSEN, OTTO A., Malcolm—Corp..(DW)
ROLAND, H. G., Iowa City....(DD)
SELBY, THOMAS, Blakesburg....(DW)
THOMPSON, WILLIAM R., Albia....(DW)

KANSAS.

HARTLEY, J. W., New Albany—Corp (DW)

KENTUCKY.

DUGGINS, WILLIS, Letchfield....(KA)
GOBEN, JOHN W., Louisville....(DW)
HENDERSON, C. L., Covington....(DW)
RATCLIFF, W. M., Malbourne....(DD)

LOUISIANA.

JONES, IRVIN L., Isabelle....(KA)

MAINE.

CASTONGUAY, A., Waterville—Sgt..(DW)

MARYLAND.

KEITHLEY, L. H., Belair....(DD)
NICHOLS, JOHN H., Salisbury....(KA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

FENNELL, M. J., Somerville—Sgt....(DW)
FROSTHOLM, JENS H., Worcester—Lt.(KA)
IRWIN, HOWARD W., Worcester—Capt.(DD)
PEDONI, MICHAEL, Worcester....(KA)
RICHARDSON, GEORGE L., Winthrop.(DW)
ROUNDY, JOHN A., Marblehead....(KA)

MICHIGAN.

HOFFMAN, CHARLES, Detroit—Corp.(DW)
THAYER, ARTHUR R., Chesaning....(KA)

MINNESOTA.

DIRCKS, FRANK J., Lakotown....(DW)
DOLL, BERNARD, Perham....(DD)
GRAVELL, LOUIS J., Fort Ripley....(DD)
GURKE, JOHN J., Rohneby....(KA)
KAHN, N. D., Bald Eagle Lake—Corp.(KA)
LARSON, GUY A., Minneapolis....(DD)
MOLDESTAD, H. L., St. Louis Park....(KA)
OLSON, GILBERT, Tracy....(KA)
WOLFF, GEORGE R., Hopkins—Corp..(DW)

MISSISSIPPI.

DIGGS, WALLACE, Winterville—Wagn.(DD)
FAIRCHILDS, HENRY, Brookhaven...(KA)
PEGUES, NICK T., JR., Winona....(KA)

MISSOURI.

BUCKWORTH, EARL E., Powersville.(KA)
GARRETT, MACK, Rosedale....(DD)
SCHUTLE, G. G., Dalton....(KA)

MONTANA.

ROBINSON, THOMAS L., Walcheim..(DW)
SHELLENBARGER, A., Hingham....(DW)
WILLIAMS, CECIL T., Butte....(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

BEAK, RUSSELL, Mount Holly....(MA)
CARTER, CYRIL A., Hilton—Corp....(MA)
DUCRE, SULLIVAN, Asbury Park....(MA)
FALKENSTERN, A. H., West Norwood(MA)
GIFFORD, C. P., Allenwood—Mch....(MA)
GREAVES, JOHN G., New Brunswick..(KA)
MIGUANO, DOMINIO, Lodi....(MA)
ROSATO, SAM, Clifford....(MA)
SPITZ, CHRIS, Somers Point....(MA)
STEIN, ROBERT A., Newark—Sgt....(MA)
STRIPP, PHILIP H., Jersey City....(MA)
WAGONER, STEPHEN, Woodridge....(MA)

NORTH CAROLINA.

AUSBON, Lloyd L., Robersonville....(DD)
GARVER, JOHN P., Lawndale....(DW)

NORTH DAKOTA.

BENNETT, ANDREW H., Minot....(DW)
FREDERICK, VIRGIL, Fargo....(DW)
HOLLINGSWORTH, M., Sykeston....(KA)
KLEVELAND, BEINT R., Mayville....(DW)
SMITH, CECIL C., Donnybrook—Corp.(DD)

OHIO.

LONG, GRANT, Cincinnati—Corp....(DW)
MORROW, JOHN T., Deavertown....(DA)
JONES, RAYMOND, New Matamoras.(DW)
POOLE, J. HOWARD, Cincinnati....(DD)
SCHRIMPF, ELMER A., Cincinnati...(KA)
STOCK, WILLIAM, Lisbon....(KA)

OKLAHOMA.

MANN, FRANCIS J., Randlett....(DD)
TURNER, OVEA K., Oilton....(DD)

OREGON.

GRUBER, MERLE J., Gresham....(DD)
HOLLOWAY, THEODORE, Monmouth.(KA)
PIETROK, PAUL B., Stayton....(DW)

PENNSYLVANIA.

ARTZ, ROBERT E., Donaldson....(DW)
COCHRAN, DAVID H., Philadelphia..(DA)
COURTNEY, JOHN C., Quakertown....(DW)
DANDERLO, VETO, Old Forge....(DA)
DAVIS, EARLE M., East Pittsburgh—Sgt....(DA)
EBNER, RUSSELL R., Easton—Sgt....(DW)
EDWARDS, JOSEPH S., Philadelphia.(DA)
FERRARI, CAMILLO, Pittsburgh....(DW)
GIORDANO, BAPTIST, Nesquehoning.(DW)
HOOPER, ELWOOD H., Girard—Lt....(DP)
HULL, IVAN H., Ambridge—Sgt....(DD)
KOHLER, CARL N., Pittsburgh....(DA)
LAWRENCE, HEWITT, Darby....(DD)
McKEEN, MAXWELL, Easton—Lt....(DW)
MADDEN, FRANK A., Philadelphia....(DD)
MELVIN, FRANK J., Philadelphia—Cook....(DW)
PACH, EWADICK, Nanticoke....(KA)
PORTER, S. J., Philadelphia....(DD)
RUANE, J. E., Scranton....(DD)
SPENGLER, D. P., Easton—Sgt....(DD)
STRUCKMAN, G. H., Clairsville....(DW)

RHODE ISLAND.

PHILLIPS, S. C., Allenton—Sgt....(DW)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

DERNAM, G. S., Columbia....(DW)
McNEELY, STEPHEN, Lancaster....(DD)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

BODEEN, OLOF J., Bresford....(DW)
ROMEREIN, F. R., Roslyn—Corp....(DW)

TENNESSEE.

CLIFTON, NEAL G., Westel....(DW)
DUNNIVANT, R. H., Elkton....(DD)
PARKS, R. S., Knoxville—Wagn....(DA)
ROACH, H. B., Jackson....(DW)
WATSON, W. C., Beacon....(DA)

TEXAS.

FABBS, MOSE, Crockett....(DD)
GOFF, ELMER E., El Paso....(DD)
HEHN, C. E., San Antonio—Corp....(DD)
ROGERS, JOE N., Thornton....(DD)
STURGES, JAMES E., Weatherford....(DD)
TURNER, B. A., Winnsboro—Corp....(DW)

VERMONT.

BEATTIE, HARRY O., Jamaica....(DW)

VIRGINIA.

EARLS, FIELDIN K., Cliffield....(DW)
JETT, JESSE J., Fredericksburg....(DW)
SLOAN, LEE, Grundy....(DW)

WASHINGTON.

HALVERSON, JOHN A., Meridian....(DW)

WEST VIRGINIA.

BROWN, DELLIE, Mannington....(DW)
RIGGENBACH, EDWARD U., New Martinsville....(DW)

WISCONSIN.

ANGELO, MENICO, Red Granite....(DD)
DAVIES, STANLEY, Milwaukee....(DD)
HARMON, LLOYD L., Boaz....(DW)
MITCHELL, JOHN G., Milwaukee—Lt.(DD)
MOKELKE, FRANK R., Milwaukee....(KA)
PETERSON, BENJAMIN, Hager City.(DD)
WOLFE, FRANK, Ashland....(KA)

WYOMING.

SMITH, JOSEPH, Robertson....(KA)

CANADA.

WATERHOUSE, CHARLES J., Hamilton, Ontario—Cook....(DD)

GREECE.

PAPPAS, PETER, Nemesi, Corenheras.(KA)

RUSSIA.

SOVIL, ANTHONY, Svalhia....(DW)

NO EMERGENCY ADDRESS.

COCHRAN, WILLIAM A....(DW)

Revised Report of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rptd.	Prev. Rptd.
ALTIERI, ORESTO F., 8,624 23d Av., Brooklyn—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
BLAIR, WALTER E., 1,269 Decatur St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
CESTONE, LEWIS, 357 Central Av., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
CHOULEUR, LESTER, 19 Greenwich Av.	(RD)	(MA)
COX, F. A., 1,376 Nelson Av.	(MA)	(WS)
GOLDFARB, AARON, 2,124 Mermaid Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
HANKEL, E. J., 336 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
HARVEY, JOHN, 436 W. 17th St.	(Erroneously)	(WS)
INGRESANA, ANTONIA, 56 Franklin Av., Brooklyn	(MA)	(WS)
KAURIN, CHARLES L., 182 11th St., Brooklyn	(D)	(MA)
KENNY, F. J., 270 St. Marks Av., Brooklyn	(WS)	(MA)
MARTIN, J. P., 435 W. 54th St.—Corp.	(WU)	(MA)
MAYER, NORMAN J., 951 St. John's Place, Brooklyn	(MA)	(WS)
O'NEIL, HARRY E., 144½ Kosciusko St., Brooklyn	(Erroneously)	(WS)
QUINN, J. J., 987 Rogers Place—Corp.	(MA)	(WS)
QUIRK, GEORGE G., 187 Lexington Av.	(MA)	(WS)
RICHARDI, FRANK, 136 Hamburg Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
SETLOW, B., 321 Madison St.	(KA)	(MA)
VICTOR, ARTHUR A., 622 Schenck Av., Brooklyn—Sgt.	(WU)	(KA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

BECKER, F. A., Hornell—Corp.	(MA)	(WS)
BIGLER, JACOB, College Point	(RD)	(MA)
CAMERON, A., No. Tonawanda	(RD)	(MA)
JACKSON, F. G., Hudson Falls.	(Erroneously)	(WS)

OTHER STATES.

BATTLE, L., Battleboro, N. C.	(DD)	(DW)
BLACK, J. D., San Francisco	(DD)	(MA)
BOVYN, C., Marshall, Minn.	(KA)	(MA)
CHILDERS, F., Hodges, Ala.	(KA)	(MA)
COLVIN, C. D., Waverly, Wash.	(WU)	(KA)
DAMREL, J. B., Newton, Tex.	(WU)	(KA)
DESOUZA, JOE A., Tercuratiha, Portugal	(KA)	(MA)
DEUTSCH, JOHN, Indiana Harbor, Ind.—Corp.	(WS)	(KA)
ELLIOTT, R. V., Winston-Salem, N. C.	(WU)	(KA)
FAKEN, PETE, Red Rock, Okla.	(RD)	(KA)
FREY, WM., Mendota, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
GEIS, E. J., Covington, Ky.	(KA)	(MA)
GOODE, F. F., Gorse, Tex.	(KA)	(MA)
GRASSO, A. G., Bridgeport, Ct.	(RD)	(MA)
GREGORY, J. E., Olney, Ill.	(WD)	(MA)
HAGERMAN, C., Jersey City	(RD)	(MA)
HARWELL, F. C., Webber Falls, Okla.	(WU)	(KA)
HAUSER, A. M., Kaukauna, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
HENSON, R., Wooster, Ark.	(RD)	(KA)
HERFURTH, A. H., Washington, D. C.—Corp.	(RD)	(KA)
HOFFER, F., Athens, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
HOLDMAN, J. S., Milwaukee, Wis.	(DW)	(MA)
HOWELL, G., Chapel Hill, Tenn.	(DD)	(MA)
INNES, H. W., Castlewood, Va.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
JACOBS, J., New Britain, Conn.	(MA)	(WS)
JAHN, G. K., Clifton, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
JERZAKOWSKI, W., Milwaukee, Wis.—Sgt.	(KA)	(MA)
KEREI, JOHN, Shelton, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
KING, P., South Boston, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
KORJCKI, FRANK, Chicago, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
McCARTHY, J. M., South Bend, Ind.	(Erroneously)	(DD)
MAYNARD, P. H., Torrington, Conn.—Sgt.	(MA)	(WS)
MENTER, L. R., Grand Rapids, Mich.	(D)	(MA)
MOON, J. A., Alberine, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
MORGAN, L. H., Danville, Ark.	(KA)	(MA)
NALLY, R. V., Reading, Penn.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
PHILLIPS, A., McColl, S. C.	(WU)	(KA)
RUSICH, DAN, Galesburg, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)

SOVIL, A., Bayonne, N. J. (Erroneously) (DW)
WENSTEL, J., South River, N.J.(WU) (MA)
WITHEY, R., Bloomsburg, Penn.(KA) (MA)

Marine Corps Casualty List.

ALABAMA.

DUNCAN, CLAUD F., Birmingham...(DW)

ILLINOIS.

WHEELES, BENJAMIN, Pinkneyville..(DD)

MARYLAND.

McILHENNY, JOHN E., Baltimore....(DW)

MICHIGAN.

DENTEL, MARTIN A., Lulu....(DW)
O'HARA, FRANK D., Ann Arbor....(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

DIPPOLD, L. J., North Bergen—Corp..(DD)
LYON, RUSSELL G., Newark....(DW)

TENNESSEE.

AUSTIN, ROBERT E., Bogota—Corp..(DW)
WALKER, SAMMY R., Alexandria....(DW)

WEST VIRGINIA.

FAMEA, PATSEY, Denmoot....(DD)

Revised Marine Corps Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Repts.	Prev. Repts.
TRONSOR, F., 500 W. 166 St.	(RD)	(MA)
WEIDMAN, F. H., 21 Edron St., Elliott Manor, Corona—Corp.	(RD)	(M)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

RACINOWSKI, S., Buffalo	(KA)	(M)
SCHNEGGENBURGER, A. J., Buffalo	(RD)	(M)

OTHER STATES.

LINDBLAD, E. J., Sixprong, Wash.	(KA)	(M)
LUMAREE, LE ROY W., Wabash, Ind.	(KA)	(M)
PISCHKE, STANLEY C., Chicago, Ill.	(Hosp.)	(K)

BAR BERGER, GILLETT URGES

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Representative F. H. Gillett of Massachusetts, seeking the Speakership of the next House, said today that he believed the very first act of that body should be to refuse a seat to Victor Berger, who has been convicted under the Espionage act.

"Twenty years ago I voted to throw out Brigham Roberts," said Mr. Gillett, "because he was a Mormon living with plural wives, and he was rejected by a majority of more than five to one.

"I think there is much more reason to reject Berger, who was under indictment for disloyal acts at the time of his election, while the war was still raging, and who has since been tried and found guilty on the indictment. The evidence convinced me of his disloyalty and I believe the country generally approved the verdict of the jury, and I think his guilt is sufficiently manifest to disqualify him from Congress.

"The House is given by the Constitution absolute and exclusive power to determine the qualifications of its members. If I am on the floor on the opening day of the session I intend to object to Berger's being sworn in, and to raise the question of permanently excluding him."

B. Altman & Co.

Novelties in

Women's & Misses' Sweaters

are now being shown in

regulation or slip-on models

in silk or wool, and in a variety of charming colors.

Among them are the slip-on models in the rather intricate but extremely effective filet designs; and those in the coat style, developed in sheer alapaca wool.

A decided novelty, suggestive of the richly-woven matelasse effects, is shown in two silk models (regulation or slip-on) obtainable in the more fashionable shades.

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Ulsters, Overcoats, Suits In Notable Reduction Sales

The Coats

Midwinter sale. A lively disposal of fine Ulsters, Town Ulsters and Slip-ons. Splendid fabrics. Correct tailoring. A money-saving occasion.

$23.75, $29.75

The Suits

Semi-annual sale. Every suit in the house, except evening clothes, included. The kind of suits well dressed men want. Prices away down.

$28.75, $32.75, $36.75, $43.75

No Charge for Alterations

Men's Shop—Fourth Floor

Men's Gloves—Today

At **$1.55** Pair

Mocha Gloves, in plain or black embroidered backs.

Suede Gloves, in plain or black embroidered backs.

Cape Gloves, in tan, gray and old ivory; plain, spear and black embroidered backs.

All Capeskin Gloves (washable).

These Gloves were all made to sell at much higher prices and at $1.55 a pair are unquestionably about the best values we have ever had the pleasure to announce.

None C. O. D. No Returns.

Ground Floor

Sale of Men's Winter Shoes

Special for Today

$8.75

Heavy dark tan calfskin laced Shoes.
Heavy black calfskin laced Shoes.
Smart comfortable lasts. All sizes.

Clearance of Several Hundred Pairs
Men's Tan Shoes (Sizes incomplete).......$5.40

Fourth Floor

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.

Today, Saturday,

A Remarkable Purchase of

Women's Luxurious Evening Wraps

of Brocaded Silk or Chiffon Velvet

Which Would Ordinarily Sell For a Great Deal More, Secured Through a Maker's Clearance

at **$49.50**

Three distinct fashions of the Dolman evening wrap of the hour. All with deep shawl collars of Nearseal or Skunk Opossum fur. Some also with fur cuffs. The wraps of brocaded faille silk offer a color range of white, coral, rose, orchid, canary, navy and black. The wraps of chiffon velvet are in canary only.

All are superbly lined with brocaded taffeta or satin of superior grades; also warmly interlined.

All Sales Must Be Final—
None on Approval or C. O. D.

GIMBELS—Third Floor

GOLF OFFICIALS DECIDE TO REVIVE NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS THIS YEAR

Sometimes when we burst into print, we try to get it all over in one shock—

Offer to sell you everything you wear and then offer to buy it back if by any chance you'd rather have your money.

Don't let the cold snap find you unprepared.

Warm winter suits and overcoats—all-wool by our own test.

Heavier underwear. A great stock—a size for every build. No. 923 is our union suit with raglan shoulders—follows perfectly the lines of shoulder and neck. The right weight for now.

Fur coats—furs called by their real names.

Fur gloves. Fur hats.

Going South?

We're midsummer outfitters in the middle of winter—everything men and boys wear, in-and-out-season.

Our Trunk line adds to the joy of the journey, "Wardrobes," especially.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

U. S. G. A. APPROVES OF TITLE TOURNEYS

Three National Championships Will Be Resumed, the Dates to be Determined Later.

FOLLOW 1917 PROGRAM

Officers Are Re-elected at Annual Meeting of Association at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Hearty approval of a resumption of all three national championships was voiced at the annual meeting of the United States Golf Association, held at the Waldorf last night. Coincident with that was the decision to hold the events over the courses selected at the 1917 meeting—Oakmont Country Club, near Pittsburgh, for the amateur; Braeburn Country Club, West Newton, Mass., for the open, and the Shawnee, Country Club, Shawnee, Penn., for the women.

The dates will be determined at an early session of the Executive Committee, and it has always been the policy of the association to conform as far as possible to the wishes of the clubs chiefly concerned. Weeks ago word was received from Oakmont, Braeburn, and Shawnee that they were anxious to handle the events, which were to have been held on their courses in 1917.

At last night's meeting delegates of the favored clubs gave assurance of their fitness to handle the attractions. During the last two years Oakmont alone has spent something like $10,000 in stiffening its links and in various ways preparing for the "big show." Braeburn is pronounced by professionals to be one of the most testing eighteen-hole circuits in the East. Shawnee has also been made more attractive than ever.

In keeping with the occasion, the Secretary stated that some time ago he began a compilation of an honor roll of golf members of clubs belonging to the parent body who served in the army or navy of the United States during the war. He had for the information of the delegates 7,539 names, representing responses from 287 clubs.

In the period between Dec. 1, 1917, and Nov. 30, 1918, the report of the Executive Committee showed that fourteen clubs were elected to membership, seven being active, as follows: Oak Ridge Golf Club, Tuckahoe, N. Y.; Gulph Mills Golf Club, Gulph Mills, Penn.; West Okoboji Golf Club, Milford, Iowa; Quaker Ridge Golf Club, Mamaroneck, N. Y.; St. Albans Golf and Country Club, St. Albans, L. I.; Broadmoor Golf Club, Colorado Springs, Col., and Green Meadow Country Club, Harrison, N. Y.

Seven clubs were elected to allied membership, as follows: York Country Club, York, Penn.; Philadelphia Golf Club, Philadelphia, Penn.; St. Clair Country Club, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Shuttle Meadow Golf Club, Inc., New Britain, Conn.; Wolferts Roost, Albany, N. Y.; Mount Vernon Country Club, Mount Vernon, N. Y., and Essex Fells Country Club, Essex Fells, N. J.

The association now has a membership of 458 clubs, 145 active and 313 allied. During the year two allied organizations, the Castle Shannon Golf Club, Castle Shannon, Penn., and the Kenilworth Country Club, Newell, W. Va., disbanded, while the Harrisburg Golf Club, at Harrisburg, Penn., an active club, resigned.

With the decision for a resumption of championship tournaments next season, an eligibility list will be compiled as a matter of course, in the same manner as in 1916 and 1917; that is, the names are not sent in by the clubs, but are recommended by the larger sectional associations. No list was issued last year.

The Treasurer's report shows the association to be in excellent financial condition, the total assets on Nov. 30, 1918, showing $19,604.04. As the association has no liabilities the assets represent the surplus.

The association was praised for its war work in a letter from Boyd Comstock of the Athletic Division of the War Department. This letter was sent to Howard F. Whitney, the Secretary of the association. It referred to a list of the golf clubs which donated supplies and the amount of the material sent. To be exact, 381 sets; that is, collections of from six to ten clubs and a dozen balls were shipped to the different cantonments, while eight organizations sent miscellaneous collections.

In accordance with custom there was no opposition to the election of officers, which are the same as last year. The Secretary was therefore instructed to cast one ballot as follows:

President, Frederick S. Wheeler, Apawamis; Vice Presidents, Dr. Walter B. Harban of Columbia and Sterling E. Edmunds, St. Louis; Secretary, Howard F. Whitney, Nassau; Treasurer, Mortimer N. Buckner, Garden City. The Executive Committee includes the above, and Frank E. Miller, Chicago; J. F. Byers, Pittsburgh; Asa P. French, Boston, and W. P. Stewart, New Orleans, La.

THESE HENS COME HIGH.

Winning Pen of Plymouth Rocks at Poultry Show Valued at $10,000.

A pen of barred Plymouth Rocks, valued by their owners at $10,000, won first prize among the exhibition pens of that variety at the Poultry Show at Madison Square Garden yesterday. The cock and four hens are own by E. B. Thompson, of Amenia, N. Y. The awards in the sixty classes of exhibition pens were the feature of the show yesterday. The Owens Farms of Vineyard Haven, Mass., won in three classes, white Plymouth Rocks, single comb Rhode Island Reds and single comb white Leghorns. M. F. Delano of Owens Farms sold the cock of this Leghorn pen to George B. Ferris of Detroit a few days ago for $500.

Three amateur fanciers won blue ribbons. These were Walter P. Bliss of Bernardsville, N. J., who took first prizes with three varieties of ducks; J. Robinson Beard of Lucknow Farm, South Norwalk, won in buff Orpingtons for the second year, an unusual achievement for a non-commercial exhibitor.

In speaking of Orpingtons, Mr. Beard said: "The buff Orpingtons get their color from the Cochins, their egg laying abilities from the Hamburgs, and their value for the table from the Dorkings. They weigh ten or twelve pounds, taste better than turkey and lay eggs straight along until wanted for the table." The third amateur to win was Andrew J. Albright, Jr., of Prospect Farms, whose black Minorcas carried off the honors. The show will close this evening.

SCHAEFER ADDS TO LEAD.

Plays Brilliantly in Afternoon Contest with Cochran.

Jake Schaefer increased his lead over Welker Cochran in yesterday's two blocks of their 3,600 points 18.2 balk line billiard match at Daly's Academy. Schaefer scored his greatest success of the match in the afternoon block, when he ran out his string of 300 points in four innings while Cochran was gathering 32. This block produced some excellent playing on the part of Schaefer. Cochran never approached his usual good form.

In the evening match Cochran took the block by a score of 388 to 300 in ten innings. He made runs of 199 and 108 in this session. Schaefer's high run was 137. The total score now favors Schaefer by 3,000 to 2,754.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Schaefer—80 127 66 27—300. Average, 75. High run, 127.
Cochran—19 3 10—32. Average, 10 2-3.

EVENING GAME.

Cochran—36 2 0 0 8 199 16 108 14 5—388. Average, 38 8-10. High runs, 199, 108.
Schaefer—8 0 0 137 1 47 44 1 34 1 27—300. Average, 27 3-11. High run, 137.

Becker Defeats Van Tassel.

Frank Becker defeated H. Van Taasel last night at Thum's Billiard Rooms in the Class A three-cushion tournament of the A. A. B. A. by a score of 35 to 32 in 102 innings. F. Grummels defeated H. Ridge in sixty-eight innings by a count of 35 to 34.

WILLARD ACCEPTS $100,000 FIGHT OFFER

Heavyweight Champion Signs with Rickard to Meet Dempsey or Carpentier in July.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—A purse of $100,000 drew Jess Willard, heavyweight boxing champion, out of retirement tonight. Tex Rickard, promoter of the Joe Gans-Battling Nelson fight and the heavyweight championship battle between Jeffries and Johnson, after two days of conference, obtained Willard's signature to a set of articles to fight any opponent selected for him. He agreed to box any number of rounds up to forty. The match will be decided next July, probably on the fourth. Willard will receive $100,000 win, lose, or draw.

Rickard said that either Georges Carpentier, the French heavyweight, or Jack Dempsey, who has been clamoring for a match with the champion, would be Willard's opponent. Rickard reserved the right to wait until March 25 before making the selection. The place for holding the battle will be named sixty days before the contest.

The contest will be the first that Willard has fought since he met Frank Moran of Pittsburgh in New York on March 25, 1916. Rickard was the promoter of that match.

Under the terms of the agreement, the champion agreed to deposit $10,000 with a Chicago bank at once, this sum to be forfeited to Rickard if Willard fails to carry out his promises. Rickard agreed to deposit $10,000 in Chicago tomorrow, $15,000 sixty days before the date of the contest, and $75,000 forty-eight hours before the day of the battle.

It is provided that if Rickard fails to make the second deposit of $15,000, he agrees to forfeit the first $10,000 to Willard, and if he fails to deposit the $75,000 Willard will receive $25,000.

The Kansas "cowboy" agreed not to make any other engagements or to appear in any exhibition contests, and also agreed to be at the place designated for the battle sixty days in advance to finish his training. It was decided that Rickard should name the referee, and that his selection should be final.

"I haven't any idea where the contest will be decided," said Rickard. "The laws of the State in which the battle will be staged will, of course, govern the situation. I hope to stage the contest in a State allowing bouts of twenty or thirty rounds.

"Wherever the battle is fought, it will not be in a baseball park. I plan to build an arena with a seating capacity of 50,000. This will cost close to $35,000. The prices of admission probably will be from $10 to $50, although these details have not been worked out."

Frank C. Flournoy of Memphis, Tenn., Rickard's business partner, will be associated with Rickard in promoting the battle.

KERR TAKES GOLF FINAL.

Greenwich Golfer Defeats Balch on Florida Links.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Fla., Jan. 24.—Hamilton K. Kerr of Greenwich was the winner in the first annual tournament of the season here today when he defeated De Witt Balch of Cincinnati in the final round by one up.

The match was one of the best ever seen here and was followed by a large gallery. Balch was the favorite on account of his long driving, but Kerr's experience told in the end.

St. Ann's College Five Wins.

St. Ann's College basket ball team defeated the Victory five last night in a one-sided game on the college court by a score of 40 to 18. McCue for St. Ann's scored eight goals, Sweeney and White four each, while Gullfoy added three more. For the Victory five, Skinner and Wiles scored four and five, respectively.

PRINCETON FIVE WINS.

Tigers Defeat Swarthmore in Fast Game, 24 to 18.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 24.—The Princeton basket ball team defeated Swarthmore in the Tigers' second game of the season here tonight, by the score of 24 to 18. The game was marred by much fumbling and poor basket shooting but was closely contested throughout, the count being tied at the halfway mark.

The Tiger five got the jump on the Pennsylvania boys at the opening of the game when Gray and Davis put the Orange and Black six points to the good. Swarthmore quickly rallied, however, and twice led the Princeton quintet in the scoring. But by the latter part of the game the Tigers had found their stride and rapidly pulled into the lead.

Opie, with three goals from the floor and four from free throws, was high score man for Princeton. Stow of the visitors and Capt. Gray of the home team divided second honors with eight points each.

The lineup:

Princeton.	Position.	Swarthmore.
Trimble	R. F.	Benjamin
Margetts	L. F.	Place
Gray	C.	Stow
Opie	R. G.	Larkin
Davis	L. G.	Clancy

Substitutions—Princeton: Bauhan for Margetts, Schmidt for Trimble. Goals from field—Gray, (3.) Opie, (3.) Benjamin, (2.) Place, (2.) Trimble, Margetts, Davis, Stow, Clancy. Goals from floor—Gray, 2 out of 3; Stow, 6 out of 12; Opie, 4 out of 7. Referee—Mr. Thorpe. Umpire—Mr. Green. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

HOCKEY DOUBLE-HEADER.

Jamaica Now Tied for Lead in P. S. A. L. Tourney.

A. R. Thompson, the diminutive left wing of the Jamaica High School hockey sextet, led his teammates in a victorious charge on the skaters of New Utrecht H. S. yesterday in the continuation of the Public Schools Athletic League hockey championship tournament at the Brooklyn Ice Palace. The Jamaica team defeated New Utrecht in one of the games of a double-header by 5 goals to 1. In the other fracas Flushing High School's hockeyists vanquished the Poly Prep team by 5 goals to 0. Jamaica's victory placed the team in a tie for first place with Manual Training H. S. Both teams have won two games and lost none.

The lineups:

Flushing. (5.)	Position.	Poly Prep. (0.)
Gleason	G.	Ruhm
Schofield		Jelliffe
Townsend	C. P.	Dopple
Shields	C.	F. Farah
Woodward	L. W.	H. Farah
Gladding	R. W.	R. Colier

Goals—First period: Gladding in 2:00 on a straight shot, Townsend in 3:10 on a straight shot, Townsend in 3:12 on a pass from Woodward, Woodward in 10:20 on a straight shot. Second period: Townsend in 7:00 on a straight shot. Penalties—F. Farah, one minutes for tripping; R. Colier, one minute for tripping. Referee—Fred B. Mohle, Brooklyn Hockey Club. Timekeeper—I. C. Mosher, Brooklyn Ice Palace. Goal umpires—John Lott, Poly Prep, and Walter Hopkins, United States Navy. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes each.

Jamaica. (5.)	Position.	N. Utrecht. (1.)
Dwyer	G.	Goldberg
Bates	P.	Fruslin
Madden	C. P.	Sadler
Oakley	C.	Hetrick
Thompson	L. W.	Edwards
Clifford	R. W.	Williamson

Goals—First period: Madden in 2:10 on a straight shot, Oakley in 5:18 on a straight shot, Thompson in 13:23 on a straight shot. Second period: Thompson in 4:12 on a straight shot, Sadler in 7:18 on a straight shot, Thompson in 14:03 from scrimmage. Referee—Fred. B. Mohle, Brooklyn Hockey Club. Timekeeper—I. C. Mosher, Brooklyn Ice Palace. Goal umpires—John Lott, Poly Prep, and Walter Hopkins, United States Navy. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes each.

Gibson Declared Free Agent.

George Gibson, who has been coach for the Giant's pitchers for the last few seasons, was declared a free agent yesterday and will probably sign to manage the Toronto club of the International League in a few days. Gibson became a free agent according to the rule which provides for veterans of ten years' service in the major leagues.

ROVERS WIN EASY VICTORY AT POLO

Dr. Blackwell Displays Rare Skill and Scores Eight Goals Against Squadron A Trio.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
White Owls	4	0	1000
Royal A. F.	4	1	.800
Meadowlarks	2	2	.500
Rovers	1	2	.333
Squadron A	1	3	.250
Foxhunters	0	3	.000

Squadron A's polo trio was easily defeated by the Rovers yesterday in the Victory Cup tournament at Durland's Riding Academy. The score was 12 to 9. The victorious Rovers clearly outclassed and outplayed the rival aggregation, excelling in horsemanship and stick work. This victory gives the Rovers their first success in three games.

Dr. Blackwell, playing at No. 2, gave the successful team its chief impetus. He scored eight of the Rovers's goals. Five of these markers came in the opening period when Dr. Blackwell led his teammates in an attack which erased a handicap of four goals conceded the Squadron A poloists. B. Grannis, at back, scored four goals, and H. Levinski registered another, while the Squadron A contingent was held scoreless.

In the second period Cooke, the Squadron A back, got three goals, and Grimwood, at No. 2, scored twice. Dr. Blackwell, however, accounted for three tallies, which enabled the Rovers to hold the advantage.

The lineup:

ROVERS. (12.)	SQUADRON A. (9.)
No. 1—H. K. Levinski.	No. 1—S. Abernithey.
No. 2—Dr. Blackwell.	No. 2—V. Grimwood.
Back—B. Grannis.	Back—S. Cooke.

Goals—First period, Dr. Blackwell, (5,) Grannis, (4.) Levinski; second period, Dr. Blackwell, (3,) Cooke, (3.) Grimwood, (2.) Referee—Mr. Meade, Durland's Riding Academy. Time of periods—Ten minutes.

Vibbard Wins from Max Bache.

Norman Vibbard gained the decision over Max Bache last night in the amateur pocket billiard tournament of the A. A. B. A., at Doyle's Academy, by a score of 100 to 71. Vibbard's high run was 15, while Bache's best effort was 12. At English billiards William Stiles defeated W. Porter by the count of 125 to 121. Charles Bigelow went down in defeat before Nelson Mayo at straight rail billiards by the score of 150 to 114.

COLUMBIA TO OPEN SEASON.

Meets Penn Tonight in First Intercollegiate Basket Ball Game.

The lid will be pried off tonight in the Intercollegiate Basket Ball League, when the University of Pennsylvania five faces off against Columbia in the gymnasium on Morningside Heights, although no championship trophy will be awarded because there is promise of an exciting race for a leading position at the end of the season.

Pennsylvania has a team which is made up of three veterans of the 1918 championship five, reinforced by two recruits, one of whom is Dan McNichol, the youngest of the long line of McNichols who have made basket ball history at Pennsylvania. Coach Dawson will line up the Columbia team with Johnson at centre, Tynon and Farrell in the forward position, and Weinstein and Klendl guards.

WESTCHESTER CLUBS MEET

Association Will Hold Annual Tourney at Apawamis.

The annual tournament of the Westchester County Golf Association will be held next Summer, probably at Apawamis, according to the decision of the organization at its annual meeting yesterday. The tournament will be held some time during May or July. Team matches will be played during the season between the clubs. Seventeen clubs were represented.

The officers elected were as follows: President, H. V. Gaines, Wykagyl; Vice President, Harry Chalmers, Scarsdale; Secretary, John G. Anderson; Treasurer, A. C. Hammesfahl, Harmon S. Graves and Mr. Walden, both of Apawamis, were also elected members of the Executive Committee.

Be a "Wise Old Owl," if you like, or as blind as a Bat. It won't matter a bit—because when you come into any one of our 15 shirt specialty shops you find *nothing but* shirt values.

You can't find their equal anywhere in the country.

Crepe de Chine and Broadcloth SILK SHIRTS

Actual $7.00 and $8.00 Values

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LARGEST SHIRT SPECIALISTS IN AMERICA

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BIG REDUCTIONS IN WINTER UNDERWEAR

Odds and Ends Wool Underwear $1.50 a Garment
Were $2 and $3
$1.25 Balbriggan 89c
Medium Weight
$1.50 Balbriggan $1.00
Heavy Weight
Superior Make Union Suits
Sample Lots, $1.50 to $5.00
Values $3.00 to $8.00

YOUR PIPE IS PAINTED
I MAKE PIPES OF GENUINE IMPORTED BRIAR ROOT—NO PAINT OR VARNISH TO HIDE WOOD FIBRES LEFT OPEN—COOL LIKE A MEERSCHAUM—SWEET FROM FIRST PUFF—OVER 500 STYLES
IT'S THE MAKE IS ON EVERY PIPE THEY'LL HAVE GOOD OR I WILL—TELL ME YOUR PIPE TROUBLES I GLADLY HELP YOU—SURE I REPAIR PIPES—NEW
MILKE PIPE SHOP 287 BROADWAY OPP. WOOLWORTH

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue TO-DAY 34th Street

Purchases will appear on bills rendered March 1st

Phenomenal Sale

HIGH-GRADE SUITS

For Men and Young Men

$22.50

regularly $28.50, 30.00, 35.00 and 40.00

Offering the entire surplus stock of one of the largest and best known manufacturing tailors of Men's Fine Clothing, at a price that is less than present wholesale cost.

Every garment is made of superior quality all wool Fabrics; newest style features are represented; the assortment embraces various models—models that will be approved by the most critical man, whether he prefers extreme or conservative styles; attractive patterns; coats are full, half or quarter lined; all sizes in the lot from 33 to 44.

Radically Reduced

1,000 WINTER OVERCOATS

For Men and Young Men

$23.50 regularly			$28.50 regularly			
27.50	30.00	33.00	35.00	38.00	40.00	45.00

The assortment includes Storm Ulsters, Town Ulsters, Ulsterettes, Chesterfields, Slip-Ons, Single and Double Breasted Dress Overcoats; sizes are incomplete in some lots, but there are all sizes from 33 to 42.

MEN'S CLOTHING DEP'T—5TH FLOOR

Men's Banister Shoes
Tan Russia Calf, Black Calf and Patent Colt
Reduced to
$8.45
PARKER & DIEMER
1376 BROADWAY

Neuralgia

PLUTO acts both as a thorough, gentle physic and as a tonic in your blood. A wineglassful before breakfast is Nature's aid for neuralgia.

PLUTO

also is beneficial in treatment of kidney, liver and stomach troubles, rheumatism and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and for sale at all drug stores, hotels, clubs and on trains.

Large Bottle 45c
Smaller Bottle 20c

French Lick Springs Hotel Co.
French Lick, Ind. 186

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

Stern Brothers

West Forty-second and Forty-third Streets

Sharply Reduced! MEN'S OVERCOATS and SUITS

From the Kirschbaum Shops

Overcoats formerly $30, $35 and $40;
Suits formerly $30, $32.50 and $35, now $25

Overcoats were $42.50, $45, $50 & $55
Suits formerly $40, $45 and $47.50, now $35

EVERY style model thoroughly correct and metropolitan in lines and 100% all wool. Every detail of tailoring exhibiting skilled and careful handiwork. Every garment a fine value at our original, close-margined price—offered now, in many instances, actually below the wholesale worth.

The New Hotel Pennsylvania

Shows four interesting and artistic uses of

ATLANTIC Terra Cotta

The exterior of the upper stories is in Atlantic gray, the restaurant and grill in glazed polychrome and the subway in vitreous gray.

Atlantic Terra Cotta Co.
1170 Broadway

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Francis Bowes Sayre

TODAY everyone is asking "What is a League of Nations?" In this new book Francis Bowes Sayre gives the answer. For months he searched untiringly into the records of the past, among archives of other countries, and he is the one man in America who can tell the world of the Leagues of Nations and experiments in International Administration in the past. He does not state the pros and cons, but gives fascinating facts hitherto unprinted in English. The book is invaluable to all those who wish to have a better understanding of this world-discussed topic.

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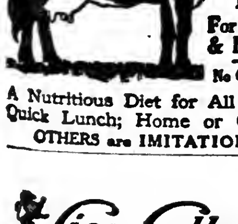
It is peculiar how skin affections produce a sense of desperation and despondency. The unfortunate ones are ready to do anything to obtain relief—even cover up the abrasions with cosmetics, in the hope that they will gradually disappear.

Cease tampering with your skin. To regain skin health, that trouble must receive proper treatment. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap for years have brought heartfelt relief to such sufferers. File upon file of testimonials bear evidence of this fact. Give this ointment and soap a fair trial. You will not regret it.

Sold at all druggists.



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A Nutritious Diet for All Ages. Quick Lunch; Home or Office. OTHERS are IMITATIONS

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OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

WORLD'S BIGGEST HOTEL OPENS TODAY

The Pennsylvania, with 2,200 Rooms and 2,200 Baths, Ready for Guests.

COMMODORE OPEN TUESDAY

McAlpin Will Add 300 Rooms the Same Day—New York Gains 4,500 Hotel Rooms Within a Week.

The incandescent sky line over the heart of New York received a big addition to its candlepower last night when on the gloomiest offshoot of Times Square hundreds of windows were illuminated in the largest tavern in the world, the Hotel Pennsylvania, which has its public opening today.

Seventh Avenue, which had been practically in the hands of the receiver during years of subway building, began to look again as if it belonged on Manhattan Island. The second-hand men and curb brokers in clothing, who have long predominated between Times Square and the Pennsylvania Station, stood on the sidewalks and in their shop doors last night looking at the outlines of the great structure with apprehension writ on their faces, expressive of the fear that the autonomous development of their lowly traffic in the heart of New York was seriously threatened.

The Hotel Pennsylvania, which has 2,200 rooms and 2,200 baths, is the largest hotel in the world by 200 rooms and 200 baths. Second to it in size will be the Hotel Commodore, which will open in Forty-second Street next to the Grand Central terminal on Tuesday. The Hotel Commodore has a round 2,000 rooms and an equally imposing number of baths. The Hotel McAlpin on next Tuesday will open its add[illegible]n of 300 rooms, giving it a total of [illegible] rooms. Thus in one week there will be added to New York's hard-pressed hotel resources a total of 4,500 rooms and as many baths.

The Hotel Pennsylvania will give New York its first experience of Statler hotel management and service. E. M. Statler, who directs the chain of Hotels Statler at Buffalo, Cleveland, Detroit, and St. Louis, will be in charge of the Hotel Pennsylvania and will run it in accordance with his own ideas. The three hotel openings which take place within a few days will be under the management of the three greatest hotel organizations in the country. The Commodore will be under the management of the company headed by John McE. Bowman, which conducts the Biltmore, Manhattan, Belmont, and Murray Hill Hotels. The McAlpin addition will belong to the system of hotel properties controlled by T. Coleman du Pont, under the management of Lucius M. Boomer.

The Hotel Pennsylvania faces the Pennsylvania station in Seventh Avenue and extends from Thirty-second to Thirty-third Street. There are twenty-seven floor levels from the lowest subbasement to the top floor. The hotel is set back several feet from the property line, increasing the width of Seventh Avenue until in this block it is slightly wider than Fifth Avenue. This valuable real estate was sacrificed to give a larger setting of open space for the hotel and the station for the sake of the architectural effect. The first four floors of the hotel are built in a style to harmonize with the massiveness and dignity of the great railroad building. On these floors are the offices, lobbies, dining rooms, cafés, galleries, and most of the public rooms. Above these floors the structure is cut into by four deep courts, which give light and air to all the rooms.

Any one under the impression that because he has heard of the Statler management as an introducer of many novelties, the Pennsylvania is to be a sort of "trick" hotel, will be disappointed. It was stated last night by a representative of the company that the art of managing hotels had been carried to such a point of perfection that any radical variations were likely to be unsuccessful.

One feature which will have its first metropolitan trial in the Hotel Pennsylvania is the "servidor." This is a small wardrobe which is built into the bedroom doors. The guest may open it from the inside and put his shoes or clothes into it. They will be noiselessly extracted by an attendant from the outside and returned pressed and shined. If a guest orders a bottle of seltzer, or any other small object, it will be left by a hotel employe in the servidor. A signal on the doors shows instantly when anything is put into the servidor. The purpose of this device is to make frequent or unseasonable visitations of bellboys unnecessary.

Ice water will circulate in every room. A newspaper will be delivered silently by the "servidor" every morning. Clerks and other employes, it is asserted, will be stocked with information about New York streets and transportation systems, the merits of different shows, and other topics of interest to visitors, so that most of the questions which will form themselves in the minds of the usual guests may be answered promptly.

The main lobby is said to be the largest in any hotel in the world, and is magnificently furnished, as the building is from top to bottom. There are numerous cafés, dining rooms, and ballrooms, public and private. One of the features will be a downstairs lunch counter, where food will be served with great speed and at moderate prices. Plans for the general dining room and café service have been worked out, it was said, so that much of the usual delay will be eliminated. The main café, which is put forward as a gem of decoration and architectural design, has stained glass windows, vaulted ceilings, Gothic woodwork, suggesting the interior of a venerable chapel and probably making easy its transition to some other use after next June.

The completion and opening of the Hotel Commodore will easily make the vicinity of the Grand Central Terminal the greatest hotel centre in the world. A private view of the big house will be given on Jan. 27, and it will open its doors to the public formally on Jan. 28. It is asserted that in furnishings and devices for the comfort and convenience of guests this hotel will set a new mark. Electricity has been used in the building, it is said, more thoroughly than in any other building in the world.

Governor William C. Sproul of Pennsylvania, President Samuel Rea and other officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and 400 others were guests last night at the Hotel Pennsylvania. The only speech at the dinner was made by Mr. Statler, who declared that he was the first man in the world to build a hotel designed from the viewpoint of the guest, and that he intended to operate this one not from the hotel man's point of view but that of its customers. After the dinner the visitors were taken through the chief parts of the building for a private view.

NEW ALBANIAN CABINET.

Chosen by National Assembly and Headed by Turkhan Pasha.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—The formation of a new Albanian Government was announced in a cablegram from Mahmed Bey Konitsa, the new Foreign Minister, received by the Albanian Federation "Vatra" at its headquarters here today. The new Ministry follows:

Prime Minister, TURKHAN PASHA, former Albanian Premier.

Vice President of the Cabinet, PRENK BIB DODA, Prince of Mirdita.

Minister for Foreign Affairs, MEHMED BEY KONITSA, former Albanian Minister to Athens.

Minister of the Interior, MEHDI BEY FRASHERI, former Governor of Durazzo.

Minister of National Economy, LEF NOSI, former Minister of Posts and Telegraphs.

Minister of Public Instruction, LOUIS GARAKUKI.

Minister of Finances, FEYZI BEY ALIZOTI.

Ministers without portfolio, MICHAEL BEY TURTULLI, Bishop BUNCHIN, and MIDHAT BEY FRASHERI.

The Ministry was appointed by the National Albania Assembly which has been sitting at Durazzo, provisional capital of Albania. The Italian Government, according to C. A. Chekrezi of this city, Albanian delegate in the United States, has already recognized the newly formed Albanian Government, and the matter is to be presented to other Governments for similar action.

OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

"LA REINE FIAMMETTE."

"La Reine Fiammette," an opera in four acts and two scenes, music by Xavier Leroux, the book after a well-known play by the late Catulle Mendès, was produced at the Metropolitan Opera House last night with the following cast:

Orlanda	Geraldine Farrar
Danielo	Hipolito Lazaro
Giorgio d'Ast	Adamo Didur
Cardinal Sforza	Leon Rothier
Pantasilie	Flora Perini
Mother Agramente	Kathleen Howard
Violine	Kittie Beale
Violette	Lenore Sparkes
Viola	Mary Ellis
Pomone	Marie Tiffany
Michela	Lenore Sparkes
Angioletta	Mary Ellis
Chiarina	Marie Mattfeld
Boy	Mary Mellish
Boy	Cecil Arden
Lucagnolo	Mario Laurenti
Castiglione	Angelo Bada
Cortez	Albert Reiss
Cesano	Giordano Paltrinieri
Vasari	Pietro Audisio
Prosecutor	Paolo Ananian
A Novice	Phillis White
A Novice	Veni Warwick

Pierre Monteux conducted. The opera was sung in French.

Let us begin with the book and its author, for both are of more importance than the mediocre music of Leroux. Catulle Mendès wrote "La Reine Fiammette" in 1898, calling it "Conte dramatique en six actes, en vers." Like his novels and poetry, it is exquisitely written. In 1903 it appeared as "drame lyrique." The play, altered by Paul Kester to suit the exigencies of the American stage, was first offered at Boston by Manager Charles Dillingham in 1902, with Julia Marlowe, but even the beautiful voice and diction of that thrice-charming actress could not save the piece from dissolution. We fear the first gravedigger in the present operatic obsequies is the composer, an accomplished musician, a Rome prize winner, a pupil of Massenet and Dubois, clever, facile, mediocre, Xavier Henri Napoleon Leroux.

Mendès was one of the most gifted poets of the Parnassian group. In 1860 he was associated with such shining celebrities as Théophile Gautier—le bon Théo was temporarily his father-in-law—De Banville, Baudelaire, Vacquerie, Sully-Prudhomme, Houssaye, Villiers de L'Isle Adam, Daudet, and others. They wrote "La Revue Fantaisiste." The brilliant young poet was of Jewish origin and nicknamed because of his personal beauty "the Portuguese Christ," as Daudet (David) was known as the "Christ of the Midi." The first story of Mendès, "Le Roman d-Une Nuit" (1863) brought him to the bar of justice. It was quickly suppressed. Yet it was a fairy tale for childhood when compared with his novel, "Mephistophéla" (1890.)

His fecundity and versatility were enormous and while much of his work may be classed with the scatalogical outpourings of Armande Sylvestre, he was the greater of the pair. Puissant imagery, charm—a corrupt charm as George Moore tells us in his "Confessions of a Young Man"—impeccable art and tender lyricism, abound in his writings. He married Judith Gautier, a writer almost of his artistic calibre. She divorced him. The French-Irish composer, Augusta Holmès, had intervened. Later the friendship of the two women became legendary in Paris. Judith remarried and with Pierre Loti. Mendès married again. Jane Catule Mendès is a poet, as her "Les Charmes" testifies. For two such poets their union was happy. Mendès fell from a railway carriage and was killed in 1910. He was born at Bordeaux in 1842.

Composers of Leroux's capacity are not rare, a good opera libretto is. Here we have the discomfiting fact of a splendid play, vivid in dramatic action, charged with poetry, full of color, which goes for naught because of the weak music. The book fairly cries for musical characterization, for dramatic climaxes, for some tunes with "go" in them. Instead, we are offered futile phrase-spinning, deft enough in construction; a plentiful lack of melody, few moments of compulsive situations, and colorless characterization. Cardinal Sporza is the one virile figure. He does something, aided thereby with ecclesiastical harmonies. The device was already stale when Meyerbeer utilized it in "Le Prophète." Orlanda, the naughty Queen, has some pretty songs; her scene when she parts with her jewels and her queenship is effective, also the scene with that wretched travesty of a monk, Danielo in the last act. The duo is dramatic. But there is a sad waste of material in the early acts. Leroux is a skillful manipulator of voice and orchestra. He has all the tricks of instrumentation at his finger-tips. His memory is retentive. He avoids quotation marks.

There is an excerpt from the "Damnation of Faust." Two, indeed; one from the "Queen Mab" scherzo, the other sung by Orlanda. Carmen bobs up for some bars, the third act, and the Seguidilla. Gounod, Puccini, Dvorak—the motto from the New World Symphony—Massenet, above all, poor, old Wagner, are levied upon with the insouciance that finally becomes delightful. A stately Pavano, the Peacock's dance, was welcome. There are bits of concerted singing and the usual churchly chanting of nuns. Not an original bar. In an unpublished and presumably great play by Robert W. Chambers a character exclaims: "What! No mask, cried Camilla?" Mr. Leroux doesn't pretend to wear a musical mask of his own. He is nothing if not eclectic. He never thrills, seldom interests, and his score does not contain a passage that would bring the blush of sex-consciousness to the pudic cheek of a Chautauqua assemblage.

But the story would. The man who wrote "La Première Maîtresse" could not resist the temptation of picturing a convent where the nuns read Boccaccio on the sly, where a madcap Queen holds rendezvous with a half-crazed monk. Such a silly perversion of truth is on a par with Vibert's amusing caricatures of lecherous gourmands disguised as ecclesiastics. Mother Church in Renaissance times was often in the powerful grip of titled scoundrels, malefactors of great eminence, as Theodore Roosevelt happily phrased it, but common sense protests against scabrous anecdotes like these of Catulle Mendès. A nice set of nuns and a nicer Prioress who would permit such behavior, even if a Queen did shatter the conventual discipline of the Poor Clares. It is all as real as "Le Coq d'Or," without a tithe of its charm. Rimsky-Korsakoff was original, besides.

The scenery is more attractive than the music. It was painted by Boris Anisfeld, the Russian artist, at present a resident of this city. There are at least five of his startling compositions with the heavily silhouetted masses beloved of Paul Cézanne; the cone, the sphere, and the pyramid. That they are in the key of the Italian Renaissance would be maintaining a paradox, though Mantegna has been cited as an ancient instance. There is a resemblance in the architecture of the forms. Anisfeld has modeled after the Primitives. But the coloring, the unmodulated primary tones stem from the Kremlin, not Mantua, from Moscow not Vicenza. But effective. There are clashing color dissonances which positively thrill the optic nerve. That malachite interior is as subtly strange as a depraved sonnet by Baudelaire. The towering castle on the heights in Act I might have been designed by Middleton Manigault, so strenuous are the geometrical patterns. The royal garden is alive with flowers of evil, and the gloomy hall in the last act, with its ikon, its crucified Christ—a truly Russian Christ—is of a sombre magnificence.

These stage settings supply the atmosphere missing in the scores of Leroux. That they are bound to give offense to purists and sticklers for historical precision is a matter of course. Boris Anisfeld always offends some one. There is only one more "offense" we crave, and that is for other music. Let us suggest Serge Prokofieff as a running-mate to Anisfeld's brush. Such a conjunction would make vital the romantic tale of a volatile queen, an erotic lunatic, and a swashbuckler Prince consort. It may interest admirers of the Anisfeld art, also the skeptics and the merely curious, to learn that the original sketches for this scenery may be viewed at the Kingore Galleries. They are in tempera and water-color, and are suggestive in a way the completed designs are not.

At the full-dress rehearsal the performance was spiritless. Ergo, the première, was bound to be superb. But the old superstition was not realized. It was just about fair to middling, this performance. There was too much shrieking, and far too much faulty tone production. The cast was generally competent. Rothier was imposing. Didur, with a hopelessly negative part, made it stand out; Lazaro sang very well when he didn't force his voice, but he usually forced his voice, alas! for he has fine natural material and when he sings mezzo, as he did in his entrance music, Act II., his voice was agreeable. Legato, altogether different from the Lazaro, who hurls vocal bombs at the top tier. He was hardly heroic in appearance. Mary Bliss desires a word of praise for her excellent diction and mimique in two small parts.

Geraldine Farrar as Orlanda, ("Hist! cried Kate the queen,") was a lovely creature, sumptuously garbed, and her farewell was most touching. The character was not a difficult one to compass for an actress of her attainments. She sang with dramatic intensity. It was a picturesque touch that scarlet plume of her's in the alcove scene. It was another "value," as the painters say, in the sanguinary symphony of Anisfeld. This scene was a riot of reds; the alcove, the lamp, the wings—on one was a panel in the "near" Tiepolo Key—and the lighting. Any color so it's crimson! We bathed our eyes in blood-red hues. Richard Ondynski directed the stage and covered himself with glory. Mr. Monteux, who has been ill, conducted authoritatively. There were many recalls for Miss Farrar and Mr. Lazaro. But the stage pictures evoked equal enthusiasm. As some one said "La Reina Fiammette" is an opera surrounded by scenery. "Czar Boris" had his innings.

Gabrilowitsch Plays Chopin.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, the distinguished Russian piano virtuoso and conductor of the Detroit Symphony Orchestra, played an all-Chopin program at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. Mr. Gabrilowitsch is a Chopinist of the first rank and his interpretation of the Sonata in B minor, the Nocturnes, Mazurka, the Ballade, a dozen Preludes, a Valse, and a Rondo were masterly and pleased his large audience. There was much enthusiasm, followed by the inevitable encores.

Last Art Museum Concert Tonight.

Tonight will be the fourth and last of the big free symphony orchestra concerts conducted by David Mannes at the Metropolitan Museum of Art. At the last concert there was an attendance of 5,617. The concert tonight will open with Meyerbeer's "Dance of the Torches," Weber's "Overture to Oberon," and Beethoven's "Symphony No. 5 in C minor" will be given. Berlioz and Gounod are represented, there will be two Norwegian melodies by Grieg; the Strauss "Waltz: Artist's Life," and the "Introduction and Finale to Tristan and Isolde" will close the program.

Religious Notices on Page 15.

"BUT NOW BRING ME A MINSTREL"

WHEN things piled up on him; when he was overworked and worried, and there seemed to be too few hours in the day, the prophet Elisha had one sovereign remedy.

"But now bring me a minstrel," he would exclaim. And in the relaxation of the minstrel's music he would find peace.

The theatre is the modern equivalent of the minstrel. There's healing for tired nerves in it; and wholesome happiness for families whose members see too little of each other. The important thing, of course, is to find the play that fits the mood. And that's where we come in. We are physicians of moods; curers of tired spirits; we prescribe and fill our own prescriptions. Come now, and let us prescribe the evening entertainment which is designed particularly for you tonight.

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YAMADA CONDUCTS WAGNER

Japanese Composer's Interpretations Applauded—Answers Criticisms.

Kosçak Yamada, conductor of the Tokio Philharmonic, which has lighted for Asia a flower-strewn way to Western music, led his second program under the auspices of the Japan Society last evening in Carnegie Hall, and concluded it with his first interpretations of Wagner, which aroused sincere applause both from the distinguished audience present and from the ninety orchestra men who assisted him. To published criticisms of his choice of Wagner, the patriotic Japanese had prepared an answer from half a world away.

The Imperial Academy of Tokio in 1916, he said, gave a concert attended by the Empress and many Ambassadors of the allied nations in the Far East, and on that occasion, owing to the state of war existing, all Teutonic works were omitted. At the close, the Empress sent for the Director, to say that she did not consider that the Japanese Government was waging a war against German music, and that "it was her express desire to have compositions of all German composers represented on all future programs."

This was Mr. Yamada's answer as to conducting Wagner last night in New York, and he reinforced it by conducting his Wagner uncommonly well. The selections he chose were the farewell scene from "The Valkyrie," sung in English by Clarence Whitehill, and the "Mastersingers" prelude, conducted with fine appreciation and spirited tempo. A public that has high traditions of Wagner applauded Mr. Yamada's reading. Earlier he gave his own symphony "in classical form," new here; a student work, of melodious grace, with a slow movement of exotic harmony, martial as befitted its title, "Triumph and Peace," though written before the war. Mr. Whitehill repeated four of Yamada's songs in Japanese, and the composer again led his "Marie Magdalene."

ACTORS' FUND GETS $15,000.

"Florodora" Double Sextet, with Stars, a Feature at Century.

The annual performance here in aid of the Actors' Fund of America, the thirty-eighth of its kind since the formation of the organization, took place at the Century Theatre yesterday afternoon. Daniel Frohman, President of the Fund, estimated the receipts from all sources at about $15,000. Boxes were purchased for $100 each by the Friars and the Lambs, and many individual seats were sold at $5. The major share of the revenue was derived from the program.

Augustus Thomas made an address in which he spoke in general terms of the assistance which the stage has given to many charity funds, particularly since the beginning of the war. The features of the program proper were a revival of the "Florodora" double sextet, with a dozen stars as its members, and the appearance of eleven well-known composers at as many pianos. Players in the "Florodora" number were Julia Sanderson, Hazel Dawn, Peggy Wood, Jeanne Eagels, Gertrude Vanderbilt, Violet Heming, H. B. Warner, Donald Brian, Joseph Cawthorn, Bruce McRae, Emmet Corrigan, and Hassard Short. The composers who appeared were Reginald De Koven, who played his new wedding march; Victor Herbert, Jerome Kern, Rudolph Friml, Gustave Kerker, A. Baldwin Sloane, Louis A. Hirsch, Harry Carroll, Raymond Hubbell, Lieutenant B. C. Hilliam, and Silvio Hein.

Marvin Maazel in Piano Recital.

Marvin Maazel, a young pianist of musical heritage and much promise, who has been heard with orchestra at the Metropolitan, gave his first piano recital last evening in Aeolian Hall. He revived with eager zest some of Schumann's fantasies, a Mozart sonata, three of Mendelssohn's songs without words, like pages from an album of youth. There were pieces by Godowsky, Brahms, the Russians, and by a New York writer, Mana Zucca, who was present in the audience.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA

Today, Mat. at 2, L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta. Cond., Papi. Tonight, 8:15, (75c to $3,) Lucia. Garrison; Martinelli, De Luca, Rothier, Bada. Cond., Papi. Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $2. Godowsky, Pianist. Matzenauer, Rosalie Miller. Orch. Cond., Hageman. Next Mon. at 8, Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, De Luca, Mardones. Cond., Papi.

Tues. Mat. at 2, ($1 to $5.) Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni.

Wed at 8:15. Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky. Thurs. at 8, Samson et Dalila. Matzenauer; Caruso, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Monteux. Fri. at 8:15, Barbiere di Siviglia. Hempel; Hackett (debut), De Luca, Mardones, Malatesta. Cond., Papi. Sat. Mat. at 2, "Tabarro," "Angelica," "Schicchi." Farrar, Muzio, Easton; Crimi, De Luca, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Sat. at 8, (75c to $3,) double bill. "L'Oracolo. Sundelius, Braslau; Althouse, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison, Sparkes; Diaz, Didur.—Galli; Bolm. Cond., Monteux.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Tues., Jan. 28, at 8:15. Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Con., Papi. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Lexington THEATRE, 51st St. & Lex. Ave. Phone 4024 Plaza. CHICAGO GRAND Opera Association OPERA Beginning MONDAY, JANUARY 27. Mon., "Gismonda"; Tues., "Romeo & Juliet"; Wed., "Madam Butterfly"; Thurs., "Monna Vanna"; Fri., "Le Chemineau"; Sat. Mat., "Thais"; Sat. Night, "Tales of Hoffmann"; Mon., Feb. 3, "Isabeau"; Tues., Feb. 4, "Linda di Chamounix." SEATS NOW ON SALE AT LEXINGTON THEATRE BOX OFFICE.

Metropolitan Museum of Art FREE CONCERT ON Saturday Evening, January 25, at 8. A Symphony Orchestra directed by David Mannes. No tickets required. Museum open continuously 10 A. M. to 10:45 P. M.

Carnegie Hall Tuesday Eve., Jan. 28, at 8:15. Wed. Aft., Jan. 29, at 3. **RUSSIAN** SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF N. Y. MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor **RACHMANINOFF** in his new Piano Concerto: Orchestral numbers by Stravinsky, Scriabine, Rimsky-Korsakoff. Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Stieff Piano.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK JOSEF STRANSKY............Conductor Carnegie Hall, To-morrow (Sun.) Aft. at 3. GUIOMAR **NOVAES** Saint-Saens Concerto W. H. Humiston, Cesar Franck Wagner, Prelude & Love Death "Tristan" Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, This Afternoon, 3:30. PIANO RECITAL—JOSEF **HOFMANN** (STEINWAY PIANO.) Seats at Box Office.

Carnegie Hall, Tonight AT 8:15 Violin Recital MAX **ROSEN** Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN—Tues. Aft., Jan. 28, at 3. SAMUEL **GARDNER** SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Baldwin Piano.

HOW FREE MEN THINK. A course of lectures on the Philosophy of Humanism by EVERETT DEAN MARTIN. Every Saturday evening at 8:15, beginning tonight in Lecture Hall, Hebrew Technical School, 9th and Stuyvesant Streets, near Astor Place. You are invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN Evening 8. Matinee Today, 2. AL JOLSON in "SINBAD" Sunday Night Concert 14—BIG FEATURE ACTS—14

Century Grove—Roof of Century Theatre NEW CENTURY —AT 11:30— A SENSATION! MIDNIGHT WHIRL Phone Col. 8800.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. MATINEES TODAY, WED. & THURS. **ALICE BRADY** Personally in FOREVER AFTER

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. **MARY NASH** in **THE BIG CHANCE**

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20. WILLIAM Courtenay AND TOM Wise in Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit. CAPPY RICKS

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES" LONGACRE W. 48th St. Eve. 8:30. Last 2 Weeks. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts. Today & Wed., 2:30. A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. "ADORABLE."—Mail. **EAST IS WEST** A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. The Laugh Play. **Keep IT TO Yourself** "Snappy and daring enough to make the audience gasp."—Mail.

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. Jane Cowl in The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way. THE COMEDY HIT **Tea for 3** Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. **WHITESIDE** 3RD MONTH in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits. New Musical Play—The 100% Cast "SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART" CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15. Sun. Eve. Concert—12 Surprise Acts.

A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, Broadway and 97th St. Mat. Today, 2:15. UNDER ORDERS Next Week—An Ideal Husband. SUNDAY CONCERT—1:30 to 11:30 P. M.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St., West of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat. SOLE MANAGEMENT......MORRIS GEST —BEGINNING— TONIGHT AT 8:15 A. H. WOODS, in conjunction with Messrs. Shubert, announces the FAREWELL appearance in America, prior to her departure for England, of

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LITTLE THEATRE West 44th Street. Eves. 8:30 Sharp. Matinee Today, 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Comedy A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley. Moves to Vanderbilt Theatre next Monday.

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PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30. JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION. SPECIAL—This Morning 10:30 WALTER HAMPDEN "Easily the unique Event of the Dramatic Year."—Louis V. De Foe, World. HAMLET SEATS 4 WEEKS AHEAD.

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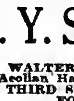

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JAN. 25, 1919.

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KITCHIN OR CLARK.

In most that has been said about the organization of the next Congress, there has been a note of alarm lest the Republican Party should waste its opportunities by choosing so unrepresentative an American as JAMES R. MANN for the Speakership. The opportunities which the Democratic Party may waste have not been so much dwelt upon. Yet the Democratic Party has fully as good a chance to lower itself in the public estimation as has its successful rival. It can put the stamp of its approval on the kind of leadership which the country has disapproved at the polls, and thereby create in the public mind a wild longing to punish it still further; or it can retire that kind of leadership and unite on another.

According to The Sun's Washington correspondent, "Democrats in the House," which may mean all or some or a majority of them, are preparing to drop CLAUDE KITCHIN from the minority leadership and restore CHAMP CLARK to his old post there. Mr. KITCHIN, according to his lights, has served well his Scotland Neck constituency, but in so doing he has created among people who do not live in Scotland Neck a feeling that can hardly be described. Very inadequately it might be described as an intense longing to see the nation's affairs intrusted to some one less interested in the taxpayers and non-taxpayers of Scotland Neck. This longing took the form, last November, of a Republican victory at the polls. The fact that the war was still going on was probably all that prevented it from being a landslide. The war will not be going on in November, 1920, and there will then be nothing to distract the public mind from Mr. KITCHIN, if he should still be the Democratic leader.

If the Democratic Party decides not to go on throwing away its opportunities, its choice of leaders will be somewhat restricted. It seems inevitable that in such a case it will choose Mr. CLARK. He was its leader until promoted to the Speakership. The Speakership was only a more exalted form of leadership. It may be said that he has never ceased to be its leader, and that Mr. KITCHIN has only been keeping his place warm for him. His popularity as a man would make it nearly impossible for any other Democrat to run against him. It is true that he shares responsibility for many of Mr. KITCHIN's worst acts, but in the concentration of public indignation upon Mr. KITCHIN this fact has not received much attention, and he has not come in for the same obloquy. For that reason he would be a safer choice for the party to make.

THE LABOR INTERNATIONALE.

Perhaps some may have remarked that the unions in the American Federation are "internationals" without paying particular attention beyond thinking it queer. Perhaps some may have wondered what the word meant in connection with American unions. There is information for both in the appearance of Mr. GOMPERS at Versailles. There is reassurance in his abstention from the Socialist Congress at Lausanne, but there is unsettlement in his statement that the workers of the world hope to influence the framing of the conditions of the peace treaty so that they will raise the standard of life for the workers of the whole world. Nowhere is there any opposition to that proposal standing alone. All would rejoice at the result, but there are some disposed to examine closely the means by which it is attained.

After all, the "workers" of the world are not the whole world. Mr. GOMPERS has a mandate from less than one-tenth of the workers of this country, but it is not to be denied that he exerts a greater influence than his constituency entitles him to. Nor is organized labor free from the faults of others seeking class privilege or advantage without scruple about the means to the end, even while using the loftiest language and pretension of benevolence. No country can submit to rule by a class, either of labor or capital, and the labor internationale seeks just that thing. Mr. GOMPERS has said that the American workers are neither Bolsheviki nor Socialists, and he is entitled to praise for the influence he has exerted in keeping them from being either. But his program differs from that proposed for the League of Nations, although he seeks to have the league adopt his policy.

The internationale of labor, for example, proposes excellent things, but it will not accept such deference to common law as the league seeks to impose upon nations. Compulsory arbitration is never acceptable to labor. It passes its own statutes, which it enforces as ruthlessly as autocracy. There are attractions about the establishment of an international court for settlement of labor troubles. But would labor bow to its decisions? And labor troubles are of just that sort which it is most difficult to settle internationally with the consent of the governed. When standards of living are so different, how can there be an international standard of wages or hours? And how can there be any fair adjustment of the difference of conditions of employment which shall have any better fate than the "reasonable" rate on which the railways fight and starve while the community suffers from the quarrel?

In labor's policy a fair wage must be an average wage, and there can be no such thing as a fair international wage. Even a fair average national wage is attained only by sacrifice by the community of the full product of the labor of the stronger workers, which cannot be recouped by greater effort by the weaker. It is humane to temper the pace of life to the ability of the weak, and nobody would drive them beyond their strength, but that does not compensate for underworking the strong. Mr. GOMPERS is associated with the British workers, who have a program verging upon socialism without showing social sentiment. Illustration of this is shown by the current strikes in England, which demand labor's rights but show no perception of labor's duties. Mr. MORRISON is a spokesman for the Federation as well entitled to be heard as Mr. GOMPERS, and he has said that American labor would not intrust its interests to international regulation. American workers would not consent to reduce their standards to foreign standards, nor to delay improving their standards until foreign standards had been raised to American, he said. Moreover, there is a breach in the American labor ranks, just as there is in the British, and just as there always is in any class movement. Always they split as the Socialists do, until there is no possibility of working with all the factions. If Mr. GOMPERS hopes to establish a world labor court he should begin by binding all labor to accept its awards.

SWITZERLAND.

Switzerland, whose President, Mr. ADOR, met President POINCARÉ, M. CLEMENCEAU, and Mr. WILSON yesterday, steered a difficult course of neutrality fairly in the war. Economically she was hard put to it on both sides, between the Entente and Germany. The latter, which had made and is yet making multifarious attempts to conquer and Germanize industry and business, played a mean game with Switzerland. Even the German-speaking cantons were disgusted with the German efforts to keep Switzerland from being what she wants to be, Swiss, not German, French, Italian. With the exception of an episode or two of jealous Swiss-German officials, civil and military, abetting Germany, the attitude of the Swiss Government has been correct.

The official statement which Mr. ADOR is to lay before the Peace Conference expresses the expectation of Switzerland to be admitted into the conference, her approval of a League of Nations, her determination to continue neutral, her obvious interest in the free passage of goods and commerce, vital on account of her geographical position, her wish for free access to the sea by means of the improved Rhine to the north, westward, and eastward by arrangement with France and Italy along the Rhone, Ticino, Po.

Switzerland has an admirable military system. She trains her young men to be healthy, strong, soldiers of self-defense. She has had a hard row to hoe for nearly five years. She deserves the better times that everybody wishes her.

THE MOTOR VEHICLE LAW.

Secretary of State HUGO, who has the power, conferred upon him by the motor vehicle law, to suspend and revoke the license of an "operator or chauffeur" for cause, is coming to this city about Feb. 1 to discuss with Magistrate HOUSE of the Traffic Court, County Judge GIBBS of the Bronx, and representatives of the automobile clubs, amendatory legislation to prevent the licensing of men with criminal records and the physically unfit as drivers of motor vehicles. In 1918 the number of persons who lost their lives in New York City "through automobile accidents" was 528, an increase of 111 as compared with the list of the previous year. In the State outside of this city 441 persons in 1918 were killed or mortally injured, 416 of them between April 1 and Dec. 31, when the roads were not snowbound, the total being a considerable increase over the figures of 1917. While the percentage of fatalities is heavily on the increase in the State of New York, it shows a marked decline in adjoining New Jersey, where a better automobile law is vigorously administered. In 1918 the number of persons killed in automobile accidents in New Jersey was 197, as compared with 245 in 1917.

Massachusetts and Connecticut, as well as New Jersey, have automobile laws that require both character and efficiency in chauffeurs and operators of motor vehicles and that facilitate suspensions and revocations for cause. The New York law in both these respects leaves much to be desired, and it needs drastic amendment. Any Magistrate of a traffic court will vouch for this statement from his experience in trying to enforce the law, and then there are these striking figures, a demonstration in themselves: Massachusetts revoked or suspended 2,300 licenses in 1918, Connecticut 1,100, New Jersey 480, and New York only 30. Obviously, the New York law is defective, or its enforcement is lax or difficult. Then it should be amended.

Secretary HUGO is coming here to confer with County Judge GIBBS and Magistrate HOUSE because they declare, and they have the evidence to support their statement, that there are drug addicts, drunkards, and criminals driving motor vehicles in this city, the number of them being alarmingly large. With the aid of the Magistrates and the advice of automobile club representatives, Mr. HUGO should overhaul New York's backward motor vehicle law and recommend necessary changes to the Legislature. Unless it is amended without fear or favor, the death list from accidents in the State will steadily mount. New York cannot afford to have an inadequate motor vehicle law: it should have at least as good a law as any State in the Union.

SONNINO.

Let us look at Baron SONNINO, twice Italian Premier, for more than four years Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, in his private hours. Even the most ardent Jugoslav, or the most ferocious anti-Sonninists of the Italian radical press or Chamber of Deputies, may see some redeeming traits in this extra-official SONNINO. Son of a Florentine Jew and an English mother, he has the calmness, the coldness, the phlegm, something of the morgue traditionally attributed on the Continent to Englishmen. He has perhaps the best private library in Rome, and he who has seen so much of men and affairs has read the books in it.

"Who can determine," asked a writer in New Europe, "the ancestry "of an intellect that examines with "equal eagerness and discusses with "equal competence the latest discoveries of BONI, the wizard of the "Forum and the Palatine, a difficult "canto of the 'Divina Commedia,' the "weak points of a budget, or a State "bank return, the internal problems, "doctrinal and administrative, of the "Roman Church, the inner tendencies "of socialism, and the logical flaws "of an astute Austro-Hungarian "diplomatic note?" SONNINO is not cold, those who know him best say, but afraid of being popular, shy, in the English way, hot inside.

Seven miles to the south of Leghorn, on a rocky headland, is his castle, named after the headland and appropriate to his habits, The Hermitage, an old Tuscan fort against the Barbary pirates. In a cave under its foundations is a sarcophagus of granite, inscribed, "SIDNEY SONNINO, 1847—." A strange man, a granite man, a man who likes to learn all things and fight difficulties.

THE EVER-HOPEFUL.

The war ended so suddenly that it is not surprising that advocates of certain lost causes whose perdition was not obvious a few months ago are still living in the land of dreams. Now comes Count KAROLYI, who was reported deposed by extreme Socialists some days ago, but was able to convince a Budapest correspondent so recently as Wednesday that he was still President of Hungary. His theme is the necessity of leaving Hungary territorially intact, that is, leaving a Slav and Latin majority under the rule, if a somewhat modified rule, of the Magyars. In view of the fact that the Slovaks, Rumanians, and Jugoslavs have already taken possession of the administration in those territories where they lived under the Magyar crown, his remarks are somewhat behind the times, but his Government is doing its best by very active propaganda in the allied countries to restore the pleasant illusions about Magyar beneficence which were current a year or so ago, and evidently hopes to save something.

"By cutting up Hungary," he says, "the Allies will not only wipe out a "people with a glorious past, who will "not forget, but will break down the "Hungarian economic system." The recent past of Magyarland is somewhat inglorious, and it might be well for Magyars to forget it as rapidly as possible. Tyranny and terrorism flourished in the land of KOSSUTH; an unwilling majority was sold into slavery to Pan-Germanism by the Magyar landed aristocracy. As to the economic system, that is a different thing. Hungary, reduced to its proper ethnographic limits, will be almost wholly agricultural; its mines and industries belong to other peoples, the peoples who inhabit territories from which the Magyars have now been driven out. What would be KAROLYI's remedy for the hatred which half a century of oppression aroused toward his people? "Autonomy which will "make these races ethnical entities "similar to the Swiss cantons," but still a part of Hungary.

The Peace Conference is certainly not going to hand back ten or twelve million people to slavery, even a mitigated slavery. And if Hungary tries by her own strength to reconquer them she will have on her hands a war with the Czechoslovaks, the Jugoslavs, and the Rumanians, who will outnumber the Magyars four to one. The great objection to autonomy, even if there were any arguments for it, is that the lately subject races do not want it and will not have it. They have won freedom and they intend to remain free.

Economic arrangements can be made which will prevent the Magyar people from suffering unduly, and a Danube confederation such as KAROLYI talks of, and such as KOSSUTH once talked of, is not an impossibility. But KAROLYI can no more bring about such a confederation by continuing Magyar oppression of Slavs and Rumanians than KOSSUTH could. His argument about economic necessity forcing the peoples of the old Hungarian Kingdom to remain together makes one wonder why the Magyars had to reinforce this self-evident economic compulsion with every brand of administrative and military terrorism.

Another wanderer in the Land of Nod is NICHOLAS of Montenegro, who, from his court in Paris, which somebody is still paying for, continues to assure the Allies that his faithful subjects are rising to his defense, and that it is really rather kind of him to beg them to remain tranquil until the Allies "afford a true opportunity "to the Montenegrin people to pro-"nounce freely on the political form "of their future Government." In view of the fact that a National Assembly, whose competence nobody but the King has questioned, some weeks ago met for the express purpose of deposing him and voting to join the United Jugoslav State, it is to be feared that NICHOLAS's solicitude is much belated.

TWO DEMOCRATS.

All persons of good-will look with a friendly eye upon the German Democratic Party, intelligent, well balanced, suggesting faintly our Whig Party brought up to date, respectable but progressive. Still, when that cynical aristocrat and letter writer, Prince MAX of Baden, sometime Chancellor, and the egregious Dr. SOLF, who bring to the new régime a more than doubtful allegiance, when this brace of Arcadians is registered in the German Democratic Party, that party needs to keep its eyes open. What are these retainers of the imperial machine doing in the new frame of Government?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A National Duty Undertaken. Too much importance could hardly be, and by many not enough importance is, ascribed to the prompt and competent performance of the tasks which are to be undertaken all over the country by the County and Community Councils of Defense. Their work is to be done under the direction or supervision of the United States National Council of Defense, and the object of it is the prompt return of demobilized soldiers and sailors to the normal activities of peace.

These millions of men are not children, of course, and a majority of them, perhaps, are quite able to take care of themselves. Even in their case, however, there are some difficulties to be overcome, for if they do not constitute a problem of unemployment, they create one by seeking and taking places that have been more or less satisfactorily filled while they were away. But in thousands and thousands of instances something more than self-help is required to effect the readjustment in industrial and commercial life of the returning soldiers and sailors. Even those of them who are in as good health as when they went away—or better—are not finding it as easy as they expected to get employment.

This is partly because, in several important trades, there is as yet little demand for workers, and partly because almost all of these men have come back with their ambitions as well as their abilities raised, and they want better jobs than they had before the war. This is an entirely commendable aspiration on their part, but as the higher positions are not as numerous as the lower, insistence on getting the former may lead to present idleness, with its attendant dangers.

Helped to Help Themselves Where the members of the County and Community Councils will have to show the most of tact and wisdom is in dealing with the many thousands of men who are returning with some degree of physical disability, due to wounds received. In very few of these cases, however, does the disability make self-support impossible if there be a judicious education and training in the use of the remaining powers. In savage life a close approach to physical perfection is necessary to existence, but civilization is kinder, both in the emphasis it places on mental abilities and in providing employments, often well paid, that are within the capacity of men who could not live for a week if out in the wilds and dependent on their own resources.

The peril for these men is that they may not realize their own possibilities as workers, and in discouragement fall into the mood of willingness to become permanent recipients of a charity which, while it will be gladly and abundantly given at first, when the memories of the war are fresh, in time will become scanty, cold, and grudging.

That is human nature, and that it should be so is not altogether regrettable, for it brings a needed pressure to bear on the men who otherwise would silence any compunctions they might feel about the acceptance of alms by telling themselves and others that their wounds entitled them to support for life. That is certainly true as regards men completely disabled, but all others, for their own sakes, should avoid, and be helped to avoid, descent into a condition from which they themselves will be the worst sufferers through moral degeneration. To save them from this is among the chief tasks confronting the councils, and that fact, fortunately, they thoroughly recognize.

Their Woes Were Self-Imposed. A Berlin statistician has figured out that 800,000 deaths resulted directly in Germany from the blockade by which the Allies prevented or restricted the importation of food into that country. The computation may be approximately correct—in the very nature of the case no more than that reasonably could be claimed for it—but if half or a quarter of the stories that have been told about the starvation of Germans were true, this estimate, indeed, surprises rather because it is so low than because it is so high.

Admitting its accuracy, what conclusion should be drawn? The Germans, of course, see in the half million victims of hunger clear proof that the Allies waged cruel and ruthless war against women and children as well as men. In its defense, naturally, the excuse of military necessity, so dear to German logicians, cannot be invoked, and perhaps it is unkind to remind those whom this record horrifies and enrages that it is a very small one compared with that of the civilian deaths caused by German aggression on other lands than their own. The temptation to do so, however, is irresistible, not because it is a sufficient exculpation of one deed to say that it is less bad than another, but merely to show that it is not for Germans to condemn a form of military coercion so much milder than those to which they themselves habitually resorted.

As an "atrocity," too, the blockade differed from—well, from others, in that international law fully justified it as a familiar expedient of war and one which no civilized nation has ever refrained from using when it could.

A Survival Strangely Demonstrated. A correspondent whose pleasure—and privilege—it is to turn his first name from "Patrick" into "Padraic" easily succeeded, in a letter printed on this page yesterday, in proving that the Gaelic language is not so "dead" that nobody uses it today as the habitual medium of daily communication. This is not a revelation that will be really or much startling to many, it being too well known by almost everybody to be, or to have been, denied with any chance of success.

Between dead and dying languages, however—that is, between those long since unspoken and those that precariously linger, awaiting their certain extinction—the difference, for practical purposes, is so small that its occasional ignoring is not without an explanation that goes far toward justification.

THE TIMES correspondent, curiously enough, attempted to emphasize this difference, and to enlarge it, by mentioning the fact that many children in many Irish schools devote daily a part of their study time to learning their country's ancient tongue. As proof that Gaelic is still a living language that does go a long way—in the opposite direction. So far as can be recalled, languages in regard to whose animation there is no question are not so taught, anywhere—never have been and never will be.

MR. HARDING MISQUOTED.

The Senator Said: "The War Will Be in Vain if We Do Go Back to Old Conditions."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reporting some remarks by me in the Senate in your issue of Jan. 22, you quote me as saying, "The war will be in vain if we do not go back to old conditions." This is the very opposite of what I said. Literally I said, "The war will be in vain if we do go back." See Record, also other newspaper reports. I assume it was a reportorial or typographical slip. I am sure THE TIMES would not intentionally make such an error.

W. G. HARDING.

Washington, Jan. 23, 1919.

The Kaiser 15 Years Ago.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I inclose herewith copy of an article which was received by a friend of mine from London and which appeared in The London Daily Dispatch, Aug. 19, 1914. My curiosity, however, is aroused by so true a prediction apparently having been published in some paper in this country fifteen years ago. It would, therefore, be considered an extreme courtesy to the writer if you could find it possible to trace the publication which this poem appeared in originally, and who the author is.

FRANK M. CHANDLER.

Troy, N. Y., Jan. 16, 1919.

[Inclosure.]

Extract from American paper of fifteen years ago. Reprinted Daily Dispatch, Wednesday, Aug. 19, 1914.

GERMAN EMPEROR.

Oh Me!
Oh My!!
And likewise I!!!
Sit still, my curls, while I orate,
Me, I, Myself, the Throne, the State,
I am the earth, the moon, the sun,
All rolled in one!

Both hemispheres am I,
Oh My!
If there were three, the Three
I'd be.

I am the Dipper, Night and Day,
The North and Southern Poles, the Milky Way.
I am they that walk or fly on wing,
Or swim or creep—I'm everything.

It makes me tremble like the aspen tree,
To think I'm Me!
And blink like stars up in the sky
To think I'm I—
And shrink in terror like a frightened elf
To realize that I'm Myself.

Ye blithering slaves beneath my iron heel,
What know ye of the things I feel?
Didst ever wake at dead of night,
And stand in awe of thine own might?

It took six days to make the land and sea,
But centuries were passed in making Me,
The Universe? an easy task! but I—
Oh My!!

All This Must Be Changed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The following is taken from Paragraph 31, United States Navy Deck and Boat Book. This article deals with articles to be assigned to each lifeboat on board a ship of the navy and gives among such things as quinine pills, bicarbonate of soda, &c., "one bottle of whisky." I might add that if any of our far-seeing "dry" men ever had to pass the night on the ocean in the Winter in an open boat, half full of water, perhaps his ideas concerning prohibition might change, temporarily at least.

A NAVAL OFFICER.

New York, Jan. 23, 1919.

THE NEXT LIBERTY BONDS.

Advantages to Government and Investors if Tax Free.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The prices realized for Liberty Loan bonds at the Stock Exchange yesterday were:

First 3½s	98.80 to 99.50
Second 4s	92.10 to 92.30
Third 4¼s	95.94 to 96.10
Fourth 4¼s	94.96 to 95.12

The stability of the 3½s is due to the income therefrom being nontaxable. The relatively low prices of the subsequent issues is due to the Government having reserved to itself the right to tax the income derived from those bonds without limit; that is, if Congress shall so decree, to the extent of the whole of such income.

Congress is considering a new Revenue bill, which will certainly not lessen the income tax to those who pay it, although it may add to the already numerous classes of exempts.

The Secretary of the Treasury last week told the New York bankers very plainly that the Fifth Liberty Loan is to be for $5,000,000,000 or $6,000,000,000, and may bear a higher rate of interest than 4¼ per cent.

Six billions of 4½ per cent. bonds will entail an annual interest charge of $270,000,000, which is $60,000,000 more than the $210,000,000 payable on a like amount of nontaxable 3½s. That difference in interest charge, $60,000,000, amounts to more than one-fifth (to be exact; 22.22 per cent.) of the $270,000,000. Can the Government under the present law, or any conceivable law, collect as income tax that much of the interest promised on the faith of the United States to be paid?

To take a particular instance, the holder of $5,000,000 of 4½s would receive an income of $225,000, and, having no other taxable income, would under the present graduated income tax pay in respect thereto $50,318.75. Without considering the cost of disbursement or of collection, this would barely repay to the Treasury the difference of $50,000 between 4½ per cent. and 3½ per cent. on $5,000,000.

In view of the many totally exempt classes—ranging from those whose incomes are less than $1,000, at one end of the scale, to labor unions and savings banks among the wealthy—the average of taxable holdings of Liberty bonds must be vastly below $5,000,000. All such holdings pay lower, and generally much lower, rates of tax.

That the Administration at Washington, in the exigencies of the late war and in view of its possible indefinite continuance, erred in this matter is obvious, nor should the blunder be counted against them under the circumstances. But neither the Democratic majority in the present Congress, nor the Republican one in the next, nor, far less, Mr. Glass, the new Secretary of the Treasury, can afford to now repeat that blunder in respect to the impending Fifth Liberty Loan.

Lest it be said that the creation of $6,000,000,000 of bonds, nontaxable as to income, would play into the hands of the very rich persons and corporations, it must be remembered that they now have a rapidly growing and limitless field for such tax-free investments in State, city, and municipal securities. While there may be an objection to creating a class of tax-free investors, there can certainly be none to enlarging the already limitless class of tax-free bonds, provided that in so doing the Federal Government realizes at the outset, in the rate at which it borrows, all or more than the tax can amount to.

Making the Fifth Loan tax free would invite subscriptions by individuals and corporations of relatively small means, who lack the knowledge and opportunity which the very rich enjoy with regard to State and municipal securities, and enable the Government to borrow at a much lower rate of interest.

STUYVESANT FISH.

New York, Jan. 15, 1919.

Rumanian and Polish Delegates.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It has been officially announced that Belgium and Serbia will have three delegates, instead of two, at the Peace Conference. The reason for this decision is probably because both countries are supposed to have suffered more than other small countries, which are represented by two delegates only. If this is the reason, the great Powers have done an injustice toward Rumania and Poland. For these countries have suffered by the havoc of the war as much as Belgium and Serbia.

But the decision is not justified also from the viewpoint of population. Both Belgium and Serbia, with the other Jugoslavs, do not number more than eight and ten million inhabitants, respectively, while Poland's and Rumania's populations amount to fifteen millions each. Besides this, the fact that Rumania has been in a certain sense the scapegoat of the Allies should entitle this country to a better treatment.

By allowing the two small countries the privilege of having three delegates, the Allies established a distinction which is neither just nor fair. The distinction is likely to arouse resentment among the Rumanian and Polish nations.

NICHOLAS PETRESCU, M. A., Ph. D.

Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind., Jan. 20, 1919.

"WHERE THE TREE FALLETH."

"Where the tree falleth, there shall
it be."

That great American and patriot,
Who voiced the ancient words, lies cold
in death,
No regal sepulchre his resting-place,
But bare brown earth beneath the naked
trees:
No martial music beat beside his bier,
But distant booming of the surge, that
broke
The silence of the everlasting hills.
Thus he sleeps amid the things he loved,
And in a quiet grave in far-off France
His gallant son lies buried—splendid boy,
Who flew on eagle wings, untried, untrained,
Yet fearless mounted ever in the blue,
And there found glorious death and
deathless glory.
On wings invisible his spirit soared,
And where his broken body fell, it rests.

"Where the tree falleth, there shall
it be."
The fields of France and Flanders will
be green
With buds of Spring, and myriad birds
will sing
Above the crosses gleaming in the sun.
They sleep so quiet there, our soldier
dead!
Shall we disturb their rest? Ah, say
not so!
For we may love them there as well as
here,
And Heaven will smile on them as graciously.
They gave so gladly of their glorious
youth,
And now they proudly lie among their
peers.
Disturb them not; their splendid work is
done,
Wrapped in the starry flag they loved
so well—
They sleep their dreamless, everlasting
sleep.
The red of poppies marks each resting-place,
With white of lilies that they died to
save,
And Heaven's own blue smiles from
behind the stars.

VILDA SAUVAGE OWENS.

FORD'S ADVICE TO BOYS.

Doesn't Believe in Bank Accounts—Tells How to Spend Change.

Here is some advice from Henry Ford to the youth of this country, in the February number of The American Boy:

"Frankly, I do not believe in bank accounts for boys because they so often give boys a wrong idea as to how to get ahead. It is all very nice to save up for a rainy day when you grow up, but there is no reason why boys should wrap their foundation around their bank accounts. The point I want to make is here:

"Invest your spare change in bits of mechanism—if you are a boy who has an inclination for mechanical things.

"Invest your spare change in good reading matter—if you are inclined to be studious.

"I do not mean, by this, to buy old bits of junk, take them apart, and then throw them aside. I do not mean for you to buy books, read them, and put them on the shelf without a thought of future reference.

"I mean to invest money wisely, and to get the maximum amount of good out of it.

"If you buy an old engine, study it. Get down to the base of things. Teach yourself the things that will come in handy later on. Learn why certain wheels that are put together in a certain way co-ordinate and 'work.' Learn the principle of the thing—learn everything there is to learn about it. In other words, get more than your money's worth in knowledge—in practical knowledge—and you will gain a foundation in mechanics. You will have something to stand beside you later on, for the things you learn through your own labors are the things you learn well. They are the things that stay with you.

"If you read, read what is good and get all the good there is in it. Read to get your own conception of the author's meaning, and do some thinking on your own account; often you will find thoughts back of certain paragraphs which the author didn't express, which he couldn't express, because you will reason from facts you know and fit things into your own desires and ambitions. The art of digesting facts, and retaining them, in youth, will remain.

"Get ideas.

"The men who command the largest salaries in the industrial life of the world today are the men who have ideas and who work them out to success."

WILSON ANSWERS APPEAL.

Says Cotton Exports to Enemy Lands Are Being Considered.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Replying to a request from members of Congress from cotton-growing States that all embargoes on cotton exports to non-enemy countries be lifted, and that shipments to Germany and Austria be permitted as soon as possible, President Wilson today cabled Senator Smith of South Carolina as follows:

"Referring to the telegram of Jan. 17 sent by yourself and other members of Congress, cotton may now be exported to all countries in amounts adequate for their needs. Further exports to or for account of enemy countries raise important questions of policy which are the subject of attentive consideration by the associated Governments."

After reading the President's message, officials of the War Trade Board said it evidently had been garbled in transmission. They declared that no cotton had been shipped to enemy countries, and that none would be until the question of the economic blockade of the Central Powers had been settled at the Paris Peace Conference.

Pointing out that the President's message referred to the fact that the question of this blockade now was being considered by the associated nations, these officials said the statement that cotton was being exported to "all countries" must have referred to the allied countries and neutrals. All restrictions as to cotton movement to those countries were removed some time ago.

Control over the destination of all ships leaving American ports was retained by the War Trade Board, it was said, through the system of licensing fuel coal. The board had received no instructions to permit any ships to proceed for ports in enemy countries, it was declared. Even ships carrying food relief to southern Europe were required to proceed to Gibraltar, and their further movement was by agreement among the associated powers.

SUPPORT LANE'S LAND PLAN

Women's Committee of Defense Society Urges Favorable Action.

The Women's National Committee of the American Defense Society, of which Miss Elisabeth Marbury is Chairman, yesterday announced that it had telegraphed to the members of the Appropriations Committee of the House urging a favorable report on Secretary Lane's Land Settlement bill. The measure aims to provide land for returned soldiers, and is said to have had the approval of President Wilson.

"The Women's National Committee of the American Defense Society," the telegram read, "urges you as a representative of our interests, owing to the disturbing economic conditions now prevailing throughout the United States, to recommend without delay the passing of the Land Settlement bill. Providing, as this will do, for immediate and varied employment of the returning and demobilized troops, offering as it does the Government's assistance toward the establishment and the growth of homes, we cannot impress upon you too forcibly the need of prompt and favorable action so far as this practical solution of many of our present labor problems is concerned."

Miss Marbury issued an appeal to citizens to write their Congressmen along these lines.

Y.W.C.A. BUSY IN ARCHANGEL

Hostess House Entertains Soldiers —More Workers to Sail.

Nine Secretaries of the Young Women's Christian Association are managing a Hostess House, which has an average daily attendance of 350, in Archangel, Russia, helping in three canteens for soldiers in the city and two on railroads, and entertaining the soldiers in hospitals as part of their work, according to a cable dispatch received yesterday by the National Board of the Y. W. C. A.

The message contained a request for ten additional workers, stating that the need was imperative, as recreation work for girls had been almost abandoned in order to meet the needs of the American Expeditionary Force.

Three Secretaries, Miss Lillian Hull of Chillicothe, Ohio, Dr. Estelle Ford Warner of Portland, Ore., and Miss Helen Fair of Topeka, Kan., will sail next Tuesday for Russia. Two others left early this month and more are preparing to sail.

LISTS "SIR JOHN PERSHING."

British Who's Who Also Adds "G. C. B." to General's Name.

The British Who's Who, a copy of the 1919 issue of which has just been received here, lists the Commander in Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces in France as "General Sir John Joseph Pershing, G. C. B."

King George awarded the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath to General Pershing on July 17, 1918, and in August King George on a visit to France personally gave the decoration to him. The award of the Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath to a British subject automatically makes a Knight of the recipient and gives him the right to prefix "Sir" to his name.

The decoration given General Pershing, however, was an honorary one, and it was said at the time that the American Commander would not receive the title of "Sir," as he was not a British subject.

URGES NEW METHODS TO GOVERN LABOR

R. J. Caldwell of Industrial Commission Wants Democratic Principles Applied.

WOULD ELIMINATE STRIFE

Pleads for the "Rule of Reason," Saying Industry Has Been Ruled as an Oligarchy.

R. J. Caldwell, head of the Connecticut Mills, and a member of the recently appointed United States Industrial and Economic Commission, which will sail today for Europe, where surveys of the industrial situation will be made, said yesterday in an address at a farewell luncheon given in his honor by friends and associates at the Lawyers' Club that the people of the United States would aid in carrying on the work of binding up the wounds of the European democracies. Unless this was done, he said, the world faced the menace of Bolshevism. Continuing he said:

"In this cataclysm of social and political events, the happenings are too rapid for labor to adjust itself to them. In so vast a contest of prodigious elements any strife must be severe. Can we not eliminate the contest and the strife? Can we not apply the rule of reason here? In our Revolutionary War the rule of reason was not applied. We were governed without our consent, and taxed without representation. We are relatively free from that condition now in politics—in theory at least. But in these years we have continued to rule our industry as an oligarchy. We regulate wages arbitrarily—save in a relatively few instances, where labor unions are able to intervene. We refuse to consult with the workers about their own working conditions. We have seen it here in this city in the waiters' strike.

"What harm can it do to extend the application of democratic principles to industry? They have proved themselves in government. Is it not reasonable to suppose that they will prove equally applicable to industry? The answer is—it has been so proved by the Standard Oil Company and others. It is the order of the day and must be; nothing else will suffice.

"Labor cannot longer be regarded as a commodity, which, like rubber and wheat, can be stored on the shelf or in the bin in slack season for times of greater demand. Working men and women are living souls—as hungry in times of famine as in times of plenty—and they have come to realize that they are souls, and not merchandise and must be treated accordingly. Every business must in times of plenty provide an insurance fund for times of famine, and every business must govern all of its members by the consent of the governed.

"When history is making so fast shall we be found lagging behind? I think not. In these strenuous times I believe America will not fail herself or her neighbors. Even though we may not be able to read our course entirely clear, still we shall press onward, doing the right as God gives us to see the right, realizing that whatever the future betides, the cost of meeting conditions will never be less than right now."

W. Bourke Cockran, another speaker, in discussing European conditions, said:

"A little over one hundred years ago at the Peace Council of Vienna, rulers met and after deliberating, felt they had settled the government of the people of the world forever; that there would never be a change or another war. At that time there were three forms of government—a new democracy in the United States, the aristocratic form in England and autocracy all over the rest of the world. Look at the changes today—autocracy swept from the face of the earth never to return and the Republican form in the ascendancy. Today we are faced with two extremes—republicanism and anarchism. I have always been a firm believer in the rule of the majority and I think that out of the chaos which now reigns in foreign lands there will come an equitable form of government. A Government which has ruled for hundreds of years cannot be torn asunder and a new form placed in control without some ill effects."

Others who spoke were John B. Stanchfield, George Gordon Battle, Congressman Simeon D. Fess of Ohio, Jules S. Bache, and Dorr E. Felt.

BRITISH AIR FORCE LARGEST

Had 294,000 Officers and Men When the War Ended.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Great Britain was pre-eminent in aviation at the close of the war, when her air force was the largest in the world, according to a report made public today. It fought on more fronts than the air service of any other nation and its successes were proportionately greater, it is said.

In August, 1914, the British naval and military air services together mustered only 285 officers and 1,853 men of other ranks. In November, 1918, there were 30,000 officers and 264,000 men. At the outbreak of the war Great Britain had 166 airplanes, forty-five seaplanes, and seven airships, while at the close of hostilities she had 21,000 airplanes, 1,300 seaplanes, and 103 airships. Besides this there were 25,000 airplanes and seaplanes being built and 55,000 airplane engines under contract.

The Women's Royal Air Force, which was not in existence in 1914, numbered at the close of the hostilities 25,000.

DENY SECRET PRISON CAMPS

Despite Germans' Assertions, Allied Inquiry Still Continues.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Germany has no secret prison camps in existence and has never maintained any, her authorities have assured the Dutch Minister at Berlin, according to an announcement by the British Committee on Prisoners of War.

The Dutch Minister, the announcement adds, says there is no evidence of the existence of such camps, but searching parties, however, are still in Germany seeking allied prisoners whose whereabouts have not been reported.

IGNORANT OF NEW CABLES.

Officials in Washington Know Nothing of Reported Deal with Japan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Both at the State and Postoffice Departments the statement was made this afternoon that nothing was known to substantiate the report sent from San Francisco last night to the effect that Japan and the United States are to lay two new cables between the two countries in the next two years to be under the joint control and operation of the two countries.

At the Postoffice Department it was said that nothing was known of the matter and that in any event such a matter properly would come under the State Department. Acting Secretary of State Polk said the State Department, so far as he was aware, knew nothing of the projects. Assistant Secretary Breckenridge Long said he knew nothing of the matter, and that if such negotiations had come before the State Department he would be aware of them.

BROOKLYN GREETS HER OWN SOLDIERS

Crowd Welcoming Boats to Go Out in 80-Mile Gale to Meet Old 13th Artillery.

OFFICERS PRAISE REGIMENT

Declare Organization Upheld Its Civil War Record in Fiercest Fighting of Present War.

The northwest gale which, according to the Weather Bureau, attained a velocity of eighty-four miles an hour at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, did not deter the enthusiastic Brooklynites from giving their soldiers a hearty welcome when they arrived from France on the United States battleships Louisiana and New Hampshire.

There were 1,818 officers and men in the 59th Coast Artillery, which was the old 13th New York Coast Artillery, divided equally between the two warships and there was fully that number of relatives and friends that went down the bay on the excursion boat Highlander and the Police Boat Patrol with bands, flags, and megaphones to greet them. Many had to be left behind because the Highlander was so crowded that the Captain would take no more on board because of the gale. The Patrol had about 300 on board.

The Patrol was first down the bay to greet the 300 sick and wounded troops on the hospital ship Mercy and accompanied her to Pier 45 North River and then steamed back to the Statue of Liberty to meet the 1,145 troops on board the Goentoer, which included the 102d Trench Mortar Battery, the first unit of the 27th Division to return home.

Louisiana Brings 928.

The Louisiana came up the Bay first with thirty-three officers and 887 men of the 59th Coast Artillery, including Batteries A, B, and part of C, the Headquarters and Supply Companies, and nine casual officers and five civilians. As she neared the Patrol, a strong lunged young man with a megaphone took up a position by the rail and proceeded to call the members of the old 13th Regiment by name so that their folks could greet them.

"Is Bill Smith there?" he would yell. Then the soldiers would summon Bill Smith to come up to the rail and form a half circle about the happy soldier while his relatives and friends greeted him.

After the Louisiana had been made fast the Patrol, followed by the Highlander, went down the bay again to meet the New Hampshire, which brought 31 officers and 874 men of the 59th, comprising Batteries D, E, and part of C with 2 officers and 14 men of the 59th Coast Artillery and 34 casual officers and soldiers.

On board the Highlander were Borough President Edward Riegelmann, Colonel Clarence Wilbur Smith of the 13th Regiment, Dr. Charles G. Bishop, President of the Over Here Association, and Mrs. Sydney Grant, wife of Colonel Grant, who commanded the 59th Coast Artillery in France and who remains there in charge of a debarkation port. On the Patrol were Special Deputy Police Commissioner Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Mayor's Welcome Committee; Colonel W. E. Wood, uniformed head of the New York Police Reserves, Mrs. John J. Hylan, John J. Smith, the Mayor's Executive Secretary, and many other city officials, and the Red Cross, K. of C., Y. M. C. A. and Salvation Army workers carrying comforts for the men.

Two Soldiers Die on Trip.

The Louisiana and the New Hampshire left Brest on Jan. 8 and had fine weather all the way. Two soldiers of the 59th died of pneumonia on the Louisiana on the voyage home—Private John Robinson, Battery A, of Salt Lake, and Private Angelo Macchio of Utica, N. Y. Officers of the 59th said yesterday that the regiment was at Romagne, near Sedan when the armistice was signed on Nov. 11. The officers also said that the 1st and 2d Battalions received two citations each, the 3d Battalion one citation, and the regiment as a whole received two army citations for its good work in the Argonne Forest and St. Mihiel sectors.

Old 13th Upheld Its Record.

Colonel Richard K. Cravens, former commander at Fort Hamilton, who was in charge of the 59th Regiment, returned on the Louisiana, as did Major [illegible] Harris of 1,361 Seventy-seventh Street, Bay Ridge, an original officer of the old 13th Regiment, who [illegible] with his battalion and said that the old 13th had upheld all its traditions dating back to civil war days. [illegible] saw some of the fiercest fighting in the war, the officers said. [illegible] there were only twelve casualties on the battlefield, two killed and ten wounded.

The effect of the heavy barrage of high explosive shells fired by the regiment's guns at St. Mihiel was shown, the officers, when the American [illegible] crossed the lines to find not a [illegible] soldier left alive on the ground. The officers also stated that the 59th Coast Artillery was the first heavy artillery to cross No Man's Land in advance of the light artillery, and they believed it was also the first time in the

The hospital ship Mercy brought 286 stretcher cases and 102 other sick and wounded from St. Nazaire, which she left on Jan. 7, taking the southerly course, calling at Bermuda on Jan. 21, where a stop of two days was made. The patients were all transferred to the Greenhut Hospital except the officers, who went to the Polyclinic Hospital. James Springs of Company B, 137th Infantry, of Seguin, Texas, a convalescent from peritonitis following gunshot wounds, died on the trip.

Four hours after leaving Bermuda on Jan. 23 the Mercy sighted the American schooner Anna Loretta of Elizabeth, N. J., flying signals of distress. The crew reported that the Captain was dead in his cabin, the mate was dangerously ill, and there was no one to navigate the schooner. The executive officer of the Mercy gave them the course by dead reckoning for Bermuda, and a wireless message was sent to the Navy Yard at Hamilton to send out a tug to tow the schooner in.

Among the wounded officers on board the Mercy was First Lieutenant Benjamin L. Atwater of the 99th Aero Squadron, who was decorated with the D. S. C. by General Pershing for extraordinary heroism on Oct. 5 last. He is suffering from a compound fracture of the right leg. After leaving the Polyclinic Lieutenant Atwater will go to his mother's, Mrs. Ella C. Atwater, of Red Bank, N. J., to recover.

New Yorkers Among Wounded.

Among the wounded New Yorkers on the Mercy was Private Arthur Aikins, Co. A, 61st Infantry, 5th Division, whose home is at 723 East 163d Street, who lost his left foot above the ankle at the Argonne on Nov. 8. He is only 23 years old. He said that the fighting was very hot that morning as his company was advancing over open ground on the Meuse, where there was no cover and the German machine guns were peppering them from a small hill. He fell at 9 o'clock in the morning and laid on the ground without aid until 8 o'clock that night.

Others wounded on board from the vicinity of New York were Lieutenant John F. Redfield, American Air Service, who lives with his mother in Curlock Park, Montclair, N. J.; Private Louis Varetsky, Company B, 109th Machine Gun Battalion, 85 Cannon Street; Private Athanasian Thannbonnari, Company L, 310th Infantry, 262 West Twenty-second Street; Corporal Thomas C. Farley, Company E, 306th Infantry, 521 Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn; Private James Pines, Company B, 315th Infantry, 806 Lee Avenue, Brooklyn; Private Charles Knapp, 357 East 137th Street; Private William J. Cahill, Battery F, 13th Field Artillery, 2,369 Eighth Avenue, and Private Edward Sonnenshine, Battery E, 18th Field Artillery, 116 East 115th Street.

Among the 1,145 officers and men on the British transport Goentoer were four officers and seventy-six men of the 102d Trench Mortar Battery out of the original complement of five officers and 177 men who left Newport News on the 6th of June and went into action on Sept. 26 on the west bank of the Meuse, near Verdun, with the 33d Division, and later crossed to the east bank and fought with the 79th Division. They were under the command yesterday of Captain Charles Pearson, Jr., of Buffalo, N. Y.

The 102d Trench Mortar Battery was composed of men from Troop I of the New York Cavalry and men from up-State cities, and is the first unit of the 27th Division to return home. There were also on board the Goentoer the Headquarters of the 40th Engineers, known as the Camouflage Corps, which was composed of 145 artists whose headquarters were at Dijon, France. They did not go into action, but three of their number were killed—Lieutenant Harry A. Thrasher, a sculptor, and Sergeants Herter and Wolf.

The transport Accomac brought in 27 casuals from various branches of the service, and the General Goethals arrived later in the day with 8 officers and 84 men of the 34th Division and 2 officers and 114 men of Casual Company 11 of New York and 37 casual officers of various branches, making 245 troops all told.

The Chicago of the French Line arrived from Bordeaux with 24 officers and 684 enlisted men, of whom 314 belonged to the 814th Pioneer Infantry (colored) and had been working with the Service of Supplies.

The transport Calamares, which also arrived yesterday after having been fog-bound for twenty-four hours, had 1,414 naval officers and men from the naval base at Pauillac, France, and thirty-six casual army officers and four civilians.

In addition to the troops arriving yesterday there were a number of Red Cross nurses. One of these was Miss Anne F. Hardon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Hardon of 144 East Fortieth Street and Wilton, Conn., who came back on the Chicago after being away for more than two years. After serving in a French military hospital Miss Hardon went to the American Ambulance Hospital and drove a hospital motor wagon for four months. In October last she was sent to the front line emergency hospital in the Verdun sector, where for some time she was the only nurse for 200 wounded.

WIND SHIP'S CLOCK TODAY.

Daniel G. Reid's Present to the City to be Formally Accepted.

Rear Admiral Josiah S. McKean, Chief of the Bureau of Operations of the United States Navy, will at noon today present to the city the ship's clock donated by Daniel G. Reid. The clock has been installed in the tower at the river end of Pier 1, North River.

Mayor Hylan will make a speech of acceptance, and it is expected that Governor Smith will be present and speak. Major General David C. Shanks, who is responsible for the safe arrival of troops and their distribution, will speak for the army, and Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert will respond for his department.

One feature of the exercises will be the presence of the twelve Dock Commissioners who survive of thirty-five Commissioners who have served since the inception of the Dock Department.

Miss Woods to Wed Lieut. Conger.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Woods of El Paso, Texas, and 20 West Ninety-fourth Street, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Winifred Woods, to Lieutenant Walter C. Conger, a son of Willis N. Conger of Dallas, Texas, formerly of Owego, N. Y. Miss Woods is a student at the American Institute of Applied Music. Lieutenant Conger, who is in the Motor Transport Corps, stationed at El Paso, was graduated from Cornell in 1912.

Cohn-Hoffman Wedding Jan. 30.

The wedding of Miss Terese Blanche Hoffman, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Hoffman, and Herman Michaels Cohn of Rochester, N. Y., will take place on the evening of Jan. 30 at the Ritz-Carlton. Owing to the death of the bride's uncle, Lieut Sidney L. Spiegelberg, the guests will be confined to relatives. After a two months' honeymoon in Southern California the couple will live in Rochester.

Virginia Nursery Benefit Postponed

Owing to the illness of the Duchess de Richelieu the song recital and dance which was to have been given for the benefit of the Virginia Day Nursery on Feb. 1 at the Ritz-Carlton has been postponed until early in the Spring.

Gen. and Mrs. Vanderbilt Entertain.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt entertained at dinner last night at their residence, 640 Fifth Avenue, for their daughter, Miss Grace Vanderbilt. The guests were mostly of the younger set. Miss Vanderbilt's brother, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., has been at Camp Upton awaiting his discharge from service.

Charles R. Brown.

Charles R. Brown, financial and news editor of The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, died yesterday afternoon at his home in Tenafly, N. J., of influenza. Mr. Brown was born in Warrington, England, March 28, 1864, and came to this country in 1871. At the age of 21 he joined the staff of The New York Commercial Bulletin, later The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, and remained with the publication until his death. For the last thirty years Mr. Brown had been the New York correspondent of The London Financial News.

Bishop A. A. Blais.

QUEBEC, Jan. 24.—Word was received here today of the death yesterday at Rimouski of Mgr. A. A. Blais, Bishop of that place. Bishop Blais was born in Quebec 76 years ago and was educated in the Quebec Seminary. He was consecrated titular Bishop of Germanicopolis May 18, 1890, becoming coadjutor to the Right Rev. Jean Langevin, the first Bishop of the Diocese of Rimouski. On Feb. 6, 1891, he succeeded Bishop Langevin.

The Ehrich Galleries
707 Fifth Ave., at 55th St.
ON VIEW
UNUSUAL PAINTINGS BY
OLD MASTERS
Including examples by such Masters as Van Dyck, Guardi, Romney, Lorenzo Lotto.
We have in preparation an important exhibition of EARLY AMERICANS which will be publicly shown during February.

Special Sale of
BOOKS
Through January
Fine Sets of Standard Authors, Art Books, etc.
at DUTTON'S
681 Fifth Ave., near 54th St.

The Putnam Bookstore
2 West 45th St. Just west of 5th Ave.
A visit to the store during the
January Clearance Sale
will be more than worth while. Thousands of good books in every branch of literature are being offered at surprisingly low prices, many at positive bargains.

ORGANIZE FOR WORK OF RECONSTRUCTION

A. I. Elkus Is Elected to Head Committee to Plan for the State's Activities.

SMITH OUTLINES PLANS

Governor, in Address at City Hall Meeting, Tells of New York's Pressing Problems.

Governor Alfred E. Smith addressed his recently appointed Reconstruction Committee last night at its organization meeting in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall, outlining to the members the conditions for which it will be their duty to find remedies, and explaining what must be their relation to the State Legislature in order that effective measures may be enacted. He laid especial stress upon the taxation problems which must be solved before any progressive projects can be financed, and upon the primary necessity of promoting the health and morale of the people themselves.

Mayor Hylan read an address of welcome in which he told what the city had done to face the problems of the day, and offered every facility at the city's disposal for the work of the new commission. Abram I. Elkus, who was elected Chairman of the committee, appointed eleven sub-committees, which will begin work immediately. The other officers elected were: Vice Chairman, Gerrit Y. Lansing, Sarah A. Conboy, and Judge William M. K. Olcott; Secretary, Mrs. Henry Moskowitz, and Treasurer, Charles H. Sabin.

In welcoming the commission to New York, Governor Smith told the members that he had from his legislative experience come to the conclusion that when questions of broad public welfare had to be solved the best way of handling them was to appoint a commission, for it was absolutely necessary in order that the Governor and the Legislature might be in an intelligent position to deal with those questions, that they have the assistance of an outside body that has the opportunity to labor and study from the outside.

"If we are to make progress," the Governor said, "it will be necessary to do two things. First, gather the facts and the evidence as to what is required, and second, to work up public sentiment so as to see that these things are done.

Problem of Additional Revenue.

"One of the most important problems that we have to face is that of raising additional revenue, and the report of the Finance Committee of the Senate is not reassuring. For the fiscal year beginning July 1 next, the estimated resources are $57,637,873.86, while the estimated expenditures based upon the calculations of department heads, are $96,602,290.78, or nearly $39,000,000 in excess of the probable income. It is only fair to say, of course, that the estimates of department heads are always in excess of the actual requirements, as they try to get all they can, but on the other hand, the proposed expenditures do not include any new projects.

"For instance, the State of New Jersey proposes that we join with her in building a tunnel under the Hudson River. We shall not have the money. We have not considered one cent for the construction of new hospitals for the insane, and I want to say that if the actual conditions of those hospitals were known by any considerable number of people we should have strong reason to be ashamed. The overcrowding is disgraceful, and something must be done about it. Before we can give a single dollar to it we must secure new revenue.

"Real estate cannot be burdened with any further taxes. When the new subway was planned, the assessment valuations were raised to 100 per cent. We know why that was done, and we shall have to let it pass. But the fact is that real estate is carrying all it can stand. As it is there are $13,341,673 for our debt service that will have to be met by a direct tax on real estate."

After mentioning the problems of military training and unemployment, Governor Smith laid stress upon the necessity of conserving and promoting the public health. "This question," he said, "should be given long and serious thought. The experience of the draft has demonstrated the necessity of immediate attention to it. Not much good can come to the State if great care is bestowed upon its material assets, its buildings, and its broad fields, unless back of it are the character and forcefulness of its people.

After wishing the members of the committee every success in their undertaking and offering them every help within his power, Governor Smith appointed Henry Evans, Alfred J. Johnson, and William M. K. Olcott a committee to nominate the officers of the Reconstruction Committee. When they presented their nominations, the names were approved unanimously.

Mr. Elkus then assumed charge of the meeting and outlined the activities to be followed by the committee, following this with an announcement of the personnel of the following sub-committee, the appointments not to be considered fixed but subject to the wishes of the members themselves:

Taxation and Retrenchment—George Foster Peabody, Chairman; Alfred E. Marling, Charles H. Sabin, Carleton A. Chase, L. J. Lowell, Thomas V. Patterson, Alfred J. Johnson, Thomas J. Quinn, V. Everit Macy, Henry Evans, and Michael Friedsam.

Housing—John Alan Hamilton, Chairman; Dr. Felix Adler, Mrs. William Good, Henry Evans, Peter A. Brady, Mrs. Lewis S. Chanler, V. Everit Macy, Arthur Williams, Alfred E. Marling, and M. Samuel Stern.

Unemployment—John G. Agar, Chairman; Charles P. Steinmetz, Mrs. Walter W. Steele, Norman Mack, L. J. Lowell, Sarah A. Conboy, Peter A. Brady, and Michael Friedsam.

Education (including inquiry into military training, Americanization, &c.)—Dr. Felix Adler, Chairman; M. Samuel Stern, Mrs. Ella Hastings, George Foster Peabody, L. J. Lowell, Michael Friedsam, Mrs. L. S. Chanler, Charles P. Steinmetz, John G. Agar, and Sarah A. Conboy.

Resettlement of Land—Thomas V. Patterson, Chairman; Addison B. Colvin, L. J. Lowell, Arthur Williams, Mrs. Lewis S. Chanler, V. Everit Macy, and Mrs. Walter W. Steele.

Inquiry into War Emergency Measures, (exclusive of military training law)—W. M. K. Olcott, Chairman; Edward F. Boyle, and Richard S. Newcomb.

Public Health—Dr. Henry Dwight Chapin, Chairman; John G. Agar, John C. McCall, Mrs. Ella Hastings, Charles P. Steinmetz, and Peter A. Brady.

Business Readjustment—Alfred J. Johnson, Chairman; Charles H. Sabin, Gerrit Y. Lansing, Michael Friedsam, Thomas J. Quinn, Carleton A. Chase, George Foster Peabody, J. E. Bockley, Otto Shulhof, Alfred E. Marling, Bernard Baruch, and Addison B. Colvin.

Industrial Problems, Legislation, Strikes, &c.—V. Everit Macy, Chairman; Charles P. Steinmetz, Dr. Felix Adler, Alfred J. Johnson, Peter A. Brady, Carleton A. Chase, Norman Mack, and Sarah A. Conboy.

Committee on the Drafting of Legislation—Richard S. Newcomb, Chairman; Henry Evans, and John G. Agar.

Committee on Demobilization—Mrs. William S. Good, Chairman; Mrs. Walter W. Steele, Miss Sarah A. Conboy, Mrs. Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, John Alan Hamilton, Mrs. Ella Hastings, Michael Friedsam, Thomas J. Quinlan, Alfred J. Johnson, L. J. Lowell, and Addison B. Colvin.

Mr. Elkus announced that the city had given the committee offices in the Hall of Records, and had donated furniture for its use, so that, with the appropriation which the Legislature will probably make for running expenses, the committee will be ready to open its offices on Monday morning. The first meeting of the committee will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock in the committee room adjoining the Aldermanic Chamber, when Professor Howard S. Chanler of Columbia University will make an address on taxation. Upon adjournment the committee will be the guests of the Chairman at a luncheon at the Bankers' Club. Dr. George W. Kirchwey, New York State Director of the Federal Employment Service, will make an address on the subject of unemployment.

Religious Notices on Page 15.

HARRY L. RICHARDSON DEAD.

New Yorker, Member of Y. M. C. A., Dies of Fever in Florence, Italy.

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FLORENCE, Jan. 24.—Harry Leon Richardson of New York, a member of the Florence staff of the Y. M. C. A., is dead here of Spanish fever at the American Hospital. A memorial service will be held at the American Church. Harold Howland, Director of the Y. M. C. A. for the Florence region, said: "In the death of Richardson, the Y. M. C. A. lost a man notable for his indefatigability, devotion, and his irrepressible cheerfulness under conditions no matter how discouraging. It was a pleasure and honor to work with him. It was keen gratification to us, his associates, to have him with us as representative of the best American spirit and the highest American ideals."

FREDERICK A. DUNEKA DEAD.

Vice President of Harper Brothers, Publishers, Was Ill Four Years.

Frederick A. Duneka, Vice President of Harper Brothers, publishers, died yesterday morning at his home, 26 Hawthorne Place, Summit, N. J., after an illness of four years of spinal disease.

Mr. Duneka had been associated with the firm of Harper Brothers for the last nineteen years, leaving the position of city editor of The New York World to become Secretary of the company. He was later made general manager and four years ago he was elected Vice President. He was credited with having made a number of literary "discoveries." He numbered among his friends many prominent authors, including the late Samuel Clemens (Mark Twain,) Booth Tarkington, Rex Beach, Margaret Deland, William Dean Howells, and Gilbert Parker.

Mrs. Bella Blankfort.

Mrs. Bella Blankfort, wife of the Rev. I. M. Blankfort, and active in charitable work in this city, died yesterday at her home, 203 West 111th Street. She was for twenty-five years Treasurer of the Noshim Rachmonios Society; Director of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, and of the Ladies' Auxiliary of Beth Israel Hospital, and one of the founders of the Daughters of Jacob. She was also active in the work of the Chevra Mishnayes Kol Israel Anshei Poland, the Rabbi Jacob Joseph Yeshivah, the Ladies' Day Nursery, Tomchai Torah, and Machzikay Yesomim of Jerusalem.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JENNIE MILLER BEVIER, wife of Philip Hasbrouck Bevier, died yesterday at her home, 212 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, aged 59 years. She was a member of the Daughters of the Revolution and of the Ladies' Aid and Missionary Societies of the First Reformed Church.

Sergeant Major MORTIMER MAURICE NEWMAN, attached to the regimental headquarters of the 6th Battalion, Camp Upton, died of pneumonia on Thursday at his home, 880 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn.

LOUIS WALLER, President of the L. & B. Waller & Potters, Inc., horse dealers in Brooklyn, died on Thursday at his home 217 Keap Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. He was 52 years old.

Mrs. MARY E. BRIDGER, widow of Priestley A. Bridger, a hotel man of this city, died from heart disease on Thursday at her home, 189 Crown Street, Brooklyn, aged 69 years.

Mrs. HANNAH AUGUSTA BRENNEN, widow of John H. Brennen, died of apoplexy on Wednesday at her home, 976 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. She was born in Brooklyn seventy-three years ago, the daughter of the late James Rodwell, a builder. Her husband, who died in 1910, was former Deputy City Treasurer of Brooklyn.

Mrs. MAY BELL DUNBAR, 51 years old, widow of Boulden B. Dunbar, died at her home, 553 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, on Thursday. She is survived by a son, Ralph M. Dunbar, connected with the Brooklyn Public Library.

WILLIAM JOSEPH McNICKLE, employed in the foreign department of the Standard Oil Company and well-known as a tennis player and oarsman, died on Thursday at his home, 53 Bay Twenty-fifth Street, Bensonhurst.

MICHAEL J. KENNEY, for thirty years in the liquor business in Brooklyn and a member of Brooklyn Lodge No. 22, B. P. O. Elks, died on Wednesday at his home, 328A President Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARIETTA RIDGE, 68 years old, widow of James Bradley Ridge, a real estate dealer, died at her home, 460 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday.

WILLIAM L. GRAY, 38 years old, general manager of the Biograph Film Company's laboratories in East 176th Street, died yesterday at his home, 815 West 180th Street. His wife is critically ill.

JOHN STRONG YATES, sales manager and Superintendent of the Michael Hand Manufacturing Company, died yesterday at his home, 279 West End Avenue. He was 28 years old.

JOHN H. GREER, Secretary of the Pennsylvania Knitting Mills, which he represented through the West, died yesterday at his apartment in the Hotel Breslin. He was 37 years old.

Miss ALICE PECKHAM GOSFORD, who before her retirement was an actress in motion pictures and in stock companies, died Thursday at her home, 428 Amsterdam Avenue. She was 31 years old.

WILLIAM HARWOOD KELLOCK, for more than twenty-five years superintendent of the Metropolitan Life Building in this city, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease in Roosevelt Hospital. He was 61 years old and a native of this city, but his home was at 3 Beaufort Place, New Rochelle.

PETER A. DEVEAU, manager of Edwards's Hotel at Rye Beach for thirty years, died yesterday at a hospital in Brooklyn. He served with the Union Army in the civil war as a member of a New York City regiment of heavy artillery. He was 75 years old.

Mrs. MARIE THERESA PLANT WILLIAMS, widow of William Williams, died yesterday at the home of her son, Gilbert Williams, Pine Street, Greenwich, Conn. She was born in this city.

CORNELIUS TRACY, President of the Waterbury Rolling Company and of Tracy Brothers' Company, contractors of Waterbury, Conn., died at his home in that place yesterday of apoplexy. He was 65 years old and a former State Senator.

First Lieutenant JOHN WALSH, formerly assistant advertising manager of The New York Tribune, was killed in action in France Oct. 15 last. He was 24 years old.

Lieutenant DANIEL W. HAND, Jr., U. S. N., 21 years old, died at the Naval Hospital in Brooklyn Wednesday of pneumonia. He was the only son of Brig. Gen. D. W. Hand and Elizabeth Hand.

SEELY B. PATTERSON, eldest son of the late Henry A. Patterson, founder of the firm of Patterson Brothers, 27 Park Row, died Wednesday in Philadelphia following an operation. He was born in New York in the old 7th Ward and was graduated from the Free Academy, now the College of the City of New York, in 1864. He had been prominent in the iron business, retiring in 1915.

Dr. CHARLES H. RILEY, President of the Sheppard and Enoch Pratt Hospital, Baltimore, and one of the leading physicians of that city, died suddenly in Baltimore Thursday night of complications following influenza. He was 62 years old.

POMEROY P. DICKINSON, lawyer of Rochester, N. Y., died at his home there yesterday at the age of 67 years. He was formerly prominent in the Republican organization and for ten years was President of the Excise Department.

Mrs. JEROME B. MOORE, widely known throughout the State as an anti-suffrage leader and prominent in social circles, died suddenly at her home in Syracuse, N. Y., Thursday night.

GEORGE W. LITTELL, since 1890 with the firm of Martin & Co., bankers and brokers, 96 Broadway, died yesterday at his home at Cranford, N. J. He was born in Jersey City sixty-two years ago. He was for twelve years the Freeholder of Cranford Township.

Mrs. HENRIETTA HUMPHREYS CONSOLATION, wife of Vincent Consolation, died recently at her home, 33 Post Avenue, of pneumonia following influenza. She was a daughter of Edwin H. Humphreys, a civil war veteran.

Lieutenant ANSELM J. MAYOTTE of Quinebaug, Conn., died in France on Dec. 6 from disease. He was a chaplain and one of the first priests of the Connecticut diocese to go abroad. A few days before the armistice was signed he was severely injured by being thrown from his horse. Chaplain Mayotte was 27 years old.

PHIL LANG, a scenario editor of the Vitagraph Company, died last night in his apartment at 131 East Nineteenth Street of pneumonia. He was born in Xenia, Ohio, 32 years ago, and had lived in this city for nine years. He was formerly Vice President of the Kalem Company, and was a member of the Board of Governors of the Green Room Club.

WILLIAM H. STACY, a shoe manufacturer and President of the Stacy-Adams Company of Brockton, Mass., died there yesterday.

SOLOMON J. SILVERSTEIN, 73 years old, philosopher and author, died Tuesday in the Montefiore Home, Kingsbridge. He was born in Russia.

PEMBROKE JONES, FINANCIER, DIES

Shipbuilder and New York Social Leader Succumbs After an Operation at 60 Years.

AN UPBUILDER OF SOUTH

Ex-Member of War Trade Board to be Buried in Wilmington, Where He Owned Magnificent Estate.

Pembroke Jones, financier, who had been actively identified with railway and shipping interests in the South and prominent socially in New York and Newport, and owner in his home city, Wilmington, N. C., of a country estate, Airlee-on-the-Sound, one of the most magnificent in the South, died yesterday at the Post-Graduate Hospital, following an operation. The funeral will be held at 1 o'clock this afternoon at his town residence, 5 East Sixty-first Street, and his body will be taken to Wilmington, where interment will be made in Oakdale Cemetery.

Mr. Jones was born in Wilmington, N. C., Dec. 15, 1858, the son of Captain John Pembroke Jones and Jane London Jones. He spent a portion of each year on his estate, eight miles from Wilmington. He encouraged the development of Wilmington as a seaport and shipping centre. For many years he was engaged in the rice milling industry in Wilmington and New Orleans. Since coming to New York he had been interested principally in railway and other securities.

Last Winter and Spring, Mr. Jones was a member of the War Trade Board at Washington and since then had been Vice President of the Carolina Shipbuilding Corporation, which is constructing for the Government at Wilmington, N. C., a number of steel ships.

For many years Mr. Jones had observed the custom of giving a Christmas tree at his country home, to which were invited scores of children of the first families of Wilmington, and each child came away laden with costly presents.

On June 19, 1917, Mr. Jones placed his town house, at 5 East Sixty-first Street, at the disposal of the Italian Royal War Mission, and the invitation was accepted.

President Wilson's Aunt Dead.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 24.—Mrs. Helen Sill Woodrow, 77 years old, an aunt of President Wilson, died today at the home of her daughter here. Mrs. Woodrow in 1880 married a brother of the President's mother. Mrs. Woodrow was frequently a guest at the White House.

Married.

MATHERS—HERVEY.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, Ruth Jean Hervey to Anthony Woodruff Mathers.

Engaged.

GREENBAUM—STERN.—Owing to a death in the family the engagement reception of Mr. F. Greenbaum, New York, and Miss Helen A. Stern of Far Rockaway will be postponed.

JEBSON—KULINSKI.—Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Kulinski of 1,103 Amsterdam Av., New York City, announce the engagement of their daughter Gabrielle to Mr. Frank Jebson of South Bend, Ind. Western papers please copy.

THIESE—MEYER.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Meyer of 771 West End Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Carlyn C. Meyer, to Mr. Benjamin R. Thiese of Brooklyn, N. Y. At home Jan. 26 from 3 to 6.

Died.

ALLAN.—Suddenly, on Jan. 24, Rachel Talbot, wife of John J. Allan. Funeral service private, Sunday, Jan. 26, 2:30 P. M., residence John C. Morrow, 559 Prospect St., Westfield, N. J. Central R. R. N. J.

ALLASON.—On Jan. 23, Clara, daughter of the late William and Susan Allason, at her residence, 129 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn. Funeral services at her late residence Saturday evening, 8 o'clock.

ALPAUGH.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, Ida Stoll Alpaugh. Funeral services at her late residence, 52 North Clinton St., Trenton, N. J., on Monday, Jan. 27, at 2 P. M.

ANDRUSS.—Mary A., beloved wife of the late Commodore Henry Andruss, Jan. 23, 1919. Services at 132 Manhattan Av., Sunday, 8:30 P. M. Yonkers papers please copy.

AUBRY.—Henry. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Saturday, 1 P. M.

BARNES.—At her home, 222 East 17th St., New York, Jan. 23, 1919, Eleanor Barr Barnes, beloved wife of Edward Shippen Barnes. Funeral services 2:30 P. M., Saturday, Jan. 25, Calvary Church, 21st St. and 4th Av. Interment private. Boston and Philadelphia papers please copy.

BAYLEY.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Horace S. Bayley of 139 Quincy St., Brooklyn. Notice of funeral later.

BEATTIE.—On Jan. 23, Elizabeth A., wife of Robert Beattie. Services at 2,643 Broadway, on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 4 P. M.

BEVIER.—Jan. 24, 1919, Jennie Miller, beloved wife of Philip Hasbrouck Bevier. Services at her late home, 212 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, Saturday, Jan. 25, 8 P. M. Interment Montgomery, N. Y., Sunday, 2:30 P. M. Please omit flowers.

BLANKFORT.—Bella, on Friday, Jan. 24, devoted wife of Isaac M. and beloved mother of Mrs. Bertha Millard, Bernard, Henry, Mrs. Philip Coble, Joseph, and the late Mrs. Beckie Kramer. Funeral will take place on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 1 P. M., from her late residence, 203 West 111th St., New York. Interment at Washington Cemetery.

BLANKFORT.—Officers and members of the Noshim Rochmonioth Society are requested to attend the funeral of our dear sister and Treasurer, Bella Blankfort, from her late residence, 203 West 111th St., on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 1 P. M., and at 2 P. M. at the home of the Daughters of Jacob, 301 East Broadway.
Mrs. S. SCHARLIN, Pres.

BLANKFORT.—Members and friends of the Institutional Synagogue are requested to attend the funeral of the mother of our director, Henry Blankfort, at the late residence, 203 West 111th, Sunday, at 1 P. M. ISAAC SIEGEL, Pres.
VICTOR FRIEDMAN, Sec'y.

BOYE.—Amy H., on Jan. 23. Funeral services at Church of the Messiah, Saturday, Jan. 25, 2 P. M.

BROWN.—At Tenafly, N. J., Jan. 24, 1919, Charles R. Brown, news editor of New York Journal of Commerce. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BURKHARDT.—On Jan. 24, Hermann, beloved husband of Sarah, father of Rose, Bella, Tessie and Harry, and brother of Babetta Spandau and Lotta Burkhardt. Funeral services Sunday, 9:30 A. M., from 1,217 Washington Av., Bronx.

COLEMAN.—Agnes M., at her residence, 414 St. Nicholas Av., beloved daughter of Annie Coleman (nee Dyer) and the late Patrick Coleman. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CORNELL.—Frank M., on Jan. 23. Funeral services at residence of his sister, Mrs. William F. McConnell, 2,418 University Avenue, Bronx, on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 3 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

CZETO.—Jan. 22, aged 33 years, Emma, wife of Bertilon Czeto and sister of Honore Frederick. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 25, from her late residence, 433 East 5th St.

FREDERICK.—Jan. 22, aged 36 years, Honore, wife of Vincent Frederick and sister of Emma Czeto. Funeral Saturday, Jan. 25, from residence of her sister, Emma Czeto.

DAVIS.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Lenora, beloved daughter of the late John T. and Ann Field and sister of Mrs. Mary A. Huntoon, in her fifty-sixth year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at residence of her sister, 433 Park Av., East Orange, N. J., Sunday, 2 P. M. Train leaving D., L. & W. R. R., Hoboken, 1:15 P. M.

DAVIDSON.—Jan. 23, 1919, Pamela Davidson. Services Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Saturday, 10 A. M.

du BARRIL.—At her residence, 9 East 39th St., on Jan. 23, Maria, daughter of the late John Joseph and Manuelita Lavarrerie de Barril. Funeral from St. Patrick's Cathedral on Monday, Jan. 27, at 10 A. M.

DILGER.—On Jan. 24, 1919, at her residence, "Avenel," 909 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y., Dorothea Dilger, widow of John T. Dilger. Funeral service at her late residence Monday, Jan. 27, at 11 A. M.

Died.

DINKEL.—Suddenly at Havana, Cuba, Tuesday, Jan. 21, 1919, George W. Dinkel, husband of Anna Wittpenn Dinkel, of 35 Highland Av., Jersey City. Funeral services private.

DOLL.—John, beloved husband of Louise Hadert, Jan. 24, of pneumonia. Services Monday at late residence, 412 East 160th St., Bronx, 2 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

DONNIEZ.—Marc Louis, on Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, in his 80th year; beloved father of Louis, Harry, Arthur, Frank, and Alphonse Donniez. Funeral services at his late residence, 81 Weldon St., on Saturday evening, Jan. 25, at 8 o'clock. Interment Greenwood.

DUNEKA.—At Summit, N. J., on Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Frederick Atherton Duneka, beloved husband of Lilian Duneka. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

DUER.—In Rangoon, British India, Jan. 23, 1919, Caroline Blackstock Duer, wife of Colonel Charles Duer, I. M. S.

EMERY.—Mrs. Leonor, Jan. 24, in her 28th year. Funeral Monday, Jan. 27. Service at 2:15 P. M., St. John's Church, Murray Hill. Flushing Cemetery.

EVERS.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, George D. Evers, beloved husband of Mabel G. Stoddard. Funeral services at his late residence, 268 Troy Av., Brooklyn, on Monday at 2 P. M. Interment private.

FINK.—Ernest Arthur, in his 5th year, son of Colin and Lottie Fink of Yonkers. Interment private.

GEERING.—After a brief illness, on Jan. 23, 1919, Marie Annette, youngest daughter of the late Henry and Anna Geering. Funeral service at her late residence, (44 new number,) 9125 Lefferts Boulevard, Richmond Hill, L. I., on Saturday evening, Jan. 25, at 8:30. Interment at convenience of family.

GOCKEL.—Henry, after a short illness, at 771 3d Av., Vice President of the Associate Society of Steinwehr Post, No. 192, Grand Army of the Republic.
Comrades: It is our painful duty to announce the death of our beloved comrade, Henry Gockel, son-in-law of George Probst, of Steinwehr Post No. 192, Grand Army of the Republic. Comrades and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at 10 A. M., Saturday, Jan. 25th, St. Boniface Church, 47th St. and 2d Av.
FREDERICK H. MEIER, President.
ERNEST H. LEVIN, Secretary.

GOLDEN.—Friday, 10 A. M., Alice G., daughter of Anthony J. and Catherine Golden, sister of William A. of 1,241 Tinton Av. Notice of funeral later.

GOODMAN.—On Jan. 24, 1919, Bella Goodman, at her residence, Hotel St. Andrew, 72d St. and Broadway, beloved wife of Michael Goodman and devoted mother of Abe and Blanche Herman. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway and 66th St., Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2 P. M.

GOSFORD.—On Jan. 23, Olive Ermina, beloved wife of William A. Gosford. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Saturday evening 8:30 o'clock. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

GRABER.—Max J., beloved husband of Lena and devoted father of Sadie, Robin, Leon, Ruth, Sydney, and Jonas. Funeral from his late residence, 1,534 Charlotte St., Bronx, on Sunday, the 26th, at 10 A. M.

GRAY.—On Jan. 24, William Lowell, beloved husband of Mabel Gray. Lying in state at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway, 66th St.

GREER.—In New York City, on Jan. 24, John Homer, beloved husband of May I. Greer. Funeral services and interment at Maryville, Tenn. Cincinnati, Cleveland, and Columbus, Ohio, papers please copy.

GRESHAM.—Arthur La Borde, 2,420 Creston Av., in the 34th year of his age. Funeral services at Creston Avenue Baptist Church, Creston Av. and Fordham Road, Bronx, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

GUTTERSON.—At St. George Riverside Hospital, Yonkers, N. Y., on Jan. 23, 1919, Marian Barber Gutterson, beloved wife of Wilder Gutterson and daughter of James and Catherine Barber of Englewood, N. J. Funeral from residence of James Barber, Englewood, N. J., Sunday, private. Please omit flowers.

HARKNESS.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, at his residence, 270 Park Av., Harry S. Harkness, aged 38, beloved husband of Florence S. and only son of the late L. V. Harkness. Funeral services will be held at the Central Presbyterian Church, corner Madison Av. and 57th St., New York City, on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 26, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery. Pittsburgh, Penn.; Cleveland, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Pasadena, Cal., papers please copy.

HAVERTY.—At his residence, 64 Northfield St., Greenwich, Conn., on Jan. 24, 1919, James Haverty, beloved husband of Emily Haverty and father of Elizabeth, Frank, and Joseph Haverty and Mrs. C. Laurence. Interment at Mt. Olive, Elizabeth, N. J., at convenience of family.

HAWK.—At her residence, 125 East 72d St., Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, of pneumonia, Edith Olivia, beloved daughter of William S. and Edith A. Hawk. Funeral services at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 334 West 57th St., Saturday morning, Jan. 25, at 11 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

HELRIEGEL.—On Jan. 23, 1919, Daniel Helriegel, beloved husband of Christine Helriegel, in his 39th year. Funeral services Saturday evening at 8 o'clock at his late residence, 1,226 Simpson St., New York City. Funeral private.

HOUGH.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, Augusta, beloved wife of Clarence E. Hough, 819 Hancock St., Brooklyn. Funeral service Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2 P. M. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

HUTTMAN.—B. H., beloved father of Maud A. Huttman, on Jan. 23. Funeral services at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Monday, Jan. 27, at 3 o'clock. Companions of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion and members of the George Washington Post, G. A. R., are invited to attend.

JONES.—At the Post Graduate Hospital on January the 24th, Mr. Pembroke Jones of Wilmington, North Carolina, in the 61st year of his age. Short service will be held at 5 East 61st St. today, Saturday, January the 25th, at 1 o'clock. Funeral and interment will be at Wilmington, North Carolina.

LARKIN.—On Jan. 23, Mary A. Larkin, (nee Fallon,) beloved wife of Kearn Larkin. Funeral from her late residence, 1,727 Lexington Av., on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Cecilia's Church, where mass of requiem will be offered. Interment Calvary.

LITTELL.—On Jan. 24, George W., beloved husband of Carrie E. Littell, aged 62 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 122 Union Av., Cranford, N. J., Sunday, Jan. 26, at 3:30 P. M.

LOWENBEIN.—On Jan 23, Jacob, beloved father of Julius, Josephine, Anna, Bertha, Margaret, Samuel, and Seymour. Funeral at his late residence, 2,471 Davidson Av., Sunday, 10 A. M.

LUNT.—Charles Henry, at New York City, on Jan. 23, 1919. Burial at Newburyport, Mass. Boston, Chicago, and Newburyport papers please copy.

LYNN.—Lucy E., widow of George Lynn, in her 84th year. Funeral service Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2 P. M., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Wellwood, 17 West 177th St., corner Davidson Av., (one block west of Jerome Av.) Please omit flowers.

MACDONALD.—Jan. 21, 1919, Albert J., son of Thomas A. Macdonald and the late Jessie Macdonald, member of New York University Chapter Delta Upsilon Society.

MACGREGOR.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Antonia MacGregor, (nee Cornay,) beloved wife of Alexander J. MacGregor, in her 56th year. Funeral from her late residence, 1,115 Decatur St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, 28th inst., at 9:30 A. M.; thence to Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Aberdeen St., near Broadway.

McCOY.—May Greeley, 24 years old, wife of Daniel B. McCoy, at her home, State St., near 28th St., Broadway, Flushing, N. Y., on Friday, Jan. 24, 1919. Funeral service at St. Andrew's Church, Broadway, Flushing, Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

McKIBBIN.—Jan. 20, 1919, Martha A. McKibbin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John G. McKibbin. Services at Reformed Church, Bronxville, N. Y., Saturday, 10:30 A. M. Interment Bronxville Cemetery.

McNICKLE.—On Jan. 23, William J., beloved brother of Marie, Gertrude, and Madeline McNickle and beloved nephew of Thomas B. and and A. F. McNickle. Funeral Saturday from late residence, 53 Bay 25th St., Brooklyn. Requiem mass St. Finbar's Roman Catholic Church at 10 A. M. Auto cortege. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

MARX.—On Friday, Jan. 24, in his 31st year, Lester F., beloved husband of Lillian (nee Morris) and father of Robert Louis. Funeral at convenience of family. Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.

MEADE.—Sister Anita Rosario, cousin of Rev. William Turner of Catholic University and of Rev. John Turner, St. Joseph's Seminary, Dunwoodie. Funeral from St. Vincent's Hospital Saturday, Jan. 25, 9:30 A. M.

MILLER.—On Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1919, Sally Baldwin Miller, twin daughter of William Baldwin and Louise Stevenson Miller. Services at the residence, 400 Park Av., New York City, Saturday, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

MILLER.—Abbie D., wife of the late Eben Miller, suddenly, on Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, at 10 8th Av., Brooklyn. Funeral private.

MOFFITT.—On Jan. 22, Paulina R., beloved wife of George W. Moffitt of Madison, N. J. Funeral services at residence of his mother, 371 West 120th St., Saturday, Jan. 25, 8 P. M.

MOSES.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, Lillian, beloved wife of J. Arthur Moses and daughter of Francis Leifert. Funeral from her late residence, 415 9th St., Brooklyn, Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2 P. M. Please omit flowers.

Died.

NEWMAN.—Sergeant Major Mortimer M. Newman, beloved son of Adolphus and Hannah Newman, passed away at his residence, 880 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, Jan. 23, pneumonia. Funeral private. No flowers.

NILES.—Fell asleep at noon on Jan. 22, the Rev. Charles Martin Niles, D. D., rector of the Church of the Ascension, Atlantic City. Funeral services at the church on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 2 P. M. Reverend clergy invited to attend. Please bring vestments.

OHM.—Freda Dorothea, at Saranac Lake, on Jan. 23, in her 33d year. Funeral services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., Saturday, Jan. 25, 11:30 A. M.

POSNER.—Suddenly, Friday afternoon, Jan. 24, Selma Gertrude, aged 7 years and 3 months, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob D. Posner. Funeral services Sunday morning, 11 o'clock promptly, at 828 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

RADLER.—On Jan. 23, George Radler, beloved husband of Ida Radler, aged 85 years. Funeral services at St. Augustus's Church, Jan. 25, at 10 A. M. Interment in St. Michael's Cemetery.

RAFTER.—On Jan. 24, Catherine Mead Rafter, beloved daughter of the late Annie Mead and sister of Mrs. Edward F. Horan. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2:30 P. M., from her late residence, 63 West 180th St., Bronx. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

READ.—On Friday, Jan. 24, at 349 West 58th, Sarah Elizabeth Read, in her eighty-eighth year. Funeral private.

REED.—Mrs. Hannah W. Reed, at her home in Belleville, N. Y., Jan. 23, leaving a son, Mr. N. W. Reed of Seattle, Wash., and a daughter, Mrs. J. W. Hobgood of New York City.

REISMAN.—Elias, after brief illness, on Jan. 24, 1919. Funeral Sunday at 1:30 P. M. from his late residence, 1,551 Minford Place, New York City, Borough of Bronx. Kindly omit flowers.

REISMAN.—The members of the Hungarian Society of New York are requested to attend the funeral of Elias Reisman on Sunday, Jan. 26, 1:30 sharp, from 1,551 Minford Place, Bronx.
LEOPOLD ORWAN, President.
J. BIRNBAUM, Secretary.

RICHARDS.—On Jan. 23, Gertrude Richards, at her residence, 204 West 109th St. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., on Monday morning, 10 o'clock. Interment Kensico.

SAWERS.—On Jan. 21, William Brown Sawers, in his 53d year. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway, 66th St., on Saturday morning, 10:30 o'clock, Jan. 25, 1919. Interment Woodlawn.

SCHNEIDER.—Eberhart, at his residence, 219 2d Av., on Jan. 24, 1919. Funeral Monday, Jan. 27, at 2:30 P. M.

SINGER.—On Jan. 23, Viola C. Singer, (nee Cohn,) in her twenty-eighth year, beloved wife of William B. Singer, daughter of Pauline Goldberger. Funeral services West End Synagogue, 160 West 82d St., Sunday, Jan. 26, 10 A. M. Mexico City papers please copy.

STERN.—At his residence, 615 West 162d St., on Jan. 24, 1919, in his 82d year, Morris H., beloved father of Henry M., Jerome, and Blanche Stern, Martha S. Kraemer, Della Zeliler, Estelle Myers, and Lillian Shane. Funeral at convenience of family.

STUBBLEBEIN.—On Jan. 23, at Richmond, Va., Rilla, wife of P. A. Stubblebein of New Rochelle, N. Y. Interment at Ilion, N. Y.

TAYLOR.—At his home, 636 East 21st St., Brooklyn, Jan. 24, 1919, Edward Alvin, beloved husband of May Martin Taylor. Services at his late residence Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

TILYOU.—Oscar Spencer, son of the late John F. and Eliza Field Tilyou, Jan. 23, in his 82d year. Services at the residence of his nephew, Clarence A. Hope, 110 West 122d St., Sunday, 2:30. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

VALENSI.—Victor, suddenly, at his home, Jan. 23, aged 54; beloved husband of Clara Valensi, father of Edward and William, and brother of Edward, Jack, Lazare, and Albert. Funeral at 228 Lenox Av., Sunday morning, 10 o'clock.

WELLS.—In France, on Oct. 10, from wounds received in action, First Lieutenant Edward L. Wells, in his 33d year, son of Anna M. S. and the late Edward L. Wells of Charleston, S. C.

WILSON.—At Hartford, Conn., Jan. 23, 1919, John Cincinnatus Wilson, aged 54 years. Funeral service at his late residence, 870 Prospect Av., Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.

WISE.—At San Francisco, Jan. 23, Otto Irving Wise, beloved husband of Ethel Adelaide and son of the late Rev. Dr. Aaron Wise and Sabine Wise. Funeral notice hereafter.

Died.

WYNN.—Madeleine, beloved daughter of Katherine and the late James Wynn, and sister of May, Bess, Julia, and Frances Wynn, at her residence, 28 6th St., Weehawken, N. J. Funeral train leaves via West Shore R. R. Sunday at 6:50 A. M. Interment Monday, at Rosendale, N. Y. Kingston (N. Y.) papers please copy.

YARK.—Minnie, suddenly, at her residence, 3,017 Kingsbridge Av. Funeral services at the Church of the Mediator, Kingsbridge, on Sunday, at 3 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

YATES.—At his home, 279 West End Av., on Friday, Jan. 24, of pneumonia, aged 29 years, John Strong, beloved husband of Laura and son of John B. and Anna S. Yates. Funeral services private at Campbell's Chapel, Broadway and 66th St., Sunday afternoon, Jan. 26, 1919.

YOUNG.—In France, Oct. 10, from wounds received in action Oct. 9, Richmond Young of Boston, First Lieutenant, Company K, 38th Infantry.

YOUNG.—At Peekskill, Jan. 24, Maria L., widow of the late Townsend Young of Ossining, N. Y. Short service will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. E. Young, 934 Paulding St., Peekskill, on Monday, Jan. 27, at 1 P. M. Regular services at the residence of her son, C. T. Young, South Highland Av., Ossining, at 3 P. M. Interment Dale Cemetery, Ossining.

In Memoriam.

KELLEHER.—In memory of Thomas Kelleher, for seventeen years a most faithful and much-loved employe of the Presbyterian Home in East 73d St., New York City. On Christmas morning, 1918, he entered into the joy of his Lord.

VOLKEL.—In loving memory of William Volkel, who died Jan. 25, 1911.

Unveiling.

WALLENSTEIN.—Unveiling of monument of late Etta Wallenstein will take place Jan. 26, 3 P. M., Daniel Webster's Mt. Zion Cemetery, weather permitting.

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The Public Forum,
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Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street
Speaker:
Lt. Col. Chas. W. Whittlesey,
Commander of the
"LOST BATTALION"
Subject:
"The Returning Soldier"
Sunday, January 26th, at 8 P. M.
The Public Is Invited.

DR. NATHAN KRASS
Lectures Sunday Mornings at 11 Promptly
at CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE
Lexington Avenue at Fifty-fifth Street
Subject, January 26th:
"Zionism."
A FEATURE:
Questions submitted in writing will be answered by Dr. Krass.
FINE MUSICAL PROGRAM

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Money Expectations Send Stocks Up—Loan Restrictions Removed.

The stock market was under the influence throughout the greater part of yesterday's session of anticipatory feelings over the Money Committee's action in respect to bank credits. The Street was filled with rumors about the action to come late in the day, ranging all the way from stories that a 20 per cent. increase would be allowed in brokerage house loans to others that all restrictions would be removed. The committee's decision went as far as the most hopeful follower of the market had looked for, at least in respect to the removal of formal restraints. It remains to be seen, of course, whether it was only the condition of credits which had kept the business in a quiet state for many weeks, but the brisk rise which occurred yesterday showed that speculators were willing to vent some of their enthusiasm over the prospect. Railroad and industrial stocks moved forward together and while the turnover was not large in comparison with really active days of bull markets, still it reflected a considerable increase over many recent sessions. Prices led off from 1 to nearly 3 points higher among many popular stocks with sharp bulges recorded here and there by specialties. Bonds reflected the pending credit changes only to a small degree.

The statement issued by the Money Committee after the close of business showed that the Stock Exchange authorities had carefully scrutinized speculative transactions and were convinced that no signs were in evidence of an outbreak of market activity great enough to disturb the credit structure before the Spring loan of the Government was floated. Having recourse to the records of Stock Exchange houses they presumably were able to trace the quality of buying for some months past. The situation of industry and trade would seem to support the theory that a widespread buying movement was hardly imminent, although it must be borne in mind that security prices usually forecast coming developments in industry and finance a long time in advance. Among the banks, it was learned, the attitude prevailed that credit demands for commercial purposes, although less than during the war period, promised to be great enough to absorb a large amount of bank credit in the period before the new loan appeared, and to preclude any greatly increased allowance for the stock market. Should speculation for the rise gain force, however, it stands to reason that competition for credit between the stock market and commercial demands might grow intensive enough to cause call money rates to rise to a level where the banks would find it profitable to expand their brokerage loans at the same time that commercial borrowing was held in check. From one point of view the removal of credit limitations will be in the nature of an experiment for some time to come. Neither the Treasury Department nor the banks are desirous of having any undue burden put on credits before the Victory Loan campaign begins. At the same time a feeling prevails that a free stock market, if accompanied by advancing prices, would make the public more favorably inclined toward investments in the big loan and thereby aid in its wide distribution.

The compilation of railroad earnings for 1918 as presented to financial circles in yesterday morning's newspapers bore out the prediction made before the end of last year that a deficit of close to $250,000,000 would be the final result. The wage increases, totaling $636,000,000 for a part of the year, showed that the expansion of wage costs for a full year at the same rate would have been close to $800,000,000. The Director General, with opportunity to revise earlier estimates since the end of December, is expected in some quarters to apply for an addition of more than $500,000,000 to the revolving fund for 1919. It is becoming more apparent as figures appear that net earnings this year will have a vital relation to the increase or decrease of traffic as compared with last year.

Prices Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—Prices on the Bourse were stable today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63 francs 10 centimes for cash, exchange on London 25 francs 98 centimes, 5 per cent. loan 93 francs.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	4½	High	5½
Low	4½	Low	5½
Renewals	4½	Renewals	5½
Last	4½	Last	5½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.........4¼@4½

Time Loans.

ALL INDUSTRIALS.		MIXED COLLAT'LS.	
Sixty days	5 @5¼	Sixty days	5¼@5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5¼@5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¼@5½
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5¼@5½
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5¼@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.........4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.........4¼@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.........5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.........5 @5½
4 to 6 months.........5 @5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.........5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.7580	$4.7580	$4.7580	..
Cables	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655	—.000125
Francs—				
Demand	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	..
Cables	5.45½	5.45½	5.45½	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7580	$4.7655
5.1813	Paris	0.45⅝	0.45⅛
5.1813	Belgium	5.67½	5.65½
	China—		
	Hongkong	78.00	78.10
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	120.60
40.20	Holland	41⅞	41⅞
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.40	51.50
	Yokohama	51.40	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.07	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.45	28.60
	Copenhagen	26.875	26.60
	Christiania	27.55	27.80
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42	Rio	28.35	25.50
5.1813	Switzerland	4.86	4.85
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	16.20	16.50
	500 rubles	16.10	16.40

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71¾	$4.72¼	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $620,526,031; balances, $52,086,968; Treasury credit balance, $127,023; Federal Reserve credit balance, $40,140,716.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.50	...	5.50
Spelter	...	7.30	...	7.30
Antimony	...	7.50	...	7.50
Quicksilver	$105.00	...	$105.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	90	0	0	91	0	0
Copper, futures	83	0	0	85	0	0
Tin, spot	248	0	0	248	0	0
Tin, futures	245	5	0	244	0	0
Spelter	56	0	0	56	0	0
Lead	35	0	0	35	0	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JAN. 24, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	589,325	846,505	429,873
Year to date	9,118,480	11,446,804	14,454,164

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
45	46	200	Adams Express	46¼	46¼	46	46	−½
21½	22⅝	200	Advance Rumely	22½	22½	22½	22½	+1
71½	72½	1,500	Ajax Rubber	71½	72	71½	72½	+1¾
3⅝	3⅞	600	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	+⅞
2	2⅛	100	Alaska Juneau	2	2	2	2	...
32	32¼	3,400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	31½	32⅝	31½	32	+½
100	100½	500	Am. Agricul. Chem	100	100¼	100	100¼	−½
69	69⅝	1,900	Am. Beet Sugar	69	70	68⅝	69½	+⅝
47¼	47½	5,100	Am. Can	46⅝	47⅞	46⅝	47⅞	+½
101⅜	103⅜	800	Am. Can pf	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	+½
90½	90⅞	1,900	Am. Car & Fdry	90¼	91	90¼	90½	+½
42⅝	43	700	Am. Cotton Oil	42½	43¼	42½	43	+1½
11	11¼	3,400	Am. Druggists	10⅞	11¼	10⅞	11	...
15	15⅞	1,200	Am. H. & Leather	15⅛	15⅞	15	15	−⅝
81¼	82	7,200	Am. H. & L. pf	82½	83	81	81¾	
40	42	400	Am. Ice	39½	40	39½	40	+1⅜
54⅝	56	400	Am. Ice pf	55⅝	55⅝	55	55	+½
54½	54⅝	200	Am. International	54½	54½	54½	54⅞	+½
49⅞	49⅝	6,600	Am. Linseed	47⅝	49⅝	47½	49⅝	+1⅞
91½	92	2,200	Am. Linseed pf	89	91½	89	91¼	+2⅝
61	61½	500	Am. Locomotive	59½	60½	59½	60½	+1⅜
102	103¼	200	Am. Locomotive pf	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	+1¾
1½	1⅝	500	Am. Malting	1½	1½	1½	1½	...
46	47	100	Am. M.1st pf. c.of d	46	46	46	46	...
71¼	71⅝	14,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	69⅝	71⅝	69¼	71½	+2⅝
106¼	107	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	106	106	106	106	...
105	115	300	Am. Snuff	105	105	105	105	...
80¼	80⅝	800	Am. Steel F'dries	79½	80¼	79½	80¼	+1½
113	113½	500	Am. Sugar Ref	112½	113¼	112½	113	+1
102	102¼	3,000	Am. Sumatra T.x d	102½	102⅝	101½	102	+1⅝
92	95	100	Am. Sumatra T. pf	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	+⅝
100⅝	101	3,700	Am. Tel. & Tel	100⅝	101¼	100⅝	100½	+⅝
196	200	400	Am. Tobacco	195	200	195	200	+6
101½	104	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	102	102	102	102	+½
46½	46⅝	300	Am. Woolen	46	46¼	46	46	+½
33½	34	200	Am. Writing P. pf	34	34	34	34	−½
59¼	59⅝	6,400	Anaconda Copper	58⅝	59⅝	57⅝	59⅝	+2
1⅛	1⅝	100	Assets Realization	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	...
22¼	22⅝	300	Asso. Dry Goods	21⅝	22⅛	21⅝	22⅛	+⅝
74	75	100	Associated Oil	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	+1⅝
92½	92½	800	Atch., Top. & S. F	91⅝	92⅝	91⅝	92⅝	+⅝
86½	87½	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	87	87⅛	87	87⅛	+1⅛
101¼	102½	1,100	At. Gulf & West I	100⅝	102½	100⅝	102½	+2
70	70½	11,750	Baldwin Loco	68½	70¼	68⅝	70¼	+2⅝
47	47⅛	4,000	Balt. & Ohio x d	46½	47⅛	46	47⅛	+1
110½	111	100	Barrett Co	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	+⅝
1⅛	1⅛	100	Batopilas Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	...
60⅝	61½	200	Bethlehem Steel	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	+⅛
61	61⅛	34,500	Beth. Steel, class B	59⅝	61⅛	59⅝	61	+2⅛
102⅝	103	800	Beth. Steel 8% pf	102½	102⅝	102½	102⅝	+⅛
19	19¼	1,200	Booth Fisheries	19½	19½	19	19	−½
20⅝	20½	4,900	Bklyn Rapid Tran	20½	20⅝	19⅞	20⅝	−½
153½	154½	200	Burns Brothers	153⅞	153⅞	153⅞	153⅞	+⅞
6	6⅝	100	Butte Cop. & Zinc	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+½
16	16½	300	Butterick Co	16½	16½	16½	16½	−⅛
54	54½	2,000	California Packing	53⅝	54⅝	53⅞	54⅝	+2¼
24⅝	24⅞	11,700	California Petrol	22⅝	25⅛	22⅝	24⅝	+2⅛
69⅛	69⅝	2,700	California Pet. pf	67⅛	70⅛	67⅛	69⅝	+2½
158½	159⅝	500	Canadian Pacific	158	159½	158	159½	+2¼
59½	59½	800	Central Leather Co	58¼	59½	58¼	59⅝	+1¼
31½	31⅝	200	Cerro de Pasco Cop	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	31½	+⅜
55⅝	55½	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	54½	55⅝	54½	55⅝	+½
8	8⅛	200	Chi. Great Western	7½	8	7½	8	+⅛
25	25⅛	200	Chi. Great West. pf	25	25⅛	25	25⅜	+½
39	39½	700	Chi., Mil. & St. P	38⅝	39½	38⅛	39	+½
71	71¼	1,500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	71½	71½	70½	71½	+1⅛
95¼	96	100	Chi. & Northwest	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95½	+⅞
23⅝	23⅝	700	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	23⅛	23⅝	23⅛	23⅝	+½
75½	76	100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	+¾
63⅝	64	300	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	63	63½	63	63½	+1
17⅝	18	4,000	Chile Copper	17⅛	18	17⅛	18	+½
33⅝	33⅝	1,300	Chino Copper	33	33⅝	33	33⅝	+1
36⅛	36⅝	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	36	36⅝	36	36⅝	+1⅜
42⅝	43	1,500	Columbia Gas & El	41⅝	43	41⅝	42⅞	+1¼
93	94	100	Consolidated Gas	93	93	93	93	+1
69	70	200	Continental Can	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	69¼	+¼
48½	48⅝	5,100	Corn Products Ref	48⅛	48⅝	47⅞	48½	+⅝
102	103	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	+⅝
102	103	90	Do. odd lot	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	...
54⅝	55	6,800	Crucible Steel	54½	55	53⅝	54⅝	+⅝
24⅛	24½	2,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	23⅝	24½	23⅝	24¼	+⅝
75⅛	75⅝	1,500	Cuba Cane S. pf	75⅛	75⅝	75⅛	75⅝	+⅞
3⅝	5	100	Den. & Rio Grande	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+⅛
6½	6⅞	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	6½	6½	6½	6½	+⅛
..	..	400	Det. Edison rights	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
53	53¼	5,100	Distillers' Secur	51⅝	53½	51⅝	53¼	+1⅝
12	12½	100	Dome Mines	12	12	12	12	+⅛
16¼	16⅝	1,300	Erie	16	16⅝	16	16½	+½
26⅝	26⅞	500	Erie 1st pf	26	26⅞	26	26⅞	+⅞
35	35⅝	100	Federal M. & S. pf	35	35	35	35	+⅛
28⅝	29	1,700	Gaston, W. & W	28⅝	29	28⅝	29	−⅝
149	150	100	General Electric	150	150	150	150	+1
123½	124	900	General Motors	123	123⅝	123	123½	+1⅝
1	1⅛	502	Gen. Motors rights	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
60½	61	2,100	Goodrich Co	58⅝	61	58⅝	60⅝	+2⅛
73	74½	400	Granby Consol	74	74½	74	74½	+½
92¼	92⅝	1,500	Great Northern pf	92¼	92⅝	92¼	92⅝	+⅛
37⅛	38⅛	14,200	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	37¼	38⅛	37¼	38	+⅞
44	45	400	Greene-Can. Cop	44	44½	44	44½	+1
53	55	300	Gulf States Steel	52⅝	53	52⅝	53	+⅝
42	43	100	Haskell & Barker	43	43	43	43	
96	96½	100	Illinois Central	96	96	96	96	
44⅝	44⅞	4,800	Inspiration Copper	44	45	43⅝	44⅞	+⅞
5¼	5⅝	300	Interboro Consol	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	...
18⅝	19⅞	1,000	Interboro Con. pf	19⅝	19⅞	19⅝	19⅞	+¼
11½	13¼	100	Int. Agricultural	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	+¾
55	59	100	Int. Agricultural pf	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	+⅝
113	116	300	Int. Harvester new	112½	114	112½	114	+1½
24½	24⅝	1,000	Int. Mer. Marine	23⅝	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+⅞
103⅞	103⅞	21,600	Int. Mer. Marine pf	102	104½	101½	103⅝	+1⅝
26⅝	26⅞	1,500	Int. Nickel	26⅞	27	26⅝	27	+⅛
35⅛	35½	2,100	Int. Paper	35⅛	35½	35	35⅝	+⅝
62⅝	63	300	Int. Paper pf., sta	62⅞	67⅞	62⅝	62⅞	−1⅛
17½	18½	300	Kansas City South	17½	18	17½	18	−⅛
75	76	5,600	Kelly Spring. Tire	72¼	77	72¼	76⅝	+6⅛
32	36	100	Kelsey Wheel	34	34	34	34	−1
32⅝	32⅞	1,900	Kennecott Copper	32½	32⅝	32½	32⅝	+⅛
2½	5	100	Keokuk & Des Mo	2½	2½	2½	2½	+½
65	66	300	Lackawanna Steel	65½	66	65½	66	+2⅛
21⅝	22	700	Lee Rubber & Tire	21½	22½	21½	22	+⅝
56⅝	57	600	Lehigh Valley	56½	57	56½	57	+1⅛
45⅝	46½	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	46½	46½	46½	46½	+¾
96½	98	100	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	−⅝
69½	70	100	Mackay Cos	70	70	70	70	..
28	28¼	200	Maxwell Motors	27½	28	27½	28	+1
51½	52½	600	Max. Motors 1st pf	51½	52	51	52	+1⅝
171½	171⅞	44,800	Mexican Petroleum	165½	171⅝	163¼	171½	+7¼
23¼	23⅝	1,800	Miami Copper	23½	23⅞	23½	23¼	+⅛
42⅞	43	2,800	Midvale Steel	42	42⅝	41⅝	42	+⅞
5	5¼	600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4⅞	5	4⅞	5	+⅛
24⅝	24½	1,225	Missouri Pacific	24	24¼	24	24¼	+⅛
30	31	100	Nat. Acme	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	+⅝
14⅝	15	400	Nat. Cond. & Cable	15	15	14⅝	15	..
49¼	49½	1,000	Nat. Enam. & St	48½	49¼	48½	49¼	+¾
67⅞	68½	1,300	Nat. Lead	67½	68⅝	67½	68½	+1½
16⅞	17	100	Nevada Con. Cop	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+⅛
102	105	200	N. Y. Air Brake	105	105	105	105	+2½
72½	72⅝	1,600	N. Y. Central	72⅝	73	72¼	72⅝	+⅝
29½	29⅝	1,400	N. Y., N. H. & H	29	29⅝	29	29½	−⅛
19¼	20	300	N. Y., Ont. & West	19½	19½	19¼	19¼	+¼
105½	106½	200	Norfolk & Western	105	105	105	105	+½
..	..	200	Nor. & W. rts. cash	¾	¾	¾	¾	
47	48	100	North American	48	48	48	48	+⅝
91	92	1,000	Northern Pacific	91	92	91	91½	+1
53⅝	55	250	Nova Scotia S. & C	53⅝	53⅞	53½	53⅞	+⅛
42⅝	42½	1,800	Ohio Cities Gas	42	42½	41⅞	42½	+½
9	9⅛	8,600	Okla. Prod. & Ref	8⅝	9⅛	8⅝	9⅛	+½
42	50	100	Pacific Coast x d	42	42	42	42	+3
36½	38	200	Pacific Mail	36⅝	36⅝	36½	36½	+⅝
69	69½	5,900	Pan-Am. P. & T	67½	69½	67½	69	+1⅛
119	121	100	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	120	120	120	120	+2
45⅝	45⅝	1,500	Penn. R. R	44⅝	45⅝	44⅝	45⅝	+⅝
47⅝	49	100	People's Gas, Chi	48	48	48	48	+⅝
40	44	100	Pere Marquette pf	43	43	43	43	...
40	40½	900	Pierce-Arrow	40	40⅝	40	40¼	+⅛
17⅝	18	6,900	Pierce Oil	17½	18	17½	17⅝	+¼
46⅝	46⅞	500	Pittsburgh Coal	46⅝	46⅝	46	46⅝	+⅝
36	36⅛	200	Pitts. & West Va	36	36	36	36	+⅛
64	64⅝	200	Pressed Steel Car	64½	64½	64	64	+1
88	..	200	Public Service N. J	91	91	90	90	−1⅝
119⅝	120	400	Pullman Co	120	120	119½	120	−1
73½	73¾	1,600	Railway Steel Sp	72	74	72	73¾	+1⅞
20⅛	20⅜	200	Ray Con. Copper	20¼	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜	
78⅞	79	3,800	Reading	79	79⅝	78⅞	79	+1
74⅜	74⅝	3,700	Rep. Iron & Steel	73½	74⅝	73	74⅝	+1
101	102	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	
77½	77⅝	5,900	Royal Dutch t r	76½	78⅛	75½	77⅝	+3¼
12	12½	100	St. Louis-San Fran	12	12	12	12	
7	7½	100	Saxon Motor	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+⅛
175	176½	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	175½	175½	175½	175½	+⅛
12	12½	100	Shattuck-Arizona	12	12	12	12	
34⅝	35½	3,700	Sinclair Oil Refin	33⅝	35¼	33⅝	35	+1⅜
51½	52½	400	Sloss-S. Steel & I	51	51½	51	51½	+1⅛
98⅝	98⅞	8,600	Southern Pacific	98½	99⅛	97⅞	98⅞	+1½
27⅝	27½	8,200	Southern Railway	27¼	27½	27	27½	+½
68	68½	100	Southern Ry. pf	68	68	68	68	...
38	39	700	Strom. Carburetor	38	39	37½	39	+½
49¼	49⅝	14,900	Studebaker Co	48⅛	49⅝	47½	49⅝	+1½
47½	49½	200	Stutz Motor	48	49	48	49	+1⅛
33⅛	34	200	Superior Steel	32⅞	34	32⅞	34	+1⅛
13⅛	14	100	Tenn. C. & C	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	+¼
189⅝	190	6,200	Texas Co	188	189¾	186	189⅝	+2½
16¼	17	1,500	Texas Co. rights	16⅝	17	16⅛	17	+⅛
32½	32⅝	10,100	Texas & Pacific	32⅝	33½	32¼	32¼	−⅛
200	290	10	Texas Pacific L. T	300	300	300	300	
75⅝	75¾	8,400	Tobacco Products	75	75⅝	75	75⅝	+1⅛
101	104	100	Tobacco Prod. pf	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	+1⅞
37½	38⅝	100	Transue & Wms	38	38	38	38	+⅝
78	80	400	Union Bag & Paper	78	79	78	79	+3
127⅝	127¾	8,500	Union Pacific	127¼	127⅝	126⅝	127⅝	+⅞
72½	73	200	Union Pacific pf	72½	72½	72½	72½	+⅛
37⅝	38	300	United Alloy Steel	37⅝	38	37⅝	37⅞	+⅛
114¼	114⅝	4,300	United Cigar Stores	113½	114¼	113	114¼	+1⅛
16½	18	100	United Ry. Inv. pf	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	−⅛
15	15½	2,200	U. S. C. I. P. & F	14	15⅛	14	15	+1
45	45⅞	400	U.S.C.I.P.& F. pf	45	45⅞	45	45⅞	+2⅛
102	102½	4,600	U. S. Indus. Alco	99½	102½	99¼	102	+3
25	26	300	U. S. R. & Imp	25⅝	25⅞	25½	25⅞	−⅛
76⅛	76½	7,400	U. S. Rubber	76	76½	75¼	76½	+1¼
108	111	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	−¼
44	44¼	100	U. S. Sm., R. & M	44	44	44	44	−½
92	92¼	139,100	U. S. Steel	90⅝	92¼	90⅝	92¼	+2½
114⅝	115	200	U. S. Steel pf	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝	+⅛
71½	71⅝	6,100	Utah Copper	70	71⅝	69⅝	71½	+1⅝
15⅛	15⅜	2,700	Utah Securities	15⅛	15⅜	15⅛	15⅛	+⅛
52⅝	53	200	Va.-Car. Chemical	52½	52½	52½	52½	+⅝
111½	113	200	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	+⅞
8	8¼	100	Wabash	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	...
31⅝	32⅛	600	Wabash pf. A	31⅞	32⅛	31⅞	32⅛	−⅛
19⅝	21	100	Wabash pf. B	20	20	20	20	+½
11	11¼	500	Western Maryland	11	11⅛	11	11⅛	...
17½	19¼	200	Western Pacific	18½	19	18½	19	+1
87	88	100	Western Union Tel	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	+1⅛
41¼	41⅝	400	Westingh. E. & M	41⅛	41⅝	41⅛	41⅝	+⅝
8⅛	9	100	Wheeling & L. E	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+⅛
68	68½	500	Wilson & Co	68½	68½	68	68	...
24¼	24½	4,300	Willys-Overland	23⅝	24½	23⅝	24¼	+⅛
87½	88	300	Willys-Overland pf	88	88⅛	88	88⅛	−⅛
32	35	100	Wisconsin Central	32	32	32	32	+1
126¼	129	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	126¼	126¼	126¼	126¼	+1¼
54	55	100	Worthington Pump	52½	52½	52½	52½	...

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Baltimore & Ohio Dividend Dates.

The Stock Exchange issued this explanation of the reason for Baltimore & Ohio common stock selling "ex-dividend" yesterday instead of the record date, Jan. 28: "The stock of record date is not Jan. 28, but was Dec. 28. Since Dec. 28 the stock has carried a due bill and has not been ex-dividend, owing to the fact that the dividend was declared payable subject to the approval of the Railroad Administration. The approval having been received, the stock is made ex-dividend today. The dividend is payable Feb. 1. Baltimore & Ohio common will again sell ex-dividend on Tuesday, Jan. 28, which dividend will be payable March 1."

Union Bag and Paper Extra Payment.

The rising tendency of stock prices supplied a fertile field in which extra dividends could flower into profits. The Union Bag and Paper Company's extra disbursement of 2 per cent. was announced and forthwith the stock moved forward 3 points. The dividend will be paid in Fourth Liberty Loan bonds on Feb. 15 to stockholders of record Feb. 5.

Lake Copper Operations Slowing Down.

Dispatches from the Lake Superior copper region yesterday indicated that operations were rapidly approaching a basis promoted by the current slack market. The Quincy Mining Company announced a reduction of 25 per cent. in mine and smelter, and other concerns were reported to be discussing with their men the proposal either to lay off many workers or reduce wages.

The Outlook for Shipbuilding.

One of the noteworthy features of the remarks of President Eugene G. Grace of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, following a meeting of the directors on Thursday, had to do with the plans of the company as regards shipbuilding for foreign countries. He stated that the corporation already had representatives in many of the countries abroad looking into the shipping situation, and this has been taken to indicate that the company will seek foreign orders for its shipbuilding plants. Lack of ships is being felt everywhere, for all of the countries are planning an extension of their foreign interests in trade channels. Just at present trade of this sort is waiting for the carrying vessels.

Awaiting Steel Dividend.

Much interest attaches to the forthcoming meeting of the Directors of the United States Steel Corporation. The tone of the general market list was apparently improved yesterday by the announcement that there would be no cut in the dividend rate on the Bethlehem Steel common stocks. One had been predicted by the speculative element in the Street, and if the United States Steel Corporation also decides to maintain its dividend rate at the level of the last declaration it will be looked upon as not only a favorable omen for the steel shares themselves, but also for underlying business conditions. Just at present the talk is that the Steel Corporation will reduce its extra dividend.

New Steel Contract Abandoned.

Much attention in the steel trade has been directed toward the new contract form which, it was said, would hold the buyer to equal liability with the seller of steel products in case of a cancellation of contract. Under the old contract form, the buyer looked upon his contract more in the nature of an option than as a binding agreement. This new device was hailed as a step which would be to the benefit of the steel companies. It was, therefore, surprising when the announcement came forth yesterday after a meeting of the Directors of the American Iron and Steel Institute that the Special Committee which had been considering this matter for several years had been disbanded and that no recommendation had been made for the adoption of the new contract form. No reason for the rejection of the proposed change was advanced.

Canadian Carriers Do Well.

Reports from Canada indicate that the railroads of the Dominion had a profitable year in 1918. Preliminary figures show that the gross income for the combined railroad properties increased more than 9 per cent. in 1918, while the combined increase in December amounted to 32 per cent.

Discount Companies Abroad.

With New York's first discount corporation just launched considerable interest attaches to the earnings of some of the British companies after which a number of American concerns have been patterned. The companies abroad all showed good earnings in the year just ended. In the case of the National Discount Company in England the dividend for the year was raised to 11½ per cent. from 11 per cent. in 1917. In 1918 the concern added £50,000, while £47,200 was carried to the surplus account. The Directors of Alexander's Discount Company declared a 12 per cent. dividend and a bonus of a shilling a share, which was free of income tax. The Union Discount Company of London carried forward £121,000 at the end of 1918 and paid a 14 per cent. dividend in the course of the year. The dividend rate was the same in 1917, and £116,548 was the company's undivided balance at the close of that year.

Dividend Ruling Affects Stocks.

A number of the stock issues were affected in the market yesterday by the ruling of the Federal Court in this district on the question of stock dividends not being income. Among them were Goodrich Rubber, United Cigar Stores, Industrial Alcohol, and Kelly-Springfield. All of these issues gained ground on rumors of approaching stock dividends.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98⅛	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99¼	99⅝	5.95
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99¼	100	5.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99¼	100¼	5.80
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	62¼	64	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	151	155	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	57	59	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	98	99¼	5.50

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100⅛	100⅝	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99⅛	99⅝	5.25
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	100⅝	101⅛	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101⅛	101⅝	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅛	102	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103⅛	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅝	103⅞	6.00
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96½	99⅞	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅛	99⅝	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100⅛	100⅝	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	100⅛	101⅛	6.15
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100⅝	101	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅝	101	6.65
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	100⅝	101⅛	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100⅛	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	89	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	97⅝	98⅛	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	96⅝	97⅛	7.10
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100⅝	5.20
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅝	5.60
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102⅛	102⅝	6.85
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97⅛	98⅛	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	92	94	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	97½	99	6.05
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅛	100⅝	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100⅝	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99¼	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99⅛	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99⅛	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97⅛	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99⅛	99⅝	5.80
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99⅞	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C., N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	98	99	11.00
Pitt. & S.S.R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100⅛	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100⅛	100⅝	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101⅛	101⅝	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102⅛	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	103	103⅛	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103⅝	104⅛	5.65
Rem. A. U. M. Ctge. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99½	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99⅝	99⅞	..
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99	100	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95	96½	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	98½	8.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	89	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99⅝	100	7.00

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JAN. 24, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$14,705,000	$4,128,500	$3,451,000
Year to date	216,455,000	87,826,500	109,384,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47: 200....98.54; 25....98.56; 10....98.50; 3....98.52; 7....98.50; 21....98.54; 46....98.50; 2....98.52; 106....98.54; 50....98.56; 9....98.54; 150....98.56; 1....98.54; 11....98.50; 131....98.60; 19....98.62; 3....98.64; 71....98.60; 7....98.70; 20....98.68; 250....98.80; 13....98.70; 220....98.90; 2....98.80; 20....98.98; 2....98.82.

$1,398,000 1st conv 4s, 1932-'47: 17....93.60; 15....93.50.

$82,000 2d 4s, '27-'42: 65....93.40; 7....93.32; 21....93.30; 50....93.36; 13....93.34; 80....93.30; 132....93.30; 30....93.30; 6....93.50; 1....93.22.

$405,000 1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47: 5....95.80; 5....95.60; 20....95.70; 10....95.60.

$40,000 2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42: 45....94.78; 7....94.70; 5....94.74; 90....94.70; 15....94.72; 5....94.66; 50....94.68; 1....94.60; 30....94.60; 15....94.68; 84....94.60; 30....94.56; 1....94.50; 5....94.56; 49....94.52; 9....94.50; 50....94.56; 100....94.54; 70....94.50; 10....94.54; 50....94.52; 50....94.50; 8....94.54; 15....94.50; 18....94.42; 18....94.44; 297....94.46; 70....94.44; 7....94.40; 40....94.44; 10....94.42; 46....94.44; 20....94.50; 50....94.48; 60....94.50; 4....94.44; 15....94.50; 10....94.48; 20....94.56; 1....94.50; 15....94.56; 2....94.58; 4....94.56; 1....94.50; 20....94.56; 10....94.58; 3....94.62; 20....94.60; 2....94.44; 20....94.62; 35....94.70; 20....94.72; 45....94.74; 5....94.76; 5....94.70; 6....94.68; 50....94.66; 8....94.64; 50....94.72.

$1,763,000 3d 4¼s, 1928: 20....95.58; 100....95.52; 20....95.54; 137....95.52; 9....95.50; 10....95.54; 1....95.56; 74....95.52; 110....95.50; 300....95.46; 150....95.50; 5....95.48; 39....95.50; 10....95.44; 116....95.46; 45....95.44; 71....95.42; 25....95.40; 40....95.44; 68....95.42; 5....95.30; 10....95.34; 14....95.36; 10....95.34; 10....95.40; 80....95.42; 1....95.36; 138....95.40; 181....95.44; 4....95.38; 10....95.40; 10....95.44; 1....95.38; 20....95.44; 15....95.40; 17....95.38; 8....95.40; 70....95.46; 75....95.50; 40....95.44; 45....95.46; 9....95.44; 31....95.40; 116....95.42; 20....95.46; 7....95.40; 1....95.42; 18....95.40; 26....95.44; 9....95.40; 81....95.44; 4....95.40; 1....95.38; 52....95.42; 102....95.40; 8....95.38; 29....95.40; 5....95.36; 1....95.38; 35....95.42; 3....95.46; 4....95.38; 62....95.44; 11....95.46; 25....95.48; 16....95.40; 6....95.38; 5....95.40; 120....95.46; 36....95.50; 65....95.52; 5....95.48; 4....95.46; 2....95.44; 10....95.40; 16....95.44; 50....95.50.

$2,995,000 4th 4¼s, 1933-38: 60....94.52; 289....94.50; 150....94.52; 25....94.54; 7....94.50; 20....94.56; 5....94.54; 10....94.56; 50....94.50; 25....94.54; 81....94.50; 4....94.52; 7....94.50; 10....94.52; 32....94.54; 5....94.56; 10....94.52; 15....94.50; 40....94.52; 25....94.54; 257....94.50; 5....94.52; 176....94.50; 90....94.56; 80....94.40; 148....94.46; 95....94.48; 5....94.40; 29....94.50; 29....94.42; 100....94.40; 90....94.42; 2....94.40; 50....94.44; 100....94.42; 8....94.40; 21....94.46; 10....94.44; 10....94.42; 2....94.38; 250....94.40; 27....94.38; 108....94.36; 15....94.34; 222....94.32; 2....94.30; 17....94.34; 77....94.30; 18....94.32; 26....94.40; 2....94.34; 39....94.36; 2....94.34; 116....94.36; 10....94.36; 10....94.40; 10....94.34; 102....94.36; 39....94.40; 31....94.36; 40....94.34; 27....94.38; 59....94.40; 24....94.36; 5....94.34; 1....94.40; 39....94.38; 28....94.34; 20....94.38; 155....94.40; 4....94.36; 3....94.40; 5....94.42; 50....94.44; 8....94.36; 4....94.40; 20....94.42; 5....94.40; 10....94.38; 20....94.44; 2....94.42; 4....94.46; 19....94.44; 10....94.42; 50....94.46; 1....94.44; 10....94.46; 28....94.48; 5....94.44; 7....94.48; 28....94.44; 10....94.42; 11....94.46; 10....94.48; 60....94.50; 25....94.46; 70....94.50; 125....94.54; 5....94.56; 5....94.54; 10....94.56; 64....94.60; 10....94.52; 2....94.50; 6....94.56; 19....94.50; 10....94.58; 30....94.60.

$4,418,000 AmForSec5s: 31....99⅝.
Anglo-Fr5s: 252....97⅛; ½....97⅛; 55....97⅛; 16....97⅛; ½....97; 1....97⅛; 72....97⅛; 7....97⅛; 92....97⅛; 15....97⅛; 2....97⅛; 345....97⅛; 4....97⅛; 1....97⅛; 100....97⅛; 179....97⅛; 6....97⅛; 10....97⅛; 5....97⅛; 25....97⅛; 40....97⅛.
City of Bord 6s: 11....100⅜.
City ofLyons6s: 2....100⅜; 10....100⅜; 1....100⅜.
City of Mars6s: 1....100⅜; 7....100⅜.
City of Paris6s: 11....98⅞; 14....98⅞.
Dom ofCan5s, 1921: 25....98¼. 1926: 1....97⅛. 1931: 4....97⅛.
Fr Gov 5½s: 94....104⅝; 316....104⅝; 5....104⅝.
JapGov4½s sterling loan 2d series: 3....87¼.
German stp: 10....85; 1....84⅝.
UKofGB&Ire 5½s, 1919: 15....100⅛; 15....100. new: 1....100⅛; 2....100⅛; 2....100⅛; 8....100⅛; 148....100⅛; 4....100⅛; 67....100⅛; 20....100⅛; 48....100⅛; 2....100⅛. 5½s, 1921: 55....98⅝; 21....98⅝. 1937: 10....100½.
5....100⅛; 2....100⅛; 12....100⅛; 59....100⅛; 56....100⅛.
NYCity4s, 1958: 6....90½. 1959: 5....91.
AlasGMines cv d6s,SerA: 1....35.
AmAC cv 5s: 1....98⅝.
AmH&L6s: 2....100⅛.
AS&Rfmlst5s: 2....91.
AmT&Tcv tr5s: 5....92⅝.
AmT&T col 4s: 2....84½. conv 6s: 1....103; 2....101⅞; 26....102; 7....102⅝. conv 4s: 1....78⅝.
AmWrPap5s: 2....91.
Tr Co ctfs: 8....88⅛.
Arm'r&Co4½s: 2....87⅝.
A,T&SFgen4s: 7....83⅞.
AtlCstLlst4s: 1....83⅛.
Balt&Ogold4s: 4....76⅛; 1....75⅝; 10....75⅝. conv 4½s: 1....76. ref 5s: 1....82; 3....81½.
PL,E&WV4s: 1....73⅛.
Tol,Cindi4s: 5....63⅛; 2....66.
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s: 4....88.
purmoney5s: 3....81⅞.
BraCop sf 6s: 3....95⅞.
B R T gold 5s: 3....65. 7s, 1921: 22....75⅞; 16....75⅞; 7....75⅞; 1....76⅝; 7....76; 4....75⅞.
Car,Clinchfld & Ohio 5s: 1....82.
Ches&Ogen4½s: 1....77½. conv 5s: 11....85; 5....85⅛; 10....85⅛; 8....85⅛.
C,B&Qgen4s: 20....82⅛; 3....82⅛; 7....82⅛. joint 4s: 25....95⅝; 1....95⅝; 15....95⅛; 4....95⅝.
Chi Gt W 4s: 1....60⅛.
Chi, M & St P refund 4½s: 1....72⅛; 1....69⅝. cv 5s, Ser B: 10....79.
C,RI&Pgen4s: 5....75½.
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s: 1....75; 2....74⅛; 1....74⅝.
Chile Cop 7s: 7....107; 3....107⅛.
Clev,C,C&StL deb 4½s: 1....78⅛.
Col & So ref & ext 4½s: 1....78⅝.
Col Gas & El 1st 5s, stpd: 5....82.
Comp-Tab-Rec s f 6s: 5....83; 1....84.
Con Gas cv 6s: 72....101.
Del&Hudcv5s: 1....96.
Den&RGcon4s, 1st&ref5s,Tr Cocfsofdtp: 1....51; 1....69⅝.
DisSecCorp5s: 5....89⅝; 6....90; 2....90⅛; 2....90⅝.
Erie1stgen4s: 7....53. cv 4s, Ser A: 2....47⅛. cv 4s, Ser D: 24....50; 1....50⅝.
GtNor ref 4½s: 8....86⅞.
Hud&Man1st &ref5s,SerA: 7....35½; 4....58. adj inc 5s: 2....18⅛.
Ill Cent ref 4s: 19....82½. 4s, 1953: ½....74.
Ill Steel 4½s: 4....84.
Inter-Met 4½s: 1....40⅛; 2....40⅝; 5....40⅝; 5....40; 2....39⅝; 20....39⅞; 23....39⅝; 35....39⅞; 2....39⅞; 20....39⅝; 6....39⅞; 8....39⅞; 1....39; 5....39⅝; 18....39⅞; 11....39⅞.
IRT1st&ref5s: 10....69⅞; 4....70⅛; 10....70; 3....70⅛; 1....69⅞; 3....69⅝; 1....69⅛; 2....69; 1....69⅛; 4....69⅛; 3....69⅛.
Int Agr Corp col tr 5s: 5....78.
Int&GtNor6s: 3....98.
IntMerMar6s: 10....99⅝; 10....99; 20....98⅞; 1....99⅛; 2....99⅛.
KanCitySo5s: 1....84⅛; 1....84⅛.
LacledeGasLt ofStL1st5s: 1....99⅛; 5....99⅝.
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcs: 11....101⅛; 2....101⅝; 1....101⅝; 4....101⅛.
Liggett&M5s: 5....92.
Minn&StL1st & ref 4s: 2....45; 1....45⅛; 2....45.
MP1st&ref5s, 1926: 1....89⅞. gen 4s: 44....60⅛; 1....60⅛.
NYC deb 6s: 1....95⅞; 10....98⅛; 25....99. gen 3½s: 12....71¼. deb 4s, 1934: 1....85.
NY,NH&H cv deb 6s: 1....86¼. noncv deb4s, 1947: 5....54.
NYRys adj5s: 4....13.
NYTel 4½s: 4....80⅛.
N&Wcv6s when issued: 32....106⅛; 10....106⅛.
NorPac4s: 5....84⅛; 4....84.
NorPac 3s: 2....60. ref&imp4½s: 2....90.
PG&E5s: 6....87⅝.
Penn gtd 4½s: 2....97⅛; 3....97⅝.
PennRRg5s temps ctfs: 12....96⅛; 16....96⅛; 30....96⅝; 51....96⅝; 31....96⅝; 12....96⅝.
PG&Cof Chi con 6s: 11....100.
PereM 1st 5s: 2....85⅛.
POilcv6s,1920: 2....100⅛. 1924: 21....91.
Read gen 4s: 3....85⅛.
SL&SFpr l 4s, Ser A: 1....61⅞; 1....61⅛; 6....61; 1....60⅝; 27....61; 4....61½; 2....61⅛; 1....61⅝. pr l 5s,SerB: 1....76⅞. adj 6s: 5....64⅛; 5....64⅝; 1....64⅝; 9....64; 10....64⅛; 2....64. Income 6s: 27....40⅛; 4....40⅛.
SL&SWlstTr 5s: 2....59.
SA&AP4s: 5....63⅛.
SeaALadj 5s: 1....49⅞.
SO&R1st s f7s, with war'nts: 3....99⅛.
SoP cv 5s: 15....101⅛; 4....101⅛; 2....101⅛; 7....101⅛; 5....101⅛; 1....101⅛; 15....102; 8....102⅛; 5....102⅛. conv 4s: 40....94. 1st ref 4s: 1....82⅝; 3....82; 9....82⅛.
SoPCoast4s: 1....92.
So Ry 1st 5s: 9....95. gen 4s: [illegible]....66⅛; 27....66⅛; 28....66⅛; 1....66⅛; 6....66⅛; 2....67.
TexCo deb6s: 8....101⅛.
ThrdAv adj 5s: 7....27⅞; 1....28.
UnPac 1st 4s: 2....87. 1st & ref 4s: 1....82⅝; 8....82. cnv 4s: 10....87⅝. 6s: 5....104⅛; 1....104; 1....104⅛; 1....104⅛; 2....104⅛.
USR&I 5s: 10....63.
USRubber 7s: 1....103⅛; 10....103⅛; 5....103⅛. 1st & ref 5s: 1....86¼; 1....86; 17....86⅛; 3....86⅛; 1....86; 22....86⅛; 1....86⅛; 9....86⅝; 5....86⅛.
USSt s f 5s: 4....99⅝; 1....100; 15....99⅞; 18....100.
VaCC1st5s: 3....95⅛; 2....95⅛.
VaCCcv deb6s: 10....102⅛.
VaRy1st5s: 1....92⅛.
Wabash1st5s: 14....96⅞.
WestElec5s: 1....98.
WestMd4s: 3....58⅛.
Wil&Co1st6s: 10....98; 1....98⅝; 1....98.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo French 5s	97⅛	97⅛
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅝
Argentine 5s	91	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98⅛	98⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97	97⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅛	97⅝
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	70	71
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	91	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90½	96⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82½	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104⅝	104⅞
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Lyons 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅛	100⅝
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	98⅞
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87	88
Japanese 4s	70½	75
City of Tokio 5s	82½	82⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅝	98⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100	100⅛
United States of Mexico 5s	66	69
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55
Russian Government 4s, 1894	22	32

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98	Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97½	98½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	88	93
3s, r, 1946	89	93	Pan 3s, c, 1961	88	92
3s, c, 1946	89	93	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, r, 1925	104½	105	P I 4s, '35	90	96
4s, c, 1925	104½	105	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	97	100
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely pf	56⅝	58
Alb & Sus	..	185
Alle & W	97½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	83½	83¾
Am Ag Ch pf	98	99
Am B N	33½	36
Do pf	45	46½
Am B Sug pf	85	90
Am C & F pf	114½	116
Am Coal	45	..
Am Exp	88	93
Am Shipb	..	142
Am Sm pf A	91	93½
Am Sa pf	95	101
Am Sug R pf	115	115¾
Am T & C	55	70
Am W pf	94½	96½
Am Zinc	11½	13
Do pf ex div	39	43
Asso D G 1st pf	80	..
Do 2d pf	55	..
A, B & A	7½	8
Atl O L	97	100
A, G & W I pf	67	68
Bald Lo pf	102	107
B & O pf	54½	56
Barrett Co pf	111	114
B'ch Cr'k	30½	..
Beth S 7% pf	90½	100
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh	69	71
Do pf	96½	100
Bruns Ter	9½	10½
Bush Ter	..	97
B, R & P	65	72½
Do pf	90	107
Burns Bros pf	110	115
Butte & S	17⅝	18½
Cal & Ar	59	63
Can So	48	50
Case (J I) pf	91½	98
Cent Fdy	17	23
Do pf	31	35
Cent L pf	105	106
C R R of N J	209	230
C & S A Tel	116½	118
C'tain-teed	30	35
Do 1st pf	85	..
Chand M	104½	108
Chi & Alt	7	10½
Do pf	8	12
C & N W pf	151	135¾
Chi, St P, M & Om	75	82
Do pf	105	120
C, C, C & St L	32	36
Do pf	63½	75
Cl & Pitts	60½	80
Clu-Peab	62	63
Do pf	106½	108
Col F pf	102	..
Col & So	20	21
Do 1st pf	48	50
Do 2d pf	41½	48
Comp T R	36	38½
C I C M	8½	9⅛
Cont Ins	59	60
Crex Carp	40	55
Cruc S pf	90	94
C-Am Sug	155	160
D & Co pf	95½	96½
Del & Hud	102	105
D, L & W	173	180

	Bid.	Asked.
Det Ed	110	117
Det & M	..	85
Do pf	..	110
Det U Ry	81	89
D S S & A	3	3½
Do pf	5	7
Elec S B	50	55
Elk H C	27	28
Do pf	..	43
Erie 2d pf	18⅝	20
Erie & P	..	70
Fed M & S	9	11
Fisher Bdy	37	42
Do pf	92½	93¾
Gen Chem	170	174
Do pf	102	106
Gen Cig, ex div	48	49
Do pf	100	106
Gen M pf	82⅝	85
G'drich pf	102	103½
G, M & N	8	9
Do pf	33	37½
Gulf S S 1st pf	94	99½
Hartman	54½	57½
Homestake	94	98
Int H pf	114	..
Int N pf	94⅝	..
Int Pa pf	75	80
Int Salt	58	62
Iowa Cent	3¼	4
Jewel Tea	31	35
Do pf	89	90
K, C, Ft S & M pf	69	..
Kan O So pf	50	51
Kelly S T pf	90¼	100
Kelsey Wh pf	90	95
K & D M pf	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P	94	99
Kresge (SS)	106	..
Do pf	105	..
Kress (S H)	61	68
Do pf	105½	..
Lacl Gas	83	86
L E & W	7½	8½
Do pf	18½	20
Ligg & M	203	210
Do pf	108	110
L-W B 1st pf	95½	..
Lorill'd Co	165	168
Do pf	108½	110
Louis & N	118⅝	115
M'kay Cos pf	64	64½
Man B'ch	⅝	5
Man El S	..	44
Man Elev	86	88
Man Shirt	67	78
Martin R	..	80
Math Alk	..	44
Max M 2d pf	20½	21½
M Dep Sts	65	66
Do pf	104	106
Mex Pet pf	108½	110
Mich Cent	85⅝	96
M & St L	9⅝	10⅝
M, St P & S S M	87	90
Do pf	200	108
Do l L	60	70
M, K & T pf	9⅛	11½
Mo Pac pf	51	52
Mon Pow	71	74
Do pf	104	..
Mor & Es	69⅝	70½
N, C & St L, ex d	110	120
Nat Bisc	110	115
Do pf	116½	120
Nat C & S	70	73
Do pf	103	104
Nat En pf	93	97
Nat L pf	108	110½
Nat Rys of M 2d pf	7	8
N, O, T & Mex	32	33
N, Y, L & West	89½	91⅝
Norf So	15	17

	Bid.	Asked.
N Y C & St L	26	29
Do 1st pf	60⅝	66
Do 2d pf	42	46
N Y Dock	23	24
Do pf	40	47
Norf & W pf	72⅝	..
Nor Cent	67	..
Ohio F S	42½	45
Ont Min	6⅝	6¾
Owens B M	46	48
Do pf	104	109
Pac C 1st pf, ex d	68	100
Do 2d pf, ex div	55	80
P T & T	23	24
Peo & E	4⅛	6
Pere Marq	12¾	13¼
Do pr pf	55	61
Pett-Mull	25	45
Do 1st pf	86	..
Phila Co	30	30⅝
Pierce-A pf	102	103
P, C, C & St L	45	50
Pitts C pf	86	86
P, Ft W & C	133	138
Pitts S pf	90⅝	94
Pitts & W Va pf	79	81
Pond C O	13⅝	15⅞
Pr Stl Car pf	100	104
R R Sec, I C stk cfs	..	79
Ry Stl Spr pf	103⅝	105
Rdg 1st pf	37⅝	38
Do 2d pf	37⅝	38
St L S F pf	23	27
St L S W	17	22
Do pf	28½	30
Savage A	60	63
Seab A L	7⅝	8
Do pf	16	17
Sears-R pf	115	125
S-S S & I pf	90	94½
So P R S	125	140
Do pf	107	110
St'd Mill	125	132
Do pf	87	90
Studeb Co pf	92	97
Sup Steel 1st pf	95	100
Third Av	13⅝	14½
Tide W O	216	225
T, St L & West	..	5
Do ctfs	..	6
Do pf	10	20
Do pf c	10	15
T C R T	40	48
Do pf	70	125
Und Type	118	124
Do pf	110	..
Un Cig Sts pf	110	125
Un Drug	93⅝	94
Do 1st pf	53	54½
Do 2d pf	85	92½
U Dyew'd	53	61
Do pf	90	95
Un Fruit	159	162
U Rys Inv	6	9
U S Exp	18	18½
U S Ind A pf	99⅝	102
U S Sm pf	44	45¼
Va I, C & Coke	57	60
Va R & P	..	48
W F Exp	60	70
W Md 2d pf	28	29
W Pac pf	54	59
W E & M 1st pf	60	65
W & L E pf	17	20
White Mtr	46	47
Wilson pf	90	99
W'w'th pf	115	121
Wor Pump pf. A	86½	90
Do pf. B	67	68

Reorganize Mines Company.

The Mines Company of America has completed plans for raising working capital with which to resume operations in Mexico. The company has arranged to sell its assets to the Dolores Esperanza Corporation, the latter company to have outstanding 864,802 shares of stock, the same number as the Mines Company of America. Stockholders in the old company are entitled to subscribe for shares of the new company upon depositing an equal number of shares of the old concern together with $2 for each share so deposited. The reorganization plan has been underwritten by Hayden, Stone & Co. and they will take such shares of the new corporation as are not subscribed for by stockholders in the old company.

Pay $112,249,375 on War Bonds.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York announced yesterday that the 20 per cent. payment on the Fourth Liberty Loan, which fell due on Jan. 16, amounted to $112,249,375. The cash payments amounted to $11,554,440. A total of $85,796,935 was paid by book credit and $14,898,000 was paid by certificates of indebtedness. The total subscription to the loan in the Second Federal Reserve District was $2,044,931,750, of which approximately $73,000,000 remains to be paid on the final installment due Jan. 30.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$7,466,763	$83,918,346
Internal revenue:		
Income and excess profits	34,617,763	720,091,426
Miscellaneous	83,516,984	672,936,241
Miscellaneous rev.	16,840,767	274,611,728
Total receipts	$142,451,278	$1,751,557,741
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord receipts	990,055,183	7,940,702,759
Excess of total receipts over total disbursements	444,553,128	60,897,615
Expenditures	1,132,506,471	9,692,260,501

NEAR A DEADLOCK ON REVENUE BILL

Senate and House Conference Reaches Crisis, and Each Side Delivers an Ultimatum.

PROFITS TAX CHIEF ISSUE

Senators Believed to Have Yielded Some Ground on This Point in Hope of Compromise.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—A crisis was reached today in the deliberations of the Senate and House conferees on the War Revenue bill, each side in the controversy prepared an ultimatum and they failed to reach a definite agreement on important features, such as the proposed substitution of an inheritance tax by the Senate for the House estate tax and the rate of war and excess profits taxes.

The discussions on the bill have now reached a point, at least, where the conferees are fully aware of the convictions of Senate and House members on vital issues. All of the titles of the bill have been reviewed and the lines of cleavage sharply drawn. There are those who believe that, confronted by this situation, the conferees, after sleeping over their grievances for a night or two, will come to a quick decision. In this instance these watchers hold the storm may precede the calm. That optimistic view, however, is not held by many.

The conferees met in joint session for a short time during the morning and then split into opposing camps, the Senate conferees continuing their deliberations in the Senate Finance Committee room and the House conferees retiring to the Ways and Means Committee room of the House. At these individual meetings the ultimatums in regard to important features of the bill were drawn up.

Leaders Confer Secretly.

Soon after 3 o'clock Representative Kitchin and Representative Rainey called upon the Senate conferees, and questions of apparent gravity were under discussion, for some of the financial experts not members of the joint committee, and even the Secretary, were requested to retire. So far as the press is concerned, attendance at all of the sessions, joint or otherwise, is forbidden.

But it appears that an amicable agreement was not reached at this ultrasecret session. The exact nature of the split was not made known. One report was to the effect that the House conferees as represented by Mr. Kitchin had offered suggestions in regard to a compromise on the war excess profits taxes, which might have proved acceptable to the Senate conferees with a few alterations if the House conferees had been willing to agree to the substitution of the Senate's inheritance tax title for the estate tax title written into the original House draft of the bill. It is understood that Mr. Kitchin could not bring himself to such a solution of the difficulties, at least without further consultation with his co-workers.

The most hopeful sign during the last three days, indicating that some sort of compromise would be reached, was found in the fact that the financial expert of the conferees had been holding extended consultations with Representative Kitchin and submitting to *him* the paragraphs of a rewritten title dealing with war excess profits taxes to which, it was said, the Senate conferees were willing to agree. It was further reported that this rewritten title dealt some of the provisions suggested in the original Senate amendments to the House bill, to which Mr. Kitchin and others holding his convictions had protested. In fact, report had it, that the rewritten title would provide a compromise which would more nearly approach the demands made in the original House bill for an 80 per cent. tax on corporations than the provisions in the amendments suggested by the Senate, which lightened the proposed tax payable in 1919 by a very considerable percentage.

It became apparent today that business men throughout the nation were beginning to show a lively interest in the reports which have gone out from Washington concerning the developments in the conference. Reports were going about also, it was said, that a situation was being fostered which might result in the defeat of all efforts at a general agreement and action by the legislative end of the Government, which would bring about a continuation of the present revenue law with amendments only as they affected the war and excess profits taxes.

But nothing of a definite nature could be obtained here which seemed to justify such a conclusion, at least not at this time. It is certain that another determined effort will be made within the next few days to effect compromises, especially in view of the sentiments expressed by Carter Glass, Secretary of the Treasury, in appealing for speedy action, so that the machinery of the Treasury Department might be put in motion.

Hearing from Constituents.

Members of Congress are beginning to hear from constituents who are anxious to know just where they stand and how their business interests will be affected by the war revenue legislation. The present situation, they are being told, is leaving an unsettled condition.

No definite official announcement has come from the conferees that anything approximating the rates of taxation on war excess profits proposed by the House has been agreed to even tentatively by the Senate conferees, who sought in their amendments to hammer them down by a very considerable margin. All information in connection with the war and excess profits tax payable in 1919 has been of an unofficial nature.

In connection with the inheritance tax which the Senate conferees want substituted for the estate tax proposed by the House, the following points are made.

Under the estate tax plan the progressive rates of from 3 to 40 per cent are graded in accordance with the size of the net estate as a whole, without regard to the amount of the shares of the individual legatees or heirs. According to this method, which the Senate holds to be inequitable, a beneficiary receiving a legacy of any given sum, say $100,000, from an estate of $1,000,000,000 may have that share diminished by a much greater amount of tax than a beneficiary who receives the same sum from a smaller estate.

The method of taxation employed by practically all of the States, the Senate conferees hold, is that of an inheritance tax in which the rate is based upon the size of the individual share. It was the opinion of the Senate committee that the inheritance tax plan was fairer in its operation than the estate tax plan. The Senate conferees also reduced the progressive rates from 1 to 25 per cent.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Oil	5	6	Houghton	30	60
B S Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	24	26
Bost Ariz	..	1½	Iron Blos	45	55
Bost Ely	96	99	Iron Cap	13½	13¾
Bost Mon	50	51	Jerome V	37	45
Begole	..	50	La Rose	33	40
Bohemia	75	85	Majestic	21	23
Butte & L	12	14	Mex Met	25	[illegible]
Calaveras	1⅛	1½	Mojave T	5	[illegible]
Champ, old	3	4	New Balt	1	1½
Chief Cons	3½	3⅝	N Z & L	9	10
Cons Cop	6⅛	6⅜	Nixon Nev	42	44
Cons Ariz	1⅛	1⅜	Nev Doug	20	25
Cortes	12	15	Oneco	20	45
Crown Res	40	46	Onondaga	10	15
Crystal	20	21	Seven Met	57	58
Denbigh	51	55	S W M, f p	85	1½
Earl Eagle	..	2	U V Extes	33	35½
Eagle B B	2⅛	2⅜	Vic Mines	..	75
Fortuna	2	4	Yukon G'd	75	80
Gold Lake	2	4			

OHIO COURT BLOCKS NEW PHONE RATES

Columbus Judge Assails Attempt by Burleson to Override State Rights and Laws.

ACTION IN MASSACHUSETTS

Service Board Begins Injunction Proceedings—Vermont Legislators Adopt a Resolution of Protest.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 24.—A temporary restraining order against the Ohio State Telephone Company prohibiting the collection of long-distance tolls established by Postmaster General Burleson was granted in the County Court today by Judge E. B. Kinkead, who denounced the action of the Postmaster General as a "ruthless attempt to override State rights."

Judge Kinkead said:

"The act of Congress does not authorize the Government custodian for war purposes to ruthlessly attempt to override State rights, State laws, and State officials to whom are committed the powers and duties relating to such matters by our own laws and statutes. A temporary restraining order may be allowed, and, so far as this court is concerned, the decree may be made permanent without further hearing."

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—The Public Service Commission asked the Supreme Court today to enjoin the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company from continuing in force the revised schedule of telephone toll rates instituted by Postmaster General Burleson until the reasonableness of the new rates could be determined by the commission. Assistant Attorney General Hitchcock represented the commission. The court issued an order requiring the company to appear on Tuesday next to show cause why it should not be enjoined.

The Public Service Commission, after a hearing on Jan. 17, at which protests against the new rates were made, ordered the telephone company not to put them into effect until the hearing of the commission had been concluded on Feb. 10.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Jan. 24.—The House of Representatives today adopted a resolution protesting against the "usurpation of Vermont's rights" in the continued Federal control of railroads, telegraphs, and telephone systems. The resolution went to the Senate for action.

United States Senator W. P. Dillingham had previously addressed the Legislature on national questions, in connection with which he opposed any extension of Federal control of public utilities.

WANT CREDITS RELEASED.

Bankers Urge Passage of Bill for Relief of War Contractors.

The Administrative Committee of the American Bankers' Association has passed a resolution urging upon the Senate the early passage of the Chamberlain bill providing for the relief of contractors engaged in war work. The association was moved to action, according to a statement yesterday, on the ground that bank credit was so tied up in contracts taken to assist the Government that the normal business of the country was being retarded thereby. The resolution, signed by Robert F. Maddox, President, said:

Resolved, That the American Bankers Association earnestly urges the passage by the Senate of H. R. 13,274, as reported by Mr. Chamberlain on Jan. 20, with an amendment subject, however, to the important modification that wherever the right of appeal therein is given to the Department of Justice, such right be eliminated.

A provision of this nature places upon the Department of Justice a duty to investigate all contracts or orders now pending validation, adjustment, and final settlement, and will cause a serious and unnecessary delay, to the great detriment of business and will cause great financial loss to customers of banks and seriously interfere with the employment of labor.

We believe that there are adequate laws existing to protect the Government in the payment on contracts when validated and that section 2 of the bill in question protects the Government in the validation of informal contracts and the completion of contracts to replace informal orders and agreements.

The association asserts that many corporations have necessary working capital engaged in contracts which must be released before they can go ahead on commercial work.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Protective Committee for the first mortgage bonds of the Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek District Railway has prepared a deposit agreement and announces that bond owners who desire to participate must deposit their bonds with the Central Union Trust Company not later than March 1.

J. Dudley Peterson of the firm of Bull & Eldredge has been elected a member of the New York Stock Exchange.

A. G. Becker & Co., Ames, Emmerich & Co., and the Continental Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago are offering $4,000,000 6 per cent. serial gold notes of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, maturing in one to ten years on a basis to yield from 6 to 6.60 per cent.

Lawrence L. Schneider has joined the advertising firm of Rudolph Guenther, Incorporated.

The Wall Street Division of the New York University School of Commerce will begin a special group of nine courses of instruction in trade and financial subjects during the week of Feb. 3.

Lindsey Hopkins of Atlanta and Charles E. Danforth of Van Emburgh & Atterbury have been added to the Executive Committee of the American Hide and Leather Company.

The period for depositing first mortgage bonds of the American Writing Paper Company with the Bondholders' Committee under the refunding plan has been extended to Feb. 20. Over 80 per cent. of the $11,000,000 bonds have been deposited.

A. G. Becker & Co., Ames, Emerich & Co., and the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank have purchased $4,000,000 6 per cent. one-to ten year serial gold notes of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company. They will be offered to the public immediately at a price to yield from 6 to 6.60 per cent. The notes constitute the only funded debt of the company.

A dividend of 1½ per cent. has been declared on the preferred stock of the Standard Milling Company and also a dividend of 2 per cent on the common stock.

William Van Sickle has been elected a Director of the Home Life Insurance Company.

Fred R. Bauer, formerly associated with Eastman, Dillon & Co., is now with Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.

The International Petroleum Company, for the year ended Dec. 31, 1917, reports net earnings of $1,609,017, equivalent to 14.0 on the stock. This compares with $905,614 earned in 1916.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.02	Jacket	.03
Andes	.02	Mexican	.09
Best & Belcher	.02	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.10
Caledonia	.02	Overman	.01
Challenge Con	.02	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.04	Savage	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Virginia	.03	Union Con	.06
		Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.60	Booth	.14
Brougher Divide	.25	Florence	.13
Cash Boy	.06	Goldfield Cons	.20
Gold Zone	.20	Goldfield Merger	.05
Halifax	.18	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.35	Jumbo Exten	.13
McNamara	.28	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.37	Lone Star	.06
Mizpah	.05	Silver Pick	.04
Monarch Pitts	.08	Spearhead	.10
Montana	.14	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.06	Manhattan Cons	.04
Rescue	.07	Nevada Hills	.03
Tonopah Divide	3.52½	Packard	.25
Tonopah Exten	2.20	Rochester	.25
West End	1.27½	Round Mountain	.32
West Tonopah	.15	United Eastern	4.25
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.13
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Cresson	4½	5	Isabella	5¼	6⅛
Dr. Jack Pot	4	5	McKinney	7	9
Elkton	5	6⅛	Portland	97	105½
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	15	15½
Golden Cycle	177	178	Vindicator	40	45
Granite	12½	25	Rosa Nicol	12	13½

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.43	60.89	61.30	+.35
25 industrials	83.07	81.54	82.90	+1.79
50 stocks	72.25	71.21	72.10	+1.07

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 23	71.34	70.56	71.03	+.48
Jan. 22	70.92	70.16	70.55	+.28
Jan. 21	70.98	69.73	70.27	—.63
Jan. 20	71.65	70.79	70.90	—.63
Jan. 18	72.02	71.38	71.53	—.39
Jan. 17	72.80	71.71	71.92	—.92
Jan. 16	73.51	72.67	72.84	—.35

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	74.99 Jan. 3	69.78 Jan. 21	72.10
1918	69.09 Jan. 31	64.12 Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46 Jan. 1	84.71 Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.83 Jan. 3	84.47 Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.68 Jan. 22	60.07 Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	79.99 Jan. 3	60.73 Jan. 21	72.10
†1918	68.37 Jan. 8	64.12 Jan. 15	66.38
Full Years.			
1918	80.16 Nov. 13	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change: Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	77.76	—.07	—1.38	+.93

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 23	76.83 +.05	Jan. 16	78.59 —.05
Jan. 22	77.78 —.15	Jan. 15	78.64 —.03
Jan. 21	77.93 —.17	Jan. 14	78.67 —.15
Jan. 20	78.10 —.35	Jan. 13	78.82 ..
Jan. 18	78.45 —.03	Jan. 11	78.82 —.15
Jan. 17	78.48 —.11	Jan. 10	78.97 —.01

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	79.01 Jan. 3	77.76 Jan. 24	77.76
†1918	77.26 Jan. 3	76.64 Jan. 24	76.83
Full Years.			
1918	82.36 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48 Jan. 29	74.21 Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 29	88.84

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

NEW DECLINE IN COTTON.

South Sells Freely, with Local Traders Joining the Movement.

As was to be expected after Thursday's bad break, yesterday's cotton market started very irregular and displayed signs of extreme nervousness. Near months especially felt the strain and after a none too good opening, continued the decline until prices stood at levels 30 to 55 points under the previous night's closing. The new crop months did somewhat better, but even they acted in an uncertain manner and showed nothing to encourage the bulls during the forenoon. The South sold freely, as usual, and some of the local traders joined in the selling movement. Liverpool was more or less of a negative quantity.

Reports that Japanese interests have been selling heavily recently are not taken as seriously as the authors of the reports might desire. In conservative circles, it is believed these reports are considerably exaggerated and little importance is attached to them. There is heavy selling for other foreign accounts, however, and from time to time there probably is a certain amount of speculation against actual holdings.

In the forenoon dealings yesterday there was some good buying; good in the sense that it came at a time when the bears were about exhausted and not able to offer any sustained resistance. The result was a general strengthening of the whole list, and at the close prices were unchanged to 60 points above the previous night's closing figures.

Less was heard of labor troubles yesterday, the report from Lawrence, Mass., that there will be no strike among textile workers for the present being the most encouraging to be received in some days.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. day.
Jan.	22.25	22.35	21.00	.....@ ..	22.85
Feb.	..	..	..	21.75	21.75
Mar.	21.40	21.95	20.05	21.61@21.71	21.56
April	..	..	..	20.92	20.55
May	20.50	20.95	20.00	20.77@20.79	20.40
July	19.95	20.35	19.15	20.12@20.15	19.65
Aug.	18.80	..	..	19.22	18.60
Sept.	..	18.10	18.10	18.98	18.40
Oct.	18.75	18.87	18.02	18.77	18.25

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 25.60c middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27.50c; Savannah, 31.00c; Augusta, 25.00c; Memphis, 28.00c; Houston, 26.75c; Little Rock, 28.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	20,100	19,875	14,817
Exports	12,154	25,195	7,800
Exports, season	2,353,363	2,162,293	2,389,156
N. Y. stocks	93,735	92,168	137,486
Port stocks	1,408,596	1,454,353	1,404,510
N. Y. arrivals	5,004	8,550	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton showed small inquiry at 15.84d for middling, and 19.41d for good middling. Sales, 500 bales, of which 300 American. Imports nil. Futures opened irregular, 34 to 59 points lower and closed unsettled, 54 to 73 points off. Prices: January, 16.85d; February, 15.17d; March, 13.90d; April, 12.11d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were easier.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.32	$1.20	$1.23¾	$1.32¼	..
February	1.29¾	1.19	1.23	1.29¼	1.27⅝
March	1.27	1.19	1.22¾	1.26⅝	1.26⅝
May	1.23¾	1.17⅝	1.18	1.23¼	1.25
July	1.19⅝	1.14¾	1.15¾	1.19⅜	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	.62⅞	58	58⅛	62¼	83½
February	.63¾	58⅝	59	62⅞	..
March	.63⅜	59	59⅜	63⅜	82
May	.64⅜	59⅜	60	64	79¼
July	.62	57⅝	57⅞	61⅞	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 70c; No. 2 white, 70½c; No. 3 white, 70c; No. 4 white, 67½@68½c; ordinary clipped, 69@70c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	$23.12	$22.75	$22.75	$23.17	$24.57
May	23.32	22.92	22.92	23.42	24.87
Ribs—					
January	..	..	..	23.87	23.65
May	21.95	21.42	21.42	21.92	24.25
Pork—					
January	..	..	..	44.50	47.12
May	39.45	38.60	38.60	39.60	45.82

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.55	13.55	13.50	13.55
July	13.30	13.27	13.35	13.40
September	13.25	13.20	13.25	13.25
December	13.15	13.05	13.10	13.10

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	$1.59	$1.56	$1.56
May	1.48	$1.44	$1.44¼

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 8,088 packages. More buying interest, part of which is speculative, and prices have recovered about 1 cent on the finer grades of fresh table butter. Other qualities are slow and unimproved. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 56½@57c; extras, 92 score, 55½@56c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 52@54½c; seconds, 85 to 87 score, 49½@51c; lower grades, 47@49c; unsalted, higher than extras, 58@58½c; extras, 57@57½c; firsts, 53@56c; seconds, 50@52c; State dairy tubs, finest, 53½@54½c; good to prime, 50@53c; common to fair, 46@49c; renovated, extras, 51@52c; firsts, 49@50c; lower grades, 43@47c; imitation creamery, firsts, 46@47c; ladles, current make, firsts, 43@44c; seconds, 41@41½c; lower grades, 39@40½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 41c; No. 2, 39@40c; lower grades, 36@38c.

EGGS.—6,505 cases. The tone of the market is still irregular and sensitive. Continued light receipts and some disposition to cover short sales give a firmer tone. Exchange sales were at 58½@59c for firsts, the latter price bid at the close. Offerings appear to be about sufficient for urgent needs. More liberal receipts of California white eggs have given a better supply and the market for States and nearby whites is easier. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 61@62c; extra firsts, 60@60½c; firsts, 58½@59c; seconds and poorer, 55@58c; dirties, No. 1, 54@55c; No. 2 and poorer, 50@53c; checks, good to choice, dry, 48@49c; under grades, 43@47c; refrigerator, 32@51c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 69@70c; ordinary to fine, 64@68c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@69c; pullet whites, 63@64c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 69@70c, extras, 64@66c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 62@67c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 64@66c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 59@62c.

STEEL PLANT SHUTS DOWN.

Nova Scotia Company, with Bookings Low, Closes for Repairs.

The Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company has temporarily closed down its plants and mines. This is one of the important Canadian corporations engaged in the steel business, and considerable local interest was aroused by the cessation of operations, which became known yesterday through dispatches sent by D. H. McDougall, President, to Directors here.

"It is well known that the several plants of the company," said Mr. McDougall, "have, during the last four years, been operated at high pressure. The present moment, when the cancellation of munition contracts has left the tonnage on the company's order books at a lower point than at any time during the last four years, is considered an excellent opportunity for carrying out necessary repairs and renewals which could not have been done during the strenuous years when all efforts were being bent on increased production without consideration of cost. New business is offered to a very limited extent and at prices which are not at present attractive to the Nova Scotia Company."

The company is working on plans for additional development, said Mr. McDougall. Net current assets, he stated, were $10,000,000 and more, which indicated ample working capital. The corporation raised $5,000,000 new funds in 1917 through a sale of stock, which was handled in part by Hayden, Stone & Co., who represent the American interests in the Canadian concern.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Am. Brass	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Do	1½	Ex	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Am. Railways pf	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Am. Soda Fountain	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Kellogg Sw. & Sup.	2	Q	Jan. 31	Jan. 25
Ludlow Mfg.	$1.50	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 1
Do	$1	Ex	Mar. 1	Feb. 1
Monon. V. Trac. pf.	37½c	—	Feb. 20	Feb. 1
Penn. Coal & Coke	2	Q	Feb. 10	Feb. 6
Pepperell Mfg.	$4	SA	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Union Bag & Paper	*2	Ex	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
U. S. Cast I.P.&F. pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1

*Payable in Liberty bonds.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.85	5.60
Buff., R. & Pitts	1919-'33	4½@5	5.88	5.65
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.95	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.55
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.65	5.25
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.75	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.95	5.45
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.10	5.60
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.88	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.05	5.65
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.80	5.55
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.80	5.30
Michigan Central	1919-'30	5	5.95	5.55
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.30	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.80
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.00	5.50
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.75	5.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.10	5.80
Penn. Gen. Frgt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.65	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.35
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.35	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	8	7.00	6.25
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.30
Southern Railroad	1919-'24	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.60	5.60

ROCK ISLAND GETS OUTLET.

Settlement of Old Suit Gives Road Egress to the Gulf.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company announced yesterday that a settlement of the litigation between the company and the Colorado & Southern Railway Company, which grew out of contracts entered into in 1906 and 1914, involving the purchase of a half interest in the Trinity & Brazos Valley Railway, had been effected, the Rock Island to pay some $4,000,000 and secure the interest in the property contracted for. The statement explaining the settlement says:

A settlement has been agreed upon whereby the Colorado & Southern will accept in cash 60 per cent. of the amount due on the contract, which under the final decree in the Rock Island receivership would be payable in full in 6 per cent. preferred stock at par, such as was paid to all other general creditors of the Rock Island. This will involve the payment of some $4,000,000, and the Rock Island will own outright a half interest in the Trinity & Brazos Valley Railway and will have a permanent outlet to the Gulf ports, which will be of great value in the event of the return of the roads to private operation. The total cost of the Trinity & Brazos Valley road is now in excess of $11,000,000.

In 1915 the receiver for the Rock Island disaffirmed the contracts and the Colorado & Southern brought suit for their enforcement.

SAY CENSORS HURT TRADE.

Merchants' Association Asks That Use of Code Be Restored.

The Merchants' Association, in a public statement made yesterday, complained that notwithstanding the fact that the war was over, censorship restrictions are still hampering business. The association has sent a letter to the chief cable censor of the Navy Department which contains quotations from a letter from an "important business firm with regard to the cable situation in connection with the South African service."

The letter says the delay in cable service is putting importers in this country for South African commodities to enormous expense, through misinterpretation occasioned by delays and in the loss of benefits of markets. It was said that in normal times cables could be exchanged with Cape Town in forty-eight hours, but that for the last two and a half months the time has frequently been as long as fifteen days. The letter quoted by the association also says:

"As a concrete example of the result of these hardships, we can tell you that our plant at Gloversville, N. Y., employing over 300 men, will be shut down and these men thrown out of employment and the productivity of the plant lost to the country for an indefinite time."

The association urges the adoption of a former suggestion that the authorities in charge of the censoring of cables seriously consider the possibility of immediately allowing a much more general use of codes.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue

At Forty-first Street

New York

London Paris

Foreign Exchange

Administrator Guardian

Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE

Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland

FIVE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

Please take notice that the British Treasury has waived the ten days' notice required in the option for conversion into United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Twenty-Year 5½% Bonds, due February 1, 1937.

The undersigned will therefore be prepared, at any time up to and including February 1, 1919, to accept such notes for conversion without requiring the ten days' notice.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
16 WALL STREET,
New York.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup.	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg.	97½	98¼	3s, Fed Land Bk, '38	101¾	103¼
2s, Panama, '38, coup.	97¾	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	100¾
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104¼	105¼
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.			Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
4½s July,	1967	100⅝	101	100½	3½s Nov.,	1955	81	..	81
4½s June,	1965	100⅝	101	100½	3½s Nov.,	1954	81¼	83	81¼
4½s Mar.,	1963	100⅝	101	100½	3½s May,	1954	81¼	..	81¼
4½s Nov.,	1957	100½	101	100½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:				
4½s May,	1957	100½	101	100½	4½s	1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar.,	1960-50	96¾	97¼	96¼	4½s	1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar.,	1964	96¾	97¼	96¼	4½s	1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Apr.,	1966	96¼	97	96¼	4½s	1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4¼s Mar.,	1962	96¼	97¼	96¼	4½s	1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
4¼s Sept.,	1960	96¼	97¼	96¼	3½s	1940-1963	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May,	1959	91	92	91	3½s	1930-1939	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov.,	1958	91	92	91	3½s	1922-1929	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov.,	1957	91	91½	91	3½s	1919-1921	4.60	4.40	4.30
4s Nov.,	1956	90½	91½	90½	3s	1940-1958	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov.,	1955	90½	91½	90½	3s	1926-1930	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s Nov.,	1936	93	94	93	3s	1919-1925	4.60	4.40	4.60
4s May,	1919	99¾	..	99¾					

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
800	Cities Service	293	291	291	294
1,565	Cities Service pf.	79⅝	79	79	79½
$129,000	Cities Service deb. "B"	127	124	125	128

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow	12	14	Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf	71	74	Miss River Power	10½	12½
Am Gas & Electric	101	104	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Electric pf	43	46	Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Am Light & Traction	235	240	Northern Ohio Elec pf	57	62
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Power & Light	55	60	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pf	76	79	Northern States Power	58	62
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern States P pf	89	92
Am Public Utilities pf	36	40	Northern Texas Elec	55	60
Am W W & Elec	4	6	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	67	70	Pacific Gas & Electric	47½	48½
Am W W & E partic	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	87	88
Carolina Pow & Light	33	35	Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	18
Colorado Power	25	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	53	57
Colorado Power pf	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf	75	80
Columbus Electric pf	72	76	Republic Ry & Light	16	18
Com Power, Ry & L	19	21	Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	41	43	Southern Cal Edison	84	87
Conn Power pf	72½	77	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec	13	14
Eastern Texas Elec	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	78	Tampa Electric	100	112
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	3½
Electric B & S pf	91	94	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	14	17
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	United Light & Rys	37	38½
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	United Light & Rys pf	70	72
Federal Light & Tr pf	40	45	Western Power	17½	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf	65	67
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West, Church & Kerr	65	70
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West Church & K pf	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 5s, '20	97¼	98½	Gt West Power 5s, '46	84½	86½
Am W W & E col 5s	68	71	Gt West Power 6s, '25	89½	92
Appalach Power 1st 5s	73	77	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	78½	80
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	92	95	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Cities Fuel & Pow 7s	98	100	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88	91
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	75	84
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	94	100	Puget S T, L & P 7s	98	99¾
Conn Power 5s, 1963	83	89	Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96¼	97½
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88	92
East Tex Elec col 5s	85	88	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	78
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97¾	99	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	88	90
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Empire Gas & F 6s	97½	100	Un Util cv 6s, '43	86	92
Empire Refining 6s	93	100	Utah Securities 6s	88½	89½
			Wash I W L & P 8s	94½	98

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Prices were strong in an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Final quotations were about the highest for the session and represented net gains from one to three points in the active issues, with several stocks showing even greater advances. Securities were in active demand during the greater part of the session. Occasional reactions represented but limited profit taking or the activities of professional operators, but had only a temporary effect on prices.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alaska-J	2¼	2¼	2¼	6,540	Mex Pet	171⅝	163¾	171⅝
170	Allis-Chal	32½	31⅝	32½	10	Miami Cop	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
440	Am Can	47⅞	46½	47⅞	205	Midvale S'l	42⅝	42	42½
120	Am C & F	91	90	90¼	120	Mo Pacific	24⅝	24¼	24⅝
50	Am Cot Oil	43	43	43	20	Nat Conduit	15¼	15¼	15¼
30	Am H & L	15⅞	15¾	15⅞	30	Nat Enam'g	48¾	48¾	48¾
500	Do pf	82¾	80⅞	81¾	60	Nat Lead	68½	68⅜	68½
140	Am Linseed	49¼	48¾	49¼	130	N Y Cent	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞
30	Am Loco	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	20	N Y N H & H	29¼	28⅞	29¼
690	Am S & R	71¼	69¼	71¼	10	Ohio C Gas	42	42	42
30	Am Steel F	80½	80⅜	80⅜	740	Okla Oil	9	8⅞	9
170	Am S Tob	102½	101½	102¼	720	P A P & T	69¼	68¾	69¼
50	Am T & T	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	40	Pierce-A	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛
290	Ana Copper	59¼	58	59¼	260	Pierce Oil	18	17½	18
10	A T & S F	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	30	Ray Con	20½	20¼	20¼
820	Bald Loco	70	68⅛	70	380	Reading	79⅛	78⅝	79
160	Balt & Ohio	47¼	46⅞	47	70	Rep I & S	74⅝	73¼	74½
2,150	Beth Steel B	61¼	59⅝	61	30	Royal Dutch	78¼	78	78
980	Brook R T	20⅝	19⅝	20⅝	230	Sinclair Oil	33⅝	33⅜	33½
340	Cal Pet	25	23	24½	750	South Pac	99	97⅞	99
10	Can Pacific	157¾	157¾	157¾	50	Southern Ry	27¾	27	27¾
50	Cent Leath	59¼	59¼	59¼	1,100	Studebaker	49¼	47⅞	49
30	C M & St P	38⅞	38⅝	38⅞	10	Texas Co	189½	189½	189½
70	C R I & P	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	350	Texas & Pac	33	32½	32⅞
110	Chile Copper	17⅞	17¼	17⅞	321	Tob Prod	76¼	74¾	75½
30	Col Gas	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	140	Union Pac	127¾	126¾	127⅜
10	Col F & I	36½	36½	36½	50	U Cigar S	113⅞	113⅝	113⅞
50	Corn Prod	48⅝	47⅞	48⅝	130	U S Ind A	102¾	100	102
340	Cru Steel	55	54	55	470	U S Rubber	76⅜	75½	76⅜
50	Cuba Cane S	24¼	23½	24¼	27,990	U S Steel	92⅞	90⅞	92⅝
150	Dist Sec	53¼	51⅞	53	190	Utah Copper	71½	69½	71¼
20	Erie	16⅛	16	16⅛	30	West Elec	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
80	Goodrich Co.	60⅜	60¼	60⅜	130	Willys-O	24⅝	23¾	24⅝
380	Gt North O	38⅛	37⅞	38		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
150	Insp Copper	44⅜	43⅞	44⅜	$1,400	Lib 3½s	98.92	98.82	98.92
2,330	Int M M pf	104⅜	101½	104⅛	1,650	1st 4¼s	96.30	96.24	96.30
40	Intb Con pf	19¼	19	19¼	1,900	2d 4¼s	95.38	95.24	95.34
10	Kansas C S	18	18	18	3,800	3d 4¼s	97.10	96.84	97.08
90	Ken Copper	32½	32	32½	3,450	4th 4¼s	95.62	95.34	95.56
20	Lack Steel	65¾	65⅝	65⅝		*Prices include interest.			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
235	Atlantic Pet.	2¾	2¾	2¾	75	Dav Chem.	36½	36½	36½
45	Con Coal	81½	81½	81½	26	Con Power	105½	105	105
10	Cont Trust	160	160	160	500	M & M N B	28	28	28
30	Cosden	7¼	7¼	7¼	8	U S F & G.	125	122½	125
100	Do pf	4	4	4					

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Cosden 6s B	89½	89½	89½
5,000	Con Power 5s	97½	97½	97½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Am Zinc	11½	11½	11½	20	New Riv pf.	60	60	60
5	Anaconda	58	58	58	10	North Butte.	10½	10½	10½
325	Ariz Com'l	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	40	Osceola	49	48	49
150	Butte & Bal.	25	25	25	205	Pond Creek.	13¼	13	13
42	Cal & Ariz	60	59½	59½	50	Quincy	57	57	57
4	Cal & Hecla	434	430	430	100	Ray Con	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
430	Cop Range	42½	41¾	42½	200	Seneca	13¼	13	13¼
100	Davis-Daly	5	5	5	10	St Mary's L.	42	42	42
50	East Butte	9½	9	9	295	Trinity	2½	2½	2½
50	Island Creek	45	45	45	176	U S Smelt.	44⅝	43½	44½
50	Kerr Lake	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	24	Do pf	45¼	44¼	44¼
205	Lake Cop	4	3½	3¾	25	Utah Con	8½	8½	8½
16	Mayflower	2½	2½	2½	950	Utah Metal	1½	1⅜	1½
210	Mohawk	51¼	51	51¼	45	Winona	90c	90c	90c
10	Nipissing	8½	8½	8½					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Bos & Alb	134	134	134	50	Mass Elec	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
228	Bos Elev	68	67	67½	130	Do pf	15⅝	15¼	15⅝
50	Bos & Me	29	29	20	172	NY, NH & H	29½	28¼	29½
10	Bos & Low	92½	92½	92½	10	Old Colony	100	100	100
5	Bos & S pf	10	10	10	10	Rutland pf	19	19	19
30	Fitchburg pf	58	57	57					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
255	Am Ag Ch	100¾	100¼	100½	2	N E Tel	92	92	92
45	Do pf	98¼	98	98	5	Pac Mills	149	149	149
15	Am Sugar	113½	112½	113½	10	Pullman	120⅝	120⅝	120⅝
11	Do pf	115	114¾	115	10	Reece But	14½	14½	14½
305	Am T & T	101⅛	100	101⅛	470	Stewart	33⅝	32⅞	33⅝
63	Am Wool pf	95	94⅝	94⅝	261	Swift	123	122½	122½
180	Art Metal	20¼	18½	20¼	20	Torrington	54½	54	54
225	Booth	19½	19¼	19⅜	20	Un Drug	94	94	94
100	Century	14½	14	14½	198	Un Fruit	159¼	158½	159½
100	Cuban P C	13	12⅞	13	35	Un Shoe	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝
37	East Bos L	5½	5	5½	1,095	U S Steel	92	90¼	92
	Edison	168	168	168	5	Do pf	115	115	115
205	Fairbanks	54½	53	54½	445	Ventura	8¼	8	8
160	Gordon	30⅝	30	30⅝	60	Walworth	18	18	18
4	Gen Elec	150	150	150	5	Warren 1 pf	40	40	40
1,020	Island Oil	8¼	8⅛	8¼	2	West Union	87½	87½	87½
8	Mass Gas pf	70¼	70	70					

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	New England Telephone 5s	92	92	92
8,000	United States Steel 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
190	Armour pf	101⅝	101½	101⅝	20	Lindsay Lt.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
350	Booth Fish	19½	19	19½	10	Public Serv.	92	92	92
25	Do pf	79½	79½	79½	20	Qua Oats pf	102½	102½	102½
50	Chi C & C pf	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	445	Sears-Roe	176	175½	175¾
95	Cudahy	103⅝	103¼	103⅝	295	Stewart-W	87	86⅝	87
148	Do rights	⅞	⅞	⅞	950	Swift Int'l	44⅝	43⅝	44½
30	Deere&Co pf	96½	96	96	997	Swift & Co.	123⅝	122½	122⅝
100	Hart, S & M	77½	74	77½	1,245	Union Carb.	57¼	56⅝	57½
955	Libby	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝					

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Pub Service of Nor Ill 5s	87½	87½	87½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Bald Loco	70	70	70	50	Midvale Steel	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
10	Cramp	82	82	82	1,033	Penna R R.	45⅝	45	45⅝
5	Elec Stor B.	52½	52½	52½	417	Phila Elec.	25	24	25
8,152	Gen Asph	61	58	60⅜	3	Phila Trac.	70	70	70
3,515	Do pf	96½	96½	96½	545	Phila R T	24½	23⅞	24½
120	Ins Co N A	27½	27½	27½	240	Reading	79⅝	79	79¼
7,720	Lake Super.	20¼	19½	20¼	1,010	Ton Belm't	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
140	Lehigh Nav.	72½	72	72	62	Un Gas Imp.	72¼	72¼	72¼
11	Lehigh Val.	56⅛	56	56⅛	40	Warwick	8¼	8¼	8¼

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A G & E 5s	87	87	87	$18,000	L Sup inc	61	60½	61
1,000	City 4s, '45	97	97	97	18,000	L V C 5s	100	100	100
1,000	Do '41	97	97	97	3,400	P El 1st 5s	95	93⅞	94

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	17¼	17¾	17	Prairie Oil & Gas	650	660	645
Atlantic Refining	1140	1160	1125	Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	270
Borne-Scrymser	475	495	475	Solar Refining	360	380	360
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	96	94	Southern Pipe Line	177	182	177
Chesebrough Mfg	290	310	290	South Penn Oil	305	310	305
Continental Oil	500	520	490	S W Penn	98	102	98
Crescent Pipe L	37	39	37	Stand Oil of Cal	268	273	268
Cumberland P L	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Ind	750	760	750
Eureka Pipe Line	175	185	180	Stand Oil of Kan	525	550	525
Galena Signal Oil	88	92	88	Stand Oil of Ky	360	370	360
Do pf, new	100	105	100	Stand Oil of Neb	520	540	500
Do pf, old	115	130	115	Stand Oil of N J	688	692	690
Illinois Pipe Line	165	170	165	Stand Oil of N Y	313	317	313
Indiana Pipe Line	100	*105	103	Stand Oil of Ohio	460	480	465
Int Pet Co, Ltd	21	22	19¾	Swan & Finch	98	102	98
National Transit	16	17	16	Union Tank	113	116	113
N Y Transit	200	210	200	Vacuum Oil	410	415	410
Northern Pipe L	110	115	108	Washington Oil	33	37	33
Ohio Oil	318	323	318	*Ex dividend.			
Penn-Mex Fuel Co	56	60	56				

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	†Aetna Exp.	7¼	6⅞	7	4,000	Mar of Am.	4⅜	4¼	4¼
1,300	B-A Tob Co. reg	23¾	23½	23¾	100	‡Nat C & I.	51	51	51
900	Do coupon.	25	24¾	24¾	4,000	N A P & P.	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛
200	‡Cramp Ship	85	82	85	700	‡Pear Coal.	2¾	2⅝	2¾
2,100	‡Dict Prod.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	450	Penn S Steel v t ctfs.	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
130	‡Emerson P.	2¼	2¼	2¼	4,500	‡Perf T & R	¾	11-16	¾
8,000	‡Gen Asp't.	61¼	58½	60½	700	Sub Boat v t ctfs	11½	11	11¼
3,400	‡Do pf	99½	97	99½	300	Un Motors	36	38	36
320	‡G S Razor.	120	119	120	15,000	Un Profit S.	⅞	11-16	⅞
10,000	Hupp M C.	6¼	5⅞	6¼	1,300	U S S'p Co.	5	4⅞	4⅞
1,100	Int Rubber.	17½	16¾	17¼	500	Wayne Coal.	4¼	4	4¼
5,200	Key T & R.	55¾	54¾	55¾	500	‡W-M A Cp.	3¾	3⅝	3¾
1,200	‡Kirby Lum.	26	24	25					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	‡So P Oil	310	310	310	115	‡S Oil Co of N Y	319	313	314
160	‡S Oil Co of N J	697	683	688	105	‡Vac'm Oil	415	409	412

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	‡Allen Oil	15-16	⅞	15-16	2,500	‡Midw O pf.	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
3,000	‡Bar O & G	¼	3-16	¼	950	‡Midw Ref.	129½	127¼	129
500	‡Cos & Co.	7⅛	7	7	1,000	†‡N W Oil.	50	50	50
100	‡Elk B Pet.	6½	6¼	6¼	3,000	†Omar O & G	30	29	30
12,600	†‡Esmer Oil.	5	4½	5	8,000	‡Pennok Oil.	14	13¼	13⅞
1,000	‡Federal Oil	2½	2⅜	2½	28,000	†‡Queen Oil.	22	20	22
3,000	‡Glenrock Oil	4	3⅞	3⅞	3,000	‡Roy D. new	75¾	73⅞	75¼
700	‡Houston Oil	81	80	80	400	‡Sap O & R	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
3,600	†‡Hudson Oil	88	83	85	1,800	Secur P & R	⅛	⅛	⅛
4,700	‡Inter Pet.	20⅜	20¼	20¼	600	Seq O & R.	7-16	⅜	7-16
15,000	‡Isl'd O & T	8¼	7⅞	8¼	5,500	†Southw Oil.	42	38	42
3,300	†‡Kenova Oil	12	10	11	2,100	‡Stanton Oil	1¼	1⅛	1¼
7,200	‡Lou O & R	34	32¾	34	30,000	‡U W O, new	2¼	2	2 3-16
100	‡Merritt Oil.	21½	21	21½	400	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2½	2⅜	2⅜
25,000	Met Petrol	3 13-16	3 11-16	3 13-16					
10,000	‡ Do f p ctfs	3 1-16	2⅞	3 1-16					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	†Alaska-Brit Col Metals	42	38	40	1,500	††HattieGold, (a pros)	44½	44	44½
700	‡America	1	15-16	1	400	Hecla Min	4 7-16	4¼	4 7-16
1,600	ArizBingh'm	1⅛	1	1⅛	1,500	††Jim Butler	36	35	36
12,000	Big Ledge	⅞	¾	15-16	15,000	†Lone Star	6½	6	6½
12,000	†Bos & Mon.	50	48	49	1,200	†Nixon Nev	43	42	42
3,300	††Caledonia	31	29	30	500	‡Onon Mines	3⅛	3	3
3,600	‡Calu & Jer.	½	7-16	½	800	†RayHerc.M.	2¼	2¼	2¼
500	Canada Cop.	2	2	2	2,000	‡Roch Mines	27	27	27
4,300	††Candelaria	57	55	57	1,000	†San Toy	8	8	8
1,000	‡Cerbat Sil.	1¼	1¼	1¼	600	Stand Sil-L	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,000	Con Ariz Sm	1¼	1¼	1⅛	350	Tono Ext	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
5,000	Con Copper	6⅞	6¼	6⅞	21,000	†‡Tuel Riv P	56	48	58
200	‡G Cresson Con	5	5	5	3,500	Un M of A	¼	¼	¼
500	‡EurekaCroe	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	5,000	†U S Con M	9	8	8½
2,160	††Florence	65	64	65	2,000	†‡WardM&M	27	26	27
12,500	††Goldf'dMer	6	5½	6	500	†Wash G Q	89	89	89
1,300	††HamiltonM & S. (pros)	58	54	55	5,700	†White C M	14	12	13

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$50000	‡Am T & T 6s	99½	99	99½		1-y n. '19	100¼	100¼	100¼
5,000	‡AmTob7s'22	103	103	103	10,000	‡Int R T 7s	87½	86½	86½
10,000	‡ Do 1923	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	25,000	‡NYTeldeb6s	100	99¾	99⅞
30,000	‡Anacon 6s	99⅝	97⅝	97⅝	10,000	‡RusGov5½s	59	57	59
10,000	‡Can Gov 5s	99⅝	99½	99⅝	100000	‡RusGov6½s	64	60½	62½
20,000	‡C&NWgm5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	5,000	‡StPUnD5½s	99	98½	99
14,000	‡Fed F L 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	50,000	‡Wil&Coev6%	92⅝	92½	92⅝
7,000	‡Gen Elec 6s								

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share.

Note.—Thursday low sale in Int Pet was 19½.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Thursday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Th'rsday Bid.	Ask.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Th'rsday Bid.	Ask.
Am W P	3	3½	3	3½	Boston & Wyo	18	20	18	20
Am-Br Mfg	2	5	2	5	Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20	Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Carbon Steel	90	96	90	96	Crystal Oil	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Car L & P	2	2¼	2	2¼	Globe Oil	1	1¼	1	1¼
Chev Motor	145	155	145	155	Mex Gulf Oil	40	45	42	45
Chevrolet rts	⅞	1¼	⅞	1¼	Midwest Oil	128	181	126	128
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	Okm P & R	2	2½	2	2½
Curtiss Aero	11½	12	11½	12	Pitts O & G	8	8½	8	8½
Do pf	45	55	45	55	Royal Oil	½	⅝	½	⅝
Edmund & J	20	22	20	22	Savoy Oil	7	7½	7	7½
Free Texas	34	35½	34	35½	Sinclair Gulf	23	23½	23	23½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½	Sinc Oil war	37	39	37	39
Gen Mot rts	1⅝	2	1⅝	2	South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Lake Tor Bt	2	2½	2	2½	Texana Oil	10	13	10	13
Do 1st pf	2½	5	2½	5	Wayl'd O & G	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88	MINING STOCKS.				
L McN & L	21⅝	22½	21⅝	22½	Atlanta	4½	5¼	4	5
Lima Loco	30	40	30	40	Austin-Am'n	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lukens Steel	46	50	46	50	Booth	13	15	13	15
Man Transit	½	⅝	½	⅝	Bradshaw	⅛	½	⅛	½
Mitchell Mot	20	25	20	25	Butte-Det	1⅛	3	1⅛	3
N Y Shipbldg	33	36	33	36	Butte-N Y	⅜	½	⅜	½
N Y Transp	14½	17	14½	17	Cashboy	6½	7½	6½	7½
Peer T & M	18	18½	18	18½	Cerro Gordo	½	1	½	1
Penn C & C	22	24	22	24	Con Homes'd	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
PennSeaboard Steel rights	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	El Salvador	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
P'lsenWireless	7	7½	7	7½	First Nat C	1⅝	2	1⅝	2
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Smith M T	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Goldf Con	21	23	21	23
Stand Motors	7½	8½	7½	8½	Great Bend	3	5	3	5
Steel Alloys	7⅛	8½	7⅛	8½	Howe Sound	3⅞	4¼	3⅞	4¼
St Joe Lead	12	13	12	13	Iron Blossom	[illegible]	½	[illegible]	½
St L R M & P	40	..	40	..	Jumbo Ext	13	15	13	15
Swift Int w I	43⅝	44¼	43⅝	44¼	Kerr Lake	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5½
Todd Shipyd	107	108½	107	108½	La Rose	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½	Magma Cop	25	27	25	27
U S Lt & H	1⅛	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝	Marsh Min's	3	4	3	4
U S LtH pf	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	McKinley-D	48	50	47	49
Wright-M Air pf	59	63	59	63	Mother Lode	32	33	32	33
OIL STOCKS.					NY&HonRos	12	13	12	13
AtlanticPetrol	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	Ohio Copper	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
World Film	[illegible]	½	[illegible]	½	Seneca Cop	15½	16	15½	16
					Success Min	4	6	4	6
					U Sulphur M	⅝	½	⅝	½
					Wisbert M'g	5	6	5	6

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Am Brass	222	223	222	Du Pont debs, pf	91½	92½	91½
Atlas Powder	155	157	155	Hercules	204	206	203
Do pf	90½	91½	91	Do pf	107	109	107
Babcock & Wilcox	107	108½	106	Niles-Bem't-Pond	104	106	104
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	93	98	95
Do pf	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg	345	370	340
Colt's Arms	41	44	41	Standard Screw	250	260	250
Du Pont	268	275	268				

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Am Cigar	115	118	114	P R-Am Tobacco	130	136	132
Do pf	85	90	86	R J Reynolds, A	380	420	380
Conley Foil	190	200	180	Do B	305	320	300
J S Young	125	150	125	Do pf	106½	108½	106½
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton	*165	170	*167½
MacA & Forbes	195	205	190	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85	*Ex rights.			

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Reports of commercial agencies this week indicate that the peace-time expansion of trade continues to wait on prices. Considerable progress in readjusting quotations for goods to new conditions has been made, but the indications seem to be that the movement will go further before a satisfactory awakening of buying occurs.

Dun's Review says:

For nine weeks running, recessions have outnumbered advances in a representative list of wholesale quotations, and in retail channels, where accumulations of merchandise have resulted partly from unseasonable temperature over a wide area, some offerings are being made at material concessions. But while certain markets have been lately turning downward, and though efforts to stimulate demand are increasing, the price reaction apparently has not yet gone far enough to promote the anticipated business revival, and the prevailing situation, in the broader sense, remains one of diminishing consumption and production. This condition finds plain reflection in the decided halting of industrial activities, especially in the leading Eastern centres, and current reports of idle machinery and growing unemployment contrast sharply with the recent great manufacturing pressure and universal complaint of labor scarcity.

Bank clearings this week at the principal cities in the United States amount to $6,348,503,048, an increase of 19.4 per cent. over this week last year. The gain at New York this week is 12.3 per cent. and outside cities 33.4 per cent.

Bradstreet's says, after commenting on the dullness of business in various lines:

The trade situation, however, though slack, is not without redeeming features, and there is enough sunlight to prevent an unrelievedly gloomy picture being painted. Perhaps the most encouraging feature from the standpoint of the long-suffering consumer is the continuance of the declining tendency shown in food prices noted in these columns last week. While this tendency is most manifest in butter, cheese, and eggs—dairy products, in short—and mild weather and cancellations of our own and allied Government orders may be chief reasons therefor, there is little disposition to question the cause in view of the agreeable effect.

Saskatchewan Insists on Reciprocity

REGINA, Sask., Jan. 24.—Immediate substantial reductions in preferential and customs tariffs and acceptance of the reciprocity pact with the United States were demanded of the Federal Government by the unanimous vote of the Saskatchewan Assembly yesterday. The Conservatives of the province, for the first time on record, cast their votes with the Government on the tariff issue.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 30, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to purchase said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 5, 1919.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M. By order of the Board of Directors.

C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, Room No. 2001, Heckscher Building, No. 50 East 42nd Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, New York, on the 1st day of February, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing three directors for the ensuing year and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, January 15th, 1919.
NILS JOHANESON, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of M. Booth Co., Inc., will be held at the office of Newman & Butler, its attorneys, at No. 116 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of February, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that said corporation be forthwith dissolved, pursuant to Section 221 of the General Corporation Law.

Dated New York, January 24, 1919.
M. BOOTH COMPANY, INC.,
By MOSES BOOTH, President.
NEWMAN & BUTLER, Attorneys for M. Booth Co., Inc., 116 Nassau Street, N. Y. C.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of GARDINER, ATKINSON & WELLS, INC., will be held at the office of the company, at No. 150 Madison Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of January, 1919, at 4 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of changing the name of the company from GARDINER, ATKINSON & WELLS, INC., to GARDINER & WELLS CO., INC.

Dated New York, January 10, 1919.
(Signed) WM. RAY GARDINER, JR., President.
(Signed) JOS. H. WEINBERG, Secretary.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY.

New York, January 17th, 1919.

A special meeting of the Stockholders of the Lincoln Trust Company will be held on the 4th day of February, 1919, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the offices of the said Company, 204 Fifth Avenue, New York City, for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposition to increase the number of Directors of said Company from twenty-one to thirty Directors in number.

ALEXANDER S. WEBB, President.
FREDERIC P. DAVIS, Secretary.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

New York, January 21, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at its office, No. 55 John Street, on Tuesday, February 4, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors in place of those whose terms expire and for such other business as may come before them.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Vice President and Secretary.

Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company

New York, January 24th, 1919.

The Trustees, in conformity with the Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st of December, 1918.

Premiums on Marine and Inland Transportation Insurance from the 1st January, 1918, to the 31st December, 1918		$6,684,881.55
Premiums on Policies not terminated 1st January, 1918		1,072,550.96
Total Premiums		$7,757,442.51
Premiums marked off as terminated from 1st January, 1918, to 31st December, 1918		$6,756,505.15
Interest on the investments of the Company received during the year	$418,106.66	
Interest on Deposits in Banks, Trust Companies, etc	120,010.84	
Rent received less Taxes and Expenses	97,634.51	$635,752.01
Losses paid during the year		$4,105,973.64
Less: Salvages	$239,186.61	
Re-insurances	1,947,733.05	$2,186,919.59
		$1,919,054.05
Re-insurance Premiums and Returns of Premiums		$1,756,937.01
Expenses, including compensation of officers and clerks, taxes, stationery, advertisements, etc		$996,019.84

A dividend of interest of Six per cent. on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the fourth of February next.

The outstanding certificates of the issue of 1917 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the fourth of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment and canceled.

A dividend of Forty-five per cent. is declared on the earned premiums of the Company for the year ending 31st December, 1918, which are entitled to participate in dividend, for which, upon application, certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the sixth of May next.

By order of the Board.
G. STANTON FLOYD-JONES, Secretary

TRUSTEES.

EDMUND L. BAYLIES, JOHN N. BEACH, NICHOLAS BIDDLE, JAMES BROWN, JOHN CLAFLIN, GEORGE C. CLARK, J. WILLIAM CLARK, FREDERIC A. DALLETT, CLEVELAND H. DODGE, CORNELIUS ELDERT, G. STANTON FLOYD-JONES, PHILIP A. S. FRANKLIN, HERBERT L. GRIGGS, SAMUEL T. HUBBARD, WILLIAM H. LEFFERTS, CHARLES D. LEVERICH, HENRY FORBES McCREERY, NICHOLAS F. PALMER, WALTER WOOD PARSONS, CHARLES A. PEABODY, WILLIAM R. PETERS, JAMES H. POST, CHARLES M. PRATT, DALLAS B. PRATT, JOHN J. RIKER, JUSTUS RUPERTI, WILLIAM JAY SCHIEFFELIN, SAMUEL SLOAN, WILLIAM SLOANE, LOUIS STERN, WILLIAM A. STREET, GEORGE E. TURNURE, GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, Jr., RICHARD H. WILLIAMS.

CORNELIUS ELDERT, President
WALTER WOOD PARSONS, Vice-President
CHARLES E. FAY, 2d Vice-President
WILLIAM D. WINTER, 3rd Vice-President.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
United States and State of New York Bonds	$3,468,000.00	Estimated Losses and Losses Unsettled in process of Adjustment	$4,557,029.00
Stock of the City of New York and Stocks of Trust Companies & Banks	1,335,500.00	Premiums on Unterminated Risks	1,000,934.33
Stocks and Bonds of Railroads	3,069,879.85	Certificates of Profits and Interest Unpaid	316,702.75
Other Securities	365,410.00	Return Premiums Unpaid	129,017.66
Special Deposits in Banks and Trust Companies	1,000,000.00	Taxes Unpaid	400,000.00
Real Estate cor. Wall Street, William Street and Exchange Place	3,900,000.00	Re-insurance Premiums on Terminated Risks	288,808.92
Real Estate on Staten Island (held under provisions of Chapter 481, Laws of 1887)	75,000.00	Claims not Settled, including Compensation, etc.	139,296.10
Premium Notes	652,439.63	Certificates of Profits Ordered Redeemed, Withheld for Unpaid Premiums	22,592.54
Bills Receivable	718,783.36	Income Tax Withheld at the Source	3,729.93
Cash in hands of European Bankers to pay losses under policies payable in foreign countries	286,904.00	Certificates of Profits Outstanding	6,140,190.00
Cash in Bank and in Office	1,972,809.61	Balance	3,825,870.11
Statutory Deposit with the State of Queensland, Australia	4,765.00		
	$16,823,491.34		$16,823,491.34

Balance brought down	$3,825,570.11
Accrued Interest on the 31st day of December, 1918, amounted to	95,890.45
Rents due and accrued on the 31st day of December, 1918, amounted to	23,106.49
Re-insurance due or accrued, in companies authorized in New York, on the 31st day of December, 1918, amounted to	462,184.81
Note: The Insurance Department has estimated the value of the Real Estate on Staten Island in excess of the Book Value given above, at	63,700.00
The Insurance Department's valuation of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities exceeds the Company's valuation by	2,411,354.11
On the basis of these increased valuations the balance would be	$6,881,835.38

THE COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RAILWAY COMPANY

First Mortgage 5% Bonds, Due Jan. 1, 1930.

Default having occurred in the payment of the interest due on January 1, 1919, on the above issue of bonds, the undersigned, owning or representing a substantial amount of the bonds, have consented to act as a Committee to protect the interests of the bondholders.

In the judgment of the Committee it is imperative that prompt concerted action be taken by the bondholders for their own protection and that bonds should be deposited immediately. To become parties to and to participate in the benefits of the protective agreement, bonds must be deposited on or before March 1st, 1919, with the CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY of NEW YORK, the Depositary of the Committee, at its office No. 54 Wall Street, New York City. After March 1st, 1919, no bonds will be received except on such terms as the Committee may impose. All bonds must be accompanied by the coupons maturing January 1, 1919, and subsequently, and registered bonds must be accompanied by properly executed transfers thereof in blank.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained from the Secretary or the Depositary. Depositors will receive negotiable certificates of deposit.

James Timpson, Chairman,
2nd Vice-President, Mutual Life Ins. Company, New York.

Robert Struthers, Jr.,
Wood, Struthers & Co., New York.

Livingston E. Jones,
President, Saving Fund Society of Germantown and Its Vicinity, Philadelphia.

Emerson W. Judd, Secretary,
5 Nassau Street, New York.

Masten & Nichols, Counsel,
49 Wall Street, New York.

DIVIDENDS.

GASTON, WILLIAMS & WIGMORE, INC.

DIVIDEND NO. 11.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors held January 23rd, 1919, a dividend of One Dollar ($1.00) per share was declared payable at the Guaranty Trust Company of New York on February 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on February 1st, 1919.

ANDREW W. FRANK, Treasurer.
Dated, New York, January 25, 1919.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A dividend of four dollars ($4.00) per share has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, at the New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to Stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

Boston, January 21, 1919.
EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 23, 1919.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid February 1, 1919, to the registered holders of January 23, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

LUDLOW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES,
Boston, Mass.

DIVIDENDS NOS. 90 AND 91.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared, payable on March 1, 1919, to shareholders of record February 1, 1919.

MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

INSPIRATION CONSOLIDATED COPPER CO.

The Directors have declared a dividend of $2.00 per share, payable Monday, January 27, 1919, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M., Friday, January 10, 1919.

J. W. ALLEN, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., December 26, 1918.

DIVIDENDS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

Preferred Stock Dividend

A semi-annual dividend of three per cent. on the Preferred Stock has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable February 1st, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business January 15th, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

H. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.

To the Holders of Stock Trust Certificate for Preferred Stock of the INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

Notice is hereby given to holders of outstanding stock trust certificates for Preferred Stock of the International Mercantile Marine Company to present their certificates at the Agency of the Voting Trustees, 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, N. J., to be exchanged for definitive stock of the Company.

Pursuant to the foregoing notice the undersigned, as Agents for the Voting Trustees, will be prepared, on and after February 1st, 1919, to distribute the dividend of 3% to holders of Preferred Stock issued in exchange for Stock Trust Certificates.

THE NEW YORK TRUST CO.
For Voting Trustees.
New York, December 19, 1918.

St. Louis, Missouri, Jan. 7, 1919

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the BROWN SHOE COMPANY, INC., held today there was declared the usual quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share upon the preferred stock, payable February 1, 1919, to preferred stockholders of record on January 20, 1919.

BROWN SHOE COMPANY, INC.,
WILLIAM KRAIL, Secretary.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY.

A dividend of 75c per share (1½%) on the Common Stock has been declared payable February 15th, 1919, to holders of record at the close of business February 1st, 1919. The transfer books will not be closed.

GEO. H. DANFORTH, Secretary.
New York, January 22d, 1919.

THORNE URGES CURB IN RAILROAD LAW

Shippers' Representative Asks Power for Courts and State Commissions.

WANTS CHECK ON RATES

Tells Senate Committee That Shippers Are Strongly Against Federal Management.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The assertion that Government operation of railroads is so distasteful to the shippers of this country that if they had an opportunity to vote upon it the Federal plan would be overwhelmingly rejected, was made today by Clifford Thorne, who represents various shippers, to the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee.

"If the members of Mr. McAdoo's staff," said Mr. Thorne, "had deliberately planned to double-cross the Director General, and thereby to make Government operation so unpopular that it would tend to kill any possible movement toward Government ownership, they could not have adopted any more effective methods than those which actually have been adopted.

"I do not think for an instant that these railway officials have attempted to double-cross Mr. McAdoo, for they are honorable men. Unquestionably the emergency demands of the war were largely responsible for the existing situation.

"There are some good things which Mr. McAdoo and his associates have accomplished, that must be saved out of the wreckage. To do this intelligently and efficiently will require several months of discussion, and the careful drafting of laws that will make some very important changes in our present statutes. During this interval the shipper wants protection against a business organization having powers that are autocratic and despotic in character."

Mr. Thorne said that it was of "paramount importance" that the full powers of the courts and of the State Commissions should be restored at once and that this could be done by simply striking out a few lines and inserting one or two sentences in the present railroad control law.

"We are gravely apprehensive as to whether we can command your attention to this subject sufficiently to get immediate action, but unless this is taken the shippers of the country will suffer incalculable injury," he said. "We may differ on many things, such as the relative functions of the State and Federal Governments, the pooling of earnings, mergers, and consolidations which may tend to eliminate competition in service, the control of capitalization by the Federal Government or by the State, but I believe I am safe in saying that the vast majority of the shippers of the United States are united in urgently petitioning for immediate action on the proposition which I have stated.

"We believe that all other discussion might well be temporarily suspended for a few days so as to make possible the immediate consideration of this issue. Unless you decide to do this nothing will be accomplished by the present Congress.

"The transportation problem forced upon us at this time will inevitably become one of the leading issues, if not the greatest, before the American people during the coming twelve months."

Mr. Thorne asserted that the Director General of Railroads "has decided, and is now proposing to decide, controverted issues between the shippers and the railroads involving millions of dollars without any semblance of a hearing before a disinterested body. He is now considering wholesale disturbances of rate relationships upon which business has been built up and established during the last generation without any hearing before a disinterested tribunal before the new rates become effective."

These things, said Mr. Thorne, created uncertainty and confusion among the shippers of the country. He asked the Senate Committee to restore the suspension powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to strike out the clause which attempts to make the acts of the President superior to State and Federal law and the common," and to insert a clause requiring the Director General to pay final judgments against common carriers under his control and charge them to operating expenses.

Mr. Thorne will resume the stand on Monday.

FOUND IN PRISON CAMP.

Soldier Reported Killed Is Traced by Y. M. C. A. Representative.

Given up as dead, and his Government insurance paid to his family, William E. Lynch of 468 Second Avenue has been found by the Y. M. C. A.'s system of checking up gifts sent to our soldiers in German prison camps. Through this system it was not only established that Lynch was living, but his recent whereabouts—the prison camp at Rastatt—with positive identification, was furnished to his mother and brothers.

Lynch is a member of Company I, 308th Regiment. On the date on which he was captured, as proved later by the "Y" records, the War Department listed him as killed in action. This report came in due time to the family. The Government made its investigation and paid the insurance claim.

Meanwhile Conrad Hoffman, the Y. M. C. A.'s American representative in the German prison camps, visited Rastatt, where most of the American prisoners were held. About seventy-five men asked him to send word of their safety to their families. One of these boys was Lynch. Hoffman communicated with the New York Headquarters, and the Lynch family was notified.

Early the next morning one of Lynch's brothers rushed into the Y. M. C. A. Headquarters with the "Y" letter in his hand. Initials, military unit, date of capture, and even mother's name, all in the "Y" records, proved beyond doubt that Lynch was safe. Later a receipt, dated Nov. 2, arrived from Lynch at Rastatt, acknowledging "two books, for which I thank you very much." Other former prisoners from whom the Y. M. C. A. has received cards acknowledging gifts forwarded to them in Germany are:

Luca Centiempo, 2,727 West Fifteenth Street, Coney Island, dated Rastatt, Oct. 29; G. S. Brown, 93 Wright Street, Stapleton, S. I., Rastatt, Nov. 4; Harry Maratos, 30 Madison Street, Manhattan, Rastatt, Nov. 4; Allen Oshinsky, 133 West 113th Street, Manhattan, Rastatt, Nov. 2; H. Shipatchek, 7 Allen Street, Manhattan, Remchin, Nov. 7; Daniel Marley, 256 Lewis Avenue, Brooklyn, Rastatt, Nov. 2, and E. Sakowicz, 305 Avenue A, Manhattan, Remchin, Nov. 7.

LEFT $5,000 AT NEWS STAND

Disclosures Follow Mason's Attempt to Reclaim Package.

When Henry Mason was told on Tuesday to leave the home of his parents, at 541 East 152d Street, he gathered together $5,000 and on his way downtown checked the package of money at the subway news stand at 149th Street and Third Avenue. The clerk, William Ward, not knowing the value of the package, tossed it under a shelf.

Mason went back for his package yesterday. He said he had lost the check for the package, but that it was important that he get it back, as it contained money. The clerk sent him to the office of Ward & Gow to make his claim. Mason explained there that the package contained money and that he had lost the check. The management communicated with the Morrisania police station and a detective was sent to the subway station to be present when Mason got the package. When the transfer had been made he took the young man to the police station there to explain how he had $5,000, mostly in one dollar bills.

After Mason had told what the police considered to be conflicting stories they sent for his father, John F. Mason, a hardware manufacturer. The result of the conference that followed was that the father charged his son with grand larceny. The police said that young Mason told his father that for five years he had been failing to turn in a part of the money collected on orders and instead had been concealing it in small packages about the house. After his disagreement with his father and the latter told him to leave he had packed up the money with the intention of buying a farm with it.

Mason justified his action by saying that he had worked for his father without pay and he thought it no more than right that he should have taken his wages out of money that he should have turned in.

Mills Heads Tax Association.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Major Ogden L. Mills of New York, at present in France, was elected President of the New York State Tax Association at the closing session today. Major Mills was formerly a State Senator. Other officers are: Vice Presidents, Edwin R. A. Seligman, New York; John J. Merrill and Charles J. Tobin of Albany, and William J. Wallin, Yonkers; Secretary and Treasurer, Leo Day Woodworth, New York.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 24.—Forty-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,226,500, were chartered today. They include:

Kollicewood Lumber Co., Fultonville, $40,000; V. Henry, S. Hodge, J. W. Lepert, Fultonville.

Hudson River Lighterage Co. of New York, Eddyville, $120,000; W. G. Decker, J. B. Mackie, A. W. Dillman, 15 Broad St.

Orange Cup Co., Brooklyn, syrups, and deal in goods, wares and merchandise, $50,000; R. Feller, L. Miller, H. Fox, 238 Christopher Av., Brooklyn.

H. Lichtenberg, Inc., Manhattan, importing and exporting, $50,000; J. S. Garfingle, B. and H. Lichtenberg, 790 Riverside Drive.

The Attica Farms Products Co., Attica, $12,000; G. F. Seligman, J. E. Winchester, C. F. Eastman, Attica.

Semi-Indirect Lighting Co., Manhattan, mining and mercantile business; Holloway, P. L. Woodward, W. L. Post, 50 Church St.

Ritter Pattern and Woodworking Co., Manhattan, $10,000; C. H. Herbst, M. L. Freidenberg, M. E. Ritter, 51 East 97th St.

Grinnell Bros., Inc., Manhattan, stoves and heating devices, $150,000; L. J. Grinberg, A. and N. H. Grinnell, 529 West 111th St.

Fletcher Elliott and Co., Brokerage business, $10,000; N. Wheeler, H. W. Swift, F. Elliott, 102 West 56th St.

G. R. and S. Mfg. Co., Manhattan, wearing apparel; M. Rugoff, H. Gubman, D. A. Schultz, 236 Macon St., Brooklyn.

Kendalite Co., Manhattan, heaters, machinery, and hardware, $80,000; S. C. Wilbeck, G. Rosendale, R. H. Garretson, 32 Broadway.

Donahue Mfg. Corp., New Rochelle, auto accessories and furniture, $25,000; S. Donahue, B. F. Neil, A. H. Patterson, New Rochelle.

Long Island, Brooklyn and Kings Agency, Inc., Brooklyn, autos and garages, $10,000; L. Brass, E. Hennigson, C. J. Eppig, 1,554 Carroll St., Brooklyn.

Lionel Knitting Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $100,000; J. T. Abels, W. T. Werner, W. P. Riley, 2 Rector St.

Bayonne Lighterage Co., Manhattan, $5,000; G. Negri, F. and C. Starita, 343 East 23d St., Brooklyn.

Gardner Furniture Co., Buffalo, $10,000; W. F. and F. A. Hofheins, W. R. Gardner, Buffalo.

Clark & Roberts, Canners, Inc., Manhattan, $30,000; J. Grashin, O. B. Roberts, R. V. Clark, 342 West 42d St.

G. and S. Bakery Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; I. Salzer, B. A. Goldstein, G. S. Friedman, 818 East 165th St.

Winton Cloak Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Shapiro, H. Gordon, S. G. Geller, 964 Amsterdam Av.

Atlantic Bag Co., Manhattan, second hand bags, burlap, and barrels, $50,000; A. J. Nemoytin, I. J. and R. A. Abramson, 243 Water St.

Harbor Sales and Mfg. Co., Manhattan, drugs, chemicals, and general merchandise, $10,000; J. Dunne, V. V. Smith, J. T. Hogan, 27 Cedar St.

Substantial Homes Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; G. H. Ohnewald, H. F. Hill, M. L. Bull, 751 Westminster Road, Brooklyn.

Fishman Dairy Co., Brooklyn, $15,000; B. Smith, J. Bearman, I. L. Fishman, 68 McKibben St., Brooklyn.

New York Persian Lamb Fur Sheep Corp., Geneva, $100,000; M. H. Lewis, T. Haslett, G. I. Teter, Geneva.

Federal Food Stores, Brooklyn, $100,000; S. and L., W. and J. Reiter, 1,571 47th St., Brooklyn.

Lewis C. Smith Agency, Manhattan, insurance and brokerage, $5,000; G. F. Williamson, W. Miller, H. Lenits, 27 Cedar St.

Stern & Katz, Inc., Manhattan drygoods, $6,000; C. A. Mark, J. Katz, S. Stern, 116 Graham Av., Brooklyn.

Brighton Corporation, Rochester, Real estate, $1,500,000; W. O. and M. E. and A. M. Engle, Rochester.

Asphalt Roof Coating Co., Ltd., Manhattan, $100,000; D. J. Swift, H. K. Driggs, J. L. Suldam, 25 Broad St.

The United States Pressing Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $150,000; J. H. and K. E. and B. F. White, 2,272 East 19th St., Brooklyn.

Guardino-Purity Ice Cream Co., Brooklyn, $36,000; D. L. and S. Guardino, 226 Lynch St., Brooklyn.

Barcley Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, $100,000; W. L. Rosan, J. H. Zieser, Fred Brown, 285 Central Park West.

Argo Packing Corp., Manhattan, Asbestos fibre and metallic packing, $25,000; J. A. Neustadt, J. E. McNamara, F. Helman, 165 Broadway.

Transit Advertising Co., Manhattan, realty, $100,000; M. Elson, M. Grives, M. Levy, 60 Broadway.

N. C. Kern, Inc., Brooklyn, baking business and commission merchants in provisions, $25,000; A. E. and E. J. and N. C. Kern, 40 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

Morgan Baking Co., Buffalo, $50,000; M. T. Van Mechelen, F. H. Morgan, A. G. Hegel, Buffalo.

Hutton Specialty Mfg. Co., Buffalo, $100,000; W. A. Hutton, C. W. Hyne, A. W. Farr, Buffalo.

Bellwood Trading Corp., Manhattan, wearing apparel, $75,000; L. H. Sanders, W. A. Wormer, W. F. Riley, 2 Rector St.

A. D. Auto Service, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; R. and V. and A. Damiani, 2,535 Amsterdam Av.

Fisher-Berco, Inc., Manhattan, goods, wares, and merchandise, $10,000; M. Fisher, S. L. Samuels, J. Berco, 698 West 191st St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

United Aircraft Engineering Corp., Manhattan, $200,000 to $500,000.

Doherr, Grimm & Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

The Leonard Henry Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

Empire Automobile Co. of Glens Falls, N. Y., $5,000 to $50,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Cassella Color Co., Manhattan, $1,500 to $500.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Harris-Schwarz Co., Manhattan, to Harris & Son Cigar Co.

Solberman-Schampain Co., Manhattan, to Seymour-Schampain, Inc.

First Norwegian-Danish Baptist Church of Greater New York, Brooklyn, to First Norwegian Baptist Church of Brooklyn.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Consolidated Steel Corp., Delaware, $10,000,000; representative, L. W. Hesselman, 165 Broadway.

F. G. Vogt & Son, Pennsylvania, slaughtering of hogs, beeves, and sheep, $300,000; representative, H. S. Gould, 57 Wall St.

MERGER.

Thomas Cusack Co., New Jersey, with George N. Rice Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Ellangee Mfg. Corp., Manhattan.

Antique Rug Studios Corp., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 24.—Charters filed: Liberty Union Charcoal Co., Newark, $125,000; Abram Tuck, Sarah Tuck, Alex. Lerner, all of Newark.

R. B. McEwen & Son, Newark, paper box board, $300,000; R. B. McEwen, R. B. McEwen, Jr., E. M. Gould, all of Orange.

The Cook Hagerstrom Co., Newark, autos, $10,000; J. S. Hagerstrom, C. M. Cook and Bertha Hagerstrom, all of Newark.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 24.—Charters filed: Traveler Rubber Co. of Bethlehem, U. S. A., $1,350,000; E. E. Pollard, J. E. Green, Philadelphia; S. D. Townsend, Jr., Wilmington.

The Continental Petroleum Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Beacon Coal and Iron Co., $1,000,000; W. Metkiff, F. B. Knowlton, P. D. Benson, New York City.

The Zamium Corp., $1,000,000, manufacture and deal in metals and all alloys; William J. Skelly, M. M. Green, James L. Goodwin, of New York.

American Pitch Pine Export Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

National Paper Tube Co., $350,000; F. R. Hansell, Philadelphia; E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, Camden, N. J.

"Babs" Manufacturing Corp., $100,000; dolls and other toys; F. R. Hansell, Philadelphia; E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, Camden, N. J.

John N. Willys Export Corp., $100,000, automobiles and motor vehicles; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Oak Park Baking Co., $200,000; Leroy F. Hovy, G. H. Nulle, A. W. Jack, New York City.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Nation Oil Co., Kansas City, Mo., $1,000,000 to $3,000,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Dividend Oil and Shale Products to Ranger Burkburnett Oil Co.

The Kyane Co. to Midland Tractor Co.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—110 Juilliard American velours, 544, 11050, 13009, 5120, all colors and other quotings for cash. Philip Geffen, 34 West 23d St.

CLOTH Wanted for children's Winter coats, velour, broadcloths, meltons, mixtures, corduroys, and cotton plushes. Superior Girl Coat Co., 117 Prince St.

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring dolmans, capes, and sport coats, high grade only. Call fourth floor, Kaye Building, Madison Av. and 30th St., (30th St. entrance.)

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—We are placing orders on high grade Spring coats and suits. 32 East 31st St., 9th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coat and suit lines all week. 12 West 27th St., 9th floor.

COATS, CAPES Wanted.—Dolmans of the better kind; jobber placing orders. Room 505, 339 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open for quantity cotton washable suede or venetian, at a price. Greeley 2810.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will buy for cash any quantity taffeta, georgette, satin, or cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d St., fifth floor.

PEGGY CLOTH Wanted.—Navy only; immediate delivery. Franklin 1774.

POPLINS Wanted.—Veloure, high shades; Tricotines, Poiret twills; all colors. Call all day. Madison Square 9837.

POPLIN Wanted.—In high shades, for cash. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

SATIN AND CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Heavy; close prices. Dayan Silk Garment Co., 138 West 17th St.

SERGES Wanted.—At once, 9, 104, 54289, also other kinds, for cash; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 104, 99, any quantity. Ben Kramer, 2 West 33d, 11th floor. Mad. Sq. 9656.

SERGES wanted—Navy, 11 433 519 54 289, or similar for spot cash at a low price. Farragut 8880.

SERGES Wanted.—7301— or similar, all shades. David Zimmerman, 127 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 4408 navy only; W. F. X. all colors. Madison Square 1326.

SERGES Wanted.—3859, 9, navy, black, at a price; cash. Farragut 707.

SERGES Wanted.—Can use any quantity, any make; cash. Madison Square 9837.

SERGES Wanted.—American 0936, navy. Phone Madison Square 8275.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 104, 9, 7120. Gramercy 6227.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors, also F. A. H. velour. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SUITS Wanted.—Of better kind; jobber placing orders. Room 505, 339 5th Av.

TRECO Wanted.—Tan, navy, and rookie, Reids or F. & H. Orchard 9275.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield, 4718, navy, and rookie. Phone Hyman Sheer, 0874 Madison Square.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 5010 and F. & H. 8057; cash; navies only. Madison Square 8434.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718, navy and rookie 423. Madison Square 8475.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H. shades, 526, 852 Pasternack, 310 5th Av.

VENETIANS Wanted.—White only, 36 inches. Call or send sample to Solar Textile Co., Inc., 27 East 22d St.

Contracts Wanted.

PATTERN MACHINE SHOP wants more work; reasonable prices; all work guaranteed; no labor trouble. Corona Pattern and Machine Co., 147 Tory St., Corona, L. I.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS.—Botany 315; all colors. Madison Square 7039.

COATS AND SUITS.—Special for jobbers; newest Spring style; very cheap; suits on racks for immediate delivery. B. Rabinowitz & Sons, 50 West 15th St.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices, large assortment, colors and materials, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 26 St.

COATS.—Sacrificing velours, trimmed raccoon, sealine, coney collars, $10 up. Bernstein, 113 West 27th.

COATS.—Silvertones, plushes, velours, broadcloths; close out 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COTTON GOODS.—Jobbers' and exporters' cotton drills, gabardines, hollands, voile; full assortment; below market price. Call, or write, Gazi & Dabah, 276 Canal St.

DRESSES.—All-wool Jersey dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—Children's; 1,250 dozen serge, ginghams, silks; up to $72 per dozen, at $15. 1,270 Broadway, Room 411.

DRESSES.—Job about 500 serge, satin and georgette to close out. Greenberg Wiener, 31 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges, satins, velvets, taffetas; best style; 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—300 snappy taffetas, close $6.75; 300 serges, navy, black, $3.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out, reasonable. Seid, 32 East 31st.

HOSIERY.—Ladies' 18-inch fiber silk hose, mercerized top, for immediate delivery only; $5.50 net cash. G 735 Times Downtown.

METAL BROCADE.—Gold, silver; slightly imperfect; $3.75 yard. 1,270 Broadway, Room 411.

POPLINS.—12 pieces of black Whitman's 774; will sell at $1.72½ net cash. Greeley 2810.

SATINS.—2,000 yards R. & T., all shades; close cheap. Madison Square 761.

SERGES, VELOURS, POPLINS.—We have them, all shades, all makes, all numbers, any quantity. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1837.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—Cash, all kinds, biggest assortment; great sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 8671.

SERGE.—Whitman 99; will exchange black for navy. Ben Kramer, 2 West 33d, 11th floor. Madison Square 9656.

SERGES.—235, 0609, Gera 787, Whitman's 106, Cleveland 9288, Stuyvesant 7843.

SILVERTONES.—Pekin, reindeer, tan, khaki. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES.—Arthur Joel navy; also Garfield 4718 copen. Madison Square 1520.

TRIMMINGS.—Notions, embroideries, and laces. Phone Madison Square 761.

VELOURS.—American 082, brown and burgundy, 13000, 11050, 13046, 544; blue, brown, green, burgundy and black Thibet. Call Gramercy 2482.

WAISTS.—75 dozen georgine and crepe de chine; nice assortment of styles and colors; formerly at $27, to close out at $24 dozen; immediate delivery. Arlington Waist, 97 5th Av.

WAISTS.—Retiring from business; entire stock of $18-$24 cotton waists to be closed out at once. Rialto Waist Co., 135 5th Av.

WAISTS.—All kinds; also skirts; close out 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

WAISTS.—Voile, white or black, $7.50 to $9 dozen. Stone, 1,170 Broadway.

Allied Industries.

CUTTING TABLES.—For sale, 400 feet of 2-inch solid-cutting tables; will sell at sacrifice; cans for clipping used on cutting tables; 4-8-inch Eastman and 2-round Maiman cutting knives in perfect condition. Broue Bros., 1,115 B'way. Farragut 4234.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN to cover department stores of New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade and lines will be considered; no others need apply; commission basis. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN, to call on retail trade of Boston, Worcester, Springfield, and Providence, with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; good opportunity to make big money; no objection to one other line; commission basis. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN, experienced, for apron line, metropolitan district, acquainted with department store buyers; commission basis; apply by letter only, stating past experience. W. H. Dean, 45 East 17th.

SALESMEN covering West at present, with following among domestic buyers, to handle well-known brand embroidered pillow cases, scarfs, &c., as side line; commission. B. B., 806 Times Downtown.

yard sheetings were sold at 9¼ cents. There was an absence of dealing in other constructions.

Buying Coral Necklaces.

In the retail jewelry trade there is a brisk demand for white and pink coral necklaces that retail from $5 to $15 apiece. These articles are very popular with the Palm Beach trade. Reports from various sections of the country are to the effect that jewelry is selling much better this season, especially sterling silver veil pins, the demand for which seems to be almost unlimited.

Silk Shirts Selling.

As it seems to the shirt trade, silk shirts are selling equally well and in some instances better than those of heavy material. This opinion has also been voiced by buyers. Although the price of these goods is high, and with prospects of being even higher, many orders are being received. One of the local concerns made three shipments yesterday that represented a total of 1,250 dozen at $84 a dozen.

Demand for Middy Blouses.

There is a big demand for middy blouses in the local and out-of-town trade. In fact, the sale of this merchandise has been so large during the last six months that the stocks at present are very low. In the West and Middle West the buying has been very heavy. In one instance an order was received from the jobbing trade that amounted to nearly $18,000, and reorders are now coming in for May delivery. Voiles with hand smocking, linens, and Japanese crêpe are among the best sellers this season.

Trade in Children's Dresses.

With the opening of the Spring buying season the sale of children's dresses has so far been very satifactory. The orders that are now being taken are not as large as those received last year, but the volume of business is just as big. This season buyers are placing smaller orders and are buying more often. One firm said that the retailers carry just enough merchandise to last for about thirty days, and then replenish the stock. Styles are a very important factor in the new lines, and if a garment lacks this it is not very likely to prove successful.

Sale of Silk Hosiery.

The sale of silk hosiery has increased to the point where the demand is greatly in excess of the supply. This is partly due to the lack of machines, and the shortage of skilled knitters. One of the large manufacturers of these goods said yesterday that, on orders taken several months ago, they are only able to ship about half of the amount originally called for. In view of these conditions very few advance orders are being taken. Hand embroidered and lace effects are being sold very extensively for both street and evening wear.

Play Garments for Children.

Play garments for children that have considerable merit and are also very practical have made their appearance and have met with much favor from visiting buyers of infants' and children's wear, who have placed many good-sized orders. One of the styles shown is an apron cut from printed goods showing pictures of nursery rhymes and is tastefully trimmed in bright colors. Original and novel styles are also shown in rompers, creepers, and overalls trimmed with the same attractive materials. A pretty beach set consists of apron, bonnet, and bag.

Putting It Up to the Farmer.

Housewives are asking why they have to pay over a dollar for their brooms when they used to get them for 50 and 75 cents. A wholesaler says the increase in price can be put up to the farmer this time. Most of the broom corn comes from Kansas and Illinois and, with labor conditions and what not, the farmer out there who raises it says that he must get $500 a ton for it where before war days he felt well paid at $80. This has put up the retail price of brooms from 75 cents for the best quality to $1.50 and even $2, and the wholesale dealer says the housewife cannot afford to get anything but the best. Vacuum cleaners and other patent appliances are said to affect the broom trade but little. A broom is always a handy accessory.

Few Calls for Woolen Gloves.

Owing to the present weather conditions the sale of woolen glooves is practically at a standstill. The retail stores appear to have plenty of stock on hand, and very few orders are being placed for Fall delivery. It was said yesterday that gloves costing $2.70 a dozen were sold to the retailers for $4.25 during the end of last year. Since then there has been a reduction of 30 per cent. on some of the lines, but even this has not proved much of an inducement to buyers.

Patriotic Hatbands.

Small girls, who have never seen the ocean and whose brothers did not serve Uncle Sam on the sea, may still wear a hatband with the name of a warship upon it and feel that they "belong," for they can take one named for their own State. The hat men have brought out pretty, simple straw hats, in white, blue, black, &c., in high sailor and mushroom shapes, the only trimming being a warship hat band. These come in red, in white, and in black, and the name of the ship is in gold letters. There are Wyoming, Utah, and other inland States in the list, and for the little girls whom the States do not fit there is one band with the name of the Father of His Country that will suit any one. The hats are made to retail for about $5.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Thursday..5@5¼ " " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Prices Lower.

Even price concessions did not induce large buying in the local gray goods market yesterday. The sales reported were from both first and second hands and were for deliveries this month and next. Of print cloths, 30-inch 68-72s were disposed of at 11½ cents, and 38½-inch 60-48s and 64-60s at 8¾ and 9¾ cents respectively. Thirty-six inch 5.50

MORE SHIPS PUT INTO TRADE

69 Vessels Now Plying Between Here and South America.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Eleven additional steamers of 100,000 deadweight tonnage were assigned to the trade between the United States and the east coast of South America during the week ending yesterday, according to reports today to the Shipping Board's Division of Operations. This makes a total of sixty-nine steamers of 465,000 deadweight tonnage now released for this traffic.

Demand for additional shipping space for this trade continues, said the board's announcement, and will be alloted as quickly as is possible.

100,000 MINK SKINS SOLD.

Total of Four Days' Sale at St. Louis Is $4,750,000.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 24.—The greater part of today's session of the midwinter fur auction was occupied with the sale of 100,000 mink, which sold for $750,000. New York buyers offered $19.75 for mink pelts, said to be a record price. Total sales for the sale are now more than $4,750,000.

Six thousand otter brought $175,000, 8,500 gray fox $35,000, and 225 wolverine $3,500.

Copper Miners Accept Wage Cut.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Jan. 24.—Copper miners in the employ of the O. H. Franklin Mining Company have agreed to accept a wage reduction of approximately 17 per cent., it was announced today, in preference to working a three-quarter day.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Forecast:
N. C.—Fair Sat.; cloudy Sun.
S. C. and Ga.—Cloudy Sat.; rain Sun.
Fla.—Cloudy and rain Sat. and Sun.
Ala. and Miss.—Cloudy and rain Sat.; fair Sun.
Tenn. and Ky.—Fair and warmer Sat.; fair Sun.
Ind.—Fair and warmer Sat.; fair and colder Sun.
Ohio—Fair and warmer Sat.; fair Sun.
Mich.—Cloudy Sat. and Sun.

BUSINESS NOTES.

J. F. Brown, formerly millinery buyer for the Emporium World Millinery Company of Chicago, has bought the company's branch at Canton, Ohio, and will conduct the business there on his own account.

S. Steinfeld & Co. of 43-47 West Twenty-third Street have bought the entire stock of cotton piece goods of Bachrach Son & Morris, Inc., of 307 Canal Street.

HEARING IN HARBOR STRIKE.

Lighter Manager Tells How Captains Pile Up Wages.

At yesterday's hearing at the City Hall before the sub-committee of the National War Labor Board in the controversy between the harbor boat owners and their employes, one of the witnesses was Richard F. Morton, manager of the Atlantic Lighterage Corporation. He said his company operated 100 lighters, and that it chartered thirty lighters from owners who are Captains on their own boats. Some of their lighter Captains, Mr. Morton said, make large sums outside of their regular wages. One Captain in the week ending Oct. 16, 1918, he said, made his $21 wages as Captain, $14 for watching and $18.60 in doing stevedore work, making a total of $53.60. The Captain is paid extra for watching on the boat at night, is not called upon to do any work and has a place to sleep.

Frederick L. Polock, Superintendent of the West Shore ferries, was called as a witness by Theodore L. Burgess, counsel for the Railroad Administration. He said the men of the West Shore ferries preferred a long and short swing, equaling sixteen hours in two days, to a straight eight hours on and sixteen hours off. He said they liked it because it gave them a chance to get all their meals at home and gave them better hours on their time off.

Similar testimony was given by Captain J. M. Emery, Marine Superintendent of the Lackawanna Railroad, who said his company operated more ferry boats than any other company in the harbor. He told the duties of the different workers on the ferryboats.

The witness said that the Lackawanna Railroad owned 110 grain boats and chartered a like number. These boats, he said, were under tow about 10 per cent. of the time. The witness said it would be impracticable to relieve the men on the grain boats should an eight-hour day be put in operation on them, as it was never known for certain where a boat would be at a specific hour. Captain Emery said most of the Captains on the grain boats had their families with them, and he thought they would not like a system which would require their being relieved.

VICTORY FOR NEWSDEALER.

He Gets Temporary Injunction in Hearst Newspaper Fight.

Supreme Court Justice Cropsey in Brooklyn yesterday granted a temporary injunction to John Williamson, a newsdealer at Borough Hall, restraining Park Commissioner Harman from revoking his permit because he refused to sell Hearst newspapers on his stand. The injunction will remain in effect pending the trial of a suit brought by Williamson to make it permanent. In his decision Justice Cropsey said:

"The revocation was stated to be based on the refusal of the plaintiff to sell New York Americans and Evening Journals. The plaintiff admits that he refuses to sell those papers. He says that his refusal is based on the fact that he believes that they are un-American in spirit, and also because many of his customers refuse to deal with him if he continues to sell those papers. And he attaches some twenty or more affidavits of customers who state that that is their feeling and attitude. No papers are presented which show that the public are in any way inconvenienced by the refusal of the plaintiff to sell these particular papers. In fact, the moving papers show that the sales of these papers have greatly decreased.

"There is nothing in plaintiff's permit that requires him to sell every paper that is published, nor that the Park Commissioner may require him to sell. He is under no obligation certainly to carry papers to which his customers object and which will interfere with his business. It may be that on the trial the situation will appear differently than it does on the papers submitted. The revocation seems not to have been in the public interest nor for any good reason."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALEXANDRIA, La.—Simon Bros.; B. Simon, ladies' ready-to-wear, silk, dress goods; 1,150 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Real Quality House; W. Weinblatt, men's, women's garments; Albert.

BELOIT, Wis.—H. Rosenblatt & Sons; H. Rosenblatt, manufacturers shirts, overalls, pants; Gerard.

BELZONI, Miss.—J. A. Anderson, Mrs. J. A. Anderson, ladies' ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

BOSTON—Brown-Durrell Co.; C. B. Robertson, buttons, braids; 19 W. 19th.

BOZEMAN, Mon.—A. A. Braten; ladies' ready-to-wear; 100 W. 32d.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Sinclair, Rooney & Co.; C. O'Rourke, untrimmed hats; 621 B'way.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam Co.; F. Smith, cloaks, suits, furs, shawls, waists dresses; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Gerber, Mott & Co.; W. J. Macauley, flowers, feathers; L. M. Rapleye, silks, ribbons; McAlpin.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Clark-Mac Donald Co.; J. W. McDonald, men's furnishing goods, manufacturers work clothing; Wallick.

CHICAGO—Castle Shirt Co.; D. Johnson, mfrs. shirts, boys' waists; Gerard.

CHICAGO—Royal Ladies' Outfitting Co.; Miss H. Hansen, ready-to-wear; Webster.

CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward & Co.; Mr. Jenkins, underwear; J. H. Hawkins, Mr. Deyo, Mr. Stoneam, flannel shirts, underwear, knit goods; 309 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Leschrin; O. L. Ederheimer, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.

CHICAGO—Gage Bros. & Co.; E. R. Barstow, untrimmed hats; 5th Av. and 37th.

CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; J. C. Newhoff, millinery; 23 East 26th.

DULUTH, Minn.—Duluth Glass Block Store; Miss H. C. Church, waists, middies, sweaters; Miss S. Block, petticoats, children's, infants' wear; 200 5th Av.

EVERETT, Wash.—Grand Leader D. G. Co.; N. S. Hackman, dry goods, notions, cloaks, suits, underwear; 6 W. 32d.

GASTONIA, N. C.—McNeely Co.; Miss M. Hildebrand, women's wear, millinery; T. B. McNeely, cloaks, furs; Imperial.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y.—Boston Store Co.; R. W. Bayle, T. Hurley, cloaks, furs; 303 5th Av.; Alcazar.

JACKSON, Mich.—Dowing Locke Co.; A. J. Locke, dry goods, notions, read-to-wear, genl. mdse.; Breslin.

JOHNSTON, Penn.—Berney Bros.; M. Berney, dry goods, genl. mdse, hosiery, notions, furn. goods; Broadway Central.

LAKE CHARLES, La.—W. J. Muller; ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

LEBANON, Penn.—Bon Ton Dept. Store; A. H. Willauer, china, glassware, house furn. goods; 37 West 26th; Bristol.

LOS ANGELES—Farts-Walker Co.; H. F. Conrad, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; C. J. Carew, toys; 116 W. 32d.

LOS ANGELES—New York Cloak and Suit Co.; H. C. Henshey, ready-to-wear; Woodstock.

McALESTER, Okla.—Krone Bros.; I. R. Krone, ready-to-wear; 44 East 23d.

MONTREAL—The John Murphy Co., Ltd.; H. McCunnal, infants', girls' wear; 47 West 34th.

MORRISTOWN, TENN.—Myers D. G. Co.—Mr. Myers, dry goods, furnishing goods; 395 Broadway.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—F. S. Kaufman; millinery; Elks Club.

NORFOLK, Va.—Carr & Mears; J. A. Mears, clothing, hats, furn. goods; Bristol.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y.—N. Frank's Sons; L. Frank, notions, hosiery, gloves; 44 E. 23d.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—The Fashion Hat Shop; Mrs. F. B. Richardson, millinery; Holland House.

OMAHA, Neb.—Burgess-Nash Co.; T. S. Kelley, men's furn. goods; 200 5th Av.; Holland House.

PETERSBURG, Va.—Ligon-Hinckle Co.; W. S. Ligon, notions, men's furn. goods; 256 Church.

PHILADELPHIA—Snellenberg & Co.; C. J. McElwee, men's furn. goods; 1,261 B'way; Cumberland.

PHOENIX, Ariz.—C. Korrick & Bro.; Mrs. R. C. Hill, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss E. Grossman, misses', juniors' dresses; 116 W. 32d.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. Samuels & Bro.; L. Samuels, general mdse.; 116 West 32d.

ROANOKE, Va.—Hix-Palmer Co.; J. W. Comer, men's furn goods; Imperial.

ROCKFORD, Ill.—C. V. Weise Co.; C. V. Weise, domestics; 105 Grand.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—L. Adler Bros. & Co.; M. S. Adler, trimmings; 200 5th Av.

ROME, Ga.—J. Kuttner & Co.; Mrs. H. Smith, women's coats, suits, dresses; Miss G. Carter, fancy goods; J. May, piece goods; 28 W. 23d.

SAN FRANCISCO—Hale Bros., Inc.; J. L. Richards, housefurn. goods; 50 Union Sq.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Meekins, Packard & Wheat; W. G. Wheat, dry goods; 8 W. 32d.

TEXARKANA, Texas—The B. F. Smith D. G. Co.; B. F. Smith, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Latham.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Meloth Cloak Store; M. Harlstall, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.

WICHITA, Kan.—Rorabaugh D. G. Co.; Miss B. Daly, millinery; Mrs. C. J. Miller, dressmaking department; McAlpin.

J. L. Hudson & Co., Detroit, Mich. Basement Buyers in market Monday, January 27th, to 30th, to buy merchandise for Anniversary Sale, as follows:

Mr. McConoal—Muslin underwear, corsets and infants' wear.
Mr. Rosenthal—House dresses, aprons, petticoats and negligees.
Mr. Spink—Women's hosiery, knit underwear and gloves.
Mr. Armstrong—Men's and boys' furnishings and boys' clothing.
Mr. Brownhill—Coats, suits, dresses, skirts.
Mr. Merschel—Girls' and juniors' wear.

OFFICE ASSOCIATED MERCHANDISE Co. 225 Fifth Avenue

Nearlinen British Manufacture. THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE. SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York

Advances on Merchandise. WORMSER & CO. Commercial Bankers. 96 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Phone Stuyv. ...

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; ... Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood. Summit, N. J. Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn. OPEN ALL YEAR.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The Shelburne. ATLANTIC CITY. FRENCH GRILL. RIVIERA TERRACE. Reopens February 1st after many improvements. Under same liberal direction. EUROPEAN PLAN. Jacob Weikel.

St. Charles Hotel. ON THE OCEAN FRONT. Eleven stories of real comfort with an environment of distinct refinement without extravagance. AMERICAN PLAN. ALWAYS OPEN. LITERATURE AND TERMS MAILED. Wm. A. Leech, Mgr.

The Breakers. ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL. Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Winter and early Spring Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales and evening concerts. Garage. AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL AND COTTAGES on the beach. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE. NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS. Cap 600. Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen. Open All Year. S. Hanstein, Prop.

Marlborough-Blenheim. The Leading Resort House of the World. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. "THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP." Health Is Efficiency. A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments. Ownership Management. Josiah White & Sons Co.

Hotel STRAND. FIREPROOF. On the ocean front. Capacity 600. Always open. Seawater in all baths. Orchestra. THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL.

ARLINGTON. Michigan Ave., near Beach.—Attractive in location, equipment, service and comforts. Winter rates. R. J. OSBORNE & SON.

PIERREPONT. Family Hotel. Mrs. Gerson L. Kahn. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

The leading houses are Chelsea, Ocean, Galen Hall, Holmhurst, Marlborough-Blenheim, Seaside, Shelburne, St. Charles, Strand and Wiltshire.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAUREL HOUSE. LAKEWOOD, N. J. The Laurel House is justly famous for its homelike atmosphere, hospitality and charming social life. Laurel House Gun Club, Trap Shooting. Complete Hydro-Therapeutic Baths in Hotel. Booklet and information on request. Tel. 430 Lakewood. A. J. Murphy, Mgr. C. F. Murphy, Asst. Mgr.

PENNSYLVANIA.

WALTERS PARK Inn. Wernersville, Pa. Just the Place for rest, recreation and health. Fine all-year-round climate. Splendid mountain roads. Free Garage. Electric and movement treatment when desired. Resident physician and nurses. 4 hours from New York. Express service. Always open. Ownership management. Est. 40 years.

SOUTHERN STATES.

Find out difference in fares to the Far South resorts and Old Point Comfort.

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA. HOTEL CHAMBERLIN. Swimming Pool. Golf. Sea food Cuisine. Every European Bath and Treatment. Write GEO. F. ADAMS, Manager, Fortress Monroe, Va., or Booklets and information at Bertha Ruffner Hotel Bureau, Hotel McAlpin, Cook's, 245 B'way, 561 Fifth Ave., Marsters, 255 Fifth Ave.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Ave. "Ask Mr. Foster" at Lord & Taylor's. Frank Tourist Co., 489 Fifth Ave.; Brooklyn Eagle Resort Bureau.

BATTERY PARK HOTEL. ASHEVILLE, N. C. IN THE LAND OF THE SKY ON THE DIXIE HIGHWAY. Famous everywhere for its location, service and cuisine. Booklet and rates upon application. S. J. LAWRENCE, Manager.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel. 431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00. WASHINGTON, D. C.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS. Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made by each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 238 CE.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

BYRON C. DARLING, a practicing physician of 104 East Fortieth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $17,350, of which $10,250 are secured claims, and assets of $2,850, consisting of Liberty bonds, $300; physician's tables, X-ray machines, &c., $2,500, and money in bank, $50. Among the largest creditors are Curtis M. Willock and Sarah V. Darling, $10,000; Six Hundred Park Avenue Company, $3,119; Kny-Scheerer Corp., $1,030, and Pacific Bank for Liberty bonds, $250.

ANDREW J. PRUNIER, a chauffeur of 550 West 145th Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,800 and no assets. Among the largest creditors are Engelbert Mallet, $3,118, judgment recovered in action for personal injuries.

EULA H. POTVLICKA, Hotel Leonori, Madison Avenue and Sixty-third Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,939 and no assets.

LOUIS HOFFMAN, manufacturer, at 15 East Twenty-sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,818 and assets of $449. Among the largest creditors are A. Strauss, $969, and Louis Wishbow, $333.

PAN AMERICAN MUNITIONS CORP., with a factory at Green Island, N. Y., has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $188,896, represented by taxes due State, $1,338; wages, $300; secured claims, $39,415, and unsecured claims, $147,842, and assets of $81,532, consisting of real estate, factory property in the town of Green Island, N. Y., $40,000, subject to mortgage of $9,756; machinery, tools, &c., $40,000; fixtures, &c., $750; two automobiles, $720, and money in banks, $62. Among the largest creditors are East Iron and Machine Works, $54,683; Willard L. Candee, $29,073, and William H. Pouch, $18,116.

COUTANT PHARMACY, INC., of 280 Main Street, New Rochelle, N. Y., has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,773 and assets of $5,701, consisting of cash, $1; stock, $2,500; accounts due, $3,200. Among the largest creditors are National Cash Register Company, $280, and Liquid Carbonic Company, $241.

HYMAN DIAMOND, dealer in leather goods at 42 West Eighteenth Street.—Judge Knox has issued an order confirming the composition of creditors on a 25 per cent. basis, 10 per cent. in cash and 15 per cent. in three notes of 5 per cent. each. Liabilities were $16,880 and assets $6,517.

JACOB WOLDMAN, manufacturer of pants at 23 East Broadway.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy on consent of creditors, a settlement of 20 cents on the dollar having been accepted, 10 cents on the dollar in cash and the balance in indorsed notes.

Business Failures.

Bradstreet's reports 128 failures in the United States for the week ended Jan. 23, against 137 for the previous week, and 255, 388, 404, and 552 for the corresponding weeks 1918 to 1915. New England States had 15, Middle 36, Western 28, Northwestern 13, Southern 24, and Far Western 12. Canada had 11, against 15 for the previous week. In the United States about 89.0 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 or less and 5.4 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

A. E. Ratner Co.—J. C. Robinson....$193.25
Automobile Mechanics Corp.—J. N. Helfat....521.70
Brimberg, Israel (I. B. Woolen Co.)—J. Klein et al....1,854.04
Bowen, Lester W.—A. W. Kleinman....114.95
Barnard, Orin A.—J. W. Lane et al....588.45
Blalock, John J.—D. F. Farrell....540.20
B. F. & G. Realty Co.—People, &c....200.68
Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co.—City of New York....1,196.24
Carlyle, Frances H.—Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md....12,178.84
Cooper, Lew—E. Ranzal....146.30
Cleary, Joseph F.—S. D. Shwitzer....200.70
City of New York—Dock Cont. Co....12,000.00
Carroll, Frank J.—W. H. Middleton....901.11
Downey, Wallace; John C. Quinn and James H. Davidson, Jr.—Baseball Magazine Co....504.30
Davis, Jess—W. Stokes....149.44
Delaware & Hudson Co.—Ticonderoga Rd. Co....125.85
Day, Melvin, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c....2,000.00
Foster, Robert; H. Marcy, V. Reilly—Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins. Co....1,486.81
Freighters' Transp. Co.—C. W. Gaille Co....656.73
Frederick Starr Cont. Co.—American Merchant Marine Ins. Co. of N. Y....355.20
Frank McGarrett, Inc., and Annie T. Campbell—Nat. Ulster Co. Bank of Kingston....1,545.29
Fitzpatrick, Harry J., (Fitzpatrick & Co.)—Underwood Typewriter Co....263.95
Grossman, Max—S. Zucker....135.60
Glass, Gussie—A. A. Tausky, costs....100.00
Hesse, Lena—City of N. Y., costs....320.35
Havana Hotel Corp.—Fabric Fire Hose Co....550.13
Holmes, James H.—J. Anderson....150.85
Hams, John J.—J. W. Samuel....330.20
Hughes, Kathryn; Martha Hughes and Mary A. H. Xavier—Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank....1,957.87
Hamilton, Gertrude—C. Rosenbeck....107.14
Ireland, Robert D.—N. Y. Edison Co....127.70
Interborough Coal Co.—J. Neuman et al.157.50
International Commerce Assn., Inc.—Underwood Typewriter Co....128.80
Kleinman, Abram and Bessie—Charles Warner, Inc....2,240.40
Kaplan, L. Jean—Maxwell Motors Sales Co....124.70
Kalbach, Andrew E., receiver—M. N. Dougherty....330.41
Same—T. Dougherty....130.41
Knickerbocker Hosp.—N. Y. Public Library, Astor, Lenox, and Tilden Foundations, costs....130.92
Litwin, Kerwin J., and David Levine—I. Lahn et al....890.40
Liebman, David—E. F. Ayrault....2,296.11
Levinstein, Max—A. Husid....153.55
Martens, Arthur H., and William W. Baldwin, (A. H. Martens & Co.)—G. M. Davis....4,838.40
Mathews, Robert F.—J. J. Thomson....410.60
Moore, Eleanor H.—J. L. Herschmann..242.81
Michel, Ida, and Fritz Boffo—Enterprise Brewery, Inc....233.74
Foley, Samuel—State Realty Co....321.80
Raynes, Maitland, and Jennie G. Ekman—People, &c....1,000.00
Rosenberg, Max—M. Brubenfeld....331.70
R. B. V. Motor Sales Co.—N. Y. Telephone Co....175.35
Roberts, Thomas H.—H. M. Toch et al..229.40
Serventi, Enrique and Antobia Fea. (E. Serventi & Co.)—T. Rossman....555.60
Stahl, Morris—8 East 112th St. Co....121.40
Sheriff Street Baths—H. Felgenbaum et al....114.20
Third Avenue Ry. Co.—J. Graham-Maingot....1,167.25
Turek Realty Corp—C. A. Aberhardt..2,117.46
Topedino, Raffaelo, or Deperino; James Deperino, and Felice Napolitano—Enterprise Brewery, Inc....145.08
Tumble Inn Co.—M. Waterman....860.30
Tull, Samuel P.—Irving Trust Co....2,691.76
Wesso, Clarence—Unity Fee Co....883.87
Wattles, George W.—H. M. S. Brown, costs....121.92
Walsh, Frank—M. E. Huffman....494.26
Zuckerman, Harry and David Belisy—S. Field et al....804.52

In Bronx County.

Burke, James H.; Anna E. Burke, Marie Welsh, Florence Flemming, Virginia Burke, and David R. Walsh—J. S. Burke....$148.50
De Mayo, Julia—W. G. Covert....448.78
Foley, John J.—J. H. McManus....60.69
Heyman, Jacob H.—H. E. Coney....114.45
Maginn, Charles—G. J. Haase....466.88
O'Beirne, Mary A. G., and Anne E. Golden—B. De Liberto....108.21
Pompei, Bernardi—T. Caroline....278.16
Rosenblatt, Max—M. Sarnoff....84.79
Triola, Antonio—T. Oreman et al....525.50
Union Railway Co. of N. Y. C. and Tidewater Oil Co.—M. Nicoletti....5,131.40
Arnold, Richard H.—Bronx Gas and Electric Co....424.67

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Herdt, Barbara S.—E. Pelz, Sept. 12, 1918....$1,051.96
Celovos, Christ—N. Angel, Aug. 7, 1918....285.85
Hellendall, Gustav—National Bank of Far Rockaway, July 16, 1914....2,830.73
Harris, Benjamin and Solomon Goldman—J. N. Molter, Aug. 28, 1916, (released)....10,478.68
Falck, Albert et al.—E. W. Paige et al., June 21, 1918....158.02
Trowbridge, James A., George D. Mackay and William A. Read—E. J. Atkins et al., May 17, 1912, (reversed)....226,034.17
Bauchle, George Y.—F. F. Bauchle, April 1, 1918, (reversed)....32,912.00
Kiss Burglar Corp.—J. M. Welch, Nov. 19, 1918, (vacated)....1,818.76
Da Mesa, Hannibal J.—A. F. Wright, Dec. 19, 1918, (vacated)....2,002.73
Kahoe, Richard D.—S. C. Pirie et al., Dec. 4, 1916....156.79
Nassau News Co.—P. Wagner, Dec. 21, 1918....500.00
Seaman, Preston B.—G. H. D. Foster, Jan. 3, 1916....253.91
Halkin, Morris—J. E. Bates et al., Jan. 12, 1910....432.64
Intemann, Christian, Jr.—J. Treimel, Nov. 23, 1917....3,591.70
Intemann, Christian, Jr.—J. Treimel, Nov. 9, 1918....105.35
Pacific Construction Co.—J. G. Siegel, Jan. 17, 1919....347.13
Montahi, Emil and Fortunati—J. A. Taylor, May 3, 1911....355.76
Turek Realty Corp.—G. A. Eberhardt, Jan. 15, 1919, (vacated)....1,277.89
Adler, Arnold—M. Healy, Nov. 11, 1918....581.06
Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland—S. George Sykes Co., Jan. 24, 1919..1,500.00

In Bronx County.

Ritter, Lena—O. Bandini et al., June 28, 1918....$63.62

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY, Auctioneers, 1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Penna.
TRUSTEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY
In the matter of Philadelphia Brass Works, Bankrupt. No. 6876.

Valuable Plant, Real Estate & Machinery OF THE PHILADELPHIA BRASS WORKS
EAST DOWNINGTOWN, PENNA.
Monday, February 17, 1919, at 11 A. M.
ON THE PREMISES

REAL ESTATE—Comprising nearly 17 acres on Chestnut St. and the Pennsylvania Railroad in East Downingtown, Pa., with Stone Foundry Buildings, Railroad Sidings, etc.

MACHINERY—The machinery comprises the completely equipped Brass Rod Mill, including 1,000-Ton 4-Column Hydraulic Press with Air Compressor and Accumulator, Dean Duplex Pump, and 200 H. P. Motor, 2 Rod Straightening Machines, 2-3 inch Hydraulic Cold Drawing Presses, Drop Hammers, Air Compressors, Wire Drawing Machine, Band and Circular Saws, Engine Lathes, Drill Presses, Grinding Machines, Wood-working Machines, Engines, Boilers, Brass Melting Furnaces, Cranes, Hoists, Laboratory Outfit, Motors, Small Tools, Shafting, Belting, Piping, Wiring, Brass and Scrap Iron, etc.

By order of PHILIP F. STOEVER, Trustee.
JACOB I. WEINSTEIN, Esq., ALFRED AARONS, Esq., Pennsylvania Bldg., Phila., Pa. Attorneys for Trustee
Catalogues mailed upon application to SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY, Auctioneers, 1519-21 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Penna.

A "Preferred" Introduction to Buyers

AN introduction that "gets you in" to the buyer's office while competing salesmen wait outside. An introduction that brings you into close contact not only with New York buyers, or with those within easy traveling distances, but with the leading buyers in *over 5000 towns and cities.* Such an introduction is your announcement on the Business Page of The New York Times.

It has the confidence of buyers. It gives them information that they look for daily—tells them where to find special bargains, job lots, surplus stocks or goods that they are urgently in need of. And it reaches them at the moment when the sale is easiest made—when they *want* the goods you have to offer.

So talk to these buyers through the Business Page. Tell them about the goods you have—the prices—description—deliveries. You can do it with little expense and big returns, if you use

THE BUSINESS PAGE OF The New York Times.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
57TH ST., BET. 6TH AND 7TH AVS.
REV. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
11—"THE WORLD'S CRY FOR HELP."
SUNDAY SCHOOL AND MEN'S BIBLE CLASS.
8—"MISSING THE GREAT FEAST."
ORDINANCE OF BAPTISM AT THE EVENING SERVICE.
MARY FULTON GIBBONS, THE WELL-KNOWN VIOLINIST, WILL PLAY.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
N. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"THE OPTIMISM OF JESUS CHRIST."
8—"HAS THE REST OF THE NATION A RIGHT TO FORCE PROHIBITION ON NEW YORK?"

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th St.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN a. 11.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.
Edward Amrey, Leader, Men's Class, 9:40.
Merrill, Leader, Women's Class, 10.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR, I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"Mustard Tree and Woman with Leaven, or Outward Expansion of Professing Christianity and Inward Doctrinal Corruption." Dr. Haldeman will teach that leaven is not the Gospel, but FALSE DOCTRINE.
7:45 P. M.—"NIGHT FAR SPENT AND DAY AT HAND."
Which calls this time of death and bitter separation of the grave the night time of earth, which our Lord Jesus Christ is coming to put an end to this night time of death and bring in the day time of life and immortality. Are the present perilous times and the startling fulfilment of prophecies the COCKCROWING that heralds the dawn?
Friday Night, Jan. 31, 8 o'clock, "Forty-three Bible Names for Antichrist."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square South.—11 A. M., A. RAY PETTY, Pastor, "IMITATIONS OR COUNTERFEITS." 8 P. M., WM. C. FREEMAN, Author of "A Thousand Talks on Advertising," "TAKING STOCK."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AVENUE, COR. 31ST ST.
DR. CHARLES A. EATON, PASTOR,
will preach at 11 A. M.
"THE PERILS OF PEACE."
THE CANADIAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK WILL BE PRESENT IN A BODY.
8 P. M.—REV. CLINTON WUNDER,
"HOW LOSE LONELINESS."
Men's Class for Men, 10 A. M., led by Mr. ... Leader. Women's Bible Class, 10 A. M.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"The Pearl of the Orient."
8 P. M.—"The Soldier and Reconstruction."

WADSWORTH AV. BAPTIST CHURCH,
at 180th Sts. Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY.
11, "The Spirit of God in Man."
8, "The Life That Counts."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.
11 A. M.—"The Light Is Come."
8 P. M.—Musical service. Gounod's "Gallia."

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES.
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Ft. Wash. Av.
Fifth Church—Aeolian C. Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.
Seventh Church—260 W. 83d St. 11 A. M. only.
Eighth Church—Subway Bldg., 86th & Lex. Av.
Oxford Park Society—2,562 Briggs Av., on Sunday, 11 A. M. only.

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
BROADWAY AND 56TH ST.
Dr. Jefferson preaches 11 and 8.
11—"Building a Better World."
8—"What the War Has Taught Us."

MANHATTAN CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St.
Dr. McELVEEN at 11 and 8.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.
Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M.
6 P. M., Soldiers' Supper and Social.

Divine Science

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE,
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
Service Sunday, 11 A. M.;
Speaker: Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY, Pastor.
Subject: "Claiming Our Rights."
ADULT BIBLE CLASS, 10 A. M.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 64TH ST.
Sunday Morning, Jan. 26, at 11 o'clock.
Speaker, Dr. FELIX ADLER.
Subject: "RELIGION AND THE JOY OF LIFE."
Sunday Evening, Jan. 26, at 8 o'clock.
Speaker: MR. ALFRED W. MARTIN.
Subject: "AMOS AND THE NEW NOTE IN RELIGION."

Interdenominational

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
Corner Broadway and 104th St.
Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP, Minister.
11 A. M., "The Prayer Passion."
7 P. M., "The Impotence of the Church." (A Revival Sermon.)
Tuesday, Bible Training Classes.
7:30—Lessons in New Testament Greek.
8:30—The Laws and Leaders of Revivals.
Thurs., 8 P. M., Mid-Week Bible Study.
Subject: "The International Sunday School Lesson."

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.
Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. Principal R. BRUCE TAYLOR of Queen's University, Kingston, Canada.
The attendance of all not regularly worshiping elsewhere is cordially invited.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
44th St. and 8th Av.
Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor.
Services 10.45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.
Rev. E. J. Richards, Home Secretary of Christian and Missionary Alliance, will preach morning and evening.

NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE,
214 West 35th St.
DON O. SHELTON, Pres.,
8 P. M.—"A Call to New Warfare Under the Command of Jesus Christ."

Jewish

FREE SYNAGOGUE,
CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY, at 10:30 A. M.
ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL SERVICE.
HON. ABRAM I. ELKUS WILL PRESIDE.
SPEAKERS:
SENATOR WILLIAM E. BORAH,
HERMANN HAGEDORN, Esq.
SPECIAL MUSICAL SERVICE.
ALL ARE WELCOME.

FREE SYNAGOGUE FORUM,
WEST 68TH ST., SUNDAY AT 8:15 P. M.
SPEAKERS:
LEONARD WALLSTEIN, Esq.,
EDWARD C. RYBICKI, Esq.
SUBJECT: "HOW CAN WE SAVE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH?"

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
FIFTH AV., AT 76TH STREET.
REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN,
SATURDAY MORNING (SERMON), 10:15.
SUNDAY MORNING AT ELEVEN,
"THE SPIRITUAL SIGNIFICANCE OF AMERICANIZATION."

INSTITUTIONAL SYNAGOGUE,
Mount Morris Theatre, 116th and 5th Av.
Sunday, 10.45 A. M., Dr. NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER on "RECONSTRUCTION AND EDUCATION."

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, Lexington Av. and 55th St.—Dr. KRASS lectures today, 10 A. M. Sunday, 11 promptly. Subject, "ZIONISM."

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT,
Broadway, at 93d St.
Rev. A. STEIMLE, D. D., Pastor.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
Rev. Charles J. Smith, D. D., preaches.

ST. JAMES LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 73d St.—Dr. Remensnyder at 11.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE, W. 104th, near Col.—11 A. M., Dr. F. B. HARRIS. 7:30, the Carenys, Overseas Entertainers. Dr. Hollington, "God's Democracy." Illustrated.

Methodist Episcopal

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH.
Sunday 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.
Special 1 o'clock Thursday service. (Jan. 30.) Address by Bishop Luther B. Wilson on "The Church in the New Age."

MADISON AVENUE CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11—"Unused Power."
8—"Christianity Among Nations."
MENDELSSOHN'S "HYMN OF PRAISE."
6—Social Tea. Soldiers and sailors.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. & 7th Av.
Rev. J. W. CHASEY, B. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Unpardonable Sin."
8 P. M.—"Educated Eyes."

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST,
76th St., near Columbus Av.
11 A. M.—Sermon.
8 P. M.—CAPT. BEARDSLEY, New York.

ST. JAMES, Madison Av. and 126th St.
8 P. M.—VICTORY MUSICAL SERVICE.
Flags of Allies in procession. Soloists, choir of 50 voices, Elsa Fischer, violinist. J. Fletcher Shera, Director of the Music.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th Street.
Rev. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, Pastor.
11:00 A. M.—"The Upper Springs."
4:30 P. M.—"Caught in the Net."
10:15—Men's Bible Class. SOLDIERS AND SAILORS INVITED.

UNION M. E. CHURCH,
48TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY.
Sunday School, 10 A. M.
Preaching by Rev. HALFORD E. LUCCOCK.
11 A. M.—"Morale in Everyday Life."
8 P. M.—"Where Reconstruction Begins."

New Church
(Swedenborgian)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10:15 A. M. Service, 11.
The Pastor will preach. Subject:
"ARE THE YOUTHS OF TODAY READY FOR THE NEW TASKS?"
Men in U. S. service especially welcome.

New Thought

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE.
222 WEST 72D STREET.
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., EDITH A. MARTIN. 3:30 P. M., ANNA C. NOLLE, "Power of Your Spoken Word." Experience Meeting. 8:15 P. M., HOME RALLY, W. T. MEAD, ELLA WATTS, ANNA C. NOLLE, EUGENE DEL MAR, GEORGINA H. MANDIOLA.
Monday, 8:15 P. M., EDITH A. MARTIN.
8:15 P. M., "THE LIFTED CHRIST," HELEN VAN ANDERSON GORDON.
Tuesday, 3 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE.
8:15 P. M., LAURA G. CANNON.
8:15 P. M., HARRY GAZE.
Wed., 3 P. M., Healing, Mrs. CANNON.
8:15 P. M., MARY ALLEN.
8:15 P. M., Mrs. VANCE CHENEY.
Thurs., 3 P. M., Healing, ELLA HANDY.
8:15 P. M., LAURA G. CANNON.
Friday, 3 P. M., Healing, Mrs. CANNON.
8:15 P. M., Dr. O. S. MARDEN.
Sat., 8:15 P. M., SUCCESS FORUM.

To-morrow at 4 P. M.
What Prayer Really Is.
By MRS. GENEVIEVE BEHREND
(Only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward)
AT COHAN THEATRE,
Broadway and 43d Street.
Doors open at 3:30 P. M.
SCHOOL OF THE BUILDERS, INC.
FREE DAILY LECTURES
Bretton Hall, 86th Street and Broadway, every morning at 11 o'clock (except Saturdays and Sundays).
Friday Evenings at 8:30 o'clock At Bretton Hall.
Subject Free Friday Evening Lecture, INDIVIDUALITY.

"CHURCH OF SILENT DEMAND,"
The Business Church of New York City,
Hotel McAlpin, (Green Room), 11:15.
THEODORE G. NORTHRUP.
The second of a series of ten lectures:
"ALL IS GOOD; EVIL—MAN MADE."
The first lecture, "THE CREATION," was a revelation, and the absent missed a rare opportunity. Come and learn the true progress of man.
Sunday evening at 8:15, (Room A.) same hotel, Mrs. Hadley will speak. Subject: "Ye Are the Temple of the Living God."
Admission Free. Good Music.

THE BUSINESS CHURCH
of New York City,
Hotel McAlpin (Green Room), 11:15.
THEODORE G. NORTHRUP,
The Business Man and Master Workman in Science.
Sunday evening, 8:15, (Room E,) same Hotel, MRS. G. F. HADLEY will speak.
Everybody welcome both meetings.
Mrs. Amy Sewards, Soloist.

SOCIETY OF THE INNER LIFE AND UNITY CENTER,
28 West 72d St.—Sunday, 9:30 A. M., Sabbath School. 11:15 A. M., WALTER NEWELL WESTON. Subject: "Attainment Thro' Intuition." 3:30 P. M., PAULA VERDU. 8:15 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Mondays and Fridays, 8:15 P. M., ADA RAINEY, "Law of Prosperity." Wednesday, 3 P. M., JULIE M. COOKE. Meetings at 3 and 8:15 P. M. daily, except Saturday.
WALTER NEWELL WESTON, Advanced Lectures, Thursday, 3 and 8:15 P. M.

THE FIRST CHURCH OF LIFE AND JOY.
HARRY GAZE, Messenger.
Sunday Morning, Jan. 26, at 11.
GOLD ROOM OF THE CHALIF STUDIOS,
Opposite Carnegie Hall, 163-5 West 57th St.
"HOW TO MAKE LIFE AN INSPIRING SUCCESS."
All Invited. Bring Your Friends.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY
a religious interpretation of religion, makes life livable here and hereafter.
Nothing like it anywhere.
Not better—Not worse—But Different.
Criterion Theatre, Broadway at 44th St.
Sunday, 11 a. m. F. W. Sears, M. P., Orator.
Never mind the subject. It will be a wonderful lecture by a BIG man.

Mrs. MARY CHAPIN,
Mehlin Hall, 4 East 43d, Cor. 5th Av.
Services, Sunday, 11 A. M. Subject:
"KEY NOTES OF SUCCESS."
Mme. Tascova, Australian Meadow Lark, will sing Gounod's Ave Maria. Mr. Holland, 'Cellist. Prosperity Class Mon. Eve., 8, Biltmore, R. 641.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE,
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M.
Brooklyn Masonic Temple, cor. Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Subject, Jan. 26, "The Making of a Real Man." Music. All welcome.

UNITY SOCIETY OF PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY,
163 West 57th, opp. Carnegie Hall.
Sunday, 4 P. M. Monday, 8 P. M.
KATHARINE EGGLESTON, Speaker.

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH.
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. / Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
DR. MERRILL preaches at 11 and 4.
Bible School at 9:40.
Men's Bible Class at 10.
NOONDAY SERVICE daily at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th Street.
Rev. W. Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.,
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. Wilton Merle-Smith, D. D.
4:30 P. M.—Special Musical Service.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. JOHN DOUGLAS ADAM, D. D., will preach at both services.
Offering for Assembly's General Board of Education.
Bible School at 9:30. Men's Class at 10.
Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. in the Chapel,
Rev. E. A. DUNSEITH, D.D., of Pittsburgh.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Founded 1716.
Old First, University Place, Madison Square Foundation,
FIFTH AVENUE, 11TH TO 12TH STREET,
11 A. M.,
Rev. Dr. HUGH BLACK.
8 P. M.,
Rev. Dr. CHARLES P. FAGNANI.
Wednesday Evening, 8 P. M.,
INSTALLATION
of the
Rev. Dr. GEORGE ALEXANDER.
Sermon by
Rev. Dr. HARRY E. FOSDICK.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway, at 174th St.
Rev. Daniel Hofman Martin, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Church in the New Era."
7:45 P. M.—"Is Christ Coming Soon?"

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. Work preaches 11 and 8.

HARLEM-NEW YORK. 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
Rev. WILSON AULL, D. D., will preach at both services.

Presbyterian

LABOR TEMPLE,
Fourteenth Street and Second Avenue.
OPEN FORUM—8 P. M.
"Making Democracy Safe for Humanity."
3—The League of Peoples.
Speaker—RICHARD ROBERTS of London.
LECTURE—5 P. M.
"Heine: The Jewish Voltaire."
DR. WILL DURANT.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor.
ROBERT E. SPEER, D. D.,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
8 P. M.—Rev. STANLEY WHITE, D. D.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Dr. Mackay.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av. and 85th St.
Rev. TERTIUS VAN DYKE, Pastor,
will preach at 11 and 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. WILLIAM HIRAM FOULKES, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

ST. NICHOLAS AV. PRESBYTERIAN, Corner 141st St.—Services 11 and 8.
Rev. ELLIOTT W. BROWN, D. D., Pastor.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam, Cor. 105th.
Dr. A. Edwin Keigwin preaches 11 and 8.
8—"The Lost Chord," (requested—has helped many,) with musical interpretations by Hans Kronold, 'cellist.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av. and 86th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—DR. EVANS will preach.
8 P. M.—Special Musical Service.
Mendelssohn's "St. Paul" by Choir.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE.
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
8 and 10 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
10 A.M.—The Holy Communion, (Chinese.)
11 A.M.—Preacher, Dean Howard C. Robbins.
4 P.M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. F. W. Crowder.
Daily Services, 7:30 A. M.; 5 P. M.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector). 11 A. M.
Evensong, (Rev. W. J. D. Thomas).. 4 P. M.
Strangers Welcome.

ASCENSION, 5TH AV. AND 10TH ST.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11—"How to Make Life Worth While," (Rector.)
4—Music, Gounod's "St. Cecilia Mass."
8—Forum, LIEUT. COL. CHAS. W. WHITTLESEY, Commander of the "Lost Battalion." Subject: "The Returning Soldier."

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
89th St., near Madison Avenue.
Rev. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D.D., Rector.
Services at 7:30, 10, 11 A. M. (Rev. JOHN ACWORTH, 4 P. M.)
MENDELSSOHN'S ORATORIO, "ST. PAUL," will be sung by the choir at 4 o'clock, accompanied by VIOLIN, 'CELLO, HARP, and ORGAN. All welcome.

CALVARY CHURCH,
4th Av. and 21st St.
Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Services 8, 10:15, and 11 A. M., (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Procession of Guilds. (Bp. Lloyd.)

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway at 71st St.
The Rev. JOHN R. ATKINSON, B.D., Rector.
Services 8:30 and 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
9 P. M., Lieut. Frank Connes,
"THE TRUTH ABOUT RUSSIA."

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street.
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Service and Sermon, (The Rector). 11 A. M.
Service for Colonial Dames (Rector) 4 P. M.
Later Evensong (Rev. C.M. Douglas) 8 P. M.
Daily Noon-day Service at 12:30.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
Fifth Av., above 45th St.
Rev. HERBERT SHIPMAN, B. D., Rector.
Services, 8 and 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
11, Rev. CHARLES P. TINKER, D. D., Superintendent of the City Mission Society.
8 P. M., Musical Service.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th St. and 6th Av.
Always Open and Free to All.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.
12:00 M.—Holy Communion.
8:00 P. M.—Speaker, Dr. Samuel Train Dutton.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
The Rev. HORACE PERCY SILVER, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Choral Evensong.
ADDRESS BY RECTOR.
SPECIAL MUSIC—VIOLIN AND ORGAN.
Prayers and intercession, with address, daily except Saturday, 12:20 to 12:40.
Sunday School at 9:45 A. M.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION,
240 East 31st St.
Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar.
Holy Communion every Sunday at 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer and Sermon at 11 A. M.
Service and Address, (in Italian,) 4 P. M.
Evensong and Sermon at 8 P. M.
Sunday school every Sunday, 9:30 A. M.
Intercessions Friday evenings, 8 o'clock.

CHAPEL OF THE INTERCESSION, (Trinity Parish,) Broadway and 155th St.)—Rev. M. H. Gates, D. D., Vicar. 8, 8:45, 9:45, 11 A. M.; 4, 8 P. M. Popular Vespers, (4 P. M.) Leo Riggs, Recital Organist; Hans Kronold, 'Cellist. 11 A. M., Dr. Gates preaches; subject, "What the Episcopal Church Stands For."

ST. ANDREW'S, 5th Av. and 127th St.
Rev. GEO. R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., RECTOR,
preaches at 11 A. M. on "LIFE'S TROUBLES." At 4 P. M., address by Rev. CHARLES J. MASON, Curate; Organ Recital.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Park Av. and 51st St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D.D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Dr. Leighton Parks will preach.
8:00 P. M.—Sunday School.
4:30 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Address, (Rector.)

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on 16th St., East of 3d Av.
ALL SEATS ARE FREE.
Rev. KARL REILAND, D. D., Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES.
8, 11 (Rector.)
Evening Service, 8 o'clock, Rector Preaches.
SPECIAL MUSIC.
Laura Tappan Safford, Cello; H. T. Burleigh, Baritone; Wm. Wheeler, Tenor.

ST. IGNATIUS'S CHURCH,
West End Av. and 87th St.
Rev. WILLIAM PITT McCUNE, Rector.
Masses—7, 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction, 4.

ST. JAMES CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 71st Street.
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector, 8 A. M.; 11 A. M., (RECTOR;) 4 P. M., (Rev. J. M. NEIFERT.)

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WM. T. WALSH, Rector.
8, 11, (Bishop Lloyd); 8 P. M., (Rector.)

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth Street, west of Second Avenue.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon by the Rector, "Is Man Master of His Faith?"
4 P. M.—Lecture by W. N. Guthrie on "The Betrothal." Eugenics on the stage in fairy play disguise.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St.—Low Masses 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rev. Edward D. Evans of Baltimore, Md.,) 10:45. Evensong and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 4.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St., Saturday, January 25, at 10:30 A. M.—Ordination of Mr. Stephen Thaw, by the Bishop of Pittsburgh.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St., (128th and Amsterdam.)—Rev. FREDERIC W. GOODMAN, Rector, 8 and 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 28 W. 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 11, and 8.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL
Broadway and Fulton Street
Services 8, 10:30 and 5, also
A PREACHING SERVICE 8 P. M.
During Jan., Feb.—Society of St. John Evangelist (Cowley Fathers).
Father Burton, S. S. J. E.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th, near Broadway.
Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector.
SERVICES, 8, 11, and 4 o'clock.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
FIFTH AV. AND 53D ST.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Service & Sermon (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Evensong and Address, (Rector.)
8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St.—DR. HOUGHTON, Rector.
Services—7, 8, 9, 10:30 A. M.; 4 and 8 P. M.
SERMON and TOURS' MASS, 10:30 A. M.

Protestant Episcopal

TRINITY CHURCH,
Broadway and Wall St.
7, 8, 9—Holy Communion.
10:30—Litany.
11—Holy Communion and Sermon.
Preacher, Rev. Dr. Manning.
3:30—Choral Evensong and Sermon.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon.
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer.
4:45 P. M.—Instruction on Christian Doctrine.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
8, 11, (Rev. F. Burgess); 8, (Rev. F. Burgess.)

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.

THE MIDDLE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister.
Rev. JOS. H. ODELL, D.D., of Troy, N. Y., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
MALCOLM J. MacLEOD, Minister.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Dr. MacLeod will preach at both services.

THE WEST END CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
At 4:30 P. M., Special Music,
"The Wilderness," Sir JOHN GOSS.

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Sunday School at 9:55 A. M.
All Seats Free.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St. Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services, 11 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE,
Convent and 149th, near Amsterdam Av.
Rev. John A. Dykstra, Minister. 11 and 8.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan; Lafayette & Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

Spiritualist

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION,
Genealogical Hall,
226 West 58th St.
Services, Sundays, 8 P. M.
Fridays, 2:30 P. M.
Speaker next Sunday, Rev. T. R. Struble.
Message bearer, Mrs. Holmes.

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH,
Fabst Grand, Circle, 59th St. and 8th Av.
Sundays at Eight P. M. Sharp.
LEARN THAT SPIRIT COMMUNION IS TRUE.
Mrs. M. E. Williams, Inspiration Speaker, will lecture. Messages given.

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th.—Helen Temple Brigham, morning and evening. Evening subject: "Spiritualism's New Champions."

Theosophy

MR. A. P. WARRINGTON,
NATIONAL PRESIDENT American Section Theosophical Society, will give three Public Lectures on the fundamental problems involved in the present industrial and international crisis.
Jan. 26, Evening, 8:15, Ballroom Hotel McAlpin, B'dway & 34th St. Subject, "PROBLEMS OF RECONSTRUCTION."
Jan. 28, 8:15 P. M., 2,228 Broadway, (79th St.,) Theosophical Room. Subject, "Does Theosophy Solve the Problems of Life?"
Feb. 2, Evening, 8:15, Ballroom Hotel McAlpin, B'dway & 34th St. Subject, "AGE OF UNIVERSAL FRIENDSHIP."
Free. All are welcome. Collection.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, (Independent.)
25 West 45th St.—Public lecture Sun. Eve., 8:15, "True Fairy Tales." Mrs. Henry F. Tuzo.

Unitarian

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st St. Services at 11.
"THE PERSONAL RELIGION OF EMERSON."
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., Minister.
Forum 8 P. M., ORDWAY TEAD,
Bureau of Industrial Research, Washington.
"THE PEOPLE'S PART IN PEACE."

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, Park Av. and 34th St.—11 A. M., JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, "THE REDISCOVERY OF GOD, (3,) LOVE, THE METHOD OF GOD." 8:15 P. M.—DR. GEORGE E. VINCENT, "WAR AND THE PUBLIC HEALTH."

ALL SOULS, 4th Av. at 20th St.
Dr. WILLIAM L. SULLIVAN, Minister.
11 A. M.—"The Universe: Our Tomb or Our Sanctuary?"
A CORDIAL WELCOME TO ALL.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,) Pierrepont St. and Monroe Pl., Brooklyn.
11 A. M., Rev. JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP.

Universalist

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor,
will preach at 11 A. M.
"IN THE DAYS OF THY YOUTH."
A Sermon for Young Peoples' Day.

Y. M. C. A.

"WORLD PROBLEMS AND MINE."
DR. FRANK CRANE.
West Side Y.M.C.A., 4 P. M., 318 W. 57th St.
MEN ONLY.

PROFESSOR WM. B. GUTHRIE.—Problems of the Peace Conference, Washington Heights Y. M. C. A., 4:30 P. M., 631 West 155th St., near Broadway.

"LEAGUE OF NATIONS."
Dr. J. HERMAN RANDALL.
23d St. Y.M.C.A., 215 W. 23d St., Sun., 4 P.M.

Dr. Edward M. Poteat, Sunday, Jan. 26th, 3:30 P. M., Bronx Y. M. C. A., 470 East 161st St.—"Money, Property and America."

Y. W. C. A.

CENTRAL BRANCH, Lexington Av., (53d St.)
4:30 o'clock—"ALL THINGS NEW."
MISS HELEN SANDERS, Speaker.
7:30 P. M., "CHILD LABOR and PEACE."
MISS J. FRANK, Nat. Child Labor Com.

HARLEM BRANCH, 240 Lenox Av.
SPECIAL SPEAKER on RECONSTRUCTION
VESPERS—4:30 P. M.

WEST SIDE BRANCH, 501 West 50th St.
4 P. M., "A NEW SENSE OF RESPONSIBILITY," MISS LAURA PARKER, Speaker.

BRONX BRANCH, 329 East 176th St.
4 P. M., "WITH THE Y. M. C. A. in FRANCE."
REV. MAITLAND BARTLETT, Speaker.

STUDIO CLUB, 35 East 62d St.
MR. WILLIAM COFFIN, Overseas Speaker.
Tea 4 to 5 P. M. Service at 5 P. M.

Other Services

MOTION PICTURE FEATURE FILM,
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Sunday, 3:30 P. M. MEN Only.
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C. WALLACE PETTY:
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SEARS PHILOSOPHY
a religious interpretation of religion, makes life livable here and hereafter.
Nothing like it anywhere.
Not better—Not worse—But Different.
Criterion Theatre, Broadway at 44th St.
Sunday, 11 a. m. F. W. Sears, M. P., Orator.
Never mind the subject. It will be a wonderful lecture by a BIG man.

BROADHURST THEATRE,
44th St., West of Broadway.
Pastor E. E. FRANKE.
Sunday Eve., Jan. 26, 8 o'clock, "God's World Drama—in 3 Acts." President Wilson's trip to France fulfills Bible prediction. Proof Given. Seats free. Doors open 7:15.

ORDER OF CHRISTIAN MYSTICS.
DR. and Mrs. F. HOMER CURTIS.
Sun., 11 A. M., "The Baptism in the Jordan." Wed., 8 P. M., "The Ouija Board, its Uses and Dangers." Public Healing Service Daily at Noon. 298 West End Av., cor. 74th St.

"THE WHOLE CHRISTIAN WORLD ASTRAY on a Vital Question." Most important lecture of series. Prof. C. T. Everson. Casino Theatre, 39th & B'way. Sun. 3 P. M. Largest Sunday night audience in New York. Free.

Other Services

Dr. and Mrs. James Porter Mills hold meetings Sundays at 11, 305 Lexington Av., near 38th. Subject: "The Divine Birthright of Health and Intuitional Knowledge to be Realized Through a New Order of Meditation."

GOD'S COMING KINGDOM.
Lecturer: J. G. Kuehn.
Sunday, 3 P. M., Berean Bible Class.
Carnegie Hall, Studio 61,
154 West 57th St., New York City.
All welcome. Seats free. No collection.

A. A. LINDSAY, M. D. PRACTICAL PSYCHOLOGY LECTURES resuming at Hotel Ansonia, Sunday, 8:15. Seats free. Subject: "THE END OF MYSTICISM." Dr. Lindsay is author of complete library of psychology books.

DOYERS STREET
5-7—Rescue Society. Old Chinese Theatre. Wide Awake Gospel. Services nightly 10 P. M. T. J. Noonan, Superintendent.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5TH AV. & 43D ST. Sunday, 11:15, Dr. JOSEPH SILVERMAN, on "Social Reconstruction." All welcome.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 50 WEST 67TH ST. Swami Bodhananda, "Superman," 8 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
Hancock Street, between Bedford and Franklin Avenues. (Take Fulton Street "L" or surface car to Franklin Avenue.)
Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS, Remsen and Henry Sts., (near Borough Hall Subway.)—Rev. RICHARD ROBERTS will preach at 11 A. M., 7:45 P. M. "Home Time." Lieut. DEANE W. COLTON will give an illustrated talk on his experiences as an aviator.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11 A. M., "Treasures in Earth and in Heaven."
7:45 P. M., "Nineteen Years in Petrograd; the Story of the Killing of the Czar, the Spread of the Revolution, the Terrors of the Bolshevikl Movement, and What the Allies Can Do to Save Russia." Address by Franklin A. Gaylord of Petrograd.

Ethical Culture

SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.
B'klyn Academy of Music, 11 A. M., Mrs. ANNA GARLIN SPENCER, "The War's Effects on the World's Women."

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Corner South Oxford St.
Dr. CHARLES C. ALBERTSON
Will Preach at 10:30 and 7:45.
In the Evening—Gold Star Memorial Service for Salvatore Maresca, 165th U. S. Infantry; Herman von Glahn, 137th Company of Marines; Laura O. McGrath, Red Cross Nurse; Wilhelmina Grant, British Ministry of Shipping; 1st Lieut. Clarence Edgar Holborn, Division of Military Aeronautics.

BEDFORD CHURCH, Nostrand Av. & Dean St.—10:45 A. M., Pastor S. EDWARD YOUNG. 7:45 P. M., LT. DONALDSON, ENSIGN KIMBALL, and DR. YOUNG.

Protestant Episcopal

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY,
Montague St., near Borough Hall.
Morning Prayer and Sermon, (Mr. Melish,) 11
Service of Neutral Nations.
Speakers: Hon. George Beck, August Reymert, Mr. Melish, 8.

Y. M. C. A.

MASS MEETING FOR MEN.
Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., 55 Hanson Place, Sunday, Jan. 26, 3:30 P. M.
Dr. RICHARD ROBERTS will speak on "A DEMOCRATIZED WORLD."
The WILDE KNIGHT QUARTET.

Dr. S. PARKES CADMAN:
"Education in the United States."
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av.
Sunday, 3:30 P. M.—Men Only—Free.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater New York.

MASS MEETING FOR MEN.
Central Branch Y. M. C. A., 55 Hanson Place.
3:30 P. M., DR. RICHARD ROBERTS on "A DEMOCRATIZED WORLD."
The Knight Quartet. Motion Pictures 3 P. M.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26311. In Bankruptcy.—SIGMOND BORNFRIEND and HYMAN GRAY, individually and as co-partners composing the firm of The Sydney Company, Bankrupts.
Sigmond Bornfriend and Hyman Gray, individually and as co-partners composing the firm of The Sydney Company, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, on November 11, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on February 5, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 26363.
Notice is given that LOUIS GOODMAN and ABRAHAM W. GOODMAN, individually and as co-partners trading as L. GOODMAN & BRO., alleged bankrupts, have applied for the confirmation of a composition offered to their creditors. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 8, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such composition should not be confirmed.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York. — Bankruptcy. — No. 26361.
Notice is given that EMALINE DUGAN, also known as LINA DUGAN or LINA DAYSS, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 24th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26535.—In Bankruptcy.—ELIAS DREYFUS, Bankrupt.
Elias Dreyfus was duly adjudicated bankrupt, on January 21, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on February 8, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York. — Bankruptcy. — No. 26398.
Notice is given that FREDERICK B. KOHLHEPP, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 24th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York. — Bankruptcy. — No. 25570.
Notice is given that GEORGE F. USBECK, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 24th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York. — Bankruptcy. — No. 26230.
Notice is given that JOSEPH HORWITZ, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 24th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York. — Bankruptcy. — No. 26320.
Notice is given that MORRIS A. MICHAELSON, Bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 24th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS.

FEDERAL.
Supreme Court.
Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Frank P. Wilson was admitted to practise.
192—Chesapeake and Delaware Canal Co., plain., v. U. S.—Passed, to be restored.
714—E. V. Debs, plain., v. U. S.—Leave granted Mr. Roe to file brief as amicus curiae.
194—F. K. Lane, Sec. of Interior et al., aplts., v. Central Pacific Ry. Co.—Continued.
196—The Northern Pacific Ry. Co., aplt., v. F. K. Lane, Sec. of Interior.—Continued.
185—Okla. Gin Co., plain., v. the State of O'kla., and 494, the Okla. Operating Co., aplt., v. J. E. Love et al., &c.—Argument continued for defendant and appellees, and concluded for the plain. and aplt.
179—J. Kenny, pet., v. L. Miles et al., administrators, &c.—Argued.
189—A. Harris, by his next friend, A. Harris, v. the Dist. of Columbia.—Argument commenced.
191—A. D. Barbour, plain., v. the State of Georgia.—Submitted.
Adjourned until Monday.
Call for Jan. 27: Nos. 667, 685, 714, 763, (to 768,) 190, 193, 195, 197, 198, and 199.

NEW YORK COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
APPELLATE DIVISION.—First Department. DECISIONS.

Re Jane E. Barney, dec'd.—Decree and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.
Alice C. O'Brien, respt., v. New York Railways Co., aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. Opinions by Laughlin and Page, JJ., and Clarke, P. J. Order filed.
Louis Meyer, aplt., v. Central Rd. of New Jersey, respt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.
Beatrice Olenick, plain., v. Alfred Olenick, respt.; Edward E. Hoenig, co-respondent, aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.
Cecilie Seidlitz, respt., v. Mayer S. Auerbachet al., impld., &c., aplts.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed upon the merits, with costs. Opinions by Page and Smith, JJ. Order filed.
Morris Rothbart, respt., v. Star Wet Wash Laundry Co. et al., aplts.—Order, reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and plain.'s motion denied and the demurrers sustained, with $10 costs, with leave to plain. to amend on payment of costs. Opinion by Smith, J. Order filed.
Jeffrey Jones, respt., v. Interborough Rapid Transit Co., aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Benjamin Sneider, respt., v. Third Av. Ry. Co., aplt.—Judgment reversed and a new trial ordered, with costs to aplt., on the ground that the finding of the jury that the plain. was free from contributory negligence is against the weight of the evidence. Order filed.
George H. Diehl, Jr., respt., v. William D. Sperberg, as admr., &c., impld., &c., aplt.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.
Charles A. Knapp, respt., v. N. Y. Rys. Co., aplt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. on the ground that the finding of the jury that the defendant was negligent and the plaintiff free from contributory negligence is against the weight of the evidence. Order filed.
Sarah M. Ruhlin, aplt., v. William J. Burns International Detective Agency, Inc., respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Harriet E. Erlanger, respt., v. Arthur G. Erlanger, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Edmond J. Slattery, respt., v. Jacob Ruppert, aplt.—Judgment reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict to the sum of $1,000, in which event the judgment as so reduced and the order appealed from are affirmed without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.
James Slattery, an inft., respt., v. Jacob Ruppert, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Mines Management Co., respt., v. Frank N. B. Close et al., impld., &c. aplts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Page, J. Order filed.
Hamilton Building Co., respt., v. Rapid Transit Subway Const. Co., impld, &c., aplt.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Thomas Ashburner, respt., v. Richard D. Wyckoff, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. unless plain. stipulates to reduce judgment as entered to the sum of $3,220.67, in which event the judgment and order appealed from are affirmed without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.
Bertha Schwertfeger, as admx., &c., respt., v. Scandinavian-American Line, aplt.—Order reversed and complaint dismissed, without costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.
Joseph Guarino, an inft., respt., v. Charles J. Bergold, aplt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to aplt. to abide event, on the ground that the plain. failed to sustain the burden of proof. Order filed.
Pauline Finver respt., v. Max Mandel, aplt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.
Philip Crown, respt., v. H. M. Goldstein Co., aplt.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied, without costs. Opinion by Shearn, J. Order filed.
William H. Waters, Inc., et al., respts., v. The Hatters' Fur Exchange, Inc., aplt.—Order of Dec. 18, 1918, reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs, and appeal from order of Dec. 26, 1918, dismissed. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Finch, J.—Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.
CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.
SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Egbert<Rabbe et al—John H. Rogan. Barnes<Physicians Hospital of Plattsburg et al—Frederick L. Kane. McKenzie<Lane—John T. Yawger.
SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Re Golub—Richard J. D. Keating.

Receivers Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Francis A. Palmer Fund<Charles Casazza, (2)—Henry A. Goddard.
SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Herzog<I. Grossman, Inc.—Arthur L. Clark.

KINGS COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department DECISIONS.

J. F. Bernascheff Bldg. Const. Co., aplt., v. Ohio Farmers Ins. Co., respt.—Motion denied on condition that aplt. perfect his appeal, place the case on the February calendar, and be ready when reached; otherwise, motion, with $10 costs.
S. Fairhurst, respt., v. H. M. Tag, aplt.—Motion for reargument denied, without costs. Motion to resettle order of reversal, without costs.
J. A. Causman, respt., v. P. W. F. Lindner and Lindner Estates, Inc., aplts., and another, deft.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied, without costs.
F. Goldfarb, respt., v. G. G. Fries et al., aplts.—Motion granted and judgment entered on Jan. 21 vacated and the order heretofore entered on the 17th resettled on condition.
L. Lamchick, aplt., v. R. Goldstein et al., respts.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals denied, without costs.
C. M. and E. J. McGratty, respts., v. Krantz Mfg. Co., aplt., impleaded, with others, defts.—Motion denied, without costs.
L. G. Mitchell, aplt., v. C. N. Y. et al., respts.—Motion for reargument denied, without costs.
W. T. Nickerson, respt., v. Electric Silicon Co., aplt.-defts.—Motion to resettle order on reversal granted, without costs.
G. T. Peterson, respt., v. N. Y. Consol. R. R., aplt.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals granted.
Star Co., aplt., v. E. P. Brush, as Mayor, &c., and others, respts.—Motions denied, without costs.
In re judicial settlement of the account of F. W. Fletcher, as exr., &c., of J. Ahern, dec'd.—Order of the Surrogate's Court of Nassau County affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.
People, &c., respt., v. C. C. Elston, aplt.—Judgment of conviction of the County Court of Orange County affirmed.
R. Vitale, respt., v. G. Schirmer, Inc., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

BRONX COUNTY.
Supreme Court.
SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.
CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.
SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.
SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Dreyer vs. Grupelli et al., Benjamin F. Greenthal.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York—Bankruptcy.—No. 25381.
Notice is given that LOUIS SOLINSKY, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on March 3d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
Dated, New York, January 24, 1919.
HAROLD P. COFFIN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE PRESIDENT IN ROME
Amid the ruins of ancient Rome President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson were photographed with a group of distinguished Italians. A reproduction of the picture appears in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Lower New York, which has shown exceptional realty activity recently in the financial and insurance districts, furnished another noteworthy transaction yesterday in the sale of the eight-story Montauk office building, occupying the westerly block front on William Street between Liberty Street and Maiden Lane. The structure was purchased by the Broadway-John Street Realty Company, of which Elias A. Cohen is President, being his fifth important operation in that locality within the last few years.

The Montauk Building was purchased from the estate of J. Metcalfe Thomas, the sellers being the heirs, Mrs. Louise Carrol Thomas, wife of the late Mr. Thomas, and T. Gaillard Thomas. The late Mr. Thomas erected the building several years ago. It has a frontage of 79.1 feet on William Street, 44.4 feet on Liberty Street, and 24 feet on Maiden Lane, being 79 to 81 William Street, 62 Maiden Lane, and 19 Liberty Street. It is constructed with foundations capable of supporting four additional stories.

Another interesting feature of the deal is that the property occupies the easterly end of the block of which the greater part has recently been purchased by the Federal Reserve Bank, including an area of 38,500 square feet.

Adolph and Henry Bloch represented the buyer as attorneys.

Frederick Brown Buys Another Bronx Block Front.

Another block front deal in the East Bronx, the second this week, was closed yesterday by Frederick Brown, operator, who purchased from the East 169th Street Corporation four five-story modern apartments, held at $250,000.

The structures occupy the block front on the west side of Prospect Avenue, from 169th to Freeman Street, 88 by 245 by irregular. There are seventy-seven apartments and eight stores, which show a gross rental of about $30,000 a year.

In part payment the buyer gave eight lots on the northwest corner of Cauldwell Avenue and 156th Street, held at $45,000. Max Alexander negotiated the sale. On Wednesday last Mr. Brown resold the Great Northern Apartments, on East 161st Street, held at $500,000, to a syndicate headed by Louis Cohen.

Apartments for Gramercy Park.

Henry S. Harper purchased from the Misses Mary, Louise, and Emily Lynch the four-story dwelling at 129 East Twenty-first Street, on a plot 24 by 98.9. The property faces Gramercy Park and has been owned and occupied by the Lynch family since 1857. The purchaser, who owns the adjoining property, will remodel the building for apartments. Moore & Wyckoff negotiated the sale.

Sale in the Grocery District.

In the wholesale grocery district the Markham Realty Corporation, Clarence W. Eckhardt, President, purchased through G. C. Pouter, Inc., the old building at 52 Haight Street, occupying a lot 25x73. This is the fourth purchase the corporation has made in the section during the last couple of months.

Operator Buys and Sells in West Harlem.

William Goldstone, operator, purchased from the No. 210 West Fifty-sixth Street Company the six three-story dwellings at 222 to 232 West 135th Street, each on lot 18.5 by 99.11, making a combined site 110.6 by 99.11. These houses adjoin the nineteen dwellings purchased by Mr. Goldstone from the Sloane estate in 1916.

A client of J. B. Wood has purchased from Mr. Goldstone 246 and 248. These will be remodelled into a Turkish bath for colored people.

Tenement Property in Demand.

The Isear Realty Company, operators, purchased from the 344 West Fifty-ninth Street Corporation 267 and 269 West 144th Street, a six-story tenement on a plot 40 by 100. It was an all cash transaction, the property being sold for $57,500.

The Kuebel estate sold to investing clients of Bauerlein & Rosenblatt 107, 109, and 111 East Fourth Street, three five-story tenements. The buyers will immediately improve the property.

B. Silverman purchased from Jacob Hirsch 1,520 St. Nicholas Avenue, a five-story flat with stores, on a plot 40 by 100, near 186th Street, held at $60,000. M. I. Strunsky and M. F. Byrnes were the brokers.

The Christopher Pitkin Company sold to an investor 217 East 118th Street, a four-story tenement, on a lot 18.9 by 100.11.

The Rich Trading Company sold the six-story apartment, 66 by 100, at 656 and 658 West 160th Street, to Bernard Crausman, President of the J. Z. Leasing Company, on a valuation of $120,000.

The Bronx Market.

Cahn & Pittman, operators, purchased from the West Farms Construction Company 1,555 Southern Boulevard, a five-story new-law apartment, arranged for eighteen families, two stores, on lot 40 by 100, held at $50,000. Byrne & Bowman negotiated the sale.

An investing client of Richard H. Scoble purchased from the Benenson Realty Company 948 and 950 Union Avenue, two five-story new-law apartments, each on a plot 42 by 125, held at $80,000.

Nicholas Lopard sold for Mrs. Marion Strauss the two-family detached frame house 1,819 Waterloo Place to S. Cohen, and for Mrs. Elizabeth Lynch the two-family brick house 1,327 Plimpton Avenue, near 169th Street, to L. G. Silvia for investment.

Brooklyn.

The Meister Builders, Inc., purchased 2,434 Eighty-fifth Street, a two-story dwelling on a plot 30 by 100.

Queens Borough Sales.

Z. McCord sold to G. Trowbridge a plot 117 by 167 on the north side of Chestnut Street east of Whitestone Avenue, Flushing. The purchaser will improve the property at once.

Charles Tipling sold to M. Darlington a plot 280 by 491 at the southeast corner of Parsons Avenue and Higgins Lane, Flushing. The parcel is improved with greenhouses.

The Lewis H. May Company resold for E. Weinberger the Bair property on the south side of Bayview Avenue, near Healy Avenue, Far Rockaway, consisting of a plot 107 by 200, to a client for occupancy; also, resold for E. Weinberger the property known as the Breckenridge, on the south side of Atlantic Avenue, near Cedar Avenue, Far Rockaway, to a client for investment.

Two New Factories for Long Island City

Louis Gold, a Brooklyn builder, purchased a plot fronting 200 feet on the north side of Nott Avenue 90 feet east of the Boulevard, in the heart of the rapidly developing factory district of Long Island City. Plans are being prepared by M. A. Cantor, architect, for the erection of two two-story factories each 100 by 95 feet. The entire operation involves an expenditure of $150,000.

Commercial Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased for A. H. Mathews, agent, the store at 73 Fulton Street to S. Rovinsky; and for Viggo L. Jensen, the store at 28 Stone Street to I. Tanenbaum Son & Co.

Ames & Company leased for a term of years the five-story factory building on the southwest corner of Eighty-fourth Street and Second Avenue, to A. Siegel & Sons, who will occupy it as a cigar factory.

William J. Roome & Company, Inc., leased for the Wernert Estate the store at the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Twenty-second Street to the St. Louis Lunch Company for a term of years.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., leased the store and basement at 19-21 West Thirty-sixth Street to the Cape Trading Company for the sale of feathers.

Mayor's Committee on Taxation Completes Relief Bills.

The Mayor's Committee on Taxation of which Nathan Hirsch, is chairman, has, after careful study and consideration, prepared several bills for presentation to the Legislature that seek to relieve real estate of the burden of taxation under which it is now staggering. They are now in the hands of the Corporation Counsel's office and will go to Albany at an early date with the full approval of city officials.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

128th St, 208 West, s s, 141.8 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story tenement and stores; F. E. Bell against Lizzie Monday et al.; Forster, H. & K., attorneys; due, 8,864.81; taxes, &c., $281.90; to the plaintiff for $5,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Thompson St, 221 to 225, for a two-story garage, 71.4x100; H. Birdsall, 183 West St, owner; H. L. Gillen, 379 Grand St, architect; cost, $10,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, 26, to a 15-story office building; Standard Oil Co. of N. Y., premises, owner; C. A. Ellis, premises, architect; cost, $5,000.
Nassau St, 63, to a five-story store building; A. E. Carroll, 55 Liberty St, owner; Springstein & Goldhammer, 32 Union Square, architects; cost, $5,000.
5th Av, 114 and 118, to a 17-story office building; American Real Estate Co., 171 Broadway, owner; G. A. Sumner, 1,029 East 163d St, architect; cost, $18,000.
15th St, 11 West, to a three-story store; H. S. Otis and R. Ebel, 448 West 57th St, owners; A. C. Weis, 112 Remsen St, Long Island City, architect; cost, $8,500.
20th St, 240 East, to a two and four-story store; F. L. Holt, 165 Broadway, owner; C. B. Meyers, 1 Union Square, architect; cost, $20,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, JAN. 24.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s e corner 184th St, 37.8x97.11x37.4x103.1; Broadway, e s, 37.8 ft s of 184th St, 37.11x92.9x37.7x97.11; Paul Jones Realty Co. to Margaret M. Loughnane, 111 Broadway, mtg $70,000, all liens, Jan. 21; attorney, R. E. McLear, 115 Broadway..$100
1ST AV, 286, s s, 23 ft s of 17th St, 23x94; Columbia Trust Co., trustee, to Samuel M. Spedon, 262 East 52d St, Brooklyn; attorneys, Gifford, H. & B., 60 Broadway $11,000
1ST AV, 355, w s, 40 ft s of 21st St, 38x100; L. & F. Realty Corp. to Harry Lifshitz, on the premises, mtg $34,320, all liens; attorney, Samuel W. Levine, 271 Broadway $1,200
7TH AV, n e corner of 34th St, 37x59; 14th St, s s, 158.4 ft w of 3d Av, 106.6x20.10x irreg; Bowery, w s, 326 ft n of 4th St, 36x22.1x irreg; Macdougal St, n e corner of 3d St, 20x58, and 8th Av, e s, 52.11 ft s of 39th St, 26.4x64; Julius Franklin to Emma M. Franklin, 529 West 141st St, 1-36th interest all liens, Jan. 23; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 299 Broadway............$100
11TH AV, e s, 25.1 ft n of 51st St, 25x100; Citizens' Savings Bank to Frederick W. Tietjen, 152 West 105th St, b. and s., Jan. 2; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $14,250
13TH ST, 544 and 546 East, s s, 95 ft w of Avenue B, 35.3x70; Samuel Levin to Harris Witkin, 137 Division St, ½ part, quitclaim; attorney, Harold M. Philip, 261 Broadway........................$1
19TH ST, 106 East, s s, 200 ft e of 4th Av, 25x92; B. F. & G. Realty Co. to Henry Harburger, 418 Central Park West, mtg $121,550, all liens, Jan. 20................$100
128TH ST, 415 West, n s, 125 ft e of Convent Av, 60x99.11; Manchester Construction Co. to Lawrence Holding Co., 84 5th Av; attorney, Louis Manheim, 302 Broadway..$100
52D ST, 552 and 552½, s s, 191.8 ft e of 11th Av, 33.4x100.5; Frederick W. Fischer to May C. Hagedorn, 552½ West 52d St, one-quarter right, title and interest, mtg $5,000 on whole, Jan. 24; attorney, G. Hagedorn, 552½ West 52d St..............$100
54TH ST, 426 West, s s, 325 ft w of 9th Av, 25x57.4x25.1x59.9, foreclosure Jan. 6, 1919; Richard O'Gorman, referee, to Harry Kline, 425 West 54th St, Jan. 24.....$4,825
94TH ST, 10 East, s s, 178.4 ft e of 5th Av, 20x100.8; Stephen W. Kent to Joseph H. Choate, Jr., 158 East 71st St, Jan. 24; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100
113TH ST, 11 East, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Lincoln Trust Co., trustee under will of Frederick C. Gebhard, to Schor Contracting Co., 115 2d St, b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 22; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.................$16,250
117TH ST, 319-21 East, n s, 204.6 ft e of Pleasant Av, 43.6x100.10; Anna S. Walworth to John C. Walworth and William J. Walworth, New Rochelle, N. Y., all title, quitclaim, Jan. 23; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.............$100
118TH ST, 6 East, s s, 110 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Augusta Rothstein to Jennie Rothstein, 1,374 East 19th St, Brooklyn, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Sept. 6, 1918; attorney, Samuel Davis, 83 West 118th St. $100
122D ST, 212 West, s s, 175 ft w of 7th Av, 15x100.11; Gertrude R. Smith to Jacob Mendlowitch, 538 West 136th St, mtg $8,000, all liens, Oct. 18, 1917; attorney, Abraham Croeney, 309 Broadway...............$100
125TH ST, 551 West, n s, 75 ft e of Broadway, 25x99.11; James H. Cruikshank to Morris Borsodi, 259 East 25th St, mtg $16,000, all liens, Jan. 10; attorney, Ralph B. Stetson, 160 Broadway.................$100
140TH ST, s s, 199 ft e of Broadway, 16.4x99.11; Metropolitan Trust Co. to William H. Hands, at Douglaston, L. I., b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Jan. 22; attorneys, Brown Bros. & Co., 59 Wall St......................$100

Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV, 2,978, e s, 16.8x95.6; Christian Biersack to Daniel F. Biersack, 2,978 Bainbridge Av, March 19, 1918; attorney, Daniel F. Biersack, 2,978 Bainbridge Av........................$100
LOTS 27 and 28, map of Varian estate; Theobald Schmitt to William A. Goericke, 1,151 Pacific St, San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 7, 1918; attorney, H. E. Goericke, 1 West 106th St..............................$1
LOTS 9 to 13, lots of M. Morgenthau; Jacob Axelrod to Langhorne Holding Corporation, 200 West 72d St, Dec. 31, 1918; attorney, Joseph Levy, 35 Cedar St...................$1
LOTS 37 to 43, Map 1,425; Aaron Weiss to Bernice Lustig, 52 West 104th St, Jan. 17; attorney, V. Z. M. Boyazian, 144 Broadway $1
LOT 465, map Lohbauer Park; Edward Miller to Mark E. Grable, 1,674 Broadway, April 5, 1917; attorney, Louis J. Gold, 132 Nassau St.........................$1,000
PYNE ST, 2,484, e s, 18.9x107; Secondino Rovere to Angiola R. Rovere, 2,484 Cambreling Av, mtg $2,200, Jan. 23; attorneys, Carrington & P., 200 Broadway.........$100
TOPPING ST, 1,763, w s, 16.8x95; Louisa C. Barth to Nettie Klopfer, 501 East 174th St, Jan. 2; attorney, E. J. Martin, 507 Tremont Av..............................$1
SAME PROPERTY; Nettie Klopfer to Frances C. Seward, 1,761 Topping Av, mtg $2,500, Jan. 22; attorney, E. J. Martin, 507 Tremont Av..............................$1
ZEREGA AV, s w corner of Gleason Av, 108x94.7; John A. Bolles, referee, to Eva C. Stanton, Johnstown, N. Y., Jan. 15; attorney, E. Berry, 258 Broadway..........$1,500
140TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of 3d Av, strip 0.7x.75; Benjamin F. Houston et al. to Agnes M. Barrett and another, 263 East 140th St, Jan. 2; attorney, Smith-Williamson, 384 Alexander Av..............................$1
173D ST, n s, 44.5 ft w of Bathgate Av, 42x100; Fulle Building Co. to Beke Fulle, 107 East 109th St, mtg $27,000, Jan. 15; attorney, Rose & F., 128 Broadway.......$1
203D ST, n s, 120.9 ft e of Grand Boulevard & Concourse, 25x127.3; Anna B. Dyer to William W. Niles, 120 Mosholu Parkway North, Jan. 18, 1917; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

MADISON ST, 319, n w corner of Gouverneur St, 26.8x98.4, Aug. 1, 1918; Fannie Goldman, individually and as trustee, 700 West 113th St., et al. to Aaron Horeng, 28 Gouverneur St, installments, monthly, 6 p. c.; attorney, Nathan Zirrin, 140 Rivington St. $1,600
1ST AV, 1,334, e s, 75.2 ft s of 72d St, 27x85, Jan. 24; Gustav Pick to Frederick Schwarz, 1,330 1st Av, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $3,000
11TH AV, e s, 25.1 ft n of 51st St, 25.1x100, P. M., Jan. 24; Frederick W. Tietjen to Citizen's Saving Bank, 56 Bowery, due Nov. 15, 1923; attorneys, Beall & Rogers, 141 Broadway $10,000
27TH ST, 533-35 West; also 28th St, 534-36 West; leasehold, Jan. 23, 27th and 28th Streets Garage Co. to Frank Billeci, 7 Bay 17th St, Brooklyn, and Anthony Fiduccia, 30 St. Mark's Place, Brooklyn, installments, $400 month, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Jacobs & Livingston, 120 B'way, notes.. $10,500
54TH ST, 426 West, s s, 325 ft w of 9th Av, 25x57.4x25.1x59.9, Jan. 24; Harry Kline to Simon Newman, 434 West 48th St, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Maurice Marks, 233 Broadway $4,000
113TH ST, 11 East, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11, P. M. Jan. 22; Schor Contracting Co. to Lincoln Trust Co., 204 5th Av, trustee, will of Frederick C. Gebhard, due Feb. 1, 1922; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St. $14,250
117TH ST, n s, 204.6 ft e of Pleasant Av, 43.6x100.10, Jan. 23; John C. and William J. Walworth to Amelia P. Lawrence, 101 East 92d St, and another, trustees, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.........$17,000
136TH ST, 118 West, n s, 175 ft west of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, Jan. 14; Theresa W. Robinson to Joseph A. Tanner, 178 West 137th St, installments, 6 p. c., subject to 1st and 2d mtgs; attorney, Pope B. Billups, 203 Broadway....................$375
140TH ST, s s, 199 ft e of Broadway, 16.4x99.11, P. M. Jan. 22; William H. Hands to Metropolitan Trust Co., 60 Wall St, 3 years $4,000

Bronx.

BECK ST, 853, w s, 40x100; Sarah Berend to Freida Landes, 101 West 114th St, prior mtg $24,000, Jan. 22, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph Gans, 140 Nassau St. $4,000
FOX ST, 995, leasehold; Louis Wienecke and another to Joseph R. Richards, 1,028 Fulle St, Jan. 18, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Beck, G. & F., 215 Montague St, Brooklyn $3,000
WILDER AV, w s, 412.6 ft s of Randall Av, 37.6x100; Samuel Newman to Elizabeth Levy, 242 Putnam Av, Brooklyn, Jan. 17, 2 years; attorney, George Mairaison, 41 Park Row $300
203D ST, 213 East, n s, 25x127.3; William W. Niles to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 20, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AV A, 1,679, south floor and cellar; Katherine Reinhardt to Henry Fleck, on the premises, 5 years from March 1, 1919; attorney, Thomas W. McKnight, 103 East 125th St $384

EAST BROADWAY, 149, first and second floors; Nathan Hurwitz to Gershon Lubansky and Julius Rosenblum, 149 East Broadway, 10 years from April 1, 1919. ....$1,800

7TH AV, e s, from 32d to 33d St, 197.6x300; also 32d St, n s, 300 ft e of 7th Av, 100x197.6, to s s of 33d St, contains 79,000 square ft, supplemental to lease of April 27, 1916; Pennsylvania Terminal Real Estate Co. to Franklin J. Machette, Milwaukee, Wis., 21 years from 30 days after completion of building; taxes, &c., and ground rent, 5 p. c. of sum of $4,000,000 and additional rental of 6 p. c. upon cost of new building, less deductions agreed upon; attorneys, O'Brien, Boardman, Parker, Harper & Fox, 120 Broadway....—

SAME PROPERTY, assignment of lease; Franklin J. Machette to New York Hotel Statler Co., Inc., Jan. 20, 1917; attorneys, same ....—

Bronx.

FORDHAM ROAD, n w corner of Hoffman St, all; John T. Dooling to Charles L. Moore, 201 West 79th St, 3 8-12 years from Dec. 1, 1918, option 5 years' renewal; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 35 Liberty St.... $1,800 to $2,100

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

22D ST, 452 West, mtg $17,000; 109th St, s s, 375 ft w of 109th St (?), mtg $15,000; Rivington St, 135, mtg $27,500; John J. Wysong et al., trustees for Marie Marshall, to J. Frederic Kernochan and another for Marie Marshall; attorney, Henry F. Miller, 44 Pine St; 3 assignments, each........$1

32D ST, 145 to 151 East, mtg $7,500; Thomas E. Lane to James V. Graham, 25 Franklin Place, Flushing, Borough of Queens; attorney, J. V. Graham, 55 Liberty St........$1

49TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of 1st Av, mtg $14,000; Columbus Av, 631, mtg $17,000; J. Frederic Kernochan, as comm., to J. F. Kernochan and another, as comm. of Marie Marshall; attorney, Henry F. Miller, 44 Pine St; 2 assignments, each........$1

178TH ST, 700 and 711 West; Helen N. Spraker to John Burlinson, 423 West 112th St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $11,000

Bronx.

KELLY ST, 1,056 and 1,058; Maria Theurer, individually and as executrix, to Auguste Witte, 413 East 158th St; attorney, O. A. Deffoa, 3,016 3d Av........$1

LOTS 19, 20, 37, 40, 26 to 31, 70 to 83, 51 to 54, 41 to 44, 21, 22, 25, and 36, map of 85 lots, estate of Louisa Dash; John B. Dash and another, executors, to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway ....All costs and $100

PUGSLEY AV, w s, 125 ft n of Benedict Av, 25x94—; also Washington St, e s, 905 ft n of Railroad Av, 100x148x50x140; also Washington Av, s s, 50.6 ft w of Halsey Place, 50.6x92.5x50x100.5; also Dean St, e s, 150 ft n of Barkley Av, 50x100; also 2d Av, e s, 300 ft s of 2d St, 33.4x100, and 2d Av, e s, 200 ft n of 1st St, 40x100. Olinville; United States Trust Co., executor, to Arthur F. Willis; attorneys, Mapes & R., 370 East 149th St, (assignment of 5 mtgs)....$9,361

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,879 to 1,883; William F. Kenny to Olds Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$1

SAME PROPERTY; Olds Holding Corporation to Barnard Spector, 14 West 87th St; same attorney $1

146TH ST, 250 and 252 East; Harlem Savings Bank to Daniel Vossler, trustee, 169 East 112th St; attorneys, Pierse & H., 233 Broadway, (assignment of 2 mtgs)....$7,033

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, Nos 150 and 152; Metropolitan Life Ins. Co against Bryant Real Estate Co et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Butcher, Tanner & Foster.

BARROW ST, n s, 192.6 ft w of Bleecker St, 22.6x97.4; Metcalf B. Hatch against James H. Newman et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, A. C. Troy.

GREENWICH AV, Nos 97 and 99, and 12th St, No 238 West; Prudential Iron Works against Ernest A. Cardozo et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorney, M. Golluhier.

ST NICHOLAS AV, e s, 42 ft n of 148th St, 19.11x125; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U S against Rebecca M. Vander Beek et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Alexander & Green.

40TH ST, No 318 East; 122d St, No 125 West; 45th St, n s, 200 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.5; 39th St, Nos 424 and 426 West; 45th St, n s, 225 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.5, and Lexington Av, e s, 48 ft n of 106th St, 27x82.9; John H. Halloran against Matilda Fitzsimons et al., action to appoint receiver, &c.; attorney, J. J. Cuneen.

50TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Mira A. Bowie against Lena Genringer et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Baer.

52D ST, n s, 275 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Frederick G. Potter, trustee, against Lena Genringer et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Baer.

71ST ST, n s, 607.6 ft w of 8th Av, 17.6x102.2; City Real Estate Co against Hamilton H. Salmon & Co. Inc et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

78TH ST, n s, 250.2 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 19.9x102.2; M. Orme Wilson et al. against James A. Campbell et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. H. Hickey.

112TH ST, Nos 314 and 316 East; Edwin C. E. Lord et al. against Alesandra Cioffi et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. Lord.

117TH ST, No 215 West; Henry Chamberlaine against Rudolph Kaiser et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, C. B. Meyer.

142D ST, No 476 West; Henry Luhbe against Christine Dammann et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. E. Phelps.

Bronx.

STEBBINS AV, Nos 1,270-1,272; Edmund Francis Realty Co against George W. Poultney et al., action to enforce specific performance of agreement; attorneys, Scott, Gerard & Bowers.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

8TH ST, 111 to 117 East; Friedman Contracting Co., Inc., against estate of Mary Griffin, owner; 8th St. Garage, Inc., contractor $12,171.46

12TH ST, 119 to 125 West; Norwalk Lock Co. against Lustgarten Co., Inc., owner and contractor, (renewal)........$1,600.00

63D ST, 121 East; East River Mill and Lumber Co. against John F. Mulgrew, owner; Lenox Contracting Co., Irving Singer, contractors $383.25

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BOWERY, 394-396; American Elevator and Machine Corp. against Leopold Barth et al.; Dec. 12, 1918 ....$535.75

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$45 MONTH and small quarterly payment buys California type Comfort Home. Garage, sleeping porch, etc.; beautiful street. Two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1778 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

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16 Minutes from Penn. Station.

Kew Gardens Construction Co. is
Now Building Houses
for sale or on order
from plans of distinction

Edgeworth Smith, *Sales Manager.* 1 W. 34th St. *Greeley 5250.*

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FOR MAY FIRST

A Modern Colonial Stucco House of 10 rooms, 2 tiled baths and servants' bath; 4 fireplaces; white enamel trim; large halls; sleeping porch; plot 80x200. Well known, restricted residential colony. A bona fide bargain at $13,500. Come out and see it or send for photo.

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AT MERRICK.

Beautiful semi-bungalow, 9 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heat; enormous sun parlor; two-car garage; chicken houses and run; large corner plot; frontage on three streets; five minutes' walk to station; near Great South Bay; value $12,000; out-of-town owner offers for $9,000. This is a real bargain. H. J. McCord, 176 Pine St., Freeport, L. I.

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Virginia Ore Property.

Estate anxious to sell Virginia iron ore property. Large acreage and abundance of ore. Furnace has been operated. Reports in our possession will furnish complete information. Railroad and full equipment included. Very low figure for quick sale.

J. T. JACKSON CO.,
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Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan.

Private house for sale, 5 stories, 15 rooms, 5 baths; magnificently furnished; refined location; suitable doctor, dentist, business or furnished rooms; valuable leasehold; lifetime opportunity. Owner, 62 West 51st St.

Queens.

At Elmhurst.—One-family houses, $5,500, $7,000, $8,400 up; two-family, $5,000, $7,000, $10,900. Builder, George Johnston, 75 Kingsland Av., near Elmhurst Bridge, Elmhurst.

Long Island.

Forest Hills Gardens.—Cosy seven-room detached house; first floor has large living room with fireplace, dining room, kitchen, and porch; second floor four bedrooms and bath; also bath in cellar; excellent heating plant; plot is large enough for garage; genuine bargain, $13,000. Address B 297 Times.

Bayside.—For sale and to rent; attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms with bath; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6898.

New Jersey.

For sale, attractive 7-room house, large living and sleeping porches; fine view; lot 100x150, with barn; fruit trees and grapes in bearing; ten minutes' walk from Millburn Station, D., L. & W. R. R.; price $7,800, terms to suit purchaser; monthly payments if desired. Apply to owner, F. B. Jewett, 426 Wyoming Av., Wyoming, N. J., or any agent.

Suburban residence; stucco house, fireproof roof, situated corner plot, 53x125, 7 rooms and bath; every improvement; hardwood floors, open fireplace; 5 minutes' walk from station and trolley; 35 minutes from New York; price reasonable. Address Box 33, Maywood, N. J.

Attention—Six-room house, all modern improvements, plot 75x141; near school, church, railroad station and trolley car; price $4,200. This requires quick action. Bergen Realty Co., 197 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.

Harrison, N. J.—Beautiful home, 9 rooms and bath; centrally located. Further particulars from Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Av., Newark.

Englewood.—$5,000 bargain; 8-room house, garage; improvements; 50x150; easy terms. Epstein, 126 Liberty St., N. Y. 3759 Rector.

Houses Wanted.

A house of six rooms or more and barn wanted; commuting distance city, near shore preferred; small acreage desired; rent not over $50, with option of purchase in one year. J. B. Morris, 261 Broadway; 9260 Barclay.

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Fifty cents an agate line.

WE HAVE FROM $1,000 to $3,000 to loan on second bond and mortgage improved property in Mount Vernon, Yonkers, New Rochelle, Bronxville, or Pelham. Cooley Realty Company, Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 3400.

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Forty-five cents an agate line.

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LESSEES.—Just purchased several apartment houses; will lease immediately; great bargains; never before offered. Browning, 110 West 40th.

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Manufacturing building, 30x85; high ceiling; now equipped with 40 sewing machines, 10 h. p. gas engine, Wilcox & Gibbs and Singer machines; will sell or rent; building is located in Brooklyn, near Prospect Park; plenty of help to be gotten; will sacrifice. Miss Goldfine, care Pacific, 221 West 53d St., New York.

For sale, Brooklyn residence, located on Fort Hamilton Parkway; bargain, $12,000; terms reasonable. J. H. Glancy, 300 New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

SIXTY-THREE ACRES,
BETWEEN FLUSHING AND JAMAICA.
RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT.
TROLLEY PASSING.
JOHN J. WHITE,
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TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; landscape fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

Harrison, N. J.—Splendid fish factory, fully equipped, up-to-date machinery, &c. Full particulars Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Av., Newark.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted.—Factory of brick construction with 40,000 square feet; will buy for cash or lease for a term of years. R. E. Patterson, 641 Leonard St., Brooklyn, New York.

Wanted.—A railroad siding Long Island City or Blissville, with ten to twenty city lots; will purchase for cash. R. E. Patterson, 641 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Will buy house, ten rooms, two or three baths, garage; between Mt. Vernon and White Plains; must be modern; full particulars, owners only. Box L 132 Times.

Will rent or buy modern house, moderately priced; Long Island; electric commuting. Write or phone, Dr. Stackhouse, 45 West 34th St., N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEWARK, N. J.

Four tenement brick buildings, with two stores on first floor, all rented, centrally located for business. Particulars from Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Av., Newark.

NORTH CAROLINA—SALE OR LET.

For Sale: "Lakewood"

1,275 acre estate of late Walter M. Holt, six miles from Fayetteville, N. C., in Pinehurst belt, situate on high plateau; cool all Summer, balmy in Winter. Contains pretty 100 acre lake, well stocked; good dwelling. Land excellent for peaches, tobacco, other crops. One mile frontage on main line railroad; station on property. One of the finest places in North Carolina for an estate. Price $50.00 acre. Address L. J. Duffy, Greensboro, N. C.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TEMPLE COURT
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LIGHT CORNER OFFICES
1,620 SQUARE FEET; RENT $2,800.
SMALL OFFICES SINGLY OR TOGETHER FROM $240 TO $400.
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ON PREMISES. CORTLANDT 1182.

STORE 5 W. 16th $65
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Store and Basement
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45x85; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

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Chestnut & 13th Sts., Phila., Pa.

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ELIZABETH, N. J.

Fully equipped beef house. Railroad siding; next to Armour & Co., Morris & Co., and Swift & Co. Further particulars, Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Ave., Newark.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

59th St. & Lexington Ave.
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NEW STUDIO APARTMENTS
2 Rooms Kitchenette and Bath. $50 Per Month.
Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
Apply week days only to private office, 6th floor.
BLOOMINGDALES,
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Forty-five cents an agate line.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

245 ACRES, SELDEN, 18-ROOM HOUSE. Orchard; good level land; $30,000; free and clear. Fisk, 140 Nassau, New York.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, Yonkers residence; fine location; plot 100x100; garage; price $11,500. J. H. Glancy, 300 New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

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For Sale—Farm, 21 acres, six acres orchard; fine opportunity for poultry; ¾ mile from Cape May City, N. J., 7 miles from Wildwood; five-room house, electric lighted; $4,000 cash. Inquire Box 636, Freehold, N. J.

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EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT SUITE OF OFFICES FOR RENT ON ONE OF THE HIGHEST FLOORS OF FIRST-CLASS BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Owners will build to suit tenant on corner plot 50x100 feet, five minutes from Grand Central Terminal, situated at Jackson Avenue subway station, Long Island City; reasonable terms. Wm. Richensteen, 64 Jackson Av., Long Island City, New York.

Meeting rooms at 4 Columbus Circle, (formerly Pabst's); large, fully equipped lodge rooms with organ, for lodges, societies or rehearsals. Arrangements by the day, month, or year. Agent on premises, or Walter J. Salmon, 17 West 42d. Phone Vanderbilt 47.

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MODERN BUILDING, SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIANS AND DENTIST.
SINGLE AND DOUBLE SUITES.

Desirable private office room, furnished or unfurnished; splendid location; excellent service. Potter Building, 38 Park Row, Room 500.

Lofts, (two,) light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. Harrison Fixture, 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Business space, stores, lofts, buildings, all sizes, localities. Tell me your requirements. Ephraim Buchwald, 113 East 129th St.

Studio for rent, 817 Carnegie Hall. Call evenings, between 7 and 8.

Offices, $20 to $100; 30-story building. 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

STORES.—2 large, light showrooms near subway station. 110 West 40th St.

50th, 3 West.—Stores for high-class retail business. Inquire Superintendent.

Madison Av., 785, (67th.)—Parlor floor; $100; basement store, $83; suitable tearoom.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted — Small apartment hotel or building suitable for bachelor apartment, furnished or unfurnished, for term of years, between 6th and Park Avs., below 59th; responsible person; no brokers. Rafael de Florez, 462 Madison Av.

Wanted—By Feb. 1, to sublet or rent an office, furnished or unfurnished, in Woolworth, Equitable, Singer, or building of same standard, below Bridge; give particulars. S 609 Times Downtown.

We desire to rent a one-story brick factory building, suitable for the iron business, size about 5,000 square feet, with adjoining lot. Box V V 614, 1,265 Broadway.

Office space not exceeding 1,200 feet in modern building, by engineering firm, near Times Square; give full particulars and plan in first letter. L 167 Times.

Desk room wanted in Hudson Terminal Building, 30 or 50 Church St., by responsible firm. Address K 277 Times.

Wanted, part or half of loft, with show room privilege, to cloak and suit jobber, from 27th to 33d St. R 226 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

48TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsomely and luxuriously furnished; two very large rooms and bath; $200 a month.

49TH, 146 EAST.—Three-room apartment, with kitchen, fully furnished; immediate possession; $125 per month. Apply Apt. 24.

60TH ST., EAST.—3 rooms, kitchen and bath; luxuriously furnished; immediate possession; service; $400. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

60TH ST., 133 EAST.—High-class housekeeping apartment, three rooms, bath, kitchenette, $125 per month. Plaza 9100.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av, Vanderbilt 1450.

Furniture and appointments for sale in elegant, modern six-room apartment with lease; will not sublet unless interested in buying furniture. Can be seen from 2 to 4:30 at 129 East 69th St.

MADISON AV., 726.—Attractively furnished apartment; two rooms, bath, elevator, telephone. Sterling 1175.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,058—Large light front room; private family; modern improvements; $6 per week; telephone; references. Schellburg.

Furnished—West Side.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

57TH ST.—6 rooms, 2 baths, duplex apartment, luxuriously furnished; maid accommodation; $600 per month, three months' lease. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

57TH, 140 WEST.—4 bright rooms, 2 baths, high class building, 10th floor.

59TH, 100 WEST.—Overlooking Park, exquisitely furnished apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette. Mason.

67TH ST., 2 WEST.—Beautifully decorated new studio apartment, kitchenette; opposite Cafe des Artistes. Apartment 4-G.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three-room apartments; $60 up; latest improvements; completely furnished.

71ST, 10 WEST.—THREE LARGE, SUNNY, MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED ROOMS; OPEN FIREPLACES, LUXURIOUS BATH, ELECTRIC CABINET, NEEDLE SHOWER; BREAKFAST AND MAID SERVICE OPTIONAL. UNUSUAL.

82D, 55 WEST.—3 rooms, new apartment, new furnishings; every convenience and comfort; rent $125.

82D, 66 WEST.—Large front room, bath; kitchen privileges; ground floor; $35 month.

90TH ST., near Central Park, beautiful floor. Apply 202 West 106th; ground floor.

96TH ST., 307-311 WEST.—Hotel Schuyler Arms; subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included; in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

A handsomely furnished 5-room apartment, tile bath, maid's room, $125 per month, from Feb. 15 until Oct. 1. Inquire Janitor, 59 West 10th St., N. Y. City.

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY OF LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located. RENTALS $100 to $1,800 MONTHLY. Office, 66 West 56th St. Tel. Circle 3000.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 370.—Studio apartment, 4 rooms, fireplace, player piano; $200. Crane.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 460.—Artistically furnished seven-room apartment, complete; Steinway grand piano. For appointment, Mrs. Orr. Bryant 7730.

TWO very large rooms, foyer and bath; entire floor; remodeled private house; rent $1,100. 618 West 113th, or Thomas J. O'Reilly, Broadway at 100th St. Telephone Academy 1600.

TWO ROOM, also four-room apartment; new, high-class elevator building; near Plaza; will sublet to party purchasing furnishings. Mrs. Haller, tel. Plaza 6680.

WEST END AV.—High grade, 10 rooms, 3 baths, beautifully decorated, grand piano, Victrola; long, short lease to responsible tenant. Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 80.—Small apartment; lease to Oct. 1, 1919; heat, electric light, hot and cold water, service.

6 ROOMS, bath; rent reasonable. Apply 209 West 86th St., Apartment 62, Grant.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

FLATBUSH, BROOKLYN. Comfortable furnished bedroom; private home; bath; tennis clubs; gentleman; $7.50. G. 751 Times Downtown.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Warm, beautifully furnished 7-room apartment in Pelham; only those who will appreciate exceptional surroundings considered; three bedrooms, two baths. Telephone Pelham 2091.

Three large, sunny, attractively furnished rooms, kitchenette, private bath, (entire upper floor), steam, gas, electricity; 76 Bruce Av., S. Yonkers; 45 minutes Times Sq.

Unfurnished—East Side.

54TH, 58 EAST.—Elegant 3-room kitchenette and bath; every improvement; best convenient location; near Vanderbilt Hotel; $50 monthly.

69TH, 20 EAST.—3 rooms, bath, service; $100. Rhinelander 3179, or superintendent.

Unfurnished—West Side.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

94TH ST., 306 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside, Broadway subway.

181ST ST., 605 WEST.—Doctor's office; 2 rooms and laboratory; rent $30 ground floor premises; in the busiest centre of upper Manhattan.

FOR RENT.—370 CENTRAL PARK WEST, corner 97th St., from Feb. 1, 7 rooms and 3 baths; unusually large rooms and closets; open fireplace in living room; $155. Call Superintendent.

SEVEN room apartment covering one floor, unfurnished. 76 Irving Place. Telephone Gramercy 3811.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Furnished apartment wanted, until about June 15th; five or six rooms on West Side, from Sixtieth to Ninetieth Street. Must be nicely furnished, for a responsible tenant. N. G. Loeb, 302 West 86th Street.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Wanted.—Small apartment until May; two refined adults; give excellent care; highest references; state lowest price. L 123 Times.

Wanted — By couple, modern furnished apartment, complete, kitchen and 2 or more rooms. Telephone Bedford 8255.

Apartment wanted, 4 or 5 rooms, furnished or unfurnished. K 285 Times.

Wish to lease for few years apartment in small hotel. 182 Times.

Unfurnished.

Army officer returning to New York desires immediately six or seven room apartment within ten blocks of East 65th St. and within three blocks of 5th Av. Address Captain Maynard, Hotel Plaza.

Small, unfurnished, modern kitchen or kitchenette apartment wanted, below 125th St.; $40-$50. K 283 Times.

Unfurnished housekeeping apartment, three rooms, bath; $40-$50. Bryant 6255, Apt. 215.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

17TH, 112 EAST.—Three charmingly furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen. Phone Stuyvesant 716.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 119 EAST.—Large, small rooms, nicely furnished; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 174.—Two plainly furnished rooms to people desiring refined surroundings; $60-$50 per month; references exchanged.

THE HOTEL BELMORE, northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates. $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

THE HOTEL BELMORE, northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

14TH, 245 WEST.—Fine old mansion; large, elegant parlors; steam heat; private bath; suitable studios. Telephone 654 Chelsea.

21ST, 218 WEST.—Room; all conveniences; gentleman, $5; only roomer. Duffy.

38TH, 44 WEST.—Parlor floor, private bath; good for doctor or dentist; also other rooms with running water; newly furnished; $4 to $10.

71ST., 62 WEST.—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

72D, 22 WEST.—Delightful single room, running water, electricity; also front basement.

73D, 106 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; large rooms; shower bath; electricity; telephone; $16.

73D, 203 WEST.—Newly furnished large front room; southern exposure; on bath floor.

74TH ST. 33 WEST.—Light, steam-heated single room; private home; $5; breakfast.

75TH, 138 WEST. — Large, medium rooms, $10-$12; electricity; parquetry; exclusive home; gentlemen.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Newly furnished room in modern apartment.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Attractive, large, medium rooms, $10; electricity; perfectly appointed; business man.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select house, front parlor; also skylight room; steam; electricity.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive large rooms; private bath.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Comfortable, large room; running water; adjoining bath; phone, electricity; reference.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Cheerful, well-heated room; private house. Schuyler 4093.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptionally large elegant room, bath, dressing room; four windows facing parks; private house.

82D, WEST.—Desirable room; select apartment; gentleman; private family. Phone Schuyler 6588.

83D, 66 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms; private bath; every convenience.

88TH, 344 WEST. — Comfortable, furnished room; southern exposure; all conveniences; references.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful large room, dressing room, bath adjacent, $12.

93D, 253 WEST.—Elegant room for one or two; refined; central.

103D, 15 WEST.—Clean, homelike room, 1 flight; all conveniences; gentleman; references. Stokes.

105TH, 28 WEST.—Large front room; private house; gentlemen. Phone 1000 Academy.

113TH, 517 WEST.—Attractive, quiet room, private bath; business woman; references. Apartment 64.

113TH, 324 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny room; every convenience; private American family.

113TH, 621 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, third floor, bath adjoining; $12.

138TH, 501 WEST.—Apartment, 4 outside sunny rooms, southern exposure; all conveniences, adjoining bathroom. Mrs. Seliner.

140TH, 469 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room; exclusive private house; gentleman; reference.

147TH, 606 WEST.—Large, comfortable room in fine, private house, convenient subway.

156TH, 601 WEST.—Well furnished room, private family; breakfast optional. 8061 Audubon.

160TH, (38 Fort Washington Av.) Apt. 64.—Two bright double rooms, near bath; gentlemen; breakfast optional; convenient subway.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 478, (108th.)—Attractive, warm room; running water; adjoining bath. Sheppard.

COMFORTABLE front room, bath; very private elevator apartment; business lady only; subway, bus. 9175 St. Nicholas, Apartment 601.

DESIRABLE room, bath; near subway; small private family. Ellis. Phone Morningside 211.

LARGE, newly furnished and decorated room; Protestant family; refined gentleman. Riverside 8878-J.

LARGE front room on Riverside Drive, facing the Hudson, with private family; all conveniences. Telephone Audubon 8954.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (94th.)—Beautifully furnished single room, bath. Phone 9881 Riverside. Apart. 53.

RIVERSIDE.—Large room and bath; private residence; references. Phone Schuyler 8448.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Two nice, small front rooms; private house; references.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful newly furnished studio suite and single rooms.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Business couple will appreciate light, large, quiet room, twin beds, running water, near bath; modern apartment; refined surroundings; serve breakfast, if desired. Riverside 406.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Room wanted, West Side, between 40th and 80th St.; must be modern, with private bath; references furnished; gentleman; give price and particulars. K 334 Times.

Business woman, highest reference, two rooms, near bath, without board, in strictly private house; state terms. Box 250 Times, 2 Rector St.

Married couple desire one or two furnished rooms or small furnished apartment in vicinity Columbia University. L 152 Times.

Clean, attractive room with private or adjoining bath, desired. Telephone Miss Stock, Barclay, 8206 Saturday morning.

Jewish young man, college graduate, wishes room with refined family; moderate; references; Yorkville or Harlem. R 217 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $10 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

72D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6398.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine, large double room, with bath, by Holland family; give superior accommodation; European style; home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Single room; electricity; French cuisine; table boarders.

85TH, 132 WEST.—Large front room for two; French cuisine; homelike; references.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home offers second floor, with private bath.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath, single room; exceptional table, modern.

118TH, 147 WEST.—Elegant furnished rooms, excellent board; conveniences; steam heat; subway.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Single front room; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

130TH ST., 217 WEST.—Large, light rooms, all conveniences; kosher table board. Morningside 4611.

138TH, 616 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and single rooms; 3 adults; good meals; $30 per week; 2 minutes subway.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 693, (near 94th.)—Large room, also suite, private bath; French spoken; table guest; references.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Two refined Spanish ladies seek board and room in respectable house, either boarding or private, between 72d and 110th; give full particulars and lowest terms. G 744 Times Downtown.

Refined Jewish American, mother 2 sons, 17 and 19, and daughter 12, desire rooms and board in very best surroundings. Phone Decatur 1654 or write Freiberger, 539A Greene Av., Brooklyn.

Woman executive desires comfortable room, good board, agreeable family; west side, below 90th St.; $12. B 874 Times Annex.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Brooklyn.

Home Sanitarium. — Selected medical and surgical cases; charges moderate. Phone Midwood 5650. Medical Superintendent, 1,364 East 27th St.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."

Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.

W. T. READE, Prop.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, 22, refined, college graduate, experienced in double entry, desiring good, permanent connections. S 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, thoroughly competent; eight years' experience; executive ability; best credentials. Miss G., 1148 Madison Square.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; highly recommended; salary $25. G 770 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK.
Refined Christian, familiar with various systems of filing, desires position; 4 years' experience; excellent references; salary, $20. B 872 Times Downtown.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, high grade, confidential, nine years' experience, desires position; conscientious, reliable, exceedingly ambitious; $30 weekly. L 135 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Actress, with stage experience, desires position with playwright or movie director. Address Miss Quinn, 210 West 80th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Several years in secretarial and technical work; willing to give part time for small salary with privilege of doing public work. B 480 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (23,) experienced, desires high-class position; $22; references. R 582 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; accurate; $10. Anna Krainan, 202 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, educated; bookkeeping knowledge; complete charge office details; $22. B 1087 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT.—New York University graduate, 1916, 5 years' public accounting experience, independent audits, reports, seeks C. P. A. connection. L 95 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly—service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Certified; general accounting, monthly audits, systems, investigations, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. Telephone 734 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A., high-grade executive, record of achievement, seeks responsible position large corporation. B 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior; balance, financial statements, auditing; C. P. A. experienced; Broaker's student. K 201 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cost clerk; 4 years' experience manufacturing concern, payrolls, controlling accounts, statements; university education. S 590 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22,) 4 years' experience, college trained, competent, reliable, honorably discharged (army); salary $25. R 602 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar with bookkeeping in all its branches; salary $30. G 769 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, possessing thorough knowledge of accounting; capable taking full charge; salary $30. K 263 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR seeks position with family desirous of securing experienced, courteous, and reliable married man; best references. M. Levin, 182 East 73d. Tel. 9960 Rhinelander.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 15 years' experience, references, wants position. Chauffeur, 443 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Private, used to high-class position. Simpson, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

CHAUFFEUR, employed at present; employer going to France; 14 years' experience. George Conover, 124 West 54th St. Phone 1740 Circle.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, American, thoroughly experienced, desires position, city, country; neat, intelligent, highly recommended; moderate salary. K 331 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced Chandler, Cadillac, desires position; moderate salary to start. B 1062 Times Harlem.

CHEMIST'S ASSISTANT, 23, married, discharged from army as assistant metallurgist-chemist, desires position vicinity New York; experienced. K 297 Times.

CHIEF BILL CLERK or timekeeper, prefer hotel or steamship company; good penman; first class references. B 460 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN, 26, honorably discharged aviator, desires outside position. R 595 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN or Financial Officer.—Position desired by man of wide experience, both banking and commercial; at present employed; first-class references. X 239 Times Annex.

DOES my honorable discharge signify anything? Technical engineer desires position at drafting, design, calculating, experimental, or research work; relinquished valuable position when joining service; best references. B 1079 Times Harlem.

DO YOU WANT A LIVE WIRE?

Young man, 24, desires connection with mercantile or manufacturing concern. Was employed by one firm for seven years prior to enlisting in military service. Executive experience; university training; finest credentials as to character and work previously done. B 493 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, wishes position with progressing concern; seven years' experience. L 94 Times.

DRAFTSMAN AND ESTIMATOR, ornamental and structural iron, wants responsible position. B 1080 Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, wants night work, plans for owners or builders. L 157 Times.

EFFICIENCY EXPERT in organizing, investigations, systems, and accounting, now with the Government as supervising expert, and having traveled extensively all over the world, desires to communicate with responsible corporation for connection in Europe as representative auditor. P. D. Hall, Bay City, Mich.

ELECTRIC ENGINEER, 30, good executive, 7 years' practical experience manufacturing and engineering, desires responsible position. B 497 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE. — Artillery officer, 29, legal training, energy, executive ability; salary $3,000; not salesman. B 374 Times.

LAWYER, especially good drawing contracts, long experience general practice New York City, also business experience, desires position with large corporation. B 381 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER. — EXPERIENCED DEPT. STORE. CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS; HIGHEST REFERENCES. MANAGER, K 305 TIMES.

SALESMAN, 37 years of age, unquestionable character, 15 years' experience selling the trade in Washington and vicinity, would like to represent manufacturer or jobber in above-mentioned territory. Address H. P. C., 3443 14th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

SALESMAN, traveling, Eastern States, established trade, leather and shoe finding, interested in side line. Y 249 Times Bronx.

SHEET IRON MAKER, all-around man; 18 years' experience; references. S 583 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 23, honorably discharged soldier, desires permanent position with chance of advancement; hard worker and capable of taking charge of office correspondence and books; 7 years' experience; highest references; start at $20-$25. G 764 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, 21, experienced, capable, college engineering student, desires position with engineering sales corporation; salary $22. R 583 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Released from service; four years' experience correspondence, office routine, &c.; moderate salary; excellent references. L 137 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 6 years' experience; university student; honorably discharged; 4-5 hours' work after 5 P. M. Morningside 551.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, experienced, capable, honorably discharged, position with advancement. L 158 Times.

STUDENT, just discharged from military service, seeks night work to enable him to continue studies. L 164 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT. — Wanted, position as factory superintendent or assistant by man with several years' experience in such work; fully acquainted with production methods and factory management; capable handling the labor problem; technical college graduate. X 387 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Capable and reliable man with unquestionable references, is open for engagement; A1 repair man. S. J., Academy 1565, or address 108, 852 Columbus Av.

SUPERINTENDENT, charge two nine-story elevator, desires change Feb. 1; mechanic; own tools, good renter. Supt., 39 E. 27th.

YOUNG MAN, 18 years old, wishes a position in an import or export house or a steamship company; speaks Spanish fluently; salary secondary to opportunity for advancement; best of references. S 587 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorably discharged, 3 years' college training, previously engaged in business with father, wishes position that requires intelligence and initiative. S 601 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, recently honorably discharged from army, desires position as salesman in city; can furnish his Ford roadster; highest references. C. Y., 808 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, 3 years with knit goods concern, desires position; excellent references. A 430 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly familiar with office detail, desires position with growing concern; salary $25. S 538 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bookkeeper, typist, general office man; 4 years' experience; age 18½; at present employed. G 760 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, neat appearance, office and sales experience, seeks position. R 555 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, typist, experienced office worker, desires position anything. S 584 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, knowledge stenography, typewriting, billing. J. B., 207 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, advertising, management, business methods, desires suitable engagement. K 330 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position; five years' experience in office work. K 299 Times.

YOUNG, technically and business trained man desires position with contracting, sales, or operating firm with room at top; past experience, industrial engineering; have qualities; want opportunity to make good; future first consideration, compensation as for service rendered. Apt. 64, 207 Dyckman St.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ARTISTS.—Girls for stencil coloring on greeting cards; experienced preferred. Dreyfuss Art Co., 133 East 16th.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced in hotel work; good salary. Apply Hotel Record Co., 1,133 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, capable taking executive charge office wholesale tailors' trimmings house. R 591 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT for large concern; state salary and experience. A 439 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; state experience and salary; reference required. B. & S., X 367 Times Annex.

CLERKS,
tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERKS, $45 monthly; rapid advancement; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; high school graduates; ages 18-23. Write, Clerk, P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Station.

COLLEGE WOMEN wanted to do quantitative and qualitative analysis in the laboratory of a large manufacturing concern; the post offers opportunities for research work and holds out excellent prospects for advancement. X 328 Times Annex.

COMPTOMETER CLERK, permanent position and good salary. The Calculating Co., 50 Church St.

FRENCH STENOGRAPHER.
Perfect knowledge of French essential. Call up Hanover 7740 Saturday afternoon.

GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT, one with some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; permanent position; good future for capable woman; salary $15. Apply Monday before 10 A. M., Otto Sarony Co., 470 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

GIRL to help in dispensary 3 afternoons a week. Apply at once, N. Y. Orthopedic Hospital, 420 East 59th.

GIRL for general housework, capable and reliable; exceptional home, 2 adults; apartment. Phone Greeley 6340.

GIRLS to keep stock in high-class underwear establishment. Brand, 3 East 48th.

GOVERNESS, French, for large family living in the country; must be fond of sports, riding, etc.; applicant state qualifications, give references and religion, and apply by letter to A 794 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS, French, speaking good English, for boy 4 years old, superintend care of girls 10 and 12; must be fond of outdoor sports. Phone Bronxville 872.

GOVERNESS, nurse, wanted for baby 19 months old; liberal wages. Mrs. Goodman, 1,800 7th Av. Cathedral 9361.

HAND SEWERS ON BLOUSES.
CORHAN, 647 MADISON AV.

HOUSEWORKER.—Middle-aged colored woman to do housework out of town; must be good cook. Apply to Haring, 100 Washington St., New York City.

HOUSEWORKER, general; 4 in family; wages $40 a month; must have references. P. J. Coleman, 856 Lexington Av.

HOUSEWORK.—Lady wants woman, (white) light housework, 9 to 11; good references. Phone Circle 5740.

INDEXER wanted, with college or library training; must be fairly rapid typist; reply, stating experience and salary expected. X 364 Times Annex.

MAID, (white,) for general housework; good wages, nice room, private bath, with or without washing; small family. C. M. Crofoot, 28 South Ridgewood Road, South Orange. Telephone South Orange 1245; car fare paid.

MANICURES wanted who are skilled, rapid operators, with at least 3 years' experience. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

MARTINS
desires thoroughly experienced
SALESWOMEN
ON COATS AND SUITS,
DRESSES, WAISTS, AND FURS;
permanent positions; good salary.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT,
Fulton, Cor. Bridge St., Brooklyn.

MODELS for cloak and suit house; 16 and 36; highest salary; long season. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

NURSE, NORLAND, WANTED, OR SUPERIOR ENGLISH NURSERY GOVERNESS FOR SIX-YEAR-OLD CHILD. WRITE, GIVING QUALIFICATIONS AND REFERENCES. X 357 TIMES ANNEX.

NURSE wanted; experienced baby nurse of highest references and character to take full charge of 1-year-old baby; liberal salary. Telephone, 10 to 12, 2559 Schuyler.

NURSE.—Wanted in Brooklyn, intelligent young woman who likes children as nurse and companion. For particulars call at 530 Manhattan Av., N. Y. City, Friday night or Sunday morning.

NURSE.—Competent nurse for 2½-year boy; good wages; good home; references. Call mornings from 11 to 1:30 o'clock. Mrs. L. R. Moss, 350 West 88th St. Schuyler 9761.

NURSE for 18 months' old baby; must understand care of child and be of neat appearance, pleasing personality, and have good references. B 389 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, bright, well-educated young lady; state salary expected and address in own handwriting. New York Label and Box Works, 511 East 72d.

PUPIL NURSES for one-year course leading to certificate of trained obstetrical nurse; course includes lectures, classroom instruction, and practical work in maternity and pediatric department of registered training school. Supt. of Nurses, St. Elizabeth Hospital, 204 S. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

SALESWOMAN.—One with a personality and a good solicitor, who through hard work will connect with a house that spells success; office appliance experience preferred, but not absolutely necessary; office specialty; salary; in replying give age and experience. A 442 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced in advertising make-up department for large publishing house; state experience and salary; replies confidential. Address
BRAINS, 1,619 ST. JAMES BLDG.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced; also required to do office work. APPLY 89 WEST 3D ST.

STENOGRAPHER, refined, capable, with at least 4 years' business experience, preferably in publishing line; able to take work of difficult nature rapidly. S. Schloss, P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; good penmanship essential; hours 9 to 5, Saturday to noon; reply in own handwriting; state experience; salary required. Box D. E., 104 E. 14th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Permanent position manufacturing business; salary, $16 weekly start; prospect of advance; must be experienced, accurate, rapid worker, with best references. R 578 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in wholesale or manufacturing business; salary $15; good advancement to right party. Phone between 10 and 12, Stuyvesant 4206.

STENOGRAPHER familiar with office details in high-grade printing concern; apply with letter of application, stating salary and experience. Krause, 230 West 17th St.

STENOGRAPHER for Christian firm of exporters; experience and initiative required; permanent position for bright young lady. Telephone Rector 1519.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced; knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; neat handwriting essential. Pressman & Oppenheimer, 423 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English; one experienced in translating legal work. Reply in own handwriting to E. J. D., Room 2,008 Liberty Building, City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Downtown bank has opening for an intelligent young lady; state full particulars, salary, &c. Box 36, Wall St. Post Office.

STENOGRAPHER.—Who can take English and Spanish dictation; state age; references and salary. B 383 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper; good, permanent position; state particulars. R 606 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, with knowledge bookkeeping; neat, accurate; state salary. B 378 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for downtown export office; state experience and salary. K 310 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted. Sedgwick Machine Works, 150 West 15th St.

WOMAN for general work in cafeteria and tea room; short hours. 16 West 43d.

TYPIST.—Capable, energetic; in applying, state age, education, and experience; future depends upon ability to do work. K 797 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADIES, good figures, size 16 and 36, for modeling in cloak and suit house; good salary. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

YOUNG LADY wanted with knowledge of typewriting and stenography; salary $10. Apply 9-10, 220 3d Av., Room 1917.

YOUNG WOMAN.—School teacher or equivalent training to do estimating; exceptional opportunity. Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, 330 Wythe Av., Brooklyn.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.
Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English Is Good Business," at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New class will meet on Wednesdays, from 6:30 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 146) for booklet, "Your English," and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

Employment Agencies.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
39 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.
STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS.

TWO COMPETENT QUALIFIED SENIORS WITH TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE IN PUBLIC ACCOUNTING; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, AND RELIGION; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT FIRM. A 567 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT,
EXPERIENCED IN ALL BRANCHES OF ACCOUNTING AND GENERAL BOOKKEEPING; PERMANENT POSITION WITH LARGE CORPORATION; STATE AGE, QUALIFICATIONS, AND COMPENSATION. ADDRESS ACCOUNTANT, BOX 302, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

ACCOUNTANT SENIOR by established firm of New York accountants for permanent staff; a competent senior accountant; state age, compensation and full details of qualifications; references will be treated in strictest confidence. Write Room 1014, 56 Pine St.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, senior and junior, in office of certified public accountant; permanent position to right parties; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 424 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING MAN, AL... Texas town; must be first-class writer, window dresser, and ... also capable floorwalker; ... nent. Apply C. Roddy, Room ... way, between 5 and 6, evenings.

ADVERTISING MAN with knowledge ... out, mailing lists, follow-up ... modern business building method ... tious, hard worker; state age ... and salary expected. S. A. ...

AUDITOR-ACCOUNTANT.
Large public utility concern ... quires one capable assuming full ... partment and conduct affairs ... and constructive basis; must be ... ambitious, and exercise considerable ... macy in handling his men and ... other departments; reply, giving ... past and present record, which ... sidered confidential. S 611 Times ...

AUTOMOBILES.
COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILE BODY BUILDERS
AND
BODY PAINTERS
APPLY
WARD BAKING CO.
CONCORD AV. AND EAST 1..
BRONX.

BILL AND ENTRY CLERK, ... derstands bordereau work ... fice; state experience and salary. R 598 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, WITH EXPERIENCE ON ... TOMERS' LEDGERS ... LING ACCOUNTS; QUICK, ... ATE, AND ACCUSTOMED ... LONG HOURS; STATE ... PAST EXPERIENCE, SALARY ... PECTED, AND REFERENCES. C. 463 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, in busy law office, female, familiar with ... legal experience desirable ... salary $35 per week. State ... erences. G 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Manufacturing ... Christian, in need of experienced ... keeper, typist, and general office ... state age, experience, and salary. B 369 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced ... counts and taking full charge ... wholesale and retail automobile ... ness. B 370 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and correspondent, ... enced; no triflers need apply; ... good wages; wholesale. 108 5th Av.

BOYS.
For mail and messenger service; good opportunity for advancement along engineering lines; $9 to ...
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., ...
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of ...

BOY wanted as beginner in office, ... cantile corporation; must be ... of good character and appearance ... own handwriting, stating age, ... and salary expected. Jonas & ... Inc., 1,107 Broadway, New York.

BOYS.—A downtown bank has ... for two boys; excellent opportunity ... vancement offered; in your reply ... lous experience; salary desired. ... Downtown.

BOY, bright, for stock and shipping ... ment; state age, experience, ... salary expected; splendid prospect ... party. Lace Importers, C. K. ...

BOY, bright, active, wanted for ... office; excellent opportunity for ... ment; state age and salary expected. ... Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, 16 to 18 years of age, ... sale glass house, for general office ... Benjamin Griffin, 40 Vestry St.

BOY, bright, to learn the shoe ... business; excellent chance for ... ment. Richard J. Leiss, 32 ...

BOY wanted, over 16, American, ... large wholesale house; chance ... ment. Apply at 7 Leonard St. ...

BOY, bright, conscientious, ... work; chance for advancement; ... salary $10. Hickey-Freeman Co. ...

BOY, bright, active, for brokerage ... apply in own handwriting. ... Downtown.

BOY wanted by Christian firm ... telephone switchboard. R 603 Times ... town.

BOYS.—Over 15; go errands; ... house departments. R 522 Times ... town.

BOY wanted by wholesale linen house ... liver packages; $9. Apply L ...

BRUSH MAKERS wanted, ... boring hands. Box 217, Bradford ...

CASHIER,
LIFE INSURANCE.

A life insurance office in New York ... has opportunity open for experienced ... or accountant; preference will be ... man with life insurance cashier ... give full facts and salary desired. A 422 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS wanted, live wire, ... publication for those interested; ... sion basis only; references required ... in person, Room 1613, 220 West 42d ...

CARPENTERS
FOR WORK IN SOUTH.
APPLY
U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
22 EAST 22D ST.
JAMES STEWART & CO.

CHAUFFEUR,
for Packard touring car; A1 man; have excellent references. Call ... until 12 or Monday all day, at ... Engineering Co., 309 Lafayette St., ... ings at 7 at 517 West 118th St.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable and experienced, for light Ford delivery car; Brooklyn preferred. Julius Klorfein, 476 ...

CIVIL ENGINEER AND DRAFTSMAN, MARRIED, FOR TOPOGRAPHICAL ... IN CUBA; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY WANTED. S 603 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CLERK wanted in factory office ... and follow up orders and look ... variety of details; opportunity for ... school graduate to learn the ... tery business; state education, qualifications, references, and salary desired. ...

CLERK, experienced in workman's compensation statistics; state age, experience, salary desired at start. A 426 Times Downtown.

CLERK AND WINDOW DRESSER for ... grade men's furnishings. B 382 Times.

COLLECTOR WANTED.—One with ... edge of N. Y. streets preferred. ... zenberg, care of Menter Co., 226 W. ...

COST ACCOUNTANT.

ONE OF THE LARGEST RUBBER COMPANIES IN AKRON, OHIO, DESIRES TO GET IN TOUCH WITH AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT WHO HAS MADE A SPECIALTY OF "COSTS."

THE REQUIREMENTS ARE FOR A MAN WHO HAS HAD CONSPICUOUS SUCCESS IN THE INSTALLATION OF COST SYSTEMS, PREFERABLY WITH A RECOGNIZED FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AND SEVERAL YEARS OF EXPERIENCE IN ACTUAL CHARGE OF GENERAL ACCOUNTING AND COST ACCOUNTING WITH SOME LARGE COMPANY.

PLEASE GIVE FULL PARTICULARS OF PERSONAL HISTORY AND BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, AND IF POSSIBLE ENCLOSE A PHOTOGRAPH WHICH WILL BE RETURNED.

THIS POSITION IS UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE, BOTH AS TO PRESENT SALARY AND FUTURE PROSPECTS.

P. O. BOX 402,
AKRON, OHIO.

CUSTOM CUTTER.
For highest grade tailoring firm ... West. Call E. H. Van Ingen & Co., ... and 21st St.

DISTRICT SALES AGENT wanted for ... cinnati, Kansas City, and Milwaukee; ... be familiar with steam power plants; ... mission basis; some of our agents ... as high as $1,100 per month. Room ... 15 East 40th St.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, experienced ... sheet metal working machinery, ... dies, jigs, and fixtures; for ... replies must give in detail full ... as to experience, age, nationality, ... expected. Post Office Box 60, ... Brooklyn.

HELP WANTED—Male.

...five cents an agate line.

DRAFTSMAN.

...on motor truck parts and body ... Apply Mr. Smith.

...RAILWAY EXPRESS CO., 26 EAST 44TH ST.

...and designers; must be first ...enced layout men; those with ...experience preferred; good salary ...opportunity for advancement. ...full particulars, or call in ...between 9 and 1, Room 407, ...Bryant 2674.

...man with selling ability who is ...for an opening; moderate re... ...to start, but future to right ...house; inside work. B 353

...ARTIST wanted, experienced; to ...can adapt himself to figure ...work between seasons a ...is guaranteed; a good start... ...and splendid prospects for the ...and samples and state salary ...Limited, Toronto, Canada.

...WARE SALESMAN.

...glassware; to an experi... ...a following will offer an ex... ...salary and bonus proposition on ...line. The Dickar Corporation, ...Bldg.

...AND SPORTING GOODS SALESMEN. ...LOESER & CO., BROOK... ...A THOROUGHLY EXPE... ...GOLF AND SPORTING GOODS ...ONE FAMILIAR WITH THE ...GOLF AND CAPABLE OF AS... ...MANAGER OF DEPARTMENT. ...AN HOUR OF THE DAY TO ...INTENDENT, 4TH FLOOR.

...MAKER, EXPERIENCED IN ...MANUFACTURE OF LITHO... ...INKS, STATE AGE ...FORMER EXPERIENCE. ...B 754 TIMES DOWN...

JAMES McCREERY & CO. require the services of a number of SALESMEN for ...CLOTHING DEPARTMENT. Apply Superintendent's Office, Eighth Floor, ...St. Employes' Entrance.

...OPERATORS, union, above scale ...operators, night side. J. J. ...425 East 24th.

...WANTED. — THOROUGHLY ...EXPERIENCED IN THE MANU... ...OF SILK HOSIERY ...SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST ...THE MANUFACTURING ...FROM A TO Z; THIS IN... ...IS MADE BY A MANU... ...CONCERN AL... ...ESTABLISHED IN AN... ...LINE; A FINE OPPOR... ...FOR THE RIGHT MAN; ...SOME PARTICULARS RE... ...SELF AND EXPERI... ...IN ANSWERING THIS AD. ...TIMES ANNEX

...—A thorough detail man with ...staying power; one who is ...who can systematize man... ...an office force, and get work ...should have had experience in ...extracts; possibilities good; state ...salary expected, in first ...C. F. Sauer Co., Richmond.

...large manufacturer with office ...on 5th Av., New York, has ...in its sales department for a ...who would be willing to serve ...apprenticeship in its factory and ...before taking up an active po... ...sales organization. K 240 Times.

...Electrical, high-class, experienced ...familiar with factory cost ac... ...wanted by manufacturers large ...and control apparatus. Write ...Hammer, Mann Co., 144th ...Southern Boulevard.

...competent, to take charge of ...department in women's large ...specialty store; must be experi... ...furnish best of references; splen... ...for right party. R 270

...Young, energetic man with some ex... ...shipping, packing and care of ...state qualifications, references, and ...desired. K 293 Times.

...to assist in fine mechanical work; ...with some experience preferred, but ...beginner considered; state experience ...in reply. R 385 Times.

...bright, to verify and trace credit ac... ...Mr. Herzenberg, care of Menter ...West 125th St.

...—Man wanted as superintendent ...warehouse. S 608 Times Downtown.

...Wanted—Expert, licensed; steady ...good wages. Apply Room 107, ...

...—Wanted, by large downtown ...young men as messengers; between ...of 15 and 19 years. R 543 Times

...—Wanted, by large down... ...institution, boys as interior messen... ...R 742 Times Downtown.

...MANAGER FOR LARGE EX... ...MILLINERY STORE IN PITTS... ...ONLY THOSE WHO ARE THOR... ...VERSED IN EVERY BRANCH ...BUSINESS AND UNDERSTAND ...NEED APPLY; SALARY ...WITH GOOD PROSPECTS. ...FRECHTER, 315 5TH AV.

...—Young man, perfect 36, English, ...city clothing house; applicant ...experience preferred. Call be... ...11 and 12 A. M. Sunday, William P. ...& Bros., 12 East 14th.

...American, one who lives in ...preferred; real estate office; ...necessary; opportunity for ad... ...Apply in own handwriting, stat... ...education &c., H. B., 201 Times

...ASSISTANT.—Level-headed, clean... ...as office assistant; prefer... ...who has had motion picture office ...state experience and past sal... ...323 Times

...in insurance office; state ...experience, and salary ex... ...349 Times Downtown.

...MANUFACTURER, proved executive ...manufacturing ability, to take com... ...of manufacturing department of ...house, a rare opportunity for a ...capable man, who can handle ...large proposition; in strict ...give in detail experience and full ...Address Lanta 228 Times Down...

...PRICER IN DRUG LINE. ...chance for young man with some ...in this work. A 539 Times

...DELIVERY CLERK.—Must be ...honest, and have good references.

...SALESMEN ...wanted for All Territories for ...HANDKERCHIEFS, LACES, CURTAIN ...DRAPERIES AND WHITE GOODS. ...arrangements on commission basis ...account against commission will ...with men familiar with the line ...following with retail trade, or can ...as a side line on strictly com... ...basis. Address with full particulars ...territory covered and references, J. K., ...

...MAN, resident, or traveling salesman ...calls on the men's furnishing trade ...department stores; we have to offer line ...belts at strictly jobbing prices; ex... ...territory on commission basis. X ...Annex

...MAN—Energetic young man to repre... ...leading New York paint house with ...for their Long Island territory, ...fully developed; permanent, pro... ...position, write references, salary, ...experience. A 788 Times Downtown.

...MAN.—Energetic salesman to solicit ...color lithography for a splendidly ...New York lithograph plant for ...and vicinity; liberal commission ...R 519 Times Downtown.

...covering West at present, with ...among domestic buyers, to han... ...known brand embroidered pillow ...as side line; commission. ...Times Downtown.

...—Good proposition for one fa... ...handling photographic mounts, to ...studio trade, must travel; commis... ...with drawing account; give full ...X 342 Times Annex.

...wanted, notion or ribbon, in ...to carry on commission as side ...Hair Bow Holder, which every de... ...store carries. Goldsmith & Harz... ...Providence, R. I.

...MAN for popular price skirt line for ...trade only, splendid opportunity for ...can prove satisfactory results; ...basis. Perfection Skirt Co., 12 ...St.

...MEN wanted to sell memorial tablets; ...opportunity for wideawake men; ...and drawing account; apply in ...writing. X 586 Times Annex.

...MAN to call on shoe manufacturers ...New York City and Brooklyn, N. Y., ...line of shoe laces; commission basis ...148 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN.—A grand opportunity is open right now to 2 men who take life seriously and have given a thought to the future; our first demand is good character and plain common sense, then a willingness to follow instructions; honest effort on your part will bring immediate returns and an early advancement to managerial position; we are underwriters of a proposition that is on a dividend paying basis, and we desire salesmen to sell these securities; commission. Room 1707, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMAN, with knowledge of bristles, is offered excellent opportunity with large corporation; salary or commission basis; in replying give full details, and applications will be treated in the strictest confidence. Address R 552 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for New York and district by New York manufacturers of special window and store fixtures, which are commanding big sales from coast to coast and stocked by all leading display fixture houses around the country; only men of experience need apply; high commission and exclusive territory to the right man. B 495 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Services of first-class, sensible salesman of pleasing personality for Eastern representative of well-established Middle West carton and label printing house; give references, with full detail of age, experience, and salary or commission expected, also whether or not employed at present; excellent opportunity. X 332 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted to sell caps in the Western territory; must have experience in selling this line; we have two established territories; a good opportunity for first-class men only; state in your first letter your past experience; commission, traveling expenses, and drawing account. Empire Cap Mfg. Co., 908-10 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMEN to cover department stores of New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade and lines will be considered; no others need apply; commission basis. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN wanted; live experienced salesman to represent us in New York City, and one in Boston and New England States, selling STEK-O paste and our other adhesives; salary or commission; give age, experience and references. Clark Paper & Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y.

SALESMAN, to call on retail trade of Boston, Worcester, Springfield, and Providence, with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; good opportunity to make big money; no objection to one other line; commission basis. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN, by prominent manufacturer; handle their lines decorative art linens, pillow cases, and infants' wear for following territories: South and Coast; can be handled conjunction with non-conflicting lines; commission basis. C. F., Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, calling on retail grocers, bakers, butchers, &c., for paper and woodenware house; state salary and particulars. S 607 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, tailors' trimmings, for Greater New York; must be thoroughly familiar in the line; salary and commission. R 592 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for city on salary and commission; electrical. Alfred Tahl, 494 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

SHIPPING CLERK for large stationery establishment; must have good executive ability, understand routing, shipping, and laying out of stock; must give results to hold position; good salary. Box G 741 Times Downtown.

STATISTICIAN.—Gentleman who has experience in preparing statistics and presenting them; review past experience and salaries. B 331 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

Young man, 17 to 19 years of age, who can qualify as a competent stenographer for work in the credit department of a Wall Street bank; splendid opportunity. Box A 436 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, quick, accurate and willing, for detail work in export department of large cotton goods house; knowledge of export shipping and routine preferable, but not essential. Call between 1 and 2 P. M. Saturday. Taylor, Clapp & Beall, 109 Worth St.

STENOGRAPHER and general assistant for afternoon and evening work in Young Men's Hebrew Association; write stating qualifications and salary expected to Superintendent, 1,261 Franklin Ave., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English; must be capable translate legal work; excellent opportunity for right person. Reply in own handwriting to E. J. D., Room 2008, Liberty Building, City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Pay $15 week, board and room. Call 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

STOCK BOY wanted for wholesale linen house. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, to Box L 133 Times.

STOCK CLERKS; learn dry goods line; youths over 16. R 523 Times Downtown.

TEACHER.—Commercial subjects; main subject bookkeeping; refined, cultured, experienced; bring references. Apply Mr. Becker, Room 7, 502 East Tremont Av., Bronx, Saturday, 12 to 1 P. M., or Monday, 3:30 to 4:30 P. M.

WINDOW TRIMMER, advertising man, floor man, small Western town; only experienced young man, best references, with energy and ambition considered; apply immediately. K 271 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted; bright, energetic; high school graduate with at least two years' banking experience, one familiar with trust work preferred; must have good personality; splendid chance for advancement; application in own handwriting; state salary expected; best of references required. Address R 246 Times.

YOUNG MAN WANTED AS ASSISTANT BUYER; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND ACQUAINTED WITH STATIONERY AND PRINTING SUPPLIES; PERMANENT POSITION; IN WRITING STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY WANTED. X 395 TIMES ANNEX.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, to assist in office wholesale coffee firm; experience unnecessary, good references required. R 590 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to make himself generally useful in hosiery mill office. Himwich Hosiery Mills, 467 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN.—Useful; light, inside, clean work; over 16. R 521 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY.	Men wanted to learn a paying professional trade. Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men.

Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.

Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 91. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin, Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4563.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MOVING-PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

AGENTS WANTED.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LIBERAL COMMISSION to export agents; standard motor truck; immediate delivery for export trade. For interview address K 288 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

ALCO seven-passenger touring, new tires, slip covers; just overhauled, repainted; every possible extra and equipment; must be seen to be appreciated; owned by estate. G 715 Times Downtown.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1918 "3-35," 7-pass.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

BUICK "Big Six" Roadster 1916, in perfect condition; this car has had little use and good care; price $800. R. H. Davis, Stamford, Conn.

BUICK, 1917, LIGHT 6 TOURING. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

A CLEARANCE SALE.
NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.
All STANDARD "8" cars
GUARANTEED
LIKE NEW.

STANDARD "8," 1917, LIMOUSINE, almost new throughout.
Standard "8," 1918 touring; demonstrator; run very little.
Standard "8," 1917 touring; excellent condition.
Stutz roadster, late model, very good mechanically; newly repainted and renickeled; tires practically new; big bargain.
Chalmers 1918 sedan, run 3,500 miles, elegant condition.
Chalmers 1917 touring, slip covers, good paint and tires.
Premier 1917 chummy roadster, very good.
Satisfactory demonstrations given on every car.

Standard "8," Used Car Dept.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORPORATION,
64th St. and B'way. Phone Columbus 4648.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
BUY NOW. SAVE MONEY.
Abbott-Detroit 1919; brand new.
Pierce-Arrow 1918, "38" Sedan.
Pierce 1918, "48" Vestibule Suburban Land.
Pierce-Arrow 1917, "48" Landaulet.
Stutz 1918, 4-pass. Sport Model.
Stutz 1917, 6-passenger Touring.
Hudson 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
Hudson 1917, 4-passenger Sport.
Cadillac 1917, 7-passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1916, Collapsible Landaulet.
Cadillac 1916, Convertible Coupe.
Buick 1918, 7-passenger Touring.
Packard 1917, 2-35 7-pass. Touring.
Marmon 1917, 7-passenger Touring.
Franklin 1917, 5-passenger Touring.
Lancia 1916, Runabout; disappearing seats.
Lancia 1915, 4-passenger Sport Model.
Lancia 1914, Runabout; disappearing seats.
Fiat, latest importation Fleetwood Landaulet.
Rolls-Royce, the most beautiful car in America; is absolutely perfect.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC. Est. 1902.
1,676 Broadway. Open evenings. Circle 65.

BUICK, 1917, Little-6 touring, $800. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1916-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK, 1918, E-45; sacrifice, $1,150; like brand new. Phone owner, 422 Main.

BUICK, 1918 touring, "E-45," Winter top; $1,300. "Write." 706-9 Pine St.

BUICK roadster, 1918, six cylinder. See Al, 231 West 54th, Clemons's car.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLAC Amesbury special sedan, 1918, for sale; perfect condition; looks like new; equipped with Hy-Sig signaling device and all improvements; especially silent and powerful engine. Telephone Orange 6666 or Bryant 9656.

CADILLAC roadster, late model, equipped electrically throughout; 6 wire wheels; car in perfect condition. Phone 6764 Riverside, after 6 P. M.

CADILLAC, 1917 touring, Rudge Whitworth wire wheels, 1 spare, all cord tires, in perfect condition; $1,800. Apply superintendent Bonavista Garage, 254 West 109th St.

CADILLAC suburban Sedan, 1916; must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition; slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 phaeton; has had splendid care and is in excellent condition. Cortlandt 6032.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; perfect mechanical condition; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC brougham, wire wheels, mechanically perfect; sacrifice. Ryan, Lincoln Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; real bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHANDLER DISPATCH 1918.—Exceptional condition; like new; time payments; trades considered. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, one flight up.

CHANDLER CHUMMY ROADSTER, 1918. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway. Phone 6158 Schuyler. Open evenings.

CRANE SIMPLEX, latest model, Sedan body; never run. 5902 Schuyler.

DETROIT electric, 1918 model; new battery; car in perfect shape; must sacrifice for $1,500; ask to see C's car at Anderson Electric Car Company, 20 Central Park West, N. Y.

FORD commercial runabout and touring car for sale; late models at a bargain. R. Morgan, 98 Manhattan St.

FRANKLIN SEDAN, 1917, series 9. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

HOUSE OF CADILLAC.

We have a few recent model Cadillacs that have been taken in exchange for new cars. These have been gone over mechanically in the Cadillac shops, renovated throughout, repainted and are complete and ready for immediate service.

1917 Model 55 Landaulet Brougham Town Car. New body; never used. Imported grey upholstery. Almost new car.
1917 Model 55 Landaulet. Repainted Cadillac, dark green, black trim.
1918 Model 57 Touring. Painted dark maroon; deep wire wheels, black chassis. Car equipped with seat covers and cord shoes.
1918 Model 57, 4 passenger Phaeton. Wire wheels, cord tires, new spare, U. S. E. shock absorbers. An unusual car.
1917 Model 55, 4-passenger Convertible Victoria, painted Cadillac, dark green, black trim.

Newark Branch
DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Used Car Department. Mul. 3240.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1918.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

KISSEL KAR.—6-cylinder, 1917; fine condition; 5-passenger touring, weed chains, engine tire pump; demonstration; cheap at $775. Ask to see Mr. Butterworth's car at Williams's garage, 354 East 29th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

LIMOUSINE, almost new; cost $3,000; must sacrifice less half. Century, 1,700 B'way.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 PREMIER Chummy Roadster.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 56th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

MARMON, 1917 touring, seven passenger. 1,778 Broadway, (57th) one flight. Circle 1417.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES. Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

MERCER Sportster, 1917 model No. 22-73; nearly new; thoroughly overhauled; wonderful bargain. To be seen at Maxim Garage, Grand Concourse, near 182d St.

NATIONAL, latest model, Newport Sedan; condition new; rare opportunity. Phone Circle 5692.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN.
Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW 48 limousine, 1917; mileage, 4,500; perfect condition. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" sedan; excellent condition; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

REO 1917 touring 4-cylinder, extra shoes, &c., $550. 352 East 149th St.

ROAMER, 1918, 6 cylinder, for sale, $1,800; guarantee: will place $500 in joint account in bank with buyer to cover breakage of parts if any within six months. Room 103, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

SAXON, 4 cylinder, self starter; mechanically perfect; price $225. Standard Garage, 365 North Av., New Rochelle. Phone 4550 New Rochelle.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Manufacturing building, 30x85, high ceiling, now equipped with 40 sewing machines, 10 H. P. gas engine, Willcox & Gibbs and Singer machines; will sell or rent; building is located in Brooklyn, near Prospect Park; plenty of help to be gotten; will sacrifice. Miss Goldfine, care of Pacific, 221 West 53d St., New York.

Patent for sale, cash and royalty; small, simple automatic machine; estimated market in States 100,000; let me demonstrate on working model. B 868 Times Annex.

On account of health, want to sell interest in metal corporation; wonderful opportunity to man able to manage business; no attention paid to brokers. R. H. 91 Times.

Wanted, mechanical specialty company with equipment to manufacture and finance a patented article for automobiles. B 360 Times.

Ornamental, plaster and decorating business for sale; established 11 years; reason for selling, other interest. L 136 Times.

Wanted, furnished Summer hotel, about 100 rooms, seashore, mountains; particulars. L 160 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Open, $5,000 to $8,000 and services by experienced business man with excellent reputation as partner in some legitimate and remunerative enterprise. Kindly write particulars with all details concerning proposition to A. K., 14 Avenue A, Manhattan.

Will invest from $5,000 to $10,000 as partner in coat and suit jobbing business; desire a live cloak man who will put up equal amount. B 871 Times Annex.

I WOULD LIKE TO BUY A WELL PAYING ESTABLISHED REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BUSINESS. BOX R. R. 614, 1,265 BROADWAY.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Gentleman who has had thirty years in the oil business, leasing, drilling, and producing, well known and associated with the best people, has done good business in handling properties here and abroad, would like to meet independent party to join him in his New York office, to take full charge, put up a little money, continuing an important and profitable business; must be practical in business and finance and have connections. Write fully, entirely confidential, will then appoint personal interview satisfactory. B 464 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-INCOME TAX.

Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, reports, statements; investigations; books opened, closed, systematized; moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

Party who is willing and capable of handling Louisiana oil leases and properties; we have everything essential, drilling rigs, pipe lines, and property; will make reasonable proposal after receiving confidential letter. B 465 Times Downtown.

Established, well-equipped bias binding manufacturer seeks a man with some capital and with thorough knowledge of the business to connect as partner. L 69 Times.

Party wanted with ready capital to discount notes secured by first mortgage on real tangible merchandise much in demand. S. G., 84 Times.

FOR SALE.

Ladies' wear shop, 1,687 Broadway, corner 53d St., southwest corner, for sale; act quick; best opportunity; I have two stores; cannot attend both. Mrs. Bloom, 1,687 Broadway. Telephone Circle 2195. With or without stock.

FOR SALE.

A commercial stationery store and printing establishment in a downtown section; established for over 12 years and doing a good business; reason, going another line. X 349 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Exporter wants representation in France, Belgium, and the Scandinavian countries; big opportunity for men knowing the wearing apparel and foodstuff, dye, and chemical trades; commission. R 585 Times Downtown.

Will invest complete multigraphing outfit, capital, and services, substantial business. S 612 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

STANDARD "Small Eight" Chummy Roadster; thoroughly overhauled; wire wheels, 6 tires; owner must sacrifice; make offer. A 163 Times.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
Overhauled and guaranteed.
1917 4 cyl. 7 pass. limousine.
1917 8 cyl. 7 pass. touring.
1918 4 cyl. 5 pass. touring.
1916 8 cyl. 7 pass. landaulet.
The best values in high-class cars.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7906.

STEARNS limousine, 4 cylinder, Fleetwood body, 1917. Mr. Best, 9657 Riverside.

STUDEBAKER, Series 1918, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger special body De Luxe model; in first-class condition, mechanically and otherwise; runs beautifully; painted a dark blue, with natural wood wheels; very sporty and a very exceptional bargain; price $910. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER, small touring, in beautiful condition; recently repainted a dark maroon with gold stripes; very fine running condition; good tires; don't overlook this fine value; price $525. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917, Springfield Sedan; good condition; tires and paint, extra shoe, brown whipcord upholstery, like new; exceptional bargain; price $1,000. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917, 6-cylinder touring, in fine condition throughout; offered at a price that will surely interest you; price $650. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1918, 6 cylinder, 7-passenger touring; in A1 condition; driven very carefully; price $775. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUTZ SPEEDSTER, 1916, three passenger. Behrman, 2,178 Broadway; 6156 Schuyler. Open evenings.

STUTZ, 1918, 6 passenger touring; used 4 months; condition new. Circle 5692.

WINTER TOP for Lozier Six. Garage, 135th St. and Broadway.

WINTON Six, seven-passenger touring car; electric lights; self-starter; overhauled, repainted, guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

TROY TRAILER, five-ton, very little used, in perfect condition; has flat platform body. Address L. C. Ward, 416 Central Av., Newark, N. J. Telephone Mulberry 4000.

MOTOR Trucks to hire by day, week, or month; contracts taken. Mahoney, 203 West 17th. Chelsea 6093.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

HUDSON TOWN CAR; handsome; latest model; for hire by day, week, or month; owner drives. Victor Johnson, 326 East 35th. Telephone Murray Hill 1402.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOS WANTED: 1 OR 100.
Must have a big number of autos for Southern shipment.
ALL MAKES AND TYPES.
Not older than 1914.
CASH WAITING.
Telephone or call; 1,763 Broadway.
Telephone Circle 2476.

Wanted, two high-grade automobiles, any standard make, or exchange for my equity in seven-room detached house; equity $2,500; don't want used car. Write Box 15, 1619 St. James Building.

AUTOMOBILE. — Wanted, high-class Sport model 4-passenger, 1917; Oldsmobile, Hudson, or Buick preferred; state full particulars for consideration; no dealers. Address L 169 Times.

CADILLAC.—Wanted to buy 1917 7-passenger touring car; must be in good condition; state lowest cash price. Apply H. R. Gerrie, P. O. Box 1380, Montreal, Canada.

CADILLACS, 1917-1918; closed cars wanted; spot cash waiting. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1746.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

Interested to buy private Cadillac sedan, 1918; perfect condition. L 120 Times.

Highest prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St.	Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Information wanted of James McGann, formerly of Roscommon, Ireland; last heard of at Stony Point, Rockland County, New York. Address J. J. Murray, 412 West 18th, New York.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Finney, Brig. Gen. J. M. T., and Cook, Capt. E. L., will report to Surg. Gen.
Ravenel, Lt. Col. M., to Jefferson Barracks, for discharge.
Watson, Lt. Col. C. M., to Hosp. No. 33, at Ft. Roots.
Coleman, Maj. C. C., and Beard, 1st Lt. N. J., to Hosp. No. 11, at Cape May.
Schaeffer, Maj. Gen. C.; Waugh, Maj. Gen. J. M., and Rakestraw, Capt. C. M., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Drew, Maj. J. A., to Hosp. No. 10, at Boston.
Hilleman, Maj. B., to Ft. Monroe, for discharge.
Eusterman, Capt. G. B., to Camp McClellan.
Stick, Capt. H. L., to Hosp. No. 30, at Plattsburg Barracks.
Benedict, Capt. C. C., to Camp Lewis.
Gentry, Capt. W. H., to Camp Grant.
Montague, Capt. H. L.; Parker, Capt. C. A.; Tate, Capt. P. S.; Dale, 1st Lt. E. E., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Sudduth, 1st Lt. T. H., assigned to 48th Inf., at New Orleans.
Denham, 1st Lt. R. H., to Camp Meade.
Korowitz, 1st Lt. S., to Hosp. No. 34, at East Norfolk, Mass.
Ellam, 1st Lt. H. W., to Camp Meade.
Berkheiser, 1st Lt. E. J., to Hosp No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.
Burnett, 1st Lt. L. R., to Hazelhurst Field, as Flight Surg.
Sheldon, 1st Lt. E. A., to Erie Proving Grounds, Ohio.
Mansfield, 1st Lt. J. M., to Boston.
Light, 1st Lt. G. A., to Hosp. No. 27, at Ft. Douglas.
Tripler, 1st Lt. S., to Hosp. No. 39, at Long Beach, N. Y.
Steinman, 1st Lt. H. E., to Hoboken.
McCutcheon, 1st Lt. J. H., to Camp Dix.
Appleton, 1st Lt. P., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Richardson, 1st Lt. E. E., to Ft. Rosecrans.
Armstrong, 1st Lt. J. H., to Jefferson Barracks.
Hamilton, 1st Lt. B. O., to Camp Grant.

Infantry.

Cralle, Col. G. M., assigned to purchase, storage and traffic div. at Wash.
Milburn, Maj. R. W., is detailed as prof. of mil. science and tactics at College of the City of N. Y.
Long, Capt. R. R. 29th; Tuohy, Capt. F. P., 32d, and Woolworth, Capt. W. H., provisional appointment made permanent.
Dolphin, 1st Lt. J. B., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Waelchli, 1st Lt. N., to Camp Dodge.
Holmes, 1st Lt. F. R., 50th, to Hoboken.
Warren, 1st Lt. G. O., to Camp Funston.

Coast Artillery.

Finley, Maj. C. R., to Coast Defense of Puget Sound, at Ft. Worden.
Koffard, 1st Lt. E. L., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Gillespie, 1st Lt. J. M., assigned as aide de camp on staff of Brig. Gen. H. Hatch, at Washington.

Motor Transport Corps.

Long, Capt. T. T., appointed as contract and purchasing agent for dist. of Chicago.
Rice, 1st Lt. H. C., will report to Chief of Motor Transport Corps.
Hubbard, 1st Lt. A. W., to Camp MacArthur as cmdg off. of Service Park Unit, No. 324.
Frisbie, 1st Lt. W. E., to Camp Normoyle, Ft. Sam Houston.

Air Service.

Day, Col. C. R., assigned to Purchase, Storage and Traffic Div. of General Staff.
Claggett, Lt. Col. H. B., to Dallas as Dist. Supervisor of Southwestern Div.
Crissy, Maj. D. H., will report to the Comdg Off. at Rockwell Field.
Ayling, Capt. J. G., to Akron, Ohio, army balloon inspection.
Barber, 1st Lt. C. E., to army balloon school, at Lee Hall, Va.
Palmer, 1st Lt. C. N., to Chicago and report to Dist. manager of aircraft finance.
Cleary, 1st Lt. C. J., to Dayton, O.

Sanitary Corps.

Weber, Maj. H. J., assigned to Domestic Operations Div.
Elliott, Capt. R. M., in addition to duties at Walter Reed Hosp., will report to chairman of the Psychology Committee, Natl. Research Council, this city.
Owens, Capt. K. K., to Philadelphia Army Hosp.
Cessna, Capt. M. F., to Camp Sherman, as Asst. to Camp Supply Off.
McDonald, 1st Lt. E. W., to Philadelphia Army Hosp.

Quartermaster Corps.

Charlebois, Maj. C. L., will report to Director of Finance.
Lee, Maj. J. L., to New York.
Barnes, Capt. G. T., assigned to Motor Transit Corps at Washington.
Murphy, Capt. R. E., and McMurray, 1st Lt. W. G., to Philippine Dept., as asst. to Property Auditor.
Witwer, Capt. F. W., and Brooks, 1st Lt. C. C., to Washington.
Platner, 1st Lt. W. D., to Langley Field.
Gilbert, 1st Lt. L., to Schenectady, N. Y.

Field Artillery.

Franklin, Lt. Col. J. F., appointed Dept. Motor Transport Off., with headquarters in Chicago.
Bunn, Lt. Col. H. W., to Camp McClellan with 12th Ammunition Train.
Raborg, Lt. Col. W. A., to Ft. Sam Houston.
Richardson, Capt. S.; Hickey, Capt. E. O.; Argo, 1st Lt. E. Y.; Cato, 1st Lt. J. H. Jr.; Cohen, 1st Lt. H. R.; Joyner, 1st Lt. W. R., Jr., and McDowell, 1st Lt. J., to School of Fire at Ft. Sill.
Buchenroth, Capt. F., assigned to 48th, at Camp Kearney.
Martin, 1st Lt. B. N., to Balloon Detachment, at Camp McClellan.
Amberg, 1st Lt. P. G., to Camp Meade for discharge.
Wineman, 1st Lt. A. G., assigned to 2d, at Camp Knox.

Engineers.

Gabler, Capt. E. F., and Neilson, Capt. A. M., to Camp Humphreys.
Bean, 1st Lt. W. A., and Appleton, 1st Lt. A. T., to Wash.
Bowling, 1st Lt. G. I., assigned to 214th at Camp Custer.

Ordnance.

Leboutillier, Capt. J. A., to Tobyhanna, Penn., as cmdg off. of Gen. Ord. Depot.
Sullivan, Capt. F. A., to Charleston Port Terminal, S. C., as cmdg off.
Reid, 1st Lt. J. S., to Chicago.
Macy, 1st Lt. R. G., to Washington.
Willis, 1st Lt. E., to Sparta, Wis.

Veterinary Corps.

Holycross, 1st Lt. F. L., to Ft Sam Houston as Post Veterinarian.
Richardson, 1st Lt. C. E., to Camp Greene.

Dental Corps.

Bernheim, Lt. Col. J. R., to Letterman Hosp., San Francisco.
Rush, Capt. W. D., to Base Hosp., at Ft. Sill.

Metz, 1st Lt. K. H., and Moss, 1st Lt. Z. W., relieved from duty at Med. O. T. C., at Camp Greenleaf.
Marshall, 1st Lt. F. J., to Gen. Hosp. No. 17, at Markleton, Penn.

Miscellaneous.

White, Col. H. A., Gen. Staff, relieved from detail as member of the General Staff Corps.
Cramer, Maj. S. W., Jr., Tank Corps, assigned to Operations Div., of General Staff.
Spiller, Col. R. K.; Morgan, Maj. D. D., and Gordon, Maj. P., Judge Advocates, assigned to Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept. of A.E.F. in France.
Vestal, Maj. M., J.A., to Camp Humphreys as Judge Adv.
Gordon, 1st Lt. M. R., U.S.A., hon. discharged.
Larsen, 1st Lt. J. A. O., U.S.A., relieved from present duty as assist. to Mil. Attache at Christiana, Norway, and detailed as asst. to Mil. Attache at Copenhagen, Denmark.
Johnson, 1st Lt. W., Sig. Corps, to Av. Gen. Supply Depot at Middletown, Penn.
Willard, Col. H. O., Cav., will report to Chief of Staff.
Wilson, Capt. M. C., Chem. War Ser., to France with confidential dispatches.

Resignations.

Johnston, 1st Lt. R. E., C. A. (temp. Capt.)
Scott, 1st Lt. K. D., Inf., (Capt. Inf., U.S.A.)
Palmer, 1st Lt. C. F., Cav.
Goodman, 1st Lt. R. A. B., F.A.

Leaves.

Ward, Col. P. R., F.A., extended 2 weeks.
Koch, Col. T. H., C.A., 14 days.
McCulloch, Lt. Col. E. C., M.C., 21 days.
Birdseye, Lt. Col. C. H., 10 days.
Collins, Capt. J., C. A., 30 days.
Jackson, Capt. H. R., C.A., 1 month.
Cushing, Capt. S. W., U.S.A., 14 days.
Brown, Capt. B. C., Inf., extended 1 month.
Troupe, Capt. J. E., C.A., 1 month.
Nevitt, Capt. R. R., M.C., 15 days.
Thurber, 1st Lt. D. P., M.C., extended 10 days.
Stiebel, 1st Lt. H. L., C.A., 1 month.
Fox, 1st Lt. E. W., M.C., 10 days.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Hyland, Capt. J. J., from Cleveland to home and await orders.
Mack, Lt. Cmdr. A. R., from the Preble to the Arizona as asst. to Eng. Off.
Alden, Lt. Cmdr. C. S., to command the M-1.
Pierce, Lt. Cmdr. M. H., from the M-1 to command the C-8.
White, Lt. Cmdr. H. L., from the Little to the Arkansas as asst. to Eng. Off.
Gray, Lt. Cmdr. L. R., to the Marblehead as Executive Off.
Brenner, Lt. Cmdr. J. E., to the Delaware as asst. to Eng. Off.
Jeans, Lt. Cmdr. H. S., from the receiving ship at Philadelphia to the Little as Executive Off.
Burg, Lt. Cmdr. R. A., from the O-8 to command Div. No. 8 of sub-force of the Atlantic Fleet.
Zeitler, Lt. W., detached as asst. to Naval Inst. of Ord of New Jersey Div., thence to Birmingham, Ala., as Naval Inspector of Ord. of Southeastern Dist.
Hewitt, Lt. O. R., to New York Navy Yard.
Richetts, Lt. J. C., detached the Texas, to Norfolk and report to Cmdg. of Fifth Naval Dist. and to Supervisor of Naval Overseas Transp. Service.
Dean, Lt. L. L., from receiving ship at Boston to the Phillip as Eng. Off.
Maser, Lt. W. G., from the D-8 to the O-12.
Sherry, Lt. E. J., to the Greene as Eng. Off. when commissioned.
Morris, Lt. S. W., from receiving ship at San Francisco to San Pedro, Cal., sub-base for temp. duty.
Mundo, Lt. A. L., from the Uncas to command the Arapahoe.
Harrower, Lt. F. D., from the receiving ship at Phila. to the Pocahontas.
Faber, Lt. M. C., from Naval Aviation Mechanics School, Buffalo, to Great Lakes with Aviation Mechanics Training School.
McCarthy, Lt. J. A., from Portsmouth Navy Yard to the Koningen der Nederlanden.
Wheeler, Lt. G. C., from the Susquehanna to Naval Training Station at Norfolk.
Anderson, Lt. F. J., will report to Admiral Wilson for assignment.
Johnston, Lt. W. K., from the training barracks at Queenstown to Melville.
Lane, Lt. J. D., from navy station at Minneapolis, Minn., to station at Salt Lake City, Utah.
Fisher, Lt. B., from Ninth Naval District to the Machias.
Ireland, Lt. R. L., from Naval Air Station, Hampton Roads, Va., to the Naval Air Station, Moorehead City, N. C.
Donahue, Lt. J. E., from Communication Office, First District, to the St. Louis.
Stewart, Lt. D. G., to Naval Proving Ground, Indian Head, Md.
Carmichael, Lt. Cmdr. A. W., from New York Navy Yard and report to the Dist. Supervisor of Naval Overseas Transp. Serv. with demobilization off. (commandant Third Naval District.)
O'Brien, Lt. J. G., (M. C.,) to Naval Training Station, Hampton Roads.
Clayton, Lt. M. B., (M. C.,) detached the Nevada and will report to Commandant of Second Naval Dist. for duty on naval ship Newport, R. I.
Ryan, Lt. E. R., (M. C.,) from the Arkansas to Wash. Naval Hosp.
Noble, Lt. H. J., from the Mississippi to Naval Hosp. at Norfolk.
Pierce, Lt. J. L., to Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Fla.
Hendren, Lt. J. J., (M. C.,) from receiving ship at New York, to Pelham Bay Park Naval Hosp.
Cantlin, Lt. F. H., (M. C.,) from the Utah to Naval Hosp. at Norfolk, Va.
Beisler, Lt. L. G., (M. C.,) from the Arizona to the Naval Hosp. at Pelham Bay Park.
Hooker, Lt. J. F., (M. C.,) from the Mississippi to Naval Hosp. at Norfolk, Va.
Fraser, Lt. J. L., (M. C.,) from the receiving ship at Norfolk to the Powhatan.
Huff, Lt. J. M., (M. C.,) from the New Mexico to the Idaho when commissioned.
Speidel, Lt. F. G., (M. C.,) from the Wyoming to Naval Hosp. at Pelham Bay Park.
Keaney, Lt. F. P., (M. C.,) from the New York to Naval Hosp. at Pelham Bay Park.
Bristol, Lt. R. B., (P. C.,) detached from receiving ship at New York, and will report to Chief of Bureau of Supplies and Accounts at Wash.
Jewett, Lt. E. P., (M. C.,) from receiving ship at New York to the Nansemond.
Auringer, Lt. R. A., (P. C.,) from the San Francisco to the Roanoke as supply off.
Skillman, Lt. J. H., (P. C.,) from the Wisconsin to Paris Island as supply off. at Naval Prison.
Morrow, Lt. C. E., (M. C. D. S.,) from the receiving ship at New York to the Seattle.
Benepe, Lt. L. M., (M. C. D. S.,) from the Naval Medical Supply Depot at Brooklyn to Marine Barracks at Paris Island.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments.—Bicycle Patrol., with equipment, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 26: S. E. Blythe, from 72d to 74th; Patrol. C. L. Town, from 83d to 11th Insp. Dis., assigned to duty on repairs to station houses in district. Assigned to bicycle duty in precincts indicated: D. C. Murphy, 70; G. M. Greene, 118; C. A. Shanley, 118; G. A. Stackhouse, 120; B. J. Oswald, 88; C. W. Hiss, 118; W. H. Lowig, 120; William Gundelsheimer, from 38th to 46th, assigned to bicycle duty; F. A. Sass, from Bridge Precinct to 56th, assigned to bicycle duty; to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 25; W. W. Corbett, from 26th to 6th; to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 26, assigned as Corporals in precincts indicated: 11th Insp. Dist., J. L. Sauerbrunn, 82; Henry Schmitt, 82; C. L. Dannhauser, 83; Edward Siegenthaler, 85; Jacob Gosher, 85; J. J. Doherty, 87; J. F. Murphy, 82; N. B. Babcock, 83; P. J. Nally, 83; E. H. Trabert, 85; George Ludwig, 87; C. R. Herbert, 88; J. A. Berg, from 4th to 88th; Philip Wubnig, from 7th to 80th; G. A. Walter, from 83d to 83th; Abraham Hellman, from 85th to 80th; J. J. McCabe, from 98th to 87th; Bicycle Patrol., with equipment, John White, from 82d to 80th.

Temporary assignment: Lieut. E. M. Enwright, 56th, assigned to signal monitor duty for 80 days from 8 A. M. Jan. 31.

Assignment discontinued: Patrol. C. L. Town, 83d to 1st Insp. Dis., in raided premises, (temporary,) from 8 A. M. Jan. 26.

Fire Department.

Revocation of indefinite leave of absence, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 23, he having been honorably discharged from the United States Army; Fireman 2d Grade J. M. Breen, Eng. 287.

Transfer, to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 25: Fireman 2d Grade G. P. Fowler, H. and L. 45, to H. and L. 34.

Special leave of absence: Fireman 1st Grade E. F. Conway, Eng. 94, for 72 hours from 8 A. M., Jan. 25.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion list for telephone operator in the Fire Department, Fire Alarm Bureau, telegraph dispatch is announced: Benjamin A. Gilchrist, 92.19; John Doyle, 92.05; James Enright, 90.90; Harry Early, 89.56; Clarence Byrd, 87.80; Nelson, Emlaw, 85.80; Allyn Tempest, 86.30; Stephen Healy, 85.35; Gerald Cruise, 85.25; Charles Clarke, 80.75; Maurice J. Leen, 79.25.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 18 an examination for guard for men. Vacancies in the penitentiary service throughout the United States at the entrance salary of $840 a year will be filled from this examination. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education, 30; physical ability, 30; training and experience, 40. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first but not their sixtieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Furniture.

ELECTRIC LIGHT FIXTURES.
47 bronze fixtures fitted for five lamps, cut glass globes; suitable for stores, large halls, &c.; will be sold cheap to quick cash buyer. Can be seen at Shoninger Bros., 881 Broadway. Phone Spring 3906.

For sale, office and showroom partitions, cutting tables, plant, and other items used in cloak and suit factories. Cooper & Grapes, 302 5th Av.

A revolvator hoisting machine, about 6 feet high, in good condition. Denzer & Nathan, 611 Broadway.

Massive mahogany dresser and bed with hair mattress, $150. Hale, 250 W. 78th St.

For sale cheap, office fixtures and partitions. Hessel Raines Co., 349 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Brooklyn Headquarters.

Underwoods, &c. Delivery same day. Telephone Mr. Williams, our rental manager, who will personally select machine. Initial payment applies if purchased.

CORONA SALES CO., Inc.
TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES.
Brooklyn, 531 Fulton St.
Telephone 9272-9273 Main.

Government Sales.

SALE OF ZINC OXIDE.
MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 61,000 pounds of U. S. P. Zinc Oxide for immediate delivery now at Long Island City. Bids made on form M. D. 8, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Jan. 29, 1919.

SALE OF WOOD CHARCOAL.
MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 WEST FORTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 860 tons of wood charcoal now located at Astoria, N. Y. Bids made on form M.D. 8, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., February 8, 1919.

SALE OF RUBBER CEMENT.
Material Disposition Section, Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.
Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 780 gallons of rubber cement packed in 30-gallon drums. Bids made on forms M. D. 8, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Feb. 3, 1919.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The storm off the Virginia Capes Thursday night moved northeastward and gained greatly in intensity, and Friday night its centre was off the eastern coast of Maine, where the pressure was 29.04 inches.

The disturbance was attended by gales on the Atlantic Coast between Eastport and Cape Hatteras, the highest velocities reported being 84 miles an hour, from the northwest, at New York; 60, from the west, at Block Island; 52, from the east, at Eastport, Me.; 46, from the west, at Norfolk, and 44, from the west, at Cape Hatteras.

Rains and snows fell within the last twenty-four hours in New England and rains in the Middle Atlantic States, along the Gulf Coast, and on the North Pacific Coast.

Temperatures have fallen considerably throughout the Atlantic States and the North Rocky Mountain region, but warm weather continues over the great central valleys and the plains States.

Indications are that the weather will be unsettled with probably rain in the Gulf and South Atlantic States and generally fair elsewhere east of the Mississippi River during Saturday and Sunday, although storm warnings remain displayed on the Atlantic coast at and north of the Delaware Breakwater.

Temperature will rise Saturday in Tennessee, the Ohio Valley, and the region of the Great Lakes and Sunday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England. The weather will become cooler Sunday in the Mississippi Valley.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic coast will be diminishing west gales with fair weather.

Middle Atlantic Coast—Strong northwest winds diminishing; fair. South Atlantic Coast—Gentle variable; fair.

FORECAST TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair and colder Saturday; Sunday fair, with rising temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; warmer Sunday.

Western New York—Fair and warmer Saturday; Sunday fair, with moderate temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	13	43	4 P. M.	22	39
6 A. M.	13	41	6 P. M.	25	36
9 A. M.	12	42	9 P. M.	25	31
12 M.	21	40	11 P. M.	25	29

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 20; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 41; at 8 P. M. it was 33. Maximum temperature, 43 degrees at 9:30 A. M.; minimum, 29 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity, 55 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 60 per cent. at 8 P. M. The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.57 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.79 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
8:25	Front 204 Fulton St., (paper;) Manhattan R. R. Co.	None
9:30	647 W. 55 St., (auto;) L. W. Mulford	Not given
10:00	236 Elizabeth St.; not given	Slight
10:00	288 Hudson St., (auto;) William Farrell	Not given
11:15	290 E. 149th St.	Not given
P. M.		
12:01	24 Ludlow St.; M. Handlerman	Slight
12:45	Brooklyn Bridge, near Brooklyn Tower, (auto;) John P. Sloane	$200
1:00	247 West Broadway; Columbia Table Top	$1,000
1:15	756 10th Av.; not given	Slight
2:30	88 E. 108 St.; Nathan Jacobs	Slight
2:35	298 Monroe St., (wagon;) John McQuade	Slight
3:25	400 Broome St.; Loft Candy Co.	Slight
4:00	2,319 Crotona Av.; D. Parino	Not given
4:30	4,062 3 Av.; Vitto Conti	Slight
5:45	201 E. 180 St.; Joseph Allio	Not given
5:50	490 St. Paul's Place; Leo Schneidermann	Not given
8:15	1,946 1 Av.; Joseph Werner	Slight
10:55	191 Madison St.; M. Simon	Slight
11:55	115 E. 114 St.; Julian Sequex	Slight

Education Notes.

The City College, in co-operation with the Board of Education and the Board of Health, is now maintaining five clinics in the various boroughs for the correction of speech defects. These clinics are maintained as public institutions to give free treatment to any one suffering with a speech defect and co-operate with the United States Government in curing soldiers suffering from "shell shock." No money is sought for their support, and the public is warned against any fraudulent appeals. Any one needing advice or treatment should apply to the Director of the New York City Clinics for Speech Defects, Dr. Frederick Martin, Board of Education, 500 Park Avenue, New York.

A special meeting of the High School Teachers' Association will be held in the Washington Irving High School at 11 A. M. today to consider the recommendations of the Federation Salary Committee and to make plans for an energetic campaign to obtain satisfactory legislation. Comparative figures will be presented showing the relation between high and elementary school salaries in other large cities of the United States and a careful analysis made of the schedules adopted by the federation at its last meeting.

The new Manhattan Trade School Building was open for a house warming last evening. The building is regarded as the finest girls' trade school in the world.

Principal Earl P. Haynes and the teachers of the Edward Bush P. S. 18, Brooklyn, gave a luncheon to Edward Burk on Wednesday in honor of his eighty-ninth birthday.

Word was received here yesterday that Justice Rudd in Albany had denied the appeal of the Board of Education of New York City for a restraining order on the State Commissioner of Education to prevent him hearing the case of the Board of Education with regard to money given to it by the State, but used by the Controller to reduce taxation.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE OF ORDER TO LIMIT CREDITORS.—Somerset County Surrogate's Court. —Estate of RALPH M. WARD, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that, on the eleventh day of November, A. D. 1918, on the application of the undersigned as executors of the estate of Ralph M. Ward, deceased, an order was made by the Surrogate's Court requiring the creditors of the said Ralph M. Ward, deceased, to bring in their debts, demands, and claims against the said decedent, under oath or affirmation, and present the same to the subscriber within nine months from the date of said order, and in default thereof any such creditor shall be forever barred of his or her action therefor against the subscriber.

ELIZABETH M. WARD,
FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY,
JOHN F. REGER,
Gaston Building, Somerville, N. J.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHEM-WOOD MANUFACTURING CO., INC., Bankrupt.

To the creditors: Notice is hereby given that the Receiver herein has received an offer of Four Thousand ($4,000) Dollars cash for all the assets of the above-named corporation, and that, pursuant to an order of this Court, a special meeting of the creditors will be held before Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee, at his office, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 31st day of January, 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to consider said offer and to transact such business as may properly come before said meeting.

The business will be offered for sale as a going concern.

The property consists of a plant for the manufacture of chemical wood hat blocks, raw material, manufactured goods, outstanding accounts, patents, trade marks, &c., and may be inspected during the usual hours of business at the premises, No. 320-26 Ogden Street, Newark, N. J.

Such other offers as may be received will be considered at said meeting.

Dated January 24, 1919.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Receiver,
299 Broadway, New York City.
HENRY B. SINGER, Attorney for Receiver,
55 Liberty Street, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —In the matter of the general assignment for the benefit of creditors of CLAIRVILLE, INC., assignor, to JACOB A. STEIN, assignee.

To the creditors of Clairville, Inc.: Pursuant to an order made herein on the 22d day of January, 1919, by Hon. Edward R. Finch, one of the Justices of this Court, you will please take notice that the undersigned assignee will sell all of the outstanding accounts of the above-named assignor at public auction on the 5th day of February, 1919, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of his attorneys, Williams, Folsom & Strouse, No. 55 John Street, Room 701, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.—Dated New York, January 23d, 1919.

JACOB A. STEIN, Assignee.
WILLIAMS, FOLSOM & STROUSE, Attorneys for Assignee, 55 John Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

THE ROXBURY NATIONAL BANK OF Boston, located at 2418 Washington Street, Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
LOUIS R. HUNTER, Cashier.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........7:13 | Sun sets........5:04

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:00	2:16	8:35	8:35
Governors Island	2:56	3:11	9:34	9:37
Hell Gate	4:14	4:52	11:45	11:49

Arrived—Friday, Jan. 24.

U. S. S. New Hampshire, Brest, Jan. 8.
U. S. S. Louisiana, Brest, Jan. 8.
U. S. H. S. Mercy, St. Nazaire, Jan. 7.
SS Calamares, Pauillac, Jan. 7.
SS Chicago, Bordeaux, Jan. 11.
SS Goentoer, Brest, Jan. 8.
SS Suriname, La Pallice, Jan. 8.
SS Gen. G. W. Goethals, Bordeaux, Jan. 7.
SS Accomac, Bordeaux, Jan. 3.
SS Vauban, Southampton, Jan. 12.
SS Tyrr, Cardiff, Dec. 28.
SS Adolph, Gothenburg, Jan. 1.
SS Gulfoss, Reykjavik, Jan. 7.
SS Runa, Santa Marta, Jan. 17.
SS Lake Charles, Sagua, Jan. 18.
SS Island, Cartagena, Jan. 19.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Rochambeau	Halifax	Jan. 22
Caronia	Brest	Jan. 17
Tasmania	Cape Town	Dec. 10
Suffolk	St. Nazaire	Jan. 6
Altenas	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Communipaw	Rouen	Jan. 2
Hampden	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Ice King	St. Nazaire	Jan. 10
Galesburg	Nantes	Jan. 10
Maui	Bordeaux	Jan. 14
Montserrat	Cadiz	Jan. 9
Communipaw	Brixham	Jan. 10

DUE TOMORROW.

Sverre	Nantes	Jan. 12
West Galeta	Bordeaux	Jan. 12

DUE MONDAY.

Medina	Marseilles	Jan. 5
Sioux	La Pallice	Jan. 10

DUE TUESDAY.

Lorraine	Bordeaux	Jan. 19

DUE WEDNESDAY.

France	Brest	Jan. 23

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Niagara, Bordeaux	7:00 A.M.	
Lapland, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
President Grant, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
South Dakota, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Belgic, Liverpool	———	11:00 A.M.
Owego, Genoa	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Gulfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Saga, Rio Janeiro	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stavangeren, Martinique	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Wilhelmina, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

G. Washington, Brest	———	3:00 P.M.
Sierra, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Pueblo, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.

SAIL TUESDAY.

De Kalb, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Cretic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Manchuria, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
U. S. H. S. Comfort, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS City of Birmingham, at Rangoon, Jan. 20.
SS Nyanza, at Falmouth, Jan. 22.
SS Danebrog, at Rotterdam, Jan. 21.
SS Olivant, at Naples, Jan. 21.

Sailed.

SS Martha Washington, from Brest, Jan. 19.
SS Ubuaba, from Rio Janeiro, Jan. 19.
SS Duca d'Aosta, from Marseilles, Jan. 20.
SS Newa, from Cette, Jan. 20.
SS Clan MacMaster, from St. Lucia, Jan. 2.
SS Lancastrian, from London, Jan. 23.
SS Mongolia, from Brest, Jan. 20.
SS Inland, from Gothenburg, Jan. 21.

Passed.

SS Tungus, New York for Rotterdam, passed Dover.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, Jan. 2, and Yokohoma, Jan. 4—which arrived per steamer Kamo, were dispatched east from Seattle on Jan. 19, and mails dated Melbourne, Jan. 1; Sydney, Jan. 2, and Honolulu, Jan. 16, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Ventura, were dispatched east on Jan. 21. These mails are due in New York tomorrow.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Lapland.
France and Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Owego.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. Jan. 25, SS Saga.
Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.

Samoan Islands, Australia, and specially addressed mail for New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura	Jan. 30
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Makura	Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline	Jan. 31

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
ANCHOR

NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL

Goentoer	Jan. 30
Caronia	Jan. 31
Prinses Juliana	Feb. 5
Saxonia	Feb. 12
Carmania	Feb. 17
Royal George	Feb. 22
Orduna	Feb. 26
Caronia	March 3

HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA........FEB. 1
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia........Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland...Jan. 25 | Adriatic....Feb. 8
Baltic....Feb. 15
And Regularly Thereafter.
NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic........Feb. 8
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7800.

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing March 15, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts. 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 696.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South, Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9451.

TOURS.

California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.
398 B'way, 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING.—U. S. Engineer Office, Jacksonville, Fla. Sealed proposals will be received here until 12 M., Jan. 28, 1919, and then opened, for dredging in Key West Harbor. Further information on application.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—DESCRIPTION OF EARRINGS IN ANSWER TO AD. IN NEW YORK TIMES JAN. 14, 1919. LOST NEW YEARS EVE. PAIR OF EARRINGS, CONSISTING OF PEAR-SHAPED DIAMOND IN CENTRE, WITH PEAR-SHAPED DIAMOND HANGING FROM THE OUTSIDE, BOTH SWINGING JOINTLY, FROM SMALL MARQUISE SHAPED DIAMOND. SUITABLE REWARD AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED UPON RETURN TO E. M. GATTLE & CO., 630 FIFTH AV.

LOST—On Saturday, Jan. 18, in taxicab, between 48th and Madison Av., 70th St. to 84th, a long black silk parasol or umbrella, with fancy Moorish handle, having a Japanese ornament in form of turtle with rat, circle of roses on handle and May in gold letters. Reward on return to Cartier & Co., 653 5th Av.

LOST—Long black purse containing money and diamond ring, on 5th Av. bus or on Washington Square N. E. between corner of 5th Av. and No. 6 Washington Square; large reward. Return to Watson, 6 Washington Square. Telephone 6826 Spring.

LOST—Tiffany's monogrammed gold wrist watch, link bracelet, in 5th Av., bet. 42d and 34th Sts., or in department stores on avenue, Jan. 23, between noon and 4 P. M. Reward. Notify Lane Manufacturing Co., 874 Broadway.

LOST—Small dark blue bill fold purse, containing about $65 and Mendel Bergare check, between Ritvoli Theatre, down 39th to 5th Av., then to 42d. Kindly return to Mrs. H. L. Mead, Stamford, Conn.

LOST—Jan. 23, 35-year service medal issued by Metropolitan Ins. Co., between Roseville Ave. Sta. D, L. W. Newark, N. J., and 1 Madison Av. Liberal reward upon return of medal to owner, Frank L. Blake, 1 Madison Av.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—On Thursday, Jan. 23, between 11:30 A. M. and 1 P. M., in 5th Av., east side, between 52d and 54th Sts., an oblong shape diamond brooch, with pointed end; no questions asked; liberal reward. Return to Cartier & Co., 653 5th Av.

LOST—Monogram gold cigarette case of Tiffany; engr.; within 1 near 39th St. Theatre on evening of Jan. 23; handsome reward and no questions asked if returned to Room 307, 42 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, initials E. McK., on Broadway, between Cortlandt Street and Battery. Finder will receive liberal reward if returned to E. McDicken, Room 605, 15 Dey St.

LOST—Will person who found small change purse on 5th Av. bus Jan. 19, please return ring and French money and keep $10 bill as reward. M. Brown, 418 West 118th, Apt. 31.

LOST—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1 diamond charm, composed of 2 small dolls, Nenette and Nintintin, between West 74th St. and West 40th St., then up 5th Av. No questions asked. $50 reward if returned to Cartier, 653 5th Av., N. Y.

LOST—Black fox fur, silver tipped, Lord & Taylor label, between 51st and 53d Sts., 5th Av., noon, Jan. 21; liberal reward. Return at once to 164 West 74th St.

FOUND—On Lexington Av., a purse containing a small sum of money and a key; owner can have same by identification and paying for this advertisement. Apply 151 East 71st St.

LOST—Dark green purse, gold mounting, marked H. J. F. Suitable reward for return to H. J. French, care Marshall Field & Co., 1,107 Broadway.

LOST—Pink coral pin, shaped two angel heads, on the bus between 57th and Wanamaker's or in Wanamaker's store, Thursday; reward. Telephone 7157 Chelsea.

LOST—Man's pigskin wallet, containing money, blue traveler's credit letter, other papers; Rogers Peet or subway; reward. Thalline, 35 West 35th. Phone 1590 Greeley.

LOST.—Watch fob, initialed "A. M." set in platinum and diamonds, on black ribbon; vicinity 14th to 43d St., Jan 21, suitable reward. Kirby, Black & Fisher, 1,150 B'way.

LOST—In taxi from the Waldorf to the Claridge, lady's bag containing several pieces of jewelry; liberal reward. Notify W. MacKenzie, cashier Hotel Claridge.

LOST—Handbag near 72d St. and Central Park West, containing private property and bills; suitable reward. Return to Lahey, 115 West 71st St.

LOST—Friday, green leather pocketbook containing sum of money, on 42d St., between 8th and 5th Avs. Reward if returned to Emily Stevens, 50 West 67th St.

LOST—On uptown subway, Jan. 21, rush hour, 5:30 P. M., gold bar pin, opal setting; $50 reward; no questions asked. 39 Claremont Av., apt. 101.

LOST—A brooch, diamond circle, set with small emeralds. Finder please return to J. M. Warren, 239 West 71st St. Suitable reward.

LOST—Between 81st and 76th, P. O. checks, ($400) cash ($135); poor working girl's life savings. Please return Florence Robertson, care Weeks, 105 West 134th.

LOST—Diamond ring, with initials and date inside, bet. Hudson Terminal and Nassau St. Reward if returned to A. F. Connelly, 132 Nassau St., Room 922.

LOST—Diamond marquise ring, with cat's-eye stone. Return 29 West 9th St., or phone 5344 Stuyvesant. Liberal reward.

LOST—Tuesday, gold brooch, red enameled, near Aeolian Hall or 12th St.; reward. Vandebilt 5618.

LOST—Black Belgian shepherd dog; collar had New York City address. Telephone Englewood 792. Liberal reward.

LOST—Black velvet bag, containing money and glasses, between 110th and 125th and B'way. Reward 536 West 142th. Milliken.

LOST—Large black skunk muff, taxi, Tuesday evening, Hotel Rutledge; reward. Kennedy.

LOST—Monday evening, gray squirrel neckscarf. Return Tatham House, 58th and Lexington Av.

LOST—Friday morning, on bus, gold vanity box and gold watch; reward to finder. H 274 Times.

LOST—Black lynx muff, left in 5th Av. bus on Jan. 21, at 5 o'clock; reward. Return to The Century Co., 353 4th Av.

LOST—Tan seal bag, between 44th St. Theatre and 42d St. after show; reward. Mrs. Ben Rauch, 59 Park Av.

LOST—Gold watch and rosary beads, vicinity of 32d St., Madison Av.; finder rewarded. Madison Square 3285.

LOST—Diamond dog platinum bar pin Thursday evening. Call Plaza 9034; reward.

LOST—$100 Fourth Liberty bond, 50th to 100th St. Lallemand, 2 West 102d.

LOST—Purse, containing money and key, 59th 67th Sts., Lexington Av. K 311 Times.

$100 REWARD.

No questions asked return of large quantity embroidered U. S. Army chevrons, lost from trunk Saints of 9th Av. and 42d St., Dec. 28. A. E. Lee & Co., Insurance Advisers, 15 William St.

$25 REWARD.

no questions asked, for return of tan leather suit case, with contents, and steamer rug, missing from red Stutz Sedan, on East 58th St., Thursday evening, between 10-11:30. Return to address in pocketbook.

$25 REWARD.

no questions asked, return seal cape with satin collar marked Hartwig & Co., left in taxicab at West 42nd Av. and 59th St., Jan. 2. Albert E. Lee & Co., Inc., Insurance Advisers, 15 William St.

$250 REWARD.

No questions asked, return gold mesh bag, with sapphires across the top; lost Jan 17, at Montclair, N. J. Mrs. C. E. Van Vleck, 37 North Mountain Av., Montclair, N. J.

$100 REWARD

for rose diamond lady's watch and platinum chain with small diamonds, lost Friday between West 54th St., 5th Av. and 59th St. TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av., 37th St.

$100 REWARD.

No questions asked, return gold mesh bag, lost Jan 6, owner's name and address enclosed inside. Dreier & Co., 560 5th Av.

$100 REWARD and no questions asked for information or return of ring stolen on Jan. 23 from Ford car at 57th St. and 5th Av. National Carpet Cleaning Co., 312 E. 22d.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Park Av., near 88th, tan and white Pekingese dog; black harness; answers to Ling Ko; reward. Mrs. Cooper, 103 East 86th. Lenox 4862.

Found.

FOUND—A sum of money, Monday, near Public Library. Owner can identify same by applying X 365 Times Annex.

EL DALLO

"Each Cigar in its own humidor"

Manufactured by WERTHEIMER BROS. BALTIMORE, MD

ANTI-DRY MEN TELL OF WIDE SUPPORT

Flood of Telegrams and Letters Reported at Headquarters of New Organization Here.

MANY OFFER THEIR AID

Petitions of Protest, Officials Declare, Have Been Received, Bearing 200,000 Signatures.

Officers of the newly-formed Association Opposed to National Prohibition had a busy day yesterday. Hundreds of telegrams from persons living in this State and in New Jersey, Delaware, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Massachusetts, asking for membership blanks and offering personal and financial support, it was announced, had been received at the association's headquarters in the Cambridge Building, Thirty-third Street and Fifth Avenue.

As a result of the preliminary work done by the association previous to the first general meeting of its members on Thursday afternoon, the secretary of the organization said yesterday that he had received petitions of protest against the methods employed to obtain the ratification of the Federal Prohibition Amendment from New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Nevada, Nebraska, California, Oregon, New Mexico, Connecticut, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Florida, Illinois, Ohio, Minnesota, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, Iowa, Indiana, Kentucky, Alabama, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Mexico, Wisconsin, Georgia, West Virginia, Washington, Missouri, and Vermont, the States being named in the order in which they were heard from.

The letters accompanying the petitions, the Secretary said, explained that the signatures to the petitions had been obtained without any difficulty, because the signers believed that liberties hitherto guaranteed by the Constitution were menaced, first, by the manner in which this amendment was passed by Congress, and, second, by the methods which had obtained its ratification.

Up to the time of closing the office of the association at 6 o'clock last evening more than 200,000 signatures to petitions had been received, officials of the organization said. One of the petitions contained the signatures of 200 men employed in an Oregon shipbuilding plant. The letter accompanying this petition closed with this statement: "In times past American labor has sometimes been exploited by American capital, but up to this time both labor and capital have been allowed a reasonable measure of personal liberty. That is why, up to this time, Bolshevism could have made little headway in this country. If American labor and American capital are to be spared the terrors of Bolshevism, every legal effort must be put forth by both to make inoperative the ratification of the prohibition amendment."

Another petition, it was said, was signed by 250 Italian-Americans resident of New York. The letter accompanying this petition said that if the signers could not be permitted to have in their homes and drink the wines which they have always drunk, they would go back to the land of their nativity, which, "although a Kingdom, gives greater personal freedom to its citizens than will be permitted if this amendment stands to Italians by birth resident in this Republic." A woman suffrage leader in Brooklyn asked that she be permitted to sign a petition, because she believed the prohibition amendment was "against the best interests of the country and the cause of woman suffrage."

Boland Tells of Plans.

Frank A. Boland, general counsel for the association, was asked yesterday if any attempt had been made or was contemplated to bring about a reversal of the ratification of the amendment by any of the State Legislatures now in session which voted for ratification.

"Action has already been taken," said Mr. Boland, "to accomplish that very thing in the State of Masaachusetts, and it will be taken in other States. Charles S. Rackemann, one of the leaders of the Massachusetts bar, who has been associated with Moorefield Story, former President of the American Bar Association, and Francis S. Peabody in fighting the ratification of the amendment on the ground of its inherent viciousness and on the ground that it violates every principle of constitutional liberty; caused a resolution to reconsider the ratification vote to be introduced in the Massachusetts Legislature about a month ago. It was referred to the proper committee, and, it is expected, will be reported out for consideration within a short time."

Besides the telegrams and petitions, the Secretary said that the association had received hundreds of letters offering support and asking for enrollment. One of these was from the general counsel for the State of New York of one of the chief railroads of the country, in which the writer said: "If there is any way in which the writer can be of assistance to you in connection with your movement against national prohibition, please command me. I do not know whether you propose to employ volunteer assistance on your Law Committee or not. If you do, all of my time that you may require is at your disposal. In the meantime, the association may call upon me for any financial or other assistance that I am in a position to give."

Another letter, dated from Baltimore, made public by the association, said: "Thank heaven, even this late day, an organization has been started to try to regain mankind's rights. I'll join cheerfully. Your association will have thousands upon thousands of teetotalers upon its rolls. When such an organization gets a few thousand voters behind it, you will note a change of sentiment from the home of the oyster in the east to the home of the salmon in the west."

A lodge of the International Association of Machinists in St. Louis sent in a petition of protest signed by every member of the lodge, according to the letter accompanying it, with the home address of each signer. From Coos County, Oregon, it was said a letter had been received which said that "people holding the same views as your association have been waiting for some one to start the exact fight you are waging, and hope that the Bolshevism of prohibition can be throttled. We have, right here in Coos County, and have had for four years, a gang of incompetents doubling with bootleggers and double crossing bootleggers' patrons. As a result of prohibition in Oregon, many homes have been turned into breweries. People here who, before the State went dry, never took a drink, have violated the law for the excitement of the pursuit and to demonstrate the ineffectiveness of the officials."

Another letter made public by the association was from a New Yorker whose letterpaper carried the crest of a coat of arms whose motto is "Nittimere nec tomero." "Neither to fear nor to be foolhardy." After reading about your association," the letter said, "I wish herewith to offer you my support as a citizen, because I consider this prohibition movement a threat against the country's liberty. Liberty for democracy won by the war abroad is threatened by illegal and unconstitutional legislation forced on the country by professional Bolshevik agitators."

The next meeting of the Executive Committee of the association, it was announced, would be held on Wednesday, when an enlarged plan of organization may be submitted.

Colonel Roosevelt's Attitude.

Mrs. Ida Husted Harper, Chairman of the Department of Editorial Correspondence of the Leslie Woman Suffrage Commission, said yesterday that she felt certain that Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was in favor of the prohibition amendment, because of correspondence she had with him shortly before his death. On Dec. 30 Mrs. Harper sent the following letter to Colonel Roosevelt:

My Dear Colonel Roosevelt:

We are taking the liberty of sending this letter to your home because of its urgency. We have noticed the appeal to you of W. H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, urging you to favor the ratification of the National Prohibition Amendment by the New York Legislature, and this morning we observe the comment of William H. Hirst, counsel for the New York State Brewer's Association. The latter says: "The Constitution of Ohio has just been amended to prevent the Legislature from ratifying an amendment to the Federal Constitution until the people have expressed their will by referendum. It is a good precedent for New York to follow."

You are doubtless aware that this amendment which was recently adopted in Ohio was submitted through an initiative petition circulated by the so-called Home Defense Association of Ohio, a liquor organization. It provides that after the Legislature has ratified a Federal amendment this action shall not be legal until it has been approved by the voters. If, on the contrary, the Legislature defeats the ratification of a Federal amendment, it shall not be submitted to the voters. It seems incredible that such a proposition should be either submitted or accepted, but this was done in Ohio last November. It was aimed primarily at the prohibition amendment, and secondarily at the Federal Suffrage amendment, which is likely soon to be submitted. A Legislature has been elected in Ohio which will ratify both amendments.

The Federal Constitution provides that an amendment shall be submitted to the Legislatures and, if ratified by three-fourths of them, shall become a part of this Constitution. This measure recently adopted in Ohio is not only grossly unjust but plainly unconstitutional, and will be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States by the Anti-Saloon League.

We trust that if you speak at all you will strongly condemn it, for Mr. Hirst says: "It is a good precedent for New York to follow." The fight here in New York State against the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment is, of course, equally against that of the suffrage amendment and we feel that it would be almost an insult to urge you to stand squarely for the ratification of both, as we are absolutely sure this will be your position. Very sincerely yours,

IDA HUSTED HARPER,
Editorial Chairman National Leslie Suffrage Bureau.

Colonel Roosevelt dictated, on Jan. 3, three days before his death, the following answer to Mrs. Harper's letter:

My dear Mrs. Harper: My inclination is not to answer Mr. Hirst's letter at all. If I do answer it, you have given me information which will probably shape my course. Faithfully yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

In discussing the action of the Assembly in adopting the Prohibition Amendment, William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, last night said:

"The Republican members of the Assembly by their action in taking the moral side of this moral question have done more to preserve and protect their party for the future than has been done in many a year."

30 STATES CERTIFY PROHIBITION VOTE

Court Order Against Ratification in California Dismissed—Campaign Begun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24. — Thirty States up to noon today had certified to the State Department the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment. Illinois and Ohio certificates were received this morning. Forty-two States have ratified the amendment.

Examination of the State Department's files today disclosed that two notices had been received from California. The first arrived Jan. 20, signed by Frank C. Jordan, Secretary of State, and bearing the State seal. Later another came from the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 24.—Dismissal of the order restraining Governor Stephens from certifying the National Prohibition act, was announced here today by the Presiding Judge of the Superior Court. The order was issued Jan. 15, on a motion of Theodore A. Bell, an attorney. Bell departed today for New York and Washington to make a final fight for the California wine interests.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 24.—Plans were outlined in a meeting of the Advisory Board of the Massachusetts Liquor League in this city yesterday for co-operative measures by the liquor interests of the State with those of other States against the ratification of the national prohibition amendment. A subcommittee of ten was appointed which will report at a meeting in Boston next month.

First efforts will be made through legislative channels, according to Joseph A. Gagne of Northampton, President of the League, and if this fails of results the issue will be taken to the highest courts. This is said to be the initial effort of what is intended to be a country-wide movement to prevent ratification.

Y. M. C. A. STILL IN CHARGE.

Continues Soldiers' Education, Chairman Sloane Declares.

William Sloane, Chairman of the National War Work Council of the Y. M. C. A., denied last night a report that the staff of the army in France had taken over the direction of educational work among American soldiers, a task which has been within the scope of the overseas activities of the Y. M. C. A., Mr. Sloane said:

"The Y. M. C. A. still has full charge of the educational work done in France and is co-operating in its efforts among the soldiers with General Rees of the American Headquarters Staff, assigned to confer with the Educational Commission of the Y. M. C. A. He is serving in the capacity of liaison officer between General Headquarters and the commission. The courses, which include agriculture, engineering, and kindred subjects are optional for the soldier, the men electing for themselves the branches they wish to study. The Y. M. C. A. is defraying all expenses in connection with this work."

W. S. S. Appeal by Gov. Smith.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Governor Smith in a proclamation issued today urged the citizens of the State to purchase War Savings Stamps of the new issue "to the consistent limit of their resources."

UNABLE TO REVERSE 'DRY' RATIFICATION

Legislatures Bound by Their Original Vote, Washington Authorities Hold.

BAILEY CITES PRECEDENTS

14th and 15th Amendments Raised the Point — Reconsidered Action Was Rejected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The suggestion that the ratification of the National Prohibition Amendment as a valid part of the Constitution can be affected or upset by any State Legislature recalling its assent to the amendment is not taken seriously in Washington.

All the precedents are against the Federal Government or Congress recognizing that a State, after having ratified a proposed amendment to the Constitution, has any right to switch its position and rescind its vote before the amendment goes into effect. This precedent was established when Congress adopted a resolution declaring that certain States had ratified the Fourteenth Amendment, and directing the Secretary of State to promulgate that amendment as part of the Constitution.

The Congressional resolution named twenty-five States as having ratified the Fourteenth Amendment. Two of the States named in the resolution, New Jersey and Ohio, had withdrawn their consent, but they were nevertheless counted in the resolution as having ratified.

While it is true that this precedent was established by political action, it is nevertheless a precedent that has been followed and assented to by leading constitutional lawyers in the Senate ever since. Joseph W. Bailey of Texas, who was regarded by his colleagues when in the Senate as one of the ablest living authorities on the Constitution, said to-night, when asked by the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES for an opinion, that he thought the precedent established in connection with the consideration of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments, although the decision then was a political one, was one that would stand.

Bailey Explains Procedure.

Mr. Bailey pointed out that while precedent and practice had been that a State that had once ratified an amendment could not validly withdraw its assent, it was also true under precedent and practice that States that had once rejected Constitutional amendments and had afterward ratified them were counted as ratifying.

"It looks like a poor rule that won't work both ways," said former Senator Bailey, "but, nevertheless, history will show this was the case, and I believe that the precedents established are all in favor of a State once having ratified not being able to afterward withdraw its assent."

One of the most learned and carefully considered debates the United States Senate has ever known pivoted around this point. On Feb. 22, 1870, the Senate debate arose over the act of the Legislature of New York in attempting to recall the assent of a previous Legislature to the Fifteenth Amendment. That debate is regarded as having pretty effectually clinched the precedent established when Congress counted as States that had ratified the Fourteenth Amendment two States that had first ratified and then withdrawn their assent.

The Fourteenth Amendment was proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress on June 16, 1866, the year after the civil war closed. On July 21, 1868, Congress adopted and transmitted to the State Department a concurrent resolution declaring that "the Legislatures of the States of Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina, and Louisiana, being three-fourths and more of the several States of the Union, having ratified the Fourteenth Article of Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, duly proposed by two-thirds of each House of the Thirty-ninth Congress, therefore, resolved, that said Fourteenth Article is hereby declared to be a part of the Constitution of the United States, and it shall be duly promulgated as such by the Secretary of State."

States Withdraw Consent.

New Jersey and Ohio, which had ratified the amendment, afterward withdrew their consent, New Jersey in April, 1868, and Ohio in January, 1868, but Congress nevertheless, in its resolution counted both States as having ratified. After this resolution was passed the Secretary of State, accordingly, issued a proclamation, dated July 20, 1868, declaring that the proposed Fourteenth Amendment "had been" ratified, in the manner hereafter mentioned, by the Legislatures of thirty-six States, viz.:

Connecticut, June 30, 1866; New Hampshire, July 7, 1866; Tennessee, July 19, 1866; New Jersey, Sept. 11, 1866, (and the Legislature of the same State passed a resolution in April, 1868, to withdraw its consent to it); Oregon, Sept. 19, 1866; Vermont, Nov. 9, 1866; Georgia rejected it Nov. 13, 1866, and ratified it July 21, 1868; North Carolina rejected it Dec. 4, 1866, and ratified it July 4, 1868; South Carolina rejected it Dec. 20, 1866, and ratified it July 9, 1868; New York ratified it Jan. 10, 1867; Ohio ratified it Jan. 11, 1867, and passed a resolution in January, 1868, to withdraw its consent; Illinois ratified it Jan. 15, 1867; West Virginia, Jan. 16, 1867; Kansas, Jan. 18, 1867; Maine, Jan. 19, 1867; Nevada, Jan. 22, 1867; Missouri, Jan. 26, 1867; Indiana, Jan. 29, 1867;

Minnesota, Feb. 1, 1867; Rhode Island, Feb. 7, 1867; Wisconsin, Feb. 13, 1867; Pennsylvania, Feb. 13, 1867; Michigan, Feb. 15, 1867; Massachusetts, March 20, 1867; Nebraska, June 15, 1867; Iowa, April 3, 1868; Arkansas, April 6, 1868; Florida, June 9, 1868; Louisiana, July 9, 1868, and Alabama, July 13, 1868. Georgia again ratified the amendment Feb. 2, 1870. Texas rejected it Nov. 1, 1866, and ratified it Feb. 18, 1870. Virginia rejected it Jan. 19, 1867, and ratified Oct. 8, 1869.

The amendment was rejected by Kentucky Jan. 10, 1867; by Delaware Feb. 8, 1867; by Maryland March 23, 1867, and was not afterward ratified by either State.

Hamilton Fish's Ruling.

The story of the Fifteenth Amendment has a direct bearing on the present situation. New York ratified the amendment on April 14, 1869, but the Legislature passed a resolution on Jan. 5, 1870, to withdraw its consent. This action was debated in the Senate on Feb. 22, 1870.

On March 20, 1870, Hamilton Fish of New York, then Secretary of State, issued his proclamation that the Fifteenth Amendment had been ratified. In this proclamation, although New York's Legislature had passed a resolution withdrawing its consent to the amendment, Mr. Fish named New York as one of the States that had ratified.

Mr. Fish's proclamation, however, contained this paragraph:

"And, further, that it appears from an official document on file in this department that the Legislature of the State of New York has since passed resolutions claiming to withdraw the said ratification of the said amendment; which had been made by the Legislature of that State, and of which official notice had been filed in this office."

There were then thirty-seven States. Three-fourths of that number would be twenty-eight. Including New York, twenty-nine States had ratified, but on Jan. 5, 1870, the New York Legislature passed its resolution to withdraw its consent. On Feb. 2, nearly a month later, Georgia ratified. But without Georgia the resolution was declared to have been ratified, and was declared by the Secretary of State to have been ratified by the Legislature of New York.

GERMAN TRICK IN CHINA.

Properties Sold in Violation of Enemy Trading Regulations.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Jan. 24.—Anticipating sequestration the Germans at Tsi-nan (capital of the Province of Shan-tung) have sold their properties. This is a violation of the enemy trading regulations.

The embargo on the exportation of rice has been removed in favor of Japan.

Religious Notices on Page 15.

Soldiers Sailors Civilians

One and all, they can depend on this: Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes are always Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes—smart, all-wool, well tailored—no matter how much we reduce the price.

Every Hart Schaffner & Marx Winter Overcoat and Fancy Winter Suit REDUCED

Remarkable opportunities at $27.50, $32.50, $37.50, $43.50 and $49.50—to save money on fine all-wool clothes that were considered rare good value at their regular season's prices.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

CARDINAL GIBBONS.

Copy of a new miniature of ivory of Cardinal Gibbons, by Charles Turrell, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

THE U. S. Navy Officer is Mr Worldly Wiseman. Long ago, th blue sea washed the green out o his eye. He demands a Uniform that sets him up and off, as min does, with the slash and dash o the "crack" British Naval Officer

Let me tailor an Outfit, which will give you both high prid in your personality and in your profession. My body-graded custom fit, thoroughbred custom style, gifted custom bench work and my individual attention, from Hand-Clasp to Hand-Tailoring. U. S. Navy Officers' Uniforms, journeyman tailor-made and ready-to-step-into, if you can't wait

U. S. Navy Officers' Serges to measure $40.00
U. S. Navy Officers' Overcoats to measure $45.00

I Cover The Other Arm Of The Service, Too

Clemons Civilian Army And Navy Tailor
Broadway at 39th
20 Years On This Corner

Uniform Reductions

To "Police the Plant" and Clean Up. Officers' Uniforms and Overcoats. 20 Oz. Whipcord—30 Oz. Overcoating Made to Order or Ready to Wear Away.

Uniforms $25 Arnheim Overcoats $25

TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

We Will Loan You MORE MONEY on Your Diamonds and Jewelry than any other loan concern. ONLY 1% PER MONTH.
MAX BERNSTEIN
278 West 125th Street

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHED
Coughing Spreads Disease
SINCE 1870
SHILOH
A FEW DROPS AID

Why Uncle Sam Turned Teetotaler

The unanimity with which our State legislatures have hastened to ratify the Eighteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution is a source of wonderment to many of our representative newspapers. Thus to the New York *Tribune* it seems "as if a sailing-ship on a windless ocean were sweeping ahead, propelled by some invisible force," while the New York *Times* explains the mystery by suggesting that "prohibition seems to be the fashion just as drinking used to be."

The nation-wide sweep of anti-liquor sentiment is accounted for by other well-known publications in more positive terms. The Pittsburg *Gazette-Times* declares that the abolition of intoxicants is dictated by "the deliberate judgment" of the American people, and the Toledo *Blade* terms the movement "as remorseless as the rise of tides in the sea," yet the New York *World* characterizes it as "a most emphatic denial of local self-government."

In the leading article in THE LITERARY DIGEST this week—January 25th—these varying views are discust in detail. Other articles of strong contemporary interest in this number are:

High Prices Tottering

An Informing Summary of Statistics on This Most Pressing Question Gathered by the National Industrial Conference Board

To Fight Bolshevism With Food
Not Enough Jobs
Shall We Annex Our "Achilles Heel"?
Montenegro Disappears
Shall Germany Repent?
Armistice Propaganda
Germany's "Gigantic Comedy"
Polish Pogroms Denied
Why Centers of Industry?
Play-Production by Push-Button
"Beehive" Conditions in Europe
Army Bridge-Building Speed
How Did Germany "Put It Over"?
House-Building by Wholesale
Plank Railroads for Lumber Trucks
The Power of Words
Mr. Roosevelt in Literature
Are Musicians Cranks?
Morale Centers to Replace Saloons
English Church Champions Labor
"Advanced Poets" Condemned by Mr. Hearst
Important News of Finance and Commerce

An Unusually Good Collection of Illustrations, Including Cartoons and Maps.

"The Digest" Gives You the Right News Perspective

It not infrequently happens that reports of popular uprisings of grave decisions by the various great powers, and of other important events, printed in the newspapers of one day have to be considerably modified on the next. This is inevitable, in view of the haste with which such news must be rushed to the presses. To obtain a really accurate account of history in the making time must be given for the verification of the facts, which often assume a vastly different form when viewed in their proper perspective. Such a perspective, insuring the absolute reliability of the details presented, is yours from week to week in the interesting articles on current events in THE LITERARY DIGEST. And these articles are not only dependable, they are impartial, written without a hint of bias and with the single purpose of recording the truth. Make a test of their quality to-day.

January 25th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

SAVE W.S.S. SERVE

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

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READJUSTMENT SALE—SUITS MADE TO ORDER

$60 suitings reduced to $50.
$50 & $60 suitings reduced to $40.
$40 & $50 suitings reduced to $35.
$35 & $40 suitings reduced to $30.
$30 & $35 suitings reduced to $25.

Over 300 patterns for you to select from.

Evening dress suits, silk lined, made to your measure, $65.
Tuxedos, $60. Send for samples.

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

P. S.—*Yesterday is done; to-morrow hasn't begun. To-day is here—use it.* Arnheim Axioms

SERVE

appetizing, nourishing and enjoyable food at every meal by using

Lea & Perrins

SAUCE

Every bottle is guaranteed. It is a distinct aid to cooks and cooking.

LEA & PERRINS
SAUCE
THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE
Refuse substitutes.

Section 1

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy, probably rain Sunday; Monday clearing; southeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 22.

Section 1

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,282. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, JANUARY 26, 1919.—108 PAGES, in Nine Parts, Including Picture and Magazine Sections (Rotogravure) and Book Section. FIVE CENTS In Greater New York | Elsewhere FIFTEEN CENTS

LEAGUE OF NATIONS PLAN IS ADOPTED; PEACE CONFERENCE ACTS ON WILSON PLEA, STRONGLY SUPPORTED BY LLOYD GEORGE

MOVE TO CANCEL 15 BILLIONS IN WAR EXPENSES

House Bill Revokes $7,179,156,944 in Contracts and $8,221,029,294 in Authorizations.

AFFECTS ARMY AND NAVY

Committee Has Not Yet Found Time to Cut Allotments to Other Departments.

BIG SAVING IN THE ARMY

Reduction in Ordnance Department Alone $9,217,648,304, and Quartermaster $3,756,135,307.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The cessation of war saved the nation billions of dollars through the cancellation of contracts and authorizations. In the deficiency bill reported to the House by the Appropriations Committee, today, contracts for $7,179,156,944 are ordered canceled and authorizations amounting to $8,221,029,294 are withdrawn. If the war had continued another six months it is estimated that the expenditure of both these amounts, or more than $15,000,000,000, would have been necessary.

The bill carries recommendations for appropriations of $295,244,329.45 for the various services of the Government, divided as follows: War Department, $8,443,782.68; Navy Establishment, $280,762,276.56; Civil Service, $7,853,750.37; Navy Department, $154,570.84.

The largest items for which appropriations are recommended follow:

War Department—Temporary employes, $4,000,000; disposition of remains of officers and men, $2,473,782.68.

Navy Department: Bureau of Navigation, $1,551,178.64; Bureau of Yards and Docks, $6,100,000; Bureau of Construction, $15,000,000; Bureau of Steam Engineering, $4,330,882.

Representative Swagar Sherley, Chairman, in his report said:

"The repeal of appropriations and withdrawal of authorizations has been confined to the military and naval establishments, not because funds voted to other departments are all required, for such is not the fact, but because the magnitude of the task made impossible at this time a review of the other departments, and it is hoped that in connection with the Sundry Civil and other bills many of these surplus funds may be dealt with. The committee in recommending that various sums shall be covered into the Treasury does not mean to affirm in any sense that the total of the moneys left with the various bureaus is needed or should be expended, or to approve or disapprove various activities set forth in the hearings. There should, and doubtless will be, large savings made from these balances.

"What the committee has endeavored to do is to cover into the Treasury such sums that plainly are not needed, but as it is necessarily uncertain just to what extent the Government may be able by cancellation of contracts and discontinuance of projects to reduce its obligations, the committee has deemed it wise to leave funds amply sufficient to meet such obligations. To have undertaken to pass judgment on remaining activities would have been to usurp the prerogatives of many of the committees and would have required a detailed examination that would have taken many additional months.

"The labors of the committee have been greatly added to because of the absence of any uniform system of keeping accounts by the various departments, and it desires to express the hope that Congress may provide soon for such a system of accounting. While the work of the committee by some may be thought unnecessary on the ground that the departments probably would not have expended the sums anyway it was the judgment of the committee that it was wise directly to provide against their expenditure, and it cannot be doubted that the examination of their balances and survey of their activities and needs by the various corps of the army and navy brought about by the action of the committee should enable these departments to make savings of many millions."

The following table shows the savings by cancellation of contracts and authorizations:

ARMY ESTABLISHMENT.

Purpose	Appropriations.	Authorizations.
Sig. Service	$83,373,200.04	$45,000,000.00
Air Service	87,000,000.00	.....
Aircraft prod.	402,000,000.00	.....
Eng. Corps	2,740,385,307.16	15,750,000.00
Med. Dept.	54,145,513.72	25,000,000.00
Eng. Corps	792,580,455.78	200,000,000.00
Ord. Dept.	1,501,360,000.75	7,714,279,294.70
Cloth. Ware.	183,932,610.66	150,000,000.00
Total army	$6,844,795,077.70	$8,190,029,294.70

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Aviation	$98,000,000.00	.....
Navigation	4,500,000.00	.....
Ordnance	164,833,843.69	$31,000,000.00
Public Works	2,173,627.00	.....
Supp. and Ac.	25,008,000.00	.....
Steam Eng.	1,429.33	.....
Marine Corps	41,216,975.99	.....
Total navy	$334,341,866.98	$31,000,000.00
Grand total army and navy	$7,179,136,944.68	$8,221,029,294.70

Combined appropriation and authorization, $15,400,166,239.38.

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WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
McK. & R. Cin-u-form Lozenges, 25c.—Advt.

Text of the Resolution to Create a World League As Unanimously Adopted by Peace Conference

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Following is the text of the resolution relating to the creation of a League of Nations, which was adopted by the plenary session of the Peace Conference today:

The conference, having considered the proposals for the creation of a League of Nations, resolved that:

It is essential to the maintenance of the world settlement which the associated nations are now met to establish that a League of Nations be created to promote international obligations and to provide safeguards against war.

This league should be created as an integral part of the general treaty of peace and should be open to every civilized nation which can be relied on to promote its objects.

The members of the league should periodically meet in international conference and should have a permanent organization and secretaries to carry on the business of the league in the intervals between the conferences.

The conference therefore appoints a committee, representative of the associated Governments, to work out the details of the constitution and the functions of the league and the draft of resolutions in regard to breaches of the laws of war for presentation to the Peace Conference.

Responsibility.

That a commission, composed of two representatives apiece from the five great powers and five representatives to be elected by the other powers, be appointed to inquire and report upon the following:

First—The responsibility of the authors of the war.

Second—The facts as to breaches of the laws and customs of war committed by the forces of the German Empire and their allies on land, on sea, and in the air during the present war.

Third—The degree of responsibility for these offenses attaching to particular members of the enemy's forces, including members of the General Staffs and other individuals, however highly placed.

Fourth—The constitution and procedure of a tribunal appropriate to the trial of these offenses.

Fifth—Any other matters, cognate or ancillary to the above, which may arise in the course of the inquiry and which the commission finds it useful and relevant to take into consideration.

Reparation.

Following is the draft of a resolution in regard to reparation which the conference adopted:

That a commission be appointed, which shall comprise not more than three representatives apiece from each of the five great powers and not more than two representatives apiece from Belgium, Greece, Poland, Rumania, and Serbia, to examine and report:

First—On the amount of reparation which the enemy countries ought to pay.

Second—On what they are capable of paying, and,

Third—On the method, the form, and time within which payment should be made.

International Legislation.

A resolution in regard to international legislation on industrial and labor questions was passed. It reads:

That a commission, composed of two representatives apiece from the five great powers and five representatives to be elected by the other powers represented at the Peace Conference, be appointed to inquire into the conditions of employment from the international aspect and to consider the international means necessary to secure common action on matters affecting conditions of employment and to recommend the form of a permanent agency to continue such inquiry and consideration, in co-operation with and under the direction of the League of Nations.

This resolution was adopted regarding international control of ports, waterways, and railways:

International Control.

That a commission composed of two representatives apiece from the five great powers and five representatives of the other powers be appointed, to inquire and report upon the international régime for ports, waterways, and railways.

CROMWELL DEATHS NOW CONFIRMED

Bordeaux Police Chief Reports That Young Women Committed Suicide.

PARIS, Jan. 25, (Associated Press)—The Commissioner of Police at Bordeaux confirms the report of the suicide of the Misses Gladys and Dorothea Cromwell.

The American Red Cross Headquarters here, in answer to inquiries, says it has been informed that the Misses Cromwell sailed on the French steamer La Lorraine. Friends of the twin sisters accompanied them to the pier.

The officer in charge of the Red Cross party on board the ship sent by wireless to the Red Cross a copy of the note found in the stateroom occupied by the sisters in which they said they intended to commit suicide.

The drowning of the Misses Dorothea and Gladys Cromwell from the French liner La Lorraine soon after the vessel sailed from France is still a mystery to members of their family in New York.

Seymour L. Cromwell, the only brother of the young women, discredits the reports and declared last night at his residence, 169 East Seventy-fourth Street, that he believed a mistake had been made, because of the conflicting dispatches and a cheerful letter he had received from his sisters less than a week ago.

Mr. Cromwell said late last night:

"Not only I, but the State Department and of course the Red Cross have sent cables to France endeavoring to find out some definite explanation. As yet I have received no satisfying word, but I was given to understand when the cables were sent that no answer would be forthcoming for thirty-six hours.

"The only thing that can convince me that such a thing could ever have happened would be to receive a wireless from the liner Espagne, stating that my sisters were not aboard that vessel. Returning from France on La Lorraine is one of my most intimate friends and also two close friends of my partner in business. Wireless messages have been sent to these friends, but as yet no answer has come."

The Misses Cromwell were 22 years old and not 22 as first reported.

SEEK TO INSTALL STATE SOCIALISM

North Dakota Nonpartisan League, Controlling Legislature, Plans Legislation.

Special to The New York Times.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 25.—Seven million dollars would be invested by North Dakota in the establishment of a State bank and a system of terminal elevators and flour mills under the industrial program introduced in the State Legislature by the Nonpartisan League, which controls both houses.

Complete revision of the State's scheme of taxation, by which the taxation burden would be transferred from personal property to corporations, incomes, and land, also has been proposed, and has the support of the league majorities, which are bound by a caucus pledge to pass all legislation indorsed by such caucus.

The abandonment of the old system of appointive State officials for fixed terms also is due, with the substitution of the Socialist plan, by which officers such as State Tax Commissioners, educational directors, charitable institution directors, &c., may be removed at will.

These, in a general way, are the big problems which confront the Legislature, now twenty days old, and which William Lemke, Vice President of the Nonpartisan League, says will be adjourned by Feb. 10.

This is the first State Legislature completely controlled by the nonpartisans. They have more than two-thirds of the members of the House and Senate, and by using emergency clauses in their administration measures they will come very near to beating referendum of their bills, as 30,000 signatures are required to refer bills to which emergency clauses are attached, and the State has only about 100,000 voters all told.

In carrying out their program for industrial enterprises, the nonpartisans

Continued on Page Five.

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REDS WANT PARLEY NEARER

Tchitcherin, Foreign Minister, Says Princes' Islands Are Too Remote.

BUT WILL CONSIDER PLAN

Promises to Do So on Receipt of Confirmation of Council's Reported Decision.

TAKES A SUPERCILIOUS TONE

Invitation Comes, He Says, When Soviets Have Settled Internal Troubles of Russia.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—M. Tchitcherin, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, has sent a wireless message to the Soviet representative in Sweden asking for confirmation of the decision of the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference to send a mission to confer with representatives of the different factions in Russia on Princes' Islands.

M. Tchitcherin's message says that the islands are too remote for such a meeting. He objects to the isolation of the islands as tending to surround the conference with secrecy, and also objects to leaving to the Entente the choice of participants.

This proposition of the Supreme Council, the message says, is made at a time when the Bolsheviki are victorious over their opponents and the internal situation of Russia has been settled, but the Soviet Government, on receipt of the confirmation requested, will carefully consider the proposal.

More Russians Enter Protests.

The Council of the national and democratic bloc of Russian political organizations abroad has sent a strongly worded protest to Premier Clemenceau against the decision of the Supreme Council to call a conference of the Russian factions.

"We would be men without honor and courage if we accepted for a single moment a truce such as proposed to us while all that are dear are in danger of death—violent death by execution or assassination or slow death through hunger," the protest says.

"The interest of humanity in general and democracy in particular requires the establishment in Russia of a régime based on the sovereignty of the people freely expressed. An improvised meeting at the Princes' Islands cannot be an expression of this sort. Russia has long clamored for the free election of a Constituent Assembly. This attempt was stifled by the Bolsheviki by force of arms, and they are today asked to make the voice of Russia heard!"

The Russian Bolshevist Government at Moscow, according to information received by the Socialist newspaper L'Humanité, is surprised that the suggestion made by the allied and associated Powers for a conference between the Russian factions comes at a time when the Bolsheviki are victorious in the field. The Bolsheviki, however, the advices add, do not reject the principle of a conference.

Vladimir Bourtseff, a well-known Russian revolutionist, in an article in the Matin says that the Russian parties opposed to the Bolsheviki will positively refuse to attend the conference on Princes' Islands, because they look on the Bolsheviki as traitors to the fatherland and as murderers who have dishonored Russia.

Vasili Maklakoff, the latest Russian Ambassador accredited to France, according to the same article, says that all Russians in Paris feel deeply humiliated by the proposal of the allied and associated Powers. The Ambassador adds that a party truce and cessation of hostilities, as requested by the Allies, could have only one result—the hampering of the armies which are about to liberate Northern Russia—without putting an end to the reign of terror. The Ambassador is also quoted as declaring that only the Bolsheviki will profit by such a conference.

Alluding to the decision of the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference to send a delegation to meet representatives of the various Russian factions, which decision has been objected to in some Russian quarters as not in the real interest of the Russian people, M. Maklakoff said yesterday:

"The presence of France and America at the Peace Conference is a guarantee that any unfriendly intention toward Russia, even if there were such, would not be countenanced. It is most strange, however, that France, which on Dec. 29, in alluding to Bolshevism while stating her attitude toward Russia, declared that she would 'never have anything to do with crime,' should now have joined in the proposal to hold a discussion with Bolshevist delegates at the Princes' Islands."

It may be noted in connection with the attitude of Ambassador Maklakoff to-

Continued on Page Three.

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Text of Wilson's Speech to Peace Conference Pointing Out Need of a League of Nations

PARIS, Jan. 25.—President Wilson's address before the Peace Conference today was as follows:

Mr. Chairman—I consider it a distinguished privilege to be permitted to open the discussion in this conference on the League of Nations. We have assembled for two purposes, to make the present settlements which have been rendered necessary by this war and also to secure the peace of the world, not only by the present settlements but by the arrangements we shall make at this conference for its maintenance.

The League of Nations seems to me to be necessary for both of these purposes. There are many complicated questions connected with the present settlements, which perhaps cannot be successfully worked out to an ultimate issue by the decisions we shall arrive at here. I can easily conceive that many of these settlements will need subsequent consideration; that many of the decisions we make shall need subsequent alteration in some degree, for if I may judge by my own study of some of these questions they are not susceptible for confident judgments at present.

It is therefore necessary that we should set up some machinery by which the work of this conference should be rendered complete.

We have assembled here for the purpose of doing very much more than making the present settlements that are necessary. We are assembled under very peculiar conditions of world opinion. I may say, without straining the point, that we are not the representatives of Governments, but representatives of the peoples.

It will not suffice to satisfy governmental circles anywhere. It is necessary that we should satisfy the opinion of mankind.

The burdens of this war have fallen in an unusual degree upon the whole population of the countries involved. I do not need to draw for you the picture of how the burden has been it own back from the front upon the older men, upon the women, upon the children, upon the homes of the civilized world, and how the real strain of the war has come where the eyes of the Government could not reach, but where the heart of humanity beats.

We are bidden by these people to make a peace which will make them secure. We are bidden by these people to see to it that this strain does not come upon them again. And I venture to say that it has been possible for them to bear this strain because they hoped that those who represented them could get together after this war and make such another sacrifice unnecessary.

It is a solemn obligation on our part, therefore, to make permanent arrangements that justice shall be rendered and peace maintained.

This is the central object of our meeting. Settlements may be temporary, but the action of the nations in the interest of peace and justice must be permanent. We can set up permanent processes. We may not be able to set up a permanent decision.

Therefore, it seems to me that we must take as far as we can a picture of the world into our minds. Is it not a startling circumstance, for one thing, that the great discoveries of science, that the quiet studies of men in laboratories, that the thoughtful developments which have taken place in quiet lecture rooms have now been turned to the destruction of civilization? The powers of destruction have not so much multiplied as they have gained facilities.

The enemy, whom we have just overcome, had at his seats of learning some of the principal centres of scientific study and discovery, and he used them in order to make destruction sudden and complete. And only the watchful and continuous co-operation of men can see to it that science, as well as armed men, is kept within the harness of civilization.

In a sense the United States is less interested in this subject than the other nations here assembled. With her great territory and her extensive sea borders, it is less likely that the United States should suffer from the attack of enemies than that other nations should suffer. And the ardor of the United States—for it is a very deep and genuine ardor—for the society of nations is not an ardor springing out of fear or apprehension, but an ardor springing out of the ideals which have come in the consciousness of this war.

In coming into this war the United States never for a moment thought that she was intervening in the politics of Europe, or the politics of Asia, or the politics of any part of the world. Her thought was that all the world had now become conscious that there was a single cause of justice and of liberty for men of every kind and place.

Therefore, the United States should feel that its part in this war should be played in vain if there ensued upon it abortive European settlements. It would feel that it could not take part in guaranteeing those European settlements unless that guarantee involved the continuous superintendence of the peace of the world by the associated nations of the world.

Therefore, it seems to me that we must concern our best judgment in order to make this League of Nations a vital thing—a thing sometimes called into life to meet an exigency—but always functioning in watchful attendance upon the interests of the nations, and that its continuity should be a vital continuity; that its functions are continuing functions that do not permit an intermission of its watchfulness and of its labor; that it should be the eye of the nations, to keep watch upon the common interest—an eye that did not slumber, an eye that was everywhere watchful and attentive.

And if we do not make it vital, what shall we do? We shall disappoint the expectations of the peoples. This is what their thought centres upon.

I have had the very delightful experience of visiting several nations since I came to this side of the water, and every time the voice of the body of the people reached me, through any representative, at the front of the plea stood the hope of the League of Nations.

Gentlemen, the select classes of mankind are no longer the governors of mankind. The fortunes of mankind are now in the hands of the plain people of the whole world. Satisfy them, and you have justified their confidence not only, but have established peace. Fail to satisfy them, and no arrangement that you can make will either set up or steady the peace of the world.

You can imagine, I dare say, the sentiments and the purpose with which the representatives of the United States support this great project for a League of Nations. We regard it as the keynote of the whole, which expressed our purposes and ideals in this war and which the associated nations have accepted as the basis of a settlement.

If we return to the United States without having made every effort in our power to realize this program, we should return to meet the maddest storm of our fellow citizens. For they are a body that constitute a great democracy. They expect their leaders to speak their representatives to be their servants.

We have no choice but to obey their mandate. But it is with the greatest enthusiasm and pleasure that we accept that mandate. And because this is the keynote of the whole fabric, we have pledged our every purpose to it, as we have to every item of the fabric. We would not dare abate a single item of the program which constitutes our instructions; we would not dare to compromise upon any matter as the champion of this thing—this peace of the world, this attitude of justice, this principle that we are the masters of no peoples, but are here to see that every people in the world shall choose its own masters and govern its own destinies, not as we wish, but as they wish.

We are here to see, in short, that the very foundations of this war are swept away. Those foundations were the private choice of a small coterie of civil rulers and military staffs. Those foundations were the aggression of great powers upon the small. Those foundations were the holding together of empires of unwilling subjects by the duress of arms. Those foundations were the power of small bodies of men to wield their will and use mankind as pawns in a game. And nothing less than the emancipation of the world from these things will accomplish peace.

You can see that the representatives of the United States are, therefore, never put to the embarrassment of choosing a way of expediency, because they have had laid down before them the unalterable lines of principles. And, thank God, these lines have been accepted as the lines of settlements by all the high-minded men who have had to do with the beginning of this great business.

I hope, Mr. Chairman, when it is known, as I feel confident it will be known, that we have adopted the principle of the League of Nations and mean to work out that principle in effective action, we shall by that single thing have lifted a great part of the load of anxiety from the hearts of men everywhere.

We stand in a peculiar cause. As I go about the streets here I see everywhere the American uniform. Those men came into the war after we had uttered our purpose. They came as crusaders, not merely to win a war, but to win a cause. And I am responsible to them, for it falls to me to formulate the purpose for which I asked them to fight, and I, like them, must be a crusader for these things, whatever it costs and whatever it may be necessary to do in honor to accomplish the object for which they fought.

I have been glad to find from day to day that there is no question of our standing alone in this matter, for there are champions of this cause upon every hand. I am merely avowing this in order that you may understand why, perhaps, it fell to us, who are disengaged from the politics of this great continent and of the Orient, to suggest that this was the keystone of the arch, and why it occurred to the generous mind of your President to call upon me to open this debate. It is not because we alone represent this idea, but because it is our privilege to associate ourselves with you in representing it.

I have only tried in what I have said to give you the fountains of the enthusiasm which is within us for this thing, for those fountains spring, it seems to me, from all the ancient wrongs and sympathies of mankind, and the very pulse of the world seems to beat to the fullest in this enterprise.

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CONFERENCE ACTS SWIFTLY

Hears Speeches in Favor of League and Gives Quick Approval

FIRST ADDRESS BY WILSON

Lloyd George Warmly Voices Great Britain's Support of the Proposal.

ORLANDO ALSO BACKS IT

Wilson and House Are American Members of Commission to Draft League Plan.

Delegates of Great Powers on Peace League Commission

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The delegates of the Great Powers on the League of Nations, it was learned tonight, will be:

For the United States—President Wilson and Colonel Edward M. House.

For Great Britain—Lord Robert Cecil and General Jan Christian Smuts.

For France—Leon Bourgeois and Ferdinand Larnaude, Dean of the Faculty of Law of the University of Paris.

For Italy—Premier Orlando and Vittorio Scialoia.

For Japan—Viscount Chinda and K. Ochiai.

The delegates of the small nations will be announced later.

PARIS, Jan. 25, (Associated Press.)—The plenary session of the Peace Conference today unanimously adopted the project to establish a League of Nations and name a commission to draft the complete plan.

President Wilson and Colonel House are the two American members of the commission.

The session of the conference began at 3 o'clock in the afternoon in the Salle de la Paix of the Foreign Office with the same imposing setting as the first session, but with little ceremony and a manifest purpose of business.

M. Clemenceau was again in the chair, with President Wilson and the full American delegation at his right, and Premier Lloyd George and the British delegation at his left.

When the session opened it was addressed by President Wilson on the subject of the proposed world league.

The President declared that the conference had solemn obligations to make a permanent settlement.

With great earnestness he asserted that the conference could not complete its work until some further machinery of settlement should be set up.

"We are not here alone," he went on, "as representatives of Governments, but as representatives of peoples, and in the settlements we make we need to satisfy, not the opinions of Governments, but the opinion of mankind."

League Must Have Continuity.

The President contended that a League of Nations must be a vital thing and not casual or occasional. It must have continuity.

"It should be the eye of nations, an eye which never slumbers," he added.

On his travels, the President said, people everywhere had greeted the league as the first thing in their interest.

"Select classes of men no longer direct the affairs of the world," said the President, "but the fortunes of the world are now in the hands of the plain people."

The wish of the people, therefore, must be heard. The war had swept away those old foundations by which small coteries had "used mankind as pawns in a game." Nothing but emancipation from the old system, he contended, would accomplish real peace.

The President said he had seen American soldiers in the street—soldiers who had come, not alone for war, but as "crusaders in a great cause." He added, "And I, like them, must be a crusader, whatever it costs to accomplish that end."

After declaring that the conference was for the purpose of a settlement arising out of the war, and to make

peace for the world, the President said:

"A League of Nations seems necessary for both purposes. There are many questions which we feel cannot ultimately be worked out here, that may require subsequent consideration, subsequent alterations even to some degree."

He described how the war burden was borne by the people as well as by the armies, and said:

"We are bidden by these sufferers to make peace secure for them and see to it that the strain need never be borne again."

Britain for It, Says Lloyd George.

Following the reading of a translation of President Wilson's speech, Premier Lloyd George said:

"I rise to second this resolution. After the noble speech of the American President, I feel that no observations are needed in order to commend this resolution to the Conference, and I should not have intervened at all, had it not been that I wished to state how emphatically the people of the British Empire are behind this proposal.

"And if the national leaders have not been able during the last five years to devote as much time as they would like to its advocacy, it is because their time and their energy have been absorbed in the exigencies of a terrible struggle.

"Had there been the slightest doubt in my mind as to the wisdom of this scheme, it would have vanished before an irresistible appeal made to me by the spectacle I witnessed last Sunday. I visited a region which but a few years ago was one of the fairest in an exceptionally fair land. I found it a ruin and a desolation.

"I drove for hours through a country which did not appear like the habitation of living men and women and children, but like the excavation of a province, shattered and torn. I went to one city, where I witnessed a scene of devastation that no indemnity can ever repair—one of the beautiful things of the world disfigured and defaced beyond repair.

"And one of the cruelest features to my mind was what I could see had happened—that Frenchmen, who love their land almost beyond any nation, in order to establish the justice of their cause had to assist the cruel enemy in demolishing their homes, and I felt that these are the results—only part of the results.

"Had I been there three months ago, I would have witnessed something that I dare not describe. But I saw acres of graves of the fallen. And these were the results of the only methods, the only organized methods, that civilized nations have ever attempted or established to settle disputes amongst each other. And my feeling was: Surely it is time that a saner plan for settling disputes between peoples ought to be established than this organized savagery.

"I don't know whether this will succeed. But if we attempt it, the attempt will be a success, and for that reason I second the proposal."

Italy's Premier Indorses Plan.

The Italian Premier, Vittorio Orlando, followed Lloyd George. He declared that no people were readier to accept the League of Nations in its entirety than the Italian people.

Leon Bourgeois, a veteran French supporter of the League of Nations, spoke next, pledging the French to do everything "that can help to put us on the road which has been pointed out by President Wilson."

"I should like to ask," said Premier Hughes of Australia, "if we are to have an opportunity to discuss this scheme when it is finished."

"Without any doubt," responded M. Clemenceau.

The Chinese delegates added their support to the resolution, saying that China associated herself in the lofty ideals expressed. The Polish delegates and Camille Huysmans, head of the Belgian delegation, added their strong approval.

"Is there any objection to the resolution?" asked M. Clemenceau. There was no response and he declared the resolution unanimously adopted.

M. Clemenceau then announced the composite committee, and the order of the names as announced makes President Wilson Chairman.

Louis Klotz of the French delegation proposed a financial section to the League of Nations, but the proposal finally went over.

M. Clemenceau proposed another plenary session on Monday for the selection of committees, and without division this was adopted. At 6 o'clock the council adjourned until 3 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Small Powers Make Demands.

The first sign of a division in the conference was when it proceeded to consider the four resolutions framed by the Council of the Great Powers, providing for committees on labor, responsibility for the war, reparation for damages, and ports, railways, and waterways.

Camille Huysmans, in behalf of Belgium, asked for two members on the Committees of Labor, Reparation, and the League of Nations, and one each on the others. Serbia made a similar request.

Brazil was more emphatic, declaring against "a cut-and-dried program," and saying that the conference should be master of its own decisions.

M. Venizelos said that Greece was entitled to membership on the Committees of Reparation and Ports. M. Bratiano, for Rumania, and Dr. Benes, for Czechoslovakia, as well as the delegations representing Portugal, China, Siam, and Poland, also asked for places on the committees.

It looked for a time as if the small nations had formed a bloc and would contest the decisions of the great powers to restrict the committees.

"We will have something to say," declared Dr. Benes, "in winding up the Austro-Hungarian Empire, and it is difficult to understand how any committee can act without information that the Czechoslovaks alone can give."

M. Bratiano added:

"The smaller nations have greater interests at stake than the great powers on many of these questions."

M. Clemenceau finally, in a good-tempered speech, said that the council had not imposed its decision, but had simply convoked the conference to consider the plan.

"After forty-eight years of public life," he said, "I am satisfied that the larger the committee is, the less it accomplishes. I beg the delegates not to waste time on questions of procedure when millions of men are waiting to be demobilized. Let us organize the committees at once, and so get to work. We have no desire to be unjust to any one, but wish to devise a procedure leading to rapid results."

M. Clemenceau's assurance that the council would consider the questions raised finally prevailed, and Belgium, on behalf of the smaller powers, withdrew the protests, saying that the position having been cleared they trusted to the fairness of the council.

The resolutions were adopted without change.

PARIS, Jan. 25, (Havas.)—At the Peace Conference this afternoon, the permanent Chairman, M. Clemenceau, read a resolution on the League of Nations to the effect that such a league was to be organized by international co-operation for the purpose of making secure international obligations and safeguarding the nations against war. The league would be an integral part of the peace treaty and would be open to all civilized nations favoring its aims.

The Conference appointed a commission representing the Associated Governments to elaborate a constitution for the league, including its prerogatives.

LEAGUE PLAN TO MOVE FAST.

Wilson Ready to Work Ten Hours a Day, He Tells Delegates.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Rapid and substantial strides toward the real objects of the Peace Conference are expected as a result of today's session.

With the League of Nations question formally before them for discussion, the delegates are expected to work continuously at the task, possibly ten hours a day. President Wilson, it is said, has told the delegates he would be willing to work ten hours a day until tangible results are ready for announcement to the world.

While much of the ensuing discussion will be in secret, according to the rule of procedure now in force, there is reason to believe that more sessions may be public than had been expected, especially while a League of Nations is being discussed.

Without any official outline of the President's plan for a league before the public, a comparison of what Premier Lloyd George has in mind with what the President may propose is only partly in order, but it may be said, on the authority of those in a position to know what is in the President's mind, that the British outline very generally accords with the principles toward which the American group has been working.

The outstanding principle, expressed in the British outline which declares that a distinction must be realized between justiciable disputes and non-justiciable disputes and that each State must be the final judge whether or not a dispute is justiciable, is taken in American circles to be quite in line with the developing opinion among all delegates. It has been reported previously that the point has been passed where the creation of a super-sovereignty had been considered feasible.

The general outlines of the British plan are taken in American quarters to be in consonance with the generally crystallizing idea here that the league probably will be projected as a sort of a guardianship for smaller nations, extending international assistance for the development and preservation of economic and financial, as well as military, sovereignty. It is pointed out in American circles, however, that a full measure of comparison cannot be made until President Wilson makes a statement on his own ideas, and that he is considering some phase which is not expressed in the British outline.

President Wilson has been giving the proposition almost continuous study, even though engaged in the study of the Russian question and other issues before the Supreme War Council, and has, it is said, his ideas definitely reduced to form in which they can be placed before the Peace Conference.

SEES ERA OF FORCE ENDED.

London Times Applauds Warning to Claimants by Supreme Council.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Commenting on the action of the Supreme War Council in issuing a warning to those who are using armed force in Europe and the East to enlarge their possessions before claims are finally adjusted, The Times says:

"The decisions of the Conference will rest on two sets of considerations and two only. The first set is the result of the war that was terminated by the armistice of November. The armistice ended once and for all the argument of force and for any of the parties to the great suit in international justice which is now opening in Paris to continue to appeal to force is contempt of court.

"The second set of considerations is made up of claims of justice. Various rival nationalities, who are now crying out their claims, are harking back to an era definitely closed by the defeat of Germany in which might was held to determine right. The great powers in the conference, having at the cost of incredible exertions and sacrifices overthrown that old band and set up a new tribunal of justice, must assert their authority against all appeals by violence. We do not mean that all claims that are being put out are necessarily claims that in themselves are unjust. But just or not they will be prejudiced by a continuance of violence. He who asks for justice must come into court with clean hands."

The Manchester Guardian welcomes the action of the Council. It says that some of the "many instances" referred to are notorious. It is well understood, the paper says, that it is painful to have to wait for satisfaction of national aspirations, often of long standing, "until the grain to feed them has been ground by such slow grinding mills as those of the Peace Conference."

"Great Britain's decision to leave such questions as the future of Mesopotamia, Palestine, and the German Colonies to the League of Nations is profoundly important," says The Daily News. "The adoption of such a policy by the British delegation has established the League in its true place in relation to the Peace Congress and invests the whole proceedings of the Congress with an atmosphere of confidence and good will, created by the refusal of a great nation to take advantage of the accident of military possession of valuable territory.

"If Great Britain is ready to give such an effective pledge of her faith in the League of Nations, no other power is left with an excuse for holding back. This decision may well prove to be the greatest victory of the war."

WOULD HAVE LEAGUE STATE SUFFRAGE VIEWS

But Wilson Tells Frenchwomen He Does Not Favor Putting Subject on League Program.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—President Wilson told a delegation of women, representing the working women of France, who called upon him today to urge that the Peace Conference include woman suffrage among the points of settlement, that, much as he sympathized with their cause, he felt that it was entirely a domestic question for the several nations.

He said that he believed that it would be regarded as quite outside the province of the Conference if it undertook to dictate to the several States what their internal policy should be."

The same situation, he added, applied to the question of labor, and it seemed to him that the conference would take some action by expressing its sentiments on these subjects.

"The conference," said the President, "is turning out to be a rather unwieldy body—a very large body, representing many nations, large and small, old and new, and the method of organizing its work successfully will, I am afraid, have to be worked out stage by stage. Therefore, I have no confident prediction to make as to the way in which it can take up questions of this sort."

The President, in his address to the women, paid tribute to the efforts of all women in winning the war, repeating that, as it had been a people's war, he stood for a people's peace. He added that the efforts and sacrifices of the women of France particularly had won the admiration of the world. He continued:

"The people won this war, not the Government, and the people must reap the benefits of this war. At every turn we must see to it that it is not an adjustment between Governments merely but an arrangement for the peace and security of men and women everywhere. Little obscure sufferings daily, unknown privations and unspoken sufferings of the heart are the tragical things of this war. They have been borne at the home, and the center of the home is woman.

"I welcome this opportunity to bring you this message, not from myself merely, but from the great people whom I represent."

LAST WARNING GIVEN TO FIGHTING ALLIES

Paris Council Will Use "the Big Stick" to Curb Boundary Disputes.

ITALY'S TRYING POSITION

Associated with Other Allies in Forbidding Hostilities While Her Troops Confront Jugoslavs.

By CHARLES H. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The statement issued by the five big powers, warning all nations to cease fighting among themselves over territory the rightful claims to which are to be determined by the Peace Conference itself, is based on the fact that the "firing of the last shot" in Europe on Nov. 11 was merely a pleasant figure of speech.

Literally, many shots have been fired every day since then in numerous boundary disputes among new and old States which technically are friends and Allies. If all the fighting that has been going on since the armistice had been concentrated between two nations it would make a very sizable war in itself, as measured by the standards existing prior to August, 1914.

But it has all been for nothing. Every drop of blood shed this Winter to push the claims of any State one inch beyond the limitations fixed tentatively on Nov. 11 has been shed in vain. More than that, there comes now the warning that "possession gained by force will seriously prejudice the claims of those who use such force."

I asked a French authority if any secret warnings had been given before this public one was sent out to the whole world.

"No," he said significantly, "this is the first and will be the last. It is what you call in America 'the big stick.' It is a very 'big stick.'"

Italy's troops are now opposed to those of the Jugoslavs on territory for which both have conflicting claims which must be settled by the Peace Conference in Paris, and nowhere else, and in no other way. The Italians and Jugoslavs have already had two actual encounters with bloodshed.

Another situation in which Italy figures, and from which hostilities were feared when the warning was given, grows out of her contest with Greece over Albania and the northern half of Epirus. Greek and Italian troops in both of these regions have been perilously near a clash because of the conflicting claims of their Governments.

Other nations to which the warning particularly applies, with a brief statement of the offending acts of each, are as follows:

The Czechoslovaks have been invading parts of Galicia in conflict with the Rumanians. The Rumanians and Serbians are fighting for possession of the disputed Province of the Banat, north of the Danube.

The Poles are invading German Poland, or Posen. This is entirely unnecessary, because Poland will undoubtedly get Posen when the time comes. It is pointed out here that she would have been making better use of her troops if she had used them in a more vigorous effort to hold back the Bolshevist invasion.

The King of the Hedjaz, who will get his Arabian State by peaceful means from the Paris Conference if he will only be patient, has not been fighting yet, but has offended by sending out military expeditions to take possession of territory before the boundaries of his kingdom have been determined.

Although the warning applies technically only to friendly nations, it is supposed to affect Hungary, who is also trying to use some force to save what she can from Rumanian-Czechoslovak encroachments.

This is also a supplementary warning to the various Russian Governments, which have been told that they must cease hostilities as a preliminary to the Marmora Conference. The representatives of several of those Governments in Paris have already intimated that they will disregard the action of the conference and will not participate in any parleys with the Bolsheviki.

Our Troops Barred from Disputes.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The warning issued yesterday by the Supreme Council that territorial claims must come before the Peace Conference unprejudiced by attempts at possession by force is very widely discussed here. It seems to be generally acknowledged that President Wilson was the author of the warning, and that he has a deep feeling in the matter because in at least one instance where small bodies of American troops were under other command they were used to push forward into a territory where the native population would not have tolerated the forces of any European power, but hailed the coming of the Americans with joy. In some of these cases, after the welcome had died down, the population awoke to find that the American troops had departed, and that their towns were in the possession of troops of another nationality.

The President, it is known, took summary action to prevent the use of American forces for such purposes. He has now obtained an agreement in the Peace Conference to warn all nations against such steps.

COSSACKS "LOSING SPIRITS."

Russian Embassy Says They Vainly Await Aid of Allies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The Russian Embassy today received and made public an offical cablegram from the All-Russian Government at Omsk to the effect that Bolshevist disorders in Siberia have been crushed; that the situation there is good and confidence in the new Government being strengthened, but the dispatch added that Cossacks on the southern Russian front are losing their "splendid spirit, having vainly awaited aid from the Allies for a year."

"The general situation at the front is favorable," the cablegram read. "On the Perm front, the Siberian troops are going splendidly. On the Ufa front temporary reverses were caused, owing to the troops lacking arms. This, however, has been remedied.

"On the southern front the situation is difficult. Orenburg is threatened by the Bolsheviki. The Cossacks there are losing their splendid spirits, having vainly awaited aid from the Allies for a year. To improve their morale, it is desirable that at least small detachments of foreign troops be sent to their assistance. This necessity is being brought to the attention of the Allies, but does not seem to be met with favor by them.

"The interior situation is good and the Government is gaining strongly owing to these favorable developments: Recognition of the Omsk Government by Denikin, (Commander in Chief of the Volunteer Army in the southern regions, with headquarters at Yekaterinodar,) who united all southern Russia; appointment of General Janin, (as commander of the forces of the Omsk Government, and formerly French commander of the Czechoslovak forces); favorable solution of the question of relations between General Janin, General Knox, and Admiral Kolchak; agreement as to allied assistance relative to the railways, which are badly disorganized; appointment of Sazonoff, (Foreign Minister of the Yekaterinodar Government as Foreign Minister of the Omsk Government,) and, finally, the expected settlement of the Semenoff incident.

"Confidence in the Government is strengthening on behalf of political parties, owing to the recent declarations which determine the political course and are favorably adopted by all.

"Feeble Bolshevist disorders which have occurred in several towns indicate that Bolshevism has been entirely crushed. The greatest difficulties still arise owing to the lack of monetary signs of merchandise and disorganization of transportation."

The embassy made public also the following cablegram from the Government of the Northern Regions at Archangel:

"By order of Tschaikovsky, President of the Provisional Government of the Northern Regions, Lieut. Gen. Miller has been appointed Governor General of the Northern Regions. Mr. Ignatieff has been appointed member of the Provisional Government in the capacity of Chief of the Department of the Interior.

"Government monopoly of leather has been abolished. Important measures concerning adjustment of land problems are being undertaken. Mobilization is being continued, non-commissioned officers being called up to 30 years of age. The victory of the Siberian troops has been solemnly celebrated in all the churches. The commissary arriving from Siberia communicated that Siberian troops were advancing toward the River Petokora and that their junction with the northern troops will take place shortly.

"Tschaikovsky is leaving for Paris to attend the conference there."

SAYS FRANCE FACES TRADE WAR WITH FOE

Hurley Predicts All German Energy Will Go Into Commerce—Sure France Can Compete.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—France now faces a commercial struggle with Germany, Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, said at a Franco-American dinner tonight, and must prepare to meet German competition which will be organized with the energies formerly devoted to making war. The end of the war, Mr. Hurley added, cannot be considered as having come until France is entirely rehabilitated commercially.

For twenty-five years, Mr. Hurley said, Germany devoted 50 per cent. of her efforts toward commercial lines and the rest to building up her great military machine. As no such machine will be permitted in the future, he added, all her efforts will be devoted to commerce.

"Say what you will about her methods," he declared, "she has demonstrated her efficiency in commerce, and with her whole effort devoted in the future to trade, the other nations of the world will always have a formidable competitor, no matter what restrictions it becomes advisable to put in her path. To solve this problem France must organize, as she cannot meet it by relying on isolated individual efforts."

French products, Mr. Hurley proposed, should be protected with a "Made in France" trade mark vigorously protected against infringement. Shipping, he said, must be furnished at fair and equal rates in order to give all nations an equal footing in manufacturing and selling genius. The American Shipping Board, he hoped, would be of assistance to France by furnishing ships to increase the French merchant marine.

"The commerce and authority of France," Mr. Hurley concluded, "are now free to make her a greater nation than she ever was before. You will, with your energy and skill, place her in a position in which the world wants her to be—one of the leading nations of commerce and industry. If the people of France will enthusiastically support their commercial and industrial leaders as they supported their gallant army, I have no fear that her devastated regions will be quickly rehabilitated and her trade and commerce restored as important factors throughout the world. Your commercial future and supremacy are before you. You have another duty to perform—to reorganize, to reoperate, to make the wheels of French industry turn again and thus become a great commercial power."

INSIST ON RHINE FRONTIER.

Even French Literary Men Express Annexationist Views to Wilson.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—A sample of the things that the French insist upon in their talks with President Wilson, as he receives one small group after another, is afforded by the conversation that four members of the Society of Men of Letters had with him on Wednesday. The four were: Georges Lecomte, President of the society; General Malleterre, the Abbé Wetterle, who represented Alsace-Lorraine for many years in the German Reichstag, and Firmin Roz.

Like so many others who have seen him, they told him that the Germans must be pushed back beyond the Rhine, not only in Alsace-Lorraine and the Sarre Valley immediately north, but from the entire left bank region. They told him they needed peace for their efforts as thinkers and their tasks as writers.

They believed his League of Nations was one safeguard of peace, but France, which had been invaded four times in a century, needed other security for its future, which could be afforded only by ridding the whole left bank in perpetuity of all German soldiers and fortifications.

Mr. Wilson made no comment.

WILSON TO VISIT RHEIMS TODAY

Plans Another Short Trip to the Battle Area Between Conference Sessions.

MAY SEE VERDUN NEXT

Mrs. Wilson and Admiral Grayson to Accompany Him—French Officer as Guide.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—President Wilson will have his first view on Sunday of the havoc wrought in Northern France by the Germans. On that day he will make the first of a series of short trips by going to Rheims, from which he will tour the surrounding district in an army motor car.

Later the President expects to make another visit to the battle area, probably the region of Verdun. He will go on a Sunday or some other day between the sessions of the Peace Conference when he feels he is not taking the time he thinks he should devote to business.

The President will take a very small party. It will include Mrs. Wilson, Rear Admiral Grayson, and a French Army officer who is familiar with the field and military operations that took place there, and who will explain the situation to the President as they go along.

Although the President has been strongly urged by the French authorities to visit the devastated districts as one of the first events of his visit to France, he has not considered that he has had the time until now. His views on the question of reparation by Germany have been fairly well defined by those about him, and what effect, if any, his visit to the ruined regions may have on his opinions in that regard is the subject of lively discussion among Frenchmen.

AMERICA AND BRITAIN AS HOPE OF OPPRESSED

Balfour's Vision of a Heart Union of the English-Speaking Peoples.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Arthur J. Balfour makes a striking pronouncement on the services which the United States and the British Empire can render to small and oppressed nations as joint trustees of civilization in a foreword which he has contributed to the first number of The Landmark, the new organ of an English-speaking union.

"That we shall always be friendly countries," he says, "I do not doubt, but that does not content me in the least. I want something much more than that. I want every member, every citizen of the British empire whether he lives in this small island or whether he belongs to the great British dominions over seas, and every citizen of the great American republic to feel that they are joint trustees for civilization and the world of those principles of peace and of liberty for which we are all struggling at this moment and I believe that that is what will happen, and I believe that the time will come when all small and oppressed nations will instinctively look, and not look in vain, to the all-powerful protection of international arrangements of which the heart—very heart and essence will be the union of soul, the union of sentiment, the union of belief of the great free English-speaking community now scattered over the whole world."

STRAUS OFF TO CONFERENCE

Will Represent League to Enforce Peace at Paris Discussions.

The White Star liner Lapland sailed at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Liverpool with 366 first, 241 second, and 235 third class passengers, which is the largest number taken from this port on any one steamship since the armistice was signed on Nov. 11.

One of the first cabin passengers was Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, widow of the former Ambassador to England, who is returning to continue her work there with the American Red Cross. Oscar S. Straus, Chairman of the League to Enforce Peace, who was accompanied by his wife, said that he was going over by invitation to confer with representatives of the league in England, France, and Italy.

Mr. Straus said that he expected to meet Lord Bryce, former British Ambassador to the United States; Lord Grey, and M. Bourgeois, former Premier of France.

When asked about his plans for the Peace Conference discussions at Paris, Mr. Straus replied:

"We shall stand behind the plan of President Wilson for a League of Nations and report to the league here, of which former President Taft is the head, in order to aid them in their propaganda throughout the United States, which begins soon. It is our purpose to translate victory in war into a victory in peace for our children and our children's children.

"I think yet it will serve its purpose for the League of Nations was built on The Hague Conference, but now it has the sanction of power behind it."

There were also on the Lapland a number of bankers, merchants, and business men including Frank Vanderlip, President of the National City Bank; Albert Strauss, Vice Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank, who said they were going over on a mission at the request of Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass. Other passengers were C. F. Kelley, President of the Anaconda Copper Mine; R. L. Agassiz, President of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company, and S. R. Guggenheim of the American Smelting and Refining Company, who said that it was the first time in four and a half years that any member of his firm had been to Europe.

An industrial commission appointed by Secretary of Labor Wilson to study industrial conditions abroad also sailed. The Secretary was at the pier to see the party off. The commission is headed by E. T. Gulacho of Chicago.

Just before the Lapland got away the liner Belgic, which had on board 100 American and British officers, 4,000 sacks of mails, and 18,000 tons of cargo, also got away for Liverpool.

NORTHCLIFFE ATTACK SEEN AS AID TO WILSON

Regarded as Club to Help Him Speed Up Work of Peace Conference.

BY CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The Northcliffe press editorial attack on the Peace Conference, including a side thrust at President Wilson, created a mild sensation, but in American circles this criticism was taken smilingly. Every one knows that President Wilson has been working sleeplessly to speed up action, and he is probably not disappointed at his inclusion in Northcliffe's general criticism of delay.

Until he went South for reasons of health, Northcliffe was working hand in glove with Colonel House, and it is shrewdly suspected that the present criticism is a piece of finesse with a club to help Wilson in his fight on procrastination in such a way as not to create feeling against the President among the dilly-dallying European diplomats. Wilson and Northcliffe share the same opinion regarding the danger of delay.

Today's communiqué's reference to the grab game being played in Southeastern Europe takes the bull by the horns in matters that have been causing serious concern for weeks past. The plain terms in which the Peace Conference deals indicate that patience at last is exhausted, and that acts committed in the intoxication of victory no longer will be tolerated.

It is believed that the tumult produced by the action of the conference in dealing with the Bolsheviki will soon subside and that the Prinkipos program will be duly carried out. The Russian problem is so difficult that whatever is done is bound to encounter objection.

Bolshevism is now considered the paramount peril, and inasmuch as military intervention is a measure from which every ally flinches, some other way out must be found.

In this connection there is apparent a slightly changed feeling regarding Germany and a disposition to watch the progress of movements there with an approach to an interest that is not bitterly hostile.

German stabilization on a democratic basis would undoubtedly be a big point in the game. It would confine Bolshevism within Russian limits. Any sticks are good enough to beat the dog with.

The forecast cabled you a week ago, showing the progress in American plans and predicting early results of a substantial character, is borne out by the growing confidence of insiders.

President Wilson has gained a strong position here, and such criticism as that of Senator Harding impairs it less than it would have done a month ago. In some ways such attacks actually help Wilson as suggesting that unless Europe receives help from the President she needn't expect it from any other quarter.

FILE NEW RUSSIAN PROTEST.

Loyal Organizations Here Will Continue to Fight Bolshevism.

The decision of the Peace Conference to propose parleys with all the Russian Governments is asserted to be a fatal and historical error in an advertisement published today and signed by the Executive Board of the General Committee of Russian National Defense, the Voluntary Association of the Russian Army and Navy Officers in the United States, and the Union of Russian Engineers.

The advertisement is in the form of a resolution, and it says that the decision of the allied Governments is likely to strengthen the Bolshevist cause at the very moment when Trotzky's régime is on the verge of complete collapse; "that, notwithstanding the decision of the Supreme Council, the loyal Russian organizations feel their duty and will continue their fight against the Russian Bolshevist traitors." "We are deeply convinced," it continues, "that the loyal Russian delegates should meet the Allies' representatives either in Paris or nowhere."

The statement asserts that it is the opinion of the organizations issuing it that the Bolsheviki in signing the Brest-Litovsk treaty committed treason to Russia; that it has been proved that Russian Soviet officials were on the payroll of the Imperial German Government; that the Bolsheviki have instituted a reign of terror; that they have abolished all the fundamental principles of liberty and civilization in Russia, and that it is contrary to the national dignity of the people of Russia to meet the allied representatives "somewhere in the back yard of Europe."

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VII. Magazine Section.
VIII. Review of Books Section.
IX. Classified Advertisements.

SEES PEACE LEAGUE AS OUR GREAT NEED

Senator Lewis Tells Pennsylvania Society America's After-War Danger Is Very Real.

HAS FEARS OF BOLSHEVISM

Must Maintain Principles of Monroe Doctrine and Right to Exclude Races.

Speaking last night at the twentieth annual dinner of the Pennsylvania Society at the Waldorf-Astoria on "The Perils to America of a Broken Peace," Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois, Senate whip, declared that there should be no illusions as to why the United States fights for a League of Nations to guarantee peace. "It is not only for France, Britain, or any other nation or people for whom we contend," he added. "It is for ourselves."

If there should be no League of Nations, said Senator Lewis, the United States would be in greater danger than ever in her history. If those who struck for liberty on the summons of this country should fail of their hopes for nationality, he said, and if the Allies should be thwarted "in their efforts to aggrandize their possessions and increase their bounties by any obstruction of our doctrine, these will be our secret enemies and sullenly wait for their hoped for hour."

There should be no surprise, he said, if the destruction of law and the anarchy of all government now rampant in the world shall take its course in Russia, Germany, Japan, and China, and as its first object of gratification turn with a compact of all against the one land each has had a grievance against.

The other speakers were Edouard de Billy, Deputy French High Commissioner; Baron E de Cartier, Minister of Belgium; Captain Alfred F. B. Carpenter, of the Cruiser Vindictive, engaged in the Zeebrugge affair; Governor W. C. Sproul, of Pennsylvania, and Rear Admiral Vincent Blue, U. S. N.

Mr. de Billy made James M. Beck, President of the society, who acted as Chairman, an officer of the Legion of Honor of France. He praised Mr. Beck's labors in behalf of the Allies, and particularly of France, and Mr. Beck responded in a short speech of thanks in which he promised to wear the decoration as his most cherished possession, and said he would bequeath it to his children as his richest legacy.

Mr. Beck read an appreciation of Theodore Roosevelt in the form of a tribute the late President paid to France when he spoke a year ago at the dinner of the society. Mr. Beck substituted the name of Colonel Roosevelt for that of France, and the words appeared to the 1,300 guests as suitable a tribute to Colonel Roosevelt as it was to France when rendered a year ago.

"If the temptations for the continuance of this form of assault and the prospect of rewards for success of power is to be unbroken, then these United States are today in greater danger than ever in her history," said Senator Lewis.

"Hear the truth of your situation. You are richer than any single nation on earth. You are less defended on your coasts than any other sea-bordering nation of the world. You have more deep-seated present envy and ancient grievances to contend against than any other people of any land. If those who were invited to conflict by our summons to rise and strike for liberty shall fall in all their hopes of nationality and much of their expected gains, their disappointment means added enmity to us. If the Allies and their auxiliaries shall be thwarted in any efforts to aggrandize their possessions and increase their bounties by any obstruction of our doctrines, these will be our secret enemies and sullenly wait their hoped-for hour.

"The enemies who were overcome—taking courage from the discontent and revolt of your former friends—will marshal themselves in any array or alliance to revenge their own humiliation. It will all be against us. Now, remember! We are no longer isolated—the air connects us with the uttermost parts of the earth. The inter-crossing airplane is the shuttle weaving distant worlds into one society of men.

"Let there be no surprise if the present sentiment of destruction of law and anarchy of all government, now rampant in the world, shall take its course in Russia, Germany, Japan, and China, with the hordes of their hundreds of millions, and as its first object of gratification turn with a compact of all these against the one land each has had a grievance against. We, the United States—where will we be without some understanding with the nations guided yet by the doctrines of humanity and the law of God? Shall we not have a prospect of great benefit and promise of protection in an assemblage made up of the resources of Canada to the north, South America to the south, and the peoples of the Atlantic Europe, who are of ties of blood and common interest?

"Then is it not for ourselves we prepare? Let us not disguise our tomorrows as we grope again in the blind delusion of our security that so nearly was our national undoing in the yesterdays fresh in our memory.

"It is not necessary that we consume the patience of people or the patriotism of our nation in the useless dispute over the details of the method of arrangement and of the limitations of authority to be granted to the joint tribunals. It is enough that we make a common arrangement that ever reserves our national and international basic principles—for us the Monroe Doctrine and privilege of regulating or excluding races that cannot amalgamate to American principles. We call for an association that provides mutual hopes of preservation founded on the one common insurance of co-operation to compose conflicts redress wrongs and punish violations of faith of those who break the peace.

"In this compact we covenant to avoid interference in the local concerns of any country—refuse to police by military methods the internal discords of foreign continents. On this league of complete understanding we can trust the new awakened sense of justice, we can commit the aroused indignation against world murder—and, fortified in the security infused by the widening and blood-baptized spirit of a Christian brotherhood, we can trust the future disposition of peace and good will to be administered to Governments.

"If these are not our joint safeguards, when united in common purpose, then confess that all we have spent, all we have endured, all we have suffered, for all we stood to gain is in the end but a black, hopeless loss. Only the resurrected soul of barbarism can admit this; only the depths of despair can confess it. Let us behold ourselves for what we are, see what we did, reflect on what we can be, and in the resolve to lead the course of future peace of men and happiness of men by a parliament of man and a federation of the world, bless God that we are Americans."

"We are entitled to ask for guarantees before believing in them," said Mr. de Billy in his address. "Democracy is not a formula, made of words. It is a reality in the minds of men. It means respect of each man's liberty and belief in progress through liberty.

"It also means that the chances are equal for every man, according to his natural gifts, whatever may be his birth or his wealth; that every man, and soon every woman, through the vote, has an equal action in the country's politics; that justice is the same for all.

"It is very important that we should stand firmly by these beliefs, especially now that the enemy, beaten by force of arms, is endeavoring to gain by public intrigue that advantage that he [illegible] by force."

WILSONS GIVE "TEA" FOR HOUSE WORKERS

Guards, Chauffeurs, Telephone Girls, and Servants Are Guests of President and Wife.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The "tea" given at the Paris White House this afternoon was an event the like of which the French capital had probably never seen. It was exclusively for the working men and women who surround the President and Mrs. Wilson during their stay here. Its purpose was to make them feel that they were members of the official family, no matter what their occupations.

The gendarmes who guard the Murat Palace gates, the Sergeants and buck privates of the American troops that patrol the inner grounds, the chauffeurs who drive the Presidential car about the streets as a happy relief from dispatch riding at the battlefront, the American telephone girls who operate the private exchange and in native fashion frequently protest that "The line is busy," all were there.

Some were bashful, some were completely overcome by stage fright, while others, quite at ease as they were received in democratic fashion and made to feel at home in the drawing rooms of the magnificent palace.

The President and Mrs. Wilson acted as hosts for an hour. The Sergeants of the French Guard gallantly introduced his men, as did the Sergeants of the American Guards. The telephone girls assisted their hostess in pouring tea and receiving the other guests. For the French guests chocolate was substituted for tea, but the Americans took real tea with cakes.

The President and Mrs. Wilson said afterward that the social venture was a genuine success. Their guests said that they were much pleased at their reception.

PRESIDENT ATTENDS OPERA.

Parisians Give Him Stirring Welcome at a Gala Performance.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—President Wilson went to the opera tonight to see a performance of "Castor and Pollux." It was the first time he had gone to a regular performance since he left Washington six weeks ago. The President took with him a very small party including Henry White, General Bliss and Rear Admiral Grayson.

The performance was put on in gala fashion and the audience apparently was a holiday one. Most of those present obviously came for two things—to see the President of the United States and the opera.

Though much of the vast auditorium was taken up by persons of official rank, there was still room for the public which waged merry war all day long with ticket speculators, who probably reaped a harvest as prices, reported by Americans who sought seats, were four or five times the normal.

The President and his party occupied one of the principal boxes and they were the center of attraction. When the President entered he received a tremendous demonstration. "The Star Spangled Banner" was sung and then the "Marseillaise" after which the performance began.

Once between the acts the President and Mrs. Wilson went behind the scenes and shook hands with the principals of the chorus and ballet.

BOLSHEVIKI CAPTURE UFA, IN THE URALS

Russians and Czechoslovaks Fall Back 140 Miles to Mountain Positions.

OMSK, Siberia, Jan. 20, (Associated Press.)—Ufa has fallen to the Bolsheviki, the reverse to the Russian and Czechoslovak forces there being said to be chiefly due to the failure of arms to arrive from Vladivostok. The troops which defended the city have fallen back to Zlatoust, 140 miles to the northeast, where they are making a courageous stand in the gorges of the Ural country. Thousands of rifles have arrived at the front, and have been rushed to Tcheliabinsk, which is not believed to be in danger, for the present at least.

Military experts here realize that the weak points on the Ural front are between Ufa and Tcheliabinsk, and, further south, at Orenburg, where General Dutoff's Cossacks are reported to be worn out by constant pressure from superior forces of Bolsheviki. Negotiations for the dispatch of allied contingents to Orenburg are now going on, but have not as yet been brought to a successful conclusion. The capture of Orenburg would give the Bolshevist control of the railroad running into a rich section of Turkestan and would increase their ability to resist allied and Russian forces.

Unconfirmed reports were received in London on Jan. 23 that Orenburg had been taken by the Bolsheviki.

Farther north Bolshevist forces driven back from Perm when General Gaida's Siberian and Czechoslovak troops took that city have been reorganized and are reported to be fighting desperately along the Kama River. The Bolsheviki are reported to be attempting an advance to the southeast of Perm, in the direction of Ekaterinburg. In spite of the fact that the Russian troops and their comrades are without sufficient clothing and have suffered great hardships, it is believed here that, with General Jules Janin, commander of the Czechoslovak army, in charge of military affairs, and with General Knox of the British Army looking after the equipment of the forces, the situation in this section is favorable.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Travelers reaching Copenhagen and Bergen from Northern Russia, according to advices received here, say that the Bolsheviki are attempting to raise an army of 2,000,000 men for a campaign in South Russia in the Spring.

VLADIVOSTOK, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—Orders forbidding political discussions by delegates of provincial Zemstvos, District Councils, and Town Dumas, in conference here, were read at the opening session today by Colonel Kutenko, commander of the Vladivostok fortress. The orders, which are credited to Admiral Kolchak, led to heated debates at the conference. M. Yakushef, a delegate from Irkutsk, said:

"The hopes of democracy are disappointed by the conservative turn of events at Omsk. The only possibility to recover them lies in action by the Zemstvos."

It is stated that antagonism to the Omsk Government will be the result of the incident.

The United States transport Warren, which arrived at noon today, was four days overdue. She was spoken seventy miles out three days ago, but was held up by a storm and lost wireless communication with the cruiser Brooklyn, which is here. The latter was about to start out to search for the transport when news came that she was safe.

RED FLEET DESTROYED?

Every Vessel Engaged in the Bombardment of Revel Reported Sunk.

LONDON, Jan. 24, (British Wireless Service.)—Bolshevist attempts to bombard Revel, the capital of Esthonia, from the sea have resulted in complete failure, according to reports received here. Every vessel in the Red fleet is said to have been sunk.

Riga was saved from attack by Bolsheviki and from disorders within the city by a British fleet which was sent into the Baltic late in December for the purpose of assisting British refugees to leave Russia. Threats of bombardment resulted in immediate representations by British army officers that they were there to keep order, and that they would depart as soon as assurance was given that anarchy would not break out. Bolshevist troops, which were expected to attack the town at any moment, deferred action.

According to stories told by men on board the British warships, the threat of bombardment was, for the most part, a "bluff," as the most the fleet could have done, it is said, would have been to smash up the town. It had the desired effect, however, and the commander of the warships was able to take away every British subject in safety.

SEES NO DANGER IN PEACE LEAGUE

Senator Hitchcock Tells Republican Club It Can Never Be a Super-Nation.

AUTOCRACY'S MENACE GONE

Predicts Formation of a Solemn Agreement to Bring Justice to the World.

Senator Gilbert M. Hitchcock of Nebraska, Democrat, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, speaking yesterday at the nonpartisan Saturday discussion at the Republican Club outlined his idea of what the proposed League of Nations might be expected to do, and said it was unthinkable that the United States or Great Britain would permit the league to become either a "supernation" or a "monster" that might crush them.

"I believe the world has entered a new era," Senator Hitchcock said. "I believe the old era has passed and that we do not yet appreciate the tremendous change. Before this war a League of Nations to preserve the peace of the world would have been impossible. When the war began in all the world there remained only three great empires autocratic in form and having as their chief idea conquest.

"One was the Austro-Hungarian Empire, a conquering nation throughout history; another the German Empire, based upon the idea of world conquest, and Russia, whose great dream was conquest toward the Pacific and down toward India and Persia. In all of those great empires a few men had the power for war or peace. Before the war what chance was there for an agreement among nations to put a stop to conquest? They could not have entered into anything of that sort, and if they had entered into it no one could have trusted them, because their very purpose was conquest. But they are gone, and there has been taken out of the world the great obstacle to an agreement among the nations for peace.

"To my mind, it is almost inconceivable that wars of conquest will ever come again in the world as long as it is necessary for representatives of the people in a parliament to actually vote the war."

Senator Hitchcock said he was not in position to define what the League of Nations was to be, but that it was possible to say what it was not to be. It was not, the Senator said, to be a super-nation, or a great military power with an army and a navy. Almost all of the assaults made upon the league idea, Mr. Hitchcock said, were based upon the thought that the league was to be a super-nation.

He gave it as his conception that the league would be a solemn international agreement for the purpose of establishing justice in the world.

The Senator said he could not conceive of an army or a navy great enough to compel the United States to live up to a treaty, but was sure that public opinion here, in Great Britain and France was powerful enough to compel each country to live up to any treaty made. He added that the League of Nations would have that force behind it.

The speaker cited the agreement of the United States, Great Britain, Japan and Russia, to safeguard the Pribiloff Island seals, as in reality a League of Nations. The league now contemplated, he said, was in principle the same as the Pribiloff convention, only wider in scope.

The reduction in taxation sure to follow the inauguration of the league was a big factor in favor of a world league, the Senator held.

Following Senator Hitchcock, the speakers were Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church; Professor Shailer Mathews of Chicago University, and ex-Judge James C. Jenkins, who spent twelve years on the bench in the Philippine Islands.

Dr. Manning said he had learned many things well worth knowing from the boys at Camp Upton while he was there as chaplain. He said that with the war at an end, the American people still had many things to stimulate them. Of these, he mentioned the fourteen points, and George Creel, both of which, he said, were calculated to keep us "guessing." He did not think there was any danger of Bolshevism here, but thought we should be on our guard.

Professor Mathews said that Germany had invented two words, "tag," and "kamerad," and that both meant surrender.

Judge Jenkins told of the big advance made by the inhabitants of the Philippines under the impetus of American control.

SUNK 120 U-BOATS WITH ENTIRE CREWS

Half the Men on the Other 83 Destroyed by the Allies Usually Perished.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Of the 203 German submarines lost during the war it is estimated semi-officially that 120 were sunk with all on board. On the average half the crews of the rest of the U-boats perished.

The complement of German submarines varied. Small boats had only thirty on board, while a boat of the cruiser type averaged fifty to sixty.

Of the fifty-nine British submarines lost, thirty-nine were destroyed by the enemy, four were interned by neutrals, seven were blown up in the Baltic Sea, four were sunk by accident on trial cruises and five were wrecked in collisions.

REDS OBJECT TO PARLEYS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

ward the Bolshevist régime that his own brother, a former Minister under the empire, is supposed to have been killed by the Bolsheviki. The Ambassador sought news of his brother's fate through Harold Scavenius, the Danish Minister to Russia, who reported that all his investigations had proved fruitless, as the Bolshevist massacres were conducted on such a wholesale scale, without even a semblance of trial, that the executioners themselves did not know the names of the victims.

Discussing Japan's attitude on the Russian question, Baron Makino, head of the Japanese delegation to the Peace Conference, said:

"Japan has everything to gain from a prosperous Russia. The richer and the more orderly she is the better customer she makes for our exports, we, in our turn, becoming a good market for the products she has to offer. Therefore, it is to our reciprocal advantage that peace and order be restored in Russia. It is with the greatest regret that we have witnessed the spread of revolt in Russia. Our chief wish is that normal conditions may soon prevail there. Any one who thinks that Japan can have any interest in seeing Russia suffer misfortune must be entirely unaware of the true feelings of the Japanese toward our great neighbor."

Welcomed by a Red Envoy.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 25, (Associated Press.)—Maxim Litvinoff, Bolshevist emissary here, says that the Bolsheviki will make it a condition of their attendance at the conference of the various Russian factions with allied representatives that full publicity in uncensored form be given the debates.

M. Litvinoff said he had had no communication with the Soviet Government regarding the invitation sent it to take part in the Marmora conference, and could only give his personal views. He said he welcomed the decision of the powers so far as it meant assistance and food to Russia's war-stricken and starving millions, but he thought the place chosen was a very undesirable one, and that many places, both within Russia and outside its borders, could have been found that would have been more suitable.

"Of the meeting itself," he added, "I do not think very much, and doubt if any result will come from it. It will only serve to enable every party to make known its views and aspirations. The Soviet Government, in my opinion, will make it a positive condition for its participation that full and uncensored publicity be given the discussions, which is just what the Entente will not consent to through fear."

CALL TO WORLD OVERTHROW.

Moscow Reds Summon Congress of 'New Revolutionary Internationale.'

ZURICH, Jan. 25.—According to reports received here from Moscow, the "International Communist Congress" there has decided to convoke the first congress of "a new revolutionary Internationale." The Communist Congress, it is stated, has drafted a manifesto setting forth a program based upon those of the German Spartacan Party and the Russian Communist and Bolshevist parties.

The document declares that the present is the period for the overthrow of the world's capitalistic system, and European culture with it. The task of the proletariat today, it says, is to take over governmental power, which must be placed in the hands of a dictatorship constituted by the class of small workers, peasants and agricultural laborers. This dictatorship, it is declared, must immediately expropriate capital and suppress private property, transferring it to the State. The first measure to that end, it is said, must be the disarmament of the bourgeoisie and its agents and the arming of the proletariat, which will have to begin an open armed conflict against the ruling power—capitalism.

The manifesto adds that in dealing with "social patriots who everywhere at the most critical moments oppose the revolution with arms" there is no alternative but to fight without mercy. It says it is necessary to rally together those sections of the proletariat which have given proof of their sympathy with the revolution.

REPUBLICAN FORCES WIN IN PORTUGAL

Monarchists Beaten at Lisbon and Other Points—Manuel's Aid Captured.

MADRID, Jan. 25.—The Portuguese Republicans have captured Monsanto Hill with a large number of Monarchist prisoners, according to dispatches from Lisbon. The remainder of the Monarchists are in flight, leaving their artillery behind. Among the prisoners was Ayres Ornellas, representative of former King Manuel. Count Monsuraz, chief for the "Integralists," was killed.

Republican forces at Coimbra have marched northward and defeated the Monarchists at Aveiro.

LISBON, Jan. 25, (Associated Press.)—An official statement issued tonight says that the insurgents tried in vain to induce the people of Viana, Castello, and Valenca to rise.

"The insurgents of Lisbon have been dislodged from Monsanto Hill," the statement continues, "and are being pursued by republican troops. Other republican troops concentrated in Edward VII. Park and at other points are cooperating in the pursuit of the fugitives. The rest of the country is calm.

"General Pellen, commanding the Lisbon garrison, has resigned because he was unable to make certain units leave their barracks. General Corteral, commanding the interned camp, and Lieut. Col. Cuna, Chief of Staff, have also resigned. They have been replaced by General Silveiro and Captain Doria.

"A sharp cannonade was resumed at dawn between Campo Libre and Monsanto Hill. The morale of the insurgents is low, owing to their reverses and want of food. Shells from Monsanto Hill struck a considerable number of houses inhabited by peaceable persons."

IRISH UNIONISTS SPLIT OVER ULSTER

Southern Members of Alliance Unable to Agree—Midleton Leads New Faction.

DUBLIN, Jan. 25—The meeting of the Irish Unionist Alliance on Friday resulted in a split of that body and the secession of its President, Viscount Midleton, and about 60 members. The cause of the dissension was a resolution proposed by Lord Midleton which, in effect, would exclude representatives of Ulster from the deliberations of the alliance on any home rule scheme involving the separation of Ulster from the rest of Ireland.

The alliance is an organization of Unionists in southern Ireland, among whom differences of opinion have existed for some time. The meeting yesterday applauded a letter from Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster Unionist leader, urging northern and southern Unionists to co-operate harmoniously, but ideas on harmony differed and Lord Midleton's proposal was rejected by a large majority. After the withdrawal of Lord Midleton and his followers they formed a new organization to be called the Unionist Anti-Partition League.

The military authorties have seized St. Enda's College, in Dublin County, founded by Patrick Pearse, who was executed in connection with the Easter rebellion in 1916.

Patrick Pearse, the "Provisional President of Ireland," was executed in London on May 3, 1916. At the time of the Easter rebellion he was in charge of St. Enda's, which he had founded after leaving the editorship of the Gaelic Journal. Thomas MacDonagh, who was executed at the same time, was assistant to Pearse at St. Enda's. The school was founded principally for the propagation of the Gaelic language and the Gaelic literature, on which subjects Pearse was an authority.

PETROGRAD SEEMS DOOMED TO PILLAGE

Reds Removing All Valuables to Other Cities—Report That Prisoners Will Be Shot.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 25.—According to a dispatch from Helsingfors, Petrograd now seems doomed to destruction. The evacuation has been prepared and the Bolsheviki are moving everything valuable from private houses, banks, and museums to Moscow or Nahn Novgorod.

The inhabitants are destined to be the victims of gangs of robbers from the jails and Lett deserters, while the interned prisoners will be shot.

SOVIET MISSION COMING.

On Its Way Here to Buy Vast Supplies of Agricultural Machinery.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 25.—A special dispatch to the National Tidende from Bergen says that a Soviet commission has passed through that city on the way to America, where it will try to buy agricultural machinery of the value of 40,000,000 rubles.

PREDICTS GERMAN TRADE IMPERIALISM

French Diplomat Says the Allies Must Take Steps to Thwart It.

NEED A STRONG POLAND

Yet Germans Are Hampering Its Creation—Danger of a Germanized Austria.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—However short the time it may last, and whatever may follow it, the Government now in power in Berlin is seen by the Allies to have a foreign policy sufficiently tangible and definite for other nations to take it into account in formulating their own policies.

This German foreign policy, as defined for me today by a member of the French Foreign Office, is imperialistic, not in a military sense primarily, but economically. It will be a continuing plan, especially if, as is expected in the near future, developments in Berlin bring into power a Government with a large Centre party, the influence of which stands for reforms of internal policy and for imperialism in foreign trade.

Among the immediate means taken to further this policy are the efforts to create a movement in German Austria for annexation to Germany and those to balk the plans of the Allies for establishing a strong Polish State.

"We easily deduct that such is the foreign policy of Germany," said my Foreign Office informant, "from the outstanding facts, and from the utterances of German statesmen. Ebert has said in private conversation, very recently, that Germany must have a policy for compensation in the east and south for her losses in the west. She knows that Alsace-Lorraine and the Sarre Valley are lost in the west, and that nowhere west of the Rhine will she be allowed to maintain any military force in the territory she may hold politically. So it is to the east and south that she looks for annexation and expansion.

"We must have a counter policy to that—I will not say a French, but an allied counter policy, because all the nations in the Peace Conference are in accord as to the end to be attained. The means have not yet been perfected and agreed upon.

Dangers to a Free Poland.

"As to French opinion of what the allied policy should be, it may be stated that something more material than assurances of good will from the Allies is necessary to assure us a strong Poland. She must have economic assistance, perhaps military support.

"The first step has been taken in authorising an allied commission to investigate the whole Polish situation. Pichon is to write instructions for that commission. If it learns that allied troops are indispensable, it is to be hoped that the Allies will agree to send them with as much harmony as they have shown in agreeing to a conference with the Russians at the Princes' Islands.

"In the meantime Germany is going ahead and doing all in her power to impede the creation of a united Polish State. She is doing that to back her foreign policy of economic imperialism for two reasons. In the first place, the loss of Posen and Upper Silesia, with their wheat and coal products, would be a severe blow to Germany. In the second, a firmly constituted Poland would prove a permanent barrier to German expansion to the east.

"Germany is doing very tangible things in this direction, against which we should have assured ourselves before ceasing hostilities on the western front. To the north of Poland Germany is helping the Bolsheviki. To the south she is doing everything possible to embitter the quarrel between the Poles and Ukrainians. That is, she is manoeuvring successfully to keep Poland fully occupied to the north and south, while on the west she is massing her own divisions to hold Posen.

Sees Peril in German Austria.

"As to Germany's policy to the south of her own territory, it is equally a menace to the Allies. She must not be allowed to annex the German part of what was Austria. The Allies can take that stand without violating the principle of self-determination by nationalities. The people of that country do not wish to be part of Germany, but German agents are making headway in propaganda to have it appear so.

The Allies could help themselves in this matter by an early decision as to what should be the total bill that Germany must pay for damages and war indemnities. When that figure is known it is not likely that any part of German Austria will desire to join Germany to be saddled with a big share of her great war bill."

PREMIER PRAISES AMERICA.

British Journalists to Sell Tribute by Lloyd George Here.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—In an autographed message to British newspaper men in support of a Victory Matinée to be given at the London Coliseum on Feb. 2 under the auspices of the National Union of Journalists, Premier Lloyd George writes:

"The British nation is full of admiration and gratitude for the way in which the United States took her part in winning the victory for the freedom of the world and the welfare of mankind. This co-operation has served to give additional and permanent strength to the bonds of friendship and sympathy which exist between the people of the United States and those of the British Empire."

It is proposed by the Journalists' Union to offer the Premier's letter for sale at a New York theatre simultaneously with the sale of an autographed copy of President Wilson's "fourteen points" at the Coliseum here.

ARGENTINA DEPORTS REDS.

Fourteen Hundred Maximalists Put Aboard a Cruiser.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 25.—Fourteen hundred prisoners charged with Maximalist activities are on board a cruiser here awaiting deportation, according to secret service operatives.

The majority of them are Russian Jews. Some Spaniards are among the number.

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BROADWAY AT FORTY-NINTH STREET

OUR ARMY SECOND IN SIZE ON NOV. 11

France Had 2,559,000 Men at Front and America 1,950,000, March Says.

1,718,000 IN BRITISH RANKS

Totals Are of Ration Strength, or Actual Number of Men Who Had to be Fed.

TROOPS IN RUSSIA RETIRE

Americans Suffer 38 Casualties in Skirmish—814,579 Soldiers Have Been Released.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—America had the second largest allied army on the Western front when the armistice was signed, according to announcement made today by General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff. France stood first with 2,559,000 men, the United States second with 1,950,000 men, and England third with 1,718,000 men, including Portuguese. This is an official statement of the situation, and is quite different from predictions made a year ago by German military critics that in any event the United States would not be able to place more than 600,000 men in Europe.

"We now have fairly complete reports of the strength of the allied forces on the western front at the time of the armistice," said General March, "and we find from these reports that the United States force had passed the force of Great Britain in strength, and was the second force in strength on Nov. 11. These figures, which I am going to give you are the 'ration strength,' meaning they include every man who had to be fed—combatant, noncombatant, medical men, services of supply men, &c.

"The French on Nov. 11 had 2,559,000; the United States on Nov. 11 had 1,950,000 on the western front; the British, including the Portuguese, who were serving with them, 1,718,000; and the Belgian and Italian forces, on the western front, amounting to about 200,000."

General March made public official information just received from Archangel showing the American troops on that front have been forced by Bolshevist attacks to retire and take up a new position.

Retirement in Russia.

"We have reports from Archangel," said General March, "which were received here on Jan. 24 and have been decoded. We had at Shenkursk a force which, at last reports, consisted of a detachment of British, two American companies, and two Russian companies. Manifestly this force has had out in that vicinity small patrols at times. The towns mentioned in the report are so small that we cannot find them on our largest maps. The force at Shenkursk was attacked on three sides, and the report which was received at Archangel that day stated that they were forced to evacuate.

"The troops at a place called Ust-Pedenga, which I cannot find on the map, were also compelled to evacuate under attacks by strong Bolshevist forces. Our troops took up a position midway between Shenkursk and Ust-Pedenga. Under attacks of 1,000 of enemy troops we retreated from Tania to a point ten miles away therefrom. Tana is eighteen miles west of Shenkursk.

"Under an attack from 200 of the enemy forces we retreated from Kodema, which is twenty-five miles from Shenkursk, to a point within thirteen miles of that town. The enemy has strong patrols from Shegovari to Tania. Shegovari is twenty miles north of Tania and to the right of Shenkursk.

"The Americans lost ten enlisted men killed in action, seventeen wounded, and eleven missing in the retirement. Near Ust-Pedenga, and later at Shegovari, an enemy attack on the west was repulsed."

"Do we plan," was asked, "to reinforce the American unit in Russia in view of the fact that it seems to be retiring?"

"Shenkursk," replied General March, "as scaled on the map, is apparently 100 miles from Archangel, and the allied forces representing four governments, and the Russians, five governments, have up there a force large enough to reinforce these men or have them fall back on them and hold the situation."

Marshal Foch in Command.

General March was asked whether any recommendation has been received concerning the withdrawal of the American forces from the Archangel front.

"The force now at Archangel," he said, "was put in there by the allied governments on the recommendation of Marshal Foch, and the military handling of that unit was thereupon turned over to the Supreme Commander; and whatever is done concerning reinforcing the unit will be done by him. The Allies agreed upon a British Commander in Chief, and at the last reports he was in the front lines inspecting his troops, and I assume that the military part of it is in hand."

When General March was asked whether anything had been received indicating when General Pershing would return to the United States, he said:

"We have nothing on that rumor. Of course, if General Pershing wants to come back and asks the War Department his request will be approved at once, but as far we have not been notified by General Pershing that he has any desire to come home."

General March was asked how many German ships would be available for use by the United States under the new arrangement.

"Mr. Hurley," he replied, "cabled the Secretary of War to the effect that negotiations were proceeding very favorably, and that he would be able in a day or two to report just what ships would be available."

Concerning the process of demobilization, General March said:

"The discharge of officers and men has been proceeding during the last week so that on Jan. 24 57,866 officers and 858,187 men were discharged. These figures include incomplete reports for the past week which are supposed to get in complete tonight. There have been ordered for discharge in classes which I will give to the stenographer 1,300,000. The British demobilization has been speeded up, and from Nov. 11 to Jan. 19 12,759 officers and in all other ranks 511,950 were discharged."

Were French Fourrager.

It was pointed out to General March that a report from abroad stated that many of the American soldiers in Europe, including officers, are wearing decorations to which they are not entitled, sometimes unknowingly on their part. When asked whether there had been any complaint about that he replied:

"There was a statement made to me within the last two days that some American enlisted man had been seen on the street wearing a French fourrager. It later developed that he was a marine. This particular decoration, according to the French military attaché, is only given to units which have been cited six times, and there are only a very limited number of people in the world who are entitled to wear this. Inasmuch as the man was not a member of the army we suggested that the matter be taken up with the head of the Marine Corps, and that is the only case which has been brought to my attention.

"The nonreceipt of mail from the American Expeditionary Force," continued General March, "has been a subject of comment, and after some correspondence with General Pershing, he has had printed a number of postcards so that one can be put into the hands of every single member of the A. E. F.—officers and men—with orders to send it home to his nearest relative. On the card will be a statement as to where the man or officer is, his condition as to health, &c., and we hope that if we can't persuade the members of the A. E. F. to write long letters home we will at least be able to get some information in the hands of every relative in the United States, if it can be done.

"Some misunderstanding of an order that has been issued by the War Department concerning the divisional insignia which are worn on the sleeves of men who have served with dividions in France has arisen. These insignia are very different in character, and the Department has taken the ground that every man who belongs to a division which is to be demobilized, whether he comes over individually or whether he comes across with his division, will be allowed to retain the insignia which he wore in France to indicate the division to which he belonged.

Retention of Insignia.

"The order as issued said that these men would be allowed to retain such insignia up to the time of their demobilization for the reason that the War Department has no control over them after demobilization. When they are discharged they become civilians, and can wear the uniform by law, and can wear anything on it they please, so the idea of the Department was not to prohibit the use of these division insignia after the men get out of the service, but the phraseology was simply misunderstood because the question was also up as to whether regular officers and soldiers who return to their own units should keep on wearing the insignia.

"This was decided by saying that such people when they returned to their own units should wear the regular army uniform, but all divisions raised from the National Guard or National Army will be allowed to retain their insignia.

"The War Department during the week has suspended the war limits of punishment for officers and enlisted men serving at home. During the war sentences of great severity were imposed for serious offenses like desertion or absence without leave. Conditions in the United States having returned practically to normal we have stopped in the United States and the Philippine Islands war punishment for military offenses.

"This merely means that we are reverting the United States proper and the Philippines to the general order which the President issued before the war in which he indicated the maximum limits of punishment in times of peace. Conditions in Archangel, Siberia, and in France where we still have an Army of Occupation, are wartime conditions and this does not apply to them. And, of course, this does not apply to persons who are serving sentences at the present time. The only way in which a man can be affected whose sentence has been approved is by the exercise of clemency by the President.

"There has been prepared in the War Department for many weeks a weekly summary of important activities which has been substantially what we have given the House and Senate Military Affairs Committees every week since my return from France. It has occurred to me that some of the correspondents would like to have facts upon which to base their stories, and I have no objection at any time to turn over to him this confidential information. I mean give him these charts of activities, &c., which are gotten up for my information and the information of the Secretary of War. These may be obtained on my order, and if any correspondent wishes them I would gladly let him have any order upon application."

Latest Data on Muster Out.

General March made public a table based on official reports showing, according to the latest data on hand, that up to and including Jan. 18, the discharge of 814,579 men was accomplished as follows:

Camp.	Up to Jan. 11.	Week Ended Jan. 18.
Beauregard	8,824	1,694
Benning	165	50
Bowie	6,006	867
Cody	2,907	252
Custer	14,052	5,636
Devens	20,458	4,394
Dix	28,780	4,283
Dodge	31,852	4,063
Forrest	2,568	73
Fremont	3,513	417
Funston	21,410	2,910
Garden City	4,940	...
Gordon	18,573	2,190
Grant	33,884	6,018
Greene	7,277	782
Greenleaf	5,578	550
Hancock	8,761	1,418
Hoboken	1,708	24
Humphreys	8,956	865
Jackson	12,915	880
Johnston	5,758	415
Kearny	3,424	687
Kendrick	1,161	1
Las Casas	7,208	158
Lee	37,868	1,842
Lewis	7,073	1,868
Logan	2,150	212
MacArthur	7,897	764
McClellan	9,384	1,063
Meade	16,978	2,704
Meigs	4,850	564
Mills	3,096	47
Mcarae	1,180	9
Newport News	8,941	320
Pike	27,008	2,695
Custer	7,406	214
Shelby	1,463	762
Sheridan	3,160	383
Sherman	30,756	4,010
Fort Sill	1,194	51
Syracuse	59	6
Taylor	44,632	3,462
Travis	12,560	1,078
Upton	18,790	2,225
Vancouver Barracks	7,835	969
Wadsworth	5,039	318
Wheeler	7,368	74
Central Department	75,963	9,019
Eastern Department	58,190	1,387
Northeastern Department	15,404	569
Southeastern Department	22,451	1,527
Southern Department	12,730	1,725
Western Department	22,266	1,381
Hawaiian Department	61	...
General hospitals	1,210	211
Recruit depots	13,554	1,035
Arsenals	1,602	186
Disciplinary barracks	30	9
War prison barracks	7	15
Miscellaneous	1,050	428
Total	738,144	76,435
Grand total	814,579	
Early reports week ending Jan. 25, 1919	43,008	
Total	858,187	

CRUSHED BY DERRICK.

One Man Killed, Capt. Eaton and Another Man Hurt, at Stamford.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Jan. 25.—Andrew K. Olaszar of Euclid Avenue, Stamford, was killed, Captain Frank Eaton was seriously injured, and Arthur Waters of Mamaroneck, N. Y., was less seriously injured at the Luders Marine Construction Company's shipyard here today when a derrick which was being used to lower a twenty-five-ton boiler into a tugboat fell on them. The tugboat is being built for the United States Government.

The injured men were friends of Rabbi Stephen S. Wise of New York, who worked at the Luders yard several weeks last Summer.

E.M.GATTLE & CO
Platinumsmiths 630 FIFTH AVE Jewelers

Our Remounting Specialists are prepared to transform Old Jewelry into Modern Gattle Creations

Opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Final Clearance Sales MONDAY

Women's Winter Suits
Fur Trimmed or Without Fur

A Limited Number at

33.00

Heretofore $45.00 to $79.50

Tailored Suits of wool velour, silvertone or Rayonner cloth in this season's desirable models, in navy, brown, taupe or black.

WOMEN'S SUIT SHOP—*Balcony Floor*

Women's Fur Collared Coats
Roll or large shawl collars

A Limited Number at

45.00

Heretofore $59.50 to $79.50

This season's desirable models of silvertone or suede wool velour, silver tip Bolivia, crystal cord or pebble cloth; silk lined and warmly interlined.

WOMEN'S COAT SHOP—Fourth Floor

Final Clearance Sale

"PARFAIT" and "La SUPREME"

Women's Corsets

"La Supreme" Corsets
Waistline model, for slight or medium figures, of pink broche, elastic band top. *Heretofore $7.00* **4.00**

"Parfait" Corsets
Of pink broche, for medium or full figures, low bust and long skirt; elastic insert at lower front. *Heretofore $10.00* **5.00**

"Parfait" Corsets
For medium or tall figures, of pink broche, low bust model, long skirt, flat back, elastic gore at lower front. *Heretofore $12.50* **6.00**

WOMEN'S CORSET SHOP—Balcony Floor

OVER THREE THOUSAND GIRLS AND WOMEN
have been placed by us in positions paying
From $12 to $35 Per Week.
Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you.
Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building.
Branches: Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Women's and Misses'
White Kid Gloves
Embroidered Backs

One clasp white kid gloves; colored embroidered backs, pique sewn.

Heretofore $2.75 **1.50**

Women's Spring Capes
Also Wraps and Coat-Wraps

Paris and our own exclusive interpretations of Spring capes, wrap-coats with half sleeves and dolman wraps in varying lengths, also mannish types of top-coats.

39.50 to 295.00

For General Utility, Motoring or Sport Wear

Women's Leather Coats
Of Genuine Leather

Introducing a new fashion—leather coats in natural tan or black. The models are in new lengths; smart box or cape coats or belted coats with flaring backs; lined throughout with dovetore cloth. **42.00**

Important Style Questions

ALL the feminine world is on tip-toe to know what Fashion has decreed will be the mode for the approaching season.

Will the silhouette be slender?
Will the skirts be long and narrow?
Will the box coat predominate?
Will the long tunics be in favor?
Will the hats be large or small?
New materials?
New colorings?

And so on through the multitudinous style questions that arise at the beginning of a new season.

You can have all of these questions answered—answered authentically—authoritatively—in our Individual Shops. And the answers are translated into the loviest apparel imaginable.

A New Spring Fashion

BLOUSE SUIT

Makes Its Debut in the Women's Suit Shop

58.00

As illustrated—of wool tricotine in navy, beige, rookie or black, with wide belt of satin folds; panel vest of silk brocade; ankle length skirt.

Other New Model

Women's Spring Suits
Of Silk or Wool Fabrics

39.50 to 295.00

Spring Gowns for Women
Featuring gracefully slender lines

Original Paris models, replicas, adaptations also our exclusive originations; flowered chiffon, silk faille, plain or flowered Georgette are given prominence for dressy models; distinctive wool dresses are smartly tailored; evening gowns of rich brocades, silks, nets or spangles.

29.50 to 295.00

Women's Tricolette Gowns
Gold and silver metallic embroidered

A distinctive feature of this new Spring model is the narrow roll collar and wide border on tunic, daintily silver or gold metallic emb'd, on black, navy or taupe tricolette; belt ties into sash at back. **68.00**

Exclusive Millinery
For Women and Misses

Shown in the French Shop, Fourth Floor, our own interpretation of Watteau, Cloche, Directoire or "Chanticleer" models, with many variations of the sailor and turban, all expressing in material, trimming and workmanship a perfect mingling of good taste and smartness.

16.00 to 145.00

White Silk Shirts
For Women and Misses

Made like a man's shirt with finely tucked bosom and link cuffs. One of our own "full swing" models, which may be worn comfortably by the woman who participates in sports as well as the one who just looks on. **9.75**

SPRING SPORT TOGS for WOMEN and MISSES

Sport and Trotteur Skirts

New pockets, new belts and new trimmings characterize the plaited and straightline models, of flannel, plaid worsted, Fan-ta-si silk, tricolette, baronette, Georgette and organdie; white, pastel or street colorings.

12.75 to 39.50

Riding Habits

Correct ready-to-wear coat and breeches or side saddle habits with that precision of tailoring required by equestrienne apparel; Oxford, brown or green melton, shepherd checks or gabardine in brown, green or navy.

39.50 to 65.00

Silk Sport Sweaters

New weaves and gay colorings in pure silk sweaters; coat and slip-over models, featuring the becoming cowl collar, patent leather belts and fringe trimming. A new brocaded silk weave in self-tone makes its debut.

24.50 to 45.00

Oxfords and Boots

Smart new Spring models for golf, tennis, yachting and the great outdoors; of white buckskin or white rheinskin cloth, also of tan Russia calf; white rubber, natural or white leather soles; low sport heels.

6.00 to 12.00

PARIS CAR STRIKE IS QUICKLY ENDED

Government Takes Over Subway, 'Bus, and Other Lines, and Men Go Back to Work.

GENERAL TIEUP ON FRIDAY

Hundreds of Thousands Forced to Walk—Hints of Bolshevism Causing the Trouble.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The strike on the transportation lines of Paris came to an end today when the employes of the various companies, after the Government had announced it would requisition transport facilities, decided to go back to work.

The Government, in requisitioning the subway, street car, and automobile 'bus systems, announced that it was impossible to admit even the temporary suspension of transportation facilities in the capital.

At a meeting this afternoon the employes of the subway and street railway companies adopted a resolution declaring they had decided "to respond to the requisition, it being understood that negotiations will be opened immediately with the companies, or the Government, which has substituted itself for them."

The union leaders declared the employes were ready to answer any appeal made to them. Work was resumed progressively this afternoon, and normal conditions will obtain on Sunday.

M. Raoul, Secretary of the Metropolitan Subway Employes' Union, speaking at the meeting of the employes this morning, said:

"You have driven the companies to a regime of requisition which is no cause for rejoicing on the part of the companies. The negotiations will continue under new conditions, under the aegis of governmental arbitration which gives you a solid guarantee. It is to your interest to resume work, leaving it to your delegates to continue the negotiations under conditions which represent for you a brilliant victory."

Up to the time the Government took its action there had been no material change in the strike situation. Some trains were running on the subway and reduced service had been promised for some of the street car and bus lines. Several American ambulances were seen carrying passengers.

Strike Came Suddenly Friday.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—In the small hours this morning 3,000 subway employes decided by a practically unanimous vote to join the strike voted at 1:30 A. M. by the Omnibus Street Car Federation.

The suddenness of the move and the fact that the transportation services should have begun to function at 5 A. M. rendered it impossible for the employers to take measures to maintain the service today. The utmost that could be done was to warn the police and insure protection of the subway stations and street car depots by armed guards. But hundreds of thousands of Paris workers were compelled to traverse on foot the two or three miles separating the suburbs from the centre of the city. Toward 10 o'clock it was possible to reopen a considerably reduced service on several street car lines and on two auto bus routes, all vehicles bearing two armed policemen, one beside the driver and the other on the rear platform.

There naturally was a rush for the cars at the starting points, and the sight of the crowded cars stopping only at important junction points only served to exasperate the walking multitude, which until then had accepted the situation with proverbial Parisian good humor.

The men's representatives declared that their demands—which include an extra two francs in addition to the five already accorded to meet the increased cost of living, a higher pension, shorter hours and certain reforms on the subject of permanency of individual positions—were more than justified. They cited cases of men earning 11 to 14 francs for ten or even eleven hours' work per diem, on which at the present scale of prices it is simply impossible to nourish and clothe a family of four persons. The street car and omnibus employes in particular complained that the employers had shown an intention of taking advantage of the flood of cheaper labor released by the army demobilization.

The real significance of the movement appears to be that it is an expression of fear that the employers may use the demobilization as a weapon against the labor organizations. The men imagined they saw danger coming and declared the sudden strike to anticipate and avert it.

Hints of Bolshevism.

There is grave anxiety about the intentions of the aviation workers. Strikes have been more or less sporadic in the aviation factories ever since Loucheur crushed the big organized movement by a threat to militarize the whole industry. One of the principal employers said he regarded the situation as highly serious, and, indeed, hardly concealed his expectation that a general aviation strike was little more than a matter of hours.

Numerous inquiries were made today as to the possibility that anything in the nature of Bolshevist action was underlying the whole trouble. There are ominous whispers to that effect in many directions, but so far nothing tangible has developed. At the same time it is known that there has been a great deal of underground propaganda of a Bolshevist character among the workers both in Paris and throughout the industrial regions of the Rhone Valley, and it cannot be doubted that a very extensive organization which fomented both the civil and military troubles in the early Summer of 1917 was only scotched and not killed by the removal of those comparatively few of its leaders who were caught and brought to justice.

In well-informed circles the possibility of concerted underground wirepulling is regarded as the gravest feature of the situation. But confidence in Clemenceau is very great and it is pointed out that no such movement can become really harmful if opposed with firmness from the outset.

The French public certainly has no sympathy with Bolshevism, and the example of Berlin is quoted as proof both of the danger in vacillation instead of action and the success of strong measures even after the Bolshevist movement gained full headway. The mass of the Parisian public has as yet little inkling or thought of the factors that may underlie the strike. Everyone has had such thorough proof of the present cost of living that there is a general inclination to agree with any demand for a raise in wages. Travelers on the subways—into which they are jammed at rush hours in a manner that would startle even New York—cannot understand how the companies are not making huge profits under the present system of greatly reduced number of trains and a big percentage of female labor, whose wage rates are still barely equivalent to that paid to males before the war, and the earlier closing hours which obviate service at a time when passengers are least numerous. It may therefore be said that despite the inconvenience the public sympathy is mostly on the side of the employes.

MILITARY POLICE IN RAID.

Racing Charts, Poker Chips, and 7 Prisoners Taken Near Belmont Park

MINEOLA, L. I., Jan. 25.—One of the most spectacular raids in Nassau County in years took place this afternoon when fifteen heavily armed members of the military police and some of Nassau County's detectives, headed by District Attorney Charles R. Weeks and Captain Louis H. Bulsch of the military police at Camp Mills, swooped down upon an alleged gambling establishment on the Floral Park Road, opposite the Belmont Park race track. There were about 125 men in large rooms in the hotel, according to the raiders, who confiscated racing charts, poker chips, and a dozen telephones, the latter found in a smaller room upstairs. Seven of the men were later held in $1,000 bail each by Justice of the Peace Neu, at Lynbrook, charged with maintaining a gambling establishment.

They gave their names as Jacob Straus, alleged proprietor of the place, John Willis, John Raymond, John Delalong, Abram Jacobs, Walter Higgins and Harry Ohwein. They pleaded not guilty and their examinations were fixed for Saturday next.

District Attorney Weeks said he had received numerous complaints of a pool room near the Belmont track and he had Detective John Pringle and his men investigate.

Captain Bulsch said he had been told that soldiers had been playing the races somewhere in Nassau County, and after a consultation with the District Attorney it was decided to raid the hotel yesterday afternoon. No soldiers were found in the place, according to the District Attorney and Captain Bulsch.

SEEK TO INSTALL STATE SOCIALISM

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

have succeeded in amending the State Constitution in such a manner that the State or any political subdivision may engage in it and all kinds of private enterprise of employment. Also, another amendment permits issuance of State bonds up to $10,000,000 for the establishment of its industries, while additional bonds may be issued when secured by real estate mortgages. This last provision is aimed to permit the establishment of a system of rural credit directed and operated by the State.

An Industrial Commission.

The league has introduced a bill which creates an industrial commission of three members—the Governor, the Attorney General, and the Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor. By giving the Governor veto power, the Governor is, in effect, the whole commission, for nothing ordered or done by the other two commission members is binding until approved by the Governor. This commission is authorized to conduct and operate any and all industrial enterprises the State may establish. Its appointees as head of the proposed State Bank and as Director of the proposed elevator and milling interests may be removed with or without cause at any time.

The State Bank scheme is regarded as the pivotal measure. Without the bank, which is to be capitalized at $2,000,000, the funds being obtained by the issuance of State bonds, the Nonpartisan League President, A. C. Townley, says it would be impossible to carry the program to completion. By virtue of his power on the Industrial Board, the Governor would locate such bank, name all its officers, and direct its every activity.

Under the Banking bill introduced all public moneys are required to be deposited in the State Bank. This constitutes a fund of about $25,000,000, collected in taxes each year, while control of many millions more in the State Board of School and University Land fund, created by land grants from the Government and established for the benefit of schools and higher institutions, will pass to the bank. It also is proposed to force into the State Bank about $40,000,000 carried by State banks in the form of reserves in Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Chicago banks.

Deposits from private parties may also be received, and as an inducement for such deposits provision is made that deposits in the State Bank shall be free from taxation.

The $2,000,000 issue authorized for the bank capital is placed in the hands of the Industrial Commission, to be sold in amounts from $5 to $10,000. The bond issue specifically provides that the bank may purchase out of its own deposits the bonds which make up its capital stock.

The privilege of making loans to the State Industrial Commission is given to the bank, likewise power to transfer moneys from one fund to another, the occasion may arise. The bank also would conduct a rural credits department by issuing bonds against real estate mortgages, this department to operate somewhat along the plan of the Federal Farm Loan Bank.

Elevators and Flour Mills.

With their bank in operation, the nonpartisans would begin the establishment of their terminal elevator and flour mill scheme. This provides for a $5,000,000 bond issue, the bonds to be sold by the State Industrial Commission. All powers with respect to the establishment and operation of the system are placed in the hands of the Industrial Commission, while the Governor, with the powers granted him, becomes the actual directing head of the system. The commission would locate elevators and mills at its own discretion, no legislative interference being anticipated on that point.

The only bill so far introduced directly authorizing a bond issue is that covering the capital stock of the bank. That bill provides that such bonds, with interest, are to be paid from the profits of the bank, with a further provision for an elaborate scheme of State taxation by which to raise the necessary funds if the bank profits should fail to come up to expectations.

Another industrial bill that will be introduced will relate to the lignite mine problem. It is proposed that the State shall ultimately engage in the mining business on an extensive scale, but preliminary to this it is proposed to make investigations of the commercial possibilities in the lignite coal business.

To carry this program into effect will require about 50 per cent. more revenue for State purposes than has formerly been collected. This will be obtained under the Administration plan, by the enactment of an income tax on a graduated basis, by which earned incomes of $10,000 would be subject to a 6 per cent. tax, while "unearned" incomes, which means incomes received from stocks, bonds, mortgages, &c., would bear a 10 per cent. tax. The tax begins at $1,000 incomes for single men and $2,000 for married men. A straight income tax on corporations of 3 per cent. is contemplated.

Another bill is the Excise Corporation tax, while still another contemplates a direct tax of 50 cents on each $1,000 unit value of corporation stock.

Tax on Sound Speculation.

To force idle land into crops, it is proposed to assess them on the basis of 100 per cent. of their actual value, while railroads and public utilities corporations would take the same rate. Land that is cropped would be assessed at 50 per cent. of its actual value. The nonpartisans believe that this system of taxation would force land out of the hands of the speculators and into the hands of actual farmers, as the tax would be such a heavy penalty as to make it unprofitable to hold land out of cultivation.

The theory of the single tax is also worked out by the exemption from taxation of all improvements on agricultural lands, while in cities it is proposed to exempt from taxation improvements worth up to $2,500, provided that the total value of such improvements does not exceed $5,000. If they exceed $5,000 value the owner must pay tax on the entire property.

To place the taxing machinery directly in the hands of the Governor, in accordance with the Socialist theories of President A. C. Townley and his adviser, Walter Thomas Mills, who is here from Texas, the Tax Commission of three members is abolished, and a single Tax Commissioner substituted, that officer to be subject to removal at the will of the Governor.

Gross income taxes on railroads, oil line companies, &c., also are contemplated, while a registration tax on mortgage filings is proposed in addition.

The Non-Partisan League program is being worked out by the caucus system. Members of the Legislature elected as non-partisans entered the caucus bound to carry out its orders. In the caucus, which is secret, Townley and Mills have outlined their program, and it has the caucus approval.

A Workmen's Compensation act, the creation of a State Insurance Department, in which the State would carry its own insurance on public buildings; a Coal Mine Inspection act, and numerous similar measures, are contemplated by the Administration.

WAR AGENCY TO DISBAND.

Protective League Division Here Will Break Up Feb. 1.

The New York Division of the American Protective League, a volunteer organization which aided the Federal Department of Justice in combating enemy propaganda, will disband on Feb. 1, the event being marked by a dinner next Friday night at the Hotel Astor. According to an announcement made last night, the New York section investigated more than 90,000 cases with a staff of about 4,500 men, many of them well-known business men, but whose names never were connected with any Government investigation.

The league itself had more than 250,000 members when the armistice was signed, each working without pay and meeting his own expenses. The clerical work incident to the investigations was borne by the members jointly, this item in the New York Division running up to $80,000, it was said. The local work was in charge of Chief E. H. Rushmore.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Special Sale Monday

Fur Coats of Distinction
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

Women's Hudson Seal Coats — 195.00
A collection of unusual models in various styles. Formerly 245.00 to 275.00

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats — 225.00
30 to 36 inch long coats in a number of smart models. Formerly 275.00 to 295.00

Women's Hudson Seal Coats — 245.00
45 inch long model of select dyed muskrat pelts. Large shawl collar and cuffs. Formerly 350.00 to 375.00

Women's Taupe Squirrel Coats — 245.00
Several distinctive styles made from fine selected pelts. Formerly 350.00

At Reduced Prices Monday
NO C. O. D.'S, EXCHANGES, CREDITS, MAIL ORDERS

Short Kid Gloves — 1.25
Regularly 1.75 & 2.00. Odd sizes in white and pearl.

Tan Street Gloves — 1.50
Regularly 2.00. One clasp gloves, PXM sewn.

White Chamoisette Gloves — .85
Regularly 1.00. Short white washable gloves.

Novelty Silk Hose — 2.95
3 Pairs 8.75 Each. Including openwork insteps or clox, black only.

Medium Silk Hose — 1.65
3 Pairs 4.85 Each. Reinforced lisle garter tops and soles. Black, white, brown, beige, navy.

Plain & Rib Silk Hose — 1.25
3 Pairs 3.65 Each. Lisle garter tops and soles, plain or Richelieu rib in black only.

Fibre Silk Sweaters & Middies — 8.75
Various styles in all shades. Formerly 10.00 & 11.75

Imported Shetland Spencers — 2.50
In gray only. Regularly 3.75

Confiners and Brassieres — 1.00 to 4.95
Formerly 1.75 to 10.00. In lace-and-embroidery, lace and silk or crepe de chine, open front or back styles.

Front and Back Lace Corsets — 3.95
Formerly 6.50 to 8.50. Lace back corsets in an assortment of "Bontell" models in broches and satin. Gossard front lace corsets of novelty batiste in shell pink.

VEILINGS
.50 Formerly .75 — 1.50 Formerly 2.50
Imported veilings in plain and novelty effects including diamond and octagon meshes and velvet dots.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.
The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

NECKWEAR
2.95 Formerly 5.00 to 9.50
Odd pieces in collar and cuff sets, collars of Georgette Crepe, satin bibs, high neck linen guimpes, etc.

Pre-Inventory Clearance Sale

Women's & Misses' Winter Apparel in All Departments Throughout the Establishment
At Greatly Reduced Prices
NO C. O. D.'S EXCHANGES CREDITS MAIL ORDERS

About Two Hundred
WOMEN'S PLAIN and FUR TRIMMED SUITS

Women's Tailored Suits — 34.00
Formerly 39.50 to 59.50. Silvertone, velour and duvet de laine in strictly and demi-tailored models.

Women's Plain & Fur Trim'd Suits — 44.00
Formerly 65.00 to 85.00. A collection of some of the season's most desirable styles in velour and silvertone.

Women's Cloth & Velveteen Suits — 64.00
Formerly 89.50 to 125.00. An assortment of smart exclusive modes in soft suitings and velveteen. Handsomely fur-trimmed.

Women's Costume Suits — 125.00
Formerly 175.00 to 250.00. In duvetyn and velour. Fur trimming of beaver, skunk, Hudson seal.

SPORTS APPAREL
(INDIVIDUALIZED DEPT.—THIRD FLOOR)

Cloth Sport Coats — Reduced to 15.00
One or two coats of a kind in a variety of novelty mixture cloths.

Plaid and Tweed Coats — 25.00
Formerly 42.50 to 59.50. A limited collection of sport coats in a variety of appropriate novelty cloths.

Fur Collar Tweed Coats — 40.00
Formerly 75.00. Overplaided coatings with large collars of raccoon.

MISSES' FROCKS, SUITS and COATS

Misses' Wool Knit Frocks — 28.00
Formerly 39.50 to 49.50. For skating and general sports wear.

Misses' Velveteen & Velour Frocks — 36.00
Formerly 45.00 to 65.00. A collection of various styles.

Misses' Afternoon & Evening Frocks — 60.00
Formerly 75.00 to 110.00. Chiffon, lace, tulle, silk, velvet.

Misses' Winter Coats — 38.00
Formerly 55.00 to 69.50. Velour, pompom, bolivia, crystal cord.

Misses' Winter Coats — 26.00
Formerly 39.75. In velour coatings and zibelines.

Misses' Jersey & Tweed Suits — 28.00
Formerly 45.00. Appropriate for college and school service.

Misses' Velveteen & Cloth Suits — 44.00
Formerly 89.50. Trimmed with fashionable furs.

To Close Out—All Odd Pieces
FRENCH and PHILIPPINE HANDMADE and CREPE de CHINE UNDERGARMENTS
At Further Price Reductions

HANDMADE UNDERGARMENTS
Including Chemises, Nightgowns, Combinations and Corset Covers in a collection of odd pieces.
Formerly up to 3.00 — 1.50
Formerly up to 3.75 — 2.25
Formerly up to 6.95 — 3.95
Formerly up to 7.50 — 4.75
Formerly up to 8.95 — 5.95
Formerly up to 10.75 — 6.95
Formerly up to 14.50 — 8.95

CREPE de CHINE UNDERGARMENTS
A collection which includes odd pieces in Nightgowns, Chemises and Drawers.
Formerly up to 3.00 — 1.85
Formerly up to 4.00 — 2.75
Formerly up to 6.00 — 3.75
Formerly up to 6.95 — 4.85
Formerly up to 9.75 — 6.95
Formerly up to 12.75 — 8.95
Formerly up to 18.50 — 11.75

To Close Out About Two Hundred
NEGLIGEES and BOUDOIR ROBES
Discontinued Styles—Greatly Reduced

8.95	18.50	29.50	49.00	69.00
Formerly up to 13.75	Formerly up to 37.50	Formerly 45.00 to 59.00	Formerly 69.00 to 89.00	Formerly 85.00 to 125.00

Small Groups & Broken Sizes
DRESS and WALKING BOOTS
For Women and Misses—To Close Out
5.75
Included in this sale are boots of patent leather, all black or brown kid—or with white kid tops. Also black or brown Russia calf.

About Three Hundred & Fifty
WOMEN'S COATS, CAPES and WRAP-COATS

Women's Winter Coats — 25.00
Formerly 39.50 to 59.50. Velour, silvertone coatings and corduroy.

Women's Fur Trim'd Coats — 37.00
Formerly 59.50 to 75.00. Velour, duotones, silvertone, marcella, loupine. Some with self collars.

Women's Fur Trim'd Coats — 56.00
Formerly 79.50 to 95.00. Velour, duvet de laine, silvertone, frost-glow, English velour. Some with self collar.

Women's Fur Trim'd Coats — 75.00
Formerly 110.00 to 145.00. Exclusive models in bolivia, silvertone, Evora cloth and some of velveteen.

4 Bolivia Wrap-Coats — Formerly 85.00 — 65.00
Handsome model with nutria collars.

7 Velour Coats — 125.00 — 85.00
Collar and cuffs of taupe wolf.

3 Duvetyn Capes — 185.00 — 95.00
Deer and brown. High chocker collars of beaver.

2 Evening Wraps — 145.00 — 95.00
In evening shades of velvet.

4 Duvetyn Wraps — 195.00 — 110.00
Nutria fur trimming.

3 Evora Wraps — 195.00 — 110.00
Skunk fur trimming.

1 Evora Coat — 195.00 — 110.00
Raccoon collar and border.

2 Fur Trim'd Satin Coats — 275.00 — 135.00
Deep border, collar, cuffs of Nutria or Hudson Seal.

5 Duvetyn Wrap-Coats — 195.00 — 135.00
Large shawl collar of natural squirrel.

3 Evening Wraps — 225.00 to 265.00 — 150.00
High color velvet—fur trimmed.

5 Duvetyn Coats — 210.00 — 165.00
Shawl collar and cuffs in squirrel or beaver.

2 Duvetyn Coats — 225.00 — 165.00
Wide fur border collar and cuffs.

2 Velveteen Wrap-Coats — 275.00 — 165.00
Deep borders, collars and cuffs of fur.

1 Duvetyn Wrap — 295.00 — 165.00
Flame color—Scotch mole border, collar, cuffs.

3 Duvetyn Capes — 275.00 — 165.00
Borders of nutria fur. Stole collars.

5 Duvetyn Wraps — 225.00 — 165.00
Squirrel or beaver collars and cuffs.

2 Duvetyn Capes — 265.00 — 165.00
Deep collar of mole or squirrel.

ANTI-DRYS ORGANIZE FORCES FOR ACTION

Plan to Perfect National Association Regardless of Result at Albany.

SOLDIERS ASK FOR FREEDOM

Farmers Inquire How Revenue Will Be Made Up and If Farms Will Be Taxed.

The Association Opposed to National Prohibition was busy yesterday with plans to defeat the Anti-Saloon League in its efforts to bring about the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment by the State Senate at Albany next Tuesday. The officers and members of the new organization frankly admit that they have not had experience with State Legislatures as the officers and agents of the league have had, and that they are watching the movements of William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, and his associates very carefully. Furthermore, the new association, they say, has not a great deal of money for perfectly legitimate campaign expenses, while, its officers understand, the coffers of the league are full. The lineup at Albany a day or two ago indicated that only one vote was needed to effect ratification by the Senate.

But no matter what happens at Albany on Tuesday, the new association will go right ahead in perfecting its national organization, according to Frank A. K. Boland, its general counsel. Indeed, Mr. Boland said yesterday, the association could do nothing else, in view of the thousands who have rallied to its support and have asked to be enrolled in its membership. Besides letters offering all sorts of suggestions and apport, there were received at the association's headquarters in the Cambridge Building, Thirty-third Street and Fifth Avenue, yesterday petitions of protest against the methods used in bringing about the ratification of the amendment containing more than 25,000 signatures.

Yesterday, for the first time, the association heard to large number from returned soldiers of the American Expeditionary Force. Every soldier who wrote asked permission to join the organization. They contrasted conditions in England and in France with the threatened condition here, and, as one put it, "It's all well enough to talk about freedom of the seas and get you to fight, but what about the personal liberty of those who did the fighting when they get home!"

Soldier Denounces Prohibition.

A Brooklyn soldier wrote: "I volunteered my services as a soldier for Uncle Sam to help 'make the world safe for democracy' and freedom. Am I now to sit idly by and permit freedom to be denied me? I hope not. I know that this amendment, if it becomes a part of the Constitution, is but the forerunner of other laws that will deprive us of the one thing that has made this country as great as it is—freedom. Take that away, and what is left for us to boast of and fight for? Nothing."

The association is beginning to hear also from the farmers. The chief executives of many State granges have written to James Wood, Chairman of the association, asking for some estimate of the amount of revenue that will be lost to the Government from the several States in which the granges are located, if there shall be nation-wide prohibition, and if that revenue will have to be made up by additional taxes on farm lands. Mr. Woods said yesterday that the association had not anticipated such inquiries, and had not established a tax accounting department, but the letters suggested the need of both and that if many more such questions come in, there will be a sufficient force to answer them. In the cases of the letters received, he said, accurate information as to the tax situation in the States from which the communications came would be obtained and forwarded to the writers.

In the course of a statement given out last night by William H. Hirst, attorney for the New York Brewers' Association, and counsel for the Society of Restaurateurs of New York, he said:

> The Senate will do the people of New State a great disfavor and grievous wrong if it concurs in the action of the Assembly on the National Prohibition Amendment. Ratification means that the State abandons its sovereignty and surrenders its police power in a most vital matter. It institutes an opening wedge for the ultimate destruction of the Federal system of Government. The people of New York State voted against just that thing last election. The fact that enough States are reported to have ratified the Amendment to put it into effect makes rejection of it by New York State all the more imperative. This is so in order to reserve to the State a position of advantage, consistency and strength when the time comes, as it surely will, that its people will appeal to the United States Supreme Court to upset and rescind the unconstitutional and unwarranted interference by other States with the internal police affairs of New York State.

William H. Anderson issued the following statement last night:

> The statement emanating from Albany to the effect that the Anti-Saloon League was surprised by the proposal to make the Excise Commissioner the official to enforce the prohibition law is a mistake. The Anti-Saloon League never had any intention except to turn the excise department into a prohibition department and to make the Excise Commissioner the Commissioner of Prohibition. This plan was originated by the Anti-Saloon League a year ago in the emergency Prohibition bill then proposed, and this is the plan being followed by the National League, which is proposing to put national enforcement under the jurisdiction of the Internal Revenue Commissioner, who occupies a position corresponding to that of the Excise Commissioner in this State. The league believes that the Excise Commissioner's department has been honestly and efficiently administered and that it would be foolish to undertake to build up a new department when there was already in existence something with experience, personnel, and equipment that can readily be converted to the new use. The Anti-Saloon League will not put anything in the way of any legislative plan for enforcement, providing the Commissioner is given an adequate law and sufficient power and assistance to enforce it.

TELLS OF FALSE DIAGNOSES.

Dr. Jackson Says Foreign Substances Often Mislead Physicians.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 25.—Many physicians were misled by the presence of unsuspected foreign substances in lung cavities and rushed patients to California and other distant places to recover from purely imaginary tuberculosis, declared Dr. Chevalier Q. Jackson of Pittsburgh in an address today before the American Röntgen Ray Society at the Hotel Traymore. He advocated that persons believed to have bronchial affections should submit to the Röntgen ray at least once a year.

In a résumé of doctors' errors, Dr. Jackson told of the discovery of an inverted staple in a man who had been under treatment for tuberculosis for eighteen months, and of the finding of the top of an atomizer in a patient who had spent much time in California. He said that the rays had discovered an umbrella tip in the body of a daughter of a physician after the girl had been an invalid for six years, of the location of a six-penny nail which caused "unmistakable symptoms" of tuberculosis, and of the finding of tacks which also confused the diagnosticians.

Dr. Charles A. Waters, United States Army Medical Corps, declared that thousands of American soldiers had been saved in France by the use of the most modern methods of locating bullets and shell splinters. He declared that speed by the American surgeons also saved many lives and that when the Marines stopped the Germans at Chateau-Thierry, the American surgeons passed wounded at the rate of one every day.

DENIES GALVESTON FLED.

Daniels Issues Statement on Torpedoing of the Ticonderoga.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Secretary Daniels today issued a statement dealing with the manner in which the transport Ticonderoga was left to her fate by the cruiser Galveston, which The Providence Journal alleged, ran away when a submarine attacked the Ticonderoga. The statement, based on the report made by the commanding officer of the Galveston, follows:

"On the morning of Sept. 30, 1918, the U. S. S. Galveston was acting as escort for a convoy of about fourteen vessels bound for England.

"The convoy was about 1,400 miles off the English coast, the Galveston at that time being ahead and on the right flank of the convoy and the course being about northeast. An army cargo ship, Feltore, was known to be about two miles south of the convoy.

"A short time before daylight, about 5 A. M., the Galveston saw a gun flash on the starboard bow distant about five or six miles. She changed course and ran toward the flash and opened fire with five-inch gun. It was thought at first that the Feltore was being attacked, but this soon proved to be not so. A few minutes after opening fire the Galveston saw a second set of gun flashes, which were very close together and made it dangerous to continue firing, due to the possibility of hitting a friendly vessel, and immediately after cessation of the gun flashes the Galveston ceased firing.

"The Galveston did not know that the Ticonderoga had fallen out of convoy and supposed that the vessel attacked was probably a westbound empty merchant vessel. It was noticed that a fire broke out on the vessel, but it appeared that the fire was soon extinguished. The Galveston returned to her position with the convoy and after checking up the ships it was found that the Ticonderoga was missing and it was then supposed that the attack had been made on the Ticonderoga.

"The commanding officer states that due to the large number of men in the engineer's force who were sick with influenza it had been necessary to reduce his boiler power, and if he remained absent from the convoy any great length of time he would be unable to rejoin, and the submarine would, therefore, have good opportunity of attacking the other vessels of the convoy; that he did not know the ship attacked was from his convoy, and that it was his first duty to remain with the large number of ships in the convoy rather than to remain longer with the ship being attacked, and that he thought to proceed with her convoy.'

"The commanding officer states that his general instructions were that 'if one or more ships in convoy are torpedoed or mined the "Ocean Escort" is to precede with her convoy.'

"The reports from the survivors of the Ticonderoga state that during the night of Sept. 29 and 30, the Ticonderoga had fallen out of her position in the convoy, due to difficulty in maintaining steam sufficient to keep up her speed.

"A court of inquiry is in session to investigate occurrences on the Ticonderoga."

THRONG HEARS MAX ROSEN.

Violinist Charms in Playing of Little Pieces Touched with Sentiment.

Max Rosen, the violinist, whose romantic career here and abroad, no less than his fine sense of beauty in music, invites popular interest wherever he has appeared, drew another of his great audiences at his first recital of the season last evening in Carnegie Hall, where he had to add many encores to his program. He had for his more exacting and technical numbers two concertos by Nardini and Paganini, with Emanuel Balaban at the piano, and later Leopold Auer's difficult concert tarantelle.

The audience took pleasure in little pieces touched with sentiment or story, such as the Schumann-Auer "Bird as Prophet," Kreisler's "Tambourin Chinois," Godowsky's "Legende," and Cotenet's "Chanson Meditation," and at the end the crowd still asked for more.

ARGENTINE JEWS PROTEST.

Complain of Persecution During Outbreak and Ask Protection.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 25.—A large group of representative Israelites visited President Irigoyen today to protest against the treatment of Jews. The Grand Rabbi, in an address to the President, said:

"During the recent disturbance Jews were the victims of unjust atrocities and inexcusable insults. Under the suspicion that some Russians were among the agitators the entire Jewish population, without distinction as to age or sex, were persecuted and maltreated, without the slightest respect even toward women, children, or the aged, leaving an adverse and hostile atmosphere against the entire Jewish population throughout the republic, which still exposes us to new attacks and reprisals at any moment under any pretext."

The rabbi begged for the punishment of those responsible and pleaded for justice for "an important portion of the population, which is peaceful and industrious and has always contributed to the moral and economic progress of the republic." He asked that special precautions be taken to protect Jews in the provinces where persecutions are reported, and this President Irigoyen promised.

For the last two days the Chamber of Deputies has devoted its sessions to a discussion of the recent anti-Jewish outbreak, demanding an explanation from the Government as to just what happened, how many victims there were and why there was so much silence and mystery. It was charged in the Chamber that the Jews had been persecuted and that innocent persons had suffered.

As indicative of the feeling here, a rabbi today was followed for several blocks through the business district by a crowd of hooting and jeering boys. Many other persons jeered the rabbi from doors and windows as he passed.

MORE CLASHES IN BERLIN.

Many Casualties Reported in Fighting on Thursday.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—There were numerous casualties in heavy fighting between Spartacides and Government forces in Berlin on Thursday night, says an Amsterdam dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

The fighting was mostly in the vicinity of the newspaper offices and at the Anhalt Station.

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC

SPECIAL SALE

Fine French Lingerie

At Greatly Reduced Prices

These dainty undergarments, developed in Batiste, Linen, Crepe de Chine and Chiffon, include all our newest models.

Nightgowns,	from 6.00
Corset Covers,	" 3.50
Chemises,	" 5.00
Petticoats,	" 7.75

FIFTH AVENUE AT 45TH ST.

Frle' Heller

Just one of many new and stunning models—this little Sailor, with a tiny bandeau, gracefully and smartly adorns the head, showing much of the hair on one side. Dainty ostrich tip forms a trimming at the back. It is made in satin and in straw, and is priced at $20.00.

Also announcing a special showing of heavily embroidered satin Turbans.

2 East 46th Street
A Step from the Avenue

47-49-51 West 42d Street

Renard

Sale Starts Monday, 9 A. M.

All Sales Final

Great Clearance Sale

DRESSES & COATS for WOMEN & MISSES

Entire Stock Greatly Reduced

MANY ITEMS FAR BELOW COST

Smart Frocks Formerly to 35.00

Many new Spring models in fine Serges, Taffeta, Satins and Velveteens; tucked, draped, embroidered or braid bound. Consider that the material and trimmings cost more wholesale than the price at which they are offered by us. Black, Blue, Burgundy, Taupe, Reindeer, Brown, Green and Navy—all sizes from 14 to 46. No one will be disappointed at this closing out sale which will be the talk of the town! 12.95

175 Afternoon Frocks
formerly to $39.75
Newest Georgettes, Satins, Crepe Meteors, Embroidered and Tailored Serges, Velour, etc.—in the season's most desired shades.
Closing Out at 16.50

165 New Daytime Frocks
formerly up to $45.00
Georgettes, Satins, Fine Serges, Taffetas. The season's most attractive colors: Navy, Black, Henna, Copen, etc.
Closing Out at 19.75

110 Magnificent Frocks
formerly to $49.50
Very exclusive models and Finest Materials. Georgette, Taffeta, Crepe Satin, Nets. Finest Quality Serges, Georgette, Tricolette, Jersey, Tricotine, in Navy, Burgundy, Henna, Taupe, Copen, Green, Brown, Blue and Black.
Closing Out at 25.00

90 Afternoon & Street Gowns
formerly up to $65
All Remaining High Cost Models regardless of former prices. A few Dresses worth up to $100. Fine Satin, Georgette, Tricolettes, Tricotine, Crepe Satin. Unquestionably the most exclusive collection ever shown.
Closing Out at 35.00

Extraordinary Coat Bargains

An immense assortment of smart new models, belted and loose back effects, in Bolivia, Wool Velour, Pom Pom, etc., with large shawl collars, of Sealine, Nutria and Taupe Nutria. Some with fur cuffs. Noticeable features are the fine silk linings. (Some are pussy willow.) Interlined throughout, including the sleeves. If made to order they could not be better finished. About 15 different models, and a variety of colors—Black, Blue Taupe, Reindeer, Brown, Green, etc.
formerly up to $65
CLOSING OUT AT 27.50

Fashionable Spring Modes in

Women's and Misses' Tailored Suits

Of Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Gabardine, Serge, Worsted Checks and Silk Duvetyn; semi-fitted, box coat, Russian Blouse and Custom Tailored Suits, lined with plain or fancy Silks

39.75 45.00 55.00 78.00 and up

New York Brooklyn Philadelphia

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

Cleveland Buffalo Newark

34th Street—New York

Important Sale Prepared for Monday

Beaded Georgette Frocks

For Women and Misses

29.75

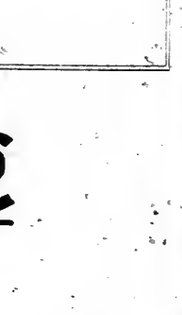
New Spring Models Offering Unusual Values

Straight-line model of Georgette Crepe, beaded in novel design; Alsatian Blue, Navy, Henna, Reindeer and Taupe. *Special* 29.75

Elaborately beaded model of Georgette Crepe, divided tunic, Oriental sleeve; Pearl Gray, Navy, Taupe, Henna, Copen, Brown, Burgundy, Black, Flesh, White. *Special* 38.00

Other distinctive models of Charmeuse, Silk Net, Taffeta, Silk Poplin and Tricolette in the newest shades—elaborately beaded or embroidered effects.

29.75 38.00 59.75 78.00 and up



38.00

Will Close Out Monday

375 Fur-Trimmed Velour Cloth Coats

For Women and Misses

Reduced from 39.75 25.00

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

34th Street---New York

Extraordinary Sale of Fur Coats

Australian Seal Coats (*dyed Coney*), 45 inches; shawl self collar and cuffs. *Reduced to* 98.00

Natural Muskrat Coats, 30 inches long. Self collar and cuffs. *Reduced to* 110.00

Hudson Seal Coats (*dyed Muskrat*), 30 inches long. Nutria or self collar and cuffs. *Reduced to* 165.00

Natural or Taupe Nutria Coats, 36 inches long, large self shawl collar, cuffs and border. *Reduced to* 165.00

Genuine Mole Coats, 30 inches long; youthful belted model; large shawl self collar and cuffs. *Reduced to* 195.00

Natural Nutria Coats, 45 inches long; self shawl collar and cuffs. *Reduced to* 195.00

Natural Mink Wrap Coat
1,500.00

Genuine Mole Coats, 36 inches long; large shawl self collar and cuffs. *Reduced to* 250.00

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats (*dyed Muskrat*), 45 inches; collar, cuffs and 12-inch border of dyed Skunk. *Reduced to* 250.00

Genuine Mole Coats, 45 inches long; belted model; Taupe Fox shawl collar, cuffs and border. *Reduced to* 295.00

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats (*dyed Muskrat*), 45 inches; collar and cuffs of Beaver or Skunk. *Reduced to* 295.00

Genuine Hudson Seal Coats (*dyed Muskrat*), 36 inches; shawl collar, deep border and cuffs of Beaver. *Reduced to* 350.00

Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats (*dyed Muskrat*), 45 inches; collar, cuffs and border of Natural Skunk. *Reduced to* 395.00

Our entire stock of high-grade Fur Scarfs, Muffs, Stoles and Novelty Sets

To Be Closed Out at Radical Reductions

URGES INTERALLIED FARMING COUNCIL

Commission Appointed by Secretary Houston Sums Up Investigation of Conditions Abroad.

ALL IN NEED OF SUPPLIES

Meat, Dairy Products, Wheat, and Fertilizer Will Have to be Imported for Some Time to Come.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The creation of an interallied agricultural council, of which the American member should be the Secretary, is recommended in the special report of the American Agricultural Commission to Europe, made public by Secretary Houston tonight. This commission was appointed last August by Secretary Houston and was sent to Europe to study conditions in England, France, and Italy.

Its members are Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Carl A. Vrooman, President R. A. Pearson of the Iowa State College of Agriculture, Chief W. A. Taylor of the Bureau of Plant Industry; Chief George M. Rommel of the Division of Animal Husbandry; Dean Thomas F. Hunt of the University of California College of Agriculture; David R. Coker, a cotton grower from South Carolina; George R. Argo of the Government Bureau of Markets, and President W. O. Thompson of the Ohio State University.

Before the war, the commission says, France was producing 800,000 tons of sugar and consuming 600,000 tons. She was able to export one-fourth of her sugar crop. Since the war beet sugar production in France has been reduced to practically nothing, and the present production of France runs to 250,000 tons. In addition to this, the commission reports, 80 per cent. of the French sugar factories have been utterly destroyed by military invasion, and reconstruction of this area presents a most serious problem.

Some of the outstanding facts presented by the report made public tonight are:

"Great Britain's war agriculture in 1918 increased her home-grown bread supplies fourfold. The reports for the harvest of 1918 indicate that in the matter of breadstuffs England could supply herself forty weeks of the year as against ten weeks in 1916. The acreage of tillable land for wheat, barley, oats, rye, and other cereals was increased by almost 2,000,000 acres.

"In England and Wales there was broken up not far from 2,500,000 acres of permanent grass land as a war measure. Including Ireland and Scotland the total area thus plowed up was approximately 4,000,000 acres. The effect of this was to increase food for home consumption and decrease the demand for tonnage. Both of these were important factors in the war program.

"In Italy there has been some reduction of the cultivated area, but except for wheat the reduction in the volume of breadstuffs has not been very serious. The yield per acre also has decreased, the two chief direct causes being shortage of fertilizer and uncontrolled growth of weeds. Italy's wheat production in 1918 was estimated at 43,000,000 quintals, compared with 46,153,000 quintals in 1914.

British Cattle Stock Maintained.

"Great Britain has maintained her herds of cattle and has increased her sheep and made small losses in hogs. All cattle in 1918 numbered 12,184,500, and in 1917, 12,382,236; horses declined more than 900,000. Horses in 1914 were 2,227,182 and in 1917, 2,180,318. Complete figures for 1918 were not available, but so far as ascertained they did not indivate material variation from the figures of 1917.

In France all live stock declined. The comparative figures on Dec. 31, 1913, and on June 30, 1917, are as follows:

	1913.	1917.
Cattle	14,787,710	12,443,304
Sheep	16,131,390	10,586,594
Hogs	7,035,850	4,200,280
Horses	3,231,000	2,288,000

"However, France has maintained her young cattle. Her 'breeders' over one year, in 1913, numbered 2,853,650, and under one year, 2,112,440. The same classes in 1917 were 2,677,870 and 2,016,880. The decline in sheep is most serious while there is a sharp decline in hogs. Sufficient supplies of breeding stock will probably remain in any event to permit fairly rapid replacement after the war.

"Italy's cattle have declined from 7,100,000 in 1914 to 6,135,410 in 1918, but her calves have increased from 1,600,000 in 1914 to 1,801,808 in 1918. Many orders have been in effect for the purpose of conserving live stock. For example, in some sections calves weighing less than 440 pounds could not be slaughtered. Similar restrictions were applied to the slaughtering of sheep and hogs. Italy's present estimated needs are 1,000,000 cows and 500,000 oxen.

Seed Situation Acute.

"Generally speaking, Great Britain, France, and Italy will need to import for some time to come large supplies of meats, fats, dairy products and concentrates for animals. Some importations of live stock for breeding purposes may be made, but for the most part importations will consist of live stock products. In France and Italy the preservation of young animals gives promise of comparatively early restoration of both dairy and beef herds, and the general thought of producers there is that their present basic stock is the best adapted for their purposes.

"At the time of the commission's observations the seed situation for 1919 appeared to be very acute, both as to supply and effective distribution. This situation perhaps will be intensified as to supply by the demands of the devastated regions which are now released for normal activities, but distribution will perhaps be considerably improved.

"Unless, through prompt international action, the approximate stocks and requirements of the vitally important seeds for each country can be determined as a basis for the administration of the existing export restricting regulations in force in the several countries with respect to seeds, the prospect for prompt restoration of normal production in several of the countries will be seriously impaired. The existing conditions tend to favor the forcing of seed prices to destructive high points and thus to endanger the welfare of our own farmers as well as thousands of the allied countries.

"In addition to the live stock products already mentioned, Great Britain, France, Italy, and Belgium will need to import for some time to come large supplies of wheat, fertilizers, fibers, (wool and cotton,) and farm machinery. All countries under review have made marked progress in the utilization of farm machinery, especially in the use of tractors."

TO KEEP PROMISE TO FARMER

Houston Says Nation Will Make Good on Price Guaranteed for Wheat

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 25.—David F. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture, in explaining why the Government is not urging farmers to plant larger crops of wheat next Spring, despite representation of the urgent need abroad, pointed out today that crops planted in the Spring will not be available for the market until next Fall, when food conditions will be changed.

"The farmers planted last Fall 7,000,000 more acres of wheat than they did at any previous time, and the indications are that the Spring plant will be on a very large scale," he said. "The question is, can the crop be disposed of at the guaranteed price of $2.26 a bushel on No. 1 Winter wheat?

"The prospects are that the yield will be at least 1,000,000,000 bushels, of which amount about 650,000,000 will be used at home. Will Europe take the surplus after a season of producing on her own account, and with Australia and Argentina in the market? Australia has been guaranteed $1.18 for its output and of course the European nations will seek their supply where they can get it at the lowest price.

"The United States Government has made the guarantee and will make it good. It will pay the farmer the difference between $2.26 and the figure at which he has to sell his surplus."

Secretary Houston is stopping here on his way to Washington from Denver, where he attended the National Association of Livestock Men's Convention.

Send Punch Bowl to British.

Officers of the machine gun training centre at Camp Hancock, Ga., are sending a $1,500 silver punch bowl to the English machine gun camp at Grantham, England, in appreciation of their assistance in the development of the American centre. Between June, 1918, and this month, twenty-five English officers have been at Camp Hancock as instructors. General Oliver E. Edwards, commanding officer of the Georgia camp, has assigned Lieutenant Stanley P. Brewster of Cincinnati to present the trophy. He will sail tomorrow on the George Washington.

ARMOUR ADMITS LEGISLATIVE FUND

Formed by "Big Five" Packers to Protect Their Interests Before Congress.

FAVORS A MEAT MONOPOLY

Under Government Regulation, He Says, Prices to Consumers Would Come Down.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—J. Ogden Armour, head of Armour & Co., testified before the Senate Agriculture Committee today that the "Big Five" packers—Armour, Swift, Wilson, Morris and Cudahy—had created a fund to look after the packers' interests in Congressional and other legislation. He regarded this, he said, as a legitimate means of protection against unfair lawmaking.

The "Big Five," Mr. Armour said, engaged George L. McCarthy, General Manager of The National Provisioner, a packing trade paper, in 1916, at a "secret salary" of $5,000. J. Francis Heney, special investigator for the Federal Trade Commission, who drew the admission from Mr. Armour relating to the legislative fund, asked the witness if Mr. McCarthy was not engaged at the time the Borland resolution providing for an investigation of the packers by the commission was pending in the House.

"I believe the Borland resolution was up that year," said Mr. Armour.

"Did not an agreement exist among the five big packers jointly to bear the expenses of fighting legislation relating to the packers?" asked Mr. Heney.

"I know of no agreement," replied Mr. Armour. "But we did join in to protect ourselves in the interests of the industry, just as any other industry might do."

It was brought out that Henry Veeder, counsel for the packers, usually looked after legislative matters. The expense of watching legislation was apportioned among the five firms, Mr. Armour said, approximately as follows: Swift & Co., 36.75 per cent.; Armour & Co., 29.93 per cent.; Morris & Co., 14.32 per cent.; Cudahy & Co., 10 per cent.; Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company, 10 per cent.

McCarthy "Earned His Salary."

Mr. Heney read letters showing that Mr. McCarthy had consulted the five packing firms as to which of the independent packers should be recommended to Food Administrator Hoover for appointment to the Food Administration in the regulation of the packing industry. In one letter Mr. Veeder wrote that there was "no question that Mr. McCarthy has earned his salary." That Mr. Heney said, was written about the time the Borland resolution was killed in the House.

Mr. Armour admitted, under cross-examination, that the "big five" packers clubbed together on expenses at the time the famous "Veeder pool" was dissolved in 1898, after the Government had started to proceed against it. This pool, Mr. Armour said, was formed to control the supply of live cattle arriving at the stockyards, so as to prevent a break in market prices of meat. Mr. Veeder, he said, organized the pool. It was dissolved a month before an injunction was issued against it.

Mr. Armour, under questioning, told the committee how the five packers had taken up with Mr. Harriman, Jacob H. Schiff, and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. the project for a loan, first of $90,000,000 and later of $60,000,000 to merge the companies.

"Why was this attempted?" asked Mr. Heney.

"So as to get the entire packing house industry into one corporation," replied the packer.

"What advantage would there be in that?"

"It would have enabled the packers to maintain fair prices with the cattle raisers and to the consumer," the witness replied. "The packers occupy a middle position between the two. The packers, like every one else, want to make a reasonable profit. By getting together it would enable them to do away with duplication of activity. For instance, it would be possible to abolish many storage warehouses, and there would be a saving of salesmen and of delivery expenses. The saving of expense would be enormous."

"Do you think your scheme is practicable today?"

"I can't say if it is practicable, because it never has been tried. But, theoretically, it is sound," replied the witness.

"And you think prices to the consumer would come down if the packers combined under a monopoly?" asked Mr. Heney.

Says Prices Would Come Down.

"No doubt about it," replied Mr. Armour. "I am, in fact, a great believer in the idea of large units if properly run. I would have packers put into a great corporation—all of them—under Government supervision. If it were possible to do this and the live stock men could be taken in, too, and the Government saw that all got a fair margin of profit it would be of distinct benefit all around. The cattle producer would get more for his live stock and the consumer would pay less for his meat."

"The five biggest packers are in a position somewhat analagous to that of the railroads in competiting territory—that is to say, it is much more economical to run one full train on one line than five half-filled trains on as many competing lines."

"I agree with you as to the economic possibilities under such a plan," conceded Mr. Heney. "Just as I believe that an autocracy is the most efficient form of Government, if you can find an autocrat wise and just enough, so I can agree that absolute monopoly in industry is the most efficient, if those at the head of it are sure to be wise and honest enough."

"That is why I favor Government supervision of the monopoly," said Mr. Armour. "It is difficult to find a man who does not get drunk from too much power."

"Is there not a tendency now on the part of the five big packers to drift toward just three companies—Armour, Wilson, and Morris?" asked Mr. Heney.

"I have heard talk of it," replied Mr. Armour with a smile. The witness spoke of owning 70 per cent. of stock in the Armour concern. Mr. Heney drew from the witness that he was a stockholder in several banks, including the National City Bank of New York, and that he had a "substantial, though not controlling" interest in the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad.

Figures from Food Administration.

Mr. Armour admitted that the Food Administration had supplied the packers with figures which they should use in making up inventories of their hog products, so as to determine what they would be allowed to make on their capital assets. Mr. Heney sought to show that through the use of these figures the packers were able to hide large profits.

The Food Administration figures, Mr. Armour said, were approximately 75 cents per 100 pounds under the prevailing market prices, 75 cents being the judgment of Food Administration experts as to the expense of marketing the products. This inventory value, Mr. Armour said, appeared on the books of Armour & Co. and the other packers as fixed by the Food Administration. In answer to Mr. Hepey's interrogation, Mr. Armour said that, had the administration estimate of marketing expenses proved too high, the added profit to the packers would not appear on the books.

Mr. Heney commented upon the fact, while the Food Administration had allowed the impression to get out that the packers, under Government regulation, had not been allowed to earn more than 9 per cent. on capital invested, they in reality were allowed to earn appreciably more.

"The liberality of the Food Administration was such that the packers did not make as much as they could have under the rules laid down," said Mr. Heney. He read from Armour & Co.'s statement of earnings for 1918, dwelling upon the fact that, while it included, under capital invested, the investment of the company in its South American properties, it did not include the earnings on these properties, which, as Mr. Armour admitted, approximated $10,000,000. If these earnings had been added to the others, aggregating $14,000,000, Mr. Heney said, the total return upon the invested capital would be 18 per cent. instead of 9 per cent., as given in the company's statement. Besides this, Mr. Heney said the company ought to have added an item of $4,000,000 for deduction in taxes, and had it done this the earnings would have run up to 30 per cent.

Mr. Armour expressed the opinion that the packers were making less profit now than thirty years ago.

"Early a Tacit Understanding."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25. (Associated Press.)—Mr. Armour denied that any agreement existed among the big packers to buy only certain percentages of hogs at various markets. He said Armour & Co. and, he thought, the others, tried to maintain the same relative position held when the National Packing Company was dissolved.

"What's the difference between such a tacit understanding and an actual agreement to control a market?" asked Mr. Heney.

"Well, it's hardly a tacit understanding. We simply try to do our share," replied Mr. Armour.

Armour & Co. buy on "a 50-50 basis" with Swift & Co. at Fort Worth and Denver, the witness said, because of the condition of the industry there.

If Wilson & Co. or any other packer bought in competition with Armour and Swift at Forth Worth," asked Mr. Heney, "wouldn't you go into a market where he was strong as a retaliatory measure?"

"Yes, if his activity continued for any length of time," Mr. Armour responded.

The Government should approve some agency to regulate the supply of meat that comes on the market each day "to prevent a glut," Mr. Armour said. This would replace the "Veeder pool" set up by the packers for that purpose and discontinued, he added.

Mr. Heney asked if there was not an understanding now that "none of the big five should interfere with business of the other four, as it was determined at the time of the Veeder pool."

"That's true in part," Mr. Armour replied. Representatives of all the packers visit the branch houses of the others daily to determine what the market situation is, he added.

PRESENT SHIP CLOCK.

Memorial to Fallen Soldiers and Sailors Turned Over to City.

The ship's clock and bell, the gift of Daniel G. Reid to the city as a memorial to the American soldiers and sailors who lost their lives in the war, was dedicated yesterday at noon at Pier A, North River. It was presented by Rear Admiral Josiah S. McKean, Acting Chief of the Bureau of Operations, on behalf of Mr. Reid to Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert for the city, and Major Gen. David C. Shanks, Chief Embarkation Officer, on behalf of the army.

The ceremonies were in the Dock Commissioner's office and were attended by city officials, and army and navy officers. Speeches were made by Rear Admiral McKean, Major Gen. Shanks, and Murray Hulbert, who said that the clock was the first permanent memorial in the United States in memory of those of our heroic sons who had given the last measure of devotion to their country.

KAHLER SHOES

STYLE PLUS COMFORT

Established 1885

Fulfills Every Demand of Beauty Grace, Dignity and Foot Ease.

P. KAHLER & SONS

18-17 West 44th St., Near 5th Ave., New York.

1879 **Best & Co.** 1919

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street

Established 1879

Specially Prepared Monday Events in the

40th ANNIVERSARY SALES

Women's Georgette Restaurant Dresses

Special

38.00

A collection of Georgette dresses, many different styles, beaded, embroidered, trimmed with tucks, or given a certain feminine piquancy by quaintness of line and little trimming.

Choice odd shades of lavender, rose, Alice blue, as well as standard gray, navy blue and white are all offered in this specially priced group.

48.00

Women's New Mid-Season Coats

All-Wool Bolivia

Special

48.00

The collar is equally effective worn open. All silk lined and interlined to the waist for the mid-season.

Linette, Lapin, Bison, Taupe, Sea Sand, Henna, Copen and Cunard.

Sizes 32 to 42

38.00

Women's Leather Coats

for skating, motoring & winter camp

—are made in a perfectly plain style of a soft, heavy leather, double breasted and belted all around.

A plain English type model—a smart accompaniment to the plaid wool sports skirts. **Special 45.00**

Women's New Russian Blouse Suits

Mid-season Suits of tricotine, evidencing the latest fashion note, the Russian blouse, are designed for traveling or Southern wear. **Special 59.50**

Save on this Misses' & Girls' Apparel

for every day & Gala occasions

MISSES' TAILORED SUITS of navy blue men's wear serge. Advance Spring models are offered at a saving for this month. *Misses' sizes.* **Special 39.50**

MISSES' SILK FANTASI SEPARATE SKIRTS. Simple but finely tailored. Ocean blue, flesh, white, rose, purple or silver. A necessary article of clothing and picturesque for Southern wear. *Misses' lengths.* **Special 18.50**

JUNIORS' DANCE FROCKS of light pink, light blue or white Georgette. A youthful model which will serve many at occasions this Winter and will be equally attractive for Summer garden parties. *Sizes 13, 15, 17 yrs.* **Special 29.50**

GIRLS' GRADUATION OR DANCE FROCKS of white net in a tasteful style. Girlish, but not overtrimmed. *Sizes 10 to 16 yrs.* **Special 27.50**

Even Staple Things Like Handkerchiefs

at savings tomorrow

WOMEN'S white linen, hemstitched edge. **Special .15**

WOMEN'S sheer linen, 1/16" hem. **Special .25**

WOMEN'S fine quality linen, daintily embroidered. **Special .25 & .50**

WOMEN'S soft batiste, embroidered. **Special .15**

WOMEN'S sheer linen, fancy taped border. **Special .25**

YOUTHS' batiste handkerchiefs with narrow hemstitched hems. **Special .15**

MEN'S tape indelible colored border. **Special .25**

Women's Chamoisette Gloves

An opportunity tomorrow to replenish Winter weight chamoisette gloves. A choice of black, brown, slate, drab or white. *Heretofore .85* **.60**

Here are Collar and Cuff Sets to Freshen Girls' Winter Dresses

FANCY MADRAS AND PIQUE COLLAR AND CUFF SETS in tailored styles or linen, hand-embroidered and finished with hand-embroidered dots and real Irish picot edge. *Heretofore 1.00* **.70**

ROUND ETON EFFECT DUTCH SETS, linen collar and cuffs, with hand-embroidered dots and Cluny lace edge. *Heretofore 1.65* **1.25**

Children's Fine English Cotton Stockings

.90 to 1.45 a pr.

according to size

Heretofore 1.25 to 1.80 a pr.

3,250 prs. of the finest imported cotton stockings which the world produces are offered at reduced prices tomorrow.

They are made of the finest elastic Egyptian cotton yarns and every pair is hand-finished.

The full fashioning makes them fit as well at the ankle as over the calf.

They are wide derby ribbed and thoroughly fast dyes.

Colors: Black, white and tan.

You Never Pay More at Best's

1879 **Best & Co.** 1919

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street

Established 1879

MONDAY in the

40th ANNIVERSARY SALES

FUR SALE

OUR *entire stock of fur garments are now offered at Savings from one-fourth to one-third.*

Included in this stock are some attractive pieces suitable for Southern wear at unusual Savings in such furs as Kolinsky mole, white fox and ermine.

Coats and Wraps

Regular Grade	Sale	*Regular Grade*	Sale
$295.00 Leopard Coat—Raccoon Trimmed	$225.00	$295.00 Hudson Seal Coats—Squirrel Trim	$245.00
850.00 Mole Wrap—Ermine Trimmed	595.00	350.00 Hudson Seal Coats—Skunk Trimmed	295.00
650.00 Mole Coat—Lynx Trimmed	450.00	295.00 Nutria Coats	225.00
850.00 Mole Wrap (Model)	650.00	225.00 Nutria Coats	195.00
650.00 Taupe Squirrel Wrap	525.00	195.00 Nutria Coats	158.00
650.00 Caracul Coat—Kolinsky Trimmed	495.00	175.00 Muskrat Coats	145.00
225.00 Hudson Seal Coats	195.00	145.00 Muskrat Coats	125.00
		95.00 Marmot Coats	75.00

Capes—Neckwear and Muffs

Regular Grade	Sale	*Regular Grade*	Sale
$350.00 Russian Sable Scarf	$295.00	$125.00 Fox Sets	$95.00
195.00 Skunk Cape	145.00	110.00 Fox Sets	85.00
150.00 Skunk Cape	125.00	95.00 Wolf Sets	75.00
295.00 Caracul Coatee	225.00	75.00 Wolf Sets	55.00
250.00 Kolinsky Stole	175.00	75.00 Cross Fox Scarfs	55.00
295.00 Kolinsky Squirrel Cape	225.00	55.00 Skunk Scarfs	45.00
250.00 Mole Coatee	195.00	45.00 Skunk Muffs	35.00
175.00 Mole Cape Stole	125.00	35.00 Taupe Nutria Scarfs	29.50
175.00 Mink Cape	125.00	30.00 Taupe Nutria Muffs	25.00

(FURS LISTED AS HUDSON SEAL ARE "FINE QUALITY DYED MUSKRAT")

NO CREDITS NONE SENT ON APPROVAL NONE EXCHANGED

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Maternity Apparel

Expressing simplicity, fashioned on graceful and simple lines, and presenting exclusive models.

JANUARY CLEARANCE

Extraordinary Reductions

Exclusive Models Made on the Premises

Silk Dresses

Crepe de chine, Satin or Taffeta

27.50

Formerly $42.50

Fine Serge Dresses

22.50 and 29.50

Formerly $39.50

Skirts

of fine serge, and many other fabrics

9.75

Formerly to $16.50

The garments are so designed that they may be worn with comfort through the entire period, as well as when the figure is normal. The prices are especially moderate, for we make every garment on the premises.

Fashionable Models for All Occasions Ready-to-Wear or Made to Order

ON PACIFIST LIST, BUT SERVE NATION

Others Recorded in the "Who's Who In Radicalism" Are Now in Jail.

INDIGNANT DENIALS MADE

Dr. Charles A. Beard, Prof. Harry A. Overstreet, and Paul M. Kellogg Protest to Washington.

Several residents of New York City whose names were included in the "Who's Who in Pacifism and Radicalism," which was read on Friday at Washington to the Senate Committee which is investigating pro-German propaganda in this country, denied that their names were justly included in the list. Some of the New Yorkers on the calendar could not be reached because they were in jail, while others were in Europe with the help of passports recently issued by the State Department, and still others were busy in important Government employments.

Oswald Garrison Villard, one of the most prominent men on the list, now the publisher of The Nation and formerly the owner of The Evening Post, is in England as a journalist. In spite of the fact that The Nation was recently denied the mails for a time by the Postmaster General on the ground that it had contained seditious matter, Mr. Villard obtained a passport, but at last accounts the British authorities had not permitted him to proceed from England to France.

The Rev. Dr. Frederick Lynch, who has figured prominently in the Senate investigation of peace propagandists, is also in Europe. Dr. Lynch went abroad as the representative of the World Alliance of Churches.

Immigration Commissioner Frederic C. Howe, the leading spirit of the League of Small and Oppressed Nationalities, which sought to formulate a program for the peace table under which the claims of Scotland, India, Ireland, and most of the British colonies were to be adjudicated by an international tribunal, is in Europe, and it was stated that he was there on important official business, the nature of which could not be disclosed.

Fills Government Post.

One man on the list now holding an important Government post is Dr. George W. Kirchwey. He was recently appointed Federal Director of the United States Employment Service. Dr. Harry A. Overstreet, a psychologist at City College, who was also on the list, has been employed recently in the War Risk Bureau at Washington and was on the point of being commissioned a Major in the United States Army, he said yesterday, when peace was concluded. Dr. Charles A. Beard said he had been employed by a Government bureau in writing articles explaining America's course in the war. Katherine Richard O'Hare, Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, and Roger N. Baldwin, who are on the list, are in jail for sedition.

Dr. Charles A. Beard, formerly of Columbia University, denied emphatically that he belonged on the list and said in a letter to Senator Lee S. Overman, Chairman of the committee:

"This morning's papers give a list of what purports to be pacifists and others active in movements which did not help the United States when the country was fighting the Central Powers, and in that list appears my name associated with the Intercollegiate Socialist Society and the Rand School for Social Science. As this does me a grave injustice and is at variance with the truth, may I give your committee the facts in my case:

I am not and never have been a pacifist.

I never belonged to Mr. Wilson's sweet neutrality band.

I did not vote for him in 1916 because I believed his pacifist policies wrong. I voted for Charles E. Hughes. I was never to "too proud to fight."

"At the time when Mr. Wilson was ordering his countrymen to be neutral in thought and deed and when the late Mr. Roosevelt was following in his footsteps, namely, in the Autumn of 1914, I was denounced at City College for a speech in which I attacked the Central Empires as responsible for that war and I was forbidden by the Acting President of that college ever to speak in the institution on that subject.

"When Nicholas Murray Butler, Assistant Secretary of War Keppel, and Elihu Root were manipulating the Carnegie peace millions, issuing pacifist pamphlets by the thousands, organizing pacifist societies in our colleges, employing Columbia instructors and professors to write pacifist tracts and to engage in pacifist agitation, I was teaching the truth that war has been one of the most tremendous factors in the origin of the State and the progress of mankind. My old students will bear witness to that fact. I never advocated war for war's sake, but I was never 'too proud to fight.'"

Professor Overstreet's Denial

Dr. Beard specifically denied that he had ever belonged to the pacifist organizations to which his name was attached in the list submitted to the Senate Committee. Professor Harry A. Overstreet of the College of the City of New York made a similar denial in a letter and said that, in a recent conversation with a high official of the War Department, that official had said to him: "You are exactly the same kind of a pacifist that I am."

Dr. Overstreet said in a letter to Colonel Archibald E. Stevenson, who said he had been making the investigation for the Intelligence Department of the Army:

"I find myself one of a list of persons described as having been active in movements which did not help the United States when the country was fighting the Central Empires. May I suggest that this description in my own case is quite false. It is true that before the United States entered the war I was one who, like President Wilson himself, opposed the entrance of this country into the war. At that time I was prominently connected with the Emergency Peace Federation and the Collegiate Anti-Militarism League.

"At the time of our entrance into the war, however, I had become convinced of the necessity of American participation in the great struggle and I had not only resigned from the Emergency Peace Federation and declined to write and act for the Collegiate Anti-Militarism League, but I had likewise declined most emphatically to join the Peace Council. My sympathy with our American war aims has been attested by the following facts: First, I devoted my Summer of 1918 to service in Washington in the War Risk Insurance Bureau; second, I made application for enlistment in the United States Army."

Dr. Overstreet then stated that he had received from the War Department a letter dated Dec. 18, 1918, which said:

"Recommendation that you be commissioned Major in the Sanitary Corps was in this office at the time of cessation of hostilities. The issuing of commissions ceased at that time, making your appointment as recommended impossible. Your desire to serve is fully appreciated, and from the records it appears that you are legally eligible for appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps."

This letter, he said, was from the Chief of the Personnel Branch of the General Staff. Dr. Overstreet added that he did not attempt to deny the fact that he had been slow to be converted to American participation in war, but that, since our entrance in the struggle he had done everything in his power to contribute to its success.

Urges Repudiation.

Paul U. Kellogg, editor of The Survey, sent a telegram to Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, in which he said:

"In the name of common sense, fair play, and a decent regard for the public service to our common country of some of the truest, most farseeing, and courageous citizens our generation has produced, let me urge you to repudiate that indiscriminate, brutally unjust, fool-in-the-head list of Americans put under the ban by the Military Intelligence Division of the United States War Department at the Senate hearing yesterday. If Woodrow Wilson had been outside the White House his utterances would have put him on the list. You have done a big job too tremendously well to let your Administration and its breadth of spirit be dragged down at the eleventh hour by this outcropping of a cross between modern Prussianism and mediaeval taboo."

Dr. James P. Warbasse asserted that he had ceased all his pacifist activities from the time that the United States entered the war and that his inclusion in the list did him an injustice, so far as it conveyed the impression that he had acted unpatriotically during the war.

Dean Virginia C. Gildersleeve of Barnard College wrote to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday, saying:

"In the list of alleged pacifists, radicals, and anti-war agitators issued by the Senate committee which is investigating German propaganda appears the name of Jessie W. Hughan, followed by the words 'Professor, Barnard College, New York.' Miss Hughan is a Barnard College graduate in the class of 1898, but she is and never has been a professor or an officer of any kind in the college. If this is a fair sample of the accuracy of the list compiled by the Military Intelligence Service and the Senate committee, it seems unfortunate that the allegations should have been given such sensational publicity."

Miss Hughan was quoted by The Brooklyn Eagle yesterday as saying:

"I am glad to appear on any list that begins with Jane Addams's name."

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 25.—A telegram protesting the classification of Professor Lindsay Todd Damon of Brown University as holding "radical and pacifist" views was sent tonight to Senators Colt and Gerry and to Archibald E. Stevenson of the Military Intelligence Bureau at Washington by members of the Faculty of the university, headed by Presidence Faunce.

DENIES SHE IS PACIFIST.

Prof. Vida Scudder Says She Has Been with Wilson in Sentiment.

WELLESLEY, Mass., Jan. 25.—Vida D. Scudder, professor of English literature at Wellesley College, who was listed by the Military Intelligence Bureau as one of those holding "radical and pacifist views," issued a denial today that she was a pacifist, or that she ever before had heard of the American National Conference Committee, of which she was said to be a member. She said:

"I am not a pacifist. From 1914 on, I have recognized the necessity that the German autocracy should be overthrown by force. I have been in sympathy with the policies of President Wilson, both while he kept us out of war and when he led us in. I am in full sympathy with them at this moment.

"I consider, however, that pacifists, standing as they do for a premature idealism, contribute a valuable element to society, and that their rights to free speech and to the respect of their fellow-citizens should be jealously guarded in a democracy.

"As to my alleged membership in the 'American National Conference Committee,' I know nothing whatever of this organization, whose very name is new to me."

PRESS CABLE APPEALS.

Motions Made in Supreme Court for Expediting the Cases.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Motions were filed in the Supreme Court today asking expedition of appeals brought by the Commercial Cable and the Commercial Pacific Cable companies from the refusal of the Federal District Court in New York to enjoin Postmaster General Burleson from taking possession of marine cables, operated by those companies and merging them with lines controlled by the Western Union Telegraph company.

"Not only is this litigation of the utmost consequence to the complainants, whose property has been seized," said counsel for the companies, "but the proposition that the exercise by the executive department of the Government of a power delegated by Congress cannot in any circumstances be questioned, reviewed or passed upon by the courts, is a proposition of the utmost public consequence."

The motions were taken under advisement, but court officials expect that arguments will be heard at the present term of court.

DIRECT PRIMARIES DIVIDE REPUBLICANS

Congressman Snell and Controller Travis Differ at Dinner to Glynn.

CHAIRMAN GETS A PITCHER

Ex-Gov. Whitman, in Presenting It, Says Stand on Prohibition Helped to Defeat New York Republicans.

A difference of opinion as to the direct primary law developed at a dinner given by his friends in the Republican Club last night to George Alexander Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, by his friends. Robert Bonynge, President of the club, was toastmaster, and the first speaker, Representative Bertrand H. Snell of Potsdam, N. Y., doubted the policy of the direct primary. State Controller Travis announced that he was a "direct primary man."

"The direct primary policy," said Congressman Snell, "builds a platform of whims and caprices, a platform that will hold the wets and drys, old maids and everything except organised Republicans. We have a proper Republican majority in Congress, but when they are lined up not all of them will be found Republicans. We could not expect anything less unless we see that men making history do not run too fast. I am not one of those men who believe in raising money to be distributed to howling mobs—we are giving too much attention to nations over there and not enough to the nation here. While I do not want to dodge citizenship, I don't believe in our country guarding the whole world."

Controller Travis laid the Republican defeat in this State to the B. R. T. wreck and the prevalence of influenza up-State which kept thousands of Republicans from the polls. Then he added:

"I am a direct primary man. I was a direct primary man for six years in the Senate, but I never ducked a Republican caucus. I won my nomination as Controller through the direct primaries."

Samuel Koenig, Chairman of the Republican County Committee, was called upon to explain the defeat at the last State election. "Let us first understand," he said, "that New York County is a Democratic county and without it there is not much left of the Democratic Party in this State. The last campaign in the city was fought under the most unfavorable conditions that a party ever faced since its history began.

"We had to meet not only a well organized and disciplined Democratic organization but thousands of persons interested in the issue who became voluntary workers and contributors to that party. Those who went to the polls in this city know that every saloon keeper, every bartender, and every person interested with them was on the sidewalk with a Democratic badge on. To criticise the Republican organization in this city is unfair and unjust. It was a combination of circumstances over which no individual leader was responsible that caused us in most Assembly districts to go down to defeat. No organization, no body of men could have prevented that defeat."

Mr. Whitman, in presenting to Chairman Glynn a silver water pitcher, also referred to the prohibition stand of the Republican Party as a cause for defeat. He said he knew of the chances for such a defeat when he took his stand, and he would repeat it again had he to do it over again. The defeat for standing for prohibition is only temporary, he said, because the sentiment throughout the land is overwhelmingly prohibition. "It is here and here to stay," he said emphatically. The former Governor carried out his prohibition convictions by drinking a toast to the President in water.

Mr. Glynn responded in a speech in which he thanked his friends for their confidence and their gift.

Three Taken to the Death-House.

OSSINING, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Joseph Miano, James Cassidy, and Charles McLaughlin, each 21 years old, convicted of the murder last November of Otto Fiala, Intervale subway ticket agent, arrived today in the death house. They are sentenced to die during the week of March 3, and were brought to Sing Sing by Sheriff James F. Donnelly of Bronx County following sentence this morning by Supreme Court Justice Richard H. Mitchell in the Bronx. A fourth man alleged to have been connected with the death of the elderly agent will be placed on trial Monday in the Bronx Supreme Court. The murderers arrived here this afternoon under exceptionally heavy guard.

HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA OPEN.

3,000 Visitors View Building and 2,000 of Them Dine There.

The $10,000,000 Hotel Pennsylvania, situated opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad station, on Seventh Avenue at Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets, opened its doors to the public yesterday, although a large part of the interior of the hostelry on the north side is yet to be finished and equipped. Of the total of 2,200 rooms, 700 were ready for guests, and all were taken in a few hours. Three thousand visitors viewed the building during the day and evening, and 2,000 of them dined and danced in the main dining room, on the Thirty-second Street side.

When all the rooms are ready for guests the daily income of the hotel may average $12,000 to $15,000, or more than $4,000,000 yearly, and the employes will number between 1,500 and 2,000. Sixty girls will be required to operate the hotel telephone exchange, with its 200 trunk lines. A few of the special features for the guests include a library of 4,000 volumes, Turkish baths, and swimming pools for men and women, and a roof garden. At the entrance to each restaurant in the hotel is a sign reading: "This checking service is free—you are not expected to tip." The resident manager of the hotel is Roy Carruthers, who managed the Fairmont and Palace Hotels at San Francisco.

1,015,148 VOTERS IN CITY.

Election Board Figures Show 408,671 Women Were Enrolled.

The Board of Elections made public yesterday the following figures showing the registration and enrollment in 1918-1919:

Counties.	Males.	Females.	Total.
New York	219,185	145,256	364,441
Bronx	84,772	55,707	140,479
Kings	224,883	158,319	383,212
Queens	82,871	42,067	104,938
Richmond	14,756	7,322	22,078
Total	606,477	408,671	1,015,148

In New York County the enrollment was: Democrats, 127,488 men, 79,993 women; Republicans, 57,889 men and 43,907 women; Socialists, 8,867 men, 7,622 women; Prohibitionists, 613 men, 1,331 women. Bronx County: Democrats, 52,377 men, 32,894 women; Republicans, 17,177 men, 12,480 women; Socialists, 5,803 men, 5,402 women; Prohibitionists, 212 men, 434 women.

Kings County: Democrats, 124,286 men, 80,388 women; Republicans, 77,815 men, 60,489 women; Socialists, 8,554 men, 7,829 women; Prohibitionists, 785 men, 1,843 women; Queens County: Democrats, 44,583 men, 25,163 women; Republicans, 14,725 men, 12,158 women; Socialists, 2,077 men, 1,286 women; Prohibitionists, 146 men, 476 women. Richmond: Democrats, 10,429 men, 4,355 women; Republicans, 3,343 men, 2,232 women; Socialists, 190 men, 106 women; Prohibitionists, 170 men, 353 women.

The grand total shows 581,436 Democrats enrolled, 302,195 Republicans, 47,716 Socialists, and 6,363 Prohibitionists. The women enrolled were about 38 per cent. of the Democrats, about 43 per cent. of the Republicans, and about 64 per cent. of the Socialists.

PUT PRISONER IN HOSPITAL.

Raiolo, Accused of Killing Cafe Man and Wife, Victim of Influenza.

Frank Raiolo of 151 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, was arrested last night at his home on a charge of homicide and taken to Jamaica Police Headquarters, where he was questioned for several hours in connection with the murder of Joseph Holbach and his wife in Holbach's Hall, South Ozone Park, last Monday. Raiolo, who declared that he had influenza when the police arrested him, became rapidly worse in the headquarters and finally was taken under guard to St. Mary's Hospital. It was said that additional arrests would be made today.

According to the police, Raiolo was identified from a group photograph as one of the four men who shot the café man and his wife. They also said that Raiolo and his wife told conflicting stories as to the young Italian's movements on the night of the crime. It was said that additional arrests would be made today.

MAKING PROGRESS ON REVENUE BILL

All Except Three Important Points Settled, Senator Simmons Announces.

INCLUDES WAR PROFITS TAX

Indications Now That Full Agreement May Be Reached Before End of Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The prospects for an agreement on the War Revenue bill in time to make possible a completed report next week were somewhat brighter today. The Senate and House conferees after a short joint session decided to meet again on Monday morning, when final proposals will be made by both sides. In the meantime separate conferences will be held by the opposing factions.

Senator Simmons, leader of the Senate conferees, said that substantial agreement had been reached on all but three important issues. No official statement was made as to the identity of these, but those who have followed the conference believe they include war excess profits taxes, the Senate's substitution of an inheritance tax for the original House estate tax and either the insurance tax or the second-class postal rates.

Minor points on which there still are some questions to be settled, including the Senate relief provisions allowing 20 per cent. tax exemptions on the sale of oil and gas properties and the proposal submitted by Senator Thomas for a tax of 100 per cent. on campaign contributions over $500.

The Senate conferees, it is understood, are still asking that the inheritance be substituted for the estate tax, in return for their willingness to compromise on the war excess profits tax.

In the event that a common understanding on these matters should be reached on Monday or Tuesday, it is possible that a final report on the completed bill may be reached next week.

It was reported unofficially that progress had been made toward an understanding on the second class mail matter. One rumor was to the effect that Senate conferees would be willing to give way, thus permitting the present zone system rates to remain in effect, rather than permit this point of controversy to block final agreement on the bill. The conferees refused to discuss this matter, however, and the report could not be confirmed.

There was a frank exchange of views today, and then adjournment was taken until Monday in order to give time for the preparation of final demands. There are members of the conference who even hope that most of the differences will be brushed aside at Monday's joint conference and that it may be possible to reach final agreement by Tuesday night.

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25-27 West 42d Street N.Y.
Important Announcement
Final Coat Sale
Reductions Extraordinary
Values Up to $69.50
35.00
Most of Them Richly Fur Trimmed
Women's & Misses' Sizes
The greatest coat event of the year, embracing the most superb assortment of the season's newest conceits at incomparable price concessions. Silvertones, Duvet de Laines, Bolivias and Velours. Richly silk lined and warmly interlined. Some luxuriously adorned with Taupe Nutria, Australian Opossum and Hudson Seal Furs. They all go at
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Lee-Morris Co.
at 36th St. 394 Fifth Avenue at 36th St.
Tomorrow (Monday)
Important Clearance
All Our Wonderful Women's and Misses'
Winter Coats & Dolmans
were to 100.00
Made in accordance with our standard of workmanship, superiority of fabrics, elegance of style, perfection of fit, richness of linings and fur.
19.00 29.75 35.00 47.50
120 Smart Dresses
formerly to 35.00
12.50
Silk—Cloth—Velvet
56 Superb Suits
formerly to 39.75
25.00
for Women and Misses
Stunning New Suits & Dresses
specially offering for tomorrow
Distinctive Suits
entirely novel lines
35.00 45.00 49.50
Georgette Dresses
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22.50
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give you steam heat when and where you want it at one quarter the cost? No coal, ashes, labor, dirt—only a gas connection necessary. Radiators may be used as separate heating units or parts of a steam plant. Neat in appearance and *absolutely odorless*. They can be installed quickly, without alterations. Automatic control regulates gas—keeps rooms at desired warmth at least cost.
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Over fifty thousand in use in Greater New York giving complete satisfaction.
The Consolidated Gas Co. can deliver promptly all sizes from 4 to 15 sections. Call for demonstration or write for Catalog to
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Elaborated with embroidery.
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Annual Reduction Sale
15% to 25% Discount
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MUFFS and SCARFS of Hudson Seal, Mink, Sable, Skunk, Wolf and Foxes.
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Spring Millinery
Advanced Styles
from 20.00
Knitted Sport Dresses
One-Piece Serge Frocks
Taffeta Dancing Frocks

BUILD THE SUBWAYS, GOVERNOR ADVISES

In the City Hall He Urges Both Sides to Stop Their Quarreling.

VISITORS FILL HIS ROOM

Politicians, Office Seekers, Delegations, and Persons with Complaints in a Steady Stream.

Governor Smith held his second "at home" in the Governor's Room of the City Hall yesterday, and from 11 o'clock until nightfall he received callers and transacted the business of the State. Nearly all day there was a constant stream of visitors, including politicians, seekers after office, delegations, and persons with complaints.

When the last caller had been disposed of the Governor went to the Board of Estimate room with Senator Foley and discussed with the board the letter from the Public Service Commission in which it complained that the Board of Estimate was hampering subway construction and that its refusal to appropriate sufficient money had made it necessary for the commission to dismiss engineers. The Governor said after the meeting that he thought the time had come when there should be less quarreling and more subway building.

"Of course," he added, "there are two sides to the question. The Board of Estimate says it asked for certain information which was not furnished. The Public Service Commission says it sent it. The Board never received it. I cannot give a decision in this matter. The only thing I can do is to urge both sides to stop quarreling and get together, vote the necessary money, and then go on with the subway."

"Are you going to urge the Legislature to adopt your plan for a single-headed commission?" the Governor was asked.

"That is the only solution," he answered.

One delegation was headed by John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Brooklyn. It invited the Governor to attend the Emerald ball at the Waldorf-Astoria on Feb. 14. He took the invitation under consideration. An invitation to attend a memorial meeting to Grover Cleveland in the New Amsterdam Theatre on March 18 was presented by George F. Parker, who was President Cleveland's secretary. If his engagements permitted, the Governor said, he would be present.

Several women from the Bronx, headed by Mrs. Emeline Norman, called to ask the Governor to appoint Mrs. Ella O'Gorman Stanton, a sister of ex-United States Senator O'Gorman, as First Deputy Commissioner of the Industrial Commission. Sylvan Levy of Brooklyn came to tell the Governor that he was a candidate for Public Service Commissioner, and the latter said he would keep it in mind. A committee from the Tenants' League requested consideration for the bill introduced by Assemblyman Charles Solomon, Socialist, to prevent any extortion on the part of landlords.

Other callers were Patrick McNab of the National Letter Carriers' Association, who is a candidate for State Civil Service Commissioner; Justice Cornelius Collins of the Court of Special Sessions, Supreme Court Justice Peter Hendrick, Postmaster Alfred Kenney of Flushing, L. I., and Robert Rosecrans, who said he represented milk producers of New Jersey.

When Controller Craig's attention was called to the Governor's interview on the public service situation, he made this statement:

"For more than a year the Public Service Commission has been promising in writing to furnish definite information to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment concerning unfinished subway construction under the dual system. Promises repeatedly made have been as repeatedly broken. The Public Service Commission went so far in December, 1918, as practically to lock its doors on the examiners of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment and to refuse any information whatever in support of their request for appropriations.

"Under such conditions an appropriation was made on Dec. 30, 1918, for the first three months for 1919. Thereupon Commissioner Whitney directed the dismissal of a large number of employes and made public a statement attempting to charge the responsibility for this and for all the prior misconduct of the Public Service Commission during the five years to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

"I believe it stands admitted that a transfer of $22, if requested by Commissioner Whitney, would have avoided the excuse for his discharge of eighty-eight men. This is a sample of the ruthlessness and disregard of the public interest with which he has proceeded. He doubtless expects to confuse the Legislature or the Governor to the belief that it is the Board of Estimate and Apportionment that should be removed from office for the B. R. T. Malbone Street wreck and other matters rather than the Public Service Commission."

GERMANS FEARED NEGROES.

Offered Reward for Each Colored Soldier Captured Alive.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Jan. 4, (Associated Press.)—Wherever American negroes have appeared in the area occupied by the Americans they have attracted great attention among the civilians.

In Treves, Coblenz, and other places, during the early days of the occupation, crowds assembled wherever any negro soldiers stopped in the streets, and it was necessary for the military police to enforce the orders prohibiting gatherings in the public thoroughfares. Even yet in Coblenz and Treves, where there are a number of negro soldiers, the negroes attract crowds of German children every time they appear in the streets.

The German soldier also regards the negro with great curiosity. According to a discharged German soldier in Rengsdorf, the German army, early in the war, offered a reward of 400 marks for the capture alive of each negro. The discharged German soldier said that throughout the war German soldiers lived in great fear, and even terror, of the negroes, and it was in order to overcome this fear that rewards were offered.

One evening on the front a scouting party, consisting of ten Germans, including the discharged soldier, encountered two French negroes. In a fight which followed two of the scouting party were killed. One of the negroes escaped, the other being taken prisoner. In the fight two of the Germans left their comrades and ran to the protection of their own trenches, but these, it was explained, were young soldiers and untrained. The reward of 400 marks subsequently was divided among the remaining six Germans for capturing the French negro.

MORE SHIPS THAN CARGOES.

Sir Albert Stanley Expects Slump in Ocean Rates Next Summer.

LONDON, Jan. 25, (via Montreal.)—Sir Albert Stanley, President of the British Board of Trade, addressing the Huddersfield Chamber of Commerce last night, said he would be much happier if he could see stronger indications of restoration and development of trade in Great Britain.

There was plenty of trade obtainable in the world, he said, and it was the deliberate policy of the Government that restrictions and controls should be removed as rapidly as possible. The restrictions upon exports, however, must be maintained, he said, in respect to things vital to the interests of the allied nations. The blockade must also be maintained until peace was definitely secured. The Government proposed to end speedily the system of priority, possibly early in March.

Sir Albert said that there was more shipping available than cargoes, and it was expected that next Summer the world tonnage afloat would be equal to the pre-war tonnage. Thus a very big slump in shipping rates might be expected. He thought it was a fair suggestion that the Government should restrict imports until manufacturers were established on a peace footing, and the suggestion might be accepted by the Government. A ministry would shortly be established and experienced men had already been invited to join the board.

Sir Albert concluded by saying that strikes were the most difficult problems which must be faced and solved.

FEARS UNREST IN BRITAIN.

Leader Clynes Says Labor Conditions May Become Worse.

LONDON, Jan. 25, (via Montreal.)—Disturbed conditions of employment due to the transition from war to peace, high prices of food and the "energy of political enthusiasts" were given as reasons for the industrial unrest in England by J. R. Clynes, British labor leader, speaking at a luncheon given by the American Club today. A note of warning was sounded by the speaker, who said:

"As bad as conditions are at present, there is fear that they may become worse."

Mr. Clynes pointed out that grievances which have led to labor troubles in England recently were real, adding that "the strike habit has not yet grown to the extent of causing the men to throw down their tools without substantial underlying reasons."

APPOINTS NEW HEAD FOR B. R. T. LINES

Frederick P. Royce of Boston Named by Receiver Garrison to be General Manager.

HAS WIDE EXPERIENCE

Stockholders' Protective Committee Outlines Plans in Letter to Shareholders.

Lindley M. Garrison, receiver for the rapid transit lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, announced yesterday that he had appointed as General Manager of the lines Frederick Page Royce of Boston, an associate manager of the Stone & Webster Management Association of that city. The Stone & Webster organization manages electric railway and electric light and gas companies in various parts of the country.

Mr. Royce, who was born in Newton, Mass., in 1868, will have sole charge, under the receiver, of operating the lines, and he will have supervision also of all construction work. For twenty-eight years, or practically since his graduation from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, he has been actively engaged in the operating and construction departments of electric railways and other public utilities. For several years he was the executive head of a group of public utilities in Massachusetts, and, in 1909, one of the associate managers of the Stone & Webster organization.

It was said of him yesterday at the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Building that he had had wide experience in all branches of the administration public utilities, including construction work, investigation and analysis of public utilities situations and traction problems, in the preparation and carrying out of financial plans, in the direction of the work of local managers and in the maintaining of satisfactory relations with the public. He will take up his work in Brooklyn on Feb. 1.

The Stockholders' Protective Committee of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, of which Albert H. Wiggin, President of the Chase National Bank, is the Chairman, and of which Charles A. Boody, Frederick H. Ecker, Seward Prosser, President of the Bankers' Trust Company; Galen L. Stone, Frederick Strauss, and Everett B. Sweezy are the other members, addressed a long letter to the stockholders yesterday in which it was stated that, so far, 706,000 shares of the company's stock, out of a total of 744,651 shares outstanding, had been deposited with the committee.

After reciting the difficulties of the company, which led up to the receivership, and pointing out the danger that, "because of the exhaustion of their available resources, the companies may suffer default under the contract with the city, and, thereby, lose control of the new subways," the letter says:

"It is obvious both that the interests of the large mass of shareholders cannot be separately represented, and that the weight attached to any combined representation will be proportionate to the amount of stock controlled. It will probably be advisable for us to ask the court to permit us formally to intervene to the action in which the receiver was appointed, in which event, if the request be granted, we shall become entitled to participate in all subsequent proceedings therein.

"Since the receivership has now passed beyond the temporary stage, questions involving the interests of the stockholders will be presented at frequent intervals, for which reason those intending to cooperate for mutual protection should act promptly, as failure so to do may readily result to their serious loss. Accordingly, the committee has limited 3 o'clock P. M., March 3, 1919, the period within which deposits of stock may be made, after which no deposits will be received except under such conditions and penalties as the committee may impose.

Transferable certificates of deposit will be issued for all deposited stock, and application will be made to list the certificates of deposit on the New York Stock Exchange. The assignment on the back of the deposited certificates must be dated, signed by the stockholder, and witnessed, and New York State and Federal stock transfer stamps must be attached thereto. In order to protect the committee against unauthorized transfers, it is also necessary that signatures be guaranteed by members of the New York Stock Exchange, by a bank or trust company in the City of New York, or by a bank or trust company having a correspondent in that city.

The Committee adds that it will be glad to answer inquiries from stockholders and to procure and send them such information as it is in a position to obtain.

PASSENGERS PAY 7 CENTS.

Queens Residents Contribute Two Pennies Each to Keep Lines Going.

The Public Service Commission and the city officials have not granted the request of the New York & North Shore Traction Company, which operates lines in Queens Borough from Flushing to Whitestone, and to Hicksville, in Nassau County, but yesterday many of the passengers evolved a plan of increasing the fare on the line without official sanction. The company has been operating on a five-cent fare basis in the city, and in appealing for an increase in fare has insisted that it will be necessary to discontinue the line if the increase is not granted.

The passengers took the matter in their own hands yesterday, and as soon as the plan became known the conductors were swamped with two additional pennies besides the regular ticket fare. When Mrs. John K. Robinson of North Thirteenth Street, Flushing, entered a trolley car on State Street, Flushing, yesterday morning she handed the conductor two additional pennies. The conductor looked amazed. He thought it was a tip, and those things are rare on the North Shore trolley line.

"This line will go out of business if somebody does not do something substantial to help it out," said Mrs. Robinson.

LIFTS BAN ON PHOTOGRAPHS

American Army Abroad Removes Censorship Restrictions Also.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Restrictions on the taking of photographs and moving pictures of men in the American Expeditionary Forces and in sections occupied by American troops have been suspended by orders from American General Headquarters, according to an announcement made by Captain William E. Moore, in charge of the photographic subsection of the General Staff. The order reads as follows:

"The original censorship orders have been amended to read as follows: 'All members of the American Expeditionary Forces, including militarized civilians serving with the army and authorized civilians visiting the sections occupied by the American Armies, are during the period of the armistice permitted to take photographs and moving pictures and to forward such photographs, negatives or prints to the United States or other countries, except enemy countries, by the ordinary channels without restriction and without submitting them to censorship.'"

COURT LIMITS RAIL DIRECTOR'S POWERS

Justice Benedict Denies That Congress Gave Authority to Annul Right of Suit.

REJECTS McADOO'S ORDER

Holds That Even the President Lacks Power to Set Aside Rights Vested by the State.

Justice Benedict, in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, decided yesterday that Director General of Railroads McAdoo had no power to issue an order against the institution of lawsuits against railroad companies contrary to the code provision regulating such matters in New York State.

This decision was rendered in the case of Benjamin Moore & Co., paint dealers, incorporated in New Jersey and doing business in New York, against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway, a Kansas corporation, asking restitution for loss of oil in transit over the lines of the defendant from San Francisco to Carteret, N. J., in 1917. The railroad company asked to have the suit dismissed, alleging that a New York court had no power to settle an action involving corporations of foreign States, and, furthermore, contending that General Order 18 of the Director General of Railroads specified that such actions must be brought in the county where the cause of action arose or where the parties were resident.

"Congress did not, in my opinion," said Justice Benedict, "intend by this legislation either to extinguish or impair vested rights of action or to authorise the President or his agent or agents to do so. The President and his agent, therefore, had no power to make any order whereby a right of action already existing would be extinguished or cut off.

"If such be the effect of General Order No. 18, then I must hold that it was to that extent beyond the power of the Director General of Railroads, as the agent of the President, to make.

"Furthermore, the reading of the paragraph providing for these matters leads to the conclusion that Congress did not intend to authorize the President or his agent or agents to make orders affecting the jurisdiction of State courts or affecting the rights to maintain actions therein, since it is expressly provided, without qualification of any kind, that actions at law or suits in equity may be brought against carriers and judgments rendered as now provided by law.

"I have not considered the question of the power of Congress to take the subject matter out of the jurisdiction of this court, but as it is a matter of interstate commerce as to which Congress has plenary powers, I am inclined to think that Congress can do so. But I am doubtful as to whether Congress could delegate any such power to any executive officer or body. It is, however, unnecessary to decide these questions.

"The motion of the defendant, so far as it seeks dismissal of the action, must therefore be denied."

MADRID HONORS ALFONSO.

King on Name-Day Warns Nation of More Sacrifices.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—King Alfonso's name day, Jan. 23, was celebrated this year with exceptional solemnity, reports from Madrid show.

Replying to the speeches of the President of the two houses of the Cortes, the King dwelt on the critical period through which Spain was now passing while engaging in the great work of reconstruction, together with the rest of humanity that had suffered from the great war. He added that calm had not yet been restored, and declared that new sacrifices must be borne with for the sake of the welfare of the nation.

The celebration was marked, according to advices, by much enthusiasm.

HECKLE JAPANESE LEADERS

Opposition Deputies Say Interests in Siberia Are Sacrificed to America.

TOKIO, Jan. 22, (Associated Press.)—The opposition in the Lower House of the Japanese Parliament is continuing its heckling of the Government. Keisuke Mochizuki and others have charged the Government with placing the Siberian interests of Japan under American control and have argued that the projected League of Nations would prove futile. The unequal treatment of the Japanese by the United States has been likewise pointed to, as has the probability of American naval expansion.

The Government declined to reply to the interpellations along any of the lines indicated.

ENVOY FLETCHER RETURNS.

Will Discuss Mexican Question on Visit to State Department.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 25.—H. P. Fletcher, American Ambassador to Mexico, left Mexico City today for Washington to discuss with the State Department questions now pending between the United States and Mexico. He expects to be absent about six weeks.

The announcement of his departure was accompanied by a revival of various rumors in Mexico City. These rumors said that the conferences in Washington would be connected with the reported loan to Mexico by American bankers and with the decision of American capitalists with interests in Mexican oil and mineral lands to send a delegation to the Peace Conference.

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Selling regularly up to 59.50—Now

15.00 19.75 26.00

The models are most attractive and among the season's best. The materials include: Wool Tricotine, Georgette, Serge, Satin, Taffeta, Velveteen, and Wool Velour. Also many tasteful combinations embraced. Plain tailleurs and others handsomely trimmed with beads, embroidery and braid.

Smartly Fur Trimmed Coats

Selling regularly up to 79.50—Now

28.00 35.00 48.00

In materials of Crystal Cord, "Worumbo," Velour de Cashmere, Wool Silvertone, and Bolivia. The styles are among the best shown this Winter—Jaunty Dolman, belted and semi-belted models. Huge Shawl or Sailor Collars of Real Beaver, Taupe Nutria, Real Skunk, Hudson Seal, French Seal and Natural Raccoon. Silk or Satin lined and interlined.

Admirably Tailored Suits

Selling regularly up to 79.50—Now

18.50 28.00 39.50

Strictly tailored, box coat, belted and novel models, in a remarkably varied assortment. Developed in rich, modish materials, including Bolivia, Velour de Cashmere and Wool Silvertone. Coats richly lined with Silk and interlined.

None Sent C. O. D., Exchanged or Credited

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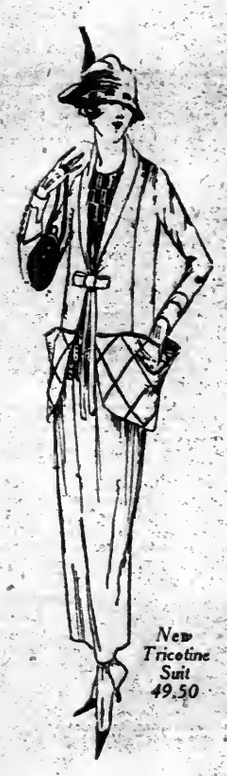
Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

A Delightful Revelation of

Fashion's Newest Conceits for Spring 1919

In the Salons of Stewart & Co.

Immense fascination marks the newest models, which are truly representative of the very recent of Parisian developments, designed by her premiere couturiers. Striking originality and unusual beauty of contour are vividly reflected in the newest and most charming creations by renowned American modistes. The most exquisite conceits of both Europe and America are here assembled for Milady of fashion.



New Tricotine Suit 49.50

At Prices Modest, to say the least

FEATURES of Extraordinary Interest for MONDAY

Smart Spring Dresses

Featured tomorrow at

39.50

Frocks of soft, lustrous Satin, also Taffeta, in many captivating new models of exquisite luxuriousness, evidencing the most graceful lines of the new silhouettes. Trimmings of Silk fringe, self covered buttons, wood and jet beads are tastefully eminent in several instances.

New Georgette Frocks

Featured tomorrow at

29.50

Smart Spring Frocks of rare charm and pronounced individuality. Exquisitely simple and entrancing models of unique design, embodying interesting new style features. Embellishments are of various beads and embroidery in elaborate and more quiet designs.

Silk Tricolette Suit

Featured tomorrow at

69.50

Smart, jauntily fashioned Spring Suit in chic belted model. Pocketed. Especially featured is two-toned throw scarf. Smart new panel vest in contrasting color and cuffs to match makes this a suit of very effective type. Exhibiting a manner of tailoring and finishing of even the minutest details that is to be envied.

Wool Tricotine Suit

Featured tomorrow at

59.50

A charming and typically youthful new waistcoat Suit of a highly distinctive type. Built on unique and novel lines, featuring tailoring of an exceptionally high character. The graceful lines of the coat are accentuated by braid edging. Bottom of waistcoat is trimmed with braid in neat block effect. Two tiny pockets.

Welcome the Boys in Modish Suits

RUSSEK'S

FIFTH AVENUE

Spring Attire

The Prices are as carefully Designed for your Approval as the Garments themselves

Tailleurs Demi Tailleurs

Day & Evening Wraps

Frocks Gowns

Small Furs

MARCH EXPLAINS DEMOBILIZING PLAN

Declares Unit System Is Superior in Every Way to That of Discharge by Classes.

850,000 MEN SENT HOME

In Letter to Mann He Tells of Necessity of Early Action on Army Reorganization Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—General March, Chief of the General Staff, in a letter written to James R. Mann, read to the House today, explained the War Department's plan of demobilization and declared that the program of discharging by units and not by classes, as in England, would be continued. All soldiers in camps and cantonments in the United States, except those necessary for demobilization purposes, would be discharged as promptly as possible, General March said.

"The War Department studied the question of demobilization very carefully before adopting any policy," General March wrote. "Two needs of the country were kept constantly in mind—first, the resumption as rapidly as possible of the normal industrial life of the country, and, second, replacement therein of individuals in the military forces and in occupations which ended upon cessation of hostilities. The War Department gave serious consideration to the plan of making the order of discharge depend on the availability of industrial positions to which the individual soldiers might return, as opposed to the plan of disbanding complete organizations in the order of their availability for discharge.

"The former plan was deemed impracticable. It would have involved processes of appraising the case of each soldier as a separate unit, endeavoring to compare his individual right to discharge with the rights of all others, and marshaling the priorities accordingly. Even if the likelihood of obtaining employment had been considered by classes such as farmers, metal workers, munition employes, &c., it would have been necessary to consider further the relative demand for each class in each separate section. The investigation necessary to an equitable determination of such a schedule if practicable at all under present conditions in this country, would have delayed all demobilization beyond reason.

"On the other hand, disbandment of complete military units could be and was immediately begun. In this way the military situation was safeguarded and at the same time demobilization was accelerated.

No Chance for Influence.

"The determining principle is that all of our soldiers, whose services are no longer needed, are entitled to discharge. The method adopted it is believed will accomplish that result with least delay and without favor to those who might have influential friends to intercede for them or to take up their cases individually with the War Department. The military situation and the actual mechanism of demobilization necessitate the retention in the service for the present of a considerable number of men trained and fitted to do the work required. It is doubtless difficult for these individuals to reconcile themselves to being held when their personal interests lie in their being discharged. But from this there is no escape. For them, the emergency is not ended, although the stimulation and excitement of actual warfare are over.

"As a result of the unit demobilization scheme of the War Department during the past six weeks upward of 800,000 men and approximately 50,000 officers have been discharged from our temporary forces. This constitutes an average for the whole period, since demobilization got fairly under way, of over 20,000 a day for six days a week. Certain large units organized for overseas service were promptly demobilized en bloc, and during that process the daily discharges ran well over 30,000. In this connection attention is invited to the discontent caused in England by the fact that the demobilization of the United States troops had proceeded so much more expeditiously than the demobilization of the British.

Great Delay Obviated

"Such results would have been simply impossible had it been attempted to discharge immediately every soldier who made individual application on industrial grounds. There are hundreds of thousands of men now returned to their families, home communities and industrial employment who might not have been released for months if the War Department had attempted to inaugurate a scheme of demobilization based largely upon individual requests for individual discharge. The absorption of these men into the general life of the country—their return to productive employment—has assisted in the permanent revitalization of industrial life and, has expedited the return of the country to its normal peace time condition.

"While the War Department released the impracticability of discharging an army of between three and four million men under a scheme based primarily upon individual applications for discharge, yet the need of some elasticity in the scheme of demobilization was always recognized."

Rights of Men from Overseas.

General March quoted War Department orders authorizing commanders to discharge enlisted men when there is sickness or other distress in the soldier's family or when he is needed to resume employment in which there is urgent need of his services. General March continued:

"Both soldiers and civilians, on learning of those instructions, seem to have assumed that a soldier had merely to submit a request for his discharge, stating that he had definite employment waiting for him and that he should immediately be discharged. Only such soldiers as could show themselves to be within the terms of the order were entitled to be discharged. Favorable action could be taken on only those applications which disclosed cases of exceptional merit.

"It is recognized that a certain amount of complaint and discontent is inevitable. The soldier who sees his neighbor leave while he is held is sometimes inclined to overlook the relative reasons therefor and declares himself a victim of negligence and incompetence.

"General Pershing has designated units to return from overseas service, and when these units return all men in the unit are promptly discharged. It would be most unfair discrimination to delay the discharge of any man arriving from overseas in those units while requests of certain men in the unit for discharge is being considered. It is not practicable to cull out and send back from overseas individuals who desire their discharge on industrial ground from various units overseas. If there exists a necessity for the unit to remain overseas it should be maintained in a state of efficiency. If a unit is not needed to be kept up in a state of efficiency overseas it should be sent home for discharge as promptly as transportation can be secured.

"In this connection attention is respectfully invited to the fact that we have practically no troops to relieve the soldiers who are in the service for the emergency only in performing the necessary military duty at home and abroad. The Secretary of War has brought to the attention of Congress the importance of securing at once the legislation requested, authorizing the resumption of voluntary enlistments and re-enlistments in the army. As you know, it is now impossible to enlist man for the regular service, all definite period enlistments have been suspended by the act of May 10, 1918, and only emergency enlistments authorized. We find a number of men at all camps who would like to stay in the regular service if they could enlist at once, but the uncertainty of legislation is likely to induce them to look for employment in civil life and therefore to take the first chance to secure discharges."

War Cross for 372d Regiment.

BREST, Jan. 25.—The Prefect of the maritime district here has decorated the flag of the 372d Regiment of American Infantry with the French War Cross. The regiment had been cited in an army order for brilliant conduct in the Champagne offensive. (The 372d Regiment was originally assigned to the 93d Division.)

Red Cross Dead Letter Post Office.

The American Red Cross announces today the following dead letter addresses:

BOTHWELL, Mrs. EMMA, 423 Fulton St., Brooklyn, in regard to Private Thomas A. Hillock, Company E, 507th Inf.
DONEY, Miss ANNA, 11 East Fifty-eighth Street, in regard to Private James W. Boland.
GERRINGER, Miss, 176 Cameron Street, in regard to Private J. V. Levine.
JACKSON, Mrs. HATTIE, 111½ West 138th Street, in regard to Private Henry Jackson.
KOSTOY, LOWEN, 140 East Tenth Street, in regard to John A. Kostoy.
LANG, Mrs. CAROLINE, 338 East Forty-ninth Street, in regard to Sergeant Charles Nelson Lang, Company A, 302d Engineers.
LEAT, Mrs.
LEGGERO, M., 462 Fordham Avenue, in regard to Private Nicholas Leggero, Company 25, 368th Infantry.
LOPEZ, Mrs. THERESA, 91 Mulberry Street, in regard to Sergeant Thomas Picroni, 164th Infantry.
McGARTLAND, EDDIE, 345 West Twenty-fourth Street, in regard to Private Hugh McGartland, Comptny K, 165th Infantry.
MORALES, JOSEPH, 54 First Avenue, in regard to Charles S. Realmuto.
OPPENHEIM, Mrs. SOPHIA, 134 West 114th Street, in regard to Corporal Joseph Oppenheim.
PETTINATO, Miss LETTERIA, 33 East Sixteenth Street, in regard to Private Anthony Pettinato, Company D, 315th Inf.
QUINN, Mrs. ANNA, 410 West 157th Street, in regard to Private Charles P. Quinn, Company C, 302d Engineers.
ROGINSKY, Mr., 568 Fox Street, in regard to Benjamin Itobinsky.
RUSSELL, Mrs. A. E., 24 Astor Place, in regard to Private William H. Russell, Company B, 304th Engineers.
SCHWEIKER, Mrs., 323 East Ninth Street, in regard to Private F. G. Schweiker.
SCULLY, Mr., 256 Rudge Street, in regard to Sergeant J. Scully, Company C, 306th Infantry.
SHERBIN, MORRIS, 240 Monroe Street, in regard to Private Hyman Schwartz, Company F, 104th Infantry.
SULLIVAN, Mrs., 537 East Thirty-eighth Street, in regard to John F. Sullivan, Second Anti-Aircraft Machine Gun Battalion, Company A.

The persons sought may communicate with the local branch of the Red Cross at 70 East Thirty-eighth Street.

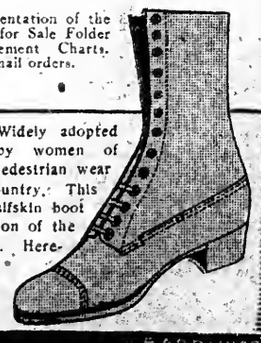
MASTER Shoe Builders
SHOE CRAFT
The SHOECRAFT Shop
27 W 38th St NEW YORK

Fitting the Widths AAAA to C
Narrow Foot Lengths 2 to 10

A SALE

IF you have a foot of unusual length or slenderness, if you have a taste in footwear that is ordinarily too expensive to gratify—you should not fail to visit the ShoeCraft Shop. A discount of 20% is now being allowed on fifteen luxurious models which run the gamut of a woman's footwear needs and are available in all sizes. A perfect fit is assured.

For a complete presentation of the shoes on sale, send for Sale Folder T-26 and Measurement Charts. Postage prepaid on mail orders.



MAJORIO Widely adopted by women of fashion for pedestrian wear in town and country. This handsome brown calfskin boot is a feminized version of the Munson army boot. Heretofore $10, now..... $8

CUT LENGTHS OF SILKS
In Black and Colors, Absolute Clearance Sale
Radically Reduced.

Stern Brothers
West Forty-second and West Forty-third Streets

BLACK SATIN CHARMEUSE
40 ins; good weight and quality; closely woven,
Special $1.55 yd

Another Purchase enables us to offer
WOMEN'S SERGE DRESSES
In an all wool material,
Special $16.50
In plain tailored, braid trimmed or embroidered models; tunic or straight line effects; sizes 34 to 44 bust.
Clearance Reductions now available in
WOMEN'S WINTER SUITS AND DRESSES
Range from 25 to 50% less than former prices.

The Spring Displays of Woolen
DRESS FABRICS AND COATINGS
On the Second Floor
Include the latest plain and fancy weaves in fashionable colorings, featuring the light weight Ali Wool Suede Velours, English Tweeds and American Mixtures. Also the new Plaids, Checks and Stripes in choice color combinations, as well as the more popular weaves, such as Tricotines, Gabardines, Poiret Twills, Wool Jersey, Poplins and fine Costume Serges.
Another Special Offering To-morrow, on the MAIN FLOOR:
1500 Yds. All Wool Fine Twill Serge, $1.90
54 ins. wide; sponged and shrunk; in navy blue also black, yd.
Exceptionally Low Priced Considering the Quality.

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR
A Clearance Sale of superior models At Greatly Reduced Prices:
Nainsook Night Gowns, 1.50, 1.75, 1.95
Nainsook Env. Chemises, 98c, 1.29, 1.45
Crepe de Chine Night Gowns, 3.75, 4.50
Crepe de Chine Env. Chemises, 1.95, 2.90
Philippine Hand-made Night Gowns and Envelope Chemises
Daintily hand-embroidered models; formerly sold up to $8.95,
Reduced to $2.45

Tub Silk Petticoats
An excellent quality satin striped habutai
at $3.75
A most desirable model in the favored street shades and white.
Main Floor Tables.

COTTON DRESS GOODS
Special Values on the Main Floor:
Fancy Printed Voiles, 38 ins. wide, also Imported Suitings, 38 ins. wide,
Special 48c yd.
The Voile is shown in new Spring designs and colorings, while the suitings are shown in colored woven striped effects.
Novelty Woven Voiles and Printed Crepes
double width; in this season's newest color combinations,
at 85c yd.

A Sale of Women's Fur-trimmed
COATS AND DOLMANS
Regular Value $69.75
Very Special at $45.00
Very swagger models fashioned in Bolivia Cloth, Silvertone and Wool Velour with huge shawl collars of French Seal (Dyed Coney), also taupe nutria, many with deep cuffs to match; silk lined and warmly interlined.

Specially Prepared Sale of Girls'
WASHABLE FROCKS
Advance Spring Models
at $1.85, 2.50 and 3.50
Smart styles fashioned in plaid and checked ginghams, crepes and plain chambrays, many with clusters of hand smocking; new features in collars, belts and pockets; in all desirable colors. *Sale will be held on the Third Floor.*

2400 SATIN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS WITH NAPKINS
Will provide the best values of the month at Less than Present Wholesale Cost

Linen and Cotton Cloths and Napkins
Heavy weight and splendid wearing quality,
Table Cloths, - - each $2.95, 3.75 and 5.00
Napkins to match, doz. $2.95, 3.75 and 4.50

Irish All Linen Cloths and Napkins
In handsome circular and square designs,
Table Cloths, - - each $5.50, 7.50 and 8.75
Napkins to match, doz. $6.25, 8.25 and 14.00

Irish Satin Damask (Linen and Cotton); full bleached; heavy weight; yard 90c and 1.25

1250 Yards of 40c Irish Check Glass Toweling
(Linen and Cotton); red and blue check; will not lint; Very Special; . . per yard 24c
Huck Towels, hemmed ends, - dozen $1.75 to 3.60
Huck Towels, hemst'd ends, - dozen $2.95 to 5.40

2000 Yards of Irish All Linen Crash Toweling
Soft and absorbent; regularly sold at 45c per yard; Very Special at 28c
Crochet Bedspreads, hemmed, - - at $1.55 to 2.15
Satin Finish Bedspreads, hemmed, - at $2.75 to 4.50

Turkish Bath Towels, dozen $3.60 to 5.40

THREE SHIPS BRING 4,000 TROOPS HOME

Transports Atenas and Maul and French Liner Rochambeau Arrive Here.

1,000 GIVEN SHORE LEAVE

Surgeon Says That Only 110 American Soldiers Were Blinded in War.

Four thousand troops arrived from France yesterday on three transports and docked at Hoboken and New York, but only 1,000 of that number were allowed to land. They were on the French steamship Rochambeau and the American steamship Atenas, while the 1,000 troops on the Maul were kept on board for the night, as they did not reach the pier in Hoboken until after 5 o'clock in the evening.

The 883 officers and men on the Rochambeau were seventeen days coming from Bordeaux, and said they were tired of the sea and the ship and were very glad to set their feet down once more in America. The fact that the French vessel had put into Halifax, Nova Scotia, and stopped there four days to take on coal did not appear to have appealed to the military passengers. The Rochambeau left Bordeaux on the night of Jan. 8, and after three days of fairly rough weather something happened in the engine room, and from that time on all the engineers could get out of her was nine knots instead of sixteen, which made a big difference.

After watching the soldiers eat their breakfast on the following morning a similar performance by their officers in the cabin, Commander Juham, one of the veterans of the French Line, decided that the rations must be cut down and notified the commissary manager to that effect. There were also 554 civilians on board, who had to be fed. There were all sorts of conjectures on board as to what had happened, and some said it was the coal, while others thought it was the starboard high-pressure cylinder that had got the creup, or that the port propeller had been damaged by a giant devilfish in the Bay of Biscay. Some of the army officers sent petitions to the Captain and asked if they could see the Aldrer on the way home, and a group of Dutch Presbyterians, who were on a mission to the East Indies expressed a desire to visit Madeira, if it was all the same to the commander and the chief engineer.

In the meantime the engineers were busy day and night trying by every known means to get more speed out of the ship, but it was of no avail, and she wheezed at eight to nine knots when it was fine. There was plenty of good coal in the bunkers for a normal voyage from Bordeaux to New York, the officers said yesterday, but not for a cruise of that kind. The cabin passengers had to go short of marmalade, and the Indian officers had to eat their breakfast curry with out the customary bubly-mushee, they said, but there was no real suffering.

A baby was born and one passenger got appendicitis before Halifax was reached.

Some of the passengers said that the accident was due to the number of surgeons and physicians on board, who were returning home after working with the army, Red Cross, or in the military hospitals in France. One of the most distinguished of them was Lieut. Colonel Allin Greenwood of Boston, who was Senior Consulting Eye Surgeon with the American Army abroad, and who declared yesterday that the number of soldiers blinded in the war had been very much exaggerated.

"The people have been deceived," he said, "by a circular sent out appealing for funds for the American blind, and I have already sent a report to Washington on the subject. It is not true that hundreds of American soldiers have lost their sight. In the entire American Expeditionary Force there are not more than 110 men entirely blind, and only a small percentage, perhaps seventy or more, whose eyes are still in bad condition.

"It is a mistake," Lieut. Col. Greenwood continued, "to suppose that blindness comes from either shell-shock or gas. In practically every case we observed a bullet came in direct contact with the optic nerve or literally forced out the eye. The sight of many of our men was saved by magnets. The United States established a base at Paris, where seventy workers manufactured glasses and optical instruments. The demand for glasses could not be called large, for we were taking care of the eyes of 2,000,000 men. How many optical stores would you see in a city of 2,000,000 inhabitants?

"I would put the demand for glasses in France away below the number likely for such a city." He added that a few more may lose their sight later from their injuries, but that the total will be very small compared with the number of men in the American Army abroad. Lieut. Col. Greenwood said that there was also a hospital for treating blinded soldiers at Savenay, in France, near Nantes, where a school had also been started under a New York teacher named Baker, who has been blind since he was six years old, and who has been doing very good work with his assistants.

Roosevelt's Son-in-Law Returns.

Another surgeon on board was Lieut. Col. George F. Derby, son-in-law of the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, who has been in hospital work in France since America entered the war, and who said that he had nothing to say except that the surgeons and physicians who went over from this country had done good work in the field and in the military and base hospitals. Other surgeons were Colonel George W. Crile, who went over early in the war in charge of the Lakeside Hospital Unit from Cleveland, Ohio, and who said yesterday that it was not ethical in his opinion to give interviews while he still wore a uniform, Colonel Fred T. Murphy of St. Louis, Colonel James F. McKernon of New York, and Lieut. Col. Arthur W. Eltinge.

The officers and men on board consisted chiefly of the 337th and 329th Field Artillery, who went over in August and October, 1917, respectively, and came from the Northwest. There were also a number of aviators on the Rochambeau.

Captain L. Crillon Chapman of 87 West End Avenue was with the French Flying Corps, and joined the Lafayette Escadrille in 1914, when it numbered forty, but only thirteen remain alive today. He fought on all fronts, had three planes to his credit officially, and was decorated with the Military Cross and the War Cross with palm and three stars. He was brought down in the Champagne in February, 1917, and so severely injured that he had to go to a hospital for three months.

On that occasion he was on a bombing trip with twenty other planes and a squadron of Fokkers attacked them and three of the French planes were lost before he went down. After the Lafayette Escadrille was disbanded, in the early Summer of 1917, he joined the 110th Aero Squadron of the American Flying Corps.

Captain John A. King was with the American independent flying forces and was flying to Metz on a bombing trip when he was brought down inside the German lines on Aug. 19, 1918. He escaped later and got within a hundred yards of the American lines when a machine gun stared him in the face and there was nothing to do but to go to a German prison camp until the war was over.

Among the Salvation Army workers on board was Katherine Holbrook, wife of Captain Holbrook from Denver, Col. Mrs. Holbrook was wounded in the hip by a shell on Oct. 5, when she said the Germans dropped their shells in the transfer stations where the wounded soldiers were lying before being taken to the base hospitals.

Has 119 Casuals Aboard.

The transport Atenas had 119 casuals from Brest, under the command of Major Gen. Charles C. Ballou of Washington, D. C., which included 97 officers from various branches of the service, and enlisted men from the army and navy. Some of the men were from the 92d Division, known as the Buffaloes, who had fought in the Vosges, the Argonne, and St. Mihiel. They left New York on June 7, 1918, and went into action on Aug. 12. The Major General said that all were good fighters, and were commanded by splendid officers.

Lieutenant R. D. Calloway of Dallas, Texas, who also returned, won the French War Cross while flying with the 93d Aero Squadron, and had brought down several German planes at the Argonne and St. Mihiel.

Captain Clinton L. Hill, a Chicago negro of the 307th Infantry, was at Soissons when an explosive shell tore away his jaw and knocked out his teeth. A clever surgeon in France replaced his jaw, gave the gallant captain a new set of teeth, and he was rewarded with the French War Cross.

The troops on all the transports were welcomed yesterday in the bright, cheery sunlight by the industrious Police boat Patrol, which never rests very long these days at the side of Pier A.

The 3,068 troops on the Maule, which arrived last, included 76 casual officers, 2,196 casual troops, Companies A, B, and C of the 814th Infantry, colored, 593 all told, and men from various other regiments. Many of them had gone through the fierce fighting at Chateau-Thierry, Argonne, Champagne, and St. Mihiel.

Decorated by Pershing.

Major Jesse W. Woolridge of San Francisco was wounded four times while Captain of Company G, 38th Infantry. He was bayonetted in the throat at the Marne, received three machine-gun bullets at the Vesle River, and carried for a while three and a half inches of shrapnel driven into him in the Argonne. General Pershing personally decorated him April 15, 1918, at Château-Thierry, with the Distinguished Service Cross and gave him a personal citation for having led 180 men in a counterattack against odds of more than five to one at Château-Thierry. Only fifty-one men of the Captain's little contingent came out of that encounter unscathed, and more than 1,000 Germans were killed, wounded, or captured.

Lieutenant William Hodson of Athens, Ga., attached to Company B, 47th Infantry, was wounded four times while in action on the Vesle River. Among his experiences he cites an encounter with a German machine-gun crew which he captured. Although wounded, he did not stop fighting. He was finally wounded in the stomach and lay for twenty-seven hours on the field. During that time he had a desperate fight with a wounded German officer who attacked him with a trench knife. He killed this officer. While on night patrol in the Argonne with 48 men an opposition patrol of 60 men was encountered. Trench knives were used, and 32 Germans were left dead on the field, while 16 escaped; 16 Americans were wounded in this encounter.

The Cunarder Caronia with 2,000 troops on board arrived in Quarantine late last night and will go to Pier 56, North River, foot of West Fourteenth Street, early today. Many of the troops aboard are from Ohio.

27TH DIVISION IS DUE IN NEW YORK FEB. 22

Guardsmen Will Leave France About Feb. 15—77th to Embark About March 5.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Word has been received by the War Department that the 27th Division, New York National Guard, will be put aboard transports in France about Feb. 15 and that an effort will be made to get the men back to New York by Feb. 22, Washington's Birthday. It also was announced that the 77th Division, New York National Army, was expected to embark from France about March 5.

The transport Minnekahda, which is due at New York Feb. 1, will bring about 200 officers and 2,500 men, including the headquarters company, machine gun company, supply company, medical detachment, and Companies A, B, C, D, I, K, L, and M of the 28th Infantry, 83d Division cadre, consisting of seven officers and 132 men; a casual company of Alabama troops and 142 casual officers.

Another transport, the Plattsburg, due at New York Jan. 30, has on board about 50 officers and 1,500 men, including the 323d Machine Gun Battalion complete, 339th Infantry's Machine Gun Company, 7 Casual Companies, composed of New York troops, and 6 officers and 222 men in the sick and wounded class.

The Tivives, a cargo carrier, due at New York Feb. 6, has a detachment of ten New Yorkers and forty-five casual officers; and the Arakan, due there on the same date, brings thirteen casual officers and a casual detachment of six New York men.

450,000 TONS FOR AMERICA.

England to Divide German Merchant Fleet with United States.

It was announced yesterday that the German ships allotted to the United States for the return of American troops aggregated 450,000 tons, including the giant Hamburg-American liner Imperator, which is 5,000 tons less than the United States transport Leviathan, which was formerly the Vaterland. The Imperator has been laid up at Hamburg since her arrival there at the end of July, 1914, just before war began, and is expected to arrive in New York within the next four weeks with several thousand American soldiers.

Great Britain will also receive 450,000 tons, the total of 900,000 representing all the tonnage held in German ports during the war. It is understood that the United States will receive the larger vessels, but it is not yet known here just which ships other than the Imperator these will be.

The steamships now known to be in German ports are:

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.

Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, 24,581 tons; built in 1905.
Cleveland, 16,960 tons; built in 1908.
Batavia, 11,464 tons; built in 1899.
Graf Waldersee, 13,193 tons; built in 1898.
Patricia, 14,462 tons; built in 1899.
Pretoria, 13,234 tons; built in 1897.
Victoria Louise, 16,703 tons; built in 1900.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD LINE.

Berlin, 17,324 tons; built in 1908.
Bremen, 11,540 tons; built in 1897.
Koenigin Louise, 10,785 tons; built in 1896.

In addition to these there were under construction in Germany at the start of the war for the Hamburg-American Line the Fuerst Bismarck, 56,000 tons, one of the largest ships in the world, and for the North German Lloyd Line the Zeppelin, 15,200 tons, launched in June, 1914, and the Columbus, of 35,000 tons.

TO STUDY RESOURCES OF GERMAN ARMY

Allied Committee Will Then Be Able to Settle How Allied Forces May Be Reduced.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—To ascertain the strength and resources of the German Army will be the first problem considered by the Military Committee appointed Thursday by the Supreme War Council to report on the strength of the allied and associated forces to be retained on the western front during the armistice.

It was assumed that the Germans had about 500,000 men under arms, but it is necessary to confirm these figures and determine to what extent the manufacture of arms, munitions, and other military supplies is going on.

The purpose is to maintain a strength at all times superior to the present or potential strength of the Germans. There are now eight American divisions in Germany and the findings of the committee will determine what efforts can be made to reduce this force and send the men home. The British and French commands share the desire to hasten demobilization, so it is expected that the committee will report at an early moment.

The inquiry is understood not to apply to Entente and American forces in Siberia and at Archangel, where they will be maintained pending the issue of the Princes' Islands conference.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Major General Sir Henry H. Wilson, chief of the imperial staff, has been appointed to the committee named by the Allied and Associated Governments to consider the strength of the forces to be maintained on the western front during the armistice.

NAVAL PROGRAM IS HELD UP.

Some Legislators Would Await Action Abroad on Disarmament.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Sharp division among members of the House Naval Committee over the wisdom of deciding on a second three-year building program until after the Peace Conference's decision on world disarmament, has led to the delay of a week before attempting final action.

Meanwhile, President Wilson may be asked by administration leaders in Congress to urge Democratic members to vote for the program. The leaders are said to be considering sending a cablegram to the President, but decline to discuss their plans.

Chairman Padgett desires a favorable report, and while supporters of the program say they are in the majority, they admit that such a report could only be brought from the committee on a close vote and probably would be accompanied by one from the minority. A meeting for final decision has been set for Friday.

The program calls for sixteen capital ships, including six battle cruisers. The committee is said to have learned that Admiral Sims and other naval authorities are not agreed regarding this type and it has been decided tentatively not to specify construction of the battle cruisers, regardless of the ultimate fate of the general program.

CUTHELL TO AID BAKER.

Will Represent Secretary in Dealing with Allied Military Men Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Secretary Baker announced today that he had appointed Chester N. Cuthell of New York as his representative to work out, with the representatives of the allied nations in this country, the relations growing out of orders of war material and exchanges of material and service between the War Department and the European Allies in the United States.

Mr. Cuthell, who will have offices in the War Department, was until recently general counsel of the Emergency Fleet Corporation. His work will be in relation with a commission in France having charge of similar matters abroad, the purpose of the entire arrangement being to provide for the immediate gathering together of all the outstanding business relations between the War Department and those several Governments, so that they can be promptly and equitably administered.

"This," said Mr. Baker, "is following out a policy worked out between Mr. Stettinius and the Secretary of War."

With regard to the order issued, providing that men may be retained in the service on their application and not discharged, the Secretary said:

"What the order means is this: In order to guard the property of the War Department and take care of the receiving and demobilizing of the men who are come home from Europe, a large number of men have to be kept in the service. We want to retain for that service men who want to be retained, rather than men who do not want to be retained. Demobilization is going on as usual, except as modified by this order."

Commenting on the station at Blois, France, for "examining officers," the Secretary said:

"Blois is a very great institution; it is a reassignment depot. It was the salvation of a very large part of the efficiency of the army."

MORE FOOD FOR NEAR EAST.

Two Steamers Depart with Supplies Worth $2,500,000.

Two more steamships filled with supplies for the relief of the Greeks, Armenians, Syrians, and Jews in Asia Minor were dispatched yesterday by the American Committee for Relief in the Near East. The cargoes were valued at $2,500,000, it was said by representatives of the committee.

The steamers were the naval transport Pensacola, which loaded at Pier 62, North River, foot of West Twenty-second Street, and the Cape Lookout, which loaded at Baltimore. They are taking food, clothing, agricultural machinery, and motor trucks.

Among the volunteers who left on the Pensacola yesterday to do relief work were Dr. Manning C. Field of Brooklyn, the Rev. Joseph W. Beach of Bangor, Me.; Carleton T. Smith of West Newton, Mass.; Lucius T. Thayer of Portsmouth, N. H., and Thomas W. Farnsworth of Hartford, Conn.

13TH TO BE MUSTERED OUT.

Brooklynites Assured That They Will Be Civilians on Tuesday.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Jan. 25.—Though expressing dissatisfaction at having been sent to Camp Upton instead of Fort Hamilton as they expected, members of the 59th Coast Artillery found comfort today in the assurance that they would be mustered out Tuesday. The Brooklyn heroes attended entertainments especially arranged for them in the Liberty Theatre, K. of C. and Y. M. C. A. huts tonight. The men spoke in the highest terms of the work of the Salvation Army at the front. They said that they would never forget the priceless doughnuts made by the women of that organization.

The boys expressed surprise that they were not allowed to talk with relatives either at Hoboken or in Long Island City. However, many of their relatives, including wives and sweethearts, came to the cantonment today and more are expected tomorrow.

Not the least anxious of the soldiers to get home is Anthony Lo Forte of 232 Saratoga Avenue, Brooklyn. He has a four month old son, whom he has never seen. Albert Kreppein is also desirous of reaching 76 Hazel Street, Brooklyn.

There his young wife is awaiting him. He also wants opportunity to get in touch with the Washington authorities as the fate of his step brother, Fred Moewe of the 304th Infantry, whom he last saw for a few minutes on Oct. 26 at the front.

TO CHEER WAR'S WOUNDED.

Red Cross and Surgeon General Adopt Plan to Uplift Morale.

A co-operative plan for improving the morale of the wounded and sick soldiers in the forty reconstruction hospitals in the United States has been adopted by the Surgeon General of the Army and the American Red Cross, according to a statement issued yesterday in Washington. The plan contemplates such diversion and training as will contribute to the recovery of the men and to the cheerfulness of the able-bodied personnel of the hospitals. The work will be under the general direction of Dr. Elbert K. Fretwell, head of the department of Educational Leadership at Teachers College, Columbia University.

The Red Cross will be primarily responsible for social recreation, the furnishing of equipment and the training of the personnel for the work, while the Surgeon General's office will be more particularly concerned with physical education.

The recreational work will be varied with the needs of the individual soldiers.

Boyle Was Captured by the Moewe.

Barney Boyle, whose name is in a list of twenty-seven American sailors released from German prison camps, was a member of the crew of the Esmeralda, which was captured and sunk by the Moewe early in 1917. His home is in Scranton, Penn. He is a brother of Charles Boyle, formerly of THE NEW YORK TIMES, now in the Naval Reserve.

Reorganization Sale

PAUL BERNARD

The Women's Shop for Values

22 East 34th St. Across the Street From ALTMAN'S

Our Extraordinarily Successful Business during the past six months, which utterly overwhelmed our present facilities, compels enlarging and adding to our various departments. This and the addition of a New Member to the Firm

Necessitates Disposal of Entire Stock of

DRESSES

Prior to Reorganization

Georgette Crepe
Tricotine
Satin
Serge
Wool Velour
Velveteen
Tulle

Tailored, Beaded and Embroidered in the Newest Modes

12.90 FORMERLY TO $39.50

Every Dress in Stock must be Sold during this Sale None Reserved.

Street Dresses
Afternoon Dresses
Dinner Dresses
Evening Gowns

Over 2,000 in all, in a large variety of styles and color effects.

15.90 FORMERLY TO $59.50

Reorganization Sale

Fur Coats

Muffs and Sets—Our Entire Stocks Now in Clearance Sale at ⅓ to ½ Off

At the New **Bedell** *Fashion Shop*

Nineteen West 34th Street

Your Unrestricted Choice of Any Coat in the House

Whether Priced at $45, $55, $65 & Up to $75

$75 Pom Pom Coats
$45 Silvertone Coats
$45 Rich Dolmans
$65 Fur-Trimmed Coats
$35 Broadcloth Coats
$40 Bolivia Coats

$25

(Silk Plush Coats Excluded)

$50 Crystal Cloth Coats
$60 Duvetyn Coats
$35 Fur-Trimmed Coats
$45 Fur Collar Velours
$50 Elegant Mixtures
$35 Suede Velours

$25 $25 $25 $25 $25 $25

An Incomparable Event—Monday's Biggest Sale

Your Unrestricted Choice of Entire High Grade Winter Stock

Your unrestricted choice tomorrow of any Bedell Winter Coat in stock—irrespective of former cost or value—for only $25. High grade richly fur trimmed models that sold at three and four times tomorrow's drastic closing out price—including the finest productions of the year.

Plain tailored styles or elaborately fur trimmed models, featuring Opossum, Seal, Muskrat, Nutria, Raccoon, Kit Coney, etc. Voluminous fur shawl or convertible collars—full or half linings of finest silks. In short, values that are marvelous—phenomenal—and an early visit means best choosing.

Nothing Reserved—No Charge for Alterations

Any Coat in the House Formerly Selling to $30

Your Unrestricted Choice Tomorrow of Great Assortment

You choose from high grade fabrics—smartest, most successful models—in any new coloring you want. Positively the most drastic price-cutting of many a season. $30 Pom Poms, Velours, Broadcloths, etc.

$15

Variety of distinctive plain tailored models and luxuriously fur trimmed models, with new collars, belts, pockets and trimmings. Coats of the conservative type that can be worn for many a season.

TO-MORROW'S SPECIALS IN BARGAIN BASEMENT

$10

Coat Wind-Up
Models Worth $20
$10

An astonishingly high grade collection of Velours, Meltons, Kerseys, Burellas, Velvet, in a variety of fur trimmed and plain models—all colors. Remarkable Monday Values!

Spring Dresses
Worth $20 to $25
$12.85

An unrivalled assortment of finest Spring frocks of French and Mannish Serges, Silk Taffetas, Satins, Georgette combinations in a variety of new tailored and Afternoon models.

$12.85

MARKETS GLUTTED, BUT PRICES STAY UP

Butter, Egg, Beef, and Poultry Receipts Unprecedented for This Time of Year.

RETAILERS PROFITING NOW

Consumer Still Paying Too Much, According to P. Q. Foy, Market Expert.

While the marked decline of the last ten days in prices of staple commodities has been reflected to some extent in prices to the consumer, the opinion prevails in various sections of the city that the retailer has not allowed the consumer the full benefit of the lower prices.

There was a substantial reduction yesterday in prices of meats and other commodities, according to P. Q. Foy of The Market Report, which was in addition to slight declines noticeable in different sections during the week. Mr. Foy said last night that the present prices would seem high two weeks from now, as we are bound to get down to something like pre-war standards in prices.

Comparison of prices listed by the New York Food Board in its last "Fair Price List," issued on Jan. 14, with the present prices, shows that the retailer is making an even larger percentage of profit, in many cases, than he did when the prices were higher and were regulated by the Federal Food Board. Some of the prices are given in the following table:

	Food Board Prices. Retail.	Present Prices. Retail.
Lima beans	17 @17½	15 @16
Pea or medium beans	14½@15	10 @13
Kidney beans	17 @17½	14 @18
Oatmeal, bulk	7 @ 7½	6 @ 8
Cornmeal, yellow	6 @ 6½	5 @ 7
Cornmeal, South'n, fine	6½@ 7	6 @ 7
Flour	7 @ 7½	6 @ 7
Sugar	10.35@..	9½@10
Butter, fresh creamery, specials	70 @..	61 @65
Butter, extras, (best table)	75 @..	58 @60
Butter, extras, (good table)	74 @..	56 @85
Butter, extras, (cooking	70 @..	50 @54
Butter, ex, (unsalted)	78 @..	65 @70
Cheese	47 @..	38 @46
Eggs, sel. cand., fresh	76 @..	68 @70
Eggs, white, hennery	.. ..	76 @80
Eggs, brown, hennery	.. ..	76 @75
Potatoes, L. I., No. 1	4 2-3 ..	4½@5
Michigan	3.8 ..	3 @ 3½
Onions, red & yellow	3½@ 3¾	3 @ 4
Onions, white	.. ..	8 @10
Cabbage, wh'd	3½@..	5 @ 6
Cab'ge, old, wh. Dan	.. ..	4 @ 5
Cab'ge, old, dom. wh	.. ..	3 @ 4

Beef, hinds, and ribs, formerly 29 to 33 cents a pound wholesale, now 23 to 26 cents; a comparison of the retail prices of the Food Board and now follows:

	Board Price.	Present Price.
Sirloin steak	41@48	38@42
Top round	48@52	38@42
Bottom round	48@50	36@40
Rib roast, prime	45@49	37@42
Rib roast, chuck	35@40	30@35
Whole top sirloin	42@46	35@40
Cut top sirloin	46@50	40@45

Beef chuck steak, on which the Food Board allowed a margin of profit of 11 cents a pound, is now selling to the retailer for 16 to 23 cents, and he in turn gets 25 to 28 cents. Whole cross rib, on which the Food Board allowed a profit of 18 cents, is now 22 to 25 cents to the retailer and 28 to 35 cents to the consumer. Cut cross rib is 24 to 27 cents to the retailer and 30 to 37 cents to the consumer. On this grade of meat the Food Board allowed a profit of 22 cents.

Fresh lamb is selling for 23 to 28 cents to the retailer, who receives 23 to 40 cents for it. Kosher chucks and plates, medium to choice are selling at 25 to 27 cents wholesale, and the prices to the consumer are given as follows:

Soup meat, untrimmed, 27 to 32 cents; shoulder steak, untrimmed, 30 to 33 cents; breast, trimmed, 32 to 36 cents. Pork loins, Western light, are sold to the retailer at 22 to 27 cents and to the consumer at 32 to 38 cents, and pork chops 25 to 36 cents to the retailer and 35 to 42 cents to the consumer.

The wide range in prices is said to be due to the prices that are charged by the different stores, depending somewhat upon the locality. The Federal Food Board, in making up its "fair price list," took into consideration the location of the stores, cost to do business, &c.

Last week was a record one for egg receipts. The New York Daily Market Report said yesterday:

"Receipts for the week, 44,160 cases; same six days last year, 26,148 cases. This was a record week in the egg market. The absence of Winter conditions is reflected in the gradual increase of eggs from all sections, even Nebraska and other northerly sections that usually do not ship eggs until the middle of March are now offering carloads."

Of the butter receipts The Market Report says:

"The receipts this week have shown an increase of 4,000 packages over those of last week and nearly double those of the corresponding period last year. The millions of unemployed all over the United States have greatly upset the calculations of financiers, while there has been cancellation of considerable foreign contracts as a result of the abundant supply of New Zealand and Argentine butter on the British markets. The impairment of the purchasing power of so vast an army of consumers could not fail to affect the financial situation and led to a decline of 7 to 8 cents a pound since Monday."

The Market Report gives the receipts of cattle here at 4,850 head, as against 3,250 head the week before. The receipts of live calves were so heavy, The Report says, that there was a decline of 2 to 3 cents a pound on top veals, while the common kind suffered a greater price shrinkage. The country-dressed calves declined 8 to 10 cents a pound, and, says The Report, "tons of veals had to be frozen in absence of any other outlet."

Heavy receipts of poultry, with lowering prices, are also reported.

SEEK AID FOR HOSPITAL.

Campaign in Jewish Schools for Institution for Consumptives.

A campaign to raise funds among children attending the Jewish religious and Sabbath schools throughout the country to erect a children's pavilion as an addition to the National Jewish Hospital for Consumptives at Denver, Col., was announced yesterday by Ben Altheimer, Treasurer of the hospital and a member of the Executive Committee. The National Jewish Hospital, said Mr. Altheimer, admits no paying patients, and during the nineteen years of its existence 70 per cent. of the 3,500 patients treated had either been cured or the disease has been sufficiently arrested to enable them to become self-supporting.

At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Hospital held at the Hotel Biltmore on last Sunday, Mr. Altheimer was appointed Chairman of a national committee of fifteen members to direct the campaign. Other members of the committee including Mrs. Alexander Kohut of New York, Vice Chairman; Dr. W. S. Friedman of Denver, Mrs. S. Plaks, Charles A. Studin, R. Sadowsky, and Nathan J. Miller of New York; I. Walter Frieberg, Cincinnati; Mrs. M. C. Sloss, San Francisco; Jacob Epstein, Baltimore; Colonel Harry Cutler, Providence, R. I., and Aaron Faldheim of St. Louis.

The next annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the National Jewish Hospital for Consumptives will be held in this city, it was announced, in honor of Mr. Altheimer's seventieth birthday.

SURPRISE DR. SCHULMAN.

Rabbi Gets Gift of Liberty Bonds After Twenty Years' Service.

The congregation of Temple Emanu-El, at Fifth Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, sent Dr. Samuel Schulman a present of twenty $1,000 Liberty bonds before the service yesterday which marked the close of the twentieth year of his connection with the synagogue.

The bonds were sent to Dr. Schulman before the service with a letter expressing the esteem and good wishes of the congregation. The arrangements for the gift had been made secretly, and Dr. Schulman was taken completely by surprise. After the sermon yesterday, in which he expressed his thanks to the members of the temple, the congregation crowded about him to congratulate him on his long term as their religious leader. Jacob H. Schiff, Oscar Straus, and Nathan Straus were among those at the service.

The $20,000 Liberty bond testiminial was planned and carried out by Mrs. Lazarus Kohns and other members of the congregation. Dr. Schulman came to this city from Kansas City twenty years ago, and leaves today for Kansas City to pay a visit to the members of his old congregation.

Max Fertig

Our Prices are ALWAYS less

30 EAST 34TH STREET (OPPOSITE ALTMAN'S)

PHILIPPINE UNDERWEAR LACES DECORATIVE LINENS

Specially Arranged Sale

for

MONDAY AND TUESDAY ONLY.

Hand Scalloped and Hand Embroidered

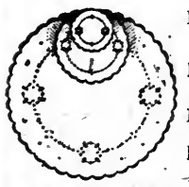
MADEIRA LINENS

and

PHILIPPINE UNDERWEAR

at less than to-day's Wholesale Cost.

We are not daily advertisers and only advertise when we have something sensational to offer.



LUNCHEON SET (13 Pieces) *(as illustrated)* $3.95

Also other designs

LUNCHEON NAPKINS *dozen* $3.95, $5.90

LUNCHEON CLOTH, 52 inches round, $10.50

LUNCHEON SET (13 Pieces) $4.50, $5.90

CENTRE PIECES, 36 inches round, $4.50

DRESSER SCARFS, 18x36 inches, $2.95

BUFFET SCARFS, 18x72inches, $3.75

GUEST TOWELS $1.10, $1.25

COCKTAIL NAPKINS, *dozen* $1.75

NIGHT GOWNS $1.95, $2.95

STRAIGHT CHEMISES $1.95, $2.50

CORSET COVERS $1.95, $2.50

Included in this sale are Embroidered and Lace Trimmed Luncheon Cloths and Scarfs, and other higher priced articles too numerous to mention.

IRISH DAMASK

Linen Finished Table Damask

70 inches wide, *regular* $1.75 *a yard*, *Special* **$1.00** *yd.*

22 inch Napkins, *regular* $4.50 *Special* **$2.95** *doz.*

B. Altman & Co.

Thirty-fourth Street MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK Thirty-fifth Street

Telephone 7000 Murray Hill

Many patrons will find the Madison Avenue entrance most convenient

Women's Capes and Dolmans

in charmingly new models, reveal the possibilities of American-made fabrics at a time when the keenest interest is felt in the textile development of the country.

Of duvetyne, tricotine, evora, or bolivia, these garments are modeled on the graceful cape lines that divulge at a glance the quality of the material as well as the lavish use of it; while their ultra-large collars are interesting versions of the newer mode.

The prices range from $68.00 to $225.00

A number of tailored Coats, suitable for practical wear, are also ready for selection.

(Department on Third Floor)

Girls' Chic Dresses in new styles

The demure charm of frocks for the young girl is noticeable on many delightful little modes for early Spring.

These styles are variously developed in Georgette crepe and chiffon.

There are also numerous frocks of gingham, linen, voile, Japanese crepe, chambray, as well as of dotted swisses, nets, Shantungs, taffetas and crepe de Chine, including plain colors and striped and plaid effects, the more elaborate models being embroidered by hand.

Prices $7.25 to $55.00

(Department on Second Floor)

New Fashions for Spring

IT is quite evident that the greatest activities must exist wherever the style-makers have returned to their customary channels, for an unmistakable tension pervades the whole world of fashion, watching day by day for the newer developments.

Already the most beguiling things have appeared, clothes of such charming originality that only the most optimistic, a few months ago, dared to dream would come forth from the Spring ateliers. All the art that goes into the harmony of dress seems to have been expended upon the post-war costumes, and on the innumerable items of the new period. The initial things now displayed are expressive of all that is really significant in the question of dress and should prove of immediate appeal to every woman in search of individuality.

Charming Dresses for Misses and the Younger Set

The present assortment is almost bewildering in its variety. Especially captivating are the evening and dance frocks; the designs and materials affording an almost unlimited range for selection. Then, too, there are the simple, practical models for daytime wear, and sports garments for the approaching outdoor season.

Daytime Dresses of serge, tricotine or jersey, are variously priced . . . . . $29.75 to 85.00

Dresses of satin or taffeta . . . . . 39.00 to 85.00

Dresses of Georgette crepe . . . . . 42.00 to 175.00

(Department on Second Floor)

A Phenomenal Sale of Dress Silks

25,000 yards of Black and Colored Dress Silks

arranged in Dress, Coat and Blouse Lengths, and also in lengths suitable for linings,

will be placed on sale to-morrow (Monday)

at prices ranging from

$1.15 to $4.90 per yard

Included in this offering are black silks, white silks, novelty silks, printed chiffons, taffetas, dress satins, crepe de Chines and metal brocades, in widths ranging from 36 to 40 inches.

This sale will be held on the SIXTH FLOOR.

The Present Sale of Household Linens

which will be continued the remainder of the month slightly prolongs the opportunity for economical purchasing.

Special values for the current week include

All-linen Damask Table Cloths (circular design) each . . . $8.75 & 10.75

All-linen Damask Table Napkins per dozen $9.75

All-linen Damask Table Cloths (circular design) each . . $9.75 & 11.00

All-linen Damask Table Napkins per dozen . $10.75 & 11.75

All-linen Damask Table Napkins (heavy quality) per dozen . $6.00 & 7.50

All-linen Figured Huckaback Towels (hemstitched) fine quality (guest or individual size) per dozen $6.00

All-linen Huckaback Towels, hemstitched, heavy quality (room size) per dozen $9.00, 10.00, 12.00

All-white Turkish Bath Towels (hemmed) per dozen . $4.00 & 6.00

With colored borders per dozen . $7.50 & 9.00

(Fourth Floor)

An Opportune Sale of Cotton Fabrics

to commence to-morrow (Monday) on the First Floor will offer excellent values in a variety of Summer materials, which, taken from regular stock, have been arranged in

Dress and Skirt Lengths

and marked at final reduction prices.

The January Sale of ORIENTAL RUGS

offers an unusually favorable opportunity to select choice rugs at unprecedentedly low prices. Owing to the enormous quantities assembled almost any wanted size may be obtained.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST ARE

Oriental Rugs in small sizes $22.00, $32.00 & $50.00

Oriental Rugs in room sizes $132.00, $195.00, $320.00 to $590.00

The wearing qualities of all rugs purchased from B. Altman & Co. are unreservedly guaranteed

(Fifth Floor)

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY *34th Street*

Purchases will appear on bills rendered March 1st

MID-WINTER SALE

McCreery "Master-Made" Furniture, Beds & Bedding

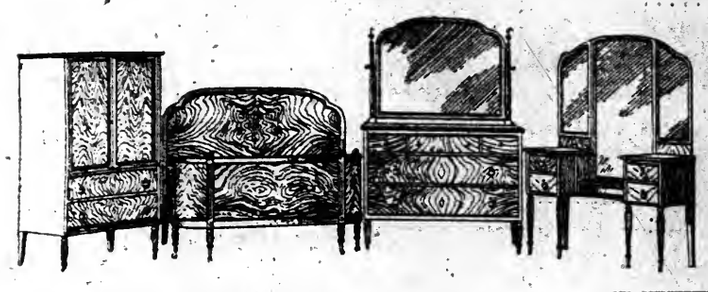
Reductions of 10% to 50%

Fireside Wing Chair, as illustrated, with loose spring cushions; upholstered in Tapestry.

29.75
formerly 39.50

High-back Windsor Chair, as illustrated, finished in Antique Brown.

12.00
formerly 24.00



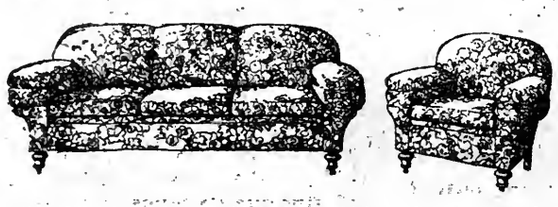
Four-piece Louis XVI Model Chamber Suite, as illustrated, in American Walnut, Mahogany or finished in Ivory or Gray Enamel; Dresser, Chifforobe, Vanity Case and bow-end Bed. **298.00** formerly 385.00

Library Furniture

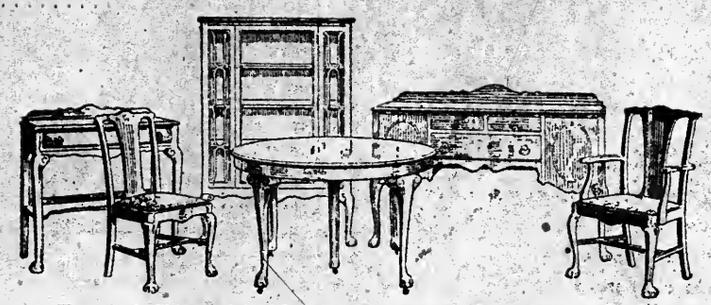
Overstuffed Tapestry Sofas with pillow arms; outside backs, both sides of cushions and seats under cushions in same material. formerly 285.00. **159.50**
Armchairs to match.....formerly 149.50, **89.50**

Louis XVI. Model Suites with cane back and arms; frames of solid mahogany upholstered in Blue Damask.
Sofa.....formerly 150.00, **110.00** | Armchair....formerly 75.00, **49.50**

Overstuffed Tapestry Suites with loose cushions; outside backs covered in same material.
Sofa or Rocker..formerly 135.00, **79.50** | Armchair....formerly 79.50, **42.50**



Overstuffed Library Suite, as illustrated, with spring arms, upholstered in Tapestry; same material used on outside backs.
Sofa....**89.75**....formerly 169.50 | Armchair...**49.00**...formerly 98.00



Ten-piece Chippendale Model Dining Room Suite, as illustrated, made of Solid Mahogany, hand-carved; Buffet, China Cabinet, Extension and Side Tables, five Side Chairs and one Armchair. **275.00** formerly 550.00

Dining Room Furniture

Ten-piece Queen Anne Model Suite in American Walnut, including 78-inch Buffet, China Cabinet, Extension and Side Tables, five Side Chairs and one Armchair. formerly 1,275.00 **850.00**

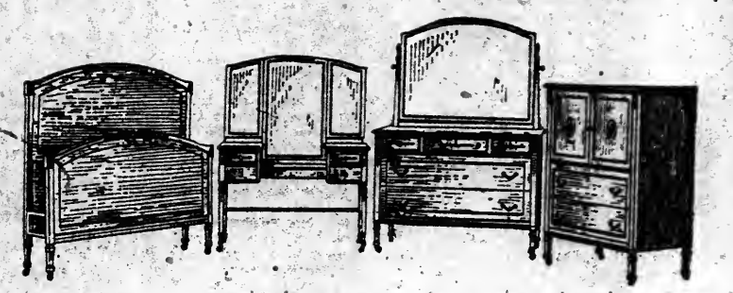
Ten-piece Queen Anne Model Suites,—72-inch Buffet, China Cabinet, Linen Cabinet, Extension Table, five Side Chairs and one Armchair. formerly 595.00, **497.50**

Ten-piece Chippendale Model Suites in Walnut or Mahogany, including 72-inch Buffet, China Cabinet, Extension and Side Tables, five Side Chairs and one Armchair. formerly 575.00 **475.00**

Ten-piece Queen Anne Model Suites,—72-inch Buffet, China Cabinet, round or square Extension Table and Side Table, five Side Chairs and one Armchair. **377.50** formerly 475.00

Beds & Bedding

Brass Beds with ball-joint corners, 1¼-inch filler rods; bright or satin finish; all sizes. formerly 32.00, **27.50**
Brass Beds with square top rods, seven 1-inch filler rods. All sizes.....**29.50** formerly 35.00
White or Ivory Enameled Iron Twin Beds with continuous square tubing...ea. **17.50** formerly 20.00
White or Ivory Enameled Iron Beds with 2-inch square posts and square top rods. All sizes. formerly 21.00, **16.50**
White Enameled Iron Cribs with drop side.....formerly 13.50, **11.75**
Upholstered Box Springs with hair top. All sizes.....formerly 30.00, **25.00**
Special Black Hair Mattresses,—full 45-pound weight; choice of ticking....**39.50** formerly 45.00



Four-piece Ivory Enameled Chamber Suite, as illustrated, including 50-inch Dresser, Chifforobe, Semi-Vanity Toilet Table and Bed. formerly 395.00
197.50

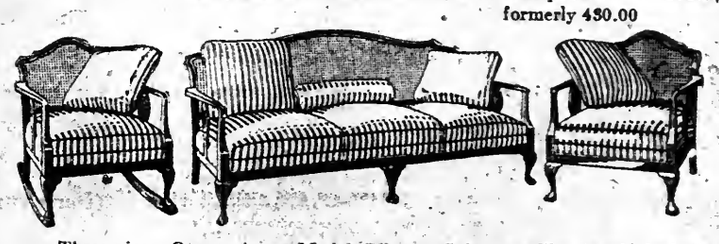
Chamber Furniture

Four-piece Louis XV Model Suites in Walnut, including Dresser, Chifforobe, Vanity Toilet Table and Bed. formerly 545.00, **450.00**

Four-piece Queen Anne Model Suite, including 50-inch Dresser, Chifforobe, Toilet Table and bow-end Bed. formerly 450.00, **298.00**

Four-piece Colonial Model Suites in American Walnut, including Dresser, Chiffonier, Toilet Table and Bed. formerly 225.00, **179.50**

Four-piece Louis XVI. Model Suite in American Walnut or Gray Enamel finish; Dresser, Chifforobe, Vanity Case and Bow-end Bed, with cane panels. **375.00** formerly 450.00



Three-piece Queen Anne Model Library Suite, as illustrated, including Sofa, Chair and Rocker, upholstered in Damask; frames of solid mahogany.
159.50 regularly 275.00

Annual January Sale
"McCREERY LINENS"
Extraordinary Price Reductions

All Linen Irish Satin Damask Tablecloths:
formerly 5.00, 6.00 and 7.50.....each **3.75, 4.75 and 5.75**

Heavy All Linen Irish Satin Damask Tablecloths:
Size 2x2 yards.....formerly 8.00 to 12.50, each **5.50, 7.50, 9.50**
Size 2x2½ yards.....formerly 9.00 to 14.00, each **6.75, 9.00, 10.50**
Size 2x3 yards.....formerly 10.00 to 16.00, each **7.50, 10.50, 12.50**

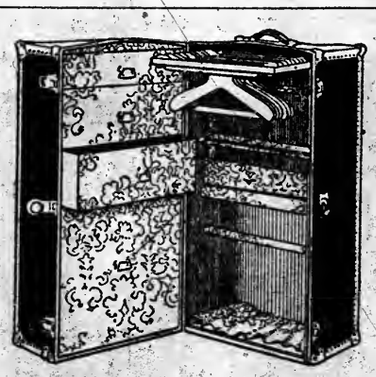
Heavy All Linen Irish Satin Damask Table Napkins:
Size 22x22 inches.....formerly 6.75 to 10.00, doz. **5.00, 6.00, 7.50**
Size 24x24 inches.....formerly 9.50 to 16.50, doz. **6.75, 9.00, 12.50**

Irish Satin Damask Table Linen:
Full bleached; 70 inches wide; all pure Linen.....formerly 2.25, yard **1.60**

Irish All Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases, hemstitched.
Sheets.....formerly 15.00 to 20.00, pair **9.00, 12.50, 15.00**
Pillow Cases.....formerly 3.50 to 5.00, pair **2.25, 2.75, 3.50**

300 Dozen Hemmed
All Linen Scotch Huck Towels
dozen **4.65**..formerly 7.50

200 Dozen Hemstitched
All Linen Irish Huck Towels
dozen **6.00**..formerly 8.00



"McCreery Luggage"
100 WARDROBE TRUNKS

28.50
formerly 42.50

Regulation Wardrobe Trunks made on three-ply veneer basswood frame, covered with hard vulcanized fibre; four drawers; ten hangers; shoe pockets. Size 43x22x22 inches.

300 ROYAL WILTON RUGS
At 30% Less Than Regular Prices

Handsome Rugs in rich patterns and colorings that harmonize with modern decorative schemes; in all wanted sizes.

Wilton Rugs
9x12 ft.....**62.50**.....regularly 90.50

The most desirable size made; a variety of attractive designs.

Wilton Rugs
8.3x10.6 ft.....**55.65**..regularly 79.50
Very useful size for smaller Dining Rooms or Living Rooms.

Wilton Rugs
6x9 ft.....**39.50**..regularly 56.50
Many beautiful Rugs, suitable for smaller Dens, Foyers, etc.

100 Seamless Royal Axminster Rugs
9x12 ft.....**48.00**.....regularly 57.50
Woven in one piece—will give splendid service; Oriental and conventional designs.

Annual January Sale
BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES & SPREADS
Unusual Reductions

White Blankets:
pink or blue borders—
single size.....pr. **6.25, 7.50 and 8.50**
formerly 8.00 to 12.00
double size....pr. **7.25, 9.00 and 10.50**
formerly 9.50 to 14.50

Comfortables:
Figured Silkoline, cotton filled....**2.75**
formerly 3.75
Silk Mull tops, cotton filled; plain borders. formerly 7.00, **5.75**
Figured Nainsook, plain borders; wool filled. formerly 12.00 **9.00**

Bed Spreads:
Crochet, hemmed, Marseilles patterns. formerly 2.50, **1.85**
Satin finish, hemmed.....**3.75**
formerly 4.75
Satin finish, scalloped.....**3.90**
formerly 5.00

Bed Sets:
Crinkled Dimity,—scalloped and embroidered edge; including Spread and Bolster cover to match.
set **4.50, 5.00 and 5.50**
formerly 5.50 to 7.50

Exceptional Values—DINNER SERVICES

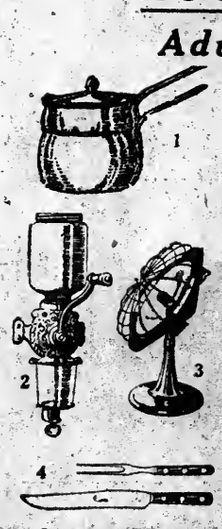
Dinner Services,—four choice medallion patterns with gold or colored edge on Colonial shape; 50 pieces; complete set for six persons. **12.00**
regularly 15.00

American Porcelain Sets,—green border pattern with pink rose design; gold edge; 107 pieces. **21.50**
regularly 40.00

American Porcelain Sets,—conventional border design; two choice patterns; 107 pieces. regularly 50.00, **39.50**

Nippon China Sets,—hand-painted border design, with enameled floral pattern in Oriental color effects; border pattern in grape design or pagoda border with coin gold handles; open stock; 101 pieces. regularly 55.00, **42.50**

HOUSEFURNISHINGS
Advantageously Priced



1.—Double Rice or Cereal Boiler,—highly polished Aluminum; 2-quart capacity. regularly 2.25, **1.35**

2.—Wall Coffee Mill,—Black enameled; tempered steel grinder; glass container; holds 1 pound. **95c**
regularly 1.25

3.—"Hotpoint" Hedlight Electric Heater,—Radiant type; adjustable to throw heat to any desired place.
regularly 11.00, **9.00**

4.—Kitchen Carving Set,—knife and fork; cocobolo handles; fastened with brass rivets. **75c**
regularly 1.50

5.—Highly Polished Aluminum Percolator with hinged cover; 6-cup capacity. regularly 3.00, **1.95**

6.—Highly Polished Aluminum Covered Saucepan; 4-quart capacity; heavy gauge metal. regularly 2.25 **1.45**

7.—O'Cedar Polishing Mop,—new Battleship model **95c**
regularly 1.25

8.—"McCreery Standard" Electric Iron,—heavily nickel-plated; nichrome wire element; detachable plug; weighs 6 pounds; fully guaranteed. regularly 7.00, **4.75**

Excellent Values
CURTAIN FABRICS

1,200 yards Plain Marquisette in White or Ivory; 36 inches wide.....
Special, yd. **32c**
4,500 yards Grenadines, Scrims and Voiles,—fancy borders and figures; purchased at unusual price concessions. yd. **38c**
regularly 50c and 55c
Filet Curtain Nets in a large assortment of effective designs....yd. **35c**
regularly 50c
Real Scotch Madras in White or Cream; 45 inches wide.....yd. **65c**
regularly 85c

LACE CURTAINS
At Reduced Prices
Marie Antoinette, Lacet and Cluny Lace Curtains in very attractive designs.
pr. **5.75, 8.75 to 18.50**
formerly 8.50, 11.50 to 24.00

CRETONNES
Decidedly Reduced
A large assortment of Cretonnes in most desirable patterns and colors.
yd. **39c**.....formerly 70c
yd. **50c**.....formerly 75c

REMNANTS OF UPHOLSTERY FABRICS
At ½ Present Prices
Remnants of Velour, Velvet, Tapestry and Damask from 1½ to 3 yards long; suitable for hangings, draperies, cushions, etc.

DRAFT BOARD WORK IS TOLD BY CONBOY

638,927 Men Registered in City on June 5, 1917, and Aug. 24, 1918, Figures Show.

STATISTICS FOR BORQUGHS

Enrollment on Sept. 12 Last Put the Total for New York City Up to 1,420,024.

The results of the work of the 189 Local Draft Boards in New York city have been compiled by the Director, Martin Conboy. The figures deal only with the registrations of June 5, 1917, and Aug. 24, 1918. In connection with tables presented, Mr. Conboy points out that while these tables will give an idea of the work of the various boards, it is not fair to make strict comparisons or to gauge the value of a board's work by the number or percentage of men inducted. The various conditions under which the different boards worked must be taken into consideration in each instance, he says.

Induction of registrants of Sept. 12, 1918, did not proceed sufficiently far to warrant the compilation of any comparative figures in regard to that registration. The number registered on that day was 781,097, making New York City's total registration 1,420,024. Of the Sept. 12, 1918, registrants 381,052 have been classified, making a total classification in New York City of 1,020,879.

Of that registration 8,253 were inducted and 1,991 entered the service (V-D), making a total induction of 145,128, and a total of other registrants in service of 47,369, a grand total of registrants in service of 192,497. In addition thereto, New York City was allowed enlistment credits on the first draft of 32,429, making a total from New York City definitely accounted forces being in service of 224,926.

With the exception of this enlistment credit, applicable to the registrants of June 5, 1917, none of these figures give any idea of the number of men who entered the military or naval service before they were respectively required to register. Such men never came under the jurisdiction of the local boards, and their number can be ascertained only by reference to the records of the Adjutant General of the Army, which have not as yet been made available.

The first column in the table below indicates the Boroughs of the city; the second, the total registration in the borough; the third, the number of men inducted; the fourth, the number of others in the service (class V-D), that is, those who enlisted in the service after they had registered; and the fifth, the percentage of men in service (inducted and in V-D) to the registration as shown in the second column.

Borough.	Registration.	Men Inducted.	Others in Service.	Percentage Inducted.
Bronx	81,015	17,458	5,921	28.8
Brooklyn	211,384	49,064	17,885	30.1
Manhat'n	290,535	59,935	17,364	26.5
Queens	46,150	11,183	3,725	33.9
Richmond	11,043	2,573	965	30.1
Total	638,927	136,595	45,378	28.5

EVOLVE "PERFECT MAN."

Tailors Compile Measurements from Soldier Standards.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 25.—The committee appointed by the National Association of Merchant Tailors, which will meet in convention in this city next week, has found after investigations in cantonments that the "perfect man" measurements are as follows: "Height, 5 feet 8 inches; weight, 148½ pounds; chest, 38 inches; waist, 33½ inches; hips, 39½ inches; thigh, 21¼ inches, and calf, 14¼ inches."

"You can't beat the standard taken by the army," said one of the committee. "There is no reason why this perfect man should not be the world model. The idea that physical perfection among men should be measured by bulk is all wrong. The exactly proportioned American male should fit into the measurements we have worked out."

A NEW JOB FOR KNITTERS.

Men Who Have Lost Legs or Arms Need Stockings for the Stumps.

Demand for workers in a new line of knitting has been sent out by Mrs. W. S. Popham, Chairman of the National Booth Committee of the Navy League, 43 East Forty-fourth Street. This is for a stocking-like garment to be worn by men who have lost arms or legs. There is great need of the additional warmth where the circulation is not good.

The women of the Booth Committee discovered the need when they found nurses at Ellis Island using bed socks they had sent for this purpose. Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew investigated the matter, found the dimensions of the knitted article which could best be used for the purpose and these are now ready to give out. Two of these new kind of stockings can be made from one hank of yarn, and many women, it is hoped, will have leftover material which can be used. Directions can be obtained at the National Booth Committee headquarters and also at the Grand Central Terminal and the Pennsylvania Station, where it has booths, as well as in some stores. Wool can be had at cost if the garments are returned to the headquarters for distribution. Dr. McClellan, head surgeon at the Greenhut Debarkation Hospital, has expressed pleasure at receiving these stockings, and says that each man should have at least six.

FOR AID TO ASSYRIANS.

American Bishops Urge Their Claims Be Heard.

Fifty-four Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this country and fourteen in Canada have cabled to the Archbishops of Canterbury and York a petition to use their influence to obtain recognition by the Peace Conference of an Assyrian delegation to present the claims of the Christians of Mesopotamia, Kurdistan, and Persia for protection and rehabilitation. Professor W. W. Rockwell of the Union Theological Seminary stated that the project had the approval also of the American Committee for Relief in the Near East, and financial assistance to the extent of $1,000 was set aside by Theodore Roosevelt, just before his death, from the Nobel Peace Prize of 1906.

Professor Rockwell also made public a cablegram on behalf of 70,000 Assyrian Christian refugees from Persia begging that the Peace Conference grant their demands for repatriation, protection, indemnity, and the return of prisoners of war. They have designated as delegates to Versailles the Rev. Isaac Yonan of Urumia, with Paul Shimmon of New York as alternate.

To Break Jersey Deadlock.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 25.—A proposal to break the deadlock in the Assembly was made today by Assemblyman Hervey S. Moore, Republican, of Trenton, who suggests that the House should be placed under call on Monday night and continue in session until it has chosen a Speaker. He says the office logically belongs to the Republicans, and adds, "The people of the State of New Jersey elected a Republican Governor. Should the Governor die, or for any reason the office of Governor be vacated, the President of the Senate, a Republican, would act as Governor. Should anything happen to the Acting Governor, then the Speaker of the House of Assembly would be the acting Governor. Would it be proper for a Democrat to be the acting Governor under a Republican Administration?"

League Associations to Meet Today.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The French, British, American, and Italian associations advocating a League of Nations have decided to elaborate their plan for joint meetings. The first session will be held tomorrow and will be presided over by Léon Bourgois, the former French Premier.

Phones for Peace Congress Airplanes

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The airplanes which are carrying Peace Conference delegates and important documents between London and Paris are to be equipped with wireless telephones. This will enable the pilots to speak to one another while in the air and to receive weather reports and instructions from the ground.

SIGNAL CORPS CONFERENCE.

Inter-Allied Committee Holds Its Opening Session.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The Inter-Allied Wireless Telegraph and Signal Corps Conference convened here today at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The United States, Great Britain, France, and Italy are represented. Today's session was a preliminary one. The conference probably will continue for a week or ten days. The initial discussion of communications and signal problems was begun.

The Conference intends to co-ordinate and make available information gained during the war. The American delegates are Rear Admiral W. H. Bullard, Captain D. W. Todd, director of Naval communications, Commander M. F. Pramel and Lieutenant Commander E. G. Blakeslee.

GERMANY CUTS OFF RELIEF.

No Further Share in Funds for Those Who Will Not Work.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The German Government has given all communities authority to cease the distribution of relief funds to persons to whom work is offered but who refuse to accept it, unless they are able to furnish a good reason for not taking the jobs offered.

According to a wireless message received here today, this action was taken to counteract the bad conditions of the labor market.

JACKMAN Furs 35 WEST 35

SALE OF FURS

Clearance of Wholesale Stock!
All Coats, Wraps and Fur Pieces
AT LESS THAN COST

Model illustrated is a superb wrap of choicest quality Hudson Seal, sumptuously lined. $450 Was $700.00

Same model as illustrated, in Broadtail and Chinchilla Collar. Now $2,000 Was $3,500.00

Same model in Hudson Seal with Skunk Collar and Cuffs. Could not be reproduced within $300.00 of former price. $475 Was $700.00

The wrap shown is made also in black Caracul, Hudson Bay Sable Collar. Reduced to $1,200 Was $2,000.00

Same model in Sable, sumptuously lined—surpassingly lovely effect, a truly regal garment. $2,500 Was $4,000.00

Same model fashioned in Nutria of choicest quality, superbly lined, a rich, stunning wrap. Reduced to $350 Formerly $600.00

OUT OF TOWN PATRONS can purchase these goods through their local store, that sells the Jackman Furs (name on request).

The JACKMAN Label is the 18-Karat mark of Fur. Milady displays it with careful nonchalance. She knows it and so do her friends.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue 34th Street

Purchases will Appear on Bills Rendered March 1st

ON MONDAY AND TUESDAY

MEN'S FUR LINED OVERCOATS

At Decided Price Savings

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats,—lined with Black Dogskin; suitable for automobile wear. 55.00 formerly 75.00

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats of Gray Cloth; lined with Northern Muskrat; collar of Hudson Seal. 75.00 formerly 110.00

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats of Brown, Black or Oxford Cloth; lined with Northern Muskrat skins; collar of Otter, Beaver or Hudson Seal. 110.00 formerly 135.00

Men's Fur-lined Overcoats of Brown, Oxford or Black Cloth, lined with natural dark Muskrat or Marmot; choice of Beaver, Hudson Seal or Otter collar. 125.00 formerly 165.00

FUR DEPARTMENT—FOURTH FLOOR

Likly Luggage Co., Inc.

Clearance Sale

We offer this week on all Trunks, Fitted Goods, Dress Suit Cases, Travelling Bags, Leather Goods, a

20% REDUCTION

ALL GOODS GUARANTEED

Oxford Bag

One-handle bag of exceptionally large pattern. Five-piece construction, exceptionally well reinforced. Double stitched, hand sewed English frame, with solid brass trimmings. Interior lined with leather of best quality.

Actual Value $17.50
In this Special Sale..... $12.50

CLUB BAGS

Black, all leather.
Values $7.50
Special $5.00

NONE C. O. D.
All Mail Orders Filled.
Madison Ave., cor. 34th St.
BRANCH STORE
311 Fifth Ave., at 32d St.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER CONCERN.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

A Wilton Rug Feature

Special Values—New Designs
New Colorings—Standard Qualities

Rugs in every size, from a door mat to extra large room sizes—suitable for every space in the home or the office—correct in designs and color combinations.

Size 27x54 inches	$6.75,	$9.75,	$10.75
Size 36x63 inches	$12.75,	$15.75,	$17.25
Size 6x9 feet	$36.75,	$57.50,	$62.25
Size 8¼x10½ feet	$61.50,	$81.50,	$93.50
Size 9x12 feet	$64.50,	$85.00,	$97.50

Note—Extra large room sizes and Hall Runners at special prices during this sale

Very Special Feature
Fine quality Wilton Rug, fringed ends; all new and desirable effects; 9x12 feet..... $64.50

Very Special Feature
Best quality Wilton Rug, fringed ends; novelty designs and colorings; 9x12 feet..... $97.50

Fifth Floor

500 Percolating Coffee Pots
Tomorrow Only
$1.75

"Mirro" Aluminum

6-cup capacity; glass top, welded spout, detachable handle.

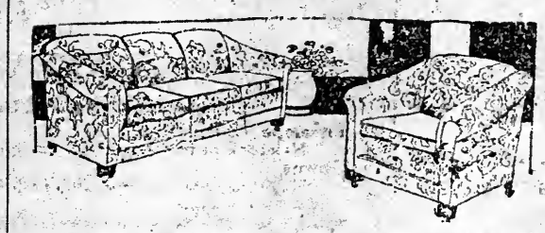
Mail and Telephone Orders filled while they last. None C.O.D.

Seventh Floor

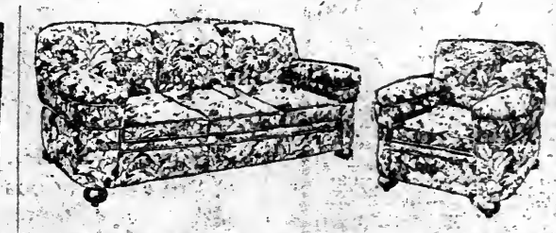
Midwinter Sale of Furniture

Begins Tomorrow, Monday

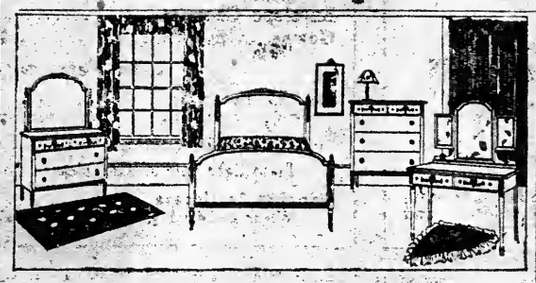
In this Midwinter Display every taste and preference can be suited with dependable and well chosen furniture—suites or single pieces—at prices that mean quite a saving from what you would ordinarily pay for merchandise of equal excellence.



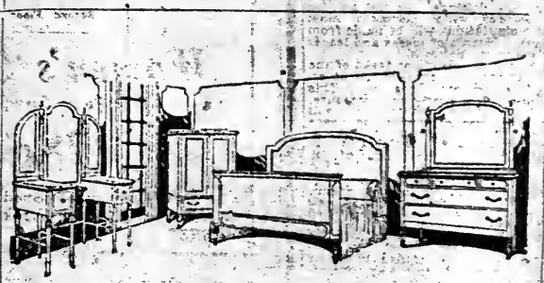
Davenport and Arm Chair, made in the Lord & Taylor workshop; covered in a pleasing tapestry. Special (2 pieces), $155.00



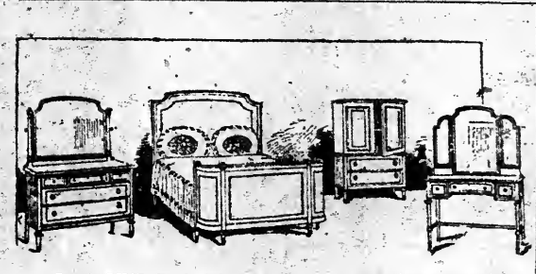
Davenport and Arm Chair, made in the Lord & Taylor workshop, covered in a fine quality tapestry. Special—Davenport, $135.00; Arm Chair, $65.00.



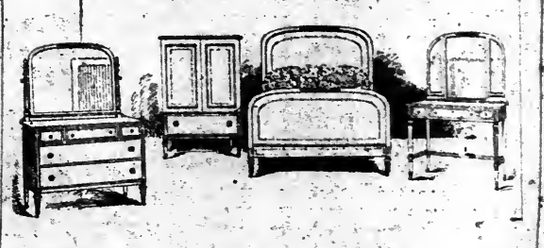
Heppelwhite Period four-piece Bed Room Suite, choice of walnut or ivory..... Special $218.00



Sheraton Period four-piece Bed Room Suite, choice of walnut or mahogany..... Special $335.00

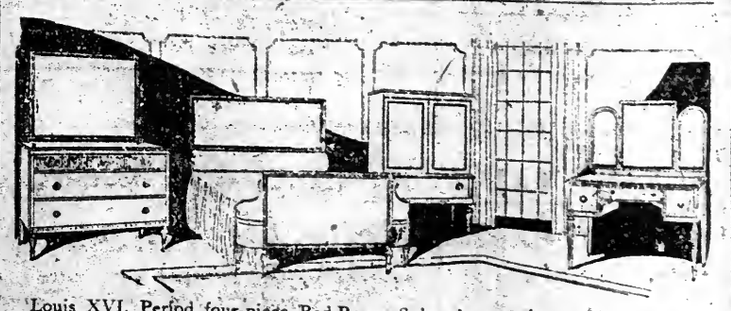


Louis XVI. Period four-piece Bed Room Suite, choice of ivory or walnut..... Special, $345.00



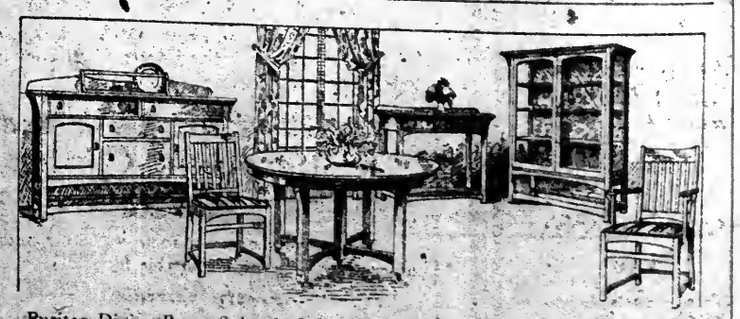
Louis XVI. Period four-piece Bed Room Suite, choice of walnut, mahogany or ivory..... $288.00

Boudoir Chair, covered in damask; refined in style..... Special $29.75



Louis XVI. Period four-piece Bed Room Suite, in mahogany. Very Special, $295.00

Fireside Chair, "the better kind," made in Lord & Taylor workshop. Special $39.75



Puritan Dining Room Suite, in fumed oak, 10 pieces..... Special $245.00

Sixth Floor

FAVORS PERMANENT ECONOMIC ALLIANCE

Prof. Field Would Continue Allied Maritime Transport Council in Peace.

HE QUOTES LORD CECIL

Statistician Says Many Approve a Joint International Administrative System.

On the eve of his departure for London Professor James A. Field of the Department of Economics, University of Chicago, and Chief Statistician of the Allied Maritime Transport Council, declared that the organization created by the Versailles Interallied Conference should be made permanent.

"The armistice," said Professor Field yesterday "has foreshadowed the end of the Allied Maritime Transport Council as a war organization, and the Allies, after their brief experience of economic co-operation, must now decide whether the Transport Council and similar agencies are to be continued through the period of peace negotiations and whether such agencies, in modified form, may be serviceable as permanent forms of international co-operation. Opinions naturally differ on questions like these, but many persons have come to feel that the experience and goodwill that have resulted from international joint action are not lightly to be discarded.

"As Lord Robert Cecil has put it, the economic machinery which has been built up in time of war ought to be turned by the Allies to the uses of peace. His views have been echoed by statesmen of the other allied nations. There are not a few today who believe that the surest foundation of a real and workable League of Nations is to be found in the joint international administration of economic affairs, in which the war has helped us to recognize a common international interest."

The Council was organized in London in March, 1918. It was formed to investigate the resources of merchant shipping available to the Allies, to consider the demands of the Allies upon this shipping and to recommend to the Governments associated in the council a concerted shipping policy. The American representatives in the organization are Raymond B. Stevens, Vice Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, and George Rublee. The senior British delegate was Lord Robert Cecil, formerly Minister of Blockade and now the British adviser on the League of Nations idea at the Peace Conference. Associated with Lord Cecil in the council was Sir Joseph Maclay, British Shipping Controller. The French representatives are M. Clementel, Minister of Commerce, and M. Loucheur, Minister of Munitions. The Italian Food Controller, Signor Crespi, has been one of the Italian representatives, and with him, from time to time, have been Signor Bianchi, Italian Railway Director; General dell'Olio of the Munitions Ministry, Signor Villa, Minister of Marine, and other high officials.

According to Professor Field, the Council has kept a systematic record of the shipping available to the Allies, including careful reports of new construction, charters, and sinkings. In the bill for marine damage which Germany must pay, the computations will be made from the Council's records of losses and leases made for neutral bottoms.

One of the most important tasks of the Council has been the preparation of an International Import Program. This was designed as a purely war measure, but, as Professor Field pointed out, it will have a direct bearing should the Peace Conference carry out a report that importations might find consideration in the general scheme of the League of Nations. It was necessary, said Prof. Field, for the Council to gather in figures the exact resources in food, manufactured products and capacity of all the Allies. Then each nation specified what it needed most and, if the particular requirement could be met from the surplus of some other one of the Council's participants, the needed goods or food was shipped. In this way, the resources of the Allies were balanced one against the other, and the nations were not compelled to place reliance on neutrals for things essential to the conduct of the war.

"Among the special problems which confronted the Council," said Professor Field, "one of the most persistent and difficult was the supply of coal to France and Italy. The demand for coal in all the belligerent countries was abnormal. Railway facilities were overtaxed and congested. Unusually large quantities of coal had therefore to be carried to Italy directly by ship, through seas peculiarly menaced by submarines. The problem, already difficult, became acute when the German advance of March and April brought the Paris-Amiens railway line under fire and virtually cut off the coal-producing regions of the Pas de Calais. To meet this new emergency, without permanently diverting to collier service large ocean steamships indispensable for other work, was then and has remained a matter of great difficulty. However, by interallied co-operation the most urgent needs of Italy and France were met at the same time that the increased troop transport of last Summer was being maintained.

"More recently the Council was obliged to recommend an apportionment of the shipping prospectively available for 1919 between the transport of troops, the carriage of munitions, and the supply of food to Europe."

BERGDORF GOODMAN
616 FIFTH AVENUE
between 49th and 50th Sts

IMPORTERS CREATORS

CHINCHILLA WRAP
$7500
A sumptuous garment built of beautifully matched skins. Would cost $15,000 to duplicate.

BROADTAIL COAT
$1900
Three models, exquisitely fashioned in skins of velvety softness.

Telephone Orders
will receive very prompt and careful attention.
Telephone Greeley 1900
Please mention Telephone Order Desk.

Lord & Taylor
38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

A Stationery Special
For Monday and Tuesday
Transatlantic Bond (thin white linen paper), packages of 100 sheets 48c
Envelopes to match, color lined (grey, blue or russet), package of 25 ..... 25c
Ground Floor

A Special Purchase 250 Women's Coats
Fur Collared Models
Decidedly Smart Styles
On Sale Tomorrow
$29.50

The price, unusually low for Coats of such superior quality, style and workmanship, is actually less than early season wholesale cost.

Shawl Collars of Nutria, Taupe Nutria or French Seal (dyed coney) finish these handsome garments of Velour Cloth in the fashionable shades of taupe, brown, reindeer and green. All are warmly interlined and lined throughout. Models on newest lines with clever belt effects, deep cuffs and pockets.

Every Winter Coat in Stock Reduced for Quick Clearance.
Third Floor

Two Fine Values in *Georgette Crepe*
Blouses
One model — round neck with flat collar; elaborately embroidered and beaded in contrasting colors—silver grey, flesh color and white.
$6.95

Another model—front, deep collar and cuffs finished with box pleatings and self-color buttons—a most attractive Blouse in French blue and bisque.
$10.75
Third Floor

The New Gowns For Women
Forecast Delightful Fashions for Spring

Refreshingly "different" the fabrics, the colors, the very details, which the new Mode presents.

And the silhouette, how piquant its lines, how charming as revealed by these latest arrivals, designed for the Southern Season, or for Smart Town Wear.

New Interpretations of the Mode
are developed in the authoritative weaves.

Granite Crepe, Fantasie Georgette, Paulette, Kumsi-Kumsa, Rayette, Fan-Ta-Si, Tricolette, La Jerz Silk, Taffetas, Moon-Glo

Introducing lovely tone effects, novel hand embroideries in cord, silk, braid, wool and beads.

Featuring in clever fashion, combinations of fabrics and color.

Emphasizing with definite distinction
A New Era in the World of Dress
The collection attractively priced at **$49.50** to **$200.00** awaits your critical inspection.

Third Floor

"Dix-Make" Morning and House Dresses
A Sample Line
Models in plain, practical and pretty styles.
Chambrays, Percales, Ginghams
of excellent qualities,
size 36 only.
Exceptional Values
$2.95
Second Floor.

Women's Gloves
500 Pairs Special at
78c

Washable Cotton; Suede finish, 2-clasp, 3 row embroidered backs. Cream and White.
Ground Floor

January Clearance Sale Lingerie, Negligees Petticoats and Corsets
Lowered prices on items which were "special" values for the Annual event, make this one of the most interesting economy occasions of the year.

American Made Lingerie
Envelope Chemise ..... $1.35 and $1.85
Nainsook in pretty lace and embroidery trimmed styles.
Gowns ..... $1.85 and $2.75
Nainsook, cotton crepe and flesh batiste, embroidered or lace trimmed.
Philippine Hand Embroidered—Gowns, Envelope and Straight Chemise (sizes incomplete) $1.95, $2.45 and $2.95

Crepe de Chine Underwear
Hemstitched, embroidered and some satin trimmed models.
Envelope Chemise ..... $1.85 and $2.85
Gowns ..... $3.95, $4.45 and $4.95

The Petticoats
Taffeta Petticoats $3.85
Changeable effects, in fancifully flounced model.
La Jerz Silk Petticoats $3.95
Plain light colors; with pleated flounces.
Dancing Petticoats $4.95
White and flesh washable satin, elaborately lace trimmed.

The Negligees
Corduroy Lounging Robes ..... Now $7.95
Wide wale Velvet Corduroy; Persian lined model, in lovely colorings.
Crepe de Chine Slip-on Negligees $9.75
Graceful slashed model, satin ribbon trimmed; in delicate shades.
Two-Tone Satin Robes ..... Now $9.75
Draped model, with long tasseled sleeves; moufflon trimmed; exquisite tones.
Two-Tone Satin Breakfast Coats $10.75
Picturesque model, flounced, corded and with smart finishing touches.

The Corsets
Leading makes in complete range of sizes.
Lord & Taylor Special Corsets $2.95
Pink Broche, in well boned model for average and well developed figures; medium bust and skirt.
Elente Corsets $3.95
Pink Broche, in model with elastic inserts at top; lightly, but well boned; medium bust and length.
Second Floor

January Sale Serviceable Hosiery
Priced with Special Economy

Rarely are Stockings of such quality, full fashioned and finished so finely, obtainable at anywhere near these moderate prices. Women who demand durable Cotton and Lisle Hose will recognize these as worth while investments.

Medium Weight Cotton Hose, 55c
Black or white; full fashioned; Dub-L heels, toes and tops.

Gauze Cotton Hose, 65c
Black or white; full fashioned; Dub-L heels, toes and tops.

Silk Lisle Hose, 69c
Black or white; lustrous finish; Dub-L heels, toes and tops.

Fibre Silk Hose, 69c
Fine gauze; seamless and lustrous; look like silk and give excellent wear. In black, brown, gray, tan and smart shades.
Ground Floor

Special Values in the Wool Dress Goods Section

All Wool Costume Serge
$1.98 yard
Navy blue Serge, sponged and shrunk, ready for use. 54 inches wide.

Semi-Made Skirts
$2.98
Made of white washable Cotton in a model with two pockets, trimmed with pearl buttons.

Closing Out Hundreds of Lengths Wool Dress Fabrics
At Greatly Reduced Prices
Second Floor

Silk Fabrics the Vogue of the Season
Magnificent Assortments and Excellent Values

Changeable Taffetas
A charming assortment of the wanted changeable Taffetas in the light color combinations.
$2.50 yard

Tinsel Brocade
in gold and silver in the most beautiful tints for evening wear.
$7.50 yard

Three Very Special Values for Monday

Foulard Silks
$2.50 yard
A splendid quality, shown in the most desirable styles and colors. 40 inches wide.

Wash Satins
$1.58 yard
An extra fine quality in white and flesh color. 36 inches wide.

Closing out
Hundreds of Lengths
Plain and Fancy Silks
at large price reductions
Ground Floor

Special Values in the Cotton Goods Section.

Novelty Cotton Dress Voiles
38c yard
A collection of pretty new designs and colors. 38-39 inches wide.

American Zephyr Ginghams
35c yard
A large and choice assortment of new plaids. 31-32 inches wide.

Silk and Cotton Fibre Madras
68c yard
Colored novelty striped effects on white grounds. 34 inches wide.
Second Floor

January Sale—2877 Yards
Cretonnes
Printed Repps, Printed Art Canvas, Flemish Cloth and Printed Verdure Tapestry
at the Greatly Reduced Price
48c yard

These fabrics come in a wide range of colors and are suitable for the finest of Summer hangings, slip covers and draperies.

1100 Pairs Scrim and Marquisette Curtains
$1.95 pair

White, ivory or ecru; some with lace and insertion, others with lace only. Suitable for any room.

Pretty Curtain Nets
A good durable quality for Summer Curtains; 36 to 40 inches wide; attractive patterns ..... yard **40c**
Fifth Floor

Last Week of the January Sale
Huck Towels, Table Cloths Napkins and Crashes
Reductions in Prices that will make buying worth while.

Huck Towels
At Less Than Wholesale Price.
Hemmed Cotton Huck, red and white borders ..... dozen **$2.95**
Hemmed Union Linen Huck, red and white borders ..... dozen **$5.95**
Hemmed Pure Linen Huck; all white ..... dozen **$7.95**

"Athletic" Turkish Bath Towels
Reduced to
50c each

Crash Toweling
Old fashioned homespun Union Linen Crash
25c yard

Table Cloths and Napkins
Pure Irish Linen Weft Damask Table Cloths.
$3.75 each
Pure Irish Linen Weft Damask Napkins,
$4.95 dozen

Superfine Irish Pure Linen Damask Table Cloths:
2x2 yards $8.00
2x2½ yards $10.00
2x3 yards $12.00
2¼x2¼ yards $11.50
Napkins to match, per dozen $10.50
Second Floor

Last Week of the January Clearance
Women's Shoes
Prices Reach Their Lowest

400 Pairs Low Shoes
$5.85
Pumps and Oxfords—many different kinds reduced from much higher prices. All sizes, but not in each style.

1200 Pairs Fine Boots
$8.75
Heavy, dark calfskin laced Boots with military heels. All brown kidskin laced Boots with brown cloth tops. All black kidskin laced Boots.

650 Pairs Boots and Slippers
$3.75
Boots in patent leather, gun metal and black kidskin—narrow widths only. Slippers in different colors and styles.
Second Floor

"Last Days of Exhibition"
UNRESTRICTED SALES
OF EXTRAORDINARY
IMPORTANCE

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH NEW YORK CITY

To be sold by direction of the executors
On the Afternoons of To-morrow (Monday) and Every Afternoon This Week, Concluding Monday, February 3rd beginning each afternoon at 2:30 o'clock
AT THE
AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
The Notable Collection
of
Beautiful Old Chinese Porcelains
Rare Jades and other Hard Stones, Antique Bronzes, Tang, Han, Sung, and Ming Pottery, Enamels and other
Oriental Art Treasures
Collected by the Widely Known Connoisseur, the late
Rufus E. Moore
ON FREE VIEW TO-MORROW
9 A. M. Until 6 P. M.
. Descriptive Catalogue illustrated by color plates and half-tone reproductions mailed to applicants on receipt of One Dollar.

WEDNESDAY EVENING OF THIS WEEK, JANUARY 29TH
at 8:15 o'clock
IN THE GRAND BALL ROOM OF THE PLAZA
(Admission by card, to be had free, of the managers.)
The Important
INGLIS-MORTEN-LAWRENCE COLLECTIONS
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
PAINTINGS
By Celebrated Masters of the Modern Schools
Included in This Important Sale Is a Number of Representative Foreign Works of Rare Artistic Quality
Collected by the Late
JAMES S. INGLIS
(COTTIER & CO.)
And to be Sold for account of MISS ELIZABETH INGLIS, Owner
The Private Collection
Formed by the Late
ALEXANDER MORTEN
Which includes fine examples of Childe Hassam, Ryder, (7 examples), Renoir, Degas, Sisley, Twachtman, Weir, Lawson (4), Lie, Macy Cassatt and Cazin.
and
IMPORTANT REPRESENTATIVE
AMERICAN PAINTINGS
Collected by the Late
FRANK R. LAWRENCE
for many years President of the Lotos Club, which consist of important examples of Ranger, Wyant, Dewey, Baildrd Williams, Bunce, Minor, Rosi, Ri's, Eaneking, Moran, Wiles and others.
ON FREE VIEW TOMORROW UNTIL DAYS OF SALE
. Illustrated Catalogue, mailed on receipt of One Dollar.

"Of Interest to Print Sellers"
ON FREE VIEW TOMORROW MONDAY & TUESDAY,
ON THE PREMISES
No. 58 West 45th Street
NUMEROUS
PRINT CABINETS
STORE FIXTURES AND
OFFICE FURNITURE
Of the Establishment of the well-known Firm of
Manzi, Joyant & Company
(SUCCESSORS OF GOUPIL & CO., PARIS)
TO BE SOLD
TUESDAY OF THIS WEEK
at 11 o'clock
. Catalogue on application to the Managers.

ON FREE VIEW BEGINNING WEDNESDAY OF THIS WEEK
The Notable and Extensive Collection of
Illustrated Books and Caricatures
From the Private Library of
J. BARTON TOWNSEND, Esq.,
of Philadelphia
TO BE SOLD
BY ORDER OF THE OWNER
On Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday February 4th, 5th and 6th, At 3 and 8:15 o'Clock P. M.

ON FREE VIEW
BEGINNING MONDAY, FEB'Y 3rd,
The Very Important Collection
of
Ancient Arms and Weapons
Formed by the Connoisseur
Mr. Theodore Offerman
To which has been added a number of fine specimens from several other important private
THE
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On Monday and Tuesday E
February 10th and 11th.
. Illustrated Catalogue mailed
ceipt of One Dollar.
The Sales Will Be Conducted
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his Assistants, of the
AMERICAN ART
5, 6 and 7

GERMANS RELEASE MORE AMERICANS

War Department Issues Another List of Soldiers Freed from Camps or Hospitals.

SOME REACH ENGLAND

Others Arrive in Scotland, Switzerland, and France—New Yorkers Among Them.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The War Department tonight made public a list of American prisoners who have been released from German prison camps and who have arrived in allied or neutral countries. Four Lieutenants who have returned to France after being released follow:

MAXSON, C. W., Baltimore.
GORDON, A. J., 244 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.
GOODRICH, H. A., New Haven, Conn.
MILLER, F. K., Madera, Penn.

Enlisted men released from Camp Dulmen, Germany, and reported as arriving in Hull, England, are:

CURTIN, P. W., 237 9th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BOURDO, WILMER, 144 Buhrans Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
MAIRONE, ANDREW, Detroit.
ESPOSITO, NILHOLAS, 1,049 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
FAALAND, CHRISTIAN, 40th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
DEAN, C. M., 124 West 49th St., New York.
SINGER, A. L., 978 Whitlock Av., New York.
EARLY, H. M., Sherman, Penn.
NORTH, H. O., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
PEARCY, J. N., Rebersonville, N. C.
BROWN, E. E., Seagrove, N. C.
WILLIAMS, S. W., Lebanon, Texas.
ESLICK, J. H., Mulberry, Tenn.
GRIMES, MANLEY, White Hall, Ill.
MILLER, W. W., Newburg, N. Y.
WATSON, HARRY, 462 East 160th St., New York.
FLEMING, A. L., Ashburnham, Mass.

The soldiers released and who have passed through Berne, Switzerland, are Lieutenant Herman Whitmore of Maverhill, Mass., and these enlisted men:

MIVAS, WALTER, Chicopee, Mass.
MONZOM, PETER, Italy
MULLEN, JAMES, Butler, Penn.
MURRAY, J. L., Falls Village, Conn.
O'NEILL, F., Philadelphia, Penn.
SCHEETZ, A. J., Carthage, Ill.
SAUER, F. M., Perryville, Mo.
TEICHGRABER, A. L., Ferndale, Cal.
TATAREK, MARGEN, 744 Jersey Av., Jersey City, N. J.
STOLTZ JOHN, Armour, S. D.
STANFORTH, T. E., Detroit, Mich.
CONNOR, R. S., Philadelphia, Penn.
HENEY, J. J., Wildwood, N. J.
GIBSON, F. E., Newville, N. D.
DUBNY, DAVID, 293 Ridge St., New York.
BERG, M., Chicago, Ill.
HAMER, L. R., Fall River, Mass.
SALAZER, EHREN, Espanola, N. M.
MOECKEL, P. F., Wisbek, N. D.
KASONSKI, FRANK, Old Forge, Penn.
SAGEHORN, PETER, Syracuse, N. Y.
CLEMSON, BENJAMIN, Philadelphia, Penn.
CHRISMAN, H. J., San Jose, Cal.
CERZA, STANISLAW, Glen Cove, N. Y.
SORAGUE, E. A., Kansas City, Mo.
SOBEL, ADOLF, Homtramack, Mich.
SMITH, P. L., Revere, Mass.
SHANER, MICHAEL, Summit Hill, Penn.
ROBERTS, W. J., Norwalk, Conn.
ROURKE, JOHN, New Haven, Conn.
ROZEK, ADAM, address unknown.
TENNER, G. V., 506 East 160th St., New York.
BEHM, C. E., Oley, Penn.
BELL, E. L., Wilmington, N. C.
BELLIZZE, P. L., 622 East 182d St., New York.
BENZING, J. M., Buffalo, N. Y.
BERG, AXEL, Minneapolis, Minn.
BERKOWITZ, M., 313 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BERNAS, F. J., Elmira, N. Y.
BETTY, C. H., Tampas, Col.
BEYINS, ROBERT, Mota, Ky.
BILLINSLEY, R. W., Louisville, Ky.
BIRK, WILLIAM, Buffalo.
BERNARDINO, P. P., Italy.
WEATE, ALMA, Columbus, Ohio.
WHEELER, C. W., Lincolnville, Penn.

The following have been released from German prison camps and hospitals and have returned to Leith, Scotland:

THOMPSON, A. W., 6,907 Ridge Boulevard, Brooklyn, N. Y.
McCORMICK, P. O., 311 Lexington Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
DORAN, L. E., Salisbury Mills, N. Y.
HOLM, ASHJORN, Seattle.

The following have been released from German prison camps and hospitals and returned to England:

PASCOE, C. E., 556 W. 27th St., New York.
SCHWEIKER, F. G., 323 East 90th St., New York.
GEDNEY, W. B., 528 Fifth St., B'klyn, N. Y.
OLDAG, W. E., Cleveland.
LYNCH, E. J., 760 Franklin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
ANNARUMMO, GAETANO, 2,534 8th Av., New York.
JOHNSTON, C. S., 261 Linwood St., Bklyn.
CAIRNS, W. J., Newburg, N. Y.
CRENSHAW, J. A., Clover, Va.
LOOMIS, J. F., 811 Beverly Road, Bklyn.
O'CONNOR, T. F., 139 Hull St., Brooklyn.
VOLK, J. D., National Arts Club, New York.

The following have been released from German Prison Camp Rastatt and returned to France:

YOUNG, ELWIN, Colebrook, N. H.
LEACH, J. A., Westminster, Vt.
LEITON, J. F., Lake Bluff, Ill.
LOMBARDI, JULIUS, 12 King St., New York
MANCHINA, ANTONIO, Clarksburg, W. Va.
MARTIN, C. H., Danuba, Cal.
IMASTROGAS, CONSTANTINE, Springfield, Mass.
McLAUGHLIN, HAROLD, Chicago.
McGUFFEY, EDDIE, Columbus, Ohio.
McMULLIN, G. D., Cleveland, Utah.
PAVLICK, T. J., Duluth, Minn.
ROSENDICK, WILLIAM, Cincinnati.
STOKER, M. B., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
STRAGA, GEORGE, 742 Bartholdi Av., New York.
STUNSKY, J. S., Erie, Penn.
ZIZZEMI, GIUSEPPI, 216 Cherry St., New York.
BLACK, J. F., Wilmington, Del.
DIXON, M. E., 130 Sterling St., Brooklyn.
DOANE, C. H., Terre Haute, Ind.
FILDEY, E. C., Baltimore.
GREENBAUM, MORRIS, 261 Monroe St., New York.
HERRICK, HARRY, Cora, Mo.
PHELAN, B. J., Buffalo.
ROBERTS, W. J., Bonifay, Fla.
HUFFSTETLER, DELOSS, Jenny Lind, Ark.
WEINSTEIN, HARRY, Newark, N. J.
JESS, HENRY, Winona, Idaho.
KEMKOWSKI, RUDOLPH, Milwaukee, Wis.
KLUG, C. F., Harbor Beach, Mich.
DOYLE, T. H., Avert Mo.
ECKERT, C. H., W[illegible]arre, Penn.
FAIRLEE, L. B., [illegible] Y.
FRECH, G. W., [illegible]d.
SHANER, MIKE, [illegible] Penn.
SHEVILLI, J. G., [illegible]by Av., Brooklyn.
SPYCHALSKI, W.
SPARK, A. C. Mon[illegible]
STAFFORD, J. E.
DORN, JOSEPH, H[illegible]
DUFF, NORMAN, [illegible]
OSGNER, L. J., Camd[illegible]
[illegible]ERT, L. S., Glen [illegible]
[illegible]T, D. B., West [illegible]
[illegible] O. H., Silver [illegible]
[illegible] AARON, Phil[illegible]
[illegible]OBERT, 1,01[illegible]
[illegible] N. J.
[illegible] U[illegible] N.
SULLIVAN, D. E., Malden, Mass.
TIPTON, A. S., Broadway, Mo.
LEGASEY, H. E., Worcester, Mass.
MAFFIA, MICHAEL, 448 North 5th St., Newark, N. J.
MANFORD, RAYMOND, Fortville, Ind.
MCOLUAN, H. S., Pittsburgh, Penn.
MIGGLO, VINCENT, 311 Spring St., New York.
MITCHELL, L. W., Barisboro, Okla.
MORTON, G. W., Cedartown, Ga.
PICHAE, D. P., Detroit.
POOLE, C. E., Fall River, Mass.
MICHALAK, ANDREW, Milwaukee, Wis.
MONACO, PETER, Schenectady, N. Y.
MORELLO, PHILIPO, Cleveland, Ohio.
MUNDEN, F. A., Waco, Cal.
RETTINGER, M. A., 419 East 103d St., New York.
REYNOLDS, H. A., Wentworth, Mo.
SIMMON, J. A., Chandler, Okla.
SPANO, BIAGIO, Rockland, Me.
STERRY, W. L., Tampa, Fla.
SUTTON, LEWIS, Moorestown, N. J.
TANK, ARTHUR, Miwaukee, Wis.
THOMPSON, C. R., Oxford, Mass.
THOMPSON, T. L., Russell, Minn.
VADLUGA, PAUL, Philadelphia.
VINSKOWSKI, S. E., De Lancey, Penn.
WHELAN, J. T., Burlington, N. J.
LEWIS, ALBERT, 97 Hamilton Place, New York.
LEONY, PAOLO, Italy.
KELLY, F. E., Carlisle, Penn.
GATES, J. A., Amherst, Ohio.
LUDWIG, W. E., Buffalo, N. Y.
MAINES, CHARLES, Millville, N. J.
PARKER, G. W., 722 E. 18th St., New York.
SZYPESYAK, ANDREW, Chicago.
WYATT, T. A., Prague, Okla.
O'NEILL, O. J., Camden, N. Y.
OPSAL, OLAF, Morrison Co., N. D.
OSING, J. H., Memphis, Mo.
PAGE, ARMAND, Woonsocket, R. I.
PROSKUS, WILLIAM, Greenfield, Mass.
CLAYTON, J. V., St. Joseph, Mo.
CLICKMAN, A. M., Parker, S. D.
CREAMER, F. H., Portis, Kan.
CROASMUN, NATHAN, Valley, Penn.
DAVENPORT, F. C., Woodburn, Iowa.
AULTMAN, ALLEN, Sowell, Miss.
BARRETT, E. T., Narrows, Westminster, Mass.
BAST, OTTO, Springfield, Minn.
BAUMANN, J. G., 378 Devoe St., Brooklyn.
BELL, S. F., Scottsville, Ky.
VANDERVELDE, JOHN, Grand Rapids, Mich.
WARD, PAUL, Downs, Kan.
WAMPOFF, W. C., Winona, Miss.
WOLTERS, H. W., Afton, Mo.
WAGNER, C. F., Ramey, Penn.
WEMLICH, C. D., Kremlin, Okla.
WHILE, T. J., Musson, Penn.
WICK, E. N., Moorehead, Minn.
CRINSKE, A., Michigan City, Ind.
ABOFF, NATHAN, 216 Cherry St., New York.
ADAMS, B. F., Colorlats, Col.
FABEN, J. V., Keokuk, Iowa.
BENN, JOHN, Suffern, N. Y.
CARLSON, HERBERT, St. Paul.
SMITH, J. W., Adamsville, Tenn.
NEILSON, JOHN, Akin, Minn.
BEADLE, R. A., Statesville, Tenn.
HILL, M. E., Kansas City, Mo.
NAILY, J. R., New Haven, N. Y.
PEELL, C. W., Sandusky, Ohio.
PLASTER, A. W., Henrietta, Okla.
SANDERS, C. H., Cassandra, Penn.
RONDEAU, LOUIS, Lawrence, Mass.
MORELLA, EUGENE, Burlington, Wis.
[illegible]ANS, C. M., Everett, Mass.
KRESSLER, W. J., Burlington, N. J.
JANOWSKY, WILLIAM, 54 Lewis St., New York.
KELLY, E. J., Elmo, W. Va.
DOERR, H. T., Philadelphia.
SWINKA, STANLEY, Milwaukee.
TAMPA, NICHOLAS, 254 E. 144th St., New York.
BRANT, BUNNYAN, Terrell, Texas.
BUCKMAN, JULIUS, Shelbina, Mo.
CHAMBERS, DANIEL, Kansas City, Mo.
CIANCIULLO, ALBINO, Philadelphia.
COX, R. D., Vermont, Ill.
DE STEFANO, MARK, Turtle Creek, Penn.
HOAGLAND, D. V. L. F., Walla Walla, Wash.
KROUSE, PHILIP, Memphis, Tenn.
McDOWELL, W. H., Westernport, Md.
HEDRICK, W. E., Onego, W. Va.
HESSIG, A. J., Birdseye, Ind.
HOYT, F. W., Philadelphia.
DUNTAN, ALBERT, Camden, N. J.
EPSTEIN, NATHAN, Dorchester, Mass.
FLORES, ONOFRE, Beaver, Texas.
GRIBBLE, G. S., Rock Island, Tenn.
HANNAN, J. F., Litchfield, Minn.
BEAVER, J. A., Harrisburg, Penn.
BUGNATTO, P. F., Middleville, Mont.
BURKHARDT, H. H., Revere, Mass.
DOUGSON, FRED, Deroasett, Tenn.
CARLTON, KAY, Fort Worth, Texas.
WYSOCKI, A. F., Cayuga Road, N. Y.
BELL, J. E., Dailey, Okla.
BLAIR, LEWIS, Kalamazoo, Mich.
BOWEN, J. A., Elizabeth, Penn.
RIGSBURG, J. E., Opp, Ala.
RIZDEN, W. M., How, Ark.
RUBENSTEIN, HYNIE, Syracuse, N. Y.
SEATE, JACOB, Russia.
BANFORD, G. R., Plymouth, Ill.
HARNEY, J. P., Lexington, Mo.
HELMICKI, JOS., Buffalo, N. Y.
HERMAN, HARRY, 799 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn.
HOLMAN, J. P., Hamilton, Texas.
GRAHAM, P. H., Monroe, Ind.
GRASSO, A. O., Italy.
HARLOW, G. F., San Francisco.
DUFKA, FRANK, Chicago.
FRAZIER, JOSEPH, South Horecon, N. Y.
SCALIA, PIETRO, Italy.
SCHUBE, L. M., Ashland, Mass.
SHIRER, FRED, Charlton, Iowa.
SMERLES, JAMES, Chicago.
SMITH, E. H., Hammond, Ky.
STEPHENSON, A. W., Cincinnati.
STREETER, L. R., Syracuse, N. Y.

TALK OF KAISER'S RETURN.

Berlin Report Says Hohenzollerns Intend to Go to Germany.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—A Berlin dispatch to The Daily Mail under Friday's date says:

"A sensational special edition selling rapidly on the streets here maintains that the ex-Kaiser and his family intend to return to Germany as soon as the National Assembly has given the country a legal constitution."

BRITISH NAVY YARDS IDLE.

Work on New Ships Suspended Pending Decisions of Conference.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Nothing is likely to be definitely settled as to Great Britain's naval program until after the close of the Peace Congress, according to Reuter's. In the meantime, orders have been given to suspend work on the construction of war vessels, including light cruisers, at all to the yards.

General Garibaldi Quits Army.

PARIS, Jan. 25. (Associated Press.)—General Giuseppe (Peppino) Garibaldi, grandson of the Italian patriot, passed through Paris today on his way to Italy after having given up command of the Italian division on the French front. He is taking advantage of the decree which allows all volunteers to return home, and is going back to civil life.

FOR QUICK DEMOBILIZATION.

Senator Reed Has No Fear of Large Labor Surplus.

An appeal for the immediate demobilisation of the American armies to lighten taxes and to return workmen to productive industries was made by Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, at the dinner of the Superintendents of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in the Hotel Astor last night. He expressed the opinion that quick demobilization would not cause a large surplus of labor or a period of unemployment because the demands of readjustment and reconstruction would furnish work for all.

One of the first things to be done, he said, was to restrain Government control of business and hand the management of their affairs back to American business men.

"Every time the Government has laid its hand unnecessarily on business it has tended to paralysis of its vitality and virility," said Senator Reed. "If you want to save the world from a great disaster get those American soldiers, or that raw labor, back to this country and give American business control again—and do it quick!"

Haley Fiske, Vice President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company told of the increased business of the company and of its war work. One of the achievements of the agents during the war, he pointed out, was the selling of about $130,000,000 in War Savings Stamps and Liberty Bonds. Other speakers were John R. Hegeman, President of the Metropolitan; J. S. Phillips, State Superintendent of Insurance, and the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church.

HONOR POET'S MEMORY.

Speakers Recall That Burns Prophesied the Brotherhood of Man.

The Burns Society of New York held its annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, the anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns. About 150 members and guests were present. Alexander R. Peacock, President of the society, acted as toastmaster. Toasts were drunk to President Wilson, King George, and to the memory of Burns.

"While this society is largely, indeed, mainly, composed of Scotsmen," President Peacock said, "we welcome all who possess the great passport of admission to such a gathering as this—an appreciation of the wonderful, immortal legacy left to the world by Robert Burns. It has been said that good Scotsmen usually make good Americans. It had been better said that good Scotsmen always make good Americans. From the days of Witherspoon and Alexander Hamilton down to the present day we believe there never has been a period when citizens of Scottish birth or Scottish ancestry have not exercised their hands and their brains in the interest of this Republic and her liberties."

Andrew McLean, who followed Mr. Peacock, touched on many interesting points in the poet's history, and emphasized the prophetic insight shown by Burns in forecasting the future Brotherhood of Man. Other speakers were Major J. A. Belton, John Foord, and James Kennedy, the latter a former President of the Burns Society.

SAVE BOYS FROM DROWNING

Pelham Bay Reserve Sailor Rescues Four from the Bronx River.

Bertram Reed, a Pelham Bay reserve, dived into the Bronx River yesterday 150 feet north of the Bronx Park boathouse and rescued four boys who had broken through thin ice. Ralph Loumice, 11 years old, of 265 Atlantic Avenue, and Rastus Boxtale, 11 years old, of 300 Atlantic Avenue, were taken to Fordham Hospital for treatment, while Edward Boxtale, a brother to Rastus, and Otto Salter, 13, of 302 Atlantic Avenue, the Bronx, were able to go home.

Alexander Mosuki, 8 years old, who tumbled from the deck of the Health Department boat Rutherford, was saved yesterday off the foot of Metroptian Avenue, Brooklyn, by three men who braved the cold water of the East River to make the rescue. The boy lives at 140 North Eleventh Street, Brooklyn. The men who made the rescue were Frank Arnold, 160 Lorimer Street; William Herman of 229 Kent Avenue, and Edward Nevins of 151 India Street, Brooklyn.

FINE SPEEDING GUARDSMAN.

Court Finds That Militiamen Are Amenable to Civil Law.

Members of the New York Guard, except when Federalized or acting under riot orders issued by the Governor, are liable to the civil law when they overspeed in the city, decided Magistrate W. Brüce Cobb yesterday in the Traffice Court. As a result of his finding, Vernon L. Madden, of 311 Second Avenue, a member of the First Field Artillery, paid a $50 fine as a second offender, although Major Robinson Leech, of the Guard, announced that an appeal would be taken.

Madden was arraigned on complaint of Motorcycle Policeman Werner E. Mosher, who said that the guardsman had operated a cycle-car along Broadway, between 138th and 141st Streets, on Dec. 16, at forty miles an hour. Madden declared that he had not overspeeded, but added that any acceleration in his speed had been on order of Captain Reginald C. Knickerbocker of the First Field Artillery. Major Leech, who acted as counsel, contended that Madden was merely carrying out a military order. Magistrate Cobb decided that war emergencies did not apply to the operations of the State militia at this time.

BERNE MEETING PUT OFF.

Socialist and Labor Conference Now Scheduled for Feb. 2.

BERNE, Jan. 24.—The opening of the International Socialist and Labor Conference has been postponed to Feb. 2, it was announced tonight. Arthur Henderson, the British labor leader, started for Paris today to see Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, and probably also to confer with American and Belgian peace representatives. It was said here during the day that Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, was coming from Germany to take part in the conference.

The absence of American representatives at the conference has caused much comment among the delegates now here. Camille Huysmans, the Secretary of the Socialist Internationale, was outspoken in criticism of the State Department at Washington for withholding passports from Americans who wished to attend the conference. When it was suggested that William English Walling and Charles Edward Russell were already in Europe, M. Huysmans replied: "They are no longer representatives of the American Socialists because they have broken with the party."

So far the countries represented include Great Britain, France, Russia, Germany, Ukrainia, Esthonia, Livonia, Georgia, Finland, Poland, German-Austria Belgium, Sweden, Italy, Denmark, Norway, Greece, Switzerland, Argentina, Armenia, Spain, Portugal, Bohemia, Armenia, Spain, Portugal, Bohemia, Hungary, and Bulgaria.

Russia will be represented by M. Axelrod, M. Bienstock, and M. Thoupav; Denmark by J. P. Nielson, Nina Kiefer, and Evers Bramshaan; Holland by Pieter Troelstra and M. Wibault; Greece by Deputies Courial and Bennarays Karamojis; the Majority Socialists of Germany by Hermann Mueller, Otto Weis, and Richard Molkenbuhr; Bulgaria by Minister Sakosoff, and Hungary by Minister of Education Kunfi.

Jews Name Americanization Day.

The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society has designated Washington's Birthday as "Americanization Day for Jewish Immigrants." There will be meetings in Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Seattle, and in Yokohama, Japan, where Jewish refugees are gathered on their way to America. There will also be meetings in 700 other cities in which the society is represented by national Directors, to intensify the loyalty and devotion of Jews to the country in which they hav found a refuge and to bring home to immigrants the necessity for complete Americanization.

Boulder to Honor Soldier Dead.

OSSINING, Jan. 25.—A thirty-ton memorial boulder to be placed in Sleepy Hollow Cemetery to commemorate the thirty-eight men lost by the 1st Provisional Regiment, N. Y. N. G., while guarding New York City's aqueducts during the war was delivered in Tarrytown today. The rock was brought from Benticous Crag in the Shawangunk Range of the Catskills, and on it will be placed a bronze tablet with the names of the members of the regiment who died in service. There were over 8,000 individuals in the regiment during the war, of whom about 3,000 were from Manhattan and the Bronx and 1,000 from Brooklyn and Long Island communities.

Francis Has Recovered.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The State Department was advised today that David R. Francis, Ambassador to Russia, who is at London, had recovered from a recent operation, and that he would visit Paris before returning to this country.

L. P. Hollander & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 46th Street
Final Clearance Sale
Before Inventory
Lowest Prices Possible in All
Winter Suits, Coats and Furs
and a selection of
Women's and Misses' Gowns
To Effect Complete Clearance

Fur Trimmed Velour Coats, Formerly $95.00 to $195.00, 55.00 to 75.00
Fur Trimmed Duvetyne Coats, Formerly $195.00 to $275.00 ..... 125.00
Balance of Fur Trimmed Winter Suits Formerly $135.00 to $195.00 ..... 75.00
Hudson Seal Coat, 45 inches long, Collars and Cuffs of Seal. Formerly $350.00 ..... 195.00
Taupe Nutria Coat, 40 inches long, Choice Skins, Belted Model, with Collar and Cuffs of same. Formerly $395.00 ..... 250.00
Kolinsky Coatee, Tail trimmed Formerly $495.00 ..... 300.00
3 Taupe Nutria Coats, 36 inches long, Choice Skins, Shawl Collar and Cuffs of same. Formerly $385.00 ..... 225.00
Shown on Second Floor

Morning, Afternoon and Evening Gowns (For Women)
A small quantity in Velvet, Satin and Crepe de Chine.
35.00 to 125.00
Formerly $125.00 to $350.00
Shown on Second Floor
NO RETURNS

2 Leopard Coats, 45 inches long, Shawl Collar and Cuffs of Skunk. Formerly $465.00 ..... 275.00
Natural Muskrat Coat, 30 inches long, Collar and Cuffs of same. Formerly $275.00 ..... 150.00
Hudson Seal Coatee, Skunk trimmed. Formerly $325.00 ..... 185.00
Mole Coatee, with Taupe Fox collar. Formerly $385.00 ..... 200.00
Mole Cape, of choice Scotch Mole. Formerly $550.00 ..... 300.00
2 Scotch Mole Wraps. Formerly $1,100.00 ..... 600.00
1 Natural Squirrel Coat. Formerly $575.00 ..... 300.00
Shown on Second Floor

Misses' Dresses
of Organdie, Georgette, Crepe de Chine, Lace and Satin; suitable for Morning, Afternoon and Evening Wear.
15.00 to 65.00
Formerly $55.00 to $110.00
Shown on Second Floor
NO EXCHANGES

Dorothy Dodd
SHOES
JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE
Regular value $12.00 to $14.00
$9.45
An unusual offer of highest grade Dorothy Dodd Lace and Button Boots, of fine patent kid, dark grey tops; brown calfskin, fawn top; included also are all Suede Lace.
D's—No Returns—Monday Only
Fashion Shop
Street
9th Street.

PECK & PECK
Heckpeck
HALF YEARLY SALE
At 20% Reductions
Our Standard Qualities of
Plain and Fancy Silk Stockings for Men and Women
Men's Wool Stockings
Men's and Women's Silk or Wool Muffler Scarfs
Women's Silk or Wool Sweaters
Children's Silk, Wool and Cotton Hosiery
Especial Values in
Men's Hosiery
Wool, medium weight, soft fine quality, in natural brown, khaki and gray.
$1.35 (8.00 the ½ dozen)
Silk with cotton soles—black, white and all colors.
$1.40 (8.25 the ½ dozen)
Pure Thread Silk in black, white and all colors.
$1.60 (9.25 the ½ dozen)
Pure Thread Silk in black, white and all colors; also silk with cotton soles, black and white clocked effects.
$2 (11.50 the ½ dozen)
Women's Hosiery
Silk Lisle in plain black only, our regular $1 quality.
59c (3.50 the ½ dozen)
Silk with cotton soles and tops, black, white and smart shoe shades.
$1.40 (8.25 the ½ dozen)
Silk with cotton soles and tops, bronze only.
$1.35 (8.00 the ½ dozen)
Pure Thread Silk, superior quality, in black, white and all fashionable colors.
$2.40 (14.00 the ½ dozen)
Men's Neckwear
all our $1.50 Pure Silk Ties, now 95c
586 Fifth Avenue at 48th Street
501 Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street
FINE HOSE

"Last Days of Exhibition"
UNRESTRICTED SALES
OF EXTRAORDINARY
IMPORTANCE

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
NEW YORK CITY

To be sold by direction
of the executors

On the Afternoons of To-morrow
(Monday) and Every Afternoon
This Week, Concluding
Monday, February 3rd
beginning each afternoon at
2:30 o'clock
AT THE
AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
The Notable Collection
of
Beautiful Old
Chinese Porcelains
Rare Jades and other Hard Stones,
Antique Bronzes, Tang, Han, Sung,
and Ming Pottery, Enamels and other
Oriental Art Treasures
Collected by the Widely Known
Connoisseur, the late
Rufus E. Moore
ON FREE VIEW TO-MORROW
9 A. M. Until 6 P. M.
. Descriptive Catalogue illustrated by
color plates and half-tone reproductions
mailed to applicants on receipt of One
Dollar.

WEDNESDAY EVENING OF
THIS WEEK, JANUARY 29TH
at 8:15 o'clock
IN THE GRAND BALL
ROOM OF THE PLAZA
(Admission by card, to be had free, of the
managers.)
The Important
INGLIS-MORTEN-
LAWRENCE COLLECTIONS
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
PAINTINGS
By Celebrated Masters of the
Modern Schools
Included in This Important Sale
Is a Number of Representative Foreign
Works of Rare Artistic Quality
Collected by the Late
JAMES S. INGLIS
(COTTIER & CO.)
And to be Sold for account of
MISS ELIZABETH INGLIS, Owner
The Private Collection
Formed by the Late
ALEXANDER MORTEN
Which includes fine examples of Childe
Hassam, Ryder, (7 examples), Renoir,
Degas, Sisley, Twachtman, Weir, Law-
son (4), Lie, Mary Cassatt and Cazin,
and
IMPORTANT
REPRESENTATIVE
AMERICAN PAINTINGS
Collected by the Late
FRANK R. LAWRENCE
for many years President of the Lotos Club,
which consist of important examples
of Ranger, Wyant, Dewey, Ballard
Williams, Bunce, Minor, Kost, Ritz,
Zaneking, Moran, Wiles and others.
ON FREE VIEW TOMORROW
UNTIL DAYS OF SALE
. Illustrated Catalogue, mailed on re-
ceipt of One Dollar.

"Of Interest to Print Sellers"
ON FREE VIEW TOMORROW
MONDAY & TUESDAY,
ON THE PREMISES
No. 58 West 45th Street
NUMEROUS
PRINT CABINETS
STORE FIXTURES AND
OFFICE FURNITURE
Of the Establishment of
the well-known Firm of
Manzi, Joyant & Company
(SUCCESSORS OF GOUPIL & CO., PARIS)
TO BE SOLD
TUESDAY OF THIS WEEK
at 11 o'clock
. Catalogue on application to the
Managers.

ON FREE VIEW BEGINNING
WEDNESDAY OF THIS WEEK
The Notable and Extensive
Collection of
Illustrated Books
and Caricatures
From the Private Library of
J. BARTON TOWNSEND, Esq.,
of Philadelphia
TO BE SOLD
BY ORDER OF THE OWNER
On Tuesday, Wednesday & Thursday
February 4th, 5th and 6th,
At 3 and 8:15 o'Clock P. M.

ON FREE VIEW
BEGINNING MONDAY, FEB'Y 3rd,
The Very Important Collection
of
Ancient Arms
and Weapons
Formed by the Connoisseur
Mr. Theodore Offerman
To which has been added a number
of fine specimens from several other
important private collections.
THE WHOLE TO BE SOLD
On the Afternoons of Friday and
Saturday
February 7th and 8th, at 2:30 o'Clock
. Illustrated Catalogue with Prefatory
Note by Professor Bashford Dean Will Be
Mailed to Applicants on Receipt of One
Dollar.
—ALSO—
ON FREE VIEW
BEGINNING FEBRUARY 3rd,
A Collection of
Old and Modern
Paintings
Of Extraordinary Importance
Including many fine examples by Cel-
ebrated Masters of the Foreign and
American Schools, among which are
a number of important works by the
Barbizon Painters and their contem-
poraries.
TO BE SOLD
By Direction of the Executors and Trus-
tees of Several Estates, and for Account of
a Number of Private Owners.
IN THE GRAND BALL
ROOM OF THE PLAZA
On Monday and Tuesday Evenings,
February 10th and 11th.
. Illustrated Catalogue mailed on re-
ceipt of One Dollar.
The Sales Will Be Conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his Assistants, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION,
Managers,
6, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. So.

GERMANS RELEASE MORE AMERICANS

War Department Issues Another List of Soldiers Freed from Camps or Hospitals.

SOME REACH ENGLAND

Others Arrive in Scotland, Switzerland, and France—New Yorkers Among Them.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The War Department tonight made public a list of American prisoners who have been released from German prison camps and who have arrived in allied or neutral countries. Four Lieutenants who have returned to France after being released follow:

MAXSON, C. W., Baltimore.
GORDON, A. J., 244 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.
GOODRICH, H. A., New Haven, Conn.
MILLER, F. K., Madera, Penn.

Enlisted men released from Camp Dulmen, Germany, and reported as arriving in Hull, England, are:

CURTIN, P. W., 237 9th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BOURDO, WILMER, 144 Buhrans Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
MARRONE, ANDREW, Detroit.
ESPOSITO, NILHOLAS, 1,040 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
FAALAND, CHRISTIAN, 40th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
DEAN, C. M., 124 West 49th St., New York.
SINGER, A. L., 978 Whitlock Av., New York.
EARLY, H. M., Sherman, Penn.
NORTH, H. C., Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
PEARCY, J. N., Robersonville, N. C.
BROWN, E. F., Seagrove, N. C.
WILLIAMS, S. W., Lebanon, Texas.
ESLICK, J. H., Mulberry, Tenn.
GRIMES, MANLEY, White Hall, Ill.
MILLER, W. W., Newburg, N. Y.
WATSON, HARRY, 462 East 160th St., New York.
FLEMING, A. L., Ashburnham, Mass.

The soldiers released and who have passed through Berne, Switzerland, are Lieutenant Herman Whitmore of Haverhill, Mass., and these enlisted men:

MIVAS, WALTER, Chicopee, Mass.
MONZOM, PETER, Italy
MULLERN, JAMES, Butler, Penn.
MURRAY, J. L., Falls Village, Conn.
O'NEILL, F. J., Philadelphia, Penn.
SCHEETZ, A. J., Carthage, Ill.
SAUER, F. M., Perryville, Mo.
TEICHGRABER, L., Ferndale, Cal.
TATAREK, MARGEN, 744 Jersey Av., Jersey City, N. J.
STOLTZ, JOHN, Armour, S. D.
STANFORTH, T. E., Detroit, Mich.
CONNER, R. S., Philadelphia, Penn.
HENEY, J. J., Wildwood, N. J.
GIBSON, P. E., Newville, N. D.
DEVINE, DAVID, 288 Ridge St., New York.
BERG, MAX, Chicago, Ill.
HAMER, L. R., Fall River, Mass.
SALAZER, EHREN, Espanola, N. M.
MOECKEL, P. C., Wisnek, N. D.
KASONSKI, FRANK, Old Forge, Penn.
SAGEHORN, PETER, Syracuse, N. Y.
CLEMSON, BENJAMIN, Philadelphia, Penn.
CHRISMAN, H. J., San Jose, Cal.
CERZA, STANISLAW, Glen Cove, N. Y.
SORAGUE, E. A., Kansas City, Mo.
SOBEL, ADOLF, Homtramack, Mich.
SMITH, F. G., Revere, Mass.
SHANER, MICHAEL, Summit Hill, Penn.
ROBERTS, W. J., Norwalk, Conn.
ROURKE, JOHN, New Haven, Conn.
ROZEK, ADAM, address unknown.
TENNER, G. V., 506 East 165th St., New York.
REHM, C. L., Oley, Penn.
BELL, E. L., Wilmington, N. C.
BELLIZZE, P. L., 622 East 183d St., New York.
BENZING, J. M., Buffalo, N. Y.
BERG, AXIL, Minneapolis, Minn.
BERKOWITZ, M., 315 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BERNAS, F. J., Elmira, N. Y.
BETTY, C. H., Timpas, Col.
BEVINS, ROBERT, Meta, Ky.
BILLINSLEY, R. W., Louisville, Ky.
BIRK, WILLIAM, Buffalo.
BERNARDINO, P. P., Italy.
WEATE, ALMA, Columbus, Ohio.
WHEELER, C. W., Lincolnville, Penn.

The following have been released from German prison camps and hospitals and have returned to Leith, Scotland:

THOMPSON, A. W., 6,907 Ridge Boulevard, Brooklyn, N. Y.
McCORMICK, P. O., 311 Lexington Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
DORAN, L. E., Salisbury Mills, N. Y.
HOLM, ASHJORN, Seattle.

The following have been released from German prison camps and hospitals and returned to England:

PASCOE, C. E., 556 W. 27th St., New York.
SCHWEIKER, F. G., 323 East 90th St., New York.
GEDNEY, W. B., 528 Fifth St., B'klyn, N. Y.
OLDAG, W. E., Cleveland.
LYNCH, E. J., 760 Franklin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
ANNARUMMO, GAETANO, 2,534 8th Av., New York.
JOHNSTON, C. S., 261 Linwood St., Bklyn.
CAIRNS, W. Jr, Newburg, N. Y.
CRENSHAW, J. A., Clover, Va.
LOOMIS, J. F., 811 Beverly Road, Bklyn.
O'CONNOR, T. F., 139 Hull St., Brooklyn.
VOLK, J. D., National Arts Club, New York.

The following have been released from German Prison Camp Rastatt and returned to France:

YOUNG, ELWIN, Colebrook, N. H.
LEACH, J. A., Westminster, Vt.
LEON, J. P., Lake Bluff, Ill.
LOMBARDI, JULIUS, 12 King St., New York
MANCHINA, ANTONIO, Clarksburg, W. Va.
MARTIN, C. H., Dennbs, Cal.
IMASTROGAS, CONSTANTINE, Springfield, Mass.
McLAUGHLIN, HAROLD, Chicago.
McGUFFEY, EDDIE, Columbus, Ohio.
McMULLIN, G. D., Cleveland, Utah.
PAVLICK, T. J., Duluth, Minn.
POGENDICK, WILLIAM, Cincinnati.
STOKER, M. B., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
STRAGA, GEORGE, 742 Bartholdi Av., New York.
STUNSKY, J. S., Erie, Penn.
ZIZZESIL, GIUSEPPI, 216 Cherry St., New York.
BLACK, J. F., Wilmington, Del.
DIXON, M. E., 130 Sterling St., Brooklyn.
DOANE, C. H., Terre Haute, Ind.
FILBEY, E. U., Baltimore.
GREENBAUM, MORRIS, 261 Monroe St., New York.
HERRICK, HARRY, Cora, Mo.
PHELAN, B. J., Buffalo.
ROBERTS, W. J., Bonifay, Fla.
HUFFSTETLER, DELOSS, Jenny Lind, Ark.
WEINSTEIN, HARRY, Newark, N. J.
JESS, HENRY, Winona, Idaho.
KEMKOWSKI, RUDOLPH, Milwaukee, Wis.
KLUG, C. F., Harbor Beach, Mich.
DOYLE, T. H., Avert, Mo.
ECKERT, C. H., Wilkes-Barre, Penn.
FAIRLEE, L. B., Albany, N. Y.
FRECH, G. W., Hamilton, Md.
SHANER, MIKE, Summit Hill, Penn.
SHEVILLI, J. G., 897 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.
SPYCHALSKI, W., Buffalo, N. Y.
STARK, A. C., Mora, Minn.
STAFFORD, J. E., Denver.
DOIN, JOSEPH, Highlandtown, Md.
DUFF, NORMAN, Boyd, Okla.
COSNER, L. J., Camden, N. J.
COVERT, L. S., Glen Elder, Kan.
KNIGHT, D. B., West Union, W. Va.
KRUSE, C. H., Silver City, Iowa.
LEISTER, AARON, Philadelphia.
MARTEN, ROBERT, 1,017 West Side Av., Jersey City, N. J.
MASSA, MARIO, Utica, N. Y.
MAZONIS, WILLIAM, Pittston, Penn.
HARRIS, O. C., Quitman, Texas.
HOLZMAN, B. B., 27 Ridgewood Av., Newark, N. J.
HARRIS, O. J., Detroit.
WOODWARD, M. D., Taunton, Mass.
WOOD, D. R., Middleport, Ohio.
ZABEL, WALTER, Buffalo Lake, Minn.
BABBITT, C. H., Edwards, Mo.
BECK, A. A., Niles, Kan.
BRAMMIER, M. H., Syracuse, Neb.
BUNK, DICK, Kanawha, Iowa.
CERRA, PASQUALE, Duquesne, Penn.
CORBIN, H. C., Spring Hill, W. Va.
CRILLEY, EDWARD, Frostburg, Penn.
CRISMAN, HENRY, Easton, Penn.
DE VIRGILIO, ROCCO, Italy.
EVANS, JOSEPH, Watertoo, N. Y.
ANDERSON, R. C., Chicago, Ill.
ARCHER, HARRY, Sarcoxie, Mo.
AYERS, E. J., 1,470 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
CANNON, R. C., Jonesville, Wis.
CINGUE, ANTONIO, 453 East 84th St., New York.
GOODMAN, GEORGE, Hostetter, Penn.
GRAZIORA, PATSY, Italy.
GROMMIS, E. J., Binghamton, N. Y.
HANS, J. L. G., Pearsall, Texas.
GLASSMAN, MAXWELZ, 3,112 Clarendon Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
GONTAZAR, STANLEY, Hartford, Conn.
GRYNKO, MICHAEL, Pittsburgh, Penn.
HAMILTON, H. J., Chicago.
DUFFY, J. F., Burlington, N. J.
DYSON, MELVIN, Oskaloosa, Kan.
EFLER, C. C., Reading, Penn.
FRIEDMAN, LOUIS, 1,061 Mapes Av., New York.
GALLAGHER, JAMES, 124 Norman Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
GERSHOWITZ, SAMUEL, Rochester, N. Y.
GOOD, LEONARD, Sevier, N. C.
HARLINGER, G. V., Frankford, Mo.
TATARCK, MARYAN, 774 Jersey Av., Jersey City, N. J.
CONNER, LAWRENCE, Des Moines.
SULLIVAN, D. L., Malden, Mass.
TIPTON, A. S., Broadway, Mo.
LEGASEY, J. E., Worcester, Mass.
MAFESIA, MICHAEL, 446 North 5th St., Newark, N. J.
MANFORD, RAYMOND, Fortville, Ind.
MOGLIANI, A. S., Pittsburgh, Penn.
MIDOLO, VINCENT, 511 Spring St., New York.
MITCHELL, L. W., Earlsboro, Okla.
MORTON, G. W., Cedartown, Ga.
PICHAE, D. P., Detroit.
POOLE, C. B., Fall River, Mass.
MICHALAK, ANDREW, Milwaukee, Wis.
MONACO, PETER, Schenectady, N. Y.
MORELLO, PHILIPO, Cleveland, Ohio.
MUNDEN, F. A., Wasco, Cal.
RETTLINGER, M. A., 419 East 103d St., New York.
REYNOLDS, H. A., Wentworth, Mo.
SIMON, J. A., Chandler, Okla.
SPANO, BIAGIO, Rockland, Me.
STERRY, W. L., Tampa, Fla.
SUTTON, LEWIS, Moorestown, N. J.
TANK, ARTHUR, Milwaukee, Wis.
THOMPSON, C. R., Oxford, Mass.
THOMPSON, T. L., Russell, Minn.
VADLUGA, PAUL, Philadelphia.
VINSKOWSKI, S. E., De Lancey, Penn.
WHELAN, J. T., Burlington, N. J.
LEWIS, ALBERT, 97 Hamilton Place, New York.
LEONT, PAOLO, Italy.
KELLY, F. L., Carlisle, Penn.
GATES, A., Amherst, Ohio.
LUDWIG, W. E., Buffalo, N. Y.
MAINES, CHARLES, Millville, N. J.
PARKER, C. W., 752 W. 128th St., New York.
SZYPSYAK, ANDREW, Chicago.
WYATT, T. A., Prague, Okla.
O'NEILL, O. J., Camden, N. Y.
OPSAL, OLAF, Murtown City, N. D.
OSING, J. H., Memphis, Mo.
PAGE, ARMAND, Woonsocket, R. I.
PROSKUS, WILLIAM, Greenfield, Mass.
CLAYTON, J. V., Joseph, Mo.
CLIKEMAN, A. M., Parker, S. D.
CREAMER, F. H., Portia, Kan.
CROASMUN, NATHAN, Valley, Penn.
DAVENPORT, C. W., Sioux City, Iowa.
AULTMAN, ALLEN, Sumrall, Miss.
BARRETT, E. T., Narrows, Westminster, Mass.
BASP, OTTO, Springfield, Minn.
BAUMANN, J. C., 278 Devoe St., Brooklyn.
BELL, S. F., Scottsville, Ky.
VANDERVELDE, JOHN, Grand Rapids, Mich.
WARD, PAUL, Downs, Kan.
WAMPOFF, W. C., Winona, Minn.
WOLTERS, H. W., Afton, Mo.
WAGNER, C. F., Rumey, Penn.
WAMPLER, C. D., Kremlin, Okla.
WHILE, T. J., Munson, Penn.
WICK, E. N., Moorehead, Minn.
ZWINSKE, A. J., Michigan City, Ind.
ABOFF, NATHAN, 216 Cherry St., New York.
ADAMS, B. F., Colofiats, Col.
FABER, L. V., Keokuk, Iowa.
BENN, JOHN, Suffern, N. Y.
CARLSON, HERBERT, St. Paul.
SMITH, J. W., Adamsville, Tenn.
NEILSON, JOHN, Anita, Penn.
BEADLE, R. A., Statesville, Tenn.
HILL, M. E., Kansas City, Mo.
NALLY, J. R., New Haven, Ky.
PFEIL, C. W., Sandusky, Ohio.
PLASTER, A. W., Henrietta, Okla.
SANDERS, C. H., Cassandra, Penn.
RONDEAU, LOUIS, Lawrence, Mass.
MORELLI, EUGENE, Burlington, Wis.
ANS, C. M., Everett, Mass.
KRESSLER, W. J., Burlington, N. J.
JANOWSKY, WILLIAM, 54 Lewis St., New York.
KELLY, E. J., Elmo, W. Va.
DOERR, H. T., Philadelphia.
SWINK, STANLEY, Milwaukee.
TAMPA, NICHOLAS, 254 E. 144th St., New York.
BRANT, BUNNYAN, Terrell, Texas.
BUCKMAN, JULIUS, Shelbina, Mo.
CHAMBERS, DANIEL, Kansas City, Mo.
CIANCIULLO, ALBINO, Philadelphia.
COX, R. D., Vernon, Ill.
DE STEFANO, MARK, Turtle Creek, Penn.
HOAGLAND, D. V. L. F., Walla Walla, Wash.
KIRKLIS, PHILIP, Memphis, Tenn.
McDOWELL, W. H., Westernport, Md.
HEDRICK, W. F., Onego, W. Va.
HESSIG, A. J., Birdseye, Ind.
HOWE, R. W., Philadelphia.
DUNGAN, ALBERT, Camden, N. J.
EPSTEIN, NATHAN, Dorchester, Mass.
FLORES, ONOFRE, Beaver, Texas.
GRIBBLE, G. S., Rock Island, Tenn.
HANNAN, J. F., Litchfield, Minn.
BEAVER, J. A., Harrisburg, Penn.
BUGNAITTO, P. F., Middleville, Mont.
BURKHARDT, H. H., Revere, Mass.
DODSON, FRED, Derossett, Tenn.
CARLTON, KAY, Fort Worth, Texas.
WYSOCKI, A. F., Cayuga Road, N. Y.
BELL, J. E., Dailey, Okla.
BLAIR, LEWIS, Kalamazoo, Mich.
BOWEN, J. A., Elizabeth, Penn.
RIGSBURG, J. E., Opp, Ala.
RIZLEY, W. M., How, Ark.
RUBENSTEIN, HYNIE, Syracuse, N. Y.
SEATE, JACOB, Russia.
SANFORD, G. R., Plymouth, Ill.
HARNEY, J. F., Lexington, Mo.
HELMICKI, JOS., Buffalo, N. Y.
HERMAN, HARRY, 799 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn.
HOLMAN, J. P., Hamilton, Texas.
GRAHAM, P. H., Monroe, Ind.
GRASSO, A. O., Italy.
HARLOW, G. F., San Francisco.
HUFFKA, FINK, Chicago.
FRAZIER, JOSEPH, South Horecon, N. Y.
SCALIA, PIETRO, Italy.
SCRIBE, L. M., Ashland, Mass.
SEITER, FRED, Charlton, Iowa.
SMERLES, JAMES, Chicago.
SMITH, E. H., Hammond, Ky.
STEPHENSON, A. W., Cincinnati.
STREETER, L. R., Syracuse, N. Y.

TALK OF KAISER'S RETURN.

Berlin Report Says Hohenzollerns Intend to Go to Germany.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—A Berlin dispatch to The Daily Mail under Friday's date says:

"A sensational special edition selling rapidly on the streets here maintains that the ex-Kaiser and his family intend to return to Germany as soon as the National Assembly has given the country a legal constitution."

BRITISH NAVY YARDS IDLE.

Work on New Ships Suspended Pending Decisions of Conference.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Nothing is likely to be definitely settled as to Great Britain's naval program until after the close of the Peace Congress, according to Reuter's. In the meantime, orders have been given to suspend work on the construction of war vessels, including light cruisers, still in the yards.

General Garibaldi Quits Army.

PARIS, Jan. 25, (Associated Press.)—General Giuseppe (Peppino) Garibaldi, grandson of the Italian patriot, passed through Paris today on his way to Italy after having given up command of the Italian division on the French front. He is taking advantage of the decree which allows all volunteers to return home, and is going back to civil life.

FOR QUICK DEMOBILIZATION.

Senator Reed Has No Fear of Large Labor Surplus.

An appeal for the immediate demobilization of the American armies to lighten taxes, and to return workmen to productive industries was made by Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, at the dinner of the Superintendents of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in the Hotel Astor last night. He expressed the opinion that quick demobilization would not cause a large surplus of labor or a period of unemployment because the demands of readjustment and reconstruction would furnish work for all.

One of the first things to be done, he said, was to restrain Government control of business and hand the management of their affairs back to American business men.

"Every time the Government has laid its hand unnecessarily on business it has tended to paralysis of its vitality and virility," said Senator Reed. "If you want to save the world from a great disaster get those American soldiers, or that raw labor, back to this country and give American business control again—and do it quick!"

Haley Fiske, Vice President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company told of the increased business of the company and of its war work. One of the achievements of the agents during the war, he pointed out, was the selling of about $130,000,000 in War Savings Stamps and Liberty Bonds. Other speakers were John R. Hegeman, President of the Metropolitan; J. S. Phillips, State Superintendent of Insurance, and the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church.

HONOR POET'S MEMORY.

Speakers Recall That Burns Prophesied the Brotherhood of Man.

The Burns Society of New York held its annual dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, the anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns. About 150 members and guests were present. Alexander R. Peacock, President of the society, acted as toastmaster. Toasts were drunk to President Wilson, King George, and to the memory of Burns.

"While this society is largely, indeed, mainly, composed of Scotsmen," President Peacock said, "we welcome all who possess the great passport of admission to such a gathering as this—an appreciation of the wonderful, immortal legacy left to the world by Robert Burns. It has been said that good Scotsmen usually make good Americans. It had been better said that good Scotsmen always make good Americans. From the days of Witherspoon and Alexander Hamilton down to the present day we believe there never has been a period when citizens of Scottish birth or Scottish ancestry have not exercised their hands and their brains in the interest of this Republic and her liberties."

Andrew McLean, who followed Mr. Peacock, touched on many interesting points in the poet's history, and emphasized the prophetic insight shown by Burns in forecasting the future Brotherhood of Man. Other speakers were Major J. A. Belton, John Foord, and James Kennedy, the latter a former President of the Burns Society.

SAVE BOYS FROM DROWNING

Pelham Bay Reserve Sailor Rescues Four from the Bronx River.

Bertram Reed, a Pelham Bay reserve, dived into the Bronx River yesterday 150 feet north of the Bronx Park boathouse and rescued four boys who had broken through thin ice. Ralph Loumice, 11 years old, of 285 Atlantic Avenue, and Rastus Boxtale, 11 years old, of 300 Atlantic Avenue, were taken to Fordham Hospital for treatment, while Edward Boxtale, a brother to Rastus, and Otto Salter, 13, of 302 Atlantic Avenue, the Bronx, were able to go home.

Alexander Mouski, 8 years old, who tumbled from the deck of the Health Department boat Rutherford, was saved yesterday off the foot of Metroplitan Avenue, Brooklyn, by three men who braved the cold water of the East River to make the rescue. The boy lives at 140 North Eleventh Street, Brooklyn. The men who made the rescue were Frank Arnold, 160 Lorimer Street; William Herman of 229 Kent Avenue, and Edward Nevins of 151 India Street, Brooklyn.

FINE SPEEDING GUARDSMAN.

Court Finds That Militiamen Are Amenable to Civil Law.

Members of the New York Guard, except when Federalized or acting under riot orders issued by the Governor, are liable to the civil law when they overspeed in the city, decided Magistrate W. Bruce Cobb yesterday in the Traffice Court. As a result of his finding, Vernon L. Madden, of 311 Second Avenue, a member of the First Field Artillery, paid a $50 fine as a second offender, although Major Robinson Leech, of the Guard, announced that an appeal would be taken.

Madden was arraigned on complaint of Motorcycle Policeman Werner E. Mosher, who said that the guardsman had operated a cycle-car along Broadway, between 138th and 141st Streets, on Dec. 16, at forty miles an hour. Madden declared that he had not overspeeded, but added that any acceleration in his speed had been on order of Captain Reginald C. Knickerbocker of the First Field Artillery. Major Leech, who acted as counsel, contended that Madden was merely carrying out a military order. Magistrate Cobb decided that war emergencies did not apply to the operations of the State militia at this time.

BERNE MEETING PUT OFF.

Socialist and Labor Conference Now Scheduled for Feb. 2.

BERNE, Jan. 24.—The opening of the International Socialist and Labor Conference has been postponed to Feb. 2, it was announced tonight. Arthur Henderson, the British labor leader, started for Paris today to see Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, and probably also to confer with American and Belgian peace representatives. It was said here during the day that Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, was coming from Germany to take part in the conference.

The absence of American representatives at the conference has caused much comment among the delegates now here. Camille Huysmans, the Secretary of the Socialist Internationale, was outspoken in criticism of the State Department at Washington for withholding passports from Americans who wished to attend the conference. When it was suggested that William English Walling and Charles Edward Russell were already in Europe, M. Huysmans replied: "They are no longer representatives of the American Socialists because they have broken with the party."

So far the countries represented include Great Britain, France, Russia, Germany, Ukrainia, Esthonia, Livonia, Georgia, Finland, Poland, German-Austria Belgium, Sweden, Italy, Denmark, Norway, Greece, Switzerland, Argentina, Armenia, Spain, Portugal, Bohemia, Hungary, and Bulgaria.

Russia will be represented by M. Axelrod, M. Bienstock, and M. Thoupay; Denmark by J. P. Nielson, Nina Kiefer, and Evers Bramshaen; Holland by Pieter Troelstra and M. Wibaut; Greece by Deputies Courial and Bennaroya Karamolis; the Majority Socialists of Germany by Hermann Mueller, Otto Weis, and Richard Molkenbuhr; Bulgaria by Minister Sakosoff, and Hungary by Minister of Education Kunfi.

Jews Name Americanization Day.

The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society has designated Washington's Birthday as "Americanization Day for Jewish Immigrants." There will be meetings in Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Seattle, and in Yokohama, Japan, where Jewish refugees are gathered on their way to America. There will also be meetings in 700 other cities in which the society is represented by national Directors, to intensify the loyalty and devotion of Jews to the country in which they have found a refuge and to bring home to immigrants the necessity for complete Americanization.

Boulder to Honor Soldier Dead.

OSSINING, Jan. 25.—A thirty-ton memorial boulder to be placed in Sleepy Hollow Cemetery to commemorate the thirty-eight men lost by the 1st Provisional Regiment, N. Y. N. G., while guarding New York City's aqueducts during the war was delivered in Tarrytown today. The rock was brought from Benticque Crag in the Shawangunk Range of the Catskills, and on it will be placed a bronze tablet with the names of the members of the regiment who died in service. There were over 8,000 individuals in the regiment during the war, of whom about 3,000 were from Manhattan and the Bronx and 1,000 from Brooklyn and Long Island communities.

Francis Has Recovered.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The State Department was advised today that David R. Francis, Ambassador to Russia, who is at London, had recovered from a recent operation, and that he would visit Paris before returning to this country.

L. P. Hollander & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 46th Street
Final Clearance Sale
Before Inventory
Lowest Prices Possible in All
Winter Suits, Coats and Furs
and a selection of
Women's and Misses' Gowns
To Effect Complete Clearance

Fur Trimmed Velour Coats,
Formerly $95.00 to $195.00, 55.00 to 75.00
Fur Trimmed Duvetyne Coats,
Formerly $195.00 to $275.00 ..... 125.00
Balance of Fur Trimmed Winter Suits
Formerly $135.00 to $195.00 ..... 75.00
Hudson Seal Coat, 45 inches long,
Collars and Cuffs of Seal.
Formerly $350.00 ..... 195.00
Taupe Nutria Coat, 40 inches long,
Choice Skins, Belted Model, with
Collar and Cuffs of same.
Formerly $395.00 ..... 250.00
Kolinsky Coatee, Tail trimmed
Formerly $495.00 ..... 300.00
3 Taupe Nutria Coats, 36 inches long,
Choice Skins, Shawl Collar and
Cuffs of same.
Formerly $385.00 ..... 225.00
Shown on Second Floor

Morning, Afternoon and Evening Gowns
(For Women)
A small quantity in Velvet, Satin and
Crepe de Chine.
35.00 to 125.00
Formerly $125.00 to $350.00
Shown on Second Floor

2 Leopard Coats, 45 inches long,
Shawl Collar and Cuffs of Skunk.
Formerly $465.00 ..... 275.00
Natural Muskrat Coat, 30 inches long,
Collar and Cuffs of same.
Formerly $275.00 ..... 150.00
Hudson Seal Coatee,
Skunk trimmed.
Formerly $325.00 ..... 185.00
Mole Coatee,
with Taupe Fox collar.
Formerly $385.00 ..... 200.00
Mole Cape,
of choice Scotch Mole.
Formerly $550.00 ..... 300.00
2 Scotch Mole Wraps.
Formerly $1,100.00 ..... 600.00
1 Natural Squirrel Coat.
Formerly $575.00 ..... 300.00
Shown on Second Floor

Misses' Dresses
of Organdie, Georgette, Crepe de Chine, Lace and Satin; suitable for Morning, Afternoon and Evening Wear.
15.00 to 65.00
Formerly $55.00 to $110.00
Shown on Second Floor

NO RETURNS
NO EXCHANGES

Dorothy Dodd
SHOES

JANUARY
CLEARANCE
SALE
Regular value
$12.00 to $14.00
$9.45
An unusual offer of highest grade Dorothy Dodd Lace and Button Boots, of fine patent kid, dark grey kid tops; brown calfskin, fawn Suede top; included also are all black Suede Lace.
No C. O. D's—No Returns—Monday Only
At the New Bedell Fashion Shop
Nineteen West 34th Street
Shoe Department on Main Floor—Special entrance by 35th Street.

PECK & PECK
FINE HOSE
Peck & Peck
HALF YEARLY SALE
At 20% Reductions
Our Standard Qualities of
Plain and Fancy Silk Stockings for Men and Women
Men's Wool Stockings
Men's and Women's Silk or Wool Muffler Scarfs
Women's Silk or Wool Sweaters
Children's Silk, Wool and Cotton Hosiery
Especial Values in
Men's Hosiery
Wool, medium weight, soft fine quality, in natural brown, khaki and gray.
$1.35 (8.00 the ½ dozen)
Silk with cotton soles—black, white and all colors.
$1.40 (8.25 the ½ dozen)
Pure Thread Silk in black, white and all colors.
$1.60 (9.25 the ½ dozen)
Pure Thread Silk in black, white and all colors; also silk with cotton soles, black and white clocked effects.
$2 (11.50 the ½ dozen)
Women's Hosiery
Silk Lisle in plain black only, our regular $1 quality.
59c (3.50 the ½ dozen)
Silk with cotton soles and tops, black, white and smart shoe shades.
$1.40 (8.25 the ½ dozen)
Silk with cotton soles and tops, bronze only.
$1.35 (8.00 the ½ dozen)
Pure Thread Silk, superior quality, in black, white and all fashionable colors.
$2.40 (14.00 the ½ dozen)
Men's Neckwear
all our $1.50 Pure Silk Ties, now 95c
586 Fifth Avenue at 48th Street
501 Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street

SHOOTS TWO OTHERS, THEN KILLS HIMSELF

Bertram R. Ripley of Newark Dead, Wife and Nephew in Critical Condition.

WAS WELL-KNOWN ATHLETE

Thought to be Demented Over Failure to Enter Army During the War.

Bertram R. Ripley, 43, a wealthy retired lumber dealer of Newark, is dead from a self-inflicted bullet wound, and his wife, Mrs. Marion Ripley, and a nephew, Sergeant Maitland Petri, a member of the Marine Corps, whom he shot, are in the Presbyterian Hospital in Newark in a critical condition.

The triple shooting occurred yesterday in the home of Ripley's mother-in-law, Mrs. Marion Doremus of 27 Lincoln Avenue, Newark. No explanation could be given for Ripley's act other than his apparent demented condition brought on by brooding over his failure to enter military service during the war.

According to the statement of Mrs. Doremus, there was no discord when the family left the breakfast table. Her daughter and Petri, who lives at Point Pleasant, N. J., and who is home on a furlough, went to the library from the breakfast table, and Ripley went upstairs. Mrs Ripley was reading a morning paper and Petri a letter from his mother when Ripley came down and entered the room. What happened in the library after Ripley entered is not known. A shot was heard by a maid in an adjoining room. Mrs. Ripley was seen running past the room followed by her husband, who fired a shot at her. She fell to the floor. After shooting his wife Ripley shot himself in the left temple and fell beside a fireplace. It is believed that the first shot heard was fired at the nephew.

Petri after being shot made his way to the second floor, where he was found when the police arrived. He was wounded in the abdomen. Mrs. Ripley is suffering from a wound in the chest. The three were taken to the hospital, where Ripley died a few hours later.

Bertram Ripley was a grandson of David Ripley, founder of David Ripley & Sons Lumber Company, Newark. His father, Charles Ripley, was a member of the firm, and when he died he left the bulk of his fortune to Bertram and another son. Bertram sold out his interests in the firm about five years ago and retired. He was once a noted oarsman and the amateur bicycle champion of the State. His wife was the daughter of Wilbur Doremus of the firm of Macknet & Doremus of Newark.

DENIES ASKING COMMISSION

Trainor's Counsel Promises "Startling" Evidence, but It Is Rejected.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Charges that Milton J. Trainor of Chicago, a civilian employe of the War Department, attempted to obtain a commission of $100,000 in connection with plans for the construction of the Chicago Speedway Hospital, were vigorously denied today by E. D. Adcock of Chicago, counsel for Trainor, at a hearing before the Senate Buildings Committee. Trainor is expected to appear in his own behalf next week.

Adcock told the committee that the charge that his client had sought the commission from Edward S. Hines of Chicago either was made deliberately without regard to the truth, or recklessly. In asking that the inquiry be deferred until Monday, Adcock said evidence as startling as that in the Lorimer case would be developed, and in refusing his request the committee announced that reference to the Lorimer matter would not be permitted to go into the record.

William Bennett, counsel for Hines, read from the record of the Lorimer investigation to show that the charge that Mr Hines had raised $100,000 for the election of Lorimer to the Senate had not been sustained.

COURT FREES O'DONNELL.

Self-Styled Murderer Released on District Attorney's Motion.

Patrick O'Donnell of 69 Lexington Avenue, Manhattan, who in a "confession" said he murdered Marie Riddell near her home in Glen Morris, was set at liberty yesterday by Magistrate Ilyle in the Jamaica Police Court on motion of District Attorney Denis O'Leary of Queens County.

Mr. O'Leary said an exhaustive investigation had failed to reveal sufficient evidence on which to hold O'Donnell. After his discharge O'Donnell declined to make any statement further than to say that he did not commit the murder.

UNEMPLOYED FAIL TO MEET.

Smashing of Soapbox Only Excitement at Madison Square.

The only visible evidence of a mass meeting of unemployed in Madison Square yesterday, called as a result of a gathering on Wednesday night in the People's Forum, 70 East Fifteenth Street, was the arrest of a man for distributing literature, the destruction of a soapbox by the police, and a talk by Ellis O. Jones to newspaper reporters. Jones was arrested and sent to Bellevue Hospital after a meeting he called in Central Park on Dec. 13 last to "mourn for liberty." He was discharged later.

The police of the East Twenty-second Street Station, under Captain Post, were on hand yesterday, but had little to do. Though thousands of workers went through the park in the afternoon only a few lingered. It was nearly 2 o'clock when Jones appeared. While he was being questioned by Captain Post a young man got up on the box at the Twenty-sixth Street side of the park. He was pushed back and the box was reduced to splinters.

"Things have happened here this afternoon that are too subtle for the police or the reporters," Jones told the newspaper men. "I consider this a most significant meeting. There have been actions taken here that look more favorably to our cause than I would like to discuss."

This talk ended the "meeting." I. W. W. pamphlets were distributed, one bearing the title, "Help Stamp Out Capitalism" and calling upon employes to rise against their employers. Another circular invited discharged soldiers and sailors to attend a meeting in the People's Forum.

A man who said he was Louis Wepner, 29 years old, 32 Attorney Street, was arrested by Patrolman McLoughlin of the East Twenty-second Street Station for distributing handbills to passers-bys. The prisoner was taken to the East Twenty-second Street Station and locked up on a charge of distributing circulars without a license. He said he had been in this country seven years, but was not a citizen.

Under the heading of "Liberty Now" the poster displayed an article reprinted, it was said, from a magazine article of Jan. 18 last.

RELATIVES TO BE INFORMED.

Military Hospitals Will Notify Them About Soldiers in America.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Relatives of the sick and wounded soldiers admitted to military hospitals in the United States will be advised of the whereabouts and condition of the patients at the time of admission, under a plan soon to be put into operation by the War Department.

Combined with the order issued by General Pershing to the men overseas to write home, it is believed by War Department officials that the plan will give relatives prompt information as to all wounded or sick men.

Hospitals in this country, it was announced, would be required to send cards reporting immediately to the nearest of kin when a soldier is admitted, what his wound or ailment is, and his general physical condition. Transfers of men from one hospital to another also will be reported.

POLICE TO HAVE AIR SQUAD.

Col. Thompson to Form Unit—Noted "Aces" Asked to Join.

A volunteer aviation unit, which will be a part of the Police Reserve of the city, will be organized at once, said Colonel Jefferson De Mont Thompson, recently appointed to head the Police Air Service, following a conference yesterday at the Aero Club of America.

The aviation section will be recruited on the army basis, with twenty officers and twelve pilots, and enlisted men enough to fill out a full aero squadron. Colonel Thompson said he had invited the following American aces to join the squadron:

Lieut. Col. William Thaw, 5 victories; Captain Eddie Rickenbacker, 26 victories; Major James A. Meissner, 8 victories; Major Cushman A. Rice, 10 victories; Lieutenant Lansing C. Holden, 7 victories; Lieutenant Howard Brodick, 6 victories, and Lieutenant F. M. Symonds, who downed 5 enemy planes.

At the Aero Club it was said last night that other cities would be asked to follow New York's example.

Our Cruisers to Visit Santos.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 25.—Edwin V. Morgan, the American Ambassador, has announced that the American cruisers Denver, Cleveland, and Pittsburgh, under command of Admiral William B. Caperton, will arrive at Santos on Feb. 1 to remain a week. The officers and men will be permitted to visit Sao Paulo.

MAISON BERNARD

Fifth Avenue AT FIFTY-SEVENTH ST.

ANNOUNCE

Arrival of New Importations
Printemps 1919

AS WELL AS OPENING OF NEW DEPARTMENT WITH

Initial Sale

Advance Spring Gowns for Day and Evening Wear, at

$35 $50 $65

These are perfect copies of our French Models; in Satin, Charmeuse, Beaded or Embroidered Georgette, Tricolette; and Tailleur Frocks. Prevailing colors. All sizes.

THE VALUES ARE MOST EXTRAORDINARY

Closing Out Remaining Winter Models

Day and Evening Gowns in Brocades, Satin Chiffon, etc., including imported models — formerly priced up to $200 — All at **$35 $65**

French Model Coats For street and limousine and a number of skating models of highest priced fabrics richly fur trimmed. Some of these were imported to sell as high as $150 — **$35**

Learn the Delights of Making Your Own Dresses

Our Dressmaking School

WILL TEACH YOU.

Course of Six Lessons 3.00

SESSIONS DAILY—Begin at Any Time

LESSONS HOUR AND A HALF EACH. APPOINTMENTS AT YOUR CONVENIENCE. APPLY AT INFORMATION BOOTH—MAIN FLOOR

HEARN

Fourteenth Street West of Fifth Avenue

A Big Double Event

DRESSMAKERS' SALE—BEGINNING
JANUARY SALE—ENDING

DRESSMAKERS' SPRING SALE OPEN TO AMATEURS AS WELL AS PROFESSIONAL DRESSMAKERS

January Sale Departments Include

Muslin Underwear	Curtains, Curtainings	Quilts, Blankets	Dresses, Blouses
Negligees	Corsets, Petticoats	Towels, Toweling	Furs and Fur Coats
Babies' Dresses and Woolens	Pillows, Pillow Cases	Decorative Linens	Smart Misses' Wear
Muslins, White Goods	Sheets	Women's Coats, Suits	Men's Furnishings

JANUARY SALE ENDING BUY NOW—EACH DAY'S DELAY MEANS A GREATER CROWD TO CONTEND WITH

January Sale Values

Silk and Muslin Underwear

Our assortments are still complete; so you choose with the same pleasure as earlier in the sale. At these prices the savings are very great.

Crepe de Chine and Satin Camisoles—Several models with fancy laces and silk embroidery—our reg. $1.18.....Sale .88

Satin Camisoles—Fancy yokes of Val. lace, medallions and ribbon—our reg. $1.94.....Sale 1.46

Camisoles—Beautiful models—elaborate or dainty trim of fine laces, rosebuds and ribbon—our reg. $2.68.....Sale 2.24

Women's Satin Bloomers—Two rows of H. S. and elastic at knee and waist—our reg. $2.94.....Sale 2.48

Pink Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemises—Yoke made of inserts of Val. lace with medallions and wide satin, and loops with dainty buds—usually $5.68.....Sale 3.94

Daintiest Pink Satin Petticoats—Ruffles with hemstitching—our reg. $5.68.....Sale 4.90

Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemises—Deep yokes of filet pattern, lace front and back—lace or satin shoulder straps—value $2.68.....Sale 1.94

Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemises—Empire style—shirred or tailored yokes, with rows of bowknots or hemstitching—large satin bow or wide lace and satin ribbon—value $3.68.....Sale 2.74

Pink Crepe de Chine Night Dresses—Empire style—rows of shirring ribbon rosettes and rosebuds—usually $5.68...Sale 3.94

Pink Satin Petticoats—Knee flounce, entirely of perpendicular rows of fancy lace and satin bands—wide lace edge—our reg. $7.48.....Sale 5.88

See today's American for January Sale Values in Muslin Underwear.

Important Special Purchase

Fine Upholstery and Drapery Fabrics

A recent purchase of surplus stock from a leading manufacturer enables us to sell these goods at about manufacturer's present asking price. The assortment comprises best quality tapestries, silk damasks, armures, silk and ramie velours, figured, striped and plain, also mohair plushes. This is a rare opportunity in decorative fabrics for decorators, upholsterers, hotels, studios, private homes and wherever there is need of artistic upholsteries and draperies.

Tapestries
silk ground—Chinese and other Oriental designs—value $10.00.....5.97

Tapestries
—silk and cotton—value $7.00.....4.97

Tapestries
—dozens of verdure designs—value $6.00.....3.94
value $5.00.....2.94
value $4.00.....1.94

Silk Velours
stripes and figures—value $5.50 to $7.50.....3.95

Fine Silk Damasks
Most artistic combinations in mulberry, rose, French gray and black or brown—also combinations—value $5.00 and $6.00.....3.94

Period Striped Damasks
value $5.00.....2.94

Reversible Striped Poplins
value $3.00.....1.67

Figured Mohair Plushes
value $3.50.....1.94

Plain Velour
all colors—value $3.25.....2.47

January Sale Values in

BABIES' WOOLENS

Our January Sale supplies Babies' needs at prices which win grateful appreciation.

Babies' Ribbed Shirts—medium weight—sizes to 3 years—our reg. .85......64

Infants' Shirts—all wool and silk and wool—sizes to 6 months—our reg. $1.35 and $1.45...1.14

Rubens Shirts—all wool—sizes 1 to 3 years—our reg. $1.45 and $1.65....97

Babies' Short Flannel Skirts—with cambric waists—sizes 1 to 3 years—our reg. .95.....77

Wool Flannel Bands—our "Little Wonder" leader—three in sanitary bag—our reg. $1.00.....85

Infants' Flannelette Wrappers and Nightgowns—with draw string—our reg. .85.....each .72

Babies' Wool Flannel Gertrudes—plain hem and scalloped edge—well made—our reg. $1.50.....1.24

Wool Flannel Barrow Coats—cambric bands—our reg. .95.....72

Flannelette Gertrudes—scalloped edge—our reg. .95.....77

Hand Crocheted Bootees—our reg. .75.....46

Hand Crocheted Afghans—white with dainty pink or blue combination—many designs—our reg. $5.95.....3.74

White Daisy Cloth Wrappers—dainty pink and blue silk edge—well made—our reg. $1.50.....1.14

Nursery Pads—crib and basinette sizes—
17x24 in.—our reg. .65....54
18x34 in.—our reg. .83....62
34x52 in.—our reg. $2.13..1.47

Bird's-Eye Diapers—hemmed, ready for use—
Single—dozen—
20x20.....1.44
22x22.....1.77
24x24.....2.14
27x27.....2.74
30x30.....2.94
Double—dozen—
24x48.....3.74
27x54.....4.54

See To-day's World for January Sale Values in Babies' Dresses, etc.

Muslins—Sheets Pillow Cases

January Sale Nearing end
BUY NOW!

No Mail or Telephone Orders for the Following:

MUSLINS, Fruit of Loom, Lonsdale or Hill—36 inch—our reg. .34......26
No Mail or Phone Orders. Limit 20 Yards. None C. O. D. None Sent.

Remnants of Fruit of Loom Muslin—10 to 20 yd. lengths.....yd. .23
Limit 20 yards to a customer. No Mail or Phone Orders. None C. O. D. None Sent.

Special Lot of Sheetings

81-inch—Value .73.....Sale .49
90-inch—Value .79.....Sale .54

Standard Quality

Bleached

42 in. wide—Value .44.....34
45 in. wide—Value .47.....36
50 in. wide—Value .52.....41
54 in. wide—Value .57.....47
63 in. wide—Value .64.....54
72 in. wide—Value .69.....58
81 in. wide—Value .76.....64
90 in. wide—Value .82.....69

Unbleached

45 in. wide—Value .44.....34
54 in. wide—Value .52.....41
63 in. wide—Value .57.....47
72 in. wide—Value .64.....54
81 in. wide—Value .69.....58
90 in. wide—Value .76.....64

Dwight Anchor and Utica

Pillow Cases

42x36—reg. .52.....Sale .39
45x36—reg. .54.....Sale .44
50x36—reg. .61.....Sale .49
54x36—reg. .68.....Sale .54

Sheets

54x90—reg. $1.67.....Sale 1.27
63x90—reg. $1.87.....Sale 1.43
72x90—reg. $2.08.....Sale 1.57
81x90—reg. $2.28.....Sale 1.67
90x90—reg. $2.44.....Sale 1.87

Sizes Before Hemming. No Mail or Phone Orders on Above.

Will Wash Heavier & No Brand

Pillow Cases

42x36—value .43.....Sale .35
45x36—value .46.....Sale .37
50x36—value .51.....Sale .42
54x36—value .56.....Sale .46

Sheets

54x90—value $1.39.....Sale 1.14
63x90—value $1.41.....Sale 1.27
63x108—value $1.73.....Sale 1.44
72x90—value $1.73.....Sale 1.44
72x108—value $1.97.....Sale 1.67
81x90—value $1.91.....Sale 1.58
81x99—value $1.97.....Sale 1.67
81x108—value $2.09.....Sale 1.74
90x90—value $2.04.....Sale 1.67
90x99—value $2.09.....Sale 1.74
90x108—value $2.19.....Sale 1.83

Sizes Before Hemming. No Mail or Phone Orders on Above.

Mohawk, Wamsutta and New Bedford Sheets and Pillow Cases at January Prices Also. Sheets to 108 Inch. Pillow Cases to 40½ Inch. Hemstitched Sheets 10 Cents Extra. Hemstitched Pillow Cases 5 Cents Extra.

Dressmakers' Spring Sale

The gist of Our Dressmakers' Sale is prices and qualities. Therefore we give you this condensed list, which tells its own story of values

SILKS AND SATINS

Yard-Wide Silk Foulard—our reg. $1.95.....1.41

35-in. Black Dress Satins—our reg. $2.25.....1.44

40-in. Charmeuse—our reg. $2.25.....1.64

35-in. Black Satin—our reg. $1.75.....1.27

35 and 39 in. Colored Satins—our reg. $2.45.....1.77

35-in. Chiffon Finish Taffetas—our reg. $2.25.....1.38

40-in. Crepe de Chine—our reg. $1.47.....1.23

WOOL DRESS GOODS

54-in. All-Wool Imperial Serges—our reg. $2.97.....1.95

40-in. All-Wool Plaids—our reg. $2.88.....2.32

46-in. All-Wool Tricotine—our reg. $3.48.....2.94

50 and 54 in. All-Wool Broadcloths—our reg. $3.78.....2.74

All-Wool Challies—our reg. .97.....76

42-in. All-Wool Poplins—our reg. $2.18.....1.74

40-in. All-Wool Cream French Serges—our reg. $1.97....1.62

48-in. All-Wool Cream Gabardines—our reg. $2.68.....2.24

54-in. All-Wool Men's Wear Serges—our reg. $4.48....3.84

48-in. All-Wool Black Epingles—our reg. $2.38.....1.87

54-in. All-Wool Velours—our reg. $3.97.....3.37

TRIMMINGS

4-in. Plain Black Silk Fringe—our reg. .84.....yd. .68

5-in. Black Silk Tassels—our reg. .28.....20

Rosebud Trimmings—our reg. .30.....24

Soutache Braid—12-yd. pc.—our reg. .24.....18

Pearl and Novelty Buttons—our reg. .09 to .24 quality, cd. 7

SHEARS AND SCISSORS

Fine Steel Shears—our reg. .94.....70

Fine Steel Scissors—our reg. .97.....65

Embroidery and Buttonhole Scissors—our reg. .68.....48

Shears and Scissors—our reg. $1.47.....97

Steel Scissors—(3½ to 6 in.)—our reg. .54.....38

DRESSMAKERS' NOTIONS

Clark's O. N. T. Cotton—Dozen best numbers.....Special .48

Black and white—Limit two doz. No Mail or Telephone Orders.

Not necessary to buy other notions to get this bargain. Also:—

	Our reg.	Sale.
Basting Cotton—doz..	.78	.57
Sewing Silk—black—300-yd. spools—each.	.34	.26
Black and White—100-yd. spools—doz.	$1.20	.96
Sewing Silk—black and colors—50-yd. spools—doz.	.60	.47
Hooks and Eyes—gross	.25	.18
Snap Fasteners—gross	.50	.35
Seam Binding—piece..	.23	.16
Dress Shields—light weight	.14 & .16	.11
Inside Dress Belting—10 yd. pieces	$1.25	.96
Machine Sewing Needles—reg. 6 ct. paper 3 papers		.14
White Roll Tape—24 yds.	.34	.26
Dressmakers' Pins	.23	.18

ALSO IN-NOTIONS DEPT.—

DRESS FORMS

	Our reg.	Sale.
Jersey Covered Bust Forms	$1.37	1.14
Acme Adjustable Dress Forms—4 section	$6.97	5.77
Special 12-Section Dress Forms—Hall-Borchert make—telescopic	$9.97	8.24

No dress forms exchanged. Please give correct size when ordering.

RIBBONS

Plain or Satin Stripe Moire Ribbons—our reg. .38.....35

Moire, Satin, and Satin Stripe Ribbons—our reg. .34.....31

New Dresden Ribbons—our reg. .32.....27

Plain Moire and Satin Striped Ribbons—our reg. .34.....31

Satin Back Velvet Ribbons (Col'd)
1 inch wide—our reg. .25.. .21
1¼ inches wide—our reg. .35 .26
1½ inches wide—our reg. .45 .34
2 inches wide—our reg. .55. .43
2¼ inches wide—our reg. .65 .48
3 inches wide—our reg. .88. .67

All Silk Black Velvet Ribbons
3¼ inches wide—our reg. .55 .44
4½ inches wide—our reg. .58 .48

Black Satin Ribbons.
7 inches wide—our reg. .95.. .71
7½ in. wide—our reg. $1.25. .94

7-inch Warp Prints—our reg. .95.....71

LININGS

Yard-Wide Satins—our reg. $1.37.....1.07

Mercerized Sateen—our reg. .60.....45

Fancy Sateen—our reg. .75.....55

36-inch Percaline—our reg. .88.....30

GEORGETTE CREPE

Georgette Crepe—our reg. $1.95.....1.45

72-in. Silk Dress Tulle—our reg. $1.44.....1.17

WHITE COTTON GOODS

36-in. Novelty Skirtings—our reg. .78.....62

36-in. Gabardine—our reg. .50.....35

Mercerized Poplin—our reg. .48.....41

45-in. French Organdy—our reg. .97.....84

45-in. Lingerie Batiste—our reg. .58.....48

36-in. Figured Voiles—our reg. .78.....67

Dress Voiles and Swisses—our reg. .40.....30

LACES & EMBROIDERIES

Cotton Laces—our reg. 12½.....9

Point d'Esprit Nets.....65

Imitation Cluny Laces—our reg. .20.....14

Fancy Cotton Laces—our reg. 9, yd.....5

Black Silk Dress Nets—our reg. $1.44.....1.07

Flounce and Camisole Embroideries—our reg. .27.....21

Embroidery Edges, Inserts, and Beadings—our reg. .12½..9

Embroidery Edgings—our reg. 7.....4

WHITE LINENS

White Linens—
45-inch—our reg. $1.44....1.14
90-inch—our reg. $3.97....3.34

SPRING COTTONS

Anderson's Imported Ginghams—our reg. .75.....63

Silk Mixed Pongee—our reg. .57.....46

44-inch Voiles—our reg. .50.....38

Mercerized Foulards—our reg. .47.....38

Silk Mixed Chiffonette—our reg. .30.....23

Bordered Novelty Voiles—our reg. .95.....74

Fancy Dress Voiles—our reg. .42.....35

FLANNELS

Plaid Mackinaw Cloth—72-inch—our reg. $3.27.....2.45

Cotton Robe Cloth—(72-in.)—our reg. $1.57....1.34

Wool Eiderdown—our reg. $1.17.....85

Silk Embroidered Flannel—our reg. $1.77.....1.44

Scotch Flannels—our reg. .42.....34

Silk and Wool Shirtings—our reg. .87.....72

Blankets

January Sale Nearing End
BUY NOW!

Wool Mixed Plaid Blankets

These blankets are ½ wool and ½ cotton—warm, soft, woolly—light of weight—flexible in weave, ideal Winter blankets—plaid design, or white with pink or blue borders—the plaids are a little indistinct, therefore this price—
Regular value $10.94.....8.44

White, Tan or Gray Blankets

Cotton Fleeced—

50x72 inch—our reg. $2.27.....1.74
60x76 inch—our reg. $2.95.....2.27
64x76 and 64x80 inch—our reg. $3.45.....2.44
66x80 inch—our reg. $3.74.....2.74
70x80 inch—our reg. $3.97.....3.17
66x80 inch—our reg. $4.47.....3.44

Outdoor Blankets—steel gray, with bar border—full size single—our reg. $7.94 and $8.47.....6.95

Wool Mixed Blankets—white or gray, with contrast borders—our reg. $12.94.....10.24

Bath Robe Blankets—made of imported cotton—eiderdown finish—full size—new designs in interesting variety—our reg. $4.95.....4.17

Wool Mixed Blankets—white, with contrast borders—full size—our reg. $8.97.....6.44

Comfortable Blankets—eiderdown finish—made of imported cotton—solid colors, two tones, centre designs or contrast borders—3-in. silk binding—our reg. $8.97.....7.24

Crib Blankets—Jacquard designs—in pink or blue combinations—our reg. .67.....57

Crib Blankets—made of imported cotton, eiderdown finish—attractive Jacquard patterns—pink or blue—stitched—our reg. $1.84.....1.45

Crib Blankets—made of imported cotton, eiderdown finish—pink or blue Jacquard patterns—silk bound—solid color pink, blue or white with border—our reg. $2.67.....2.27

January Sale Reductions on HEAVY DOMET FLANNELS

Bleached or Unbleached.

.18	.22	.24
Our reg. .24	Our reg. .30	Our reg. .36

Imported Cotton Cloths—Eiderdown finish—variety of designs and colors—27 in. wide—our reg. .63.....52

Boys' Clothing Section

Gives Special Attention to Graduation Needs

"When a fellow needs a friend" is when he buys that blue serge suit for graduation. We know just how he feels about it, and how he wants it to look, and we know the prices that mother and father want to pay, and if you doubt our knowledge and provision for all these things, come in and look, and we'll prove to you that prices, assortments and styles will delight you.

Boys' Navy Blue Serge Suits

Sizes 9 to 18 Years

10.50	12.50	14.50
Our reg. $11.94	Our reg. $14.50	Our reg. $16.50

Others Our reg. $9.74.....8.50
Our reg. 13.50.....11.50

Extra Sizes for Stout Boys.
11.94 to 16.50

WARNS AGAINST ANY CUT IN WAGES HERE

Secretary of Labor Wilson Fears Social Upheaval if Scale Is Lowered.

THE DANGER OF UNREST

Senator Lewis Asks Support of President's Ideals at Lawyers' Club Luncheon.

Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson issued an appeal to the business men of America yesterday to get their organizations going and keep them going throughout the readjustment period. At the same time he warned that if there was any broad attempt on the part of the employer to force the wage scale down the labor organization, which have grown stronger with the war, will meet such action with a resistance of sufficient strength to frustrate it.

He also warned that if America experiences any long period of industrial unrest there is no telling where the resulting social upheaval will lead us and as two of the possible eventualities he mentioned the French Revolution and the Bolshevism of Russia.

The Secretary made his plea at a luncheon in the Lawyers' Club, which was tendered by that body in honor both of Mr. Wilson and Senator J. Hamilton Lewis, who had come to New York to speed an American industrial commission on its way to Europe for a survey of industrial conditions there. In the course of his address Secretary Wilson reviewed the activities of the Department of Labor during the war, and said in part:

"The principal reason for our entering the war was for the maintenance of our institutions, so that we might have the opportunity of working out our own destinies without the interference of the mailed fist of the Kaiser. Many of the workers of the country thought that the war was a capitalistic war, and it was our duty to point out that what's over defeats there were, we have the most perfect democracy established on the face of the globe.

The Post-War Swing.

"We now have to turn our attention to the problem of reconstruction. There has been a great deal of hysterical talk about that. It is the same kind of an atmosphere as we experienced when we entered the war. It was said then that we would not be able to organize quickly enough, that we would not be able to train, equip, transport, and maintain an army of sufficient magnitude to meet the military necessity, but it was this same army of boys that the people said we could not train and equip, who, when the Hun broke through the battle line to a point within thirty miles of Paris, stepped in and hurled the German army back toward Berlin.

"The same spirit that dominated the American people during the war must thrill them during the period of reconstruction. We now face the demobilization of our war industries and their work and the readjustment to a post-war basis. If every man would realize that he should get going, and established on the same basis as before the war, this problem would be simplified. Many think this unwise because of present war prices, the costs of materials, and the cost of labor, and that the thing to do is to wait until prices go down. That would be unwise. My vision of the situation is that there will not be more than a four or six months' interval between the signing of the armistice and getting into the post-war swing.

"My reasons for this are that in all lines of industry there has been a depletion of stocks. Shelves are empty and have to be filled to a normal business weight, and the supply of labor is not ample, as some are prone to think.

"There is a shortage of 3,200,000 laborers, and there is not only a possibility of a shortage of labor, but a possibility of an increased demand for labor. If we tide ourselves over the readjustment period, I feel that there will be eight to ten years of great industrial activity in this country.

"If there is any attempt to force down wages unduly, it will be met with a resistance of sufficient strength and duration to frustrate it, and in this connection I want to say that if we have any great period of industrial unrest, there is no one who can tell where the resultant social upheaval will leave us. We may have a revolution such as the French Revolution, or we may have the Russian Bolshevism.

"That is hard to tell, but if the principle of accepting the will of the majority is not taken, the condition that brought about our war with Germany will continue to exist—that condition is autocracy. Democracies are slow to remedy evils within them. It was the idea of the German Emperor that power was supreme. My appeal to you is, get your business going and keep it going."

Senator Lewis asked the lawyer to get squarely behind the President and uphold his fourteen points at the Peace Conference. He said those points were not the work of the President alone. He reviewed the correspondence between President Wilson and Germany that led up to the proposal of the fourteen points, and deplored the recent questioning of more than one of them. He said that if one of the points was abandoned all might as well be done away with.

Senator Lewis's Speech.

"Germany," Senator Lewis said, "would have the right to refuse to abide by the terms of the armistice, the Allies would be justified in withdrawing from the peace table, and all small nations or aspiring peoples fighting with the United States on the basis of the President's proposals would be excused before the world in turning from America.

"The peace was made by Germany and her people on terms of fourteen points proposed by the United States, including the proposal of a league of nations for future peace. These were adopted by the Allies as their only terms of peace and all accepted as the basis by Italy, the Balkans, and Turkey.

"It is impossible for the United States to withdraw one of her terms or postpone one or omit to press one—without giving Germany the right then and there to refuse to abide by the terms of the armistice in any particular. She could refuse to deliver her cannon and arms as agreed. The people of Germany would be justified in charging us with fraud on them and turn against us and support any force against our soldiers. The Allies would be justified in accusing us of trickery and withdraw from the table.

"Every little nation or aspiring people fighting with us on the basis of our proposals made on Jan. 8, 1918, would be excused before the world in turning from us and assailing us for perfidy to them. Then resenting it by allying themselves with any foes of the United States—this on the ground that our contracts and agreements were delusions and a fraud and our treaties of peace but 'scraps of paper.' We would be the perfidious traitors to solemn compacts and the one nation whose word would sink as low as was that of Prussia when her deceptions and lies brought her to destruction in the indignation of civilization.

"The very last and first of the covenants we made to Germany as basis of peace, was that all nations qualified as civilized should league to prevent war in all future. This was the one principle on which the German people took our terms of peace and withheld further arms and armies to Germany. It was on this basis as the guaranty of future peace in Europe that Britain and France accepted the terms of the United States.

"On this one rock we built our house. To this house come all the nations. Can we now violate the honor of our household and prove ourselves in word of nation another Imperial Prussia? It is now a question of American honor. It cannot be violated to accommodate political party issues or to gratify racial or national hatreds. Justice demands that we hold fast to every covenant and upon our plighted faith for which our sons died that the word of nations should ever be holy—for this we pledge the vow of sacred Peter:

"'On this rock we build our house—and the gates of Hell shall not prevail against it.'"

Captain A. B. Carpenter, R. N., who was the last speaker, was the leader of the British Navy in its successful attack on the mole at the harbor of Zeebrugge. He said that any suggestion that the German should be dealt with in kindness should be choked in its beginning, as Germans were brutes and not worthy of kindness. He said there was no truth in the reports that there is anything but cordial friendship between Great Britain and this country, and that together both countries would provide the best means of preserving the peace of the world.

SEES BIG LABOR PROBLEM.

Unemployment Increasing in State, According to Dr. Kirchwey.

The Governor's Reconstruction Commission, which organized on Friday night, held its first business session yesterday morning in the City Hall. It was addressed by Walter Lindner of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, a member of the Advisory Council of Real Estate Men. The members were then entertained at luncheon at the Bankers' Club, 120 Broadway, where Dr. George W. Kirchwey, New York State Director of the United States Employment Service, spoke.

He said that labor conditions were steadily growing worse in this State, and through the discussion which followed it was revealed that in Buffalo Albany, Troy, and Cohoes the situation would soon become extremely acute if something were not done immediately to induce the employers to refrain from discharging or locking out their employes.

After Chairman Abram I. Elkus had designated the Chairmen of the committees, announced on Friday to act with five members at large as an Executive Committee, and Alfred E. Marling, President of the New York Chamber of Commerce, had been made Chairman of the Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment in place of George Foster Peabody, who had asked to be relieved, the commission decided that the next meeting of the whole body should be held in Buffalo on Feb. 8.

The Real Estate Burden.

In line with what Governor Smith had said at the organization meeting on Friday night, Mr. Lindner pointed out the fact that all officials realized the burden on real property could not be increased, as at present it was bearing all it could stand, and any further tax would have to be passed on to the rent fund of the occupant.

The Advisory Council of Real Estate Men, he said, favored an exact limit of the impost on real estate with a classified income tax as the source from which to obtain the money that is needed and must be raised.

"The scheme of the council," he continued, "is being prepared for introduction as a bill in the Assembly. It proposes a classified rather than a graduated tax, for personal earnings should bear the smallest percentage. As far as possible I should tax the earnings of corresidents on business transacted in this State. All administration should be by the State authorities and not by local or municipal bodies."

After luncheon at the Bankers' Club Dr. Kirchwey opened his talk with a request for all possible assistance from the commission and an offer of every kind of help he could give. "The situation is serious," he said, "for the amount of unemployment is steadily increasing. For instance, three weeks ago Buffalo reported 8,000 out of work, while yesterday the number had risen to 25,000. While the proportion is not the same throughout the State, it is true that it indicates what is taking place in other industrial communities.

"It has been said that there is no real unemployment problem—that there are as many jobs as men. The Emergency Fleet Corporation, which has a force of 400,000 men, will need 100,000 more during the coming year. The Pennsylvania Railroad, for instance, needs a great many men, and the Government construction work at Hampton Roads will require many more, but at best these instances are but very small drops in the large bucket of unemployment. Much of this unemployment is voluntary, as the men are not eager to come back to their old jobs, or even to jobs closely resembling the old ones, and the war workers who have been thrown out of employment by the closing down of munition plants are not anxious to go back to the old wages. So there are many men walking the streets looking for better jobs.

"I have a keen sympathy for such men. The soldier boys who went away have not returned. Instead, we have men who discovered in themselves qualities which they did not imagine they possessed, which perhaps most of us possess, but of which the ordinary conditions of life do not make us conscious. They have learned self-sacrifice and heroism and obedience. So they do not want to be offered the old desolating job. They desire one which will give them the opportunity to put to the test those qualities. They will not wait long enough to bring them to the point of starvation, but the condition is serious because of the dissatisfaction and unrest it involves.

Soldier Not a Docile Creature.

"The means which the Government has just taken to meet the situation, that of allowing the soldier to remain in the army until he finds a job, is likely to become to him a Greek gift, for I have yet to meet the soldier who could wait until the Government demobilized him. He is not a docile creature, and he wants what he deserves. More than that, he has before him the dangerously contagious example of some European communities that have a direct way of going about getting what they want.

"We are in no danger of what it has become the fashion to call Bolshevism, but I do say that if we should get to the point where there was as much unemployment as there was on the two previous occasions when this country was confronted with similar conditions, there will be ten times as much disorder. The nation is confronted with an emergency, an emergency which threatens with suffering and hardship those people who have sacrificed themselves for it, and those people are entitled to aid in recuperation from the war just as much as they were entitled to the leadership of the Government in carrying on the war."

At the close of Dr. Kirchwey's address, Mrs. Sarah A. Conboy emphasized the points he had made by telling the commission that within a few days in Cohoes alone, 30,000 textile workers would be thrown out of employment because the employers absolutely refused to concede the forty-eight-hour week, whereas the forty-four-hour week had already been granted to the clothing workers in New York City.

Edward P. Doyle, Chairman of the Budget Committee of the New York Real Estate Board, presented to the commission a memorial, which said in part:

"The Real Estate Board of New York is not concerned in the matter of new sources of revenue. The board had made suggestions and is prepared to consider favorably any other suggestion that is just and equitable, but it insists that before any additional tax is approved by the Legislature a law be enacted limiting the tax on real estate in the City of New York to 2 per cent., or 33 1-3 per cent. of the net income from real estate. To impose additional burdens on any form of wealth without reducing the burden on real estate would be absolutely wrong and unjust.

"The State and City Governments should be reminded of their ante-election pledges of economy, and if given new sources of revenue it should be only after real estate has been relieved. The war is over. We are rapidly returning to normal conditions, such as obtained in 1915, when the city budget, less the amount appropriated for tax defiencies, was only $192,000,000. With a 2 per cent. tax rate real estate will contribute in 1920 $170,000,000, certainly all that it should in reason be asked to contribute.

"The evil effect of overtaxation can be seen in the assessed valuation of the Borough of Manhattan. In 1914 $5,149,250,760; in 1918, $5,094,001,238, and this in spite of the great number of new and highly valuable buildings erected since 1914. The tax rate on real property must be limited to a rate not exceeding 2 per cent."

SECRETARY DANIELS HERE.

Will Deliver Address at Italy-America Victory Celebration Today.

Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, arrived in New York from Washington at 9 o'clock last night, accompanied by Mrs. Daniels. From the Pennsylvania Station they went directly to the Ritz-Carlton. Secretary Daniels made the trip from the capital to attend the victory meeting to be held this afternoon at the Metropolitan Opera House under the auspices of the Italy-America Society. He will deliver the principal address.

At the hotel last night Secretary Daniels said he had been very so busy in the department that he had found it impossible to devote more than passing attention to other matters. So pressing are the demands upon him, he said, that he will return to Washington soon after the delivery of his address this afternoon.

WOULD END ESTIMATE BOARD

County Clerk Schneider Suggests 9 Elected Members in Its Place.

The Cleveland Democracy included in its list of guests for its regular annual dinner at the Savoy last night as many women as men, and the women paid as much attention to the political speeches as their escorts. Charles F. Murphy sat on the dais and listened, with signs of interest, when County Clerk William F. Schneider, leader of the Cleveland organization, suggested that the present Board of Estimate was outworn. After praising the Administration of President Wilson and pledging loyalty to him, Mr. Schneider said:

"Can the gentlemen in Albany who voted in favor of the ratification of the prohibition amendment say that a majority of the people of the State, or a majority of each legislator's constituents, really wanted him to favor ratification? It is a momentous question—one striking at the very foundations of that most precious possession of a free people personal liberty."

Mr. Schneider said that the Cleveland Democracy had always stood for the rule of the majority, and that while he was convinced that the service rendered by the city's traction companies could not be worse under any ownership, yet the people themselves should determine whether the railroads should become a public charge or whether the companies themselves should be compelled by vigorous laws to furnish the service demanded by the public health and comfort.

Mr. Schneider stated that in his opinion the necessary clerk in the city's service was the poorest paid employe in the world, that these employes were resigning at a rate which threatened the city's welfare, and that few persons can now be found willing to enter civil service examinations. Concerning the need of a change in the management of the city's financial affairs, he said:

"I believe the Board of Estimate has outlived its usefulness. There seems to be a decided lack of confidence on the part of the public in its work, and a proneness to complain of the conduct of officials on the ground of failure to meet the public needs. There has been but little change in the methods of the board since the Greater city was created and I am sure that a board of nine members elected at large would give better service at a cost very little, if any, in excess of the cost of the present board."

Nebraska Suffrage Law in Effect.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 25.—The State law, giving woman partial voting rights, operation of which had been suspended for nearly a year by efforts of anti-suffragists to have the suffrage act submitted to a referendum, went back into effect today. The law became effective when a decree was issued in District Court, making permanent a temporary injunction, enjoining submission of the suffrage act to a referendum vote. Anti-suffragists will appeal the case, it was announced.

DIX SOLDIERS FORM FORUM.

Gives Opportunity to Enlisted Men to Voice Their Views Publicly.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP DIX, N. J., Jan. 25.—A Soldiers' Forum, the first in any American army camp, was opened this week at Camp Dix and will be the first organization through which the enlisted men will have an opportunity to express themselves freely on subjects that interest the man in the ranks. Enlisted men compose the committee which will select subjects and speakers, and State Senator Harold B. Wells will be the first speaker to appear before the forum at its formal opening on Wednesday night.

"Going Back to Civilian Life—How?" will be Senator Wells's subject, and following his address the matter will be open for discussion. Each soldier will be limited to three minutes.

Current topics of interest to the soldier will be taken up at the regular sessions of the forum, which will be held every Wednesday evening at the Mole Tequot Soldiers' Club of the War Camp Community Service. Director William Jackson of the War Camp Community Service here was largely instrumental in organizing the forum, although soldiers needed no encouragement when the matter was presented to them.

RECREATION AT HOSPITALS.

Red Cross and Surgeon General of Army Will Co-operate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Plans for co-operation between the American Red Cross and the Surgeon General of the Army in providing recreational activities in forty reconstruction hospitals were announced here tonight. Dr. Elbert K. Fretwell, of Columbia University, in charge of the undertaking, has started on a tour of hospitals on the Atlantic seaboard where wounded soldiers are being nursed back to health.

Facilities of the Young Men's Christian Association, American Library Association, and similar organizations will be utilized in providing indoor games, athletics, books, gardening materials, and everything calculated to improve the mental and physical condition of the men under treatment.

Barely 50 Alien Women Interned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Less than fifty enemy alien women were interned during the war, it was disclosed today by the Department of Justice. Most of the women are being transferred to special barracks at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., and instructions have been issued to treat them with particular courtesy. Heretofore they have been confined in institutions about the country. None has been in jail.

Chicago Detroit — Lane Bryant — San Francisco Washington

Spring Apparel
Specially designed for
Stout Women

EMBODYING the very newest style ideas and providing for Stout Women the same smart styles that most shops offer only for the slender.

Practically Without Alteration

Because of our scientifically proportioned sizes, we can fit every type of figure practically without alteration.

Sizes 39 to 56 Bust

New Spring Suits

Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Serge, Hairlines and Gray or Tan Coverts. Showing new vests, braid trimmings, long or short coats and new sport styles. All beautifully silk-lined. Also Shantungs and other silk suits for Southern wear.

39.00 to 110.00

New Spring Dresses

Beautiful new styles in Cloth Dresses for Street wear. Elaborate styles of the popular new Printed Chiffons. Beaded Georgette and Satin Dresses. Newest styles and most wanted colors.

34.75 to 125.00

Between 5th & 6th Aves. — Lane Bryant — 21 West 38th St.

KEWPIE KANDIES For Children

For parties and all occasions where pure candy in attractive packages are featured

KEWPIE KANDIES will make your party a success, and you will delight every child by giving them one of the attractive boxes of the purest candy made. Each candy is made in the shape of a Kewpie doll and separately wrapped in wax paper, about 20 in a box. Kewpie Kandies are made from pure barley sugar, true fruit flavors (honey, orange, lemon and raspberry) and approved by Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, director of Good Housekeeping Bureau of Food Sanitation and Health.

Keep a supply in the home. They will keep until used. Take home a carton (12 boxes), $1.75 or 15 cents a box, at drug and department stores, Liggett's, Riker-Hegeman Drug Stores and all first-class dealers.

Give the children only the purest candy that can be made. You are protected by the name KEWPIE KANDIES. Any first-class dealer can supply you.

Powell's NEW YORK

Smallest Grand
$575

Only 4 Ft. 8 In. Long

THIS is just the little grand you have longed for — the Opera Grand — the smallest made. It takes practically no more space than an Upright. Come and hear it in our special booth arranged to show how little space is required.

OPERA PLAYER GRAND $950

Payments Arranged.

MATHUSHEK
37 West 37th Street
Telephone Greeley 976-977

To Dealers in the

CLYSMIC

Beverages are a most attractive proposition especially the GINGER ALE and Sarsaparilla we suggest you stock with these beverages now.

CLYSMIC WATER CO., 220 West 42nd St.

Telephone Bryant 5947

ESTABLISHED 1856

W. H. HALL
18 West 38th Street
NEAR FIFTH AVENUE

Annual Clearance Sale of FURS

Entire Stock of
Women's Fur Coats and Coatees
in Hudson Seal, Caracul, Nutria, Muskrat, Raccoon and Leopard Skin

Fur Neckwear and Muffs
in Foxes, Skunk, Mink, Hudson Bay Sable, Kolinsky, Beaver, Hudson Seal

Marked Down Fully 40%
To Effect a Speedy Clearance.

Women's Fur Coats

	Regular Price.	Sale Price.
Hudson Seal Coats, Full Model, Crush Collar	$450	$325
Hudson Seal Coats, Skunk Collar & Cuffs	$395	$275
Hudson Seal Coats, Belted Model	$400	$285
Hudson Seal Coats, Skunk Collar & Cuffs, Fancy Model	$475	$350
Hudson Seal Coats, Skunk Collar & Cuffs	$650	$475
Hudson Seal Coats, Sable Squirrel Trimmed	$450	$325
Hudson Seal Coats, Natural Squirrel Trimmed	$400	$290
Hudson Seal Coats, Beaver Trimmed	$425	$320
Hudson Seal Coats, Shawl, Collar & Cuffs	$365	$265
Natural Baby Pony Fancy Short Model Coat	$200	$100
Nutria Coats, Jaunty Model	$225	$150
Beaver Coats, Handsome Color	$500	$350

Fur Scarfs and Capes

	Regular Price.	Sale Price.		Regular Price.	Sale Price.
Skunk Stoles	$130	$85	Taupe Fox Scarfs	$55	$35
Skunk Capes	$300	$225	Silvered Fox Scarfs	$100	$65
Skunk Collars	$100	$65	Poiret Fox Scarfs	$65	$40
Skunk Scarfs	$75	$50	Kamchatka Fox Scarfs	$125	$65
Beaver Collars	$60	$40	Black Fox Scarfs	$110	$80
Beaver Capes	$175	$125	Hudson Seal Stoles	$110	$75
Nutria Collars	$38	$22	Hudson Seal Capelets	$80	$45
Lynx Scarfs	$100	$60	Genuine Sable Scarfs	$125	$85

Fur Muffs

	Regular Price.	Sale Price.		Regular Price.	Sale Price.
Skunk Muffs	$45	$30	Mink Muffs	$50	$35
Skunk Muffs	$55	$40	Mink Muffs	$75	$45
Skunk Muffs	$75	$50	Hudson Seal Muffs	$30	$18
Natural Raccoon Muffs	$27	$20	Hudson Seal Muffs	$40	$25
Dyed Raccoon Muffs	$27	$20	Fox Muffs	$60	$45
Beaver Muffs	$40	$30	Fox Muffs	$85	$55
Beaver Muffs	$60	$45	Lynx Muffs	$75	$50
Mole Muffs	$55	$32	Hudson Bay Sable	$225	$150
Nutria Muffs	$30	$16			

Parties not prepared to take advantage of this sale can make a selection, and by paying a deposit, goods will be held for future delivery.

W. H. HALL, 18 W. 38th St.
Telephone Greeley 2707. Formerly 6th Ave. and 22d St.

Final Reductions
of Our Entire Stock of
Winter Coats and Dresses

Those who have delayed their purchase of a winter coat or dress will greatly benefit by these extraordinary values. Every garment is of our own make, from our own workroom. They are not prepared sale goods.

119 Coats

This lot of coats includes about ten different becoming styles for every figure and size; for automobile, street and dress wear. A few fur trimmed, others for wear with your own furs. Materials: Velour, Astrakhan, Wool Burella, Cheviot and Mixtures. Values were up to 45.00.

24.95

Other Coats

Velour, Broadcloth, Velveteen and heavy Mixtures. A wide variety to select from. Were selling up to 74.50.

34.75 45.00 54.75

85 Dresses

This lot of dresses also represents an enormous assortment of values styles, sizes and materials. ome tailored Serge, others Satin, Crepe de Chine. There are styles for all occasions, for dress as well as street wear. Values are remarkable. Were selling up to 42.00.

Sizes 39 to 56

24.75

Other Dresses

Tailored and dressy models of Serge, Crepe de Chine, Lace and Satin. Were selling up to 64.75.

34.75 39.75 49.50

Wraps

Handsome wraps suitable for all social occasions. Many fur trimmed models. All are greatly reduced.

59.75 to 195.00

DinnerGowns

Latest models of Embroidered Net, Chiffon and Lace, Satin and Georgette. Were up to 215.00.

69.75 to 175.00

White Sale *for* Stout Women

Underwear, Corsets, Brassieres, Hosiery, Petticoats, Negligees, etc., now in progress on our mezzanine floor at great reductions.

Lane Bryant, 21-23 W. 38th St.

MELLES
450 FIFTH AVENUE Between 39th & 40th Streets Over Mirror Candy Store

CLEARANCE SALE
GOWNS
At Half Price

Georgette Satin
Serge Charmeuse
Taffeta Nets

For Street and Afternoon Dinner and Evening Wear.

$19.75 Gowns Now $10.00
$26.50 Gowns Now $15.00
$29.00 Gowns Now $16.50
$50.00 Gowns Now $25.00
$75.00 Gowns Now $37.50

Queen Quality BOOT SHOP

Largest Exclusively Women's Boot Shop in America

Clearance Sale

Seasonable Models All Greatly Reduced

350 pairs of Boots, with Louis XV heels; various color combinations; also a number of all **Black Suede Boots.** Formerly up to $15.00. Sale Price **$8.50**

Extraordinary offering for immediate clearance of 850 pairs of smart boots with both Military and Louis XV heels in various color combinations. Formerly up to $10.00. Sale Price **$6.75**

No C. O. D.'s. Sizes Incomplete.

QUEEN QUALITY BOOT SHOP
32 and 34 West 34th Street

Hughes IMPORTER — ***Clearance Sale***

Evening and Afternoon Gowns
Smart Coats and Suits

Reduced to **$25** and **$50** *Formerly up to $125*

27 WEST 46TH ST.—Just off Fifth Ave.

ADDITIONAL NEWS OF EVENTS AND HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

OGDEN TAKES LAST SHOOT OF SEASON

New York A. C. Gunner Breaks 98 Out of 100 Targets at Travers Island.

CLUB CUP FOR TAYLOR

Wins Third Leg on Trophy, While Haslin Cup Is Captured by G. S. McCutcheon.

January shooting at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club came to an end in a blaze of glory yesterday. Forty-seven gunners, the largest field of the year, took part in the shoot. The conditions were ideal and as a result, there was an unusually large number of excellent scores made by the Nimrods. Two gunners had the splendid total of 98 out of a possible 100 targets in the shoot for the high scratch prize. W. B. Ogden, a member, won the trophy. A. H. Winkler, the other to have the excellent total, was a visitor and simply shot along for targets only.

Being the final Saturday of the month, both the Haslin and the Club cups came to an end. In each event, legs were scored by the nimrods who had full scores of 25 targets. G. S. McCutcheon was one of the gunners to score on the Haslin Cup. It gave him his third leg on the trophy, one more than any other gunner. Naturally, he took home the prize.

J. C. Taylor turned a similar trick in the shoot for the Club Cup. He won his third leg yesterday, which allowed him to become the permanent owner of the prize. The Accumulation Cup also came to an end. The trophy has been up for the past three months. Although he did not win a leg yesterday, E. D. Anderson won the prize with four legs scored during November, December, and January. Anderson also was the winner of the Travers Island Cup, the take home trophy of the day. The High Handicap Cup went to J. C. Taylor after the usual shoot off.

The scores:

Name	T. I. Hsa. Cup.	Club Cup.	Ac. Cup.	— Scr. & Cup.	Hp. Cups.
W. B. Ogden	3 25	1 25	2 25	1 23	98, 12—100
J. H. Vandervoort	1 24	1 25	0 23	1 23	92, 8—100
J. I. Brandon	1 24	1 23	1 21	0 22	90, 10—100
F. B. Stephenson	1 23	1 24	1 23	0 23	93, 8—100
N. Webb	2 24	1 23	1 22	1 21	85, 12—97
F. E. Eldred	1 24	1 23	0 24	1 25	94, 8—100
C. H. Martin	2 22	2 24	1 22	2 24	82, 12—97
F. Thorman	1 25	1 24	0 24	0 23	94, 8—100
T. H. Lawrence	1 25	1 23	1 23	0 21	92, 8—100
F. W. King	2 25	2 25	2 24	1 25	93, 10—100
C. Kolb	1 25	0 22	0 22	1 24	91, 10—100
G. S. McCutcheon	3 25	3 24	3 25	3 25	90, 17—97
J. D. Bristol	3 23	3 25	3 25	3 25	93, 29—100
H. B. Knight	2 23	2 23	2 25	0 21	91, 12—100
C. W. Fitch	1 22	1 21	1 22	1 21	88, 33—93
H. R. Debacher	2 25	2 25	3 25	0 24	77, 25—100
Nels	3 23	3 25	4 23	3 22	82, 20—100
W. J. Smith	3 25	3 24	3 25	3 23	86, 13—100
F. J. Hann	4 25	2 24	3 24	4 25	88, 13—100
A. C. Atherton	3 22	3 25	3 25	3 25	82, 12—99
R. H. Hubbell	4 25	4 25	4 25	4 25	94, 16—100
E. R. De Wolfe	3 25	3 25	3 25	3 23	85, 22—100
A. Brown	4 24	4 24	3 23	4 23	79, 18—97
W. Bauer	3 25	4 22	4 24	4 23	78, 15—94
F. E. Anderson	3 24	3 24	4 25	3 22	80, 20—100
A. Newington	1 25	1 21	1 24	1 25	68, 30—98
H. Keller	0 22	0 18	0 21	0 22	84, 0—84
A. H. Winkler	0 24	0 25	0 25	0 24	98, 0—98
H. K. Curtis	0 24	0 25	0 24	0 24	97, 0—97
H. M. Tyrrell	0 24	0 23	0 25	0 23	79, 20—98
H. Kellogg	0 23	0 23	0 18	0 22	80, 0—80
O. C. Grinnell	1 21	0 19	0 25	0 23	87, 10—97
J. Lyon	0 24	0 23	0 19	0 23	83, 0—83
H. Fox	0 23	0 21	0 17	0 20	81, 0—81
J. Carlson	0 21	0 21	0 20	0 20	82, 0—82
G. Sibera	0 22	0 23	0 18	0 24	87, 0—87
C. C. Sorhus	3 25	4 24	4 25	4 24	85, 20—100
W. G. Allen	4 22	2 24	3 23	2 20	82, 16—98
W. R. Delehanty	3 25	4 22	5 25	4 23	85, 13—100
W. Grosse	0 22	0 21	0 22	0 18	83, 0—83
W. Lewis	0 18	0 18	0 16	0 16	69, 0—69
P. S. Smith	3 18	7 25	6 24	7 20	61, 30—91
Dr. Culver	0 23	0 24	1 24	1 23	93, 8—100
G. M. Thomson	3 25	3 24	3 25	3 24	80, 12—100
J. C. Taylor	6 25	4 22	4 25	5 25	84, 25—100
H. B. Reese	7 20	7 22	7 14	6 23	52, 35—87
▲ W. Walter	8 24	6 25	6 25	6 25	87, 22—100

WINNERS.

Travers Island Cup—E. D. Anderson.
Haslin Cup—G. S. McCutcheon.
Club Cup—J. C. Taylor.
Accumulation Cup—E. D. Anderson.
High Scratch Prize—W. B. Ogden.
High Handicap Prize—J. C. Taylor.

DELANEY WINS FOR N. Y. U.

Although Ill, Violet's Centre Aids in Defeating Union Five.

Ed Delaney, New York University's centre, got into the basket ball game with Union College last night on the University Heights court just in time to swing the tide of battle in the Violet team's favor. N. Y. U. was victorious by a score of 31 to 24. Delaney, who contracted an illness on the N. Y. U. team's recent New England tour, literally left a sick bed to replace Hauser at centre.

Despite his weakened condition, Delaney led his team-mates in a series of effective passing plays, which astonished the Schenectady five and resulted in a N. Y. U. victory. Delaney's accuracy in shooting was another big factor in reversing the score. He accounted for six field goals in the second half.

The first half ended after N. Y. U. had put up a brilliant battle from the start, with the Union representatives in front by a count of 13 to 8. Delaney's entrance into the game in the second half put a different complexion on the score.

The lineup:

N. Y. U. (31)	Position.	Union. (24.)
Martin	R. F.	Bruckner
Holman	L. F.	Cassidy
Hauser	C.	Hanley
Egan	R. G.	Rinaldi
Brown	L. G.	Yoblts

Field goals—Holman, Delaney, 6; Egan, 3; Bruckner, 3; Cassidy, Rinaldi, Yoblts, 3. Goals from foul—Martin, 11; Yoblts, 8. Substitutions—For New York University—Delaney for Hauser; Steinburg for Holman. For Union—Wilbur for Bruckner; Korngrut for Rinaldi. Referee—Ed Therp, De La Salle Institute. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

NAVY SWIMMERS FIRST.

Easily Defeat Johns Hopkins Natators by Score of 41 to 9.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 25.—The midshipmen made a good start in their swimming season by defeating Johns Hopkins in the local tank this afternoon, 41 to 9. They won the relay and took first and second places in four of the other five events.

Hopkins's only first was that of Reins in the back stroke, and his victory over Bowen Borden of the navy was a narrow one. Gallagher of the navy took a two-yard over Gould, Johns Hopkins, in the relay, and this was just held by the other swimmers.

Walker Defeats Gilday.

Archie Walker, former Irish-American A. C. amateur boxer, furnished a surprise last night in the New York A. C. special tournament when he scored decisively over Walter Gilday of the Union Settlement A. C., in the third round of the final bout, in the 125-pound class. Other victors were: 120-pound class—Mike Arrow, Quick Step A. C.; 135-pound class—B. Friebaum, Clark House A. A.; 140-pound class—H. Epstein, Rutgers Place Gymnasium.

Blumenthal Wins at Thum's.

W. Blumenthal defeated F. Gremmels at Thum's Academy last night in the class A three-cushion billiard tournament of the A. A. B. A. by a score of 35 to 31 in seventy-seven innings. In a second game of the same tournament F. Hecker gained a close decision over A. Ridge by a 35 to 34 count in seventy-four innings.

OTHER NEWS OF SPORTS ON PAGE 4, SECTION 2.

COLUMBIA FIVE LOSES.

Penn Plays Uphill Game and Wins by 31 to 18.

Columbia got off to a poor start in the Intercollegiate Basket Ball League series, when it was defeated by the University of Pennsylvania five by a score of 31 to 18. The game was played in the Columbia Gymnasium on Morningside Heights before one of the largest crowds that has turned out in several years.

Columbia played in whirlwind fashion in the first half, sweeping the Quakers off their feet and leading at the end of the session by a two-point margin, the score standing at 12 to 10. The Pennsylvanians made only one goal for the period and were saved from utter rout by the fine shooting of foul tries by Sweney, who made eight in a row. Columbia, on the other hand, made five goals from the field in this period, to which were added two points made by Farrell from the foul line.

But the Blue and White was unable to hold the pace in the second half, and the Quakers, taking advantage of loose guarding and poor following of the ball on Columbia's part, quickly overcame the home team's lead and forged ahead to win a comparatively easy victory. The Philadelphians broke through Columbia's crumpled defense for eight baskets, four of them going to Danny McNichol, the newest of the Quakers' basket ball stars.

The only untoward incident of an otherwise fast and clean game came in the second half, when Johnson, Columbia's negro centre, and Peck, a Quaker guard, lost their heads and exchanged blows under the Columbia basket. Both men were quickly separated by other players and officials, and the incident was closed when the two were banished for the remainder of the game.

The lineup and summary follow:

Pennsylvania. (31.)	Position.	Columbia. (18.)
Stannard	L. F.	Tyson
Sweney	R. F.	Farrell
Davis	C.	Johnson
McNichol	L. G.	Weinstein
Peck	R. G.	Kleodl

Goals from field—McNichol, (5.) Weinstein, (3.) Stannard, (2.) Tyson, Johnson, Farrell, Sweney. Davis. Goals from foul—Sweney, (13.) Farrell, (4.) Substitutes—Pennsylvania: Zacker for Peck, Ramonat for Stannard, Mouradis for Sweney. Columbia: Kennedy for Farrell, Vollmers for Johnson. Referee—Mr. Nels, Springfield Y. M. C. A. College. Umpire—Mr. Koch, Yonkers Y. M. C. A. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

EASY GAME FOR BARNARD.

Basket Ball Five Defeats Hamilton Team by 33 to 11 Score.

Clever passing and accurate shooting gave the Barnard School basket ball team a victory yesterday over the Hamilton Institute five in a one-sided game on the Barnard court. The score was 33 to 11.

Barnard's quintet took the lead at the start of the contest and maintained a comfortable margin throughout. Belles, Farrell and Robertson scored all of Barnard's points.

VICTORY FOR HORACE MANN.

Defeats Ethical Culture Five by Score of 36 to 19.

The Horace Mann School's basket ball team gained its sixth victory of the season yesterday, when it trounced the Ethical Culture School five in convincing fashion on the Horace Mann court by a score of 36 to 19.

The victorious five led throughout, ending the first half on the long end of a 20-to-11 score.

STUYVESANT WINS SCHOOLBOY TITLE

Courtois Is Star Performer in High School Indoor Championship Meet in Brooklyn.

Athletes of Stuyvesant High School carried off the championship banner last night in the annual high school indoor track and field championships, held under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League at the 23d Regiment Armory in Brooklyn. These youngsters compiled a total of 33 points, nine better than was earned by the representatives of De Witt Clinton High School, who finished second. Boys' High School of Brooklyn was third with 11 tallies.

P. Courtois was the all-important factor in the Stuyvesant victory. Courtois took the 100-yard high hurdle race from a select field of rivals in 15 4-5 seconds; won the running high jump with an effort of 5 feet 8½ inches, and finished third in the twelve-pound shot-put, with a heave of 37 feet 5½ inches. Courtois's performance in the high jumping contest was the most meritorious of the evening. He equaled the record of 5 feet 8½ inches, made in 1909.

A crowd of about 3,000 spectators, including schoolmates, mothers, fathers, and relatives of the competing youngsters, attended the meet. This assemblage witnessed a number of sterling performances, in which close finishes on the track were the rule rather than the exception. One of the most convincing victories of the night came in the half-mile run, in which Kabelitz, of De Witt Clinton High School, after leading from the start, crossed the finish line about fifteen yards ahead of his nearest rival, Allen, of Stuyvesant High School.

The one-mile race was another interesting competition, but a blunder on the part of the judges caused a halt in the chase when the field still had one lap to cover to complete the distance. Because of this mistake no time was taken. Allen of Stuyvesant High School was the leader when the race was prematurely finished, and he was given credit for a victory.

The summaries:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by Gluskin, De Witt Clinton H. S.; J. Horn, Stuyvesant H. S., second; J. Karp, Murrin H. S., third; A. Atlas, Stuyvesant H. S., fourth. Time—0:11 1-5.

100-Yard Dash, Senior.—Won by Hutson, Boys' H. S.; Clark, De Witt Clinton H. S., second; E. Broadus, Jamaica H. S., third; C. Moszczenski, Manual Training H. S., fourth. Time—0:10 4-5.

880-Yard Run.—Won by Kabelitz, De Witt Clinton H. S.; Allen, Stuyvesant H. S., second; Roth, Stuyvesant H. S., third; Robinson, Bryant H. S., fourth. Time—2:09 1-5.

440-Yard Run, Senior.—Won by Margulies, High School of Commerce; I. Schaeffer, Eastern District H. S., second; Murphy, Erasmus Hall H. S., third; H. Appel, Flushing H. S., fourth. Time—0:57 1-5.

440-Yard Relay, 110-Pound Class.—Won by De Witt Clinton H. S., (first team;) High School of Commerce, second; De Witt Clinton H. S., (second team,) third; Stuyvesant H. S., fourth. Time—0:53 3-5.

880-Yard Relay, 120-Pound Class.—Won by De Witt Clinton H. S., (first team;) Boys' H. S., (first team,) second; Morris H. S., third; Stuyvesant H. S., fourth. Time—1:36 1-5.

100-Yard High Hurdles Race.—Won by Courtois, Stuyvesant H. S.; Leikeh, Manual Training H. S., second; Hevern, De Witt Clinton H. S., third; Qualey, High School of Commerce, fourth. Time—0:15 4-5.

220-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by H. Karp, Morris H. S.; C. Summ, Newtown H. S., second; F. Wester, Stuyvesant H. S., third; A. Odes, Stuyvesant H. S., fourth. Time—0:25 4-5.

220-Yard Dash, Senior.—Won by Henderson, De Witt Clinton H. S.; C. Moszczenski, Manual Training H. S., second; B. Weisiger, Manual Training H. S., third; Hutson, Boys' H. S., fourth. Time—0:26 1-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by Allan, Stuyvesant H. S.; Tracy, Flushing H. S., second; Higgins, Theodore Roosevelt H. S., third; Roth, Stuyvesant H. S., fourth. Time not taken.

880-Yard Freshmen Relay Race.—Won by High School of Commerce; Stuyvesant H. S., second; Manual Training H. S., third; Boys' H. S., fourth. Time—1:39 3-5.

Putting 12-Pound Shot.—Won by Berken, Boys' H. S., with 37 feet 11¼ inches; Mayer, Stuyvesant H. S., 37 feet 7¾ inches, second; Courtois, Stuyvesant H. S., with 37 feet 5½ inches, third; Rosengren, De Witt Clinton H. S., 36 feet 4 inches, fourth.

Running High Jump.—Won by Courtois, Stuyvesant H. S., with 5 feet 8½ inches; Clark, De Witt Clinton H. S., 5 feet 6½ inches, second; Brown, Stuyvesant H. S., 5 feet 5 inches, third; Major, Manual Training H. S., 5 feet 3 inches, fourth.

Point Score.—Stuyvesant H. S., 33 points; De Witt Clinton H. S., 24; Boys' H. S., 11; Manual Training H. S., 10; Morris H. S., 7; High School of Commerce, 6.

ARMY FIVE BEATS LEHIGH.

West Point Takes 27 to 17 Victory from Pennsylvania Team.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Lehigh never had a chance with the army basket ball team today, the cadets winning in rather easy fashion by a score of 27 to 17. The visitors were unable to break through the army's strong defense until well along in the second half, after the soldiers had rushed all their substitutes onto the floor.

At half time the West Pointers led 14 to 7. Captain Cranston's keen eye for the basket netted his team 10 points before he was taken out to make way for a substitute in the second half. The line-up:

Army. (27.)	Position.	Lehigh. (17.)
Cranston	L. F.	Gardy
Pfeiffer	R. F.	Tulin
McQuarrie	C.	Stewart
Barrick	L. G.	Straub
Sheehey	R. G.	Franme

Goals from field—Cranston, (6.) Morse, Dowd, Vare, Graft, Sheehan, Gardy, Maurer, Savaria, (2.) Stewart, Franme, Ketchum. Goals from foul—Cranston, (5.) McQuarrie, Franme, (3.) Referee—Tom Thorp. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

RALLY WINS FOR C. C. N. Y.

Team Defeats Poly Five by Score of 22 to 21.

A well-sustained rally in the second half gave the City College basket ball team a victory over the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute five last night in a bitterly contested game on the Brooklyn Institute's court by a score of 22 to 21. The City College quintet was outplayed completely in the opening half and trailed the Brooklyn athletes at the whistle by a count of 19 to 3. A wonderful form reversal in the second half, with Krinsky and McNulty showing the way in the attack, saved the game for C. C. N. Y.

The lineup:

C. C. N. Y. (22.)	Position.	B'klyn Poly. (21.)
Krinsky	R. F.	Specht
Bolo	L. F.	Nelson
Murray	C.	Fraser
Fliegel	R. G.	Blumenthal
Feigen	L. G.	Bachrach

Field goals—Krinsky, (3,) McNulty, (3,) Specht, (5,) Nelson, (Fraser, (2.) Goals from foul—Bolo, 2; Trojan, 7; Nelson, 5. Substitutions—For C. C. N. Y.: Trojan for Bolo, McNulty for Murray, Bigelow for Feigen. For Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute: Ratner for Blumenthal, Schwartzman for Bachrach. Referee—Tom Thorp, Columbia University. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

HORSE SHOWS GIVE FUND OF $160,000

Red Cross and Other Charitable War Organizations Profit from Exhibitions.

The annual meeting of the Association of American Horse Shows will be held at the Biltmore Hotel on Tuesday to arrange the schedule of shows for the coming season and elect officers. It is expected that 116 delegates, representing forty of the leading horse shows of the country, will take part in the conference, which will begin at 12 o'clock.

Following the meeting they will be the guests of John McE. Bowman, proprietor of the Biltmore, who is one of the Directors of the A. A. H. S., as well as the National Horse Show Association, the Westchester County Horse Show Association, and the Monmouth County Horse Show Association.

Reginald C. Vanderbilt, President of the parent association, said yesterday that members of the organization last year contributed about $150,000 to the American Red Cross and other charities. Among these members were the National Horse Show Association, which donated its entire receipts, amounting to $56,000, to the United War Work Campaign Fund; the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club, which gave $16,464.21 to the Red Cross as the proceeds of the Brooklyn Horse Show; the Worcester (Mass.) Horse Show Association, which contributed $11,671 to the same war charity; the New York Spring Horse Show Association, which raised $11,255.95 through its exhibition at Durland's Riding Academy for the benefit of the Red Star.

The Piping Rock Horse Show Association's a one-day exhibition swelled the Red Cross fund by $7,700; the Monmouth County Horse Show Association, whose annual exhibition at Long Branch realized $6,618.74 for the Monmouth County Memorial Hospital; the Philadelphia Indoor Horse Show, which made $6,000 for several public hospitals; the Wynnewood (Penn.) Pony Show from which $5,000.78 was realized for the Polyclinic Hospital of Philadelphia; the Islip Horse Show, with a donation of $3,828.30 to the Suffolk County Chapter of the Red Cross; the Boston Fair Association, with $2,500 for the Red Cross; the South Shore Horse Show, in Chicago, with $2,031.16 for the Naval Relief Society; the Charlestown Horse Show, with $2,475 for the Red Cross; the Newport Horse Show, and the Westchester County Horse Show, with $1,500 each for the Red Cross; the Rochester Horse Show, with $1,412.08 for the Red Star, and the Greenbriar Country Horse Show, with $510 for the Red Cross.

ST. LOUIS DROPS HENDRICKS

Cardinal Manager Withdraws After Cash Settlement with Club.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 25.—Jack Hendricks, manager of the St. Louis Nationals last season, has agreed to terminate his contract as manager at once, it was announced today, after a meeting of Directors of the club. The contract had one more year to run. Branch Rickey, President of the club, has been offered the position of manager.

Hendricks's agreement was for a cash consideration which was not announced. The terms of the offer made to Rickey were not given out. A committee was named to confer with the holders of notes against the club, looking to an extension to avoid sale of the club under a second deed of trust. The extension of the notes, it was said, would protect 634 small stockholders.

CANNOT STOP THE NAVY.

Annapolis Wins Twelfth Straight Victory in Defeating Virginia.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 25.—Defeating Virginia at basket ball here this afternoon, 57 to 16, the Midshipmen displayed top form and took the twelfth straight game they have won this season. The navy lads showed great skill in the system of passing, which Coach Lush has developed, and quite bewildered their opponents.

The score of the first period was 32 to 4, and all of Virginia's points were made on Pettway's throwing from the foul line. The lineup:

Naval Acad. (57.)	Position.	Virginia. (16.)
Farwell	R. F.	Pettway
Lewis	R. F.	Hatcher
Deringer	C.	Lile
Coubie	L. G.	Hawkins
Watters	L. G.	Baker

Field goals: Naval Academy—Deringer, (10,) Lewis, (7,) Coubie, (3,) Farwell, (2,) Thomas, (2,) Lowe, (2,) Byerly, Virginia—Pettway, (2,) Dunn, Hatcher, Scoinick, Paul Polk: Naval Academy—Farwell, (4,) Bolton. Virginia—Pettway, (8.) Referee—Mr. Grove, St. John's. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

LA GROS DEFEATS MOORE.

Schoolboy Wins Hard-Fought Match in Seventh Regiment Tourney.

Teddy La Gros won his way to the semi-final round in the 7th Regiment tennis tournament yesterday, defeating Harold Moore at 6—3, 10—8. Moore won in the second round from Cecil Donaldson by default. Throughout La Gros had a decided advantage in his swift service, which had Moore puzzled.

Moore rallied in the second set and, while he never was able to get into the lead, he put up a stubborn resistance and carried the set to 13 points before he acknowledged defeat. The second round game scheduled between Walter Merrill Hall, winner of the tournament last season, and Arthur S. Cragin went to the latter by default.

In the Class B tournament, Jay Anderson won from A. C. Postley in straight sets, 8—1, 6—3. In this same round, H. Moore, Jr., defeated F. C. Beers, 6—0, 6—1.

SCHAEFER BEATS COCHRAN.

Final Score of Billiard Match at Daly's Is 3,600 to 3,078.

Jake Schaefer defeated Welker Cochran in their 3,000 points 18.2 balk-line billiard match, which ended last night at Daly's Academy. Schaefer took both blocks yesterday, bringing his total score up to 3,600, against a total of 4,076 points for Cochran. For the week's play, Schaefer had a grand average of 38 86-93, while Cochran's grand average was 33 7-93.

The victor displayed rare form in yesterday's two games. In the evening competition particularly did Schaefer outshine his rival, Schaefer ran out the concluding 500 points of the match in four innings while Cochran was gathering 115 points. His performance gave Schaefer an average of 75, and he had a high run of 170.

In the afternoon block Schaefer led his rival throughout and won by a score of 300 to 200 in five innings. This gave Schaefer an average of 60, and he had high runs of 99 and 98.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Schaefer—34	99	16	0	87—300.	Average, 60.
High runs, 99, 98.					
Cochran—8	34	0	98	129—200.	Average, 40 1-3.
High run, 129.					

EVENING GAME.

Schaefer—14	170	25	88—500.	Average, 75.	
High run, 170.					
Cochran—44	82	7	1—113.	Average, 37 2-3.	
High run, 62.					

Total score—Schaefer, 3,600 points; Cochran, 3,078.

Church House Five Wins.

Bronx Church House's basketball team added another victory in the Metropolitan A. A. U. 145-pound championship tournament last night when it defeated the Titan A. C. five of Newark, N. J., by a score of 35 to 15. The contest was decided on the Bronx Church House court.

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Broadway at 32nd Street

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MISS MITCHELL IS GRACE CHURCH BRIDE

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence B. Mitchell Marries James J. Higginson, Banker.

WEDS LIEUT. S. H. PHILBIN

Miss Florence Burton, War Worker, Marries in Paris—Nuptial of Lieut. Com. Brandt and Miss Rhein.

The wedding of James J. Higginson and Miss Virginia Mitchell, the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Blair Mitchell of Bernardsville, N. J., and this city, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Grace Church, which was simply decorated with lilies on the altar and green garlands. The ceremony was performed by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, assisted by the Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, an uncle of the bride.

Miss Mitchell wore a white satin robe with the train caught at one side to the girdle with orange blossoms and at the other to the shoulder. The overbodice of net was embroidered in rhinestones and pansies. She wore a tulle veil and carried white orchids. She was attended by the Misses Carol Mitchell, Muriel Winthrop, Alida Chandler and Theodore Larocque, in blue chiffon over satin and brown crinoline hats. Mr. Higginson had William Seward Webb, Jr., as his best man and the ushers were Harrison Tweed, Skiddy von Stade, Walbridge S. Taft, Bayard Hoppin, Howard Roome, Henry Phipps, and Arthur P. McKinstry, all of this city, and Loring Young, Frank Sargent, and John Woodard, all of Boston. A reception followed at the home of the bride's parents, 21 East Eleventh Street.

Mr. Higginson is a member of the firm of Lee, Higginson & Co., bankers, and was graduated from Harvard in 1907.

Miss Burton a Paris Bride.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Burton of Crawford Farms, Millbrook, N. Y., announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Florence S. Burton, to Lieutenant Stephen Holladay Philbin of the Aviation Corps, U. S. A., and now attached to the Peace Commission, on Thursday in Paris, France. Miss Burton has been abroad doing war work in France for three years.

Lieutenant Philbin is a son of Justice Eugene A. Philbin and Mrs. Philbin of 63 West Fifty-second Street, this city. He was in the Aviation Corps in Italy, and is a brother of Lieutenant Jesse H., Lieutenant Ewing R., and Ensign Gerald G. Philbin. He was graduated from Yale in 1910, where he was a noted football player, and the Harvard Law School in 1913.

Wed to Lieut. Commander Brandt.

Lieut. Commander Edmund Selden Randolph Brandt, U. S. N., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Brandt, and Miss Ruth Van Wyck Rhein, a daughter of Dr. M. L. Rhein and Mrs. Rhein of 38 East Sixty-first Street, were married yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Heavenly Rest by the Rev. James Chalmers of Holy Trinity and the Rev. Mr. Matthews of the church.

The bride, who walked with her father, was in a Moyen Age gown of ivory satin embroidered in pearls and pearls held her tulle veil in place. Mrs. John Strong Abbott was the matron of honor and the other attendants were Miss Dorothy Taylor and Mrs. John W. Rankin. Lieut. Commander Brandt had his brother, Randolph Brandt, Jr., as his best man and his eight ushers, all of whom were Lieutenant Commanders in the U. S. Navy, were Clifford von Hook, John Cunningham, D. Julien Friedell, Ernest Gunther, George Hewlett, E. C. Webb, John Wilkes Rankin, and Lieut. Commander Thornhill. The reception was held at the Gotham. Lieut. Commander Brandt will take his bride to Newport, as he is now at the Torpedo Station.

Capt. Benson Marries Miss Smith.

Captain Reynolds Benson, U. S. A., a son of Edwin J. Benson of this city, and Miss Sara Redway Smith, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo Smith of 14 Fifth Avenue, celebrated their marriage last evening at the bride's home, the Rev. Charles E. Rickert officiating. The bride, in white satin and tulle, was attended by Mrs. Henry Wherry of New York, as matron of honor. Captain Benson returned recently from France, where he received the Croix de Guerre, having been in the aviation service. He is a graduate of Columbia College.

Rear Admiral Gheen's Daughter Weds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Rear Admiral and Mrs. Edward H. Gheen entertained at a brilliant reception this afternoon at Rauscher's following the marriage of their daughter, Miss Mary M. Gheen, and Lieutenant Commander Alva Douglas Bernhard, U. S. N. The wedding took place earlier in the afternoon at the home of the bride's parents on New Hampshire Avenue. The Rev. Dr. Charles Wood of the Church of the Covenant officiated.

Lieutenant Commander Bernhard is attached to the battleship Kansas.

Golden Weddings.

James Terry White and Mrs. White of 70 Fifth Avenue are to celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversary on Tuesday. Mr. White is head of the publishing house of James T. White & Co., and is a member of the Authors' Club and Poetry Society of America. He is the author of several volumes of verse and prose.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Robinson will celebrate their golden wedding also on Tuesday with a reception at the Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, N. Y.

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NEW YORK CITY

COCOANUT GROVE OPENS.

Palm Beach Visitors Flock to First Outdoor Event of Season.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 25.—The opening today of the Cocoanut Grove was the event paramount and every one went at 5 o'clock to the first outdoor event of the season. Mrs. Gustavus A. Walker had twenty-six guests in the largest party, and others entertaining were Mr. and Mrs. Jerome N. Bonaparte, Mrs. William Lawrence Green, Mrs. John C. King, and Mrs. Rodman Wanamaker.

Mrs. Harry Payne Bingham, Mrs. Charles F. Choate, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John E. Liggett, and Mr. John Erwin were also among those who entertained. The palm room and ballroom in the Poinciana were also thrown open this evening, where the Poinciana Sextette again held forth.

The opening of the Country Club today drew a large number of golfers there for their first game. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Ellis Wainwright, John F. Harris, Mrs. M. Sergey Friede, and James Cudahy were among the first on the links.

Mrs. Sanford Bissell of New York and Mrs. Lithgow Devens of Boston have arrived at The Breakers to pass the season. Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Hoffstot and J. G. Hoffstot of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert T. Mack of Chicago are registered at The Breakers; Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Mallinson have come to the Poinciana for the season.

Dining at the Beach Club tonight were Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Ahl, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Harris, Jean de St. Cyr, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Van Riper, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Liggett, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hammil, E. Clarence Jones, and George C. Hanna.

CHARITY BALL ON FEB. 7.

Annual Event of 62 Years is Reminiscent of Old New York.

The annual Charity Ball is always reminiscent of old New York, and the city has been transformed almost completely in sixty-two years, when the first ball was held in the Academy of Music. This season it is to be held on Feb. 7 at the Waldorf-Astoria.

A ticket to the ball, held on March 3, 1857, at the Academy of Music, invites the guests to be on hand at 8 o'clock. Nowadays the big society balls are hardly under way before 11 o'clock. In 1857 society thought it was quite a drive uptown, in their horse-drawn carriages, to the Academy of Music, and the formal quadrille was the most popular dance.

The grand march is a relic of those days, when crinoline made round dancing most difficult. The returning officers and soldiers of the civil war attended in large numbers after peace was declared, and hundreds of the army and naval officers who participated in the world war are to attend the ball next month.

The ball is given for the benefit of the Nursery and Child's Hospital. Mrs. Edward J. Berwin is President of the ball, and Mrs. Algernon Sydney Sullivan, who has led the grand march for many years, Honorary President. Henry Gansevoort Sanford is Chairman of the Floor Committee this year.

MARJORIE MORELAND WEDS.

Actress Who Was Nat Goodwin's Fifth Wife Marries Lieut. Gilson.

It was learned yesterday that Lieutenant Ray Gilson, U. S. A., and Miss Marjorie Moreland, who divorced Nat Goodwin more than a year ago, were married last Monday at the Municipal Building. They are staying at the Hotel Netherland, and plan to go South shortly.

Mrs. Gilson was Mr. Goodwin's fifth wife. She divorced Charles N. Doughty of Baltimore in 1913, Mr. Doughty suing Mr. Goodwin later for alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

Lieutenant Gilson was wounded at Château-Thierry as an officer in the 37th Division, and returned to New York late in December. He recently received his discharge from the army.

Scotti to be Red Cross Auctioneer.

Antonio Scotti will be auctioneer, Miss Frances Starr postmistress, and Elaine Foster monologist next Wednesday afternoon in the Bird Cage Tea Room of the Red Cross Shop, 587 Fifth Avenue. The auction will be under the direction of Mrs. William T. Carrington and a number of other ladies from the New York County Chapter. Henceforth the auctions will be a weekly feature of the shop, the profits of which go to wounded soldiers. The post office, over which Miss Starr will preside, is a new feature of the shop. Upon payment of "excess postage" patrons will obtain a sealed package which will contain some article of value from the goods donated to the shop.

Dinner for Bridal Pair-to-Be.

A dinner for Miss Lillian Catherine Slickner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Brice of Brooklyn, and Albert Howard Alderton, also of Brooklyn, who are to be married on Wednesday in Trinity Church, Brooklyn, was held last night at the Hotel Biltmore. Mr. Alderton is a member of the New York Athletic and Crescent Clubs.

Stewart-Hyde Troth Broken.

It is announced that the engagement of Miss Eva Stewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Hamilton Stewart of 903 Park Avenue, to Lieutenant H. G. Hyde, son of Charles Livingston Hyde of Plainfield, N. J., has been broken by mutual consent.

Engagements.

The engagement of Miss Clara Jaeger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Jaeger of Montclair, to Gordon Byron Volland, U. S. N., of Chicago, son of P. F. Volland, the publisher, was announced last evening at a dinner given at the Essex County Country Club by Mr. and Mrs. Otto Jaeger, Jr.

Colonel Charles N. Black has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Mary Louise Black, to Lieutenant Aken J. Lowrey, U. S. N. R., Flying Corps, son of Frederic J. Lowrey of Honolulu, Hawaii. The wedding will probably take place this Spring in San Francisco, where Colonel Black and his daughter resided prior to coming to this city, where Colonel Black is associated with J. P. Morgan & Co.

Mr. and Mrs. William Foster Parker of Brunswick, Ga., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alice Donnell Parker, to Frank Willard Woodcock, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Woodcock of Brooklyn. The wedding will take place in the early Spring.

Art Alliance Exhibition Today.

The Art Alliance of America is to hold a private exhibition of hand decorated textiles this afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock at the Art Alliance Galleries, 10 East Forty-seventh Street. Mrs. John Henry Hammond is Chairman of the hostesses, who include well-known society women.

Galli-Curci to Sing for Stony Wold.

For the benefit of the Stony Wold Sanatorium Galli-Curci will give a concert at the Hippodrome on the evening of Feb. 9. Miss Florence Doane of 18 West Thirty-fourth Street is receiving applications for tickets. A meeting was held last Tuesday at Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee's to complete plans for the concert.

30,000 Civil War Veterans Died in Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Thirty thousand civil war veterans, or practically one-tenth of the survivors, died during the last fiscal year, the House Appropriations Committee reported today in presenting a bill, carrying $215,030,000 for paying pensions during the year, beginning next July.

Gives Party on Her 102d Birthday.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 25.—The chief society event in Highland-on-Hudson today was the 102d birthday party of Mrs. Lydia Le Baron, who entertained at a dinner, which she prepared alone.

Mrs. Le Baron owns a one-acre farm, and is America's oldest war gardener. She raises enough fruit and vegetables to provide her own food each year and sell a little besides.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

An All-American Program.

When a masterful piano artist like Josef Hofmann devotes an entire program to living American composers the result is bound to be interesting. And it was interesting yesterday afternoon at Carnegie Hall, where an audience greeted with well-bred enthusiasm several of the numbers. It was a contention of the late Edward A. MacDowell that the native-born composer should take his or her chance among European composers and not be "coddled" on separate programs, thus confirming the phrase and the opinion of Mr. Krehbiel. But Mr. Hofmann thought otherwise, and he played a pleasing though not profound scheme, and if there are any composers still alive today who were present at this concert it is because there is no heart disease in the history of their families. Hofmann made of the veriest trifles sonorous shapes of beauty. His tone-color was ravishing. It would be dangerous to criticise his selection; for, as Henry James has pointed out, it is always a risk to ask an artist why he selects any particular theme for treatment. That should be the poet's secret. This holds good in the Hofmann case. He played what he liked because he liked it. That's the story in a nutshell. He might have given us less salon music and fewer pretty decorations, but it may be added that no matter what he would have offered the result would have been the same—beautiful.

Despite the monotony of the composers' moods, the occasional sameness in tonality, the performance of the Only Josio was in the key of the superlative. He began in with a Prelude and Fugue by Clayton Johns, well constructed, well sounding, and not unlike the E minor Fugue of Mendelssohn; for the organ, the dignified polyphony of Mr. Johns is well adapted. You hear the pedal octaves. But Mendelssohn. Followed this a Schumannesque fantasie, "Restless, Ceaseless," by Rubin Goldmark, a pupil of Antonin Dvorak at Jeannette M. Thurber's National Conservatory. This poetic piece gives little idea of the scope of Mr. Goldmark's great gifts. With the exception of Horatio W. Parker, he was the most distinguished name on the program; a master of the orchestra and larger forms. Edward Royce, the son of the late Professor Josiah Royce of Harvard, was represented by two compositions, an Interlude and "Joyance," which last named showed latter-day influences, the whimsical toying with a mood, the "new" dissonances, the unexpected ending, leaving the hearer in midair. Amusing, clever, if not original. Daniel Gregory Mason, of a family in American musical history, had the honor of having six pieces from his "Country Pictures" wonderfully interpreted. Yet, two would have been enough. "Cloud Pageant" and "Chimney Swallows," or perhaps "Night Wind," with its patches of Debussy coloring.

Reginald De Koven's "Romance" is Chopinesque; possibly the key-signature D flat made us dream o fthe "Rain-Drop" prelude. But Parker's "Valse Gracile" won the first encore of the afternoon, swift, graceful, in the salon manner of Liszt or Moszkowski. "Birds at Dawn," by Fannie Dillon, was also encored. The bird hopped from the Debussy twig twice as the tiny carillon abruptly ceased. Pretty music, if inconsequential. Then, as if to show us that he could do the double notes "stunt" of De Pachmann, the pianist rippled off a study of great technical difficulty by Mrs. H. H. A. Beach called "Fire-Flies." Mrs. Beach has written more serious music, but this caprice is peculiarly effective. It is a pendent to Chopin's G sharp minor étude.

The sonata, opus 20, (manuscript,) by Alexander McFayden, was evidently intended as the pièce de résistance after all the whipped syllabubs and salon sentiment. It thundered loudly in the index and we thought of Schumann's Symphonic Studies, but the vigorous theme soon petered out into futile passage-spinning. The Romance sounded like Rubinstein, a broad cantilena and sweetly melodic. The Scherzo, however, aroused our hopes. Full of meat, rhythmic urge, and well planned, it proved the best of the four movements; the allegro maestoso is the Schumann of either the "Davidsbundler" or the massive march-like finale in D flat of the Symphonic Variations. A sonata is as sweet by any other name, and the various sections of this ambitious work are neither cognate nor affiliated. A suite would be a better ascription. A marked talent has Mr. McFayden, and he writes in the idiom of the keyboard. He has, too, a well-developed admiration for MacDowell.

We had longed for something essentially American in this program, the dynamic spirit which is ours, but it was not there. The most American composition of the afternoon was "The Star Spangled Banner," and its music was penned by an Englishman. Talent, fancy, brilliancy, erudition, taste are in all this American music, but individual profile was absent. Let's hope for better luck next time. An extra recital was played by Mr. Hofmann whose encores began with Liszt, modulating into Chopin's first valse, the Cradle Song and—but stop, Chopin is not an American composer. We must repeat our old belief: there is no map music, there is only good music. Mr. Hofmann deserves the gratitude of the native composer for his labor of love.

Mabel Garrison as Lucia.

Donizetti's "Lucia di Lammermoor" was sung for the first time this season at the Metropolitan Opera House last night, and Mabel Garrison made her début in the title rôle. There was artistic singing throughout, for Martinelli was the Edgardo, De Luca the Ashton. Miss Garrison was nervous in her first scene though it was temporary; the huge audience in its desire to testify its admiration almost spoiled the climax of her aria. However, this charming girl with the lovely voice took on courage and when her great scene a faire arrived she did not disappoint us. The mad scene—though it is the sanest music ever written for a soprano larynx and an intelligent flute—was beautifully sung. A legato like velvet, a crystalline staccato, trills, leaps, rapid runs, variations in chiroscura—the entire battery of a skilled coloratura singer was utilized, while the musical quality and the dramatic vraisemblance were never absent. Miss Garrison was applauded by one of the big houses of the season. Her success was a brilliant one.

Mr. Martinelli was in splendid vocal condition, and he acted with great fire. The sextet went well, but was not repeated despite the enthusiastic demand for it. De Luca, the artist ever, was in voice and his dramatic assumption appreciated. Leon Rothier, Minnie Egener, Bada, Paltrinieri completed the cast. Signor Papi conducted. The chorus was capital. There is enough melody in one act of "Lucia" to float an entire opera such as "La Reine Flammette." And what bully old tunes they are.

Caruso, Hempel, and Scotti sang again to a sold-out house in "L'Elisir d'Amore" at the opera yesterday afternoon, making, with last night's "Lucia" a record of two capacity audiences for Donizetti in a day.

Benefit for East Side Needy Tonight

A benefit performance under the auspices of the Neighborhood Circle, of which Mrs. Samuel S. Koenig is President, will be held tonight at the Liberty Theatre. The proceeds will be devoted to the purchase of coal for needy east side families and for other charitable purposes. The playhouse was donated by A. L. Erlanger of Klaw & Erlanger, and among those who will appear are George M. Cohan, Victor Herbert and orchestra, Johnny Dooley, Donald Brian, Gertrude Vanderbilt, Jack Hazzard, and the second act of "The Girl Behind the Gun" will be given.

Concert in Aid of Diet Kitchen.

The annual concert in aid of the New York Diet Kitchen Association will be held in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria on the morning of Feb. 3. Miss Sophie Braslau, Raoul Vidas, and Salvatore De Stefano are the artists who will appear. The association cares for mothers and babies through its eight milk and health stations.

32 States Give Ratification Notice.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Ratification of the prohibition amendment was certified to the State Department today by Wyoming and Idaho, making thirty-two States officially heard from.

PENSION MRS. ROOSEVELT.

Nine Members of House from South Vote Against $5,000 Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The House today, by a vote of 251 to 9, passed a bill granting Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt a pension of $5,000 a year and the postal franking privileges. All those who opposed the bill were from the South. They were Representatives Jones, Black, Blanton, Slayden, Garrett, Connally, and Buchanan, all of Texas, and Representatives Quin, Mississippi, and Doughton, North Carolina. After this action the House substituted the Senate bill for the House measure and thus completed the legislative action. The bill now goes to the President.

Representative Bacharach of New Jersey introduced a bill today making Oct. 27, the birthday of Colonel Roosevelt, a legal holiday.

Damrosch Talks and Plays Wagner.

Walter Damrosch told an audience of all ages at the third of the Symphony Concerts for Children held yesterday morning in Aeolian Hall that the trumpet calls in Wagner's "Tannhäuser" march meant the entrance of great personages, such as were now arriving at the Peace Conference in Paris, "or, to bring it home to ourselves, it is like a greeting to father and mother, the heads of the family, coming down to breakfast in the morning." The children and their elders enjoyed both Mr. Damrosch's talks and the music, which also included David's "The Rain," a waltz from Delibes's "Naila," Meyerbeer's march from "The Prophet," a symphonic bit from Saint-Saëns, and a 'cello solo by Willem Willeke.

Maggie Teyte Sings Her Farewell.

Maggie Teyte, who is sailing to take part in a February production of Messanger's "Beaucaire" in London, where she will create the rôle of Lady Mary in Booth Tarkington's story, took her leave of the Society of American Singers last night at the Park Theatre in a gala performance of "Madame Butterfly." Orville Harrold and Carl Formes shared honors with the heroine, while Viola Robertson, Herbert Waterous, and others assisted, and Richard Hageman, of the Metropolitan, was in the conductor's chair. There were many flowers for the English singer, and many curtain calls.

Congressman Edward Robbins.

SOMERSET, Penn., Jan. 25.—Congressman Edward Robbins of Greensburg, Penn., died at a hotel here at noon today, following a few days' illness of influenza. Mr. Robbins came here to make an address and was stricken.

Mr. Robbins was born at Greensburg Sept. 27, 1861, and after receiving the A. B. degree at Washington and Jefferson College in 1881, he studied law at Columbia University, being admitted to the Pennsylvania bar in 1886. In addition to his law practice at Greensburg he was interested in coal and banking business. A member of the State Senate from 1888 to 1894, he was elected to Congress from the Twenty-second District in 1897, resigning in 1898 to fight in the Spanish-American War. He was re-elected two years ago, representing Westmoreland and Butler Counties.

Funeral of Moses M. McKee.

The funeral of Moses M. McKee, former Commissioner of the Board of Elections, who died Tuesday night, was held yesterday morning at Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church, 129th Street and Seventh Avenue, attended by 500 or more friends, political, social, and fraternal. Both Methodist and Masonic funeral services were held. The Rev. Dr. William H. Morgan, pastor of the church, delivered the funeral oration. Among those present were 300 members of the Manhattan Republican Club, of which Mr. McKee had been President.

Hugh Ferguson Criss.

Hugh Ferguson Criss, stock broker, for many years a member of the New York Stock Exchange, died early yesterday morning of heart disease at his home, 105 East Fifty-third Street. He was born in the South fifty-four years ago and lived most of his life in Orange, N. J. He had a country place at Hohokus, N. J., where he spent his Summers. Mr. Criss is survived by his wife.

Obituary Notes.

OSCAR SPENCER TILYOU, a retired jeweler, died Friday at the age of 82 years.

GARRETT A. LANS, a stage manager, died yesterday in his apartment at Hotel Gerard. He was 36 years old.

Miss ELIZABETH J. HAHNE, a trained nurse, died yesterday at the Radium Hospital, Manhattan. She was in her twentieth year.

J. FRED BARGFRED, Democratic State Committeeman for Rockland County and a lawyer, died last night at his home in Pearl River, N. Y.

MITCHELL STEAD, 72 years old, yachtsman, died in Philadelphia Friday. He was a member of the Keystone, Trenton, Wissinoming, and Columbia Yacht Clubs.

Mrs. KATHRYN SHAW SCHWEIKART, church and concert singer, wife of George Schweikert, died yesterday at her home in Long Island City. She was 30 years old.

Mrs. ABBIE D. MILLER, widow of Eben Miller, a well-known Brooklynite who was a member of the Brooklyn Board of Education, died on Thursday, leaving three daughters.

Mrs. MARIA YOUNG, widow of Townsend Young and mother of C. Townsend Young, a banker of Ossining, N. Y., died yesterday at her home in Peekskill, N. Y., in her 88th year.

MARION VINEY, manager of the Waldorf-Astoria barber shop for fifteen years, died yesterday at Roosevelt Hospital following an operation. He lived at 72 Vermilyea Avenue, the Bronx.

Mrs. BELLA GOODMAN, wife of Michael Goodman, a retired sweetbread merchant, died yesterday in her apartment at Hotel St. Andrew, Broadway and Seventy-second Street, at the age of 53 years.

HAROLD A. EVANS, 22 years old, for several years secretary to Arthur H. Murphy, Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of the Bronx, died yesterday. His home was at 414 East 179th Street.

EDWARD E. LLOYD, 50 years old, who built many golf courses in New Jersey, died Friday at Jacksonville, Fla. He was at different times manager of the Norwood, West End, and Long Branch golf links.

JAMES F. HUGHES, 73 years old, an electrical contractor and prominent in Masonic circles in Brooklyn, died on Friday at his home, 67 Patchen Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Hughes was Past Master of Damascus Commandery, No. 53, K. T.

HENRY VAN NESS, who claimed to have installed the first passenger elevator in New York City—that at the old Astor House before the civil war—died last night at his home, 62 Sterling Street, East Orange, at the age of 93 years.

ALFRED TRANCHARD, at one time connected with the advertising department of The Firemen's Herald and The Engineering News of New York and later engaged in newspaper work in New Orleans, died yesterday at his home in Plainfield, N. J., of heart disease.

JOHN J. CLEARY, for the last six years Assistant City Clerk in Brooklyn, died last night at his home, 1,522 Pacific St., Brooklyn. He was born in the old Ninth Ward in Brooklyn forty-five years ago. Mr. Cleary was a member of the Madison Club of the Seventeenth Assembly District.

Major JOHN RAVENSWOOD HICKS of the Medical Corps, U. S. A., with the 302d Tank Corps, died at Langres, France, Jan. 3 of pneumonia. He had also served in the Spanish-American War and the Philippine insurrection. His father, Dr. Robert Hicks, and his wife, Mrs. Grace Hamilton Hicks, live at Warrenton, Va.

HENRY W. SEITER, President of Seiter & Kappes Lithographing Company, Inc., 141-155 East Twenty-fifth Street, died yesterday of heart disease at his home, 568 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Seiter was born in Waterbury, Conn., fifty-seven years ago. He was a thirty-second degree Mason, and had been in the lithographing business for twenty-five years.

THOMAS J. McGEE, for many years employed in the Department of Bridges and a member of an old Brooklyn family, died on Friday at his home, 143 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 65 years. Mr. McGee was born in Brooklyn and was educated at Seton Hall College and the College of St. Francis Xavier. His brother, James F. McGee, is chief clerk of the Supreme Court.

The Rev. EDWARD LIVINGSTON WELLS, for the last seventeen years an Episcopal minister and prior to that time a lawyer of Bridgeport, Conn., died yesterday of pneumonia at his home in Hartford, Conn. He formerly did missionary work in New York State and Ohio. Mr. Wells was born in Louisville, Ky., fifty-seven years ago. Two brothers, Dr. J. T. Wells and Frederick Brown Wells, live in this city.

Born.

DAVIS.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Davis, (nee Sophye Brener,) 215 West 98th St., a son, Jan. 23, Women's Hospital.

KOHELER.—To Mr. and Mrs. C. Koehler (nee Helen V. Guthorn) of 8700 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn, a son, Howard Jacob, Sunday, Jan. 19.

LISSMAN.—Mr. Mortimer Merrick Lissman and Mrs. Lillian Catherine Lissman of 417 Riverside Drive announce the birth of a daughter, Friday, Jan. 24.

MANNE.—Dr. and Mrs. William Manne, (nee Mae Hollander,) 15 West 110th St., announce the birth of a son, Jan. 21, 1919.

MICHAELS.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry I. Michaels (nee Marcella Levy) of Bensonhurst announce the birth of a son, Jan. 23, 1919.

MILLINGER.—To Mr. and Mrs. David Millinger, (nee Martha Friedman,) 1,821 College Av., a daughter, Friday, Jan. 24.

ROSE.—To Mr. and Mrs. Stanley H. Rose of Drexel Hill, Penn., a son, Friday, Jan. 24, 1919.

ROTHSTEIN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Leonard L. (nee Mildred Lamport) of 640 Riverside Drive, a daughter, Sarah Hinda, on Tuesday, Jan. 21.

SITTENFIELD.—Mr. and Mrs. Sydney S. Sittenfield of 56 West 11th St. announce the arrival of a son at Flower Hospital.

STURTZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Theodore I. Sturtz (nee Fritzi Unschuld) announce the arrival of a son, Jan. 24, Lying-In Hospital.

WIENER.—To Dr. and Mrs. I. Wiener (nee Beatrice Rosenblatt) of 215 West 101st St., a daughter, Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919.

Engaged.

BERMAN—WOLFF.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wolff, 213 West 121st St., announce the engagement of their daughter Ruth to S. D. Berman, Eastport, Me.

COHN—FAYER.—Mr. and Mrs. N. Fayer of 815 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter Anna to Mr. Max Cohn.

DEUTSCH—AVEDON.—Mr. and Mrs. B. Avedon, 12 South Iowa Av., Atlantic City, will be at home Sunday, Feb. 2, 1919, from 3 to 6 P. M., in honor of the betrothal of their daughter, E. Bess Avedon, to Mr. Joseph Deutsch of Atlantic City. No cards.

GOODSTEIN—ZUCKERMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Goodstein of 1,815 7th Av., New York, announce the engagement of their daughter Agnes to Dr. Edward Zuckerman.

GREENBAUM—STERN.—Owing to a death in the family, the engagement reception of Mr. F. Greenbaum, New York, and Miss Helen A. Stern of Far Rockaway will be postponed.

HARRIS—SPELKE.—Mrs. Sarah Spelke of Stamford announces the engagement of her daughter Mary to Mr. Claude S. Harris, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harris of New York and Hartsdale.

HOFFMAN—GLASSER.—Mrs. Leon Glasser, 981 Fox St., New York City, announces the engagement of her daughter, Miriam, to Lieutenant Morris Hoffman, U. S. A., of Boston.

HYDE—STEWART.—The engagement of Miss Eva Stewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Hamilton Stewart of 903 Park Av., New York City, and Lieutenant H. G. Hyde, son of Charles Livingston Hyde of Plainfield, N. J., has been broken by mutual consent.

KAHN—ARON.—Mr. and Mrs. Isaac M. Aron of 2,847 Bainbridge Av., Bedford Park, New York City, announce the betrothal of their daughter Marguerite to Mr. Arthur H. Kahn. No cards.

KAMRASS—RIKLIS.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Riklis of 34 West 118th St. announce the engagement of their daughter Lillian to Philip Kamrass, Jan. 25, 1919.

KLUGER—COHEN.—Rev. M. Cohen, 564 West 160th St., announces the betrothal of his daughter, Blanche, to Mr. Herman Kluger.

KUTTNER—VOGEL.—Mr. and Mrs. C. Vogel, 137 West 117th St., announce the betrothal of their daughter Estelle to Dr. Joseph Kuttner, son of Mrs. Bertha Kuttner.

LASHER—MENDELSOHN.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Mendelsohn of 250 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter Isabel to Mr. Alfred W. Lasher of New York City.

LOEWENTHAL—BARVELD.—Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Kabisch, 841 Kelly St., announce the engagement of their sister-in-law, Julia Barveld, to Mr. Morris Loewenthal of New York.

MOSES—BLAUMAN.—Mrs. Jeanette Blauman, 1,317 Chisholm St., Bronx, announces the betrothal of her daughter, Ida, to Mr. Isidore Moses, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hyman Moses.

NEWMARK—LYON.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lyon, 114 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter Josephine to Mr. Frederick Newmark of New York.

PHILIPS—ARONSOHN.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Aronsohn of Paterson, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Tes Aronsohn, to Mr. Samuel Philips of Birmingham, Ala.

QUEEN—KORNBLUM.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Kornblum, of 1,655 47th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., wish to announce the engagement of their daughter, Rae, to Dr. Benjamin Queen.

SCHATTMAN—PETERS.—Mr. Abraham Peters, of 557 West 144th, announces the engagement of his daughter, Helen Y., to Samuel C. Schattman, son of Mrs. H. Schattman, of 565 West 162d.

SCHWARTZ—ROUX.—Mrs. Charles W. Roux of 2,017 Hughes Av. announces the engagement of her daughter Helen to Lieutenant Philip Christian Schwarz, Jr., U. S. A.

SCHWEIGER—ROSEN.—Mrs. Rosie Rosen of 226 West 111th St. wishes to announce the engagement of her daughter Eva Adair to Mr. Lee I. Schweiger of Brooklyn, N. Y.

SILVERMAN—ROSENZWEIG.—Mr. and Mrs. George Rosenzweig, of 35 Fuller Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Adele, to First Sergeant Jesse Silverman, U. S. Air Service. Reception at home, Sunday, Feb. 2, 1919, 3 to 6; no cards.

SIMON—ROSENTHAL.—Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Rosenthal of 600 West 113th St. announce the engagement of their daughter Edith to Paul G. Simon. At home Sunday, Feb. 2, 3 to 6.

STERN.—Mrs. Helen M. Stern is announcing that on account of a death in their family her daughter, Helen, will not receive at the McAlpin on Sunday, Jan. 26.

WOLIN—KRAMER.—Mr. and Mrs. David Wolin, 773 East 183d St., announce the engagement of their daughter Minnie to Mr. Felix Kramer of this city.

Married.

BEHNKE—HAPPEL.—Mr. and Mrs. Adam Happel announce the marriage of their daughter Anna to Mr. Richard E. Behnke of Allentown, Penn.

GORFINE—MARGOLIES.—Mrs. Mary Margolies, 1,459 47th St., Brooklyn, announces the marriage of her daughter, Hanna, to Arthur J. Gorfine, Jan. 25, 1919.

GREENWALD—KARPF.—Mrs. Sarah Karpf, 151 West 118th St., New York, announces the marriage of her daughter Hortence to Mr. Max S. Greenwald, Jan. 19, 1919, New York.

GREGORY—WORSTER.—Mrs. Edward William Worster of 50 South Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J., announces the marriage of her daughter, Ella Harris, to Mr. Arthur Emory Gregory of Savannah, Ga., Thursday, Jan. 23.

LEVI—EVERETT.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Levi, 18 West 88th St., announce the marriage of their son, Ensign Howard J. Levi, U. S. N. R. F., to Miss Dorothy Everett of St. Louis, Mo.

WALBRIDGE—WANDEL.—On Saturday, Jan. 25, at St. Bartholomew's Church, Brooklyn, by the Rev. Frank M. Townley, Blanche Gifford, daughter of Mrs. William F. Wandel, to Lieutenant Ernest A. Walbridge, son of Mrs. A. C. Walbridge.

Anniversaries.

ROSENBAUM.—Mr. and Mrs. Ike Rosenbaum, 550 West 180th St., celebrate their twentieth marriage anniversary at home Sunday evening, Feb. 2, 1919. No cards.

Died.

ADERER.—On Jan. 25, Gladys Aderer, daughter of Alexander and Minnie Aderer, of pneumonia, in her 18th year. Funeral at convenience of family. Baltimore and Pittsburgh papers please copy.

AGENS.—Of pneumonia, Jan. 24, 1919, Louise Guenther, beloved wife of Frederick G. Agens, Jr., at her residence, 54 North Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J. Services private.

ALBERTSON.—Charles B., on Jan. 25, at his residence, 489 Clove Road, West New Brighton, S. I. Funeral services 8 P. M. Monday.

ANDREWS.—On Jan. 25, at her residence, 509 West 112th St., Catherine Louise Andrews, beloved wife of Edward Monroe Andrews and mother of Caroline. Funeral private. Interment Sparta, Wis.

ANDRUSS.—Mary A., beloved wife of the late Commodore Henry Andruss, Jan. 23, 1919. Services at 132 Manhattan Av., Sunday, 3:30 P. M. Yonkers papers please copy.

BARGFREDE.—John Frederick, aged 54 years, on Jan. 25, 1919, at Pearl River, N. Y.; survived by his wife, Lillian O., and three children, mother and father. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2 P. M.

BAYLEY.—Suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Horace S. Bayley, in his 80th year. Funeral service at his late home, 159 Quincy St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 4 P. M. Interment Amesbury, Mass.

BEATTIE.—On Jan. 23, Elizabeth A., wife of Robert Beattie. Services at 2,643 Broadway, on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 4 P. M.

Died.

BEVIER.—Jan. 24, 1919, Jennie Miller, beloved wife of Philip Hasbrouck Bevier. Services at her late home, 212 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, Saturday, Jan. 25, 8 P. M. Interment Montgomery, N. Y., Sunday, 2:30 P. M. Please omit flowers.

BILORDEAUX.—Charles, Jan. 14. Funeral services to be held at his late residence, 121 West 56th St., on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

BLANKFORT.—Bella, on Friday, Jan. 24, devoted wife of Isaac M. and beloved mother of Mrs. Bertha Millard, Bernard, Henry, Mrs. Philip Coble, Joseph, and the late Mrs. Beckie Kramer. Funeral will take place on Sunday, Jan. 26, at 1 P. M., from her late residence, 203 West 111th St., New York. Interment at Washington Cemetery.

BLANKFORT.—Members and friends of the Sisterhood of the Institutional Synagogue are requested to attend the funeral of Mrs. I. M. Blankfort, the mother of Mrs. Phillips Cable, our President, at her late residence, 203 West 111th St., Sunday, at 1 P. M.
MRS. B. M. FRANK, Vice President.
MRS. CEDAR, Secretary.

BOLLWINKEL.—On Jan. 25, Henry, of 431 West 59th St. Funeral notice later.

BRAINERD.—Monday night, Jan. 20, 1919, John Lynch Brainerd, son of Roswell Colton, aged 63, after a lingering illness. He was of the firm of Hasard & Brainerd, steam tugs, South Wall St. He leaves two daughters, Laura Brainerd and Mrs. Currie. Burial Greenwood.

CAHILL.—George. Funeral from John J. Fox's Chapel, 1,906 Bathgate Av., on Sunday, 2 P. M.

CANTER.—Eva, sister of Alex. [illegible], Sara, Esther Van Bierkom, Julia Barzilay. Funeral from late residence, 98 Morningside Av., Sunday, 2 P. M. Omit flowers.

COLEMAN.—On Jan. 24, Agnes M., beloved daughter of the late Patrick and Annie Coleman, (nee Dyer.) Funeral from her late residence, 414 St. Nicholas Av., near 130th St., on Monday, Jan. 27, at 9 A. M., thence to St. Aloysius's Church, 132d St., near 7th Av., where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CORR.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., Friday evening, Jan. 24, 1919, Alice Wilhelmina Corr, in her 64th year. Funeral services will be held at the home of Miss Harriett J. Cooper, 563 Valley Road, Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

CRISS.—On Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, at his residence, 105 East 53d St., New York, Hugh Ferguson Criss, beloved husband of Helen Gellatly. Funeral private.

CRONK.—Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, John Cronk, in his 87th year, husband of the late Miriam Sayre and father of Sarah Elizabeth, Samuel J., John E., and William R. Cronk and Miriam E. Fox. Funeral services at his late residence, 113 West 96th St., Tuesday evening, Jan. 28, at 8 o'clock. Members of Hope Lodge, 244, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited. Interment Peekskill, Wednesday, Jan. 29, 12 o'clock, at Hillside Cemetery. Peekskill papers please copy.

CUMMINGS.—Jan. 26, 1919, Arthur W. Cummings. Remains at Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St.

CUNNINGHAM.—On Jan. 25, 1919, Joseph J. Cunningham, the beloved husband of Gertrude Cunningham. Funeral from his late residence, 15 East 64th St., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Vincent Ferrer Church, 66th St. and Lexington Av., where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CURRY.—At her residence, 140 West 63d St., Ann J. Curry, (nee McManus,) in her 90th year, a native of Drumbrachas, County Fermanagh, Ireland, beloved wife of the late Michael Curry and mother of Hugh P., Mrs. George H. Childs, Mrs. Sarah Mulligan, Philip J., and John F. Curry. Funeral service at the Paulist Fathers' Church, 60th St. and Columbus Av., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Please omit flowers.

CUSACK.—Private Timothy F., Company K, 305th Infantry, aged 29; 123 Westervelt Av., New Brighton, S. I.; killed in action Nov. 5, 1918; son of Timothy C. Cusack, Charleville, County Cork, Ireland, and Mary Cusack, (nee O'Brien,) Rathkeale, County Limerick.

DALL.—At his residence, 2,107 7th Av., on Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Robert Rodger, in his 85th year. Funeral service Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

DAVIS.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Lenora, beloved daughter of the late John T. and Ann Field and sister of Mrs. Mary A. Huntoon, in her fifty-sixth year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at the home of her sister, 439 Park Av., East Orange, N. J., Sunday, 2 P. M. Train leaving D., L. & W. R. R., Hoboken, 1:15 P. M.

de BARRIL.—At her residence, 9 East 89th St., on Jan. 23, Maria, daughter of the late John Joseph and Manuella Laverrerie de Barril. Funeral from St. Patrick's Cathedral on Monday, Jan. 27, at 10 A. M.

DILGER.—On Jan. 24, 1919, at her residence, "Avenel," 909 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y., Dorothea Dilger, widow of John T. Dilger. Funeral service at her late residence Monday, Jan. 27, at 11 A. M.

DOLAN.—On Jan. 24, Ellen Dolan, formerly with the family of Mr. Asher of 243 West 98th, New York. Funeral from the residence of her cousin, Mrs. Della Griffin, 518 10th St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 8:30 A. M.; thence to St. Thomas Aquinas Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul.

DOLL.—John, beloved husband of Louisa Hadert, Jan. 24, of pneumonia. Services Monday at late residence, 412 East 180th St., Bronx, 2 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn.

DUNEKA.—At Summit, N. J., on Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Frederick Atherton Duneka, beloved husband of Lilian Duneka. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

EBERHARDT.—Leo H. R., beloved father of Henry A. Eberhardt and Minna Rixmann, in his 79th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 708 Westchester Av., on Monday, 8 P. M. Interment private. Woodlawn Cemetery.

EUCKER.—On Jan. 24, Sophia M., (nee Felsinger,) widow of the late George Eucker. Services at Campbell's FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., Monday at 1 P. M. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

EVANS.—Harold A., on Jan. 25, 1919, beloved son of Margaret Evans and the late James Evans. Funeral services Monday, 2 P. M., at his late residence, 414 East 179th St., Bronx. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

FAY.—At Port Washington, Jan. 23, Catharine, widow of the late Thomas Fay. Funeral Tuesday, 10 o'clock, from St. Peter Alcantara Church. Interment St. Mary's Cemetery, Flushing.

FINK.—Ernest Arthur, in his 5th year, son of Colin and Lottie Fink of Yonkers. Interment private.

FINKELSTEIN.—On Jan. 22, 1919, suddenly, at his home, 220 West 98th St., Louis Finkelstein, beloved husband of Ethel and father of Harry, Isaac, Herman, Nathan, Rose, Abraham, and Frank.

FRANCIS.—Elizabeth Dean, Jan. 25, 1919, of acute bronchial pneumonia, at her residence, 325 Amsterdam Av.

FULLER.—Suddenly, on Jan. 24, 1919, Levi J., beloved husband of Susan F. Fuller of 1,037 Washington St., Hoboken, N. J., in his 74th year. Relatives and friends, also members of Albion Lodge No. 26, F. and A. M., are invited to attend services on Monday, Jan. 27, at 8 P. M., at Volk's Mortuary Chapel, 631 Washington St., Hoboken, N. J. Albany and Lake George, N. Y., papers please copy.

GARTNER.—Alex. Gartner, Jan. 26. Funeral service at late residence, 11 East 117th St., Sunday, Jan. 26, 2 P. M.

GITTLE.—Jan. 25, Minnie, in her 87th year, beloved wife of Adolph Gittle and devoted mother of Lillian, Edward, and Sidney. Funeral from her late residence, 300 Riverside Drive, Sunday, the 26th, at 11 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

GOLDEN.—Alice G., daughter of Anthony J. and Catherine Golden, sister of William A., on Jan. 24. Funeral from her late residence, 1,241 Tinton Av., N. Y. C., on Tuesday, Jan. 28; thence to Church of St. Augustine, 167th St. and Franklin Av., where solemn requiem mass will be offered at 9:30. Interment Kingston. Kingston (N. Y.) papers please copy.

GOODMAN.—On Jan. 24, 1919, Bella Goodman, at her residence, Hotel St. Andrew, 72d St. and Broadway, beloved wife of Michael Goodman and devoted mother of Abe and Blanche Herman. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) Broadway and 66th St., Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2 P. M.

GOODMAN.—Levy Lodge No. 5. Brethren are invited to attend funeral of wife of Brother Michael Goodman, FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway and 66th St., Sunday, 2 o'clock.
O. OESTREICHER, President.

GOTTLIEB.—Gussie. The Ladies' League of the Beth David Hospital announces with regret the death of their beloved sister, Gussie Gottlieb. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 26, 1 P. M., from her late residence, 9 East 107th St. All members are requested to attend.

GRABER.—Max J., beloved husband of Lena and devoted father of Sadie, Rubin, Leon, Ruth, Sydney, and Jonas. Funeral from his late residence, 1,534 Charlotte St., Bronx, on Sunday, the 26th, at 10 A. M.

GREEN.—Suddenly, on Jan. 24, at Cambridge, Mass., Gabriel M. Green, beloved son of Joseph and Sophie Green of 203 7th Av. and dear brother of Martha and Pauline. Funeral from Meyers's Funeral Parlor, 228 Lenox Av., on Monday, Jan. 27, at 10:30 A. M.

GUTTERSON.—At St. George Riverside Hospital, Yonkers, N. Y., on Jan. 23, 1919, Marian Barber Gutterson, beloved wife of Wilder Gutterson and daughter of James and Catherine Barber of Englewood, N. J. Funeral from residence of James Barber, Englewood, N. J., Sunday, private. Please omit flowers.

Died.

HAINE.—Elizabeth, aged 27 years and 10 months, passed away on Jan. 24, 1919, at 1 A. M. She was the niece of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hansen, 568 8th Av., Astoria. Funeral services will be held at Charles Weydig's funeral parlor, 908 10th Av., Long Island City, at 8 o'clock Sunday evening, Jan. 26. Funeral will be from same parlors at 10 o'clock Monday morning.

HARKNESS.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, at his residence, 270 Park Av., Harry S. Harkness, aged 38, beloved husband of Florence S. and only son of the late L. V. Harkness. Funeral services will be held at the Central Presbyterian Church, corner Madison Av. and 57th St., New York City, on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 26, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery. Pittsburgh, Penn.; Cleveland, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Pasadena, Cal., papers please copy.

HAYES.—A month's mind mass of requiem will be offered at All Saints' Church, Madison Av. and 129th St., Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 9 A. M., for the repose of the soul of William Hayes.

HEALEY.—On Jan. 25, Edna, beloved wife of Leo and daughter of William and Hannah Coffin. Funeral from late residence, 686 Academy St., 9 A. M. Tuesday, Jan. 28. Mass at 9:30 A. M. Church of Good Shepherd, Broadway and 207th St. Funeral private.

HENDERSON.—Jan. 24, 1919, aged 30, Helen Blanche, beloved wife of Charles Henderson and daughter of Victor and Mary Sulkers of Tuckahoe, N. Y. Funeral from the home of her parents, thence to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Tuckahoe, where a mass of requiem will be held on Monday at 10 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

HICKS.—In the service of his country, on Jan. 3, of pneumonia, at Langres, France, John Ravenswood Hicks, Major, Medical Corps, U. S. A., (with the 302d Tank Corps,) husband of Grace Hamilton Hicks and son of Dr. Robert Hicks and the late Nannie Fitzhugh Randolph of Warrenton, Va. Served also in the Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection.

HOLBROOK.—On Jan. 25, Phoebe G., daughter of Henry W. and the late Minnie C. Holbrook. Funeral from chapel New York and Brooklyn Casket Company, 140 West 36th St., Monday, Jan. 27, at 1 P. M. Boston and Chicago papers please copy.

HOUGH.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, Augusta, beloved wife of Clarence E. Hough, 519 Hancock St., Brooklyn. Funeral service Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2 P. M. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

KERIN.—On Jan. 25, Robert J., dearly beloved son of the late Robert S. and Mary Kerin (nee McHugh) and dearly beloved brother of May, Mrs. Merritt Harper, Sister Ann Innocencia, and Frances. Funeral from his late residence, 300 Haven Av., corner West 179th St., on Tuesday, 9:30 A. M.; thence to Church of the Incarnation, West 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av., where a high mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary.

LANG.—Phil, in New York, Jan. 24. Funeral services today at 3:30 P. M. at FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, Broadway and 66th St.

LARKIN.—On Jan. 23, Mary A. Larkin, (nee Fallon,) beloved wife of Kearn Larkin. Funeral from her late residence, 1,727 Lexington Av., on Saturday, Jan. 25, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Cecilia's Church, where mass of requiem will be offered. Interment Calvary.

LEVY.—Passed away Saturday morning, Theresa, beloved wife of Leopold Levy. Funeral will take place from her late residence, 663 Jefferson Place, Bronx. Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

LEVY.—Members of Chevra Anshe Chesed and Sisterhood Temple Anshe Chesed are requested to attend funeral service of our sister, Mrs. L. Levy, at her late home, 663 Jefferson Place, Bronx, on Monday, Jan. 27, 10 A. M.

LITTELL.—On Jan. 24, George W., beloved husband of Carrie E. Littell, aged 62 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 122 Union Av., Cranford, N. J., Sunday, Jan. 26, at 3:30 P. M.

LYNN.—Lucy E., widow of George Lynn, in her 84th year. Funeral service Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2 P. M., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Wellwood, 17 West 177th St., corner Davidson Av., (one block west of Jerome Av.) Please omit flowers.

MACGREGOR.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Antonia MacGregor, (nee Cornay,) beloved wife of Alexander J. MacGregor, in her 58th year. Funeral from her late residence, 1,115 Decatur St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, 28th inst., at 9:30 A. M.; thence to Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Aberdeen St., near Broadway.

MARTIN.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Anna Terhune Martin, in her 68th year. Funeral service at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Monday, Jan. 27, at 11 A. M. Trenton (N. J.) papers please copy.

MARX.—On Friday, Jan. 24, in his 31st year, Lester F., beloved husband of Lillian (nee Morris) and father of Robert Louis. Funeral at Sam Rothschild Funeral Chapel, 208 Lenox Av., at 120th St., Sunday, Jan. 26, at 10 A. M. Washington, D. C., papers please copy. Kindly omit flowers.

MULLINS.—At Jersey City, on Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Francis J., beloved son of Julia M. and Nicholas J. Mullins, (nee Whalen.) Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 51 Highland Av., Jersey City, on Monday, Jan. 27, at 9 A. M. Mass of requiem at St. Aedans Church, at 10 A. M.

O'NEILL.—Jan. 24, Mary E. O'Neill. Funeral Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Monday, 10 o'clock.

PISE.—Elizabeth Allison Pise, beloved daughter of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Charles T. A. Pise, Goshen, N. Y., of pneumonia, Jan. 25, 1919. Notice of funeral later. Atlanta (Ga.) papers please copy.

POSNER.—Suddenly, Friday afternoon, Jan. 24, Selma Gertrude, aged 7 years and 3 months, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob D. Posner. Funeral services Sunday morning, 11 o'clock promptly, at 828 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

RAFTER.—On Jan. 24, Catherine Mead Rafter, beloved daughter of the late Annie Mead and sister of Mrs. Edward F. Horan. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 26, at 2:30 P. M., at her late residence, 83 West 180th St., Bronx. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege. Albany papers please copy.

READ.—On Friday, Jan. 24, at 349 West 58th, Sarah Elizabeth Read, in her eighty-eighth year. Funeral private.

REAMY.—At New Canaan, Conn., Jan. 26, 1919, Mrs. Lamira L. Reamy. Funeral services at the Lawrence Funeral Parlors, New Canaan, Conn., on Sunday, Jan. 26, 5 P. M. Interment at Bloomfield, Ohio. Kindly omit flowers.

REDMOND.—James C., beloved husband of Catherine Redmond. Funeral from John J. Fox's chapel, 1,906 Bathgate Av., Monday at 7 A. M. Requiem mass at the Catholic church at Pleasantville at 9 A. M. Interment All Souls Cemetery.

REEVES.—Jan. 25, 1919, Richard Ronald Reeves. Remains at Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St.

REISMAN.—Elias, after brief illness, on Jan. 24, 1919. Funeral Sunday at 1:30 P. M. from his late residence, 1,551 Minford Place, New York City, Borough of Bronx. Kindly omit flowers.

RIPLEY.—Suddenly, at Newark, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, Bertram R. Ripley. Funeral private.

RYER.—On Jan. 25, Louisa M., wife of Thomas Ryer, in her 69th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 64 West 31st St., Bayonne, N. J., Monday evening, Jan. 27, at 8 o'clock.

SCHNEIDER.—Eberhart, at his residence, 219 2d Av., on Jan. 24, 1919. Funeral Monday, Jan. 27, at 2:30 P. M.

SCHWEIKART.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Kathryn Shaw, beloved wife of George Schweikart and mother of Marion and George Schweikart, third, at her residence, 232 1st Av., Long Island City. Funeral services Monday afternoon, Jan. 27, at the Remsen Street Reformed Church, Remsen St., Astoria, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment Maple Grove Cemetery, at convenience of family.

Died.

SEITER.—Suddenly on Saturday, Jan. 25, Henry W., beloved husband of Anna [illegible] Seiter, aged 57 years. Services at his late residence, 568 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Monday evening, Jan. 27, 8 o'clock.

SEITER.—Montauk Lodge No. 286, F. and A. M. Brethren, you are requested to attend funeral services of our late brother, Henry W. Seiter, at 568 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Monday evening, Jan. 27, 8 o'clock.
FRANK H. SKIDMORE, Master.
GEORGE F. MALBY, Secretary.

SHARRETTS.—Sergeant Major Augustus F. Sharretts, son of Charles J. and [illegible] F. Sharretts, killed in action Sept. [illegible] 1918, in France. Baltimore and Philadelphia papers please copy.

SINGER.—On Jan. 23, Viola C. Singer, (nee Cohn,) in her twenty-eighth year, beloved wife of William B. Singer, daughter of Pauline Goldberger. Funeral services West End Synagogue, 160 West 82d St., Sunday, Jan. 26, 10 A. M. [illegible] papers please copy.

SOLOMON.—Jan. 24, Jack H. Solomon. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Sunday, 10 o'clock.

STERN.—At his residence, 615 West [illegible] St., on Jan. 24, 1919, in his [illegible] year, Morris H., husband of the late [illegible] Muellner Stern, beloved father of [illegible] M., Jerome, and Blanche Stern, [illegible] Kraemer, Delia Zeiller, Estelle [illegible] and Lillian Shane. Funeral at convenience of family.

STERN.—On Jan. 25, Jacob Stern, in his 79th year, beloved husband of [illegible] Stern, father of Benjamin Stern, [illegible] Julia Wagner, and Mrs. Isabelle [illegible]. Funeral from William D. Pick's Chapel, 2,282 Broadway, near 87th St., Monday, Jan. 27, at 10 A. M.

STRECKER.—Saturday, Jan. 25, of pneumonia, David L., brother of Dr. [illegible], Edward, Frank W., Charlotte M. and Florence M. Strecker. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

TILYOU.—Oscar Spencer, son of the late John Vincent and Eliza Field Tilyou, Jan. 26, in his 82d year. Services at the residence of his nephew, Clarence A. Kopp, [illegible] West 122d St., Sunday, 2:30. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

VALENSI.—Victor, suddenly, at his home, Jan. 23, aged 54; beloved husband of Clara Valensi, father of Edward and William, and brother of Edward, Jack, Lazare, and Albert. Funeral at [illegible] Lenox Av., Sunday morning, 10 o'clock.

VINEY.—Marion. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway-66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's.) Sunday, 8 P. M.

WASHBURN.—At Stony Point, N. Y., suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 24, Lucien E. Washburn, in his 52d year. Funeral services at his late residence, Stony Point, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 28, at 2:30. Carriages will be in waiting at West Haverstraw on the arrival of train leaving West 42d St. at 12:[illegible] and train due from the north at 1:58.

WAUGH.—On Jan. 25, Ida Waugh, 245 East 19th St., suddenly, at the home of Mrs. J. G. Furon. Funeral private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

WELLS.—Entered into life eternal on Jan. 25, at Hartford, Conn., the Rev. Edward Livingston Wells, husband of Frances Richmond Rose and son of Mary E. Hughes and the late Rev. Edward Livingston Wells, D. D. Funeral from Trinity Church, Southport, Conn., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2 P. M.

WELSTEAD.—Solemn month's mind mass of requiem for the Rev. Edward J. Welstead at the Church of St. Rose of Lima, 165th St., between Audubon and St. Nicholas Avs., Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 10 A. M.

WELTON.—Herbert Hamilton Welton, in the 36th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WILDE.—William Kamper, brother of Mrs. Maud Slattery. Funeral from his sister's residence, 485 East 150th St., on Monday, Jan. 27, at 10 A. M. Requiem mass at St. Joseph's Church, 10:30 A. M. Interment at St. Raymond's.

WILENSKY.—Harry. Funeral to be held at 10 A. M. from his late residence, [illegible] Monterey Av., Bronx.

WILSON.—At Hartford, Conn., Jan. 2[illegible], 1919, John Cincinnatus Wilson, aged [illegible] years. Funeral service at his late residence, 870 Prospect Av., Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.

WOLFSON.—Nathan, beloved brother of Esther, Abraham, and Fannie. Body at Meyers's Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av. Funeral notice later.

WOLLMAN.—On Jan. 22, Amelia, devoted wife of Herman and dear mother of Phoebe, Rhea, Lester, and Joe, Mrs. L. Pollak, and Mrs. Charles Zabinsky.

YATES.—At his home, 279 West End Av., on Friday, Jan. 24, of pneumonia, aged 29 years, John Strong, beloved husband of Laura and son of John B. and Anna S. Yates. Funeral services private at Campbell's Chapel, Broadway and 66th St., Sunday afternoon, Jan. 26, 1919.

YOUNG.—At Peekskill, Jan. 24, Maria L., widow of the late Townsend Young of Ossining, N. Y. Short service will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. E. Young, 934 Paulding St., Peekskill, on Monday, Jan. 27, at 1 P. M. Regular services at the residence of her son, C. T. Young, South Highland Av., Ossining, at 3 P. M. Interment Dale Cemetery, Ossining.

YOUNG.—In France, Oct. 10, from wounds received in action Oct. 9, Richmond Young of Boston, First Lieutenant, Company K, 38th Infantry.

In Memoriam.

COHN.—In loving memory of our dear brother Henry M. Cohn, who passed away the 25th of Shebat 5675, corresponding with Feb. 9, 1915. Nath and Fanny Cohn.

EDESHEIMER.—In memory of beloved Uncle Isaac, devoted brother, friend. E. L. K.

O'BRIEN.—In memory of our beloved daughter, Pauline Agnes O'Brien, who died Jan. 28, 1917. Second Anniversary Mass Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, at 9 o'clock, Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, 118th St. and St. Nicholas Av.
Dr. and Mrs. M. C. O'BRIEN.

SUNKEN.—In memory of our loving daddy, John Sunken, who died Jan. 26, 1914, his devoted children. Gone, but not forgotten.
LOVING WIFE.

WHITTINGTON.—In sad and loving remembrance of a devoted husband and father, Benjamin Whittington, who passed away Jan. 24, 1918. Gone, but not forgotten.
WIFE AND CHILDREN.

Unveiling.

ROSENSWEIKE.—Unveiling of monument of my beloved wife and our dear mother, Feb. 2, at Bayside Cemetery, 3 o'clock. Rev. Liesman will officiate.

SONN.—Unveiling of monument of late Rosa Sonn will take place Jan. 26, 3 P. M., Mt. Carmel Cemetery.

WALLENSTEIN.—Unveiling of monument of late Etta Wallenstein will take place Jan. 26, 3 P. M., Daniel Webster's Mt. Zion Cemetery, weather permitting.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

The Public Forum,
CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street
Speaker:
Lt. Col. Chas. W. Whittlesey,
Commander of the
"LOST BATTALION"
Subject:
"The Returning Soldier"
Sunday, January 26th, at 8 P.M.
The Public Is Invited.

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233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York. Lots of small size for sale.

LESS GOLD IS HELD BY RESERVE BANKS

$1,200,000 Decrease and Drop of $1,500,000 in Cash Reserves Reported for the Last Week.

MORE WAR PAPER ON HAND

Increase During the Week Totals $151,200,000—$47,800,000 Gain in Earning Assets.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Substantial increases in the holdings of discounted and purchased bills, apparently in connection with the Jan. 16 issue of Treasury certificates, and further reduction in the volume of Federal Reserve note circulation are indicated in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly bank statement issued as at the close of business on Jan. 24.

Total holdings of war paper increased $151,200,000, the banks at New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, and San Francisco reporting large additions under this head. All other discounts on hand went up $9,500,000, while bills bought in the open market show an increase of $10,900,000, New York alone showing an increase of $9,200,000 in the holdings of this class of paper.

The decrease of $123,800,000 in the holdings of Government short-term securities is due largely to the redemption by the Government of temporary Treasury certificates held by the New York bank. Total earning assets show an increase of $47,800,000.

Government deposits show an increase of $97,400,000, while member bank deposits declined $70,500,000. Net deposits because of the small or "float" carried by the banks show an increase of $87,150,000.

The week saw a decrease of $1,200,000 in gold reserves and of $1,500,000 in total cash reserves.

Because of the large increase in net deposits, only partly offset by the reduction in Federal Reserve note liabilities, the banks' reserve percentage shows a decline of from 52.8 to 52.2 per cent.

Federal Reserve agents report a further decrease of $39,400,000 in the total of Federal Reserve notes outstanding. The banks show a total of $2,466,000,000 of Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation, a decrease for the week of $16,500,000. For the past four weeks the decrease in Federal Reserve note circulation amounted to $218,700,000, or at the rate of $54,000,000 per week—aggregate liabilities of the banks on Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation increased $1,600,000, and are at present $128,800,000.

Increase in capital and surplus of existing members, also payment for Federal Reserve Bank stock by newly admitted members account for the increase of $510,000 in paid in capital, the New York and San Francisco banks reporting the largest increase under this head.

HOLD MORE U. S. BONDS.

Member Banks Also Report Gain in Holdings of War Securities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Larger holdings of war securities, following the Jan. 16 issue of about $600,000,000 of Treasury certificates, and corresponding gains in Government deposits are shown in the board's weekly statement of condition on Jan. 17 of 765 member banks in leading cities.

United States bonds other than circulation bonds on hand show an increase of $26,900,000. For the New York City banks a reduction of $9,100,000 in bond holdings is noted. Treasury certificates on hand went up by about $166,000,000, the New York City banks alone reporting additional holdings of $87,000,000 and the banks in all Federal Reserve Bank cities an increase of $126,700,000. Loans secured by United States war obligations increased $16,900,000. For the New York City banks an increase under this head of $24,600,000 is noted. Other loans and investments show a decline of $4,700,000, the decline being somewhat larger for the New York City banks.

Holdings of United States war securities and war paper aggregate $3,474,200,000 and constitute 25.1 per cent. of the total loans and investments of all reporting banks, as against 23.9 per cent. the week before. For the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve cities increases from 25.4 to 26.0 per cent. and for the New York City banks an increase from 28.5 to 30.2 per cent. are noted.

Aggregate increases of $159,700,000 in Government deposits, and further concentration of these deposits in the Federal Reserve cities are shown. Net demand deposits increased by $5,800,000, while time deposits went up by $37,700,000.

For the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve cities the ratio of net deposits to investments, because of the large gain in Government deposits, shows a rise from 85.1 to 85.6 per cent. For the New York City banks an increase of this ratio from 89.7 to 90.9 per cent. is noted. The ratio of aggregate reserve balances and cash to total net deposits of the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve cities shows a decline from 15.7 to 15.2 per cent. For the New York City banks a corresponding decline of this ratio from 18.3 to 15.8 per cent. is seen.

Excess reserves of the banks in the twelve Federal Reserve cities work out at $82,300,000, compared with $78,900,000 the week before. For the New York City banks an increase of this item from $59,600,000 to $67,100,000 is noted.

Twenty-third Weekly Statement Of Banking Conditions in the Country

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Below is given the Federal Reserve Board's twenty-third weekly statement of total debits to deposit account, reported through the Federal Reserve Banks by about 150 of the country's more important Clearing Houses. Transactions cover the weekly period ended Wednesday, Jan. 15, and Wednesday, Jan. 22. The statement closes with a recapitulation giving comparative data by reserve districts for all centres reporting complete data for both weeks. Figures of reporting Clearing Houses by Federal Reserve Districts are as follows:

	Debits to Individual Account. Jan. 15.	Jan. 22.	Debits to Banks and Bankers' Accounts. Jan. 15.	Jan. 22.
New York	$3,805,755,000	$4,298,679,000	$1,749,188,000	$1,971,899,000
Albany	16,065,000	19,562,000	12,950,000	14,996,000
Binghamton	2,917,000	3,809,000		
Buffalo	62,656,000	59,953,000	18,357,000	18,572,000
Passaic	5,481,000	......	473,000	......
Rochester	24,022,000	24,349,000	840,000	830,000
Syracuse	14,043,000	14,454,000	1,347,000	552,000
RECAPITULATION.				
New York	$3,925,458,000	$4,819,706,000	$1,777,482,000	$2,001,849,000
Boston	366,319,000	433,779,000	218,857,000	236,069,000
Philadelphia	352,115,000	593,535,000	276,709,000	366,040,000
Cleveland	463,078,000	508,210,000	495,453,000	597,498,000
Richmond	145,400,000	154,434,000	168,178,000	158,246,000
Atlanta	214,296,000	209,256,000	132,325,000	121,191,000
Chicago	938,430,000	958,907,000	768,413,000	874,686,000
St. Louis	237,455,000	230,007,000	206,123,000	219,885,000
Minneapolis	159,460,000	168,420,000	189,238,000	155,745,000
Kansas City	259,609,000	290,409,000	303,694,000	345,458,000
Dallas	185,256,000	116,626,000	200,540,000	206,957,000
San Francisco	332,584,000	424,430,000	273,515,000	298,421,000
Total	$7,579,380,000	$8,302,719,000	$5,045,025,000	$5,571,856,000

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK STATEMENT

The following table shows the total gold holdings and other chief items in this week's report of each of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks:

District.	Gold Reserve.	Bills on Hand.	Total Resources.	Due to Members.	Notes in Circulation.
1—Boston	$118,691,000	$144,866,000	$329,395,000	$104,048,000	$148,832,000
2—New York	592,552,000	803,942,000	1,668,352,000	685,483,000	650,587,000
3—Philadelphia	123,847,000	190,454,000	408,870,000	86,672,000	211,251,000
4—Cleveland	225,986,000	144,552,000	451,465,000	129,754,000	235,564,000
5—Richmond	70,886,000	103,289,000	241,729,000	52,557,000	133,727,000
6—Atlanta	67,954,000	89,184,000	205,555,000	45,086,000	112,741,000
7—Chicago	419,898,000	204,223,000	737,250,000	221,233,000	410,265,000
8—St. Louis	96,452,000	67,791,000	218,916,000	58,623,000	109,126,000
9—Minneapolis	104,003,000	59,760,000	168,898,000	48,744,000	91,969,000
10—Kansas City	87,651,000	85,264,000	245,646,000	75,043,000	107,467,000
11—Dallas	37,144,000	51,327,000	125,819,000	38,146,000	55,961,000
12—San Francisco	159,254,000	121,950,000	330,763,000	79,126,000	199,546,000

Consolidated statement of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

RESOURCES.	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Year ago.
Gold in vault and in transit	$343,692,000	$334,684,000	$472,012,000
Gold settlement fund	407,698,000	387,572,000	388,210,000
Gold with foreign agencies	5,828,000	5,828,000	52,500,000
Total gold held by banks	$757,218,000	$728,084,000	$912,722,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	1,255,192,000	1,289,105,000	793,829,000
Gold redemption fund	88,907,000	85,368,000	19,956,000
Total gold reserve	$2,101,317,000	$2,102,557,000	$1,726,507,000
Legal tender notes, silver, &c.	67,070,000	67,594,000	56,252,000
Total reserves	$2,168,387,000	$2,170,151,000	$1,782,759,000
Bills discounted: Secured by Government war obligations	1,498,298,000	1,346,746,000	812,520,000
All other	263,735,000	254,412,000	815,142,000
Bills bought in open market	284,539,000	278,607,000	278,912,000
Total bills on hand	$2,046,572,000	$1,874,765,000	$901,574,000
United States long-term securities	28,571,000	28,571,000	50,525,000
United States short-term securities	147,398,000	271,173,000	72,689,000
All other earning assets	4,000	4,000	4,902,000
Total earning assets	$2,222,545,000	$2,174,513,000	$1,029,679,000
Bank premises	8,108,000	8,083,000	....
Uncollected items deduct from gross dep.	710,143,000	808,046,000	356,208,000
Five p. c. redemption fund against Fed. Res. banknotes	6,752,000	6,531,000	537,000
All other resources	16,723,000	17,172,000	201,000
Total resources	$5,132,658,000	$5,184,496,000	$3,169,375,000
LIABILITIES.			
Capital paid in	$80,820,000	$80,310,000	$72,439,000
Surplus	22,738,000	22,738,000	1,134,000
Government deposits	146,381,000	49,370,000	135,691,000
Due to members—reserve account	1,624,415,000	1,695,263,000	1,480,743,000
Deferred availability items	511,899,000	534,012,000	194,955,000
Other deposits, including for. Govt. credits	118,429,000	128,186,000	37,697,000
Total gross deposits	$2,396,124,000	$2,406,831,000	$1,849,086,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	2,466,556,000	2,512,973,000	1,234,934,000
Federal Reserve banknotes in circulation, net liability	126,810,000	124,997,000	8,000,000
All other liabilities	39,610,000	36,447,000	3,782,000
Total liabilities	$5,132,658,000	$5,184,496,000	$3,169,375,000
Ratio of total reserves to net deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined	52.2%	52.8%	65.4%
Ratio of gold res. to F. R. notes in actual circulation, after setting aside 35 per cent. against net deposit liabilities	64.6%	64.1%	.....

MEMBER BANK STATEMENTS

This statement shows the position of the banks which are members of the Federal Reserve Banks making weekly reports to the Federal Reserve Board. The reports are compiled as of the close of business on Friday:

Banks in New York, Chicago, and Other Federal Reserve Cities.

	New York.	Chicago.	All Fed. Res. Cities.
Number of reporting banks	65	44	255
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$35,783,000	$1,119,000	$99,497,000
Other U. S. bonds, including Liberty bonds	263,896,000	49,788,000	456,867,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	687,399,000	87,700,000	1,040,271,000
Total U. S. securities	987,078,000	138,617,000	1,596,655,000
Loans secured by U. S. bonds, &c.	621,602,000	48,339,000	952,920,000
All other loans and investments	3,594,179,000	844,350,000	6,661,191,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	635,222,000	108,029,000	979,431,000
Cash in vault	110,703,000	39,600,000	220,005,000
Net demand deposits	4,322,585,000	795,711,000	7,181,766,000
Time deposits	206,190,000	153,274,000	648,150,000
Government deposits	358,467,000	39,405,000	530,974,000

Total of Statements for All Reporting Banks.

	Fed. Res. Branch Cities.	All Other Reporting Banks.	Grand Total.
Number of reporting banks	158	354	765
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	$54,851,000	$108,394,000	$262,742,000
Other U. S. bonds, including Liberty bonds	144,244,000	223,772,000	824,903,000
U. S. certificates of indebtedness	211,866,000	214,728,000	1,466,865,000
Total U. S. securities	410,961,000	546,894,000	2,554,510,000
Loans secured by U. S. bonds, &c.	105,199,000	124,277,000	1,182,896,000
All other loans and investments	1,516,708,000	1,948,479,000	10,126,378,000
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	151,268,000	167,410,000	1,298,009,000
Cash in vault	66,578,000	99,609,000	386,190,000
Net demand deposits	1,258,156,000	1,632,388,000	10,072,310,000
Time deposits	470,545,000	484,310,000	1,603,005,000
Government deposits	39,123,000	79,608,000	656,665,000

$200,000,000 FOR ROADS.

Post Office Bill Also Appropriates $850,000 for Airplane Service.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Besides recommending salary increases for virtually all postal employes, the Post Office Appropriation bill, as reported today by the Senate Post Office Committee, proposes appropriations of $200,000,000 during the next three years for construction and maintenance of roads.

To the House bill, which carried $357,782,000, the Senate committee added the bill of Chairman Bankhead to appropriate $50,000,000 this year and $75,000,000 each for 1920 and 1921 for road work. The amendment also would provide $3,000,000 each year for roads in national forests.

In revising the House bill the Senate committee made an increase from $300,000 to $850,000 in the appropriation for postal airplane service, authorizing the Postmaster General to establish new routes and to secure airplanes from the War Department.

The House appropriation for exemption of parcel post "farm to consumer" express routes was reduced from $1,000,000 to $300,000.

A new committee amendment would authorize the Postmaster General to contract for pneumatic tube service in New York City and Brooklyn and prohibit removal of tubes in Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, and St. Louis until Congress could legislate on the tube question.

In providing employes' pay increases the committee added an amendment to increase the per diem allowance for railway mail clerks from 90 cents to $2 per day. Appropriations for rural route and city letter carriers were increased, respectively, from $31,500,000 to $68,800,000 and from $41,000,000 to $50,500,000. The House increase of 20 per cent. in pay of rural carriers on standard routes was raised to 25 per cent. Pay increases for Inspectors, Assistant Postmasters at first and second class offices, Superintendents of mail and delivery, clerks, watchmen, and other employes also were approved.

HINES SEEKS CO-OPERATION

Wants "Helpful Understanding" with State Railroad Commissions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Director General Hines tonight gave out a statement saying "now that the nation's transportation functions are no longer primarily war functions, it is of great importance to invoke to an increasing extent the aid of the State commissions."

He added that as soon as Max Thelen assumed his position as head of the new Division of Public Service of the Railroad Administration, Feb. 1, an effort would be made to work out "a clear and helpful understanding with the State commissions."

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

More Concerns Announce Curtailment in Production.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 25.—Davis Daly is another of the copper mines to announce curtailment of production. This company finishes the year with approximately $500,000 in assets, much of it cash.

The Lake Copper Company will suspend operations for an indefinite period on Feb. 1. In the first nine months of its fiscal year, which ends April 30, the company produced about 900,000 pounds of copper.

Up to Jan. 14 Tuolumne had shipped seven cars of first-class ore from the main range mine. Two carloads, amounting to 105 tons, carried 10.4 per cent copper and 24 ounces of silver.

NEW SPRINKLER RULES.

Under Amended Act Installation Cost Will Be Cut in Half.

The amended rules covering sprinkler installations for fire protection adopted last week by the Board of Standards and Appeals are of general interest to owners in that they open the way to competition, which, it is estimated, will reduce the cost materially.

The amended rules go further in permitting use of a sprinkler head, adopted following satisfactory tests, which instead of merely deflecting water as the present sprinkler heads do, causes a swirling process which covers a much wider area. This advantage reduces the number of sprinkler heads required in a given area, and also eliminates approximately one-half the amount of piping required under the former rules.

It has been estimated that the cost to install a sprinkler system complying fully with the new regulations will be about one-half the present expense.

COPELAND STARTS NEW PLAN

Puts Industrial Hygiene Into Dr. S. Dana Hubbard's Hands.

Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, announced yesterday that he had called into his office Dr. S. Dana Hubbard to start the work of the Division of Industrial Hygiene under the new plan which separates this division from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases, of which Dr. Louis I. Harris is director. Dr. Hubbard was instructed to investigate violations that are pending and to see that the proper corrections are made looking to comfort and health.

The action of Commissioner Copeland was the culmination of the proposal he made in a letter to his employes on Jan. 1, when he announced that it was his intention to withdraw the Division of Industrial Hygiene from the Bureau of Preventable Diseases. He was criticised by labor, social, and civic welfare organizations for his plans, and in reply said that his side had not been presented, whereupon he named last Friday as the day for a public hearing. The hearing was held and the representatives of the labor and other organizations continued their protest. The hearing was followed by the action of yesterday.

At the Free Synagogue Forum, 36 West Sixty-eighth Street, tonight there will be a discussion of "How Shall We Save Our Health Department?" by speakers representing labor, the church, and the synagogue.

VOTE FOR 8-HOUR WORKDAY.

Lawrence Textile Workers, However, Will Not Strike to Enforce It.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 25.—Textile workers of this city, at a mass meeting today, voted unanimously to support a movement to reduce working hours from fifty-four to forty-eight a week, without reduction in pay, effective on Feb. 3. Leaders explained that there would be no strike, but that the operatives would work eight hours daily and then quit their looms and benches, returning the next day.

How the manufacturers would meet this decision of the operatives was not known tonight. No general plan has been discussed among them, it is understood, and to date agents of only two mills have declared themselves on the subject. The Pacific Mills announced on Thursday a refusal of the forty-eight-hour week proposal. The Lawrence Duck Company notified its employes today that it would shut down if the forty-eight-hour week were insisted upon. Approximately 25,000 operatives are employed in the mills here. The products include cottons, woolens, and worsteds.

The mass meeting today was under the auspices of the General Committee of Lawrence Textile Workers, which includes representatives of the United Textile Workers of America branches of the American Federation of Labor, and the International Mule Spinners' Union. City Hall, where the meeting was held, was crowded.

James R. Menzie, President of the Central Labor Union, who presided, said that the eight-hour day would be out of date in a few years, as a standard of fewer hours was coming. He argued the need of reducing working hours on the ground of beneficial effect on the individual worker and as a partial solution of the problem of unemployment.

Thomas R. McMahon, Vice President of the United Textile Workers of America, told the meeting that the forty-eight-hour movement was decided upon as a means of "offsetting a movement by the mill owners to cut wages."

"This movement is not a local affair," he continued. "It is nation wide. It is not a strike. The word cannot be applied properly to the plans as proposed. The mills have been paying big dividends during the war. It is time now they should think of the workers. If they cannot run the mills under American conditions of pay, then the mills should be closed."

ARREST 20 STRIKE LEADERS

Agitators Accused of Interfering with Federal Court Order.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 25.—Twenty labor union officers and striking street car men were arrested and arraigned today before United States Commissioners on a Federal complaint charging conspiracy to hinder operation of street cars in interstate traffic and conspiracy to interfere with the injunction order of John C. Pollock, Federal Judge for Kansas, which placed operation of the Kansas City, Kan., cars in the hands of the United States Marshal. The twenty defendants pleaded not guilty and bond was fixed at $5,000 in each case.

The union officers arrested are Frank O'Shea, Buffalo, N. Y., Vice President of the Carmen's Union; E. F. Michael, President of the local Carmen's Union; Mrs. Sarah Green, President of the Women's Trade Union League and business manager of the Waitresses' Union; Jerry Burnett, district organizer for the Carmen's Union, and Charles B. Nelson, Secretary of the Central Trades and Labor Union.

GARMENT WORKERS RETURN

Peace Made by the Union with Some Employers.

Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, forecast yesterday a gradual settlement of the strike of 35,000 members of the union against the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, when he announced that about 2,000 workers would return to their machines on Monday morning under settlements made with independent manufacturers.

"Yesterday the union began to make settlements with firms who have agreed to the 44-hour work week, a 15 per cent. increase in wages, and other union conditions," said Mr. Schlesinger. "Beginning Monday all settlements will be made at the Stuyvesant Casino, 140 Second Avenue. More than 400 applications have been received by the Settlement Committee, and a number of these came from members of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association. The Wholesale Dress Sellers' Association, an organization of jobbers, and the Dress Contract Manufacturers' Association, represented by Abraham Levy as counsel, will have conferences with the union on Monday afternoon. The Contractors' Association claims to have about 500 members and to employ about 10,000 dressmakers."

In newspaper advertisements appearing this morning the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association assert that the union is misleading the public as to sanitary conditions prevailing in the various shops of the association. The advertisement points to the report of the Joint Board of the Sanitary Control made last Monday as a refutation of Benjamin Schlesinger's statement in a letter to the Mayor that the shops "have serious fire dangers, dirty walls, dirty ceilings, dirty water closets," &c., &c.

"On Jan. 21, 1919," says the advertisement, "upon the request of Governor Smith of this State and Chief Inspector Garnon of the Industrial Committee, made through Miss Frances Perkins, Dr. George M. Price, Director of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control, made a report of conditions in the dress and waist industry, in part as follows: 'The sanitary conditions in these shops (dress and waist industry) is certainly much superior to the shops in any other industry in Manhattan.'"

The association then states that the shops are inspected more frequently, are visited monthly by a visiting nurse, who makes an additional inspection, and also by a fire drill squad which is contracted for through the association for all the members of the association.

BOAT OWNERS ON STAND.

Argument on Harbor Workers' Demands to Come Up Tomorrow.

Owners of harbor craft virtually finished testifying upon wages and working conditions before the sub-committee of the National War Labor Board yesterday, and argument upon the demands of the workers for the eight-hour day and 25 per cent. increase in wages probably will begin before the entire War Board tomorrow afternoon.

A few witnesses for the boat owners and the Federal Railroad Administration will be heard by the sub-committee in the Board of Estimate Room in the City Hall at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, but it is expected that all this evidence will be in in time for the argument before the full War Labor Board to begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Counsel of the operators and the unions said they expected to complete their filing of evidence within a few hours.

Witnesses for the boat owners continued their efforts at the hearings yesterday to show that an eight-hour day on tugs and other classes of harbor craft, and especially those dependent for loading upon the labor of longshoremen, who work on an eight-hour plan, would be impractical. Henry M. Lee, who operates a fleet of lighters, said that a ten-hour day for the lighter men would conform to the eight-hour day of the longshoremen so that no time would be lost by the boats.

"An eight-hour day plan would be impossible," said Captain Robert S. Clark, tug master for the New York, New Haven, and Hartford Railroad. "We could not make any time with the car floats and would be delayed with the freight. All our time would be taken up going around the harbor relieving crews."

Edward J. McClees, Chief of the Wage Bureau of the Railroad Administration in the Eastern Region, offered in evidence an official chart showing the comparative increase of wages and the cost of living in this city since 1908.

Witnesses also told of the proposal of the boat owners that a New York Harbor Conciliation Board, composedr of ten boat owners and ten representatives of workers, be constituted to settle all future controversies.

Halsey Art Sale Yields $31,092.

A lare Kirman rug brought the highest price at the closing sale yesterday of the household art of the estate of the late Frederic R. Halsey, going to E. T. Tooney for $1,200; a bleu de roi Sevres vase, revolving, went to L. W. Baker for $1,000. E. Burrow paid $550 for a large Louis XV screen. The Louis XV drawing room suite went to J. Slattery for $800 and E. Bartley paid $600 for a pair of massive bronze and ormolu urns. A large Persian hunting rug went to W. H. Fluherty for $575, and a Caucasian rug to N. Macy for $610. The returns for the day were $9,676, making the grand total, $31,092.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Hale & Norcross	.03
Alta	.12	Jacket	.03
Andes	.03	Mexican	.10
Best & Belcher	.01	Ophir	.09
Bullion	.01	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.02	Potosi	.03
Challenge Con.	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.03	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	.10
Con. Virginia	.04	Mexican dollars	.77½
Gould & Curry	.01		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.60	Booth	.18
Brougher Divide	.20	Florence	.13
Cash Boy	.08	Goldfield Cons.	.20
Gold Zone	.22	Goldfield Merger	.05
Halifax	.16	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.35	Jumbo Exten.	.13
McNamara	.26	Kewanas	.05
Midway	.35	Lone Star	.06
Mizpah	.05	Silver Pick	.04
Monarch Pitts.	.08	Spearhead	.18
Montana	.14	OTHER DISTRICTS	
North Star	.06	Manhattan Cons.	.04
Rescue	.07	Nevada Hills	.02
Tonopah Divide	3.40	Packard	.25
Tonopah Exten.	1.15	Rochester	.25
West End	1.25	Round Mountain	.31
West Tonopah	.15	United Eastern	4.25
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.13
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4⅛	5	Isabella	5	6
Dr. J'pot	4	5	McKinney	7	9
Elkton	4½	6	Portland	100	105
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	15	15¼
Golden C.	176	177	Vindicator	40	45
Granite	17	25	Rose Nicol	13¾	14½

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Juenemann, Col. G. F., to Hosp. No. 26, at Ft. Des Moines, and relieve Maj. H. H. Frothingham.
Smart, Col. W. M., to Camp Sheridan as camp surg.
Craig, Col. C. F., and Fisher, Lt. Col. W. A., Jr., will report to Surg. Gen.
Pillsbury, Lt. Col. H. C., to Camp Meade as camp surg., relieving Lt. Col. G. L. Qualls, who will proceed to Camp Humphreys.
Gibner, Lt. Col. H. C., to Camp Lewis as camp surg.
Davis, Maj. A. E., to Camp Jackson with 156th Depot Brig.
Bierbower, Maj. H. O., to Camp Logan.
Haines, Maj. E. F., to Camp Dix.
Hamilton, Maj. G., and Evans, Capt. S. W., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Scruttchfield, Maj. G. E., to Hosp. No. 30, at Plattsburg Barracks.
Rubert, Maj. K. F., to Camp Upton.
Hennessy, Maj. A. V., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of West. Dept.
Lester, Capt. C. A., to Camp Lee.
Jones, Capt. W. B., to Hosp. No. 4, at Ft. Porter.
Parks, Capt A. H., and Swanson, 1st Lt. E. O., to Camp Grant.
Manning, Capt. W. J., will report to attending surg. at 39 Whitehall St., New York.
Lubrecht, Capt. C. A., to Hosp. No. 31, at Carlisle, Penn.
Richardson, Capt. F. H., to Camp Wadsworth Base Hosp., sick.
Banner, Capt. C. W., to Washington.
Gillick, Capt. C. E., to Butte, Mont.
Trasoff, Capt. A. T., to Hosp. No. 19, at Waynesville, N. C.
Breaks, Capt. L. Z.; Gardner, Capt. P.; Ensor, 1st Lt. R. R.; Dedolph, 1st Lt. K., and Hugart, 1st Lt. H. H., to Camp Travis.
Brown, Capt. E. W., to Camp Lee.
Anabelle, Capt. S., to Washington.
Alguir, 1st Lt. R. L., to Hosp. No. 1, at Ft. Sam Houston, sick.
Roehrig, 1st Lt. K. F., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Heninger, 1st Lt. B. R., to Camp Bowie.
Fitch, 1st Lt. R. F., to Ft. Liscum.
Whiticar, 1st Lt. J. H., to Boston.
Longaker, 1st Lt. E. P., to Hosp. No. 11, at Cape May, N. J.
Jones, 1st Lt. H. O., and McWhorter, 1st Lt. G. L., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Gilliland, 1st Lt. G. S., to Mayo Clinic.
Couche, 1st Lt. J. B., to Hoboken.
Ensor, 1st Lt. R. R., to Camp Travis.

Engineers.

Tyler, Col. M. C., to Washington.
Poole, Col. J. H., honorably discharged.
Wyatt, 1st Lt. F. H., will report to Chief of Engs.
Speece, 1st Lt. R. W., to Wash. Barracks, D. C.
Stocker, 1st Lt. L. W., to Camp Kearney for discharge.
Crider, 1st Lt. E. A., hon. discharged.

Ordnance.

Demarest, Maj. C. S., to Metuchen, N. J.
Geraghty, Capt. T. F., to Baltimore.
Shuls, Capt. G. E., and Warren, 1st Lt. H. E., will report to Chief of Staff.
Neville, Capt. E. R., to Washington.
Hays, 1st Lt. J. M., to Boston.
Haist, 1st Lt. T. E., to Edgewood Arsenal.
Marston, 1st Lt. E. J., to Washington for discharge.

Infantry.

Price, Col. F. S. L., to New York, as Dist. Mil. Inspector of R. O. T. C.
Andrus, Lt. Col. E. H., to Boston.
Dockery, Lt. Col. A. B., to Ft. Ringgold with 4th Cav.
Weir, Maj. B. G., to Washington.
Cook, Maj. R. H., to Georgia School of Technology as Prof. of Mil. Science.
Melaskey, Maj. H. M., and Kahn, Capt. L. L., to Newport News.
Wilson, Capt. R. M., and Allen, Capt. G. L., to Camp Gordon.
Krafft, Capt. W. W., will report to Chief of Staff.
Petersen, 1st Lt. E. O., to Gen. Hosp. No. 29, at Fort Snelling, for treatment.

Quartermaster Corps.

Penwood, Lt. Col. W. L., relieved from duty as Disbursing Off. at Del. Ord. Depot.
Baker, Lt. Col. W. B., (Major, U. S. A., retired,) hon. discharged.
Putnam, Maj. J. L. Lanphear, Capt. R. S., and Brooks, 1st Lt. R. B., to Wash.
Halsey, Maj. C. W., hon. discharged.
Stevens, Maj. F. D., to Fort Snelling as Qm.
Arnold, Maj. W. S., relieved from present duties.
Ackerson, Capt. F. L., to Camp Wadsworth.
Watson, Capt. W. U., to Mays Landing, N. J., as Qm.
Eldredge, Capt. M., to Erie, Proving Grounds.
Wrenn, Capt. A. R., to Wash. in Real Estate Section.
Johnson, Capt. J. T., to Emporium, Penn., as off. in charge of const. at acid plant.
Stringer, Capt. G. F., to Mays Landing as Motor Transport Off.
Smith, Capt. H. J., to Governors Island.
Weisner, 1st Lt. G. A., to Fort Meade.
Pruitt, 1st Lt. W. F., to Camp Taylor as asst. to Utilities Off.

Air Service.

Hensley, Col. W. N., to Akron, Ohio, and assume command airship training and const.
Fickel, Lt. Col. J. E.; Hickam, Maj. H. M., and Graham, Maj. J. B., to Wash.
Brooks, Maj. J. B., to Barron Field and assume command.
Vanmeter, 1st Lt. S. L., to Dayton, Ohio.
Taylor, 1st Lt. R. D., and Wilber, 1st Lt. J. B., to Kelly Field.
Hoover, 1st Lt. E. T., to Ellington Field.

Coast Artillery.

Wilson, Lt. Col. J. E., to Ft. Worden at Coast Defenses of Puget Sound.
Birsete, Lt. Col. C. H., will report to Chief of Coast Artillery.
Duval, Maj. W. E., detailed Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at Delaware College.
Wilson, Maj. C. R., will report to Chief of Staff.
Collins, Capt. J., to Fort Monroe.
Schwinn, Capt. K. C., to Hoboken, N. J.
Rentfro, 1st Lt. E., to Ft. Washington, Md.

Sanitary Corps.

Price, Maj. H. B., to Camp Humphreys.
Simmons, Capt. F. S., to Hoboken.
Przybylski, 1st Lt. H. A. F., to Camp Meade.

Cavalry.

Taylor, Lt. Col. W. R., to Ft. Monroe as Qm.
Stratton, Capt. F. P., to 5th Cav., at Ft. Bliss.

Miscellaneous.

Pritchett, Lt. Col. H. H., Insp. Gen., to Newport News.
Dewell, Maj. J. D., Jr., Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept., to Baltimore.
Burns, Capt. W. F., Tank Corps, to Gen. Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago, for physical examination.
Blarcom, Capt. H. Y., Dental Corps, to Gen. Hosp. No. 9, at Lakewood, N. J.
Patterson, Capt. C. A., to Gen. Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Fuller, Capt. C. M., to Camp Humphreys for examination.
Bosshardt, Capt. A. C., to Camp Beauregard.
Miller, 1st Lt. G. F., to Camp Travis.
Fuller, 1st Lt. R. F., U. S. A., and Wall, 1st Lt. S., U. S. A., hon discharged.
Fernald, 1st Lt. H. M., M. T. C., will report to Chief of Motor Transp. Corps.

Resignations.

Sauer, 1st Lt. P. K., M. C.
Rom, 1st Lt. R. G., Inf.
Kuerzi, 1st Lt. I. A., Inf.

Leaves.

Beach, Col. F. N., Cav., 10 days.
Grant, Maj. L. T., Engs., extended 14 days.
Palmer, Capt. C. B., C. A., 10 days.
Katz, Capt J. A., F. A., 14 days.
Griffith, Capt F. H., F. A., 10 days.
Cranston, Capt. H. D., Engs., 10 days.
Boeger, Capt. W. E., F. A., 14 days.
Garner, Capt L. M., F. A., 14 days.
Cahill, 1st Lt J. H., F. A., 14 days.
Edwards, 1st Lt. T., 14 days.
O'Neill, 1st Lt. H. J., Engs., 21 days.

German Bank Statement.

BERLIN, Jan. 25.—The statement of the Imperial German Bank for the week ended Jan. 15 shows the following changes:

INCREASES.	Marks.
Treasury notes	86,755,000
Bills	1,567,675,000
Investments	1,279,000
Securities	65,822,000
Circulation	189,526,000
Deposits	1,751,236,000
DECREASES.	**Marks.**
Coin	2,925,000
Gold	2,990,000
Notes	138,000
Advances	920,000
Liabilities	273,213,000
Total gold holdings	1,257,186,000

BUSINESS RECORDS.

In Town.

BENJAMIN LEIBOWITZ, dealer in metal goods, of 104 Forsyth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,222 and assets of $992, consisting of stock, $25; automobile, $325; machinery, tools, &c., $75; accounts due, $565, and cash in bank, $2. Among the largest creditors are Sigmund Than, $955; Max Stahler, $595, and Mutual Lamp Manufacturing Company, $555.

HIRSCHELL MAYES, a retail butcher, now an insurance agent, of Kingston, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,156 and assets of $8,016, consisting of real estate, $2,450; tools, &c., $250, and accounts due, $316. Among the largest creditors are the Citizens' Bank of Fleischmanns, N. Y., $1,450, and Harry Bradley, $800.

CHARLES WEISBECKER, (a corporation.)—Judge Mayer has appointed George F. Hinrichs receiver in equity in $80,000 bond in a suit brought by Meyer & Bush Company against Charles Weisbecker, a corporation, operating general markets at 270 West 125th Street and 2635 Broadway. The liabilities are said to be about $141,920, and the assets are given as approximately $233,119.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Berger, George R.—Photograph Co., N. Y.	$137.80
Blayer, Christian—J. Trick	1,250.77
Bloch, Joseph A.—J. A. Bruno	1,044.95
Berry, Boyd, and National Surety Co.—People, &c.	1,000.00
Curry, Mariso G.—L. P. Harrison	673.01
De Magathaes, Nestor P.—J. Souitatos	1,211.00
Emdin, Dora E.—W. Weishausen	565.44
Fately, Arthur B.—R. H. Graham, costs	116.57
Feinman, Abraham and Sidney, (A. Feinman & Son)—M. Weil	125.00
Geller, Rubin—L. Abrams	1,045.00
Grudberg, Simon C.—W. B. Ogden	101.70
Hutchinson, John A. and Charles A.—N. Y. County Natl. Bank	1,109.62
Same—Same	1,216.87
Hennessey, Patrick, and John J. Mahon—People, &c.	500.00
Herer, Benjamin M.—Tide Water Oil Co.	842.80
Jacobs, George C.—City of N. Y., costs	148.20
Juneau, Veverly—Finchley, Inc.	218.70
J. R. Building Co.—Lockwood Co.	434.54
J. R. Building Co. and Jacob Reich—Lockwood Co.	349.81
Kausae, William, and Paul Mannassos—People, &c.	500.00
Knights of Pythias Bronx Temple Association—N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co.	495.50
Krisberg, Irving—E. Jablow	124.11
Lam, Celia—City of N. Y., costs	121.31
Lang Propeller Co. of America—F. A. Godfrey et al.	707.06
Mosel, J. A.—Howard P. Ware Corp.	278.01
Mayes, Marshall H.—Aaron Buchebaum	147.57
McKenna, Hannah E., or Bartley—A. Dooley	6,095.95
Mutual Trading Co.—D. M. Gregory	979.74
Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.—E. Holley	1,145.89
Ruhlin, Sarah M.—Wm. J. Burns International Detective Agency, costs	102.70
Ruppert, Jacob—J. Slattery, costs	110.07
Smith, Katherine A.—H. Bush	574.68
Stanley, Mary—L. E. Warren	541.67
Stotsky, Sam—H. Bunge, costs	117.73
Smith Auto Delivery, Inc.—H. Canaan	252.64
Wartikowlys, Isaac—S. Strassberg	980.82
Wronski, Thaddeus—C. Thomas	114.97

In Bronx County.

Eisenberg, Ivan—G. Glassberg	830.79
Globe Waist and Undergarment Co.—B. Barachick	83.10
Kahn, Fannie—W. J. Childs	93.45
Same—A. Alphonso	441.68
Newson, Nathan—H. Simonoff	143.10
Olarsky, Morris—A. Rusch	479.31
Park Air Inn—O. J. Gude Co. of N. Y.	777.34
Public Sanitary Bakery, Inc.—F. Oling	37.72
Same—A. Feldman	37.72
Same—O. Abramson	42.72
Scott, Max—H. Scheri	1,144.04
Fridegen, Jack Ray—F. Witthaus	71.37
Weinstock, William and Helen—Motor Mercantile Co.	106.21

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Baynes, Maitland, and Jennie G. Ekman—People, &c., Jan. 24, 1919	$1,000.00
Blackman, William W.—T. E. Wing et al., Dec. 11, 1915	3,047.62
Doyne, Simon—G. Horowitz, April 18, 1910, (canceled)	1,961.39
Ebling Brewing Co.—Century Holding Co., Dec. 27, 1918	2,402.42
Same—Same, Dec. 27, 1918	1,761.66
Greifer, Benjamin A.—B. Klein, Jan. 7, 1919	111.25

In Bronx County.

Konewitch, Joseph and Jacob—I. Lipshits, Dec. 14, 1916	$188.61

Education Notes.

Registration for the new courses, which begin at Adelphi College during the week of Feb. 3, is now taking place. Among the new courses offered are American Government, to be given by Prof. Park; English Poetry and Methods of Teaching English in the High School and the Junior High School, both by Prof. Heydrick; History of the Renaissance, by Prof. Fradenburgh, Social Principles of Education, by Prof. Taylor; Plane Trigonometry, by Prof. Bowden; Social Problems, by Prof. Park, and many language courses. The office of the Extension Department will be open every school day from 3:30 to 4:30 P. M. for registration and consultation.

The graduating exercises of the class of January, 1919, of the Eastern District High School, Marcy Avenue and Keap Street, Brooklyn, will be held on the evening of Jan. 29. The Rev. Cannon William S. Chase will preside. The diplomas and certificates will be presented by Dr. Israel H. Leventhal. An address will be made by Commander Hawley O. Rittenhouse of the United States Navy.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers has approved the salary increases proposed by the Federation of Teachers' Associations.

The graduating exercises of Public School 136, the George Dewey school, were held on Friday evening.

The Board of Supervisors has adopted a resolution requiring that the United States flag shall be displayed in all classes for instruction to foreigners in English and citizenship.

Owing to the length of time taken by the trial of Fritz A. H. Leuchs, a teacher in the Morris High School, for disloyalty, the Board of Education did not hold its meeting yesterday, but postponed it until next Wednesday.

Rufus J. Sulis has been transferred from the Bureau of Attendance to the Bureau of Supplies at $2,300 a year. The position of assistant to the Superintendent of Supplies at $3,000 has been eliminated, and the position of clerk at $2,300 a year established in lieu thereof.

Police Department News.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. Daniel McKeever, 7th, from 5:50 A. M., Jan. 7, during disability; J. T. Reilly, 10th, from 7:20 A. M., Nov. 26, to 12 P. M., Jan. 8; John Ruoff, 28th, from 3:45 P. M., Dec. 24, to 12 noon, Dec. 28; Joseph Odze, 38th, from 5:40 P. M., Jan. 14, during disability; T. P. McCue, 42d, from 12:01 A. M., Jan. 1, to 12 P. M., Jan. 3; E. W. Hearn, 49th, from 12:15 A. M., Jan. 18, during disability; J. P. Durkin, 77th, from 12 noon, Dec. 18, to 12 noon, Dec. 26; F. P. Lander, Traffic Div., Subd. A, from 7:30 A. M., Jan. 8, during disability.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga., Fla., and Ala.—Rain Sun.; fair Mon.
Miss.—Cloudy Sun.; fair Mon.
Tenn. and Ky.—Cloudy and rain Sun., fair Mon.
Ind.—Fair Sun. and Mon.
Ohio—Cloudy Sun., fair Mon.
Mich.—Cloudy Sun. and Mon.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Saturday evening, at Palace Restaurant, or between there and 6th Av., a brown suede pocketbook, containing sum of money and card of Community Motion Picture Bureau. Finder return to Community Motion Picture Bureau, 46 West 24th St., and receive reward.

LOST—On 9th Av. elevated, between 33th and Bleecker Sts., or in West Broadway to Spring St., or in Spring St. to Macdougal St., lady's gold Waltham wrist watch on black velvet ribbon; reward for return. R 680 Times Downtown.

LOST—Small black velvet bag, containing purse and cardcase, Tuesday, Jan. 21, between 15th and 43d to 5th Av.; reward. Phone Circle 515.

LOST—Black lynx muff, left in taxicab, 77th and Madison Av., about 6 o'clock, Jan. 25. Liberal reward on returning to Buckingham Hotel, Apt. 62.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, Jan. 18, Madison Av. car, coin purse containing gold watch, money, credit check from Wanamaker's. B 109 Times.

LOST.—Platinum diamond ring, black enamel boundary, between William and 72d Sts., subway. Reward $100. Col. 7640, Apt. 8C.

LOST.—Gold lorgnettes, Broadway, around 45th, Saturday, 7 P. M. Reward. 5905 Circle.

LOST—Saturday, between lower Broadway, 110th St., brown muff; reward. R 663 Times Downtown.

LOST—Rose bag, with meshbag, money, photo, 33d St. 3967 Audubon. Dean. Reward.

$100 REWARD offered, no questions asked, for return black lace scarf, heirloom, lost on Monday, Jan. 13, either Knickerbocker Theatre, 60th St. and Broadway; Century Roof, or East 70th St.; value sentimental. 134 East 70th St., New York. Phone Rhinelander 9378.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Yellow Persian cat; reward. Return or notify B. H. Baker, 59 East 73d St. Phone Rhinelander 2109.

Additional Lost and Found Advertisements on First Page, Section Nine.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises......7:12 | Sun sets......5:06

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:55	3:18	9:26	9:54
Governors Island	3:51	4:12	10:27	10:28
Hell Gate	5:11	5:59	.....	12:37

Arrived—Saturday, Jan. 25.

U. S. S. Maui, Brest, Jan. 11.
SS Rochambeau, Bordeaux, Jan. 9.
SS Western Front, Bordeaux, Jan. 4.
SS Kishiney, Marseilles, Jan. 4.
SS Caiulu, Liverpool, Jan. 5.
SS Atenas, Azores, Jan. 15.
SS Battinin Accame, Genoa, Dec. 24.
SS Alamo, Galveston, Jan. 17.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Caronia	Brest	Jan. 17
Suffolk	St. Nazaire	Jan. 6
Hampden	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Ice King	St. Nazaire	Jan. 10
Gatesburg	Nantes	Jan. 10
Montserrat	Cadiz	Jan. 9
West Galeta	Bordeaux	Jan. 12
DUE TOMORROW.		
Sioux	La Pallice	Jan. 10
DUE TUESDAY.		
Plattsburg	Southampton	Jan. 20
Lorraine	Bordeaux	Jan. 19
DUE WEDNESDAY.		
France	Brest	Jan. 22
Mongolia	Brest	Jan. 20
Martha Washington	Brest	Jan. 19
Communipaw	Brixham	Jan. 9
DUE THURSDAY.		
Minnekahda	London	Jan. 20
British Star	London	Jan. 14
DUE FRIDAY.		
Natal	Barry	Jan. 17
Polar Land	Bordeaux	Jan. 15
DUE SATURDAY.		
Palermo	London	Jan. 14
Mississippi	Havre	Jan. 14
Hellig Olav	Christiansand	Jan. 18
DUE SUNDAY.		
Adriatic	Brest	Jan. 24
Manitowoc	Bordeaux	Jan. 14

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Wilhelmina, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
G. Washington, Brest	———	3:00 P.M.
Sierra, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Pueblo, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Saga, Bahia	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
De Kalb, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Marival, Trinidad	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Talisman, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Owego, Lisbon	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Manchuria, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
U. S. H. S. Comfort, Brest	———	10:00 A.M.
Cretic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
West Ekonk, Genoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Purus, Rio Janeiro	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Honduras, Kingston	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
I. D. S. Adolph, St. Johns, N. F.	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Zulia, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 A.M.
Tyr, Barbados	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Caronia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gullfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Giuseppe Verdi, Genoa	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Concho, San Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sosua, Cartagena	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Annetta, Kingston	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Connersville, Martinique	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Chicago, Bordeaux	8:30 A.M.	

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Saranac, at London, Jan. 24.
SS Hanna, at Marseilles, Jan. 21.
SS Nevada, at Cette, Jan. 21.
SS Agamemnon, at Brest, Jan. 25.
SS Faith, at Calao, Jan. 22.
SS Monmouth, at Colon, Jan. 24.
SS Bergensfjord, at Bergen, Jan. 21.
SS Byron, at Barbados, Jan. 22.
SS Oceano, at Genoa, Jan. 22.

Sailed.

SS Taorus, from St. Lucia, Jan. 23.
SS Minnekahda, from Brest, Jan. 23.
SS Plattsburg, from Brest, Jan. 23.
SS Lake Belona, from Porto Rico, Jan. 23.
SS Adriatic, from Brest, Jan. 24.
SS Carolyn, from Naples, Jan. 23.

Passed.

SS United States, New York for Copenhagen, passed Eutindrev Jan. 23.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M., Jan. 29, SS Cretic, and 7 A. M., Jan. 31, SS Caronia.

France—Sailings uncertain.

Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Jan. 29, SS West Ekonk, and at 9 A. M. Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.

Gibraltar—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.

Portugal—Close at 7:30 A. M. Jan. 27, SS Owego.

Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain; Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6:30 P. M. daily.

Samoan Islands, Austria, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura	Jan. 30
Philippine Islands, Austria, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline	Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via Seattle)—SS Mexico Maru	Feb. 1
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Venezuela	Feb. 3
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura	Feb. 7

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Kobe, Jan. 2, and Yokohama, Jan. 4—which arrived per steamer Kamo, were dispatched east from Seattle on Jan. 19, and mails dated Melbourne, Jan. 1; Sydney, Jan. 2, and Honolulu, Jan. 15, which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Ventura, were dispatched east on Jan. 21. These mails are due in New York today.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion lists are announced:

To inspector of repairs and supplies, Grade 5, Finance Department, Auditing Bureau—Michael F. Hayes 84.45.

To Clerk, Grade 4, Municipal Civil Service Commission, Administration Division—Harry P. Somerville 90.90; August Knoepfle 87.61. Examining Division—John C. Laffen 90.88; Edward C. Dobbins 89.69.

United States.

The commission announces that a stenographer and typewriter examination will be held at New York on Feb. 4, for filling vacancies in the field service at salaries ranging from $900 to $1,200 a year. As the existing register contains the names of an ample number of female eligibles, women will not be admitted to this examination. The following subjects will be given: Spelling, arithmetic, penmanship, letter writing and practical tests in stenography and in typewriting. Dictation will be given at the rate of 80, 100, 120 and 140 words per minute; each competitor will be required to take and transcribe at least the 80-word test, in addition they will be permitted to take the notes of any or all of the dictation at higher rates of speed. The practical tests in typewriting, in addition to the transcription of the stenographic notes, will consist of copying from rough draft and copying from plain copy. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth birthday on the date of the examination. Application blanks, form 1371, may be obtained at Room 319 Custom House, New York.

INSTRUCTION.

Law School FORDHAM UNIVERSITY
WOOLWORTH BLDG., N. Y.
AFTERNOON Sessions Resumed
Monday, Feb. 3
COURSES OPEN TO WOMEN.
Catalogue sent on application to Registrar.

Spanish Language
Conversation and business correspondence taught day and evening, hour or half hour lessons, privately or small classes; men and women. PRUNERA STUDIOS OF SPANISH, 180 Broadway (until 7 P. M.), 106 West 90th (until 9 P. M.)

THE UPTOWN SCHOOL OF FRENCH "L'ECOLE FRANCAISE," 420 W. 121st St., corner Amsterdam Ave., near Columbia University. Phone Morn. 4660.

YOUNG FRENCH LADY, good instructor, wants to give French lessons, $1 hour. Write Mme. Barreau, M., 22 West 94th St.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—A disturbance is passing east over the Great Lakes and another disturbance is passing northeastward over the Gulf of Mexico and a third disturbance is over British Columbia. During the last twenty-four hours there were rains in the South Atlantic and Gulf States, the upper lake region and on the North Pacific Coast. There were heavy rains in Southern Louisiana, Southern Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, and Northwestern Florida.

Temperatures remain decidedly above normal in all parts of the country except the Middle Gulf States and the Southern Rocky Mountain region.

Indications are that the weather will be unsettled with rains Sunday and fair Monday throughout the Atlantic States.

The weather will be generally fair Sunday and Monday in the lake region, the Ohio and Lower Mississippi Valleys and the East Gulf States.

Mild temperatures for the season will continue over the eastern half of the country during the next forty-eight hours and probably longer.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast at and south of Cape Hatteras and on the East Gulf of Mexico.

Winds for Sunday and Monday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate to fresh variable, cloudy, probably rain over the southern portion; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh southeast, cloudy, and probably rain; South Atlantic Coast, fresh south and southeast, shifting to west, rain.

FORECAST TODAY AND MONDAY.

Eastern New York—Cloudy Sunday, probably rain in the south and rain or snow in the north portion. Monday clearing; not much change in temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy with rain Sunday. Monday fair; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Partly cloudy Sunday, probably preceded by rain. Monday fair, moderate temperature.

Northern New England—Cloudy and warmer Sunday, probably followed by rain or snow by Sunday night. Monday clearing.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	23	27	4 P. M.	34	46
6 A. M.	23	27	6 P. M.	33	45
9 A. M.	23	31	9 P. M.	34	46
12 M.	28	38	11 P. M.	36	46

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 30; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 27; at 8 P. M. it was 41. Maximum temperature, 47 degrees at 5:15 P. M.; minimum, 26 degrees at 4:30 A. M. Humidity, 84 per cent. at 8 A. M., 89 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.87 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.97 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
6:15—114 E. 16 St.	Not given
7:00—Webster Av. and Alden Place; (auto,) Samuel Sadowsky	Slight
9:22—1,206 3 Av.	Not given
P. M.	
12:07—Morris Park Av. and Westchester Creek; (vacant lot,) not given	None
12:40—452 8 Av.; Jacob Rosenas	Not given
12:50—273 W. 126 St.; Henry Simons	None
1:00—418 E. 10 St.; L. Leischman	Not given
1:00—264 E. 89 St.; Alexander Fein	$500
1:00—512 W. 180 St.; D. F. Ulhause	Slight
1:30—400 E. 58 St.; Marion Faryoak	Slight
5:00—64 W. 107 St.; not given	Slight
6:15—Lexington Av. & 35 St.; (auto,) Community Motion Picture Co.	Slight
7:40—231 W. 29 St., (wagon;) G. Colg	Slight
7:45—964 Jackson Av.; J. J. Donovan	Slight
8:45—1,768 Amsterdam Av.; J. White	Slight
8:45—140 St. & Harlem River, (rowboat;) James Tuomey	$15
10:35—35 Grove St.; Anna Knapp	Slight
10:45—83 Northern Av.; not given	Slight
11:00—409 E. 80 St.; A. Sheridan	Slight

The New Hotel Pennsylvania

Shows four interesting and artistic uses of

ATLANTIC Terra Cotta

The exterior of the upper stories is in Atlantic gray, the restaurant and grill in glazed polychrome and the subway in vitreous gray.

Atlantic Terra Cotta Co.
1170 Broadway

WANTED—FOR NOTHING

A combination pool and billiard table for use in club room of the soldiers of U. S. Tank Corps to be opened on February 1st at 253 Madison Avenue. Any person willing to loan or donate such a table will kindly communicate with
TANK CORPS LEAGUE,
230 West 42nd St.
Telephone 9656 Bryant.

REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY HOMES
READY

1. A mansion of fifteen rooms and four baths on acre hill top.
2. Seven room and two bath frame Colonial overlooking Hillside Avenue.
3. A frame and stucco twelve room-two bath (may rent furnished.)
4. A hollow tile and stucco home in restricted section Jamaica Estates, at a sacrifice.
5. A modern seven room dwelling with one bath at $8500.00. With all above garage is included, or will be provided. Open for inspection today by application at Hillcrest Office (phone 1039 Jamaica) to Mr. McNulty.

Degnon Contracting Co.,
Grand & Hillside Avs., Jamaica, N. Y. C.
N. B.—Houses on selected plots will be built for June first occupancy.

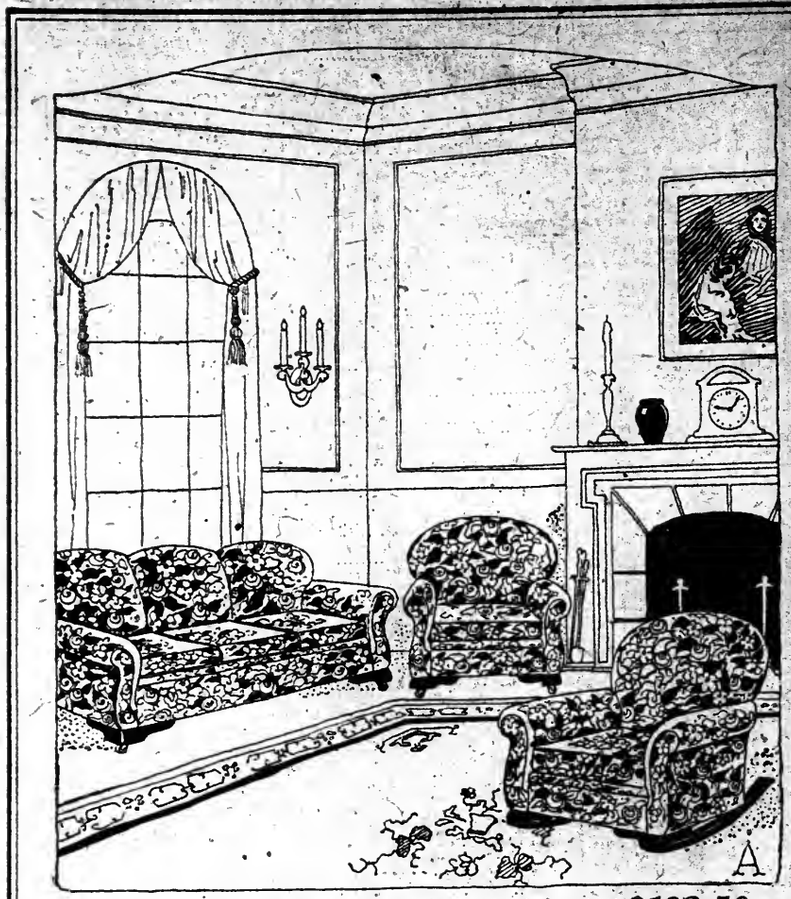
NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A WONDERFUL BARGAIN

$2,500, ON VERY EASY TERMS, BUYS THIS Fine Home; Remaining Mortgage $5,000; Easy Commutation to N. Y. City. Beautiful Plot, 100x100 Feet. 10 huge rooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping balcony, big open fireplace, wide concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, oak, white enamel and mahogany finished trim; fine tree-covered grounds and lawns; porte cochere entrance; exclusive residential neighborhood; convenient to trolley line and 2 ex. R. R. stations; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lakes, and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches, and markets. Write or phone GEO. R. PEARE, 640 Riverside Drive. Telephone 6984 Audubon.

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST.-BROADWAY-33rd ST.



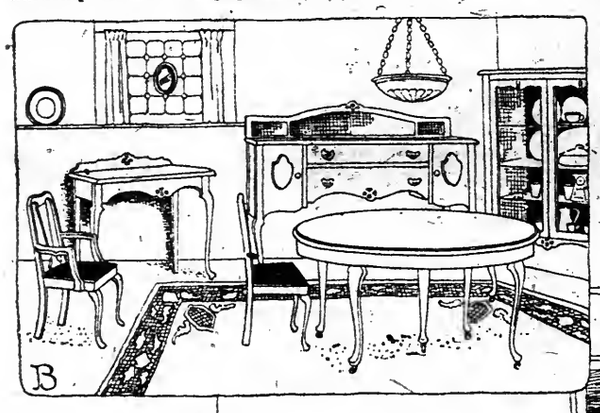
A—$290.00 3-piece, Overstuffed Tapestry Suite for living room. Loose cushion seats, spring edge, spring cushions, roll arms. Davenport, 6 ft. 6 in. over all. Back covered in same material. **$192.50**

$150.00 Davenport. **$97.50** $70.00 Arm Chair or Rocker. **$47.50**

Like You Bought Your Liberty Bonds Gimbel Brothers Sell You Furniture

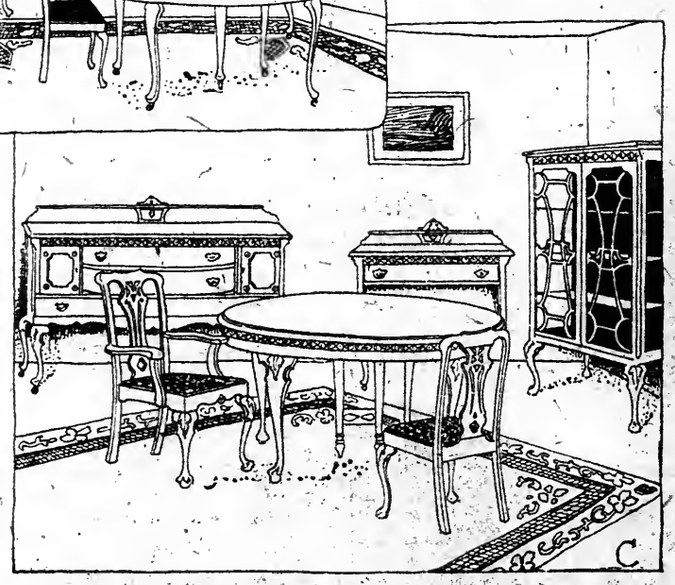
A Dignified System of Deferred Payments arranged for your convenience, so that you may buy now and pay later. This makes it possible for the Reconstruction of Your Office and of Your Home after you have suffered the hazards of war conditions.

These Deferred Payments also make it possible for those who have never kept house to develop as charming a Home as they desire. These Deferred Payments also enable Home-loving Folks to have a Home without having the hardship of lack of equipment.



B—$400.00 Queen Anne type 10-piece Suite for dining room—$219.50 In Mahogany. 60-in. Buffet. 54-in. Dining Table. Chairs have seats of Blue Leather.

C—$600.00 Chippendale type 10-piece Suite for dining room—$440.00 Dining Table has 54-in. top. Chairs have seats of blue figured haircloth.



Fancy Furniture

Including many charming pieces, such as Tea Wagons, Lazy Susans, Muffin Stands, Smoking Stands, Work Tables, Pedestal Tabourettes, etc.

Imported Furniture

Many beautiful Cabinets, odd Chairs, etc., all specially priced, regardless of the cost.

February Furniture Sale

Opens February First

with discounts of 10% to 50% that are splendid savings to you

"Days of Review" Now On

give you the privilege and pleasure to inspect, compare, and, if you wish, select for delivery as soon as the sale actually opens

This splendid Annual Event has come to be watched for with genuine eagerness by all persons who need real Homemaking Furniture at prices within the range of reason.

This Year's Gimbel Sale embraces such Furniture as is required to "Reconstruct" the Homes of

The Fine Men Who Make Up the Noble U. S. Army and Navy

together with every one else who has waited for this Famous Annual Event.

To Give You Some Idea of the Magnificent Range of Gimbel Furniture "With Initiative"

offered in this Sale, let us tell you. There are—

196	Styles of Bedroom Sets ranging from	$130.00 to	$875.00
120	Styles of Bureaus ranging from	$19.00 to	$75.00
94	Styles of Chiffoniers and Chifforobes ranging from	$17.00 to	$85.00
70	Styles of Toilet Tables and Vanity Cases ranging from	$16.00 to	$120.00
77	Styles—Dining Room Sets ranging from	$110.00 to	$925.00
48	Styles—Buffets ranging from	$15.00 to	$110.00
56	Styles—Dining Tables ranging from	$12.50 to	$50.00
28	Styles—China Cabinets ranging from	$21.50 to	$145.00

All Sorts of
Hall Furniture
—Consols Sets
—Chairs
—Hat Racks

Wonderful Collection
Living Room Furniture
—Sets and Single Pieces

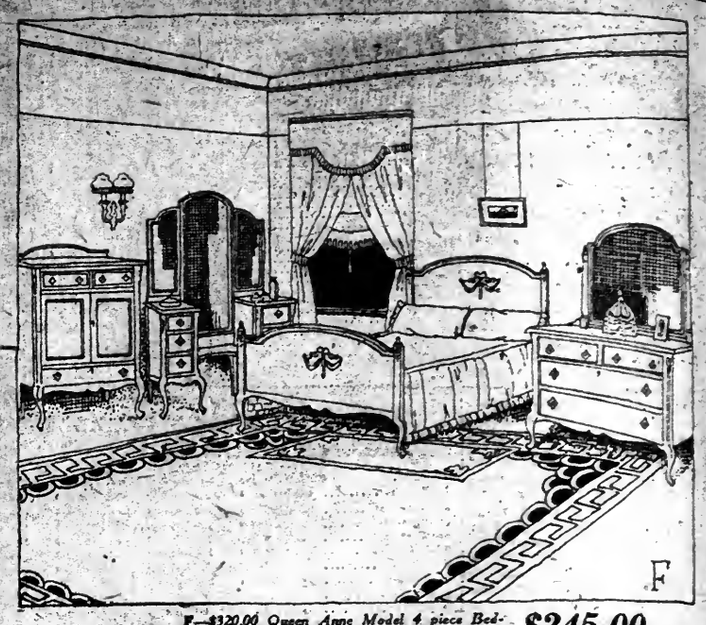
Every piece mentioned at prices ranging from 10% to 50% less

than they will be after the Sale, for the reason, this Furniture was bought 6 to 10 months ago with special reference to this Sale

D—$200.00 Louis XVI. type, Cane, 3-piece Suite. Frames finished in Mahogany. Covered in Velours, Tapestry, or Damask. **$142.50**

Among the Period Furniture embraced in this sale there are fine copies and adaptations of Queen Anne, Chippendale, Louis XVI., Adam, Hepplewhite, Old American Colonial and the best modern conceits.

GIMBELS FURNITURE SECTION—Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Floors

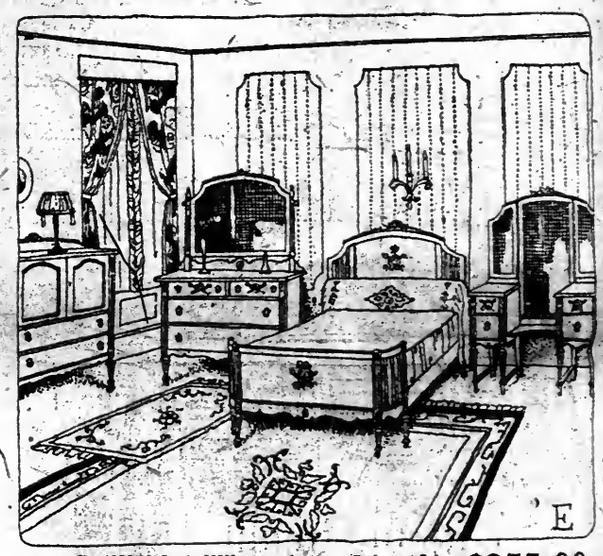


F—$320.00 Queen Anne Model 4 piece Bedroom Suite. American Walnut, finely figured. **$245.00**

Furniture Leaders of the World

Among the Furniture Firms Represented in this Great Reconstruction Sale that is the Gimbel Annual February Furniture Event are the following makers of international renown:

—Walter Skull & Co. of London, England.
—Berkey & Gay.
—Imperial Furniture Co.
—Sligh Furniture Co.
—Grand Rapids Furniture Co.
—Grand Rapids Chair Co.
—C. P. Limbert & Co.
—Simmons Manufacturing Co.
—S. Karpen & Bros.
—Jamestown Lounge Co.
—Detroit Cabinet Co.
—A. & C. A. Hix.
—Phoenix Furniture Co.
—Wallace Nutting.
—Windsor Furniture Co.
—Michigan Chair Co.
—The Stickley Associated Cabinetmakers, Inc.



E—$350.00 Louis XVI. type, 4 pieces, Bedroom Suite. American Walnut or Antique Ivory. **$255.00**

$95.00 Dresser. **$67.50** | $100.00 Vanity Case.. **$72.50**
$75.00 Chifforobe. **$55.00** | $80.00 Bed. **$60.00**

The Famous

Gimbel Restaurant

on the Eighth Floor
Serves Very Delicious Food

Combination Plates range 50c., 60c., 70c., $1.00

During this splendid February Furniture Sale, this Restaurant will give you such comfort, for you can eat leisurely, and rest while you eat.

While you eat your friends can join you or your family can help you plan about the new home.

It's seldom such real comfort as the Gimbel Restaurant furnishes can be found as a companion to such thoroughly-good merchandise as is in the February Sale of Furniture.

Gimbels Eighth Floor---Headquarters for Beds, Pillows and Mattresses

DAY BEDS

These comfortable new articles that are so convenient as a bed at night and so charming as a settee in the daytime are here at Gimbels from $16.50 to $45 for the frames. You can choose the covers, mattresses, springs, and pillows that suit you, and the cost will depend on the quality of equipment.

BED DAVENPORTS

The "Perfect Bed Davenport"—the most wonderful space saver ever produced—invites you to examine it.

Upholstered in Leather, Velours, Tapestries, Brocades, etc., these practical Bed Davenports are very tempting.

PILLOWS

Just look in the case and see all of the styles of pillows, and of what they are made. Then you'll surely have a new pillow, for the Gimbel pillows are so moderately priced and so thoroughly good.

MATTRESSES

One-third of your life is spent in bed, so do buy a good mattress and sleep in perfect comfort. Gimbel mattresses are the finest procurable at the price. Choose the kind you like best.

H—$80.00 Velours EASY CHAIR, striped brown silk velour spring seat and back. Rocker to match, same price. **$55.00**

J—"Four Poster" Mahogany finished Beds, Two sizes only, single and double. **$21.50**

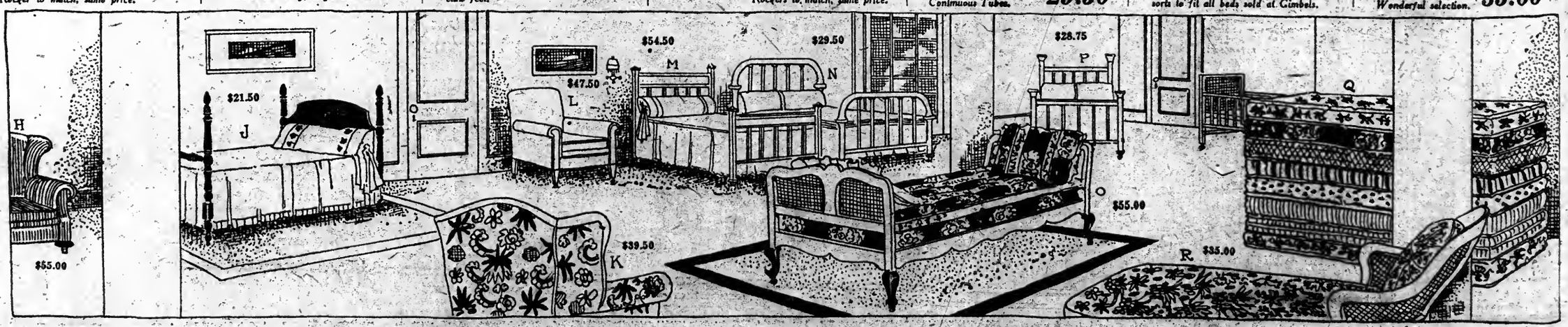
K—$50.00 Tapestry Fireside WING CHAIR; loose cushion seat, spring edge, claw feet. **$39.50**

L—$65.00 Leather EASY CHAIR, loose cushion seats, spring edge, covered in various colored leathers. Rockers to match, same price. **$47.50**

M—Brass Beds, all sizes. Square Tubes. **$54.50**
N—Brass Beds, all sizes. Continuous Tubes. **$29.50**

O—Day Beds, Mahogany finish. Complete, cretonne covered. **$55.00**
Q—Mattresses of all sorts to fit all beds sold at Gimbels.

P—Brass Beds, all sizes. **$28.75**
R—Chaise Longue. Wonderful selection. **$35.00 up**



Brooklyn, New Jersey and Long Island Customers direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

Section 2

NEWS SECTION
FINANCIAL—BUSINESS—SPORTS

The New York Times.

NEWS SECTION
FINANCIAL—BUSINESS—SPORTS

Section 2

E SUNDAY, JANUARY 26, 1919. E

LARGE INCREASE IN UNEMPLOYMENT

Washington Officials Find Conditions Getting Serious at Some Points.

SURPLUSES OF 210,000 MEN

Few Places in the Country Now Report Any Shortage in Labor Forces.

MANY OUT OF WORK HERE

Situation Up-State, in Western Mining Regions, and Pacific Coast Is Also Bad.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Official announcement was made today by the Department of Labor that the unemployment situation in many parts of the nation was rapidly "becoming serious" and that telegraphic reports received during the current week indicated that even less favorable conditions were to be expected. No mention was made of the part which the demobilization of the armed forces of the nation was playing in these developments, but other statistics published from time to time show that many of the soldiers and sailors who have returned to civil life are finding it difficult to obtain work.

The statement made by the Department is that the surpluses of labor reported during the last eight weeks reached 210,000. On Dec. 3 there was reported a shortage of labor of 34,000 and surpluses totalling 18,000. In the eight weeks during which the surpluses jumped to 210,000 the shortage, which occurred in districts where skilled labor, difficult to obtain, was in demand, were reduced to 12,000.

In summarizing the situation in New York State, the department says:

"Unemployment conditions throughout New York State are rapidly increasing. A surplus of labor is reported in every large city in the State. The surplus in Buffalo has increased from 12,000 to 13,000. New York City, Rochester, Syracuse, and Utica all report heavy surpluses. The surplus in Albany has increased from 3,000 to 4,000."

A somewhat similar report is rendered on conditions in New Jersey. It reads:

"Last week the supply of labor was reported about equal to the demand, with slight surpluses in Paterson and Elizabeth. This week surpluses of labor are reported in almost all cities. Trenton reports a surplus of 4,000."

Consistent Decrease in Shortages.

In its official summary of the general situation the Department of Labor says:

"On Dec. 10, 1918, 25 per cent. of the cities reporting on shortages and surpluses reported a shortage of labor, 12½ per cent. reported a surplus of labor, and 60 per cent. reported that the supply about equaled the demand. From that date on until the current week there has been a steady and consistent decrease in the shortages reported, while the surpluses have been steadily increasing. For the current week the percentage of offices reporting shortages has dropped to 11 per cent., the percentage reporting surpluses has increased to 44 per cent., while the cities reporting that the supply equals the demand has dropped to 45 per cent.

"The area of unemployment is spreading all over the country. Up to Dec. 21, only six States were reporting any considerable amount of surplus labor. During the current week twenty States reported a surplus. On Dec. 3, twenty-eight cities reported labor shortages and this number has been cut down in the current week to fifteen.

"On Dec. 3 there was reported a total shortage of labor of 34,000 and surpluses totaling only 12,000. During the following eight weeks this shortage was reduced to 12,000 while the surpluses reported reached the figure of 210,000."

The situation in various districts throughout the country is summarized as follows:

"New England.—In Connecticut the surplus over demand is increasing. Every centre except New Britain reports surpluses over demands with increasing unemployment. New Britain continues to report a slight shortage. It is hoped, however, that this condition of unemployment will continue only until the building trades resume, as a large proportion of the builders' hardware, which is made in this country, is made in Connecticut.

"In Massachusetts, Worcester reports a surplus of 6,000, as against a surplus of 5,000 last week. Lynn and Lawrence report surpluses. Boston and Springfield both report the supply about equal to the demand, although other reports indicate a large number of unemployed in Boston. In the State there is a surplus of about 3,000 boot and shoe workers, 700 factory hands, and 11,000 machinists reported.

"In Maine there is a surplus of shoe workers and woolen textile workers. Woodmen and shipbuilders are still needed, but the demand is lessening. In New Hampshire there is a slight demand for woodsmen, with supply and demand for other classes of labor about equal.

"Pennsylvania—Shortages are still reported in Pittsburgh and Scranton. The shortages in Harrisburg and Philadelphia have been wiped out and both cities report a surplus. Erie reports a heavy surplus.

"Ohio—The surplus in Cleveland of 40,000 has jumped to 55,000. Toledo reports a surplus of 10,000 and Dayton a surplus of 7,000. Cincinnati and Youngstown both report surpluses. Surpluses are reported in all centres except in Akron and Columbus, where the supply about equals the demand. The condition in Ohio seems to be steadily growing worse.

Heavy Surpluses in the West.

"Middle West—The surplus in Detroit of 25,000 reported last week has increased to 30,000. Grand Rapids, Jackson, and Flint all report surpluses. There is a demand for woodsmen and a heavy surplus of bookkeepers and clerks. Illinois reports surpluses at almost every point. The expected lay-off in Rock Island Arsenal will affect both Illinois and Iowa.

"In Indiana heavy surpluses are reported, except in boilermakers and machinists. Indiana reports a surplus of 4,400. Minneapolis, Minn., reports a surplus of 4,000. There is a surplus of high-class engineers, clerical help, and in the building trades. There is a slight demand for machinists.

"In the copper districts the conditions are serious. Copper producers are unable to market any considerable portion of their output, with the result that mines and smelters are being closed down and men laid off every day. Butte, Mont., reports a surplus of 10,000. In Arizona 125 mining companies are cutting down their forces, and a large amount of unemployment is all over the State.

"In Colorado the supply exceeds the demand for almost every class of labor. In Idaho and Iowa surpluses of both skilled and unskilled labor are indicated everywhere.

"In Nebraska alone the conditions seem to be more or less normal. Soldiers are receiving their old jobs back, and the situation is encouraging. There is a slight surplus of unskilled labor, but not enough to cause any uneasiness. In Oklahoma there is a surplus in the building trades and stove molders. In New Mexico there is very little demand for labor and some surplus of common labor.

Some Shortages in the South.

"Southern.—In Alabama there is some demand for miners and agricultural help. In Georgia there is some shortage in Atlanta and Savannah, but taking the State as a whole there is a surplus of all classes of labor. Savannah reports a shortage of mechanics and shipyard workers.

"Florida reports that the supply of labor exceeds the demand, with numbers of mechanics and machinists out of work. There are but few opportunities for labor in Florida except for agricultural workers, saw mill, turpentine, and common labor. Returning soldiers who are natives of the State will be taken care of, but a warning is issued that soldiers from other States are flocking there in larger numbers than conditions allow.

"Norfolk, Va., reports a shortage of 1,800, while Richmond reports a surplus. There is a surplus of clerical help throughout the State. Nashville, Tenn., reports a surplus of 2,000, without much change in other cities from last week. In Louisiana there is a demand for colored help, but a large surplus of white labor. In Kentucky the conditions are reported as generally poor. In Louisville, however, there is a slight shortage. There are slight shortages in Raleigh and Wilmington, N. C., with a surplus of semi-skilled labor in the cotton and tobacco mill industries.

"In South Carolina slight shortages are reported in agricultural and textile workers and in common labor. In Maryland there is a substantial shortage in Baltimore and some demand for miners throughout the State. In Delaware there is a small demand for laborers, machinists and shopworkers. Wilmington reports a slight shortage.

"Pacific Coast—Heavy surpluses are reported in San Francisco, Oakland and Los Angeles. San Francisco reports a surplus of 8,000. Laborers and returning soldiers seem unwilling to leave the city.

"The labor situation in Oregon, especially in Portland, is acute. Portland reports a surplus of 7,000. In Washington there is great unrest in the shipyards at Puget Sound, with a substantial surplus of workers over demand all over the State."

SUES OIL MAN FOR $600,000.

Von Hagen Alleges Instrument Invented by Him Located Wells.

Alleging that a radium instrument invented by Dr. Hugo J. von Hagen had been used successfully to locate oil wells from which more than $3,000,000 profit has been obtained by the user, Dr. von Hagen has filed suit in the Supreme Court against Karl J. Schumacher, said to be a buyer for the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, to recover a sixth interest in the profits. The complaint asks for $600,000, but demands an accounting of the sum earned by the defendant.

The complaint filed by Walter Carroll Low, attorney for Dr. von Hagen, does not describe the radium instrument further than to state that it has power to disclose the presence of oil underneath the ground wherever the instrument was used on the surface. Mr. Low said he could not speak of the instrument in detail, but explained that it is a small box equipped with a dial, about which a hand revolves.

"I have been told that if the instrument is carried on a train traveling at the rate of sixty miles an hour and the train passes over oil deposits the hand on the dial will wiggle excitedly," said Mr. Low.

Dr. von Hagen alleges that he made the agreement in May, 1917, by which Schumacher was to have the use of the radium instrument in locating oil wells for a sixth of the profits. Thereafter, he says, Schumacher used the box successfully in locating oil on twenty different tracts of land, aggregating 23,704 acres, throughout the United States. The tracts include, he adds, prospects near Hunter Station, Mucette, and Tienesta, Penn., the San Jacinto River in Texas, Madill, Okla.; Paola and Bluff City, Kan., and Tulsa, Okla.

Dr. von Hagen, who now lives in Atlantic City, has been interested in many mining enterprises. He is a graduate of Heidelberg and got his Ph. D. from Chicago University. He was for some years General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

BOND THIEF SENTENCED.

Clerk Who Took $10,000 of Liberty Issue Gets Long Term.

Judge McIntyre in General Sessions had thirty-five convicted prisoners arraigned for sentence yesterday. Alfred M. De Mott, 34 years old, of St. John's Place, Brooklyn, who pleaded guilty to stealing Liberty bonds worth $10,000 from Dominick & Dominick, 115 Broadway, was sent to Sing Sing for four to nine years and six months. Probation officers told the court that De Mott, who was a clerk for the bankers, with a wife and two children, had spent a large part of the proceeds from the bonds in extravagant entertainments in Broadway resorts. The Governors of the Stock Exchange sent this letter to Judge McIntyre, which he received before sentence was passed on De Mott:

"Owing to the prevalence of larcenies of Liberty bonds, members of the Stock Exchange feel that the public interests demand severe measures when the guilty persons are apprehended."

Among others sentenced were Jacob Deutsch, 17 years old, of 132 Second Avenue, to Elmira for attempting to extort $5,000 by sending threatening letters to William Guggenheim at 833 Tenth Avenue, and Frank Barbor, 18 years old, a chauffeur, of 417 East Seventy-fifth Street, thirty days in the city prison for injuring a child with his car. Most of the prisoners were petty offenders and were freed on suspended sentences under probation.

GEN. O'RYAN PLEADS FOR NATIONAL GUARD

Declares That Traditions of Regiments of 27th Division Should Be Perpetuated.

PRAISES NEW YORK UNITS

Commanding Officer Says Discipline, Esprit de Corps, and Pride of Home Made Them Superior.

A plea for the permanence of the 27th Division and of all the units composing the organization of the old New York National Guard Division is made in a statement sent to this country by Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan by Robert De Main Mountsier of the American Red Cross. General O'Ryan said he thought that all the traditions and designations of the 27th, the 107th Infantry, and all the other units in the division ought to be perpetuated in some way so that "in the next war" the units would be known by their same numbers.

"The factors that played the most important part in the accomplishment of the 27th Division in this war were, in my opinion, its discipline, esprit de corps, and locality sentiment and pride," said General O'Ryan. "Also to be considered are the high standard of intelligence and the physical fitness of the men in the division. All these factors and their results were welded together, so as to constitute a homogeneous machine, by really excellent staff work, and this in turn was the result not only of the individual training of the officers but of their relative permanency in their positions.

"The pride of organization, the respect for traditional honor, the affection for the unit, were factors that again and again stimulated the men of the 27th to do the things they did. They fought magnificently, gaining glory for themselves and their units. These units, when the war began, took new numerical designations. If there could be some guarantee that these designations would remain permanent, I feel sure that both officers and men, in view of what the division had gone through, would become greatly attached to them.

"One of the regiments of this division, the 7th New York Infantry, which, I think, is 108 years old, has been known in this war as the 107th. Even to us who know the units of the 27th Division so intimately, it has been a surprise that with all the change due to radical reorganization these units have transmitted and fused into the new men the traditions and spirit which they inherited from their regimental forebears.

Loyalty of New York Soldiers.

"When men are called upon to engage in an enterprise which may call for the supreme sacrifice they unconsciously dedicate their effort to some allegiance. Very largely will the intensity of their effort be affected by the character and hold upon them of that which they serve. In campaign and battle soldiers lead simple lives, and, seeking some tangible representation of the cause for which they fight, they are accordingly apt to centre their sentiments and emotions about their regiment and division. At the time the officers and men of the 27th Division entered upon the campaign they had attained a veritable state of exaltation in relation to their confidence in the division and the regiments composing it, and this was stimulated by the campaign and its results.

"In the matter of locality sentiment as a factor in what the 27th accomplished, it may be pointed out that in every command there is a certain percentage of absolutely fearless men, also a number whose nervous systems are such that they are greatly affected by the shock of battle. The remainder constitute the normal mass to be led in one direction or another as leadership, example, and discipline may determine. The constitutional defects of the nervous men are minimized by their greater fear of locality sentiment concerning their conduct, when the personnel of the unit all come from the same vicinity. A man dare not shirk when he knows that those about him who are depending upon him to play his part all come from the same locality and will report at home any failure on his part.

"If, on the other hand, he is a stranger in a strange unit, his home located in some other part of the country, this important deterrent is lacking. And so I believe that locality sentiment, individual and family pride, have played an important part in the battle manners of the division. We have not been troubled with skulkers, shirkers, and deadbeats in action.

Praises Old 7th Infantry.

"You ask me particularly about the 107th—the old 7th Regiment. It would be difficult adequately to characterize their record and accomplishment in this war without the use of superlatives. I wish to point out that this regiment since the Mexican border service has furnished many hundreds of officers to the United States Army. Again and again have the units of the division sent soldiers to the training camps as officer candidates. Almost in every case they were experienced noncommissioned officers.

"It is due to the 107th to say that the officer candidates furnished by them were particularly fine material. They were of good family, well educated, physically fit, well trained and disciplined. Everywhere in the army, from what I can learn, they have proved to be good officers. This division has furnished more than 1,000 officers, over and above its own requirements, to the army during the war. That record alone would justify all the effort of the past years in the development of the 27th Division.

WOMEN TO AID POLAR WORK.

Will Give Hospital Equipment to Roosevelt Memorial Expedition.

Women are to have their part in the Roosevelt Memorial Arctic Expedition which is to start by airplane for the polar regions in June of this year. The Aviation Committee of the National Special Aid Society, Mrs. William Allen Bartlett, Chairman, has just voted to contribute the complete hospital equipment and supplies for the expedition. This expedition will be financed by the Aerial League of America and be in charge of Captain Robert A. Bartlett, who was Captain of the S. S. Roosevelt in both of the Peary expeditions, and Commander of the McMillan Relief Expedition, &c.

The funds for this donation will come from the Treasurer and Trinket Fund of the society, which, working for the aviators of the United States Army, has raised nearly $100,000 to supply them with warm garments and other necessities and to aid their dependents in case of disaster. The women voted unanimously to make this gift to the expedition; it will be arranged with expert medical and surgical advice, and they may increase the gift when the cost of the equipment is learned.

Americans Captured by Moewe Released; 27 Among Men Sent Back via Switzerland

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The War Department made public tonight a list of men of the army and navy reported as having been released from German prison camps. Among the navy men given in the list were twenty-seven members of the crew of the British steamer Esmeraldes, which was captured and sunk by the German raider Moewe, in March, 1917.

Naval Aviator George T. Roe of Boston and the following army men from New York were reported as having passed through Switzerland en route to France after having been released:

CAHIL, F. J., Hoosick Falls, N. Y.; Capt.
MACIEWICS, A., 393 12th St., Brooklyn.
MOORE, W. E., 307 W. 128th St., N. Y.
NASSANO, PAUL, Bayside, N. Y.
MULLIGAN, P., 157 Manhattan St., N. Y.
BLOUNT, H. P., Laona, N. Y.
COHEN, HYMAN, 686 Beck St., New York.
SKWARLO, JOSEPH, Yonkers, N. Y.
UELTZ, H. F., 78 Union St., Newark, N. J.
BERNSTEIN, J. J., Hicksville, N. Y.
DE AMARAL, A., 420 E. 153d St., N. Y. C.
SALIT, M., 237 E. 103d St., New York City.
NEBECHOCK, B., 396 11th St., Jersey City, N. J.
TALBOLT, L. O., Lowville, N. Y.
KEDANSKY, J., 223 E. 3d St., New York C.
FLEMING, W. E., 87 Germania Av., Jersey City, N. J.
MARGIOTTA, A., 372 7th Av., New York C.
MIEZZKOWSKI, V., Binghamton, N. Y.
O'DONOHUE, D., 212 W. 11th St., New Y. C.

Emil G. Zugehor, of Rochester, N. Y., has been released from the prison camp at Rastatt and has returned to France.

Sam Petrelli, address not given, of the steamship King George, and the following members of the crew of the Esmeraldes were reported as having been released from German camps and to have sailed Dec. 8 for Denmark:

McDONALD, EDWARD F., Lowell, Mass.
BOYLE, BARNEY, not known.
BOBART, CHARLES C., Baltimore, Md.
BYRD, OSCAR C., Roanoke, Va.
BOYKIN, EUGENE, Anderson, S. C.
WALLACE, JESSE, Chesterfield, S. C.
O'CONNOR, JOSEPH, Baltimore, Md.
MASON, WALTER, Baltimore, Md.
MORGAN, JOSEPH W., Pawtucket, R. I.
GODSIE, CLIFFORD L., Appomattox, Va.
McCARTHY, THOMAS H., Richmond, Va.
PHILLIPS, PAUL, Pasadena, Cal.
SMITH, ROBERT A., Baltimore.
EARNHART, EVERETT O., Baltimore.
WHEATLEY, THOMAS S., Baltimore.
MITCHELL, J. LEWIS, Baltimore.
HENDREN, HENRY R., Norfolk, Va.
MILLER, JOHN, Baltimore.
WARREN, HOWARD, Myersville, Md.
MASON, HARRY, Baltimore.
HANBURG, LEWIS F., Norfolk, Va.
TROUT, WALTER, Washington, D. C.
SMITH, WILLIAM W., Harpers Ferry, Va.
LARCOME, JAMES A., Chelsea, Mass.
REYNOLDS, ALLEN, Lancaster, Penn.
ROGERS, BERNARD, Blacksburg, Va.
WILLIAMS, ZIBUTON V., Richmond, Va.

The following navy men are reported to have been released from German prison camps and have arrived in Scotland:

DELANEY, JAMES, (ship not given,) 265 Carlton Av.; Brooklyn.
ROOP, RAY, (steamship Campana,) Boyne City, Mich.
MURPHY, JOHN F., (steamship Jacob Jones,) Newport, R. I.
KLINE, CHARLES L., (steamship Campana,) Reading, Penn.
DEMALLO, ALBERT, (steamship Campana,) Pittsburgh.

Private THOMAS H. McCOOL of Philadelphia is reported to have died on Nov. 5 at Treves, from wounds.

EGAN WANTS KIEL CANAL NEUTRALIZED

Minister to Denmark Says German Militarism Is Still Dangerous.

SEES PROPAGANDA HERE

League for Political Education Joins Citizens' Committee to Welcome Troops.

Neutralization of the Kiel Canal to mitigate fear of the German Colossus, "not by any means a thing of the past," was urged yesterday by Maurice Francis Egan in telling the women members of the League for Political Education, at the regular Saturday morning lecture in Carnegie Hall, some of the things he heard in Copenhagen, "the whispering gallery of Europe," during the ten years he had been our Minister to Denmark.

"I think," added Mr. Egan, whose reply to the question was given as "an individual and not as a diplomatist," "that there can be no safety for Denmark until this is done."

The hope of Norway, Sweden and Denmark, as Mr. Egan read the future from the experience of the past, lies in a Scandinavian confederacy, which will be in effect a joint administration of foreign affairs, permit a benevolent supervision of the gate to the Baltic, and be an effective offset to German propaganda. Of propaganda, Mr. Egan said the Scandinavian countries, especially Sweden, had had plenty, and, turning the application of his subject from Sweden to the United States, he said:

"For the belief that the German militarism is dead, or that the German dream of a Hamburg to Bagdad railroad is abandoned, I have no sympathy. German propaganda, insidious and effective, is at work here as well as throughout the world. I want to warn you against too great a reliance in American honesty and integrity as proof against this propaganda. We must continue to fight 'the devil with his own fire,' and not remit any of our efforts to that end."

Mr. Egan obtained a vacation last May when he became ill in Copenhagen, due to overwork in connection with war problems, and yesterday his voice and his bearing suggested that he had not yet fully regained his strength. Frequently auditors, unaware that he had left a sick bed to make the address, interrupted him with calls of "Louder." He began by referring to the fact that he had been appointed to his post by the late Colonel Roosevelt, then President, whom he eulogized highly, terming him the "first of a new order of Americans." Recalling his friendship with the dead leader, Mr. Egan related how some time ago he was conferring with President Wilson in Washington, and somehow the name of Roosevelt came into the conversation. Mr. Egan said he turned to the President, saying:

"'Mr. President, it was Colonel Roosevelt who made it possible for you to be President.'"

The President, he added, replied:

"'Yes, it was he who opened the desk.'"

Mr. Egan discussed the diplomatic service. He declared that it was wrong, because it was based on the wrong principle, the political one. He said that any one who accepted a post in Europe was looked upon as one who had made a substantial contribution to the campaign fund. The speaker inferred that he had not found this handicap working in Denmark when he arrived, probably due to the intense democracy of the Danish peoples.

"When I left Copenhagen last May," he continued, "I found that the American public was determined to believe that the Scandinavian countries were tremendously pro-German. They are not. The great mass of the people are strongly pro-Ally and have been, with the possible exception of Sweden. The aristocratic Swedes, the upper classes as it were, have supported the German cause. The reason for this is that the upper class Swede is usually educated in Germany, and the Kaiser, no doubt, as part of the great propaganda campaign, always was quick to have Germany recognize any scientific attainment by a Swede. In Denmark the people do not like Germany, and of the many royalties I have met, the Queen of Denmark, despite her relationship to the former German Crown Prince, is very likely the least pro-German of all.

"I once made a great diplomatic 'mistake' in Copenhagen. Just before the sinking of the Lusitania, and shortly after von Bernstorff had published his warning to Americans not to take passage on the vessel, I entered into conversation with a Serene Highness, a Prussian. I happened to tell him that if the Lusitania was sunk and a single American life was lost it would mean war the next day.

"'Oh, my dear fellow,' was his reply, 'you know very well that your country, largely capitalistic and aristocratic, would hesitate long before going to war for the sake of 500,000 bourgeoisie.'

"When first I went to Denmark I was convinced that a great war never could come, because war had become too scientific. But when I lived in the shadow of the German Colossus I saw differently. King Christian once said to me, after the great war had begun, that he did not know but that he might wake some day to find himself in the position of King Albert of Belgium. My legation was a night's ride from Berlin, and we knew what it was to live in an atmosphere of uncertainty."

Discussing the question of Schleswig-Holstein, Mr. Egan commented bitterly on the failure of the nations to prevent the "German rape of Schleswig." He intimated that had a more firm stand been taken at the time of the arbitrary annexation it would have checked, perhaps prevented, the growth of the German state of mind which culminated in the great war.

CALL SOVIET MONEY MERE 'DIRTY PAPER'

Bolsheviki, by Issuing Billions of Rubles, Declared to Have Bankrupted Russia.

SOCIALISM A CATCHWORD

Observer Declares 95 Per Cent. of Russian Peasants Never Even Heard the Phrase.

Alexander A. Boublikoff, Minister of Railways in the First Provisional Government following the Russian revolution, speaking yesterday at a luncheon of the League of Free Nations Association at the Café Boulevard denounced the Bolsheviki for repudiating the debts of Russia and maintained that the tremendous issue of paper money by the Soviet Government had brought that Government to the verge of bankruptcy.

The Soviet Government is not collecting the taxes it levies because the people do not want to pay taxes and the Government issues more and more paper money to make up the deficits, said Mr. Boublikoff who declared that whereas before the war Russia had something like a billion and a half rubles in paper money, at present it has about 60 billions of rubles in paper money. He charged that the money issued by the Soviet Government has come to be nothing but "dirty paper," and added that when the people of Russia realize the financial plight to which the Bolsheviki have brought them they will know that their sufferings and sacrifices have been in vain.

"The imminence of bankruptcy will change the minds of the whole people," he continued. "Seeing that the Bolshevist régime is not to his interest the Russian will discard it. Before the revoluton not only were 95 per cent of the peasants not Socialists but they never heard of the word."

The meeting was in the form of a debate on Russia, and Santeri Nuorteva of the Finnish Information Bureau undertook to answer Mr. Boublikoff.

"If Russia is flooded with paper money then it must be understood as a fact that a large contribution to this money was made by the counter-revolutionists in this country, for they caused paper money to be printed here to flood Russia with nothing to back the issue," said Mr. Nuorteva.

"I do not believe that there are 60,000,000,000 of rubles in paper money in circulation in Russia. Nobody knows how much paper money there is, but I want to charge that the counter-revolutionists have circulated a great deal of paper money in order to kill off finance in Russia. But I may also say that the Soviets are trying to replace the paper money with assignations having labor value.

"The Russian peasant may know little of Marxism, but he knows pretty well what socialism is, and he knows what the class struggle means when the land he has is taken away from him by his oppressors. The Allies have done everything they could to retard the reconstruction of Russia."

When Mr. Nuorteva asserted that under the Soviets production in Russia was increasing, and declared that in Moscow eight factories were running above 30 per cent. of their capacity in the manufacture of agricultural implements he was interrupted by Everett P. Wheeler, a well known lawyer, who asked: "I want you to tell me how much money Mr. McCormick was paid when those factories were taken over by the Bolsheviki?" "I don't know and I don't care," was Nuorteva's reply, whereupon Mr. Wheeler exclaimed, "That's what they stand for—the Bolsheviki—they're robbers."

Those who explained the anti-Bolshevist view were Mr. Roublikoff, Dr. S. Ingerman, and General Oberoutchoff, Governor of Kiev under Kerensky. The ideas of the Bolsheviki were set forth by Mr. Nuorteva and Thomas D. Thatcher, a member of the Red Cross Mission to Russia. Moissaye Olgin, a Russian author, who called himself a Menshevik and anti-Bolshevist, though not on the program, took issue against those who presented the anti-Bolshevist viewpoint.

"Only a few days ago a Columbia professor explained to me that in your own glorious American revolution America faced the same calamity regarding the issue of paper money," said Mr. Olgin. "He told me of a man who actually had to pay $101 in paper money for a meal."

Mr. Olgin said he was opposed to the repudiation of the Russian debt. He said that the Russians will have to swallow the fact that they need capital to develop their country, and that interest will have to be paid on this capital, even though the Russians may be reluctant to work so that the interest may be paid to foreign capitalists. From paying interest on foreign loans it would be just a step to paying interest on domestic loans, he declared. He was of the opinion that the word socialism was used in the revolution only as a catchword to attract the attention of the people. Referring to the reported utterances of Serge Sazonoff, former Prime Minister of Russia under the Czar, that he would "refuse to sit at the same table with assassins," on learning of the Allies' policy toward Russia, Mr. Olgin declared: "And this man Sazonoff is one of those who call themselves democrats. This man who was happy enough to sit at the same table with the Czar; this man who was a consort of the notorious Stolypin and other arch reactionaries; this man, friend of Stolypin, who put Breshkovskaya in jail, now declaims he will not sit at a table with assassins. This shows the kind of democrats we have in Russia asking the Allies to support each of them with armed forces."

Dr. Ingerman protested against the Bolsheviki "in the name of socialism." He called the Soviet form of government a "negative democracy, without civilization, science, arts, culture, or humanity."

TELLS HOW WAKIVA SANK GIANT U-BOAT

Men on Harkness Yacht, Converted Into Warship, Won Honors and Saved Convoy.

ONE OF THE WAR'S DUELS

Great Submarine's Conning Tower and Periscope Both Hit by Wakiva's Shells.

The United States ship Wakiva, which was formerly the yacht of Harry S. Harkness, who died on Thursday, sank a giant submarine of the U-131 class after one of the most desperate naval duels of the war, near Belle Isle, France, on Nov. 28, 1917.

The Wakiva, a boat of 1,600 tons displacement and one of the most formidable of all the yachts which were transformed into U-boat harriers, was commanded by Lieut. Commander Guy E. Davis, who with most of the officers and several of the enlisted men was promoted and cited for bravery in battle by Admiral Sims on Dec. 14, 1917. The following authentic account of the action has been obtained by THE NEW YORK TIMES:

On the morning of Nov. 28, 1917, the Wakiva, accompanied by two other yachts, was escorting two large transports, the Kolm and Medina, from the harbor of St. Nazaire. These vessels being loaded with sick men, the purpose of the escort was to get them safely through the dangerous submarine zone. The greatest of care was taken in choosing the routes for the convoy and extreme secrecy was maintained in leaving port. But the German Secret Service at St. Nazaire was very sharp, and two large German cruising submarines, then off the coast of Brittany, were notified from Berlin to watch for these two ships. The submarines lay in wait and nearly attained their object.

About 5 P. M. the shores of Quiberon and Belle Isle, the home of Sarah Bernhardt, had faded away and the crews of the escorting ships had just begin to think the danger of a submarine attack was past, when the leader of the escort fired a red star, gave the submarine danger signal, and then headed full speed for a periscope that had been sighted.

The Wakiva, followed by the other yacht, at once began one of the intricate but highly efficient combing manoeuvres to make the submarine break the surface by dropping a cordon of depth bombs. After a half hour of this without success the trip toward New York was again resumed.

At 6 P. M. the same submarine was again sighted off the starboard quarter of the convoy. The escort again headed for it, while the Kolm and Medina increased their speed and took up a new zigzag to confuse the submarine. The Wakiva was furthest from the submarine, but forced draft was started, she turned full speed to head off the submarine, and the depth bombs were prepared for launching.

Hardly had the Wakiva turned when a sharp-eyed lookout in the bow saw another German submarine, running awash at high speed and heading for the Medina. The bow guns of the Wakiva instantly opened fire on this conning tower and the vessel was headed toward it at high speed. At the first shot from the Wakiva the submarine commander saw his danger and submerged quickly, but before he could get under water his conning tower had been pierced twice by explosive shells from the gunners on the Wakiva, who had been practicing for months for just such an opportunity.

As soon as the submarine was at the periscope depth it darted toward the Wakiva. The other two yachts were taking the two transports at full speed away from the scene of the fight, it being hoped that the Wakiva would be able to detain the submarine long enough to permit the transports to escape even though the Wakiva might be sacrificed in the attempt.

The comanding officer of the Wakiva in the early stages of the action was blown across the bridge by the blast from an after gun, but he kept command and sought to trap a submarine within range of his depth bombs without exposing his ship to destructiin by torpedo.

Seven complete circles were made by the submarine and the cruiser before one of the gunners on the No. 4 three-inch gun landed a lucky shot on the periscope, smashing it completely. This loss of eyesight by the submarine and the leaks made by the holes in the conning tower caused the German commander to lose control of his craft.

A command to Quartermaster Epstein at the wheel sent the Wakiva racing for the spot where the submarine had submerged. The commanding officer gave a blast on the huge siren, the signal to release the depth charges, and as the Wakiva hurried away from the spot three depth bombs detonated with terrible effect, raising a geyser of water 100 feet high. The concussion from this explosion flung the bombing crew of the Wakiva to the deck. Until the spray and gas had cleared away it was believed by the officers on the bridge of the Wakiva that her stern had been blown off, but the boat was safe and the submarine, evidently leaking badly, was blowing all tanks and endeavoring to come to the surface. The Wakiva turned to continue the battle as the crew of the submersible came on deck apparently to man their six-inch guns, which were larger than the guns on the Wakiva.

The commanding officer of the Wakiva saw that to win the battle he must get to close quarters before the enemy could get these big guns into action, so he chose to ram and ran at full speed toward the submersible, furnace flames pouring from the funnels of the Wakiva. The commander of the German submarine could not manoeuvre his vessel to escape the plan of the Wakiva, and seeing that he was doomed, gave the order to abandon ship and leaped into the water. The submarine sunk slowly, but upon the arrival of the Wakiva it was so far under water that the Wakiva passed directly over her. On passing over the submarine three more depth bombs were dropped upon her. The water was literally covered with oil and débris from the submarine as she went down bow foremost, and many of her crew were drowned.

When the ship was rocked by the explosion of the first depth bombs and everyone in the fireroom and the engine room thought that the Wakiva had been hit by a torpedo, one of the firemen stuck his head through the door and asked Machinist's Mate Bagley of Endicott, N. Y., who was standing at the throttle of the starboard engine, stripped to the waist: "Has the ship been hit? Hadn't we better get on deck?"

To this Bagley replied: "Never mind, when the Captain wants us to come on deck he will let us know; get back to your fires."

A matter-of-fact report of this action was made by the commanding officer, concluding with the statement that "the crew acted as a unit and ably upheld the traditions of the United States Navy."

Vice Admiral Wilson, who received the report, called for a detailed account of the action, which resulted in the promotion and citation for bravery of the following:

Commander Guy E. Davis, Lieutenant Commander Earle Farwell, R. F., a New York lawyer; Lieutenant Blackstone, R. F., a former member of the Lighthouse Service; Lieutenant Huntington English, R. F., the Yale athlete and brother-in-law of Walter Camp; Ensign Ralble of Cleveland, Ohio; John Holcomb, Chief Commissary Steward, nephew of the war Governor of Connecticut; Ensign Lorens Coes, son of the founder of the Coes Wrench Works at Worcester, Mass.; J. R. Wilson, seaman, nephew of Vice Admiral Wilson; Frank Epstein, Chief Quartermaster, of Brooklyn; O. P. Cooper, gunner's mate, first class, of Rochester; J. J. Fletcher, gunner's mate, second class, of New York; E. F. Keaveney, gunner's mate, second class, of Boston.

MORE ARMY HEROES CITED.

Col. H. C. Jewett Among Latest Recipients of War Cross.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Two more lists of American soldiers who have been cited for extraordinary heroism in action were made public today by the War Department. There are no New Yorkers among the latest batch of men who have received the Distinguished Serivce Cross. The list includes one Colonel, Henry C. Jewett of Washington, D. C., who was serving in France with the 316th Engineers and who particularly distinguished himself after being put in command of an infantry brigade during the offensive in the Argonne sector. The others mentioned are:

Corporal Leslie Allen of Hawthorne, Cal.; Sergeant E. E. Perdew of Edwards, Cal.; Sergeant John Guess of Elmond, Cal.; Private J. W. Berryhill of Charlotte, N. C.; Sergeant J. N. Robertson of Graham, N. C.; Private A. O. Bridges of Jonesboro, N. C.; Private H. S. Seibel of Helmsburg, Ind.; Private W. B. Lyerly of Woodleaf, N. C.; Private George Riggle of Bellasburg, Ind.; Captain J. B. Mayh of Stem, N. C.; Private James Lake of Kingston, N. Y.; Corporal Willie Higson of Rosemary, N. C.; Sergeant W. S. Korn of Lintona, Ohio; Sergeant P. C. Sanderfer of Trenton, Tenn.; Private Robert McDonald of Regle, N. C.; Private E. B. Green of Concord, N. C.; Lieutenant D. B. Byrd of Fayetteville, N. C.; Lieutenant E. T. Foge of Millsville, Ohio; Sergeant H. F. Bremer of Charleston, S. C.; Cook O. R. Link of Boise Creek, N. C.; Sergeant R. P. Cook of Altamahaw, N. C.; Sergeant J. N. Hudnall of Critz, Va.; Private W. L. Foster of Haw River, N. C.; Private F. E. Wallace of Rood House, Ill.; Private Phillip Miller of Ashfort, Ill.; Private Ollie Pope of Durham, N. C.; Private D. F. Rose of Unala, N. C.; Private W. E. Robbins of Milson, N. C.; Private H. G. Schwer of Falmouth, Ky.; Private Remi Verbeke of Climax, Minn., and Private B. B. Smith of Ash, N. C.

AQUITANIA BRINGS TROOPS.

Lands 5,000 Canadians and Some Americans at Halifax.

HALIFAX, Jan. 25.—The Cunard Line steamship Aquitania, with more than 5,000 returned Canadian soldiers, docked here today. Some of the troops were ill with mumps and influenza.

Passengers on the Aquitania included Captain Bogert, American Naval Representative with Vice Admiral Browning, of the British Navy, during the latter's inspection of German warships immediately after the signing of the armistice, and Sir George MacLaren Brown, European manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Others on board included Lieut. Col. Robert P. Perkins, head of the American Red Cross in Italy, accompanied by a party of officers and nurses engaged in Red Cross work there; Captain Cameron Currie of Detroit, an overseas Red Cross worker since the United States entered the war; Lieutenant F. W. Hall of New York, who was attached to the Intelligence Staff of the British Admiralty, and Captain W. A. Merritt, United States Navy, who served in the Mediterranean air forces, where he won distinction for bombing enemy submarines.

TABS ON CITY OFFICIALS.

Citizens' Union Shows Year's Record of Estimate Board Attendance.

Alfred E. Smith, former President of the Board of Aldermen and present Governor of the State, made the worst record of all the members of the Board of Estimate for inattention to the duties of his office, according to a score kept by the Citizens Union from Jan. 4 to Dec. 30, 1918. The Searchlight, official organ of the Citizens Union, states that Mr. Smith was absent from twenty-eight meetings of the Board of Estimate, absent for part of three others, and present at only twenty-seven meetings.

Frank Dowling, President of the Borough of Manhattan, made the best record, being absent from only one meeting, according to The Searchlight, which publishes the following table showing the number of meetings from which the members were absent in whole or in part in 1918:

Official.	Times Absent.	Times Present.
Mayor	3	55
Controller	3	55
President, Alderman	31	27
President, Manhattan	1	57
President, Brooklyn	18	40
President, Bronx	27	31
President, Queens	29	29
President, Richmond	12	46

"Both the Mayor and the Controller," continues The Searchlight, "have very good attendance records at Board of Estimate meetings. Each was absent only three times. The Borough President of Manhattan was absent just once. Other Borough Presidents would do well to follow Mr. Dowling's example, since absence from Board of Estimate meetings usually contributes nothing toward the achievement of better government.

"Aside from the Board of Estimate meetings which are held publicly, the members of the board meet usually in executive session as the Committee on Finance and Budget. Sessions of other committees of the board are likewise held. The attendance record at these committee meetings is not available from published data."

SHOWS TAX ON BIG ESTATE.

$1,159,648 Paid by Lebaudys Illustrates Application of Law.

The working out of the Federal estate tax as it applies to a large estate is shown in the payment of $1,159,648, as the tax on the estate of Mrs. Amice Lebaudy, mother of the late Jacques Lebaudy, who died in Paris in 1917. Her total estate in this country amounted to $9,320,992, and the difference between this and the tax has reverted to the Paris estate. The Federal tax was computed on the basis then prevailing, but which has since been increased. The full detail of the tax is as follows:

	P.C.	Amt.
Net estate not exceeding $50,000	1/2	$750
Net estate.... $50,000- 150,000	3	3,000
Net estate.... 150,000- 250,000	4½	4,500
Net estate.... 250,000- 450,000	6	12,000
Net estate.... 450,000-1,000,000	7½	41,250
Net estate....1,000,000-2,000,000	9	90,000
Net estate....2,000,000-3,000,000	10½	105,000
Net estate....3,000,000-4,000,000	12	120,000
Net estate....4,000,000-5,000,000	13½	135,000
Net estate exceeding 5,000,000	15	648,148
Total tax		$1,159,648

The property of the estate in this country consisted mostly of stocks and bonds. The settlement of the tax was made through attorneys for the estate in this city, the check being one of the largest that has been paid in to the Collector of Internal Revenue.

FINDS EX-SOLDIER PROBLEM SERIOUS

War Camp Community Service Reports 50,000 Applications for Jobs Daily.

NO FIGURES FOR TOTAL HERE

Dr. George W. Kirchwey Sees Growing Tendency Toward Widespread Unemployment.

MANY AGENCIES ARE ACTIVE

Say Discharged Men Crowd Into Large Cities, Only to Find Shortage of Jobs.

Every agency in this city interested in finding jobs for discharged soldiers, sailors, and war workers is agreed that already a serious condition of unemployment exists in New York City and State and that that condition is fairly general throughout the country. There are no reliable statistics available as to the number of men who need work nor as to the number of jobs open for them. So many men are being discharged that as yet no means has been found of keeping track of them. There are a number of public and semi-public organizations trying to find work for the men, and since hundreds of them make the rounds of all these places figures offer a large percentage of duplication. The War Camp Community Service estimates that the total number of unemployed men in New York now is 50,000, and that it is increasing at the rate of 7,000 to 10,000 a week. It also estimates the number of officers looking for jobs at 20,000, and points to the fact that of 500 to 600 officers using the Pershing Club daily, 75 per cent. inquire for work.

From the same source comes the statement that the number of inquiries about jobs at the War Camp's twenty-five information booths rapidly is approaching 50,000 a day, though, of course, not every man inquiring about work actually is in need of it in the sense of knowing of no other place to go for employment.

Dr. George W. Kirchwey, former Dean of the Columbia University Law School and ex-Warden of Sing Sing Prison, now head of the United States Employment Service of the Department of Labor in this district, though somewhat skeptical of estimates of the number of unemployed, agrees that the situation is serious. He does not positively deny that already 50,000 men are out of work here, and frankly admits that though the Federal service is in more intimate touch with the situation than any other, it has no statistical proof that the number is or is not quite so large. Discussing the statistical aspects of the case, he said:

"The weekly reports of the Community Labor Boards of the United States Employment Service throughout the State show a growing tendency toward widespread unemployment. These boards, composed of representatives of labor and employers in fourteen industrial centres throughout the State, each headed by a representative of the United States Employment Service, began sending in weekly reports of the labor situation in their respective localities soon after the signing of the armistice. For the first few weeks these reports showed that the demand for labor was greatly in excess of the supply, a condition which naturally prevailed throughout the duration of the war.

"Toward the first of the year the balance began to swing in the other direction. Industrial centres such as Newburg, Albany, Utica, Rochester, and Buffalo, which early in December reported a fairly equal distribution of labor, began to show signs of growing unemployment. The report from Buffalo, for instance, for Dec. 31, stated that approximately 10,000 men were out of work in that district. The last report from the district, received on Jan. 24, gave an estimate of 25,000 people unemployed. At Syracuse the number of unemployed, which on Dec. 31 amounted to approximately 3,000, had grown at last reports to 4,500. Albany, Utica, and Newburg also reported unemployment.

"A tendency in this district is also shown by the weekly figures compiled by the sixty branch offices of the employment service throughout the State. On Dec. 28 the total number of applications for male help in the offices of the employment service was 12,564, while only 10,556 men applied for positions. The last report, on Jan. 18, gave 14,872 positions available, for which 15,561 men applied. In the female division the demand still continues to exceed the supply, but at a decreasing rate.

"Added to this there is the inflation of credits due to the war. Large numbers of employers have borrowed from their banks up to the limit of safety. Another Liberty Loan, of uncertain amount is soon to be floated, and there is a hesitancy on the part of the men of finance to extend further credit to business men. Finally, there is the uncertainty with regard to the markets of the future. Employers know the price of raw materials, of labor, and of transportation, but they do not know how much their products will bring in the open market six months or a year from now.

Looks for Improvement.

"The revival of confidence on the part of employers in general will do much toward clearing up the situation, but this cannot be expected immediately. If business conditions become stable by the early Summer we shall consider ourselves fortunate. Students of the situation tell us that there is a period of roaring prosperity ahead, and this is the encouraging aspect of the situation. Europe will demand from us not only great quantities of food, but also a tremendous amount of manufactured products, and the rebirth of the American Merchant Marine will open the markets of the world to the American manufacturer.

"With the United States on a normal production basis the demand for labor will undoubtedly exceed the available supply. There has been no immigration for four years. Before the war nearly 1,000,000 able-bodied workers entered this country annually, indicating that at the present time there is a potential shortage of approximately 4,000,000 workers. Another million have gone back to fight in the armies of the Allies and many of these may stay in Europe."

With this slow opening up of opportunities the discharged fighting man finds himself at somewhat of a disadvantage as compared with the war worker, whom he finds crowding and

pushing him at every place work is offered. Thousands and thousands of war workers have done administrative, clerical, or executive work of one sort or another, and these men are better trained to step into similar employment, in civil life than is the soldier whose training in the majority of cases has been along specialized and not directly salable lines.

The American Soldiers and Sailors Protective Association, which opened headquarters a few days ago in the Holland Building, substantially agrees with the War Camp experts in its estimate of the problem, and the probable rate of increase. In four days after it announced its existence this organization received more than 800 applications, not only for work but for material assistance of one sort or another. This figure is, perhaps, more impressive in view of the fact that the association is not yet fully organized, and is awaiting indorsement by the National Civic Federation before it solicits contributions or widens its field. A committee of Federation men is investigating its personnel, plans, and purposes, and expects to report tomorrow.

There are almost innumerable contributing factors, but there is a general agreement on the part of those coping with the situation that the out-of-town man represents probably 60 per cent. of the difficulty. At present there are some 170,000 men quartered in various camps in the vicinity of New York, all of whom will soon be discharged, unless present plans are changed, and the majority of whom, it is said, will come to this city. Almost all the young men, it is expected, who leave the service within striking distance of New York, come here. Almost all of them like it and want to stay. Comparatively few of them have the funds to tide themselves over a personal reconstruction period. In many, many cases the old easy temptations of the town, perhaps evil ones, perhaps legitimate frivolities, tempt the soldier's small store of worldly wealth away from him and he finds himself suddenly "up against it."

From Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Chicago and other large cities come similar reports of congestion of discharged men. Men who are discharged are not given non-negotiable transportation. Many of those who are trying to help them think it would be better if they were. In some cases they are given no transportation at all. One man yesterday showed a Times reporter his discharge papers, saying that he had been discharged from the navy here with $13, and no mileage, though his home is in Sacramento, Cal. It is fairly obvious, he said, that a job there, even if one awaits him, does him little good.

Want Good Positions

A further complication results from the heightened ambition of men who have undergone anywhere from several months to nearly two years of discipline and training. They have returned to civil life with their view widened, and have firmly planted within them a demand for "something better" than what they left. They have been compared to men, who graduate from college after a purely academic training. They find within themselves conviction of increased capacity and heightened value, yet when they submit their marketable accomplishments to the cold blooded appraisal of the prospective employer they find a discrepancy between their own estimates of their worth and the amount the employer is willing to pay in advance of demonstrated ability. Into this class fall a large number of men who either are offered jobs and refuse them or who appear on the cards of the Federal Service, the War Camp, the Y. M. C. A., the Mayor's Committee's, and other agencies as out of employment because they have made demands which cannot be met.

An unexpected reason for unemployment which quickly confronts the investigator is the number of men who cannot get work, because they have nothing to work in but their uniforms. Many soldiers and sailors can be found in any of the employment places, who relate experiences of this sort. Sometimes employers frankly admit they feel a man in uniform would be out of place in their offices. Others without definitely committing themselves send the applicant away convinced that it was inability to appear in "mufti" that caused him to fail to land the job. The reasons why the men in thousands of cases do not have civilian clothes are simple, and often, for the man, insuperable. One man of thirty-two with a wife and child told a Times reporter that just after he went into service he pawned his clothes to tide his wife over a financial emergency. Now he has not the money to get them out. After many days searching he was offered a job as a car cleaner. That meant ruining the only presentable clothing he possessed. He drifted along several days more on short rations, and finally landed a job at $18 a week.

How to fit the untrained man to the job requiring some sort of technical knowledge, even if it be of the simplest sort, is one problem being considered. One answer is the trade school and other centers of vocational training. To the extent that these organizations offer their facilities to men coming back to civila life will they help in the eventual, if not the immediate, solution of the problem. Officials of the Y. M. C. A. are in conference with the Federal Employment Service on this phase of the question, and it is probable that extended facilities of this sort will soon be provided.

Some of those most earnestly trying to find jobs for the men think there is room for considerable improvement in the existing methods for getting workers and jobs together. The Federal Service with its field workers devotes itself mostly to the larger aspects of the problem, and deals with employers using more than 500 men, and the War Camp Community Service with those whose payrolls number from 10 to 50. The Parade Committee of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops is endeavoring to locate isolated jobs among smaller employers, and the Protective Association as soon as it gets into full swing, intends to confine its job hunting to the small employers. It is convinced that a canvass of business houses of all sorts will turn up many thousands of men who will stretch a point to take on one or two or three workers, if only temporarily and thus this sort of expansion, if it can be developed through patriotic appeals, may go very far toward preventing actual distress. The Mayor's Committee is devoting itself also to placing men in the ship yards, and with the transit companies. For these purposes it has offices in the Hall of Records.

Young Officers Organize

The Protective Association, made up of a group of young officers who have been discharged from the Army and the Navy, announces that it entered the field because its members as individuals found that there was real distress among other discharged men, and that despite the number of welfare agencies, there was none, readily accessible to the average soldier or sailor, which would offer a man immediate and practical help if he needed transportation to a job, something to eat, a working suit or some overalls, or was beset by any other difficulty until he could get back on a payroll. These men found, they said, that Socialistic and other radical organizations were offering help, or at least hospitality to the men and then, when the avenue of approach was thus established, were placing all sorts of "Red" literature in their hands.

The organization offered much proof that statements of distress among soldiers and sailors were not exaggerated and announced its purpose to appeal to the public to help its campaign just as soon as the authorities approved of its purposes and its organization. It wants to co-operate, it states, with all existing organizations.

According to an announcement just made public by the United States Civil Service Commission there still are many war work jobs open in Government offices. The announcement said:

"The tremendous labor of the details of adjusting the accounts and paying the bills will occupy the time of a large force for many months to come. The Ordnance Department of the Army alone is in need of 200 senior cost accountants at entrance salaries ranging from $2,200 to $4,200 a year; 300 junior cost accountants at entrance salaries ranging from $1,200 to $2,000 a year, and 300 clerks qualified in accounting at entrance salaries ranging from $1,000 to $1,800 a year, for service at ordnance establishments throughout the United States and in the headquarters at Washington, D. C.

"The collection of the income tax also calls for the employment of an additional number of accountants. The income tax unit of the Bureau of Internal Revenue is in need of a number of traveling auditors and resident auditors at entrance salaries ranging from $1,800 to $4,500 a year.

"All of these positions are open to both men and women.

"The United States Civil Service Commission is receiving applications for these positions. Applicants will not be required to report at any place for examination, but will be rated upon their physical ability, education, training, and experience, based upon the sworn statements in their applications and upon corroborative evidence adduced by the commission. Application blanks and full information may be obtained from the Secretary of the local Board of Civil Service examiners at the Post Office or Custom House in any city, or by communicating with the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C."

A specialized form of job finding that is being carried on here is that of the Professional Division of the United States Employment Service at 16 East Forty-second Street, which for the month ending Jan. 23 registrations numbered 2,244, nearly all officers and men discharged from military service. During this period appwlications from employers numbered 1,550.

It was stated that the bureau was now registering about 100 officers and men daily who are qualified for professional, executive, or highly technical positions. Opportunities are opening up for them at about the same rate, but naturally not all of them are of a character fitted to the qualifications of the registrants. The average salary commanded by those placed has been more than $3,000. Since this division handles only men able to command good salaries, the rate of placement is considerably slower than that of the general employment service.

Special Deputy Police Commissioner Rodman Wanamaker in a few days will open a civil service school to prepare soldiers and sailors discharged honorably to become members of the Police Department. These men will receive instructions free. Applications should be sent to Room 215 at Police Headquarters.

Act to Relieve Situation.

Two measures have just been taken for the alleviation of the labor situation, one as the first peace job of the Council of National Defense and the other at the instance of the New York State Division of the Federal Employment Service. Through Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Director of the Council of National Defense the forty-eight State councils, the 4,000 county councils, and the 16,000 units of the Women's Committee of the council, and the 164,000 community and municipal units are being urged to do everything in their power to foster the public work necessary to furnish employment during the readjustment period. He is sending a telegram this morning to each of the State councils instructing them to give to the United States Employment Service all data possible covering types of men needed by the State industries. The telegram says in part:

> Secretary Baker, as Chairman of the Council of National Defense, urges on the State Councils of Defense that all possible impetus be given to the construction of public works in order to furnish emergency employment. In connection with this would point out that because of war we are behind in our school construction program throughout the country. Please call this fact to the attention of your county and committee bodies and all divisions of the Woman's Committee so that school construction can be fostered immediately.

The State Advisory Board of the United States Employment Service passed a resolution yesterday urging the Secretary of War to revise the present methods of demobilization and to adopt one which would return the men to their places of enlistment. The board also invited the officials of the army and navy to send representatives to the United States Council for Re-employment, which co-ordinates the reconstruction work of the war welfare organizations, to arrange for closer co-operation. The board also recommended that the individual men needed in industry be released from service immediately so that their presence might stimulate business.

FOR DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

British Plan for Providing Them with Civilian Clothes.

Some changes have been made in the arrangements for supplying civilian clothes to demobilized soldiers in England, says Consul Percival Gassett, Leeds. The original plans were made so that a soldier could go into any retail store and upon presentation of coupons obtain a standard suit at preferred prices. The Army Council decided, however, that the work was of such importance that it could not be changed to another Government department.

The result was that another scheme has been worked out by mutual agreement between the military authorities and the Department of Wool Textile Production. This plan provides that a soldier shall receive a new suit, or about $13 in cash. If he decides to take the suit, he is measured, chooses his pattern, and as soon as possible a suit is forwarded to his address. He is entitled to keep his uniform, but the overcoat will have to be returned, and a payment of $5 will be made to him in exchange for it.

Another point in connection with the scheme for dealing with demobilized soldiers is that men who do not desire to keep their uniforms upon receiving their discharge will be able to sell them at stores to be set up in places like Dewsbury. In the event of a large quantity of suits being returned little the worse for wear, they will be redyed and used for clothing needy people in allied countries. Uniforms that are unfit for this purpose will be turned into shoddy.

Before the war each discharged soldier received a suit of clothes made from cloth which cost from 30 to 40 cents a yard, and when made up amounted to about $3. The manufacturers have acted very generously in this matter at the present time, for, having regard for the purpose for which the material was to be used, they sold cloth at $1.22 to $1.46 a yard which they could doubtless have disposed of later for $2.90 to $3.65 per yard.

Pope Receives American Officers.

ROME, Jan. 25.—Pope Benedict today received a group of American naval officers. They were presented by Mgr. O'Hern, rector of the American College in Rome.

RED CROSS PLANNING FOR NON-WAR WORK

Will Train Public-Spirited Women for Service to Sick and Needy of Peace Times.

WEEK'S WAR-FUND GIFTS

American Chocolate Fund Concludes Its Activities and Reports on Its Work.

During the recent epidemic of influenza the need for women who understood how to take care of the sick and how to rpepare proper food, was emphasized in almost the same degree as was the need for nurses and nurses' aides, but only comparatively few of the graduates of Red Cross classes in Home Dietetics and Home Care of the Sick were available in the emergency. In the instances wherein they could serve their efficiency was shown by the results of their work, and the effectiveness of the classes conducted by the Atlantic Division was indicated.

To widen the field of this work a conference of delegates from all the chapters of the Atlantic Division has been called for February 4, 5, and 6, at the Teaching Center of the New York County Chapter, 453 Madison Avenue. Plans will be developed for the establishment of as many classes as possible, so that the training will not be limited to the few, but will give every public spirited woman an opportunity to promote the public health.

Miss Clara D. Noyes, chief of the nursing service in Washington, will outline the plans she has made for the development of the work, while its various phases will be discussed by Miss Julia Kline, Miss Elizabeth Fox, Miss Flora G. Sell, Miss Fredrika Farley, and Miss Mary H. Combs.

The American Chocolate Fund concludes its activities this week and reports upon its accomplishments during the war. From the organization of the Fund, to date, 40 tons, of the best hard chocolate has been sent to the fighting forces in the trenches, to aviation camps, submarine chasers, destroyers, base hospitals, and United States transports bringing back the wounded from overseas. Of this total 62,000 pounds was sent through the Red Cross directly to the men in the trenches, 4,300 pounds to the transports, and the remainder to the other branches of the service. The report of Mrs. Forrest B. Royal, the President, notes that all of the chocolate was sent free to the men, and that the letters received from the recipients and the organizations which distributed the candy, attest to the high appreciation and make the workers feel that they are amply repaid for their labor.

The report just issued by Mrs. J. A. Rountree of Birmingham, Ala., General Chairman of the War Relief Work of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, gives a full account of the work accomplished in 1918 and presents full figures for the various States. In the American Military Hospital, Neuilly, France, of which Mrs. Robert Bacon of New York is Chairman, the record is as follows: Alabama, 9 beds; Arizona, 1; Arkansas, 2; California, 3; Colorado, 2; District of Columbia, 2; Florida, 2; Georgia, 3; Illinois, 1; Kentucky, 1; Louisiana, 4; Maryland, 1; Mississippi, 1; Missouri, 1; New York, 1; North Carolina, 4; Ohio, 1; Oklahoma, 1; Pennsylvania, 2; South Carolina, 4; Tennessee, 3; Texas, 11; Virginia, 4; Washington, 2; West Virginia, 1; United Daughters of Confederacy, 1; U. D. C. War Relief Committee, 1; Minneapolis, assisted by Boston, Evansville, Ind., Portales, New Mexico, Texal, 70 beds, with an endowment of $42,000.

Mrs. Rountree also reports that the American Military Hospital No. 1 will be needed to care for the sick and wounded throughout 1919, and that therefore many of the beds must be re-endowed. The President General and Chairman of the War Relief have been officially informed that the re-endowment may be upon a basis of six months and $50 per month thereafter, for such time as the beds may be needed. In New York State the work has been under the direction of Mrs. J. D. Beale,

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B 7 TIMES.

Contributions Made Last Week to War Relief Funds

Organization.	Headquarters.	Treasurer.	Amount of Contributions Last Week.	Amount of Contributions Total to Date.
Am. Committee for Devastated France	16 East 89th St.	Dr. A. O. Humphreys	$11,585	$465,701
Am. Fund for French Wounded, Inc.	73 Park Av.	Mrs. W. P. Bliss	5,546	559,384
American Jewish Relief Committee	20 Exchange Place.	Arthur Lehman, Jr.	54,419	13,809,460
American Students' Committee	107 East 37th St.	H. R. Sedgwick	965	130,105
American Women's Hospitals	697 Madison Av.	Dr. Sue Radcliffe	5,017	240,393
British War Relief Association	542 Fifth Av.	Henry Clews	50	170,436
Central Committee for Relief of Jews	51 Chambers St.	Harry Fischel	84,293	143,786
Christian Relief in France and Belgium	105 East 22d St.	Alfred R. Kimball	1,089	140,956
Duryea War Relief	9 East 30th St.	Charles E. Warren	2,014	215,847
Fatherless Children of France	140 Broadway	Alexander J. Hemphill	7,702	722,161
Food for France Fund	10 East 58th St.	Alexander J. Hemphill	1,484	136,521
Free Milk for France	675 Fifth Av.	Henry E. Cooper	1,546	92,963
Italian War Relief	547 Madison Av.	S. Reading Bertron	3,112	40,019
Polish Women's League	37 East 28th St.	Louisa Satterlee	163	51,174
Serbian Aid Fund	1 Madison Av.	Otto T. Bannard	2,829	181,586
Serbian Relief Committee of America	70 Fifth Av.	M. H. Coggeshall	2,034	477,809
Secours National Fund	10 East 47th St.	Mrs. Whitney Warren	1,613	567,069
Stage Women's War Relief	366 Fifth Av.	Mrs. Shelley Hull	477	168,801
War Babies' Cradle	42 Broadway	Mrs. Jules S. Bache	189	

State Director of War Relief, and Mrs. James Henry Parker, President of the State Division.

The following donations of $200 or over were acknowledged by the various committees and organizations last week:

American Committee for Devastated France.

Mrs. Nannie B. Mantz	$251.00
Hilda H. Hoyt	200.00
Miss Leah Lynch	225.00
Fairfield Co. (Ohio) War Chest	5,000.00
Pickaway Co., Ohio	250.00
Brockton (Mass.) War Chest	2,000.00
McCall Company	870.71
Greater Lynn (Mass.) War Chest	900.00
Various gifts	1,538.48

The American Fund for French Wounded

Chicago Branch	$1,000.00
National Allied Relief	540.50
Patriots' Fund Committee	1,000.00
Milwaukee Committee	300.00
Donation Shop	1,000.00
New England Branch	535.00
Miscellaneous	1,271.10

American Jewish Relief Committee.

Hoboken (N. J.) Committee	$35,000.00
Baltimore (Md.) Committee	20,000.00
Greensburg (Penn.) Committee	1,000.00
Kansas City (Mo.) Committee, (Liberty bonds)	5,000.00
Saginaw (Mich.) Committee	560.00
Altoona (Penn.) Committee	500.00
Billings (Mon.) Committee	548.19
Superior (Wis.) Committee, (Liberty bonds)	450.00
Lincoln (Neb.) Committee	549.00
Cong. Ahavas, Achim Anschey, Ferndale, N. Y.	209.70
Suffern (N. Y.) Committee	201.34

American Women's Hospitals.

Nu Sigma Phi, (Delta Chapter,) Dr. Olga Stastny, Chairman, Omaha	$4,000.00
Nu Sigma Phi, (Delta Chapter), St., Olga Stastny, Chairman, Omaha	402.20

Central Committee for the Relief of Jews

Through Jewish Morning Journal, N. Y. C.	$884.05
Through Jewish Daily News, N. Y. C.	652.60
Rel. Comm. Hartford, Conn.	200.00
Through Jewish Daily News, N. Y. C.	2,811.05
Through Jewish Daily News, N. Y. C.	636.50
Agudas Achim, Little Rock, Ark.	606.00
Rel. Comm. Massena, N. Y.	660.97
Rel. Comm. Boston, Mass.	21,230.01
Beth Jacob, New Kensington, Penn.	800.00
Rel. Comm. Wilkas-Barre, Penn.	1,550.00
Rel. Comm. Jersey City Hts., N. J.	200.00
Rel. Comm. Lacka. Co., Penn.	1,000.00
Coll. Sparta, Ga.	306.50
Cong. Shinowe, N. Y. C.	252.00
Rel. Comm. Jersey City Hts., N. J.	219.20
Brth Sholem, Buffalo, N. Y.	664.35
Rel. Comm. Newport News, Va.	250.00
Cong. Bnei Israel, L. I. C., N. Y.	356.00
Rel. Comm. West St. Paul, Minn.	404.00
Rel. Comm. Birmingham, Ala.	3,000.00
Rel. Comm. Chicago, Ill.	40,000.00
Rel. Comm. Denver, Colo.	800.00
Rel. Comm. Newport, R. I.	284.21
Rel. Comm. Cleversville, N. Y.	250.00
Coll. Terrel, Texas	251.00
Rel. Comm. Bay City, Mich.	200.00
Rel. Comm. Binghamton, N. Y.	500.00
Mitrachi Conv. Bureau, Bklyn, N. Y.	251.55
Designated sums for institutions	1,181.29
Designated sums for individuals	201.00
Smaller amounts	3,092.62

Commitee for Christian Relief in France and Belgium.

William Halls, Jr.	$200.00

Duryea War Relief.

The Knapp Fund	$500.00
Miscellaneous	84.08
The Fatherless Children of France, Inc.	
Through Miss L. Leland	$1,846.00
Anonymous	1,000.00
Olean Committee	250.00
Packer Institute	666.66
Through Professor L. L. Forman	401.00
Through D. A. R., Red Cross, and War Relief	245.00
Battle Creek Sanitarium, per Mrs. Dion Bogart	201.00
Washington Irving High School	288.00
Schools and societies	260.00
Midwood Committee and B. W. Dudley	230.00
Clubs	223.00
Mrs. Bucknell and A. D. of R., Roanoke	219.00
Patriotic Knitting Club	219.00
A. R. C., Temperanceville, Va., and Mrs. Pew	219.00
Mrs. Orr and Mrs. Bryden	216.00
Sunday schools	200.00
J. H. Eagle and M. B. D.	200.00

Committee for Free Milk for France.

Headquarters donations	$256
Dayton, Ohio, War Chest	1.100

Food for France Fund.

Maryland Section	$1,000.00
Miscellaneous	334.00

New York Red Cross.

Thomas Cochran	$1,000.00
The Unconditional Surrender Club, Greater New York, Unit No. 48	300.00
Wendell Phillips Lodge No. 365, Knights of Pythias, N. Y.	467.76
C. M. Bliss, Jr.	1,000.00

Italian War Relief Fund.

Chemung County War Chest Association, Elmira, N. Y.	$2,000.00
Stage Women's War Relief	622.40
Various, including sale of medals	260.00

Secours National Fund.

Miss Edith Scoville	$200.00
Chemung County War Chest Assn.	500.00
Miscellaneous	713.50

Serbian Aid Fund.

U. S. Defense League and various	$200.86
Children's Tin Box Fund	364.70
Columbus, Ohio, War Chest	1,000.00
W. J. Turner and various	256.00
Stage Women's War Relief	311.25
Fairfield, Ohio, War Chest	500.00

Serbian Relief Committee of America.

Chemung County War Chest	$1,000.00
Sergt. Ruth Farnam (collections)	458.91
Mrs. John F. Tarbell	200.00
Miscellaneous	926.00

Stage Women's War Relief.

Service House	$276.66

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AFTERNOON FROCKS
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Equipment of a Boarding House, Beds, Mattresses, 23 Pillows, Pillow Blankets, Sheets, Towels, and one large Box, one Ford Automobile.
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SUBWAY CHANGE DESIRABLE

Only Thing Delaying Work, He Writes, Is Cut in Appropriation for Public Service Board.

If the Board of Estimate furnishes the necessary money and the necessary authorization for installing continuous subway service between Times Square and City Hall, the work of preparing plans will be taken up again by the Public Service Commission and pushed rapidly to completion.

Recently there was a conference on the extension of the present shuttle service through Forty-second Street to the Grand Central Terminal, and then south on the tracks of the Lexington Avenue subway, which was attended by representatives of the Fifth Avenue, the Broadway and the Twenty-third Street Associations, and the Washington Heights Civic Association. The result was an agreement to support the improvement. A letter to this effect from Robert Grier Cook, of the Fifth Avenue Association, was sent to Travis H. Whitney, Acting Chairman of the Public Service Commission, who replied to it yesterday.

Mr Whitney said that Frank Hedley, Vice President and General Manager of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, had testified before the commission that in his belief the proposed improvement was practicable and desirable. In his letter Mr. Whitney said:

The Passengers Affected.

"In considering the Forty-second Street situation, there are three classes of passengers affected: First, those from the west side subway desirous of reaching stations on Fourth Avenue south of the diagonal station; second, passengers between the west side subway and the Queensboro subway; third, passengers between the west side subway and stations on Lexington Avenue north of diagonal station, or the Grand Central Station itself. To my mind, consideration of the first and second classes will care for the third class.

"With respect to the first class, those passengers desirous of traveling between points on the west side subway and stations on Fourth Avenue south of diagonal station, which includes a considerable number of passengers who formerly were able on the old subway to travel from upper Broadway to Fourth Avenue stations without change of trains except from express to local, such passengers now have to change at Times Square to shuttle trains, and then change from the shuttle to east side trains at diagonal station, with a walk of about 600 feet; yet local trains operating from Times Square to City Hall Loop would eliminate the necessity of any change of trains at diagonal station, including the 600-foot walk, and will involve merely a change at Times Square. The structure in Park Avenue immediately south of Forty-second Street has been so built as to allow for such operation, without the necessity of grade crossings; so that the operation can be had without any material limitation upon the capacity of the local tracks on the east side subway.

"To allow, however, for sufficiently frequent service on Times Square-City Hall local service, it will be necessary to install crossovers in Forty-second Street to the west of Sixth Avenue. This involves a reconstruction of the roof of the subway, because of the necessity of taking out columns between the tracks to allow for such crossovers. This work, together with certain other minor work preliminary to such operation, will cost around $100,000. The engineers had already been instructed to proceed with the plans for this work, but it has been suspended, due to the serious layoff of employes, particularly draftsmen and engineers, resulting from the action of the Board of Estimate on Dec. 30, in reducing substantially and limiting arbitrarily the appropriation for the rapid transit expenses of the commission."

Mr. Whitney explained that since the Board of Estimate had forced the retirement of a majority of the commission's engineers by the curtailment of the necessary appropriation to pay them, no information had been received by the commission concerning the amount of corporate stock that the board would allow for additional rapid transit purposes, and consequently it would not be wise to proceed with the plans until there was some indication that the money would be provided.

Personally Favors Improvement.

That Mr. Whitney is personally in favor of the improvement is shown by his familiarity with its possibilities. Explaining still further why he agreed that the plan should be carried out, he referred to the second class of passengers, those between the west side and the Queensboro subways. After calling attention to the fact that the plans already adopted provide for the extension of the Queensboro subway to Times Square, he said:

"The commission has under consideration as an alternative to the use of two of the tracks in Forty-second Street at Times Square, a stub-end terminal for the Queensboro subway, a deviation of that line under the corner of Bryant Park and Forty-second Street, with a station at Forty-first Street and Seventh Avenue, under and at right angles to the present Forty-second Street station of the Seventh Avenue line. This suggestion has two strong recommendations. First, it will make possible an ultimate extension westward from Seventh Avenue, and it will divert Queens passengers from the Forty-second Street end of the Seventh Avenue station to stairways at Forty-first Street, by which they could gain access to the Queensboro station.

"As you are aware, the north end of the Forty-second Street station on Seventh Avenue is now very much congested by the large number of passengers desirous of reaching the street or the shuttle either to the east side subway or to the Queensboro subway. Placing the Queensboro subway in Forty-first Street will separate the Queens passengers from those desirous of reaching the east side subway. The work on the plans for this extension has also been suspended, due to the lay-off of employes."

The third class of passengers to be considered are those between the west side subway and the Grand Central station on the Lexington Avenue subway north of the diagonal station. Mr. Whitney says that these can be accommodated by the proposed Times Square-City Hall trains stopping at the old Grand Central station or by shuttle operation on the two north tracks in Forty-second Street to the pockets now under construction close to the mezzanine of the diagonal station. In conclusion Mr. Whitney wrote:

"I think you will thus see that the suggestions from your associations rather coincide with the plans of the commission. The difficulties arise largely from lack of prompt authorizations and money for expenses and for contracts. The cure would seem to be a realization by the Board of Estimate alike of the contractual obligations of the dual contracts for the completion of all the lines therein set forth and of the public necessity for additional facilities as rapidly as they can be provided.

"Some suggestion has been made that the rapid transit work could be brought to a more prompt conclusion if it were conducted under a single-headed responsibility. This suggestion possibly overlooks the fact that the work has been carried on for a great many years under a single-headed responsibility, namely, the chief engineer of the Public Service Commission, who is responsible alike for the plans and for the supervision work. The difficulties that have arisen relate not so much to the character of responsibility which supervises the work as to lack of responsibility in the appropriating body of the city."

REPORTED CASUALTIES TOTAL 220,442

332 Named in Latest Army Lists, Include 103 Dead and 229 Wounded

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—The War Department gave out two army casualty lists today, which contained 332 names, bringing the total for the army after an official recheck of totals to 214,696. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued, but the total previously reported for that arm was 5,746. The total for army and Marine Corps is now 220,442.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 33 killed in action, 10 died of accident, 60 died of disease, and 229 severely wounded.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 25.	Total.
Killed in action	30,305	33	30,338
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,763	..	12,763
Died of accident	2,585	10	2,595
Died of disease	18,414	60	18,474
Total	64,799	103	64,902
Wounded	136,838	229	137,067
Missing	12,727	..	12,727
Total	214,364	332	214,696

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ALBRECHT, F. C., 313 E. 141st St....(WS)
AUSWAKS, JACOB, 238 7th St........(WS)
DAVIDIAN, PARONAG, 12 E. 40th St.(DD)
DUFFY, JOHN, 147 W. 60th St........(WS)
EGAN, J. B., 209 Eckford St., Bkn.—Lt.(KA)
FALLON, B. M., 423 W. 56th St......(WS)
FURST, A. A., 1,493 Broadway........(DD)
HAYSMAN, WILLIAM C., 42 Weirfield St., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(WS)
JACKSON, JOSEPH, 331 W. 69th St....(WS)
KATZ, JACOB, 410 Chester St., B'klyn.(WS)
KUNTZ, FRANK, 63 Irving Av., Bkn..(WS)
LEVY, ALEX, 411 S. 4th St., Brooklyn.(DD)
MALONE, T. J., 314 W. 143d St.......(WS)
MARTIN, R. C., 322 E. 32d St., Bkn.—Lt.(KA)
PHILLIPS, F., 22 Freedom Av., Bkn..(WS)
RICE, EDWARD J., 247 E. 21st St....(DD)
RIESTER, J., Jr., 2,736 Atlantic Av., Bkn.(KA)
SCHUTZINGER, JOSEPH K., 508 Warwick St., Brooklyn...............(WS)
SHELDON, LOUIS, 1,791 3d Av.......(WS)
SLOCUM, H. L., 704 Grand St., Bkn...(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

BEISSWANGER, F. W., Corning—Corp.(WS)
BELL, EDWARD, Schenectady—Corp...(KA)
BOURDEAU, A. J., Hudson Falls—Corp.(WS)
JOHNSON, J. E., Highland Falls—Corp.(DD)
KOLLASY, ELIAS F., New York Mills.(WS)
LINCOLN, LEO R., Cortland.........(DD)
MERGI, WILLIAM H., Buffalo........(WS)
PHILLIPS, ALBERT, Buffalo..........(WS)
PRYOR, RAYMOND E., Oswego.........(WS)
WAGNER, EDWARD, Binghamton....(WS)

ALABAMA.

SMYTH, WILLIAM W., Valley Head...(DD)
WARD, ROSS R. V., Dadeville.........(KA)

ARKANSAS.

ROBBINS, RASHO, Step Rock.........(DD)
THOMPSON, WILLIAM, Rowell........(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

HOWARD, ROY H., San Francisco.....(DA)
PETERS, THOMAS W., Pomona........(KA)
STEDMAN, OLIVER J., Modesto........(KA)
STEINMAN, CHARLES L., Visalia......(KA)
STUDEBAKER, FLOYD A., Berkeley..(KA)

CONNECTICUT.

BRZOZOWY, PETER, New Britain.....(WS)
DANIELS, WILLIAM A., New Haven..(DD)
DUKAT, JOSEPH P., Hamden..........(WS)
MARIANI, ROCCO, New London........(KA)

GEORGIA.

BURDELL, ABRAHAM, Nichols.........(DD)
WILLIAMSON, WATSON, Newington..(DD)

ILLINOIS.

COLBY, WILLIAM C., Shabona........(DD)
JOHANSEN, WALTER A., Geneva......(DD)
McNICHOLS, JOSEPH M., Chicago.....(DD)
NEUFELDT, C., Chicago—Corp........(KA)

INDIANA.

CARD, NOAH R., Daleville...........(DD)
DICK, COY, Indianapolis............(KA)
POUND, FLOYD J., Terre Haute.......(DD)
VOGL, OTTO, St. Henry..............(DD)
WISEMAN, C. F., Michigan City—Cook.(DD)

IOWA.

McCARTHY, JOHN M., Dubuque—Sgt..(DD)
PHILLIPS, LLOYD D., Cedar Rapids..(DD)
PRATT, GEORGE P., Macedonia—Lt...(DD)

KANSAS.

LUKER, ALONZO W., Lyons..........(DD)

KENTUCKY.

WILSON, DELINA, Faubush..........(DD)

LOUISIANA.

BATISTE, ED., Gretna...............(DD)
SANCHES, CHAS. J., Baton Rouge....(DD)

MAINE.

BUTLER, PERLEY O., Waterville.....(KA)
SHAY, DANIEL J., Mattawamkeag....(DD)

MARYLAND.

KLIMA, JAMES J., Baltimore.........(DD)
KROH, WILLIAM H., Baltimore—Sgt..(DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

BLANCHETTE, A., New Bedford.......(DA)
WRIGHT, H. A., Springfield—Corp....(KA)

MICHIGAN.

DAVIES, L. R., Rochester—Lt........(DD)
JARVIS, C. R., Muskegon............(DD)
LANDSTRUM, E. C., Justin...........(DD)
ROBERTS, E. E., Muskegon—Corp.....(KA)

MINNESOTA.

CARLSON, O. C., Duluth—Wagn......(DD)
FREDRICKSON, A. A., Lamberton....(DD)
HERNE, HARRY, Detroit..............(DD)
STARKEY, F. H., Clitherall—Corp....(KA)

MISSOURI.

BREYFOGLE, O. G., St. Louis.........(KA)
HILL, SILAS, St. Louis...............(DD)
KUHLMAN, H. F., Sweet Springs—Sgt.(DD)
SCHWIEKERT, W. P., St. Louis......(DA)
SITTERMANN, F. J., Leslie..........(DD)
SWEATMAN, O. M., Elmira—Cook.....(DD)
VOGEL, J. A., St. Louis..............(DD)

NEBRASKA.

FURCH, J. K., Omaha—Corp..........(DD)
JOHNSON, G. S., Big Springs........(KA)

NEW JERSEY.

FACCONE, M., New Brunswick.......(WS)
HEAGAN, J. E., West Orange.........(WS)
INSCHE, H. M., Phillipsburg.........(DD)
JIANFRANCESCO, A., Princeton......(WS)
KANE, ROBERT, Hopewell............(DD)
KORETZ, BENJAMIN, Newark—Mch...(WS)
McBRIDE, HUGH, Phillipsburg—Corp.(WS)
McDONOUGH, W. J., New Brunswick.(WS)
RICHARD, GEORGE, Hackensack......(DA)

NORTH DAKOTA.

KRESAN, F. A., Williston—Corp......(DA)

OHIO.

BREDIGER, J. C., Akron.............(DD)
DUNN, B. F., Toledo.................(DD)
HAYHURST, GEORGE, Addyston.......(DA)
MILLER, J. G., Henlock..............(KA)
PETTERSON, G. A., Toledo...........(KA)
PITZER, I. L., Cincinnati............(KA)
WATT, MYRON, Youngstown—Corp....(KA)
WRIGHT, J. D., Columbus............(DA)

OKLAHOMA.

CRUTCHFIELD, J. B., Francis—Sgt...(DD)
GREEN, ARCHIE B., Shamrock.......(DA)
HILL, WILLIAM J., Tecumseh........(KA)
REAGER, WALLACE C., Sallisaw....(DA)

OREGON.

RUSSELL, DE WITT E., Portland—Master Eng. ....(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

FLORIO, HUMBERT, Philadelphia.....(KA)
MONACELLA, EUGENIO, Avoca.......(DD)
PETERSON, R. E., Philadelphia—Sgt..(DD)
RAMPULLA, MICHAEL, Lancaster.....(KA)
RICKENBACH, J. R., West Leesport..(KA)
RUCKER, A. J., Lancaster............(DD)
SCHAFFER, J., Freedom—Corp.......(KA)

RHODE ISLAND.

WALL, JAMES E., Pascoag...........(DD)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

ANDERSON, BERT, Williamston.......(DA)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

BURKE, JOHN T., Elk Point...........(KA)
PIKE, RAYMOND ALLISON, Fairfax..(DD)

TENNESSEE.

HUGHES, CECIL, Kingston Springs....(DD)
JACKSON, WM. F., Mount Juliet—Corp.(DD)
NIXON, HORACE R., Hermitage......(KA)

TEXAS.

BRADLEY, MARION G., Tahoka..Sgt..(DD)
DUNCAN, RAY M., Waco..............(DD)
PSENCIK, LOUIS F., Smithville.......(KA)

VIRGINIA.

JOHNS, HARRISON, Meherrin.........(DD)

WASHINGTON.

REED, CHARLES E., Moxee City.....(KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

CARLIN, WILLIAM, Jr., Gatewood....(DD)
HAUGHT, ZELLAN, Fairview.........(DD)
WOLF, GEORGE W., Berkeley Springs.(KA)

WISCONSIN.

LEONARD, JOSEPH J., Hollandale....(DD)
SCHOPWETTER, F. C., Reeseville.....(KA)

Revised Casualty List.

NEW YORK CITY. (New Reptd. / Prev. Reptd.)

BARNES, R. H., 1,542 Forest Av., West New Brighton, S. I.....(RD) (MA)
BINGER, JACK, 52 W. 49th St...(WU) (MA)
BOYLE, FRANCIS J., 815 Washington St., Brooklyn.........(WU) (MA)
CARRIERI, D., 125 South St., Jamaica ....(Sick) (MA)
DAVITT, JAMES, 1,302 2d Av...(KA) (MA)
FABIAN, O. W., 319 Evergreen Av., Brooklyn...............(KA) (MA)
FLORMAN, I., 468 Christopher Av., Brooklyn...............(WL) (MA)
FOLEY, J., 180 East 22d St......(RD) (MA)
FRAMMOSA, J., 310 E. 116th St.(WU) (MA)
GARRA, A. J., 619 President St.(WU) (MA)
GEROLD, F., 881 Hart St., Brooklyn ....(Erron) (WS)
GIAMPETRUZZI, M., 314 East 108th St.—Corp..........(WU) (MA)
HERMAN, A., 184 South 2d St., Brooklyn ....(WL) (KA)
HERZOG, H. J., 455 W. 48th St..(RD) (MA)
HOFFMAN, E. V., 838 Monroe St., Brooklyn..............(WU) (KA)
KELLY, J., 125 West 60th St....(WL) (MA)
LEVINE, R., 284 Madison St......(RD) (MA)
LIND, U. L., 301 Livingston St., Brooklyn ....(Erron) (WS)
RICHTER, J. F., 92 Hill St., Brooklyn ....(RD) (MA)
RIMPOTTI, A. J., 479 New York Av., Brooklyn..........(WU) (MA)
ROBINSON, W. A., 195 East Av., Long Island City..........(WU) (MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

CAPERON, J. T., Fort Edward.(WU) (MA)
FLACK, H. P., Albany.........(KA) (MA)
GILFETHER, C. H., Corning: (Erroneously) (WS)
GREELEY, J. S., Cohoes.......(WS) (MA)
HALLOCK, G. C., Rochester......(RD) (MA)
HALLOCK, W. M., Ronkonkoma..(MA) (WS)
HOGAN, W. F., Syracuse—Sgt..(WU) (DW)
NEWLOVE, JOHN, Utica........(WU) (MA)
WILSON, C., Cornwall..(Erroneously) (KA)

OTHER STATES.

ALLEN, E. F., O'Donnell, Texas.(KA) (MA)
ANDRUS, L., Spanish Fork, Utah.(WU) (KA)
ARGUST, E., Trenton, N. J....(WU) (MA)
BARNICK, W. H., Petersburg, Ill.(DW) (MA)
BARTLETT, O., Appleton, Ark..(KA) (MA)
BARTON, A. R., West Terre Haute, Ind. ....(KA) (MA)
BAUWENS, F., Portage, Penn..(KA) (MA)
BITTMAN, E. L., Toledo, Ohio...(D) (MA)
BUNNELL, R., Wolcott, Ind.—Corp...............(KA) (MA)
BUTLER, PEARLEY, Waterville, Me.—Corp ....(Erroneously) (KA)
CADMUS, THEO., Newark, N. J.(D) (MA)
CALONI, VICTOR, Pittsburgh...(KA) (MA)
CARLSON, G.E., Middletown, Conn.(RD) (KA)
CLEM, JAMES, Pomeroyton, Ky.(RD) (DD)
CODY, HENRY, E.San Diego, Cal.(K) (WS)
DAVIS, W., Parkersburg, W. Va.(KA) (MA)
FAGER, WM. H., Columbia, Penn.(KA) (MA)
GEWAK, GEORGE, Trenton, N.J.(WU) (MA)
GLASER, PAUL, Rockville, Conn.(RD) (MA)
GLOVER, J., Beaver Falls, Penn.(D) (MA)
HAGAN, HAROLD, Philadelphia.(DW) (MA)
HARPER, W.W., Little Rock, Ark.(KA) (MA)
HOLLOPETER, CHAS, Bruce, Wis.(KA) (MA)
HORN, E. M., Hanstom Kan.....(P) (KA)
KELLEY, WM., Summitville, Ind.(KA) (MA)
LADNIER, E., Ocean Springs, Miss.(KA) (MA)
LEWIS, SAMUEL, Decatur, Tenn.—Lt ....(Erroneously) (KA)
McCARTER, J. V., Carlisle, Ind.(KA) (MA)
McGARRY, P., Jersey City, N. J.—Corp ....(RD) (KA)
McMURRAY, W. R., Albany, Ore.—Lt. ....(Erroneously) (KA)
MILLER, S. W., Viborg, S. D.(Sick) (KA)
MUEHLEISEN, J. C., Millville, N. J. ....(WL) (MA)
MUNCK, H. P., South Amboy, N. J. ....(RD) (MA)
MORAN, T. D., Bassett, Va.—Corp. ....(WL) (KA)
MORK, F. O., Dorchester, Mass..(KA) (MA)
MOTTA, S., New Britain, Conn..(KA) (MA)
OLSEN, M., Rockdale, Wis. (Erroneously) (KA)
OLSON, A. C., Holt, Minn.......(KA) (MA)
OSTHAUS, R. A., Scranton, Penn.—Lt. ....(WS) (KA)
PARAVAN, L., Chicago, Ill.......(KA) (MA)
PATTERSON, S., Jersey City, N. J. ....(WL) (MA)
PAYNE, M. T., Erie, Penn.......(DW) (MA)
PITCHER, E. H., Jr., Brookfield, Conn. ....(WU) (MA)
PRIDE, J. S., Morley, Mo.—Sgt..(KA) (MA)
RATHBURN, L. A., Bellefourche, S. D. ....(KA) (MA)
RENFREW, E. E., Plymouth, Mich. ....(KA) (MA)
REPKA, C., Shelton, Conn......(RD) (MA)
RHEA, G. W., Afton, Tenn......(KA) (MA)
RICO, J. N., Durant, Okla......(DW) (MA)
RIEMER, C. H., Baltimore, Md.(KA) (MA)
ROUSE, N. H., Monroe City, Mo. (K) (WS)
ROWELL, H. A., Union, Mo.....(DD) (MA)
STUBER, E. L., Marion, Ohio.. (Erroneously) (DD)
TWEITE, A. L., Byron, Minn....(KA) (MA)
YOUNG, E. S., St. Louis, Mo.. (Erroneously) (DW)
ZIMMERMAN, W. L., Baltimore.(RD) (DD)

IN THE CURRENT WEEK

Today.

United States Senator Borah and Herman Hagedorn are announced to speak at a Roosevelt memorial service of the Free Synagogue at Carnegie Hall, beginning at 10:30 A. M.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler will speak on "Reconstruction and Education" before the Institutional Synagogue at the Mt. Morris Theatre at 10:45 A. M.

Julius Drachsler will speak on "The Immigrant in Our City" at the Woodstock Branch of the Public Library at 11 A. M.

The New York Committee of the Italian War Relief Fund will start a campaign for money with special collections in the churches and a mass meeting at the Metropolitan Opera House in the afternoon.

Evan Thomas, released conscientious objector; Scott Nearing, and August Claessens will speak on "Political Prisoners" at the Rand School Open Forum at 2 P. M.

Assistant Secretary of War Keppel and Major Gen. Shanks are announced to speak at the dedication of the Salvation Army hut and hotel at Camp Mills at 3 P. M.

James F. Morton, Jr., will speak on "An International Language as a Factor in World Unity" under the auspices of the Brooklyn Philosophical Association at the Williamsburgh Public Library at 3 P. M.

Professor George W. Bowne will speak on "Thomas Paine" before the Secular Society at 151 West 125th Street at 3:15 P. M.

There will be a free organ recital by Samuel A. Baldwin in the Great Hall of City College at 4 P. M.

There will be a patriotic service under the auspices of the Colonial Dames at Grace Episcopal Church at 4 P. M.

John Z. White will speak on "The French Revolution—a Lesson for Today" at the Hebrew Educational Society in Brooklyn at 4 P. M.

Miss Helen Sanders will speak on "All Things New" at the Central Branch, Y. W. C. A., at 4:30 P. M.

Lieutenant J. H. Donaldson will speak on "Our Fighters" at the Bedford Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn in the evening.

There will be an entertainment at the Century Theatre for the benefit of the Yonkers After-Care Home for Children Crippled by Infantile Paralysis in the evening.

Miss J. Frank of the National Child Labor Committee will speak on "What Shall the Coming Peace Mean to the Working Children of America?" at the Central Branch, Y. W. C. A., in the evening.

There will be a service in memory of Private Frederick Brese at the Seventh Presbyterian Church in the evening.

Henry Bruere, V. R. Savic, and Mrs. Eva Bernstein will speak on "A League of Free Nations" under the auspices of the Henry Street Settlement at 301 Henry Street at 8 P. M.

Dr. Horace M. Kallen will speak on "Russia and the League of Nations" under the auspices of the People's Institute at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

Alfred W. Martin will speak on "Amos and the New Note in Religion" at the meeting house of the Ethical Culture Society at 8 P. M.

Lieut. Col. Charles W. Whittlesey will speak on "The Returning Soldier" at the forum of the Church of the Ascension at 8 P. M.

Ordway Tead will speak on "The People's Part in Peace" at the forum of the Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church at 8 P. M.

Dr. George E. Vincent, President of the Rockefeller Foundation, will speak on "War and the Public Health" at the Church of the Messiah Forum at 8:15 P. M.

Boardman Robinson, correspondent of the Metropolitan Magazine on the Eastern Front, will give a chalk talk on "From Saloniki to Petrograd" at the People's House at 8:15 P. M.

Speakers representing labor, the church and the synagogue will discuss "How Shall We Save Our Department of Health?" before the Free Synagogue Forum at 36 West Sixty-eighth Street at 8:15 P. M.

Mrs. Nina Larre Duryea of the Duryea War Relief, will speak on "Present Conditions and Needs of the French People" at 78 West Fifty-fifth Street at 9 P. M.

Tomorrow.

Paul U. Kellogg will speak on "Democratic Movements in Industry in England" before the Women's Conference of the Society for Ethical Culture at 2 West Sixty-fourth Street at 3 P. M.

Henry J. Davison will deliver the first of a series of three lectures on "How Rooms Affect Us," for the benefit of war charities at the Ritz-Carlton at 3 P. M.

There will be a mass meeting of parents to urge the erection of a new high school on Washington Heights at public school 132 in the evening.

A Hebrew Christian Prophetic Campaign, under the auspices of the Hebrew Christian Alliance, will be opened at Calvary Methodist Church at 8 P. M.

Arthur J. Baldwin will speak on "The Battlefields of France" before the New York Electrical Society at the Engineering Societies Building at 8 P. M.

Professor Franz Boas will read a paper on "Social Organization of the Kwakiutl" before the Section of Anthropology and Psychology of the Academy of Sciences and the American Ethnological Society at the Museum of Natural History at 8:15 P. M.

Lajpat Rai, President of the Indian Home Rule League, will speak on "The Economic Status of India" in the People's House at 8:15 P. M.

Frederick S. Webster will deliver an illustrated lecture on "The Marvels of Animal Camouflage" before the photographical section of the American Institute of New York at the Engineering Society's Building at 8:15 P. M.

Tuesday.

Professor Adolphe Cohn will lecture before the Alliance Francaise at the Hotel Plaza at 4 P. M.

The part played by the rodent-destroying snakes in winning the war will be discussed at the third annual dinner of the Reptile Study Society at Chinese Delmonico's in the evening.

Dock Commissioner Hulbert will speak on "Steamship and Ocean Transportation" at a meeting of the Traffic Club at the Waldorf-Astoria at 8 P. M.

There will be a concert of French folk songs under the direction of Max Mers at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

Charles E. Hughes will lecture on "Arguments in Appellate Courts" in the City College legal course at the Bar Association Building at 8:30 P. M.

Wednesday.

A three-day rummage sale under the auspices of the Cribside Committee for the benefit of the Babies' Hospital will open at 8 West Forty-seventh Street.

Miss Margaret Christie of the War Camp Community Service will speak on "Our Duty to the Returning Soldier" under the auspices of the Ethical Culture School at 2 West Sixty-fourth Street at 11:45 A. M.

The graduation exercises of Intermediate School 159 will be held at the school at 1 P. M.

The first annual dinner of the Shipmasters' Club of New York will be held at the Arkwright Club, 320 Broadway, in the evening.

There will be a meeting of the Committee to Erect a Hero Monument in Long Island City at the Queens Borough Hall in the evening.

The Rev. Dr. George Alexander will be installed as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at services beginning at 8 P. M.

Thursday.

Bishop Luther B. Wilson will talk on "The Church in the New Age" at the John Street Methodist Church at 1 P. M.

The annual meeting of the New York Diet Kitchen Association will be held at the home of Mrs. Henry Villard, 525 Park Avenue, at 3 P. M.

The graduating exercises of the Morris High School will be held at 8 P. M.

Dr. John Willis Slaughter, Director of the Community Council of National Defense, will speak on "The Community Centre Movement" in the Church of the Messiah Building at 8:15 P. M.

Count Ilya Tolstoy will speak on "The Tragedy of Russia and Tolstoy's Message" at the open forum of the Humanitarian Cult at 286 West End Avenue at 8:15 P. M.

George R. Kirkpatrick will lecture on "Assets for the Social Revolution" in the People's House, at 8:15 P. M.

Friday.

Edith R. Abbot will speak on "What the Museums Can Do to Help," and Annie Carroll Moore on "Conservation of Ideals," under the auspices of the Henry Street Settlement at the Neighborhood Playhouse, at 9:30 A. M.

Professor E. S. Savage will deliver an illustrated lecture on "Dairy Types" in Schermerhorn Hall, Columbia University, at 4:15 P. M., and on "Dairy Feeding," at the same place, at 8:15 P. M.

George Haven Putnam, Lieut. Col. Whittlesey and others will speak at a dinner of the Sphinx Club at the Waldorf-Astoria in the evening.

There will be a discussion of "The Electron Theory of the Mechanical Universe with Particular Reference to the Nobel Prize for Physics" at 765 Sixth Avenue at 8 P. M.

Everett Dean Martin will lecture on "Our Crowd Ideas of Liberty," under the auspices of the People's Institute, at Cooper Union, at 8 P. M.

There will be a mass meeting under the auspices of the Brooklyn Women's Bar Association to advocate a bill to qualify women as jurors at the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce at 8 P. M.

Saturday.

The Japan Society will conduct a Pan Pacific Forum at the Bankers' Club on "Communication Across the Pacific," beginning at 2 P. M.

The Italian Chamber of Commerce will have a Victory Banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria in the evening.

There will be a song recital followed by a dance for the benefit of the Virginia Day Nursery at the Ritz-Carlton in the evening.

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REWARD
$10,000

I, Thomas B. Smith, Mayor of the City of Philadelphia, Pa., by virtue of a Resolution of City Councils, January 16th, 1919, do hereby offer *$10,000* reward.

WHEREAS, Several bombs were placed in the City of Philadelphia on Monday, December 30th, 1918, and the firing of these bombs resulted in the injury of several of our most respected and representative citizens, and also caused considerable property damage, and

WHEREAS, The placing and firing of these bombs is a direct attack upon the principles of our government and the conspirators should be immediately apprehended and punished; therefore

Resolved, by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia, That the Mayor be, and he is hereby, authorized to offer a reward of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties concerned in the placing and firing of bombs in the City of Philadelphia on Monday, December 30th, 1918.

THOMAS B. SMITH, *Mayor.*

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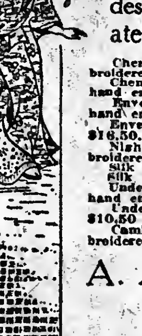

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Camisoles—Of Satin or Crepe de Chine, hand embroidered, $1.75 to $10.50.

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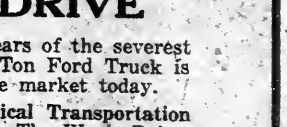

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Cheapest, Most Economical Transportation for all lines of business. The Worm Drive, a feature of the most expensive trucks, gives the most positive power and wearing qualities. Let us show you!

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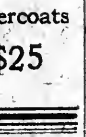

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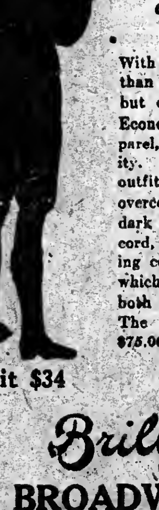

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LATEST CAR MODELS.

Descriptions of new passenger cars, appropriately illustrated, will be given in the Automobile Show Section of The New York Times Sunday, Feb. 2.

WOMAN TENNIS CHAMPION MAKES FIRST APPEARANCE OF SEASON IN MIXED DOUBLES MATCH

MISS BJURSTEDT ON WINNING TEAM

Woman Champion, Playing with Professional, Wins Mixed Doubles.

MISS GOSS AND HALL LOSE

Norse Girl, in First Appearance of Season, Plays Steady Game—Scores Are 6-3, 6-3, 9-7.

Walter Merrill Hall was between two fires yesterday. He was scheduled to defend his title as champion of the Seventh Regiment and was also needed as a substitute for Fred B. Alexander in the first mixed doubles match of the season at the Heights Casino in Brooklyn. Hall chose the later assignment and thereby lost by default to Arthur S. Cragin in the Seventh Regiment tournament.

The mixed doubles in Brooklyn marked Miss Molla Bjurstedt's first appearance of the season, and, paired with Harry McNeal, the professional at the Casino, the team was the winner in straight sets over Miss Eleanor Goss and Hall. The scores were 6—3, 6—3, 9—7. Fred Alexander was originally paired with the woman champion in the match, but he was unable to be present, so Hall obligingly sacrificed his chances in the Seventh Regiment event to take his place.

Miss Bjurstedt was just as skillful and effective as ever and played a remarkably steady game. Her shots were accurate and she registered numerous points for the winning pair. Hall played a fine game against odds, and at times he kept the opposing pair going at top speed. His swift service was plenty for the other side to handle, and he gave his partner, Miss Goss, great support when she found the pace especially fast. Miss Goss's game was rather erratic at times and the service of McNeal gave her considerable trouble.

Miss Bjurstedt and McNeal took the first set at 6—3. After winning the first game at 5—3, Miss Goss and Hall took the second at the same score. In the sixth game Miss Goss and Hall won a love game, but failed to rally after that. In the second set Miss Bjurstedt and McNeal came through the same margin of victory.

Miss Goss and Hall did their best work in the third set, which went to the champion and McNeal after a close competition of sixteen stirring games. Occasionally Hall would rip a hard shot down the side lines out of reach of the opposing pair, his placing of shots being very effective. During the rally in this last set Miss Goss was able to make better returns on McNeal's service, and right up to the end Miss Goss and Hall put up the most stubborn sort of opposition.

The score and point summary:

FIRST SET.

Pts.G.

Miss Bjurstedt and H. McNeal—
5 3 4 4 5 0 4 3 4—34—6

Miss Goss and W. M. Hall—
3 5 1 0 3 4 1 5 2—24—3

SECOND SET.

Miss Bjurstedt and H. McNeal—
4 4 5 5 1 4 1 5 6—32—6

Miss Goss and W. M. Hall—
6 0 1 1 4 0 4 3 3—22—3

THIRD SET.

Miss Bjurstedt and H. McNeal—
3 1 4 5 7 3 3 4 2 7 2 5 7 3 4 4—66—9

Miss Goss and W. M. Hall—
5 4 2 3 5 3 3 4 2 9 4 7 5 5 2 2—66—7

HENS GO HOME TO ROOST.

Annual Poultry Show at Garden Most Successful Ever Held.

The Poultry Show at Madison Square Garden ended last night and was the most successful exhibition the association has conducted in thirty years. More than $15,000 in cash prizes was distributed among exhibitors from all over this country and Canada. Most of the poultry wash shipped home to roost just as soon as the show closed last night.

During the past two days of the exhibition numerous wounded soldiers have visited the Garden and made inquiries about raising poultry. This opens up a field of livelihood which will undoubtedly be followed by many wounded men, and the idea is being encouraged by the officials in charge of the government exhibit. Poultryman Harry M. Lamon, of the United States exhibit, said yesterday that more than 1,500 soldiers and sailors who are soon to leave the service had asked questions about poultry raising.

Miss Henrietta Banwell, of Gaylordsville, Conn., a former Greenwich House settlement worker, who went into chicken farming two years ago, spoke highly of the pursuit for returned soldiers who sought open air work, but she said they should try to get work as novices on a chicken farm for a year to learn the business before investing their own money.

Rowland Story of Brooklyn, who judged the Minorcas and is a veteran poultryman, suggested that the Government should start at once a city school for the instruction in the poultry trade of returning soldiers. Men crippled and those who have suffered from shell shock and need country life could, in Mr. Story's opinion, make good as poultrymen and make a comfortable living.

CLINTON ANNEXES TITLE.

Wins Manhattan-Bronx Honors by Defeating Eastern District Five.

De Witt Clinton High School's basket ball team won the Manhattan-Bronx-Brooklyn P. S. A. L. championship yesterday when it defeated the Eastern District H. S. five in a closely contested game on the Boys' H. S. court by a score of 22 to 19. This result eliminated Eastern District, Brooklyn's champions, from further contention for the city championship. De Witt Clinton's five by its victory earns the right to play Newtown H. S., champions of Queens, for the city championship.

De Witt Clinton's representatives, with a snappy brand of team play and a varied offensive, led in scoring practically throughout the game. In only the second half did the Eastern District boys show in front, and then the advantage of the Brooklynites was brief. At the end of the first half De Witt Clinton's team was leading by 15 to 11. The lineup:

Clinton, (22.)	Position.	East'n Dist., (19.)
Goldberger	R. F.	H. Barshay
Melitzer	L. F.	Zaimoff
Siskind	C.	Vengrove
Rosenowitz	R. G.	R. Barshay
Wexler	L. G.	Cherry

Field goals—Goldberger, (2,) Melitzer, (2,) Wexler, (2,) H. Barshay, (2,) Zaimoff, (3,) Vengrove, (2.) Goals from foul—Goldberger, (10,) Zaimoff, (5.) Referee—Mr. Marx, Commercial High School. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Anna Held's Daughter Exhibitor.

Miss Liane Held Carrera, daughter of the late Anna Held, will make her début as an exhibitor of Pekingese dogs tomorrow at the tenth annual specialty show of the Pekingese Club of America, to be held at the Plaza Hotel. At least 300 of the finest imported and home-bred specimens of this breed are promised for exhibition. The champions and near champions entered include those of Mrs. Michael M. Van Buren, Mrs. Frank T. Clarke, Mrs. Arthur L. Holland, Mrs. H. A. Baxter, Mrs. Charles E. Engel, Mrs. M. E. Harby, and Mrs. Clinton Irwin Martin.

GOLF BODY WILL EXPAND.

Metropolitan Association Plans to Increase Members to 100 Clubs.

The newly appointed Metropolitan Golf Association Handicap Committee will get busy this week on preliminary work connected with the 1919 list. Not until yesterday was the exact personnel of the association known, though some time ago the executive body prevailed upon Charles W. O'Connor of Garden City to accept the position of Chairman. Mr. O'Connor, however, was unable to start anything until he knew the names of his associates. These have all been selected, and consist of A. F. Kammer of Fox Hills, Anson F. Robinson of Ardsley, John E. Kelley of Deal, and Theodore Cassebeer of Oakland.

These men are all keen golfers. O'Connor in years gone by held the championship of the Essex County Country Club, but recently he became identified with the Garden City Golf Club. Kammer, holder of the Staten Island title, is one of the best players in this district. Robinson is no stranger to handicapping. In fact, the Ardsley man was Chairman of this committee the last time it met, but resigned about the time this country entered the war. After getting his commission at Plattsburg, Robinson went overseas and only recently returned. Although unable to accept the Chairmanship again, due to pressure of business, Robinson very generously consented to serve on the committee.

Kelley has long been identified with golf at Deal and usually represents that club at annual meetings. Cassebeer is another well-known amateur, who for the last few years has done most of his playing at Oakland. It will be seen, therefore, that the committee completely represents the district—New Jersey, Long Island, Staten Island and Westchester County.

So far as the future is concerned this association has been set an example by the Massachusetts body, where the State handicapper, Dan Horan, already has received responses from forty-one clubs. He predicts that as a result of this early enthusiasm the total number of golfers handicapped this Spring will exceed the 6,000 mark. The 1918 figure was 5,873.

Although the Metropolitan Association is in a flourishing condition, having a total of eighty-eight clubs, the most in its history, there really seems no reason why this number should not reach the century mark. Of course, there is a restriction that possibly keeps a few away. In other words, the M. G. A. will not accept a club for membership until said club has joined the United States Golf Association.

The dues in the local body are only $15 a year, and in all probability several well-known organizations that are not numbered among its members now will apply before the end of the season. In looking over the list of nonmembers one comes across such organizations as the Engineers Country Club, Essex Fells Country Club, Meadowbrook Golf Club, Huntington Golf and Marine Club, Quaker Ridge Country Club, and the Hydewood Golf Club.

A TWO-MINUTE PROSPECT.

Ante Guy May Be Fifth Trotter to Enter Select Class.

On public form, Ante Guy is a candidate for two-minute honors on the trotting turf in 1919. She made her début as a two-year-old when, after forcing The Real Lady out in 2:08¾, she came on last season in her four-year-old form and won in 2:03¼, her separate time for the last half of the mile being 59¼ seconds. Should Ante Guy be so fortunate as to become the fifth member of the two-minute list of trotters, she will also be the first representative from Kentucky, as of the others Uhlan was bred in Massachusetts, Lee Axworthy in New Jersey, Lou Dillon in California, and Major Delmar in New York.

In addition to being a high class race mare, Ante Guy is also one of the best bred trotters that ever appeared on the turf. She was got by Guy Axworthy, 2:08¾, one of the best four-year-olds of his day and one that also is the sire of Lee Axworthy, 1:58¼, while her dam, Anteash, has six crosses of standard trotting blood, which makes her practically a thoroughbred trotter. She was got by Ashland Wilkes, the sire of John R. Gentry, 2:00½, out of Eoline, 2:14½, a filly by Anteeo that in her three-year-old form defeated Oro Wilkes, the first Kentucky Futurity winner. From Eoline the line of inheritance runs through Myriad, 2:28½, whose sire, Stranger, was a son of Goldsmith Maid, 2:14, while her dam, Myra, was by General Knox out of Sappho, the dam of Patience, 2:28¾. Sappho was in turn got by the champion stallion Jay Gould out of Le Blonde, the daughter of Ethan Allen that Dan Mace won with in 2:34¼ at Boston in 1870, while back of this there is a strain of Abdallah, the sire of Hambletonian.

Ante Guy first attracted the attention of the public at Monroe, N. Y., in 1916, when Frank Phillips won with her over the half-mile track in 2:17¼. The following week at Goshen she forced Emma McGowan out in 2:13½ and was taken from there to Poughkeepsie, where she made The Real Lady trot in 2:08¾ to win. After winning in 2:13¼ at Syracuse during the New York State Fair, Ante Guy was laid away until last season when she made a trip through the Grand Circuit in Murphy's stable. Her first start was made at North Randall, where she was unplaced to Binland in 2:05¼. Also after being unplaced to Heir Reaper at Kalamazoo, she was started in two races at Toledo, winning both of them and acquiring a win race of 2:05¾. She also won again at Columbus, where she defeated Del Jolla and Tacita after a five-heat contest. A second to Alma Forbes at the North Randall August meeting and a third to June Red at Philadelphia preceded a lay up until the horses reached Syracuse in September, where she finished second to Prince Loree in the $10,000 Empire State Purse. She also finished second to Prince Loree in the Columbus $10,000, but balanced her account with the Prince McKinney gelding by defeating him in the Buckeye Purse during the second week at Columbus and also in the Walnut Hall Cup at Lexington, where she won in 2:03¼. Her last starts in 1918 were made at Atlanta, where she had two races placed to her credit, making her score for the season seven firsts, three seconds, and one third out of thirteen starts.

RALPH MULFORD TO RACE.

He Will Drive Frontenac Car in 500-Mile Event.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan 25.—Ralph Mulford does not believe in thirteen being an unlucky number, for the famous "Smiler" is starting his thirteenth season as an automobile racer. His first entry into a speed contest of the season has been made for the Liberty Sweepstakes of 500 miles May 31, at the Indianapolis Speedway. Mulford is the second driver to enter the international classic in the chase for the winner's end of the $50,000 purse. He will drive a Frontenac car.

Starting his racing career in 1907 Mulford won the twenty-four-hour race on the Point Breeze track in Philadelphia. For years he was one of the most feared race drivers when the road race was king in the speed sport. He won the opening race at Elgin in 1910, and a year later annexed the Vanderbilt Cup at Savannah. He won three twenty-four-hour races after his start at Philadelphia. In 1910 he had a unique record, either winning or finishing fifth or better in every race of the season.

Mulford figures that he is due to win the 500-mile event with his light car, as he knows the track well, and with the aluminium Frontenac will be able to eliminate many tire stops that have held him back before. He almost won the first 500-mile in 1911. Ray Harroun did not change as many tires and a change near the finish relegated the Lozier to second place and the Marmon scored. Ralph always figured the last tire change beat him. In 1912 he finished tenth with a Knox, in 1913 he was seventh with a Mercedes, and in 1914 eleventh in the same car. In 1915 he failed for the first time to complete the five centuries, going only half way.

OFFICIAL NATIONAL LEAGUE SCHEDULE, 1919

	AT BOSTON.	AT BROOKLYN.	AT NEW YORK.	AT PHILADELPHIA	AT PITTSBURGH.	AT CINCINNATI.	AT CHICAGO.	AT ST. LOUIS.
BOSTON		May 1, 2, 3, 5 July 4, 4, 5, 7 Aug. 27, 28	May 6, 7, 8 July 24, 25, 26 Sept. 1, 1, 2, 3	May 9, 10, 12 June 23, 24, 25, 26 July 28 Aug. 29, 30	June 18, 19, 20, 21 Aug. 1, 2, 4 Sept. 8, 9, 10	June 14, 15, 16, 17 July 29, 30, 31 Sept. 12, 13, 14	June 6, 7, 8, 9 Aug. 5, 6, 7 Sept. 19, 20, 21	June 10, 11, 12, 13 Aug. 8, 9, 10 Sept. 15, 16, 17
BROOKLYN	April 19, 19 April 23, 24, 25, 26 June 2, 3, 4 Sept. 27		May 29, 30, 30, 31 July 1, 2, 3 Sept. 4, 5, 6	April 28, 29, 30 July 24, 25, 26 Sept. 23, 24, 25, 26	June 10, 11, 12, 13 Aug. 8, 9 Sept. 15, 16, 17, 22	June 6, 7, 8, 9 Aug. 5, 6, 7 Sept. 19, 20, 21	June 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 July 30, 31, Aug. 1 Sept. 12, 13	June 14, 15, 16, 17 Aug. 2, 3, 4 Sept. 8, 9, 10
NEW YORK	April 28, 29, 30 June 27, 28, 30 Sept. 23, 24, 25, 26	May 9, 10, 12 June 24, 25, 26 July 28 Aug. 13, 29, 30		April 23, 24, 25, 26 July 4, 4, 5, 7 Aug. 27, 28	June 5, 6, 7, 9 July 29, 30, 31 Sept. 18, 19, 20	June 10, 11, 12, 13, 22 Aug. 1, 2, 3 Sept. 15, 16	June 14, 15, 16, 17 Aug. 8, 9, 10 Sept. 8, 9, 10	June 18, 19, 20, 21 Aug. 5, 6, 7 Sept. 12, 13, 14
PHILADELPHIA	May 29, 30, 30, 31 July 1, 2, 3 Sept. 4, 5, 6	May 6, 7, 8 June 27, 28, 30 Sept. 1, 1, 2, 3	May 1, 2, 3, 5 June 2, 3, 4 Sept. 27, 29, 30		June 14, 16, 17 Aug. 5, 6, 7, 11 Sept. 11, 12, 13	June 18, 19, 20, 21 Aug. 8, 9, 10 Sept. 8, 9, 10	June 10, 11, 12, 13 Aug. 2, 3, 4 Sept. 14, 15, 16	June 6, 7, 8, 9 July 30, 31, Aug. 1 Sept. 19, 20, 21
PITTSBURGH	May 17, 19, 20, 21 July 17, 18, 19 Aug. 13, 14, 15	May 22, 23, 24 July 8, 9, 10, 11 Aug. 20, 21, 22	May 26, 27, 28 July 12, 14, 15, 16 Aug. 23, 25, 26	May 13, 14, 15, 16 July 21, 22, 23 Aug. 16, 18, 19		April 27, 28, 29, 30 June 1, 26 July 6, 27, 28 Aug. 31	April 23, 24, 25, 26 May 11, June 2, 3, 4 June 29 Sept. 7	May 4, 5, 6 June 22, 23, 24, 25 Sept. 26, 27, 28
CINCINNATI	May 22, 23, 24 July 8, 9, 10, 11 Aug. 20, 21, 22	May 13, 14, 15, 16 July 17, 18, 19 Aug. 16, 18, 19	May 17, 19, 20, 21 July 21, 22, 23 Aug. 13, 14, 15	May 26, 27, 28 July 12, 14, 15, 16 Aug. 23, 25, 26	May 29, 30, 30, 31 June 27, 28 July 25, 26 Aug. 29, 30		May 8, 9, 10 June 30, July 1, 2 Sept. 1, 1, 2, 3	May 1, 2, 3 June 2, 3, 4, 5 Sept. 5, 6, 7
CHICAGO	May 26, 27, 28 July 12, 14, 15, 16 Aug. 23, 25, 26	May 17, 19, 20, 21 July 21, 22, 23 Aug. 13, 14, 15	May 13, 14, 15, 16 July 17, 18, 19 Aug. 16, 18, 19	May 22, 23, 24 July 8, 9, 10, 11 Aug. 20, 21, 22	May 1, 2, 3 May 12 July 3, 4, 4, 5 Sept. 5, 6	May 4, 5, 6, 7 June 23, 24, 25 Sept. 26, 27, 28		May 30, 30, 31, June 1 July 25, 26, 27, 28 Sept. 22, 23
ST. LOUIS	May 13, 14, 15, 16 July 21, 22, 23 Aug. 16, 18, 19	May 26, 27, 28 July 12, 14, 15, 16 Aug. 23, 25, 26	May 22, 23, 24 July 8, 9, 10, 11 Aug. 20, 21, 22	May 17, 19, 20, 21 July 17, 18, 19 Aug. 13, 14, 15	May 8, 9, 10 June 30, July 1, 2 July 7 Sept. 1, 1, 2	April 23, 24, 25, 26 May 11, June 29 July 3, 4, 4, 5	April 27, 28, 29, 30 June 26, 27, 28 July 6 Aug. 30, 31	

YALE'S FOOTBALL PROSPECTS BRIGHT

Players in Service Expected to Return in Time to Make Up Strong Team.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 25.—Reports from Yale football players who left college two years ago to enter military service indicate that enough of the most prominent players will return to assure an eleven of exceptional strength next Fall. Hope is felt that Artemus L. Gates, who was elected Captain at the close of the 1916 season, will be on hand in the Spring to organize the season's plans, and to lead his men during the gridiron campaign in the Fall. Gates has been in aviation service, and his friends expect he will be discharged next Spring. He wishes to return to Yale, and no action has been taken looking to the appointment of any other Captain. Gates was one of the most effective ends in the season of 1916, in which Yale, after getting a poor start because of the disorganized condition of the material left over from the previous season, rallied and defeated such formidable teams as Colgate, Princeton, and Harvard.

Only one member of "Cupid" Black's 1916 eleven, Jim Braden, has yet returned to Yale. He was the plunging full back whose ground gaining was the most reliable of any back field member of the team. John Calahan and Chester La Roche, center and quarter back of the 1916 team, have been discharged from the service and will resume their Yale studies next Spring. They will be regulars of the team next season, it is expected.

Although definite word of most of the players who expected to return for the 1919 line up has not been received, it is fully expected that the stars of the 1920 and the 1921 freshmen elevens will be found on the team.

Kempton, the former Exeter star, and Yale freshman Captain two seasons ago, is probably the most valuable player of the squad. It is likely that Kempton will be shifted to half back. Campbell, half back; Hamill and Lewis, tackles; Sidenberg and Cook, guards, are the most prominent other members of the 1920 class team.

While no announcement has been made of Yale's football coaching system for next season, the undergraduate management has been notified by Professor Robert N. Corwin, head of the Board of Athletic Control, that it will be exceedingly restricted in its application. In previous seasons a coaching staff of half a dozen members has directed the development of the team.

Tad Jones, head coach in 1916, has gone into a shipbuilding firm near Seattle, and it is by no means certain that he can be induced to leave his present position. Jones was reported to have received a salary of about $7,000 for his services in 1916.

CURLERS GOING TO CANADA.

American Team Will Defend Gordon Medal on Feb. 14.

Although scarcity of frozen ponds has forced a curtailment in curling, the enthusiasts of this ancient Scotch game are looking forward with interest to the day when an American team will journey to Canada for the purpose of defending the Gordon Medal. The international match is scheduled to be held Feb. 14, under the auspices of the Canadian Branch of the Royal Caledonian Curling Club. Canadian curlers are making preparations for the Gordon Medal competitions, which will follow closely on the completion of the Royal Victoria Jubilee Trophy and the Governor General's prize events.

If the American defenders are successful in the coming match, it will mark their sixth success since the international competition was started at Montreal, in 1888. Previous to this, or as far back as 1865, matches were played between American and Canadian teams, but the inaugural of the Gordon Medal matches witnessed the installation of a recognized set of rules for international play and an emblem of superiority. The rules, incidentally, have been changed from time to time, to meet existing conditions, but in purpose they still remain the same as when they were first promulgated to govern this annual fixture.

The medal has been won by Canadian teams on fifteen occasions, while two matches, those scheduled for 1897 and 1902, had to be abandoned. Between 1889 and 1894 no matches were played, but in 1895 the competition was resumed and continued annually, with but two exceptions, up to 1916, when the war caused an abandonment.

The medal was last won by the American team, composed of Utica players, in a match at Utica in 1915. The score was 180 to 148. Previous American victories were registered in 1911 by the Thistle Club of New York, skipped by the veteran Tom Watt, at Boston; in 1909 by Utica players in Utica; in 1904, by Utica players in Montreal, and in 1900, by the New York Club, skipped by T. Nicholson, in Utica.

Terriers to be in Movies.

Moving pictures will be made of the best bull terriers in the show to be held in Madison Square Garden on Feb. 12 by the Bull Terrier Club of America. By this means the appearance of the champions will be preserved for future generations of fanciers. The number of Canadian and local dogs already entered indicate that Major Clair Foster, U. S. A., will have his hands full in judging this gathering of "White 'Uns."

GIANTS OPEN HERE MAY 1.

Phillies to be Opening Attraction of National League Season.

The Giants will make their first appearance of the season at the Polo Grounds on May 1, when the Phillies will begin an engagement according to the official schedule announced yesterday by President John A. Heydler of the National League. The New York team opens the season on April 23 at Philadelphia in a four-game series and will then play three games in Boston on April 28, 29 and 30, before coming home to Harlem.

The Brooklyn team draws the Boston holiday plum and will play two games with Boston in that city on April 19, Patriots Day. The Dodgers will stay in Boston and play a series beginning on April 23. Brooklyn will play in Philadelphia on April 28, 29, and 30.

The Giants will have 11 Saturday games at home during the season and 12 Saturdays abroad. McGraw's club has two holiday dates at the Polo Grounds, Memorial Day and Labor Day. The New York club will play in Philadelphia on July 4.

Brooklyn will have two holiday dates at home, July 4 and Labor Day. The Dodgers have 11 Saturdays at home and 12 Saturday games abroad.

The season will close on Sept. 30 and the Giants will finish their schedule at the Polo Grounds against Philadelphia.

CORNELL NEEDS PITCHERS.

Coach Al Sharpe Issues Call for Baseball Men at Ithaca.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Besides launching track practice and laying the ground work for rowing plans, athletic leaders at Cornell have now begun to assemble the material for the baseball team, and Dr. Al Sharpe, who is busy just now with the basket ball squad, has called the baseball players out for a series of lectures and some preliminary training before actual practice starts in the baseball cage next month.

The baseball squad will contain less than half of the 'Varsity men in last year's team, but the freshman squad of a year ago will help out. Captain Howard of last year's team, shortstop and one of the best batters, is not yet here, but plans to re-enter the university with the Spring term. Captain-elect Corwin, second baseman, and Harden and Murphy from the outfield, are in the university, as is Needle, one of the younger 'Varsity pitchers of last season. Brookmire, the most capable of the twirlers, is missing, as is Whitmore, a crack catcher.

Men on the 'Varsity squad last year who will try for places this year are Dragat, Floirsheim, Holbrook, Lalley, J. Minier, Clarey, and Neal. The freshman team is expected to give the following recruits to the 'Varsity squad: Bollman, Adelsberg, Hill, Molinet, Nordgren, Chobot, and Sidman, the latter and Molinet being on the basket ball squad at present. The greatest problem, as usual, will be to find capable pitchers and a catcher who can replace Whitmore.

Although track practice is continuing successfully, with upward of 100 men out each day, the management is not yet able to announce a schedule. The minimum schedule for track, participation in the Intercollegiate meet, and one other outdoor meet, has already been financed, and it is now hoped to add a number of Winter engagements.

WILLIAMS CAPTAIN RETURNS

Prospects for Track Team Brighten with Stewart in College.

Williamstown, Jan. 25.—Another athlete has returned to resume his studies at Williams, Captain Francis B. Stewart of the track team arriving this week. He has been at an officers' training camp. He has won points in the half-mile for three years.

The return of Ira Thomas as baseball coach at Williams leads to the hope of a strong nine for the Purple this Spring. He has coached for two years past, but was handicapped because of the war conditions which took players away from college as fast as he developed them.

NEWTOWN BEATS FLUSHING.

Goals by Moss and Platow Bring Victory by 25 to 22 Score.

Goals by Moss and Platow in an extra five-minute period gave Newtown High School's basket ball team a victor over the Flushing High School five yesterday on the Flushing court. The score was 25 to 22. This success marked Newtown's third over Flushing for the season. The contest was closely played throughout.

At the end of the first half the teams were deadlocked at 11 points all, and the whistle, ending the game after the customary two halves, found both quintets with scores of 22 points. In the extra five-minute period agreed upon Moss shot a field goal and Platow a goal from foul, while Flushing's efforts to score were frustrated by clever defensive plays by the Newtown line-up.

The line-up:

Newtown, (25.)	Position.	Flushing, (22.)
Moss	R. F.	Adikes
Fulgione	L. F.	Brown
Stewart	C.	Bello
Platow	R. G.	Wright
McGratten	L. G.	Schmidt

Field goals—Moss, (5,) Fulgione, (3,) Stewart, (2,) Gratten, Adikes, Bello, (4,) Wright, Schmidt, (2.) Goals from foul—Platow, (3,) Brown, (5,) Bello. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes. Referee—John Jones, P. S. A. L.

Many Entries for Airedale Show.

A large number of entries from fanciers in the West and Canada is expected for the annual Airedale Club of America show, which will be held at the Hotel McAlpin Feb. 18. Local fanciers are manifesting unusual interest in the show, and interesting competition is promised for out-of-town entries. J. Robinson Peard has been selected to judge.

BIG MEET FOR SOLDIERS.

Army to Prepare for Olympic Games in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—An army general order has approved a great athletic meet submitted by the Y. M. C. A. and a cable message has been sent to the Association's director of physical education, Dr. George J. Fisher, asking him to come overseas to help set up the program in the American Expeditionary Forces. Dr. Fisher has been asked to bring with him fifteen of the foremost American athletic directors, the cable specifying such well-known figures in sport as Alonso A. Stagg of the University of Chicago, F. L. Kleeberger of the University of California, William F. Garcelon of Boston, Dr. A. Sharpe of Cornell, John Davis of Stevens Institute, L. T. Bellmont of the University of Texas, Paul Phillips of Amherst, and C. L. Brewer of the University of Michigan.

It is believed that many of these men will realise what a tremendous influence they can wield here during the period of occupation and will come overseas for a few months at least. The Y. M. C. A. is preparing to lay greater stress than ever from now on upon athletics.

The great athletic program which requires the services of such experts as have been named has been arranged to point to a monster carnival of athletic competition, in which representatives of the allied nations will take part. These contests will be open only to soldiers of the allied armies, being in effect a set of military Olympic games.

"Athletics for everybody" is the object aimed at. Plans call for official A. E. F. championships in a wide variety of competitive sports, beginning with regimental elimination contests and ranging upward through divisions and possibly army corps, culminating in finals to be held in Paris. But further than the object to be gained by these military championships are the potential possibilities of physical pageants and demonstrations to be held in various centres.

While the main features of the proposed military Olympic games will be supervised by such men as have been named, leaders here are hopeful of having the co-operation of such men as Dr. William Burdick, head of the department of physical training and playground work in Baltimore; H. J. Norton, Director of physical education in the schools of Rochester, N. Y.; Dr. H. F. Kallenberg of Chicago, A. E. Metzdorf and George E. Stock of New York, and Fred Henckle of Minneapolis.

Dr. Fisher is expected to arrive in France early in February. It was through his efforts that such men as William H. (Sparrow) Robertson, Frank Quinby of Yale, Jack Magee of Bowdoin, Bill Clarke, Platt Adams, and others went overseas months ago.

NAVY OARSMEN ARE BUSY.

Annapolis Crews Preparing for Active Season on Severn.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 25.—With a larger rowing squad than ever before and increased facilities, the Naval Academy is taking an active part in reviving rowing among the colleges. The leading part which the Academy is taking is due in a large measure to the activities of Lieut. Commander J. R. Morrison, who is the representative of the Navy Athletic Association for rowing. Ever since the beginning of last Summer he has been energetic in getting in touch with the other rowing colleges and planning to make the coming Spring notable in college aquatics.

Lieut. Commander Morrison has written to all the rowing colleges of the East in order to secure dates for the Naval Academy crews. Syracuse has replied that it will not support rowing this year, but Pennsylvania has agreed to row at Annapolis, as it has been doing for years, and will probably bring 'Varsity, junior, and freshman crews. Yale, Cornell, Harvard, Princeton, and Columbia have written that their plans have not sufficiently crystallized to take up the matter yet.

At the Naval Academy interest in rowing is at a high pitch. There were eighty who came out for rowing from the fourth class, and as many as eight crews were frequently on the water at once.

These young men, who got a good start last Summer, started to work in the tank this week, and the candidates from the upper classes for the first and junior crews will report about Feb. 1, when Coach Richard Glendon will arrive and begin work. Those of the first crew who will be available are Captain Harris, Ingram, Ballreich, Skinner, and Reppiler, with Coxswain Crawford. Then Glendon will have the whole of last year's fine fourth class crew, which defeated Pennsylvania, and a number of others who have had his coaching for one or more years as members of junior crews and substitutes.

Final Round in Cue Tourney.

Competitors in the Victory Handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament being conducted under the auspices of the N. A. A. B. P. at the Rational Recreation Academy in Brooklyn will commence play this evening in the final round for the trophy. Those who have qualified to compete for the prize include Charles J. Stainbugler, L. J. McManiman, James Shea, Frank Boyd, G. Worcester, and James F. Blaisdell.

COLLEGES PREPARE FOR PENN RELAY

Yale, Harvard, Princeton, and Many Smaller Schools Expect to Send Teams.

Pennsylvania's Relay Carnival, now in its twenty-fifth year, will be the first big set of outdoor sports after the war. Manager Orton has already received oral or written assurance from many of the best colleges of the East and Middle West that they will have their best men on for the meet. The Pacific Slope may be represented again by the University of Southern California.

It is expected that Yale, Harvard, and Princeton will make their initial track and field appearance at this meet. Harvard and Princeton already have their men in training. Yale has, as usual, a big squad out and Coach Mack will no doubt find some stars among them. Jack Moakley, at Cornell, will no doubt come through as usual with some good teams, though at present his material is unknown. The coming indoor meets will give some insight into the material at all of the colleges. Pennsylvania and Princeton at present seem to have the strongest teams, but the other big Eastern colleges will doubtless develop fast teams by the date of the carnival, the last Friday and Saturday in April.

The invitations to the colleges have been sent out and acceptances have already been received from quite a few. Of these Georgetown is the most prominent. They will run in the relay championship for the Southern Intercollegiate A. A. Last year Johns Hopkins came through and won this event after a hard race. Georgetown was badly handicapped by losing their fastest man, Gates, who was ordered to a training camp after winning the quarter mile hurdle. A substitute was brought on from Washington that night and the race was lost. Georgetown is out to win this season and as Graduate Manager Cox writes that both Gates and Griffith, their star men, are back, they hope to make amends for last year's defeat.

Many changes were necessary this year in the preparatory school classes. A circular letter to the various Catholic schools indicated that these schools preferred not to have a special championship. This event was put on three years ago at their request, and the present desire of the Catholic schools to get back into their respective class events may be due to the easy victories scored by the St. Benedict's Preparatory School of Newark in this event. The St. Benedict's Preparatory School was placed in the championship class. They have been third in this event the past two years, and it is quite possible that had their men not run previously in the Catholic school championship, they would have won out. If this school can develop as fast a team this year they will prove worthy contenders with Hill, Mercersburg, Exeter, and Lawrenceville for this coveted title. The Interacademic A. A. championship will be held on the first day of the meet.

STRENGTHEN TIGER FIVE.

Basket Ball Stars Return to Aid Princeton Quintet.

PRINCETON, Jan. 24.—Basket ball prospects at Princeton are brightening with the return of a large number of former stars from service. Captain Gray, who starred at guard last season, has transferred himself to the centre position this year. Morry Trimble, first choice for All Eastern forward in the 1917-1918 season, returned to college a few days ago after release from the Naval Aviation Corps.

Margetts seems the probable running mate for Trimble at forward. Gil Parmele, captain-elect of the 1917-1918 team, may possibly return to college. Opie and Davis of last year's freshman team are at present holding down the guard positions and bid fair to win permanent berths on the team.

Special efforts are being made at Princeton this year to make basket ball a sport in which a great number shall take part in pursuance of the general trend for the improvement of athletics in the colleges. Three basket ball teams have already been organized: The 'Varsity, Freshman, and a new team called the Nassau Quintet. Schedules have been arranged for all the teams.

The schedule: Columbia at Princeton, Jan. 31; Princeton at Rutgers, Feb. 8; Princeton at Columbia, Feb. 12; Princeton at Penn, Feb. 18; Yale at Princeton, Feb. 22; Cornell at Princeton, Feb. 28; Dartmouth at Princeton, March 5; Princeton at Yale, March 11; Penn at Princeton, March 15; Penn at Princeton March 18 (in case of tie).

HOPPE MAY PLAY SUTTON.

Brooklyn Academy Is Negotiating for Match in February.

Willie Hoppe, balk-line billiard champion, will probably soon be seen in a match at the Rational Recreation Academy in Brooklyn against the veteran George Sutton. Officials of the Brooklyn Academy are negotiating for the match now. It is planned to have Hoppe and Sutton compete early next month.

The Rational Recreation Academy will be the scene this week of a three nights' match between Jake Schaefer and Welker Cochran of Chicago, two of Hoppe's leading rivals for the balk-line title. This match will commence Wednesday afternoon and end Friday night. It will be for 1,800 points in blocks of 300 afternoon and evening.

BOXING FANS FOR DEMPSEY.

Salt Lake City Boxer Favored as Opponent for Jess Willard.

Jack Dempsey of Salt Lake City, who has been clamoring for a championship boxing match with Jess Willard, heavyweight title-holder, will probably be the man selected to do battle with the big Kansan, on the date which Tex Rickard will announce before March 25, for Willard's next ring competition.

The selection of Dempsey seems a foregone conclusion, since there is no other aspirant on the pugilistic horizon who overshadows Dempsey in comparison. The Salt Lake City heavyweight has consistently pounded and battered his way to the forefront of pugilism's limelight, toppling over with apparent ease those who would question his right to such recognition, until there is no one left in the field who is capable of giving Willard's annoyer serious contention.

Talk of effecting a visit to this country of Georges Carpentier, Europe's premier heavyweight, is not given serious consideration by the followers of boxing. Carpentier is engaged in his war duties in France, and there is no immediate indication of his release from his war services. It is generally conceded that the physical advantages in such a bout would be so overwhelmingly in Willard's favor as to make for one-sided competition.

Speculation is rife on what location will be accepted by Promoter Rickard as the scene of the bout. It is stipulated that the contest is to be for any number of rounds up to forty. Promoter Rickard and the general boxing public favors a distance bout, which will produce a decisive winner. In only a few States in the Union are long contests permitted, and in some of these States the Chief Executives have strongly objected to pretentious bouts such as the proposed match will be. The Governors of Connecticut and Maryland both set themselves as unalterably against a meeting between Willard and Fred Fulton, when Colonel J. C. Miller of Ranch 101 fame, was planning such a bout, and it is not likely the opinions of these executives will change in the time between now and July 4. Colorado also permits distance bouts, as does Louisiana, but it is a matter of conjecture what attitude will be taken by the Governors of these two States on the proposed Willard match. Tia Juana, a post-village of San Diego, Cal., permits distance bouts also.

Promoter Rickard is not bound by the terms of the agreement between himself and the champion to promote the contest in this country, so that if necessity demanded the match could be held in Havana, where Willard beat Jack Johnson for the title four years ago. It is expected, though, that the match will be held in this country.

When Rickard secured Willard's signature to articles of agreement calling for the champion's appearance in a title bout, the Western promoter added another chapter to his enviable record as a promoter of important boxing matches. Promoters throughout the country have been striving for since Willard gained the title. Rickard has the distinction of being the promoter of the most successful match of ring history. This was the bout between Jack Johnson and Jim Jeffries, at Reno, Nev., July 4, 1910. The sum of $270,775 was paid by 18,020 spectators to see this battle, for which a purse of $121,000 was hung up by Promoter Rickard. Rickard also promoted the Battling Nelson-Joe Gans lightweight championship bout at Goldfield, Nev., in September, 1906, and the Willard-Frank Moran ten-round bout at Madison Square Garden three years ago. This is the only contest in which Willard participated since gaining the title.

A movement has started in Pennsylvania for the substitution of ten-round bouts for the six-round contests now permitted by law. Such a bill was vetoed by former Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh. Senator W. E. Crow, Republican State leader, is fostering the new bill, which provides for an appropriation of $35,000 to defray the expenses of the proposed commission, a 5 per cent. tax on the gross receipts of all shows, and the prohibition of free tickets and rebates.

NEW PLAN AT COLUMBIA.

Entire Student Body to Take Part in Athletics.

Three factors are to be combined to make athletics at Columbia University more general and at the same time to make it possible to develop a better standard of 'Varsity and freshman teams, when the university opens for the Spring term in February. The step that is to be taken to make participation in sports more general among the students is the institution of the plan devised by the Faculty of the college last Spring for compulsory athletics or gymnastic work by all undergraduates, except those who are physically unable to take part.

The second factor is the enforcing for the first time of the trustees' ruling requiring every undergraduate to pay annually a $10 student activities fee, at least half of which is to go to the athletic association. A third factor is the organization of a committee of undergraduate managers who will advise with the graduate manager and become a clearing house for the exchange of ideas between the students and the university authorities.

The compulsory athletic and physical training program calls for the physical examination of all students who are candidates for the baccalaureate degree. The students are to be graded as to their physical fitness, and those who stand in the lowest third of the whole group will be assigned to special classes in body building, calisthenics and the like. Those in the upper two-thirds will be required, however, to go out for athletics or to join gymnasium classes, which will be required to spend a major portion of their time in athletics.

The establishment of the undergraduate activities fee will settle once and for all the problem of obtaining sufficient funds to maintain sports. There will accrue to the association from this fee a sum estimated at between $7,500 and $10,000, which will be an assured income each year. In normal years the total budget for all teams has been in the neighborhood of $35,000 or $40,000. The undergraduates were asked to join the association at an annual membership fee of $10, but the income from that source was never large. The alumni will still be asked to contribute by taking out memberships in the association.

BAKER TO ATTEND DINNER.

Congressmen Will Also Be Guests at Banquet to Rickenbacker.

The Contest Board of the American Automobile Association, which, in cooperation with a half score of other automotive bodies, is giving a great banquet at the Waldorf on Feb. 3 to Captain Eddie Rickenbacker, has received word from Congressman Ireland, Captain Rickenbacker's personal friend, who is to act as toastmaster at the dinner, that a representative delegation of Congressmen would attend. One of the guests and a speaker of the evening will be Secretary of War Baker. One thousand covers will be set for the banquet. This affair from the standpoint of purpose, size, and character of those participating will be one of the most notable held in this city in some time.

King's Horses to Race Again.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—It is more than probable that, when the English flat racing season opens, King George will run his horses in the familiar scarlet and purple after the signing of the peace terms. Hitherto they have run under the name and colors of Lord Marcus Beresford.

HARVARD PREPARES FOR TRACK MEETS

All Sports Boom at Cambridge Following Meeting of Athletic Committee

FIX BASEBALL SCHEDULE

Crimson Nine Plans Home Games with Yale and Princeton Teams.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 25.—Athletic sports at Harvard are due to take on a new lease of life. The big rush of candidates for the hockey and track teams and for early registry of the crew lists has been followed by the long awaited meeting of the College Athletic Committee.

Track sports have received first attention, and the 'Varsity and freshman teams, coached by Donovan, will have their usual competitions. Harvard will enter its men in several of the Winter indoor meets and will hold its annual track meet with Yale on May 17, and enter a team at the intercollegiate championships two weeks later. Also the H. A. A. will strive to have the stadium track at Cambridge chosen for the big games by the I. C. A. A. A. A. Executive Committee.

The Harvard baseball schedule provides for the home-and-home series with Yale and Princeton, and also for the playing off of any possible ties. William McLeod, Bobby Gross, and Lee Evans, each of whom captained the informal nine for a time last Spring, will be available again.

Tomorrow night the Harvard graduate rowing committee will present its plans. The committee is expected to submit a schedule of races for the 'Varsity and freshmen crews. There are sure to be some preliminary races before Harvard meets Yale and the outlook is that the Crimson and Blue will come together at New London again. There will not be much hard work done at the boathouses in Cambridge until the middle of February, but when the squad does come out it will be the largest in years.

The Graduate Football Committee may arrange a schedule providing for the Princeton game at Princeton Nov. 1, and the Yale game at Cambridge on Nov. 22. Harvard will play no home games with teams from any great distance from Boston, preparing for its big games against some of the New England colleges.

Harvard will have a formal hockey team for what little remains of the Winter. A few games have been arranged and the Athletic Committee has favored a final game with Yale.

Within a few days the Athletic Committee Chairmen at Harvard, Yale, and Princeton will get together to settle a few eligibility rules. The most important ruling needed is that to settle the status of the boys returning from service who have dropped classes and are out, of course. It is thought here that the bars will be lowered for such athletes.

TO NAME CREW CAPTAIN

Harvard Eight Loses Emmet, Who Stroked Winning Shell.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 25.—The appointment of an acting Captain of the Harvard crew will be announced Monday night after the second meeting of the University's Athletic Committee. The Crimson's eight will be unfortunate inasmuch as it will lose Richard S. Emmet, of South Salem, N. Y., who stroked the splendid winning shell last Spring. Emmet, who was in Red Cross work overseas, will be unable to take up his college studies again until the Fall.

The Advisory Rowing Committee is at present engaged in drafting a schedule and attending to other necessary rowing matters. Robert F. Herrick, Chairman of the committee, is taking no part in the parleys, being in the South at present.

The question in Harvard rowing circles, now that Mr. Herrick is freed of his war labors, is whether he will act as head coach this Spring or allow Bill Haines to go ahead on his own hook as he did in 1918. Herrick is a keen sighted coach, and while Haines in 1916 looked out for the individual rowing, the former decided the makeup of the crew. That Spring the Crimson defeated Cornell and Yale, but lost an early race to Princeton. Last year Haines working alone reversed the decision at Princeton, and again vanquished Yale.

Another matter of considerable interest is the rowing program for the Spring. It is generally understood that Harvard will not consent to row at New London this year, although the Advisory Rowing Committee, which is somewhat of a law-making body unto itself, may decide to return to the old schedule of making Red Top their quarters in June, topping off their stay by the race with Yale on the Thames.

There is some talk that Harvard wants the Elis to row here in June over the Henley distance, and would not be adverse to Princeton making a third party in such a race. If such a triangular brush is booked, the Crimson may arrange to meet Columbia here earlier in the season.

Harvard will hardly have a stroke oar in a class with Emmet, but several promising men for this position are available. The freshman pace setter, Marlin Olmsted, has not returned to college, but John Borland, the captain of that crew, rowed for some time at stroke last year. Whittemore, stroke of the second 'Varsity, is back in college, and Fred Whitman and Stanley Coleman of the 1918 crew have also had experience there.

PLAN REGATTA ON SEINE.

Crews from Several Allied Nations Will Enter Contests.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Knights of Columbus here have announced a rowing regatta to be conducted on the Seine early in March. Already more than 100 entries have been received from men in the A. E. F. whose reputations in the crews of Cornell, Columbia, Syracuse, Pennsylvania, Harvard, Yale, Wisconsin, and other universities and schools of America are firmly established.

The Knights of Columbus will have as a member of their rowing committee Lieutenant L. A. Peterson, who has been in the Naval Aviation Forces, one of the best known of America's amateur bicycle and rowing successes.

France, England, Belgium, Italy, Portugal, and America will be represented in the rowing contests, which should prove of international interest. The expenses of the matches, the training quarters, and boats will be paid by the Knights of Columbus. The events are under the management of the Athletic Division, and J. J. Carey has assigned Big Bill McCabe of his force to handle the matches.

OTHER SPORTS IN MAIN NEWS SECTION.

STEEL TRADE SLOW; FEW NEW ORDERS

Mills Working at 70% Capacity, More Than a Third of Which Is on Old Business.

BIG DROP IN PRICE OF COKE

Garfield's Announcement of Coming Relinquishment of Control Brings a Decline.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 25.—Blast furnace and steel mill operations have continued to decrease somewhat, but estimates made in some quarters that the steel mills are operating at only 60 per cent. of capacity appear too low, and 70 per cent. is probably nearer the mark. That a rate of 60 per cent. or less may be attained within the next few weeks, however, is a distinct probability, as new business is not coming in at a rate sufficient to take care of more than a third or a half of the present production. The remaining production is against old orders which will not carry the mills for any great length of time.

The announcement by the Fuel Administration last week that its control of coke and bituminous coal prices and distribution would be relinquished at the end of January was followed promptly by the offering of coke at less than the Government limit. The price of coke is now a matter of grade. The Government limit on beehive furnace coke, applicable to the Connellsville and some other regions, is $6. During the last week off-grade coke has been offered at prices down to $5 or less, there being no demand for such coke for blast furnace use, so that it had to be sold for heating purposes. For standard grade furnace coke furnaces will not pay above $5.50 or possibly $5.75, and that now represents the market range. Foundry coke has held fairly well to the Government limit of $7, but some brands of fair quality are available at $6.50. Further declines in coke are expected. Furnacemen do not admit that cheaper coke should mean lower-priced pig iron, because this commodity has already been reduced $3 a ton from the Government limits.

The scrap market has continued to weaken, and there are reports that heavy melting steel has been offered at as low as $17 without finding takers. The Government limit was $29, but the 3½ per cent. brokerage permitted would make the actual cost $30 to the consumer. Machine shop turnings also have suffered a heavy decline. The scrap market is not closely quotable, as there is practically no demand from consumers, and a regular trading basis is not developed.

Shell Steel at Low Prices.

Shell steel of regular quality, no longer needed for shell making, is being offered at prices much below the recognized prices for regular soft steel. Such demand as exists at present for finished steel products is entirely for very early deliveries; buyers not being interested in purchases at all unless they need the material for immediate use. Even though deliveries are to be expected in from two to four weeks, buyers are asking mills in many cases to guarantee prices to date of shipment, but such requests are uniformly refused. So far as can be observed the recognized prices for finished steel products and for regular unfinished steel are being strictly maintained by all producers. Furnacemen are holding pig iron prices very firmly, but there are occasional sales by consumers at cut prices.

The view has become much more general in the steel trade that an extensive readjustment in affairs is necessary before business can be resumed in normal manner. The idea that peace business can be done at wartime prices is now largely abandoned. It is recognized, however, that readjustments cannot well be forced, but must be allowed to occur along natural lines, and this will consume time.

The steel producers, for example, cannot make radical reductions in their selling prices because their costs are extremely high, and they have no desire to attempt to make wage reductions without the cost of living having first come down. A readjustment, moreover, that merely affected the price of steel would not begin to produce a demand for steel equal to the productive capacity, because the cost of consuming or utilizing steel is still very high, and it must come down also.

Export Business Slow.

Very little export business in steel is being done. There is a great deal of inquiry, but ocean freights are so high, as compared with those from Great Britain, that the mills generally lose in the competition. Some reductions in rates from the United States have been made in the last week, but they are not sufficient to change the situation materially.

There have been some new bookings in shafting and screw stock, but they are light compared with normal demand, although producers regard business as fair in the circumstances. No precise estimates are made as to the rate at which shafting makers are operating, but 50 to 60 per cent. of capacity would probably be a fair guess. Current bookings are far from sufficient to support such a rate, but there is considerable backlog business being filled, and this will last for some time.

Since the four-point reduction in shafting and screw stock, the market has been steadily maintained, there being no disposition on the part of producers to cut prices. As the material is on a 10-cent list the reduction [illegible] 17 to 21 per cent. is $4 a net ton, the same reduction as was made on steel bars. The drawing establishments feel that they were under no obligation to make a greater reduction than that on their raw material, on account of high labor costs and the increased depreciation on discarded material, as scrap has declined much more than the cost of bars.

Speaking of scrap, the consumers do not manifest much disposition to bid or make purchases, and the impression prevails that this condition will exist for quite a while. This is entirely opposite the theory accepted in some quarters that the large scrap dealers had been campaigning to "bear" the market for the purpose of loading up on a low market and then advancing the rates. It can now be seen very clearly that dealers have little occasion to believe that consumers will buy more freely in the next few months.

Along the line of soft steel there has been some demand for standard billets and small billets, but little is heard in the market about sheet bars. Regular prices are in vogue, $47 for sheet bars and small billets and $43.50 for standard billets, but with buyers not making bids it is hard to tell how the market would stand on these prices. With a chance of obtaining a cut price, it is likely that consumers would want to negotiate a little before closing a bargain. In the various descriptions of high carbon steel that which is the most readily made is that demanded generally by the consumers. There is a good-sized tonnage of discard steel and regular shell steel of a very good quality. Some shell steel offered in billet form has passed the regular inspection of the British Government. There being so many descriptions of high carbon steel, it is impossible to quote prices correctly, for the sellers hardly know what to ask for it, and the buyers are in doubt as to what bids they should make. What could be made into rolling material might bring from $30 to $35, while that which could be used as forging steel ought to bring $40 to $50. One maker here is reported to be forging billets at $51 on specifications.

Close Watch on Prices.

According to the best information obtainable finished and unfinished steel prices are holding absolutely firm. The general disposition of the trade is such that in all probability if there were any cutting the news would become public property very promptly. There is keen interest in the matter of prices on the part of both buyers and sellers, all parties evidently being of the same mind that accidents are a distinct possibility, so that a close watch needs to be kept for them.

In some finished steel products commissions are being allowed, but generally only the 50 cents a ton that has obtained more or less at all times, and being given only to recognized middle interest who sell to the final buyer at the full price. To most middle interests 50 cents a ton is not worth while. The steel mills are careful to avoid giving the much solicited price guarantees. Many buyers ask for a guarantee despite the fact that the material is to be shipped very promptly. There is no business going except that for prompt delivery, and one mill or another can generally be found able to make shipment within two or three weeks. In manufactured steel products there seems to be a little disposition to give price guarantees, and it is related that one nut and bolt manufacturer west of Pittsburgh has given price guarantees, though not perhaps as a regular policy.

Steel producers report an increase in specifications during the last week as compared with the week preceding, the specifications being almost wholly against old contracts, while there is very little fresh buying. As to the buying of steel products in general, or specifying against contracts, the observation is commonly made that so far as regards business the armistice came at approximately the worst time in the year. The thirty days following was altogether too short a time for buyers and sellers to get their bearings, and then came the holiday period, which is always a dull one, so that the market has really had no good opportunity thus far to revive. Now, with year-end adjustments and computations largely out of the way, there is an opportunity for business to revive, and increasing specifications are pointed to as an indication that it has started to do so, even though in quite a modest way.

There is very little activity to the pig iron market, although prices are firmly maintained, with furnaces saying that the $3 reduction already made was the last until a further reduction in shipping costs is engineered. There is a decrease in shipments against old contracts, but they still represent the total of pig iron produced. A furnace in the Shenango district was blown out because of a lack of business. The market remains quotable at the following figures: Bessemer, $32.20; Basic, $30; No. 2 Foundry, $31; Malleable, $31.50; Forge, $30; prices are free on board Valley furnaces, freight to Pittsburgh being $1.40.

The estimated production of coke in the Connellsville region for the week ended Jan. 19 was 291,332 tons, contributed by the two districts as follows: Connellsville, 151,510 tons, a gain of 10,070 tons; Lower Connellsville, 139,832 tons, a gain, of 9,899 tons, or a total gain of 19,966 tons. By interests the production was: Furnace, 160,522 tons, a gain of 10,502 tons; merchant, 130,810 tons, a gain of 9,464 tons. Coal production largely overcame the loss of 2,653 tons the previous week by converting it into a gain of 24,778 tons.

The aggregate of the week's production, with the coke reduced to its coal equivalent, was 632,691 tons, a gross gain of 54,727 tons.

The output of the region is thus found to closely approach that of the week ended Nov. 2 last, when coke reached 293,865 tons, coal 216,237 tons, and the aggregate tonnage was 657,034. While the coke market is rather inactive, as compared with ordinary times, it is practically wide open. The only thing that remains of Government price limits is that the best grades of foundry coke are still held at $7. During the war all coke was priced as standard, no matter what the quality. Now the trade is even more particular than usual, and this results in there being many grades and quite a gradation in prices. Furnace coke is quoted at $5.50 to $5.75.

COTTON QUIET, BUT FIRM.

Market Closes from 40 to 59 Points Up from Friday.

The cotton market was quiet and firm yesterday. None of the nervousness of the earlier days of the week was apparent, and the free selling for local ring and Southern account was notable for its absence. From being the persistent and aggressive seller the South was reported on the other side of the market, and not a few buying orders came from New Orleans and elsewhere in the belt. New York bought some, but not a great deal. The Liverpool market was closed.

At the start, prices were up 18 to 33 points over Friday's close. Then, on moderate buying and very light offerings, the advance was continued until March, the best of the near months, was up 92 points, and October, a good distant month, had gained more than 80 points.

Short covering held the market well at these levels for a while, and when this demand was filled a reaction set in which carried quotations down 30 or 35 points from the early high. The reaction, however, did not go far, and the confident tone obtained right to the close of the day. At the finish prices were up 40 to 59 points for the active months.

The following shows the statistical position of cotton figured by The Financial Chronicle:

	This Wk. Bales.	Last Wk. Bales.	Last Yr. Bales.
Port receipts	142,425	161,949	114,224
Since Aug. 1	3,223,575	3,081,150	3,964,577
Port stocks	1,405,011	1,449,250	1,396,011
Interior receipts	143,289	137,817	117,341
Since Aug. 1	4,192,931	4,046,451	5,587,179
Inter. shipments	140,404	143,509	105,003
Interior stocks	1,491,922	1,489,037	1,309,947
Amount brought into sight	262,286	256,549	211,047
Since Aug. 1	6,858,509	6,573,283	8,051,894
Northern spinners' takings	43,968	29,312	42,417
Since Aug. 1	1,219,247	1,152,279	1,483,036
Southern consumption	60,000	60,000	76,000
Since Aug. 1	1,919,000	1,859,000	2,129,000
Exports to Great Britain	57,360	56,500	20,912
Since Aug. 1	1,187,611	1,130,461	1,561,125
Expts. to France	44,468	1,000	......
Since Aug. 1	328,441	283,973	341,005
Exports to Continent	99,620	26,309	7,800
Since Aug. 1	835,725	736,105	750,234
Total week's exports	201,438	82,814	28,712
Total expts. since Aug. 1	2,351,977	2,150,539	2,652,364
World's visible supply	5,014,352	4,956,744	4,639,758
Of which American	3,735,352	3,689,744	3,397,758
Liverpool stocks	416,000	447,000	416,000
Continent. st'ks	176,000	116,000	215,000
N. Y. stocks	93,735	92,168	137,486
New Orl. stocks	437,656	465,036	......
On shipboard waiting clear.	140,754	206,975	150,786

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Feb.	....	....	....	22.35 bid	21.75
March	21.79	22.53	21.79	22.20@22.28	21.61
April	....	....	....	21.40 bid	20.92
May	21.06	21.54	21.04	21.20@21.23	20.77
July	20.45	20.92	20.43	20.61@20.63	20.12
Aug.	19.70	19.90	19.70	19.70 bid	19.22
Sept.	19.20	19.20	19.20	19.40 bid	18.96
Oct.	19.00	19.60	19.00	19.30@19.33	18.77

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 60 points advance to 26.20c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27.50c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 25c; Memphis, 28c; Houston, 26.75c; Little Rock, 26.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Year.
Exports, season	2,333,363	2,389,156
New York stocks	93,735	137,486
Port stocks	1,408,596	1,404,510
New York arrivals	1,523	......

The Liverpool market was closed.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Trading on the Bourse was quiet today. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63 francs for cash; exchange on London, 25 francs 98 centimes; 5 per cent. loan, 92 francs 50 centimes.

MARKET NEEDED FOR FOREIGN SECURITIES

American Investors, Says National City Company, Must Buy Them Now.

NEEDED FOR READJUSTMENT

Only When Such Purchases Become a Habit, Writer Declares, Will This Country Maintain Its Position.

American investors must buy foreign securities if the United States is to maintain the international position she has won as the result of the war, according to the Foreign Department of the National City Company, which has prepared an article advising the establishment of a market for the industrial as well as the Government issues of the other countries of the world. Such investment by Americans, it says, will be especially necessary during the first few years of the readjustment period, when some of the European nations will be largely engaged in rehabilitating their own industries, and will not have the surplus stock of merchandise to sell to us as part payment of our exports to them. The article says:

"When the practice of buying foreign securities once becomes an established habit in the United States, it will grow with increased momentum and become one of the most important factors in maintaining the commercial and financial position of our country. It may appear a gigantic task to sell in the American market securities of foreign Governments and foreign corporations in large quantities, after our investors have become accustomed through a period of many years to place their savings in domestic securities. The task would be difficult if American business men were not equipped to grasp new opportunities and to adjust themselves easily to new conditions. In former years so many attractive opportunities for capital investment have occurred within our own borders, that little occasion has existed to seek investments abroad. In fact, we have needed the surplus funds of other nations to aid in the development of our own natural resources. The war has now reversed our international position. It has made us a creditor instead of a debtor nation. It has given us the basis of a real merchant marine. It has compelled us to develop internation thinking and to appreciate that all sound investment opportunities are not confined within the borders of the United States.

"It's natural that investors who have been in the habit of buying domestic securities should not acquire quickly a habit of placing their funds in foreign securtes. There's no doubt, however, that our people will be willing to make those investments if they are insured that the investments are perfectly sound and are based on the same fundamental principles that underlie high-grade domestic investments.

"A foreign Government which is to offer its loans in the United States must assure our investment bankers that its record is clean, its fiscal policy sound, its Government stable and representative of its people, its banking system sufficient to provide for its commercial needs, its export trade composed of commodities which the other nations of the world need, and its revenues sufficient to provide for its expenses. Foreign corporations who are to offer their bonds in this market, must assure us that they have the same percentage of assets value back of their bonds that would be required of a domestic issue; that their funds over a series of years have been sufficient to meet interest payments and other fixed charges, with a good margin even during the most adverse periods; that their management is capable, and that the commodities and services which they have to sell are necessities and in constant demand.

"It may be asked what the international investment bond houses of America are doing to assure investors that foreign securities to be offered in this market will be safeguarded in regard to all these factors. We maintain a Foreign Department, made up of experts who study economic, banking, financial, and industrial conditions in all of the leading countries of the world. Data is collected from original sources in order to comprehend these and many other conditions. The leading economic and financial papers are taken from almost every country. Official Government and company reports are collected. Everything is done that possibly can be done to obtain such information that our purchases will be based upon actual facts. A staff which is able to collect such information and to maintain the information when it is collected, will surely be able to safeguard the interests of American investors.

"Some security holders may feel that the sale of foreign securities in large amounts throughout the United States will tend to depress prices of their present domestic securities. Such a view appears unwarranted. If England had reached a similar conclusion a decade ago, she would be today a small provincial nation. She has been willing to make her funds available for the development of natural resources in almost every part of the world, although, through that development, competition for her home industries has increased. The competition, however, has not made England a weaker power or depressed the price of her own securities in the London market, but has given England a commanding position among the nations of the world, and made London the financial clearing house of the world.

"The United States has entered into the affairs of the world in a big way. She cannot now afford to take a backward step. She must go forward. She cannot go forward without extending credits to foreign Governments and foreign corporations. Those credits cannot be extended unless laborers, business men, and professional men of America practice thrift and save something out of their income. These savings will give the United States the position in world finances to which her natural resources and the energies of her people entitle her."

Fall River Quotations.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Jan. 25.—Following are today's quotations of cotton stocks:

	Bid.	Ask.	Sale.
American Linen Co.	..	96	..
Arkwright Mills	175	..	..
Barnard Mfg. Co.	115	..	..
Bourne Mills	310	..	..
Border City Mfg. Co.	108	..	..
Chace Mills	130	..	137½
Charlton Mills	..	135	..
Conanicut Mills	87	..	..
Davol Mills	..	..	100
Davis Mills	125	130	..
Flint Mills	133	160	155
Hargraves Mills	65	70	68
King Philip Mills	100	165	..
Laurel Lake Mills	110	..	..
Lincoln Mfg. Co.	118	..	..
Merchants Mfg. Co.	..	145	145
Mechanics Mills	107	..	..
Narragansett Mills	130	..	..
Osborn Mills	..	130	..
Parker Mills	65	70	68
Pocasset Mfg. Co.	..	95	95
Richard Borden Mfg. Co.	..	..	162½
Sagamore Mfg. Co.	..	265	..
Seaconnet Mills	96	100	..
Shove Mills	..	105	..
Stafford Mills	114	..	..
Stevens Mfg. Co.	..	118	..
Troy C. & W. Mf'y	650	..	..
Union Cotton Mfg Co.	..	240	..
Wampanoag Mills	100	..	100

Boston Stock Report.

BOSTON, Jan. 25.—Sales of manufacturing stocks in Boston this week were:

Sales and Stock.	Price.
25 Bigelow Hartford Carpet Co. pf.	95¼
6 Boston Woven Hose & Rubber Co.	220½
2 Dartmouth Manufacturing Co. pf.	85½
2 Dwight Manufacturing Co.	1125
18 Greenfield Tap & Die Co. pf.	97½
100 Hargraves Mills	68
15 *Heywood Bros. & Wakefield Co.	168¾
6 Lawrence Mfg. Co.	127½
232 Mass. Cotton Mills right	0½
81 Mass. Cotton Mills rights	9½
45 Merrimac Mfg. Co.	70¾
200 Bannon Corporation	95
100 Parker Mills	68
15 Pepperell Mfg. Co.	200
5 Plymouth Cordage Co.	211¾
32 Waltham Watch Co. pf.	80@80½
6 U. S. Worsted Co. 1st pf.	[illegible]

*Ex dividend.

TO FINANCE AUTO DEALERS.

General Motors Forms Subsidiary Company to Help Agents.

The General Motors Corporation has formed a subsidiary company, whose functions it will be to assist dealers in automobiles and motor trucks in financing their purchases. The concern, incorporated a few days ago under New York State laws, is called the General Motors Acceptance Corporation, with $2,000,000 paid in capital and $500,000 surplus. The stock was subscribed by W. C. Durant and associates in the General Motors Corporation.

Paul Fitzpatrick has been made Vice President and General Manager of the new concern, according to an announcement yesterday. He was formerly Vice President and Director of the Continental Guaranty Corporation, an organization formed several years ago to extend credit to buyers of automobiles. J. A. Haskell is President and Alfred H. Swayne is Vice President and financial manager of the Acceptance Corporation.

While the primary purpose is to finance automobile transactions, it is understood that the business in acceptances will take further ramifications. The du Pont interests are closely identified with the General Motors Corporation, and it is expected that credit facilities offered by the acceptance company will be made use of by the various du Pont enterprises.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 25.—Twenty-one new corporations with an aggregate capitalization of $1,929,000 were chartered today. They include:

Thomas Trevor Co., Manhattan, advertising business, $5,000; Herman H. Glueck, J. J. Levin, 2,874 Daly Av.

Belsito & Co., Manhattan, grocery business, $30,000; S. J. Inclardi, G. Torora, G. Belsito, 216 Mott St.

American Drug Products, Inc., Brooklyn, $25,000; J. H. Schwartz, S. T. and H. H. Feldspein, 141 Broadway.

United Enamel Ware Co., Manhattan, $10,000; Y. and B. Kornnfeld, B. Shorr, 620 East Sixth St.

Smart Addressing Machine Corp., Buffalo, $1,000,000; L. Enos, G. L. Robertson, S. Williams, Buffalo.

W. and P. Jewelry Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Pressel, R. and M. Wasilkoff, 25 Maiden Lane.

Interlock Silk Corp., Manhattan, $125,000; G. D. Wardrop, O. E. Edwards, J. Bregman, 1,009 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Aircraft and Motor Products Co., Manhattan, $25,000; C. Smith, H. A. Dailey, H. A. Buba, 290 Madison Av.

Bushwick Metal Bed Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; G. Hinmlstein, G. Saresky, W. Levine, 1,794 Broadway, Brooklyn.

McDonald Bros. & Humphrey, Mt. Vernon, building and contracting, $50,000; B. C. Humphrey, J. J. and J. C. McDonald, Mt. Vernon.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Nassau Valve and Pump Corp., Rockville Centre, $20,000 to $50,000.

The Marine Trust Co. of Buffalo, Buffalo, $5,000,000 to $7,000,000.

Four Square Pictures, Manhattan, $500 to $25,000.

Florida Cultivating Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

The Garrison Land Co., Manhattan, $80,000 to $10,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Legum & Easene Taxicab Co., Mt. Vernon, to the Elm Avenue Garage and Taxicab Co.

MERGER.

Four Square Pictures, Inc., Manhattan, with M. H. Hoffman, Inc.

AUTHORIZATION.

National Bakers Egg Co., Missouri, $50,000; representative, A. V. Harris, 39 Cortlandt St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Louis Cohne, Time Building Theatre Ticket Office, Manhattan.

Manhattan United Overgaiter Mfg. Co., Manhattan.

Spiro Dye and Chemical Works, Manhattan.

People's Corp., Buffalo.

People's 5 and 10 Cent Stores, Inc., Buffalo.

Mercury Tire Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 25.—Charters filed:

National Guaranty Credit Corp., to give credit account in payment for automobiles, trucks, vehicles, &c., $15,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Consolidated Salt Co., $5,000,000; J. D. Frock, M. A. Denver, M. L. Herty of Wilmington.

William Freihofer Banking Co., $800,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Joy Machine Co., $500,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Miltex-Electra Refining Co., $300,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Berkshire Chemical Co., $250,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

Newark Ocean Transport Co., $250,000; David B. Gray, Bloomfield, N. J.; Hakon Thomsen, James A. Sheriffs, New York.

The United Chocolate and Nut Co., to manufacture and sell candies, nuts, &c., [illegible],000; Ross H. Lloyd, William Leacacoes, Nicholas Compass, all of Wilkes-Barre, Penn.

Polish Publishing Co., $50,000; S. J. Wyberski, Frank Blasiejewski, Adolph Pervin, all of Wilkes-Barre, Penn.

Utilities Sales Corp., to act as agents for firms, corporations, individuals, &c., $50,000; Wray C. Arnold, Frank J. Reira, M. Elliott, Philadelphia.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Mobile Shipbuilding Company of Mobile, Ala., from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.25	$1.18¼	$1.18¾	$1.23½	..
February	1.23	1.17	1.17¾	1.23	..
March	1.22¾	1.16	1.16¾	1.22¾	1.26¾
May	1.19¼	1.14¼	1.15	1.18	1.25¼
July	1.16⅞	1.12⅞	1.13	1.15⅜	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	58¾	57	57	58½	83¾
February	59¼	58¾	57¼	59	..
March	60	57½	58	59⅝	83¾
May	60⅝	57⅞	58⅝	60	79⅝
July	59	55⅞	56⅝	57⅞	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 68c; No. 2 white, 68c; No. 3 white, 67½c; No. 4 white, 66½c; ordinary clipped, 66@66½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard— January	$22.65	$22.50	$22.67	$22.75	$24.75
May	22.77	22.55	22.67	22.92	25.05
Ribs— January	23.00	22.90	22.90	..	23.80
May	21.20	20.92	20.92	21.42	24.42
Pork— January	..	..	43.00	..	47.25
May	37.75	37.60	37.60	38.60	46.15

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.31	13.18	13.13	13.50
July	13.19	13.18	13.03	13.35
September	13.00	13.00	12.90	13.25
December	12.95	12.80	12.76	13.10

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	$1.52	$1.48	$1.52
May	1.49	1.35½	1.35½

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,418 packages. Friday's advance, which had for its basis considerable speculative demand in addition to increased buying for home use, was lost yesterday under severe speculative buying and weaker Western advices. Creamery, higher than extras a pound, 53½@56c; extras, 92 score, 55c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 52@54c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 49½@51c; lower grades, 47@49c; unsalted, higher than extras, 57@57½c; extras, 56@56½c; firsts, 53@55½c; seconds, 50@52c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 53½@54c; good to prime, 50@53c; common to fair, 46@49c; renovated, extras, 51@52c; firsts, 49@50c; lower grades, 42@47c; imitation creamery, firsts, 46@47c; ladles, current make, firsts, 42½@43½c; seconds, 41c; lower grades, 39@40c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 40c; No. 2, 39c; lower grades, 35@38c.

EGGS.—7,441 cases. The market is irregular and unsettled. A firmer tone developed at the opening, with some sales of Northern Missouri at 60c, but later these bids were withdrawn and there were closing offers to sell firsts at 58c. Some Tennessee lots at 58½c. At the close more Western firsts can be had at 59c than are being promptly taken, but there is some scarcity of prime Northern goods and these have a slightly higher value. Storage eggs quiet and easy. Nearby white eggs cleaning up fairly well in the best grades and prices steady. Californias show considerable range in quality and value, but the fancier goods are working out fairly well. Under grades quiet. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 61@68c; extra firsts, 60@60½c; firsts, 58½@59½c; seconds and poorer, 55@58c; dirties, No. 1, 54@55c; No. 2 and poorer, 50@53c; checks, good to choice, dry, 45@49c; under grades, 43@47c; refrigerator, 32@50c; Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 66@70c; ordinary to prime, 60@68c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 54@60c; pullet whites, 63@64c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 66@70c; lower grades, 64@66c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 66@67c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 64@66c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 59@62c.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE

Average Figures for Week Ended Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919.

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

	*Capital.	*Surplus and Undivided Profits.	Loans, Discounts, Investments, &c.	Gold.	Legal Tenders.	Silver.	National Bank and Federal Res. Notes.	Res. with Legal Depositaries.	Nat. Bank Circulation.	Net Demand Deposits.	Net Time Deposits.
Bank of N. Y., N. B. A.	$2,000,000	$5,617,200	$47,145,002	$25,000	300,000	$120,000	$234,000	$4,926,000	$785,000	$32,921,000	$1,794,000
Bank of the Manhattan Co.	2,500,000	7,166,700	62,614,000	824,000	262,000	511,000	1,434,000	6,453,000	......	53,752,000	......
Merchants' National	2,000,000	2,781,300	29,267,000	79,000	70,000	211,000	151,000	3,004,000	1,809,000	21,687,000	289,000
Mechanics & Metals National	6,000,000	11,301,600	155,243,000	7,448,000	158,000	567,000	2,092,000	22,224,000	3,775,000	154,910,000	2,708,000
Bank of America	1,500,000	6,800,700	32,274,000	248,000	170,000	318,000	448,000	4,011,000	......	28,053,000	......
National City	25,000,000	51,412,500	580,788,000	8,378,000	3,015,000	1,121,000	2,612,000	102,351,000	1,443,000	582,826,000	24,197,000
Chemical National	3,000,000	9,427,300	83,676,000	163,000	234,000	338,000	754,000	9,425,000	443,000	67,130,000	5,204,000
Atlantic National	1,000,000	900,000	16,211,000	85,000	79,000	199,000	84,000	1,829,000	146,000	13,738,000	521,000
National Butchers & Drovers	300,000	98,300	3,175,000	11,000	58,000	35,000	8,000	425,000	298,000	2,898,000	......
American Exchange National	5,000,000	5,689,400	112,806,000	545,000	198,000	411,000	2,136,000	12,864,000	4,929,000	97,916,000	5,474,000
National Bank of Commerce	25,000,000	24,607,800	303,210,000	43,000	440,000	815,000	1,655,000	37,622,000	......	294,006,000	4,511,000
Pacific	500,000	1,097,500	15,288,000	54,000	192,000	222,000	628,000	1,661,000	......	14,253,000	70,000
Chatham & Phenix National	3,500,000	2,573,000	94,264,000	485,000	439,000	1,583,000	2,812,000	11,817,000	2,190,000	85,490,000	8,500,000
Hanover National	3,000,000	17,112,700	135,882,000	4,234,000	164,000	600,000	781,000	19,598,000	150,000	122,923,000	......
Citizens' National	2,550,000	3,098,000	38,635,000	112,000	81,000	370,000	494,000	5,422,000	992,000	35,585,000	215,000
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2,316,800	31,507,000	551,000	143,000	478,000	828,000	3,339,000	......	24,316,000	50,000
Corn Exchange	3,500,000	8,548,600	114,383,000	126,000	120,000	2,255,000	3,960,000	12,893,000	......	118,835,000	1,513,000
Importers & Traders National	1,500,000	7,960,700	36,178,000	46,000	416,000	64,000	192,000	3,479,000	51,000	25,658,000	......
National Park	5,000,000	16,698,900	197,129,000	58,000	655,000	408,000	993,000	20,917,000	4,975,000	159,976,000	2,649,000
East River National	250,000	169,300	4,848,000	3,000	135,000	15,000	68,000	844,000	50,000	4,980,000	......
Second National	1,000,000	4,050,000	20,696,000	119,000	27,000	328,000	426,000	2,428,000	643,000	16,729,000	......
First National	10,000,000	30,504,000	297,303,000	19,000	380,000	627,000	490,000	20,389,000	8,413,000	157,377,000	1,653,000
Irving National	4,500,000	5,811,200	113,006,000	1,054,000	310,000	1,766,000	1,095,000	15,273,000	999,000	115,104,000	860,000
New York County National	1,000,000	427,300	10,958,000	51,000	40,000	158,000	413,000	1,249,000	199,000	10,536,000	420,000
Continental	1,000,000	664,000	7,150,000	19,000	19,000	14,000	102,000	824,000	......	5,439,000	......
Chase National	10,000,000	15,006,900	337,568,000	2,600,000	3,726,000	1,331,000	292,000	36,158,000	1,100,000	285,961,000	10,131,000
Fifth Avenue	200,000	2,223,700	20,746,000	50,000	164,000	435,000	501,000	2,306,000	......	18,252,000	......
Commercial Exchange	200,000	871,100	6,715,000	50,000	53,000	94,000	106,000	932,000	......	6,731,000	......
Commonwealth	400,000	753,900	7,132,000	44,000	26,000	57,000	247,000	956,000	......	7,318,000	......
Lincoln National	1,000,000	1,992,200	16,226,000	124,000	160,000	140,000	604,000	2,176,000	210,000	15,653,000	......
Garfield National	1,000,000	1,317,500	12,770,000	4,000	5,000	121,000	5,000	1,468,000	397,000	10,942,000	37,000
Fifth National	250,000	398,000	6,750,000	85,000	24,000	144,000	170,000	833,000	248,000	6,407,000	456,000
Seaboard National	1,000,000	3,602,800	48,597,000	851,000	136,000	111,000	453,000	5,687,000	70,000	42,151,000	173,000
Liberty National	3,000,000	4,446,900	79,411,000	187,000	......	12,000	493,000	6,939,000	795,000	61,724,000	1,740,000
Coal & Iron National	1,000,000	1,044,100	14,412,000	5,000	42,000	129,000	492,000	1,390,000	415,000	11,726,000	397,000
Union Exchange National	1,000,000	1,219,800	13,923,000	16,000	39,000	177,000	152,000	1,939,000	396,000	13,914,000	458,000
Brooklyn Trust	1,500,000	2,518,800	38,183,000	17,000	17,000	88,000	423,000	3,450,000	......	26,012,000	4,838,000
Bankers Trust	15,000,000	16,617,800	284,278,000	45,000	167,000	55,000	715,000	29,090,000	......	231,850,000	10,270,000
U. S. Mortgage & Trust	2,000,000	4,628,800	66,600,000	27,000	8,000	200,000	878,000	6,425,000	......	58,289,000	2,660,000
Guaranty Trust	25,000,000	27,428,900	494,082,000	1,874,000	68,000	278,000	2,185,000	47,138,000	......	362,224,000	20,002,000
Fidelity Trust	1,000,000	1,283,200	10,783,000	90,000	85,000	37,000	150,000	1,114,000	......	8,839,000	500,000
Columbia Trust	5,000,000	6,850,500	87,115,000	21,000	43,000	187,000	677,000	9,879,000	......	74,317,000	6,664,000
People's Trust	1,000,000	1,306,400	28,486,000	47,000	72,000	237,000	575,000	2,429,000	......	23,974,000	1,671,000
New York Trust	3,000,000	10,789,800	108,958,000	48,000	6,000	1,000	194,000	8,772,000	......	57,473,000	2,693,000
Franklin Trust	1,000,000	1,170,100	29,551,000	68,000	35,000	120,000	170,000	2,191,000	......	15,273,000	1,836,000
Lincoln Trust	1,000,000	619,300	22,858,000	20,000	25,000	31,000	306,000	2,170,000	......	15,426,000	3,029,000
Metropolitan Trust	2,000,000	4,383,200	47,619,000	75,000	34,000	39,000	571,000	4,660,000	......	33,871,000	1,187,000
Nassau National, Brooklyn	1,000,000	1,200,900	15,486,000	11,000	54,000	71,000	221,000	1,025,000	50,000	10,252,000	650,000
Irving Trust	1,500,000	1,142,000	38,323,000	98,000	75,000	556,000	1,618,000	5,473,000	......	41,571,000	996,000
Farmers Loan & Trust	5,000,000	12,009,800	135,363,000	3,738,000	13,000	55,000	281,000	16,342,000	......	112,864,000	7,733,000
Total	$196,650,000	$353,607,600	$4,649,282,000	†$33,978,000	†$12,827,000	†$18,179,000	†$36,355,000	$527,104,000	‡$35,975,000	$3,804,190,000	$139,019,000
STATE BANKS NOT MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.									§Add. Deposits.		
Greenwich	$500,000	$1,475,800	$14,329,000	$585,000	$89,000	$122,000	$1,373,000	$1,242,000	......	$16,730,000	......
Bowery	250,000	816,600	5,736,000	281,000	55,000	12,000	342,000	327,000	$52,000	5,449,000	$5,000
New York Produce Exchange	1,000,000	1,206,500	22,721,000	748,000	510,000	519,000	592,000	2,047,000	70,000	24,329,000	......
State	2,000,000	548,300	37,731,000	1,504,000	949,000	711,000	711,000	3,030,000	322,000	38,165,000	59,000
Total	$3,750,000	$4,046,200	$80,517,000	$3,118,000	$1,603,000	$1,364,000	$3,018,000	$6,646,000	$444,000	$84,673,000	$64,000
TRUST COMPANIES NOT MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.											
Title Guarantee & Trust	$5,000,000	$11,947,900	$38,677,000	$98,000	$119,000	$170,000	$504,000	$2,571,000	$1,009,000	$23,043,000	$604,000
Lawyers Title & Trust	4,000,000	5,236,200	23,351,000	204,000	163,000	65,000	462,000	1,433,000	265,000	14,720,000	565,000
Total	$9,000,000	$17,184,100	$62,028,000	$302,000	$282,000	$235,000	$966,000	$4,004,000	$1,274,000	$37,763,000	$1,169,000
Grand total	209,400,000	374,839,900	4,793,827,000	37,398,000	14,712,000	19,778,000	40,339,000	537,754,000	1,718,000	¶3,926,626,000	140,252,000
Change			+37,864,000	-149,000	-7,000	-1,618,000	-4,053,000	-25,240,000	-370,000	-30,642,000	-1,902,000

Actual Condition at the Opening of Business Saturday.

Members Fed. Reserve Bank	......	......	$4,628,812,000	†$33,960,000	†$12,652,000	†$17,192,000	†$34,807,000	$545,414,000	......	$3,793,421,000	$135,160,000
State banks not in Res. Bank	......	......	82,737,000	3,169,000	1,446,000	1,348,000	3,049,000	5,919,000	$237,000	84,710,000	64,000
Trust cos. not in Res. Bank	......	......	62,155,000	303,000	277,000	222,000	857,000	4,377,000	435,000	38,666,000	1,097,000
Grand total	......	......	$4,773,704,000	$37,432,000	$14,375,000	$18,762,000	$38,713,000	$555,710,000	$672,000	¶$3,916,797,000	$136,321,000
Change	......	......	-31,341,000	+157,000	-198,000	-1,526,000	-1,949,000	-24,248,000	-1,106,000	-42,936,000	-8,539,000

*As officially reported for 28 national banks, Dec. 31, 1918; 13 State banks and 15 trust companies Nov. 1.
†Cash held in vaults of Fed. Res. Bank members not counted as reserve amounts to $101,339,000 in average statement and to $98,611,000 in actual statement.
‡Decrease from previous week $48,000, actual figures $36,020,000, decrease $20,000.
§Additional deposits with legal depositaries.
¶United States deposits deducted, $265,717,000 in average statement and $209,738,000 in actual statement.

Average and Actual Figures of Reserve Position

	Average Figures. Cash R'e've in Vault.	Reserve in Depositaries.	Reserve Required.	Excess.	Change.	Actual Figures. Cash R'e've in Vault.	Reserve in Depositaries.	Reserve Required.	Excess.	Change.
Members Federal Reserve Bank	......	$527,104,000	*$498,715,270	$28,388,730	-$21,174,670	......	$545,414,000	†$497,199,530	$48,214,470	-$17,110,030
State banks not in Reserve Bank	$9,103,000	6,646,000	15,241,140	507,860	-135,440	$9,612,000	5,919,000	15,247,800	‡316,800	-1,471,000
Trust companies not in Reserve Bank	1,785,000	4,004,000	5,664,450	124,550	+71,800	1,659,000	4,377,000	5,799,900	236,100	+76,250
Total	$10,888,000	$537,754,000	$519,620,860	$29,021,140	-$21,238,310	$10,671,000	$555,710,000	$518,247,230	$48,133,770	-$18,504,780

*$494,544,700 on net demand deposits and $4,170,570 on net time deposits.
†$493,144,730 on net demand deposits and $4,054,800 on net time deposits.
‡Deficit.

SUPPLEMENTARY BANK AND TRUST COMPANIES' FIGURES

FOR THE WEEK ENDED WITH OPENING OF BUSINESS SATURDAY, JAN. 25, 1919.

(Figures Compiled from Special Reports to THE NEW YORK TIMES.)

INSTITUTIONS CLEARING THROUGH MEMBERS.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Gold.	Other Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	With Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—						
Battery Park Nat.	$11,584,000	$11,400	$177,500	$1,379,800	$736,000	$9,364,600
Colonial	10,530,000	437,000	920,000	1,167,000	......	12,027,000
Columbia	14,502,000	15,000	663,000	2,773,000	......	16,452,000
Grace & Co. (W. R.)	6,130,270	4,247	4,011	965,704	2,191,547	7,135,638
International Bank	5,790,822	157,483	440,519	503,357	......	6,452,414
Mutual	8,260,000	......	187,000	1,767,000	......	10,420,000
New Netherlands*	4,617,000	8,000	248,000	1,083,000	168,000	5,459,000
Washington Heights	2,298,000	71,000	185,000	126,000	15,000	2,154,000
Yorkville	8,874,700	*908,400	321,400	517,800	......	10,185,500
*Includes $907,500 average balance at Federal Reserve Bank.						
BROOKLYN—						
First National	7,817,400	4,200	174,500	660,100	894,300	8,211,000
Mechanics'	22,677,000	495,000	1,444,900	1,851,800	8,500	28,252,700
National City	6,766,000	5,200	208,000	575,542	466,900	7,842,100
North Side	4,782,158	14,306	333,984	577,095	......	5,720,690
JERSEY CITY, N. J.—						
First National	11,147,000	81,000	482,000	4,858,000	49,000	13,340,000

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
BROOKLYN—					
Hamilton	$9,055,000	$491,000	$668,000	......	$8,586,000
BAYONNE, N. J.—					
Mechanics'	8,297,764	276,952	780,232	$171,124	8,962,884

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN THE CLEARING HOUSE.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Gold.	Other Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	With Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—						
Bank of Cuba	$953,709	$80,000	$13,500	$230,144	......	$1,110,653
Broadway Central	1,489,700	93,000	74,200	274,300	......	1,810,000
Bronx Borough	2,218,285	168	104,324	162,703	$1,250	2,416,193
Bryant Park Bank	1,852,000	44,800	631,800	......	......	2,378,100
Chelsea Exch. Bank	6,204,000	......	487,000	300,000	86,000	4,658,000
Europe (Bank of)	3,218,167	125,000	238,885	165,246	......	3,696,585
Gotham National	7,007,000	......	211,000	796,000	255,000	6,785,000
Harriman National	25,834,000	96,600	857,300	3,017,000	432,000	28,509,000
Public National	32,769,000	16,000	850,000	3,071,000	1,011,000	33,522,000
Sherman National	5,618,000	12,300	153,900	978,600	590,700	7,740,800
Twenty-third Ward	3,198,000	88,800	282,100	383,600	30,000	4,109,400
Westchester Av. Bk.	2,176,600	12,100	94,300	167,600	5,900	2,037,200
BROOKLYN—						
Bank of Coney Island	1,455,800	15,000	135,300	78,300	......	1,544,000
Homestead	1,488,200	98,000	84,200	193,800	......	1,700,300
Montauk	1,424,000	83,000	65,000	45,000	......	1,400,000
Peoples National	2,981,391	6,805	139,903	297,826	144,000	3,463,000
JERSEY CITY, N. J.—						
Hudson County	5,126,100	45,040	220,060	1,145,400	41,320	5,563,300
HOBOKEN, N. J.—						
First National	9,010,100	7,000	260,500	960,700	25,800	9,149,200
Second National	7,159,015	10,175	192,604	312,102	47,000	8,142,497

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—					
Central-Union	$211,520,000	*$28,918,000	$9,850,000	$2,086,000	$226,500,000
Empire	37,213,300	2,894,600	5,775,500	2,474,600	45,067,200
Equitable	155,640,000	*18,833,000	4,542,000	21,051,000	180,621,000
Fulton	7,630,900	132,200	*1,130,100	......	7,813,200
Hudson	5,163,000	426,500	1,124,000	866,100	5,902,300
Mercantile	16,680,800	*1,552,700	948,700	......	17,020,100
N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust	25,436,100	1,585,300	662,200	......	22,325,200
Scandinavian	29,436,630	189,937	4,465,701	59,763	27,850,787
Transatlantic	1,087,700	64,000	310,500	2,466,400	2,404,300
United States	51,306,586	4,100,600	6,100,743	......	45,853,202
*Includes amount with Federal Reserve Bank as follows: Central-Union $25,517,000, Equitable $17,420,000, Fulton $900,200, and Mercantile $1,481,900.					
BROOKLYN—					
Kings County	21,065,673	1,183,975	1,274,367	......	21,837,740
Manufacturers'	28,488,100	795,800	3,913,700	119,000	24,248,700

AGGREGATE TRUST COMPANIES' DEPOSITS.

The following figures of Clearing House trust companies include items not included in the net deposits as reported to the Clearing House:

Trust Companies.	Deposits.	Trust Companies.	Deposits.
Bankers	$274,109,000	Lincoln	$21,929,200
Brooklyn	35,588,000	Metropolitan	42,253,700
Columbia	91,172,822	New York	72,416,000
Farmers	138,662,807	Peoples	29,428,300
Fidelity	10,698,000	Title Guarantee	28,081,500
Franklin	19,899,900	United States Mortgage	62,683,000
Guaranty	485,277,000		
Irving	48,727,000	Total	$1,375,584,729
Lawyers Title	16,557,500		

Apple Sales in Great Britain.

Consul General Skinner at London has cabled the Department of Commerce that the British Ministry of Food has noticed the representations that case and barrel apples of the same dimensions have different weights, and is issuing an amended order providing that importers shall be permitted to sell apples either by the barrel or box or by weight. Until the order becomes effective, however, sales will continue to be made by package.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$7,826,031	$94,277,617
Internal revenue: Income and excess profits	58,906,862	722,874,924
Miscellaneous	97,003,836	976,422,630
Miscellaneous rev.	149,118,227	1,758,224,690
Excess of ord. disbursements over ord. receipts	1,048,941,686	7,999,580,363
Excess of total receipts over total disbursements	404,791,289	100,169,254
Expenditures	1,198,059,913	9,757,813,942

CALL MONEY RATES.

Call money rates in corresponding weeks in this and recent years have been:

	High.	Low.	Ruling.		High.	Low.	Ruling.
1919	6	3½	4½	1913	3	2	2½
1918	6	3½	4	1912	2¾	2	2½
1917	2	1½	1¾	1911	2¾	2¼	2½
1916	2	1½	1¾	1910	3¼	1¾	3¼
1915	2	1½	1½	1909	2	1½	1½
1914	2½	1½	2	1908	3	1½	2

WEEKLY BANK CLEARINGS.

New York City bank clearings last week, as reported by the Clearing House, and the clearings of the United States as reported by The Financial Chronicle, compare as follows:

	In New York.	Total U. S.
1919.		
Jan. 25	$3,763,879,053	$7,121,537,682
Jan. 18	4,217,443,503	7,635,106,938
Jan. 11	3,977,910,946	7,206,061,911
Jan. 4	4,347,516,231	7,897,938,975
Dec. 28, 1918	*2,459,243,811	5,341,266,322
1918.		
Jan. 26	$3,095,823,826	$5,553,561,176
Jan. 19	3,425,288,065	6,185,027,699
Jan. 12	3,496,340,122	6,047,050,042
Jan. 5	3,500,905,556	6,067,121,771
Dec. 29, 1917	2,816,950,800	5,115,920,970

*Five days.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS. Shoes.—Surplus Property Division Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quanity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 238 CE.

NEW YORK RESERVE BANK.

Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the close of business Jan. 24, 1919:

RESOURCES.

Gold coin and gold certificates:		
Vaults and settlement fund	$294,561,961.12	
With Federal Reserve Agent and in redemption fund—Federal Reserve Notes	265,979,465.00	
With foreign agencies	2,010,961.70	
Total gold reserve		$562,552,327.82
Legal tender notes, silver certificates and sub. coin		$1,769,101.75
Total reserves		$564,321,429.57
Bills discounted and bought:		
Rediscounts and advances—commercial paper	$46,035,205.42	
Rediscounts and advances—U. S. obligations	663,903,720.26	
Acceptances bought	93,365,805.04	
Total		$803,304,730.72
Investments:		
U. S. bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness		$47,851,350.00
Due from foreign banks		6,445,447.02
Total resources		$1,502,560,957.31

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$20,750,950.00
Surplus	1,222,040.00
U. S. Government deposits	25,134,490.20
Foreign Government deposits	92,732,806.19
Member banks deposits (net)	650,655,490.74
Non-member banks deposits	5,430,211.04
Due to War Finance Corporation	2,446,692.38
Due to other Federal Reserve banks	9,891,972.56
Federal Reserve Bank notes (net)	85,900,000.00
Federal Reserve notes (net)	650,687,060.00
All other liabilities	615,222.18
Total liabilities	$1,502,560,957.31
Federal Reserve notes outstanding	$772,991,595.00
Against which there are deposited with Federal Reserve agent:	
Gold and lawful money	270,979,465.00
Commercial paper	503,942,130.72

BANK DEPARTMENT SUMMARY.

STATE BANKS.

Loans and investments	$646,440,500	-$9,803,100
Gold	8,116,000	-134,100
Currency and bank notes	25,644,600	-1,436,800
Deposits with Federal Reserve Bank of New York	42,511,300	-4,820,900
Deposits	808,310,100	-12,338,500
Reserve on deposits	94,463,400	-7,430,200
Percentage of reserve, 20 per cent.		
TRUST COMPANIES.		
Loans and investments	$1,886,548,900	-$18,912,600
Gold	12,862,400	-43,600
Currency and bank bills	19,283,300	-946,700
Deposits with Federal Reserve Bank of New York	197,094,600	-1,382,600
Deposits	2,021,116,000	+11,092,500
Reserve on deposits	284,967,900	-7,802,100
Percentage of reserve, 17.7 per cent.		
STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES NOT INCLUDED IN CLEARING HOUSE.		
Loans and investments	$750,887,000	+$11,310,600
Gold	8,183,100	-217,000
Currency and banknotes	16,408,000	-77,400
Deposits with Federal Reserve Bank of New York	63,028,900	-247,600
Total deposits	806,930,600	+6,904,100
*Net Deposits	723,432,300	+7,290,200
Reserve on deposits	132,719,100	-4,323,100
Percentage of reserve, 20.3 per cent.		

RESERVE.

	State B'ks.	P.C.	Trust Cos.	P.C.
Cash	$17,112,300	12.79	$69,502,700	13.43
Deposits in banks and trust companies	11,610,400	08.68	34,493,700	06.67
Total	$28,722,700	21.48	$103,996,400	20.10

*Deposits, eliminating amounts due from Reserve Depositaires and from other banks and trust companies in New York City, exchanges and deposits by United States Government proceeds of sale of bonds.

Acceptance Business Nearing Billion Mark

In its leading article tomorrow The Annalist emphasizes the growing importance of trade and bank acceptances as media for the financing of large domestic and foreign commercial enterprises. This method of financing is rapidly becoming appreciated in the United States and it is approved by leading bankers and mercantile interests.

The article describes the organization and work of the Acceptance Council and quotes W. P. G. Harding, governor of the Federal Reserve Board, and Paul M. Warburg, formerly vice-governor of the Federal Reserve Board, upon the development of the acceptance business.

There is also an article by Mark Eisner, Collector of Internal Revenue, in The Annalist tomorrow, advocating the continuance of high taxation as a means of promoting contentment and so destroying Bolshevism.

IN TOMORROW'S ISSUE

THE ANNALIST

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TIMES SQUARE, NEW YORK

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Among other interesting features, the last two issues of this semi-monthly publication contain the following:

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Free Credit Market Fails to Stimulate Stocks—Traction Bonds Steady.

The course of stocks in yesterday's short market session reflected few signs of exuberance among speculators over the lifting of restrictions on money, and the net result was much irregularity of prices at the close, with declines matching the gains in number and quality. Probably profit taking as the result of Friday's upward movement was a more influential factor on business than sentiment over the credit situation. It stands to reason that the Stock Exchange authorities in reporting to the Money Committee that there was "nothing to indicate the probability of a speculative movement which would absorb large amounts of money" had carefully surveyed the outlook within and without the market, and felt sure that a large bull campaign would not develop in the near future. A Saturday session, of course, was not one to supply a comprehensive test of speculative intentions, but it was noticeable in brokerage office comment that a quick expansion of trading for the rise was not the primary subject of discussion. In conservative quarters, where the removal of brokerage loan limitations had long been desired, the proposal was advanced no more for the purpose of freeing stock market operations of credit restrictions than for the expected effect in indirectly promoting a better feeling toward the credit of corporations whose securities are dealt in on the local markets.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit shares reached a new low point since the receivership occurred, influenced, presumably, by the intimations from banking quarters interested in the property that an assessment on the stock might be necessary. Traction bonds, however, were firm and dull. In the early advance of stocks, which was followed by the tendency toward irregularity, the steel issues stood forth prominently and also a number of the railroad stocks.

The statement of the Clearing House banks indicated a substantial easement in the loan position, and also a movement of funds away from New York. Loans declined $31,300,000, and demand deposits receded nearly $44,000,000. Despite these changes, the surplus reserve declined $18,500,000, a shrinkage which resulted in the main from a contraction of more than $23,000,000 in reserve credits with the Federal Reserve Bank. The Reserve Bank's report disclosed few changes of import during the week. Commercial paper rediscounts increased $13,000,000, while rediscounts based on United States Government securities declined $4,500,000. The gold reserve gained the relatively small amount of $4,200,000.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	4¾	High	5½
Low	4¾	Low	5½
Renewals	4¾	Renewals	5½
Last	4¾	Last	5½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances ....4¼@4½

Time Loans.

ALL INDUSTRIALS.		MIXED COLLAT'LS.	
Sixty days	5 @5¼	Sixty days	5¼@5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5¼@5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¼@5½
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5¼@5½
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5¼@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days ....4¼@4⅛
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days ....4¼@4⅜
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days ....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days ....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months ....5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months ....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.7575	$4.7575	$4.7575	— .0005
Cables	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	+.000125
Francs—				
Demand	5.45⅜	5.45⅜	5.45⅜	..
Cables	5.45½	5.45½	5.45½	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7575	$4.76 7/16
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅜	5.45½
5.1813	Belgium	5.67½	5.65½
	China—		
	Hongkong	78.00	78.10
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	120.50
40.25	Holland	41.50	41.75
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.40	51.50
	Yokohama	51.40	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.07	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	28.50	28.75
	Copenhagen	26.375	26.625
	Christiania	27.625	27.875
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	44.60	44.75
34.42	Rio	23.35	25.50
5.1813	Switzerland	4.90½	4.87½
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	16.20	16.50
	500 rubles	16.10	16.40

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71¾	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $591,878,397; balances, $48,390,931; Treasury debit balance, $4,264,741; Federal Reserve credit balance, $41,367,403.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½ official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

NEW TRUST CO. OPENS.

The American Will Begin Business at 135 Broadway Tomorrow.

The American Trust Company, at 135 Broadway, will formerly open for business tomorrow. A full list of officers has been selected, headed by Harry A. Kahler, President, and including Cyril H. Burdett, Henry S. Acken, and Harry H. Fielder, Vice Presidents; Gerhard Kuehne, secretary; Joseph L. Obermayer, treasurer; Hubert F. Breitwiesen, assistant secretary. Morgan J. O'Brien will act as general counsel.

The new company has a cash capital of $1,000,000 and a paid-in surplus of $200,000. It will do a general banking business, as well as the usual trust company functions. It is affiliated with the New York Title and Mortgage Company.

The Directors are: Walter H. Bennett, Vice President American Exchange National Bank; Edward M. Burghard, attorney; Orion H. Cheney, President Pacific Bank; Bayard Dominick, Dominick & Dominick; Stephen B. Fleming, President International Agricultural Corporation; Frederick B. Francis, New York agent Canadian Bank of Commerce; William E. Harmon, Wood, Harmon & Co., real estate; Stanley P. Jadwin, O. H. Jadwin & Sons; Harry A. Kahler, President; Frederick D. Mackay, Vice President, E. W. Bliss Company; George T. Mortimer, President Equitable Office Building Corporation; Charles J. Obermayer, President Greater New York Savings Bank; Morgan J. O'Brien, O'Brien, Boardman, Parker, Harper & Fox; James A. O'Gorman, O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver; William R. Rose, Rose & Paskus; Louis F. Rothschild, L. F. Rothschild & Co.; Elbridge Gerry Snow, President The Home Insurance Company; Daniel G. Tenney, C. H. Tenney & Co.; George Zabriskie, Zabriskie, Sage, Kerr & Gray.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, JAN. 25, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	405,880	215,650	231,480
Year to date	9,528,810	11,662,459	14,685,644

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
45	46½	100	Adams Express	45½	45½	45½	45½	− ⅝
21⅞	22⅜	100	Advance Rumely	22½	22½	22½	22½	..
58½	59	300	Advance Rumely pf	57½	58	57½	58	+1½
72	72⅞	200	Ajax Rubber	72½	72½	72⅜	72½	..
3⅜	3⅞	200	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	..
2	2⅛	100	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
31⅝	32	3,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	32⅝	32⅝	31½	31⅝	− ⅜
100½	101	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	100½	100⅝	100½	100⅝	+ ⅝
32	35	100	Am. Banknote	33	33	33	33	−2
69	69⅝	900	Am. Beet Sugar	70	70¼	69½	69½	− ⅜
46½	47	4,300	Am. Can	48	48	46⅝	46⅝	− ⅜
90	90¼	3,000	Am. Car & Fdry	91½	91⅝	90	90	− ½
114	115	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	+1⅞
41½	42½	1,900	Am. Cotton Oil	43½	43⅞	42	42	−1
11	11½	1,500	Am. Druggists	11¼	11½	11	11¼	+ ⅛
14½	14⅝	1,200	Am. H. & Leather	14⅜	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	+ ⅛
81⅜	82	3,400	Am. H. & L. pf	83	83⅝	80⅝	81⅞	− ⅜
39¼	40	300	Am. Ice	40⅛	40⅛	39⅝	39⅝	− ⅝
55	56	100	Am. Ice pf	55	55	55	55	..
54¼	54⅝	100	Am. International	55	55	55	55	+ ¼
48⅝	48½	1,800	Am. Linseed	50	50¼	48½	48½	−1½
90	91	100	Am. Linseed pf	91	91	91	91	− ½
59¼	60	600	Am. Locomotive	61	61	60⅛	60⅞	+ ⅞
..	..	200	Am. Malting	1⅜	2	1⅜	2	+ ⅞
71	71½	11,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	72½	72⅝	71	71	− ⅞
106	106⅝	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	+ ⅜
112	125	100	Am. Snuff	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	114⅞	+9⅞
80	80½	1,900	Am. Steel F'dries	80⅝	81	80	80⅝	+ ⅝
113	113½	700	Am. Sugar Ref	113⅝	113⅝	113⅛	113⅛	+ ½
115½	116	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	115½	115½	115½	115½	+ ⅜
102⅝	102½	2,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	103¼	103¼	101⅞	102	..
100¼	101	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	101	101	100½	100½	..
196	200	100	Am. Tobacco	196¼	196¼	196¼	196¼	−3⅜
46⅝	47½	600	Am. Woolen	47	47	46⅝	46⅝	+ ⅝
95	95½	300	Am. Woolen pf	95½	95½	95½	95½	+ ⅜
58½	58⅝	5,100	Anaconda Copper	59⅞	60⅛	58⅝	58⅝	− ⅝
22	22½	100	Asso. Dry Goods	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	+ ⅝
92½	93	1,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	92½	93⅛	92½	92⅞	+ ⅜
87	88	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞	+ ½
102	102½	700	At. Gulf & West I	103⅛	103⅜	102	102	− ⅛
66½	67½	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf	67	67	67	67	+ ⅛
70¼	70½	10,400	Baldwin Loco	72	73	70¼	70¼	..
48	48½	2,400	Baltimore & Ohio	40	40	48	48	+ ⅛
54¼	55½	100	Baltimore & O. pf	54⅜	54⅜	54⅜	54⅜	+ ¾
..	..	10	Bank of Commerce	205	205	205	205	..
110	113	100	Barrett Co	111	111	111	111	+ ⅛
60⅜	61	13,000	Beth. Steel, class B	62	62⅛	60⅝	60⅞	− ⅛
102½	103¼	600	Beth. Steel 8% pf	103	103	102⅝	102⅝	+ ⅛
19	19⅛	14,300	Bklyn Rapid Tran	21¼	21¼	18⅜	19⅛	−1⅞
6	6⅞	200	Butte Copper & Z	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	..
17⅞	18½	200	Butte & Superior	18	18	18	18	+ ⅜
16	17	200	Butterick Co	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	− ⅜
54	54½	1,600	California Packing	54⅝	54⅝	54⅛	54⅛	− ¼
23⅝	24½	2,900	California Petrol	25	25	23⅞	24	− ¾
68	68⅝	1,600	Calif. Petrol. pf	70	70¼	68	68	−1⅞
157½	158½	800	Canadian Pacific	159⅝	159⅝	158	158	−1⅛
91½	94	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	..
59	59¼	1,600	Cen. Leather Co	59½	59⅞	59¼	59¼	− ⅛
31½	32	500	Cerro de Pasco Cop	31⅞	32	31⅞	32	+ ½
104½	106½	200	Chandler Motor	106	106	106	106	+3
55	55½	1,200	Ches. & Ohio	55¼	56	55½	55½	+ ⅛
25	25½	100	Chi. Great W. pf	26	26	26	26	+ ⅜
89	89¼	2,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P	89¼	89⅝	89	89⅛	+ ¼
71½	72	2,800	C., M. & St. P. pf	71⅞	72½	71⅞	71⅞	+ ½
23½	23⅞	1,600	Chi., R. I. & P	24	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	..
75⅜	75⅝	300	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	75⅝	75⅝	75⅛	75⅝	+ ⅛
63⅞	64	500	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	64⅛	64⅛	63½	63⅞	+ ⅛
17⅝	18	400	Chile Copper	18⅛	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝	− ⅛
33⅞	33½	1,200	Chino Copper	34	34	33¼	33¼	− ½
106½	..	100	Cluett Peabody pf	108	108	108	108	+3
36	36⅝	500	Colo. Fuel & Iron	37	37	36½	36½	− ⅛
21	22	200	Col. & Southern	20⅞	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	+1¼
42½	42⅝	1,900	Columbia Gas & El	43	43⅝	42⅝	42⅝	− ⅛
89¼	80½	2,200	Consolidated Gas	93⅝	93⅝	80½	80½	−3½
8	9⅛	100	Con. Interst. Cal. M	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	+ ¼
69½	69⅝	100	Continental Can	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	..
60⅜	61¼	1,000	Continental Insur	60	61	60	61	+1⅛
47⅝	47⅞	7,000	Corn Prod. Refin	49	49	47⅝	47⅝	− ⅞
53⅞	54¼	4,300	Crucible Steel	55¼	55⅝	53⅝	54	− ⅝
22⅛	22¼	12,300	Cuba Cane Sugar	24⅜	24⅜	22½	22⅛	−2⅛
72½	73½	1,400	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	75½	75½	72½	72½	−2⅞
102	105	400	Delaware & Hudson	104	105	104	105	+3¾
3⅞	4	100	Denver & Rio G	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	..
6½	7	300	Den. & Rio G. pf	6⅞	7	6⅞	7	+ ½
109	112	100	Detroit Edison Co	110	110	110	116	+1
52	52½	2,200	Distillers Securities	53½	53⅝	52	52	−1⅝
11⅝	12	200	Dome Mines	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	− ⅜
16	16⅜	700	Erie	16⅜	16⅜	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
25½	26½	300	Erie 1st pf	26½	26½	26¼	26¼	..
18⅞	20	100	Erie 2d pf	19	19	19	19	+ ½
28⅞	29	1,000	Gaston Wms. & W	29	29¼	28⅞	28⅞	− ⅛
48½	50	200	General Cigar	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	+ ¾
148½	150	600	General Electric	150	150	150	150	..
123½	124	1,800	General Motors	125¼	125¼	123½	123½	..
..	..	500	General Motors rts	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	..
60¼	60½	1,400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	61⅝	61⅝	60½	60½	− ⅜
73½	74½	200	Granby Consol	74	74	74	74	− ¼
92½	92⅝	1,400	Great Northern pf	93¼	93⅜	92⅝	92⅝	+ ⅛
37½	37⅝	4,300	Gt. N. cfs. for O. P	38⅛	38⅛	37½	37½	− ½
43½	45	500	Greene-Can. Cop	45	45	44	44	− ½
42½	45	100	Haskell & Barker	43	43	43	43	..
96	96½	200	Illinois Central	96	96	96	96	..
44⅝	44⅞	2,400	Inspiration Copper	45¼	45¼	44⅞	44⅞	..
5⅛	5⅜	400	Inter. Consolidated	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	..
18⅝	19⅛	1,200	Inter. Consol. pf	19½	19½	18⅝	19⅛	..
112¼	114	100	Int. Harvester new	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	− ⅞
24	24¼	800	Int. Mer. Marine	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	− ⅜
102½	102⅝	8,700	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	104¼	104½	102½	102½	−1¼
26⅞	27	1,600	Int. Nickel	26⅞	27	26⅞	27	..
34⅞	35	700	Int. Paper	35⅝	35⅝	35	35	− ⅝
89	90	100	Jewel Tea pf	89	89	89	89	+ ½
76½	77	2,300	Kelly Spring. Tire	77	77¼	76	77	+ ⅞
32½	32⅝	900	Kennecott Copper	33	33⅛	32⅝	32⅝	..
65	66½	900	Lackawanna Steel	67	67¼	66	66	..
18⅝	20	100	Lake E. & W. pf	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	+1⅛
22	22½	900	Lee Rubber & Tire	22	22½	22	22½	− ½
56½	57	900	Lehigh Valley	57	57⅛	56⅝	56⅝	− ½
45½	46½	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	45½	45½	45½	45½	−1½
163	168	100	Lorillard (P.) Co	166	166	166	166	+4
69½	70	200	Mackay Cos	70	70	70	70	..
64	64½	200	Mackay Cos. pf	64	64	64	64	..
86	88	300	Manhattan Elev	87½	88	87½	87½	+4½
28	28¾	500	Maxwell Motors	29	29	28	28	..
51	52	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	52½	52½	52	52	..
64¾	65	300	May Dept. Stores	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾	− ¼
168	168¾	29,400	Mexican Petroleum	174	174½	167⅞	168¾	−3
23⅝	23¾	700	Miami Copper	23¾	23⅞	23¾	23¾	+ ¼
42½	42¾	1,300	Midvale Steel	43	43	42¾	42¾	..
10	10⅞	100	Minn. & St. L. new	10	10	10	10	+ ½
90	95	300	M., St. P. & S. S. M	90	91	90	91	+3⅞
5	5¼	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5	5	5	5	..
24⅛	24½	1,800	Missouri Pacific	24⅞	24⅞	24⅝	24½	..
51	52	400	Missouri Pacific pf	52	52	51½	51⅞	+1⅞
69⅜	75¼	20	Morris & Essex	73½	73½	73½	73½	..
14¼	14¾	300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	15⅛	15⅛	14⅞	14⅞	− ⅛
48½	49	400	Nat. Enam. & St	49½	49½	49	49	− ½
108⅞	..	100	Nat. Lead pf	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	+ ⅞
100	105	200	N. Y. Air Brake	105	105	105	105	..
72½	72¾	1,400	N. Y. Central	73¼	73¼	72½	72½	− ½
29	30	3,100	N. Y., N. H. & H	29⅞	29⅞	29½	29⅞	+ ¼
19¼	20	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	19½	19½	19½	19½	+ ¼
91½	91⅝	900	Northern Pacific	92¼	92¼	91⅝	91⅝	+ ⅛
50	52½	100	Nova Scotia S. & C	52⅞	52⅞	52⅞	52⅞	− ⅛
42½	42⅝	2,100	Ohio Cities Gas	43	43	42⅝	42⅝	+ ⅝
8⅞	9	3,100	Okla. Prod. & Ref	9¼	9¼	9	9	− ⅜
6⅜	6½	100	Ontario Mining	6½	6½	6½	6½	+ ⅜
36¼	37½	300	Pacific Mail	37½	37½	37	37	+ ⅛
68⅞	69	4,300	Pan-Am. P. & T	69⅝	70⅝	68⅞	68⅞	− ¼
118⅞	120½	200	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	121	121	121	121	+1
45	45½	2,400	Penn. R. R	45⅜	45⅜	45	45	− ⅜
47	49	200	People's Gas, Chi	49½	49½	49½	49½	+1½
39⅞	40	400	Pierce-Arrow	40¼	40¼	40	40	− ¼
..	..	1,300	Pierce Oil	18⅛	18⅛	17½	17½	− ⅝
36	36½	3,300	Pitts. & West Va	36⅝	36⅝	36	36	..
79½	81	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	80	80	80	80	+ ½
64	65	100	Pressed Steel Car	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛	+ ⅜
118½	120	400	Pullman Co	120	120	120	120	..
72½	72⅞	1,900	Railway Steel Sp	74	74	72⅞	72⅞	−1
105	108	100	Railway Steel S. pf	106	106	106	106	..
20⅜	20⅝	200	Ray Con. Copper	20¼	20⅝	20¼	20⅝	+ ⅝
78¼	78½	5,800	Reading	79⅜	79⅞	78¼	78¼	− ⅝
37½	38	100	Reading 1st pf	38	38	38	38	+1
73⅝	73¾	1,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	75¼	75⅝	74	74	− ⅝
77⅝	77⅞	2,900	Royal Dutch t r	78⅛	79¼	77½	77½	− ⅝
12	12½	600	St. Louis-San Fran	12⅝	12⅝	12	12	..
7⅜	8	100	Seaboard Air Line	8	8	8	8	+ ¼
16½	17½	100	Seab. Air Line pf	17	17	17	17	+1
175	177	200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	176½	176½	175½	175½	− ¼
34⅝	34⅞	2,500	Sinclair Oil Refin	35¼	35⅜	34⅞	34⅞	− ⅛
51½	52½	100	Sloss-S. Steel & I	52½	52½	52½	52½	+ ⅝
98⅝	98⅞	7,400	Southern Pacific	100	100⅜	98⅞	98⅞	..
27	27½	3,700	Southern Railway	27⅝	27⅝	27	27	− ½
38¾	39½	200	Strom. Carburetor	30	39¼	39	39¼	+ ⅛
48⅝	48⅞	6,200	Studebaker Co	49⅝	49⅝	48⅝	48⅝	− ⅛
48	49½	100	Stutz Motor	49½	49½	49½	49½	+ ½
13¼	13½	300	Tenn. C. & C	13½	13½	13½	13½	+ ⅜
188	188½	3,100	Texas Co	190	190½	188	188½	−1¼
16½	17	2,450	Texas Co. rights	17	17¼	16⅝	16⅞	− ⅞
31	31¼	4,500	Texas & Pacific	32⅜	32⅜	30⅞	31	−1¼
75¼	75⅝	1,800	Tobacco Products	76⅝	76⅝	75⅝	75⅝	− ½
10	12	100	T., St.L. & W. pf. cfs	10	10	10	10	..
76	78	100	Union Bag & Paper	78	78	78	78	..
127	127¼	2,200	Union Pacific	128	128¼	127¼	127¼	−1
72½	73½	300	Union Pacific pf	72⅞	73	72½	73	− ⅝
38	38½	300	United Alloy Steel	38	38	38	38	+ ⅛
114¼	114⅜	1,900	United Cigar Stores	115½	115½	114⅛	114⅛	+ ⅜
159	162	200	United Fruit	160	160½	160	160½	+1½
14⅜	15½	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅝
102½	103½	5,500	U. S. Indus. Alco	103	104½	102½	102⅝	+ ⅜
75½	76	5,000	U. S. Rubber	77	77	75½	75½	−1
91½	91⅝	93,800	U. S. Steel	93	94	91½	91⅝	− ½
114½	114⅝	500	U. S. Steel pf	115	115¼	115	115¼	− ⅜
69⅞	70	2,800	Utah Copper	71½	71½	69⅞	70	−1¼
15	15½	700	Utah Securities	15½	15½	15	15	− ½
52	52½	1,500	Va.-Car. Chemical	53½	53½	52¼	52¼	− ⅝
112⅜	113	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	+ ⅞
53	57	100	Va. Iron, Coal & C	56	56	56	56	−2
31¼	32½	200	Wabash pf. A	32	32	32	32	..
41½	41⅝	1,500	Westingh. E. & M	42	42	41½	41⅝	− ⅛
45⅞	46	200	White Motors	47	47	47	47	+1⅜
24½	24½	3,400	Willys-Overland	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24½	..
32½	35	100	Wisconsin Central	33¼	33¼	33¼	33¼	+1½
127	129	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	127½	127½	127½	127½	+1¼
67	68	100	Worth. Pump pf. B	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	+ ⅜

Germans Get Goods in Russia.

By the re-establishment of communication with the interior, definite information regarding the present situation in Western Siberia has been made available, according to the Weekly Bulletin of the Canadian Department of Trade and Commerce. It is reported that the population of the towns are destitute of all kinds of merchandise, and are looking to the Allies for help. Moreover, the Germans have commenced to export from Moscow and other distributing centres large quantities of the manufactured goods that are still left. They are especially exporting clothing and leather products to Germany.

WHOLESALER TO RETAILER.

The economical method of reaching the retail trader is by way of the Business Page of The New York Times.—Advt.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.85	5.50
Buff., Roch. & P.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.98	5.65
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.95	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.60
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.85	5.25
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.75	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.95	5.45
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.15	5.60
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.05	5.65
Illinois Central	1919-'28	4½@5	5.80	5.35
Louis. & Nash	1919-'23	5	5.80	5.30
Mich. Central	1919-'30	5	5.95	5.55
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.80	5.75
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.20	5.75
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.90	5.50
Norfolk & West	1919-'24	4½	5.75	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.10	5.60
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.65	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.35
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.40	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.25
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.30
Southern R. R.	1919-'24	4½@5	6.00	5.60
Union Tank Line	1919-'28	5	6.50	5.50

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.80	61.35	61.38	+ .06
25 industrials	83.61	82.12	82.17	− .73
50 stocks	72.70	71.73	71.77	− .34

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 24	72.25	71.21	72.10	+1.07
Jan. 23	71.34	70.56	71.03	+ .48
Jan. 22	70.92	70.18	70.55	+ .28
Jan. 21	70.96	69.73	70.27	− .63
Jan. 20	71.65	70.79	70.90	− .62
Jan. 18	72.02	71.38	71.53	− .39
Jan. 17	72.90	71.71	71.92	− .92

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	74.99 Jan. 2	69.73 Jan. 21	71.77
1918	60.09 Jan. 31	54.12 Jan. 15	58.91
1917	90.46 Jan. 1	84.71 Jan. 31	85.31
1916	91.83 Jan. 3	84.47 Jan. 31	86.17
1915	64.68 Jan. 22	60.07 Jan. 2	62.37

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	79.99 Jan. 3	69.73 Jan. 21	71.77
†1918	68.37 Jan. 3	64.42 Jan. 15	66.47
Full Years.			
1918	80.16 Nov. 18	64.12 Jan. 15	78.39
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	90.91 Apr. 22	98.22
1915	84.18 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.00	+.24	− .96	+1.18

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 24	77.76	−.07	Jan. 17	78.48	−.11
Jan. 23	76.83	+.06	Jan. 16	78.59	−.06
Jan. 22	77.78	−.15	Jan. 15	78.64	−.03
Jan. 21	77.08	−.17	Jan. 14	78.67	−.15
Jan. 20	78.10	−.35	Jan. 13	78.82	..
Jan. 18	78.45	−.03	Jan. 11	78.82	−.15

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1919	79.01 Jan. 3	77.76 Jan. 24	78.00
†1918	77.20 Jan. 3	76.64 Jan. 24	76.62
Full Years.			
1918	82.36 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.18 Jan. 29	74.24 Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 20	86.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Removing the Lid.

According to the general and popular interpretation of the statement which the so-callay Money Committee issued on Friday night, the "lid is off," so far as the call money market is concerned. But he would be an optimist indeed who could believe that brokers and their clients are to have all the bank accommodation—call or time—that they may ask for. There will be limits, most positive limits, beyond which the market may not go. Apparently, realization of something of this sort came to Wall Street just before the end of yesterday's first hour of trading, for a sharp and rather active advance came to an end at that time on selling which seemed to appreciate the early high levels.

No Fair Test.

The fact that yesterday was Saturday, with no deliveries of securities among brokers, and no call money market on the Exchange, of course prevented any demonstration in rates, and for this reason nobody can say what might have happened had there been a money market. But bankers who have been lending funds, and brokers who have been borrowing, were generally agreed that had there been a market there would have been no deviation from the usual orderly course. The market just now is narrow, with little public participation, and the demand for funds is not likely to exceed conservative proportions.

Bad Week for Cotton.

Last week was a decidedly unhappy one for the cotton market. Virtually all of the options, certainly all of the active trading months, recorded new low marks for the season; and at levels 15 cents or so below the high records for the period. January, which "went out" at noon on Friday, lost 15.35 points and the other near months suffered nearly as much. The far months did somewhat better, but even they were under severe pressure most of the time.

Want News of Rate Cuts.

There have been growing complaints in shipping circles over the manner in which the Shipping Board has been reducing ocean freight rates and exporters and importers are inclined to feel that they are entitled to advance information of these cuts so that they may base their business operations thereon. The recent cuts which have been announced by the Shipping Board have been so sudden it is said as to disturb to some extent the steady and necessary development of foreign trade. Shipping men and shippers want a stabilization of ocean freight rates so that they will have a firm basis to work from.

New Low Touched by B. R. T.

The intimation by Jacob H. Schiff in a speech before the Bond Club that an assessment might be necessary on the common stock of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company in order that funds might be provided for rehabilitation served apparently to further depress the stock in yesterday's short session. At one time during the trading the common shares fell to 18⅜, the lowest point of the year. From this level there was a recovery to 19¼, at which the stock showed a substantial loss for the day.

Steel Production Curtailed.

There seems to be no doubt that the steel companies are curtailing production, a natural procedure in view of the decrease in buying. The report of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation issued recently showed that company to have large orders on hand, and the same is true of other steel companies, these being bookings which were held up because of war demands. Work on such orders can of course proceed without there being additional buying for the present. This would still keep plants busy once a readjustment of machinery had been accomplished. Heavy buying of steel is not looked for until well along in the Summer.

Mexican Petroleum Lower.

Reports that one of the subsidiaries of the Mexican Petroleum Company had failed to get permission to drill additional wells in Mexico served to depress Mexican Petroleum yesterday. The fact was apparently overlooked that this was nothing new in the Mexican situation. All of those companies which refused to subscribe to the article of the Mexican Constitution which claims for Mexico a governmental right in the control of the privately owned oil lands, have not been allowed to do further drilling.

The Distilling Companies.

The prospect of early prohibition has raised some questions as to the future of those companies which have been engaged in distilling. Instead of forcing them out of business, it is apparently driving them into other fields, for most of them are preparing to continue rather than to liquidate. There is said to be a great future for industrial alcohol, which the distilling companies are qualified to enter upon.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil	5	5½	Houghton	30	60
Fay S Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	24	25
Sos Ariz	..	1½	Iron Bloss	44	55
Boston Ely	95	90	Iron Cap	15¼	15¾
Boe Mont	50	51	Jer Verde	40	50
Begole	..	50	La Rose	35	45
Bohemia	75	85	Majestic	21	22
Butte-Lon	12	14	Mex Metals	25	29
Calaveras	1¼	1⅜	Moj Tung	5	7
Champ, nid	3	4	New Baltic	1	1¼
Chief Cons	3½	3⅞	Nat Z & L	8	10
Cons Cop	6½	6¾	Nixon Nev	42	44
Cons Ariz	1⅛	1¼	Nev Doug	22	25
Cortes	13	15	Oneco	20	45
Crystal	19	20	Onondaga	10	15
Crown Res	40	50	Seven Mets	58	59
Denbigh	57	59	S W Miami, full paid	85	1¼
Earle Eagle	..	2	Un Ver Ext	33	34
Eagle B B	2⅛	2⅜	Vic Mines	..	75
Fortuna	3	4	Yukon Gold	70	90
Gold Lake	3	5			

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, JAN. 25, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$5,809,500	$2,420,500	$2,945,000
Year to date	221,764,000	90,247,000	112,329,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
7....99.00
100....99.10
1....99.00
78....99.10
60....99.00
20....99.10
1....99.06

$252,000

1st conv 4s, 1932-'47
4....93.50
3....93.54

$7,000

2d 4s, '27-'42
10....93.22
130....93.30

$146,000

1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47
22....96.60
5....95.70

$27,000

2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42
20....94.78
2....94.72
10....94.78
10....94.80
91....94.82
25....94.84
2....94.78
18....94.74
40....94.84
3....94.70
5....94.74
14....94.80
86....94.86
20....94.84
5....94.80
21....94.78
20....94.84
10....94.80
20....94.84
16....94.74
20....94.84
20....94.86
12....94.80
18....94.84
24....94.86
14....94.88

$514,000

3d 4¼s, 1928
80....95.54
5....95.50
30....95.54
30....95.50
42....95.46
35....95.50
44....95.54
25....95.50
50....95.52
4....95.50
10....95.56
7....95.60
60....95.54
25....95.52
55....95.54
15....95.50
102....95.54
10....95.52
21....95.50
3....95.40
20....95.50
60....95.56
6....95.50
15....95.52

9....98.60
50....98.64

$773,000

4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
5....94.56
25....94.60
5....94.56
60....94.64
5....94.62
50....94.64
1....94.66
20....94.66
45....94.66
34....94.68
8....94.62
2....94.60
50....94.62
35....94.64
45....94.66
2....94.68
40....94.66
37....94.60
15....94.64
6....94.60
50....94.66
29....94.60
35....94.62
8....94.60
15....94.58
4....94.56
22....94.60
80....94.66
20....94.64
60....94.66
4....94.62
62....94.64
4....94.60
10....94.64
40....94.66
12....94.60
2....94.64
40....94.66
5....94.64
40....94.68
41....94.64
3....94.60
11....94.66
40....94.68
90....94.60

$1,227,000

AmForSec5s
1....99⅝
17....99⅝
1....99⅝

Anglo-Fr 5s
47....97⅛
2....97⅛
21....97⅛
50....97⅛
27....97⅛
2....97½
64....97⅛
6....97⅛
½....97½
4....97⅛
295....97⅝

CityofBord6s
10....100⅛

CityofParis6s
10....98⅝
1....98⅝
24....98⅝
3....98⅝
1....98⅝
15....98⅝
1....98⅝
4....98⅝
25....98⅝
5....99

DomofCan5s, 1921
5....98⅛
1....98½

FrenchGov5½s
14....104⅜
3....104⅜
3....104⅜
116....104⅜

Jap Govt 4½s, stl ln, 2d Ser, German stp
1....84½

UnKofGtBr&Ire5½s,1919
1....100

new
22....100⅛
150....100⅛
41....100⅛
25....100⅛
2....100¼
180....100⅛
25....100¼

5½s, 1921
9....98⅝
9....98¼
2....98⅝
2....98⅝
7....98⅝

5½s, 1937
138....100¼
25....100¼
2....100⅛
29....100¼

AlaskaGMcv deb6s,SerA
1....34

Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
5....90½

AmT&T col 4s
3....84½
3....84
2....84¼
1....84

conv 5s
1....102¼
1....102
5....102¼
8....102⅜
5....102½
6....102¼
5....102½

AmWrPap6s, Tr Co ctfs
2....89
1....90

Arm'r&Co4½s
7....87⅝
3....88

A,T&SFgen4s
10....84

adjust4s,stpd
1....79½

Balt&Ogold4s
5....76

conv 4½s
2....78
3....78¼
3....78

ref 5s
3....81½

P,LE&WV4s
1....78½

BradCop s f 6s
2....96

B R T 7s, 1921
1....76
1....76½
5....77
1....76½

CenLeather5s
2....96⅝

CentofGaRy con 5s
3....94

CentPacgtn4s
5....80

Ches & O cv 5s
1....85½
3....85⅝
1....85

conv 4½s
1....79¾

C,B&Q gen 4s
1....82½

joint 4s
4....95⅛
2....95⅝

Chi Gt W 4s
1....61⅝
1....61⅝

Chi,M&StP cv 5s, Ser B
2....78⅝

conv 4½s
5....77
2....77½
4....78
1....78⅛

refund 4½s
2....70
5....70⅛
2....70⅛
8....70⅛
2....71

C&NW gen 4s
1....82½

gen 5s
3....100⅜

C, R I & P Ry ref 4s
2....74⅝
1....75
6....75½

C, C, C & St L gen 4s
2....69

deb 4½s
3....78½

Cl&So 1st 4s
1....89½

ref & ext 4½s
1....78⅛
1....78

Con Gas cv 6s
32....101
10....100½

Comp-Tab-Rec s f 6s
1....83½

D&RG con 4s
3....70⅜

Edis El Ill of Bkln con 4s
1....79⅝

Erie 1st con 7s
3....100
1....100⅛

1st gen 4s
6....53

cv 4s, A
5....47½

Ser B
1....48⅜

cv 4s, D
25....50⅛
20....50

Genes R s f 6s
4....98

GenElec deb 5s
5....97⅝

GtNor ref 4½s
3....86

H&Madjinc5s
5....16⅛
10....16⅛

Int-Met 4½s
10....30⅝
6....30½

Int Agr Corp col trust 5s
1....78
1....78½

IRT1st&ref5s
1....69½
8....69⅞

K C So 5s
2....84⅝
1....85

L S & M So 4s, 1928
2....90

1931
5....88⅝

L&N uni 4s
2....84⅝

L & N So, Mon joint 4s
1....71

Manhat Con 4s
2....72

Mich C deb 4s
1....82⅜

Midvale Steel col tr 5s
4....87

Mo,K&T1st4s
1....65

Mo P 1st & ref 5s, 1926
10....90

gen 4s
10....60½
5....60
5....60⅛
1....60⅛
10....60⅛
7....60⅛
5....60⅛

Mont P 5s, A
2....92⅝
8....92⅝

N O Term 4s
2....67

NO,T&M inc 5s
2....58

NYCent deb 6s
1....99⅝
10....99½

N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1....86

NYRys adj 5s
5....13

N Y Tel 4½s
1....89⅝
1....90

Niagara Falls P Co 1st 5s
1....97

N & W con 4s
2....84½

cv 6s, w i
1....107

Nor Pac 4s
1....84½

Og & L C 4s
3....61½

Ont Pow Co 1st s f 5s
2....89

PaRRgen4½s
1....88¼

gen 5s, temp ctfs
18....96⅝
26....96¼
1....96⅜
5....96½
24....96⅜

Peop Gas & C of Chi ref 5s
3....75

PereMar1st5s
1....85⅝
1....85⅝

Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1924
2....91½
1....91½

P, C, C & St L gtd 4½s, B
1....92⅝

Read'g gen 4s
1....86⅝

StL,IM&So. Riv & G 4s
2....74½

St L & S F pr lien 4s, A
4....61⅝
3....61½
1....61⅝

pr lien 5s, B
1....76⅝

adj 6s
7....64½
1....64⅝
1....64

income 6s
10....41
0....41½

StLSW 1st 4s
4....72⅝

con 4s
1....59½

St P & K C S line 1st 4½s
1....70

SAL adj 5s
10....49⅝

Sincl Oil & R 1st s f 7s
5....96

with war
2....99½

So Pac col 4s
1....75
4....78

conv 4s
1....84¼
5....84

conv 5s
65....102¼
20....102¼
55....102¼

SouthRygen4s
5....67

ThirdAvadj5s
3....28
5....28¾

Tol,StL&W4s
1....48

Un Pac 1st 4s
1....87
2....87½
8....87

Union Pac 6s
2....104½
14....104⅝

U R Rs of S F 4s, Un Tr cfs of dep
5....22

USR&Imp5s
1....63

U S Rubber 7s
10....103½
5....103⅝

1st & ref 5s
18....86½
1....86⅝
2....86⅝

USStlC s f 5s
5....100

Va-C Ch cv deb 6s
10....102

Wabash 1st 5s
1....96⅝

2d 5s
1....88

Wilson & Co 1st 6s
1....98
3....98⅝
2....98½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo French 5s	97⅜	97½
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅝
Argentine 6s	90	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¼	98⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96⅞	97¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅞
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	70	71
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	91	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90½	96⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82½	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104⅛	104⅜
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅛	100⅜
City of Lyons 6s	100⅛	100⅜
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅛	100⅜
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	98⅞
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87¼	88½
Japanese 4s	70½	75
City of Tokio 5s	82½	82⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅛	98⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100⅛	100⅜
United States of Mexico 5s	66	69
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55
Russian Government 4s, 1894	22	32

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	99	Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97½	98½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	88	92
3s, r, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	88	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, r, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '35	90	96
4s, c, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	97	100
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alh & Sus	..	185
Alls & W	97½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	82½	84
Am Ag Ch pf	96	99
Am B N pf	43	46½
Am B Sug pf	85	90
Am C pf	101½	102¼
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf	82	92
Am Exp	88	93
Am Lo pf	102	103
Am M 1st pf	46½	47
Am Shipb	..	142
Am Sm pf A	91	93¼
Am Sn pf	95	101
Am S Tob pf	92	95
Am T & C	65	70
Am Tob pf	101½	104
Am Wr Pa pf	33½	34
Am Zinc	11¾	12
Do pf	39	43
Assets R	1⅝	1¾
Asso D G 1st pf	60	..
Do 2d pf	58	..
Assoc Oil	74	74½
A, B & A	7⅞	8
Atl C L	97	100
Bald L pf	102	105
Barrett Co pf	111	113
Batop Min	1⅛	1⅜
B'ch Cr'k	30¼	..
Beth Steel	60½	61½
Do 7% pf	91	100
Booth Fish	19	19½
B U Gas	80	90
Brown Sh	68	71
Do pf	96¼	100
Bruns Ter	9½	10½
B, R & P	65	72½
Do pf	90	107
Burns Bros	133	137
Do pf	110	115
Bush Ter	..	97
Cal & Ar	59	60
Can So	43	50
Cent Fdy	17	25
Do pf	31	35
Cent L pf	105	106
C R R of N J	200	220
C & S A Tel	116½	118
C'tain-teed	30	33½
Do 1st pf	85	..
Chi & Alt	7	10¼
Do pf	8	12
Chi Gt W	7⅞	8
Chi & N W	95¼	96
Do pf	131	135¾
Chi, St P, M & Om	75	82
Do pf	105	120
C, C, C & St L	32	36
Do pf	62½	75
Cl & Pitts	69½	80
Do spec	88	..
Clu-Peab	62	63
Col F pf	102	..
C & S 1st pf	48	50
Do 2d pf	41½	48
Comp T R	36	38½
Cont C pf	104¼	107
Corn P R pf	101⅝	103
Crex Carp	40	55
Cruc S pf	90	94
C-Am Sug	150	155
D & Co pf	95	98
D, L & W	173	180
Det & M	..	85
Do pf	..	110
Det U Ry	81	89
D, S S & A	3	3½
Do pf	5	7
Elec S B	50	55
Elk H C	27½	28¾
Do pf	..	43
Erie & P	..	70
Fed M & S	9	11
Do pf	35	35¾
Fisher Bdy	37	42
Do pf	92½	93¾
Gen Chem	170	174
Do pf	102	107
Gen Cig pf	100	106
Gen M pf	83	85
G'drich pf	102	103½
G, M & N	7	9
Do pf	32	33
Gulf S S	53½	55
Do 1st pf	94	104
Hartman	54½	57½
Homestake	95	98
Int Agric	11½	13¼
Do pf	56	58
Int H pf	114	..
Int N pf	94½	..
Int Pa pf	75	99
Do pf s	62½	63
Int Salt	52	62
Iowa Cent	3	4
Jewel Tea	32	33
K C, Ft S & M pf	59	..
Kan C So	17¾	18¼
Do pf	50	53½
Kelly S T pf	90½	100
Kelsey Wh	30	36
Kelsey Wh pf	89	95
K & D M	2½	5
Do pf	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P	94	98
Kresge(SS)	106	..
Do pf	105	..
Kress(S H)	61	63
Do pf	105¼	..
Laci Gas	83	86
L E & W	7½	8½
Ligg & M	202	220
Do pf	108	110
L-W B 1st pf	95¼	..
Do 2d pf	96½	98
Lorill'd Co pf	109¼	110
Louis & N	113	115
Man B'ch	⅝	3
Man El S	..	44
Man Shirt	67	78
Marlin R	..	80
Math Alk	..	44
Max M 2d pf	19½	21½
M Dep Sts pf	104	106
Mex Pet pf	103¼	..
Mich Cent	85¼	96
M, St P & S S m pf	100	108
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T pf	9	10
Mon Pow	71	73
Do pf	105	..
N, C & St L	110	120
Nat Acme	30	31
Nat Bisc	110	114
Do pf	118½	120
Nat C & S	70	73
Do pf	103	104
Nat En pf	93	97
Nat Lead	67⅝	68¾
Nat Rys of M 2d pf	7	8
Nev C C	16⅜	17
N O T & Mex	32	33
N Y C & St L	26	29
Do 1st pf	60⅝	66
Do 2d pf	43	46
N Y Dock	21	24
Do pf	40	47
N Y, L & West	89½	91½
Norf So	15	17
Norf & W	105½	107
Do pf	72⅝	..
North Am	47	48
Nor Cent	67	..
Ohio F S	42½	44¼
Owens B M	46	48½
Do pf	104	109
Pac Coast	42	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf	55	80
P T & T	23¼	24
Peo & E	4½	6
Pere Marq	12½	13½
Do pr pf	55	61
Do pf	40	45
Pett-Mull	25	45
Do 1st pf	98	100
Phila Co	30¼	31
Pierce-A pf	101½	103½
P, C, C & St L	45	50
Pitts Coal	46	46½
Do pf	85½	86
P, Ft W & C	132	138
Pitts S pf	90⅞	94
Pond C C	12⅝	13½
Pr Stl Car pf	100	104
P S N J	88	..
R R Sec 1 C stk cfs	..	79
Rdg 2d pf	37½	38
Rep I & S pf	101	102
St L S F pf	23	27
St L S W	17	19⅝
Do pf	28	32
Savage A	58	63
Sears-R pf	115	125
Shat Ariz	12	12½
S-S S & I pf	88	91¼
So P R S	130	140
Do pf	107½	110
So Ry pf	68	68½
St'd Mill	126½	135
Do pf	87	90
Studeb Co pf	92	97
Sup Steel	34	34½
Do 1st pf	95	100
T P L Tr	200	300
Third Av	13⅝	14½
Tide W O	218	225
Tob P pf	101	104
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs	..	6
Do pf	10	20
Tran & W	37½	38¾
T C R T	40	43
Do pf	75	124
Und Type	117	125
Do pf	110	..
Un Cig Sts pf	110	125
Un Drug	93¾	94
Do 1st pf	53	54½
Do 2d pf	85	93
U Dyew'd	53	61
Do pf	90	95
U Rys In	8½	9
Do pf	16½	18
U S C I P pf	45	45½
U S Exp	18	18½
U S Ind A pf	99⅞	102
U S Rty	25	26
U S R 1st pf	108	111
U S Smelt	44	44¼
Do pf	44	45½
Va R & P	..	48
Wabash	8	8⅝
Do pf B	19½	20¾
W F Exp	66	70
West M	10½	11½
Do 2d pf	22	29
West Pac	18½	19¼
Do pf	54	60
West Un	86	88
W E & M 1st pf	80	85
W & L E	8½	9
Do pf	17	20
W-Over pf	87½	88
Wilson	67	68
Do pf	95	105
W'w'th pf	115	121
Wor Pump	54	55
Do pf A	86¼	89¾

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May15,'20	98½	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99¼	99⅝	5.95
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99¼	100	5.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99⅛	100¼	5.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	63½	65	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'26	155	159	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	58	59½	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99½	5.50

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100⅛	100⅜	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99⅞	99⅞	5.25
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	100⅛	101¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101⅛	101⅝	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅛	102¼	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102½	102⅞	5.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103⅛	6.00
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103¼	104	5.85
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98½	99⅛	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99¼	99⅝	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100⅛	100⅜	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	100⅝	101¼	6.15
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100⅝	101⅛	6.40
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅜	101⅛	6.55
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	100⅜	101⅛	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100¼	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	89	91	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	97½	98½	6.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	96⅜	97½	7.10
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100⅜	5.20
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅜	5.60
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102⅛	102⅝	6.80
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98¼	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	92½	93½	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98	99	6.03
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅝	100⅝	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100⅝	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99¼	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99⅝	5.80
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99⅝	7.00
Ot. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C. N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	98⅝	99¼	10.00
Pitt. & S.S.R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100⅜	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1918	100⅛	100⅜	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101⅛	101⅝	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102⅛	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	103	103⅛	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103⅝	104⅛	5.65
Rem. A. U. M. Ctge. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99⅛	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99⅛	99⅝	..
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99	100	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95	96⅛	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	95⅛	8.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	95⅛	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep.15,'22	89	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99⅝	100	7.00

CANADA'S MINERAL OUTPUT.

More Coal Produced Last Year, but Less Gold and Silver.

The Canadian Department of Mines, says Vice Consul Claude R. Michels, Calgary, Alberta, estimates the production of coal during the past year at about 15,180,000 short tons, as compared with 14,046,759 short tons during 1917.

The production of the more important metals during 1918 is estimated as follows: Gold, $14,756,000 in value; silver, 20,800,000 ounces; copper, 117,000,000 pounds; nickel, 91,500,000 pounds; zinc, 36,000,000 pounds; pig iron, 1,180,000 short tons; steel ingots and castings, 1,190,000 short tons. The production of these metals in 1917 was: Gold, $15,272,292 in value; silver, 22,221,276 ounces; copper, 109,227,332 pounds; nickel, 82,330,280 pounds; zinc, 29,663,764 pounds; lead, 32,076,221 pounds; pig iron, 1,170,480 short tons; steel ingots and castings, 1,745,734 short tons.

The total value of the mineral production in Canada during 1918 was probably not less than $220,000,000. The total value in 1917 was $189,646,820.

General Asphalt

Is it another Mexican Petroleum?

Island Oil

New wells drilling. Shipments increasing

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What caused the sudden activity? 1919 Outlook

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SUCCESS IN MAKING OPTICAL GLASS HERE

The Way in Which the Industry Was Developed to Meet the Needs of Wartime.

Of the many American industries which profited by the emergencies created by the war to reach standards of efficiency never attained, and in many cases hardly attempted before, one of the greatest triumphs was achieved by the optical glass and lens industry. Prior to the war the great majority of the best optical material came from Germany. The supply was quickly cut off and, when America entered the conflict, the need at once became urgent of furnishing eyes, as it were, to the army and navy, especially in the shape of binocular azimuths for range finders, battery commander telescopes, thousands of spyglasses—a different kind of telescope for the navy—and other material requiring clear and far-sighted lenses and the finest accuracy in instrument construction.

The demands were enormous, while the manufacturing facilities were not only unequal to the demand, but for the greater part were of an inferior capacity, and very soon there was a critical shortage of optical glass. In order to meet the situation, the Government created the Optical Glass and Instrument Division of the War Industries Board, and George E. Chatillon of this city, President of the firm of John Chatillon & Sons, was asked to become chief of that section. Mr. Chatillon finished his duties last month, and his report, recently submitted to the Government Board, reveals a remarkable series of successful accomplishments in which the ablest scientific men of various Government departments and in different parts of the country co-operated.

Mr. Chatillon, in speaking yesterday of some phases of the work, said that the first and prime demand was for optical glass.

"We could get none from France," he said, "where, although the optical industry had been very fairly developed, it was still far from being the equal of the same industry in Germany. England was in very much the same situation as America, and the industry there had to be developed on lines very similar to the work done in this country.

"When the Optical Glass and Instrument Division got to work it first invoked the assistance of the Government Bureau of Standards and the Geophysical Laboratory of the Carnegie Institute. They made many investigations to find the proper materials as to purity and quality. For the proper lens glass it was necessary to have a sufficient supply of sand absolutely free from iron. We were fortunate in finding a large quantity in this country, a great deal of it coming from Pennsylvania. The glass turned out met every test when subjected to that of the best imported glass. It was at once made in quantities by several factories, including the Bausch-Lomb Company of Rochester, the Spencer Lens Company of Buffalo, and the Pittsburgh Glass Company.

"The next problem was grinding the glass. Our best emery for that purpose had hitherto come from Turkey, and that field of supply was closed. Scientific investigation, however, developed a very high grade of an artificial abrasive, generally known as the Naxos emery, and that abrasive has been chiefly used. Prior to its successful use many leading manufacturers were very doubtful as to the ultimate success of this artificial American abrasive, but it has given highly satisfactory results.

"At the time the armistice was signed the American optical industry was getting at its peak load of manufacturing efficiency and had turned out many thousands of instruments for war use which were the equal in every respect of the best imported material. All of this work was done for war needs, and some modifications will be necessary for peace-time manufacture.

"It can be safely stated that the optical industry of America emerges from the war thoroughly equipped to compete in every way with the best foreign manufacturers upon whom we depended for our finest material before the war. What the future American trade will be in this respect is hard to prophesy at this time. Beside Germany, in the future when that country returns to a normal degree of industrial activity, we have two other strong competitors, France and England. The optical industry in France was more than doubled in capacity and is now more efficient than it ever was. England has also built up its optical industry in a wonderful manner, and it is quite possible that we will eventually find strong competitors in the trade of optical goods from both France and England."

Reduction of Spanish Exports.

In a cablegram received from Consul General Hurst, Barcelona, the total amount of declared exports to the United States and its possessions from Spain during the past year were valued as follows: $20,280,500 to the United States against $35,733,492 in 1917; $724,458 to the Philippine Islands against $985,330; $570,807 to Porto Rico against $887,593; making a total of $21,575,765 in 1918, against $37,606,415 in 1917.

STOCK EXCHANGE NEWS.

Memberships Transferred.—Adolph Obrig (deceased) to John F. McCann, Richard Whitney & Co., 14 Wall Street. Charles S. Day (deceased) to J. Dudley Peterson, Bull & Eldredge, 31 Nassau Street. Clermont H. Wilcox to Harold W. Carhart, at Carlisle, Mellick & Co., 43 Exchange Place. Richard H. Swartwout to Charles V. Benton, Swartwout & Appenzellar, 44 Pine Street.

Memberships Posted for Transfer.—Lamont Dominick to Bancroft Smith, sponsors, George C. Thomas, George A. Nelson. William Erdmann to Benjamin F. Schwartz, sponsors, Clarence J. Housman, Walter J. Herzfeld. John E. Liggett to George F. Naphen, sponsor, Howard Eric. Samuel D. Babcock (deceased) to Donald Y. Hill, sponsors, John M. Cates, Matthew J. Hoey.

Revocation of Substitutes for Members.—Irving D. Speyer, substitute; Henry S. Glazier, member; Herzog & Glazier, firm. John F. McCann, substitute; Roger M. Poor, member; Richard Whitney & Co., firm. Thomas H. Frothingham, substitute; Fuller Potter, member; Potter, Choate & Prentice, firm. Allen Tobey, substitute; Harold Tobey, member; Tobey & Kirk, firm.

Dissolutions of Partnerships.—On Jan. 23, 1919, Morgan & Kane. On Jan. 27, 1919, Pendergast, Hale & Co.

New Partnerships.—Bull & Eldredge, Jan. 24, 1919, 31 Nassau Street. Charles M. Bull, Jr., E. Irving Eldredge, Jr., Wade H. Rothgeb, J. Dudley Peterson.

Changes in Firms.—Branch, Cabell & Co., special, George J. Roberts, admitted. Pynchon & Co., James McKenna, admitted.

New Addresses.—C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., 20 West Fortieth Street. Arthur S. Wheeler, at Herzfeld & Stern, 40 Exchange Place. W. Rutger J. Planten, at Wilcox & Co., 52 Broadway. Eugene Hale, Jr., at C. D. Barney & Co., 15 Broad Street.

Branch Offices.—Harriman & Co. (new,) Paterson, N. J., Harry A. Zieg. Hemphill, Noyes & Co. (new,) Philadelphia, Penn., Arthur R. Guy.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

The following companies announced dividends during the last week:

Company	Rate	Period	Payable	Books Close
STEAM RAILROADS.				
Balt. & Ohio	2	—	Mar. 1	*Jan. 28
Do pf.	2	S	Mar. 1	*Jan. 28
Cent. of N. J.	2	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 30
C., St. P., M. & O.	2½	S	Feb. 20	*Feb. 1
Do pf.	3½	S	Feb. 20	*Feb. 1
Miss. Central	1	—	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Norf. & West.	1½	Q	Mar. 19	Feb. 28
Pennsylvania	75c	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 1
Sharon Ry.	2½	—	Mar. 1	....
Utica, C. & B.	1¾	Q	Feb. 10	Feb. 1
STREET RAILWAYS.				
Am. Rys. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Com. R. & L. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 22
Mon. V. T. pf.	37½c	Q	Feb. 20	*Feb. 1
Mon. L., H. & P.	1	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Union S. R., N. Bedford	2	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 16
Un. Pwr. & Tr.	50c	—	Jan. 31	Jan. 14
Un. Tr. & El., Providence	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 23
West Penn. Tr. & P. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 20
BANK STOCKS.				
Corn Exchange	4	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 31
Lincoln Nat.	2½	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 29
23d Ward	3	—	Feb. 1	Jan. 28
TRUST COMPANIES.				
Farm. L. & T.	5	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 20
Kings County	7	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 25
INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.				
Alaska P. A.	$25	Ex.	Feb. 10	....
Am. B. Note	75c	Q	Feb. 15	*Feb. 1
Am. Brass	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Am. Brass	1½	Ex.	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
A. H. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Beth. Steel	1¼	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 12
Beth. Steel	1¼	Ex.	Apr. 1	Mar. 12
Do Class B	1¼	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 12
Do Class B	1¼	Ex.	Apr. 1	Mar. 12
Do 8% pf.	2	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 12
Do 7% pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 12
Brill (J.G.) pf.	1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Brill (J.G.) pf.	3	Acc	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Buckeye P. L.	$2	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 21
Butler Bros.	2	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 11
Butler Bros.	4	Ex.	Feb. 1	Jan. 11
Can. Cement pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 16	Jan. 31
Can. Explosives	1½	Q	Jan. 31	*Dec. 31
Can. Explosives	11	Ex.	Jan. 31	*Dec. 31
Cedar Rap. M. & P.	¾	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Cleve. Auto. M.	75c	Q	Feb. 15	*Feb. 1
Cont. Motors	15c	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 6
Diamond Ice & Coal pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 27
Du P. de N. P.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 20
Emerson Sh. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	*Feb. 1
Gas. W. & W.	$1	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Gen. Cigar pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 24
Gt. Nor. Paper	1½	—	Feb. 1	*Jan. 25
Gr.-Can. Cop.	$1.50	Q	Feb. 24	*Feb. 7
Kellogg Switch. & Supply	2	Q	Jan. 31	Jan. 25
Kelsey Wh. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 21
Key. W. Case	1½	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 28
Lehigh C. & N.	$1	—	Feb. 28	Jan. 31
Lit Bros.	50c	—	Feb. 20	Jan. 27
Lit Bros.	25c	—	Feb. 20	Jan. 27
Loft, Inc.	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 19
Maryland Coal	30c	—	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
Mont. L., H. & P.	2	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Mun. Serv. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 25
Nat. Acme	75c	Q	Mar. 1	*Feb. 15
Ont. S. P. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Ont. S. P. pf.	¾	Acc	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Pacific Devel.	87½c	Q	Feb. 15	*Jan. 15
Penn. C. & C.	$1	Q	Feb. 10	Feb. 6
Pittsf. Pwr. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 23
Plant (T.G.) pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 31	Jan. 17
Pr. Steel Car	2	Q	Mar. 4	Feb. 11
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 25	Feb. 4
Proc. & Gam.	5	Q	Feb. 15	*Jan. 25
Pullman Co.	2	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Sloss-S. S. & I.	1½	Q	Feb. 10	*Feb. 1
Stand. Milling	2	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 18
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 18
Stand. Oil, Ind.	3	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 3
Stand. Oil, Ind.	3	Ex.	Feb. 28	Feb. 3
Stand. Oil, Kan.	3	Q	Feb. 28	Feb. 14
Stand. Oil, Kan.	3	Ex.	Feb. 28	Feb. 14
St.-War. Speed.	2	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 29
Taylor-Whar. I. & S. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 24
Union B. & P.	$2	Ex.	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	1¼	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1

*Holders of record; books do not close. ‡Payable in Liberty bonds.

Meetings Announced.

Company	Books Close	Books Open	Date of Meeting
Ajax Rubb. Co., Inc.	Jan. 30	....	Feb. 11
Am. Brake Shoe & Foundry Co.	Mar. 4	....	Mar. 25
Am. Can Co.	Jan. 22	....	Feb. 11
Am. Druggists Syn.	Jan. 31	....	Feb. 24
Am. Sum. Tob. Co.	Feb. 5	....	Feb. 19
Ann Arbor R. R.	Apr. 8	Apr. 21	Apr. 10
A., T. & S. Fe Ry.	Mar. 20	Aft. mtg.	Apr. 24
Baldwin Loc. W'ks.	Jan. 31	....	Mar. 6
B'klyn R. T. Co.	Jan. 16	Feb. 1	Jan. 31
Bruns. T. & Ry. Sec.	Jan. 25	....	Feb. 11
Cen. & So. A. T. Co.	....	....	Feb. 11
Central C. & C. Co.	Jan. 4	....	Feb. 5
Central C. & C. Co.	Jan. 4	Feb. 6	Feb. 5
Central Leather Co.	Feb. 5	Feb. 27	Feb. 26
C. I. & L. Ry. pf.	Mar. 6	Mar. 20	Mar. 19
Consolidated Gas Co. of New York	Jan. 18	Jan. 28	Jan. 27
Cont. Ins. Co.	Jan. 25	Feb. 5	Feb. 4
Cuba Cane Sug. Cor.	Jan. 27	Feb. 13	Feb. 11
Detroit Edison Co.	Jan. 23	Feb. 4	Feb. 3
Detroit United Ry.	Jan. 9	Feb. 5	Feb. 4
Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.	Feb. 1	....	Feb. 11
Duluth-Superior Traction Co.	Jan. 8	....	Jan. 20
Gen. Chemical Co.	Feb. 10	Feb. 21	Feb. 20
Goodrich, B. F., Co.	Mar. 1	....	Mar. 12
Helme, G. W., Co.	Jan. 31	Mar. 4	Mar. 8
Hock. Val. Ry. Co.	Dec. 26	Jan. 27	Jan. 25
Internat. Agr. Corp.	Jan. 22	....	Jan. 28
Laclede Gas L. Co.	Jan. 18	Feb. 19	Feb. 18
Liggett & M. Tob.	Feb. 11	....	Mar. 10
Man. Shirt Co.	Dec. 31	....	Jan. 27
N., C. & St. L. Ry.	Jan. 8	....	Apr. 8
Nat. Acme Co.	Feb. 25	....	Mar. 27
National Bisc. Co.	Jan. 22	....	Feb. 12
N. Y. State Rys.	Jan. 28	Feb. 20	Feb. 19
North. Cen. Ry. Co.	Dec. 6	....	Feb. 4
North. Cen. Ry. Co.	Dec. 30	....	Feb. 27
Ohio Fuel Supply Co. temporary ctfs.	Mar. 30	....	Apr. 9
Penn. R. R.	Jan. 24	....	Mar. 25
Peoria & East. Ry. Co.	Jan. 24	Feb. 13	Feb. 12
Peo. G., L. & C. Co.	Jan. 20	Feb. 11	Feb. 10
Philadelphia Co.	Dec. 4	....	Feb. 3
Pitts. & West Va. Ry. Co.	Apr. 18	May 6	May 5
Press. Steel Car Co.	Jan. 29	....	Feb. 10
Ry. Steel-Sprg. Co.	Feb. 24	....	Mar. 6
Southern Pac. Co.	Mar. 25	Apr. 10	Apr. 9
Superior Steel Corp.	Feb. 10	Feb. 18	Feb. 17
Transue & Williams Steel Forging Co.	Feb. 3	....	Feb. 4
Twin C. R. Tr. Co.	Jan. 8	....	Jan. 28
U. Rys. Co. of St. L. pf.	Feb. 8	Feb. 13	Feb. 11

FOR RIGHTS.

Company	Books Close	Books Open	Settle't Day	Privilege Expires
Corn Exch. Bk.	Jan. 31	....	Feb. 6	Feb. 14
Det. Ed. Co.	Dec. 31	....	Jan. 16	Feb. 1
General Motor Corp. com.	Jan. 15	....	Feb. 6	Feb. 15
N. & W. Ry.	Dec. 18	....	Jan. 9	Jan. 25
Texas Co.	Dec. 30	....	Jan. 16	Feb. 3
Weyman-Bruton & Co., com.	Jan. 4	....	Jan. 16	Jan. 27

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99
2s, Panama, '38, reg.	97½	98¼
2s, Panama, '38, coup.	97½	98¼
3s, registered, 1946	88	92
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92
3s, Panama, '61, reg.	89	92
3s, Panama, '61, coup.	89	92
3s, Fed Land Bk, '38	101¾	103¼
4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	100¾
4s, registered, 1925	104¾	105¾
4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100¾	101	100¾
4½s June, 1965	100¾	101	100¾
4½s Mar., 1963	100¾	101	100¾
4½s Nov., 1957	100¾	101	100¾
4½s May, 1957	100¾	101	100¾
4½s Mar., 1960-30	96	97	96¾
4¼s Mar., 1964	96	97	96¾
4¼s Apr., 1966	96	97	96¾
4¼s Mar., 1962	96	97	96¾
4¼s Sept., 1960	96	97	96¾
4s May, 1959	90¾	91¼	91
4s Nov., 1958	90¾	91¼	91
4s Nov., 1957	90¾	91¼	91
4s Nov., 1956	90¾	91¼	90¾
4s Nov., 1955	90¾	91¼	90¾
4s Nov., 1936	93	94	93
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99¼
3½s Nov., 1955	81	...	81
3½s Nov., 1964	81¼	83	81¼
3½s May, 1954	81¼	..	81¼
The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s 1919-1923	4.60	4.30	4.50
4½s 1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
3½s 1940-1963	4.65	4.40	4.60
3½s 1930-1939	4.65	4.40	4.60
3½s 1922-1929	4.65	4.40	4.60
3½s 1919-1921	4.65	4.40	4.60
3s 1940-1958	4.65	4.40	4.60
3s 1926-1930	4.63	4.40	4.60
3s 1919-1925	4.65	4.40	4.60

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
785	Cities Service	295	292	294	297
2,860	Cities Service, pf.	80	79	79½	80
$96,500	Cities Service deb. "B"	127	125	125	130

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow	12	14
Adiron Elec Power pf	71	74
Am Gas & Electric	101	104
Am Gas & Electric pf	43	46
Am Light & Traction	235	240
Am Light & Trac pf	98	100
Am Power & Light	55	60
Am Power & Light pf	76	79
Am Public Utilities		25
Am Public Utilities pf	36	40
Am W W & Elec	5	7
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	67	70
Am W W & E partic	10	12
Carolina Pow & Light	33	35
Colorado Power	25	28
Colorado Power pf	96	100
Columbus Electric pf	72	76
Com Power, Ry & L	19	21
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	40	43
Conn Power pf	72½	77
Consumers' Power pf	80	85
Eastern Texas Elec	51	55
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76
El Paso Electric	80	..
Electric B & S pf	91	94
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	8	11
Federal Light & Tr pf	40	45
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275
Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Miss River Power	10¾	12½
Miss River Power pf	38	40
Northern Ohio Electric	14	17
Northern Ohio Elec pf	57	62
Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Northern States Power	59	62
Northern States P pf	89	92
Northern Texas Elec	55	60
Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric	47½	48½
Pacific Gas & Elec pf	87	88
Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	18
Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	53	57
Ry & Light Sec pf	75	80
Republic Ry & Light	16	18
Republic Ry & Light pf	51	54
Southern Cal Edison	84	87
Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Standard Gas & Elec	13	14
Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Tampa Electric	109	112
Tenn Ry, L & Power	2	3½
Tenn Ry, L & P pf	14	17
United Light & Rys	37	39
United Light & Rys pf	70	72
Western Power	17½	19
Western Power pf	65	67
West. Church & Kerr	65	70
West Church & K pf	81	86
Bonds.		
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97½	98½
Am W W & E col 5s	68	71
Appalach Power 1st 5s	73	77
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	92	95
Cities Fuel & Pow 7s	98	100
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80
Com'l L & P 6s, 1947	90	95
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s 1944	94	100
Conn Power 5s, 1963	83	88
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93
East Tex Elec col 6s	85	88
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97¾	99
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	86
Empire Gas & F 6s	97	100
Empire Refining 6s	93	97
Gt West Power 5s, '46	84½	86½
Gt West Power 6s, '25	89½	92
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	78½	80
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88	91
Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Omaha & C B 5s, '28	75	84
Puget S T, L & P 7s	98	99¾
Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96½	97½
So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88	92
Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	78
Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	85	88
Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Un Util cv 6s, '43	86	92
Utah Securities 6s	88½	89½
Wash-I W L & P 5s	94½	96

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Sales.	Stocks.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Atlantic Pet	2¾	2¾	2¾
25	Cosden	7¼	7¼	7¼
95	Con Power	105½	105½	105½
125	Dav Chem	26¾	26¾	26¾
90	Elkhorn	27½	27½	27½
80	Mer & Mech First N. B.	28	28	28
10	Merch Trust	186	186	186
20	U S Fidel	126	126	126
	Bonds.			
$4,000	Un Ry income 4s	53	53	53

BOSTON.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	Mining.			
50	Anaconda	59	59	59
100	Ariz Coml	11¼	11¼	11¼
27	Cop Range	42½	42½	42½
60	Daly West	2¾	2¾	2¾
150	Davis Daly	5	5	5
100	Franklin	3¾	3½	3½
18	Isl Creek pf	82	82	82
800	Lake Cop	3¾	3	3
20	La Salle	2½	2½	2½
150	Mohawk	51¼	51	51
16	New Corn	16	16	18
200	Ojibway	1¼	1¼	1¼
5	Pond Creek	13	13	13
210	South Utah	10	10	10
25	Superior	5	5	5
100	Sup & Bost	2¼	2¼	2¼
30	Trinity	2¾	2¾	2¾
40	U. S. Smelt	45	44	45
10	Do pf	45	45	45
845	Utah Con	8	7½	7½
100	Utah Metals	1½	1½	1½
46	Wolverine	18	18	18
	Railroads.			
8	Bost & Alb	134	134	134
835	Bost Elev	68	67¾	68
135	Bost & Me	29	29	29
1	Fitchburg pf	57	57	57
15	Maine Cent	80	80	80
100	Mass Elec	3	3	3
430	Do pf	15½	15½	15½
810	NY, NH & H	30	28¾	30
10	Old Colony	100	100	100
70	Rutland pf	20	20	20
44	West End	45	45	45
	Miscellaneous.			
85	AmAg Chem	100¾	100¾	100¾
7	Do pf	98	98	98
34	Am Sug pf	115¾	115	115½
169	A T & T	101	100¼	100¼
80	Am Wool pf	95¾	95	95¼
100	A G & W I pf	66¾	66¾	66¾
20	Art Metal	20¼	20	20
10	Booth	19¾	19¾	19¾
30	Cuban Port	13	13	13
5	Edison	168	168	168
35	Fairbanks	54½	54½	54½
2	Gorton	30¾	30	30¾
1	Gen Elec	150	150	150
500	Island Oil	8¼	8	8
55	Mass Gas	83	83	83
20	Nova Scotia	52	52	52
100	Punta Sug	50½	50½	50½
250	Stewart	33½	33	33
350	Swift	123¼	122½	123
10	Torrington	54	54	54
30	Un Drug	94¾	94¾	94¾
5	Do 1st pf	51	51	51
198	Un Fruit	160	160	160
158	Un Shoe	45	45	45
401	Do pf	31	29½	31
350	Ventura Oil	8¼	8¼	8¼
2	W Bros 1st pf	38	38	38
10	Do 2d pf	38	38	38
	Bonds.			
$1,000	Mass Gas 4½s	86	86	86

CHICAGO.

Sales.	Stocks.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am Ship'g	104	104	104
189	Armour pf	101½	101½	101½
279	Booth Fish	19½	19½	19½
102	Cudahy	103½	103	103
116	Do rights	¾	⅝	¾
14	Com Edison	114½	114½	114½
8	Dia Match	109	109	109
467	Libby	21¾	21¼	21¾
8	M Ward pf	112	112	112
8	Quaker O	300	300	300
40	Sears-Roe	176½	175	176
260	S Warner	88	87¾	87¾
1,161	Swift Int	44¼	44	44
655	Swift & Co	123¾	123	123
651	Un Carbide	57¾	56¾	56¾
200	Un Paper'd	18	18	18
30	Wilson pf	97	97	97
	Bonds.			
$1,000	Booth F 6s	90	90	90
$2,000	Chi City & Conn 5s	47¾	47¾	47¾
$2,000	Chi Ry adj inc 4s	27¾	27¾	27¾
1,000	Peo Gas 5s	77	77	77

PHILADELPHIA.

Sales	Stocks.	High.	Low.	Last.
96	Ins Co N A	27½	27½	27½
2,215	Gen Asph	61½	59½	60¼
925	Do pf	99	97¾	97¾
3,955	Lake Super	20¼	19¾	19¾
200	Lehigh Nav	72	72	72
75	Lehigh Val	56¾	56¾	56¾
400	Phila Elec	25	25	25
640	Phila R T	25¾	25	25
85	Un Gas Imp	72½	72	72½
10	U Trac N J	187½	187½	187½
90	Wm Cramp	80	80	80
	Bonds.			
$1,000	Phila Elec 1st 5s	93½	93½	93½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	17	17½	17½
Atlantic Refining	1145	1165	1140
Borne-Scrymser	475	495	475
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	96	94
Chesebrough Mfg	290	310	290
Continental Oil	500	520	500
Crescent Pipe L	37	39	37
Cumberland P L	175	185	175
Eureka Pipe Line	175	185	175
Galena Signal Oil	88	92	88
Do pf, new	100	105	100
Do pf, old	115	130	115
Illinois Pipe Line	163	167	165
Indiana Pipe Line	100	105	100
Int Pet Co, Ltd	19¾	20¾	21
National Transit	16	17	16
N. Y. Transit	200	210	200
Northern Pipe L	110	115	110
Ohio Oil	318	323	318
Penn-Mex Fuel Co	56	58	56
Prairie Oil & Gas	650	660	650
Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	270
Solar Refining	360	380	360
Southern Pipe Line	177	182	177
South Penn Oil	300	310	305
S W Penn	98	102	96
Stand Oil of Cal	265	270	268
Stand Oil of Ind	745	753	750
Stand Oil of Kan	525	550	525
Stand Oil of Ky	360	370	360
Stand Oil of Neb	520	540	520
Stand Oil of N J	685	690	688
Stand Oil of N Y	310	315	313
Stand Oil of Ohio	460	480	460
Swan & Finch	96	102	98
Union Tank	113	116	113
Vacuum Oil	410	415	410
Washington Oil	33	37	33

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alaska-Ju	2½	2½	2½
30	Allis-Chal	32¼	32	32
30	Am B Sugar	70½	70¼	70¼
660	Am Can	48¾	46¾	46¾
50	Am C & F	91½	91¼	91¼
10	Am Cot Oil	42¼	42¼	42¼
190	A H & L pf	83½	81	81¼
60	Am Linseed	50¼	49¾	49¾
60	Am Loco	61½	60¼	60¼
490	Am S & R	72¾	70¾	70¾
40	Am Steel F	80¾	80¾	80¾
40	Am S Tob	103¼	102¾	102¾
30	Am Woolen	48	47½	47¾
260	Ana Copper	60	58¾	59
10	A. T & S F	92¼	92¼	92¼
910	Bald Loco	72½	70¾	70¾
100	Balt & Ohio	49	47¾	47½
1,220	Beth S'l B	62¼	61	61
1,370	Brook R T	21¼	18¾	19¼
90	Cal Pet	25	24	24
60	Cent Leath	59¾	59¼	59¼
40	C, M & St P	39½	39¼	39¼
60	C, R I & P	24¼	23¾	23¾
10	Chile Cop	18¾	18¾	18¾
10	Chino Cop	34	34	34
10	Col'a Gas	42¼	42¼	42¼
30	Col F & I	37¼	37¼	37¼
110	Con Gas	93¼	91¼	91¼
40	Corn Prod	48¾	47½	47½
100	Cru Steel	55½	53¾	53¾
550	Cuba C S	24¾	22	22
70	Dist Sec	53¾	52¼	53¾
60	Erie	16¾	16¾	16¾
10	Do 1st pf	29	29	29
30	G W & W	29¼	29¼	29¼
10	Goodrich Co	61¼	61¼	61¼
20	Gt North pf	93¼	93¼	93¼
50	Do Ore	38¾	37½	37½
80	Insp Copper	45¼	44¾	44¾
10	Int Mer M	24¾	24¾	24¾
780	Do pf	104¼	102⅞	103
50	Int Nickel	27	27	27
140	Int Paper	35¾	34¾	34¾
30	Interboro C	5½	5½	5½
30	Do pf	19¼	19¼	19¼
20	Ken Copper	33	33	33
30	Lack Steel	67¼	66¼	66¼
30	Lehigh Val	57¼	56¾	56¾
3,150	Mex Pet	174¼	168¼	168¾
35	Midvale S'l	43	42¾	43
240	Mo Pacific	24¾	24¾	24¾
00	N Y Cent	73	72¾	72¾
430	Okla Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
120	P A P & T	70½	69¾	70¼
70	Pennsylvania	45½	45½	45½
20	People's Gas	49¼	49¼	49¼
270	Pierce Oil	18¼	17¾	17¾
10	Ray Copper	20¾	20¾	20¾
370	Reading	80	78¾	78¾
20	Rep I & S	75	74¾	75
50	Sinclair Oil	35	34¾	34¾
1,140	South Pac	100	98¾	99
60	Southern Ry	27½	27	27
340	Studebaker	49¾	48¼	48¼
60	Texas Co	190¾	190¼	190¼
240	Texas & Pac	32¾	31¼	31¼
250	Tob Prod	76¼	75¾	75¾
60	Union Pac	128	127¾	127¾
100	U Cigar S	115¼	114¼	114¼
100	U S Ind A	104¼	102¾	102¾
160	U S Rubber	76½	75¾	75¾
23,780	U S Steel	93¾	91¼	91¾
110	Utah Copper	71	70	70
10	Va-Car Ch	52¼	52¼	52¼
20	West Elec	41¾	41¾	41¾
10	Willys-O	24¼	24¼	24¼
	*LIBERTY BONDS.			
$1,850	Lib 3½s	99.48	99.44	99.46
1,650	1st 4¼s	96.10	96.02	96.10
2,600	2d 4¼s	95.64	95.60	95.64
1,650	3d 4¼s	97.00	96.92	97.00
6,050	4th 4¼s	95.80	95.66	95.76

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

Sales.	INDUSTRIALS.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	‡AetnaExplo	7¼	7¼	7¼
2,100	‡Dictograph	9¾	9½	9½
5,000	‡Gen Asphalt	61¾	59½	60¼
1,200	‡ Do pf	98	96	98
2,200	Hupp Motor	6½	5¾	6
100	‡Int Motors	28	28	28
750	Int'cont Rub	17½	17	17½
5,000	Keyst's T&R	56¾	55	55
2,000	Marro of Am	4½	4½	4½
1,800	‡Nat Coal&I	54	50	54
3,000	‡Perfec T&R	¾	⅝	⅝
200	‡St Jos Lead	13	13	13
1,000	SubmarBoat v t ctfs	11¼	11	11¼
800	United Mots	36	36	36
2,000	U Prof Shar	⅜	¼	¼
1,400	U S SS Co	5	4¾	5
500	Wayne Coal	4½	4½	4½
1,000	‡Wr-M Air	3¾	3½	3¾
	STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.			
550	‡Anglo-Am	17½	17¾	17½
10	‡PrairieO&G	655	655	655
10	‡Std Oil, Cal	269	260	260
44	‡Std Oil, N J	692	690	690
30	‡VacuumOil	418	414	414
	MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.			
1,200	‡Atlan Pet	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,000	‡Bar O & G	¼	¼	¼
10,000	‡Boone Oil	3½	3¼	3½
5,000	‡‡Bos-Wyo	20	18	19
1,500	‡Cos & Co	7¾	7	7
6,800	‡‡Esmer Oil	5	5	5
500	‡Federal Oil	2½	2¾	2¾
2,500	‡Glenrock Oil	4	3⅞	3⅞
400	‡Houston Oil	80	79	79
4,300	‡‡Hudson Oil	83	78	83
2,500	‡Inter Pet	21¾	19¾	19¾
8,000	‡Isl'd O & T	8¼	7¾	7¾
5,700	‡‡Kenova Oil	14	12	13
5,200	‡Lou O & R	34½	32¾	34
20,000	Met Petrol	3⅞	3½	3⅞
2,000	‡ Do f p ctfs	3⅝	3	3⅝
500	‡‡Mex Gulf	44	44	44
2,000	‡‡Midw Oil	130	128	130
4,000	‡Omar O & G	30	30	30
6,000	‡Pennok Oil	14¼	13¾	13¾
30,000	‡Queen Oil	22	21	22
2,500	‡Roy D. new	76¾	75	75
100	Savoy Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼
500	Secur P & R	⅝	½	½
800	Seq O & R	⅝	½	½
20	‡Sinc O war	40	39	40
2,300	‡Southw Oil	41	39	40
1,200	‡Stanton Oil	1½	1¼	1½
16,000	‡U W O. new	2¼	2	2
200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2¾	2¾	2¾
	MINING STOCKS.			
1,500	‡A-B Col M	40	40	40
300	‡Am Mines	1	⅞	1
1,700	A B Cop Co	1¼	1⅛	1¼
3,000	Big Ledge	⅞	¾	⅞
100	‡Bos & Mon	49	49	49
1,200	‡‡Caledonia	31	30	31
700	Can Copper	2⅛	2	2
2,500	‡‡Can Silver	57	55	57
2,000	‡Cashboy	7	7	7
1,300	‡C S M & M	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,500	Con Ariz S	1⅝	1½	1½
700	Con Cop M	6¾	6½	6¾
200	Cresson C-G	5	5	5
900	‡E C M Co	1¾	1½	1½
6,000	‡‡Fort Con	37	35	37
1,650	‡‡Flor Silver	67	65	66
1,000	‡‡G'R Mines	1-16	1-16	1-16
2,500	‡‡Goldf'd M	6½	6	6
2,100	‡‡H M & S, (a pros)	58	56	57
1,500	‡‡H Gold M, (a pros)	45	44	45
250	‡Lone Star	6½	6	6½
1,500	‡Nixon Nev	42	41	41
300	‡Ray Her M	2¼	2¼	2¼
800	Stand S-L	⅜	⅜	⅜
5,200	‡Stewart	17	16	16
1,000	‡‡Suc Mining	5	5	5
350	Ton Ext	2½	2¼	2½
8,000	‡‡Tuol R F	65	58	63
3,100	Un M of A	½	⅜	⅜
5,000	‡‡U S Con M	8	7	8
100	‡‡W M & M	26	26	26
2,000	‡‡W U E (a pros)	16	15	16
1,500	‡White C M	12½	12	12½
	BONDS.			
$20,000	‡AmTob 7s, 1923	103⅜	103⅛	103⅜
60,000	‡Anoco'a 6s	99½	97¾	97¾
3,000	‡Beth S 7s, 1923	101¼	101¼	101¼
3,000	‡Can G 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾
10,000	‡Ch & N W Gen M 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000	‡GenEl 6s 1-yr n '19	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
14,000	‡Int R T 7s	89½	88	89
8,000	‡Liga M 6s, 1921	100⅛	100	100⅛
1,000	‡N Y T. Co Deb 6s	100	99¾	100
15,000	‡Rus G 5½s	59½	58	59½
85,000	‡Rus G 6½s	64	64	64
54,000	‡W & Co. C 6%	93	92¾	93

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Friday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.	Friday Ask.
Am W P	3	3½	3	3½
Am-Br Mfg	2	5	2	5
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20
Carbon Steel	90	96	90	96
Car L & P	2	2¼	2	2¼
Chev Motor	145	155	145	155
Chevrolet rts	⅞	1⅛	⅞	1⅛
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾
Curtiss Aero	11½	12	11½	12
Do pf	45	55	45	55
Edmund & J	20	22	20	22
Free Texas	34	35½	34	35½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½
Gen Mot rts	1¾	2	1¾	2
Gillette S R	119	120	119	120
Lake Tor Bt	2	2½	2	2½
Do 1st pf	2½	5	2½	5
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88
L McN & L	21¾	22¼	21¾	22¼
Lima Loco	30	40	30	40
Lukens Steel	40	50	40	50
Man Transit	½	⅝	½	⅝
Mitchell Mot	20	25	20	25
N Y Shipbldg	33	36	33	38
N Y Transp	14¼	17	14¼	17
Peer T & M	18	18½	18	18½
Penn C & C	22	24	22	24
PennSeaboard Steel rights	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
P'isenWireless	7	7½	7	7½
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38
Smith M T	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Stand Motors	7½	8½	7½	8½
Steel Alloys	7¼	8½	7¼	8½
St L R M & P	40	....	40	....
Swift Int w i	43¾	44¼	43¾	44¼
Todd Shipyd	107	108½	107	108½
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½
U S Lt & H	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
U S Lt&H pf	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Wright-M Air pf	61	64	59	63
World Film	⅜	½	⅜	½
OIL STOCKS.				
Allen Oil	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Crystal Oil	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Elk Basin Pet	6	6½	6	6½
Globe Oil	1	1½	1	1½
Merritt Oil	21	22	21	22
Midwest Ref	128	130	128	130
Midw Oil pf	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
Okm P & R	2	2½	2	2½
Pitts O & G	8	8½	8	8½
Royal Oil	½	¾	½	¾
Sapulpa	7¼	7¾	7¼	7¾
Sinclair Gulf	23	23½	23	23½
South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Texana Oil	10	13	10	13
Wayl'd O & G	3¼	3¾	3¼	3¾
MINING STOCKS.				
Atlanta	4½	5½	4	5
Austin-Am'n	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Booth	13	15	13	15
Bradshaw	⅛	½	⅛	½
Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
Butte-N Y	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Cal & Jerome	¼	½	¼	½
Cerro Gordo	½	1	½	1
Con Homs'd	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
El Salvador	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
First Nat C	1¾	2	1¾	2
Goldf Con	21	23	21	23
Great Bend	3	5	3	5
Hecla	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾
Howe Sound	3⅝	4¼	3⅝	4¼
Iron Blossom	1-16	¼	1-16	¼
Jim Butler	34	36	35	37
Jumbo Ext	13	15	13	15
Kerr Lake	5¼	5½	5¼	5½
La Rose	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Magma Cop	25	27	25	27
Marsh Min'g	3	4	3	4
McKinley-D	48	50	48	50
Mother Lode	32	33	32	33
NY&HonRos	12	13	12	13
Ohio Copper	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Onondaga	3	3½	3	3½
Roch Mines	26	28	26	28
San Toy	7	8	7	8
Seneca Cop	15½	16	15½	16
Success Min	4	6	4	6
U Sulphur M	⅜	½	⅜	½
Wash Gold Q	92	94	92	94
Wilbert Min	4	6	4	6

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
Am Brass	222	223	222
Atlas Powder	155	157	155
Do pf	90½	91½	90½
Babcock & Wilcox	107	108½	107
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf	60	80	60
Colt's Arms	41	44	41
Du Pont	268	275	268
Du Pont debs, pf	91½	92½	91½
Hercules	204	206	204
Do pf	107	109	107
Niles-Bem't-Pond	104	106	104
Do pf	93	98	93
Scovill Mfg	345	370	345
Standard Screw	250	260	250

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Friday Bid.
Am Cigar	115	118	115
Do pf	85	90	85
Conley Foil	190	200	190
J S Young	125	150	125
Do pf	98	105	98
MacA & Forbes	195	205	195
Do pf	85	95	85
P R-Am Tobacco	130	136	130
R J Reynolds, A	380	420	380
Do B	305	320	305
Do pf	106½	108½	106½
Weyman-Bruton	*165	170	*165
Do pf	100	110	106

*Ex rights.

ATTENTION

Loan application wanted for first mortgage for Bronx only in sums of $5,000 to $15,000. Also $3,000 and $4,000 for Williamsbridge and Westchester Village.

EUGENE J. BUSHER,
N. W. COR. 149TH ST. & COURTLANDT AVE.

$5,000 POLICY COSTS $68.90
PENN MUTUAL LIFE

age 40; dividends reduce this cost after first year; organized 1847; assets 183 millions. Write for specimen policy at your age. Joseph A. Eckenrode, Gen'l Agt., 38 Court St., Brooklyn.

We advise the purchase and are making a specialty of

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115 Devonshire St. BOSTON
17 Wall St. NEW YORK

British American Tobacco
and the
Tobacco Industry
in the
United States

The British American Tobacco in their report for the year ending September 30, 1918, shows net profit, after deducting all charges and providing for Income Taxes for the year 1918, of £3,140,174 against £3,105,002 for 1917, before providing for excess profits duty for 1917, which is estimated at £500,000.

The company has declared a final dividend of 6%, making a total of 30% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1918, and also an interim dividend of 6%. Both are payable Jan. 31, 1919.

British American Tobacco is selling on the London Stock Exchange far in excess of the prices prevailing in the New York market.

The termination of the war and the prospect of universal trade expansion throughout the world should make the coming fiscal year of the British American Tobacco Company another record breaker in the prosperous annals of that Company.

As far as this country is concerned, the figures of the Internal Revenue Department on the production of cigarettes during the last six fiscal years, furnish the most convincing exhibit of the phenomenal growth of the cigarette industry in the United States and go a long way to explain the high regard in which investors throughout the United States regard investments in the leading Tobacco Companies.

Cigarettes manufactured in the United States were as follows:

In 1913	14,294,895,471
In 1914	16,427,086,016
In 1915	16,756,179,973
In 1916	21,087,757,078
1917	30,529,193,538

In 1918
Over Forty Thousand Million

Four years of World War have left the Tobacco Companies in the most prosperous condition ever known, recalling the words of one of the most eminent tobacco men some years ago: "War Times and other periods of depression have never resulted unfavorably for the Tobacco Industry."

We specialize in:—

British American Tobacco
Imperial Tobacco Co. of Gt. Britain
Porto Rico American Tobacco Co.
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

Bamberger, Loeb & Co.
25 Broad Street New York

Liberty Bonds
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Recommended for Investment
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Established 1903.
Members N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchange
61 Broadway, New York
Uptown Branch Hotel St. Andrew — Phila. Office Morris Building

Hold Your Liberty Bonds
BUT
If you must sell, we will purchase them from you for cash in small or large amounts at market prices plus interest less 1%.
Public Investing Co.
Chartered 1907, State of N. Y.
154 Nassau St., Room 623 (Hours 9-5)
17 West 42d St., Room 202-B (Hours 9-7)

"Stumbling Blocks of Finance"

Every investor in stocks can strengthen his financial position and evade the pitfalls of fraud, stock manipulation, market inflation, worthless tips and similar evils of finance by following the suggestions contained in this 36-page booklet—"Stumbling Blocks of Finance."

Booklet T-29—free on request.

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29 Broadway, New York

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Send me your date of birth and I will mail you details of the most practical policy issued.
CHARLES D. DEPAN,
32 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 5, 1919.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK 130 EAST 15th STREET.

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.
R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

EMPIRE STEEL & IRON COMPANY
Annual Stockholders Meeting.

The annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the EMPIRE STEEL & IRON COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Wednesday, February 26th, 1919, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Transfer Books of the Company will close February 3d and reopen February 27th, 1919.
JAMES S. STILLMAN, Secretary.
Catasauqua, Pa., January 20, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the OTIS FLAGG CORPORATION will be held at their office, 456 Fourth Avenue, corner 31st Street, New York City, on Saturday, February 1st, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors to serve for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.
Signed, H. E. KOTTCAMP, Sec'y.
Feb. 1, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 2 Rector Street, New York.
January 21st, 1919.

Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the United States Express Company, notice is hereby given that a sixth and partial distribution of the assets of this Company, amounting to $1.25 per share, will be made February 21st, 1919, to the shareholders of record as of the 1st day of February, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

Transfer books of the Company will close at 12 o'clock noon February 1st, 1919, and re-open February 24th, 1919.
JAMES W. SMYTH, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 23, 1919.
A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid February 1, 1919, to the registered holders of January 23, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.
C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

THE CONTINENTAL BANK OF NEW YORK
New York, January 21st, 1919.
The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of Three dollars and fifty cents per share, payable February 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business January 27, 1919.
F. H. HORNBY, Cashier.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

ORGANIZER
Wants a business to
REORGANIZE
OR
DEVELOP

By man of financial and commercial experience, who has organized and reorganized several concerns; secured capital, made industrial investigations; only business that has proved its merit considered, and which by the infusion of additional capital, energetic and competent management can expand into a large and profitable enterprise. References. Y. 211 Times Annex.

Western Bank, member of Federal Reserve, seeks additional funds to meet increasing demand for service. Splendid opportunity for a conservative investment where your principal will have a maximum of safety. A 441 Times Downtown.

A Business Opportunity
Dealing in
Fractional Lots of Securities.

A Wall Street man who thoroughly understands this business and its organization seeks a connection with a firm contemplating taking up this branch of the security business. Address Fractional Lots, A 894 Times Annex.

A TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY Thousand Dollar Bank and Trust Company, which has just completed organization, is seeking the services of an alert, able, aggressive, and progressive man as Secretary and Treasurer. This is a position of responsibility and will carry with it a salary large enough to justify men of ripe experience in directing a letter of inquiry to Room 410, Southland Hotel, Norfolk, Va. State age, experience, and references in first letter. Confidential.

Our Facilities
Are Open to You

Unlisted New York Security Broker will act as correspondent broker for out-of-town dealers, on commission or net basis. Correspondence invited. "L. L." P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

NOTES PURCHASED
Commercial Loans
THEODORE TAYLOR'S SON & CO.,
40 Liberty St. Phones John 2679-4519
Established 1896.

NORWAY
SWEDEN
DENMARK
FINLAND
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Through our close affiliation with the leading banks of Scandinavian Countries we can be of great value in forming satisfactory banking facilities for Manufacturers, Exporters and Importers.

Inquiries and Correspondence invited.

Scandinavian Trust Company
Member Federal Reserve Bank of New York
56 Broadway, New York.
Capital and Surplus - - $2,500,000

News About Your Investments
Where to Find It

The best minds of Wall Street are constantly producing valuable literature on stocks, bonds, railroads, coppers, oils, etc. These booklets, circulars and special reports contain the best and latest data on financial matters. They are free. Money can buy no financial writings that are equal to them. Yet the investor is seldom aware of the particular one that will help him. There is only one place where all current financial information is assembled. That is the magazine

Investors' Book of Booklets

Issued every month. Subscription $2.00 a year.

Send for February Number FREE.

The following is only a very small part of the literature reviewed and classified in this February number, and which you may secure without cost. Send for this FREE number of the magazine which puts you in touch with just the data you want. It is the only way you can avoid missing information vital to your interests.

Bonds.
Marine Trust Certificates.
New 8% Business Man's Investment That Is Bought by Banks.
Investment Bargains in Seasoned Listed Bonds Yielding Liberal Return.
Bonds Legal for N. Y. State & Mass. Savings Banks.
Well Secured Municipal Bonds Yielding Up to 5½%.
Bonds as Safe as Our Cities.
Bonds Safeguarded by Necessities.
Your Liberty Bond and What You Should Know About It.

Oils and Cotton.
Independent Oil Stocks.
Oklahoma Pro. & Ref. Co.
Cotton Situation.
Mexican Petroleum.

Industrials & Railroads.
United Fruit.
Low Priced Railroad Stocks.
St. Louis Southwestern Rwy.
Pittsburgh Coal.
American Sumatra Tobacco.
Position of Mf'g Industrials.
Studebaker Corp.
Punta Alegre Sugar.
United States Rubber.
Corn Products Refining Co.

Informative Investment Data.
Bache Review.
Annual Forecast for 1919.
Partial Payment Plan.
Odd Lots for Investments.
Annual Review of Industrials, Oils, Mines & Coppers.
Story of N. Y. Stock Exchange.
How Sound Farm Mtges. Are Made.
Buying and Selling Foresight.
Trading Methods.

The Bureau for the Dissemination of Financial Literature to Investors.

Address RUSSELL LAW
Financial Advertising in All Its Branches — 31 Nassau St., New York

ZELNICKER'S BULLETIN
(CIRCULATION 100,000)

January Issue—No. 250—88 Pages of Real Bargains in

RAILS, CARS, LOCOMOTIVES
Steel Piling, Tanks, MACHINERY

Write for your copy today and tell us what you need — ZELNICKER IN ST. LOUIS

Advertising Manager

Our present one is going to run one of our branches; we want immediately another one.

Our business is buying and selling
Rails, Equipment, Machinery, Tanks, etc.

To qualify you should know engineering and mechanical trade journals, mailing list building, sales letter writing, and catalog compilation. Our quarterly Bulletin has a quarter million circulation. Unless you are a 100% man, capable of earning more each month, don't apply. Send full particulars. Replies confidential.

ZELNICKER IN ST. LOUIS

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

EXECUTIVE,
WITH SUCCESSFUL RECORD IN INVESTMENT BANKING AND PUBLIC UTILITIES IN SOUTH, DESIRES PERMANENT CONNECTION WITH WELL ESTABLISHED CORPORATION OR FIRM IN EAST; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OFFICE ADMINISTRATION, ORGANIZATION AND SYSTEMS; WELL EDUCATED, GOOD ADDRESS, PROMPT IN DECISION AND SUCCESSFUL IN HANDLING MEN; GOOD, PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE LATIN AMERICAN TRADE AND OF SPANISH LANGUAGE; LAST SALARY IN CIVIL LIFE $5,000; AT PRESENT MAJOR IN U. S. ARMY; SOON TO BE DISCHARGED. A 157 TIMES.

PATENTS.

Over 75 years practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 615 Woolworth Building, New York.

PROSPEROUS JOBBING COAT AND SUIT BUSINESS FOR SALE. ANNUAL BUSINESS APPROXIMATELY $400,000; LARGE CLIENTELE. WELL ADVERTISED FIRM; BIG EARNINGS. SPRING ORDERS ALREADY ON HAND AND SELLING FORCE ON THE ROAD; ORGANIZATION CAN BE HAD INTACT; MODERATE AMOUNT OF CASH REQUIRED. B 475 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

If your enterprise, whether it be established or in process of organization, involves a number of people either as owners or patrons, or employes, or members, perhaps a practical plan for organization, or operation, based upon the principles of co-operative ownership, or amortization finance, or employes participation, will help you. If so, I will be pleased to serve you as I make a specialty of formulating such plans for large meritorious enterprises; highest references. Address S 666 Times Downtown.

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN BUILDING UP your credit. Are you interested in having a certain sum of money paid you at a specified time or in case of misfortune that amount of money paid to your wife, children, or estate or paid at positively monthly periods, during the life of your beneficiary? Without obligations of any nature whatsoever permit me to call and explain. Address R 272 Times.

EXPORTERS—DRESS SNAP FASTENERS. If you have orders for either large or small quantities, you might as well have fresh, brilliantly finished goods direct from the manufacturer, and buy them at a low price, and in addition continue to push your further sales by using a forceful selling plan which we will mimeograph on your own stationery; engineers wanted. American Snap Fastener Co., 225 5th Av., N. Y., export department.

LEASE OF NEW YORK THEATRE FOR SALE.
In 42d St. section, near Broadway; price $100,000 net cash only, with early occupancy and control; seating capacity less than 1,000; principals only; no information to agents or brokers; every inquiry strictly confidential; no reply unless your name is guarantee you mean business and financially able to make good. Owner, L 153 Times.

AIRPLANE CALCULATOR, THE "TRIPLE-SLIDE."
Wanted by those interested in aviation. Needed by all students.
Used by all Governments and airplane factories in all countries. Free write-ups devoted to it by English and American Aeronautical Magazines. $500 takes half interest in this established business. Write for interview. B 867 Times Annex.

Large mechanical engineering, development and manufacturing organization, about to complete ordnance contracts, is free to negotiate with responsible parties for the development of special apparatus or manufacture of special or staple machine products on large scale. Adequately financed enterprises only are solicited. References exchanged. X 228 Times Annex.

Substantial manufacturing corporation wants capable men to establish branch and manage salesmen; $200 to $1,000 necessary; you handle own money; will allow expenses to Baltimore if you will qualify. For particulars address Secretary, 416 North Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

I have sold my business and want to start something else. Am looking for man or foreman experienced in manufacturing a good selling article, ambitious to have his own business, capable of handling manufacturing end. I will furnish the money and do the selling. R 265 Times.

Architects enabled to write complete specification and thoroughly experienced in answering technical questions relating to the building industry, are advised of possible opportunity to associate as partner with business interests who have new proposition for the building world; principals only. G 806 Times.

WANTED.
A MAN WHO IS FAMILIAR WITH THE MANUFACTURE OF CANDY, ONE WHO CAN PRODUCE CHOCOLATE BARS AND OTHER POPULAR SELLERS TO RETAIL FOR 5 AND 10 CENTS; ALL REPLYS TREATED IN CONFIDENCE. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 341, PETERSBURG, VA.

Stock salesman, with ability who produce results; investment house offers securities of substantial and very profitable business in city; output unable to meet orders; this clean and growing business is quickly appreciated by investors; exceptional, high-grade sales opportunity; commission. S 90 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN WANTED
TO SELL $400,000 TREASURY STOCK OF NEW YORK MANUFACTURING CORPORATION; ONLY RESPONSIBLE MEN IN POSITION TO FINANCE THEIR OWN CAMPAIGN NEED ANSWER; COMMISSION BASIS. ADDRESS K 300 TIMES.

I made big commission last year on one article, not a war article; the manufacturers made as much; with $15,000 to carry accounts, all responsible, can make this article at about half of former cost; will divide profits with party furnishing capital; almost no competition. R 394 Times.

TRUCKING AND HOISTING BUSINESS needs partner for office and finances; specializes in very heavy work; equipment protected by patents; very profitable contracts secured; no competition. A 578 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Kid and fabric glove line for Greater New York and States of New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, all Southern States; also Denver, West; can be handled as side line; straight commission basis. B 66 Times.

TO MANUFACTURERS.
EXPORT.—Put punch into the foreign business. Show your goods in our large exhibition rooms abroad. No cost to you. Be properly represented by individual native salesmen. For details write to B 368 Times.

Wanted, opportunity to take interest in manufacturing proposition, by man with several years' experience in factory management, at present superintendent large concern; capable assuming full charge of manufacturing. X 391 Times Annex.

BANKING ACCOMMODATION, DISCONTS, loans on machinery, merchandise, rents, shipments, installment sales, and any good security; acceptances, notes bought. KOEHLER, 51 Chambers St., Suite 723.

Storage battery man, with $1,000, open service station, desires partner with like amount and experience; references exchanged. B 879 Times Annex.

Cleaning brush, metal body; big European success; patent for sale outright or royalty; suit sheet metal factory; principals only. Address Brush, 65 Times.

MECHANICAL INVENTIONS PERFECTED, expert advice, drawings, models, tools, manufacturing methods. Service Engineering Co., 26 Cortlandt St., New York.

EXPORT HOUSE WITH BEST CHINA-Japan connections, desires agencies of articles suitable for Oriental trade. K 358 Times.

Partner with $10,000 in very profitable patented article; established nine years; your money back before profits are divided. S 613 Times Downtown.

We are interested in buying a well established multigraph business situated in financial district. Write M., 2,876 Broadway.

Parcel post egg box patent for sale; pressed pulp fillers make it cheapest and best. Dr. Tufts, Highland Building, Pittsburgh, Penn.

Same good, legitimate, profitable proposition for moderate investment; share profits. G 784 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—EXPERT; AUDITS, INvestigations undertaken, accounts and tax returns prepared. S 636 Times Downtown.

Man with capital to take the place of retiring partner in established export business; would consider consolidating with another firm in same line. A 608 Times Downtown.

Hotel, Atlantic City, to lease; 250 rooms, fully furnished; possession now. William McDonald, 489 5th Av. 5092 Vanderbilt.

Active Partner Wanted.—Mail order amusement; new idea; $10,000 investment. B 258 Times.

Garage for rent downtown, (commercial,) capacity 110 trucks, now running; $10,000 security necessary. Steingut, 47 West 42d.

Mail order articles wanted for agency plan covering United States. A 913 Times Harlem.

50's.—Well-filled, profitable rooming house for sale. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 Fifth.

Garage for rent, capacity 90 cars, just completed. Steingut, 47 West 42d.

WE HAVE THE OUTLET! HAVE YOU THE GOODS to sell or advertise?

Thousands of housewives visit this food market daily; we are in the main shopping district of the Bronx, where 300,000 people transfer daily from street cars, elevated and two subway lines.

We will rent some space for DEMONSTRATION AND SALE of approved merchandise, furnish fixtures and sales people, collect your cash if required, and remit to you. Lease for week, month, or longer.

PEOPLES' BIG MARKET,
149th St., cor. Courtlandt Av.,
3d Av. and 149th St. Station of "L" and Subway.

SOUTH AMERICAN OPPORTUNITY.
The advertiser, controlling several American and European rights for extremely successful business, known to every New Yorker, and which is extremely profitable, wishes to hear from parties in a position to negotiate sale of South American, Cuban, Spanish, Italian, and Portuguese rights. The nature of this business is such that we can only deal with concerns of the highest repute. The business is a demonstrated success and we will pay a liberal compensation to any party who can assist us in negotiating with responsible concerns in any of the above mentioned countries. Address S 678 Times Downtown.

$20,000 cash will buy the controlling interest in a business and will push it to success; the business manufactures food articles under six protected formulas, each one of which has a ready and profitable sale; 1,200 satisfied customers are already buying it; the goods can be sold to every high-class grocer, delicatessen, tea shop, hotel, &c.; shortage of material during the war is now at an end, and nothing interferes with quick enlargement; great opportunity for some enterprising, keen American who is looking for a large opportunity. B 356 Times.

REDUCE MANUFACTURING COSTS.—MECHANICAL ENGINEER INSPECTS INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING PLANTS AND OFFERS WITHOUT PRELIMINARY CHARGES OUTLINE OF CHANGES FOR PROVIDING AUTOMATIC LABOR SAVING FIXTURES AND MACHINES WHICH INCREASE OUTPUT AND OVERCOME WASTEFUL REHANDLING OF PRODUCTS AND REDUCE INEFFICIENCY; CONSTRUCTIVE TECHNICAL ADVICE OFFERED ON LINES FOR MANUFACTURE. ADDRESS SUITE 2004, TIMES BUILDING.

RUSSIA-SIBERIA.
Prepare in time for enormous trade with Russia; consult a Russian mechanical engineer of 23 years' experience in economic and social life of that country, who can devote a few hours each week to your great benefit. Advise your plans and desires in writing to Room 711, Flatiron Bldg., for M. M. Podolsky, M. E.

ARCHITECT, DESIGNER AND CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT wishes position with responsible firm; member American Institute of Architects and 18 years resident architect of large university; highest civil service references; moderate salary acceptable until capacity shown. Answer L 889 Times Annex.

SILK UNDERWEAR MANUFACTURERS.
Salesman with capital and commanding a large trade wants to connect with party thoroughly experienced in this line; to act as designer and capable of managing factory; replies must state details in full; past experience; strictly confidential. Box K. B., 605 Times Downtown.

An old-established, progressive beef and provision house has opportunity for aggressive man to sell its goods to steamship trade; only high-grade man treated with; a strong acquaintance with steamship trade is just as essential as a knowledge of the line; all communications strictly confidential. L 218 Times.

Manufacturing building, 30x85, high ceiling, now equipped with 40 sewing machines, 10 H. P. gas engine, Willcox & Gibbs and Singer machines; will sell or rent; building is located in Brooklyn, near Prospect Park; plenty of help to be gotten; will sacrifice. Miss Goldfine, care of Pacific, 221 West 53d St., New York.

Establish a business of your own as exclusive distributer of nation-wide auto accessory; full co-operation by manufacturers; good financial returns; small investment necessary. Gastine Co., Phenix Bldg., Brooklyn.

ATLANTIC CITY HOTEL.
Completely and newly equipped and furnished; 600 sleeping capacity; handsome ball room. Address Owner, Apt. 61, 229 West 109th St. Tel. 695 Academy.

Physician wishes established institution, located in New York City; best clientele in specialty of universal demand, offers association with executive with ability and means to furnish publicity and expansion. Address G 170 Times.

If you have business or technical training and seeking a business connection, interview us; (our motto,) the right man for the right place, with proper production facilities; we make no charge for interview. B. 576 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—Small hotel to rent or manage; have had ten years' experience in large city hotel; will consider any good business proposition along that line. Box C. F., 104 East 14th St.

Specialty shop for sale; busiest Bronx business centre; two-story building, selling gowns, waists, suits, coats; long lease, low rental. Additional information J. H. Albert, 55 Liberty St.

QUICK LOANS
for merchants and manufacturers on notes, accounts, merchandise, or machinery. O. Ullmann & Co., 7 Pine St.

Opportunity to purchase successful chain of New York meat markets; earned $30,000 net in last year; no brokers. Room 242, 1,834 Broadway.

BEFORE INCORPORATING CONSULT OUR corporation department; we can save you trouble and money; write forms, free information. American Guaranty & Trust Co., Wilmington, Del.

Responsible manufacturer, about to market commodity of unusual merit, desires representation in all territories by competent agents, sales agencies, and reliable salesman; good financial possibilities for competent parties. G 2 Times.

Man with small capital wanted, familiar in building alterations, to connect with two experienced men interested in this business. R 340 Times.

Dyes, chemical, and technical manufacturers, be represented in Canada by reliable, energetic, American chemical engineers. R 671 Times Downtown.

Established, progressive ladies' neckwear manufacturer seeks salesman with following, or inside man, as partner; investment required. S 168 Times.

For sale, retail shoe, furnishing, and hat store for men and boys; established eight years; annual sales $12,000; inventory $4,000; reason, death. Box E. E. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

Mechanical engineer, well connected and with capital, would represent American machinery concern in Scandinavia or enter established business. O 20 Times.

CAPABLE BUSINESS WOMAN, CHRISTIAN, can take renting agency and management of several apartment houses. B 81 Times.

Patent for sale, cash and royalty; small, simple automatic machine; estimated market in States 100,000; let me demonstrate on working model. B 868 Times Annex.

Mechanical engineer would invest $3,000 in good paying industrial business; very active and industrious; please give details and kind of business in proposition. R 332 Times.

On account of health, want to sell interest in metal corporation; wonderful opportunity to man able to manage business; no attention paid to brokers. R. H. 91 Times.

GARAGES—LEASES.
Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Jersey, Long Island; with or without property; capacity 30 to 250 cars. Crowe, Times Building.

Wanted, mechanical specialty company with equipment to manufacture and finance a patented article for automobiles. B 360 Times.

Tea Room Restaurant in fifties; exceptional opportunity for woman; easily managed; small rent; very good income. O 26 Times.

LET US SAVE YOU MONEY. IDEAS worked out. Patents developed. Light manufacturing. Odasco, 409 8th Av.

Exceptional opportunity for enterprising men to organize and establish business of their own, assuring fine income. R 330 Times.

Construction man will invest $1,000 established building construction with contracts. K 383 Times.

INVENTIONS PERFECTED.
Drawings, models, tools, machinery to order. D'Amour Machine Co., 78 Cortlandt St.

BRAZIL.—Import-export; Portuguese, well-established connections; would travel. B 884 Times Annex.

For Rent.—Small machine shop, fully equipped; very light; centrally located. Call 2 West Broadway, 1 flight up.

Ornamental, plaster and decorating business for sale; established 11 years; reason for selling, other interest. L 136 Times.

Movie Theatre for sale, busy section Bronx, fully equipped; bargain for quick buyer. E. T. Bawer, 148 West 125th St.

Wanted, furnished Summer hotel, about 100 rooms, seashore, mountains; particulars. L 160 Times.

Manufacturer wanted to produce for me a new electric insulation. B 31 Times.

Certified public accountant wanted to replace retiring member of well-established firm. R 545 Times Downtown.

Road house wanted, on the main auto road. K 273 Times.

Small and large metal articles for sale or on royalty. E. Seavey, 350 Pearl St.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Fifty cents an agate line.

EXPORT ORDERS.

MANUFACTURERS WHO WISH AN ACCURATE STATEMENT ON THE POSSIBILITIES FOR THE SALE OF THEIR LINES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES AS WELL AS IMMEDIATE EXPORT ORDERS, ARE INVITED TO GET IN PERSONAL TOUCH WITH MR. C. LOUIS ALLEN, PRESIDENT OF ALLEN SALES SERVICE, INC., 347 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK.
PHONE VANDERBILT 3040.

A suitable annual salary will be paid to a university man of undoubted moral and social standing who will invest $25,000 in shares of a New York State corporation which has been stablished since 1905; duties will be to enlarge business from a local to a national institution, calling for organizing and executive ability.
No important modification will be made in the above terms and no application will be considered unless accompanied by university and bank references; correspondence will be treated confidentially. B. 11 Times.

Loyal and efficient executive and worker, with legal training and impressive address, highly recommended, just released from important military service, desires affiliations which offer a substantial future; if necessary, would consider modest investment. Y 235 Times Annex.

A rare opportunity to buy a going sash, door, and trim mill located in Jersey 10 miles from New York City; plant consists of about one acre of ground; main building 60 by 100; ample sheds and warehouse; mill equipped for steam or electric power; good manufactured stock on hand and railroad switch adjoins property; terms to suit purchaser; sickness compels sale. X 860 Times Annex.

STOCK SALESMAN—BUSINESS MAN.
Can you sell guaranteed preferred stock with common stock bonus in an enterprise revolutionizing a trade spending $800,000,000 annually for labor? Capable men of good character with business acquaintance and who have retired or who need additional income preferred; commission. 507 5th Av., Suite 707.

PARTNER WANTED.
Well known men's bathrobe salesman desires to connect with experienced designer and cutter and all around inside man; profit sharing proposition; no capital required; A1 reference wanted as to experience, character, and previous record; state full particulars; confidential. S 161 Times.

Party desiring to embark moving picture business would consider leasing building under construction suitable for same; must be centrally located; Broadway uptown preferred; would consider purchase of such a concern if terms are reasonable. A 202 Times.

Interest for sale in clean, progressive business in city, of an every day necessity; established three years; excellent prospects for development; large profits can be made with additional capital; orders unfilled; unaffected by after-war conditions; exceptional investment opportunity. K 361 Times.

CHARTER SERVICE.
Attorneys desiring to incorporate in Arizona, Delaware, South Dakota, or any other State will find our service indispensable, without delays; least cost; information free. CHARTER SERVICE CORPORATION, Suite 808. 149 Broadway, New York.

Tenant wanted, historical inn on main auto road, twenty-five miles from New York; all improvements; splendid chance; beautiful country; security necessary. B 579 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Three young mechanical engineers with broad business training—financial, manufacturing and sales—desire to obtain control of going manufacturing business offering opportunity for expansion commensurate with their capabilities and ambition; will invest up to $50,000 as whole or part payment; present owners must have legitimate reason for selling and welcome fullest investigation; no seasonal goods, food products, office equipment or novelties considered. W 698 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL PROVIDED
for established manufacturing concerns
in amounts from
$50,000 to $250,000,
from private investment funds.
S 649 Times Downtown.

Young man will invest small capital with manufacturer, real estate broker, needing experienced salesman; references exchanged. B 1100 Times Harlem.

Capital to Invest.—Am in position to finance any legitimate proposition of promise, established business or otherwise; only bona fide entertained. Particulars by mail. 662 Woolworth Bldg.

Young man, sales executive ability, would invest $10,000 or $15,000 for interest in going jobbing or manufacturing business; state nature of business. B 1097 Times Harlem.

I WOULD LIKE TO BUY A WELL PAYING ESTABLISHED REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BUSINESS. BOX R. R. 614, 1,265 BROADWAY.

ICE BUSINESS WANTED.
Energetic man who knows ice business will invest some money and services going icemaking concern; state capacity, location plant first letter. R 290 Times.

Will invest immediately any amount up to $50,000 in a proposition standing thorough investigation; give details. Write Box 39, Sharpe, 206 Broadway.

Intelligent business man over 30, one with vision, wishes to connect himself with some paying business, partnership or otherwise; will invest $2,000. A 251 Times Bronx.

Young man (30), married; desires to invest about $4,000 and services, with reliable business or partner. R 632 Times Downtown.

Two live-wire salesmen wish to invest $10,000 and services established mercantile business; answer full particulars. L 172 Times.

Business man with means would like to join party situated likewise to engage in some new business essential to both; references exchanged. L 171 Times.

Thoroughly experienced office man is willing to invest $5,000-$10,000, with services, manufacturing or jobbing business. H. S., 809 Times Downtown.

SUCCESSFUL DEPARTMENT STORE needs experienced partner familiar especially with cloaks and suits; unusual opportunity for right man. G 784 Times Downtown.

Young man, some capital, in toilet article manufacturing; good hustler; outside partnership with manufacturer established or not. M. L., 19 Times.

Will invest $2,500, with services textile concern, or form new partnership with experienced man; give details. Box 258 Times Downtown.

What can you offer young man willing to invest about $1,500 and services? R 808 Times.

I CAN PROMOTE,
organize, and finance good business for responsible parties. Address Reliable, G 342 Times.

Will purchase an interest in good going business for my son. Business that can expand with additional capital preferred. Give full particulars. R 264 Times.

Discharged soldier will invest capital and services in profitable going enterprise; must bear investigation; no brokers. W 694 Times Downtown.

Accountant has $4,000 invest established associate or other business. Accountant, 146 Times.

Open to buy well paying, established real estate and insurance business; state particulars. B 63 Times.

Well established gowns; millinery shop; splendid opportunity; excellent location. Shop, 308 Times.

Small commercial or manufacturing business wanted, requiring moderate capital. G 872 Times Downtown.

Capable, dependable man, (34,) small investment, services; mechanical engineering, accounting. K 300 Times.

Am prepared to invest capital ($3,000-$10,000) in established business which needs executive ability as well. A 194 Times.

Salesman, with $1,000, services, invest; energetic; not afraid of hard work. L 217 Times.

$200,000 OR ANY PART
to buy or invest in a business enterprise; give particulars. S 180 Times.

Have $4,000, with services; good paying business, preferably garage, movies. R 239 Times.

Will invest $10,000 in woolen business, active or silent partner. Box B 64 Times.

CUTTER, $5,000, WOULD CONNECT WITH going business. Address C 207, Broadway.

Sales-advertising manager will invest $1,000 with services in business. S 91 Times.

Responsible principal will purchase all or half of legitimate business. L 198 Times.

Will invest $2,000 in going business; good inside man. I. V., 804 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Will invest $10,000 to $20,000, with services, in wholesale, sound, established, going business of staple merchandise, jobbing or manufacturing, (New York City,) where capital, credit standing, broad practical business experience and ability to manage will increase the business; state line of business in first letter; no brokers, no mining, or any other stocks or get-rich-quick schemes. R 354 Times.

BUSINESS MAN (OF EXPERIENCE, ABILITY, AND CAPITAL) WOULD LIKE TO BUY AN INTEREST IN (OR BUY OUTRIGHT) A GOING BUSINESS. ADDRESS L 205 TIMES.

BRAINS AND CAPITAL TO INVEST.
Young man, (28,) with effective sales and advertising ideas gained from actual experience, a good salesman himself, wishes to connect with growing, well-established concern where better marketing methods will bring bigger profits; willing to invest about $2,000. R 327 Times.

Account of other duties must dispose of my domestic and export chemical and drug business; wonderful opportunity for man desiring to obtain growing concern with exceedingly bright future. Owner, 1620 Woolworth Bldg.

Young man of ability could buy interest or buy outright good staple business proposition; cash investment not to be over $7,500; business must be an established one that will stand strict investigation. Address 818 Oceanview Av., Woodhaven, L. I.

Have $5,000 to $10,000 and the highest recommendations; would consider a partnership or buy outright a clean-cut manufacturing or jobbing business. Write particulars to J. Bloom, care of N. L., 679 Avenue C, Bayonne, N. J.

Young man, experienced in mechanical quantity production, wishes to invest $10,000 and services in a going manufacturing concern; complete details with responsible references only considered. Address X 339 Times Annex.

WILL BUY GENERAL DRY GOODS STORE; GREATER NEW YORK OR VICINITY; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. MERCHANT, G 778 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CAPITAL WANTED.

$15,000 cash needed immediately to finance selling plan, ready for marketing all over United States on big scale; device of proved merit, with valuable patent rights; retailing less than $2 each; over 100,000 sold; able management and big assets on hand; very liberal arrangements will be made with right party who can see here unlimited selling field and opportunities for expansion in big way. Brokers, please don't answer. Address B 537 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Several young men, serious, aggressive, ambitious, each a linguist and long experienced, expert in his particular line and field, with successful record in foremost, old established houses, able to start immediately profitable business limited by financial resources only; want to begin their life's work and form a new

Wanted, $100,000 to $200,000 permanent or special capital for use in financial business to handle highest class securities paying well; this carries official position with good salary; if you have just left the army or have a son or friend who has and you want to put him in a substantial business I invite inquiry; all replies held in strict confidence; brokers will please not reply. B 82 Times.

WANTED.—GARAGE BUSINESS; MUST YIELD $5,000 TO $10,000 YEARLY PROFITS; MAY CONSIDER RENTING NEW BUILDING; HAVE UP TO $25,000 CASH IF NECESSARY; HIGHEST REFERENCES; LOCATION AND DETAILS CONFIDENTIALLY TREATED. H. L., 88 TIMES.

Partner wanted in real estate and insurance brokerage, established 40 years, senior member of firm retiring; investment $3,000 to $5,000 required; can show past results; references exchanged. "Realty," 175 Times.

$500 required to purchase profit-sharing lease; 20 acres; opportunity to raise broilers, squabs, hares, guinea pigs; plant ready stocked and should net large profits; commuting station, 8 minutes' walk; 10 rooms, steam, electric light, 2 baths. Hubbard, 503 5th Av., Room 404.

Partner able to invest $5,000 to $10,000 and take active part in highly profitable and sound business; exceptional opportunity for live man to make advantageous, permanent connection. For personal interview, address R 646 Times Downtown.

A reliable and well-established corporation since 1915 conducting a foreign and domestic trade wishes to expand; capital of about $20,000 with or without active participation wanted; an exceptional opportunity for ambitious, broad, and enterprising business man. G 866 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-INCOME TAX.
Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, reports, statements; investigations; books opened, closed, systematized; moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

Party who is willing and capable of handling Louisiana oil leases and properties; we have everything essential, drilling rigs, pipe lines, and property; will make reasonable proposal after receiving confidential letter. R 465 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted with $25,000 to $50,000 in export and import business, dealing mainly in dyes, feathers, and skins; have 15 years' experience; need capital to finance shipments and enlarge business; good profit assured; references exchanged. A 588 Times Downtown.

On account of failing health, manufacturer having complete new line of machines used in all lines of business, desires to connect with concern looking for additional line, or would consider partner. $10,000 required. Address 2 Ridgefield Av., Bogota, N. J.

Wanted.—Party with ability to take charge New York Company, a subsidiary corp. of old established manufacturing firm; must be able to invest at least $2,500 in business; references required. K 278 Times.

Manufacturer wants party with $10,000 to join him in business; no brokers. S 662 Times Downtown.

Partner wanted with $150,000 cash to join owner with similar equity in building one-family houses in White Plains; principals only. Address Rieser, 28th St. and 1st Av., New York.

Banker (Christian) desires one or more associates (active or silent) with capital to further develop a sound, specialized banking business already established in New York; state capital and experience. A 168 Times.

A good opportunity for a reliable and energetic man of good character with a few thousand dollars to become connected with a going and very profitable business. S 181 Times.

Partner with $10,000 wanted by importer for establishing import business on equal investment and profit-sharing basis; must be gentleman and experienced, live-wire salesman. R 268 Times.

$4,000 will secure 1-3 interest in an incorporated and established growing manufacturing business; present partner retiring owing to ill health; very attractive future. J. H., 531 Times Downtown.

8% guaranteed for any part of $100,000, and share large earnings profits; sound security, highest grade Manhattan improved real estate. S 508 Times Downtown.

A registered pharmacist wanted with $5,000 as partner in business offering unexcelled opportunity for profit. Registered, 200 E. 23d St.

Additional capital, with or without service, wanted in established metal furniture manufacturing business; splendid opportunity. Address A 606 Times Downtown.

Bank organizing requires additional capitalists as founders, also experienced personnel; detailed replies, references necessary; confidential. B 678 Times Downtown.

Established, well-equipped bias binding manufacturer seeks a man with some capital and with thorough knowledge of the business to connect as partner. L 69 Times.

$5,000-$10,000.—Manufacturer, expansion only, will consider office man as active investor; principals only; business unlimited. B 75 Times.

Investment of $750 and services will secure half interest established business; sound, profitable, unlimited possibilities. S 147 Times.

EXPORT AND IMPORT ORGANIZATION on sound, conservative basis; strictest investigation invited. Opportunity, L 216 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER WITH AUTO ACCESSORY; BIG MARKET; MAIL ORDERS; PRICE $20; WANTS FINANCIAL PARTNER. B 514 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Party wanted with ready capital to discount notes secured by first mortgage on real tangible merchandise much in demand. S. G., 84 Times.

Wanted, party to assist managing mfg. business; $3,000 required; no brokers; principal only; business established. H 772 Times Downtown.

Silks.—Open for partner with capital in wholesale jobbing of silks; good opportunity for right partner. R 801 Times.

Stock Salesman.—Promoter, with clientele, wants sensible, attractive investment proposition. X 329 Times Annex.

Exceptional opportunity offered party with capital to connect as partner in sound export-import business. Spanish, H 271 Times.

Married man, 33, would invest $1,000 with services, reliable business; consider suitable position. S. H. G., B 518 Times Downtown.

Required $2,000 in exchange for teaching, training, profits in high-class, well-paying business. Y 228 Times Annex.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Fifty cents an agate line.

CAPITAL WANTED.

MANUFACTURING CONCERN DESIRES PLANT AND POSSIBLY MORE CAPITAL.

Large manufacturing concern, now employing several hundred people, earning more than normal return on its capital, with business increasing rapidly, has no debts, and plenty of money to discount bills current on present volume, would consider selling an interest to individuals or Chamber of Commerce who could provide 100,000 ft. fireproof plant and $100,000 of new capital required to keep pace with its increasing market; principals only will please answer. K 351 Times.

Gentleman who has had thirty years in the oil business, leasing, drilling, and producing, well known and associated with the best people, has done good business in handling properties here and abroad, would like to meet independent party to join him in his New York office, to take full charge, put up a little money, continuing an important and profitable business; must be practical in business and finance and have connections. Write fully, entirely confidential, will then appoint personal interview satisfactory. B 464 Times Downtown.

A firm of general building contractors in large New York State city desires additional capital of about $50,000 to care for increasing opportunities for reconstruction period; well organized; largest now in city; in business over 30 years, with large clientele among best architects and engineers of the State; now holds half million dollars of contracts; an absolutely clean-cut business proposition to take advantage of tremendous anticipated new business. A 217 Times.

Building corporation of high standing, with splendid record of building construction, seeks executive who will invest $35,000 to obtain controlling interest; excellent opening for man of experience in building operations or for a man looking for active participation in a business of high reputation. Particulars to principals only at personal interview, which can be arranged by addressing B 885 Times Annex.

A clever advertising man is offered extraordinary opportunity to take active interest in mail order apparel house using rotogravure advertising mediums; part time satisfactory. The power of the advertiser in merchandising field gives us maximum opportunities at a minimum capital. B 880 Times Annex.

Private party wanted with a few thousand dollars to finance an exhibition and sale of a number of magnificent paintings that have been secured by private party at very low figure; some of these pictures have in recent years been sold for very high prices; investment should show extremely handsome returns in very short period; advertiser will only correspond with reliable private parties. S 674 Times Downtown.

Man of good character and ability with $5,000 to $10,000 can secure interest in manufacturing business which will permanently net large returns; exceptional opportunity which will command respect. S 667 Times Downtown.

DOCTOR'S OPPORTUNITY
to become head of mammoth enterprise with handsome immediate income and gain a new large clientele; dignified and legitimate; must have $20,000. S 145 Times.

Old-established business school, expanding to include mail teaching, civil service, &c., wants one more Director; must invest $300. Address Commercial, R 662 Times Downtown.

Open to consider making investment in manufacturing proposition of merit; product must be well known and have broad market already established; attention paid only to those giving full details in first letter. X 378 Times Annex.

HAVE YOU A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS you wish to sell, without publicity? Or seeking associates with extra capital? Write or call Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 8851.

If you are artistic and have some money, you can acquire interest in well established concern, on the eve of big business. Address Alexander Mayper, Attorney, 51 Chambers Street.

Business partner with capital; expand established industrial educational art service affiliated with motion picture industry; exceptional opportunity young, enterprising party. Studio 802, 145 West 45th St.

$30,000 or less wanted by close corporation to meet unexpected orders of successful business. B 888 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Experienced executive of recognized standing will soon go to the Far East to investigate and make confidential reports in interest of certain American manufacturers; many "exclusive agencies" have proved disappointing; advertiser will serve A1 firms only; preliminary interview, as well as subsequent arrangement, if any, will be on strictly confidential basis; interested manufacturers should respond prior to Feb. 1. G 605 Times Downtown.

STOCK ISSUE WANTED.
We want large industrial or good mining stock to market among our large clientele; money must be needed for development or other legitimate purpose; give particulars. Capital, A 760 Times Downtown.

Metal manufacturing plant, just completing Government work, open to handle any of the following work: Tool, dies, jigs, fixtures, metal stamping, airplane parts, experimental, mechanical, and electrical model work; located central part New York City. B 74 Times.

Young man, 25, married, resident Ridgefield Park, N. J., possessing sales and advertising ability and experience, Mercer raceabout, would like to represent concern that can furnish leads, such as inquiries from prospects evincing interest; commission basis; do not answer if you want solicitor or canvasser. R 230 Times.

NEW YORK AGENCY WANTED.
COMPETENT, SENSIBLE SALESMAN WANTS NEW YORK ACCOUNT OF MANUFACTURER OF STAPLE MERCHANDISE ON A COMMISSION BASIS; WIDE ACQUAINTANCE AND FAIR KNOWLEDGE OF EXPORT TRADE. K 369 TIMES.

Would like to hear from parties who can handle a guaranteed roach powder, put up in one and five pound packages, selling for $1 per pound; will fill orders on commission basis or sell powder outright to parties handling same. Conn. Chemical and Disinfectant Co., New Haven, Conn.

CUBA.—Firm with good commercial connections throughout this island wants to represent manufacturers of suitable articles for this market; preference will be given to makers of novelties that may prove to be easy sellers. Apply to Cristobal Luque, 76 Cuba St., Havana, Cuba.

EXECUTIVE
with wide experience would join financial or manufacturing organization; admitted to bar and expert accountant; keen, analytical, and good correspondent; considerable experience Controller, Secretary, Treasurer large corporation. R 243 Times.

American merchant, banker, native, residing over 20 years in Paris, returning next month France, wishes to meet large manufacturers or corporations desiring to establish business there; references exchanged. K 368 Times.

MACHINIST owning large Brooklyn factory, good facilities and capital, wishes to branch out; would co-operate with business requiring manufacturing, or would develop meritorious article or machine; give details. W 704 Times Downtown.

Manufacturers.—Reliable, energetic, established concern desires to represent additional manufacturers in Texas; only responsible propositions considered; references exchanged. 215 Security Bldg., Galveston, Texas.

TO MANUFACTURERS.
Export.—We will maintain a large sample room in Paris, London, and Turin; are you interested in having your line properly handled abroad? For details write to B 195 Times.

Manufacturer of automobile goods with well equipped factory and complete selling organization covering entire country can manufacture and market or sell articles of merit and wide sale. What have you to offer? Box 592, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Wanted, by Southerner with ability and experience, for Southern territory, exclusive agency for useful and meritorious household or office articles to sell direct through agents by house-to-house canvass; give details. B 823 Times Downtown.

Registered architect desires partnership with experienced builder or contractor having enough capital to start private building of homes; all answers will be confidentially treated. B 560 Times Downtown.

LARGE ESTATE TO MANAGE.
Wanted by thoroughly experienced and competent man. Modern methods of management and careful personal attention. Bank references. Wm. M. Gatter, 16 Wall St., New York.

Wanted.—Large machine shop able to finance manufacture and market a patented safety transmission device for sewing machines; no brokers. B. E., 605 Times Downtown.

Trucking Business.—Two young men owning horses and trucks wish to connect with wholesale houses to take charge of trucking. E. K., 544 Times Harlem.

ATTORNEY.—New Jersey lawyer, experienced, seeks association with lawyer or firm; salary, office room or partnership. S 638 Times Downtown.

Export Trade.—Reliable business man, sailing soon, will represent concerns interested in Latin American markets. Write P., Room 301, 1,170 Broadway, New York.

Pattern machine shop wants more work; reasonable prices; all work guaranteed; no labor trouble. Corona Pattern and Machine Co., 147 Tory St., Corona, L. I.

Powerful sales agency desires agency for meritorious commodities. Y 236 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

EXPORT SCANDINAVIA. — Engineer and business man, leaving March 1 for Scandinavia, England, and France, is open for bona fide propositions along general business, engineering, and manufacturing lines; will arrange for representations, investigate and render confidential reports; thorough knowledge of business and manufacturing conditions in America and the above countries, also the languages, enables me to render valuable service to responsible concerns interested in export, engineering, and manufacturing possibilities; A1 references. R 547 Times Downtown.

EUROPE.

American engineer, (native of Switzerland,) speaking English, French, and German, will leave shortly for Switzerland. Reliable manufacturers desiring European connection or representation are invited to communicate with writer on or before March 1. R 594 Times Downtown.

An expert dairyman, poultry raiser, and farmer offers his expert services to superintend farm averaging 300 acres to party willing to invest $30,000-$50,000; will invest some capital myself; am thoroughly responsible and understand the above business from every standpoint; no objections going anywhere. Address, with full particulars, Martin Wheeler, 1,482 Broadway, New York.

Promoter wanted, attractive 10-cent novelty; interests every smoker. E. Leyden, Lyndhurst, N. J.

Successful sales manager with crew producing salesmen will take on one or two specialties to sell to grocery and department store trade; must be repeaters; commission only. K 317 Times.

Successful salesman with sufficient capital to finance himself wants exclusive sales agency for specialty to sell to hardware trade and automobile supply dealers. R 255 Times.

Wanted to represent in Boston, a factory making specialties, or a house dealing in same, on commission; offices well established. Address H. W. P., Room 47, 164 Federal St., Boston, Mass.

An Englishman, who is thoroughly conversant with English, British colonial and European business, is shortly leaving for London, England, and wishes to represent, either temporarily or permanently, some well known American house, or to push some well known American specialty there. Is able if necessary to arrange his own finances; highest commercial and personal references given. X 239 Times Annex.

Bank credit obtained for established going manufacturing or jobbing concern, whose line of credit is not sufficient for their active needs; all communications strictly confidential; principals only. Address R 271 Times.

PARTNER WANTED.
A young man who possesses thorough business experience and executive ability with finance, seeks to connect himself as a partner with an established money-making concern of first-class reputation; give full details in writing; communication confidential. Reliable, L 141 Times.

Exporter.—Man, 35, technical education, foreign travel; broad business, executive experience, now buying, selling steel, metals, machinery for large exporters, desires opportunity to represent very high-class people abroad. K 336 Times.

Keen business man, ex-sales manager, with first-class Broadway (42d St.) office, stenographer, &c.; owns modern automobile; looking for substantial representation or partnership in small live business. K 287 Times.

Wanted, a shop manufacturing electric goods; have electric specialty, am looking for shop that can manufacture it; will purchase shop or advance money if needed. R 263 Times.

Printer equipped to produce better-grade job printing economically and speedily seeks connection that will bring business; long-established, enterprising, medium-sized house. McT., 263 West 126th St.

HOUSEWARE LINES WANTED.
Hustling concern is open for several good lines in housewares; must be good, staple lines. Baltimore Sales Agency, 2,319 Druid Hill Av., Baltimore, Md.

Exporter wants representation in France, Belgium, and the Scandinavian countries; big opportunity for men knowing the wearing apparel and foodstuff, dye, and chemical trades; commission. R 585 Times Downtown.

My clients want a safe stock investment; have you one to offer? Mining or industrial; exceptional clientele. Salesman, 412 Times Downtown.

CHEMICALS—COTTON GOODS.
Established manufacturer wishes to branch into other lines; capital and organization to honest enterprise. A 562 Times Downtown.

Agency wanted for N. J. Will open office. What have you to offer? X 380 Times Annex.

Mail Orders.—Do you manufacture merchandise suitable for mail order business? X 385 Times Annex.

Stock salesman with out-of-town clientele wants a good clean proposition; principals only. S 416 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

$16,000 Hotel and Cottage, on one of the prettiest lakes in the Adirondacks; fully equipped and furnished, together with canoes and rowboats; without doubt this will be a banner year in the hotel business in the mountains, but on account of sickness I have decided to dispose of same; will make reasonable terms. For further information and pictures of same address A. C. Commar, 635 Prospect Av., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE.
THE WELL-KNOWN GROCERY STOCK AND STORE OF THE LATE L. V. CARTWRIGHT OF BAY SHORE, L. I.
Finest store and most exclusive trade on the south shore; would consider lease to responsible party. Apply to R. K. Cornellie & Co., Bay Shore, L. I.

Restaurant for sale, within 25 miles of N. Y. town that Government has taken over as a permanent camp; 50,000 or more population; well patronized; now equipped for Chinese or American complete modern restaurant; must sell account of traveling; small rental; lease if desired. Write Box 54, Room 210, 1,497 Broadway.

Contractors and builders, take notice. Will sell patent just issued on article used in concrete form construction, used with either wire or rod system of staying forms, also used in shoring or bracing; reduces cost 25%; cost only 10 cents each to manufacture; make appointment; will demonstrate. H. F. Miller, 16 Treacy Av., Newark, N. J.

YOUR FUTURE BUSINESS.
If you have average intelligence and will half way attend to business, I offer you a splendid opportunity to purchase the LOCKWOOD HOTEL, fully furnished, at Atlantic Highlands; open every season; select guests; price $18,500; will inventory $30,000; cash required at least $5,000. H. S. Jobes, 5 Union Hill St., Jamaica, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—ALL OR PART OF ONE TRACT TENNESSEE COAL LAND, 15,000 ACRES ON WALDEN'S RIDGE, 40 MILES NORTH OF CHATTANOOGA, ON MAIN LINE SOUTHERN RAILWAY; THREE VEINS OF GOOD COKING AND STEAM COAL. ADDRESS Y 230 TIMES ANNEX.

A very profitable high-class, going business; incorporated, established nearly 60 years; manufacturers and jobbers, foreign and domestic trade; no debts; most excellent opportunity for any one who can command $50,000; the articles are a necessity; people cannot get along without them; will stand the most thorough investigation; best of reasons for selling; no triflers or agents. A 872 Times Downtown.

4,600 acres coal land near Birmingham, Ala., contains conservatively over 10,000,000 tons highest grade coal; estimated cost extraction before war 75c. ton; unlimited market at high prices; easy develop production 1,000 tons daily; large profits; will lease on minimum royalty basis or sell outright. Address F. A. L., Station G, Box 143.

FOR SALE, AN OPERATING COAL PROPERTY PRODUCING HIGH-GRADE LOW-VOLATILE COAL, FOR $250,000, AND WOULD CONSIDER ACCEPTING GOOD BONDS, STOCKS, OR REAL ESTATE IN EXCHANGE. X 326 TIMES ANNEX.

Ladies' wear shop, 1,687 Broadway, corner 53d St., southwest corner, for sale; act quick; best opportunity; I have two stores; cannot attend both. Mrs. Bloom, 1,687 Broadway. Telephone Circle 2195. With or without stock.

Furnished house, West 70s, Broadway, West End Av.; 14 elegant rooms; parquet floors; electricity; period furniture; rent $166; income $400. Winters, 17 West 42d.

Hotel, 156 rooms, 135 baths; clearing $27,000 annually. Holtz, 121 West 42d.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.
Fifty cents an agate line.

FOR SALE.

WELL-ESTABLISHED LINE OF TOILET PREPARATIONS.

If a woman of fashion has used the same kind of cold cream, the same kind of face powder, the same kind of balm—in brief, the same line of toilet preparations—for more than fifteen years, it should be a pretty good sign that there is merit in them.

If for just as long a period these same preparations have been used by a number of well-known society women, WHO ARE STILL USING THEM, what stronger testimony to their value could the average woman desire?

At least one complete line of toilet preparations enjoys this distinction. Yet, no attempt has ever been made to exploit it. The owner has so far been satisfied with the returns on sales to a limited circle of acquaintances, although there are customers in a number of American cities besides New York, and in England and France. The clientele has grown entirely by word of mouth, persons using them passing on the word to close friends that they had at last found the PERFECT cream, the PERFECT face powder, the PERFECT balm, and so on. The owner and advisers believe that with a live sales organization, backed by judicious advertising, there is a large profit in these preparations.

The owner would dispose of this business, either wholly or with reservation of interest, and would be pleased to go into details with any one seriously interested. No inquiry will receive attention unless accompanied by satisfactory assurance of financial responsibility of the writer. Address B 78 Times.

A BARGAIN
AT THE PRICE.
$16,666.00 CASH
FOR GOING FILM EXCHANGE.
PRICE INCLUDES FILM AND ALL OTHER ASSETS!

VERY LARGE average profit over extended period.
CORPORATION owns, absolutely, all films in its vaults, together with full office equipment.
PRESENT employees would remain at option of purchaser.
A GOING business for a man to step right into without the loss of a day's profit or time.
OUR books are open to you.
SOME man's opportunity as the result of partners' diversified business interests.
NO offers from brokers considered.
COMMUNICATE without delay with Box B 855 Times.

ASSOCIATE WANTED

TO TAKE SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST AND EXECUTIVE POSITION IN OLD-ESTABLISHED RETAIL COAL AND LUMBER BUSINESS DOING $200,000 ANNUALLY IN LARGE PLACE, SUBURBAN TO NEW YORK; OPPORTUNITY FOR MAN OF ABILITY; WILL SELL WHOLE OR PART INTEREST. X 861 TIMES ANNEX.

FOR SALE.
AN OLD ESTABLISHED RETAIL LUMBER BUSINESS, LOCATED IN THE CENTRE OF THE CITY, CONSISTING OF A GOOD NEW STOCK OF LUMBER, SHEDS, UP TO DATE MILL, TRUCKS, AND OTHER EQUIPMENT; MUST BE SOLD TO SETTLE ESTATE; THIS IS A CHANCE TO BUY A GOING BUSINESS THAT IS A MONEY MAKER, AT LESS THAN THE WHOLESALE PRICE OF THE LUMBER NOW ON HAND; A GOOD INVESTMENT FOR SOME ONE; PRICE $30,000.
STUART M. ROBSON, EXECUTOR,
476 MAIN ST.,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Have you Anything to Sell to the Drug Trade?

Salesman with thorough acquaintance in drug trade wants sales agency of reliable specialty; have sufficient capital to finance sales force if necessary. L 175 Times.

HOTEL—BERKSHIRE HILLS.
3½ hours from New York; 39 sleeping rooms, baths, large dining room, seat 100 people; three acres ground; garage, stable; golf course convenient; last season's profits over $4,000; cash required, $8,000. A S 87 Times.

Swiss embroidery plant, all machines; fully equipped for novelties or staples; in West New York; will sacrifice to quick buyer. Address Room 1604, 31 Union Square, city. Telephone 7122 Stuyvesant, between 12 M. and 1 P. M.

42D ST. LEASE FOR SALE.
Wonderful real estate opportunity for wholesale or retail business to locate on 42d St., between 5th and Madison Avs.; 90 years' lease for sale on building; lowest rent in vicinity; correspondence invited, principals. K 316 Times.

FOR SALE.
A commercial stationery store and printing establishment in a downtown section; established for over 12 years and doing a good business; reason, going another line. X 849 Times Annex.

Have several patents of great merit pertaining to automobiles, some of them broadly used; will grant license on royalty basis, or make other arrangement; great opportunity for manufacturers. B 568 Times Downtown.

Old-established manufacturing silversmiths retiring offer plant, extensive stock solid silverware and fixtures; inventories $86,000; will sacrifice to 70 per cent. basis. Particulars Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av.

Furnished house near 72d St. subway; 18 rooms, 6 baths; electricity, steam; rent $158; income over $445; $2,000 necessary; others near here; investigate. Cusack, 178 West 72d. Phone 8179 Columbus.

Owner retiring offers prosperous dressmaking business, established 15 years, splendid location; large stock, expensive fixtures; price $4,000; particulars. Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av.

Custom boot, shoe, and slipper business, catering high-class trade; established 40 years; internationally known; name valuable; particulars. Roberts-Frost Co., 505 5th Av.

$12,000 will purchase outright profitable light manufacturing business together with equipment; staple product in universal demand; investigation welcomed. Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av.

A prosperous tile company with railroad siding, plot 300x300 owned by company, 40 minutes out, New Jersey Central, must sacrifice; poor health. "Atlantic," X 344 Times Annex.

Owing to owner's death painting and decorating business, high class, prosperous town adjacent New York; price $2,500; terms. Roberts-Frost Co., 505 5th Av.

For Sale—$75,000 6%, 5-year mortgage on inside improved New York real estate; investors only need answer. Y 208 Times Annex.

Patent on very useful kitchen utensil to sell; article will sell by thousands; any offer considered. Write Mr. Christin, 265 West 40th, N. Y.

Toy manufacturer's opportunity to buy dies for hat presses; six dolls, full jointed; eight animal and novelty dies; no reasonable offer refused. R 236 Times.

Have Eastern agency good for $100 weekly; too busy to handle personally; share with active party or turn it over at cost. L 178 Times.

Three high-class, furnished apartments for sale, vicinity Columbia; long leases; $1,800; good profit. Phone Morningside 1172 today, or evenings after 7.

For sale, manufacturing proposition in light metal; good profits; unlimited field; also stock; retiring. G 757 Times Downtown.

$6,000 will purchase prosperous laundry and equipment established 23 years; excellent location. Roberts-Frost Co., 505 5th Av.

Fifty-ton raw water ice plant for sale. Standard Storage, Park Av., Guttenberg, N. J.

Elegant furnished rooming house, steam-heated, near 5th Av., suitable for better boarding house. Box 156, 1,464 3d Av.

Garage, 40s, Broadway; 100x122; 4 floors; 225 cars now; clears $1,500 monthly; particulars. See Born, 1,482 Broadway.

Restaurant, downtown; modern equipped; $200 daily; $10,000; terms; particulars. Born, 1,482 Broadway.

Plant for Sale.—Ten machines; good for dresses or similar line; location Brooklyn; plenty of help. R 317 Times.

LUNCHROOMS AND RESTAURANTS.
Uptown, downtown; receipts $85 to $400 daily; $1,000 upward. Crowe, Times Bldg.

Fish market doing first-class business. F. Roemer, 88 Perry St.

PHYSICIAN'S NOTICE.
Prominent physician retiring will sell four-story house fully equipped; latest devices for all electrical treatments, also complete X-ray outfit; income now over $35,000 yearly; purchase price less than value, real estate and equipment. B 588 Times Downtown.

Meat market, fully equipped, established, exclusive privilege; Edgemere Station, L. I. H. May Co., 18 West 27th.

FORMULA OF TRANSPARENT PAPER MILK BOTTLE FOR SALE; BOTTLES ARE USED ONLY ONCE. B 38 TIMES.

Glassine, waxed, or transparent paper; new process; greatly reduces cost; germproof; formula for sale. B 34 Times.

For sale, formula for coated papers, half cost of glue, casein and clay; one coat only. B 32 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GO AFTER OUT-OF-TOWN BUSINESS USE THIS $10 "TRY-OUT" LIST. CIRCULATION 2,925,000.
(Nearly 9,000,000 Readers.)
Your 24-word business opportunity, agents, salesmen, help wanted, real estate, for sale ad inserted one time in entire list, $10; each additional six words, $2.50:

Chicago Tribune,	Philadelphia Inquirer,
Boston Globe,	St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
Washington Post,	Cleveland Plain Dealer,
Buffalo Courier,	Cincinnati Enquirer,
Pittsburgh Press,	Denver Ry. Mt. News,
St. Paul News,	San Francisco Chronicle.

ARKENBERG SPECIAL AGENCY,
708 World Building. Phone Beekman 2252.
Booklet of other Bargain Lists Free.

PATENTS.

Over 70 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 615 Woolworth Building, New York.

MANUFACTURERS' NOTICE.
Having lost 50 per cent. Government contracts are ready for propositions manufacturing staple articles; have you parts to sublet operations as follows: Machinery; turret or Worcester lathes; engine lathes up to thirty-foot bed; milling, hand feed to universal machines; drill press work; plating department, any finish; japanning department, any finish, morocco, &c.; optical department, precision instruments; prisms; objectives, &c. R 655 Times Downtown.

MUTUAL ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC.
Investigators of business propositions, for the purpose of securing working capital or a purchaser for going manufacturing business; organizers or re-organizers of manufacturing propositions; we will create the manufacturing organization, also sales and publicity catalogues, technical literature, detailed drawings and specifications; will furnish the most modern and economical methods of production. 50 Church St.

PATENTS.
Write for our Free Illustrated Guide Book "HOW TO OBTAIN A PATENT." Send model or sketch and description for our free opinion of its patentable nature. HIGHEST REFERENCES, PROMPT SERVICE. REASONABLE TERMS.
VICTOR J. EVANS & CO.,
1007 Woolworth Bldg., New York City.
Phone Barclay 8171.
Main Offices, Washington, D. C.

MANUFACTURERS' NOTICE.
Have you an article in tool or specialty line for which the market can be expanded? The manufacture of any such proposition that is now adequately financed will be considered in quantity and the sale thereof scientifically developed. R 653 Times Downtown.

MAIL CARED FOR AND FORWARDED if desired for $3 monthly; desk room; full privileges; use of telephone, switchboard carrying ten numbers; private consultation room; very moderate. Call or write for particulars. Duane Company, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER-DESIGNER WILL MAKE AUTOMATIC MACHINERY WITH GUARANTEED RESULTS 20-30 PER CENT. LESS THAN REGULAR PRICE AND IMPROVEMENT PATENTED. S 513 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

For $3 I'll write a circular letter so strenuous it will HAVE to bring business; inexpensive mail order campaigns, style booklets, folders illustrated and printed; established reputation. (24th year.) Rosenblum (Advertising Expert,) 1,482 Broadway, Bryant 2653.

MANUFACTURERS' NOTICE.
Our optical department partially released by Government, wants propositions for precision instruments, prisms, objective lenses, &c., quantity lots; what are your needs? R 654 Times Downtown.

QUICK PRINTING, SAVE MONEY.
500 bond letter heads, $1.50; cards, bill heads, envelopes, same; booklets, prospectuses, folders, everything reasonable; publications; small boxes; addressing; folding. Call's, big "Hurry-up" Printer, 390 6th Av., (23d-24th.)

If you are a mechanical engineer or business man mechanically inclined, looking for a good business connection requiring $5,000 investment and services, answer this advertisement; details given principals after references are exchanged. B 574 Times Downtown.

WANTED FOR SPARE TIME WORK translators qualified to handle technical and scientific translations in French, Spanish, Russian, Portuguese, Italian, or Swedish. S 627 Times Downtown.

If you want to go into business, let us furnish you our list of substantial propositions for your investigation. No charge. B 577 Times Downtown.

Let us solve your organization, financing, developing and manufacturing propositions; anything in the mechanical, technical, metal line. B 575 Times Downtown.

Loans made on machinery, printing plants, automobiles, trucks; $1,000 upward; quick action; write only. Hausen, 135 5th Av.

Capital furnished for legitimate enterprises; stocks, bonds sold; results guaranteed. R 678 Times Downtown.

Ray Machine Works, Mount Vernon, N. Y.—commercial, mechanical developers.

BUSINESS LOANS.

LOANS.

We have money to loan to machine shops, printers, and manufacturing concerns, from $5,000 to $25,000; will discount your notes, repayable over a period of one year. If you can use some additional capital, write us and get our terms. Business strictly confidential. Credit, B 572 Times Downtown.

Sales of Women's Neckwear.

In the women's neckwear trade there is a brisk demand for stocks and jabots. Lace collars in filet and point de venise are selling well, both singly and in collar and cuff sets. Some very good advance orders have already been taken for these lines. In connection with pleatings and rufflings, some of the neckwear houses are showing organdie, chiffon, and net flouncings in many styles for graduation and commencement dresses.

Weather Not Good for Mufflers.

The continued warm weather so far this season has to some extent affected the sale of men's mufflers. The salesmen on the road are sending in reports to the effect that the orders now being taken for these goods are somewhat smaller than those received last year. Retailers are also complaining about the price, and many are buying just enough merchandise to carry them through the season.

Amount of Tin Imported.

The amount of metallic tin imported into this country during last November was about 4,935 long tons, as against 4,443 tons in October, and an average of 6,333 tons during the eleven months ended Nov. 30, 1918, according to a report issued by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Of the imports of bars, blocks, and pigs, there was a drop as compared with the year before in the imports from England and an increase in shipments from the Straits Settlements, the Dutch East Indies, Australia, and Hongkong. As showing the importance of this trade to the United States, the November tin imports from the Straits Settlements alone were valued at almost $6,000,000.

Not to Take South African Wool.

An end has been put to the proposition of having the British Government acquire the South African wool clip, as it has those of Australia and New Zealand. The American Consul General at Cape Town has sent this cable to the Department of Commerce on the subject: "British proposed wool purchase not realized, as stipulated minimum was not offered."

French Exports to This Country.

The total declared value of the exports from France to the United States and possessions during 1918 was $57,045,498, against $94,561,318 for 1917. The exports to continental United States were valued at $55,688,490 against $93,462,780 in 1917; to the Philippines, $1,273,724, against $955,074; Porto Rico, $85,418, against $141,110; Hawaii, no exports, against $1,449, and to the Virgin Islands, $867, against $905.

Italian Machinery Imports.

An association has been formed at Milan by the most important firms in Italy carrying on an import trade in industrial machinery and machine tools from allied countries. Its purpose is the study, protection, and promotion of all those interests appertaining to the importation of the articles mentioned.

The Merchant's Point of View

As the glamour of victory fades and the exaltation of feeling that goes with high emprise begins to subside, the commonplaces and every-day needs come to the fore. This is the condition which business in general is facing at the present. It is the prosaic that must be met—the cost of living which is typified by the loaf of bread. This is the determining factor in the purchasing power and buying inclination of the masses, upon which the whole business structure is reared. Behind the loaf of bread is the unground wheat, with a valuation fixed on it by the Government until the crop of 1920 is available of about one dollar a bushel in excess of its price in the world markets. The valuation fixes the price of the byproducts of the wheat, which are used for cattle feed, and in this way the cost of meats is enhanced. Every business man, no matter what his line, is convinced that there can be no real readjustment toward anything resembling normal until the wheat and the loaf of bread are put where they belong in the scale of prices, and that buying by the general public will lag until then. The high cost of living makes necessary a close scrutiny of expenditure by those of moderate means, who, in number, comprise the bulk of the people of these United States.

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Public to Bear the Brunt?

That producers in many lines are aware of the general public expectation, that prices must come down at once has been made evident since the signing of the armistice in different ways. They have endeavored to meet this very reasonable expectation by reductions, some of which appear very drastic when compared with levels in vogue while hostilities were on. But it takes quite a time before the consumer gets the advantage of the reductions, and he is clamorous for obtaining them immediately. Week before last, for instance, the wholesale price of butter took a sudden drop of 10 cents, and it has since gone down more, but the householder when he went to his grocer did not get the advantage of it. Cases of this kind, which have been fairly frequent, do not conduce to peacefulness of mind on the part of the public. One reason for this is that they are so different than what was promised and, consequently, expected. It was, of course, known that the first steps toward peace would bring about a fall in prices. This was announced by and to producers and dealers and reiterated from time to time. All were told that they must put aside reserves from their extra profits to offset whatever losses might accrue when the inevitable drop came. All were also warned not to stock up too much while prices were soaring. Many, if not most, heeded the warnings and were prepared to accept the losses of the readjustment period. But their courage seems to have failed some of them, and they are now trying to make the public "hold the bag." And they seem amazed that the public is reluctant to do this.

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Case of the Clothing Men.

Perhaps an extreme case of the futile hope of keeping up prices to the consumer is that of certain clothing manufacturers. At a convention in this city the other day they adopted a solemn memorandum expressing their belief that prices to the consumer next Fall would not be lower and might be higher. They were careful not to say that their prices would be as high as they are or would advance. Their utterance was for the purpose of giving encouragement to their customers, the retailers throughout the country, who are about reaching an anxious period. This Spring's clothing prices are to be higher than ever before, and the troublesome question is how the public will respond to them. Manufacturers have been making addresses to bodies of retailers in different parts of the country, trying, in most instances, to create the impression that, no matter what reductions there may be in other things, clothing prices must remain high. Last season, by insisting that there was a scarcity of wool and of fabrics, and that therefore prices of clothing must go up, they induced a number of retailers to stock up too much and at too high figures for their own good. In the smaller centres, particularly, stocks are still too large, and the retailers are in a quandary. So, to keep up their courage, the manufacturers indulge in the expression of a belief. But they are not unanimous in this regard. Thus, Alfred Decker of the firm of Alfred Decker & Cohn of Chicago told the West Virginia Retail Clothiers' Association the other day that people had been wearing their old clothes, and that "it only awaits the coming of lower prices to send the current into stores and turn all stocks of merchandise." He told his hearers to expect a drop in prices, and added: "As prices decline, costs will decline. The net result will be favorable to profits because, with the stimulus that lower prices will bring, volume will increase."

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Reasons for Lower Prices.

Even the clothing manufacturers had their doubts as to the maintenance of high prices for this Spring. They knew that the levels for fabrics had been boosted beyond what the facts justified, and were fearful that these could not be upheld. So they managed to get guarantees from the makers of the cloths that prices would not be reduced. It was not until this was done that they went on with their purchases. But the case for next Fall is somewhat different. The silly pretense of a lack of wool has had to be abandoned. The world never had as much wool as it has now, and the quantity of shoddy is almost immeasurable. As a result, wool prices have had to come down. The Government, which is so large a holder of the article, has been obliged to bring down its quotations to those of the British issue prices. This will compel the manufacturers of woolens to reduce the prices of fabrics for next Fall. Some time next month at the latest, these prices will be set, and the clothing manufacturers will do their best to get them down to the lowest notch. A cut of 33 per cent. or more is not unlikely. Even with less of a reduction it will be a difficult matter to justify high prices for clothing. The retailer, especially after the strenuous experience he is likely to have this Spring, will have no enthusiasm for loading up with goods at prices anywhere near the wartime levels of prices. Despite, therefore, the solemn belief of the clothing manufacturers, it is fairly safe to assume that next Fall's prices of garments will be lower.

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They Can't Buy So Much.

Quite a damper appears to have been put on the hopes of certain individuals in this country who believed the close of the war would afford them the opportunity to sell endless quantities of goods for use in clothing the peoples of France, Belgium, and other devastated countries and to provide the materials for reconstructing what had been destroyed. Several obstacles to these laudable ends have come to their notice. One of them is the lack of funds available to pay for the purchases. Another is the evident intention of the peoples in question to do what they can to rehabilitate their industries and, through the operation of these, to supply their own needs as far as possible, at the same time giving employment to their own workers. It is, of course, not settled in what form the indemnities they are to receive from Germany will be had, but it seems safe to assume that actual cash will play only a small part in this regard. The enforced labor of Germans in and out of the Fatherland, to provide raw materials such as coal and perhaps some finished products like certain kinds of machinery needed in factories, is likely to figure largely in the compensation. What the French and Belgians wish to accomplish as soon as possible is to get their industries in operation so that they may be able to get their artisans at work and not only provide for their own needs but also to take their place again as exporting nations. In the meantime, they are apt to buy only such things as are absolutely necessary. They are not afraid to wear old clothes for a while until their domestic industries are in a position to supply new ones—and, perhaps, for some time afterward. Thrift with them is natural, not acquired.

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Values of Cotton and Fabrics.

Doubtless much of the downward slide in cotton quotations during the last week was the result of speculative activity. But some of it, at least, was due to the belief that the price of this article must come down in accord with the general trend of values. Decreased consumption in mills due to the slackening in the demand for cotton goods is another factor. At best it is a hard proposition to try and keep up inflated values for any raw material, and this can only be maintained when demand is active. Apparently one phase of this is being carefully taken into account in the cotton-growing districts, where they are trying to organize a $12,000,000 corporation to look after the marketing of the next cotton crop and see that it is fed out only as it is called for. The goods market is having problems of its own. Declining prices have brought out only a limited demand for fabrics, while the mills are being served with notice of further demands by their workpeople. Most of the trading has been confined to this and next month's deliveries, the uncertainties in the situation not being conducive to forward ordering. Guarantees against price reductions are being taken advantage of. This is especially true in regard to knit goods. The makers of the latter, as an organization, have not agreed upon this course, but have left it optional with each manufacturer to do as he pleases. And the result is that each one is giving the guarantee where it is necessary to get the business.

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As to Wool and Woolens.

At the Government wool auctions in Philadelphia during the last week, better prices were realized, although the number of withdrawals continues to be large. The better kinds are the ones sought. If this keeps up there will be at the finish a lot of stuff on which the Government will have to take a large loss in order to get rid of it. At any rate the one great advantage resulting from the change in policy in the selling of wool has been to let domestic manufacturers get the raw material at the prices which prevail in Great Britain, now the world market for it. A sop has been thrown to the domestic wool growers in the announcement that all sales of wool owned by the Government which would compete with the home product will be discontinued between July 1 and Nov. 1. This is for the avowed purpose of not hurting the price of the domestic wools. It is a proceeding of doubtful expediency, since foreign wools may come in freely during the period. The goods market is showing little signs of life as yet. Samples for the next heavyweight season have been made up for both men's and women's wear, but little has been shown or disposed of. There is apt to be some delay before the mills are prepared to fix prices, and the cutters-up are not yet ready to enter into commitments. The mills are facing labor difficulties which may yet seriously curtail output, as they express the determination not to yield to the demand for an eight-hour day. As it is, most of them are only running on part time and some of them have not quite become readjusted to the civilian demand. There ought to be a clearing of the situation within the next two or three weeks.

RECEIVED BY THE MAIL ORDER MAN

How Various People Express Themselves in Telling of the Goods They Want.

Funny things happen in the mail order business, and the person whose duty it is to receive the orders often finds great amusement in the work.

For example, a certain well-meaning but misguided woman writes as follows: "Please send me two pounds of cake like sample inclosed." The "sample" inclosed in the communication was found to be a few dried-up crumbs.

The writer had evidently inclosed a piece of cake, proceeded to mail it, but by the time the registering machine got through with the letter and the time elapsed in the mail, the cake was transformed into a few stale, brittle crumbs.

Another lady, evidently with a keen imagination and much maternal pride, inclosed the photograph of a little girl, and asked that a hat be sent her which would become the owner of the photograph, specifying also, "the likeness was a decided blonde."

Here are anger and politeness:

"Dear Sirs: I receeve de stove which I by from you alright, but for why don't you send me no feet what is de use of de stove when he don't have no feet.

"What is de matter with you, is not my trade mondys so good like anoder man's, you are a fools no good I send you back at once your stove tomorro. Yours respectfuile.

"P. S. Since I rite you dis letter I find de feet in de oven excuse to me".

Here is a new contribution to the controversy as to what constitutes a family of proper size: "You put some shoe on my little families like this, and send in haste: one man, Jean St. Jean (me), 43 years; one woman Sophie St. Jean (she) 41 years; Hermedes and Lenore, 18 years; Olive, 14 years; Philippa, 12 years; Alexander, 12 years, Rosina, 11 years, Eugene, we lose him; Edouard and Elisa, 7 years; Adrien, 6 years; Camilla, 5 years; Zoel, 4 years; Joseph, 3 years; Moise, 2 years; Muriel, 1 year; Hilaire, he go barefoot.

"How Much?"

Another amusing order came from a little girl, evidently of foreign birth:

"Dear Gentlemen: I am a little girl, 12 years old, who came here from Italy two years ago and never yet bought any American clothes. I now want latest style American dress. Please send me, haste by mail, price of how much money I must give you to be dressed just like nice little American girl. I expect with pleasure your answer."

A lady, ordering a cap, sends the following: "Please send me a cap for my husband. His collars are size 16, and I should judge he would wear about an 18 or 20 cap."

Recently a most fastidious young gentleman ordered a pair of overalls. When secured he found therein the name of the sewing girl who made the garments. He promptly wrote her a letter with all the gush necessary in such a case, and in due time received a reply, which, however, was void of the romance usual in such cases. Here it is:

"I am a working girl, it is true, but I make a good living and do not care to support a husband, as I must do if I married some silly noodle who gets mashed on a girl he never saw and who gets her name by ordering a pair of 47-cent overalls by mail order."

A gentleman in the rural district wrote to the mail department for a pair of shoes, stating he wished a shoe with wide, square toes. Not having this style on hand (which was somewhat out of date) the concern in question wrote the gentleman as follows:

"We have your order for a pair of square-toed shoes.

"Permit us to state that these shoes are considerable out of date and are not being worn at the present time. We would suggest that you let us send you a pair of narrow, pointed-toed shoes, as these are the latest and we think they would suit you to perfection."

In reply came this letter:

"Gentlemen: Your letter received recommending narrow-pointed shoes. Note with interest you state they are being worn this season. This may possibly be true, but permit me to advise you I am still wearing my last season's feet."

IN THE HOSIERY TRADE.

Just Now Disturbed by Cancellations and Labor Troubles.

It was said in the hosiery trade yesterday by one of the local jobbers that the present situation is very peculiar. The general tendency on the part of the retailers is to depress the prices of merchandise and, as it appears, as though the prices must come down, they are canceling orders that were confirmed for Spring delivery. The average dealer accepts these cancellations, even though it is not good business, as he fears the loss of an account, perhaps a valuable one, in case the cancellation should not be accepted.

The jobber further stated that the cost of production has not decreased since the end of the war. In fact, there is now a strike taking place in Philadelphia where a good deal of the better grade of hosiery is manufactured. The knitters are demanding an increase of 25 per cent. in salary and an eight-hour day. It has been calculated by experts that an eight-hour day means a loss of one month's production in a year as compared with the present schedule. It would seem, therefore, that in this particular branch of the industry a reduction in price would mean profitless selling, and this is not likely to happen. On the contrary, in the near future an advance in the price of full fashioned hosiery may be looked for. The manufacturers of seamless hosiery are also facing serious labor disturbances, and a strike in this branch is likewise threatened unless at least the eight-hour day is agreed to.

TO PROTECT ITALIAN SILK.

State Agency Established to Stabilize Market Prices.

According to the bulletin of the Canadian Department of Trade and Commerce, a Central Silk Trade Office has been established in Italy under State control. Its function will be to protect the interests of this Italian trade. It will have charge of all purchases—at fixed prices—and sales of silk produced from the native silkworm.

The central office will be located with the Banca d'Italia in Rome, whose general manager is the President of the new organization, and two branch offices will be operated at Turin and Milan in connection with the same bank. It is stated in the press that the silk stocks in the country are fast accumulating in view of the restrictions on export trade and the difficulties connected therewith; and with the existing disparity of prices between Asiatic and Italian silk, Italian manufacturers are reported to be buying Chinese and Japanese varieties. It is believed that the office referred to has been created to better this situation and stabilize the market.

Variety in Gray Goods Sales.

A little more variety marked the dealings in the local gray goods market yesterday, though not much strength was shown. There were no large sales, but fair quantities of different constructions were disposed of, the sellers including both first and second hands. The deliveries were for the next two or three weeks. In printcloths, 39-inch 80 squares went at 15 cents, and the same width in 72-76s and 68-72s sold at 14 and 13½ cents respectively. Thirty-eight-an-a-half-inch 84-60s and 60-48s sold at 9¾ and 8¾ cents, respectively. Sales of 36-inch 5.50-yard sheetings were reported at 9¼ cents, and a fair share of gauze goods were also disposed of.

WHAT THE HAT MAN SAYS.

Chances of the Silk Tile for Men and Styles for Women.

President's Wilson's trip abroad may have the direct effect of bringing up the silk hat trade, says the head man in one of the firms doing a business in an exclusive line of men's and women's hats.

"It is all a question of dress," said he. "The President's trip will probably result in many functions over here. Men will put on their dress suits, they will want silk hats and they will have a devil of a time to get them and they will have to pay for them. We don't know just how the price will run, perhaps $120 a dozen, and men will pay $15 for hats they used to get for $8.

"The silk hat business for some time has been one of the things of the past. The Saturday before Easter in 1909, we brushed 626 silk hats in one retail store. That meant 626 men. We used to do a business of a quarter of a million dollars a year in silk hats. Last year we sold nine. Everybody in the trade knows that the silk hat makers who were expert workers have dropped out of the business. If our business in that line should be tripled or quardupled, we would not know how to handle it.

"A man comes in and buys a hat at retail now and that is the last we see of him. At one time a man would buy a silk hat and decide he needed a few others. Now he buys his one soft hat, looks it over at home, sends it around the corner to be cleaned, and puts it on again."

Business in the exclusive hat trade for men and women is reported good, people buying at any price, and shipments scheduled for February hurried up for January to meet the big demand for an early supply. There is nothing new in the straw hats which will be worn in the Summer. They were all made under the Government restrictions and there has been no change as yet. It is reported that the stiff hats for men may come in again. Tailored hats for women have been strong during the last two years. Whether the fact that the many women wearing uniforms have looked well in the trig styles will result in the continued wearing of the simple hat or whether there will be a reaction of favor of furbelows and more fluffy styles no one knows, the hat man says, except the wind which blows public opinion, and it can never be told where that comes from or which way it will go.

Damasks and Tapestries Going.

The sale of damasks and tapestries in the local jobbing trade has been steadily increasing during the past week. The demand for these fabrics has been greatly stimulated by the furniture trade, which is using large quantities in connection with the new Spring lines. Orders that have been received from the West are well in proportion to those of last year, and a good volume of business is being obtained by the men on the road. The orders that are being taken in the local trade are not so large, but they are being duplicated very often.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Leader Mercantile Company of Minneapolis is now represented here by the Jay Company, resident buyers, of 404 Fifth Avenue and 106 Grand Street.

H. Herrman, Sternbach & Co. moved yesterday to new and larger quarters on the third floor of 23 and 25 East Twenty-sixth Street, the increased space being needed for their expanding business.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.: C. E. Diehl, women's underwear, infants' wear, 1,150 Broadway. Latham.

BONHAM, Tex.—Graham & Caldwell Co.: L. K. Crawford, gen'l mdse, carpets, rugs, Aberdeen.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.: H. Neal, rugs, carpets, 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Hexter Lining Co.: C. M. Hexter, linings, 1,140 Broadway.

DALLAS—Sanger Bros; Miss E. Lowe, millinery; R. L. Copening, cotton piece goods, 19 E. 24th.

DULUTH, Minn.—Duluth Glass Block Store; C. H. Depps, shoes, 200 5th Av, Latham.

FORT WORTH—Monnig D. G. Co.: O. E. Wandry, general mdse, 1,150 Broadway.

HELENA, Mon.—Sande Bros. D. G. Co.: L. A. Cohen, ready to wear, 1,150 Broadway, Holland House.

HOUSTON, Tex.—W. C. Munn Co.: C. Ries, ready to wear, 1,150 B'way, Somerset.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.: C. E. Sharon, fancy goods; R. W. Miller, notions, 220, 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mere Co.: J. J. West, house furnishing goods, 2 West 37th.

PEORIA—J. H. Roth Co.: J. H. Roth, crockery, glassware, Navarre.

PROVIDENCE—Gladding D. G. Co.: Miss C. T. Mansell, ready to wear, 200 5th Av.

SEATTLE—Frederick & Nelson; J. D. Zahrt, silks, dress goods, 400 4th Av., Breslin.

WACO—Sanger Bros.: Miss T. Ulman, millinery, 19 East 24th.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

CHECKS Wanted. — Bochman's 18575, also black, white velour checks. J. J. Ludwig & Co., 138 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring delmans, capes, and sport coats, high grade only. Call fourth floor, Kaye Building, Madison Av. and 30th St., (30th St. entrance.)

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

LININGS.—Silk and cotton; special designs, suitable for coat and suit trade. Adelson-Ullman, Franklin 855.

SERGE, 54289, in tan and green; will sell cheap, or exchange for navy. Phone Farragut 2190.

Allied Industries.

For sale, clothing racks and coat hangers. Call 906 Broadway, 19th floor.

FUR.—Cuttings and remnants. Maison Bernard, 734 6th Av., city.

LINES WANTED.

Selling organization covering entire country, with showroom in N. Y., is looking for lines such as bloomers, sweaters, wearing apparel or notion specialties, to be sold in large quantities to jobbing trade. L 200 Times.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN wanted for New York City and Brooklyn, one having New York office preferred to handle well-known line of bungalow aprons and apron dresses; must have acquaintance with buyers of muslin underwear; commission basis. Apply direct to Stirling Mfg. Co., Oswego, N. Y.

SALESMAN who calls on leather goods trade to carry side line of fancy cotton lining; no experience of cotton goods necessary; commission basis. B 351 Times.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTOR wanted on men's pajamas. Phone Rickman, Stuyvesant 1097.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN.

Fast growing house, specialising on novelty capes and suits, able to take on additional business, is open for representation; prefer a man at present handling high grade dress line or kindred line, who will handle our line in conjunction; an opportunity which comes once in a lifetime; commission basis; strictly confidential; write for appointment. Isaac Lefkowits, 45 West 27th.

RESIDENT BUYER

wanted, by manufacturer specializing capes an' suits, better grade merchandise, popular prices; employ no road salesmen; all territories open; opportunity; commission basis; strictly confidential. D. D., 122 Times.

SALESMAN to sell a popular priced line of infants' dresses and coats through New England States; commission basis; state references. B. F., 605 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly competent; executive, sales, constructive abilities; moderate salary; references. G 29 Times.

ASSISTANT BUYER.—Ten years' department store experience, cotton dress goods, linens, blankets and domestics; honorably discharged; can take full charge of department. K 225 Times.

SALESMAN.—Dress silk house, making an up-to-date line of high-grade silks, every number a leader, is looking for representatives over the following territories: Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, Boston and the East, Middle West, Northwest, New York State and Pennsylvania, and the entire South; commission basis only and no objection to other non-conflicting lines; acquaintance with silk buyers essential. Address, stating full particulars as to past, present connections, Y 231 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, with following on Pacific Coast, wishes to connect with large wholesale jobbing house; thoroughly experienced in general lines; A1 references. G 768 Times Downtown.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN, going West, wants latest quick-money novelties, all lines; hurry. A 179 Times.

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Years of intensive experience in manufacturing quality merchandise and application of the Golden Rule in our business practice are reasons why our thousands of customers recognize us as

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An enviable leadership which we continue to successfully maintain in our

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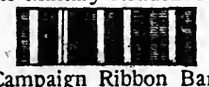

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621 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1364 Spring.

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A. E. Nathan Co., Inc., 66-72 Leonard St., N. Y.

Nearlinen — THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE
British Manufacture
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York.

IDOLA FABRICS — Henry Glass & Co. 44-46-48 White St.

Do you want a successful representative in Philadelphia and surrounding territory?

I have represented two large concerns nearly 30 years.

Owing to possible prohibition am looking for other lines. Have complete office equipment and thorough selling organization. Will finance myself. Can furnish highest class bank and other references. Address Y 215 Times Annex.

Agencies for Canada

American Manufacturers looking for Business in Canada should write, with full particulars, Dominion Import Co., 1 St. Lawrence Boulevard, Montreal.

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—Fifty-Five Million Dollars

Of Accounts Purchased by Us In 1918.

OUR VOLUME
1913—6 Months $9,004,843
1914 $9,413,700
1915 $13,011,386
1916 $17,581,756
1917 $35,981,872
1918 $51,978,171
1919 $55,421,258

Is it reasonable that responsible Manufacturers and Wholesalers would have voluntarily sold us $55,421,258 of Accounts in 1918 if it had not been profitable to them? We have no requirements as to time or volume.

You have Accounts Receivable only because you can't sell your merchandise for cash. What is the real difference if you sell merchandise on account and then sell the Accounts for cash, if you can make more money by doing so? The cash is of the same use to you whether received from the sale of merchandise for cash or on account.

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We only solicit Manufacturers and Wholesalers worth $20,000 to over $1,000,000 whom we can trust to collect the accounts they sell us, so as to avoid disturbing their customers with notices. Their customers, their banking connections and their business organization are not disturbed in dealing with us.

Let us show you how to turn your profit-less Accounts into cash working capital—and at the expense of others.

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Cash Capital $2,250,000 Surplus $450,000
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Put Your Business On a Cash Basis

What would it mean to you if all your transactions were for cash? If you could take advantage of all discounts, receive your money from customers as soon as goods were shipped, thus keeping your capital working ALL the time instead of being tied up on open accounts?

You can accomplish this—at once—by availing yourself of the service offered by the Manufacturers' Finance Company. We buy your accounts receivable (not past due) and all shipments as soon as made, thus converting your book assets into cash which is immediately available for further expansion of your business.

This service is CONFIDENTIAL, as you collect the accounts for us in your usual way without disturbing your relations with your customers or interfering with your other financial arrangements.

Progressive manufacturers who have sold us their accounts for years testify that our service has strengthened their credit, increased their margins of profit, speeded up turnover and enabled them to expand their volume of business WITHOUT INCREASING THEIR CAPITAL.

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Let us send you more complete details—there is no red tape about availing yourself of the many advantages of our service

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Represented in all principal cities.
The oldest non-notification company in entire East and South.

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No "red tape" and strictest confidence.

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Jacob Rosenstock
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

CIT

The Question of Profit

Cost
Overhead—Fixed Expense
Selling Price

PROFIT	is the object of business.
SELLING PRICE	in excess of Cost, Overhead and Fixed Expense determines gross profits.
IF	your overhead and fixed expense can be distributed over a larger volume than you now do, you automatically lessen the average cost of your merchandise.
INCREASE IN VOLUME	therefore gives you two clear gains: 1st—the new profit on the increase. 2nd—the additional profit on the old volume.
USUAL TERMS OF SALE	means that your customer controls the time of payment and makes your Capital absolutely idle for you until he decides to pay.
OUR PLAN	of cashing your accounts immediately frees your capital for a new turnover—your volume increases—your overhead and fixed expense do not—your selling price is the same and profits increase. On a thirty-day turnover an increase of $100,000 in a year's volume costs $1,000.
BECAUSE	the total expense is 1-30 of 1% per day (1% per month) figured to the exact number of days until payment—no commissions, no exchange.

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TO SELL RARE BOOKS AT COMING AUCTION

Collection from the Townsend Library Includes Many Original Cruikshank Drawings.

THE ARTISTS REPRESENTED

Many Examples of the Work of Rowlandson, Gilliray, Aiken, John Leech, and Others.

The notable and extensive collection of illustrated books and caricatures from the library of J. Barton Townsend of Philadelphia, including original issues of the books of Isaac, George, and Robert Cruikshank, Thomas Rowlandson, James Gilliray, Henry Aiken, John Leech, and others will be sold at the American Art Galleries on Feb. 4, 5, and 6. It comprises one of the finest collections of its kind ever offered at public sale in America. Many of the volumes are in full morocco or calf bindings by Riviere, Tout, Zachusdorf, Sangorski, Sutcliffe, Larkins, and Root. A large number are in the original bindings, while a few are in the original parts or wrappers as issued.

Joseph Adshead's "Prisons and Prisoners," London, 1845, first edition, has an etched frontispiece, "Newgate—Prison Discipline," by George Cruikshank. Henry Aiken is represented, among other items, by "Real Life in Ireland," and an original drawing in colors, "Life as It Is; or, Jack's Wedding Day," signed by the artist. Angelo's "Highland Broadsword Exercise," London, Jan. 20, 1799, first edition, has six colored aquatint pictures by Thomas Rowlandson. Richard H. Barham's "Ingoldsby Legends," first edition, has nineteen etchings, eight of which are by George Cruikshank and the remainder by John Leech.

"The Naval and Military Exploits, Which Have Distinguished the Reign of George the Fourth," by J. Austin, London, 1820, is a work of unusual interest to the American collector, more than 200 pages relating to the American Revolution and the War of 1812.

"The Bon Ton Magazine," London, 1818-21, is one of the scarcest periodicals of the time. George Cruikshank is believed to have executed some of the unsigned plates, as he illustrated, for the same publisher, the rare "Table Talk" and "The Scourge." "The Contrast," London, 1787, with etchings by Isaac Cruikshank, has the following pencilled note by J. H. Brunton on the front endpaper: "The first book illustrated by a Cruikshank. The only copy known to me, probably unique." "Swearing in at Highgate in 1796" is an original sepia drawing by Isaac Cruikshank. "The Martyrdom of Louis XVI., King of France," is a proof impression before letters, colored, with the title, line of quotation, and publisher's line, and an autograph of Isaac Cruikshank. "The Dance of Death Modernized," designed by G. M. Woodward, etched by I. Cruikshank, is his original impression of this rare caricature.

The books illustrated by George Cruikshank include "The Impostor Unmasked," London, 1806; "The Beggar's Opera," London, 1810; "The Scourge," London; 1811-15, a fine set of one of the rarest of all works illustrated by him; "The Conundrum," London, 1812; "The Annals of Gallantry," London, 1814-15, the first and only edition of this work; William Combe's "Life of Napoleon," London, 1815, first edition; "The Whim-sical Song Book for 1814," one of the rarest of all Cruikshank items; "The Humorist," London, 1819-20, first edition; David Carey's "Life in Paris," London, 1822, first edition; "The Death Fetch," London, 1826, unique copy from the Truman collection; "The Dolphin," London, 1827, Cruikshank's own copy; W. H. Ireland's "Life of Napoleon Bonaparte," Cruikshank's issue of this precious work; "The Comic Almanack," London, 1835-53, first edition of each volume; "More Hints on Etiquette," by Charles Dickens, London, 1858, a presentation copy from Cruikshank to W. H. Merle.

There are also "The Gipsy Mother," London, 1840, unknown to Douglas, Marchmont, Cohn, and Reid; "George Cruikshank's Omnibus," London, 1841-42, fine copy of the first edition as issued in the original parts; Sir Francis B. Head's "The Emigrant," London, 1846, first edition; "Stop Thief!" London, 1851, first edition, presentation copy from Cruikshank; complete set of the "Fairy Library," one of the finest ever offered at public sale in America; "A Slice of Bread and Butter," London, 1837, first edition, Cruikshank's own copy with manuscript corrections in his handwriting; "The Worship of Bacchus," London, 1865, from Lord Wexborough's library; Cruikshank's "Alphabet of Oddities," London, undated, unknown to all bibliographers, no copy in the British Museum, and "The Bottle," London, undated, fine copy of this rare issue.

Among original drawings by George Cruikshank are "Bang-Up-Random," with unpublished water color drawing; "The Horrid Murder of Elizabeth Beasmore," pen-and-ink sketch, and pencil sketch representing Cruikshank's godson, and autograph letter. Included in his political caricatures and etchings are: "Little Boney Gone to Pot," "The Mother's Girl," "The Funeral Procession of the Ranys," illustrations of the reign of George III., "Coriolanus addressing the Plebeians," from the collection of Mrs. Cruikshank; "The Modern Hannibal," "The Theatrical Atlas," "A Bus in a Box; or, The Poet in a Pub, with a Chip of the Block," and "All the World a Stage."

Included in the books illustrated by the joint efforts of George Cruikshank and his brother Robert, and etchings with autograph inscription by George identifying each work as his own or Robert's, are: "The Fashionable Swindler," 1812; "The Busy Body," "The British Stage," Pierce Egan's "Life in London," Egan's "Finish to Adventures of Tom, Jerry, and Logic," 1830, and "London Characters," London, undated. Among the books illustrated by Robert Cruikshank are "Lessons of Thrift," London, 1830; "Tom and Jerry in France," 1820; "The Wit's Album," first edition; "Wonder of the World," 1822; C. M. Westmacott's "English Spy," London, 1825-26; "The Old Sailor's Jolly Boat," "Chronicle of the Bastile," "The Miller and His Men," London, circa, 1832. There are a large number of drawings and aquatint engravings by Robert Cruikshank; caricatures by him relative to Maria Foote, the actress, and her friends; to the troubles between Queen Caroline and George IV.; to British politics, the Catholic question, song birds, dandies, sporting, domestic and social scenes.

Besides the three Cruikshanks noted above, there are a few examples of the work of Percy Cruikshank, the son of Robert, and of George Cruikshank, Jr., the son of Percy. The latter at first signed his plates "George Cruikshank, Jr.," but in order to do away with the confusion created by this he changed the same, at the request of the great George, assumed his mother's family name, and signed himself "George Calvert Cruikshank."

Of equal importance with the Cruikshank collection is that section containing examples of the celebrated caricaturist, Thomas Rowlandson, whose compositions, as represented herein, comprise the most extensive series of books and caricatures by his hand ever offered at public sale in America. This section comprises 198 different items or groups of subjects, commencing with the first book illustrated by him, and including a large proportion of the more noteworthy and finer examples of his work, while his original water color work and sketches are represented by four different subjects and a volume of collected sketches.

The Napoleonic caricatures in color comprise more than 100 different subjects, illustrative of the wars of Bonaparte, and satirizing the great Emperor and the French people from 1799 to the downfall of Napoleon in 1814. They are by Isaac and George Cruikshank, James Gilliray, Thomas Rowlandson, and others.

The great caricaturist of the latter eighteenth and early nineteenth centuries, James Gilliray, is represented by several collections of his satirical and humorous prints, illustrative of the time of George III. In this art he had no rival; the exquisite tact with which he seized upon points, both in politics and manners, most open to ridicule, is only equaled by the consummate skill and art with which he satirized them. Most of his work was etched at once upon the original copper without a previous drawing, his only guide being sketches of the characters made on small pieces of card, which he always carried with him.

Among other illustrations are found examples of the work of H. Bunbury, William Heath, H. K. Browne, "Phiz," Robert Seymour, and G. Woodward.

Week's Service Board Hearings.

Godfrey Goldmark, chief counsel of the Public Service Commission, has announced that during the week the commission will hold public hearings in relation to the power and servce of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, of the adequacy of the service furnished by the New York and North Shore Traction Company, and concerning the service, equipment, &c., of the surface lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. There will also be hearings in relation to the service of the Brooklyn Borough Gas Company, the Brooklyn Edison Company and on an application of the City Island Motor Bus Company for authority to issue $8,000 of capital stock.

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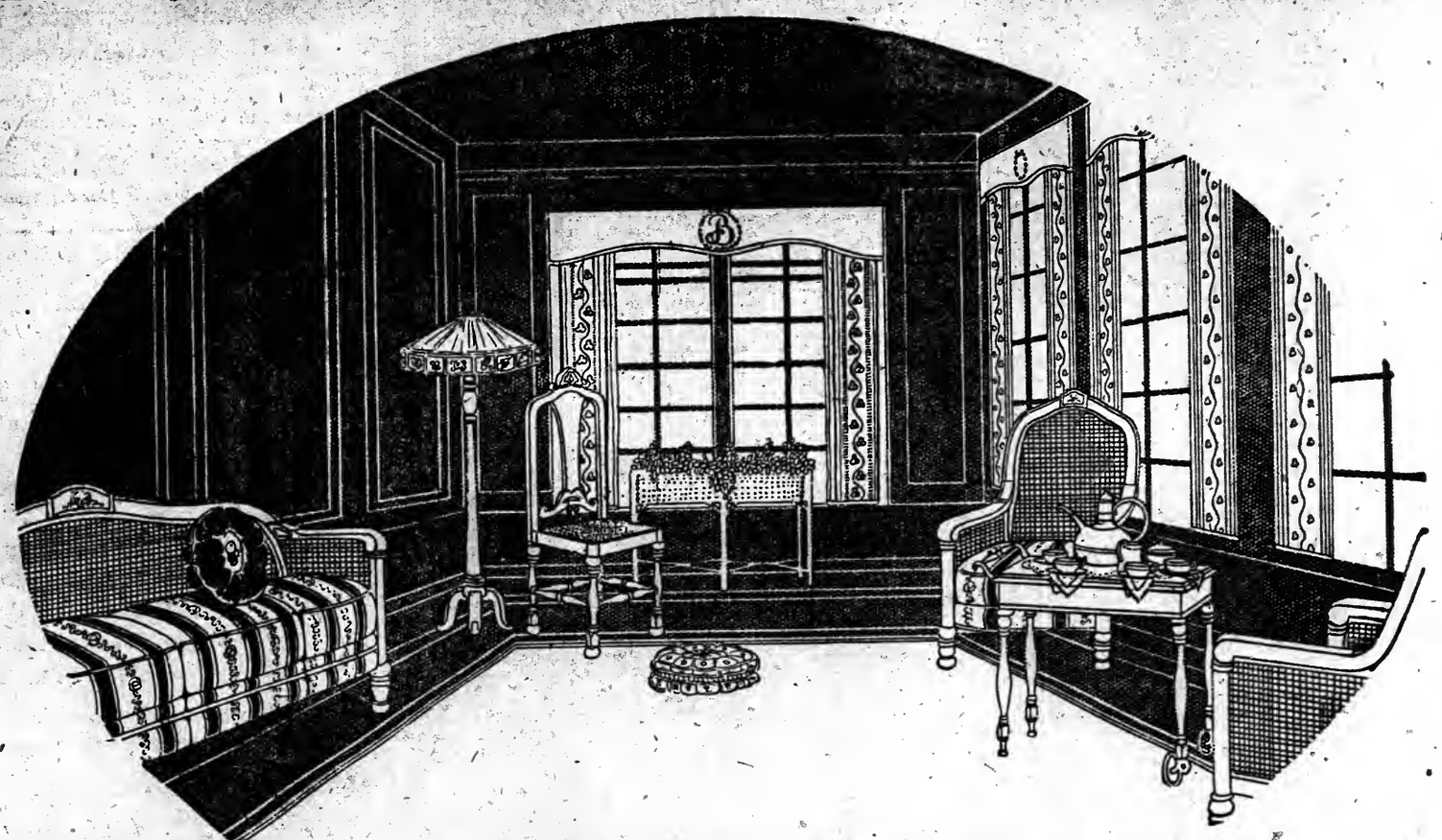

Full Speed Ahead : The Mid-Winter Sale of

GOOD FURNITURE

LAST week we told you that only our own regular stock of furniture was included in the sale. But we can't say that today—not by a jugful. As a matter of fact the unprecedented selling of the past week would have played havoc with our assortments had we not filled up the gaps with new goods. Be assured, however, that the reinforcements are of the true Bloomingdale standard—goods which we had on re-order and which have now been rushed to the front. In every case they have been marked exactly the same prices as were their counterparts in the early days of the sale.

LIBRARY TABLES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$45.00	Mahogany Library Table	$39.75
$38.75	Mahogany Davenport Table	$33.75
$50.00	Mahogany Davenport Table (Colonial)	$43.75
$38.00	Mahogany 8 leg base Library Table	$33.25
$19.75	Mahogany Library Table, Adam design	$17.25
$33.00	Mahogany Library Table, Adam design	$28.75
$27.50	Walnut Davenport Table	$24.00
$51.50	Walnut Davenport Table	$45.00
$28.00	Mahogany Library Table	$24.50
$54.00	Mahogany Davenport Table	$47.25
$44.00	Mahogany Davenport Table with drop leaf at either end	$38.50

BEDROOM SUITES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$222.75	4-piece Walnut	$178.25
$346.00	Gray Enamel Suite	$299.75
$190.50	4-piece Walnut	$150.00
$395.00	5-piece Ivory Finish	$299.00
$145.00	3-piece Ivory Finish	$99.75
$325.00	4-piece Ivory Suite	$269.00
$186.00	4-piece Ivory Finish	$150.00
$269.25	4-piece Walnut	$219.00
$269.25	4-piece Ivory Finish	$219.00
$164.50	4-piece Walnut	$123.00
$164.50	4-piece Mahogany	$123.00
$164.50	4-piece Ivory Finish	$123.00
$197.50	4-piece Walnut	$155.25
$197.50	4-piece Mahogany	$155.25
$226.25	4-piece Walnut	$178.75
$226.25	4-piece Mahogany	$178.75
$226.25	4-piece Ivory Finish	$178.25
$119.00	4-piece Walnut	$99.25
$119.00	4-piece Mahogany	$99.25
$119.00	4-piece Ivory Finish	$99.25

ODD CHAIRS & ROCKERS

Reduced from		Reduced to
$30.00	Velour Arm Chair, overstuffed	$25.00
$35.00	Velour Arm Chair, overstuffed	$25.00
$49.75	Damask Wing Chair	$30.00
$30.00	Tapestry Rocker, overstuffed, with loose cushion seat	$25.00
$45.00	Damask Arm Chair	$30.00
$36.75	Damask Wing Chair	$25.00
$30.00	Velour Rocker, overstuffed	$19.75
$30.00	Damask Rocker, overstuffed	$25.00
$32.00	Velour Rocker, overstuffed	$25.00
$35.00	Tapestry Rocker, with loose cushion seat	$30.00
$35.00	Tapestry Rocker, cushion seat	$30.00
$25.00	Imitation Leather Arm Chair	$19.75
$45.00	Genuine Leather Arm Chair	$35.00
$43.00	Genuine Leather Arm Chair	$35.00
$65.00	Genuine Leather Arm Chair	$45.00
$43.00	Tapestry overstuffed Wing Arm Chair, with loose cushion seat	$35.00
$30.00	Velour Arm Chair, cushion seat	$19.75
$17.95	Imitation Leather Arm Chair	$15.00

LIBRARY SUITES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$330.00	3-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$225.00
$385.00	3-piece Damask Overstuffed Suite	$295.00
$366.00	3-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$275.00
$130.00	3-piece Damask Suite, cane sides and back	$99.75
$164.00	3-piece Damask Suite, cane sides and back, 1 bolster, 2 pillows	$129.00
$197.75	3-piece Solid Mahogany Frames Tapestry Suite	$155.00
$225.00	3-piece Tapestry Overstuffed Suite	$198.00
$214.50	3-piece Damask Suite, with loose cushion seat, 3 pillows, 1 bolster	$175.00
$295.00	3-piece Damask Suite, with loose cushion seat, 2 pillows, 1 bolster	$200.00
$165.00	3-piece Damask Suite, cane sides and back	$125.00
$225.00	3-piece Damask Suite, loose cushion seats	$175.00

DINING ROOM SUITES

Reduced from		Reduced to
$211.25	10-piece American Walnut	$180.25
$211.25	10-piece Jacobean	$180.25
$211.25	10-piece Golden Oak	$180.25
$259.25	10-piece Walnut	$191.75
$259.25	10-piece Jacobean	$191.75
$259.25	10-piece Golden Oak	$191.75
$248.25	10-piece Walnut	$191.75
$155.00	10-piece American Walnut Finish	$135.00
$295.00	10-piece Mahogany	$236.00
$450.00	10-piece Walnut	$395.00
$149.75	10-piece Mahogany	$134.75
$353.00	10-piece Jacobean	$275.00
$274.00	9-piece Jacobean	$219.20

BEDS AND BEDDING

Reduced from		Reduced to
$28.50	Continuous Post Brass Bedstead; any finish or size desired	$19.75
$18.50	Metal Bed, with metal cane panel	$14.50
$16.25	Square Tube Bed, in ivory or white enamel	$13.75
$17.00	Continuous Square Tube Bed, in ivory or white	$14.95

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GROUP 1—HERATI RUGS

To one who knows rugs the name "Herati" stands for all that is artistic and decorative without being bizarre. This collection includes exquisite Chinese, Persian and Turkish designs on blue, tan, rose or gray grounds.

Size	Sale Price	Size	Sale Price	Size	Sale Price
9 x12	$85.00	6 x 9	55.00	36 x 63	14.95
8.3x10	79.00	4.6x7.6	$31.50	27 x 54	9.25

GROUP 2—ARTLOOM RUGS

These are the finest products of the well known Artloom Mills—Roubaux grade—which means that they have delightful simplicity and beautiful color. Most of them are in plain colors (tan, gray, blue, brown, taupe, old rose), with shaded or Chinese borders.

Size	Sale Price	Size	Sale Price	Size	Sale Price
9 x12	$75.00	6 x9	$40.00	36x63	$11.50
8.3x10.6	69.00	4.6x7.6	29.00	27x54	8.00

GROUP 3—ROYAL WILTONS

These Royal and seamless Almeda Wiltons are shown in effectively designed and colored Chinese and Persian patterns. The range is wide enough to assure a satisfactory choice for any interior.

Size	Sale Price	Size	Sale Price
9 x12	$61.75	4.6x7.6	$22.00
8.3x10.6	59.50	36x63	10.75
6 x9	35.00	27x54	6.75

GROUP 4—SEVERAL KINDS

Sanford's Beauvais, Smith's Kerman, Bigelow's Electra or Brentmore Axminsters—these are the names in Group 4. They're well known for wearing quality (one glance will second this statement) and for the richness of the colorings.

Size	Sale Price	Size	Sale Price
9 x12	$44.50	7.6x9	$29.75
8.3x10.6	39.75	6 x9	24.75

GROUP 5—SEAMLESS AXMINSTERS

Alexander Smith's Seamless Rugs are too well known to require any introduction. But a word may be said for this particular group. There are Oriental and Persian patterns in attractive color combinations. And read the prices:

Size	Sale Price	Size	Sale Price
9 x12	$35.00	7.6x9	$24.75
8.3x10.6	32.00	6 x9	19.50

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The New York Times.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 26, 1919.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, SUNDAY, JAN. 26, 1919.

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Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Newark.....816 Broad Street
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Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
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THE LEAGUE FOR RIGHT.

There can be no doubt that the world league has advanced in practicality during the last week. It is equally sure that it has advanced in that respect at the sacrifice of extreme pretensions by some of its foremost promoters. What is emerging from the conflict of ideas resembles more a court than a parliament. That is because there has been found more need for enforcing what law there is than for making new law. There even has been found good opinion of jurists that there is law for the punishment of the Kaiser for crimes done in the name of war, but contrary to the laws of war, and therefore not excused by hostilities. There are specific questions before the Allies demanding immediate settlement, and the means for enforcing the decisions of the Allies already exist. In the present situation there is something which distinguishes it from previous occasions in which the Allies have enforced their wills in Europe, and which likens it to the settlement of our civil war.

That was an unconditional surrender to written law in our Constitution. This is to be a settlement according to unwritten law recognized by the practice of all worthy to be included in the league of civilization. In form Germany surrendered to military force, but it was the weapon of those who themselves bow to the same law as that imposed upon its violators. There are not two laws, one for Germany's punishment and another for the Allies' profit. There is but one world law, and for the first time it is to be enforced in the Old World as a mandate of conscience as well as of cannon. The Allies are to enforce justice, not their wills. Their reward will come from future peace more than from the parting of the raiment of the sinners. Interests are not the chief motive, force of any league to which the United States is a party. As President WILSON said at Manchester, "Interest does not bind men together. Interest separates men. Only one thing can bind men together, and that is common devotion to right."

The utterances of the last week on both sides the ocean illustrate these points. The British plan calls for a big navy to keep the seas free. The French plan calls for big armies to keep the peace on land. The league to enforce law would be a comparative failure if the world were to be burdened with war debts, and with the pre-war costs of armament, too. Nor could the league to enforce law enact laws compelling disarmament, for it has no right to make laws. But if it enforces existing laws the questions of land and water forces may be left to the future. The nations will disarm as soon they think they safely may, and there is nothing to fear from armies and navies used according to the law of right. Accordingly, the idea of an armed league to enforce world law has fallen into the background for two reasons. As Lord ROBERT CECIL said, the world is not ready for a rigid system of preserving peace, and absolutely binding powers over and between nations are not yet feasible. And, as several have said on this side the ocean, the existing league is sufficient for the purpose. DAVID JAYNE HILL and JAMES M. BECK expressed the general dislike here for the creation of a superstate to control the policies, interests, and conduct of individual sovereignties. But both thought that there was force enough in the adjudication of the Allies, thus creating a precedent which will control the nations hereafter. Mr. BECK found a likeness between the alliance against Germany and a vigilance committee of good citizens, extemporized for the occasion. That is not a dignified or exact comparison, but it indicates somewhat the sort of league which promises to result in the near future.

There are questions enough to come before this international law and order committee. China wants its treaty with Japan revised. Mexico wants the sanction of the league for its proposals toward foreigners. A declaration on the merits between Italy and the Jugoslavs would make another little war unlikely. A baker's dozen of new little nations would surely quarrel if any of them thought some were favored at the cost of others, as some must be if racial and boundary questions are to be settled by them for themselves instead of in the common interest. And several secret treaties between leading Powers need to be tried by an acid test of their conformity to the common good under universal law. Self-determination is a right, but not the only right, nor even the chief right. The right of all is superior to the right of any, and large nations must make sacrifices as well as small if the world hereafter is to be ruled by law instead of by self-interest and force.

Some of these questions are not pressing, being merely the seeds of future troubles. Many of them may and should be postponed. The league to enforce law by the sword, the world's first, will have done enough if it adjudicates Germany's case, and sets up court machinery for the adjudication of others at leisure. The world is not yet ready to accept statutes from a superparliament, nor to accept discipline from a composite military force until there shall arise another Germany to create another world alliance.

ROOSEVELT DAY.

Sunday, Feb. 9, is to be Roosevelt Day throughout the nation. The President has honored himself by his hearty assent. On that day the whole country will do honor to one of its great men and great Presidents. There will be a permanent memorial, the nature of which is yet to be decided. The only difficulty to be met with will be in choosing among the many suggestions coming from all parts of the nation. Perhaps, if the Colonel himself could be consulted, the thing he would like best would be to have his name associated with a great museum of natural history.

The honoring of this great man and true American will be a national labor of love. The bitter animosities he aroused during his lifetime are dead, not so much because he is dead, too, as because they never had any real life in them. It was a curious thing, and often noticed, that whenever he ceased for even a short time to be active in the public mind animosity died away, and his most virulent enemies began to talk kindly of him. That phenomenon was observable, for instance, when he disappeared in the South American wilds. When he got back and plunged again into political controversy, animosity returned to life. This makes it plain that the enmities he aroused were the enmities of a fighting man, and could last only while he was delivering and receiving blows. When he was not actually in a fight, it was impossible to resist his charm; and now he will fight no more.

While the magic of his personality remains with us, and so much with us that it is as yet difficult to realize that he is dead, it will be impossible to appraise his place in history. But whatever it may be, it will be a high place. In honoring him on Roosevelt Day we will be honoring one of the great names in American history.

MORE LIGHT NEEDED.

It is not a good omen for the success of the plan proposed by the Paris Supreme Council for the solution of the Russian problem that the project has unreserved approval only from Bolsheviki and their sympathizers. In this city the active partisans of Bolshevism welcome the proposal of the Princes' Islands conference with representatives of the Russian groups, including the Bolsheviki. In England newspapers of known pacifist tendencies that have cherished the delusion that the Bolsheviki represent Russian democracy are even more outspoken in praise of the conference plan. In Paris full approval is expressed by the leading Socialist paper only.

This is not a good beginning, but it is only half the story. The representatives of the Omsk, Archangel, and other anti-Bolshevist groups in Paris, who were at first reported to favor the plan, denounce it unsparingly on the ground that the civilized world can have no dealings on equal terms with traitors and assassins. Conservative opinion in England, France, and America regards the conference with serious misgivings, approves it only with many reservations. In criticism of the statement in which agreement was officially announced, it is pointed out that not the slightest moral distinction is made between the Government groups represented by men who have been unswervingly faithful to the allied cause, men who, it is believed, represent the vast majority of the people of Russia, and the Bolsheviki who betrayed the Allies, who made a traitorous peace with Germany, whose hands are stained with the blood of thousands of their fellow-Russians, whose announced purpose it is to destroy the middle class altogether, who, in fact, are enemies of society, criminals in purpose and in deed. Sweden, even, a Power that was not too sympathetic with the Allies, expels the representatives of the Bolsheviki on the obvious ground that it is impossible to enter into diplomatic intercourse with such persons.

We have already advanced a theory which might be held to justify the extending of the invitation and the form of an announcement. It is that the Supreme Council, being informed that the Bolsheviki were already at the end of their rope, about to disappear as a force for evil and trouble, felt that it might safely treat with Russian representatives in the belief that it would have to deal only with men speaking for groups representing reasonable Russian opinion. If information of that character was available in Paris, the Supreme Council might have felt that it could safely assume an impartial attitude, extending the invitation to all groups. If this was not the case, if the Supreme Council really had it in mind to meet in conference representatives of the Bolsheviki still active, powerful, and unrepentant, then the invitation and the form of the announcement cannot be justified to the moral opinion of the world. The Allies and the United States could never be justified in accepting any assurances from the Russian Bolsheviki. The negotiations would be fruitless, for they are faithless. With such enemies civilization does not negotiate; it must put them down or be put down itself.

Much more light is needed on the motives that prompted the decision taken at Paris. If, as indicated in our Paris dispatches yesterday morning, it was the result of a compromise between opposing opinions, to the end that the Peace Conference might not begin in disagreement, then it can be only said, as of many compromises, this one can bring no satisfaction. If the Bolsheviki are not about to be eliminated, then the Allies will find themselves treating with a treacherous and implacable enemy. If there were not grounds for the decision such as all the Governments could accept as sound and satisfactory, then it ought not to have been reached. Certainly, there should have been some advance assurance that the proposal would be acceptable to Russian groups other than the Bolsheviki. It now appears that they will pretty unanimously reject it. That is the opinion of Mr. DILLON in Paris, who is very well informed upon Russian affairs. It is denounced by Russians because it gives the Bolsheviki a respite at a moment when repeated defeats have brought them to desperate straits. It has been pointed out in many quarters that an agreement to receive the Bolsheviki as equals necessarily gives dangerous encouragement to their sympathizers the world over, and of that class we have altogether too many in this country.

It was a strange decision for the Supreme Council to take unless its members saw clear ground ahead of them. As to that, the world has no source of information whatever, it has no resource but conjecture. The principle of "open covenants openly arrived at" has its necessary limitations, but the people of the United States, Great Britain, and France will be quite unable to understand the plan of the conference upon the Princes' Islands until the Council has satisfactorily revealed the processes of its reasoning and the motives of its action.

WOMEN LAWMAKERS.

In Great Britain last December not one woman candidate for the House of Commons was elected; in Ireland one female Sinn Feiner. The women were voting for the first time. Some or most of the feminine candidates were able and distinguished. The woman voters were a majority. They seem to have felt, most of them, and a majority of the male electors, too, that the bestowal of the franchise did not imply necessarily any immediate participation of women in the actual work of legislation. It may be that a sort of social conservatism lingers even among the extreme political and social changes swiftly made in the war. At any rate, the result of an election by many others than the Asquith Liberals regarded as superfluous, was certain. Interest could not be keen. In the work of reconstruction there will be much for which women have a special fitness; but, be the reasons what they may, the woman nominees were beaten.

In Germany, where a certain acknowledged inferiority of the woman to the man was evident before the war, where the attitude of the man to the woman seemed to be either condescending or contemptuous, where the inequality of the sexes was an accepted principle and fact, and the Kaiser apparently regarded woman as merely a domesticated animal—in Germany, the old-fashioned, thirty-four women have been chosen delegates to the National Assembly, nearly a twelfth of that body on which so great a duty is laid. The Majority Socialist woman delegates are fifteen in number, the Minority Socialist five.

Among these moderate and immoderate radicals, perhaps the emergence of women into office is less surprising. In Spartacan heat and fury a woman may easily go far, as ROSA LUXEMBURG showed, but she was German by marriage and naturalization only. The Majority Socialists are divided by no sharp line from other Germans. A priori, who would have said that either among the bourgeois leaders of this, the most powerful German party, or among the millions of workingmen in its membership, there would have been any desire to exalt women politically except in so far as their votes might be useful to men?

Is it not the case that the tasks, the hardships, the total care of the household thrown upon so many millions of German women during the war, have made them at once more thoughtful, more powerful, more respected in the sense of equality, than they were before the war?

The two Socialist parties represent, on the whole, the social classes, strongest in the cities, that suffered most from scarcity of food and high prices. It would be natural that their woman delegates should be out of proportion to their numbers. One-eighth of the Minority Socialist delegates are women; between one-tenth and one-eleventh of the Majority Socialist delegates are women.

The Christian People's, the old Centrist, Party has seven woman delegates among its ninety-three, a little smaller proportion than that of the Majority Socialists. This tendency to feminism cannot be attributed to "the influence of the Church." It seems to show that the same influences, fruits of the same experiences, sufferings, hopes, are common to women of all parties. The Democratic Party has five woman delegates out of seventy-five. Here the proportion is not smaller than might be expected in a moderate bourgeois party, composed in the main of the more liberal wings of old business and industrial parties, National Liberals and Progressives. Even the Conservative coalition has four woman delegates. What becomes of the German conservatism which a traveler might curiously study before the war?

MODIFYING THE BLOCKADE.

The relaxation of the blockade against Germany is something more than a question of allowing her to resume her commerce with any country in any degree. Favors for Germany, who must pay the price of her iniquities, are not to be thought of. Germany will be on probation for an indefinite time. But it is not humane to deprive the Germans of food, or to keep them on war rations a day longer than is necessary. They have lost the war, largely because their coast was in a state of blockade for more than four years, and they cannot resume hostilities. Nor is it the part of wisdom to deny the German people the use of lubricating oils for their railways, which must be used for the transportation of food and essentials. Clothing and industrial supplies they must have if they are not to become dependent for a long period upon the victors for support.

Now that the Germans are in good faith laying the foundations of a responsible Government, no such handicap as a close blockade should be imposed upon them. The blockade should be modified to permit of sea traffic to supply food that is imperatively needed, also necessaries for the resumption of domestic industry. From America's hoard of wheat and other products, which is greater than our people require and enough, with proper regulation, to relieve a good deal of the distress in Europe, there can be spared a portion for our late enemy.

Great Britain is not solely dependent upon the United States and Canada for wheat and other foodstuffs. She has Australia and Argentina to draw on, and accordingly has canceled some of her contracts with us. There is no longer a good or politic reason why the United States should not export some of her surplus to Germany, who can furnish unsurrendered merchantmen for cargoes, and probably pay for what she gets. Blockade restrictions should not stand in the way. Arrangements can be made that will give Germany no undue advantage and protect the interests of the Allies. With the Peace Conference in session, a beginning can be made, under Mr. HOOVER'S authority, to relieve the German people without sacrifice of the righteous and proper demands of the lesser allies and the neutrals upon us. No trade for Germany at the present time but the essentials she really stands in need of as a defeated nation.

AIR TRAFFIC PLANS.

The French aviator JULES VEDRINES, who alighted on a roof in Paris the other day in an ante-war machine, is planning to make the circuit of the earth in an airplane of the latest model. People may say that the veteran is riding a runaway imagination, but what he proposes is practicable if the Atlantic, the widest body of water to cross, can be traversed. May the tribe of the Vedrines increase, for they are the doers of great things in the air and no enterprise appals them. Better to plan with them and have faith in the attainable, than to scoff and be a drag upon progress. Ten years hence who will be brave enough to say that he did not foresee the wonders of aeronautical achievement?

If JULES VEDRINES, a pioneer in long-distance flying, seems to be a sensationalist, will the British Air Ministry be put in the same category? Hardly, because it is a Government organization and developed the most efficient flying service of the great war. In a paper on the use of aircraft for commercial purposes the Air Ministry turns to the victories of peace and sees air liners cleaving the sky and linking continents together, airplanes winging their way over land routes of a thousand miles and less to make connection with the leviathans, and fast freight moving aloft at a speed of eighty-five miles an hour. The imagination of JULES VEDRINES is not so erratic after all.

The British Air Ministry cannot give itself up to visions; it must have sound reasons for its faith. So it goes into details of practical commercial aeronautics. Dirigibles much larger and more powerful than the German Zeppelins of the war period have been projected in England. The Air Ministry has drawn plans of a ship with a capacity of 10,000,000 cubic feet and 6,000 horsepower. Its length would be 1,100 feet, its range of travel 20,000 miles, and maximum speed eighty-five miles an hour. For three weeks it could stay in the air, is the calculation, with a crew of six officers and twenty-six men. Jogging along at a moderate rate of speed, this ship should be able to bring London within three days of New York. A record of two days might soon be established in favorable weather. Does it seem fantastic? Not at all when the advance of dirigibles in speed and cruising power is considered. In 1914 the Zeppelins reeled off fifty miles an hour and stayed up less than a day; four years later their maximum speed rose to seventy-seven miles an hour, and at a rate of forty-five miles an hour they could keep going for 177 hours. A British dirigible of the R-38 class (2,720,000 cubic feet capacity) has an estimated cruising endurance of 211 hours, almost nine days, at a speed of forty-five miles an hour. It is announced that the Admiralty has nine airship stations and several dirigibles that could be used for commercial purposes.

Lisbon to New York, with airplanes bringing passengers from Great Britain and all parts of the Continent, seems to be regarded as a desirable route for the big airships. Mr. BONAR LAW flew to the Peace Conference in an airplane the other day, and it is said that the British representatives will use the air route in going to and fro; so there is nothing remarkable about employing planes as passenger feeders to the dirigibles scheduled to leave for New York. What of the weather, the waves of the air, as a deterrent? It is expected that the liners and freighters will be able to ride safely any storm that cannot be evaded by good airmanship. Strong winds are common enough above the British Isles, and yet in 1918 there were only eleven days when flights were not made. What of the cost of these projects that would have been so astounding a few years ago? It is estimated that the 1,100-foot dirigible would cost from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000, but would soon pay for itself in passenger and express freight traffic.

CAPRONI, WRIGHT, and CURTISS will have something to say about giant airplanes to compete in some measure with the big dirigibles; the Italian inventor is even now building a heavier-than-air ship to make the Atlantic passage this coming Spring or Summer. If he or one of his rivals spans the Atlantic successfully, commercial aeronautics will thereafter develop rapidly. Is America to be last in the race, as she was in the construction and use of the war plane when she should have anticipated the late conflict and been triumphantly first, the leader in military aeronautics?

GERMAN PARTIES.

The result of the German elections is to put the control of the body which will make the new Constitution into the hands of the most trustworthy elements of Germany. By far the strongest party representation—nearly twice as great as any other—is that of the Majority Socialists, with 166 out of 421 members of the Constituent Assembly—nearly 40 per cent. But in this war-time election no less than in peace this vote can hardly be taken as an indication of adherence to the Marxian doctrine. Just as in the old days before the war many people voted for Social Democratic candidates in Germany because the Social Democrats were the only real Liberal party, the only party which stood for apparently honest opposition to Kaiserism and Junkerdom, so now many people voted for the Majority Socialist candidates because they represented the faction actually in power, which had so far run the country since the armistice without getting it into any serious trouble; and many others because they thought that of all the parties which at the moment had any chance of gaining control of Germany the Majority Socialists were the least dangerous. It must not be forgotten that the force of circumstances in the last two months—notably the conflict with the Spartacus group—has made the Majority Socialists appear to stand for little more than what the Progressive Party stood for in 1912. Marxian doctrinaires they certainly are not at the moment, nor do they seem likely to be.

Next in size is the Christian People's Party, heir of the old Centre, and, with its ninety-three members, less powerful than the Centre used to be in proportion to the others. It appears that the experience of the war has weakened the Church's hold on many soldiers. Not far behind the People's Party—these three are far ahead of all others—come the Democrats, with seventy-five seats. These are perhaps of all the most sympathetic to the average non-Socialist sentiment in allied countries. Their leaders include some highly questionable personalities, such as SOLF and BERNSTORFF, but also others who are far less so than most Germans. Indeed, in respect to leadership the Democrats outshine the Majority Socialists, for SCHEIDEMANN and his colleagues were so zealous in support of the Kaiser, so long as it looked as if the Kaiser would win, that nobody outside of Germany is going to trust them more than is necessary. As for the Democrats, while in the main they supported the Government pretty loyally during the war, there can hardly be any doubt that if their opinions had been dominant in 1914 the war would never have been started.

The Democrats and the Socialists are most likely to form a coalition. Between them they would form a bloc of 241 members, against 180 of all other parties combined. As they stand at present there is little practical difference to keep them apart, and since the Majority Socialists are not strong enough to rule alone, and must take some other group into partnership, the Democrats are most likely to be chosen; the power of the Church is still strong enough to make the Christian People's Party an unlikely coworker for EBERT and SCHEIDEMANN.

The Minority Socialists have only twenty-four members, with four or five mavericks who might join them; the forces of reaction combined have only sixty. The result of the elections seems on the whole eminently satisfactory both for Germany and for a world which must live with Germany and has an interest in getting the Germans back to sanity as soon as possible.

THE SPEAKER'S REMARKS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am much interested in reading in THE TIMES this morning an account of the demand of the Speaker of the House that American soldiers shall be immediately withdrawn from Europe, and I am particularly interested in the manner in which this demand is expressed. If the Speaker has been correctly quoted he said, "Some one also suggests we ought to keep our soldiers there to police Europe. After we licked the Germans for them, surely they ought to police Europe themselves." It is to be hoped that this report of the Speaker's words is inaccurate, for it is inconceivable that any intelligent American—especially one in a position of responsibility—should make such a statement as this.

We did not "lick the Germans" for the Allies. We did not enter the war until the freedom of our country and of the whole world was threatened by the depredations of Germany. When we could no longer stand aside we played our part—a very important part—whole-heartedly and with honor. The conduct of our men was beyond praise. We turned the tide at the critical juncture, because we came fresh to the battle. But we turned it in conjunction with the allied armies, who for three long years, without our help, had held that tide of the German advance and endured the unimaginable hardships of the most awful war the world has known. To acknowledge this casts no shadow of disparagement on the achievements of our own men. We need not doubt that had they served for the full term of the war they would have fought with no less heroism than in their brief and triumphant course.

Great men have always recognized the fine quality of courage. They know that it needs no words from other men. "We cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here have consecrated it far above our poor power to add or detract." We do them wrong if in their praise we belittle the courage of their comrades in arms. In the hour of our victory, let us not stand shamed by our littleness. There is honor enough for all. And the American will but honor his own the more who keeps in his heart the reverent remembrance of the heroic armies of our allies. We have met war like the passing of a storm. They have endured four years.

DOROTHY BULL.

New Haven, Jan. 23, 1919.

A HEALTH INSURANCE LAW.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I notice in Governor Smith's message to the Legislature a strong recommendation for the enactment of a health insurance law and a suggestion that proper provision be made for maternity insurance as well. I believe that every man who has the interest of the State at heart should aid the Governor in his efforts to secure action of this kind from the Legislature, and I am hoping that the metropolitan press will lend its great influence in favor of the Governor's suggestions.

THOMAS L. CHADBOURNE.

New York, Jan. 19, 1919.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL.

The Words of an Eminent Man on the "Passion for Regulative Legislation."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reflecting upon the tendency of the present Administration to extend and magnify the autocratic powers of the Government and to minimize the rights of the citizen, I encountered the following statement of an eminent man which seemed to me so wise that I quote it for the benefit of your readers:

> A passion for regulative legislation seems to have taken possession of the country of late. It came upon it suddenly, much more like an impulse of impatience than like a deliberate purpose. Various abuses have sprung up in the conduct of the business enterprises of the country, and the Government must put an end to them by drastic regulation, is the rough and ready reasoning of the reformers.

What strikes us most about all the regulation and remedial measures adopted is that they are based upon what is for us an entirely new conception of the province alike of law and of government. Governmental control, which we are undertaking so extensively and with so light a heart, sets up not a reign of law, but a reign of discretion and individual judgment on the part of governmental officials in the regulation of the business of stock companies owned by innumerable private individuals and supplying the chief investments of thousands of communities. I can see no radical difference in principle between governmental ownership and governmental regulation of this discretionary kind.

Governmental commissions cannot possibly understand business better than those who conduct it. Their regulative interference with business will only complete the confusion and embarrassments into which we are so rapidly stumbling. The old processes of law are the more difficult, but the more effective. We must discover just what transactions we wish to put an end to; must have once more the reign of law rather than the reign of Government officials.

Applying these words to our railroad problem, we should remember that the great railroads have been managed by men who in most cases have started at the bottom and devoted their lives to mastering the business of running a railroad, while the various commissions which are appointed to control them are too often composed of men appointed for political reasons who bring to their task far less experience and ability. It has often seemed to me that to do this is like appointing a law student to direct the cross-examination of a witness by Joseph H. Choate, or a grocer to superintend a delicate operation by a great surgeon. The analogies are not perfect, but there are elements of resemblance. The wise man whose words I have quoted covered the ground when he said "Governmental commissions cannot possibly understand business better than those who conduct it."

The control of railroads and wires by the Government involves a very serious danger to which he did not allude, perhaps because the Adamson bill had not been passed when he spoke. Now that the brotherhoods of railroad employes have learned their strength, what must happen if when an election approaches they threaten to vote against the party in power unless their wages are raised? Will the governing politicians resist such a demand at the risk of political ruin? Is it not clear that governmental control or ownership will mean the power over votes which can be secured at public expense and which may well decide an election? Is it not also clear that this possibility threatens the business situation in the whole country, since every wage earner will demand the same wages that the Government pays?

But I need not amplify the argument. The words which I have quoted are enough. I need only add that they were uttered by Woodrow Wilson in an address to the Commercial Club of Chicago on March 14, 1908.

MOORFIELD STOREY.

Boston, Jan. 23, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL CLUBS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As children we Americans were taught that the French were intellectual, artistic, and patriotic, but insincere; that the English were splendid, but insular; the Germans scientific, but boors, &c. Why not now have an "International Club," with clubhouses in the capitals of every country, so that youths of all countries might meet on an equal footing and know one another?

Paris, Dec. 28, 1918. AN AMERICAN.

THE WORLD LEAGUE FOR PEACE

Throughout the world a spirit of unrest
Is borne upon the breeze in every clime;
The old-time ways, the joys we once possessed,
The glory of the elder world sublime,
Achievements of the ages through all time
In dim perspective slow from us recede;
The while the bells of victory still chime
We see the fateful hours fast onward speed,
And issues new and great from them we see proceed!

The deeps of Time and Thought are broken up;
Old empires change; the new are undefined.
What time the world drinks to its dregs the cup
Of bitterness that war brought to mankind,
And sadly seeks new ways to trace or find.
Is it a draught of death? or does it bring
A healing joy—nepenthe for the mind—
Like Winter's frost and cold that herald Spring,
When beauty, bloom, and birds have new awakening?

Who now may tell what changes new impend,
When wisdom fails us, learned from days of yore?
Ah! gladly would we turn to ways that trend
Upward from battlefields, dark-shadowed o'er,
To some clear shining summit, whence the shore
Of a new world and fairer may be seen—
Some Mount of Vision never scaled before,
Whence some Balboa, from that height serene,
May scan new deeps and vast that lave new shores unseen.

O world, war-tortured, now thy mighty heart,
Taught by the wisdom of the centuries,
Longs for an Avatar, the counterpart
Of him of old, the gallant Genoese,
Who dared set sail o'er vast and unknown seas,
Nor furled his sails until new realms he found!
With such a Leader, now forgetting ease,
Though night and tempest still our way surround,
We fain would seek the way unto world-peace profound!

Lo, in our doubt and sad perplexity,
We see a Leader on that summit stand
Who bids us rear for all humanity
A Temple of World Peace, where every land
May yield to it obedience, as one band
Of nations, bound by Brotherhood, and lead the van
Till lasting Peace may come none may withstand!
With hope we turn and glad the future scan
To see arise that Temple of the Rights of Man!

H. T. SUDDUTH.

NO NEW TERRITORY

Objections to Acquisitions at This Time by America or England

By THEODORE MARBURG.

IT has been suggested that the United States should use the Peace Conference to secure for itself by purchase the Dutch West Indies.

Is this the proper moment for such a project? As we know, it was because wars had been cheap and profitable to Prussia that Germany was won over to Prussianism. In the interests of future world relations, no nation ought to come out of the present war with a profit. Turning back Alsace-Lorraine to France and Italia Irredenta to Italy are simple acts of justice. Beyond this, there ought to be no territorial acquisition by any nation, whether by right of conquest or by purchase. This would apply to the proposed action on the part of the United States as well as to English acquisition of the German colonies or parts of Asia Minor. The map is a permanent thing and is ever before us. Men would view the enlargement of the British Empire as casting doubt on England's high motive in entering the war. Moreover, either extension of territory or a heavy indemnity would act as an incentive to future generations to embark upon the hazardous enterprise of war.

On Nov. 4 last I cabled Lord Bryce as follows:

Why not international administration for German colonies and Asia Minor? Excellent impression if England voluntarily proclaimed such policy.

In his reply, dated Nov. 21, he says:

I appreciate what you said and rather agree in principle. The difficulty is the League of Nations is not yet in existence and we can't tell when it will be. We in England really don't want any new territory for ourselves but it is hard to resist the demands of our colonies who have been endangered by enemy intrigues. Personally I wish that German East Africa in particular will not be taken by us; and I should be extremely glad to see it placed under international control in the interest of the natives, the United States sharing. Especially should I desire to see the United States undertake to protect Armenia for twenty years till the country can stand upon its feet.

The objection of the British colonies to having Germany as a neighbor would, of course, not apply if the German colonial possessions passed under international rule.

The above considerations apply with equal force to the proposed acquisition of the Dutch West Indies by the United States at this time. Men viewing the map hereafter would overlook the fact that the acquisition was by purchase or would say that pressure was brought on Holland to effect the transaction, and the disinterestedness of our inspiriting conduct in the great war would be questioned.

The prospects of a new world based on adequate international organization and right motive are most promising. On Great Britain and the United States chiefly will rest the burden of inducing other nations in the allied group to abandon overambitious demands at the Peace Conference. The position of these two powers will be undermined if they give any indication of a desire themselves to reap profit from the war.

THE OUTLOOK FOR HUNGARY

New York, Jan. 23, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the Jan. 13 issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES there appeared a short editorial which dealt with the question of the nationalities in Hungary. Since this question, in my opinion, is the key to all of Middle-Europe's peace, and since American public opinion is only informed on one side in this matter, I beg leave to venture a few facts.

First of all, I must point out that to the 15,000,000 souls constituting the Hungarian nation, a nation one in its language and race, the dismembering of its territory on which a fractional part of other nationalities make their abode is not a national, but a most important economic question. And it was this same economic question which made it possible for the German and Austrian military powers to force these 15,000,000 people into this terrible world war.

Hungary is almost entirely an agricultural State, as the entire inner portion of the country is a very fertile and productive level stretch of soil, entirely void of coal, iron and industrial ores. The greater bulk of the racially pure Hungarian people is located on this territory. This agricultural Hungary right up to the quelling of the revolution of 1848 was entirely surrendered to the merciless exploitation of Austrian mercantilism. It was not until 1867 that Hungary started to rid herself of this hopeless economic oppression when the Hapsburg dynasty, menaced by growing Prussian militarism, was forced to yield to the democratic and economic demands of the Hungarian people; and it was the commencement of this new era which gave importance in Hungary's economic life to the territories which today constitute Hungary's "nationality territories."

The Hungarian race itself was never an oppressor, because in its Constitution every nationality is assured rights equal to its own. The trouble in the past was that these rights were misused against the Hungarian nation itself, misused by the Hungarian feudal aristocracy whose interests were identical with those of Austrian commercial capitalism. The land-poor and heavily indebted Hungarian peasant was forced to emigrate the same as the other nationalities. This was what brought up the question of nationalities in Hungary. This, therefore, is purely a material question and not one of historical right. If Hungary loses Fiume, its only harbor and access to the sea, its northern and southern coal and mining districts, its only industrial ore deposit, Transylvania, then the Hungarian people and with it Hungarian labor will be cruelly surrendered to either agricultural poverty or, after an Austrian economic servility, to a Czechoslovak, Jugoslav, and Rumanian domination. This, perhaps after all, cannot be done with these peaceful industrious, and liberal-minded people. And if the European powers permit this, it would be the strongest justification of that notorious lie of the German and Austrian military powers with which they dragged Hungary to the war. The war slogan originating in Berlin and Vienna was that Hungary must fight if she wanted to exist, as the Allies' intention was to dismember her. And Hungary fought.

But Hungary fought not for national supremacy or power, nor was, or is Count Michael Karolyi, the Premier of the New Hungarian People's Republic, moved by the same intent, when he insists upon the territorial integrity of Hungary.

How far-reaching these material interests are is amply shown by the news items from Hungary now appearing in the American papers, namely, that the mere occupation of these territories has stopped the heart-beat of Hungary's economical and industrial life. Lack of coal and iron has closed the factories, railway communication on all lines is completely stopped, and the inability to transport foodstuffs has resulted in a famine in certain parts of the country.

I am forced to believe that any one who says that Hungary was ever inimical to France or England or, above all, to America, is, to say the least, woefully misinformed on the subject of the sentiment of the Hungarian nation. The Hungarian people, in its centuries old struggle against German supremacy, was always seeking the economic and political sympathies of the American, French, and English nations. That Hungary was unsuccessful in this endeavor due to Germany's and Austria's economic and political ambitions, that Kossuth could not achieve this aim during his stay in America, that Count Karolyi's similar efforts during the war were also in vain, have been Hungary's greatest misfortunes.

One of the bitterest days during the war to the Hungarian people was that on which America entered the European conflagration. I am forced to say openly that it was a huge political mistake on both the part of America and England, that they never refuted, or even attempted to weaken, that infamous and scurrilous lie of German and Austrian militarism which forced Hungary into the war. I dare say had either of them done so the end of the war would have come with the sacrificing of less lives and much sooner.

Unfortunately, however, the new born Hungarian people cannot even at this late date obtain any assurance on this vital subject. And it looks very much as though the European Entente Powers are willing to sacrifice Hungary's existence to the surrounding Slav nationalities. I am willing to admit that to France and England the friendly gratitude and sympathy of the great masses of European Slav peoples is a much better political investment than that of the comparatively small numbered and racially isolated Hungarian nation. But I do not believe such political interests can influence the American people in the question of European peace. And Hungary today relies solely on American impartiality and sense of justice. This I believe is not an illusion. And I dare to say that this is why Hungary is without any opposition now, and awaits calmly the decision of the Peace Conference. But I can say in advance that Hungary will never be content with a peace which means the maiming of its entire national existence. And if material desperation forces these people into a defensive war then I really cannot say when there will be peace in Middle Europe.

ANDOR GARVAY,
Member of the editorial staff of the Hungarian Daily Az Ujsag in Budapest.

STRENGTH OF LOYALISTS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As I have not seen the letters of Mr. Justice Russell of Nova Scotia, to which Mr. Morgan J. O'Brien refers in a communication published in your Sunday issue of Jan. 19, I should perhaps not venture into the field of discussion. But I cannot, in justice to my reverence for the American past, permit some of Mr. O'Brien's statements to pass unchallenged.

Mr. O'Brien rather patronisingly criticises Justice Russell for thinking Mr. Beckles Willson extravagant in his statement that at the time of the Revolution two-thirds of the entire population of America held loyal to the Crown. Mr. O'Brien supports his opposition to the view of Justice Russell by telling of an event which he declares does not appear in any history of the Revolution. This event is the appearance before a Committee of the British Parliament of Joseph Galloway and Major Gen. James Robertson, and their testimony as to the position of British Sovereignty in America, at a time when the recent Battle of Saratoga projected into Parliament shining evidence of the fact that Sir William Howe was neither reducing nor pacifying the Colonies.

I beg to call to Mr. O'Brien's attention the fact that this examination of witnesses in committee of the whole house does appear in one of the most important and widely read of all histories of the Revolution. In that part of Sir George Otto Trevelyan's work which he calls "George III. and Charles Fox," in Chapter 1, of Volume II., the author gives an account of the procedure on the occasion in question in considerable detail. There was another witness before the House Committee, as the Parliamentary Register for 1779 shows. He was General Charles Grey, an officer who did not speak without knowledge of his subject, and whose first-hand contact with the balance of loyalty and disaffection in North America considerably outweighed in value the ready-made testimony of Galloway and Robertson. General Grey declared that he believed the Colonies to be almost unanimously opposed to the Crown.

Mr. O'Brien might learn of some of Galloway's contemporaries no more partisan than Rivington's New York Gazette, that the former Pennsylvanian was in 1779 enjoying a particularly lucrative friendship with Sir William Howe and had been disowned by even those of his American friends who still hoped, or rather longed for, an honorable reconciliation with England. General Robertson, too, was well-known as a skillful hand at falling into an easy berth, an officer who in a time of war had contrived to surround himself with the comfortable atmosphere of peace and plenty. In his testimony before Parliament, as Mr. O'Brien no doubt has read, General Robertson summarized his reliability as a witness on Colonial affairs by declaring that the King's troops in bush-fighting always had an advantage over the Continentals and that the American terrain presented no obstacles to the swift and heavy transportation of men and supplies. The ghost of Braddock must have trembled as Robertson spoke, and even the living Burgoyne must have smiled to himself. What more natural than that the Ministry should have stressed the testimony of such witnesses? The King's friends were at the crisis of an unpopular war. The King was determined to push the rebellious Colonies relentlessly. Some plausible reason must be found to justify a continued campaign, and the best reason would obviously erect itself upon evidence that the Thirteen States were not supported by a majority of their inhabitants, and were so near to the breaking point that a little added effort would bring them to their knees.

RAYMOND P. HOLDEN.
Boston, Jan. 20, 1919.

THE OLD DIPLOMACY.

United States' Influence Against Another Congress of Vienna.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The essential thesis of your admirable article in today's TIMES, called "Protection of Civilization," ought to be repeated and elaborated. I am convinced that if it was not for the influence of the United States—looked on by the professional European diplomatist and statesman as a young, inexperienced, idealistic nation—the old devilishness of Metternich and Talleyrand and the Czar of the unholy alliance would have a great part in the Peace Conference. The whole structure of the Congress of Vienna—that curse of the nineteenth century—must be swept away. Some of its poison lingers still, even in the brain of great moderns like General Foch.

Before, however, the value of an article like "Protection of Civilization" can be appreciated, the average American must be better instructed in European history of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. No one can think or talk properly on the present situation who cannot analyse, the causes that made the Congress of Vienna possible.

If the greatest of Americans, Roosevelt, were living the nation could not please him more than by arranging, regardless of expense, for the proper teaching of modern history to our people and their children. Our proud, parochial belief in the little red schoolhouse and the International Sunday School Lesson will not help us to avoid wars of the future, which are already threatening.

There are practical men in this country that ought to be sent, while their knowledge of the "coulisses de l'Europe" is fresh, to every educational centre in the country—Hill, van Dyke, Gerard, Morgenthau, Penfield, Elkus are first among those who ought to be utilized. What we need is not predigested instruction, but frank, uncompromising education in foreign affairs.

MAURICE FRANCIS EGAN,
Lately Minister to Denmark.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 20, 1919.

THE FUTURE OF SALONIKI.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has been called to a statement in THE TIMES, issue of Jan. 19, made by Charles Upson Clark, on "The Problems of Saloniki," in which he takes occasion to urge, it appears, the reversal of those principles of self-determination advocated by President Wilson when it comes to the people of Greece and their territories.

Professor Clark writes: "Every one realizes that Constantinople offers a difficult problem to the Peace Conference, but few know that Saloniki's fate will be fully as delicate a question, and depends on very complex factors." By this are we to understand that one of the questions to be taken up at Paris is the dismemberment of the present Greek nation? "The disposal" of Saloniki (in which Professor Clark is now interested) finally took place, if I am not mistaken, in the year 1912 when this Greek city passed from the Turks to the Greeks, and might just as well furnish us a topic of discussion as the "disposal" of New York with its hundreds of thousands of foreign born.

There is, however, one statement to which I should seriously like to take exception, and that refers to the paragraph in which Professor Clark (formerly associated, if not still so, with an academy at Rome) speaks, as on other occasions, of the population of Saloniki, in connection with the recent fire and the rebuilding of the city.

By his present figures Professor Clark attempts to show apparently the predominance of the Spanish Jews in the city and that the Government will not allow them to rebuild. The reason is said to be that it wants the population of the city to be Greek. Can it be that Professor Clark is thinking of Saloniki or of some city of the Old Testament?

In view of my having held office as Governor of Saloniki until April, 1918, and of my necessarily first-hand knowledge of the conditions prevailing in the city, will you permit me to take serious exception to this statement, and to correct the false impression such gross inexactitudes are likely to cause?

According to the bread cards which, as Governor, I distributed, the population of Saloniki is 278,000; including 65,000 to 70,000 Spanish Jews, or rather Jews of Portuguese descent, and over 100,000 Greeks, the balance consisting of Turks, Kutso-Vlachs, Armenians, Serbians, Bulgarians and other foreigners.

If Prof. Clark cares to communicate with the chief rabbi of Saloniki, an eminently respectable gentleman with whom I am well acquainted, he will only receive a corroboration of my most positive denial of his statement as reported.

From time immemorial Saloniki has been a Greek city; it was Greek when St. Paul wrote his Greek epistle to the Thessalonians; and, if Turkish oppression sadly reduced its numbers, the Greek population of Saloniki has increased by leaps and bounds—in fact, it has today more than trebled—ever since Turkish rule was abolished. The same phenomenon has been and will be witnessed all over the essentially Greek districts in the Balkans and the Near East.

If Professor Clark had taken the trouble to visit the City Engineer's office at the State House he would have been shown the wonderful plans drawn up by two of the greatest landscape architects in the world, Messrs. Mawson and Ebrard, whom the Greek Government invited for the purpose directly after the great fire. These plans, the completion of which, in view of the magnitude of the task, necessarily would take some time, are about to be put into execution, with the result that Saloniki, rebuilt and beautified, will soon be worthy of her Greek traditions and of her name—"The Queen of the Aegean."

JOHN N. METAXA,
Former Governor of Saloniki.
New York, Jan. 21, 1919.

Sinn Fein and the War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A little question you allowed me to put a few days ago—"What did Sinn Fein do during the great war?"—has called upon me a number of letters (some, I am afraid, not very polite) from Sinn Feiners, all of which have this in common: that for "Sinn Fein" they substitute "Irish." It was just this incoherence of thought that I wished to prevent. I did not ask, "What have Irishmen done during the war?" Still less, "What have statesmen and heroes, like the two Redmonds, done?" But what did this new party do, which has bitterly attacked the party of the Redmonds—the Nationalists who have fought for Ireland since before most of us were born? The Nationalists did not try to stab the Allies in the back at the most critical period of the war. The Nationalists did not traffic with German submarines. The Nationalists did not try to bribe poor Irish prisoners in Germany to fight for the enemy. Those who did may or may not be worthy of the name of Sinn Fein. They are certainly not worthy of the name of Irishmen.

PERCY DEARMER.
Middletown, Conn., Jan. 20, 1919.

DR. RATHENAU'S PLEA

The Views of A Leading German Industrialist in Victory and Defeat

By PROFESSOR RICHARD GOTTHEIL.

IN your issue of Monday, Jan. 20, you have reproduced the complete English text of the open letter which has been written to Colonel House by Dr. Walther Rathenau, head of the Allgemeine-Electricitäts-Gesellschaft of Berlin, and which was published in the Vorwärts of Dec. 6 last. You have rendered us a great service in making this epistle available, for it is written by one of the most powerful forces in modern Germany. With its inflated rhetoric it is a fair exemplar of the moral stuff out of which those forces are made—of the mawkish sentimentality and the moral cowardice they have shown whenever they have been called upon to toe the line. It is a whine and a whimper, the like of which would never come from one of the French or the Anglo-Saxon race. And, very properly, Colonel House, (so far as we know,) has made no answer.

"The noblest answer to it all
Was simple silence; let him bawl."

Instead of standing at attention and taking his punishment like a real man, the foremost representative of German industry grovels in the dust and, by a lurid description of what Germany has brought upon herself, attempts to soften the punishment that is the natural consequence of her acts and that is very far below the flagellation she would have inflicted upon the nations she attempted to dominate.

More than this, he cants about "humanity having a common responsibility" and about "every person being responsible for the fate of every (other) person," and "every nation being responsible for the fate of every (other) nation." Why did no one preach these doctrines in Germany between 1914 and 1918—no one in authority? Dr. Rathenau pictures himself as among those who advised against the great adventure and he asserts that soon after its commencement he devoted all his time "to advocating peace, reconciliation and the rejection of the policy of force and annexations." But Rathenau was at the head of one of the most important departments in the German war Government, the "Kriegs-Rohstuff-Abtheilung." I have before me the stenographic and published report of a lecture delivered by him in Berlin before the "Deutsche Gesellschaft 1914," (whatever that is,) on Dec. 20, 1915, and entitled "Deutschlands Rohstoff-Versorgung." This copy was printed in 1917 and is marked as of the "21st-30th thousand." It is true that he was at the head of the "Abtheilung" only for eight months, but his permitting this lecture to be reprinted and sold is evidence sufficient that it represented his opinions, at least down to the year 1917. How these can be reconciled with a policy of "peace and the rejection of a policy of force and annexation" is too subtle for an unsophisticated American to see. In utter calm he speaks in that pamphlet (p. 32) of the forward march of the German arms, and of the subjugation of Belgium and a part of France as evidence of Germany's triumph.

But what is worse, this leader who now speaks the shabby-genteel language of universal responsibility, is very German in his outlook into the future. (p. 46.) All the years of peace that are to come, he says, must be given over to preparing the land economically for the next war; it must store up the basic metals in sufficient quantity, the mercantile life of the country must be made "mobil" and practically turned into a military machine. In fact, he demands that there shall be created a "wirthschaftlicher Generalstab," pari passu with the military one. Not a word about "humanity," about "common responsibility," or about international responsibility!

And, finally, he again utters the untruth that has been so steadily and constantly set adrift by German propaganda: "Germany is innocent; the German people are not guilty." In phrases of unctuous rectitude he seeks to lay the blame upon a "few who wanted the war." He has reached almost up to Houston Stewart Chamberlain, who dared to say and to write: "There is no war party in Germany; that is a London Times lie." Every one who was in Germany in 1914 and every one who has been in touch with German affairs during the ten years prior to 1914 knows the mischievous futility of such statements. Dr. Rathenau and his ilk would occasion more sympathy among their fellow human beings if they would remember the words of the Persian poet Hafiz:

"Come! Hear of those who have felt sorrow's touch,
Their words are few, but what they mean is much."

CAREER OF HENRY J. DUVEEN

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Henry J. Duveen, who died on Jan. 15, 1919, was a remarkable instance of what sheer ability can accomplish in this day. No man ever had a humbler beginning; one of many children in a family of poor circumstances, he started in life at manual labor assisting his father in a blacksmith's shop at Meppel, Holland. While he acquired such education as might be open to a boy in that station, it could not have been very much, so that his attainments were all the more difficult because of his early handicap. But he was blest with an unusual mother who, notwithstanding her moderate means, had an inborn appreciation of fine, artistic things. She was particularly interested in the native pottery of Holland known as Delftware, and from time to time made small additions to her own collection, at the same time educating her two sons, Joseph and Henry, in the artistic appreciation of delft. Joseph was the older boy, and after his mother had brought him to a state where he could stand on his own feet she sent him to England, there to engage in the business of selling delftware, with which she, assisted by his brother Henry, managed to supply him.

After a few months in England, Joseph did so well that he sent for his brother Henry to join him, and then they together conducted a modest business in delftware in England, making such a success that before long they decided to carry their business into America, then a virgin territory, so far as the appreciation of art objects was concerned.

In 1876, Henry Duveen, then but 23 years old, arrived in Boston, having with him a few choice samples of delft. These he managed to sell to Boston architects, and immediately sent to his brother for more. When his stock was replenished he decided to come to New York and in that larger field to endeavor to interest architects in the virtues of his beautiful pottery. He opened a small office on Maiden Lane, and devoted himself most assiduously to this business. With little or no capital he was able to establish quite a trade, and as his brother in England branched out into Chinese porcelains and other fine wares, Henry in turn developed his business in this country. Before long they were engaged in the buying and selling of every kind of rare art object, including furniture, tapestry, and paintings.

Henry Duveen attained the first rank among the world's best judges of all kinds of fine art. No man had a truer eye or sense of appreciation for tapestries of whatsoever period or school of manufacture. Likewise, in antique furniture there was no man better informed or whose taste was more perfect. Henry Duveen seemed to have been naturally endowed with the instinct that led unerringly to the best in every branch of artistic development. In paintings, too, his position as a judge, critic, and connoisseur was of the very highest rank.

As was inevitable, such a man became a part of the building of every great art collection in the country. The famous Garland collection, which his firm purchased upon the death of Mr. Garland, was immediately turned over to the late J. P. Morgan, who at once commissioned Henry Duveen to make such additions to it as in his judgment were fitting, and so this remarkable collection grew until at the time of Mr. Morgan's death it was without parallel in the world. Then again Henry Duveen's firm became the owner of it, and it passed into other collections, principally those of Mr. Frick, J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., and Joseph Widener. Henry Duveen was largely instrumental in the formation of the great Altman collection, having been the lifetime friend and trusted adviser of the late Benjamin Altman, and perhaps nothing in Henry Duveen's life gave him greater satisfaction than to realize that Mr. Altman had built up as fine and rare a private collection as existed anywhere in the world. He was likewise identified with the great collection of the late J. P. Morgan, the late P. A. B. Widener, and with the wonderful collections of Mr. Frick, Mr. Rockefeller, George Gould, Charles P. Taft, and Mrs. Hamilton Rice, and there are scores of other patrons of art not so well known but quite as enthusiastic with whom Henry Duveen came into close touch and whom he assisted in the building up of splendid art collections.

The remarkable feature of Henry Duveen's life was that at his zenith he remained as simple and modest as at the start. This poor, humble lad whose career was the result of his genius for artistic appreciation and his unremitting effort, who became the friend and adviser of the greatest intellectual spirits of his time, never lost his early democracy and never flagged in his enthusiasm for the highest aesthetic standards and the purest examples of artistic beauty.

JOHN B. STANCHFIELD.
New York, Jan. 23, 1919.

THE TRUE COLONEL HOUSE.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The converse of Charles Lamb's amiable epigram which President Wilson unearthed the other day, to the effect that he could only hate a man if he knew him, is painfully true. We get bored by repetitions of a mere name which means nothing to us, jest with it, and finally conceive a sort of latent dislike to its wearer. In the case of Colonel House this process was not arrested by the publication of a "Life," apparently authorized, in many successive numbers of The Evening Post of New York, since little or no explanation of the subject's "influence" was given, nor any light thrown upon his character, nor any real connection made with a long series of events with the appended assertion that Colonel House "foresaw" this or "was pleased" at that or was "rewarded" by t'other, stated without any real thread of connection acted with the "hero" of any of them. Colonel House told me that the thing was not written according to his wish and that much of it was displeasing.

Now, it happens that the Colonel has become in person and by correspondence rather well known to me. He has a most interesting and stimulating personality. In my youth a residence in Albany gave me some familiarity with that famous publicist, Thurlow Weed. I am writing this to preface an extract from Henry Adams's (unwisely) published "Education" describing Weed's quality, which fits that of Colonel House like a glove:

Thurlow Weed was a complete American "education" in himself. His mind was naturally strong and beautifully balanced; his temper never seemed ruffled; his manners were carefully perfect in the style of benevolent simplicity, the tradition of Benjamin Franklin. He was the model of political management and patient address, but the trait that excited enthusiasm in a "private secretary" was his faculty of irresistibly conquering confidence. The trait that astounded and confounded cynicism was his apparent unselfishness. The effect of power and publicity on all men is the aggravation of self, a sort of tumor that ends by killing the victim's sympathies; a diseased appetite like a passion for drink or perverted tastes; one can scarcely use expressions too strong to describe the violence of egotism it stimulates; and Thurlow Weed was one of the exceptions; a rare immune. He thought, apparently, not of himself, but of the person he was talking with. He held himself naturally in the background.

He was not jealous. He grasped power but not office. He distributed offices by handfuls without caring to take them. He had the instinct of empire; he gave but he did not receive. This rare superiority to the politicians he controlled, a trait that "private secretaries" never met in the politicians themselves, excited Adams's wonder and curiosity, but when he tried to get behind it and so "educate" himself from the stores of Mr. Weed's experience he found the study still more fascinating. Management was an interest with Mr. Weed; an object to be pursued for its own sake as one plays cards, but he appeared to play men as though they were only cards, he seemed incapable of feeling himself one of them. He took them and played them for their face value.

Mr. Adams speaks elsewhere of Weed's gift of humor, which is also one of Colonel House's charms, taking in him the delightful mode of whimsicality.

ERVING WINSLOW.
New Haven, Jan. 20, 1919.

Soldiers Want Magazines.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

For some time there has been a great dearth of so-called "Burleson Magazines" for distribution by the camp libraries operated by the American Library Association. The call for recent magazines is, however, continuous in all the camps, and particularly so here at Camp Upton, where we are receiving so many of the returning overseas men, who have been in many instances completely cut off from their usual supply of American magazines for many months.

If the urgent need for magazines, especially for use in the base hospital libraries, could be brought to the attention of your readers, I feel sure that a new supply of gift magazines would be forthcoming at once.

Placing a one-cent stamp on magazines and dropping them again into the mail will assure their reaching some camp. Any mailed directly to the Camp Upton Library will be gratefully received and promptly put to the best use.

JOHN BOYNTON KAISER, Camp Librarian.
Camp Upton, Jan. 11, 1919.

RAILWAY REGULATION.

The Question of Rates as a Matter for the Railway Managers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial on the solution of the railroad problem is most admirable in its answer to many of the nostrums that are now coming forward, some of which are from the most experienced financial and railroad men.

There has been so much said about the railroads that it may clarify our thought if we consider for a moment the history of the growth of our railroads.

Individuals originally formed themselves into railroad corporations, which received grants from the States for the construction and operation of the railroads on given rates of fare. The convenience in the development of our civilization as a result of the railroad promptly followed, and the railroad enterprise developed marvelously for the benefit of all. The power that the railroad managers exercised as the years progressed was often arbitrary and to the great disadvantage of certain places and individuals and to the great advantage of certain other places and individuals. This created privileges which were entirely at variance with our American system. The public arose in its wrath, and created the Interstate Commerce Commission and a commission in each State for the regulation of the railroads.

The public complained hardly ever of the rate charged or character of the service, but of the fact that railroads were so managed that privileges were given to one that were not given to another—rebates, special rates in favor of one individual and one place, as against another under similar conditions. This made one man rich and another, by the arbitrary act of the railroad manager, poor. This condition of privilege which had grown up was the complaint of the public, and not the amount of the rate.

A few years of regulation by Interstate and State Commissions eliminated the system of privilege. The railroads were glad to get rid of it, and gave the regulating bodies loyal support. I think it may be said today that there are no privileges that amount to anything in railroad management. All are in the public view of the commission and such sunlight corrects them. All shippers and communities are relatively treated alike under similar conditions, both as to rate paid, transportation of commodities and passengers and service performed. The action of the commissions in this particular has been wholly good and useful to all concerned.

The Interstate Commerce Commission soon began to develop the idea that they should control the rate and determine what was a reasonable return to the railroads. It was here that we began to get into serious difficulty. American railroad rates (it is only necessary to look at the figures) have had a constant tendency downward. As the railroad art has developed the competitive conditions between railroad managers has led them to supply better and cheaper service as they were able. It is the same commercial problem as has prompted the storekeeper in order to increase his business to sell his commodity at as low a price as possible, having due regard to his necessary profit to continue as a solvent concern. But the Interstate Commerce Commission felt that they could dictate these rates, naming them in their most infinite detail.

This power, which the Interstate Commerce Commission has, and which should have been only exercised as the act of supreme authority, was delegated to inexperienced clerks and examiners. The Sovereign, who should never have been moved except on occasions of high moment, took up and investigated and determined everything as part of its duty of rate equalization and control. It shortened the vision of its duty to the public and the railroads in the mass of detail that it attempted to consider, but which merely confounded its judgment. It is obvious that the commission has failed utterly in this commercial problem of fixing the necessary rate to enable the railroads to prosper and to obtain the needed capital to grow. This policy has slowly strangled the railroads of the country, although the commission has succeeded admirably in the elimination of special privileges and special rates as between shippers and communities under similar conditions.

What is the remedy? We want the commission on the accounting end of the railroad problem, on the issuance of securities probably, on maintaining a parity between shippers and places, but the determination of what rate shall be paid should be taken from them, except in so far that all places and individuals must pay the same under similar conditions. The railroad managers must make the rate, and a body similar to a United States court should be created for the purpose of hearing the complaints of individuals or the public. This court should be entirely apart from the commission. A court's training makes it especially competent to decide conflicting interests and to weigh conflicting opinions. There has been no branch of our system of government better administered than our courts. Do we think this would favor one side or the other? Our experience with our courts is that they have in the main done justice between individuals and between interests.

Let us leave with the commission the determination that all rates under substantially similar conditions between individuals and places shall be the same. The amount of the rate should be left to the railroad manager, subject to review of the court created for the purpose of hearing complaints as to the sufficiency of the rate made by the railroad manager. This court should have no other duties; to the Interstate Commerce Commission should be confined all the administrative duties now exercised by it.

CHARLES E. INGERSOLL.
Philadelphia, Jan. 21, 1919.

Mesopotamia.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a native of Mesopotamia I cannot let the statement in today's TIMES of Prince Feisal of Hijaz pass without being challenged, hoping you will be as generous in giving space to a Christian from Mesopotamia as you have been to a Mohammedan from Arabia.

The inhabitants of Mesopotamia are not Arabs, but descendants of the old Babylonians and Assyrians. Before they were conquered by the Arabs the natives of the Tigro-Euphrates valley spoke Syriac, a sister dialect of the Assyrian language. Like the people of Syria they are referred to as Arabs simply because Arabic is their vernacular. For this reason Arabia has no more right to rule the land between the two rivers than China or Japan.

Mesopotamia is now in England's hands, and the Mesopotamians are only too glad to have their native land remain under its present owner. To England they have always looked for political deliverance, because they know by what they have seen in India that the rule of the English is just. Let, therefore, all Mesopotamia, upper and lower, remain under the control of its present guardian until such time as the natives are able to govern themselves.

ISYA JOSEPH.
Port Chester, Jan. 22, 1919.

LOWER CALIFORNIA

Access to the Gulf of California Versus the Acquisition of the Peninsula.

By CHARLES HASKINS TOWNSEND,
Formerly in Charge of Fishery Investigations in the Gulf of California.

THE frequently recurring proposition that the United States acquire the Peninsula of Lower California seems to be a dangerous one, in that it would necessarily extend our territory on the Pacific coast further to the southward than it now extends on the Gulf of Mexico. A line drawn across the map of Mexico from the end of the peninsula to the mouth of the Rio Grande would divide into nearly equal parts the territory north of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec.

The position of Northern Mexico thus deeply inclosed by United States territory would not be conducive to feelings of security in either country with respect to the permanency of the international boundary. If, instead of acquiring Lower California, the United States could acquire the narrow arm of Sonora, extending northwestward between Arizona and the Gulf of California, we would have something more valuable than the arid peninsula—a seaport from which to exploit the fisheries of the gulf. Had access to salt water at this point been secured sixty years ago, when our southwestern boundaries were being established, the Gulf of California would today be an open route between the United States and the west coast of tropical America, while its important fishery resources would have been developed, to the great benefit of that almost fishless section of our country represented by Arizona and the adjacent Southwestern States.

This part of Sonora, about 100 miles long by 50 miles wide and extending to the Colorado River would include more parched and uninhabitable desert than we could really make use of, but it would afford sufficient choice of territory in the matter of railway access to salt water.

The limited extension of United States territory necessary to the establishment of a seaport at the head of the Gulf of California should lead to commercial developments that would be desirable from every point of view. The opening of this almost closed sea should be of advantage to Mexico as well as to the United States, and could be inaugurated by a very slight shifting of the international boundary line in a region still practically unpopulated.

Lower California is essentially a desert region, of little value to the United States except perhaps strategically. In most parts of this great peninsula rain does not fall oftener than once in two or three years; indeed, we were informed at Magdalena Bay that not a drop of rain had fallen in four years. The permanent streams of Lower California may be counted on one's fingers, and only half of these extend to the coast. Agriculture is therefore limited to small oases created by irrigation, and these so rare as to be notable. The raising of stock is little more than sufficient for the supplying of local needs.

The mineral resources of this waterless land have in general resisted attempts at development, water being necessary for mining as well as for agriculture, but there are a few mines of importance near the gulf coast.

The inhabitants of Lower California, with all the characteristics of Mexicans, have ideals more foreign to ours than any of the strange breeds we have imported from Europe. There are thousands of them, and they already occupy all the localities where fresh water is to be had the year round.

The Japan and Magdalena Bay arguments are both worn threadbare. The Americans who want the peninsula are those who have never seen it.

The extension of our territory to the end of the peninsula, eight hundred miles south of the present boundary, would meet with no general approval in this country and would be met with disfavor among other American republics. Mexico should be permitted to live without fear of political encroachment from the north.

It is at the head of the gulf that we should seek a limited extension of territory, and for mutual commercial benefits only. The opening of the gulf to steamship traffic to its extreme northern end could not be otherwise than advantageous to all countries south of our borders. There are no protected harbors at the head of the gulf, but there are anchorage depths for large vessels close to the Sonoran coast at several points to the eastward of the mouth of the Colorado River as far as George's Bay. The Colorado is not navigable, and seagoing vessels cannot even enter its mouth. What may be possible in the way of a breakwater harbor at some point to the eastward remains to be determined.

The wonderful fishery resources of the gulf have been made known chiefly through the investigations of the Fisheries steamer Albatross, in which it was my privilege to participate. During our work excellent food fishes were found at most anchorages and were readily obtained with hand lines and seines.

Several food fishes of the Atlantic occur also in the Gulf of California. Among these may be mentioned Spanish mackerel, chub, mackerel, mullet, jack crevally, and jew-fish, but there are many native fishes of importance. One of these, locally known as "sea bass" and "totuava," is the largest of the weakfishes, reaching a weight of [illegible] pounds, and is a splendid food fish. We found it abundant at the head of the gulf. Specimens taken with heavy gear had to be pulled aboard with the aid of gaffs, three of them weighing [illegible], 82, and 140 pounds, respectively. This fish enters the mouth of the Colorado, where it is sometimes taken by spearing. Another weakfish, called "bluefish" in Southern California, is abundant. The excellent "pez-gallo" is abundant in the upper part of the gulf and reaches a length of four feet. Among the more or less common fishes are barracuda, yellow-tail, and grouper. Mullet of large size are plentiful at the mouth of the Colorado, running up the river as far as there is brackish water.

A few angler yachtsmen from California have found their way into the upper part of the gulf and enjoyed the best of sport with rod and reel.

Oysters, not distinguishable from those of our Atlantic States, are abundant at several points and exist as far north as Georges Bay. Green turtles deposit their eggs in the sands about the mouth of the Colorado, while whales and porpoises may be seen almost daily. La Paz, on the lower gulf, is the centre of a pearl fishery which has been conducted ever since its discovery by the Spaniards. The inexhaustible salt deposit of Carmen Island has been worked commercially for half a century.

The commerce of the gulf has remained undeveloped, simply because the United States has never had access to the head of that great inland sea. Actually nothing more in the way of territory would be needed to accomplish the purpose than a right of way to the gulf and a seaport under United States jurisdiction. Mexico might be persuaded to agree to such an arrangement for the sake of a market for the now unused products of the gulf. American enterprise would secure fishery concessions that would be profitable to both countries.

The northwestern strip of Sonora in question has less water and more cactus and rattlesnakes than Arizona itself, but we can appreciate the feeling of Senator Ashurst who wants to buy it. Imagine Arizona with a seaport, fresh fish by the carload, sea bathing, and busy vessels plying down the gulf!

FINLAND AND THE ALLIES

New York, Jan. 22, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that the passions and prejudices awakened by the world war have somewhat cooled, and men's minds are turning hopefully toward the world's Peace Conference in Paris for a solution of the many vexed problems of racial and economic adjustment, it seems opportune to bring the case of Finland once more before the American public in order to set right various misconceptions which have arisen over here in connection with that country.

Ever since the abortive rebellion of the Red Guard, with their Russian Bolshevist allies, against their own constitutionally elected Government, it has been the unremitting aim of its discredited agents and apologists, not only in Europe but in this country, to picture the Red Guard as the representatives of a downtrodden democracy and the White Guard as their more or less ruthless oppressors. Fortunately, however, the world has since then had the fullest possible evidence of what Bolshevism in practice actually means, and the sophistries of its adherents have lost their power to deceive or to cajole.

The Administration itself is probably now willing to admit that its previous treatment of the Finnish question has been somewhat unfortunate, especially during the months of Finland's bitterest need, at the time the youngest republican State in the world was menaced with extinction at the hands of the Red terrorists.

Indeed, the time is fast approaching, if it is not on the very threshold, when the world, and the Entente in particular, (and this includes the United States,) will recognize what a significant obligation it is under to little Finland for having been the first to stem the frightful flood of Bolshevism at the time it was planned by Lenine and Trotsky to make the new republic the first organized Bolshevist State in existence, and a stepping-stone in their designs on the rest of the civilized world.

During the months when a considerable portion of our press was exaggerating the pro-Germanism of the Finnish Government and calumniating the Finnish nation as a whole, it was the consistent aim of the Finland Constitutional League of America, particularly through its organ, the Finland Sentinel, to convince Americans of the fact that, while any pro-German sentiment in that country was sporadic and confined, and was largely aided by blundering on the part of the Allies in allowing Germany to pose as Finland's only active friend, the great mass of the Finnish people was strongly pro-Ally, as would be proved as soon as ever opportunity offered. In a letter to THE TIMES, printed in its issue of May 24, speaking of General Mannerheim, whose sturdy independence and refusal to be a party in no matter how small a measure to the pro-German tendencies of certain members of the Government had caused his temporary retirement from active participation in affairs, I used the following words, the truth of which the latest developments make worthy of quotation:

"As for General Mannerheim * * * he is as true and single-minded a patriot as he has proved himself a remarkable military leader and strategist. In whatever he may see fit to do in the future in connection with the tangled Finnish situation, more power to his elbow! Some day Finns of all classes will be ready to acknowledge, equally with the Swedish-Finlanders and others who now stand by him, the immensity of the debt that the whole of Finland owes him."

As a matter of fact, nothing since the sudden end of the Svinhufvud dictatorship has been more conclusive an evidence of the essential sympathy with the Allied cause, under every discouragement, of the Finnish people, by nature and training as inherently democratic as the Swiss or Norwegians, than the trip of General Mannerheim as Regent of Finland, now happily delivered from the German incubus, to the kindred democracies of France and England. And not only should that illustrious patriot and fighter find, in the warm welcome accorded him by both government and people in these two countries, the assurance of that speedy recognition of Finnish independence which it was his object to secure; but inasmuch as it is to him more than to any other man that the threatening flood of Bolshevism and Red terrorism was dammed before it could destroy even Finland, on its way to submerge Scandinavia and then all Europe, the justification for larger aims of more ambitious scope in which we Americans can certainly wish him godspeed. I have in previous writings in THE TIMES and in the Finland Sentinel constantly urged the wisdom, even the urgency, of Allied action through the medium of a friendly Finland which should lend England, France, and America every facility for effective use of armed forces via Murmansk, to the end that the perils of Bolshevism be most efficiently and swiftly done away with. Now that the latter stands definitely unmasked before the world, is it too much to hope that Finland under Mannerheim may not only, through a complete understanding with America and the Allies, come into her own at last, but become an instrument in the rescue of the world from the unspeakable horrors that unhappy and desolate Petrograd has shown lie in store for mankind under a brutal and degraded oligarchy of proletarians?

HERMAN MONTAGU DONNER,
President Finland Constitutional League of America.

WASHINGTON GAY AFTER WAR WORK

Social Life at the National Capital Takes on New Interest with Prospect of Peace—Some Current Events

WITH the signing of the armistice, Washington put itself on a peace basis quite regardless of international conferences or peace parleys, with the result that, even with a closed White House and no official program of what oldfashioned people call State functions, the national capital is having the gayest Winter of a decade.

Not since the Taft Administration, when everybody danced, from the President and the Speaker of the House to the midshipman from Annapolis and cadet from West Point, home for a brief holiday, has the city been so gay. One diplomat has spoken of "dinner parties rampant." The succession of débutante teas, balls, small dances, and cotillions, undreamed of two months ago, is now endless. Yet, despite an evidence of extravagance in the matter of dress, there is still conservativeness in food, which is one of the lessons the war taught us.

Although dinner parties of forty and fifty covers are so usual as to pass almost unnoticed, and each new candidate for social honors has had her time-honored tea as a début, dinners and teas are marked by a less elaborate display of flowers, food, and favors than before the war.

Few Washingtonians of today are natives of the District of Columbia. Society is constantly recruited from every point of the compass to merge into the gayeties of this Victory Winter. Débutantes who inherit their claim to polite attention through five and six generations of District families and débutantes who never saw the dome of the Capitol or portico of the White House until three months ago are dividing honors amicably, not only with each other but with visiting dignitaries of international importance and with the Vice President, who, in the absence of the Chief Executive, may be regarded as the Chief Personage. There are no political lines in entertaining "The Marshalls," as the Vice President and his wife are called by the great body of the capital's Vanity Fair.

"The Ladies of the Senate," an organization of Senators' wives, continues its war work activities in a modified degree, with Mrs. Philander C. Knox of Pennsylvania and Mrs. Atlee Pomerene of Ohio as the active aids of the Vice President's wife, but there is no doubt that the work is secondary in Washington nowadays. Play is the order of the day. While scores of women are still devoting themselves to canteen work, to classes in reconstruction, and to work among the wounded who are coming into Washington literally by the carloads, these ladies in uniform, either of the motor corps or the refreshment staff, are changing their clothes three times and finding time to participate in the revived diversions of peace time.

Not only has the feminine uniform, except in rare instances, given place to the smart tailored suit and demi-toilet, with fashionable modistes working overtime to fill orders for evening frocks, but jewels that were placed in safe deposit vaults are emerging into the daylight as well as the subdued, waxlight of the well-appointed dinner table. The Russian Ball of ten days ago marked the return of the tiara, the diamond dog collar, and the ropes of pearls that were entirely out of place in wartime. Many of the women guests adopted the Kakoschnik, originally introduced in Washington by Mme. George Bakhmeteff when her husband was the Ambassador of the late Czar. Kakoschniks ranged from a coronet of silver lace copied from some picture of the old régime to nine-inch halos of diamonds and pearls.

While no effort has been made to place Cabinet Day again on the social calendar, the fact that Mrs. Marshall and Mrs. Champ Clark have announced "at homes" for Wednesday afternoons has gone a long way toward re-establishing the custom of official hostesses' receiving visitors without formal invitation. A recent occasion fully representative of Washington on a peace footing was the reception of Mrs. Philander C. Knox and Mrs. Hiram W. Johnson as joint hostesses at the Knox home on K Street. No cards were issued for the reception, but the company could hardly have been more representative of official Washington. Those who came included the Chief Justice of the United States, several Associate Justices, practically the entire Senatorial circle, diplomats, and officers of the army and navy.

A dozen or more daughters of prominent families, having had no intention of quitting school or college if the war continued, suddenly decided to come out this Winter with all the old-time flutter of tea, flowers, and a truly grown-up wardrobe, with gowns for every occasion. The lure of the most joyous play season of a generation could not be resisted.

HOW INDIAN CHIEF HELPED UNCLE SAM

AN American Indian who has probably done more than any other of his race to bring the war to a successful conclusion returned recently to New York, to remain a short time before going back to his home on the Yakama Reservation in Washington. He is Chief Strongheart, son of Chief Running Elk.

Running Elk was scout for General O. O. Howard in the Nez Percés war and aid to Colonel Roosevelt in the Spanish-American war; and Strongheart, when a child, was carried about on the back of the former President. His grandfather was Chief Standing Rock, who took part in "Custer's Last Fight," and who died at the age of 109 years.

Between July and November, 1918, Chief Strongheart visited 216 military posts and camps in this country and interested the soldiers with his talks. He told them of the life of the Indians from cradle to the grave, and had pictured for them the battles the Indians fought. He tried to enlist many times during the war, but was rejected each time because of a wound that he received in his leg. He had been the leader of a band of Indian scouts in the service of the United States in Mexico in 1910, and in an encounter with some of the Mexicans was shot in the leg. Before the wound had been inflicted he succeeded in killing two of the "Greasers," and taking seven prisoners.

Since it was impossible for him to serve his country on the firing line, Chief Strongheart realized that he could, nevertheless, do his bit. He, therefore, toured the land for recruits for the army. After an address in front of the New York Public Library one afternoon, 233 men enlisted. In other parts of this State, and New Jersey and Massachusetts about 200 more joined the colors. Later he traveled from New York to the Western coast, speaking in all the large cities for the Liberty Loan and War Saving Stamp drives. In all his travels he was clothed in his native dress and wore his feathered headdress.

On his return to New York, Chief Strongheart said that there were 18,000 American Indians in the war, and that most of them were used as scouts. He cited an instance where five Indians enabled the Americans to capture 13,000 prisoners. He also said that the Indians were the originators of camouflage, and that the French, realising to what good advantage it had been used in the Indian wars, adopted it. Whenever the Indians went to fight in the war, Strongheart explained, they painted their bodies brown or green and sketched figures of birds over them, so that they blended easily with the scenery.

WHY WOMEN SEEK SIX SPECIAL LAWS

Leaders of Joint Legislative Conference Explain Conditions Which They Think Require New State Legislation

NOW that the women of New York State have equal political rights with men, why do they ask for special laws for the benefit of women?

Why has the Women's Joint Legislative Conference, comprising the six largest women's organizations in the State, undertaken to put through this session of the Legislature at Albany a program of six bills, all for the benefit of women in industry? Why do they ask for an eight-hour day for women only? Why do they ask that women conductors, elevator operators, and office workers (with few exceptions) be not required to work after 10 o'clock at night?

These are questions which the Women's Joint Legislative Conference and its representatives in New York and Albany are being asked, not only by legislators, but by many persons not in touch with the needs of women in industry. Answers to them have just been issued in the form of statements by members of the conference, which includes the Women's Trade Union League, Y. W. C. A., the New York State Suffrage Party, the Consumers' League of the city and State, and the New York League of Women Workers.

"In the first place," according to Miss Mary E. Dreier, Chairman of the Women's Joint Legislative Conference, "equal franchise has not created equal industrial conditions, either in the hours of work or the amount in the pay envelope. Since the women are inadequately organized industrially they have not been able to obtain the better conditions enjoyed by the men, who have obtained them through the power of their labor unions.

"Political equality does not mean industrial equality unless industry is regulated entirely by legislation. Where industrial organization is lacking legislative remedies must be applied.

"The workingmen have achieved the eight-hour day to a great extent, and the fact that women are unorganized and cannot through industrial organization demand the same working day as the men has resulted in their underbidding the men and being forced into unfair competition with men workers. The Eight-hour bill, therefore, aims to remove this unfair competition, and, instead of forcing women out of work and blocking their chances for equal opportunity with the men, will prevent the lowering of standards which the men have achieved and aid the women to obtain equal pay for equal work.

"The working girls themselves want these bills. They have worked under the conditions of no protection and inadequate protection, and they have indorsed this legislation heartily.

"Night work is worse for women than for men because women are the mothers (or the potential mothers) of the race. If she works at night she does not go home to bed, but to prepare the breakfast for her family, get the children off to school and clear up the house, do the washing and ironing or mending for the family. The few hours' sleep that she is able to snatch through the noise and disturbance of the day fail to recoup her strength, and her work as well as her health suffers."

Night work has a moral hazard for young women, as was brought out fully in an investigation made by a member of the conference, Miss Helen McCormick, Assistant District Attorney of Kings County. Miss McCormick investigated the conditions among the women transportation workers and drew up at the request of many women conductors the bill for the protection of women transportation workers.

The employment of women in transportation is a direct outcome of the war. At present there are no limits to hours and women work anywhere from nine to fourteen hours per day. This bill limits their hours to nine consecutive hours per day and provides for one day's rest in seven.

Miss Rose Schneiderman, President of the Women's Trade Union League, comprising 60,000 working women, said: "Working women want these laws. I speak, not only for the organized women workers, but for the working women throughout the State who are as yet unorganized. The benefits of the shorter day come not only to the working men and women themselves, but result in greater industrial efficiency and betterment of the race.

"The last thing that working men or women want is competition between the sexes. What labor has been suffering from is too much competition; women against men and children against women. Such competition lowers standards and injures all alike. The laboring people of this country, as well as of this State, are standing together for equal opportunity for men and women, and for pay to be based not on sex, but on the needs of life for the worker."

One of these bills which the women are sponsoring is for the benefit of both men and women. This is the health insurance bill, introduced by Senator Davenport, to give the sick worker a weekly sum not to exceed $8 per week. For this insurance the worker pays half, and the employer half, the State paying the running expenses. There is a maternity benefit and a death benefit. The cost to the highest paid worker would be not more than 24 cents a week.

The minimum wage bill would create a commission of three, with mandatory powers to inquire into the wages of those trades in which women receive less than a living wage. The office workers' bill was drawn up by the Bookkeepers, Stenographers and Accountants' Union. Its main purpose is to bring these workers under the protection of the health laws of the State, which now affect only workers in factories or mercantile establishments. It also prohibits night work for women office workers, except in professional offices, such as lawyers, doctors, newspaper offices, &c. The elevator bill prohibits girls under 21 from working in this industry, limits the hours to nine per day, prohibits night work, and gives them one day's rest in seven. It also provides for a seat in the elevator.

FOOD AND PREJUDICE.

The Relation Between the Two Tends to Increase Cost of Living.

To a far greater extent than we admit, or possibly are aware of, man is governed by his prejudices. They cost him more than he knows, for a prejudice is an expensive proposition. In no other respect is this weakness so apparent as in the matter of food. During the reign of the Food Administration many people were persuaded or beguiled into eating things they had never eaten before and thought they "didn't like." "I'll try anything—once!" was regarded as a liberal-minded concession to the unfamiliar. Yet our likings are almost universally a matter of habit established by repetition. Few of us have taken kindly to caviare, avocado pears, or even olives, on first acquaintance.

When the use of whale meat was first urged upon the public, people laughed and quoted,

He baited his hook with tigers' tails,
And sat on a rock and fished for whales.

Whale meat is purchasable in Detroit, but where is the steward or chef brave enough to place it on a hotel menu? As a matter of fact, there is nothing in the slightest degree objectionable to eye, nose, or palate in whale steak, as those unprejudiced may quickly learn. It resembles corned beef in appearance, tastes like fresh beef—possibly a little less so, and broiled and served with a sauce, either drawn butter or a lemon sauce, is tasty enough for a second helping, once we have overcome our dread of the untried. That this meat will eventually be recognized as a food adjunct is indicated by two large canneries doing a good business on the Pacific Coast and the concessions granted to the syndicate supplying them.

The flesh of the shark is said to resemble that of the sturgeon—the fish that "goes to the Caesar's dish," but its cannibalistic reputation, firmly fixed in the popular mind, is against it. Man's dread of the gastronomically untried is only equalled by his curiosity, which, after all, gets the better of his fears. Truly, he was a brave man who first swallowed a raw oyster.

Prejudice plays a large part in our food purchases. Take the case of Butter vs. Oleomargarine. Experts in the former have been known to fail in ability to distinguish the two, yet we are willing to pay 20 per cent. more for butter than for the substitute. The prejudice against goods from storage helps bolster the cost of living. Were it not for storage facilities butter and eggs today would be luxuries for the very rich only. The public was recently reliably informed that storage eggs had proved fresher than fresh eggs. The rabbit would furnish food as well as fur if our "don't like" did not stand in the way. As a matter of fact, our "can't eat" and "don't like" are mainly psychological states fixed in habit and prejudice.—Detroit Free Press.

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January Sale of High Grade Furs At Extraordinary Values

Beginning Monday, the 27th, and continuing for the balance of January.

We enumerate below Elite Coats, Wraps and Dolmans heretofore included in our general advertisement but not given special mention.

These garments all represent our high-grade standard of quality, up-to-date in style, and offer a wonderful opportunity for those desiring the best at moderate prices.

	NOW.	Was.
1 SABLE CAPE	$5,000	$7,500
1 ERMINE WRAP	1,650	2,000
1 ERMINE COAT	950	1,350
1 KOLINSKY WRAP	450	600
1 MINK WRAP	2,250	3,250
1 MINK COAT	2,000	2,500
1 MINK COAT	1,650	2,250
1 MINK COAT	1,450	2,000
1 MINK DOLMAN	1,350	1,750
1 MINK WRAP	1,200	1,650
1 DYED MINK WRAP	1,550	2,000
1 CARACUL COAT—Sable trimmed	850	1,250
1 CARACUL WRAP	600	800
1 CARACUL WRAP—Hudson Seal trimmed	550	700
1 CARACUL WRAP—Hudson Seal trimmed	600	750
1 CARACUL COAT—Skunk trimmed	700	950
1 CARACUL COAT	625	975
1 BROADTAIL WRAP	$1,200	$1,600
1 ALASKA SEAL COAT—Blended Mink Collar	1,000	1,500
1 ALASKA SEAL COAT—Skunk Collar	650	850
1 MOLE WRAP—Skunk trimmed	600	800
1 MOLE COAT—Fox trimmed	500	700
1 MOLE COAT—Fox trimmed	400	600
1 MOLE COAT—Skunk trimmed	450	600
1 MOLE COAT—Squirrel trimmed	450	650
1 MOLE COAT—Ermine trimmed	400	600
1 MOLE COAT	485	700
1 MOLE WRAP—Hudson Seal trimmed	450	575
1 CARACUL WRAP—Skunk trimmed	675	800
1 CARACUL WRAP—Skunk trimmed	500	700
1 CARACUL SHORT DOLMAN—Beaver trim.	400	525
1 CARACUL SHORT DOLMAN—Opossum trimmed	325	450
1 CARACUL DOLMAN	335	475

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES IN SILVER, NATURAL BLUE AND CROSS FOXES, RUSSIAN AND HUDSON BAY SABLES

Hudson Seal Coats and Wraps

	NOW.	Was.
1 HUDSON SEAL WRAP (Dyed Mink panel front, collar, cuffs & yoke)	$850	$1,200
1 HUDSON SEAL DOLMAN (Dyed Mink trimmed)	600	750
1 HUDSON SEAL DOLMAN—Beaver trim.	650	800
1 HUDSON SEAL COAT (Dyed Mink Collar and Cuffs)	550	650
1 HUDSON SEAL DOLMAN (Otter Collar and Border)	600	800
1 HUDSON SEAL DOLMAN (Australian Opossum Collar)	$900	$800
1 HUDSON SEAL THREE-QUARTER CAPE (Beaver trimmed)	500	700
1 HUDSON SEAL COAT—Skunk trimmed	485	600
1 HUDSON SEAL COAT—48 in. long (Skunk Collar)	550	660
1 HUDSON SEAL WRAP—Plain	550	750
1 HUDSON SEAL SHORT DOLMAN (Beaver trimmed)	450	575

A large assortment of less expensive Hudson Seal and Caracul Coats, both plain and trimmed, also Scarfs and Muffs in various popular furs, at 20% to 33⅓% reductions.

Men's Cloth Overcoats—Various cloths and styles, fur lined and trimmed, $60 up.

Ladies' Cloth Coats, fur lined and fur trimmed, $60 up.

Auto Coats for Men & Women—in various furs at remarkable savings.

Robes, full size—in great variety at extreme reductions.

An assortment of Mounted Rugs for Drawing Room and Library at interesting prices.

No goods from this sale sent on approval, C. O. D. or returnable for credit.

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How "Silent Simms" Became a Master of Speech

By MARTIN M. BYRON

"YOU are exasperating beyond words," shot out Mr. Worden.

"Why didn't you keep Mr. Truesdale here? You knew I would be back in ten minutes."

Harry Simms gulped hard, and replied weakly, "I did try to keep him here, Mr. Worden, but he wouldn't stay."

"What? Wouldn't stay even ten minutes? Why, you could have kept him that long without his realizing it. Why didn't you *talk* to him about the weather, about peace, about the price of potatoes, about *anything?*"

This wasn't the first calling down I had heard Simms get. He had been with the firm for eight years and had reached the point where he was as much a fixture around the office as the desk or the chairs. He was a slow-going, steady plugger, earning $40 a week. He managed to keep busy in the Sales Department, keeping records of salesmen's reports. No one around the office seemed to notice him. He was so quiet that the only things that would start him talking were such momentous events as the beginning of the war or the end of the war. Even when his baby was born, Harry said only three words—"It's a boy."

It wasn't long before we nicknamed him "Silent Simms."

Yet "Silent Simms" is now our Sales Manager, regarded as one of the most brilliant men in our organization, getting an annual salary that runs close to five figures; and is slated for the vice-presidency!

How all this happened in so short a time makes one of the most remarkable stories of success I have ever heard. But let Harry tell the story as he told it to me when I asked him point-blank what sort of magic he used in transforming himself.

"Well," said Harry, "You remember when Mr. Truesdale came in that day and I could not hold him for ten minutes until the Chief got back? And when the Chief came back and found Truesdale gone, how he bawled me out? *That incident marked the turning point of my life.* I made up my mind that I was going to live down the nickname of 'Silent Simms' that had fastened itself upon me to a point where I hardly spoke to my wife. I was just afraid. I had almost forgotten how to use my tongue. Perhaps I got that way because every time I opened my mouth I 'put my foot in it.' I was always getting in wrong. I would give instructions and then have to spend twenty minutes trying to explain them. I would dictate a letter and then have to write five more to explain the first one. I would try to explain an idea to the Chief and would get so flustered that I couldn't make myself understood at all. In my social life I became almost a hermit. We never went out because I was like a sphinx among people. I was the best listener you ever saw and the *worst talker.*

"Well, when the Chief called me down that day it was the 'straw that broke the camel's back.' It was the most humiliating experience I ever went through. I had been with the firm 8 years—was getting $40 a week—and was the office 'football.' I went home that night determined to learn how to talk convincingly, interestingly, and forcibly, so that I could interest people, not only for 10 minutes, but by the hour. No more of the silent stuff for me. I had no more idea of how to do it than I have of how to jump across the ocean, but I knew that I wanted to do it, and I knew that I would never get anywhere until I did do it. It took a shock to make me realize what it was that was holding me down to the grind of detail work, but when I finally realized why I was called 'Silent Simms,' I began to investigate all that had been written on the subject of talking. I did not want to become a public speaker—what I wanted was the ability to talk as a business asset. I bought numberless books on public speaking, but they all taught oratory, and were so complicated that I gave up almost in discouragement. I continued my search, however, and was rewarded a few weeks later by hearing about the work of Dr. Frederick Houk Law of New York University, who was conducting a course in business talking and public speaking.

"You may be sure that I lost no time in attending the lectures. I went after them as eagerly as a hungry wolf goes after food. To my great surprise and pleasure I grasped the idea of being a convincing talker—what I had needed all my life—almost in the first lesson.

"I learned why I was afraid to stand up and talk to others. I learned how to talk to a number of people at the same time. I learned how to make people listen to every word I said. I learned how to say things interestingly, forcibly and convincingly. I learned how to listen while others talked. I learned how to say exactly what I meant. I learned when to be humorous with telling effect, and how to avoid being humorous at the wrong time.

"More important than these vital fundamentals were the actual examples of what things to say and when to say them to meet every condition. I found that there was a knack in making reports to my superiors. I found that there was a right and wrong way to make complaints, to answer complaints, to give estimates, to issue orders, to give opinions, to bring people around to my way of thinking without antagonizing them and about how to ask banks for a loan. Then, of course, there were also lessons on speaking before large audiences, advice on how to find material for talking and speaking, actual rules on how to talk to friends, to servants, and even to children.

"And the whole thing was so simple that in a single evening I learned the principles that turned me into a very dynamo of ambition. I believed that I had at last found the road to Mastery of Speech. I began to apply the principles at once. I began to get things done. I began to put a new kind of ginger into my letters, into my memoranda, into my talks with customers, and with people in the office. In a little three-minute talk with the Chief I nearly floored him with some ideas that had been in my mind for years, but which I had always been afraid to mention. It wasn't long before I was taken off my old desk and put at the city salesman's desk. You know how I made good. Seems almost like a dream now. Then, a short time later, I was given Roger's job on the road, in the hardest territory we have. And when I began to break records then the Chief wired me to come back and gave me Morgan's job as the sales manager when Morgan was put in charge of the Seattle office.

"This great change came over me largely as a result of my having learned **how to talk.** I imagine there are thousands of others in the same boat in which I found myself and who might become big money-makers if they only learned the principles of being a convincing talker."

When Harry Simms finished, I asked him if I could not have the benefit of Dr. Law's Course, and he told me that only recently Dr. Law had prepared a complete course in printed form which contained exactly the same instructions as he had given in his lectures. I sent for it and found it to be exactly as he stated. After studying the eight simple lessons I began to realize that part of Simms' success was due to real ability to talk. For my own success with the Course has been as great as his. I can never thank Simms enough for telling me about Dr. Law's Course in Business Talking and Public Speaking.

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Times 1-26-19

INFLUENZA CHIEF CAUSE OF DEATHS IN HOME CAMPS

During War Period Diseases Took 32,165 Soldiers in This Country and 18,136 Overseas—First Appraisal of Epidemic's Ravages Made by Surgeon General's Department

FROM a death rate of 0.37 out of a thousand in service, mortality from disease in army camps and cantonments in the United States rose to 32.13 a thousand in the last six months' period. This jump upward of 800 per cent is without a parallel in army annals, so far as known, and the explanation of it is—the influenza-pneumonia epidemic. The worldwide scourge, it is estimated, resulted in six million deaths in 1918. Of these about 300,000 were in the United States.

For the first time the high toll which the plague took in our army camps is made known by a report of the Division of Sanitation of the Surgeon's office, covering the half year ending Dec. 27. Conditions of the soldier's environment, the crowded barrack room life, supplied the most favorable circumstances for the spread of the disease. It is not denied that the death rate in the army camps was greater than in the civilian communities, but it is emphatically denied that the army rate was as much larger as comparisons with the figures of civilian communities would indicate, because the army statistics are complete, while it is known that there are many deficiencies in the other statistics.

Certainly the army figures give a new picture of the virulence of the influenza. The medical fraternity itself is just beginning to realize what a sweeping agent of the destruction of human life it has been. It is seen now that there is no parallel in history to this epidemic. Plagues in the past have struck particular sections of the world and caused a higher death rate in spots, but none has gone around the whole world with such violence.

In the six months' period the total number of deaths in the army in this country was 24,058. Of these the total for pneumonia was 21,376 and influenza 1,113, and by far the greater part of these fell in the eight weeks' period when the epidemic was at its height. In the worst week, that ending Oct. 11, the deaths from pneumonia and influenza in all camps and cantonments reached 5,380; deaths from all causes in this period totaled 6,266. This was greater than the total from all causes by disease in the army in this country in the preceding half of 1918, numbering 5,502. In that part of the year, too, pneumonia was still the arch enemy among diseases. Death caused by principal diseases in the first half of 1918 were: Pneumonia, 3,162; meningitis, 567; empyema (congestion of lungs,) 196; tuberculosis, 106; measles, 60, and scarlet fever, 57. In the second half of 1918 the only one of these diseases outside of pneumonia that showed an increase was tuberculosis, which footed up 257 deaths.

This one week of the plague's most destructive period made a record close to two and a half times as great as the total of deaths from disease in the camps in this country in our nine months of war in 1917, which was 2,595. Here, again, pneumonia led, developing this time principally from measles instead of influenza, with an approximate total for the nine months of 820. Measles was second with approximately 800 deaths.

For the entire period of the war the total number of deaths from disease in the army in this country was 32,165, subject to checking up the telegraph reports by official figures. Among the Expeditionary Forces the total deaths from disease was up to a few days ago 18,136, making a grand total of 50,301. This figure is now published for the first time. During the war reports were in rates per thousand in order not to give information to the enemy. Figures on different diseases among our troops on the other side are not yet available, but of the total 32,165 who died of disease in this country approximately 25,360 succumbed to pneumonia.

Weekly telegraph reports to the Surgeon General's office from the camps and cantonments of the country, during the period from Sept. 13 to Nov. 29, show how the plague fairly stormed the army camps, and for the time being made the barracks of this country a much more dangerous place than the front in France. The following figures reveal how the death rate per thousand men rose rapidly to a high point—when death from influenza or its sequel, pneumonia, was taking a toll at the annual rate of 200.4 men per thousand—and as rapidly fell again:

Week of—	Death Rate per 1,000.	Week of—	Death Rate per 1,000.
Sept. 13	2.3	Oct. 25	92.7
Sept. 21	*4.4	Nov. 1	43.2
Sept. 27	32.4	Nov. 8	33.0
Oct. 4	81.8	Nov. 15	19.7
Oct. 11	200.4	Nov. 22	13.7
Oct. 18	190.1	Nov. 29	13.2

*Plague starts.

Camp Deaths in Worst Week of Influenza, Oct. 4-11, 1918.

Beauregard, 202; Bowie, 34; Eustis, 27; Fremont, 1; Greene, 23; Greenleaf, 47; Hancock, 144; Kearny, 2; Logan, 40; MacArthur, 18; McClellan, 19; Sevier, 150; Sheridan, 9; Syracuse, 47; Wadsworth, 24; Wheeler, 2; Custer, 248; Devens, 48; Dix, 157; Dodge, 198; Funston, 335; Gordon, 64; Grant, 638; Humphreys, 28; Jackson, 148; Lee, 220; Lewis, 7; Meade, 418; Pike, 175; Sherman, 689; Taylor, 339; Travis, 11; Upton, 128; Eastern Department, 145; Northeastern Department, 38; Southeastern Department, 53; Southern Department, 85; Central Department, 54; Western Department, 12; aviation camps, 120; Fort Sill, 3; Merritt, 173; Stuart, 52.

During this period the number of deaths from influenza and pneumonia was approximately 20,000. The death rate is now down to 9, and the number of cases of influenza and pneumonia at the camps and cantonments is about 1,000 among 1,000,000 men all told. There has been no recurrent epidemic in the army camps as there was in the civilian population, owing to the way the army surgeons cambatted the plague. Therefore the heavy army loss is concentrated in a short period as against a long period in the civilian population, and army surgeons say that in a just comparison of losses between the two bodies this fact should be taken into consideration. Owing to the interchanges between the camps they were all struck hardest by the disease at about the same time.

Two main conditions, it is pointed out, made the soldiers in the camps exceptionally susceptible to attack.

First, the soldiers belonged to the age groups which the plague most heavily attacked; that is, persons between the ages of 20 and 40. Later younger persons and the elderly were also victims of the influenza, but in its first appearance the stronger and more vigorous the man the more readily he seemed to succumb.

Second, the great density of population in army camps and the housing conditions. These may be grouped under the one head of crowding, a condition which greatly enhances the danger of infection. In civilian life large numbers occupy single rooms or there are but few in a sleeping room, while at the army camps the number of men sleeping in one room was sometimes as many as 120. The messroom and the contact with one another which the soldiers' duties entailed were active factors in the spread of the disease. In four weeks the malady would run through a camp. The acute period for the country, among the soldiers, was limited within eight weeks.

No lack of facilities or shortage of help were factors in the high rate, it is stated at the Medical Department of the army in Washington. The plague was seen coming, and preparations to combat it with every means known to science were made in advance. A general warning letter, with detailed instructions of the methods to be pursued, was sent out to the camps from the Medical Department. A special personnel, with extra nurses, was organized to fight the disease. Barracks were emptied of well soldiers and filled with hospital beds for the soldiers sick with the influenza when they began coming in at the rate of 8,000 or 10,000 a day, as they did at some of the camps. Each patient spon got 100 square feet of floor space.

The exact total of the death rate per 1,000 men for the six months ending Dec. 27 is 32,152; for pneumonia the figures are 28,558, for influenza, 1,513, so that tha total for these two is 30.071, showing how overwhelming a figure the plague played in the death list. Undoubtedly many soldiers lost their lives because of the crowded conditions under which men live, in the large barrack rooms of the present army plans common to all countries, but the great cost in lives will unquestionably start an agitation among army surgeons for a revision and the introduction of a plan by which fewer men will be placed in a sleeping room.

Dr. Victor G. Heiser, writing for The Journal of the American Medical Association, asks: "In view of the present high rate of infection of respiratory diseases, is it not unreasonable to assume that unless better housing conditions are provided, wherever men live in barracks, a morbidity and mortality approaching that of the army quartered in barracks last Winter will be reached? Is there a military or other emergency that would justify so great a sacrifice of life? It must be remembered that, in addition to the unsanitariness under consideration, a heavy economic loss will be encountered * * *. The high infection from respiratory disease at the present time make it justifiable to require men to live under barrack conditions only in cases of extreme emergency."

In Dr. Heiser's opinion the death rate in the army camps and cantonments, because of the conditions under which the men lived, was from two to three times higher than that in civilian communities. He gives these figures of similar age groups to those of the army in death rate per thousand from influenza and pneumonia: Philadelphia, 8.8; Boston, 7.5; Baltimore, 7.7, and New York, 4.2. Dr. Heiser's article was written before the six months' report of the Surgeon General's office was completed, showing a death rate of 30.071 from influenza and pneumonia alone. As an instance of what crowding will do he points out that the death rate from influenza at the feeble-minded institute at Orient, Ohio, where there was as many as 160 in a room, was 58 in a thousand.

Up to the time the influenza epidemic struck the camps the Health Department of the army was on its way to make a new record for low death rate form disease during wartime. For the year ending Aug. 30 the death rate for all troops in this country was 6.37. In civilian life the death rate between the ages of 20 and 30 is 6.7, showing an advantage for the army on this basis of comparison. In 1898, during the Spanish-American war, the death from disease was 22 a thousand. Then the great cause of death was typhoid fever, which contributed 0.74 of the total. In this war science, profiting by the past, practically eliminated typhoid as a menace. In the Civil War the death rate from disease was much higher.

On account of the influenza-pneumonia epidemic the remarkable record up to Sept. 1 has been knocked to pieces, and for the calendar year the total deaths per thousand rise close to the Spanish war figures. For 1918 the death rate per thousand from disease among the troops in this country was 20.00, subject to correction when the current telegraphic report are checked up by the final official returns. Up to Sept. 1 there had been only one spot on the record from the beginning of the war, and that was the outbreak of measles, scarlet fever and meningitis, followed by pneumonia, soon after the men were assembled in the cantonments in the Fall of 1917. Investigation showed that the camps had not been properly prepared to take care of sick men, exonerating the Medical Department from blame.

For the year ended Aug. 30 the annual death rate from pneumonia among troops in this country per 1,000 men was 4.02. This report covers the mortality in the new army from the beginning of the war, as the recruits were not called to the camps until the Fall.

"Admission for treatment" is the measure of sickness in the camps. The highest rate of admission for treatment for pneumonia at any of the camps for the twelve months ended Aug. 30 was at Camp Pike, 10.23 per thousand; next was Camp Wheeler, with 17.04. Two were used for the lowest record for admission for treatment in this disease, Camp McClellan and Camp Sevier, each having a rate of 1.67 a thousand. In other diseases listed those camps that stood at either the top or the bottom of the list for admission for treatment are given in the following: Dysentery, highest, Camps McClellan, 4.6 per thousand; lowest, Camps Sheridan and Kearny, none; malaria, highest, Camp Beauregard, 29.7; lowest, Camp Custer, .02; venereal, highest, Camp Wadsworth, 248.4; lowest, Camp Grant, 40; measles, highest, Camp Bowie, 227.1; lowest, Camp Hancock, 6.0; meningitis, highest, Camp Jackson, 11.1; lowest, Camp Fremont, 0.6; scarlet fever, highest, Camp Upton; 24.5; lowest, Camp Bowie, 0.4 per thousand.

Camp Sherman has the highest death rate for the six months ending Dec. 27—68.6 per thousand. Others high in the list are: Camp Grant, 39.0; Camp Humphreys, 57.6; Camp Beauregard, 55.0; Camp Dodge, 55.5. Lowest are Camp Shelby, 9.4 per thousand; Camp Lewis, 12.8; Camp Gordon, 15.9. In the number of admissions to the hospitals for treatment for influenza, the most extraordinary figures of the report are shown. At Camp Bowie the influenza made almost a clean sweep in attacking the soldiers there. The admission per thousand for treatment was 980.5. Out of thirty-seven camps eighteen ran above 500 per thousand. Extremely high ones were: Camp Greene, 792.7; Camp MacArthur, 780.0; Camp Devens, 780.3; Camp Humphreys, 744.7. In only eight of the camps was the rate of attack less than one man out of every three.

In other diseases, there was a reduction in the last six months of the year in the number of deaths from meningitis to 0.422 per thousand from 0.719; empyema, from 0.719 to 0.149; septicemia, from 0.087 to 0.064; measles, from 0.059 to 0.021. The dysentery rate remained the same, 0.009. Increases in the last six months' period were: Tuberculosis, to 0.382 from 0.166, and typhoid fever, to 0.051 from 0.022. The lowest death rate for the year was in the week of July 26, 2.1 per thousand.

Two factors of demobilization have increased the sick and death rate among the troops in the United States. One is the arrival of the sick and wounded from the other side; the other is that in discharging men from service only the well are released, the sick being held in camp for medical treatment. The sick and death rate, from disease, for the entire army, when it is compiled in the annual report of the Surgeon General's Office, is therefore expected to show a considerable reduction from the reports that bear only on the troops in the United States.

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AMERICANIZATION AND READJUSTMENT

The following letter on Americanization was written recently by Ralph Peters, Federal manager in the United States Railroad Administration, to C. M. Lowes, President of the Flushing (L. I.) United Association:

MY dear Sir: I have your kind favor of the 9th inst., inviting an expression of my views on the subject of "Americanization" and "readjustment to Peace Conditions."

These two vital subjects command more time than I can spare for them, but I have no objection to giving my views as those of a plain business man, in the hope that they may impress themselves upon some of the would-be experts who waste their time in theorizing rather than in practical doings.

Americanization means to convert men and women into first-class citizens, filled with proper regard and respect for our institutions, for our language, our churches, our schools, our courts, our municipal, State and national forms of Government, together with a full appreciation, not only of the rights and privileges of citizenship, but of the obligations and duties of citizenship as guaranteed under the Constitution.

Our gates have been open to all comers, regardless of race or nationality. Time alone has generally been the requirement for citizenship. Consequently we have among us a vast number of citizens who do not know or speak our language, who retain the customs and habits of their old countries, who do not care for our laws and our institutions, who continue to show their prejudices against the laws and institutions of their former homes, and feel that it is necessary to attack our laws and our institutions because of that feeling. There are also citizens who seek only our money, and with it claim freedom of speech, licentiousness rather than liberty, without a single obligation to their new country.

Their children generally become good citizens through the benign influence of the church and the public schools. But more than this must be done if we should hope to make real Americans out of them. Prohibit the use of newspapers and magazines published in foreign languages; prohibit the right to vote until everyone understands and appreciates the privilege of voting; have compulsory education for both the old and the young until there is a full appreciation of what it means to be an American citizen.

When that is done, there should be a poll tax for all naturalized voters. I feel that if they had to pay for the privilege of voting, they would soon be forced into an appreciation of citizenship and a full development of Americanism.

As to the problem of readjustment, our first act should be the repeal of all laws or acts of Congress and of the Legislatures that were passed for war purposes. Let us get back to normal, sane, Constitutional Government. We became a great nation and world power under our Constitution.

Cancel all extraordinary powers of government not now required for war purposes, get our war work stopped and put business back into nomal channels, so that we can conform to the natural law of supply and demand. Let the gas out of the inflated balloon gradually, but let it out. Stop the experts from talking and get busy. There is work for everyone, or soon will be, in all legitimate lines of business.

Every employer appreciates the position of labor, and is prepared to give absolutely fair treatment and good wages for loyal co-operation. The two must pull together with absolute confidence in each other, and if this is done we will soon be prosperous and contented again. Very truly yours,

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"LITTLE GRANDMOTHER" TELLS OF RUSSIA'S PLIGHT

Catherine Breshkovskaya, Just Arrived in This Country, Is Skeptical About Value of Parleys With Russian Factions

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.

MME. CATHERINE BRESHKOVSKAYA, who has spent more than thirty-two of seventy-three years of life in Russian and Siberian prisons, and who is so beloved of her people as to rejoice in the title of the "Grandmother of the Russian Revolution," arrived in Chicago yesterday from the Pacific Coast, thus terminating the first lap of a tour of the principal cities of the United States. "I am going to tell the generous people of the United States," she says, "who at times, I may say, are somewhat selfish in their disinclination to look at things in my unhappy country from the right angle, some of the urgent needs of the Russian population. I am more particularly going to tell the American people about the plight of the 4,000,000 Russian children who have been made orphans as a result of the war, and who, if left to their own devices and without a helping hand, must necessarily become imbued with anarchistic ideas."

Mme. Breshkovskaya is distinctly of the opinion that the Russian people must be left to work out their own salvation without help other than educational and financial from the other nations of the world. Intervention on the part of the military forces of the United States, Great Britain, France, or Japan, she regards as useless. These nations should confine their attention, she thinks, solely to aiding the Russians in establishing a constitutional assembly and a subsequent stable form of government.

Of Lenine and Trotzky Mme. Breshkovskaya would have none. "They have deceived the people," she says, "and their power is now unmistakably on the decline; they have practically run their course. Their overthrow is inevitable. With their removal from power a new and better era for all Russia most certainly will dawn."

SKEPTICAL ABOUT PARLEYS.

In the course of an interview with a staff correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES this afternoon at Hull House, where Mme. Breshkovskaya is the guest of Jane Addams, she, in addition to the remarks above quoted, ventured the opinion that nothing of value would come from President Wilson's proposal to have various representatives of the different Russian factions meet with the Peace Commission in Paris.

"Do you approve of President Wilson's offer to confer with the representatives of the various warring elements in Russia?" Mme. Breshkovskaya was asked.

"Most certainly not," replied the aged woman with emphasis. "For the simple reason that it cannot be done. Nothing will come of the proposition, because it is impossible to harmonize the various Russian factions.

"I pity President Wilson. I am sure his heart is in the right place and that he desires to do what is right by Russia. But can he do so when he is surrounded by influence which may not be over friendly? I do not see that his proposal to have representatives of the different Russian factions meet with the Peace Commission in Paris is going to prove effective in solving the Russian problem. If we cannot get together in Russia, it is not reasonable to suppose that we shall be able to get together through representatives away off in Paris."

"What is the attitude of the Russian masses toward allied help to relieve the present situation, and what is the opinion regarding the existing operations of American and allied armed force in Russia?"

"If the Allies would understand our needs and would stand as sincere brothers by us, it would be well," she replied after some meditation. "But if they come solely to restore the monarchy or to make the capitalists the masters of the country and the people, we would not want their help. But, on the other hand, if the Allies would help us attain a national assembly it would be acceptable.

"At the present time, we are too poor and too disorganized to make much progress in this direction. The peasants are too ignorant to understand the exigencies of the situation, but if left alone and given sufficient time to adjust ourselves to new conditions we would become educated and organize a free and stable form of government.

"But I am afraid," said the snowy-haired woman somewhat wistfully, "that this will not come to pass for many years."

SUSPICIOUS ABOUT OUR TROOPS.

Concerning the presence of American and British troops in Russia, Mme. Breshkovskaya was frankly pessimistic, if not a little suspicious as to the underlying motive.

"I do not think they have been sent to Russia," she said, "so much to restore order in that particular section where they are operating—and incidentally sustaining capital—as to protect and guard the large stores of ammunition and supplies deposited on our coasts by the Allies. I do not think this kind of intervention will be of the slightest use or benefit to the Russian people. The only thing for the Allies to do, if they come in at all, is to assist us in establishing a stable form of government.

"It is a calamity, not alone for Russia but for the world at large, to permit Bolshevism to flourish and expand. If the Allies would map out a comprehensive plan to stamp out Bolshevism and aid us in setting up a stable Government, then the presence of their forces might be useful; at the present time the need for them is not apparent, unless it be to save and protect their supplies and those of the Red Cross.

"The situation in Russia is deplorable. There is no exaggeration in cable dispatches which state that our people are literally starving to death. There is bread in some places, but not in all. There are no means of transportation; the railroads have completely broken down. The people in the cities who have some supplies refuse to sell anything. We have no clothes, no tools, no instruments, no medicines, and little or no food. The stocks in the co-operative stores of the villages are almost totally depleted.

"At the start the Bolsheviki had the people with them. They promised peace, bread, clothes, education—they gave, ah, they gave only money, and that to themselves. We Russians are ashamed to say that, rich as our country is, we are beggars.

"The farmers will not sell to the Bolsheviki, consequently many of the people of Russia are starving. We have no schools, no communication, no transportation, no bread, no peace, no industry. Russia is destroyed. Not even paper have we to print our alphabet. Consequently, education is at a standstill. Even the newspapers have been suppressed, except those of the Bolsheviki. You in America know nothing save what they tell you; the truth is suppressed.

"We literally have nothing that a people needs. But we will fight for our freedom until we get it. The only hope for Russia is the overthrow of the Bolshevist forces and the election of a constitutional assembly."

SOCIALISTS NOT BOLSHEVIKI.

Mme. Breshkovskaya described herself as a Social Revolutionist, and said her party did not expect immediate socialism, realizing no nation is yet ready for it. But its program was three fold—compulsory education, the distribution of the land among the tillers of the soil, and the calling of a National Assembly. The crying need of Russia today, she said, is order, and its 80,000,000 peasants demand it.

"I do not understand," said she, "why you in America call the Socialists Bolsheviki. What for? Bolshevism is not a theory. It is a behavior. If the American Socialists admire the Bolsheviki they do not understand their performances. Perhaps they believe Russia is happy now. It is not. It is very unhappy.

"Bolshevism is a mode of action, while socialism is a science, a theory, a belief. Many persons who embraced the doctrines of the Bolsheviki are turning back—they know they have been deceived.

"Under the Kerensky Government, after I had been in prison for a total period of thirty-two years under the Czars, I walked the streets a free woman. When the Bolsheviki came in I had to be kept hidden to avoid arrest. I had to keep like the mice in cellars.

"But I had been used to that. For more than eight years I was hidden by friends in Moscow and Petrograd. When the Bolsheviki came to arrest me I was taken to a little town on the Volga and then taken through Siberia to Vladivostok, whence I successfully made my way by sea to America.

"Now the people are awakening to the menace of Bolshevism and are preparing for a new and better order of things. In this readjustment valuable aid has been rendered by the Czechoslovaks."

Mme. Breshkovskaya paid a tribute to the work of the Czechoslovaks, whom she termed the only real friends of the Russian people. Stories of violence and atrocities of the Bolsheviki she said were, unfortunately, only too true.

"They have been guilty of unspeakable cruelties," she added, "and the half has never been told."

"So I will address myself to the American people," continued Mme. Breshkovskaya, "and will tell them of our needs and what must be done to insure our reconstruction. Russia is over her head in debt. But the situation is not absolutely hopeless. There are already some places orderly and settled, and sentiment is growing in favor of an orderly form of government. But we have a great need of funds. When I go back to Russia it will be my mission to aid and assist in this reconstruction, and if America will be so generous as to aid us in this matter it will be a real help to us. The Red Cross has done a great and noble work in Russia, but unfortunately much of its supplies still remain at Harbin and at Vladivostok."

4,000,000 WAR ORPHANS.

Mme. Breshkovskaya said one of the objects of her visit to America was to enlist the sympathies of the people of the United States in the 4,000,000 Russian war orphans. Two millions of these she said are what in Russia are termed "round orphans," having lost both father and mother; the others have lost their fathers in the war.

"For the education of these children," she said, "there is a real and pressing need. Unless we keep them off the streets, clothe, feed, and educate them, they will become imbued with Bolshevist and anarchistic ideas and will become a menace not alone to Russia, but also to the civilized world.

"Perhaps you of America are too proud and do not care to know what is going on in my country, but if you allow Russia to remain in state of revolt, with her people uneducated and in dense poverty, the danger will be forced upon you and may come home very close to you. Therefore, it is highly essential that we take care of the 4,000,000 orphans and see that they get a through education. Education will put an end to Bolshevism."

Mme. Breshkovskaya will remain in Chicago until Monday, delivering lectures at the University of Chicago and elsewhere, both in English and in Russian. On Monday she will go to New York and, while in that city, will reside at the University Settlement in Rivington Street. From New York she purposes going to Washington, Boston, and other Eastern cities.

NOVEL CASES IN THE COURTS

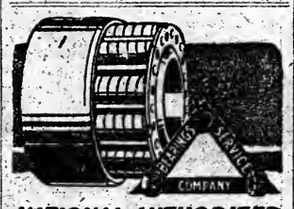
A decision of the United States Supreme Court that has caused no little comment is reported in 37 Supreme Court Reporter, 662, under title of Adams vs. Tanner. The majority opinion was delivered by Mr. Justice McReynolds, and holds invalid an initiative law of the State of Washington making it unlawful for any employment agent to accept any remuneration for furnishing employment or information leading thereto. The court says that there is nothing inherently immoral or dangerous to public welfare in the business, and that, while the abuses incident to it may make regulations necessary, they do not justify destruction of the right to carry it on in an upright manner. The law is accordingly held to violate the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, as unduly restricting liberty to engage in a useful business.

A Health Officer is held not liable in damages in Crayton v. Larrabee, 220 N. Y. 493, 116 N. E. 355, for enforcing a quarantine against a house in the neighborhood of one containing a contagious disease, none of the inmates of which have been exposed to such disease, under a municipal ordinance enacted under statutory authority permitting such quarantine whenever the Health Officer deems necessary, if he acted in good faith and had reasonable cause for his action.

The constitutional provisions against depriving one of liberty without due process of law are held not to apply to an alien enemy, in De Lacey v. United States, 249 Fed. 625.

A city ordinance, which forbids anyone to bathe in a lake lying wholly within the city limits, from which the city's water supply is drawn, but which lake is the private property of persons whose lands border thereon, and the city has acquired no rights to the water of the lake by purchase or eminent domain, is held invalid as being equivalent to depriving persons who own the lake of their property without just compensation or due process of law, in the Florida case of Pounds v. Darling, 77 So. 666.

That one standing on the ground engaged in cranking an automobile in which he intends to resume a journey which had been interrupted by the stopping of the engine, and who is killed when the automobile suddenly started forward, is not within the operation of an insurance policy, providing double indemnity for persons killed while in or on a private conveyance, is held in the Missouri case of Turner v. Fidelity & C. Co., 202 S. W. 1078, L. R. A. 1918 E, 381.



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N.Y.T.—1-26-19

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SUMMARY OF DAMAGE TO FRANCE IN WAR

Red Cross Report, Officially Approved, Gives Figures of Losses in Farms, Factories, and Forests

A summing up of the material war damage to France is made in a report by George B. Ford, head of the Research Department of the American Red Cross in France, formerly consultant engineer to the City of New York. His report is based on his personal surveys of all the devastated regions, and it has the approval of the French authorities. It is the first document of its kind, and has just been received from the Paris correspondent of The New York Times.

The American Red Cross has not undertaken to repair the war damage. The task is too great for any such method of handling it. It is to be undertaken by the French Government, with such assistance as other Governments may furnish.

By GEORGE B. FORD.

So stupendous is the destruction in the devastated regions in France that one can realize what it means only by traveling in an automobile through village after village and town after town, often where nothing is standing erect more than a few feet above the ground.

The destruction varies. Often where there has been only minor shell fire one finds just the roofs and the windows are gone. Or again, in towns like Vaux and Suippes, one can hardly appreciate that he is passing what was formerly a village so thoroughly churned up are the buildings and the ground.

In general, where there has been a rapid advance or retreat there has been very little destruction. In the great German drive of September, 1914, very little destruction was caused, but at the places where the hardest fighting occurred, at the turning of the battle of the Marne, that is, along by Meaux, Sezanne Vitry-le-François, and Revigny, the destruction is complete, but only for a narrow fringe where the battle was hardest. The same thing is true along the battle fronts in the Somme and The Aisne, where the hardest fighting took place; there is complete destruction extending over a belt rarely more than ten or twelve miles wide.

The other kind of destruction is willful, as on the Somme, the Oise, and the Aisne in the Spring of 1917. The same was true in the retreat of the Fall of 1918. It is interesting to see how the destruction developed. For instance, in September, 1914, at the time of the great German advance and during the battle of the Marne, there was comparatively little destruction in the North and in Champagne. It is only when we get down to the Marne, the Meuse, Meurthe-et-Moselle, and Vosges that any great destruction took place. On the Marne 88 communes were damaged, including a total of 3,500 buildings entirely destroyed and nearly 12,000 partly destroyed, and 40 communes remained on the German side of the lines.

On the Meuse 59 communes were damaged, with about 1,800 buildings completely destroyed and nearly 700 partially destroyed, with 236 communes remaining in the hands of the Germans.

On the Vosges 53 communes were damaged, with a total of 1,256 buildings completely destroyed and nearly 2,000 partly destroyed, with 25 communes remaining in the hands of the Germans.

On the Marne and the Meuse most of the destruction took place during the battle of the Marne along both sides of the lines where the fighting was heaviest. It started in at Meaux and did not get really serious until near Sezanne. Then in the farming villages south of Chalons-sur-Marne and west of Vitry-le-François, running up past Revigny and Bar-le-Duc and Verdun and down to St. Mihiel and Commercy, the destruction by shell fire is intense. This makes a belt about 150 miles long where the destroyed area is anywhere from five to ten miles wide.

Around Nancy there is comparatively little destruction, but north and east of that place the destruction is again serious, almost all by shell fire, including cities like Lunéville, Gerbevillier, (which was systematically burned,) part of Remberviller, St. Dié, &c., down to the border of Alsace, where the buildings, especially in the larger town of Thann, are largely destroyed.

In addition there were various cities behind the lines which were within the range of German guns, and in which quite a little destruction has been caused. This is especially true of Belfort, also of Bar-le-Duc, and to a lesser degree of Nancy.

COMPLETE DESTRUCTION.

The German retreat in March, 1917, along the Somme the Aisne, and the Oise, in the first part of their retreat on the Oise and the Aisne, they only partly destroyed the buildings, usually by burning, so that in most instances the exterior walls and partitions are standing in many buildings and could be repaired by putting on a roof and putting in windows and doors, but east of the line extending from Noyon to Ham and north of a line extending due west from Ham, the Germans had time to burn and blow up almost all of the villages, with the result that destruction was complete.

Today little is left of Hazebrouck, Bethune, Arras, Albert, Compiegne, and Rheims, and severe destruction exists in Amiens, Clermont, Beauvais, Senlis, Epernay, Chalons, Bar-le-Duc, Toul, and Nancy.

During the last four months the Allies have won back from Germany nearly 8,030 square miles of land in France, or an area nearly as large as the States of Delaware, Connecticut, and Rhode Island. This is nearly 3 per cent. of the total area of France, and includes about 2,000 communes, with a total population before the war of around 2,500,000 people.

The German advance in March and May of this year covered a little over 2,300 square miles. The German retreat of March, 1917, covered about 1,550 square miles. This was about 80 miles long, with a maximum depth of about 25 miles. This is about one-half of 1 per cent. of the total area of France, and included about 500 communes, with a total population of about 325,000 people.

Four years ago the total invaded area was more than 15,000 square miles, or something over 5 per cent. of the total area of France, including over 3,500 communes, with a total population over 4,000,000, including the best manufacturing district and the best farming country of France. This area is larger than Maryland and Delaware combined, or as large as Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut.

The devastated area in France covers approximately 6,000 square miles in all, about 2 per cent. of France, with a total population of nearly 2,000,000 people. This is about equal to the area of Connecticut and Rhode Island.

The area reconquered in Alsace until four months ago equaled about 450 square miles, or about two-fifths the area of Rhode Island. Outside of the half-destroyed town of Thann there was almost no destruction. In all there are about 6,000 square miles in Alsace-Lorraine, with 1,874,014 inhabitants in 1910.

Alsace-Lorraine had over 1,000,000 acres of forest. It produced principally hay and potatoes. It produced 3,538,722 tons of coal, 20,083,238 tons of iron ore, 102,644 tons of potash. The potash deposits are estimated at 2,000,000,000 tons. It made 2,908,230 tons of pig iron and 1,444,953 tons of steel. There were 5,661 textile plants, employing 80,423 persons. These included 1,900,000 cotton spindles.

Belgium has suffered at least two billion dollars' worth of destruction in all and there are two billion in thefts and taxes imposed by Germany. Of this amount $1,150,000,000 is the loss of machinery, tools, and stock, and 150,000 workingmen have been taken into Germany.

Belgium covers about 12,000 square miles, and had 7,423,784 inhabitants before the war. It had nearly 1,500,000 acres of forest. It produced 3,253,067 tons of potatoes, 1,702,535 tons of sugar beet, and oats, rye, and wheat; 22,982,000 tons of coal were mined by 145,670 miners, and 2,301,290 tons of pig iron were made. There were 1,492,258 cotton spindles in use. In 1913 the Government revenue was $160,000,000.

EXTENT OF DESTRUCTION.

On July 24, 1917, the Ministry of Interior prepared a report on the destruction, as closely as it could be determined on the French side of the lines. This report was the successor of a first report which was made at the end of May, 1916. The later report covered 1,223 communes in 11 departments, whereas the earlier report covered 754 communes in 10 departments. In all these communes there have been more less destruction, and this number does not include 450 communes which were still too near the front to make possible a complete survey. The total number of communes freed from the enemy was 490 by the advance of the Spring of 1917, thereby reducing the total number of communes resting in the hands of the Germans from 2,554 to 2,055, all of which are now freed. Most of these communes are strictly agricultural, so that the destruction hits particularly hard the richest farming area of France.

It was reckoned that in the 1,223 communes reported on a year ago the number of buildings damaged was 102,697, as compared with 46,263 in May, 1918, and of these the statistics show that in 1917 50,756 of the buildings were completely destroyed. Of these latter 18,824 were in the Somme district and 12,701 in the Aisne.

The hasty investigation since the signing of the armistice shows that the total destruction in France has been quintupled, with something like 500,000 buildings damaged, and at least 250,000 are completely destroyed.

The average cost of these buildings before the war was nearly $5,000. As the present cost of a building is about two and a half times greater than it was then, we can say that the total destruction in France of the buildings alone is today over six billion dollars, as estimated by the Government engineers, and four billion dollars as estimated by the architects and constructors' associations.

The total cost of repairing and replacing the used or destroyed public works is estimated at about $2,000,000,000, of which $200,000,000 is for the Nord railroad, $150,000,000 for the East, $50,000,000 for the other railroads, $200,000,000 to cover the rebuilding of the canals. The Nord alone has lost 1,731 bridges and 338 stations.

In 1917 there were 527 communes in which over half of the buildings had been completely destroyed. This number has probably reached today something like 1,500 communes in all. In 1917, in 400 communes, over 80 per cent. of the buildings had been damaged, and this proportion probably reaches today over 1,000 communes in all. In the Summer of 1917 they counted over 435 Town Halls destroyed, 600 schools, 472 churches, and 377 other public buildings, and it could be safely said today that there are over 1,200 churches destroyed and over 1,500 schools in all.

In 1917 they counted over 614 industrial plants destroyed, which supported 105,000 persons. It can probably be said today that there are in all over 1,000 plants destroyed, supporting at least 500,000 persons.

On Oct. 25, 1916, a report was made by the Minister of the Interior on the building materials destroyed which would have to be replaced. It was made for 700 communes, or for 41,223 buildings totally or approximately destroyed, and it comprises the destruction of 1,700,000 cubic yards of stone masonry, 600,000 cubic yards of brick masonry, 300,000 tons of lime, &c. The largest part of this destruction was in the Pas-de-Calais and the next larger in the Meurthe et Moselle. It also showed the destruction of 200,000,000 feet of lumber and 33,000 tons of iron and steel, with 91,000,000 roof tiles destroyed and 32,000,000 roofing slates. It can be probably said today that the total destruction would be at least five times the amount given in the above figures.

The total cost of furniture and furnishings today, exclusive of machinery, amounts to at least $2,225,000,000, as estimated by the Government engineers, and over $1,000,000,000, as estimated by the insurance companies.

DAMAGE TO AGRICULTURE.

According to a report made by the Office de Reconstitution Agricole to the Minister of Liberated Regions in May, 1918, it was reckoned that at that time about 8,000 square miles of French land was in the hands of the Germans. About three-quarters of that area is tillable, and a large proportion of the rest is good for hay or pasturage. This is some of the very best and richest agricultural land in Europe. The ten invaded and liberated departments produced in 1913 nearly $400,000,000 worth of crops. The average yield of this land is about 32 bushels of wheat to the acre, and in the Meuse and Meurthe-et-Moselle it drops down to about 17 bushels to the acre. In the Marne this drops down to about 22 bushels to the acre. These regions constitute about 15 per cent. of the total tillable area of France, and the crops constitute about 20 per cent. of the total for France. The agricultural population here is about 807,000, or about 10 per cent. of the working agricultural population of France. It is estimated that 350,000 acres are now rendered uncultivable by the war.

In this region there are about 250,000 farms, of which 110,000 are less than 2½ acres apiece, and about 100,000 between 2½ and 25 acres. About 26,000 are between 25 and 100 acres, and 5,500 farms are over 100 acres. A great many of these farms belong to people who are working in factories, which accounts for there being such a large proportion of small farms. This is reckoned unusual in France. The capital investment in these farms is reckoned at $400,000,000, which would mean $1,600 average per farm. When we remember that the value of farms has more than doubled in France since the beginning of the war, it would mean the total value of these farms today stands near $800,000,000, without counting the value of the buildings.

To get an idea of the number of agricultural implements that would be needed a list was made by the Government engineer in charge which showed that to replace the losses they would need about 51,000 side-hill plows, 32,000 other plows, 56,000 cultivators, 30,000 mowing machines, 115,000 farm wagons, 68,000 harrows, 50,000 rollers, 48,000 hoes, 36,000 seed drills, 13,000 fertilizers, 16,000 beet extractors, 21,000 winnowing machines, 12,000 horse rakes, 32,000 reapers and binders, 58,000 beet cutters, &c.

With regard to the cattle lost, it is hard to get at the exact figures, but in these ten departments in 1913 there were 607,000 horses, whereas in 1915 there were only 243,000, or a loss of 60 per cent. Of cattle of all kinds there was a loss of 850,000, or 55 per cent.; of pigs there was a loss of 380,000, or about 55 per cent.

The loss in wheat amounts to about 1,300,000 acres. The loss in hay amounts to about 850,000 acres.

The total damage to the soil to live stock, to crops, to forests, tools, &c., is estimated at $2,000,000,000.

DAMAGE TO INDUSTRY.

Before the war France used 59,407,000 tons of coal a year, with an addition of 9,166,000 tons in coke equivalent. Of this France produced about 40,844,000 tons and 5,857,000 tons of coke equivalent, the rest coming from abroad. Of this amount 27,389,000 tons of coal came from the Valenciennes basin. In all something over 70 per cent. of the total coal supply of France came from the invaded regions, and very much the best quality of coal at that. About 140,000 men were employed in these mines in the invaded regions, out of 203,208 coal miners for all of France. This means, with their families, three-quarters of a million people were largely dependent on the coal mines. Over $200,000,000 of machinery has probably been destroyed.

Before the war the total production of iron ore in France was about 21,918,000 tons, of which 19,629,000 tons came from the Briey and Longwy basins in the Meurthe-et-Moselle; that is, 90 per cent. of the total, of which 16,500,000 tons were in the hands of the Germans. The miners who were employed in these invaded mines, with their families, represented at least 150,000 people out of employment. It is interesting to note that just before the war the total of iron production of the Germans was 35,947,000 tons. In the United States it was 63,000,000 tons. More than $500,000,000 worth of machinery has been destroyed, including that of steel and iron mills.

Before the war 3,000,000 tons of steel were manufactured in the region invaded by Germany out of 4,686,000 tons for all of France, or nearly 65 per cent. The same percentage holds for cast iron.

The effect of the German invasion on other metals has not been so serious, as most of them come from the interior of France.

The chemical industries have proportionally suffered very little from the invasion.

The textile industry consisted before the war of about 7,530,000 cotton spindles throughout France, of which 4,500,000 were in the region invaded by Germany and of which almost all were either destroyed or carried back into Germany. Out of 2,365,000 wool spindles, 2,000,000 were in the invaded districts. Out of 550,000 linen spindles, 500,000 were in the invaded regions and destroyed or removed. The same is true of looms, of which there were 140,000 in France, and over 81,000 of these were in the invaded districts. Over $120,000,000 worth of machinery has been destroyed.

Of 210 sugar refineries in France, 140 have been destroyed by the Germans. Of 3,000 brush factories, 2,000 have already been destroyed. Over $25,000,000 worth of machinery has been destroyed.

Electric power stations, totaling 350,000 kilowats, have been destroyed with an equipment loss of $30,000,000.

Breweries have lost more than $250,000,000 worth of machinery.

In machine shops $100,000,000 worth of machinery has been destroyed.

In foundries, &c., $60,000,000 worth of machinery is gone.

None of these damages include land or buildings. Furthermore, almost all of this machinery costs three times as much to replace today, so that it can safely be said that $4,000,000,000 worth of machinery will be needed to replace that destroyed or carried away. This includes the stock and raw materials damaged and damage done to the mines.

Before the war France used to manufacture 5,000,000 tons of cement a year. In February, 1918, it was manufacturing only 400,000 tons.

The Service of Forests and Water Supply in the Department of Agriculture estimates that 1,200,000 acres of forest land have been destroyed by the enemy. Over half of this wooded area belongs to the Government or to the communes. There were about 750,000 acres of woodland within the war zone which have not been cared for since the beginning of the war and which have thereby lost a great deal of their value. We can count on the complete loss of at least one-quarter of this latter area or a total loss of nearly 1,500,000 acres. Therefore through the destruction of the Germans and destruction caused by battle, France has lost nearly 10 per cent. of its lumber and 6½ per cent. of its [illegible] wood. The war has destroyed [illegible] 2,000,000,000 board-feet of lumber.

Before the war there were about [illegible] 000 men in the various building trades, of whom about 75,000 were in the [illegible] vaded departments. The total building done throughout France before the war in any one year was less than 7 per cent. of the building that would have to be done to replace what has been destroyed in the invaded departments. Therefore if no building were to be done elsewhere in France after the war and reckoning that 500,000 of the building tradesmen of France would be available to work in the devastated regions, it would take over twenty years to rebuild.

The total damage in the north of France, including buildings, agriculture, industry, furniture, and public works is estimated at 64,500,000,000 francs, or about $13,000,000,000. These were the figures reported by M. Dubois to the Committee on Budget in the Chamber of Deputies, December, 1918. We have checked most of these figures from various official and private sources and believe they are somewhat high.

GOVERNMENTAL RELIEF.

In general, the Government has been giving immediate aid and relief to the returning refugees, clothing them, feeding them, giving them shelter and the necessary utensils and tools; and it has been helping them establish themselves permanently by giving them advances on the eventual indemnities which they will probably receive from the Government, and helping them to construct the necessary buildings. More than $[illegible],000,000 have already been distributed in immediate aid, out of a total credit of

(Continued on Following Page.)

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Russian Appeal

WHEREAS, the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference in Paris has practically decided to enter into negotiations with the Bolshevist officials in Russia,

WHEREAS, the Supreme Council has decided to meet the Bolshevist delegates as well as the delegates of the Russian loyal factions opposed to the Bolsheviki, on the Princes' Island on the 15th of February, 1919,

WHEREAS, in the opinion of the loyal Russian organizations the Bolsheviki in signing a separate peace with the Central Powers at Brest-Litovsk have committed an act of high treason toward Russia, as well as to the Allied cause in general,

WHEREAS, further, it has been proved that the Russian Soviet officials were on the pay roll of the Imperial German Government,

WHEREAS, during the Bolshevist rule in Russia unspeakable terror has been going on, and thousands and thousands of innocent men, women and children have been murdered by the Bolsheviki without any trial, and taking into consideration that the Soviet terror was condemned by President Wilson on the twenty-first of September, 1918, in his address to all the neutral governments,

WHEREAS, the Bolsheviki have abolished all the fundamental principles of liberty and civilization in Russia,

WHEREAS, a Bolshevist rule has proved to be the greatest and most irreparable misfortune in Russia's history,

WHEREAS, it is contrary to the national dignity of the peoples of Russia to meet the Allied representatives somewhere in the backyard of Europe,

WHEREAS, the very idea of a joint meeting at which representatives of Trotsky on the one hand, and the loyal Russians on the other, would meet, constitutes an offence to loyal and honest Russia,

RESOLVED, to appeal to the public opinion of the United States and the Allied Nations:

(a) That the loyal Russian organizations in the United States believe that the above decision of the Supreme Council at the Peace Conference at Paris is a fatal and historical error which might effect in a most harmful manner the civilization of the whole world.

(b) That the above decision of the Allied Governments is apt to strengthen the Bolshevist cause at the very moment when Trotsky's regime is on the verge of a complete collapse.

(c) That notwithstanding the decision of the Supreme Council, the loyal Russian organization feel their duty and will continue their fight against the Russian Bolshevist traitors, and

(d) Finally, that we are deeply convinced that the loyal Russian delegates should meet the Allied representatives either in Paris or nowhere.

EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE GENERAL COMMITTEE OF RUSSIAN NATIONAL DEFENCE.

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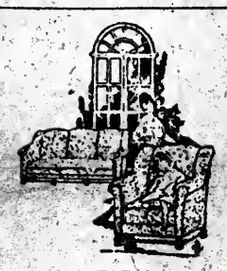

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TEN-PIECE WILLIAM AND MARY DINING SUITE, finished in American Walnut and Mahogany; 54-inch Buffet, 48 in. x 6 ft. Dining Table, China Closet, Serving Table, Arm Chair and Five Side Chairs, covered in brown or blue Genuine Spanish Leather.....$179.75

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GOLDEN OAK BUFFETS.....$35.50

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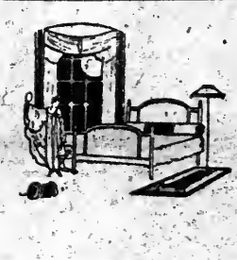

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ADAM BEDROOM SUITE, Finished in Antique Ivory; Dresser, Chiffonette, Bedstead and Toilet Table.....$159.75

FOUR-PIECE LOUIS XVI. ANTIQUE IVORY BEDROOM SUITE. Consists of Dresser, Chiffonette, Bedstead, and Triplicate Mirror Toilet Table.....$237.50

(With Bow-End Bedstead, instead of regular bed, $7.75 Extra; Vanity Dresser instead of Toilet Table, $34 extra.)

GOLDEN OAK DRESSERS AND CHIFFONIER.....$19.75

FOUR-POST MAHOGANY BEDSTEADS...$29.75

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KROEHLER "KODAV" SUITE, Mahogany or Fumed Oak finish. Davenette has ample room for a 35-lb. roll-edge mattress (at an additional charge) and bedding. Spanish imitation leather covered.....$87.50

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ENGLANDER DOUBLE DAY-BED

In Ivory Enamel, Mahogany or American Walnut finish; opens to full size double bed. Fitted with Spring and Mattress.....$33.75

Sale of Beds and Bedding

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SPEAR SANITARY BED SPRING.....$5.95

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Single size.....$22.50

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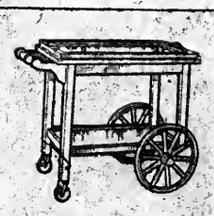
A tip of our toe under the crib releases the trip lock, which lowers the safety side. In Ivory Enamel $12.75



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With four rubber-tired wheels and removable glass tray.....$12.50

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Choice of Mahogany, Antique, Ivory, Gold or Grey finishes, with electric wiring and silk shades..$2.45, $4.95, $6.95

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Antique Brown Mahogany finished Gate Leg Table and Windsor Chairs. Table 42x34 inches in diameter when open. Chairs, each $10.95 Table, $19.75

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SPECIAL $500 BRIDAL OUTFIT

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THE $695 WONDER

Terms $70 Cash, $35 Monthly

SPEAR & COMPANY

SUMMARY OF DAMAGE TO FRANCE IN WAR

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

$20,000,000 which was voted in December, 1916.

Up to March 31, 1918, $28,000,000 had been advanced to returning refugees against their eventual indemnity to help them get started in re-establishing themselves. In addition, about $10,000,000 has been advanced against industrial indemnity. In addition, $1,200,000 has been advanced to the farmers to help them start recultivation.

To prepare for eventual reconstruction, the technical service of reconstruction of the Government is organizing a bureau to purchase building material in advance. It is expected that a credit of $60,000,000 will now be voted to this bureau; $20,000,000 of this to be available to house and feed workmen in the devastated regions while they are starting reconstruction. Materials and housing will be allocated from the Government storage yards to co-operative groups of contractors according to priority rules.

On Dec. 13, 1918, there was created in the Ministry of War a special service for supplying and setting up temporary barracks wherever needed for workmen or refugees.

In July, 1918, the Ministry of Liberated Regions asked for bids from private manufacturers on 75,000 articles of furniture, including chairs, tables, cupboards, and wardrobes. At the end of August, 1918, it asked for bids on a lot of standardized doors and windows that could be made up ahead, including 20,000 exterior doors, 42,000 interior doors, 37,000 windows, and 25,000 shutters. Today it is rapidly increasing these orders, especially to the plants that until the signing of the armistice were manufacturing airplane parts.

With regard to the furniture indemnity law about to be voted, which provides for paying damages for furniture loss up to $2,000, the decree was issued by the Ministry of Liberated Regions on Nov. 2, 1918, which allows the individual who has suffered loss of furniture to go out and buy his own furniture with an advance which will be made to him by the State of a sum which must not exceed $200 for the head of the family, and $40 for each other member of the family. If the damaged person prefers, the State will provide him with the furniture out of a stock which it is accumulating.

RE-ESTABLISHING AGRICULTURE.

In the Spring of 1917 1,000,000 acres of land were released, of which at least 500,000 were tillable. During 1917 the tractor service of the Department of Agriculture plowed 80,000 acres, the French Army plowed 12,000 acres, and the British Army plowed about 50,000 acres. At that time the Government owned 800 tractors and had on order 1,500 more. It is probable that it has today over 1,500 tractors available, of which half are for the devastated regions.

During the Summer and Fall of 1917 the Office of Agricultural Reconstitution, through the special mission of the agricultural co-operative societies, founded 120 agricultural co-operatives in as many villages in the Somme, Aisne, and the Pas-de-Calais. These co-operatives include in some cases in their membership nearly all the farmers in the commune. Among them they had nearly 100,000 acres of land under cultivation, with a total membership of nearly 8,000 people. Virtually all of them were wiped out by the German advance in the Spring of 1918. This Fall the mission is trying to reorganize them and to create other co-operatives to stock them with instruments, machines, and cattle, so that they can start operation as units on their return to their native villages. The $20,000,000 which was recently voted for encouraging agriculture is being used in part for the founding of these co-operatives.

INDUSTRIAL RE-ESTABLISHMENT.

To prepare for the enormous need of industrial materials, machinery, and tools, after the war, the Office of Industrial Reconstitution has been organized and has been composed half of officials and half of manufacturers. It has a credit of $50,000,000 to arrange for buying up raw materials, machinery, tools, &c., and it arranges for ceding them to the damaged manufacturers. It is not equipped to buy and sell on a large scale itself, but has intrusted its credit to a private body organized for this purpose. This organization, formed in the first year of the war, is called L'Association Centrale pour la Reprise de l'Activité Industrielle dans les Regions Envahies. It is composed of most of the industrial people in the invaded departments. Its object is to employ every useful means for restoring the machinery and stocks destroyed. However, according to French law, the group cannot trade. It can only be a consulting and plan-forming body; therefore, it created the Comptoir Centrale d'Achats Industriels pour les Regions Envahies.

The latter has a capital of $200,000. It has a council that controls all buying and selling and which authorizes the projects of each of the subcommittees for each kind of industry to buy and sell. Each project must also be approved by the office of Reconstitution, which allocates the necessary funds from its credit. The Comptoir can buy directly for a private owner, or it can constitute general stocks for later use. The recipient can pay for tools or machinery in cash, or he can have the total deducted from his eventual State indemnity. Cash is not given to the manufacturer. This is to save his money by wholesale quantity buying and to prevent the unfortunate effect on the market of a number of little buyers competing against each other.

At the present day these services have effected purchases to the amount of about $12,000,000 and prepared orders for machinery, tools, and raw materials for more than $40,000,000. These orders are especially assigned to the reconstitution of coal mines, of central electric power plants and of their distribution works, of general tools, &c.

Other orders to a total amount of $30,000,000 are now being prepared for textile industries, breweries and sugar-mill breweries, oil, grease, &c. Supplementary credit on new orders is expected in a short while.

The Comptoir can, by its constitution, make no profits; merely its running expenses and 5 per cent. on its actually paid-in private capital.

PRIVATE RECONSTRUCTION.

The leading societies of architects in France have been working since the beginning of the war to make plans for reconstruction. They have a great deal to do with the recent organization in the French Government for handling the work in the invaded departments. They are now organizing co-operative societies among themselves for reconstruction. They organized an exhibition of cheap housing, which took place in the Garden of the Tuileries in the Summer of 1916. In the Fall of 1917, together with the Ministry of Fine Arts, they organized a competition among architects, engineers, sanitarians, and agricultural experts throughout France for the production of better types of farmhouses and town buildings of various sorts, with due reference to the regional types of architecture and regional customs.

The contractors of France have worked with the Government in the creation of its present policy, and many smaller groups have been formed to prepare for reconstruction. The agricultural societies have also taken an active part in preparing for the re-establishment of agriculture. The sanitarian and public health groups have also taken an active part in preparing for the industrial reconstitution of the invaded departments, and in particular the new society called the Association Nationale pour l'Expansion Economique has made full studies of the industrial, commercial, and agricultural needs and has made extensive preparations for after the war.

From the standpoint of town planning, the society created since the war called "La Renaissance des Cités" has already made full studies for the improvement of the plans of Arras, Albert, and other towns. It is now collaborating with the Mayor and Council of Chaumy to hold a big competition for plans for the improvement of the layout of the town.

From the legal side, La Federation National des Association Departmental des Sinistrés, the Judicial Committee of La Renaissance des Cités, the Judicial Committee of the Union Centrale des Comités des Réfugies, and the Comité d'Action pour la Reparation Integral des Dommages de Guerre have all made extensive studies of laws affecting refugees, war indemnities, redistribution of farm land, sanitation, &c. They are all having a strong influence on the legislation now before the French Parliament.

A great many societies and individuals have been doing important relief work in the invaded departments. Their work is now co-ordinated in a special bureau of the Ministry of the Liberated Regions. They have been giving or selling clothing, furniture, cooking utensils, farming instruments, seeds, fertilisers, farm animals, bedding, and food for the returning refugees. The American Red Cross has had a delegate in each of the invaded departments, with several assistants in each department. They worked directly with the French authorities and have distributed large amounts of urgency supplies in these regions.

The Anglo-American Friends Mission has been working in the devastated regions ever since the beginning of the war. Their first work was in the Meuse and the Marne, in the district between Vitry-le-François and Bar-le-Duc. In the Spring and Summer of 1917 they did splendid work in the Aisne and the Somme. They have several workers, men and women, in the field distributing relief of all kinds. Now they are planning a big reconstruction effort southwest of Verdun.

The Smith College Unit did similar relief work in about twenty-five communes around Grecourt in the Somme until driven out last Spring. Some thirty or forty other French, British, or American groups have been doing general or local relief work in the devastated regions. The Minister of Liberated Regions is now distributing the relief work to be done soon among these and other groups.

From the standpoint of repair work the American Red Cross, during 1917, repaired with its own labor about seventy-five buildings in five villages in the Somme, northeast of Nesle, and northwest of Ham, and south of Péronne. The Anglo-American Friends mounted fifty-one demountable barracks in six villages near Ham and at Gruny, near Roye in the Somme, and repaired about thirty and forty buildings in the Marne and the Meuse; during the first three years of the war they repaired several hundred buildings, especially in the town of Sernaise, Pagny, Hellis-le-Maurupt. They are now back at work in the Aisne and the Meuse.

The Californian Mission of Mrs. Crocker and Miss Daisy Polk adopted the village of Vitriment in the Fourth-et-Moselle and have repaired all of the fifty properties in the town. Various French cities have adopted destroyed towns and villages. For example, St. Mihiel has recently been adopted by Nantes, Lyons has adopted St. Quentin and other towns in the devastated regions, and there are many other more or less official cases of such adoption.

The Reconstitution Research Service of the Red Cross has been working with the French Government and with most of the leading French associations and societies to help them to establish a program of after-war reconstitution work, especially to aid the small farmer and workingman.

NATURALIZATION FOR MANY SOLDIERS

THE intensive campaign of the Naturalization Bureau of the Department of Labor in the army during the war has resulted in making 162,864 new American citizens.

This figure covers naturalizations to Jan. 11. More are expected, though, of course, they will not be so numerous, in view of the rapidly proceeding demobilization.

This splendid record has been made possible by the relaxation of the rules governing naturalization in the case of men in uniform. It was felt that when a man joined the American forces he thereby had taken out his first papers, so to speak, and all that remained was to complete the formality of inducting him into American citizenship.

Examiners and judges have been assigned to several camps periodically, and alien soldiers have been naturalized in batches.

MEDAL FOR A FEAT OF FIFTY YEARS AGO

LEANDER HERRON of St. Paul, Neb., has just won a Congressional gold medal for bravery in 1868. That the medal, thus tardily conferred, is awarded only to the bravest, is shown by the fact that, although the law under which medals of this class are awarded was enacted in 1863, only 328 have been issued, Mr. Herron's medal bearing this last number. The story of the incident on which the award was based is told in the Modern Woodman.

Herron, now 70 years old, was a corporal of Company A, Third United States Infantry. With a pistol in each hand, he rode directly through a band of "dog soldier" Indians and rescued a Government wagon train which was under attack.

In 1868 the Indians were more troublesome along the Santa Fé trail than at any other time in the history of that famous highway. Five thousand of the Red Men had banded together for the purpose of running the whites out of the country. Indians from a dozen tribes were in the league. After all the stage lines had been forced out of business, a sort of pony express service was started in Western Kansas. All the riding had to be done at night, and it meant death for any lone white man who fell into the hands of the Indians. Among the thousands of braves on the warpath was a band of so-called "dog soldiers"—Indians who had been drummed out of their own tribes because they were too mean to live with. It was with these depraved savages that Herron had his encounter.

On the night of Sept. 2, 1868, this man with one companion, Trooper Paddy Boyle, was carrying Government dispatches from Fort Dodge to Fort Larned, seventy-five miles to the east. As the men traveled along through the darkness, they suddenly heard the sound of distant firing. Soon they made out the flashes of guns across the plains, and, going nearer, saw that a United States wagon train was being attacked by Indians.

Pausing long enough to load pistols for each hand, the two soldiers, guiding their horses with their knees, rode directly into the fray, yelling and whooping as wildly as any braves in the crowd. They had got through the lines and up to the wagons before the Indians realized what had happened. There were also fewer Red Men to fight because of their passage. The wagon train proved to have only four soldiers with it; all the horses had been killed, and the men were beginning to wonder how long they could keep up their desperate resistance to the Indians.

Before Herron and Boyle had been five minutes at the wagons, the bucks made another vicious charge, which was repulsed with difficulty. Realizing that they could not possibly get away with the horses gone, the soldiers determined that one of them should break through the line under cover of darkness and get to the fort for assistance. Trooper Boyle volunteered for this attempt, shook hands with his companions and started off. Within a few minutes shots and yells convinced the waiting party that Paddy had been killed and that it was up to them to fight to the last.

Ammunition was getting low, as the attacks increased in number and in violence. Moreover, the troopers were suffering sadly from wounds. One of the men had been wounded seven times by arrows and bullets. Another had been hit on the head by a tomahawk during a hand-to-hand encounter. The third man had been wounded twice, and the fourth had a bullet through his arm. Only Herron himself was uninjured. They talked the prospect over and decided that each man, as he reached his last cartridge, should shoot himself, so that the Indians might not torture him. Finally but twelve rounds of ammunition were left. The Indians were apparently preparing for another charge.

Another band of what the troopers thought to be Indians, dressed in white, came up as dawn broke, and the beleaguered men realised that to beat off both bands was a hopeless task. The rest of the story is told in Herron's own words:

"Before we could fire, we heard a call in English: 'Don't fire!' Then the man threw his carbine up in the air and yelled. To our delight we recognized Paddy Boyle. He had got through the lines all right and had reached the fort. The savages had now broken and were fleeing across the prairie.

"'What kind of a uniform do you call this?' I asked Paddy.

"'Well, the boys were asleep when I reached the fort,' he answered. 'They didn't take time to dress. They haven't got anything on but their underclothes.'

It was a fact. The band of troopers had almost literally jumped from their beds to their horses' backs when the call came from their brothers in distress.

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TWO VIEWS OF WHAT GERMANY SHOULD PAY

Shall Allies Attempt to Exact Full Reparation for Damages Done in War and Its Cost to Them?

Germany and the nations associated with her having been brought to their knees, the question arises, "How much shall they pay?" Around the green baize the monetary reparation will soon be discussed. Meanwhile many widely divergent views are current of the sums which should be levied upon the Central Powers, for in the estimates there must be considered the share which Austria-Hungary, Turkey, and Bulgaria should pay. Two views of the problem are herewith presented. Charles Stewart Davison, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the American Defense Society, says in an interview that he would impose no limit. A more moderate position is held by Franz Sigel, a son of General Franz Sigel, who led the republican forces in Baden when Germany seventy years ago tried to fling off the yoke of the Hohenzollern and later fought for the Federal side in the civil war here.

BY FRANZ SIGEL,
President of the Friends of German Democracy.

GERMANY'S guilt is established and she awaits sentence. What shall be the terms imposed?

There can be no compensation that will replace the loss of ten millions of lives, the maiming of twenty millions, the devastation of thousands of square miles of occupied territory in Belgium and France, and the lawlessness of a policy of frightfulness that offended the common decency of mankind. The dead cannot be recalled to life and the maimed cannot be made whole.

He who can find no reason for the ultimate regeneration of Germany will say: Charge Germany with the whole cost of the war; she started it, let her pay the bill whatever the amount. If she goes under, well and good, she deserved no better fate.

But is this the course of wisdom from the point of view that sees facts as they are, looks into the future and tries to fathom what in the end will be best for America, best for the world? History has shown that neither Germany nor the Germans can be exterminated. Armenius slaughtered the legions of Varus and Napoleon was defeated at Leipsic. A nation of seventy millions cannot be wiped out. Poland has survived more than one partition and is to enter the ranks of nations again. The Armenians survive centuries of Turkish cruelty.

The statesmen who are guiding the world today see no gain in a policy of extermination. They are ready to treat even with a Bolshevist Russia in the hope of causing the rehabilitation of Russia. The very policy of the creation of a League of Nations that shall be a guarantee of lasting peace must be based on the principle of eliminating the causes of war.

The question, then, is not what Germany should pay, but what can she pay and survive for ultimate redemption?

The pre-war wealth of Germany of some eighty billions of dollars cannot be taken as a basis. Germany was then at the height of her commercial prosperity; she owned a merchant fleet second only to that of England, with whom she shared the carrying trade of the world; her industrial machinery was kept at a maximum of efficiency; she was able to produce rapidly and cheaply what the foreign market demanded. She constantly found new markets and drew on the wealth of her colonies in Africa and the Far East.

And today? Her foreign trade, the ships to carry it, are gone; for four year she has been cut off from supplies of needed raw materials like cotton, hides, and rubber; her industrial energy has been largely abbsorbed in the manufacture of mere makeshift substitutes; her industrial machinery has deteriorated because she lacked the supplies necessary for replacement and upkeep; she has lost her colonies and will lose Alsace and Lorraine with the iron mines of the Minette region; probably much of East Prussia with possibly the port of Danzig will be given the new Poland. Her losses in killed and permanently crippled are not less than a tenth of her man power. Add the economic loss incident to political upheaval during a period of radical political change—and it is clear that Germany's national wealth has shrunk much since 1914.

This is no cause for pity; a people must bear the suffering following wrongs committed by them in the name of their Government. The German Imperial Government became a criminal Government.

IMPOSSIBLE TO PAY.

Then how is it possible for a nation whose resources are crippled to meet the imposition of an indemnity of $150,000,000,000—an amount more than double its total present national wealth? Of course it is not possible.

But the Imperial German Government has been overthrown; it no longer exists. In its place the German people are at work establishing a representative Government responsible to the people, really democratic in principle and aims. The most hopeful augury for the future are the elections just held; these were no mere form but a real expression of the popular will. Both men and women voted; the minimum age was 20, not 21; it was estimated that thirty to forty millions were of voting age, and the returns of the actual vote indicate that fifteen to twenty million votes were cast—about as many as are cast in a Presidential election in this country.

The National Assembly that is to meet on Feb. 5 at Weimar is representative, and acts under a mandate of the people. The forecasts of the Constitution that is to come out of its deliberations all indicate that it will result in a democratic German republic, resting on a sound and lasting Constitution.

With a united voice the nation has acclaimed the President's statement—an American statement—that "the world must be made safe for democracy." What better way is there of helping to make the world safe for democracy than by making a democracy of a country of seventy millions?

Are we to deal with the new Germany of Federated Republics in the same spirit in which we would have dealt with an Imperial Germany of autocratic dynastic interests?

The people are the same, but the system they have adopted by a real vote is a system every American must seek to encourage. It is surely to the political and economic interest of America and the world at large to see a German republic established on a firm basis.

This is not from the standpoint of what is best for Germany, not at all. What is good for Germany is a mere incident of what is good for the new world of nations of the future.

Is not less money compensation from a stable German republic in the final analysis a better return for the world than more money from a German autocracy?

If any fact has been proved during the last four years it is the tremendous power of spiritual forces. In the end they have overpowered and overcome mere material forces. So spiritual gain will outweigh mere monetary gains.

Would not the attitude of the Peace Council toward a Bolshevist Russia speaking with a real mandate of the people be different than its attitude toward the Bolshevist Russia based on force?

So today we are not dealing with the same Germany that we dealt with before November, 1918. In a very real sense it is another, a different Germany even its boundaries will be different. A change in the factors of the problem requires a change in the result.

The self interest of civilization requires that such action be taken as will prevent the creation of a festering sore on the body politic to sap and weaken the new structure reared under the aegis of a League of Nations. The policy of this league must be one of ultimate inclusion, not permanent exclusion.

FEARS GROWTH OF HATE.

The germ of hatred and revenge must not be implanted in a democratic Germany of the future, to grow and propagate. Today the extreme radical has failed there; but will he fail in a disheartened and hopeless Germany laboring under a burden of taxes from which there is no ultimate escape for generations? We are now meeting a threat of a Bolshevism recruited from the hopeless and the discontented forces in a Russia of almost two hundred millions. Its class appeal finds a response from the discontented in every nation. It knows no national boundaries. Democracy has conquered autocracy, but it must now restrain and overthrow Bolshevism. We must prevent its spread by saving a nation of 70,000,000 from the conditions that breed it.

Now, shall the German Republic be burdened with an indemnity calculated on the total cost of the war and on punitive damages of $100,000,000,000 or $150,000,000,000? Wise and farseeing statesmanship will say 'No.' The total wealth of the German nation is not sufficient to meet such a demand by half. It would impose a condition of hopelessness and discontent and breed revolt. The world would create an international condition that would rally the forces of discontent around the banner of revenge. A national Alsace-Lorraine problem would be succeeded by an international German problem, in which the desire for revenge would be paramount. This would breed a new world war in time.

How much should Germany be required to pay? Statisticians must find the exact amount. Excluded should be such items as are incident to the ordinary expense and wastage of war—the cost of maintenance of armed forces, loss through the divergence of commerce and industry from peace channels. Belligerents must find compensation for this in the ultimate spiritual gain for the world—the elimination of an antiquated autocratic system of government and the substitution, for a balance of power based on might and expediency, of a League of Nations founded on right and justice.

But Germany should make reparation for every loss incident to and flowing from the deliberate policy of lawlessness that saw in treaties "a scrap of paper" which could not prevent the invasion of Belgium; that reverted to barbarism and cast aside all moral values to gain material success, that condoned the destruction of noncombatants at sea in ruthless U-boat warfare, that bombarded towns and villages from the air and killed innocent noncombatants, women, and children; that sunk hospital ships and drowned survivors of U-boat attacks.

Even a German people struggling honestly and sincerely to establish democracy must share responsibility for these acts. But the new Germany must not be crushed nor remote generations overburdened. Unborn generations should not directly pay for the sins of the fathers.

But there is a price the German people must pay in addition to any indemnity. They must pay a spiritual indemnity, the penalty of loss of national decency and of the contempt of the world; they must live through a time of probation and be judged by their acts. Their fate lies in their own hands. They must prove the honesty of their purpose to reform. If by a real penitence they show that they are on the road to redemption, the world will surely grant them the boon of tolerance. But if they fall and revert to the unholy national immorality and unmorality of the past forty years, then let the nation be visited with the punishment of eventual extinction from the face of the earth.

PAYMENT IN FULL.

Charles Stewart Davison of the American Defense Society made an unqualified reply when asked what damages should be demanded of Germany.

"She should pay for all the damage she has caused," he said.

"There is confusion in the public mind on this question, a confusion which is due to German propaganda. Why mix the question as to what Germany ought to pay with what she can pay? The court in fixing the damage does not inquire as to the present ability of the defendant to pay. That is a matter for the Sheriff. The question as to how much Germany should pay is one of justice. After the amount has been decided, the Sheriff comes in and finds out whether or not she can pay, how long it may take to do it, and in what amounts the payments shall be made.

"This is no time for Germany to raise the issue that she may be asked to pay too much. She must make reparation for all the woe and havoc she brought upon the world. What difference does the amount make at this stage? The sum of the damages can only be determined when all the nations bring in their bills.

"The question whether Germany should pay for all the costs of the war to the Allies can soon be determined. What did she do when she brought France to the dust in 1870? Did she not levy upon France an indemnity which was admitted at the time to be equal to the money which Germany had spent in subjugating the French? There was no question then as to whether or not the people of France could pay what was in those days an enormous sum.

"When the war of 1870 was over it developed that Germany had deliberately provoked France to war, and was in every sense the aggressor. Justly, then, at this time, does France demand back that indemnity with all the interest for nearly fifty years. France did pay and paid far more quickly than was believed possible.

"The matter of how much Germany shall pay having been established, it makes little difference how long a time is required for her to do it. Let it be 1,000 years or 10,000, just so long as she learns that lesson, that wars of aggression must cease."

Mr. Davison was asked whether the cost of collecting the damages from Germany through a long period of years would not reach a large sum.

"Again the Sheriff," was his reply. "The fees of the Sheriff must be paid by the party against whom the execution has been levied. Whatever it costs to maintain armies in Germany to guarantee that the nation shall pay for the damages she has inflicted, must be paid from the sums collected from Germany. The costs of maintaining armies of occupation are even now being met by Germany."

Mr. Davison said that there was no special reason for the powers to concern themselves about future trade with Germany, for the Germans would be well able to care for themselves. He thought that so far as the world was concerned it could get along without the Germans.

"Why should we fear?" he asked. "Germany hurried to make peace as soon as there was any chance that her own lands might be devastated, her own population harried, her own factories destroyed. Brutality and cowardice have walked hand in hand in Germany's procedure. You cannot cure a brute if you allow him actually to profit by his brutality. It is said that Germany will be sullen, if she is punished, and that therefore she should be forgiven that she may be cheerful. Well, if that be so, if justice be construed by Germany as punishment and she therefore becomes sullen, it will be but an evidence that we would better deal with a sullen Germany than with an arrogant one.

"Germany to the end of time will be either arrogant or cringing. Her people are of a nature which construes courtesy as concession.

"When law fails of enforcement from supineness, subservience or corruption on the part of those called upon to administer it, and justice fails to be done, the social fabric disintegrates. Punishment for national crime has only failed of enforcement to the extent to which power has been lacking. If Germany escapes making reparation in any one direction or in several or many directions, in the present instance, it will be from lack of power on the part of the Allies. Such lack of power will necessarily arise from a weak and mushy sentimentality which fails to recognize that in forgiving the foe we are forgiving them for offenses committed against others. In other words, we are being generous with the property of others.

ESTIMATES OF DAMAGE.

The cost to the Allies of carrying on the war against Germany has been estimated by Lloyd George at from $120,000,000,000 to $150,000,000,000. This is largely guesswork, but the estimate prepared by the statistician of the Metals National Bank of New York may be accepted as an index. It is as follows:

Great Britain	$41,500,000,000
United States	18,000,000,000
France	26,800,000,000
Russia	21,500,000,000
Italy	8,507,000,000
Belgium	7,100,000,000
	$123,407,000,000

The cost of rehabilitating the devastated portions of France has been estimated at $6,219,068,300 and the restoration of the buildings and factories of ravaged Belgium has been placed at $3,042,859,700, making a total of more than $9,000,000,000. The material damages sustained by Great Britain have been reckoned at $7,500,000,000. Enormous sums have been charged against Germany for her acts of piracy upon the commerce of the world.

The total wealth of Austria-Hungary has been placed at $55,000,000,000, and the combined wealth of Turkey and of Bulgaria at $4,000,000,000. All the assets of Germany and her associates would barely suffice to reimburse the Allies for the cost of the war.

Germany's national debt now amounts, in round figures, to $29,000,000,000; that of Austria, $15,422,000,000; and that of Hungary, $6,316,000,000. The interest on this at 4 per cent. is a staggering obligation in itself. The paying of the interest on the war bonds and the paying of the actual damages wrought by the armies of the Kaiser will, therefore, be a tremendous task.

PRACTICAL HELPS FOR NEW NATIONS

DR. THOMAS G. MASARYK, first President of the new Czecho-slovak State, interested many internationally minded citizens here in the future, not only of his own State, but of all the newly emancipated peoples that are struggling toward a democratic organization of their national life. He urged them to organize an American association to help the liberated peoples of mid-Europe in their spiritual and material development, and to inform Americans of the life, ideals, and needs of these peoples; and as a result, there has been formed the American Mid-European Association, with the following men in its Board of Directors:

George F. Peabody,
William H. Childs,
Henry Morgenthau,
R. J. Caldwell,
Albert W. Shaw,
George A. Plimpton,
William F. Morgan,
George Gordon Battle,
Jules Bache,
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Frederic R. Kellogg,
Tracy S. Lewis,
Leo S. Rowe,
Andrew R. Sheriff,
S. C. Bayne,
William R. Peters,
Stephen P. Duggan.

It was recognized that these new nations which had been born as a result of the great war were in a lamentable condition, some of them economically ruined, all of them industrially crippled. What was needed first of all was material reconstruction.

The Chairman of the association, R. J. Caldwell, who is a cotton factor, set to work to interest commercial and financial concerns in this rehabilitation. As a result of his efforts one large commercial organization has arranged to take and sell all the Bohemian glass that can be shipped to this country from Bohemia. Another large commission house has agreed to place its numerous agencies throughout the United States and Western Europe at the disposal of the Governments of the new States at a much reduced commission, in order to stimulate their industries. The National City Bank is now engaged in a survey looking to the establishment of branch banks in those large cities where conditions are sufficiently stable to justify the belief in a growth of industry that will require adequate banking facilities and loans of money. The Foreign Trade Bureau of the Merchants' Association of New York City has held conferences with commercial commissions from some of the new States in order to secure the information necessary to undertake the right kind of action. Several large corporations have sent experts to those new States to report upon the possibilities of investment and concessions. Altogether, a good beginning has been made looking to the rendering of material assistance by Americans to the peoples of the new States.

But helpful relations can be established between the peoples of those countries and the people of the United States only when they really understand one another and have learned to sympathize with one another. This means a vigorous and constant educational campaign. Already two well-selected libraries of books descriptive of America, its life, ideals, culture, education, history, and literature have been placed in two of the universities of those new States, and similar action is contemplated in others. Investigation is now being made to discover the number of scholarships and fellowships available in American colleges and universities wherewith to invite students from those countries to study here and bring back with them to their own countries a true knowledge of what America stands for. Similarly, it is known that in every American university there are a few students specializing in the study of these countries which have recently been emancipated, and efforts are being made to secure fellowships for them to finish their studies in these countries.

Moreover, efforts are being made with a considerable degree of success to influence the large publishing houses to take advantage of the interest aroused in these new people to publish books descriptive of their life, culture, and resources. This is necessary not only to enable the intelligent American public to become familiar with the institutions and modes of living of these peoples, but to prepare the way for visits to them. The tourists' agencies have already approached looking to the organization of travel groups of teachers, ministers, and social workers in the Summer vacations when these countries will have become more settled. The representatives of some of these countries in the United States are enthusiastic about the results that may accrue from this exchange of visitors. Americans who have been in these countries and familiarized themselves with the life, art, resources, and ideals of these people cannot fail to supply American newspapers and magazines with descriptive matter concerning them, but can become the agents of friendly and sympathetic relations by organizing lecture courses that can be given in forums, women's clubs, churches, and schools. Already arrangements have been made with a considerable number of churches to supply the pulpits on Sunday evenings with speakers, natives of these lands.

Another and most important feature of the association is its relation to the nationalist societies in our country made up of immigrants from these countries. There have arisen during the war all over our country strong organizations of Czechoslovaks, Poles, Jugoslavs, Greeks, and others in addition to those which previously existed. Some of these organizations have thousands of members, meeting houses of their own, newspapers, lodges, and many of the social aspects of a vigorous cultural life.

But hitherto these agencies have had a benefical effect only upon their own adherents; they have not been used to make the lands from which the immigrants come better known to Americans. The American Mid-European Association will endeavor to help in this direction. We have in New York a large Bohemian settlement on the upper east side from Sixty-fifth to Eighty-fifth Streets. They form a splendid body of citizens who carry on all the activities mentioned above. Their splendid meeting house, John Hus Hall, is decorated in a truly artistic manner. Dr. Masaryk himself suggested the possibility of having an art exhibit in it. Specimens not only of the painting and sculpture of Bohemia might be brought here, but specimens of the household arts, the lace of the peasant women's evenings, the linen work, toys, glassware, &c.

The result of this policy is expected not merely to spread a knowledge of these new countries among Americans but also to spread Americanization among the immigrants. The American Mid-European Association by means of lectures, public meetings, debates, prizes for essays on various aspects of American life, and by other methods hopes to render efficient service in the policy of Americanization that interests so many of our citizens just now.

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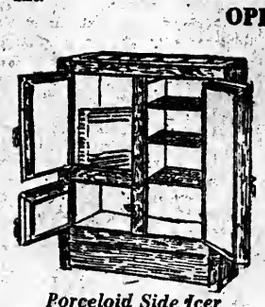

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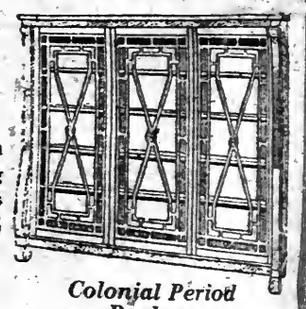

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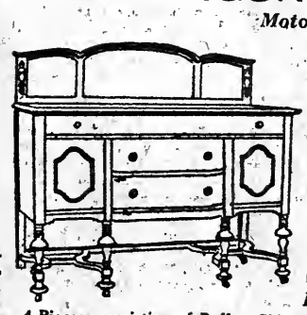
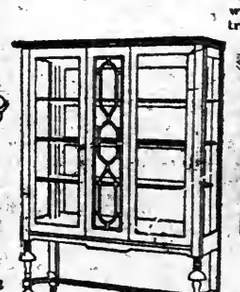


William and Mary Period Dining Room Suite In Quartered Oak, Golden Finish
4 Pieces, consisting of Buffet, China Closet, Serving Table, Dining Table, 48 in., 6 feet extension; as illustrated $169.50



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Mahogany finish, 36 in. wide, with drawer and shelves for books at each end, as illustrated $19.98

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William & Mary Period, in Mahogany.
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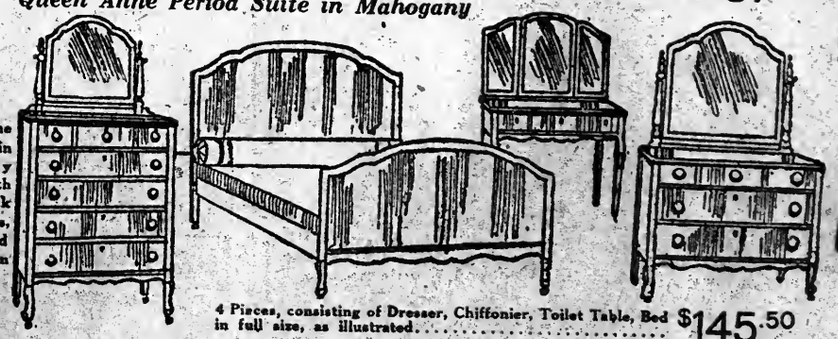
Queen Anne Period Suite in Mahogany

Wing Chair
Queen Anne Period, in Mahogany finish, with cane back and arms, upholstered in Satin Damask, at $29.98



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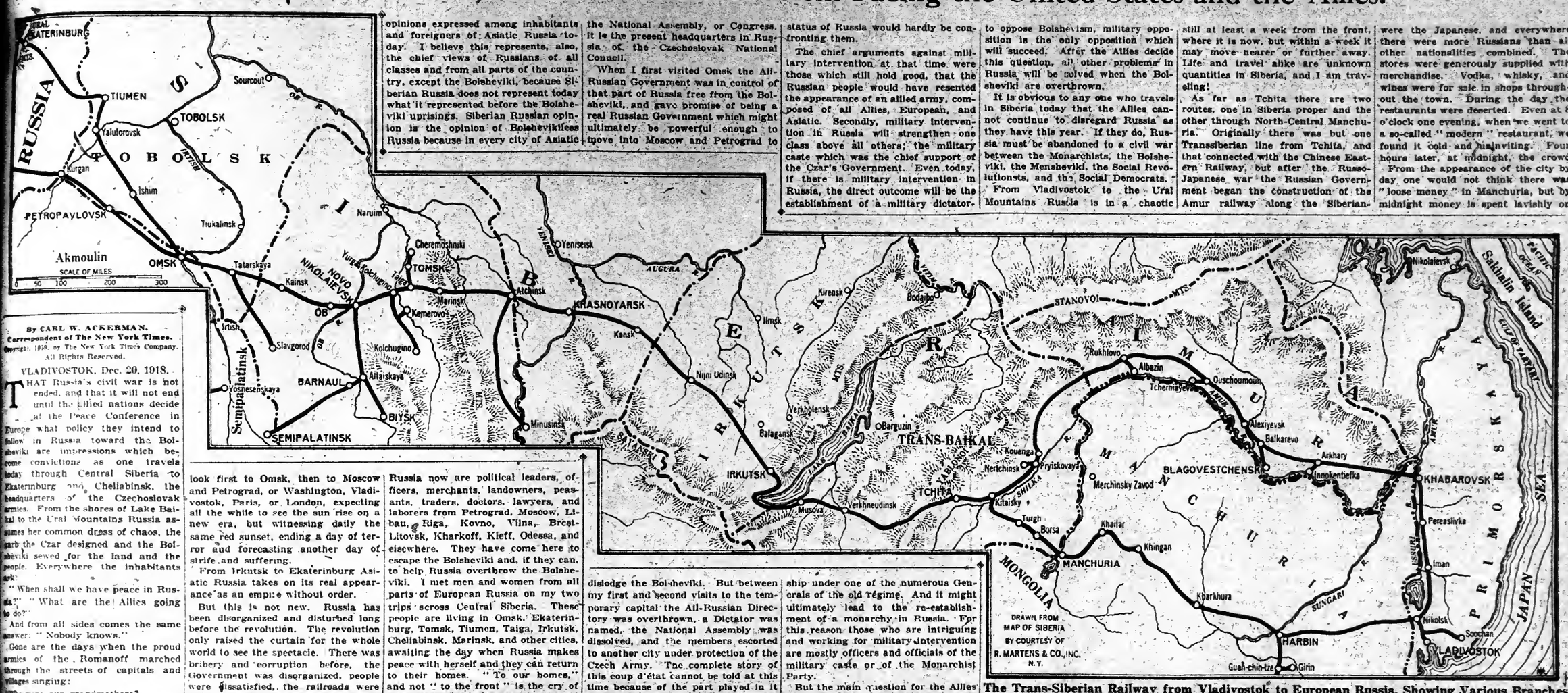
The New York Times.

CIVILIZATION A MOCKERY IN THE RUSSIA OF TODAY

Special Correspondent of The New York Times Paints a Terrible Picture of Conditions in the Distracted Land—"Russia Is the First Great Reconstruction Problem Facing the United States and the Allies."



DRAWN FROM MAP OF SIBERIA BY COURTESY OF R. MARTENS & CO., INC. N.Y.

The Trans-Siberian Railway from Vladivostok to European Russia, Showing Various Branches.

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.
Correspondent of The New York Times.
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VLADIVOSTOK, Dec. 20, 1918.

THAT Russia's civil war is not ended, and that it will not end until the allied nations decide at the Peace Conference in Europe what policy they intend to follow in Russia toward the Bolsheviki are impressions which become convictions as one travels today through Central Siberia to Ekaterinburg and Cheliabinsk, the headquarters of the Czechoslovak armies. From the shores of Lake Baikal to the Ural Mountains Russia assumes her common dress of chaos, the garb the Czar designed and the Bolsheviki sewed for the land and the people. Everywhere the inhabitants ask:

"When shall we have peace in Russia?" "What are the Allies going to do?"

And from all sides comes the same answer: "Nobody knows."

Gone are the days when the proud armies of the Romanoff marched through the streets of capitals and villages singing:

"Who were our grandmothers?
Our grandmothers were the white tents.
And who were our grandfathers?
Our grandfathers were the Czar's victories."

Chaos rules Russia today with greater power than the Czars possessed in their sublimest days, for not only is Russia at the mercy of universal disorder, but the Allies are seemingly powerless.

But while the others hesitate the Bolsheviki work to further disorganize and disgrace Russia. Trotzky stated recently, according to the Siberian newspapers, that Russia's civil war would last fifty years. If this is a good forecast, if Russia is to be another Mexico, except on a grander scale, then Russia's civil war is not only not ended, but it is just beginning, and the overthrow of the Czar and the Red Army reign of terror were the prologue and preface to one of the greatest and most tragic national dramas in history. And who today can doubt Trotzky's statement when there is no more a central Government even in Siberia and when bands of revolutionary Generals and soldiers seize cities, towns and provinces and exact tribute, when in European Russia the Bolsheviki and the Allies fight near Kiev, when General Denekin and his army of Cossacks march across Southern Russia, when the Czechoslovak armies hold the Ural Mountain front, and when a dictator rules in Omsk who is not recognized by leaders in other parts of Siberia?

What is there but chaos, chaos everywhere; when hundreds of thousands of refugees live in box cars and wander from freight yards to freight yards, when factories are closed because of strikes or a lack of raw materials; when any organization, mission, or army can have a special train or car without paying for it or without buying railway tickets; when the educated and wealthy stand at street corners selling their clothes to pay their living expenses; when banks are robbed and people murdered with the guilty escaping prosecution and arrest?

Russia is in that sad state where civilization is a mockery.

NO CONCERTED ACTION.

And the pity of it is that no one seems to know what should be done to help Russia, or, if there is some one person of some great nation which knows, either power or decision is lacking. Russia today is a prostrate patient, baffling the greatest political specialists in the world. Some advocate an army, others maintain that an efficient and effective army is impossible. Some leaders believe in allied military intervention, but soldiers throughout the world are weary of fighting. The militant spark which makes men fight is dimmed. The war is over in Europe and the common masses here do not understand why the war does not end in Russia.

Opposing these military specialists are others who believe that Russia should be left alone to work out her own destiny; to fight a fratricidal war until the strong survive and the weak perish. Others believe that Russia should be fed and clothed and rehabilitated economically. No two nations agree, while the Russian people look first to Omsk, then to Moscow and Petrograd, or Washington, Vladivostok, Paris, or London, expecting all the while to see the sun rise on a new era, but witnessing daily the same red sunset, ending a day of terror and forecasting another day of strife and suffering.

From Irkutsk to Ekaterinburg Asiatic Russia takes on its real appearance as an empire without order.

But this is not new. Russia has been disorganized and disturbed long before the revolution. The revolution only raised the curtain for the whole world to see the spectacle. There was bribery and corruption before, the Government was disorganized, people were dissatisfied, the railroads were overburdened; there were traffic tie-ups, crowded prisons, plots, and counterplots. The story of Russia today is not new; it is only a new version, but what makes it important, perhaps more important than ever before, is that the United States and the Allies promised to help Russia, and the Russian people want to know where that help is and when it may be expected. They also wish to know what kind of aid is to be forthcoming—economical, political, social, moral, or military.

One soon learns how keen is this Russian wish when one traverses that part of Russia along the Trans-Siberian Railway between Irkutsk and the present front. Perhaps that part of the world, which is 15,000 miles away, does not wish to be disturbed by the situation in Russia, but the fact remains that here, in this part of the world, several million people are interested in knowing whether or not the Allies intend to keep their promises. It does not matter so much what is being said and thought about Russia in the other section of the universe as it does what this country is saying about the Allies and America. And it is the opinion and sentiment of Central Siberia which I propose to present in this letter, describing my journey in November and December from Irkutsk to Ekaterinburg and back again. This is to be a statement of what others think of us. In the words of the latest song in Moscow:

"Forget your fireplaces; the fires have gone out"—and think about Russia.

TWELVE VIEWS ON RUSSIA.

In a few sentences these are some of the conflicting expressions one hears in Russia today about America, Russia, and the Allies:

1.—Russia can never help herself to order. There never will be a strong Government in Russia until the Allies establish such a Government and maintain it.

2.—Without military aid from the Allies, which means the United States, the Bolsheviki will never be overthrown.

3.—If all foreigners would get out of Russia and let the Russian people alone there would soon be order here.

4.—A military dictatorship is the only solution of Russia's present problems.

5.—The Russian people want a monarchy. A Socialistic Government is not the wish of a majority of the people.

6.—The Social Revolutionists made the first revolution a success, and Russia's salvation lies in their hands.

7.—Give Russia food, household supplies, clothing, raw materials, and other supplies, distribute them without favor and at reasonable prices, and Russia will work out her own destiny.

8.—Let the Japanese come in.

9.—Keep the Japanese out of Russia.

10.—Reorganize the Russian Army, supply it with war materials, and the new army will save Russia.

11.—But don't give Russia to Germany.

12.—Some nation will get Russia if the Allies do not come in now. What has become of the allied promises to help Russia?

These are twelve main varieties of opinions expressed among inhabitants and foreigners of Asiatic Russia today. I believe this represents, also, the chief views of Russians of all classes and from all parts of the country, except the Bolsheviki, because Siberian Russia does not represent today what it represented before the Bolsheviki uprisings. Siberian Russian opinion is the opinion of Bolshevikiless Russia because in every city of Asiatic Russia now are political leaders, officers, merchants, landowners, peasants, traders, doctors, lawyers, and laborers from Petrograd, Moscow, Libau, Riga, Kovno, Vilna, Brest-Litovsk, Kharkoff, Kieff, Odessa, and elsewhere. They have come here to escape the Bolsheviki and, if they can, to help Russia overthrow the Bolsheviki. I met men and women from all parts of European Russia on my two trips across Central Siberia. These people are living in Omsk, Ekaterinburg, Tomsk, Tiumen, Taiga, Irkutsk, Cheliabinsk, Marinsk, and other cities, awaiting the day when Russia makes peace with herself and they can return to their homes. "To our homes," and not "to the front" is the cry of the Russian people today. If their wish could be expressed in a few words, it would be this: "Let us live at home in peace."

How this wish can be realized is the problem of Russia. How the people can be helped to attain this is the problem of the United States and the Allies.

EN ROUTE TO EKATERINBURG.

In a general way there is little difference in the situation between Vladivostok and Irkutsk and the conditions from Lake Baikal to the present front. The people, the schools, churches, railroads, and cities are very similar. Perhaps the sole difference is the presence of more soldiers in cities nearer the front, but there is the same lack of supplies and raw materials, high prices, and scarcity of sugar, tea, coffee, and tobacco.

Traveling from Irkutsk to Ekaterinburg one passes through two important cities, Tomsk and Omsk. The former has been for many years the educational centre of Siberia. There is a large university there where refugee students and professions from all sections of Russia have gathered since the Bolsheviki began to persecute the educated as well as the rich and professional citizens. The great white university buildings cover several acres of ground and compare quite favorably with many prominent American universities. It resembles, perhaps, better than any university I have seen the famous old university of Geneva, Switzerland.

Tomsk, being an educational centre, has exerted a deal of influence upon Siberian and Russian politics. During the time the Siberian Government, with headquarters in Omsk, controlled the country, several important political meetings and conventions were held there. Tomsk is also the home of Premier Vologodsky of the All-Russian Government and the present Premier acting under the Dictator, Admiral Koltshak. Tomsk is also, next to Ekaterinburg, the most beautiful city in this part of Russia.

Omsk has gained its fame and importance only as a seat of the Government. After the convention held at Ufa during the Summer, when all of the local Governments of Siberia, Archangel, and the Urals formed the All-Russian Government, Omsk was selected as the temporary capital, and the Directory and Cabinet opened offices there. The National Assembly, which was controlled by the industrial workers of the Left wing of the Social Revolutionists, by men with very extreme views, held themselves somewhat aloof from the Central Government and made Ekaterinburg the seat of the national Parliament. Omsk, as a city, can only be described as a disappointment.

From Omsk one journeys to Ekaterinburg, the city which became famous with the discovery of the platinum and gold mines near by, and the Ural stones, such as Alexandrites, emeralds, rubies, sapphires, aqua marines, &c. Ekaterinburg is also one of the largest industrial cities in the Ural Mountains. It is a city of palaces built by mine owners, grain merchants, and dealers in precious stones. Politically, in addition to its importance as the former meeting place of the National Assembly, or Congress, it is the present headquarters in Russia of the Czechoslovak National Council.

When I first visited Omsk the All-Russian Government was in control of that part of Russia free from the Bolsheviki, and gave promise of being a real Russian Government which might ultimately be powerful enough to move into Moscow and Petrograd to dislodge the Bolsheviki. But between my first and second visits to the temporary capital the All-Russian Directory was overthrown, a Dictator was named, the National Assembly was dissolved, and the members escorted to another city under protection of the Czech Army. The complete story of this coup d'état cannot be told at this time because of the part played in it by certain important powers, but this much can be truthfully said: When the All-Russian Government was overthrown, the Liberal or Democratic forces of Russia, as distinguished between the Bolsheviki and the reactionary or monarchistic party, suffered a defeat the extent of which cannot be estimated.

It may be stated now and proved later, when all the facts can be published, that the foreigners in Russia had more to do with the collapse of the All-Russian Government than the Russians, and that if several foreign powers through their official representatives had not been interfering with Russia's internal affairs the Government would very likely still be in Omsk. But, in considering what should be done in Russia today, facts and facts alone must be considered, and the main facts are that a Government in Russia as long as there is a civil war in progress will be about as stable as the ruble on foreign exchanges. Secondly, after once announcing military intervention in Siberia and Archangel the Allies made a fatal mistake in not keeping their promise. Thirdly, by refusing to pay serious attention to the struggle of the Liberal forces of Russia to establish a representative government in Omsk, by delaying recognition of the All-Russian Government and by not working in harmony with each other, the Allies contributed to the establishment of the present Koltshak dictatorship.

HOW TO HELP RUSSIA.

But the mistakes which have been made are as water over the dam. The allied problem is how to help Russia under the present conditions and circumstances. Fundamentally there are two main methods:

1. Military intervention via Vladivostok, Archangel, Murmansk, the Black Sea, and the Baltic, after first giving military aid to the Czechoslovak armies holding the Ural front.

2. The present laissez-faire policy of limited military assistance and with the chief emphasis upon economic rehabilitation.

Both of these policies have as much in their favor as against them. There are great drawbacks to both, and the chief drawback is delay and indecision. But after traveling some twelve thousand miles in Siberia and knowing something of conditions in that part of Russia formerly occupied by the German armies one can state, at least, the arguments now advanced for and against military intervention. And it should be understood that opinion in Russia today is sharply divided.

The Czechoslovak armies are fighting against the Bolsheviki for two reasons; one, they were attacked by the Bolsheviki when they were en route to Vladivostok for France and they had to fight in self-defense; secondly, they remained in Russia as an allied army at the direct and official request of the Allies, expressed through the official representatives of the allied powers. I can establish this by documentary evidence. This being true, the Allies have not kept their promises to the Czechoslovaks, and, had they done as they expected and promised in July, 1918, the present status of Russia would hardly be confronting them.

The chief arguments against military intervention at that time were those which still hold good, that the Russian people would have resented the appearance of an allied army, composed of all Allies, European, and Asiatic. Secondly, military intervention in Russia will strengthen one class above all others; the military caste which was the chief support of the Czar's Government. Even today, if there is military intervention in Russia, the direct outcome will be the establishment of a military dictatorship under one of the numerous Generals of the old régime. And it might ultimately lead to the re-establishment of a monarchy in Russia. For this reason those who are intriguing and working for military intervention are mostly officers and officials of the military caste or of the Monarchist Party.

But the main question for the Allies to decide at the preliminary Peace Conference in Europe is what attitude they are going to take toward the Bolsheviki. That is the crux of the Russian problem. If the Allies intend to oppose Bolshevism and attempt to stem the tide of industrial dissatisfaction which produces Bolshevism and which keeps it alive in Russia, then there is only one means, and that is to declare war against the Bolsheviki and fight anarchism as earnestly as they fought imperialism in Central Europe. If the Allies are to oppose Bolshevism, military opposition is the only opposition which will succeed. After the Allies decide this question, all other problems in Russia will be solved when the Bolsheviki are overthrown.

It is obvious to any one who travels in Siberia today that the Allies cannot continue to disregard Russia as they have this year. If they do, Russia must be abandoned to a civil war between the Monarchists, the Bolsheviki, the Mensheviki, the Social Revolutionists, and the Social Democrats.

From Vladivostok to the Ural Mountains Russia is in a chaotic state; from the Urals to Poland the situation is worse. Millions of Russians want peace, and if they have to fight indefinitely for it, the whole world will be affected and harmed, even if the rest of the world remains only as a spectator.

Russia is the first great reconstruction problem facing the United States and the Allies, and the sooner the Allies decide what their reconstruction policy is going to be, the sooner will there be internal peace in Russia.

ACROSS SIBERIA FROM VLADIVOSTOK

Russian Masses Strive for Free Education---Chaos on the Trans-Siberian Railroad---Work of Americans

By CARL W. ACKERMAN.
Correspondent of The New York Times.
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IRKUTSK, Nov. 6, 1918.

BEFORE the revolution there were four ways of crossing Siberia—by first, second, and third class railway coaches, and fourth-class box cars. Today there are but two—box cars and special trains. Almost every day both varieties leave Vladivostok for "somewhere in Russia," and after they depart no one can tell where they will ultimately arrive or when.

Railroading, like everything else in Russia, has been revolutionized; that is, revolutionized in the wrong way. If you travel by box car you fight for standing room in a red, four-wheeled, antiquated car about one-third the size of an American freight car and about as comfortable. If you are lucky you get a place near the stove in the centre; if unlucky you may be crammed into one corner without heat or light. By the box car route you ride as long as you can endure the unventilated interior and the company of Russia's unfortunates.

With the special train it is different. Instead of standing or sleeping in line from eighteen to thirty-six hours to buy a fourth-class ticket, and instead of taking your chances with the Russian trainman and his whip you apply to the Interallied Railway Commission in Vladivostok, and this commission, if it looks with favor upon your "mission," (you must be on a mission to get a special car,) will issue a car or a special train, whichever you desire.

After you obtain the permit entitling you to a train your trouble begins, because every General, commission, Colonel, mission, society, and army has already confiscated the best cars, and what you get is what they leave behind. The car the Red Cross drew for some of the doctors and newspaper correspondents had been a "has been" for several years. The conductor claimed he had been living in it for six months in the Vladivostok yards. Last Spring, he said, his car was ordered to Moscow, but the Bolsheviki got there first and he and his sleeper were sidetracked in the freight yards of Vladivostok, where they had a good view of the Japan Sea and some of the millions of dollars' worth of ammunition which covers a ten-acre plot of land along the Trans-Siberian.

It does not matter by which train you leave the city, because one is as apt to make good time as another. There being no time tables, the trains run whenever the tracks are clear, and it is a fortunate thing that the Russian trainmen still have a sufficient interest in their work to take care in dispatching trains. This seems to be about the only part of the railroad which is not topsy turvy.

SLOW TIME ON THE RAILWAY.

If you are fortunate in your special you may arrive in Harbin before the "regular" box-car train. The chances are that you can do this if you have a sufficient amount of influence with the Russian railway officials, but after you arrive in the chief city of Manchuria you can never tell when you may leave. It is all a gamble. You gamble with time, with money, and with patience, and if you can speak Russian you gamble with your language, too. There was a time before the revolution when you could go from Vladivostok to Moscow in nine days. Now it takes ten days to go to Irkutsk by special.

It does not take long for one to become accustomed to railway travel in Siberia. It is bad business, and you accept it as such. You resign yourself to Fate, you get out your army blankets and your air pillow and make a bed; you see to it that your larder is well stocked. Then you forget everything else and trust to the revolution not to make any changes until you reach your destination, which is a fluctuating point on the map of Siberia.

My destination is the Czech front, which is a movable line somewhere in the heart of Russia, and I have reached Irkutsk, a beautiful city with large modern buildings and great churches near Lake Baikal. I am still at least a week from the front, where it is now, but within a week it may move nearer or further away. Life and travel alike are unknown quantities in Siberia, and I am traveling!

As far as Tchita there are two routes, one in Siberia proper and the other through North-Central Manchuria. Originally there was but one Transsiberian line from Tchita, and that connected with the Chinese Eastern Railway, but after the Russo-Japanese war the Russian Government began the construction of the Amur railway along the Siberian-Manchurian border, so that, in event of another war with Japan or any other nation in the Far East, Russian trains could be run to Vladivostok solely over Russian territory. On the Amur railway to Tchita there is one chief town, Khabarovsk, where the American and Japanese troops are stationed in the old barracks of the Fifth Siberian Army Corps. Along the Chinese Eastern line, through Manchuria our train, which reached Irkutsk after seemingly numberless delays, stopped at Harbin, Manchuria City, and Tchita long enough to permit us to glimpse the cities as a whole, and in some instances to examine and study the schools, the bazaars, the shops, and the churches—for Siberia has all the earmarks of civilization, if it does not have anything else. Every city of any size, and there are several with over 50,000 and 100,000 inhabitants, has its opera house or theatre, its movies and cabarets, its cafés and midnight restaurants, and its banks, jewelry shops, fur stores, and Japanese curio stands. Cities like Harbin, Manchuria City, and Tchita have their unpaved dirt streets, their log huts and community cellars, as well as their brick and stone business blocks.

No city, however, is without its droshkies; those four-wheeled, open, one-seated carriages drawn by Siberian ponies and driven by ex-peasants, ex-soldiers, ex-vodka drinkers, refugees, or ex-exiles. Russia, like France, can be distinguished from every other country in the world by its droshky drivers. They are an unchangeable quantity, with the same long, unkempt whiskers, the same curly fur hats, and long, threadbare fur-lined coats, and felt boots. Their eyes betray their ignorance and their innocence, and still, with all their faults, they are the sponges of Russian public opinion. They are good reporters, because they have no thoughts of their own; they repeat only what they have heard their passengers say or what they have been told. They disseminate news, they keep scandal alive, they absorb opinion, and they charge foreigners their maximum fare plus a generous profit. Their ambition is to make their gross receipts cover their expenses every day, and when that is done neither money nor influence will cause them to work an hour longer. They are men with fixed limits, and they know their limit!

To see these men in their droshkies or their sleighs and to see the thousands of miles of undeveloped, snow-covered land, is to see Siberia. These two, the people and the land, are the dress of Siberia. Everything else is decoration.

MIDNIGHT CROWDS IN HARBIN.

We sauntered about Harbin, after running the gantlet of the fur dealers along the line and without being disturbed by the Japanese troops guarding the railway. Through the narrow streets of the old city and the broad, unimproved thoroughfares of the new town we rode in our droshky or trekked afoot. In the streets were armed Chinese soldiers, the city police, while marching through town vodka, champagne, rich foods and the "life of the East." That there should be so much money to squander in this part of the world is difficult for an American to comprehend.

Leaving Harbin, we journeyed on by easy stages to Manchuria City, the last Chinese station. All along the line from Vladivostok to Manchuria we met the American railway engineers, those practical men and the experts from the United States who came to Russia with John R. Stevens to take charge of this railway line under the Kerensky Government. But today they are men without a railroad. While they are scattered along the route of the Trans-Siberian they have no authority. They ride the trains, they attempt to introduce modern systems of train dispatching, and for a few hours every day they control the telegraph wire transmitting American messages and news. They are living for the day when they can assume control of the road and make it as efficient as they have made our own lines in the United States. But that day is always the day after tomorrow. Should the time ever come, however, when the American engineers can take hold of the Trans-Siberian there will be nothing about this line which they will not know.

A LONELY AMERICAN ENGINEER.

Our train was passing through a small town one day when one of the Red Cross nurses opened the window to glimpse the station. Immediately there was a call in English:

"Won't you please come out here a moment. I haven't seen an American woman for nearly a year, and I have about forgotten what they look like."

It was an American engineer, alone in a small town in Manchuria, filling his place in Uncle Sam's worldwide war program; a program which will be, if it is not already, something of a world peace program also. And this engineer was beginning his second Winter in Siberia, a volunteer and almost an exile.

In Manchuria and in Siberia a traveler today meets the representatives of two other American organizations, the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A. It is a common sight to pass Y. M. C. A. freight cars en route to and from the front, and in several cities along the line are American hospitals and relief organizations. Our army may not be very widely scattered in the Far East, but every other American organization is. Day after day you pass middle-aged and young men, riding in box cars or dilapidated second-class coaches—American men, most of them volunteers.

One meets also another class of Americans in this country—the Russians. Germans, Austrians, and Czechs who have lived in the United States. From Vladivostok to Irkutsk, at nearly every station, we met persons who could speak English and who said that New York or New Jersey or Pennsylvania had been their home. We were pushing our way through the crowded waiting room of the Manchuria City station when some

(Continued on Page 10)

PLAYS AND PLAYERS IN THE NEW YORK THEATRES

THE GODS OF DUNSANY

By JOHN CORBIN.

WHAT manner of man is this Lord Dunsany?—or, rather, what manner of dramatist, for that is what really concerns us.

"The Gods of the Mountain" commanded profound admiration. Here was a playwright who fashioned a world of his own, different from any we had seen before, or imagined—a world of strange beauty and awe, which he yet made as familiar and real, even humorous, as Broadway or the Bowery. And out of it he evolved situation, a catastrophe, as new to the theatre as it was overwhelming, astounding. With a single play he established himself a genius—a genius of no great calibre, perhaps, yet as distinct as Barrie or Shaw, Synge or Maeterlinck. Plays followed which bespoke the same power of imagination and humor, but which were of minor import and less thrilling—plays in which the gods had no part. Then came "A Night at an Inn," giving us a world which, to be sure, was slightly different from that of "The Gods of the Mountain," but a catastrophe which, though thrilling, irresistible, was yet the same. One began to recognize a pattern, to suspect a method, even a trick. It has been said of the Irish playwrights, who profess to believe in the fairies, that at best they believe they believe in them. Was that the case also with the gods of Dunsany? Were they a literary convention which, with repeated use, would decline into a sort of sublime stage property?

The suspicion was confirmed in reading "The Laughter of the Gods." Here, again, to be sure, was a milieu quite new and satire that was keener, more searching; but the catastrophe was the same—except that it was less striking, for no monster appeared, grotesque and hulking, to wreak his revenge against sacrilege. Instead, there was a mere crumbling of walls amid the rattling of stage thunder. And then the play was produced. It cannot be said that the catastrophe was as striking as in the two previous pieces. Drama and acting are more potent, always, than the effects of mechanician and stage carpenter. The demolition of a palace amid the mockery of reverberant thunder has not the same power upon the nerves as the bodily presence of a sublimely raging idol. Yet it somehow seemed that the play had a fuller spiritual content, that it reached deeper and further into the imagination. More than ever one felt the presence of religious mystery and awe, of a force in human life that is above mankind, yet always present and imminent—divinely jealous and watchful.

And so, what manner of man is this Lord Dunsany—or, rather, what are the manners of his gods? If we know that, we shall know his innermost soul; for there is deep truth in the epigram of Voltaire, that man creates god in his own image. Now Lord Dunsany's first book, as it happens, was an attempt to create an Olympus of his own and people it with an assemblage of deities, each with a personality and a power over human life acutely conceived and visualized. To me, at least, "The Gods of Pegana" (published in 1905, nine years before Dunsany commenced play writing) is autobiography, and all the more self-revealing because it is profoundly unconscious.

As an achievement of the imagination, this bible of the gods of Pegana is simply amazing. Except in being polytheistic, its conception of godhead has no trace of the influence of the Greeks, or of any other people. It lives in an unknown region, weirdly remote and spacious—surrounded by clouds of dusky splendor and illumined with the light that never was on sea or land. The very names of the deities are uncannily beautiful. Kib is the creator of Life, and he made us because he was bored in Pegana—made us restless, eager, striving, so as to amuse him the more. Mung was jealous of the work of Kib and became the Lord of Death, who makes his sign before us and we are still. But Limpang-Tung has a thought of the hearts of men, and he is the god of mirth by day and melodious minstrelsy. "I will send jests into the world and paint my picture in the sky, that men may see and rejoice." By night Yoharneth-Lahai is our friend and "sendeth dreams out of Pegana to please the people of Earth." There are also little gods of the home, who live not in Pegana—Pitsu, who stroketh the cat; Hobith, who calms the dog; Imborgie, the Lord of Dusk, who sitteth in a corner far off and whose children are dancing shadows, shy and silent. But greater than these little gods is their enemy Roon, the god of Going, who drives man always away from the hearth into the furthermost places. Sish is the god of Time, a hound-god who leaps forward forever, devouring all things in his path. And in the end, when Sish has swept away the world and its cities, having no more to devour, he shall suddenly die. Such are the gods of whose deeds the little book chiefly tells us. Life and death, minstrelsy and dreams, the fireside and adventure. A world made for the sport of the gods, and at the end of all things—nothing!

But this is not all. Above these is a greater god who made them; Mana-Yood-Sushai. "And when he had made the other gods, he made Skarl, and Skarl made a drum, and began to beat upon it that he might drum forever. And because of the drumming of Skarl, did Mana-Yood-Sushai grow drowsy and fall asleep. Whether the season be Winter or Summer, Skarl still beateth his drum, for the purposes of the gods are not yet fulfilled. Sometimes the arm of Skarl grows weary; but still he beateth his drum, that the gods may do the work of the gods, and the worlds go on, for if he cease for an instant then Mana-Yood-Sushai will start awake, and there will be worlds nor gods no more." So in Pegana, quite as in Mr. Wells's more recent theology of "God the Invisible King," there is a greater duty whose ways are not the ways of the gods men know and pray to, whose thoughts are not their thoughts.

Unlike Mr. Wells's kingly god, however, the gods of Lord Dunsany have little care for human joy or sorrow, little heed whether we of the lower earth live for them or against them. They are even more remote and indifferent than the gods of Olympus. For in Pegana such heroism as that of Herakles, such sacrifice as that of Prometheus, is unheard of, undreamed of. There is no Eros, no Psyche—no god of love or of the soul. There is not even the idea of good and evil. And so there is neither heaven nor hell—nor any kind of immortality. No deeper or more abiding consolation of the spirit is to be found than that of Mung, the God of Death. "Were the forty million years before thy coming intolerable to thee? Not less tolerable to thee shall be the forty million years to come!" The thought of Dunsany the theologian is occupied mainly with the immensities of time and of space, the visual glories of mountain and sea, the ceaseless panorama of change, and the ultimate annihilation of all things. Its dominant mood is awe merging in terror.

The nine little plays which Lord Dunsany has thus far written show a similar lack of interest in the human heart. In imagination and fancy, humor and satire, they are works of an inspiration absolutely authentic; but love has not touched them, nor has any high heroism, any deep aspiration of the spirit. And the same is true, as far as I know, of the half dozen of volumes of fables and tales that lie between "The Gods of Pegana" and the plays.

In the three plays in hand, however, of which the gods are the central figures, a new idea is manifest, and it verges closely upon the idea of moral responsibility. At least as far as their own dignity is concerned, these gods are terribly in earnest. The spirit of Jehovah has entered Pegana—or at worst the lightning of Jove's anger. Is the playwright's interest in this new idea merely the interest of the artist, the creator of dramatic effects? That is possible. If so, however, it is hard to account for the air of authenticity, the increasing sense of absolute power in a story thrice told. To me, at least, it seems much more likely that the repetition results from the compulsion of a fresh idea, of a new and persistent inspiration.

As yet one can hardly be sure of this. The books of tales written before the war showed a constant growth in range of subject and in technical command, but there was also, perhaps, a fading of imaginative power, a paling of inspiration. Sheer imagination gave way to make-believe, broad humor and biting satire to self-conscious, modish fooling. It was as if the life of the officers' mess and of fashionable London were cribbing and confining the creative dreamer. What will be the result of the war? One result it has already had, in eliciting from Captain Lord Dunsany a word which, for all the simplicity of its tone and manner, bears unmistakably the note of heroism. It is in the preface of "The Last Book of Wonder," written in 1916 while recovering from a wound, and it is addressed to an America as yet neutral. "I do not know where I may be when this preface is read. * * * To some of you in America this may seem an unnecessary and wasteful quarrel, as other people's quarrels often are; but it comes to this, that though we are all killed there will be songs again, but if we were to submit and so survive, there could be neither songs nor dreams, nor any joyous, free things any more. And do not regret the lives that are wasted among us, or the work that the dead would have done, for war is no accident that man's care could have averted, but is as natural, though not as regular, as the tides; as well regret the things that the tide has washed away, which destroys and cleanses and crumbles, and spares the minutest shells. * * * I offer you these books of dreams from Europe as one throws things of value, if only to one's self, at the last moment out of a burning house."

To the unmorality, unspirituality, of the gods of Pegana, Dunsany has added at least one flame of godlike passion, and it has so engrossed him that he has labored it thrice. Now, out of the great conflagration, comes the word of a hero. What of the future? Will he add to his repertory of great themes—or will he continue the slenderest, the most limited of the undoubted geniuses of the drama?

A Study of Miss Beecher as the Heroine of "The Woman in Room 13," Which in the Brief Space of Two Weeks Has Become One of the Foremost Melodramatic Successes of the Season.

TO BE CONTINUED

Play	Playhouse	Premiere
Friendly Enemies	Hudson	July 22
Three Faces East	Cohan and Harris	Aug. 13
Everything	Hippodrome	Aug. 22
Lightnin'	Gaiety	Aug. 26
Sinbad (second engagement)	Winter Garden	Sept. 2
Daddies	Lyceum	Sept. 5
Forever After	Playhouse	Sept. 9
The Unknown Purple	Lyric	Sept. 14
The Girl Behind the Gun	New Amsterdam	Sept. 16
Tea for Three	Maxine Elliott	Sept. 19
Redemption	Plymouth	Oct. 3
Some Time	Casino	Oct. 4
Sleeping Partners	Bijou	Oct. 5
Nothing But Lies	Longacre	Oct. 8
The Better 'Ole	Cort	Oct. 19
The Riddle: Woman	Fulton	Oct. 23
Ladies First!	44th Street Roof	Oct. 24
The Big Chance	48th Street	Oct. 28
Three Wise Fools	Criterion	Oct. 31
The Canary	Globe	Nov. 4
Little Simplicity	44th Street	Nov. 4
Tiger! Tiger!	Belasco	Nov. 12
The Betrothal	Shubert	Nov. 18
The Crowded Hour	Selwyn	Nov. 22
The Little Brother	Belmont	Nov. 25
Oh, My Dear!	Princess	Nov. 27
Roads of Destiny	Republic	Nov. 27
Difference in Gods (revival)	Bramhall	Nov. 28
Ziegfeld Frolic	New Amsterdam Roof	Dec. 9
Midnight Whirl	Century Roof	Dec. 12
Dear Brutus	Empire	Dec. 23
Somebody's Sweetheart	Central	Dec. 23
Listen, Lester	Knickerbocker	Dec. 23
A Prince There Was	George M. Cohan	Dec. 24
East Is West	Astor	Dec. 25
A Little Journey	Vanderbilt	Dec. 26
The Invisible Foe	Harris	Dec. 30
Keep It to Yourself	39th St.	Dec. 30
The Melting of Molly	Broadhurst	Dec. 30
Tillie	Henry Miller's	Jan. 6
Cappy Ricks	Morosco	Jan. 13
The Woman in Room 13	Booth	Jan. 14
Portmanteau Plays	Punch & Judy	Jan. 15
Up in Mabel's Room	Eltinge	Jan. 15
The Climax (revival)	Comedy	Jan. 16
The Marquis de Priola	Liberty	Jan. 20
Eyes of Youth (revival)	Manhattan	Jan. 25

THE RETURN OF RANSONE

TILLIE," the genre comedy of Pennsylvania Dutch life, has served to bring back to Broadway a comedian who has been missing from these parts for many years. This is John W. Ransone, whose impersonation of the country physician is perhaps the foremost bit of characterization in the play. Since his great success as the brewer with the catch line "Vas you ever in Zinsinnati?" in "The Prince of Pilsen" sixteen years ago Ransone has been seen in a production in this city only once. And that was in "Yvette," the musical comedy which ran for one memorable night on Broadway two seasons ago.

Ransone played in "The Prince of Pilsen" for years and years and then again for years. The first run of the piece in New York was five months and was followed by eight months in London. Returning to this country, Ransone was then identified with it for innumerable seasons on tour, and a few years ago, when the piece was revived in the provinces, he played it again.

The story of his stage beginnings is interesting, for his first stage material was written for him by none other than Eugene Field. Field, who had not yet won his recognition, was general utility man on the St. Joseph, Mo., Gazette, St. Joe was Ransone's home town, and at the age of sixteen he was the principal out-up of the vicinage, being regularly featured as end man in an amateur organization known as the Missouri Valley Minstrels, for which Field did all the writing.

After Ransone had enjoyed a year of local popularity a minstrel company stranded in Kansas City, and the advance agent, a cheery optimist, came on to St. Joseph to see if he could persuade any one to put up sufficient money to pay the railroad fares of the organization into the latter town. He found a man who agreed to do this for a percentage of the local receipts, if "that Ransone boy" could be persuaded to go on and play one of the ends and be featured in the billing. Young Ransone was persuaded and the show was given to two capacity audiences. Ransone left town with the minstrels next day and remained with them all season.

He next formed a variety combination with a performer named Adams, the two doing what was then known as a "Dutch act." That particular kind of comedy entertainment was just beginning to come into vogue. A few years later he had accumulated enough surplus capital to produce a sensational "comedy melodrama" called "Across the Atlantic," in which he played a protean rôle, appearing as the cashier of a steamship line, a negro valet, a German guide and an Irish coachman. "Across the Atlantic" served him for ten years. Once he got as far as New York with it, playing an engagement of two weeks at the old Olympic Theatre at the corner of Prince Street and the Bowery. This was in 1881. He needed a company manager for the metropolitan engagement and asked the late Leander Richardson to recommend one. Richardson suggested Daniel Frohman, who was at that time just beginning a theatrical career that was destined to make him an outstanding figure.

There followed a long series of engagements in comic opera and extravaganza, and then came Ransone's famous impersonation of Richard Croker in a monologue which he delivered at the old Koster & Bial's Music Hall on West Thirty-fourth Street. This was at the height of the Lexow investigation. Ransone appeared for fifty-two consecutive weeks at Koster & Bial's, establishing a record for the longest continuous run ever enjoyed by a vaudeville entertainer in this city. His salary was raised from $125 to $650 in two weeks. Mr. Ransone later impersonated David B. Hill, Marcus Hanna, and Colonel Roosevelt, and claims to have been the first actor to have ever delineated the latter on the stage.

In recent years he has confined himself almost entirely to vaudeville, except during those periods when "The Prince of Pilsen" was in revival.

THE WEEK'S HAPPENINGS

IT is a stagnant week in the theatres so far as new productions go, the weekly change of program at the French Theatre being the sole novelty.

LE MENTEUR.—*Tomorrow night at the Theatre du Vieux Colombier.*

This is a farce by Pierre Corneille, and will be acted by a cast which will include Robert Bogaert, Henri Dhurtal, Marcel Millet, Jean Sarment, and others.

"As You Like It" will be the next production of the Shakespeare Playhouse, to be presented by them at the Plymouth Theatre on the afternoon of Friday, Feb. 7, and indefinitely thereafter on Friday afternoons and Saturday mornings. "Hamlet" will again be acted on Friday afternoon and Saturday morning of the coming week, and throughout February will be played on Thursday afternoons.

At the Hippodrome tonight a performance will be given under the auspices of Father Vincent de Paul McGean for east side children. Among the performers will be Donald Brian, Florence Reed, William Collier, Thomas A. Wise, William Courtenay, Wilton Lackaye, Patricia Collinge, Frisco, and many others.

The After-Care Home for Crippled Children will be the beneficiary of a performance at the Century Theatre tonight. Ed Wynn will be master of ceremonies, and the program will include Joseph Sabtley, Ann Wheaton, Ivy Sawyer, John E. Hazzard, and a long list of musical comedy others.

"A Little Journey," having found the Little Theatre too small for it, will be transferred tomorrow night to the Vanderbilt. The succeeding attraction at Mr. Ames's playhouse is unannounced.

Tonight's plays for soldiers will again be two in number—"East Is West," at the Astor, and "Cappy Ricks," at the Morosco. There will be, in addition, the customary vaudeville matinée at the Manhattan Opera House today.

The fifth performance of "Guilbur," with Yvette Guilbert in the cast, will be given at the Neighborhood Playhouse tonight. The production will be repeated next Friday, Saturday, and Sunday nights.

THE SUBWAY CIRCUIT.

STANDARD — "Come Out of the Kitchen."

SHUBERT-RIVIERA—"An Ideal Husband."

LOEW'S SEVENTH AV.—"Business Before Pleasure."

BRONX OPERA HOUSE — "Seven Days' Leave."

WHAT NEWS ON THE RIALTO?

PHILIP MOELLER, who contributed "Madame Sand" to the roster of last season, has now written a play entitled "Molière," dealing, it need hardly be added, with incidents in the life of the French playwright. Furthermore—albeit there has been no official communiqué to that effect—Henry Miller will produce the play in the near future, with himself in the title rôle. The piece is said to have been designed originally for the use of George Arliss.

The play is in four acts, and throws its hero much into the company of Louis XIV. of France. There are at least three great acting parts in the play—those of Molière and the King, and that of the leading feminine character. Holbrook Blinn, according to report, will play the King, and Blanche Bates will be the third of a trio of stars.

These be prosperous days and nights in the playhouses, on the road as well as in the metropolis. At least half a dozen plays which were received with anything but acclaim upon their opening nights are going along merrily, and two or three of them more than merrily. As for those offerings which appealed to the critical and the uncritical alike, their prosperity knows no bounds. Ten thousand dollars weekly is by no means an unusual sum for a dramatic entertainment to be drawing, and several of them approach $15,000. The profits in such takings may be estimated from the fact that gross receipts of about $7,000, in most instances, turn in a small profit to the managerial coffers. As for the musical entertainments, they are attracting $12,000 to $18,000, dependent upon the capacities of their houses.

The authors of "The Woman in Room 13," it now appears, are really three in number instead of two, although the third, Percival Wilde, contributed but a single situation. The Wildian material, which is used in the prologue, was taken from a play of his authorship entitled "The Penalty," which has been long upon A. H. Woods's list. The Messrs. Shipman and Marcin, both of whom have access to the inner recesses of the Woods offices, saw Mr. Wilde's idea and fancied it. The latter is receiving a fixed weekly royalty therefor, and accordingly all hands are satisfied.

A play as produced is frequently a more composite work than the program credits it with being. An entire episode of "Eyes of Youth"—the scene in front of Rector's near the end of the play—was taken bodily from a play by Willard Mack entitled "Her Market Value," which never was seen in New York. Private settlement was probably made, but Mack was never publicly credited.

Not "Friendly Enemies," but "Uncle Sam," will be the title under which that war play will be produced in London. The presenting company is said to have sailed yesterday, and the play is scheduled to begin its London engagement at the Haymarket on or about Feb. 6. "Friendly Enemies," incidentally, continues to be one of the phenomenal theatrical moneymakers of all time. New York and Philadelphia are at present flocking to it, and there is a third company somewhere in the country, and a fourth in Australia, with London yet to come.

Another London opus which is heading for these shores is "Nurse Benson," which Marie Lohr, now an actress-manager, has long been playing at the Globe. The Frohman company has acquired the American rights, and it is probable that the play will be Ethel Barrymore's vehicle next season. The piece is a comedy by R. C. Carton and Justin Huntly McCarthy.

When the books are balanced several years from now it would be no great surprise to find "Tea for Three" standing high among the money-makers of the past decade. Its small cast, and the fact that no star is required for its proper presentation, promise to combine to bring this about. A. H. Woods lately paid a huge bonus, said to have been $35,000, for the London rights, and preparations are now under way to send numerous companies on the road next season. The number is certain to be at least eight, and may be ten or eleven.

IN THE VARIETIES.

PALACE—Trixie Friganza, the Morgan Dancers, Nance O'Neil, assisted by Alfred Hickson and Dodson Mitchell, in "The Common Standard"; Frisco and Loretta McDermott, Frances Kennedy, Harry Langdon and company, Bradna and Derrick, Bernard and Duffy.

COLONIAL—Phyllis Neilson-Terry, Leon Errol, Jean Adair in "Maggie Taylor, Waitress," Stan Stanley, Dickinson and Deagon, Cook and Savo, and others.

RIVERSIDE—Adelaide and Hughes, Eddie Leonard, Adele Rowland, Avon Comedy Four in "A Hungarian Rhapsody," Jimmy Hussey and William Worsley, Stephens and Hollister, and others.

COMING EVENTS

THERE have been produced in New York to date this season some ninety-five plays, and if previous years may be accepted as criterions there are approximately forty, haply as many as forty-five, still to come. From plans announced and unannounced it is now possible to list approximately thirty of these forty or forty-five, and possible also in some instances to foreshadow their nature and something of their contents.

Among the events scheduled is the reopening of the Greenwich Village Theatre as such, with Frank Conroy once more as its managing director. "Hobohemia," a comedy made by Sinclair Lewis from his Saturday Evening Post story of the same name, will be the opening attraction. The piece is a satire upon things Greenwichy, and attracted considerable attention in story form. Further plays may be expected at the Greenwich Village after "Hobohemia," and if reports are correct there will be a more frank attempt to appeal to the popular taste this season than was evidenced before.

Two other productions are definitely announced for the same week, with the prospect that others will be added to the list. On Monday night a musical comedy called the "Velvet Lady," which has been received with acclaim—unusual acclaim—in Philadelphia, will succeed "The Girl Behind the Gun" at the New Amsterdam. The piece is Fred Jackson's "A Full House" refurbished, with sinews by Henry Blossom and score by Victor Herbert. Georgia O'Ramey, presumably in the May Vokes rôle, will head the cast, and the long Ernest Torrence will also be among those present.

On the same night, as matters are now arranged, Marie Cahill will come back to town after a long absence to act in "Just Around the Corner," the work of George V. Hobart and Herbert Hall Winslow. It had something of a Summer run in Chicago last year, and since then has been fitted with a song or two. In story it is said to be not unlike "The Fortune Hunter."

In February New York will also see "The Net," a drama by Maravene Thompson. It is the production of Lee Kugel, who bides his time and moves carefully, his last offering in these parts having been "Old Lady 31," two years ago. "The Net" was played in Washington and Atlantic City in the Spring with encouraging results; its second series of try-out performances have been taking place in Ithaca during the past few days, and the New York opening date will doubtless be announced in a day or two. Kathlene McDonnell, who may be remembered as Robert Hilliard's leading woman in "Pride of Race," will have the leading rôle, and Charles Millward and Charles Dalton will be also of the company. Little is known of the play beyond the fact that the leading rôle calls for an actress of emotional powers.

George Arliss, in Barrie's one-act play, "A Well-Remembered Voice," and a revival of "The Mollusc," will begin an engagement in Chicago during the coming week, and will undoubtedly appear in New York before the season is over. William Anthony Maguire's play, "Everyman's Castle," is definitely scheduled for a metropolitan showing, probably during the week of Feb. 10. H. H. Frazee is the producer, and the company includes Robert Edeson, Wilton Lackaye, Pauline Lord, Katharine Kaelred, and Richard Taber. It is reported to be a morality play.

William A. Brady has been quietly preparing two shows in recent weeks, one of which probably will be brought to New York immediately. This is a play tentatively titled "The Flaming Soul," the work of Owen Davis and Charles Guernon, (the latter co-author of "Eyes of Youth,") and the cast will number House Peters, Clara Joel, Saxon Kling, Gertrude Hitz, and others. The central character of the play is a man who proclaims himself a law unto himself, and upon whom retribution duly descends in the expected dramatic fashion. The première performance was given in Stamford on Friday night.

The other Brady opus, which will be seen in Chicago before it is revealed in these parts, is on a timely subject. It is, in a word, a temperance play, the work of Edith Ellis, and entitled "Never Too Late." Henry Hull, late of "The Man Who Came Back," will have the leading rôle, and the company will include Tim Murphy and Edith Barker. The initial performance took place last night in distant Battle Creek, and the play will begin a run at Chicago's Princess Theatre tomorrow.

"A Dislocated Honeymoon," written by C. W. Bell, one of the authors of "Parlor, Bedroom and Bath," is reported to be heading this way, with a cast including Phoebe Foster, Amelia Bingham, and Harrison Hunter. So, also, is the Morosco production of "Please Get Married," a boudoir farce in which Ernest Truex, last seen here in "The Very Idea," will return to the stage. Edith Taliaferro has the leading woman's rôle in this piece, and the cast also includes William H. Sampson, the late waiter of "Be Calm, Camilla." "Please Get Married" was performed in Providence during the week which has just ended.

While on the subject of farces, the Shuberts are shaping one for the metropolis entitled "A Sleepless Night," the work of a pair of comparatively unknown dramatic writers. The cast, however, will enlist the services of such theatrical celebrities as Irene Fenwick, Donald Gallaher, and Ernest Glendinning.

"Toby's Bow," a comedy by John Taintor Foote, was produced in Wilkes-Barre during the past week by John D. Williams, and probably will be revealed here during the coming month. Mr. Foote is the writer of animal yarns, and the Toby of the title is an old negro servitor whose bow is equivalent to the formal recognition of the standing of the bowee. Norman Trevor and George Marion, the latter the well-known stage director, will head the cast. The piece, it is interesting to note, was played on the road on a previous occasion, (about a year ago,) with Frank Bacon in the rôle of Toby, to be taken on this occasion by Mr. Marion.

Arthur Bennett, better known under his nom de plume of L. B. Yates, is the author of a comedy entitled "Live Forever," formerly called "Sawdust and Sentiment," and now in process of production by George C. Tyler. It is a comedy of circus people, introducing as its characters many of those made familiar in Mr. Bennett's stories. It is reasonably certain to be revealed to New York this season.

More extended reference is made in another column to Henry Miller's prospective production of "Molière," which also, presumably, is intended for New York this season. Mr. Miller is also preparing a new play for Ruth Chatterton, the name of it being "Chloe in Love," and the author William J. Hurlbut. The piece will be produced out of town late next month.

A New York possibility for late next month or early March is a new play of which Marjorie Rambeau will be the star, despite the announced departure of that actress for London at the end of the revival of "Eyes of Youth." The announcement of the departure, to be sure, was made in all good faith, but since then Impresario Woods has discovered a play, and the outlook is now altered.

John Cort, turning aside momentarily from his musical labors, will presently produce a drama by Edward Clark, author of "De Luxe Annie" and others, entitled "Cosette." This play has already had a preliminary spin under the title of "Bruised Wings." The cast on this occasion will be headed by Josephine Victor and will include Otto Kruger, lately released from the United States Navy.

A new producing company will presently put forth a comedy yclept "Penny Wise," with the avowed intention of presenting it upon Broadway as soon as possible. "Penny Wise" is a play of Lancaster, and the leading rôle will be played by Molly Pearson, identified with Lancaster plays on prior occasions. It is being directed, incidentally, by Lionel Atwill, who has previously figured in the American theatre only as actor.

Mrs. Fiske is somewhere on the road with "Mis' Nelly of N'Orleans," Lawrence Eyre's play, and it is undoubtedly the intention of the management to produce the play here this season. Cohan & Harris are the entrepreneurs in the case. A comedy which is imminent—it will be produced here in March or thereabouts—is the "Adam and Eva" of Guy Bolton and George Middleton, who collaborated on the ultra-successful "Polly With a Past." Ruth Shepley, Courtney Foote, and Ferdinand Gottschalk head the cast of this piece, which will have its first production in Detroit next month under the Elliott-Comstock-Gest direction.

Cosmo Hamilton's "Scandal" is being got ready by the Shuberts and Walter Hast, and will undoubtedly be played here within a few weeks. It is dramatic in nature, being a dramatization of Mr. Hamilton's novel of the same name. Charles Cherry and Francine Larrimore will be featured here in the rôles now being played in London by Arthur Bouchier and Miss Kyrle Bellew.

"The Dancer," a comedy by Edward Locke, whose "The Climax" is once more on the local boards, is in rehearsal by the Shuberts, with Peggy Hopkins in the leading rôle. Miss Hopkins, until her recent appearance with Norman Trevor and Cyril Harcourt at the Comedy, has been identified principally with musical comedy.

There are, of course, a series of Portmanteau productions to look forward to at the Punch and Judy, and there is food for thought in the formation of the Theatre Guild, the members of which have bound themselves to produce two plays here before the season is over. The Theatre Guild is composed of half a dozen of more of the moving spirits of the late Washington Square Players, but it will be their policy to produce full-length plays on this occasion, instead of the one-act variety. Philip Moeller, Josephine A. Meyer, and others make up the sect.

There is said to be a new Cohan comedy somewhere in the offering. Mr. Cohan having been sufficiently encouraged by the success of "A Prince There Was" to sit down and turn out another. John D. Williams and Norman Trevor also will combine to produce a piece called "Three for Diana" some time after "Toby's Bow" is properly launched. The Shuberts have a comedy called "Chic" under way, of which nothing is known except the fact that it is the work of Julius Magnussen, a Danish dramatist. And Marie Dressler, absent from Broadway this long time, promises to return as soon as she finds the proper vehicle.

In a musical way there are some half a dozen or more ventures on the fire in addition to "The Velvet Lady," already listed. There is the new extravaganza for the Winter Garden, for example, which promises to crowd Al Jolson to another theatre within a month. "Monte Cristo, Jr.," is the new one, and the merrymakers will include the Dooley pair, William and Gordon Charles Hern, Charles Purcell, and others.

There is, too, the Cohan & Harris production of "A Royal Vagabond," now in process of repreparation after a preliminary spin of a few weeks. Adelaide and Hughes, now playing an intermittent fortnight in vaudeville, and Joe Santley's brother Frederick will be among those in the cast. And there is "Yesterday," written by Reginald De Koven and Glen McDonough, and styled an opera comique instead of a musical comedy. In its cast will be Vernon Stiles, Ruth Miller, and Payson Graham.

Sir Arthur Wing Pinero's twenty-year-old farce, "The Magistrate," turned into a musical show under the name of "The Boy," has been current at the Apollo in London for more than a year, and presently will be presented in New York under the fetching title of "Good Morning, Judge." In the cast, among others, will be Mollie King, George Hassell, Charles King, Margaret Dale, Grace Daniels, Edward Martindel, Shep Camp, and Jean Gauthier.

Roi Cooper Megrue's "Seven Chances" is the latest comedy about to be musicalized, and the results will be revealed to Boston in a few months. New York, according to present plans, will have the piece as a Summer show. "Hello, Alexander," will bring back McIntyre and Heath to musical comedy before the season is over. It is, in fact, now being played on the road. Also on the road is a musical piece called "Take It From Me," which is in the strange position of being unable to obtain a New York theatre at a time when theatres are far from scarce, and this despite the fact that the road has been paying some $15,000 weekly to view it.

There is said to be coming, also, "The Overseas Revue," which has lately had its première out of town. It numbers among its cast Elisabeth Brice and Will Morrissey, both of whom have lately returned to these shores after entertaining our men abroad. Mr. Morrissey is producer as well as player.

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Thurs., "Monna Vanna." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Charlier.

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Sat. Mat., "Thais." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Campanini.

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Thurs. at 8, Bohème. Matzenauer; Caruso, Crabtree—Rothier. Cond., Monteux.

Fri. at 8, Barbiere di Siviglia. Hempel; Hackett (debut), De Luca, Mardones, Malatesta. Cond., Papi.

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2:12	Bert & Lottie Walton	8:12
2:24	BAILEY & COWAN	8:24
2:40	Stephens & Hollister	8:40
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3:11	EDDIE LEONARD & CO.	9:11
3:44	Lenzberg's Harmonists	9:44
3:54	RUTH ST. DENIS	9:54
4:22	ADELE ROWLAND	10:22
4:44	AVON COMEDY FOUR	10:44
5:01	EXIT MARCH	11:01

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—a piece of Fannie Hurst's mind—

Dear Mr. Laemmle:—

I saw "The Heart of Humanity" last night and I want to give you a piece of my mind about it. First, I think it is about the finest achievement the screen has yielded up thus far. Also, aside from the fine moving love story, I learned a vast amount about modern armament.

There is a moment in that picture that is going to thrill down the spinal column of the world. I refer to the dog scene, one of the greatest photoplay moments I have ever enjoyed. A masterpiece! Congratulations!

(Signed) FANNIE HURST.

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("The Picture That Will Live Forever")

cannot be seen here after this week. We tried to stop it two weeks ago, but New York would not let us. But now we HAVE to stop. So if you have not seen the picture that all New York is talking about,—this is

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beginning Sunday, Feb. 2, Priscilla Dean in "THE WICKED DARLING." You saw her in "The Wildcat of Paris." Her newest Universal Special Attraction, "The Wicked Darling," is even greater! Watch for it at this Theatre.

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58th St. 3d Av. | Libby Brown & Conlon, Jack Inglis, Ara Sisters, Oscar Lorraine, oths. Pauline Frederick, "Daughter of the Old South." Cont. 1 to 11.

23d St. Near 6th Av. | JULIAN ROSE, Marion Harris, Maurice Freeman & Co., Rucker & Winifred, Leon Sisters, Hadji Bambolo & Co., oths. Cont. 1 to 11.

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RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

Erno Rapee and Jos. Klein conducting

ANARCHS AND ECSTASY

By JAMES GIBBONS HUNEKER

LEST we forget. While competition is the life of coquettes, the rival opera companies that will fill the air of Gotham with their lyric cries this week offer to the truly musical only the choice between two despairs; with our accustomed happy indecision we prefer Leopold Godowsky to Puccini. We frankly confess our love of symphonic music, and would rather listen to a Beethoven string quartet played by the Flonzaleys than all the operas ever written; the majority of them depicting soul-states in a sanatorium. However, there is the charm of aversion, and that piques the curious. Music in opera is prodigal, never generous. It is the too much that appalls. It is as reticent as a female politician and a hundredfold more attractive. Flying fish, these singing actors. They needs must swim and fly. Winged fish, birds with fins. It is an ambiguous art, the operatic, and it is devised to tickle the ears, dazzle the eyes, of the unmusical and myopic. It breeds personal gossip, never thought. For God's sake, let us sit upon the ground and tell sad stories of Mary Garden's celebrated eyebrows! (This modern instance, for Mary always goes first, as Henry Arthur of the Jones family would say, does not necessitate Shakespearean quotation marks.) Now, having washed our hands of the whole business, we hope to see you tomorrow night at the Lexington Opera House, there to salute Our Mary, and at the Metropolitan Opera House to applaud Caruso and the vocal meteor Rose Ponselle. "Gismonda and the Force of Destiny; or, why there was a hot time in the old town last night," might be an appropriate joint title for pooled operatic issues. Let both companies "amalgamate their sublimes," as Paul Bourget so happily phrases it.

From Bach to Scriabin, have not all composers been anarchs? At first blush the plodding John Sebastian Bach of the Ill-Tempered Clavichord seems a dubious figure with which to drape the red flag of revolt. He grew a forest of children. He taught early and late. He played the organ in church of Sundays. Nevertheless, his music proves him a revolutionist. And, like any good social democrat, he quarreled with his surroundings. He even went out for a drink during a prosy sermon—all sermons are necessarily prosy, else they wouldn't be sermons—and was almost discharged by his superiors for returning late; a perpetual warning to thirsty organists. If Lombroso had been cognizant of this suspicious fact he would have built a terrific structure of degeneration theories with all sorts of inferential subcellars. Stranger still, the music of Bach remains as revolutionary as the hour it was written. No latter-day composer has gone so far as some of his fantasies. Mozart and Gluck depended too much on aristocratic patronage to play the roles of anarchs; yet tales are extant of their refusal to lick the boots of the mighty or curve the spine of the suppliant. Handel! A fighter, a revolutionist born, a hater of tyrants. And the most virile among musicians except the peasant Beethoven—since the recent war become a Belgian composer! His contempt for rank and its entailed snobberies was like a blow from a muscular fist. Haydn need not be considered. He was a henpecked Croatian, and strange stories are related of this merry little blade, truly a chamber-music husband. Mendelssohn was Bach watered down for general consumption. Schubert and Schumann were anarchs, but the supreme anarch of art was Beethoven, who translated into daily practice the radicalism of his music.

Because of its opportunities for the expansion of the soul, music has ever attracted the strong free sons of the earth. It is, par excellence, the art masculine. The profoundest truths, the most blasphemous ideas, may be incorporated within the walls of a symphony, and the police none the wiser. Think of Chopin and Tschaikovsky and the arrant doctrines they preached. It is its freedom from the meddlesome hand of the censor that has made of music a playground for brave hearts. In his "Siegfried" and under the long nose of royalty Richard Wagner drenched anarchy, put into tone, words, gestures, attitudes, lath, plaster, paint, and canvas, pronouncements so terrible that the Old Man of the Mountain, as Bernard Shaw calls Government, if it but knew would forbid his music, not because it was penned by a German, but because it is inimical to tyranny, therefore the most democratic music ever composed. From his point of view I do not wonder at Reginald de Koven's abhorrence of the Kaisermarch, any more than I fail to laud Dean Krehbiel's hatred of Prokofieff's dangerous symphony. Frankly, I sat in fear and trembling at Aeolian Hall and Carnegie Hall when Serge Prokofieff played, momentarily expecting the police to rush upon the stage and seize the musically wicked young Russian—the police and also the Comstockian society. If it needed four plain clothes men to overhear Josef Stransky when he conducted Wagner at a Philharmonic concert, how big an army would it take to suppress Prokofieff? (Cable Premier Paderewski, Warsaw, Poland, for an adequate answer.)

Chopin presents us with a psychic "equivalent of war," as William James has put it, in portions of his music, notably the polonaises; while Richard Strauss has buried more bombs in his work than ever Chopin with his cannon smothered in roses, or Bakounine and his nihilistic prose. Liszt, midway in his mortal life, was bitten by the socialistic theories of Saint-Simon, and, though a silken courtier, he was an innovator in his music. Brahms was a free-thinker and a democrat, but closely hugged the classic line and seldom strayed from the boundaries of his Romantic park. Berlioz, Hector of the Flaming Locks, was, his life long, a fiery individualist. He would have made a picturesque figure waving a blood-red flag on the barricades. His fantastic symphony is charged with the tonal commandments of anarchy. Richard Wagner may not have shouldered a musket during the Dresden uprising of 1849, yet he was, with Roeckel and Bakounine, one of its inspirers. Luckily for us he ran away, else "Tristan" might have remained in the womb of eternal silence. Wagner may be called the Joseph Proudhon among composers; his music is anarchy incarnate, passionately deliberate, like the sad and logical music we find in the great Frenchman's "Philosophy of Misery," (by the way, a subtitle.) His very scheme of harmonization is the symbol of a soul insurgent in the music of Richard Strauss. And what shall we say to the exquisite anarchy of Debussy and Ravel? To the cerebral insurrection of Schoenberg? To the devastating sirocco blasts of Scriabin, Stravinsky, Ornstein, and Prokofieff? The Neo-Scythians, who, like their savage forebears, throw across their saddle bow the helpless diatonic and chromatic scales and bear away their prisoners to their ultimate goal; the unknown land of the sinister Duodecuple scale! Ah! we did not heed years ago the wise words of our critical Nestor, H. E. K., when he said, "'Ware the Muscovite!" (He denies having used this precise phrase. Too late. We have pinned it to paper and it will go marching down the corridor of destiny wearing his label.) Ecco Cossakus! Bad Latin, but reality. The Tartars are coming. Anarcha all.

An ecstasy! It is not an eminently modern quality in the Seven Arts. Sculpture did for a time resist the universal disintegration, this imbroglio of all the arts. Before Rodin no sculptor had so greatly dared to break the line, had dared to shiver the syntax of stone. Sculpture is a static, not a dynamic, art; therefore, let us observe the rules, preserve the chill spirit of the cemetery. What Mallarmé attempted in poetry Rodin accomplished in clay. His marbles do not represent, but present emotion, are the evocation of emotion; as in music, form and substance coalesce. If he does not, as did Mallarmé, arouse "the silent thunder afloat in the leaves," no summons from the vasty deep the spirits of beauty, love, hate, pain, joy, sin, ecstasy above all, ecstasy. The primal and dangerbreeding gift of ecstasy is bestowed upon few. Keats had it, and Shelley; despite his passion, Byron missed it; as did the austere Wordsworth—who had loftier compensations. Swinburne had it from the first. Not Tennyson, and Browning only in occasional exaltation. Like the "cold devils" of Félicien Rops, coiled in frozen ecstasy, the winds of hell booming about them, the poetry of Charles Baudelaire is ecstatic. Poe and Heine knew ecstasy, and Liszt too; but Wagner, ill-tempered like all martyrs, was the master adept of his century. Tschaikovsky closely follows him, and in the tiny piano pieces of Chopin ecstasy is pinioned in a few bars, the soul rapt to heaven in a phrase. Richard Strauss has shown us a variation on the theme: voluptuousness troubled by pain, the soul tortured by the very ecstasy of ecstasy. Like Yeats, he is "Master of the Still Stars and of the Flaming Door." William Blake and his figures rushing down the secret pathway of the mystic, which zigzags from the Fourth Dimension to the bottomless pit of materialism, was a creator of the darker nuances of pain and ecstasy. A sadistic strain, all this.

Scriabin is of this tormented choir; is Arthur B. Davies, our own mystic, primitive painter. And Charles Martin Loeffler. It may be the decadence, as any art is in decadence which stakes the parts against the whole. That ecstasy may be aroused by pictures of love and death, as in the cases of Poe and Baudelaire, Wagner and Strauss, should not therefore be adjudged morbid. In the Far East they hypnotize neophytes with a bit of broken mirror, for in the kingdom of art, as in heaven, there are many mansions. It was possibly a relic of his early admiration for the Baudelaire poems that set Wagner to extorting ecstasy from his orchestra by images of love and death, though doubtless the temperament which seeks assuagement in such a commingiement—a temperament more often encountered in mediaeval art than now—was natural to Wagner. He makes his Isolde sing madly and mournfully over a corpse, and, throwing herself upon the dead Tristan, she dissolves into the ecstasies of sweet, cruel love; in Salome, Richard Strauss closely patterns after Wagner; there is the head of a dead man—though on a charger—and there follows a poignant ecstasy not to be found in all music. Both men play with similar counters: love and death, and death 'mid love. In Pisa may be seen (attributed by Vasari) Orcagna's fresco, "The Triumph of Death." It has been set to grotesque music by Liszt in his "Dance of Death." Let us not forget the great Italian, Gabriele d'Annunzio, whose magnificent prose, from "The Triumph of Death" to "Forsé Che Sì, Forsé Che No," is a paean to the tutelar gods of humanity, love and death. The sting of the flesh and the way of all flesh are interminglied in Rodin's astounding fugue, "The Gate of Hell." First things and Last things, love and life, bitterness and death, have ever ruled the arts; and all great art is anarchic, cosmos and chaos cunningly proportioned.

But between the sublime and the silly there is only a hair's breadth. If not guided by tact and vision, the ecstatic in art and literature may degenerate into the erotic, and from the erotic to the tommyrotic is only a step. All this tumultuous imagery, this rhapsody Hunekeresque, is prompted by a photograph of Mary Garden, whose enigmatic eyes collide with my gaze across the time and space of my writing desk. Slightly to alter Flaubert's sonorous, plastic prose; "Et on fait la guerre avec de la musique, des panaches, des hanches d'or." Your ear is wooed by the golden trumpeta of Byzance in this phrase, and when Mary speaks she wears the sacred Zaimph of Salammbo. Voltaire, in "Candide," was wise when he advised us: "Il faut cultiver notre Jardin." And we shall all go a-gardening this week at the Lexington Avenue Opera House.

Various Music Events.

Cantor Bernhard Weolff, tenor, with Virginia Rea, soprano, and Alice Claussen, pianist, will appear tonight at the Educational Alliance.

The People's Liberty Chorus, under L. Camilliari, will open an east side branch Monday evening at the Y. W. C. A. building, 600 Lexington Avenue.

Homer Bartlett, the composer, will be a guest on Tuesday—his golden wedding anniversary—of the Fraternal Association of Musicians at the McAlpin.

Milton Aborn announces an invitation evening of scenes from the operas next Saturday, Feb. 1, at the Aborn Miniature Theatre in Thirty-eighth Street.

Members of the Russian Cathedral choir sing their country's folksongs in the production of Tolstoy's "Redemption" at the Plymouth Theatre.

Raoul Riais directs the Russian songs and incidental music in the current revival of "The Brothers Karamazov" at the Vieux Colombier.

The Orchestral Society will resume its concerts in Aeolian Hall on Feb. 7, conducted by Max Jacobs.

46 West 23rd Street
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WINDOW EXHIBITION

At the suggestion of many who have inspected the Medallion window which is now on view, the exhibition will be extended until February third.

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New Paintings
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Official Record 72 Hun Machines
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CARNEGIE HALL, FRI. EVE., FEB. 14th, at 8:30

President Hawley of the Aero Club of America, introducing Col. Bishop at his first lecture in America, said: Ladies and Gentlemen:

"It gives me the greatest pleasure to introduce to you the Ace of Aces. A man who has brought down 72 German machines officially and 110 unofficially. A man who represents the highest type of AIR WARRIOR. A man who has received every decoration and distinction that it is possible for his country to bestow.

"THE AERO CLUB OF AMERICA is also proud to have awarded to Colonel Bishop its SPECIAL WAR MEDAL, for having brought down the greatest number of enemy machines destroyed by any of the allied airmen, and for bringing down 5 machines in thirty minutes, a record unparalleled in the annals of air fighting.

"On the morning he received orders to return to England, he went out for one last fling at the enemy, and before he returned he brought down 5 machines. On landing he said 'Goodbye' to his comrades, jumped into his motor car and caught the boat for England.

"He received the Military Cross, Distinguished Service Order, Victoria Cross and many other distinguished decorations for his many exploits, which surpass the wildest flights of the imagination.

"I take the greatest pleasure in introducing Colonel William A. Bishop of the Royal Flying Corps—the world's GREATEST ACE."

WHAT THE NEW YORK PRESS SAID OF THE LECTURE:

NEW YORK HERALD.
Colonel W. A. Bishop, greatest of all aces, held the audience almost breathless with an account of duels in the air almost without end, but there was no mention of the exploit that won for him the Victoria Cross, the most coveted of all decorations in the imperial service. It was the opening of a lecture tour that will cover the entire country.

NEW YORK SUN.
Colonel Bishop entertained an enthusiastic audience with stories of desperate air battles.

NEW YORK TIMES.
A large audience heard Col. William A. Bishop, "Ace of Aces," the Canadian flier, describe his experiences at the front. Colonel Bishop prefaced his talk with a tribute to the American pilots, whom he described as "unsurpassable," and told of the exploits of three Americans who had been members of his squadron.

NEW YORK WORLD.
Colonel Bishop, the Canadian Ace, thrills Lexington Theatre audience with war tales. While his audience gasped in wonderment, the Colonel gave an account of his manoeuvres in the sun, told how he had played leap frog with the clouds and how every twist and turn of his machine meant one more German sent to his death.

Tickets Now on Sale at Carnegie Hall Box Office, or at office Lee Keedick, 437 Fifth Ave. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

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8—People—8
OTHER BIG ACTS
Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Jan. 30, 31, Feb. 1, 2.
Cecil B. DeMille's New Production.
"THE SQUAW MAN"
From the Stage Success.
"LOVE AND KISSES"
A New Musical Farce.
8—People—8
OTHER BIG ACTS

TWO NEW FRENCH OPERAS

TWO operas from France new to New York are in the Chicago Opera Association's list for its season that opens tomorrow night at the Lexington. The premier event will be Fevrier's "Gismonda," in the presence of the composer, who assisted in the first performance on any stage recently at Chicago. Next Friday will add Leroux's "Le Chemineau," which Mr. Campanini announced for his farewell matinée in the West yesterday, and which here follows close on Leroux's "Reine Fiametta," by New York's own company.

Henri Fevrier is already known here as composer of "Monna Vanna," in which Mary Garden appeared Feb. 17, 1914, at the Metropolitan, as well as at the Lexington opening last year, and which she will do again next Thursday. The musician himself, on leave from the French Army, passed through New York not long ago on his way to rehearse the new work for its world premiere on Jan. 16.

M. Fevrier was born in Paris in 1874, and studied music at the Conservatoire under Massenet, Faure, and Messager. He has composed three other operas—"Le Roi Aveugle," produced at the Opéra Comique in 1906; "Monna Vanna," first put on at the Paris Opéra and at the Monnaie in Brussels in 1909, and "Carmosine," at the Gaite-Lyrique, Paris, in 1912.

For two years, 1916-17, M. Fevrier was in the French Army, serving at Verdun. He was released to take charge of the Théâtre du Front, at the suggestion of Marshal Pétain. His latest opera, "Gismonda," is based on Sardou's play of that name, known to theatregoers all over the world.

Tiger! Tiger! Cries Gismonda.

Gismonda's heroine, geographically described as "a native of Florence," appears as Duchess of Athens in the year 1450, legding the Greek Court before the Acropolis for a hunt. There is a blessing of the falcons, a discovery by young courtiers of an Oriental tiger, and the incident of a gift of a statue of Aphrodite, goddess of love, at which the Duchess laughs. Conspirators thrust Gismonda's little son into the cistern that holds the tiger. She vows to wed the man who will save him, and when the falconer Almerio claims her word, she repents.

The Duchess finds refuge in a convent of Daphne near Athens; she cannot resign herself to marry a servant. She repulses Zaccaria, a traitor, and as the populace acclaim Almerio, he too arrives to urge his suit. Gismonda feels a strange influence of the man who confesses he has always loved her; she will come secretly in the night to his dwelling if he will forswear her forever after. By night in Almerio's hut, on the Hill of the Nymphs, the Duchess meets her train. The ancient statues descend from their pedestals in a classic dance. The statue of Aphrodite becomes illumined. The villain Zaccaria comes to murder Almerio, but Gismonda strikes him down and embraces the hero.

Palm Sunday, within the Church of Athena, is to witness Almerio's renunciation. Gregoras, one of the conspirators, accusses him of Zaccaria's murder, and Almerio, in order to shield the Duchess, does not deny it. As he is led to prison, she relents, exclaiming, "He will be Duke of Athens," and the play ends in rejoicing.

"The Harvester" as an Opera.

"Le Chemineau," by Xavier Leroux, composer also of "Fiammette," consorts in many ways with that work not heard here. It is from Jean Richepin's story of the open road, known in English as "The Harvester," and memorably acted by Otis Skinner. The opera is said to have been sung in 1911 at New Orleans. The scene is laid in Burgundy.

The Harvester, a beloved vagabond, has compromised Toinette, a village girl, and neither her pleading nor the offer of a rich farmer, Pierre, to set them up in charge of his farm, can keep the man from the life of a rover. He wanders off, and Toinette tries to follow, but is arrested by François, who loves her.

Twenty years after, the son of Toinette and the Harvester, brought up in the home of François, is in love with wealthy Pierre's daughter. Pierre denounces his old neighbors for scheming to give him a "bar sinister" son-in-law. François, ill and out of work, feebly tries to throttle him.

But the Harvester, too, has heard of old friends. Suddenly he returns to find the boy, Toinet, dejected and drinking. Toinette, the mother, comes in search of her son, and the Harvester promises to make old Pierre give up his objections to the match between the lad and his daughter.

Christmas Eve in François's cottage shows Toinet and Aline, happily married, going to the midnight mass. François is failing; he joins old Pierre in urging the Harvester to remain with Toinette when François dies. But the road, highway calls, and the wanderer steps out into the snowy night as Christmas chimes and carols are heard in the distance.

"Le Chemineau's" Composer.

Xavier (Félix Napoléon) Leroux, to give his full name to a Paris composer whose works are new to New York, was born at Vellerot, Italy, Oct. 11, 1863, and studied with Massenet and Dubois at the Paris Conservatoire, where he became professor of harmony. M. Leroux has won prizes as student in counterpoint and in 1887 took the Prix de Rome with a cantata, "Endymion." His first opera was "Evangeline," produced at Brussels in 1895. He wrote "Astarte" for the Paris Opéra in 1900, followed by "La Reine Fiammette," Opéra Comique, 1903; "Venus et Adonis," Nimes, 1905; "William Ratcliff," Nice, 1906, and "Theodora," Monte Carlo, the same year. "Le Chemineau," Paris, 1907; "Le Carilloneur," 1913, and, just before the war, "La Fille de Figaro."

Leroux also has written music to Sardou and Moreau's "Cleopatre," 1890; "Les Perses" of Aeschylus, and "Plutus" of Aristophanes, 1896; Sardou's "Sorcière," 1903, and Richepin's "Nardic," 1910, as well as "La Montagne Enchantée," 1897, in collaboration with Messager.

"Gismonda" Opens Series.

Campanini will conduct Fevrier's "Gismonda" at the Lexington tomorrow night, with Mary Garden as heroine, Charles Fontaine as Almerio, Maguenat as Zaccaria, Huberdeau as Gregoras, Leo Journet, Louise Berat, Dua, Olivier, Warren Proctor, Defrere, Nicolay, Marie Pruzan, Frederica Downing, Alma Peterson, and dances by Pavley and Oukrainsky. The composer will be in the audience.

In "Romeo and Juliet," on Tuesday night, John O'Sullivan and Yvonne Gall will make their débuts, with Arimondi, Bouilez, Dua, Maguenat, Irene Pavlowska, Journet, Berat, and Defrere, led by Marcel Charlier.

Tamaki Miura will appear in "Madame Butterfly" on Wednesday with Forest Lamont, Rimini, Pavloska, Peterson, Trevisan, Defrere, Nicolay, and Daddi, conducted by Polacco.

Fevrier's "Monna Vanna" on Thursday has Garden again as heroine, O'Sullivan as a new hero, with others, including Baklanoff, Huberdeau, Dua, and Defrere, directed by Charlier.

Cast of "Le Chemineau."

Leroux's "Le Chemineau," on Friday, with Maguenat as the Harvester, will introduce Louis Hasselmans, a new conductor; Gall as Toinette, Sharlow as Aline, Baklanoff as François, Huberdeau as Pierre, Dua as Toinet, Defrere, Nicolay and Maria Claessens.

"Thais" will be the Saturday matinée, with Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff, Huberdeau, Pavloska, Peterson, Berat, Nicolay, led by Campanini.

"Tales of Hoffmann," on Saturday evening, has Florence Macbeth and Marguerite Namara, new, with Sharlow, Pavloska, Fontaine, Maguenat, and others already familiar.

For the second week there are announced Mascagni's "Isabeau," on Monday, Feb. 3, and the following night Donizetti's "Linda di Chamounix," with Galli-Curci.

Galli-Curci at Hippodrome.

Mme. Galli-Curci is announced to appear Sunday evening, Feb. 9, in a gala concert at the Hippodrome for the benefit of Stony Wold Sanatorium.

The first of the Campanini concerts at the Hippodrome, by stars and orchestra of the Chicago Opera Company, will take place next Sunday night, Feb. 2, with Anna Fitziu and Yvonne Gall, sopranos; Alessandro Dolci and Charles Fontaine, tenors; Virgilio Lazzari, baritone, and Marcel Journet, bass, and Polacco, Hasselmans, and Campanini as conductors.

O'Sullivan, Tenor from Paris.

John O'Sullivan, for six seasons a principal tenor at the Paris Opéra, is to make his New York début with Mary Garden in the Chicago Opera Company's opening week here as hero of "Monna Vanna," sung last year by Muratore. He has already appeared in the West.

Born in Cork and taken to France as a child, he has spent most of his life there, and speaks his native tongue with a "brogue" modified by a French accent. His wife, who accompanied him to Chicago, is wholly Parisian, as is their young son, John O'Sullivan, Jr.

CONCERTS OF THE WEEK

GUIOMAR NOVAES is announced with the Philharmonic Society this afternoon in Carnegie Hall, the program including Franck's symphony in D minor, W. H. Humiston's new suite in F sharp minor, conducted by the composer; Saint-Saëns's pianoforte concerto No. 4, and Wagner's prelude and finale from "Tristan."

Hulda Lashanska at the Symphony Society's matinée in Aeolian Hall today will sing airs from Massenet's "Herodiade" and Tschaikovsky's "Eugene Onegin." The orchestra has Raff's "Lenore" symphony, Mendelssohn's "Spinning Song," an allegretto from his string quartet, and "La Vilanelle du Diable," by C. M. Loeffler.

Leopold Godowsky will be the star of tonight's "opera concert" at the Metropolitan, with Rosalie Miller, a newcomer, and Margaret Matzenauer.

George Reimherr, tenor, will sing Japanese folksongs tonight at the Princess, with Koscak Yamada at the piano, and among others two songs by Lieutenant Emil Breitenfeld, accompanied by Francis Moore.

Magdeleine Brard, a girl of 15, who was pianist with the Paris Orchestra on tour, will appear Monday evening in Aeolian Hall, where she has a program from Chopin, Schumann, Liszt, and Faure.

Samuel Gardner on Tuesday afternoon at Aeolian Hall will play his own four "Preludes" for violin, with Francis Moore, and works of Paganini, Lalo, Joachim, Hartman, Grainger, and Kreisler.

Rachmaninoff will play his revised concerto No. 1 both Tuesday evening and Wednesday afternoon in Carnegie Hall. The Russian Symphony Orchestra will repeat Stravinsky's interesting first symphony produced in 1916, and Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Tsar Saltan."

Leopold Auer, the veteran violinist, will play Beethoven's "Kreuzer" sonata with Wanda Stein in Aeolian Hall on Tuesday evening, preceded by two others, Op. 30, in C minor and G, by the same master.

Mr. Godowsky gives a recital for the Humanitarian Society at Carnegie Hall on Wednesday evening, when he will play Grieg's ballade-variations, the Chopin-Liszt "Malden's Wish," Chopin's F minor fantasy, D flat nocturne, and B flat minor scherzo; a toccata from Saint-Saëns's fifth concerto, three Debussy pieces, MacDowell's "March Wind," and a polka dedicated to Godowsky by Rachmaninoff.

The Symphony Society on Thursday afternoon and Saturday evening at Carnegie Hall will present Victor de Sabata's "Symphonic Suite," Mendelssohn's violin concerto, with Tascha Seidel, and excerpts from Wagner's "Meistersinger," "Parsifal," and "Tristan."

The Philharmonic on Thursday evening and Friday afternoon will play the Bach-Esser toccata, Bach's suite in D, and Bach-Abert prelude, chorale and fugue; Rubin Goldmark's manuscript "Requiem," and Tschaikovsky's concerto, with Harold Bauer.

Roland Hayes, a man of African descent, will sing Massenet's tenor air from "Manon" on Thursday evening in Aeolian Hall, and songs by Rachmaninoff, Coleridge-Taylor, Campbell-Tipton, and H. T. Burleigh.

The Young People's Symphony audience next Saturday in Carnegie Hall will hear Saint-Saëns's Symphony No. 2, pieces by Beethoven for wind and strings, a Mozart concerto, played by Raoul Vidas, and Verdi's march from "Aida."

David and Clara Mannes will give a sonata recital in the People's Symphony series on Saturday evening at Washington Irving High School.

METROPOLITAN OPERA.

Charles Hackett, a young American tenor who has made a fine career in Italy and South America, will be heard for the first time in opera in his own country with the Metropolitan company next Friday evening, when he sings Almaviva in the season's first "Barbe of Seville." He was born in Boston and comes of a musical family, his brother being Arthur Hackett, the concert tenor. Charles in his concert days he is Carlo in opera—was solo tenor of St. Thomas's choir here in New York.

Caruso will open the Metropolitan's twelfth week in "La Forza del Destino" for the fifth time tomorrow night, with Ponselle, Gentle, De Luca, Chalmers, and Mardones.

Farrar in "Madame Butterfly," with Lazaro and Montesanto, (new,) will be a special matinée attraction Tuesday afternoon on Broadway.

"Oberon" in English, which has proved a great drawing card, will be heard a fourth time Wednesday, with Ponselle and Martinelli.

"Samson and Delilah," with Caruso and Matzenauer, is the Thursday opera, including a spectacular ballet headed by the American, Miss Smith.

"Il Barbiere," the season's thirtieth opera in Mr. Gatti's list, will be sung Friday evening by Hempel, Hackett, De Luca, Mardones, Malatesta, and others, with Papi conducting.

The little Puccini operas, "Tabarro," "Angelica," "Schicchi," reach a fifth hearing at next Saturday's matinée, with Farrar, Easton, and De Luca among the stars.

"L'Oracolo" for the first time, and "Coq d'Or" for the second, will form a rare double bill next Saturday night. In the Chinese play are Scotti, Didur, Sundelius, Mattfeld, Althouse, Rossi, led by Moranzoni. The Russian has a cast doubled by dancers as before.

OPERA AT THE PARK.

Three opera companies are singing "Madame Butterfly" this week in New York, the third being a repetition in English, just announced by the Society of American Singers, next Saturday evening at the Park, with Marcella Craft and Orville Harrold. President Hinshaw has also posted a revival of "Robin Hood," which will be his fourteenth production, on Monday evening, Feb. 3.

English "Martha" opens the Park's nineteenth week tomorrow night, with Ruth Miller, Elizabeth Campbell, Craig Campbell, Bertram Peacock, Carl Formes, and others, led by John McGhie.

"Fra Diavolo" is scheduled Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday nights, with Bianca Saroya, Blanche Duffield, Harrold, John Campbell, Watercus, Peacock, Danforth, and Formes.

"The Mikado" occurs again Thursday evening and at Saturday's matinée, with Danforth, Watercus, Jacoby, Allen, Castles, Caldwell, Phillips, Newbold, Truax, and Daly, of the gala cast last October.

Carl Formes and Flotow.

When William Henshaw, President of the American Singers, decided to produce "Martha," Mrs. Mary Werswick, secretary of the society, called his attention to a fact not in the biographical dictionaries—that he had in his company a grandson and namesake of the famous Carl Formes, for whom the bass rôle of Plunkett was written by Flotow.

Carl Formes, the first, sang in the original Vienna production, Nov. 25, 1847, with Anna Zerr and the tenor, Ander. The Carl Formes of today, who as baritone will sing Sir Tristan, recalls that his family came from Spain, and his grandfather at the height of his fame was banished from Austria for complicity in the students' revolution.

In Petrograd he was arrested for saying "History is full of Czars, but there is only one Carl Formes." He found refuge in England, and later in America, dying at San Francisco in 1889. His son, an actor, is in moving pictures in the West. The voice "skipped a generation," and young Carl Formes, with the aid of Mrs. Theodore Thomas, made his début last year in "The Impresario."

OTHERS TO BE HEARD.

Leo Ornstein, the Berkshire Quartet, Clarence Dickinson, and others will give an Aeolian concert next Friday for the Czechoslovak Army.

The University Settlement has opened a series of Sunday talks on music, by D. G. Mason, Kurt Schindler, W. J. Henderson, Arthur Whiting, and David Mannes.

Henry Weldon will sing with Dan Beddoe a program of French duets on Wednesday evening at Columbia University.

Samuel Baldwin has included Wagner's prelude to "Lohengrin" in his free organ program at the City College this afternoon.

John Cushing is giving a series of free organ recitals every Monday afternoon at Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church on Fourth Avenue.

Mortimer Wilson is conductor of the All-American Symphony Orchestra, which announces, through Julian Pollak, a season devoted to works by Americans.

BROOKLYN MUSIC.

Sophie Braslau, the Metropolitan contralto, and Efrem Zimbalist, the Russian violinist, will give a joint concert this evening at the Brooklyn Academy.

"Crispino e la Comare" will be sung Tuesday evening at the Academy by Hempel, Braslau, Scotti, Chalmers, De Segurola, and all the Metropolitan cast.

The Philharmonic Orchestra will give on Saturday evening, Feb. 1, the third of four popular concerts at the Brooklyn Commercial High School.

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Sizes up to 2 years
8 eiderdown coats, were 3.00, now 1.50
5 bedford cord coats, were 3.98, now 1.99
4 cashmere coats, were 5.00, now 2.50
2 corduroy coats, were 5.00, now 2.50
1 cashmere coat, was 6.00, now 3.00

Babies' White Coats
Sizes up to 2 years.
4 cashmere coats, were 12.98, now 6.49
2 infants' capes, were 8.98, now 4.49
1 infant's long coat, was 3.98, now 1.99
1 infant's long coat, was 6.00, now 3.00
1 fur-trimmed broadcloth coat, was 22.98, on sale now at 11.49
1 fur-trimmed pale pink broadcloth coat, was 22.98, now 11.49
2 fur-trimmed white broadcloth coats, were 27.98, now 13.99
1 fur-trimmed white broadcloth coat, was 30.00, now 15.00

Winter Hats in Colors,
Half-price.
82 hats formerly 59c., now 29c.
46 hats formerly 1.00, now 50c.
25 hats formerly 2.50, now 1.25
20 hats formerly 3.00, now 1.50
30 hats formerly 3.98, now 1.99
20 hats formerly 5.00, now 2.50
6 hats formerly 6.98, now 3.49
4 hats formerly 7.98, now 3.99
1 hat formerly 10.00, now 5.00

Bamberger's—Second Floor

Another Sign of Spring!

A fascinating display of new Baby Carriages

English perambulators — gondolas — Pullman sleepers—strollers—collapsible carts.

Vehicles that are fitting receptacles for all the 1919 babies—made so comfortable with cushions and springs and easy-running gears that you may take them over the biggest bumps without disturbing their peaceful, placid slumbers.

Finished handsomely—in the new "frosted blue," which is a dark blue with a frosty glaze over it—cafe au lait—midnight blue—natural—white—cream—ivory—gray—and black.

Built on pretty, practical lines, with adjustable hoods—some with reversible bodies.

Carriages, 31.00 to 68.00; strollers and folding carts, 10.00 to 32.50.

A new collection of baby walkers, Kiddie Koops, play yards and gates, also attractively priced.

Bamberger's—Sixth Floor

The New Satin Dresses for Spring Are Charming

29.50 35.00

Satin comes to the fore as one of Spring's most desired fabrics. The satin in these frocks is firmly woven and highly lustrous, just heavy enough to fall in graceful folds, whether shirred or draped.

Any number of pretty models awaits you — in rich, jetty black and dark navy blue, some with effective color touches.

The little woman who wears a small size may be fitted as readily in this group as the woman of average figure.

Bamberger's—Third Floor

Skate and Shoe Combinations

13.00 COMBINATIONS, 9.50

—The skates are Canadian hockey style attached to a black calf racing style hockey shoe with reinforced anklet. Shoes in sizes from 6 to 9. Regularly 13.00. Sale price, 9.50.

Bamberger's—Sixth Floor

Imported Jet Hatpins

Just arrived from Paris

The new flexible styles, very good-looking.

And the new large hat ornaments, two of which form a complete and effective trimming for many of the early Spring's smart hats.

Introductory prices, 50c to 3.00.

Bamberger's—First Floor

Theodore Roosevelt's "African Game Trails" 1.15

A most fascinating, first-hand account of Colonel Roosevelt's famous hunting trip through the wilds of Africa, written in his characteristically vivid estyle. Illustrated with more than 200 photographs and drawings, many of them made by Kermit Roosevelt. Originally published to sell for 4.00 the copy; while those we have last, here at 1.15.

Other Timely Books

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, The Citizen, by Jacob Riis, At 50c.

THE ROOSEVELT BOOK, (for younger readers), at 35c

The Book Shop—Balcony

The new "Cossack Blouses" pleasantly emphasize the Russian fashion tendency

Straight from Paris come their designs. The one sketched is a stone blue georgette with fine organdie vestee and collar finished with beading and a crisp little frill. It has a self-sash, and is further trimmed with rows of thread lace insertion.

Observe the sleeves—decidedly bishop, with tight cuffs. Other models are cleverly trimmed with wool embroidery in heavy Russian designs. Some are bead-embroidered. Navy blue, Stone blue, and Bisque.

Priced 25.00 to 47.50

Bamberger's—Third Floor

L. BAMBERGER & CO.
NEWARK, N. J.

Muslins, Linens, Sheets and Colored Wash Fabrics

In the last week of a "Super-Sale" that has saved many a penny for housewives.

Muslins, Sheets, Cases, etc.

REMNANTS ON SALE—Tomorrow morning we will place on sale all remnants of muslins, cambric, sheetings, etc., which have accumulated during the present sale. We are disregarding the former selling prices and are marking them unusually low. Quantities being small, we cannot fill mail, phone or C. O. D. orders.

All yard-wide bleached and unbleached muslins, 18c. yard.

Bleached and unbleached sheetings, 42, 45, 50 and 54 inches wide, at 39c. yard.

Bleached and unbleached sheetings, 63, 72, 81 and 90 inches wide, at 49c. yard.

Linens, Towels and Damasks

LINENS, HALF-PRICE AND LESS—Sample linen pieces—doilies, center pieces, scarfs, lunch cloths, etc. On sale at half and less of regular prices. No mail or phone orders.

TURKISH TOWELS—About five hundred dozen fine Turkish towels; made of good clean yarns; white bleached; very soft.
25c. towels, at 20c. 35c. towels, at 27c.
30c. towels, at 25c. 45c. towels, at 35c.
79c. towels, at 59c.

TABLE DAMASKS—Table damasks of several different qualities. In a range of handsome designs.
64-inch damask, sale priced 59c. yd.
70-inch damask, sale priced 75c. yd.
70-inch damask, sale priced 1.00 yd.

Colored Wash Goods

50c. NOVELTY PRINTED VOILE, 39c.—In the 40-inch width; in the newest designs and colorings; adapted to the making of waists and dresses.

PLAIN COLORED VOILES, 28c.—Dainty plain colored voiles of the 40-inch width; exceptional quality, in a variety of colorings; for women's and misses' waists and dresses; subject to slight imperfections; while the lot lasts.

DRESS GINGHAMS, 25c.—27 inches wide; here in stripes, checks and plain colors; suitable for the making of women's and children's waists and dresses; regularly 35c., at 25c.

Bamberger's—First Floor

Hundreds of Home Dresses in an Important Offer 1.69

1.69, as every woman is well aware, is an extraordinarily low price now-a-days for housedresses of the high quality of these, which are

Made of excellent grade percale in a variety of neat, simple patterns in both light and dark color effects.

Small and large checks and novelty stripes are included. They are made with round or sailor collars—some with the effective Tuxedo collars—of white repp.

Cut full—well shaped—with good hems, pockets and loose belts. Your choice of plain or gathered backs.

Sizes 36 to 46 in the beginning. This is truly an exceptional opportunity

Bamberger's—Third Floor

WRITTEN ON THE SCREEN

STRAND—D. W. Griffith's third Artcraft picture, "A Romance of Happy Valley," with Lillian Gish, Robert Harron, George Fawcett, Kate Bruce, and Lydia Yeamans Titus; the Topical Review; Topics of the Day; a scenic; "Bobby Bump's First Smoke," cartoon comedy; Wieniawsky's "Tarantella" and "The Rosary," by Alois Morrice, violinist; a medley of Southern airs, by the Strand Quartet; an organ solo by Ralph H. Brigham and Herbert Sisson, alternately; the overture to "Mignon," by the orchestra, Carl Edouarde conducting.

RIVOLI—"Cheating Cheaters," with Clara Kimball Young, supported by Anna Q. Nilsson, Tully Marshall, and Mayme Kelso, directed by Allan Dwan, scenario by Kathryn Stuart, based on Max Marcin's play; "The Dance of the Yeggman," a pantomime; "Bird Island," a Prizma color picture; "Ask Father," a Harold Lloyd comedy; the Pictorial; the Raymond overture, by the orchestra, Erno Rapee conducting; "Bonnie Sweet Lassie," by James Harrod; Giraud's "Fanfare," Professor Firmin Swinnen at the organ.

RIALTO—"Go West, Young Man," a Goldwyn photoplay, with Tom Moore, supported by Ora Carew, Jack Richardson, Edward Coxen, Melbourne MacDowell, and Mollie McConnell; "The Little High Horse," a Robert C. Bruce scenic; "Never Too Old," a Mack Sennett comedy; the Pictorial; the "First Hungarian Rhapsody," by the orchestra, Hugo Riesenfeld and Nat W. Finston conducting; McDowell's "To a Wild Rose," by Helen Ramsey, contralto; "Perche," by Edouardo Albano, baritone; an organ solo by Arthur Depew.

BROADWAY—Allen Holubar's "The Heart of Humanity," with Dorothy Phillips, sixth week.

LOEW'S NEW YORK—Tomorrow, "Little Women"; Tuesday, Cecil B. De Mille's "The Squaw Man"; Wednesday, "The Call of the Soul," with Gladys Brockwell; Thursday, "The Amazing Imposter," with Mary Miles Minter; Friday, "Sue of the South," with Edith Roberts, and "Jane Goes A-Wooing," with Vivian Martin; Saturday, "The Roughneck," with Montagu Love; Sunday, "Faith," with Bert Lytell.

EIGHTY-FIRST STREET—Tomorrow and through Wednesday "Virtuous Wives," with Anita Stewart; Thursday and through Sunday, "String Beans," with Charles Ray.

PLAZA—Today, tomorrow, and Tuesday, "Virtuous Wives," with Anita Stewart; Wednesday and Thursday, "In the Hollow of Her Hand," with Alice Brady; Friday and Saturday, "Bonds of Honor," with Sessue Hayakawa.

WITH THE NATIONAL BOARD.

INTERESTING questions on the relation of moving pictures to the public were discussed at the annual luncheon of the National Board of Review of Motion Pictures at the Hotel McAlpin Saturday a week ago.

The first speaker was Henry E. Jenkins, District Superintendent of Evening Schools in the city, who said in part:

"I wonder if motion picture producers and artists realize what a wonderful effect on general education they have the opportunity to exert through the medium of the motion picture? The whole subject of education is going to be drastically revolutionized. Already, there are indications of this revolution in modern education. The motion pictures will lead it. Put them into the schools as part of the educational process; even though this should temporarily do injury to the business outside, eventually it will stimulate interest in the best productions and attract to them an enlarged audience. First train the youth to know what is beautiful and then you artists will be free, not only from a utilitarian point of view, but artistically free, to accomplish this higher education."

S. L. Rothapfel, who recently resigned as managing director of the Rivoli and Rialto Theatres to enter the producing field, said:

"There is a great slogan in the trade, 'Give the public what it wants.' To my mind that is all wrong—it cannot be done. First, because you do not know what the public wants, and, second, because it does not know what it wants itself. Directors of motion pictures are too busy today trying to control the industry. There is not enough idealism—entirely too much commercialism and not enough respect for the intelligence of the audience. I have heard directors say repeatedly: 'Oh, that will go over their heads.' Yet I have seen audiences appreciate the most subtle things. I believe the motion picture will not make great advances until we get more subtlety and idealism into it. I believe that the day is here when the motion picture will be made more subtle and artistic. We must set aside the obvious and use a little more imagination.

"I believe Charlie Chaplin is the greatest artist of our generation. His greatest success is in the practical application of psychology to the motion picture. Directors give too many details on the screen and afford too little opportunity for every one to get by suggestion according to individual capacity the various situations. There are too many pictures today which are nothing but illustrated titles."

Everett Dean Martin of the People's Institute, in speaking of public opinion in its relation to motion pictures, said:

"I am wondering if there is any public in the first place. The word is too often misused. Public opinion is nothing but a lot of private opinions chopped up. We cannot collect private opinions. Public opinion is nothing but what we think other people think we ought to think. It is a way of putting ourselves on parade. But we have a personal self which is not thus hypocritical. We had an idea that people who saw certain situations as questionable in motion pictures were erotic. That was wrong. That was before we knew anything about modern analytical psychology.

"Erotic impulses are never suggested to people from outside. We are the children of a whole generation that has failed to react adequately to this subject. The whole function of dreaming and of art is to express, vicariously and without danger, the suppressed side of our natures, to sublimate this unconsciousness which, turned back on ourselves, makes morbid people of us. The function of art is to sublimate, to recognize eroticisms, to adapt them to higher purposes. True art is essentially ethical. Art should create an imaginary world in which this repressed side of our natures cannot only find expression, but cause it to rise up and be revalued. I am wondering if the time is not coming when leaders will be developed who have a fine sense of artistic responsibility and who will use this instrument of the motion picture to express the artist, philosopher, and saint in every one of us."

Others who spoke were Miss Anita Loos and Dr. Talcott Williams, head of the Columbia School of Journalism. Lester F. Scott presided.

A NEW FILM MAGAZINE.

It is significant of the trend of moving picture development, in one direction at least, that there has appeared this month a new publication entitled The Educational Film Magazine, which is not a trade paper, but is meant for consumption by the general public, or so much of the public as is interested in the educational screen from any point of view. That the publishers, the City News Publishing Company of 33 West Forty-second Street, consider that there is a profitable field for such a periodical is itself an indication of the increasing importance and popularity of educational moving pictures.

An idea of the plan and scope of the magazine may be gained from the following list of articles included in the January number:

"One of the Greatest Things in the World: An Interview with Thomas A. Edison"; "The Art of Picture Making and of Teaching," by Professor Lawrence A. Averill, head of the Department of Child Psychology in the Massachusetts State Normal School; "Synchronizing Films with Textbooks," by Henry MacMahon; "The Church and the Cinema," by the Rev. Dr. Chester C. Marshall, pastor of St. James's Methodist Church, New York; "Speeding Military Training with Films," by Charles F. Carter; "Filming the South Sea Isles," by Martin Johnson; "Fighting Venereal Disease with Films"; "Motion Pictures in Agricultural Education," by Don Carlos Ellis, in charge of Motion Picture Activities for the United States Department of Agriculture.

Dolph Eastman, editor of the magazine, has a leading editorial announcing an ambitious "plan, purpose, and policy."

COMING PHOTOPLAYS.

The Universal Film Company announces the following releases:

Feb. 3, "Sue of the South," produced by W. Eugene Moore, with Edith Roberts; Feb. 10, "The Millionaire Pirate," produced by Rupert Julian, with Monroe Salisbury and Ruth Clifford; "Creaking Stairs," a Universal Special, produced by Mr. Julian, with Mary MacLaren; Feb. 17, "The Sealed Envelope," directed by Douglas Gerrard, with Fritzie Brunette; Feb. 24, "The Rose of the Night," a Universal Special, produced by Tod Browning, with Priscilla Dean; "The Little White Savage," produced by Paul Powell, with Carmel Myers.

The Fox Film Company's scheduled releases for February are:

R. A. Walsh's "Every Mother's Son"; "The Man Hunter," with William Farnum; "Luck and Pluck," with George Walsh; "Hell Roarin' Reform," with Tom Mix; "The Love Auction," with Virginia Pearson; "Smiles," with Jane and Katherine Lee, and four revised reissues, "Infidelity," "The Soul of Broadway," with Valeska Suratt; "The Darling of Paris," with Theda Bara, and "Hoodman Blind," with William Farnum.

Vitagraph releases are:

Feb. 3, "The Highest Trump," with Earle Williams; Feb. 10, "Fortune's Child," with Gladys Leslie; Feb. 17, "Silent Strength," with Harry T. Morey; Feb. 24, "The Lion and the Mouse," with Alice Joyce.

"A Man in the Open," with Dustin Farnum, will be released Feb. 16 by the United Picture Theatres, Inc.

PROHIBITION AND FILMS.

MANY persons are discussing today the probable effect of national prohibition upon moving pictures and the subject has divided itself into two parts, one concerning the effect upon theatres and the other concerning changes to come in photoplays.

It seems to be agreed that prohibition will help the moving-picture theatres. It is argued that when the handy saloon has passed out of existence men will go to "the movies" more and take their families with them. In support of this contention cases of the growth of theatres in number and attendance in dry territories are cited. Carl Laemmle, President of the Universal Film Company, recalls, for example, that when Illinois was in the process of going dry ten years ago he wrote to every saloon keeper in the State advising him to turn his saloon into a motion-picture theatre, with the result that more than 200 took his advice to their own profit and his.

Mr. Laemmle also supplies what seems to be the general opinion of the effect of prohibition on photoplays. He says:

"Screen and stage will both be compelled to discard the saloon, the private cellarette, the aristocratic buffet and all other liquor-dispensing institutions and devices, public or private, as incidents in the development of plots. No longer will it be possible for the scenarist or playwright to send his hero for consolation to the cup that cheers. No longer will the plot-maker be able to steel the nerves of his desperate villain by plying him with drink. No longer will dark conspiracies be hatched round the tables of drink emporiums. John Barleycorn has been a good friend to the writer of plays and scenarios. He has helped them out of many a difficulty. And now—John Barleycorn is dead. He will serve no more.

"A play or a photodrama depending even slightly upon the liquor crutch for scene or incident will be, in a few months, passé. The critical, observing it, will immediately label it as a play of yesterday. It will bear a date tag reading, 'Prior to July, 1919.' It will not be a play or a photodrama of today—of the new today. It will be a production of the past—of a bygone era. It will be what the critics call 'historical,' in the same class with 'costume' plays.

"Attention of all Universal scenarists and directors has been called to these facts. Because of them we have already pigeonholed some good scenarios. It can't be helped. The new day brings its new order, and we must labor accordingly."

IN THE NEWS NET.

LAST week's report from Los Angeles to the effect that the World Film Corporation, United Picture Theatres of America, and the Peerless Producing Company had formed an organization for the production and distribution of photoplays is now supplemented by a statement from J. A. Berst, President of United, giving some of the details of the new arrangement. United will take over and enlarge the Peerless studio at Fort Lee and make "super-features" there to be distributed by the World Film Company. According to Mr. Berst, more than 1,300 theatres in every important city and town in the country are already enrolled as members of the United corporation, and this number of subscribers will be increased, it is expected, through the advantages of the new combination.

Another announcement from the producing field is from William L. Sherrill, President of the Frohman Amusement Corporation, who says that beginning March 1 next his company will manufacture and release, at the rate of one every two weeks, a series of two-reel Western photoplays. A feature of the productions will be that a woman, Miss Texas Guinan, will be the star in them. In making the announcement Mr. Sherrill affirms his belief that there is a great opportunity for short subjects of the kind contemplated.

It is reported that John W. Slayton, a Socialist and trade unionist of Pittsburgh, has obtained financial and moral support from labor unions and individuals in Pittsburgh, New York, Wheeling, Harrisburg, Cleveland, Erie, and other places for the production of "The Contrast," a photoplay written by him and dealing with labor from the point of view of the trade unionist. So far, it is said, Mr. Slayton has raised $16,000 of the $50,000 desired for the production.

"The Inner Circle," by Wallace Clifton, will be the seventh photoplay of the series to be produced by the Stage Women's War Relief for the purpose of raising money with which to erect and maintain a theatre for wounded soldiers at the Grand Central Palace Debarkation Hospital. "A Bit of Love," by Rachael Crothers, with Mabel Tallaferro and Robert Edeson in the leading rôles, the sixth of the series, is now being cut and edited at the Estee studios. The first film will be released in the near future through the Universal exchanges.

The recently organized Selznick Pictures Corporation announces that it has closed a contract with Cosmo Hamilton by which Mr. Hamilton will supply the company with at least three original scenarios in 1919. Work on the company's first picture, "Upstairs and Down," with Olive Thomas in the leading rôle, has been begun at the Brunton Studios in Los Angeles and the photoplay, it is expected, will be ready for release in March. It is the intention of the company to have one production ready for release every six weeks thereafter.

Hugo Riesenfeld, managing director of the Rivoli and Rialto Theatres, has signed a contract for the exclusive showing of a series of sixteen Prizma color pictures, in addition to the four shown at the Rivoli in the last month.

Eve Unsell, the scenario writer, will address the Cinema Composers at Columbia University on Friday evening.

Maurice A. Kashin, managing director of the Broadway and Symphony Theatres, who has been ill with influenza for the last two weeks, has returned to his office at the theatre.

"Break the News to Mother," with which B. S. Moss returns to producing, is being made at the Norma Talmadge Studios in East Forty-eighth Street. Julius Steger is directing the production and Pearl Shepard has the leading rôle.

"Twilight," with Doris Kenyon in the leading rôle and of which J. Searle Dawley was the director, has been completed and will soon be released by De Luxe Pictures, Inc. The photoplay was based upon Vingie E. Roe's story, "The Alchemy of Love," in the Metropolitan Magazine.

Niles Welch, who supported Norma Talmadge in "The Secret of the Storm Country" and Marguerite Clark in "Little Miss George Washington," is playing opposite Enid Bennett in a picture now being made at the studio of Thomas H. Ince in Culver City.

Apparently Florida is beginning to offer inducements against those of California as a moving-picture production centre. The latest company to go South, according to report, is Theda Bara's, which is at work under the direction of J. Gordon Edwards at Miami. There are two other Fox companies at Miami, those headed by William Farnum and George Walsh.

Alfred Allen, a Universal player, is reported to be in danger of losing the sight of his right eye owing to a wound received from the wad of a blank cartridge fired during the making of one of the scenes in "The Red Glove," a serial.

Jane Novak, formerly leading woman for William S. Hart and Charles Ray, will play opposite Rupert Julian in Universal's "The Fire Flingers," an adaptation of W. J. Neidig's story in The Saturday Evening Post.

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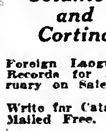

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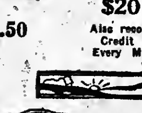

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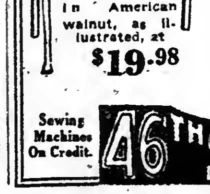

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These courses (held in the evening) open in the week of February 3. For further details address the Secretary
New York University
School of Commerce, Accounts & Finance
32 Waverly Place.

PURCHASING AND STORES KEEPING
Beginning Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 6 P. M., a course of fifteen lectures in Purchasing and Stores Keeping will be offered by
New York University School of Commerce Accounts and Finance
The outline of lectures to be offered has the approval of the following representative men who have consented to act as an advisory and administrative council:
Frank Hoyt, General Purchasing Agent, Standard Oil Company of New York.
George H. Hoffman, General Purchasing Agent, Otis Elevator Company, New York.
C. H. Weakland, Purchasing Agent, National Cloak and Suit Company, New York.
H. Hardenberg, General Purchasing Agent, New Jersey Zinc Company, N. Y.
A. Fred Macklin, Purchasing Agent, Consolidated Gas Company of New York.
Any one interested in this work is invited to attend the opening lecture. For detailed information call, write or telephone Secretary New York University School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance, 32 Waverly Place, New York City.

Employment Management
New York University offers a practical course of fifteen lectures in employment management and industrial relations. Such topics will be discussed as, organization of employment department, selecting employees, job analysis, centralized "firing," decreasing labor turnover, absenteeism, and lateness; welfare work, rate making, developing morale, etc.
The course will be under the direction of Prof. E. J. Kilduff, now with the Gas Defense Plant, U. S. Army. Lectures will be held on Thursday evenings from 6:00 to 7:45 P. M., beginning Thursday, February 6. Fee $12.
For further details address the Secretary, New York University School of Commerce, Accounts & Finance, 32 Waverly Place.

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WITH THE ORCHESTRAS

PLANS for a Victory festival to engage 400 musicians have been formulated by the Symphony and Oratorio Societies, which will combine in performances on March 13 and 15 of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony, with its choral finale "typifying the brotherhood of man and the world millennium." The full program includes three events, beginning March 7 with an evening of elaborate choral prelude. Festival features will be the duet for basses, "The Lord Is a Man of War," from Handel's "Israel in Egypt," sung by the entire male chorus of the Oratorio Society; Miriam's Song of Triumph from the same oratorio, with its double chorus, "The Horse and His Rider Has He Thrown Into the Sea"; a memorable "Holy, Holy" from the Manila Te Deum, composed by Walter Damrosch in 1890 in honor of Admiral Dewey's victory, and Handel's "See, the Conquering Hero Comes," from "Judas Maccabaeus."

Boston's Beethoven and Brahms.

At the next Boston Symphony concert in Carnegie Hall, on Thursday evening, Feb. 6, Mr. Rabaud will conduct Beethoven's Fifth Symphony, as already he has the "Eroica" and the Eighth. An interesting revival will be four orchestral movements which Cesar Franck arranged from his choral symphonic poem, "Psyché." The other two numbers are Chabrier's prelude to the second act of his opera, "Gwendoline," and Lalo's rhapsody on Norwegian themes.

The program for Saturday afternoon, Feb. 8, is headed by Brahms's symphony No. 2, in D major. The second part will again be from the French, including incidental music which Fauré wrote for Harancourt's "Shylock," and, of familiar things, Saint-Saëns's "Phaëton" and Berlioz's "Roman Carnival."

Russians and Rachmaninoff.

Modest Altschuler, conductor of the Russian Symphony Society, will have as guest for his next pair of concerts at Carnegie Hall on Tuesday evening, Jan. 28, and Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 29, the eminent Russian composer-pianist, Sergei Rachmaninoff, whose piano recital a fortnight since was an event of the season in New York. Mr. Rachmaninoff, who shares with Glazunoff, now that the veteran Rimsky-Korsakoff is dead, the honor of upholding the traditions of the young Russian school, will on this occasion play from manuscript a completely revised version of his first pianoforte concerto. Changes made in the score are so numerous as to entitle it to the name of a novelty, in the estimation of those interested in the larger works of the pianoforte repertory.

Damrosch Speaks for Wagner.

New York's orchestras for more than a year have found that Wagner programs, whenever and wherever played, have packed the halls, until of late it appeared that an agitation was making to enforce prohibition upon those who cherished a thirst for the brew of Bairuth. Police were called within the last ten days to preserve the peace of the Philharmonic, at Carnegie Hall, and public protest was last week attempted in the case of another concert, led by a Japanese. Next Thursday and Saturday it will be the Symphony Society's turn.

For the present, says an official note, Mr. Damrosch will not play works by any living German composer, nor is the German language sung at any of his concerts. But he considers Wagner a genius, one who not only wrote his principal works as a political exile in Switzerland, but whose music has become a world heritage. He, therefore, holds that certain instrumental excerpts from the Wagnerian music dramas may properly be played at this time. . . .

Plans of Musicians.

Emilio de Gogorza will give his postponed song recital in Aeolian Hall on Sunday afternoon, March 2.

Guiomar Novaes has reannounced her benefit for the Paris Conservatoire, which she will now give on Feb. 19.

Jascha Heifetz will next appear at Carnegie Hall on Feb. 9, for which the tickets are those of his canceled recital of New Year's Day.

Lambert Murphy and John Powell are two recital givers in Aeolian Hall on Monday of next week, Feb. 3.

Margaret Tilly is a new pianist scheduled to appear Feb. 18 in the Aeolian calendar.

MacDowell Symphony Club.

The MacDowell Symphony Club, organized under the leadership of Max Jacobs last season, has lately resumed its rehearsals, to be held every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock at the Yorkville Casino, where those interested may apply. Both men and women, professional and non-professional players, are eligible, and over 100 members are said to have gained experience already in this way, some having been engaged to play with regular orchestras this year.

America's Army Bands.

A recent concert in Aeolian Hall by one of America's new army bands from Governors Island, under the leadership of Captain Arthur A. Clappe, Director of the Army Music Training School, is yet significant, it is said, as "the first occasion on which the newly authorized official instrumentation of the increased army bands was heard in a concert program."

This new formation combines features of the large French, English, and Italian military bands and aims at surrounding the inevitable brass with the "more emotionally expressive" reeds and woodwinds, a quartet of "double reeds," quartet of saxophones, quartet of alto and bass clarinets, one sarrusophone, and the "usual" flutes.

Members of the versatile band, over fifty strong, likewise sang under the baton of Lieutenant William C. White, assistant director of the school, the four choral numbers, including two negro spirituals, recorded at Hampton, Va., by Natalie Curtis Burlin.

Caruso, Prize Giver.

Signor Caruso's prize of a diamond pin at the Neapolitan song contest held recently in Carnegie Hall, where Caruso, Scotti, and Amato were judges for Alfredo Salmaggi, has been awarded to a song by E. Castelucci, sung by Adele Manna, who also sang the air by A. S. Ruffo that won Scotti's gold watch. Amato's gold cigarette box was won by R. Nicosia, and Papi's gold medal by G. Podenzana, both of their songs being sung by Emilia Vergera. There were eight silver medals among a dozen awards of prizes practically for all.

Slovenian Singers Here.

Referring to a recent festival by allied Jugoslav choruses here in New York, a correspondent calls attention to the fact that the Slovenians, who were "the only active participants" in the concert at Aeolian Hall in September, were curiously omitted in the reports of that day. Joseph Rems, Chairman of the local committee of the Jugoslav Singing Union, now writes: "We, of course, gladly admit that the Croatians, Montenegrins, and Serbians are our brothers of related nations, so-called Jugoslavs; but in this case they did not co-operate with us, having been prevented by various difficulties." Which recalls that "when Greek meets Greek" then comes the tug of war.

Grieg's Songs in Norwegian.

That "about 149 songs," or any other number of Grieg's less-known lyrics, have "seldom been sung, and never in America," is one of those assertions that would be important if true. Yet New York hears many songs in a year. A recital of these supposed "unknown masterpieces" was held here recently by one who had lived in Norway and is said to have given much study to the master-songs of Grieg. As she observed, "The songs of Grieg that have been sung here in the past have usually been given in German." Miss Gardini sang them in their native Norse. Her encores were in English, which was the language of Grieg's own Scotch grandfather, by the way.

February Music Fixtures.

Helene Romanoff, a soprano of the Petrograd opera, will make her début in song recital at Aeolian Hall on Feb. 3.

Sophie Braslau and Raoul Vidas will appear Feb. 3 at the Waldorf-Astoria for the milk stations of the Diet Kitchen Association.

Hulda Lashanska on Feb. 4, Heifetz on Feb. 9, and Frieda Hempel Feb. 18 are among coming events at Carnegie Hall.

Eva Gauthier and Sascha Votichenko will give an unusual program with the Russian Symphony on Feb. 23 at Maxine Elliott's Theatre.

Felix Garzigilo, a French pianist, will give his second Aeolian recital on Saturday evening, Feb. 8.

Carved in Algerian Rocks.

A huge buffalo with enormous horns is conspicuous in prehistoric rock drawings lately found in Algeria. The African elephant is also a striking feature, and other animals include the lion, leopard, gazelle, and domestic goats and sheep.—San Francisco Argonaut.

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Prinses Juliana ..... Feb. 5
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LATEST MOTOR CARS IN BIG AUTO SHOW

Over Fifty-eight Makes of Vehicles Will Be Seen in Annual Exhibit Opening Saturday Night

Everything is ready for New York's nineteenth annual automobile show which will be opened on Saturday night at 8 o'clock in Madison Square Garden and the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, on Lexington Avenue, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Streets, close to the Garden. With every inch of available exhibition space taken in both of the large buildings and with fifty-eight different makes of passenger cars and chasses to be shown, this year's show, following so closely after the trying war period which restricted production at the factories to a minimum, is assured of a success that will equal, if indeed, it may not exceed, all of the former noteworthy national motor car exhibits in this city.

The show this year will continue for two weeks, the first week being devoted to passenger cars and accessories, while the second week, beginning Monday, Feb. 10, will be the first distinctive exhibit ever held here of motor trucks and smaller commercial vehicles.

Including the great variety of accessories, there will be about 200 exhibitors during the first week of the show. Despite the curtailment of factory output during the war, several new models of popular cars will be shown and one brand new make of a moderate-priced car. Visitors, therefore, will find sufficient novel and interesting features illustrative of the stabilizing of the American motor car industry in spite of the hardships entailed during the war, all of which were cheerfully met by the manufacturers and dealers as a prime necessity to win the war.

The exhibit of motor cars will include several electrics, in addition to all the well-known makes of gasoline vehicles. Everything will be shown, from the small, light, low-priced car class to the most expensive vehicle on wheels. Featured with many of the cars will be new body designs, many custom made, which are being offered by a number of the leading dealers, while the regular standard bodies will reveal new lines. The body display will be one of the most interesting features. The popularity of the inclosed car for all-year use is undisputed, and the great majority of makers will show models of that type. Limousines, phaetons, coupés, Berlines, Sedans, and landaulets will be seen in all their beauty and attractiveness, while the touring cars and roadsters will appeal to those who favor open-air touring. There will be many convertible body types, permitting a closed car in Winter and an open one in warm weather.

While the car display is the principal attraction, the accessory exhibit will be equally attractive, for thousands of visitors will be motorists who are not desirous of purchasing new cars, but are eager to see the improvements adaptable to their particular cars. Hundreds of makes of accessories, parts and sundries will be offered by more than 150 manufacturers and selling organizations. Included in this list are the leading makers of the Motor Accessory Manufacturers' Association.

Among the more recent accessories will be condensers for the cooling system. A few years ago some of the English racing cars adopted these devices, and the idea was applied to certain passenger cars. The condenser in the form of a spiral tube winding above the radiator throat is said to be especially desirable in cold weather when alcohol in the water, to prevent freezing, is vaporized by the heat of the engine. This vapor finds its way through the coils of the condenser, and this being exposed to cold air causes the vapor to condense and flow back into the cooling system to mix with the water. This preserves the alcohol. Such novelties as a device which indicates at a glance the amount of water in the radiator without removing the cap to investigate, will be among the new things.

There will also be a varied line of automobile locks, some being very ingenious devices to prevent theft. Some are worked with a key and others have a combination lock similar to a safe combination.

Garage and repair men will find much that is interesting in modern and improved equipment for garage use. New methods of handling gasoline, new types of air compressors, battery charging systems, improved sorts of meters and heating systems will be found.

Many of the standard accessories will reveal the direct influence of use in warfare. Many forms of construction which are sufficiently strong for civil use were found too light for the severe usage in the war zone. It meant redesigning in many factories to meet army and navy specifications.

Accessories and parts will be exhibited in both the Garden and the armory. The balconies and basement will be devoted to accessories in the Garden.

The exhibit of passengers during the first week will be grouped as follows:

Madison Square Garden, Main Arena: Buick, Cadillac, Chandler, Daniels, Dodge Brothers, Haynes, Locomobile, Marmon, Maxwell, Mitchell Moon, National, Oakland, Oldsmobile, Overland, Packard, Peerless, Pierce-Arrow, Stearns, Studebaker, Stutz, Willys-Knight, Winton.

Exhibition Hall, on the main floor, adjoining foyer: Auburn, Baker R. & L., Cole, Dort, Mercer, Reo, Scripps-Booth, Velie.

Concert Hall, second floor: Essex, Hudson.

Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, Twenty-sixth Street and Lexington Avenue: Apperson, Buick, Chalmers, Crow-Elkhart, Cunningham, Davis, Elgin, Empire, Franklin, Hupmobile, Jordan, King, Kissel, Lexington, Liberty, McFarlan, Nash, Owen-Magnetic, Paige, Phianna, Premier, Roamer, Saxon, Standard, Westcott.

In the armory will also be shown several Liberty motors and a variety of body designs.

This year's exhibit is held under the auspices of the Automobile Dealers' Association of New York. The Show Committee is composed of Charles H. Larson, Chairman; H. R. Bliss, Harry J. De Bear, R. J. Gilmore, William C. Poertner, Walter A. Woods, and Charles A. Stewart, manager.

A single fifty-cent admission ticket will be good for admission to both the Garden and armory during the passenger car display and visitors may visit one building one day and the other on a following day if they so desire. The same arrangement will also prevail for the commercial vehicle show during the second week.

CONVICTS AS ROAD WORKERS

Show Good Results in Many States —Only Two Efforts to Escape.

Convict labor for highway construction and maintenance has been employed very generally by many States during the last year. Reports recently received by the Lincoln Highway Association at Detroit indicate that this method of construction has been an unqualified success in every instance, the work proving not only of value to the State, but of benefit to the convicts.

New Jersey worked several gangs of convicts for long periods in the construction of concrete sections of the Lincoln Highway during 1918, and this form of labor was also utilized to a greater or less extent in Wyoming, Utah, Nevada, and California. Ohio made use of a number of boys from the Ohio State Reformatory in the construction of a brick section of the Lincoln Highway, near Mansfield. Nearly a hundred State convicts were used on concrete construction near Shingle Springs, Cal., and from forty-five to sixty-five were kept constantly on the job, financed by the Lincoln Highway Association, in Fisher Pass, Tooele County, Utah, from June to November.

A small gang of Nevada State convicts accomplished excellent work in King's Canyon, on the Lincoln Highway, near the Nevada-California line. It is evident that this form of labor will be utilized to an even greater extent in the future upon projects of State importance. There has been no protest from organized labor in connection with this form of work for State prisoners.

In every State the men work under the surveillance of guards, although the latter are seldom needed strictly as guards, for the men like to get into the open air, and rarely does one of them make an attempt to break for liberty. The guards are told by the road foreman just what work is to be done, and with this information in hand, they serve as foremen over the men. Only two convicts of the number employed between New York and San Francisco in the States enumerated, upon Lincoln Way construction work during 1918, made an attempt to escape. These two men escaped from the gang at work on the Fisher Pass section in Utah, but were soon recaptured.

"Modern Methods of Motor Transportation"

A Text Book Dealing With Motor Transport Problems

Between the covers of this practical book will be found a resume of the MOTOR TRANSPORTATION CONFERENCE held in the Colt-Stratton Auditorium, Nov. 16-23, 1918. Twenty-two of the most prominent transportation experts express their views and offer solutions to the principal problems which beset owners of commercial cars. This book contains many valuable suggestions for increasing the efficiency and economy of loading and routing, as well as inter-city and intra-city haulage, etc. *It is of utmost value to intending purchasers of trucks.* A copy will be mailed on receipt of ten cents postage, or will be presented without charge at 1847 Broadway.

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY
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No good driver would.
But a lot of experienced drivers of trucks and passenger cars have kicked their batteries to pieces without even knowing it by banging on the starting button when the motor didn't take hold at once.
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BOSCH

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There has never been any manufactured article whose reputation for satisfactory performance has been better than the Bosch.

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Bosch now is new only in ownership—it comprises the same active heads that administered the company under the Alien Property Custodian during the war. The Bosch Organization, which from the first has dominated the field of ignition, enters upon a new era of service to American Industry. Motor triumphs of the future, as of the past, will be built on the firm foundation of Bosch Ignition.

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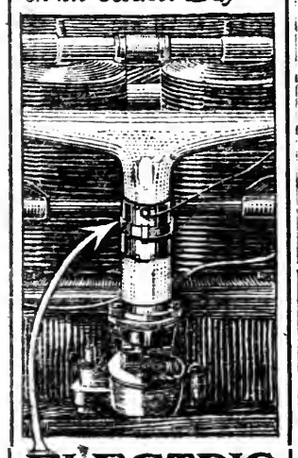

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In one minute, or less, it heats the intake pipe or carburetor sufficiently to provide a highly combustible mixture which ignites instantly when the motor is turned over, no matter how long the car has stood in the cold.

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Send right away for information regarding this wonderful heater that ends all starting troubles.

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The Electric Intake Heater consists of a quick-action electric resistance coil (the same principle as an electric flat iron).

It attaches easily and simply to the intake pipe, manifold or carburetor of any make of car, without drilling, taping or alteration.

The heater does not run down the battery, even when used a dozen times a day. It consumes for a minute or so at a time, only as much current as your lights.

In ordering, be sure to give the make and model of your car, the battery voltage and whether the wiring is double or single.

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GOOD MOTOR ADVICE FOR WEAK BATTERY

Electric System Will Give Warning of Approaching Trouble—Simple Methods for Recharging

By WILLIAM H. STEWART, JR.
President of the Stewart Automobile School.

When your electrical system fails to charge the battery your engine will begin to miss explosions and shortly after will refuse to run. Before this occurs, however, there will be plenty of warning. The lights will go down more than usual when the starter is used. They will brighten when you speed up the engine and grow dim when you slow down. These signs point to a weak battery. If observant you will have noticed that the ammeter registered a low charging rate. This indicates that the generator is not charging as it should. But the fault may be in the driver and not in the generator at all. If the starter or the lights are used too much the current will be drawn from the battery faster than it is being charged. So note that your battery gets the proper balance. If the car is run much at night the battery may not receive enough current. Run the engine more during the daytime, so as to replace the current that has been drawn from it.

If the charging system has failed, due to some defect, have it attended to at a service station, and have the battery charged immediately. Some owners prefer to recharge their own batteries from the lighting system in the house. This is a practical method and one that will grow, especially where service stations are not available.

Special apparatus is required, but it is not expensive. It may be connected to any lamp socket using 110-volt current. This may be direct or alternating, the apparatus differing according to which current is used. For direct current a rheostat is employed, which brings the current down to the right amperage, usually ten amperes for the average battery used on a starting and lighting system.

For alternating current a rectifier must be used to give direct current and to give the right amperage. The positive of the battery must be connected to the positive lead from the apparatus and the negative of the battery to the negative lead. This runs the charging current into the positive of the battery, reversing the chemical composition of the plates. Then, when the change is complete, charging is stopped and the current may be drawn from the positive in the usual manner.

Before charging see that the electrolyte covers the plates. Nothing but distilled water should ever be added for this purpose, and then only after the battery is charged. The electrolyte should cover the plates at least a quarter of an inch at all times. Having inspected and corrected this condition, the filling caps should be removed to allow the gas to escape. Then adjust the amperage according to the capacity of the battery. A discharged battery should start charging at one-tenth capacity. Thus a 100 ampere-hour battery should start at 10 amperes, a 60 ampere-hour at 6 amperes.

In an hour or so the hydrogen gas will start to come off very freely. This is known as gasing or boiling. When it gases freely, diminish the charging rate one of two amperes. The battery will be fully charged when the electrolyte reads 1,275 to 1,300 on the hydrometer. This will take about ten hours. The voltmeter reading will be about 7 volts, but the hydrometer test is more satisfactory. If the voltmeter reads 7 volts, but the electrolyte is low, it shows some acid has been spilled. This should be replaced, but only enough to bring the electrolyte to 1 300.

Even though an operator does not intend to charge his battery off the car, he should understand the process, since it will enable him to take better care of the battery in service.

NEW CAR FOR 1919 SHOW.

The Five-Passenger Essex Touring Automobile, Built to Combine Economy in Cost and Operation, with Light Weight and Comfort in Driving.

CLOSED CAR AT MODERATE PRICE.

Latest Model of the Buick Six-Cylinder Sedan to be Exhibited in Garden Show.

ITALIAN MOTOR OUTPUT.

Over 50,000 Cars Built for Army Use During War Period.

The Fiat Company of Italy, which kept its plant in complete operation during the war to supply necessary means of transportation to the Italian and allied armies, has issued an interesting statement of the actual number of cars and lorries supplied for army use. In 1914, Italy then being neutral, not more than 500 motor vehicles were supplied for the army. Between Jan. 1, 1915, and Oct. 30, 1918, the number of cars and lorries built for the allied armies totaled 50,000. Of this number, 30,000 went to the Italian Army, 15,000 to the French Army, and 5,000 were divided among the American, British, and Portuguese armies.

The record monthly output was 2,023 during October, 1917, this being an average of seventy-five motor vehicles per working day. This daily record was considerably exceeded later, when, the Italian Government having requested the factories to speed up to their utmost limits, in order to make good the material lost in the Caporetto disaster, the Fiat factory turned out 176 motor vehicles, the majority being lorries, during the working hours of Dec. 31, 1917. It is believed that this is the largest number of vehicles produced by any European factory in one day. This record output was attained without interfering with the normal production of airplanes and airplane engines.

As an indication of the importance which the Italian Command attached to motor transportation, it is permitted to state that it was decided by General Diaz, immediately after the Caporetto defeat, to create a reserve of several thousand motor vehicles in order, when the next attack was launched, to be able to move his entire force by motor trucks into Austria. It was realized that when another attack was made the Italian Army would be unable to count on the use of any railroads once enemy territory was entered.

It is not known whether the great reserve fleet of lorries was actually secured, but in any case General Diaz considered, in less than twelve months after the greatest defeat the Allies had suffered, that his forces were prepared to begin a movement which depended extensively on motor vhicles for its success, and which fortunately proved to be a victory all along the line.

ROAD CONVENTION HERE.

Will Discuss National Highway Problems at Hotel McAlpin.

The ninth American Good Roads Congress and the sixteenth annual convention of the American Road Builders' Association will be held at the Hotel McAlpin on Feb. 25 to 28.

Many problems of importance are at the present time confronting the road builders of the country. It is proposed to bring together those most prominently identified with highway construction, transportation, and maintenance to discuss these vital questions.

The program will be devoted to the consideration of highway transportation and the administration, financing, construction, and maintenance of national, State, county, and municipal highways. Papers by prominent highway authorities will be presented for discussion. The general plan contemplates devoting Feb. 25 and 26 to the presentation and discussion of papers, and Feb. 27 and 28 for the consideration of reports to be submitted by several committees. The business session of the association will be held on the afternoon of Feb. 28.

Next year it is proposed to hold in connection with the convention a comprehensive exhibit of road machinery, equipment, and materials.

Engineers to Discuss Auto Topics.

The automobile session during the annual meeting of the Society of Automotive Engineers, to be held in the Engineers' Society Building during the show week, will be on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 5.

Henry M. Crane, Howard Marmon and O. E. Hunt will discuss the probable effect of aeronautic experience on automobile practice. D. McCall White will talk on high efficiency automobile engines, and J. G. Utz will present a paper giving the story of the development of the United States standard military truck. Mr. Utz was for several months in charge of the Motor Transport Engineering Office of the Quartermaster's Corps, and had opportunities to observe the performance of trucks at the front.

SUCCESS IN SNOW REMOVAL.

Highways Transport Committee Cooperating with State Officials.

Snow removal from the highways of many States, to expedite motor truck transportation, has been conducted with considerable success this season under the auspices of the Highways Transport Committee of the Council of National Defense, in co-operation with the various State and county officials. Fortunately, this Winter has been less severe than a year ago, when the lack of proper snow removal in many parts of the country entailed serious delays in the prompt arrival to the seaboard of army motor transport trains.

John S. Cravens, Chairman of the Highways Transport Committee, calls attention to the fact that in New Jersey the first fall of snow was effectively handled in the ten of counties comprising the northern part of the State. In Pennsylvania, New York, Michigan, Ohio, and some others, where the Legislatures have made possible working machinery for grappling with the snow removal situation, co-operation has been possible with good results.

Sketching the post-war program, Mr. Cravens cites the efforts being made to obtain legislation affecting highways transport in uniform State traffic laws and police traffic regulations; stimulation of food production, calling for cooperation with the Bureau of Markets and other agencies interested in the distribution of food; a survey of facilities available for highways transportation, and city marketing facilities; transportation facilities for soldier farms, embracing State or national movements to open up settlements of large tracts of ground as yet unproductive; transportation facilities for developing resources other than agricultural, &c.; co-operation with railroads and waterways, taking in feeder extensions; co-ordination of highways transport to facilitate collection and delivery of freight and express for rail and electric lines; standardization of methods of shipping by highways transport; placing of returned soldiers experienced in highways transport, including operators, mechanics, and executives, and State committee activity with respect to highway development.

The desire of the Highways Transport Committees throughout the country is to work to the end and that they may be of direct benefit to the State.

Newark Auto Show Plans.

Drawing for locations at the annual automobile show in Newark, Feb. 15 to 22, will take place next Thursday. The New Jersey Automobile Exhibition Co., under whose auspices the show is conducted, has elected the following officers: Joseph C. Bell, President; J. W. Mason, Vice President, and H. A. Bonnell, Secretary and Treasurer. Claude E. Holgate is show manager.

ADAPTED FOR HEAVY LOADS.

The Warner Trailer Ready for Motor Truck Attachment, Made for Loads from 500 to 16,000 pounds. Shown by the Kaufmann-Stowers Company.

DINNER FOR RICKENBACKER.

Secretary of War Will Attend Banquet to America's Leading Ace.

The banquet to be given by the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association to Captain E. V. Rickenbacker, the leading American "Ace," during the New York automobile show, will be held Monday evening, Feb. 3, at the Waldorf-Astoria. The guest will include all of the prominent men in the automobile world, in addition to Secretary of War Baker and General W. L. Kenly of the Department of Military Aeronautics, Congressman Clifford Ireland of Illinois, a member of the A. A. A. Contest Board, will be toastmaster.

A Reception Committee has been appointed to meet Captain Rickenbacker upon his arrival from France this week. It includes President Alan R. Hawley of the Aero Club of America, Elmer Thompson, Secretary of the Automobile Club of America; Charles Brown, President of the New York Dealers' Association; C. H. Larson, Chairman of the New York Show Committee; William Allen of the New York Motor Club, and Fred Wagner.

More Good Roads Work for Diehl.

President Frederick R. Smith of the New York State Motor Federation announces that George C. Diehl of Buffalo has been appointed Chairman of the Good Roads Committee of the Federation. He is County Engineer of Erie County, and is also Chairman of the A. A. A. Good Roads Committee.

Hartford Automobile Show.

The annual Automobile Show of the Hartford Automobile Dealers' Association will be held in the State Armory at Hartford during the week beginning Feb. 22 to March 1.

DISCUSS TRUCK WEIGHTS.

Commissioners in Conference This Week at Automobile Club.

A conference on regulations regarding speed, weight, and dimensions of motor trucks will be held next Friday evening at the Automobile Club of America under the auspices of the National Highway Traffic Association. Among those who have been invited to discuss the subjects are George H. Pride, formerly a member of the Highways Transport Committee; Charles J. Bennett, Highway Commissioner of Connecticut; Charles G. Bond, H. Eltinge Breed, First Deputy Highway Commissioner of New York; David C. Fenner, President Motor Truck Association of America; George M. Graham, former Chairman National Motor Truck Committee, National Automobile Chamber of Commerce; A. H. Hinkle, Deputy Highway Commissioner of Ohio; W. G. Thompson, Highway Engineer of New Jersey; Lieut. Col. W. D. Uhler, Chief Engineer Pennsylvania Highway Department, and President Arthur H. Blanchard, who will preside.

White Mountain Highway.

Advocates of good roads in New Hampshire are taking steps to improve a thoroughfare to be known as the White Mountain Highway, winding through the mountains of that name in the State. At a recent meeting the New Hampshire Manufacturers' Association went on record as favoring the improvement of the highway to be eventually a part of a national highway system, with the idea of giving New Hampshire the same prominence in respect to its connection with such a road as enjoyed by the States crossed by the Lincoln Highway.

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NEWS OF THE AUTO TRADE WORLD

Representatives of the various rubber companies of the metropolitan district met last week at the Goodyear Rubber Company offices, 123 West Sixty-fourth Street, and formed the Rubber Industries Athletic Association. Delegates were present from the Akron factories—Goodyear, Firestone, Kelly-Springfield and Sterling Companies. The officers are Robert Demarest, Goodrich, President; G. G. Biddle, Kelly, Vice President; Frederick Wachelman, Ajax, Secretary, and A. Ogden, Goodyear, Treasurer.

W. B. Snyder of the Cutting-Larson Company, distributors of the Oldsmobile cars, who was the Service Manager for eight years, has returned from the army. He entered as a Lieutenant and rose to a Captaincy and was Acting Major just before being mustered out.

The Columbia Motors Company, manufacturers of the Columbia Six, announces that there will be no change in models during the coming season. Prices will be reduced on three types. The touring model, $1,995, the five-passenger sport model, $1,945 and the sedan, $2,445.

Sales figures of the United States Tire Company indicate that the drift toward the use of cord pneumatic tires, instead of solid tires, on light trucks has become very noticeable. The company believes that the time is near at hand when the accepted tire equipment for such trucks will be of the pneumatic variety.

Gilbert U. Radoye is associated with the Haynes Automobile Company of Kokomo, Ind., as advertising manager and assistant sales manager.

An innovation at this year's Auto Show will be the participation by the General Motors Export Company, an organization interested in the marketing of motor cars overseas. A booth has been taken at Madison Square Garden, where a complete line of export models of the passenger cars and trucks which it markets will be shown.

W. R. Vogeler has been appointed general manager of the King Car Corporation of New York, to take the place of E. A. Schen, who has gone to Detroit as general sales manager of the company at the factory.

The new automobile plant started by the Studebaker Corporation at South Bend in 1916 will be completed Jan. 1, 1920. Considerable progress in the construction of the new plant was accomplished in the execution of orders for military supplies for the Government. The new plant will have a capacity of 100,000 cars per annum, which, with the facilities of the Detroit plants of 80,000 cars per annum, will double the capacity of the corporation.

On Dec. 7, 1918, the Alien Property Custodian, sold the entire property and patent rights of the Bosch Magneto Company. The buyers, organized as the American Bosch Magneto Corporation, has the following officers: A. T. Murray, President; George A. MacDonald, Vice President and Treasurer; A. H. B. Altree and Leon W. Rosenthal, Vice Presidents; J. A. MacMartin, Secretary. Mr. Murray is also President of the Bethlehem Motors Corporation of Allentown, Penn.

Louis Rosenberg is advertising manager of the Keystone Tire and Rubber Company, which is doing a business of $9,000,000 a year.

"Profitable Farm Hauling with Motor Trucks" is the title of a booklet just issued by the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio. Interesting figures are shown outlining comparisons of wagon costs with motor truck costs as compiled by the United State Department of Agriculture. Copies of the booklet are free.

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BRAND NEW
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Our selling price.... $4,050.00
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1917 Saxon Touring	550
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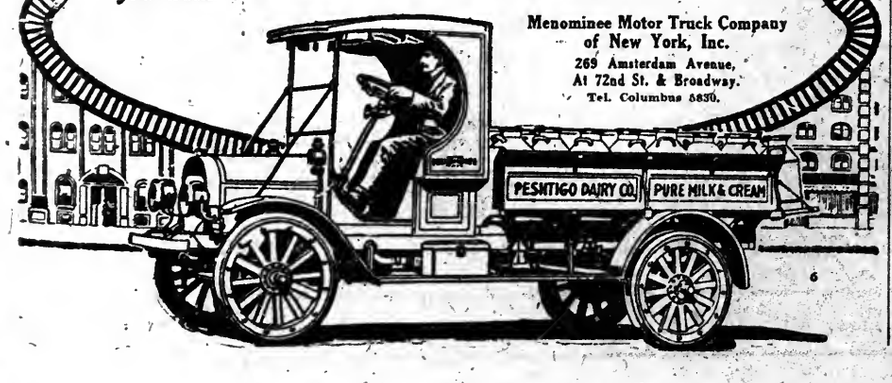

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They are built to withstand such conditions. Hundreds of commercial concerns--some of them running fleets of several hundred cars have told us that their own accurately kept cost records show STERLING'S lower in cost-per-mile than tires previously used.

During the past twelve months we have developed and perfected the STERLING SUPER-SIZE CORD--air-bag cured, which we expect to exceed all previous mileage records.

We claim nothing mysterious or miraculous for STERLINGS. We offer them simply as sturdy, honest, dependable tires--neither highest nor lowest in price--built as eleven years' experience has taught us, from materials which time and test have proven best for strength and durability.

STERLING Tires are guaranteed 5,000 miles (6,000 in 30x3½ and 31x4) and average very much more. They are *repaired free of charge* at any of our thirty-six factory sales branches as long as, in our judgment, the condition of the tire justifies the repair.

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ACROSS SIBERIA FROM VLADIVOSTOK

(Continued from Page 1)

one called to us in English, recognizing us as Americans by our uniforms: "She's a fine-looking girl, isn't she?"

We looked around to see a young man pointing to a Russian girl conversing with the station master.

"Where did you come from?" That is our invariable reply to such greetings.

"Oh, I've been in Canada and New York seven years," was the young man's answer.

At another small village near Lake Baikal a girl came to the train, saying: "You Americans?" To the reply of one of the doctors that we were, she said: "I been in New York in milliner shop."

A few experiences such as these soon convince one that Siberia is not so far from the United States as many of us have imagined. I was walking through the railroad yards of Sema one afternoon when I spied some German war prisoners in a box car. Climbing in, I found seven Germans and Austrians, the tailors and shoemakers for a company of Cossacks.

"I have been seven years in Reading, Penn," said one of the men "I have a brother there. Mathias Simon, but I haven't heard from him in thirteen months."

"Are you married?" I asked.

"Yes, I have a wife and baby in Budapest."

"Do you know that Austria has made a separate peace?"

"No?" he inquired, doubting and astonished. "Then why don't they let us go home?"

With these words he echoed the wish of every war prisoner in Siberia. I have met many hundreds of them in all parts of the country, and their only question has been: "When do you think we can go home?" To some of them I have spoken about the war, asking:

"Well, when you do get back will you be ready again for another war?"

Their answers have been a chorus of "Never again, if we have anything to say about it." In this respect Siberia has been a great pacifier.

SMUGGLERS BUSY.

From Manchuria City we moved on to Siberia, but not without having the customary experience with smugglers. In Manchuria everything from tobacco to liquor and food, and from clothing to raw materials, is plentiful. In Siberia many of the commonest articles are luxuries. And on every train there are smugglers, Chinamen and Russians who carry everything they can across the border. Two Chinamen climbed on the engine of the Red Cross special train and arrived safely in Siberia. Although they admitted that they had smuggled tobacco and white flour, there was no one at the Siberian station to arrest them and they proceeded on their way as if it were the ordinary thing to do.

It was only a short ride between the two border stations. Before we left Manchuria Herman Bernstein and I were in the office of the stationmaster on the second floor of the depot. A train of box cars arrived. Looking out of the window, the official said:

"Another load of smugglers on their way."

He seemed resigned to his position and to his helplessness. Smuggling in this part of the world is rapidly becoming legitimate, or perhaps I should say legal, because it is now the custom of the country. In normal times smuggling was confined to tobacco, hides, sugar, and flour, but today the stakes are higher. Gold, silver, and platinum, firearms and other weapons bring the greatest rewards and the severest punishment. But the game is worth the gamble.

THE FREE SCHOOLS IN TCHITA.

Tchita is one of the greatest trading centres in Eastern Siberia because years before the Siberian Railroad was constructed the caravan routes of the East centred here. Even today one can see the caravans of camels and others of horses and ponies bringing in raw materials from Mongolia, Manchuria, and Northern Siberia. In several places the Trans-Siberian follows the old caravan routes and from the car window may be seen the slowly moving columns making their way through the snow. The riches of the East still travel this way, because to most communities the railroad is unknown. Glance at the map of Siberia and you will see an empire at least twice as large as the United States. Imagine one railroad running from New York via Chicago to San Francisco and no other railways in the United States, and you will have some idea of the hundreds of thousands of square miles of territory in Siberia without railway communication. In America the railroads cover the country like a fine net. In Siberia the railroad is but a thread. And these caravans which pass through Tchita are the shuttles; the slowly moving shuttles between Tchita and hundreds of cities and towns three thousand miles away.

Tchita, however, despite the fact that it was once the home of exiles, especially the revolutionists of the early nineteenth century, is today a busy city with modern business houses and schools. In Vladivostok and Khabarovsk I had seen similar evidences of progress and modern civilization, but Tchita seemed to have been reserved for the greatest surprise.

I was walking about the city one day when I saw what is now a very usual sight, hundreds of children on their way to school. It is difficult for an American to comprehend Russia's educational system before the war, because only the children of the bourgeoisie could attend. Jewish children and those of the peasants and poor could not go to public school. Education was forbidden to them. But today and only since the revolution education is free to all, and every school house and class room is crowded. None of the schools of Siberia can accommodate all those who wish to attend.

Seeing the children of Tchita, bundled in their torn garments and furs, on their way to school, eager and happy, I followed with several other Americans and entered the gymnasium. One of our party, who spoke Russian, introduced us to the Principal, and we were escorted from class room to class room. Everywhere the condition was the same. The children were crowded in their seats. They were studying arithmetic, reading and writing, and in one room we saw the very limited number of instruments which were used in the physics and astronomical laboratories.

As we were about to leave the Principal escorted us to a large class room in one corner of the big structure. It was a spacious, light room, with various art objects, plaster busts, and the like exhibited on a table along one side. In the centre of the room were some sixty girls standing before their easels drawing or copying a plaster cast hanging on the wall. Here in Tchita, Siberia, the last place in the world that I had expected to find such a thing, was an art school. One who has never been in Siberia, who has imagined it a wilderness and only a prison for political prisoners, can, perhaps, comprehend my astonishment. Art, of all things, in Siberia!

To pass from this scene to the snow-covered streets of the city and see a Russian soldier astride a horse, going from house to house with a telegram, in search of the man to whom it was addressed, was to pass from the sublime to the ridiculous. The soldier had a telegram for an officer whose address was unknown because there was no city directory or police register, and he was searching for him.

BAIKAL'S PEAKS AND CLOUDS.

From Tchita to Irkutsk, the last stage of the journey to be described in this letter, is the Switzerland of Siberia. It is said by all travelers that the Lake Baikal district is the most beautiful section of this great empire. After one has made the journey by day, in Winter, one does not hesitate in joining those who have praised it. To awaken early in the morning, while the train is skirting the shores of the lake, and to see the sun rise behind the snow-covered peaks of the mountains on the other shore, perhaps twenty-five miles across the placid blue water, is to witness one of the most wonderful scenes in the world. Last Winter I was in Switzerland. During the Winter of 1916 and 1917 I traveled through the Transylvania Alps and the mountains of Bavaria. En route to the Far East I crossed the Rockies and the Sierra Nevadas. For grandeur and mass none of the mountain ranges can compare with this, although the Swiss and French Alps are higher, and although the passes through Transylvania are picturesque and beautiful.

I know of no scene to compare with that from the eastern shore of Lake Baikal on a Winter morning before the lake is frozen over. Its massiveness may be comprehended when one realizes that Lake Baikal is one of the five largest lakes in the world; that it is 400 miles long and between 18 and 56 miles wide, with a mountain range nearly a mile high stretching along the western shore like lace against a background of gold and blue clouds. Over the lake the sun appears, copper-gold in color, contrasting sharply with the silver sunrises and sunsets further east, where there are forests of birch.

Into this country some of the allied troops have come. The Japanese flag flies from nearly every station from Vladivostok to Irkutsk. Here and there wave the colors of the Czechoslovaks, the simple red and white banner of the new nation whose army is locked in Siberia. From a few stations and public buildings flies the emblem of free Russia, the white, blue and red. The French Tricolor, the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes are not seen after one leaves Vladivostok, except on passing trains, and the Russians do not understand.

Between Vladivostok and Irkutsk the only evidences of a Russian army are the officers, and there are a sufficient number of these to command two new Russian armies. The privates have all disappeared into private life, excepting those who travel with the officers as orderlies or "guards of honor." Day by day our train passed special trains of Russian officers, attached to this and that army several thousand miles away from the front, transporting artillery and automobiles from town to city and back again. What there is of a Russian army in Eastern Siberia today is on wheels, and, apparently, there is no place to go.

BUSINESSLIKE CZECH SOLDIERS.

With the Czechoslovaks this is not the case. Every one in Russia knows that it is the Czechoslovak army which is keeping the Bolshevist forces out of Siberia. To the Czechs, and to them alone, belongs the credit for the order which exists in East and Western Siberia, except, perhaps, in the few cities where the other Allies are stationed. The Czechs are not strutting on the war stage of the East. They are not asking for praise. Their business is fighting, and they are doing their work splendidly. Enter any Siberian city and call at the Czech headquarters. You will not find a General or even a Colonel or Major in charge. You may find a Captain, but the chances are that a Lieutenant and non-commissioned officer will greet you, because the Czech army is a working army and more attention is paid to work than to rank. Where there are thousands of Russian officers and dozens of privates, there are thousands of Czech soldiers and a few officers. Most of the Czechoslovak army is at the front, the front which they have made in a foreign country, in their fight for their own freedom and independence.

Russia should be indebted to these determined men. The peasants are, but the remnant of the Russian Army are not. They hate the Czechoslovaks and they are suspicious of the Japanese, because they fear the Japanese Army will never withdraw.

In traveling from Vladivostok to Irkutsk, which is about one-half the distance from Vladivostok to Moscow measured by railroad travel before the revolution, these are the things which impress an American:

1. Russia's helplessness; 2. The great price which Russia has paid for free education; 3. The railroad chaos; 4. The good but limited work of America's non-military institutions; 5. The great commercial and agricultural possibilities of Siberia; 6. The extent of Japanese intervention and the democratic self-sacrifice of the Czechoslovak troops.

Siberia, from the box car or the special train is the same. It is a vast empire awakening to the needs of political regeneration, to the demands for free education, to the possibilities from farms and factories, and to the necessity of better railroad communication. Siberia, awakening to these things, finds her country inhabited by foreigners, all of them working in their own way to do what they think should be done, first for their own good and secondly for the good of Siberia. And not until all of these foreign agencies unite upon a plan to help Siberia will this empire be assisted.

Twenty-five years from now—and this is a short time in the life of the world—the friendship of the droshky drivers, of the peasants, trainmen and traders will be a great asset to the Allies if the Allies do not make the Russians pay too dearly for the assistance which they give now.

DEFECTIVE HOOSIERS

The report of the Indiana Committee on Mental Defectives, made to Governor Goodrich, is startling. Something must be done at once about the thousands of them. Every year the solution of the problem is postponed conditions become worse. Defectives become the fathers and mothers of other defectives. The cost of caring for them is thus increased in proportion to the State's inability or reluctance to take the matter in hand and deal with it promptly and properly.

The report indicates that a little more than 2 per cent. of the State's population is mentally defective, that is feebleminded, insane or epileptic. This would give Indiana nearly 60,000 defectives and less than 7,000 are now receiving treatment in State institutions. The others are at large or restrained privately. Most of them are not violent or likely to do bodily harm to any one. They are dangerous, however, to society in general. Some of them commit crimes and then are punished or win their freedom through the pleas that they were not responsible for their acts. The State School for Feeble-Minded at Fort Wayne is taking care of 1,100 patients and the report estimates that there are 20,000 others in Indiana who should have the same care.

Every one knows that insanity is increasing. Insane people are kept in jails when they should not be placed in such institutions. Many of them are housed in poor asylums which were not intended for those who are mentally unbalanced. Caring for the defectives will be costly at first, but it will more than repay the initial investment. The report undoubtedly will be one of the important documents that the coming session of the Legislature will have to consider.—Indianapolis News.

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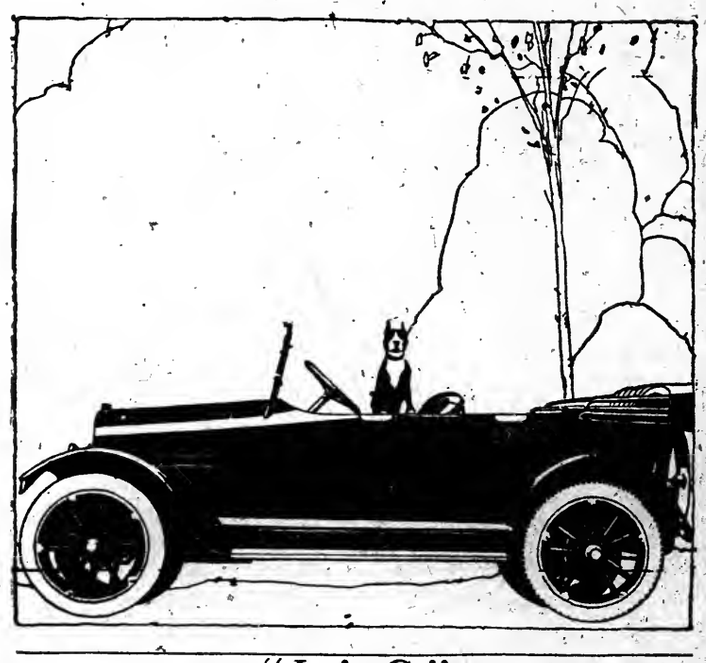

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THRIFT, OUR NEW NATIONAL VIRTUE

Saving Imposed on Americans by War Needs May Become a Habit Though Peace Has Returned

By JOHN WALKER HARRINGTON.

THE seeds of saving sown a year and a half ago in the United States have sprung into the hardy plants of thrift. No one will yet hail these growths as trees, but see of these days in their branches the birds of peace and plenty may build their nests.

There is no gainsaying that the soil upon which the seed of saving was spread was rich enough, but the tares of waste and extravagance had preempted it for many years. It had been the habit of this country to have seven fat years to be succeeded by seven lean years. The lean kine of finance would appear in 1893 or in 1900, to devour the fat ones; a spasm of panic and remorse would sweep over the nation, and then satin would replace sack-cloth once more and the American people, having saved little and lived far beyond their means, would begin again to wander in the financial wilderness.

As billions of dollars have already been subscribed for Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps, it appears that the people of these United States are saving some money. The question is, Have they developed a national habit of thrift?

Under the familiar slogans of Poor Richard's Almanac and on the anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin, a new Thrift Stamp Drive was started a few days since. The economist and publicist left an indelible impress upon the life of this nation, but surely he never taught the most of us to save.

"A man may," Poor Richard used to say, "if he knows not how to save as he gets, keep his nose all his life to the grindstone."

Before the war the people of the United States were regarded as a race of spenders. All classes had the name of living beyond their means, and compared with the frugal French they were considered as wastrels. Although Americans had always invested extensively in the railroad and industrial stocks, their showing at the savings banks was poor in ante-bellum days as shown by the following international thrift record.

Number of savings depositors, per thousand of population, in several countries:

Switzerland	532	Holland	333
Denmark	468	Germany	346
Norway	420	England	320
Sweden	391	Australia	400
Belgium	404	Japan	394
New Zealand	455	Italy	232
France	362	United States	115

The enormous profits which this country gained from the sale of munitions and all manner of supplies increased the output of prodigal sons. The hotels and restaurants were filled with gay throngs who came to eat and drink and dance. The demand for automobiles and furs and diamonds grew apace. Then came that fateful April in 1917 when the United States entered the world conflict. Our young men changed evening clothes for khaki and went from bedizened Broadway to the cantonments.

As a nation we were called to scrimp and save. Old clothes became a badge of honor. A great financier, wearing an overcoat all the worse for several years' wear, crossed the continent, calling on the people to waste no more. Four drives for Liberty Loans and one for War Savings Stamps and demands for scores of wartime charities tugged at the strings of the purse of Fortunatus.

Has anything been left? What of the savings banks? The returns for the year just passed show that their vaults are piled high with the savings of the people. The seed of thrift had fallen on such fertile ground that in the month of January the army of clerks toiled night and day to keep pace with the increasing business. A bulletin of the American Institute of Banking shows enormous increases in 1918 throughout the United States in the per capita savings in banks and trust companies and war savings, as compared with 1914.

The per capita savings in this country had risen from $59.11 in 1914 to $113.45 in 1918, which means a nation at least 20.3 per cent. more thrifty. The analysis of the frugality of the people during the four years when the world was at grips with Germany reveals some startling shifting in economics. The Eastern States, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, and Washington, D. C., had added to their savings by only 10.7 per cent. in that period. The New England States, regarded long as the citadel of Yankee economy, had added 20.3 per cent. to the individual savings account. The Southern States, whose people are often derided for thriftlessness, increased in savings 44.9 per cent., more than twice that of the New England States, which had had, supposedly, by far a much larger percentage of savers to the population. The Middle West States, increased 39.3 per cent., while the Western States—North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, and Oklahoma—reached the acme, 101.1 per cent., considered as a group. The Pacific States are credited with an increase of 46.9 per cent., but they include the banner saver of all the Union, Arizona, which swings into the thrift column with an increase of 407.6 per cent. per capita.

On the whole, the South, Middle West, and West saved more proportionately in the four years, counting back from 1918, than they did during any other four-year period in their history. The savings banks not only gained in deposits, but large sums were received by newly opened savings departments of commercial banks and trust companies.

On Jan. 1, 1919, the savings banks of Greater New York alone reported a total of $3,435,000,000 on deposit. In six months those institutions had received a total of approximately $50,000,000. Residents of the Borough of Manhattan had saved $23,000,000 in half a year. The Immigrant Bank for Savings took $3,000,000 in new deposits into its vaults in the first ten days of the new year. Note the statement of Henry A. Schenck, the President of that barometer of popular finance, the Bowery Savings Bank, which from Oct. 1, 1918, to Jan. 10, 1919, added $9,000,000 to its coffers to hold for the wage earners:

"The habit of saving money, produced by installment payments on Liberty bonds," he said, "will be continued, and much of this new increment will go directly to savings banks. It was surprising to see how money flowed into the banks after the signing of the armistice. This big increase of depositors is an index of the wider distribution of the country's wealth. The high wages brought about by war conditions have helped to create a new army of savers."

Frederic W. Allen, Director of the National War Savings Committee for Greater New York, said the other day that in his belief the people of the United States were getting well up toward the top of the column in the number of savings bank depositors to the thousand of population. When a troubled world has settled down again to the cautious and leisurely pursuit of collecting statistics, in his opinion, this country will be a long way from the foot of the thrift class.

If any one agency should feel the effect of the competition of Liberty Bonds and Thrift Stamps, as a means of getting good interest for one's money, it should be the postal savings banks of the United States. The interest is only 2 per cent. a year, and, if the money is withdrawn in less time, even that is not paid. When the year 1918 ended, there were $148,000,000 in postal savings, held by many thousands of depositors.

Glance, too, at the report of Thomas A. Patten, Postmaster of New York, which shows that at the close of business on Dec. 31, 1918, there was a deposit of $36,138,881 in the postal savings institutions in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, an increase of $6,653,209 over the preceding year. The total number of postal savings depositors reached 109,000 in those two districts alone. Many of these depositors were, of course, more recent Americans than most of us, and they had so profound a faith in anything Governmental that they preferred to place at least some of their savings with the Postmaster.

The urge to save comes to the fore when the people wish to have their own homes. In France a sturdy peasantry has gathered the copper sous in iron pots for centuries in order to buy farms and to have and to hold cottages. In this country the inclination to have a foothold on the earth and to sit before one's own hearth beneath one's own rooftree crops out in the building and loan associations. When the United States entered the war the Government demands for steel and other materials checked building of all kinds. There were many subscribers who for a time lost interest in housing and disposed of their shares. In twenty-five States of the Union these organizations are bound together in the United States League of Local Building and Loan Associations. The annual report of the league, recently from the press, shows that in spite of all the demands for saving, from other sources, in the fiscal year of the organization the membership had risen to 3,838,612 holders, an increase of 270,180 over the preceding year, and that the total assets had reached the figure of $1,769,142,175, an increase in assets in twelve months of $170,514,039.

"The unsettled financial conditions created by the world war," to quote from the Secretary's annual report, "have not materially interfered with the growth and prosperity of the building and loan associations. While the business of these associations was, for a time, somewhat disarranged, they nevertheless advanced money freely during the early part of the year for home building purposes; promptly paid their withdrawing members; took an active interest in the Liberty Loan bonds, the War Savings Certificate and Thrift Stamp campaigns, and invested liberally in all these issues. The first Liberty Loan call caused a considerable withdrawal from these associations, and this halted loaning for building operations. The members gradually adjusted themselves to the new conditions, however, and exercised greater economy, with the result that they not only made their regular payments, but actually laid aside a little more during the year than was their custom in ordinary times."

Charles O'Conor Hennessy, former head of the league, observed that although the building and loan associations had thrown open their doors for Liberty Loan subscriptions, and had promoted the sale of Government securities, their own revenues had not suffered, but had even increased as the saving habit became more fixed.

The reaction which the wage earners and the salaried class have given to the new element of saving is indicative of the national trend. In the first flush of prosperity, when men were earning $5 a day for trundling a wheelbarrow and ship riveters were getting from $30 to $40 for eight hours' work, there was a riot of indiscriminate spending. Then a large proportion of the toilers began to realize that an end must come to even the most bounteous harvest, and they began to sow the seeds of thrift. One of the aids in this direction has been the War Savings Society. Units of were established in large factories or big offices. In some city blocks sixteen or seventeen of these societies have taken root and flourished. Some of them have become social clubs as well as means of conserving nickels and dimes. Many of the collectors of these organizations are alert young women who gather up the subscriptions at the end of every week. Thousands of the societies have spread their influence through the country. Said a clerk in a Wall Street banking house, the other morning, as the fair collector was gathering his weekly instalment:

"If it hadn't been for this war saving, I wouldn't have that thousand dollars in the bank which I have hung on to in the last year."

In the schools of the United States the children have taken eagerly to the lessons of thrift. Many of them have ceased to buy sweets and candies and have invested their lunch money in real food. They are showing a care about their clothes which would be a surprise to the boys of a generation ago. In the schools of New York many have volunteered to conserve such supplies as paper, chalk, erasers, pencils, and books. The subscriptions gathered through Thrift Stamps in the schools have stimulated savings in the homes. Even in the absence of a special drive for Thrift Stamps, subscriptions for them were coming into the repositories of the metropolitan district at the rate of $60,000 to $80,000 a day.

So widespread has become the popular habit of saving that numerous organizations of country-wide scope are being formed to encourage and stimulate it. This is shown in resolutions recently adopted at a meeting of the National Thrift Club of New York City and indorsed by influential bankers, which were in part as follows:

"Whereas, It is vital that the process of saving begun during the war be continued before its momentum shall be lost, and the present opportunity for this is an emergency which requires prompt and vigorous action.

"Resolved, That it is in the common interest that employers should use such methods of distributing Liberty bonds, especially of the Fifth Liberty Loan, as can be continued permanently thereafter, and put the habit of saving among their employes on an established basis."

One of the important lessons of thrift learned from the loan years of war has been derived in the credit section. There will be fewer "charge accounts." As one of the exponents of the cult of Franklin remarked the other day, even merchants who sell the costliest wares are not losing anything by the development of the new trait, because people who save make sure always that they are likely to have the price before pledging their future for furniture, furs, and finery. And let none think that because this is likely to become a more and more thrifty nation there will be no more cakes, albeit the supply of ale may fall.

A representative of a conservative banking organization has remarked that even what appears to be lavish spending of money by those who visit that great American playground, New York, is really only a way of getting new ideas and fresh impressions which will more than justify the outlay. So, without stinting and without parsimony, the now thrifty people of the United States may be said to have entered upon a new era of well-considered pleasures along with well-considered expenditures for necessities.

The seeds of saving are sown. In the days to come thrift is bound to yield its good fruit.

ALABAMA IN DISTRESS.

Her Homekeepers Find It Difficult to Get Servants.

Homekeepers are scrubbing, washing dishes, and cooking victuals here in Alabama, in many cases without regard to their ability to pay servants. Now that the war is over the one great topic of conversation at the dinner table, when there are guests, is the servant problem. The domestic service situation never before was like this in the South. In more cases than may be supposed neither love nor money is effective as a temptation to the domestic servant class. Their menfolk for two or three years have been able to make "good money." This supplies the wants of the family—wants that are not pretentious or generally extravagant. Beyond a certain amount of money in the family no more is desired to the extent that all members of the family are ever eager to take the positions offered them and swell the family income to a point which would leave a margin for the savings bank, to be laid up against the well-known rainy day.

The following incident occurred near an Alabama town recently. It illustrates a curious point of view held by a considerable class of negroes, though fortunately not by all negroes.

A negro man was driving a wagon to town containing a small load of wood. Just before the holidays. The negro worked on the place of the white man whose friend, surprised at the small quantity of wood, asked:

"Why doesn't he take a full wagonload of wood to town and get $5 or $6 for it?"

The other man said:

"The wood he has on the wagon will sell for $1. That's all the money he wants at this time."

Flush times in Alabama mean hard times for housekeepers who depend upon hired servants. That is one thing the war has again shown us.—Montgomery Advertiser.

WHAT STABILIZED OCEAN RATES MEAN

Chairman Hurley's Agreement with the Allies on Merchant Marine Labor as It Affects the Individual Pocketbook

By ARTHUR POUND.

CHAIRMAN HURLEY of the Shipping Board went to Europe, as press reports indicate, to arrange three things—the return of American troops, the transporting of food to Europe, and the acceptance by the Allies of American labor standards aboard ship.

As the Allies are now the chief maritime nations and can exert heavy influence upon neutrals possessing ships, this last proposition amounts to an attempt to standardize on the plane of greatest expense the field of world transport. When you consider that the success of the project would affect the living cost of every civilized people and the development of all uncivilized ones, the lack of criticism attending Mr. Hurley's third effort must be accepted as evidence of our being dazzled by the kaleidoscope of events. In such brisk times one fallacy more or less seems to make little difference.

For certain excellent reasons governments control ships flying their flags. Registering of ships and sailors no doubt arose from the need to suppress piracy. An honest ship carried papers issued by the sovereign to prove to all interrogators, alike in foreign ports and on warships doing police duty, that skipper and crew were good men and true, on lawful errand bent. As commerce developed into supplying the necessities of life and industry it became apparent to statesmen that each vessel constituted a valuable asset in time of war. Hence the position, now uniformly taken and accepted, that a State may deny change of registry to a vessel if it deems proper. Practically such power is rarely exercised except in time of war. Similarly, a belligerent State is not to be criticised for refusing to recognize transfer of enemy vessels. There is no limit to the use which States may make of their merchant vessels in time of war. It may commandeer and operate ships, direct the movements of ships privately operated and establish rates for such voyages. In short, upon deep water in time of war the State realizes the full measure of sovereignty.

Power entails responsibility. In war the State accepts the full risks of sovereignty, temporarily abrogating the operations of economic law wherever necessary to secure military results. It has ample funds, and considerations above economy rule during the emergency. In peace, on the other hand, States cannot afford the chances of maritime commerce because the sea is an exceptionally risky medium in which to operate and because such operations involve contacts not always conducive to friendly relations with other States. In practice, therefore, the return of peace finds States laying aside full control of the merchant marine and turning instead to the assistance of commerce, continuing those features related to keeping the seas clear for lawful trade, identifying mariners, ships, and cargoes, and establishing the conditions under which men shall work aboard ship.

Absolute co-operation being essential to safety on the high seas, the Captain's word rules his vessel; but every civilized State in its marine code sets law above personal whim, holds over the autocrat of the quarterdeck the right to call him to account for his stewardship, and grants Jack his day in court if the code is violated. Here, then, is the crux of marine legislation. How far can a State desirous of bettering conditions of labor afloat safely go in that direction? Elevating standards, as we know full well, involves increasing costs. The State which insists upon costly standards of operating ships gives an advantage to ships operated under lower standards. Either it must see its merchant marine dwindle in competition; or, flying in the face of experience, seek a solution such as Mr. Hurley is seeking, effect an international agreement on the basis of high standards and high costs.

MARINE SITUATION.

Let us examine our situation from the angle of each alternative. We have expanded tremendously our merchant marine. A very large proportion of the tonnage has been built at peak prices—both for labor and material. The new, Government-built ships are rightly called the Emergency Fleet; the name should stand; later, if it should prove necessary to dispose of those ships at a loss, the name will go far to explain the loss. Stern challenge by the U-boat required a gamble in ships; none but the Government was rich enough to undertake the gamble.

Rates and prices have both started to slip. The Shipping Board would be glad to take $200 a ton for its wooden ships, $40 a ton under pre-armistice prices, and permit alienation to foreign registry in the bargain. It may have difficulty in disposing of them even on those terms. Steel vessels perforce must follow the scale-down. Vast shipbuilding projects on the way, gradual release of vessels used for transport and military supply, progressive smoothing out of war's destructions, leveling of accumulations of goods here and building up of normal stocks there, all these back the belief that the peak has been reached and the trend henceforth is downward. Ships and ship space will continue to rule high, no doubt, during reconstruction, and probably will never reach old levels. Vessels now in the water, even though the initial cost was high, should reap heavy earnings for some time to come; but those coming along a year or two hence are reasonably certain to be operated upon relatively close margins.

Except for the embarrassment of our Government, this situation would be looked upon with equanimity outside of shipping circles, and perhaps even there also, because the exotic conditions of the past were not without grave financial dangers. On the social and political side, there is every reason to applaud the prospect of decreasing ocean rates, for the excellent reason that the consumer pays the freight; by no sleight of hand can the family budget escape the impact of ocean rates. The housewife pays them at her grocery when she buys tea, coffee, or sugar, the laborer when he buys tobacco or clothes; the business woman when she pays her lunch ticket; the schoolboy when he buys pencils and books. Even if the thing purchased is homegrown or homemade, its cost and price are affected by ocean rates through indirect or potential competition with goods of foreign origin. Consequently lower ocean rates mean a decrease in the cost of living, which is of the utmost social and political importance at the present time all over the world.

Economic overstrain involved in keeping body and soul together—the one decently attired and nourished, the other hopeful and trusting—is a harrowing, disintegrating force which prepares the ground for all manner of rank idea growths. Actually, therefore, the Hurley proposition to standardize ocean traffic on the plane of highest costs and highest standards, resolves itself into a proposal to keep the worldwide cost of living above the level it would otherwise seek in order, (1) that the American Government may not lose on its marine investment, and (2) in order that a certain deserving class of laborers may not be forced to choose between seeking other jobs or having their standards of work lowered.

It is not an easy choice. On the one hand the public must pay, not precisely what the Government stands to lose, (a minor consideration because that will have to be made good by the public anyway in the long run,) but in addition a differential on everything consumable brought to these shores in any bottom under any flag, to say nothing of higher prices for domestic products relieved of just so much pressure from outside competition. On the other hand, we must face the unpleasant prospect of seeing our American merchant marine dwindle both as to ships and personnel, soon after experiencing grave need for American vessels during the war, and paying the heavy cost of building ships and training men in an emergency. There is a widespread feeling also that in the impending trade rivalry American ships are necessary to the prompt placing of American goods in foreign markets. All these considerations must receive due weight.

If America's situation could be considered apart from the rest of the world, Mr. Hurley might be said to have a case. While we have a right, if we choose, to set the possession of an adequate merchant marine and the continuance of relatively high standards of work for the American seamen above the advantages of lower living costs for our entire population, we have no right to sacrifice the well-being of any other people to our decision. It is unlikely that the other chief maritime nations will find their interests running parallel with ours in this respect; but if they should, such unanimity would signify nothing more than that they see a good thing and propose to make the most of it.

Any stabilizing of ocean rates by international agreement above the point which would be reached through supply and demand constitutes an unwarranted restriction upon the well-being of non-maritime nations. These have more need than ourselves to buy goods and services as cheaply as possible, in a market as free as may be from restrictions upon economic law. In the first place, most of them are not in position, political or financial, to set up counterbalancing regulations; in the second, because they are in process of growth toward democratic civilization, trade means much more to them than to citizens of better-developed States. Trade brings them not only goods through the use of which life may reach higher levels of material strength and comfort, but also contacts through which ideas and ideals permeate. Trade is one of the great civilizing factors, certainly the cheapest, and perhaps the most effective of all, since it works steadily through mutual advantage. And precisely as lowering the cost of transport works for civilization, so keeping the cost of ocean transport above the lowest level at which labor and capital will busy themselves efficiently therein is certain to retard civilization.

I pass by the argument that the American public or the British public or the French public is not sufficiently interested in shortening the hours of Lascar labor aboard ship and uplifting Japanese stokers to warrant their Governments taxing allied peoples for the wherewithal to effect such amelioration. There may be sufficient interest, unlikely as it seems. But those publics, which fought the war through to make the world safe for democracy, surely are opposed to any move which would tend to hinder the goods and ideals, the experiences and inspirations of our democratic and industrial civilization from reaching the far corners of the earth. Although the odds are all against the project working out in practice, after all that is not the primary objection. A very clumsy contrivance can be made to work if enough power is put behind it; and the Allies unquestionably possess power, more power than ever yet was concentrated since the world began. But ethics should rule the hour of victory. Mr. Hurley's proposal to standardize marine traffic on the basis of highest standards and highest costs is one of the things that should not be tried.

It is highly significant that cabled reports of Mr. Hurley's progress toward arranging for the return of our troops and the provisioning of Europe carry no word of the standardizing of labor conditions on the high seas. Let us hope the omission denotes a change of heart and opinion, induced by contact with the masters of British shipping who have learned in the hard school of action that attempting to restrict the freedom of seas in peace is a thankless task in which humanity pays dear for miserably meagre results.

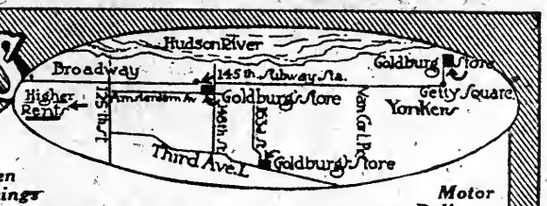
Mother Didn't Know Him.

Three years' absence and an army uniform can make a considerable change in a young man, in the opinion of the Fulton Gazette, and the reason for thinking it is that Mrs. J. W. Robertson of Fulton recently failed to recognize her own son, Lieutenant John W. Robertson, when he came home after an absence of that length of time. When he was mustered out he decided to surprise the folks at home and did not wire he was coming. At a town near Mexico he saw his mother in the crowd about to enter the train and assisted her on, and was thanked by her without the slightest sign of recognition. It was some minutes later before she finally knew him.—Kansas City Times.

The Story of a Fire.

Just as soon as a reporter begins in the department of journalism at the University of Kansas, says The Kansan, he is instructed to begin every story with the most important fact. A cub was recently given the assignment to cover a fire at the Sigma Nu House. When the story was turned in it began: "Because one of the Sigma Nus went to his room to study, the fire was discovered."—Kansas City Star.

GOLDBURG'S LOW RENTS MAKE THESE VALUES BEST

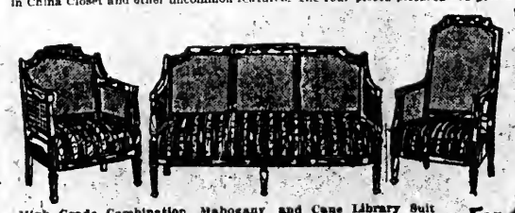


Open Evenings — Easy to Reach — 3 Stores Out of the High Rent Districts. Washington Heights Store, Amsterdam Ave., Cor. 148th St. Bronx Store, Third Ave., Cor. 163d St. Yonkers Store, 16-18 Warburton Ave. — Motor Delivery

Tenth Genuine February Sale N-O-W
Real Reductions of 18% to 30%, Some 50%

Twin bed suit of particularly high-grade construction. Seven matched pieces, made of the most select American walnut, obtainable. Dust-proof construction, mahogany interiors. The Queen Anne Period Style has been very pleasingly adapted. As pictured $269

A delightful reproduction of transition period, favoring the Italian Renaissance. Made only of the very choicest American Walnut. Notice the pleasing 4 front legs on the Buffet and 6 on the Table, the overlaid panels of matched grain, large drawer in China Closet and other uncommon features. The four pieces pictured are priced $210



High Grade Combination Mahogany and Cane Library Suit of three pieces, with full spring seats, covered in choice of blue, black or mulberry damask. The Adam period style is charmingly presented. Neat carvings. Three pieces $158

Our Generous Terms

$35 Worth, Pay	50c Week		$250 Worth, Pay	$3.50 Week	
75	"	$1.00	"	300	"	4.50	"
100	"	1.50	"	500	"	7.50	"
200	"	2.50	"	And So on Up to $5,000			

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Cowperthwait & Sons

Uptown Store—3rd Ave. & 121st St.

Start Housekeeping Next Week

You can do it and enjoy a well furnished home from the very first day. A whole houseful of new furnishings cost no more than the extra price of boarding. And you gain that tremendous satisfaction of using your own things, arranged the way you want them.

It is all done just as easy as buying a Liberty Bond. Your credit is as good with us as it is with the Government. Furniture today is a first-class investment, too.

You never felt pinched buying a Liberty Bond, and you would notice the cost of furniture even less. Here at Cowperthwait & Sons credit has been developed to a point where it involves no red tape, nor waiting, nor investigating. People who want a home of their own are A-1 with us as soon as they reach our stores.

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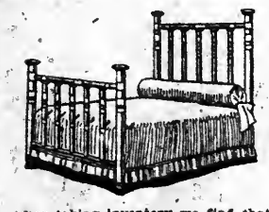
We ask no deposit whatever from men in the service or those just mustered out, their mothers, wives or wives-to-be, before delivering what they order here. Come in and ask how this works.

Harlem Store Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

Three Piece Bedroom Suite

These are three fine pieces, beautifully made throughout of best grade American Walnut. The wood is very carefully selected and has a beautiful grain. The four-post Bed is full size. The Chiffonier top measures 20x37 inches. The Dresser top measures 46x22 inches, and the Mirror 32x28 inches. This splendid suite is a big bargain, and our price is $149.00

Brass Bed Overstock Sale



After taking inventory we find that we are overstocked on the attractive heavy brass bed pictured above. This is an unusually attractive model. It has 2-inch posts and 1¼-inch fillers. This bed is a beauty and the price we are selling it at is way under its real value. 4 ft. and 4.6 sizes. Special while they last $29.50

Quartered Oak Dining Room Table

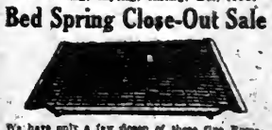
This massive table has a quartered oak plank top. The width of the top is forty-five inches and extends to six feet. It is beautifully polished, finely finished and well made throughout. Price only $24.50

Cowperthwait & Sons
Rugs and Carpets

2x4 Crex Rugs	$1.10
27x54 Cork Bath Rugs	2.75
4x7 Rag Rugs (plain colors)	4.50
7.6x10.6 Rag Rugs (plain colors)	10.95
9.0x10.6 Axminster Rugs	46.50
China Matting, (best grade), a yd.	.55
45-in. Cocoa Matting, (plain green,) a yd.	1.25
54-in. Rubber Matting, (corrugated,) a yd.	2.25
Wilton Carpet Hassocks	1.25
Bissell's Vaccum Sweepers	2.50
Mottled Velvet Carpet, a yd.	1.35
22½ in. x 15 ft. Axm. Tracker	14.25
36 in. x 12 ft. Axm. Tracker	18.75
Plain Brown Linoleum, Grade A, a yd.	2.25

All sewing, laying, lining, &c., free.

Bed Spring Close-Out Sale



We have only a few dozen of these fine Roma-link fabric springs left, and we are closing them out at a big sacrifice to make room for regular stock. This spring has twenty-eight "helical" coil springs at each end. It is finished in gray. Comes in 4 foot and 4 foot 6 inch width. Hundreds of these springs have been sold for $8.75. To close them out we are offering the few we have on hand for only $3.95

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PURITANISM AS SEQUEL TO BAN ON ALCOHOL

Lawyer's Prediction That There Will Be a Reaction if Enthusiasts Are Permitted to Enact Extreme Restrictive Measure

H. GERALD CHAPIN, lawyer and writer on legal questions, regards the passage of the prohibition amendment as only the first of a series of restrictions of personal liberty in the United States. This, he adds, is a deplorable situation, a state of affairs which must be fought. But his suggestion for a plan of campaign does not urge a struggle against the enforcement of the amendment by any means, or the gathering of any forces in battle array against legislation, however radical, that may infringe the personal freedom of the American citizen. Mr. Chapin calls his fellows to a line of procedure quite the opposite.

"Let us deal with the situation," he suggests, "on the analogy of the runaway horse. Give him a free head. Let him run himself up hill and down dale until he is worn out and stops from exhaustion. Let him run his legs off!

"In plainer terms, let us fight for our personal liberty by giving a free hand to the forces that are working for its restriction. In the very nature of things, these forces will be carried to extremes where a reaction will set in, and the danger of permanent infringement upon personal liberty in this country will have died away."

Mr. Chapin's opposition to the Federal prohibition law is based, he explains, solely on this ground of personal liberty. But, as an authority on legal problems, he sees no possibility of making a successful fight against the constitutionality of the amendment, nor does he expect it ever to be repealed. His present concern is not with combating prohibition, but with meeting the situation which, in the country's present mood, he believes must be the prohibition amendment's result. If that situation is met, as he suggests, however, Mr. Chapin believes that the prohibition law, as a Federal statute, will become a dead letter, and that the question of prohibition will become, through the enforcement or non-enforcement of the national law, once more a State or local issue.

"I want to say in the first place," he remarked the other day, "that I am by no means speaking as an advocate of the liquor interests. I am not interested in this as a question of liquor or no-liquor. From my point of view that is immaterial. The thing that makes it so hard to enter any protest at present against any feature of the prohibition movement, however high-handed, is that one is at once accused of speaking for the liquor interests, and called all sorts of names generally. Now I have nothing to do with that side of it. I am gravely concerned with what I believe will be the inevitable results of the passage of the Federal prohibition amendment at this particular time. I think we must look for a long series of high-handed infringements upon personal liberty in this country, in the form of State legislation which is expressly permitted in the terms of the prohibition amendment, and which the anti-saloon people are openly planning at the present time.

"In the present mood of the country it would be a mistake to combat this movement—or these infringements upon our liberty—by trying to prevent the passage of such laws, or attempting to evade their enforcement. I am convinced that we must go at it the other way about, and depend upon the sane psychology of reaction.

"For we must keep in mind the fact that the country is in an abnormal state of mind. For a year and a half we were under the strain and tension of war, and the war ended in the twinkling of an eye, to the total surprise of the country at large. Most people's minds move slowly, and we are still to a great extent keyed up to the war's tension. Having got in the mood for willing sacrifice, the people are still in that mood. During the war we had to make sacrifices, and we made them gladly. Laws were passed that restricted personal liberty, and under wartime conditions and the necessity of subordinating everything else to the winning of the war, these restrictions were perfectly proper. But I hope I shall not be misunderstood when I say that while the espionage law, for example, was entirely proper as a war emergency, it would be a grave misfortune to perpetuate such restrictive measures in our national life. However that may be, the fact remains that the country is now in a peculiar mood of willingness to accept restrictions upon the liberty of the individual.

"The prohibition amendment prohibits the 'manufacture, sale, or transportation' of intoxicating liquors, and adds that 'Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.' The restrictive measures that I expect will not be Federal but State laws, and I am convinced that we are in for a series of high-handed acts beginning with the matter of 'appropriate legislation' to enforce the Federal law. Our danger, as I see it, is not in regard to the liquor question per se, but consists in the fact that the present liquor amendment sets a precedent which marks it as only the beginning. I am convinced, of a series of infringements on personal liberty.

"For example, it is already openly proposed to pass a series of acts that will prohibit an individual's keeping or having in his possession alcoholic liquors, and as a corollary to such an act a State could readily establish the right of search. That is to say, a man's house might be entered by an officer with a search warrant, and searched throughout for intoxicating liquors!

"We are also told that acts are about to be passed prohibiting the manufacture and sale of colognes, hair tonics, and similar toilet articles that contain a certain percentage of alcohol. That leads naturally to further prohibitions governing, for example, the manufacture of shellac containing a certain percentage of a certain kind of alcohol, and even the use of alcohol in the arts.

"One enthusiastic advocate already speaks of 'the next law' as one that will prohibit the sale of cigarettes. From that it is only a step further to a law prohibiting the use of tobacco in any form. Another enthusiast wants to close all the motion picture theatres on Sunday.

"I only mention these examples as pointing the general argument, which is this: When you once begin, where are you going to stop? The passage of the prohibition amendment contains significant features already, as in California, where the people voted wet at the last election and the State Legislature defied them and made California one of the thirty-six States that first ratified the Federal amendment and thus put through the Federal amendment; and Connecticut, one of the most conservative States in the country, where it is announced that the Legislature is about to vote for prohibition 'because every one else is.' Now, when you get such a state of mind as this of Connecticut, what is going to happen? We must bear in mind not only that the country is still in great part keyed up to the state of sacrifice and willingness to allow infringements on its liberty, but that in any such question as this the majority of people find it much easier to drift with the current. As a result of that tendency a small and vociferous body can generally sway public opinion on any proposition.

"I think that such laws as I have mentioned—the prohibition of tobacco, for example—are in very real danger of passage, not, of course, as Federal laws but as separate State legislation in various communities. I expect attempts to pass such laws in New York State. Personally, I believe that laws of the most stringent character will be passed in many parts of the country. The prohibition interests are in full control at the present time.

"Nor, in my own opinion, will the movement for the restriction of personal liberty be necessarily confined to such infringements upon the individual's life and habits. I think it may very well lead to other restrictions, such as attempts at the continuation of restrictions which have been found proper in wartime, but would be improper except in emergency, for infringements on the rights of free speech and assemblage, perhaps, or similar acts. And as the result of such restrictions, I think there may very well be upheavals and labor disturbances in the sections where such laws are enforced. I believe, however, that the good sense of the country will not permit of going too far in that direction, just as I believe that the good sense of the American laboring men is too great to make Bolshevism a real menace to our country. What I expect is sporadic disturbance and local restrictive laws.

"Now the question for us to face is how to deal with the situation. Prohibition is here. I believe the Federal amendment to be entirely constitutional, and I do not think that it is ever likely to be repealed. But the whole movement of infringement on personal liberty, growing out of the passage of the Federal prohibition amendment, is something that we must face squarely and combat in the best possible way. My suggestion for combating it is based on simple, logical human psychology. The best figure, I think, is that of the runaway horse."

Mr. Chapin explained his parallel, and continued: "We cannot at the present time control this movement for the restriction of personal liberty. We must deal with the situation, but we cannot hope to deal with it that way. We must take the opposite tack—if people want restriction, let us give it to them! My own idea is that all these restrictive laws should be favored. Let us out-Herod Herod—and then the pendulum will swing back to liberty again.

"The weakness in the position of those who assail personal liberty," Mr. Chapin went on, "is that such movements, whether in prohibition or in any other guise, must inevitably be subject in the end to the control of the extreme members of the party. The leaders of these various movements may—and no doubt often do—realize that the thing can be pushed too far; but when they unloose any attack upon popular liberty they unloose forces that they themselves cannot control. Moderate policies are sure to be swept aside.

"Consequently—and taking into consideration the fact of which I have already spoken, that the country is still under the spell of self-sacrifice—there is, I think, no doubt that we have got to pass through a period of restrictive legislation, and the only question for us is how we can get through it the quickest. I have already outlined my plan.

"It is impossible to predict the time it will take, in any part of the country, to get through this period of restriction, but the desirable thing is to get the most stringent laws that the most high-handed extremists want, and to have fanatics enforce them. The anti-saloon people will naturally want their officers made active in enforcing the restrictive laws. Fine! Let us have these laws enforced in the most rigid possible way. Let us have a return to absolute Puritanism. And even if other infringements upon liberty go along with that, such as the continuation of present restrictions now recognized as war emergencies, after the necessity for them has ceased to exist, even in such cases let us go ahead and give the advocates of restriction a free hand. What we should do is to join in with the advocates of 'laws with teeth'—as the enthusiasts call the legislation that they mean to have passed to follow up the prohibition amendment; and see that their strongest laws are passed and enforced. Then we shall have the reaction, and these restrictive laws will be repealed."

"But don't you think there is danger that the reaction may go too far?" Mr. Chapin was asked, and he replied with emphasis:

"No, I don't. The pendulum that is pulled far in one direction never swings quite so far back in the other. I think that in this case we need not be afraid that the reaction will lead to license. We will get personal liberty as a reaction to restriction—and that is the only way we will get it things are now.

"As for the effect that the reaction will, in my opinion, have on the prohibition law," Mr. Chapin said, in answer to a question, "I think it will become, as a general law, a dead letter. That is, the communities that want prohibition will enforce the law, and those that do not want it will, by general consent, disregard it. As an example, I may point out that at the present time there is a grave question whether it is not illegal in this State to open the motion-picture theatres on Sunday. In one decision up the State it was held to be illegal. But by common consent the question is not pressed, and that decision is not enforced in New York City.

"That is what I think will happen to prohibition in the sections or communities where the people do not want it. It will stand on the statute books, but its enforcement will be a local matter. And thus each community will be allowed, as it should be, to settle the prohibition question for itself."

BLIND HERO HELPED TO NEW LIFE

BACK of a gift of $5,000 just made to the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund, 590 Fifth Avenue, New York, by a well-known American, W. H. Singer, Jr., of Paris and Pittsburgh, is an unusually interesting story of a French soldier's gallantry in action, and of his pluck and indomitable energy under the handicaps of blindness and mutilation.

Marcel Gesta, before the war, was manager of a shipping concern in Algiers, with a financial interest in one of its vessels. He had a wife and two small boys. In February, 1915, Gesta was pointer of one of two first-line guns which were holding their ground in the village of Sulzern, Alsace, under terrific German fire. For forty-eight hours they stood it, while the men serving the guns—nineteen in all—were dropping about the weapons. Finally the adjutant in command signaled the artillery commander.

"I know your predicament," came the answer, "but you must hold out where you are at all costs."

They did. When at last the enemy's fire silenced the two guns all the men save Gesta were dead, and he was unconscious. A shell had fallen on the ammunition dump and the resulting explosion had killed his surviving comrades and burned him from head to foot, destroying his eyes and fingers.

Some time afterward, when his wife learned what had happened, she hurried to him in the hospital and insisted on nursing him herself. His body was one gangrened wound, so horrible that he had to be kept apart from the other injured men. But Mme. Gesta did not give way to lamentation. She set to work with the surgeons, encouraging them as well as the patient, and after a long struggle she won her fight for him with death. Her victory was aided by her husband's fortitude and will power. He bore his awful sufferings without a groan or one word of complaint.

When he had recovered sufficiently to return home his disfigurement was such that his terrified children ran from him, shrieking: "No, no! This is not our papa!"

Despite his terrible handicap, Gesta was far from considering himself down and out. With characteristic pluck he and his wife took stock of their situation and found that to begin life anew with they had $3,000 in cash acquired by the sale of his interest in the shipping concern, plus the pension of $240 a year allowed him by the French Government. They decided to go in for farming and made application for a grant of land. A stretch of sixty acres situated about 400 miles from the City of Algiers was allotted by the Colonial Service. Investigation satisfied them, however, that the land was not suitable for their purposes.

Meanwhile, their case had been called to the attention of the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund. Gesta was asked how best he could be helped.

He suggested that he should be aided in procuring land that would not eat up his little capital in getting it cleared and irrigated and submitted an itemized statement to show that he needed another $5,000 for working capital, sheds, livestock, &c., in order to start with any prospect of success.

M. Brieux, President of the Fund's French section, exerted his influence to obtain for Gesta a grant of 200 acres of suitable land beside the railroad and in the vicinity of Algiers itself, and succeeded, and Mr. Singer, who is a good friend of the fund's blind protégés, was told about the remarkable intelligence, energy, and grit of the mutilated blind man and his devoted helpmate.

In a few days a letter was received from Mr. Singer enclosing a check for $5,000 on behalf of himself and Mrs. Singer.

"I will do anything to assist Gesta and his wonderful wife," he wrote.

SHORTHAND RECORD 5 WORDS A SECOND

A NEW record for speed in shorthand writing was made on Jan. 18 by Herman J. Stich of 961 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York City, a court reporter in the Brooklyn Children's Court and teacher in the College of the City of New York, at an official competition of the Isaac Pitman Shorthand Writers' Association.

Mr. Stich took testimony from a court record dictated at the rate of 300 words a minute for five minutes and transcribed it, with only two errors for each 200 words. Other stenographers entered the competition at the rate of 300 words a minute, but none of them attempted to transcribe their notes.

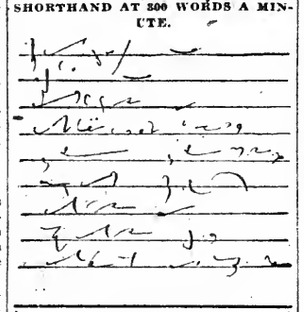
The high speed achieved in previous championships had been 280 words a minute. Most of the free-for-all speed contests since 1911 have been won by Nathan Behrin, who was not a contestant at the trial where Mr. Stich made his record.

The speed of 300 words a minute is only possible on matter taken from the court records where most of the words are monosyllables and where many of the questions and answers are stereotyped and where whole clusters of words are represented by brief symbols. Mr. Stich's record for writing "straight matter" is 200 words a minute, with five errors. This was made in an official competition where editorials from THE NEW YORK TIMES were read. One hundred and eighty words a minute has been previously considered the highest practicable speed at which difficult matter could be written in shorthand.

Mr. Stich is 25 years old, and started to learn shorthand five years ago to earn extra money while he was making his way through the College of the City of New York. In a year he could write shorthand at the rate of 120, and won a contest at that speed for writers under 21 years of age. He had made a practice of using editorials from THE NEW YORK TIMES for speed training, and now uses them regularly in his classes because of the variety of subjects and the range of vocabulary.

Mr. Stich's main device for speed training, in addition to taking dictation and speeches, had been that of writing out matter in shorthand in a notebook, leaving a space of five blank lines between the written lines. Then, beginning at the beginning, he reads the notes aloud and writes them again in shorthand on the line immediately underneath. This is repeated until the blank lines are filled. By the use of this device, the student gets practice in reading his notes at the same time that he is dictating to himself and errors or bad style in writing come to his attention and call for correction.

SHORTHAND AT 300 WORDS A MINUTE.



TRANSCRIPTION.

Q.—Did you see where the policeman went?
A.—No, Sir.
Q.—You didn't see that?
A.—No Sir.
Q.—Were there other people running?
A.—Yes, Sir.
Q.—Where was the officer when you first saw him?
A.—On the corner of the street.
Q.—He was standing there?
A.—He was standing there, and I was running towards him.
Q.—How many people were there?
A.—There was a big mob.
Q.—Were they all running?
A.—Yes, Sir.
Q.—In which direction were they running?
A.—Down the street.
Q.—Were they chasing anybody?
A.—Yes, Sir, but I couldn't see the person.

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Store Opens 9 A. M. Closes 6 P. M.

The Great Half-Yearly Sale of Furniture

Presents Much Specially Gathered Furniture of High Degree Together With Important Reductions from Our Own Rich Stocks

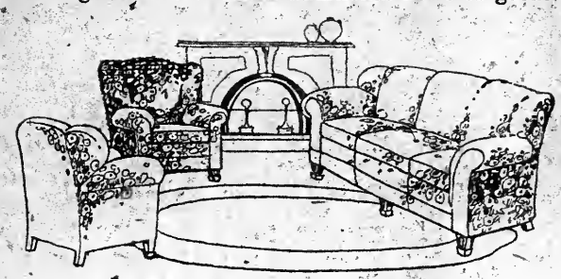
QUALITY, combined with moderate prices, has built up in the A. & S. Furniture Store one of the largest businesses of its kind in New York.

These advantages are more than ever evident in the splendid offerings that form this Half-yearly Furniture Sale—an event to which hundreds of Brooklyn homes look forward.

Careful planning is necessary nowadays to make a Furniture Sale that shall be worth while. We have worked, months ahead, with some of the best makers in America, to secure choice groups of Furniture that will not be found duplicated at their prices elsewhere; some of which are illustrated on this page.

Then we have selected many fine Suites and individual pieces from our own stocks, to bear sale prices that are much reduced.

It is a collection that ranks with our best, in point of desirability and variety of styles, and the fine savings involved. Much additional news of great interest will be announced during the coming month.



Living Room Suite, $227.00

Three pieces; luxuriously upholstered, over-stuffed winged effect; loose cushions—covering of handsome tapetsry. The pieces separately:

Sofa, $115.00. Arm Chair, $53.50. Wing Chair, $58.50.

Dining Room Suite, $310.00

Queen Anne design; ten pieces; in American walnut or mahogany veneer; oak interior, buffet with silver tray, lined and partitioned; 54-inch extension table; one arm and five side chairs with cane backs, and "Spanish" leather seats.

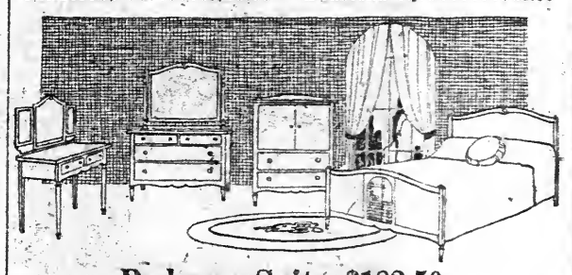
Bedroom Suite, $192.40

Queen Anne design; mahogany veneer; chifforobe with three sliding trays; dressing table with triplicate mirror; full-size bedstead. The pieces separately:

Bureau, 40-in.	$47.50	Dressing Table	$46.50
Chifforobe, 36-in	$52.50	Bedstead	$46.00

The same Suite, in American walnut veneer, at $194.00.

Bureau	$49.00	Dressing Table	$48.00
Chifforobe	$49.00	Bedstead	$48.00



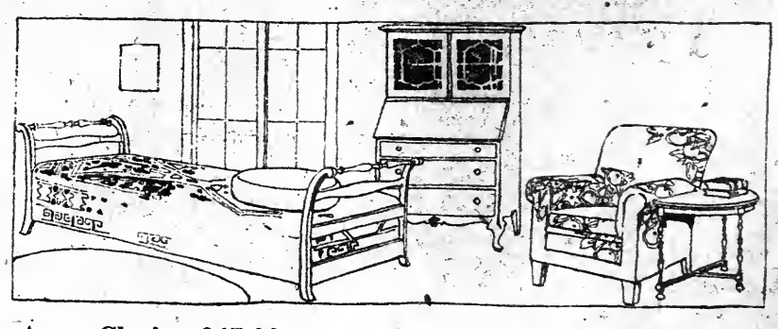
Bedroom Suite, $182.50

A handsome Suite, in mahogany or veneer; chifforobe with sliding trays; dressing table with triplicate mirror; footboard of full-size bedstead with cane panel. Separately:

Bureau, 40-in.	$45.00	Dressing Table	$42.00
Chifforobe, 36-in.	$50.00	Bedstead	$46.50

End Table, $7.50

To be placed at the side of an easy chair or the end of a sofa; holding books, a lamp, etc. Mahogany finish.



Secretary, $36.50

A graceful design, at a specially low price. Queen Anne; golden oak; latticed door, three large drawers, deep writing desk and shelves. 30 inches wide.

Easy Arm Chair, $45.00

A regular $60 grade; made in our own factory, and using only the finest springs and filling material; loose spring seat cushions; spring back; covered with an excellent grade of tapestry.

Day Bed, $32.50

This very special price cannot be equaled for lowness anywhere. These Day Beds are of our own design; frame in Colonial style; mahogany finish; spring is made in our own factory; covered with fine cretonne in a choice of patterns.

Fourth Floor, Central Building.

10,000 Yds. NEW Voiles and Ginghams 24c Yard

Fresh from the American looms, in a multitude of Spring, 1919, patterns, and offered at a price made possible by the maker's readiness to co-operate with Abraham and Straus.

The price is actually less than today's wholesale cost. Here is the opportunity to buy the materials for charming house dresses, blouses, children's frocks, and Summer gowns, at much below the season's ruling price.

The Cotton Voiles at 24c. are 39 and 40 inches wide; in floral designs, small allover effects, geometrical designs, and many others, on white and colored grounds.

The Dress Ginghams at 24c. are 27 and 32 inches wide, in handsome plaids, stripes and checks, crisp and cool; in all the desired colorings.

Subway floor, West Building.

Great Apparel Clearance Sale

All the garments included in these groups represent maximum value at minimum price—the styles, materials and colors are those best liked this season.

Women's Coats	$15.00	$19.75	$25.00
Women's Suits	$29.75	$39.75	$49.75

Formerly $39.75, $47.50, $54.75 to $69.50

Women's Dresses	$9.98	$12.98	$15.98

Some Specially Purchased

Misses' Coats—
$10.98 $23.98 $29.98 $34.98 and $39.98
Formerly $19.50, $24.98, $32.50, $46.50 to $59.98

Second floor, Central Building.

Fine Sale of Canned Vegetables

Counter Deliveries Only

3,500 Cans White Creamy Corn
2,500 Cans (No. 2) Red Ripe Tomatoes
1,272 Cans "Priscilla" Early June Peas
1,056 Cans "Priscilla" Sweet Wrinkled Peas

15c CAN

Assorted as you prefer; limit of 6 cans to a customer.
United States Food Administration License Number C03078
Third floor, West Building.

Great Monday Bargains in Brief

Electric Table Lamps, $12.98. Regularly $15.98.
Third Floor, Central Building.

A Fine Offering of Men's Shirts at $1.68.
Street Floor, East Building.

Old-Fashioned Molasses Fruit Cake, 24c. lb. Counter Deliveries Only.
United States Food Administration License Number B-14038.
Third Floor, West Building.

300 Boys' Wash Suits, $1.97.
Second Floor, West Building.

Men's Cotton Socks, 19c. Pair.
Street Floor, East Building.

Striped Outing Flannel, regularly 35c. Yard, at 29c. Yard.
Subway Floor, West Building.

White Satin-finish Bedspreads, full size, regularly $6.75, at $5.98.
Subway Floor, West Building.

No. 8500 Long Cloth, yard wide, in 10-yard lengths, regularly $4.98, at $4.48.
Street Floor, Central Building.

Stamped Ready-Made Silverware Cases, regularly 79c., at 59c.
Art Needlework Store, Third Floor, Central Building.

Novelty Flouncings, 89c. to $2.25 Yard.
Street Floor, Central Building.

White Graduation Ribbons, 5 inches wide, 39c. Yard.
Street Floor, Center, East Building.

Fast Black Mercerized Finished Sateen, 36 inches wide, regularly 59c. Yard, at 35c. Yard.
Lining Store, Street Floor, Central Bldg.

Cluny Lace Curtains, regularly $5.00 to $8.00 Pair, $3.95 to $5.95 Pair.
Third Floor, Central Building.

Suit Hangers, 14c., from 17c.
Street Floor, Central Building.

Women's Tan High Shoes, $6.95 Pair, regularly $9.95 Pair.
Second Floor, West Building.

Cotton Damask, 70 inches wide, 89c., from $1.25 Yard.
Street Floor, East Bldg., Livingston St.

New Black Chiffon Taffeta, $1.59 Yard.
Street Floor, West Building.

Men's High-Cut Storm Shoes, $6.50 Pair, from $7.95.
Third Floor, Men's Shop, East Bldg.

Sanford Seamless Luzerne Velvet Rugs, 8¼ ft. x 10½ ft., were $45.00. Now $39.50.
Third Floor, East Building.

Galloons and Insertions, were 33c. and 40c., now 25c. Yard.
Street Floor, Central Building.

All-Wool Dress Serge, $3.19 Yard, from $3.98.
Street Floor, Livingston St., West Bldg.

Men's Suits and Overcoats, $24.75.
Second Floor, Men's Shop, East Bldg.

Sale of Little Girls' Dresses, $1.98 and $2.98, for $3.25 to $4.49 Grades.
Second Floor, Babywear Store, East Bldg.

Women's Underwear, 69c. to $1.89, regularly $1.00 to $3.00.
Street Floor, Central Building.

Men's Reis "Lavender Label" Union Suits, regularly $4.00 to $8.00, at $2.98.
Street Floor, Hoyt Street.

Japanese Straw Hats, 98c., instead of $2.00.
Street Floor, East Building.

Hudson Seal Coats, $150.00 to $395.
Second Floor, Central Building.

Over 18,000 Sale Items in the Lingerie Section, 59c. to $29.98, were 76c. to $34.98.
Second Floor, East Building.

100-Piece Limoges China Dinner Sets at $47.50, regularly $59.75.
Subway Floor, Central Building.

Hemmed Sheets 2 x 2½ yards, $1.19.
Subway Floor, West Building.

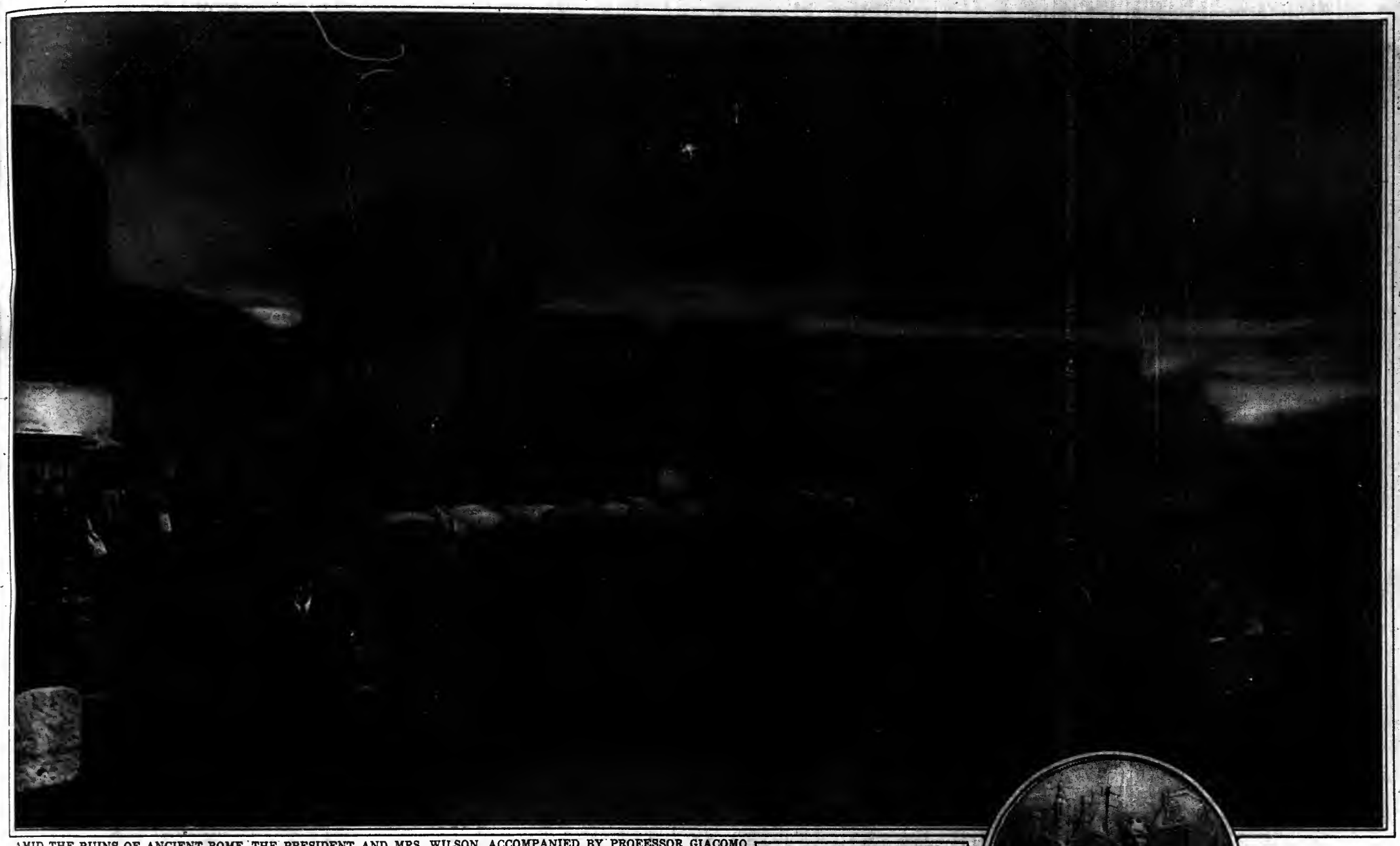
Women's Beacon Cloth Bathrobes, $5.98.
Negligee Balcony, Central Building.

Warner Rust Proof Corsets, 98c.
Second Floor, East Building.

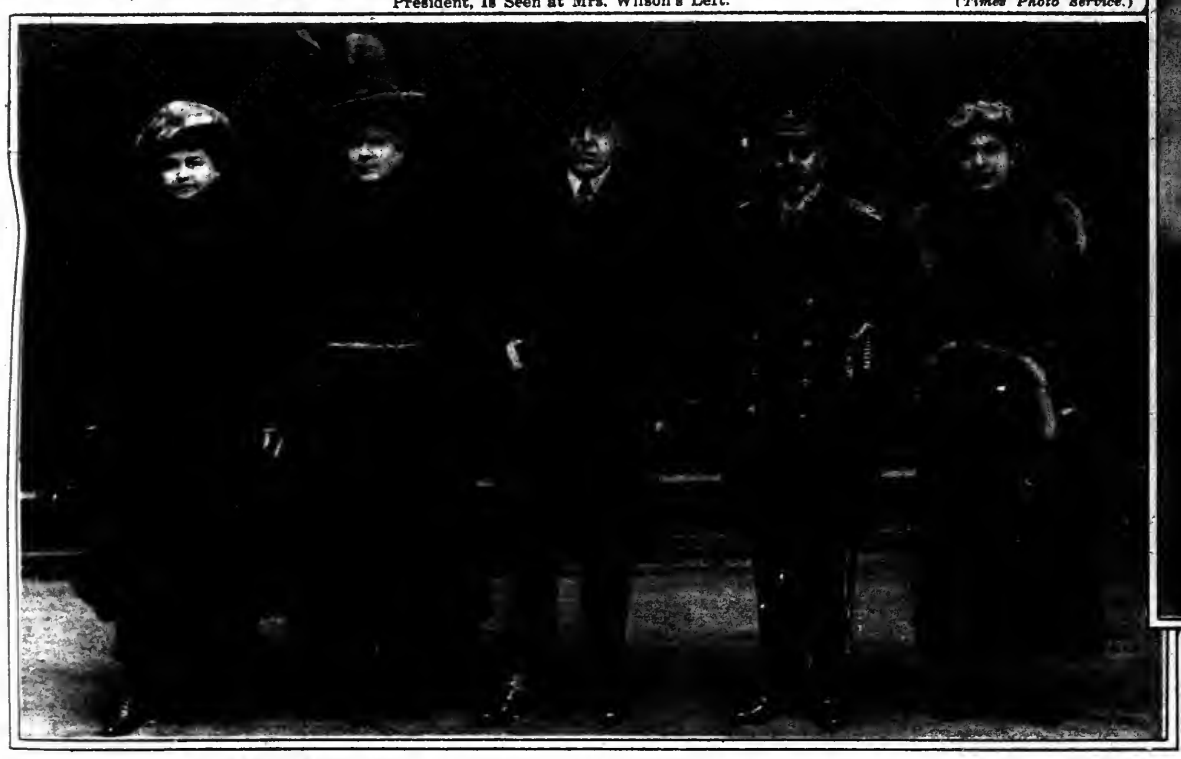
Women's Silk Poplin Skirts, $13.75.
Second Floor, Central Building.

Women's Black Cotton Stockings, 19c. Pair.
Street Floor, Central Building.

Watch for the Very Important TUESDAY BARGAINS
Which are NOT ADVERTISED but May Be Recognized by Special Signs Displayed in Various Departments Throughout the Store.



AMID THE RUINS OF ANCIENT ROME, THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. WILSON, ACCOMPANIED BY PROFESSOR GIACOMO BONI, THE FAMOUS ARCHAEOLOGIST, AND A THRONG OF DISTINGUISHED MEN OF ITALY, VISIT THE COLISEUM, THE ARCHES OF CONSTANTINE, TITUS, AND SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS.
In This Photograph the Party Is Seen Leaving the Coliseum. Professor Boni, Who Explained the Many Points of Interest to the President, Is Seen at Mrs. Wilson's Left. *(Times Photo Service.)*



A HISTORIC PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE JUST BEFORE THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. WILSON LEFT LONDON FOR THEIR RETURN TO FRANCE.
Left to Right Are: Mrs. Wilson, Queen Mary, President Wilson, King George V., and Princess Mary.
(© Central News Photo Service.)

MISS MARGARET WILSON, Daughter of the President, on a Sightseeing Tour of Rome.
(© International Film Service.)

PLAQUE PRESENTED TO PRESIDENT WILSON BY THE CITY OF PARIS.
(International Film.)

IN THE COLISEUM, PRINCE COLONNA, MAYOR OF ROME, Tells President Wilson the History of the Underground Dungeons Where the Christian Martyrs Were Imprisoned.
(Times Photo Service.)

PRESIDENT WILSON RECEIVING THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY OF LONDON
from the Lord Mayor at the Guildhall Before an Assemblage Including Some of England's Greatest Men and Women.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

PRESENTED WITH THE FREEDOM OF THE CITY OF MANCHESTER, IN AN IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY AT THE GREAT FREE-TRADE HALL, PRESIDENT WILSON RESPONDS WITH HIS HISTORIC SPEECH IN WHICH HE DECLARES THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL "JOIN NO COMBINATION OF POWER WHICH IS NOT A COMBINATION OF ALL OF US."

MR. WILSON REPLYING TO THE ADDRESS OF WELCOME from the Corporation of Dover, Where He Landed on His Historic Trip to England.
(Central News Service.)

Mrs. Wilson, Who Can Be Seen at the Extreme Right of the Photograph, Received a Special Personal Ovation.
(International Film Service.)

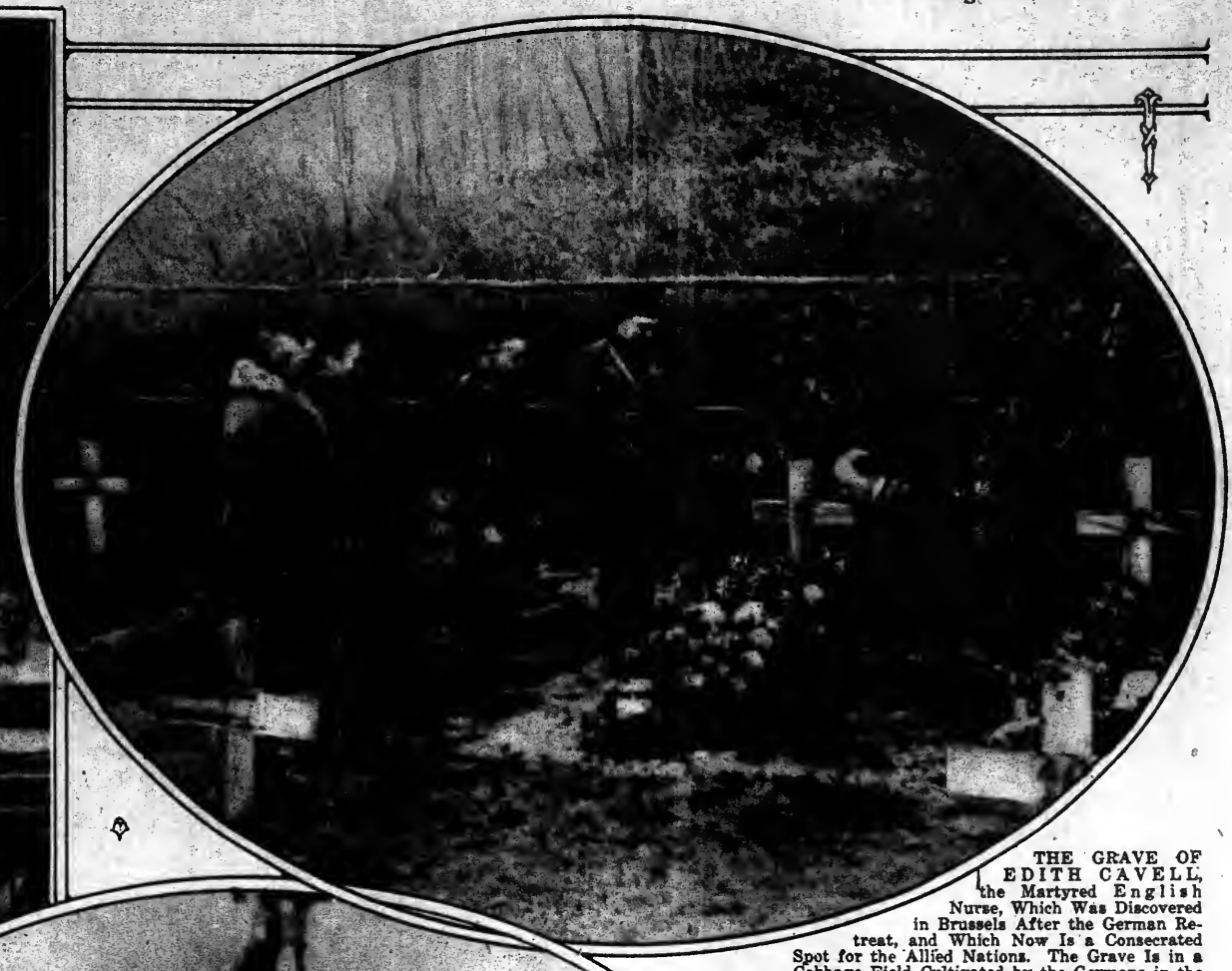
CHILDREN STREWING FLOWERS in the Path of President Wilson as He Arrives at Dover.
(© International Film Service.)

RETURNED AMERICAN PRISONERS OF WAR
Inspected by the President at Buckingham Palace.
(© Western Newspaper Union.)

THE PRESIDENT DOFFING HIS HAT to the Cheering Throng at the Cotton Exchange in Manchester.
(International Film Service.)

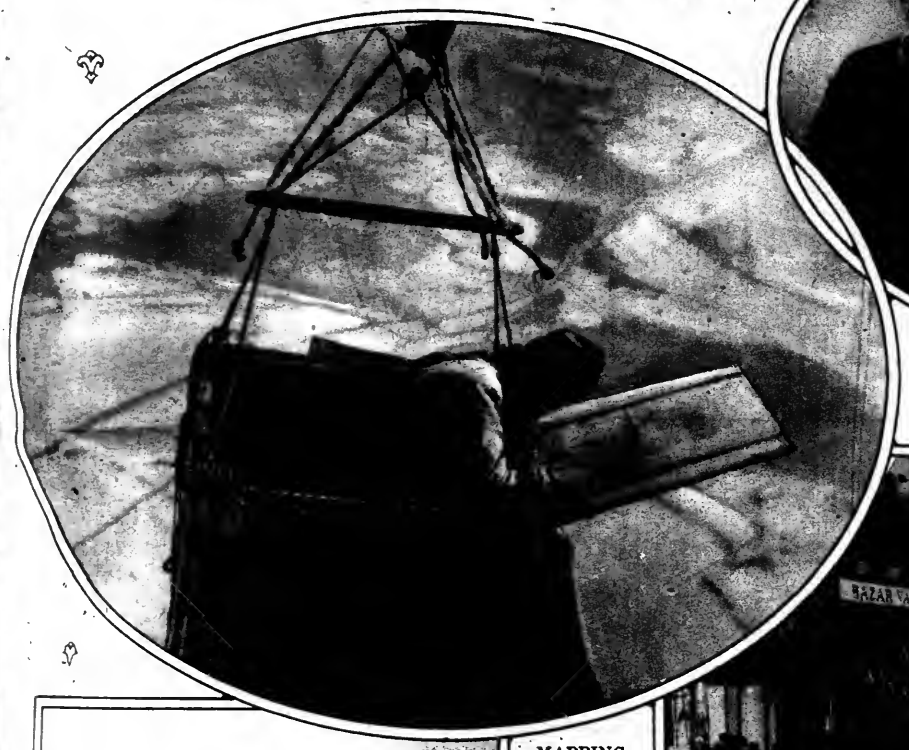
ON THE PIER AT MANCHESTER, MRS. WILSON RECEIVING A BOUQUET from the Daughter of Captain Bacon, Chairman of the Directors of the Ship Canal, Just Before the Presidential Party Started on an Hour's Cruise of the Canal.
(Central News Service.)

NOTRE DAME BACK TO ITS PRE-WAR GLORY
as the Last of the Sandbags Which Protected the Cathedral from German Air Raids Is Removed. *(International Film Service.)*



THE GRAVE OF EDITH CAVELL, the Martyred English Nurse, Which Was Discovered in Brussels After the German Retreat, and Which Now Is a Consecrated Spot for the Allied Nations. The Grave Is in a Cabbage Field Cultivated by the Germans in the National Shooting Grounds of Brussels. The Figure 5 Is the Only Identification Mark on the Cross. This Photograph Shows a Group of American Red Cross Men Placing a Wreath on the Mound.

GENERAL TASKER H. BLISS and a Group of French Officers Watching the Laying of the Corner Stone of the Wilbur Wright Monument at Le Mans, France. *(International Film Service.)*



INTERNED ALLIED PRISONERS
Leading a Demonstration in Front of the French Consulate at Lausanne, Switzerland, Just Before Their Repatriation to Their Home Countries. *(© Underwood & Underwood.)*

PROFESSOR JEFFERSON B. FLETCHER, of Columbia University, Receives the Distinguished Service Cross for His Work as Commanding Officer of Sanitary Service Unit No. 515.

At the Age of 53, Professor Fletcher Enlisted as a Private in the American Ambulance Service with the French Army and Won a Commission as Lieutenant for Heroism Under Fire. He Also Has Received the Croix de Guerre with Three Separate Citations. *(International Film Service.)*

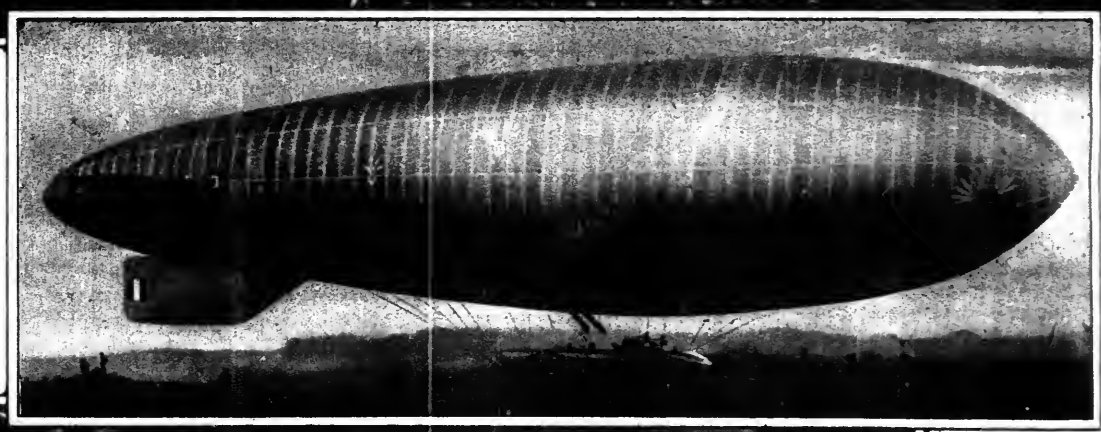
THE START OF A HALF MILE DESCENT in a Parachute from an American Observation Balloon Hit by German Airplanes at the Verdun Front.

MAPPING GERMAN BATTERIES in Action on the Soissons-Rheims Front from an Altitude of 2,600 Feet Was This American Balloon Observer's Task.

THE ENTIRE ALLIED ARMISTICE COMMISSION AT THE LUDENDORFF VILLA AT SPA, THE FORMER GERMAN HEADQUARTERS.
(Central News Photo Service.)

LIKE A GREAT FLOCK OF BIRDS, 212 AIRPLANES FROM ROCKWELL FIELD MANOEUVRED FOR TWO HOURS OVER SAN DIEGO, CAL., AND LANDED WITHOUT AN ACCIDENT.

(© Kearney Photo Service, from Western Newspaper Union.)



THE GREAT NAVY DIRIGIBLE C-1,
Said to be the Largest Balloon of Its Kind in America, Which Has Just Completed a Flight from the Rockaway Naval Air Station to Key West, Fla., Carrying Six Men.

(Underwood & Underwood.)

THE KING OF ENGLAND VISITING THE GRAVE OF HIS COUSIN, PRINCE MAURICE OF BATTENBERG,
Who Fell While Leading His Men in Flanders During the First Year of the War. The Grave Is Near Ypres.

(Underwood & Underwood ©)

OFFICERS OF THE ALLIED POWERS AWARDED THE D. S. M. BY SECRETARY BAKER.

In the Group, Left to Right, Are: Major Leon Osterrieth, Head of the Belgian Military Commission; Brig. Gen. Louis Collardet, French Military Attache; Major Gen. J. E. W. Headlam of the British Artillery Commission in Washington, Major Gen. J. D. McLachlan, British Military Attache, and Major Gen. Emilio Guglielmotti, Italian Military Attache.

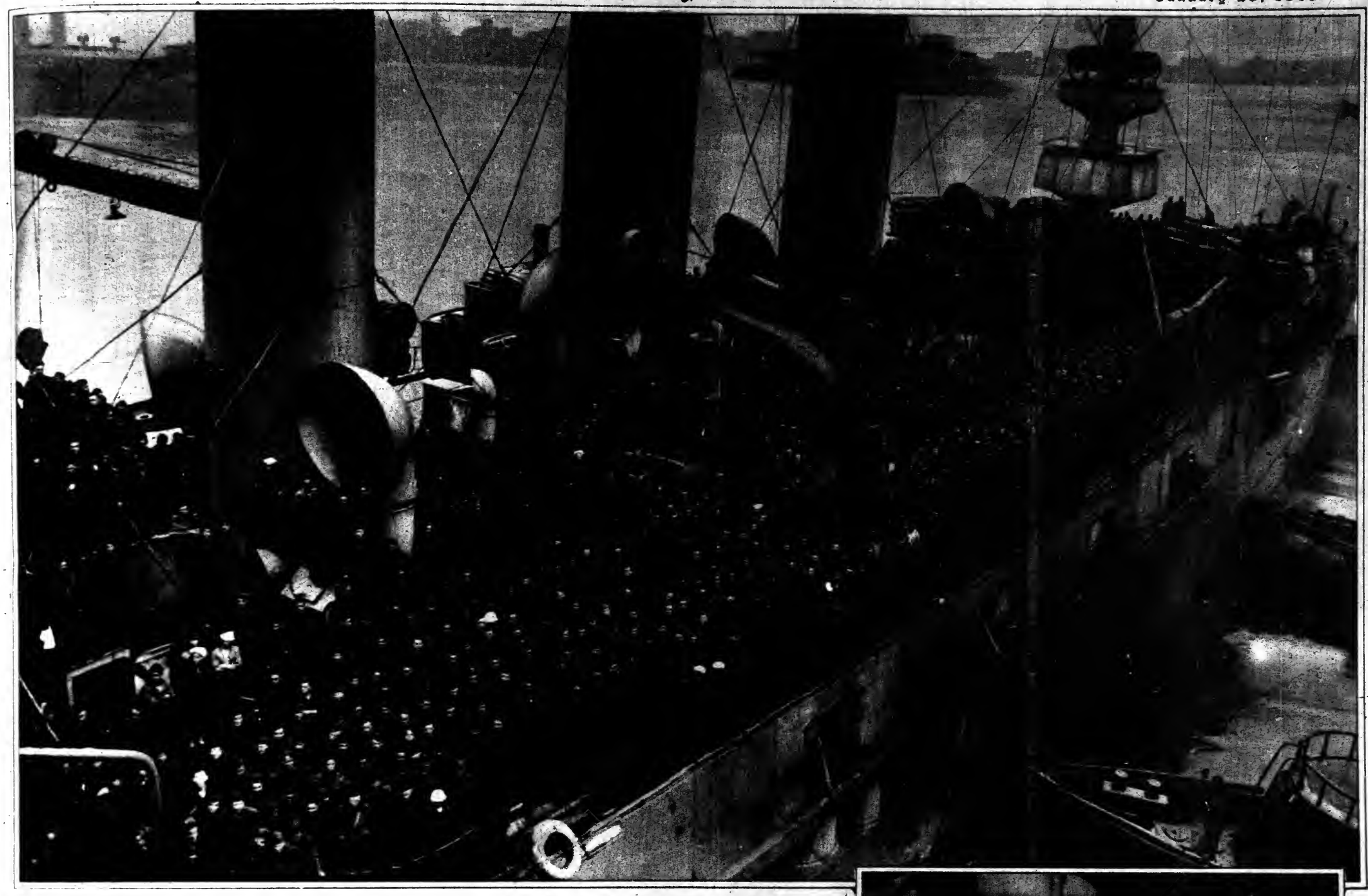
(© International Film Service.)

GENERAL LOUIS BOTHA ARRIVING IN LONDON
for Conferences on Peace with British Leaders, Inspecting the Guard of Honor Which Was Furnished by the 2nd South African Regiment. On the Left is the Regimental Mascot, a Springbok.

(Central News.)

BRITISH CIVILIAN PRISONERS,
Released from Internment in the Notorious Camp, ..ben, Near Berlin, Taking Their Many Effects with Them to the Railway Station.

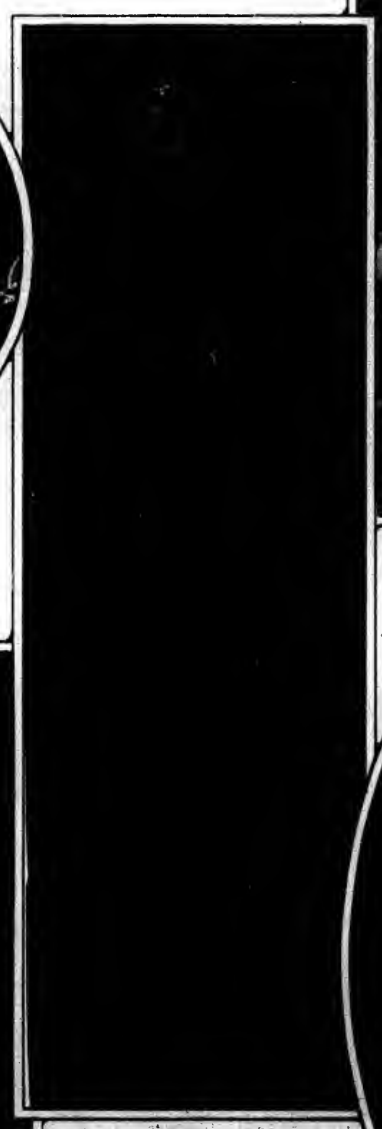
(© Underwood & Underwood.)



GLAD TO SEE NEW YORK AFTER AN EXCEPTIONALLY ROUGH TRIP, THE 56TH REGIMENT, COAST ARTILLERY, OF NEW ENGLAND, RETURNING ABOARD THE BATTLESHIP SOUTH DAKOTA.
(Times Photo Service.)

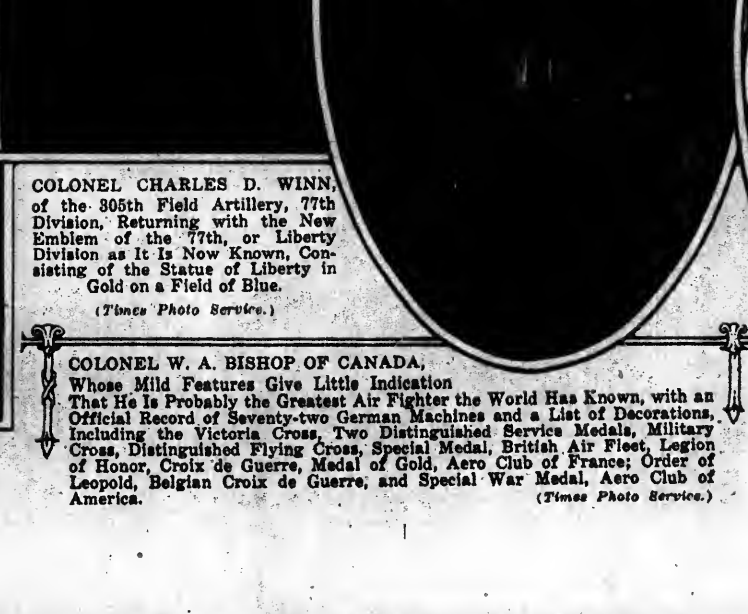
WELCOMING WILLIAM G. McADOO TO LOS ANGELES, Douglas Fairbanks Presents a Wild West Demonstration in His Honor. Mrs. McAdoo Is Shown on the Left of the Former Secretary.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

MISS NETTIE ELIZABETH JONSTON,
Army Nurse, Wounded While on Duty in France, Returning Aboard the Hospital Ship Comfort.
(© International Film Service.)



COLONEL CHARLES D. WINN, of the 305th Field Artillery, 77th Division, Returning with the New Emblem of the 77th, or Liberty Division as It Is Now Known, Consisting of the Statue of Liberty in Gold on a Field of Blue.
(Times Photo Service.)

TALKING BY RADIOPHONE ATOP THE EQUITABLE BUILDING WITH AVIATORS FLYING ABOVE LOWER MANHATTAN.
The Ceremonies Were Part of the Opening of the 1919 War Savings Drive. In the Group, Left to Right, Are: Brig. Gen. Wm. A. Mann, Major Gen. D. C. Shanks, Geo. C. Tuyl, Jr., Major Gen. Thomas Barry, and R. A. C. Smith.
(Times Photo Service.)



COLONEL W. A. BISHOP OF CANADA,
Whose Mild Features Give Little Indication That He Is Probably the Greatest Air Fighter the World Has Known, with an Official Record of Seventy-two German Machines and a List of Decorations, Including the Victoria Cross, Two Distinguished Service Medals, Military Cross, Distinguished Flying Cross, Special Medal, British Air Fleet, Legion of Honor, Croix de Guerre, Medal of Gold, Aero Club of France; Order of Leopold, Belgian Croix de Guerre, and Special War Medal, Aero Club of America.
(Times Photo Service.)

ARCHBISHOP BONAVENTURE CERRETTI,
PAPAL UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE,
Arriving in New York Bearing a Message from Pope Benedict XV. Acclaiming America's Principles of Freedom in the War.
(Underwood & Underwood.)

OPENING OF THE CANADIAN WAR MEMORIAL PAINTINGS EXHIBITION by Sir Robert Borden at the Royal Academy in London. Seated, Left to Right, Are: Lord Beaverbrook, Sir George Foster, Sir Robert Borden, Sir E. Kemp, Sir George Perley, and Lieut. Gen. E. W. Turner.

COMMANDER THE HON. ALEXANDER RAMSAY, Who Will Marry Princess Patricia, Daughter of the Duke of Connaught and Cousin of King George. (© International Film Service.)

HAMPTON BRUSHWOOD WINTER WONDER, the Chinchilla Cat Which Won the Highest Honors at the Empire Cat Club's Show, Owned by Miss Ellen V. Celty of East Cleveland, Ohio. (Times Photo Service.)

(Central News.)

MARY GARDEN, as the Duchess of Athens in the Chicago Opera Company's Forthcoming Production of "Gismonda," at the Lexington Theatre. (© Moffett.)

LITTLE MARIE VERNON in George M. Cohan's New Comedy, "A Prince There Was," at the Cohan Theatre. (Campbell Studio.)

NORA BAYES in "Ladies First," at the Nora Bayes Theatre. (Abbe.)

ON THE SANDS AT PALM BEACH FOR THE OPENING OF THE SOCIAL SEASON IN THE SOUTH.
They Are: Henry and Barbara Bingham, Children of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Payne Bingham of Cleveland, and, in the Centre, "Merty" Rutherfurd, Son of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Rutherfurd of New York. (© International Film Service.)

The Faces of Fair Women

Thousands of society women appreciate that when the lights are bright their complexions must be faultlessly fair and fresh. They have learned to enhance and preserve their complexion by the daily use of

DAGGETT & RAMSDELL'S PERFECT COLD CREAM
"The Kind That Keeps"

Its effect upon the skin is soothing, cleaning and refreshing.

Tubes and Jars, 10c to $1.50. Send a tube to a soldier or sailor. It is a comfort they need and will appreciate.

Poudre Amourette: The powder that adds a final touch of softness to the skin. Looks natural, stays on. Flesh, white, brunette, 50c. Both D. & R. Perfect Cold Cream and Poudre Amourette may be obtained of your dealer or by mail of us.

Two Samples Free.

Generous Samples of Perfect Cold Cream and Poudre Amourette on request.

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D. & R. Building New York

Conspicuous Nose Pores

How to Reduce Them Treatment for this trouble given in the 20-page booklet wrapped with every cake of *Woodbury's Facial Soap*. For sale at all toilet counters.

DOOMED

On city streets leather heels are obsolete as sandals—O'Sullivan's Heels absorb the shocks that tire you out.

Model illustrated is No. 207 — Complete with White Organdie collars and cuffs; fast black cotton alpaca; smartly shaped, skillfully tailored; all seams reinforced. Sizes 34 to 46.

DIX-MAKE UNIFORMS

are the product of the finest organization, devoted to making Uniforms.

Only years of experience, infinite care in manufacture and constant regard for details could result in uniforms of Dix-Make, unvarying quality and reliability.

On sale at the better department stores. Catalog A together with list of dealers on request.

We are also makers of the "Dix-Make" house and porch dresses.

Henry A. Dix & Sons Co.,
Dix Building, New York, U. S. A.

LAUN-DRY-ETTE ELECTRIC WASHING MACHINE

Only machine that will
WASH AND DRY CLOTHES
in the Same Tub
WITHOUT A WRINGER

Just think, an entire day's wash done in less than an hour. 1½c. per hour to run. All Copper. No Rust. Demonstrations in Our Showroom.

Send for Book T.

INSIST ON A "LAUN-DRY-ETTE"

LAUN-DRY-ETTE SALES CO.
24 W. 37 ST.
Tel. 4556 GREELEY

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National Method of HAIR TREATMENT and HERBEX HAIR TONICS will save your hair. Send description of your hair condition and I will advise treatment and tonics. Ask for new booklet T. "Healthy Hair."

FRANK PARKER Hair and Scalp SPECIALIST
51 WEST 37TH ST., N. Y.

MELLES
450 FIFTH AVENUE
Between 39th and 40th Streets
Over Mirror Candy Store

New Model
SERGE DRESS 15.00

Exceptionally smart all wool navy blue serge tailored dress, trimmed with Soutache braid and buttons; sizes 16 to 20 years, 34 to 44 bust, offering exceptional value at $15.00.

Mail Orders Filled
Postage Prepaid

"Lighting Fixtures of Merit"
HEATHER

An Artistically decorated and well furnished room demands lighting of equal merit.
VISIT OUR SHOWROOMS
Convenient Location
Send 10c. in stamps for "New" and valuable illustrated Catalogue "E"
The R. C. HEATHER CO.
19 West 36th St., near 5th Ave.

STRAIGHTEN YOUR TOES BANISH THAT BUNION

ACFIELD'S Perfection Toe-Spring. Worn nights; with free day appliance. Removes actual cause of Bunions and enlarged joints. Any other foot troubles? Write or call

C. R. ACFIELD, Foot Specialties
MARBRIDGE BUILDING,
Dept. 269, 1328 B'way (at 35th), N. Y.

No Need to Sacrifice Fashion for comfort. Get Jack's Podie Arch Shoes. They grip (not the purse) the Foot.

Patent with Kid Top or all Satin Finish Dull Kid Button Boot, $12.00. Black Suede $12.50
No Mail Orders.
SHOE SHOP
154 W. 45 St., N. Y. Jack's Op. Lyceum Th. Estab. 1880.

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FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK

NEW SPRING
AFTERNOON
FROCK

May be had in Satin, Serge or Velour, all Shades. $35.00

Mail Orders are as satisfactory as Personal Transactions.

HAMILTON'S
ADVANCE SPRING MODELS IN SILK AND CLOTH DRESSES

Crepe Meteor $24.95

FINAL CLEARANCE OF COATS SUITS & DRESSES

Our beautiful New Spring Catalog is now ready and will be sent out of town on request. Address Dept. 1A.

HAMILTON GARMENT CO.
307 Fifth Ave., Near 32nd St., N.Y.

MAURICE ADAMS
"Ecriyam"
Gowns

Entirely Without Fasteners

Ideal for every purpose and every wear—morning, afternoon, evening, indoors and out—for women who insist upon a combination of *chic* and *comfort*.

Worn by Leaders in the World of Fashion and Affairs

The "Queen" (London) says: The "Ecriyam" Maternity Gowns Are Positively Perfection.

Maternity Evening Gowns a Specialty

Mail Orders filled with absolute satisfaction. Write for Booklet 8.

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For all fine laundering

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Fitting The Narrow Foot
Widths AAAA, AAA, AA, A, B & C
All sizes including 8½, 9, 9½, 10

SALE ShoeCraft Footwear is now on sale at 20% discount—see advertisement in main section of this paper. Fifteen beautiful models for Spring; all sizes.

MAJORIO—A handsome brown calfskin service boot, made on a feminine edition of the famous Munson army last. Now reduced for the first time from $10 to $8

Post prepaid. Fit guaranteed. Send for Sale Folder A-26 and Measurement Charts.

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George Washington by Rembrandt Peale (1778-1860) Size of Canvas 30"x25"

This portrait of George Washington was considered the best by his contemporaries and was justly the most popular.

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It is attractively and conveniently arranged, with pictures and text, and we feel sure that it will help you in planning your vegetable or flower garden.

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For *cleansing*, one cream—For protection, an entirely *different* cream

To give your skin the loveliness it should have, two entirely different creams are needed—an oil cream for cleansing, and a non oily cream for protection

THE skin is constantly being toughened and coarsened by its daily exposure to wind and dirt. Unless you take care to cleanse it thoroughly of all impurities at night and to protect it properly during the day, you deliberately sacrifice the clear, fresh-looking complexion you could so easily have.

Cleanse the skin each night

Particularly at the end of a windy, dusty day pores of your skin are filled with fine particles of grime and dirt. To make the skin clear and fine-textured, it must be kept thoroughly cleansed.

Before going to bed cleanse the skin liberally with Pond's Cold Cream. The soothing, *refreshed* feeling will be noticeable at once.

You will find Pond's Cold Cream a perfect oil cream for massage as well as for cleansing.

Protect your skin all winter

Every woman who cares about her appearance knows that in cold winter days the skin must be especially protected to prevent its becoming rough, red and chapped. You can protect your skin from wind and cold, can keep it soft and smooth by applying a little Pond's Vanishing Cream just before you go out.

Rub it lightly into your skin. At once it disappears without leaving a trace of disagreeable shine. By taking this simple precaution, you can keep your skin lovely all winter.

The very first application will show you how much your skin is benefited.

Pond's Vanishing Cream is wholly different from any other cream you have ever used. It contains no oil and cannot make the skin shiny.

Keep Pond's Vanishing Cream where you can get at it often during the day

The nightly cleansing and massage with Pond's Cold Cream keep the skin clear and smooth

AT a moment's notice, whenever you want your skin to look its best, Pond's Vanishing Cream brings it new freshness. As a protection, too, you should apply a little just before going out into the cold. It prevents roughening and keeps the skin fair and soft.

Famous women who use it

Billie Burke, Frances Starr, Martha Hedman, Elsie Janis, Norma Talmadge, Marion Davies, Mabel Taliaferro, Marjorie Rambeau, and others of the most famous women of the stage, use Pond's Vanishing Cream constantly.

All of the ingredients of Pond's Cold Cream and Pond's Vanishing Cream have been carefully selected and tested. Only the purest and freshest are used. Neither cream will grow hair or down on the skin. Try them both for a week and notice how much lovelier your skin looks.

Free sample tubes

Tear out and mail the coupon today and we will send you sample tubes of each cream free. Or for 10c to cover postage, packing, etc., we will send you larger tubes of both creams, containing enough to last two weeks. Send for them today.

Address Pond's Extract Company, 142-U Hudson Street, New York City.

If you live in Canada send for your samples to the Pond's Extract Company, 142-U, Brock Avenue, Toronto, Canada.

MAIL THIS COUPON TODAY

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 142-U Hudson St., New York
Please send me, free, the items checked:
A free sample of Pond's Vanishing Cream
A free sample of Pond's Cold Cream
Instead of the free samples, I desire the items checked below, for which I enclose the required amount to cover postage, packing, etc.:
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A 5c sample of Pond's Cold Cream

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You can get Pond's Cold Cream in either the tube or the jar

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CREME ELCAYA
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REDUCE YOU AS DOUBLE CHIN

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in High Quality, High Top Boots.
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1919 Acousticon DICTOGRAPH
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No Deposit—No Expense

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The "Acousticon" has improvements and patented features which cannot be duplicated, so no matter what you have tried in the past, send for your free trial of the "Acousticon" today and convince yourself.

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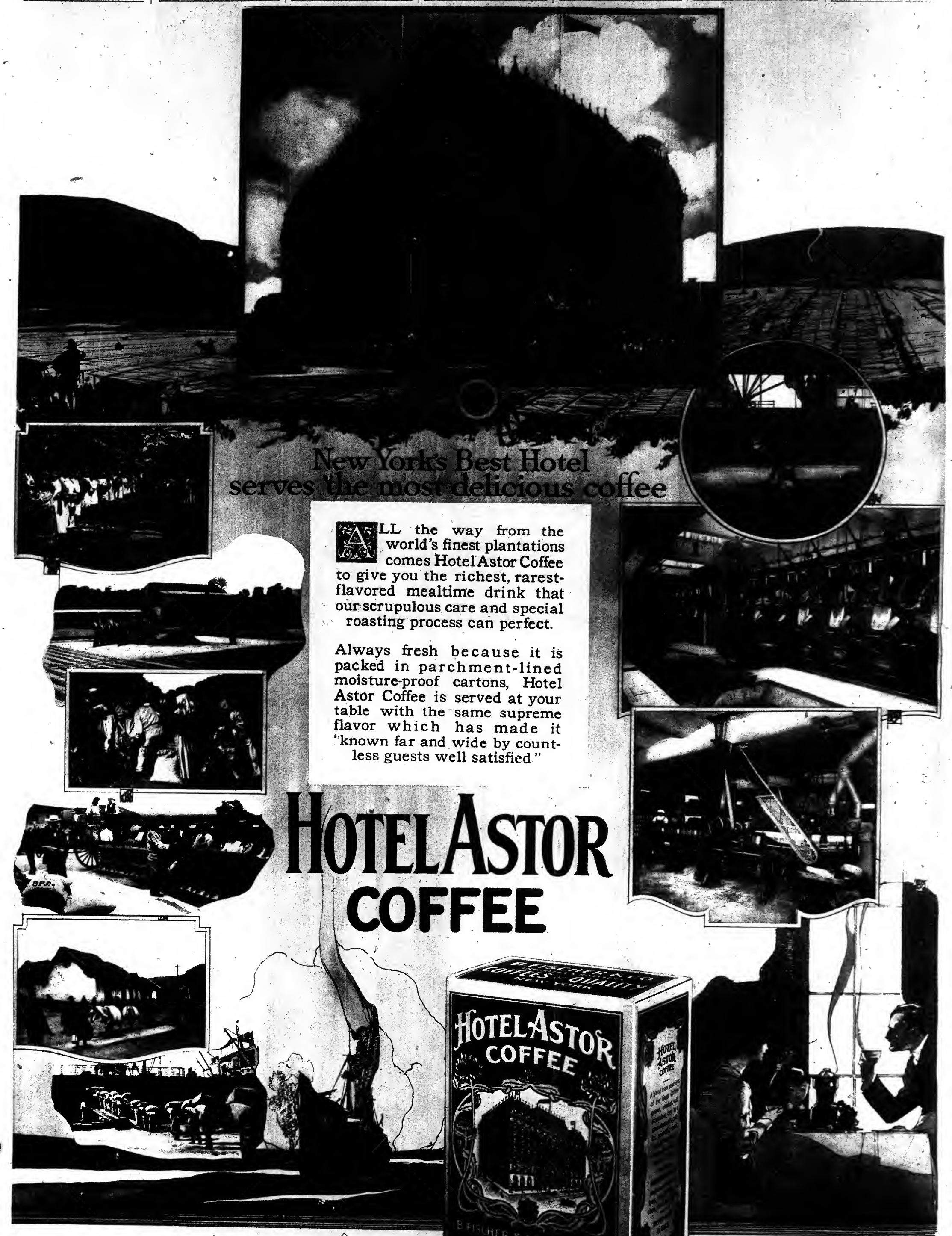

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ALL the way from the world's finest plantations comes Hotel Astor Coffee to give you the richest, rarest-flavored mealtime drink that our scrupulous care and special roasting process can perfect.

Always fresh because it is packed in parchment-lined moisture-proof cartons, Hotel Astor Coffee is served at your table with the same supreme flavor which has made it "known far and wide by countless guests well satisfied."

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HOTEL ASTOR COFFEE
B. FISCHER & CO. NEW YORK
ONE POUND

Sunday.
January 26, 1919

The New York Times

Rotogravure
Picture Section, 6
In Two Parts

THE STATUE OF EVE, RODIN'S FAMOUS MASTERPIECE,
Tenderly Removed by French Soldiers Under the Direction of a French Officer and an Official of the French Civil Government from Its Burial Place in a Garden at Douai Where It Had Lain Hidden from German Vandals Since August, 1914, No Hint of the Secret Reaching Them.

(© Underwood & Underwood.)

MARSHAL FOCH.
From a Bust Just Completed by the American Sculptor, Jo Davidson, to Whom Was Recently Given the Important Commission of Designing Portrait Busts of All the Principal Allied Military and Political Leaders.

(Photos Times Photo Service.)

GEORGES CLEMENCEAU,
French Premier and President of the World Peace Conference.
From a New Bust by Francois Sicard.

AN AMERICAN ARMY TRAIN PROCEEDING ALONG A ROAD ON THE LEFT BANK OF THE RHINE FROM COBLENZ TO BONN,
Long Reaches of the Famous German River Appearing on the Right.

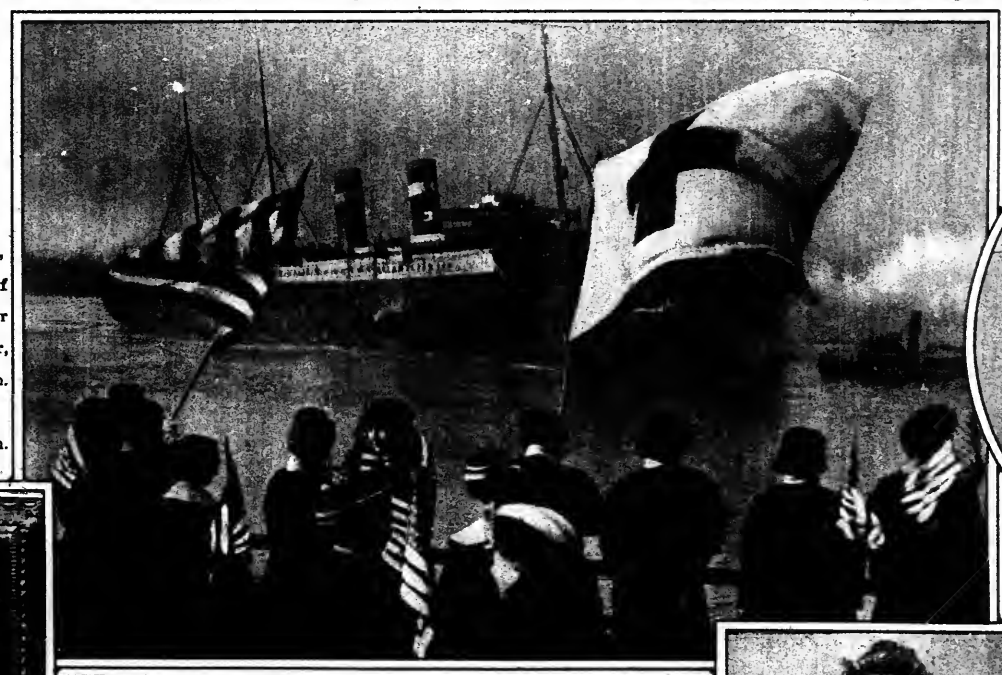
THE AMERICAN FIRST ARMY; THE ARMY OF OCCUPATION IN GERMANY, CROSSING THE RHINE OVER THE BRIDGE AT COBLENZ.
In the Background May Be Seen the Coblenz Hof, the American Army Headquarters.
So Far as Known This Is the First Photograph to Reach the United States Showing the Americans at Coblenz. (Photos © Underwood & Underwood.)

CAPTAIN CECIL SELLERS,
of Memphis, Tenn., Commander of the 20th American Bombing Squadron, America's First, Who, When His Group Was Shot to Pieces, Flew Twenty-five Miles Along the German Border Dropping Bombs and Fighting His Way Back Through Thirty Planes of the Famous Richthofen Circus. His Squadron's Device, an Anarchist with Bombs, Appears on His Machine.
(International Film Service.)

GENERAL LECOMTE REVIEWING THE THIRTY-THIRD FRENCH ARMY CORPS ENTERING THE PUBLIC SQUARE AT WIESBADEN, GERMANY.
(© Underwood & Underwood.)

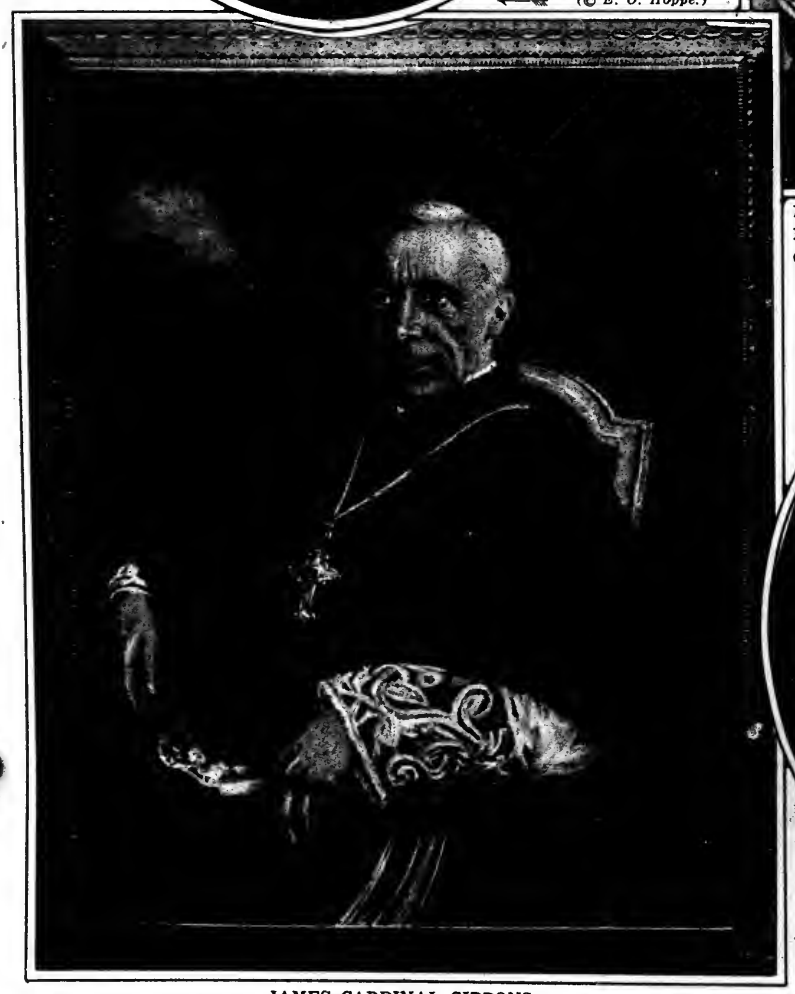
"WHEN A FELLER NEEDS A FRIEND"
(With Apologies to Briggs)
Men of the Forty-ninth Infantry, Composed Chiefly of Up-State Drafted Men, and Home on the White Star Liner Belgic, Leaving the Ship to Entrain in Hoboken for Their Demobilization Camp, Meanwhile Unmercifully Bantering One of Their Number Left Behind.
(Times Photo Service.)

MISS ELIZABETH ASQUITH, Daughter of the Former British Premier, the Right Hon. H. H. Asquith. From a New Photograph.
(© E. O. Hoppe.)



NEW YORK RED CROSS WORKERS READY TO WELCOME AND MINISTER TO THE MORE THAN 3,000 AMERICAN TROOPS ARRIVING ON THE BELGIC, SHOWN APPROACHING HER MANHATTAN PIER.

PRINCESS CHARLOTTE ADELGONDE
Who Succeeded Her Elder Sister, Marie Adelaide, as Grand Duchess and Ruler of the Duchy of Luxemburg.
(Press Illustrating Service.)



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From a New Miniature on Ivory by Charles Turrell, Exhibitor at the British Royal Academy Since 1874, and Miniaturist of the British Royal Family.

DIVINE JUSTICE: A MEDALLION
Designed for the Victory Arch by H. Crenier.
(Times Photo Service.)

OLIN B. LANDICK,
of Boston, as "Theda Bearer" in the "O-Kay-Follies of 1918," Presented by Sailors of the U. S. S. Oklahoma.

MRS. DANIEL WILLIAM JONES,
Formerly Miss Barbara Norman, Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bradford Norman of New York and Newport, and Now the Bride of Ensign Jones, U. S. N. R. F.
(Ira Hill.)

IN THE WAKE OF THE ALLIED VICTORS IN BELGIUM.
Belgian Refugees. Their Four Years of Exile at an End, Returning to the Homeland with Their Scant Belongings Which Have Endured Through the Four Years of Agony.
(© Committee on Public Information, from Paul Thompson.)

AMERICAN SOLDIERS GUARDING A BRIDGE OVER THE MOSELLE AT THE BORDERS OF GERMANY, QUESTIONING A FRENCH SOLDIER AND A GERMAN PEASANT SEEKING TO PASS.
(International Film Service.)

(International Film Service.)

LOYAL FRENCH ALSATIANS, FORCED INTO THE GERMAN ARMY, RETURNING HOME IN GERMAN UNIFORM,
Each Wearing the Tricolor of France, Since Compelled to Retain Their German Clothing Until Other Can Be Found.

A DAILY SCENE AT THE RHINE BRIDGE-HEAD AT STRASBOURG: FRENCH FAMILIES HELD IN GERMANY Returning Home, German Families in Strasbourg Making Their Way Back to "the Fatherland."
(International Film Service.)

GENERAL EVANS JOHNSTONE AND STAFF OF THE 158TH BRIGADE. To General Johnstone's Command Was Given the Credit for the Capture of Hill 378, Making Possible the Advance of the American Line in the Verdun Sector.
(International Film Service.)

GERMAN PRISONERS UNDER THE GUARD OF AMERICAN SOLDIERS GETTING OUT MATERIAL IN A FRENCH QUARRY FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF ROADS TO BE USED BY THE AMERICAN ARMIES.
(International Film Service.)

LATEST TYPE OF THE FRENCH CRUISER SUBMARINE, SHOWING UNUSUAL LINES, A WAR DEVELOPMENT NOW DISCLOSED FOR THE FIRST TIME.

AN ITINERANT BAND OF THE 103RD ARTILLERY, AMERICAN ARMY, IN ACTION.
Like the Minstrels and Troubadours of Old, This Band Wanders from Place to Place on the Frontline Rim to Carry Cheer Among the American Troops.
(International Film Service.)

The Breakfast for Every Kind of Morning

The breakfast everyone likes best! That's easiest for you! And the most economical!

For the ordinary morning

So good for children!

Give them Aunt Jemima Pancakes. They'll love them—they'll scramble down early—they'll eat "good breakfasts"!

And the hot, tender cakes are so healthful, so nourishing—you couldn't give them anything better.

For the "slept-late" morning

So QUICK—so EASY—to make

No mixing to do—no measuring—everything is ready mixed in the flour—even the sweet milk. You just add water, give the batter a brisk beating, and less than a minute later you are lifting the tender, golden cakes off the griddle.

For the morning you have guests

Perfect cakes EVERY time

Your guests will exclaim over them—they have so much more delicious flavor than ordinary pancakes. The sweet milk—powdered and mixed in—the specially ground flours—give Aunt Jemima Pancakes a flavor you cannot get in any others.

And they are so economical, too! *Three* Aunt Jemima breakfasts cost less than *one* of meat or eggs! Order a package of Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour today.

Make muffins and waffles and breadsticks of Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour, too. See how light and fine flavored they are. Aunt Jemima Buckwheat Flour comes in the yellow package. Aunt Jemima Mills Company, St. Joseph, Missouri.

"I'se in town, Honey!"

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Solves Milk Troubles

KRYSTALAK is more convenient for cooking than bottled milk. Just mix these dry, flaky, pure milk crystals with water, whenever milk is needed in cooking. Krystalak keeps sweet and clean for months. Keep it on your pantry shelf and you will always have fresh milk whenever you need it.

KRYSTALAK will enable you to increase the food value of your meals by cooking more milk dishes. It reduces your milk bill by several cents on each quart, and makes it possible to increase the amount of nourishment in your meals.

KRYSTALAK is pure, separated milk with all of the water taken out. It comes to you in sanitary cartons direct from healthy cows. A 50c. pound package makes 5 quarts of cooking milk.

Endorsed by leading domestic science authorities. Krystalak Cook Book free. Full of deliciously appetizing suggestions for milk cooking. Write to us or secure a copy from your dealer.

OLD-FASHIONED RICE PUDDING

1 cup KRYSTALAK dissolved in 4 cups water
⅓ cup rice
½ teaspoon salt
⅓ cup sugar
¾ cup raisins

Wash rice and raisins, mix all ingredients, and pour into buttered pudding dish. Bake 3 hours in a very slow oven, stirring three times during first hour of baking to prevent rice from settling.

Krystalak for sale at all good stores. If your grocer does not have Krystalak in stock, he can easily secure it for you through his jobber.

THE DRY MILK CO.

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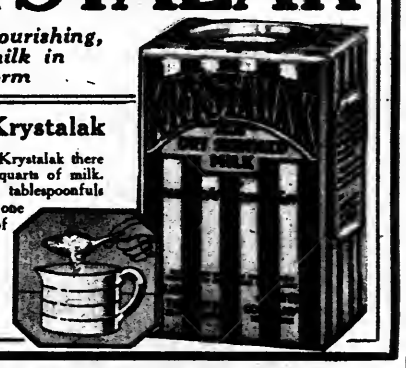
Pure, clean, nourishing, separated milk in crystal form



How to Use Krystalak

In every package of Krystalak there is the equivalent of 5 quarts of milk. Simply dissolve 4 level tablespoonfuls of these milk crystals in one cup of water. One cup of Krystalak makes 1 quart of milk; stir for a few minutes, and these dry, flaky crystals dissolve immediately.

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Have Lots of Thick, Glossy, Wavy Hair.

Costs Only 35c. a Bottle, and Is One of the Largest Selling Hair Preparations Known.

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No. 51. Savon au Cold Cream (Solidified)
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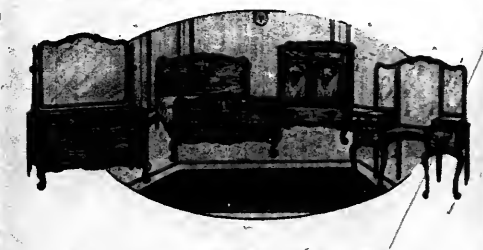
Finest Toilet Soaps in the World.
$1.00 Per CAKE.

VALUE is an elastic word, but to mean anything it must include quality as well as a moderate price. Kellner furniture combines a generous measure of quality, beauty of design at the *modest cost* that has made our reputation.



Louis XV. "Newby" Walnut Bedroom Suite, oxidized silver trimmings, 4 pieces. Dresser 52 inches. **$375**

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Simplest and smallest hearing device

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Dainty and Moderately Priced

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Chemise, $12.98.
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Simplicity and daintiness combined in perfection. Pleated front, satin ribbon belt, trimming of fine lace.

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Fairy-like Gown of crepe de chine ornamented with frills of Valenciennes lace and tiny rosebuds.

Vantines

The Oriental Store

Incense Set $1

By Mail Prepaid.

THE dreamy, soothing fragrance of Vantine's Temple Incense brings to mind the rosy dawns, the brilliant sunlight, the purple dusks of the Orient—the enchantment of strange Far Eastern countries—the subtle, languorous sweetness of tropical gardens and of blossom-laden breezes blown from palm-fringed islands set in turquoise seas.

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SMALL GRAND

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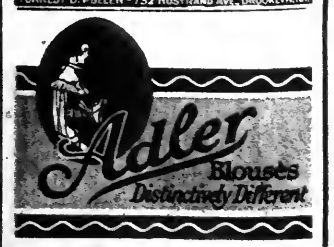

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THE special Pillsbury's Health Bran recipes on the package show how to make delicious cookies, bread, muffins, etc., that you will surely enjoy.

Be sure to ask for Pillsbury's as it is milled especially for human consumption. This extra clean, flaky, sterilized Bran supplies the roughage necessary to aid in correcting intestinal and digestive troubles.

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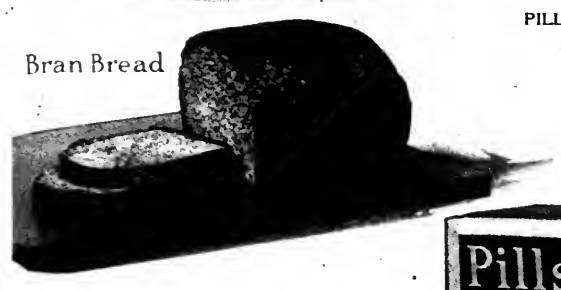
Health Bran foods should be made a regular part of your regular diet. Ask your doctor. You'll like bran muffins made the Pillsbury way. They have the desired laxative effect.

Insist Upon Pillsbury's at Your Grocer's

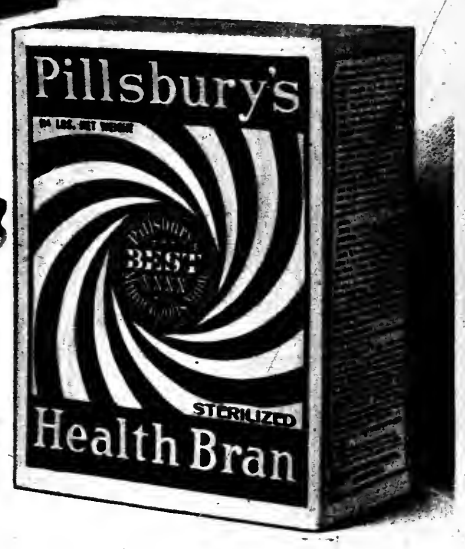
PILLSBURY FLOUR MILLS COMPANY
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Bran Bread



Bran Cookies

Bran *with* Cereal



Pillsbury's Health Bran

To the Wholesale Dress Buyer

DISPLAY OF
DRESSES, SUITS AND COATS OF

Laine De Guerre · Wool Jersey · Tricolette

FROM Paris has come enthusiastic approval of these fashionable fabrics. And from America's better shops is raised that great demand which always follows Parisian approbation of styles.

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Our showing is unique, not only as display of every Parisian mode and color combination, but as a wonderful illustration of the heights of our specialization.

Buyers who look for bigger business in 1919, cannot afford to miss this display.

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Facts!

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Here the Exception Proves the Rule

STORM BOOT
of dark brown calf—comfortable for all outdoor wear; welted sole, military heel.
$8.50

Sizes 1 to 9

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SHOE COMPANY
Sixth Ave. at 39th Street
Our ONLY Store

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Maternity Corset

Don't try to get along with a regular corset during the maternity period. *It is dangerous.* Wrong corseting has ruined many a mother's health.

The famous Lane Bryant Maternity Corset is safe. It supports the weight of the abdomen — takes strain from back — relieves fatigue — promotes health of mother and babe. Conceals maternity condition.

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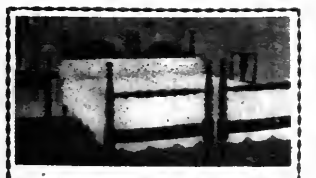

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Domestic Insolvency

An Anonymous Story of a Young Couple Who Rose From Insolvency to Independence

BY JUNE'S HUSBAND

JUNE and I were married about six months before the Kaiser began making vicious passes at civilization. It was about the middle of August before I knew there was a war in the world, and when I told June about it she said she had heard rumors but that she hadn't mentioned them for fear they might upset me. That's how happy we were.

Every Saturday night I'd take the old pay envelope home and toss it on the dining-room table. It made a noise like the fall of the Bastile to us two babes in the matrimonial woods, but before Monday morning there wasn't enough left to allow for a three-cent raise in the price of sugar.

So by easy stages we drifted into domestic insolvency. At the end of the first year about all we had in the world was a five-room apartment, a landlord, a hatful of unpaid bills and two immortal souls—and another immortal soul on the way.

When June told me the glad news about that impending event, I was so happy I wanted to go out and pull a traffic policeman off his horse. The policeman was saved from peril, however, by June's subsequent remarks.

"We haven't anything laid by," she said; "not only that, but we are terribly in debt. I've just a dollar in change and the agent was here this morning for the rent."

I cracked the old wheeze about our having our health, but it didn't get across. It just laid there, and I swallowed a lump as big as a golf ball.

Well, the long and the short of it was that we drew up a beautiful set of resolutions. We were to clothe ourselves in sackcloth and eat ashes until "Received Payment" had pushed "Please Remit" off the stoop. We retired satisfied but unhappy.

It wasn't long before we discovered that even the finest burlap sacking leaves much to be desired and chafes the skin—so we gradually resumed our accustomed raiment. As for ashes, they are neither nourishing nor palatable.

But in spite of everything we kept right on loving each other a whole lot that second year, though I will state that romance almost withered in the atmosphere created by the scent of onions cooking on the poor-house stove. Will Carleton caused me a lot of worry when he wrote, "Over the Hills to the Poor House."

In due course we were in receipt of a small, red, male baby. He arrived without baggage and found "Welcome" scribbled all over the place. But after I got all my bills in I was a proud and happy father by day, and a humbled and sleepless debtor by night.

We had great plans for that boy's ultimate future, I can tell you, but we couldn't scratch out a plan for his parents' immediate present. His inheritance was likely to consist of one large hungry wolf that perpetually hung around our front door. I don't mean that we were poor—the kind of poor that societies are formed for the improvement of. I was drawing down fifty-eight a week then. But we were the kind of poor that had to spend our income to conceal the fact that we were on the rocks. It was like robbing Peter of nineteen dollars to buy Paul a two-hundred-dollar fur overcoat.

And let him who has an income of from $3,000 to $5,000 a year and is running his domestic affairs at a handsome profit hurl the first brick.

Well, we might have been coasting yet were it not for the fact that when June pays a quarter for a magazine she reads it from Harrison Fisher to Eastman Kodak.

One evening she handed me a copy of the magazine and pointed out an advertisement of Woolson's Economy Book.

I read it all the way through, and the party it told about was sure me. I disremember the gentleman's name, but it seems that his family was once as far gone as ours was. He and his wife gave the Economy Book a whirl—found that it was easy and simple to operate, and in a couple of months they had not only greased

And for the first time little Henry looked like a future President of the United States.

the palms of their creditors with considerable silver, but they had money in the bank. The book cost two dollars, exactly the same amount I had spent for lunch that day.

"Well," I said to June, "this looks like salvation. Two dollars is a reasonable price for dragging a human family out of a deep social hole. Let's send for it."

And we did.

The night the book arrived, June and I started right in to foreclose on Old Man Deficit. We figured until one o'clock in the morning with the aid of the Economy Book and a short lead pencil. We laid out a plan of campaign that would make General Foch look like a Rookie. We knew, for the first time in our matrimonial career, how much we owed, how much we could live on well and comfortably, and, at the same time, clean the slate. We doped it out that before another six weeks had passed down the long, dark corridor of history, we would be unshackled and have at least two hundred dollars in the vaults of some good, reliable bank.

Before we turned in, we stood over the baby's crib, and for the first time little Henry looked like a future President of the United States.

And believe me it worked—all but the President of the U. S. stuff, which is still a long time off.

That was two years ago, and at this minute I can write my check for a thousand dollars—only I won't.

The Economy Book is still in operation.

We call it the fourth member of our family. When it comes time to pay my income tax next year I won't have to keep Uncle Samuel waiting for his money and I won't have to borrow it either—thanks to the Economy Book. And if business takes me from home, I can leave June and the youngster with the assurance that she knows how to make every dollar deliver one hundred cents' worth of efficiency. And June looks more charming when she's biting the end off a soft lead pencil, working over the Economy Book, than she ever looked behind an armful of roses.

My personal observation is that it is no trick whatever to glide gently and swiftly into domestic insolvency—but to regain the heights without assistance requires something more than a couple of good resolutions and a lot of self-denial. It needs the services of an expert—and that is where George B. Woolson comes in.

* * * * *

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N.Y.T. 1-26-19.

The New York Times
MAGAZINE SECTION

SUNDAY, JANUARY 26, 1919

Section 7
SIXTEEN PAGES

(Copyright, 1919, by the New York Times Company.)

An American Campfire in North Russia—the First Photograph of Our Men in the Archangel Region

WHERE YANKS STILL FIGHT

Battlefront of Three Sectors Held by Allied Troops Against Bolsheviki Under the Rim of the Arctic Circle

IN all our history, bright with deeds of daring and fortitude, American soldiers have never had to fight under such rigorous conditions as in the Archangel area of Northern Russia. It is war at from 20 to 40 degrees below zero, literally an arctic campaign. The details of it—such as the redoubled rebound of a shell from the rigid frozen earth, multiplying its destructive power—quicken the imagination as they come to us piecemeal. But so slowly is the news dribbling from Archangel that as yet we have only a blurred story of the frozen region where war still rages.

Inquiry at the War Department in Washington elicits an outline of the story:

Archangel, on the Gulf of Dvina, is the base. Thence there are three fronts, representing an arc extending from 100 to 200 miles from Archangel. The front to be defended is 400 miles in length. On the eastern sector our chief point is Pinega, on the Pinega River. Kadish, 75 miles east of the Archangel-Vologda Railroad, is the centre of our southern front. Onega, on Onega Bay, is the main point on the western sector. In this area, white with snow from two feet deep and upward, the Allies have about 15,000 men. Against them are arrayed not less than 25,000 Bolsheviki, including, besides, Russian Reds, Austrians, Germans, and Magyars. Some of the companies are officered by men of the old régime compelled to contribute their technical skill on pain of death. This has been learned from captured prisoners.

Our forces number 5,419 men, composed of the 339th Infantry, 310th Engineers, 1st Battalion; 337th Field Hospital and the 337th Ambulance Company, under the command of Colonel George E. Stewart. The United States troops are scattered with the allied troops over the 400 mile front with small detachments at places on the line of communications. These lines extend in ribs from Archangel, to the east, south, west, and over them the supplies go forward on sleds. It is exceptional to have more than one company of Americans serving at one place. Front line troops are rotated to prevent undue hardships.

Many questions have come to Washington as to whether our troops in the Archangel area were provided with suitable food and clothing to stand the arctic Winter. Colonel Stewart was instructed to make a tour of inspection and report to Washington. His report, received by the War Department a few days ago, said:

"General health, discipline, and morale of troops excellent. Billeting and living conditions good except at advanced outposts, where usual field conditions exist and improvised blockhouses are the only shelter."

The huts are built of logs, similar to those of primitive days in this country. Much of the Archangel area is heavily wooded with firs. The food is a special ration for life in the arctic, with an extra supply of fat. Sir Ernest Shackleton, the arctic explorer, who is with the Allies' North Russian forces, is giving the benefit of his experience to the proper feeding of the men. There is only one much-missed shortage, the lack of fresh vegetables. Some dried fruit is the only substitute. As to clothing each soldier has in addition to the regular overseas equipment a fur cap, fur mittens, moose hide moccasins, fur overcoat, fur parkas and fur mucklucks. The parka is a fur coat coming to about the knees and having a hood attached. Mucklucks are Winter boots of the kind used in Alaska and other northern countries.

Battles between the allied forces and the Bolsheviki have been mainly on the Kadish and the Onega fronts, and in the clashes on each of these, before the dead of Winter set in, the Bolsheviki were driven back with loss, after putting up desperate resistance. The points taken by the Allies were not part of a campaign of aggression, but were deemed necessary as strategic centres to protect our troops from sudden onslaughts by the Bolsheviki.

American troops won their greatest distinction in the taking of Kadish, a settlement of comfortable huts and much prized for this reason. Last November our troops held Kadish, but were forced to give way before the Bolsheviki. They were compelled to retreat to the Emsta River, and there in the forest built such blockhouses and lean-tos as could be hastily improvised. Just after Christmas plans were completed to retake Kadish. The start was made at 4 o'clock in the morning, timed to take advantage of the four or five hours of sunless daylight in that arctic country. The soldiers were clothed in heavy fur outfits. Each man wore a white canvas robe with a cowl, so that even at midday in the faint light the soldiers were indistinguishable a few hundred yards away against the snow. The Americans surprised the Bolsheviki and captured the town. The next day the Bolsheviki made a counterattack, using three and six inch guns, and drove our troops out, but they were unable to reoccupy Kadish, for a barrage from the Americans prevented them. On the following day the United States forces retook the place. We have not only held it, but now have two protecting outposts well to the south of it.

New points taken by the Americans

(Continued on Page 8)

QUICK PEACE---THEN A LEAGUE

Immediate Settlement of Vital War Questions Should Precede Formation of International Union, Says Senator Wadsworth, Just Returned from Europe

SENATOR JAMES W. WADSWORTH of New York, who has just returned from a visit to France and England, made for the purpose of observation and study, brought back with him one conviction above all others—that urgent practical questions now facing the Peace Conference should be taken up and settled before consideration of the formation of a League of Nations.

"I went to Europe with an open mind as to which should have priority," said Mr. Wadsworth in Washington the other day, "but what I saw and heard while there, and events that have happened since my departure, impress upon me that a settlement first of the practical questions is of an importance that can hardly be exaggerated. Away from the atmosphere of Europe we do not realize how pressing these questions are, or what dangers of irritation and friction and worse effects may ensue from postponing the determination of them.

"All Europe, one might say, is groping—in a suspense which is without parallel in history. To mention one question of fundamental importance, we do not know of a time when the boundaries of so many States and proposed States were in a condition of uncertainty. Imagine what that would be in our own country, and then multiply it a dozen times over, and you have a picture of the uncertainty now hanging over Europe."

"What do you consider the leading practical questions to be?" the Senator was asked.

"What indemnities Germany and Austria must pay," he answered, "what the reparation is to be, what is to be done with the German fleet, what is to be done with the German colonies, the determining of boundary lines of new States, as I have already indicated; the form of government to be recognized in the new nations—oppressed peoples which have won their freedom in this war; for example, the Czechoslovaks, the Poles, the Jugoslavs. Think what the strain in these new countries must be, contending with the menace of famine and the undercurrent of Bolshevism as the acting authorities try to maintain control until the day when the Peace Conference shall put the seal of stability on them. Delay here is dangerous, might produce the gravest consequences.

"There is another phase of this question of equal importance. We all know there are some conflicting territorial claims among those who stood on the side of the Allies. During the war all was unity; in the days succeeding the armistice the unity was still paramount; that is, the temper of the peoples concerned was in the most favorable condition for a prompt and harmonious settlement of conflicting claims. But with postponement and the protracted concentration of national thought on special national interests we can see that the likelihood of increasing friction enters in.

"The vital question of the settlement of boundary lines is seen in something like its true extent when one takes into consideration that all the country from the Baltic, where the claims of Poland begin, followed by those of Czechoslovakia, through the Balkans and into Asia Minor, through Syria to Mesopotamia, is concerned. Precedent to the establishment of a League of Nations the status and territorial extent of new nations created by the allied victory ought to be determined. After this is done and the terms of peace are settled, I think it would be time to consider the formation of a League of Nations—to which the neutrals could be invited.

"The neutrals cannot take part in the Peace Conference, and so if the League of Nations comes up first there they will not be present to express their ideas, as they are entitled to express them. The scourge of war was never so thoroughly impressed upon the world as it is now, and if a League of Nations can be formed that will eliminate war, or reduce the likelihood of war, it will be welcomed as the greatest possible boon by the people of all countries. As the burdens of this most terrible of wars fall on them, as they will heavily in taxes for some years to come at least, the desire to prevent future wars will be none the less strong because of a postponement until after the imperative practical questions of the peace terms are disposed of. The League of Nations is a proposal subject to debate; it is already apparent that there are many plans—forty, as reported from Paris—and a long discussion is seen ahead—I might say an almost endless one—if this problem is taken up first. If the practical questions upon which peace must actually rest are deferred for the long period required to thrash out what is the best form of a League of Nations, chaos may appear in half a dozen places in Europe.

"The question touches us in numerous important ways, but in one of the first importance. Our soldiers want to come home. The many letters that are coming from parents to members of Congress are proof of that; but to realize fully what this longing is, it is necessary to spend some time among the men over there as I did. They are willing to stay—feel it their duty to stay—as long as military necessity requires their presence, but they do not wish to be kept there during the League of Nations' debate. They want, therefore, to see the peace terms fixed and peace declared as soon as possible. But if the League of Nations is taken up first there is no telling how long they will have to remain in Europe, or what may be required of them if the settlement of urgent practical questions is unnecessarily postponed. I do not mean to indicate by this that the soldiers themselves are taking any sides as to the League of Nations proposition, but simply to show what effect the deferment of the practical issue will have on them. The English and the French soldiers feel the same way; they want to get out of the army and back to their old jobs, or in new ones, as soon as possible."

French Official Photo—International Film.

GERMAN REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS AT STRASBOURG.

Wearing White Bands on Their Sleeves, Some of Them in Civilian Clothes, They Were Guarding One of the City's Bridges Before the Entry of the Allied Troops. Such Scenes of Confusion in Germany Have Been Common Since the Teuton Revolution Began.

"What do you think of the menace of Bolshevism in Europe?"

"I think the danger is mainly confined to the defeated countries," was the answer. "It is certainly a menace in Germany. One of the difficulties with which the Peace Conference will have to contend is the uncertainty of political conditions in Germany. These may result in the Allies being unable to find a Government with which they can deal and depend upon to carry out agreements made. No one seems to know what is going on in Germany; that is, to what extent the new Government reflects a real change in the people. In a military sense Germany is prostrate and will undoubtedly remain so for years to come. As to Russia, I found it most difficult of all to obtain information about that country—that is, of a dependable character—from which conclusions could be drawn. Everybody seems to be at sea as to how best to proceed. For all the questions I asked while abroad, I have no clearer ideas about the Russian problem than when I left the United States.

"When I say I do not apprehend any real danger from Bolshevism outside of the defeated countries, I base that belief on the fact that in the past we have had no revolutions in victorious countries, generally speaking. Those who are victorious are looking forward to the fruits of victory, to a betterment of conditions. Such doctrines as Bolshevism spring out of the discouragement and despair of defeat. I do not expect to see any outbreak of Bolshevism in either Great Britain or France.

"England does not want anything in the way of territorial expansion out of the war. The British Empire is already very large and any considerable addition of territory would mean a greater burden. I think, however, the German colonies in South Africa must become a part of the British Empire; not because of any desire of territorial gain existing in England, but because the South African Federation will insist on it. From their standpoint the return of these colonies to Germany is unthinkable. South Africa will never have Germany for a neighbor again.

"In like manner, France does not demand or expect any great expansion of her colonial empire. The one great thought which France has in mind is terms of peace such as to protect her and the rest of civilization from another attack.

"France will not rest satisfied until Germany is rendered impotent to repeat the crime of 1914. It is the existence of this deep feeling in France—unintelligible to us in any terms of our own national experience—that has made that country skeptical of any theoretical scheme which will rid the world of violence, and she will have to be persuaded that whatever is proposed is practical.

"Italy desires to secure the Italian Irredenta and there would seem to be no important opposition, but her desire to control the Adriatic by the extension of her territory on the eastern coast is still a subject of discussion and uncertain as to outcome."

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How Spending $2 Ended Their Worry Over Money Matters

This Couple Had Never Saved a Cent—Now Putting Money in the Bank Every Week on Exactly the Same Salary as Before

AFTER ten years of trying to save, Elizabeth and I didn't have a nickel laid away to show for all the many pay days that had come and gone. The best we could say was that most of the time we had managed to keep out of debt.

Then one day we found out what was wrong. We discovered a method for making each week's salary go around, with something left over to put in the bank.

We haven't become misers. Haven't cut down our scale of living. We indulge in more pleasures and amusements than ever before and without that old guilty feeling that we are spending money we can't afford. And yet we are now saving over $15 a week, regularly as clockwork, on exactly the same salary that until recently was never enough.

About the happiest day of our lives was when we made the deposit that brought our bank balance up over the $500 mark. To people who have never had any trouble in saving, $500 may seem nothing to brag about. But in our case, after ten years of being poor in spite of a fair salary, that small but steadily growing bank account of ours looks as big as a house.

It has given us a feeling of self-respect that we never knew in the days when we were always more or less strapped. For the first time in our married life, we've at last got a margin of safety between us and the poorhouse.

And best of all, we know that our present bank balance is only a starting point. We know that we have at last found the way to provide for a home of our own and for a comfortable old age, instead of always trusting to Providence. And incidentally, we get a whole lot more satisfaction out of the money we save than out of any money we ever spent.

Depends on What You Spend and Not on What You Earn

Looking back, I don't think there has ever been a time when we could have been accused of downright extravagance or four-flushing. Yet it was always tight squeezing to make both ends meet.

Elizabeth and I often talked it over. We realized that we were getting older every year, and that we were skating on thin ice. It worried me when I thought of what might happen if I should be laid up with sickness, or if any other unexpected development should cut off my income. Then there were the kiddies, with nothing set aside for their education. And no permanent roof over our heads. It wasn't a very pleasant outlook to think about.

We used to excuse ourselves by thinking that it was all a matter of income. But as I have since discovered, the size of one's income frequently has mighty little to do with it. It is usually the amount of *outgo* and not the amount of *income* that makes the difference between poverty and independence.

Breaking $5 Bills Is What Kept Us Broke.

My experience is that it isn't the big expenses that keep people down to their last dollar, but the little items. As I said to Elizabeth the other day, I can see now that it was breaking $5 and $10 bills that used to keep us broke. When it was a question of parting with a $5 bill or bigger in one lump, we gave the matter a little thought. But once the bill was broken, we were often careless with the change. That is where our money went—for little things that didn't do us any good. A quarter or a dollar by itself doesn't seem worth worrying about. But in the course of a year these small amounts all added together soon run up into big ones.

The President Sent For Me

Our salvation came about through a little fatherly interest on the part of the President of the Company I am with.

One day he called me into his office. "Carey," he said, "we have decided that we need a Chicago branch. I am going to send Bates out there as manager. I have been thinking about giving you his job here—which means a bigger salary, of course. But instead, I have decided to give you some advice, and then wait and see what happens."

He paused a while, looking me straight in the eye; then point-blank: "Carey, how much money have you saved?"

I didn't know just what he was driving at. Also I felt a bit cheap. But I owned up that my bank account was practically at zero.

"That's what I was afraid of," the president answered. "Maybe you think I am getting too personal. But here is where it affects me. I have noticed that the man who saves a little money as he goes along can always put a little more into his work than the fellow who is constantly worrying about his personal finances. If a man can't save, he is always in hot water. Sooner or later it is bound to hurt his work—bound to hold him back, and maybe stop his progress entirely.

"Then again—if a man can't manage his own pocket, how can he be expected to manage bigger things in business? That job of Bates' involves management. You are the logical man for the place—except for that one thing; you haven't made a success of managing your own affairs. Now maybe I can help you. Suppose you tell me what seems to be keeping you poor?"

Making It Easy to Save.

It was plain that the president was sincerely anxious to be helpful. But I had to admit that I didn't know myself just what the answer was.

"Well," he said, "perhaps I can tell you. Saving money isn't half as hard as most people think it is. The trouble is they go about it wrong. The only practical way to get ahead is to have a definite system or schedule, and stick to it. Split your salary up into proportionate parts—so much each week for rent, so much for clothing, etc. In business we call it the budget system. It's the only sound way.

"The budget system shows you what you can afford and what you can't—*before* your money is gone, and not after it is too late. It eliminates all that haphazard, hit-or-miss kind of spending that is keeping so many people in trouble.

"Now I'll tell you what you do. I know of a first-class method for adjusting outgo to income, and for laying something aside each week. It is called the Ferrin Money Saving Account Book. It shows you how to manage each week's salary so you'll usually come out ahead at the end of each week, month and year. It works just as well on a small income as on a big one. If given proper attention it keeps track of every cent—always shows in advance just where each dollar *should* go, and also where it actually *does* go. It's the best system for managing personal money matters I ever saw—so simple that a twelve-year-old boy or girl could use it; and takes only a couple of minutes a day.

"I use it myself—or rather my wife does. The other night she showed me how this book has helped her to save nearly $1,000 in the last six months—not by any skimping, but simply by keeping track of things and thus avoiding waste."

4 Years of Help for 50c a Year

"If I were you," the president continued, "I would try this Ferrin Account Book at once. It will cost you only $2, and is laid out to take care of all personal and household affairs for the next four years. That makes the cost only 50 cents a year. On your salary it ought to save at least $600 to $800 a year, without any unnecessary cutting down. Then let me know how it works out, and we'll talk about that new job again."

Well, I got the book. Elizabeth was delighted. Said she had no idea that money matters could be so simplified. For the first time in our lives we have learned how to manage. The big chief was right when he said that saving is easy if you go about it in a systematic way.

Incidentally, when I showed my bank book to the chief a few weeks ago, I got my chance at Bates' old job—and my pay has taken a jump of $1,000 a year. But we've learned our lesson—none of that old spend-in-a-hurry-and-repent-at-leisure this time on the strength of that raise; most of it is going into the bank, on top of at least $800 a year more that we have found we can save out of my former salary.

The Ferrin Money Saving Book helps to stop the leaks and wastes because it figures ahead and looks ahead from day to day and from one year's end to the other—all with only two or three minutes' attention a day.

Even if it helps you save only a few dollars a month it is still a mighty profitable investment. In these days every home should be on a business basis. Every dollar must be watched. If you don't need it, Uncle Sam does.

Whether You Have $500 a Year or $500 a Week

"How do they do it on his salary?" Probably you have often asked this question of yourself about this or that couple among your friends or neighbors. You know their income is smaller than yours; yet they seem to live just as well, and at the same time have a comfortable and constantly growing bank account, while you barely manage to keep up with expenses.

The Ferrin Money Saving Account Book gives the answer. It makes good management easy.

The secret is in the budget system—buying and spending according to a schedule instead of haphazardly. Whether your income is $500 a year or $500 a week or anywhere between, this book shows you how much you *should* save each week, and then almost automatically *helps* save it for you—shows you what proportion of your income should go for rent, how much for recreation, how much in the bank, and so on with every item. Then every day it checks up and shows you just where you stand—watches over your money both *before* and *after* you spend it.

It is laid out in columns that provide a daily record of every item of both income and outgo for four years—all you have to do is set down the amounts each day in the proper columns. No other writing required. No knowledge of bookkeeping necessary. The Ferrin Money Saving System is encompassed in a handsome Account Book bound in half blue silk cloth back—Cadet blue paper sides—turned edges—semi flexible—stamped in gold on front cover. It contains 112 pages, size 8¼x10½ inches.

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N. Y. T. 1-26-19

War Paintings by an American Artist

Art at Home and Abroad

AMERICAN paintings of the war are just beginning to appear in the exhibitions. For four years newspapers and magazines have been filled with illustrations either from photographs or drawn by foreign artists showing fields of battle, engines of war, the newest airplanes and submarines, the physiognomies of officers, maps of Europe, and a thousand other items of interest concerning the most interesting war in history but it is only recently that the Americans who had a chance to make their rapid studies in color of episodes actually witnessed at the front and not of events occurring many miles back of it have returned to work up these records in the light of memory and a New York studio.

Samuel J. Woolf, who is holding an exhibition of war pictures at the Milch Gallery, was not attached to the army, but he had permission from the Government to work directly at the front. Mr. Gallatin in his preface to the catalogue of the exhibition gives the facts of the artist's experience. Mr. Woolf went to the front, he says, "as a correspondent of a magazine." He also carried letters from the War Department and the Secretary of the Navy. Accordingly, he not only secured permission to visit the training camps, but also the various sectors of the lines held by the American troops. He lived with our men, eating and sleeping with them; at one time he drove an ambulance, at another acted as cook. Once he was wounded by a piece of stray shrapnel and another time he was gassed. Not that these experiences helped to develop his artistic talents, but they did saturate him with his subject and enabled him to produce this most interesting series of paintings and drawings.

This saturation with his subject is the first essential in an artist's mental equipment. He must know his subject so well that he can forget it when he begins to paint and think only of his paintings. But this means many a battle fought and won over that insidious enemy to conscience known by the false title of conscientiousness.

Fine Quality of Sketches.

The present exhibition, occurring with perilous promptitude after Mr. Woolf's return from Europe, indicates that he has not yet quite won all these battles, but it also shows him fighting like a very good soldier. In some of the canvases he is overanxious to tell you the details of his story. He interrupts his artistic message with accidents of pose and color and light and dark that detract from its force and intensity. This you see most clearly by comparing the finished pictures with the studies for them made on the spot. These studies are beautiful notations of experience. The color rings clear and vigorous, the line is swift, just enough is said to give you the impression of what is going on and not to hold your attention to insignificant detail. The fully developed pictures are commonplace in comparison.

Occasionally, however, we find among the completed pictures one that shows the artist in command of his intelligence, remembering with cool judgment the emotional mood in which he made his sketch, and recapturing it with the skill that demands the utmost of concentration. There is the painting called "By the Dawn's Early Light," a tangle of soldiers and barbed wire crossing the composition, and above these the lovely morning sky, pure and pale, across which waver the inevitable and ominous crows. In the sketch and to some extent in the picture the emphasis is placed on the beauty of the sky and the color of the marred land, itself touched to beauty by the faint morning mists. The line of men is a blue drift of color, all the desperate tragedy of the scene is bathed in the ineffable fairness of nature, and thus its cruelty is given added poignancy to sensitive minds.

Tragic Subjects.

The other pictures are more obviously illustrative. In one we see the marines at Château-Thierry, urging forward through falling walls and in the face of fire and shell. In another we see men going "over the top" and falling backward, wounded or dead. Another shows the fate of a sniper, caught in the branches of a tree and already marked by the hovering crows. There are horrors enough, but the public has perhaps more courage to face these horrors than it had before the armistice, and an American public wants the truth. This Mr. Woolf has given them so far as he has had power to reveal it. He has not made a pretty war nor has he made warfare seem glorious and desirable. His pictures hardly would be chosen for recruiting posters, but they are, we may well believe, what 90 per cent. of the soldiers in active service will recognize as the facts of practical experience.

Some of the facts wear the aspect of fiction, as in the picture showing a soldier fallen desperately wounded in the interior of a church directly under the crucifix. The implied connection between the soldier's sacrifice and that of Christ has a look of prearrangement, almost of theatrical arrangement, that will be resented by the strict realist. But the thing occurred precisely as represented, and in Mr. Woolf's presence, while the soldier was busy taking down some of the paintings in the unroofed church to save them from destruction.

ALLIED ARTISTS OF AMERICA.

The Allied Artists are holding their sixth annual exhibition in the galleries of the Fine Arts Building, telling over again with conspicuous fluency the familiar story of American woods and meadows and rivers and seas, of American types of childhood and womanhood, with an occasional digression in favor of American man, and telling this always interesting story in a strictly national idiom. Most of the pictures have the American rather than an individual accent—if you should see them in a foreign gallery, that is, you would recognize them as compatriots one and all, but unless you were an uncommonly devoted gallery visitor, you might be ever so little puzzled as to which of your countrymen painted the individual examples.

And this is not altogether a defect. The exhibition is an extremely pleasant one and gives a general impression of art as an absorbing, although hardly an exciting, occupation. The artists are captains of their brush; most of them can do about what they start in to do, and they are very much interested in doing it. If they have done it often enough to modify your first tingling pleasure in the work of their hands, perhaps that is as much your own fault as theirs. It is sometimes a mark of age and sometimes only the mark of a ruminative mind to like to stick by the same kind of reading and the same kind of cooking and the same kind of art during the little bit of life you have to work with.

Let us then give thanks that the exhibition in the Fine Arts Building permits us to browse contentedly about and find our particularly succulent bits at our leisure without having to bother to ask ourselves if we really do like this or that novelty. It is certain that we really do like a large proportion of the pictures and especially the sketches exhibited. Christina Morton's Domenica subject, for example; how enjoyable it is both as technical achievement and as witty comment on a rewarding topic. The high key of her color and the elegance of her forms lend distinction to a type of subject that easily degenerates into picturesqueness. Watteau or Pater might thus have wandered through a plantain market and translated it into an idyl of festive industry.

Harry Hoffman's "Sponge Market, Nassau" is handled in a decorative spirit, with restraint and skill. The roof and walls of the shed are cleverly treated as an architectural framework for the blue and white of sea and sails beyond, and the big slack curves of the spongy masses within the shed are interestingly contrasted with the sharp angles and straight lines of the masts and the walls.

There are a number of cattle pictures, and most of us find the dumb beasts pleasant to see about in our reaction against the strain of war. They are pleasanter when they are just resting in a meadow dappled with sun and shade, as Mr. Volkert paints them, than when they are contributing their item to the war news by working with the women in the fields under the title "The Unconquered," as Mr. Newell very pertinently paints them.

Agreeable Portraits.

A merry comment on the brighter side of the war sentiment is seen in Captain H. Ledyard Towle's portrait of a little boy, wide-faced and bright-eyed, in a cap with the now familiar red pompom. The title is "One of Those French Sailors." Mr. Towle also is responsible for a freely painted portrait of a gray and blonde old man, "Sergeant Jim." Orlando Rouland shows a carefully painted portrait of Edwin Winter, quiet in color and searching in its description of character, and a striking portrait of Miss Margaret Wilson. Christina Morton's "Portrait of My Mother" is one of the good things in the exhibition, slightly austere, touched with the spirit of reticence, cool and fair in color, and distinguished in handling. G. L. Nelson paints "Julius Kayser" with much sincerity of execution, and makes an interesting composition with the aid of the beautiful old chair that appears in many of his pictures. Bernhard Gutman's ruddy baby is painted with a forthright vigor of workmanship that is especially inspiriting in a type of subject usually sentimentalized. "My Brother-in-Law," by Ernest L. Ipsen, is a fine portrait to have in the family, snapping with life and character.

Subject Pictures and Landscapes.

Among the subject pictures Oscar Fehrer's "Reflecting and Reflections," with its mid-Victorian young woman and its modernist curtain, is painted with Mr. Fehrer's customary adroitness, but the predominating reds belong to families as congenial as Montague and Capulet. A decorative lady crouching amid daffodils and peacocks and oranges and various exotic birds as lively as to color scheme and rhythmic as to line, is by Norwood MacGilvary. Its boldness is in its favor, and it is easy to think of it used as a mural decoration to be seen from a considerable distance and producing a very happy effect. "The Guardian" by Andrew J. Schwartz, is a gray picture of obvious symbolism. A genuine satisfaction is gained from Mr. Potthast's beach scene, a boy and a girl racing down the sands toward a blue and sparkling sea.

The landscapes are quite up to the average of the Academy exhibition—a crisp "Winter Morning" by F. W Hutchinson, a very fine canvas by Mr. Bruestle, filled with air and authoritative in its tree and cloud forms; a lovely landscape by Guy Wiggins with bare tree branches making a delicate intricate design against the blue and gray of their background, and scattered patches of russet leafage enlivening the foreground with a dusky warmth of color.

Ossip Linde has a large canvas of almost cloying richness, and a more vigorous study of the rocks at Gloucester. There are characteristic works by Clark Voorhees, James S. King, Eliot Clark, H. Giles, W. A. Singer, Lester Boronda, Robert Vonnoh, Cullen Yates, Hobart Nichols, Gustave Wiegand, Roy Brown, Ernest Albert, and many others.

The sculpture includes a charming group of two figures by Bessie Potter Vonnoh, Julio Kilenyi's "President Wilson" plaque, Massey Rhind's "Robbie Burns," engagingly casual; a garden group by Edward McCartan, and other things by C. S. Paolo, Isidor Konti, Cartaino Scarpetta, Lindsay Morris Sterling, and Charles Keck.

The exhibition lasts until Feb 10.

A collection of paintings by E. Frank Carson is now on exhibition at the 96th Street branch of the New York Public Library, located at 112 East 96th Street.

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JOY IN LIFE FOR THE BLIND

Self-Confidence Restored to the Soldier Patients in General Hospital 7, Near Baltimore---Dancing as an Aid in Overcoming Awkwardness and Diffidence

All the Soldiers at This Dance in the Evergreen Hospital Are Blind. Hughes Co.

A FEW days ago a reporter from THE TIMES MAGAZINE visited General Hospital 7 at Rowland Park, in the outskirts of Baltimore, and during the afternoon one of the patients took the visitor for a little walk about the grounds and out on the highroad. The patient—he was a Sergeant and his name was Zimmerman—was a big, jolly fellow who carried himself with an air of fine, erect confidence as one who steps boldly and happily out into the world, and who bore no sign of being a hospital patient beyond a slight, scarcely noticeable disfigurement on one side of his face, and the fact that he held a cane in his hand. He walked with the visitor across the big athletic field of the hospital, over to the beautiful Elizabethan garden that is one of the "sights" of Rowland Park.

"This is such a lovely place to bring your friends when they come to see you," he said. And then he took the stranger out the gate to the broad motor road, and as they walked along talked a little of the war—he had been injured at Gondricourt months ago, and his only regret was that he had been so soon put out of the fighting.

"I'd like to have seen more action," he said. "But, then, if I had it all to do over, I wouldn't want it to be any different. • • •

"I run up to New York sometimes," he went on. "Perhaps I shall see you sometime again," he added, courteously. And then came a whirring noise on the quiet road.

"There's an automobile," said Sergeant Zimmerman. "Look out!"

They were nearing a crossroads, and the reporter looked ahead and on each side, and saw nothing. The question, "Where?" was natural enough, and the hospital patient laughed.

"Just behind us," he said. "Here it is," and as a big, very quiet car went skimming by the soldier laughed again, a very gay and gleeful laugh, indeed.

"I think I can see better than you," he said, "even if I am blind."

Sergeant Zimmerman has lived in a completely darkened world since he was injured at Gondricourt early last Spring. But it is not only—not even chiefly—because of his physical proficiency that one must fairly pinch one's self to remember that he is blind. The wonder to the stranger is not his skill in moving about, his keenly trained hearing; it is his state of mind, his simple self-reliance, his lack of self-consciousness—in a word, his complete normality. He walks, talks, laughs precisely like men who can see; he has no hesitation of movement, none of the curious, slightly abnormal tone of voice that we associate with blindness, no suggestion of that so-called "happy smile of the blind," which is so often a smile of appeal, and, at its best, of resignation: he looks straight in one's face when he talks; furthermore, Sergeant Zimmerman's manner allows no jot of "pity," of special consideration, on the part of the people with whom he is talking; there is not even any avoidance of the terms and figures of sight. Sergeant Zimmerman is not a man who is "afflicted": he is a man who has a handicap—and who is overcoming it.

And the questions that the reporter took to Major N. I. Ardan, M. C., commanding officer of General Hospital 7; to Charles F. F. Campbell, Assistant Director of the Red Cross Institute for the Blind that is associated with the hospital, and to Professor Harold Whitehead, the institution's educational director, had to do with this matter of the blinded soldier's state of mind. General Hospital 7 is the institution to which are sent all the United States soldiers, sailors, and marines who have lost their sight—that is, men who are totally blind or whose eyes have been so affected that they will never again be able to make their living by their use. Every one knows, more or less specifically, that the Government trains these blinded men to be able citizens again. But what of their personal tragedy, the long prospect of darkened years, the hopelessness, and—as the glory of their sacrifice begins to dim—the dull bitterness of a life so piteously maimed? Can these men be made happy again, as well as capable? And, if so, how can it be done? Is Sergeant Zimmerman a type? What does it?

Sergeant Zimmerman's attitude is typical, one learns in a very little while at Evergreen—as the hospital is called. He has been there longer than most of the others; he has progressed further in physical dexterity; but his spirit is the spirit of Evergreen—a spirit of perfect normality, of natural cheerfulness, of undisturbed mental poise. One might even think—looking at the group of soldiers chatting and smoking, for instance, in the big library—that all this "just happened," that there must be some inherent virtue of courage and happiness in being blind; but there isn't. The state of mind of the men at Evergreen has been studied, toiled over, determinedly achieved by the people who have the work in hand; the psychological side of the patients' treatment has been given the most expert and devoted attention; there is no other institution like this in the United States; with the exception of St. Dunstan's in London there is no institution like it in the world; psychologically it rests its treatment upon the refusal to admit blindness as an affliction, upon the repudiation of pity and resignation, the proud holding fast to normality and normal interests. The limitations which the generations have set upon the blind man are not accepted here.

That sounds very simple. What they do at Evergreen is to work it out in detail, through the reception of the men when they first come in, sick, through their alimentary training in caring for themselves, through work and play, and on into the matter of their families' readjustment to the new conditions. When they first tell the men that they are blind they throw out the hard fact as a challenge. But back of that, as of everything, is the watchful spirit that is perhaps best summed up in Major Ardan's first remark to Mr. Campbell, when the officer came a few months ago to take charge of the hospital, "What I am interested in is the men's point of view."

And when the men are up and about, one of the first things they do is to learn to dance. But they don't dance just with their teachers, or with each other, as a part of some special kind of exercise. They have girls out from Baltimore, or they get their friends from home, and they have parties as gay and as normal as any Yale Prom.

"It would do your heart good," laughed Major Ardan, "to see them turkey trot!" And he added:

"Some of the men who've been in the awkward squad over there get to be wonderful dancers here."

Professor Whitehead struck another basic note of the psychological side of the treatment at Evergreen when he continued:

"You see, these men do not live in a world of the blind. There is no 'blind community' idea here. They live in the world of sighted men, mixing constantly with people who can see.

"Take the dances, as an example."

(Continued on Page 11)

WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN, DESERTER

Maximilian Harden Denounces Former Emperor, Tells of Ballin's Vain Effort to Warn Him, Reveals Untold Facts About the German Collapse, and Repudiates Communism

Prince Max of Baden, Who Prevented General von Linsingen from Meeting German Revolution with Shot and Shell.

Maximilian Harden, Editor of Die Zukunft. He Calls William Hohenzollern a Deserter.

Albert Ballin, Who Tried to Warn Kaiser of Impending Catastrophe and Was Practically Ejected from His Presence.

General von Linsingen, Military Governor of Brandenburg When German Imperial Government Collapsed.

Maximilian Harden denounces the Kaiser as a deserter and presents vividly many hitherto unpublished facts about the collapse of the German military monarchy in the Nov. 23 issue of his paper, Die Zukunft, just received here. The entire number is devoted to an article, "Der Götterfunke," [The Spark of the Gods,] parts of which are translated herewith.

By MAXIMILIAN HARDEN.

WE had grown accustomed to the belief that a triumphal victory would surely crown our work. There was no psychological or spiritual solution in this war at any time: none that summoned Germans. And in the same second in which the hope of victory fell to pieces, all the force vanished, the will was withered, there leaped up in the minds of the responsible—the all too responsible—parties the terrified realization: "It's all over. Everything is irrevocably lost!"

We had made the institutions of the monarchy, the military monarchy, which was only an instrument for a particular hour in human history—an end in and for itself. In order to preserve the monarchy, in order to preserve militarism, and to guard under all circumstances the glory of the army, everything seemed permitted; even a campaign against the moral forces, against the spiritual forces of the world, seemed justified and even sanctified. * * *

And when it was demonstrated that all force was still not powerful enough to prevent the turn of Fortune's wheel, then there remained not even the narrowest footpath for the persons of that desolate World of Power on which they could find their way or escape. They had tried to preserve the gentleman who stood (and who more frequently stirred in feverish movements) at the head of the empire, to preserve him intact in his artificial world, according to the old saying that had ruled the court here for three decades: "Do not tell the Kaiser anything disagreeable! His Majesty needs the sun!"

In Hamburg there lived a good man, who unfortunately now also has left us, Albert Ballin. A man friendly to and obligated to the Kaiser, (perhaps the Kaiser was even more obligated to the merchant,) a man of thoroughly capitalistic thought, which he neither concealed nor wished to conceal, but a man full of honest love of humanity and in his brightest hours a wise man. He was removed from the "sun" and the "need of the sun" ever since. In the very first months of the war (and I must admit I was his accomplice therein) he had tried to bring some clear facts before the eye of the Most High, the Ever-Joyous. Ballin at that time urged a dignified agreement with our foes.

A furious scene ensued. A lady's fan threatened the cheek of the shipping magnate; the only German who, upon his world field, had been victorious over England and who had, nevertheless, won and kept the confidence of the Britons, was suspected of being an Anglo-maniac, was slandered and shoved away from the vicinity of the Follower of Will-o'-the-Wisps, who used with a smile to say to him: "You ascended to rule a year before I did."

He had ever and again tried to help the Kaiser and to serve the empire. In vain! But in August, 1918, those in the Ludendorff region, where his warning letters had long been left unanswered, addressed themselves to him with the plea to enlighten the All-Highest Lord about the realities of the situation, which that One, therefore, did not yet know; in August, after our armies had been overrun; when the hand of the clock pointed to 12.

True, there was then still a Chancellor, a Government, a Supreme War Administration. Nevertheless, it was found necessary to call upon "the shelved Water Jew," as he had been called since the beginning of the war, because no man in office wished to expose himself to the danger of ungracious treatment. In those days we sat together very long, and I tried to formulate the needs of the hour in my way. Then Ballin went to Wilhelmshöhe.

But he did not succeed in getting private speech with the Kaiser. The latter avoided the truth that might break through in a private conversation, and interposed in the interview his Chief of the Cabinet, von Berg, who was very skillful in his way, and who carefully saw to it that this conversation should not lead to any depths. Ballin traveled sadly home, and wrote to me: "You will consider me an ass or a bungler, because I did not reach the main point."

I had no doubt that he did all that was humanly possible, fearlessly but fruitlessly; but I recognized more clearly than ever the impossibility of our condition. We had a State and Empire, wherein, even in the last extremities, in the gravest crisis, it was impossible to say or to show to the gentleman whose signature was in the last analysis necessary in every decision, what the actual facts were. * * * No one dared to loosen the bandage from the eyes of the nation or of its leader. Those who were called in for the decision fell into the disgraceful position of those who knew themselves to be bankrupt and for that very reason were unwilling to draw up a balance account. * * *

There were among us two worlds, that had scarcely touched one another, the military and the civil worlds; and these were suddenly startled as by a thunderbolt. The militaristic world was startled out of the deepest darkness of the illusion of certain triumph into which it had been forced, an illusion bred of postal embargoes, false reports, and a propaganda of a ruthless, lying, but well-intended sort. How could army and navy suspect that the armistice was demanded by the Supreme Command of its own urgent need? To them it seemed a whimpering produced by bourgeoise-democratic "defeatist" weakness, the result of a despicable "Jew's fear"; and they decided to resist with all forces such a despicable ending of the fight. And from this will arose the plan to let the fleet sail out and attack, and if necessary be destroyed by the English. This would mean no peace for the time being, but they hoped it would set new fire to the war on the mainland.

But all this had to conceal itself in darkness as long as Power and Meanness each day in noble companionship throttled every impulse of truth. It is because day after day in the misery of those demoralizing times, now happily put behind us, lies were extorted from weaklings by the most repulsive methods, and truth stifled on the lips of all who protested—it is for that reason that we are where we are today.

No politician had a part in the mutiny of the fleet. The sailors and the fleet had been told that a "naval evolution" drill was intended. The first suspicions woke when they noticed that most of the older and married officers were furloughed for the time of the "evolutions." The bluejackets on the Markgraf and on the Baden first put their heads together and whispered, "What's up?" From the pantries and the kitchens the stewards heard conversations through the portières that must strengthen the suspicion "We are to attack, to go down!" Thereupon the decision was made: "We desire neither to act against the wish of the Government, which is for the first time a people's Government and desirous of procuring an armistice and peace, nor to permit our lives to be tossed away for a cause which cannot be saved in this way anyhow. We shall do all that is necessary for the defense of our coast, but make no attack which is not deemed necessary by the civil powers, but which, indeed, they consider dangerous and hurtful to their aim of peace."

The squadrons sailed to the mine zone, no further. One fire went out, then another; a ship left the line. They had to turn back. They sailed again, and again they had to return. The sailors seized power without any considerable resistance on the part of the officers. They sailed to the Hansa cities, from which the suddenly risen sparks of the revolution spread afar into the mainland, and the revolution took place more swiftly, less bloodily, than was ever to have been expected. * * *

But in Berlin the system of madness and frivolity raged on undisturbed. No one was to speak a true word. Lies were rewarded with honorary decorations. The people were not permitted to hear anything, to know anything of what was taking place and coming to be. Confused rumors seeped through. Something's up in Kiel. Horrible things are a-doing in Bremen, Lübeck, Hamburg—plunder, mutiny, murder! In hundreds of press offices sat officers and lawyers wearing field-gray garb, (it is true, for years attorneys of the law devoted themselves to the most disgraceful hangman's service in the cause of injustice,) and they decided: "It cannot be printed! Verboten!"

Whoever writes the history of the war must make use of the "verboten" tags that rained each day in the newspaper offices; must first teach these men what was happening, and what therefore must not be printed. The lie stank to heaven; it stank above all the stench of blood. And unsuspecting Germans swore that to them was flowing the purest stream of unadulterated truth, and that their "official reports" were of bronze! * * *

A plan had been elaborated to the smallest detail as to how the rebelling capital could be subdued. There was no plan, alas, for the case if, as happens today, our poor, overpowered army had to be brought back home in haste. No preparations had been made for that; they had counted only on triumph, and even in the Autumn of 1914 had reserved windows for witnessing the triumphal homecoming. But for fighting down the rebellious capital every detail had been carefully planned in advance. And whoever went through the streets on Nov. 8 felt the breath of this spirit stirring. Soldiers, machine guns, automobiles

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One bright sunshiny day, while taking my morning walk in the park, I found Judith and her mother playing hide-and-seek. Judith's mother and I were old friends. We sat down on the grass together for a visit—and Judith played around.

Of course, we talked about the child, for I loved her almost as much as her mother did. As I watched this remarkable child playing around, I thought of the tremendous responsibility of the mother. I asked her how she had met it. And this is what she told me:

"When Judith was born, my first feeling was one of utter helplessness. I knew nothing about caring for a child. I was afraid—afraid

that I might do the wrong thing. I wondered if other mothers had felt that same haunting fear for their child's welfare. And even though Judith thrived under my care, I never could quite shake off the feeling that I might do the wrong thing.

"Never shall I forget the day when my helplessness overwhelmed me completely. Judith was about 2½ years old—just old enough to begin to play, to notice things and to ask questions.

"I had corrected her for striking me in the face with a ball. Then I went to get the ball and had my back to her for a moment. As I turned around with the ball, I saw something that nearly broke my heart! There was Judith, in an attitude of defiance, making a face at me!

"For a moment I couldn't move nor speak. I sank down on the floor—helpless. *Was it possible that Judith didn't love me and had lost confidence in me?*

"For days I struggled with the problem, *haunted by the fear that my child didn't love me.* Then I realized that something had to be done, and done quickly. So I went to my friends and asked frankly for advice. If I had followed all that advice I shudder to think of what might have happened to Judith!

"By good fortune I learned of the Parents' Association, formed for the purpose of giving the very information I was seeking. I wrote—and became a member. I was astounded! For they told me all the things I'd been puzzling over, and lots of surprising things I'd never even thought of.

"These revelations gave me a most wonderful feeling of confidence. I learned how to control Judith—to break naughty little habits just taking root, and to nourish the sweet ways which everyone loved. And then . . . but there's no need to go into details, for you can see what it has done. *I give The Parents' Association* full credit."

The heart of every mother thrills with pride when she hears some whole-souled, notable man proudly stand up and say, as Lincoln said, "All that I am and all that I ever hope to be I owe to my mother." Never was a greater truth uttered than this. For the course of one's whole life is shaped in childhood.

There is no greater responsibility in the world than that of being a parent. *A child is what its parents make it.* Heredity, environment and education all count, it's true. But all these points are as nothing compared with the right training in a child's tender and flexible years.

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The Parents' Association is an organization devoted to scientific child training. It was founded by Professor Ray C. Beery, A. B., M. A. (Harvard and Columbia), after years of scientific research and practical experience in child training. Professor Beery is regarded by those who know his work as one of the greatest authorities on child culture. Probably no man has a better knowledge of human nature or a more sympathetic understanding of children.

The moment you become a member of The Parents' Association you are given information of the most vital nature. Avenues of knowledge which will astound you are opened up to you. Things that have perplexed you, worried you, will become as clear as day to you. You will stand amazed at the tremendous possibilities of child training. And, best of all, you can apply this vital information immediately. You will marvel at the remarkable and *instant* results.

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Uncle Sam's Success with Vegetable Eugenics

Wilt-Proof Tomato Born of Marriage of Plebeian and Aristocratic Plants---Siberian Wheat Wedded to Western Grain to Help the Farmer

EACH year the supply of tomatoes, and consequently the price, has been affected by the tomato wilt, a mysterious disease which has swept over whole regions specially devoted to the cultivation of tomatoes. In Georgia last year the losses reported from this cause were 50 per cent. of the crop. Virginia's crop was cut by 10,000 tons, Maryland's by 25,000, and so through other States.

But there was a ten-acre field of tomatoes which defied attack by the wilt. Diseased plants were brought in contact with the growing field, and the tomatoes showed themselves wilt-proof to the end. This year seeds from the wilt-resisting plants will be sent to all the tomato-growing sections, and the ultimate result, it is expected, will be a saving of millions of dollars and a decided increase in the yield of tomatoes an acre.

This was one of many experiments conducted on a 400-acre Government-owned farm in Alexandria County, Va., across the Potomac from Washington. It is one of the largest highly specialized farms in the world, and is operated by the Bureau of Plant Industry of the Department of Agriculture. The specialists of the bureau call the Arlington Experiment Farm their open-air laboratory. Forty branches of the bureau were carrying on tests last year on their special tracts.

Testing the Yield and Quality of Vegetables Grown in Shade and Those Grown in the Open. Superior Qualities of Tobacco Are Produced Under Similar Cloth Shades in Certain Portions of the United States.

For instance, 200 varieties of lettuce were being watched there to see which was the all-around best. Seventy varieties of sweet potatoes were in a similar competition. Known sweet potato plants are not steady performers. Hills frequently occur with practically no yield—a few stringy roots. To find a plant which would do business in every hill would add fifty bushels to the average yield. That kind of a plant—a more energetic sweet potato than is now known is now being sought at the Arlington Experiment Farm.

Many strangers arrive at the farm every year from Europe, Asia, and South America. They are new seeds and new plants. Marriages take place to add to the number of bushels per acre, and these would be called as romantic, if humans are concerned, as was the love affair of Romeo and Juliet. In one case the Romeo is a Siberian wheat of superb Northern vigor, built up through centuries of resistance to extreme cold. Juliet is of our own West, of a strain famous for its golden abundance, but for all her beauty susceptible to cold with kinsfolk who—black Western prairies have perished by the thousand. What is wanted therefore—to increase our yield of wheat per acre—is a progeny which shall combine Romeo's hardihood and Juliet's abundance.

So the marriage takes place, with a chief scientist as the best man and other scientists as the ushers. The time set for the ceremony is as ideal as any human bride and bridegroom could ask for, in the bloom season. Juliet's bridal toilet has one peculiarity. The ends of the stamens are cut off, and the pollen from the Romeo bloom is sprinkled in its place.

The cost of such a marriage is sometimes considerable. In the development of certain varieties of grain the expense of the mating, including the succeeding tests, has amounted to $10,000. On account of the heavy outlay the first offspring of Romeo and Juliet are placed in a cage for protection from the birds—a wire netting eight feet from the ground, so as to give the cultivator room to move about, is placed over the progeny of the Siberian and the American, and the sides are also inclosed by the netting.

The Arlington Experiment Farm has 1,500 different grain seeds. In the fruit section there are 700 varieties of apples, 100 of grapes, and 100 of peaches. In the flower section, to mention two kinds, are found 800 varieties of roses and 400 of peonies.

Two chief methods of procedure are followed by the scientists. To increase the yield per acre is the main problem. This may be done by evolving, through the mixing of varieties, a better seed; or by finding a cure for a disease which is making heavy ravages in existing excellent varieties. In the new tomato plant the scientists' plan of campaign is well illustrated. Cures were sought for the tomato wilt. This involved a long and exact process. First the tomato wilt germ must be found and isolated. That meant patient laboratory work in the Bureau of Plants at Washington. There was one infallible proof—that the germ would produce the wilt in a healthy plant. This done, efforts were made to control it by chemical sprays.

Sometimes success is complete in such experiments, as when a few years ago the bureau discovered a lime sulphur mixture which would destroy orchard scale of the most malignant kind, a pest that ruins not only the fruit crop but, if unchecked, saps the life of the tree itself. But in this case no cure was found for the tomato wilt. Therefore the other line of attack was adopted. A plant was found which would resist the disease. At length, after hunting far and wide, a tomato plant was found that would not take the blight no matter how exposed.

Success, however, was yet a long way off, for this plant yielded a small scrawny tomato, utterly unsuited for commercial use, a vegetable n'er-do-well and loafer which had the one quality of a magnificent constitution. The scientists, because of his physique, resolved to make a desirable vegetable citizen of him. The first step upward must be a suitable marriage. A bride in a different world was sought, a bride in a most industrious, prolific family of tomatoes. The vagabond, in the interest of food production in the United States, was mated to an aristocrat; and after several years of progressive experimenting with the progeny the scientists of the Plant Bureau think they are safe in announcing a wilt-proof tomato.

Plant breeding is only one of a group of experiments carried on at the Arlington Experiment Farm. Soils from various States are tested there, not by chemical analysis, but where they can be watched continuously in open-air environment. The soil as it comes from the different States is placed in stone cylinders, in layers, just as it was taken from the ground. The plant is grown in the cylinder, set upright in the ground. Records are kept of each test, and the final result shows what each soil needs in the way of fertilizer to make it produce the best results. These records are completed for leading varieties of crops.

A row of laboratories is part of the equipment of the farm. One of these is now conducting important experiments in the prevention of waste farm crops.

"A farmer has a crop of peaches ready to pick," said Professor Lee Cleveland Corbett, horticulturist of the Bureau of Plant Industry, who has been one of the scientists most actively connected with the Arlington Farms, "but rain sets in. The fruit grower cannot pick peaches in the rain, and if he did they would not keep. By the time it stops raining and he can get on the ground it is too late to ship the peaches to market. They would be too soft. The commercial canners do not want them; they have contracted in advance for their needs, and, besides, by the time the peaches went over the railroads to the canneries they would be too ripe for use. How to save these peaches for human food—there is a conservation of far-reaching importance, for each year thousands of bushels go to ruin.

"Another problem of the same kind: City people sometimes buy a farm and find the ground under a large orchard fairly covered with apples of good appearance. They cry out at the waste, and wonder why the farmer does not ship the apples to market, even if he hardly makes expenses. As a matter of fact, in most such cases the farmer would not get enough out of the deal to pay the freight, not to mention the cost of packing and the barrels.

"There is only one solution to these and other similar wastes of farm crops: Canning or drying on the farm."

There is not only a best kind of a canning plant to be devised, but a best method of preparing the fruit, cooking it, sealing the cans, to be found. All these are now being worked out, and when completed, a home canning system will be placed before the farmer intact. The result will be a new resource of food for the American home from what hitherto was waste. The war, with its stern demand to employ every available means to accomplish a single purpose, has emphasized the importance of making every pound of food grown count, and the momentum from the war saving campaign promises to work a revolution in methods of economy on the farm.

Birdseye View of Government's Experimental Farm at Arlington, Including a Portion of the Greenhouses, the Water Station, the Vegetable Garden, and the Apple Orchard in the Distance.

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loaded down with arms. "Tomorrow it's going to be red!"

That street fighting did not ensue is to the credit, the last credit, of Prince Max of Baden. Had he not, in the course of the evening, been brought to see the wisdom of compelling the resignation of Herr von Linsingen, the Supreme Commander in the Province, who, with almost pathetic simplicity, had tried to have the revolution "verboten" by means of placards, then the morning of German freedom would have risen out of streams of the purest blood of its citizens.

But red, as the police spies had foretold, was that morning. * * * There was a revolution; a German revolution, a very orderly one, a highly respectable revolution. It was the same nearly everywhere throughout the empire. Then you saw how rotten and crumbling were the walls, how thin had become the golden circlets; twenty dynasties and more were wafted away into dust as by a breath of wind. * * *

And, I must add the fact that one of them, the All Highest, at once betook himself to a foreign land. Even the Supreme War Lord, before the conclusion of peace, chose the deserter's path. This fact must at last have opened the eyes of even those who still believed in that shimmering idol. I do not wish to provide either you or myself with the cheap pleasure to say those words about this man which will be said on some calmer day. But who frightened him away? No one in the people or army is guilty of the fact that a back-door exit was selected to Holland, and that by that fact itself every warrior and every official was relieved of his oath of fealty. No one threatened the lives or bodies of any of these princes; and I had expected that they would rather quickly choose an honest soldier death or sojourn further in our midst to try to make their gifts useful in some way to the nation. But that the First Federal Prince of yesterday, the King of Prussia, fled from the field to the frontier, even his most devoted officer and liegeman of yesterday will not forgive him that.

Now all the secret plottings and writings must be brought to the light; must, not because the people's wrath wishes to rage its full measure, but because good sense and the highest policy demand that now, more powerfully than ever before, the nation must be shown how necessary and inevitable the overthrow of the military monarchy was. Hesitate no longer, ye who now rule, to publish the unambiguous proofs in the archives, to unmask the liars! Tear the veil from the shame that allowed this indignation to grow!

It is the sorrow of this hour that the sense of high exaltation, of fervent serious enthusiasm, has not yet been attained. * * * Be conscious in every hour, at each pulse beat, that the revolution was not a way out of the difficulty, not a subterfuge, not a necessary evil of self-defense; no, it was a gigantic step upward, into the heights, to Freedom, the joyous sanctification of all the national and international future. * * *

After all this, does one dare to count up the few unpleasant happenings that spot the day of our revolution? As far as can be humanly foreseen, they will not be the last. But an evil continuing down to the very depths can result only if, after the overthrow of the prison walls and the razing of the confining barriers, the revolutionizing of the spirit fails to take place in the people, and if in a new form the evil returns from which the empire and people became sick unto death.

I have referred in passing to one root of our evils: the means had become an end unto itself. The army and the monarchy, which should have been a means to insure and exalt the forces of the soul, to guard and increase the national prosperity—these had become ends in themselves; existed imperiously as self-providers, raged and exhausted themselves. The enormous war also was not to be a means to an honorable peace; the nauseating industrial warfare was to appear fleckless, and with a coinage of lies it gathered a usurious splendor.

Now, the revolution must remain a means to the new order of things, and must not become an end unto itself. What is to be done in order to guard it against blind floundering in the swamp of vanities or wild mushroom growth into autocratic ambition? From a hundred bourgeoise choruses rings the answer: "We must support the new Government before the eyes of all!" * * *

I do not blame people for a true conversion of principle. But for those who yesterday distilled public opinion and bottled it; those who sat in press offices, circulated patrioteers' lies, exported truth abroad and thus emptied Truth's warehouse here at home; those who tried in prose and verse to befog us ever more densely, and who now try the same tricks and arts and curtseys in the service of something fundamentally different—for those I can find no respect. Where are the marquises, the sincere feudal lords of 1918, who would rather die than cast aside their opinions like a sweaty shirt? Everywhere round-about there are only democrats, soon only republicans. I need mention no names. * * * Yesterday, bloody with will to victory in every trousers' pocket; today, Knight of the Spirit, uplifting "mutilated civilization" to pure glory! Neighbor, quick! Give me your smelling-bottle or I vomit!

Germans, you shall not, as yesterday you did for Princes, Excellencies, bank Presidents, Ministerial directors, today fawn upon the favor of Workers' and Soldiers' Councils. You shall be decent fellows, letting your action be determined by your honest convictions, and devil a care whether you please any one or not. * * *

A democratic party raises its broad banner. I will not now examine whether behind it, indeed, in front of it, there are not also marching many who, after evil deeds, would have good reason to keep themselves in a dark silence. The principles of the new party are highly praiseworthy, and I wish it a speedy victory; but I wish sincerely also that it may not become a *refugium peccatorum* for detected sinners whose souls are lusting for new maidenhood. In that case the advertising tricks of a Barnum will not help permanently to cast splendor over it. * * *

Democracy? As much as you wish. A Republic? With delight. The smashing of all feudal powers? Settled. Crown and scepter, Reichstag and House of Lords? Dust and ashes. Only, please, please do not reach out for our money! Be as impetuous as you please as democrats, but in socialization be nice and tame. We see splendid decorations, pompous curtains of words; and then hear: "The root of the economic system shall remain untouched!" or words to that effect. But the root will not be "untouched." Assuredly not. Those who touch it will even grasp it right roughly. At least two generations will suffer under it. Shall we today sorrow for it with chattering teeth? I, too, have acquired my little money very laboriously, have never inherited anything or gathered it in without labor. It matters not; away with it, if from such sacrifice salvation springs for the poor.

Do you really believe that it would have been better if Wilhelm had marched victorious under the Brandenburg Gate? That then the public order and the root of the economic system would have remained untouched? Unthinkable. Where in the world were the two hundred billions to have come from, or even the eight or ten billions which we would have needed each year to pay the interest on our debt? Surely not out of the paper hurdy-gurdy that for four years has been revolving before our eyes and which the organ-grinder has been trying to encourage to livelier movement with the song of the Victor's Laurel Wreath? Besides, all that paper is worthless. Only the labor of your sons and grandsons will and can create a new value for it—when Germany prospers again and its chimneys smoke. Today these bits of paper are merely notes on a treasure of the future.

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A FUNERAL GROUP AFTER BERLIN RIOTING.

In the procession that followed the coffins of victims in street fighting were a few British and French prisoners of war. On this particular day a hundred bodies were buried in one grave.

If to the new parties there attaches even the faintest smell of anxiety about the dear pocketbook, then they will not win the slightest bit for the bourgeoisie among the workers. With compromises nothing more can be effected after the war and the revolution; indeed, nothing dare be effected by them. The bourgeois, in Byzantine or stulted tolerance, because he earned rich income, has sinned. He and his class must atone for it. That is fate. Who was it that gathered up his forces for the revolution? A few spiritual leaders revolutionized the spirits, and without this sowers' and plowers' work there would have been no harvest. Without Voltaire and Rousseau there would have been no Robespierre and Danton. But as a class it was the workingmen, the proletarians who had been driven and hounded into the most horrible misery of war, who did the trick. It was they who risked their lives and freedom, first out there at the front and then at home, in this terrible game. * * *

Can communism be established tomorrow in the wide realm of German economics? I doubt it. I do not believe that the body of our economic system, wounded unto death, can do without the experience, the arts, the plans, even the tricks of capitalism, without suffering danger. * * * First restore health, and then bring self-education in duty, form or freedom. But, most important of all, we are really not yet free. We have been abandoned by the deposed tenants of imperial power and their confidential agents in such a sad state of unfreedom as scarcely ever has any people in history, and in such a manner as only a cannibalistic conscience could without dizziness leave those who have rendered such services and such faithful sacrifice.

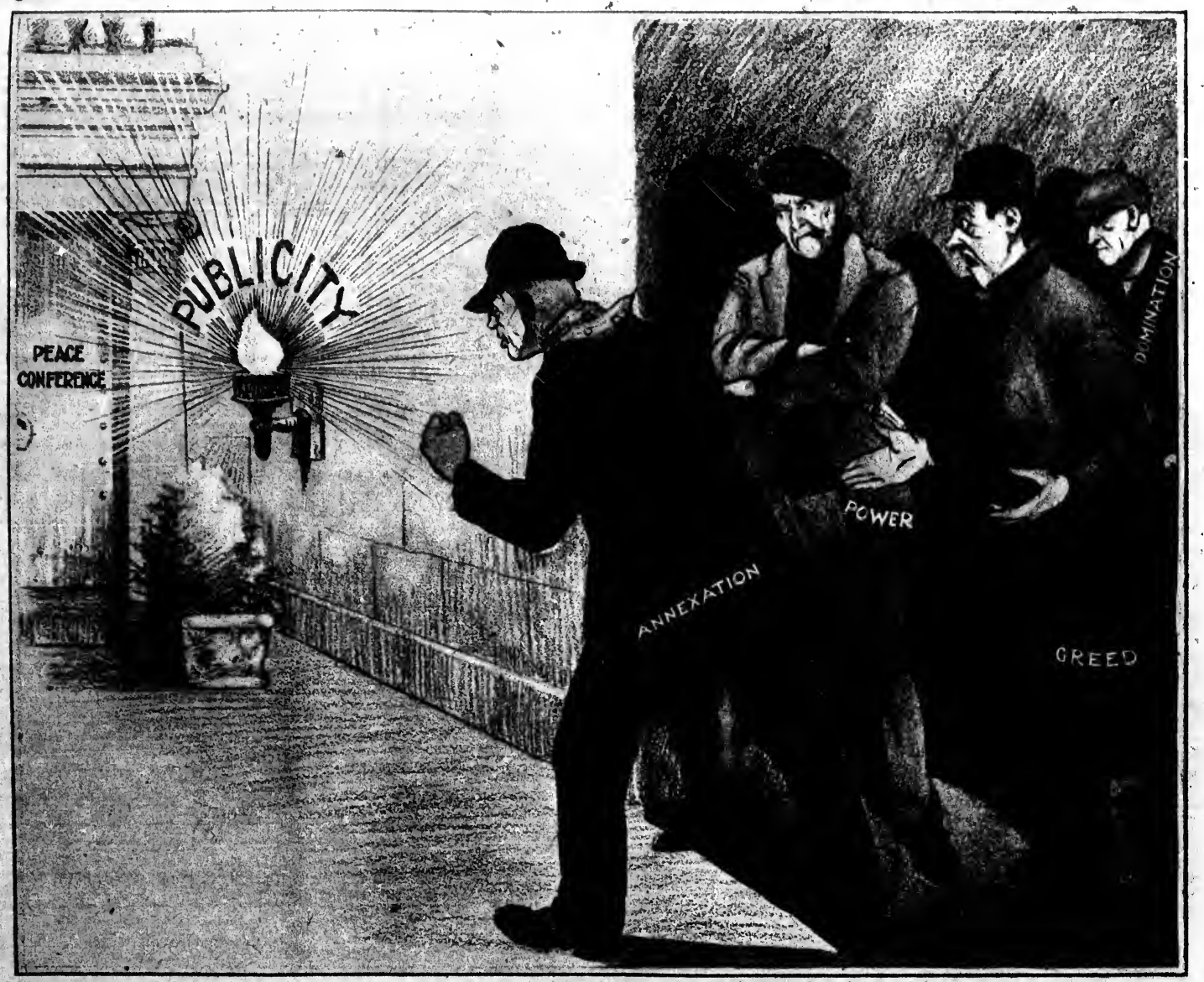
We are forced to reckon with the will of Western Europe and of America. And even if Pan Germany fervently and unitedly yearned for communism, "socialization of all property," expropriation of all rights of property, the fulfillment of that yearning would nevertheless be denied. The world of those Powers which we need would compel us to forego a communistic economic system. In Russia, too, we have just seen an attempt at communism. I have recently said that Bolshevism is most emphatically not, as superficial observers think, a system invented by murderers and robbers, but an idealistic structure of great style; and already there are becoming visible around it, side by side with vast devastated areas, useful plants of a quite new variety.

But when we use the word Bolshevism in daily conversation it has a different meaning, and we use it as current coin. In that sense all take it to mean the State procedure of breaking all acquired rights through tyrannical force and threats of life and property. Our inner eye then sees a picture of a soldateska raging in our own land, shooting, butchering, plundering, taking booty as for years they were wont to do in enemy country; as they were accustomed to do through people who were so short-sighted that they did not believe in the possibility of importing the dangerous custom. Such Bolshevism is not desired by the proletariat of Germany, which is sound to the core, nor by its uniformed sons and brothers. And if they did desire it, and tried to make it grow on this soil, then, after the greatest success, which could throw back German Kultur and civilization a century, we would come under foreign rule. The enemies into whose hands we have been delivered helpless, in spite of the fact that some 10,000,000 German men are still under arms, through frivolous frittering away of the possibility of peace, in blind and deaf dreaming of triumph—these enemies would advance into the very heart of Germany and restore order in their own way. * * *

We have internationalists at the head of the empire. Let them call to humanity and say:

"Here, under Groener and Mackensen, are almost 10,000,000 harried and confused men, whose bodies and souls hunger for food, and who, if they are crowded into trains in haste, hungry, thirsty, uncleaned, uninstructed about what has happened in Germany, and with sentiments grown wild, will be fit after three days to be tools for every terroristic attempt, every impulse for a counter-revolution. If we do not succeed in convincing these men that tomorrow each individual one of them will be respected as a human being, a creature valuable in himself and for others, if we do not succeed in bringing them quietly home, each with his little parcel of happiness—then, indeed, may the Continent, old Europe, tremble! Not only for fear of sickness, either. Then what you call Bolshevism will be inevitable and cannot be stayed. Only out of international community can salvation spring forth on this field.

"If you seriously desire the league of free peoples (free from hatred, too,) then you must not delay doing for these 10,000,000 human beings what human love and human dignity demand. And the same demand must be emphasized by your own self-interest. Not for us are you saving these human beings (bad as is our lot; we do not whine for alms). You are saving them for all of you. For you are lost with the rest, if there comes into being here a chaos reeking with blood."



"If we only could put out that light, we could sneak in!"

American Soldiers on Leave in France

(The following is a translation of parts of an article on "Leaves of Absence in the American Army" in a recent issue of Le Matin, Paris.)

IT was one of the good little old cities of France, just like many another little county seat, with a main street which was either dusty or muddy according to the season, a church of the sixteenth century, calm and peaceful, and the remains of a feudal castle.

Life was easy-going and rather dull. The people hardly ever worked; their chief occupation was gossipping about their neighbors. The commercial travelers who carried the atmosphere of Paris in their sample-cases found that the place had gone stale and wasted no time in it. In the evening in the deserted cafés a few casino players drowsed under the sleepy eye of the cashier.

The war had increased the somnolence of the little city. Saddened by mourning, embittered by the restrictions, worried, suspicious, it had become altogether inhospitable.

But, one fine morning, on the market place, in the cafés, a great piece of news had been passed about. The Americans, who were beginning to arrive in France in large numbers, were leasing for long terms or buying outright several farms, fields, and woods in the country round about.

At first the whole city arched its back against the invading stranger. "What have those people come to do now in our country?"

The first battalions of engineers who detrained at the railroad station with their equipment were not at all affably received. Soon, a few kilometers from the city, barracks were going up with astonishing rapidity. Then they were putting up a telephone line and laying a railroad to connect the camp with the station. In six months a city of boards, with more inhabitants than the county seat itself, was decorating the plain where formerly a few shepherds had wandered behind their flocks.

All at once our little city, taken by surprise, then filled with enthusiasm, began to exaggerate "Americanism."

In place of the dusty streets in which nondescript little dry goods stores were barely getting along, there appeared tea rooms, Teddy rooms, American bars, Liberty bars, standard bars, &c. Restaurants were opened in which the cooking was exclusively American, at least it was thought to be exclusively American. For a few weeks they coined money in the little city. As it was well known that all Americans are millionaires at least, our good business people asked "American" prices, which the Yankees paid at first without a murmur.

And then, little by little, they learned that two fried eggs are not worth anywhere near 4 francs (80 cents) even in wartimes. Practical people that they are, quick to decide, instead of wasting time and breath in vain protesting, they simply quarantined the Teddy rooms, tea rooms, Liberty rooms, &c., not to mention a few shoe stores and other shops. Made wise by the sombre prospect of failure, the business people are now content with more honest, though still very handsome profits, and things are going along better in this happiest of county seats.

In the afternoon the little city still has the sleepy look of former days. It is in the evening about 7 o'clock that it wakes up when the train arrives with the men who are on leave.

In camp, work ends at 6 o'clock. The bugle, in the form of a megaphone mounted on a tripod, sounds for dinner, which the men eat hastily in their barracks. Then they immediately wash, shave, and board the train.

In the city many pass the evening in the cafés, where they consume a great deal, saving not being an American virtue. But there is no drunkenness, no disorder. Besides, the American police is right at hand. A few great big strapping fellows, with an arm-band marked with the initials M. P., (military police,) patrol the city. Fastened to their belt they carry a sort of short club, which would make a formidable weapon but which remains a symbol of the power which they very rarely use.

But cafés and bars are not the sole haunts of our young Americans.

Love has also gone to war. The little city is filled with pretty girls who find that the khaki uniform sets off extremely well the young vigor of the American soldier. Some of these girls are absolutely devoid of restraining virtue; but those are not the ones the boys prefer. Commerce and love appear to them hardly compatible. For most of these young men have a good deal of sentiment in their make-up and often show a purity of morals that would make us Frenchmen smile. They wish to love, and generally with the idea of marrying. Then they pay their court quietly and earnestly, with no brusqueness, and it is a charming sight to see these big boys, foreigners, in the French family of their fiancée. There is not much talking because they hardly understand each other, but they get on all the same. Jimmy stammers a few words of French, Henriette speaks very brokenly a few of English. That is enough for them to express the inexpressible.

Another of the attractions of the man on leave is the visit to the protégés, children of the devastated regions or war orphans adopted by the American soldiers. They call the children their mascots and are sure that they bring them good luck.

Supported at the expense of the regiment by a fund which reaches a very respectable figure, the children are kept in the little city with their nurses and our brave fellows take great joy in giving them clothing, candy, and toys. The other day it took a whole lot of talking to convince the privates of the —— aero squadron that a bicycle was not quite the thing for their ward who was only 4 years old. Didn't they want to take her back to camp with them and her old nurse, too!

They found consolation for not having her all to themselves in making all sorts of plans for her bringing up, her education, and her marriage in America "when things are over."

Joy in Life for the Blind

(Continued from Page 3)

he went on. "Dancing teaches the men far more than they know. In the first place, they master agility in movement. And with it they gain self-confidence that will be of great help to them in walking. And in dancing with girls they acquire further confidence—the confidence that comes from doing a normal thing successfully, associating and competing with 'sighted' people. We have these dances every week or two, and the men laugh and flirt and have a good time, like any healthy, normal boys.

"There is another thing that is brought out in the dances," the Educational Director continued, in answer to a question about the men's personal attitude—were they or were they not shy?—toward their "sighted" guests. "Our men are never awkward or self-conscious in meeting and mingling with people who can see—even young girls at a dance—because we never admit the idea of such a thing. We never under any circumstances say to one of our patients, 'Don't be shy!' or 'Don't be nervous!' That would be a dreadful thing to suggest! Instead, we tell them what to do, and we say, 'Fine! Go ahead.'"

As soon as it is known that a man is permanently blinded, he is told about it—not pityingly or with an air of gentleness, but with the straight-out-from the-shoulder call to courage that experience has proved to be the kindest way. He is not told that he is "afflicted" and that he must be "patient," and learn "resignation"—he is challenged to the precise opposite of all that, to fight to overcome a handicap, to prepare to compete for the rest of his life with men of the seeing world, and to beat them at their own game. Everything in the present curriculum at Evergreen is designed to help a man win the battle for his livelihood. And when, as he lies helpless in bed on his first arrival, he is given puzzles to amuse himself with, he does not know that even they are already a part of his mental and physical preparation to meet the challenge of that battle; in mastering the little puzzles his fingers will gain their first dexterity, and in conquering his earliest obstacle he will have gained his first victory over helplessness.

Said Major Ardan, in briefly outlining the plan of the hospital's work:

"Practically all the blinded patients who come to us are primarily shell-shock cases. 'Shell shock' is itself a misnomer, however—it merely means that there is something—we don't know just what—the matter with the man's nervous condition; there are various psycho-neuroses and somo-psychoses that are undiagnosed; and there is no sense in treating the symptoms. We have to find out just what the matter is, and then treat the patient first and the disease second. That is one of the first points of our treatment here—always the individual patient. With the end of individual treatment in view we have developed a curriculum of four two-month

Men Totally and Partially Blinded in the Library of General Hospital 7.

periods. And when a man is brought to us he is first examined by a medical man, an eye man, and a psychologist, so that the exact facts of his physical and mental state are made plain, and then, after a consultation of these three with the educational department, a detailed statement is made of his work and play for the first period—precisely how much he is to have of each. Some get over their 'shell shock' in a week; with some it takes three months.

"It is in the first two weeks that the men feel helpless. By the end of that time they are beginning to learn to do things for themselves, and you'd be surprised to see what a difference two weeks make. Of course the personal equation comes in here, and with some men it takes longer than others. A man begins to pull up mentally as soon as he begins to feel some result in what he is doing, to realize that he is beginning to accomplish something. That generally takes about two weeks, and it is in that time that we impress it upon the men that this is a handicap to be overcome, and a challenge to their courage.

"To go back to the first two-month period—and I must explain," Major Ardan interpolated, "that the phrase 'two-month period' is simply one of classification; it usually takes two months to get through this period, but it may take six months or only a few weeks; it is always the individual need that is met. Well, in that first period there is the most of entertainment and the least of work. There are all sorts of amusements for the men. They have reading classes, minstrel shows, concerts, they learn to dance, they have games in the gymnasium, swimming, bowling, various kinds of physical exercise. An effort is made at the same time to interest them in school work. And they have so much of the fundamental training in braille, typewriting, and digital dexterity (basketry, weaving, &c.) as does not interfere with their physical and mental recuperation. During that period they are allowed to have all the 'time off' from evening study that they want.

"In that first period there are certain definite things that are done in the training of the men's minds to their new kind of life. First, every effort is made to teach them to forget what they have been through at the front.

"Second, it is made plain to them that by being blinded they have not become subnormal, but are merely handicapped. And, third, they are told that that handicap will be overcome for them by the training they receive here. It is said," Major Ardan added, "that a blind man has lost 30 per cent. of his normal ability; our work here is to give back that 30 per cent. by extra efficiency of body and mind.

"Fourth," he continued, "the patient's courage and interest are stimulated by allowing him to find out for himself that every day he is learning to do things that he had thought as a blind man he would be totally unable to do.

"That is a short outline of the first period's scheme as it touches our direct relations with the patient here. But there is another very important part of it in getting ready for the man's future—the part that has to do with his family.

"As soon as a patient is sent here his family is wired to. Then when the complete diagnosis of his condition has been made his photograph is taken—as soon as he is well enough—and that, with a general description of his state, is sent home. This does away with the danger of his family's exaggerating his disfigurement and bad condition and at the same time tells them exactly what to expect when they see him. Then each family gets a report once or twice a month. That is not the only way in which we seek the co-operation of the family, but it covers the first period; and, you see, with the family kept closely informed in this way, there is no shock of readjustment either for them or for the boy himself.

"When the boys get here the first thing they want is a furlough. They want to go home. If they are not allowed to, they are unhappy, and an unhappy patient is not susceptible to treatment. So we let them all go who want to, sending an attendant with each man, who takes him all the way home and brings him all the way back. They usually spend about ten days at home, and they come back happy and satisfied. Of course, the family has received full information before the boy gets home. And it is scarcely necessary to point out that a great deal depends on family co-operation.

"In the second two-month period the patients are given more advanced training in various vocational branches; they are not yet ready to choose what they want to do, but they get a taste at this time of different things—bookbinding, carpentry, weaving, netting, &c. And the point of our training is that we teach a man all about the game as it is played by 'sighted' men outside; he doesn't only learn to bind books, he learns all about the business of bookbinding.

"The third is the period of specialization. By that time a man is supposed to know his own mind. He is a normal citizen, and is treated as such. He is ready to clinch the thing as his life's work, and he goes at it with all the sagacity of the normal man who means to succeed.

"In the fourth period the specialization goes on, with this added feature: Each man's mother, or wife, or sister, or sweetheart—the person with whom he will be living in the future at home—is brought here to the hospital, (there is a Red Cross House in Baltimore where the women will live,) and is taught how to co-operate with the hospital and with him. She learns the blind man's point of view, how to be sympathetic and helpful without spoiling things by being sentimental, and she is taught how to enter completely into his new personal life. She is also taught how to help him in the work that he has chosen. That phase of the training is only just beginning, for this is still a new hospital."

The development of Evergreen has been from the first under the direction of Lieut. Col. James Bordley, Director of the Red Cross Institute for the Blind, who is responsible, more than any one else, for the success and inspiration of the work. Lieut. Col. Bordley, who is the officer of the Division of Physical Reconstruction in charge of the re-education of blinded soldiers, sailors, and marines in the office of the Surgeon General of the United States Army, has been at the head of the work at Evergreen since the Surgeon General's office began its plans eighteen months ago.

There are 123 men at Evergreen now—two marines, two sailors, two civilians who lost their sight doing war work, the rest soldiers. Nine have become blind from injury or disease, the others have lost their sight in foreign service. Of the entire number, fifty-five are totally blind. Major Ardan expects a total of about 250 patients at the hospital, and five new buildings are now being put up.

Hughes Co.

Blinded Soldiers Bowling—This Recreation Is a Regular Part of Their Hospital Program.

Teaching the People How to Keep Well

Public Health Nurses, First Suggested by Florence Nightingale, Now Held Essential to Any Program for Conservation of the Nation's Well-Being

MISS ELLA PHILLIPS CRANDALL, who during the war was engaged in directing the work of the nursing committees of the Council of National Defense, has just returned to New York to take up her duties with the National Organization for Public Health Nursing, of which she is Executive Secretary. According to Miss Crandall, one of the most vital problems to be met now by the nation is the proper care and conservation of health. She says further that public health nursing is an essential part of any complete health program.

"Before going into the details of the question, let me explain what I mean by public health nursing," she said; "or, rather, let me define the phrase 'the public health nurse.' We are all familiar with the visiting nurse, who comes in response to an immediate need for nursing care; the infant welfare nurse, whose work is confined to the care of the very young; the social service nurse, who is especially interested in the social well-being of an individual or group, and the school nurse, who is employed to work among the school children of a community. The public health nurse is all of these, or any one of them. She is a composite of them, if you will, bearing the qualities of all. She may limit her work to any one of these activities or combine them all as a general community nurse.

"The duty of the public health nurse is not primarily to bring the patient to a state of health after he has become sick, but to teach him how to keep well and prevent illness. Her ultimate aim is the health of the community rather than that of the individual. The theory upon which public health nursing is based is that care of the individual is doubly important because his illness affects the health standard of the family, that the health of the family is important because of its relation to the community group, and the health of the community is important because of the bearing it has on the prosperity and happiness of the State and the nation.

"The modern public health aspect of this work found its inception in the mind of Florence Nightingale, although she is usually thought of as the founder of nursing education which is intimately related to care of the sick in hospitals. But what she was pleased to call 'health missioners' in her day were virtually the same as the public health nurses of today. The development of this phase of public health work has been sporadic for the last twenty years. But during the last six or seven it has begun to make itself an important factor in the country. At the time the war started we had six thousand public health nurses in the country directed by some twenty-five hundred agencies interested in this work. By agencies I mean departments of health and of education, industrial and commercial companies, hospital social service organizations and visiting nurse associations and other agencies devoted to special health interests.

"When the call for military nurses came, a good many of these women, impelled by a desire for patriotic service, left their posts in this country and went abroad for hospital duty. The impulse was fine and worthy of praise. It was difficult for these women to appreciate, as it has been difficult for people in other home service duties to appreciate, that every woman as well as every man was obligated to give to the Government her maximum service even when this meant, as it often did, 'carrying on' right at home rather than overseas; and that the maintenance of the home defense was as important a factor in the success of the war as the maintenance of the armies in the trenches.

Party of Nurses Starting Out from the Henry Street Settlement, New York City.

Miss Ella Phillips Crandall.

"The call for war service at home came to the depleted ranks of public health nurses soon after the army cantonments were established. It was the first time in the history of the country that the Federal Government had taken cognizance of this branch of public health nursing. This work was organized and supervised by Mary E. Lent, Associate Secretary of this organization, who was loaned to the Government upon nomination of the Red Cross. Her staff of nurses were sent out to the districts surrounding the military camps known as extra-cantonment zones, and there carried on a campaign of health protection invaluable in the judgment of the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service and the commanding officers of the zones under whom they worked. Education along the lines of control of communicable diseases was the principal feature of the work. The first draft had shown that of the so-called flower of our manhood, 30 per cent. were suffering from serious physical defects and disease, including a surprising amount of incipient tuberculosis.

"The statistics of venereal disease were equally startling. To bring home these facts with the aim of teaching people how to remedy and to prevent them became the program of the Government. What this means can best be appreciated when one takes into consideration that the war brought on a state of housing and working conditions where the communication of disease was something to be daily reckoned with. In the camps the men were housed together in barracks. In the cities industrial workers were located in hastily constructed shops, factories, and shacks. They were concentrated in the effort to give a high degree of service and to maintain a steady output. That, especially in shops and factories, meant overcrowding to a degree which under normal conditions would not have been tolerated.

"Public health work began to be considered as a straight business proposition, as every case of illness or accident diminished the quantity and regularity of output. More and more, people awoke to the fact that health service rendered to the army at home was equally as important as that for the army afield. It may be an interesting fact that, according to the statistics taken by the Canadian Government during 1917, the percentage of accidents and tuberculosis in the industries of that country was greater than the percentage of casualties of the men at the front.

"Added to all this there came the demand from abroad for public health nurses to help in community rehabilitation work in France, Belgium, Rumania, and later in Italy. The nurses went, of course, because this was the kind of work for which their special training had equipped them. This depleted to a still greater extent the ranks of public health nurses at home. Then came the epidemic of influenza which taxed beyond capacity all organized bodies of trained workers and called forth heroic volunteer service from citizens, both men and women, everywhere. It is probably not too much to say that in all large cities and practically wherever public health nurses were located, the nursing outside of hospitals was directed by their organizations, which quickly coordinated all separate agencies under common leadership and expanded their service to include day and night duty and the work of volunteers.

"As a result of this nation-wide tragedy, which resulted in more deaths than the total due to war, the people learned to appreciate and understand this type of service and its potential value as never before. Appreciation of public health nursing as part of the health program of a community was greatly strengthened. It is no longer a matter of theory. Its practical value has been demonstrated before the eyes of the nation.

"Now with the closing of the war, and the passing of the epidemic, the need of proper health conservation must not be lost sight of, nor the public health nurse's part in it. The question now is —where are these nurses, so much in demand in all parts of the country, to come from? We had only six thousand at the beginning of the war. A good many of these are still in Europe. Those who are returning are being snatched up just as soon as they appear. The answer then must necessarily be—increase the supply. This can be quickly done by attracting to this field, as they return, a good many of the private duty nurses who have been in Government service. The impulse that moved them to go overseas was patriotism. If we could get from two to four thousand of these fine young women to regard public health nursing as just as truly a national service and to enlist under its banner, the immediate problem could be on the road to solution.

"The vast majority of these women are, however, not trained to take up this work immediately. What the National Organization for Public Health Nursing proposes to do is to raise a sufficient sum of money to be used as a scholarship fund for the nurses who desire to go into this service. It is understood that many of them, coming back from military duty, (in which their salaries were much less than their usual income,) will not be able financially to avail themselves of this term of training. Post-graduate courses are four and eight months in length, the four months' course equipping a nurse for a staff position under supervision, and the eight months' course equipping her for executive and supervisory work, providing she has the necessary qualities of leadership. The great need throughout the country to day is for women of the latter type; women who, knowing the health problems of a community, can so organize and direct a corp of workers as to make possible at least a minimum of nursing care for the people.

"That the subject is sufficiently important to be of national interest is proved by the introduction of the first reconstruction bill before Congress by the United States Public Health Service calling for a fund of $1,500,000 to be used for public health work, including community nursing. The bill provides that those States undertaking a health program which shall include child welfare, industrial welfare, and rural health work are to be given a Federal subsidy on condition that the States appropriate an equal sum from their own treasury. The public health officials aim at having at least one public health nurse in each county. Even before this, the Federal Children's Bureau introduced a bill (which will have a hearing before the Senate Committee this month) providing a similar subsidy for the States, in a program directed toward the better care of mothers and infants.

"If we could get 1,000 women to take post-graduate courses of training during the next six months, it is practically certain that they could easily be absorbed in this national work. I say 1,000 because there is a definite limit to the numbers who could be given even the most limited practical training under proper supervision within that period."

Korea Appeals to Wilson for Freedom

"Hermit Kingdom," Now Under Japanese Control, Looks to the Versailles Peace Conference for Aid---How Koreans See Their Country's Situation

By E. S. BISBEE.

PRESIDENT WILSON in Paris has received a cablegram of appeal for a consideration of Korea's claims to autonomy from a committee representing Korea, in which at least one name was familiar to the former President of Princeton University. This name was that of Syngman Rhee, Ph. D., who received that degree from "Old Nassau" while Mr. Wilson was its President. Dr. Rhee is now editor of the Korean National Herald at Honolulu. The other signers were Chan Ho Min, A. M., B. D., of Los Angeles, Cal., and Henry Chung, of the Korean National Association.

The appeal related that the desire of the people was freedom from domination by Japan and the preservation of nationalism, in order to keep alive the soul of Korea.

Korea, the Hermit of the Orient, is today crying for recognition by the Peace Conference and for the right to that self-determination by small and subject nationalities which was made one of the most conspicuous of the Fourteen Points of President Wilson.

Kung Pok Palace, Seoul.

For fourteen years dominated by Japan under the easy phrase of "benevolent assimilation," unhappy Korea has humbly submitted to a yoke which her pride of blood and her knowledge of achievement made galling. With a population of fifteen millions of people, all of whom were churchmen, agriculturists, or scholars, she never had an army. Of the great nations of the Orient, China has ever been the merchant, sending her goods into adjacent lands and at the same time slowly through the centuries spreading a natural propaganda of commercial efficiency; Japan has been the warrior nation, as specially exemplified by the Samurai, while Korea was essentially a land of scholars.

Main Street, Showing the North Palace, in Seoul, Capital of Korea.

The Korean sees, in Japanese domination of his people and their lands, a growing menace toward a similar sovereignty over a large portion of China. With a population of sixty millions, which is growing at the rate of eight hundred thousand a year, Japan's natural borders are too confined for her development and the necessities of this rapidly augmenting multitude of human beings.

The Japanese, a race of high natural mentality, rapidly assimilated Occidental ideas, and Japan's leading men saw at once that the "Island Kingdom" had a future "in the sun." Thus she rapidly advanced toward the plane along which Occidental peoples were progressing, changing her manners and many of her century-old customs with the bewildering rapidity of the chameleon's change of hue.

With the Russo-Japanese war came a new era for Japan. Her population had grown tremendously and was advancing in greater volume every year. It was essential that she enlarge her sphere of activity or there would soon come a time when the human congestion would be such that the problem of life would be insoluble. It became, with the Empire of the Mikado, not so much a question of territorial expansion for the mere sake of colonization as a case of dire necessity for the inhabitants of the islands, who were actually crowding themselves out of house and home and becoming a menace to their own lives. There was not room enough for the millions who lived there, and their Government was morally called upon to provide for them. This necessity was, in reality, the fundamental cause of the war with Russia, for Japan could not stand idly by and see the powerful neighbor on her west reach forth and take unto herself lands that meant the very life of Japan's teeming millions.

The result of that war was to give to Japan the immensely valuable Korean Peninsula, for Korea, in order to save herself from Russian aggression, had formed an alliance with Japan for mutual protection. In return for this alliance Japan guaranteed to Korea her independence and territorial rights, but, following the winning of the war by Japan, the Korean Peninsula was formally annexed to the empire of the Mikado, after a protectorate had first been established, the Emperor Li was dethroned and became a ward of Japan and the real menace to China was born.

The Korean dynasty of Li ended Aug. 29, 1910, the Emperor receiving from the Japanese Government an annuity of $250,000 for himself and family, and being permitted to live in the ancient palace at Seoul, an emperor no longer, but merely a ward of the conquering power and a virtual prisoner, for he since has been guarded by soldiers and neither entrance nor exit is permitted save by permission from the Japanese Governor General.

Throughout Korea the Japanese have built magnificent roads and modern railroads. They have erected, at an expense of millions of yen, mansions for their higher dignitaries and splendid houses for their Government employes, all of these improvements having been made at the expense of the Korean taxpayer. All of which is not particularly gratifying to the Korean.

From Korea direct roads run into the rich lands of Manchuria and from Manchuria into China run many others. In the natural course of events, argues the Korean political student, Korea herself will have become too small to maintain

Independence Arch, Near Seoul.

the rapidly increasing population of Japan and a natural diversion of the increment will send it northward into Manchuria and thence southward into China. This is the end toward which he points the warning finger—that Japan is forced by nature to defend herself from annihilation by extending her boundaries along the course of least resistance, and this course runs through Manchuria into China, with its boundless area and unlimited opportunities. For co-operation and leadership Korea, at the time of the alliance with Japan, looked to her powerful and warlike neighbor, but in this the ancient "Hermit Kingdom" regards herself as having been sadly disappointed, for, according to the leaders of thought there, Japan has been guilty of a greater aggression and oppression than Prussia ever put upon Alsace-Lorraine.

Many articles have been circulated by Korean patriots in proof of this and treaties themselves point to the obligations resting upon other Governments. In the treaty between the United States and Korea, executed in 1882, Article I. reads:

> If other powers deal unjustly with either Government the other will exert their good offices, on being informed of the case, to bring about an amicable arrangement, thus showing their friendly feelings.

Regardless of this formal understanding with Korea, the United States at least once failed, according to the Korean conception of the meaning of that clause in the Treaty of 1882, to meet its requirements. This was in 1905, when, during the sessions of the Russo-Japanese Peace Conference at Portsmouth, N. H., the Koreans of Hawaii sent two delegates to Washington to call upon President Roosevelt, requesting him to "see to it that Korea may preserve her autonomous government and that other powers may not oppress or maltreat our people. The clause in the treaty between the United States and Korea gives us a claim upon the United States for assistance, and this is the time when we need it most."

These delegates were received courteously, but made no lasting impression upon the fixed policy of the United States toward Japan, and nothing came of that appeal.

Koreans feel that Japan should assume, as a national heritage and because of her great strides in world affairs, not the rôle of a conqueror who menaces his weaker and more pacific neighbors, but that of Asiatic leadership —not Asia for Japan but Asia for Asiatics. In this scheme Korea desires a national, although, naturally, a minor part. She would devote her talents to agriculture, to literature, to religion, and to commerce.

In Korea are a half million Christians and many Christian missionaries, although the national faith follows the teachings of Confucius. The former independent empire had evolved a high system of self-government, and all positions under it were controlled by an effective system of civil service. All this has been lost, as has the opportunity to practice the Korean religion, for even the language of the country is being lost, Japan having decreed that the tongue of the Mikado must be the only official one

in schools, and later on this system is to be extended to the Church. This will practically forbid the exercise of the Christian religion, for a great majority of Koreans cannot read or speak Japanese, and their church services always have been conducted in their native tongue.

As recently as 1912, Governor General Terauchi, who later became Premier of Japan, instituted what is known in the church annals of Korea as "The Persecution of the Church." Prominent churchmen, leaders in Korean thought and education, were charged with conspiracy and imprisoned and their activities ended. American missionaries were brought to trial, charged with being implicated in the conspiracy to assassinate the Governor General of Korea. Here, however, the Japanese overstepped themselves, for their charges against the Korean Church aroused much criticism in the west, and when they appreciated that a reaction was imminent, the persecution of Korean Christians stopped and limitation of the activities of the Church took its place.

At present there is pending a negotiation between the Japanese authorities and the American missionary body concerning the missionary schools in the Peninsula. The mission schools have been deprived of their former rights under the old administration and are denied the privileges that Christian mission schools enjoy in Japan proper. They are discriminated against by the Japanese authorities, on the ground that they serve as hiding places of Korean nationalism.

Under the pretext of unifying the educational system of Korea and bringing it up to a higher standard, the Japanese Government in Korea passed educational regulations which forbid religious services and the teaching of history or geography or the Korean language in any school in Korea. Furthermore, they provide that all Korean schools shall be under the strict supervision of Japanese educators and that the Korean children shall be taught to salute the Japanese flag and to worship the Japanese Emperor's tablet.

Korean students who go to Japan to complete their education are advised to attend trade or technical schools, but they are practically barred from higher institutions of learning. It is almost impossible for a Korean student to specialize in such subjects as law, history, or economics at the Imperial University in Tokio, and no Korean student is permitted to go to Europe or America to complete his education.

Korea feels that she suffers the yoke of a conquering nation equally with the small subject peoples of Europe, yet her plight is less known because of her geographical position and also because of her isolation, which gave her the title of "The Hermit Kingdom," and, most of all, because of the rigid censorship exercised at all times by Japan. Her farmers have lost their lands, as her priests and scholars have been deprived of following their vocations.

A company was organized by direction of the Japanese Government and is supported by an annual subsidy of $250,000 from the Imperial Treasury. Its purpose is to colonize Korea with Japanese who are unable to make a living in Japan proper. A Japanese emigrant receives free transportation to Korea and is provided with a home and a piece of land, together with implements and provisions. He contracts to repay the company in three or four years for this outlay for his benefit.

In order to carry out this project of colonization, the Japanese Government in Korea confiscated all public lands formerly under the control of local communities and all lands owned by Buddhist temples and cultivated by Buddhist priests. But even these were far from sufficient for the requirements of the scheme, so the colonization company sought to buy the lands of the Korean farmers. There are eighty thousand square miles of land in Korea, supporting a population of fifteen millions, mostly agriculturists, and these natives declined to part with their heritage.

Here was where the aid of the Japanese Government was besought and secured, and the manner in which the solution of the problem was obtained was peculiarly Oriental in its subtlety. In Korea all the financial machinery centres in the Bank of Chosen, controlled by the Government and located in Seoul, the capital. Through its branches this powerful financial institution, corresponding to the Bank of England or the Treasury of the United States or the Bank of France, perhaps, called in all the specie in the country, thus making, as far as a circulating medium was concerned, the land practically valueless. In order to pay taxes and to obtain the necessaries of life the Korean must have cash, and in order to get it he must sell his land. Land values fell rapidly, and in some instances land was purchased by the agents of the Bank of Chosen for one-fifth of its former valuation.

Japanese by the tens of thousands began to pour into Korea to settle the lands thus bought for them by the Bank of Chosen, the process being unending, until now more than one-fifth of the richest lands of Korea are in the hands of the Japanese immigrants who have been sent over through the operations of this scheme.

In commerce and industry the Japanese have a complete monopoly, for the Korean merchant cannot compete with the Japanese because of the preferential treatment received from his Government by the native of Nippon.

Where Yanks Still Fight

(Continued from Page 1)

the Russians, and the Poles were subjected to a heavy machine gun fire as late as Jan. 9, indicating that even the deadly cold of midwinter is not to bring about a cessation of the fighting. Three Bolshevist armies of from 5,000 to 6,000 each, with a reserve of several thousand, face the fronts of our forces.

Casualties among our men, according to late reports, are: Killed in action, 2 officers, 43 enlisted men; died of wounds, 1 officer, 9 enlisted men; accidents, 4 enlisted men; drowned, 1 officer, 2 enlisted men; sickness, 2 officers, 63 enlisted men; total deaths, 6 officers, 121 enlisted men; wounded in action, 7 officers, 144 enlisted men; sick, evacuated, 2 officers, 118 enlisted men.

American Red Cross Official Photograph.

Typical Shelter of American Soldiers in the Battle Zone Near Archangel.

Where Americans Are Fighting South of Archangel. The Principal Points on the Allies' Front Are Onega Bay, Kadish, and Pinega. There Are a Few Troops, Including Americans, at Schenkursk and Other Points Further South.

A Strange Sect in Saloniki

THE Man in the Street has probably never heard of the Donmeh, yet they are a very real and actual people.

The Donmeh are a sect of cryptographic Jews, descendants of the followers of the cabalistic, visionary, and mystic Shabbethai Zebi, living mostly in Saloniki, formerly belonging to the Turk, and now annexed by Greece. After the death of the would-be Messiah, in 1687, his followers in Saloniki, under the leadership of his alleged reincarnation, Jacob Zebi Querido, formed a community which, following the example set by the founder, outwardly espoused Mohammedanism. The Turkish name of the sect, "Donmeh," applied to them by the Mohammedans, signifies "apostates"; the members call themselves "Maaminim," (believers,) "Haberim," (associates,) or "Ba'ale Milhamah," (warriors.)

The religion of the Donmeh is a mixture of Judaism and Islam, with some traces of Christianity. Although in secret observing certain Jewish rites, they in no way make common cause with the Jews, whom they call infideis. They are assiduous in visiting the mosque and in fasting during Ramadhan, and at intervals they even send one of their number on the "hajj" (pilgrimage) to Mecca.

The Donmeh are divided into three socially separated groups, the Ismirlis, or direct followers of Shabbethai Zebi of Smyrna; the Ya'-Kubis, or followers of Jacob Querido, and the Kuniosis, or followers of Othman Baba, who lived in the eighteenth century. Formerly the members of these groups did not intermarry and celibacy was preferred. In recent times, however, the endeavor is to make mixed marriages.

They consider wedlock as sacred, and have a horror of divorce and polygamy. Women occupy with them a much higher position than ordinarily among Turks, but, in obedience to the custom of the country, they wear the "yashmak," (veil.) The men have two sets of names—a religious one, which they keep secret, and a secular one for purposes of commercial intercourse. Their rabbis, besides being well versed in Holy Scriptures, are proficient in the Kabalah, and understand Judaeo-Spanish, which they regard as a holy language. Neither the Ismirlis nor the Ya'-Kubis believe in the death of their respective saints, and they are always awaiting their return.

The number of Donmeh in Saloniki is estimated at from 5,000 to 15,000. They are all well-to-do, and are known for their honesty and charity, even toward those of other creeds. They are expert "Katibs," or writers, and have been employed as such in bazaars and in inferior Government positions. Some, for instance, the Turkish Minister of Finance, Djavid Bey, attained to great eminence.

Winged Warfare and the League of Nations

World Federation Necessary to Enforce Regulations for Air Fleets, Neutral and Belligerent, in Time of War—"Freedom of the Seas" Involved

By CHARLES WARREN,
Ex-Assistant U. S. Attorney General.

IN most of the discussions as to the necessity of a League of Peace or a League of Nations, such a league has been advocated, or attacked, by arguments based on conditions of warfare and on relations of nations as they have existed in the past or as they now exist. One may, however, grant the proposition that a League of Nations may not be necessary to deal with a world constituted as it was in 1914 and warring with the weapons of 1914; and at the same time one may consistently urge the absolute necessity of a League of Nations to cope with the international conditions of the future. Wise regulation of the future, and not merely present, conditions is the proper aim of all law making and of all efforts toward social and political adjustment.

If, in August, 1914, the international law of the sea had been framed (and military and naval measures had been planned) with a view to meet and deal with the newly appearing war weapon — the submarine — how different might the history of the last four years have been!

Now, however, the most urgent question before the nations is not What shall be the future law of the sea? but rather What laws and measures shall be framed to deal with still newer weapons now developing—the airplane, the aerial torpedo, the aerial discharge of gas bombs, the employment of wireless for detonation of enemy explosives and for other hostile purposes? These new weapons must inevitably produce a fundamental change in the methods and conditions of future warfare. Yet little attention has thus far been paid in public discussion to their possible effect upon the international problems now to be settled, and upon the future relations of the nations.

Owing to the peculiar nature of the science of international law, the minds of international jurists inevitably tend to become past-enwrapped rather than projective. The quality of progressive legal imagination, of legal vision, is often lacking.

In view of the fact that the most serious form of military and naval attack in the future is likely to come from the air, how futile is much of the present prolonged discussions as to the past meaning and future scope of old-time phrases like "freedom of the seas," "effective sea blockade," "right of search," "right of destruction of contraband-carrying ships," "duty of removal of passengers and crews," and the like?

Suppose that the nations shall agree to forbid attack by submarine on merchant ships; is such a rule to apply to attack by airplane? How can an airplane identify a merchant ship? How can it exercise the right of search? How can it provide for safety of passengers and crew? How is a sea blockade to be enforced against airplanes? What effect is the ease and speed with which air attacks can be launched to have on the rules as to initiation and declaration of war? What actual protection can neutral territory have against aerial passage?

How is the law as to the bombardment of cities to be framed with reference to air attacks? Is a city containing munition works, barracks, camps, &c., or surrounded by forts, to be immune from such attacks? If not, what are to be the restrictions on the scope of such attacks? If such a city is to be immune, what is to be its right to refuse to surrender on demand of the attacking air force? Are the laws as to sea transportation of contraband by neutrals to apply to neutral airplanes transporting contraband in the air over the land? What are the rights of enemy airplanes flying over the sea coast territorial waters of neutrals? These are only a few of the questions to be considered.

Formation Flight as Seen from One of the Airplanes in the Squadron—A New Photograph Which Is Regarded as the Best One in the Picture Records of the Department of Military Aeronautics at Washington.

To what extent is the value of the maintenance of a great fleet by a naval power likely to be modified by the increased danger of attack upon it from the air? How far should this increased danger modify the right of a naval power to insist on the necessity of framing doctrines of international law in the interests of naval belligerents and adverse to the interests of neutral nations? How far will the possession of an adequate air force by a weaker land power neutralize the advantage heretofore held by a stronger land power possessing large armies?

If possession of adequate air forces by all the nations shall tend to lessen the influence of navalism and militarism, and to neutralize the advantages now held by those nations having the largest armies and fleets, how will this condition affect the arguments against disarmament?

All these problems must be met and settled in the near future. Any treaty of peace, which shall be framed now, on the basis merely of the problems presented by land and sea warfare as hitherto known, will be a treaty which will have a very insecure tenure of life. For no adjustment of the relations of nations can now be made without taking into consideration the probable effect of future aerial possibilities upon questions of peace and war, of neutrality and belligerency, of national isolation and international co-operation.

No one will doubt that, either at the Peace Conference or in some subsequent international conference, aerial warfare must be specifically regulated and a code of law applicable to it must be framed. Equally, without doubt, the degree of its regulation may occasion differences of opinion. There are some who believe that the best way to lessen the chance of future wars is to abandon the totally illogical theory of trying to make war humane, and that the more horribly destructive of property and life war can be made, both among the military and civil population of a country, the less frequently will free peoples decide to engage in war. To this end unrestricted aerial warfare, in view of the comparative cheapness with which it may be employed to occasion speedy, far-reaching, and costly destruction, may unquestionably prove the greatest possible discouragement of war itself. But if the opposite theory is to prevail and aerial warfare is to be strictly regulated so as to reduce its capacity for causing destruction to life and property, then a most formidable question is presented, How are these restrictive regulations to be enforced?

Unfortunately, it has been clearly proved, during the past four years, that it is impossible, under present international conditions, to cause belligerents to adhere to the rules of international law as applied to sea craft of the old types, and to land forces, and even less possible as applied to submarines. During this war, belligerents on both sides (with the exception of the United States) have violated international law, in instances when they have believed that compliance with such law would endanger their own safety. Yet, how much more difficult will it be to compel adherence to any new code of international law which shall be framed to govern aircraft! For, owing to the ease with which the air weapon may be wielded, the lesser expenditure of money and men with which it can be provided, equipped, and used, the swiftness of its operation, its capacity for tremendous destruction, the terror of destruction which it can hold out over populous cities—the temptation to any nation to make unrestricted use of this great power, regardless of rules of law, will be tremendously enhanced. The advantages to be gained by an infraction of law in the employment of aircraft, gas, &c., might be ten thousand fold those which can now be gained by a violation of law relating to land or naval operations. And with the increase of advantages to be so gained, the impelling motives to disregard the law will be correspondingly more potent.

Suppose that in August, 1914, Germany had suddenly launched a fleet of 1,000 airplanes instead of an army of 1,000,000 men; what might have been the result to Paris, to the coast towns, to London? Suppose that France and Russia had possessed similar airplane forces, what might have been the result to the Rhine towns and Berlin? The attack could have been made in a few hours, instead of a few weeks. It could have been made on the English and French fleets, or upon the German fleet, as well as upon the land forces and the cities.

Is it not possible that the results of such initial attacks might have gone far toward settling the war before actual extensive movement of troops could be begun? Is it not possible that the speedy, tremendous destruction, the burning of cities, and the killing and gassing of civilians might give an initial impulse to one side or the other which no amount of subsequent victories on land or sea could repair?

While those nations which respect their honor will observe the sancity of treaties and of compacts which they have signed, it is practically certain, deplorable as the fact may be, that the enormous advantage to be gained from unlawful employment of aerial forces, the speed and degree of loss and destruction to be inflicted thereby upon an adversary, out of all proportion to the chance of loss on its own side, will lead a nation which ignores national honor to employ such a weapon to its fullest extent, regardless of restriction. It is folly to argue that any mere rule of international law or any treaty having a mere moral binding force will prevent such an outlaw nation from seizing the enhanced opportunity which the new form of warfare will present.

We are brought, therefore, to the inevitable conclusion that unless some method is devised of compelling a nation to comply with any future code of international law as to air craft, the framing of such a code will prove even more futile than The Hague treaties and the established doctrines of courts and jurists have proved to be in the past four years. And in view of the above mentioned tremendous temptations to violate such future aircraft law, it would seem that there will be but one possible factor which might deter a nation from yielding to such temptation—namely, the existence of a combined world force, a League of Nations who shall agree to array themselves at once against any nation so violating the international compact and to bring overwhelming retribution upon the offender.

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The Wonder Work of David M. Roth

FOR men and women, and young people, of America there has been developed a method of overcoming that most treacherous enemy of success and advancement—a bad memory.

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But frankly it didn't seem credible that Mr. Roth's message would travel so quickly and so far. Men I meet in many places talk about the improvement Mr. Roth's easy method has wrought in their ability to remember the things they need to recall every hour of the day.

Perhaps a million are reading about this new institution. Thousands are buying the course and mastering its simple principles. Thousands have testified in writing to the tremendous benefits the Roth Memory Course has brought to them.

Those two stories of mine which you have seen in the leading magazines and newspapers—first the account of how I improved my memory in one evening and later the record of how the Roth Course greatly increased my business in a few months, have kept the Independent Corporation working overtime to answer eager inquiries and to fill orders for the Roth Course.

The wonderful part of it all is that Mr. Roth's students discover in the first few hours they spend on his course—yes, in the first half hour—that they really possess a perfectly good memory—only they never discovered before how to use it.

DAVID M. ROTH

When Mr. Roth first determined to cultivate his memory, it was because he found it to be probably poorer than that of any man he knew. He could not remember a man's name twenty seconds. He forgot so many things that he was convinced he could never succeed until he learned to remember. Today there are over ten thousand people in the United States whom Mr. Roth has met at different times—most of them only once—many of whom he can name on sight.

Mr. Roth can and has hundreds of times at dinners and lectures asked fifty or sixty men he has met to tell him their names, businesses and telephone numbers and then after turning his back while they changed seats, has picked each one out by name, told him his telephone number and business connection. These are only a few of the scores of equally "impossible" things that Mr. Roth can do and yet a few years ago he couldn't remember a man's name twenty seconds.

This Roth System is not memory *training*. That is the old-fashioned way of remembering—the way that exhausted the mental faculties through the great effort required. This is memory *improvement* with a minimum effort. It is just knowing how.

The best proof of this is the experience of Major E. B. Craft, Assistant Chief Engineer of the Western Electric Company. A few months ago he secured the Roth Course and in the first evening he spent on the opening lesson he found that he had learned to call off a list of 100 words forward and back without a single mistake or a moment's hesitation.

Major Craft has just returned from an important mission overseas. On the ship coming back they gave an entertainment to which the passengers contributed. Major Craft appeared on the program to give an exhibition in memory feats.

The audience called off twenty-five words each of which was written on a blackboard opposite a number. When the list was complete, Major Craft called off the list forward and back, then gave the word opposite every number or the number of any word. He concluded his demonstration by calling off just as easily a long list of errands invented by the audience.

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Your experience in business is only as old as your memory. The measure of your ability is largely your power to remember *at the right time*.

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There is no asset in business more important than a good memory. One of America's greatest business leaders, whose memory is said to be easily worth a million dollars, knows more about his business than any other man in his field, because he has been able to remember every really important thing he has ever learned.

"Then," says Major Craft, "I told them how I did it and during the rest of the trip they were waiting for a turn at my well-thumbed Roth Memory Course."

"If you don't receive a few hundred orders for the Course from those on our ship I shall be greatly surprised.

"It was good fun to give that exhibition, but the main thing to me is what the Roth System is doing for me in business—every day. I have to remember in my work a tremendous number of technical facts and figures—and I meet a multitude of men. I rarely miss a name or face now, once I have it fixed in my memory by Mr. Roth's method. And as for facts and figures I never dreamed I could learn to remember them so accurately and permanently."

Here is part of a letter from George J. Lemmon, a leading attorney of Denver:

"To a man who has studied memory work as much as I have, and given it up as hopeless to get any definite system, and then found one so complete, pliable and practical as this Roth Course, it is simply useless to try to express my appreciation of it. Enclosed find check for the course."

Says E. M. C. McAlpine, President of the McAlpine Milking Machine Company:

"If I had a family of 500 boys—or girls—I would make them all take up this Roth Course and spend at least one hour a day at it. For I am convinced that it would develop in them prodigious memories—would give them each a million dollar memory. Advertise it everywhere, and compel people by the very pleasure it gives them to take up this amazing course in memory culture."

I could quote letters like the above and those in the panel below by the thousand but I haven't the space here and, after all, what is the use when to learn what the Roth Memory Course will do for you, all you have to do is to mail the coupon.

For that is the remarkable offer the publishers of the Roth Memory Course are making. Send no money—just the coupon and by return post they will send you the course. Keep it five days—then if you are not more than satisfied—if you don't agree with the tens of thousands of others who say that it's the greatest thing of the kind they ever saw, send it back and you will owe not a penny.

If, on the other hand, you are satisfied merely send $5 the small fee asked. Five dollars? Why the Roth Memory Course will be worth hundreds to you if it is worth a cent.

So you have nothing to lose and everything to gain. Mail the coupon now and join the million wide awake Americans who are increasing their incomes through this great and instantly available help.

Evidence

"I find this memory training to surpass anything yet published on this subject. The Roth Memory Course is almost too wonderful to be true, yet so simple that it cannot help be of great value to anyone."—Edgar T. Cook, Blacklick, Pa.

"The Roth Memory Course should be installed in the schools of our country and thereby improve the memories of our students, for memory is the foundation of a good education."—Dr. J. G. Butler, Roaring Spring, Pa.

"I have several other memory courses which have been hard work to study. This is so simple and fascinating that once started I don't want to stop. It bids fair to accomplish what the others have failed to do."—E. W. Buckingham, M. D., U. S. Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va.

"The course is better than I expected, it is so simple that a child can understand. You do not do yourself justice when you say a person can improve their memory 100% in a week's time. You should have said any person can improve their memory 100% in two hours' time."—Charles A. Horan, Philadelphia, Pa.

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Times B. R., 1-26-19.

The New York Times
Review of Books
LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

Section 8

NEW YORK, JANUARY 26, 1919 — 12 PAGES

WAR AND SATIRE IN "THE ROLL-CALL"

Arnold Bennett's Latest Novel a Pleasing Continuation of His Clayhanger Series—Story of the War by Samuel Hopkins Adams—Latest Fiction

THE ROLL-CALL. By Arnold Bennett. New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.60.

THIS novel relates the adventures of George Clayhanger, who manifests his independence of the Five Towns of his parents by quitting Bursley at the "unripe" age of seventeen and coming up to London, where he assumes the name of Cannon and apprentices in the office of Lucas & Enwright, architects. Perhaps it is Mr. Bennett's way of manifesting his independence also, as if he were afraid that "The Pretty Lady" had not sufficiently demonstrated it. The London he depicts in "The Roll-Call" is the London of the first years of the twentieth century. Mr. Bennett maliciously describes his hero demonstrating his ability to hang by his toes off a mantelshelf on "the very morning upon which, President McKinley having expired, Theodore Roosevelt ascended to the throne and inaugurated a new era." This is characteristic of the satirical mood of the present novel as it was of "The Pretty Lady." The author takes a sly delight in exposing young Clayhanger's puerilities, his timidities, his self-deception. "See," he seems to be saying to you, "this young man, whose notions about the world are so malformed, whose destiny is subject to the most fortuitous occasions, who is never of the same mind for two hours together about what he wants, who is capable of snobbery and the crassest money-worship—this young man may one day become a great architect and belong to academies and achieve an impenetrable carapace of respectability!"

Never has Mr. Bennett's satire been so effective, so richly humorous. He takes George about in the different strata of London society, his first sweetheart's father is the "factotum" at Lucas & Enwright's, her father marries a charwoman. And he places a "tea" with the factotum and the charwoman, next to a fashionable luncheon in a great house. The luncheon is described irresistibly: the infinitesimal talk, the inconsequential people, the house itself, meretricious as the imitation rafters of the ceiling. And after "the pale nightmare" of this luncheon George goes to his rooming-house to have tea with the factotum and the charwoman he had married. Mr. Bennett's genius for making visible the aureole which surrounds the commonplace is magnificently exemplified here. This charwoman is the most poetic person in the book. There is an infinity of romance in her; her husband's devotion is made completely understandable:

> His face was close to the blanched, blind face of Mrs. Haim. He thought she looked very young, astonishingly young in comparison with either Haim or Prince. Her complexion was damaged but not destroyed. Little fluffy portions of her hair seemed absolutely girlish. Her body was full of nice curves, which struck George as most enigmatically pathetic. But indeed the whole of her was pathetic, very touching, very precious and fragile. Even her large, shiny, shapeless boots and the coarse sateen stuff of her dress affected him. A lump embarrassed his throat. He suddenly understood the feelings of Mr. Haim toward her. She was inexpressibly romantic. * * * They deposited her on the bed. She sighed; then smiled. A slight flush showed on her cheek under the light of the candle which Mr. Prince was holding aloft. Mysterious creature, with the mysterious force of life flowing and ebbing incomprehensibly within her! To George she was marvelous, she was beautiful, as she lay defenseless and silently appealing.

With Marguerite, the factotum's daughter, George quarrels. Mr. Bennett gives us reasons for this quarrel, but the reader suspects, even if George does not, that he is ravished by the magnificence surrounding Lois, whom he marries. The magnificence does not belong to Lois, it belongs to Miss Wheeler of the wonderful complexion, who spends "half a million francs a year." But Lois is part of Miss Wheeler's entourage. Lois is ambitious. And George is, too, ambitious for money and all sorts of distinction. It is not the ambition of intellectual curiosity that makes him want to know things; it is the ambition of vanity. And, Mr. Bennett lets us know, there is no ambition in Marguerite. She is tranquil. So George marries Lois, who "inspires" him to enter, at twenty-two, a competition to build a great town hall, while Marguerite marries Prince, an etcher of talent but unknown to the Sunday supplements—hence a failure. George wins in the competition. The outbreak of the war finds him married, with three children, but dimly unsatisfied. He enlists. At the end we see him accompanying a Major on a round of minor purchases in a chartered bus—steel nib pens and such like minutiae.

Mr. Bennett's satire was never so keen, so delightful. The scene at the opening of the great town hall is a thing to revel in. The fitfulness of adolescent ambition is acutely rendered. In the suicide of the marvelously complexioned Miss Wheeler we glimpse a rift of the sardonic. On the whole the book is one of Mr. Bennett's lighter efforts, but gleaming with wit—not microscopically alive like the Five Towns books, but living, nevertheless, in a way that it is a delight to realize.

COMMON CAUSE

COMMON CAUSE. By Samuel Hopkins Adams. Illustrated. The Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.60 net.

NEWSPAPER stories have, generally speaking, a way of running in either one or the other of two well-worn grooves. If short stories, they usually tell of a cub reporter who scores some kind of a remarkable "beat"; if novels, they usually relate the history of a young man who becomes possessor of a moribund newspaper, and by his brains, energy and idealism revives the paper and does wonders for the town or small city in which the story is placed. Mr. Adams's new book belongs to this latter class, but Jeremy Robeson, his very much alive hero, has something more difficult, more dangerous, and more insidious to fight than the customary graft or political corruption; he has to fight the propaganda which would have made of the Middle-Western State of Centralia nothing

(Continued on Following Page)

IN SPRINGTIME BOOK FIELDS

Many Important Publications Promised That Show a Return to Pre-War Conditions

THE advance lists of the publishers always give, at about this time, alluring glimpses of the pleasures to which lovers of books can look forward during the coming months, and they also offer an interesting prophecy of what new direction is likely to be taken by those currents and tendencies of popular taste which give such unerring evidence of how the people of a country are feeling and of what they are thinking. Therefore it is with the keenest interest that THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW OF BOOKS offers to its readers an advance survey of what the book publishers are preparing for the first publishing season after the end of the world war. It is not an exhaustive account, which would tax far too much the available space of THE REVIEW OF BOOKS, but it does endeavor, by making one or two selections from some of the important classifications of the books to be issued by each publisher, to give both an inkling of some of the best things the public can expect and a general survey of the field of new Spring books.

Fiction will, apparently, be as much the favorite as in former years, after having its leadership somewhat disputed by war books and history and biography for several seasons, and many very interesting novels, only a few of which can be mentioned here, are promised by the publishers. A new novel by V. Blasco Ibanez, whose "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse" has been perhaps the most widely read work of fiction in the last six months, is promised by E. P. Dutton & Co. Its theme will be connected with German submarine warfare on the coast of Spain and its title will be "Mare Nostrum"—"Our Sea." This house will bring out also the first complete English translation of a famous South American novel, "Amalia," José Marmol's historical romance of Argentina in the days of the Dictator Rosas, and will inaugurate its promised American edition of the novels of Leonard Merrick, with introductions by famous American and English novelists. Putnams announce a new book of South African stories by Cynthia Stockley. Harpers have brought out "The Desert of Wheat," a romance of the wheat lands of the West and the loyalty of American farmers, by Zane Grey, and a political novel by Rupert Hughes, "The Cup of Fury." Dorans have published, among others, novels by Patrick MacGill and Arnold Bennett, the former called "The Doughboys," and telling a war story about American, Irish, and English soldiers, and the latter entitled "The Roll-Call," and centring about the son of Hilda Lessways. "The Curious Quest" is the title of a novel by E. Phillips Oppenheim, narrating the adventures of a rich young idler who started out to prove that he could earn his own living, just published by Little, Brown & Co., who will have also a new novel by W. L. George, whose title is not yet chosen, dealing with English social conditions during the war.

A new book by Archibald Marshall, whose growing circle of readers look upon him as a modern Anthony Trollope, will have a book of short stories to be published by Dodd, Mead & Co., called "The Clintons, and Others." The Appletons will have a novel by Thomas Dixon, dealing with woman's economic independence, entitled "The Way of a Man." The Stokes Company promise a new novel by Gertrude Atherton, a mystery story involving California and New York society and having the title "The Avalanche." "The Hohenzollerns in America and Other Impossibilities," which the John Lane Company will publish, will narrate Stephen Leacock's satiric vision of the Hohenzollerns and Hapsburgs coming to the United States as immigrants to earn their own livings. Eleanor H. Porter's "Dawn," which Houghton Mifflin Company will publish, will be the story of a blind boy who wins through to self-mastery and success and then dedicates his life to the service of the soldiers blinded in this war.

The fiction list of the Macmillan Company will include Ida M. Tarbell's "How the War Came to Sabinsport," Mary S. Watts's "From Father to Son," and May Sinclair's "Mary Olivier," besides other novels by well-known authors. Among the fiction of Duffield & Co. there are "His Majesty's Diplomacy," a historical romance by Percy Brebner scened in the days of Louis XIV.; "The Blue String," by Alma Newton, author of "Memories," and "The Amateur Man," by W. R. Gaut, which tells how a successful man heard the call to altruistic service. "Wild Youth and Another" will be Sir Gilbert Parker's contribution to Spring fiction, a romance staged in the Canadian West, to be published by J. B. Lippincott Company. Alfred A. Knopf will bring out a translation of "Caesar or Nothing," by the famous Spanish novelist, "Pio Baroja." Scribners will have a collection of stories, most of them having the world war as a background, by Henry van Dyke, "The Valley of Vision," and "Saint's Progress," by John Galsworthy, a tale of the careers of two women against the background of the war. George Agnew Chamberlain's "White Man," telling the romantic story of the flight by airplane of a man and a woman into the heart of Africa, will be published by the Bobbs-Merrill Company. Moffat, Yard & Co. have just introduced to American readers the Norwegian novelist Johann Bojer, with his novel, famous in Europe, "The Great Hunger." Mary Heaton Vorse is on the list of the Century Company with a story of Greenwich Village, "I've Come to Stay," as is also Eleanor Mercein Kelly with a tale of Kentucky, "Why Joan?"

Doubleday, Page & Co. will have new novels by Joseph Conrad and Eleanor Glasgow, the former entitled "The Arrow of Gold," the latter, a story of the last two years, "The Builders," and a new story, a comedy, by the author of "Elizabeth and Her German Garden," which will bear the title, "Christopher and Columbus." A posthumous story by William De Morgan, "The Old Madhouse," is promised by Henry Holt & Co. Small, Maynard & Co. will publish "The Best Short Stories of 1918," edited by Edward J. O'Brien, uniform with the three previous volumes.

Books about the war are still numerous, although personal experiences are beginning to give way to those of a more historical or general character, while a number of volumes dealing with the problems growing out of the war show how anxiously men's minds are considering the future. Major Ian Hay Beith in "The Last Million," promised by Houghton Mifflin Company, will tell how the American doughboys discovered England and France and how they reacted to their new experiences. "Throttled!" by Inspector Thomas J. Tunney, head of the bomb squad of the New York Police Department, which Small, Maynard & Co. will publish, gives an inside view of some of the German intrigue in America during the war. Doubleday, Page & Co. will have André Cheradame's discussion of "The Sole Cause of the War." The Century will offer the second volume of "Raemakers's Cartoon History of the War." Dodd, Mead & Co. will bring out "The Reference History of the Great War," prepared by editors of the New International Encyclopedia and designed especially for reference use. This house will have also "The War Diary of a Diplomat," by Lee Meriwether of the embassy to France, who spent much time investigating German war prisons. "The Diary of a German Soldier," by Feldwebel C., which Alfred A. Knopf will publish, will be a war book of personal experience from the German point of view.

Ellsworth Huntington of Yale University has written a book on "World Power and Evolution," which the Yale University Press will publish, in which he applies to the problems growing out of the world war his theory of the influence of climate on human affairs which has attracted wide attention. "Africa and the World War," in which Benjamin Brawley discusses the importance of Africa in the war settlement, is one of the publications of Duffield & Co. Longmans, Green & Co. will have in "A League of Nations" three lectures upon a subject of worldwide interest delivered by L. Oppenheim before the Uni-

(Continued on Page 41)

LATEST WORKS OF FICTION

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

more nor less than a kind of Little Germany.

When the story begins, in the year 1912, the city of Winchester, capital of the State of Centralia, is already to a very great extent in the hands of the "Federated German Societies" of the State. These control the schools, where the children are carefully drilled in singing "Deutschland Uber Alles," though they know little or nothing of "The Star-Spangled Bannier." And partly because of their eagerness to conciliate the powerful German vote, partly because most of them honestly believe they are merely plaching a harmless mixture of vanity and sentimentality, the politicians almost without exception unite in lauding the so-called German-Americans to the skies, as being "our best citizens." Young Jeremy Robson a reporter on The Record, has his first faint and indistinct glimpse of what all this implies at the meeting which opens the book. But though he is himself 100 per cent. American, as is Marcia Ames, the heroine, he is no immaculate hero, but a faulty, flesh-and-blood human being, who does not always behave exactly as he should. Moreover, he becomes deeply interested in local politics, and after a turn of fortune makes him the owner and editor of the almost defunct Guardian, joins whole-heartedly in the fight against the supposed domination of the financial and public utility corporations. The leader of this fight is State Senator Martin Embree, known as "Smiling Mart," from that Northern Tier district a majority of whose inhabitants are German.

Then the great war comes, and "the State of Centralia * * * lifted up a thousand voices of acclaim" to the news of the German advance. And when it seemed that the Kaiser was to be victorious "the loyalist imperial colony could hardly have rejoiced more openly or more fervently than did Centralia." And still the politicians would not protest for fear of the German vote, and the business men were afraid to speak because those who did were immediately made to pay the penalty for offending the organized Teutons, and Jeremy Robson of The Guardian dared not anger the advertisers who were the financial mainstay of his paper, and who were nearly all German. But when the Lusitania was sunk, an event which the Deutscher Club celebrated with a private banquet, Jeremy Robson refused to play the contamptible rôle of neutral any longer. His newspaper, alone among all those of Centralia, dared to protest, and to protest openly and emphatically. Then the fight was on, and from that moment Jeremy had his hands more than full. The entrance of the United States into the conflict made little if any difference to most of the Germans in Centralia. A few there were who dared to proclaim themselves Americans first, but they were very few, while the German-language press, both secular and religious, printed violent attacks on England, "extolling and exalting Germany, snarling at the military 'pretensions' of the United States," and the Governer of Centralia, catering to the German vote, helped to foster organizations whose slogan was "Keep the Boys at Home," and who talked about "A Rich Man's War." These prepared to bring out a newspaper which was to profess itself intensely American and to publish editorials about "American Blood for American Soil," "Our Army for Home Defense," and talk a great deal about "Our Land"—"Our Land" ostensibly meaning the United States, though another interpretation might have been present in the minds of some of the participants. It seemed that Jeremy's long struggle was about to end in defeat. But they had one and all reckoned without Miss Marcia Ames.

Marcia had spent many years in Germany, and she knew how to deal with Germans. By a very clever device she struck the Germans who had been refusing to advertise in The Guardian in their most sensitive spot—the pocketbook. By organizing the loyal women of Centralia—most of whom were members of those families whose heads had to do with the interests Jeremy had attacked in the old days—she brought victory out of defeat. Also, she aided certain laudable activities of the United States Government to bring the Germans cringing and whining to their knees, protesting that they were realy loyal Americans, devoted to the same patriotic ideas as The Guardian.

BUCK

BUCK. By Charles D. Stewart. Illustrated. Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.60 net.

AN amusing though somewhat disjointed narrative; Mr. Stewart's latest production is not exactly a novel, neither is it a series of episodes or essays or short stories. It all has to do with a very remarkable young man, one James Buckingham Summers, generally known as "Buck," whose knack of landing on his feet is really nothing less than extraordinary. He also possesses a gift for making friends of all kinds and descriptions, being on intimate terms with the philosophical Jimmie Brent, day barkeeper at the Empire Buffet, and also with Professor Arthur Holt of the Department of Hebrew and Other Oriental Languages at the State University, where Buck was a student—principally of football. It was this wide diversity in his choice of friends, moreover, which enabled Buck, not only to rescue the professor and his pretty young wife from the troubles which seemed about to fall upon them when the university officials threatened to dispense with the department of Hebrew and Other Oriental Languages, but later to be the means whereby those were reached who were able to do such expert juggling with Professor Holt's poetic and symbolical play that it actually became a highly successful extravaganza. Meanwhile, Buck left college, had some lively experiences in the moving van business, ran a society circus, invented a patent biscuit cutter, and found for himself an unusually desirable wife.

While the book could be greatly improved by radical cutting, it is often very entertaining, and every reader who has ever lived in a place at all like the Stratford Apartments will sympathize deeply with the very likable Professor Holt and the unsophisticated Cynthia.

Indeed, the description of the Stratford Apartments and their automatic elevator is one of the best things in the book, a little essay which will surely appeal to those who have learned by sad experience that quiet is a most expensive luxury. The account of the professor's play and its transformation is also well done, and so is the closely related history of how poor innocent Cynthia presently found herself involved in a perfect web of deceit. Buck himself is more agreeable than the average all-knowing and all-conquering youth who is so prominent a figure in modern popular fiction and, in short, Mr. Stewart's little book is a pleasant volume with which to while away an idle hour.

THE DESERT OF WHEAT

THE DESERT OF WHEAT. By Zane Grey. New York: Harper & Brothers.

THE best in Mr. Grey's new novel is his elemental feeling for the soil of the Northwest and the wheat it grows. Our American novel is largely urban; it has been protested in criticism of our literature that there is in it no sense of an immemorial soil, an anchorage in eternity.

It has been said of it that it is sown on the sidewalk; that it is hectic, feverish, never attaining the brooding serenity of fatefulness that comes with the deep immersion in locale, as in Hardy's Wessex novels, for example. In "The Desert of Wheat," Mr. Grey has suggested the literary possibilities in such immersion—in the descriptive passages about the wheat and the wheat field, the hills and valleys, the sense of kinship with the very soil, the brown earth. This feeling it is that imparts to the descriptive passages and some of the dialogue a certain glow. But Mr. Grey has stifled this appreciation in the interests of plot. The story deals with the criminal sabotage employed by the I. W. W. after the entrance of the United States into the war. It is an exciting story. But the author's sensitiveness to his setting makes one hope that he will one day abandon mere excitement for deeper things. Why should we not have literatures expressive of different parts of the country, each with local flavor and character? England has it, and she is a much smaller country than we are.

Kurt Dorn, the hero of the novel, is the son of a German-born farmer who reverts, with characteristic blindness, to a fanatical passion for his mother country after the entrance of the United States into the war. The father and son quarrel bitterly, and even the incursions of the I. W. W., who threaten to destroy his property, do not swerve him. He comes under the influence of their leader, Gladden, and it is only Kurt's heroic efforts which save the wheat crop from destruction. The I. W. W. men scatter phosphorus cakes over the wheat fields. They ignite when the moisture evaporates and set fire to the fields. The action through the first part of the story is swift and incessant, but gives an impression of contrivance. The daughter of Anderson, a big man in the Bend, is kidnapped, and Dorn, who loves her, effects a rescue after a hard fight. The

(Continued on Following Page)

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse

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QUERIES AND ANSWERS

CANADA.—Can you tell me who was the author of the old poem entitled "Darby and Joan"? Is it of English origin?

There are at least three poems which have been printed under the title "Darby and Joan." Two are of English origin. The earlier one was written by Henry Woodfall, printer to "The Public Advertiser," in Paternoster Row, Master of the Stationers' Company, in 1766, and at the time of his death, in 1769, a Common Councilman of many years' standing. In his youth he had been apprenticed to John Darby of Bartholomew Close. In 1701, and the connubial bliss of Darby and his wife, Joan, was the subject and the incentive for the old ballad. It was first printed in The Gentleman's Magazine in March, 1735, under the title "The Joys of Love Never Forgotten." It is doubtful if a copy of this old ballad can be obtained.

The later "Darby and Joan" was written by Frederick Edward Weatherley, an English barrister, who was born at Portished in 1848. He took his degree at Brasenose College, Oxford, and was called to the bar in 1887. His first volume of poems was printed in 1870. His poem of "Darby and Joan" is printed in Stedman's Victorian Anthology.

The third and probably the best known of the trio is by St. John Honeywood, a lawyer, who was a native of Leicester, Mass., where he was born in 1763. He was graduated from Yale University in 1782. He studied law at Albany, and after his admission to the bar practiced law at Salem, N. Y., until his death in 1798. His poems were published posthumously in 1801. His poem, "Darby and Joan," is printed in Stedman's American Anthology.

The Old Continental

F. E. L.—Can you tell me anything about a book entitled "The Old Continental; or, the Price of Liberty"? It had reference to affairs in Westchester County during the Revolutionary War.

This book was written by James Kirke Paulding, who with Washington Irving published "Salmagundi" in 1807, and who was Secretary of the Navy in the Cabinet of President Van Buren. "The Old Continental, or the Price of Liberty," was published in 1846. Mr. Paulding died April 9, 1860, in his home at Hyde Park, Dutchess County, N. Y., at the age of 82. His lifelong friend, Washington Irving, had passed away at Irvington, N. Y., only a few months before. The book appears to be now out of print, but copies occasionally crop up in the old-book shops.

ANSWERS FROM READERS

ALEXANDER DUANE.—"P. S." in your issue of Jan. 5 asks for the authorship of the lines beginning:

O guns, fall silent till the dead men hear.
They were entitled "The Anxious Dead," and were written by Lieut. Col. John McCrae, the author of "In Flanders Fields," and, indeed, form an answer to the latter. It is easy to understand how Dr. McCrae should thus have answered his own appeal:

Take up our quarrel with the foe!
To you from failing hands we throw
The torch; be yours to hold it high.
If ye break faith with us we die,
We shall not sleep though poppies grow in
Flanders fields.

And it is pathetic to think how prophetically he wrote, for he himself sleeps in Flanders fields with thousands of other brave Canadians.

"The Anxious Dead," appeared, I believe, in The London Spectator for June 30, 1917, a year and a half after "The Flanders Fields" was published.

Information about this poem was also furnished by Murray Johnson, Woodside, N. Y., who informs us that the poem is printed in a volume of war poems entitled "In Flanders Fields" and other poems by Colonel McCrae recently published by G. P. Putnam's Sons, and was also printed on the last page of the Woman's Home Companion for October, 1918. Mitchell Fisher of Hoboken, N. J., who says that the poem appeared in the September, 1918, issue of Everybody's Magazine; Caroline McDonald, N. Y.; Mary Hamilton, N. Y.; Frank McCarty, Florence, Mass.; Mary C. Steet, Ansonia, Conn.; Mrs. Beatrice E. Carleton, Flushing, N. Y.; Mrs. Waldo L. Richi, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; Maud Stafford, Suffern, N. Y.; Miss Helen L. Johnston, New York; Edith Gray Hallock, New York; Robert Barbour, Montclair, N. J.; Mary Goodhilley, Baltimore, Md.; Edna C. Smith, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Margaret French, N. Y.; M. S. Clark, Brooklyn; Jane R. Shaw, Charlottesville, Va.; Miss Daisy Ross, Raleigh, N. C., and Katharine Kissam Johnson, Maplewood, N. Y.

A Soul's Soliloquy

THOMAS R. MORTON.—In The Book Review of Jan. 12 J. R. inquires as to the author of "A Soul's Soliloquy." It was written by Mrs. Wenonah Stevens Abbott of Minneapolis, Minn., half of it about 1890, the balance later. The complete poem follows:

Today the journey is ended,
I have worked out the mandates of fate;
Naked, alone, undefended,
I knock at the Uttermost Gate.
Behind is life and its longing,
Its trial, its trouble, its sorrow,
Beyond is the Infinite Morning
Of a day without a tomorrow.

Go back to dust and decay,
Body, grown weary and old;
You are worthless to me from today;
No longer my soul can you hold.
I lay you down gladly forever,
For a life that is better than this;
I go where partage ne'er severs,
You into oblivion's abyss.

Lo, the gate swings wide at my knocking;
Across endless reaches I see
Lost friends, with laughter, come flocking
To give a glad welcome to me.
Farewell, the maze has been threaded,
This is the ending of strife:
Say not that death should be dreaded,
'Tis but the beginning of life.

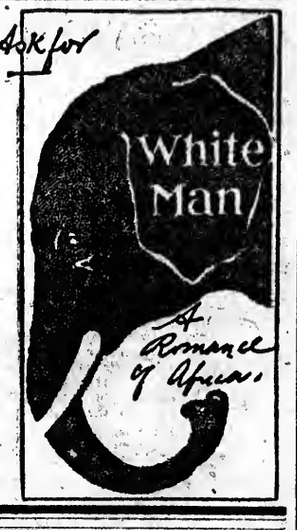
The Fox and the Owl

Mrs. JOHN T. HARRIS.—In the issue of THE BOOK REVIEW, Dec. 29, 1918, V. M. Turner asks for information regarding an old story in rhyme called "The Fox and the Owl." The author was the late Innes Randolph of Baltimore, and the story was written originally for his own children. Later it was published by McLaughlin Brothers, and a reprint made about ten years ago. I do not think it is now on the market.

APPEALS TO READERS

MRS. PHILIP N. ARONSON.—Will some reader give me information where I can find the poem containing these lines, also by whom written? I may not quote them correctly:

And so we all, while the shadows flitting
Spin out a future of hope and pain
And pass by fate in her shadow sitting,
Knotting and tying her tangled skein.



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WITH AUTHORS AND PUBLISHERS

CAPTAIN ALAN BOTT of the Royal British Flying Corps, whose "Cavalry of the Clouds," published a year ago by Doubleday, Page & Co., was one of the earliest books by air fighters, has lately reached London, after having been captured in Palestine and having had many thrilling adventures while endeavoring to escape. He has sent to his publishers the following résumé of what happened to him while he was outwitting his captors. The bare outline puts to shame the imagination of a hardened writer for the movies and challenges the ghost of Jules Verne or Scheherazade. He writes:

> You may have heard that I was wounded and captured in Palestine last March, my airplane being shot down in flames. I was a prisoner only four months, but spent two more in escaping. I made four attempts to get away and was recaptured three times, but succeeded the fourth. I got into a hospital in Constantinople by shamming mental derangement and made my plans while there. I escaped with an Australian Captain named White. We knocked about Constantinople for two or three weeks, White disguised as a frowsy Turk and I sometimes as a German officer in mufti and sometimes as a Russian sailor. We then stowed away on a dirty little tramp steamer, crossing the Black Sea to Odessa. The Turkish police searched the boat six times, but we managed to dodge them by hiding in the ballast tanks under the propeller shaft. In Odessa we got false passports as Russians, lay low in a small room in the Bolshevist quarter, evading the German and Austrian troops, and were both ill for a time. When we heard that the Allies were occupying Bulgaria we stole to the docks in the night time and hid on a ship bound for Varna, a Russian General, disguised as an engineer's mate, and a British spy going with us. From Varna we made our way to Sophia and joined the British Army of Occupation.

Of special interest because of the recent arrival in this country from Siberia of Catherine Breshkovsky, lifelong Russian patriot, is the new and popular edition of her reminiscences and letters to be published this week by Little, Brown & Co. The original edition of these memoirs of the "Little Grandmother of the Revolution," edited by Alice Stone Blackwell, was published about two years ago and had reached the sixth printing.

"Guarantees of Peace," ready for publication by Harper & Brothers, is a collection of the recent addresses of President Wilson. It includes his messages and addresses from Jan. 31, 1918, to Dec. 2, 1918, as well as the later diplomatic correspondence with Germany and Austria-Hungary, with the corrected text of the armistice as an appendix. The volume will supplement the two earlier collections, "Why We Are at War," and "In Our First Year of War."

"A Gentle Cynic," by Dr. Morris Jastrow, Jr., which the J. B. Lippincott Company will publish this week, is a fresh translation of Ecclesiastes, with an account of how it came to be written, who wrote it, and of the additions that were made to the original text.

Philip Gibbs, whose daily dispatches furnished the readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES with accounts of the progress of the war for four years, will this Winter and Spring make his first visit to the United States. He will deliver a few lectures and will send back a series of articles to The London Daily Chronicle dealing with his impressions of America. Mr. Gibbs's two brothers, Cosmo Hamilton and Hamilton Gibbs, are both well known in this country.

The Stokes Company announces the fourth printing, completing 200,000 copies, of Lieutenant Streeter's new book of rookie love letters, "That's Me All Over, Mable." Of the previous volume, "Dere Mable," they have printed 600,000 copies.

Samuel Hopkins Adams, author of "Common Cause," has been for some time engaged in war work in Washington.

A new volume of studies and essays by John Galsworthy, to be called "Another Sheaf," is being published this week by the Scribners. It is largely concerned with questions of reconstruction, and some of its studies deal with American standards.

Small, Maynard & Co. have ready for immediate publication Edward J. O'Brien's annual year book, the fourth of the American short story, "The Best Short Stories of 1918," Mr. O'Brien has recently sailed for England and expects to live for the next year at Oxford.

"Socialism and Americanism," by William Starr Myers, Professor of Politics in Princeton University, which the Princeton University Press will publish this Spring, is a discussion of the basic principles of these two political systems and an inquiry as to whether or not there is any likeness between them. The author thinks very decidedly that socialism is not American.

William Lyon Phelps has written a book on "Reading the Bible," to be published in the Spring by the Macmillan Company, which considers the Bible as a part of English literature, and discusses it purely from the literary point of view.

"Kirk's Cartoons," which the Marshall Jones Company will publish this Spring, will be a collection of drawings showing the comic aspects of a soldier's life.

Two novels ready for publication this week by E. P. Dutton & Co. are "The Crescent Moon," by F. Brett Young, and "The Challenge to Sirius," by Sheila Kaye-Smith. The former author, who published a year or so ago in "Marching on Tanga" the first account of General Smuts's successful military operations in German East Africa, has laid the scene of his novel in the same region. Mrs. Kaye-Smith's story begins in England, crosses to the southern part of the United States during the civil war, goes on to Central America, and finally returns to England for its ending.

Frederic C. Howe, in his new book, "The Only Possible Peace," which the Scribners will publish this week, makes a study of the causes of the war and of the road toward peace. He surveys the economic development of modern Germany and concludes that the war was due as much to the industrial as to the Junker class.

In Maurice Francis Egan's "Ten Years Near the German Frontier," an account of things he saw and learned while he was United States Minister to Denmark, he tells a story of Prussian rule in Danish Holstein, of which it was a cardinal principle that the Danish colors, red and white, were not to be displayed. In one city, he says, the Grand High Town Council notified a Danish burgher that he would have to repaint his red dog kennel and make it another color, because he had a white dog in it. Dr. Egan is making a lecture tour of the eastern part and Middle Western parts of the United States, recounting his experience with German intrigue while in Denmark.

Harper & Brothers are bringing out this week "Retail Credits and Collections," by Dwight E. Beebe, the third volume in their Retail Business Series. The author is assistant Professor in Business English at the New York University of Commerce and has lectured extensively on credits and collections.

Lawrence F. Abbott of the editorial staff of The Outlook is writing a book to be entitled "Impressions of Theodore Roosevelt," which Doubleday, Page & Co. will bring out at an early date. Mr. Abbott was a lifelong friend of Colonel Roosevelt, accompanied him in 1910 on his trip through Egypt, Europe, and Great Britain, and during his four years as contributing editor of The Outlook was in daily intimate contact with him.

A new book by Charles G. D. Roberts, "Jim: The Story of a Backwoods Police Dog," will be among the Macmillan Spring publications.

E. P. Dutton & Co. are publishing this week the initial volume in their new "Library of French Fiction," through which they hope to acquaint American readers with life, people and manners in France outside of Paris, with which so much of French fiction that has been translated into English has dealt. The scenes of some of the volumes will be laid in Paris, but most of them will depict life in the provinces. All of them will be by modern novelists of distinction. The general editor of the series is Barnet J. Beyer. The first volume, ready for publication this week, is "Jacquou, the Rebel," by Eugene Le Roy, translated by Eleanor S. Brooks.

The Hexateuch

A book by Professor Edgar Sheffield Brightman of Wesleyan University entitled "The Sources of the Hexateuch" will interest critical Bible students. It presents the English texts of the Javistic or Judean Narrative, the Elthistc or Ephraimitic Narrative, and the Priestly Code; each as a complete unity, "according to the analysis upon which a majority of modern scholars are agreed," important variations of opinion being mentioned in notes. (Abingdon Press. $3.)

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(Continued from Preceding Page)

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Kurt Dorn goes to war, though he is needed more acutely in the wheat fields than in the trenches. One of the most touching episodes in the book relates to Andorson's son, who does not appear till after the middle of the book, and then only through his letters to his sister. The boy, though under age, has enlisted and is waiting anxiously to be sent across to fight for his country. But conditions in the camp were bad: insufficicnt clothing, pneumonia rampant. The boy dies and the father's outburst is extermely moving. In all, Mr. Grey has written a very readable and engrossing story with a suggestion of what he might do if he turned his interest to character instead of to "thrills."

APARTMENT NEXT DOOR

THE APARTMENT NEXT DOOR. By William Johnston. With illustrations by Arthur William Brown. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. $1.50.

JANE STRONG, beautiful, idle, young, wanted to do something for her country—nurse the wounded in France or drive an ambulance. She was the only daughter of a rich New York family who lived in a luxurious apartment on Riverside Drive—and it was the accident of that apartment's location that drew her into the thick of work as exciting and as important as her Lieutenant-brother's fighting overseas. For Jane, who had not had a nurse's training, and who could not "get to France," found herself suddenly a trusted employe of the United States Secret Service, helping to run down a dangerous German spy; her parents' apartment looked out over the Hudson, where the transports and their convoys lay waiting to sail; and in the apartment next door there were strange matters afoot.

Out of this situation, in itself rich in possibility of interest—a young American girl detailed to spy upon the questionable doings of her neighbors in a Riverside apartment—Mr. Johnston has built a story full of thrills and surprises. It is a tale of the successful combating of a piece of intricate German intrigue, and it goes into clever and exciting details in a clever and exciting fashion. But it does not follow merely the usual plan of thwarting the villain and foiling the machinations of the plotting enemy alien; it introduces an ingenious element of romance; it is with the suspected man that Jane Strong falls in love.

Mr. Johnston has constructed his story well, and has told it in a way to keep the reader absorbed till the end. From the moment when Jane is virtually the witness to a murder to the time of the novel's amazing dénouement, the suspense is kept up, and there is a constant stream of exciting incident. Its definite location in New York City adds to its verisimilitude. "The Apartment Next Door" is a thrillingly interesting book.

THE GOLF COURSE MYSTERY

THE GOLF COURSE MYSTERY. By Chester K. Steele. Illustrated. George Sully & Co. $1.50 net.

Mr. Steele's new story, "The Golf Course Mystery," reintroduces to the reader the fisherman-detective, Colonel Robert Lee Ashley, who solved "The Diamond Cross Mystery." This time Colonel Ashley is summoned to decide why it was that Mr. Horace Carwell, wealthy sportsman, yacht owner, and automobilist, dropped dead at the last hole, just as he was winning an important golf match. An autopsy showed that Mr. Carwell had been poisoned, and that by some strange and unknown drug, or mixture of drugs; but was the poison self-administered, or was it a case of murder? Carwell's beautiful daughter Viola insisted that he had not committed suicide, and the more the situation was investigated the more complicated it all became. But there were circumstances which made it seem that Carwell must have been murdered, and of course several innocent persons were suspected and made more or less uncomfortable before the real perpetrator of the deed was discovered by the astute Colonel.

The story holds one's attention, but the solution proves rather irritating, making the reader feel that the author has not been quite fair with him in introducing various incidents into the story in such a way that at the time they seem important—incidents which later prove to have been inserted merely for the purpose of adding apparent complications to a mystery with which they have, in fact, nothing to do. The book contains two love stories, both of which end happily, and a villain with whom no one can possibly sympathize.

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The New York Times
Review of Books

Literary Section
Of
The New York Times

NEW YORK, JANUARY 26, 1919.

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AFTER-THE-WAR BOOKS

NOW that the war is over, will we have an increasing tide of war books, or will public interest in the matter of reading strike out into entirely new literary fields? Judging by the forecast of the coming season's books, published elsewhere in this number of THE BOOK REVIEW, fiction is winning back, or is attempting to win back, its former place in popular favor, and there appear to be, in consequence, a smaller number of thoroughgoing war books than we have had during the last four years. This showing, however, can hardly be taken as an indication of the kind of books likely to find favor as a result of the war's conclusion and the coming of peace. This for the reason that a large majority of the books to be published in the immediate future were contracted for and written before the war was over; and, consequently, cannot be taken as a reflection of the demand that has been created since the momentous happenings of last November. There can be no doubt, of course, that the great conflict just concluded will furnish a countless variety of themes to the writers of books for many years to come, and that for a considerable period in the near future it may continue to occupy a foremost place in our literature. In a recent analysis of the problem The Publishers' Weekly argues that war books will grow in popularity from now on because, "while war material decreases in the newspapers, reading of war books is likely to increase." We are told further:

> When the armistice was signed, the first instinct of every bookseller was to think of rapidly cutting down his stock of war books and of turning them into money for new purposes. While there can be no doubt that there will be new aspects of public reading opened out by peace, yet second thought shows that it will be a great mistake to underestimate the tremendous amount of continuing reading that there will be on all phases of the war. For years to come the Great War will be the greatest field of writing and discussion, and the material for the complete knowledge of its various aspects will be gradually collected and discussed.

REASONING from similar conditions in the past, prophecies of an avalanche of war books succeeding the declaration of peace are more or less groundless. Such a change in current literature did not, for instance, follow the conclusion of the civil war, nor—to go back a hundred years for a more exact analogy—did the end of the Napoleonic wars produce the superabundant war literature that seems to be expected now. Nevertheless, it is worth remembering that the peace following Waterloo did inaugurate a change in the books of the period that, looking back on it today, seems worthy to be called the new spirit in literature, the spirit that gave to literature its radical departure from the characteristic artificialities of the eighteenth century, and that in its sincerity and fine romanticism revived much of the splendor of the Elizabethans. WORDSWORTH, SHELLEY, BYRON, KEATS, COLERIDGE were the regnant poets in that epochal second decade of the last century, and from them it is easy enough to trace the vitalizing influence that later on made possible such singers as BROWNING, TENNYSON, SWINBURNE, ROSSETTI, MEREDITH, ARNOLD, and a score of minor poets, all of whom contribute something that still appears to be undying to the Victorian age in literature. Even more significant, possibly, is the change wrought in prose fiction a century ago. For it was in the same second decade that saw the best works of WORDSWORTH and SHELLEY, that the novels of Sir WALTER SCOTT and JANE AUSTEN first made their appearance, bringing with them a complete change in the art and methods of the novelist and in the taste of the readers of novels. Just what influence the Napoleonic wars may have had in bringing about these changes in literature it is difficult to say. In her recent book of reminiscences Mrs. HUMPHRY WARD declares that the fiction of our generation will be molded largely on themes growing out of the great war that has just ended or else our novels will be lacking in vitality. Certainly, in their day Miss AUSTEN and the author of "Waverley" did not so interpret literature in its relation to the great historical events through which they had just passed. Neither of them thought it necessary to write novels based on the Napoleonic wars. Reasoning by historical analogy, however, is often misleading—and it may very well be that the best of our novelists will do the exact reverse of what SCOTT and Miss AUSTEN did.

IT was only a comparatively short time ago that we had, to the undoubted grief of his admirers, a posthumous volume of SWINBURNE'S poems. The collection, one could not but hope, completed the disagreeable aftermath with which Death sometimes pursues the fame of our greatest poets. But this regrettable posthumous volume has been succeeded by a series of fourteen poems, hitherto unpublished, that have now found their way into print, and one wonders if the posthumous sins of one of the last generation's greatest poets have not finally "come around full circle." Such publications emphasize the necessity for a law—moral or statutory—for the post-mortem protection of the makers of our literature. SWINBURNE, in all that he published during his lifetime, manifested the greatest care of an art to the study, expression, and perfection of which he devoted his life. He was a prolific writer—in his field none more so—and in his ceaseless literary activity he turned out a great deal of material that his mature judgment condemned to oblivion. He left a mass of "unconsidered trifles" among his manuscripts, trifles that, on second thought, did not come up to his standard of the poetic art, and to these he denied publicity. Accepting his verdict, we are not to regard them as genuinely worthy a place among the "Poems of Swinburne." They are to be viewed simply as curiosities incidental to the development of the Swinburnian muse—and in this capacity alone they furnish a sort of biographical interest that we could, after all, do very well without.

ON more than one occasion the BOOK REVIEW'S Department of "Queries and Answers" has brought to the attention of its readers bits of valuable literary information, memorable passages of prose and poems that carry the ring of genuine feeling. Last week there was published in this department a notable specimen of the latter that, among poems of the war, seems well worth remembrance. The query that called forth information as to the authorship, &c., of this poem was answered by Mrs. GEORGE D. MAYO, the mother of the poet GEORGE MORROW MAYO, who served in the United States Navy in anti-submarine work during the whole period following our entrance into the war. His verse, with its fine virile swing, forms an admirable addition to the union of the Blue and the Gray as it has been consecrated anew in the fight for democracy in the fields of France:

> Here's to the blue of the wind-swept North,
> When we meet on the fields of France;
> May the spirit of Grant be with you all
> As the sons of the North advance.
>
> And here's to the gray of the sun-kissed South,
> When we meet on the fields of France;
> May the spirit of Lee be with you all
> As the sons of the South advance.
>
> And here's to the Blue and Gray as one,
> When we meet on the fields of France;
> May the Spirit of God be with you all
> As the sons of the Flag advance.

LATEST BOOKS

History and Biography

UNDER CAESAR'S SHADOW. By Henry Francis Colby. 12mo. New York: Neale Publishing Company. $1.50.

A history of Rome in the days of the five Caesars.

THE UNBROKEN TRADITION. By Nora Connolly. 12mo. New York: Boni & Liveright.

Gives an account of the Irish insurrection of 1916, by the daughter of the commandant of the Irish republican army, James Connolly.

THE ROYAL GOVERNMENT IN VIRGINIA, 1624-1775. By Percy Scott Flippin. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. (Studies in History, Economics, and Public Law.)

Gives the history of the period.

THE INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS OF THE CHINESE EMPIRE. By Hosea Ballou Morse. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. Vols. II. and III. $6 each.

The first volume of this history was finished in 1910, under the title "The Period of Conflict." The present volumes continue the history, covering the periods from 1861 to 1893, which the author calls "The Period of Submission," and 1894-1911, "The Period of Subjection."

NEW ENGLAND AND THE BAVARIAN ILLUMINATI. By Vernon Stauffer. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. (Studies in History, Economics, and Public Law.)

A history of the rise and the disappearance of the Order, telling also of its literary connection with New England.

A POPULAR HISTORY OF FRANCE. By B. Van Vorst. 12mo. New York: Frederick A. Stokes Company.

Gives a summary of the leading events of the French wars from the battle of the Marne in 451 to the present war.

Poetry

LIBERTY ILLUMINED. By Charles H. Crandall. 12mo. Stamford, Conn. The Advocate Print.

Collection of patriotic poems and war songs.

THE FLAG AND OTHER POEMS, 1918. By Amy Redpath Roddick. 12mo. Montreal: John Dougall & Son.

Short poems, principally on the war.

THE DISCARDED CONFIDANTE. By Frank Tweedy. 12mo. New York: The Neale Publishing Company. $1.25.

Collection of short poems.

ESTRAYS. Pamphlet. Chicago: The Camelot Press.

An anthology of short verse by contemporary poets.

Essays

SELF AND SELF-MANAGEMENT. By Arnold Bennett. 12mo. New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.

Six essays, taking up such subjects as "War Work," "The Diary Habit," "The Social Butterfly," &c.

ON SOCIETY. By Frederic Harrison. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company.

Twelve lectures on such subjects as "The Ethics of Humanism," "Family Life," "State Church," "Economic Duties," &c.

War Books

"WITH THE HELP OF GOD AND A FEW MARINES." By A. W. Catlin. 12mo. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.50.

Tells the story of the battle of Château-Thierry.

FRANCE FACING GERMANY. By Georges Clemenceau. 8vo. New York: W. P. Dutton & Co. $2.

Translation by Ernest Hunter Wright of Clemenceau's speeches and articles during the period February, 1908, to May 14, 1916.

A SOLDIER'S MOTHER IN FRANCE. By Rheta Childe Dorr. 12mo. New York: Bobbs-Merrill Company. $1.50.

The author's son was in the first division of the A. E. F. Mrs. Dorr went over to see how he was being looked after, and writes down in her book what she found.

OLD GLORY AND VERDUN. By Elizabeth Fraser. 12mo. New York: Duffield & Co. $1.50.

Illustrated account of the author's work with the American Red Cross on the western front.

FOR GOD AND COUNTRY. By the Rev. Randolph H. McKim. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co.

Nine addresses delivered in wartime.

HISTORY OF THE WORLD WAR. By Francis A. March. 8vo. Philadelphia: John C. Winston Company. $3.

An illustrated narrative written in collaboration with Richard J. Bemish, special war correspondent and military analyst, with an introduction by the author's brother, General Peyton B. March.

NATIONAL GOVERNMENTS AND THE WORLD WAR. By Frederic A. Ogg. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.50.

Studies of subjects connected with national and international reconstruction following the war.

PAN-PRUSSIANISM. By Charles William Super. 12mo. New York: The Neale Publishing Company. $1.25.

Describes its methods and its fruits.

GUARANTEES OF PEACE. By President Woodrow Wilson. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.

Contains President Wilson's messages and addresses to Congress and the people from Jan. 31 to Dec. 2, 1918. Contains, besides, the Peace Note to Germany and Austria, with an appendix giving the text of the armistice.

THE BRITISH NAVY IN BATTLE. By Arthur H. Pollen. 8vo. New York: The Century Company. $2.50.

Tells what the British Navy has done in the present war.

CARNEGIE ENDOWMENT FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE. Edited by James Brown Scott. 8vo. New York: Oxford University Press. Four volumes. THE TREATIES OF 1785, 1799, and 1828 BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND PRUSSIA, $2; THE ARMED NEUTRALITIES OF 1780 AND 1800, $5; UNE COUR DE JUSTICE INTERNATIONALE, $2.50; LES CONVENTIONS ET DECLARATIONS DE LA HAYE DE 1899 ET 1907, $2.

The volumes all have a bearing on problems arising out of the war, and are brought out under the division of international law by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

Fiction

COMMON CAUSE. By Samuel Hopkins Adams. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.60.

Story of the war as it reacts on this country. The scene is laid in one of the German-American cities of the Middle West.

THE ROLL-CALL. By Arnold Bennett. 12mo. New York: George H. Doran Company. $2.50.

Story of London life, the main character in which is the son of Hilda Leesways, the heroine of Mr. Bennett's "Clayhanger Series."

BELOW THE JAMES. By William Cabell Bruce. 12mo. New York: Neale Publishing Company. $1.25.

A plantation sketch.

CAP'N JONAH'S FORTUNE. By James A. Cooper. 12mo. George Sully & Co. $1.50.

Story of Cape Cod, introducing a number of the characters that have appeared in Mr. Cooper's former novels.

THE DESERT OF WHEAT. By Zane Grey. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.50.

Story of the wheat country and the loyalty of American farmers.

SINISTER HOUSE. By Leland Hall. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.50.

A mystery story.

BEYOND THE HORIZON. By Fred B. Merrill. 12mo. New York: The Neale Publishing Company. $1.25.

A novel in which various religious, moral, and political problems are taken up.

THE GOLF COURSE MYSTERY. By Chester K. Steele. 12mo. New York: George Sully & Co. $1.50.

A mystery story, introducing as its principal character a military man who turns detective.

BUCK. By Charles D. Stewart. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $1.60.

Story of a man from the Middle West who comes to Chicago, where he makes his fortune.

"THAT'S ME ALL OVER, MABLE." By E. Streeter. 12mo. New York: Frederick A. Stokes Company. 75 cents.

Contains more of the letters, the first of which appeared in "Dere Mable."

THE ADVENTURE OF THE ELEVEN CUFF-BUTTONS. By James Francis Thierry. 12mo. New York: The Neale Publishing Company. $1.25.

Tells of one of the exciting episodes in the character of a famous detective, Hemlock Holmes, as recorded by his friend, Dr. Watson."

Travel

PARIS. By Gertrude Hauck Vonne. 12mo. New York: The Neale Publishing Company. $1.50.

Tells the author's impressions of Paris as seen in wartime.

New Editions

RETAIL CREDITS AND COLLECTIONS. By Dwight E. Bosbo. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.50.

Treats such subjects as "the place of credits in retail business," "the problems of the credit system," &c. The book is published in Harper's "Retail Business Series."

RECIPE CABINET. By Fannie Merritt Farmer. 12mo. Toronto: The Musson Book Company.

Contains many recipes for soups, fish, meats, poultry, vegetables, salad, and deserts, arranged in a wooden box with a card index.

THE GREAT TRADITION. Edited by Edwin Greenlaw and James Holly Hanford. 8vo. New York: Scott, Foresman & Co.

Selections from English and American prose and poetry, brought together with the idea of illustrating national ideas of freedom, faith, and conduct.

INVENTOR'S MANUAL. By George M. Hopkins. 12mo. New York: The Norman W. Henley Publishing Company. $1.25.

Second edition, revised and enlarged.

THE NURSE'S SERVICE DIGEST. By Laurence Humphry and W. Byron Reynolds. 12mo. New York: George Sully & Co. $1.50.

Manual of nursing. A second American edition, revised and enlarged.

WESTWARD HO! By Charles Kingsley. 16mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. 32 cents. (The Macmillan Pocket Classics.)

An abridged edition prepared, with an introduction and notes, by Sterling Andrus Leonard of Columbia University.

THE SPIRIT OF DEMOCRACY. By Lyman P. Powell. 12mo. New York: Rand-McNally Company.

Enlarged edition of a book published last year.

EXPERIMENTS IN INTERNATIONAL ADMINISTRATION. By Francis Bowes Sayre. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.50.

Describes various recent experiments in international administrations. The book was

(Continued on Following Page)

IN SPRINGTIME BOOK FIELDS

(Continued from Page 33)

versity of Cambridge. Macmillans announce "The Vision for Which We Fought," by Arthur M. Simons. Lieutenant Coningsby Dawson will tell and the John Lane Company will publish in "Living Bayonets" a record of the last year of the war. The same house will have in "S. O. S.: America's Miracle in France," by Isaac F. Marcosson, an authoritative account of the enormous work of the United States in preparing for, feeding, equipping, and transporting our army in France.

Among the books offered by E. P. Dutton & Co. there is a volume of speeches and articles by Premier Clemencean, "France Facing Germany"; a work by Elisha M. Friedman on "Labor and Reconstruction in Europe," which will give a comprehensive account of the problems, needs, and plans in all the European countries, and a compact review of the martial and civilian achievements of this country in the prosecution of the war by Florence Finch Kelly, to be called "What America Did." George H. Doran Company will have in "Full Speed Ahead" a survey by Secretary Josephus Daniels of the navy's achievements in the war, its present needs, and its possibilities of future achievements. The same house will provide in Gustave Ohlinger's "The German Conspiracy in American Education" a new exposé of German intrigue. In "The Days That Shook the World," which Boni & Liveright will publish, John Reed will attempt to tell in detail the story of the Bolshevist seizure of power in Russia. Appletons promise a series of books dealing with war developments and problems of reconstruction. The series will contain about thirty volumes, each one dealing with some special phase, of which about half a dozen will be published early this season. Among these will be "Government Organization in War Time and After," by W. F. Willoughby; "The Redemption of the Disabled," by Garrard Harris; "The Strategy of Minerals," by George R. Smith, "Government Insurance in War Time and After," by Samuel McCune Lindsay; "The Colleges in War Time and After," by Park R. Kolbe. The Appletons will have also Brand Whitlock's long-awaited work on Belgium, in two large volumes. Putnams announce "The World War and Its Consequences," by William Herbert Hobbs, with an introduction by Theodore Roosevelt, and "The Chaos in Europe," by Frederick Moore, a consideration of the political destruction in Russia and elsewhere and of the international policies of America. Harpers have in train for early publication "Experiments in International Administration," by Francis Bowes Sayre, and "Bolshevism versus Democracy," by John Spargo.

In biography, history, poetry, and general literature there will be some interesting volumes, although one of the striking features of this Spring season, inducive of speculation as to the reasons for it, is the paucity of books of special importance and interest in these classifications. The Houghton Mifflin Company will have a second series of "A Treasury of War Poetry," compiled by George Herbert Clarke. Rudyard Kipling's new collection of poems, "The Years Between," will come from Doubleday, Page & Co. Alfred A. Knopf announces "Washington: The Man Who Made Us," in which Percy MacKaye puts into the form of drama what is said to be a picturesque biography of George Washington. Boni & Liveright will bring out "The Modern Book of English Verse," an anthology, edited, with an introduction, by Richard Le Gallienne, and in their Penguin Series a collection of articles by Mark Twain, hitherto unpublished. The Stokes Company is preparing "Clemenceau: The Man and His Time," by H. M. Hyndman. From Fleming H. Revell Company will come "A Bulwark Against Germany," by Bogumil Vosnjak, which explains the political, historical, social, and economic evolution of the Slovenese, and a work on "Alcohol and the Human Race," by Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson. B. W. Huebsch promises a study of the development of "The American Novel," by Ludwig Lewisohn, and "Winesburg, Ohio," a social and literary analysis and study of certain geographical phases of American life. From the Yale University Press will come "Idealism and the Modern Age," by George Plimpton Adams, and Wilbur L. Cross's "History of Henry Fielding." Among the many volumes to be offered by the Macmillan Company will be Owen Wister's "The Ancient Grudge," a discussion of anti-British prejudice in America, and "Historical Papers of the Late Henry Adams, with a Memoir by Brooks Adams." "A Life of Marshal Foch," by Raymond Recouly of the French General Staff, will come from the house of Scribner. Henry Holt & Co. will publish "Fifty Years of Europe," by Charles Downer Hazen, and "The New Era in Poetry," by Louis Untermeyer. "Modern Japan" will be a comprehensive study of all phases of Nippon as it is today, by Amos S. Hershey and Susanne W. Hershey, to be published by the Bobbs-Merrill Company. "A Peace Conference of Intrigue," translated, with notes and introduction, by Harry Hansen from Frederick Freksa's work, which the Century Company will publish, will be a history of the great World Congress of 1815 at Vienna. Francis Loring Fyne's "The Story of Versailles," promised by Moffat, Yard & Co., will give American readers an interesting background for the Peace Conference. "The Burgomaster of Stilemonde," Maeterlinck's new play contrasting German and Belgian character, will be published by Dodd, Mead & Co.

ROMANTICS, IMAGISTS, SYMBOLISTS, AND OTHERS

(Continued from Preceding Page)

everyday life." This return, however, if put psychologically, means essentially a return to a literature of the senses. For realism is most largely concerned with the senses and sense-observation of life.

A revolt from realism to classicism means that the sensuous has become dull and unsatisfying, and that poets and public want more of the literature of the mind and soul.

A revolt from classicism to romanticism can likewise only mean that writers are no longer finding the things of the mind and soul sufficiently stimulating to the poetic faculty. Therefore they reach out into the marvels, mysteries, and wonders that surround life—even into the supernatural or cosmically unknown.

If realism is thus the literature of the senses, it is easy to see that impressionism, futurism, and imagism are but minor forms of it. Impressionism is the literature of sense impressions that are evanescent or atmospheric. Imagism is but static impressionism stripped of atmosphere and subjectivity. Futurism but a clamor for sense impressions that are "primitive" or brutally real.

In like manner transcendentalism and idealism are but sublimated forms of classicism; and the kinship of symbolism and mysticism to romanticism becomes manifest. Symbolists either wish to express life mysteriously—"in a way that cannot be analyzed" the French Symbolists put it; or to express the mysteries of life under certain forms or symbols that will give them a suggestive concreteness. Mystics, on the other hand, are but romantics who mount out of sense, mind, and soul to some transcendent unity with the universe or God.

That this analysis is correct must, I believe, be admitted. With its critical recognition we should be better able to comprehend the need or value of changing from any one of these "isms" to another and the defects literary minds are likely to fall into in making the change. Mere rebels, for example, would not so easily be able to shout or cackle as if by merely rebelling they had laid the egg from which all future criticism and creation must proceed. Rebels with a real variant of any "ism" could get a hearing without going through the confused process of overestimation and consequent underestimation at the hands of the academics. Finally, we should recognize that all "newnesses" in poetry are but variants of these three fundamental forms, and so be able more quickly to place them.

This letter does not permit any extensive or illustrative development of these conclusions. But enough has been said, perhaps, to show how much confusion would be avoided by their recognition. It is at least certain that the use of terms whose fundamental relationships are not realized must inevitably lead unclear minds to deceive—or be deceived.

CALE YOUNG RICE.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 14, 1919.

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Major William A. Dawkins of the Police Reserve of New York City and Inspector Cornelius F. Cahalane of the New York City police, in a volume entitled "Police Reserve and Home Defense Guard Manual," present useful practical information and instruction for the guidance of members of organizations established in New York and other cities for co-operation with the regular police. The authors treat their subject with notable directness and intelligence. (E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.)

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ROMANTICS, IMAGISTS, SYMBOLISTS, AND OTHERS

New York Times Review of Books:

THOUGH America's poetry criticism just now promises well, in spite of some incredibly deluded judgments, a constant protest rises against the "personal" nature of a portion of it. This portion largely emanates from certain poet-critics or poetry centres and proceeds under logical defenses which it should be interesting to examine. They are mainly two: One that "no permanent standards of judging poetry exist," and the other that "no satisfactory definition of what poetry is can be agreed upon."

The first of these assertions is in high favor with the "ultra-moderns"—whose extremism in poetry makes as dull reading as academicism itself. As dull, that is, to those "moderns" who hold that art freedom and finality no more spring from excesses than from conservatism. Who believe, on the contrary, that only a selective liberalism offers both the repose and unrest necessary to permanently interesting creativeness.

In calling attention to this, as I do, and to the fact that the creed of "no standards" seems self-destructive, I am not to be construed as opposing free verse movements. Such verse I have ever used—though not the unimpassioned, unimaginative, insufficiently rhythmical prose kinds, and not with the belief that it is a substitute for inspiration. Neither it, however, nor any quality of poetry old or new has any necessary bearing upon the assertion that "judging poetry is nine-tenths a matter of preference, not of applying standards." That assertion, being merely a denial of all authoritativeness in criticism, inevitably destroys any worth in its own practice—except such as comes from the mere pleasure of expressed opinions.

This would be admitted, but there is more. The tone of the "no standards" criticism rarely indicates that its adherents really believe themselves incapable of giving the reader permanent guidance or of exacting faith from him. On the contrary, an intolerant confidence in its rightness makes it impatient of all "preference" save its own. Practicers of it, therefore, are not only given an opportunity for expressing their personal equation, but find in it a shelter for much "preference" arising in friendship, enmity, or ambitious desire to boost the particular kind of verse they themselves write.

Further examination of the assertion cannot be attempted here, but this much concerning its origin can be said. Preference is fundamental in all judgment, as faith—according to Mr. Balfour's famous argument—is the foundation of all belief. Most people, for example, prefer the beautiful to the ugly, the true to the false, the noble to the base. But since times come when conventional imitations of the beautiful cause revolt to the ugly; when banality brings craving for the new, though it be false; or when the uninspiredly noble leads to choice of the decadent—the cry easily rises that no standards of judging poetry really exist.

These revolts are not surprising, and are often of value. What is surprising is that so many fail to see that the measure of our artistic sincerity and intelligence is not determined by revolt alone, but by the things to which we revolt—and by what we are willing to destroy. Art may depend on exasperation rather than inspiration to break its bonds, but exasperation is not inspiration. Only those extremists who take it to be so will ask us to believe that any prose dullness or absurdity articulated into lines and strung unlyrically before us makes something new and important in poetry—something no permanent standards can judge.

The second assertion that poetry cannot be satisfactorily defined is not confined to the ultra-modernists, though frequently used by them and other coterie critics in defending everything they choose to call poetry. Our inability, however, to arrive at a definition of poetry that will be as satisfactory as any other definition in this relative world seems due to several confusions.

The first of these is that some of us, instead of seeking to make our definition a scientific delimitation, make it a panegyric. When Keats calls sweet peas beautiful flowers "on tiptoe for a flight," he is not defining sweet peas, but magically praising them. So calling poetry "a mighty light that springs from the deep soul of things" is likewise praise—charming but not definitive.

Again, some demand that a definition shall be a touchstone enabling us to tell unfailingly what lines are poetry. This is like asking that a definition of gold should contain the name of the acid that detects its pureness.

Yet others, forgetting that all things are conditional, and that each must be defined in the undefined terms of others, ask for an absolute definition. Only a satisfactory working definition is required.

Finally, many do not realize that the main object of our definition is to distinguish poetry from prose, on the one hand, and from mere verse on the other. Or, if they do, they assert that, since all people through all time do not agree as to just what things are poetry, no satisfactory definition is possible. Yet experts should be able to define poetry as satisfactorily as other experts define stone or stars—provided they only seek a definition which is a descriptive delimitation of that art from any other with which it may be confused.

If these conclusions are right there is no reason why poetry experts should not as unanimously accept a working definition of poetry as experts in other fields accept other definitions. Remembering that some time ago there was an interesting discussion of this subject in the columns of the BOOK REVIEW, I offer this analysis of poetry and a consequent definition:

Poetry on its formal side is an art of rhythm, metrical or unmetrical. This rhythm must differ from prose rhythm by being more lyrically or measuredly organized. So much is shown by its division into line-lengths, and by the fact that some prose has so many of poetry's other qualities that mere division into line-lengths will suffice to give it the additional lyric value which unquestionably makes it poetry. This, however, is not the case with much so-called "polyphonic prose" which is merely camouflaged by rhymes, color-adjectives, and occasional metrical rhythms into a resemblance of poetry, as other prose is camouflaged into seeming poetry by being shredded into free verse.

On the other hand, and from the side of substance, there are many qualities—of imagination, passion, charm, &c.—which we call poetry when they are embodied in a sufficiently musical rhythm. The degree of originality, felicity, or intensity of these qualities, and of their rhythm, determines the worth of the poetry. For unless any lines in question possess some of these qualities in a measure so rare as to appeal to the real poetry experts of the generations, they must drop into the class of mere verse.

Nor does this principle fall if the supposed poetry experts of any generation fail to estimate a Shakespeare—as has happened; or if any prominent one or number of them prefer a Pope, as did Byron, to a Wordsworth, Shelley, or Keats. The critics of any generation may be right in their estimate of a poem, but only the continued survival of its lines for the experts of other generations suffices to give them final standing.

A definition of poetry, then, which will describe and delimit it from prose, on the one hand, and from mere verse, on the other, must take all this into consideration. It must, in addition, for brevity's sake, find a common term which will be inclusive of the many different qualities poetry may possess. Such a definition—though doubtless a better can be framed—I here offer:

Poetry is the expression of our experience in emotional word-rhythms more lyrically measured or organized than those of prose, and having some permanency of appeal not possessed by mere verse.

Whether this definition is accepted or not, one thing is clear. We must get rid of the "twilight zone" around poetry in which irresponsible criticism can ambush mere likes and dislikes. This can be done by the common-sense recognition that judging poetry is not "nine-tenths a matter of preference." Rareness of rhythm—just now overexaggerated in value—and of passion, imagination, &c., are immemorial standards of judging, and to them all critics must, and invariably do, appeal.

Another source of the critical confusion of both today and yesterday has been due, it seems to me, to the failure of critics to comprehend the fundamental relationships of realism, classicism, and romanticism—and of the subvarieties of each. For that impressionism, symbolism, mysticism, idealism, transcendentalism, futurism, imagism, &c., are but varieties of these three fundamental divisions of poetry, or of other literature, can easily be shown.

An investigation of literary history would reveal, I fancy, that revolts against realism tend to pass through classicism to romanticism—and the circle is completed by the revolt from romanticism back to realism. This latter is a phenomenon we have recently been experiencing in the reaction against "Victorianism"—which is regarded as decaying romanticism.

A revolt from romanticism—or classicism—to realism is usually thought of as "a return to nature," or to "the things of

(Continued on Following Page)

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CLEMENCEAU DESCRIBES FRANCE FACING GERMANY

FRANCE FACING GERMANY: Speeches and Articles by Georges Clemenceau, Premier of France. Translated from the French by Ernest Hunter Wright. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.

AS Georges Clemenceau presides over the Peace Conference, the time is ripe, certainly, for the publication of a book of his public utterances on "France Facing Germany." The reader must be prepared, however, for an initial disappointment in opening the present volume: the last of the papers is dated May, 1916. Timely in their presentation of the war in the words of the man who now sits at the head of the peace table, the speeches and articles are not so timely as to bring the reader anywhere near to the war's conclusion, or even to the beginning of the events that paved the way for the end. The reader who expects to hear Clemenceau on the subject of the United States as a belligerent, on the Russian Revolution and débâcle, the treaties of Brest-Litovsk, the German offensive of last Spring and the turning of the tables last Summer, must renounce such expectation at once. And having renounced it he may settle down to the perusal of a notably interesting, illuminating, inspiring and in many places beautiful book.

The presentation of "France Facing Germany" goes back, in Premier Clemenceau's speeches and writings as here collected, to 1908, the first paper in the book being an address delivered at the dedication of the monument to Scheurer-Kestner in February of that year. In that speech he said:

> What sort of men should we be if, while we are doing homage to a noble Alsatian, who was an honor to France, we were capable of forgetting the story of Alsace? No one has the right to demand that we do this. * * *
>
> Our eyes are upon the future. Heirs of a glorious history, jealous of the splendid native passions out of which grew the cultural power of our country, we can look peacefully upon the descendants of the strong races which for centuries have measured themselves against the men of our land, on fields of battle too numerous to recount. Two great rival peoples, for the very honor of their rivalry, have the same interest in maintaining respect each for the other.

The next speech is that delivered in the Senate on the Franco-German agreement of Nov. 14, 1911, relative to Morocco. These two speeches make up the first section of the book; the second is composed of utterances in regard to the three-year law, which was being discussed on the very eve of the war; the conference of Berne, the notorious Zabern affair of 1913, and the matter of M. Hanß, who was tried for high treason at Leipsic and condemned to a year's imprisonment because, to quote M. Clemenceau:

> He felt and thought freely, in a country which is his own, where the supremacy of the "All," as M. Boutroux says, seems irreconcilable with the liberty of a part. * * * To translate all this from German into French, I may tell you quite freely that Hanai is accused of having publicly defamed the police and the school teachers of Alsace-Lorraine, by writing that the ones had thick heads and that the others had heavy hands for their Alsatian pupils; all of which tends to disturb the public peace, it is alleged in the territory of the Empire, by means of pictures which I make the mistake of finding charming, in which the little children of Alsace are presented as "Those who do not forget" to the little children on the other side of the Vosges.

One of the most significant of those early writings and speeches is that of June 16, 1914, in which M. Clemenceau says:

> Germany, long slumbering like her Barbarossa, under the legendary mountain above which ravens circled, awakened in the clash of arms, and, at first astonished herself, rediscovered herself more brutally domineering, more scientifically overbearing, than ever before. And a great burst of ambition has come to her. * * * "Deutschland uber Alles." They do not by any means conceal their designs. * * * Every day it is the hymn of conquest that the German press intones, and the children in the schools, the young men in the universities, their aged professors, and the pretty young girls who come to Paris to preach to me, to me personally, the virtue and the beauty of German war, send a chorus to the army that is quivering in excitement in its ramparts of steel. * * *
>
> France has her enthusiasms, her passing bursts of ardor, her passions followed by renouncements. If she stands firm in her determination to purge herself and to recreate herself worthy to continue her noble history, there is no offensive from beyond the Rhine against which she is not assured of holding her ground. If not * * *

"The Tiger" breaks off his sentence abruptly there. With the coming of war, when France held her ground month after month and year after year against that "virtue and beauty of German war" which was revealed so sickeningly to the world, Georges Clemenceau's speeches and articles become glowing tributes to the strength and the glory of France. In writing of the early weeks, when the nation threw aside the party quarrels on which Germany had counted for French weakness, in calling his people to stand firm in the sad days before the Marne, in his tributes and his inspiration through the long months of the "war of endurance," in his echo of the battle cries of Verdun, Clemenceau is not only the passionate patriot, but the man of noble words, of beautiful and unforgettable expression of noble thought and emotion. It is not to be forgotten here that "The Tiger" is literateur as well as statesman. His speeches and articles make beautiful and stirring reading here.

He has, too, many a pertinent reference to law, to international justice and civilization. "France Facing Germany" is of interest not only in its light upon events, but in its picture of the statesman who presides over the Peace Conference.

HISPANIC AMERICA

New York Times Review of Books:

WITH regard to the article in THE BOOK REVIEW of Jan. 12, I beg to express my dissent from the statement that "it is obviously incorrect to designate a continent that includes Brazil as Hispanic America." There has been much discussion of late among Hispanists as to the proper designation of the southern continent. "Spanish-American" is obviously inaccurate, as is "Portuguese-American." Some have suggested "Ibero-American," and many have favored "Latin American," but today the consensus of opinion is in favor of "Hispanic-American."

"Latin-American" is no more applicable to South America than it is to French Canada or the French islands in the Caribbean Sea. "Hispanic-American" is preferred largely because the Romans called the entire peninsula Hispania. The adjective Hispanic and the noun Hispanist have of late come into general use to designate what is either Spanish or Portuguese or both. Note, for instance, the Hispanic Society of America (in New York) and the two new publications Hispania and Hispanic American Historical Review. All three have to do with things Portuguese and Portuguese-American as well as with things Spanish and Spanish-American.

E. C. HILLS.
Indiana University, Jan. 24.

LATEST BOOKS

(Continued from Preceding Page)

finished late in December, 1918, and is largely a discussion of the practicability of the "League of Nations."

Miscellaneous

THE TRUTH ABOUT LYNCHING AND THE NEGRO IN THE SOUTH. By Winfield H. Collins. 12mo. New York: Neale Publishing Company. $1.25.
The author pleads "that the South be made safe for the white race."

FEDERAL MILITARY PENSIONS IN THE UNITED STATES. By William H. Glasson. Edited by David Kinley. 8vo. New York: Oxford University Press. $2.50.
A history of the subject brought out by the Division of Economics and History of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

THE SHIPBUILDING INDUSTRY. By Roy Willmarth Kelly and Frederick J. Allen. 12mo. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $3.
Gives an account of the revival of the industry brought about largely by the war.

AMERICAN METHODS IN FOREIGN TRADE. By George C. Vedder. 12mo. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company.
A guide to export selling policy.

ADVERTISE. By E. Sampson. 12mo. New York: D. C. Heath & Co.
A handbook of various practical questions that come up in the placing and writing of advertisements.

THE GOVERNMENT OF MODERN STATES. By W. F. Willoughby. 8vo. New York: The Century Company.
An introductory study.

THE MODERN LIBRARY. 12mo. New York: Boni & Liveright. THE FLAME OF LIFE. By Gabriele d'Annunzio. THE WOMAN QUESTION. By Ellen Key, Havelock Ellis, &c. VILLON'S POEMS. By Francois Villon. WOODROW WILSON'S SELECTED ADDRESSES AND PUBLIC PAPERS. Edited by Albert Bushnell Hart.
The addresses and public papers by President Wilson commence with his Inaugural Address in 1913, and end with his address before going abroad, Dec. 2, 1918. The Villon volume has a biographical study by John Payne, first published in 1881, enlarged with supplementary matter for this edition. The book on "The Woman Question" aims to give, through authoritative utterances, a study of various phases of the problems that have come up in recent years. D'Annunzio's volume contains semi-autobiographical work, "The Epiphany of the Flame," and "The Empire of Silence."

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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

THE BRITISH FLEET IN THE GREAT WAR. By Archibald Hurd. New York: Robert M. McBride & Co. $2.30.

SEAWAYS OF THE EMPIRE: Notes on the Geography of Transport. By A. J. Sargent, M. A., Professor of Commerce in the University of London. London: A. & C. Black, Ltd.

SOLDIERS OF THE SEA: The Story of the United States Marine Corps. By Willis J. Abbot. Illustrated. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.50.

NAVAL HEROES OF TODAY. By Francis S. Collins. Illustrated with photographs. New York: The Century Company. $1.50.

IN the first year of the war Punch treated its readers to two or three essays in imitation of those prophetical writers whose task it was to keep ordinary readers informed of the true significance of events on land and sea, to expound in terms adapted to their meaner understanding the deep and intricate mysteries of military and naval science. One victim of these good-natured burlesques was Mr. Archibald Hurd, and what the parodist undertook in this instance was to show how many words might conveniently be used in expounding and insisting on the obvious. Mr. Hurd is a fluent and prolific writer and at times he may seem at needless pains to demonstrate truths that no thinking being could reasonably dispute; yet if he is apparently too insistent on platitude, if he is occasionally overearnest in proving that two and two make four, may it not be because he knows that in naval affairs the public is inclined to insist that two and two ought to make five?

"The public," said a distinguished sea officer in commenting upon the popular grumbling occasioned by the Battle of Jutland, "never did and never will understand naval warfare." It is to this circumstance that we may attribute the disappointment commonly felt, and indeed expressed by many, at the work of the fleets during the greater part of the war. The general understanding of land warfare is perhaps not much more profound in essence, but the results on land are more spectacular and usually more obvious, whereas at sea that "unremittent, daily silent pressure" that Mahan spoke of is hidden from the uninitiated. They are to be satisfied with nothing short of a Trafalgar or a Quiberon Bay.

It is precisely because Mr. Hurd is capable of dealing with the commonplaces of naval warfare that his work is valuable, and if he is capable of dealing with them it is because he knows his naval history and has understood it better than some more noisy and pretentious critics. His review of the work of the British fleet is not essentially controversial, though it touches on many points that have been and still are debated with warmth, from the Jutland affair to questions of a more abstract kind, such as freedom of the seas. It is above all an attempt to give the reader a true idea of the function of fleets in general, and especially of the achievement of the British fleet in the great war. In this he has succeeded admirably, showing with a wealth of illustrations from history how extraordinary the achievement was. It may be recalled that in the early disappointments of the war on land the late Admiral Mahan always refused to be unduly depressed, for "in any case," as he wrote to one of his English correspondents, "the British fleet holds the decision in its hands, as in the days of Napoleon." Though writing before the conclusion of the armistice, Mr. Hurd is fully justified in saying that without a Trafalgar it had, in fact, "achieved in less than four years more than the British Navy of a hundred years or so ago accomplished in twenty years."

Professor Sargent's little book is based on a series of lectures designed to clear the ground for a systematic consideration of one of the most important problems of reorganization after the war. He deals particularly with British interests, but his exposition is none the less useful for general purposes since the main points discussed are in essence applicable to all countries engaged in shipping. Though written during the war, the book does not touch the extraordinary conditions then prevailing, but is founded on "those ultimate geographic facts on which the interchange of commerce depends"—radical facts which cannot be permanently modified even by the greatest of wars. Nor does the author undertake to propose policies for the future, his aim being rather to lay before the reader certain fundamental truths upon which all thoughts concerning the future must necessarily be based. The problems of transport by sea are highly complex, so complex that most of the speculation we hear today is utterly idle and worthless. As an aid to clear thinking on this weighty subject Professor Sargent's book is of manifest value.

Though "Soldiers of the Sea" is described in a prefatory note by Major T. G. Sterrett as "an important addition to the military history of our country," Mr. Abbot himself would hardly make so bold a claim for recognition. He has indeed been at some pains to compile a clear and consecutive story of the marines from the military annals of the country, but his main purpose has evidently been to provide a lively and picturesque narrative of heroic deeds, from the earliest days to the days of Château-Thierry and Belleau Wood. And a stirring story he has made of it. If in the earlier passages it has not always been possible to determine the precise part played by the marines, the author was nevertheless justified in dealing with various notable events at sea, on the sound principle that "there was glory enough for all, and we may be sure the marines earned their share." As to later times, the story of deeds in the European war will obviously deserve amplification in a second edition. Altogether a thoroughly readable book, and well illustrated with appropriate photographs.

Mr. Collins had good material for his book, but it suffers from a sustained high-tension of style. The truth probably is that he had not enough precise information, and the result is a deplorable amount of padding and too much rhapsody. There is, besides, a great deal of misinformation in the book. The transporting of our armies to Europe was by no means, as he implies, a single-handed feat of our navy. Nor is it true that "from the first no one doubted the ability of the American sailor to down the German submarine." Of the vessels engaged in this work we have the assurance of Admiral Sims himself that not more than 4 per cent. were American. But in everything Mr. Collins is governed by the motto "America First," and he applies this without discrimination. "The American Navy was the first to recognize the possibilities of aircraft. * * * The first naval appropriation for aeronautics in history was made by Congress in 1911." If Mr. Collins will turn back to the British Navy estimates of 1909-10 he will find that provision was made in them for work in connection with aerial navigation and that an Aeronautical Branch was already established at that time. When the story of our navy in the war comes to be written it is to be hoped that it will be undertaken by a more judicious hand.

PUSHING WATER

PUSHING WATER. By Eric P. Dawson, Lieutenant, R. N. V. R. New York: John Lane Company. $1.

LIEUTENANT ERIC DAWSON of the Royal Navy is the brother of Lieutenant Coningsby Dawson of the British Army, and he is an officer, not on a splendid big dreadnought, but on a little auxiliary patrol of the "Mosquito Fleet." His book is a collection of letters written on board ship, in the discomforts of that very cramped existence—and a cheerful, interesting, illuminating book it is. We know little of the life of this part of the navy—our own or Great Britain's—and this young officer's pictures of it are absorbing and informative reading indeed.

The ships of the Auxiliary Motor Boat Patrol (the official name of that branch of the service) are familiarly known by various names, but the one the men themselves prefer is "movies." They are built, says Lieutenant Dawson, "for speed, not comfort"—eighty feet of match boarding shaped like a razor, with an engine room taking up one-third of the space and four huge tanks to contain fuel for a long patrol does not, he explains, leave much space for anything else. The boats are built in this country, and the writer adds:

> After all they are typical of the very spirit and enterprise of America. They are lean and sharpcut as the American himself, and like the American type of manhood just a shell to contain an almost inexhaustible supply of energy.

Eric Dawson himself intended to join the Canadian Artillery, but when he heard of the work of the Mosquito Fleet, hunting submarines, he changed his mind; hunting submarines was a thrilling sport. He says:

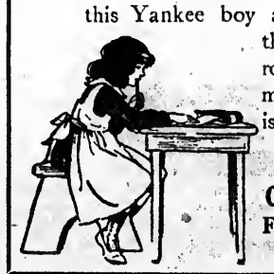
> I think this branch of service made its appeal to the sporting sense of many of the R. N. V. R. officers, and gathered in a particular kind of man, whose joy was bucking up against things that required his own initiative to win through. Especially is this true of the Colonials—we have many Canadians and New Zealanders. * * *
>
> For each and every one of us, whether the year of our Lord 1914 saw us moving freely in the green spaces of the earth, or wearing the elbows out of broadcloth jackets in stuffy offices, the fabric of our lives will be re-woven. I think the rolling stone and adventure-seeker will have had his appetite sated and will go back with a calmer spirit to gather up the threads of his scattered life;

(Continued on Following Page)

Deer Godchild

By Edith Serrell *and* Marguerite Bernard

Anyone who opens this and reads the letters of James Prendergast Jackson, Jr., of Greenville Falls, age 11 years, to the secretary of the Junior Committee of the Fatherless Children of France, will continue, with chuckles, through said James Jackson's correspondence with his deer godchild, Andree Leblanc. The delightful letters between this Yankee boy and the little French girl are the great thing,—they are uproariously funny, but there is more in them than fun:—there is an element of pathos, too.



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NOTABLE BOOKS IN BRIEF REVIEW

(Continued from Preceding Page)

but the man who strolled into his place of business, immaculate every morning for three hundred-odd days of the year at the same tick of the clock, will have found that the iron of unrest has entered his being, and the longing for the open spaces, the horizon and the elemental things, will be always with him.

There will be few of us, when this war is over, who will not have lost the fear of the little things of life; the daily fear of the things that may be, that sometimes happen but most usually don't, will no longer burden us,

Most of the men in this service, Lieutenant Dawson points out, had been civilians until the war made them naval volunteers. We have got used to the idea of a civilian army, he says, but not many people realize how large a part of the work of the navy during the war was done by civilians too. A great portion of the "Fringes of the Fleet" at least, he adds, has been armed by civilians. And in "Pushing Water" he tells how, in their cramped and uncomfortable quarters, they suffered from seasickness!

We are told of the work of hunting submarines, patrolling the coasts, and policing the seas as special constables. The writer continues:

> Of all our "stunts" perhaps the most pathetic is when we assume the rôle of stretcher-bearer to the navy and go in search of the sailors in "open boats." "Steamer torpedoed 20 miles W. S. W. of X. Head" comes the order.
>
> Then the movie's engines hum as never before, and her exhausts wreathe her in a fleece-cloud of vapor. It's a question of life and death, and nothing matters but speed. * * *

Lieutenant Dawson's book is vividly and modestly written, an interesting addition to the library that tells first hand of the winning of the war.

BEYOND LIFE

BEYOND LIFE. By James Branch Cabell. New York: Robert M. McBride Company. $1.50.

THERE is something so intriguingly winning, one might say wooing, about Mr. Cabell's style that even a realist, if not entirely desiccated and aesthetically atrophied, will find himself yielding to the cunning of his sentences. Mr. Cabell's various misreadings of literary and actual history need not impair a sensitive person's enjoyment of his delightful style, as shown in these essays, any more than a knowledge of elementary biology need impair such a one's enjoyment of the quaint speculations of Sir Thomas Browne respecting the presence of joints in elephants. And speaking of Sir Thomas reminds one that Mr. Cabell would probably say that when the author of "Religio Medici" assumed that elephants had no joints he was merely fulfilling a romantic function, the function of the demiurge, namely, considering elephants not as they are but "as they ought to be." This, for Mr. Cabell, is the function of all art. "For every art," he says, "is a confession of faith in that which is not yet." So he reads into all classic and mediaeval literature that dealt with witches and gods and fantastic and impossible destinies a romantic impulse, a desire to escape reality for the ideal. But he forgets that when you really believe in witches and gods and fantastic and impossible destinies you are not escaping reality when you expound them, you are merely depicting it. He himself says, speaking of Marlowe's "Faustus" in the splendid essay, "The Economist":

> The story told of a bargain which Marlowe believed was capable of consummation, by such "forward wits," at the very moment Marlowe wrote: and he no more questioned that as a result of this bargain Johan Faustus, after doing certain unusual things, was carried off alive to hell than you or I would think of denying that Napoleon, after doing certain unusual things, was carried off alive to St. Helena.

This somewhat invalidates Mr. Cabell's interpretation. A mediaevalist writing about gods is no more a romantic than a New York novelist writing about the subway.

But all this "realistic" quibbling may be thought quite irrelevant. What is relevant is that Mr. Cabell writes like this:

> For we admire our corner of the planet, we prize our span of life, and we cherish our bodies with a certain tenderness. It is not the part of a well-balanced person, say we, to think of such "economy," not to appraise a man's relative importance in human life, far less in the material universe, after any such high-flown and morbid fashion, so long as there is the daily paper with all the local news. So we take refuge in that dynamic illusion known as common sense; and wax sagacious over slate elections and the children's progress at school and the misdemeanors of the cook, and other trivialities which accident places so near the eye that they seem large; and we care not a button that all about us flows and gyrates unceasingly, an endless and inconceivable jumble of rotatory blazing gas and frozen spheres and detonating comets, where through spins Earth like a frail midge. And we decline, very emphatically, to consider the universe as a whole—"to encounter Pan," as the old Greeks phrased it, who rumored that this thing sometimes befell a mortal, but asserted likewise that the man was afterward insane. They seem to have had the root of the matter.

Mr. Cabell pleads for romanticism as Wilde does in "The Decay of Lying." He is disenchanted and unhopeful when he says that "man is the only animal who can not profit by knowing the truth about himself." Frankly he seeks an ivory tower to hide him from a monotonous spectacle devoid of savor. But he is never bitter; rather the contrary, with a sly and delightful humor. Indeed, his book approaches the ideal desired by the imaginary John Charteris from whom these essays are supposedly derived; it exemplifies the "auctorial virtues of distinction and clarity, of beauty and symmetry, of tenderness and urbanity." Charteris included truth in this chaplet. Why, when his philosophy counsels an escape from it?

HOW TO SING A SONG

HOW TO SING A SONG: or, The Art of Dramatic and Lyric Interpretation, by Yvette Guilbert. With introduction by Clayton Hamilton, and many illustrations. The Macmillan Company, New York. $2.

MME. GUILBERT says that Gounod told her often, "Mademoiselle Yvette, for God's sake do not take singing lessons. A 'pretty voice' will be one of thousands. You have created your style—preserve it." Verdi also, on one of his last visits to Paris, came to her house, and Guilbert asked him why he wrote the supper scene in "La Traviata" as a waltz. "You see," replied Verdi, "if we had on the operatic stage singers of songs, such as you are, we would write music appropriate to the words; but we have only more or less beautiful voices for arias, and we write music for arias, arias to make shine the soprano, the contralto, tenor, and the rest."

Your singer of a song, says the French artist herself, should be able to sing with the voice of a child, the voice of a boy, of a girl, of a young man, of an old man, of a brutal man, of a sweet woman, of a priest, of a soldier. "His voice should have all the 'colors' necessary to express all human feelings, all the thousand shades of emotions, of human joys, sorrows, perplexity, all the colors necessary to illuminate the words of a text." She quotes elsewhere, on "The Comic Spirit," a remark of Henri Rochefort, as to herself, "Glory to Yvette Guilbert, who found a way to make the English laugh."

The book is intimately personal, and the words of French poems are those Mme. Guilbert has sung and recited in America. No one who heard her read Lafontaine can miss a perfect likeness to her style as reproduced in dots and dashes, that give, as it were, her grimaces and gestures of "Maître Corbeau" and "Maître Renard." There are life photographs of Yvette in all expressions from a baby smile to an extra-fearful face naïvely described as "raging rage," and there are drawings of pose and costume, airs and graces in black and white, multum in parvo, for the book indeed is little, but great is Guilbert.

A FAMOUS COOK BOOK

THE BOSTON COOKING-SCHOOL COOK BOOK: Revised Edition, with Additional Chapters on the Cold Pack Method of Canning, on the Drying of Fruits and Vegetables, and on Food Values. By Fannie Merritt Farmer. With over 133 half-tone illustrations. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. $2.

This new edition of the famous cook book of the Boston Cooking School was prepared with the thought of war-time needs in mind. But that—even aside from the request to "keep on saving food"—it is of permanent value goes without saying. In peace time, too, we shall find our new knowledge of food values important, and shall rejoice to find them in Miss Farmer's book. And it is not for nothing that we have learned new things on the canning and drying of fruits and vegetables. The new edition of "The Boston Cooking School Cook Book" is to be welcomed, for peace as well as for war, by housewives, inexperienced and expert. It is, indeed, a compendium of household knowledge, a complete book of the modern kitchen.

The book contains a chapter of hints for young housewives, and another on suitable food combinations, also a collection of special wheat-saving recipes.

DORAN BOOKS JUST PUBLISHED

JOYCE KILMER: POEMS, ESSAYS AND LETTERS *Edited and with a Memoir by Robert Cortes Holliday*
A representative collection of Kilmer's work in his varied fields. Portraits and facsimile of his last poem written in France. 2 vols. 8vo. Net, $5.00

THE WORLDS AND I *Ella Wheeler Wilcox*
The personal story of a woman whose fame is world wide. 8vo. Net, $3.50

THE BOOK OF LINCOLN *Compiled by Mary Wright Davis*
The tributes that ought to be common knowledge. Illus. 8vo. Net, $2.50

EATING IN TWO OR THREE LANGUAGES *Irvin S. Cobb*
Mr. Cobb uproariously describes his rationing in England and France. Illustrated. 12mo. Net, $0.60

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Section 9 — CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

The New York Times.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS — Section 9

RE — SUNDAY, JANUARY 26, 1919. — RE

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents on agate line.

LOST—On Saturday, Jan. 18, in taxicab, between 48th and Madison Av., 70th St. to 5th, a long black silk parasol or umbrella, with fancy Malacca handle, having a Japanese ornament in form of turtle with rat, circle of roses on handle and May in gold letters. Reward on return to Cartier & Co., 653 5th Av.

LOST.—Hudson seal muff, Tuesday, Jan. 14, either St. John's Place car, toward Bailey's or Fulton St., toward Hoyt St. subway, in subway or Grand Central Station, 42d St. For sentimental reasons loser offers liberal reward for return. Miss R. Lippman, 138 State St., Brooklyn. Phone 3252 Main.

LOST—Lady taking taxicab at 8 o'clock Thursday evening from Grand Central Station to 14 East 11th St., lost leather shopping bag, presumably left in cab; contents, ready money, gold watch, keys, and spectacles; $10 reward for return to 14 East 11th St.

LOST—Small dark blue bill fold purse, containing about $65 and Mendel baggage check, between Rivoli Theatre, down 59th to 5th Av., then to 42d. Kindly return to Mrs. H. L. Mead, Stamford, Conn.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Monogram gold cigarette case of Tiffany, engraved; within or near 39th St. Theatre on evening of Jan. 23; handsome reward and no questions asked if returned to Room 307, 42 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, initials E. McD., on Broadway, between Cortlandt Street and Battery. Finder will receive liberal reward if returned to E. McDicken, Room 605, 15 Dey St.

LOST—Will person who found small change purse on 5th Av. bus Jan. 19, please return ring and French money and keep $10 bill as reward. M. Brown, 418 West 118th, Apt. 31.

LOST—A black fox muff, large and flat, left in taxi taken at Hotel Chatham to 114 East 55th St., Wednesday, Jan. 22, 6 P. M. Finder please return to S. H. P. Pell, 527 5th Av. reward. $5.

LOST—Diamond ring, with initials and date inside, between Hudson Terminal and Nassau St. Reward if returned to A. F. Conolly, 132 Nassau St., Room 922.

LOST—Dark green purse, gold mounting, marked H. J. F. Suitable reward for return to H. J. French, care Marshall Field & Co., 1,107 Broadway.

LOST—Saturday afternoon at Globe Theatre, silk umbrella, red stone top. Liberal reward if returned to Voelker, 279 3d Av. Phone Plaza 3039.

LOST—On uptown subway, Jan. 21, rush hour, 5:30 P. M., gold bar pin, opal setting. $50 reward; no questions asked. 39 Claremont Av., apt. 101.

LOST—Black fox fur, silver tipped, Lord & Taylor label, between 51st and 54th Sts. and 5th Ave, noon Jan. 24; reward. Return 154 West 74th St.

LOST—Black Belgian shepherd dog; collar had New York City address. Telephone Englewood 792. Liberal reward.

LOST—Black velvet bag, containing money and glasses, between 110th and 112th and B'way. Reward. 536 West 112th. Milliken.

LOST—Cruciform gold brooch, set with garnets. Write J. M. Wickes, New Hamburg, N. Y. Reward upon return.

LOST—Friday night, bead bag, 7th Regiment Armory; reward. Wotherspoon, 105 West 65th St.

LOST—Tan seal bag, between 44th St. Theatre and 42d St. after show; reward. Mrs. Ben Rauch, 89 Park Av.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of gold mesh bag, lost Friday evening, Biltmore to Rialto Theatre. Circle 3593.

LOST—Liberal reward, no questions; pocketbook, at Broadway subway, 116th. S 136 Times.

LOST—Package Brugel's photographs, vicinity 34th St. A 237 Times.

LOST—Diamond dog platinum bar pin Thursday evening. Call Plaza 9034; reward.

$100 REWARD.

No questions asked return of large quantity embroidered U. S. Army chevrons, lost from truck vicinity of 8th Av. and 42d St., Dec. 28. A. R. Lee & Co., Insurance Adjusters, 15 William St.

$25 REWARD.

No questions asked, for return of tan leather suit case, with contents, and steamer rug, missing from red Stutz Sedan, on East 58th St., Thursday evening, between 10-11:30. Return to address in pocketbook.

$100 REWARD

for rose diamond lady's watch and platinum chain with small diamonds, lost Friday between West 54th St., 5th Av., and 59th St. TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av., 37th St.

$250 REWARD.

No questions asked; return large diamond set in platinum, lost Jan. 17 between East 50th St. and West 47th St. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$50 REWARD.

No questions asked; return gold cigarette case monogram I. S. W., lost Jan. 17 between 5th Av. and 59th St. and Livingston Place. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

Found.

FOUND—Silver belt buckle. Apply Mrs. Plimpton, 45 West 11th St. Phone Chelsea 419.

FOUND—Auto tire. Apply, write Wysarz, 694 Riverside Drive.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Park Av., near 88th, tan and white Pekingese dog; black harness; answers to To Ko, reward. Mrs. Cooper, 103 East 84th. Lenox 4843.

LOST—Dog, strayed from 1,035 Madison Av. Friday night; West Highland terrier, with green collar; liberal reward.

Additional Lost and Found Advertisements in next to Last Page, Section 1.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents on agate line.

STOLEN, 12-23-'18, 3 Bethlehem Steel Co. 7 per cent. secured serial gold notes, due 7-15-'23, Nos. E14833, 14834, 14835; 2 Anglo-French bonds, M181177, C1276; 10 shares preferred stock U. S. Steel Corp., Muriel Bennett Pfahler; 10 shares preferred stock National Lead Co., Muriel Bennett Pfahler.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

ASSISTANT BUYER FOR MUSLIN UNDERWEAR DEPT.

L. S. PLAUT & CO., Newark, N. J., have an opening for an assistant buyer for their muslin underwear department; applicants must have sufficient experience in the above line to qualify for the position. Apply second floor, Employment Department, between 9:30 A. M. and 12 M.

L. S. PLAUT & CO., NEWARK, N. J.

ASSISTANT BUYER FOR RIBBON AND LACE DEPTS.

A large department store in the metropolitan district of New York City requires the services of an assistant buyer for their ribbon and lace departments; applicants must be thoroughly experienced in order to qualify for the position. Write A. B., Box 259 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT MANAGER for high-class tearoom; hours 11 A. M. to 9 P. M. Piccadilly Tearoom, 170 West 72d St.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call at 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

AUDITOR with department store experience; permanent position and good salary, with opportunity for advancement. B 29 Times.

AUTOMATIC TELEGRAPHY.

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BILL CLERK.—Competent; must have had experience in filing; by a textile commission house; good position for the right party. Address, with experience, references, and salary expected. Y 209 Times Annex.

BILLING CLERK, familiar with Remington Wahl machine; Brooklynite preferred; splendid opportunity; write full particulars and salary desired. Box 104, 1619 St. James Building.

BILLING CLERK.—One who has had previous experience at Underwood billing machine. B 28 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER,

experienced; also required to do office work. APPLY FOX, 10 EAST 57TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced bookkeeper, able to take charge of an office and assume the responsibility of same during employer's absence; replies must state age, education, experience, and salary desired. B 553 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, for suburban real estate and insurance office located near Grand Central Terminal; collection experience helpful; $20 to $25; outline experience and qualification. P. M. 99 Times.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography, competent to handle money; state age, birthplace, church affiliation, salary expected; permanent position. X. A., 93 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER.—A splendid opportunity for competent woman who will take interest in her work; permanent position; state salary expected and experience. S 482 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER wanted, having large experience, to take full charge of small manufg. co. office; state salary expected. B 580 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent young woman on sales and purchase ledger; one capable of taking off trial balance; will give permanent position with good salary and advancement to right persons. B 17 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, understanding controlling accounts; good opportunity advancement; state age, qualifications, salary desired, references. Bremner, 635 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; permanent position, with good chance for advancement; state in detail experience, references, age, and salary. S 113 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and correspondent, efficient, with highest credentials. Apply by letter, stating age, experience, and compensation desired. X 368 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, DOUBLE ENTRY, IN LARGE COMMERCIAL STATIONERY HOUSE; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS. R 664 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant; must be experienced in cloak and suit business, controlling accounts; good position; salary $15 to $16 to start. Vogel, 1 East 33d St.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Quick, accurate, neat; answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience in detail, salary, and nationality. H 405 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, capable taking executive charge office wholesale tailors' trimmings house. R 591 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, experienced, education; answer own handwriting; $100 per month. Y 222 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, capable; take charge of office; state experience and salary. B 45 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT for large concern; state salary and experience. A 430 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant wanted. Milbert, 31 East 32d St.

BONWIT TELLER & CO., 5TH AV. AT 38TH ST.,

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BUYER.

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BUYER.—Woman's high-class specialty store offers good position and salary to capable and essential young woman as buyer and manager of corset section; buying experience absolutely necessary. B 30 Times.

CARD CUTTER wanted; experienced; good pay; permanent. Scarborough Co., 28 Beekman St.

CHAMBERWORK. — Woman for chamberwork and cleaning, mornings; daily, except Sundays; steady job; references required. Rosenfeld, 328 West 83d.

CHAMBERMAID wanted in apartment; good position, comfortable quarters. Ripin, 55 Central Park West.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS wanted; competent, pleasant girl. Call mornings, 509 West 110th St. Apartment 9D.

CLERKS,

tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERK, TYPIST, age 17-20, (Christian company,) high school graduate, for advertising department in magazine and pattern house; exceptional opportunity for future to bright girl. McCall, 236 West 37th St.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT, experienced; busy insurance office, 1,515 3d Av.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

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SALESWOMEN.

We require saleswomen for our corset, silverware, jewelry, shoe, housefurnishing, cotton dress goods, soda, and bakery departments. Apply to Superintendent in person or by mail.

ALSO MILLINERY WORKROOM.

There are several opportunities in our millinery workroom for young girls to serve as apprentices to learn the millinery trade; rapid advancement as proficiency is attained. Apply to Superintendent.

ALSO UPHOLSTERY WORKROOM.

We need several experienced operators on draperies and slip covers. Apply to Manager, Upholstery Department, Third Floor, Central Building.

ALSO PARCEL WRAPPERS.

Require several young girls to act as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, must know how to draw up all financial statements for large Brooklyn concern and take complete charge of office. A 605 Times Downtown.

ADDRESSERS.—2 only, experienced, excellent piecework rates; work continuous; position permanent. Apply Room 601, 2 West 45th. G. P. Putnam's Sons.

AISLE-MANAGERS, L. S. PLAUT & CO., NEWARK, N. J.,

have interesting opportunities for women to act as aisle-managers; candidates for these positions must have good health, executive ability, and tact. Apply second floor, Employment Department, between 9:30 A. M. and 12 M.

L. S. PLAUT & CO., NEWARK, N. J.

ASSISTANT BUYER. WOMEN'S KIMONOS AND SILK UNDERWEAR.

Excellent opportunity for a qualified, hard-working ambitious woman. Apply by mail only to P. Le Boutillier, giving full experience, qualifications and salary desired. If you haven't first class specialty shop or department store experience don't apply. Best & Co., 5th Av. and 35th St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and ledger clerk wanted in fire insurance office; state experience and salary expected. R 593 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT, preferably experienced welfare or real estate collecting; patriotic. B 84 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

CLERK.—High school graduate, knowledge of typewriting, age 19 or 20, wanted by large corporation; good hours, surroundings, and advancements. C. T., Box 70, Station D, New York.

CLERICAL.

Young lady, having some general clerical experience; satisfactory hours and surroundings; advancement; luncheon; state age, education, experience. "Clerical," 302 Times Downtown.

CLERKS, $45 monthly; rapid advancement; big company; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; high school graduates; ages 18-23. Write, Clerk, P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Station.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT, to be generally useful in embroidery house; state experience, references and salary desired. R 284 Times.

CLIPPING BUREAU ASSISTANT wanted; one with many years' experience; state age, salary, and details of experience. P. O. Box 363, City Hall.

COLLEGE GRADUATE with educational experience as supervising director of activities in high-class Summer camp for Jewish girls. K 375 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.—EXPERIENCED WORKER; FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES REQUIRED; $20 PER WEEK TO START. KNOX HAT CO., INC., 601 GRAND AV., BROOKLYN. TELEPHONE PROSPECT 5360, EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT, FOR APPOINTMENT.

COMPTOMETER.

Opportunity now for operator in office of large grocery firm; must be experienced in addition, subtraction, multiplication and division; state full particulars of age, experience, education. Address Comptometer, P. O. Box 220, New York City.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR wanted in accounting department of large mercantile concern; only experienced operators considered; must be capable of figuring percentages; state age, qualifications, and salary expected. R 649 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.—State age, experience, and salary expected; also whether or not employed at present. H 414 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER CLERK, permanent position and good salary. The Calculating Co., 50 Church St.

COPY WRITER AND ADVERTISING ASSISTANT.

A large department store in the metropolitan district of New York City offers an exceptional opportunity to a young woman as copy writer and general assistant to the advertising manager. Applicants must be thoroughly experienced and capable of taking complete charge, when necessary. Only an up-to-the-minute woman, educated and possessing executive ability and experience-plus need apply. State all particulars, including salary expected. W. C., Box 216 Times Downtown.

COOK and general houseworker, family 2 adults; apartment; 3 evenings a week out; Thursday afternoon and all day Sunday off; will pay $45 per month; girl must have good references. Bleecker, 629 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

COOK and waitress, couple or 2 girls, family of 4; Mount Vernon. Phone Murray Hill 410.

COOK.—With references. Apply 285 Central Park West, Apartment 5 North.

CORRESPONDENT AND SECRETARY wanted by buyer of large importing house; some one experienced in framing letters and writing mail as well as in general commercial life; knowledge of chiffons, nettings, &c., preferred; ability to direct and supervise others essential; salary $25; specify age, experience, references. Write R. K., 104 East 14th.

CORRESPONDENT.

Young lady, mail order experience, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting preferred; splendid opportunity for advancement; state experience and salary desired. B 379 Times.

CORSET OPERATOR.—Experienced in alterations wanted in high-class specialty shop; steady work in all seasons; pleasant surroundings and working conditions; good salary. Van Orden Shop, 379 5th Av., New York.

CORSET FITTER and saleswoman, first class, wanted to take first place in an exclusive corset store in Newark, N. J. Apply in person at Ivy Corset Co., 448 5th Av., New York City.

CORSETS.—Experienced corsetmakers, finishers for fine custom work; steady work, good pay; also young, intelligent girl for the parlor. Mme. Diamant, 14 West 51st St.

COUPLE.—Widower, with little girl of 4 years, wishes refined couple to take care of baby; good proposition; references required. Call Monday, between 9 and 10 A. M., 5 West 91st St., Apt. 2W. Bey.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Woman of ability and business appearance for permanent position with short hours; good pay and opportunity for advancement; experience preferred but not necessary; must be over 25, unemployed only; able to leave city, and ready to begin work immediately; expenses advanced; transportation paid. Call in person for appointment only, Monday morning, 10 to 12, Room 520 Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn, at Borough Hall subway station.

DEMONSTRATOR.—Woman of ability and neat appearance for permanent position, with opportunity for advancement; must be over 25, unemployed only, and ready to begin work immediately; experience preferred, but not necessary, as lady in attendance will instruct; straight salary from $12 to $25 per week. Apply Monday morning from 9 to 11, 45 West 34th St., Room 711.

DENTISTS' ASSISTANT.—Young lady, intelligent, nice appearance; experienced preferred. Write B 78 Times.

DESIGNER

OF CHILDREN'S DRESSES, ROMPERS, AND WASH SUITS; ONLY THOSE HAVING HAD EXPERIENCE IN HIGH-CLASS HOUSE NEED APPLY; AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY; PERMANENT POSITION; STATE PAST EXPERIENCE; ALL REPLIES WILL BE TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. BOX B 614, 1,265 BROADWAY.

DESIGNER

on silk and muslin underwear. THE WOLF CO., 364 FIFTH AVENUE.

DESIGNER MILLINERY wanted make few hats, private party, each season. X 216 Times Annex.

DESIGNER for silks; opportunity for younger hands with a good eye for color. Write to Silk, Box 14, 1,358 Broadway.

DICTAPHONE.

Splendid opening, large office, Jersey City; every opportunity for speedy advancement; convenient location; easy hours; luncheon; state age, experience, salary expected, &c. "Dictaphone," 337 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, must be experienced, also rapid on the typewriter; permanent position to one having qualifications. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 10th Av.-36th St.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, preferably one who writes stenography; good English and spelling; $18 to start, with good opportunities for advancement. Address, with full particulars, A 573 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Good position for capable operator; state age, religion, experience, whether stenographer and salary. G 739 Times Downtown.

DISTRICT MANAGER for women's department, Income Tax Service Commission, Carroll, Room 1408, 347 5th Av.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED.

A desirable all-year-round position for young women under 30 years of age, who understands dressmaking. Apply by letter only, stating age and experience, to

C. DUVAL, Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and MacDougal Sts., N. Y.

DRESSMAKER. — Competent young woman to make alterations on dresses. Mme. Estelle, 277 5th Av.

ENTRY CLERK for wholesale hosiery house; state experience and salary. B 14 Times.

ERRAND GIRL in a gown shop. Mueller-Graves, 1A East 46th.

The Harlem Office of the Times

At the Harlem Office of The New York Times, 2,109 Seventh Avenue, just north of 125th Street, advertisements and subscriptions are received for The Times and all publications of The New York Times Company.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

ELLIOTT-FISHER.

Fine opportunity for operator experienced on Model T; position in offices of enterprise of national scope, easy of access; convenient hours, congenial surroundings; luncheon. In reply give age, experience, education. Elliott-Fisher, 307 Times Downtown.

EXPERT FILER, good education, accustomed to $30 salary. L 147 Times.

FILE CLERK for simple correspondence filing in a large technical publishing house; pleasant working conditions; half-day Saturday; state age, education, experience and salary expected. S 605 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK.—Experienced, by manufacturing concern; one who wishes to go to small Connecticut country town and thinks herself fully capable of taking full charge of filing, should apply, stating age, nationality, salary expected. Box 62, Plantsville, Conn.

FILE CLERK.—Young lady to attend filing and act as relief operator on large switchboard; preference given to one who can operate typewriter; in reply give references, salary desired. I. O., Box 100 Times.

FILING CLERK wanted; must also be competent to do general office work. Apply personally at The Lionel Corporation, 48 East 21st St.

FILE CLERK.—Must be quick and accurate. Apply Monday morning, Scholl Mfg. Co., 339 Broadway.

FILE CLERK and OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Salary $10. B. Y., 307 Times.

FINISHERS, Helpers, Sleeve Hands, first-class; apply after 10, ready for work. Carmichael, 12 East 55th, next to St. Regis.

FORELADY wanted; a large, fine waist house intends opening factories in the following cities: W. Hoboken, Stamford, Camden, Glens Falls, Poughkeepsie, and Kingston—in fact anywhere within three hours from New York where skilled labor may be procured. Applicant must know waist manufacturing thoroughly; big salary to right party; state names of previous employers and experience. B 85 Times.

FORELADY, CULTURED AND REFINED, FOR POSITION IN CURTAIN FACTORY; ONE EXPERIENCED IN OPERATING HEMSTITCH, LOCKSTITCH, AND BONNAZ MACHINES. APPLY MFR., P. O. BOX 8, STATION P, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.

require the services of EXPERIENCED

Waist and Skirt Finishers.

Also,

Rapid hand sewers, accustomed to fine work, for

SPECIAL ORDER WORKROOM.

Apply all day, 6 West 38th St., 10th Floor.

FRENCH STENOGRAPHER wanted by export house; English not necessary, but experience in taking commercial dictation essential; $25 or more if competent. W 696 Times Downtown.

...ary will be paid to a gentlewoman of undoubted social standing to influence patronage of decorations and works of art; no applications will be considered unless accompanied by the names of socially prominent people who can be referred to if an arrangement is made; correspondence will be treated confidentially. B 12 Times.

GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT, one with some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; permanent position; good future for capable woman; salary $15. Apply Monday before 10 A. M., Otto Sarony Co., 470 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER or mother's helper; must be good cook, clean, economical; references; pay $50. Morningside 2852; phone until 2 P. M. Sunday or Monday.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Refined woman, in country, where another maid is kept. Apply Monday and Tuesday between 9 and 11 to Mrs. Green, 983 Lexington Av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK, NURSE.—Two Finnish girls; references required. Write, Finnish language, Wilcox, 153 Livingston St., New Haven, Conn.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER wanted, family 2 adults, 2 children; no laundry. Phone Morningside 217 for appointment.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER. — Family 3; own room and bath; city references; permanent home. Inglis, 609 West 115th St.

GIRLS

for general work in the folding, examining and making of paper patterns; steady work; apply before 10 A. M. BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., 64 West 23d St., (McCreery Bldg.) (3d floor.)

GIRL.—A neat appearing young girl for general office work in a large office near City Hall; opportunity to advance into good clerical or typist position. Write, giving age, religion, and salary expected, S 634 Times Downtown.

GIRL, OVER 17 YEARS OF AGE, AS TYPIST AND GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT. B 388 TIMES.

GIRLS.—Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, 485 Fifth Av., can use the services of several bright young girls as inside messengers; working conditions are unexcelled and advancement is as rapid as merit deserves. Apply to Office Manager, ninth floor. If under 16, bring your working papers.

GIRL, about 15 years old, for light clerical duties and interdepartment messenger work in large corporation; good opportunity for advancement for bright and intelligent girl. Reply stating age and education, B 87 Times.

GIRLS wanted.—Expert card index filing girls for temporary employment; must be absolutely accurate; do not apply unless fully qualified. Mrs. Ward, 150 Remsen St., Brooklyn, after 9:30 A. M.

GIRL wanted for sample department of Brooklyn manufacturer; excellent opportunity for one experienced and accurate; state salary desired. Box 44, 208 Broadway, Brooklyn.

GIRL.—Sample girl wanted by silk commission house to make up sample cards and to take full charge of sample department; state age, experience, and reference. G 799 Times Downtown.

GIRL about 16 years old to assist in office; one familiar with figures; good writer preferred; steady work, with advancement; Christian firm. S 682 Times Downtown.

GIRLS, NEAT APPEARING, MAKE THEMSELVES USEFUL IN MANUFACTURER'S SHOWROOM; CALL OR ADDRESS ZENO, 387 4TH AV.

GIRL, steady, strong, for pattern tracing and light clerical work; $9 start; good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th St.

GIRL, (16,) wanted to file correspondence and make herself useful in advertising office; state experience and salary desired. S 144 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

GENTLEWOMAN.—A suitable monthly sal-

GIRL, ATTRACTIVE, TRY ON HATS, TAKE CARE OF SHOWROOM. KANRICH BROS., 601 BROADWAY.

GIRL to assist in office work, wholesale house; Underwood machines in use; good chance for advancement. S 638 Times Downtown.

GIRL wanted to assist generally in printing department. Apply 8th floor, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

GIRLS in large publishing house; no experience necessary; $10 to start. Call Mr. Koelbel, 119 West 40th St., eighth floor.

GIRL to help in manufacture of toilet preparations. Apply at once, Hepner's, 137 West 44th.

GIRLS.—Several bright girls experienced in billing preferred; $12-$14. Address giving all particulars S. F., 385 Times Downtown.

GIRL, 18 to 21 years, for clerical work in office large corporation. F., P. O. Box 1148 City Hall Station.

GIRL to assist in dental office. Call 9 A. M. Monday. 773 8th Av., near 47th St.

GOVERNESS, French, for large family living in the country; must be fond of sports, riding, etc.; applicant state qualifications, give references and religion, and apply by letter to A 794 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS, French, speaking good English, for boy 4 years old, superintend care of girls 10 and 12; must be fond of outdoor sports. Phone Bronxville 872.

GOVERNESS, nurse, wanted for baby 19 months old; liberal wages. Mrs. Goodman, 1,800 7th Av. Cathedral 9361.

GOVERNESS and chambermaid for 2 school children. Mrs. M. Solomon, 530 West End Av.

HAIRDRESSER. — An expert woman hairdresser for Baltimore; best salary; transportation paid. Apply Information Desk, Waldorf-Astoria, between 5:30 and 6 P. M. Sunday.

HAND BUTTONHOLE MAKERS, on men's shirts; work in shop or at home; steady work at highest wages. Brooks Brothers, 19 East 44th.

HAND SEWER.—Experienced on custom corsets. Apply all week, Munson, 63 West 56th.

HAND SEWERS ON BLOUSES. CORHAN, 647 MADISON AV.

HEAD OF COMPARISON DEPT.

A large department store in the metropolitan district requires woman, thoroughly experienced in the work of shopping and comparison, to act as manager of their comparison dept. Write H. C., Box 225 Times Downtown.

HOME ASSISTANT.

Young woman to assist with housework; eight hours a day, six days a week; eat and sleep home; salary $15 per week; no servants need apply. Write to Apartment 3-D, 125 East 72d St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—An elderly Jewish gentleman seeks a competent housekeeper and good cook; one able to take full charge; for such a woman can offer a good home in a first-class apartment; references required, also state wages expected. A. B., 806 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted, by two gentlemen, general working housekeeper, about 35; must thoroughly understand everything; good cook, neat, trustworthy. Call after 2. Tel. 2250 Morningside. Stern, 611 West 127th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Family three adults at business all day; American preferred; easy hours; small apartment; liberal pay. A 909 Times Harlem.

HOUSEWORKER.—Girl for general housework, small family. 420 Riverside Drive, Apartment 4-F. Telephone Morningside 4647. Apply between 4 and 6 Sunday afternoon.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, plain cook, white, sleep out, no laundry; 6 days weekly; 3 adults. Apartment 2 South, 65 Central Park West.

HOUSEWORKER.—Middle-aged colored woman to do housework out of town; must be good cook. Apply to Haring, 100 Washington St., New York City.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl wanted at once for general housework, plain cook; two in family; small apartment; must have good references. 75 Fort Washington Av., Apt. 65.

HOUSEWORK.—Lady wants young woman, light housework, 9 to 1; four rooms; give age, nationality, salary. S 656 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORKER for small private school; no laundry or cooking. Telephone Kingsbridge 316.

HOUSEWORK.—Lady wants woman, (white) light housework, 9 to 11; good references. Phone Circle 5740.

HOUSEKEEPER for cottage in children's home; good plain cook. Address P. O. Box 361, Dobbs Ferry.

HOUSEWORK.—(Light); 3 in family. Irwin, 176 West 82d St. Schuyler 6697.

INDEXER wanted, with college or library training; must be fairly rapid typist; reply, stating experience and salary expected. X 364 Times Annex.

LADY'S MAID, useful, neat; good sewer; trustworthy; references. Apt. 164, 5 East 58th St.

LEDGER CLERK.

Experienced in ledger work and operating billing machine; experienced in operating Ellis bookkeeping machine desirable, but not essential; pleasant environment in high-class specialty shop.

A. DE PINNA CO., 5th Av., cor. 50th St.

LEDGER CLERK.—Splendid opportunity for bright girl familiar with ledger work and general office routine, in Christian office of large silk corporation; salary $15. B 01 Times.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced; one accustomed to handling large number of accounts; permanent position; opportunity for advancement; give details of experience, references, salary, and age. S 112 Times.

MAID to cook and serve dinner in a private family every evening except Sunday; hours 6-9; references required. Telephone 3489 Circle.

MAIL CLERK, trained librarian; college graduate; long hours; $25. L 148 Times.

MANICURE-HAIRDRESSER, steady position, by My Lady Beauty Shop, 93 7th Av., Brooklyn.

MESSENGERS, bright girls to collect and deliver mail in office; may be considered for clerical positions when proficient. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

MILLINERS, IMPROVERS, APPRENTICES.

LIGHT WORKROOM. GOOD WAGES. APPLY ALL WEEK. BEST & CO., 7 West 35th St., 8:30-10:30 A.M.

MILLINERS AND IMPROVERS. Only those accustomed to first-class work need apply; good salary; all-year position. WALTER C. SITTWITZ, 7 East 47th St.

MILLINER wanted to take charge of millinery department; steady position. Plaut Bros. Department Store, Jamaica, L. I.

MILLINER, FIRST-CLASS, WANTED, STEADY POSITION. JULIE MAGNER, 20 WEST 47TH ST.

MILLINERY.—An experienced young woman to assist in showroom. Mme. Estelle, 277 5th Av.

MILLINERS, apprentices, and errand girl, Thoesen, 432 Madison Av., (at 49th St.)

Business Opportunities

Page 8, Section 2

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

MILLINERY.

BRUCK-WEISS MILLINERY, 6-8 WEST 57TH ST. REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF

MILLINERS, IMPROVERS, COPYISTS, APPRENTICES.

STEADY POSITION; HIGHEST SALARIES.

APPLY ALL WEEK.

MILLINERS.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO.

Require

MILLINERS, COPYIST, APPRENTICES.

Highest wages, steady position to milliners, copyist, and apprentices accustomed to highest class work.

Apply 6 West 38th St., 10th Floor.

MILLINERY.

HEAD OF STOCK.

R. H. MACY & CO. require a young woman thoroughly experienced in Children's and Misses' Hats for the position of head of stock of this department.

Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

MILLINERS.

R. H. MACY & CO. require thoroughly competent milliners who are accustomed to work with the finest materials.

Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

MILLINERS.

HENRI BONDEL, INC., 10-14 WEST 57TH ST.

Require experienced milliners for high-class work; also learners. Apply prepared for work.

MILLINERY.

Experienced copyist preparers and also learners; high-class work; half day Saturday.

APPLY ALL WEEK. KNICKERBOCKER TRIMMED HAT, 484 6th Av., at 30th St.

MILLINERY MODELS.

EXCEPTIONALLY GOODLOOKING, WITH SELLING EXPERIENCE. SMOLIN, 5 WEST 37TH.

MILLINERY.

The Fifth Avenue Millinery Shop desires the services of a stockkeeper; one who has executive ability and able to take care of stock. Call Fifth Avenue Shop, 349 5th Av., near 34th St.

MILLINERY DESIGNER, ACCUSTOMED TO 5TH AV. TRADE; GOOD ALL-AROUND TRIMMER; EXCELLENT POSITION. GUIRY, 7 EAST 48TH ST.

MODELS.

ATTRACTIVE GIRLS FOR DRESSES AND COSTUMES.

SIZE 16.

WILL PAY HIGHEST SALARIES.

LONG SEASON.

HOLZMAN & MITTENTHAL, 22 WEST 27TH ST.

MODELS wanted, corset models for fashion show; one ideal average type, wearing corset size 26; one short waisted figure, wearing size 26; one short, slender figure, wearing size 22; one tall slender figure, wearing size 22; one short stout, wearing size 28; one tall heavy, wearing size 28; one large below waist, wearing size 26; one curved back figure, wearing size 22; one girl between 12 and 14 years of age; models must be good looking and good proportion for their type. Apply Monday and ask for Miss Minifie, The H. W. Gossard Co., 334 4th Av.

MODELS.

Stylish young ladies for dress house; size 18; excellent salaries; steady position.

FLOERSHEIMER COMPANY, 159 Madison Av.

MODELS.

Experienced, stylish, size 16, to try on coats; long season. Apply all week.

MOYSES & DREYFUS, 1 East 33d St.

MODELS.

Tall, slender, refined young ladies as models, showroom of dressmaking establishment.

BERGDORF & GOODMAN CO., 616 FIFTH AV.

MODELS—SIZE 16.

LIBERAL SALARY.

For wholesale dress house.

THE ROBBINS DRESS CO., 76 MADISON AVENUE.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

Must be active; long season; experience necessary; $30 weekly.

TREELINE SUIT CO., 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODEL.

ACCUSTOMED YOUNG LADY, SIZE 16, FOR DRESS HOUSE.

LEO FINKENBERG, 31 EAST 31ST.

MODEL, size 36, for coats and suits. Leibman & Hurwitz, 133 West 21st.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

MODELS, SIZE 16, ON FINE DRESSES. EXCELLENT SALARY. JAFFE, 31 EAST 32D.

MODELS.—YOUNG LADIES FOR OUR SHOWROOM TO TRY ON CLOAKS AND SUITS. SIZES 16 AND 36. APPLY ALL WEEK. J. M. BRADY & CO., 36 EAST 31ST ST.

MODELS

STYLISH, SIZE 16, FOR MISSES'S DRESSES; STEDY POSITION. ROSENMEYER & SCHWARTZ, 31 E. 32D.

MODELS WANTED FOR DRESS SHOWROOM, 36 BUST, AND OF GOOD APPEARANCE; ALSO ONE SPEAKING FRENCH. LICHTENSTEIN MILLINERY CO., 584-586 5TH AV.

MODELS, SIZE 18, TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, TO DISPLAY DRESSES IN SHOWROOM; SALARY NO OBJECT. APPLY ALL WEEK, CROWN, 105 MADISON AV.

MODELS.

Sizes 36 or 38, neat appearance. FOR FUR SHOW ROOM. GOTTLIEB BROS., 22 West 27th St.

MODELS, size 16, stylish and attractive, to try on misses' coats and suits; must have experience; good salary, long season; apply all week. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

MODELS, EXPERIENCED, WANTED IN COAT HOUSE, BUST 36; GOOD PAY, LONG SEASON. BERNSTEIN & MEYERS, 151 WEST 26TH.

MODELS, CLOAKS AND SUITS, SIZES 36 AND 16; GOOD WAGES; STEADY POSITIONS. THE G. B. G. MFG. CO., INC., 15 EAST 26TH ST.

MODEL.

Attractive young lady about 5 feet 8, bust 36; salary $25; steady. LUNDIHN, 24 EAST 55TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES FOR SALES ROOM OF DRESS HOUSE. JESSE SHULMAN & CO., 44 EAST 32D.

MODEL.—Size 18 and 36, for large cloak and suit house; must be experienced; good salary. Superior Garment Co., 1,337 B'way.

MODELS, TRIMMED HATS; ONE WITH EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. EDMOND UHRY, 57 WEST 38TH ST.

MODELS.

Size 36, neat appearing; good pay; long season. Cooper & Grapes, 30-34 West 26th St.

MODELS.—STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, FOR MISSES' SHOW ROOM; MODELS, SIZE 16. MAX RUBEL CO., 136 MADISON AV.

MODEL, 16 size, for dresses. 1,182 Broadway, Room 706.

MODEL, experienced; size small 16. Schnitzer & Nathan, 303 5th Av.

MOTHER'S HELP

Wanted, a bright young woman to act as mother's helper at Upper Montclair, N. J.; references required; reply by letter only. H. W. Beebe, 55 Liberty St., New York City.

MODEL, EXPERIENCED, MISSES' SIZE 16, FOR SUITS; LONG SEASON. KLEINFIELD & RENNER, 7 WEST 30TH.

MOTHER'S HELPER; refined girl to assist in care of boy month old, $8 week and good home. S 102 Times, or Cathedral 7439.

MULTIGRAPH.—Girl to set type and distribute flexo-type. Apply 8th floor McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

NURSE.—Graduate or practical, willing to work short hours demonstrating; experience preferred, but not necessary, as nurse in attendance will instruct; must be over 25, disengaged, able to leave city, and ready to begin duties immediately; good pay; expenses advanced; transportation paid. Call in person for appointment only, Monday morning, 10 to 12, Room 519, Arbuckle Bldg., Brooklyn, at Borough Hall subway station.

NURSES.—Disengaged, either graduate or practical, can secure very desirable positions with the Domestic Medical Society; experience not essential, as lady in charge of our visiting department will instruct; working hours short; good pay and excellent opportunity for advancement. Call on Monday from 9 to 12, Suite 710 and 711, 45 West 34th St.

NURSE.—Wanted, trained baby nurse or mother's helper. 132 Central Av., Flushing, L. I. Car fare 5c. Telephone 2316 Flushing.

NURSE for small children; pleasant home; can probably arrange to take nurse and cook if two girls wish to come together. Call, write, or telephone Mrs. Louis C. Marburg, 24 Franklin Place, Montclair, N. J. Telephone Montclair 1806.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—REFINED ENGLISH WOMAN FOR 4½-YEAR-OLD CHILD. WRITE, GIVING REFERENCES AND QUALIFICATIONS. B 23 TIMES.

NURSE OR NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Christian Scientist family, two children. 46 West 75th St. Columbus 4810.

NURSE, experienced, for two little girls; personal reference required. Telephone Murray Hill 7748 before 10:30, between 1:30-2:30.

NURSE (white), permanent position; care baby 15 months; references; pay $30. Morningside 2852, phone until 2 P. M. Sunday or Monday.

NURSE.—A specialist in diseases of the digestive organs, with an X-ray plant, seeks the services of an assistant. Dr. J. W. Weinstein, 16 East 96th St. Call Tuesday.

NURSE.—Competent nurse for 2½-year boy; good wages; good home; references. Call mornings from 11 to 1:30 o'clock, Mrs. L. R. Moss, 350 West 88th St. Schuyler 9761.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Must have good reference; take care child 6 years old. Call between 9 and 10 A. M., Scholle, 500 West End Av.

NURSE for 18 months' old baby; must understand care of child and be of neat appearance, pleasing personality, and have good references. B 389 Times.

NURSE, trained, for 19 months' old child; steady position, good salary, good home; reference. S. H. Pasternak, 700 West 179th St., St. Nicholas 8754.

NURSE, experienced; references; for child 2 yrs. and assist child 8. Call 12-8 and evenings. Fisher, 255 West 108th St. Academy 1154.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted for girl of 5 and boy of 10; experience and reference required; good salary. Address Box 662, Rye, N. Y.

NURSE.—Practical undergraduate, invalid's home. 574 Palisades Av., Yonkers. 5642 Yonkers.

NURSE for boy of 6; must be able to take care of infant later. Apply 120 West 70th St., Apt. 7B. Phone Columbus 3124.

NURSE.—Competent woman to take entire charge of month-old baby; references. L. Ball, 82 West 12th St.

NURSE-COMPANION for semi-invalid lady; salary $30 month; references. S 119 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT,

knowledge stenography, accurate at figures, help on books; state salary and experience. X. P., 806 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, bright, well-educated young lady; state salary expected and address in own handwriting. New York Label and Box Works, 511 East 72d.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, CLERICAL WORK; GOOD AT FIGURES; STATE PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT, SALARY EXPECTED. B 380 TIMES.

OPPORTUNITY.

We want bright, intelligent young women for high grade clerical work, who can grow with us and advance quickly in positions and salary according to worth and ability.

Must be at least 22 years of age.

We prefer high school graduates or young women who have had previous business experience.

The salary while learning the work is $12, but you can soon fit yourself to earn $25 if you are the right person.

NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO., 207 West 24th St.

PACKERS.—Experienced; good salary and opportunity for advancement. Olliver A. Olson Co., Broadway and 79th St.

PAYROLL CLERK for shoe factory; piece and time workers; submit references and salary expected. A 600 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY wanted; must be expert stenographer; well poised with pleasant personality; discerning in handling people; should have good general knowledge; give full particulars in letter. 142 Times.

PUPIL NURSES for one-year course leading to certificate of trained obstetrical nurse; course includes lectures, classroom instruction, and practical work in maternity and pediatric department of registered training school. Supt. of Nurses, St. Elizabeth Hospital, 204 S. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents on agate line.

REFINED WOMAN as housekeeper for business man (American) and two sons, age 16 and 14, residing well-appointed suburban dwelling; furnace man; no other help; no laundry work; references exchanged. Address or call, Competent, 203 Broadway, Suite 910, New York.

REPRESENTATIVE.

One of the best-known map companies in the world can employ in this city a refined and energetic young lady on a commission basis; references required. L 196 Times.

SALESWOMEN.

B. ALTMAN & CO., MADISON AV., FIFTH AV., 34TH AND 35TH STS., NEW YORK,

HAVE VACANCIES FOR THOROUGHLY COMPETENT SALESWOMEN IN THEIR MISSES' APPAREL SECTIONS; MUST BE OF GOOD APPEARANCE, STYLISH AND ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST PATRONAGE; GOOD POSITIONS ASSURED, WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS FOR ADVANCEMENT.

APPLY AT 35TH ST. EMPLOYEES' ENTRANCE, OR BY LETTER, ADDRESSING DEPARTMENT A.

SALESWOMEN.

B. ALTMAN & CO., MADISON AV., FIFTH AV., 34TH AND 35TH STS., NEW YORK,

HAVE VACANCIES FOR THOROUGHLY COMPETENT SALESWOMEN IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

COTTON DRESS GOODS, LACES, NOTIONS, TRIMMINGS;

MUST BE ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST PATRONAGE; GOOD POSITIONS ASSURED, WITH EXCELLENT PROSPECTS FOR ADVANCEMENT.

APPLY AT 35TH ST. EMPLOYEES' ENTRANCE.

SALESWOMEN, 10:45 A. M. TO 2.30 P. M.

R. H. MACY & CO. require competent saleswomen, or women who are able to become competent saleswomen through the aid of our Department of Training, FROM 10:45 A. M. UNTIL 2:30 P. M. This kind of employment is intended to relieve the shortage of help during the lunch period.

Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN. UNTRIMMED MILLINERY.

R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies in their UNTRIMMED MILLINERY department for competent saleswomen or for women who are able to become competent saleswomen through the aid of our Department of Training.

Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESWOMEN

CAPABLE OF SERVING HIGH-GRADE CLIENTELE, THOSE WITH 5TH AV. EXPERIENCE PREFERRED, FOR

GLOVES, NECKWEAR, INFANTS' WEAR, CHILDREN'S SHOES, LADIES' AND MISSES' SHOES.

APPLY ALL WEEK. BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 8:30-10:30 A. M.

SALESLADY wanted, experienced selling blouses, negligees, underwear, in specialty shop. Nadine's, 2,425 Broadway.

SALESWOMEN. TRIMMED MILLINERY.

R. H. MACY & CO. REQUIRE SALESWOMEN FOR THEIR FRENCH SALON; ONLY THOSE WHO ARE ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST NEW YORK CLIENTELE WILL BE CONSIDERED. APPLY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 2D BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE, ANY TIME DURING THE DAY.

SALESLADY VICTOR RECORDS.

ONE WHO KNOWS THE VICTOR CATALOG THOROUGHLY; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN SELLING AND ORDERING RECORDS; NONE OTHER NEED APPLY. CALL AT LAUTER PIANO CO., 149 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY.

SALESWOMAN for commercial stationery and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary. Apply after 11 A. M., or by letter. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESWOMEN.

Do you want to make big money and built up a large and permanent income? If you do, and are willing to devote your exclusive time and energy to the business, and have A1 references, a splendid opportunity will be offered to you to represent THE TRAVELLERS INSURANCE CO. in Greater New York. Drawing account paid against commission to women of ability. N. P. Blackburn, 512 5th Av., Room 610.

SALESWOMEN TO HANDLE A MANUFACTURER'S LINE OF GLOVES TO CALL ON LARGE TRADE; ONE WHO HAS HAD SELLING EXPERIENCE AND CAN PRODUCE RESULTS; COMMISSION BASIS. B 21 TIMES.

SALESLADIES,

EXPERIENCED IN LACES AND FANCY LINENS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPABLE APPLICANT; LIBERAL SALARIES; PERMANENT; CALL OR WRITE. MAX FERTIG, 80 EAST 34TH.

SALESWOMAN.—Expert specialty saleswoman to go on the road for long trips, with well introduced merchandise; steady position; traveling expenses advanced on salary or commission; must have such experience that spells success. Manufacturer, A 167 Times.

SALESWOMAN.—Thoroughly competent and experienced notion saleswoman; permanent position and good salary with opportunity for advancement to capable saleswoman. Olliver A. Olson Co., Broadway and 79th St. subway station.

Knighton & Blackman
Direct Mailing Specialists
30 East 42d Street, New York

January 16th, 1919.

The New York Times:

We are pleased with the response from our recent announcement in The New York Times Want column, through which we received over a hundred replies, and obtained some very select help.

Knighton & Blackman, Inc.
By H. V. Knighton, President.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESLADY, experienced, for high-class PRIVATE DRESSMAKING establishment; only one capable of selling from sketches, &c. Apply after 10. I. Jacobs & Co., 49 West 46th St.

SALESWOMAN.—Woman wanted, over 20 years old, for saleswoman; one who has some knowledge of sewing on machine; answer in own handwriting; salary. S 623 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, competent, for large export house; excellent opportunity; answers must be in own handwriting, giving fully experience, references, and salary desired. A 593 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY
Secretary wanted by promotion manager of advertising department of large monthly magazine; superior education, refinement, and ability to do rapid stenographic work essential; beginning salary $18-$20. B 56 Times.

SECRETARY for credit manager, young lady, American; must be experienced stenographer and capable of becoming a real assistant; salary $25 to start; state experience and reference. B 587 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, preferably experienced in mechanical or engineering lines; state fully details of experience, references, education, age and physical condition; Gentile firm. B 249 Times.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER with initiative to assist busy executive of large corporation; exceptional opportunity; state experience and salary expected. R 647 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—$10 a week for services half a day of woman typewriter, accustomed to secretary work; more to one with literary ability. Writer, G 27 Times.

SHOPPERS.
HENRI BENDEL, INC.,
10-14 WEST 57TH ST.,
require several bright girls to act as shoppers; steady positions.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER with some knowledge of English is desired by export and import house; state nationality, experience, references, and salary desired. R 668 Times Downtown.

STATIONERY AND ENGRAVING.
A large retail stationery store requires the services of a young lady who has a thorough knowledge of this business and is capable of both buying and selling the various items connected with it. B. K., 198 Times Downtown.

STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D ST.,
HAVE AN OPENING FOR AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN, COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF THE MAIL ORDER SECTION OF THEIR MISSES' SUIT DEPARTMENT. APPLY AFTER 9 A. M., EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE, 43D ST., NEAR 5TH AV., OR BY LETTER.

STENCIL CUTTER.—A typewriter operator, who understands cutting dermatype stencil for mimeograph machine. Mr. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER TO [illegible] PRIVATE SECRETARY TO A [illegible] UTIVE; MUST BE FAMILIAR [illegible] ERN BUSINESS METHODS, CAPABLE [illegible] ASSUMING CHARGE OF DETAIL WORK; MUST BE ACCURATE, CONSCIENTIOUS AND PAINSTAKING; IF YOU MEASURE UP TO THIS STANDARD, WRITE IN CONFIDENCE, GIVING A DETAILED SYNOPSIS OF YOUR BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, YOUR AGE, AND COMPENSATION DESIRED. ADDRESS A 565 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.
Permanent position in the office of large technical publishing house is offered to an intelligent, capable worker who will appreciate pleasant surroundings, good hours, &c.; state experience, age, and salary. S 604 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Expert typist, touch operator, able to turn out a large quantity of work, familiar with mail order book business, follow up systems and general office routine; must be accurate, intelligent, and come well recommended; state fully age, experience, references, and salary desired; an excellent opportunity for a capable girl. Apply by letter only, addressing John Brennan, 118 East 28th St.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced in advertising make-up department for large publishing house; state experience and salary; replies confidential. Address
BRAINS, 1,619 ST. JAMES BLDG.

STENOGRAPHER.
SALES OFFICE of large organization has opening for well-educated stenographer with initiative and executive ability; preferably one with experience printing, publishing, or advertising work; please give experience in detail and state salary expected. B 58 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
Young lady, thoroughly experienced, well bred, of pleasant personality and disposition, dependable, commanding the best of English, wanted as general assistant in broker's and exporter's office; salary $20 weekly and further advancement if proven capable. Only those answering above requirements considered. State details. W 705 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.
Stenographer and office assistant for research department of magazine publishing company; one willing to be trained in dictaphone operating preferred; good education and ability to do rapid stenographic work essential; excellent opportunity for advancement and to learn business engineering; hours 9-5; half day Saturday; salary $15-$18. B 53 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with good, all-around office experience; not necessarily speedy on the machine, but must work intelligently and accurately and attend a Monitor switchboard, experience at the latter unnecessary; we would like a person good enough to eventually become more than a stenographer; one with ambition, willing to do anything to assist in developing a growing advertising business; salary $15. B 97 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, permanent and attractive position with leading magazine; accuracy, intelligence and neatness essential; must be American-born, well educated and, preferably, with experience in advertising agency or with advertising department of a publication; write full particulars. A. F. F., Box 166, Madison Square Station, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER WHO CAN OPERATE WIDE CARRIAGE MACHINE; ONE EXPERIENCED TABULATING WORK ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE PREFERRED; TYPEWRITTEN APPLICATION STATING RELIGIOUS FAITH, REFERENCE, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. AUDIT, H 407 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHERS, (beginners and experienced,) typists, bill clerks, dictaphone operators; Oliver machine; no fee; new positions daily. Call immediately, the Oliver Typewriter Company, 310 Broadway, New York. Ask for Mrs. Mackey.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced stenographer and typist, possessing good business experience, for position requiring part of the time in taking care of showroom of commission house; reply, stating age, education, experience, and salary desired. B 361 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY wanted by engineering firm; knowledge of bookkeeping and accounting necessary; state age, religion, experience in detail; references and salary. [illegible]

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be thoroughly experienced and well trained in stenography and also capable of handling other office details; an excellent position for the right party; applicants must state in detail their experience and training, giving age, salary earned in previous positions, and furnish references. Y 204 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.
Competent stenographer who has initiative and ability; a plain, sensible girl who wants a good position and is willing to work. Write giving complete statement of experience, salary desired and references. W 722 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; permanent position, with prospects for advancement, for refined, capable young lady. Apply in own writing, stating age, religion, previous experience, and salary. B. R., 415 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in office of credit organization, about four years' experience; salary to commence about $15; excellent opportunity to secure responsible position with advancement; state previous experience in detail. H 426 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, TO ASSIST IN OFFICE AND MAKE HERSELF GENERALLY USEFUL; SALARY $10 TO $12. REPLY BY LETTER, GIVE AGE, REFERENCES. RICE & WALLENSTEIN, 18 WEST 34TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Bright beginner or one with a year's experience; high school graduate preferred; good English education essential. Address, stating age, salary, &c., R 638 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.
Stenographers (3) by magazine publishing company, preferably between 17-30 years; hours, 9-5, half day Saturday; pleasant working conditions; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary, $14-$16. B 55 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with experience in accountant's office and accustomed to preparing reports from rough draft; splendid opportunity for person with requisite experience and knowledge; state details of experience, age, salary, references. R 334 Times.

STENOGRAPHER,
with experience on Elliott-Fisher billing machine; first-class party only wanted; one with experience in mechanical line preferred. Benford Mfg. Co., Pearl St., near South, near N. Y. City line, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Vice president of manufacturing company requires services of capable stenographer until about May 1; applicant must be familiar with filing and other routine office matters. X 341 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, having good business training; one accustomed to rapid dictation; must be accurate and competent of assuming responsibility; Oliver machine; state salary, age, and experience; Brooklyn position. A 599 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in law office, beginner; high school graduate; only neat and industrious girl, willing to learn, need apply; hours 8:30 to 5:30; salary $9, with rapid advancement. Mervyn Wolff, 299 Broadway, Room 1602.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, must also be experienced in office detail for position with Jewish Settlement House, afternoon and evening hours; attention given only to those stating age, references and salary to start. "Settlement," 235 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced Remington operator for 5th Av. specialty store; hours 8:30 to 6 P. M., including Saturdays. Apply in person. E. B. Meyrowitz, Inc., 520 Fifth Av., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted by large public utility corporation, thoroughly experienced expert shorthand stenographer; salary $100 per month; state age, education, and experience. S 597 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Permanent position manufacturing business; salary, $16 weekly start; prospect of advance; must be experienced, accurate, rapid worker, with best references. R 578 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Treasurer of manufacturing company requires services of capable stenographer; must be familiar with filing and other routine of office matters. X 340 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in patent law or highly technical dictation, for permanent position; $23-$25; state general education, religion and previous experience. A 566 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - Switchboard Operator wanted; an ambitious young girl who is anxious to make good; state education, experience, and salary expected. Advertising Agency, B 391 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, by Christian firm, for correspondence work, filing, and general office routine; salary, $12-$14 weekly; state age and experience. R 320 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Remington operator at least two years' reference one position; neat, accurate; apply own handwriting, giving full particulars; salary $18. S 672 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSIST EDITORIAL WORK MEDICAL JOURNAL; STATE EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE, AND COMPENSATION EXPECTED. S 657 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, experienced; wanted by large corporation; age 19 to 21; good hours, surroundings, and advancement. J. D., Box 70, Station D, New York.

STENOGRAPHER familiar with office details in high-grade printing concern; apply with letter of application, stating salary and experience. Krause, 230 West 17th St.

STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPISTS wanted, two reliable and experienced, by important chemical concern. Apply third floor, 117 Hudson St., New York.

STENOGRAPHER with good business education, apt at figures; good opportunities for advancement; pleasant working conditions. Joseph Elias & Co., Inc., 630 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER.—One or two years' experience; quick and accurate typist; good knowledge of English required; $15 to start; quick advancement. Call Monday, between 9-10, 5th floor, 318 West 39th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, rapid, accurate; high school graduate; salary to start $18; advancement in proportion to ability; state experience in detail, also nationality. A 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, MUST BE THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND COME WELL RECOMMENDED; GOOD SALARY, EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. MAX SCHWARZ, 954 THIRD AV.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, for manufacturing concern; knowledge bookkeeping preferred; permanent position to right party. Call Monday 9 A. M., B. N. C. Waist Co., 141 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, Underwood machine, with knowledge of bookkeeping, in office of large corporation; reply in detail, stating age, nationality, education, and salary expected. Box B 80 Times.

STENOGRAPHER of secretarial capacity; permanent position for right person; must have good appearance; give age, experience, salary desired, and telephone number. R 628 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — Well educated, refined, pleasing personality, rapid worker, experienced in office detail work; salary $15; state age, experience, references, phone. L 210 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, French-English, wanted by foreign banking house; state experience and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 2, Wall St. station.

STENOGRAPHER in advertising agency; experienced, capable; good opportunity for ambitious girl; state age, experience and salary desired. B 372 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for Christian firm of exporters; experience and initiative required; permanent position for bright young lady. Telephone Rector 1519.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English; one experienced in translating legal work. Reply in own handwriting to E. J. D., Room 2,008 Liberty Building, City.

STENOGRAPHER for general correspondence; must be accurate and rapid. Apply personally at The Lionel Corporation, 48 East 21st St.

STENOGRAPHER, $18; permanent position; quick and accurate; short hours; light offices; Christian firm; state age and experience. A 570 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant, in Catholic office, refined woman; reply in own handwriting, state age, experience, salary, references. B 398 Times.

STENOGRAPHER to take charge of department; experience required; knowledge of dry goods preferred. Call Monday, Room 1232, 154 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Opportunity for refined, clever girl; must be a good stenographer and have had previous business experience. Write B 100 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Must be experienced, accurate, competent, and rapid; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 102 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for both shorthand and dictaphone work; capable of supervising others; state experience, salary expected. S 688 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate; builder's office; some bookkeeping experience desirable; state salary and reference. K 373 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST. — Experienced Brooklynite preferred; splendid opportunity. Write full particulars and salary desired, Box 103, 1619 St. James Building.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, experienced; bright, willing, industrious; good penmanship; permanent; $14. A 588 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, dependable and accurate, pleasant surroundings; salary $17; permanent and advancement if work warrants; references. Address S 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.—Young lady in Gentile house; good chance for advancement [illegible]

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; references required; state salary desired. R 644 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, quick and accurate worker. Apply Monday morning. Scholl Mfg. Co., 339 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant wanted in wholesale dry goods house; some experience necessary. B 88 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; must be efficient; call after 10 A. M. Preston Chemical Co., 180 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, educated, knowledge of bookkeeping; state particulars and salary. R 589 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter (Underwood); experienced, accurate, quick, neat; permanent; $13. L 131 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Who can take English and Spanish dictation; state age; references and salary. B 383 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position. Apply in own handwriting, and state salary expected. B 90 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large established estate office; intelligent and active; give experience and age; $12; future. 65 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady; must know her notes; no beginner; apply by letter. Box S 685 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, an experienced stenographer, Underwood operator. Ferdinand Trep, Room 1002, 44 East 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER who can operate dictaphone; $15-$20 weekly; will teach if necessary. Miss Kelly, Room 225, 280 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for literary and dramatic office; knowledge of filing required; state salary. B 39 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—One with knowledge of advertising preferred; wholesale silk house. Pelgram & Meyer, 395 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, with knowledge bookkeeping; neat, accurate; state salary. B 378 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Eminent teacher would exchange vocal, piano for services. Phone 8464 Cathedral.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, with some knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply 1205 Singer Building.

STENOGRAPHER with legal experience; state salary. R 627 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Will rent office to public stenographer. Room 1008, 90 West St.

STOCK CLERKS.
B. ALTMAN & CO.,
MADISON AV.-FIFTH AV.,
34TH AND 35TH STS.,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE A NUMBER OF YOUNG WOMEN, OF GOOD APPEARANCE, FOR STOCKWORK IN THEIR VARIOUS READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENTS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY AT 35TH ST. EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE.

STOCK GIRLS.
DRESSMAKING, SHOWROOMS.
HENRI BENDEL, INC.,
10-14 W. 57TH ST.,
require several bright girls of good appearance to act as stock girls in their dressmaking showrooms; some experience necessary; steady positions.

STOCK GIRLS
and
JUNIORS.
Good wages and a course of training to develop them for advancement.
Parents invited to call with daughters.
BEST & CO.,
Employment Office, 7 West 35th St., open 8:30 till 10 A. M. Apply all week.

SHOE SALESWOMEN,
ACCUSTOMED TO SERVING FIRST-CLASS CLIENTELE; EXPERIENCED SELLING SHOES FOR
CHILDREN
AND
WOMEN AND MISSES.
GOOD SALARIES AND LIBERAL BONUS. APPLICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL.
APPLY ALL WEEK, BEST & CO., EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 7 WEST 35TH ST., 10 A. M. TILL 1 P. M.

SUPERVISOR
wanted for large, well-organized stenographic, dictaphone, and typing department; must possess personality, initiative, and be in full sympathy with modern methods; excellent working conditions and equipment, short hours, light, airy department; an unusual opportunity for an unusual executive; state age, religion, experience, salary, and clearly why you feel qualified for this position; replies strictly confidential. B 393 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR for large real estate office, who can operate typewriter preferred; must be thoroughly experienced and able to handle outside office. Call 45 West 34th St., Room 903.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR. — Experienced expert, busy board; only relieve on board and do filing; salary $16. Address with all particulars. R H., 375 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and file clerk in law office; experienced only write. A 577 Times Downtown.

TEACHER of backward children for private boarding school. Y 224 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR wanted for large office; must be competent to handle busy board; state experience and salary expected. R 666 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and file clerk for advertising agency office; in your reply state age, experience, salary, and references. Apply B 41 Times.

TELEPHONE operator to assist in office. Write, stating experience, salary desired. Palisade Film Labratory, Palisade, N. J.

THE
CHARLES WILLIAMS STORES
require the services of a young man as assistant to the buyer in housefurnishing, china, and toys.
An excellent opportunity for one who is now serving in same line of department store or mail order house.
Give full particulars, experience, age, and present position in first letter, which will be confidentially treated.
Address Merchandise Manager,
THE
CHARLES WILLIAMS STORES,
INC.,
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

THE CHILDS RESTAURANT CO.
offers exceptional opportunities to self-supporting young ladies; interesting work, reasonable hours, pleasant surroundings, and good pay, including wholesome food. Becoming a Childs' waitress is equivalent to taking a course in Domestic Science, and the inexperienced are paid while learning. If interested call at
CHILDS EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
270 Sixth Ave.,
or any
CHILDS RESTAURANT.

TYPISTS.
Young ladies to work in the advertising office of exclusive 5th Av. specialty shop; steady position.
DE PINNA,
5th Av., at 50th St.

TYPISTS.
Typists (2) by magazine publishing company; preferably between 16 and 25 years; hours 9-5; half day Saturday; pleasant working conditions; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary $14-$16. B 57 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

TYPIST.—Splendid opportunity for young lady for general office work, large candy manufacturer. CL 8 Times.

TYPIST, familiar with billing; must be quick and accurate at figures; $12-$14 start. Write full experience to "Opportunity," 801 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.—$50 monthly to start; big company; rapid advancement; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; high school graduates, ages 18-23. Write, Typist, P. O. Box 50, Wall St. Branch.

TYPIST.—Philanthropic agency needs rapid, accurate typist; desirable, healthful office conditions. Phone Miss Barr, Gram. 8841, only between 12 and 2 on Monday.

TYPIST.—One with dictaphone experience preferred; also able to take dictation; must be prompt and reliable; state age and salary. R 625 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Intelligent, refined young lady for advertising records in publication office; write fully, mention salary. S 680 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Speedy operator familiar with Elliot Fischer Billing Machine; short hours, good salary. Write H., Box A 816 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Young girl, quick and bright, for filing, mailing, typewriting; write particulars, mention salary. B 558 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, capable, energetic, on copying work in office; permanent position. C., P. O. Box 1,148, City Hall Station.

TYPIST.—Wanted by a large corporation, typist who has had experience in statement work. G 782 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Must be rapid and accurate; state age, experience and salary; good chance for beginner. R 534 Times Downtown.

TYPIST WANTED.—A beginner who is neat, accurate, and good at figures; opportunity for advancement. B 47 Times.

TYPISTS.—Piece work; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M.; Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

TYPIST.—Experienced, accurate, conscientious; good salary for right person. B 60 Times.

TYPIST, age 18-25; expert; temporary work; possibility of permanency. Call Room 315, 195 Broadway.

TYPISTS in large publishing house; good salary for well experienced girls. Call Mr. Koelbel, 119 West 40th St., eighth floor.

TYPIST, experienced in clerical work; $14 per week. Call Monday, 8:30 A. M., Valentine Hat Co., 17 Waverley Place.

TYPISTS.—Tested in speed, accuracy, and neatness; fair wages, good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th St.

WAITRESS, CHAMBERMAID, capable, wanted by American family, five persons, occupying modern apartment, East 82d, maid will have comfortable room alone, adjoining bathroom; $40 a month; please state nationality, religion, age, previous experience. X 338 Times Annex.

WAITRESSES to serve supper, 6 to 8 P. M. Apply 11:30 A. M., Miss Saunders, 143 East 39th St.

WANTED—COLLEGE WOMAN
or teacher, between 25 and 35 years of age, who is free to accept an attractive traveling position immediately; openings in Southern territory for balance of Winter; position in sales field along school lines and pays railroad fare and salary to start. Give full details concerning age and experience in first telegram or letter. Address Mr. C. C. Smith, Room 1516, 58 E. Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

WIDOW with child may find congenial home small household which includes baby and nurse; describe qualifications; housework including simple cooking. B 16 Times.

WOMAN FASHION COPY WRITER.
The young woman who likes attractive clothes and accessories, who has the ability to write feminine copy, who wants a job that will lead to something and is willing to work long hours to get there, can receive the salary she is now earning, and when she makes good will be advanced without limit as her knowledge broadens.
We want no one worth less than $30 a week and no one who has written copy more than three years; those with previous department store or specialty shop experience much preferred.
If you do not qualify in all these respects do not reply to this advertisement; if you do, stat in full experience, give age and salary and include samples of your work. Best & Co. Employment Office, 7 West 35th St.

WOMEN, intelligent, under 28, wanted to help run private homes on business basis; 8 hours daily, 5½ days weekly, legal holidays free, sleep home; salary, $12 up; girls who have had business experience and have done housework at home preferred. Write R. S. E., 610 Lexington Av.

WOMEN can make $20 per day and upward selling our one-volume History of the World War, Roosevelt's Autobiography, &c.; do not delay; commission. Paramount Publishing Co., 1532 Aeolian Hall.

WOMAN wanted, to care for three rooms and make herself generally useful to a lady; references required. Call at 27 West 67th St. on Sunday. E. K. D.

WOMAN competent to take entire charge of month-old baby; Protestant family; references. Bail, 82 West 12th St.

WRITER of good English to make abstracts from German, French, and Dutch periodicals; give full particulars concerning experience and state age, nationality, and salary expected. K 322 Times.

YOUNG LADY,
with some knowledge of crocheting, knitting, and embroidering; good opportunity for advancement. Apply by letter only, stating age and qualifications to
M. Lamont,
Butterick Publishing Co.,
Spring and Macdougal Sts.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, to take charge of office from 5 to 9 P. M. 3 nights each week and 5 to 10:30 P. M. 2 nights each week and 1 to 5 P. M. Saturdays; must have good references. Apply Monday or Tuesday morning. Dalton Swimming School, 308 West 59th St.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted as field investigator for large manufacturer; a young woman who has preferably had similar experience; good opportunity, fair salary, and favorable working conditions; reply, stating age, education, nationality, and salary desired. B 548 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN as office assistant with large firm on 5th Av.; experience not necessary; junior position; good chance for advancement. Apply, stating edoation, nationality, and salary expected. G 16 Times.

YOUNG LADIES, refined, experience not necessary; one as office assistant, bookkeeper, and one as assistant saleslady; best opportunity; advancement, reference. Call Monday. M. J. Tashjian & Co., 2,605 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY for clerical work with knowledge of stenography and typewriting; good opportunity for advancement. Address, stating experience and salary expected. Permanent, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG WOMEN, alert, to secure subscriptions to popular, illustrated magazine; drawing account and commission. Apply Monday morning, Mr Barenburg, Room 1605, 220 West 42d St.

YOUNG LADY who can operate Elliott-Fisher machine, to assist in billing and order typing. Ignas Strauss Co., 1,116 Broadway.

YOUNG woman, about 25, to solicit new accounts for well known service company in city; state salary; advancement; give phone. A 604 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN.—School teacher or equivalent training to do estimating; exceptional opportunity. Fulton Bag and Cotton Mills, 330 Wythe Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, of good personality to learn electrolysis, a high-class, well-paying profession; state full particulars. B 386 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted by a large printing house; competent, refined, as telephone switchboard operator; must have had experience in business office. S 146 Times.

YOUNG LADY wanted, about 16 or 17 years old, to act as mail clerk; excellent opportunity for advancement. The H. W. Gossard Co., Inc., 334 4th Av.

YOUNG WOMAN with checking experience wanted in advertising agency. Hanff-Metzger, Inc., 95 Madison Av.

YOUNG LADY to take care of various office records on statistics; exceptional carefulness required. E. L. R., 189 Times.

YOUNG LADY wanted, with knowledge of typewriting and stenography; salary $10. Apply Monday, 9-10, 220 5th Av., Room 1917.

YOUNG LADY, understanding bindery cost system. Grady, 210 West 18th.

YOUNG GIRL to do shopping for gown shop. Mueller-Graves, 1A East 46th.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course, individual instruction, students on probation, graduates registered. 35 W. 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

STENOGRAPHERS, increase your speed, qualify for better positions; legal work a specialty; expert instruction. City Shorthand School, 150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 5481.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

TALENTED amateurs wanted, beginners; all ages, both sexes, for motion picture productions; tryouts arranged. Call 10 A. M.-8 P. M., Lorna Doone Studios, 142 W. 125th.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 334 5th Av.

BECOME AN EXPERT!—Study spare time for business and secretarial positions. The [illegible]

HELP WANTED—Female.
Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

TYPIST, EXPERT INSTRUCTION IN TOUCH TYPEWRITING, ABSOLUTELY FREE.
We will furnish a complete course, including free use of typewriter and all material to young people, (male or female,) preferably those coming from the schools and high schools now, or without previous business experience, and when qualified place you in a position without expense to you; this ad. means exactly what it says; investigate and register early for afternoon or evening classes; individual instruction; some qualify for position in five weeks.
THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER CO.,
310 Broadway, New York.
Ask for Mrs. Mackey.

BE A FILING CLERK
and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do; many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing; salaries $15 to $30 per week; our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position; afternoon and evening classes; enter our new classes now forming; number of students limited; apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

OVER THREE THOUSAND GIRLS AND WOMEN
have been placed by us in positions paying FROM $12 TO $35 PER WEEK.
Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you.
Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building.
Branches: Philadelphia, Boston.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.
Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English Is Good Business," at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New class will meet on Wednesdays, from 6:30 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 146) for booklet, "Your English," and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.
Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors; every-day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured; registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 92, Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

NURSES.
Harlem School of Nursing, Inc., teaches and graduates nurses; no age limit; employment while studying; also special separate massage course, $15. 160 West 121st. Spring term Feb. 4. Join now.

ATTENTION, GIRLS, LADIES!
Learn filing; course $10; telephone operating, elevator operating, typewriting, dictaphone, stenography, comptometer; city and Government positions. Captain O'Brien, 112 East 23d.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, post-graduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

FRENCH, 25 lessons, $10; speak fluently. Parisians. 807 Carnegie Hall. Circle 1350.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

"THE"
NATIONAL
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH ST.
ESTABLISHED 1909.
WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT.
We continually have demands from firms of the highest grade for girls and women to fill all kinds of office positions, and are able to place capable, experienced women in their proper place in the business world.
We also have considerable calls for the girl beginner.
A glance at our Board of Directors will reveal the character of our service.
DIRECTORS:
Otto T. Bannard, Pres., Chairman of the Board, New York Trust Company.
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L. F. Loree, President the Delaware & Hudson Company.
Newcomb Carlton, President Union Western Telegraph Company.
Arthur Williams, of the New York Edison Co.
Call 9 to 1.
Room 725.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
(Interviews 10 A. M.-2 P. M.)
REFINED, well-educated Americans, (preferably under 30 years,) for high-class permanent positions.
Our clientele includes the most prominent Banking, Brokerage, Export, Insurance, Oil, Railway, and Steamship Companies in the city. Our applicants, therefore, must Qualify to the highest standards.
STENOGRAPHERS.
2 BANK, $25 and lunches.
3 BANK, (temporary,) $22-$24.
2 LEGAL, $25
1 LEGAL, $20
1 STEEL, $22-$25
1 EXPORT, $23
2 ORGANIZATION, $20-$21
3 COMMERCIAL, $20
5 INSURANCE, $18
5 COMMERCIAL, $18
10 INSURANCE, $15-$17
6 COMMERCIAL, $12-$14
SUBSTITUTES, $3, $4, $5 day.
1 BANK, (English dictation, Spanish and French translation,) $30.
5 SPANISH-ENGLISH, (dictation both languages,) $25-$30.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.
2 BANK, $20 and lunches.
3 PUBLISHING, $18-$20.
OTHERS, $15-$16.
MULTIGRAPH OPERATORS.
2 PUBLISHING, $12-$14.
TYPISTS.
We cannot fill the demand for experienced typists. Salaries range on permanent openings, $14-$20. On temporary calls, $22. Beginners, $10-$12.
OTHER CALLS for Filing Clerks, Switchboard Operators and Messengers.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE,
7 Pine Street.

BOOKKEEPERS, $15 to $20; clerks, knowledge of stenography, $15, and calculus work $20; stenographers, commercial, $15; patent lawyer, $18; typists, $15-$18. Manhattan Agency, 2 Rector St.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY,
489 Fifth Ave. 93 Nassau St.
STENOGRAPHERS, Commercial......$12-$25
STENOGRAPHERS, Legal............$20-$25
Dictaphone........................$18-$20

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, clericals, $10-$25; many high-class positions received daily. Rose Webber Agency, 1009 Tribune Bldg.

ACME AGENCY, 145 Nassau St.—Steno-book, steno.-legal, stenographers-commercial, insurance, dictaphone, $15 to $25; and clerks, $10 to $15; Christian firms.

STENOGRAPHERS $15-25
TYPISTS-CLERKS 9-18
REGISTRATION FREE.
WALL STREET AGENCY, 20 BROAD ST.

BECOME expert telephone operators, complete course, $10. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

"THE AMERICAN,"
115 BROADWAY, COR. CEDAR ST.

STENOGRAPHERS.—
Legal concern. Thorough legal experience. Downtown section; $22-$25.
Secretary. Machinery concern. College education; $100 mo.
Publishing experience. Uptown section; $20.
Manufacturing. Detail clerical experience. Uptown section; $20-$22.
Mercantile concern. Downtown section; $18.
Sales office. Uptown section; $18.
Automobile concern. Uptown section; $75 mo.
BOOKKEEPERS.—
Cashier. Thorough Double Entry experience. Hotel. Uptown section; $20.
Assistant and Typist. Uptown section; $15.
Burroughs Bookkeeping Machine Operator. Chemical. Downtown section; $18.
TYPISTS.—
Engineering concern. Knowledge of Stenography. Tabulating. Downtown section; $18.
Bank. Downtown section. Must be rapid; $14-$15.
Billing. Drug concern. Uptown section; $14-$15.
COMPTOMETER OPERATORS.—
Manufacturing. Location New Jersey. Must be thoroughly competent; $125.
GENERAL CLERKS & TYPISTS.—
Good at figures. General detail, clerical. A number of openings; $10-$15.

At a time when positions are becoming rather scarce and some agencies are refusing to accept applications the real efficiency of "The American" will be appreciated.
We have numerous positions open now which must be filled within the next few days and we are accepting applications from any women in the classes of work we have calls for.
Above are quoted a few representative openings on our books.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC.,
HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST,
PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.
SECRETARY.—Candidate must possess enterprise and initiative as well as education and secretarial experience; $25.
STENOGRAPHER.—Capable of rapid dictation and familiar with chemical terms; college training an advantage; $20-$23.
(2) Two openings on upper west side; $15.
(3) Good opportunity for businesslike stenographer; $15.
TYPISTS—
(1) Advertising firm, Fifth Avenue, $15.
(2) Familiar with switchboard, downtown advertising firm; $15.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS—
(1) Five positions in Jersey City for good operators, $18-$19.
(2) Downtown, New York; two years' experience; $18.
FILE CLERK AND TYPIST.—Legal experience necessary; $20-$22.
CALL IN PERSON 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENOGRAPHER-SECY., $25.
STENO.-SECY., Hoboken, $25.
STENO., BILL CLERK, $23.
STENO., Manufacturing $22.
NUMEROUS POSITIONS.
SMALL OFFICES, $20-$18.
$15—BEGINNERS—$12.
TYPIST, BILL CLERK, $15-$12.
EDIPHONE DICT. OP., $18.
ELLIOTT-FISHER OP., $18, Model "T."
TEL OP. TYPIST, $12-$14.
BOOKKEEPER, STENO., $25-$20.
BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, $100 monthly.
BOOKKEEPER, beginner, $15.
OFFICE ASSISTANTS, $15-$12-$10.

EVER SO MANY POSITIONS FOR OFFICE PEOPLE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STENOGRAPHERS, legal, brokerage, steamship, export, commercial, &c.
$12-$25; also
Spanish, French, Italian.
ELLIOTT-FISHER BOOKKEEPING operators, $20-$25.
TYPISTS, (50,) $12-$20.
Many others. Free registration.
BRODY AGENCY,
239 Broadway. (Entrance 1 Park Place.)

ARE YOU INTERESTED in well-paying profession—Dress design and illustrating? Our unique method of instruction has developed some of the leading fashion illustrators and creators in New York; not an art course, requiring years of study; our lessons are practical, interesting, prepare you in short time; only school recommended by the trade; under direction Emil Alvin Hartman, Master of Costume Design; morning, afternoon, evening classes; visit our permanent exhibition of students' work or write for Booklet T; we have the largest enrollment of any school of this character. The Fashion Academy, 608 Park Av., at 65th St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER, Double Entry, Trial Balance, Financial statements; $25 to start.
STENOGRAPHER, Downtown; $20-$25.
STENOGRAPHER, Department Head, out-of-town; $25-$40.
STENOGRAPHER, Downtown, Steel Corporation; $70.
DICTAPHONE Operators, uptown and downtown; $18-$22.
TYPIST, uptown, good at figures; $18-$20.
OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY,
149 BROADWAY. SINGER BUILDING.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.
SECRETARY, stenographer, opportunity college graduate.
STENOGRAPHER, legal..........$22 to $25
STENOGRAPHER, insurance, Brooklyn.........................18 to 20
STENOGRAPHER, commercial.....18 to 20
STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper.....18 to 20
DICTAPHONE ....18 to 20
TYPIST ....18 to 20
NUMEROUS OTHER POSITIONS.

OWEN'S AGENCY,
165 Fulton St., or Times Building, 42d St.
Stenographers, legal, $20-$25.
Commercial, $12-$20.
Bookkeepers, $15-$20.
Typists, $12-$15; office assistants, $12-$14.
Billing clerks, Switchboard operators, &c.
All kinds of office positions; open daily.
CALL AND GET PLACED.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 154 NASSAU STREET. MISS GRIFFIN. STENOGRAPHERS, SECRETARY, High School graduate. A1 personality. Good salary, others brokerage, insurance $20-$18-$15. ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, engineering $20, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER-Typist $18. TYPISTS, Multigraph Operator $12-$15; DICTAPHONE $18.

BARKER & MACCOLL,
VOCATIONAL SPECIALISTS, 74 B'WAY.
Secretary, Wall Street experience; Legal secretary; Several stenographic positions with exceptional opportunity for advancement, salaries beginning from $18 to $25; Typists; Comptometer operators; Tabulators; Mail clerk; Policy writer. Registry free.

Stenographer-Secretary, take Spanish dictation, translate Spanish into English, attractive salary; Accountant $30-$35; Superior Stenographer with some tabulating expr. $25; Stenographers with 1 yrs. expr. and Beginners $18-$22; Junior Clerks, statement typing & filing expr. $15-$18. Alliance, 20 Liberty.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 NASSAU.
Free registration. Established 1889.
Stenographers—Publishing, $20; law, $22; numerous $15, $18, $20; beginners $12. Several bookkeepers, combining stenography, $18, $22. Several typists, $12, $15, $17. Numerous uptown.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 Broadway.
Law steno, age 25-30, $30; steno-secretaries, (5,) $25; typists, $18; dictaphone oprs., $18-$20; comptometer oprs., $18; many others. Register free.

STENOGRAPHERS, $15-18-20-22-25; several beginners, $12-15; bookkeeper, $25; assistant, $18; office assistants, switchboard, typists; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, $20-$12; mimeograph operators, (2,) $12; bookkeepers, $20-$18; typists, $14-12. David Agency, 17 W. 42d St.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$20; typists, $16; ledger clerks, $18; others. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; typists, $15-$18; permanent positions. Stenographers' Bureau, 158 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Preferably with experience in lithographic or similar line; must understand cost work; good opportunity for right man; give full particulars. Box J. J., 324 3d Av.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified public; one with years of experience desired. Write, stating age, education, qualifications, salary desired. S 681 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, with public accountants; state full particulars, salary, experience. [illegible]

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
OPTICAL DEPARTMENT.
We require a young man familiar with shop work and neutralizing lenses. Apply to Superintendent.
ALSO
LAUNDRY.
Require a working foreman for our house laundry; must be thoroughly familiar with all branches of work. Apply to Superintendent of Buildings, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, to keep private ledgers, write up profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, and confidential statistics; man with mathematical type of brain who can probe into costs, rectify errors, and solve the problems which occur frequently in accounting; neat penmanship necessary; specify age, experience, religion, education, and salary. This is a position of trust, hence full particulars are desired. A. C. T., 184 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—We need a man in our accounting department, who has had experience in the New York branch of some automobile concern; we are anxious to have a man capable of putting in a system that will handle efficiently our service, parts, retail and wholesale departments; no one will be considered for this position who has not had experience along these lines; reply stating experience, age, and salary desired; all communications will be treated as strictly confidential. Box X. X. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Young man thoroughly familiar with double entry bookkeeping, trial balances, balance sheets, &c.; must possess initiative to grasp things and exert influence over others; state age, experience, references, salary expected; replies strictly confidential; good opportunity party with necessary qualifications with large and growing establishment. B 4 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS.
TWO COMPETENT QUALIFIED SENIORS WITH TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE IN PUBLIC ACCOUNTING; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, AND RELIGION; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY. ADDRESS PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT FIRM. A 567 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANTS, Senior.—We have openings for experienced men; must have had actual experience with public accountants as senior; none but qualified men need apply. Write, giving full details regarding education, experience, training, &c. Replies confidential. Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery, 55 Liberty St.

ACCOUNTANTS.
Seniors, semi-seniors, juniors, fully qualified, wanted by prominent firm certified public accountants. State briefly—name, address, telephone, age, nationality, birthplace, experience, compensation, present employer and references. All held in confidence. L 166 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.
EXPERIENCED IN ALL BRANCHES OF ACCOUNTING AND GENERAL BOOKKEEPING; PERMANENT POSITION WITH LARGE CORPORATION; STATE AGE, QUALIFICATIONS, AND COMPENSATION. ADDRESS ACCOUNTANT, BOX 302, MADISON SQUARE STATION.

ACCOUNTANT.—Man experienced in cost accounting and time-study work for printing and loose leaf manufacturing plant; experience in this line desirable; good opportunity for advancement; state in detail past experience, age, salary desired, &c. A 575 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, required by prominent firm of accountants; must be able to undertake work without close supervision; only those with professional experience need apply; give full particulars of experience and state salary required. A 598 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, juniors, wanted by firm of chartered accountants; must have had previous experience in public accounting or attended a school of accountancy; give full particulars of experience and state salary expected. B 882 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT SENIOR required by firm of certified accountants; must be able to undertake engagements without close supervision; applications will not be considered unless age, experience, religion, and salary are stated. B 883 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, senior and junior, in office of certified public accountant; permanent position to right parties; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 424 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., with training and experience in public accounting; state age and qualifications; exceptional opportunity. Address Public Accountant Firm, Box G 756 Times Downtown.

A
STOCK
BROKERAGE
CORRESPONDENT.
A large stock brokerage house needs an experienced, business-getting letter writer who has demonstrated his ability to secure accounts by mail from advertising leads. Reply by letter, stating age, nationality, whether married or single, experience, by whom employed for past two years, and other facts pertinent to a decision. All replies upon strictly confidential basis. Address G 774 Times Downtown.

AD MAN.
EXPERIENCED DEPARTMENT STORE AD MAN WANTED BY LARGE PHILADELPHIA STORE.
MUST BE CAPABLE OF WRITING GOOD, FORCEFUL COPY, AND MUST HAVE GOOD DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE.
Y 200 TIMES ANNEX.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN.
Opportunity open for capable salesman of advertising space in leading journal in important industry; to make big success salesman must be able to work with advertiser, have artistic and attractive copy ideas, and be able to write copy and suggest layouts; don't apply unless you can earn $5,000 a year at least on 20% commission basis; fair but not large drawing account, to be increased as results warrant; beginners and has beens not wanted; all applications in strict confidence. B 43 Times.

ADVERTISING.—If you control a few high-class accounts, have the experience and ability, which would justify you starting an agency for yourself, an unusual opportunity is offered you in an old established agency, on a most liberal commission and profit sharing basis; write us fully about yourself in confidence. Address LL, Box 135 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.—A progressive class journal wants wide-awake, alert, experienced advertising man to cover the metropolitan territory; the right man can develop the present opening to the management of the publication's entire advertising business; if you can demonstrate that you are a result getter, with experience in the field, write, stating age, qualifications, and salary wanted, to W. 717 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT.
A good opening for a bright young man, bout 18 to 20, to learn advertising profession. A. M. Sweyd Co., 347 5th Av.

ADVERTISING MAN, A1, wanted for live Texas town; must be first-class "ad" writer, window dresser, and card writer; also capable floorwalker; position permanent. Apply C. Roddy, Room 302, 782 Broadway, between 5 and 6, evenings.

ADVERTISING MAN with knowledge of layout, mailing lists, follow-up systems, and modern business building methods; conscientious, hard worker; state age, experience, and salary expected. S. A., 90 Times.

ADVERTISING COPYWRITER able to make sketches; publishing concern offers opportunity to young man, preferably with mercantile experience; state education, experience, salary. S 110 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, experienced, for steady work on two Franco-American propaganda magazines; liberal commissions. Apply Monday A. M., France-America Corporation, Room 1605, 220 West 42d St.

ADVERTISING MAN wanted on class journal who is capable of doing some editorial work. R 495 Times Downtown.

A FLOOR MANAGER,
Required by large retail shop handling COATS, SUITS AND DRESSES exclusively; must be competent to take full charge; state previous experience and salary desired. S 163 Times.

AISLE MANAGERS,
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.,
Have excellent opportunities for men experienced in store work to act as aisle managers; permanent positions to those who qualify. Apply Employment Office, between 9:30 A. M. and 12 M.
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ARTIST, familiar with high-class lettering and designing, for catalogue work; advertising agency experience preferred. Apply Monday morning, Room 422, 116 West 39th.

ARTISTS wanted that have oil paintings for sale; bring some with you; call Sunday or week days. Paris Art Store, 1,117 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

ARTIST FOR DECORATIVE PAINTING ON SMALL NOVELTIES, BRING SAMPLES; CALL MONDAY, AFTER 10 A. M. BLOOM, 40 WEST 20TH.

ARTIST.—Letter and designer, agency experience preferred; young man; after 10 A. M. Peck Advertising, 347 5th Av.

AUDITOR-ACCOUNTANT.
Large public utility concern in South requires one capable assuming full charge department and conduct affairs on efficient and constructive basis; must be energetic, ambitious, and exercise considerable diplomacy in handling his men and in relations other departments; reply, giving complete past and present record, which will be considered confidential. S 611 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR AND BOOKKEEPER, experienced man, take charge corporation accounts; state age, salary. G 5 Times.

AUDITOR, check accts. branch stores, state age, experience, salary desired. G 4 Times.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC WANTED.
An honest, faithful, and intelligent automobile mechanic wanted to take charge of small garage on main highway in country town about 10 miles from New York; only first-class man, capable of doing any kind of work on any make of car need apply; preference given to an army automobile mechanic; reference and wages in first letter. Address X 394 Times Annex.

AUTO COSTS.
Man experienced in keeping auto truck costs; headquarters offices grocery firm national prominence; progressive, appreciative firm; assured advancement; state age, education, experience, salary expected. Auto costs, 156 Times Downtown.

BANK
OFFICE BOYS.
LARGE DOWNTOWN NATIONAL BANK, BOYS ABOUT 16 YEARS OF AGE; PROMOTION ASSURED. ADDRESS, STATING REFERENCES, P. O. BOX 65, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

BANKING HOUSE wants a man to help enlarge the clientele of their foreign department; state experience, if any, age, and salary expected. Address H. G., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BANK MESSENGERS.—Must be intelligent, willing, and reside with parents. Apply own handwriting, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. S 699 Times Downtown.

BILL AND ENTRY CLERK IN LARGE CLOAK AND SUIT MANUFACTURING HOUSE; STATE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO EXPERIENCE, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. R. R., 138 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry. The party desired must be clean-cut, bright, ambitious, understand controlling accounts and the taking of monthly trial balances; should be good penman and of the firm opinion that an opportunity of unlimited advancement at a moderate salary is preferable to a limited opportunity at a higher immediate salary. To one answering the above description, who comes of good family, and can furnish bond and references of unquestionable character, we offer the opportunity of satisfactory advancement. Address in detail, stating salary desired, to Box 51 Uptown, Hoboken, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, WITH EXPERIENCE ON CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS, CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; QUICK, ACCURATE, AND ACCUSTOMED TO LONG HOURS; STATE FULLY PAST EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED, AND REFERENCES. Y. C. 463 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER.—Man between 25 and 30 years to take charge of general books of company; must have experience in this work and know how to run control accounts, take off trial balances, and render comprehensive reports and statements; state in full detail experience, age, salary expected, &c. A 574 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, able to take charge full set of books, familiar with controlling accounts, etc., quick and accurate at figures, good personality, wanted by growing concern; state age, experience, references, salary expected; replies confidential. B 48 Times.

BOOKKEEPER in auditing department, credit organization; school of accounts knowledge preferable; salary at start, $18; state in detail previous experience; excellent opportunity to secure practical knowledge and experience. H 425 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, knowing accounting theory with practical knowledge of controlling accounts; permanent position in hardware house for competent man; salary $23, with advancement. Write in own handwriting, Box 26, 1,335 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER for suburban real estate and insurance office located near Grand Central Terminal; collection experience helpful; $20 to $25; outline experience and qualifications. N. E., 66 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT. — Must be neat, active, competent, willing young man; start $20 to $25; write, stating qualifications, age, experience, reference. Y 391 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.
Experience non-essential; must be accurate at figures, good penman; permanent; advancement. Emith Pharmacal Co., 323 East 34th.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, uptown office; chance for advancement; good hours; state age, experience, religion, and salary wanted. B 901 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, wholesale house, capable handling credits, collections, knowledge typewriting; state age, experience, and salary expected. S 663 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and cost accountant, capable of closing books, rendering profit and loss statement for corporation; state age, experience, references, and salary. L 192 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer for manufacturing concern; state experience, salary, and references. Address B 581 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and office assistant, competent man; good opportunity; state age, experience and salary in own handwriting. Box B 49 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; permanent position; excellent opportunity for advancement; state in detail references, experience, salary, and age. L 165 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for woodworking factory, out of town; state age, nationality, experience, and salary desired. Box 262 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, competent in handling money; state age, birthplace, salary expected, references; permanent position. W. A., 91 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced controlling accounts and taking full charge of books, wholesale and retail automobile supply business. B 370 Times.

BOOKKEEPER on sales ledger of wholesale dry goods house; experienced; dress goods or silk line preferred; state qualifications, age, salary required. K 387 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of stenography; take complete charge; long experience essential; apply mail only. Friedman & Distillator, 2 West 33d St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, in large commercial stationery house; give full particulars. H 428 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent. A 602 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Middle-aged man preferred; salary, $20. Fiber, B 28 Times.

BOOKMEN can make $20 per day and upward selling our one-volume History of the World War, Roosevelt's Autobiography, &c. Do not delay. Commission. Paramount Publishing Co., 1532 Aeolian Hall.

BOOK SALESMAN.—A man with ability to sell professional men can find permanent position with guaranteed salary and bonus. Address, stating experience, R 587 Times Downtown.

BILL OF LADING CLERK wanted, one who can operate typewriter. Reply, giving full particulars as to experience and salary expected, Box 257 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOY to help in shipping department; must be willing to go errands and make himself generally useful; state age, religion, experience, if any, and salary. B 533 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, to assist in credit department as messenger; must be willing to work hard and apply himself strictly to duties. Call Monday, Francis H. Leggett & Co., 27th St., and 13th Av., New York City.

BOY.—Bright, conscientious, about 16 years of age, in office of large corporation; good opportunity for one who is willing to work; state age, education, &c. A 596 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, by a dry goods commission house for the office, say 15 to 16 years old; good wages and chance for advancement. Address reply to J. D., P. O. Box 154, N. Y. C.

BOY, bright, for stock and shipping department; state age, experience, if any, and salary expected; splendid prospect for right party. Lace Importers, C. K., 235 Times.

BOY, bright for stock and shipping department; state age, experience if any, and salary expected; splendid prospect for right party. Box B 89 Times.

BOY, 16 or over, for packing, shipping, and messenger work; $10 to start; good opportunity if willing and reliable. Reply Wholesale Dyes, B 37 Times.

Office of
BURKE STONE, Inc.
Hotel Gramatan Arcade
Bronxville, N. Y.
January 24, 1919.

The New York Times:

On Sunday, January 12, we inserted an advertisement in the Real Estate Section of The New York Times, describing a seven room house for sale.

The results exceeded our fondest anticipation. We had numerous replies within the first two days and succeeded in disposing of the house on the third day after the advertisement appeared.

This letter expresses our appreciation of the value of The Times as an advertising medium for real estate.

BURKE STONE, Inc.
By J. R. Fisher.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOYS.
For mail and messenger service, good opportunity for advancement, along engineering lines; $9 to start.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
37 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS.
OFFICE BOY; MESSENGERS.
Large downtown bank will employ several bright, capable, ambitious boys of good families; these positions offer exceptionally good opportunities.

SPECIAL CLASSES.
UNLIMITED ADVANCEMENT.
LUNCHEONS.
Write for interview; state age, qualification, &c. Box A 594 Times Downtown.

BOYS.
Bright boys wanted by large wholesale dry goods concern; excellent opportunity for boys possessing initiative and having good school education to advance steadily and establish permanent business career. Address in own handwriting, stating age, qualifications, and salary expected, S. W., 193 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED FOR NIGHT WORK IN COMPOSING ROOM; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; HOURS 7 P. M. to 3 A. M. APPLY AFTER 6 P. M., TIMES ANNEX, 43D ST., 4TH FLOOR.

BOYS.—A few openings for some bright, energetic boys with a large progressive corporation; good opportunity to advance. Write, giving age, religion, and salary expected, S 63 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED
in office as typist; excellent opportunity for advancement; must be rapid and accurate and of good education; previous experience unnecessary; $12 to start. Address in own handwriting. Opportunity, B 82 Times.

BOY, (16,) willing and ambitious, to work in stock and make himself generally useful in lace importing house; no experience necessary; salary $9 a week, chance for advancement. Call between 10 and 11 A. M., L. H. Junod & Co., 100 5th Av.

BOY, bright, to do clerical work by wholesale Christian concern; state age, experience and salary expected; permanent position. Address J. D. T., P. O. Box 460, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOY—Bright boy, about 16, to answer telephone and do clerical work in office of firm of certified public accountants; excellent opportunity for boy who wishes to study accountancy; give details of references, salary &c. S 121 Times.

BOY WANTED OVER 15; ONE THAT IS AMBITIOUS AND LOOKING FOR A FUTURE; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE; SALARY AT THE RATE OF $40 PER MONTH. B 378 TIMES.

BOY, must be of good character and come well recommended, to do office boy's work; $8 weekly to start; good chance, in office of importers, exporters and manufacturers. Jonas & Naumburg, Inc., 1,107 Broadway, 11th floor.

BOY to assist in stock wholesale glove house; excellent opportunity for bright boy; state age, reference, and salary desired. B 37 Times.

BOY bright, ambitious, to assist in office and run errands; good chance for advancement. Holbrook Co., 67th St. and West End Av.

BOY, bright, active, wanted for steamship office; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age and salary expected. G 759 Times Downtown.

BOY of neat appearance for office, to run errands and make himself generally useful; good chance for advancement. Write Box B 94 Times.

BOYS.—PRIVATE BANKING HOUSE DESIRES TWO AMBITIOUS BOYS; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. B 528 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted in architect's office; run errands and make himself generally useful. Apply 9 A. M., Thomas W. Lamb, 644 8th Av.

BOY, 14-17, bright, energetic, in large corporation; excellent opportunity for permanent position and bright future. Future, 272 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, 16 to 18 years of age, wholesale glass house, for general office work. Benjamin Griffin, 40 Vestry St.

BOY, bright, active, with working papers, for errand work; good hours, pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

BOY, bright, active, for brokerage office; apply in own handwriting. A 560 Times Downtown.

BOY over 18 in wholesale manufacturing laboratory; opportunity for industrious boy. $10. Call 7th floor, 48 West 4th.

BOY wanted, good, bright, for office and messenger work; splendid opportunity. S 595 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for general office work and to go on errands; state salary expected. R 318 Times.

BOY wanted for general work in paper house; salary $6 per week. Tamm & Co., 66 Duane St.

BOY wanted in law office; experience not necessary. Write, stating age and schooling. R 597 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14-16, beginner, commission merchant's office; answer in detail in own handwriting. G 792 Times Downtown.

BOY.—General office work; will be advanced as worth is proved; state age and salary expected. L 184 Times.

BOY about 15 in 5th Av. jewelry store; permanent position, with good opportunity for advancement. K 886 Times.

BOY for stock room. Address B. B. C., 600 Tribune Building.

BOY wanted in law office. Cullan & Dykman, 177 Montague St., Brooklyn.

BOY for stock, laces and draperies; salary $6-$10. A 224 Times.

BROKER.—A west side real estate office has an opening for a good broker and leasing man; liberal terms to the right party; state age, experience, and references. Address A. B., 183 Times.

BUYER AND MANAGER wanted; Oriental rug department for a representative department store in Pittsburgh; a man of integrity, who knows rugs and the rug business; a worker who has selling ability. Address in confidence, giving full particulars and salary expected; A1 opportunity. B 15 Times.

BUYER AND MANAGER FOR LARGE BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT IN NEARBY STATE; ONLY YOUNG MAN WITH THOROUGH EXPERIENCE CONSIDERED. ADDRESS STATING AGE, SALARY, AND EXPERIENCE. A 236 TIMES.

BUYER, milling and plumbing supplies; must be capable; state age, religion, experience, references, and salary expected. G 740 Times Downtown.

BUYER of silks and dress goods wanted by The Edw. Malley Co., New Haven, Conn.; state age, details of experience, and salary wanted.

BUYER, automobile supplies; must be capable; state religion, age, salary expected, [illegible] Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

CANDY MAKER. — A reliable, all-around candy maker; must have a complete knowledge of and be able to produce all the various kinds of candy; an exceptional and unique position for an expert man with an old-established concern. A 434 Times Downtown.

CANVASSER Wanted.—One having had New York City real estate experience; salary. Apply Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av.

CASHIER,
LIFE INSURANCE.
A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. Address A 422 Times Downtown.

CASHIER AND BOOKKEEPER.—An importing firm requires an experienced accountant to take charge of books, handle credits, &c.; bond required; salary $150 per month. In reply, give references and past experience. O 4 Times.

CASH AND EFFICIENCY MAN who thoroughly understands arranging cost system and taking charge of same; steady position; give full particulars, experience, and salary expected. A. L., 801 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS wanted, live wire, for new publication for those interested; commission basis only; references required. Apply in person. Room 1613, 220 West 42d St.

CARPENTERS
FOR WORK IN SOUTH.
APPLY
U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
22 EAST 22D ST.
JAMES STEWART & CO.

CAULKER and chipper, expert, must be experienced on marine boiler work; permanent position. Phone New York Engineering Co., Rector 5305.

CHAUFFER
for Packard touring car; At man; must have excellent references. Call Saturday until 12 or Monday all day, at Raymond Engineering Co., 309 Lafayette St., or evenings at 7 at 517 West 113th St.

CHAUFFEUR. — Experienced Hudson mechanic; all-year private job; neighborhood West 102d St.; $25; must have references. N. H., 807 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Position; can recommend good repair man, any make car. Lenox 5537.

CHEMICALS, ALLIED PRODUCTS.
Man who has definite idea of starting a business on the above lines will be given a good salary and share in profits by established manufacturer. A 563 Times Downtown.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Chief operating engineer, 2,000-horse power vertical engine, plant with elevator, refrigerating plant, and air compressors; must have New York license; unusual opportunity for progressive man; large New York City concern of long standing wants a good man for a permanent place. T. K., 225 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER AND DRAFTSMAN, UNMARRIED, FOR TOPOGRAPHICAL WORK IN CUBA; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY WANTED. S 603 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CIGAR CLERK.—Experienced, about 22; $18 to start; no Sunday work; state where worked, how long. S 153 Times.

CLERK wanted in factory office to book and follow up orders and look after a variety of details; opportunity for a high school graduate to learn the storage battery business; state education, qualifications, references, and salary desired. K 292 Times.

CLERKS with banking experience; returned soldiers preferred; state experience and salary expected. Address R. C., Box 123 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young man, over 18, in law office; resident in Brooklyn. Wilson & Van Wagoner, 164 Montague St., Brooklyn.

COACH, basket ball, in high-class private school 35 minutes from N. Y.; 3 afternoons weekly from 3 to 4:15; give full particulars. Massee School, Bronxville, N. Y.

COLD STORAGE SOLICITOR wanted by large cold storage concern; must be thoroughly experienced and able to obtain first-class business; liberal terms to right party; write in confidence, stating experience and compensation desired. A 913 Times Harlem.

COLLECTOR.—Wanted, real estate collector and manager, generally one who has had similar experience with elevator buildings and who understands the repairs usual to their up-keep. Address Estate, B 543 Times Downtown.

COLLECTION Correspondent.—Young man thoroughly qualified by experience to handle large volume of collections; must be a hustler; accurate, reliable, and able to write a good letter; state age, experience, and salary. B 521 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Real estate, experienced collector wanted for Washington Heights office; state qualifications fully and wages desired. Box J. K., 210 Times Harlem.

COLLECTOR wanted on established insurance debit and producer of new business; salary and commission. A 790 Times Downtown.

COMPOSITOR AND MAKE-UP MAN.
A large organization desires to establish a composing room in connection with their department of publicity; a good all-round printer preferred; a man who knows how to buy good press work, paper, and composition; this will develop into a good position for the right man. A 584 Times Downtown.

COPY WRITER
AND ADVERTISING ASSISTANT.
A large department store in the metropolitan district of New York City offers an exceptional opportunity to a young man as copy writer and general assistant to the advertising manager. Applicants must be thoroughly experienced and capable of taking complete charge when necessary. Only an up-to-the-minute man, educated and possessing executive ability and experience plus need apply. State all particulars, including salary expected. C. W., 205 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.
A live young man, above average intelligence, to handle transportation claims; splendid opening for one who will give earnest application to work; moderate salary; state age, experience and references. R. S., 117 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—We have an opening in our collection department for an educated man with good command of language, who can write money getting letters. The University Society, Publishers, 44 East 23d St.

COST ACCOUNTANT.
ONE OF THE LARGEST RUBBER COMPANIES IN AKRON, OHIO, DESIRES TO GET IN TOUCH WITH AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT WHO HAS MADE A SPECIALTY OF "COSTS."
THE REQUIREMENTS ARE FOR A MAN WHO HAS HAD CONSPICUOUS SUCCESS IN THE INSTALLATION OF COST SYSTEMS, PREFERABLY WITH A RECOGNIZED FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AND SEVERAL YEARS OF EXPERIENCE IN ACTUAL CHARGE OF GENERAL ACCOUNTING AND COST ACCOUNTING WITH SOME LARGE COMPANY.
PLEASE GIVE FULL PARTICULARS OF PERSONAL HISTORY AND BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, AND IF POSSIBLE ENCLOSE A PHOTOGRAPH WHICH WILL BE RETURNED.
THIS POSITION IS UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE, BOTH AS TO PRESENT SALARY AND FUTURE PROSPECTS.
P. O. BOX 402,
AKRON, OHIO.

COST.
Man for factory records department, (food products;) experienced as bookkeeper in manufacturing plant, with knowledge of cost work and handling help; state reasons for making change; details of experience, fitting this advertisement, age, education, salary to start, etc. Cost, 367 Times Downtown.

COUPLE wanted, experienced, in family of two; wife as cook and laundress, man to take care of two thoroughbred poodle horses and car; country place; only thoroughly experienced and reliable couples need apply; write, stating salary expected, giving references and past experience. D Spence, Norwalk, Conn.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

C. P. A. Wanted by accounting concern; possibility of firm membership for right man, account member of firm retiring; state briefly age, nationality, experience, in first letter. R 544 Times Downtown.

CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANT.
Preferably with experience as authorizer, but must have had at least one year's experience in credit office.
Permanent position with advancement assured. Apply in person or in writing to Department of Accounts, 6th floor, Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and Lexington Av.

CREDIT MANAGER.
High-class, experienced credit manager for large manufacturing concern selling at retail on installments; large debit requiring man of unusual ability, tact, and personality; corporation is one of the oldest and largest in its line; to the man capable of filling this position an unusually good opening is presented; state experience and salary expected. C. M. S., 579 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN.—An exporting and importing house desires a high-grade credit man; experience in both foreign and domestic credits desirable, together with knowledge of Spanish; initial salary varying from $1,800 to $2,400 year; only those giving full details in brief outline, stating age, nationality, education, experience, and positions held, will be considered. R 667 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN, with retail business experience; must have sales executive ability and highest references; strictly confidential. D F., 134 Times.

CURB SPECIALIST wanted; man of experience, with unquestionable references, to represent curb brokerage house as its curb specialist; do not apply unless your education is good and your references are of the best. A 590 Times Downtown.

CUSTOM CUTTER.
For highest grade tailoring firm in Middle West. Call E. H. Van Ingen & Co., 5th Av. and 21st St.

CUTTER.—Umbrella and parasol cutter with general experience in finishing; permanent position and good opportunity for right man; references required. Y 218 Times Annex.

CUTTER AND FITTER.—Men's custom tailoring; first-class references required; state age, experience, references, salary expected. G 28 Times.

CYLINDER PRESSMEN.
Wanted, experienced men on four-color process work; familiar with two-color Miehles. B 886 Times Annex.

DESIGNER
OF CHILDREN'S DRESSES, ROMPERS, AND WASH SUITS; ONLY THOSE HAVING HAD EXPERIENCE IN HIGH-CLASS HOUSE NEED APPLY; AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY; PERMANENT POSITION; STATE PAST EXPERIENCE; ALL REPLIES WILL BE TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. BOX B 014, 1,265 BROADWAY.

DESIGNER, FUR, and good cutter; one experienced on coats and sets; must have thorough knowledge of managing a factory; good chance for progressive young man. Apply in person, Monday morning, between 10 and 12, Berger Bro., 118 West 29th St.

DESIGNER FOR SILKS.—Opportunity for younger hands with a good eye for color. Write to Silk, Box 14, 1,358 Broadway.

DESIGNER for carpets; must be first-class. Fauser, 373 4th Av.

DISCHARGED ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN.
Immediate traveling positions open for college or normal school men in educational work; WE PAY A SALARY TO START AND ALL RAILROAD FARE; an excellent opportunity for capable men who can develop into executives able to direct a sales force; we do business all over the United States. Communicate by letter or wire, with full information as to qualifications, Ensign F. H. Pulfer, 15th floor, Garland Building, Chicago, Ill.

DENTAL MECHANICS.—Must be first class in gold work, as gold plates, lingual bar plates, two-piece crowns, &c. Write stating salary desired and qualifications, Climax Dental Laboratory, P. O. Box 1434, Philadelphia, Penn.

DESIGNER,
EXPERIENCED ON HIGH-CLASS CHILDREN'S AND INTERMEDIATE COATS; ONLY CREATOR OF SNAPPY STYLES AND WHO HAS BEEN WITH REPUTABLE HOUSES; HIGHEST SALARY PAID TO RIGHT PARTY; BEST REFERENCES REQUIRED. STERN, HEINEMAN & HERFF, 28 WEST 23D ST.

DESIGNERS, ARTISTS wanted, high grade, special, capable of original distinctive work along creative lines; men who can create selling ideas for national advertisers; permanent position with good salary; state particulars and send samples of recent work. The Hawtin Art Studios, 19 South Wells St., Chicago, Ill.

DESIGNER AND CUTTER and all around inside factory man to connect with well-known men's bathrobe salesman; no capital required; profit sharing proposition; A1 reference wanted as to experience, character, and previous record; state full particulars. Confidential, S 140 Times.

DESIGNER FOR INTERIOR DECORATIVE AND FURNISHING DEPARTMENT; OUT-OF-TOWN ESTABLISHMENT; EXPERIENCED MAN; AGE 30-40; GOOD COLORIST; APPLY IN PERSON. F. P. ALDRICH, 452 5TH AV.

DISPATCHING MEN.
Two dispatching men wanted for operation of a copy control system in a New York morning newspaper; must have had previous experience in work of this character. A 585 Times Downtown.

DISTRICT SALES AGENT wanted for Cincinnati, Kansas City, and Milwaukee; must be familiar with steam power plants; commission basis; some of our agents making as high as $1,100 per month. Room 1007, 15 East 40th St.

DISTRICT MANAGERS, salesmen; Income Tax Service; no competition; commission. Carroll, Room 1408, 347 5th Av.

DOCTOR.—Spanish speaking; mines and smelter; altitude 15,000 feet; two-year contract; South America; give reliable references when writing for application blanks; New York interview. S 620 Times Downtown.

DOES THIS MEAN YOU?
Some man who is a real, successful, specialty salesman will read this advertisement. If that man wants to connect with the manufacturers of a high-grade apparatus, used by the medical profession, the sale of which offers an exceptional future, he should address a letter to the undersigned without delay.
Our business is with professional men, and the man we want must be equipped to sell such a class of prospects. Compensation is on a liberal commission basis. In order to secure an interview it is necessary for you to state your nationality and nature of past experience. Address Manufacturer, X 399 Times Annex.

DOORMAN for business office, middle age man, alert, courteous at all times, neat, good memory; $20 a week. B 98 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, experienced in sheet metal working machinery, presses, dies, jigs, and fixtures; for consideration replies must give in detail full particulars as to experience, age, nationality, and salary expected. Post Office Box 40, Station P, Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMEN and designers; must be first class, experienced layout men; those with automobile experience preferred; good salary and excellent opportunity for advancement. Reply, giving full particulars, or call in person Monday between 9 and 1, Room 407, 229 West 42d. Bryant 2674.

DRAFTSMAN, designing intricate mechanism, also patent drawings, permanent or evenings. O 13 Times.

DRAPERY CUTTER.—Abraham & Straus, Fulton Street, Brooklyn, need a competent drapery and slip cover cutter for their upholstery workroom. Apply to Manager, Upholstery Department, third floor, Central Building.

DRUG CLERK, junior, to assist in manufacturing department of wholesale laboratory; opportunity for bright young man. Write, stating full experience, to Drug, 48 West 4th.

DRUGGIST, registered Pennsylvania, act assistant manager medical advertising office; prefer one able operate typewriter. Y 214 Times Annex.

DYER.
One who can take charge of dyeing Cotton Fabric, including Heavy Duck. Must have knowledge of Formula and Process. State salary wanted and experience. Address D. W., Box 237 Times Downtown.

EDITOR wanted for technical journal; a man with general publishing experience and competent to take full charge preferred. R 496 Times Downtown.

EDITOR'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, college education, with some experience in writing and reporting; write full particulars, also mention salary. S 679 Times Downtown.

ENERGETIC SALESMAN
required by wholesale beef and provision house, for high-class city trade; selling steamships, hotels, &c., an exceptional opportunity for a large producer; no other need apply; salary or commission. Applications strictly confidential. L 219 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ENERGETIC man with selling ability who is looking for an opening; moderate remuneration to start, but future to right man; first-class house; inside work. B 353 Times.

ENGINEER, familiar direct expansion system refrigeration; capable handling men; $35 weekly; 8-hour shift; write, giving in detail experience and references. Employment Manager Rockwood & Co., Park and Waverly Avs., Brooklyn.

ESTIMATOR wanted by well-known N. Y. City contractor; must be competent and experienced in all steam power and heating systems; state education, experience, age, and salary. B 42 Times.

ESTIMATER and QUANTITY MAN wanted, experienced in reinforced concrete construction; state age, experience, references, &c. B 397 Times.

EXECUTIVE
FOR
MANUFACTURING OPERATIONS.
Highly intelligent, experienced, with a record to show ability and energy to accomplish unusually hard tasks, in reorganizing for speeding up work in manufacturing process to a point where results will stand out prominently.
Permanent work requiring tact and initiative.
PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE TO BE NOT JUST ENERGETIC, BUT A HUMAN DYNAMO THAT DOES NOT RUN WILD.
Unusually fine opportunity with New Jersey corporation for a bright man between the ages of 30 and 40 to readily work himself into a high-grade executive position.
The job will start at $40 to $50, but can be eventually increased to $100 if right man gets hold and brings production up.
Give complete information to prove you are consistently entitled to interview.
Mention salary desired, age, schooling, and experience.
AN OPPORTUNITY
OFFERED BUT ONCE IN A LIFETIME TO THOSE OUTSIDE THE ORGANIZATION ADVERTISING.
Executive, Box 220 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—A large manufacturing concern requires an executive to take charge of its accounting, cost accounting, and office administration work; should be about 30 to 35 years old, democratic, and able to accommodate himself to existing conditions, progressive and modern in ideas and in ideals, ready to give credit to subordinates and pull them up to bigger responsibilities. To the right man an important position and excellent future is open. Application should contain full and explicit details. B 60 Times.

EXECUTIVE and Office Manager.—Brokerage house requires the services of an experienced office manager; preferably, though not essentially, with some knowledge of textile industry; excellent opportunity for individual possessing good business ability; replies must give age, education, experience, and salary expected. B 552 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE SALES MANAGER, experienced in stock selling, for special work, on commission, for established New York corporation; able to formulate and manage own campaign; every co-operation for man able to show results. Address Opportunity, Box 605, Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

EXPORT MANAGER,
READY TO SERVE LARGE MFG. CO.
Engineer and executive; extended experience as sales manager, overseas salesman, export manager; also establishing and directing foreign branches and agencies; large acquaintance New York exporters; knows English, French, and German; salary $7,500. Address R 663 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.
Bright young man with export experience, knowledge of Spanish, and able operate typewriter; must be able to handle all papers in connection with export shipments; state age, qualifications, and salary expected to Manufacturing Chemists, 11 404 Times Downtown.

EXPORT
Prominent group of manufacturers in a highly detailed business require services of young executive to qualify for office management; a broad grasp of detail, knowledge of foreign trade, and commercial Spanish essential; moderate salary until ability demonstrated. Majeco, H 410 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.
Solicitor for the export trade, a young man who is willing to work hard and keep digging, but await results; state age, experience, wages wanted, and when can begin. W 714 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.
Export house of reputation is looking for an executive whose training and experience qualify him to organize and direct a machinery department; a liberal salary and an attractive bonus will be offered to the right party; to receive attention, applicants must give their full history in first letter. B 429 Times Downtown.

FARMER and wife to work small farm, take care of cattle, poultry, &c., one hour out, New Jersey; state experience, salary, references. Room 500, 37 Wall St., New York.

FASHION ARTIST wanted, experienced; to a man who can adapt himself to figure and commercial work between seasons a steady position is guaranteed; a good starting salary and splendid prospects for the right man; send samples and state salary desired. Grip Limited, Toronto, Canada.

FLOORMAN.
ROBINSON'S,
25 West 42d St.,
require the services of an A1 floorman; must come highly recommended.

FOREMEN.—Several good foremen wanted, thoroughly experienced on building construction and particularly capable to handling carpenter work and large number of mechanics, to go to North Carolina; wages $40 per week; transportation to job free; give full experience. B 547 Times Downtown.

FREIGHT RATES.
Young man familiar with freight rates, headquarters office large, progressive grocery concern; congenial surroundings. In reply state age, experience, and salary expected, Freight Rates, 316 Times Downtown.

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
STIX, BAER & FULLER,
ST. LOUIS,
require the services of an executive to take charge of all branches of service and system end of the business, as well as employment office; no merchandising; only men of similar and thorough department store experience will be considered; big opportunity; apply immediately by letter to Sidney R. Baer, Stix, Baer & Fuller, 120 West 32d St., New York, stating age, salary expected, references, positions held, and length of time in each position; confidential.

GLASSWARE SALESMAN,
acquainted with local jobbing trade on table and restaurant glassware; to an experienced man with a following will offer an exceptional salary and bonus proposition on our exclusive line. The Dickar Corporation, 1,806 Times Bldg.

GOLD PEN FOREMAN.
Large, responsible manufacturer is open to engage a man capable of fulfilling above requirements; applications also considered from man full of aggressiveness and determination who thoroughly understands all details of manufacturing of gold pens; replying, state salary desired, past experience, &c.; all replies treated strictly confidential. B 527 Times Downtown.

GENERAL BOOKKEEPER for large Federal operated transportation company; good opportunity; state full particulars; confidential. G 676 Times Downtown.

GENERAL CLERK.—Young man in accounting department of a large corporation; state age, experience, and salary desired. B 504 Times Downtown.

HATTER.
Young man with practical experience in manufacturing of straw hats; must have good education and some clerical training; to assume duties in planning department of straw hat manufacturing company; fair opportunity for advancement proportionate to quality of service rendered.
Address Hatter, 702 World Bldg.,
New York.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

HAT SALESMAN.
High-class store requires the services of a man capable of handling the best trade and knowing the hat business thoroughly; salary and commission. Apply by letter, giving past experience. R. G., 842 Times.

HOUSEMAN WANTED FOR SMALL HOUSE NEAR NEW YORK FOR FAMILY OF TWO; DO GENERAL HOUSEWORK AND FURNACE; WANT CLEAN, GOOD WORKER; STEADY POSITION, GOOD HOME; STATE IN REPLY EXPERIENCE, AGE, AND WAGES DESIRED. H. E., P. O. BOX 822, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK.

INDUSTRIAL STATISTICIAN.
Experience in market investigation and evolution procedure; premium on selling view point; knowledge of machinery field rather than accounting ability preferred; salary $2,400; state full particulars. Address Anti-Friction Bearings, A 601 Times Downtown.

JAMES McCREERY & CO.
require the services of
100 SALESMEN
FOR MEN'S CLOTHING.
Apply Superintendent's office, 8th floor, 35th St. Employes' entrance.

JEWELRY REPAIRER.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
Broadway and 33d St.,
wish to engage a thoroughly experienced man to take charge of
JEWELRY REPAIR DESK.
Excellent opportunity.
Apply Employment Office, 5th floor.

JUNIOR EXECUTIVE. — Splendid opportunity in business end of technical publishing house for young man with commercial experience, initiative, energy, accuracy. Answer, in your own writing, stating age, experience, salary desired, S 642 Times Downtown.

LADIES' HATS FOREMAN.
Fully experienced take charge sizing and blocking department. Kanrich Bros., 601 Broadway.

LARGE Casualty Company offers exceptional opportunity to a successful, forceful, ambitious salesman; must be able to call on and close with executives of large concerns in New York territory; we are issuing a new form of insurance which guarantees against loss from altered checks; policy has many new features and is big seller, as field is unlimited and demand has been created for it; liberal commission; salesman will receive renewals, thereby building permanent business; highest references required. G 783 Times Downtown.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS, union, above scale for clean, fast operators; night side. J. J. Little & Ives, 425 East 24th.

LOAN CLERKS for large downtown bank; a few capable men experienced in Loan Department of downtown bank or brokerage firm; commodity man desired; salary $1,200-$2,000; permanent position with advancement; state age, salary, and experience in detail. S 694 Times Downtown.

MAN OR WOMAN wanted for work on tabulating machine by large industrial plant; must be experienced on all phases of Hollerith work, from punching cards to compilation of the finished reports. In reply state age, sex, nationality, religion, previous experience in detail, whether married or single, when available, salary desired, or salary you have been receiving.
Supt. of Rates and Labor,
Bridgeport Brass Company,
Bridgeport, Conn.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN OR WOMAN, experienced publicity promoter, for noted artist from abroad; capable arranging social functions, meet best people; place articles with magazines; give publicity to superior art work; high-grade, diplomatic person only considered. R 304 Times.

MAN wanted.—A thorough detail man with determination, staying power; one who is an executive, who can systematize, manage, supervise an office force, and get work done; he should have had experience in flavoring extracts; possibilities good; state age, experience, salary expected, to first communication. C. F. Sauer Co., Richmond, Va.

Men.—Wanted, two active, educated men of strong personality, between 30 and 60 years of age, to represent us in the sale of the New International Encyclopedia in New York State and Pennsylvania; weekly advance and commission to those qualifying. Apply 10-12, Monday, A. W. Rose, Dodd, Mead & Co., 449 4th Av., eleventh floor.

MAN.—A large manufacturer with office and salesroom on 5th Av., New York, has an opening in its sales department for a college man who would be willing to serve a short apprenticeship in its factory and salesrooms before taking up an active position in its sales organization. K 240 Times.

MEN having knowledge of the maintenance and operation of steam boilers, wanted by large insurance company to learn steam boiler insurance and engineering inspection. In reply state age and experience. B 86 Times.

MAN, highly educated, to interview customers old established printing house engaged in high-class magazine, catalogue, and job printing; must have thorough knowledge of estimating; salary and commission. Address G 766 Times Downtown.

MAN, 25-30; steady outside employment of an interesting character, (no canvassing;) for one who has had experience selling merchandise or insurance; state fully experience, age, languages spoken, salary desired. Address Tracer, 238 Times Downtown.

MAN wanted, competent, to take charge of alteration department in women's large out-of-town specialty store; must be experienced and furnish best of references; splendid opportunity for right party. R 279 Times.

MAN.—Experienced department store ad man wanted by large Philadelphia store; must be capable of writing good, forceful copy, and must have good department store experience. Apply X 366 Times Annex.

MAN wanted to learn compiling work in publisher's office; must be very accurate and a good penman. Apply to Publisher, stating age, experience, nationality, and wages wanted. 175 Times Downtown.

MEN, capable and experienced, in all lines bank work. Apply own handwriting, stating age, experience, references, and salary desired. S 698 Times Downtown.

MAN.—Young, energetic man with some experience at shipping, packing and care of stock; state qualifications, references, and salary desired. K 298 Times.

MAN, experienced, wanted to take charge and examine piece goods in wholesale men's clothing house. Goldstein, Sons & Siegel, 80 5th Av.

MAN to assist in fine mechanical work; one with some experience preferred, but bright beginner considered; state experience and salary in reply. B 385 Times.

MAN, elderly, wanted to carry mail and assist with packing; $12 per week. F. A. Hardy & Co., 15 West 38th.

MANAGER of installment collection department wanted for a magazine for the Greater New York district; one who understands routing collections, and following up delinquent accounts; a bond of $2,500 will be required, the employer to pay the cost thereof; apply immediately, giving age, experience and references. Address T 246 Times Annex.

MANAGER.—Export house desires experienced manager for raw fur department. K 357 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MANAGER STOCK SALES
Wanted to take full charge of financing young, responsible and well connected corporation in food products line.
Indomitable energy, ability, and reliability essential.
The right man will receive effective co-operation and an opportunity to make a very profitable and very valuable permanent connection. Communicate fully by mail only, and in strict confidence, with F. M. D., care U. S. Brewers' Association, 50 Union Square, New York.

MANAGER FOR READY-TO-WEAR LARGE SPECIALTY STORE OUT OF TOWN; MUST ALSO BE A WINDOW TRIMMER AND CARD WRITER; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY AND GOOD SALARY TO RIGHT PARTY. APPLY IN PERSON FROM 2 TO 6 P. M. MONDAY, OR BY LETTER, N. Y. WAIST STORES, 115 WEST 30TH ST.

MARINE INSURANCE.
Assistant claim adjuster wanted by a large marine insurance company; man experienced in hull and cargo adjustments preferred; excellent future assured right man; applications will be treated in confidence. A 617 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR, (licensed,) wanted; expert; steady employment, good wages. Apply Room 107, 50 Broadway.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER GRADUATE TO DEVELOP INTO SALES WORK; A MAN WHO HAS HAD ONE TO TWO YEARS' SHOP AND DRAFTING ROOM EXPERIENCE; BIG OPPORTUNITY FOR TRAINING AND ADVANCEMENT FOR YOUNG MAN IN AN ORGANIZATION MARKETING A MECHANICAL SPECIALTY NATIONALLY KNOWN IN THE INDUSTRIAL FIELD; SALARY TO START, $125. ADDRESS BOX 381, MADISON SQUARE P.O.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER,
DRAFTSMAN,
for suburban New Jersey; expert knowledge and experience in arrangement and driving of rubber mill machinery essential. Apply by letter only, with full credentials.
LOCKWOOD, GREEN & CO.,
101 PARK AV.

MECHANIC, high-class, for experimental work; old enough to have learned the value of experience and loyalty; permanent and interesting work. The American Recording Laboratories, 751 Bloomfield Av., Nutley, N. J.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER wanted, who covers the machine and tool industry, who can be interested in the only MECHANICAL ENCYCLOPEDIA published. Information given by applying to Box G 780 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN.—Man about 30, for draftsman detailer and calculator on heavy machinery; permanent position for right party; employment in Jersey City. X 351 Times Annex.

MERCHANDISE MAN FOR STOCK.
Must have clothing trade experience, be conversant with existing market conditions, and be capable of assisting in buying of woolens, linings, &c.; applicant must write full details covering personal qualifications and experience to secure interview. H. B., 303 Times Downtown.

MOLDER FIREMAN wanted; a man thoroughly familiar with all foundry practices, capable of taking charge of complete force employed on small work, stating experience and salary expected. Address X 369 Times Annex.

MILLINERY MANAGER FOR LARGE, EXCLUSIVE MILLINERY STORE IN PITTSBURGH; ONLY THOSE WHO ARE THOROUGHLY VERSED IN EVERY BRANCH OF THE BUSINESS AND UNDERSTAND ADVERTISING NEED APPLY; SALARY $75 WEEK, WITH GOOD PROSPECTS. APPLY A. FRUCHTER, 315 5TH AV.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMEN;
live wires only wanted; high-grade trucks, 1, 1½, 2, 3½, and 5 tons; commission basis only; assistance furnished. Menominee Motor Truck Co., 269 Amsterdam Av., (72d St.)

OFFICERS wanted for the Emergency Fleet.—Native or naturalized Americans can enter the United States Shipping Board School for teaching navigation and get an officer's license; two years' previous experience in the deck department as a seaman is necessary in order to get a third officer's license; instruction is entirely free; no enlistment required; course from four to eight weeks; day and night classes so you can support yourself while at school. Apply to Capt. Alfred R. Wilson, Instructor, Dickinson High School, Newark and Palisade Avs., Jersey City, N. J. John Frederick Lewis, Chief of Section 2, 108 South Fourth St., Philadelphia, Penn.

OFFICE ASSISTANT;
must be good at figures, typist, no stenography; ambitious to work up to good secretarial position; advancement every six months.
SMITH PHARMACAL CO.,
323 East 34th St.

OFFICE MANAGER'S ASSISTANT WANTED; WE REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A STRICTLY HIGH-GRADE MAN FAMILIAR WITH CREDITS; MUST HAVE FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES. ADDRESS, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS, B 544 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE ACCOUNTANT.
Bright, active man, 30-50; competent transact business over telephone; good penman; permanent position; hours 8 P. M., to 8 A. M.; $18 weekly. A. T., 250 Times.

OFFICE BOY, 15-17, wanted by large manufacturing corporation; must be neat, willing, and ambitious; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary $40 monthly. B 2 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER FOR LARGE ORGANIZATION; MUST BE TACTFUL EXECUTIVE, BOOKKEEPER, SYSTEMATIZER; STATE EXPERIENCE, AGE, SALARY, &C. B 70 TIMES.

OFFICE MESSENGER, 16 years or under, by large corporation; must have working papers. Auditor, P. O. Box 1148, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE BOY.—Good opportunity for ambitious reliable boy about 16 years old; salary $9 to start. General Commercial Co., Limited, 203 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY; state age, religion, education, salary, experience, if any. B 582 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted by a banking house; salary $8; please state age and references. Address B 690 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted, 16 to 18 years. Apply Room 2008, 60 Broadway. B 570 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS BOY WANTED IN OFFICE OF WHOLESALE HOUSE. APPLY 153 5TH AV.

OFFICE BOY, good education, good penman, accurate at figures; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 444 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, bright, wideawake, office of wholesale house; bring references. A. Steinhardt & Bro., Broadway and 17th.

OFFICE BOY. Call Toledano Export Co., 81 New St.

OPPORTUNITY for man, 40-45, thoroughly experienced in stone and cement work, to take charge of work in and out of town; salary $75; reference and full particulars. A 235 Times.

ORDER and INVOICE CLERK, operating an Elliott-Fisher machine, with a knowledge of Spanish, Portuguese, and English; splendid opportunity for future advancement with large manufacturing house for young man with energy, initiative, and who is looking for a future. G 736 Times Downtown.

PACKER.—One with publishing house experience preferred; short hours; good position with advancement for one willing to obey instructions. Write H, Box A 615 Times Downtown.

PATTERNMAKER TO TAKE CHARGE OF CUTTING ROOM IN HIGH-CLASS LADIES' WAIST FACTORY; LIBERAL SALARY AND YEARLY POSITION TO COMPETENT MAN. H 419 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PATTERN MAKER FOREMAN wanted who can direct a pattern shop along the most modern lines in the production of gated and plate patterns, multiple core boxes, and who is familiar with modern foundry practices; state experience and salary expected. Address X 370 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

OPENINGS FOR EX-SOLDIER
GROCERY TRADE SALESMEN.
Large corporation, marketing nationally advertised food specialty through wholesale and retail grocers, will employ four honorably discharged soldiers with previous grocery sales experience to travel in various States.
We desire single men who have absorbed the military spirit of service and discipline—men willing to go anywhere and do anything necessary to honorable success in a great business.
To these we can pay a moderate beginning salary, with traveling expenses, and afford an unusual opportunity for rapid advancement.
Apply by letter only, stating age, education, business experience, and particulars of military service, including rank and regiment; also state beginning salary expected and preference as to territory.
Interviews will be arranged with those whose letters indicate desired qualifications. Address
MANAGER FOOD DEPARTMENT,
Room 1632, 25 Broad St.,
New York.

PATTEN DRAFTSMEN.
Young man fully experienced.
Employment office open 9 to 4.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

PERSONNEL DIRECTOR.—Man familiar with collective bargaining, bonus systems, welfare and employment service; one with years of practical experience and no theorist; corporation wants him capable of filling position that parallels its executives, and salary will be on same basis. S 10 Times.

PHOTO-ENGRAVER, operator, or etcher, open shop; steady; good pay. B 451 Times Downtown.

PHOTOGRAPHER wanted, visiting Europe to secure stereoscopic negatives. Address W. F. Burns & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

PHYSICAL CULTURE INSTRUCTOR, EXPERIENCED, FOR HIGH-CLASS GYMNASIUM; REFERENCES. CALL MONDAY MORNING, CLOOS-LEVY, 131 WEST 38TH.

PHYSICIAN wanted for contract work one hour a day at our office and one hour a day at his own office; must live in a good neighborhood and accessible to transportation facilities; give full particulars as to length of time in practice, age, &c. R 316 Times.

PHYSICIAN, registered Pennsylvania, for treatment workmen only; good, permanent position out of city. Y 212 Times.

PIANO PLAYERS wanted; new publisher wants piano players who have been employed by other publishers; one to manage the business. S 124 Times.

POLISHER and FINISHER of silver and enamel; permanent position. Victor Picard & Co., 7 West 45th St.

PORTER, strong and willing, wholesale toys; salary to start $14. Apply Hitz, Jacobs & Co., 18 East 16th St.

PORTER.—To clean office and loft, also assist in packing and shipping. Rhodes, 115 Fulton St.

PORTER, strong man, to handle cases and sweep; short hours. Apply Harper & Brothers, 325 Pearl St.

PRICER IN DRUG LINE.
Excellent chance for young man with some experience in this work. A 559 Times Downtown.

PRINTING ESTIMATOR'S assistant, large plant; must be familiar with pamphlet work; splendid opportunity for live wire; state experience and salary expected. Printer, 127 Times.

PRINTING.—Young man as clerk who is familiar with detail work of printing office; Christian firm; give particulars as to experience, salary, &c. Box B 395 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY WANTED.
Our sales manager needs at once an intelligent, alert young man—or woman—as secretary and personal stenographer, to relieve him of office and desk detail. The position is an important one, offering an excellent beginning and unusual opportunity for the future. Previous experience in secretarial duties is necessary; it will be helpful if that experience has been gained in sales or advertising work. Neatness, accuracy, good memory, and tactfulness are prime requisites. We are manufacturers, located in a small progressive Southern city. We're said to be good people to work for. Write us fully, in confidence, stating age and experience, salary desired, and sell your services to us in your first letter. Address Y 217 Times Annex.

PRODUCTION
PLANNER.
Familiar with machine and manufacturing methods to work under supervision temporarily; knowledge of planning and production department work; will assure advancement in a connection of a very desirable character in a large New Jersey Corporation; salary $25 to $30, depending on knowledge and experience; age between 25 and 30; if you can qualify, write plainly, fully, but as brief as possible.
A REAL OPPORTUNITY FOR A BRIGHT, ENERGETIC, AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN.
N. R., Box 238 Times Downtown.

PRODUCTION CLERK
to follow up orders and help progress report; state age, experience, education, and salary desired. Y 226 Times Annex.

Rare opportunity for accountants of unusually high calibre; before applying be convinced that your experience is adequate, valuable; that you are progressive and efficient in your methods; that you have personality supported by a college education or its equivalent; salaries commensurate with ability; later prospects exceptional. Leslie, Banks & Company, Chartered Accountants, 128 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN,
WESTCHESTER, SUBURBAN.
We do not pay drawing accounts until we know your worth; commission only; we have leads that are dying for lack of attention; misrepresentation, exaggeration, and intoxication have no place in our business; young men of slight experience will be considered for training, but experienced men preferred. R. M., 83 Times.

REAL ESTATE CANVASSER, experienced, by prominent 5th Av. office; excellent opportunity; good salary; state age, experience. A. C., Box 412 Times.

RECEIVING-DELIVERY CLERK.—Must be reliable, honest, and have good references. B 892 Times.

REPORTER.—Large New York securities institution presents splendid opportunity to live news gatherer and clear writer; prefer college man under 30, with at least three years' metropolitan training, who is keen enough for a real opening to accept about $35 a week while learning; give full particulars and references first letter; replies held confidential. A 343 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—A large department store requires experienced book salesmen of education to follow at first hand new inquiries in outside cities; work of great merit; without a competitor; easy payments; business reference; single men preferred; liberal commission. B 19 Times.

SALESMAN FOR LARGE KNITTING MILLS IN NEW ENGLAND TERRITORY, TO HANDLE SWEATERS AND BATHING SUITS; HOUSE CONTROLS LARGE TRADE; EXPERIENCED MEN ONLY WILL BE CONSIDERED; SALARY AND COMMISSION. B 72 TIMES.

SALESMAN wanted for New York City and Brooklyn, one having New York office preferred, to handle well-known line of bungalow aprons and apron dresses; must have acquaintance with buyers of muslin underwear; commission basis. Apply direct to Stirling Mfg. Co., Oswego, N. Y.

SALESMAN to cover established territory, Pennsylvania and New York State, to sell notions, ladies' and children's ready-to-wear merchandise; only those having thorough knowledge of the stated lines need apply; salary or commission. Baumgart, 513 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN.
Exceptional opportunity for few ambitious men who want to get into big field, with a real future assured for those who make good.
World's largest and best-known manufacturing concern in its line is reorganizing its national selling organization and will make places in New York for men of good calibre and first-class appearance who prove after fair trial that they can sell a high-grade office device.
Promotions strictly on merit and results. Drawing account of $15 to $25 weekly and liberal bonus will make earnings of $50 to $75 fairly certain during first year while learning.
Don't apply unless your references are the highest and your past record clean in every way. Previous selling experience not essential if you have the push, personality and perseverance to stick and succeed. Give full particulars, with your address and telephone number. Office Appliance, W 719 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.
Assuming:
That I can show you the best and most efficient office device of its kind on the market today, irrespective of price;
That it is the lowest in price of all competitors;
That it is a necessity;
That it is marketed by a manufacturer of international reputation and high financial standing;
That it is now backed by full page advertisements in the leading national weeklies;
What do you think YOU could do with this combination?
I cannot afford to waste any time with would-be's, but if you've got red blood in your veins, and are a regular "he" specialty salesman, I wish to see you.
Strictly commission basis.
Salesmen wanted for Newark, Jersey City, Paterson, Passaic, Rutherford, Hackensack, Montclair, Elizabeth, Plainfield and the Oranges.
See W. J. Worden, Hotel Robert Treat, Newark, N. J., Monday, Jan. 27, 10 and 11 A. M., and Tuesday, Jan. 28, 9, 10 and 11 A. M.

SALESMEN.
We want three men, over 25 years of age, who are salesmen and know it;
Who are gentlemen and can prove it;
Who are frankly looking for opportunity to make good in a big way with a house which will help them do it.
Our firm is expanding.
Its business is of world importance.
The men we seek must be clean as to record and habits, strong as to character and determination.
We will train them for executive position in a financial organization which has grown great because it recognizes ability and rewards conscientious effort with prompt promotion. Compensation commission basis.
Experience in our line is unnecessary.
Tell us who and what you are, and give telephone number, so that interview may be arranged.
H 406 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—AMBITIOUS SALESMEN ABSORB THIS.
A year ago I resigned as sales manager of the largest automobile distributer in the country; mine was a responsible and lucrative position, but I wanted to increase my earning capacity; I had reached the top of the ladder; looked over the business field with a fine comb and rejected innumerable propositions; at last I hit on the greatest business in the world, LIFE INSURANCE, which had been presented to me many times before, but never until I tried the business did I realize the following: A delightful business, calling on the highest type of business and professional men, offering them a commodity of the most unquestionable character; every day doing some good for my fellow men and at the same time building and enjoying an income far beyond my fondest hopes. Your compensation, based upon commission, will be limited only by your own intelligent application. You ambitious salesmen, come in and let's have a talk and let me thoroughly prove my statements to you. If you are in the 20s or 40s, have demonstrated your ability in your present position; if you are making $3,500 or upward, and are eager to double, yes, treble your present income, will you hold yourself open and permit me to prove that I have the very opportunity you have been waiting for? Call and see my sales manager, Mr. Taylor, between 1 and 2 and 4:30 and 5:30 o'clock, 902, 516 5th Av.

SALESMEN.
B. ALTMAN & CO.,
MADISON AV.-FIFTH AV.,
34TH AND 35TH STS.,
NEW YORK,
HAVE VACANCIES FOR THOROUGHLY COMPETENT SALESMEN IN THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
COTTON DRESS GOODS,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS,
SILKS,
SHOES.
MUST BE ACCUSTOMED TO THE BEST PATRONAGE. APPLY AT 35TH ST., EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE.

SALESMAN.
AN OPPORTUNITY FOR
A BIG PRODUCER.
We are looking for a clean-cut, live-wire salesman accustomed to interviewing men of affairs who can prove from past performances that he is capable of earning at least $7,500 a year. If you are such a man and your references are satisfactory, we will give you the opportunity of making money faster than you ever made it before.
We are a successful manufacturing corporation with a nationally known product. We are enlarging our plant to take care of increased business resulting from the termination of the war. We want a real salesman, who possesses tact and initiative, to call on our business correspondents in New York and vicinity (with letters of introduction) and take subscriptions to our offering of 8 per cent. preferred stock, with a common stock bonus. Commission basis. If you think you can qualify, call before 3:30 P. M. or write stating your experience and qualifications. Suite 301, 50 East 42d St., New York City.

SALESMEN.
If salesmanship attracts you, if you have a good education and a clean record, if your personality is agreeable and forceful; you will find an unusual sales opportunity, on a commission basis, with a corporation engaged in educational work of exceptionally high character; previous selling experience is desirable but not essential; college graduates with several years' experience preferred; the organization is new and rapidly growing and now offers a ground-floor opportunity to men of selling and executive ability; several district managerships will be open within a year; state whether you are willing to work outside of New York; your reply will be held in strict confidence. B 5 Times.

SALESMEN.
WE WANT SEVERAL ENERGETIC YOUNG MEN WHO ARE WILLING TO LEARN. EXPERIENCE IN SALESMANSHIP NOT NECESSARY. IF YOU ARE PRESENTABLE IN APPEARANCE, OF PLEASING PERSONALITY, (WE CAN TEACH YOU THE REST,) YOU HAVE A POTENTIAL EARNING POWER WITH OUR ORGANIZATION OF FROM $5,000 TO $20,000 YEARLY. YOUR SALARY AND COMMISSION WILL EASILY TOTAL $200 A WEEK IF YOU HAVE THE STUFF IN YOU. IN REPLY STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT. ANSWER H 275 TIMES.

LONG LIFE

ADVERTISEMENTS in The New York Times have long life. Replies continue to be received several days after the appearance of an advertisement and it is advisable that those who are expecting answers should call regularly for them.

Opportunities may be lost through failure to obtain replies to advertisements.

The New York Times
Times Square New York
Telephone Bryant 1000

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN

A Financial corporation requires the services of an expert salesman who has been making $50 per week or more, salary or commission.

Answer the following questions, which will be held in strict confidence:

Occupation, now.
How long engaged.
Past and present employers.
Income at present.
Age, married or single.
Those dependent on you.
Telephone number.
S 628 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN

to sell on permanent routes in sections of city for old-established Pittsburgh firm selling toilet goods; $3.50 per day and commission. Men recently discharged from U. S. Service given preference.

Ask for
MR. CONDON,
Room 3,
214 Livingston St.,
at Hoyt St. subway station.
Opposite A. & S.,
Brooklyn.

SALESMAN WANTED.

We are looking for a really high-class specialty salesman who has actually sold worth while specialties on territorial agency contract basis, where the agent was required to purchase a minimum quantity in order to secure contract. The man we want should be about middle age, in good health, in the $10,000 per year class at least, and prepared to travel. This man should also have had some experience selling stock to round out his experience, although this will form no part of his activity with us.

On our part, we have an absolutely clean, clear business proposition, distinctly worth while, involving the marketing of business and office appliances which are Grade "A" in every respect. Drawing account and commission basis.

If you feel you are the man we want, address General Sales Manager, A 447 Times Downtown for appointment.

SALESMEN

ORIENTAL RUGS.

R. H. MACY & CO. require several thoroughly experienced salesmen in their Oriental rug department; this position pays good commission and offers an opportunity to earn an excellent salary.

Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESMAN.

The producers of a line of highest quality food products with a national reputation and distribution want a sales representative for New York and Eastern territory. Absolute reliability, proven selling ability, acquaintance with jobbing and fancy grocery trade, and a successful record are essential qualifications for this position, which will pay a good salary with commission and offers splendid future possibilities.

Applicants must state age, if married, nationality, where and how long employed, territory traveled, yearly sales, and salary received.

No consideration given replies unless information asked for is stated in detail. Address X 353 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Part or whole time; genuine opportunity to connect at once with a large concern possessing clean A1 bona fide proposition; you, as an energetic man, can double, yes, treble, your present income; your efforts will earn large commission for you; $1,850 to $3,700 yearly should be your remuneration with a little energy, selling our new "Triple" Indemnity Policy; nothing like it ever issued; pays $120 monthly for every accident and sickness; $240 monthly benefit, $360 monthly for travel accident; costs only $24 yearly; one-half benefits $12; great demand for same and easy seller. Call or write for particulars. Fred J. Schaefer & Co., Managers, 1,123 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN, TRAVELING,

of undeniably successful selling experience, forcible, clean-cut personality, able and willing to cover retail territory thoroughly; line staple and of national repute; large Christian textile manufacturer has early opening for such; give full particulars; commission basis with drawing account.
B 368 Times.

SALESMEN

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

R. H. MACY & CO. have vacancies for several salesmen in their men's furnishings department.

Apply at office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESMEN.

L. S. PLAUT & CO., Newark, N. J., have several openings for experienced salesmen for their lace curtain department; excellent opportunities and permanent positions. Apply Second Floor, Employment Department, between 9:30 A. M. and 12 M.

L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.

SALESMAN FOR HIGH-CLASS MEN'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT; ONE WHO IS ACQUAINTED ONLY WITH HIGH-PRICED TRADE NEED APPLY; SALARY AND COMMISSION; STATE QUALIFICATIONS; COMMUNICATIONS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. R 247 TIMES.

SALESMEN, rugs, carpets; traveling men, on own territory, except metropolitan district, wanting side line or full line; top commissions; linoleum, Axminster, grass rugs, taps, velvets, wool fibres, rag rugs, &c.; attractive goods and prices to pull orders; only experienced, live, real salesmen, now in the field, no novices or trial horses or advance collectors; name territory wanted, what you are doing and can do; write now and we will give particulars if your letter rings true; all in confidence, of course. Floorcoverings, B 384 Times.

SALESMAN wanted; a great metropolitan daily has prepared a propaganda service to combat approaching unrest; we want two good men to sell this service on commission basis; live men can make good money; give references and telephone connection for interview. S 644 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN, CORSET, TO CARRY HIGH-GRADE BRASSIERES AS SIDE LINE ON COMMISSION BASIS IN PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, AND NEW YORK, EXCEPT NEW YORK CITY. BRASSIERES, 52 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN

wanted by a prominent manufacturer of popular priced silk and muslin underwear for the Southern States east of the Mississippi River;

MUST BE FULLY EXPERIENCED, both with the lines and territory; splendid opportunity for the right man; SALARY AND COMMISSION.
S. O., 808 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT TO SALESMEN WANTED; A YOUNG MAN THAT IS REASONABLY RAPID AS A STENOGRAPHER AND ANXIOUS TO WORK UP; SALARY $18 AND BONUS TO START. CALL, WRITE, OR TELEPHONE, A. D. CHILDS, COOPER HEWITT ELECTRIC CO., 8TH AND GRAND STS., HOBOKEN, N. J.

SALESMAN wanted by a large manufacturer of electric fuses; big compensation; men must have large earning capacity; preferably one with fuse experience; inquire Monday. See Mr. Burch, Federal Electric, 649 West 43d St. Commission, with drawing account.

SALES MANAGER WANTED.

A brokerage house marketing a high grade oil stock wants an experienced sales manager, with a record for results, to organize a sales force and conduct a mail order campaign; to the right man we offer a big opportunity; only those who have conducted similar campaigns successfully need answer; give full particulars in confidence to receive attention; commission basis. R 656 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Corporation in Binghamton, N. Y., manufacturing a live specialty, desire the services of a young unmarried man, not over thirty, who has had some experience as road salesman, preferably visiting dept. and hdwe. stores, to handle our line of gas irons, now sold by the best stores in the United States, in New York, Penn. and other States; we allow expenses and small weekly drawing account against commissions; must be well recommended and state previous experience in reply. Y 238 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, intelligent, active, energetic, to call on general contractors, hardware and furniture dealers, general stores, planing mills, in Eastern New York and Western Vermont, to sell building glass and paints for a large up-State manufacturing and jobbing concern; state age, experience, salary expected, also, if acquainted with trade; must be wideawake and willing to work to have any consideration; references required. Address Up-State Jobber, X 377 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted for Coast, Middle West, and Southern territories; an American-made line, covering every branch of fancy and staple lines, consisting of ladies' handbags, men's goods in large variety, music rolls and bags, manicure cases fitted with ivory, pearl, and ebony; dressing sets fitted with ivory and ebony; novelties, &c. An excellent opportunity for men of experience and ability. Liberal commission arrangement. Apply at once. International Leather Goods Co., Elmira, N. Y.

SALESMAN

for entire Pacific Coast by big dress house; must have large following and be of high standing; rare opportunity; commission basis.

WIZ DRESS, 22 WEST 32D.

SALESMEN—MEATS.

Well-known butcher concern requires hustling salesmen to call on hotel, restaurant, and butcher trade; experienced men in the line preferred; wonderful opportunity; salary and commission. L 206 Times.

SALESMEN.

A strong banking house of established reputation desires to add to its selling force several high-class men of aggressive ability; commission only; men with us now earning $10,000 to $25,000 per year; our clients represent the best in New York business world; let us know about yourself in first letter; big opportunity for advancement. R 634 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED.
ARE YOU GOING TO LATIN AMERICA?

A high grade salesman to Latin America may add $100 or more commission a week to his regular income by interesting bookstores in important cities in line of well-known books of largest publisher of business literature in the world; good way to make hours between boats pay good returns. Write fully about territory you will cover to Mr. Rockwell, A. W. Shaw Company, 5 North Wabash Av., Chicago.

SALESMEN.—A grand opportunity is open right now to 2 men who take life seriously and have given a thought to the future; our first demand is good character and plain common sense, then a willingness to follow instructions; honest effort on your part will bring immediate returns and an early advancement to managerial position; we are underwriters of a proposition that is on a dividend paying basis, and we desire salesmen to sell these securities; commission. Room 1707, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMEN with pep for Eastern States, including Boston territory, to sell the 1919 model American Meat Slicer wherever hot or cold meats are handled; greatest waste and food-saving machine on the market; sells on demonstration; price $240; sold on terms; liberal commission; $3,500 to $7,500 yearly; must finance self; man with car preferred; unusual chance; give record and reference. American Slicing Machine Co., 9 West 14th St., New York.

SALESMEN
Wanted for All Territories for
HANDKERCHIEFS, LACES, CURTAIN DRAPERIES AND WHITE GOODS.

Liberal arrangements on commission basis or drawing account against commission will be made with men familiar with the line and good following with retail trade, or can be carried as a side line on strictly commission basis. Address with full particulars as to territory covered and references, J. K., 210 Times.

SALESMEN.

The Newark branch of a nationally known financial organization has opening for two men of character and personal force who are seeking a permanent connection with substantial income (commission) and opportunity for promotion to executive position. Give phone number. Write W 708 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, with knowledge of bristles, is offered excellent opportunity with large corporation; salary or commission basis; in replying give full details, and applications will be treated in the strictest confidence. Address R 552 Times Downtown.

STERN BROTHERS.
WEST 42D ST.,
HAVE A VACANCY FOR A COMPLAINT CLERK EXPERIENCED IN TRACING AND ADJUSTING COMPLAINTS ON BILLS; MUST BE FAMILIAR WITH LEDGER. APPLY AFTER 9 A. M., EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE, WEST 43D ST., NEAR 5TH AV., OR BY LETTER.

SALESMEN.—Very high class, accustomed to making $5,000 and upward; investigate the earning power and modern practical methods of the bookselling business; we teach you by actual demonstration, paying your expenses while learning and furnish you the opportunity of making from $100 to $300 per week; salary and commission. Parke, Austin & Lipscomb, 50 Church St.

SALESMEN.—SPECIALTY MEN TO CALL ON THE RETAIL DRUG, HARDWARE, AND DEPARTMENT STORES, WITH A NATIONALLY ADVERTISED LINE; STERNO CANNED HEAT. REPLY BY LETTER, WITH FULL PARTICULARS AND SALARY EXPECTED. S. STERNAU & CO., INC., JOHN AND GOLD ST., BROOKLYN.

SALESMAN for city trade, who has a following in men's wear and department stores, to sell work clothes, can secure a position with a house of national repute, (Christian firm,) providing he can qualify as follows: Not over 35, clean-cut, aggressive, full of "pep" and confidence, and a proven sales record; weekly advance against commission; write full particulars in answering. B 396 Times.

SALESMEN to sell Slaggs of Democracy, that has had wonderful sales, city or country; experience not necessary if you possess selling qualifications; commission. Mr. Asper, 45 West 34th St., Room 711.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALES MANAGER.—Electrical manufacturer in Philadelphia requires a good correspondent able to keep in touch with trade over U. S.; knowledge of printing and catalogue work desirable; prefer a man from large wholesale electrical jobber or electrical manufacturer, between 25 and 40 years; desirable situation for a married man with children; $2,500 to $3,000. Box 2, Engineers' Club, N. Y.

SALESMEN. — Several live-wire specialty men to sell on a strictly commission basis a household specialty that is finding a very ready sale among wholesale hardware, drug, grocers, and allied lines. This is a live proposition with tremendous possibilities for strictly high-grade producers. Only those with past records that will bear the strictest investigation can be considered. Address Seal-Again Products Co., Hoboken, N. J.

SALESMAN.—Must be well acquainted with the toilet goods buyers throughout the United States; only those who sold high-class toilet preparations and earned more than $5,000 per year and can furnish first-class references will be interviewed; commission and drawing account; submit full particulars of your previous employment, which will be treated strictly confidential. P. R., 330 Times.

SALESMAN.—We manufacture permanent military testimonial tablets, for which there is a ready sale to all who display service flags; this is the most artistic tablet on the market; only high-class men of proven selling ability capable of interviewing big men need apply; state particulars in first letter fully; commission basis with liberal advancement as soon as sales are made. K 210 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.

Calling on notion, fancy goods and jewelry buyers of department stores and retail trade in Middle West in carry as side line; good, popular-priced line of combs and hair ornaments on commission basis; Southern territory also open for good man calling on jobbers, department stores and retailers. B 101 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for following territory: N. Y. and Penn. States, Baltimore, Washington, Virginia, West Virginia, Chicago to Coast, and Southern territories, to handle a line of infants' and children's white dresses, high class and popular; only those with big following need apply; commission and drawing account. A 609 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Long-established, growing wholesale dry goods and notion house has Southern territory for a live-wire salesman to call on the general and variety and smaller department stores; must be a hustler and accustomed to road life; drawing account as against commission; state age, experience, and territory you have covered. Address Established, 280 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted; large manufacturing corporation about to organize national sales campaign desires 5 high-grade salesmen for its New York office; those who properly qualify will be given favorable consideration to manage other offices; leads furnished; good men can earn $75-$100 per week; commission basis. Fit-Bac Screen Corporation, 203 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Manufacturer will employ on salary number of salesmen having successful experience selling food products to city retail grocers; name products sold and telephone number. K 286 Times.

SALESMAN, with bookselling experience preferred, to interview the machine and tool trade for the only MECHANICAL ENCYCLOPEDIA; first-class man only, who is looking for a permanent position; exclusive territory; well-known publishers of mechanical books for a quarter of century; commission basis; state age and qualifications to obtain interview. G 779 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, real estate, (two,) energetic, not afraid of hard work; to producers we can offer a very attractive contract, with rapid promotion; successful applicants can make from $5,000 to $10,000 per year; drawing account against commission. Call between 9-12 A. M. Monday, Room 614, 38 Park Row.

SALESMAN, SOUTHERN STATES, medium-sized towns, hats, caps, misses' and children's headwear; good opportunity for an experienced man who can prove his value; commission basis; interviews will be arranged with applicant who can answer fully, stating qualification and experience. D. H., 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN HARDWARE SPECIALTIES and metal products; live wire, knowing trade requirements, to connect with Brooklyn manufacturing concern; splendidly equipped; ample finances; salary, commission, or profit sharing; state experience, qualifications. A 607 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Services of first-class, sensible salesman of pleasing personality for Eastern representative of well-established Middle West carton and label printing house; give references, with full detail of age, experience, and salary or commission expected, also whether or not employed at present; excellent opportunity. X 332 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted; a very large, old-established institution (insurance) can use four salesmen who will meet our requirements; must possess every successful requisite and have ability for large undertakings; salary or commission or both; permanent, substantial pecuniary returns assured. S 637 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN. — Leading boudoir cap and ladies' neckwear house desires two representatives, (male or female,) one for New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington department stores, another for the South; a following among muslin underwear or neckwear buyers essential; commission. U. D., 801 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—One thoroughly familiar with the sporting goods trade in Greater New York; to the right party we have an excellent proposition to offer. Write us your experience, and if satisfactory an interview will be arranged as well as treated strictly confidential; salary or commission. A 614 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Sole representative wanted for New York City to sell a promotion service to small manufacturers, inventors, and industrials; leads furnished; we do the missionary work. Requirements: A No. 1 closer, age under 35, immediate service; $250 cash security; commission. G 745 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN TO REPRESENT A LEADING NEW YORK PAINT HOUSE WITH LARGE LINE FOR THEIR LONG ISLAND TERRITORY, WITH TRADE FULLY DEVELOPED; PERMANENT, PROGRESSIVE POSITION; WRITE REFERENCES, SALARY, AND EXPERIENCE. A 569 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN

with advertising and specialty experience to handle high-grade newspaper campaigns for established house; commission basis; good money to be made right from the start; permanent; no collecting. Phone Rector 2903, between 9 and 2, Monday.

SALESMAN—TO A REAL ONE.

Here is an opportunity to increase your income; we want men to handle the "Elmco" Humidifier as a side line in your territory; an article of merit in demand by automobile owners; liberal commissions; full particulars on request. J. D. Ranck, Room 20, 1,409 Avenue J, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Old established firm desires services of first-class salesman with experience in selling chemicals, starches, and oils to the textile and leather industries; splendid opportunity for right man; state experience, age, and salary desired. A 591 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.

An opening on the sales force to sell a well-known, high-priced adding machine in New York City; man must show previous success in this kind of specialty; salary and commission basis; apply in your own handwriting, giving information about yourself; references required. X 331 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted to sell caps in the Western territory; must have experience in selling this line; we have two established territories; a good opportunity for first-class men only; state in your first letter your past experience; commission, traveling expenses, and drawing account. Empire Cap Mfg. Co., 908-10 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMEN.—We have room on our selling force for two live wire, high grade salesmen to sell a nationally advertised product in great demand by all housewives; cuts her work in half; easily sold; big, immediate profits; call and investigate our proposition; salary or commission. Apply 1,337 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in sale of disinfectants, liquid soaps, paper towels, and similar sanitary products, to take charge of branch we are opening in New York; good salary and splendid opportunity for right party. See Mr. Selig, care of Haas & McIntyre, 82 Beaver St., Monday or Tuesday.

SALESMAN.—Old-established firm desires services of first-class salesman in selling albumen cocoanut, nutmeats and other articles to bakers and confectioners; splendid opportunity for right man; state age, experience and salary desired. A 592 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, wanted by retail jewelry establishment; to a man of good personality possessing experience and ideas we offer a permanent position where loyal service will be appreciated; good salary to man who will produce results; replies treated confidentially. K 270 Times.

SALESMAN.—Hosiery and underwear salesman who has established trade wanted to travel in Middle West on commission basis; only experienced men need apply.
Kahn & Frank, 573 Broadway.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED, WITH ESTABLISHED GROCERY TRADE; OPPORTUNITIES UNLIMITED TO PRODUCERS; SALESLADIES CONSIDERED; FOR INTERVIEW, STATE FULLY EXPERIENCE, TERRITORY, AND SALARY TO START. S 619 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN; must be competent to sell an exceptionally fine line of sweater coats and fancy knit goods to the retail trade, covering Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and West; must well know the trade; pay 7 per cent. commission. Apply by letter Charles Metz, 11 North 6th St., Philadelphia, Penn.

SALESMEN.—Discharged soldiers and sailors are making big money selling our History of the World War just out, Roosevelt's Autobiography, &c. These books are easily placed in nearly every home; commission.
Paramount Publishing Co., 1532 Aeolian Hall.

SALESMAN. — MUST HAVE ELECTRIC SIGN EXPERIENCE; CAPABLE OF EARNING $3,000 YEAR; DRAWING ACCOUNT AND COMMISSION. APPLY, MONDAY FORENOON, FEDERAL SIGN SYSTEM, 649 WEST 43D ST.

SALESMAN.—We carry the biggest line of mahogany photograph frames in this country; A1 side line for wide-awake salesmen; sample outfit showing 50 styles; weighs less than 2 pounds; liberal commission. Sophus Berendsen, Inc., 11 East 30th St.

SALESMAN, by prominent manufacturer; handle their lines decorative art linens, pillow cases, and infants' wear for following territories: South and Coast; can be handled conjunction with non-conflicting lines; commission basis. C. F., Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Splendid opportunity for salesman on over-gaiters and leggins; only those now employed and having a high-grade trade need apply; salary and commission; state full particulars in first letter. Address Salesman, 299 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man as outside salesman business systems; experience not essential; must have clean record; good prospects for advancement; salary and commission. The Arco Manifolding Co., 17-23 Rose St., New York.

SALESMEN.—Opening for two first-class, experienced salesmen for Christian firm to sell nationally known and established canned food products in Eastern territory; salary and traveling expenses. A 571 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, kid and fabric glove line, for Greater New York and States of New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, all Southern States, also Denver west; can be handled as side line; straight commission basis. B 67 Times.

SALESMAN. — Unusual opportunity for specialty salesman, grocery trade, metropolitan territory; liberal commission arrangement. Apply all day Monday, 260 Greene St., near Wanamaker's store, Manhattan.

SALESMAN.—Old-established oil and grease concern desires the services of a competent salesman familiar with Long Island City trade; live wire with a punch; kindly state salary desired and full particulars. A 445 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, resident, or traveling salesman that calls on the men's furnishing trade and department stores; we have to offer line of men's belts at strictly jobbing prices; exclusive territory on commission basis. X 271 Times Annex.

SALESMAN ON FLOOR TO LEARN AUTO ACCESSORIES BUSINESS; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN HARDWARE AND TOOLS; REFERENCES, AGE, MARRIED OR SINGLE, FULL INFORMATION; SALARY. B 90 TIMES.

SALESMAN wanted for Long Island outside of Brooklyn; one capable of selling goods from a general jobbing house, including hosiery, underwear, children's dresses, &c.; salary and commission paid. A 586 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Side line men, calling on general trade in Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, and Wisconsin, to carry quick selling specialty rug that will pay $100 weekly; commission basis. Belmont Carpet Mills, 1133 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted, to develop trade in Spanish South American States, in high grade food products; must speak Spanish and have first class references. Address, giving age, experience and salary desired. G 23 Times.

SALESMEN.—AN ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURER OF GLOVES HAS OPENINGS FOR SEVERAL MEN EXPERIENCED IN THIS LINE; AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY OFFERED TO MAN WITH TRADE; COMMISSION BASIS. B 18 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Wanted by large corporation, an energetic man to sell disinfectants and sanitary specialties; one with experience and following in this field preferred; good salary and participation in profits. Ajax, Box B 546 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.
NECKWEAR, MARIBOUT.
To carry with other lines splendid line of maribout capes on commission basis, for South, Middle West; other territories open. B 77 Times.

SALESMEN.—Resident men with established trade to handle beltings, narrow fabrics, snap fasteners, and braids for the jobbing and cutting-up trade in Philadelphia, Cleveland, St. Louis, Baltimore, Chicago, and Canada; commission basis. B 44 Times.

SALESMAN.—Energetic salesman to solicit general color lithography for a splendidly equipped New York lithograph plant for New York and vicinity; liberal commission basis. R 519 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Good proposition for one familiar handling photographic mounts, to call on studio trade; must travel; commission basis, with drawing account; give full particulars. X 343 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted, notion or ribbon, in each State to carry on commission as side line our Hair Bow Holder, which every department store carries. Goldsmith & Harzberg, Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN to sell retail grocery and drug trade Greater New York, under 30, with some knowledge advertised goods essential. Apply by letter only, giving fullest details, salary. Scott Paper Co., 30 Church St.

SALESMAN wanted by wholesale glove house to call at out-of-town offices on a strict commission basis; only those with experience and ability to influence business please apply. B 50 Times.

SALESMAN, energetic, forceful, to sell transmission leather belting in Pennsylvania territory; good salary; no one without experience need apply. George Rahmann & Co., 31 Spruce St., New York City.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, five high-class salesmen of ability to represent a well-known house manufacturing high-grade office specialty; strictly commission basis. Call after 10 A. M., O. E. Weig, 500 Tribune Bldg.

SALESMEN.—Experienced men in stocks, real estate, or insurance; high-class proposition; splendid remuneration; leads furnished; commission basis. Call 10-12 and 2-4 daily. Suite 825, 119 Nassau St.

SALESMAN.—Two de luxe salesmen wanted for out-of-town work; only those who are accustomed to selling $100 editions need answer; new proposition; leads furnished; liberal commission. S 150 Times.

SALESMAN.—Traveling; must be thoroughly experienced in selling high-grade dolls; this is a splendid opportunity for a $5,000 man; state experience and territory; salary and commission. B 318 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling; must have established trade, selling linens to hotels and institutions; salary or commission. Call between 9 and 11 Monday, Superior Linen Works, 38 West 33d St.

SALESMAN ON FLOOR, TO LEARN AUTO ACCESSORIES BUSINESS; ONE WHO IS EXPERIENCED IN HARDWARE AND TOOLS; REFERENCES, AGE, MARRIED OR SINGLE. L 214 TIMES.

SALESMEN.—A salary of $15 per week and liberal commission will be paid to a few men to sell gas mantle lamps to our consumers. Apply Lamp Department, Standard Gas Light Company, 32 West 125th St.

SALESMEN.—Coffee roasting house in New York has openings for experienced men in the metropolitan and adjacent districts; straight salary basis; apply by letter, giving full particulars. B 500 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN WHO HAVE HAD SPECIALTY EXPERIENCE PREFERRED TO SELL A NATIONALLY ADVERTISED CHECK-WRITER; LIBERAL COMMISSION, NINTH FLOOR, 450 4TH AV.

SALESMEN for commercial, stationery, and office supplies; must be experienced; inside position; good salary. Apply after 11 A. M. or by letter, Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

SALESMAN to carry women's neckwear, rufflings, for out of town as side line; one carrying laces, veilings, or ribbons preferred; commission basis. August Bros., 33 East 20th St.

SALESMEN FOR OVERGAITERS, WHO HAVE FOLLOWING IN NEW YORK AND VICINITY, TO REPRESENT MANUFACTURER; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION. B 390 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Carry first-class line children's dresses, as side line, with good, liberal commission; territories open, Middle and Northwest; call Monday A. M. Brill, 37 West 21st.

SALESMAN BY OSTRICH AND FLOWER MANUFACTURER, TO CALL ON NEW YORK CITY TRADE; ONLY THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY; SALARY. BOX 180, 437 MARBRIDGE BLDG.

SALESMAN wanted, by a Baltimore manufacturer, experienced in selling all kinds of folding paper boxes and fibre shipping cases; state experience, age, references, salary or commission expected. Y 210 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, mechanic, wanted; one that is a business getter, familiar with automobiles; not afraid of hard work, and can furnish references; drawing account against commission. K 505 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN calling on department stores and large haberdashers to handle side line fine men's leather belts; connect with an old-established firm; commission. B. A., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN Wanted.—House specializing in popular-priced skirts has opening for right man; Eastern territory open; commission and drawing account. A. & P. Garment Co., 43 West 24th St.

SALESMAN for large knitting mills on sweaters and bathing suits for city and vicinity; experienced man only need apply; salary and commission. B 73 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN wanted to sell memorial tablets; splendid opportunity for wideawake men; commission and drawing account; apply in own handwriting. X 386 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, city and vicinity, calling on the retail dry goods trade, to carry a popular priced line of bathing shoes as a side line; commission basis. B 46 Times.

SALESMAN, A1, EXPERIENCED, to sell a high-grade disinfectant on liberal commission basis; splendid opportunity for real ability. B 571 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to sell a popular line of infants' dresses and coats through New England States; commission basis; state references. B. F., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Established lithographing and printing house; will pay good commission or salary to experienced salesmen. A 597 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, inside commercial stationery; must know loose-leaf blank books and general line; give age, where employed, salary, and nationality. S 656 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted; college men preferred; good men should easily earn $150 weekly commission export service. Apply Monday morning, 62 West 14th St., G. S. Krieger.

SALESMAN.—Optical road salesman wanted for territory adjoining New York; salary according to ability. F. A. Hardy & Co., 15 West 38th.

SALESMEN.—An opening for two stock salesmen with established house; liberal commission; live new-paper leads furnished. Room 1806, 100 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN.—Rare opportunity; commissions $100 or more per week; high-grade security. Call before 11 A. M., U. S. N. C., 1,328 Broadway, Room 425.

SALESMAN to call on shoe manufacturers in New York City and Brooklyn, N. Y., with a line of shoe laces; commission basis only. A 448 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, on commission, for a new art publication of unique quality and universal interest and educational value. George D. Sproul, 160 5th Av.

SALESMAN who calls on leather goods trade to carry side line of fancy cotton lining; no experience of cotton goods necessary; commission basis. B 351 Times.

SALESMAN to handle high-grade stationery products in New York State, New England, and New York City; state experience and salary expected. B 20 Times.

SALESMAN, machinery and contractors' specialties, some selling experience; discharged service man preferred; state salary and other particulars. B 365 Times.

SALESMAN, tailors' trimmings, for Greater New York; must be thoroughly familiar in the line; salary and commission. R 592 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for New York City to handle a line of petticoats, cotton and silk; salary and commission. Call Room 604, Oppenheim Collins Bldg., 33 W. 34th.

SALESMEN, experienced, high-grade, for membership campaign; established club; permanent; commission. I. E. Quimby, Hotel Ansonia. Columbus 5083.

SALESMAN wanted, who will sell on commission native wine to consumers, by the barrel, at $4 per gallon. Mayflower Grape Wine Co., 19 Doane St., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN, progressive, who sold men's jewelry to the haberdashers; state territory covered, and where formerly employed; commission or salary. A 579 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Two young men to break in as salesmen; good opportunity, good salary for those with some knowledge of printing. Room 512 Flatiron Building.

SALESMEN on successful atlas proposition; very liberal commission; only conscientious men need apply who are not afraid to carry atlas; unlimited opportunities. K 377 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling, automobile accessory, to handle side line of ignition parts; commission basis; state particulars. Sapco, B 3 Times.

SALESMAN, calling on sporting goods, novelty, and jewelry trade, to handle a good side line; commission. A 431 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to sell advertising space on theatre curtains, out of town; commission basis; drawing account if satisfactory. Emery Co., 118 East 28th St.

SALESMAN wanted, knit goods, for Middle West; must have experience and reference; commission basis. Chas. H. Levitt & Co., Inc., 22 West 23d St., New York.

SALESMAN wanted, with a manufacturer of ladies' coats; one well acquainted with the jobbers; commission only; write for interview. B 35 Times.

SALESMEN.—Real estate, unusual and easy selling proposition; liberal commission; cooperation leads; two salesmen only. Oppenheimer, Room 1805, 100 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN to connect with good auto tire company; rapid advancement for men of ability who can get business; drawing account. B 358 Times.

SALESMEN TO SELL LEATHERWITE TO SHOE STORES; TERRITORIES GIVEN; COMMISSION ONLY. NACHMANN, 183 BRADFORD ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

SALESMAN, travel Middle West, calling on housefurnishing department stores, wholesale drug, other jobbing trades; state experience, salary expected. S 189 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for kimonos for Southern territory; commission basis. American Silk Garment Mfg. Co., 119 West 25th St.

SALESMAN.—Exceptional opportunity to obtain exclusive territory for meritorious auto accessory; commission. 25 West 42d St., Suite 626.

SALESMAN.—By well known misses's suit and coat house for city and office trade; only those with experience will be considered; commission basis. R. H., 22d Times.

SALESMAN with experience selling heating boilers, radiation, pipe, and fittings, to the steamfitting trade; state experience and wages wanted. A 216 Times.

SALESMAN, inside, for dressmaking supplies; must have experience in silks; salary. Mulhall, 425 5th Av.

SALESMAN for city on salary and commission; electrical. Alfred Tani, 494 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in dry goods, city or out of town; salary or commission. A 564 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to carry side line of bathing caps and shoes; local and Eastern territory; commission. B 95 Times.

SALESMAN on popular line children's rompers for New England States; commission. B. B., 605 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted, calling on the automobile trade; have good side line; commission basis. S 651 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced road man for fancy lines, &c.; salary and commission. A 596 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for well-known line of contractors' equipment, on salary or commission basis. B 408 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN FOR ADDING MACHINE; COMMISSION BASIS; EXPERIENCE PREFERRED. B 36 TIMES.

SALESMAN, biographical or newspaper experience; commission basis; returned soldier preferred. S 551 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Silks, experienced in selling georgette and crepe; commission basis. A. N. 244 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to carry side line children's shoes; commission. L 168 Times.

SALESMAN with Ford car; accessory; best seller; commission. Call 380 Canal, 2d floor.

SECURITY SALESMEN, ATTENTION!

A manufacturing company paying 8 per cent. now on its outstanding preferred stock desires the services of a man capable of selling a portion of said stock remaining in the treasury, proceeds to extend our business. We are giving a liberal common stock bonus with our 8 per cent. preferred. Leads—Commission.

ARE YOU THE MAN?
H 422 Times Downtown.

SERVICE MEN.

FOR CLEAN HIGH-GRADE SALESMANSHIP CONNECTION.

Preferably those having recently received honorable discharge.

There are a great many men in this city who have been released from the service and are endeavoring to "find themselves" in the business world.

My company, a financial house, having already proven and demonstrated its loyalty and patriotism to our country; does not relax now that PEACE is here, but prefers to offer, first of all, to the men who have served our country, this splendid opportunity for serious work and good commission income.

Address giving facts concerning your past and present situation, and interview will be granted.

H 409 Times Downtown.

SERVICE MANAGER Wanted.—We have a position to offer to a man who is now employed in the capacity of service manager, handling trucks. Reply in writing, stating experience, age, and salary desired. Box W. W. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SHIRT SALESMAN wanted, one for State of Ohio and one for Illinois and Iowa, to sell high-grade, well-known trade-mark line; moderate trade already established; applicant must be experienced and have acquaintance with first-class clothiers and furnishers in those States; address stating experiences and references; commission basis and reasonable drawing account and advances for traveling expenses. Y 225 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SHIPPING CLERK for large stationery establishment; must have good executive ability, understand routing, shipping, and laying out of stock; must give results to hold position; good salary. Box G 741 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—COAT AND SUIT WHOLESALE HOUSE HAS OPENING FOR YOUNG MAN EXPERIENCED IN THIS LINE. M. B. KAUFMAN, 6 WEST 32D ST.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Young man; experience in express, freight, and parcel post; mostly light goods; state age, experience, wages expected. S 687 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESMAN.—LARGE MANUFACTURER WANTS THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED CITY SALESMAN FOR EAST SIDE TRADE EXCLUSIVELY. APPLICATION TO RECEIVE CONSIDERATION MUST STATE TRAVELING EXPERIENCE ON EAST SIDE, FORMER LINES CARRIED, REFERENCES, AND AGE; EXCELLENT SALARY OR COMMISSION AS PREFERRED. ADDRESS B 510 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SHOE BUYER.

Apply in person or by mail. All applications confidential.
THE DAVID STRAUS CO.,
685-687 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SHOE SALESMAN, retail, experienced, steady position; good salary. Wm. Kahn, 540 Main St., New Rochelle.

SOLICITOR. — Printing, multigraphing, embossing; general outside man; salary or commission. L 221 Times.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN wanted by manufacturer to do missionary work; thoroughly acquainted with retail grocery trade in Greater New York; must be able to furnish best of references from last employer; salary and expenses. W. I. M., R 337 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.

Man, not over 28 years; must be first-class stenographer; careful, rapid, common sense, education, ability to develop for responsible position as secretary to manager of manufacturing firm. EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY if you can measure up. Write FULLY, giving age, experience, salary, &c.

Box 263 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER.

SALES OFFICE of large organization has opening for well educated stenographer with initiative and executive ability; preferably one with experience printing, publishing, or advertising work; please give experience in detail and state salary expected. B 59 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

Young man, with good education and practical business experience, for position in progressive sales organization; in reply state education, salary desired, and give previous employer's name. B 521 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.

Young man, 17 to 19 years of age, who can qualify as a competent stenographer for work in the credit department of a Wall Street bank; splendid opportunity. Box A 436 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and general assistant for afternoon and evening work in Young Men's Hebrew Association; write stating qualifications and salary expected to Superintendent, 1,261 Franklin Ave., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English; must be capable translate legal work; excellent opportunity for right person. Reply in own handwriting to E. J. D., Room 2008, Liberty Building, City.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY wanted by engineering firm; knowledge of bookkeeping and accounting necessary; state age, religion, experience in detail, references, and salary. S 703 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, to take notes in English, translate and write in Spanish, and vice versa. Address by letter, B. B., Room 600, Tribune Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER.—By large oil company, prefer man with experience in buying line; good opportunity for right party; salary will depend on ability. A 812 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, French-English, wanted by foreign banking house; state experience and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 2, Wall St. Station.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid, accurate; builder's office; some bookkeeping experience desirable; state salary and reference. K 372 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Salary $15, with good chance of advancement; Christian concern. B 62 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Speed easily doubled by new self-dictation home method. G 742 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Legal and commercial experience; references; salary $22-$25 week. B 564 Times Downtown.

STEWARD

for country club within 25 miles of New York, familiar with refined catering and the supervision of clubhouse and cottages.

State age, nationality and experience and furnish references. S 126 Times.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Established house handling security approved by Capital Issues Committee has opening for one man in New York and another in Cleveland branch; only men of successful experience in handling stable securities wanted; commission basis with drawing account; satisfactory antecedents, best references essential. Address L 90 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN.

OPENING FOR EXPERIENCED SALESMAN TO WORK IN NEARBY CITIES CALLING ON LARGE INVESTORS IN HIGH-GRADE STOCKS AND BONDS; PERMANENT, GOOD PAYING POSITION FOR THE RIGHT MAN; COMMISSION BASIS; BEST REFERENCES REQUIRED. ADDRESS R 208 TIMES.

STOCK SALESMAN wanted, tire and rubber corporation, with factory in operation, wants several men who can present proposition honestly; must be producers; leads furnished; to a few such, an opportunity is open for immediate connection commission basis. Apply Mr. Beattie, 50 Union Square, Suite 2001.

STOCK SALESMEN wanted; men who have had experience in selling securities over the telephone, either in Stock Exchange or curb house; we are specializing in a stock active on the New York Curb; salary and commission to men with references. A 589 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK WANTED IN WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE; MUST HAVE HAD EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN APPLICATION AS REGARDS AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. L 142 TIMES.

STOCK ROOM man for advertising department of large automobile exporter; should be familiar with foreign parcel post and mail regulations and capable of taking charge of large stock of advertising literature. Call 6th floor, 1,764 Broadway.

STOCK SALESMEN wanted who have had experience in selling over the phone; salary and commission to start with; good chance for advancement. S 678 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK for piece goods department manufacturing line; state references, experience, age, salary desired, &c. B. H. 605 Times Downtown.

SUBSCRIPTION SALESMEN.—Men experienced in selling magazines, books or service to represent three leading high class trade publications; traveling position with drawing account against commissions. Write, stating age, experience, and give references. B 79 Times.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOK MAN, experienced, wanted; capable opening branch house on low-priced cash proposition; must furnish first-class reference and be capable of earning $3,000 to $5,000 a year commission. X 294 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT wanted by a firm packing food products in small packages; must have previous experience, and be thoroughly competent to keep time and cost, keep up stock and oversee all processes. Address, stating age, salary desired, and previous experience. G 22 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT FOR APARTMENT HOUSE, LICENSED ENGINEER, FIRST-CLASS MECHANIC FAMILIAR WITH OPERATION OF ICE PLANT AND HIGH PRESSURE HEATING SYSTEM; GIVE REFERENCES. ADDRESS B 22 TIMES.

SUPERINTENDENT for knitting mills in Middle West, making high-grade women's sweater coats; require high-class man, with broad experience; must have creative and good executive ability; exceptional opportunity. B 377 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SUPERINTENDENT of bachelor apartment house of twenty-three tenants; man and wife to take full charge, provide breakfasts and valeting; state experience. B 530 Times Downtown.

SWIMMING INSTRUCTOR.
Young man to teach swimming from 4 to 8 P. M. daily, Saturday 1 to 5 P. M.; no previous experience necessary; high school student preferred. Call Monday afternoon, Dalton Swimming School, 308 West 59th St.

TAILOR

WITH EXPERIENCE FOR HIGH CLASS SPECIALTY STORE, SYRACUSE, NEW YORK. POSITION ALL YEAR FOR RIGHT PARTY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; $32 WEEK. INQUIRE

S. FLOERSHEIMER & BRO.,
141 MADISON AV., AT 31ST ST.

TEACHER commercial subject, main subject bookkeeping; refined, cultured, experienced; bring references. Apply Mr. Becker, Room 7, 502 East Tremont Av., Bronx, Monday, 3:30 to 4:30 P. M.

TEACHER, bookkeeping, commercial branches, prominent school; excellent chance for superior man. Immediate, Box 11, Station R.

TRAVELING SALESMAN
for large and small towns, selling product of big mill direct to retailers, national advertised textiles; commission with drawing account; state age, lines sold, territory covered, and earnings. B 25 Times.

THE HECHT CO. of Washington, D. C., requires the services of a high-grade specialist to buy and manage their men's furnishing goods shops; the other allied men's lines handled by this store are Society Brand Clothes and Hanan Shoes, of which we are exclusive Washington distributors; only a man accustomed to handling furnishing goods equal to these in character would be considered. Address your application, stating previous places of employment, length of service, and salary expected, to H. H. Levi, care The Hecht Co., Washington, D. C.

TIME-STUDY MAN, familiar with machine shop and foundry work; excellent opportunity; in replying give information complete, qualifications, experience, and salary expected. C. D. Gilpin, 1,491 East 114th St., Cleveland, Ohio.

TIRE SALESMAN for solid truck tires, experienced in New York City and vicinity; give references, experience, and salary. Address B. B., Room 600 Tribune Building.

TOURIST.—A travel information department of large institution requires at its home office in this city services of American of personality, education, and refinement, and who has a thorough knowledge of foreign and domestic travel; knowledge of foreign languages desirable; state full particulars, including education, experiences, and salary desired. A 432 Times Downtown.

TRAVELING SALESMAN.
Christian manufacturer of well-known advertised men's wear specialties of high standard, has opening for salesman with unquestionable volume record, to cover jobbing trade; commission and drawing account basis; state age, experience, references, &c.
B 367 Times.

TREASURER for established company interested in several manufacturing projects; an opening for a man from 35 to 55 years of age; no investment desired; only a man of experience and personality will be considered; write, giving age and experience for last five years; all replies regarded as confidential. A 197 Times.

TYPISTS, piece work, experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

UNDERWRITER.—Young man in a large casualty insurance company as underwriter in its accident and health department; experience desired but not essential; college graduate preferred; give full information as to experience, if any, and education in application; salary $18-$20 per week to begin; excellent opportunity for rapid progress. R 614 Times Downtown.

UPHOLSTERERS.—Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require several first-class men accustomed to good wholesale work. Apply to Manager, Furniture Department, Fourth Floor, East Building.

VALET, Japanese, credentials essential, desirous of traveling with professional man; traveling expenses paid. Call Monday, 8 P. M., S. Barkas, 1,157 Broadway, Brooklyn.

WANTED,
EXPORT MAN
of unusual ability.

Liberal salary and commission for one thoroughly experienced in export forwarding, capable of developing this department for established firm of local forwarders; prefer one with established following and well known in shipping circles; give age, nationality, experience in full, and present salary. X 384 Times Annex.

WAREHOUSE MAN WANTED.
ONE ABLE TO EARN A LARGE SALARY AND NOT AFRAID OF RESPONSIBILITY; ONE WHO LIKES WORK AND ORDER. A 576 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WATCHMAKER.—Abraham & Straus, Fulton Street, Brooklyn, require an experienced watch repairer who is familiar with general repair work. Apply to Superintendent in person or by mail.

WELL-KNOWN financial house has opening for high-grade man with legal education; man preferred who has good academic training or experience in financial, accounting, or income tax matters; must be willing to go through apprenticeship period; reply, giving age, salary expected, complete details regarding education and experience. Address M. K., Post Office Box 372, City Hall Station.

WINDOW TRIMMER, advertising man, floor man, small Western town; only experienced young man, best references, with energy and ambition considered; apply immediately. K 271 Times.

WRITER of good English to make abstracts from German, French, and Dutch periodicals; give full particulars concerning experience, and state age, nationality, and salary expected. K 323 Times.

YOUNG MAN WANTED,

AS SECRETARY AND ASSISTANT TO ADVERTISING MANAGER OF LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN.

APPLICANT MUST HAVE HAD EXPERIENCE AND POSSESS THE REQUIRED EDUCATION.

WRITE IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, AND SALARY DESIRED. ADDRESS B 9 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, 18-22, for export office; some experience export work and arranging catalogues, price lists for abroad desirable though not absolutely essential; state experience and qualifications, age, references, religion, languages, if any, phone, and salary desired; prospect excellent for bright young man. Y 237 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN with knowledge of credits, collection, advertising, capable of handling correspondence in office of credit organization; excellent opportunity to secure permanent position with advancement; state in detail previous experience, lowest salary expected at start. H 424 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, pleasing personality, a connoisseur in diamonds and pearls, as salesman for a leading New England jewelry house; must be experienced in meeting refined customers and have A1 references; to such a high salary and an unusual opportunity is offered. K 261 Times.

YOUNG MAN, between 18 and 23 years of age, 5 ft. 10 in. in height, 37 chest, 32 waist, to act as model for men's clothing house. Answer by letter, giving entire past record of employment. G 26 Times.

YOUNG MAN who has had experience in the yarn line to sell embroiderers, dress trimming, and braid manufacturers, with full line of artificial silk and cotton yarns; only those with experience need apply; state salary expected. B 105 Times.

YOUNG MAN WANTED AS ASSISTANT BUYER; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND ACQUAINTED WITH STATIONERY AND PRINTING SUPPLIES; PERMANENT POSITION; IN WRITING STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY WANTED. X 395 TIMES ANNEX.

YOUNG MAN as messenger and relief telephone operator; hours 8 A. M. until 6 P. M., one week; 12 noon until 10 P. M., alternate weeks; 1 day off a week, not Sunday; salary $40 per month and meals; call Monday after 9, Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

YOUNG MAN wanted, between ages of 18 and 21, who is bright, energetic, not afraid of work, to keep simple set of books; speedy at typewriting and able to compose well; need not know shorthand; reply by letter, stating full qualifications, in own handwriting. Y 206 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of sales end of manufacturing business, with experience in office details; good chance for capable man to secure interest in business; men who have seen overseas service preferred. B 565 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21 to 30, take full charge of office and stock, filling orders, &c., with a progressive wholesale jewelry concern; state experience, salary expected, by letter. Kirschner & Co., 611 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, ABOUT 16, TO ASSIST IN MAILING AND FILING DEPARTMENT AND ANSWER TELEPHONES; $10 TO START. APPLY MONDAY TO MR. WENRICK, 374 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MEN, aged 16 to 20; one to act as messenger and clerk; neat, high school education; experience not essential; also assistant bookkeeper; state all particulars, salary expected. B 54 Times.

YOUNG MEN
To prepare samples in large paper house, those having a knowledge of papers preferred. Apply by mail, stating experience, age and salary expected. R. D., 328 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted, neat appearing, refined, as stenographer in 5th Av. branch of stock brokerage office; excellent opportunity to learn the business. In reply state salary wanted. Box G 773 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted to take charge of office and selling end of manufacturing company doing good business; chance for right party to become part owner. B 8 Times.

YOUNG MAN, bright, for miscellaneous work in city office of clothing concern; apply 9-10, with references. Sigmund Eisner, 105 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, mechanic or millwright, in service department; single man preferred; salary. Call Monday, 8 to 12, 1,261 Broadway, American Automatic Scale Co.

YOUNG MAN, 17-19, for sales office of high grade knit goods manufacturer; opportunity to learn business and eventually sell; salary to start $12. B 88 Times.

YOUNG MEN, experienced wholesale electrical supply business, for order dept work; excellent opportunity. R 639 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19-20, clean cut, convincing talker, outside position city; previous experience unnecessary; good salary, advancement; give phone. A 603 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, of good address, for personal interviews; not a selling or advertising proposition; state age, experience, employer, and salary. B 51 Times.

YOUNG MAN, bright, with knowledge of printing business; state salary and references; good opportunity for the right party. A 610 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 16-18, BRIGHT, QUICK, ASSIST IN SHOWROOM, DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, BERGDORF-GOODMAN, 616 5TH AV.

YOUNG MAN wanted by advertising agency, stenographer; splendid opportunity to learn business. Apply Room 502, 25 Broad St.

YOUNG MAN, beginner, for clerical work in office of Christian wholesale house; $12 per week. R 277 Times.

YOUNG MEN wanted by bank to do messenger and clerical work. Write B. W., 253 West 125th St.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, for office work; state age, experience, and salary desired. M. W. R., 142 Times.

YOUNG MAN with knowledge of bookkeeping to assist in credit department; good opportunity. A 611 Times Downtown.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

MEN WANTED.
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.

Take advantage of the great after-the-war reconstruction period; learn Mechanical Dentistry; brilliant opportunity for ambitious men of all ages to rise above small-salaried positions into a profession of unlimited possibilities; individual instruction by actual work; no book study; 3 months' course. Our method, perfected through 26 years' experience, recognized as best; day and evening classes; easy payments. Tools and equipment furnished free. Write for Booklet. BODEE Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44th St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

MAKE MORE MONEY
by working at the right job. Character analysis tells you by infallible methods what your strong points are, and gives you practical aid in selecting the position in which you will achieve greatest success.

Dr. Merton's character readings and vocational counsel have aided thousands. Readings by appointment. Also classes in character analysis now forming.

MERTON INSTITUTE.
96 5th Av., at 15th St. Phone—Chelsea 4051.

ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS.—If you lack Regents' counts for C. P. A., but have experience, you can secure degree in another recognized State; information at personal interview only. R 568 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT.
The demand for Traffic Managers is growing. We can train you! Our course offers instruction in practical work. The course is given in co-operation with the La Salle Extension University, under the supervision of P. W. Moore, Chief of Traffic Bureau Queensboro Chamber of Commerce.
Call, write, or phone. W. V. Weller, W. Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., N. Y.

LEARN ACCOUNTANCY
and take advantage of the peace-time opportunities now offered in executive, industrial and public accounting. Our large staff of C. P. A.s will teach you by HOME STUDY in a few months this highly interesting and profitable work. Low tuition, easy terms, simple methods. For particulars write, phone or call, INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTANTS SOCIETY, 309 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.
Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English is Good Business" at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 8 P. M. New class will meet on Wednesdays from 6:15 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for booklet "Your English" and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 20 Church St., New York.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.
Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English is Good Business" at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New class will meet on Wednesdays from 6:15 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for booklet "Your English" and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; get into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst, 100 Pullman Bldg, New York.

CHANCE OF A LIFETIME NOW.
EARN $25 TO $75 A WEEK.
Good positions open in photography; we teach all branches; motion picture, studio, commercial; 3 months' course, day or evening; easy terms; call or write for Booklet T. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.
Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 91. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ENGINEERS.—You can be fitted for more responsibilities and bigger jobs; get the mathematics and engineering knowledge you need; experience has taught me. May I give you the benefit? Special courses by arrangement. A 175 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT.
No occupation offers greater opportunities than export and domestic shipping; big salaries, wonderful prospects. Evening Classes. Mail Instructions, Industrial Traffic Managers' College, 299 Broadway.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 22, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

EARN $25 to $75 Weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "T." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

ACCOUNTING is a high-grade, well-paid profession; rapid advancement and honors for Walton-trained men; evening classes or correspondence. Call or phone for Bulletin. Room 707, Singer Bldg., Cortlandt 4565.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Increase your speed; we prepare you for legal, secretarial positions; C. S. R. examinations. City Shorthand School, 150 Nassau Street, phone Beekman 5481.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—Three months' course; individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. 35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

ENGLISH taught by cultured American young woman, with knowledge of Spanish, French; graduate Boston University; improved method insures results. Room 415, 500 5th Av., 42d St., Murray Hill 2088.

COST ACCOUNTANCY, genuine private instruction by former Government accountant; will qualify you in short time. A. Fancell, 280 Madison Av., (40th St.)

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

MACHINIST TRADE
taught practically, lathe, blueprints, micrometer; easy payments allowed. School, 4 West 125th St.

BECOME EXPERT BOOKKEEPER, stenographers. Day—evenings. CHIEF SCHOOL, 5 Beekman Street.

STUDY SPANISH.—Small classes. Free trial lesson. Y. M. H. A., Lexington Av. and 92d St.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

AMERICAN BUSINESS IS ABLAZE WITH A NEW SPIRIT.

The lessons learned from the war have inoculated it with new energy, enterprise and progressiveness. THE BUSINESS ENGINEER OF THE DAY is the

TRAINED EXPERT ACCOUNTANT.

He is in the greatest demand of any professional man in the world, has the least competition, and consequently is the best paid.

$3,000 TO $10,000—AND MORE

yearly. Business men realize that if they are to survive and prosper in this new era they must have a close, accurate and constant analysis of their business, and possibly a day-by-day audit, such as can only be secured through the medium of the man—or woman—trained in Higher Accounting. The available supply of these is exhausted—there are none to be had.

We can fill, in a limited way only, the many requests being received for AUDITORS, COMPTROLLERS, COST ACCOUNTANTS, EFFICIENCY ENGINEERS, CREDIT MEN, AND SYSTEMATIZERS.

THE LARGEST UNIVERSITY IN THE WORLD,

teaching Higher Accounting and coaching for C. P. A. examination, by simple, practical, and agreeable Home Study, is making a special effort to train ambitious men and women, with analytical minds, who desire to fit themselves to fill these positions and secure the financial independence that comes with the mastery of the highest paid profession in the world. KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING NOT REQUIRED. We train you from the ground up.

LET 1919 SEE YOUR TRAINING AS A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT COMPLETED.

Address or call on
E. A. MANCHESTER, Registrar,
110 WEST 40TH ST., NEW YORK.
Telephone 1981 Bryant.

ACCOUNTANTS.
Large firm of certified public accountants, with offices in principal cities, offers unusual opportunity, particularly at New York office, to capable men qualified for public accounting work; personal attention given to men by principals in order to train them for making audits, examinations, and reports without supervision. This training fits men for responsible positions commanding substantial salaries; applicants should thoroughly understand double entry bookkeeping, controlling accounts, balance sheets, financial reports, and preferably have actually kept general set of books. Permanent positions with satisfactory salaries and advancement to men with possibilities of proper development; give age, if married, religion, and particulars of bookkeeping experience. H 418 Times Downtown.

ACTIVE MEN wanted for good jobs in a new industry with a future bigger than that of the automobile; get in now as an operator, repair man, or salesman of farm tractors; we qualify you as an expert tractor mechanic, short course, personal instruction. Y. M. C. A. Tractor School, (East Side Branch,) 157 East 86th St. Telephone Lenox 6051.

COMMERCIAL SPANISH.
Our courses of instruction offer you rapid and thorough training in commercial Spanish. Conversational method with special attention given to business terms and business correspondence. Individual instruction under recognized experts. Write or call for free pass. Y. M. C. A., New York Branch, 157 East 86th St., Tel. Lenox 6051. Brooklyn Branch, Marcy Av., near Broadway, Williamsburg 3800.

INSTRUCTION IN ENGLISH; must have had experience tutoring; one to two hours daily; state terms. L 309 Times.

FRENCH GENTLEMAN desires to exchange French for English lessons. A 219 Times.

MOVING PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

THE "NATIONAL" EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
39 Church St.
ESTABLISHED 1909.

To Jan. 1, 1919, our records show that 47,404 men and women have been placed in high-grade concerns in positions calling for Executives, Engineers, and other technical men, Salesmen, Accountants, Bookkeepers, Stenographers, and Clerks, at salaries ranging from $104 a month to $12,000 a year.

TECHNICAL DEPT.
EFFICIENCY ENGINEER—Public Utility; experienced that work; $5,000.
WORKS MANAGER—Ohio; must have a record as producer in similar position with heavy machinery manufacturers, $7,200.
SALES ENGINEER—Electric motors, experienced and familiar with city trade; $1,800.
SALES ENGINEER—College graduate, mechanical course; $1,800.
STEEL DETAILER—West Indies; $2,040.
SALES ENGINEER—City; electrical specialties; $1,500.
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER—Graduate; no experience; $1,000.
TOOL ROOM SUPERINTENDENT—Considerable experience tools, dies, heavy machinery; $2,600-$3,000.

EXECUTIVE DEPT.
SALESMEN (6)—
Two large firms need six (6) high grade, experienced paint salesmen for New York and Eastern territory. Three (3) of these must have large experience with marine and railroad trade. Straight salary, also salary and commission ranging from $1,800-$3,000; higher for right man.

CLERICAL DEPT.
ACCOUNTANT—Man with bookkeeping and general accounting experience in Controller's office of large jobbing corporation; $30.
BOOKKEEPER—Able to prepare P&L statements; take entire charge of books; $30.
BOOKKEEPER—Manufacturing establishment; $30.
BOOKKEEPER—First-class man on general ledger; $30.
BILLING DEPT. MGR.—Take charge of force of Elliott-Fisher operators; prefer mercantile experience; $25.
EXPORT CLERK—Must have knowledge of French and Spanish; $25.
SALES CORRESPONDENT—Prefer knowledge of the oil business; must be a live wire; $30.
ASSISTANT CREDIT MGRS. (2)—One familiar with retail credits; one wholesale manufacturing; $25-$30.
COST CLERK—Mechanical manufacturing business; $25-$30.
ASSISTANT TO COST ACCOUNTANT—Must be familiar with book binding materials; $30.
EXPORT CLERK—Knowledge of regulations in that line; $25.
STENOGRAPHERS—
(3) Juniors, with clean-cut personality; $15-$18.
(2) Experienced; knowledge of chemistry; Brooklyn; $22.
(1) Correspondent, mature; laces, embroideries; $25.
(2) A-1 personality; large corporation; technical experience; semi-executive; $25.
BOOKKEEPERS (Juniors)—
(1) Insurance; beginner; clean-cut, $18.
(2) Ledger Clerks; take trial balances; $19.
SPECIAL—
(1) Man (25-50) for banking house, handle securities; knowledge bookkeeping; salary upon interview.
(1) Assistant; Service Dept.; commercial magazine; export experience and knowledge French or Spanish essential; $25.

Hours 9 to 1.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

PAGE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

TRADE ACCEPTANCE EXECUTIVE.—Must be man of proven ability in buying, selling, and all details able to develop and manage department for one of the largest and best New York banking firms; looking for best man obtainable. Phone for appointment, Cortlandt 1465. Salary $8,000-$25,000.

EXECUTIVE.—Man of large business ability capable of organizing, developing, and managing; large foreign trade organization; thoroughly experienced in finance and development of foreign trade relations and business; a polished, finished gentleman; must speak English and French fluently; out of country part of time; salary $7,500 and commission. Phone for appointment, Cortlandt 1465.

COST ACCOUNTANT AND INDUSTRIAL ENGINEER.—Unusual opening and future with one of America's largest corporations; for man of ability and experience; must have good personality and unquestioned references; not over 45; must know costs in all its various phases in large manufacturing; must have had experience in handling liquids; of proven ability in handling efficiency and industrial engineering problems; salary $7,500. Phone for appointment, Cortlandt 1465.

ACCOUNTANT for large manufacturing concern; must be good executive and able to look after financial and business detail; C. P. A. experience preferred, in addition to good manufacturing experience; adaptable and of pleasing personality; salary $6,000 to $7,500. Phone for appointment, Cortlandt 1465.

ACCOUNTANT for very select and choice position with business man of large affairs as his assistant; must have had large all-around experience and several years' connection with C. P. A. accounting firm; pleasing personality and of high standing and integrity; salary $6,000-$7,500. Phone for appointment, Cortlandt 1465.

ACCOUNTANT.—Unusual opportunity with future with large corporation which desires experienced accountant; large experience and knowledge in all tax matters; must have good personality; accounting firm experience preferred; salary $6,600.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Unusual opportunity, good future with large firm for experienced accountants with good steamship experience; salary $2,400 to $3,600.

ACCOUNTANT.—Large Newark manufacturing company; general accountant, not under 30, married; executive ability with initiative, and good correspondent.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Six positions with senior accounting ability; salary $3,600.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced accountant to take charge of accounting department of export firm; Dominican Republic office; must speak Spanish.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Unusual opportunity, with splendid future, with one of the best commercial organizations; men with accounting firms experience or acting as assistant to a controller, or as auditor; must have good references and personality; salary $2,000 to $2,600.

ACCOUNTANT. — Experienced auditor (man of Southern birth preferred) for Atlanta, Ga., office of New York institution; must be fine, clean-cut type; $2,400 to $3,000.

COST ACCOUNTANTS (2) with factory and machine shop experience; salary $2,400 to $3,000.

ACCOUNTANTS (2) general accountants with manufacturing concern, $3,000.
(2) General accountants with manufacturing concern, $2,400.
(1) Opening with good commercial firm in Trenton, N. J.; must be good man, $2,700.

CIRCULATION MANAGER.—Practical experience; capable of building circulation of Spanish publication; must speak Spanish; want best man obtainable; salary no consideration.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS.—Opening for fifty men who are capable of filling senior positions with some of the best accounting firms, $2,400 to $5,000.

EXPORT EXECUTIVE FOR CHINA.—Must have thorough knowledge of Chinese export merchandise; must have lived there several years and have been connected with export firms; salary no consideration for right man; not over 45.

ACCOUNTANT.—High class, competent to take full charge of office; collections, credits, and with some export experience, $2,500.

SEMI-SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS (50) experienced, capable for C. P. A. positions; salary $30 to $45.

COST ACCOUNTANT AND TIME STUDY.—For looseleaf firm; must be experienced; $30.

COST ACCOUNTANT (3) capable of office management; familiar with contracting work; $35 to $50.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Take full charge auditing department; preferably with cotton commission experience; $30.

BOOKKEEPERS (8) with C. P. A. experience; $35 to $45.

BOOKKEEPERS (3) familiar with control accounts, $35-$45.

BOOKKEEPERS (2) steamship experience, for transportation accounts; salary $30-$35.

CORRESPONDENT, familiar with steel industry; none but experienced capable men will be considered; $150 a month.

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANT, with C. P. A. experience, knowledge of income tax $30-$40.

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANTS (67) capable men for C. P. A. connections; $20-$35.

BOOKKEEPER.—Several years' experience; must be good all-around man with thorough knowledge of double entry; $25-$30.

BOOKKEEPERS (8) with banking experience; $25-$30.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER & STENOGRAPHER, experienced; $18.

CORRESPONDENT ACCOUNTANT, capable of writing good collection letters; knowledge of accountancy essential; must be experienced; $100 to $125.

CLERKS (15) college graduates; experienced in accountancy or double entry bookkeeping; $20-$25.

STENOGRAPHERS, (2) experienced; $18-$22.

Other desirable positions for strictly high grade men.

CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

"THE AMERICAN,"
115 BROADWAY, COR. CEDAR ST.

C. P. A. (2) to go South; $8,000, maintenance and expenses.
SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS, (10); $3,000-$6,000.
SEMI-SENIOR ACCOUNTANT for Baltimore, coal or steamship experience; $3,000.
SALES MANAGER, experienced in ladies' wear, (corset line) preferred; $3,000-$5,000.
COST ACCOUNTANT for New Jersey; $4,200.
COST ACCOUNTANT with knowledge of time study, experienced in loose leaf devices and stationery; $50 wk.
SALES AUDITOR, large department store, control 60 to 70 people; $2,000
TRAVELING AUDITORS, (3):
(1) experienced in public accounting or public utilities; $2,100 and expenses.
(2) for publishing house; $2,400 and expenses.
ACCOUNTANT AND CREDIT MAN—man who has been an accountant in manufacturing plant, one with credit experience; $2,000 to start.
SALESMAN with several years' road experience, man with knowledge of builders' hardware, and who has sold to retail hardware trade preferred; $2,000 to $2,400 and expenses.
BOOKKEEPERS, (2,) commercial house, run full set of books; knowledge of cost work desirable; $30.
CORRESPONDENTS (2)—Credit and collection work; bright, clean-cut young men, manufacturing chemical house; splendid future for the right man; $25-$30.
EXPORT SHIPPING CLERK, must understand details of foreign shipments; $25.
JUNIOR COST ACCOUNTANT for stationery concern; knowledge of bookkeeping essential; $30.
STENOGRAPHERS—
(1) Import and export house; $25.
(1) Take dictation in English, translate to Portuguese or Spanish; $30.
(2) Large bank; $1,200 year.
(1) Travel in Brazil, 3 years' contract; must speak Portuguese or Spanish; $30.
STENOGRAPHERS (6)—Bank, chemical company, knit goods, food stuffs, insurance; $17-$22.
CLERKS (6)—Bank, house furnishings, brokerage, cotton goods, miscellaneous; $15-$18.
CORRESPONDENTS, (2,) publishing house; $22.
NIGHT AUDITOR, hotel, 8 hour, $80 per mo. with lunch.
BOOKKEEPERS, (2,) food stuffs, young men, able to take trial balance; $18.
BOOKKEEPER & CASHIER, hotel experience; $20.

At a time when positions are becoming rather scarce and some agencies are refusing to accept applications, the real efficiency of "The American" will be appreciated.

We have numerous positions open now which must be filled within the next few days, and we are accepting applications from any men in the classes of work we have calls for.

Above are noted a few representative openings on our books.

C. P. HASSON. J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

EXECUTIVE ACCOUNTANT, supervise acctg. force, Santo Domingo; must speak Spanish; attractive salary. Junior Accountants, (4), for export Corporations, exper'd analyzing accounts, financial statements; splendid opportunity. Stenographer-Secretary; take Spanish dictation, translate Spanish into English; attractive salary. Junior & Senior Accountants with Public Acctg. expr., for permanent staff C. P. A. Alliance Exchange, 29 Liberty.

BOOKKEEPER, executive ability, 30-35 years, familiar foreign exchange, letters of credit, &c., for growing export firm; $50; splendid future. Registration free. Wall Street Agency, 60 Broad St.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
74 Broadway.
Accounts, $3,300-$1,800; bridge engr. and steam hoisting engrs., salaries commensurate; French correspondent, $25-$50; security cageman, $30-$35; man, expr. grain and cotton, $25-$30; quotation board boys, $15; runners and messengers; many others; register free.

ADVERTISING-Printing-Publishing positions now open in principal cities for competent help in all departments of newspapers, class journals, advertising agencies and publicity divisions of mercantile and manufacturing concerns; registration free. Fernald's Exchange, Inc., Third National Bank, Springfield, Mass.

ENGINEER—Coal & Coke out-of-town, liberal contract.
Cage Man, securities experience, with broker.
STENOGRAPHERS — Spanish, Portuguese, French and English.
OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY,
140 BROADWAY, SINGER BUILDING.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
90 NASSAU. CORT 2619.
STENOGRAPHER $25
ACCOUNTANT .... $30-$35

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Free registration; stenographers, $25, $18, $16; Jersey City, $30.

ACCOUNTANTS, (senior;) statistician; stenographers, (junior;) clerks, shipping, ledger; boys. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

AGENTS WANTED.
Fifty cents an agate line.

SALESMEN
who are being mustered out,
SEEKING a vocation where salesmanship receives its highest compensation—
SEEKING an opportunity to realize your greatest ambition—
SEEKING an independent career—
SEEKING a healthful career—
SEEKING assured financial independence in your later years—
SEEKING a permanent connection with an institution of established prestige, covering three-quarters of a century, and now doing a business of over $10,000,000 annually; advance against commissions.
If you are over 25 years of age, with a successful record as a salesman, and if you are willing to learn and be paid while you are learning, apply in person between 10 and 1 o'clock,
J. H. Huntington, Jr.,
105 West 40th St., Suite 304.
THERE ARE OPPORTUNITIES HERE FOR A FEW AMBITIOUS SALESMEN ABOUT TO LEAVE THE SERVICE.

AGENCIES make $5 to $20 a day selling Kendalite gas maker; fits any stove without alteration; takes place of coal and wood; makes its own gas anywhere; retails $12.50; safe and cheap. Write Kendalite Co., 1,211 Broadway, New York.

Take orders for men's clothes. Agents wanted for "Safety First" $12.50 and $15.00 suits and overcoats, experienced in measuring; good commission; reference required. MEYERS BROS., INC., Dept. G, 22d and Market Sts., Philadelphia, Penn.

AGENTS make $10 weekly selling Goodyear guaranteed raincoats; we deliver and collect profit in advance; sample coat free; write today for agency. Goodyear Mfg. Co., 522 Lall's Building, Kansas City, Mo.

LIBERAL COMMISSION to export agents; standard motor truck; immediate delivery for export trade. For interview address K 288 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT with knowledge of shorthand and typing, French and Spanish languages, would like a position. S 94 Times.

ACCOMPANIST or pianist, experienced musician, desires position in orchestra immediately. G 10 Times.

ADVERTISING.
Magazine-newspaper writer wishes to enter advertising field; can produce copy that interests women; fashions, interior decoration, editorials, short stories, timely articles; university training in advertising. A 177 Times.

ADVERTISING WRITER, talented; varied agency experience; knowledge layouts, typography. A 218 Times.

ARTIST.—Experienced fashion artist desires position with first-class house. Write S. N., 3,525 Broadway.

ASSISTANT ADVERTISING MANAGER.
Experienced advertising woman, with ability and adaptability, whose human interest copy produces results, seeks development under executive in growing department store; highest references. A. D., Box 233 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Three years' experience; accurate, conscientious; $15. R 652 Times Downtown.

BANKERS.—Capable, well educated, intelligent woman, with wide experience, desires position of trust and responsibility, either in women's department of investment house or other executive capacity; highest credentials. Address A 408 Times Downtown.

BETTER four hours of concentrated effort per day by an expert, where every moment is used, than seven of haphazard work by the average stenographer; young college woman, (26,) Christian, expert stenographer, filer; all around, experienced business woman; wishes permanent position for forenoons or afternoons; salary $20. G 765 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, now employed, desires permanent connection responsible firm; experienced double entry, voucher record, controlled accounts, trial balance, financial statement; knowledge stenography; competent take full charge, supervise clerical force; 12 years' active experience, 10 with former employer; Christian; salary $30. B 542 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPING, double entry, (25,) cost accountant, seven years' experience corporation controlling accounts; books opened, closed; financial statements rendered; no stenographer; $20; Christian. B 526 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, CAPABLE TAKING FULL CHARGE BOOKS, CASH, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, TRIAL BALANCES; ACCURATE; TAKE FULL CHARGE; CREDENTIALS; SALARY $25. B 506 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, seven years' experience, taking full charge of a complete double entry set of books, controlling accounts, trial balances; salary $22. B 1089 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent; six years' experience; thoroughly capable handling entire double-entry set, control accounts, &c.; executive ability; highest credentials; $23-$25. B 873 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent and conscientious; three years' experience; college graduate; excellent penman; readily adaptable; satisfactory references. R 611 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; thoroughly reliable; excellent executive ability; first-class references; salary $25. E. E., 53 Lenox Av., New York.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Many years' experience; thorough knowledge office routine; desires position; not to work Saturday. K 319 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' thorough experience; trial balance, controlling accounts; take entire charge; knowledge of stenography; $25. G 15 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced controlling accounts, trial balances, knowledge stenography, complete charge; $22-$25. R 338 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accurate, neat; six years' experience; trial balance; capable taking entire charge; salary, $25. Box 261 Times 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, young lady, thoroughly competent; 6 years' experience; controlling accounts, balances, credits; salary $25. Address M. A., 410 West 22d St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, 22, refined, college graduate, experienced in double entry, desiring good, permanent connections. L 184 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Seven years' experience; thoroughly familiar with all details, trial balance, controlling accounts; take full charge. R 609 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER or high-grade assistant, 3 years' experience; thoroughly competent; pleasing personality; highest reference; salary $18. A 215 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 4 years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts, knowledge stenography; capable; high school graduate; $22. S 615 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced ledger clerk in importing house; high school graduate; accurate; knowledge of typewriting; salary $16. B 584 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate, three years' experience, capable, energetic; $18. R 660 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; 7 years' experience; take charge correspondence; neat, accurate typist; excellent references. B. D., 805 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, five years' experience, capable taking charge entire office routine; thoroughly efficient; salary $20. B 506 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, 5 years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balances, desires permanent position; salary $18. G 11 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer desires to take charge of an office; acquainted with all details; salary $22. Box 108, 812 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable, thoroughly competent, textile experience, entire charge; modern methods. S 89 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-LEDGER CLERK.—3½ years' experience; excellent references. S 660 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk; 3 years' experience; accurate, willing; $15. B 561 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, with reputable house; 4 years' experience; references. R 349 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, five years' experience, trial balance. E. B., 254 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 6 years' experience; efficient, accurate; good reference. S 630 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 3 years' experience; well educated; knowledge of Russian and German; salary $18. K 315 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, stenographer, typist, possessing executive ability; salary $18. B 1088 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; trial balance, statements; 4 years' experience; $20. G 790 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, desires position with reliable concern. A 200 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, experienced; controlling accounts, trial balance; executive credentials; $30. R 241 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Eight years' experience, trial balance, controlling accounts; highest credentials. M. Jacobs, 441 Manhattan Av.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 3 years' experience; modern methods; trial balance; references. K 391 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Helpmate in office and salesroom; $20. Mrs. Steinfeld, 2 East 127th St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; experienced, competent; high school graduate; $20. L. Wenger, 110 West 114th St.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, competent, 3 years' experience; $18. J., 5,006 3d Av., Brooklyn.

BUYER
experienced on coats, suits, separate skirts, and dresses open for a high-class proposition; 5th Av. experience; highest credentials. S. S., 809 Times Downtown.

BUYER.—Young woman thoroughly versed in ladies' apparel, particularly dresses and lingerie, having several years' manufacturing, selling, and buying experience, acquainted in the trade, seeks correspondence with out-of-town house with view to representation in New York market. A 228 Times.

CARE OF APARTMENT.—Refined Swedish woman to care for apartment, part time; references. G 24 Times.

CATERING.—Executive work in housekeeping or catering wanted; experienced in hospitals and hotels. S 122 Times.

CHAMBERMAID, experienced; excellent references; wages $45; city; give particulars. B 112 Times.

CHAPERON.—Middle-aged Southern lady would chaperone children afternoons; best references. B 1090 Times Harlem.

CHIC DRESSMAKER. — Leading styles; workmanship guaranteed; out daily or home. Morningside 6369.

CLERK.—Knowledge typewriting; good at figures; 3 years' experience; $14. L 163 Times.

CLERK.—Fine penman; good figurer; office details; refined American. L 167 Times.

CLERICAL WORK wanted by widow with son in France; expert penman, accurate with figures. B 1051 Times Harlem.

CLERICAL.—Young lady, experienced, wishes position; neat penman; switchboard operator. R 558 Times Downtown.

COMPANION or Housekeeper.—Thoroughly capable, refined and cultured young woman seeks position where servants are kept; exceptionally fond of children. Answer K 295 Times.

COMPANION.—Young woman of refinement and personality, preferably to lady with real estate interest to be cared for. K 327 Times.

COMPANION.—Experienced teacher of lip reading desires position companion to adult deaf lady to whom lip reading could be taught; best references. B 857 Times Annex.

COMPANION.—Refined young woman as useful companion or mother's helper, walking child; congenial home; state particulars. S 149 Times.

COMPANION.—Trained nurse of refinement, having traveled extensively South and Florida, wishes position as companion to an elderly lady. K 291 Times.

COMPANION.—Gentlewoman as visiting companion, reading, light services; write particulars. K 326 Times.

COMPANION, refined, young or elderly lady; make herself useful around home. 24 Treno St., New Rochelle; phone 587-M.

COMPANION, practical, to refined lady or charge of home where help is kept; would go South. T 182 Times.

COMPANION for lady, young woman, intelligent, trained nurse, pleasant personality. A 264 Times Harlem.

COMPETENT English and French stenographer, also good translator, desires position. S 104 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, 3½ years' experience, wishes permanent position with reliable concern; $19. Box 34, 224 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

COOK, experienced, wishes a position with private family; good references. Call Monday, Lenchen, 673 Amsterdam Av., second floor.

COOK.—Swedish, first-class; private family; best references; wages $80-$90. Telephone Plaza 8954.

CORRESPONDENT.—Good letter writer, experienced in promotive and "follow-up" work; wishes to change; best references. R 238 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Typist, English, Spanish; young lady desires position (not stenographer). W 716 Times Downtown.

COURIER, maid or companion, American, widow; speaks three languages; can drive automobile; good traveler. 238 East 68th St.

DENTAL NURSE, graining, some experience ethical office; moderate salary. 32 West 115th.

DIETICIAN or managing housekeeper in hospital, sanitarium, or school; position wanted by a woman of ability and experience; references. X 342 Times Annex.

DRESSMAKER, $3 day; expert cutter and fitter; latest models; remodeling excellently done. Telephone Howard, St. Nicholas 327, Apt. 62.

DRESSMAKER. — Evening, theatre, tailor gowns; home, out; remodels. Ryan, 76 West 50th St.

DRESSMAKING, exclusive styles, gowns, wraps, remodeling; reasonable. Smith, 125 West 43d.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent; gowns for all occasions, remodeling, alterations. Morningside 4880, Apartment 22.

DRESSMAKING, $4 day; perfect cut and fit; quick worker; no lunch. Phone Martin, 323 St. Nicholas.

DRESSMAKING.—Gowns for all occasions; out by day; references. Tel. Morningside 378.

DRESSMAKER.—Seamstress, out by day, $2. S 135 Times.

DRESSMAKING, by capable young lady; by day. A 233 Times.

DRESSMAKER wants work, home, out; $4 day. Box 127, 1,464 3d Av.

DRESSMAKER.—Gowns, coats, alterations; $3 daily; stylish. Hensley, 510 West 124th.

ENGLISH GENTLEWOMAN desires position of responsibility; credentials from well-known N. Y. and Washington employers; will go to Europe. X 374 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, EXPERIENCED, FLUENT FRENCH, NOW WITH EDITOR, WANTS CHANGE; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. F. P., 9 WEST 47TH.

FILE CLERK.
Refined Christian, familiar with various systems of filing, desires position; 4 years' experience; excellent references; salary, $20. B 872 Times Downtown.

FILING EXPERT.—LIBRARY AND COMMERCIAL TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE FOR CORPORATION. R 584 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FILE CLERK and switchboard operator; Christian, pleasant-voiced, thoroughly experienced; $15; unquestionable references. R 345 Times.

FRENCH-ENGLISH SECRETARY.
Refined young lady; highest personal and business references; resident position or part time considered; owns typewriter. S 164 Times.

FRENCH.—Young, refined lady wants to exchange French lessons for room and bath; references exchanged. S 165 Times.

GENTLEWOMAN OF EXCELLENT FAMILY, YOUTHFUL, ACTIVE, CHARMING PERSONALITY, EDUCATED IN PARIS AND LONDON, WIDELY TRAVELED, WELL READ, READS ALOUD WELL, DESIRES POSITION AS COMPANION OR CHAPERON TO LADY; WOULD CONSIDER POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER IN HOME WHERE SERVANTS ARE KEPT, PREFERABLY WHERE THERE ARE CHILDREN; THIS IS A WOMAN OF UNUSUAL QUALIFICATIONS. APPLY, IN FIRST CASE, TO P. O. BOX F. G., 107 TIMES SQUARE.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

GENTLEWOMAN, refined, educated, pleasing personality, limited office bookkeeping experience, desires position suitable to accomplishments; moderate salary. L 191 Times.

GIRL wishes take care of children after 10 o'clock daily. Phone 7851 Columbus, 10 to 5, Monday.

GOVERNESS, refined, speaking English and German; taking entire charge of children; first-class references; willing to go South or West. Address G 9 Times.

GOVERNESS, German, thoroughly capable, wishes position as nursery governess, physical care; excellent references. Governess, 147 East 89th St.

GOVERNESS, well recommended, speaking French, German, and English, desires position; four years up; travel; $65. M., 442 Columbus.

GOVERNESS.—Visiting; French, English; pianist; studio, residence, 807 Carnegie Hall. Circle 1350.

GOVERNESS.—Experienced kindergarten and primary; city or country; city references. O 23 Times.

GOVERNESS, teacher, French, diplomee, desires additional morning engagements; English, music. Y 233 Times Annex.

HOME WORK wanted; expert penman; rapid, neat, accurate; references. K 389 Times.

HOTEL INFORMATION CLERK or newsstand, by intelligent young woman. Box 264 Times, 2 Rector St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—LADY, (MOTHER OF 2 CHILDREN,) COLLEGE TRAINED, CAN FURNISH HIGHEST OF REFERENCES, DESIROUS OF TAKING POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER IN LARGE INSTITUTION OR HOTEL WHERE SHE CAN LIVE WITH HER CHILDREN; CAPABLE OF TAKING FULL CHARGE OF OFFICE AND PURCHASING DEPARTMENT; STATE SALARY IN YOUR FIRST LETTER; COUNTRY OR SUBURB PREFERRED. S 658 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HOUSEKEEPER. — HIGHLY COMPETENT, INTELLIGENT WOMAN; EXCELLENT COOK AND ECONOMICAL MANAGER, DESIRES POSITION WITH EARNEST, RELIABLE BUSINESS OR PROFESSIONAL MAN OR WOMAN WHO WISHES TO EMPLOY, NOT A SERVANT, BUT AN EFFICIENT, CONSCIENTIOUS WORKER. G 14 TIMES.

HOUSEKEEPER.—REFINED LADY, BEST REFERENCES, WISHES POSITION; BUSINESS COUPLE OR SMALL FAMILY; ONLY ADULTS. WRITE BOX 25, 1,515 3D AV.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined widow, excellent cook, entire charge apartment; no private family; unquestionable references. Address A., 382 East 184th.

HOUSEKEEPER, gentlewoman, college bred, managing household where some help is kept; understands and fond of children; suburb preferred. Write H. G., 3,525 B'way.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined widow would like position as housekeeper for furnished room house or small family or business couple; sleep in or out; reference. K 346 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER and mothers' helper; young American business woman. Box 25, 326 5th St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Widow desires position in small private family. R 315 Times.

I NOW FILL the hardest stenographic position in New York; dictation, transcription, punctuation, spelling, knowledge of grammar—in all these I must be perfect; am changing owing to extremely late hours; salary desired, $25. B 92 Times.

KINDERGARTEN TEACHER, as visiting governess to 1 or 2 children; good references. F. R., 515 West 151st.

LADY SCENARIO WRITER desires connection with high-class film corporation. H., 389 West Boston Post Road, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

LADY, French, wishes position as governess for one or two children. Please write Mlle. Le Ball, 126 East 25th St., New York.

LADY of refinement, with best reference, would like care of children from 10 A. M.-5 P. M. O 2 Times.

LADY, experienced, visiting maid, facial, scalps, shampooing, manicuring, ladies' residence. B 875 Times.

LAW STENOGRAPHER, would like typewriting evenings, also experienced authors' manuscripts. B 569 Times Downtown.

MAN and wife as caretaker; no children; best references. Telephone 789 Lenox.

MANAGING-LADY HOUSEKEEPER, secretary, companion, chaperon or any position of trust required by cultured Englishwoman; much experience, England and America; used to entire control; positions requiring tact; prepares girls for society; corrects neglected education; had care of motherless girls; linguist, musician; real comfort in trouble; liberal terms; high references given and required. X 389 Times Annex.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER. — Refined young widow with 7-year-old well-behaved son, open for engagement as housekeeper where servant is kept; conscientious; city or country. R 313 Times.

MANAGER with unusual experience and executive ability wishes position as manager of high-class tearoom or confectionery store; best of references. B 83 Times.

MANAGING SECRETARY.—College woman wishes position; valuable library and banking experience. X 335 Times Annex.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER wants position in city or country; city references. Write R 105 Times.

MANICURING, pedicuring, facial massage, in or out. Jeanette, care Amelia, 258 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Waverly 8024.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general, Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, medical, licensed, refined, colored; rheumatism, nervousness, general electric treatment scientifically; ladies' residences. Smith, Tel. 2055 Morningside.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Houseman, Cathedral Plaza, 101 West 109th St., Apt. 208.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MATHEMATICIAN, physicist, college graduate, teacher chemistry, desires position; laboratory preferred. A. R., 581 Summit Av., Jersey City.

NURSE.—Refined young lady, member of Russian Red Cross Mission to this country, wishes position as nurse or companion to semi-invalid; references exchanged. K 308 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, English, with physical care experience, for one or two children; salary $60. Write Governess, 125 West 74th.

NURSE.—Graduate; specializes in chronic cases; on call Feb. 8 to nurse or travel with invalid; references. X 269 Times Annex.

NURSE, graduate, wishes position doctor's office; slight knowledge typewriting. R 275 Times.

NURSE to take care of infant during the day, 9 to 6; no Sundays. S 85 Times.

NURSE, undergraduate, wishes position in physician's office. K 215 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER;
9 years' experience; expert bookkeeper, auditor, correspondent, stenographer; capable of taking entire charge; excellent references; salary $23 to start; age 26; Christian. S 117 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; 3 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; NEAT APPEARANCE; SALARY $15. R 637 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, TYPIST.—Two years' experience; accurate and willing. R 661 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Two years' experience; conscientious, willing worker, Christian; $12. S 681 Times Downtown.

PHOTOGRAPHS.—Young lady, good address, wishes position as clerk and saleslady; salary moderate. Address Box B 1083 Times Harlem.

PHOTOGRAPHER.—Practical woman; understands amateur business; good printer and developer. B 1050 Times Harlem.

PIANISTE.—Ragtime and classical; one year experience; $15. R 517 Times Downtown.

POSITION wanted by efficient young lady, capable of assuming responsibility, as secretary; best references furnished. R 242 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.
stenographer, mail order correspondent, expert bookkeeper, 9 years' experience, capable of handling private matters tactfully; age 26; excellent references; salary $25; Christian. S 115 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, accustomed to assuming responsibilities, eight years' practical experience, commercial, political, advertising, university training, moderate salary; city or country. K 336 Times.

PRIVATE instruction in regular primary and grammar school subjects by experienced teamer; Oxford University and Montessori graduate. 8 West 92d St., Apt. 4E.

PUBLICATION EDITORSHIP wanted by experienced woman; feature writer. X 345 Times Annex.

RED CROSS NURSE, released from service, desires permanent position in school, factory, insurance company, &c. M. G., 416 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

REFINED LADY, take care of children during evenings, parents' absence. Apt. 2, 509 West 112th St.

SALESWOMAN, IN HIGH-CLASS DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT; USED TO MIXING WITH BEST-DRESSED WOMEN IN NEW YORK; COMPETENT TO MEET BEST CLIENTELE; SUGGEST AND AID CUSTOMERS IN THEIR CHOICE; CAN OVERSEE FITTINGS AND HELP IN CREATIVE DESIGNING. F. G., P. O. BOX 107, TIMES SQUARE, N. Y.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, traveling South and Middle West, drugs and toilet goods; highest reference. A 903 Times Harlem.

SEAMSTRESS.—Day's work; plain sewing, repairing wardrobes; private families; references. F 254 Times Bronx.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

SECRETARY.—Well appearing, intelligent young business woman wishes executive position with Latin American concern; capable taking entire charge of English correspondence; formerly connected with Latin American consulate in this city. Address R 609 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Familiar with banking payroll; 5 years' experience; college education; able to assume responsibility; at present employed as secretary to the President of an electrical concern; $28. Box 106, 852 Columbus Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Protestant, with college education, executive ability, 4 years' experience, pleasing personality, highest credentials, desires position of trust. G 7 Times.

SECRETARY - Stenographer - Bookkeeper.—Thoroughly competent; textile experience; tactful correspondent, systematizer; discretion, personality; highest credentials; $28. A 910 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, (25,) competent, educated, experienced; familiar with filing, office duties; desires permanent position; $12. Miss L., 708 Lexington Av. Plaza 1927.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, RAPID, ACCURATE MEMORY FOR DETAIL; AMERICAN; $25. B 496 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, executive ability, capable taking charge busy office and details; bookkeeper; highest credentials; $25. B 68 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, expert, thorough, master of office details, seeks position where unusual ability is essential. G 6 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' commercial and law experience; A1 references; thoroughly efficient, conscientious; $25. R 258 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, desires position downtown; A1 references; $25; appointment for interview 1-2 only. K 152 Times.

SECRETARY.—Educated American; experienced correspondent, stenographer; correct work; systematic filing; prefers small, important office near library. K 325 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, seven years' experience; quick comprehension, initiative, knowledge stocks and bonds; $30. S 142 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Expert, college trained; eight years' experience publishing, medical, school, business; French, German; start $25. S 848 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally good experience, intelligence above average, desires permanent position; salary $25 to start. B 864 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable, intelligent, college education, desires secretarial position; $15. E. K., 165 West 83d St.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, expert, at present employed, desires to connect with reliable concern; salary $25. R 637 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — EFFICIENT, TRUSTWORTHY, EDUCATED, REFINED. R 329 TIMES.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, executive, refined, varied experience, efficient, all routine; references. K 366 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, capable taking initiative; highest credentials. S 151 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, refined, good education; varied experience; office routine; intelligent. S 588 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, executive ability, desires responsible position. H 270 Times.

SECRETARY AND STENOGRAPHER, under 25, experienced and well educated, wants position paying $22 weekly. A 221 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, assistant to executive, correspondent; ability to manage office. S 141 Times.

SHOPPER.—GENTLEWOMAN OF INTERNATIONAL EXPERIENCE, SPEAKS FRENCH, EXCELLENT JUDGE VALUES AND STYLES, GOOD KNOWLEDGE OF PERIOD FURNITURE, TEXTILES, &C., DESIRES CONNECTION WITH HIGH-CLASS FIRM, WHERE REAL KNOWLEDGE AND CONSCIENTIOUS WORK WILL BE APPRECIATED AND WELL REMUNERATED; ONLY SUCH NEED ANSWER. F. G., P. O. BOX 107, TIMES SQUARE, N. Y.

SOCIAL WORKER.—Position wanted as social worker or welfare secretary with girls; experienced; best references. S 123 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Would like to see my present stenographer and bookkeeper placed in a good position for not less than her present salary of $20 per week; this young lady is a fully capable, reliable, and confidential stenographer and bookkeeper. Address your reply to Employer, G 798 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Has reliable concern opening for capable, conscientious, well trained stenographer and office assistant? Several years' engineering, mercantile experience; well bred, educated, Christian, 25, good appearance, neat, accurate worker; knowledge bookkeeping; legible penman; $20. O 24 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, confidential assistant, qualified by experience; fluent correspondent, executive ability, academic education, original thinker, neat personality, quick comprehension, reliable, conscientious; unquestionable references; $30. R 619 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER,
office assistant; 4 years' experience as secretary to office manager of mail order concern; had full charge of follow up systems; competent, steady; excellent references; salary $15; Christian. S 116 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, REAL ESTATE.
Capable American business woman; experienced real estate worker; expert stenographer; manage office; present employed; salary $35. O 11 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — College education; several years' secretarial and stenographic experience; Christian of good address; salary $30; excellent references furnished. S 118 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (20,) thoroughly proficient and accurate speller, three years' commercial and manufacturing experience; salary desired $17; excellent references. K 206 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, nine years' varied experience, mostly technical, desires high-class position; salary, $25-$28. R 330 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; thorough knowledge of office routines; excellent references; write. D 730 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Actress, with stage experience, desires position with playwright or movie director. Address Miss Quinn, 210 West 80th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, and general office assistant; refined woman, (35,) practical and efficient, desires position; moderate salary. B 508 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and typist, American; 3 years' commercial and law experience; understands bookkeeping; references; salary $15. Room 1919, 120 B'way.

STENOGRAPHER, (19,) 2 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE, ONE YEAR COLLEGE; SALARY $18; COMPETENT. L 159 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, initiative; unemployed owing to business reverses; seeks immediate permanent or temporary employment. A 232 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, (17,) capable and conscientious worker; 1½ years' experience; $16; can furnish excellent references. B 505 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY, EXCEPTIONALLY QUALIFIED; VERY RAPID AND ACCURATE; SALARY $23. B 535 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, reliable, experienced; high school education; salary $20; references. R 626 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Experienced; capable of holding responsible position; unusual ability in letter writing; college training; $25. O 7 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Beginner; intelligent, conscientious, reliable; business school graduate; willing and capable. Agnes Walsh, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2998.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Several years' experience mercantile, financial; credit department routine; can use dictaphone; salary $30. R 669 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined, educated; Christian; law office; legal experience; references; salary $20; no agencies. R 267 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 7 years' experience; competent, rapid, accurate; insurance experience; complete charge of office details; $25. G 762 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent, reliable, energetic woman, experienced in public work, familiar office detail, desires permanent position. Box 260 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, good personality, 7 years' experience; accurate, rapid, willing; above ordinary; age 22; salary $20. R 618 Times Downtown.

STENOTYPIST-SECRETARY.—Rapid, accurate, painstaking, reliable; 4 years' experience; excellent credentials; knowledge bookkeeping; $18-$20. B 530 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, experienced, high and business school graduate, possessing initiative, A1 references. G 20 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; efficient, rapid, no clock watcher; $18. Lenox 6281. Miss F., B 563 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, Christian; several years' experience; operate any machine; understands switchboard; $20. R 346 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Long experience; thoroughly capable; export; other lines. B 678 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian, twelve years' experience; $30. S 139 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER; 6 months' experience; high school education; conscientious; willing; $9. S 668 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, accurate; $20. Lock Box 62, East Orange, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly expert, fourteen years' experience; mornings; $12 week. A 209 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; two years' experience; reference; American; $15. S 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; good references; $16; willing worker. A. L., 566 West 162d.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard; 4 years' experience; accurate; salary $18-$20. S 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, three years high school, desires good connection. 32 West 115th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—American Jewish young lady; high school graduate; thoroughly experienced. B 566 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, reliable; knowledge of office routine; $15. R 623 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Christian; college education; five years' experience; reference; $22. R 674 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (17,) recent graduate; willing to work hard and start low. Helen, 2 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; thoroughly competent, reliable, efficient, initiative; $20. R 295 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; Christian; $20-$25. L., 2,110 Mapes Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge bookkeeping; A1 references; two years' experience; $15. R 515 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; high school graduate; $20; references. L 223 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, accurate; three years' business experience; references; $18-$20. R 645 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; $15; competent, willing worker; references. R 516 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, four years' insurance, mercantile experience; reliable, efficient; $18. W 718 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, educated, experienced, wishes few hours' work daily. H 402 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (23,) experienced, desires high-class position; $22; references. R 582 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge bookkeeping; experienced, high school graduate; rapid, accurate; $20. G 797 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, 5 years' experience; excellent references; downtown office preferred. R 604 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent, 4 years' experience; salary $18; best references. A 183 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; neat, willing worker; $16. R 615 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bright and accurate; apt, willing and painstaking; $14. B 875 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, export experience; high school education; neat, accurate; $18. G 794 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good education, capable, accurate worker; $15. G 795 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, three years' experience; salary $16. G 746 Times Downtown.

SOCIAL SECRETARY, expert stenographer; willing to travel; A1 references. Address L 185 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, neat, refined, thorough business training; Christian; $20. L 186 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2 years' experience; good education; $12. W 710 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, efficient, desires permanent position. E. B., 150 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, 2 years college, wishes Tuesday, Friday afternoons free. R 339 Times.

STENOGRAPHER desires position mornings only. Address Competent, R 314 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS and file clerk, Christian, good address, courteous, any board, first class references; $15. R 347 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant, 5 years' experience, nice voice, good memory and quick, legible penman; age 23; references; $12. S 650 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Christian; high school; handle busy board; good reference. R 675 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD operator; 5 years' experience; best references; $18. A 182 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and stenographer, experienced, with large hotel, business house, broker; state salary. X 347 Times Annex.

TRANSLATOR-SECRETARY, college woman, wide business, literary, editing experience, fluently translating from French, Russian, and German into English and vice versa (shorthand and typing,) with knowledge of foreign literature, seeks responsible position with business or publishing firm; highest references. S 155 Times.

TUTOR.—Recent Vassar graduate, experienced teacher and tutor; instruction in college preparatory English and elementary subjects; foreigners taught perfect English; highest references. A 180 Times.

TUTOR-GOVERNESS.—Young college woman, artistic, four languages, wants city position, resident or non-resident, for half-day work, preferably mornings. K 328 Times.

TUTOR.—Lady wishes to teach French to child. H. A., 142 West 78th St.

TYPIST. — Experienced, rapid, intelligent, conscientious, reliable, willing, capable; business school graduate. Viola Daisy, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2993.

TYPIST, (stenographer,) expert in copy and circular work, desires work at home; reasonable rates. B 562 Times Downtown.

WASHING.—Day's work; out by day; Finnish woman. 122 East 127th St. Johnson.

WOMAN of 38, intensely interested in real estate, wishes position with well known firm; opportunity more desired than salary; references. R 311 Times.

WOMAN.—Respectable and reliable, wishes daily office cleaning. Address Mrs. C. Mohlig, 8100 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN.—Real estate; renting, collecting, or full charge. A., 332 West 46th St.

YOUNG LADY, Spanish, French, English stenographer, speaking, writing the three languages perfectly, for 18 months and still secretary to export manager, New York concern, wants similar position; $35 week. B 568 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, with considerable experience as switchboard operator and clerical work or both, seeks position with reliable firm, A1 references. G. Pierpoint, 190 Redwood Av., Paterson, N. J.

YOUNG LADY, English, German, Hungarian stenographer; knows French also; 9 years' experience, wishes position as social or commercial secretary. Write G. L., 3,525 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY, thorough knowledge French, Russian, English; experienced compiler, research worker and translator; moderate. Y 234 Times Annex.

YOUNG WOMAN desires position; library experience, Dewey classification system, capable. M. S., care of 788 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, 18 years, experienced, wishes position as typist, clerical. B 522 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, refined, desires position in physician's or dentist's office; state salary and hours. S 85 Times.

YOUNG LADY, refined, desires position as reception clerk or assistant in professional office; highest credentials. G 8 Times.

YOUNG LADY, high school graduate, with reliable downtown firm. S 69[illegible] Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, 18, wishes position assistant bookkeeper, typist, and stenographer. R 297 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes clerical position; experienced; references. Box 46, 1,515 3d Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, seeks position institution, sewing room or hospital. G 3 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, offers services where general business knowledge qualifies. W 712 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, pleasing personality, ambitious, desires secretarial position; salary, $22; write fully. M C 118 Times.

YOUNG GIRL wishes position to take care doctor's office or light chamber work part time. King, 1,180 Park Av.

YOUNG LADY with college education, knowing Spanish and French, desires secretarial position. Rhinelander 4617. S 154 Times.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

TEACHER wants pupils in Latin, mathematics; experienced, with university education; terms reasonable. B 10 Times.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 214 West 59th, Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1896.

SELECT COLORED HOUSEWORKERS—Cooks, chambermaids, laundresses; investigated references. (City, country.) Augusta Agency, 253 West 53d St. Tel. Columbus 3129.

FRENCH, BELGIAN COUPLES, cooks, butlers, gardeners, chauffeurs. Kernaghan Agency, 544 6th Ave.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,413 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 8463.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ABLE EXECUTIVE.
Successful executive as manager of finance, credits, collections, office, also auditor and accountant, seeks larger field for "A FUTURE;" present employed with largest corporation of its kind, but field is too small; not type of man who looks for jobs; offers present and past references of 16 years; EXECUTIVE YOU OFTEN NEED BUT SELDOM FIND. B 194 Times Downtown.

ABOUT TO BE MUSTERED OUT OF WAR WORK.
at present head of graphic art department of large war organization, college graduate, scientific and general education, can CREATE, JUDGE and REPRODUCE pure and commercial art, four years executive experience, wishes a position of responsibility, where originality, initiative, and tact are essential. O 17 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, credit man, office manager, with thorough business training and wide and varied experience; constructive worker and tactful organizer and systematizer; seeks a responsible connection with a progressive firm desiring a high-grade executive; I possess a thorough knowledge of advertising, sales, finance, business law, income tax reports, cost and corporation accounting; unquestionable references furnished, showing a record of excellent results and proven ability. I. 58 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, many years' experience, fluent correspondent in several languages, permanently employed during afternoon as institutional accountant-auditor, desires position or engagements, 9-1, with business house, institution, or certified public accountants. Address Woodland Manor, Grasmere, S. I.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER,
Auditor, cost accountant, expert organizer, systematizer, public accounting experience, constructive calibre of mind; 25 years' experience; open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; $60. Auditor, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, OFFICE MANAGER, INSTALLATION OF COST AND GENERAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS; EXPERT ORGANIZER; LINGUIST, $3,000. W 709 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX.
Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, trial balances, statements, reports, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, Public Accountants, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3116.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, office executive with thorough training and varied experience, constructive worker and tactful organizer, understanding credits, collections, systems, correspondence, tax reports, office routine, seeks connection with concern requiring immediate and money-saving results. A 231 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE,
age 33, married, 15 years' thorough experience modern office management and accountancy, organizer, systematizer, and economizer, desires connection where thorough knowledge and loyalty will be appreciated. K 318 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
DESIRES POSITION, OFFICE MANAGER.
32; college graduate; good technical education; 3 years' public accounting practice; 10 years' offices large manufacturing concerns; costs, systems, statements, collections, credits. S 673 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, (29,) one who held responsible position as office manager and general auditor with out-of-town manufacturing concern and at present employed as senior accountant; college graduate; well recommended; minimum salary $50. G 771 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, broad manufacturing experience, modern cost and financial accounting; present assistant senior auditor concern with fifteen plants; age 37; married; salary $3,000; thorough executive capable mature business judgment. R 498 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, 6 years' accounting experience; 2 years' senior with large downtown firm of C. P. A.; university graduate; passed N. Y. C. P. A. examinations; 26 years of age; discharged from service. W 713 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (28,) extensive experience with modern business methods; financial statements; good systematizer; familiar exports, manufacturing, foreign drafts, exchange, credits; $40. R 620 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, and cost-accountant, 30 years old, wishes to make change; moderate compensation if a permanent connection which may lead to something bigger; need not necessarily be along accounting lines; domestic, foreign field. R 321 Times.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER. — Now located Boston, seeks permanent position near New York City; age 31, married; nine years' experience, university education; best of references; available Feb. 1. Address replies Room 412, 79 Washington Place, City.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (27,) quick keen thinker; good practical judgment; 10 years' experience in cost finding, corporation accounting and managing large offices; seeks an opportunity, not a job. H 417 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, credit man, office manager, 39, thoroughly familiar with all modern office details, tax reports and all matters concerning imports and exports; presently employed, desires to make a change; salary $3,000. R 665 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, organizer, systematizer, certified, recently resigned from emergency fleet work, open for engagement; highest credentials for installation of costs and accounting systems. Box 2, 488 St. Nicholas Av. Telephone Morningside 8375.

ACCOUNTANT, COST OR GENERAL; 8 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; 4 YEARS' BANKING, 4 YEARS' ACCOUNTANT; LIEUTENANT IN U. S. ARMY; HONORABLY DISCHARGED. S 120 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, age 42, desires position as junior, experienced with accounting or commercial company where devotion to duty and strict attention to work will be appreciated. Write M. L., 125 East 34th.

ACCOUNTANT, junior; N. Y. U. student; experienced; 4 years' bookkeeper and office manager; desires connection with C. P. A. or reliable accounting concern. B 490 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (28,) Christian, experienced large organization; executive ability; thorough knowledge branch accounting, production costs; opportunity essential. S 506 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (27,) seeks connection with large mercantile or manufacturing concern; 10 years' experience in office management; cost and general accounting. S 695 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, experienced in shop routine and costs, seeks connection small factory outside New York City; university graduate; age 30; Christian. L 146 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, navy, released, N. Y. U. student, 6 years' bookkeeping, accounting experience, desires position, commercial or manufacturing firm or junior with C. P. A. B 511 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (30,) married, desires connection mercantile concern; financial statements, credit man, costs, correspondence, and tax reports; full charge; highest references. K 383 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 24, student, bookkeeping and accounting experience, college graduate, desires mercantile or accounting connection; $25. G 791 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 938.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, (35,) experienced, competent, to assume full charge, desires permanent connection with advancement. New Yorker, O 25 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior, N. Y. U. student, honorable discharge U. S. Army, desires connection C. P. A.; best reference. B 1084 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income tax, financial reports, audits, books opened; part-time bookkeeping $2 weekly. Rossin, 42 Broadway; Broad 6423.

ACCOUNTANT.—New York University graduate, 1916, 5 years' public accounting experience, independent audits, reports, seeks C. P. A. connection. L 95 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires position with accounting firm or corporation in Middle West; 7 years experience. B 401 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, French, twelve years' bookkeeper with import and export firm, desires connection with export house; $3,000. G 756 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—N. Y. U. graduate desires position with C. P. A. or mercantile firm; short accounting experience. F. K., 127 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (38,) desires change; college education; lawyer; knowledge Spanish, French, German; highest references; $40. R 825 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A., high-grade executive, record of achievement, seeks responsible position large corporation. B 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-junior, desires permanent connection with C. P. A.; at present with C. P. A. of New Jersey. Samuel Solomon, 68 West 113th.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, competent bookkeeper, six years' experience; honorably discharged; studied higher accountancy; speaks Spanish, French. R 342 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; desires part time or evening work; reasonable. R 826 Times.

Want Advertisements

Want advertisements for the Sunday edition of The New York Times must be in the Times Building not later than 3 P. M. on Saturday. For the daily edition they will be accepted up to 7:30 P. M. day before publication.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, (20,) 3 years' bookkeeping experience, elementary knowledge of accounting, seeks permanent position. R 218 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly service, nor fat fees. Alpert-Barst, Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, age 25, college graduate, 3 years' accounting experience, desires position with accountants at reasonable salary. H 423 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, university graduate, 4 years' experience, can make cash investment, seeks connection with a certified firm in any capacity. R 642 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, (31,) now employed, desires make change, wishes position as traveling auditor or special accountant. R 328 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (24,) University graduate, over a year's experience, desires position; at present employed. R 562 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, senior, semi-senior; qualified, competent, experienced; permanent position. L 128 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, four years' experience, desires evening work, private audits, investigations. H 427 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, audited, closed, financial statements; personal service. G 750 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, N. Y. U. graduate, competent, reliable, seeks permanent C. P. A. connection. B 1092 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, Stenographer.—Spare time, bookkeeping arrangements, $2 weekly. R 629 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, A1, seeks temporary or part-time engagements; reasonable. L 188 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly competent; executive, sales, constructive abilities; moderate salary; references. G 29 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior, seeks permanent position, accounting or mercantile concern. R 303 Times.

ACTIVE MAN, 36 years old, reliable, good education, general experience handling help, clerical, shipping, receiving, selling ability, nine years last employment, wishes an opportunity to prove worth. A 204 Times.

A COLLEGE graduate, 27 years old; executive and technical training; released naval officer training school; desires position of trust, where honesty and hard work count; preferably in investment department of reliable banking house; best references. A 171 Times.

ADVERTISING EXPERT, PART TIME.

A small business requiring expert advertising service at economical figure or a busy advertising manager needing constructive assistance will do well to get in touch with me; I have a limited amount of time to fill up; my years of broad, intensive experience, the difficult campaigns I am now handling, the things I have done and am now doing are big recommendations; I can give you convincing copy, original ideas, versatility, knowledge of the advertising and merchandising fields, and accurate analysis. K 390 Times.

ADVERTISING DIRECTOR,

ten years' experience in planning and executing sales campaigns; forceful writer; thorough knowledge of intensive merchandising methods; original ideas that command attention and produce results; now serving two prominent organizations; can give valuable service on part-time basis to one more manufacturer desiring to increase his post-war market. A 185 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, TALENTED WRITER, INTENSIVE ORGANIZER, now connected, seeks change; experienced with advertisers, advertising agencies and publishers; minimum salary $4,000; proven production record via salesmen and sales literature; ex-"star salesman"; might consider part time or advisory work. Address "Net Results," Box B 887 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING MAN, (23,)—Employed; took charge trade paper advertising, catalogue work of general merchandise jobber; know typography, layouts; can create finest type result-bringing copy; samples. Write me, B 555 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING.—Agency or publisher; young man, (20,) desires position offering opportunity to learn business; two years' advertising make-up and general experience; high school graduate; honorable army discharge. X 379 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING MANAGER, with nine years' experience; A1 copy writer, a producer, thinker and full of ideas; been advertising manager for largest department stores and women's specialty shops. O 14 Times.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER, agency trained, 6 years' personal selling; seeks to capitalize both abilities; intensive analyst, logical planner; now employed; age 30; married; industrious. S 602 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING.—Capable young man, thoroughly familiar with purchasing and details of agency; wide experience; highly recommended. G 13 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, copy writer, 14 years' experience, open to handle live proposition; commission or salary basis. W. W., 48 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.

Solicitor, merchandising, research, organization; fully experienced advertisers, agencies; salary, commission. L 190 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, 21, wants position with agency or manufacturer. L 125 Times.

ADVERTISEMENT writer, mail order, part time if preferable. C. H. Williams, 135 Broadway.

ADVERTISER, copy writer, stenographer, salesman, experienced, desires position. Alper, 164 Madison St.

ADVERTISING service man, agency experience, capable planning, writing, lay-outs, handling extensive details. K 396 Times.

ADVERTISING AGENCY experience wanted by student of layout work. A 222 Times.

AD WRITER—"CRACKERJACK."

Seven years' trade journal and agency experience; writes "breezy," "peppery," "gingery" copy; handles dummies, leaflets, cuts, engraving, and what-not. Samples galore! A 902 Times Harlem.

AN EXECUTIVE,

Experienced

SALES MANAGER

With Practical and Technical Mechanical Education.

Expert in detail, organization and refined business correspondence; American; 38; good address; highest credentials as to character and ability; prefer to harmoniously fit in large manufacturing organization as manager or assistant; initial salary secondary to opportunity. B 501 Times Downtown.

AN INDUSTRIAL ACCOUNTANT—not a theorist, but a man of practical knowledge—able to organize your general and cost accounting, expense distribution, production and stock records, and comparative statistics so that they will give you permanently an up-to-date picture of the status of each department and of your progress, desires permanent engagement; salary, $3,000 to start, until worthiness of higher renumeration is proved. X 325 Times Annex.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT EXPERT DESIRES CONNECTION WITH EXPORT HOUSE.

Knowing the agricultural implement game inside and out, and with ability to pick the live lines and discard the dead ones (of which there are many), I am open to proposition from reliable export house expecting to cultivate that field, which offers wonderful opportunities just now; splendid acquaintance and standing with manufacturers; highest possible references. A 207 Times.

AMERICAN, of English birth, high school graduate, with knowledge of French and Spanish, desires position with export house either here or abroad. S 682 Times Downtown.

A thorough business woman, (stenographer,) desires outdoor work, (no canvassing,) for a few hours each day; balance of time, office routine. B 105 Times.

A VALUATOR, experienced estimator of all kinds of structures; quantities and costs; references unexceptionable. C. W. A., 2,002 Madison Av., City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

A PROGRESSIVE PUBLISHER OR ADVERTISING AGENT MAY SECURE THE SERVICES OF A MAN (36) WHOSE BROAD SALES AND ADVERTISING EXPERIENCE QUALIFIES HIM FOR A RESPONSIBLE EXECUTIVE POSITION. AT PRESENT MANAGER OF A WELL-KNOWN WEEKLY CLASS PERIODICAL, BUT SEEKS OPENING IN BROADER FIELD WITH LARGER OPPORTUNITIES; KNOWLEDGE OF FINANCE AND MANAGEMENT, CONVERSANT WITH MODERN MARKETING METHODS; MARRIED, OF REGULAR HABITS, VIGOROUS HEALTH, ENERGY PLUS. K 379 TIMES.

A REAL PUBLICITY MAN.

Honorably discharged from army; 10 years' experience writing for New York City daily papers; specialist in national propaganda; real references regarding country-wide achievements; desires permanent or temporary connection; will give part time if desired; advertiser is a Christian, temperate, aggressive yet diplomatic, gentlemanly in appearance and conduct and worthy of your confidence. Tuba Clain, S 585 Times Downtown.

ARMY OFFICER, (24,) AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE GRADUATE, DESIRES POSITION OF RESPONSIBILITY AND SCOPE ON PRIVATE ESTATE OR IN LARGE AGRICULTURAL ENTERPRISE; COMPENSATION IS SECONDARY TO OPPORTUNITY OFFERED. K 216 TIMES.

ARMY captain, just discharged; young man, university education; previous experience as factory manager and city salesman large corporation with efficiency and executive duties. Address Suite 1,001, 80 Fifth Av.

ARMY OFFICER.—Buyer drugs, toilet articles, hospital supplies, sundries, kindred lines; employed by largest department stores. R 257 Times.

ARTIST, trained in art, design, color, mechanical drawing, wishes work with experienced interior decorator or designer mornings, evenings, Saturdays; terms reasonable. R 251 Times.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MANAGER, (32,) ten years' experience general office routine, expediting factory shipments, routing and tracing transit deliveries, and general correspondent, desires connection with live concern; A1 references. K 303 Times.

ASSISTANT to production engineer; American, 28, high school education; 7 years' shop practice, experienced time study and efficiency work; honest, reliable; can follow instructions minutely or work alone; permanent position with opportunity for advancement wanted. E. A., Box 224 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT, &c.—Chemist, 35 years, desires place as assistant superintendent or plant foreman; has chemical factory experience; desires connection with first-class company; references. X 393 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT SALES MANAGER,

well educated, (24,) six years' experience; salesmanship, stenography, and office management; desires responsible position with chance of advancement; salary $25. B 545 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE.—Efficient and progressive young man, thoroughly experienced in office management and correspondence, and who has initiative and original ideas, desires position where advancement is assured. A 192 Times.

ASSISTANT BUYER.—Ten years' department store experience, cotton dress goods, linens, blankets and domestics; honorably discharged; can take full charge of department. K 225 Times.

ASSISTANT to Executive.—Young man of initiative and tact, with accounting training and experience, seeks position with manufacturing or commercial corporation. S 98 Times.

ASST. BUYER or MANAGER of MILLINERY.—Retail or syndicate experience; aisle position considered; best references; hustler. R 241 Times.

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK desires steady position; experienced; advancement; age 25. A 105 Times.

ATTENTION OF WORKS MANAGER.

Changing from war to peace basis requires alterations in your factory. You will need the services of an experienced

DESIGNER OF FACTORY BUILDINGS,

one knowing the mechanical, legal, and economic requirements. It will pay you to call Mr. T., Barclay 6008, or write S 620 Times Downtown, making appointment.

ATTENTION, MR. PUBLISHER!

Do you need an experienced sales manager for either a book or magazine proposition for outside territory? I have a good, clean-cut following of salesmen; have good reputation. A1 references; Philadelphia territory preferred. Y 202 Times Annex.

AUDITOR, Executive, Accountant, for several years official of large corporation, desires to connect with progressive company in a position of responsibility, where expert knowledge, initiative and aggressiveness count; Christian, age 30. S 143 Times.

AUTHOR wishes to connect with magazine; good essay and fiction writer. Address Scribe, X 363 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER; discharged soldier; college man; broad experience controlling accounts, balances, collections, financial statement; knowledge of accounting, general office work; salary $22. A 173 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' experience; controlling accounts, specializing in pay roll work for past three years; reliable, capable, and ambitious; excellent references furnished. K 329 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, Jewish, seeks position, not to work Saturdays; typist, correspondent; 2 years' experience; high school graduate; exceptionally capable; $20. R 262 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 14 years' practical experience; has evenings free; would assist accountants, or keep books for small concern not employing bookkeeper. Klosset, 4,298 Park Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Statements taken; double entry; thorough knowledge of modern systems; Christian, American; age 19; $22; competent. G 559 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced accountant, useful office man, desires position with wholesale concern; best references; moderate salary. R 235 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (36,) to take charge; trial balances, controlling accounts, financial statements, corporation accounting; $35. A 165 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT, AND TYPEWRITER

Competent and willing worker; 6 months' experience; salary $12. B 500 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, knowledge accountancy, 7 years' experience, accurate, reliable, wishes permanent position. J. Novick, 446 Powell St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, 6 years' experience, married, honorably discharged, (army,) trial balance, statements, competent, reliable, excellent references. S 670 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, Typewriter.—Young man, 23; excellent references; 18 months' army clerical work. Gordon, 373 Vienna Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, 30, married, position with A1 house; willing, conscientious worker; character and integrity unquestionable. K 306 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT. — (24;) college graduate; eight years' experience controlling accounts, financial statements; capable taking full charge. K 290 Times.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, (20,) experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; accountancy student; capable and aggressive. R 306 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; N. Y. U. student; 4 years' experience; having thorough knowledge of accounting. B 489 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, controlling accounts, voucher system, balance sheet, &c.; studied accountancy, speaks Spanish, French; honorably discharged. R 341 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Office Manager, (28,)—Experienced correspondent; credits, collections; qualified take complete charge; initiative; college education; $30. S 125 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,)—Married; ten years' experience; released from service; can assume responsibility. R 648 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (24;) 4 years' experience; college education; excellent penman; references. S 610 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21; honorably discharged; two years' experience, controlling accounts; interview. R 677 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 45, thoroughly experienced, take full charge; references. G 789 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (22;) thoroughly experienced; audits, statements, reconciliations; complete charge; $25. B 1085 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) knowledge of accountancy, experienced, salary moderate, seeks connection. B 492 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, possessing thorough knowledge of accounting; capable taking full charge; salary $30. K 283 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' bookkeeping, two years' accountancy; controlling accounts; references. R 630 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (19,) honorably discharged, accountancy student, desires work till 3 o'clock. Care of L. Mazoyer, 73 West 46th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, trial balance; $25; take charge. A 582 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, controlling accounts, excellent experience; salary moderate. S 691 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Discharged soldier desires position; 2 years' experience; accounting student. G 785 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, experienced modern systems, costs; open immediate engagement; $30. R 561 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thorough; middle-aged; any part time terms. Cross, 218 West 127th.

BOY, 17, public school graduate; ambitious, willing. T. Force, 6,102 20th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

B. S. IN CHEMISTRY.—Two years' analytical, industrial experience, cement, potassium chlorate manufacture; one year army. L 183 Times.

BUTLER, &c.—Colored man, butler, cook, houseman, private reference. Lewis, care Owen, 2,285 7th Av.

BUTLER.—English; excellent references; six years in last place. P. Price, 100 W. 53d.

BUYER.

Young man, thoroughly experienced men's and women's wear department, now with Kansas City best house; would connect with high-grade N. Y. shop, as buyer or assistant. "A. A.," 272 Times Downtown.

BUYER.—Hosiery and underwear; several years' experience; buyer or assistant. K 369 Times.

BUYER AND SALESMAN on hosiery and general merchandise; expert. Communicate R 631 Times Downtown.

CASHIER.—Young man, 27 years employed daily as paymaster; experienced in accounting, desires position evenings. L 222 Times.

CHAUFFEUR. — Japanese; single; skilled mechanic; 10 years driving foreign, domestic automobiles; abstainer; efficient, trustworthy, polite; careful driver; no objection room with board, city or country; best recommendation; letter only. Kaneko, 184 High St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Swiss, (34,) single, 12 years' experience; Packard, Locomobile, Pierce; own tools and repairs; with last employer three years; want steady private position; wages expected, $30 week. Krisuns, 3,196 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, (32,) single, automobile machinist by trade, desires position with private family wanting a careful and conscientious driver; 12 years' driving and shop experience, all cars; do all repairs; best references. Alfred Bodewig, 200 Willis Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Useful man, single, 12 years with private family, good references, excellent mechanic on high-grade cars, own tools and repairs, neat, temperate, trustworthy, obliging, wishes position in private family on high cars only. S 129 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, released from service, wishes position private family, where careful, economical service is appreciated; thorough mechanic; 4 years last place; drive all makes; salary reasonable. Bogart, 1,752 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Married; wishes position with private family; first-class city driver, good mechanic; experience on high-powered cars; honest, sober; best references. Danielson, 128 West 124th St.

CHAUFFEUR seeks position with family desirous of securing experienced, courteous, and reliable married man; best references. M. Levin, 182 East 73d, Tel. 9060 Rhinelander.

CHAUFFEUR, married, no family, 9 years' experience, Cadillac, Marmon, Packard, Hudson, any car; good mechanic, careful driver; wishes position, city, county. Coyle, 136 West 98th. Phone 3251 Riverside.

CHAUFFEUR, married, desires first-class position; 14 years with last employer; good mechanic, sober, honest; European experience; best reference. Box 75, 157 East 47th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Clean-cut native American citizen, (34,) married, no children; 14 years' shop and driving experience; carburetor and ignition expert; any gas car; city or country. Phone Truesdale, Flatbush 4735-W.

CHAUFFEUR, employed at present; employer going to France; 14 years' experience. George Conover, 124 West 54th St. Phone 1740 Circle.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, American, thoroughly experienced, desires position, city, country; neat, intelligent, highly recommended; moderate salary. K 331 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, machinist, Swedish-American, 16 years' experience, highly recommended, desires private position; go anywhere. Ohlson, 327 East 57th St.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic, with private family; long trips preferred; ten years' experience; best references. Paul Hotzelove, 175 East 77th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young Japanese wants position private family, city or country; sober, industrious; have good reference. E. Tsuji, 253 West 55th.

CHAUFFEUR wishes private position; 12 years' experience; 4 years with last employer; go anywhere. Chauffeur, Tel. Bushwick 956.

CHAUFFEUR, Scotch, single, careful driver, mechanic, first class references, obliging, go anywhere, desires position, private family. O 10 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and gardener, (28,) careful driver, 5 years' chauffeur experience, wants position private family; best references. R 299 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, Danish, 24, wishes position, city or country, private family; experience on Brewster, Delaunay, White, Dodge. E. Jensen, 620 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Twelve years' experience; careful driver, prompt, reliable, drive any car, will go anywhere, mechanic; references. R 324 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, American, mechanic, eight years' experience on high-grade cars, three years last employer. Box 111, 852 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes private position, city preferred; single, white, honest, sober, best references. Fitzgerald, 118 West 102d St.

CHAUFFEUR, 17 years in last position; willing and obliging; private family; drive any car. James Gallagher, 206 East 80th St. Telephone 470 Rhinelander.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced driver and good mechanic, married man, wishes steady position; excellent references. P. G., Phone Lenox 7188.

CHAUFFEUR.—American; mechanic; eleven years' experience; good references. Box 110, 852 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Private, used to high-class position. Simpson, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, wishes position, private family or shop. Goddard, 20 West 136th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; married; reliable; wishes position; references. T. Reynolds, 1,572 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 16 years' experience; expert Pierce driver. Scheiblin, 528 East 89th.

CHAUFFEUR wishes temporary employment till about April 1; private family; satisfactory references. L 220 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and wife, young couple, desire positions; wife housekeeper. Seppala, 132 East 127th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, high-grade cars; private, city or country; single, sober, white; references. Tel. Cypress 4611M.

CHAUFFEUR, 25, wishes position with private family; expert on Packard, Pierce, Cadillac car. J. Murphy, 74 West 96th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Nine years' practical experience on foreign and domestic cars; A1 references. Write Box 51, 1,515 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced Chandler, Cadillac, desires position; moderate salary to start. B 1052 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR, useful man, Japanese, single; 10 years' experience; best references; wages $30 week. Y 8,764 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR, single man; experienced, careful mechanic; reference; city or country. L 155 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, English, 12 years' experience; references. Niven, 201 West 102d St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Discharged soldier wishes position as driver and mechanic; 10 years' experience. Courtney, 1,843 61st St., Bklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, competent, wishes position private; 7 years' experience; references. Telephone Bedford 3558.

CHAUFFEUR, (29,) careful driver; mechanic; last employed Cadillac; wishes position, private. K 313 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wants position city or country; references. Chauffeur, 117 East 77th, care Carty.

CHAUFFEUR.—Private, experienced; good references. Swartz, 1,281 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR and wife housework; city or country; good reference. E. D., 278 3d Av.

CHEMIST.—Young man wants position either plant or laboratory; good theoretical training; two years' analytical experience laboratory of high explosives; willing, conscientious worker; initial salary not substantial as against opportunity for further advancement; references. X 318 Times Annex.

CHEMIST desires position; expert disinfectants, automobile soaps, liquid bug exterminator, metal, furniture polish, cutting and drilling compounds, liquid soaps; minimum salary, $3,000. X 392 Times Annex.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, (25;) Columbia graduate, 1917; Hebrew; analytical, organic, research experience; conscientious, rapid, accurate; excellent references; B 1082 Times Harlem.

CHEMIST.—University graduate chemical engineering; 2 years' in charge control laboratory; 5 years' selling experience; released from government service; references. L 174 Times.

CHEMIST, 26, five years' experience research, factory, acids, intermediates, dyestuffs, pharmaceuticals, desires new connections; excellent references. B 557 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST'S ASSISTANT, 23, married, discharged from army as assistant metallurgist-chemist, desires position vicinity New York; experienced. K 267 Times.

CHEMIST, (21,) college education, experience in organic, analytical, and experimental work, desires connection with manufacturing concern. K 320 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER.—Recent graduate M. I. T. desires research position in New York City or vicinity. K 384 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, college trained; 3 years' factory superintendent; 1 year laboratory; desires connections with future. H 415 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST.—Young man, capable, experienced, desires position with manufacturing concern. A 903 Times Harlem.

CHEMIST, B. S., recent graduate, short laboratory plant experience; moderate salary. B 1099 Times Harlem.

CHEMIST.—RESEARCH, CONSULTANT ON CHEMICAL PROCESSES. W 707 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT, office manager, wide experience large manufacturing corporations, available immediately temporary or permanent engagement. G 796 Times Downtown.

CIVIL ENGINEER, Cornell graduate, age 32, considerable experience; must find employment; willing to start at small salary where hard work and ability will bring advancement. O 16 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER, graduate Boston Tech; desires opening with engineering or contracting firm, Boston or vicinity; recently resigned commission as captain regular army. X 383 Times Annex.

CIVIL ENGINEER, good, also good clerk and bookkeeper, desires position; salary moderate. B 1095 Times Harlem.

CLERK.—Man, 32, finest credentials as to character and work previously done, desires position stock receiving clerk or general utility man in large office or merchandising house; always in good humor and of obliging disposition. S 114 Times.

CLERK, Scandinavian Swedish, returning home after two years' business practice, wishes to represent temporarily or permanently American export house; willing to undergo training; references. B 71 Times.

CLERK, 24, married, honorable army discharge, 4 years clerical experience, typist, ledger, pay-roll billing, desires connection where advancement is certain; anxious; $20. S 600 Times Downtown.

CLERK, railroad experience claims, tracing, wishes part time work of any kind afternoons, all day Saturday. G 793 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Subscription clerk, several years' experience, desires position with firm where his training would be useful. S 683 Times Downtown.

CLERK, (25,) broad experience, seeks position with intelligent requisition; references. H 406 Times Downtown.

CLERK or Outside Man.—Young man desires position; has had some experience in real estate business. R 291 Times.

COLLEGE MAN, 22, army discharge, formerly free-lance newspaper work, seeks connection with high-grade mercantile organization, to start at bottom and work into sales branch; clean-cut, pleasing personality; highest references; salary no object; future paramount; canvassers, agencies save postage. S 128 Times.

COLLEGE MAN, (36,) London two years; experience import and export; knowledge English, Spanish, French, European and Spanish-American countries; salary according to work and ability. S 108 Times.

COMPANION.—A refined young man desires a position; very good reference. Russelle, 958 8th Av., care Sigel.

CORRESPONDENT, specialist, wide, successful experience of 8 years, promoting and organizing, wishes first-class connection with future; salary $2,400; discharged officer U. S. A. R 245 Times.

CORRESPONDENT and salesman, technical knowledge and mechanical training; long and varied business experience. S 591 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, Spanish-English, married, wishes position with future. Ramirez, 59 West 106th.

COST ACCOUNTANT, 10 YEARS' PUBLIC AND MANUFACTURING EXPERIENCE, WILL ACCEPT POSITION TO INSTALL OR REVISE SYSTEM; SALARY $2,500. W 703 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

COST ACCOUNTANT, appraisal engineer, senior, in Government employ, experience manager, investigator, adjuster, reference; $4,000 to start. G 19 Times.

COTTON GOODS.—Young man desires position with cotton converting house or similar lines; six years' experience converting and selling with former employer. H 403 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, married, wish position country, caretakers; man work around place. Y 219 Times Annex.

COUPLE.—Man chauffeur, wife good cook; city, country experience; references. Karp, 77 East 127th St.

COUPLE, young, married, want position, wife as waitress or chambermaid, man as butler; references. R 1,089 3d Av.

CREDIT MANAGER, over 20 years' experience checking commercial and banking credits, more than 10 years with present connection, would consider change. Address B 853 Times Annex.

CREDIT MAN, 32, thorough conception credits, collections, 12 years' experience, desires connection with reliable, progressive concern. A 580 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN.—Twelve years' wide experience, toy and candy trade; highly trained accountant and office manager; excellent references. L 89 Times.

CREDIT MAN and first class office executive, 45 years of age, employed by reliable firm, desires to change position. Write L. E., 125 East 34th.

DESIRE to place myself in the management department of a real estate firm or in trust department of a bank; have had several years' experience in the legal and management department of a law and real estate firm specializing in Surrogate's Court practice and the management of apartment and private dwellings. Address A. H., 605 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

DETECTIVE, expert; secret investigation; work in or out doors or city. For information phone or write Powell, 50 Hawthorne Av., Yonkers, N. Y. Yonkers 3212.

DISCHARGED SOLDIER wants position; is college graduate; had Poughkeepsie course and one year law; held responsible position with large metals company in Santiago, Chile, South America, when called to colors; speaks Spanish; best references. Box 694, Marion, S. C.

DISCHARGED army officer; college education; experienced metallurgist; excellent character; references. K 196 Times.

DO YOU WANT A LIVE WIRE?

Young man, 24, desires connection with mercantile or manufacturing concern. Was employed by one firm for seven years prior to enlisting in military service. Executive experience; university training; finest credentials as to character and work previously done. B 493 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, 14 years' experience, with technical training, desires engagement, architect, builder or private corporation; thoroughly familiar with reinforced concrete, structural steel design and general building construction; specifications, superintendence and maintenance engineering; salary nominal. R 610 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN.—Young man with 3 years' experience designing and detailing jigs, fixtures, special machinery, and 3 years as practical machinist, desires position; automobiles or automatic machinery preferred; moderate salary; references. A 169 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, (25,) year technical college, 3 years' experience, year with War Dept. (aeronautic instruments,) honorably discharged, desires position with reliable concern. K 259 Times Bronx.

DRAFTSMAN, engineer, good mechanical designer with inventive ability; have had extensive experience in working out new problems; excellent references. A 168 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, (27,) married, six years' experience, drafting, surveying, estimating costs, office management, technical and commercial education. H 411 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN-DESIGNER, special work or small machines; good references; thoroughly familiar gasoline and aero motors. K 400 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, 24, first-class letterer, detailer, 5 years' experience auto trucks, motors, aeroplane, small machinery; technical graduate. Carlton, Box 5, Jamaica.

DRAFTSMAN-ENGINEER, wide experience all engineering lines, machine design; also patents; work by hour or contract. Address Engineer, 32 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN; young, experienced designer, technical education, desires position sales organization. A 190 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Mechanical, architectural; 2 years' experience; good tracer, letterer. D 255 Times Bronx.

DRAFTSMAN, four years' experience in substation and power house design, wants permanent position. A 206 Times.

DRAFTSMAN AND ESTIMATOR, ornamental and structural iron, wants responsible position. B 1080 Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN, well experienced, modern marine oil engines, desires responsible position. X 348 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, gasoline engine, automobile layout, jigs and fixtures. L 207 Times.

DRUG junior, 4 years with large corporation, experienced patent and hospital; no prescriptions; good soda dispenser. R 294 Times.

EDITOR, honorable army discharge, understands makeup, real headline builder, willing to do some reporting; eight years' experience on local dailies; prefers trade paper; temperate; 27 years old; Christian; gentlemanly appearance. Auroramason, S 586 Times Downtown.

EDITOR, trade paper, 15 years' experience; manage large publication or all work on small; expert makeup. A 218 Times.

EDITOR wants position with technical paper or publishing house. A 203 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

EDITOR-WRITER.—$75 man will start at $40 to prove value; special articles or any literary work. L 161 Times.

ELECTROCHEMIST.—I am an electrochemist of 20 years' experience, Ph. D., with especially thorough knowledge of battery work and engineering; I have been successfully in charge of extensive research work; in the employ of large companies, I have solved certain problems which were considered difficult, and through my own inventions I have initiated processes of manufacture of which some are already in commercial use and others may be in the near future; in case you should require on your staff the cooperation of a man of such experience and attainments, I should appreciate the favor of a personal interview. K 268 Times.

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT SALES ENGINEER DESIRES POSITION EXPORT AND IMPORT BUSINESS; WILLING GO ABROAD; AGE 35; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. A 191 TIMES.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.

HONORABLY RELIEVED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE, OPEN AGAIN FOR MANUFACTURING CONNECTION; THOROUGH PRE-WAR EXPERIENCE IN THE PLANNING, INSTALLING, AND DEVELOPMENT OF EMPLOYMENT AND PERSONNEL SERVICE DEPARTMENTS WITH THE TWO LARGEST EASTERN RUBBER GOODS MANUFACTURERS; 27 YEARS, MARRIED, AND A COLLEGE GRADUATE. Y 221 TIMES.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER.

Discharged army officer, thoroughly familiar with scientific employment methods, desires position where salary will be compensated with demonstrated ability. B 362 Times.

ENGINEER, technically trained, with broad experience in designing, building steam and gas engines, plant erection, experimental machine work; recently discharged Captain artillery; minimum salary, $2,500; go anywhere. K 312 Times.

ENGINEER, sanitary and civil, technical graduate, discharged from army, desirous of connecting with business end of organization; also experienced in tunnel work, drainage, sewage testing, and general sanitation. S 645 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, mechanical, factory superintendent, experienced designer, special and automatic machinery, production tools, maintenance, experimental development expert, practical, inventive American, 20 years' experience. G 753 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, American, 30, able, efficient, Yale man, wants permanent position near New York with engineering or sales force. L 197 Times.

ENGINEERING.—Young man, experienced draftsman and inspector, also shop experienced, desires position with engineering firm, inside or outside. B 1093 Times Harlem.

ENGINEER, RAPID ESTIMATOR, EXPERIENCED SALESMAN; CONTRACTOR'S MANAGER; MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT. B 531 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ENGINEER, familiar with five languages, good writer, desires connection technical publication or export house. K 399 Times.

ENGINEER CHIEF, practically educated, competent, and sober; best reference. B 877 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.

Mr. Business Man: Here is the case of a man, an ex-naval officer, with five years' law and six years' naval training, who desires an administrative or executive position with a well-established concern. He is 26 years of age, married, with an absolutely clean record, and is the kind of man who, after being with you three months, will relieve you of all your petty details and worries; in other words, run your business for you. He has ideas and initiative, and is a glutton on work. He needs $3,600 a year to start, for his family's sake; if he was single he would go to work for you for five dollars a week! What is your offer? Address R 650 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.

The advertiser, an active business man of over twenty-five years' experience, connected in a responsible position for twelve years with the largest manufacturing business in its line in the United States, the past sixteen years as a partner and executive in a successful manufacturing business, desires for adequate reasons to make a change, and to connect with a well-established and substantial business in an executive capacity, where financial training and mature business judgment is needed. Will make reasonable investment with an institution of unblemished character and established reputation. Satisfactory references will be available, and the same opportunity to investigate will be required. Address B 518 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE,

holding Captain's commission in Ordnance Department, United States Army, in charge of production in plant employing 5,000, desires correspondence with established concern that will recognize ability and make compensation consistent with results; 10 years' industrial engineering experience, specializing in organizing, systematizing, labor saving, and increasing production; ability to handle men; familiar with costs, routing of materials, shop methods and control, maintenance of buildings; forceful manager and executive. K 370 Times.

EXECUTIVE.

Getting orders through faster; increasing output without sacrificing quality, tends to increase profit in the manufacture of chemicals, prepared foods, or small metal parts. The advertiser, college man, 34, married, has had seven years' experience as Asst. Superintendent, SALES MANAGER, and DEPARTMENT HEAD—at chemical and assembling plants, and has a good record for production and costs. Systematic, energetic, resourceful and good organizer. References from present employers and others. Present position—war work—will end soon. Desire engagement in operating or executive position with prospect of permanence. X 390 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.

Business man, 32 years of age, who is well versed in the principles of economics, accounting, production, marketing finance, commercial law, and engineering, and knows where to get the details, is open for engagement. He has been manager of concern in Middle West for the last five years; is a student and effective worker and has been successful in handling men by application of scientific management. K 395 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Marine Corps officer, 19 months' service, seeks connection with business institution in responsible executive capacity paying $2,600 yearly, with chance for advancement; six years' business experience; eager for good connection with live organization, where ability, efficiency and enthusiasm count. K 340 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S RIGHT HAND MAN.

Young man, (26,) just released from service, 2 years' college education, administrative and executive experience, thorough knowledge of modern business methods and office systems, particularly details; excellent appearance, untiring worker; remuneration second to future; finest references. Z 57 Times Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE-SALES MANAGER

with exceptional experience and qualifications wishes connection with growing concern where modern, intensive business methods will be appreciated; am an American; successful producer and organizer; will furnish highest credentials as to character and ability. R 254 Times.

EXECUTIVE.—Available immediately; thorough business executive; 20 years' experience, eight naval, traveled extensively; iron, steel hardware expert; general supply specialty; purchasing agent, general storekeeper; married; 35; salary $2,600, with considerations; interview will convince. B 488 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, technical graduate, good organizer, seeking change on account war conditions, after 25 years' successful record in manufacturing and selling departments of important industrial corporation, desires position offering opportunity to produce results; highest references. K 355 Times.

EXECUTIVE.

Man with twelve years' experience as manufacturing executive and familiar with modern scientific employment methods; age 34, married, three children; resigned previous position to enter service. X 362 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.

Young man of 33 desires connection with progressive concern; salary second consideration; has had 11 years executive experience in cost accounting, office managership, and purchasing; best of references. S 101 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

EXECUTIVE.—Retired naval officer, experienced in banking, rail and ocean transportation and manufacturing, thoroughly familiar with modern business methods, desires executive position with future. K 84 Times.

EXECUTIVE-SECRETARY, several years' experience; possess tact and initiative; capable acting busy chief executive's right-hand; stenographic experience; requests opportunity. R 323 Times.

EXECUTIVE, has extensive experience production metal parts, desires interview with concern needing man qualified as above. L 156 Times.

EXECUTIVE. — Artillery officer, 29, legal training, energy, executive ability; salary $3,000; not salesman. B 374 Times.

EXPERIENCED double entry and control ledgers; executive ability; Christian; $25. S 97 Times.

EXPORT-IMPORT HOUSE OR PUBLICATION CAN SECURE SERVICES OF EXPERT INVESTIGATOR, REPORTER WITH ANALYTICAL, CONSTRUCTIVE, LEGALLY TRAINED MIND; KNOWLEDGE FRENCH, SPANISH, GERMAN; EXPERIENCED IN RESEARCH AND REPORTORIAL WORK; ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE. H 906 TIMES HARLEM.

EXPORT.—French engineer and business man, with European experience, having offices in Paris, since 3 years member French Purchasing Commission in U. S., thoroughly familiar with American business methods, complete knowledge of English, French, German, would consider connection with American corporation. X 400 Times Annex.

EXPORT, executive, 30, married, just released from service, eleven years' correspondence, sales, managerial with leading auto accessory firms, now desires connection export line; thoroughly familiar automotive products; general knowledge electrical equipment, machinery and hardware; references previous employers; salary $2,200-$2,500. Lock Box 62, East Orange, N. J.

EXPORT.

College man, (28,) executive ability, widely traveled, commanding perfectly Spanish, French, English, German, Russian, desires position where above qualifications plus intelligence and integrity will be appreciated; best references. O 12 Times.

EXPORT OR IMPORT, GRADUATE FINANCE AND COMMERCE, UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA, AGED 24, GENERAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, SEEKS OPPORTUNITY WITH ADVANCEMENT; SALARY SECONDARY. K 219 TIMES.

EXPORT and IMPORT.—Young man, (21,) college education, technical and office experience, knowledge modern languages, desires connection with export-import firm where ability proven will mean rapid advancement. K 321 Times.

EXPORT—IMPORT.

American attorney (two years' export experience) speaking, writing French, German, Russian (some Spanish); advertising, correspondence, executive, office manager; now employed. R 608 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.—Young man, (29,) possessing business ability, well educated, thorough knowledge of Spanish, English, French, Italian, widely traveled, seeks promising connection export house; salary secondary to opportunity; A1 credentials. R 282 Times.

EXPORTERS.—Young man, 22, college education, good knowledge Spanish, French, technical and business experience, acquainted with foreign countries, desires position with exporting firm; ambitious; willing to learn; references. A 905 Times Harlem.

EXPORT ASSISTANT.—Thoroughly acquainted with export-import business, shipping details, and American manufacturers; corresponds in Spanish. K 385 Times.

EX-SERVICE MAN, age 21, 2 years' college, little business experience, job with opportunities in future. K 347 Times.

FACTORY MANAGER,

36, practical executive and systematic production man; energetic, resourceful, and of mature judgment, with wide experience, places him in a position to cope with the most intricate problems; initial salary moderate; opportunity essential. Efficient, Box 10 Times Downtown.

FACTORY SUPERINTENDENT wishes to connect with manufacturing concern; good executive, organizer, disciplinarian, and excellent producer; firm believer in efficiency methods regarding production; must be good possibilities and with a going concern. R 276 Times.

FACTORY MAN, technical education, familiar with every phase of production, handling of labor, material classification, routing in manufacture, and the care and maintenance of equipment, desires position with progressive concern. S 100 Times.

FACTORY MANAGER'S ASSISTANT, 32, 12 years' manufacturing and business experience; accustomed handling technical matters, dependable, resourceful, demonstrated executive ability. M. D., 1,851 Park Place, Brooklyn.

FACTORY MANAGER, organizer; 17 years' experience; thorough knowledge of machinery and electricity. C. W. Smith, Y. M. C. A., Yonkers, N. Y.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT,

a young, energetic, and capable Cornell short-course student, with ten years' experience as a manager of estates; have been very successful with cattle, hogs, and poultry; good references from my former employers and am able to back them. X 258 Times Annex.

FARMER SUPERINTENDENT open for engagement on a gentleman's estate; a life experience in all branches vegetables, shrubs, milk, &c., landscape work, building roads; highest references furnished; age 41; no family. W. W., care Rogers, 225 East 69th St.

FARM MANAGER or superintendent of gentleman's country estate, thoroughly efficient in all branches; first-class references; married, no family; age 40; English-American. G. B., P. O. Box 15 Newark, N. J.

FINANCIAL OR CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY.

HIGH-GRADE MAN, AMERICAN BORN, 40 YEARS OF AGE, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN FINANCIAL MATTERS; LONG LEGAL TRAINING; CERTIFIED BY U. S. CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION AS AN EXPERT IN BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION, OFFERS HIS SERVICES; BEST REFERENCES. O 3 TIMES.

FOREIGN TRADE.

Young man desires connection that will train, lead to responsible position; ability; initiative; experience; qualifications; interview. K 301 Times.

FOREMAN, tool, gauge and diemaker, 18 years' experience, wishes position with reliable concern. K 394 Times.

FRANCE.

Returned soldier, (27,) expert accountant and commercial man; speaks French well; would like to join commercial firm in capacity of representative or efficiency engineer; France or French colonies. O 25 Times.

FURNITURE. — EXPERIENCED INSTALMENT, CREDIT AND SALES MANAGER, BUYER; SUCCESSFUL RECORD; PROGRESSIVE; CAPABLE EXECUTIVE; DESIRES CHANGE; NEW YORK OR ELSEWHERE. R 586 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GARAGE MANAGER, experienced, A1 man; do clerical work and handle automobile accessories. Box 158, 1,464 3d Av.

GARDENER, &c.—Situation wanted by gardener, head or supt., with a gentleman who loves and likes to improve his grounds; 43 years old, married, no family; German born; American citizen; over 25 years' practical experience in every line of gardening; knows system and economy; well able to lay out any size of place and get results; not afraid of practical work; best references. Only a gentleman who really wants a first-class and working supt. please answer. Would like a personal interview. H. H., care Frank Niesen, New York Av., cor. Morgan St., Union Hill, N. J.

GARDENER wishes position, 38 years old, Scotch, married, one child, capable of taking charge of private estate, cows, chickens, &c.; life experience; first-class references. L 213 Times.

GARDENER, thoroughly up in all branches vegetables, fruits, flowers, and lawn; all kinds of shrubbery; best references. T. B., 368 Lexington Av.

GARDENER, single, experienced flowers, fruits, vegetables, care greenhouse, etc.; references. S 137 Times.

GRADUATE ENGINEER, 10 years' experience structural and mechanical; buildings, bridges, tanks, cranes, conveyors, derricks; executive; age 35, married; best references. Box X 397 Times Annex.

HAVE HAD seven years' experience sales and executive work, rubber manufacturing; good correspondent; desire opportunity where productive efforts will be rewarded. S 133 Times.

HIGH-GRADE EXECUTIVE

of unusual ability, 31, experienced in export, import, financing, manufacturing, accustomed to handling large transactions, desires responsible position with large corporation. A 184 Times, or telephone Madison Square 9900, Room 251.

INTERPRETER, French, going to France, wants offer from American concern. L 202 Times.

INVESTIGATOR —Experienced, high-grade man, 40 years of age, to investigate references of employes; could assist employment manager if not enough outside work to occupy my full time. L 211 Times.

INVESTIGATOR.—Man familiar with casualty insurance, compensation, and negligence losses, adjuster, collector; expert on horses, vehicles, &c.; desires outside position; moderate salary. R 611 Times Downtown.

INVESTIGATOR or Collector.—Highest references. W 711 Times Downtown.

JANITOR.—We want to place one of our janitors in good position; can take care of two 16 or 20 family houses, or three 8-family houses; must have free rent and salary; can make all repairs; has own tools. Tulla, 174 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

JAPANESE VALET-COOK, general housework, wishes position morning and afternoon; very good references. "Iso," 47 Prospect Place, City.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

JUNIOR EXECUTIVE.

University graduate, familiar with export technique statistics, accounting, knowledge chemicals, at present with Government bureau, responsible capacity, desires connection with export house. R 285 Times.

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANT, N. Y. U. graduate, employed, desires permanent position on local staff of C. P. A. S 706 Times Downtown.

JUST RELEASED FROM WAR WORK. AN EXCEPTIONAL EXECUTIVE, SPECIALIZING IN EMPLOYMENT AND PERSONNEL PROBLEMS; SYSTEM PRODUCTION AND LABOR TURNOVER; IS YOUR EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT SECURING THE CREAM OF THE NOW AVAILABLE LABOR, WEEDING OUT YOUR "WAR MECHANICS" AND SECURING THE BEST POSSIBLE PRODUCTION FROM YOUR NEW? IF NOT, LET ME TALK IT OVER WITH YOU. ADDRESS A., BOX K 314 TIMES.

KELLEY PRESSMAN, experienced, desires permanent position with reliable firm. A 291 Times.

LAWYER, especially good drawing contracts, long experience general practice New York City, also business experience, desires position with large corporation. B 381 Times.

LIEUTENANT U. S. ARMY, DISCHARGED —Export, general office experience speaks Spanish fluently; not afraid of hard work; seeks in or out of town position. A. D. C., 1767 Gleason Av., Bronx, N. Y. City.

MAID, (white,) for general housework; good wages, nice room, private bath, with or without washing; small family. C. M. Crofoot, 281 South Ridgewood Road, South Orange. Telephone South Orange 1245; car fare paid.

MAIL ORDER EXECUTIVE.

Well educated young man, age 21, familiar with all branches of the Mail Order business, as assistant to superintendent; also hiring help, purchasing supplies, secretarial, efficiency work. B 582 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURING EXECUTIVE—Certified public accountant and factory engineer, age 43, well educated, 15 years' experience, available for position with well rated company as general or works manager, comptroller, secretary, or treasurer; thoroughly experienced in all branches of accounting and factory engineering; good executive, factory and business organizer; broad experience in introduction of practical cost, production, and selling methods; if necessary can make substantial investment; A1 banking and other references. "Executive," care Guenther-Bradford Co., 64 West Randolph St., Chicago.

MANUFACTURING EXECUTIVE. — Technical graduate, age 32, with 8 years' experience in production work and factory management, desires connection with manufacturing concern employing 100 to 1,000 hands; can furnish best references. Address 255 Times, 2 Rector St.

MANAGER.—Fifteen years' responsible connection with an important and progressive New York City trust company has fitted me to assume complete management of the office of an estate or the affairs of a wealthy individual; highest grade references. X 208 Times Annex.

MAN, middle aged; executive ability; good personality; long business experience; conscientious and trustworthy; familiar with accounts and legal matters; inside or outside. Britton, 556 Dean St., Brooklyn. Phone 1968 Sterling.

MAN with over fifteen years' general insurance experience, as placer and other outside work, but for some time past confined to the office, wishes an outside position with a first-class insurance broker, real estate or insurance company. B 567 Times Downtown.

MAN, 50, healthy, energetic, dependable, wants position, city or country; can paint, kalsomine, rough carpentry, cementing, most any kind of repairs; some knowledge forestry. B 252 Times Bronx.

MANAGER-ACCOUNTANT. — Thorough accountant and executive is willing to make change if future opportunity, with salary of $6,000 a year, is offered; reference from past and present connections. P 322 Times.

MAN, (28,) Christian, neat appearance, army discharge, wishes position offering advancement; six years' automobile business experience. R 164 Times.

MAN.—4 years' experience as factory production and cost clerk, wishes position that affords good opportunity for advancement. Address Capable, Box 283 Times Downtown.

MAN, act as messenger, or at a desk in bank or insurance; served last employer over 35 years; pensioned; good health; American. A 227 Times.

MAN, married, with initiative ability; conscientious; considerable business experience. S 646 Times Downtown.

MARTINS

desires thoroughly experienced

SALESWOMEN

ON COATS AND SUITS, DRESSES, WAISTS, AND FURS; permanent positions; good salary. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, Fulton, Cor. Bridge St., Brooklyn.

MASSEUR, attendant, valet; tall, strong young man wishes position. Write "H.," 848 Lexington Av.

MASSEUR, licensed, colored, thorough; men only. Adams, 16 West 134th. 2542 Harlem.

MECHANICAL engineer, 15 years' experience Ford Company inclusive; university graduate; engineering problems, ingenuity, production, industrial; high-class position. R 273 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

Aged 30, expert designer light machinery and tools; wants a responsible position with opportunity. Address Reliable, 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, age 29; shop, engineering, production, estimating, and business experience, with executive ability; references furnished. B 107 Times Harlem.

MECHANIC, auto, some experience, married, 27, honorable discharge; ambitious; best references. Ahrens, 1,820 Monroe Av., Bronx.

MILL ENGINEER OR SUPERINTENDENT.

Graduate mechanical engineer; age 31; ten years' experience in engineering, manufacturing, and management problems; thoroughly familiar with milling, power plants, and the handling and storage of material in bulk and package, and have produced results in this line; now in U. S. service; open for engagement March 1; salary $6,000. X 311 Times Annex.

NIGHT WORK wanted by young man, (23;) excellent education; thoroughly conversant advertising correspondence; intelligent, alert, energetic. B 482 Times Downtown.

NON-CONFLICTING side line wanted to carry with kid gloves; established trade N. Y. City and vicinity; commission, otherwise. L 215 Times.

NURSE, NORLAND, WANTED, OR SUPERIOR ENGLISH NURSERY GOVERNESS FOR SIX-YEAR-OLD CHILD. WRITE, GIVING QUALIFICATIONS AND REFERENCES. X 357 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE MAN.

The services of a man, (34,) Christian, with broad business experience, initiative, loyalty, forceful personality, who is a good executive, can be secured by substantial firm where modern intensive business methods will be appreciated, thorough knowledge office systems, filing, credits, collections and shipping; good correspondent; compensation dependent upon requirements and opportunities of position offered. B 550 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN, competent, with ten years' experience in export trade in England; age 20; American citizen; a good correspondent of executive ability, with knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping; has general business training; can furnish excellent references; position in export trade preferred, which offers opportunity for advancement; salary desired, $35 per week. B 585 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Any New York firm contemplating the opening of a London office and who desires the services of a manager with New York and London experience will find it to their advantage to drop a line to Box S 661 Times Downtown.

OFFICER, aged 27, about to be discharged from the army, desires position in freight traffic department of commercial or industrial house; was assistant freight claim agent for large transportation company; familiar with tariffs, classifications, &c. R 213 Times.

OFFICE MAN, age 26, released from Officers' Training Camp, 10 years' experience, stenographic-secretary, charge of office, seeks opening, with possibility of joining sales force and traveling. B 1096 Times Harlem.

OFFICE MANAGER. — EXPERIENCED DEPT. STORE CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS; HIGHEST REFERENCES. MANAGER, K 305 TIMES.

OFFICE MAN, correspondent, accustomed volume of detail; conversant export; shipping. S 684 Times Downtown.

PACIFIC COAST SALESMAN.

Well known; age 37; credentials O. K.; executive experience; introducing new lines or building up old; seek connection with reputable firm. Address Hustler, G 21 Times.

PAPER SALESMAN (CITY.)

In touch with large business, would like to connect with mill agency company with good facilities for obtaining paper. K 374 Times.

PAPER BOXES AND PRINTING.

All kinds; 10 years' executive and selling experience; would like to represent an out-of-town house in New York; this is not essential; salary $3,000. R 226 Times.

PATENT ATTORNEY, who gave up practice to enter U. S. War Department service, seeks position requiring wide knowledge of general patent practice. Attorney, care of P. J. Savage, 239 Broadway.

PHYSICIAN desires position in private hospital or sanitarium. J. B. M., Great Kills, Staten Island, N. Y., P. O. Box 191.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

PHYSICIAN, age 43, licensed New York, Massachusetts, Vermont, desires position in commercial field. Address, with full particulars, Doctor, Box 234, Bound Brook, N. J.

POSITION with import and export house of standing, by married man, age 24; retiring from law practice; salary at start nominal where ability will be recognized by advancement. S 504 Times Downtown.

POSITION wanted with theatrical or motion picture organization, preferably executive capacity. G 30 Times.

PRINTING SALESMAN. — Energetic, ambitious young man, thoroughly familiar with printing details, controls some business, would like to become associated with progressive uptown establishment doing better-grade printing. K 371 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY. — Refined gentleman, 25, knowledge of foreign languages, accountancy, and typewriting, college graduate, with business experience, desires position as assistant to permanent executive; bank reference. Address [illegible] West 120th.

PUBLIC UTILITY.

An association with a banking house dealing in public utilities securities is sought by one having an intimate knowledge of public utility values and a constructive plan which he would like to see effective in order to take advantage of reorganization possibilities today in the public utility field. K 2?? Times.

PUBLICITY EXPERT

Journalist, publicity promoter; long experience, international campaigns; wide knowledge world foreign trade; exceptional references; ready join organization or manage campaign in export. G 777 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT AND EXECUTIVE SEEKS NEW CONNECTION; SUCCESSFUL CAREER MANAGING, ORGANIZING AND SYSTEMATIZING; FULL CHARGE OF BUSINESS OR PURCHASING DEPARTMENT; EXPERIENCE MANAGING PURCHASING AND SELLING, FACTORY, MILL, CONTRACTORS' AND RAILROAD SUPPLIES, 18 YEARS. R 596 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PURCHASING AGENT, who has complete command of the purchase of building materials and structural steel, wishes to associate with company doing a domestic or export business; highest credentials. R 244 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT.—Soldier, (22,) discharged; 10 years' executive, purchasing, selling experience; thorough knowledge paper and printing; desires connection with reliable concern; salary. S 590 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT for large drug firm; ex-service man; high school instructor of chemistry and physics; electrical engineer while in service at U. S. Steam Eng. School. S 491 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT, ten years' experience in machinery, tools, hardware, and factory supplies, wishes position; best references. S 624 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT, expert on stock room, factory and auto supplies. S 648 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE EXPERT, 10 years' exceptional experience, buying, selling, renting, managing various kinds Manhattan realty; has energy and ability to get best results; valuable for high-grade broker's office, capable of managing branch office or private estate; bond furnished; commission basis; highest credentials. A. A., 77 Times.

REAL ESTATE.—Young man, 26, married, at present assistant to Treasurer of corporation, desires change; 10 years' general real estate, insurance experience, managing, leasing, collection; executive ability; $2,000. K 267 Times.

REAL ESTATE, 32, eight years' experience managing properties, supervising repairs, desires connection where ability and hard work will be rewarded; finest references. B 1073 Times Harlem.

REAL ESTATE.—Position wanted by man thoroughly experienced mortgages and apartment management, repairs, &c. A 914 Times Harlem.

RELIABLE YOUNG MAN, ENERGETIC, WITH TEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN FOREIGN TRADE, A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF ENGLISH, FRENCH, AND SPANISH, ALSO CONVERSANT WITH SEVERAL OTHER LANGUAGES, IS OPEN FOR A SERIOUS PROPOSITION FROM RELIABLE FIRM OR INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION TO OFFER; WILLING TO GO TO ANY PART OF THE WORLD. O 22 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Dress silk house, making an up-to-date line of high-grade silks, every number a leader, is looking for representatives over the following territories: Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, Boston and the East, Middle West, Northwest, New York State and Pennsylvania, and the entire South; commission basis only and no objection to other non-conflicting lines; acquaintance with silk buyers essential. Address, stating full particulars as to past, present connections. Y 231 Times Annex.

SALES EXECUTIVE.

Young man, with broad and successful selling record and general executive experience, both in this country and abroad, desires position as sales manager or special representative; best possible references furnished; no real estate or insurance, only the highest class proposition considered; salary, $7,500. Y 207 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—LIVE WIRE.

College man, attractive personality, 25, represented silk house successfully for three years, seeks connection where thoughtful, conscientious salesmanship plus ability to "clinch" a sale, and energy of nine months' naval training, will be appreciated; implicit confidence in self will assure you of striking results. S 169 Times.

SALES MANAGER, large industrial concern, seriously interested in development of foreign trade; experience with traffic department of eastern trunk line, foreign trade dept. of N. Y. bank, sales manager of iron and steel Co. with branches abroad; just returned from one year's service in France with A. E. F. as major Engineer Corps; speak French fluently. X 3?8 Times Annex.

SALES AND ADVERTISING manager with 15 years' experience in advertising and selling is open for proposition from small and progressive company where part of salary and bonus on increased sales may be invested in stock of the company; best references as to character, ability, &c.; will appreciate an interview. S 127 Times.

SALES AND ADVERTISING

Manager, with successful selling record; can sell merchandise, specialties; am heavyweight producer, understanding broad underlying scientific principles of selling and advertising; wants connection with progressive institution; can furnish highest credentials to ability and character. K 362 Times.

SALESMAN, 8 years exceptionally successful experience, general lines and specialties, mostly traveling; desires position with reliable manufacturer; age 30; unincumbered, well educated, proven producer; now employed, but desires change; excellent references; commission basis preferred. B 279 Times.

SALES AGENCY wanted; engineering line preferred; sales engineer, 33, considerable experience, manufacturing and selling, at present naval engineering officer, is desirous associating himself immediately on above basis with reliable manufacturing concern; commission arrangements feasible. S 106 Times.

SALESMAN.—Well educated young man, age 21, who has risen from a secretarial to an executive position, desires an opportunity as a salesman with a first-class concern. B 583 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced selling canned food specialties New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, seeks proposition any line; has own automobile; salary and commission. K 284 Times.

SALESMAN,

long experience, with big following among notion buyers, wholesale, as well as large department stores through Middle West, wishes to make a quick change; best references. L 180 Times.

SALESMAN, TOBACCO, CIGARS.

Experienced salesman in tobacco and cigars will be open for engagement Feb 1 to trade city, or outside trade, for jobbing or manufacturing; references A1. Address D. Senior, 1,834 Broadway, City, Room 205.

SALESMAN.—University graduate chemical engineer; 5 years' selling experience; 2 years' charge control laboratory; desires connection selling end of business; not necessarily chemical; released from government service; references. L 173 Times.

SALESMAN, age 25, aggressive, convincing talker, 7 years' experience, just released from executive position War Department, desires connection where future is assured; knowledge French and foreign trade. B 507 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, (31,) State manager Virginia for a company manufacturing food product; had full charge salesmen, etc.; want to connect with company in grocery line for Northern territory, selling through jobbers or direct. G 781 Times Downtown.

SALES ENGINEER or executive, (30,) college graduate, 10 years of general engineering experience; good business instinct; wishes to associate with a developing organization; prospects must be good. Y 223 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, 37 years of age, unquestionable character, 13 years' experience selling the trade in Washington and vicinity, would like to represent manufacturer or jobber in above mentioned territory. Address H. P. C., 3448 14th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

SALESMAN.—Ambitious young man wishes position with future; until entrance into service was manager of large underwear establishment. Address 561 11th St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, experienced, willing to work at moderate salary to learn line; honorable discharge U. S. Army. W 399 Times.

United Cigar Stores Company of America
44 West 18th Street,
New York.

The New York Times:

We regard it as an evidence of the high value of The New York Times columns that our small announcement published December 27th brought us one hundred replies within two days. From the applicants we were able to make such selections as were necessary to fill the vacant places.

Advertising Department,
United Cigar Stores
Company of America.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

SALESMAN desires connection with reliable steel, hardware, or small tool house; excellent selling and practical experience; very well acquainted with city trade; aged 27; good appearance; hard worker. B 472 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, European, thoroughly acquainted with Balkan States market, desires connection with reliable firm wishing to expand their shoe, clothing, machinery, preferably willing to travel; best testimonials. R 280 Times.

SALESMAN.
Successful record, executive ability, forceful correspondent; age 37; married; open for high grade proposition; automobile owner. B 503 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced supplies for mills, factories, machinists, engineers, steamfitters, hardware, and all metal goods, desires connection with established house; hard worker. B 517 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN with following on Pacific Coast wishes to connect with large wholesale jobbing house; thoroughly experienced in general line; A1 references. G 763 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, ADVERTISING SPECIALTIES AND STAPLE MERCHANDISE; EXCELLENT SALES RECORD, CHARACTER REFERENCES; UNMARRIED; GOOD APPEARANCE. G 18 TIMES.

SALESMAN, ten years' successful experience, city and road, desires position with reliable mercantile house; college graduate; excellent appearance; above the average salesman. B 891 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, thorough selling ability, desires making change to sell any line in New York and vicinity; best references. H. T. Goldstein, 58 Bartlett St., Brooklyn.

SALES MANAGER wants change of position, at present sales manager for manufacturer; wants connection where results mean advancement. B 878 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, calling automobile accessory jobbers in Eastern States, seeks side line or agency; has New York office. S 652 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Traveling salesman recently discharged from army is open for engagement, best of references. B. H. Grober, 5 Folsom Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN, (20,) 2 years' experience hosiery and underwear, would like to connect with reliable firm; references. H 257 Times Bronx.

SALESMAN, covering entire State of Pennsylvania and having a following in gents' furnishing line, desires connection with reliable house. A. Cooper, 273 Broome St., City.

SALESMAN, just released from service, sold to druggists, grocery, hardware, department store trade and medical profession. B 549 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wishes to connect with a reliable house; 6 years' experience with the retail and jobbing dry goods trade in greater New York. A 212 Times.

SALESMAN.—Traveling man is seeking a first-class line or good novelties to sell to Middle West trade on commission basis. A 198 Times.

SALESMAN, married, wishes to connect with a progressive, reliable firm; automobile license. Patrick Kane, 2,675 Heath Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN, highly educated, years' traveling experience selling soaps, canned foods, specialties jobbers, wishes connection reliable firm. K 398 Times.

SALESMAN, (21,) college training; staple line; live wire; interview will convince; will travel. Ross, 301 East 79th.

SALESMAN, manila rope, experienced hardware and consuming trade. G 747 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 26, city, road; would like to hear from reliable concerns; 7 years' experience, best references. R 336 Times.

SALESMAN, (45,) desires position with a reliable lithographer; experienced. E. K., [illegible] Times.

SALESMAN, able, department store acquaintance, wide experience, wants special work. K 393 Times.

SALESMAN.—City salesman, 20 years, desires position, or will represent out-of-town concern; best references. G 177 Times.

SALES MANAGER, high class specialty man, about to change, references. L 131 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, energetic business getter; driving my own car; can cover lots of territory. B 1098 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, ten years' road experience, wishes merchandise line; metropolitan district. R 333 Times.

SALESMAN.—Building line, materials, experienced; successful high-class business getter. G 12 Times.

SALESMAN.—Energetic young married man wishes position; salary and commission; knowledge of Spanish. Ramirez, 59 W. 106th.

SALESMAN.—Live wire wants reliable connection; willing to travel. G 256 Times Bronx.

SALESMAN, 26, employed, covering metropolitan district; seeks better opportunity. [illegible] 179 Times.

SALESMAN, (34,) energetic, desires position, compensation secondary to opportunity. E 34 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, capable selling machinery, tools, &c., desires traveling position. A 220 Times.

SALESMAN.—Leather line wanted for Pittsburgh district. O 18 Times.

SALESMAN, young, open for first-class connection, with salary; city. A 164 Times.

SALESMAN.—Shirt waist line wanted for Pittsburgh district. O 19 Times.

SALESMEN.—Real high-class, experience; specialty, good closer, open. K 364 Times.

SECRETARY WANTS POSITION.
Qualified secretary; navy release; tactful; knows work from ground up; expert stenographer; reads, writes, and speaks Spanish and Swedish fluently, speaks and understands Norwegian, working knowledge of Portuguese and Danish; 27; married; highest references; traveled and versatile; desires place where loyalty and ability will insure future. B 373 Times.

SECRETARIAL.—College man, recently released from service, desires position with reputable concern where initiative and ability will merit advancement; highest references; age 27; expert stenographer and typist; four years business experience. R 89 Times.

SECRETARY, executive's assistant, (27;) expert stenographer and bookkeeper, correspondent; initiative; now Government hearing reporter, department demobilizing. R 22 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Young man, expert stenographer, capable correspondent; well educated; advancement. K 23 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, (Stenotypist,) six years' experience; good references. $28-$30. O 8 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, executive, clerical, American; compensation commensurate high grade ability. G 743 Times Downtown.

SERVICE COMPLAINT
and
INSPECTION MANAGER.

American, 38, best references; expert mechanic, experienced in handling details, correspondence, parts and supplies, factory and traveling inspectors and installations. B 502 Times Downtown.

SERVICE MANAGER.—American, 35 years; 15 years' automobile experience; A1 references. Write C. B. 148 Columbus Av.

SHIPPING CLERK, (30,) executive experience, desires connection mercantile, manufacturing concern. R 286 Times.

SOLDIER, expert stenographer; thorough knowledge of Spanish; American; (30;) $25. K 43 Times.

SPANISH translator, experienced, honorably discharged soldier, seeks position commercial house, private school. Louis Goodman, 143 West 113th St., City.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN, going West, wants latest quick-money novelties, all lines; hurry. A 179 Times.

STATISTICIAN-ENGINEER, 27, married, six years' experience, statistics, costs, office management, drafting, seeks opportunity; salary minor consideration; technical and commercial education. G 748 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

STEAM HEATING SUPERINTENDENT.
Can estimate, design, superintend installations of all steam heating and power work; fully qualified in all details of the business; wide experience; successful record. Address Efficient. S 606 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert correspondent, (37,) possessing executive ability, salesmanship qualities, and LL. B. degree, seeks high-grade permanent secretarial connection; splendid references; reasonable salary. W 701 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, (26,) honorable army discharge; 9 years' experience; desires position with firm offering opportunity for advancement; salary, $25. Opportunity. R 581 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, able young man, desires position that offers advancement. Frank Bonomo, 37 East 58th. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, experienced, capable, honorably discharged, position with advancement. L 158 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, knowledge Spanish; year's experience; above average. S 641 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent and experienced, work after 5 P. M., $1 hour. Bowling Green 7100. S 578 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, American, capable, highly educated, experienced, anything offering future. A 193 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY,
Gentile; 5 years' experience; best references; man of ability and integrity; $25. R 312 Times.

STEWARD-MANAGER, for the past 15 years with first-class houses in service, seeks position in club, institution, apartment, hotel, &c. Box 585 Allenhurst, N. J. Telephone Allenhurst 227-R.

STEWARD—COOK, &c.—Country club; wife, cook, housekeeper; long experience; references. Ansell, 300 West 112th.

STEWARD.—8 years' experience in hotel line, all departments; charge of club preferred. R 240 Times.

STOCK CLERK and salesman; auto supplies, purchasing experience; conscientious, trustworthy. S 647 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT AND CHIEF ENGINEER.—An American, holding first-class marine and city license, desires a position in a high-class office building or elevator apartment; capable and reliable; absolutely sober; can make every necessary repair and can guarantee to reduce operating expenses; understands the handling of help and renting; have had ten years' experience and can furnish excellent references as to character and ability. R 617 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT OR FACTORY MANAGER.—American, with 25 years of broad practical executive experience with large organizations and modern methods in the production of interchangeable parts and special machinery from drafting room to finished product; energetic, progressive organizer and producer; available Feb. 1. R 292 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Wanted, position as factory superintendent or assistant by man with several years' experience in factory work; capable of handling the labor situation; technical college graduate; at present employed as superintendent. Reply Technical, X 245 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT or Works Manager by an experienced executive and administrator; one skilled in manufacture and production of sheet metal parts, tools, dies and special machinery; prefers to locate in or near New York; references A1. S. O., 8,625 Broadway.

SUPERINTENDENT wishes high-class apartment or office building, with or without kitchen privileges; 10 years' experience; own tools; personal references. Schneider, 103 West 58th St.

SUPERINTENDENT, &c.—A live man, whom war work has released, seeks connection with growing concern as shop superintendent or manager; best references at interview. L 162 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Capable and reliable man with unquestionable references, is open for engagement; A1 repair man. S. J., Academy 1565, or address 108, 852 Columbus Av.

SUPERINTENDENT.—A1 executive and organizer; 13 years' practical experience in machine manufacturing; technical education. R 259 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, (Architect's;) thoroughly practical and experienced; competent executive; salary dependent on future prospects. X 371 Times Annex.

TECHNICAL EXECUTIVE, over 20 years' engineering, designing, production and manufacturing experience; available March 1 for responsible financial parties interested in manufacturing or developing propositions. S 697 Times Downtown.

THEATRE MANAGER, moving picture or vaudeville; reliable, able and experienced; only first-class house considered. K 397 Times.

TO EXECUTIVES OF HIGH STANDING
in need of administrative assistant, or in selling, purchasing, or managing capacity; Communicate with naval officer now awaiting discharge. L 181 Times.

TOY SALESMAN
would like to connect with reliable firm for New England States; 10 years' experience; references. K 348 Times.

TRAVELING SALESMAN. — Over twenty years' experience in carpets, rugs, and lace curtains and drapery nets, controlling best trade in Eastern, Southern, and Central States, can sell any first-class line; open for a position where strict attention to business and results will be appreciated; salary and commission and traveling expenses; best of references. Address "Producer," Box 24 Times.

TRUCK, (3½-ton,) owner wishes to secure firm upon monthly or yearly contract; rates exceedingly low. A 210 Times.

Two young men with office in Perth Amboy, N. J., wish to connect with concern that can offer a good line for New Jersey territory. King, 109 Brighton Av., Perth Amboy, N. J.

TWO YOUNG MEN, live wires, excellent following, wish to connect with substantial tire concern, exclusive New England territory, with office in Boston. Y 227 Times Annex.

U. S. ARMY AVIATOR, honorably discharged, college graduate, desires position with opportunity for good future. R 302 Times.

YOU can secure the services of an all-around business woman, (Christian,) who will work conscientiously for your interest at a salary of $20 a week. B 104 Times.

YOUNG, technically and business trained man desires position with contracting, sales, or operating firm with room at top; past experience, industrial engineering; have qualities; want opportunity to make good; future first consideration, compensation as for service rendered. Apt. 64, 207 Dyckman St.

YOUNG MAN, American, 19, high school education, wishes permanent employment with banking, financial, brokerage or large, responsible business corporation affording opportunity for advancement; experience and first-class reference. W 700 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (33,) Christian, from up-State, having held many positions of trust, wishes to start in with some reputable concern as confidential messenger or collector; know New York well; have the best of references. James H. Manning, 115 Meredith Av., Arverne, L. I.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorably discharged, desires position; capable and of good appearance and address; stenographer; salary desired $18-$20. R 335 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, energetic, 5 years' experience cloak and suit jobbing, would make valuable assistant to any house; A1 references; salary secondary consideration; recently resigned navy work. B. D., 250 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, knowledge building construction, seeks position with building or real estate concern; capable of doing drafting, superintending construction; 6 years' experience; references; salary $25 to $30. A 176 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 29, single, honorably discharged, seeks position with a reliable concern, where intelligence and common sense are required; have inherited a fortune, but am too energetic to depend upon this money as an only source of income. L 102 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) with ability, navy release, desires position with reliable wholesale house; drapery line preferred; selling experience. H. J. Miller, 365 East 123d St., City.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) technical graduate, desires position; 2½ years' experience as draftsman, Government gauge inspector, and cost accountant. A. Rosenblum, 973 Whitlock Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 21, evening session student N. Y. University School of Commerce, with knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, office work, desires position; honorably discharged. S 592 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, good appearance and selling ability; general business knowledge, bookkeeping and clerical experience; recently released from Government work; highest credentials. K 378 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) Yale graduate, released navy officer, desires responsible position, preferably as secretary to executive who needs dependable assistant; business experience. S 686 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, married, 4 years with export house, preparing documents, foreign exchange, credits, detail work, executive ability; available Feb. S 693 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, experienced wholesale and retail selling, desires connection with establishment offering opportunity for future; outside or inside selling with stock work. A 170 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) eight years' experience clerical, billing and export shipping, desires permanent position; good typist and figurer; knowledge bookkeeping; excellent references. B 538 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, 29, wishes to connect with reputable concern; university training; technical, mercantile, executive experience; finest reference regarding personality, character, and ability. K 380 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, high school graduate, general business experience, wants position with progressive concern where real work insures good future; salary $29. R 613 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, age 28 years, ten years' experience in insurance company; best references; mercantile or export house preferred. Lewis M. Willis, 80 William St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, with 20 years' experience, executive, office manager, auditing, credits, finance, desires immediate and permanent position; not a stock salesman. R 300 Times.

YOUNG MAN, recently discharged from service, can adapt himself to any position; knowledge of bookkeeping; good general business experience; woolen line preferred. O 9 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) honorable discharge, salesmanship ability, desires position; formerly with silk concern; prefer phonograph line. Max Green, 16 South Chase Av., Rockaway Beach, L. I.

YOUNG MAN, 24, recently resigned statistician War Department, experienced insurance and insurance publishing statistics; best references. S 593 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) five years' experience in piece goods, shipping; knowledge of bookkeeping; can take charge of contractor's cloak and suit house. R 98 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) ambitious and well educated, seeks position that can offer a future to one determined to "make good;" presently employed. S 689 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, recently honorably discharged from army, desires position as salesman in city; can furnish his Ford roadster; highest references. C. Y., 808 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, Protestant, living with his parents, grammar school graduate; six months at business school; references from school and church. G 25 Times.

YOUNG AMERICAN, college man, (20,) well educated, energetic and pleasing, desires permanent position with reliable concern. R 288 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) graduate civil engineer, desires to locate with contracting firm; six years on large construction work; released from navy. S 640 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (27,) college training, sales experience, forceful, wants opportunity to make good; manufacturing concern preferred. S 639 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, executive, knowledge credits, collections, correspondence, college graduate, legal training, seeks position; honorably discharged. A 186 Times.

YOUNG AMERICAN,
33, MARRIED, SEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE SALES EXECUTIVE WORK; GOOD CORRESPONDENT. S 134 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) would like a position with reliable publisher; two years' experience; only a position with a chance for advancement considered. S 93 Times.

YOUNG MAN of refinement, experienced in bookkeeping and general accounting, with best of reference, wishes position with reliable firm. R 616 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, good appearance, good education, would like connection manufacturing concern; willing learn; prior joining their selling force. Write J. F., 14 Av. A.

YOUNG MAN, 18, desires position in shipping department of growing firm; salary second to advancement. G 787 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, well educated, desires position where ability and conscientious effort will be of mutual benefit; good penman; $22. A 196 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21; four years' experience, shipping, receiving clerk; highly recommended; expert packer. S 702 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, acquainted with millinery, hosiery, neckwear, gloves, underwear, as far as retail experience is concerned; excellent opportunity; salary. B 881 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, married, wishes position hosiery, underwear, notion house; experienced. B 513 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, would work for moderate salary to learn line and given chance to sell. S 701 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position; five years' experience in office work. K 209 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate; excellent mathematician; day or evening; anything. B 1081 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (26,) desires clerical position where experience is unnecessary. L 212 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in rubberizing line, would like to connect with rubber concern. K 289 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) six years' general office experience, desires position with selling opportunity. A 229 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, educated, energetic, business experience; references; position anything. W 720 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires position, anything, anywhere, advancement; selling ability, references. B 525 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) army discharge, high school graduate, desires to enter business world; quick learner. J 258 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) high school graduate, desires position; references; $17. A 907 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires to connect with reliable firm; has sales ability; energetic and wide awake. R 646 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) well educated, desires position afternoon and evening. R 601 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position; anything with reasonable salary to start. J. Waldman, 454 Palisade Av., Jersey City.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college education, desires connection with large concern, which can offer opportunity for future. R 266 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position to work evenings at anything. S. K., 460 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) double entry bookkeeping, typing; 3 years' experience. B 520 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in book store, knowing French, also parcel post, wants offer. L 201 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) position at anything where ability appreciated. S 659 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, thoroughly familiar of office detail; wishes position with advancement; salary $20. S 621 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge of office routine, shipping, selling, capable, energetic. R 280 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (29,) experience bookkeeping, payroll, shipping, receiving; position anything. R 252 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) honorable discharge army as radio operator, desires position where there is future. K 302 Times.

YOUNG MAN, married, good executive, salesman, office manager, desires connection. G 749 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, high school student, desires position; $12 week. K 382 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 10, well educated, typist; accurate at figures. J. D., 175 Times.

YOUNG MAN (19) desires position at anything; willing worker. O 5 Times.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

PROBLEMS OF READJUSTMENT
of Office Help.
CONSULT THE EMPLOYER.
THE WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE
has now listed many hundreds of
YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN
with investigated records.
Conservative service free to
EMPLOYERS, AS FOLLOWS, VIZ:
STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST—$12, $15, $20, $25.
BOOKKEEPERS' ASSTS.—$15, $18, $20, $25.
CLERICAL—Order, shipping, receiving, cashiers, timekeepers, &c.: $15-$18-$20-$25-$30.
ACCOUNTANTS, Executives, $1,500-$3,000.
SALESMEN, $1,200-$2,500.
JUNIORS, $10-$12-$15.
THE WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE,
Chamber of Commerce Bldg.,
32 Court St., Brooklyn, New York.
PHONE MAIN 7033-7034.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "64" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

AUTO BARGAINS,
ON EXHIBITION.
CADILLAC, collapsible Landaulet, 1917.
CADILLAC, convertible Sedan, 1917.
CADILLAC, Victoria coupe, 1917.
CADILLAC, Roadster, 1917.
CADILLAC, 7-passenger, 1917 and 1916.
PACKARD, Chummy Roadster, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, Touring, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD 2-35, Landaulet, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Limousine, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Touring, 1916.
LOCO, 6-38, Landaulet, 1915.
LANCIA, 35, Special Roadster, 1916.
LANCIA, Streamline Touring, 1918.
BIDDLE, new Roadster, 1918.
ISOTTA, Special Touring, 1915.
LANCIA, Modern Town Car.
MARMON, Chummy Roadster, 1916.
FIAT, 90, Special Roadster.
DE DION, small Town Car.
RENAULT, 18 horse, collapsible Landaulet.
RENAULT, 45, Limousine.
ROSKAM SCOTT CO.,
1,806 Broadway, (63d,) 907 Columbus.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

A CLEARANCE SALE.
NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.
All STANDARD "8" cars
GUARANTEED.
LIKE NEW.
STANDARD "8," 1917, LIMOUSINE, almost new throughout.
Standard "8," 1918 touring; demonstrator; run very little.
Standard "8," 1917 touring; excellent condition.
Stutz roadster, late model, very good mechanically; newly repainted and renickeled; tires practically new; big bargain.
Chalmers 1918 sedan, run 3,500 miles, elegant condition.
Chalmers 1917 touring, slip covers, good paint and tires.
Premier 1917 chummy roadster, very good.
Satisfactory demonstrations given on every car.
Standard "8," Used Car Dept.
TAYLOR MOTORS CORPORATION,
64th St. and B'way. Phone Columbus 4648.

ALCO seven-passenger touring, new tires, slip covers; just overhauled, repainted; every possible extra and equipment; must be seen to be appreciated; owned by estate. G 715 Times Downtown.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 PACKARD Touring.
1918 CADILLAC Sedan.
1917 CADILLAC Sedan.
1918 DANIELS 4-passenger touring.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW touring.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger touring.
1917 MARMON touring.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 MAXWELL Sedan.
1917 HUDSON cabriolet.
1917 BUICK Sedan.
1917 OVERLAND Sedan.
1916 SIMPLEX limousine landaulet.
1916 MARMON town car.
1917 DODGE touring.
1917 CADILLAC touring; excellent condition.
1910 STUTZ Speedster Bearcat.
TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
1917 PACKARD, 2-ton.
1918 GARFORD, 2-ton; cannot be told from new.
1917 REO, 2-ton.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

BARGAINS in used cars! 1917 super. 6 Hudson, seven passenger; 1917 Model G Scripps-Booth; 1918 4-cylinder Stearns, Moline Knight limousine, wire wheels; 1917 little 6 Paige sedan, absolutely perfect; all cars in perfect condition. Time payments arranged. NORMAN GARAGE AND SALES CO., 238 West 54th St. Circle 113. Open Sundays.

BUICK "Big Six" Roadster 1918, in perfect condition; this car has had little use and good care; price $800. R. H. Davis, Stamford, Conn.

BUICK 1918 "Little Six," five-passenger; cannot be told from new; make offer; any demonstration. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th St.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK sedan, 7 passenger, 1918 model; good as new. Telephone 6036 Yonkers. Johnson, 53 South B'way, Yonkers, N. Y.

BUICK.—Sell my 1918 "E-49" 7-passenger touring; extras; excellent. Miss Donnelly, Riverside Av., Amityville, L. I. 'Phone 110.

BUICK Sedan five passenger; good condition; reasonable. Hotel Chelsea, Apt. 76A.

BUICK cabriolet, 1917; perfect condition. F. D. Homan, 250 West 54th St.

BUICK, 1917, Little-6 touring, $800. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK, 1918, E-45; sacrifice, $1,150; like brand new. Phone owner, 422 Main.

BUICK roadster, 1918, six cylinder. See Al, 231 West 54th, Clemons's car.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

BUY NOW. SAVE MONEY.
Abbott-Detroit 1919; brand new.
Pierce-Arrow 1918, "38" Sedan.
Pierce 1918, "48" Vestibule Suburban Land.
Pierce-Arrow 1917, "48" Landaulet.
Stutz 1918, 4-pass. Sport Model.
Stutz 1917, 6-passenger Touring.
Hudson 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
Hudson 1917, 4-passenger Sport.
Cadillac 1917, 7-passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1916, Collapsible Landaulet.
Cadillac 1916, Convertible Coupe.
Buick 1918, 7-passenger Touring.
Packard 1917, 2-35 7-pass. Touring.
Marmon 1917, 7-passenger Touring.
Franklin 1918, 5-passenger Touring.
A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
Lancia 1916, Runabout; disappearing seats.
Lancia 1915, 4-passenger Sport Model.
Lancia 1914, Runabout; disappearing seats.
Fiat, latest importation Fleetwood Landaulet.
Rolls-Royce, the most beautiful car in America; is absolutely perfect.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC. Est. 1902.
1,676 Broadway. Open evenings. Circle 65.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan, new cord tires, original paint, which is excellent, mechanically perfect; an exceptional opportunity considering condition.
HUDSON 1918 "Special" Suburban Sedan, like new; blue velvet upholstery, wire wheels, extras; presents beautiful appearance, exceptional car.
HUDSON 1917 Sedan, mechanically perfect; upholstery, tires, paint, etc., excellent; reasonably priced.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. FOURTH FLOOR.

CADILLAC 1917 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD 1918 LIMOUSINE, 3-35.
PIERCE 1918 LANDAULET, 38.
PACKARD 1917 TOURING, 2-35.
PACKARD 1917 PHAETON, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 ROADSTER, 2-25.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1917 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 Victoria Coupe, 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1916 SEDAN and CABRIOLET.
PACKARD 1915 TOURING, 3-38.
SIMPLEX 1915 LIMOUSINE, 38.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC suburban Sedan, 1916; must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition; slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC, very late 1917; equipped with lightweight 4-pass. sport type body; special tuned; exceptional fast motor; tires like new; full tool equipment; fire extinguisher; spot light; mirrorscope; skid chains; clock; bumper; being sold to settle up litigation over an estate; exact mileage 2,724; fully guaranteed. Gilhooly & Whale, 157 West 56th.

CADILLAC cabriolet; late 1917 model; full leather back; perfect condition; wire wheels; excellent tires; Westinghouse shock absorbers; run low mileage; absolutely no dealers considered. Address Rowantree, Room 3555, 120 Broadway; telephone Rector 9740.

CADILLAC.—To settle estate will sell Model 53, 7 passenger car, excellent mechanical condition and appearance, with covers, shock absorber and extra equipments; car can be seen by appointment. Write H. J., 531 Times Downtown.

CADILLAC FOR SALE, 1918 VICTORIA COUPE, INSIDE DRIVE, USED BUT VERY LITTLE; IN PINK OF CONDITION; ENGINE BETTER THAN NEW. TRAVERS. PHONE MORNINGSIDE 7056.

CADILLAC, sedan, 1917, 12,000 miles; A1 condition; extras; price $2,750; owner going abroad Feb. 1; inspection today; will sell highest cash offer received today. Phone Morningside 9684.

CADILLAC Landaulet, 8 cyl., just out of Cadillac shop; complete overhauling; will guarantee in good condition; price $950. Gilhooly & Whalen, 157 West 56th.

CADILLAC roadster, late model, equipped electrically throughout; 6 wire wheels; car in perfect condition. Phone 6764 Riverside, after 6 P. M.

CADILLAC Touring, 1916, 8-cylinder, 7-passenger; cannot be told from new; make offer; any demonstration. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th St.

CADILLAC 1918 Sedan, 1917 Sedan, 1917 touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 phaeton; has had splendid care and is in excellent condition. Cortlandt 6032.

CADILLAC 1917 seven passenger touring; overhauled, new top and slip covers; $1,650. Joe Helbig, 918 Union St., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; perfect mechanical condition; make offer. Telephone Owner, 848 Rector.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring; real bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CHALMERS 6-CYLINDER, COMPLETELY ENCLOSED; ALSO EXTRA TOURING TOP; QUICK SALE. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 130 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

CHALMERS Sedan, 1917, "Little Six"; like new; make offer; any demonstration. New Amsterdam Storage W'house, 221 West 37th.

CHANDLER DISPATCH 1918.—Exceptional condition; like new; time payments; trades considered. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, one flight up.

CHANDLER, 1917, good condition. Apartment 2N, 601 West 110th. Cathedral 7070.

CRANE SIMPLEX, latest model, Sedan body; never run. 5902 Schuyler.

CHALMERS, touring model 32A; all wearing parts just replaced; 6 new shoes; very economical; bargain. Andrus, 208 West 101st St.; Riverside 9670.

COLE CARS—ALL TYPES.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. FOURTH FLOOR.

DODGE SEDANS, 1918 and 1917; both in perfect condition; many extras; make offer; any demonstration. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th.

EASY WAY TO SELL YOUR CAR.—Van Tassell & Kearney's sales ring, 126-128 East 13th St., has long been esteemed a clearing house for the sale and purchase of second-hand automobiles by auction; least troublesome and quickest medium for both seller and buyer; more prospective buyers than cars as a rule, so enter yours now; auction of autos every Tuesday and Friday at noon. Telephone Stuyvesant 533.

FIAT, 45 horsepower, chassis excellent, $350. Ricca, 99 Southern Boulevard.

FORD 1918 sedan, electric starter; many extras; $630. Tel. King, 5412 Fordham.

FRANKLIN Brougham Sedan; 4-pass., 1918; condition like new. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

HOUSE OF CADILLAC.

We have a few recent model Cadillacs that have been taken in exchange for new cars. These have been gone over mechanically in the Cadillac shops, renovated throughout, repainted and are complete and ready for immediate service.

1917 Model 55 Landaulet Brougham Town Car. New body; never used. Imported grey upholstery. Almost new car.
1917 Model 55 Landaulet. Repainted Cadillac, dark green, black trim.
1918 Model 57 Touring. Painted dark maroon; deep wire wheels, black chassis. Car equipped with seat covers and cord shoes.
1918 Model 57, 4-passenger Phaeton. Wire wheels, cord tires, new spare, U. S. E. shock absorbers. An unusual car.
1917 Model 55, 4-passenger Convertible Victoria, painted Cadillac, dark green, black trim.

Newark Branch
DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
586 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Used Car Department. Mul. 8240.

HUDSON 1917 four-passenger Speedster, guaranteed run only 4,300 miles; slip-covers, six wire wheels and other extras; everything in absolutely first class condition; this is no forced sale, and no brokers or dealers wanted. W 721 Times Downtown.

HUDSON 1917 sedan, excellent condition, $1,450; complete equipment. 305 West 79th St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan, 1918 touring, 1917 Speedster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON, 1918, 4-passenger Supersix; cost $2,450; sell $1,750; perfect. Barclay 7446.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

ISOTTA-FRASCHINI, 120 hp., absolutely latest model; equipped with starter, lights; all new tires; exceptionally fast; fully guaranteed. Gilhooley & Whalen, 157 West 56th.

KISSEL KAR.—6-cylinder, 1917; fine condition; 5-passenger touring, weed chains, engine tire pump; demonstration; cheap at $775. Ask to see Mr. Butterworth's car at Williams's garage, 354 East 20th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

KISSEL-KAR, 1917 model coupe, with extra touring top, two extra shoes; first-class condition; bargain to quick buyer. Barclay 7030.

KISSEL Sedan 1917, five passenger, newly overhauled. Desola, 624 John.

LEXINGTON 1917 Chummy Roadster, 4-passenger, special Winter top; make offer; any demonstration. Storage W'house, 221 W. 37th.

LIBERTY 1917 Cabriolet, 4-passenger; fine condition; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 37th St.

LIMOUSINE BODY for Buick model 6-55; private owner; can be seen only in Montclair. Box 259 Times, 2 Rector St.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 MERCER Suburban.
1917 STUTZ Tr. very special!
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO.,
230 West 58th St.,
one door west of Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1917 "38" limousine, 1918 "48," touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON, 1917 touring, seven passenger. 1,778 Broadway, (57th) one flight. Circle 1417.

MARMON 1918 touring car, 1917 Chummy roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON "34" aluminum touring body, a bargain. Marmon Long Island Company, 1,416 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES,
Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

MAXWELL Sedan, 1917, 5-passenger; cannot be told from new; bargain. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 87th St.

MERCER 4-passenger Sport, Victoria, T motor, perfect; price right. R 568 Times Downtown.

MERCER SPEEDSTER, dandy car; original factory job; bargain for immediate sale. Federal Warehouse, 250 West 54th.

MERCER 1918 touring, 1916 raceabout, 1917 Sport; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

NATIONAL.—Latest model, Newport sedan; condition new; rare opportunity. Phone Circle 5692.

NATIONAL coupe, 1916, 6-cyl.; excellent condition; owner going abroad. Andrus, 208 West 101st, Riverside 9670.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. | Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 60th St.

OVERLAND, 6 cylinder, 7 passenger touring, like new, $450. King, 5412 Fordham.

PACKARDS,
1917 2-35 Landaulet, fine condition.
1917 2-35 Fleetwood, five-passenger touring.
1916 1-35 Limousine, newly painted.
George Lamberey, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD, 38 touring, Simplex, 38 limousine; in excellent condition; cheap to quick buyer. Oakley, 121 West 52d.

PACKARD 1918, Fleetwood brougham, limousine; run less than 4,000 miles; bargain. Park Plaza Garage, 920 Union St., B'klyn.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN.
Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW LANDAULET;
must sell immediately;
spot cash.
CONDITION LIKE NEW.
Telephone Sundays, Cathedral 7676.
Week days, Melrose 7373.

PIERCE ARROW, latest 1917 four passenger; inside drive coupe; practically new; perfect every detail; $4,300. Private owner, Robert Rosenthal, Majestic Hotel. Telephone Columbus 1900.

PIERCE-ARROW 48 limousine, 1917; mileage, 4,500; perfect condition. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" Sedan, excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick. 143 West 51st St.

PIERCE-ARROW Sedan, good condition, $600. New Amsterdam Storage W., 221 West 37th.

RAUSH-LANG ELECTRIC CAR, dual control, for sale. 'Phone Morningside 9737.

REO 1917 touring 4-cylinder, extra shoes, &c., $550. 352 East 149th St.

REYNOLDS baby, thoroughly overhauled, landaulet. 525 East 11th. Telephone 9558 Forsythe.

ROAMER, 1918, 6 cylinder, for sale, $1,800; guarantee; will place $500 in joint account in bank with buyer to cover breakage of parts if any within six months. Room 103, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

ROAMER 1918 town car, practically brand new; looks like Rolls-Royce; sacrifice. New Amsterdam Storage W., 221 West 37th.

S. G. V. landaulet, just overhauled and repainted; fine body, good tires. B. G., 605 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, 1917; bargain. F. D. HOMAN, 250 West 54th St.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1918 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 58TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STANDARD "Small Eight" Chummy Roadster; thoroughly overhauled; wire wheels; 6 tires; owner must sacrifice; make offer. Snyder, Schuyler 9416.

STEARNS KNIGHTS, Overhauled, Guaranteed | Closed and Open Models, 4 and 8 cyl. | Prices very reasonable.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS eight-cylinder 1918 Sedan; also Summer top, Victoria style; owner sails for France Feb. 1; car in perfect mechanical condition; cannot be told from new; make offer. Hubbard, 501 5th Av. Telephone Murray Hill 8566.

STEARNS limousine, 4 cylinder, Fleetwood body, 1917. Mr. Best, 9657 Riverside.

STUDEBAKER, Series 1918, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger special body De Luxe model; in first-class condition, mechanically and otherwise; runs beautifully; painted a dark blue, with natural wood wheels; very sporty and a very exceptional bargain; price $910. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER, small touring, in beautiful condition; recently repainted a dark maroon with gold stripes; very fine running condition; good tires; don't overlook this fine value; price $525. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER, 1917, Springfield Sedan; good condition; tires and paint, extra shoe, brown whipcord upholstery, like new; exceptional bargain; price $1,000. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917, 6-cylinder touring, in fine condition throughout; offered at a price that will surely interest you; price $650. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER light six, '19 series, 4 door Sedan, practically brand new, beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway, at 56th St., 2d floor. See Mr. Christie.

STUDEBAKER "Six," '18 model, used for demonstrating purposes only; new car costs $1,732; you can buy this beautiful demonstrating roadster for $875; car is fully guaranteed perfect condition. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway, 2d floor.

STUDEBAKER 1918, 6 cylinder, 7-passenger touring; in A1 condition; driven very carefully; price $775. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER—7 passenger, Victoria top; very fine; bargain. Homan, 250 W. 54th

STUTZ BEARCAT, 1916; special built motor, wire wheels, windshield; extra seat on side; 90-day guarantee. Gilhooley & Whalen, 157 West 56th St.

STUTZ, 1917, seven-passenger; original paint; run 6,000 miles; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 W. 37th.

STUTZ coupe, three passenger, just painted, five new tires, mechanically perfect; can be seen by appointment. L 149 Times.

STUTZ 1917 touring car; also 1918 runabout; bargains. Cook Macconnell 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ, 1918, 6-passenger touring; used 4 months; condition new. Circle 5692.

THREE-TON PACKARD TRUCKS for hire by hour, day, or week; reasonable rates. Telephone 1420 Prospect. Reilly's Storehouses, 618 Dean St., Brooklyn.

WINTON limousine automobile for sale, Model No. 22A, in A-1 condition; new Aug. 1, 1918; slip covers, extra tubes, tires, chains, &c. Apply P. C. Quackenbush, 120 Van Houten St., Paterson, N. J.

WINTON six three passenger cabriolet; very fine condition throughout; fully guaranteed; The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

WINTER TOP for Lozier Six. Garage, 135th St. and Broadway.

WONDERFUL VALUE.
1918 Studebaker for $575; a beautiful and practically new touring, equipped with 2 extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally economical and comfortable family car in perfect condition throughout. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

DELAUNAY-BELLEVILLE.—Private owner will rent to responsible person his Delaunay-Belleville limousine brougham, with experienced liveried driver, by the month, either all or few hours each day. R 236 Times.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. 'Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD Landaulet, 1917 Model, with trustworthy, competent chauffeur, for rent monthly. Phone Plaza 2100. 153 East 53d St.

PACKARD, beautiful Twin Limousine, for hire, month; reasonable. Owner drives. Riverside 1627.

PACKARD 7-passenger for hire, careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Plaza 9290.

Motor Trucks.

TRUCKS. TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
VARIOUS SIZES AND MAKES.
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES.
LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP.,
136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

SEMI-TRAILER, WITH RACK BODY, 16 FT. BY 6 FT., FOR FIFTH WHEEL ADJUSTMENT; BRAND NEW; NEVER USED; BARGAIN. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

TROY TRAILER, five-ton, very little used, in perfect condition; has flat platform body. Address L. C. Ward, 416 Central Av., Newark, N. J. Telephone Mulberry 4000.

PIERCE-ARROW.—Two five-ton trucks, 14 foot and 17 foot bodies; bargains; perfect condition; $3,500 apiece. Garage, 330 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

PACKARD six, limousine, hourly, monthly; reasonable; owner drives; references. Jones. Col. 9021.

MOTOR Trucks to hire by day, week, or month; contracts taken. Mahoney, 203 West 17th. Chelsea 6098.

FOR SALE.—Several five-ton Pierce-Arrow trucks with dumping body; practically new. R 307 Times.

FULTON Truck for sale; first-class condition; will sell for cash and installment basis. R 607 Times Downtown.

BEAUTIFUL five-passenger limousine by hour, day, week, or month. Circle 581.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes, hour or season. Muldoon, Col. 2151.

Automobiles Wanted.

BUICK.
USED BUICK OR DODGE;
WILL PAY $600 CASH
for 1918 Model five-passenger; must be in good condition; reply stating mileage run; no dealers considered.
P. O. BOX 145, BROOKLYN.

Wanted, two high-grade automobiles, any standard make, or exchange for my equity in seven-room detached house; equity $2,500; don't want used car. Write Box 15, 1619 St. James Building.

WILL EXCHANGE beautiful eight-room home on Hudson, ample grounds, ideal location, 35 minutes out, for late model touring car; equity $4,700; great opportunity; no dealers. Hubbard, 503 Fifth Av.

WANTED, AUTOS FOR SPOT CASH.
Modern Models, All Styles.
WHAT HAVE YOU?
Bring Car to Door, Telephone, or Write.
Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway. Telephone Circle 2.

AUTOMOBILE. — Wanted, high-class Sport model 4-passenger, 1917; Oldsmobile, Hudson, or Buick preferred; state full particulars for consideration; no dealers. Address L 169 Times.

EXCHANGE for automobiles; small plot, 432 West 54th St.; suitable private garage or auto truck storage. Slezert, 115 Broadway. 3133 Rector.

BUICK, 1918, 7-passenger touring car, completely equipped and in excellent order wanted; price, full particulars and extras, if any. Buick, Post Office Box 694, City.

LOCOMOBILE, Berline or limousine body for 1915 six-cylinder 38 H. P. chassis; will pay cash for immediate delivery. Y 208 Times Annex.

HAVE $1,500 TO $2,000 CASH FOR LATE SEDAN OR FINE PASSENGER CAR; NO DEALERS. ADDRESS AUTOMOBILES, 248 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CADILLAC, Stutz, Owen, Packard, new, in exchange for equity 8-room house, near Bronxville. G 776 Times Downtown.

MUST sacrifice, Bronx plots, (75x100,) no mortgage, or exchange for good automobile. Archibald, 40 East 41st.

AUTOMOBILES wanted for export; best prices paid. Feinberg, 550 East 149th St., Bronx.

AUTOMOBILE.—Closed car, good condition; give particulars and price. F. C., 3,525 Broadway.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

PIERCE-ARROW wanted, 1918 sedan; state price, mileage condition, and size tires. J. H. Ackerman, Woodcliff Lake, N. J.

WANTED, CADILLAC SEDAN, 1917 or 1918; state mileage and price. Roberts, 307 5th Av.

Interested to buy private Cadillac sedan, 1918; perfect condition. L 130 Times.

STUTZ wanted; 1917, 4-passenger; $1,000 cash; must be perfect. A 234 Times.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

Automobile Supplies.

IRONCLAD battery for 2-ton truck, used less than 3 months. Krenrich Commission Co., 3 Harrison St.

Automobile Instruction.

20 REASONS 20
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. | Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St. | Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. | Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

FOR SALE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

A large, fully equipped squab plant, near New York City; complete in every detail and stocked with 2,500 young squab breeders; business has been established five years; thorough investigation invited; good reason for selling. Call or write 288 Rugby Road, Brooklyn, N. Y.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

For Sale.—Manufacturing plant of 100 machines equipped to make both coats and pants; equipment entirely new, 3 months old; good location; cheap rent; sold at sacrifice. R 673 Times Downtown.

Steinway baby grand piano, latest model; gold set antiques; paintings; tapestry; bronzes. Telephones for appointment. Academy 2097.

Slightly used talking machine, large Circassian walnut cabinet, Sonora motor, $125, cost $250. Apartment 5 A, 601 West 135th.

Furniture.

Machinery manufacturing plant for sale. Equipment of over 100 machine tools, as lathes, screw machines, planers, turret lathes, 10 milling machines, planes, shapers, drill presses, building of 30,000 feet, elevator, splendid daylight, own electric power plant; situated in the centre of New York City; low rent. Individual machines will be sold; 1 25 H. P. gas engine, 2 60 H. P. oil engines, 2 generators of 50 and 60 H. P., motors of 5, 7, 10, 15, 50, and 60 H. P., D. C. 220 volt. Principals only. B 1019, Times Harlem.

Furniture.—One English mission chime clock made by Elliott of London, England; one clock and bronze set; walnut bookcase; one onyx pedestal; one marble pedestal and one mahogany case pedestal, Antique period; music cabinet, inlaid; no dealers. To be seen after 7 P. M., Max Mayer, 459 West 147th.

Furniture.—Mahogany bedroom suite, double bed, and library table (Adam), splendid condition; Queen Anne bedroom suite, three-quarter bed; also Style X Victor Victrola; call Sunday, 1 to 4:30 only. 102 West 75th St., Apt. 75.

Don't sell your household furniture, rugs, carpets, bric-a-brac, paintings, bronzes, silver and plated ware, books, before getting my estimate. Frank, 605 West 111th St. Phone Cathedral 3933.

Elegant new dining room furniture, Heppelwhite design; brown mahogany; 10 pieces; oval table; 2 arm chairs. Can be seen by appointment. Telephone Morningside 6486.

Natural muskrat fur coat; beautiful skins; full length; hardly worn; $100. 8-9 Monday afternoon, 58 West 85th.

Massive mahogany dresser and bed with hair mattress, $150. Hale, 250 W. 78th St.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

Store and Office Fixtures.—Show cases, wardrobes, carpet, office file and safe at big sacrifice. S 95 Times.

Dictaphone, practically new, for sale at a bargain. Mr. Hunter, Rector 7525.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-Visible, 3 months for $6.
Visible, 3 months, for $7.50 up.
Initial Payment Applies if Purchased.
FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS.
FACTORY REBUILT TYPEWRITERS.
Other makes, $25 to $85.
Trademarked and guaranteed for one year.
Call, telephone or write.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.,
20 E. 23d St., opp Madison Av. } Tel. 5406
339 Broadway, at Worth St. } Franklin

Government Sales.

CAMP SEVIER, SOUTH CAROLINA, TO BE SALVAGED OR SOLD FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT; 2,000 ACRES LAND UNDER OPTION; APPROXIMATELY 500 FRAME STRUCTURES; ON MAIN LINE OF SOUTHERN RAILWAY; CENTRE OF COTTON MILL DISTRICT; LIGHTS, WATER AND SEWERS COMPLETE; ADMIRABLE OPPORTUNITY FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT. ADDRESS CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER, CAMP SEVIER, S. C.

SALE OF WOOD CHARCOAL.
MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 WEST FORTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 860 tons of wood charcoal now located at Astoria, N. Y. Bids made on form M.D. 9, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., February 8, 1919.

SALE OF RUBBER CEMENT.
Material Disposition Section, Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.
Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 780 gallons of rubber cement packed in 30-gallon drums. Bids made on forms M. D. 8, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Feb. 3, 1919.

Purchase and Exchange.

Will buy any kind of oil paintings; bring some with you. Call Sundays if possible, or week days. Paris Art Store, 1,117 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Wanted immediately, 96"x96"x24' planer; 4 heads; state price, condition, and where can be inspected. Manufacturer, R 624 Times Downtown.

Want 3 blankets, army or similar; any condition; state price. B 866 Times Annex.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large front room, southern exposure.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals; $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

50TH, 61 WEST.—Large, sunny front room with board; references.

56TH, 62 WEST.—One large room with board, table guests; references.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, private bath, electricity, Southern cooking, continuous hot water.

70TH, 200 WEST, (opposite Sherman Square.)—Large front room, comfortably furnished; steam, gas logs, running water, elevator; table guests. Hubbell.

72D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6896.

72D, 159 WEST.—Large, sunny room; board for Winter; references.

72D, 122 WEST.—Beautiful large room; private bath; other rooms; references.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Excellent table board; table guests solicited.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine large double room with bath, by Holland family; give supper or accommodations; European style, home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST. (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Single room; electricity; French cuisine; table boarders.

80TH, 134 WEST.—Large, second floor, south room; private bath; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

83D ST., 9 WEST.—Rooms and board; excellent table; table guests.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Medium-sized room, good home cooking, all accommodations; table guests.

85TH, 132 WEST.—Large front room for two; French cuisine; homelike; references.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home offers second floor, with private bath.

89TH ST., 321 WEST.—Large, bright, elegantly furnished room, twin beds, fine bath adjoining; view Hudson River; suitable for two gentlemen or couple; real home cooking. Telephone 3157 Riverside.

90TH, 9 WEST.—Large, sunny room, southern; Jewish family; couple or gentlemen.

94TH, 38 WEST.—Beautiful large and small rooms; all improvements; table guests.

99TH, Riverside.—Gentleman will find comfortable home with refined Jewish family. S 132 Times.

102D, 303 WEST.—Opportunity for two adults in private Christian-American family; front room; 4 southern windows; private bath.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath, single room; exceptional table, modern.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful room, with private bath; separate or en suite; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

117TH, 421 WEST.—Near Amsterdam Av., large and small rooms, excellent board.

118TH, 151 WEST.—Large and single rooms; steam, electric; excellent board.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Single front room; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

130TH ST., 247 WEST.—Large, light rooms, all conveniences; kosher table board. Morningside 4011.

143D ST., (135 Hamilton Place.)—Parlor and bedroom, sunny outside rooms, $9, suitable one or two gentlemen; board optional; elevator; single room, water, $6. Tel. 3780 Aud. Apt. 7 N. E.

152D, 590 WEST.—Beautiful large room, suitable two; homelike; excellent board; private.

158TH, 618 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large and single rooms; 3 adults; good meals; $30 per week; 2 minutes subway.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (Corner 112th.)—Two or three large connecting rooms, private bath, with board; together or separately. Rogers.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Attractively furnished, comfortable, steam-heated room, next to bath, shower; excellent board; $14 weekly. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Large room facing the Drive, suitable for couple; high-class apartment. Phone Aud. 4570, Apt. 6D.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 608, (near 94th.)—Large room, also suite; private bath; French spoken; table guests; references.

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family; beautiful room, bath; unexcelled table; gentlemen.

YOUNG WIDOW, English, willing to board school boy; room for parent; good location. Write M., 256 West 109th.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ARE YOU LOOKING FOR BOARD, LODGING, OR BOARDERS?
The Association to Promote Proper Housing for Girls, now at 11 West 37th St., keeps a list of available rooms in investigated rooming and boarding houses and organized houses for girls. Office hours, daily, 10 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Saturday, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Room and board wanted by refined, educated business man; prefer to live with some one who will help me to learn French, but real home more essential; give particulars. R 622 Times Downtown.

Refined Jewish American, mother 2 sons, 17 and 19, and daughter 12, desire rooms and board in very best surroundings. Phone Decatur 1654 or write Freiberger, 530A Greene Av., Brooklyn.

Young couple; private family; modern apartment; west side only; well furnished bedroom; not over $100; particulars. K 344 Times.

Homes for Jewish boys and girls working age at moderate rate; above 110th St. 32 West 115th St.

Young lady would like to be received as paying guest in refined home, preferably young people. R 298 Times.

Business woman wants room and board, private family, upper west side; would share small apartment. G 723 Times Downtown.

Lady concert singer desires quarters, preferably with meals, in refined surroundings; not above 85th St., west. X [illegible] Times Annex.

Young Jewish business girl with refined family desires real home. G 628 Times Downtown.

Warm room and board, gentleman, small family preferred; state terms. F 262 Times Downtown.

Jewish gentleman, references, wants room and board in refined family where French is spoken; state terms. A 208 Times.

Couple and child desire room and board private family. A 230 Times.

Room with board wanted by a Southerner with private family. K 232 Times.

Gentleman desires room and board; in city or Mount Vernon. K 341 Times.

Gentleman wishes room and board with private family, above 60th. A 205 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Bronx.

Medical convalescents, nervous invalids, and old age people cared for, on our beautiful Crawford estate, 232d St., east of White Plains Av., Bronx.

Westchester County.

PELHAM MANOR, N. Y.
SUN DIAL LODGE,
211 SECOR LANE.
Large rooms, with and without private bath; first-class table and service, 30 minutes from 42d St.; Pelham the station, N. Y. & N. H. R. R.; tennis on place; golf near. Mrs. J. Arthur.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165 White Plains.

Refined home for invalids, elderly or chronic cases; nursing care; delightful home. 574 Palisades Av., Yonkers. Tel. 5642 Yonkers.

Nurse, having lovely home, desires charge invalid lady; Dr. references. 5642 Yonkers.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard;
20 Minutes Downtown, N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Sunshine Cottage.—Can take two or three more children under 12; country home, only one hour from Manhattan; school near by; mother's care; very reasonable. 833 Huguenot Avenue, Huguenot Park, Staten Island.

New York State.

STAMFORD-IN-THE-CATSKILLS
FOR HEALTH.
Right altitude, right air, right living.
Invalids, convalescents, and nervous cases.
Constant medical attention.
For terms and full particulars
Address Dr. L. J. Kiernan,
Stamford, N. Y.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."
Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 159 trains a day.
W. T. READE, Prop.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.
A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40.
Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.
Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 to $45.
Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS.
Special facilities for treating and curing such cases. Also for
AGED PEOPLE, CHRONIC INVALIDS
requiring more attention than can be given at home we offer a pleasant, cheerful sanitarium; large, modern, warm house, spacious grounds; automobiles, wheel chairs, attentive nurses, experienced physicians; Winter rates moderate.
LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

East Orange; large, sunny room with bath; also attractive single room; steam heat, electricity, tasteful furnishings; adults only; no board except by special arrangement. 75 Lenox Av. Telephone 5075.

East Orange, Lenox Manor.—Quiet, cool, beautifully furnished large rooms, private bath; electricity; long verandas, garage; table board near by. 75 Lenox Av. Telephone Orange 5075.

BERTRAM COTTAGE,
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Refined atmosphere; delicious Southern cooking; booklet. C. F. Johnson.

South Orange, N. J., two large connecting rooms and bath; refined people only. 836 Ridgewood Road.

East Orange, The Buckingham, 17 Prospect St., family hotel, desirable 2d floor rooms, single or connecting; best table.

South Orange, N. J.—Beautiful home and location; large room, bath, and board; country reference. 117 Scotland Road.

Country Board Wanted.

Japanese gentleman wants large, well-furnished room, with Victrola, near station, within 30 minutes' ride from Grand Central Station; modern improvements necessary. L 208 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

37TH, 112 EAST.—Three charmingly furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen. Phone Stuyvesant 716.

39TH, 48 EAST.—Large, handsome room; two gentlemen; no other roomers. See Superintendent.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals; $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., 143 EAST.—Parlor and bedroom; use of bath; newly furnished and decorated; $9; references. Register.

30TH, 119 EAST.—Large, small rooms, nicely furnished; modern conveniences; gentlemen.

58TH ST., 506 EAST.—LARGE OR SMALL ROOM; PRIVATE HOUSE.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Large, light room; all improvements; gentleman only.

72D, 168 EAST.—Exceptional large front room, attractively furnished, with private bathroom, heat, electricity, and maid service; excellent neighborhood, in a physician's home, near subway or "L" station. Call or phone Rhinelander 9584.

76TH, 32 EAST.—Large front room, suitable studio; excellent location. 3450 Rhinelander.

84TH, 138 EAST.—Two connecting large, sunny rooms; all conveniences. Carlson.

255TH, 174 EAST.—Sun and heat, parlor privileges; 6 minutes' walk to Tremont Station or 6th Av. elevated. Telephone 5071 Tremont.

MADISON AV., 174.—Two plainly furnished rooms to people desiring refined surroundings; $60-$80 per month; references exchanged.

MADISON AV., 253.—Large room, adjoining bath; also studio; steam, electricity; references.

MADISON, 1,303, (93d St.)—Room, private house; no other roomer; gentleman, business woman.

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

TWO beautiful rooms, private house, separate or en suite; Murray Hill section; references given and required. K 307 Times.

West Side.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; adjoining bath; electricity; studio; gentlemen; references.

69TH, 220 W.—Medium size, sunny room, lavatory, closets; electricity; charming private apartment; suitable business man; only $9. Langdon.

65TH, 104 WEST.—Physician owning modern house, comfortable front room; steam, $4.50.

68TH, 44 WEST.—Parlor floor, private bath; good for doctor or dentist; also other rooms with running water; newly furnished; $4 to $10.

68TH, (Central Park West.)—Attractive room, gentleman; elevator; Jewish family. Columbus 2586.

69TH, 118 WEST.—High-class bachelor accommodations, front room with private bath; steam heat; references.

69TH, WEST.—Room adjoining bath; business woman; breakfast optional; reasonable. Columbus 3126. Griffin.

73D, 108 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; large rooms; shower bath; electricity; telephone; $16.

76TH, 119 WEST.—Very attractive large rooms; private bath.

72D, 47 WEST.—Room and bath for gentleman; top floor, rear; $15 per month, with service.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Large room in house; refinement, for refined lady; references.

75TH, 231 WEST.—Large, light room; kitchen privileges; $15; maid service.

77TH, 128 WEST.—Attractively furnished front parlor; gentleman preferred; also skylight room.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Comfortable, large room; running water; adjoining bath; phone, electricity; reference.

78TH, 134 WEST.—Charming second front room, running water, electricity, immaculately kept house.

78TH, 143 WEST.—Charming second front room; running water; select vicinity; immaculately kept house.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, bath, phone; private house; references; $7.

80TH ST., WEST.—Two large connecting rooms, steam heat, new bathtubs and lavatories, electric light, parquet floors, private family, private house; no other roomers; gentlemen only; $125 monthly. Y 220 Times Annex.

80TH, 325 WEST, (Apt. 5 West.)—Southern exposure. Telephone 4770 Schuyler; gentleman.

83D, 39 WEST.—Owner will rent large furnished room; gentleman; references.

84TH, 3 WEST.—Beautiful room, spacious closets, dressing room, bath adjacent, electricity, phone.

86TH, 212 WEST.—Comfortably furnished sitting room and bedroom, bath adjoining; suitable two gentlemen. Hill.

85TH, 201 WEST.—Large, sunny, handsomely furnished room; elevator; kitchen privileges. Sharples.

85TH, 101 WEST.—Room adjoining bath; modern apartment; $5. Goodwin. Schuyler 4774.

86TH ST., 337 WEST.—Large, comfortable, well-heated room, adjoining bath; near Drive.

87TH ST., 117 WEST.—Attractively furnished large room, suitable two gentlemen; private house.

89TH, 70 WEST.—Select, modern furnished rooms, dressing rooms; cleanliness; steam; electricity.

92D, 214 WEST.—Extra large room with bath, one or two gentlemen; private home; breakfast, reference. Apt. 2D.

92D, 8 WEST.—Comfortable small room; $5. Smith.

92D, 46 WEST.—Beautiful large room, dressing room, bath adjacent, $12.

94TH, WEST.—Comfortable, attractive suite, select private apartment; gentlemen; references. Riverside 3729.

94TH ST., 250 WEST.—Small, sunny room; suitable business man or lady. Apt. 7 west. Telephone 3453 Riverside.

94TH, WEST.—Comfortable, attractive room, apartment; business party; $6; references. Riverside 8875.

94TH, 251 WEST.—Man roomer, family of two adults; attractive rooms adjoining bath.

99TH, 306 WEST, Near Broadway.—Large, attractive, comfortable front room; high-class private family; references; 5 West. 9132 Riverside.

103D ST., 263 WEST, (Riverside Section.)—Well-furnished, scrupulously clean, quiet rooms, bath adjoining; electricity, telephone; express subway block distant; gentlemen or business women; private house; moderate rate.

105D, 15 WEST.—Clean, homelike room, 1 flight; all conveniences; gentleman; references. Stokes.

105D ST., 203 WEST.—Near Broadway Subway; pleasant room; elevator, phone; gentleman. Apt. 3A. Wilde.

103D, 214 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; running water, electricity; business people; references. Robins.

104TH, 244 WEST.—Furnished room, nice, light, quiet, with lavatory; gentlemen only. Mascher.

105TH ST., 201 WEST.—Large outside room, adjoining bath; gentleman. Apartment 6B.

109TH, 304 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large room, with dressing room, closets; also small room; well-heated, modern house.

109TH, 312 WEST.—Beautiful room, overlooking Hudson; seventh floor.

111TH, 500 WEST.—High-class, choice, lavatory and bath; $8. Cathedral 6231.

113TH, 517 WEST.—Attractive, quiet room, private bath; business woman; references. Apartment 64.

113TH, 536 WEST.—Desirable room, lavatory; refined American home; elevator; references. Apt. 51.

115TH, 524 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny room; every convenience; private American family.

113TH, 621 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, third floor, bath adjoining; $12.

114TH, 514 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished room, adjoining bath; twin beds. Apartment 71.

116TH, 438 WEST.—Small room with toilet and closet, $4.50; references. Apt. One.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Large, well-heated front room, facing Columbia. Apartment 53.

122D, 620 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room with private family. Apt. 5.

123D ST., 348 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive home for business people; spacious, light room, with dressing room and lavatory, furnished or unfurnished; refined private house; bath; electricity; attentive service; reasonable. Phone 634.

130TH, 210 WEST.—Large sunny room with spacious dressing room, suitable for 2; gentlemen only.

136TH ST., WEST.—Sitting and bed rooms, bath adjoining; near Riverside Drive; refined gentleman. Phone Audubon 8252. Murray.

137TH ST., WEST.—Guest room for refined [illegible] desiring best environment and accommodation; immediate access to subway, bus, and cars; references.—Write G. [illegible], 3,525 Broadway.

138TH, 501 WEST.—Apartment, 4 outside sunny rooms, southern exposure; all conveniences, adjoining bathroom. Mrs. Sellner.

139TH, 601 WEST.—Cozy, adjoining bath; private family; $5; gentleman. Apt. 22.

140TH, 469 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room; exclusive private house; gentlemen; reference.

142D, 505 WEST.—Outside, sunny room, adjoining bath, elevator apartment; family two adults, references.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

152D, (877 Edgecomb Av.)—Large, light room; conveniences; 1-2. Apt. 9.

156TH, (near Drive.)—Exceptional opportunity for gentleman; high-class apartment. Audubon 5677.

118TH ST. AND FT. WASHINGTON AV.—Room with private bath; elevator. Phone St. Nicholas 9206, Apt. 48.

182D, 569 WEST.—Sunny room, adjoining bath; all conveniences; block subway. Evans.

ATTRACTIVE furnished rooms; meals if desired; very select neighborhood, overlooking the Speedway. Apply Apartment No. 33, 83 St. Nicholas Place, near 155th St. Phone Audubon 4690.

ATTRACTIVE sunny room, refined home, West 85th; business gentleman; references. S 166 Times.

BROADWAY, (98th St.)—Beautifully furnished large room, private bath, electricity; reference; gentleman. Phone 2409 Riverside in the mornings.

BROADWAY, 2,790.—Light, desirable room in modern apartment; references. Inquire elevator.

Business couple will appreciate light, large, quiet room, twin beds, running water, near bath; modern apartment; refined surroundings; serve breakfast, if desired. Riverside 406.

CONVENT AV., 325, (West 143d St.)—Large, light, well-furnished room; owner's private residence; business people preferred. Audubon 3526.

COMFORTABLE front room, bath; very private elevator apartment; business lady only; subway, bus. 9175 St. Nicholas, Apartment 601.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 478, (108th.)—Attractive, warm room; running water; adjoining bath. Sheppard.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Large, sunny room; steam, electricity, running water, shower; gentlemen; $7. Academy 4191.

CLAREMONT AV., 140.—Front room in nice, quiet apartment, $10. Apt. A.

"DEERFIELD," Corner 145th St.-Riverside.—Parlor and bedroom, facing Hudson, beautifully furnished, by two middle-aged ladies; excellent home for lady or gentleman; reliable reference required. Hudson.

IN 6-room 3-bath apartment, 9th floor, beautiful room facing east; "L" express 28 minutes from Cortlandt St.; quiet, refined home. Phone in morning, Audubon 1294.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR ROOMS ASK MISS TRIPP, 416 WEST 148TH ST. HOURS 10-2.

LARGE front room on Riverside Drive, facing the Hudson, with private family; all conveniences. Telephone Audubon 8954.

METROPOLITAN OPERA BUILDING, (Apt. 7.)—Gentleman will rent large room, responsible man.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 70.—Large single room, business man or woman; $6; Apt. 32. Phone Morningside 1100.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (block from 157th St. subway station.)—A large, sunny room, southern exposure, adjoining exceptional bath; Hudson view; suitable one or two. Telephone Audubon 229 for private phone.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—A musician can have superior accommodations; private family; use of baby grand piano. Apt. 6B. phone Audubon 4570.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, NO. 125.
Apartment 10 north; exceptionally attractive rooms.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Beautifully furnished room; elegant house; all improvements.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 102, (82d.)—Large room, running water, top floor, private residence.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736.—Large room, elegantly furnished, bath adjoining. 4160 Audubon 3F.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (Apt. 2.)—Furnished room, private bath; $22 month.

SOUTH edge of Yonkers, near Broadway.—Large, sunny room, private bath; east room, running water, sleeping porch; beautiful house, grounds; fine view. R 260 Times.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., (155th St.)—Large, light room; all conveniences; breakfast optional. Apt. 41.

THREE BEAUTIFUL ROOMS and bath, (two connecting and one single,) suitable only for ladies or couple; private family; references exchanged; unusually attractive. G 17 Times.

WEST END AV., 662, (92d.)—Beautiful large room, kitchenette; large front room, adjoining bath; electricity, parquet floors; moderate.

WEST END AV., 257 (71st St.)—Suite, with bath. Single room. Room with kitchen privileges; high-class American home; references.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th.)—Two nice, small front rooms; private house; references.

WEST END AV., 672.—Elegantly furnished rooms, private bath; kitchen privileges; telephone.

WEST END AV., 836.—Large front, adjoining bath; $12. Phone 2637 Academy; Japanese.

WEST END AV., 813.—Beautiful newly furnished studio suite and single rooms.

YOUNG LADY.—Student of music, desires girl, seriously interested in the same art, to share room, bath, kitchenette, separate beds, piano; $6.25 weekly; references exchanged. Phone Schuyler 4413, 133 West 81st.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

DISCHARGED OFFICER.—Young mechanical engineer desires medium sized, moderately priced room on west side between 90th and 125th Sts.; can give the best of references and would appreciate congenial surroundings. Answer fully, O 21 Times.

By middle-aged business man, comfortable room, preferably in apartment with private family having no other roomers; section adjacent Times Square; state lowest monthly terms; highest references furnished. R 305 Times.

Young business man desires furnished room with private bath or small furnished apartment, situated below 60th Street; reply with full particulars. W 706 Times Downtown.

Wanted, medium or large furnished room, large closets, running water, electric light, below 79th St., with or without board, for short time, possibly season; terms reasonable. R 809 Times.

Lady desires furnished room; homelike; kitchen privileges; would share small apartment with lady; below 96th St. L 154 Times.

Gentleman wants room with use of bath, electric light, telephone, around Madison Square; private family preferred. R 278 Times.

Gentleman desires room and breakfast in private family; west side, 72d to 110th St., between Amsterdam and Riverside Drive; reference exchanged. R 381 Times.

Business woman, highest reference, two rooms, near bath, without board, in strictly private house; state terms. Box 256 Times, 2 Rector St.

Bachelor desires well furnished room; heat and electricity; location of West Seventies and near subway; breakfast if it can be arranged for. K 345 Times.

Osteopath desires pleasant home for two months; will give treatments exchange if desired; highest recommendations. S 159 Times.

Wanted by business lady, furnished room, with bath; private family preferred; west side; state particulars; references exchanged. Permanent, 442 Columbus.

Room Wanted.—A couple desire room, with or near bath, with meals, preferred in private family, on west side, not above 110th St. Address S 669 Times Downtown.

Pleasant room by gentleman in section 90th to 110th St., Amsterdam Av. and river; please mention price. R 352 Times.

Refined couple, room, private bath, kitchenette; 48th-60th Sts., east Broadway. A 174 Times.

Young man wants room with private bath near Carnegie Hall. Address O. A. Goulet, Hotel Wellington.

Professional lady desires comfortable room, private family; no other roomers. K 352 Times.

Gentleman desires front room, West Harlem, in a modern apartment, $45. B 1086 Times Harlem.

Jewish young man, college graduate, wishes room with refined family; moderate; references; Yorkville or Harlem. R 217 Times.

Wanted.—Sunny room with board or kitchenette; convenient to 23d and B'way; give particulars; references. K 337 Times.

Gentleman desires front room; West Harlem; modern apartment; $43. B 1036 Times Harlem.

Room with kitchenette or kitchen privilege; business woman; references exchanged. A 187 Times.

Lady would like cheerful room; kitchen privileges; references; state full particulars: West 70th-96th. D 507 Amsterdam Av.

Young man of German descent wishes home in refined family. B 1091 Times Harlem.

Light, warm room in apartment with small family; kitchen privileges. A 172 Times.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished room, without service, business women, near seashore. L 180 Times.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

82D, 66 WEST.—Large front room, bath; kitchen privileges; ground floor; $35 month.

87TH, 153 WEST.—PRIVATE RESIDENCE. OWNER.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

30'S, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, well furnished living room, dressing room, and bath, maid service included, in charming, refined home. Tel. Murray Hill 5729.

48TH ST., 15 EAST.—TWO LARGE ROOMS, BATH, FIREPLACE; REFRIGERATION; MAID, VALET, RESTAURANT SERVICE; MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING; FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

48TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsomely and luxuriously furnished; two very large outside rooms with outside bath; baby grand piano, Turkish rugs, fine linens; maid and valet service; $200 month.

48TH ST., (414 MADISON AV.)
Sublet beautifully furnished two-room, bath apartment; club and maid service included; lease only $225 month. Superintendent.

49TH, 11 EAST.—Three rooms, kitchenette; elevator apartment; possession immediately; also suitable for doctor or dentist. Apply superintendent.

49TH, 146 EAST.—Three-room apartment, with kitchen, fully furnished; immediate possession; $125 per month. Apply Apt. 24.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, COR. 7TH AV.
New 14-story Rodin Studio Apartment Bldg.
ONE APARTMENT LEFT.
Eight-room Duplex Apartment........$4,300
Apply to Resident Manager. Tel. Circle 3560.

59TH, 51 EAST.—Large, bright parlor chamber and bath. $60. Tel. 5022 Murray Hill.

60TH ST., EAST.—3 rooms, kitchen and bath; luxuriously furnished; immediate possession; service; $400. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

60'S, FIFTH.—Perfectly appointed modern apartment; long; short. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 Fifth Av.

62D, 22 EAST.—Furnished or unfurnished; living room, bedroom, and bath, all outside; south, east, and west exposure; maid and elevator service; meals served in apartment if desired. See Superintendent.

88TH, 11 WEST.
Eight rooms and bath, excellent condition; choice location; immediate possession; rent $85. Apply Superintendent.

124TH, 112 WEST, (near Lenox Av.)—Single apartment, 7 large rooms, steam heat, electricity; one flight; $55.

174TH, 235 EAST.—Corner and sun exposure, every room; 6 minutes' walk Tremont station, same to 6th Av. elevated. Phone Tremont 5071.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, West Side; Long, Short Leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
178 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

ARTISTICALLY furnished 2-room apartment with kitchenette, private bath, electricity, attendance; near 33d St. subway. Madison Square 7037.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av.

EXCLUSIVE LIST FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

Furniture and appointments for sale in elegant, modern six-room apartment with lease; will not sublet unless interested in buying furniture. Can be seen from 2 to 4:30 at 129 East 69th St.

FULLY furnished 3-room and bath apartment; best residential section; east of Fifth Av.; hotel service; references exchanged; seen by appointment. X 376 Times Annex.

GENTLEMAN whose wife is abroad, will share his tastefully furnished sunny apartment with gentleman of quiet habits and excellent references; cook has been in employ four years. K 330 Times.

GRAMERCY PARK.—Four-room apartment, artistically furnished, light housekeeping; fireplace, dining room in house; ideal location; Feb. to Oct.; $180. Call Gramercy 6589 Monday.

GRAMERCY neighborhood. — 6 rooms; chintzed old mahogany; very attractive; $100; short or long lease. Tel 360 Lenox.

LEAVING CITY; WILL SUBLET HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENT HOTEL SUITE, FACING MADISON SQUARE PARK, TO JUNE OR OCTOBER AT $400 MONTH: 3 BEDROOMS, 3 BATHS, LARGE LIVING ROOM; HOTEL SERVICE. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

LARGE ROOM, southern exposure, three windows, open fire, bath, kitchenette, and bath; excellent maid and valet service if desired; lease for six months; $75; references. Phone Plaza 8467.

MADISON AV., 414.—A furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath; immediate possession. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Telephone Murray Hill 5600.

PARK AV., (Northwest Corner,) Entrance 81st St.—Six rooms and bath, sunshine. Lenox 7899.

PLAZA SECTION.—7 rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; season, year. Columbus 3974.

Rafael de Flores, 402 Madison Av., (47th.) Specialist furnished, unfurnished apts.

SIX doors from Fifth Av. and Art Museum, large parlor or studio; 2 bedrooms, dining-room, kitchen and bath, available maid; $150 per month or $600 for 6 months. Phone Lenox 9458 or Vanderbilt 3044.

SAN JACINTO, 18 East 60th St.
Sublet 2 rooms, bath; complete service.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.—7 rooms, attractively furnished, 3 rooms facing Square; 2 fireplaces, electric light, steam heat, $225. Phone Monday, 1632 Spring.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH,
furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment, 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

Furnished—West Side.

7-ROOM, elevator; select neighborhood; completely furnished. Phone Harlem 5200. Apt. 22.

12TH ST., 82 WEST.—To sublet, tastefully furnished apartment, four rooms and bath, $150. L. P. Ball.

34TH ST., 140 WEST.—Large living room, fireplace, window seat, two sleeping rooms, bath, hall; eight outside windows; southern exposure; maid service; references.

34TH, 130 WEST.—Comfortably furnished 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, telephone. Apply janitor.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Sublet, 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

26 WEST 43D ST.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 9255.

45TH, 137 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 2-room apt., hotel service, $25 per week. King James Hotel.

46TH, 18 WEST.—Very large parlor bedroom, kitchenette and bath; furnishing elegant and complete for housekeeping; suitable for 2 gentlemen or couple. Wells.

47TH, 5 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished; two splendid floors; will divide; rooms.

47TH, 112 WEST.—High-class bachelor apartment building, three-room apartment, tastefully furnished; $100 monthly; electric light included. Paysen Marrill Co., 6 East 44th St.

49th, 66 West.—Newly remodeled handsomely appointed bachelor duplex apartment; private entrance; breakfast and service optional.

40th, 66 West.—Newly remodeled non-housekeeping apartment; two large living rooms and bath; service and breakfast optional.

50TH ST., (near 5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished three-room, housekeeping apartment; sublet until June, possibly longer; light, sunny rooms; service optional. Phone 4421 Circle, between 8 and 5.

50S, (5th.)—Modern apartment, furnished for housekeeping, $125. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 5th Av.

51ST, 34 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny two-room apartment, second floor, exclusive building, near Fifth Av.; large kitchenette, maid service, spacious living room, fireplace, grand piano; suitable bachelor or couple. Whelen.

54TH, 29 WEST. (Near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsome one and two room sunny suites; private baths.

55TH, 70 WEST, (Hotel Devon.)—Handsomely furnished suite, parlor, bedroom and bath to sublease for February and March.

56TH ST., 52 WEST.—Sublet handsomely furnished entire floor, two large rooms, dressing room and bathroom. On view Monday.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, (APT. 14-B.)
DU LUXE FURNISHED APARTMENT.
Three rooms and bath, 14th floor, overlooking Hudson; south and west exposure; electric kitchenette; handsome collection of paintings by best modern artists; $250 per month; new building.

57TH ST.—8 rooms, 2 baths, duplex apartment, luxuriously furnished; maid accommodation; $600 per month, three months' lease. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

57TH ST., 157 WEST.—Two-room and bath apartment, with real kitchen; maid and club service optional. Seen from 11 to 5, Apt. 6 C.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

57TH, 52 WEST.—New, beautifully furnished, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; rent $200. Circle 5391; 2 South.

57TH, 140 WEST.—4 bright rooms, 2 baths, high class building, 10th floor.

57TH ST., WEST.—For one month, eventually longer, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Circle 3393, between 9-11.

67TH, 2 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, duplex, 14th and 15th floor, south and west exposure, newly and handsomely furnished; rent $250 per month. Mr. Dale, Apt. 14E. Seen by appointment. Phone 5385 Columbus.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Handsome studio, lease to October, $75 month, electricity included; unfurnished if desired; also 2 rooms.

69TH ST., WEST.—2 and 3 room apartments, kitchenette and bath, beautifully furnished, maid's service included; $125 to $175. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Phone 1733 Murray Hill.

69TH ST., (Central Park West.)—Seven-room apartment in Brentmore. Phone Col. 2177.

69TH, 22 WEST.—High-class 2-3-room apartment, kitchenette, light, heat, maid service; refined surroundings; $150-$175.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End.)—Two, three-room apartments; $60 up; latest improvements; completely furnished.

70'S.—Attractive [illegible] apartment, 2 baths. Phone Columbus [illegible] Monday.

71ST, 10 WEST.—[illegible] LARGE, SUNNY, MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED ROOMS; OPEN FIREPLACES, LUXURIOUS BATH, ELECTRIC CABINET, NEEDLE SHOWER; BREAKFAST AND MAID SERVICE OPTIONAL. UNUSUAL.

72D, 344 WEST.—Will lease from Feb. 15 to Oct. 1 attractively furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, overlooking Hudson; linen and silver; $225; seen 2 to 5 P. M. Apply Captain.

72D, 344 WEST.—Will lease from Feb. 15 to Oct. 1 attractively furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, overlooking Hudson; linen and silver; $225; seen 2 to 5 P. M. Apply Captain.

77TH, 66 WEST, (Apt. 7AB.)—Beautifully furnished 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette.

80TH, 140 WEST.—ENTIRE PARLOR SUITE; PARQUET FLOOR; PRIVATE BATH; TELEPHONE; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; $125; REFERENCES.

80'S, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

82D, 228 WEST.—Sublet floor in private house, completely furnished; $100 monthly.

82D, 53 WEST.—3 rooms, new apartment, new furnishings; every convenience and comfort; rent $125.

86TH, 200 WEST, (off Broadway.)—High class elevator apartment, 7 large outside rooms, southern exposure, immediate possession, or will sell reasonable; seen any time; $250 month. Apartment 75. Evans.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Eight rooms, attractively furnished; must be seen to be appreciated; sublet to adults until Oct. 1. Call afternoons. Apartment 4E.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors; large rooms, private bath; unusually well furnished; modern conveniences; near subway and "L"; references.

86TH ST., 305 WEST.—Private house, second floor, bath, kitchenette, $85; sunny studio, $45.

89TH, 320 WEST, (Riverside.)—Wonderful room; southern exposure; private bath, kitchenette; exclusive.

94TH ST., 314 WEST.—Very desirable 7 rooms; also 2 rooms; lease October, longer. Sunday-Monday, 11-5 P. M.

98TH ST., 307-311 WEST.—Hotel Schuyler Arms; subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included; in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

107TH ST., 203 WEST.—Attractive six-room apt., furnished, to July, $150; concession longer lease. Call after Sunday. Morton.

108TH ST., 211 WEST. — Handsomely furnished five-six-room apartment; pianola, electricity, telephone, steam; $75-$85. Coultas.

110TH, 547 WEST, (Broadway.) (Holmes.)—Select private home apartments; west side and heights; various terms; consult us. Cathedral 3774.

110TH, 547 WEST. (Broadway.)—Delightful 5 sunny rooms, private home; elevator; convenient 116th Broadway subway; $125. Holmes, Cathedral 3774.

111TH ST., 536 WEST (at 111th and Broadway.)—5 rooms, beautifully furnished, mahogany Victrola, linen, silver, 2 bedrooms; $140. Call 6080 Cathedral, Apartment 35, for appointment.

112TH.—Attractive 6-room apartment; short lease. Phone Columbus 1278 Monday.

115TH ST., 349 WEST.—Near Broadway; seven rooms, bath, completely furnished, two toilets, extra lavatory; southern exposure; antique mahogany, Oriental rugs, piano, pianola; to July or October; no children. Apartment 20.

118TH, WEST.—7 outside rooms, attractive; lease year; $150; private phone. Cathedral 7583.

113TH, 535 WEST.—Four-room apartment, 2 bed, living room. Apartment 54.

114TH ST., (near Riverside Drive.)—Attractively furnished 5-room, elevator apartment to sublet; southern exposure, piano, silver, linen, open fireplace; long, short lease to responsible tenant; $175 month. K 392 Times.

114TH, 421 WEST.—Attractively furnished four-room apartment; possession Feb. 1; $100.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Three large, light rooms, kitchen; unusually attractive; $100. Ellsworth.

116TH, WEST.—Will share beautiful 6-room apartment overlooking Hudson with congenial couple desiring home surroundings and cooking; references required. Morningside 8274.

116TH ST., 600 WEST.—Very attractively, modernly furnished apartment, with grand piano; five rooms, two baths; to be sublet for six months, or more; $175 month; best references required. Sebastien.

119TH, 435 WEST, (6M.)—See 3 o'clock. Sunny 3 rooms, kitchenette.

127TH ST., 601 WEST, (Apt. 45.)—Sublet furnished elevator apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $75; sell furniture $800. Apply Sunday, 10 A. M.-4 P. M.

136TH, 530 WEST.—4 rooms, beautiful outlook, near subway; Apartment 66.

142D ST., Near Broadway.—Business gentlewoman will rent part of modern apartment, use of piano, &c., $15 weekly. S 700 Times Downtown.

170TH, 715 WEST.—Attractively furnished 4-room apartment, piano, river view. Windsor.

177TH, 609 WEST.—Four rooms, bath; $45 monthly; seen 10-3 Sunday; immediate possession until May. Daspit.

APARTMENT HOMES.
MISS ISABEL DAINTRY OF LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice
APARTMENT HOMES, centrally located.
RENTALS $100 TO $1,800 MONTHLY.
Office, 66 West 56th St. Tel. Circle 3099.

Artistical, luxurious apartment, 5 rooms, bath, kitchenette; beautiful view on park; rent $450 or preferably take over furniture with 2½ years' lease; immediate occupancy. Tel. Circle 1806, 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

Attractive 2 rooms and bath apartment, furnished, to sublet for 4 months from Feb. 1, $325 monthly; hotel services. Hotel Devon.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

CENTRAL PARK NORTH, 141 WEST.—Eight rooms, two baths; completely furnished; all large, light; half block subway station; rent $250 monthly for short term; $200 monthly long term. Cathedral 8425. Mitchell.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 370.—Studio apartment, 4 rooms, fireplace, player piano; $200. Crane.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.—E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

CALL ON MILLER, 162 West 50th St., for list of apartments. Circle 3067.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 25.—Six large outside rooms, overlooking Hudson; antique mahogany furniture; elevator apartment. Stewart, Telephone Audubon 2031.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS a specialty; town, country renting. 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

FIFTH AV., (28th St.)—Kitchenette suite, 2 room and bath; $125 monthly. Phone Md. Sq. 1958.

Five, six room, unfurnished; west side; modern; above 82d St.; reasonable. O 6 Times.

Good river view from a $50 four-room housekeeping elevator apartment to be subleased only to party buying several luxurious articles of furniture for $175; top floor; 2 blocks 145th subway. Phone Mr. Poppleton, Madison Square 5946, in business hours.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS. 162 WEST 72D ST.

IN THE 70'S, WEST SIDE; 3 ELEGANT SUITES, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; DELIGHTFUL HOME, GOOD SERVICE; $325, $225, AND $125 PER MONTH; REFERENCES. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 8055.

MANHATTAN AV., "L" 104th.—Little apartment suite; parlor, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; entire top floor small private house; gas, electricity, telephone, heat, linen; maid service included; $100 monthly. Telephone Academy 2026.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

OVERLOOKING HUDSON RIVER. — Five-room modern apartment, furnished, one master bedroom and bath, to be rented from Feb. 1 to May 31, $200 monthly. Call Apartment 83, 895 West End Av.

PINEHURST AV., 90.—Elegantly furnished three-room apartment, with linens, silver, &c. Apt. 1 G, cor. 181st, two blocks west of Broadway. St. Nich. 9962.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, corner 103d, (Apt. 9-D, Clearfield Apts.)—Beautiful apartment in one of Riverside Drive's most exclusive houses; 9 rooms; interior decorations by renowned artist; 3 master's bedrooms, 3 baths; complete furnishings, including Knabe piano; elegance and refinement; high value; lovely river view; subway express, L, and bus; long lease to reliable tenant; price comparatively moderate.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE apartment, six rooms; lovely, complete home; convenient 116th subway; owing absence from city, will rent to October, $165; possession shortly. H 273 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 780.—6 rooms, 2 baths; strictly fireproof building; one block from subway; beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. Odell. Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 380, (Hendrik Hudson.)—Seven outside rooms; beautifully furnished; Pianola, Victrola; complete in every detail. 1-G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Five rooms, front, complete, immediate; $150. Apt. 28. Morningside 1776.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528.—Five rooms, front, top, complete, linen, silver, $125. Curry.

To Let.—In Washington Square, furnished apartment, large studio with bedroom and bath. Winifred Warren, 11 West 50th St.

TWO ROOM, also four-room apartment; new, high-class elevator building; near Plaza; will sublet to party purchasing furnishings. Mrs. Haller, tel. Plaza 6680.

TEN ROOMS, three baths, or sell furnishings, sacrifice. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 581 Fifth Av.

TO sublet for 3 months, two rooms and bath, in cafe apartment house; immediate possession, or Feb. 1. B 890 Times Annex.

WILL RENT my finely furnished three large room, bath, and kitchenette apartment; leaving city; immediate possession, long or short term; all conveniences, every comfort; near subway, college and parks; main floor. May be seen any time after the 29th, 542 West 113th St.

WEST END AV.—High grade, 10 rooms, 3 baths, beautifully decorated, grand piano, Victrola; long, short lease to responsible tenant. Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

WEST END.—Seven rooms, three baths; new building, handsomely furnished; terms. Columbus 3974.

WEST END AV., 575.—5-room apartment, 2 baths, 2 or 3 months, $300 per month. Apt. 4 D.

WASHINGTON SQUARE, 80.—Small apartment; lease to Oct. 1, 1919; heat, electric light, hot and cold water, service.

WEST END AV., (87th St.)—Three rooms, kitchen, and bath, all light, two or eight months. R 353 Times.

5 ROOMS, bath; rent reasonable. Apply 200 West 86th St., Apartment 52. Grant.

Apartment, five small rooms, lease to Nov. 1. Phone 1774 Morningside.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

Two room apartment, delightfully furnished, (including Chickering Grand,) dining room 25x26; maid service; exclusive; Brooklyn Heights section, Borough Hall subway, 5 minutes to downtown New York; rent $60. Phone Main 4458-W.

MONROE PLACE, 29.—Furnished or unfurnished two rooms, bath; all modern improvements.

Furnished apartment 4 rooms, all light, sunny; choice section Flatbush. S 187 Times.

Furnished—Bronx.

Part of house, (6 rooms and bath,) small family adults; moderate rent; highest credentials. 59 Branford St., Jamaica.

Furnished—Westchester County.

Warm, beautifully furnished 7-room apartment in Pelham; only those who will appreciate exceptional surroundings considered; three bedrooms, two baths. Telephone Pelham 2091.

Three large, sunny, attractively furnished rooms, kitchenette, private bath, (entire upper floor), steam, gas, electricity; 70 Bruce Av., S. Yonkers; 45 minutes Times Sq.

BRONXVILLE, (Gramatan Court,) $75; 28 minutes from Grand Central; 4 rooms, kitchen, bath. Phone Bronxville 879J.

Furnished—New Jersey.

ATLANTIC CITY apartments—3 and 4 room apartments; ocean front; high-class building; hot and cold sea water; refrigeration; any season; furnished or unfurnished. H. G. Harris & Co., Guarantee Trust Building, Atlantic City.

Six beautiful furnished rooms, 27 Berwyn St., near Harrison, East Orange, Brick Church, on D., L. & W. Apply Janitor or write W 716 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished—East Side.

117 EAST 34TH ST.
Apartment, two rooms and bath; rent $75.
FOLSOM BROS., Inc., 127 East 34th St.

49 EAST 90TH ST.
Sublet, 7 light rooms, bath; $47.
KAVANAGH, 963 MADISON AV.

34TH, 58 EAST.—Elegant, two-room kitchenette and bath; every improvement; best convenient location; near Vanderbilt Hotel; $50 monthly.

34TH, 60 EAST.—Sunny apartment, three rooms and bath; maid service.

50IES.—Handsomely furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette, exclusive; $125 month to October. De Flores, 402 Madison Av.

69TH, 20 EAST.—3 rooms, bath, service; $100. Rhinelander 3179, or superintendent.

78TH ST., 42 EAST.—New elevator apartment; 2 light rooms with bath; restaurant in building; agent on premises.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH.
Furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals, if desired; new apartment, No. 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1733.

APARTMENTS 3 large rooms and two baths; fireplace in every room; elevator in house; maid service included in rent; seen by appointment. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Phone 1733 Murray Hill.

EXCEPTIONAL one-room apartment, with bath, overlooking Central Park, $50 month; ready Feb. 1. Supt., 6 Columbus Circle.

LENOX, 7,135.—Parlor floor; kitchenette; heated; doctor or couple; 88th subway; references.

SEVEN room apartment covering one floor, unfurnished. 78 Irving Place. Telephone Gramercy 3311.

Unfurnished—West Side.

56TH, 327 WEST.—Two, five, seven large light rooms; elevator; $720 up.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, COR. 7TH AV.
New 14-Story Rodin Studio Apartment Bldg.
Six-room Housekeeping Apartment.....$3,000
Eight-room Duplex Apartment.........4,300
Aply to Resident Manager. Tel. Circle 3560.

67TH ST., 2 WEST.—Beautifully decorated new studio apartment, kitchenette; opposite Cafe des Artistes. Apartment 4-G.

75TH, 24 WEST.—Four rooms, bath, third floor. Call, or telephone 4821 Columbus.

94TH ST., 276, (near West End Av.)—New 2 and 4 rooms; possession Feb. 1; $1,100 and $1,200.

94TH ST., 308 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside, Broadway subway.

157TH, 614 WEST.—5-room apartment; elevator; near Riverside; one block subway; will lease $70 month. Apartment G 7.

181ST ST., 605 WEST.—Doctor's office; 2 rooms and laboratory; rent $30 ground floor premises; in the busiest centre of upper Manhattan.

A sunny apartment of 2 rooms, bath. Hotel Chelsea, West 23d St.

BEAUTIFUL studio, 22x23, with bedroom and bath. Hotel Chelsea, West 23d St.

FOR SALE.
My equity of $35,000 in Harperley Hall, 1 West 64th St., including perpetual lease of 8 room and 3 bath apartment. Loudon Charlton, 868 Carnegie Hall.

FOR RENT.—370 CENTRAL PARK WEST, corner 97th St., from Feb. 1, 7 rooms and 3 baths; unusually large rooms and closets; open fireplace in living room; $155. Call Superintendent.

FOUR large rooms, bath, and kitchenette, second floor private house in 70s; rent $1,500. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 818.—Apartment sublet, 4 rooms, $54. See Superintendent.

STUDIO APARTMENTS.
1, 2, 3 rooms, baths, kitchenettes; steam, electricity, parquet floors, open fireplaces; just completed; moderate rents; fine street. 124 West 85th St.

TWO very large rooms, foyer and bath; entire floor; remodeled private house; rent $1,100, 616 West 113th, or Thomas J. O'Reilly, Broadway at 109th St. Telephone Academy 1600.

WEST END AV., 812.—KITCHENETTE, 2 ROOMS; 2D FLOOR; YR. LEASE ONLY. $100, ELEC. AND GAS INCLUDED.

WEST END AV., 255.—Three rooms and bath; high-class apartment house.

8 ROOMS; $2,000.
EUCLID HALL,
2345 BROADWAY.
Block Front 85th to 86th Sts.
Apply to Supt. on premises
or telephone Schuyler 5761.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Unfurnished—West Side.

8 ROOMS, 3 baths; $150 per month.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, near 113th St.
SUBLEASE—BARGAIN.
Apply Thomas J. O'Reilly,
Broadway at 109th St. Tel. 1600 Academy.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 27, (corner Willow.)—Beautiful apartment; Brooklyn; 4 rooms, kitchenette; all outside; overlooking Bay; 5 minutes Borough Hall, 15 from Wall St.; block from Bossert; exclusive neighborhood; well adapted for high-class physician; $125 monthly. Apply Isaac Cary, 200 Fulton, Brooklyn.

CLINTON ST., 413, (Corner.)—5 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, $42.50.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

216 ROSEVILLE AVE., NEWARK.
Four and five room apartments, newly finished, all modern conveniences, two blocks from Roseville Station D., L. & W.; twenty minutes to Cortlandt St., New York; agent on premises from 2 to 5. Phone 4026 Branch Brook.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

American, lover of art, literature, music, theatre, outdoor life, gardening, desire find attractive, moderate-priced quarters; city now, and country in the Spring, with American family, or another lone man; would board, or share. B 876 Times Annex.

Furnished apartment wanted, until about June 15th; five or six rooms on West Side, from Sixtieth to Ninetieth Street. Must be nicely furnished, for a responsible tenant. N. G. Loeb, 302 West 86th Street.

Furnished apartment wanted; two bedrooms, living room, with kitchenette; near a park or Riverside Drive; February and March. Write or phone John 4000 between 12 and 1; references. Wm. Currie, 38 Wall St.

6 TO 9 ROOMS IN MODERN BUILDING WANTED AT ONCE BY DESIRABLE TENANT TO JUNE OR OCTOBER; WILL PAY $300 TO $500 MONTH. R 103 TIMES.

Two officers, accustomed to fine homes, desire small, quiet, comfortably furnished apartment; prefer fireplace, shower; reasonable. Write particulars, price, Naval Aviation, Y 238 Times Annex.

Wanted, for high-class tenant, immediately, 9 rooms, 3 baths, furnished, Park Av. or vicinity, Feb. 1 to June 1, for small adult family, now living at best hotel. RAFAEL DE FLOREZ, 402 Madison Av., (47th St.)

Furnished apartment wanted; 3 or 4 rooms, modern, electricity, between East 60th and 90th Sts., Madison and Lexington Avs. Please mention rent. Apartment, 116 East 75th St.

Small responsible family wants from Feb. 1 to June 1 a well furnished apartment with not less than 3 bedrooms, on Park Av.; will pay from $3,000 to $5,000. F. R., 817, Times.

50th to 90th St., people of refinement wish apartment for 3 months or longer; east side preferred; must be reasonable; best care taken. Address Box 190, 437 Marbridge Building.

Furnished room or small apartment wanted for light housekeeping by young married couple; must be in refined neighborhood; westside. Write R. B., 2,876 Broadway.

Four or five-room apartment between 72d and 200th Sts.; would consider taking over lease and buying furniture; no dealers; moderate rental. A 190 Times.

Discharged soldier wants small apartment, furnished, unfurnished; Columbia University section preferred, not essential; must be reasonable. K 376 Times.

Two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette, rental $70 to $80, between 100th and 120th Sts., west. A 181 Times.

Four, five rooms, near Columbia, 4 months; mother, 2 daughters, youngest 11 yrs.; about $100. Telephone Cathedral 7583.

Two to five rooms, bath, kitchenette, between 40th and 60th Sts., Park-B'way; not more than $80. Vanderbilt 6267.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Mother, two daughters, desire completely furnished small apartment; reasonable. X 382 Times Annex.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, near Washington Square. $75 per month. K 231 Times.

Responsible young couple desire two rooms, bath, kitchenette, Feb. 1; first-class; preferably east side; about $75. K 251 Times.

Five or six rooms by family three adults for three months; $85 month; best references. Phone Plaza 1447.

Two to five rooms; bath, kitchenette, between 40th-60th Sts., Park Av.-Broadway; not more than $80. Vanderbilt 6267.

Require 5, 7 rooms, below 100th, new building preferred; 3-4 months; not over $300. Columbus 3974.

Apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; between 30th-60th; not over $60. R 281 Times.

FURNISHED apartment, west side, wanted for two months; responsible Southern family. Write at once, Box B 57 Times.

Wanted.—Small apartment until May; two refined adults; give excellent care; highest references; state lowest price. L 123 Times.

Four bedrooms, 3 baths, immediate occupation, to July 1, west side, above 60th St. Reply 11 East 75th St.

A three-room apartment, bath and kitchenette, front; officer in service, wife, and child. R 283 Times.

Three-room apartment with kitchenette for two business women, below 96th St., west side. O 24 Times.

Wanted Feb. 1 to Oct. 5, 6 rooms, housekeeping apartment, about $200 monthly; east side, below 86th St. P. S. 386 Times.

Wanted immediately, 3-4 rooms furnished apartment, near 59th St.; 3 months, $400 monthly. Telephone Monday, Vanderbilt 1450.

Reception room, bedroom, and bath, refined surroundings, bet. 72d and 80th Sts. Address Stewart, 311 Amsterdam Av.

Closing country house till April, couple desires small sunlight kitchenette apartment, below 59th; $50-$75. A 223 Times.

Couple desire high class apt., not above 72d. S 152 Times.

Three rooms for responsible couple, best references. Phone Col. 1277, Monday.

Six rooms for responsible couple, best references. Phone Col. 1277, Monday.

Rafael de Flores, 402 Madison Av., (47th.) Specialist furnished, unfurnished apts.

Wish to lease for few years apartment in small hotel. 182 Times.

Five to seven rooms, two to three months. Lockhart, Hotel Walcott.

To rent your furnished apartments see E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St., Col. 1077.

Furnished small apartment wanted by army officer; medium priced. S 156 Times.

3-4 rooms, bath, with, without steam, quiet locality; terms. K 296 Times.

Unfurnished.

Unfurnished seven-room apartment wanted in section bounded by 130th and 180th Sts., Broadway and Riverside; mail complete details of location, price and room plan; will inspect early in February. Address G. H. S., Room 1706 Flat'ron Bldg., N. Y.

Wanted.—Furnished or unfurnished apartment, two rooms and bath; modern; electricity; absolutely independent; between East 65th and 85th Sts., Madison and Lexington Ave.; please mention price. Apartment, 116 East 75th St.

Army officer returning to New York desires immediately six or seven room apartment within ten blocks of East 65th St. and within three blocks of 5th Av. Address Captain Maynard, Hotel Plaza.

Bachelor apartment from March 1, 2 rooms and bath, by the year at moderate rental; between 60th and 35th Sts., Broadway to Lexington Avenue, or Washington Square section. R 569 Times Downtown.

Three or four room apartment, west side, about 200th St., near river, or Greenwich Village; $40; surroundings must be excellent. K 348 Times.

Wanted.—Five or six room apartment near 59th St., east or west; sublet or lease furnished or unfurnished. Address A. P. Williams, 120 West 57th St.

Wanted.—Unfurnished apartment, two or three rooms, bath, elevator unnecessary, between 42d and 66th Sts.; $900. B. X., 401 Times.

Immediately to Oct. 1 or longer, 5-6 rooms, unfurnished apartment (housekeeping); Park Av. section; $2,000-$2,800 yearly. L. A., 317 Times.

Unfurnished, five to seven rooms, elevator, lease to October, wanted immediately. Phone Holden, 3140 Franklin or Morningside 8040.

110th, 547 West, (Broadway,) Holmes.—Responsible clients for two to six rooms, west side, 72d to Dyckman, $30-$125; soon as possible. Cathedral 3774.

Two to four rooms; good west side location, not above 116th; up to $75; best references. H 272 Times.

4 rooms, bath, kitchen, fireplace; 50th to 86th St. east of Columbus Av. Northrop, 220 West 129th St. Tel. Morning. 2458 M.

Two or three rooms, bath, and kitchen, or kitchenette apartment for two business men; $40-$50. L 204 Times.

Unfurnished housekeeping apartment, three rooms, bath; $40-$50. Bryant 6235, Apt. 815.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Unfurnished.

Six-room apt., below 72d St.; will exchange 4-room apt. at 190th West; will sublet. Phone St. Nicholas 8082.

Two or three rooms, private bath; housekeeping; near Broadway, 116th St. R 296 Times.

Wanted five rooms, bath, modern apartment, by year, May 1, $40-$45 monthly; 3 adults. K 824 Times.

Unfurnished 4-room apartment wanted; elevator house, Washington Heights; $50 or $65. J., 3,650 Broadway.

Five-rooms, between 72d and 116th St., west side. K 368 Times.

Sunny apartment, five or six rooms, rent $55 to $90. C. L. Smith, 481 West 121st.

Three or four rooms, upper west side; full particulars. K 367 Times.

4 or 5 room modern apartment, convenient location; immediately. 1,325 Lexington Av.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
Fifty cents an agate line.

PROMINENT REAL ESTATE OFFICE HAS OPENING FOR HIGH-GRADE, EXPERIENCED MORTGAGE MAN; PREFERABLY ONE HAVING WIDE ACQUAINTANCE AMONG MANHATTAN REALTY OWNERS. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY IN OFFICE OF EXCEPTIONAL STANDING IS OFFERED TO ENERGETIC MAN. SALARY. REPLIES CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL. APPLY A. B., BOX 206 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WE HAVE FROM $1,000 to $3,000 to loan on second bond and mortgage improved property in Mount Vernon, Yonkers, New Rochelle, Bronxville, or Pelham. Cooley Realty Company, Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 8400.

Have mortgage money for loans of moderate size on well-located improved Manhattan and Bronx real estate. Mail full particulars.
Albert C. Friedman, 31 Nassau St., City.

First mortgage money wanted on newly completed, all-improvement house in Flatbush; safe investment; liberal terms. R 659 Times Downtown.

$100,000 SECOND MORTGAGE MONEY. Various amounts; centrally located Manhattan properties preferred. Excelsior Estates Company, 135 Broadway.

Second mortgage $10,000 wanted; new law apartment; 10 per cent commission. X 334 Times Annex.

Suburban mortgage money for New Jersey and New York. Van Denberg, 100 Broadway.

Second mortgage money, $2,000 to $10,000, on good Bronx improved, Melrose section preferred. Box 161, 3,013 3d Av.

Have $115,000 to invest in bargains; mail particulars in first letter; quick. Schoen, 216 Bedford Park Boulevard.

Money for interest, taxes, rent assignments; brokers protected. Campbell, 400 East 150th St.

YEARLY INSTALLMENT LOANS against Income to Realty Owners. N. Y. Income Corp'n, 31 Nassau. Rector 1229.

Second mortgage for sale; excellent security; Brooklyn. R 658 Times Downtown.

$6,500 second mortgage for sale on valuable corner. Gordon, 220 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Known builder to help keep mechanics working will take alteration contracts at cost. K 381 Times.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

TWO REAL BARGAINS.
3 story; rent $10,334; price $62,500.
5 story; rent $7,450; price $46,500.
On Washington Heights. Terms Easy.
SHAW & CO., 1 West 125th St.

SPLENDID INCOME PRODUCERS.
$2,500 cash; net income $500; small building, leased one tenant, prominent avenue.
$5,000 cash; net income $1,200; 5-story apartment house, near Broadway.
$7,000 cash; net income $3,000; modern business building, all leased.
Howard Mosher, 135 Broadway.

For Sale.—A garage property with an established business; capacity over 150 cars; in a restricted neighborhood; a good proposition for the right man; terms; we also have a smaller proposition of the same kind; might trade one or both with some cash. Meta Investing Co., 11 West 177th St.

For Sale, to close estates, 12,000 acres in Montana, fenced, irrigated, wonderful soil; 125,000 acres in New Mexico, all fenced; 10,000 acres in Florida, near Jacksonville; great bargains; terms. Theodore Wetmore, Hotel Majestic.

HARRIS'S EXCHANGE,
Times Building. Bryant 310. For sale, 2 thirty apartments with stores. Bargain. 3 4-story new buildings. High class. 3 buildings and stores near East 116th. Farm free and clear. Sell or exchange.

Estate must sell the newly completed Leroy garage, situated north side 144th St., 100 ft. east Lenox Av; 125x100; just leased for $8,250 for 10 years with $2,500 security; price $62,500; mortgage to suit. Freeman, And. 8228.

Investors.—Walk-up apartment, ten-family; rents over $4,300; near Columbus Av. and 104th St.; subject to one mortgage; offered at a price that will interest investors; principals only. H 412 Times Downtown.

Property for sale; no brokers; $35,000 price; 45 feet by 103 deep; 118-120 East 13th St.; with plans to build 4-story garage; free and clear. Address Owner, S. Stein, 216 East 13th St., city.

Lot, ripe for development, S. E. corner 185th and Wadsworth Av., 50x79; make offer. Geo. L. Barnes, 1,291 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penn.

32,000 SQUARE FEET.
Ground floor; complete power plant; heavy crane, part covered; mill construction. K 330 Times.

$75,000 equity in beautiful estate, free and clear; will exchange for loft building or large apartment showing good income. Estate, A 786 Times Downtown.

LESSEES.—Just purchased several apartment houses; will lease immediately; great bargains; never before offered. Browning, 110 West 40th.

A five-story store and apartment on West 117th St., near subway; rents $4,400, can be increased; will take $36,000; $5,000 cash, balance mortgage. R 348 Times.

BARGAIN.—$7,500; completely, newly furnished rooming house, 3 story, 12 rooms; near 7th Av., 125th. Shaw & Co., 1 W. 125th.

Five-story 22-family flat, near Central Park, $56,500; rent, $6,200; steam heat; good investment. W. Alanson Alexander, 503 5th Av.

Colored tenement, 365 W. 126th St., containing 10 apartments, 5 rooms and bath each; good investment. S 617 Times Downtown.

Fine 50-foot new-law corner, 8th Av., $70,000; rent over $10,000; savings bank mortgage $45,000. Defiance Co., 135 Broadway.

Moving picture theatre building, land, and lease for sale; easy terms. Estate, 228 Times Downtown.

90th, 55 West.—Beautifully furnished rooming house, all rented; part in trade; reasonable; owner. Telephone Riverside 5865.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Brook Av. corner; $2,750 rent; small amount cash and second mortgage on trade for balance.

Bronx business building, 3-story, in trade for small, free and clear home.

75x123 walk-up five-story; $11,200 rent; want cash; Bronx.

LEE, 200 BROADWAY.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A unique camp style Summer bungalow; living room, kitchen, bath, two bedrooms; complete with quarter acre plot; water rights, boat landing, fishing, bathing; $1,750. Lake Mahopac Bungalow Colony, 40 W. 32d St. 9860 Madison Square.

Gentleman's country estate, Westchester, 45 minutes out; handsome residence, 12 rooms, 3 bathrooms; large grounds, overlooking Sound; $30,000, easy terms; or consider exchange for new-law apartment. Principal, 122 Times.

60 acres or 600 lots in White Plains, suitable for immediate development or estate; would exchange for $150,000 equity in improved centrally located Manhattan property; principals only. H. H., 163 Times.

A CHANCE TO OWN YOUR OWN HOME in restricted residential section of Larchmont, with sewers, water, gas, &c.; near station, schools, village, and Sound; $500 cash and balance on terms like rent. Krisch, 11 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6441.

Owner will sacrifice new house, every modern improvement; eight rooms, two baths, two fireplaces; extra large plot; garage; best residential section Mount Vernon. Keys, 444 South Columbus Av.

Scarsdale.—A colonial home of 9 rooms, 3 baths, 3 porches, garage, garden; near station; exceptional location; large plot; rent $1,800; sell $21,000. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y.

FARMS—COUNTRY HOMES—NORTHERN Westchester, Putnam, Duchess counties. Bungalow & cottage sites on Lake Mahopac. EDWARD JOYCE, Lake Mahopac, N. Y.

Five acres, Ardsley Village; Putnam Division; ½ mile station; $4,800; cash $800; balance mortgage. Owner, Room 1710, 31 Nassau St.

RYE.—For sale or to let, newly constructed, up to date house, furnished or unfurnished. For particulars apply Room 1123, 165 Broadway.

Acreage property, close to city, ready for subdivision; this is a bargain. For particulars, address Estate, Room 611, World Building, New York.

REAL ESTATE.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

COLONIAL house at Larchmont; [illegible] bath; hilltop plot; reasonable terms. Country Home League, 40 W. 32d St. Madison Square.

For sale, Yonkers residence; fine location, plot 100x100; garage; price $11,500. J. H. Glancy, 300 New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FLATBUSH.
For Sale—1,850 East 8th St., Brooklyn. Take Brighton "L" to Kings Highway. 2-story, newly completed, detached stucco house; 8 rooms and bath, 7 rooms and bath, and 5 rooms and bath, respectively; glass enclosed porches, parquet floors, electric lights, steam heat, &c.
A BARGAIN. Agent on premises.
MANVER REALTY CORPORATION.
Owner, 160 Broadway, New York City.
Phone Cortlandt 2886.

Manufacturing building, 30x85; high ceiling now equipped with 40 sewing machines, h. p. gas engine, Wilcox & Gibbs and Singer machines; will sell or rent; building is located in Brooklyn, near Prospect Park; plenty of help to be gotten; will sacrifice. Miss Goldfine, care Pacific, 221 West 33d St., New York.

REAL INCOME.
Two modern 6-family brick flats; no [illegible] near subway station; actual rents [illegible] year each.
PRICE $8,900 EACH.
Beaver, 6,806 Third Av., Brooklyn.

For sale, Brooklyn residence, located Fort Hamilton Parkway; bargain, $12,000; terms reasonable. J. H. Glancy, 300 New Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, vacant property, northwest corner of Colonial Av. and Ibis St., in the finest section of Forest Hills, Borough of Queens. George H. Payntar, Inc., Queens Plaza Court Building, Long Island City, N. Y.

Waterfront plot with riparian rights fronting Long Island Sound; restricted for residential use; size 100x200. Halleran Agency, 51 Chambers St., N. Y. Worth 8872.

Two-family corner frame house and stable, 461 Washington Av., Long Island City.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—60 acres above Garden City, between Mineola and Roslyn, suitable for gentleman's estate, for golf links, for investment, or high-class development, Long Island Railroad has station on property; also reached by electric car on Willis Av.; it joins the Vanderbilt Speedway; must be seen to be appreciated; terms reasonable to quick buyer. R. J. Burke, Romaine Building, Paterson, N. J.

A miniature country estate, north shore of L. I., one hour out, 3 acres, near water. Colonial house of 8 rooms and two baths, very attractive; garage, tenant house, with improvements; chicken house; large garden, fruit and berries; owner will sacrifice. Wm. L. Gerard, 47 West 34th St., New York.

POULTRY, PIG, and TRUCK Farm, new buildings, every modern improvement, electricity, artesian well, established five years; profitable business; $13,500, with stock and equipment; would make fine commuter's farm; one hour out; $9,500 without stock, &c. Y 205 Times Annex.

SIXTY-THREE ACRES,
BETWEEN FLUSHING AND JAMAICA
RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT
TROLLEY PASSING.
JOHN J. WHITE,
817 WEST END AV. 9066 RIVERSIDE

DOUGLAS MANOR, GREAT NECK
2 very desirable homes for sale; never offered before; built for present owners; exceptional values at $20,000 and $22,000. Buyers consult Ed. Hessels, 1 West 34th St. N. Y. Sunday inspection. Tel. 2855 Bayside.

Garden City, L. I.—Corner, 100 by 150 on Stuart Av., 3 minutes' walk from station; 3 minutes from Garden City Country Club; 11-room house, 3 baths. Inquire S. F. Wilcox, 41 West 52d St., N. Y.

Bargain, $9,750, beautiful new Westbury dwelling, 8 rooms, open fireplaces, gas, electricity, half acre, beautiful surroundings; 45 minutes out. Pierson, 809 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

For rent or for sale, house at Bayside; 8 rooms and bath; modern improvements. Port Washington Branch L. I. R. R. Address Holmes, 200 Broadway, Manhattan.

Port Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees; plots 100x150; price $2,000 up. Horace C. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., HOMES.
Artistically designed.
Near trolley—Garden City—golf links, &c. O. L. Schwencke, Jr., 277 B'way. Worth 4857.

For sale or to lease, 6-acre-picnic ground with large dance hall, in Maspeth. Inquire J. Friedland, 293 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn.

For Sale.—160-acre farm; 15-room house, barns, plenty fruit, well watered. Dr. Sheldon, Rhinebeck, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

245 ACRES, SELDEN, 18-ROOM HOUSE, Orchard; good level land; $30,000; free and clear. Fisk, 140 Nassau, New York.

4 lots, 2 plots in Rockway Park; big bargain for quick buyer. Apply S. Scherr, 56 West 118th St.

8 acres, Lynbrook, ripe for builder; houses built up to same money maker. Lowndes, 246 West 106th St.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
Will build factory to suit tenant. Address Owner, L 170 Times.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Commuters' home overlooking and near Northport Harbor; house 6 rooms; running water, barn, poultry house, garden plot; only $2,500. Harry T. Mott, Northport, L. I.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Unprecedented opportunity to quick buyer; 30 acre gentleman's residence; some fine land beautiful lake, also springs and stream, beautiful residence, like new, containing 12 rooms and 2 baths, every modern convenience, open fireplaces, broad verandas, surrounded by beautiful lawn, many cedar shrubs and shade trees; fine garage; located main road, near depot; forced change of residence makes price secondary consideration; $20,000; terms. GOODHARDT, Spring Valley, N. Y.

460 acres, 12-room farm house, large barn, carriage house, 2,000 sugar maples, Spring brook, large orchard, buildings, worth more than price, $5,000. Berkshires. Archer, 16 East 43d.

Gentleman's estate, Orange County, commuting distance, Tuxedo section; 125 acres; beautiful modern stone house; all improvements; garage, &c.; mountainous scenery. Mrs. McAleer, 160 West 119th.

Farm, stocked, 170 acres, Columbia County, N. Y., $12,000; want suburban or Brooklyn two-family. Borden, 26 Cortlandt.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY HOME AND FARM.
Handsome gray stone and frame dwelling, 12 rooms, 2 baths, city gas, hot water heat, all modern conveniences, barn for 6 horses, 5 cows, brooder house, hot water heat, 2 poultry houses 50 feet long, 25 acres full cultivation, 80 peach trees, 200 pears, also apples; grand shade. Just outside city limits of large town, 17 miles from Philadelphia, strictly high-grade; price $10,000, half cash. Write today, also send for our handsomely illustrated Farm Catalogue for 1919. BRAY & MACGEORGE, 1077 DREXEL BLDG., PHILADELPHIA, PENN., or VINELAND, N. J.

Exceptional Opportunities.—Munition plants; one very large, with waterfront; one 40,000 square feet, suitable any business; new machinery, salvage prices. Equipped woodworking plant, 12,000 square feet, $12,500 running. Iron foundry, 20,000 square feet running; owner sick, must retire. Also pipe foundry; owner will put in $50,000. Hat and garment plants. Sites one to 100 acres on railroad, unfailing water supply $300 acre; 30 miles city. FINCK, FACTORY SPECIALIST, Elizabeth, N. J.

Bargain—45-acre farm, high, healthful location; 10-room house, large barns, and colony chicken house; 300 peach, few apple, cherry, plum, and quince trees; implements, wagons, harness, and cow; near pretty lake bathing, and fishing; 39 miles N. Y., 8 miles Morristown, 3 miles Dover. This is an ideal general chicken or boarders' farm; price for quick sale, $5,500. Owner, 98 Times Bronx.

AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.
Highest elevation, new dwelling, stucco and tapestry brick construction, nine rooms, six bedrooms, 3 baths, steam heat, sun parlor, large plot.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN
120 Broadway, N. Y. (Rector 7718.)
Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.
Plot 100x150; 8 rooms and bath, steam heat, open fireplace, all improvements; elevation, view; price $8,000.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN,
120 Broadway, N. Y. (Rector 7718.)
Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

Gentleman, retired, Mayor of village, has several small farms on which he will build model farm houses for families who will make permanent homes; plans sent to approved prospects. Country Home League, 40 West 32d St. Telephone 9860 Madison.

North Caldwell.—Eight-room house, improvements, 6 acres land; beautiful suburban home, heart of the Orange Mountains; commuting distance; price $7,500. Address Owner, The Spring Farm, Grand View Av., North Caldwell, N. J.

NEWARK, N. J.
Retail store location, in the very best retail section on Broad St. in the City of Newark; the only one to be had; long term lease. KRAEMER, 776 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

NEWARK, N. J.
To Let——STORES——To Let
on Broad and Market Streets,
Best Retail Locations.
KRAEMER, 776 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Westwood, $15,000; two acres, 14 rooms; cost $30,000. 51 Vesey St., New York.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents on agate line.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Short Hills, N. J.—Lackawanna express trains; choice building sites; high elevation; all improvements. Edward B. Camp, The Apthorp, 78th St. and Broadway. Telephone 9300 Schuyler.

Edgewood, N. J.—3 acres, splendid house, improvements, garage, fruit, shade trees, $7,000; photographs. Hover, 225 5th Av., N. Y.

Hotel Buckingham, Avon, N. J., containing 75 guest rooms furnished; well established; reasonable to right party. Address H. S., 51 East 42d St., Room 308.

Harrison, N. J.—Splendid fish factory, fully equipped, up-to-date machinery, &c. Full particulars Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Av., Newark.

A home in Ramapo Hills, commuting distance; 7 rooms, bath, fruit trees; bargain; terms. Country Home League, 40 W. 32d St., 9860 Madison Square.

Acre village farm, dwelling and barn; village water, electric light; 8 minutes station; 2 or 3 acres if desired. Country Home League, 40 W. 32d St. Phone 9860 Madison.

SHORT HILLS, N. J.—For sale or rent, a number of attractive modern houses, delightful residential community. Communicate Charles O'Brien Co., South Orange, N. J.

For Sale—House at 46 Milford Av., Newark; 12 rooms and 2 baths. For terms apply at 149 Orchard St., Newark.

Factories and Factory Sites Everywhere. ROBERT T. STOUTENBURGH, 20-26 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

?-acre farm at Long Branch; modern house, large barn, on main road; close an estate. Thomas A. Webb, Newark, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—IDEAL SUMMER CAMP, 90 acres, large portion high ground, beautifully wooded with fine hemlock and hardwood trees, ample athletic fields; abundant supply of fine spring water and excellent drainage, about one-fifth mile of water front, good swimming, boating and canoeing; accessible yet secluded; convenient for New York and Southern New England points. Address Owner, L 124 Times.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

Lake Lucy, Florida.—13-room house, improvements; 17 acres; lake frontage; tropical fruits, shrubs; beautiful grounds; former house well-known literary writer; sacrifice $4,500, photographs. Hover, 225 5th Av., N. Y.

PHOSPHATE. Best phosphate proposition in Florida; 1,200 acres, four million tons; no triflers. Charles Pedder, Bradentown, Fla.

Miami, Florida—10-acre orange, grapefruit grove, 6-room bungalow; improvements; $7,500. Hover, 225 5th Av., N. Y.

District of Columbia—For Sale or Rent.

BEST BUY IN WASHINGTON, D. C. For sale beautiful apartment house, in exclusive residential section of Washington, D. C. containing 42 apartments, fireproof construction, recently completed; pays $23,000 net prewar rentals per annum; owner needs money for building operations; price $265,000. For further particulars apply Edward P. Schwartz, Inc., 734 15th St. N. W.

Seven-apartment apartment house in northwest quarter of Washington, D. C.; well rented, it carries $4,000 mortgage, and I am willing to exchange my equity of $10,000 for acreage property within commuting distance of New York City. Address particulars to Dr. A. C. Arnold, 2 West 67th St.

Georgia—For Sale or To Let.

1,000 acres Clinch County, Georgia, 2 miles of R. R.; fair timber, cypress and pine; 130 acres cleared; fine for truck or general farming; healthy; $7.50 per acre. H. M. Ivagler, Homerville, Ga.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

For those that want to live nice in fine neighborhood and have free rent, we have a two-family duplex that will do all that; brick, with all today's improvements; $2,500 or less will secure same; with garage space if desired. Investigate; we guarantee. Meta Investing Co., 11 West 177th St.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Why don't you trade your Country Estate, Acreage, or Residence, which costs large sums to maintain FOR Bona-fide, first-class, steady well-paying city income property? Full description desired. Write now. Address "Principal," 113 Times.

JUST OUT THE NAVY. Send me what you have to exchange, the bigger the better; Brooklyn and New York property; have large list of properties to exchange. Brooklyn a specialty. Navy, 22 Times.

A plot 100x110, on beautiful Ocean Av.; small equity for small private home with garage or will make reasonable terms to a sale. Owner, H. Freyler, 1,039A President St., Brooklyn.

Gentleman's estate; water front, 200 feet on Long Island Sound, 50 miles out; beautiful residence, all improvements; best surroundings, equity $12,000; want Brooklyn income. Bowen, 346 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Cash and equity of $15,000 in single flat, West 50s, to exchange new law Heights, West Bronx sections; send full particulars. Van Brunt, 200 East 96th St.

?th St.—340x100; free and clear; price $18,000; trade for steam heated flat; may add cash. Remmers & Co., 343 Lewis Av., Bklyn.

Westfield.—Acre sites and residences; terms and exchanges considered. Walter Rich, Westfield.

Real Estate Wanted.

WANTED, ABOUT 5,000 SQ. FT., LIGHT MANUFACTURING PURPOSES: LIVE STEAM AND POWER PREFERRED; CENTRAL PART OF CITY. R 237 TIMES.

I have $5,000 to invest in a small country home, not more than five acres of land, within 25 miles of New York City, near railroad station; house must be modern, with all improvements. What can you offer? Lubetkin, 223 Broadway.

WANTED, FLORIDA GROVE. About $4,000 to exchange for new eight-room bungalow, ten acres cultivated, 40 fruit trees, near Huntington, L. I. Lahr, West 51st St.

House 10 rooms, 2 or 3 baths; with garage preferred, Brooklyn; vicinity Prospect Park South; full particulars; owners only. Write Box 66 care Kiersan, 135 Broadway.

WILL BUY STRICTLY MODERN suburban home within 25 miles of New York City; large plot, send full particulars. Principal, K 113 Times.

Alterations, all interior decorations very reasonably done; high class work to make your unprofitable house profitable. Elite Painting Decorating Co., 17 West 42d.

Wanted—Factory of brick construction with 10,000 square feet; will buy for cash or lease for a term of years. R. E. Patterson, 611 Leonard St., Brooklyn, New York.

Wanted—A railroad siding Long Island City or Eastville with ten to twenty city lots; purchase for cash. R. E. Patterson, 611 Leonard St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Will buy house, ten rooms, two or three baths, garage; between Mt. Vernon and White Plains; must be modern; full particulars; owners only. Box L 132 Times.

Income property showing good net returns; state details for immediate inspection; quick action before going South; will consider several. Idle Capital, L 34 Times.

HAVE CASH BUYERS. Manhattan or Bronx apartments, elevator or walk-up; if really cheap. Shaw & Co., 1 West 125th St.

WE HAVE CASH BUYERS; ONE OR TWO FAMILIES OR FLATS; SEND US FULL PARTICULARS OF YOUR PROPERTY. REMMERS & CO., 343 LEWIS AV., BKLYN.

Wanted, income property on lease, by responsible party. Reasonable, 349 Amsterdam Av.

Lots Brooklyn or Queens; must be bargain, for cash. Builder, N. Y. Times, Brooklyn.

Economical management of apartments, business properties. DuCret Co., 55 Liberty St.

Wanted, to lease flats, tenements, apartments. Write R. E., 157 East 47th St.

Cash or will buy bargains, new-law, Manhattan, Bronx. K 356 Times.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

?-acre farm with buildings, $6,500; 40 miles city, 86 acres of choice land, on a ... Ask for complete description. Jacob Erlich, 100 William St.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Three farms in one, 562 acres, State highway, 18 buildings; good condition; noted for hay and grain, running spring water; equipped for 1,000 hens, 38 head cattle, 10 horses; 1½ miles village, 4½ miles railroad; 80 acres chestnut ties; near Pomfret, Conn.; $10,000. F. D. Lawrence, Groton, Conn., G. L. W.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents on agate line.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FARMS.—Pictures and accurate details of personally examined farms of merit. State your requirements. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

THE FARM BROKERS' ASSOCIATION of New York State gives you service, protection, square dealing, and offers you thoroughly investigated propositions like this: A very productive, level farm of 93 acres, with especially good buildings and water and wonderfully fruited; with all machinery, equipment and live stock, ready for business and immediate possession in Lower Central New York, for $4,500; come prepared. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row, New York, Member of the Association.

Wonderful Opportunity.—City gentleman's farm, Dutchess County, 2½ hours Grand Central on State Highway; attractive six-room residence, bath, fully furnished, (Lord & Taylor's new furniture;) hunting, fishing, trout brook; finest spring in county; including horse, cow, chickens, two new chicken houses; saw mill, barn; garage; first looker will snap it up; $5,500; $2,000 cash. Call see photos. Batson Farm Agency, 489 5th Av., N. Y.

200-Acre dairy farm on large lake; dwelling 13 rooms; basement barn for 35 head; 2 silos, painted, good condition; team, 20 head cattle, 2 sows, 150 hens, plenty fruit, sugar works, all necessary tools, machinery; 1918 Ford auto; typewriter; furnishings seven rooms; terms $9,500; $4,000 cash, balance $50 monthly. Owner, Telford, Maryland, N. Y.

Abandoned farm, 410½ acres; six-room dwelling and outhouses, 300 acres inclosed with 4-strand wire fence; 100 acres open land; 100 acres bottom land not cleared; fair amount of timber; 18 miles from railroad; bargain at $12 per acre. D. W. Grover, 30 Church St., New York.

THIS MAN SACRIFICES $15,000. Magnificent residence, numerous outbuildings, everything brand new, in perfect condition; 30 acres; beautiful stream; property cost over $30,000; send for photos. H. J. McGinley, Nyack, N. Y.

A CHARMING LITTLE FARM, 6 acres, beautifully shaded lawns; abundantly fruited; splendid soil; pretty 7-room dwelling; near depot; $6,000; only $2,000 cash. H. J. McGinley, Nyack, N. Y.

For Sale.—Two good dairy farms in Schoharie Valley, near Prattsville, N. Y., of 120 and 230 acres, with or without dairies and personal property; to settle estate. Write H. C. Wilbur, Catskill, N. Y.

FARMS.—Pictures and accurate details of personally examined farms of merit. State your requirements. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

FRUIT, DAIRY AND GENERAL FARMS. RURAL LIFE CO., KINDERHOOK, N. Y. Send for Description.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Real sacrifice to quick buyer, 50-acre gentleman's farm that will pay its way; excellent land, high state of cultivation; apple orchards; high location; excellent neighborhood, near depot; large 12-room residence, all improvements; 2 large stock barns, other outbuildings; all excellent repair; horses, cows, chickens, crops, implements; $16,000; terms. Goodhardt, Spring Valley, N. Y.

Two fine commuting farms for sale, near Hopewell, Princeton, and Trenton, 210 and 128 acres, thousand bearing fruit trees; two sets of fine buildings; on main high State road; creeks and 35 acres of woods; 45 miles from New York City and same from Philadelphia; finest view; near station. X 373 Times Annex.

Farm—New Jersey; near station and trolley; real moneymaker; will bear closest investigation; reason for selling, sickness; chance seldom offered; fully stocked and in running order; ready to move in; about 100 acres; fine water facilities; nine-room house, bath, range; price $12,000; terms; don't lose this chance. David Cronheim, 190 Market St., Newark.

135-acre dairy farm, under cultivation; stock and farming machinery; farm borders beautiful river; spring water; fruits; large dairy barn; also, 72-acre farm adjoining can be purchased; macadam roads.

100-acre fruit farm; new bungalow; fine spring water supply. Harvey J. Genung or Arthur C. Day, Morristown, N. J.

Farm for sale, about four miles from Freehold, N. J., consisting 54 acres, 1,500 fruit trees, 9-room house, good condition, large barn, sheds, chickens, rabbits, pigs, cows, horses, crops easily disposed of in local market. Price $9,000 cash, $4,000 balance mortgage. A 417 Times Downtown.

17 ACRE FARM. Commuting zone, 18 miles from New York. House 10 rooms, stable, garage, workshop, tenant house; $9,000 to close estate. S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, 120 Broadway, N. Y. (Rector 7718.) Ridgewood N. J. Tel. 555.

For Sale—Farm, 21 acres, six acres orchard; fine opportunity for poultry; ¾ mile from Cape May City, N. J., 7 miles from Wildwood; five-room house, electric lighted; $4,000 cash. Inquire Box 636, Freehold, N. J.

For Sale.—Farm, 2 acres, 55 peach trees; also pears, cherries, strawberries, blackcaps, raspberries, grapes; house 7 large rooms, all improvements; barns, &c.; 2½ miles main road Ridgewood, N. J.; $5,500. 39 North Pleasant Av. Phone 102M.

Wanted, chicken farm, 5 acres, commuting distance to N. Y.; will trade my two-family house, with $3,500 equity above 1st mortgage, in Flatbush. A 785 Times Downtown.

$15,000 per year made at our farms; 150-acre, $18,000; 100-acre stocked dairy farm, $20,000; 25-acre, $6,500; 11-acre, $2,000. Frank Rothman, Vineland, N. J.

FARMS.—Pictures and accurate details of personally examined farms of merit. State your requirements. E. E. SLOCUM, 141 B'way.

Small farm for sale, large dwelling and barn; 3 acres. P. O. Box 81, Barnegat, N. J.

Farm, 100 acres, 70 tillable, Jersey, 60 miles out; buy or rent, option to buy; possession April. Ware, 486 Convent Av.

FARMS EVERYWHERE. LISTS SENT. BATSON FARM AGENCY, 489 5th Av., N. Y.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

FREE BOOK OF FLORIDA FACTS.—If interested in Florida, before visiting or settling in this wonderful State of fragrant flowers and sunshine, write Lake County Land Owners' Association, No. 199 Lloyd St., Fruitland Park, Florida, for free book of actual photographs and real conservative facts concerning this State. There is poor, good, better, and best land in Florida. This book will teach you what IS BEST and WHY. The members of the association are not land agents; they simply wish to tell actual facts to those really interested in the State. They have no time to waste on curiosity seekers, children, or people who expect to grow rich without effort, but to those of character, energy, some capital, with a desire to learn more of the opportunities in this most prosperous State, we would be glad to give fullest nformation.

43-ACRE FLORIDA FARM, $2,000, WITH STOCK AND TOOLS. Successful owner wants larger farm, and for quick sale throws in horse, heifer, calf, sows, wagons, plows, harrows, tools; mile R. R. depot, church, &c., 3 miles city; productive loamy tillage, wire-fenced pasture, wood; fruited, numerous plums, oranges, grapefruit, grapes, and dewberries; good 5-room cottage, veranda, 2 barns, wagon house, smoke, milk, meat, and poultry houses; $2,000, easy terms gets all. Details page 14 Strout's Mid-Winter Catalogue, bargains 17 States; copy free. Dept. 2026, E. A. Strout Farm Agency, 150 Nassau St., N. Y.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

185-ACRE FARM $2,250, WITH PR. HORSES, 8 COWS, AND Wagons, harness, tools, crops, &c., near county seat; 60 acres machine-worked fields for 60 tons hay and big crops, 20-cow pasture, estimated 1,000 cords wood, 75,000 ft. timber, fruit, 6-room house, big stock barn, silo, horse barn, &c.; water piped house and barn. Distant city owner makes quick sale sacrifice; $2,250 takes all; easy terms; details page 4 Strout's new Mid-Winter Catalogue, filled with big bargains with stock, tools, crops, 17 States; copy free. Dept. 2026G, E. A. Strout Farm Agency, 150 Nassau St., N. Y.

Farms Wanted.

Wanted.—Use idle acre, suitable gardening; home; commuting distance. Responsible. R 237 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

FIVE-STORY AND BASEMENT, THROUGH FROM STREET TO STREET; 66,000 square feet of open floor space; 69 ft. on 12th St., 50 ft. on 13th St. by 207 ft. deep; large freight and passenger elevators; well lighted on four sides; clean building; suitable for storage, light manufacturing, &c., and adaptable for anything; location most desirable; long or short term; reasonable rent. Apply on premises, 130 East 13th St.

Fine corner for rent, 4th Av.-24th St., 50-foot frontage on 4th Av., 20 ft. on 24th St.; all glass 60-ft. show windows; long lease if desired; possession May 1; no brokers. Trustee, S 111 Times.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY. "Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta, 1 blk. "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents on agate line.

IN LONG ISLAND CITY. Will build factory building to suit your requirements; 5,000 to 50,000 sq. ft.; locations near 59th Street Bridge; with or without rail siding. For sale on a rental basis. Carrying charge under 25c. per sq. ft. Will rent. ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY, Bridge Plaza, LONG ISLAND CITY.

STORE AND BASEMENT. 6TH AV., 510-512. Modern fireproof building; sprinkler equipped; no columns; near Penn. Station and leading hotels. Inquire Superintendent, entrance hall, or 4712 Murray Hill. Brokers protected.

EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT SUITE OF OFFICES FOR RENT ON ONE OF THE HIGHEST FLOORS OF FIRST-CLASS BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

Owners will build to suit tenant on corner plot 50x100 feet, five minutes from Grand Central Terminal, situated at Jackson Avenue subway station, Long Island City; reasonable terms. Wm. Richenstein, 64 Jackson Av., Long Island City, New York.

Meeting rooms at 4 Columbus Circle, (formerly Pabst's); large, fully equipped lodge rooms with organ, for lodges, societies or rehearsals. Arrangements by the day, month, or year. Agent on premises, or Walter J. Salmon, 17 West 42d. Phone Vanderbilt 47.

N. W. CORNER 28TH ST. AND 1ST AV. 20,000 square feet on ground floor, and basement; splendid light, elevator, steam, power, sprinklers. Apply on premises, Rieser.

Four-story building, East 83d, suitable for storage of cars and repair shop; ideal for owner of seven or eight cars; rent $150 per month. Apply LEON SOBEL, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

Will sublease store best location Newark, N. J., size 15x35 feet; suitable for jewelry store, specialty store, fruit store, &c.; rent $800 a month; want bonus for lease. F. R., 804 Times Downtown.

4-STORY AND BASEMENT FACTORY, Near East 34th St. CORNER BUILDING, SIZE 46x77. With or without large storage yard. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

100,000 FEET FLOOR SPACE. Vicinity Broadway, City Hall. Offices, lofts, lightest warerooms. Superior fireproof construction. Every modern improvement. B 586 Times Downtown.

133 WEST 72D ST. MODERN BUILDING, SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIANS AND DENTIST. SINGLE AND DOUBLE SUITES.

Lofts, (two,) light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. Harrison Fixture, 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

Manhattan, 5 minutes; 22 Hunters Point Av., Long Island City; 2-story frame; 3,800 feet. Owner, Mackin, 370 Union St., Brooklyn. Phone Hamilton 2989.

14,000 feet most desirable location in New York at 518-26 West 55th; all daylight; reasonable rent. Apply New Realty Co., 48 West 38th.

AT 15 CENTS PER SQ. FT. 144 Goerck St.—7-story bldg., 25x95, containing 14,630 sq. ft. Especially good for storage. Shaw & Co., 1 West 125th St.

Office, sublet furnished for 3 or 4 months; 610 Flatiron Building; monthly rental $73.33. Inquire Room 1310 Flatiron Building, or phone Gramercy 1516. Stoguff.

CORNER LOFTS, 100x92 ft., with or without power, suitable for manufacturing; low insurance, and reasonable rent; immediate possession. 17th St. and Avenue B.

18 EAST 49TH STREET. Studios, lofts, offices, showrooms. Fireproof building. Every improvement. Unexceptionable light. Reasonable rentals.

Wonderful light loft in first-class building at 17th St. and 5th Av.; about 2,000 square feet; non-manufacturing preferred; $1,800. Box A. 614, 1,265 Broadway.

3D AV. AND 149TH ST. Double window store to lease; near corner. Particulars, J. Clarence Davies, 149th St. and 3d Av.

Fine corner store, west side upper Broadway; excellent location for ready-to-wear; state kind of business. S 96 Times.

EXTRAORDINARY STUDIO OFFICE; SERVICES; REASONABLE. PHONE CIRCLE 634.

Fine offices to sublet at 115 Broadway; furniture for sale. Inquire Room 1,323, 115 Broadway.

To sublet, desirable office in Hess Building, 20th St. and 4th Av., about 2,000 square feet. Inquire 356 4th Av.

FACTORY—HARRISON, N. J. Fully equipped; 20,000 feet floor space; ample yard space. Donnelly, 99 Nassau St.

Desk room in separate space, studio suite on roof of 17-story building; telephone and office service; rent $17 month. Wm. H. Gompert, 171 Madison Av.

Business space, stores, lofts, buildings, all sizes, localities. Tell me your requirements. Ephriam Buchwald, 113 East 129th St.

Three lofts, 30x50, with driveway. One loft, 40x45. T. Farrell, 433 West 42d St.

STORE, NEAR BROADWAY. 352 West 50th St.; auto accessories, $50. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

Building, 25x100; 5 stories, in whole or part; immediate possession; 228 E. 24th. Inquire Rabe, 204 E. 24th.

FACTORY SITE; SELL OR LEASE. City limits; railroads, water frontages. Room 98, Hotel Grenoble, New York.

Let us know your requirements immediately for loft or office space. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 EAST 42D ST.

NEWARK, N. J. Broad and Market St. stores to let. J. Clarence Carr, Firemen's Bldg., Newark.

53d St., 316 East.—Four-story building suitable for storage or manufacturing. P. A. Gaynor, 80 Maiden Lane.

For rent part of loft for millinery or beauty parlor. Apply Renaud Gown Shop, 8 East 46th St.

Private office and desk room for rent. Room 1008, 90 West St.

Loft, 90x50, for storage or light manufacturing; elevator. 310-312 West 39th St.

Large show room at 46 West 33d, parlor floor. Perlen.

Office.—Will rent part to party carrying no stock. W. A. Nolan, 381 4th Av.

50th, 3 West.—Stores for high-class retail business. Inquire Superintendent.

For Rent—Desirable studios; rents $65 up; can be divided. Slater Buildings, 7 West 42d.

Brooklyn.

20,000 square feet in light 2-story corner brick factory on large plot; building is equipped with elevator, heating plant, and is near shipping terminal and in good help section; will divide. Baffa & Dixon, 228 Broadway, Brooklyn. Telephone Williamsburg 72.

Space suitable for warehouse or factory. 17,500 square feet, in Bush Terminal Loft Building No. 9, 55 33d St., Brooklyn, N. Y. BUSH SERVICE. For sublease, or can arrange new lease with Bush Terminal Building Company. Apply to present tenant on property. The McGraw Tire & Rubber Company.

45,000 sq. ft. brick factory, $5,000.
11,000 sq. ft. brick factory, $1,500.
8,500 sq. ft. frame factory, $1,200.
12,500 sq. ft. frame factory, $1,200.
Beaver, 18 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Washington, D. C.

Unfurnished parlor floor, with bath or small hall, for physical culture studio; no apparatus; reasonable rental; central. Prof. Sixsmith, 1,210 G St., Washington, D. C.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted, for one of our clients, 4 to 6 story fireproof factory containing 200,000 sq. ft.; floor capacity 300 lbs.; located in L. I. City, Astoria or vicinity; railroad siding necessary. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Wanted—Small apartment hotel or building suitable for bachelor apartment, furnished or unfurnished, for term of years, between 5th and Park Avs., below 59th; responsible person; no brokers. Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av.

Loft suitable for shirtwaist factory wanted within three hours of New York City; would purchase one fully equipped; following cities preferable: Stamford, Camden, Glens Falls, Poughkeepsie, Kingston. B 93 Times.

Wanted—Small apartment hotel or building suitable for bachelor apartment, furnished or unfurnished, for term of years, between 5th and Park Avs., below 59th; principals only; cash security. R. S., 314 Times.

Will take over lease immediately or presently on about three-room suite in office building, financial district; will buy furnishings if desired; bank references. R 621 Times Downtown.

Wanted at once, light basement or first floor of houses for tearooms; between 34th and 45th Sts., Madison Av. and Sixties; other desirable locations considered; rent not to exceed $1,800. R 310 Times.

Wanted—By Feb. 1, to sublet or rent an office, furnished or unfurnished, in Woolworth, Equitable, Singer, or building of same standard below Bridge; give particulars. S 600 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Floor space in modern building, 7,000 feet or more, suitable for automobile repair shop, or will purchase a machine shop or garage; principals only need answer. R 351 Times.

Wanted, tastefully furnished house with eight rooms and baths, in country surroundings within hour's motor run of city. Full details to Box 254 Times, 2 Rector St.

Wanted to rent, by an engineer, desk in furnished office, with telephone privilege; $15; location lower New York City, below City Hall. R 526 Times Downtown.

We desire to rent a one-story brick factory building, suitable for the iron business, size about 5,000 square feet, with adjoining lot. Box V V 614, 1,265 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents on agate line.

Office space not exceeding 1,200 feet in modern building, by engineering firm, near Times Square; give full particulars and plan in first letter. L 167 Times.

Wanted—About 3,000 square feet in first-class loft building, within 10 minutes of Grand Central, for publishing and printing business. S 157 Times.

Deskroom, private, well-furnished office, with stenographic and phone service; best references; state business, price. A 178 Times.

Wanted—Factory site, 2,500 square feet, suitable for smelting plant, (nonexplosives,) near 34th St., West. R 343 Times.

Wanted—Small loft for light manufacturing on subrental or otherwise; moderate rent. B. C., 605 Times Downtown.

Wanted to sublet or rent, office unfurnished, in good standard building, below bridge. G 786 Times Downtown.

Engineer wants deskroom; telephone privileges; good building, below Fulton. R 612 Times Downtown.

One large light room suitable for multigraph business, in modern office building, financial district. Write M. 2876 Broadway.

Desk room wanted in Hudson Terminal Building, 30 or 50 Church St., by responsible firm. Address K 277 Times.

Furnished offices and desk room; service, mailing privileges. Suite 808, 51 East 42d.

Doctor's office for rent, account of death; completely equipped. 69 East 120th St.

Four light lofts, 36x50; electric hoist; moderate rent. 211 Park Row.

Light Office Wanted.—With or without services; vicinity 42d St. H 274 Times.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents on agate line.

Manhattan.

For sale by administrator, 3-story and American basement brownstone house; remodeled at expense of $2,000; steam heat; two beautiful parlors, 5 large, airy bedrooms, dining room, and kitchen; 463 East 57th St.; private or business use; 25 minutes to City Hall; price $9,750; mortgage. A 587 Times Downtown.

50's, Park and Lexington Avs., residence block, small 3-story brown stone, 9 rooms and bathroom; can be made attractive and comfortable house with slight alterations; price $20,000; reasonable terms. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 10 East 45th St.

156th, 550 West.—Modern three-family four-story brick and brownstone, sixteen rooms, three baths, steam, open plumbing, for sale; adaptable for four families; price very reasonable, and payment on liberal terms; attractive bargain for investor. Franklin M. Clark, 27 Cedar St., New York City.

For sale, private house, West End Av., lower Eighties, 4 stories, basement and cellar; 20x100; 3-story extension, 3 bathrooms; hardwood floors, electric lights; recently renovated. Morton W. Smith, owner, 19 West 44th St.

For Sale.—Residence, West 70th St., altered for two families, constituting two duplex apartments, separate and complete; $30,000. Owner, 409 West 59th St.

$3,000 cash will buy four-story private dwelling West 86th St.; suitable for alteration. Inquire H. W. Krumwiede, Jr., 1,895 7th Av. Cathedral 9618.

Houses, private dwellings, apartment houses; various localities; rare opportunities; $3,000 to $20,000 required. Barnett & Co., 11 E. 125th.

Fourteen-room modern private house, facing park, west side; luxuriously furnished; complete, $250 monthly. J. P., 1,418 5th Av.

$2,000 cash buys house near 23d St. and 4th Av. Address A. C., 215 Times Downtown.

54th, 261 West.—House, 12 rooms, bath; all or part; private or business. Caretaker.

Exceptional bargain, private house, West End Av. Miller, 162 West 50th. Circle 3067.

Bronx.

Two 5-story new law apartment houses, near Grand Concourse; rents $22,000; mortgage $90,000; price $160,000. Irving Wolfe, 225 West 39th St., N. Y.

Brooklyn.

Beautiful home on Ocean Av., Brooklyn; millionaires' row; worth $28,000; free and clear. What am I offered, cash or exchange? Must sacrifice. Ocean Av., 65 Times.

Artistic, modern residence; fine condition; plot 30x150, at 358 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn; $12,500; inspected by appointment with owner. Duysters, 506 Ave. C, Brooklyn.

313 Sterling Place, near Prospect Park and Eastern Parkway; 1-family, 10 rooms; bargain; might exchange. Elliott, 154 Nassau St., New York.

Artistic all-year bungalow near subway to Times Square, $3,400. S 705 Times Downtown.

Long Island.

DESIRABLE HOME FOR SALE. Location wonderful—Ocean Av., Bayport, L. I.—Frontage of 90 feet and depth of 275 feet; among the South Shore's best; seven rooms and bath; all improvements, including electricity for lighting, and gas for lighting, cooking, and water heating; basement full size of house; hot-water heating system; house is very nicely decorated and furnished; handsome sun parlor, fully equipped. For particulars and terms write FRANK WELLS, SAYVILLE, L. I.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS. Release from Government work places charming new house in market; perfectly located, convenient to everything, overlooking beautiful woodland; three minutes to train and inn; fully equipped, ready to move into. Address A. Z., General Delivery, Forest Hills, Long Island.

Forest Hills Gardens.—Cosy seven-room detached house; first floor has large living room with fireplace, dining room, kitchen, and porch; second floor four bedrooms and bath; also bath in cellar; excellent heating plant; plot is large enough for garage; genuine bargain, $13,000. Address B 297 Times.

Owner of very desirable house at sea shore, with all modern improvements, 40 minutes from city, will sell or exchange for country property, Westchester or Connecticut; house easily rented and can be occupied all year. Answer, giving full particulars, K 294 Times.

NEW HOUSE WITH GARAGE, at Hempstead, L. I.; 6½ miles from Greater New York; 7 rooms and bath; sleeping porch, &c., large plot; will take $6,500 on reasonable terms. Norton, Room 301, 277 Broadway. Phone Worth 4657.

Rent, Garden City, L. I.—Forty minutes from 33d St., N. Y. C.; attractively, fully furnished home, 3 bedrooms and bath 2d floor; 2 bedrooms and bath 3d floor; good heating; storm windows; fireplaces; convenient to station. X 354 Times Annex.

FURNISHED COTTAGES, BAY SHORE AND VICINITY; EXCLUSIVE LIST. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

Colonial dwelling of unusual charm, 9 rooms, 2 baths; up to date in every detail; north shore, overlooking Sound; 21 minutes N. Y. Full particulars J. S. Withers, Douglaston, L. I. 2810M Bayside.

Twelve rooms, modern house, and 2 baths; garage; high-class residential section; 30 minutes; price $15,500; terms to suit. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 EAST 42D ST.

For Rent—Fully furnished, reasonable, for season, or for sale; 8-room modern house, near Sound; half hour out. Owner, 18 Boulevard, Whitestone.

Completely furnished home for rent at Great Neck; four sleeping rooms, three baths; much coal; garage, with man's room; reasonable terms; phone 252 Great Neck.

At a great sacrifice, receiver's sale; 7 houses with all improvements; one hour from Herald Square; prices $3,400 to $5,500. Address Receiver, Box 129 Times.

Lynbrook—Pretty home, 7 rooms, bath, parquet floors, steam, gas electricity, sidewalks. Martins & Peace, opposite station.

Westchester County.

INVESTIGATE. Beautifully built Colonial house, best section Scarsdale; ten spacious rooms, three baths, four open fireplaces, billiard room; hot water heat; garage, two cars; 1 1-3 acres; beautiful views; near schools and station; 40 minutes Grand Central. Price for quick sale, $45,000. 'Way below cost. Address A. R. Kennedy, Room 708, 489 Fifth Av.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY. For Sale.—My beautiful colonial home, 9 rooms, running water, fine open fireplace, two bathes, large living and sleeping verandas; garage; all modern improvements; large plot; 30 min. on Harlem Division; near station and schools; unusually attractive and restricted community. Mrs. H. E. Wilson, Hotel St. George, Brooklyn.

For Sale, in Scarsdale, near station, square Colonial house, six bedrooms, three baths, parquet floor, garage; also English half timbered house, seven bedrooms, three baths, garage; fine order, all modern conveniences; favorable terms. Phone 240 W. Owner, Box 304, Scarsdale, N. Y.

A very desirable home for sale; 11 large rooms, bath, all improvements, electric lights, best order; fine section, convenient to stores, schools and trains; lot 50x105; asking price $10,000, or can sell with 100 ft.; would make good 2-family house; terms arranged. W. J. Brogan, 13 South 3d Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

BRONXVILLE. For sale, modern 9-room house; Colonial hall, living room, oak dining room, 4 master's rooms; white enamel; tile bathroom; cash $2,750; mortgage $4,000. Robertson, 26 Trinity Place, New Rochelle.

BARGAIN—EASY TERMS. Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon. One of the finest private homes; 14 rooms; three baths; large grounds; garage and all conveniences; 30 minutes from Grand Central. S 498 Times Downtown.

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Newark .... 810 Broad Street
Paterson .... 13 Park Avenue

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forty-five cents on agate line.

Westchester County.

Remodeled colonial homestead; half hour out from Grand Central; old shade and fruit trees; garage; chicken house; 5 open fireplaces; near Country Clubs. X 375 Times Annex.

For Rent—Unfurnished, May 1, attractive 14-room house; fine location. Address Owner, 12 Longview Av., White Plains, New York. Telephone 129.

PELHAM.—For rent, attractive house in restricted section; 6 rooms, sun parlor, 2 baths; Feb. 1; $78 a month. Phone Pelham 1675—J.

A gentleman's residence in every sense of the word; no dealers. P. O. Box 892, Mt. Kisco, Westchester Co., N. Y.

Sell, furnished, easy terms, hollow tile house, tile roof; garage. Howard Falling, Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel. N. Y. Spring 8176.

$6,500 for a $10,000 house and two lots in Yonkers. Jacob Erlich, 100 William St.

New York State.

For Sale.—Suburb of Greater New York, 35 minutes to Canal St. without change, 3-story frame house, 8 bedrooms, living room, dining room, library, kitchen, bath and 2 toilets, laundry, plot 180x100 feet; will sell house with 60 feet, $9,000, or entire plot $18,000. Apply to D. H. Valentine, 110 Worth St., New York.

Nyack, N. Y.—Attractive residence; modern; well equipped, extensive view of Hudson; high ground; plot 125x225 feet; 10 rooms, bath; sleeping porch; garage; shade; fruit trees; 10 minutes' walk from station; $12,000. N. R. Schoonmaker, Produce Exchange, New York City.

New Jersey.

WAR BARGAIN.—Will sacrifice dainty year-round cottage, two years old, on plot 100x150 feet, shaded by fine old trees, plenty of flowers and shrubs, completely equipped, ready for occupancy now, nine handsome rooms, 2 tiled baths, paneled living room 26 feet long, with huge fireplace; situated high in the hills, near pretty lake, only 40 minutes' distance by train; easy commutation; will sacrifice for $7,250 to desirable party; $5,000 on first mortgage, easy terms on $2,250 balance; in refined, exclusive neighborhood; near country club, schools, churches and markets. Individual, Box 214 Times Downtown.

Come out today. Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8-cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built in bookcases, paneled dining room; bedrooms in white enamel; hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, Ridgefield Park, N. J. Phone Hackensack 673.

OWNER GOING TO EUROPE. MUST SELL AT ONCE. Nine-room house, bath, steam heat, two open fireplaces, electricity, gas, tennis court, garage; completely furnished, including electric washing machine, regulation size pool table, two automobiles and every modern comfort; $9,600 less Building and Loan Mortgage $4,000. High class residential district in New Jersey, 45 minutes from Downtown, New York; excellent train service. Write G 755 Times Downtown.

From the porch of this house at Montclair Heights you can see plainly all the New York tall buildings and the panoramic view cannot be cut off; the house is splendidly built and arranged, has every convenience, and plot 103x115; owner leaving State offers it for $12,000. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Telephone Beekman 2596.

For sale, attractive 7-room house, large living and sleeping porches; fine view; lot 100x150, with barn; fruit trees and grapes in bearing; ten minutes' walk from Millburn Station, D. L. & W. R. R.; price $7,800; terms to suit purchaser; monthly payments if desired. Apply to owner, F. B. Jewett, 426 Wyoming Av., Wyoming, N. J., or any agent.

Astonishing bungalow bargain situated in Rutherford's prettiest location; eight rooms and bath; every modern improvement; two open fireplaces; large plot; price only $3,750; worth $4,750; terms arranged. Call write, phone Nicholson Company, Lyndhurst, N. J.

Suburban residence; stucco house, fireproof roof, situated corner plot, 53x125, 7 rooms and bath; every improvement; hardwood floors, open fireplace; 5 minutes' walk from station and trolley; 35 minutes from New York; price reasonable. Address Box 53, Maywood, N. J.

MOUNT ARLINGTON, on Lake Hopatcong.—Handsome Residence, 12 rooms, 2 baths, 4 toilets; gas, electric light; 100x400; garage; $9,500; cost $18,000; good order; location unexcelled; elevation 1,200 feet. W. ALANSON ALEXANDER, 503 5th Av.

BIG BARGAIN. Beautiful six-room house, all improvements, garage; restricted neighborhood; schools near; two railroads and trolley; 45 minutes from Broadway; telephone immediately. 7812 Bryant. (New York.)

Thirty minutes from New York; attractive property; large grounds; 10-room house; all improvements; garage; $10,000; easy terms; house alone would cost that to build; must sell. Weldon, 34 Range Terrace, Bloomfield, N. J.

Rutherford. — Beautiful, modern house, 10 rooms, bath; every appointment; garage; plot 75x100; finest section; sacrifice $12,500; worth $19,000; easy terms. Frederick Ogden, Rutherford.

Authorized by Banking Dept. to sacrifice 3 double twin houses taken by foreclosure; 12 rooms each; city impts; large plots; $3,250 each; terms arranged; photos, particulars. Hackensack, G 767 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—House, almost new, nine large rooms; steam heat; all modern improvements; garage; lot 75x150; 5 minutes depot; bargain; $7,800. 39 North Pleasant Av., Ridgewood, N. J. Telephone 102-M.

Are you looking for a comfortable country home within easy reach and terms? Photos and full particulars. Address Board of Trade, G 768 Times Downtown.

BARGAIN.—Beautiful residence; 3 acres; commuting; value $12,000; owner leaving; make offer. Room 1705, 90 West St. Rector 9179.

Harrison, N. J.—Beautiful home, 9 rooms and bath; centrally located. Further particulars from Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Av., Newark.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—Furnished, unfurnished houses for rent; choice homes for sale; several bargains. Frank B. Probst, 46 Dean St.

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Englewood.—$5,000 bargain; 8-room house, garage; improvements; 50x150; easy terms. Epstein, 120 Liberty St., N. Y. 2750 Rector.

Seven-room modern house, furnished; good-sized garden; garage; $75; convenient to New York. P. O. 350, Grantwood, N. J.

Montclair.—Modern stucco house, 9 rooms, 2 baths, living room, fireplaces; rent $65; convenient Lackawanna. 257 Midland Av.

Houses Wanted.

A house of six rooms or more and barn wanted; commuting distance city, near shore preferred; small acreage desired; rent not over $50, with option of purchase in one year. J. B. Morris, 261 Broadway; 9260 Barclay.

Wanted to rent, by private family, large house, eight bedrooms or more, two baths, electric light, well heated; nearby Westchester or N. J.; close to railroad station. Address D. H. Valentine, 2,824 82d St., Brooklyn.

Wanted, to lease Long Island or Westchester Co., N. Y., furnished cottage, 15 rooms, 3 baths, suitable for high class private boarding cottage; one to three acres of land. L 189 Times.

Wanted to rent, from May 1, vicinity Bronxville, 6 to 8 room small unfurnished house with ground large enough for garden and garage; couple, no children. Write Box 60, 1619 St. James Bldg.

Want to rent, with option to buy, one-family stucco or stone house, 6-8 rooms, with all improvements, within commuting distance. S 626 Times Downtown.

Suburban home, ground for garden and children; April 1; hour from N. Y.; prefer N. J.; state particulars. O 15 Times.

For May 1, modern 7 or 8 room unfurnished house at Bayside or View for all year. S 158 Times.

One or two family house near Brighton line; bargain price. 763 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn.

SAYS AIRPLANES CAN CROSS ATLANTIC

But Regular Service Is Yet Far Off, in Opinion of Handley-Page.

PRESENTS MANY PROBLEMS

Suggests $1,000 for a Passenger and $1.25 Per Ounce for Mail as Reasonable Charges.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Flights across the Atlantic are perfectly possible, but it will be a long time yet before anything like a trans-Atlantic service can be set up. This is the opinion expressed today to the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES by F. Handley-Page, the engineer whose ingenuity revolutionized flying and produced the great machines, which would have visited Berlin if the armistice had been delayed only a few more days.

He received the correspondent at his great works at Cricklewood in the north of London. A long line of solidly built brick factory buildings and hangars stretches along one side of an aviation field, and at one end of them is the block of management offices. Mr. Handley-Page is still a young man. Tall and dark, he receives his visitors with a frank welcome that puts them at ease at once. He is a man of many affairs and a multitude of business interests, but he has not yet acquired the brusqueness that marks so many men who have attained as much authority as he has in their own special lines.

"When will you fly across the Atlantic?" the correspondent asked.

"Just as soon as the Air Board permits," he replied at once.

"From London to New York?"

"Oh, no. When people talk about flying across the Atlantic they usually mean from Ireland to Newfoundland. That is 1,880 miles, and my new machines can do 2,700 miles, so that we should be able to do it easily."

"But no one wants to land in Newfoundland."

"A good deal better to land there than in the sea," Mr. Handley-Page remarked dryly.

"As a matter of fact, going by Newfoundland would mean making the flight to New York in two stages, but it is one thing to accomplish such an adventure on special occasions and quite another to set up any kind of a regular service. Sanguine as Mr. Handley-Page is regarding the practicability of flying across the ocean, he knows far too much about the risks of aviation to talk wildly about setting up an air ferry in the near future.

"There is a tremendous lot for us to learn before we think of that," he said. "We must investigate the meteorological conditions; we must develop new and highly efficient instruments; we must test our machines and learn whether they will stand the prolonged strain. We have not done a thousand-mile flight yet, and it will take a long time to find out all the problems we must face and how to solve them."

Trouble With Cross Winds.

The kind of difficulty that transatlantic fliers must face was illustrated by Mr. Handley-Page by explaining the trouble that cross winds might cause. An airplane, he explained, was affected by the air through which it moved and was retarded or accelerated according as that air was moving in the contrary or in the same direction as itself. But if the air moved athwart its course for a long period, the aviator would find that he had been carried far out of his course and would need delicate instruments to enable him to discover his position and how to correct it. At present we know very little about mid-Atlantic meteorological conditions, and it will take months of experience to gather the information needed for the establishment of a regular transatlantic service and then to adapt our machines to it.

Asked as to the kind of service he thought might ultimately be set up, Mr. Handley-Page said that with the airplanes averaging ninety miles an hour the flight from London to New York should take two days, a break being made at Newfoundland. It would not be a cheap service, as so much petrol would have to be carried. But, making a rough estimate, he thought that it would be possible to carry letters at the rate of $1.25 an ounce and a limited number of passengers at $1,000 each. The accommodation, of course, would be nothing like as luxurious as on one of the crack steamship liners. He remarked, however, that before anything of the kind could be done successfully it would be necessary to train the public up to the idea.

"Inventors," he said, "are always ahead of the public in their ideas and most of the inventions we have already made are not made full use of. Take the telephone for example; it is not used nearly as much as it should be. Every house ought to be on the telephone but they are not, merely because the public will not keep abreast of scientific invention. So we shall have to educate the ordinary man to make proper use of the airplane before it can be fully developed."

All kinds of schemes for the use of the airplane in Europe have been put forth since the armistice was signed. With thousands of experienced pilots soon to be released from military service, with unlimited possibilities of wealth before the man who succeeds in establishing really practical air ferries between the Continent and England, there is no wonder that promoters of all descriptions have taken up the idea and are trying to work out regular aviation services.

Routes have been surveyed, suggestions for the establishment of landing grounds every few miles or so have been put forward, and dozens of newspaper paragraphs have appeared putting the most rosy hue on one scheme or the other. It is even said that, to relieve the inevitable pressure on the telegraph wires, when dozens of newspaper scribes are writing up the Peace Conference at Paris, the English newspapers will arrange to have their stories forwarded to London by aerial post.

Commercial Flying in Europe.

Asked about these promises and hopes, Mr Handley-Page said he considered that he saw more prospect of advance in aviation from the development of commercial flying in Europe than from any attempt to fly across the Atlantic, but there were a number of very important matters to be considered and decided before much could be done even in Europe.

"We have," he said, "to settle the entire status of the aviator. We have to consider his relation to the State, and we must take account of such matters as the need of preventing smuggling and of observing such regulations as each community may impose.

"When I go to France I have no right to walk along the road, and I am able to do it only because the French Government permits it. So it is quite wrong to suppose that I have an inherent right to fly over French territory. If I am allowed to do so it will be only in accord with the regulations that the French authorities lay down, and these have not yet even been thought out, much less laid down."

There is a great deal of difference in the ideas of one country and another on matters which aviation will affect. Thus, as Mr. Handley-Page pointed out, while the British theory of land ownership regards the landowner as having rights from the centre of the earth to the very heavens above his property, in France land ownership covers merely property rights in the surface of the earth. In the same way national ideas and customs will vary on many other points in which the aviator will be interested.

Then, at the present moment, the political conditions of Europe are not such as to promise much eagerness on the part of the Governments to see aviation developed very greatly by private persons.

"As long as there is any trouble feared from Bolshevism, I don't expect," said Mr. Handley-Page, "that the Governments will welcome a great development of flying. It will be much more difficult to control travel from one country to another when aviation is common."

"They can always control the manufacture of airplanes," it was suggested.

"But they can't control the use of airplanes once they have been sold," was the answer.

Meanwhile Mr. Handley-Page would welcome a great development of flying within the United States. "There are vast continental areas over which the problems of constant extended flight can be studied. There, too, is a people divided into many different States, but with one common outlook upon the practical problems of life. Consequently, in the United States it will be possible to work out not only the technical problems of flying, but to develop the regulations and conventions that the commercial aviator must observe."

"After that has been done," said Mr. Handley-Page, "I have no doubt we shall have regular transatlantic air services. When I think of the necessities of two great centres of population like America and England, and when I remember how improving the speed and means of communication has always increased the need for more and still quicker transit, I am convinced there is a gold mine in it. But it is not yet a practical proposition, and there are years of preliminary work to be done before there can be regular, constant travel by air between New York and London."

URGE SHIP CANAL.

Brooklyn Residents Show the Need of Inland Waterway.

Nearly 500 residents and property owners in various sections of Brooklyn attended a mass meeting last week at Stauch's, Coney Island, to protest the substitution of a "draining ditch," considered a menace to health and property, for the legalized ship canal which was to provide an inland waterway from Gravesend Bay to Sheepshead and Jamaica Bays. The meeting resulted from the recent refusal of the Sinking Fund Commissioners to approve the plans for the creation of a ship canal, as presented by Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert, in compliance with the Sutherland law, and attempt to put through the construction of the drainage ditch at the expense of the taxpayers.

Senator Sutherland, author of the Ship Canal bill; Congressman Cleary, Commissioner Meyer of the Dock Department, representing Commissioner Hulbert, and William S. Pickard, President of the New York Harbor and Long Island and Connecting Canal Association, under whose auspices the meeting was held, were among the speakers who urged concerted action in support of the canal project. The Canal Association adopted resolutions demanding approval of these or suitably revised plans, with a stipulation that in the event of the failure of the city officials to give their consent, a committee shall be appointed to draft a bill authorizing the Dock Commissioner or State engineer to proceed with plans for the waterway without the approval of Sinking Fund Commissioners.

The following organizations were represented at the meeting and supported the resolutions of Mr. Pickard's association: Coney Island Board of Trade, Sheepshead Bay Board of Trade, Van Sicklen Board of Trade, Homecrest Board of Trade, Gravesend Bay Board of Trade, West End Board of Trade, Bath Beach Taxpayers' Association, and the Civic Alliance of Coney Island.

IMPORTANT REALTY DECISION

Tenants Must Leave Premises Vacated in Good Condition.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court recently reversed a ruling of the lower court and upheld a covenant of a lease in which it was stated that a tenant when vacating premises which had been occupied under lease must leave the premises in as good a state as reasonable use and wear will permit.

The decision stated in part: "The weight of evidence clearly established much greater damage than testified to by defendants and defendants' witness; but even defendants' own proof as to the condition of the premises which surrendered to the landlord showed a breach of defendants' covenants 'to make at his own cost and expense all such repairs as shall be necessary to preserve the said premises in good order and condition and to make good all glass broken,' and to 'surrender the premises and everything belonging to or connected therewith in as good state and condition as reasonable use and wear thereof will permit.' On this proof plaintiff was entitled to judgment in some amount."

Another interesting problem involved in the case was whether the person who entered into possession of premises prior to the time of the lease should pay rent if there is no express agreement that he was to get free rent. The Supreme Court held that the defendants, having failed to prove an express covenant for the free use and occupation of the premises prior to the beginning of the lease, they became liable for the reasonable value of the use and occupation of the premises during that period.

Charles A. Strauss and Henry W. Unger were counsel for the plaintiff.

Five Per Cent. Mortgage.

The Dry Dock Savings Bank has agreed to make a loan of $600,000 to the Hungerford Company on its building at 80 Lafayette Street. The loan was placed at 5 per cent. through William A. White & Sons.

This is the second large loan made by the Dry Dock Savings Bank at this rate of interest in the last few months. The $700,000 borrowed by the National City Company on the property at 52 Wall Street was secured from this bank at the 5 per cent. rate and for five years.

Building on the Increase.

During December in 148 cities the total value of building permits officially reported to The American Contractor was $17,485,396. Although this was 38 per cent. less than the total value reported during December, 1917, the gain over November is significant.

The total value of building permits for 1918 is significant only as it indicates the decline in private construction due to war conditions. The total value of $414,796,903 for 1918 shows a loss of 39 per cent. over the total of $676,662,206 for 1917, and a loss of 114 per cent. over the total of $889,884,679 for 1916.

Fire Prevention.

The real problem in preventing fires is to secure the actual interest and cooperation of the individual property owner. It is he who largely determines the construction, the nature of the contents, the extent of protection, the state of repair, the management and the hundred details which enter into the fire hazard of any building. The very fact that the aid of the individual must be enlisted indicates that there is no royal road to the control of fire waste.—W. E. Ellison.

Pennsylvania Hotel Rental.

Rental of the Pennsylvania Hotel, which opened yesterday, payable to the Pennsylvania Railroad thirty days after the completion by the New York Hotel Statler Company, according to a lease recorded, is based on 5 per cent. of a valuation of $4,000,000; 6 per cent. of the cost of the structure, less reductions which have been allowed, and taxes and other levies which the city and State may place on the realty and building. The lease is for twenty-one years.

HOLD THEIR HELPERS BY THE GOLDEN RULE

Government Finds Workers Do Not Leave Congenial Places for Mere Increase in Wages.

JOINT INTEREST INCENTIVE

Elimination of Drudgery and Arousing Pride in the Output Are Winners of Good Will.

Keeping help on the farm in war or peace is just about the same sort of problem as keeping help anywhere else and requires about the same treatment. There are employers in New York who always have waiting lists of good men and others in the same line who are always looking for men, and so it is on the farms of the country.

In view of the scarcity of farm labor and the great demand that is expected when it comes time to plant and harvest the world-feeding crop of 1919 the Government has been making firsthand investigations and inquiries in an effort to discover some formula that might be offered to all farmers and may be helpful to other employers. One of these investigators visited thirty-seven farms in Ohio and Indiana the owners of which had not lost a single helper during the war period, in spite of the bidding of munition factories and other activities. He found men who had worked on the same farms for ten, fifteen, and twenty years seemingly contented to stay on. In every case the investigator's report was practically the same—the "Golden Rule" had been applied.

The farmers who have kept their help have made life on the farm so livable that their workers were not lured away by the attractions of the city nor by high wages offered by other industries.

It is also notable that practically without exception the farmers who have little trouble in keeping the same help year in and year out are general farmers, growing live stock as well as raising grain. The live stock keeps the men busy when crops do not call for attention, and makes it profitable for the farmer to pay steady wages throughout the year.

Of course, there are two sides to the story. Not only is it shown that the farmer must do his part, but it is just as plain that the hired man has definite duties to perform. The reports emphasize that teamwork and pleasant relations on the farm mean real efficiency. Married workers, paid good living wages and supplied with a house, a garden, and other conveniences, seem to be the ideal helpers where the farmer himself can... conduct his own operations.

Here is a report from one of the farms visited by the Department of Agriculture investigator, and its principles are so generally applicable that any employer might study them profitably.

This is a 320-acre grain and stock farm in Madison County, Ind. The principal crops are corn, wheat, rye, and clover. This farmer hogs off from 30 to 40 acres of corn each fall, uses rye for fall, winter, and early spring pasture, pastures from 30 to 40 acres of clover each year with cattle and hogs, and feeds corn, corn silage, and clover hay, often buying grain from neighbors and purchasing hogs and cattle to feed.

He fattens about 200 hogs, buys two carloads of steers each year to put in his feed lot, and raises from eight to ten calves from stock and milk cows. His livestock operations are conducted so that there is a minimum of labor expended during the busy season and so that profitable employment is furnished for labor during the Winter months.

His buildings are centrally located and handy to the fields. The silo and arrangement of lots and sheds eliminate steps in feeding and caring for stock.

Windmills and gasoline engines furnish power for pumping, wood-sawing, grinding, and other chores. An acetylene plant is used for lighting. By using a tractor this man figures he supplants from three to four horses. Both the farmer and his hired man operate the tractor successfully. He keeps twelve draft horses and raises two or three colts each year.

Work on this farm is planned to increase the work done by one man and to eliminate horse power if possible. Such tools as the hay loader, tandem disk, two-row cultivator, gang plow, sulkies, big harrows and rollers, eight-foot binder, seven-foot mower, and manure spreader are in the equipment. This farmer also has lightened the work of his wife by installing a furnace, cement walks, running water for kitchen and bath, gas for lighting and cooking, and a power washing machine.

His present hand, who has been with him four years, is a married man and is furnished a good four-room house. The wage is $25 a month straight time the year round. In addition the hand receives one-fourth acre for garden and truck, all the chickens he cares to raise, feed for one cow and one horse, 400 pounds of hogs, and all the fruit and potatoes he needs for his family's use from the farm orchard and a common potato patch. The farmer gives his man $50 each Christmas.

When asked how he seemed to be able to hold help so well this farmer said:

"We have never had a word or fuss. I find my hands thoroughly reliable at all times. My helpers never have trouble as long as they work steadily and carry their share of the load. Good living conditions and good teams and tools help in making satisfied help. One must take pride in his farm and put this same spirit into the man. Keep him employed at all times and cut out drudgery where possible."

Extra help is employed to the equivalent of a man for two months. Such hands are being paid at the rate of $2 to $3 a day and are boarded by the farmer. They must make a place for themselves in the home and in the community and are treated as one of the family. This extra help is recruited in small towns and the neighborhood. The neighbors cooperate well in threshing, silo filling, shredding, harvest, clover hulling, and other work.

Here is the report on a 160-acre stock and grain farm near a town of 4,000 people in Preble County, Ohio. The main crops are corn, wheat, and clover.

The farmer pastures 30 acres of clover and eight acres of blue grass with cattle and hogs. He hogs off from eight to 20 acres of corn. He also pastures some hogs on the alfalfa, besides making hay.

Three carloads of fat hogs are marketed each year. Self-feeders have proved their worth in pork production and have been found great labor savers. About one-half carload of cattle are fed during the winter months.

There are eight work horses on this farm, all of which are of the draft type.

Among big tools found here are the manure spreader, tandem disk, two-row corn plow, sulky plow, seven-foot binder and six-foot mower. A gas engine, wind pump, and electric motor power take care of the water supply. The modern home, recently built, is equipped with a furnace, running water in kitchen and bath, electric lights and iron, washer, and cleaner. An oil stove is used in the kitchen.

The buildings are in the central group. Stock can be turned into eight acres of blue grass from the barn lot. This is handy and saves time in the morning in getting up the horses and cows.

The hand on this farm was a single man till last year. He had worked for this farmer three years up to that time. The old house was remodeled and he and the bride moved in. The house has six rooms. This hand gets $32.50 a month the year round, one-half acre for garden and truck, 300 pounds of pork on foot, all the chickens he cares to raise, is furnished with a cow, his horse is fed, he gets fuel wood, fruit, and gifts throughout the year to a total value of $15 to $20. This hand is a Virginian who is making good on this Ohio farm. The city industries and the draft made it cost more to get good help, but this farmer thought the farmers in his locality would get along. The neighbors cooperate well at threshing and other work. The hand's wife helps the farmer's wife when she is needed.

BUSINESS COMING IN VARICK STREET

Widening of the Thoroughfare Has Left Several Block Fronts for Improvement.

NEWLY PAVED WITH GRANITE

Connection with Seventh Avenue Opens Up New Area for Industrial Building.

One of the ancient thoroughfares on Manhattan Island which soon must be reckoned with as a most important commercial artery is Varick Street. Of worthy antecedents and bearing the honored name of a patriot who fought for the liberties of his country and who was Mayor of New York for ten years, Varick Street has, of late, been more interesting to the observer of oddities in the lower Greenwich Village district than it has to the citizen of modern progressive tendencies. The old Varick Street, however, has passed away and those who wish to see some of the remaining vestiges of its simpler and quieter days would do well to walk down its expansive breadth, for indications all point to a remarkable transformation in the near future.

Three things have contributed to this change: first, its widening and connection with Seventh Avenue by the cutting through of the blocks north of Carmine Street to the avenue where it formerly ended at Greenwich Avenue and Eleventh Street; second, the construction of the subway beneath this widened surface, and third, the new granite pavement which has recently been completed.

All the way from its beginning at the junction of West Broadway and Franklin Street to Carmine Street, Varick Street is a splendid 100-foot thoroughfare which is destined to be equally as important to the commercial interests of the lower west side as Lafayette Street has become, since its improvement, to the east side of the city. Within a few years a new avenue has been created in one of the growing commercial sections of the city. Its new granite pavement, which is one of the best jobs of that kind done by the office of Borough President Dowling since the latter assumed office, cost over $220,000, the largest single paving contract authorized in the paving schedule a year ago. The Seventh Avenue extension above Carmine Street connecting the two thoroughfares, and now giving a broad continuous avenue for heavy traffic from the lower part of the city far to the north, is still in the hands of the pavers. Sections are completed, but early in the Spring when the work is finished west side business will be able to use this new highway without interruption.

To make Varick Street a 100-foot thoroughfare, thirty feet was added on its easterly side, which meant the sacrifice of all the old houses there. The most important demolition which this necessitated was St. John's Chapel, now practically razed and whose large site, between Beach and Laight Streets, has been placed on the market by Trinity Corporation for improvement with business structures. The work of destruction is clearly seen all the way north from Canal Street where there are stretches of several vacant block fronts with potent evidences of the slicing off process in old houses and tenements temporarily repaired. On the west side some of the early homes of seventy-five years ago remain, but in the great commercial changes soon to come it is reasonable to predict that these remnants of the lower Greenwich area will not survive for many years.

In addition to the large tract made available for improvement on the St. John's Chapel site, most of the vacant property in the northerly blocks is also owned by Trinity Corporation and is practically ready for immediate improvement. From Canal to Broome Street are three entire block fronts on the east side virtually destitute of buildings, all of which, with the exception of a few parcels in the block between Watts and Broome Streets, is owned by Trinity. The vacant block between Dominick and Spring Streets, adjoining the Spring Street Church and Varick House, is owned by interests affiliated with the institutional work of the church and is likely to be improved with an apartment house or home for workers in the near future.

From Spring to Houston Street are four more vacant block fronts, all owned by Trinity except a small plot at the northeast corner of Vandam Street. Like the St. John's site, these properties are all in the market for business structures. There are, therefore, seven block fronts on the street from Canal Street north awaiting improvement as soon as building conditions become normal and which will provide several thousand square feet of much needed space in that locality. All of these parcels will undoubtedly be utilized for eight to ten loft structures similar in character to those erected in the vicinity prior to the war and which were all rented on completion, most of them on long term leases.

There is a strong demand for warehouse and industrial business space in this area and negotiations are already pending by several large interests for improvement at the earliest possible date. Within the next two years a building revival is certain to appear which will rival and doubtless eclipse the active industrial building which wiped out so many old Greenwich Village houses in the half dozen years immediately preceding the European war.

The use of granite for the Varick Street pavement shows that the city authorities realized correctly the use to which that wide thoroughfare would be placed. It is natural that there should be objection from business and trucking interests to the segregated traffic law of the Police Commissioner that Seventh Avenue proper, from Eleventh Street north, should be limited to passenger vehicles. This edict may be modified, as, if carried out to the letter, it would create a decided hardship upon commercial vehicular traffic from Varick Street to the business area in the Thirties and Forties, if it were necessary to divert such traffic at the old Seventh Avenue end to a more westerly thoroughfare. Seventh Avenue from Eleventh Street north is now paved with asphalt or in process of such paving. The new asphalt paving over the subway cut is finished to Thirty-first Street, but the city engineers do not call it a very good job. Work on the upper section from Thirty-first Street to Times Square is expected to begin in the Spring. This change in the paving of the continuous thoroughfare was due to the hotel influence in the Pennsylvania Station zone, of which the most important will be the new Pennsylvania Hotel, nearing completion for opening early in the new year.

The subway has rendered the Varick Street area accessible as never before and its widening will relieve Hudson Street of a large part of the increased traffic due to the enormous development of a hitherto quiet section of the city into a prominent business centre. These elements of accessibility will also influence, although to a somewhat less extent, the building of small apartments and the alteration of houses into modern residential conditions in the upper area of old Greenwich, centring perhaps around Sheridan Square. Several blocks there are restricted to residence and the demand for homes has so far outstripped the supply that the realty agents have scores of applications on file.

Vincent C. Pepe, whose realty office has been instrumental in stimulating many improvements of this character, said yesterday:

"The demand for small apartments in this section, especially in the altered houses, is greater all the time. The supply is only about 40 per cent. of the demand. To meet the need, property owners, builders, and operators ought to get together and plan to alter houses on a great scale. At present the chief drawbacks are material, labor, and the mortgage market. Within the last year it has been difficult for any one to make even a small alteration, owing to the price of labor and material. The end of the war will, of course, materially improve the situation and I have no doubt that many improvements will be made before the close of this year."

The last alteration, which has just been completed, was at 18 and 20 Jones Street, two houses owned by the Greenwich Improvement Society. Before alteration they rented for $70 per month each. About three months ago it was decided to improve them at a cost of $7,000, providing steam heat, electricity, and plumbing. The results are $310 per month for each house and all the apartments were rented on long leases.

Tax Rate Hearing.

On Wednesday at 8 P. M. there will be a joint hearing by the Senate and Assembly Cities Committee on the Real Estate Board of New York's bill introduced by Assemblyman Sesselberg, amending the Greater New York Charter by prescribing limitations upon the rates of taxation upon real estate. The hearing will be held in the Assembly chamber, Albany.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Offerings Scheduled at the Vesey Street and Bronx Salesrooms.

Monday, Jan. 27.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

27th St, 242 West, s s, 210.5 ft e of 8th Av, 24.10x98.9, one and three-story garage; M. F. Bitzer against R. J. Strout et al.; H. D. Holden, attorney; due, $16,662.48.

183d St, 220 West, s s, 230 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, four-story tenement and stores; E. L. Jackson against J. M. B. Co. et al.; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; due, $8,720.62; taxes, &c., $235.27.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Charles A. Berrian.

Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 3,191, w s, 243.2 ft s of Van Cortlandt Av, 25x78.6x25x78.1, two-story dwelling; Jean Scott against W. F. Marowske et al.; Hirleman & V., attorneys; due, $1,834.84; taxes, &c., $137.50.

By George Price.

Briggs Av, 2,761, w s, 200 ft n of 196th St, 20x93.5x20x93.1, three-story dwelling; Commonwealth Savings Bank against Nathaniel B. Levin Co. et al.; G. H. Hyde, attorney; due, $7,569.57; taxes, &c., $601.25.

Tuesday, Jan. 28.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

7th Av, 2,456-60, n w corner 143d St, (No. 201,) 99.11x125, seven-story apartment and stores; Alfred Benjamin against J. E. Gerlach et al.; J. H. Muller, attorney; due, $11,395; taxes, &c., $3,542.55; prior mortgage, $125,000.

West 204th St, s w corner Seaman Av, 100x200, vacant; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. against J. P. Kirwan et al.; Butcher, T. & F., attorneys; due, $21,924.63; taxes, &c., $2,710.30.

By Henry Brady.

Cherry St, 460, n s, 237.5 ft e of Jackson St, 37x97.9, 6-story tenement; Timothy Davenport et al., trustees, against Griffon Realty Co., Inc., et al.; Ira H. Brainery, attorney; due, $41,716.24; taxes, &c., $826.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

39th St, 60 West, s s, 147 ft e of 6th Av, 21x98.9, four-story loft and store building; E. E. Altman against Altman Estate, Inc.; Samuel Schulnick, attorney; due, $12,187.48; taxes, &c., $774; sub to mtg $48,750.

48th St, 367 West, n s, 125 ft e of 9th Av, 15x100.5, five-story tenement; C. E. Euler et al. against Dora Harris et al.; Ralph Underhill, attorney; due, $16,269.12; taxes, &c., $323.25.

Wednesday, Jan. 29.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

Lewis St, 53, w s, 150 ft n of Delancey, 25x100, four-story tenement and stores and three-story rear tenement; M. B. Wokd et al., executors, &c., against Meyer Jarmulowsky et al.; R. W. Kellogg, attorney; due $18,489.76; taxes, &c., $733.19.

102d St, 330-2 East, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; Lincoln Trust Co. against Malwine Schleicher et al.; Middlebrook & B., attorneys; due, $25,905.21; taxes, &c., $95.

117th St, 442-4 East, s s, 165 ft w of Pleasant Av, 36.10x100.11 ft, six-story tenement and stores; William Byrd, executor, against L. H. Strouse, trustee, &c.; Harrison, E. & B., attorneys; due, $24,044.32; taxes, &c., $2,116.87.

By Samuel Marx.

1st Av, 2,037, w s, 25.11 ft n of 105th, 25x100, six-story tenement and stores; Wm. Goodman et al. against Bernard Bloom, et al.; Paskus, G. & H., attorneys; due, $21,211.37; taxes, &c., $1,500.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Irvine St, 891, w s, 149.5 ft s of Garrison Av, 20x50, three-story tenement; D. H. Votitchenko against E. L. Loos et al.; S. T. Carter, attorney; due, $5,483.76; taxes, &c., $156.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Plimpton Av, w s, 300 ft n of 170th St, 75x100, vacant; H. C. M. Blakeslee against Delta Holding Corp. et al.; Wesseiman & K., attorneys; due, $5,520; taxes, &c., $268.80.

By Henry Brady.

Brook Av, s e cor 3d Av, (3,146-8,) 89.2x70x119x50, three-story tenement and stores and vacant; N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co. against Attilio Pasquini et al.; H. M. Bellinger, attorney; due, $13,123.40; taxes, &c., $1,100.80.

By Charles A. Berrian.

181st St, 986 East, s s, 71.11 ft w of Bryant Av, 49.2x86.7x69.2x86.11, two-story dwelling; A. R. Loweth against I. C. Mapes; C. P. Hallock, attorney; due, $4,534.25; taxes, &c., $1,875.

Boston Road, 2,071, n w cor 179th St, 69.5x85.7x72.2x93.4, two-story dwelling, vacant; C. P. Hallock, executor, against I. C. Mapes et al.; C. P. Hallock, attorney; due, $6,730; taxes, &c., $3,500.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Eagle Av, 680, e s, 387.9 ft n of Westchester Av, 25x115.1, three-story tenement; Emma Unger against J. G. Weise et al.; Adolph & Henry Bloch, attorneys; due, $5,369.78; taxes, &c., $220.

Thursday, Jan. 30.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

127th St, 229 East, n s, 300.6 ft e of 3d Av, 29.6x99.11, five-story tenement; Italian Sav. Bank against Terfos Const. Co., Inc., et al.; Wayland & B., attorneys; due, $15,698.45; taxes, &c., $326.80.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

105th St, 41 West, n s, 86.10 ft e of Manhattan Av, 16.4x100.11, three-story dwelling; J. A. Beau et al., exrs., &c., against M. E. Strommelk et al.; C. De W. Rogers, attorney; due, $1,035.96; sub. to three mtgs agg. $11,700.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Henry Brady.

Wyatt St, 1,141, n s, 100 ft w of Bronx Parkway, 25x100; Dani Caragher et al., against Jos. Diamond et al.; M. J. Horan, attorney; due, $5,514.15; taxes, &c., $1,805.24.

By Joseph P. Day.

John St, e s, — ft n of Ditmars St, —x— to Main St, City Island, Lots 712 and 713; Agnes Walsh et al., adm., against Vincenzo Pariato et al.; P. E. Reville, attorney; due, $6,994.31; taxes, &c., $1,125.82.

By Joseph & Co.

Trinity Av, 1,028, e s, 121.6 ft n of 165th St, 18.5x90, three-story dwelling; J. E. Reynolds against James Reynolds, Jr., et al.; Lewis Howlett, attorney; due, $6,573.35; taxes, &c., $704.61.

Friday, Jan. 31.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

118th St, 130 East, s s, 330 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.11, three-story dwelling; W. R. Walker et al., trustees, against William Lustgarten & Co., Inc., et al.; Man & M., attorneys; due, $6,818.10; taxes, &c., $372.20.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Herbert A. Sherman.

Anthony Av, 1,801 to 1,808, e s, 144.7 ft n of Prospect Place, 95x170x98.10x142.6, three three-story dwellings; Bowery Savings Bank against Adam Becker et al.; Cadwalader, W. & T., attorneys; due, $16,064.83; taxes, &c., $1,668.50.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

19TH ST, 142 East; Louis Fishman against George C. Carey, owner; Clark & Applebaum and J. P. Le Fevre, contractors; renewal $175

96TH ST, 112 East; North Side Lumber Co., Inc., against Calvin Realty Corp., owner; H & S Contracting Co., contractor....$105

28TH ST, 32 East; North Side Lumber Co., Inc., against Jonathan Petrie Estate Corp., owner; H & S Contracting Co., contractor $85

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,587; Leed, Inc., against Samuel K. Jacobs et al., Aug. 17, 1917; canceled $1,000

28TH ST, 136 West; A. Stark & Co. against Julius Rosenstein et al., Dec. 13, 1918. $101

BROADWAY, 3,210; Isaac Middleman against Richard A. Henriquez et al., Dec. 28, 1918 ....$141

BROADWAY, 3,200; Isaac Middleman against Richard A. Henriquez et al., Dec. 27, 1918 ....$201

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

148TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of Broadway, 50x99.11, and property in Greene County, N. Y.; Sarah M. Chapman against Daniel H. Jackson Co. et al.; foreclosure of three mortgages; attorney, A. Wilson.

CONVENT AV, s e corner of 149th St, 99.11x100; Frederick Lewisohn et al. against E. M. K. Construction Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson.

111TH ST, 227 East; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Robert H. Racey et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

93D ST, n s, 284 ft w of 3d Av, 15.6x61; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States against Clara B. Augustine et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Alexander & Green.

1ST AV, 997; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., administrator, against Max Rosen et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Geller, Rolston & Horan.

Bronx.

165TH ST, 224 East; Nathan Cohen against William F. Kenny Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. H. Zieser.

LOTS 305 and 306, also part of Lots 331 and 332, map of Inwood, town of Morrisania; Daniel Stiess against John A. Sonntag et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Holden & Cavanaugh.

WHEN NEW R.T. LINES WILL BE OPENED

Brooklyn's System Will Be Greatly Increased During the Present Year.

BRONX WILL ALSO BENEFIT

Rides on City's Lines Per Capita Grew from 353 to 358—The Growth in Population Was 94,827.

The general statement in the annual report of the Public Service Commission of the rapid transit lines to be opened during the current year has been made more valuable by later information giving approximate dates when the lines will be placed in operation. One of them, the subway part of the Pelham Bay Park branch of the Lexington Avenue subway between the station at Third Avenue and 138th Street, was opened to the public on the 7th inst.

The other lines, and the dates when they are expected to be in operating condition, are:

The new Culver elevated line in Brooklyn, about Feb. 20. This is dependent upon the strike of the carpenters, which is expected to be settled in about a week. Another few weeks will see the work completed and the line in public use.

Two new tunnel lines between Manhattan and Brooklyn will be finished late in the Summer or in the early Fall, possibly not later than during the first two weeks in September.

Connection between the Brighton Beach subway from Fulton and St. Felix Streets, Brooklyn, to Malbone Street and Flatbush Avenue, early in the Fall, or not later than early in October.

Eastern Parkway line in Brooklyn extending from the Atlantic Avenue terminus of the old subway, down Flatbush Avenue and out the Eastern Parkway as a subway to Buffalo Avenue, and thence as an elevated line over Livonia Avenue to New Lots Avenue, in the late Fall or early in the Winter.

Nostrand Avenue line in Brooklyn, extending through this avenue to Flatbush Avenue, will be ready for operation, it is hoped, late in the year or, at the worst, early in 1920.

Concerning two of the other lines the report of the commission says:

Extension of the Broadway subway north and east from Times Square. This work will be finished as far as Fifty-ninth Street within a few months, providing the Board of Estimate approves an agreement for the installation of tracks north of Times Square.

The easterly connection of this line through Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth Streets via tunnel to Queens. Arrangements are being made for track installation as far as the Queensboro Bridge Plaza elevated station. The work will possibly be completed before the end of the year.

Concerning the arrangements for the continuation of construction of the Webster Avenue extension of the Interborough's Third Avenue elevated railroad, the commission admits that it has no information upon which it can base an idea of the date of operation of this line. The commission takes care to explain that the progress of the work depends largely upon the operation of the Board of Estimate, which heretofore has not displayed any special disposition to co-operate.

During 1918 the city's railroads collected 1,975,482,316 fares, as against 1,918,812,226, an increase of 56,670,090, which was at the rate of 353 rides per capita in 1917 and 358 rides per capita in 1918. During 1918 the population of the city increased 94,827, according to the figures of the commission.

Efforts to handle the figures in such a way as to show the reduction of congestion per mile as the dual system progresses and is placed in operation will be made as soon as the system is completed. It will then be possible to show what lines have been the most useful in making travel more comfortable and will also show what direction a further extension of the rapid transit system should take. That the service is still far from satisfactory is proved by the fact that the commission received from citizens 1,755 complaints during the year concerning alleged faults in the transportation service.

Attention is called to the fact that development is always slower in those sections where the public utilities are the poorest in point of public accommodation. In 1918 the commission sought to improve the service of all public service corporations in the outlying sections.

To Advance Torrens Titles.

Asserting that the Torrens law, as amended, is making slow progress toward adoption because of the failure of the city to provide adequate machinery for the proper administration of the law, former Register John J. Hopper, Treasurer of the Torrens Title League, has submitted a proposal to the Board of Estimate that it increase the salaries of certain employés designated as official examiners of titles. Mr. Hopper, for the Title League, asks the board to establish a uniform salary of $3,000 for examiners in each county to compensate them for the extra highly technical work imposed upon them in addition to their other duties.

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

FRONT ST, 126, mtg $16,000; 28th St, 433 West, mtg of $11,500; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Clarence L. and Edward M. Miller, 536 East 10th St., Brooklyn; address, 135 Broadway; two assignments $27,500

WEST END AV, 780, mtg $40,000; Amsterdam Av, s w corner 158th St, mtg $85,000; 53d St, 237 East, mtg $28,000; 92d St, n s, 218 ft w of Park Av, mtg $18,500; 40th St, s s, 235 ft w of 5th Av, mtg $40,000; Frank W. Hamer and another, executors, Wm. F. Buckley to Mary B. Buckley, 112 Montague St, Brooklyn, and another, executors, &c., John D. and Chas. R. Buckley; attorneys, Prentice & T., 52 Broadway; five assignments each $1

6TH AV, 82; Manhattan Life Insurance Co. to Dry Dock Savings Bank, 341 Broadway; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row $5,000

18TH ST, 340 West, mtg $20,000; New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., individually and trustee, to Carrie L. Dudgeon, Upper Montclair, N. J.; attorneys, Emmet & Parish, 52 Wall St....$1

53D ST, 237 East, mtg $28,000; Lawyers' Mortgage Co. to Chas. R. Buckley, 112 Montague St., Brooklyn, and another, executors, &c., Wm. F. Buckley; attorneys, Prentice & T., 52 Broadway....$28,000

131ST ST, 255 West, mtg $4,800; Wm. A. Strickland, executor, to W. A. Strickland, at Clinton, Conn.; attorney, John M. Rider, 44 Cedar St....$4,832.67

Bronx.

NELSON AV, 1,072; Loretta J. Mendel, extx., to John E. Jefferson, 1,042 Woodycrest Av; attorney, William F. Wund, 156 Broadway, an interest of $1,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to same; attorney, same, an interest of $200

SAME PROPERTY; same to Loretta J. Mendel, 124 West 95th St; attorney, same, an interest of....$750

SAME PROPERTY; same to same; attorney, same, an interest of....$100

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

SATURDAY, JAN. 25.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 358, w s, 19.2x96.6x17x102.5; Charles Pitthan to Pitthan Realty and Holding Co., 200 East 60th St, mtg $18,000, all liens, Jan. 23; attorney, Joseph J. Harris, 90 Nassau St....$1

9TH AV, 336, e s, 137.5 ft s of 30th St, 18.3x70; Augustus R. Reynolds and another to Israel S. Goldstein, 1,039 Tiffany St, Bronx, all liens, Jan. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Israel S. Goldstein to William Barwess; 335 West 37th St, mtg $7,000, all liens, Jan. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

54TH ST, n s, 250.6 ft w of 6th Av, 24.6x100.5; Raymond H. Kutner to Glenbrook Co., 119 West 40th St., mtg $23,000, Dec. 4, 1918; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St. $100

78TH ST, n s, 66.10 ft w of West End Av, 16.4x60; Adon N. Smith to Anna Weindrug, 137 West 110th St, mtg $8,000, all liens, Jan. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,500

114TH ST, 341 East, n s, 200 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.10; Dan Cerailli to Vincenzo Sollitto, 132 Thompson St, mtg $22,000, Jan. 6; attorneys, C. Guidone, 160 Broadway....$1

123D ST, 440 East, s s, 166.3 ft w of Pleasant Av, 33.4x100.11; Lincoln Trust Co. to Arrow Holding Corp, 217 Broadway, all liens, Jan. 22; attorney, Julius H. Jieser, 217 Broadway $100

130TH ST, 263 West, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11; Celia Schlesinger to Louis B. and Josephine Santangelo, 2,471 and 2,304 8th Av., mtg $5,000, all liens; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av. and 148th St....$100

133D ST, 129 West, n s, 333.8 ft w of Lenox Av, 33.3x99.11; Henry Meyers, individually and executor, et al, to Everett Realties, Inc., 42 Broadway, mtg $21,500, all liens, Jan 14; attorney, Jerome A. Kohn, 42 Broadway.$100

135TH ST, 246-8 West, s s, 396 ft w of 7th Av, 36.10x99.11; William Goldstein to James W. Rose, 461 Lenox Av, mtgs $8,000 and $4,000, Jan. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

149TH ST, 232-4 West, s s, 300 ft E of 8th Av., 40x99.11; Sadie Karee to Simm Holding Co, 439 East 10th St., mtg $42,000, Jan. 21; attorney, A. A. Silberberg, 256 B'way.$100

181ST ST, 728-36 west, s s, 140.5 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 200x129.3x201x150; James A. Trowbridge to Middlesex Realty Corp., 170 Broadway, mtgs $260,000, Jan 23; attorney, New York Title & Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

SAME property, Middlesex Realty Corp to College Holding Co., 118 West 120th St., mtg $321,000, Jan. 24; attorney same.......$100

Bronx.

BATHGATE AV, s e s, 50 ft n e of 183d St, 50x100; Lauzner & Kahn, Inc., to Clara Berger, 108 West 111th St, Jan. 24; attorneys, McLaughlin & S., 15 Wall St.....$100

COURTLANDT AV, 758, w s, 68.4x100; Henry C. Schaefer to Bertha Schaefer, his wife, 763 Courtlandt Av, Jan. 23; attorneys, Schaefer & Son, 763 Courtlandt Av. $100

EASTBURN AV, e s, being s ½ Lot 372 map Mount Eden; Henry C. Schaefer to Bertha Schaefer, his wife, 763 Courtlandt Av, Jan. 23; attorneys, Schaefer & Son, 763 Courtlandt Av....$100

KEPPLER AV, n e corner of 235th St, 50x100; Henry C. Schaefer to Bertha Schaefer, his wife, 763 Courtlandt Av, Jan. 23; attorneys, Schaefer & Son, 763 Courtlandt Av....$100

LOT 63, same map; same to same, Jan. 23; same attorneys....$100

LOT 217, map Jos. Husson; same to same, Jan. 23; same attorneys....$1

LOT 738, map s e corner of Vyse estate; Bronx National Realty Corp. to Ferro Bulginn, 25 Cornelia St, Jan. 20, mtg $3,000; attorney, D. Mintz, 882 Prospect Av....$1

LOTS 188 and 190, map Thompson-Rose estate; Henry C. Schaefer to Bertha Schaefer, his wife, 763 Courtlandt Av, Jan. 23; attorneys, Schaefer & Son, 763 Courtlandt Av. $100

LOTS 12 to 16, map Herman Menaker; same to same, Jan. 23; same attorneys....$100

ONEIDA AV, s w corner of 235th St, 100x100; Henry C. Schaefer to Bertha Schaefer, his wife, 763 Courtlandt Av, Jan. 23; attorneys, Schaefer & Son, 763 Courtlandt Av....$100

SIMPSON PLACE, n w side, 83.3 ft s w of 149th St, 100x100; John Kadel to Paget Realty Co., Jan. 18; attorney, A. Knox, 198 Broadway $1

ST. ANN'S AV, n w corner of 148th St, 25x99.4; Henry C. Schaefer to Bertha Schaefer, his wife, 763 Courtlandt Av, Jan. 23; attorneys, Schaefer & Son, 763 Courtlandt Av.$1

TINTON AV, s e corner Home St, 782, 22.2x100; Philip Messenkopf to Fredk S. Schlesinger, 980 Prospect Av, ½ part, mtg $15,000, Jan. 21; attorney, Fredk S. Schlesinger, 980 Prospect Av. $1

3D AV, n w corner of 170th St, 57.10x91.7x—x87.8; Berger Realty and Construction Co. to Isear Realty Corporation, 320 Broadway, mtg $50,000, Jan. 24; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway $100

159TH ST, s s, 248 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 26x irregular; Edgar L. Kirby to Margarethe Koenig, 904 Cauldwell Av, mtg $5,000, Jan. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

227TH ST, East, centre line, at s s of land of George Briggs; Stark B. Ferriss, administrator, to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, mtg $160,000, Jan. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,206

239TH ST, n s, 327.9 ft west of Verio Av, 25x100; Henry C. Schaefer to Bertha Schaefer, his wife, 763 Courtlandt Av, Jan. 23; attorneys, Schaefer & Son, 763 Courtlandt Av....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

MANHATTAN AV, 312, n e corner of 113th St, 100.11x95, Jan. 22; Molz Realty Corp. to Jacob Rosenthal, 530 West End Av, due July 20, 1919, 6 p. c., prior mtg $135,500; attorneys, Monks & M., 63 Park Row.$7,000

9TH AV, e s, 137.5 ft s of 30th St, 18.3x70, P. M. Jan. 24; Israel S. Goldstein to Augustus R. Reynolds, at Poughkeepsie, Dutchess County, N. Y., and another, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$7,000

123D ST, 440 East, s s, 166.6 ft w of Pleasant Av, 33.4x100.11, P. M. Jan. 24; Arrow Holding Corp. to Lincoln Trust Co., 204 5th Av, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$17,000

130TH ST, 263 West, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11, P. M. Jan. 24; Louis B. and Josephine Santangelo to Celia Schlesinger, 1,776 Weeks Av, Bronx, installments of $250 semi-annually, prior mtg $15,000; attorney, Charles A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St. $2,200

135TH ST, 246-48 West, s s, 396 ft w of 7th Av, 36.10x99.11, P. M. Jan. 24; James W. Roe to William Goldstone, 140 West 69th St, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg stated in this mtg as $80,000; in the deed it is stated as $8,000; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$4,000

181ST ST, 728, s s, 240.5 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 100x129.3x100.6x139.7, P. M., Jan. 24; Malex Realty Corp. to James A. Trowbridge, Noroton, Conn., due Jan. 1, 1924, 6 p. c., prior mtg $182,500; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $40,000

181ST ST, 736 West, s s, 140.5 ft e of Fort Washington Av, 100x139.7x100.6x150, P. M., Jan. 24; same to same, due Jan. 1, 1924, 6 p. c., prior mtg $127,500; attorney, same. $30,500

181ST ST, 728 and 736 West, hereinbefore described, Jan. 24; College Holding Co. to Malex Realty Corp, 170 Broadway, due Aug. 1, 1923, 6 p. c., prior mtg $163,000; attorney, Fred K. Less, 35 Nassau St....$34,000

Bronx.

ALDUS ST, 953 to 957, n s, 84x105; Abr. Wolf to Slaave Levine, 407 Van Sicien Av, Brooklyn, prior mtg $63,500, Jan. 22, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. M. Levine, 30 East 42d St....$20,000

MINFORD PLACE, 1,436; Ferreo Bulgun to Bronx National Realty Corp., 882 Prospect Av, Jan. 20, due as per bond; attorney; Bronx National Realty Corp., 882 Prospect Av $500

3D AV, n w corner of 170th St, 57.10x91.7x—x89.9; Isear Realty Corp. to Maxwell Henry, 1,404 Park Av, prior mtg $50,000, Jan. 24, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, McLaughlin & S., 15 William St........$6,000

159TH ST, n s, 246 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 26x irregular; Margaretha Koenig to Edgar L. Kirby, 169 West Tremont Av, prior mtg $5,000, Jan. 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,500

RECORDED LEASES.

with name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,614-20, and 7th Av, 748-54, all; Barney Estate Co. to the 1,620 Broadway Corp., 50 East 42d St, 20 years from completion of theatre building, 20-year renewal, taxes, &c., and one-twentieth of amount of construction and equipment of building plus interest at 5 p. c., and then $37,500 to $45,000 per annum; attorneys, Cravath & Henderson, 52 William St.

SAME PROPERTY, all; the 1,620 Broadway Corp. to the Biddle Realty Corp., 50 East 42d St, 20 years from completion of building, 20 years' renewal; attorneys, same; $100,000

HOUSTON ST, 216-18 East, west store and basement; Milfein Corp. to David Adler, 92 1st St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1918, 5 years' renewal at $1,440; attorney, Ignatz Weisengreen, 111 Rivington St....$1,326

2D AV, 495, s w corner of 28th St, store and cellar; John O. W. Honeck and another to Jacob Klein, 321 East 28th St, 5 4-12 years from Jan. 1, 1910; attorney, Gottlieb Maier, 496 2d Av....$1,200

2D AV, 1,500, north store floor and parts of basement; Isaac Greenwald to Charles A. Aronstamm, 271 East 78th St, 5 3-12 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Max Mayer, 405 Lexington Av....$660

Bronx.

FOX ST, 995-1,001, all; Uneeda Realty Co. to Louisa Wienecke, 1,020 Tiffany St, and another, 20 years from Jan. 1, 1919; attorney, Isidore Witkind, 299 Broadway..$6,600

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BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT IN THE CASE OF ALTMAN vs. ALTMAN ESTATES
TUESDAY, JAN. 28TH,
12 o'clock, Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St.,
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BET. 5TH & 6TH AVS.,
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Further particulars at the
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3 Desirable Dwellings
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NEAR NOSTRAND AVE.
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NEAR FRANKLIN AVE.
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An Exceptional Opportunity
to dispose of the small equity in your unproductive city or suburban property; can offer a fully leased seven-story business building, located in the 20s, near 6th Ave. Equity $25,000, subject to institution mortgage at 4% for over two years. Little cash needed.
HARRY FRIEDMAN, 160 BROADWAY.

WILL CONSIDER TRADE FOR
17 East 75th St.
At least $10,000 cash and North Shore property
I. G. WOLF, 1,270 BROADWAY, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

ADDITIONAL SPACE and SLEEPING accommodations needed. Charitable organization desires to rent large dwelling or floors in centre of city, near East 25th St., for its children's department. Address B 814 Times Annex.

LONG ISLAND ACREAGE
Will pay cash for tract of 25 to 100 acres with or without improvements, within 25 miles of Brooklyn; must be located near station or on trolley; principals only. Address Acreage, 178 Times.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HESS Business Property

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

We would be pleased to hear from owners who are desirous of selling their New York City property. We have numerous buyers for all classes of properties; quick action assured.
NEHRING BROTHERS,
St. Nicholas Av., Corner 174th St.

We Have Buyers
for Washington Heights and West Bronx Properties. Send full particulars at once.
Knap & Wasson Co.,
4249 Broadway, at 181 St.
Telephone St. Nicholas 2110

The Levitan Corporation
115 Broadway.
RECTOR 2183.
Are Quick Buyers of Bargains in Manhattan and Bronx Realty.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Business Home for a Financial House
near Guaranty Trust Co. and the new Federal Reserve Bank.
Early possession.
An attractive proposition.
Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Tel. 5700 John

Really Cheap Private Houses
80s, 4-story 21-foot, $18,000.
80s, 5-story 20-foot American Basement, $24,000
90s, 4-story 21-foot, $22,000
80s, 4-story 20-foot, $23,000
MANY OTHERS—EQUAL BARGAINS. ALSO FINE INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AT LOW PRICES.
PRINCIPALS ONLY APPLY
M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO.
206 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 2365

An Unusual Residence
FORTY FEET WIDE
Could be obtained by remodeling two adjoining houses. This plot is located in the Seventies, just off 5th Ave., and is very low priced.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue.
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill.

ALL BARGAINS
Washington Heights; two six-story new law houses, rents $24,000, price $150,000; five-story new, law house, rent over $9,000, price $51,000; good terms; 100-foot Broadway corner, best section, can be purchased for $80,000 cash over first mortgage.
O'REILLY & DAHN
124 East 86th St. Lenox 3901.

THE VANELL,
656 West 178th St.,
Adjoining Corner of Broadway.
Five-story, 20-family, finely built modern apartment house; rent $9,500, (low;) mortgage $50,000 at 5 per cent., 5 years. Price $65,000. Principals only.
NEHRING BROTHERS,
St. Nicholas Av., corner 174th St.

207TH STREET,
Adjoining Broadway
The Dyckman's Best Section.
Five-story apartment building, on a plot 50x125 feet, fully rented; owners anxious to sell. Information on request.
Address B., 246 Times.

100 Feet Facing Riverside Drive
NEIGHBORHOOD OF 145TH ST.
Modern Dwelling, corner plot, 23 ft. 6 in. by 100; SPACE FOR GARAGE; price $25,000. Apply owner.
J. F. McKEAN, 542 Fifth Ave.
Tel. Vanderbilt—5575.

LOFT BARGAIN
Seven-Story Corner Building,
Sprinkler system; over 4,500 square feet; Price $80,000. $15,000 Cash; Rent over $12,000.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72d Street.

FURNISHED DWELLING,
Five story American basement,
80TH STREET, NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Handsomely and completely furnished.
Yearly or season's lease.
AMES & COMPANY,
26 WEST 31ST STREET.

DEEP WATER FACTORY SITES
2,300 ft. bulkhead frontage, 37 acres; Private Basin, 8 acres; suitable shipping, manufacturing, storage, dockage, coal yard; New York Harbor.
LOSEI REALTY CORPORATION,
Tel. Circle 5702. 1790 B'way, New York.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Bay Ridge, New 1-Family Semi-Detached Brick Houses
with brick garages; ground 27.6x100.4; best built and finest equipped houses of their type in Brooklyn. Houses 76th St., bet. 1st and Narrows Avs.
Open Saturday and Sunday.
Take 4th Av. Subway to 76th St. station, walk to 75th St., to 1st Av. Houses 76th St., between 1st and Narrows Avs. Prices advanced in Spring; your opportunity now. If you cannot come personally, write for particulars.
J. H. PENNOCK, 186 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

DO YOU WANT A HOME?
Send for list of Handsome 7-room Brick Houses, ready to occupy, on Brooklyn Subway, 30 minutes from Times Square; easy terms. Few for rent.
Slisby, 217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

$45 MONTH and small quarterly payment buys California type Comfort Home. Garage, sleeping porch, etc.; beautiful street. Two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1778 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

RENT $8,000
Asking Price $48,000
50-foot 36-family modern walk-up, near Fordham Road. Finest location. Small apartments. Excellent terms.
NEHRING BROTHERS
St. Nicholas Av., Corner 174th St.

BRONX
Six-Story Tenement at Great Sacrifice
Can be had for assessed value.
Fully rented. Well located.
Rocky Crest Realty Co.,
Yorkville Bank Building, 1511 3rd Ave.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island
16 Minutes from the Heart of Manhattan
New houses—popular in design and in price—distinctive in architectural treatment and quality of construction, are the feature of Kew Gardens—loveliest of suburban communities—this Spring. Plans are now showing at both our offices, and estimates on houses built to order may be had from the Kew Gardens Construction Co.
Edgeworth Smith
Sales Manager
New York Office
One West 34th St.
Phone Greeley 5250
Office at Kew Gardens Station
Phone Richmond Hill 1713

Apartments & Houses for Rent
Are becoming more scarce daily. Save time and money in buying this one family brick attached house, 3913 Fulton St., Woodhaven.
6 ROOMS—TILED BATH
Electric, steam, parquet (lower floor). Builder's price before advance in material, $4,500.
NOW $4,100—$350 CASH.
5c. fare to city or L. I. R. R. one block distant.
Elwood M. Townsend & Co., Inc.,
Bedford 9030. 850 St. Johns Place, Bklyn.

AT ELMHURST,
NEW HOUSES, WITH GARAGES.
Houses out of the ordinary in design and quality, have 7 large rooms and tiled bath, electricity and gas, gas ranges, steam heat, parquet floors, Dutch dining room, beamed ceiling, trim finished in the natural wood; some have open brick fireplaces; restricted neighborhood; sewers, &c.; near subway station; $8,400 to $10,500, cash $2,000. Open Sunday. Owner and Builder, George C. Johnston, 75 Kingsland Av., near Elmhurst Bridge, Elmhurst.

Forest Hills Gardens
15 Minutes from Penna. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

TO-DAY'S SPECIAL
Best part of Jamaica; house, 7 rooms, 2 baths; garage for 2 cars; price $7,750; immediate possession.
Cozy cottage, 6 rooms, bath; large plot; price $3,500; immediate possession; open Sunday. BOOTH-HAUGAARD & JOBES, INC., 5 Union Hall St., Jamaica, N. Y.

200 LOTS
Large frontage on Hillside Av. and trolley line; streets improved; water, gas, and electricity; $100 per lot; should retail for $750 each. Lots, acreage, and developments for sale. BOOTH-HAUGAARD & JOBES, INC., 5 Union Hall St., Jamaica, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Scarsdale Estate
of four acres, at a sacrifice. Thoroughly modern residence built by day labor. 4 baths, spacious servants' accommodations, garage. Finest residential section. This is one of Scarsdale's most attractive propositions.
ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION
12 EAST 44TH ST.
Dept. of Estates Seventh Floor.
MR. McCANLESS in charge.

LARCHMONT,
A Substantial Stone House
Built for a permanent home; one-half acre of ground, landscaped, with many beautiful shrubs and trees; 10 rooms, three baths, hot water heat; fine section, near station; offered at attractive price. Send for particulars.
Griffen, Prince & Ripley.
18 East 41st St., N. Y. City.

Long Island Sound Frontage
New York's Most Exclusive Residential Section.
Unusual opportunity for quick buyer to purchase most beautiful waterfront site in all Westchester County. Wonderful old shade trees and walks. Deep water; all modern improvements. Express train service, 30 minutes from Grand Central Station. Size and location of plot only suitable for high class, well-to-do purchaser.
Principals only. Write for full details. Owner's personal representative, care W. H. Blaker, 110 West 40th St.

FOR SALE
Within 10 minutes' walk of White Plains Station.
On high ground, commanding wonderful views. New fireproof concrete house, wind proof, damp proof, vermin proof; 8 rooms, 3 baths; exceptional opportunity for some one wanting a house where maintenance will be practically nothing; garage; plot with room for garden. For further particulars apply C-934.
Scarsdale, N. Y. Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave., New York.

FOR MAY FIRST
A Modern Colonial Stucco House of 10 rooms, 2 tiled baths and servants' bath; 4 fireplaces; white enamel trim; large halls; sleeping porch; plot 90x200. Well known, restricted residential colony. A bona fide bargain at $18,500. Come out and see it or send for photo.
WILLIAM E. MORRELL, Inc.
Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

OLD COLONIAL HOMESTEAD
IN THE BRONX VALLEY.
Eleven room charming Home; 32 minutes out; short walk station; acre of lawns and gardens; ideal combination of real country with modern conveniences.
Ashforth & Co., 501 Fifth Ave., N. Y. White Plains, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CHOICE HOMES IN WESTCHESTER
BRONXVILLE, SCARSDALE, HARTSDALE, WHITE PLAINS, PURCHASE, ALONG THE SOUND AND HUDSON RIVER.
For particular people. Designed to provide all the comforts, conveniences and luxuries possible. Can be purchased on terms to suit purchaser.
$21,500 This house has 12 large rooms, 3 baths; dressing rooms and many new features. Located on very high ground and large plot; 2-car garage. Builder anxious to sell. Bargain.
$30,000 Charming new house on very high knoll. 5 large rooms on first floor and 2 sun porches. 6 master bedrooms, with 3 baths. 2 servants' rooms with bath. 2-car garage. Large plot of land, trees, shrubs. Good view.
$45,000 One of the choicest places in Westchester. 40 minutes from Grand Central. House has 12 large rooms and every convenience. Large garage. Two acres beautifully landscaped. Fine trees and shrubs. High class neighborhood.
$55,000 New stone and cement residence. 16 rooms, 4 baths, sun porches; every convenience, with 3 acres beautifully landscaped; fine shade trees, good view; near station; fine surroundings.
$65,000 Four acres, high ground, artistically landscaped. New cement and tile residence; first floor opens up beautifully. Second has 6 master's sleeping rooms, 2 dressing rooms, 3 baths.
$72,500 Nine acres with new tile residence; Grecian design of distinction; 20 rooms, 5 baths; designed to provide all the comforts, conveniences and luxuries. Fine trees, good view, choice surroundings.
$90,000 Twenty acres, with new fieldstone residence of charming design. Ground floor rooms and sun parlors open up very attractively. 7 master sleeping rooms and 5 baths on upper floors. This place portrays the model country gentleman's home. Fine landscaping, high ground, shade trees, distant view.
100,000 43 acres with new house of real magnificence. A show place. Grounds are beautifully landscaped and covered with fine trees and shrubs. House has large rooms, and each one is designed to provide every comfort, convenience, and luxury possible. First floor opens up beautifully; second has 5 master's bedrooms, 4 baths, and 3 additional guest rooms. Garage for 6 cars; chauffeur's and visiting chauffeur's quarters. Help quarters and farm buildings. Nothing finer in Westchester.
175,000 Ten acres, with new and wonderfully attractive stone residence; a perfect gem; designed to provide every possible comfort, regardless of cost. First floor is charmingly arranged; second has 6 master's bedrooms and 6 baths. Large garage with chauffeur's and gardener's quarters.
Have many other choice places in Westchester for sale, ranging in price from $12,000 to $75,000 and upwards.
Let me know exactly what you want and amount you want to invest, and I will locate you satisfactorily.
DAVID STEWART,
203 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 4367
Phone Bronxville 133.

Beautiful hilltop property of 10 acres, with magnificent views of water and country; modern dwelling, 6 master's bedrooms, 5 baths, steam heat, electricity; stable and garage with quarters; garden, very attractive grounds, convenient to several golf clubs and private school; 30 minutes Grand Central, one hour by motor; will be sold at very low figure; unusual opportunity.
Kenneth Ives & Co.,
7 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6037.

In the Briarcliff Hills
Attractive Country Estate
1 Mile from Station
35 acres; well wooded; high elevation within easy motoring distance of country club. Stucco house, 15 rooms; five baths; all improvements; stable and garage. Can now be purchased at much below actual value. For further particulars apply R-122.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.
Tel. M. H. 6826.
Sundays, Briarcliff 6.

59 Minutes from Wall Street
by fast electric service and ten minutes' walk to a perfect house of 9 rooms and 3 baths, with every improvement, on plot 80x173; semi-bungalow, frame construction; open fireplace, oak floors, sleeping porch, cream finish, mahogany doors; grounds beautifully laid out. Golf, polo, riding, country club and large hotel in close proximity; will be sold to right people at a right price and terms. It's new and never occupied. Quick action is necessary. Brokers or agents do not reply. Address OWNER, 55 Times.

A Cozy Little Home
8 rooms and bath, electric light; 40 foot lot. Located in Oakley Manor section of Mt. Vernon; 5 minutes from New Haven Railroad Station. House is Dutch Colonial style, practically new. Price $8,600.
This is ONLY one of many bargains. Write me your wants.
CLARENCE G. MARTENS,
19 Prospect Av., (Tel. 2521.) Mt. Vernon, N.Y.

LARCHMONT BARGAIN
Beautiful Dutch Colonial House
Recently completed by builder who must sell at a sacrifice. Contains 9 rooms, 2 baths, high-class fixtures. Situated on a large, well located plot. Price $14,000.
George Howe, 527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.
Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties

Gentleman's Estate
Commuting distance; 100 acres, large private lake; new house, 5 master's bedrooms, 4 baths, 4 servants' rooms, bath, sleeping porch; vacuum cleaner; billiard room; steam heat, open fireplaces; superintendent and chauffeur's cottages; garage; high elevation, wonderful views; garden; photographs.
SEAMAN LOWERRE,
505 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

COUNTRY ESTATE AT BEDFORD HILLS
20 acres, purely Colonial house, southern exposure, setting back from the highway; fine view, best of neighborhoods, 13 rooms and 4 baths, fireplaces, sleeping porch; fruit, vegetable and flower gardens; stable and garage; other outbuildings, man's cottage; fine water; near golf club. The owner will sacrifice.
Reed-Clark Co., Inc. Phone 1515. White Plains, N. Y.

$15,000.
Attractive Frame Colonial Residence of eight rooms, steam heat, gas, electricity, fireplace. Plot 75x150. Reasonable terms. Will rent furnished.
BURKE STONE, INC.
Tel. Bronxville 142. Bronxville, N. Y.

PELHAM.—OPPORTUNITY.
Ten-room modern dwelling, three baths; four minutes' walk to station; plot 100x135; attractive price and terms.
Ashforth & Co., 501 5th Av., N. Y. White plains, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE OR TO LET

7th Ave.—Pennsylvania Station

We are instructed to sell one of the finest parcels in this district, comprising approximately 35,000 sq. ft., leased to a most responsible tenant, who pays all taxes and carrying charges on long term. The property will pay from 6% to 7% net and at the expiration of its present lease should be worth twice its present value.

At a Great Sacrifice

Two six-story new-law tenements, 5-20 rooms on each floor; size [illegible]x100 each. Price $25,000. Easy terms.

A Broadway Corner

100x100 ft., 6-story, 6 stores. Rental $30,400. Price $302,000.

F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO.
Broadway, Cor. 80th St. Tel. Schuyler 3800

OYSTER BAY and PIPING ROCK

Long Island's Popular and Exclusive Estate Colony
THE CHOICEST 30 ACRES AVAILABLE
High Elevation—Magnificent Views of
Long Island Sound, Connecticut and Oyster Bay Harbor.

MONTCLAIR

New York's Leading Suburb

$24,000 House containing 11 rooms, 3 bathrooms, large living room and sun porch, also sleeping porch. Garage. Plot 100 ft. frontage.

$22,000 An attractive residence of 11 rooms, 3 bathrooms, steam heat. Garage.

$18,000 Thoroughly well-built house, well located, containing 10 rooms and 2 baths. Good plot.

$8,500 A most comfortable, honestly built small Colonial house, in very good neighborhood.

Complete list of Unfurnished Houses for Rental from $100 per month upward

F. M. CRAWLEY & BROS.
Real Estate Brokers
Plaza Building, (opp. Lackawanna Term.), Montclair, N. J.

Modern Fire-proof hotel (American plan) combining city and country life. Direct connection by subway to uptown and downtown Manhattan, 25 minutes by motor to shopping and theatre districts. You can reach your office more comfortably and in less time from Forest Hills than from 96th Street, Manhattan. More than 70 trains (electric service) daily. For further information—Tel. 6290 Forest Hills.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LARCHMONT MANOR
SOUND SHORE WATERFRONT

for sale or to rent, furnished, for season or by the year. Cement house of 23 rooms, 10 bedrooms, 10 baths, 6 open fireplaces. Luxuriously furnished and perfect in all its appointments.

Eight-car garage and living apartments.

Beautiful grounds of 1½ acres. Many fine shade trees. Private landing wharf, bathing beach, etc.

Edw. C. Griffin & P. H. Collins
Bank Building. Larchmont, N. Y.

On a Wooded Point
with bathing beach, about five acres, modern Colonial house, 5 bedrooms, 3 baths, 4 servants' rooms, garage; one hour by motor.

Rent or Sale.

Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St., N. Y.

A Decided Bargain at QUAKER RIDGE
Between Scarsdale and Mamaroneck

Stucco house, 14 rooms, 8 baths, numerous open fireplaces, all improvements. 14 acres, stone terrace, wistaria covered pergola, stately shade trees, English flower gardens, vegetable garden, orchard. Stable, chicken house, gardener's cottage.

For further particulars apply S-188

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave., New York.

DO YOU KNOW ANY ONE WHO WISHES TO BUY OR RENT
a substantial Home? I am a salesman of Westchester County real estate. I will pay ¼ of my commission if I am able to sell or rent any one you tell me of. The source of my information will be held confidential. I will call or you can write me. Brokers and other real estate men cannot be of help to me. BROKER, 124 Times.

New and Artistic Homes
Bronxville, N. Y., and Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Frame, stucco, brick, 3 baths, sleeping porch, sun parlor, vapor heat, electric light, hardwood floors, copper leaders and gutters; large plots; beautiful section; see owner HOUSES DE LUXE
Prices $16,000, $19,000, $20,000, & $24,000.
LIBERAL TERMS.
Other Real Bargains in Smaller Homes.
FRANK C. STEVENS,
Proctor Bldg. Tel. 1488. Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

White Plains, Gedney Farms.
For sale, Colonial house, convenient to depot, nine large rooms, three baths; exceptional plumbing and hot water heating system; beautiful living room, large fireplace, and dining room, two-car garage; location, grounds and shrubbery unsurpassed, plot about 80x150; may be had much below present cost; inspection by appointment. B 587 Times.

Beautiful Brick Colonial House Overlooking Hudson River.
30 Minutes from Grand Central Station. Contains 10 rooms and 3 baths. Fine modern garage. One of the finest new homes along the Hudson. Owner will make great sacrifice for immediate sale.
George Howe, 527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.
Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties.

QUAKER RIDGE SECTION
Gentleman's estate, located in the hills, less than 20 miles from New York; seven master sleeping rooms, five baths, sleeping porches, seven open fireplaces; ample servants' quarters, garage, stable, gardener's cottage, 10 acres attractive ground.
MRS. EDMUND W. BODINE,
[illegible] Main Street New Rochelle, N. Y.

Cheaper Than City Apartments.
2 and 3 Rooms WITH BATH. $50 to $60
AT PELHAM MANOR
Private Porch—Garage Conveniences. Near water, public golf, excellent restaurant, extensive grounds, fine old trees.
A. W. COLE, Owner, 114 5th Av., N. Y.
Tel. N. Y. Chelsea 720; Pelham 1991.

A FIVE MILE VIEW
from every room. Modern country home, [illegible] rooms, tiled bath, servants' bath; steam heat, fireplaces, wide veranda and porte-cochere, complete with awnings and storm sash; [illegible] acre plot and garage, sacrifice [illegible]; possession at once if desired.
WILLIAM E. MORRELL, Inc.,
Depot Square. White Plains, N. Y.

SHORE FRONTAGE ON THE SOUND.
Modern dwelling, 15 rooms, all improvements, [illegible] garage, 3 acres, beautifully landscaped, [illegible] shade trees; sand beach [illegible] minutes out; owner anxious to sell or rent [illegible].
FOX REALTY CO.,
51 EAST 42D ST.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES. & INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

WILL RENT THIS HOUSE
for [illegible] a year. Immediate possession. [illegible] large rooms, 3 baths, large studio or [illegible] billiard room, open fireplaces, wonderful porches, 375 ft. frontage; beautiful grounds and view, garage, all improvements, 10 minutes from station, 30 minutes from Grand Central. Apply Lawrence & Tasker, Tribune Building.

Tapestry Brick Home—$7,800.
Seven rooms, tile bath, sun parlor, fireplace, improvements, high plot; 3 minutes station, [illegible] Grand Central. Ready May 1st. Bargain. MOORE, 52 Vanderbilt Av., Room [illegible]. Phone Murray Hill 6875.

ATTRACTIVE SOUND VIEW
Hollow tile stucco 9 rooms, 2 baths, billiard room, garage, perfect condition, restricted desirable location, convenient transit; 35 minutes Grand Central. $10,500; easy terms. Personal, Suite 400, 51 East 42d.

RYE,
and Along the Sound.
Complete list of best places
FOR SALE OR RENT.
Stewart C. Schenck, 51 East 42d St.
Tel. Sund. 468 Rye. 2992 Murray Hill.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale
HANDSOME HOME AT
PELHAM MANOR

Situated on the esplanade, in best residential section. Land comprises about 2 acres, attractively landscaped. Modern Colonial house, 7 master bedrooms, 4 baths, 3 servants' rooms, bath; 3 car garage with chauffeur's quarters.

For further particulars apply S-3520.

Pelham, N. Y. Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave., New York.

ON THE HUDSON, JUST OFF
Broadway, 50 minutes by motor and in a good locality; hollow tile and stucco House, with large living room, sun parlor, library, dining room, pantry and kitchen; four master bedrooms, two master baths and servants' quarters; hot water heat, gas, electricity and other modern conveniences; fine view of river; price $20,000; for sale on suitable terms. For further particulars, apply to
Griffen, Prince & Ripley.
18 East 41st St., N. Y. City.

FOR RENT SEASON 1919
Palatial fireproof residence. Ten master bedrooms, 18 servants' rooms, 50 acres of gardens directly on the Sound; probably the finest anywhere near New York. Private bathing beach, yacht anchorage. One hour to city by motor. Owner keeps up the grounds.
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.
11 East 42d Street.

For Sale At
An Exceptionally Low Price at
ORIENTA POINT
MAMARONECK
2 acres with vegetable and flower gardens, tennis court, large shade trees. Colonial house, 14 rooms, 5 baths, 2 sleeping porches and spacious verandas. Separate garage and stable, hennery, cow stable. Extensive views of Long Island Sound.
PRIVATE BATHING BEACH.
For further particulars apply S-341.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave., New York.

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE—5 ACRES EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN.
This beautiful property, known as Glengarry Hall, is offered for sale at an exceptional bargain. The house contains 11 rooms and the grounds are laid out in a very artistic fashion. Fine trees, wonderful view of the Hudson River. 1 hour from New York City.
George Howe, 527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.
Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties.

LARCHMONT
Larchmont Centre ON-THE-SOUND
Sound side of R.R., with sewers, water, gas, &c. Fine trees, restricted section, short walk station. Sound school, &c. The time to purchase a plot & let us build a house according to your ideas, which can be paid like rent; $500 cash will put you in your home.
CHAS. FIELD GRIFFEN & Co.
11 E. 42d St. Tel. 6441—Murray Hill.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.
8 ACRES AND LARGE RESIDENCE
overlooking Davenport Neck.
SUIT INSTITUTION OR SCHOOL
Or would cut up for home sites; 850 feet on Pelham Road. See
JOSEPH P. DAY
31 Nassau St. Tel. Rector 6500

Flemish Cottage
with mottled tile roof, 4 master's chambers and 3 baths, at Greenacres, Scarsdale. A home that is complete in every respect and extraordinarily attractive in appearance. Terms if necessary. I can send you a picture of it. R. E., 104 Times.

FOR SALE—LOW COST.
New eight-room Dutch Colonial house and garage; large living room, open fireplace; spacious porches; high elevation; fine view; highly restricted colony, all city improvements, including sewers and gas, new depot; 30 minutes to Grand Central; little cash required, balance mortgage; particulars, photo. George H. Mills, 154 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4500.

$18,000—Half Acre Land.
With house of 10 rooms and 2 bathrooms.
Ideal suburban home near Bronxville Station; high elevation; every improvement, hot water heat, 2 sun parlors, 2-car garage. Reasonable terms.
BURKE STONE, INC.
Tel. 142 Bronxville. Bronxville, N. Y.

BRONXVILLE
NEW STUCCO HOUSES,
wonderful living room, attractive fireplace; sun parlor, vapor heat, billiard room, 3 baths. Plot 90x150. Reasonable terms.
BURKE STONE, INC.
Tel. Bronxville 142. Bronxville, N. Y.

CHESTER HILL HOME
Perfect condition; thoroughly modern; 9 large rooms; parquet floors; white trim; lot 125 feet deep; garage; price $12,500. Make offer.
COOLEY REALTY COMPANY
Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 3400.

AT NEW ROCHELLE.
Beautiful home for sale at $9,500; a ten-room house, two baths, electric light and steam heat, on corner plot, 54x156; restricted residential section; convenient to two stations; terms to suit.
H. E. COLWELL,
264 Main St. Tel. 409—New Rochelle, N. Y.

RYE.
Gentleman's estate, consisting of beautiful residence, perfect condition; 8 acres, highest grounds; spacious garden and garage; for sale. Also list of places for rent.
Stewart C. Schenck, 51 East 42d St.
Tel. Sund. 468 Rye. 2992 Murray Hill.

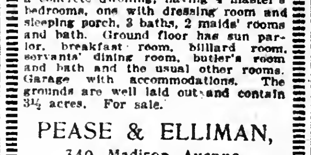
WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BEAUTIFUL
NEW COLONIAL HOUSE
Ready for Immediate Occupancy.
AT FIELDSTON
Riverdale-on-Hudson.
In the Park District of the City.
Modern in every detail. Constructed of Tapestry Brick. Contains 14 rooms and 5 baths, and is situated on one of the most desirable sites in this Beautiful Park.
The exquisite taste and excellent workmanship employed in the construction of this House will appeal to the most discriminating buyer.
Delafield Estate, Owner
GEORGE HOWE, Sales Agent,
527 Fifth Avenue, New York.

SCARSDALE
In its best residential section there is a concrete dwelling, having 4 master's bedrooms, one with dressing room and sleeping porch, 3 baths, 2 maids' rooms and bath. Ground floor has sun parlor, breakfast room, billiard room, servants' dining room, butler's room and bath and the usual other rooms. Garage with accommodations. The grounds are well laid out and contain 3¼ acres. For sale.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue.
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill.

Exceptional Bargain At
PELHAM MANOR
Practically new 8-room house, 2 baths, sleeping porch, sun parlor, hot water heat, awnings and screens. Garage. Price $11,500.
For further particulars apply S-3166
Pelham, N. Y. Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave., New York.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



FOR SALE.
Magnificent All-Year Seashore Residence
(facing the ocean)
Situated at Rockaway Park, L. I.
Cost to build over $65,000 five years ago. Would cost at least $80,000 to-day.
Price $45,000.
For particulars write or telephone owner
MRS. EDWARD WREN,
32 East 64th St., N. Y. C.

Investigate This Bargain.
Charming home on Huntington Bay, with large shade trees, garden, flowers; 10 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, laundry; 2-car garage; house practically new, in perfect order. Bathing, golf, tennis. Offered at great bargain. Might be rented for Summer, completely furnished, with option to purchase. Photos.
Country Estates and Farms for Sale.
Furnished Summer Houses for Rent.
THEODORE S. Hall, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

CEDARHURST, L. I.
PROSPECT AVENUE.
All improvements. Fine Plot for Home. To be Sold at a Bargain.
JOSEPH P. DAY,
31 Nassau St. Tel. Rector 6500.

Kensington at Great Neck, an ideal home colony, North Shore of Long Island. Ownership includes use of Casino, Tennis Courts, Swimming Pool and Shore Front. See Kensington homes before deciding.
Write for booklet, "A Week-end at Kensington"
Finlay Realty Company
Phone 5921 Greeley. 1 West 34th St.

ONE MILE SHORE FRONT
on Sound and Bay. One hundred acres on a point jutting into L. I. Sound. High bluff. The location is unexcelled. Easy electric transportation to Penn. Station, 18 miles away. Full particulars. Stephen Yates, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

Great Waterfront Bargain
460-acre farm, 3 miles frontage Peconic Bay; 100-acre orchard, half cleared, balance heavy timber; near golf, yacht, country clubs; $75,000; worth double.
WILLIAM A. EHRGOTT, JR.,
100 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

POTATO FARM
100 acres, fine buildings, North Shore, 40 miles out, near station, very cheap.
Summer cottages for rent.
Geo. B. Gerard,
Huntington, L. I.

ALONG THE NORTH SHORE
For real bargains, country home, estates, water fronts and farms see
DANIEL GERARD,
1210 Broadway (33d St.), N. Y.

GREAT NECK
10½-acre building site, in finest residential section; wonderful water view; close to shore and bathing beach.
WILL DIVIDE.
I. G. WOLF, 1,270 BROADWAY, N. Y.

40 ACRES MERRICK ROAD
Patchogue, large lake frontage, suitable for development or fine country estate; a bargain for cash.
Owner, Robert Ward,
189 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Army Officer Must Sell
ATTRACTIVE 3 ACRE ESTATE
FINE NEIGHBORHOOD OVERLOOKING AND WITHIN 300 FEET OF DEEP WATER.
Substantial house, 12 bedrooms, 4 baths, steam heat, handsome shade trees, old fashion garden; garage. *Price $30,000, (less than replacement value of building alone); $5,000 cash.*
Jeremiah Robbins Babylon, L. I. Tel. 12 Babylon

FOR SALE IN
Kensington
GREAT NECK, L. I.
High class brick Colonial Residence, 12 rooms, 4 baths; corner plot, 200x125; southern exposure; wonderful shade trees and shrubbery, handsomely landscaped. Two car brick garage; near beach and station. Terms to suit. Photos and full particulars.
Mrs. SWANN, 423 Fourth Av., New York

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
INDIVIDUAL HOME
AT MONTCLAIR
Charming all-year-round residence, thoroughly well built, 11 rooms, 3 baths, 8 sleeping rooms, hot water heat; grounds 140x230 ft., with 36 fine fruit and shade trees, extensive lawns, flowers, etc. Choice section; 5 minutes' walk to express station. Price very reasonable, $26,000.
FRANK HUGHES-TAYLOR Co.
At Lackawanna Terminal, Montclair, N. J.

To Close an Estate
Knollwood, one of the most attractive country estates on the famous Rumson Road is offered for sale at one-half its true value in order to close the estate of its late owner; property contains about 70 acres of lawns, woodland, gardens, orchards, and pasture; beautiful modern residence on splendid hill site; greenhouse, poultry and pheasant houses, stables, garage, gardener's dwelling, &c.; property has a frontage on both sides of Rumson Road of over 800 feet, with a similar frontage on the Shrewsbury River. For full particulars apply to William H. Hintelmann, Rumson, N. J. Phone 367.

Large industrial corporation desires extensive modern manufacturing plant in the Jerseys. Must be bargain and obtainable on extremely favorable terms. Replies must fully describe property and terms. B 61 Times.

—MONTCLAIR—
$13,500 New England Farmhouse type Residence. Large screened porch, centre hall, large living room, fireplace, dining room, pantry, all gas kitchen, 5 bedrooms, 2 baths, steam, gas, electricity; plot 70x170. Highly restricted section overlooking park & lake. Near high school, athletic club, station & Trolley.
H. S. CONNOLLY & CO.,
Opp. Lackawanna Sta., Montclair, N. J.

Furnished Cottages for Rent
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Bungalow type cottage near the ocean; hot and cold water, steam heat; 6 rooms, 3 bedrooms, bath, gas and electricity; most delightful location in Atlantic City. Rent for year or season. Write P. Secretary, 123 So. Atlantic City, N. J.
Full ocean view home, completely furnished; all modern improvements; 10 bedrooms, 4 baths; garage; $3,000 for season. Write P. Secretary, 123 So. Atlantic City, N. J.

ALLENHURST, DEAL AND ASBURY PARK.
Modern Cottages for Rent and Sale.
APPLY T. FRANK APPLEBY COMPANY,
Asbury Park—Offices—Allenhurst.
Phone Asbury 2.

MONTCLAIR
$16,500 Beautiful Colonial Residence, most exclusive location; centre hall, large living room, dining room, butlery, tiled kitchen, 5 bedrooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping porch, palm room, open veranda; exterior of tapestry brick; all interior woodwork finished in ivory.
MURDOCH, op. Lackawanna, Montclair.

BERNARDSVILLE 10-Room House, 2 Baths.
One-acre lawn, artistic garden, shrubbery, trees; 2 sleeping porches; hot water heat, electricity; hardwood floors throughout; 2-car garage; every modern appointment; convenient station; completely furnished, $12,000; terms; photo and full particulars.
C. H. STIGER, Opp. Brick Church Sta., East Orange, N. J.

South Orange, N. J. Most attractive, comfortable house; finest section; 12 rooms, 2 baths; garage; ¾-acre plot; beautiful trees and shrubbery; convenient to everything; $25,000.
Restricted building sites, first-class neighborhood; convenient to trolley and station; $35 a front foot and up.
J. Charles O'Brien Co., South Orange.

Maplewood, N. J. New Colonial Style House, 9 rooms, 2 baths; enclosed heated porch; garage for two cars; lot 70x180; high ground; convenient to station; $14,000.
Owner must sell comfortable modern house, 8 rooms, bath, all modern improvements; $7,800.
J. Charles O'Brien Co., South Orange.

Business Compels Owner Sacrifice
modern 10-room hilltop home $2,000 below cost four years ago; elegant view; 2 baths, steam heat, fireplace; ideal home; 45 minutes out, Northern New Jersey; easy terms. Lillack, 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Phone 1150 Beekman.

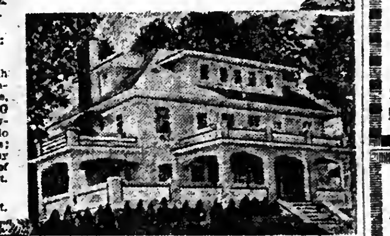
NEWARK, N. J.
Four tenement brick buildings, with two stores on first floor, all rented, centrally located for business. Particulars from Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Av., Newark.

The Oranges Exclusive list HOUSES APARTMENTS
FOR SALE, RENT or EXCHANGE.
Prices and terms to suit.
C. H. STIGER, opp. Brick Church Station, EAST ORANGE, N. J.

CRANFORD, N. J.
Several beautiful homes in best section of town on satisfactory terms to buyer. R. R. Droescher, 362 Lincoln Av., Cranford, N. J., or 79 Warren St., N. Y.

Healthful Mountain Air. Established, Select Community. 100 Feet Elevation. Two Picturesque Lakes. 375 Homes. Golf and Country Clubs. Ideal Climate for Year-Round Living.

FINEST EXPRESS SERVICE.
A WONDERFUL BARGAIN.
PLOT 100x152 FEET.
PRICE $10,000. LITTLE CASH; BALANCE EASY TERMS.
PERFECT COMMUTING.
A charming 11-room home, with three tiled baths. A huge old-fashioned open fireplace, comfortable, wide verandas and 3 SLEEPING BALCONIES are features; everything modern and new—electric light, steam heat, parquet floors; all conveniences. Compare with any $15,000 house anywhere. Photos of this and other houses on request.
MOUNTAIN LAKES, Inc.,
179 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1521 Cort.



NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

All The Oranges
Healthiest Suburb in America.

Maplewood Section Bargain; old-fashioned house, 100 years old, remodelled 8 years ago; modern up-to-date improvements; steam, electricity, hardwood floors, sun porch; lot 170x170. Sale price $9500.

So. Orange Section Elegant gentleman's home, 12 rooms, 8 baths, sun porch, large living room, open fireplaces, hardwood floors; lot 69x196, with additional plot having private entrance, 2-car garage, man's room. $25,000.

West Orange Section Cosy and complete, 8-room modern home, sun porch, living room and open fireplaces. Plot 62x150. Price $10,000. Easy terms.

East Orange Section Colonial style, 8 rooms, enclosed porch; lot 50x180; elegant condition. $16,000.

Houses and Apartments Sale or Rent. Every facility extended to investigate.
Frank H. Taylor
Note First Name
Over 82 years opp. Brick Church Sta., East Orange, N. J.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY
A small payment down secures title; what you now waste as rent pays the rest; price ONLY $6,500; plot 100x172 ft.; 7 big rooms and bath, wide verandas, glazed porch; near lakes, markets, country clubs, churches, schools; 800 ft. elevation, with wonderful water view; flowers and shrubs in profusion; 7 min. walk to R. R. station, 45 min. by train on D., L. & W.; splendid commutation; in exclusive, restricted, residential section, overlooking beautiful lake. CURTIS SMITH, 442 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. 9887 Prospect.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOCATION IDEAL.
Spring lakes, babbling brooks, massive maples, weeping willows, high hills, verdant valleys, lovely landscapes, long lanes, rock ridges, mossy meadow, great groves, green grass and stone fences characterize this property located in Connecticut within one hour of Grand Central Depot. It will be sold as a whole or divided in one, two or three acre plots as may be desired. Sixteen acres in all. No building restrictions, but we expect to sell only to such people as desire artistic homes in keeping with the beautiful surroundings supplied by nature. In replying please give references. Owner, 26 West Avenue, Norwalk, Conn.

FOR SALE, ESTATE, 76 MILES FROM N. Y.
9 miles east of Danbury. Birthplace and early home of well-known artist. About 85 acres, farm, pasture, woodland; brooks through place; 14-room homestead and beautifully laid out grounds; 3 baths, furnace, &c.; garage for 4 cars; complete machine shop; gardener's cottage; large barn with adjoining quarters for cows and pigs; unfailing spring water; price $25,000. Address Owner, R 219 Times.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION,
The Finest View in Fairfield County of L. I. Sound from Bridgeport to Port Chester; untold miles of hills, valleys in every direction from this 60-acre FARM. Finest of land; 6-room concrete hollow tile bungalow; springs, brook; 2 miles from station; for $22,000. No more like it. Ask for farm list.
Lawrence Agency, South Norwalk, Conn.

FOR FACE OF MORTGAGE
A beautiful little bungalow on the shore, 5 rooms; city water, electric lights; broad porch; 15 minutes' walk to this station; lawn, hedges; for $1,500, worth $2,500; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis; rents for $300.
ASK FOR FARM LIST.
Lawrence Agency, South Norwalk, Conn.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

CAPE COD Ballston Beach Bungalows by the Ocean Surf.
Choice location. Moderate rents.
S. W. BALL, 87 Nassau St., N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA—FOR SALE OR TO LET

PHILADELPHIA GOOD CITY TO INVEST IN REALTY.
Five Choice Corners
averaging from 30x130 to 200x200 feet.
CENTRAL NEAR CITY,
Near Broad St. and Reading Terminal and Subway and Elevated Trains.
Send for Particulars.
Thomas P. Twibill
REALTY SELLER,
910 Land Title Bldg., Phila.

VIRGINIA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Virginia Ore Property.
Estate anxious to sell Virginia iron ore property. Large acreage and abundance of ore. Furnace has been operated. Reports in our possession will furnish complete information. Railroad and full equipment included. Very low figure for quick sale.
J. T. JACKSON CO.,
Chestnut & 13th Sts., Philadelphia.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

FOR RENT
Beautiful and Expensive
Stone Residence
with garage, for rent, for the Summer of 1919. Furnished and in first-class condition. Location, town in Central New York. High altitude, very healthful, clean atmosphere and wonderful roads for touring. Easily accessible to New York City. Address X 372 Times Annex.

FLORIDA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Spend the Winter at
LAKELAND
FLORIDA
Solve the high cost of living, escape worry over coal shortage, enjoy the delightful climate.
Where you may secure a life income by investing in a 10-acre grapefruit or orange grove, scientifically cared for by low cost, coöperative methods.
A planted **10-ACRE GROVE COSTS $4,950**, payable 24 per cent. down, balance in quarterly installments.
Many grove owners are now earning from **$500 TO $1,000 NET A YEAR PER ACRE**; names and addresses furnished on request.
Our illustrated booklet answers all questions. Write for a copy and read it. Then, if you are in position to finance a grove, visit the property and spend a week at the Country Club as our guest.
W. T. HALLAM & CO., 225 5th Av., N. Y.

—FLORIDA—
Come to SEBRING for health, comfort and profit.
Own a ten-acre **ORANGE** or **GRAPEFRUIT GROVE** and secure a life income; 10 acres planted with two-year-old trees, $350 per acre; older trees at advance cost according to age. We take care of your grove; many groves earn from $500 to $1,000 per acre per year.
You do not have to wait for a town to come to you—SEBRING is all there, bordering beautiful Lake Jackson, which is 6 miles long. $200,000 Hotel; golf, schools, etc. Join our party, leaving soon, and investigate our proposition. Send or call for booklet.
SEBRING LAND CO., Owners.
New York Office, 96 Broadway. Tel. 2303 Rector.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

MONMOUTH COUNTY, N. J.
Farms, Estates, and Country Homes. All sizes. Best locations. Advise wants. Will send description and other details.
G. W. Zucker, Graduate Agriculturist, Kinney Bldg., Newark, N.J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORE 5 W. 16th $65
FIFTH AVE. Phone Chelsea 3106.

9,000 SQUARE FEET
Nos. 74 to 80 Washington St., near Rector; first loft; two elevators, steam heat; sprinkler system; suitable for storage or manufacturing; one or two additional floors may be had.
Geo. R. Read & Co.
Tel. 3670 John, (12546,) 30 Nassau St.

ENTIRE BUILDING
799 Lexington Ave. Next to Corner of 62d St.
In the heart of the coming business district and near all subways. Lease for term of years. Will alter to suit.
A. W. MEAD 985 6th Avenue. Tel. Circle 614.

LIGHT LOFT
NEAR SEVENTH AV.
7,700 Square Feet
Top (fifth) loft; high ceiling skylights; unobstructed north light; steam heat, power; sprinkler system. Immediate possession. Owner,
218 WEST 26TH ST.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS TO LET
WM. H. WHITING & CO.
41 PARK ROW TEL. 5900 CORT.

FIREPROOF
Store and Loft Building,
20TH ST., NEAR 8TH AV.
9½ stories. Rents $13,550. Mortgage $70,000, 5%, 10 years; make offer.
LEVITAN CORPORATION,
115 Broadway. Rector 2133.

BROADWAY AT TIMES SQUARE
A very desirable store for lease at a reasonable rental. This is a real business location.
Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St.

Store and Basement at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x95; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Most Desirable
5th Ave. Loft
2ND FLOOR.
Every modern improvement. For
TAILORS
MILLINERS
FOOTWEAR
Reasonable Rent.
520 Fifth Ave. (bet. 43d & 44th)
E. B. MEYROWITZ, Inc. Vanderb't 3880

An Opportunity to Rent Store
basement and 2 lofts, about 10,000 sq. ft., between 30th and 34th Sts., Fifth Ave. and Broadway. Possession 90 days, long lease. For particulars apply
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue,
Telephone 6200 Murray Hill.

15000 Square Feet
(Will Divide)
OFFICE OR SHOWROOM IN MADISON SQUARE SECTION.
EXCEPTIONAL LIGHT MODERN BUILDING
Fred'k Southack & Alwyn Ball, Jr.
11 Broadway. Bowl. Green 8580.

239 Fourth Ave.
Adjoining Southeast Cor. 20th St.
CHOICE LOFT
light on all sides, 46x100.
No manufacturing.
Modern Fireproof Building.
BRUNSWICK REALTY CO.
35 West 39th St.
Or Your Own Broker.

56 West 45th St.
STORE & BASEMENT
IN 18 STORY FIREPROOF BLDG.
Approximately 5,500 Sq. Ft., from Feb. 1st.
$8,500
ALSO A FEW DESIRABLE OFFICES ON UPPER FLOORS.
N. A. BERWIN & CO.
on Premises. Tel. Vanderbilt 4132.

LOFTS FLOORS OFFICES BASEMENTS COLUMBUS CIRCLE
1845-1847 BROADWAY, NEAR 60TH ST.
Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rent
L. MILLER & SONS, 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 4234

200 West 57th, Cor. 7th Av.
TWO HIGH CLASS
STORES FOR RENT
Together or Separate.
Exceptional location in Rodin Studio Building. Suitable for high class auto accessories or any high class business.
Resident Manager on Prem.
Tel. Circle 3560.

STORE TO LET
3773 B'WAY,
Near 157th
Single store; unusual location; moderate rent. Apply Superintendent, A. L. Silberstein, Owner, or 'phone Chelsea 6146.

To Lease for Business Purposes
Gown or Fur Dept. to rent, in high-class millinery shop on West 57th St., near 5th Ave., catering to exclusive clientele. K 332 Times.

IDEAL LOCATION FOR
RESTAURANT
STORE AND BASEMENT
TO LET,
922 BROADWAY,
CORNER 21ST ST.
N. A. BERWIN & CO., 56 West 45TH.

Top Loft to Let
With Skylights
APPLY
CARSTEIN & LIMREKIN
Phone Stuyv. 7786. 221 4th Av., N. Y.

BUILDINGS AND LOFTS.
ranging from 10,000 to 60,000 square feet. Rentals from 10 to 30 cents per foot. Various locations. Some very choice. We solicit inquiries or investigation.
BARNETT, 11 EAST 125TH ST.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia Store.
High-class Chestnut Street shop. Right in the heart of the best business centre. Size 22 feet by 163 feet, through to rear street. Satisfactory rent and lease to right party. Get in touch with us.
J. T. JACKSON CO.,
Chestnut & 13th Sts., Phila., Pa.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ICE PLANT
For Sale—A fully equipped modern ice plant, capacity 60 tons per day, extra storage house, located in a city of 125,000 people. A great bargain.
FRANK HUGHES, INC.,
Passaic, N. J.

For Sale
304 Greenwich St., corner of Beach; four-story building, with elevator; immediate possession; terms to suit.
Chas. F. Noyes Co.,
92 William St. Tel. 2000 John.

ELIZABETH, N. J.
Fully equipped beef house. Railroad siding; next to Armour & Co., Morris & Co., and Swift & Co. Further particulars, Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Ave., Newark.

FACTORIES FOR SALE.

Manufacturer
Cloaks and Suits Waists.
50,000 square feet for immediate possession; best labor market; 40 minutes to 33rd Street; plant equipped with sewing machines ready for immediate possession.
Have some smaller lofts to rent. Act quickly.
FEIST & FEIST,
Factory Specialists,
738 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

LOFT WANTED
Light, well heated and ventilated, and in good location; 8,000 to 10,000 sq. ft.; price about $2,500. We make high class silk and muslin underwear. X 381 Times Annex.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

New Building **66-68 WEST 45TH** Handsome Apartments
5 ROOMS AND BATH, $2000
3 ROOMS, BATH Large Veranda $1800
ALSO TWO FINE STORES
High Ceilings—Mezzanine Floors.
Apply Premises, or Felix Isman, Inc. 501 5th Ave., at 42d St.
OR YOUR BROKER. FULL COMMISSION.

220 W. 98th St., cor. B'wy
8 Rooms —3 Baths, —Corner Apartments. —All Light: $2400
Apply Office, 2596 B'way. Tel. River. 6906.

TWO ROOMS
BATH, KITCHENETTE.
Corner apartments. Latest improvements. Ready for immediate occupancy.
102 WEST 129TH ST.
Premises, or 2,038 5th Av.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

755 Park Ave.
Corner 72d Street.
A Particularly Attractive Corner Apartment,
available for immediate occupancy
9 Rooms—3 Baths
Apply to superintendent on premises or
Park Ave. Operating Co., Inc.
512 Fifth Avenue.

Unusual Apartment
47th St., Bet. 5th & Madison Av.
5 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.
Entire floors, superbly decorated, elevator service; immediate possession; can be seen by appointment only.
Also 2 Bachelor Apartments of 3 Rooms and Bath each.
David Wallace,
18 East 41st St.

LIGHT APARTMENT, 7 Rooms,
TO SUBLET—RENT $1,200,
AT 155 EAST 72ND ST.
All rooms have direct sunlight.
RULAND & WHITING-BENJAMIN CORPORATION,
30 East 58th St. Plaza 4061.

LONG ISLAND.

In Beautiful Kew Gardens
TO SUBLET
A Delightful New Apartment, never occupied, consisting of seven large rooms, pantry and three baths. The best located apartment in the beautiful new
Kew Gardens Apartments
Eighteen minutes from the Pennsylvania Station.
Telephone Riverside 1146.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE UNUSUAL APARTMENT
47th St., Bet. 5th & Madison Av.
5 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.
Tile floors, superbly decorated, elevator service; immediate possession; can be seen by appointment only.
Also 2 Bachelor Apartments of 3 Rooms and Bath each.
DAVID WALLACE
18 East 41st St.

DOINGS AND SAYINGS IN THE REALTY WORLD

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

Out-of-Town Investor Pays All Cash for West Harlem Apartment House.

PROPERTY HELD AT $325,000

Left Sale in Old Retail Shopping Zone—An Active Bronx and Suburban Market.

The fact that investors, both large and small, are slowly but surely coming back into the realty market and that trades which have predominated for many months past are being superseded by all-cash transactions were very evident in the sales of the last week.

Apartment houses which are now yielding a higher gross income on the investment than ever before in the history of the city are in good demand, and private dwellings that have long been without tenants are being remodeled and turned into good paying propositions. This is, of course, due to the fact that there has been no constructive work since 1917, but demand is so far ahead of supply that even when construction work does begin it will take several years to fill the gap that has been created.

An excellent example of the investment demand was shown yesterday in the sale of the seven-story apartment house occupying a plot 111 by 150 on the southwest corner of 111th Street and Seventh Avenue. This property, held at $325,000, was sold by Eliza Guggenheimer, widow of the late Randolph Guggenheimer, to an out-of-town investing client of Israel Cohen & Levy. The buyer paid all cash above the mortgage.

Sale in Old Retail Shopping Zone.

In the old retail shopping zone the Levitan Corporation purchased from a client of the Bankers Trust Company, 11 West Twentieth Street, a nine-story fireproof loft building on plot 28 feet 6 inches by 92 feet. The building is leased for about $14,000, and was purchased on a cash basis. Charles E. Moore was the broker.

Two Harlem Deals.

Charles E. Moore has resold for Morris Borsodi to the Levitan Corporation, 551 West 125th Street, a five-story double flat and store, on a lot 25 by 100. The building is fully rented for about $3,500.

Shaw & Co. sold 338 East 124th Street, a three-story and basement brownstone dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100. The purchaser will occupy.

The Bronx Market.

J. Clarence Davies has sold for Joseph Lapini, the two-story dwelling at 2,052 Ryer Avenue, 367 feet north of Burnside Avenue, on lot 16.8 by 98 feet.

The four-story flat at 1,389 Stebbins Avenue, on plot 40 by 100, has been sold by Isidor Kahn for Dr. Julius Bondy to an investor.

The two-family houses at 883 and 885 Faile Street, each on plot 25 by 100, have been sold by Williamson & Bryan for T. M. Macy.

Catharine L. Wynne sold the two houses, 516-518 Westchester Avenue, on a plot 54 by 137.5, which have been held by her for a number of years, to B. Meier & Sons, who will make extensive improvements on the property.

Brooklyn.

Harry M. Lewis sold for the Julius Strauss Realty Corporation the four-story brick apartment, on a lot 26 by 100, 383 Chauncey Street, to a client for investment.

The plot, 60 by 150 feet, with railroad siding, on the north side of Thirty-eighth Street, 320 feet east of Thirteenth Avenue, has been sold by the Realty Trust to the Standard Building Supply Company, which will erect sheds, &c., for the storing of building materials preparatory to the future development of that section.

The Alco Building Company, associated with the Realty Trust, has sold the two dwellings at 2,027 and 2,029 Sixty-sixth Street, in the Mapleton Park section, to John and Hugo Clement.

Meister Builders, Inc., have purchased from the Harry McKee Company the two-story business building at 1,854 Bath Avenue, between Bay Nineteenth and Bay Twentieth Streets, Bath Beach.

Bulkley & Horton Company sold the four-story business property at 37 Grant Square (Bedford Avenue and Bergen Street) for the Chester Drug Company to a client for investment.

Baffa & Dizon sold 146 Wilson Street, three story and basement brick dwelling, on a plot 20 by 100, for the F. Parr estate; also 95 Hewes Street, a three-story single brick flat; on a lot 22 by 100, for Philippine Beverle to an investor.

H. J. Storza sold for the Caigah Realty Company to a client for investment the three-story brick apartment house with stores, on lot 20 by 83, on the northeast corner of Tenth Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street.

Long Island.

In the Edgemere section H. Frankfort sold for John S. McBride to M. Silverman his residence on the west side of North Beach Thirty-sixth Street, north of Mermaid Avenue.

New Jersey.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman have sold for William J. Fullerton to Muster & Bauman, druggists, the three-story business and apartment building on West Ridgewood Avenue, Ridgewood. The purchasers have occupied the building as tenants for several years.

The Pruden farm at Florham Park, containing fifteen acres, a dwelling, and outbuildings, has been sold to George Perlow of Madison, through the agency of Joseph V. Keating.

Louis Schlesinger, Inc., has sold for Mrs. S. De Puy the brick residence at 39 Grant Street, corner Spring Street, Newark, to Charles Julian.

The Oak Hills Realty Company, a New Jersey corporation, purchased from the William H. Barkhorn Company the twenty-family apartment house situated at the northeast corner of Prospect Street and Park Avenue, known as 500 Park Avenue, East Orange, on a plot with a frontage of 120 feet on the avenue, and a depth of 205 feet. The consideration paid is understood to be $130,000. J. L. Feibleman & Co. negotiated the sale.

MORTGAGE OUTLOOK.

Savings Banks Lending More Readily, but Building Loans Scarce.

With the close of the war and gradually improved conditions in the realty market the mortgage situation is expected to reach a more favorable turn in the near future. Since August, 1914, the supply of money has been negligible. At times, up to April, 1917, there were considerable funds, although nothing approaching a normal amount. Since the entrance of the United States into the war there has been no market whatsoever except under unusual conditions.

"Savings banks are now becoming more active in the loan market," said Edwin C. Benedict of the Charles F. Noyes Company, yesterday, in discussing the situation. "The loss of deposits due to the Liberty bond flotations has been less than expected. The banks had fortified themselves to withstand greater withdrawals. Another important factor is the deposit of what is sometimes referred to as 'stocking money.' Thousands of people tucked away their savings, thinking cash in hand better than cash in bank. Now that the war has closed they are depositing their money in large amounts. The savings bank situation looks very encouraging. I think that legitimate requirements for conservative mortgage loans will be fully met from now on.

"One of the most encouraging signs of an early resumption is a loan of $700,000 at 5 per cent. made by a large savings bank on the property at 50 Wall Street, recently purchased by the National City Company. Several other fair loans have been made by savings banks at from 5 to 6 per cent. with 5½ per cent. generally asked for first-class loans.

"Life insurance companies, on the other hand, are not likely to be in the market for some time. They were heavy investors in Liberty bonds. In the fourth drive most of the companies made sufficiently large subscriptions to anticipate their investment funds for some time to come. It is not likely, therefore, with another drive promised for next Spring, that the insurance companies will be at all active in the market during 1919, although late in the year the situation may change.

"Building loan money will probably be very scarce. There is now a real demand for additional space of all kinds, office, loft, and residential, and space never was more fully occupied or in greater demand. Downtown merchants, shippers, and business people have been compelled to purchase quarters for their own occupancy. This very favorable renting and selling condition will probably continue, as the erection of new buildings will for a long period be prohibited by two factors—first, inability to finance; second, exceedingly high cost of material and labor."

MANAGERS ELECT OFFICERS.

Charles B. Best Unanimously Elected to Presidency.

At the annual meeting of the New York Building Managers Association, held last week at the Park Avenue Hotel, Charles B. Best, manager of the realty of the Van Buren and Spingler estates, was unanimously elected President. Mr. Best succeeds W. T. Ropes of Horace S. Ely & Co., who served as President for two years, succeeding the charter President, B. E. Martin. The latter, who resigned owing to illness, was made the first life member of the association.

Other officers elected were Clarence T. Coley of the Equitable Building Corporation, Vice President; J. Clydesdale Cushman of Cushman & Wakefield, Secretary, and Lee T. Smith of Pease & Elliman was re-elected Treasurer for the third term.

The Executive Committee chosen to serve three years comprises Everett A. Brett, S. F. Carstein, Guyon L. C. Earle, Charles A. Flynn, Bleecker Leggett, Robert R. Rainey, and W. T. Ropes.

A. C. Doty of Cleveland, Ohio, former President of the National Association of Building Owners and Managers, extended the invitation of President William Marshall Ellis to the local association to attend the forthcoming annual convention of the national association, which will be held in Philadelphia, June 10, 11, and 12.

Reports from twenty-two committees were read, indicating the activities and benefits deriving therefrom to members and the interests they represent. P. Everett Files of the Loton H. Slawson Company was elected to membership, which now numbers 108.

Site for War Arch.

As a site for the memorial arch proposed for those who have made the supreme sacrifice, the Art Committee of the Fifth Avenue Association, in a report to Rodman Wanamaker, Chairman of the Permanent Memorial Arch Committee, has suggested Fifth Avenue at Madison Square, where the Altar of Liberty stands. There is sufficient room here, the committee believes, and that its plans will facilitate and allow traffic to go around as well as through the arch.

The inscription proposed for the arch is:

"Erected to commemorate the homecoming of the victorious Army and Navy of these United States of America, and in memory of those who have made the supreme sacrifice for the Triumph of the Free Peoples of the World and for the Promise of an Enduring Peace."

Westchester County.

At Bronxville the firm of Burke Stone has sold for Henry Lemmermann his property on Ellison Avenue to W. D. Kraft, Jr, and for George Ranzow his property on Milburn Street to Frederick Steinmann, Inc.

Mrs. Marie Louise Cary sold her home in Rochelle Heights to Arthur Tressler Scott of Rye, N. Y. The property was held at $18,000. James D. McCann was the broker.

Leases Thirty-Room Apartment.

Alfred Nathan, President of the Nathan Manufacturing Company, has subleased for a long term of years his apartment at 820 Fifth Avenue, corner of Sixty-third Street, to John N. Willys, President of the Willys-Overland Company. The apartment, which is considered one of the finest in the city in size, decoration and appointments, contains twenty-two rooms and eight baths. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. negotiated the lease.

RENTS RAISED IN FINANCIAL CENTRE DEMAND FOR SPACE EXCEEDS SUPPLY

Tenants Requiring Additional Space Forced to Buy or Lease Existing Buildings—Great Expansion in Banking Activities Revealed in Big Realty Purchases on and Adjacent to Wall Street.

In the memory of the oldest real estate broker who has had anything to do with leasing and managing downtown property there has never before been a time when rents were so high and space so scarce and so urgently in demand. That the condition of high rents has by no means reached its maximum was indicated last week as the result of a survey of the financial and office building section in the lower part of the city by the discovery that rentals now being made to begin May 1 show in practically every instance a material advance over former prices. The average increase is from 10 to 25 per cent., but cases were cited where the advance has been as high as 50 per cent., this, however, being due to the fact that tenants required to pay such an increase enjoyed long-term leases at the lower rates prevailing prior to the war.

"The enormous expansion of business in the financial, insurance, and shipping sections of the city," said Albert E. Ponter of the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company last week, "has created an exceptionally large demand for additional space, and tenants are willing to pay any reasonable price provided they can get what they want. The difficulty is that it is not obtainable. Large space is absolutely out of the question. There may be a few single rooms for small offices in some of the desirable buildings, but at the present time I do not know of any vacancies of that character.

"Never in my eighteen years of renting downtown office space have I known of such a condition. The average price now paid in the larger buildings, within the Broadway and Wall Street centre, is from $2.50 to $3 a square foot, which compares with $1.75 to $2.25 for similar space before the war, over four years ago. A certain amount of space was taken by the Government and other war activities. Some of that is being released slowly, but it is virtually negligible as affording any real relief. It is picked up at once, and every large broker doubtless has many applications that cannot be satisfied from tenants who are anxious to increase their space in the buildings they occupy.

"With the demand greater than the supply, rents are bound to go up, and they will remain at the present levels for some time to come because there is no possibility of any new buildings being completed to take care of the increased demand for nearly two years. If the new Cunard Building, on the Broadway and Morris Street site, were ready for occupancy now, every square foot could be filled at once, no matter what its height might be. I believe the Cunard Building will be started this season. It will be a big operation, for the plot contains over 44,000 square feet, nearly equal to that of the Equitable Building site, but under the most favorable methods of construction is cannot be available before May 1, 1921.

"Just as soon as material and labor go down and loan money becomes available, there will will surely be a building revival in the downtown section, but it may be four or five years before the supply catches up to the demand. The new building movement will undoubtedly result in much-needed improvements in the long-unimproved areas immediately east and west of Broadway. The eastern section, especially along William Street in the insurance zone, has already shown much improvement of that sort and additional construction is contemplated as early as possible, but the district west of Broadway needs many modern buildings for concerns which do not absolutely require Broadway, offices."

The inability to get necessary space for business expansion in the existing buildings in the lower commercial centre of the city has led to two expedients, one being the tendency of many concerns to buy their own property for immediate or future improvement and the other the necessity of moving to another part of the city. The former movement has been the more noticeable, and it is giving a decided impetus to the real estate selling market, as many deals in which tenants and prospective tenants have been the buyers have been closed both in the Wall Street area and in the old commercial districts along Front and Water Streets immediately north and south of Old Slip. The migratory movement from downtown to uptown localities has not yet been very noticeable, but several large firms whose increasing business demands more room are looking for the proper space in desirable sections uptown, and it is stated that this tendency is liable to increase during the coming year. Vacancies occurring from such changes will be taken without the slightest difficulty, so that the removal of firms long associated with the downtown centre will leave no gaps that cannot be filled at once.

The increase in rents, according to Mr. Ponter, is, at best, barely keeping pace with the increase in the cost of operation and maintenance of buildings. The high point in maintenance is believed to have been reached, and landlords are in the pleasant position of being able to realize very reasonable returns to compensate, in some degree, for the proportionately higher cost of maintenance which they have experienced during the war period.

One of the noteworthy examples of the necessity of acquiring new buildings by tenants wishing additional space is seen in the recent completion of the seventy-story structure at 156 to 160 Front Street, being the northerly block front between Maiden Lane and Fletcher Street, fronting nearly eighty feet on Front Street. The property was purchased late in 1917 by the Smith Valley Realty Company and the building erected for the New Jersey Zinc Company, which has taken it on a long lease.

The zinc company now occupies nearly all of the fourth floor and part of the second floor in the National City Bank on Wall Street. The expansion of its business was a direct result of the war, and the only way in which extra space could be had was to obtain its own building. It is interesting, as being the largest structure erected during the war period in that locality, and another characteristic feature is the use of zinc material to a large extent, zinc being freely used on the exterior and for interior fittings. Architecturally, the edifice is a pleasing addition to that strictly commercial section, the red brick facade, with white trim, giving a neat and pleasing effect. The zinc company is preparing to move into its new quarters on Jan. 25.

Recent leases of importance which filled the little remaining space included those of the Philippine Bank, which took a large part of the ground floor and basement in the Gaston, Williams & Wigmore Building, at 35 to 39 Broadway; the New York Discount Corporation of New York, a new banking organization, which took the vaults and former space at 52 Wall Street used by the British Bank of North America; the National Surety Company, which took the four-story building at 80 Maiden Lane, where its general offices will be established on May 1, and the leasing on a long term by the Mercantile Bank of the Americas of the nine-story building at 40 to 44 Pine Street, adjoining its present offices at 38 Pine, to be entirely occupied by the bank. Of a more distinctly mercantile character was the leasing by the Orbis Products Trading Company, a new drug and chemical firm, of the six-story building at 215 Pearl Street, between Maiden Lane and John Street.

Further indications of the remarkable expansion of the banking activities in the financial centre, leading to the purchase of valuable properties for needed space to care for the increasing business, are seen in such recent purchases as those of the old Mechanics and Metals National Bank Building at 50 Wall Street by the National City Company, a subsidiary of the National City Bank, the property being assessed at $1,000,000; the former Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance ten-story building at 45 to 49 William Street, with an extension on Pine Street, by the Bank of America, occupying the immediate Wall and William Streets corner, another $1,000,000 investment, giving the bank a greatly enlarged plot of 70 feet on Wall, 150 feet on William, and 38 feet on Pine Street for future improvement; the Mortimer Building purchase by the New York Stock Exchange, and the deals by the Federal Reserve Bank, Brown Brothers & Co., and the National Park Bank, to which should be added the purchase of the Montauk office building in William Street by Elias A. Cohen last week.

Both the Federal Reserve Bank and Brown Brothers & Co. made valuable additions adjoining their present holdings, the latter acquiring 81 and 83 Beaver Street, adjoining its new structure on the corner of Hanover and Beaver Streets, while the Federal Reserve Bank, by acquiring the twelve-story Fahys Building at 29 and 31 Liberty Street, running through to Maiden Lane, controls a plot of over 280 feet on Liberty Street, about 170 feet on Nassau Street, and 319 feet on Maiden Lane. This large site represents an investment of over $3,000,000, which will ultimately be improved with a fine bank building.

The Montauk office building, an eight-story structure, occupies the easterly portion of the large block of which the greater portion is now in the Federal Reserve Bank ownership. It covers the William Street block front between Maiden Lane and Liberty Street, having been built by the late J. Metcalfe Thomas, from whose estate it was purchased. As its construction provided for four additional stories, if required, it is more than likely that the new owner will add to its rental capacity, especially as the demand in the heart of the insurance zone is so much greater than the supply.

The National Park Bank's deal for prospective enlargement of its building is peculiarly interesting, apart from being another object lesson of the rapid expansion of the banking business in this city, in that when the contemplated improvement is made it will remove two cherished landmarks of lower Manhattan—the ancient Brosnan's café at 151 Fulton Street, and the adjoining building at 149 Fulton Street, running through to Ann Street, used as Mouquin's restaurant for many years. With these parcels the bank controls a choice plot of 137.10 feet on Fulton Street, 114.14 feet on Ann Street, and 59.4 feet on Broadway.

Not in many years have so many parcels of choicely located property been purchased by banking and financial interests as has been the case within the last few months.

AUCTION MARKET.

Some Notable Sales of the Year—Optimism for the Future.

In discussing some phases of the real estate market during the year which has just closed, with special reference to the auction offerings, Joseph P. Day called attention to the success of the Manhattan Beach sale of 400 lots in August, all of which were disposed of in one afternoon for a total of nearly $400,000.

"In the same month another successful auction sale was held, which included many hundreds of vacant parcels and a number of houses at Brightwaters, L. I.," said Mr. Day. "It was regarded as very successful, in view of the distance from New York City and the general lack of buying power for suburban property. The total amounted to slightly over $200,000.

"The last large auction sale of the year was held on Dec. 17, the property offered belonging to the estate of Louisa Dash, and consisting of eighty-five lots and one residence, on West 238th and West 242d Streets and Waldo Avenue. While the prices were rather low, it was reported that all the property had been disposed of for a total of $54,750.

"I believe we are at the doors of one of the most prosperous real estate and business periods in our history. The fact that market conditions have changed is evidenced in the number of real estate sales since the signing of the armistice. Some of the old-time operators and builders have returned to the market. Recently Franklin Pettit was the purchaser involving the exchange of a tract of vacant lots in the Thomson Hill section of Long Island City on the Queens Boulevard and two large apartment houses. Their value was reported to be over $1,250,000.

"There is a substantial demand for residential and commercial space which causes a steady buying power from tenants and residents and business concerns desirous of securing permanent quarters. Before the market improvement actually comes to pass, ample mortgage funds must come into the real estate market. This will probably not occur until the immediate financing of the war is finished."

Preparing for Queens Building.

With the beginning of the new year indications of active building operations are being shown in Queens Borough. Several plans have been filed with the Building Bureau.

The Julius Strauss Realty Company is preparing to erect twenty-four two-story frame dwellings on Meredith Avenue north of Lachan Street, Arverne, at a cost of $50,000. Frank Pesl will erect a two-story brick factory on plot 25 by 100 at the southwest corner of Ely and Payntar Avenues, Long Island City, and Anthony Breszenski has filed plans for five two-and-a-half-story frame dwellings on Shelton Street east of Campion Avenue, Jamaica, at a cost of $15,000.

East Bronx Sale.

Joseph P. Day sold for the Holding Company 282 East 165th Street, a five-story flat, on a plot 45 by 81, fully leased, and was sold to A. Savada, represented by Joseph Wolkenberg, for investment.

Clarke Estate Sells $35,000 Dwelling

The estate of Anna M. Clarke sold to Mable S. Cameron 51 West Fifty-eighth Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 16.8 by 100, held at $35,000. George J. Humphries negotiated the sale.

FIFTH AVENUE SURPRISE.

Sixth Tall Apartment Project Reflects Changes in Choice Centre.

Undoubtedly the most interesting as well as the most surprising feature of the realty market last week was the announcement that Fifth Avenue was to have another tall apartment house right in the heart of the choicest residential section north of Fifty-ninth Street. To those who had hoped that this thoroughfare would not again be invaded by apartment house construction for some time to come, the fact that the site selected for immediate improvement was in the Astor mansion block and that the high building will overtop the home of the late Colonel John Jacob Astor, now owned by Vincent Astor, came with the suddenness of a shock. It was only a few years ago that the conservative minded residents and owners on the avenue were somewhat dismayed when a bold owner put up a twelve-story house adjoining the marble residence of Henry Phipps at the north corner of Eighty-seventh Street. Apartment construction on upper Fifth Avenue would appear to be as ruthless as that of commercial buildings in former home centres prior to the enactment of the zoning law.

Ten years ago the announcement of a big apartment next to the Astor mansion, which occupies more than half a block front at the north Sixty-fifth Street corner, would have created consternation among the tenants in the immediate locality if not throughout the city. When a tall apartment house was first broached several years ago for the north corner of Seventy-first Street, sentiment was so strong in the vicinity that owners acquired additional land to block the plan and it did not go up. That was but a temporary success, however, in so far as keeping the modern type of multi-family homes from the avenue and the first big project to go through was the twelve-story house on the north corner of Eighty-first Street. Despite its high rentals it was a success and it naturally led to the acquirement of other property on the avenue which the old residents no longer wanted and for which there was apparently no market for use as private dwellings.

There are now five twelve-story modern apartments on the avenue, being, in addition to those at Eighty-first Street and adjoining the Phipps home, on Seventy-fourth, Seventy-second, and Sixty-third Street corners, the latter being the former Progress Club site, within three blocks of the latest projection.

It speaks well for the management of this newest Fifth Avenue apartment that, notwithstanding the high cost of materials and the difficulty of financing large operations, it has been possible to complete all of these onerous details so that construction will start in a short time and the new house will be ready for tenants during the Summer of 1919. The Grant B. Schley estate, as the owner of the property, is the leader in the operation, the plot to be improved including the fine Schley residence fronting 50 feet on the avenue at the south corner of Sixty-sixth Street, while the frontage on the street is 160 feet, taking in three additional private houses. William Henry Barnum & Co. will erect the building, and the firm has provided the building loan. J. E. R. Carpenter and Cross & Cross will be associate architects. The building will cost about $1,000,000. It will be attractively designed, the present intention being to provide a single suite of about twenty rooms for each floor.

Building Materials for Norway

What is thought to be the first shipment of American house-building materials ever sent direct to Norway has recently gone forward, and a trade that was started with the help of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce now promises to develop into one of important dimensions.

The bureau is just in receipt of the following self-explanatory letter from the New York representative of the company chiefly concerned in the transaction:

"A couple of weeks ago I went to Louisiana and purchased about 120,000 feet of yellow pine in the different dimensions suitable for wooden buildings, which was shipped from New Orleans within a few days direct to Norway. We have since placed an order about half that size, and we now expect that other orders will follow right along.

"We also shipped from New York some 17,000 pounds of American tile and ceramic flooring and some deadening quilt for walls and floors, and have placed orders for high-class and, in part, carved interiors in quartered oak, mahogany, and satinwood, for a certain brand of special-type panels, for ornamental compo ceilings, for plumbing fixtures, water filters, metal roofing, and a number of other building materials for the houses to be erected by a company in Christiania as samples of American building materials and appliances. The company is being organised to carry a stock of such materials at Christiania, Bergen, and Trondhjem."

Operator Resells at Profit.

Resale in a cash transaction for a substantial profit of the six-story elevator apartment houses at 726 to 736 West 181st Street was consummated yesterday by the Nason Realty Company (Max N. Natanson, President), to Joseph Shenk, who has more than 100 houses in his charge, either as owner or lessee.

The properties have accommodations for 120 families, all suites being occupied at rentals approximating $62,000. They were held for $400,000 and occupy a plot 200 by 150 by irregular. The Nason Company bought the houses about three weeks ago from the Ambrose Realty Company.

STUDY SUBWAY SYSTEM.

Thirty-fourth Street Board Discovers Much Dissatisfaction.

The Board of Directors of the Thirty-fourth Street Board of Trade has authorized its Transportation Committee to employ a traffice expert to study the various suggestions made to the committee as a result of the questionnaire upon the transportation situation sent to business men and property owners throughout the district.

"While the Thirty-fourth Street Board of Trade was organized to look after all of the varied interests of the section," said Vivian Green, the President, yesterday, "it became apparent that the foremost question was the subway situation. The criticism of the present subway system has been vigorous and general, even though it may not be deserved.

"Many replies have been received and they are unanimous in condemning the existing system. It would appear that New York has grown accustomed to the old route across Forty-second Street and wants that service restored. A proportion of our replies also requests a service from upper Lexington Avenue, across Forty-second Street and down Seventh Avenue. Whether this is feasible or not from an operating standpoint, the 'man in the street' believes a joint interchange of trains on each arm of the 'H' system is what he wants.

"The problems presented are highly technical and involved and we realize that it is a question for experts. The man we expect to engage is a recognized leader in his field. When his report is made public we believe it will be found of great value to all New York, as he will represent in no sense any special interests."

KEW GARDENS BUILDING.

Plans Made for Early Construction of Artistic Suburban Homes.

Announcement was made last week by the Kew Gardens Corporation that it is ready to build homes for those who wish to move from the city and live in suburban communities. The labor situation, cost of material, purchasing power of money and the strength of the demand for suburban living were factors which the directors considered before making their decision. The Kew Gardens Corporation is not only to be land seller but home builder as well.

The Kew Gardens Construction Company has been incorporated at Albany. As an auxiliary of the Kew Gardens Corporation, the land owning company, it will do the building at Kew Gardens and Richmond Hill.

Renwick, Aspinwall & Tucker will be the architects of the projected homes and they will range in cost from $10,000 to $50,000.

$250,000 Purchase in West Bronx.

Morris Polsky sold to Frederick Brown, operator, 1,764 to 1,776 Weeks Avenue, four five-story apartments, on a plot 200 by 95. The property shows a gross rental of $34,000 and was held at $250,000. Leitner, Brener & Starr negotiated the sale.

Manhattan's Crooked Streets.

The irregularity of the streets in lower Manhattan is due to the fact that the nucleus of the present New York City grew for thirty years before streets were laid out. Settlers in those days, as is still done in country districts, built their homes wherever they liked.

A BUILDING ACHIEVEMENT.

Two Mammoth Hotels Successfully Built Under War Conditions.

While New York is the centre of financial and commercial exchange for half the globe, it is in a great measure the focal point to which all routes of travel converge, and whence they radiate to all important points of destination in both hemispheres.

This tremendous tide of travel which flows uninterruptedly year in and year out, during all seasons of the year, has created a demand for hotel accommodations not equaled in any city in the world.

The millions of visitors who came and enjoy the hospitality of the city are deeply impressed with the progressive modernism, magnificence, and luxuriousness of its hotels.

Some one hotel has always been in vogue, and society will always have its favorite rendezvous. In the early seventies, the hotel belt comprised the territory between Fourteenth Street on the south and the vicinity of Madison Square on the north, where were located such landmarks as the Brunswick, Fifth Avenue, Albemarle, and the Hoffman House. All had memories of the city's most active social and business activities.

With the northerly trend of business and residential districts, the newer hotels were erected on sites further uptown, in the district bounded by Thirty-fourth street on the south and Fifty-ninth Street on the north, and from Broadway to Lexington Avenue.

Historically, there can be much said about the early days of hotel keeping in New York. In former days all they attempted was relative comfort. Plain, substantial food for man and beast was the task they set themselves. Hotels were for travelers, and the tourist and sightseeing guest was made as comfortable as possible.

Times, nevertheless, change. Just when the new hotel idea attracted immense capital investment cannot be recalled, but the recent merger of large hotel interests into single ownerships would indicate that the better class of hotels are more than ordinary income producers.

The era of magnificence and display that New York is now witnessing is nowhere more pronounced than in the two mighty hotels just completed by the George A. Fuller Company, builders, Paul Starrett, President. These two additions to the long list of New York hotels are the New Commodore Hotel and the Pennsylvania Hotel. The former adjoins the Grand Central Terminal on the east, and occupies the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Forty-second Street, and the latter occupies the block front in Seventh Avenue from Thirty-second to Thirty-third Street, directly opposite the Pennsylvania Station.

Built simultaneously under war conditions, when material and labor were at a premium, the successful completion of these mammoth buildings and their opening within a few days of each other will stand out as an epoch-making achievement in the annals of building construction.

The aim of the builders was to produce two of the largest hotels in the world, and in so doing translate into concrete expression the ideals and enthusiasm of the two leading hotel managers of the country—John McE. Bowman and E. M. Statler. Each hotel possesses individuality and characteristics quite distinct and apart from the other. The Commodore was designed by Warren & Wetmore, architects, and the Pennsylvania by McKim, Mead & White, architects.

The New Commodore, which will open its doors to the public on Tuesday, undoubtedly adds strength and decorum to the group of high-class hotels in the vicinity of the Grand Central Terminal, comprising the Belmont, Murray Hill, Manhattan, and the Biltmore, all under the management of John McE. Bowman. Rising twenty-eight stories above the street grade, with five levels below the street, a part of the structure is erected over the new subway extension which curves into Lexington Avenue from Park Avenue.

The Hotel Pennsylvania, situated opposite to the Pennsylvania Station, in the easterly side of Seventh Avenue, between Thirty-second and Thirty-third Streets, opened yesterday, has the distinction of being the largest hotel in the world, having 2,200 rooms. It has twenty-two floors from the street level to the roof, inclusive, and three levels in the penthouse.

Some idea may be had of the magnitude of the undertaking to build two hotels at the same time during adverse conditions when it is considered that the following list of materials had to be assembled by the Fuller Construction Company: 12,600,000 bricks, 475,000 cubic feet of back-up tile, 208,000 barrels of cement, 23,800 tons of steel, 3,000,000 T. C. blocks, 17,916 door openings, 6,191 window openings, 24,300 tons of plaster, 5,366 stair treads, 35,600 linear feet corridors all floors, 23 freight and service elevators, 26 passenger elevators, 13,495 plumbing fixtures, 1,200,000 feet of conduit, 3,250,000 feet of wire, 745,000 feet of steam piping, 900,000 feet of plumbing piping, 50,000 feet of refrigerating piping.

Bills Affecting Realty.

Landlords Prohibited from Discriminating Against Tenants with Children. (Assem. Int. No. 47, Pr. 47.) Mr. Goldberg.

An act to amend the Penal Law by adding new Section 495, effective Sept. 1, 1919, making it a misdemeanor in any city of the first class to refuse to rent an apartment house to any person or family solely on the ground that such person or family has a child or children under 14 years of age; also prohibits future leases containing any provision that lease is to terminate on the birth of a child; any such provision is declared to be against public policy and absolutely void.

Rear Extensions Permitted on Apartment Houses. (Assem. Int. No. 31, Pr. 32.) Mr. Leininger.

An act to amend subdivision 2, Section 57, tenement house law, by providing that when a tenement house has an outer court not exceeding 26 feet in length and not less than 8 feet in width, there may be an extension on the rear of such court of not more than 20 feet, provided that the width of the outer court between the inner walls of such extension, measured from wall to wall, shall be not less than 11 feet in any part of such extension, and provided also that there shall be an open yard from the rear of such building as extended to the rear of the lot line of a distance of at least 15 feet.

START CAMPAIGN FOR IMPROVEMENTS

The Forty-Second Street Association Announces Its 1919 Program.

CONGESTION OF SUBWAY

To Intensify Times Square and Forty-Second Street as the Hub of Greater New York.

The Forty-second Street Association at its last meeting launched a campaign to secure various improvements in and about Times Square and intensify the importance of the section as the "heart of Greater New York."

Walter J. Salmon, President of the association, presided at the meeting, and after a general discussion of the conditions prevailing at present he said: "Now is the time for all owners of property and the business men on and in the vicinity of Forty-second Street to get together and demand relief from some of the intolerable conditions we are confronted with.

"While the officials of the city and the transit companies wrangle over personalities, the public, as usual, is made to suffer. For years we have remained silent while the residents of Brooklyn, Staten Island, Harlem and the Bronx have dictated what in their judgment was best for Forty-second Street.

"Most of us who are directly interested financially and otherwise in the street have had nothing to say. In the meantime the subway conditions have become intolerable; congestion has increased until it seems that the proverbial sardine box is a roomy palace compared to the stations and cars of our own little transit tube.

"In getting together as we have now done and decided to take the initiative, I suggest that the Association concentrate upon obtaining such improvements for our district as the following:

"Adequate subway service to and from the two present subway systems; to improve street traffic conditions notably at Fifth Avenue, Pershing and Times Squares; enlist proper recognition and support on the part of our public officials; encourage hotel and amusement enterprises development; increase sales at retail stores by adding to the prestige of the street as a shopping centre; improve building conditions so that new building enterprises may be encouraged; obtain tenants; and to provide a system of transfers to and from the Forty-second Street crosstown cars that will be equitable to the transit companies and to the public.

"In fact, we should devote our energies and abilities to a concerted movement to intensify this thoroughfare as the hub of the Greater City. These projects are all the reasonable and possible kind.

"Every man really worth while today owes a reasonable amount of his time and thought to the community in which he lives or conducts his business, and every man in this territory having business, property, or professional interest therein, should therefore become a member of the Forty-second Street Association and share in the work of securing needed improvements, new industries, and a bigger and busier community.

"Projects of more or less magnitude depend for their accomplishment upon the organized and energized efforts of our citizens. The individual alone can accomplish little. Only through financial and numerical strength can effective and constructive progress be made.

"A body of one thousand civic workers united into an association has almost no limit to what it can do for the betterment of the business and civic interests of this community, and, considering the delays and blunders recently made by officials and others in the laying out of the subway and other so-called improvements in our midst, it is time for us to unite and step in and have a voice in the matters that directly affect us."

Edward W. Forrest, formerly Secretary of the Federated Civic Associations of New York, was appointed Secretary of the Forty-second Street Association. John McE. Bowman of the Commodore Hotel was appointed Chairman of the Advisory Board

Realty's Victory Dinner.

The twenty-second annual banquet of the Real Estate Board of New York will be held on Feb. 15 at the New Hotel Commodore, Lexington Avenue and Forty-second Street.

In calling attention to the forthcoming banquet, Elisha Sniffin, Chairman of the Dinner Committee, says it will be the Real Estate Board's celebration of the greatest victory in the world's history. He believes that the capacity of the ballroom of the Commodore, 1,500, will be subscribed for at an early date and urges members to make their reservations at the earliest possible moment. Tables will accommodate ten persons. Mr. Sniffin says the speakers this year will be men of national prominence.

The Real Estate Board did not hold a banquet last year, because of the war, but as a substitute arranged a benefit performance for the army and navy relief societies at the Hippodrome, which was one of the most successful of the season. Upward of $10,000 was turned over to these societies as a result of the benefit.

New York's Waterfront.

New York has 578 miles of waterfront, of which 450 miles are available for pier construction. The harbor is far superior to that of London or of Liverpool. The Thames is a brook beside the Hudson, and requires constant dredging. Liverpool has a tide of 30 feet range, with enormous watergate construction required to overcome it, while New York Harbor is practically tide free.

In so far as docking space is concerned, New York can expand her harbor to a capacity equaling the combined dockage space of any five of the main ports of Europe.

On the Manhattan shore of North River, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-ninth Streets, the city has begun the construction of a series of gigantic piers for modern leviathans. These piers are 1,050 feet long, with slips 350 feet wide, having a depth of 44 feet at mean low water.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair; moderate temperature today and Tuesday; moderate west winds.
For weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,283. NEW YORK, MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1919. TWENTY-TWO PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | ZERER CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

HOOVER SEES MARKET PERIL TO OUR FARMERS

Working to Avert Heavy Loss of Big Surplus Raised Under War Demands.

EUROPE'S STRAIN IS OFF

Some Nations Turning for Fats to Other Markets Where Credits May Be Easier.

REMEDY IN PACKERS' CASE

If They Are Making Too Much, He Says, Let Legislators Tax Profits Out of Them.

PARIS, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.)—Herbert C. Hoover, United States Food Administrator and Director General of the international relief organization, gave out the following statement today:

"The dominating food problem in the United States at this moment is a very much bigger problem than the Chicago packers—it is a problem of the American farmer.

"If the packer's profit of 2 or 3 per cent. on his turnover is too high, it is the duty of Congress to tax it out of him. If the farmer's prices threaten to fall below the level of a fair return it behooves the country to do some quick, clear thinking.

"The perplexities arising out of inability to demobilize totally the food situation of the world in the period between the armistice and peace make the farmers' position in the matter of much more immediate concern than the future of the Chicago packers.

"Taking it broadly, before the European war began we exported about 5,000,000 tons of food a year. This year we are prepared to export at the rate of from fifteen to twenty millions tons. The increase represents the patriotic service of the American farmer, plus the voluntary sacrifice of the average American under the stimulation of the pleas from the allied Governments that without an enormous increase in our food supplies their very lives would be menaced.

Armistice Created a Food Surplus.

"The submarine had so shortened the worlds shipping that the Allies were unable to reach the distant markets of the Southern Hemisphere, and we were bound to create in America sufficient food to carry Europe. If the war had gone on, every pound of it and more would have been required by the Allies before next harvest.

"The armistice came suddenly, freeing shipping from military use and reopening to the Allies the cheaper Southern Hemisphere and the colonial markets, where, in addition, they could have more liberal credits and markets for their manufactures.

"We are thus faced with a serious problem with respect to our own great supplies, patriotically accumulated. If an early peace is signed, and the markets of Europe are opened freely to trade, there will be a greater demand for food from the new mouths than ever this surplus could supply. But in the period between the armistice and peace we have a very difficult situation.

"One of the most critical food shortages in the world was that of fats, and the only help lay in an increase in the American hog. Our Agricultural Department and the Food Administration spared no efforts to stimulate this production. Our farmers were assured that in the general shortage, subject only to the uncertainties of war, they would experience no difficulty in marketing their products. Due to the savings of our people and the gradually increased production of our farmers, we have lifted our ability to export from 50,000,000 pounds of fats per month in the Summer of 1917 to 400,000,000 pounds per month in this January.

"To achieve this demobilization of fats it was necessary to mobilize the packers as well as the farmers. There is no doubt that the vast volume of business brought profit to the packers, although at a less percentage than before the Food Administration took charge of it.

"The allied nations, in order to effect regular supplies to their people in the face of short shipping and to provide for Government rationing, were compelled to take over the entire purchase of these food supplies and thereby abandon the ordinary flow of trade and commerce. In consequence, they concentrated their buying through agencies, and the power of these buying agencies was so great that they controlled the prices.

"The business of the Food Administration was to bring these buying agents, the representatives of the farmers, who are predominatingly interested, and the great and small packers together and to see to it that a square deal was obtained all around. The prices were settled in a joint conference of the farmers the representatives of the Allies' buyers, and the great and small packers under the general arrangement that the packer was allowed but a quarter of a cent a pound over and above the price to the farmer and the cost of raw material and labor for packing. The Allies took the entire surplus.

"The situation changed over night with the armistice. The Allies are not only seeking the Southern Hemisphere markets, but they have also lately ac-

Continued on Page Four.

TEA CLUB DE VINGT, SUPPER DANCES 44 East 58th St. DANCES Monday, Wednesday, Friday Evenings, 10:30. Open to Public, as well as Club Members. Thes Dansants Every Afternoon, 4 to 7.—Advt.

Greek-Armenian Alliance Planned for Near East Peace.

LONDON, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.) — Christos Vasilliakakis, a member of the Greek Parliament, who recently visited the United States, today said Greece was preparing to establish cordial relations with Armenia in order to resist Turkish aggression and insure the maintenance of peace in the Near East.

He said Greece would support Armenia's aspirations for independence, and the acquisition of the Vilayet of Trebizond and other districts in the Black Sea littoral which formerly were Greek but now are inhabited largely by Armenians.

It is announced that a joint memorial service for Armenian and Greek victims of the war will be held this week in the Greek church here. The service will be followed by mass meetings in Trafalgar Square, called for the purpose of ratifying the proposed entente between Greece and Armenia.

LEADERS PREDICT AN EXTRA SESSION

Fear Congress Will Not Be Able to Complete Its Work by March 4.

LOOK TO WILSON'S RETURN

President May Try to Expedite Legislation — Status of Army and Navy Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—As this session of Congress draws to a close, with thirty-two legislative days remaining until it expires by limitation on March 4, it is becoming evident to leaders of both sides that an extra session probably will be necessary to enact the annual appropriation bills.

President Wilson informed Democratic managers before his departure for Europe that he was opposed to an extra session, and, in accordance with his ideas, every effort has been made by the House leaders to expedite legislation and clear the calendar of the supply measures, so as to make ready for consideration of the conference report on the Revenue bill.

While most of the supply measures have been passed by the House, the two big bills, the army and navy appropriation measures, have not yet been reported from committee. Both have been under long consideration in committee. While unanimity of opinion prevails as to the Army bill, such is not the case as to the Navy bill.

Both parties early agreed that they would not support Secretary Baker's bill for the creation of a standing army of 500,000 and the carrying into effect of the present arrangements, such as a permanent General Staff. The bill, which will be reported in a few days, will authorize the President to have an emergency army of 500,000 and continue the war arrangements. This will be attached to the Army Appropriation bill as a rider. It removes opposition to the bill in that it fails to establish a permanent military policy, as would have been the case if the committee adopted the ideas recommended by Secretary Baker and the General Staff.

Another policy is under attack in the Navy bill. Secretary Daniels recommended that a navy shall be built as large as that of Great Britain and in appearing before the Naval Committee said the President approved of the plan, even after the armistice was signed. His bill provides for a second three-year building program and the enlargement of the personel accordingly. Republican opposition, supported by the small navy group in the Democratic Party, immediately appeared.

Representative Thomas S. Butler, who, it is expected, will be Chairman of the Naval Committee in the next Congress, and Representative William J. Browning of New Jersey have been uncompromising in their opposition, contending that nothing should be done in the way of construction until after the Peace Conference has passed upon armaments. Representative C. J. Kelley of Michigan, another Republican, mildly supported the views of Butler and Browning, but recently has come to the conclusion that it is wiser to prepare for a bigger navy, even as a police protection, than bring naval expansion to a dead halt.

The situation today is that the Naval bill will be reported next Friday substantially as recommended by Secretary Daniels. It, however, will not provide for the authorization of any small craft. A provision will be carried in the bill instructing the Secretary of the Navy to investigate and report to the next Congress as to styles and number of small craft that will be necessary as the result of experience in the war.

The Naval bill will carry an appropriation of about $750,000,000, and authorizes as a part of the three-year building program the building of ten battleships and ten scout cruisers. For the fiscal year the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to contract for two battleships, which, when entirely completed, will have cost about $32,400,000 each.

With these two bills, the revenue measure, and two or three supply measures, including the Agriculture Appropriation bill, still to be enacted by the House, the opinion prevails among conservative Democratic leaders that even the House cannot complete the necessary legislation before March 4 unless President Wilson on his return is able to influence the expedition of matters in both ends of Congress.

Legislation to carry out the national prohibition amendment will come before this Congress, and this will consume a week or ten days, unless the prohibition forces are willing to let the matter go over to the next Congress.

In the Senate the congestion appears impossible to overcome before March 4. Of course, the Senate can dispose of annual appropriation bills very quickly, and if the disposition exists to pass all the necessary legislation before March 4, it can be done. But the Senate may consume weeks in discussing railroad matters, which will come to the fore in connection with the request of Director General Hines for an additional revolving fund of $750,000,000.

CALOX OXYGEN TOOTH POWDER Cleans, Whitens, Preserves—McK. & R.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

CONFER IN BERLIN ON STEPS TO CURB SOCIAL DISORDER

Cabinet and Other High Officials Decide That Stern Measures Must Be Taken.

LIGHTS SUDDENLY CUT OFF

Problem Emphasized by New Strike—Revolution Turning to Wage Struggle.

PEOPLE FEAR CALAMITIES

Wholesale Danger to Life in Labor Clashes—Spartacism Spreads in Provinces.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 23, (via Copenhagen.)—The other day all the big guns of the Government, including Foreign Minister Brockdorff-Rantzau, General Gröner, and the most prominent People's Commissioners, were in session at the Chancellor's palace. They were holding forth on the many events that had befallen Germany—the Spartacus risings, the strike epidemic, the fact that murder and burglary were rampant in town and country, the disorganization of traffic, the deterioration of administration, and the dissolution of social institutions.

Something must be done, all agreed, and something would be done at once, with no nonsense about it, to prevent entire collapse, "and just then the lights went out and the meeting adjourned in darkness," states a newspaper report, adding that the Government had been entirely unprepared for the electric strike that threw Berlin into Egyptian darkness.

This report is typical of the whole situation here. Hardly does the Government succeed in mastering one calamity when it is overwhelmed by another from an entirely unexpected quarter.

The electric strike has done much to open even the eyes of the man in the street to the fact that there is an effort to turn the revolution into a movement for higher wages, no matter if all Germany suffers in consequence. That strike created some situations endangering the lives of huge masses of people.

Passengers' Lives Endangered.

For instance, the whole Potsdamer depot was without light, the switches having to be operated in darkness, and the trains lacking illumination, as well as the platforms and railway yards. In this dense darkness masses of suburbanites, surprised by the strike in Berlin, stormed the trains in order to reach home, and it seems incredible that no one was killed or seriously hurt, though many fainted, were bruised, or otherwise slightly injured.

Physicians' experiences in the smaller hospitals and dispensaries during the strike were of such an intolerable nature that they are now planning to make the workmen understand that they can count no longer on physicians' services if they continue to ignore human needs. Indeed, the Bremen physicians have already decided to answer strike by strike, meaning that they will at once cease all activity, private or in hospitals, if Bremen's supply of food, coal, gas, or electricity should be endangered again by strikes or if Bremen's Government should continue to make arrests for political reasons.

The members of the Bremen Druggists' Associations have indorsed the physicians' attitude, declaring that they will close all the chemists' shops if the Spartacide proceedings continue. The physicians and druggists of Berlin, Leipsic, and other large cities may follow the example, as well as other professional men and whole classes of administrative officials.

Today a gas workers' strike is threatened, but it is hoped that the officials will not again be caught napping and that the unavoidable concessions will be made in time to prevent another calamity.

Curiously enough the darkness did not increase the number of deeds of lawlessness markedly. Either the underworld was not prepared for such good luck or it too cannot do without any light.

Spartacides Turn Pirates.

The housetop war has ceased for the present. Indeed, it seems as if bombers of Spartacides have gone into the country to escape Governor Noske's military forces.

Some of them turned pirates, commandeered three mine-searching boats, and invaded, 235 in number, the North Sea Island of Wangeroog. The people of Wangeroog, however, would stand no nonsense. They went at the pirating Spartacides with guns and the tail ends of cables, and made the whole lot prisoners. The Sparta-

Continued on Page Three.

Railroad Building and Loan Association SHARES PAY 5½ AND 6% 103 Park Ave., Cor. 41st. Booklet.—Advt.

VENUS PENCILS.
No work VENUS PENCILS cannot do.—Adv.

Returned Canadian Soldiers Beat Radical Socialists

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Jan. 26.—Radical Socialists who attempted to hold a mass meeting today were roughly handled by a group of returned soldiers, who first broke up an assemblage of extremists in Market Square and then wrecked the headquarters of the radicals. Members of the Radical Council who were in the building were allowed to escape, but the furniture was destroyed and windows smashed.

A red flag and much seditious literature were burned and many of the radicals were forced to salute the Canadian flag. The soldiers went about their work quietly and no arrests were made. Black eyes and other bruises were the only injuries.

ITALY LAYS BARE EXPLOSION PLOT

Sinking of Battleship Leonardo da Vinci Traced to Austrians and Italian Traitors.

COST LIVES OF 258 MEN

Court-Martial at Genoa Reveals That Austria Paid $2,500,000 to Plotters.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Jan. 25.—Startling disclosures are made at the naval court-martial now sitting at Genoa for the trial of half a dozen persons accused of being concerned in the destruction of the Italian dreadnought Leonardo da Vinci. The battleship met a fate similar to that of the Benedetto Brin; being blown out of the water in Taranto roadstead on Aug. 3, 1916, by an infernal clock machine hidden in the powder magazine. Two hundred and fifty-eight members of the crew, including the commander and twenty-one officers, were blown to pieces.

It has now transpired that the plot was hatched by the former Austro-Hungarian Consul at Naples, Cavaliere Gaeta, at the instigation of the Imperial Government. Gaeta assumed the name of Emilio Battistella and got into touch with Enea Vincenzi, a wholesale fruit merchant living at Modena, who had previously had extensive export trade dealings with Austria. Vincenzi happened to have a bosom friend in the local Commissioner of Police, Cimmaruta, who introduced him personally to numerous high functionaries in Rome and at the Ministry of Marine. In this way the services of Arconti, Deputy Chief of Torpedo Defense at Magdalena, and also those of the Leonardo da Vinci commander's Secretary and Quartermaster Criscuolo were secured as accomplices. Furthermore, the inevitable feminine decoy was at hand in Vincenzi's mistress, a daring Trentino adventuress, devoted to the Hapsburg interests, named Ida Clementi.

These preliminaries having been arranged, Austria entered into a definite contract with the conspirators in February, 1916, assigning about £500,000 as the price of blood, of which £300,000 was to go to the arch plotter.

Meantime, on the score of their influential testimonials and friendships, the principal plotters obtained frequent access to the ship, sometimes on the pretense of selling war loan bonds on behalf of the Roman Central Bank.

Apart from the depositions of witnesses, evidence against the prisoners has been furnished in the shape of photographic snapshots and in copious notebooks seized in Zurich during a burglary at the Austrian espionage offices situated over the famous bank.

These notebooks, which, together with a vast quantity of other compromising documents, were afterward sold by thieves to the Italian Government, are in the handwriting of the notorious Dr. Mayer, head Director of the Austro-German spy department in Switzerland. They contain minute entries describing the accused traitors, their movements, and those of certain accomplices who fled from justice. Their correspondence, and exact details about the money disbursed to them for this and other outrages perpetrated on Italian territory. Besides his share of cash, the Austrian ex-Consul Gaeta was rewarded with an important post in the civil service at Vienna.

DELAYS ACTION ON KAISER.

Ebert Government Does Not Regard the Question as Urgent.

BERLIN, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—The Ebert Government has made no official announcement as to what its attitude will be toward the possible demand by the Entente for the surrender of the former German Emperor.

A the Foreign Office today the correspondent was informed that as no demand had come from any foreign official quarters for the surrender the question was not an urgent one.

The Government view appears to be that as William Hohenzollern voluntarily took refuge in Holland, the German Government has only limited power in the matter.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The Commissary of the Mets Court has placed the property of the former German Emperor in Alsace-Lorraine under sequestration. The decree of sequestration says at the beginning:

"Whereas Wilhelm II., a German subject, is now in flight owing to the victorious advance of the Entente army, and has abandoned certain personal property in Alsace-Lorraine," &c.

The property includes Urville Castle, with its farm, valued at 600,000 francs.

LAKEWOOD, N. J.—Health in the Pines! 50 miles from New York. Write Township Committee.—Advt.

PEACE COUNCIL COMMITTEES NAMED; SMALL NATIONS ARE NOT SATISFIED; ARMY OF OCCUPATION TO STAY A YEAR

AMERICA TO SHARE BURDENS

British War Office Says Troops Will Safeguard Allied Victories.

FRANCE AND ITALY TO AID

Apportionment of Forces on British Eastern Responsibilities and Naval Services.

A BRITISH VOLUNTEER ARMY

Its Early Creation Pledged, with Quickest Possible Demobilization of Present Forces.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Anticipating an announcement to be made Thursday by a conference of Sir Eric Geddes, former First Lord of the Admiralty; Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig and Major General Henry H. Wilson, Chief of the General Staff of the British Army, now meeting in Paris, a statement issued by the War Office tonight says:

"The proposals of the conference will make sure that we have in every theatre of the war sufficient forces during the present year to see that we are not robbed of our victories, and the Germans and their confederates will be made to execute faithfully and punctually the conditions not only of the armistice, but the treaty of peace, when that is signed; and they will also enable us to discharge our own duty toward our allies and those dependent upon us.

"It must be clearly understood that, while Great Britain is prepared to do her share of the work still to be done, she will not be asked to do more than her share, and that the United States, France, and Italy will act with her in maintaining the common interests and securing the advantages gained together.

"Further, Great Britain's special obligations in maintaining the Indian Empire and the wide regions which we now hold in the Middle East, as well as the part played by the royal navy, have been taken into consideration in computing what that share should be.

"The task to be undertaken is therefore the formation and maintenance of armies of occupation of moderate size, compared with what we now have, but of the highest discipline and efficiency, which will discharge our duty and safeguard British interests during the period which must elapse before the ordinary peacetime volunteer army can be created.

"The pay of the armies of occupation must be substantially advanced, while the present armies will be continued to be demobilized as quickly as possible."

GERMAN AIM TO QUALIFY FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Bernstorff Says Weimar Convention Is Counted On to Prove Nation's Stability.

BERLIN, Jan. 23, (Associated Press.)—The Foreign Office is greatly interested in press dispatches from Paris today saying that Germany and Russia are only to be admitted to the League of Nations when their political situations have reached stability.

Count von Bernstorff today informed the correspondent that Foreign Office officials and other high personages were unanimously of the opinion that this situation, if it had not already been attained, would be completely solved with the meeting of the Assembly.

"It is true that there is much economic disorganization in Germany today," said Count von Bernstorff, "but the orderliness of the elections last Sunday affords evidence of stability in political conditions which is highly gratifying to us. It is too early to say that communism, or bolshevism, is quite killed, but undoubtedly the determined measures taken against it by the Provisional Government have rendered it practically powerless. In the face of the decided expression of the popular will evidenced by the elections communism has ceased to be a serious political factor.

"Even if all the twenty-four Independents elected to the Assembly were adherents to the Spartacide doctrine—and not more than half a dozen of them are suspected of such sympathies—they would be powerless before the nearly 400 delegates who, whatever their other political tenets, are all opponents of any class of dictatorship.

"Significant in this connection is the fact that the new Democratic Party, which I joined at its foundation, secured no fewer than seventy-seven seats, thus holding the balance of power between the Socialists and the more conservative parties, preventing a purely Socialist Government. Another important point is that although a number of former Reichstag members were elected to the Assembly the membership as a whole is composed of new, representative and able men and women, whose lives and activities are a guarantee of earnest and honest constructive work at Weimar."

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Small Nations Start Organized Protest For Larger Share in Peace Committees

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune Company.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The smaller nations today started an organized protest for greater representation on the committees of the Peace Congress. This followed their effort in the Hall of the Clock yesterday to overthrow the program arranged by the five great Powers by which the nineteen little nations would receive five members among them on each committee.

The Belgians met today and drew up a memorial to Premier Clemenceau, amplifying the position of M. Hymans, who yesterday opened a movement for greater representation. The Serbian delegation likewise prepared a protest. Other small nations are preparing to follow suit.

The small powers take the position that Belgium and Serbia, which suffered in the war as much proportionally as the big nations, ought to have direct representation on the committees instead of being lumped with the other small peoples.

The memorial to Clemenceau will suggest that these groups of nations be formed: The five big powers, the small powers, Belgium and Serbia, which were great sufferers; the nations which fought in the war, but were not in the same class as to sacrifices as the first two, and the nations which declared war, but did not do much fighting—the basis of representation on the committees to be determined according to such groups.

PICHON IN DOUBT ON RUSSIAN PARLEY

No Formal Reply from Any Faction on Proposed Meeting at Princes' Islands.

BOLSHEVIKI AS A FACTION

Only That Recognition Granted —Minister Confident on Success of League Plan.

PARIS, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.)—Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, received The Associated Press and a number of British, American, Italian, and Japanese newspaper correspondents at his private office in the Foreign Office today and talked freely and frankly on the status of the big foreign questions as they are affected by the conference. The meeting was in the same room where the council of the great powers meets, and for a time the press representatives found themselves occupying the same environment as the council of the great powers.

"We have no response from any of the Russian elements," said the Minister, answering the first question, relative to the invitation to the Russians to meet at Princes' Islands for a conference with the allied and associated powers. "We have seen reports in the papers giving the views of the Russian groups in Paris, and the published dispatch to M. Longuet, (leader of the French Minority Socialists,) relative to the Bolsheviki, but beyond these press publications nothing has been received from any groups or elements."

The Minister was asked if these non-official statements were accepted as indicating that the meeting at Princes' Islands would not take place.

"There is some doubt as to that," replied M. Pichon, "as the Bolsheviki in this nonofficial statement do not say positively that they will not attend, but merely present some objections."

As to whether a meeting could be arranged elsewhere than at Princes' Islands, the Minister replied that that was a question for the council, and as he was only one of the members, he could not say what they would do. The Minister added, however, that the opinion expressed by the Russian groups in Paris seemed to embody the views of the Governments they represented. If no meeting took place on Princes' Islands it would then be for the council to say what the next step with reference to Russia would be, he said.

Invitation to All Factions.

Concerning the opposition in some quarters to inviting the Russian factions to Princes' Islands, M. Pichon said:

"Evidently that grew out of the assumption that the invitation to all the Russian elements was equivalent to recognition of the Bolshevist Government. But that is not the case. The invitation was to all factions, in an effort to bring them together, and the Bolsheviki among the rest, as they have a de facto existence. There was no intention of recognizing the Bolsheviki or any other faction."

When asked if they were a de facto Government, M. Pinchon answered: "They have a de facto existence, and this has led to their being invited with the others."

Concerning the various interests in Syria and Arabia, M. Pinchon expressed the belief that "all can be reconciled by mutual concession."

In reply to the question as to how long it would be before there was an agreement on the League of Nations, he said: "That is difficult to say before we have a full plan. The drafting will be the work of a committee, and then the conference must pass on the work. But it is evident that there will be an agreement on a common plan."

Speaking of claims for reparation, M. Pichon said that France and all the other countries interested were pre-

Continued on Page Two.

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

FINANCE ISSUE LOOMS AT PARIS

Important Work Under Way Toward Getting Europe Back to Normal.

QUESTION OF AID BY US

Americans Think Private Capital Should be Sought—Oppose Sharing Full War Cost.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.
Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The League of Nations project may now be said to have been fairly launched with the action taken on Saturday at the plenary session of the Peace Conference. The indorsement of the underlying principles of this new and ambitious program for preventing future wars between Governments and peoples insures the formation of some sort of an international organization which, whatever its imperfections may be, is certain to have a deterrent effect on the disposition of nations to resort to hostilities to adjust serious disputes. Those who have been enthusiastic supporters of President Wilson in his advocacy of a society of nations regard Saturday's proceedings at the Qual d'Orsay as making a great advance in civilization and feel that the occasion was historic.

Saturday's plenary session was of prime importance for another reason. The action taken, not only concerning the League of Nations, but with respect to other matters that appeal less to the imagination, means that the Peace Conference has at last settled down to work in a practical way. The detailed accomplishment of plans for bringing peace and content to the world has been left to various commissions and committees composed of those more or less expert in the various lines upon which they will advise or act.

How the Work Is Divided.

The formula for a League of Nations is to be worked out by a commission composed for the most part of men who have been foremost advocates of this method of maintaining the political equilibrium of the world with President Wilson and Colonel House representing the United States.

The ability of the enemy countries to make reparation for the destruction they have caused is to be reported on by a commission of experts, while the questions of the punishment of the ex-Kaiser and his militaristic advirers, the means of ameliorating conditions of labor throughout the world and a scheme of internationalization of ports, waterways and railways are to be examined into by other commissions.

In addition to these, several committees are active in the interest of adjusting matters which, while not relating directly to the negotiation of the peace treaty dovetail into what the Peace Conference seeks to accomplish. The Interallied Food Commission, with Herbert C. Hoover at its head, is one and the commission to ascertain the strength of the German armies, with the object of deciding upon what proportion of the allied forces is to be demobilized, with General Foch as Chairman and General Bliss as the American member, is another. Then there is the committee which arranged with representatives of the Ebert Govern-

Continued on Page Two.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!—Use McK. & R. Cin-u-form Lozenges, 25c.—Advt.

AMERICANS ON COMMITTEE

Gompers and Hurley to Represent Us in Labor Discussions.

CONFERENCE SPEEDING UP

Submission of Peace Preliminaries to French Chamber Before April 1 Predicted.

WILSON'S TRIP TO RHEIMS

Automobile Journey to That City and Chateau-Thierry Started in Snowstorm.

PARIS, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.)—Premier Clemenceau has announced the following committees of the Peace Congress to conduct inquiries and make reports on particular features of the work to be done by the Congress:

Responsibility for the War—Great Britain, Sir Gordon Hewart; France, Captain André Tardieu and Ferdinand Larnaude; Italy, Vittorio Scialoia and Deputy Raimondo.

Reparation—United States, B. M. Baruch, John W. Davis, and Vance McCormick; Great Britain, William Morris Hughes, Sir John Simon, and Baron Cunliffe; France, L. L. Klotz, L. P. Locheur, and A. F. Lebrun; Italy, Antonio Salandra and General Badoglio; Japan, Baron Makino and Baron Nobuaki.

International Labor Legislation—United States, E. N. Hurley and Samuel Gompers; Great Britain, George Nicoll Barnes and Ian Malcolm; France, M. Colliard and L. P. Locheur; Italy, Signor Des Planches and Signor Cabrini; Japan, M. Otichiai and M. Oka.

Regulation of Ports, Waterways, and Railroads—United States, Henry White; Great Britain, Sir John Simon; France, André Voiss and Albert Claveille; Italy, Signor Crespi and Signor de Martino; Japan, M. Yamakawa, and Colonel Sato.

Lansing May Pass on Kaiser's Case.

Robert Lansing, Secretary of State, will be one of the two members of the American committee created yesterday by the Peace Conference to deal with the question of responsibility for the war. The other American representative will probably be one of the experts attached to the mission, who is now preparing the American views on this important question that carries with it the verdict of life or death for the former German Emperor and some of his Generals and Admirals, and even civilian officials.

Although the French Government, through the publication of the opinion of its legal advisers, particularly indorsed the theory that it is within the power of the Peace Conference to try German, Austrian, Turkish, and Bulgarian violators of the laws of warfare, the American Commissioners have not yet disclosed their position. The belief has been expressed, however, that they will be found not much at variance with the French view as to the strict question of legal power, but that they will not commit themselves regarding the policy to be adopted in the exercise of that power.

Pleased with Speed of Conference.

"The belief is expressed in French official circles that the preliminaries for peace will be finished and ready for submission to the French Chamber between March 15 and March 31," says the Paris edition of The Daily Mail.

The speed with which the conference is shaping its organization has brought forth comment from various sources.

"They are going very fast," says the Figaro, dealing with Saturday's session. "Speed seems to have characterized the second plenary session of the Peace Conference."

With much of the final machinery in motion, and with Premier Clemenceau, the permanent Chairman, insisting on business by the conference, observers of the situation express the belief that on the whole the Peace Conference is moving according to schedule. The announcement of the personnel of the various important commissions has added considerably to the belief in the working power of the conference. Some of the newspapers, in commenting on the regularity with which yesterday's session moved, say that it seemed as if the routine had been well rehearsed.

President Wilson and Mrs. Wilson, accompanied by Rear Admiral Grayson and a small party of American and

French Generals, left Paris at 8 o'clock this morning by automobile for a visit to the Château-Thierry and Rheims regions.

A heavy snowstorm started at about the same time that President Wilson began his trip to the battle area this morning. The storm covered the entire devastated region.

SENATORS APPROVE PEACE LEAGUE MOVE

Consider Paris Action a Practicable Step—Borah, However, Is Skeptical.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The prevailing opinion among Senators expressed today at the Capitol was that the step toward a League of Nations taken by the Peace Conference would achieve tangible results. The action of the conference in providing for committees to work out the fundamentals of the league was generally approved.

The point was emphasized that the outstanding objection to the league, as expressed in the Senate—that it would create an international standing army, and mean conscription for all nations—had been removed. The League of Nations, under the scheme outlined at Versailles, it was argued, would be one of moral, rather than military, force.

It was suggested by one Senator that President Wilson, in approving the league as mapped out by the conference, had abandoned his original idea of military power as an instrument of enforcing the will of the league. The President himself, this Senator suggested, undoubtedly had found it necessary to change his original views after conferring with delegates from the other nations.

The opinion was expressed by more than one Senator that the League of Nations plan evolved by the conference meant, in effect, that there would be broad facility for international arbitration, which would take the place of military force. The league, these Senators said, would be able through a period of negotiation with nations having a grievance to come to an understanding that would be likely to dissipate the possibility of war.

The suggestion that Germany might be kept out of the league was declared by most Senators to be impossible, because of the nature of the action taken by the conference in deciding that the league must be considered as a part of the treaty of peace. Germany, they pointed out, would naturally be a signatory to the treaty and as such would have a voice in voting upon the league project.

Senator Lodge, ranking Republican member of the Foreign Affairs Committee, expressed himself, privately, as regarding the action taken as a move toward a practical League of Nations, although an abandonment of the original scheme as outlined by President Wilson. The Senator's position was regarded here tonight as significant of what the probable action of the Republicans in the Senate would be toward ratification of the league plan, when it came up as a part of the peace treaty.

"I don't want to discuss the matter of the acceptance of the league proposal until I know just what has been accepted," was the only comment Senator Lodge would make publicly.

It is known that Senator Lodge is particularly satisfied with the project of submerging militarism by moral force. He believes that it will go a long way toward preventing war.

Senator Hitchcock, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, said that the opponents of the League of Nations as a fundamental principle would now probably shift their attacks to ridicule of it, as an ineffective instrument through lack of power to enforce its will.

"They will probably say that it does not carry force enough to make it practical," said Senator Hitchcock. "But the answer to that is that the moral obligation of the big powers entering the league will offset any lack of military power. The whole purpose of the league will be to maintain peace, and the strong powers in it will see that this is the uppermost influence. Moral suasion of the strong nations will prove as effectual, to my mind, as sterner arguments.

"The action of the conference is eminently satisfactory and indicates progress toward a League of Nations that will have its effect. Whatever the league may lack in the beginning we may count upon it to gain in strength with the passage of time. Undoubtedly the preliminary discussions have long since settled all problems that might have proved stumbling blocks."

Senator Borah of Idaho did not agree with other Senators on the action of the Paris conference. He felt that nothing definite had been accomplished and that the conference had left it to the Committee of Nations to work out the problem. The Idaho Senator thought the League of Nations, through the appointment of committees to thrash it out, had been effectually sidetracked.

"Nothing has been accomplished," said Mr. Borah. "The action of the Peace Conference is precisely similar to that sometimes taken by a convention which it refers a troublesome question, likely to arouse bitterness, to a committee that will smother it."

SWISS IN ECONOMIC CRISIS.

Situation as to Supplies Worse Since Armistice was Signed.

BERNE, Jan. 25.—Switzerland's economic problems, which are said to have been worse since the armistice, will be laid before allied leaders at Paris by M. Grobert-Roussy, Director of the Société Surveillance Suisse, and M. Iteer of the Federal Economic Department, who have been sent to Paris by the Federal Council. It is reported that Switzerland is no longer getting even the small allowance formerly obtained from Germany.

The Swiss representatives will propose the creation of an international coal congress to allot fuel supplies to all countries during the reconstruction period.

Fertilizers are also badly needed by Switzerland.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—It is said that 20,000 silk workers at Basle, Switzerland, soon will be idle unless the Swiss Government is able to establish trade agreements with the Powers.

PICHON IN DOUBT ON RUSSIAN PARLEY

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

paring data, but it would take some time to arrive at exact figures. The published reports concerning the amount of the claims varied, and it was impossible, the Minister added, to give the exact figures at present.

Territorial questions, he went on, were beginning to be considered now in connection with the various questions before the council. As to the possibility of the discussion of the League of Nations delaying territorial adjustments he said: "Not at all, as the examination of the two questions proceeds along parallel lines."

Relative to the French attitude toward the holding of the left bank of the Rhine, M. Pichon declared that various published reports were premature and more or less incorrect. When his attention was called to remarks which Marshal Foch had recently made on the subject, M. Pichon said: "Marshal Foch spoke in his personal capacity on this subject, and it has not yet been considered here."

With regard to the consideration of disarmament, the Minister said that it was part of the discussion of the League of Nations, but beyond that had not been taken up.

M. Pichon said there was no objection to using the views he had expressed as coming from him, and added that as a former journalist himself he desired to aid his colleagues in every way in the performance of their duties.

DEEPLY IMPRESSED BY WILSON'S SPEECH

Peace Conference Especially Struck by Declaration of American Idealism.

PROTESTS OF LITTLE STATES

Mildly Rebuked by Clemenceau's Reminder of Great Powers' Immense Sacrifices.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Those who went as spectators to the Quai d'Orsay this afternoon, expecting to be thrilled over the session of the open Peace Conference, found much to interest them in seeing the world's most notable assemblage at work, but the only diversion from the rather formal speeches delivered was in a protest made by the smaller nationalities, led by the Belgians, over the limited representation accorded to them on important committees. Outside of that, the session was chiefly interesting in the oral adhesion of four of the five great powers to the principles of the League of Nations.

President Wilson was the spokesman for the United States, and he covered the subject in a way that left no doubt of the enthusiasm of the American peace delegation toward the proposal for an organization among the nations of the world that would undertake to prevent a recurrence of the bloody struggle which ended with the armistice on Nov. 11.

Japan was the only Government of the five powers that control the administration of the Peace Conference which failed to declare its views on the resolutions proposed by the Supreme Council asserting the necessity for the formation of a League of Nations.

These resolutions, whose discussion consumed most of this afternoon's sitting, provided that the league be created as an integral part of the general treaty of peace, and that it "should be open to every civilized nation which can be relied on to promote its objects."

The quoted portions of this paragraph of the resolutions embodies a concession to those nations which are doubtful of the advisability of admitting Germany into the league as a matter of right on the re-establishment of world peace. Under this provision it will be a matter of future determination for the great powers whether Germany has sufficiently retrieved herself in the eyes of the world to deserve admission into the international organization.

Another provision of the resolutions calls for periodical meetings of the league, and for a permanent organization to carry on business in the intervals between its conferences.

Submitted to Plenary Session.

These resolutions were adopted by the Supreme Council composed of the five governing powers and were submitted to the plenary session this afternoon with the council's sanction as a subject for discussion. Premier Clemenceau, who presided at the session, called on President Wilson to open the discussion—a compliment for which the President expressed his appreciation. While his speech was received in silence, in accordance with the practice governing meetings of diplomatic bodies, it evidently made a deep impression on those who heard and understood it.

He emphasized the fact that the peace delegates were assembled not as representatives of Governments, "but as representatives of peoples." This thought, which ran all through his remarks, was that it was the peoples who had suffered, and that they were the most deeply interested in having future wars prevented.

One point which he made which apparently caused much interest among his auditors was that the United States was less likely to suffer from attacks of enemies than other nations, and he argued from this that the ardor of the United States for the Society of Nations was not an ardor springing out of fear or apprehension, but out of ideals "which have come to consciousness in this war." He also gave assurance that America never thought that in coming into the war she was intervening in the politics of Europe or Asia. She was interested only in the cause of liberty and justice. The fortunes of mankind, he said, were now in the hands of the plain people of the whole world. The United States regarded the League of Nations as the keystone of the whole peace program. The American people expected their representatives to be their servants, and in accepting that mandate with the greatest enthusiasm the American delegates would not dare to compromise their championship of the peace of the world.

The President spoke easily and gracefully, without notes. He seldom indulges in any effort at dramatic or oratorical effect, but today his voice was even more subdued than usual. His evident desire was to put a plain statement of his views before the conference, and in trying to adhere to that resolution his quiet tones had a depth of feeling that was perhaps more impressive than a stirring appeal.

When he took his seat—his remarks lasted twenty minutes—Premier Lloyd George arose, and in tones as quiet and subdued as the President's, indorsed the league principle. The active Welshman, who is capable of bursts of eloquence that account to some extent for his hold on the people of the British Isles, seemed to appreciate, like the President, the solemnity of the occasion.

Then Premier Orlando rose to speak. At times he was carried away by enthusiasm and gave the first dramatic touch to the proceedings; but withal his was no oration intended to stir his hearers.

Léon Bourgeois spoke for France. He is the leading French advocate of the formation of a Society of Nations, and the recent assurance from Clemenceau that Bourgeois would be the representative of France on the commission to draw up the league plan was the most encouraging sign yet given that the French Premier was showing any sympathy with Wilson's proposal to form an international organization to prevent wars.

Japan was next on the list of great powers, but, evidently by prior arrangement, M. Clemenceau recognized China, whose representative, Lu Cheng Hsiang, spoke briefly in favor of the league.

Interruption by Premier Hughes.

The even run of the proceedings, while the league project was under consideration, was interrupted when Premier Hughes of Australia asked if there would be an opportunity for general discussion of the league resolutions. He was assured by M. Clemenceau in English that there would be.

After several of the smaller nationalities had expressed themselves in favor of the league, the first diversion of the session occurred through the objection of Belgium to provisions in other resolutions offered by the Supreme Council, limiting the representation of the smaller nationalities on the Conference Committees.

One after another the delegates representing the smaller nations rose to indorse Belgium's objection. Premier Venizelos, who spoke for Greece, attracted most interest. When they were through, they received what amounted to a mild lecture from M. Clemenceau, the burden of which was that they should be thankful that they were there at all. He told them that when the armistice was signed, the five nations which formed the Supreme Council of the conference, and whose program had brought dissent, had 12,000,000 men under arms and could count their dead in millions. Incidentally to his remarks, the grizzled French Premier said he had come to the conference ready to sacrifice many of his own opinions in the interest of harmony and a speedy conclusion of peace.

No action was taken on the League of Nations or the other matters which brought the objection from the delegates of the smaller nationalities. These other matters were embraced in a series of resolutions, one of which provided for a commission composed of two representatives each of the five great powers and five representatives of all other nationalities, to report on responsibility for the war and to suggest how the persons responsible might be punished. Another resolution provided for the appointment of a commission composed of three representatives each of the five great powers and two each from certain smaller nations, to ascertain the amount of reparation which the enemy countries should pay—the amount they were capable of paying—and the method and time of payment.

The American representatives on this commission will be Bernard M. Baruch, Vance McCormick, and Norman Davis, the last named one of the financial experts who has been in Europe for some time. This group will act as expert advisers to the American delegation in all matters relating to the reconstruction of European countries and kindred subjects.

It was announced at the conference that President Wilson and Colonel House would represent the United States on the Interallied Committee to draft a plan for the League of Nations. Lord Robert Cecil and General Smuts will be the British representatives, and Léon Bourgeois one of the French representatives. Premier Orlando will be the chief Italian, and Baron Chinda, the former Japanese Ambassador to the United States, will appear for Japan.

Limited Press Representation.

A limited number of press representatives were admitted to today's session. They were quartered, as at the opening meeting, in a chamber adjoining with a view through the wide portals entering into the Clock Room. The seeing and hearing conditions were not of the best, and, realizing the difficulty on the part of the press of knowing what was going on, President Wilson sent word to the newspapermen, while the objections of the smaller nations were being voiced, that the dissent was to the provision for committee representation, and not to the League of Nations.

At this afternoon's session, President Wilson sat on the right of Clemenceau, while Lloyd George sat at Clemenceau's left. Colonel House, who has recovered from his illness, was present, sitting between Secretary Lansing and Henry White. Marshal Foch sat next to André Tardieu with the French delegates. Among the limited number of spectators, there were Bernard M. Baruch and Ambassador Jusserand. President Wilson was attended by Admiral Grayson in his naval service uniform.

PRAISE WILSON'S ADDRESS.

Paris Papers Pay Tribute to Its Effect Upon the Peace Conference.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—A number of the newspapers today pay tribute to President Wilson's eloquence at yesterday's session of the Peace Conference.

"Everybody knows President Wilson's smile," says the Petit Parisien. "It has charmed Paris, but until yesterday we were ignorant of the great effect its disappearance could produce. Such a contrast, so unexpected, was sufficient to give his discourse rare eloquence."

Stephane Lauzanne, editor of the Matin, says:

"I have heard President Wilson speak numerous times, but never have I heard his voice so beautiful, clear and rich. It was the dream of his life, it was the dream of humanity which that voice announced."

M. Clemenceau's prompt decisions and skilful handling of delicate situations also receives great praise.

"His most vigorous personality was present again," says The Paris Daily Mail, referring to M. Clemenceau. "He kept the closest hold on the proceedings, and when the protest of the minor nations seemed likely to become interminable he put an end to their criticisms in a quick, vigorous speech."

The press is unanimous in praise of those who spoke in favor of a League of Nations at Saturday's meeting of the Peace Conference. The newspapers say the question was tried with laudable sobriety, and that the debates proceeded in the atmosphere of calm courteousness usual at diplomatic conferences.

Of the address of Premier Clemenceau one newspaper says:

"Its diplomatic solemnity allowed applause only at its most telling points, but it was plain that the wise counsels of M. Clemenceau left a deep impression."

Le Matin says that Marshal Foch was silent throughout the meeting of the conference, but that when President Wilson said the American soldiers came "not merely to win a war, but to win a cause," the Marshal showed his approval by nodding his head. The papers call Saturday "League of Nations Day."

BOLSHEVIKI WARY OF CONFERENCE

Paris View That They Fear Deep-Laid Scheme to Get the Better of Them.

THOMAS ASSAILS OFFER

Sending of Tchitcherin Message to Le Populaire Causes French Socialists to be Suspected.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The Peace Conference's invitation to the various de facto Russian Governments to send representatives to Princes' Island is not receiving a hearty response. Anti-Bolshevist Russians here at once protested against being placed on the same plane as the "traitors of Brest-Litovsk"; and on their side, the Bolsheviki suspect a deep-laid scheme to get the better of them.

The wireless message from Tchitcherin, the Bolshevist Minister of Foreign Affairs, to Vevowski, the Bolshevist representative at Stockholm, has been repeated to the Parisian paper, Le Populaire, with the request that the latter should supply Tchitcherin with information regarding the following points:

First: Is the selection of an island remote from the centres of political activity not designed either to surround the negotiations with secrecy or to create factitious and biased publicity, the choice of the press representatives attending being wholly in the hands of the Entente Powers?

Second: Whether the offer of good offices with a view to arbitration between the warring Russian Governments can be relied upon when it comes from powers which have been supporting "the reactionary governments of Russia" by money, munitions, and men?

No proposal for an armistice, says Tchitcherin, was made while the Soviets were in serious difficulties; but the cessation of hostilities is suggested only when the Bolshevist arms are gaining the upper hand. In regard to this last point it has been stated on high authority here that the Bolshevist army now amounts to 800,000 men, and it is well equipped and well disciplined.

Considerable skepticism exists regarding the undertaking which Litvinoff, formerly the Bolshevist Ambassador in London, is reported to have given that the Bolshevist Government is willing to assume responsibility for the foreign indebtedness of the late Russian Empire. France alone holds scrip of this kind to the amount of nearly $5,000,000,000. One of the earliest acts of the Bolsheviki was to repudiate the foreign debts of Russia, and something more than a vague assurance by Litvinoff that the repudiation policy is to be reversed is required.

All the Paris evening papers make a feature of the Tchitcherin wireless, reprinting it from Le Populaire. The latter is a Socialist journal, edited by Jean Longuet, and some of its contemporaries regard Tchitcherin's message to Le Populaire as a clear proof that the French Socialists of the Longuet brand are in league with the Russian Bolsheviki.

Meanwhile the Conference's approaches to the Bolshevist Government are not getting any better press notices here.

Speculation is very busy on the point of the present attitude vis à vis Russia with what Parisians are now calling the directory of the Conference—that is, Wilson and Lansing and the Premiers and Foreign Secretaries of the four great allied powers.

One theory developed is that Lloyd George has skilfully cast off his own shoulders the responsibility for the British move which was so categorically rejected by French Foreign Minister Pichon, and that the French Government on their side realized that the maintenance of an uncompromising attitude could help toward a solution. President Wilson, with the full courage of his conviction, had no hesitation in taking upon himself the direction of the policy which Lloyd George personally was in sympathy with and which the French view as an interesting experiment to which they could at least extend benevolent adhesion.

The Journal des Débats writes almost despairingly of the Peace Conference's action toward the Russian problem, declaring it a "fatality that the associated diplomatists are reserving their tenderness for scoundrels and criminals." While refusing to listen to "authentic revolutionaries" like Bourtzeff and Savinkoff and men like Sazonoff and Lvoff, "the Conference," cries the Débats, "remains deaf to the protests of these men. It abandons itself to its dreams. And yet it calls itself practical."

This, of course, might be read as a fling at President Wilson, but is possibly no nearer the truth than the cynical suggestion that Wilson's contribution to the Prince's Island plan was the selection of the island.

PARIS, Jan. 26. (Associated Press.)—The general opinion expressed this evening is that the wireless message sent yesterday by M. Tchitcherin, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Government in Russia, is the only direct expression provoked thus far by the Peace Conference's wireless invitation to the Russian factions, and that this fact must be taken as indicating that the final attitude of the Bolshevist Government is hostile to a meeting under the conditions proposed.

It is regarded possible that a more formal reply will be received from the Bolsheviki, but the dissatisfaction expressed by the Soviet Commissioner for Foreign Affairs is considered as amounting to a rejection of the invitation.

It was indicated by Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, in an interview today, that it rests with the Supreme Council to decide upon the course to be followed in case the Princes Islands meeting is abandoned. It is declared that the Supreme Council will not consent to hold the meeting anywhere where the Bolsheviki will have an opportunity to indulge in speeches calculated to spread their doctrine among the peoples of the Entente countries and the United States.

Such opinions as could be gathered today in Paris regarding the probable course to be pursued were to the effect that the Supreme Council will adopt a waiting policy. It was considered certain by those who gave opinions on the situation that the powers could not be brought to undertake a joint military expedition in Russia in force now, if at all.

THOMAS DEPLORES MOVE.

French Socialist ex-Minister Calls Invitation to Reds a Mistake.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—"By inviting the Russians to the Princes' Islands the Paris Conference is abdicating its own authority. The proposal is weak and dilatory. It is a proceeding unworthy of the League of Nations," said former Minister Albert Thomas today. Though a Socialist, M. Thomas has always been an ardent win-the-war patriot, who refused to accept the compromise peace policy of that section of the Socialist organization which gained control last Summer, and has since shaped the party's attitude.

In accordance with the Socialist veto, he declined to take office in the Clemenceau Cabinet, but retained his own independence to the extent of withholding all his sympathies from Bolshevism or any change in existing social conditions by methods of violence. He is a confirmed partisan of the League of Nations, but as a man of action rather than of words or vague ideals; he demands practical application instead of theoretical good intentions. It is on this basis that he criticises the Princes' Island scheme. He continued:

"If the League of Nations is to amount to anything, as I devoutly hope it will, it must take a definite stand regarding the problems to be settled, and not merely adopt an attitude of 'wait and see.' Before the Princes' Island suggestion was made I advocated in a French newspaper communication on the part of the Paris conference with the Russians—Bolsheviki and others—rather than armed intervention or support by arms, munitions and money, of any parties in the Russian conflict. But I didn't mean by that that we should invite the Russians to a sort of inquiry court, where they would all be on the same footing and wherefrom—even in the somewhat unlikely event of their general acceptance—little can result save further verbiage and chaos of conflicting theories and cross-accusations.

"No; what the conference should have done, as the de facto if not yet thoroughly organized executive of the League of Nations, was to address the Russians a statement of the conditions which they—and by they I mean all the parties—were required by the League of Nations to fulfill.

"For the Bolsheviki that would involve cessation of hostilities and terrorism and liberty of speech and press. The same would apply to the other Governments in Russia. The conference would have judged the diverse parties by their refusal or acceptance and taken action accordingly. If the Bolsheviki declined, the League of Nations would have had a clear conscience in setting in action against them not only all means of aid to their opponents, but the international police force."

"In plain English, then," I interrupted, "you mean that if the Bolsheviki had been defiant the League of Nations would have had to undertake armed intervention in Russia?"

But M. Thomas would not go that far. He talked somewhat vaguely about assistance to non-Bolshevist elements and "the creation of points of refuge" for victims of the Bolshevist tyranny, but he declined to admit that, logically speaking, an "international police operation" and military intervention were different in form but the same in fact.

There lies the real crux of the whole Russian problem. Suppose the Bolshevist lion goes to the Princes' Islands and lies down in genuine amity with the Omsk, Odessa, or Archangel lamb; then there will be no more trouble. But if, as seems more probable, the Bolsheviki refuse any compromise—as they might have refused the allied conditions had the Thomas idea been followed—what will happen then? If the League of Nations is to have any value it must be able to enforce its rulings. And in the Russian case, that would mean armed intervention—however one terms it—against which the conference seems determined.

BRITISH REGRET WILSON MUST LEAVE

His Return to Help Them Is Anxiously Hoped For by the Empire's Official Circles.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—A. G. Gardiner, writing in The Daily News on impressions he gathered during a trip to Paris, whence he has just returned, says:

"Not the least happy impression one gets in Paris is that of the perfect harmony that exists between the English and American elements. There is no harm now in saying that there was a time when the spirit was not quite satisfactory—when there was a suspicion on the American side that our aims were not wholly disinterested. That has entirely vanished, and mutual confidence prevails in the fullest degree.

"This is due in part to the closer intercourse of the last two months and in part, no doubt, to the remarkable influence of President Wilson. His serene and powerful personality is pervading the atmosphere of negotiation with the spirit of wisdom and urbanity and is providing a solvent for all sorts of difficulties. He has in a rare degree the faculty of winning the heart, as well as of convincing the mind, and the detachment of America from the old European jungle and its freedom from any suspicion of self interest add to the weight of his personal influence.

"I have reason to know that his departure for America on urgent Congressional business in March is a subject of anxious regret in British circles, and that his return is anxiously hoped for.

"There is, I found, another source of disquiet on the subject of America. It is notorious that there is a considerable body of opinion in the United States in favor of withdrawal when the conference has completed its work and the return to the Washington tradition of isolation. The idea is that America entered the war for a special purpose, and that having completed the task it should wash its hands of European affairs, it is argued, which makes a strong appeal to American sentiment. It fears being caught in the whirlpool of the external world.

"It likes to feel that it has been in the war without any interest of its own to serve. Moreover, experience in the Philippines has not encouraged it to seek more overseas tasks.

"All this makes the movement respectable and formidable, but I found the gravest concern on the subject in the most responsible British circles. It is felt that the withdrawal of America from any share of trusteeship of the league would be fatal. Europe has suffered a catastrophe the measure of which is only beginning to be understood. The work of rebuilding the fabric of European society will occupy years and will need all the resources of civilization. It is to America we have to look not only for disinterested motive but for unexhausted power.

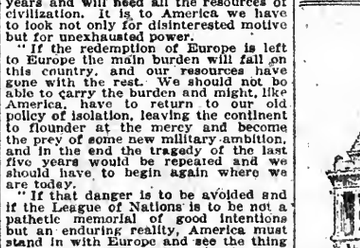
"If the redemption of Europe is left to Europe the main burden will fall on this country, and our resources have gone with the rest. We should not be able to carry the burden and might, like America, have to return to our old policy of isolation, leaving the continent to flounder at the mercy and become the prey of some new military ambition, and in the end the tragedy of the last five years would be repeated and we should have to begin again where we are today.

"If that danger is to be avoided and if the League of Nations is to be not a pathetic memorial of good intentions but an enduring reality, America must stand in with Europe and see the thing through.

"I do not think the President has any doubt on the subject. He understands that the Washington tradition was the expression of true wisdom in the past, but it no longer fits conditions of the world. We can none of us—neither countries nor hemispheres—live in isolation again. The world is one and indivisible and, much as it may dislike overseas responsibilities, and much as it may wish to be left, in Voltaire's phrase, 'to cultivate its garden,' America must take its full share in helping the Old World out of the pit into which it has fallen.

"It has helped us to throw off the old despotism, but that is only a part of the task and the least part. Now we have to find a new way of life, and America must help to heal the world that she has helped to deliver.

"I think that all schemes of the League, including the American, provide that the non-self-governing parts of the world shall each be administered by a mandatory power responsible to the League. The idea of a condominium is dismissed as impracticable and repudiated by experience. America can do no better service than by assuming its share of this responsibility and giving the world the example of disinterested trusteeship."



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FINANCE ISSUE LOOMS AT PARIS

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

ment for the lease of German merchant ships to carry troops and food. All these and a few more are doing work of great importance that will have a bearing on the decisions of the peace conference.

Getting the World Back to Normal.

In the opinion of most of the American official representatives, these business bodies are quite as necessary to a proper conclusion of peace as the Peace Conference itself. They are forced to adopt this view of a relationship between the financial, business, and industrial readjustments of Europe and provisions of a purely military character.

More and more it has been impressed upon American officials here that the best way to get the world back to normal conditions is to put an end to everything that suggests war, and with that thought in mind they are seeking to arrange side agreements separate from the peace treaty that will start business going again on a firm foundation.

It is realized by these Americans upon whom President Wilson is depending for advice and suggestion that Europe "is all shot to pieces" by more than four years of fighting and bloodshed. Their sympathy has been aroused by the suffering to which France and other Continental countries have been subjected, and they are not unmindful of the tremendous effort Great Britain has made, which entailed sacrifices to an extent not appreciated perhaps by the other Allies.

The United States has loaned immense sums of money to some of the associated Governments to carry on the war, and these Governments still believe it is essential to their future happiness that our Government shall continue to advance loans during the period of readjustment.

But here there is a divergence between the American and foreign view. It is felt by the American representatives that the best method of readjustment is to have the nations which have suffered most by the ravages of war undertake their own salvation—that is, begin to re-establish themselves on a self-supporting basis instead of getting direct governmental help from Washington.

To put the matter bluntly, our representatives take the view that the sooner Europe goes to work the better it will be for Europe.

Want Us to Share Whole Burden.

Take, for example, the suggestions that have been put before American officials here in a way to indicate that they are intended to be taken seriously, that the United States consider itself as having been in the war since August, 1914, and agree to take over a proportionate share of the expenses incurred by the other Allies in fighting the Central Powers during the period of more than four years. Our officials are satisfied that American public opinion will not tolerate placing any such additional expense on the American people.

The argument advanced to back up these suggestions, which come from more than one European ally, is that the United States, while it did not enter the war until April, 1917, made large amounts out of sales of munitions and food to the Allied Governments prior to that time, and fairly reveled in a prosperity that places it in a position to show the most generous spirit. Furthermore, it is advanced that the United States entered the war for idealistic reasons and can afford to make sacrifices as evidence of the good faith of that idealism.

Opinion among the American representatives seems to set in opposition to these views so that it almost goes without saying that the proposal to have the American Treasury take over a part of the European war debt for the period before we entered the war will not be adopted.

A very general view among American officials in Paris who have been considering the matter is that the reconstruction of warworn Europe can best be accomplished by obtaining the needed financial assistance through private rather than through governmental means.

A case in point involves loans which one European Government is seeking to obtain from the United States Treasury to revive industry. American financial experts whose views are relied upon by the President for guidance hold that it would be unfair to the taxpayers of the United States to have their money advanced to a European Government which in turn would loan it to private individuals to enable them to begin industrial work anew.

Where America Would Suffer

The effect of such a policy would be that foreign industry would get capital at the lowest rate of interest, while American business men, who would be in competition with this foreign industry, would be compelled to obtain capital at much higher rates of interest from the private money market and at the same time have contributed through their payments of taxes to capital which foreign industry was using to compete with them. Any such arrangement, it is contended by the American representatives here, would cause dissatisfaction at home, and rightly so.

Those men upon whom the President most relies for advice in connection with financial and industrial affairs connected with the war seem to be generally of the opinion that the first advance toward bringing Europe back to normal conditions will come through the release of capital from private and not Government sources. They insist that there is plenty of money to be had to rehabilitate industry in Europe if assurances are obtained that it will be used in industrial activities that will bring results, and thus provide means of repayment.

American financial interests, it is said, are ready to advance capital and supplies on easy credits. It is argued further that once industry is revived in Europe on a self-supporting basis normal conditions will be resumed and means provided for making the countries which have suffered most from hostilities self-supporting and prosperous.

All this means that it is doubtful if the United States Government will make any considerable loans hereafter to any allied nation. Rather it will urge that money for reconstruction and rehabilitation be obtained from private sources which will be ready to advance it if assured that it will be used for the purposes for which it is advanced.

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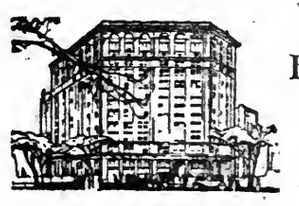

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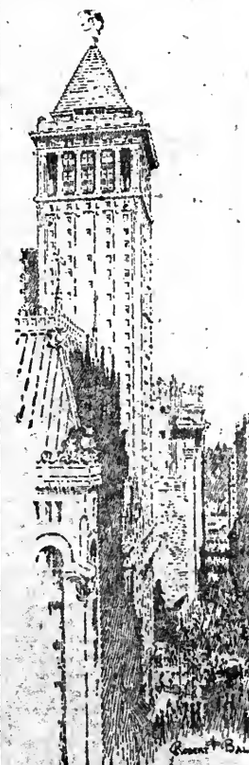

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Display of Force Awes Throngs Gathered to Honor Berlin Spartacide Victims.

40,000 JOIN PROCESSION

People Stopped and Searched for Arms — No Outbreaks Are Reported.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 25, (via Copenhagen.)—Contrary to all expectations, the funeral of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and thirty other Spartacides killed in the recent riots passed today without serious disturbances. The military had prepared so extensively for all eventualities that the rebellious elements had no chance whatever.

Again the streets in the centre of Berlin looked like military camps, field guns having been posted at the Brandenburger Gate, in Potsdamer Platz, Unter den Linden, and the newspaper district, while machine guns were numerous at all street corners. The weather being raw, soldiers wore fur lined greatcoats and at meal times were fed from the so-called goulash cannon.

The inner city from the Tiergarten to the Royal and Jerusalemer Strasse, from Koch Strasse to Unter den Linden was entirely under military control. Traffic was completely stopped, the subway trains passing five stations within the districts outlined without stopping.

At points of special strategic importance appeared again those signs commanding pedestrians, "Stop or you will be shot." The people certainly stopped, but after a superficial search for arms were permitted to proceed.

If the military hoped to prevent by this means the accumulation of large masses, they failed completely, for seldom have Berlin's streets been crowded as they were today. Doubtless the expectation of witnessing another Spartacide revolt brought out the enormous masses of sightseers, but the Spartacides were evidently in no humor for fighting.

Some of them had not learned that the Government had prohibited the formation of the funeral procession in the Siegesallee. At the last minute they came with tremendous wreaths, especially delegations from Halle, Magdeburg, Bremen, Hamburg, and Düsseldorf. They indignantly but fruitlessly protested against being searched for arms, and were then conducted out of harm's way by the soldiers, to meet again at Luetzowplatz.

There no soldiers appeared, but thousands of Spartacides and tens of thousands of sightseers gathered, when Frau Luisa Zieh addressed in true Spartacide style, proving that Rosa Luxemburg's spirit was not dead.

About noon the procession moved toward the Friedrichshain morgue, where thirty-one black coffins on nine black wagons awaited. Without further ceremony the procession, now numbering about 40,000 persons, accompanied by two bands, proceeded to the Friedrichsfelde Cemetery, taking three hours in passing.

Liebknecht's body was carried on a separate wagon, the coffin being buried under giant wreaths. Other wagons, too, were loaded to the almost with flowers.

At the cemetery one large grave had been prepared for all the dead Spartacides. Liebknecht's body was placed first in the grave, while a chorus sang a Spartacide hymn, Liebknecht's wife and two sons looking on.

There was some astonishingly tame speechmaking, whereupon the bodies of the other thirty followed Liebknecht's into the grave and the large gathering quietly dispersed.

MINISTERS IN DISCORD OVER CONSTITUTION

Eisner Quits Berlin Gathering After Rebuff—Prussian Partition Causes Dispute.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

BERLIN, Jan. 26, (via Copenhagen.)—Representatives of all the German States met in Berlin yesterday, with Premier Ebert presiding, to discuss proposals for the new constitution.

Herr Ebert, in an altercation with Bavaria's representatives, Jaffe and Eisner, made it quite clear that the gathering had no power to transact any decisive business concerning the subject of discussion and could only recommend its views to the National Convention, which alone has the power to say what Germany's future form of state shall be. About 100 representatives were present, among them some Ministers of the South German States.

State Secretary Preuss enlarged on his demand that old royal Prussia must be partitioned, according to his memorandum coupled with his proposed constitution, because in modern Germany, he said, there was no room for a hegemony like that of the Hohenzollerns' creation. Only those who at heart wished old Prussia preserved, he asserted, opposed her partition and also wished the amalgamation of smaller States. It was to be deplored that the reactionary party seemed to propose the partition of Prussia as a campaign issue and represented the underlying motives in a false light. Even his own partisans, the Democrats, Dr Preuss said, had been fooled into blowing the reactionaries' horn.

Then Eisner arose with a proposition to eliminate the Preuss draft entirely from the discussion and substituted his own. He said that he spoke in the name of all the South German States, as well as Saxony and Hesse. Immediately the representatives of the States named protested, explaining that they wished to support the Eisner draft only if the Preuss plan proved impracticable. The Bavarian Prime Minister then retired in disgust.

The Prussian Prime Minister, Herr Hirsch, admitted that a new grouping of German States was absolutely necessary, but he said that the Preuss draft aimed to accomplish this entirely at the cost of Prussia and for the benefit of the South German States. Herr Hirsch favored one undivided German republic with only one Government, but doubted that the federative spirit of the German tribes would permit this.

Little Anhalt's representative, Herr Heine, rose immediately, declaring that his country desired no amalgamation with any other State, but hoped to join the German federation as an independent State, which it had always been.

There was much more of what Germans call "Partikularismus," and the meeting adjourned until Monday without any tangible results.

Most of the newspapers express satisfaction with Eisner's defeat. It is mooted that his draft provides that certain parts of Upper Prussia shall be embodied in Bavaria, Württemberg and Baden, and that Saxe and Hesse are to be enlarged at Prussia's cost.

Both those who favor Prussia's partition and those who oppose it hope that the national convention will take their view, and they deplore the present discussion, which may only prejudice the delegates. Meanwhile Gerter, President of the Brunswick Republic, today opened in that capital a congress which is to decide on the erection of a "republic of northwestern Germany."

TROOPS TO GUARD CONVENTION

Weimar Prepares to Send Out News —How Hohenzollerns Voted.

LONDON, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.)—Weimar, the capital of Saxe-Weimar, is preparing a great reception for the German National Assembly under the direction of Councilor Schutz of Berlin, a member of the Reichstag.

Telegraph and telephone communication with the rest of Europe has been increased greatly. Extra employes have been engaged in order to facilitate the dissemination of news of the deliberations of the Assembly, especially to Paris.

The residence of the former Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar and the National Theatre have been requisitioned for the conference. The local garrison of Weimar has been increased in order to prevent possible trouble with Spartacide and Bolshevist agitators.

Full returns from the German elections of Jan. 19, received in Geneva, show that the Majority Socialists polled 11,112,450 votes, or 39.3 per cent. of the total number cast; the Democrats 5,552,930, or 19.5 per cent.; the Christian People's Party, formerly the Centrists, 3,338,804, or 18.8 per cent., and the National Party 2,739,196, or 9.62 per cent.

The Independent Socialist vote was but 7.68 per cent. of the total for the country, or 2,188,305. The People's Party cast the smallest vote of any of the larger organizations, its total numbering 1,106,408, or 3.9 per cent. The remainder of the votes was cast by smaller party organizations.

The members of the Hohenzollern family, both male and female, who are at present in Potsdam, voted in the elections last Sunday. Each of them designated himself or herself as "Von Hohenzollern," giving also a title as Prince or Princess of Prussia, except August Wilhelm, the former Emperor's fourth son, who styled himself "August Hohenzollern, ex-Prince of Prussia."

A German wireless dispatch gives an interview with Philip Scheidemann, Foreign Secretary in the Ebert Government, in connection with the German elections. Scheidemann asserted that although the Social Democrats had not obtained an absolute majority, they would always be the decisive power within the government, and that in future elections radicalism would lose even more of its supporters.

Scheidemann assumed that on many questions co-operation between the bourgeois Democracy and the Social Democracy would be possible, and that it would be the special task of the assembly to establish a truly Democratic constitution. In keeping with modern demands, which must leave room for the carrying out of Socialism to its fullest extent.

The Foreign Secretary was emphatic in the statement that Germany's acceptance of an ideal League of Nations did not mean that she was willing to commit suicide by allowing whole sections of the country, with unmistakably German populations, to be wrested from the nation, as seemingly was intended by the Poles.

Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian Premier, in a speech at Munich, according to the Cologne Gazette, voiced disappointment over the results of the German elections.

"Clericalism is threatening Bavaria," said Eisner. "Junkerism reigns in Prussia, which is already warring against the Poles. Ludendorff rules in Berlin. Such a state of affairs is intolerable. It is disgraceful that even a meeting of workmen in Munich received the news of the death of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg with cheers."

In the recent Bavarian elections the Eisner party and the Independent Socialists secured only four of the 156 delegates, while the Majority Socialists won 50 seats and the combined bourgeois party 102. Of the total vote of 2,750,000 the Eisner party received only about 75,000.

PRUSSIAN PARTITION ISSUE AT ELECTION

Socialists May Control State Assembly — Big Display of Posters in Berlin.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.)—Voting for delegates to the Prussian State Assembly took place today in the region occupied by the Americans. There was no disorder and no indication of Bolshevist influence.

It was just one week since the election of delegates to the German National Assembly, and today's results here were similar. The indications are that the old Centrist, or Christian People's Party, is leading. This is easily accounted for by the strong support of the Church in the Rhineland, although the Social Democratic Party also has polled heavily.

Reports from the interior concerning the entire Prussian vote indicate that there is a possibility of the Majority Socialists receiving a majority in the Prussian Assembly.

The instructions to the American troops today were identical with those of last Sunday. They were ordered to be merely onlookers and to prevent disorder.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 25, (via Copenhagen, Jan. 26.)—Interest in the election of the Prussian State Convention lags behind that of the National Convention despite the fact that many very impressive posters which were finished too late for last Sunday's election are being used now.

The National Party is spending enormous sums for such propaganda in the centre of the city, but displays little knowledge of effective electioneering. One poster shows a silhouette of Frederick the Great with the words underneath. "Don't forget the Spirit of Prussia," which appeal to the reactionaries is certainly superfluous, while on all other persons it can have only an effect the contrary of what is desired.

Another colored poster shows a red spectre in a red chariot drawn by galloping horses on the brink of a sea of blood. "Who is going to save Germany from extinction? The German National People's Party," reads the legend underneath.

A third poster asks "Who is going to save Germany's eastern provinces?" A picture of a general in field uniform, unmistakably resembling Hindenburg, adorns this poster, but the Field Marshal's name is not mentioned. Instead there is a line: "Vote for the German National People's Party."

There are at least a dozen more of these posters, but despite their energetic propaganda the vote for the three reactionary parties, the People's Party, the Christian People's Party, and the National People's Party, will be less, it is predicted, than last Sunday because many who voted for them owing to their name of "People's Parties" have since changed their minds.

Otherwise the result of the election seems likely to be very much the same as last Sunday's—the Majority Socialists and Democrats dividing what the three People's Parties will lose. The State convention is not likely to be convoked until the national convention is finished.

BERLIN, Jan. 25, (Associated Press.)—The overshadowing issue of the Prussian State elections, which are to be held tomorrow, has suddenly, almost overnight, become the question of the division of Prussia into several States.

The Vossische Zeitung recently reported that the proposed National Assembly contemplated dividing Prussia into eight States. The next day the official news agency issued a statement, inspired by the Government, that the newspaper's statement was without foundation.

The publication on the same day of the memorial accompanying the proposed Constitution demonstrated, however, that, while the denial was correct, it was disingenuous, as Paragraph XI. of the Constitution permits the formation of new States within the empire "without regard to former State boundaries."

The Conservatives, Clericals, and National Liberals seized on this paragraph as a campaign issue against the Socialists and the German Democrats. The Democrats, however, declared on Thursday that they were opposed to the division of Prussia. Today it was announced that Hugo Preuss, Minister of the Interior, who is an authority on the Constitution and also Democratic candidate for the Assembly in Berlin, probably would not accept the mandate if elected. This leaves the Socialists isolated as defenders of the eventual division of Prussia and may conceivably affect the result of the elections.

CONFER IN BERLIN TO CURB DISORDER

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

cides alleged that they had been sent by the Bremen Soldiers' Council to requisition arms and munitions stored on the island.

The German Government has large stores of dried vegetables at Bremen, which must be preserved for feeding the German people. Fear that the irresponsible persons now ruling Bremen might destroy these stores if pressed has so far prevented the Berlin Government from taking decisive measures to end the reign of terror in that city.

The old clothes mender, Oerter, who is President of the Republic of Brunswick, is still defying the Berlin Government, stopping Government troops passing through Brunswick, and doing his best to bring about a disruption of the relations between Brunswick and the rest of Germany. Nobody would be very much surprised if Oerter and his Prime Minister, a former juggler performing at cafés, declared war.

Meanwhile he is punishing Brunswick's bourgeois inhabitants for the "murder of Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg" by a three days' general strike, prohibiting any traffic or work whatever, permitting only officials in the streets and public buildings. All of Brunswick's newspapers have been occupied by Oerter's myrmidons for three days. Not even the proprietors and editors have been allowed to enter the buildings.

In Hamburg and Leipsic, too, the Spartacides seem to be getting the upper hand again.

Meantime Die Freiheit warns of a reactionary movement among the officers of the cavalry guard, who helped to suppress the Spartacide rebellion. If names go for anything, they certainly would seem suspicious classes, but that is all that can be said against them so far.

Managers of the Schichaus Works at Dantzig, interviewed by telephone, deny the sale of the works. They say that some mysterious Entente agents have been at work spreading rumors concerning them, for what reasons they cannot explain.

To Tackle Unemployment Problem.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 24.—It is semi-officially stated in the Berlin newspapers today that the Government is about to take radical measures with regard to unemployment. While in the country agricultural production is endangered by the fact that there is a shortage, estimated at 600,000, of workers in the towns hundreds of thousands of men are idling.

It is expected that the Government will begin by withdrawing financial support from all who without good reason refuse to work. If this be not successful sharper measures, which are already under discussion, will be taken.

Meantime the Berlin Zeitung am Mittag reports that in the capital public safety is becoming more and more endangered.

"No night passes," says the paper, "without shops being plundered, generally in the centre of the city. Armed bands of robbers, mostly in uniform, break in, threaten the occupants with revolvers and proceed to plunder. These thieves are becoming more and more daring. They even try to shut off whole streets while their fellow-criminals go about plundering unhindered.

"Every day hundreds of thousands of marks' worth of property is stolen. Yesterday thieves in sailors' uniforms plundered a shop and had loaded their booty onto a military motor lorry when two civilian guards appeared on the scene. The sailors seised them, threw them into the lorry and were just driving off when some armed Government soldiers arrived.

"The sailors denounced the two civilian guards as thieves, and having handed them over to the Government soldiers themselves drove away with their booty to the value of 100,000 marks."

ENTENTE TROOPS TO AID GEN. DUTOFF

Small Anglo-French Force to Help Cossacks Hold Orenburg Against the Reds.

GARRISON WITHOUT RIFLES

Trip of 200 Miles Through Country Swarming with Wolves to be Made on Sleds.

OMSK, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—Small contingents of French and British troops will be sent to the assistance of General Dutoff at Orenburg, negotiations between the Omsk Government and the Allies having been successfully completed. General Dutoff has telegraphed that he will hold Orenburg as long as possible.

[A dispatch from London on June 23 said an unconfirmed report of the capture of Orenburg by the Bolsheviki had been received in official circles.]

The trip of the allied soldiers to Orenburg will be somewhat perilous, because to reach that place they must make a sled journey of nearly 200 miles across the country swarming with wolves, which have multiplied because huntsmen there are without ammunition.

Advices from Orenburg state that many of General Dutoff's men are without rifles, but do terrible execution in Bolshevist ranks by charging with sabres.

Packs of ravenous wolves infest the district about Omsk, attacking and devouring cattle, and even men are in danger outside of the city.

It is reported that Bolshevist forces plan to recapture Perm, which was taken from them last month by General Gaida's Siberian and Czechoslovak troops. The only real arsenal in the Ural regional at Perm, the former Russian Government refusing to establish arsenals in Siberia.

France and Great Britain have notified Admiral Kolchak, head of the Omsk Government, that they consider the acceptance by Foreign Minister Sazonoff of plans for unity of command and the settlement of the railroad question as signalizing closer ties between the forces fighting the Bolsheviki in Siberia. While there is no official recognition accorded as yet, it is apparent that the powers, including America, have a tendency to look on the Omsk régime as a strong de facto government.

A number of high allied officers are understood to favor vigorous Japanese intervention, believing that the future of the country depends upon military successes and the quick destruction of Bolshevism. National Socialists, on the other hand, have sent a memorial to Admiral Kolchak, pledging their adherence and expressing the belief that his Government alone is capable of saving the country, nationally and internationally.

Newspapers urge American capitalists to invest in projects in Siberia, saying that closer economic ties with America are desired. Reports show that there is a heavy demand for American goods among the people here, delays in shipments leading to anxious inquiries. Co-operative associations have been formed to handle and distribute shipments received. The Government wants to establish distributing points at Omsk and Vladivostok.

There has been a distinct improvement in order here recently. Up until last month hardly a morning passed without several bodies being found in the streets. Although there have been no recent tragedies, however, pedestrians are usually armed and hardly ever go out alone at night.

BERLIN EXPECTS WAR WITH BOLSHEVIKI SOON

Actively Preparing to Combat an Invasion from Russia in the Spring.

BERLIN, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—The Neue Berliner Zeitung says it learns that the Government is actively occupied with military preparations for an expected Bolshevist invasion early in the Spring and that it expects to receive the necessary added authority from the National Assembly to mobilize two effective armies which are to be sent to East Prussia and Silesia.

The present preparations are confined to the reorganization of volunteer battalions, some of which are financed privately owing to the financial straits of the Government. The German Army will also be called on to protect troops returning from the Near East by way of the Ukraine.

One of the chief difficulties being encountered is the disinclination of officers to re-enlist because of the treatment they received in the early days of the revolution.

The newspaper says that the campaign to protect the eastern border from Russian invasion will be under the general direction of Field Marshal von Hindenburg, whose headquarters has not yet been moved from Cassel on account of the alleged opposition of the Soldiers' Councils in the west to the proposed campaign.

Jan. 23.—The Bolshevist telegraphic agency Rosta, which was raided at the time of the Spartacide rebellion, had a staff of seventy persons, including many women, all of whom were drawing liberal salaries. The payroll was headed by Former Police Chief Eichhorn, with 1,000 marks monthly. Eichhorn's wife drew 400 marks a month, while she also was on the city's payroll as her husband's assistant at police headquarters.

While the Rosta ostensibly was a news exchange, an investigation has revealed the fact that it was carrying on elaborate propagandist activities.

APPEAL AGAINST REDS.

Anti-Bolshevist Governments Ask Allies for Help and Justice.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—The Governments of Siberia, the Caucasus, and the Crimea have addressed to the Russian representatives gathered in Paris a declaration to be presented to the allied and associated Governments. It is in the form of an appeal for help and justice.

The declaration recapitulates recent events in Russia and sets forth that the anti-Bolshevist forces are fighting for their country, for true liberty, and for a broad democracy based on the same principles and ideals for which the Allies entered the present war.

The Bolsheviki, on the other hand, are declared to have repudiated their country and established a reign of terror with the object of extending it throughout the world. The Bolsheviki, the declaration adds, are a small minority which has succeeded in imposing a tyrannical system by violence.

The Governments, in addressing the allied and associated Governments, say that they are equally against past and present autocracy and that they are only aiming to establish throughout Russia a modern, progressive, and enlightened form of government, granting to all racial, sects, cultural freedom on the broadest lines, thus insuring the widest possible autonomy and the maintenance of the unity of the nation.

TROTZKY NOT CAPTURED.

Reds, After Narva Defeat, Moving on Libau—British Squadron There.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen, quoting advices received from Reval, are to the effect that Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevist Minister of War and Marine, succeeded in escaping from Narva, before that town was captured, but that a regiment of the Red Guard and a number of its officers were made prisoner.

The dispatch adds the Reds killed the bourgeoise who remained in Narva, and also the entire populations of surrounding villages, owing to the inability of the people to pay the heavy taxes imposed on them.

The Bolsheviki are advancing against Libau, which, according to report, will be defended by the British squadron there.

A Basle dispatch Friday reported that Trotzky did not make his escape from Narva, while previously an Esthonian official report said he had escaped from the city.

PRESIDENT HOPEFUL OF WORLD SUFFRAGE

Tells Workingwomen, However, That It Is a Question for Each Nation to Decide.

FULL TEXT OF HIS SPEECH

He Declares the Women of France Have Borne the Chief Burden of the War.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—The text of President Wilson's address to a delegation representing the workingwomen of France, who called on him today at the Murat Mansion to urge that the Peace Conference include woman suffrage among the points to be settled by the conference, follows:

"Mlle. Thomson and Ladies: You have not only done me a great honor, but you have touched me very much by this unexpected tribute, and may I add that you have frightened me, because, realizing the great confidence you place in me, I am led to the question of my own ability to justify that confidence?

"You have not placed your confidence wrongly in my hopes and purposes, but perhaps not all of those hopes and purposes can be realized in the great matter that you have so much at heart—the right of women to take their full share in the political life of the nations to which they belong. That is necessarily a domestic question for the several nations. A conference of peace settling the relations of nations with each other would be regarded as going very much outside its province if it undertook to dictate to the several States what their internal policy should be.

"At the same time these considerations apply also to the conditions of labor; and it does not seem to be unlikely that the conference will take some action by way of expressing its sentiments, at any rate with regard to the international aspects at least of labor, and I should hope tht some occasion might be offered for the case not only of the women of France, but of their sisters all over the world, to be presented to the consideration of the conference.

"The conference is turning out to be a rather unwieldy body, a very large body representing a great many nations, large and small, old and new, and the method of organizing its work successfully, I am afraid, will have to be worked out stage by stage. Therefore I have no confident prediction to make as to the way in which it can take up questions of this sort.

"But what I have most at heart today is to avail myself of this opportunity to express my admiration for the women of France and my admiration for the women of all the nations that have been engaged in the war. By consensus of this war the chief burden has fallen upon the women of France, and they have borne it with a spirit and a devotion which have commanded the admiration of the world.

"I do not think that the people of France fully realize, perhaps, the intensity of the sympathy that other nations have felt for them. They think of us in America, for example, as a long way off. And we are in space, but we are not in thought. You must remember that the United States is made up of the nations of Europe; that French sympathies run straight across the seas, not merely by historic association, but by blood connection, and that these nerves of sympathy are quick to transmit the impulses of the one nation to the other.

"We have followed your sufferings with a feeling that we were witnessing one of the most heroic, and, may I add, at the same time, satisfactory things in the world—satisfactory because it showed the strength of the human spirit, the indomitable power of women and men alike to sustain any burden if the cause was great enough.

"In an ordinary war there might have been some shrinking, some sinking of effort; but this was not an ordinary war. This war is a war not only to redeem France from an enemy, but to redeem the world from an enemy. And France, therefore, and the women of France strained their hearts to sustain the world. I hope that the strain has not been in vain. I know that it has not been in vain.

"This war has been popular and unlike other wars, in that it seemed sometimes as if the chief strain was behind the lines and not at the lines. It took so many men to conduct the war that the older men and the women at home had to carry the nation. Not only so, but the industries of the nation were almost as much a part of the fighting as the things that took place at the fronts.

"So it is for that reason that I have said to those with whom I am at present associated that this must be a peoples' peace, because this was a peoples' war. The people won this war, not the Governments; and the people must reap the benefits of the war. At every turn we must see to it that it is not an adjustment between Governments merely, but an arrangement for the peace and security of men and women everywhere.

"The little obscure sufferings and the daily unknown privations, the unspoken sufferings of the heart, are the tragical things of this war. They have been borne at home, and the centre of the home is the woman. My heart goes out to you, therefore, ladies, in a very unusual degree, and I welcome this opportunity to bring you this message, not from myself merely but from the great people whom I represent."

WANTS RUSSIA IN LEAGUE.

Isolation is an Impossible Condition, Professor Kallen Declares.

In discussing the League of Nations, Professor Horace Meyer Kallen of Harvard University, at the People's Forum at Cooper Union last night, said that if the league included all the nations, especially Russia, the result would be the extension of the Monroe Doctrine to the world, whereas any attempt to exclude Russia would result in another Holy Alliance.

The conditions which confronted the world today, he said, were exactly the same as those that confronted the world at the time of the American and French revolutions, with the one additional factor, that of the invention of machinery. Machinery had made the nations interdependent, and therefore any one nation was unable to exist without the good-will of the rest of the world, or without recourse to arms. In discussing America's need of nitrates, as an example, Professor Kallen said:

"Before the war we paid $75 a ton for nitrates from Chile, but during the war we were compelled to make them at a cost of $250 a ton. Now that the war is over there are some gentlemen who are opposed to the League of Nations, and ask that a protective tariff be placed upon nitrates so that the difference between $75 and $250 will be added to the cost of bread for you and me. Now under the old imperialist system we would establish our interests in Chile, then later pick a quarrel with her and by force of arms take her over and make her a part of us. Instead, we ought to depend upon the good-will that it is the intention of the league to foster, for good-will is one of the best things in the world to depend upon.

"The Monroe Doctrine protected America from the establishment of colonies of monarchist countries upon the western hemisphere; it preserved to her the right to work out her own salvation, to experiment in her own way without interference. A League of Nations would do this for the whole world. It would do it for Russia, which is making a new experiment in government.

"Whereas 100 years ago Russia could have continued to exist isolated from the rest of the world, the invention of machinery now makes this impossible. The two conditions dovetail so that the league is necessary for Russia and Russia is necessary for the world.

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How to avoid family money-disputes

WHEN a well-to-do man dies, you have probably noted the alacrity with which well-intentioned relatives and friends volunteer to instruct the widow *how to invest.*

From all sides the heirs are tempted to put money into this and that "wonderful opportunity," "great money maker," "sure thing." Family disputes are apt to arise. Troubles follow.

Wise investors are rare.

The sound investment of other peoples' money primarily calls for years of cool-headed investing experience. To this should be added an active knowledge of present-day investment opportunity. Most important of all, absolute safe-guards should be set up against temptations to waste money in any form of speculation.

If you wish your wife and other heirs to enjoy the *lasting* benefits of your savings and forethought, with no chance for family money-disputes, you will do well to look into—

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Years AGO

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¶ *IMPORTANT EVENTS COMING.*

HOW TO SAVE ON SHOES

"Out of curiosity I tried a pair of Neolin Soles," writes W. P. Macartney of St. Louis, "and today, after five months of hard service I fail to notice any real signs of wear on them."

This statement points the way to real economy in shoes. What your shoes cost, by the year, depends largely on how the soles wear and Neolin Soles do wear a very long time. Moreover, they are exceedingly comfortable and waterproof—scientifically made to be exactly what soles should be and so worn now by millions.

They are available everywhere on new shoes and for re-soling. They are made by The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels, guaranteed to outwear any other heels.

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Caution! Beware of similarly constructed needles of inferior quality.

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COMPETENT ACCOUNTANT
Must be experienced in cost accounting and practical office routine. State references, age, salary. Y 247 Times Annex.

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U-BOAT 53 SANK THE JACOB JONES

Submarine That Visited Newport Sent American Destroyer to the Bottom.

BAGLEY WAS RECOGNIZED

German Commander Saw Him Here — Sent Out Wireless Call — How the Ticonderoga Sank.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The American destroyer Jacob Jones, sunk off the Irish coast by a German submarine Dec. 6, 1917, was torpedoed by the U-53, the vessel which visited Newport, R. I., in the Summer of 1916, and later harried allied merchant shipping off the New England coast.

This fact was disclosed in the report of Lieutenants F. L. Muller and J. H. Fulcher, U. S. N., who were captured by the submarine U-152, which sank the cargo transport Ticonderega Sept. 30, 1918, and released when the German submarine flotilla was surrendered Nov. 21, after they had spent nearly two months on the submersible in American waters and at the German submarine base at Kiel.

The report, made public tonight by the Navy Department, showed also that the German officer commanding the U-53 when the Jones was destroyed, Captain von Schrader, was aboard the boat when it was at Newport. He there saw Commander David Worth Bagley, a brother of the wife of Secretary Daniels, who commanded the Jacob Jones. Von Schrader told the captured American officers that he recognized Bagley in the dory of the sinking destroyer and sent out a wireless call for aid before leaving the scene. A note appended to the report, presumably by Vice Admiral Sims, said such a call was picked up at Queenstown, but that its origin had been a mystery.

The U-152, which, after sinking the Ticonderoga and taking Muller and Fulcher aboard, continued to American waters to raid shipping, encountered the U-53 on her way back to Kiel after all German submarines had been recalled near the end of the war. Besides telling of the destruction of the Jacob Jones, Captain von Schrader said that, six weeks earlier, in the Bristol Channel, he had sunk an American scort ship, believed to have been the former coast guard cutter Tampa, which went down with all on board, and had fired a torpedo at the American scout cruiser Chester. The Tampa was sunk last Sept. 26, and the Navy Department said there was no evidence that the U-53 was in the vicinity The Chester was not hit.

The two American officers, in their joint report to Admiral Sims, told a detailed story of events during their stay on the U-152 and on the submarine mother ship, Kronprinz Heinrich, in Kiel harbor. They spoke also of their unique experience in being the only passengers, so far as known, to travel from Germany to Harwich, England, with the flotilla of enemy submarines surrendered two weeks after the signing of the armistice.

Sinking of the Ticonderoga.

The Ticonderoga, which was going to France with a cargo of railway cars and 113 army personnel, in addition to her naval crew, had fallen behind her convoy in misty weather, when she was attacked with shrapnel fire by the U-152, which fired forty shots, demolishing the radio house and killing four members of the 6-inch gun crew before the cruiser Galveston hove in sight and drove the enemy off. More than an hour later, the U-152 reappeared and pounded the Ticonderoga with forty more shots, which finally reached the engine and fire rooms. The order to abandon ship was given, but a sheet hoisted in the rigging as a sign of surrender was not heeded by the submarine, and, according to the report, Fulcher "waved a pillow slip from the deck." The Captain of the transport had been wounded, as had Fulcher and Muller, the executive officer, and Fulcher, who was First Assistant Engineer, agreed there was nothing to do but surrender, as many of the men aboard had been killed.

After the Ticonderoga went down the U-152, after fishing out barrels of potatoes and onions from the floating wreckage, picked up Muller, who was taken for the commander of the ship, and later Fulcher. The report said that Captain Franz of the U-boat "was under the impression that the aftergun (of the transport) had continued firing after the sheet had been hoisted."

Many wounded men on rafts or in the water pleaded with the Germans to be taken aboard, as they had no food or water or chance of life if left to their fate, but Franz told them he had "room for no more" and cast them adrift.

Muller and Fulcher made no complaint of their treatment aboard the submarine, which was outward bound from Kiel for the American coast on her second trip, and which continued into the gulf stream on the lookout for allied shipping. First news of the armistice negotiations came by radio, with the message: "Engage men-of-war only. The merchant war is ended." The Americans were told by the German officers that this was "the first act of our new Government."

On Oct. 12, however, the U-152 encountered and sank the Norwegian bark Stifinder off the Newfoundland coast, leaving the crew in their boats 1,000 miles from land. Two days later an unarmed ship was fired at, but a cruiser or destroyer drove the U-boat under and dropped depth bombs. Several duels with armed ships occurred later, the results of which the prisoners did not learn, and on Oct. 20 came a radio order, "All submarines return to Kiel," which was obeyed.

Announced the War Was Over.

It was not until Nov. 11 that the U-152 reached the North Sea mine barrage, through which it passed on the surface. The following day Captain Franz announced that the armistice had been signed and the war was over. "All hands seemed pleased," the report said.

That night in the Skagerrack the U-53 was encountered, and the story of the sinking of the Jacob Jones was heard The last report from the U-53 was that she was headed for Swedish waters to intern rather than return to Germany.

Only ten of the eighty in the crew of the U-152 voted to intern. Captain Franz then set out, saying he did not know where they would arrive, whether in Sweden, Denmark, or Kiel, but adding that the Americans were no longer prisoners and would receive his protection at all hazards.

The U-152 reached Kiel Nov. 15 and tied up with six other submarines beside the mother ship. The Americans were permitted to go ashore and received good treatment at all times. Officers and men both said they would do everything possible to help the Americans reach a neutral country, but finally the German Sailors' Committee, which was in charge of all ships at Kiel, told the Americans that the submarines were going to England with transports," and that they could go aboard the transports if they pleased. The crew of the U-152 protested and agreed by vote to take Muller and Fulcher with them, saying "we wish to insure your safety."

On Nov. 20 the flotilla set out, the U-152 leading one column of submarines and the U-155, formerly the merchant submarine Deutschland, which made two trips to the United States before this country entered the war, leading the other column.

The report said the German sailors and officers were unanimous in believing Germany would have won the war had not the United States intervened, and added that all appeared enthusiastic over the idea of a German republic.

"Take all our submarines and battleships and battle cruisers," the head of the Sailors' Committee on the German mother ship told the Americans. "Sink them in midocean. We don't want them any more. What we do want from now on are plows and picks and shovels, to get back to work again."

SIGNED WITH THIRTY ROADS.

Belated McAdoo Report Shows Status of Government Contracts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—A belated section of the annual report of William G. McAdoo, as Director General of Railroads, dealing wholly with the law operations of the Railroad Administration, made public tonight, says that so far the Federal railroad contract has been signed with thirty railroads, all but seven of which are Class 1 roads.

The Class 1 roads with which contracts have been executed are the Pennsylvania, New York Central, New York, Ontario & Western, Norfolk & Western, Northern Pacific, Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac, Atlantic Coast Line, Santa Fé, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh, Chicago & Northwestern, Burlington, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, Cincinnati Northern, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis, Colorado & Southern, Fort Worth & Denver City, Great Northern, Lake Erie & Western, Lehigh Valley, Michigan Central, Minnesota & International, and Missouri & North Arkansas.

The other roads with which contracts have been executed are the Augusta Southern, Detroit Terminal, Georgia & Florida, Gulf, Texas & Western, Indiana Harbor Belt, Lake Erie & Eastern, and Galveston Wharf Company.

URGES A PROTEST ON PACIFIST LIST

Paul U. Kellogg Sees "Sheer Ignorance and Malignity" in Military "Who's Who."

ASKS FOR PLEAS TO BAKER

The Nation's Managing Editor Explains Holdup of Publication by Postmaster Here.

Paul U. Kellogg, editor of The Survey, made an appeal yesterday to liberals in this country, whose names had not been included in the alleged "Who's Who" in pacifism and radicalism which was submitted to the Senate Investigating Committee, to wire protests to Secretary of War Baker against the procedure of the Military Intelligence Division, which has been making most of the disclosures to the Senate Committee.

"THE TIMES," said Mr. Kellogg, "published my telegram to Secretary Baker protesting against the list of sixty-two Americans charged by the Military Intelligence Division of the War Department with obstructing the prosecution of the war. The inference might be drawn from this that my name was on the list. Such was not the case.

"I don't care about this so far as I am personally concerned. It would be an honor to be classed with some of those men and women. But such an inference strips my telegram of its force as a protest of an outsider against the sheer ignorance and malignity of that military intelligence list. There may be pro-Germans on the list of sixty-two persons. If so, they have no business to be classed with the vast majority.

Some Became Active in War.

"I find Socialists listed of the same point of view as those who have just overthrown the Kaiser. I find Quakers who represent the far extreme from Prussianism, and to confuse the two is like saying the equator runs through the north pole. I find people who, once the Russian revolution and the American war aims made the war a clean-cut struggle between democracy and autocracy, put their backs into the American war service.

"I find people who were actively for the war before we went into it, who have been unreservedly for it since, but in a struggle against Prussianism abroad kept faith with liberty at home and stood out for freedom of the press and speech. To class them as pacifists is like classing the torpedo boat destroyers with a Staten Island ferry.

"As a whole, the list is about as intelligent as it would be to take Brigham Young, Cardinal Gibbons, Robert G. Ingersoll and Billy Sunday and lump them together as advocates of religion. There is only one type of mind that could commit that blunder, and that the mind of the extreme reactionary who denies that this was a war for democracy, and is afraid that democracy will come out of it.

"It is time that some one broke the spell of Tory-minded terrorism that has set out to put liberal Americans under the ban and to seal their lips, when the democratic world policies which President Wilson is pressing to success at Versailles come up for ratification in the United States Senate.

"I urge liberal-minded Americans who were on the list and who have served their country to wire Secretary Baker, calling on him to retrieve the injury done by his subordinates in that misplaced pill-box of Potsdamism, the Military Intelligence Division of the United States War Department."

Dr. Mussey's Denial.

Dr. Henry Raymond Mussey, managing editor of The Nation, telephoned to THE TIMES last night from his home in Croton-on-the-Hudson to deny the statement made yesterday that The Nation "was recently denied the mails for a time by the Postmaster General on the grounds that it had contained seditious matter." Dr. Mussey pointed out that it was the local postal authorities in New York who held up the Sept. 14 issue of The Nation, and that on the matter being referred to Washington the Postmaster General permitted that issue of the paper to be circulated in the mails.

Dr. Mussey also protested against the statement that Oswald Garrison Villard, editor of The Nation, whose name is included in the list of pacifists and radicals submitted to the Senate Committee on Friday and who is now abroad, had not been "permitted, at last accounts" by the British authorities to proceed from England to France. Mr. Villard reached France from England, Dr. Mussey said, about ten days ago, and the last issue of The Nation contained a cable letter from him sent from France. Mr. Villard, in a telegram to Solicitor General Lamar, sent soon after an issue of his paper had been withheld from the mails in New York, asserted that "no seditious or treasonable utterance has ever appeared in The Nation or ever will."

CHEER FOR IRISH REPUBLIC.

Mass Meeting Sends Cable Message Asking Wilson's Aid.

A crowd of 3,000 persons met last night at Corpus Christi Hall, Broadway and 121st Street, under the auspices of the John P. Holland Branch of the Friends of Irish Freedom and cheered every reference to Ireland as a self-governed nation. After speakers had asserted their faith that President Wilson would insist upon a free Ireland, a cable message was sent to the President urging him to act at the Peace Conference.

A letter was read from Jeremiah O'Leary in which the accused lawyer, whose trial begins today, declared his innocence and made many charges. One of them was that he had been mistreated in the hospital "at the instance of United States District Attorney James W. Osborne, Jr." O'Leary also found fault with the jury panel selected to try him, asserting that few names of Irish extraction appeared in the jury lists. A resolution was adopted calling upon Congress to support the Gallagher resolution and acknowledge the independence of the Irish Republic.

Among the speakers were Norman Thomas, Major Thomas McIntyre, U. S. A., retired; Alfred W. McCann, Peter Golden, the Rev. Patrick J. O'Donnell, and the Rev. P. E. Magennis, the latter National President of the Friends of Irish Freedom.

CALLS PARCEL POST MEETING

Exporters Asked to Aid in Extending the Foreign Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26—Exporters throughout the country have ben invited by Otto Praeger, Second Assistant Postmaster General, to attend a conference here on Feb. 11 to consider important questions concerning the improvement and expansion of the international parcel post.

There are at this time parcel post conventions in effect with forty-four countries. To all the countries the postage rate is 12 cents a pound, and to all except four the limit of weight for a single package is eleven pounds. To Equador, Mexico, the Republic of Panama, and Salvador the weight limit is twenty pounds.

In calling the conference the Post Office Department announced that as a result of the war, parcel post services to Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Liberia, the Netherlands, Nerway and Sweden were suspended. With the removal of the war conditions, it was stated, it was probable that there would be an early resumption of services to all of the countries named except Austria, Hungary, and Germany.

"In order to know what inquiries as to parcel post possibilities have arisen with exporters," says the statement, mail order firms, and others, it is suggested that information be collected by those expecting to attend the conference that would tend to show what countries experience had indicated offered the best field for examination with a view to the cultivation of an opinion in these countries favorable to concessions that may be necessary to permit of agreements for a parcel post service."

LISBON CABINET RESIGNS OFFICE

Reluctance to Weaken Republican Forces in Country's Crisis the Reason Given.

ROYALISTS REPORT LOSING

Political and Military Prisoners Said to Have Offered Their Services to the Government.

LISBON, Jan. 26. (Associated Press.)—The Portuguese Cabinet has resigned. In an official note the Government explains that although the monarchist movement in Braganza, Lisbon, and other places has been overcome, in still other districts the military and civil elements are seeking to revive quarrels among the Republicans. Wherefore the Ministers, not desiring to weaken the Republican forces in the present grave hour, have decided to resign, but will continue their functions until a new Government is formed.

The royalist movement in the north, which was restricted to Oporto and Braga, is now being put down by the concentration of republican troops. The movement has been completely stamped out in Lisbon, where some infantry, cavalry, and artillery occupied the two forts of Monsanto Hill and Duque and hoisted the royalist flag Wednesday. These forces, which included two batteries of artillery, surrendered last night after a prolonged bombardment by Government troops, aided by marines and battalions of civilian volunteers, who enthusiastically offered their services for the defense of the Republic.

This movement has had an excellent effect in uniting all Republicans to the cause of putting aside divergencies. The political prisoners taken in the recent Santarem rising offered unconditionally their services to the Government against the Royalists. These men included Major Castro, who had escaped from prison, but who presented himself to the Government and offered his aid.

The casualties resulting from the fighting in Lisbon aggregate twelve dead and fifty-one persons wounded.

Troops from Lisbon are now proceeding to the north.

Yesterday afternoon a Republican airplane flew over the city, dropping leaflets, and the President rode through the streets, being received with enthusiasm. Incendiary fires kindled in the outskirts of Lisbon during the day were quickly extinguished. Wire communication with Braga, Oporto, Vienna, and Vizeu is still interrupted.

All the political prisoners have been released, with the exception of the assassin of Dr. Sidonio Paes, President of the republic.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—A dispatch from Oporto dated Friday, says communication with Lisbon was still cut. The mobilization of the army was continuing and civil battalions were being organized. Oporto was tranquil.

KING REPORTED IN PORTUGAL.

But His Private Secretary Denies Manuel Has Left London.

VIGO, Spain, Jan. 25.—Former King Manuel is reported to have entered Portugal at 6 o'clock this morning, having crossed the Minho River at Caminha.

Persons arriving here from Oporto report that an airplane has dropped leaflets over the city which advise foreigners to depart if they do not wish to be the victims of wholesale slaughter.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The private secretary of King Manuel of Portugal is authority for the statement that Manuel still is in London, and that he does not intend to go to Portugal.

On the other hand, close friends of the former King, who hitherto had denied rumors that he had left England, refused today to comment on the report that he had entered Portugal.

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HOOVER SEES PERIL TO OUR FARMERS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

cumulated large stocks of fats as an insurance against the submarine menace. Freed from this menace, and with the shortage of finance experienced by all Governments, together with the loss in the storage of commodities by deterioration, there is a natural desire on their part to reduce their stocks.

"Other factors have entered into the situation. For instance, the inactive armies and munition workers are consuming less fats, and the vegetable is freed for human consumption. This came upon us immediately with the armistice in early November in the midst of our heaviest hog marketing season, which lasts from October until March. When I left home for Europe in November this problem was already facing me as one among many others for which assistance had to be found, in the protection of our American farmer, lest from failure to find a market for his products during the armistice and pending the wider markets of peace his prices might fall below his cost of production, entailing great waste of surplus commodities.

"We have found it possible to protect the American farmer in the two and one-half months since the armistice. This we have done by co-operating with the Allies, in opening wider markets to neutral countries and by relief shipments into the liberated territories. The next and last six weeks of the high fat production season will be still more difficult to manage, as peace cannot be expected in that time, restoring extended markets.

"On the other hand, five-sixths of this problem is already completed, and by next May, if we have peace and freedom, any surplus that accumulates now will be turned into another world shortage of fats. Indeed, if the entire consuming population of the world were able to obtain fats today, there would be a shortage at this moment, even with our great surplus production.

"Numerous solutions have been proposed. It has been considered that the allied Governments should continue to purchase the surplus production of pork products, despite the accumulated stocks and lack of immediate need, and thus protect the American farmer against the surplus provided especially for them. It has been contended that they are under moral obligations to execute the forecasts of their requirements given from time to time through their various agencies.

"The Allies can, however, contend that they also have great problems of excess production in commodities such as munitions, which they have, likewise, produced under war pressure. They can contend that we have jointly fought and won the war; that this is sudden and catches us all with a vast production which must be faced and liquidated by each of us without undue pressure, one against the other; that they, like ourselves, are entering a period of large employment during the readjustment, and that their people, like ours, need lower food prices.

"The real solution lies in the hope of early peace and, in the meantime, the steady demobilization for all restrictions on free marketing of surplus foods, except in enemy territory, thus re-establishing the law of supply and demand.

"Practically all restrictions on American food exports have been removed. Progress has been made in lifting neutral blockade restrictions, and further relaxations of blockade measures are under earnest consideration. The readjustment of consolidated buying agencies is hoped for, in order that merchants may enter upon trade freely on both sides, and thus secure a normal basis of price determining, without any dominating influences.

"It is, however, no more possible to demobilize in a week the whole of these intricate forces set up during the war than it is to demobilize our army by dismissing it on the field; and, pending these solutions, our American farmers, merchants, packers, and banks simply must stand together for two or three months to carry our excess surplus over until the markets of the world have been more extended and finally liberated by peace. The meeting of farmers' and packers' representatives called at Chicago on Tuesday has to consider these problems."

MORRIS PROFITS 7.83 PER CENT.

Packers' Annual Report Shows Net Earnings of $4,217,858.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—Morris & Co., packers, in their financial report for the year ended Nov. 12, 1918, made public today, show net earnings of $4,217,858 upon a capital investment of $53,864,934, or 7.83 per cent., less than 1½ cents on each dollar of sales. The volume of sales shows an increase of $100,000,000, and the profit a decrease of more than $1,000,000. Cash in bank shows a gain of over $13,000,000, while total liabilities increased slightly above this amount.

President Edward Morris says in a statement to stockholders:

"This was accomplished by paying only a small portion of the earnings in dividends to the stockholders, allowing the balance to remain in the business, and also by keeping the company's products closely sold. We were therefore able to go through the year without any re-financing."

Thirty per cent. of the firm's products were used in feeding the Army and Navy and the Allies.

In commenting on the net profit for the year, President Morris said:

"This profit is very small, especially considering the fact that we are handling a perishable product, and is considerably less than we have made in previous years. Although we have operated under the Federal Food Administration license, we have not made the profit which was considered fair and allowed under their rulings."

ARGENTINE GRAIN HELD UP.

Shipments Await Arrangement with European Nations.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 26.—The cereal market has been paralyzed during the week owing to the uncertainty over the outcome of the proposed cereal convention with Great Britain, France and Italy. Export buyers purchased nothing, enabling home buyers to operate at very low prices. There was a light demand for both maize and wheat, although receipts were heavy.

All efforts to end the strike of port workers have failed. The employers have withdrawn their negotiations because of the hopeless deadlock between them and the strikers, thus leaving the situation the same as it was the first day of the strike three weeks ago.

FARMERS ARE REASSURED,

But Advised to Abandon Emergency Practices in Planting.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Farmers of the United States were urged today by the Department of Agriculture to return to sound farm practice in the coming season, abandoning certain emergency measures adopted during the war so as to assure ample supplies of all kinds for this country and Europe.

No cause for alarm as to the ability of American agriculture to maintain its position in world trade during the period of readjustment is foreseen by the department, which declared that a considerable demand from European countries still exist.

Readjustment is foreseen by the department, which declared that a considerable demand from European countries for foodstuffs was almost assured for a year or more.

The signing of the armistice found the United States with fairly large stocks of foods, but with smaller stocks of feed. It was recommended that pasture lands plowed up for growing grains and other food crops should be reseeded to grass and that regular and satisfactory rotation of crops be resumed.

A wise livestock program was said to include maintaining horses and mules without material increase, a normal increase in dairy cows and beef cattle, conservative increase in swine until the relative shortage and high price of feeds are overcome, an increase in sheep consistent with facilities and in poultry if a minimum of purchased feed is required.

The department is certain that farmers will be justified in maintaining their acreages of corn, oats, and barley, large productions of which are necessary to livestock production, but the policy as to wheat, of which Europe will need 728,000,000 bushels, depends upon a complicated set of conditions yet undetermined.

GET CHEAPER EGGS BY POST

Employes in Post Office Here Permitted to Try Co-operative Plan.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Blakslee has authorized the employes of the New York Post Office to try an experiment in co-operative buying of fresh eggs at their rural sources, the eggs to be forwarded by parcel post to the local office, the Postmaster at the rural office acting as purchasing agent. In a letter to the Postmaster here, Mr. Blakslee states that a similar plan has been tried out in Philadelphia and Washington for the past eight weeks and that a saving of 15 cents a dozen on eggs has resulted.

From prices gathered in country towns near New York, he estimates that, allowing 3 cents for postage, war tax and return of the container, eggs can be brought here for 73 cents a dozen, a saving of 11 cents over the price fixed as reasonable by the Federal Food Board at the time Mr. Blakslee's letter was written.

FEAR BRITISH CUT IN AMERICAN TRADE

Motor Car Shippers Send Protest on Announcement of Renewed Restrictions.

HOPE OF LIMITED RELIEF

Enthoven Intimates That Action Will Be Taken to Tide Over Period of Change.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Assurances given at the Board of Trade today to a deputation, representing the motor trade group of the American Chamber of Commerce, have gone far to remove apprehensions felt by American importers here as to the future of their businesses.

About a week ago Sir Albert Stanley, President of the Board of Trade, received a deputation of British business men, and, according to the only account of the interview published, "pledged himself that the restrictions on importations which had been lifted for three months shall be reimposed at the expiration of that period, and that there shall be no further removal without the manufacturers of the country being consulted. In fact the President of the Board of Trade realized that it might be necessary to impose further restrictions."

This greatly alarmed the members of the American importing community. They had cheerfully borne the restrictions and regulations imposed during the war, recognizing that they were essential to the safety of England, and had hailed the recent lifting for ninety days of the restrictions on forty-nine articles of American importation with satisfaction, as showing that the period of restraint was drawing to an end. The newspaper report, however, seemed to show that the restrictions were to be more severe than ever.

Holds Out Hope of Relief.

The American Chamber of Commerce sent a letter of protest to Sir Albert, and today the motor car men interviewed in his absence Reginald E. Enthoven, head of the Department of Import Restrictions. That official said it was an error to suppose that the British Government contemplated a policy of exclusion, and it was anxious to consider all representations made by the Americans. He suggested that the motor importers should draw up a statement of the amount of goods each firm would need to import to enable it to maintain itself until the general situation cleared up, and promised that the Board of Trade would consider it and would take no steps without full consideration of the American point of view.

Although only the motor importers were represented at today's interview, Enthoven's statement is understood to show the British authorities' attitude to all American importers, and THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns, has been received with a good deal of relief by them.

It is undeniable that since the armistice was declared the American importing community in London has been a good deal worried as to its prospects. For some weeks the Americans have known that there is no reason, so far as shipping is concerned, why the British import restrictions should not be relaxed. But they have been unable to find that there was much prospect of that being done.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent has found in conversation with a number of American importers a full recognition of the difficulties under which England still labors. They have realized that British manufacturers were not yet ready to resume ordinary trade work, and had a right to defend protection from American competition. The Americans recognized, also, that with 30,000 men demobilized daily the stability of society needed provision of employment for them at once but they could not understand why the authorities still refused to permit importation of such articles as typewriters and cheap automobiles, which England has never manufactured in sufficient numbers for herself, and the lack of which is hampering her own work of reconstruction.

Want a Fixed Policy.

Moreover, they have felt that it was hard that American firms which have been established here for years, and have spent very large sums in advertising and establishing their businesses, should be deprived of the facilities to carry them on one moment longer than necessary, and have the ground cut from under their feet on a sort of side issue.

"Make it quite clear," said one prominent American to THE TIMES correspondent, "that we do not question for a moment the right of the British people to adopt any fiscal policy they please. Personally I should be surprised if they are not forced to go in for protection. They may be exclusionist if they want, or high tariff, or low tariff, as they think best.

"We Americans will adapt ourselves to any policy they decide upon, but we do want a decision. We do want to know where we stand."

Asked if he thought the British authorities would listen to the American representations, he replied emphatically:

"Undoubtedly during the war there have been many instances of hardship and cases where through inadvertence the Americans have come off worse than other importers. Whenever we have brought such matters to the Board of Trade they always have been adjusted as well as possible, and I believe we shall get over this difficulty now."

Soldier Drowned in Bronx River.

Private Isidore Bleiweiss, 20 years old, attached to the Army Transportation Corps, was drowned yesterday in the Bronx River, at 182d Street. His friend, Alexander Greenwald, 18 years old, a collector, of 600 East 136th Street, the Bronx, was rescued. Two boys were drowned in the same spot last Sunday. The young men were walking on the ice near the shore when the ice gave way and although several members of the Bronx Boat Club went to their assistance, they could only save Greenwald.

BRITISH RAILWAY MEN THREATEN TO STRIKE

London Shipyard Workers Go Out Today—Industrial Ferment on Clyde Also.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Industrial ferment continues. Another conference of the Railway Union, representing nearly the whole kingdom, was held in London today, and a strong feeling was expressed regarding the Government's "continued neglect to deal adequately" with the men's grievances, threatening a strike unless matters were settled by Feb. 9. Another meeting of 8,000 persons engaged in shipbuilding and repairing in the Port of London decided to strike tomorrow for increased wages.

In Glasgow today the labor community was absorbed in a number of meetings, and as a consequence there will be a strike on the Clyde tomorrow, although how many will be involved is not known, opinion being sharply divided on the question of demanding a forty-hour week, on the ground that when the army is demobilized there will not be enough work to go round if normal working hours are maintained. In many of the large works, however, the men oppose this extreme demand and refuse to join in the strike, hence the attempt to organize a general stoppage of work in Glasgow has failed. The tram men are among others who have refused to strike.

WASHINGTON PORTRAIT AT 10 DOWNING STREET

Wilson Unveils Copy of Picture Whose Original Was Captured in Revolution by British.

After the luncheon at the British Foreign Office, 10 Downing Street, London, on Dec. 27, an episode occurred which was barely mentioned in the exhaustive cable dispatches describing greater events of the same day.

"After lunching with the Prime Minister," says The Times, "President Wilson unveiled in the dining room at 10 Downing Street, a copy of a full length portrait of General George Washington, the first President of the United States. The picture was presented to the Government by Lord and Lady Albemarle to commemorate the entry of the United States into the war.

"The Prime Minister, the President, and all the luncheon guests assembled in the dining room for the ceremony, and were joined by Lord and Lady Albemarle.

"The unveiling was quite an informal affair. The portrait was covered by a length of plain canvas, and the President, taking hold of the two lower corners of this cover, pulled it away and disclosed the picture, representing George Washington in the uniform of Commander in Chief of the American Army.

"There was no speech-making, but Lord Albemarle informed President Wilson in conversation that he considered it most appropriate that the picture should hang on the walls of the historic building where 142 years ago the Treaty of Independence was probably signed. He added that the portrait was a copy of one of three painted in 1779 by Peale of Philadelphia. The original was hung in the Council Chamber of Philadelphia, but was burnt many years ago. Another was hung in the Senate Chamber at Washington, while the third (of which this was a copy) was sent in 1780 by the packet Mercury as a gift to the Stadholder of Holland. It was sent in charge of the Hon. Henry Laurens, ex-President of Congress, but the Mercury was captured at sea by Lord Albemarle's kinsman, Captain George Keppel, R. N., a son of General George, Lord Albemarle, while in command of the Vestal.

Captain Keppel was sent to England to convey Mr. Laurens with his party and belongings to Falmouth. The luggage included the portrait of Washington, and this had been preserved by the Keppel family. Lord Albemarle added that General William, Lord Albemarle, the grandfather of Captain Keppel, while titular Governor of Virginia, in 1753, had association with George Washington, who, as a young man of 21, was sent by him on a journey many hundreds of miles through the backwoods to carry dispatches to Sanpierre, the French Commander, expostulating against the building by the French of forts on British territory.

"Lord Albemarle handed to President Wilson a document containing a brief history of the original of the portrait which he had just unveiled, and the record ended with the following quotation from Kipling:

Also we will make promise, so long as the Blood endures
I shall know that your good is mine, ye shall feel that my strength is yours
In the day of Armageddon, in the last great fight of all.
Our House shall stand together, and its pillars shall not fall.

"The Prime Minister, in thanking Lord and Lady Albemarle for their gift, said it was appropriate that the portrait should hang in the same apartment with that of Burke, (who was entirely opposed to the war,) and that of Fox, two of Washington's great English contemporaries.

"President Wilson, in speaking of the picture, told of another portrait of Washington, which was hung at Mount Vernon. It was reputed to be a very good likeness, but the painter had failed, as he himself admitted, to catch his subject in the mood which he desired. There was a lack of fire and animation, and the painter was quite unable to obtain the exact expression which he required until a chance occurrence gave him what he wanted. A pair of horses was brought to General Washington for inspection, and he was invited to buy them, but when the price was named, it was so astounding that the owner of that which I am expected to kill. My country, Sir, is too little to commit so great an infamy."

STIRRING WORDS BORN OF THE WAR

Famous Phrases, Like "They Shall Not Pass," That Arose from Crises.

"LAFAYETTE, WE ARE HERE"

Said Pershing at Great Frenchman's Tomb—Lost Battalion's Defiance Shouted by Whittlesey.

The war has developed many dramatic phrases. The majority of these grew out of tense crises. Take, for example, the slogan, "They shall not pass." During the tremendous fighting in front of Verdun, when the Germans made their great desperate drive to break through the French battle lines in 1916, this saying passed from lip to lip among the French soldiers. How it originated is not clear. Some have attributed it to Marshal Joffre, others to Marshal Pétain, who was in command of the French fighting forces at Verdun. Others believe the saying originated with the men in the ranks.

To Americans the sententious utterance of General Pershing when he placed a wreath on the tomb of Lafayette in the Picpus Cemetery in Paris conveyed a significance and an inspiration. "Lafayette, we are here," was all he said, but the American, as well as to the Frenchman, it was better than oratory.

Another dramatic phrase which stirred the patriotism of the American people was that attributed to an American commander at Chateau-Thierry when he responded to the advice of French commanders to retreat by declaring: "The American flag has been compelled to retire. This is unendurable. We are going to counter-attack." These statements have been attributed to both Major General Robert L. Bullard and Major General Omar Bundy. Some observers have regarded this incident as the turning point of the war. From that time the Americans advanced. The victory of Chateau-Thierry followed, and thereafter the German Army retreated.

Vice Admiral William S. Sims, commanding the American naval forces in European waters, was asked, when the first Yankee warships arrived in England, early in May, 1917, "When will you be ready for business?" He replied, "We can start at once. We made our preparations on the way over."

There was a dramatic moment, a great crisis in the world's history when General Pershing placed the American Army under the command of the then General Foch, who had just been made commander of all the allied forces, but none of the phrases that General Pershing used were widely quoted as epigrammatic. One which might so have been selected were the words, "Infantry, artillery, aviation, all that we have is yours. Dispose of it as you may desire."

The retort of Major Charles Whittlesey, commander of the "lost battalion" of the American Army in the Argonne Forest, when the Germans surrounded his isolated command and their commander demanded its surrender, was one of the war's historic phrases. "Go to hell," he replied.

The first great battle of the war, the battle that stopped the Germans at the Marne, elicited from the lips of Joffre the historic words: "The hour has come to advance at all costs; to die where you stand rather than to give way."

General, afterward Marshal Pétain, inspired his weary troops at Verdun by an order of the day, concluding with the words: "Courage! We will get them."

General Foch, commanding the French Army in the first battle of the Marne, had been almost overwhelmed by the onward sweep of the German forces. In a memorable message to Joffre he said: "My right is crushed. My left is in retreat. I am attacking with my centre." He did attack and drove a wedge through the German lines that started their retreat to the Aisne.

The people of Paris were stunned by the rapidity with which the Germans advanced in their first rush toward the French capital. The railway stations were besieged, but the great majority of the people knew they must remain. In this tragic moment General Gallieni, military commander of the city, inspired confidence and cheered the faint-hearted with his watchword, "Jusqu' about," or "To the very end." The populace took up the cry, and Gallieni with his army played a signal part in hurling back the legions of von Kluck at the Marne.

No less inspiring but born of less tragic circumstances was the saying of General Gouraud, who upon entering Strasbourg after the liberation of Alsace and Lorraine declared: "The day of glory has come."

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, Commander in Chief of the British armies in France, gave utterance to an appeal in addressing his soldiers which stirred a responsive chord in the hearts of the allied peoples throughout the world. For three weeks the enemy had battered the British lines in a desperate effort to separate them from the French and drive through to the Channel ports. Day after day the British had been driven back. On April 13, 1918, Marshal Haig called upon his men for one last effort.

"Every position must be held to the last man," he ordered. "There must be no retirement. With our backs to the wall and believing in the justice of our cause, every one of us must fight to the end."

When Vice Admiral Sir Rosslyn Wemyss went to tell the German commander of the naval terms of the armistice one of the Teuton Admirals said: "It is inadmissable that our fleet should be given up without having been beaten."

"It had only to come out," was the laconic retort of Admiral Wemyss. Later when the surrendering German warships were escorted by the British fleet into British waters, Vice Admiral Beatty's historic signal, after the enemy fleet had been moored, read: "The German flag is to be hauled down at 3:57 and is not to be hoisted again without permission."

Premier Venizelos, spurning the German Ambassador's invitation to side with the Central Powers, when Monastir and a part of Serbia were offered to Greece as a German bribe, replied: "You ask me to dishonor my signature, to dishonor my country and to violate its obligations toward Serbia and, as remuneration, you offer me part of the corpse of that which I am expected to kill. My country, Sir, is too little to commit so great an infamy."

CHARLES IN SECLUSION.

Ex-Austrian Emperor and Family Receive No Visitors or Letters.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, (via Geneva,) Jan. 26.—Rumors concerning the Emperor's mind being obscured are exaggerated. The facts are as follows:

Emperor Charles is living in absolute seclusion with the Empress and their children, maintaining no relation whatever with the members of the dynasty or the political world and receiving no visitors aside from business calls. His only pastime is reading newspapers and his family life.

At present the Emperor is in bad health and depressed, while the Empress is quite resigned and holding up her head in adversity. She has no communication with her mother, the Duchess of Parma.

The Emperor's mother, the Archduchess Maria Josepha, whose palace was seized by the Government, is compelled to accept the Emperor's hospitality at Eckartsau Castle, having no other means of support.

N. Y. U. May Insure Professors.

New York University is considering the adoption of the Carnegie Foundation's plan of insurance for college professors, it was announced yesterday by Professor Marshall S. Brown, dean of faculties. The plan is a substitute for the pension system. It provides that the university shall assume a part of the annual payments of the premiums. The system was outlined to the Faculty at a meeting addressed by officials of the foundation. It was said by them that an apportionment of $1,000,000 had been made by the foundation for promulgating the insurance plan.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

In the Heart of New York—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L"

Paris Says: "Satin and Georgette Crepe for Daytime Frocks," Making

A Special Sale of Women's New Spring Frocks Today at $39.50

in these beautiful materials of unusual interest!

The model is a direct reproduction of an expensive imported frock, showing the new draped skirt of Satin, and richly Beaded Georgette Crepe yoke and sleeves. Note its graceful lines in the *illustration.*

Obtainable in Navy or Black Satin, with yoke and sleeves in Copenhagen Blue or Henna.

Sizes 34 to 42.

Dame Fashion Has Introduced a Wonderful Collection of

New Frocks for Spring

—the styles being as numerous as they are individual. We have assembled a splendid assortment of those best suited to New York women, fashioned of Printed Pussy Willow Foulards in combination with Georgette Crepe; Charmeuse with Satin, artistically Bead Embroidered; Tricolette in light and dark shades, beautifully hand-embroidered; Printed Georgette Crepe and Chiffon Silks. Priced very reasonably, from

$49.50 to $125

Monday and Tuesday Only—
A Very Important
Sale of Toilet Articles at Reduced Prices

Kolynos Tooth Paste	19c	"Velvo" Wash Cloths, embroidered edges, reg. 15c	10c
Pyorrhocide Tooth Powder	71c	Prophylactic Tooth Brushes, selected seconds	19c
Borine, magnum size	96c	Tooth Brushes, 4 rows of best bristles, bone or transparent handles, reg. 35c	25c
Glyco Thymolin, large size	75c	"Ivortus" Men's Dressing Combs, reg. 25c	19c
Listerine, large size	66c	"Ivortus" Ladies' Dressing Combs, reg. 40c	25c
Phillips' Milk of Magnesia	34c	Silk Wash Cloth Cases, rubberized; with cloth	19c
Hinds' Honey and Almond Cream	33c	"Mermaid" Hair Brush, reg. $1.00	79c
Holmes' Frostilla	17c	Ideal Hair Brush, reg. $1	79c
Westphal's Auxiliator, large size	66c	Bath Brushes, detachable handles, 85c kind	50c
Johnson & Johnson Shaving Cream	22c	Shaving Brushes, reg. 50c	42c
Theatrical Cold Cream, 1-lb. can, reg. 50c	39c	Shaving Brushes, reg. 75c	59c
Ramsdell's Olive Cream in tubes, 25c size	19c	Hand or Nail Brushes, excellent value for	25c
Lamay Face Powder, 50c size	35c	Hodgman's Rubber Moulded Hot Water Bag, reg. $1.50	95c
Pussy Willow Face Powder, 50c size	32c	Fountain Syringes, reg. $1.50	95c
Lysol, 25c size	18c	Shower Bath Sprays, long tubing, large spray; reg. 95c	69c
Wild Root Dandruff Remedy, 60c size	45c	Rubber Bath Sponges, reg. 50c	29c
Wild Root Dandruff Remedy, $1.10 size	85c	Rubber Bathing or Diving Caps	19c
Aladdin Soap Dye	7c	Rubberized Air Pillows, reg. $1.95	$1.25
Tintex, 25c size	12c	Rubberized Wash Basins, reg. $1.75	$1.25
Britt's Powdered Ammonia	12c	Bandage Scissors, guaranteed; to close out	29c
Babcock's Face Powder, reg. 25c	15c	"Sta-Wite" Flexible Nail File, all sizes; just the file for manicurists; reg. 25c	18c
Hyglo Nail Polish, in powder and cake form	19c		
Benzoin and Almond Lotion, bottle	25c		
Absorbent Cotton, 1-lb. package	39c		
Toilet Paper Cabinet, contains 3 rolls of 1,000 sheets each, 42c regular	37c		
Peroxide of Hydrogen, 25c size	18c		
Pure Extract of Witch Hazel, 16-oz. bottle	35c		
Pure Extract of Witch Hazel, 32-oz. bottle	60c		
Park & Tilford Bay Rum, 13-oz. bottle	65c		
Babcock's Butterfly Talcum Powder, reg. 25c	18c		
Du Vallen's Violet Sincera Talcum Powder, 1-lb. cans, reg. 29c	25c		
D'Ormo's Lilac Talcum Powder, reg. 15c	12½c		
D'Ormo's Vegetal Lilas de France	75c		
French Lambs' Wool Puffs, reg. 15s, 10c; reg. 25c	15c		

SALE OF SOAPS

Palm Olive Soap, 3 cakes for	25c
Jergen's Violet Glycerine Soap, 3 cakes for	25c
Armour's Cold Cream and Glycerine Soap, 3 cakes for	25c
Armour's Peroxide Bath Soap, large size; 3 cakes for	28c
Woodbury's Facial Soap, 3 cakes for	55c

No Mail or Telephone Orders filled during this sale. None C. O. D. We reserve the right to limit quantities.

For Immediate Clearance!

135 Women's Fur-Trimmed Coats

Formerly From $35 to $55

Reduced to $33

A very fine lot of coats in the most charming Belted and Loose fitting styles shown this season. Fashioned according to a very high standard of tailoring in materials now very much in favor:

Wool Velour and Fine Quality Bolivia

with luxurious shawl collars of Nutria, Natural Raccoon, or Sealine, Lined throughout with Peau de Cygne and warmly interlined.

For Showery, Early Spring Days—

Women's Showerproof Tweed Coats Monday at $15

Just a glance will reveal them to be worth a great deal more. Raglan and inset sleeve models, lined with serviceable Satin. They come in Rich Grey and Brown tones, also in Tan. Sizes 34 to 46.

None Newer!

Ultra-Smart Belted Box Coat Suits for Women

Monday and Tuesday

At $37.50

The cleverest styles created for Early Spring in materials correct for immediate wear.

Beautifully man tailored—which means excellent service—with narrow shoulders and trim sleeves, shawl or convertible collars of selected furs or self material.

Fashioned of fine quality Wool Velour or Broadcloth, in Black, Navy, Brown, Taupe, Delphine, or Reindeer. Sizes 34 to 44. One style *pictured.*

Fourth Floor

Monday and Tuesday

Fine Corsets for Women and Misses, Special $2

Regularly $4

Incomplete assortments of Corsets made by America's best known manufacturers. Girdle and medium top models, in plain and Novelty materials. Wonderful Values.

Binner and Modart Front-Laced Corsets—broken selections of styles discontinued because of difficulty in duplicating materials. Regularly $8 and $10 ... **$6.95**

Dainty Brassieres—Special 85c

Regularly $1.50. Celebrated DeBevoise Brassieres in Flesh Color Satin, trimmed top and bottom with Cluny Lace. Also "Saks Special" Brassieres and Bandeaux in Pussy Willow Silk or Satin, trimmed with Cluny Lace.

You'll Like All of Them—

1000 Bungalow Aprons

in a Special Sale Today

At $1.15, $1.45 and $2.00

Regularly

$1.65, 1.75, $2, 2.50

All new spring styles, full of interesting style innovations.

Made with unusual care to assure very satisfactory service in best quality.

Percales, Striped Ginghams and Amoskeag Ginghams

Splendid assortment of colorings and patterns at each price. Two styles *Pictured.*

Macy's Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store opens 9:00 A.M. and closes 5:30 P.M.

Clearaway—

Alert men alive to unusual opportunities will appreciate this remarkable clearance of *Men's Suits and Overcoats.*

All this season's popular models in fabrics made by American mills.

Sack Suits at $19.50

Suits in this selectio would sell up to $24.75.

Sack Suits at $26.50

Special Purchase suits in this lot would sell regularly at $42.50.

600 Overcoats at $23.75

Were $32.50, $37.50, $50.00.

A large variety in this season's newest styles and color effects. Fabrics from America's leading mills and models include Ulsterettes, Town Coats, Slip-Ons, Box Models and Waistline effects.

Clearance at Cost 92 Men's Fur Lined Overcoats $55 to $300

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway.

Narcissus

would go wild amid our mirrors for the variety is unusually large. The designs include original and classical periods.

Antique Gilt Mirrors

Hand carved in beautiful models featuring French, Italian, Italian Renaissance, Georgian and Chinese pagoda designs, also several polychrome effects with the subdued hand coloring worked into the rich gilt.

$18.89 to $57.75

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 34th St.

Men's Calfskin Shoes Specially Priced $6.94

Because the range of sizes is incomplete we have taken these shoes from our regular stocks.

They are this season's popular models in Black or Tan Calfskin.

They have blind eyelets and Goodyear Welted Soles. Altogether a very high grade shoe for so low a price.

Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 35th St., Rear

Traveling Men

appreciate finding their apparel needs so readily filled in the men's departments convenient to our entrance and elevators on 35th Street and Broadway.

SEES MAYOR'S HAND IN COPELAND ACTION

Dr. Ira Wile Says Borough Autonomy Disrupted Health Bureaus.

FAVORS FEDERAL CONTROL

Dr. Vincent Urges National Department to Carry on Work Achieved in War.

The charge that Mayor Hylan's policy of instituting borough autonomy in the administration of the Health Department was the direct cause of the disruption of the various bureaus of the Health Department was made last night by Dr. Ira Wile, formerly a member of the Board of Education and an expert in public health, in addressing the Free Synagogue Forum, 36 West Sixty-eighth Street.

"Borough autonomy only becomes possible when the bureaus are disrupted," declared Dr. Wile, who explained that by borough autonomy was meant the transfer of functions from the bureau directors to the chief representatives of the Health Department in the various boroughs. These functions, asserted Dr. Wile, are an integral part of the work of the bureau directors and not of the borough heads.

Dr. Wile stated that the public hearing given by Health Commissioner R. S. Copeland last Friday was only an opportunity for the people "to expand their lungs," for the Health Commissioner's mind was made up as to what he wanted to do before the meeting opened. The speaker, in support of this, pointed out that less than twenty-four hours after the meeting Dr. Copeland issued the department order formally placing the Division of Industrial Hygiene under the supervision, in the Commissioner's office, of Dr. S. Dana Hubbard.

Dr. Wile said that while in charge of the preparation of the official bulletins of the Bureau of Public Health Education Dr. Hubbard was incompetent, and said that he wrote to Dr. Copeland complaining that "it was a shame and a crime" that public health bulletins prepared in such inefficient fashion were sent out to the country with the imprint of the New York Board of Health on them.

"If this man was not able to prepare the bulletins efficiently, he will certainly not be able to tell the people of this city how to take care of themselves so far as industrial diseases are concerned," declared Dr. Wile.

The figures for the influenza epidemic, he said, are being published in such a way that only a technically trained statistician is able to tell what the real condition is. The basis of comparison, he said, ought to be the number of cases of pneumonia or deaths of one week compared to those of the same week the year previous, not with the day previous, as is now done. "When the people learn that there were 600 more pneumonia deaths last week than the same week last year they will realize perhaps what the true conditions are," he said.

Urges Federal Control of Health.

Dr. George E. Vincent, President of the Rockefeller Foundation, speaking last night at the forum in the Church of the Messiah, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, on "Public Health and the War," asserted that the war had clearly shown the need for national control of public health. Dr. Vincent pointed out that England was establishing a Ministry of Public Health to carry on the work that had been accomplished during the war. The great gain in scientific knowledge of public health problems made during the war would be lost, he said, unless centred in a Federal organization for research.

"I hope soon to see the establishment of a Federal Department of Public Health," added Dr. Vincent, "co-operating with all the other agencies working in the interest of the health of the public in the establishment of a program of State and municipal subsidy. Team play among the public health agencies at work in this country should lead to the establishment of the nation-al department of public health, which, without imposing its authority unduly, would through research serve as a guide to the many kinds of public health agencies that have sprung up."

Dr. Vincent said that the French Government was also considering the establishment of a Ministry of Public Health. In three or four years' time, he said, when the country had become settled after the tremendous pressure due to the war, the French public health agencies, which have been aided greatly by the contribution of American effort, would give serious attention to the reduction of the mortality rate, next to that other menace, the birth rate of the country."

MARSHALL SAYS HANG REDS

Vice President Favors Drastic Methods in Checking Bolsheviam.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 26.—Vice President Marshall in an address at the Presbyterian rally here tonight said that Bolshevism and all it represented must be suppressed in this country, and those leaders who were instrumental in trying to precipitate riot should be hanged. The great congregation of Presbyterians vigorously applauded the Vice President's declaration.

Mr. Marshall's address was devoted to the reconstruction problems, and he vigorously assailed those who would overthrow the institutions of the Government. He was introduced by Senator France of Maryland. After referring to the work now being done with the hope of rehabilitating the world, he said that he, like all others, hoped the millenium was near and that never again would men be called upon to offer their lives on the altars of militarism and autocracy. Of an unhesval in this country, he said he had no fear.

"I want to make one political statement," he said. "I have always been opposed to granting special privileges to a class and for that reason I was down on a protective tariff. You must get it out of your head that you are entitled to more than your neighbor has."

PERU TRUSTS PARIS VERDICT

Press Favors Tacna and Arica Decision by Peace Conference.

LIMA, Jan. 26.—The newspapers have favorably commented on the recent statement of Don Ignacio Calderon, Bolivian Minister to the United States, who announced that while Bolivia would have preferred that the dispute over the provinces of Tacna and Arica be adjudicated by the United States, she would be satisfied with a decision by the Peace Conference.

A popular subscription is being solicited to send a 15,000-word cablegram to President Wilson containing a treatise by Enrique Mirigax on the subject.

A business firm has given $1,000 for the relief of refugees from Chile, who are still arriving here.

ODERBERG CAPTURED BY CZECHS FROM POLES

Pope Benedict Seeks to Stop Fighting Between Poles and Ukrainian Troops.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 26.—Czech troops have captured Oderberg from the Poles after sanguinary fighting, according to a dispatch from the Breslau National Council.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—The Vorwärts, commenting on the fighting between the Czechs and Poles at Oderberg, says: "We will not again let Germany be made the area of all sorts of adventures and battles. The Government is making all preparations to assure the safety of our peoples against Polish imperialism, as well as against the Czechs."

Oderberg is a town of 1,500 population, situated on the Oder River, on the frontier between Austrian Silesia and Prussia. Czech and Polish forces have been operating in that district for some time. Inhabitants of Austrian Silesia and their German neighbors sent out an appeal to the Peace Congress about two weeks ago, protesting against continued aggression there from the Poles and Czechs.

Allied Troops Going to Poland.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—A detachment of allied troops is entering Poland by water.

Pope Benedict has requested intervention by Monsignor Ratti, Papal Delegate at Warsaw, Archbishop Bilozeski of Posen, and Archbishop Sseppycki of Lemberg, to end the conflict between the Ukrainians and Polish troops, according to a message received in Paris by the Polish National Committee.

It is said that General Petlura, head of the peasant army of the Ukraine, will send a subsidy of 1,000,000 rubles to the Ukrainian troops fighting the Poles in Galicia.

Ignace Jan Paderewski, the Polish Premier, has addressed the following communication to Poland's representatives abroad:

"At the request of the Chief of State, Generalissimo Pilsudski, I have assumed the duties of Premier and Foreign Minister.

"I wish to express to you my thanks for the devotion you have shown in the exercise of your duties and at the same time to ask you to continue them provisionally until further orders.

"In the near future I shall take special measures for the organization of our representation abroad, of which you will receive suitable notice."

WORK DONE BY LEGAL AID.

Society Headed by Charles E. Hughes Helped Many Inducted Men.

The Legal Aid Society of New York, of which Charles Evans Hughes is President, issued a résumé of the work of the organization yesterday in connection with the selective service law. The work of the society was directed toward preventing inducted men from becoming victims of "shyster lawyers," giving advice to dependents of men inducted, and investigating fraudulent claims for allotment allowances.

"The society's endeavors to a greater or less extent," declared Leonard McGee, attorney in chief of the society, "rendered abortive the activities of a class of legal practitioners in the city always on the alert to take advantage of the ignorance or gullibility of the general public. Some draftees reported that from $30 to $40 had been asked of them for the preparation of affidavits in support of claims for exemption."

Especially helpful, said Mr. McGee, in combating this practice was the work of the attorneys who patriotically enlisted in the bureau of free legal advice which the Legal Aid Society maintained. Many efforts, however, he continued, were made by registered men to pervert the bureau's functions in support of attempts to evade army service. The society also waged a war on designing women who tried to trick soldiers and sailors into signing over to them their pay allotments. The report for the last six months of 1918 of the general work of the society showed that a total of 18,367 applicants had asked the aid of the organization, 8,319 of those who sought legal advice being women.

WANTS FEDERAL AID IN FOREIGN TRADE

Smith Favors Use of Merchant Marine Fleet at Low Rates to Foster Exports.

SEES ABUNDANT MARKETS

Declares Government and Business Men Should Formulate a Definite Shipping Policy.

President George E. Smith of the Manufacturers' Export Association issued a statement yesterday urging that the Government should run its merchant marine at a loss to establish America's export business and look for compensation for the loss at a later day when a flourishing export business would put the merchant marine on a solid footing.

Mr. Smith asserted that this course was taken by the United States when it appropriated millions for the transcontinental railroad lines before there was a community to support them, with the result that the Government was rewarded later in the general increase of the commerce and prosperity of the country.

"The war has placed the United States," Mr. Smith said, "in a position internationally that she never occupied before. The American manufacturer is now awake to the opportunities that lie before him in export trade, provided he can obtain the necessary facilities for carrying on that trade. During the war he has increased his production to the point where it is highly desirable for him to obtain new markets. At the present moment exporting manufacturers are having difficulty in obtaining cargo space in American ships, and where space is available the rates are so high that only abnormal war conditions and abnormal demands from abroad permit payment of these rates.

"If normal conditions were to return tomorrow, and present shipping rates were to continue, our present export trade would shrink to half its size. The only American goods which can stand ocean freights are those which have no real competition in foreign markets. All our staple manufactures would be shut out of export trade automatically by the cost of transportation. Why should a South American firm purchase a ton of staples from the United States with the cost of production the same in Europe and here, if, as is the case at present, it costs him $25 to ship that ton from the United States to Buenos Aires, and only $15 from Liverpool to Buenos Aires?"

"There seems to be substantial agreement among the thinking men of this country that our best interests demand the promotion of America's overseas commerce. This being so, it is high time that our Government and our business men get together to formulate a definite shipping policy which will give the American exporter a chance to survive.

"America's export trade today is in the same formative condition that our West was forty years ago. In the markets of the world there is an abundance of opportunity for the American manufacturer. I believe that the nation should provide transportation facilities for the pioneers of the West.

"If the nation will now establish cheap ocean freight rates in American ships, even at a loss, an export trade will be built up whose volume will in time compel favorable trade routes and cheap freights without Government assistance.

"Our Government has a fleet of new merchant ships at its command. Let it be wise enough and bold enough to offer these ships to America's export trade at rates as low as those available to America's competitors. The American exporter will more than justify this confidence and this assistance by building up a genuine and permanent foreign trade on that foundation."

CITY BREVITIES.

The formal opening of the Knights of Columbus Longacre Hut, at Broadway, Forty-sixth Street, and Seventh Avenue, is to take place next Sunday night with a vaudeville performance and speeches. The hut will be kept open continuously. There will be music afternoons and evenings and other facilities for making the men comfortable and keeping them amused. This will be the tenth hut to be opened by the Knights in this city.

The ex-Soldiers, Sailors, and Marines' Association has called a meeting to be held tonight at the People's House, 7 East Fifteenth Street, to discuss the question of unemployment. Invitations have been sent to representatives of the Federal Government and to a Republican, Democratic, and Socialist member of the Board of Aldermen to address the meeting.

WOMAN'S BODY ON ROCKS.

Richly Clad, with Gold Trinkets—Had Been There a Month.

Two hundred feet east of Sylvan Avenue, a road running between Fort Lee and Tenafly, and half hidden among huge boulders in one of the loneliest spots along the Palisades two hunters yesterday stumbled upon the frozen body of a young woman which apparently had lain there a month or more. Bandages swathed about the mouth and nose and a half-empty bottle of chloroform near by led the authorities of Bergen County to conclude that the woman had taken her own life.

A preliminary examination failed to disclose the slightest clue to her identity. Her features were unrecognizable and the general appearance of the body led to the belief that she was about 21 years old. In a leather bag near by were found $13, a gold powder puff box, a stick of rouge, a gold pencil, and four keys. The woman was five feet three inches tall and weighed about 130 pounds, with blue eyes, auburn hair, and light complexion. She wore a fur coat and hat to match, a dark blue serge suit, with black binding, a white silk waist with a rose pattern, pink silk undershirt with a floral design, a pink chemise, pink bloomers, brown woolen golf stockings with red striped tops and brown oxfords with rubber heels.

Prosecutor Huckin and County Detective Nestle of Bergen County were summoned when Richard Baldwin and George Marshall of Englewood were attracted to the body by the barking of their dogs. It lay in a spot accessible only by a perilous downward climb, and was removed with great difficulty.

The two officials examined the body and the vicinage exhaustively for evidence of violence, but their failure to discover any weapon and the presence of the chloroform led them to believe she had deliberately made the most careful preparations to end her life. There were no marks on the body, thus disposing of the first theory that she might have been murdered elsewhere and then carried to the spot or pitched from the road above to the rocky spot on the cliff side. None of the expensive clothing bore a name or a shopkeeper's or manufacturer's mark of any sort, and the leather bag had been stripped of everything that might aid in immediate identification.

After the body had been removed to an undertaking establishment in Englewood the New York police were asked to ascertain if her description fitted that of any missing person from this city. Detective Edward Wiesner of the Bureau of Missing Persons at Headquarters was unable to find a description that corresponds with that of the dead woman. A further search of the records will be made today, as the New Jersey authorities at first believed it probable that the woman had taken the Fort Lee Ferry from New York and had walked two miles to the spot where she died.

Another theory evolved from the fact that she wore golf stockings is that she may have been one of the golfers who played on the course at Englewood or some nearby place, and an effort will be made today to learn if any of the frequenters of these golf clubs know of a woman who disappeared.

The spot where the body was found is about opposite Riverdale, N. Y., and was some distance from a road that is little traveled. Altogether, if the woman had been familiar with all that part of New Jersey she could not have selected a spot where discovery would have been more difficult.

After the New York police had failed to find any clue to her identity, the New Jersey authorities were somewhat inclined to believe she may have lived in that State.

The quality of the clothing, the gold trinkets, and the well nourished and well groomed state of the body indicated that she had been in good circumstances.

LAUDS MEN OF THE 77TH.

Major Greene Tells of Division's Work at the Front.

Major Frederick S. Greene of the 302d Engineers told the members of the regimental association at their meeting in the Engineering Societies' Building yesterday that he did not believe this city realized yet that its 77th Division was easily the finest of all the National Army divisions sent to France. He said there might be some argument about the relative merits of the National Guard and regular army divisions, but none about the National Army units, because the 77th was far superior to all others.

One of the facts he wished to emphasize, Major Greene said, was that it was the 77th Division that went through the Argonne Forest, and he indicated the division's sector lines on an official map to show that it had carried out the campaign virtually unaided. The division remained on active service almost continuously for 153 days, he said, with only about fifteen days counted out for rest. When the drive upon Sedan began, Major Greene added, the 77th outran all the other divisions and was about four days ahead of all others when, four days before the signing of the armistice, it was ordered to halt a short distance from the stronghold. In courtesy to the French the divisional lines were changed then and French units entered the city, he said.

Although he mentioned several instances of superior bravery of men in the 302d Engineers, Major Greene especially mentioned by name Captain Robert C. O'Donnell of F Company; Captain Madison Lewis, detached; Captain Gilbert H. Crawford of B Company, and Sergeant Gingras Roskowski of F Company. He mentioned also Lieutenant James F. Brown, who received the Distinguished Service Cross for valor and later was killed in action.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

TELEPHONE 7000 MURRAY HILL.

A Phenomenal Sale of Dress Silks

25,000 yards of Black and Colored Dress Silks

arranged in Dress, Coat and Blouse Lengths,

and also in lengths suitable for linings,

will be placed on sale to-day (Monday)

at prices ranging from

$1.15 to $4.90 per yard

Included in this offering are black silks, white silks, novelty silks, printed chiffons, taffetas, dress satins, crepe de Chines and metal brocades, in widths ranging from 36 to 40 inches.

This sale will be held on the SIXTH FLOOR.

CELESTINS VICHY

The Vichy Company

BEGS to extend appreciation to the Medical Profession and the general public of America for their patronage and their patience with the difficulties imposed on Celestins Vichy by war conditions.

As you know, the Celestins Vichy Springs are the property of the French Republic, and the French Government, realizing the high regard of American physicians and the public for Celestins Vichy, has done everything in its power to avoid cutting off shipments to America altogether.

That shipments have been far from adequate during the past four years and the condition and packing of the goods has not always been right—we are unhappily aware.

But we can now announce, and do so gladly, that the packing and shipping of Celestins Vichy are now back to peace time standards.

Cargo space, while still limited, is being found.

Packing supplies, though also limited as yet, are being obtained in sufficient quantities to guarantee perfect delivery.

We can definitely foresee the time when the supply of Celestins Vichy in this country will be adequate for a constantly increasing demand, and each bottle carefully packed the real French way.

CELESTINS VICHY

A delightful table water with highly medicinal qualities. Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government. Ask your physician.

HENRY E. GOURD

General Distributor

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The Beauty of Coffee

Any rose is beautiful, but the American Beauty rose, with its superb bud, on a straight stem three feet long, is the Queen of them all.

G. Washington's Coffee is the American Beauty rose of the Coffee world.

It is the Queen of all Coffees.

It is served on the table of the most fastidious hostess, who wants to be sure that the very crown jewel of her dinner will not fail, that no careless cook can spoil it, and that her guests shall finish their dinner with the tang of excellence.

G. Washington's, that during the war could not be had by the public, because the Government took the entire output for the boys in the trenches, is again on sale.

G. Washington's

COFFEE

Went to War—Home Again

G. WASHINGTON SALES CO., INC., NEW YORK

ESTABLISHED 1807

The Oldest Furniture House in America

Cowperthwait's

READJUSTMENT SALE

of Furniture

WHILE the war was being carried on we kept on hand, on account of uncertain freight shipments and constantly increasing prices, three times as much stock as we ordinarily do. This stock must now be readjusted to peace conditions and to do so quickly we have decided to give our customers

A Saving of One-Quarter to One-Half

CASH OR CREDIT

We bought at pre-war prices; and another opportunity to buy Furniture at such Low Prices may never occur again. The sale will commence on Monday morning, January 27 and continue only until we complete this readjustment of our stock.

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782 SIXTH AVE., *near* 45th *St.*, NEW YORK

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Durability and Distinction

It's real economy to buy good Desks. The installation of our Desks is a permanent asset—a satisfactory investment.

If you are contemplating a change in your office appointments, we are in a position to supply your every need, whether it be a simple telephone table or a luxurious mahogany desk.

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"Wall Street Clothing"

Now all Reduced

ALSO "METRIC" SHIRTS, $1.35, $1.85, $2.65, $4.85

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PLUTO WATER

America's Physic - and *More!*

A WINEGLASSFUL of PLUTO in the morning will keep you clean *inside* as well as out. PLUTO is *more* than a physic. It will quickly cleanse your intestinal tract—but that is only the beginning. PLUTO gets at the digestive juices. It is helpful in making them flow *right.* More than this, PLUTO is absorbed in the blood and its medicinal qualities tone up your whole system.

PLUTO is bottled at French Lick Springs and may be obtained at all druggists, hotels, clubs, and on trains. Prescribed by physicians everywhere.

Large bottle 45c; smaller bottle 20c.

French Lick Springs Hotel Co.

French Lick, Indiana

SOLDIER RETURNS TO FIND WIFE DEAD

Another of 3,978 Troops on the Caronia Drops Dead as Ship Reaches Pier.

331ST INFANTRY HOME AGAIN

Officers State 27th Division Has Many New Men Now from Outside of New York.

Among the 3,978 troops standing on the deck of the transport Caronia when she was warped into her pier at the foot of West Fourteenth Street yesterday morning was Private Milton K. Dodd of Company E, 331st Infantry, whose home is in Brooklyn. The band played "Home, Sweet Home," and he saw his father and mother waiting on the pier, and he cheered with the hundreds of other soldiers standing by him. Dodd had left his young wife, Rose, with his parents, but he could not see her on the pier. When the gangway was lowered one of the debarkation officers sought out Private Dodd and brought him to his parents. After embracing them both, he inquired for his wife. For a minute there was no reply, and then the father broke the sad news that his wife had died of pneumonia on Nov. 20 and his son nearly collapsed. They had only been married a year. Mr. Dodd, Sr., said, when the war called his son to the army and his wife became very despondent over his going away, and had a presentiment she would never see him again.

While this sad scene was being enacted on the pier, Private Joseph Craig of Alabama, also of the 331st Regiment, who was in good health and was looking over the rail, was stricken by heart disease and died in fifteen minutes.

The Caronia left Liverpool on Jan. 14 with ninety-two civilians and sixty wounded from the base hospitals, and then steamed to Brest, where 3,918 officers and men were embarked, including the entire 331st Infantry of sixty officers and 2,246 enlisted men, chiefly from Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, with replacement men from all parts of the United States. The regiment was in command of Colonel H. A. Hannigan, who formerly had the 344th Regiment. The 331st Regiment as a unit had not been in active service, but many of the officers and men had fought in other regiments.

The troops were taken in ferry boats from Pier 53 to Long Island City, where they were received by a big crowd of people, who cheered them as they entrained for Camp Mills.

Besides the 331st Regiment, there were three casual companies on board, aggregating 421 enlisted men, with six officers in charge, and fifty-two casual officers. There were forty-five enlisted men in the ship's hospital, and the ship also brought back thirty-four women army nurses.

Many Have Mumps and Measles.

The hospital cases were chiefly mumps and measles, which, the surgeons said, were both very prevalent in France, especially in the dugouts in the rear of the lines, as there was not much fresh air inside the dugouts, and that enabled the germs of the diseases to keep active. It might sound funny to people in America, they said, to hear about big, strong soldiers having mumps or measles, but it was no joke "over there."

An officer, who was with the 77th Division, said that the night they landed at Calais the city was bombed by the enemy about 11 o'clock, just as the troops were settling down in their new quarters. When the explosions occurred and shook the building where they were, the officer added, they all looked at each other, and a young British officer, who was with them, lit a cigarette, and puffed out in a most cheerful manner in the moonlight the different spots where men had been killed during the previous week.

Several officers said that the people would be surprised when the 27th Division returned and paraded through the streets of New York, as the regiments had been split up considerably in France, and as there were hundreds in it now who had never walked down Broadway or Fifth Avenue in their lives.

Among the wounded officers on the Caronia was Lieutenant Clayton Knight of the 206th Flying Corps, whose home is at 261 Fifth Avenue, and who was shot down over the German lines near Courtrai and severely injured on Oct. 5. He said that the Germans moved him from hospital to hospital, until he had been in ten and could not remember their outlandish names, but said that he was fairly well treated by the surgeons. The last hospital was near the allied lines, and for ten days and nights they bombarded a bridge not far from the building he was in, but it was not hit. The lieutenant and the other American and British patients expected to see the big shells come down through the roof above their heads, but nothing happened. When the armistice was signed they were taken by the British in ambulances to a hospital in Brussels.

Another officer, Lieutenant Thomas R. Durlin, formerly a Washington, D. C., newspaper man, was gassed twice and perforated with shrapnel. He was a commander of a tank detail of the 301st Battalion, American Tank Corps, which fought all through Picardy with the British and French, and were cited for bravery by both of their military commanders. Durden has the Belgian medal, the French War Cross, and the Hindenburg medal struck by the British to commemorate the smash through the enemy lines. He was wounded by a high explosive shell in September, and gassed in October, just after leaving the hospital.

Lieutenant Henry Clay Kinsey, great grandnephew of the famous statesman of Petersburg, Va., was attached to the 301st Tank Battalion. At Paschendaele he was "grafted" with shrapnel just as he stepped out of the door of his tank. This cut his left hand out of business for a while, and he went to an English hospital. Later he resumed duties at St. Mihiel, where he got a dose of shrapnel which paralyzed his right leg. Since that time he has been in eight different hospitals.

27th Division Men Return.

A number of the wounded soldiers on the Caronia belonged to the 27th Division and have their homes around New York.

Corporal Charles S. Wingert of 19 West Forty-fifth Street, Bayonne, N. J., limped onto the pier with what he believes is too expensive a cane for a corporal. Wingert was with Company D of the 106th, the old 23d National Guard, and was wounded in the Argonne sector. After coming out of the hospital he knew he needed a cane and sought one in the shop of the nearest French village.

"I picked out one worth perhaps a dollar on Broadway," said Wingert, and asked the French proprietor how much he wanted for it. He answered 'Fifty francs.' I asked him twice, because I could not believe that I had heard him rightly. Again he said 'Fifty francs.' Well, it was the only shop, and I had to have it, so I paid about $10 for a dollar cane."

Another passenger on the Caronia was Colonel Hugh H. Young, head of the James Buchanan-Brady Urological Clinic in Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, who went over on the Baltic in April, 1917, with General Pershing to inspect the arrangements made by the British and French Governments for protecting the health of the men. He established Urological infirmaries at all the base hospitals for the American troops in France, and spent his time in visiting them to see that the work was being properly carried out. Colonel Young said yesterday that the health of the American soldiers was very good indeed, considering the amount of disease there was abroad at the present time through the massing of millions of men in the war.

Max Borland of the 109th Field Artillery, whose home is in Philadelphia, was shot in the leg on July 15 at the battle on the Marna River and taken prisoner. The wound did not heal for four months, he said, and when the armistice was signed Borland was with twenty-one other American prisoners in Mercerburg, Germany, and started to walk back to the allied lines with a German soldier, who spoke English, for a guide. When they got to Berlin on Dec. 15 he managed to get a small American flag, and tied it to his cane and carried it over his shoulder as he marched along the streets from one railroad station to another. The Germans looked very hard at him, Borland said, but did not attempt to interfere with him.

Among the civilian passengers on board were Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Sylvester of Rio Janeiro, who had to travel via Southampton, England, to get to New York, because there were no direct steamships between the two ports; David Crompton, President of the Booth Steamship Line, and Walter J. Otis and his daughter, Marguerita Otis, who were in Austria visiting another daughter married to an Austrian officer, when the war broke out with the United States, and they could not get away. Miss Otis said that a valuable pony belonging to her sister broke its leg and had to be shot, and that the money the butcher paid for the carcase was more than the animal was worth alive. They were allowed to go about freely in Austria, she added, and were well treated by the people.

FRIENDS VISIT RETURNED MEN.

59th Coast Artillery, Back from France, Holds Reunion at Upton.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, N. Y., Jan. 26.—The first big reunion of returned overseas men and their relatives at this camp took place today between the members of the 59th Coast Artillery, which arrived here Friday night, and nearly 1,200 persons, who came here by automobile and on the morning train. The majority of the visitors were from Brooklyn. There were a few reunions at the depot, but the real get-together was at the barracks.

This camp has never seen anything like today's reunion. Everybody cried and laughed by turns, and then settled down to listen to the wonderful stories the boys had to tell. The Catholic Visitors' House, already filled to overflowing with women relatives and friends of the returned men, provided a record number of luncheons. The regiment will be mustered out on Thursday, and no officer or man will be permitted to leave camp in the meantime. All routine was suspended today so that they would be free.

SAYS WAR BROADENED ARMY

Lieut. Col. Whittlesey Warns Against Revenge on Germans.

A large crowd last night attended the usual Sunday night open forum at the Church of the Ascension, Tenth Street and Fifth Avenue, and listened to an address by Lieut. Col. Charles W. Whittlesey, commander of the "Lost Battalion." Colonel Whittlesey said millions of young men who had gone over seas had returned with a new view of life. He pointed out that after eighteen months at the front, however radical a man might have been when he first went over, his experience in the war had given him a broader outlook.

He said in all the time these returned men were over there they knew nothing of the questions that were disturbing the people at home. When they returned they heard much of reparation and revenge, especially against Germany. Colonel Whittlesey predicted that anything said or done in malice against the German people would surely react on American civilization. He declared that if the German people were destroyed the world's morale would suffer.

POLES HERE DEMAND COMPLETE FREEDOM

8,000 at Meeting Ask for Recognition of Paderewski's Government.

GET MARSHALL'S SUPPORT

Express Confidence in President Wilson, and Request That Loan Be Negotiated.

As part of the Polish Day celebration which was held throughout the United States yesterday, 8,000 Poles crowded the Seventy-first Regiment Armory yesterday afternoon and called for the immediate recognition of the present Paderewski Government, said to be a coalition government formed after agreement with General Pilsudski, the former head of the provisional Government. The principal speaker was Medill McCormick, Senator-elect from Illinois. Addresses were also made by Clifford N. Wilson, Lieutenant Governor of Connecticut; Col. James Martin, French High Commissioner; Howard J. Rogers, Red Cross Director of Military Relief; Major Fiorella La Guardia, member of Congress; John C. Kleczka, Congressman-elect from Wisconsin, and John F. Smulski, President of the National Polish Department, who presided. Dr. B. L. Smykowski, Vice President of the National Polish Department, opened the meeting; Monsignor E. F. Strenski pronounced the invocation, and Eva Didur sang "The Star-Spangled Banner."

Vice President Thomas R. Marshall, who found it impossible to be present, sent the following letter to the committee in charge:

I am a son of an American commonwealth which has been a strong sympathizer with the aspirations of the Polish people for freedom. They marked, in so far as they could, this whole-hearted desire by naming one of the counties Kosciusko, and its principal city Warsaw. The Legislature of that State memorialized its representatives in Congress to recognize the independence of Poland in those seemingly far-off nineteenth-century days. Through the whole history of the State there has run a golden cord of sympathy for the hopes and heroic endeavors of the Polish people for the right of self-determination. I am glad, therefore, to be a son of such a State and to have whole heartedly entertained this common sentiment of her citizens. May nothing prevent the ripening this year into full fruition of the age-old longings of a heroic and liberty-loving people.

Want Provinces Returned.

The purpose of the meeting was to voice the demands of the Poles in America as to the just deserts of Poland. After reciting the sufferings of their people and expressing their trust in the motives of President Wilson, the resolutions, which were passed by acclaim, and will be sent to the President and the other peace delegates, make the following specific demands:

We ask for the union of Galicia, the union of Posnania, the ancient cradle of our race, the union of the Silesias, to the Congress Kingdom of Poland in which the present Polish Government is holding forth for the return of the ancient Polish seaport of Gdansk, upon the Vistula, the Polish River, and the constitution of these several partitioned portions in a sovereign and independent Polish State.

We do not seek lands for political or territorial aggrandisement, but that the Polish people may work out their destiny and bear their part of their own improvement and to the improvement of the nation which will be comprehended within a great league of nations.

We also ask for the immediate recognition of the Government of Poland as constituted by Mr. Paderewski, (a coalition Government formed by him after an agreement with General Pilsudski.)

We ask that the new Government be granted a loan, negotiated with strict observance of financial as well as national responsibilities, for Poland does not seek charity. For the Polish soldiers in the field, who are seeking to restore order and to protect the population from lawless bands of returning German and Russian prisoners of war and the terror of the Reds, we ask for aid in clothing, in munitions, and materials of war.

We are in harmony with the vision of Mr. Paderewski. He speaks our thoughts. We express our admiration for the patriotic efforts of the Polish National Committee of Paris, and we send to the delegates who are to represent the Polish nation at the Peace Conference our sincere support and confidence.

After assuring the audience that there was kinship between the Americans and the Poles, that they could well sympathize with each other, Mr. McCormick said: "My friends, it is because we know, we believe that that same spirit of democracy lives in Poland that we send them a message of encouragement across the seas. We know that the same old spirit of democracy has arisen again, and that the people will take up their lives anew. We hope for great things from Poland, and rightly so. We dare to ask that she resume all her greatness of the past. You cannot think of Paderewski today without thinking of Sobieski long ago. Poland that guarded the frontiers of civilization in the past is to resume her watch again. As she keeps watch upon the borders she will keep faith with herself. The Poles at home will bend and forbear, guarding the rights of one another, that no alien enemies will deprive them of what is their own. We dare to hope that not only will Poland be free, but that she will become one of the great powers of Europe. The resources are hers in coal, iron, and waterways, and in the true genius of civilization—the genius which can give to humanity not only soldiers, but contribute to industry and to the arts and to the literature of the world.

In explaining the purpose of the meeting, Mr. Smulski told of some of the conditions prevailing in Poland. "Today," he said, "we have gathered not only to celebrate the resurrection of a nation, but to record our admiration for those who during centuries of oppression have kept alight the sacred flame of nationality. We have met not only to rejoice over what has already taken place in Poland, but to strengthen the hands of those who seek an even greater development in the immediate future. We have met to rejoice not only for the Poles, but for the free peoples throughout the world.

It was announced yesterday that the first relief ship carrying food directly to Poland left in the morning. The "Westward Ho," carrying a $2,000,000 cargo, left for Danzig under the auspices of the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Funds for Jewish War Suffers and the Polish National Committee of America.

Strike Ties Up Belfast.

BELFAST, Jan. 26.—Owing to a strike of the dockyard and municipal workers, the entire city of Belfast was without gas or electricity today. There was no street car service and tonight the people had to do without electric lights. Church services were abandoned.

RED CROSS TO SEND RELIEF TO POLAND

Commission Will Leave Paris to Supplement Help from Allied Governments.

JEWISH COMMITTEE TO AID

Special Care Will Be Given to Children, the Sick, and Those Actually Starving.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Announcement was made at the national headquarters of the American Red Cross tonight that the American Red Cross War Council, of which Henry P. Davison, now in Paris, is Chairman, has decided to send a relief commission into Poland. The commission will leave Paris as soon as possible and will proceed to Poland by way of Copenhagen and Danzig, or the most available route.

Upon the authorization of Mr. Davison, this statement was issued by the Red Cross tonight:

"Urgent action has been found to be absolutely necessary in the light of authentic and most appalling information, now for the first time available, concerning conditions of distress in Poland. The opportunity for service also comes at a particularly happy moment, when Paderewski, whom the American people know so well, is arranging, with apparent success, to establish an orderly Government in his country.

"The American Red Cross Commission will be headed by Dr. Walter C. Bailey of Boston and Major Francziczek E. Fronczak, Health Commissioner of Buffalo, N. Y., and representative in Paris of all Poles in America through the Polish National Committee in Europe. Major Fronczak will be detailed by the United States Army to the Red Cross especially for this mission.

"Boris Bogen and Mortimer Schiff representing the Joint Distribution Committee for Relief of Jewish Sufferers, have been in conference with the American Red Cross in Paris, and Mr. Bogen has volunteered to accompany the commission to Poland with a view to consolidating the special work of the Jewish committee with that of the American Red Cross.

"All relief work of the American Red Cross will be on behalf of the entire population of Poland without discrimination.

Doctors and Nurses Going.

"In addition to those already mentioned, the commission's personnel will include at least twelve Polish-American nurses, three American nurses, one or two general medical doctors, one or two dentists, and business transportation, and hospital administration managers.

"The American Red Cross Commission to Poland will operate there in general on the following principles:

"First—Owing to the magnitude of the task, the American Red Cross cannot undertake to feed Poland. The general problem of revictualment is being worked out by the allied Governments.

"Second—The American Red Cross can occupy an exceedingly important field of general relief lying outside the proposed Government activities. The American Red Cross will attempt to supply supplementary diet for children, for the sick, and for the relief of cases of actual starvation. Canned milk will constitute the largest item on this program.

"The opportunity for medical service, nursing, &c., is practically unlimited. The American Red Cross Commission will carry drugs and medical supplies at once, as well as such clothing, blankets, and shoes as can be obtained and transported immediately.

"Among other things available to the Polish commission and of which most valuable use can be made will be the part of the surplus stock of surgical dressings made by American Red Cross women for use of the American Army in France. The American Red Cross chapters at home will be asked to undertake immediately a collection of used clothing, shoes, blankets, &c., for the liberated peoples of Poland and other areas until recently occupied by enemy invaders. Assistance of this character is absolutely vital to the life and health of all liberated populations. The United States Government, through Herbert Hoover, will supply transport for clothing to European ports, concentrating the supplies in a manner similar to the administration of Belgian relief.

"Through Waclaw Janasz, representing the Polish National Relief Committee, who has just arrived in Paris, the American Red Cross has received the first report on the disposition of $200,000 contributed by the American Red Cross in 1917 for condensed milk and food for children, showing that through that appropriation most important relief was given to about 10,000 Polish children under ten years of age.

HELP STARTS FOR POLAND.

Shipload of Food Sails from Hoboken, Bound for Danzig.

The American steamship Westward Ho sailed from Hoboken yesterday for Danzig via Falmouth with $2,000,000 worth of food and clothing for the suffering people of Poland, under the auspices of the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Fund for Jewish War Sufferers and the Polish National Committee for America.

Two representatives of the committee will join the ship at Falmouth and assist in the distribution in Poland. The food includes 3,500 tons of flour, 1,500 tons of condensed milk, and 1,000 tons of meats, butter, &c.

Impressive ceremonies at the pier marked the departure. John F. Smulski, President of the Polish National Committee, came from Chicago to witness the vessel's departure and brought with him a check for $1,000,000 to cover his organization's share of expenses. Albert Lucas, Secretary of the Joint Distribution Committee, delivered a check for a like amount to the representative of the Food Administration Grain Corporation, through whom the supplies were purchased. A Rabbi and a Polish priest blessed the vessel before its departure.

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Let Us Have the Truth!

Here Is the One Reason That Some of the Dress and Waist Workers Are Now Striking

The leaders of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, in conference with the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, absolutely refused to consider any working agreement until the Association would agree to assure every worker employment for life after she had been in any manufacturer's employ for two weeks.

We submit that such an agreement is, on its face, totally impracticable and impossible; and, indeed, it would work an injustice on the workers themselves

Insistence on this one point being an ultimatum, there was no course for the manufacturers to take but continue without a specific agreement.

The Union Leaders Try to Befog the Issue

Compare the statement of the Union to the Mayor with the actual report of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control, dated Jan. 22d, 1919

The JOINT BOARD OF SANITARY CONTROL has operated for the past six years at the joint expense of the Association and the Union for the purpose of maintaining standard sanitary conditions in the industry.

Dr. George M. Price is its director, Dr. William J. Schieffelin, Miss Lillian D. Wald and Dr. Henry Moskowitz represent the public on this board.

The Statement to the Mayor by the Union Leaders

In a letter dated January 15, 1919, written by Benjamin Schlesinger, Pres. of the Union, to Mayor Hylan, he says in part as follows:

"The director of that Board (the Joint Board of Sanitary Control), Dr. George M. Price, in his report of Dec. 5, 1918, states that out of the 825 shops in the Dress and Waist Industry only 18% are without defects. The rest of them either have serious fire dangers or have dirty walls, dirty ceilings, dirty water-closets, etc., etc."

The Actual Report of the Board

On January 21, 1919, upon the request of Governor Smith of this State and Chief Inspector Gernon of the Industrial Committee, made through Miss Frances Perkins, Dr George M. Price, director of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control, made a report of conditions in the Dress and Waist Industry, in part as follows:

"The sanitary conditions of these shops (Dress and Waist Industry) are certainly MUCH SUPERIOR to the shops in any other industry in Manhattan.

"As a rule shops belonging to members of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association are in BETTER CONDITION than the shops belonging to independent manufacturers.

"The reason for this is as follows:

(1)—The shops of the Association are more often inspected;

(2)—They receive an additional inspection monthly by the visiting nurse, for which the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association pays, and also by the Fire Drill Squad, which is contracted for through the Association for all the members of the Association;

(3)—Because the shops of the Association members are the oldest shops in the trade and have been inspected and re-inspected a number of times during the last six years;

(4)—Because the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association does not accept any new members into the Association without the previous thorough inspection of the shop and they do not admit any firm to membership until the defects found by the Board have been removed; and

(5)—Because the Association, through its manager, has always co-operated with the Joint Board of Sanitary Control in compelling its members to do what is necessary and what has been required by the inspectors and the office of the Board."

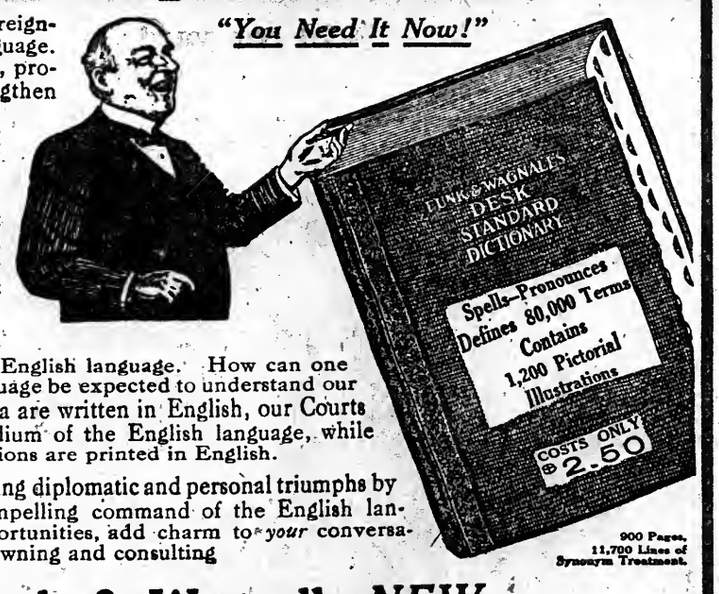
Copies of a full report can be had upon application at the Office of the Association.

Will the Public Be Misled?

Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association
200 Fifth Avenue

America—Speak English!

"You Need It Now!"



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LET every citizen—native and foreign-born—master the English language. It will fortify national unity, promote commercial prosperity, strengthen individual loyalty. On Jan. 3, 1919

ex-President Roosevelt, wrote:

"We have room but for one language here and that is the English language, for we intend to see that the crucible turns our people out as Americans of American nationality and not as dwellers in a polyglot boarding-house."

The whole structure of good citizenship rests upon a knowledge of the English language. How can one who can not read or speak our language be expected to understand our government? The laws of America are written in English, our Courts interpret the laws through the medium of the English language, while ninety-two per cent of our publications are printed in English.

President Wilson is winning diplomatic and personal triumphs by his compelling command of the English language. *You* can broaden *your* opportunities, add charm to *your* conversation, and force to *your* writing by owning and consulting

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In The Home

It will be a constant fount of information for the growing boy or girl—giving exact, easily understood explanations of those things which are most often the cause of query and doubt in the minds of youngsters in school. It will also serve as an arbiter and information-bureau for the grown-ups. It answers hundreds of thousands of questions in all branches of human knowledge. Its presence in the home is an evidence of care in the rearing of children.

In The School

It is sure to establish itself as the most easily understandable classroom dictionary published. It will answer more classroom questions than any other abridged dictionary. For pronunciation it has the text-book key and the revised scientific alphabet. All information in the book is in one simple alphabetical order. Principal events in American and English history recorded in alphabetical place. Recent advances of science covered. Thorough synonym treatment, etc.

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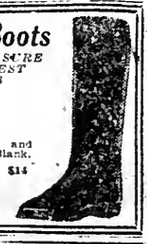

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Importance of Acceptance Business

In The Annalist today, the leading article calls attention to the growing appreciation in the United States of the business of trade and bank acceptances, which is nearing the million mark. The importance of these media for financing commercial enterprises is approved by bankers and mercantile interests. The article describes the organization and work of the Acceptance Council.

Mark Eisner, Collector of Internal Revenue, in another article, advocates the continuance of high taxation as a means of promoting contentment and so destroying Bolshevism.

In today's issue

THE ANNALIST

A Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics.

Times Square, New York.

10 cents a copy. $4 a year.

PENROSE IS ASKED TO EFFACE HIMSELF

Gifford Pinchot Calls Upon Senator to Quit Race for Finance Chairmanship.

"WORST TYPE OF POLITICS"

Paints Pennsylvania Leader as Reactionary and Says He is a Liability to Republicans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Gifford Pinchot, a former leader in the Progressive party, in an open letter tonight to Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, urges the Senator to withdraw as an aspirant for the Chairmanship of the Senate Finance Committee, to which place the Pennsylvanian, by virtue of seniority as the ranking minority member, contends he will be entitled when the Republicans organize the next Congress.

Mr. Pinchot, who has been a bitter opponent of Mr. Penrose in Pennsylvania politics, tells the Senator that it would be a serious misfortune to the Republican Party in the 1920 election if he should be made Chairman of that important committee. The letter follows:

"An open letter from Gifford Pinchot to Senator Penrose:

"There is a matter of great importance to the Republican Party to which I would like to direct your attention. Before doing so, I want to recall that I ran against you for the United States Senate in 1914, and was beaten. I had no complaint to make at the time, and I have none now. I mention it merely because there will be a tendency on the part of certain persons to attribute this letter to disappointment or spite. I can assure you honestly that it has nothing to do with either.

"Some one, however, ought to take the burden of writing you this letter. In the absence of any sign that some one else is going to do it, I have decided to assume the duty and write it myself.

"Like millions of other Republicans, I am anxious to see the Democrats beaten in 1920. Like them, I see in the possibility of your election to the Chairmanship of the Senate Committee on Finance one of the principal obstacles in the way of such a victory.

"It is well known that the Middle West will cast the deciding vote in the next Presidential election. The Middle West knows you mainly as the most perfect living representative of the worst type of politics in America. Indeed, I am inclined to think it is fair to say that no other man in our history has ever represented to so many Americans all that is worst in American public life. If this is true, it is a record, and you are entitled to whatever credit goes with it.

Cites the Standard Oil Check.

"The people of the United States know that the great monopolies are your friends and that you accepted a check for $25,000 from the Standard Oil Company and thanked them for it.

"They know that you have always been the champion of the liquor interests.

"The women know that you have steadily worked and voted against equal suffrage and child labor legislation.

"The farmers know that in 1911 you voted for the Canadian Reciprocity bill, which left farm products unprotected and put a high tariff on trust products.

"The railroad men know that you voted against a bill providing for block signal systems on all railroads, which would make travel much safer for employes and public alike.

"The wage earners know that the American Federation of Labor has officially declared you to have been 'uniformly hostile or negligent to labor interests in the United States Senate.'

"The Progressives know that you opposed Roosevelt in the Republican National Convention of 1912, when the people of Pennsylvania had declared overwhelmingly for him. They know that you were largely responsible for the split in the Republican Party in 1912 and the election of a Democratic President.

"The Progressive Republican Senators are fully aware of the danger to party harmony and success in 1920 through your candidacy, and they have been fighting it hard.

"The name of the Chairman of the Committee on Finance will be inseparably attached to the coming Republican Tariff bill, which will probably be more widely known and discussed by our people than any other bill before the next Congress. It will be argued by the Democrats that you could not be Chairman of so important a committee and in charge of so crucial a bill unless the Old Guard were in control of the Republican Party. This argument is likely to be effective with great numbers of Progressive Republicans, as well as with Democrats disgusted with Wilson and anxious to vote against him if they can.

Special Privilege and Monopoly.

"If you write the next tariff bill, the people will believe, and they are likely to be right, that it is unduly favorable to special privilege and monopoly. The Payne-Aldrich Tariff bill was fatal to the Republican Party in 1912. What would a Penrose Tariff bill do to it in 1920?

"You are a liability. The undivided support of all the forces you represent would fall far short of carrying the Republican Party to victory in 1920, even if the liquor interests had not lost their stranglehold on American politics.

"On the other hand, the Republican Party cannot win against the Democrats unless the farmers, the women, the Progressives, and some of the organized workers vote with us. Your name as Chairman of the Committee on Finance would go far to insure their hostility to the Republican Party.

"The obvious fact is that you ought not to be Chairman of the Committee on Finance. The mere possibility is a Republican misfortune. You know better than any other man what a burden you have been to the Republican Party. You cannot fail to know how much the success of the Republican Party in 1920 means for the welfare of the nation, and how you are standing in the way.

"If you are not a good enough Republican, are you a good enough American to withdraw your name?

"Yours truly,

"GIFFORD PINCHOT."

It is not assumed that Mr. Pinchot's letter will have any effect toward inducing Mr. Penrose to withdraw his claim to the chairmanship. The Pennsylvanian has insisted that, despite opposition of Progressives in the Senate, he would stay in the race.

FIND HIDDEN MUNITIONS.

Americans Turn Up 35,000,000 Cartridges in Coblenz Region.

COBLENZ, Jan. 26. (Associated Press.)—Thirty-five million rounds of small arms ammunition were among the material abandoned by the Germans in the region of Coblenz. These supplies were recently discovered by the Americans during an exploration of the underground storehouses and tunnels where the German munitions were kept.

Five million rounds of this ammunition had been captured from the French. The other thirty million rounds were manufactured by the Germans, who took captured British shells and loaded them with German powder and bullets taken from the French. Most of these cartridges were boxed and addressed, in readiness for shipment to Turkey.

Thirty-six thousand rifles captured from the British and found stored in Coblenz have been turned over to their original owners, while 10,000 French rifles have been returned to the French.

CITY WOMEN EARN MORE.

Their Factory Wages Higher Than Up State, Report Shows.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Wages in excess of $20 a week are earned by approximately 8 per cent. of the women employed in four factory industries and the mercantile establishments in New York State. Thirty-two per cent. are paid $14 or over, 53 per cent. earn less than $12, 35 per cent. average less than $10, 20 per cent. make less than $8, and the earnings of 10 per cent. fall below $6 a week.

These figures were made public today by the Bureau of Statistics of the State Industrial Commission. The investigation on which they were based was made in 600 establishments, with more than 60,000 women employes, in paper box, shirt and collar, confectionery, and cigar and tobacco factories, and in mercantile houses.

The earnings of women in New York City are considerably higher than those up-State, the report shows. Thus, for all women tabulated, the medium wage for 16,215 women in 237 factories in the greater city is between $12 and $12.50, while that for 10,666 women in 150 up-State manufacturing plants is between $10.50 and $11. Similarly, for 20,736 women in 88 mercantile establishments in New York City the median is from $12 to $12.50, while that for 7,543 women in 118 shops up-State ranges from $9 to $9.50.

LANE FOR TRADE SCHOOLS.

Secretary Lauds Gen. Armstrong's Theory in Hampton Address.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMPTON, Va., Jan. 26.—Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, delivered the Founders' Day address at Hampton Institute today. He described the services of General Samuel Chapman Armstrong to the colored people and to American education.

"General Armstrong," said the Secretary, "needs no monument other than Hampton Institute, born out of the spirit of helpfulness, charity, tolerance, faith, a spirit that represents the new day and not the day that is past. I doubt if there is a single man who has lived in this country who has more certainly seen the way to the character of education that will obtain in the United States in the future than General Armstrong. He foresaw the thing that was needed for the making of a democracy, and he put into this institution a theory of education, a philosophy reaching far further than the colored man, and which will be a standard for us throughout the United States.

"I am here not merely to express appreciation of the method that has been adopted in this institution and which I expect to see adopted throughout the United States, for the time ought not to wait. We ought to see immediately that every boy and every girl who comes out of a public school in the United States has some particular trade."

Secretary Lane described in some detail the record made abroad by the colored troops.

SHOT AS SONS LOOKED ON.

Police Arrest Street Cleaner After Longshoreman Is Killed.

John Studuto, 38 years old, a longshoreman, of 19 Mangin Street, was shot and killed in front of 4 Broome Street last night as his two young sons looked on. According to the story of the boys, four men approached their father and one, drawing a revolver, fired three shots at Studuto's head. The shots and the cries of the boys attracted the police. They later arrested a man who said he was Vito Vaccaro, a street cleaner employed by the city, at his home, 33 Broome Street, charging him with homicide.

Studuto's sons say they saw the man who fired the shots run into the house at 33 Broome Street, and the investigation of the police led to Vaccaro's arrest.

MANN'S CANDIDACY FOR SPEAKER WANES

Republican Floor Leader Expected to Quit Contest, Following Beefsteak-Horse Story.

SENIORITY PROBABLY DEAD

Senate Leaders Demand Party Progress—Reorganization of Democratic Party Also Imminent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Representative James R. Mann, the Republican floor leader, has failed to gain commanding strength as a candidate for Speaker, in the opinion of some of his advisers, and it is reported that his withdrawal from the race may be expected long in advance of the assembling of the next Congress.

Defeat of Mr. Mann's hopes has come chiefly through the attitude of such conservative Senate leaders as Penrose, Lodge, and Smoot, who expressed the opinion that their judgment was against the elevation of Mr. Mann at this time. This opposition has existed from the first, but has exerted itself strongly in the last few weeks, following the publicity given to the gift of beefsteaks and a horse to Mr. Mann by packing interests.

These disclosures of themselves did not make Mr. Mann unavailable, for nobody charged that the gifts affected Mr. Mann's official judgment or integrity. The situation simply provided an excuse to many Republicans who had voted for Mr. Mann when the Democrats were in control to oppose him now that there was a chance of his election as Speaker.

These Senate leaders have said to their friends in the House that the country looked to the House to set the pace for the Republican Party and that the House with a majority of forty-five, must initiate legislation and pave the way for the enactment of Republican principles. They are looking ahead to the Presidential contest, and for that reason they are eager to see the next Congress thoroughly responsive to the wishes of the people.

It is this thought that has induced Senators who have a political dominance in their States to oppose Mr. Mann. While the Speaker, under the revised House rules, has no power in formulating legislation, he stands forth as a concrete example of the thought of the public, and the influence which selected him would be powerful enough to control the Committee on Committees, which nominates the House standing committees. Republican leaders say that the election of Mr. Mann would give the country the impression that Cannonism had been restored, and would carry with it the supremacy of the seniority rule and the elevation to Chairmanships of men of long service but no unusual ability.

Opinion expressed tonight by Republican leaders was that Mr. Mann and the observance of seniority would go down to defeat together. The election to the Speakership of any such candidate as F. H. Gillett of Massachusetts, S. D. Fess of Ohio or Nicholas Longworth of Ohio would carry with it a revision of the rules.

Under the proposed reform the seniority succession would be followed only in case the inheritor of a Chairmanship represented ability and advanced Republican principles. Where length of service was the only thing recommending a man to a Chairmanship, he would be passed over. Some Republicans expect to see not only Mr. Mann defeated for Speaker, but Representative Joseph Fordney passed over as Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

Reorganization of the Democratic Party will also come to some degree with the next Congress. Champ Clark, who steps from the rostrum to the floor, will inherit the minority floor leadership under traditional practice. A few days after the late election Representative Claude Kitchin of North Carolina, the present Democratic leader, announced that he would accept the tradition and gladly give way to Mr. Clark, who for years was a picturesque minority floor manager.

It is expected that President Wilson will go a great way toward eliminating Southern dominance in the appointments to be made by him. There are five places of importance to be filled in the next few months. The first of these is in the Department of Justice, where a vacancy will exist on March 4 by the resignation on that date of Thomas W. Gregory as Attorney General. There will be three vacancies in diplomatic posts—Ambassadors to France, Italy, and Russia. The fifth place, it is said, will be the office of Governor General of the Philippines.

$100,000 GIFT TO HOSPITAL.

Anonymous Donor Insists $200,000 More Must Be Given to Broad Street.

An anonymous gift of $100,000 has been made to the Broad Street Hospital, coupled, however, with the provision that the balance of $200,000 needed for the erection of the addition to the hospital be raised by March 1 of this year. The Board of Directors, composed of well known physicians and men in public life, point out that every individual and firm in lower Manhattan should realize that the Broad Street Hospital is a vital factor for the neighborhood as a matter of health insurance only, aside from the question of emergency.

Several admirers of the late Colonel Theodore Roosevelt have pledged themselves, as a memorial to him, to equip and maintain by endowment an elaborate suite of rooms in the addition when it is erected. A number of subscriptions of $5,000, $1,000, and $500, to an amount of $60,000 have been contributed, and the two buildings adjoining the hospital have been purchased and are being held in trust for the expansion.

No income whatever is received by the Broad Street Hospital from either the city or the State for the care of its patients, although it is a public institution giving treatment free as well as for pay. The hospital was opened in September, 1917, with a bed capacity of thirty-five, and three months later the demands of the district were such as to make it necessary to lease the entire building next door. In the first twelve months of operation 1,334 patients were admitted to the institution for treatment.

MURDER MYSTERY DEEPENS.

Body Found in James River That of Woman Reported Dead in Porto Rico.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 26.—Cincinnati relatives of Mrs. Sue Tinsley Hadley, wife of Dr. Wilmer Ames Hadley, former army officer, who is being sought on a warrant charging him with the murder of his wife, according to Richmond, (Va.,) authorities, left Cincinnati tonight for Richmond to bring the body to Cincinnati for burial.

Mrs. Hadley's body, which was found lodged in roots of trees in the James River December 30, was identified positively today by friends, according to advices received by Cincinnati relatives.

Mrs. A. H. Evans, sister of Mrs. Hadley, took to Richmond with her tonight two letters she received from Dr. Hadley since the death of his wife. These letters tell of the death of Mrs. Hadley in Porto Rico Nov. 23. Mrs. Evens said she intended to place them in the hands of the Commonwealth Attorney at Richmond.

PLEA FOR FREE ARMENIA.

Congregational Clergymen Send a Message to President Wilson.

That the fundamental principles which inspired the allied democracies in the world war demand the independence of Armenia is the belief of Dr. Lyman Abbott, Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, and Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, who yesterday sent the following cable message to President Wilson at Paris:

"Seventy-five representatives Congregational ministers throughout the United States join us in the following message:

"We, heartily sympathizing with the aspirations of the Armenian people and speaking for them and for the Christian people of America, ask you to champion the right of Armenia to a free and independent national existence and to reparation, in accordance with that principle which you have so admirably defined in the sentence 'the interest of the weakest is as sacred as the interest of the strongest.' Justice to Armenia is demanded alike by the fundamental principles which inspired the allied democracies in the world war and by specific pledges made by the Entente to the Armenians."

The American committee, which has been formed to work for an independent Armenia, numbers among its members many prominent men and women. The Chairman of the committee is James W. Gerard, and Charles Stewart Davison is Vice Chairman.

WILL SEE HOTEL COMMODORE

10,000 Invitations Have Been Sent Out for Reception Tonight.

There will be a reception in the new Hotel Commodore in Pershing Square tonight, and tomorrow the doors of the second largest hotel in the city will be thrown open to the public. More than 10,000 invitations had been sent out for the reception tonight, the management announced yesterday, while reservations had come from business men in all parts of the country. The employes of the new hotel had their final rehearsal yesterday.

The Commodore has 2,000 rooms, each provided with a bath.

This child is nursed by a healthy mother

LOOK at this baby—fat and healthy, because its mother is strong and vital. Perhaps your child is less fortunate, since you are thin-blooded and run-down, and in no proper condition for the nursing period. Try Gude's Pepto-Mangan, and see how quickly you and your baby will improve.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

Weak, anemic persons of all ages and conditions are promptly benefited by this splendid general tonic, appetizer, and maker of rich, red blood. It helps to supply the red blood cells with the elements they need to increase their number and oxygen-carrying capacity. Thus the whole system is revitalized and reinvigorated. Pepto-Mangan is easy to digest and exceedingly pleasant to taste. Endorsed and prescribed by the medical profession.

FRIENDLY WARNING
There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by

M. J. BREITENBACH COMPANY, Manufacturing Chemists, New York

Pierce-Arrow prices will stand

TO eliminate misunderstanding, The Pierce-Arrow Motor Car Company herewith announces its policy with respect to passenger car and motor truck prices.

The prospective buyer who defers his purchase of a Pierce-Arrow car in the expectation of lower prices is denying himself the use of this vehicle without any ultimate benefit. The business man delaying the purchase of a Pierce-Arrow truck in the hope of a better price is meantime losing all the earning or economies of the vehicle without eventual compensating advantage to himself.

Present Pierce-Arrow prices are based on material and labor costs plus a moderate profit. There can be no change in price till these factors are reduced.

Material for cars and trucks must be ordered months in advance of delivery dates. These material prices have not been reduced. Nor has there been any lessening of wages. These, fixed by the cost of living, remain on a wartime basis.

Therefore, we are prepared to announce that until material now in production or on order has been manufactured and sold, present prices on cars and trucks will stand.

Our expectation is that we will have disposed of such product by October 1st, 1919, and we will maintain our prices until that time. The subsequent course to be followed will be dictated by conditions obtaining then, and will be announced at that time.

Quality must be maintained, which makes present prices inevitable until there is a reduction of the fundamentals on which they are based.

THE PIERCE-ARROW MOTOR CAR CO.

Harrolds Motor Car Co.
233-239 West 54th St.
New York

Ellis Motor Car Co.
416 Central Avenue
Newark, N. J.

TENDERS INVITED

for

Land, Building, Machinery and Equipment

of the

Batavia Steel Products Corporation

Recently employed on production of 75 M/M Shell. Daily output 5,000.

INSPECTION INVITED

Write for Particulars

Batavia Steel Products Corporation

BATAVIA, NEW YORK

CASUALTIES NOW 220,954

Day's Report Includes 89 Dead And 184 Severely Wounded

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The War Department today gave out two casualty lists, containing 515 names, which brought the total for the army up to 215,208. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,746. The total for army and Marine Corps is now 220,954.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 32 killed in action, 18 died of wounds, 2 died of accident, 37 died of disease, 184 severely wounded, and 21 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 26.	Total.
Killed in action	30,335	32	30,367
Lost at sea	732		732
Died of wounds	12,763	18	12,781
Died of accident	2,595	2	2,597
Died of disease	18,474	37	18,511
Total	64,902	89	64,988
Wounded	137,067	405	137,472
Missing	12,727	21	12,748
Total	214,696	515	215,208

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DF) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ABRAMSON, H., 501 East 160th St.....(WS)
ALLEN, E. H., 1,348 41st St., Bklyn.....(DD)
APPELBAUM, MAX, 696 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.....(WL)
BAKER, L., 212 West 114th St.—Corp.(WU)
BASS, JUDAH, 2,194 8th Av.....(WU)
BELL, THOMAS, 158 East 107th St.....(WU)
BENNETT, W. H., 238 7th Av., Bklyn.(WL)
BLANEY, T. F., 272 60th St., Bklyn..(WS)
BLOXHAM, P. W., 2,160 7th Av.....(WS)
BRITTNOR, JESSE, 1,340 Brook Av...(WS)
COLEMAN, W. J., 128 Bay 35th St., Bath Beach, Brooklyn—Mus.....(DD)
CONNEALEY, H., 213 East 98th St....(WS)
CUSACK, T. F., 169 East 115th St.....(KA)
DIGREGORIO, F., 443 East 13th St....(WU)
DONOHUE, J. J., 837 Park Av., Bklyn.(KA)
DUGAN, T. E., 270 Rutledge St., Bklyn.(DW)
EDWARD, A., 120 Strong St., Corona.(WL)
ELLIS, J. F., 540 West 53d St.....(WS)
FALDO, FRANK, 38 Forsyth St.....(WS)
FALK, A., 186 Tiffon Av.....(WS)
FOGARTY, G. J., 281 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
GALLAGHER, F. J., 237 E. 84th St....(WS)
GAY, A., 602 W. 111th St.—Sgt.....(DD)
GREENBAUM, S., 240 W. 122d St.....(WS)
GREENBERG, B., 179 Eldridge St.....(WL)
GRIDSHAW, H. G., 345 South 16th St., Brooklyn.....(WS)
HAM, F. J., 385 E. 136th St., Bronx..(WS)
HANES, J. E., 901 Myrtle Av., B'klyn.(WL)
HANDET, E. T., 550 56th St., B'klyn.(WS)
KELLY, J. L., 552 62d St., B'klyn....(WL)
KIERNAN, D., 546 14th St., B'klyn....(WL)
KING, W. F., 80 Amsterdam Av.....(WU)
KOLB, I., 128 Lake St., Corona.....(WS)
LEE, J. F., 143 W. 104th St.....(WL)
LICHTCHILD, G. E., 1,399 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.....(WL)
LITTLETON, D. M., 149 Broadway—Civilian.....(DD)
McMULLEN, G. J., 948 Stebbins Av....(MA)
MITCHELL, J. J., 32 Park Av.....(WS)
MITNICK, A., 126 E. 101st St.....(WL)
MOTRICKI, D., 76 Hudson Av., B'klyn.(WS)
MYLE, W. A., 221 E. 148th St.....(WL)
NUBE, H., 147 South 4th St., B'klyn..(WS)
SCHNEIDER, M., 1472 Madison Av.....(WL)
SIPP, C. J., Page Av., Tottenville, S. I., Corp.....(WL)
TAYLOR, A. H., 136 West 65th St.....(WL)
THRIFIS, LOUIS, 627 5th St., Bklyn..(DD)
TIBBS, R. O., 182 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.....(WL)
WANNER, H. W., 216 St. Ann's Av...(WL)
WEBER, C., 76 Myrtle Av., Corona...(WL)
WASSKY, M. A., 126 West 124th St...(WL)
ZWISLER, CONRAD, 217 Heywood St., Brooklyn.....(WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

ALL, C. W., Cedarhurst—Maj.....(WL)
ALLON, C. H., Homer.....(WS)
AYNANO, ANGELO, Tuckahoe.....(WL)
BLANES, PAUL, Buffalo.....(WS)
BOSS, FREDERICK W., Yonkers.....(WS)
BREEN, JOHN S., Medina—Sgt.....(WS)
BRINNEY, D. J., Lodge Mount.....(WS)
CAMACUSA, FRANCISCO, Buffalo...(WS)
CITCHER, ALBERT P., Buffalo....(WL)
CLARK, JOHN J., West Albany.....(WS)
COYES, FRED A., Rochester.....(WS)
DOR, GOBERT, Scarsdale.....(WS)
EWMAN, R. R., Niagara Falls.....(WL)
FFEN, J. A., Schenectady—Lt.....(KA)
GALISE, ANTONIO, Lockport.....(WU)
GEBERGREN, ADOLF, Solvan—Sgt.....(WL)
HELDON, THOMAS, Clayton.....(WS)
HITEHILL, CLARENCE A., Lyons....(WU)
IZER, EDWIN, Holland Patent.....(WL)
SMITH, CHARLES A., Coxsackie.....(WL)
STONE, ARTHUR, Utica.....(WU)
TOWE, BYRON W., Lansingburgh...(WS)
WALL, HARRY M., Auburn.....(WU)
WEDEMAN, CHARLES A., Buffalo.(WL)
WILLIAMS, DAVID G., Granville.....(WL)
WITHAM, ALEXANDER, Buffalo.....(WL)
WRIGHT, CHESTER F., Lowerville.....(WL)
WRIGHT, ERNEST, Watertown—Corp.(WL)

ALABAMA.

McINNIS, LAWSON H., Okatrippe....(DW)
MOSS, T. C., Tyler.....(DD)
NEEL, EMMET C., Hountsville.....(KA)

ARIZONA.

AIGNER, E. W., Phoenix—Sgt.....(KA)

ARKANSAS.

BUNCH, LEE H., Hartman.....(DW)

CALIFORNIA.

AVILLA, EDWIN, Cordella—Corp.....(DW)
MEAD, JAMES H., Alameda.....(DW)
OLAND, JAMES S., Oreville.....(KA)

CONNECTICUT.

BECKSLEY, H. L., Danielson.....(WS)
CARLY, B., New Haven—Corp.....(WU)
ERVING, HENRY R., Bridgeport.....(WS)
HARRIS, POWELL, New Britain.....(WS)
WAGER, FLOYD V., Sharon.....(WS)
WRIGHT, ALBERT E., Stratford.....(WS)

ILLINOIS.

BRIGG, G. W., Greenville.....(DW)
BITTON, RAYMOND J., Chicago.....(KA)
SWANK, RALPH, Neoga—Corp.....(KA)

INDIANA.

MATT, RALPH, Gaston—Sgt.....(DW)

IOWA.

PETERSON, ELLIE, Radcliffe.....(DW)
RICHTERMEIR, H. H., Mapleton.....(DD)
THOMSEN, OTTO, Newell.....(DD)

KANSAS.

LLEWELLYN, VERNIE, Lawrence.(KA)

KENTUCKY.

MITCHELL, JIM, Guthrie.....(DD)

LOUISIANA.

BURLEIGH, E. J., Lake Charles—Corp.(DD)
MORGAN, W. D., Tangipahoa—Lt.....(KA)
RICHARD, ELIGAH, Iowa.....(KA)

MAINE.

BAMFORD, H. M., Kents Hill.....(DD)
LADD, ENOCH E., Westbrook.....(DD)

MARYLAND.

CULLEN, MICHAEL F., Westernport...(KA)
STOLBA, JOHN J., Baltimore—Sgt.....(KA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

BYRON, DONA, Springfield.....(KA)
CUMMINGS, P. J., E. Boston—Lt.....(KA)
ROY, ADOLPH E., Haverhill.....(DD)
SARRO, EUGENE C., Pittsfield.....(DW)

MICHIGAN.

DALEY, PATRICK T., Merrill.....(DD)
HOWE, FRANK, Saginaw.....(KA)
LINDSAY, JOSEPH M., Lansing.....(DW)
SCHULTZ, FRED CHARLES, Sandusky.(KA)

MINNESOTA.

AUEL, MATTHIAS N., Wadena.....DD)
JONAS, JOHN P., Albany.....(DD)
WOLISCROFT, LEWIS E., Alexandria.(DW)

MISSISSIPPI.

LANGFORD, CHARLIE, Buckatunia...(DD)

MISSOURI.

DAVIDSON, W. W., Cape Girardeau.(DD)
MEYER, G. H., Dalton.....(DD)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

HANNAFORD, L. R., Dover.....(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

ANDERSON, E. M., Perth Amboy.....(WS)
BANSERMANN, HOWARD C., West New York—Corp.....(WU)
BIGHIGLIANO, DANIEL, Newark.....(MA)
BILLING, HARRY, Hoboken.....(WS)
EGLER, E. E., East Orange.....(DD)
FORME, FRANK, Atlantic City.....(WL)
GIORDANO, BENNY, Camden.....(WS)
HOFFMAN, W. E., Trenton.....(WU)
JOLLY, G. F., Camden.....(WL)
KEENAN, J. F., Camden.....(WU)
LADIKA, FELIN, Jersey City.....(WS)
LA GRANTE, J. J., Jersey City.....(WU)
PANELL, J. J., Camden.....(WL)
SCALAVENO, ANTHONY, Bloomfield.(WU)
SCHAFFER, BENJAMIN, Newark.....(WL)
SCHOLES, HERBERT M., Newark.....(WS)
TODD, GUERIN, Orange—Lt.....(WU)
WIENKE, CHARLES J., N. Bergen....(WU)
ZAKOSKI, ADAM, Jersey City.....(DW)
ZURAWSKI, EDW. W., Perth Amboy..(WL)

NEW MEXICO.

GRAHAM, ALVA H., Roosevelt.....(DD)
PENA, JOSE N., Albuquerque.....(DW)

NORTH CAROLINA.

GRAY, JAMES SAMUEL, Ronda.....(DD)
MORTON, WILLIAM L., Hubert.....(KA)

NORTH DAKOTA.

NEATHERY, ROY C., Devils Lake—Sgt.(KA)

OHIO.

BOULDER, SAMUEL, Powell.....(KA)
DOUGHTY, ANDREW, Padro.....(DW)
GRIFFITH, CHAS., Bridgeport—Corp...(KA)
KONTUROS, NICHOLAS, Canton.....(DA)
NICHOLS, HOWARD, Wheelersburg...(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BELLISSIMO, A., Pittsburgh.....(DD)
CLAWSON, R. E., Youngwood—Corp...(KA)
FREY, WILLIAM A., Douglasville....(KA)
HARNISH, LLOYD J., Clarence.....(DD)
JACCUCCA, NICOLA, Philadelphia....(DD)
KOYLOWSKY, M. J., Dickson City....(DW)
MACKEL, O. W., Rocheeter Mills.....(DW)

RHODE ISLAND.

RAINEY, JAMES, Central Falls.....(KA)
SERGEANT, JAMES, Pawtucket.....(DD)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

DIXON, ABRAHAM, Green.....(DD)
NEWTON, MOSES, Lykesland.....(DD)
THURMOND, WILLIE, Edgefield.....(DD)
WILLIAMS, HAMMETT, Vance.....(DD)

TENNESSEE.

BAGGETT, G. S., Cunningham.....(DD)
LYONS, D. M., Fort Henry—Lt.....(KA)
MOORE, ELZY VAN, High Cliff.....(KA)

VIRGINIA.

ANDERS, W. A., Independence.....(DA)

WASHINGTON.

MERCER, BRUCE A., Puyallup....9.(KA)
MORRIS, WM., Roslyn.....(KA)

WEST VIRGINIA.

BRADSHAW, GEORGE, Gary.....(DD)
McGINNESS, J. P., Washington.....(DD)

WISCONSIN.

BERGER, C. H., Mayville, Dodge County—Lt.....(KA)
MABIE, ALVIN R., Loyal.....(DD)
MAYOU, JERRY, Marinette.....(DD)
PERRY, R., Algoma—Capt.....(DW)
SUHR, HENRY, Milwaukee.....(KA)
FINGEL, O. G., Oconto.....(KA)

PORTUGAL.

JOAQUIM, S., Logar Do Matyr, Concelho De Mezae, Frio—Laborer.....(DD)

SWEDEN.

GUSTAFSON, A. J., Tingeryd.....(KA)

TO FIND JOBS FOR SOLDIERS.

Citizens' Committee Takes Action to Help Discharged Men.

The Independent Citizens' Committee, formed as a protest against the membership of William Randolph Hearst on the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops, announced yesterday that it would organize an employment committee to find jobs for returning soldiers. Dr. S. Dana Hubbard, acting Director of the Bureau of Public Health Education in the Department of Health, has been appointed Chairman of the committee.

"Thought and attention have been given to the welcome of our soldiers, sailors, and marines," said Dr. Hubbard, but the best and most appropriate welcome is an invitation to the men to return to their former jobs. These boys have sacrificed their personal interests for our protection, and it is our duty to see that they are provided with work that will enable them to resume their former places in life.

"It should be the duty of employers of labor to give these former soldiers, sailors, and marines preference when hiring help. These men are not 'mere job hunters'; they are our highest class of citizenry, whose training and experience will make them a valuable asset to any industry. Those who are crippled will be classified according to their educational and vocational abilities. These men in particular are the ones it is desired to place in self-supporting positions, otherwise, through this handicap, they may have unusual difficulty in securing suitable employment. Whenever possible men should be returned to their former positions as a patriotic duty to our army and navy."

It was also announced yesterday by the Independent Committee that R. Fulton Cutting and Mrs. Casper Whitney had been chosen members of the Executive Committee to assist in plans for the independent welcome.

A mass meeting of greeting to returned soldiers will be held in the Academy of Music in Brooklyn on Wednesday evening by the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee. James M. Beck will be the speaker, and a musical program will be given.

TO DEMAND A HIGH SCHOOL.

Washington Heights Residents Will Meet City Officials Tonight.

Borough President Frank L. Dowling, President Robert L. Moran of the Board of Aldermen, former President Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, and Frank Wilsey, a member of the same body, will speak tonight at a mass meeting of Washington Heights mothers and fathers in Public School 132, at Wadsworth Avenue and 182d Street. John Tyrone Kelly, President of the Washington Heights High School League, will preside. A feature of the occasion will be the presence of a number of high school boys and girls on the platform.

The young people are expected to give testimony as to their experiences in the quest of higher education while residing on Washington Heights, which Mr. Kelly terms "the only big centre of population in New York City which has no high school." The city's representatives are expected to tell "why Washington Heights cannot get a high school this year."

The league is made up of all civic and educational organizations of Washington Heights. Its membership includes 8,000 enrolled parents, of whom 4,000 are expected to attend the meeting.

If your usual table drink disagrees — Why not try INSTANT POSTUM
No headache: no heart-flutter: no indigestion: no sleeplessness.
"There's a Reason"

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

GRIP RAGING AGAIN IN NEW YORK
Pneumonia on Increase and Death Rate Jumps—Cops and Sounds Warning.
Influenza and pneumonia are again epidemic in New York, and every resource of the Health Department is being strained to stamp them out. Recent weather conditions are blamed by some medical authorities for the return of the fatal maladies which wrought havoc last Fall. Six hundred and seventy-two new cases of influenza were reported to the Health Department for the last twenty-four-hour period.

McK&R

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure"

Protect yourself against Spanish Influenza

When in a crowd put a **Cin-u-form** lozenge in your mouth.

Cin-u-form Lozenges

A Direct Antiseptic for the Mouth and Throat

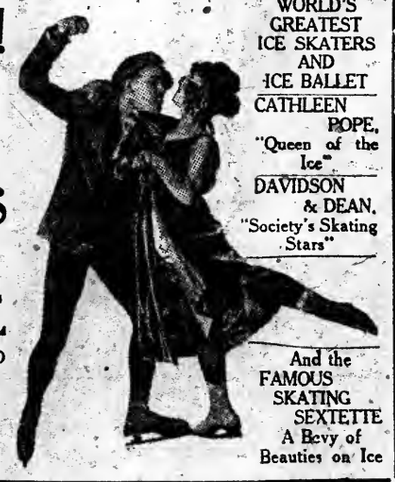
If you have contracted Influenza we recommend that you consult your physician at once.

25 cents at druggists

McKESSON & ROBBINS, Inc.
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS Established 1833
NEW YORK
Makers of Calox Tooth Powder

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The Only Ice-Skating Show in New York
TO-NIGHT
Engagement de Luxe!!
ELSIE and PAULSEN
The World's Sensational Skating Champions
In the APACHE DANCE ON SKATES
IN THE
Golden Glades



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CATHLEEN POPE, "Queen of the Ice"
DAVIDSON & DEAN, "Society's Skating Stars"
And the FAMOUS SKATING SEXTETTE A Bevy of Beauties on Ice

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Wonderful Southern Chicken Dinner—Jazz Band
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Table D'Hote Dinner
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Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
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The Buyers' Rendezvous
At Luncheon, Dinner & Supper.

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College professors, politicians, lawyers and business men agree as to the value of The New York Times Index in obtaining information about any story published last month, last year, or years back. Published quarterly—$2.00 a volume. Send for examination.—Adv.

BACK AGAIN!
Clicquot Club GINGER ALE

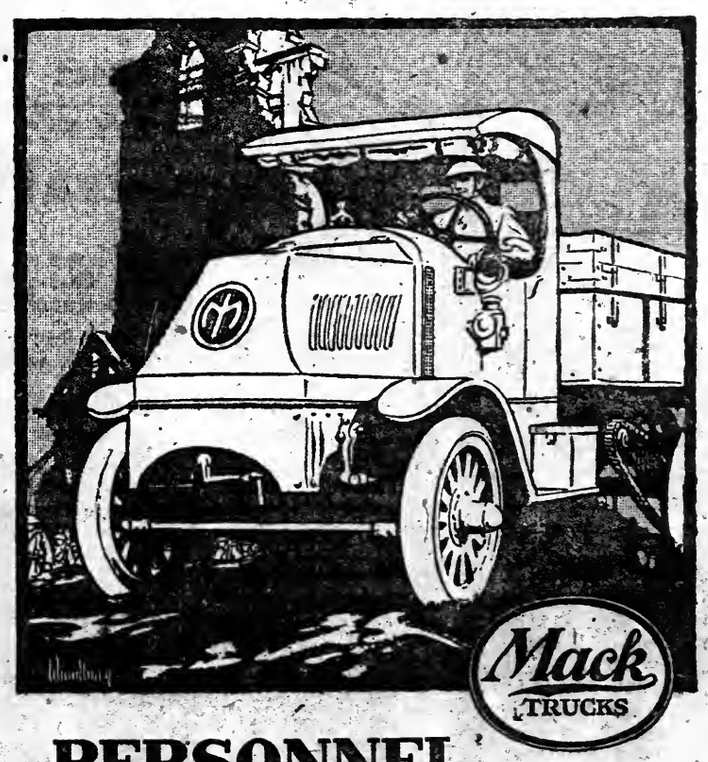
It is with the keenest pleasure that we can now announce that the shortage of Clicquot Club Ginger Ale is over.

Just a little while ago it seemed that the war and the shortage of sugar would mean the temporary disappearance of Clicquot Club from the market, unless we would use some sugar substitute.

Much as we hated to face a temporary suspension of our business, we hated still more to deteriorate or change our standard of years to the effect that "The purest sugar is the only sweetening good enough for Clicquot Club."

Now you can depend upon your dealer for your full supply of Clicquot Club Ginger Ale.

THE CLICQUOT CLUB COMPANY, Millis, Mass.



PERSONNEL
The entire energy, thought and experience of the MACK organization is centered in one effort—to build a long-lived, strong, economical, serviceable motor truck.
How success has crowned the effort is best shown by the number of MACK trucks in daily operation.
Capacities 1 to 7½ tons.
INTERNATIONAL MOTOR COMPANY, New York
"PERFORMANCE COUNTS"

THIRTEEN AND A HALF MILLION LINES

In 1918 The New York Times printed 13,506,285 agate lines of advertisements, a gain of nearly one million lines over 1917.

INTERCOLLEGIATE COMMITTEE RULES IN FAVOR OF COLLEGE ATHLETES ENGAGED IN WAR WORK

SUSPEND ONE-YEAR RULE IN COLLEGES

Action of I. C. A. A. A. A.'s May Be Adopted in All Branches of Sport.

AMENDMENTS SUGGESTED

Executive Committee Recommends Restrictions on Discharged Athletes Returning to College.

The Executive Committee of the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America at its meeting at the Columbia University Club yesterday took the lead in the movement to temporarily suspend the one-year rule for college athletes who have been in any branch of the service during the war. The committee decided to recommend to the association at its annual meeting here on March 1 that members of the Student Army Training Corps who have continued in college without interruption will be eligible to compete in the intercollegiates, which are held late in May.

It also recommended that all students are eligible who on or before Jan. 6 were in any branch of the Government service. This includes students who were associated with the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., and like organizations; also in war work, such as shipyards and munition factories. These students must be back in college by Jan. 6 if out of service before that time, or before April 1 at the latest, and must be in college three weeks after being discharged or resigning from the service.

This action by the I. C. A. A. A. A. will have a sweeping effect in all branches of college sport. Gustavus T. Kirby of Columbia, Chairman of the Advisory Committee, stated that the amendments could be taken as final by all prospective participants without danger of disappointment.

It developed that there was considerable controversy about the suspension of the one-year rule. Following the action of this body yesterday, however, it is believed that it will be adopted for all branches of sports by the governing Faculty committees of every college and university. There has been a wide difference of opinion among college Faculties about suspending the one-year rule. This was done some time ago by the Western College Conference.

The action yesterday was taken on the assumption that the past year in college athletics should not be counted as such against a student athlete on account of the unsettled conditions. The one year rule was primarily passed to bar those students from competition who may have entered colleges for no other purpose than to take part in athletics. The I. C. A. A. A. A. takes the stand that no students have entered any college during the past year for athletics alone.

In other words, the I. C. A. A. A. A. believes that a student should be excused from this athletic handicap inasmuch as during the past year his patriotic duties had preference over any competitive sport in which he may have participated.

A new President of the organization was elected yesterday, Lawrence B. Leonard of Harvard succeeding Julian Bolton of Harvard, who is now in the Government service. Hubert G. Larson, of Columbia, Secretary, and Eldred Halsey of New York University, Treasurer, were present.

The members of the Executive Committee present were: Sherman Baldwin, Yale; Roland Fenner, Pennsylvania; William H. Downs, Princeton; Leon C. Clay, Cornell; Paul N. Anderson, M. I. T.; Max A. Norton, Dartmouth.

Members of the Advisory Committee present included: Gustavus T. Kirby, Columbia, Chairman; Romeyn Berry, Cornell, and Thornton Gerrish, Harvard.

The Faculty Committee was represented by Professor E. P. Andrews, Cornell; Horace G. Fender, Dartmouth, and Major M. J. Pickering, Pennsylvania.

There will be no indoor meet held by the association this year. No intimation was made at the meeting yesterday where the intercollegiates would be held on May 29 and 30, but it is expected that both Harvard and Pennsylvania will make application for the meeting. If the association decides to award the meet to either of these colleges, it is not to be expected that they propose to hold a monopoly on the meeting. It has in the past been held frequently at these two colleges.

The reason for this, however, was because Harvard and Pennsylvania had the best accommodations for the big athletic carnival. Now several other colleges are in a position to hold the meet or will be when conditions become normal again.

Two years ago Cornell applied for the meet, and it is expected that in another year not only Cornell but Princeton, Syracuse, and other colleges will make a bid for it. New York will also make a bid for the college track classic just as soon as there is a suitable stadium built in this vicinity. Plans are now under way to construct a stadium at Van Cortlandt Park and when finished this would be a suitable scene for the big athletic games.

PLAN COLLEGE REGATTA.

American Rowing Association Stewards to Meet Here Saturday.

The annual meeting of the stewards of the American Rowing Association will be held at the Columbia Club Saturday afternoon, when plans will be made for an annual regatta which, it is expected, will include four or five college crews.

Since the temporary suspension of the Poughkeepsie regatta by the Intercollegiate Rowing Association, the American Association becomes the most important college rowing organization. It is expected that Annapolis will make application that the regatta be held on the Severn as it was last year.

That the Yale and Harvard crews may resume their annual race at New London is likely, for in a recent statement Prof. Mather Abbott, the Faculty rowing coach at New Haven, said:

"We hope to race Princeton on the Housatonic course at Derby, making it a triangular meet if Cornell will also enter. There is every intention, provided peace is signed in the mean time, of holding the regular New London regatta the last week in June. Expenses are going to be cut down tremendously. No new equipment will be bought as all material, launches, boats and oars are sufficient for the coming season."

REVIVE COLLEGE LACROSSE.

Ten Institutions Represented at Annual Meeting Here.

College lacrosse is to be resumed on an extensive scale during the Spring, and all the institutions which dropped the sport during the period of the war are prepared to take up the game again. The annual meeting of the United States Intercollegiate Lacrosse League was held at the Park Avenue Hotel yesterday, and a tentative schedule was drawn up which will be announced in a short time.

The officers elected for the coming year were: President, C. H. Goldsmith, Pennsylvania; Vice President, E. S. Barber, Harvard; Secretary, George F. Scanlon, Pennsylvania; members of Executive Committee, Cyrus C. Miller, Crescent A. C., and M. S. Erlanger, Johns Hopkins.

The colleges represented at the meeting were Harvard, Yale, Cornell, Pennsylvania, Swarthmore, Johns Hopkins, Stevens Institute, Hobart, Lehigh, and Syracuse.

Urge Thorley for Commissioner.

Charles Thorley, for many years a member of the New York Athletic Club and a supporter of clean boxing, has been mentioned for chairman of the boxing commission which it is expected Governor Smith will name if a boxing bill is passed at Albany. Those who are urging the appointment of Mr. Thorley point out that as he is a man of independent means and an enthusiast he would be an ideal man to head a commission.

OGDEN AGAIN LEADS AT N. Y. A. C. TRAPS

Takes High Scratch Prize with 99 Out of Possible 100—F. J. Ham Wins Cup.

W. B. Ogden continued his excellent work at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club yesterday. On Saturday afternoon he took the high scratch prize with a card of 98 out of a possible 100 targets. Yesterday he took the same event with even a better score. In shooting at 100 targets the Nimrod missed only a single "bird." It was his 99th target, giving him a straight run of 88, one of the best runs made at the Winged Foot traps this year.

Being the final Sunday shoot of the month, the usual fixtures came to an end. F. J. Ham was the principal winner. He took the tournament trophy with three legs and also the Byronel Cup with as many more legs scored during the month. The Red Cross and the Accumulation Cup events will be shot off next Sunday, as it was too dark to shoot off the ties yesterday. A. P. Walker was the high handicap gunner of the day.

George J. Corbett, Chairman of the Shooting Committee, made the announcement yesterday that in future shoots for the Club Cup there will be both a handicap and a scratch prize. The Club Cup is a monthly fixture, shot for on Saturdays. At the present time there is only a handicap prize.

Seventeen gunners took part in the shoot yesterday. The conditions were ideal, and as a result the scores were high.

The scores:

Name.	Accum. Cup.	Tour. Cup.	Byr'l Cup.	Scr. & H'cap Cups.
F. J. Ham	4 25	3 25	7 50	89—1—100
G. A. Derrick	2 22	1 22	0 42	86—12—98
W. G. Allen	4 25	4 24	7 50	88—16—100
H. B. Knight	1 23	1 24	3 49	94—12—100
J. O'Neil	1 23	1 24	2 48	92—8—100
H. S. Smith	1 23	1 23	3 47	68—30—98
W. R. Delehanty	4 22	0 20	9 50	82—18—100
A. P. Walker	5 25	5 25	9 50	87—21—100
W. B. Ogden	1 23	1 25	5 50	90—12—100
Jos M. Owen	2 22	2 24	6 47	86—14—100
R. B. Cole	2 25	3 25	5 50	94—12—106
G. J. Corbett	0 24	0 23	2 49	94—8—100
J. Kelley, Jr.	1 25	1 25	2 50	97—10—100
C. W. Stevens	1 17	1 23	3 47	72—12—85
Dr. Culver	0 23	1 22	1 49	95—8—100
J. G. Calhoun	5 25	5 20	10 44	64—20—84
Dr. Thielmann	0 24	0 25	0 44	93—0—93

WINNERS.

Accumulation and Red Cross Cups—All gunners with 25 targets will shoot off next Sunday.
Tournament Cup—F. J. Ham.
Byronel Cup—F. J. Ham.
High Scratch Prize—W. B. Ogden.
High Handicap Prize—A. P. Walker.

To Decide Pool Title.

The championship pocket billiard tournament, which is in progress at Doyle's Broadway Academy, will come to a close this week. Tonight Ben Howe and Norman Vibbard will play, while the final game will be staged Wednesday night between George Barton and Edward Kirby. The latter game will practically decide the first three places. Kirby has won four and lost none, while Barton and Fulton have each won three and lost one. Should Barton win, the affair will be tied between the three mentioned. Much interest is shown in the Barton-Kirby game as the players represent the extreme styles in pool playing. Barton is a daring, spectacular player while Kirby plays with an eye to safety. In the straight rail billiard tourney, Sydney Dickerson is leading a field of seven. Tonight's game will bring together William Calland and Charles Bigelow.

TRAVELENA SETS RECORD.

Distance Runner Clips 19 Seconds from Own Mark in Bronx Race.

Fred Travelena, veteran distance runner of the Mohawk A. C., set a new course record for the Pastime A. C.'s Elks course in the Bronx, in yesterday's Bronx Athletic League handicap road race. The Mohawk veteran, starting from scratch, finished in ninth position in 23:12, eclipsing his own record, made last year, by 19 seconds. Frank Titterton, the Pastime A. C. youngster, refused a handicap of 30 seconds for the chance to do battle with Travelena from scratch. The Pastime athlete, however, was not up to the task of keeping stride with his veteran rival and had to be content with fifteenth position at the finish.

Tim O'Connor, an old campaigner of the St. Anselm's A. C., led home the field of fifteen which completed the full course. O'Connor was in receipt of a handicap of 2 minutes, and he made good use of it. For about half of the four-and one-half miles distance the St. Anselm's runner bent to the task of overtaking the limit handicap runners. Once in the lead O'Connor made his own pace and never was displaced.

About five city blocks from the finish line O'Connor was challenged by J. Flatley, a clubmate. The two runners started off on a spurt with increasing pace at each stride. Flatley weakened in the dash to the tape, however, and trailed twenty yards behind O'Connor. The latter's time was 24 minutes.

The order of finish follows:

Pos.	Name and Club.	Hdcp.	Actual Time.
1	T. O'Connor, St. Anselm's A.C.	2:00	24:00
2	J. Flatley, St. Anselm's A. C.	4:00	26:05
3	R. Schiavone, Mohawk A. C.	4:00	26:09
4	F. Smeriglio, Mohawk A. C.	4:00	26:20
5	E. Hill, Mohawk A. C.	4:00	26:22
6	F. Wilson, Mohawk A. C.	2:00	24:50
7	W. Franz, Mohawk A. C.	3:30	26:20
8	S. Spidig, Pastime A. C.	4:00	27:08
9	F. Travelena, Mohawk A. C.	Scr.	23:12
10	J. Donohue, Mohawk A. C.	4:00	27:38
11	W. Boak, Mohawk A. C.	3:00	27:00
12	L. Ivino, St. Francis C. U.	4:00	29:04
13	S. Macchiaroli, St. Francis C.U.	4:00	29:13
14	A. De Luca, St. Francis C. U.	3:00	28:35
15	F. Titterton, Pastime A. C.	Scr.	25:37

DROP TITLE SWIM MEET.

Intercollegiate Association, Plans Dual Meets Instead.

The Intercollegiate Swimming Association, at its annual meeting yesterday in the New York Athletic Club, decided to abandon its intercollegiate team swimming and water polo championships this year, because of the war. Instead of the title round robin series it is planned to promote dual meets through the remainder of the season. The first of these will probably be held Friday night. Yale swimming authorities are negotiating with Amherst for a dual competition at New Haven on Jan. 31.

The individual intercollegiate championship will be held at City College pool March 22. Yale will swim at Princeton March 8, and the Princeton officials are planning to promote the annual interscholastic championships in conjunction with this dual meet. The proposal to suspend the freshmen rule, and permit the freshmen to compete in varsity sport, was tabled.

W. L. Harris, manager of the Princeton swimming team, is President of the I. C. A. A., W. P. Osmer, Jr., of Pennsylvania, is Vice President, and W. M. Chamberlin, Yale, is secretary-treasurer. These officials were elected at the Spring meeting of the association. Their appointment was ratified yesterday. The meeting was attended by representatives of Yale, Pennsylvania, Princeton, C. C. N. Y., and Columbia University, the regular members of the I. C. A. A., and Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Rutgers, among the associate members.

WHITE OWLS WIN POLO TOURNAMENT

Defeat Squadron A Trio in Final Match for Fifth Consecutive Victory.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
White Owls	5	0	1000
Royal A. F.	4	1	.800
Meadowlarks	2	2	.500
Clovers	1	2	.333
Squadron A	1	4	.200
Foxhunters	0	4	.000

The White Owls polo team of the Central Park Riding Academy defeated the Squadron A trio yesterday in the Victory Cup tournament at Durland's Riding Academy by a score of 15½ goals to 6. This success gave the White Owls their fifth straight victory of the tournament. Yesterday's conflict marked the team's last competition. Inasmuch as the White Owls have defeated the other contending teams, the Victory Cup, donated by George Sherman, has been presented to the team.

The victory yesterday was probably the easiest the team scored in its five matches. So far did the Central Park Academy representatives outclass their rivals that there were moments in the game when the White Owls let down noticeably in the offensive efforts. Many goals in the winning team's score also came without any apparent extra exertion.

Squadron A was in receipt of a three-goal handicap, so that the team actually scored but three goals. These were registered, one in the first period and two in the second, by C. Maynard, No. 1.

The White Owls players all contributed goals in overwhelming Squadron A. Murray Wilder and H. R. Winn were the most effective, each scoring six goals, while Otis Coleman, at back, scored four. Wilder in the first period was penalized half a goal for fouling, which brought the team's score to 15½.

The lineups:

White Owls. (15½.)	Squadron A. (6.)
No. 1—M. Wilder.	No. 1—C. Maynard.
No. 2—H. Winn.	No. 2—V. Grimwood.
Back—O. Coleman.	Back—F. Cooke.

Goals—First period, Wilder, (3,) Winn, (2,) Coleman, (2.) Maynard. Second period, Wilder, (3,) Winn, (3,) Coleman, (2,) Maynard, (2.) Penalty—Wilder one-half goal in first period for foul. Handicaps—Squadron A 3 goals. Referee—Earl Hopping, Durland's Riding Academy. Time of periods—Ten minutes.

Mitchell First Over Tape.

Clifford Mitchell of the St. Christopher Club captured first prize yesterday in the Morningside A. C. invitation road race, held over a course of about four and one-half miles. Mitchell took the lead in a field of eight harriers, about one-half mile from the finish. He finished with an advantage of about fifty yards on W. Stokely, a club mate, who set the early pace. Mitchell's time was 25:30.

Mulhearn Wins Road Run.

By a margin of about three yards T. Mulhearn of the St. John's C. C. captured first prize yesterday over L. Szader, Hungarian-American A. C., in the handicap road race of the Yorkville Athletic League. The run was held over the Paulist A. C. course of about three and one-half miles. Mulhearn's time was 24:08. C. Erlenbach, St. John's C. C., won the fast time prize. He started from scratch and finished sixth in 22:22.

HANK GOWDY COMING SOON.

Boston Soldier-Catcher Says He'll Be Back in February.

Hank Gowdy, the catcher of the Boston Braves, who was the first major league ball player to enlist in the army, has written to L. C. Page, one of the stockholders of the Boston Club, that he expects to be back in this country next month.

"I expect to be back in February," Gowdy wrote. "I feel just as if I could jump right into the game and make that long throw or catch hold of a fast one. I play ball every chance I get, and pine to get back into harness in time to be on the Southern training trip.

"Much to our surprise, we are getting bangup treatment from the Germans. They are apparently putting themselves out to be agreeable to us and to see that we get a good impression of them and their country."

Texas Bars Willard Bout.

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 26.—Jess Willard and his unselected opponent will not be allowed to have their championship battle in Texas, Governor W. P. Hobby announced today.

JEKEL LEADS HARRIERS.

Wins from Large Field in L. I. A. L. Road Race.

R. Jekel of the Brooklyn A. A. led home a field of fifteen rivals yesterday in the Long Island Athletic League handicap road race, held over the Kings County A. A. course of about four and one-half miles. Jekel, starting with a handicap of 3 minutes 30 seconds, won by about twenty-five yards. The victor's time was 25:49. Fast time prize went to Peter Zabludofsky, Kings County A. A., who started from scratch and finished tenth in 24:26.

The order of finish follows:

R. Jekel, Brooklyn A. A., (3:30.) 25:49; L. Milofsky, Kings County A. A., (2:45.) 25:09; J. Heinsohn, Kings County A. A., (3:30.) 26:27; E. Muller, Brooklyn A. A., (3:00.) 26:01; O. Pollack, Kings County A. A., (4:00.) 27:10; B. Moore, Brooklyn A. A., (3:00.) 26:25; V. Binder, Kings County A. A., (2:00.) 25:45; G. Fredericks, Kings County A. A., (4:00.) 27:48; S. Herzig, Brooklyn A. A., (1:00.) 25:10; P. Zabludofsky, Kings County A. A., (scratch.) 24:26.

HANDICAP AIDS SEINFELD.

Clark House Runner Leads Home Fifteen Rivals.

M. Seinfeld of the Clark House A. A., aided with a handicap of three minutes, showed the way to a field of fifteen rivals yesterday in the Lower Manhattan Athletic League's handicap road race held over the Paulist A. C. course of about three and one-half miles. Seinfeld led J. Cerino of the Paulist A. C. to the tape by about fifty yards. The Clark House runner's time was 23:08. Joe Giorgio of the Paulist A. C. was the scratch starter. He finished ninth in 21:47, the fastest time recorded for the distance.

The order of finish follows:

M. Seinfeld, Clark House A. A., (2:00.) 23:08; J. Cerino, Paulist A. C., (2:45.) 22:10; G. Kirkwood, Paulist A. C., (2:45.) 23:27; S. Inselbach, Clark House A. A., (3:15.) 24:10; E. McManus, Paulist A. C., (2:45.) 23:53; V. Hand, Paulist A. C., (1:30.) 22:54; B. Jacobs, Clark House A. A., (1:45.) 23:11; J. Lewis, Clark House A. A., (2:15.) 23:43; J. Giorgio, Paulist A. C., (scratch.) 21:47; G. Richards, Paulist A. C., (2:45.) 24:48.

Annual Sale of Overcoats

Overcoats of all weights—for the cool day, the blustry day, the freezing day or the blizzard—distinguished for their correctness of model and fabric. For dress, business, motor and country wear—the standards of of the metropolis—from our regular stocks.

At These Marked Reductions:

$38, $35, $30 and $28 Overcoats	$24.50	$50, $48 and $45 Overcoats	39.50
$38 and $35 Overcoats	28.50	$60, $58, $55 and $50 Overcoats	47.50
$45, $43 and $40 Overcoats	34.50	$75 and $65 Overcoats	59.50

Oxford, Blue and Black Overcoats Included at These Reductions

No Charge for Alterations

Our Annual Sale of Fall and Winter Suits, at material reductions, is also in progress

Weber and Heilbroner

Five Clothing Stores

30 Broad — 241 Broadway — 1185 Broadway
44th and Broadway — 42d and Fifth Avenue

This "family tree" began its Rogers Peet outfitting back in the seventies.

We've branched out too.

While originally we did a thriving business, corner of Broadway and Broome, we long ago outgrew it.

Four great stores on "four convenient corners" now needed to care for the present generation.

Four great stores built on the principle of making the customer's satisfaction the first consideration.

Character. Not only in the stuff sold, but in the method of merchandising.

Moneyback any time if you want it.

The wholesale end of our business is still another branch. Our clothing is sold throughout the country by the larger dealers in the larger cities.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. — "Four Convenient Corners" — Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren — Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

All Praise the Essex—$1,395

Its Reception the Biggest in all Motordom

Demonstrated to Thousands

In hundreds of cities the same enthusiasm has been created for the Essex that you have observed for it here. Our store has been the center of automobile interest because the Essex strikes a new note in motor car design.

It was our intention to show and demonstrate the Essex for only a few days, not thinking that so many people would want to see it.

Men Like the Essex Because It Stays New

The Essex is as rigidly built as a bridge girder. This you observe as you ride in it over rough pavements. Squeaks and rattles are prevented. Every wearing part is adjustable. The Essex is built to meet the hardest service without becoming noisy.

Buyers Register for Early Deliveries

The first day sales of the Essex passed all expectations. Distributors have had to establish buyers lists. We have orders for more cars than we can get during the early months. Orders are registered as they are placed, so that buyers can get deliveries in their turn.

You should know the Essex if you are interested in the qualities it alone possesses. Come see it. Take a ride in it. It is the only new car of the year.

If your choice lies in the direction of a light car because of its economy in cost and operation, then the Essex will suit you. It has those qualities without the objections that are common to cars of that type. In addition to all that, the Essex has many of the attractions of larger and costlier cars.

But the demand for a car having such features as it exclusively possesses is greater than we imagined.

People are still coming to see the Essex. Thousand in all parts of America have ridden in it in the past ten days.

January 16th, the day of its first showing, was truly an Essex day everywhere.

You Will Know Why When You See the Essex

The Essex meets a demand which it alone satisfies. It is the one car that combines the qualities of lightness and low purchase and operating cost of the cheap car with the desirable features of the large, costly automobiles.

It has grace and beauty. Its appointment in every detail matches that of the finest.

But where it is most distinctive is in its performance. Here is a light car of the greatest riding ease. It has the power of acceleration you have found only in powerful and costly cars.

Its speed is a revelation. In that particular only large and costly cars compare with it.

ESSEX MOTOR CARS DETROIT U.S.A.

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BRONX, N. Y. 2460 Grand Concourse
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 190-192 East Front Street
NEWARK, N. J. 866 Broad St.

(13)

PRAISE ITALY'S PART IN WINNING THE WAR

President Wilson, Secretary Daniels, and C. E. Hughes Tell of Civilization's Debt.

NOTABLE IN ENGINEERING

Tribute Paid to Genius of Her Inventors in Ships, Armament, Electricity and Aviation.

Stirring tributes to the part played by Italy in the war, with special reference to some of the achievements of Italian naval men, were paid yesterday in the presence of a distinguished gathering of Italians and Americans at the Metropolitan Opera House. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Italy-America Society and the speakers were Secretary Josephus Daniels of the navy, Charles E. Hughes and Major Fiorello La Guardia, U. S. A. Miss Claudia Muzio and Morgan Kingston of the Metropolitan Opera Company sang. The United States Marine Band played selections and great applause following the playing of "Dixie." Edith Wynne Matthison read Elizabeth Barrett Browning's poem, "Mother and Poet." Robert Underwood Johnson read his poem "Italia Redenta."

Mr. Hughes read messages sent to the meeting by President Wilson, General Diaz, Baron Sonnino, Count Macchi di Cellere, and Elihu Root. Cabling from Paris President Wilson said:

Hon. Charles E. Hughes, Italy-America Society, New York City:
It is with a special pleasure that I avail myself of this opportunity to send a greeting to the Italy America Society gathered together to commemorate the deeds of valor of the Italian Army and the important rôle which it has played in the final success. The cordial and spontaneous welcome given me by the Italian nation three weeks ago touched me profoundly and I am sure I rightly interpret it as a manifestation of sympathy from the Italian people to the people of the United States. WOODROW WILSON.

"I wish today to express the obligations which this republic, which the people of every nation feel particularly to the naval constructors of Italy, for the contributions they have made which have revolutionized naval warfare," Secretary Daniels when he was introduced.

"Every nation is interested deeply in naval studies, in the plans and developments of every other nation, and I wish to say to you that the men of our navy do not look to any country for daring achievement and new methods and ideals more than they do to the naval constructors of Italy. I wish to pay tribute to Cuniberti, the great Italian naval constructor, who was responsible for the all big gun ship, the mother of modern dreadnoughts, and to other daring men of vision who gave us the three-turret ship, which America has copied and for which it gives thanks to the Navy of Italy.

"Nor do we forget the debt the world owes to Marconi, who caused the electric spark to leap at the bidding of man and not to be tied to the cable, so that men on ships speak to each other hundreds of miles apart, but thousands, and space, so far as communication between man and man is concerned, has been annihilated.

"In this war we have come to a new appreciation of an element which from time immemorial has been supposed to be beyond the conquest of man, and yet in the development of aeronautics, with the same vision, with the same daring and the same inventive genius that we have seen in other lines, the Italians have been at the very front in the development of everything that flies the air. I am sure that no gift which came from the generous people of Italy meant more to our President than when Caproni gave him the White Eagle and said, 'I give it to you because America stands high in the atmosphere of everything that makes for good.' But if we pay tribute to Caproni and his fellows, to Marconi and his associates, to the naval constructors who, with an audacious genius, have changed the method of naval construction, what shall we say of the daring and the audacity and the success of the personnel of the Italian Navy?"

Mr. Hughes presided and in introducing Secretary Daniels said:

"As we have had France's day and Britain's day, so this is Italy's day that we may fittingly as Americans pay our tribute to the valor of Italian arms and acknowledge our indebtedness to the men and women of Italy for their sacrifices in our common cause.

"It is simple justice to do this. There were several decisive moments in the war when irreparable disaster was impending. It was the high privilege of each of the Allies to meet one or more of these critical tests, and victory leaves us united in an abiding sense of mutual obligation. France snatched victory from the grasp of the onrushing hordes at the Battle of the Marne. Great Britain maintained the British tradition in the swamps about Ypres. Again, Italy saved the cause of liberty by entering the war, thus defeating the subtle intrigues of the enemy. The Italy of Cavour and Mazzini and Garibaldi took her natural place with the Allies against the Germany of Bismarck and Hindenburg and the Kaiser. In another decisive moment, Italy held her line at the Piave. It remained for the United States after the countless and exhausting sacrifices of the Allies to give the essential assistance, and thus in the last great crisis the final blow was struck which forced the enemy to an unconditional surrender.

"It is happy recognition of the share of each, we pay our tribute to Italy today. Had not Italy entered the war liberty would have been slain before America, her natural defender, had awakened to her duty. No nation save France was exposed to greater danger than that which Italy faced in making her decision. The sacrifices demanded of her people were incalculable. But the heart of Italy was sound and the people of Italy, instinct with the spirit of freedom, demanded the opportunity to make these sacrifices that her noblest aspirations might be satisfied."

Major La Guardia discussed the Italo-Jugoslav question and said that Italy was desirous only of protecting the new Jugoslav nation, not of coveting any of its territories.

Among those present were General E. Guglielmotti, Commendatore Gidoni of the Italian Financial Mission, Rear Admiral Albert Gleaves, Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher, Abram I. Elkus, Commendatore Francolini, Commendatore Serrati, Brig. Gen. Ugo Pizzarello, Captain Angelo Fanelli, Admiral Lovatelli, F. Ferrero, and large delegations from several scores of Italian and American societies.

Ryan Suspect Released.

GALLIPOLIS, Ohio, Jan. 26.—The man suspected of being Captain John T. Ryan, wanted in New York on charges of having violated the espionage and neutrality laws of the United States, was released last night by Sheriff Howard. The authorities here waited sixty hours for a special agent from the Department of Justice to come from New York to identify the man, and on his failure to do so ordered the release of the suspect. The man said he was Gerard C. Leahy, and said he had been employed at the base hospital of the Government powder plant at Nitro, W. Va.

Fire at Cornell University.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the roof and upper stories of the Delta Upsilon fraternity house of Cornell University here tonight with a loss of $35,000.

Peru Gets an American Ship.

LIMA, Peru, Jan. 26.—It is announced that the American Government has turned over the steamer Middlebury to the Peruvian Government for use in the Pacific trade.

MUSIC

Fevrier to See "Gismonda."

Three hundred members of the Chicago Opera Company are due in New York this morning on two special trains scheduled to arrive at 8 and 9 o'clock at the Grand Central Station. The chorus, orchestra, and stage force are traveling on the first section and many of the principal singers on the second, together with baggage cars containing equipment of the last of the operas sung in Chicago, where a ten weeks' season ended on Saturday with a production of Leroux's "Le Chemineau" and a popular farewell in "The Barber of Seville."

Henri Fevrier will witness the New York première of his opera, "Gismonda," at the opening of the company's five weeks at the Lexington tonight. Charles Fontaine, who sings the tenor rôle, arrived yesterday and went to the Hotel Savoy, while Mary Garden, who will be seen as Gismonda, came in on Saturday and has taken her usual quarters at the Ritz-Carlton. John O'Sullivan, another new tenor, has been here since Friday at the Claridge. Director Campanini, at the Biltmore; Stracciari, at the Ansonia, and M. Fevrier, at the Cumberland, were others here yesterday in advance of the troupe.

Mr. Campanini said, when seen last evening, that he had already found a welcome here in the shape of a larger subscription than last year, when his company played a month's engagement to about $170,000 receipts. The operas of the first week, besides "Gismonda," will include "Romeo and Juliet" tomorrow, then "Madame Butterfly," "Monna Vanna," "Le Chemineau," "Thaïs," and "Tales of Hoffmann." Next Sunday will be the first of four Campanini concerts at the Hippodrome. For the second week there are posted a Monday "Isabeau," and Tuesday "Linda di Chamounix," while Mme. Galli-Curci, who sings in the last named opera, will also appear in a benefit concert at the Hippodrome on Sunday, Feb. 9.

Gatti Announces "Petrushka."

Stravinsky's "Petrushka," last danced here by the Diaghileff Ballet, will be seen in a new production at the Metropolitan on Thursday of next week, Feb. 6, in a double bill with "Traviata." Charles Hackett will be new as Verdi's hero, with Hempel, De Luca, and others. The dancers in "Petrushka," which will follow the opera, will include Galli, Smith, Bolm, Bonfiglio, Bartik, and Agnini, conducted by Monteux.

Leroux's "La Reine Fiammette" will be repeated next Monday, with Farrar, Lazaro, Didur, and Rothier. Caruso will sing Wednesday, Feb. 5, in "Forza del Destino," and Friday in "Pagliacci," preceded by "L'Oracolo," all with familiar casts. "Carmen" will be next week's Saturday matinée opera, with Farrar, Martinelli, and Couzinou, and that evening has "Manon Lescaut," with Muzio, Crimi, and Montesanto.

Tomorrow's special matinee of "Madame Butterfly" at the Metropolitan has been postponed until Thursday afternoon of the present week, because of a slight cold from which Miss Farrar is suffering, according to an announcement made yesterday by Mr. Gatti-Casazza.

Surprises at Opera Concert.

Mr. Godowsky continued a remarkable series of guest appearances by playing at the Metropolitan concert last night, when he was heard in Liszt's A major concerto with the opera orchestra under Hageman and in later solo pieces at the piano. Mme. Matzenauer was also welcomed back by the Sunday night crowd, and Rosalie Miller, a newcomer, sang a soprano air from Massenet's "Herodiade." Next Sunday's added star will be Mischa Elman.

Old-time operagoers must have recalled a famous performance of Mme. Sembrich, at the Abbey benefit in 1883, when last night's young soprano came out for an encore, for Miss Miller, instead of further singing, played the violin. A still greater surprise was in store when Mme. Matzenauer, after the "Suicidio" air—a soprano number—from "Gioconda," and some lighter songs, gave on recall "When the Boys Come Home," and finally asked the entire audience to join her in "The Long, Long Trail."

Pianists Have Their Day.

Guiomar Novaes, gowned in black, yet glorious at one of her native Brazil's "mourning coat" butterflies that flashes fire in the tropic sun, was greeted by a great house on her return to the stage after a brief absence at yesterday's Philharmonic matinée in Carnegie Hall. In Saint-Saëns's C minor concerto the admired pianiste found music of congenial mood, tender, elegiac, a performance that her hearers will remember.

W. H. Humiston conducted his "Suite" of four short sketches, once written for a MacDowell festival, and later, in a version for piano and violin, widely played by Maud Powell. The second sketch in the new orchestra version, "Scherzoso, ma cantabile," was received with applause. Mr. Stransky opened the day with Franck's symphony and finished with Wagner's prelude and finale from "Tristan."

American Composers, Too.

Ossip Gabrilowitsch, on a runaway holiday from his labors as conductor of the Detroit Orchestra, reappeared at short notice with the Symphony Society in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, playing Tschaikovsky's concerto with dynamic effect, even magnified by the little hall and by Mr. Damrosch's supporting orchestra of a hundred. It was an occasion to pair with the recent sensational reappearance of Rachmaninoff. The symphony for the day was Raff's "Lenore," lighter in manner for all its tragic theme.

The American composer, C. M. Loeffler, came in for his innings, too, with "La Vilanelle du Diable," a tone poem of rare coherence and brevity, superbly played by virtuoso instruments for which its mesmeric harmonies are scored.

DINNER FOR GREEK ENVOY.

Friends to Entertain Roussos Before He Leaves for Paris.

George Roussos, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Greece in the United States, who leaves soon to join Premier Venizelos in Paris, will be tendered a farewell dinner on Wednesday night in Sherry's by some of the friends he made during his eighteen months in this country. Mr. Roussos was for twenty-five years a leader of the international bar in Egypt, where he became a close friend of the late Lord Kitchener.

Among those who have accepted invitations to the dinner are Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Chauncey M. Depew, Thomas W. Lamont, A. Barton Hepburn, Frank A. Munsey, William Fellowes Morgan, Alfred H. Marling, Eugenius H. Outerbridge, Henry A. Gildersleeve, Charles R. Miller, Emerson McMillin, F. Cunliffe-Owen, R. A. C. Smith, and George T. Wilson.

British Industries to Hold Fair.

The British Industries Fair, organized by the British Board of Trade, will be held in London in the Pennington Street premises of the London Dock from Feb. 24 to March 7, it was announced yesterday. About 600 British manufacturers will exhibit china and earthenware, glassware of all descriptions, stationery and stationers' sundries, printing, fancy goods, toys, and sporting goods. This fair differs from those at Lyons and Bordeaux in that it is not international.

105,753 STILL IN HOSPITALS.

Pershing Report of Jan. 9 Shows 33,111 Wounded and 72,642 Sick.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—General Pershing has issued instructions requiring each soldier in France to send to his next of kin in this country a card showing the soldier's station, organization and the state of his health, and special cards are being printed for this purpose. This is part of a plan for keeping families informed as to the status of soldiers in France.

Information has been received by the War Department that on Jan. 9 there were 105,753 soldiers in hospitals in France, of which 33,111 were cases of wounds or injuries, the rest representing cases of disease. The battle casualty records have now been checked completely in France and the War Department is now making public the balance of the casualties as rapidly as it can complete its recheck from original records.

"Cable advices from General Pershing," said the official statement, authorized by the War Department today, "indicate that the long and tedious check of battle casualty reports has at last been completed by the Central Records Office in France. Individual additions resulting from the identification of missing men or from the triple check of all organization and hospital records, instituted by the direction of the Secretary of War, may, of course, be expected and will be promptly reported—as will deaths from illness or accident. In general, however, the lists of those who died in action or received serious injuries, as reported to the families of officers and soldiers, and to the press, stand complete.

"In the meantime the War Department is engaged upon a check of the original records sent for the purpose from France, in order to report both to the families and to the public, as a matter of record and appreciation, the men who have received (and recovered from) relatively slight injuries on the field of battle.

"The report of Jan. 9 shows a total of 105,753 men in hospitals in France, of which 72,642 were cases of disease and 33,111 cases of wounds and injuries. The deaths for the previous week amounted to 561, of whom 280 died of disease and 281 of wounds received in action before Nov. 11, 1918.

"The total number of hospital cases in France is steadily decreasing, there being a drop of more than 15,000 cases between the figures given above and those of the week previous."

TO CURB SALE OF PISTOLS.

Commissioner Enright Asks Merchants' Association to Help the Police.

In connection with the recent series of violent crimes, the Merchants' Association yesterday announced that Police Commissioner Enright had asked the co-operation of that organization in an effort to check the sale of revolvers in violation of the Sullivan law. In a letter to William Fellowes Morgan, President of the association, Mr. Enright said in part:

"With a view to depriving potential criminals of the weapons with which to attempt crimes of violence, the Mayor and myself have been endeavoring to obtain the co-operation of the New Jersey authorities so that only those with Police Department permits could purchase them in New Jersey. It came as a surprise to me to learn that reputable sporting goods stores in this city were rumored to be encouraging the illegal sale of revolvers.

"It appears that employes of establishments where firearms are sold in this city have told prospective customers who did not possess permits that the weapon could be sent by express to a New Jersey address. Your organization has so graciously co-operated with the Police Department in the past that I think it only just that you should be advised of this practice, as I am sure that the proprietors of reputable sporting goods stores would never encourage or permit such practices on the part of their employes were they familiar with them."

The association at once sent copies of the Police Commissioner's communication to stores throughout the city, but the replies received up to yesterday indicated that nowhere were revolvers being sold in the way described by Mr. Enright.

SET FREE BY LLOYD GEORGE

Couple Convicted of Trying to Poison Him Were Serving Long Terms.

LONDON, Jan. 26, (via Montreal.)—Alfred George Mason and Mrs. Winifred Mason, his wife, have been ordered released from prison on license by the Home Secretary, at the request of Premier Lloyd George.

They were convicted in February, 1917, of conspiracy to murder the Premier.

A sentence of seven years was imposed upon Mason, and Mrs. Mason was sentenced to five years' penal servitude in March of last year on conviction of a conspiracy to murder Premier Lloyd George and Arthur Henderson, member of the War Council, by means of poison. Mrs. Alice Wheeldon, mother of Mrs. Mason, also was found guilty of the conspiracy. The mother was sentenced to ten years. Miss Harriet Ann Wheeldon, another daughter, was acquitted.

FOR ZIONIST CAMPAIGN.

Seven Captains Are Named to Speed Drive Throughout Country.

Plans for the campaign to raise $3,000,000 for the Zionist Organization of America were discussed at a dinner in the Hotel Astor last night at which Jacob H. Schiff and Judge Julian W. Mack, President of the organization, spoke. Seven captains were appointed to push the campaign in all parts of the country. They were: Jacob Fishman, Clarence Y. Palitz, Edward Reuben, Louis Posner, L. Wourgaft, Dr. Mordecai Kaplan, and Mrs. Julius Dreyfus.

Among those who made addresses in addition to Mr. Schiff and Judge Mack were Dr. Mordecai Kaplan, Bernard A. Rosenblatt, and Dr. Israel Friedlaender.

Junior Naval Reserve Buys Cruiser.

Schuyler Schieffelin, now a Captain in the American Forces in France, has sold to the United States Junior Naval Reserve his motor cruiser Swordfish, now at Miami, Fla. The Swordfish is 123 feet in length and there are only two larger craft of her type in this country. The Reserve will re-name the vessel the Commodore Jacob W. Miller, in memory of the late Vice President of the organization, and will convert the new purchase into a motor training ship for use of cadets at Camp Daniels, the Winter training base of the Reserve at West Palm Beach, Fla.

THEATRE NOTES.

Mrs. Fiske, in "Mis' Nelly of N'Orleans," will begin an engagement at Henry Miller's Theatre next Monday night under the direction of Cohan & Harris. The play is a comedy by Lawrence Eyre.

At the Manhattan Opera House on Saturday night Marjorie Rambeau returned to her success of last season, "Eyes of Youth," for an engagement limited by her early departure for London.

"Good Morning, Judge," a musical comedy, based on Pinero's farce, "The Magistrate," will be brought to the Shubert Theatre on Monday of next week. Mollie King, George Hassell, and Charles King will head the cast.

The present program of the Portmanteau Theatre will end its run on Saturday night, and a new bill will be offered at the Punch and Judy next week, when Dunsany's play, "The Gods of the Mountain," will be revived.

"Tumble Inn" has been selected as the final title of the musical comedy which Arthur Hammerstein now has in preparation.

Flora Revalles, formerly of the Russian ballet, will be seen in the new Winter Garden show, "Monte Cristo, Jr."

Fifteen hundred members of the Federal Reserve Club will attend tonight's performance of "Listen, Lester" at the Knickerbocker.

Georges Flateau, now in "The Crowded Hour," will continue next season under the management of the Selwyns.

The Friars will send a Frolic on tour about June 1, visiting the large cities of the East and Middle West.

THE SCREEN

D. W. Griffith has turned from the war to peace for a screen subject and produced, as his third Artcraft picture, "A Romance of Happy Valley," which is at the top of the Strand bill this week. When the story begins a number of people are living in Happy Valley, "far from the madding crowd," and apparently they are happy, all of them except John L. Logan, Jr., who frankly admits that he is miserable and wants to go to New York. John's mother takes him to church and asks the parson to save him from sin, John's father sternly advises him to stay at home and hoe the corn, and John's sweetheart puts on a new dress in the hope of luring his heart from the city. But John packs up one night and goes away, and, as the years pass, the Happy Valley folks become miserable. John's mother seeks consolation in religion, his father goes into debt, and his sweetheart writes herself down as an old maid.

Away off in the city John spends seven years resisting temptation and inventing a mechanical frog that can swim. He is successful in both efforts and returns to Happy Valley with his character intact and $10,000, which he got for the frog. He is just in time to save the old home from going under the hammer and his sweetheart from becoming an old maid irrevocably. Only an accident prevents his father murdering him for his money before the old man learns the intended victim is his son and he can have as much of the money as he wants without committing a crime.

The part of John, the wayward son who showed all the others the way to live, is played by Robert Harron, whose impersonation adds to the already accumulated evidence of his versatility as a screen actor. Lillian Gish, as his sweetheart, is a sufficient reason for his returning home. George Fawcett, as the father, and Kate Bruce, as the mother, do not disappoint the expectations aroused by their past performances.

The Strand Topical has a number of interesting features, including "Bobby Bumps's Last Smoke," a cartoon comedy by Earl Hurd of the Bray Studios which has more laughs in it than many of Bobby's previous adventures.

Max Marcin's "Cheating Cheaters," familiar on Broadway through its stage run, has been turned into a photoplay for Clara Kimball Young, under the direction of Allan Dwan, and is on the program of the Rivoli this week. The story of the syndicate of crooks who set out to rob another equally respectable company which was also bent on robbing them is too well known to need narration. As a photoplay the production is marked by well-acted comedy. Of course, there is the lovers' clinch at the end. Miss Young, though not one of the comic characters, makes the others more amusing than they would be without her, and, on her own part, is both attractive and expressive. She is well supported by Jack Holt.

Tully Marshall as the lawless lawyer gives an interpretation that needs no textual or other aids. It stands out as a work of pantomimic art and, incidentally, so strongly suggests Uriah Heep that it makes one wish to see Mr. Marshall in the rôle of Dickens's character. Mayme Kelso and Frank Campeau contribute generously to the amusement of the play.

"Bird Island," a Prizma color picture, includes some interesting scenes of the United States Game Preserve of the coast of California, and, except where the motion is apparently too rapid, the coloring seems accurate and adds greatly to the pictures.

"Go West, Young Man," with Tom Moore in the leading rôle, and "Little High Horse," a Bruce scenic, are the principal pictures at the Rialto this week.

Allen Holubar's "The Heart of Humanity," with Dorothy Phillips, is in its sixth week at the Broadway.

Burton Holmes's Travelogue, "With the Yanks in France," was the offering at Carnegie Hall last night and will be repeated there this afternoon.

START FILM TAX PROTEST.

Public Aid Sought in Every Motion-Picture House in America.

The Executive Committee of the National Association of the Motion Picture Industry announced yesterday that, at a meeting held Saturday afternoon it was decided to start a nation-wide campaign of protest against the tax of 5 per cent. on all film rentals provided for in the Federal Revenue bill now in the hands of the Conference Committee of Congress. The intention of the bill is to levy this tax on the weekly rentals paid for films by exhibitors, and it will be in addition to the 10 per cent. admission tax.

The film men have sent 500-word telegrams to the forty-eight State Chairmen of their association, instructing each to relay his message to every proprietor of a motion picture theatre in his State. A telegram has also been sent to Peter J. Schaefer, President of the Motion Picture Exhibitors' League of America, urging him to join in the fight. The committee hopes to enlist the active support of the public, who, it is contended, will have to pay the tax in the end in the form of increased admission fees.

SUNDAY SHOWS IN PASSAIC.

Movie Houses and Churches Both Do Well Under New Ordinance.

PASSAIC, N. J., Jan. 26.—Despite the protest of the Passaic Pastors' Association, the movement started three weeks ago to open the motion picture houses on Sundays resulted today in all the theatres doing a thriving business. No disorder was reported and the churches had the usual attendance.

At a meeting of the City Commissioners several weeks ago 200 or more citizens, including many clergymen, protested against the revocation of the local ordinance forbidding Sunday shows. Later Commissioner John H. Kehoe, in charge of the police, was assured by the ministers that even if the local ordinance should be revoked an old blue law, the "Crimes and Immorality act," prohibited such desecration of the Sabbath.

The ordinance was repealed last week.

HEROES FILL HIPPODROME.

5,500 Wounded Soldiers Are Guests at Big Theatre's Show.

More than 5,500 wounded men, many of them brought to the theatre in ambulances which lined up over some four blocks, attended a special performance of the Hippodrome show, "Everything," yesterday afternoon. Every member of the Hippodrome organization, back stage and front, gave his or her services for the occasion. An address of welcome was made by Justice Victor J. Dowling.

In the evening free performances of two shows were held for uniformed men, "East Is West," at the Astor, and "Cappy Ricks," at the Morosco, the first five rows in each theatre being reserved for men with wound stripes.

Sing and Play in Uniform.

George Reimherr, tenor, came back from army service to sing in uniform at the Princess Theatre last evening, his recital including Japanese folksongs arranged and accompanied by Koscak Yamada, who wore a uniform of the Japanese Army. There were two songs of Lieutenant Emil Breitenfeld, accompanied by Francis Moore, among local composers, with others from MacDowell, Eugene Haile, Frederick Vanderpool, Cecil Forsyth, and Gertrude Ross.

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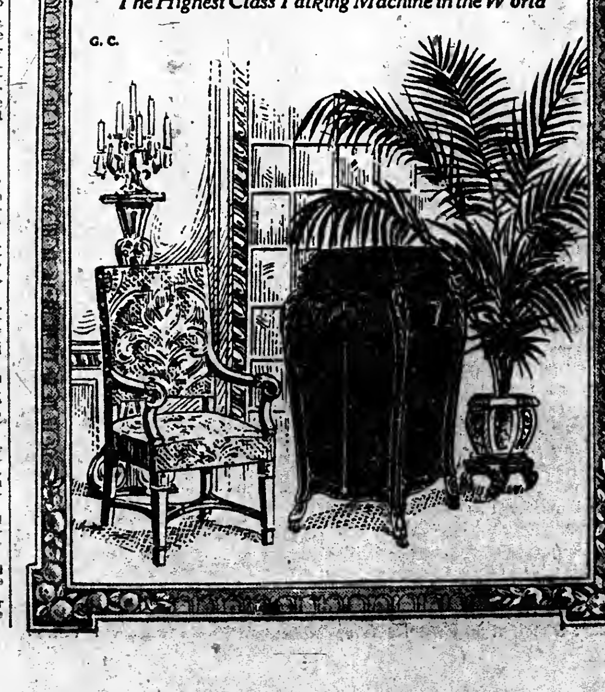

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2.
AL JOLSON
And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD — 43rd Week in New York.

CENTURY GROVE—Roof of Century Theatre
NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL —AT 11:30— A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800.

MANHATTAN Opera Ho., 34th, W. B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU In Her Favorite Role EYES OF YOUTH
25c. to $1.50. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits
New Musical Play—The 100% Cast
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:15.
A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20
WILLIAM Courtenay AND TOM Wise
In Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit CAPPY RICKS

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES" LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30.
LAST 8 TIMES. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

COMEDY 41st, East of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:30.
The Climax WITH Eleanor Painter
"A play no lover of the theatre can afford to miss."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

LYRIC 42nd St., West of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
THE SEASON'S HIT | With RICHARD BENNETT | 5TH BIG MONTH
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers
UNKNOWN PURPLE

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.
Riotous Musical Comedy
THE MELTING OF MOLLY REAL STORY AND JAZZY GIRLS GALORE!

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
Jane Cowl IN The Crowded Hour

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way.
THE COMEDY HIT
Tea for 3
Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST.
SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS
TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 MARTHA
Tues., Wed. & Sat. Nights at 8:15 FRA DIAVOLO
With Orville Harrold—Bianca Saroya
Thurs. Night, 8:15 and Sat. Mat. (Pop. request) MIKADO
Friday Night at 8:15 MME. BUTTERFLY
With Marcella Craft and Orville Harrold.
FEB. 3—ROBIN HOOD—ALL-STAR REVIVAL.

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH
in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way & 97th St. Oscar Wilde's Masterpiece An Ideal Husband Mat. To-m'w. Best Seats 50c.

Vanderbilt Thea., 48th, E. of B'way TO-NIGHT AT 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
RACHEL CROTHERS' COMEDY
A LITTLE JOURNEY
With ESTELLE WINWOOD—CYRIL KEIGHTLEY.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30.
3 MATINEES THIS WEEK: Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.
ALICE BRADY Personally in FOREVER AFTER

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
MARY NASH IN THE BIG CHANCE

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
A. H. WOODS Presents
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FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

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Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:15. Eves. 8:15.
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. FRANCK, Secretary.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, JAN. 27, 1919.

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THE PEACE OF ALL NATIONS.

A long step forward toward the attainment of peace on earth was taken by the Conference at Paris on Saturday when it unanimously resolved to establish a League of Nations. It was a splendid beginning of the work of the Conference. To the many international distinctions of the City of Paris another and one most appropriate has been added, for it was fitting that a people whose heroism, achievements, and sufferings in war have been so great should see the first constructive work upon this pact of the nations to end war undertaken in their own capital.

When the establishment of a League of Nations is moved by the United States, seconded by Great Britain, cordially welcomed and supported by Italy, France, Belgium, China, Poland, and unanimously voted by the great council of the nations, we may dismiss all doubts about the practicability and the realization of the project. "If we attempt it, the attempt will be a success," said Mr. LLOYD GEORGE. What the civilized world attempts for the furtherance of the ends of civilization cannot fail.

The structural plans of the League are taking shape in the minds of the delegates to the Conference. Many things that have been proposed have been for years under discussion, have been discarded or are on their way to rejection. There will be no attempt to set up a Parliament of Nations, making laws for member nations; no super-nation is possible. That would be a reversion to the idea of the Holy Roman Empire, which is of no such happy memory that men of the present day would choose it as the model of an international association for justice. Thus one obstacle to the adoption of the plan, pretty certainly a fatal one, is removed. The project of creating a great military force to compel obedience to the decrees of the League goes by the board with the super-sovereignty proposal. As the thoughts of students of the subject have become clarified by reflection and discussion the idea of setting up a grand constable to cudgel the nations into the ways of peace has been treated with ever-increasing reserve or abandoned altogether. There will be constraint to bring offenders to their senses, but the plan now favored is that the nations shall put economic and financial pressure upon covenant-breaking States; they will be isolated by decrees of nonintercourse, precisely as if they were at war with all the world. There will always be a possibility that fleets or armies may be used against them, but it is unlikely that membership in the League will, ipso facto, pledge every nation to the use of military force. The United States, which makes war only when Congress declares war, could not enter into a general agreement to engage in future wars, even for the sake of enforcing peace.

The covenant of peace will be the very soul of the League. The principle has long been familiar. The nations will agree with each other not to go to war without reference of the matter in dispute to arbitration or to the Conference which will be established by the League. The Conference will ascertain the facts and make recommendations. Until the Conference has reported its findings and recommendation the parties to the dispute will be pledged not to make war. The principles involved are already applied in our numerous arbitration treaties. Passion cools by delay, or, as it has been called by many writers, the moratorium. Where instant and continuing injury is threatened, measures of relief such as are provided in Anglo-Saxon equity jurisprudence have been proposed; in default of other remedies the moratorium may be suspended, the oppressed nation permitted to take up arms in defense of its rights, and other States may give aid.

Current advices from Paris indicate that these provisions will be found in the framework of the League. There will, of course, be many others, much detail. There will be difficulties, but, as Mr. THEODORE MARBURG has said, "the united purpose of the civilized "world may confidently be counted "upon to solve them all."

It was in no spirit of empty compliment that the honor of moving the establishment of a League of Nations was accorded to President WILSON. He has been the most conspicuous advocate of the plan, tireless in his championship of the great principle, and the American people, with their ardent love of peace and horror of war, give him whole-hearted support in his efforts to still, forever if it may be, the clash of arms. Nor are the peoples of the other great Powers of the alliance less firmly resolved than ourselves, and it is too plain for anybody's denying that their Governments, faithfully representing them, are moved by the same desire, that justice and peace shall be the law of earth.

For that reason we think Mr. WILSON might well be on his guard against the further use of phrases which seem to imply that in this matter Governments stand apart as something different from the people they represent. When he said in proposing the League of Nations that "the select classes of mankind are no "longer the governors of mankind; "the fortunes of mankind are now in "the hands of the plain people of the "whole world," we need for the understanding and justification of the remark the commentary supplied somewhat further on in the address, by his condemnation, as the authors of the war, of "a small coterie of civil rulers and military staffs." In this country we are all plain people, we do not need to be reminded of any distinctions. Nor is there need to draw the distinction anywhere in respect to the league for peace, which was the theme of Mr. WILSON's discourse. There is, we fear, some chance that these phrases may be misunderstood.

But there are always and everywhere "select classes of mankind," and everywhere save in lands given over to anarchy, as at present in Russia, those select classes, of whom WOODROW WILSON is a shining example, have been leaders in government, guides in shaping the fortunes of mankind. Intelligence, knowledge, and the willingness to "scorn delights and live laborious days" in the effort to give the plain people, all the people, the blessings of order and liberty and peace are the qualifications for membership in this select class, now so numerously represented at the Peace Conference. Let it be remembered that the League of Nations still will be the creation of a select class of highly intelligent men, all having nothing so much at heart as the interests of "the plain people," including themselves. From the dawn of history the plain people have had the good sense to understand that if they are to have government they must have leaders, representatives.

A SOCIETY MEETING.

Here in the United States a society or league of some sort is founded and breaks into too usually unregarded speech about every five minutes of the day and evening. Here, so to speak, there were nations of leagues long before a League of Nations was more than a nebulous theory. Here associations and sodalities pullulate innumerably, and most of us delight to give our views upon things in general by means of divers solemn troops and societies to which we pay our allegiance and dues. Here, therefore, there will be a pleasant, an almost tender, comprehension of the lyric fervor said to be shown by the Franco-Slav Society of Paris.

When the Paris dispatches tell us of a meeting of the Franco-Slav Society, where speeches were made by Mr. FRANKLIN-BOUILLON and Mr. ANDRE CHERADAME, as well known in New York as at home, and that the Franco-Slavs believe that "a union "can be effected with the American "opponents of WILSON's policies, "particularly the Republican Sen"ators, and a propaganda undertaken "in the United States which will "cause the curtailment of the Presi"dent's activities in Russia"; that tell of a report that the Franco-Slavs "are endeavoring to persuade "the Peace Conference that WILSON "should be considered not as Pres"ident, but as a party leader whose "views are out of harmony with "those of many of his own country"men," we are sure at once that the "report" is the work of some malicious fumiste joking at the pragmatical spirit of coteries and little groups.

Talk of the "union" of however an earnest foreign society with Republican Senators against Mr. WILSON, and of propaganda in the United States against him, must be mere blague, too. One can't think it Slav. French it can't be, for it is not good taste, good sense, good manners. Surely Mr. FRANKLIN-BOUILLON and Mr. CHERADAME, who know the United States well, protested in their speeches against the course said to have been advocated. If the whole business be not an invention of some humorist of the Boulevards, it can only be explained as a comic efflorescence or deliberate burlesque on the self-delusions of societies and little senates, giving orders to the world. At any rate in this land of "joiners" the divagations of the society spirit are sure of sympathetic commiseration.

ITALIAN SENTIMENT.

The actual merits of either side of the Italian-Jugoslav controversy have become pretty well obscured, in the last few months, by the feelings roused in the two nations through the revival of ancient grievances and the creation of new ones. It is regrettable that what was often no more than tactlessness could drive great peoples toward a state of mind which tends to continue international enmity, but it has happened before and elsewhere; and we can only recognize that it has happened again, and that efforts to obtain a reasonable and lasting settlement of the Adriatic question must, as a matter of method at least, take account of the feelings so aroused.

A letter published in another column presents very clearly an indication of the grounds for suspicion of the Jugoslavs, and for resentment at support in other countries of the Jugoslav cause, which is felt very generally by Italian liberals. Of the highly superheated emotions of extremists this does not speak; it gives the reason why many Italians who sincerely revere the principles of MAZZINI are slow to admit that these principles can be regarded as justifying the Jugoslav program. Among the Jugoslavs there are also extremists not amenable to argument; there are also moderate men who have had their suspicions of Italy roused by errors on the other side. When the world once understands the nature and character of what may be called the irreducible minimum of nationalist sentiment, the feeling of those men who want international justice but are afraid to trust the other party to this particular controversy, it will be easier to lay before the world the unreasonable demands of the imperialists of both sides, to show their weaknesses, and to arrive at some agreement.

CONGRESS INDICTS ITSELF.

There has never been before Congress a greater accumulation of pressing business than now. The largest war tax in world history is in dispute between the houses on several points, including the most important and contentious single point in it. The deficiency is so great that it is necessary that the largest loan in the country's history shall be authorized, and the best means of borrowing six billions is yet to be determined. Not one of the appropriation bills has been passed, and they are for record sums. Provision must be made for fulfillment of the Government's undertaking to pay $2.26 a bushel for a billion bushels of wheat, a "revolving fund" of several hundred million dollars being the least sum needed. The Census bill should be passed, and on the census figures much legislation and business enterprise depend. Time enough has been wasted to have put some railway policy in the way of adoption, but the question is under discussion from the bottom as though thirty-two years' experience has taught nothing to anybody in Washington. There is a proposal to write off a billion of the shipbuilding costs as loss, and there are no signs of any policy regarding the use of the $2,000,000,000 investment which remains. The shipbuilding dilemma rivals the railway question in relation to Government finances, for the Treasury has lost only a quarter billion in railway operation as yet, and the loss of the owners of the railways concerns them rather than the Treasury. Sundry questions of demobilization and reconstruction may be thrown in for good measure.

This incomplete list makes it sure that it cannot be disposed of discreetly by Congress, or beneficially to the country, within the month of legislative days which remains before Congress adjourns by limitation of law. The bills will be sent to the Senate in a pile, and passed without being read by those who vote upon them. The Secretary of the Treasury has repeatedly expressed embarrassment in the conduct of the nation's business, and each time Congress has added a few days to the delay predicted. Feb. 1 was the last day the Treasury thought it was possible to delay beginning the collection of taxes, and Mr. KITCHIN thinks the bill may be passed by Feb. 10. Meanwhile business men cannot close their accounts for last year, or make out their inventories, as values are shifting daily; they cannot tell what provision they must make for taxes.

Including loans and taxes, the country must find twelve billions or so within a few months, and that is burdensome even for a country as rich as ours. The situation is so serious for the Treasury that the Secretary has said that he will not wait for the President to sign the Tax bill, but will take it for granted, and proceed without warrant of law. Perhaps some will wait to see what the bill means before they pay their taxes, or perhaps the taxes will be collected under existing law, and the difference between that and the new law be adjusted by revision of the tax accounts. The worst way may be the only way.

The body which manages its own business in this manner is the body which tells business men how to manage their business. It is the same body which complains that the President drives it too hard, and assumes too much of the work and responsibility of the co-ordinate branch of Government. It is the body which the country rebuked at the last election, and whose mandate might well have ceased on the New Year's Day following election. It is not to be supposed that a Congress coming to power just after election would affront the country in this manner. Whatever Congress may now do, the memory of what it has done and has not done will handicap the party in the next national election. Its domestic opportunity was as great at home as the President's has been abroad. If Congress had equaled the President in rising to the task which conditions laid upon each of them, the feeling of the country would have been one of elation and confidence, instead of confusion and embarrassment, if not almost dismay.

QUEER RESULTS OF GERMAN EDUCATION.

In the official catalogue of sixty-two pacifists, men and women, whom the Senate committee investigating German propaganda, selecting them out of more than 100 candidates, finds to have been active in various movements which are urbanely described as not having helped the United States in the war, it is interesting to note a fat percentage of American graduates of German universities. A man like former Professor KUNO FRANCKE is a German, pure and simple, and does not properly belong in this galley. If former Dean KIRCHWEY got in the wrong boat, he jumped out when the war began, supported the United States, and is unjustly recorded. Doubtless other persons whose names are on the roll will seek to have them stricken off, or deny that they are rightly on it, as Miss LILLIAN WALD does. With its accuracy or its completeness the reader gifted with sociological inquisitiveness has nothing to do, but the effect, relation, or coincidence of so many pacifists partly bred in the land of militarism fills his innocent soul with amaze.

Searching reverently in "Who's Who," you read of Professor BADE of the University of California, University of Berlin, 1905-6; Professor BUSHEE of Colorado College, Berlin, 1911; JOHN LOVEJOY ELLIOTT, Halle, 1894; Dr. THOMAS C. HALL, Berlin and Göttingen, 1882-3; Commissioner FREDERIC C. HOWE, Halle; Professor HULL of Swarthmore, Berlin, 1891; Rabbi MAGNES, Heidelberg, 1902; Professor SCHMIDT of Cornell, Berlin, 1890; Professor CLARENCE AURELIUS SKINNER of Tufts, Berlin, 1896-9; Dr. J. P. WARBASSE of Brooklyn, postgraduate medical student at Göttingen and Vienna.

We have, then, in a catalogue that includes a number of persons not educated in colleges and a number of persons to whom "Who's Who's" portal of fame has not opened, ten out of sixty-two official pacifists who got some part of their education among the German tribes. It would be rash to draw any conclusion; wildly fanciful to see in these paciferous pupils any confirmation of the ingenious theory that Deutschland loved peace über Alles, sowed it, taught it, radiated it, in vain, alas! since her envious encircling foes thirsted for war. The ten among the numerous monuments of the great German Ph. D. Age serve to stimulate harmless speculations on the effect of environment.

GOVERNOR ALLEN ANSWERED.

The losses in the Argonne Forest of the 35th Division, (Kansas and Missouri National Guard,) which Governor HENRY J. ALLEN proclaimed as excessive in a harangue at Topeka recently on the day of his inauguration as Governor of Kansas—he was a Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. worker in France and not a combatant—must be studied in connection with the official record of the killed in service furnished by Secretary BAKER to the Rules Committee of the House of Representatives. To this committee a resolution calling for an investigation had been referred. Mr. BAKER reported that the losses of the division in killed and fatally wounded from the day it landed in France until Nov. 7 were 827, or about 5 per cent. of the complement of 16,000 officers and men. Compared with casualties of the same kind suffered by Union troops in our civil war this is not remarkable.

The 1st Maine Heavy Artillery, 2,202 strong, which did not take the field until May, 1864, lost 19.2 per cent. in killed and dead of wounds. Of two hundred Union regiments that went into action not one lost less than 10 per cent. in killed and fatally wounded, and the average was from 13 to 14 per cent. Their terms of service of course varied, and their exposure to the fire of the enemy was not the same. In a single battle there were sometimes more men killed and fatally wounded in a regiment in proportion to complement than was the case with the 35th Division during its service in France. At Cold Harbor the 8th New York Heavy Artillery had 207 officers and men killed or fatally wounded. Its enrollment was 2,575, a total that included many noncombatants. At Petersburg the 1st Maine Heavy Artillery (enrollment 2,202) had 210 killed and fatally wounded. The Second Army Corps at Gettysburg had a heavier percentage of loss in fatalities than the 35th Division suffered in France during its entire period of service.

These figures of civil war casualties are presented to show that even if the 35th Division was not properly supported by artillery, which General MARCH denies, it was not led to appalling slaughter. What of the wounded? it may be asked. Governor ALLEN has declared that the total casualties were 7,000 in the Argonne Forest. This would be painful if true. Governor ALLEN says that it was the estimate of officers at the front—a rough guess at the best. In our civil war estimates of officers on a field of battle were often proved to be wide of the mark, almost invariably so. The official records told another story. Secretary BAKER is not able at this time to announce the casualties of all kinds incurred by the 35th Division in the Argonne fighting. General MARCH thinks that the casualties indicated from the known dead were low; in regard to this conclusion it may be said that the ratio of Union wounded to killed at Gettysburg was 4.7, at Shiloh 4.7, at Antietam 4.5, at Spottsylvania 4.9, in the Wilderness 5.3, at Mine Run 6.3.

Governor ALLEN in his strictures upon the high command declared that soon after the advance began in the Argonne Forest the 35th Division did not have adequate artillery support—hence the excessive losses. By the way, the 16,000 men of the 35th Division were only a small part of the whole American force engaged in the Argonne, which was 300,000 officers and men. General MARCH says that they had 4,000 guns behind them, and that the infantry never got beyond artillery support. Secretary BAKER asks for a thorough investigation of the charges of Governor ALLEN that the 35th Division was sacrificed to incompetence of staff, ordnance, transportation, commissariat, and medical management. "It was a well-planned battle," (in the Argonne,) says General MARCH, and he knows more about it than the noncombatant and notetaker who is now Governor of Kansas.

By all means let there be inquiries when there is any real basis for such serious charges as are now being made on the stump and in Congress by gentlemen more full of emotion than of facts. The moral of the rejoinder of Secretary BAKER and General MARCH to Governor ALLEN is that hearsay is likely to get the worst of it in a bout with the official record.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Wholesale Prices and Retail. While announcing the glad news that food prices already had decreased a good deal and soon would go down a lot more, the Chairman of the Federal Food Board admitted that hereabout the retailers, for the most part, were still keeping to or near the old high figures. That, he said, was because their present stocks were bought while the war was on, or before wartime restrictions were ended, and he added that as soon as these stocks were sold the retail prices would also be lowered.

Apparently he thought this a right, or at least a natural, course for the retailers to pursue, and, as a matter of fact, it is easy to understand their disinclination to take a loss if they can help it. None of us really would like that. But the political economists, or most of them, have always contended that when wholesale prices advanced a retailer was under no obligation to refrain from putting up his own prices until after he had disposed of stock bought by him before the rise. Indeed, he has been advised that it was almost or quite his duty to mark up his goods at once, lest something vaguely terrible should happen to "distribution."

Why this was so has never been very clearly understood by the retailer's customers, but the retailers themselves, or at least the great majority of them, have been enthusiastically sure that the economists were right and their advice excellent. Now and then an exceptional retailer has vaunted his intention to keep his prices down until the cheaply bought goods were all gone, but he usually has been suspected of having what are called "ulterior motives" in his violation of custom—a suspicion which his fellow-retailers assured all inquirers was well founded.

A Higher Law at Work. No rule, as far as can be recalled, has been laid down as to what, when wholesale prices fall, should be done by the retailer with goods bought high. Probably it was not considered of any use to do so, but it does seem hard that the customer should get the worst of it in both cases—and harder still that he should get it with the approval, or acquiescence, of a Federal Food Director.

While studying these mysteries as to the relation between wholesale and retail prices one notices that, as a matter of fact, a good many of the retailers in some parts of the country have not waited till their shelves and bins were bare before conceding that lower prices were in order. This seems to have been due not to inclination, but under the compulsion exercised by a phenomenon which is described by the statement that "the goods were not moving." When that occurs something must be done, and the only thing effective for the restoration of motion is a lowering of prices, regardless of cost.

That expedient is painful as well as expensive, but the loss involved, especially in the case of foods, is less than would result if the goods continued not to move. Thus, now and then, the consumer gets his revenge, or perhaps it is enough to call it a partial compensation, for the big profits the dealer makes on goods cheaply bought and dearly sold. It's a sort of "wild justice" in the commercial field.

Formalities Cause Hardships. Soldier grievances in regard to delayed or withheld payment by the Government of money due continue to abound, and they are creating a lamentable amount of ill feeling among the men and their relatives. The pity of it is that though everybody at all reasonable knows that the Government intends to pay every cent of this well-earned money, and ultimately will pay every cent of it, neither of these facts looms large in the mind of a boy from home with empty pockets, and he is more than likely to get firmly fixed in his head the conviction that the reason why he doesn't get his money is because of somebody's dishonesty or of somebody else's hardly less criminal negligence.

Presumably, in all these cases, or with exceptions hardly numerous enough to count, the reason is the very different one that the actual payment of the soldiers has been of necessity intrusted to subordinate officials with no power except to carry out iron rules with respect to vouchers and all the other formalities devised to protect the Government from fraud and theft. The purpose of these rules is entirely legitimate, but the effect of their enforcement without any discretionary mitigations or relaxations is often the infliction of more or less cruel hardships on men to whom the country owes not only money; it also owes deepest gratitude.

To establish a happy medium between too much and too little carefulness in paying the soldiers, both before and when they are discharged, is a difficult task. Perhaps the War Department is performing that task as well as is humanly possible, but the men themselves do not believe that, and their incredulity makes them irritable.

A Comparison at Least Convenient. A truly admirable description of the Bolsheviki is the one given by M. PAUL N. MILUKOFF, who was Russian Foreign Minister just after the revolution, when he said that "they are mad dogs who want to bite others so that all may be mad."

Of course, the characterization is not perfect. For one thing, it is unjust to mad dogs, for those poor creatures do not bite because they want to spread the infection of which they are the innocent and helpless victims, but because they are in an agony of fear and pain, and they bite because the primordial impulse to do so has lingered in their darkened minds as the one means of relief or self-protection. From the human standpoint, however, the mad dog must be treated as vicious—as though he knew what he was doing and wanted to involve everybody and everything he meets in his own miserable fate. That explains and justifies the ruthlessness of the measures taken against him.

The Bolsheviki, if not exactly like mad dogs, are exactly like what mad dogs seem to be, and they do really want to make as many others as possible as mad as themselves. They are succeeding, to a degree and after a fashion, and the great men assembled in Paris are seeking a plan for ending the ravages of these savage children of German militarism. It is to be hoped that they find one soon and follow it energetically.

THE LETTS' ARMY.

How It Has Come to be the Main Bolshevist Support.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Lettish troops, press dispatches state, are the backbone of Bolshevist power in Russia.

Who are the Letts and how did they come to be supporters of Trotzky and Lenine?

The Letts are a branch of the Lithuanian race. They inhabit the former Governments of Courland, the southern part of Livonia, (the northern part is inhabited by the Esthonians,) part of Vitebsk, and the vicinity around the City of Dvinsk. They number about 2,000,000 and are mostly Protestants.

Let it be remembered that the German intrigue at the Czar's court and in the Ministries during the war was conducted chiefly through German Barons and the nobility of Lettonia. The Letts knew this and were suspicious of the Russian Government. They welcomed the revolution. It promised them freedom from oppression, and they fought with redoubled energy. Milukoff's fall and the rise of Kerensky did not affect them. They were immune from the disorganization of the Russian armies under Kerensky's régime. Then the factors entered which helped the Bolsheviki to have the Letts side with them. During Kerensky's régime the German armies advanced, and, notwithstanding fearful sacrifices of the Lettish battalions, they took Riga and almost all of Lettonia. The Bolsheviki were quick to grasp the situation, and accused Kerensky of not giving enough support to defend Riga. They also pointed out the fact that Kerensky was too slow in bringing land reforms, from which delay the German Barons profited and retained their hold on the big estates. The Letts were disgusted. A considerable part of them were Socialists by conviction. All these factors helped to bring the Letts on the side of the Bolsheviki.

The Russian armies disintegrated and went homeward. The Letts could not, or if they could they would not, go to their country because it was occupied by the German armies, who were busy creating a Government controlled by the German element. The Letts marched into Russia and kept their organization. During the negotiations at Brest-Litovsk and afterward the Bolsheviki were loudly shouting about the world revolution. They pointed out that Germany was bound to collapse, if not from an internal revolution, which the Bolsheviki were propagating through Socialists, then from the pressure of the allied armies.

The conviction prevailed that eventually something was bound to happen to Germany which would enable the Letts to return to their native soil and wreak vengeance on their oppressors for centuries—the Germans. The Bolsheviki persuaded them that any one who was against the Bolsheviki stood in their own way of returning to their country in a body in order to deal with their oppressors. The Bolsheviki fed them and paid them money. Lenine and Trotzky intrusted them with keeping Bolshevist "order," with organizing the Red army that was to fight the Allies, Czechoslovaks, and Cossacks. When the German collapse was evident, the Letts were again employed in organizing the Red army of the Bolshevist crusaders that was to invade not only Lettonia but all Western Europe.

Because of their nationality and purpose, being in a strange country, the Letts kept their military formation. Nearly all of them read and write, and because of this acquired the leading rôle in Russia, where illiterates number up to 80 per cent. This gave them the feeling of superiority, which was again wisely exploited by Trotzky. The strange behavior of the Letts in foreign Russia is explainable only because they were shut out from the light of the outside world and because they lived in a Russian madhouse created by Trotzky and Lenine.

JULIUS KAUPAS.

New York, Jan. 25, 1919.

Efforts at Discord.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Sir Henry Babington Smith is absolutely right in stating that "there are influences and activities, some subtle and some gross, some open and some secret, whose object it is to create discord and destroy the confidence created in the last hundred years between Great Britain and America." The man and the woman who are not alert to detect these poisonous influences, to help to destroy them and to put in their place influences which will make for unity and co-operation, will be roused sooner or later in a fashion as startling to their sense of ease as when they were roused at the beginning of the great world struggle.

Stripping the discussion of the world war of all partisan feelings and sentiment will disclose the basic issue, namely, the struggle between righteousness and evil, no matter how these qualities may personify themselves. Evil in the guise of autocracy, divine right of material kings, &c., has received a death blow. Bolshevism, anarchy, or any movement that stands for physical force and physical domination, whether it expresses itself through the proletariat or the theorist, is a twin brother to autocracy and at this hour is pressing forward in a way that compels all of us to enlist anew in the war of righteousness and to fight until every element that makes for discord, misrule, and mismanagement is utterly destroyed.

Should Great Britain and America agree upon a platform or cement a league, you will have the foundation stone of your future World League toward which we are all looking forward with mingled hopes and prayers.

BARNETT BRASLOW.

New York, Jan. 23, 1919.

THE INTERNATIONAL POSITION OF ITALY.

Her Present Views on the Adriatic Question—Willingness to Discuss Difference with the Jugoslavs.

By Captain PIETRO TOZZI and Lieutenant ALBERTO PECORINI, Italian Army, On Special Mission to the United States.

Only three months ago Italy obtained the greatest military victory of the whole world war by defeating, practically alone, the armies of the Austro-Hungarian Empire. Since then public opinion, both in this country and in Italy, seems to have somewhat changed and an anti-Italian propaganda, too often unscrupulously substituting fancies for facts and abuse for argument, has tried to present to the American people an Italy entirely different from the real one. No greater service can be rendered today, not only to America and Italy but also to the cause of peace, than by explaining with the utmost frankness the feelings of the Italian people.

The recent changes in the Italian Government have made it clear to everybody that there has been a change of political orientation in Italy; the fact that Italy may be less ready today to come to a compromise in the settlement of her problems in the Adriatic than she was three months ago has less importance for the American people than the reasons which are behind this change.

First of all, Italy resents the attitude taken by a large section of the press in the allied countries concerning the Adriatic question. The Italian people do not see why there should be such a difference between the treatment accorded to the Germans and that accorded to the Southern Slavs of Slavonia, Croatia, Bosnia, and Herzegovina. The fact that Germany has become a democratic republic has not changed at all the status of the Germans in their relations with France, England, and the United States. All still agree that the Germans are defeated enemies, who must pay morally and materially for all the wrong they have done while they allowed themselves to be led by their Hohenzollern masters. The American soldiers of German birth who fought heroically in the United States Army in France, and the Germans who have fought for France in the so-called Foreign Legion, are worthy of all praise for having accomplished, under trying circumstances, a higher duty toward humanity; but they cannot change the moral and legal status of the Germans of Germany. The wonderful heroism of the Serbians, their great sacrifices for the cause of the Allies, cannot, in the opinion of the Italian people, destroy the fact that the Jugoslavs from Slavonia, Croatia, Bosnia, and Herzegovina furnished to Austria-Hungary the soldiers who fought most bitterly until the end against Italy, and whom Italy has finally defeated. The Allies cannot overlook this fact without hurting very deeply the feelings of the Italian nation.

Some Jugoslavs explain their conduct by saying that they did not follow the example of the Czechoslovaks because, being in direct contact with the Italians, they fought not the Allies but Italy to defend their territory from Italian invasion. This might mean that they prefer Austrian to Italian domination, but there is something much graver than this—which Slav territory were the Jugoslav divisions of the Austro-Hungarian Army defending, when, under the command of the Jugoslav General Boroevic, they fought so bitterly the Italians on the Piave? For what purpose did they emulate the Germans in the inhuman work of destruction in the invaded provinces of Italy? Why did the old men and women of Belluno come out of their ruined houses, after the last victory, to beg the incoming Bersaglieri to give them rifles to avenge their daughters?

Three days before Austria-Hungary surrendered to the Allies, accepting the conditions of the Supreme War Council of Versailles, she had concluded an understanding with the Jugoslavs whereby she recognized the independence of Jugoslavia and turned over to the improvised Jugoslav Government of Zagabria the Austro-Hungarian fleet. The conditions of the armistice included the occupation by allied troops of portions of Austro-Hungarian territory, which Austria had three days before conceded to the new Jugoslavia. Why did the Jugoslavs enter into such an agreement with Austria? Why did they accept the birth certificate of their new nation from the Hapsburgs instead of obtaining it from the Allies as the Czechoslovaks had done?

This is the fundamental misunderstanding. The Italian commanders, representing the Allies, have had to use all their patience to meet so delicate a situation: in Dalmatia Jugoslav Magistrates had to be removed because they would not obey the order that justice be administered in the courts in the name of the allied powers and of the United States. The Italians have fed the Jugoslavs in the occupied region; they have left in peace the Jugoslav officials when they did not meddle with politics or start agitations; not one house has been damaged, not one person has been condemned to death, in spite of innumerable intrigues discovered by the Italian commanding officers; no woman has been insulted; not one pound of merchandise has been requisitioned without proper compensation. This is the answer of Italy to the destruction and to the outrages of the Jugoslav troops that had invaded her territory.

Yet Italy is made to appear by unscrupulous propagandists as an aggressive and imperialistic nation desirous only to supplant Austria in her rôle of oppressor of smaller nations. Great capital is made of the "secret" Treaty of London. In that treaty the plan of military co-operation of Italy with the Allies against Austria-Hungary is outlined. Do the opponents of Italy hold that the Allies should have informed Austria-Hungary, with which they were at war, of their military plans? Do they hold that the Allies should have informed their enemy of what they proposed to do with his territory in case of victory and should have obtained his consent to their plans? Why insist on this "secret" treaty and not on those of England and France? Italy feels hurt when the Jugoslavs say that she compelled the Allies, at the time of their necessity, to give away Jugoslav territory without their being represented in the deal. The Jugoslavs, who were enemies of the Allies and furnishing whole-heartedly to Austria-Hungary her best troops, could not be represented; the Serbians, who were gloriously fighting with the Allies, were well represented by Russia, a signatory to the treaty and the great mother of the Slavs, that had gone to war to save Serbia.

No sensible Italian denies that the great majority of the people in Dalmatia are Jugoslavs and no sensible Jugoslav denies that the history, the civilization, the art and the trade of the Dalmatian coast are Italian. Baedeker, who is not suspected of being tender to Italian interests, will tell the tourist that about one-half of the Slavs of Dalmatia understand Italian, while no Italian speaks Slav. The same can be said of the eastern part of Istria.

There cannot be a fixed rule in determining the political border of a nation; this is usually a compromise between the historical, geographical, ethnic, and even commercial border. The Italians were more than disposed to discuss amicably their problem in the interest of all concerned, but the Jugoslavs have done everything in their power to make such an amicable discussion impossible. Is it too late now? In the interest of both Italians and Jugoslavs it is to be hoped that it is not too late. But on one hand the Jugoslavs must understand their moral and material position and act accordingly; on the other hand the Allies and the United States must convince the Italian nation that the same principles will be honestly applied to all. Italy resents being always told that she must follow a liberal policy in the interest of mankind if the others do not apply to themselves the same principles.

Italy is grateful to the United States, but she feels that if the United States has a vital interest in the disposition of the German islands of the Pacific and in maintaining the Monroe Doctrine, as well as a voice in the foreign relations of the weaker nations of the American continent, she must not be denied a vital determining interest in the eastern Adriatic. Italy loves England, but she feels that if the press in the allied countries repeats so frequently that it would be a crime against the principle of self-determination to give Italy the islands of the Dodecanese, inhabited by Greeks, it ought not to be considered bad taste to mention that Cyprus is also inhabited by Greeks. Italy admires France, but she fails to understand why it should be such a terrible thing to detach a part of Dalmatia from Jugoslavia, while the suggestion of Marshal Foch to detach from Germany the Rhenish provinces does not seem to cause any sensation. The Poles, for commercial necessities, want the German port of Danzig; the Czechoslovaks want to include 3,000,000 Germans in their State; the Jugoslavs themselves plan to include in Jugoslavia over 100,000 Bulgarians and Hungarians, and by the "secret" Treaty of London Italy had assigned to the Jugoslavs the perfectly Italian city of Fiume. This shows that there cannot be a perfect scientific rule in fixing a nation's borders, and that various considerations enter into the process beside self-determination.

Italy feels that she deserves enough political recognition in the world to be treated exactly like the other great nations; after all the blood she has shed and after all the sacrifices she has made, she feels proud to be able to serve humanity as an equal among associates, but her sense of dignity is deeply offended by whosoever fails to understand that the time of her political tutelage has passed forever.

Venezuela and the League.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In forming the League of Nations the fact remains that those countries which held aloof during the mighty struggle of democracy against autocracy by calling themselves neutrals are today relegated to the category of simple spectators, as a deserved punishment for their willful attitude of laissez faire in the midst of a manifest, inevitable conflict between right and wrong, which could have been considerably shortened had they aligned themselves on the side of righteousness the moment the United States entered the fray.

Now the next question will be as to the admission of said neutral nations into the League. There are among them some law-abiding States, like Switzerland, which no doubt will be welcomed as desirable members; but there are others, like my country, Venezuela, where a true republican government has never existed, at least in the sense of a government of, by, and for the people. Through all our history the mere holding of independent political opinions is punished by exile or imprisonment, while the foes of the Government kindle that spirit of revenge which is certain to reappear in the shape of a bloody, fruitless revolution.

Having this in mind I ventured to write a letter to our President, General J. V. Gomez, entreating him to use his influence with the Government in order to secure an amnesty in favor of these assumed political offenders, as I thought that if all the elements of the country could get together and arrange their differences Venezuela would have better chances of being admitted into the league. Up to this date nothing has been done in this regard by the Venezuela Government, and the prospect of a sanguinary contest seems inevitable. Such a desperate step would be regrettable, for all our revolutions have done nothing else but re-establish personal governments, the bravest or most audacious among the military becoming ipso facto the indisputable, uncontrollable leader of the nation possessing unlimited powers.

Therefore, the only hope that remains to the Venezuelan people, as well as to those other peoples similarly situated, lies in a League of Nations so constituted that it will deny us admission unless we amend our perverted political habits.

R. MUNOZ TEBAR.

New York, Jan. 24, 1919.

Printing the Soldier Vote.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I beg to call your attention to what appears an extravagant expenditure in publishing in the county papers throughout the State an elaborate official canvass of votes cast—first, the regular vote, and now the soldier vote. The report of the latter, as just printed in one of the Columbia County newspapers takes approximately four pages of the newspaper to canvass a total of seventy-two votes. Has not the time arrived when such things should stop?

DATUS C. SMITH.

Kinderhook, N. Y., Jan. 23, 1919.

Distrusts Fine Words.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

President Wilson should take notice that more than one can play at the game of phrases! The Tammany men who have just presented a petition to the Mayor say that our brave soldiers have "risked their lives that true democracy might live, not only political democracy,—but in the larger sense a democracy of equal economic and industrial opportunity."

As matter of fact, our brave troops fought for nothing of this sort, and still less did they fight to "make the world safe for democracy." They fought to keep the world, themselves included, from coming under the domination of the ruthless and barbarous Germans, and it is tremendous good fortune for us that the addition of their effort to the four years' splendid work of our Allies has won the day. But is it not time to adopt the habit of speaking the simple truth? We may have a relish for fine phrases when they come from the mouth of our idealistic President, but they are dangerous coin when everybody gets to using them. Direct (and comprehensible) speech is much safer in the long run.

CHRISTINE LADD-FRANKLIN.

Columbia University, Jan. 15, 1919.

AFTERWARDS.

It was Ho! for the set of the khaki;
Hurrah! for the marching feet;
Three cheers again, as the fighting mas
Went tramping down the street.
Oh, we thrilled as we stood and watched them,
And now they are coming home—
The soldier, out of the trenches,
The sailor, over the foam!

It was Ho! for the glint of a rifle,
And Hey! for the soldier's pack.
With smiles and tears and a burst of cheers—
And now they are coming back!
They have been where the phantoms gather,
Where Death and his cohorts lurk;
They're coming back from the trenches—
Now who will give them work!

Who will cancel his debt to a soldier?
(You have not forgotten that
We cheered and sang till the echoes rang,
At sight of a campaign hat?)
They have battled and bled and suffered;
Now give them a helping hand—
They're coming back from the shadows
And smoke of No Man's Land.

It was Ho! for the boys when they left us;
(They fought through the mud and sleet.)
A tear-filled eye as the flag went by;
(They marched on weary feet.)
We are proud of their shining record,
For they didn't lag or shirk;
They're coming back to the home folks—
Now who will give them work!

BEATRICE BARRY.

LAUD BISHOP GREER IN THE CATHEDRAL

Praise for His 15 Years' Work as Head of Diocese Despite His Request for No Service.

FOR IMMIGRATION CHECK

Dr. Eaton Says Domestic Problems Demand Our Attention Here Now.

Although Bishop David H. Greer had requested that no service should be held in commemoration of his fifteen years as Bishop of the Diocese of New York, his career in that office during this period was the subject of eulogy at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine yesterday by Dean Howard C. Robbins of the cathedral and the Rev. William E. Gardner, Secretary of the General Board of Religious Education of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

"He has shown himself a most American Bishop," said Dr. Robbins, "simple, unaffected, the friend of the people and quite easily approached by them. He has shown himself a devoted Bishop who never spares himself. In fact, if I were to have any quarrel with him it is because he never takes care of himself. During his recent illness, it was all his doctor and nurse could do to keep him from getting out of bed, at the greatest risk to himself, and attending a meeting because he thought it was in the interest of the diocese."

Dr. Gardner said that Bishop Greer had taken the lead in sweeping away conventionalism, which separated the clergy from the members of their congregation and deprived religion of its real force.

"One of his greatest messages," said Dr. Gardner, "was a plea for the destruction of this false conventionalism. The stand taken by Bishop Greer has given thousands the power to think freely on religion. He has always refused to admit the existence of walls and barriers that imagination and the tradition of the ages have been prone to force upon us."

For Check on Immigration.

The Rev. Charles A. Eaton, who preached in the Madison Avenue Baptist Church, asserted that there was danger of losing sight of great internal problems and dangers facing the country while seeking to establish glittering ideals abroad.

"Our American ideals," he said, "are too precious to be frittered away. It is the duty of every citizen to place himself on record against every man and every class of men and every form of propaganda exhibiting un-American ideas and methods. We refused to be stampeded into socialism or Bolshevism, nor are we going to sidestep our domestic problems, so acute and dangerous, by substituting a program of uplift for the other nations of the earth.

"Charity begins at home. There is little doubt that Britain and France are abundantly able to take care of themselves. Let us do the same for America. Let us shut the doors of immigration and keep out the swarming hordes of alien agitators until we have acquired the American soul here."

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, who spoke on education at the Institutional Synagogue in the Mount Morris Theatre yesterday, said that the United States had years of hard work and achievement ahead and that it was the duty of educational institutions to make their main object that of contributing to the nation's future and to provide a system of education which would allow young men and women to make all the progress that their ambition and ability would permit.

Services for Colonial Dames.

The annual services of the New York Chapter of the Colonial Dames of America were held yesterday in Grace Church, Broadway and Ninth Street. About 270 members were present, and the sermon was preached by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery.

"You, as representatives of the loyal women of America," said Dr. Slattery, "are gathered in this church this afternoon to thank God for a great victory. Thankful as you rightly are to the courageous soldiers and sailors of our allied nations, your gratitude finds a higher and truer outcome; you are singing with Deborah praises to the ultimate author of victory."

Dr. Slattery in his sermon paid a high tribute to Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, sister of President Cleveland, who sacrificed her life in Italy doing war work among the poor at Bengi di Lucca. He declared that Miss Cleveland was typical of the heroism and self-sacrifice of American womanhood.

REBEL AGAINST CELIBACY.

Hungarian Priests Now Demand the Right to Marry.

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GENEVA, Jan. 26.—According to Budapest papers the Catholic clergy of Southern Hungary have addressed a petition to the Hungarian Church Council in which they condemn the rule of celibacy as an antidemocratic institution and demand its abolition.

These priests declare they intend to marry in the future, and demand that all ecclesiastics who were relegated by the church as apostates for having taken wives during the war be readmitted to the priesthood at once.

The petition also advocates the election of bishops by secret vote of the clergy of the diocese, and the appointment of a Hungarian Nuncio at Rome.

OPENS JURIES TO WOMEN.

Austrian Parliament Settles Question Discussed for Years.

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VIENNA, Jan. 23, (via Geneva.)—The Austrian Parliament today passed a motion to admit women to juries thereby deciding a question that has been engaging the Legislature for years.

The Zionists have commenced the publication of a daily newspaper in the German language in Vienna.

A motion was brought forward today in the Austrian Legislature to abolish all orders and titles of nobility.

Electric Arc-Welding

A demonstration room is maintained in the city by The Arcwell Corporation for the benefit of local companies who are interested in the application of arc welding to their manufacturing problems.

The services of our engineering department may be had without obligation.

By appointment we will be glad to demonstrate on samples of your own material.

Write or phone (Broad 2610) to
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42 Broadway, New York

CALL PRISON SPECIAL DEMOCRACY LIMITED

Militant Suffragists Will Attack President Wilson on Three-Week Tour of Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The militant suffragettes represented by the National Woman's Party announced tonight the plans for the dispatch of their "Prison Special" on a tour of the country in an effort to bring pressure to bear on Senators blocking action on the Federal Woman Suffrage Amendment in the Senate.

The militants will call their special "Democracy Limited." It will transport twenty-six women who have served jail sentences here for picketing and will leave Washington on Feb. 9. The militants say their slogan will be "From Prison to People."

In a three-week swing, touching both coasts, the Great Lakes and the Gulf, the special will stop at fifteen cities. Charleston, S. C., will be the first stop. From there the special will go to Jacksonville, Fla.; Knoxville, Tenn.; New Orleans, San Antonio, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Denver, Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit, Syracuse, Boston, and Hartford, concluding the trip in New York on March 3, the last day of the present Congress. Mass meetings are being arranged for in all of these cities.

Among the women who will travel on the special will be Mrs. John Rogers, Miss Lucy Burns, and Miss Edith Ainge, of New York; Miss Mary Ingham, Mrs. Lawrence Lewis, and Miss Elizabeth McShane, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Abby Scott Baker of Washington, and Mrs. A. R. Colvin of St. Paul. The itinerary has been planned by Mrs. Helena Hill Weed of Hartford, who made out the itinerary of the suffrage special which toured the country two years ago.

"We intend to make it clear to the people," said Mrs. Baker, "that the administration is responsible for the fact that American women are forced to endure imprisonment in their effort to secure the passage of the amendment. The idea prevails that President Wilson has done everything he could for suffrage. But the fact is that, though he spoke for it, he neither preceded nor followed his speech by any effective effort to secure the passage of the amendment; that he has never demanded a party caucus on this measure, as he has on those which he has pushed with vigor; that he has urged the election of men who he knew would vote against suffrage, has failed to denounce the ones who refused to support him on this issue, as he has denounced his opponents on other issues, and that he has permitted the floor leader and spokesman of his party to lead in the Senate the opposition against the enfranchisement of women."

Colonel William B. Thompson has agreed to bear the expense of the literature which will be distributed in large quantities from the special and of which Mrs. Baker, as Publicity Chairman of the trip, will be in charge. Moving pictures showing the demonstrations in front of the White House during the last year will be carried on the car and displayed at meetings.

GENERAL BLISS DECORATED.

Distinguished Service Medal Presented by Pershing in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—General Tasker H. Bliss, American military representative on the Supreme War Council, was decorated this morning with the Distinguished Service Medal by General John J. Pershing.

The ceremony took place at General Headquarters in the Avenue Montaigne. There were present Brig. Gen. McAndrews, chief of staff; Brig. Gens. Fox and Conner, and many of General Pershing's aids.

Engagements.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Hancock of Austin, Texas, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margery Hancock, to Major Stephen Shumway Hanks of the United States Air Service, a son of the late Charles S. Hanks of Boston. Major Hanks was graduated from Harvard in the class of 1912.

Mrs. Gertrude Griffith Jones of Bayonne, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Gertrude Vivian Jones, to Lieutenant Harold Clifton Reed, 22d U. S. Infantry, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Haynes Reed of Beacon, N. Y. Miss Jones is a sister of Griffith Jones, serving in the U. S. Ambulance Service, who was gassed early in November and is now convalescing in a Paris hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick H. Smith of Forty-first Street, Brooklyn, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marion A. Smith, to Roy Medford Young, formerly of Asheville, N. C., who is attached to the 305th Guard and Fire Company, U. S. A., at the Bush Terminal.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Weber of Linden Place, Orange, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Weber, to First Lieutenant Edward McGall, C. A., U. S. A., also of Orange.

Mrs. Ida Blumenkrohn of 840 West End Avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Jessie Blumenkrohn, to Nathaniel Akst.

Landolt-Allison.

Announcement is made of the marriage on Monday last of Miss Marie A. Allison, daughter of Mrs. Augustus Allison, to Captain Percy E. Landolt, U. S. A., a son of Mrs. Landolt of East Ninth Street, Brooklyn. The ceremony took place at the bride's home, 401 Fourth Street, Brooklyn, Mgr. Hickey of St. Francis Xavier's Church, officiating. It was hurried owing to orders received by Captain Landolt to return to France.

Greet Chilean and Belgian Envoys.

Moncure Robinson gave a dinner last night at the Ritz-Carlton, his guests including the Chilean Minister to Great Britain and Mme. Edwards, E. de Cartier, the Belgian Minister, Lady Susan Fitz-Clarence, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, Mrs. Heber R. Bishop, Mrs. Marshall Field, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Chapman, Norman de R. Whitehouse, and Henry F. Eldridge.

Mgr. Dunn Praises Salvation Army.

MINEOLA, L. I., Jan. 26.—In the presence of a nonsectarian gathering of 1,000 war workers, the new $100,000 Salvation Army hotel, huts and hostess house at Camp Mills were dedicated today with appropriate exercises. Third Assistant Secretary of War Frederick P. Keppel was the chief speaker. The Right Rev. Mgr. John J. Dunn, Chancellor of the Roman Catholic archdiocese of New York, said the great work done by the Salvation Army was the result of the "getting together of all denominations," and added: "Out of this war the Salvation Army has become an acknowledged institution."

SHONTS TELLS WHY FARES ARE TOO LOW

Wages Are Up 70 Per Cent. and Materials More Than 100, He Says.

REVENUE BELOW EXPENSES

If the Fare Is Not Raised, He Declares, Overburdened Taxpayers Must Carry the Whole Load.

A recapitulation of the arguments used by the New York Railways Company and the Interborough in support of their applications for increased fares and in opposition to municipal operation is contained in two booklets sent out yesterday and signed by Theodore P. Shonts. One is entitled, "Your Subways; A Statement of the Facts About the Partnership Between the City and the Interborough Rapid Transit Company," and the other is called "Your Street Car Service; A Statement of the Facts About the Situation of the New York Railways Company."

In the railways booklet the case, from the point of view of the company, is thus summed up:

The New York Railways Company is on the verge of a receivership. The company is not overcapitalized. It is economically operated. It has never paid a dividend on its stock.

"Rising costs (due to the war) and fixed rates" tell the story. Wages are up 70 per cent.; materials more than 100 per cent.; taxes are higher. Our entire passenger revenue is not enough to pay for labor, and materials for the service, and taxes.

In about 400 other communities they have increased fares to all the way from 6 to 10 cents. Boston pays 8 cents. We have applied for an 8-cent fare and 3 cents charge for a transfer. For the city not to grant it will:

1. Force bankruptcy.
2. Disrupt service and transfers. (If the leased lines are returned to their owners, each line can charge a 5-cent fare, with no obligation to give free transfers.)
3. Add to the already serious general business situation due to the impaired credit of electric railway securities, which in New York State alone amount to a billion and a quarter dollars.

In opposition to the fare increase it is charged we are paying "excessive rentals" to the owners of the leased lines, (all necessary to a complete system with transfers.)

The charge is not well founded; for the sum total of the net rentals is only 5 per cent. of the present value of these lines. As to municipal operation—it cannot be cheaper; the city admits it would have to increase fares at once. And under municipal operation:

1. Jobs would be held for political reasons instead of efficiency reasons.
2. Political discipline and high accident rate, instead of business discipline and lower accident rate.
3. Change of management after every election.

Bankruptcy of this company would, in short, cost the public far more than added fare

A similar résumé of the subway situation from the Interborough's viewpoint says:

"The City of New York is facing deficits amounting probably from $12,000,000 to $15,000,000 a year on the operation under a 5-cent fare of the dual subway system. Owing to abnormal costs for labor, materials, and supplies, taxes, &c., due to conditions produced by the war, the system is not now earning the preferential payments to be made from operating revenue to the companies. These payments are cumulative, with interest compounded semi-annually. The situation must be met, and the question is: 'Shall it be by higher fares or by additional taxation?'

"It is estimated that from 500,000 to 600,000 suburbanites and strangers from all over the world use the rapid transit lines daily. They use New York's costly conveniences, but do not live in New York or pay taxes in New York.

"If the fare were raised they would add to the city's income and thereby reduce the necessary taxation. If the fare is not raised, the whole load must be put upon the already overburdened taxpayers and rentpayers of New York. Which shall it be?

"That, in brief, is the situation and the question. It is pressing for an answer. Not to increase the fare will postpone any return to the city on its investment of $250,000,000 in the Dual System indefinitely. Meantime it must pay interest on the borrowed money. This means higher taxes, higher rents and prices, reduced city credit, undermining of electric railway security credit, which in New York State alone amounts to $1,250,000,000, faith broken with investors. For without belief in the city's good faith in the terms and spirit of the contracts, private capital could not have been induced to invest in the project. The city had neither funds nor unpledged credit under the debt limit to build the subways.

"The added fare means no profit to the company beyond the terms stated in the contract. To the company it simply means the receipt of preferentials currently (instead of at a later period with compound interest) and an improved credit position.

The arguments against municipal operation are similar to those given for the surface lines.

WIFE FINDS GAMBRILL DEAD.

Despondent Over Illness, Baltimore Society Man Had Shot Himself.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 26.—Chauncey Gambrill, prominent in Baltimore society, ended his life this afternoon by shooting himself through the mouth in the bathroom of his home on University Parkway. His act is attributed by his family to despondency over illness. His wife was the only other person in the house at the time. It was not until an hour after the shot had been fired that she discovered the body.

About six weeks ago Mr. Gambrill was taken with a heavy cold, followed by a slight attack of influenza. Until several days ago he remained indoors. This morning he took a short walk, returning about noon. He went to his room about 4 o'clock, and an hour later was fund dead. He had given no outward sign of despondency. But his wife could suggest no other motive for his act.

Mrs. Gambrill is the daughter of the late Gabriel D. Clark of New York and Baltimore, upon whose death she inherited $1,154,000. Mr. Gambrill was a native of New York.

To Give Mackaye Play in French.

The first production here of Percy Mackaye's play, "Washington, the Man Who Made Us," will be made in French in the near future at the Theatre du Vieux Colombier. The play has been announced for production on the English-speaking stage by Arthur Hopkins.

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Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

LIEUT. COSTER WEDS.

Naval Attache at The Hague and Miss Henrietta Fox Married at Brussels.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 25.—The marriage of Lieutenant Norman Coster, United States Naval Attaché at The Hague, to Henrietta Fox took place on Tuesday at the Cathedral of Saint Gudule in Brussels. Brand Whitlock gave the bride away. Henry Sodam of New York was best man. Others present were Burgomaster Max, Marquis Villalobar, Spanish Chargé d'Affaires; M. Van Vollenhoven, Dutch Chargé d'Affaires, and Captain Brocklebank, British Naval Attaché at The Hague, who conducted Mrs. Whitlock to the church.

Lieutenant Coster is a son of Maurice Coster of New York, and the bride comes from Albany, N. Y. Lieutenant and Mrs. Coster returned to The Hague today.

COUNT MINOTTO PAROLED.

Louis Swift's Son-in-Law Released from Internment.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—Count James Minotto, son-in-law of Louis F. Swift, the packer, who was interned at Fort Oglethorpe as an enemy, has left the stockade in Georgia. He is said to be living in an expensive hotel in Arizona. Exactly where he is the Department of Justice officials at Washington refused to reveal, but they admitted he was not a prisoner, and further, that he was somewhere in the Southwest.

Information concerning Count Minotto's recent release was obtained here today. In reply to questions by The Chicago Tribune correspondent in Washington, Assistant Attorney General John Lord O'Brian admitted Minotto to be out on parole "under heavy bond and under constant surveillance." He was paroled from Ellis Island several days ago, according to Mr. O'Brian.

Minotto was taken from Oglethorpe to New York some time ago to give testimony by deposition in the Caillaux case. Mr. O'Brian intimated that because of the service Minotto rendered to France in this case, and upon the suggestion of France, he was paroled.

NO MEXICAN PEACE ENVOY.

Carranza Government Denies That Pani Has Been Accredited.

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MEXICO CITY, Jan. 26.—The Mexican Government has issued an official statement that Señor Pani, the Mexican Minister to France, has not been authorized to represent this country at the Peace Conference, and that it will send no delegates unless neutral countries are invited to the conference.

Neither will it recognize or send Ministers to the Governments of Germany, Austria, and Russia until the internal disturbances of those countries have been settled.

General Amado Aguirre has been named as Minister to Belgium.

DEATH OF J. L. McENTEE.

Veteran of Albany Correspondents Is Victim of Pneumonia.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Joseph L. McEntee, dean of the New York legislative correspondents, died tonight after a short illness from pneumonia. He was in newspaper work here more than thirty-five years, and for the last twenty-five years had been the Albany correspondent of The New York Sun. He was 54 years old.

Mr. McEntee had once been a telegraph operator, and in the days of sharp competition in getting news from the State capital to New York, whenever there was no operator handy, he was able to put his own story on the wires. He studied law after he became a legislative reporter, and was the friend of many political leaders, from whom he obtained first information of matters such as the Lexow Committee report and the B. R. T. strike investigation.

In Colonel Roosevelt's term as Governor, when the Assembly Clerk "forgot," for political reasons, to read a special message from the Governor urging franchise tax legislation, McEntee got the news of the threat of Roosevelt to go before the Assembly and read his own message if the clerk persisted in refusing.

Nephew, Shot by Ripley, Dies.

Maitland Petri, recently discharged from the army, died yesterday in the Presbyterian Hospital in Newark, N. J., the victim of his uncle, Bertram Ripley, a retired lumber dealer of that city, who killed himself after shooting his wife and Petri on Saturday. Ripley, who had been treated for nervous trouble, is thought to have gone insane at the sight of his nephew's uniform. Though he was 41 years old Ripley had brooded over his inability to get into the army. The wife may recover.

Death of Father Roche.

The Rev. Andrew T. Roche, founder and pastor of the Church of the Holy Family, at New Rochelle, N. Y., died there yesterday of pneumonia. Father Roche was born in New York forty-six years ago and was ordained in St. Patrick's Cathedral, spending ten years in missionary work on the Bowery. He was a cousin of Supreme Court Justice John Ford and Civil Service Commissioner William Drennan.

Miss Ida Waugh, Painter.

Miss Ida Waugh, a painter of portraits and figure pieces, died suddenly Saturday at her home at 245 East Nineteenth Street. Miss Waugh was a student many years ago at the Academie Julien and the Academie Delecluse, in Paris. Her principal painting, "Hagar and Ishmael," now the property of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, attracted favorable attention when first shown at the French Salon in 1888. Her father, Samuel Waugh, was a painter of portraits; her mother, Mary Z., painted miniatures, and her brother, Frederick J., was a landscape and marine artist.

Mrs. Curry Dies at 90 Years.

Mrs. Ann J. Curry, 90 years old, mother of John F. Curry, Commissioner of Records, is dead at her home, 140 West Sixty-third Street. Her daughter, Mrs. George H. Childs, is President of the Women's Democratic Club of New York.

Sarah Minturn Sedgwick Dead.

Mrs. Sarah Minturn Sedgwick, wife of Henry Dwight Sedgwick, the author, died yesterday in Boston. Mrs. Sedgwick was the eldest daughter of Mrs. Susanna Shaw Minturn and the late Bowne Minturn of New York.

Memorial for Two Senators.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Memorial services for the late Senators Hughes of New Jersey and Broussard of Louisiana were held today in the Senate. In the House services were held for Mr. Broussard and the late Senator Brady of Idaho, both of whom served in the House before their election to the Senate.

KAISER TRIED TO PLACATE ROOSEVELT

Sent Messenger Soon After the War Began to Recall to the Colonel His Visit to Berlin.

GAVE FRIENDLY ASSURANCES

Colonel Replied That He Also Recalled a Pleasant Visit with King and Queen of Belgians.

Hermann Hagedorn, the most recent biographer of Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, said yesterday at memorial services at the Free Synagogue, that in the Summer of 1914, a month after the war had started, the Kaiser sent a special messenger to Colonel Roosevelt with a message in which the Kaiser renewed his professions of friendship and said he recalled with pleasure the visit of Colonel Roosevelt to Berlin. Mr. Hagedorn said that Colonel Roosevelt's reply was:

"Tell his Majesty that I thank him for his expression of good will. Also tell him that I recall with pleasure my visit to Berlin, just as I recall with great pleasure my subsequent visit to the King and the Queen of the Belgians."

One bit of history of Colonel Roosevelt which had never been made public before, Mr. Hagedorn said, was the following entry in the diary of Colonel Roosevelt at the time that he was stricken with jungle fever in Africa:

July 16.—Fever.
July 17.—Fever.
July 18.—Feeling better.
July 19.—Five hippos.

Mr. Hagedorn told of a visit to Colonel Roosevelt in February last, just before Colonel Roosevelt came down with the extremely serious illness which kept him for weeks in a critical condition in Roosevelt Hospital.

"When I got there," said Mr. Hagedorn, "he was pale, suffering great pain, but busily dictating letters to his Secretary. He waved me to a seat and went on dictating letters. Finally, he seemed to have finished and his Secretary advised him not to do any more, but Colonel Roosevelt said:

"'When I was in the White House, I always cleaned up every day. I am going to clean now.'"

He did finish his correspondence. After a short talk, Mr. Hagedorn left, but before he was out of the hotel, he learned that Colonel Roosevelt had fainted a short time after their talk.

"Col. Roosevelt was very accessible," he said. "You could drop in on him at almost any time. He would usually be as busy as a bee answering letters. They were piled up in front of him a foot high from people all over the country. Some were from people who submitted their movie scenarios to him. They were of an endless variety, but they all had to be answered."

Colonel Roosevelt never gave any outward sign of grief after the death of his son Quentin, Mr. Hagedorn said, but this sorrow killed his boyishness of spirit and made a deep difference in him which those who knew him well could detect.

One thousand negro residents of Harlem attended a memorial meeting in honor of Colonel Roosevelt last night in the Salem African Methodist Episcopal Church, 102 West 133d Street. Resolutions praising the life and work of Colonel Roosevelt were unanimously adopted and a copy was ordered to be sent to the Roosevelt family.

Addresses were made by J. Frank Wheaton, ex-Assemblyman E. A. Johnson, David B. Fulton, D. C. Outlaer, Cleveland G. Abbott, and Mrs. M. C. Lawton.

BYAM SHAW DIES IN LONDON

Artist, Native of India, Made Reputation as an Illustrator.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—J. Byam Shaw, the artist, died in London today.

J. Byam Shaw was born in Madras in 1872. He was noted as an illustrator, having illustrated Browning's poems, Pilgrim's Progress, Coronation Book, Old King Cole's Book of Nursery Rhymes, The Garden of Kama, and Edgar Allan Poe's Tales of Mystery and Imagination.

Mr. Shaw went to England in 1878, and after attending St. John's Wood School of Art, he entered the Royal Academy Schools in 1889. His first picture, "Rose Mary," was produced at the Royal Academy in 1893.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. AGNES PARK OLNEY, widow of Richard Olney, Secretary of State under President Cleveland, died Saturday at her home in Boston, Mass., at the age of 81 years.

Sister ANITA ROSARIO, for seventeen years a pharmacist in St. Vincent's Hospital, died last Wednesday of pneumonia. Sister Rosario was a member of the Sisters of Charity Order of Mount St. Vincent.

Mrs. MARY GREELEY McCOY, wife of Daniel B. McCoy, who is in the cotton business in this city, died Saturday at her home in Flushing, L. I.

GABRIEL M. GREEN, instructor in mathematics at Harvard College, died of pneumonia at Cambridge, Mass., on Friday, in his twenty-seventh year.

HORACE S. BAYLEY, 80 years old, of 139 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, died suddenly Friday night of heart trouble. He was Vice President of Thom & Bayley, hat distributers of this city.

GEORGE D. EVERS, 32 years old, who was in the wholesale commission business in this city, died Friday of pneumonia at his home, 268 Troy Avenue, Brooklyn.

JOHN S. DUTTON, 54 years old, tenement house inspector, died Friday of heart trouble at his home, 901 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

Major JOHN R. HICKS, U. S. A., who died of pneumonia in France Jan. 3, was formerly attached to the Health Department on Staten Island and for a time was in charge of the Quarantine Station on Hoffman Island.

Dr. FRANCISCO J. MEJIA, Minister of the Interior in the Honduran Cabinet, died yesterday at Tegucigalpa. He was a candidate for the Vice Presidency of Honduras in the coming elections.

Miss CHARLOTTE MORRILL, Registrar of Adelphi College, Brooklyn, where she taught nearly fifty years, died yesterday after a short illness in a sanitarium. She was born in St. Johnsbury, Vt., in 1841, and was graduated from Mount Holyoke College, of which she was a trustee.

GEORGE W. SHOVE, said to have been the oldest Odd Fellow in the State, died at Middletown, N. Y., yesterday, in his 89th year. He had been a member of the Order of Odd Fellows for almost seventy years.

Born.

GOLDBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. William Goldberg (nee Fanscheer) announce the birth of a son, Jan. 24.

LANG.—Born to Mr. and Mrs. Al I. Lang (nee Estelle Sisenwain) of 856 East 178th St. a daughter, Jan. 20, 1919.

Died.

ADOLPH.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, at his residence, 2,560 Hudson Boulevard, Jersey City, Fritz Adolph, aged 30 years, husband of Margaretha Adolph. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 3 P. M., at New York and New Jersey Crematory, Hudson Boulevard, North Bergen, N. J. From New York take 23d St. Ferry to 14th St., Hoboken.

ANDREWS.—On Jan. 25, at her residence, 509 West 112th St., Catherine Louise Andrews, beloved wife of Edward Monroe Andrews and mother of Caroline. Funeral private. Interment Sparta, Wis.

BARGFREDE.—John Frederick, aged 34 years, on Jan. 25, 1919, at Pearl River, N. Y.; survived by his wife, Lillian O., and three children, mother and father. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 8 P. M.

BEGG.—Suddenly, Rose W., widow of the late William Begg of 2,018 Anthony Av., Bronx. Funeral Tuesday, 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

BOLLWINKEL.—On Jan. 25, Henry Bollwinkel. Funeral service at his late residence, 431 West 39th St., on Monday, Jan. 27, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

Died.

BREEN.—On Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, at his residence, 102 West 93d St., David Allison Breen, beloved husband of Lillian A. Graham. Funeral services will be held at the Central Presbyterian Church Chapel, corner Madison Av. and 57th St., Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

CAPPELLO.—Joseph, 301 East 79th St., Jan. 24. Funeral service at St. Monica's Church, East 79th St., Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 11 o'clock.

CHINNOCK.—At the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Frasee, 535 East 19th St., Brooklyn, Mrs. Frank D. Chinnock. Notice of funeral later.

CHIVERS.—Jane E., widow of the late Dr. E. E. Chivers, Sunday, Jan. 26, at 5:45 P. M., at her residence, 520 West 139th St. Services Monday, 8 P. M. Burial, Buffalo, N. Y. Please omit flowers.

CORR.—At Upper Montclair, N. J., Friday evening, Jan. 24, 1919, Alice Wilhelmina Corr, in her 84th year. Funeral services will be held at the home of Miss Harriett J. Cooper, 563 Valley Road, Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

CRONK.—Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, John Cronk, in his 87th year, husband of the late Miriam Sayre and father of Sarah Elizabeth, Samuel J., John E., and William R. Cronk and Miriam E. Fox. Funeral services at his late residence, 113 West 96th St., Tuesday evening, Jan. 28, at 8 o'clock. Members of Hope Lodge, 244, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited. Interment Peekskill, Wednesday, Jan. 29, 12 o'clock, at Hillside Cemetery. Peekskill papers please copy.

CUNNINGHAM.—On Jan. 25, 1919, Joseph J. Cunningham, the beloved husband of Gertrude Cunningham. Funeral from his late residence, 15 East 64th St., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Vincent Ferrer Church, 66th St. and Lexington Av., where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CURRY.—At her residence, 140 West 63d St., Ann J. Curry, (nee McManus,) in her 90th year, a native of Drumbrachas, County Fermanagh, Ireland, beloved wife of the late Michael Curry and mother of Hugh E., Mrs. George H. Childs, Mrs. Sarah Mulligan, Philip J., and John F. Curry. Funeral service at the Paulist Fathers' Church, 60th St. and Columbus Av., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Please omit flowers.

du BARRIL.—At her residence, 9 East 39th St., on Jan. 23, Maria, daughter of the late John Joseph and Manuella Laverrerie de Barril. Funeral from St. Patrick's Cathedral on Monday, Jan. 27, at 10 A. M.

DOLAN.—On Jan. 24, Ellen Dolan, formerly with the family of Mr. Asher of 243 West 98th, New York. Funeral from the residence of her cousin, Mrs. Delia Griffin, 516 10th St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 8:30 A. M.; thence to St. Thomas Aquinas Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul.

EBERHARDT.—Leo H. R., beloved father of Henry A. Eberhardt and Minna Rixmann, in his 75th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 706 Westchester Av., on Monday, 8 P. M. Interment private. Woodlawn Cemetery.

FILER.—Bert Markens Filer, dearly beloved wife of Daniel Filer, on Jan. 26 at 1,064 East 14th St., Flatbush. Notice of funeral tomorrow.

FRANCIS.—Elizabeth Moseley Dean, wife of George B. Francis, Jan. 25, 1919, at her residence, 325 Amsterdam Av. Funeral services at the First Church, Boston, Mass., Jan. 28, 1919, at 2:30 P. M.

FRANKEL.—Suddenly on Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, Samuel, Sr., aged 72, devoted husband of Bertha, dear father of Isaac, Joseph, Louis, Samuel, Henry, Harry, David, and Mrs. Sadye Steinberg. Funeral from his late residence, 806 West End Av., Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

FRANKEL.—Members of Sisterhood of the Congregation of Pincus Elijah are requested to attend funeral services of Mr. S. Frankel, husband of our dear sister, at his late residence, 806 West End Av., on Monday at 9:30 A. M.
MRS. L. GELB, Secretary.

GOLDEN.—Alice G., daughter of Anthony J. and Catherine Golden, sister of William A., on Jan. 24. Funeral from her late residence, 1,241 Tinton Av., N. Y. C., on Tuesday, Jan. 28; thence to Church of St. Augustine, 167th St. and Franklin Av., where solemn requiem mass will be offered at 8:30. Interment Kingston, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

GOOSS.—Johanna M. H., Jan. 25, 1919, beloved wife of L. W. Gooss, residence 2,042 Anthony Av., Bronx. Funeral service Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2 P. M., from St. Paul's Lutheran Church, 178th St. and La Fontaine Av., Bronx.

GREEN.—At Cambridge, Mass., Gabriel M., beloved son of Joseph and Sophia Green of 2,031 7th Av., brother of Martha and Pauline. Funeral from Meyers's Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., Monday, Jan. 27, 10:30 A. M.

GROGAN.—At his residence, 175 Alexander Av., Cyril A. Grogan, beloved son of James J. and Mary F. Grogan. High mass of requiem at St. Jerome's Church, 138th St. and Alexander Av., Monday, 9 A. M. Interment Gate of Heaven Cemetery, Westchester. Automobile cortege.

GSCHWINDE.—Marie Antoinette, on Jan. 26. Service at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Frank E. Campbell Building, Broadway and 66th St., Tuesday, 2 P. M.

HAAG.—On Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, after a short illness, Joseph Haag, in his 30th year. Funeral from the Chapel of Edward Gehlert & Son, 37 West 127th St., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2 P. M.

HACKETT.—On Jan. 24, Clarence L. Hackett, D. D. S., beloved husband of Alice Cobb Hackett, in his forty-ninth year. Funeral services at his late residence, 133 East 43d St., on Monday, Jan. 27, 1 P. M. Troy and Utica papers please copy.

HAMM.—Captain B. F., Saturday, Jan. 25. Services Crematory Chapel, Fresh Pond, L. I., Tuesday, Jan. 28, 3 P. M.

HARRIS.—Betty C., beloved daughter of Mrs. Anna Harris, sister of Mrs. William Muskah, niece of Mr. L. H. Perlman, Jan. 26, 1919. Funeral at convenience of family.

HEALEY.—On Jan. 25, Edna, beloved wife of Leo and daughter of William and Hannah Coffin. Funeral from late residence, 686 Academy St., 9 A. M. Tuesday, Jan. 28. Mass at 9:30 A. M. Church of Good Shepherd, Broadway and 207th St. Funeral private.

HENRY.—At East Orange, N. J., Sunday, Jan. 26, Demarius Proctor, wife of Robert L. Henry, in her 59th year. Funeral services at her late home, 112 Washington St., Monday afternoon, Jan. 27, at 2 o'clock. Interment Durham, N. C.

HOLBROOK.—On Jan. 25, Phoebe G., daughter of Henry W. and the late Minnie C. Holbrook. Funeral from chapel New York and Brooklyn Casket Company, 140 West 36th St., Monday, Jan. 27, at 1 P. M. Boston and Chicago papers please copy.

JARDINE.—At Rye, N. Y., Jan. 26, 1919, Jessie MacLeod Jardine, wife of the late George Elliott Jardine, in her 65th year. Funeral services on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2:15 P. M., at Rye Presbyterian Church on arrival of train leaving Grand Central at 1:06. Interment Greenwood Union Cemetery, Rye.

KANE.—Rosamond Grace, beloved wife of Thomas F. Kane, beloved daughter of Thomas Pitt and Rosamond Dunlop Grace, at Tucson, Arizona, on Jan. 24, 1919. Notice of funeral later.

KERIN.—On Jan. 25, Robert J., dearly beloved son of the late Robert S. and Mary Kerin (nee McHugh) and dearly beloved brother of May, Mrs. Merrill Harper, Sister Mary Innocencia, and Frances. Funeral from his late residence, 300 Haven Av., corner West 179th St., on Tuesday, 9:30 A. M.; thence to Church of the Incarnation, West 175th St. and St. Nicholas Av., where a high mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary.

KLEIN.—Jeannette Elizabeth, on Jan. 26, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Klein. Funeral from her late residence, 792 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Jan. 27, at 2 P. M.

LAZERUS.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, Bessie, beloved wife of Jacob Lazerus of 2 West 120th St. Mr. Lazerus will sit Shivah at the home of his father-in-law, Barnett Goldfein, 1,770 Madison Av.

LIVERMORE.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, at her residence, Montclair, N. J., Ann Eliza, wife of John R. Livermore. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LUCE.—On Jan. 26, 1919, New Dorp, S. I., Franklin Augustus Luce, aged 23 months, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W. Luce, grandchild of Mr. Clarence and the late Mrs. Clarence Luce and of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Reynaud.

LYNCH.—On Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, Minnie Lynch, (nee Armstead,) beloved wife of George F. Lynch, in her 32d year. Funeral services at her late residence, 640 Academy St., Astoria, L. I., on Monday evening, Jan. 27, at 8 o'clock. Interment St. Michael's Cemetery.

MARTIN.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Anna Terhune Martin, in her 68th year. Funeral service at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Monday, Jan. 27, at 11 A. M. Trenton (N. J.) papers please copy.

MEAD.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, in East Hampton, Conn., George H. Mead, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y.

MOE.—At Flushing, N. Y., on Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Anna Elizabeth Moe, widow of the late Isaac Lockwood Moe and daughter of the late Leo W. and Sarah E. Burroughs. Funeral private on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at the residence of her son, John M. Moe, 59 South Parsons Av., Flushing, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

MORRILL.—After a brief illness, Charlotte Morrill, for 50 years connected with Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter. Interment at St. Johnsbury, Vt.

Died.

MURRIN.—Entered into rest Jan. 24, 1919, Daniel M., son of the late Daniel and Ann Gavin Murrin. Funeral from his late home, 404 West 115th St. Mass at L'Eglise de Notre Dame at 8:30 Monday morning. Interment Middletown, N. Y. Erie train 3.

NEIDHART.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Sophie Neidhart, aged 66 years, widow of the late Amand Neidhart. Funeral from her late residence, 2,979 Briggs Av., Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Philip Neri's Church, Concord, Bedford Park, Bronx.

PAGE.—At Centenary Collegiate Institute, Jan. 26, 1919, Elizabeth Laurie, beloved daughter of Lawrence S. and Emma Jewitt Page. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the service at the home of her parents, Chatham, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2:15, on arrival of Lackawanna Railroad train leaving Hoboken at 1:03 P. M. Boston papers please copy.

PENNEY.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Elizabeth, daughter of John F. and Gena Branscombe Penney. Funeral private.

PHYFE.—Mary Agnes, daughter of the late Duncan Phyfe and Caroline A. Phyfe, at her residence, 708 Asbury Av., Asbury Park, N. J. Funeral service at Trinity Church, Asbury Park, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

PISE.—Jan. 25, Elizabeth Allison Pise, beloved daughter of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Charles T. A. Pise. Funeral services at St. James's Church, Goshen, N. Y., Tuesday, Jan. 28, on arrival of Erie train leaving Chambers St., 9:10 A. M., or 23d St., 8:50 A. M. Trains returning 1:06 and 4:06 P. M. Please omit flowers.

PRINGLE.—On Jan. 26, Edward Lambert, aged 30 years, son of Mary E. and the late William B. Pringle. Services at his late residence, 541 West 124th St., Tuesday evening, 8:30.

PURCELL.—At Kansas City, Mo., on Jan. 25, 1919, Mary V. O'Connor, beloved wife of Frank Purcell. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 28, from Redemptorist Church. Interment St. Mary's Cemetery, Kansas City.

READ.—On Friday, Jan. 24, at 349 West 58th St., Sarah Elizabeth Read, in her eighty-eighth year. Funeral private.

RIPLEY.—Suddenly, at Newark, N. J., on Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, Bertram R. Ripley. Funeral private.

ROCHE.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, Rev. Andrew T. Roche, founder and pastor of Holy Family Church, New Rochelle, son of Thomas F. Roche and Catherine Keine. Funeral services on Wednesday, Jan. 29, Divine Office at 10 A. M., solemn requiem mass 11 A. M. Train from Grand Central, N. Y., N. H. & H. Road, 9:12 and 10:06. Automobile cortege. Interment Calvary. Kindly omit flowers.

ROCHFORT.—At the New York Neurological Institute on Jan. 26, of pneumonia, Dr. Edward L. Rochfort, late Lieutenant, Medical Corps, U. S. A., in the 28th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ROETGER.—Alfred W., aged 32, Jan. 26, at Hempstead, L. I. Funeral service Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock.

ROMOSER.—Entered into the land of peace and rest on Saturday, Jan. 25, at Bronxville, N. Y., Walter Gossler Romoser, son of George and Amelia Romoser, (nee Kolling,) in his 20th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

RYER.—On Jan. 25, Louisa M., wife of Thomas Ryer, in her 69th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 64 West 31st St., Bayonne, N. J., Monday evening, Jan. 27, at 8 o'clock.

SCHENCK.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Mary Adele Schenck, daughter of the late Nelson H. Banta. Services at her late residence, 517 Throop Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

SCHNEIDER.—Eberhart, at his residence, 219 2d Av., on Jan. 24, 1919. Funeral Monday, Jan. 27, at 2:30 P. M.

SCHWEIKART.—On Friday, Jan. 24, 1919, Kathryn Shaw, beloved wife of George Schweikart and mother of Marion and George Schweikart, third, at her residence, 232 1st Av., Long Island City. Funeral services Monday afternoon, Jan. 27, at the Remsen Street Reformed Church, Remsen St., Astoria, at 2:30 o'clock. Interment Maple Grove Cemetery, at convenience of family.

SCOTT.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, at his home, Pelham Manor, Walter Scott, in the 52d year of his age. Funeral services at the Church of the Redeemer, Pelham, on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 11 A. M. Train leaves Grand Central at 10:06.

SEAMAN.—Jan. 25, 1919, Mary E., widow of James M. Seaman. Funeral service on Tuesday, from her late residence, 262 West 122d St., 1:30 P. M. Interment Greenwood.

SEDGWICK.—Sarah Minturn, wife of Henry D. Sedgwick and eldest daughter of Susanna Shaw and the late Robert Bowne Minturn, on Jan. 26, in Boston. Service at 407 Commonwealth Av., Boston, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 10:30 A. M. Notice of funeral in New York will appear later.

SEITER.—Suddenly on Saturday, Jan. 25, Henry W., beloved husband of Anna Siegrist Seiter, aged 57 years. Services at his late residence, 568 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Monday evening, Jan. 27, 8 o'clock.

SEITER.—Montauk Lodge No. 286, F. and A. M. Brethren, you are requested to attend funeral services of our late brother, Henry W. Seiter, at 568 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, Monday evening, Jan. 27, at 8 o'clock.
FRANK H. SKIDMORE, Master.
GEORGE F. MALBY, Secretary.

SHERIDAN.—Joseph T., beloved son of Anna M. and Dr. Joseph P., after a short illness, Jan. 26. Funeral from his late residence, 1,002 Church St., Richmond Hill, on Wednesday, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Benedict Joseph. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

SIEGEL.—Edgar Brooks, aged 3 years, beloved son of Joseph and Josephine Auerbach Siegel. Funeral 10 o'clock Monday morning, 5 West 91st St. Please omit flowers.

SOLOMON.—Jan. 25, at the Lying-in Hospital, New York, Marion Banfill, wife of William L. Solomon, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, aged 27 years. Funeral services private.

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FIFTH AVENUE at FORTY-SIXTH

Died.

STERN.—On Jan. 25, Jacob Stern, in his 79th year, beloved husband of Henrietta Stern, father of Benjamin Stern, Mrs. Julia Wagner, and Mrs. Isabelle Stern. Funeral from William D. Pick's Chapel, 2,352 Broadway, near 87th St., Monday, Jan. 27, at 10 A. M.

TODD.—Edward A., on Saturday, Jan. 25, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. H. Van Iderstine, Sewaren, N. J. Interment at Greenwood, Tuesday.

WARNKEN.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, Matilda, beloved wife of John Warnken and daughter of Gustave and Matilda Rohloff, in her 32d year, after a short illness, at her residence, 2,406 Cornelia St., Brooklyn. Funeral service Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral Wednesday at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

WASHBURN.—At Stony Point, N. Y., suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 24, Lucien H. Washburn, in his 52d year. Funeral services at his late residence, Stony Point, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 28, at 2:30. Carriages will be in waiting at West Haverstraw on the arrival of train leaving West 42d St. at 12:15 and train due from the north at 1:58.

WEINSTEIN.—Molly, died Jan. 26, 1919. Funeral from her late residence, 892 Fairmount Place, Monday, 12 A. M.

WELLS.—Entered into life eternal on Jan. 25, at Hartford, Conn., the Rev. Edward Livingston Wells, husband of Frances Richmond Rose and son of Mary H. Hughes and the late Rev. Edward Livingston Wells, D. D. Funeral from Trinity Church, Southport, Conn., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2 P. M.

WELTON.—Herbert Hamilton Welton, member of the First Precinct, in the 36th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 56 East 41st St., on Tuesday morning, Jan. 28, at 10:30 A. M. Masonic service of the Eastern Star Lodge, F. and A. M., No. 227, will be held Monday evening, Jan. 27, at his late residence, 56 East 41st St., at 8:15. Friends are cordially invited. Automobile cortege to Kensico Cemetery.

WILSON.—Elizabeth, (nee Cooper,) in her 43d year, at her residence, 104 Shaw Av., Union Course, N. Y., after a short illness. Survived by her husband, Fred Wilson, and daughter Marion. Funeral services on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment to follow Wednesday at 2 P. M., Evergreen Cemetery.

WISE.—At San Francisco, Jan. 23, Otto Irving Wise, beloved husband of Ethel Adelaide and son of the late Rev. Dr. Aaron Wise and Sabine Wise. Funeral notice hereafter.

WOLFSON.—Nathan, beloved brother of Mrs. Charles Wolfson, Abraham Wolfson, and Mrs. Fannie Kornstein. Funeral from Meyers Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av., at 1:30 P. M. sharp, Monday, Jan. 27, 1919. Kindly omit flowers.

WORK.—Gladys B., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D. Work, Knoxville, Tenn., suddenly, Saturday, at home of her sister, Mrs. John H. Torrey, 220 West 98th, N. Y. Funeral private.

In Memoriam.

CASPER.—In loving memory of our beloved father, Heyman Casper, who passed away Jan. 27, 1918. Peace to his soul.
DEVOTED DAUGHTER AND SONS.

EDELMAN.—In loving, cherished memory of a devoted wife and mother, Bertha Edelman, died Jan. 27, 1912.
Years pass, but her memory ever lives.

FRASER.—In loving memory of Bessie Grant Fraser, who passed away Jan. 27, 1918.

O'BRIEN.—In memory of our beloved daughter, Pauline Agnes O'Brien, who died Jan. 28, 1917. Second Anniversary Mass, Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, at 9 o'clock, Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, 118th St. and St. Nicholas Av.
Dr. and Mrs. M. C. O'BRIEN.

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William Jay Schieffelin, William Sloane, James M. Speers, Oscar S. Straus, Talcott Williams, Stephen S. Wise.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Market Credit Is Freed From Restraint

With credit restrictions on stock market loans finally removed altogether, speculators in stocks are supplied with means to carry out their operations on the constructive side of prices with greater freedom than they have enjoyed for six months or more. The next phase in the situation is to discover whether incentives other than those supplied by enlarged bank credits are in existence to promote a forward movement. The Stock Exchange authorities, in urging last week that the Money Committee let down the bars, believed that the influences for a marked increase of speculation were not present, and it is to be supposed that they arrived at this decision after careful study of the factors which promote the buying of stocks. Theoretically, brokerage loans may be expanded as rapidly as buyers of stocks seek credit to extend their purchases. Actually, the removal of loan limitations is accompanied by the tacit understanding that bankers and Stock Exchange leaders will continue to exercise at least a casual supervision of trading and at any time may take measures to check speculation if it should give promise of expanding too rapidly. An estimate frequently heard in the Street during the last fortnight was that market loans, used for carrying stocks, amounted to about $400,000,000, and at this level showed a considerable decline from the aggregate of September 16 last, owing to the substantial liquidation which has been completed since that date. If this decline actually has occurred, and providing also that a $500,000,000 or $600,000,000 loan account would not be onerous for the banks with Government and commercial financing to be considered, it might be assumed that a considerable increase in market activity on a rising price scale would be permitted before a check was again placed on credit expansion. The whole situation appears to revolve about the desire, or non-desire, of the public to buy stocks. Underlying industrial conditions can hardly be said to favor a growth of speculative purchases of any great extent. The steel trade, which supplies a basis for estimating general business activity, is still passing through the period of contraction which followed the cessation of war manufacturing. Many of the smaller companies are said to be working at less than 60 per cent. of capacity, and while the largest unit is still extensively engaged on accumulated orders, the tendency here is toward a gradual letdown in mill work. The sharp decline which occurred in the cotton market last week reflected much uncertainty among textile manufacturers, both at home and abroad, in regard to the demand for finished goods during the greater part of the year. While price readjustments downward have made considerable progress the feeling is evident in many financial quarters that the movement will have to go further before buyers and sellers find a common ground for doing business. And over all, perhaps, as far as securities are concerned, are the preparations already being made for the successful flotation of the Victory Loan in April. A general survey of business and trade certainly appears to uphold the belief of Stock Exchange officials that the stock market will not make undue demands on the banks for some time to come. It is safe to say that all interests concerned with security prices, except those who are committed marketwise to lower levels, hope that the changed money situation may work to keep quotations stable and perhaps bring about a gradual advance. A forward movement of moderate dimensions would not react adversely on bank credits and quite possibly would have a beneficial effect on the distribution of the forthcoming loan. It would also enable corporations with financing to do to float new securities more easily and at the same time a rise of stocks would play a part in encouraging an expansion of commercial operations in many lines.

A noticeable change came over the investment market last week, due to the preparations for the Government's loan. Bankers let enough of their opinions become public to show they realize a need for special features to give the great offering a wide public appeal. This was best displayed in the remarks by Gates W. McGarrah of the Liberty Loan Committee before members of the American Institute of Banking to the effect that investment considerations must have a prominent place alongside patriotism to make the offering a success. In bond circles it was noted as the week progressed that the demand for many established corporation and municipal issues was tapering off, and the impression spread abroad that little if any new financing on a large scale could be put through before the Victory Loan campaign opened. It is a little early yet to determine the particular factors which will make the Government offering stronger in appeal than previous issues. The suggestion that it be not more than five years in maturity, that it contain special income tax exemption features, and that it provide for the conversion of part of the Liberty Loans has been discussed among bankers who expect to be intimately connected with the distribution. The possibility of making the new bonds available for payments of a certain percentage of income taxes in the future has also been talked over. Many bankers fear that the impression may grow stronger that the banks rather than the public will be expected to subscribe for the loan, and because of this feeling in banking circles it is likely that every effort will be made to shape the offering so that it will appeal to investors as a profitable issue.

The needs of the railroads for funds in the current year continue to expand as preparations are made to increase their facilities and improve their physical condition. It had been known for some time that the revolving fund of $500,000,000 at the command of the Railroad Administration was nearly exhausted, but the estimate by Mr. Hines that $750,000,000 would be necessary as an additional reservoir for 1919 came as something of a surprise last week. A survey of complete railroad results in the last year indicates that wage increases, if they had been in force for the full twelve months, would have added nearly $800,000,000 to operating costs. As it was, the increase of expenses from this source was well over $625,000,000, and the subject supplies considerable interest in reference to the current year because of the unknown state of traffic now that there is little war freight to be carried. In regard to the railroad future the hearings before the Senate Committee have done something to give the public a view of the practical problems involved. Chairman Kruttschnitt of the Southern Pacific voiced opinions before the Senators last week which indicated a desire among railroad managers to assist the less prosperous carriers in the matter of income through the pooling system. He would have traffic so distributed where it was possible that earnings would be equalized to a great extent, and this emphasized one of the points raised by the Association of Railway Executives in their plan for returning the railroads to their owners. Comment from Washington indicates that Congress is likely to work on a composite program, taking particular features of several plans for handling the roads. It is to be expected that this will necessitate prolonged hearings and deliberations over the railroad question.

APPEALS TO SAVINGS BANKS.

Secretary Glass Asks Them to Encourage Thrift Among the People.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Savings Bank Section of the American Bankers' Association held in this city Saturday night, a telegram from Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass was submitted to the Committee by Pierre Jay, Federal Reserve Agent of the Second Federal Reserve District. Secretary Glass's message read:

Please extend to the members of the savings bank section of the American Bankers' Association at their meeting Jan. 25, the appreciation of the Treasury Department for the assistance which they have rendered the Government during Liberty Loans and War Savings campaigns, and say that the Treasury Department will welcome the continuance of their active co-operation in campaigns of the same nature during 1919. Obligations incurred by the Government in order to win the war at the earliest possible date and which undoubtedly helped to terminate the war much sooner than might otherwise have been the case, must be liquidated. This can be accomplished only by levy of taxes and by the savings of the people converted into investments in Government obligations issued for that purpose. Savings banks, as a whole, have not suffered loss of deposits as a result of war financing. On the contrary gains have been recorded, and I am informed that deposits in savings banks are now rapidly increasing. I am confident that the savings banks of the country will patriotically assist in the great task of helping to liquidate the war bills of our Government and of encouraging the habit of thrift amongst the people which, in turn, should reflect itself in larger deposits and consequently increased prosperity for savings institutions.

The Savings Bank Section replied to the Secretary by the unanimous adoption of resolutions in which it was stated that the practice of "consistent saving" had greatly increased as a result of the various Liberty Loan campaigns. The Section also pledged itself to aid in every way possible the Treasury Department in its "nationwide effort to induce greater thrift through the sale of savings stamps and otherwise."

WANTS CUT IN OCEAN RATES.

Export Association's President Sees Need of Stimulating Commerce.

George E. Smith, President of the American Manufacturers' Export Association, in summing up yesterday the result of information derived from questionaires, said that the only way to insure the growth of American commerce abroad under normal conditions would be for this country to establish reasonable ocean freight rates. Recommendations to this effect would be made to Government authorities, he said, on the ground that his association was convinced that only goods which met no substantial competition in foreign markets could be sold after present carrying charges were added to them.

Mr. Smith asserted that it cost $25 to ship a ton of staples from New York to Buenos Aires and $15 to ship it from Liverpool, and that if the Government would establish cheap ocean freight rates, even at a loss, the volume of export trade soon would compel favorable trade routes and cheap freight without Government assistance. He urged that the merchant ships now at the Government's command be devoted to this service.

Bayonne County Tax Rate Cut.

There was much rejoicing yesterday among Bayonne property owners when they learned that upon the application of William F. Higgins, who alleged the county rate was exorbitant, Supreme Court Justice Francis J. Swayze had reduced the Bayonne County tax rate from $5.64 per $1,000 valuation to $2.81. Persons who have paid their taxes will receive a rebate to conform with the reduced rate.

Trade Envoy to Italy.

H. C. MacLean, New York district manager of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, has been selected by the department to represent the United States in Italy as Special Trade Commissioner. Mr. MacLean expects to sail within a month for his new post. He will make a survey of industrial conditions in Italy.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JAN. 25, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	8,059,100	9,523,810
Same period a year ago..	1,956,026	11,662,459

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks..	72.70	69.78	74.99	69.78
Same period a year ago..	66.69	65.25	68.37	64.12

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
400	ADAMS EXPRESS	46¼	45¼	45¼	−3¾
2,000	Advance Rumely	22½	21	22½	−½
800	Advance Rumely	58	56½	58	+½
2,100	Ajax Rubber	73	70⅞	72¼	+1
3,900	Alaska Gold Mines	4	3⅝	3⅞	..
3,400	Alaska Juneau	2½	2	2½	..
17,600	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	32⅞	30	31⅝	+⅝
824	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	83	81⅞	82	−1
2,100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	101⅛	100	100⅜	+¾
100	Am. Bank Note	33	33	33	−2
5,010	Am. Beet Sugar	70½	67⅝	69¼	+½
24,700	Am. Can	48	45⅝	46⅝	+⅞
2,100	Am. Can pf.	101¾	100⅞	101¾	+¾
14,600	Am. Car & Foundry	91⅝	88½	90	+⅝
100	Am. Car & Foundry pf.	114¼	114¼	114¼	+1½
4,900	Am. Druggists	11½	10⅞	11¼	..
4,700	Am. Cotton Oil	43⅞	41½	42	−⅝
100	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	88	88	88	−1
100	Am. Express	90	90	90	−1
8,200	Am. Hide & Leather	16	14¼	14⅝	−⅛
68,700	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	84⅛	77½	81½	−½
1,000	Am. Ice	40⅛	38	39⅝	−⅜
600	Am. Ice pf.	55⅝	54¾	55	−½
2,000	Am. International	55	53⅛	55	+⅛
20,800	Am. Linseed	50¼	45⅞	48½	+⅝
3,000	Am. Linseed pf.	91⅞	88¼	91	+1⅞
2,600	Am. Locomotive	61	58	60⅞	+⅞
1,100	Am. Locomotive pf.	102⅝	101	102⅝	+1
2,310	Am. Malting	2	1⅜	2	+¾
325	Am. Malting 1st pf.	46	46	46	−2
74,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	72⅞	67¼	71	..
1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	106½	106	106¼	−⅜
600	Am. Snuff	114¼	105	114¼	+3⅞
10,400	Am. Steel Foundries	81⅞	77⅝	80⅞	−1¼
2,600	Am. Sugar Refining	113⅝	111½	113⅛	..
300	Am. Sugar Refining pf.	115½	115	115⅛	+½
16,400	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	103⅝	100⅝	*102	+3½
100	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	+⅝
9,700	Am. Tel. & Tel.	101⅛	99⅝	100½	−½
1,400	Am. Tobacco	200	192	196¼	−1⅞
1,000	Am. Tobacco pf., new	102	101	102	..
2,500	Am. Woolen	47	45¼	46⅝	+⅞
500	Am. Woolen pf.	95½	95	95½	+½
6,400	Am. Writing Paper pf.	35⅞	33	34	+1
500	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	11½	11⅛	11½	−½
600	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	42½	40	41	−1⅞
34,700	Anaconda Copper	60⅛	56⅝	58⅝	+⅝
700	Assets Realization	1½	1¼	1½	..
2,600	Associated Dry Goods	24¼	21	22⅞	+½
600	Associated Oil	74⅞	72	74⅞	+⅝
7,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	93⅞	90⅝	92⅞	+⅞
741	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	87⅞	86	87⅞	+¼
200	Atlantic Coast Line	98	95⅝	98	..
8,800	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I.	103⅝	98	102	..
700	Atlantic, Gulf & W. I. pf.	67	65½	67	..
75,750	BALDWIN LOCO.	73	66¼	70¾	+1¼
23,200	Baltimore & Ohio	49	44	*48	+2
1,000	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	55¼	54	54⅞	−½
900	Barrett Co.	111	108	111	−2
1,000	Batopilas Mining	1½	1¼	1⅜	..
2,400	Bethlehem Steel	59⅞	55⅛	59⅞	+2⅝
107,500	Bethlehem Steel, Class B	62⅛	55⅝	60⅞	+4
3,500	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	102⅞	101⅝	102⅝	+¼
1,400	Booth Fisheries	19½	19	19	−½
43,000	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	23⅞	18⅞	19¼	−4½
100	Brooklyn Union Gas	80½	80½	80½	+½
400	Bruns Term. & Ry. Sec.	10	9	9	−1½
500	Burns Brothers	153⅞	152	153⅞	+2⅞
1,700	Butte Copper & Zinc	6¼	6	6⅛	−½
700	Butte & Superior	18	17½	18	+⅛
800	Butterick Co.	17	16½	16½	−1
10,900	CALIFORNIA PACK.	54½	50½	54½	+2
16,800	California Petroleum	25½	21⅞	24	+1
5,100	California Petroleum pf.	70⅝	66½	68	..
4	Canada Southern	56	56	56	..
2,500	Canadian Pacific	159¾	155⅝	158	+1¼
400	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	93½	93½	93½	+2
5,800	Central Leather Co.	59⅞	57⅞	59⅛	+1⅝
600	Central Leather Co. pf.	106	105⅝	106	+½
4,100	Cerro de Pasco Copper	32½	31	32	−⅝
200	Chandler Motor	106	106	106	+3
5,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	56	53⅝	55½	..
1,400	Chi. Great Western	8	7½	8	+⅝
1,200	Chi. Great Western pf.	26	23⅞	26	+1½
23,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	39⅝	36	39¼	+1¼
17,500	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	73	65½	71⅞	+2⅝
2,600	Chi. & Northwestern	95⅞	93⅛	95⅞	+⅞
18,400	Chi., Rock Island & Pac.	24⅞	22⅝	23⅝	+⅜
4,400	Chi., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	76⅞	73⅛	75⅞	−1⅜
4,000	Chi., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	64⅞	61⅞	63⅝	−½
100	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	78	78	78	−4
7,800	Chile Copper	18⅜	17⅞	17⅝	+⅛
7,800	Chino Copper	34	32⅝	33⅞	−⅞
500	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L	35	33	33	−3
100	Cluett-Peabody	63	63	63	−2
100	Cluett-Peabody pf.	108	108	108	+3
3,100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	37	35	36¼	+1
900	Colorado Southern	21⅞	19⅝	21⅞	−⅛
7,200	Columbia Gas & Elec.	43⅞	40⅝	42⅞	+1⅞
200	Computing Tab Record	88¾	87⅞	87⅞	−½
2,800	Consolidated Gas	93½	89½	89½	−3⅞
200	Con. Interstate Cal. Min.	8⅞	8½	8⅝	+⅛
1,600	Continental Can	69⅞	68	69⅞	+⅞
100	Continental Can pf.	104¼	104¼	104¼	..
1,200	Continental Insurance	61	59⅞	61	+1½
35,000	Corn Products Refining	49	46	47⅞	+½
490	Corn Products Ref. pf.	102⅝	100	102⅝	−1
17,200	Crucible Steel	55⅝	52⅝	54	+⅛
100	Crucible Steel pf.	91	91	91	−1
34,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	24½	22¼	22¼	−2
7,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	76⅞	72½	72½	−3⅜
400	DEERE & CO. pf.	96	95½	95⅜	+½
1,200	Delaware & Hudson	105	101	105	+3
500	Denver & Rio Grande	3⅞	3⅜	3⅞	−1⅜
1,100	Denver & Rio Grande pf	7	6½	7	+½
1,400	Detroit Edison Co. rts.	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
100	Detroit Edison	110	110	110	+1
38,000	Distillers' Securities	53⅝	51¼	52	+¼
2,100	Dome Mines	12½	11⅝	11⅝	−⅝
400	ELKHORN COAL	28	27	27	−1⅜
15,100	Erie	16⅝	15½	16⅛	..
4,800	Erie 1st pf.	26⅝	24⅞	26¼	−⅜
800	Erie 2d pf.	19	18	19	−1
400	FED. MIN. & SM. pf.	35	33	35	−1¼
13,000	GASTON, W. & W.	29½	25⅛	28⅝	−⅝
50	General Chemical pf.	104	104	104	..
2,800	General Cigar	50	47⅝	*49¾	−⅞
2,000	General Electric	150	147	150	+1½
15,300	General Motors	125½	118½	123½	+1½
26,920	General Motors rights	1½	⅞	1½	+½
400	General Motors pf.	83½	82½	83½	−½
6,400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	61⅞	57½	60½	+1
2,600	Granby Consol.	75⅞	74	74	−2⅞
10,600	Great Northern pf.	93⅞	90¼	92⅝	+½
47,810	Gt. Nor. ctfs. for ore p.	38½	35⅝	37½	+1½
2,500	Greene-Cananea Cop.	45	42½	44	..
1,800	Gulf States Steel	53	50⅞	53	..
600	HASKELL & BARKER	43½	42	43	−1
100	Homestake Mining	95½	95½	95½	+½
684	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	97	96	96	−1⅜
14,400	Inspiration Copper	45¼	43⅛	44⅞	+⅜
7,200	Interborough Con.	5⅝	4⅞	5⅛	−⅝
6,400	Interborough Con. pf.	20½	18	19½	−⅝
100	Internat. Agricul.	13¼	13¼	13¼	−½
618	Internat. Agricul. pf.	54⅞	53⅜	54⅞	+⅞
1,700	Internat. Harv., new	114	110½	113⅛	−⅞
11,800	Internat. Mer. Mar.	25	22¼	24½	−⅝
125,975	Internat. Mer. Mar. pf.	104½	97⅞	102⅝	..
25,100	Internat. Nickel	27	25⅝	27	..
20,500	Internat. Paper	36⅝	32⅝	35	+2⅝
700	Internat Paper pf., stpd.	64	62⅝	62⅞	+⅛
800	JEWEL TEA	34½	31	32	−3
100	Jewel Tea pf.	89	89	89	+½
1,100	KAN. CITY SOUTH.	18⅞	17⅝	18	..
400	Kan. City South. pf.	50	49½	50	..
100	Kayser (Julius) & Co.	107	107	107	+4
9,600	Kelly Springfield Tire	77¼	68	77	+8
400	Kelsey Wheel	35	34	34	+5
10,100	Kennecott Copper	33½	32	32⅝	+⅝
100	Keokuk & Des Moines	2½	2½	2½	−½
100	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	−1½
300	Kress (S. H.) Co.	63	60	63	−4½
4,100	LACKAWANNA STEEL	67¼	62⅛	66	+2
100	Laclede Gas	83	83	83	−1¼
200	Lake Erie & Western	8⅞	8⅛	8⅞	..
400	Lake Erie & Western pf.	19⅝	18	19⅝	..
2,000	Lee Rubber & Tire	22½	21	22⅞	+1¼
3,100	Lehigh Valley	57⅞	54⅝	56⅞	+2⅜
2,100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	47⅝	45⅛	45⅞	−⅞
200	Loose-Wiles Bis. 1st pf.	95½	95½	95½	+½
250	Loose-Wiles Bis. 2d pf.	97½	96⅝	96⅝	+⅝
200	Lorillard (P.) Co.	166	162	166	+3
19	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	110	110	110	..
400	Louisville & Nashville	115	113½	*113½	−1⅞
600	MACKAY COS.	70½	70	70	−1⅜
700	Mackay Cos. pf.	64	64	64	..
740	Manhattan Elevated	88	83	87½	+1½
2,700	Maxwell Motors	28	26⅝	28	+¼
1,300	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	52	50⅝	52	+1⅛
300	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	20	20	20	+⅞
3,200	May Depart. Stores	66	64	64⅞	+1
225,900	Mexican Petroleum	174½	162⅞	168⅞	+1
5,100	Miami Copper	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	−⅝
14,000	Midvale Steel	43	41½	42⅝	+⅝
1,300	Minn. & St. Louis, new	10⅛	9½	10	−⅛
400	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	91	87½	91	+3
1,470	Mo., Kan. & Texas	5	4⅞	5	..
200	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	−⅞
20,625	Mo. Pacific	24⅞	22⅞	24⅞	..
2,900	Mo. Pacific pf.	53	49⅛	51⅞	−1⅝
100	Montana Power	70¼	70½	70½	+½
100	Montana Power pf.	105	105	105	−1½
120	Morris & Essex	71½	71½	71½	+1½
800	NATIONAL ACME	31	30	30⅜	−¼
200	National Biscuit	111½	111	111	−⅛
400	National Cloak & Suit	73	70	70	−2½
100	National Cloak & S. pf.	103½	103½	103½	−⅜
2,800	National Cond. & Cable	15½	14⅛	14⅞	−½
4,300	National Enam. & S.	50	48	49	−½
4,800	National Lead	68⅞	67	68¼	+½
100	National Lead pf.	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	+⅝
2,200	Nevada Con. Copper	16⅝	16½	16⅝	−½
2,300	New Orl., Tex. & Mex.	33½	31⅞	32⅞	−1⅞
750	N. Y. Air Brake	105	102½	105	+½
13,600	N. Y. Central	73¼	69¼	72⅞	−⅞
200	N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis	28	28	28	−1
100	N. Y., Chi. & St.L. 2d pf	43½	43½	43½	..
300	N. Y. Dock	25	24½	24½	−¾
16,400	N. Y., N. H. & H.	30¼	27⅝	29½	−⅞
1,400	N. Y., Ont. & West	19⅝	18⅞	19½	−⅝
1,400	Norfolk & Western	105⅝	104	105	−½
1,400	Norfolk & Western rts.	⅝	⅝	⅝	−⅝
200	Norfolk & Western pf.	74½	74	74	+½
100	North American	48	48	48	+⅝
11,800	Northern Pacific	92½	88⅝	91⅞	+¼
450	Nova Scotia Steel & C.	53⅞	52⅞	52⅞	−2⅞
10,400	OHIO CITIES GAS	43	41½	42⅝	..
1,000	Ontario Mining	6½	6⅛	6½	+½
35,000	Oklahoma Prod. & Ref.	9⅝	8⅝	9	−½
200	Owens Bottle Machine	48¼	47	47	−2¼
100	PACIFIC COAST	42	42	*42	+3
3,100	Pacific Mail	38½	35⅝	37	+½
300	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	22½	22	22½	+4½
21,200	Pan Am. Pet. & T.	70⅝	67	68⅞	+⅝
600	Pan Am. Pet. & T. pf.	121	117	121	−3½
13,400	Pennsylvania R. R.	45⅝	44½	45	..
400	People's Gas, Chicago	49½	45½	49½	+3½
1,500	Pere Marquette	13⅞	12⅞	13⅞	+½
200	Pere Marquette prior pf.	57	57	57	−1
100	Pere Marquette pf.	43	43	43	..
1,000	Philadelphia Co.	30½	30	30½	−⅛
5,700	Pierce-Arrow	40⅝	38⅞	40	+½
400	Pierce-Arrow pf.	102	101½	102	+⅛
13,200	Pierce Oil	18⅝	16⅞	17½	..
100	Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	45	45	45	−1
2,400	Pittsburgh Coal	46⅞	45¼	46⅞	+⅞
9,500	Pittsburgh & W. Va.	36⅞	34	36	+⅞
100	Pittsburgh & W. Va. pf.	80	80	80	+½
200	Pond Creek Co.	13	13	13	+½
1,100	Pressed Steel Car	64½	61½	64½	+2¼
200	Public Service, N. J.	91	90	91	−⅝
1,000	Pullman Company	121	119⅞	120	−⅞
7,000	RAILWAY STEEL SPG	74	69⅞	72¾	+⅝
100	Railway Steel Spring pf.	106	106	106	..
4,300	Ray Consol. Copper	20⅝	20	20⅝	+⅝
64,600	Reading	79⅞	75	*78⅞	+⅞
300	Reading 1st pf.	38	37	38	+1½
11,100	Republic Iron & Steel	75⅝	71⅞	74	+2
300	Republic Iron & Steel pf.	101½	101½	101½	+1½
14,600	Royal Dutch tr. rcts.	79¼	70⅝	77½	+6
2,500	ST. LOUIS-SAN FRAN.	12⅝	10⅝	12	−1
200	St. Louis Southwestern	18	17⅞	17⅞	−1⅛
300	St. Louis Southwest. pf.	30	30	30	−1
500	Savage Arms	62½	62	62	−½
400	Saxon Motor	7¼	7⅛	7¼	−⅛
1,300	Seaboard Air Line	8	7½	8	−⅛
1,000	Seaboard Air Line pf.	17	15⅞	17	+⅛
1,900	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	177	172	175½	−4½
1,850	Shattuck-Arizona	13	12	12	−1⅛
16,300	Sinclair Oil Refining	35⅝	33½	34⅝	+½
800	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & I.	52½	49	52½	+1½
70,990	Southern Pacific	100⅝	95½	98⅛	+
100	South Porto Rico Sugar	135	135	135	−3
42,900	Southern Railway	27⅝	25	27	−⅝
1,400	Southern Railway pf.	68	66⅝	68	..
100	Standard Milling	125	125	125	..
2,200	Stromberg Carburetor	39¼	37¼	39¼	+¼
92,100	Studebaker Co.	50	45⅝	48⅝	−⅜
200	Studebaker Co. pf.	92	92	92	−½
700	Stutz Motor	49½	47⅝	49½	+½
900	Superior Steel	34	32	34	+⅝
1,500	TENNESSEE COPPER	13½	13	13½	..
36,000	Texas Co.	189⅞	185	188½	+2¼
10,950	Texas Co. rights	17½	16¼	16⅝	−½
65,300	Texas & Pacific	33⅝	27½	31	+2½
59	Texas Pac. Land Trust	300	235	300	..
20,600	Tobacco Products	76⅝	73¼	75⅝	+⅝
400	Tobacco Products pf.	103⅞	102	103⅞	−½
100	Tol., St. L. & W. c. of d.	10	10	10	..
400	Transue & Williams	38	37¼	38	+½
200	Twin City Rapid Transit	41½	40	41½	+
500	UNION BAG & PAPER	79	78	78	+2
25,000	Union Pacific	128½	124⅛	127¼	+¼
1,400	Union Pacific pf.	73	72	73	+¾
1,600	United Alloy Steel	38	37½	38	+¼
29,000	United Cigar Stores	115½	110⅝	114½	+⅝
300	United Drug	94	93	93	−1
400	United Drug 1st pf.	53	52	53	..
100	United Dyewood	58	58	58	..
1,400	United Fruit	162	159	160½	−3¼
800	United Rys. Investment	8½	7⅝	8½	−⅛
500	United Rys. Invest. pf.	17½	15⅞	16⅞	+⅛
2,400	U. S. Cast I. P. & F.	15⅝	14	15⅝	+1⅜
400	U. S. Cast I. P. & F. pf.	45⅞	45	45⅞	+2⅞
500	U. S. Express	18	17	18	+2
21,500	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	104¼	97¼	102⅜	+1¼
300	U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	100¼	100	100	+½
1,600	U. S. Realty & Imp. Co.	26⅝	24	25¼	−⅛
29,600	U. S. Rubber	77	73	75¼	−½
800	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	109⅝	109	109⅝	−⅜
500	U. S. Smelt., R. & M.	44	43½	44	−½
574,200	U. S. Steel	94	88⅞	91⅝	+1⅜
2,300	U. S. Steel pf.	115½	114⅝	115⅜	+⅜
24,100	Utah Copper	71⅝	69½	70	−1½
4,400	Utah Securities	15⅝	14¼	15	−1½
3,900	VA.-CARO. CHEM.	53½	51½	52½	−⅜
500	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	112⅞	111⅞	112⅞	−⅛
100	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke	56	56	56	−2
2,000	WABASH	8½	7⅝	8⅛	+½
4,150	Wabash pf. A	32¼	30½	32	+½
300	Wabash pf. B	20	19	20	+½
100	Wells Fargo Express	66½	66½	66½	−3½
2,000	Western Maryland	11⅛	10½	11¼	+½
700	Western Pacific	19	18	19	..
100	Western Pacific pf.	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	−1⅛
700	Western Union Tel.	87½	86½	87⅞	..
5,700	Westinghouse E. & M.	42	40½	41½	..
700	Wheeling & Lake Erie	8½	8	8½	+½
500	White Motors	47	45	47	+1½
4,000	Wilson & Co.	69	65⅝	68	+½
41,300	Willys-Overland	24½	23½	*24½	+½
400	Willys-Overland pf.	88½	88	88½	−¼
400	Wisconsin Central	33½	30¼	33¼	−⅜
700	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	127½	123¾	127½	+2½
500	Woolworth pf.	116	115	115	−2½
700	Worthington Pump	55½	54	54	−1½
300	Worth. Pump pf. B	67⅞	67	67⅞	+⅞

*Ex dividend.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING NEW YORK

Opportunities in Long-term Bonds

AT present prices high-grade bonds offer an unusually attractive yield over a long period.

We have prepared a special list of such securities maturing from 1929 to 1952. The yields range from 5.45% to more than 6½%.

Circular describing these issues will be furnished upon request for AG-202.

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.
Correspondent Offices in 33 Cities

THE CONSERVATIVE INVESTOR'S OPPORTUNITY

Public Utility Bonds
To yield about 5¼% to 6¼%

Railroad Bonds
To yield about 5% to 6%

Industrial Bonds
To yield about 5¼% to 6½%

Municipal Bonds
To yield about 4¼% to 5¾%

Short-Term Notes
To yield about 6% to 7%

Write for Circular 1226
"Current Investment Opportunities"

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange

Comparison of Income

from tax-exempt and taxable securities

We have prepared a table comparing the income yield from tax-exempt securities with the income yield from taxable securities. This comparison is at the rates applied to 1918 income in the new schedule passed by the United States Senate.

The leaflet contains also the details of each Liberty Loan Issue. The conditions under which the maximum amount of tax-exemption value may be obtained are tabulated

Ask for Circular A-4.

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Cor. William
NEW YORK

To Yield 5.70%

Salmon River Power Co.

First Mortgage Gold 5s

DUE 1952

Closed Mortgage

Well secured both by property and earnings. Liberal sinking fund.

Underlying obligation of the Niagara, Lockport & Ontario Power Co.

Blodget & Co.
34 PINE ST., New York. 60 STATE ST., Boston.

Great Lakes Power Co.

First Mortgage Serial 6% Bonds

Dated May 1st, 1916
Due Serially
May 1919 to 1941 Inc.

Company derives its supply of water from Lake Superior, thus insuring unvarying continuous supply. Net earnings over 2½ times interest charges.

Price 100 & Interest

Special Circular upon Application.

Estabrook & Co.
24 Broad St. New York 15 State St. Boston

New York State Bonds

Barr & Schmeltzer
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. Specialists. New York.

Municipal Bonds

under the abnormal war conditions just brought to an end have stood the test better than any other class of security.

Invested principal has been uniformly safe and interest has been promptly and regularly paid.

Freedom from all Federal Income Taxes makes them particularly attractive to investors.

Write for our List B-100 of over 30 issues of *Municipal Bonds*

Yielding 4.25% to 6%

Spitzer, Rorick & Co.
Established 1871.
Equitable Bldg., New York
Toledo Chicago

Canadian Government & Municipal Bonds

Yield 5.20% to 6¼%

Principal and interest payable in New York

Send for Circular A-8

Wood, Gundy & Co.
C. P. R. Building
Montreal Toronto London

Short Term Notes and Bonds

To Yield 5% to 8%

Circular on Request

Liggett & Drexel
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
61 Broadway, N. Y.
Phone Bowling Green 6780.
105 DEVONSHIRE ST., BOSTON.

The U. S. Government warns against the stock swindler. Consult your bank first.

For the Discriminating Investor

A Closed Mortgage fifteen-year 5% R.R. Bond

To Yield 8%

Secured on important main line division of large system. These bonds, outstanding in amount about $6,000,000, are followed by about $85,000,000 interest-paying securities.

Full particulars on request for Circular C.

F.J.LISMAN & CO.
Specialists in Steam Railroad Securities
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange
61 Broadway New York

Twenty-Year 5½% Gold Bonds of the Government of The United Kingdom of Great Britain & Ireland

Due February 1, 1937

TO YIELD ABOUT 5½%

Wm. West & Co.
27 Pine St. New York

Clark, Dodge & Co.

Railroad—Industrial—Public Utility
Government—Municipal

Investment Securities

Statistical information regarding securities furnished to investors and trustees.

Security Issues Negotiated

51 Wall Street, New York

Municipal Bonds
Exempt From All Federal Income Taxes

	Rate.	Maturity.	Yield.
Westchester Co., N. Y., Reg.	4½%	1920	4.30%
City of Des Moines, Iowa	5	1929-36	4.40
City of Sioux City, Iowa	4¾	1938	4.50
City of Des Moines, Ia., Sch.	5	1921-35	4.50
City of Superior, Wis.	5	1920-28	4.65
City of Memphis, Tenn.	4½	1921-22	4.75
Spartanburg Co., S. C.	4½	1923-27	4.75
Hillsborough Co., Fla.	5	1924-48	4.75
City of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.	4	1921	4.80
City of Newport News, Va.	5	1949	4.80
State of Louisiana	5	1949	4.80
City of Asheville, N. C.	5¼	1919-57	4.875
Town of Greenville, N. C.	6	1919-32	5.00
City of Portsmouth, Va.	6	1928	5.00
Buncombe Co., N. C.	6	1929-31	5.00
Surry Co., N. C.	6	1933-38	5.00

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 Nassau St., New York
Boston Chicago

Conservative Bonds

Suitable for Banks, Estates, Individuals and others who seek safety and marketability

			Due	Price to Yield About
*$200,000	New Haven, Conn., (Tax Exempt in Conn.)	4½s	1946-48	4.20%
*50,000	Buffalo, N. Y., Reg.,	7s	1925	4.30
*55,000	Syracuse, N. Y., Reg.,	3½s	1920	4.30
*95,000	Schenectady, N. Y., Reg.,	4s	1920-22	4.30
*200,000	State of Mass., Reg.,	3½s	1934-40	4.35
*450,000	City of New York	4½s	1960-66	4.375
*400,000	State of California	4½s	1936-41	4.375
*350,000	Detroit, Mich.,	4s	1921-28	4.40
*500,000	Jersey City, N. J.,	4¼s	1920-55	4.50
500,000	Omaha, Neb., School Dist.,	5s	1948	4.70

*Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in the State of New York.

Remick, Hodges & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall Street New York
Correspondents: R. L. Day & Co., Boston

Exempt From All Federal Income Taxes

MUNICIPAL BONDS

To Yield 4.70% to 5.25%

	Rate	Due	Yield
*Barberton, Ohio	5%	1919-'28	4.70%
*Coshocton County, Ohio	5	1920-'23	4.75
Kent, Ohio	5	1933	4.75
*Kunkle School District, Ohio	5	1919-'38	4.80
Dade County, Fla.	6	1920-'29	5.00
*City of Bessemer, Ala.	5	1947	5.00
Renville County, N. D.	6	1922	5.10
*Belhaven, N. C.	6	1920-'38	5.25

** Eligible to secure Postal Savings Bank Deposits*

SIDNEY SPITZER & CO.
Specialists in Municipal Bonds
115 Broadway, New York
Chicago St. Louis Cincinnati Toledo Los Angeles

$50,000
City of Boston, Massachusetts 4s
Due July 1, 1947 Price to yield 4.40%

$80,000
City of Cleveland, Ohio 4½s
Due March 1, 1949 Price to yield 4.40%

$100,000
City of St. Paul, Minnesota 4½s
Due 1945 Price to yield 4.40%

$50,000
City of Waterbury, Connecticut 4s
Due July 1, 1927 Price to yield 4.40%

Curtis & Sanger
Members New York, Boston and Chicago Stock Exchanges
49 Wall Street New York
BOSTON CHICAGO
SAN FRANCISCO

A Valuable Investment Service

The purchase and sale of investment stocks and bonds is only part of the service this house renders which includes:

A. Investment counsel whether or not purchases are contemplated.

B. Detailed information and special reports.

C. Specific investment suggestions based on individual requirements.

We invite investors to avail themselves freely of the facilities of our investment department by correspondence or personal call. Upon request we shall be pleased to furnish our list C-106 of high grade stocks, and our list C-107 of high grade bonds now selling at attractive prices.

A. A. Housman & Co.

Members { New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exch., N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exch., New York Produce Exch., Chicago Board of Trade.

20 Broad Street, New York
Branch Office—25 West 33d St.

The U. S. Gov't warns against the stock swindler. Consult your bank first.

An Analysis of the

St. Louis Southwestern Railway

This Shows:

1. Present position of all the bond issues of the St. Louis Southwestern Railway System.
2. Earnings of road are such that present low prices of its bonds are not justified.
3. A new development which may have an important and favorable effect upon its securities.

Send for special analysis B-2.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co.
A Bond House of Service
111 Broadway New York
Telephone 2841 Rector.

Mississippi River Power Company

1st Mortgage 5% Bonds
Due January, 1951

Price to Yield About 6½%

Net earnings are nearly double the interest on these bonds.

They are secured by first mortgage on the entire property of the company, which owns one of the largest *hydro-electric* development in the World located on the Mississippi River at Keokuk, Iowa.

Power is sold to public utility and industrial companies in the surrounding territory, including St. Louis, East St. Louis, Burlington and Fort Madison.

Circular B-2 containing detailed information sent upon request.

Stone & Webster
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 6020
Boston Chicago

Southern Railway

The earning power of this great system reviewed in a special letter.

Copy on request.

Toole, Henry & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange.
Equitable Bldg., New York.

Peerless Motor

Bought—Sold—Quoted

Ware & Leland

Members { New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, New York Produce Exchange, Chicago Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade

Telephone Bowling Green 9 — 61 B'WAY, N. Y.

WE OFFER

So. Jersey Gas, E. & Tr. 5s
J. C., Hob. & Pat. St. Ry. 4s
Elizabeth & Trenton R. R. 5s

B. H. & F. W. Pelzer
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
12 Broadway. Phone Broad 6037.

F. M. Dyer & Co.
High-Grade Investment Securities
24 Broad Street, New York City
Telephone 3620 Rector.
Boston New Haven

Washington Gas-Light Co.
1st Gen. 5s, 1960

Hembleton & Company
ESTABLISHED 1866
43 Exchange Place, New York.

CALL FOR COMMENTS ON MAIL SERVICE

Merchants' Association Urges Its Members to Send Their Complaints to Washington.

CITES FOREIGN DELAYS

Cable Service Also Assailed in Letter of Protest to Chief Naval Censor.

In an appeal issued yesterday the Merchants' Association invited its members to accept the suggestion made by First Assistant Postmaster General Koons and write to Washington, telling frankly what business men think of the mails under the direction of Mr. Burleson. At the same time the association disclosed that it had protested to Secretary Baker against the irregularity of soldiers' mails. Mr. Koons's letter of inquiry was as follows:

The Post Office Department desires to maintain the postal service at a high standard of efficiency and make it meet the necessities and requirements of the public. Notwithstanding the extraordinary conditions prevailing during the war, the department has attempted to do what no other country at war has undertaken, namely, to conduct the postal service without curtailment or restriction of facilities or conveniences to the public and at the same time perform the numerous additional duties and war activities imposed upon it. I am not aware of any way in which we can get in as close touch with postal needs as through the business organizations and representative business men of the country.

With this end in view, I am requesting that you advise me promptly whether your postal service is satisfactory and meets the necessities of the business interests; if not, what are the existing defects wherein the service should be remedied and improved?

In passing this request on to its members the Merchants' Association advised them to take advantage of the opportunity. It also announced that it had received hundreds of letters making complaints against the efficiency of the postal service and announcing the loss of valuable packages in the mails.

The representations made by the association against continued delay of transoceanic mails were set forth in a communication from S. C. Mead, Secretary, to Mr. Baker personally. After telling of numerous instances where letters had been held up through the irregularity of the sailing schedules, Mr. Mead said "it is our understanding that the sailing schedules of these steamships are under the control of the Secretary of War." Continuing, the letter said:

The serious matter of delays in transoceanic mails has been repeatedly brought to our attention by business houses in New York. The statement is made that the delays are in part due to the censorship which is necessarily exercised over incoming and outgoing mail. It is also stated that the delays are accentuated because the mail is often intrusted to slow boats because no more speedy boats are available. A recent press dispatch stated that English mail had just left New York on a vessel which would be fourteen days en route to England.

Another subject of objection by the association is the censorship on cables. A letter was sent yesterday to the Chief Cable Censor, Navy Department, which was in part as follows:

Members of the Merchants' Association of New York continually make statements to us with regard to the very serious inconveniences and losses which they are experiencing because of delays in the transmission and delivery of business cable messages. In this connection we desire to quote from a letter which has come to us from an important business firm with regard to the cable situation in connection with South African service, as follows:

The delay in cables is putting importers in this country of South African commodities to enormous expense both in the charges for duplication of cables, misinterpretation occasioned by delays and in the loss of benefits of markets which necessarily follow delays and acceptances of offers. In normal times we could exchange cables with Cape Town in forty-eight hours. For the last two and a half months the smallest average time, to our knowledge, for the transmission of cables from New York to Cape Town and transmission back to New York of a prompt reply is fifteen days. In many instances this has taken longer than forty days. There should be no reason for this extraordinary delay. The facilities for transmission are just as good as in normal times and the burden of cable exchanges is less if anything.

May we ask that you give the statements above made your most careful consideration? In connection with the expeditious delivery of cable messages, the Merchants' Association desires to renew its suggestion that in light of the fact that the armistice has been signed and active hostilities ceased and also in light of the fact that the formal conclusion of peace may be indefinitely delayed, the authorities in charge of the censoring of cables seriously consider the possibility of immediately allowing a much more general use of codes than has been true in the past. Business interests are suffering enormously from the disrupted conditions of cable service, only part of which is due to the regulations of the Censors. It is true, and any relief that can properly be extended will be cordially appreciated.

Copies of the letter were sent to the Bureau of Censorship and to the Foreign Trade Adviser of the Department of State.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JAN. 25, 1919.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$68,173,500	$221,764,000
Same period last year	22,376,500	90,237,000

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	78.10	77.76	79.01	77.76
Same period a year ago.	76.84	76.64	77.26	76.64

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
35	82¼	2	ALA. G. M. 6s.Ser.A	85	84	84	+1¾
84	82	2	Ala. G. M. 6s. Ser. B	32	82	82	−2
102¼	100	1	Am. Af. Ch. deb. 5s.	100	100	100	−2¼
98⅝	97	8	Am. Ag. Ch. conv. 5s	98⅝	98	98⅝	+⅝
100¼	99⅝	10	Am. Hide & L. 6s.	100¼	100	100¼	+½
93	90½	26	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s.	92½	90½	90½	−2¼
85	83¾	57	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	84½	84	84	..
102½	100⅝	444	Am. T. & T. conv. 6s.	102½	101½	102½	+1
94	92	19	Am. T. & T. col.tr.5s	93	92	92⅞	−⅝
78¼	77	1	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s.	78¼	78¼	78¼	+1⅛
72½	72½	2	Am. Tobacco 4s.	72½	72½	72½	−2½
91	88¼	17	Am. Writing P. 5s.	91	90¼	91	+⅞
90	86	23	Am. W.P. 5s, tr.ctfs	90	88	90	+4
88¼	87½	20	Armour & Co. 4½s.	88¼	87⅝	87⅝	−½
85⅛	83¼	51	A., T. & S. F. g. 4s.	84⅝	83¼	84	−½
80	79⅞	1	A., T. & S. F. adj.4s.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	..
92¼	92¼	1	A., T.&S.F.,E.Okla.4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	..
85	85	1	A.,T.&S.F.,C.&A.4½s	85	85	85	−¼
81	79	2	A.,T.& S.F.Tr.S.L.4s	80⅞	79	80⅞	−⅛
79¼	78⅞	1	A.,T.& S.F.adj.4s,sta	79¼	79¼	79¼	+⅝
83½	83½	5	Atl. C. L. 1st 4s.	84½	83½	83½	−1
88	85	1	Atl. C. L. unif. 4½s.	85	85	85	−2
82¼	75¾	50	BALT. & O. g. 4s.	78¾	75¾	76	−4
82	80¾	27	Balt. & O. ref. 5s.	82	80¾	81½	..
89¼	88	61	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s.	88⅝	88	88	−⅞
80	78	65	B. & O. conv. 4½s.	78¾	76	78	..
68	65¾	10	B. & O.,Tol.& C. 4s.	66	65¾	66	−1⅜
78	73½	8	B.&O., L.E.&W.V.4s.	74¼	73½	73½	−2½
86¼	86	1	B.& O., S.W.Div.3½s.	86	86	86	−¼
95¼	85¼	1	Beth. Steel ext. 5s.	95¼	95¼	95¼	..
83	80	15	Beth. St. pur. m. 5s.	81⅝	80	81⅝	−⅝
88½	87	5	Beth Steel ref. 5s.	88	87	88	+1
96	93¼	11	Braden Copper 6s.	93⅞	93	93	−1
85¼	75	181	B. R. T. 7s, 1921	80⅞	75	76¼	−8¼
52¼	45	9	B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s.	49	48	48	−4½
76	65	5	B. R. T. gold 5s.	65	65	65	−5
78	78	8	B'klyn Un. El. 5s.	78	78	78	−2
95	94	5	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s.	94½	94	94½	+½
95⅝	95¼	1	CAL. G. & E. 5s.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	+⅛
82	82	1	Car., Cl. & Ohio 5s.	82	82	82	−⅝
97	96¼	33	Cent. Leather 5s.	96⅝	96¼	96⅝	−⅛
95½	94	3	Cent. of Ga. con. 5s.	94	94	94	−⅝
83	80	11	Central Pacific 4s.	81	80	80	−1
99½	98¼	9	Ches. & Ohio con. 5s.	99	98¼	98⅝	−¼
89	84⅜	177	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s.	86	84⅜	85	−1
81¼	77¾	48	Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s	79¼	77¾	79¼	+1
83¼	77½	3	Ches. & O.gen. 4½s.	78	77½	77½	−2
83½	81	62	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s.	82¾	81	82¼	−⅛
95⅞	95⅝	168	C., B. & Q. joint 4s.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	−⅛
85½	85	8	C., B. & Q.,Ill.Div.4s	85	85	85	−⅛
96⅞	92⅝	5	C.,B. & Q.,Neb.ext.4s	93¼	93¼	93¼	−⅛
62½	60	45	Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s	61⅜	60¼	61⅜	−⅛
103	103	2	Chi., I. & L. ref. 6s.	103	103	103	+2
84¼	83	4	C., M. & S.P.gen.4½s	84⅝	83	83	..
76¼	75	10	C., M. & St.P.gen.4s	76½	76¼	76¼	+1⅛
81⅞	78	25	C., M. & S.P.cv.5s.B.	79	78	78⅛	−1⅜
84	83	1	C., M. & S.P. 4s,'25	83	83	83	−½
74¼	67⅞	16	C.,M. & S. P.ref.4½s	71	69⅞	71	−1⅜
98⅝	97⅝	6	C., M. & St. P., C. P. & W. 5s.	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	−⅝
82	75¾	78	C., M. & S.P.cv.4½s	79	75¾	78½	−½
100⅞	100	4	Chi. & N. W.gen.5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	−⅝
71	71	5	C. & N. W. gen. 3½s.	71	71	71	−1
82½	82½	1	C. & N. W. gen. 4s.	82½	82½	82½	+1⅛
76⅞	74⅜	28	C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	75⅛	74⅛	75⅛	+⅛
79	75⅛	37	C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	76⅝	75⅛	75⅝	+2⅝
81	80¼	6	Chi. Rwys. 5	80⅝	80⅛	80⅛	..
99⅝	99¼	1	C., St. L. & N. O. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼	−⅝
89	88⅛	7	Chi. Un. Station 4½s	88⅞	88½	88½	..
65	62	5	Chi. & West. Ind. 4s.	63⅜	63	63	−⅜
102½	102½	1	Chi. & West. Ind. 6s.	102½	102½	102½	..
110	106⅞	16	Chile Copper 7s	107⅞	106⅞	107⅞	−1
85	81½	40	Chile Cop. col. tr. 6s	83⅛	81½	81½	−2
85	82½	16	Chile Cop. cv. 6s.	84	82½	82½	−1½
72½	69	2	C.,C.C.& St.L.gen.4s.	69	69	69	−2¼
80	78½	7	C.,C.C.& St.L.d.4½s.	78½	78½	78½	−½
76¼	76⅛	1	C., C., C. & St. L., St. L. Div. 4s.	76⅛	76⅛	76⅛	+⅛
77¼	75	3	Col. Industrial 5s.	75¼	75	75	−1
89¼	88	11	Col. & So. 1st 4s.	89¼	88	89	..
79½	77¼	2	Col. & So. ref. 4½s.	78⅝	77¼	78	−½
82	82	5	Col. G. & E. 5s, stpd.	82	82	82	−¼
84	83	6	Comp.-Tab.-Rec. 6s.	84	83	83½	−⅝
103	100½	198	Con. Gas cv. 6s.	101½	100½	100½	−1¼
100	99½	8	Corn P.Ref.s.f.5s,'34	100	99½	99½	..
93¾	93	22	Cumberland Tel. 5s.	93¼	93¼	93¼	..
93¾	93	18	DEL. & HUD. cv.5s.	93	93	93	..
57¼	52	10	D. & R.G.1st & ref.5s	53	53	53	+1
51	51	1	D. & R. G.Ref.5s.ctfs.	51	51	51	..
78	69⅞	10	Den. & R. G. con.4s.	70⅝	69⅞	70⅝	+½
76	73½	2	Den. R. G. Cons.4½s	73½	73½	73½	−2½
79¼	79¼	5	Den. & R. G. Imp.5s	79¼	79¼	79¼	−¼
91	89½	16	Dist. Secur. 5s.	90⅝	89½	90⅜	+⅝
94½	94½	1	Dul. & I. Range 5s.	94½	94½	94½	−⅛
100	100	8	ED. El. N. Y.cn.5s.	100	100	100	+5½
95	95	1	Elk Horn Fuel 6s.	95	95	95	..
79⅞	79⅞	1	Ed. El. B'klyn cn. 4s	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	+1⅞
100¼	99⅝	2	Erie 1st con. 7s.	100¼	99⅝	100¼	..
56½	53	34	Erie gen. 4s.	54	53	53	−2
70⅛	69	7	Erie consol. 4s.	70	69	70	−½
49	47	21	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. A.	47½	47¼	47½	−½
48⅞	47	12	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. B.	48⅝	47	48⅝	+⅝
52⅝	50	75	Erie cv. 4s, Ser. D.	51	50	50	−1
78	78	1	Erie, Penn., col. 4s.	78	78	78	−8
85	81	5	FLA. E. COAST 4s.	84	84	84	−1
99⅝	99⅝	2	Ft. W. & D. C. 6s.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	..
109	109	3	Fre., Elk & Mo.V.6s.	109	109	109	−1
78	78	3	GEN. ELEC. 3½s.	78	78	78	+3
100⅝	97⅞	8	Gen. El. deb. 5s.	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	−⅝
101	98	15	Genessee River 6s.	100	98	98	−3
52	52	2	Ga. Midland 3s.	52	52	52	..
89	85¼	15	Gt. North. ref. 4¼s.	86	85¼	86	−⅝
80	80	5	Gulf & Ship Is. 5s.	80	80	80	−2½
83	79	3	HOCK. VAL. 4½s.	79	79	79	−4
60¼	56⅞	70	Hud. & M. n. ref. 5s.	58⅝	56½	58	−⅝
18	16	177	H. & M. n. adj. 5s.	17¼	16	16½	−⅝
77⅞	76	5	ILL. CENT. 4s, '53.	76	76	76	−1⅛
84¼	82½	20	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s.	82½	82¼	82½	−⅞
84¼	82¼	24	Illinois Steel 4½s.	84	84	84	+1
97⅛	95¼	7	Indiana Steel 5s.	96¼	95¼	96	−½
82	82	3	Ind., Ill. & Ia. 4s.	82	82	82	−7
43⅝	39	534	Inter.-Met. 4½s.	40⅝	39	39⅝	−⅝
72¾	68¾	458	Int. Rapid Transit 5s	70½	68⅝	69⅞	−1⅛
96	96	3	Int. & Gt. Nor. 6s.	96	96	96	+½
78½	78½	40	Int. Agricul. 5s.	78½	78	78½	+½
102	97	224	Int. Mer. Mar. 6s.	99½	97	99½	−⅝
77	77	2	Iowa Cent. 1st 5s.	77	77	77	−3
41½	48½	6	Iowa Central ref. 4s.	44	43½	48½	..
103¼	102½	1	K. C., Ft. S.& M.6s.	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	−⅝
91	90½	2	Kan. & M. 2d 5s.	90½	90½	90½	−½
85	84¼	17	Kan. City So. 5s.	85	84¼	85	+½
81	76⅞	4	Kan. City Term. 4s.	77	76⅞	73⅞	−3½
97	96¼	5	LACK. S. 5s, '23.	96⅝	96⅞	96⅞	−⅛
90	88½	15	Lake Shore 4s, '28.	90	89¼	90	+⅝
89	88	8	Lake Shore 4s, '31.	88⅝	88¼	88½	−⅝
73	73	5	Lake Shore 3½s.	73	73	73	..
99⅝	99¼	12	Laclede Gas 1st 5s.	99⅝	99½	99⅝	+⅛
97	95	2	Laclede Gas ref. 5s.	95¼	95¼	95¼	+¼
102⅞	101½	82	Leh. Val. c. 6s, t. c.	102¼	101½	101¾	−½
94	92	7	Liggett & Myers 5s.	93½	92	92	−1½
113⅞	113	7	Liggett & Myers 7s.	113	113	113	..
76½	76	6	Long Isl. Ref. 4s.	76½	76½	76½	+⅛
77½	77	3	Long Isl. deb. 5s, '37	77	77	77	−½
80	79	2	Long Isl. gen. 4s.	80	79	79	−2
94	91½	5	Lorillard 5s	91½	91½	91½	−1½
88½	84½	24	Lou. & Nash. un. 4s.	86⅝	84½	84¾	−1⅜
71	71	1	L. & N.,So. Ry. j. 4s	71	71	71	+3¾
100¼	100¼	1	L. & N.,St. L. D. 6s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	+¼
78½	78½	3	L. & N.,At.K. & T.4s	78½	78½	78½	−4½
72	72	2	MAN. CONSOL. 4s.	72	72	72	−3
74	74	10	Man. Con. 4s, t. c.	74	74	74	−6
90	90	4	Mich. State Tel. 5s.	90	90	90	+1½
82⅞	82	1	Mich. Cent. deb. 4s.	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞	+⅞
88¼	87	26	Midvale Steel 5s.	87½	87	87	−½
47⅛	44	8	M. & St. L.1st & r.4s	45½	44	45	−2½
94½	94½	6	M., S. St. M. & A. 4s	94½	94½	94½	−⅛
69	65	1	Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s.	65	65	65	−¼
63½	59¼	225	Mo. Pacific gen. 4s.	60⅝	59½	60⅝	−⅝
99⅝	99½	7	Mo. Pacific cons. 6s.	99⅝	99⅛	99⅝	..
92	89⅞	61	Mo. Pac. 5s, '26.	91¼	89⅞	90	−1⅝
87⅞	87⅝	5	Mo. Pac. 5s, '65.	87⅞	87⅝	87⅝	−⅛
95⅞	93½	22	Montana Power 5s.	93⅝	92½	92⅝	−⅝
98⅝	98	2	NAT. TUBE 5s.	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	+⅝
67	67	3	New Orl. Term. 4s.	67	67	67	−2
97¼	96½	24	N. O., T. & M. 6s.	97	96½	96⅝	−⅝
58½	54¼	20	N. O., T. & M. inc.5s	58½	58	58	..
100⅞	99⅞	13	N. Y. Air B. cv. 6s.	100	99⅞	100	..
99⅝	97⅞	226	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s.	99⅝	97⅞	99½	+1¼
83	82	4	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s.	82½	82	82½	+¼
86	82¾	12	N. Y. C. deb. 4s, '34.	85	82¾	85	−½
72⅝	71	22	N. Y. C. gen. 3½s.	72½	71¼	71¼	−⅛
68	68	10	N.Y.C., L.S.col.3½s.	68	68	68	−⅛
82	80	2	N.Y.,C. & St.L.1st.4s	80	80	80	−2
73	71½	1	N. Y., C. & St.L.d.4s	72¼	72¼	72¼	..
92⅝	91½	2	N.Y.,C.E.L.H. & P.5s	91½	91½	91½	−½
74¼	71½	1	N. Y.,G.E.L. & P. 4s	71½	71½	71½	−1½
97¼	97¼	3	N. Y., L. & W. c. 5s.	97¼	97¼	97¼	+1¼
88	85½	6	N.Y.,N.H.&H.cv.d.6s.	86½	86	86	+⅞
59½	58	7	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. d. 4s, '66.	59½	58	58	−1
56⅞	55⅞	5	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. d. 4s, '55.	56⅞	55⅞	55⅞	−6½
54	54	5	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. d. 4s, '47.	54	54	54	−6
70	69	2	N. Y., O. & W.ref.4s.	70	69	70	..
43½	40½	7	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s.	42	41½	42	−2½
14½	11½	26	N. Y. Rys. adj. 4s.	13⅞	12½	13	−1⅛
78¼	78¼	1	N.Y.,S.& W.1st ref.5s	78¼	78¼	78¼	−1⅛
90⅝	88	32	N. Y. Tele. 4½s.	90	89⅝	90	..
53	50	1	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s.	50	50	50	−2¼
97	95	2	Niagara Falls P. 5s.	97	95	97	+3
69½	68	2	Norf. So. 1st ref. 5s	68	68	68	−½
108	106¼	273½	N. & W. cv. 6s, w. i.	107	106¼	107	+½
86¼	82½	14	Norf. & W. con. 4s.	84½	82½	84¼	−⅝
86	84¼	1	N. & W., Poc.C.& C.4s	86	86	86	+1⅛
86	84	38	Northern Pacific 4s.	85¼	84	84¼	−1⅜
61⅞	60	12	Northern Pacific 3s.	60⅛	60	60	−½
90	90	2	Nor. Pac. ref. 4½s.	90	90	90	..
61⅛	61⅛	2	O. & L. CHAMP. 4s.	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛	..
96	96	1	Ohio River 1st 5s.	96	96	96	−3¾
91	89	7	Ontario Power 5s.	91	89	89	..
86	85	5	Ore., R. & N.con.4s.	85	85	85	..
101	101	3	Ore. Sh. Line 6s.	101	101	101	..
88	86¼	3	Ore. Sh. L. ref. 4s.	87	86¼	86¼	−½
98⅞	98	6	Ore Sh. L. cons. 5s.	98⅞	98	98	−⅝
79⅞	77½	4	Oregon Wash. 1st 4s	78	77½	77½	−2
88	87½	41	PAC. GAS & E. 5s.	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	..
95¼	94¼	5	Pac. T. & T. 5s.	94½	94¼	94¼	−⅝
82	82	2	Pac. of Mo. 1st 4s.	82	82	82	−2½
88	88	1	P.P. & L. 1st & R.5s	88	88	88	−7
87	86¼	6	Penn. 4s, 1948	87	86¼	86½	−½
89⅛	87¼	47	Penn. gen. 4½s.	88⅝	87¼	88¼	−¼
97⅝	97⅝	8	Penn. gtd. 4½s.	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	..
83⅝	83⅝	2	Penn. gtd. g. 4s.	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	−2⅝
96½	95	1	Penn. con. 4½s.	96	96	96	+1
97⅝	95⅝	1097	Penn.gen.5s,tem.ctfs.	97⅝	95⅝	96⅝	−1
101	100	18	Peo. Gas C. Con. 6s.	101	100	100	−1⅝
76	75	9	Peo. Gas, Chi. r. 5s	76	75	75	−1
72⅝	70⅝	2	Pere Marq. 1st 4s.	71	70⅝	70⅝	−1
88⅝	85	9	Pere Marq. 1st 5s.	86	85	85⅝	−1⅛
103⅝	100⅝	19	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '20.	101	100	100⅝	−½
93	88⅝	64	Pierce Oil cv. 6s, '24.	92	91	91½	−⅝
92¾	92¾	1	P.,C.,C. & St. L.4½s. Ser. B.	92¾	92¾	92¾	−⅛
40	40	1	Providence Sec. 5s.	40	40	40	−17
86⅝	85½	33	READING gen. 4s.	86½	85⅝	86⅝	+⅝
72⅝	70	2	R. G. West 1st 4s.	71	70	70	−2⅝
71	70	4	P., J. A. & L. 4½s.	71	70	71	+½
99	99	1	R. W. & O. Con. 5s	99	99	99	+1
96½	96⅝	2	ST. L., I. M. & S. gen. 5s.	96½	96½	96½	+⅛
82⅝	81	1	St. L., I. M. & S. unif. and ref. 4s.	81	81	81	−1
77	74½	9	St. L., I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s.	74½	74½	74½	−2½
64	60¼	138	St.L.& S.F.pr.lien 4s.	61⅞	60¼	61¼	−½
79⅝	76⅞	9	St.L.& S.F.pr. l. 5s.B	77⅞	76⅞	76⅞	−⅝
69	64	97	St. L. & S. F. adj.6s	65⅞	64	64	−2
45½	40½	78	St. L. & S. F. inc. 6s	43	40¼	41¼	−2⅝
74	72⅝	9	St. L. & S. W.1st 4s	74	72⅝	72⅝	−⅝
62	58⅞	4	St.L.S.W.Term.1st 5s	60	59	59	+¼
59½	57½	7	St. L. & S. W. c. 4s.	59½	57½	59¼	−5⅛
79⅝	79⅝	1	St. L. Southern 4s.	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	−¼
74	70	9	St.P.,K.C. & S.L.4½s	70	70	70	−1
68	65½	12	San. An. & A. P. 4s	66	65½	65½	−1
53	49½	90	Seab. A. L. adj. 5s.	51	49½	49⅞	−1⅝
96⅝	95⅝	05	Sinclair Oil 7s.	96⅝	95⅝	96	−½
100	99¼	44	Sincl. Oil 7s, with w.	100	99¼	99¼	−½
93	92	1	So. Bell Teleph. 5s.	92	92	92	−½
93	93	2	So. Pac. Coast 4s.	93	93	93	..
76	75	6	So. Pacific col. 4s.	76	75	76	−1
105	100	201	So. Pac. conv. 5s.	102½	100	102½	+⅝
85⅞	83½	120	So. Pac. conv. 4s.	84½	83½	84	−¼
83¼	82	27	So. Pac. ref. 4s.	82⅝	82	82½	−⅛
78⅝	78⅛	4	So.Pac.S.F.Term.4s.	78⅝	78⅛	78⅛	..
96½	94⅞	19	Southern Ry. 5s.	95¼	94½	95	−½
68⅝	66⅝	121	South. Ry. gen. 4s.	67⅛	66⅝	67	−⅝
93	93	7	Stand. Milling 1st 5s.	93	93	93	−½
77	77	1	TERM.OF ST.L.r.4s.	77	77	77	−4⅛
103	100½	111	Texas Co. deb. 6s.	102	101⅝	101½	−½
91	90	4	Tex. & Pac. 1st 5s.	91	90	91	..
81½	27¾	72	Third Av. adj. 5s.	29	27⅜	28¼	−1⅜
51	48	3	Tol., St. L. & W. 4s.	48	48	48	−1
94⅞	91⅝	2	Tri-City 5s.	94½	94½	94½	−⅝
85	85	3	UNION B. & P. 5s.	87	87	87	+2
82	92	12	Un. El. & P. 5s,'32.	92	92	92	+2
105	103⅞	120	Union Pacific 6s.	104⅝	103⅞	104⅝	+¼
89½	87⅜	17	Union Pacific cv. 4s	87⅝	87⅜	87⅜	−⅝
89⅞	86½	52	Union Pacific 1st 4s	89	86½	87	−2½
83¼	80¼	5	Un. Pac. 1st & ref.4s	82⅝	80⅞	82	+1⅝
22	22	7	U. R. R. of San Fr. 4s. Union Tr. rcts.	22	22	22	..
63½	60	31	U. S. R. & I. 5s.	66¼	61⅛	63	+1
104⅝	102¾	69	U. S. Rubber 7s.	103⅝	102⅝	102⅝	+⅝
87½	86	268	U.S.Rub. 1st & ref.5s	87	86	86⅝	−⅝
100	99	2	U.S.R.&Sm.,R.&M.6s.	99	99	99	−1½
100½	99⅝	207	U. S. Steel 5s.	100½	99⅞	100	−¼
89½	89	4	Utah Pow. & Lgt. 5s	89	89	89	−½
96	95¼	11	VA.-C. CH. 1st. 5s.	96	95¼	95¼	−½
102½	101½	20	Va.-Car. Ch. cv. 6s.	102½	102	102	..
94½	92¼	5	Virginia Ry. 1st 5s.	93½	92¼	92¼	−1¼
98	96½	84	WABASH 1st 5s.	98	96⅝	96⅝	..
89	88	1	Wabash 2d 5s.	88	88	88	..
98	97	2	West. Electric 5s.	98	97⅝	98	+¼
56⅝	58	11	Western Maryl'd 4s.	58⅝	58	58½	−½
86½	85	1	Western Pacific 5s.	85	85	85	−¼
98⅝	97	60	Wilson & Co. 1st 6s.	98½	96¾	98½	+1½
80	70	4	Wisconsin Cent. 4s.	79½	79½	79½	−⅛

Total sales $9,887,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
99.80	98.50	4164	Lib. 3½s, 1931-'47	99.20	98.50	99.06	−.12
94.18	92.50	255	Lib. cv. 4s, 1931-47	94.18	93.50	93.54	−.48
94.10	92.10	1634	Lib. 2d 4s, 1927-'42	93.86	93.20	93.30	−.50
96.60	93.60	429	Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-1947	96.14	95.00	95.70	−.40
95.32	94.40	6841	Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-1942	95.06	94.40	94.88	−.16
96.50	95.34	12792	Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928	96.04	95.34	95.54	−.46
95.72	94.30	17615	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	95.06	94.30	94.60	−.46
104½	104¼	33	U. S. 4s, coupon	104½	104¼	104½	−2¼
104⅝	104⅝	25	U. S. 4s, registered	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	−1¼

Total sales $43,370,000

OTHER GOVERNMENT BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
99⅝	99⅜	563	Amer. For. Sec. 5s.	99⅝	99⅜	99⅝	+½
97½	96⅞	3856	Anglo-French 5s.	97½	97⅛	97⅜	+⅛
101¼	100¼	79	City of Bordeaux 6s.	100⅝	100¼	100⅝	+½
101½	100¼	71	City of Lyons 6s.	100⅝	100¼	100⅝	+½
101¼	100¼	70	City of Marseilles 6s.	100⅝	100⅜	100⅝	+¼
99¾	98⅝	196	City of Paris 6s.	99	98⅝	99	+⅝
98¼	97¾	44	Dom. of C. 5s, 1921.	98¼	98	98¼	+½
98	96½	15	Dom. of C. 5s, 1926.	97⅝	96½	97¼	+½
98¼	97¼	110	Dom. of C. 5s, 1931.	98	97⅝	97⅝	..
104⅞	103	3406	French Govt. 5½s.	104⅝	103⅞	104⅞	+⅞
88	86⅞	11	Japanese 4½s	87	87	87	−1
87½	86	5	Jap. 4½s, 2d Series.	87½	87½	87½	+½
85⅞	84	17	Jap. 4½s, 2d S., Ger. st.	85	84	84⅝	−⅞
93½	92½	5	Rep. of Cuba 5s, '04.	93	93	93	+½
83	83	20	Rep. of Cuba 4½s.	83	83	83	+⅝
100¼	99⅞	482	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1919	100¼	99⅞	100	..
101⅝	100	4550	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1919, new	100½	100	100¼	+¼
98⅝	97⅞	504	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	98⅝	98	98⅝	+⅝
101⅝	100⅛	682	U. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1937	100¼	100	100¼	+⅛

Total sales $14,840,000

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
92¼	90½	5	4s, 1958	90½	90½	90½	−½
92¼	91	5	4s, 1959	91	91	91	−½
96⅝	96	20	4½s, 1960	96½	96	96½	..
101½	100⅝	21	4½s, May, 1957	101	100⅝	100⅝	−⅝
102	100½	20	4½s, Nov., 1957	101	100½	100½	−½
102	100	5	4½s, 1963	101¼	100	100	−⅝

Total sales $70,000

Grand total $68,173,500

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"Taking Stock of the Future"
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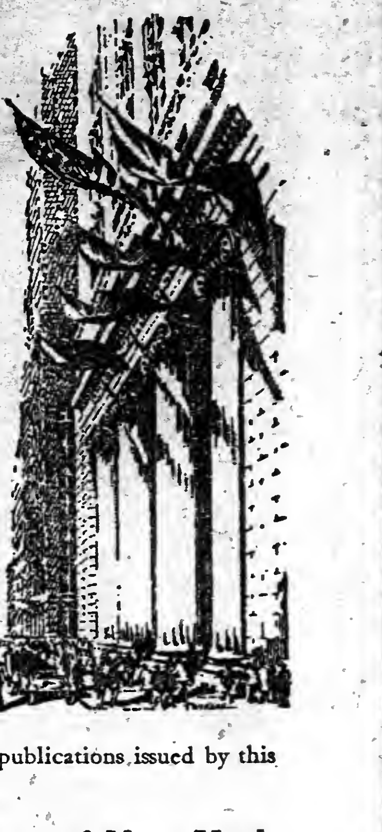

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Farrell, Pa., School Dist. 4¾s	1928 to 48	4.35%
Camden, N. J., 4½s	1920 to 38	4.375%
State of Utah 4½s	1937	4.40%
Dallas, Texas, School & Sewer 4s	1922 to 57	4.40%
Sioux City, Iowa, School 5s	1925 to 29	4.55%
Kansas City, Mo., School 4s	1927	4.60%
Omaha, Neb., School Dist. 5s	1948	4.70%
El Paso, Texas, 4½s	1957 opt. 37	4.70%
State of Louisiana Port Com. 5s	1945 to 58	4.80%
Cleveland Heights, Ohio, School 5s	1921 to 50	4.80%
Choctaw County, Okla., 5s	1922 to 31	100 and int.
Polk County, Tenn., 5s	1920 to 30	100 and int.
Oklahoma City, Okla., School 5s	1926 to 31	100 and int.
Charlotte County, Va., 5s	1951 opt. 31	100 and int.
South Park, Texas, School 5s	1920 to 57	100 and int.
Madison County, N. C., 6s	1944	100 and int.
Love County, Okla., 5s	1920 to 29	100 and int.
Gastonia, N. C., 5s	1943	100 and int.
Bonham, Texas, 5s	1951 opt. 31	100 and int.
Flathead County, Mont., 5½s	1924 to 31	5%
Benton County, Wash., School 5s	1931	5.10%
Corpus Christi, Texas, Sewer 5s	1949 opt. 19	5.10%
McKenzie County, N. D., 5s	1923	5.125%
Little River, Drain Dist. of Mo. 5½s	1929 to 35	5.25%
Shoshone Co., Idaho, Sch. Dist. 6s	1933	5.50%
St. Francis Drain Dist. of Ark., S. D. 6s	1921—24	5.50%
Arkansas-Louisiana H'way Dist. 6s	1922 to 39	5.50%
Palm Beach Co., Fla., Lakeworth Drain Dist. 6s	1931 to 43	100 and int.

The diversity of the above list of bonds, both as to class, yield and locality, is an indication of our extensive purchasing and distributing facilities. We are equipped to care for your investment needs and will welcome an opportunity to extend this service to you. We believe that these bonds represent unusual values at the above prices.

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CAULDWELL-WINGATE COMPANY.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of CAULDWELL-WINGATE COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 381 Fourth Avenue, New York, on Wednesday, February 5th, 1919, at 2 P. M.

The New York Times Book Review, published weekly, contains reviews of the best books published during the week, with news of authors and publishers. For the busy man the Review provides a guide to the best literature of the day. $1 a year by mail.—Advt.

The Annalist, published by The New York Times Company, discusses financial problems in a way to be understood by investors. Ten cents on news stands—$4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

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ROYAL DUTCH
Plans for the future. Outline of company's holdings and production.

U. S. STEAMSHIP — Business on hand and plans.
HOUSTON OIL — Company wins important suit.
INTER. PET. — Rumor of "melon" slicing.
COSDEN & CO. — Number of wells drilling in Ranger field.

Above stocks and others treated in current issue of our
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BARS ALL TRADING IN SAVINGS STAMPS

Secretary Glass Warns That It Is Unlawful to Traffic in the Securities.

POSTMASTERS ON GUARD

Dockery Notifies Them That Certificates Are Not to be Cashed Except for Original Owners.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Formal warning was issued by Carter Glass, Secretary of the Treasury, and by A. M. Dockery, the Third Assistant Postmaster General, tonight against what they characterize as offers by "unscrupulous persons through advertisements and in other ways to buy War Savings Certificate stamps."

Both officials make it plain that, under the law, War Savings Stamps are payable only to the original owners of the stamps, and Judge Dockery, after quoting from the statement which Mr. Glass issued tonight, promulgated an order to Postmasters directing them not to pay money on War Savings Stamps on which the names of the owners have not been entered or on which the names have been changed.

Secretary Glass's notification to all persons to refrain from offers to buy War Savings Stamps or accept them in trade follows:

"My attention has been directed to the numerous offers made by unscrupulous persons through advertisements and in other ways to buy War Savings Certificate Stamps, and as a result of such offers I am informed that owners of such securities have suffered material losses which could have been avoided by redemption of the War Savings Certificate Stamps at Post Offices, as provided by law.

Quotes Terms of the Law.

"I therefore direct the attention of the public, particularly such persons as have made offers of the character above mentioned, to the following terms and conditions which are printed on the back of the War Savings Certificate of the series of 1918:

"'This certificate is of no value except to the owner named hereon, and is not transferable.

"'The law provides that no one person shall at any one time hold War Savings Certificates to an aggregate amount exceeding one thousand dollars.

"'Certificate—This certifies that subject to the terms and conditions printed hereon, the owner named on the back hereof will be entitled to receive on Jan. 1, 1923, in respect of each United States War Savings Certificate Stamp of the series of 1918, then affixed hereto, the amount indicated thereon as then payable, or, at his option, will be entitled to receive at any earlier date, in respect of each such stamp then affixed hereto the lesser amount indicated in the table printed hereon.'

"Treasury Department Circular 128, issued Dec. 18, 1918, and referring to War Savings Certificate Stamps, series of 1919, contains among others the following provisions:

"'Any owner of a war savings certificate, series of 1919, at his option, will be entitled to receive, at any time after Jan. 10, 1919, and prior to Jan. 1, 1924, at a money order Post Office, the office where registered in the case of a registered certificate, upon surrender of his certificate, and upon compliance with all other provisions thereof, in respect of each war savings certificate stamp, series of 1919, then affixed to such certificate the amount indicated in the following table, but no Post Office shall make any such payment until ten days after receiving written demand therefor, and such certificate must be surrendered for payment within sixty days after such demand, otherwise the demand will be deemed to be waived and a new demand will be required before payment.

"'War Savings Certificate Stamps, series of 1919, are not transferable and will be payable only to the respective owners named thereon, except in the case of the death or disability of any such owner.

"'It shall not be lawful for any one person at any time to hold War Savings Certificates of any one series to an aggregate amount exceeding $1,000 (maturity value.)'

"In order that the interests of owners of War Savings Certificates Stamps of either series may be safeguarded, I hereby notify all persons to refrain from offers to buy war savings stamps or accept same in trade.

"The Post Office Department, co-operating with the Treasury Department, has issued instructions whereby payment will be refused whenever it is apparent that changes have been made in the name of the original owner of any certificates which may be presented to Post Offices for redemption.

"I earnestly request newspapers and magazines to give this matter the fullest amount of publicity in order that the rights of millions of people—investors in United States Government securities—may be fully protected."

Postmasters Warned.

Judge Dockery's instructions to the Postmasters, after quoting from Mr. Glass's statement, follow:

"In pursuance of the foregoing, Postmasters are directed not to pay war savings certificates on which the names of the owners have not been entered or have been erased or changed, since, under the regulations, they are not transferable, and are payable only to the original owners, except in case of death or disability.

"Postmasters are further instructed not to pay any war savings certificates presented by persons or firms known to be buying, or publicly offering to buy, war savings stamps or certificates from the owners unless positive evidence is submitted that the certificates were originally issued to the persons or firms presenting them for payment.

"When consulted by owners of war savings stamps in regard to offers to purchase such stamps at less than current value, postmasters should invite their attention to the fact that war savings certificates may be cashed at money order post offices after ten days' written notice, and that this is a privilege accorded by law. At the same time it should be pointed out that the need of the Government for the proceeds of the war savings stamp issue is great and the holders should be urged to retain their stamps until maturity as a patriotic act unless their necessities are urgent."

W. S. S. PRICE IS GOING UP.

Holders of 1918 Stamps May Exchange Them for 1919 Issue.

The War Savings Committee has issued a pamphlet, which is being distributed to the 53,000 authorized War Stamp sales agents in the Second Federal Reserve District, a summary of which states:

"Thrift stamps purchased during 1918 can be exchanged for 1919 War Savings Stamps and additional thrift stamps of the same style are on sale this year. Thrift cards similar to those issued last year are now distributed, and sixteen stamps affixed to these, plus 12 cents, are exchangeable for a War Savings Stamp during the rest of this month. In February the cost of a W. S. S. will be advanced 1 cent, and in each succeeding month of the year the advance will be 1 cent.

"The sale of 1918 War Savings Stamps was discontinued on Dec. 31, 1918, agents having unsold stamps of that issue being empowered to exchange them at the Federal Reserve Bank for the 1919 stamps. Purchasers of 1918 War Savings Stamps do not need to exchange them for 1919 stamps. They are good in themselves for $5 on Jan. 1, 1923, one year ahead of the time the 1919 stamps mature. Purchasers are advised to hold their 1918 W. S. S. and not to cash them."

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Jan. 25, 1919:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)	1919.	1918.	1917.
Monday	536,997	228,420	864,549
Tuesday	660,103	461,388	359,082
Wednesday	449,710	369,052	255,078
Thursday	417,635	273,006	410,578
Friday	589,225	346,505	429,873
Saturday	405,330	215,658	231,480
Total wk.	3,050,100	1,956,026	2,651,540
Yr. to date	8,523,810	11,662,459	14,085,644

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)			
Monday	$11,732,500	$3,316,000	$4,069,000
Tuesday	13,111,500	3,598,500	4,326,500
Wednesday	11,454,000	4,360,000	4,426,000
Thursday	11,861,000	4,553,000	3,857,000
Friday	14,705,000	4,128,500	3,451,000
Saturday	5,309,500	2,420,500	2,945,000
Total wk.	$68,173,500	$22,376,500	$23,076,500
Yr. to date	221,764,000	90,237,000	62,326,800

In detail last week's transactions compare as follows with the same week a year ago:

BONDS.	Jan. 25, '19	Jan. 26, '18	Change
R.R. & mis.	$9,887,500	$6,222,000	+ $3,665,500
Govt.	58,210,000	16,092,500	+ 42,117,500
State	......	3,000	− 3,000
City	76,000	59,000	+ 17,000
Total all	$68,173,500	$22,376,500	+ $45,797,000

DEPRECATES TAX UPHEAVAL.

Slight Changes Will Meet $10,600,000 Deficit, Travis Says.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 26.—No radical changes in the State's tax laws are necessary this year, State Comptroller Eugene M. Travis announced tonight. In this position he apparently differs from Chairmen Davenport and Judson of the legislative taxation committees, who last week forecast a deficit this year of $12,000,000, and intimated that a State income tax was a possibility of the near future. Comptroller Travis predicts that the deficit will be only $10,600,000, due to estimated loss in excise revenue, and that slight changes in existing statutes will raise this amount.

"If these few alternations, which I hope to submit shortly to the Legislature, are adopted," he said, "business conditions, now facing serious readjustment, will not be required to meet any further changes. As shown in my last report, the State's available resources will amount to $57,000,000. Should the Legislature decide again to levy a direct tax similar to last year's, exclusively for sinking fund purposes, it will not approximately $13,300,000. If the budget requests, now aggregating $96,000,000, can be reduced to $81,500,000—last year's total—only $10,600,000 additional revenue will be needed."

To Repatriate 1,000,000 Russians.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The Red Cross Mission sent by the International Red Cross at Geneva has arrived in Cracow to take care of Russian war prisoners still in Poland. Arrangements are being made to repatriate 1,000,000 Russian war prisoners.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKET.

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.—Dealings discontinued.

CORN.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Feb. High.	Feb. Low.	March. High.	March. Low.
Jan. 20	1.35⅝	1.32	1.32¼	1.28½	1.31	1.27¼
Jan. 21	1.34⅛	1.31	1.31⅝	1.28⅜	1.29⅞	1.25⅜
Jan. 22	1.36	1.31¼	1.33	1.27⅞	1.31¼	1.25⅝
Jan. 23	1.32½	1.31	1.29¼	1.26	1.27⅝	1.24
Jan. 24	1.32	1.20	1.29⅛	1.19	1.27	1.19
Jan. 25	1.25	1.18¼	1.23	1.17	1.22⅛	1.18
Wk's rge.	1.36	1.18½	1.33	1.17	1.31¼	1.18

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
Jan. 20	1.28	1.24½	1.25	1.21½
Jan. 21	1.26⅛	1.23⅝	1.23⅝	1.20¼
Jan. 22	1.27⅝	1.22½	1.25	1.19⅝
Jan. 23	1.24¼	1.21	1.21¼	1.16
Jan. 24	1.23¼	1.17⅝	1.19⅝	1.14⅜
Jan. 25	1.19¼	1.14½	1.16⅜	1.12¼
Week's range	1.27⅝	1.14½	1.25	1.12½

OATS.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Feb. High.	Feb. Low.	March. High.	March. Low.
Jan. 20	66⅝	66¼	67⅜	66	67½	66⅜
Jan. 21	66⅝	65½	66⅝	65	67⅝	65⅝
Jan. 22	65¼	62⅝	66⅞	63	67½	63
Jan. 23	63⅝	62	64¼	62	64½	62
Jan. 24	62⅞	58	63¼	58⅜	63¾	59
Jan. 25	58⅞	57	59½	58⅞	60	57¼
Wk's rge.	66⅝	57	67⅜	58⅞	67¼	57¼

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
Jan. 20	67⅞	66¼	64⅞	63⅞
Jan. 21	67⅝	65⅝	65	63
Jan. 22	67⅞	63¼	65¾	61½
Jan. 23	65	62⅝	62¼	60¼
Jan. 24	64⅝	59⅝	62	57⅝
Jan. 25	60⅞	57⅝	59	55⅝
Week's range	67⅞	57⅝	65¼	55⅝

Provisions.

LARD.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
Jan. 20	..	..	23.65	23.32
Jan. 21	23.35	23.20	23.65	23.30
Jan. 22	23.20	23.15	23.60	23.30
Jan. 23	23.17	23.07	23.45	23.17
Jan. 24	23.12	22.75	23.32	22.92
Jan. 25	22.65	22.50	22.77	22.55
Week's range	23.35	22.50	23.65	22.55
RIBS—				
Jan. 20	24.85	24.77	22.30	22.00
Jan. 21	24.52	24.47	22.25	21.80
Jan. 22	..	..	22.25	21.90
Jan. 23	..	..	21.95	21.67
Jan. 24	..	..	21.95	21.42
Jan. 25	23.00	22.90	21.20	20.92
Week's range	24.85	22.90	22.30	20.92
PORK—				
Jan. 20	..	..	40.00	39.85
Jan. 21	43.25	43.00	40.25	39.00
Jan. 22	..	..	40.30	39.60
Jan. 23	44.50	44.25	39.75	39.30
Jan. 24	..	..	39.45	38.60
Jan. 25	..	..	37.75	37.00
Week's range	45.25	44.25	40.30	37.60

NEW YORK.

COTTON.

	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.	May High.	May Low.
Jan. 20	26.10	25.07	24.94	23.30	23.72	22.15
Jan. 21	25.50	24.85	23.82	23.15	22.53	21.95
Jan. 22	25.46	24.10	24.10	23.30	22.80	21.95
Jan. 23	24.60	22.67	23.56	21.56	22.80	20.40
Jan. 24	22.55	21.00	21.95	20.96	20.95	20.00
Jan. 25	..	..	22.53	21.79	21.54	21.04
W'k's r'ge.	26.10	21.00	24.94	20.95	23.72	20.00

	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.
Jan. 20	22.69	21.25	21.00	20.10	20.75	19.90
Jan. 21	21.65	21.02	20.40	19.75	20.05	19.45
Jan. 22	22.02	21.10	20.17	19.65	20.25	19.28
Jan. 23	21.42	19.90	19.70	18.48	19.50	18.25
Jan. 24	20.35	19.15	18.10	18.10	18.87	18.02
Jan. 25	20.92	20.43	19.20	18.20	19.60	19.00
W'k's r'ge.	22.69	19.15	21.00	18.10	20.75	18.02

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds
Monday	39,420	147,535	115,900	$687,000
Tuesday	29,390	129,045	104,830	575,000
Wednesday	33,850	126,637	132,950	352,000
Thursday	34,400	153,267	149,550	337,000
Friday	68,400	175,770	126,650	366,000
Saturday	34,050	145,364	61,450	274,000
Total	241,510	878,218	691,350	$2,591,000

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1919 High	Low	Last		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
6	6½	9,800	*Aetna Explosives	7½	[illegible]	7⅝	+ ⅝
54½	54½	50	*Air Reduction	54½	[illegible]	54½	+ 4½
24	23½	3,500	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	24	23½	23⅝	− ⅛
25⅝	..	4,600	Br.-Am. Tob., coup.	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+ ⅝
85	82	200	*Cramp Shipbuild.	85	82	85	− 5
9⅝	8¼	11,200	*Dictograph Prod.	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	..
2¼	2¼	130	*Emerson Phon.	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛	..
61⅝	39½	35,500	*Gen. Asphalt	61⅝	53	60¼	+ 8
99½	87	11,200	*Gen. Asphalt pf.	99½	87	98	+10
123	109	1,180	*Gillette S. R., w.i.	120	118	120	− 2
8⅞	4⅝	27,200	Hupp Motor Car	6⅝	5½	6	− ½
28	28	100	*Int. Motors	28	28	28	−12
21	10¼	10,750	Inter. Rubber	18⅛	16⅜	17¼	− ⅝
57¼	48½	20,450	Keystone T. & R.	56½	53½	55	+ 1
25	23½	1,700	*Kirby Lumber	25	23½	25	+ 2
23½	21⅛	800	*Libby, McN. & L.	22	22	22	..
4½	4	14,200	Marconi of Am.	4⅝	4	4¼	..
58	47	3,400	*Natl. Coal & Ice	54	50½	54	− ⅝
3¼	2⅝	6,000	Nor. A. P. & P.	3½	2⅝	3	..
2⅝	1⅜	700	Pearson Coal	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅝
40	39⅝	450	Penn. Seb. Stl. v.t.c.	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	− ⅝
13/16	⅝	24,600	*Perfection Tire R.	⅝	11/16	11/16	− 1/16
7⅛	5½	200	*Poulsen Wireless	7½	7	7	− ¼
18	13	200	*S. Joseph Lead.	18	18	18	+ 1
13⅝	10½	6,000	Submarine Boat	11⅝	11	11¼	− ½
48	44	2,000	*Swift Int., w. i.	44⅝	44	44	− 1
36¼	33⅝	4,400	United Motors	36	35¼	36	+ ⅞
⅞	7/16	16,600	Un. Profit Shar.	⅞	13/16	13/16	+ ⅛
5⅝	4⅞	13,000	U. S. Steam. Co.	5⅛	4⅞	5	..
4½	3⅝	4,600	Wayne Coal	4½	3⅝	4½	+ ¼
⅜	¼	600	World Film	½	⅜	½	..
4½	3½	3,900	*Wright-Mar. Air.	3⅝	3½	3⅝	− ⅛
STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES							
18	16½	550	Anglo-Am. Oil	17½	17⅝	17½	+ ⅝
167	165	10	Ill. Pipe Line	163	165	165	− 2
104	104	10	Ind. Pipe Line	104	104	104	+ 1
335	316	122	Ohio Oil	326	318	321	− 4
685	630	10	Prairie Oil & Gas	655	655	655	−20
270	270	10	Prairie Pipe Line	270	270	270	..
320	298	20	South Penn. Oil	310	307	310	− 5
280	258	40	Stand. Oil of Cal.	270	265	269	+ 1
730	675	894	Stand. Oil of N. J.	698	675	690	−15
330	306	489	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	319	306	314	− 6
320	315	62	Stand. Oil of Ohio	320	315	315	..
437	395	236	Vacuum Oil	418	395	414	+ 4
MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS							
13/16	⅝	5,100	*Allen Oil	13/16	⅝	13/16	+ 1/16
3	2⅛	8,700	*Atlanta Petrol.	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	+ ⅜
3⅝	3¼	10,000	*Boone Oil	3⅝	3¼	3¼	..
1/16	1/16	23,600	*Barnett Oil	1/16	1/16	⅛	− 1/16
23	18	9,000	*Boston-Wyo. Oil	20	18	19	− 1
7½	6⅝	6,100	*Cosden Oil	7¼	7	7	− ⅛
1½	1⅜	38	*Crystal O. & R.	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
6⅝	6	1,400	*Elk Basin Pet.	6½	6	6⅛	− ⅛
6	4½	55,600	*Esmeralda Oil	5½	4½	5	− ½
2½	2	10,700	*Federal Oil	2½	2⅛	2½	+ ⅛
4⅝	3⅝	26,000	*Glenrock Oil	4⅛	3⅝	3⅞	+ ⅛
83½	75	4,700	*Houston Oil	80½	76	79	+ 3
98	57	38,150	*Hudson Oil	98	80	83	+ 5
22⅞	16⅝	16,100	*Inter. Petrol.	21	19½	19⅞	− 1⅛
8½	6⅝	75,000	*Island O. & T.	8⅝	6⅝	7⅝	+ ⅝
18	10	25,600	*Kenova Oil	14	10	13	− 1
34	23	37,900	*Louis. Oil & R.	34	24	34	+ 8½
24½	21	700	*Merritt Oil	22	21	21½	− ½
3 3/16	2¾	60,500	Met. Petrol	3 3/16	2⅞	3⅜	+ ⅝
3 1/16	2⅝	19,200	*Mex. Pet. f. p. c.	3 1/16	2⅝	3 1/16	..
45	42	5,800	*Mex. Gulf Oil	45	43	44	..
134	118	16,000	*Midwest Oil	132	125	130	+ 4
1 1/16	1⅜	2,800	*Midwest Oil pf.	1 1/16	1¼	1 1/16	..
132	126	950	*Midwest Ref.	129½	127	129	+ 1
53	49	9,500	*Northwest Oil	51	49	50	− 1
35	22	34,000	Omar Oil & Gas	33	29	30	..
15	12½	27,700	*Pennock Oil	14	12⅝	13⅝	+ 1⅝
30	15	196,000	*Queen Oil	24	17	22	+ 3
75	60	12,400	*Roy. Dutch, new	75⅝	60	75	+ 5½
7⅝	7	1,000	*Sapulpa O. & R.	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	..
7⅛	6½	300	Savoy Oil	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅝
⅝	⅛	4,200	Security P. & R.	⅝	⅝	⅛	..

Range, 1919 High	Low	Last		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
1/16	½	7,000	Sequoyah O. & R.	1/16	½	1/16	..
26	22	5,100	*Sinclair Gulf	24½	22½	23½	+ 2
40	38	30	*Sinclair Oil, war.	40	38	40	− 1
42	38	8,100	Southwest Oil	42	38	41	+ 2
1⅝	1½	11,900	*Stanton Oil	1⅝	1½	1¼	− ⅛
2¼	1	87,000	*Un. W. Oil, new	2¼	1 1/16	2	+ ⅝
2⅝	2⅛	1,500	*Victoria Oil, new	2½	2⅝	2⅝	− ½
MINING STOCKS							
50	38	11,700	Alaska-Br. Col. M.	†43	36	40	− 2
1.00	.88	1,600	*American Mines	†1	13/16	1	+ ⅛
1⅛	1	11,100	Ariz. Bin. Cop.	1⅛	1	1⅛	..
5½	4½	6,000	*Atlanta	†5	5	5	..
13/16	½	29,100	Big Ledge Cop.	⅝	⅝	13/16	− 1/16
16	12½	3,000	*Booth	†15	15	15	+ 2½
54	48	38,200	Boston Montana	†50	48	49	+ 1
33	27	33,000	*Caledonia Min.	†33	29	31	+ 2
½	1/16	10,300	*Calumet & Jer.	½	1/16	⅜	..
2 1/16	1 13/16	1,200	Canada Copper	2 1/16	2	2	− 1/16
57	52	21,400	*Candelaria Silver	†57	54	57	+ 1
8	6½	4,650	Cashboy	†8	7	7	..
1¼	1	7,300	*Cerbat S. M. & M.	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	− ⅛
1 1/16	1 1/16	9,200	Con. Ariz. Smelt.	1⅛	1½	1 1/16	..
6⅝	5½	8,500	Cons. Cop. Min.	6½	5½	6¼	− ¼
5¼	4⅞	2,300	Cresson Gold	5	4⅞	5	..
1⅜	1⅛	1,100	El Salvador Silver	1⅜	1⅛	1⅝	− ⅛
1⅝	1⅝	3,500	*Eureka Croe's M.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅛	..
67	60	10,150	*Florence Silver	†67	64	66	+ 4
37	35	5,000	*Fortuna Cons.	†37	35	37	− 4
1/16	1/16	1,000	*Golden Rule Mine.	1/16	1/16	1/16	− 1/16
7	5½	24,000	*Gold Merger	†7	5½	6	− ½
6	4	1,500	*Great Bend	†5	4	5	..
58	41	8,600	*Hamilton M. & S.	†58	51	57	+ 7
45	40	8,000	*Hattie Gold Min.	†45	40	45	+ ½
4⅞	4 1/16	3,903	Hecla Mining	4 1/16	4 1/16	4 1/16	− ¼
53	50	400	*Iron Blossom	†53	50	50	− 1/16
36	33	6,300	*Jim Butler	†36	35	36	+ 1
15	13	2,500	Jumbo Ext.	†14	13	13	..
5⅝	5⅝	2,250	Kerr Lake	5⅝	5⅝	5½	+ ⅛
8	7	1,000	*Kewanas	†7	7	7	..
1/16	1/16	500	La Rose Consol.	⅜	⅜	⅜	− 1/16
58	48	2,000	*Liberty Silver	†54	48	54	+ 2
9½	5½	131,250	Lone Star Con.	†8	6	6½	− ½
49	46	2,500	McKinley-Dar.	†49	48	49	..
35	32	5,100	*Mother Lode	†33	32	33	− 1
48	37	20,200	Nixon Nevada	†46	38	41	+ 2
3⅝	3	4,100	*Onondaga, Mins.	3½	3	3	− ⅛
3¼	2	4,100	*Ray Hercules	2⅝	2½	2¼	..
27	25	4,900	Rochester Mines	†27	27	27	..
8½	8	1,000	San Toy	†8	8	8	− ½
⅜	¼	6,600	Stand. Sil. Lead	⅜	¼	⅜	+ ⅛
17	15	5,200	Stewart	†17	16	18	− 1
7	4	3,000	*Success Mining	5	4½	5	..
2⅝	2 1/16	100	*Tonopah Belmont	2¼	2⅜	2⅜	+ 1/16
2⅝	1⅞	3,250	Tonopah Ex.	2⅝	2¼	2¼	..
65	30	62,000	*Tuolu's R. Placer	†65	30	65	..
4½	3 13/16	3,475	United Eastern	4 1/16	3 13/16	4	− ⅛
10	7	29,500	*U. S. Cont. M.	†10	8	8	..
¼	1/16	13,700	Un. Mines of Ariz.	¼	1/16	¼	..
½	⅜	8,100	*Un. Sulphur Mines	½	⅜	1/16	− 1/16
27	24	23,600	*Ward Min. & M.	†27	24	26	+ 1
93	89	1,400	Wash. Gold Quar.	†91	89	89	− 4
1¼	1 1/16	4,800	West End Con.	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
17	10	15,500	*Western Utah Ex.	17	10	16	− 1
18½	10	60,200	White Cap Min.	†16	12	12½	− 8½
5½	5	6,500	Wilbert Copper	†5½	5	5	..
BONDS							
103	102¼	$5,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '22	103	103	103	+ ½
103⅝	102⅝	165,000	*Am. Tob. 7s, '23	103⅝	103¼	103⅝	+ ⅛
99⅝	98½	160,000	*Am. Tel. & Tel. 1-year 6s, w. i.	99½	99	99¼	+ ½
98⅝	97⅝	233,000	*Anaconda 6s, w.i.	97⅞	97⅝	97½	− ⅝
101½	100½	11,000	*Beth.S.7%,'21,w.i.	101	100½	101	+ ⅛
101⅝	100⅝	3,000	*Beth.S.7%,'23,w.i.	101⅛	101¼	101¼	..
99⅝	98⅝	166,000	*Can. Govt. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	+ ⅛
100⅝	99⅝	195,000	*C.&N.W.d.5s,w.i.	99⅞	99⅝	99⅝	..
104	103	16,000	*Fed. Fm. Ln. 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	+ ⅛
100⅝	100½	10,000	Gen.El.6%2-y.n,'20	100⅞	100½	100⅝	+ ⅛
100⅝	100½	6,000	*Gen.El.6%1-yr,'19	100½	100½	100½	..
92	85	199,000	*I. R. T. 7s, w. i.	90⅝	85	89	− 1½
100⅝	99⅞	1,000	*K. C. Ter. 6s, '23	100½	100½	100½	− ½
100½	100	20,000	*Lacl. G. 7s, w. i.	100½	100	100	− ½
100⅝	99⅝	124,000	*Ligg. & M. 6s, '21	100½	99⅝	100½	+ ⅛
101⅛	99⅝	116,000	*N. Y. Tel. deb. 6s, w. i.	100½	99⅝	100	− 1⅛
60	47	125,000	*Russ. Gov. 5½s	60	54½	59⅝	+ 5½
64	52	525,000	*Russ. Gov. 6½s	64	57½	64	+ 6
85	82	16,000	*Sinclair Gulf 6s	85	83	85	..
99⅝	98⅝	44,000	*St.P.U.D.5½s,w.i.	99	98⅝	99	..
94½	92½	376,000	*Wilson cv. 6s,w.i.	93½	92½	93	..

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY
General Office,
Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, 10th January, 1919.

The ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Tuesday, the 11th day of March, 1919, at 11 o'clock A. M., in Witherspoon Hall, 1321 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, at which meeting there will be submitted for consideration and action by the Stockholders, the Annual Report of the Board of Directors for the year ended 31st December, 1918; the question of authorizing an increase of the indebtedness of this Company, to be made when and as prescribed by the Directors; and such other subjects as may properly be presented.

Stockholders may obtain copies of the Annual Report of the Company, and the necessary tickets of admission to the meeting, on and after the 4th day of March, 1919, by personal application at, or by letter to, the Secretary's Office, Room 269 Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

LEWIS NEILSON, Secretary.

Philadelphia, 27th January, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that, in addition to the subjects recited in the above notice, an agreement for the acquisition by this Company of the franchises, corporate property, rights and credits of the Cumberland Valley Railroad Company will also be submitted for consideration and action of the meeting.

LEWIS NEILSON, Secretary.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING.

To the Stockholders of CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION:

A special meeting of the stockholders of Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation has been called to take place at the office of the Company, No. 112 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., on Tuesday, February 11, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposition that the Company issue not to exceed in the aggregate principal amount $25,000,000 of bonds and execute a mortgage upon its property to secure the same, and of authorizing and consenting to such bonds and mortgage in such form and with such terms and provisions as the stockholders at said meeting may approve or as the Board of Directors of the Company duly authorized at said meeting may determine and approve, and of transacting such other and further business in connection with the authorization of said mortgage and the disposition of the said bonds as may come before the meeting.

For the purpose of this meeting the stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 3 P. M., on Monday, January 27, 1919, and remain closed until 10 A. M. on Thursday, February 13, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors.

HENRY F. KROYER, Secretary.

Dated, January 21, 1919.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK
130 EAST 15th STREET

January 6th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 27th, 1919. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 18th, 1919, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 28th, 1919.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

BUTTERWORTH-JUDSON CORPORATION.
NOTICE OF MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

A meeting of stockholders of BUTTERWORTH-JUDSON CORPORATION, a corporation of the State of New York, will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 28th day of January, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors to serve until the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

N. W. RUNNION, Secretary.

Dated New York, N. Y., Jan. 14, 1919.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF PEERLESS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of PEERLESS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION will be held at the office of the company, 233 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated January 24th, 1919.

FREDERICK A. BEARDSLEY, Secretary.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of any other business which may be properly presented, will be held at the office of the Company, Eleventh and Olive Streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 18, 1919, at 12:00 o'clock M., and will reopen on Wednesday, February 19, 1919, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

C. L. HOLMAN, President.

W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The New York Last Company will be held at the office of the Corporation, 437 Eleventh Ave., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at twelve o'clock on the Tenth day of February, 1919, for the election of Directors of the Corporation to hold office until the second Monday in February, 1920, or until the respective successors shall be elected, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Dated January 25, 1919.

(Signed) The New York Last Company.

D. K. STEWART, Sec.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Motion Picture Chair Co., Inc., will be held at the office of the Company, Room 701, 35 John St., New York City, on the 3rd day of February, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the morning, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open until 11 A. M. Transfer books will be closed from January 24th, 1919, to Feb. 4th, 1919.

Dated New York, January 15th, 1919.

LUCIUS C. TOOLE, Secretary.

FASHION PUBLISHERS' AGENTS, INC.

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this corporation for the election of directors, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, 243 West 39th Street, in the City of New York, on Saturday, the first day of February, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon.

H. A. BINGHAM, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Jas. G. Johnson & Co., for the election of directors, inspectors of election for the ensuing year, the increase of the number of directors to ten persons, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, No. 8 West 33rd Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, February 3, 1919, at 2:00 P. M.

A. J. DOWNEY, Secretary.

C. Tennant, Sons & Co. of New York.
100 William Street.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Directors and transaction of other business will be held at the office of the Company, 100 William Street, New York City, on Monday, February 3, 1919, at 11 o'clock A. M.

DIVIDENDS.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 27.
January 8, 1919.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two ($2.00) dollars per share on the Common Capital Stock, payable March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 10, 1919. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.

C. F. VALENTINE, Secretary.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 24, 1919.

S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 23, 1919.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid February 1, 1919, to the registered holders of January 23, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

UNION AMERICAN CIGAR CO.
Dividend Notice.

The Board of Directors has declared a Dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the full shares of Preferred Stock, payable February 15th, 1919, to Stockholders of record January 25th, 1919.

Transfer books will be closed January 27th January 27th to February 15th, inclusive.

N. D. LEAN, Treasurer.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A dividend of four dollars ($4.00) per share has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, at the New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to Stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

Boston, January 21, 1919.

EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.

Fields for Investment

NEVER will the United States become the Financial Center of the World so long as its citizens are willing to place their money in local business only.

England's position will be secure just so long as her surplus funds go to finance legitimate foreign business. She placed her loans throughout the world and thus financed her trade.

On account of her physical position England has been forced to look afield for investments, and owing to her physical position she always will.

The United States, on the other hand, up to the present has always found attractive opportunities for investment comparatively close to the investor's business interests.

As opportunities for such profitable investments become fewer, the American will do well to extend his business horizon and consider investments of other localities.

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO
Established 1848
BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO
HIGGINSON & CO—LONDON

AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY
135 Broadway, New York
Capital and Surplus $1,200,000
Transacts a General Trust and Banking Business
Interest Allowed on Daily Balances

Acts as administrator, executor, trustee and in any fiduciary capacity, and as registrar, transfer agent, or agent in any approved financial transaction.

The AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY is affiliated with the NEW YORK TITLE AND MORTGAGE COMPANY, and has the advantage of complete co-operation of that Company's organization in all its departments.

OFFICERS
HARRY A. KAHLER, President
CYRIL H. BURDETT, Vice-President — GERHARD KUEHNE, Secretary
HENRY S. ACKEN, Vice-President — JOSEPH L. OBERMAYER, Treasurer
HARRY H. FIEDLER, Vice-President — HUBERT F. BREITWIESER, Asst. Secty.
MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, General Counsel

DIRECTORS
WALTER H. BENNETT, Vice-Pres., American Exch. Nat. Bank.
EDWARD M. BURGHARD, Attorney.
ORION H. CHENEY, President, Pacific Bank.
BAYARD DOMINICK, Dominick & Dominick.
STEPHEN B. FLEMING, Pres., International Agricultural Corp.
FREDERICK B. FRANCIS, N. Y. Agent, Canadian Bank of Com.
WILLIAM E. HARMON, Wood, Harmon & Co., Real Estate.
STANLEY P. JADWIN, O. H. Jadwin & Sons.
HARRY A. KAHLER, President.
FREDERICK D. MACKAY, Vice-President, E. W. Bliss Co.
GEORGE T. MORTIMER, Pres. Equitable Office Building Corp.
CHARLES J. OBERMAYER, Pres., Greater N. Y. Savings Bank.
JAMES A. O'GORMAN, O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver.
MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, O'Brien, Boardman, Parker, Harper & Fox.
WILLIAM R. ROSE, Rose & Paskus.
LOUIS F. ROTHSCHILD, L. F. Rothschild & Co.
ELBRIDGE GERRY SNOW, President, The Home Insurance Co.
DANIEL G. TENNEY, C. H. Tenney & Co.
GEORGE ZABRISKIE, Zabriskie, Sage, Kerr & Gray.

STANDARD OIL ISSUES
WEEKLY SUMMARY ON STANDARD OIL ISSUES — WILL BE MAILED TO INVESTORS ON REQUEST
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

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This rate has been paid many years by the conservatively managed
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FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
Ask for Pamphlet, "The Proverbs of Franklin."—Mailed Free.

Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company

New York, January 24th, 1919.

The Trustees, in conformity with the Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st of December, 1918.

Premiums on Marine and Inland Transportation Insurance from the 1st January, 1918, to the 31st December, 1918		$6,684,891.55
Premiums on Policies not terminated 1st January, 1918		1,072,550.96
Total Premiums		$7,757,442.51
Premiums marked off as terminated from 1st January, 1918, to 31st December, 1918		$6,756,508.18
Interest on the investments of the Company received during the year	$418,106.66	
Interest on Deposits in Banks, Trust Companies, etc.	130,010.84	
Rent received less Taxes and Expenses	97,634.51	$ 685,752.01
Losses paid during the year		$4,105,973.64
Less: Salvages	[illegible]	
Re-insurances	1,947,733.05	$3,186,919.59
		$1,919,054.05
Re-insurance Premiums and Returns of Premiums		$1,753,937.01
Expenses, including compensation of officers and clerks, taxes, stationery, advertisements, etc.		$ 995,019.95

A dividend of interest of Six per cent. on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the fourth of February next.

The outstanding certificates of the issue of 1917 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the fourth of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment and canceled.

A dividend of Forty-five per cent. is declared on the earned premiums of the Company for the year ending 31st December, 1918, which are entitled to participate in dividend, for which, upon application, certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the sixth of May next.

By order of the Board. G. STANTON FLOYD-JONES, Secretary.

TRUSTEES.
EDMUND L. BAYLIES, JOHN N. BEACH, NICHOLAS BIDDLE, JAMES BROWN, JOHN CLAFLIN, GEORGE C. CLARK, J. WILLIAM CLARK, FREDERIC A. DALLETT, CLEVELAND H. DODGE, CORNELIUS ELDERT, G. STANTON FLOYD-JONES, PHILIP A. S. FRANKLIN, HERBERT L. GRIGGS, SAMUEL T. HUBBARD, WILLIAM H. LEFFERTS, CHARLES D. LEVERICH, HENRY FORBES McCREERY, NICHOLAS F. PALMER, WALTER WOOD PARSONS, CHARLES A. PEABODY, WILLIAM H. PETERS, JAMES H. POST, CHARLES M. PRATT, DALLAS B. PRATT, JOHN J. RIKER, JUSTUS RUPERTI, WILLIAM JAY SCHIEFFELIN, SAMUEL SLOAN, WILLIAM SLOANE, LOUIS STERN, WILLIAM A. STREET, GEORGE E. TURNURE, GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, Jr., RICHARD H. WILLIAMS.

CORNELIUS ELDERT, President.
WALTER WOOD PARSONS, Vice-President.
CHARLES E. FAY, 2d Vice-President.
WILLIAM D. WINTER, 3rd Vice-President.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
United States and State of New York Bonds	$ 3,462,000.00	Estimated Losses and Losses Unsettled in process of Adjustment	[illegible]
Stock of the City of New York and Stocks of Trust Companies & Banks	1,385,500.00	Premiums on Unterminated Risks	[illegible]
Stocks and Bonds of Railroads	[illegible]	Certificates of Profits and Interest Unpaid	[illegible]
Other Securities	285,410.00	Return Premiums Unpaid	[illegible]
Special Deposits in Banks and Trust Companies	1,000,000.00	Taxes Unpaid	[illegible]
Real Estate cor. Wall Street, William Street and Exchange Place	3,900,000.00	Re-insurance Premiums on Terminated Risks	[illegible]
Real Estate on Staten Island (held under provisions of Chapter 481, Laws of 1887)	75,000.00	Claims not Settled, including Compensation, etc.	[illegible]
Premium Notes	[illegible]	Certificates of Profits Ordered Redeemed, Withheld for Unpaid Premiums	[illegible]
Bills Receivable	710,753.36	Income Tax Withheld at the Source	[illegible]
Cash in hands of European Bankers to pay losses under policies payable in foreign countries	285,904.00	Certificates of Profits Outstanding	[illegible]
Cash in Bank and in Office	1,572,800.81	Balance	[illegible]
Statutory Deposit with the State of Queensland, Australia	4,796.00		
	$16,8[illegible]		[illegible]

Balance brought down [illegible]
Accrued Interest on the 31st day of December, 1918, amounted to [illegible]
Rents due and accrued on the 31st day of December, 1918, amounted to [illegible]
Re-insurance due or accrued, in companies authorized in New York, on the 31st day of December, 1918, amounted to [illegible]
Note: The Insurance Department has estimated the value of the Real Estate on Staten Island in excess of the Book Value given above, at [illegible]
The Insurance Department's valuation of Stocks, Bonds and other Securities exceeds the Company's valuation by [illegible]
On the basis of these increased valuations the balance would be [illegible]

RECORD VOLUME OF ADVERTISING.

Last year The New York Times published 12,508,265 agate lines of advertisements, the greatest volume in its history, a gain of nearly one million [illegible] over 1917. Average net paid sale, daily and Sunday, exceeds [illegible]

BUY—SELL

MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO.
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
COSDEN AND CO.

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

$4,000,000
The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company
Six Per Cent. Serial Gold Notes

Maturities—One to ten years.
Basis of return, 6% to 6.60%
Total Assets ... $21,228,000
Net Quick Assets ... 13,390,000
Surplus Income (1918) ... 1,450,000
Average Annual Income for 12 years ... 1,222,000

As Syndicate members we are prepared to sell or receive subscriptions for the above Notes.
DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS ON REQUEST.

A. M. Kidder & Co
Tel. 2780 Rector. 5 Nassau St., N. Y.

Air Reduction
Butterworth-Judson
Carbon Steel Com. and 2d Pfd.
Charcoal Iron Com. & Pfd.
Famous Players-Lasky
Guantanamo Sugar
Lima Locomotive Com. & Pfd.
Manati Sugar
Penna. Coal & Coke
Penn. Seaboard Steel
Port Lobos Petroleum
Remington Typewriter Com. & Pfd.
Studebaker 7% Notes
May be had on Request

DUNHAM & Co
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Phones 1000-5 Hanover.

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
American Piano Com. & Pfd.
Christopher & Tenth St. R. R.
Clinchfield Coal Com.
Famous Players-Lasky
Farmers Loan & Trust Stock
Fidelity Phenix Insurance
Home Insurance
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Midland Securities
National City Bank Stock
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco "B"
Singer Manufacturing
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Kirby Lumber
Common & Preferred
Guantanamo Sugar
National Sugar
Bought, Sold & Quoted
WEBB & CO.
5 Broad St., N. Y. 'Phone Broad 5905.

We Will Sell & Buy
Liberty Bonds
FOR CASH
At prevailing market prices
FRIEDMAN & CO.
65 Exchange Pl., N.Y. Phone Rector 834
UPTOWN OFFICE
Longacre Bldg. (Room 1009) 42d & B'way
Philadelphia Chicago

Special Report
Just Issued on
B. R. T
Sent on request.
S. S. RUSKAY & CO.
Established 1877.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of N. Y.
20 Broad St. N.Y. Tel. Rector 2471-2-3-4

National Fire Proofing Company
LEFF BROS.
Specialists
52 Broadway. Tel. Broad 5051-5316

LIBERTY BONDS
BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH
All Issues and Denominations
Bought at Stock Exchange Prices
DIDRICHSEN & CO.
Tel. John 3174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

F. H. Pinckney
WANTED
American Chicle
COMMON STOCK
80 Broadway. Tel. Rector 6810

Cities Service 7s, Series "B"
Nor. States Pow. Com., Pfc., Wrnts.
Fisk Rubber, All issues
Electric Bond & Share Pfd.
Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Kiely & Horton
40 Wall St., N. Y. Phone John 6330

Amer. Tel. & Tel. 6s, 1924 ($100).
Columbia Graphophone 6s, 1939
Canada Copper Conv. 6s, 1928
Peerless Truck & Motor 6s, 1925
Beverley Bogert & Co.
Tel. Broad 3317 25 Broad St.

"The Service that Satisfies"
It is possible to increase your income by conservative stock investments.
CLARKE & HUBBARD
Stock Brokers
40 Exchange Place New York City
Phones Broad 254-255-256
Our Motto "Help investors to help themselves"

PROCTER & GAMBLE CO.
RIGHTS
We are prepared to trade in fractional shares and rights on above stock.
A. M. Kidder & Co
Tel. 2780 Rector. 5 Nassau St., N. Y.

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. x Ex dividend.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Bid. (Jan. 25, 1919)	Asked.
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	65	75
A. W. W. & Elec., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	68	70
Anac. & Pot. River, '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	89	91
Appalach. Pwr. 1st, '32	..	June & Dec.	73	77
Ariz. Power 1st, '33	6	May & Nov.	80	86
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	90
Au.-Aiken R. & E., '35	5	June & Dec.	60	65
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Bell Tel. (Can.) '25	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	94
Buff. Gen. El., '30	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	..
Do deb., '22	6	Feb. & Aug.	103	103½
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	..	89
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '33	5	Jan. & July	..	98
Buff. & Sus. I. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	95	96
Buff. & S. Iron deb., '26	5	Jan. & July	86	89½
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	77	86
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	June & Dec.	97	98
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29	5	Jan. & July	95	97
Charleston City Ry., '23	5	Jan. & July	96	98
Charleston Con. R., G. & Elec., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	85	90
Citizens Gas, (Ind.) '22	7	....	99	100
Cit. Serv. deb., Ser. B.	7	Jan. & July	125	130
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	94½
Colo. Power 1st, '53	5	May & Nov.	87	90
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	85	90
Conn. Pr. 1st & Con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	83	89
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd. 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	87	91
Do unstamped, '51	4½	Jan. & July	87	91
Cons. Gas, (Balt.) '54	4½	Jan. & July	88	90
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	100	102
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	85	86
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	90	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	85	..
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	90	93
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	93	98
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	84	..
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	90	94
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	93
Dallas Lt. & Pr., '20	7	Feb. & Aug.	99½	100½
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	85	88
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.	92	98
Eliz. & Trenton, '62	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	82
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	82	90
Ex. Springs Water, G. & Elec. 1st, '32	6	June & Dec.	90	95
Fall River El. Lt., '20	7	Jan. & July	99½	100½
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	77	80
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	78	85
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	90	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	45	65
Gt. West. Pwr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	84½	86½
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	93	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	94	97
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	92	95
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	60	65
K. C. Long D. T., '25	5	Jan. & July	81	82½
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	87	88½
Knoxv'lle Trac., '38	5	Apr. & Oct.	93	100
Mahon. & She. 1st, '20	5	May & Nov.	95	96
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	88	93
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	78½	80
Mob'le Electric 1st, '46	5	May & Nov.	77	82
Musk. G. & E. 1st & ref., '26	5	June & Dec.	90	95
Nash. R. & L. 1st con., '53	5	Jan. & July	93	100
Do ref., '58	5	Jan. & July	65	75
Nev.-Cal. El. 1st 6s, '46	6	Jan. & July	90	95
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	92	95
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	92	95
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '43	4	May & Nov.	62	65
N.Y. & Hob. Ferry, '46	5	June & Dec.	82	..
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	64	67
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	95	96
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	100	102
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	77	82
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	77	81
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.	92	95
N. St. Pwr. 1st ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	88	91
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Nova Scotia T. & P., '40	5	June & Dec.	75	80
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	75	80
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Jan. & July	75	83
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	89	91
Do deb., '21	6	Jan. & July	96	98
Ottum. R. & L. 1st, '24	5	Jan. & July	89	93
Pacific Gas & Elec. (Ariz.) 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	88	97½
Pensacola Elec. 1st, '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	80	85
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	73	78
Portland R., L. & P., '42	5	Aug. & Feb.	67	72
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	95	..
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	92½	93¼
Pug. Sd. T., L. & P., '23	7	June & Dec.	98½	99½
Riverside T., '60	5	June & Dec.	..	82
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	65
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	83	90
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Feb. & Aug.	88	90
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	86	91
Seattle Elec. 1st, '30	5	Mar. & Sep.	80	85
So. Cal. Edison gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	88	92
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	85	88
S. W. Pr. & Lt. 1st, '43	5	June & Dec.	85	..
Stand. Gas & El., '35	6	Apr. & Oct.	80	85
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	..
Syracuse Lt. & P., '54	5	Jan. & July	70	75
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	85	90
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	90	93
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	71½	73
Un. Lt. & Rys. 1st, '32	5	June & Dec.	88	90
Do deb., '26	6	May & Nov.	86	92
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	73	74
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	52½	53½
U. S. Pub. S. 1st, '27	6	Feb. & Aug.	86	94
Unit. Util. conv., '43	6	Jan. & July	86	92
Wash., B. & A., '41	5	Mar. & Sep.	83	83½
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	98	99
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	70	73
Wheel. Tr. 1st con., '31	5	Jan. & July	..	85

INDUSTRIAL BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Bid.	Asked.
Int. Cotton Mills, '20	7	Feb. & Aug.	99½	100½
Lima Locomotive, '32	6	May & Nov.	94	98
Monon Coal 1st, '36	5	June & Dec.	60	65
Poch. Con. Coll. 1st, '57	5	Jan. & July	86	90
Rogers-Brown Iron 1st ref., '13-'40	5	Jan. & July	90	97
Wickwire Steel 1st, '34	6	May & Nov.	97	100

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid. (Jan. 25, 1919)	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	..	....	13	14
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	71	74
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	101	103
Do pf. ($50)	75c	Q	Nov 1, 18	44	46
Am. Light & Trac.	†5	Q	Nov 1, 18	235	238
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	98	99½
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Dec 2, 18	56	60
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	77	78
Am. Public Utilities	¾	..	Jul 1, 14	..	25
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 19	36	40
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	..	..	....	5	5⅝
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15,18	67	69
Do participating pf.	..	..	....	10	12
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Dec 2, 18	72	77
Buffalo Gen. Electric	2	Q	Dec 31,18	106	..
Cal. Electric Gen. pf.	1½	Q	Jan 1, 19	75	85
Capital Traction	1¼	Q	Jan 1, 19	84	86
C. Miss. V. El. cum. pf	1½	Q	Dec 1, 18	..	45
Chas. Cons. Ry. ($50)	..	..	....	42	46
Cities Service	*½	M	Jan 2, 19	294	297
Do pf.	½	M	Jan 2, 19	79½	80
Colorado Power	½	Q	Jan 15,19	25	28
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 15,18	96	100
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jan 15,15	72	76
Cont. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	..	Nov 1, 18	19	21
Do pf.	a1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	41	42
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Dec 2, 18	72½	77
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jan 15,19	59	..
Eastern Texas Elec.	2½	S	Jan 2, 19	51	55
Do pf.	3	S	Jan 2, 19	72	76
Elec. Bond & Share pf	1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	91	94
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Dec 16,18	80	..
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	Dec 1, 18	110	120
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	....	8½	10
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 14	41	44
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Sep 14,18	60	65
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jan 1, 19	75	..
Illum. & Pr. Sec.	..	..	....	15	25
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15,18	85	90
Miss. River Pr. pf.	..	S	J. & J.	38	40
Nashville R. & L. pf.	1¼	Q	Jan 1, 19	50	60
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	80	83
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	98½	100
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	....	11	15
Do pf.	3	S	Jan 15,19	50	55
No. States Power	1¾	..	Jan 20,18	59	62
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 20,19	89	92
Nor. Texas Electric	2	Q	Dec 2, 18	55	60
Do pf.	3	S	Sep 3, 18	70	75
Pacific Gas & Electric	1½	..	Oct 15, 17	47½	48
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 15,18	87½	88
Pac. G. & E. (Ariz.) pf	1¾	Q	Jan 10,19	80	90
Pac. Pr. & Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 18	90	100
Republic Ry. & Light	1	..	Jul 15, 18	16	18
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15,18	50	52
Southern Cal. Edison	1¾	Q	Nov 15,18	85	87
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Jan 15,19	98	102
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	Dec 1, 18	100	105
Standard Gas & Elec.	..	..	....	13	14
Do pf.	1½	Q	Dec 16,18	30	32
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Nov 15,18	109	112
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	....	2½	3½
Do pf.	..	..	....	14	16
Tri-City R. & L. pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	78	83
United Light & Rys.	1	Q	Jan 2, 19	37	38½
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	70	72
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	50c	Q	Oct 15, 18	19	19½
United Utilities	..	..	....	10	20
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	80	90
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Nov 1, 18	54	56
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¼	Q	Dec 1, 18	49	58
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Dec 1, 18	64	68
Western Power	..	..	....	17½	19
Do pf.	1	Q	Jan 15,19	65	67
West. States Gas & E.	¼	Q	Nov 15,18	15	25
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	70	76
Wisconsin Edison	$1½	..	Dec 30,17	20	34

*¾ payable in com. stock. †Incl. 2¼% payable in com. stock. ¶Incl. 3% extra. a—Payable in scrip.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
America	$1,500,000	15	S	Jan 2, 19	500	..
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	a7	S	Nov 1, 18	220	230
Atlantic($100)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	170	..
Bk. of Cuba	100,000	6	S	Jan 2, 19	180	190
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	†3	S	Jan 2, 19	200	210
Bowery	250,000	6	Q	Nov 1, 18	425	..
B'w'y Cent'l	100,000	..	..	....	145	155
Bronx Nat.	200,000	3	S	Jan 2, 19	145	155
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	....	125	130
Bryant Park	200,000	2	S	Jan 1, 19	145	155
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	..	Jul 1, 18	23	28
Chase Nat'l	10,000,000	4	Q	Jan 2, 19	400	410
Ch.-Ph. Nat.	3,500,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	245	..
Chelsea Ex.	100,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	..	125
Chemic. Nat.	3,000,000	3½	B	Jan 2, 19	475	..
Citizens Nat.	2,550,000	c3½	Q	Jan 2, 19	220	230
City (Nat'l)	25,000,000	5	Q	Nov 1, 18	465	475
Coal & I. N.	1,000,000	c3	Q	Jan 2, 19	220	..
Colonial	500,000	b6	Q	Jan 2, 19	400	..
Columbia	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31,18	160	170
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan 2, 19	390	..
Commonw'th	400,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	195	205
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	214	217
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Aug 1, 18	103	108
Corn Exch.	3,500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 18	350	360
E.R.Nat.($25)	250,000	2	S	Jun 1, 16	20	25
Europe	150,000	5	..	Jan 13,17	110	130
Fifth Av.	200,000	12½	Q	Jan 2, 19	1800	2200
Fifth Nat.	250,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 19	215	225
First Nat.	10,000,000	†10	Q	Jan 2, 19	940	960
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31,18	175	190
Gotham Nat.	200,000	2	Q	Jan 2, 19	200	212
Greenwich	500,000	b7	Q	Jan 2, 19	335	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan 2, 19	730	745
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	Q	Jan 3, 19	245	..
Imp. & T.Nat	1,500,000	12	Q	Jan 2, 19	530	540
Irving Nat.	4,500,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	††275	285
Liberty Nat.	3,000,000	4½	Q	Jan 2, 19	425	450
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 18	260	275
Manh'n ($50)	2,500,000	‡2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	190	200
Mech. & Met.	6,000,000	4	Q	Jan 15,19	345	..
Mer.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	$2	S	Jan 2, 19	125	135
Metropolitan.	2,000,000	2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	175	185
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jan 2, 19	380	400
N. Netherl'd.	200,000	4	S	Oct 1, 18	200	215
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	10	S	Jan 2, 19	420	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	1,000,000	10	S	Jan 2, 17	135	140
N.Y. Pro. Ex.	1,000,000	4	Q	Jan 15,19	200	..
Pacific ($50)	500,000	$1	Q	Nov 1, 18	150	..
Public	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31,18	240	250
Park Nat.	5,000,000	*15	Q	Jan 2, 19	550	..
People's ($25)	200,000	3	Q	Jan 10,19	135	140
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	470	490
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	400	425
Sherman Nat	300,000	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	115	125
State	2,000,000	3	S	Jan 2, 19	120	..
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Aug 1, 18	115	130
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31,18	155	165
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	2	Q	Jan 1, 19	275	..
Westch'r Av.	100,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 18	160	175
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Dec 31,18	300	325

*Incl. 10% special. †Incl. 1½% extra. ‡Incl. 50c extra. ††Includes one-third share Irving Trust Co. stock. ¶And 10% of First Security Co. a—Incl. 2% extra. b—Incl. 3% extra. c—Incl. 1% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bankers Tr.	15,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,18	385	390
Brooklyn	1,500,000	a5	Q	Jan 2, 19	500	..
Cent. Union	12,500,000	6½	Q	Jan 2, 19	405	412
Columbia	5,000,000	*4	Q	Dec 31,18	306	310
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	90	96
Empire	1,500,000	†3	Q	Dec 31,18	285	..
Equitable Tr.	6,000,000	¶5	Q	Dec 31,18	400	410
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 18	418	425
Fidelity	1,000,000	*2	Q	Dec 31,18	220	230
Franklin	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 19	220	230
Fulton	500,000	*5	S	Jan 2, 19	240	255
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,18	370	374
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 18	260	270
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2	Q	Dec 31,18	135	145
Irving Trust	1,500,000	2	Q	Jan 2, 19	‡	..
Kings Co.	500,000	6	Q	Nov 1, 18	625	650
Law. Title & Tr. Co.	4,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan 2, 19	98	106
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	Nov 1, 18	175	185
Manufact'rs.	1,000,000	2	Q	Jan 1, 19	160	..
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31,18	345	..
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Jan 2, 19	595	..
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 10,18	780	810
People's Tr.	1,000,000	4	Q	Dec 31,18	290	..
Q. Co., Jama.	600,000	..	..	....	65	75
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31,18	335	345
Transatlantic	700,000	3	..	Jan 2, 18	160	170
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 2, 19	890	..
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jan 2, 19	420	430

*And 2% extra. †And 4% extra. ‡See Irving Nat. Bank. ¶And 5% extra, payable Jan. 10. a—And 10% extra.

INSURANCE, REALTY, AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	J. & J.	210	220
A. Sur'y ($50)	5,000,000	$1	Q	Dec 31,18	61	64
Bd. & Mtg. G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15,18	220	225
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	S	Dec 31,18	105	130
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	Nov 1, 18	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	$2½	S	Jan 8, 19	50	60
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	15	S	Jan 8, 19	390	400
Globe & Rut.	700,000	¶10	Q	Oct 31, 18	900	..
Great Amer.	2,000,000	15	S	J. & J.	342	352
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	$1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	80	85
Home Fire	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	450	..
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2	Q	Dec 31,18	112	117
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Dec 31,18	85	88
Nat. Lib. ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	145	155
Nat. Surety	4,000,000	3	Q	Jan 2, 19	212	218
N.Y. T. & M.	2,125,000	1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	92	98
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	*15	S	J. & J.	170	175
No. River ($25)	600,000	5	S	A. & O.	30	40
Pacific ($25)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	35	45
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15,19	78	83
Stuyv't ($100)	700,000	3	..	Jan 1, 17	50	60
Westc'r ($10)	1,000,000	‡50c	Q	Nov 1, 18	34	36

*Incl. 5% extra. ‡And 10c extra. ¶And 5% extra.

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bkr. St. & F. Ferry stock	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	21½	..
B'way & 7th Av	2,100,000	2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	100	120
Bn. C.R. ($10)	12,000,000	25c	Q	Jan 15,19	10	18
Ch. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	Jan 1, 19	..	90
8th Av. R.R.	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct 15, 18	185	205
42d St & G.St	748,000	4½	Q	Nov 1, 18	175	200
Ninth Av.	800,000	2	Q	Oct 15, 18	90	120
6th Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Oct 10, 18	82	95

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per Ct.	Period	Date.	Bid. (Jan. 25, 1919)	Asked.
American Brass		*1½	Q	Nov 15,18	222	223
American Chicle		1½	..	Jan 20,16	68	69
Do pf.		1½	Q	Jan 2, 19	74	73
Amer. Typefounders		1	Q	Jan 15,19	37	43
Atlas Powder		d5	Q	Dec 10,18	155	157
Do pf.		1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	90½	91½
Babcock & Wilcox		2	Q	Jan 3, 19	107	108½
Bord. Cond. Milk		4	S	Aug 15,18	102	104
Do pf.		1½	Q	Dec 14,18	99	102
By-Products Coke		1½	Q	Nov 15,18	115	119
Cardenas Am. Sug. pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	..	80
Celluloid		†4	Q	Dec 31,18	138	145
Central Aguirre Sugar		2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	161	165
Central Coal & Coke		1½	Q	Jan 15,19	60	65
Certainteed Products		$4	..	Jan 28,18	32	35
Do 1st pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	86½	89
Do 2d pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	72	77
Chi. Ry. Equipment		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	102½	103½
Childs		½	..	Sep 10,18	37	42
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Dec 10,18	91	93
Columbia Graphophone		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	128	133
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	84	87
Crocker-Wheeler		2	Q	Jan 15,19	92	98
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 15,19	98	100
Del., Lack. & W. Coal		$1¼	Q	Jan 15,19	155	158
Eastman Kodak		a2½	Q	Jan 2, 19	550	570
Fajardo Sugar		2½	Q	Nov 1, 18	85	90
Federal Sugar		1¾	Q	Dec 17,18	91	96
Do pf.		1½	Q	Nov 1, 18	91	95
Gillette Safety Razor		h$2	Q	Nov 30,18	118	120
Great Western pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	107	110
Guantanamo Sugar		$1¼	Q	Jan 2, 19	48	51
Hercules Powder		†4	Q	Dec 24,18	204	208
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Nov 15,18	107	109
Ingersoll-Rand pf.		3	S	Jan 1, 19	98	102
Int. Silver		..	..	....	40	50
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 1, 19	88	..
Lanston Monotype		1½	Q	Nov 30,18	..	66½
Manati Sugar		2½	Q	Dec 2, 18	88	93
Do pf.		1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	89	95
Matanzas-Am.		..	..	....	5	15
Do pf.		..	..	....	..	75
Merg. Linotype		2½	Q	Dec 31,18	128½	131½
Midwest Refining		$1	Q	Nov 1, 18	127	129
Nat. Candy		2½	S	Sep 11,18	66½	67½
Do 1st pf.		3½	S	Sep 11,18	109	111
Do 2d pf.		3½	S	Sep 11,18	97	100
Nat. Sugar Refining		1¾	Q	Jan 2, 19	99	101
New Jersey Zinc		4	Q	Nov 9, 18	248	254
New Niquero Sugar		3½	S	Dec 2, 18	170	190
Niles-Bement-Pond		3	Q	Dec 20,18	104	108
Do pf.		1½	Q	Nov 20,18	95	98
Otis Elevator		1½	Q	Jan 15,19	63	67
Do pf.		1½	Q	Jan 15,19	80	83
Procter & Gamble		1½	Q	Nov 15,18	780	810
Remington Typewriter		..	..	....	30½	32
Do 1st pf.		1¾	Q	....	84½	86½
Do 2d pf.		2	..	Oct 1, 14	76	77½
Royal Baking Powder		†4	Q	Dec 31,18	130	140
Do pf.		1½	Q	Dec 31,18	92½	96
Safety Car H. & Ltg.		1½	Q	Dec 23,18	56	58
Santa Cecilia Sugar		..	..	....	18	22
Do pf.		3½	S	Aug 1, 18	51	55
Semet Solvay		2	Q	Nov 20,18	175	180
Shredded Wheat		2	Q	Jan 1, 19	124½	125
Do pf.		1½	Q	Jan 1, 19	..	90
Singer Mfg.		2½	Q	Jan 1, 19	185	188
Texas & Pacific Coal		b1½	Q	Dec 30,18	1450	1490
Yale & Towne Mfg.		2	Q	Jan 2, 19	210	220

*And 3½% extra. †Incl. 2% extra. ¶And $10 extra. a—And 7½% extra. b—And 5% extra. h—And $1 extra. d—Incl. 3% extra. g—Incl. 1% extra.

MONEY RATES.

	On Call. High.	Low.	Last.	Renew'ls.
Jan. 20	4¼	3¾	4	4¼
Jan. 21	5	4½	5	4½
Jan. 22	5	4½	5	5
Jan. 23	5	4½	4½	5
Jan. 24	4¾	4½	4¾	4¾
Jan. 25	4¾	4¾	4½	4¾
Week's range—				
High	5			5
Low	3¾			4½
Same week last year—				
High	2½			3
Low	1½			1½
Year to date—				
High	6			6
Low	3¾			4
Corresponding period last year—				
High	6			6
Low	1½			1½

	On Time. 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Jan. 20	5	5 @5¼	5¼@5½
Jan. 21	5	5 @5¼	5¼@5½
Jan. 22	5	5¼	5¼
Jan. 23	5	5	5¼@5½
Jan. 24	5@5¼	5¼@5½	5¼@5½
Jan. 25	5@5¼	5¼@5½	5¼@5½
Week's range—			
High	5¼	5½	5½
Low	5	5	5¼
Same week last year—			
High	3	3	3½
Low	2½	2½	2¾
Year to date—			
High	5¼	5½	5½
Low	5	5	5¼
Corresponding period last year—			
High	6	6	6
Low	2½	2½	2¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4½@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months....5 @5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

DISCOUNT RATES—FEDERAL RESERVE BANK'S COMMERCIAL PAPER.

	Within 15 Days, Incl. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.	61 to 90 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	4	4¼	4¾
New York	4	4¼	4¾
Philadelphia	4	4¼	4¾
Cleveland	4¼	4¾	4¾
Richmond	4¾	5	5
Atlanta	4¼	4¾	4¾
Chicago	4	4¾	4¾
St. Louis	4	4¾	4¾
Minneapolis	4½	4¾	5
Kansas City	4½	5	5
Dallas	4½	4¾	5
San Francisco	4¾	5	5

The rate of 3 to 4½ per cent. for one-day discounts, in connection with the loan operations of the Government, is approved in the case of the New York district.

Secured by United States certificates of indebtedness or Liberty Loan bonds:

	Agricultural & Live Stock Paper, Over 90 Days.	Within 15 Days, Inc. Member Banks' Collateral Notes.	16 to 60 Days, Inclusive.
Boston	5	4	4¼
New York	5	4	4¼
Philadelphia	5	4	4¼
Cleveland	5¼	4	4¾
Richmond	5¼	4¼	4¾
Atlanta	5	4	4¾
Chicago	5¼	4	4¾
St. Louis	5½	4	4½
Minneapolis	5½	4	4½
Kansas City	5½	4½	4¾
Dallas	5¼	4	4¾
San Francisco	5½	4¼	4¾

Trade acceptances one to sixty days and sixty-one to ninety days at 4½ per cent.

Acceptances purchased in open market, minimum rate, 4 per cent.

Rates for commodity paper have been merged with those for commercial paper of corresponding maturities.

In case the sixty-day trade acceptance rate is higher than the fifteen-day discount rate, trade acceptances maturing within fifteen days will be taken at lower rate. Whenever application is made by member banks for renewal of fifteen-day paper, the Federal Reserve Banks may charge a rate not exceeding that for ninety-day paper of the same class.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San. F.
Jan. 20	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 21	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 22	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 23	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 24	Par	Par	†25@15c	Par
Jan. 25	Par	Par	†25@ 5c	Par

†Discount.

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Money.	3 Mos.	Short Bills.	Exch. on London.
Jan. 20	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 21	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 22	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 23	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 24	3	3½	3½	25f 98c
Jan. 25	3	3½	3½	25f 98c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consol 2½s.	British 4½s.	Paris Rentes.
Jan. 20	59¾	99½	63f 15c
Jan. 21	58½	99½	63f 35c
Jan. 22	59¼	99½	63f 35c
Jan. 23	59¼	99½	63f 25c
Jan. 24	59¾	99½	63f 10c
Jan. 25	59¾	99½	

BAR SILVER.

	London.	New York.
Jan. 20	47 7/16d	$1.01½
Jan. 21	47 7/16d	1.01½
Jan. 22	47 7/16d	1.01½
Jan. 23	47 7/16d	1.01½
Jan. 24	47 7/16d	1.01½
Jan. 25	47 7/16d	1.01½

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The State Banking Department has issued a certificate to the Asia Banking Corporation to open and occupy a branch office in Changsha, China.

The Public National Bank of New York announces the election of Irving Levy and Ira S. Aikins as additional Assistant Cashiers.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.
Jan. 20	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16
Jan. 21	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16	4.75 7/16
Jan. 22	4.7580	4.7580	4.7580
Jan. 23	4.7580	4.7580	4.7580
Jan. 24	4.7580	4.7580	4.7580
Jan. 25	4.75¾	4.75¾	4.75¾

	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Jan. 20	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Jan. 21	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Jan. 22	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Jan. 23	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16
Jan. 24	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655
Jan. 25	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16	4.76 7/16

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	4.75 7/16	4.76 7/16
Low	4.75¾	4.7655
Same week last year—		
High	4.75 7/16	4.76 7/16
Low	4.7530	4.76 7/16
Year to date—		
High	4.7585	4.7656¾
Low	4.7570	4.7655
Corresponding period last year—		
High	4.75 7/16	4.76 7/16
Low	4.75½	4.76 7/16

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Jan. 20	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.48¾
Jan. 21	5.45½	5.45½	5.45⅝	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼
Jan. 22	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45⅝	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼
Jan. 23	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼
Jan. 24	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼
Jan. 25	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼

	Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—		
High	5.45¾	5.45¼
Low	5.45⅞	5.45¼
Same week last year—		
High	5.72	5.69¾
Low	5.72½	5.70¼
Year to date—		
High	5.45¾	5.44 11/16
Low	5.45⅞	5.45¼
Corresponding period last year—		
High	5.70¼	5.68¾
Low	5.73½	5.71½

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cables.	Holland. Dem.	Cables.	Italy. Dem.	Cables.
Jan. 20	4.85	4.82	42.125	42.375	6.37	6.35
Jan. 21	4.86½	4.83½	41.875	42.625	6.37	6.35
Jan. 22	4.88	4.85	41.875	42.625	6.37	6.35
Jan. 23	4.88	4.85	41.625	41.9375	6.37	6.35
Jan. 24	4.88	4.85	41.6875	41.9375	6.37	6.35
Jan. 25	4.90½	4.87½	41.50	41.75	6.37	6.35
Week's range—						
High	4.85	4.82	42.125	42.625	6.37	6.35
Low	4.90½	4.87½	41.50	41.75	6.37	6.35
Same week last year—						
High	4.43½	4.41½	43.75	44.25	8.41½	8.40
Low	4.46	4.44	43.50	43.87½	8.48½	8.47½
Year to date—						
High	4.81	4.78	42.56¼	42.81¼	6.36	6.35
Low	4.90½	4.87½	41.50	41.75	6.37	6.35
Corresponding period last year—						
High	4.36½	4.34½	43.75	44.25	8.33	8.32
Low	4.46	4.44	42.75	43.25	8.48½	8.47½

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cables.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cables.	Christiania. Dem.	Cables.
Jan. 20	26.60	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.75	28.00
Jan. 21	26.625	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.70	28.00
Jan. 22	26.50	26.75	28.625	28.875	27.625	27.875
Jan. 23	26.40	26.65	28.40	28.65	27.60	27.75
Jan. 24	26.375	26.60	24.85	28.10	27.55	27.80
Jan. 25	26.375	26.60	28.50	28.75	27.625	27.875
Week's range—						
High	26.625	26.85	28.75	29.00	27.75	28.00
Low	26.375	26.60	28.40	28.60	27.50	27.75
Same week last year—						
High	31.00	31.50	33.50	34.00	32.25	32.75
Low	30.87½	31.37½	33.50	34.00	32.00	32.50
Year to date—						
High	26.875	27.125	29.125	29.35	28.00	28.25
Low	26.375	26.60	28.40	28.60	27.50	27.75
Corresponding period last year—						
High	32.00	32.50	33.75	34.25	33.00	33.50
Low	30.00	30.50	32.00	32.50	31.25	31.75

	Greece. Dem.	Cables.	Rubles, 100. Bid.	Ask.	Rubles, 500. Bid.	Ask.
Jan. 20	19.35	19.40	15.00	15.30	14.90	15.20
Jan. 21	19.35	19.40	15.65	15.85	15.55	15.75
Jan. 22	19.35	19.40	15.00	15.30	14.90	15.20
Jan. 23	19.35	19.40	16.10	16.30	16.00	16.20
Jan. 24	19.35	19.40	16.20	16.50	16.10	16.40
Jan. 25	19.35	19.40	16.20	16.50	16.10	16.40
Week's range—						
High	19.35	19.40	16.50	16.40		
Low	19.35	19.40	15.00	14.90		
Same week last year—						
High	19.40	19.45	13.00	13.25		
Low	19.40	19.45	13.00	13.25		
Year to date—						
High	19.35	19.40	16.50	16.40		
Low	19.35	19.40	12.90	12.50		
Corresponding period last year—						
High	19.40	19.45	13.25	13.50		
Low	19.40	19.45	12.75	13.50		

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cables.	Peking. Dem.	Cables.	Shanghai. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	78.00	78.25	129.00	129.25	120.50	120.50
Low	78.00	78.10	129.00	129.25	120.50	120.50
Same week last year—						
High	74.00	74.25	113.00	113.25	106.00	106.25
Low	71.25	71.50	100.50	109.75	102.50	102.75
Year to date—						
High	81.00	81.25	131.50	131.75	123.00	123.25
Low	78.00	78.10	129.00	129.25	120.50	120.50
Same period last year—						
High	77.00	77.25	115.00	115.25	108.00	108.25
Low	71.25	71.50	109.50	100.75	102.50	102.75

	INDIA. Bombay. Dem.	Cab's.	Calcutta. Dem.	Cab's.	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS. Manila. Dem.	Cab's.
Week's range—						
High	35.43	35.78	35.43	35.73	49.875	50.00
Low	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.50	49.75
Same week last year—						
High	35.00	35.50	35.00	35.50	50.00	50.125
Low	35.00	35.50	35.00	35.50	49.875	50.00
Year to date—						
High	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	49.875	50.00
Low	35.43	35.73	35.43	35.73	46.90	49.75
Corresponding period last year—						
High	35.00	35.50	35.00	35.50	50.00	50.125
Low	34.50	34.75	34.50	34.75	49.875	50.00

	SPAIN. Dem.	Cables.	JAPAN. Kobe. Dem.	Cables.	Yokohama. Dem.	Cables.
Week's range—						
High	20.12	20.20	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Low	20.07	20.15	51.40	51.50	51.40	51.50
Same week last year—						
High	24.20	24.30	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00
Low	24.10	24.20	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00
Year to date—						
High	20.15	20.20	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Low	20.05	20.12	51.40	51.50	51.40	51.50
Corresponding period last year—						
High	24.45	24.50	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00
Low	24.10	24.20	51.75	52.00	51.75	52.00

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Demand.	Cables.	Rio. Demand.	Cables.
Week's range—				
High	44.70	44.85	25.85	25.50
Low	44.00	44.75	25.15	25.25
Same week last year—				
High	45.94	46.04	26.81	26.91
Low	44.08	44.18	26.64	26.74
Year to date—				
High	45.15	45.25	26.85	26.50
Low	44.50	44.75	25.10	25.25
Corresponding period last year—				
High	46.21	46.31	27.04	27.14
Low	44.08	44.18	26.64	26.74

Advertising As an Investment

THE manufacturer who looks upon advertising as an expense has an inverted focus.

Advertising is an investment that yields a return in proportion to the skill with which it is planned and executed. If you have never thought of it in this light and would like confirmation, ask any great national advertiser what valuation he puts on his trade-mark and how much his advertising has returned in dividends.

Our business is to make advertising pay. That we know how is best evidenced by the success of Federal clients.

When you want advertising that will pay a dividend and constantly multiply the principal value of your business—

"Put it up to men who know your market"

FEDERAL
ADVERTISING AGENCY, Inc.
6 East Thirty-Ninth Street New York City
30 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Consultation without charge or obligation

ALL AMERICA CABLES
"VIA COLON"
JOHN L. MERRILL, President
DIRECT ROUTE TO
CENTRAL and SOUTH AMERICA
New York Office
64 Broad Street Phone Broad 672

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,618.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 6, 1919.

International Paper Company.
CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND CONVERTIBLE BONDS.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor to Colonial Trust Company, as Trustee under International Paper Company Mortgage dated January 3, 1905, hereby invites offers to the Sinking Fund for the sale of bonds issued under said mortgage to exhaust the sum of One Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Two Hundred and Ten Dollars and Eighty-eight cents ($168,-210.88). Bonds offered at the lowest prices will be given preference.

Sealed offers will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon, on February 5, 1919, and should be endorsed "Offers for Sale of Bonds to the International Paper Company Sinking Fund."

The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY
First and Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds
DUE JANUARY 1, 1947.

THE CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee, gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals to sell the above described bonds at a rate not exceeding 105% of the face value thereof and accrued interest, the total offer not to consume more than the sum of Six Hundred Ninety Thousand Dollars ($690,000.) Sealed proposals, setting forth the serial numbers of the bonds to be offered, will be opened at the office of the Central Union Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, at 11 o'clock A. M. on January 28, 1919.

CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By E. FRANCIS HYDE, Vice President.

NOTICE.

To the Holders of Refunding and Improvement Five Per Cent. Gold Mortgage Bonds of International Railway Company:

On presentation to the Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street and corner of Fifth Avenue and 42nd Street, New York City, all interest coupons due November 1, 1918, on the Refunding and Improvement Five Per Cent. Gold Mortgage Bonds of the International Railway Company, with interest thereon up to January 28, 1919, will be paid on or after January 28, 1919.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY,
By S. G. CONNETTE, President.

STATE OF SAN PAULO 1913 LOAN

Notice is hereby given that all San Paulo 1913 bonds not previously drawn have been drawn for payment the first of January, 1919, on which date interest ceases.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

To the Holders of
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING CO.
SIX PER CENT. ONE YEAR GOLD NOTES, DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1919

Notice is hereby given that the above Notes will be paid on and after February 1, 1919, upon presentation and surrender of the same at the office of the Central Union Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, New York.

Holders of the maturing Notes are referred to the advertisement of Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb & Co., printed hereunder, for the terms on which maturing Notes may be exchanged for new Six Per Cent. One Year Gold Notes of this Company.

WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING CO.
New York, January 14, 1919. By H. F. BAETZ, Treasurer.

Referring to the above notice of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, the undersigned offer to holders of the Six Per Cent. One-Year Gold Notes of said Company, due February 1, 1919, the privilege of exchanging the same for a like face amount of new Six Per Cent. One-Year Gold Notes of said Company, due February 1, 1920.

Holders desiring to accept the offer of exchange should surrender their Notes promptly at the office of the undersigned, who will issue a Temporary Receipt, entitling the holder to receive the new Notes, when issued and received by them. The coupon for interest, due February 1, 1919, should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

For full particulars as to the new issue of Notes, and as to the financial position of the Company, reference is made to a letter from Guy E. Tripp, Esq., Chairman of the Board of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, copies of which may be obtained from the undersigned.

This offer is subject to withdrawal without notice.

KUHN, LOEB & CO.
New York January 14, 1919. William & Pine Streets

HAVE YOU AN IDLE PLANT? OR Any Product Needing Development?

The highly efficient organization of Engineers and Production men which we established at the beginning of the war (and which gave its entire time to war work) is being retained intact.

It will be maintained for the purpose of giving to manufacturers an engineering service, including the designing, perfecting and making ready for production, all classes of engineering work.

They have at their disposal one of the most completely equipped engineering Laboratories, where development work is carried on under the constant and watchful supervision of these men, who are authorities in their fields.

LET'S GET TOGETHER!
PROPER CO-OPERATION SPELLS SUCCESS IN ANY BUSINESS.
WRITE OR CALL FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

THE MILITOR CORPORATION
111 Broadway, New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE

Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland

FIVE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

Please take notice that the British Treasury has waived the ten days' notice required in the option for conversion into United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Twenty-Year 5½% Bonds, due February 1, 1937.

The undersigned will, therefore, be prepared, at any time up to and including February 1, 1919, to accept such notes for conversion without requiring the ten days' notice.

Dated at New York, this 23rd day of December, 1918.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
16 WALL STREET,
New York.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

L&G

LEVINE & GINSBURG!
115-125 W. 30th St.
SPRING DRESSES
Advance Creations
Serges
Georgettes
Satins
Taffetas
Byzantine-Crepes
$13.50 to $31.50
VOILE AND LINEN DRESSES
—an early, but typically complete Levine & Ginsburg showing.

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

JUST STOUT DRESSES IN STYLES THAT WOMEN CRAVE FOR.

SLIMLINE STOUTS

CONFORM PERFECTLY TO BOTH HER SENSE OF FASHION AND ECONOMY

Slimline Stouts Dispel All Doubts —They're Stylish

METROPOLIS DRESS CO., Inc.
131 West 35th St., New York.

Why do orders pour in on us?

Because these beautiful dresses sell wonderfully fast.

Silks — Taffetas
Crepe de Chine — Jerseys
Crepe Meteor — Foulards
Georgettes — Serges

$7.50 to $22.50

On the Racks for Immediate Delivery.

PIONEER LADIES GARMENT Co. Inc.
6-8 West 32nd St. N.Y.C.

Celfast DRESSES

ASK TO SEE STYLE NO. 532

Elegantly Embroidered
TRICOTINE DRESSES
$22.50
Immediate Delivery

The exceptional large business booked on our wonderful Spring Creations warrants your inspection.

H.B. Levine Co. Inc.
12 E. 33rd Street New York

SEE ROSNER FIRST
Stout & Maternity Dresses
at popular prices
ROSNER DRESS HOUSE
106-108 WEST 32nd ST.
NEW YORK
SAM ROSNER
LOUIS COHEN

SUITS
Better grades—Popular Prices
NOW READY
AT OUR NEW HOME
30-34 WEST 26TH ST.
COOPER & GRAPES

STOCK HERE OF
PHILIPPINE UNDERWEAR
La Philippa-Lingerie
E. VIEGELMANN & CO.,
377 Fourth Ave., N. Y.
Tel. Mad. Sq. 8073.

Exporters' Opportunity.
We have a complete line of 54-inch Staple Dress Goods for export trade.
Prices 10% to 20% below mill quotations.
ADDRESS BOX ZYX
1619 St. James Bldg., N. Y. C.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BATHROBE MATERIAL, Beacon, Wanted.—In quantity, for cash. Address Box 810, 437 Marbridge Building.

BROADCLOTH Wanted. Botany 815, all colors, large quantity. Shapiro, Madison Square 3609.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOUR Wanted.—F. & H. or bo any, Fall shades, at prices for cash. Madison Square 6716.

BROADCLOTH Wanted. — High shades, especially tan. H. Elson, Farragut 9688.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Botany's, reindeer, gold, lavender. Farragut 9644.

CAPES Wanted.—Jobber looking at capes, coats; placing stock orders; call all week. 9th floor, 11 West 32d.

CAPES Wanted.—Jobber, looking at capes, suits, and coats. 11th floor, 28-30 West 25th St.

CLOTH Wanted.—Velours, cotton pom pom, mixtures, cotton plush, and beaver cloth. Eisenberg Friedman, 57-59 East 11th St.

COATS Wanted.—We will look at Spring dolmans, capes, and sport coats, high grade only. Call fourth floor, Kaye Building, Madison Av. and 30th St., (30th St. entrance.)

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade coats and capes. Call with samples. Brody & Birnbaum, 122 West 34th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles sport coats, capes, and dolmans. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coat and suit lines all week. 12 West 27th St., 9th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber open for snappy models, juniors' and misses'. 5th floor, 30 West 33d St.

COATS Wanted.—Dolmans and capes, better grade Spring samples. 122 West 26th, 10th floor.

COATS, Suits, and Silk Dresses Wanted.—Better grade paid cash. Broadway Central Hotel. L. Alford.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Snappy styles; $20 up. 3d floor, 11 West 25th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Open for a large quantity of tan, olive, or brown crash, (mixture suitings.) Apply Borgenicht & Sons, 9 West 24th, 12th floor, mornings only.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—All shades can use quantity; price limit, 80c per yard. Abe L. Menzin, 896 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Good quality, color gray. M. Weisman & Son, 118 W. 22d.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Reindeer and brown, silvertones, Joel's and Holden Leonard's, all colors. Orchard 8245.

DOLMANS AND CAPES Wanted.—We are open to place orders on high class; fourth floor, 34 West 27th St.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Velours, Forstman and Botany's, all colors, American 032, 0360, reindeer, trecos; Read's 5800, 7161; Andrews's 5782; Garfield's 5810; all colors. Orchard 8245.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on party, georgette, taffeta, tricotine, and high-grade tailored cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash jobs or regular goods, any quantity, for immediate delivery; samples daily 9-12. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on taffetas, georgettes, serge, and crepe meteors; call with samples. Greenberg, 38 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at tailored dresses. Mornings, Room 815, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing stock orders on new silk jersey dresses. 134 West 26th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Quantities black satin, embroidered georgettes. 5th floor, 127 West 25th.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted.—Exclusive models in ladies' dresses. Room 301, 116 West 32d.

DUVETYNES Wanted.—All colors, F. and H. No. 4703. Greeley 6082.

EVORAS Wanted.—All light shades. Madison Square 2698.

FURS Wanted.—Jobs in furs of all descriptions; also furs for consignment Fall season. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

FLANNELS Wanted.—White, Parker Wilder 1191, 1184, or similar; all wool, or part. M. C. Fischer, 656 Broadway, Spring 6666.

GABARDINES Wanted.—4866, all colors, also serges. Herschfield & Co., 164 West 25th St. Farragut 9329.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—200 pieces, for cash; must be at a price; white, flesh, and colors. Phone 7348 Chelsea.

[illegible] Wanted.—Small and large [illegible], all colors. Geco 151 West 25th.

GINGHAM Wanted.—Will exchange black or blue Amoskeag checks for lavender and pink. Mr. Finkelstein, Spring 9630.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Mad. Square 8670.

MOHAIR PACIFIC Wanted.—Will exchange 54-inch navy for black and grey. L. Chauser, 19 West 21st.

[illegible] LINING Wanted.—At right price. Farragut 4717.

PERCALES Wanted.—Standard quality; lights, dark and solid colors; must be cheap for cash; send samples. Princess Garment Co., 1,613 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

[illegible] Wanted.—American, in clay, sammy, and pollu blue, for cash. Jos. B. [illegible], 1150 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 9841.

POPLIN Wanted.—9610, shade 966. Madison Square 6590.

POPLIN Wanted.—Rookie, American or similar. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

POPLINS Wanted.—090610 navy only; also serges. Irving Finkelstein, 30 West 33d.

POPLIN Wanted.—Gray, American 90610, or similar. Mr. Finkelstein, Spring 9630.

POPLIN Wanted.—Amoskeag 7002, American, rookie, Copen, Pekin. Chelsea 4077.

SATIN, BLACK, Wanted.—Yarn dyed cotton back. Royal Trimming Co. Farragut 6688.

SECO Wanted.—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Will exchange American 90610 or 06077 navy poplin for either 093d, 09070, 235, or 833 serge. Telephone 7209 Madison Square.

SERGE Wanted.—104 black original condition; state quantity, lowest price. J. G. V[illegible], 622 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman, 104, 99 any quantity; spot cash. Ben Kramer, 2 West 33d, 11th floor. Madison Square 9656.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity of navy 838 and 235. I. & M. Philip, 2 W. 33d St. Madison Square 9446.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for navy, black, copen., quality 99 or similar. M. Rosenman, 40 West 27th.

SERGE Wanted.—American 0936, Rookie 966, or similar quality. Madison Square 1969.

SERGES Wanted.—Pencil stripe; also silvertones; all Spring shades. Hatt, Farragut 9752.

SERGES Wanted.—7301 or similar, all shades. David Zimmerman, 127 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, Copen, black and tan; 0936, Copen, black and tan. Greeley 4682. Herman Cloak Co.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 104, 0609, 9070, 838, 235; also tricotines, 4718, for cash, Gramercy 3840.

SERGES Wanted.—Stevens's 3850 navy, black, at a price. M. W. Levine & Co. Farragut 4072.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 99, Andrews's 1464, U. S. 838, for spot cash. Orchard 8744.

SERGES Wanted.—At once, 0, 104, 54289, 528, 0936; also other kinds, for cash; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGE Wanted.—7301, or Whitman's 94, navy and black, for cash. Freed & Rapkin, Chel. 9039.

SERGE Wanted.—235, 0936; exchange navy for black. Joseph Durst, Greeley 3133.

SERGES Wanted.—Quantities U. S. 235 navy; also 104 Shapiro. Madison Square 3608.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for Andrews's 1464, black only. Madison Square 3240.

SERGE Wanted.—09070 or similar, in black only. B. Levy, 11 West 32d St.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 99 and 104; Also American poplins. Madison Sq. 4278.

SERGE Wanted.—0936, navy, 99, 1464 black. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

SERGES Wanted.—0609, 0209, 104, 2004, 2000. Call Levy, Stuyvesant 7260.

SERGE Wanted.—Stevens's, 3850, at right price. Farragut 4717.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, fall colors, and 11433, tan only. Gramercy 410.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 838, 235; navy; cash. Gramercy 2452.

SERGES Wanted.—0936 and 99, in tan. Madison Square 3985.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, 0936, 9, 99, 519. Grossman Bros. Madison Square 4620.

SERGES Wanted.—1464; cash price; must be right. Farragut 9386.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 11433, 99, 519, 54289, W. F. X. Weinstein Co. Mad. Sq. 2639.

SERGES Wanted.—99, 104, 9, 7120. Gramercy 6227.

SERGES Wanted.—7120 black or similar, for net cash. 8880 Farragut.

SERGES Wanted.—American, 0609, 09070, navy only. Stuyvesant 7270.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 519, 528, 54289, 9, 7120, 7122, 6120, 104. Gramercy 4941.

SERGE Wanted.—0002 copen serge and pekin taffeta. Stuyvesant 3039.

SHIRTINGS Wanted.—In fancy pongee, silk stripes, and fibre silk. Phone 2722 Spring.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for taffetas, crepe de chines, foulards, printed Georgettes. Newman & Reifer, 32 West 32d.

SILK JERSEY Wanted.—Unlimited quantity; must be at a price. Canterbury Co., 27 West 24th.

SILKS Wanted.—Georgette, Georgians stripe, radium, crepe de chine; spot cash; lowest prices. Pansy, 145 West 30th.

SILKS Wanted.—We want to buy silks, novelties or velvets; also imperfect goods for cash. Madison Square 4941.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for quantity heavy woolback satin or similar quality in black and navy. Farragut 8880.

SILKS Wanted of every description for skirts. David Harris Sons, 38 West 21st St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors, also Garfield's 4718 tricotines. Pasternack, 819 Fifth Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—H. & L. 602 Oxford for cash. Madison Square 6716.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Light colors, good quality. 3d floor, 244 Fifth Av.

TAFFETAS, Crepe de Chine, Meteors Wanted.—Close prices cash. Deutsch, 23 W. 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted. — Changeable colors; cash. Horowitz, 94 Greene.

TRECO Wanted.—Tan, navy, and rookie, Reids or F. & H. Orchard 9275.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield, 4718, navy, and rookie. Phone Hyman Sheer, 9874 Madison Square.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718, tan 127, or similar quality. Madison Square 1969.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, Garfield 4718. Farragut 4664.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield 4718, navy. Farragut 3023.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, quantity; cash. Shapiro-Davis, Greeley 6375.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—5010 and F. & H. 8057; cash; navies only. Madison Sq. 8434.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, navy and rookie 423. Madison Square 8475.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield 5010, Andrews 5782, dark navy. Mad. Sq. 6023.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—8057, tan 804 shade. Madison Square 6590.

VELOURS, SILVERTONES Wanted.—Checks and plaids suitable for caps; mail swatches, or phone and will call. Levine Brothers, 750 Broadway. Spring 3013.

VELOUR CHECKS Wanted.—Black, white, brown-white; open for large quantity. Louis Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight Pekin and reindeer shades. Mittenthal & Son, 41 East Broadway. Orchard 6548.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavy and light weight, cotton warp, pom pom, for cash. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d St.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H. shades 852, 848, 803, 526. Pasternack, 819 Fifth Av.

VENETIANS Wanted.—White only, 36 inches. Call or send sample to Solar Textile Co., Inc., 27 East 22d St.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Garfield's or Andrews's tricotine. Harry Greger & Co., 25 West 31st St., Madison Square.

WOOL JERSEYS Wanted, dress weight.—Wear Well Dress Co., 15 West 26th St.

WORSTEDS AND CASHMERES Wanted.—Mill ends or seconds, suitable for knee pants; must be cheap for cash. Reliance, 130 Bleecker.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

AMERICAN, 9613-13 black, three (3) pieces, at $2.50 net cash. Phone Madison Square 6826.

ARMY BLANKETS.—Military camp and institution; spot delivery; various sizes and weights, at less than cost to manufacturers. Dunes, 200 5th Av.

BATHROBES.—Beacon, pretty styles; immediate delivery; special prices. Address Box [illegible] 437 Marbridge Building.

BOTANYS, 815 navy; $3 net; 12 pieces. Bowie. Bryant 1771.

BROADCLOTHS.—110, black, navy, brown, green, and taupe; also light and heavy-weight velours. Gramercy 2091.

BURELLA. — Brightwood 1911F, Peking, gray, tan, and clay. Farragut 3290.

CAPS.—Buyers of blue serge caps wanted. Henry Strauss, 45 Bond St.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—7-12, good gingham, $9 dozen. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

COATINGS.—Ladies', men's mixtures, shepherd checks. Joel's cheviots; reasonable prices. Gramercy 6648.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stolman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—500 fur-trimmed cloth coats, 300 coatees beaver, mole and Baffin seal, 200 fur-trimmed plush coats; must be closed out regardless of cost. Harry Greenberg Co., 25 West 27th St.

COATS.—500, on account of moving, closing out very reasonable, assorted sizes and colors, fur and silk trimmed. Leo F. Sturm, West 25th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Special for jobbers; newest Spring style; very cheap; suits on racks for immediate delivery. B. Rabinowitz & Sons, 50 West 15th St.

COATS.—800, splendid assortment, all wool, pom pom velour, broadcloth, fur trimmed; closing out. Shapiro Davis, 20 West 35th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh-Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS to close out; shawl collars, silk lined; junior, misses', ladies'. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

COATS.—Closing out 250 smart velour coats, fur trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices; large assortment colors and material, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 28th.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Smart Spring styles on hand; immediate delivery; see special at $8.50. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Plush, silvertones, broadcloths, velours, at 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Stylish stouts, auto, Dolman; immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 W. 25th.

COATS.—50 job at sacrifice before moving. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d.

COTTON GOODS.—Organdies, voiles, different grades, Repp, Poplin, Lenine, Gabardine, Pique, Jean, far below market prices. Brookdale Textile Co., 39-47 West 19th St.

COTTON GOODS.—Jobbers' and exporters' cotton drills, gabardines, hollands, voile; full assortment; below market price. Call, or write, Gazi & Dabah, 276 Canal St.

COTTON SHEETING.—Dwight Anchor, 54-inch, bleached, 12,000 yards, 39c spot cash. Dunes, 200 5th Av.

COVERTS.—Tweeds and tricotines. Room 1210, 200 5th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE, Georgettes, Satins, Taffetas; large quantities; low prices; terms. Y 246 Times Annex.

CRYSTAL CORD.—Taupe, 396 shade. Madison Square 6590.

DELHI. — American 037-1, Peking, Copen., Sammy, buftan, Quaker, henna, and navy. Farragut 3290.

DRESSES of character and distinction, yet priced low to stimulate sales; all wool French serge, $5.50-$18.75; satins, taffetas, jerseys, georgettes, $6.75, $16.50; immediate deliveries. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large assortment for street and afternoon wear at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 152 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—All-wool jersey dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges at prices cheaper than elsewhere. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $8.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—2,000 dozen house dresses, assorted ginghams, chambrays, percales, $9 per dozen. National Kimono Co., 148 Greene St.

DRESSES.—1,000 serges, satins, taffetas; immediate delivery; snappy styles; extremely low prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job about 500 serge, satin and georgette to close out. Greenberg Wiener, 31 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, jerseys, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Up to the minute styles, in silks; see our $5.75 taffeta special. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, satins, velvets, jerseys, georgettes; 50 cents on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—Georgette serges; snappy models; values unsurpassed. Deutsch, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—500 serge, silk, good assortment, close sacrifice. Superior, 118 East 28th.

DRESSES.—All wool serge and half wool panama; sacrifice. Chauser, 137 W. 27th.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgettes, serge, evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out reasonable. Seid, 32 East 31st.

GABARDINES.—Tan, pekin, gray, copen, navy, and black, for immediate delivery. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway, Spring 2716.

GEORGEEN.—Heavy georgeen, 6,000 yards to sell for price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th St.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—All kinds; biggest assortment; great sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

GINGHAMS.—Lancaster staple checks. Phone Spring 633.

HANDKERCHIEFS—Men's hemstitched, 42c; ladies', 24c; high grades equally cheap. J. J. Woods Co., 12 Oak St., Providence, R. I.

HOSIERY.—Ladies' 18-inch fiber silk hose, mercerized top, for immediate delivery only; $5.50 net cash. G 735 Times Downtown.

JAP SILK, Habutai and Pongee, popular weights, natural and colors. Call Hanover 7519. Llata & Co.

KHAKI DRILL.—17,000 yards, below market price. Farragut 4770.

KNEE PANTS.—50 dozen corduroy, $8.50 per dozen; other large jobs cheap. Reliance, 130 Bleecker.

LININGS.—Silk and cotton; special designs, suitable for coat and suit trade. Adelson Ullman, Franklin 855.

NECKWEAR.—Men's, odd lots, 50c and $1, to close. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black, all wool and cotton warp in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PANTS, men's, of wool serge, close out. Rosenbaum & Richter, 344 Broome St.

PANTS.—Corduroy, cotton, khaki, cheap. Lion Pants Mfg. Co., 135 Bleecker St.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

POIRET TWILLS.—Shepherd checks and serges. Printz-Belderman Co., Room 1210, 200 5th Av.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—Pacific P. P. L., M. F. L., V. S. L., C. F. L., W. F. X., Juilliard's 54289, 4061; Cleveland 9288, 9058, 6234; low prices; no phone calls. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS.—P. P. L., 774, 767, 777, B. P. N. L., S. P. A., N. P. A., H. W. P., 228, 230; also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

POPLINS.—6609½, 1080, 1398, 949, 777, 503, 8158, 4860, 4916, T. P. L., N. F. L., V. S. L., 54289, light colors. Gramercy 5941.

POPLIN.—Black, all wool. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th.

POPLINS.—A. W. Co. navy 90610. Murray Hill 3799.

POPLIN.—Barnal all-worsted poplin, $1.75; tricotine, all colors, $3.20. Farragut 5759.

POPLINS.—4768, black, navy 90610, 6077, 774, 6709½; terms. Madison Square 9087.

SECO SILK, 25c; voiles and organdies, mercerized, 15 cases, 18c; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—Also high shades and black, 0936, 09070, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, 7120, 8158, Botany 809, 11433, 1464, 3850, 7008, WFX, MFL, 528, 519, Breadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, PPL, BPNL, American poplins 90610, 06077, also big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES, poplins and gabardines; 54289, 4059, 4060, 4408, American 0609, 0696, 609½, Broadhead 500, 3700, Jamestown 7302, 9603, Geras 7008, 9056, 10388, 10708, 2137, Pacific WFX, CFL, Barney, Adross & Scotias poplins, Whitman's 1210, 1209, 3, 774, Atlas gabardines. Raymond Woolen Co., 251 4th Av. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES.—9058, 3850, M. F. L., V. S. L., 54289, 4061, W. F. X., F. S. G., C. S., C. S. G., W. S. G., S. B. G. L., T. P. S., 1717, K. S., 1209, 1210; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES.—1658; W. F. X., 54289, 3665, 764, 6234, 9056, 7008, 7512, 7120, 11433, 7713, 9288, 528, 104, 3850, 0609, 4002; also poplins and velours. Utopia Mills, 23 East 21st St. Gramercy 4475-6.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—519, 1464, 7614, black; 528, 809, 774, 639, Gera poplin; also high shades Andrews' poplins; 7802 Panama. Herman Bruner. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—7120, 54289, 11433, 519, 528, 94, 104, 113, 235, 838, VSL, 1209, 774, 4860, 227. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1980.

SERGES, Velours, Poplins.—We have them, all shades, all makes, all numbers, any quantity. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—Poplins, 6234, 838, 11433, 7120, 794, 54292, 0609, 06077; very cheap. Grossman Bros., Mad. Sq. 4620.

SERGE.—11433 Botany, navy, $1.67½ per yard, and 09070 American serge, navy, $2.30 per yard. Madison Square 6590.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—WFX and PPL, very cheap. Simon Agress, 1,123 Broadway. Phone Farragut 2932.

SERGES.—4860, 3850, 0302, 25 pieces, men's wear, 12 pieces covert. 1st floor, 130 West 29th St.

SERGES.—Gera 925, navy, original tickets; best offer accepted. Ceasor Mills, 239 4th Av. Gramercy 3965.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7302, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6009, long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—1464, 11433, 09070, 787, 3850, 8200, 809, 228 B. P. N. L. Davidoff Co., Madison Square 4622.

SERGE.—Will sell cheap 215 pcs. 1209 Whitman's 36-inch cotton warp serge. Phone Gramercy 2367.

SERGES.—All kinds, biggest assortment; great sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 8671.

SERGE, 54289, in tan and green; will sell cheap, or exchange for navy. Phone Farragut 2190.

SERGES.—104, $1.70; 7120, $1.45; 9056, $1.60; 7008, $1.50, W. F. X., $1.25; all navy. Farragut 3954.

SERGES.—Andrews 1464 navy, also F. & H. velours. Gramercy 109.

SERGES.—Garfield 528, 35 pieces navy, to close out cheap. Farragut 9752.

SERGES For Sale.—Gera smile 50813, below market price. Madison Square 1380.

SERGES.—American Woolen 0609 and 0696, navy; also some blacks. Chelsea 8976.

SERGES.—519, 809, 6234; very cheap. Madison Square 8598.

SERGES.—235, 0609, Gera 787, Whitman 106, 2205; Cleveland 9288. Stuyvesant 7843.

SERGES.—09070, 1464, 838 black, Clevelands 719; reasonable. Madison Square 3388.

SERGES.—3120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.07½. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—54289 navy, 50 pieces, $1.37; net cash. Gramercy 5721.

SERGES.—Whitman's Nos. 3 and 94; terms, cheap. Gramercy 2937.

SHEPHERD CHECKS, all constructions, 54-inch width; also imported shantungs. Y 232 Times Annex.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, filles, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9350.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILVERTONES. — Pekin, reindeer, rookie. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—300 cotton warp, striped serge, to close out, nicely made, at $18 a dozen; also 100 black taffeta at $2.75 each, and 100 good striped silk taffeta at $2.50 each; net cash. Gramercy 5888.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplin, high lustre, $2; best assortment Spring models; silk novelty skirts, $2.25 up; immediate delivery. Greater N. Y. Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, $1.75 up. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS.—Our $16.75 silk lined, handsomely braid trimmed suit is a world beater; see it immediately. Louis Bauman & Co., 12 East 32d St.

SUITS.—Smartest misses' suits in town; snappy styles at the price. York, 1,270 Broadway.

SUITS.—Boys' washable suits, close out. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St.

SUITS, Spring, $9.75 up; coats, $7.75 up. Schoen & Weisman, 43 West 27th.

SUITS.—200 high-grade suits, to close out. 1,170 Broadway, Room 407.

SWEATERS.—To close out, 150 dozen sweaters and slipons, at most attractive reduction prices. Liberty Sweater Works, 220 5th Av.

TAFFETA.—Black, navy and changeable, 97½c up per yard, heavy quality. Eagle Skirt, 44 West 28th.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TRICOLLETTES. — First quality; assorted colors; low prices. Phone Mad. Sq. 4582.

TRICOTINES.—Arthur Joel's navy, rookie. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield's 4718, all colors, including black. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINE.—Walther's, navies only; also velours, Spring shades. Farragut 5750.

TRICOTINES. — Garfield's, Botanies, all shades. Grossman Bros., Mad. Sq. 4620.

TRICOTINES in high shades to close. Chelsea 492.

UNDERWEAR, silk; complete, up-to-date, snappy line; immediate and later delivery; camisoles, $9 up; envelopes, $18 dozen up; combinations, night gowns, petticoats, and bloomers. Dainty S. U. Co., 401 4th Av., New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9099.

VELOURS.—All shades, to close out; also poiret twills. Madison Square 8434.

VENETIANS.—8 pieces, black, 36 inches; cheap. Friedman, 31 Hester St. Orchard 5370.

WAISTS.—75 dozen georgine and crepe de chine; nice assortment of styles and colors; formerly at $27, to close out at $24 dozen; immediate delivery. Arlington Waist, 37 5th Av.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

WAISTS. — Retiring from business; entire stock of $18-$24 cotton waists to be closed out at once. Rialto Waist Co., 135 5th Av.

WAISTS.—Cotton, $6.50 a dozen; Georgette, charmeuse, Jap silks, 50c. on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

WOOLENS.—Jobs of heavy and light weight assorted lots, cheap. Freidman, 31 Hester St. Orchard 5370.

WOOLENS off price; 17 pieces, 9d13 black, $2.75. Gramercy 4519.

WOOL JERSEYS.—Odd lot, about 20 pieces; will sell reasonable. Salembier, Levin & Co., Madison Square 8600.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on high-grade dresses; bring own samples; immediate business. Address Box 240, 437 Marbridge Building.

CONTRACTORS, experienced on men's leather coats. C. T. 807 Times Downtown.

CONTRACTOR Wanted.—On men's pajamas. Phone Bickman, Stuyvesant 1897.

Allied Industries.

CAMERON CUTTING MACHINE For Sale.—42-inch model, nearly new; cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 31st St.

CHEVRONS.—Red and blue, $2.75; gold and silver. Clinton Novelty Co., 21 East 14th. Telephone 2153 Stuyvesant.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES For Sale.—No. 4413, with tables and stands complete, $9 each; also cutting tables, work boxes, chairs, &c., cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 31st St.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

Allied Industries.

CUTTING TABLES For Sale.—400 feet of 2-inch solid cutting tables; cans for clippings used under cutting tables, 4-8 inches; Eastman and 2 round Maimon cutting knives in perfect condition; will sell at sacrifice. Brous Bros., 1,118 Broadway. Farragut 4284.

FUR.—Cuttings and remnants. Maison Bernard, 734 5th Av., city.

TRUNKS Wanted.—Two second hand wardrobe trunks, used for samples; ladies' ready-to-wear. Y 244 Times Annex.

Help Wanted.

MODELS wanted, size 16. Sol. A. Pyle Co., 17 West 28th St.

SALESMAN to carry side line on popular-priced kimonas and robes; those acquainted with department store buyers only; all territories; commission basis; apply by letter, stating previous line handled. Fadool, 148 West 23d.

SALESMEN on ladies' high class band blocked hats for department stores and special millinery trade; good proposition to right party; commission and drawing account. P. P., 804 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced live wire, for office and city trade; cloak and suit house; commission, with liberal drawing account. Safron & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

SALESMAN.—Coat house making coats, capes, dolmans, wants salesman acquainted with jobbing trade; commission. Gottlieb & Laikind, 27 West 20th.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALEXANDRIA, La.—Simon Bros.; S. Simon, boys', children's clothing; 1,150 Broadway.
ARKANSAS CITY, Kan.—Devlin's Ready-to-Wear Store; C. H. Devlin, ready-to-wear; 25 West 33d.
ATHENS, Ohio—D. Zenner Co.; T. W. Craig, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; R. J. Haynie, domestics; J. E. Collier, notions, laces, ribbons, gloves, hdkfs.; A. Kahonow, dress goods, silks; Mr. Hopkins, dry goods; 1,150 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; W. H. Rich, general mdse.; Mrs. R. Kling, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear; Miss A. M. Gallagher, coats, suits, waists; 1,150 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; J. D. Bellah, ready-to-wear; C. E. Diehl, muslin underwear, negligees, house dresses; 1,150 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Chamberlain, Johnson, Dubose Co.; A. H. Bernard, domestics; 1,140 B'way; Collingwood.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Ginsberg, Hirshorn & Ginsberg; S. Ginsberg, ready-to-wear; 3 West 29th.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. L. Godfrey, furn. goods; 2 W. 37th.
BALTIMORE—William Koch Importing Co.; E. H. Zeller, foreign toys; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; A. J. Bernard, cloaks, suits, furs; 2 W. 37th.
BALTIMORE—S. H. Roneker, mfrs. overalls; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; H. Weis, upholstery goods; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss D. Crew, H. J. Rohr, Mrs. J. B. Nelson, millinery; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Snow, Mecaslin & Co.; C. H. Snow, Jr., millinery; 579 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quellmalz, cotton piece goods; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; J. M. Postley, house furn. goods, furniture; 354 4th Av.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—A. R. Swartz & Co.; A. R. Swartz, M. S. Seidler, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
BISBEE, Ariz.—Phelps, Dodge & Co.; Miss M. Hobon, waists, petticoats, infants' wear; 99 John; Great Northern.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — Drennen Co. Dept. Stores; F. M. Drennen, clothing, furn. goods; 1,150 B'way.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Burger D. G. Co.; W. H. Walker, silks, woolens; 1,150 B'way.
BOISE, Idaho—C. C. Anderson & Co.; H. Bigham, women's furn. goods; Mr. Palsey, notions; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—Butler's; S. E. Solomon, millinery; 366 5th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; J. T. Reed, women's hosiery, knit underwear; J. T. Donovan, men's hosiery, underwear; Mrs. Sweeney, misses' suits, dresses; 432 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss K. Leyden, knit goods; Miss M. Pelroth, misses' wear; Miss P. Brinton, ready-to-wear; 2 W. 37th.
BUTTE, Mon.—M. J. Connell Co.; Miss Haggerty, millinery; 23 E. 26th.
BUTTE, Mont.—Hennessy Co.; Miss N. Shepherd, millinery; 23 East 26th.
CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; G. G. Miller, dry goods; 1,150 B'way.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; G. A. Wilson, furs; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; J. J. Secheff, Miss B. Kyle, millinery; 277 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. P. Beckman, diamonds; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—The Fair; S. Ruehl, notions, toilet goods; H. A. Levy, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 225 5th Av.; Cumberland.
CHICAGO—Eiseman, Kay & Co.; M. Eiseman, novelties, leather goods; 18 West 33d.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; H. Nieman, stationery; Miss M. Durkin, women's neckwear; 470 4th Av.
CINCINNATI—Irwin Cloak Co.; Miss M. Isaacs, dresses; 404 4th Av.
CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; Miss A. Sundmacher, millinery; 350 B'way.
CINCINNATI—Louis Stix Co.; O. Steinwedel, notions, hosiery, gloves; 377 B'way.
COLORADO SPRINGS, Col.—Kaufmann & Co.; B. S. Kaufmann, coats, suits; 353 5th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ga.—J. A. Kirven Co.; J. D. Kirven, A. Kirven, millinery, infants', women's wear; 1,170 Broadway, Latham.
DALLAS, Texas—Titche, Goettinger Co.; S. Neumaier, hosiery, gloves, notions, laces; 1,150 B'way; Cumberland.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; Miss F. Spearman, jewelry; A. Beekman, hosiery, gloves; 19 East 24th.
DANVILLE, Ky.—Welch-Wiseman Co.; G. Wiseman, dry goods; 141 Madison Av.
DECATUR, Ill.—Wm. Gushard D. G. Co.; J. A. Keith, coats, suits, waists; 33 E. 23d.
DENVER, Col.—The Denver D. G. Co.; Miss D. Douglas, waists, house dresses, kimonas; Miss J. E. Wendel, infants', juniors' wear, cloaks, suits, dresses; 200 5th Av.
DENVER, Col.—The Denver D. G. Co.; Miss A. M. Wilson, millinery; 200 5th Av.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss L. Schull, waists; basement buyers: J. McConnal, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; Mr. Rosenthal, house dresses, aprons, petticoats, negligees; Mr. Spink, women's hosiery, knit underwear, gloves; C. H. Armstrong, men's, boys' furn. goods, boys' clothing; L. Brownhill, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; R. H. Merschel, girls', juniors' wear; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—I. J. Stotter, ready-to-wear; Cumberland.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—A. Schultz, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
FAIRMONT, W. Va.—J. M. Hartley & Son Co.; J. H. Round, hosiery, gloves, millinery; Miss Wilson, millinery; 1,270 B'way.
FINDLAY, Ohio—C. D. Levy, Fall coats; 37 West 26th.
FORT DODGE, Iowa—Tuercke Co.; L. Charon, coats, suits; 470 4th Av.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—Boston Store; H. Kaufman, coats, suits, infants' wear; 116 West 32d.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Tepper Bros.; S. Lieberman, women's ready-to-wear; Park Av.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Frank D. G. Co.; O. Lunkeman, linens; Park Av.
FORT WORTH, Texas—Monnig D. G. Co.; R. L. Mims, O. E. Wandry, linens, white goods, linings, cloaks, suits, waists, infants' wear, millinery; 1,150 B'way; Bristol.
FORT WORTH, Texas—L. G. Gilbert, coats, suits; Aberdeen.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—P. Steketer & Sons; E. G. Geiselman, waists, corsets, muslin underwear; E. H. Cody, dry goods; Breslin.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, Spring suits, jobs Fall cloth suits; 37 West 26th.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; H. H. Bowman, dry goods; 1,270 B'way. Hermitage.
HASTINGS, Neb.—Stein Bros. Co.; E. H. Stein, general mdse.; 1,133 B'way.
HAZLETON, Penn.—P. Delaroth's Sons; Miss Wear, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.
HOUSTON, Texas—W. C. Munn Co.; C. Reis, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; 1,150 B'way; Somerset.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Zenner, Bradshaw Co.; G. Bradshaw, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Havens & Geddes; H. Borgarding, flannels, blankets, draperies; 72 Leonard.
INDIANAPOLIS—I. E. Solomon & Co.; I. E. Solomon, clothing; 10 Astor Place.
KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird, Thayer D. G. Co.; Miss K. Kalterman, misses', juniors' wear; 25 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Burnham-Munger-Root D. G. Co.; H. W. Brown, shirtings, denims; 43 Leonard.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—John Taylor D. G. Co.; Miss N. Dunlap, infants' wear; 200 5th Av.
LAPORTE, Ind.—S. Fox & Sons; A. L. Osborne, dress goods; Great Northern.
LEBANON, Penn.—Samler; L. Samler, Spring coats, jobs Fall cloth suits; 37 West 28th.
LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine; G. Watkins, hosiery, neckwear, domestics; W. Mercer, furn. goods; 230 5th Av.
LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine; Mrs. A. L. Stover, dress trimmings; 230 5th Av.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gus Blass Co.; M. H. Benson, bargain basement; 1,150 B'way.
LOS ANGELES—Miss L. McBrewer, millinery; Holland House.
LOS ANGELES—B'way Department Store; G. E. Moore, coats, suits; 95 Madison Av.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufman, Strauss Co.; J. Clar, rugs; B. Marcus, domestics, blankets; Miss Schroeder, representing; 220 5th Av.
MACON, Ga.—Dannenberg Co.; G. Jones, knit underwear, ribbons; 1,133 B'way.
MEMPHIS—Bry, Block Merc. Co.; Mr. Lippnick, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods, basement; 470 4th Av.
MEMPHIS—B. Lowenstein & Bros.; Miss K. Markey, art linens; 225 5th Av.
MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld-Phillipson Co.; W. L. Rowse, muslin underwear; Mr. Voss, Miss Miller, millinery; 1,133 B'way.
MILWAUKEE—Ed Schuster Co.; C. Greenblatt, knit goods, underwear; 404 4th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; W. C. M. Pyke, laces, neckwear, veilings, gloves; Miss Wohl, ribbons; 2 West 37th.
MINNEAPOLIS—Young, Quinlan Co.; Miss N. Clair, misses', children's wear; 220 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Leader Merc. Co.; H. M. Higgins, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. S. Knowles D. G. Co.; Mrs. A. Duff, millinery; Aberdeen.
MONTROSE, Col.—A. M. Harris; Mrs. A. M. Harris, ready-to-wear, millinery; 25 West 33d.
NASHVILLE—Brooks, Alford & Averbush; I. Alford, coats, suits, silk dresses; B'way Central.
NORFOLK, Va.—L. Frieden, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell Co.; A. F. Zoellner, domestics; 116 W. 32d.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Kahn Bros.; F. S. Betton, women's hats; 118 W. 32d.
OGDEN, Utah—J. Scowcraft & Sons Co.; W. Douglas, notions; 256 Church.
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—A. Rosenthal, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
OWENSBORO, Ky.—McAtee, Lyddane & Ray; L. D. Ray, Miss Weckcliffe, Miss Griffith, ladies' ready-to-wear; 141 Madison Av.
PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Lynch & Murphy; J. H. Durgin, women's ready-to-wear; York.
PENDLETON, Ore.—Peoples Warehouse Co.; Mrs. J. Cruchten, ladies' ready-to-wear, corsets; Prince George.
PITTSTON, Penn.—Pittston D. G. Co.; Mr. Samuels, job Fall suits; 37 West 26th.
PORTLAND, Ore.—S. Nemiro, coats, suits, dresses; Seville.
PORTLAND, Ore.—S. Menriro, coats, suits, dresses; Seville.
PUEBLO, Col.—Crews, Beggs D. G. Co.; L. H. Van Arsdale, ladies' underwear, infants' wear, hosiery; 230 5th Av.
PUEBLO, Col.—Pueblo Store Co.; A. C. Jones, coats, suits, waists; 220 5th Av., Navarre.
PUEBLO, Col.—S. Bernheim, dry goods; Flanders.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—"Nusbaum's"; L. Nusbaum, silks, georgette waists; Breslin.
ROCK ISLAND, Ill.—L. S. McCabe & Co.; Miss F. B. Rendle, ready-to-wear; Knickerbocker.
SACRAMENTO, Cal.—Weinstock, Lubin & Co.; Miss Miller, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 220 5th Av.
SALINA, Kan.—Steifel Bros. & Co.; M. Steifel, general mdse.; Breslin.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Walker Bros. D. G. Co.; Miss L. Morris, millinery; 141 Madison Av.
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Auerbach Co.; M. J. Friedman, dress goods, silks, cloaks; Miss B. Dewey, waists; 123 East 24th.
SANDUSKY, Ohio—Kugel Bros.; B. Kugel, gen'l mdse.; Holley.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; I. Whitehill, men's furn. goods; C. W. Steines, mdse. mgr.; Miss M. Barrett, muslin underwear; 225 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—L. L. Mayer, general mdse.; Broztell.
SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; W. Fleming, infants' wear, umbrellas, parasols; 114 5th Av.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; J. W. Loane, shoes; 404 4th Av.
SEATTLE—The Bon Marche; Mrs. Graves, blouses, petticoats; 225 5th Av.
SHREVEPORT, La.—Hearne D. G. Co.; G. M. Hearne, house furn. goods; 1,150 B'way; Herald Square.
SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Netter-Ullman Mercantile Co.; M. Netter, notions, women's ready-to-wear; Claridge.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Townsend, Wyatt & Wall D. G. Co.; T. R. Wall, general mdse.; 1,261 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss E. Borok, E. G. Samish, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro.; Miss A. Fox, infants' wear, aprons; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Golluber Millinery Co.; J. Golluber, millinery; 97 Bleecker.
ST. LOUIS—Ferguson-McKinney Mfg. Co.; F. Ferguson, representing; 320 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; M. W. Eckert, silks; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—L. Herzog & Bro. D. G. Co.; C. M. Steinman, women's, men's sweater coats; 874 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; T. D. Page, basement, suits; 37 W. 26th.
ST. PAUL—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; R. Warner, sweaters, gloves; 350 B'way.
TACOMA, Wash.—People's Store Co.; F. T. Berk, domestics, linens, wash goods; C. L. Hufford, ready-to-wear; S. Crutchfield, fancy goods, laces, ribbons; H. C. Ford, men's furn. goods; 23 East 26th.
TEXARKANA, Ark.—B. T. Smith D. G. Co.; B. T. Smith, Spring coats, suits; 817 Broadway; 5th floor.
TOLEDO—Hugo Stein Cloak Co.; Miss S. Goldberg, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; Miss M. Rechte, infants' wear, undermuslins; Miss M. E. Le Hue, women's coats, suits, dresses, furs; G. E. Toole, ready-to-wear; J. E. Garrison, drugs, toilet, leather goods, jewelry, silverware, books, stationery; R. M. A. Williams, men's furn. goods, umbrellas, knit underwear; Miss D. F. Lewen, waists, petticoats, kimonos, dresses; Miss R. Jenssen, millinery; F. A. Gerdes, domestics, linens, white goods; T. F. Steinmetz, ribbons, neckwear, hdkfs, trimmings; 116 West 32d.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; Nathan Goodman, boys', children's clothing; 1,140 Broadway.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; J. D. Furlong, silks; 432 4th Av.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; B. T. Shuman, ready-to-wear; Holland House.
WILKES-BARRE.—Habeden & Co.; Miss Cohen, Spring dresses, coats, skirts; 1,193 B'way.

OPEN TRADE WITH SWISS.

Licenses Freely Granted for Many Commodities Now.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Switzerland's lack of typewriters and duplicating machines, one of the penalties imposed upon her by commercial stringencies of war time, will soon be satisfied.

A new list of commodities for which export license to Switzerland will be freely granted was today announced by the War Trade Board. In addition to those machines other items on this new free list for Switzerland are photographic goods, (not including chemicals,) and many essential drugs, commodities which Switzerland has been in special need of.

Export licenses for shipments small in valuation of all commodities including foodstuffs, will also be freely granted, it was stated.

Personal effects, household goods, and other articles the shipment of which is not a part of any commercial transaction will also be licensed freely for export.

Moreover, shippers in this country will find their procedure greatly simplified by the fact that it is no longer necessary to consign shipments of commodities on this new free list to the Societe Suisse de Surveillance.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Forecast:

N. C., Ga., and Fla.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; mild temp.

Ala.—Fair Mon.; Tues. increasing cloudiness, probably followed by rain; mild temp.

Miss.—Partly cloudy Mon.; Tues. probably rain; mild temp.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably rain; mild temp.

Ind., Ohio, and Mich.—Fair Mon. and probable Tues.; mild temp.

Herman's special $7.90 coat and $7.90 suit are two typical big Herman values. You should see every number in the line—from the very first model to the very last, there's VALUE.

HERMAN CLOAK Co
The Big Popular Priced Coat & Suit House
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Goods of every description are being offered to us for sale and we can save you money and time. Let us know what you are in the market for. We specialize in woolens, dress goods, notions, cottons, alpacas, caps, overalls, skirtings, raincoats (for men, women, boys and girls), ladies' coats, waists and suits; also machinery, tools, construction material and supplies. Get in touch with us.

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J. L. HUDSON & CO., DETROIT, MICH.
Basement Buyers, in market Monday, January 27th to 30th, to buy merchandise for Anniversary Sale, as follows:

Muslin underwear, corsets and infants' wear—Mr. McConnal.

House dresses, aprons, petticoats and negligees—Mr. Rosenthal.

Women's hosiery, knit underwear and gloves—Mr. Spink.

Men's and boys' furnishings and boys' clothing—Mr. Armstrong.

Coats, suits, dresses and skirts—Mr. Brownhill.

Girls' and juniors' wear—Mr. Merscher.

OFFICE ASSOCIATED MERCHANDISE CORP., 225 Fifth Avenue.

Mack Ehrey
GOWNS and BLOUSES
Original Creations
New Models—
Continuous, exclusive, decidedly different. For your exacting trade, see Our Spring Line.
315 5th Ave. (at 32nd St.) N. Y.

Mr. Buyer
If you are interested
IN THE BEST SUITS TO RETAIL AT $25
CALL AND SEE US.
PINAS & KIMMEL
CLOAKS. 35 West 35th St. SUITS

The Military Rendezvous
Campaign Ribbon Bars
Every issue known. Immediate delivery. Single, double, triple, quadruple. Catering to wholesalers and large retailers.
EMDEL NOVELTY MFG. CO.
621 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1904 Spring.

Business

Offers on the Business Page of The New York Times are scanned eagerly every morning by thousands of persons interested.—Advt.

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DRESSES
On Account of Moving to Our
NEW QUARTERS AT
48 TO 54 WEST 25TH ST.
We are closing out our Entire Stock of Serge, Satin, Georgette, Taffeta EVENING and PARTY DRESSES. Call at our old address.
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Puritan Underwear Manufacturing Co.,
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30% SAVING ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS
Compare These Prices
MAZDA STYLE TUNGSTEN LAMPS
Edison's Price .35 Our Price .23
.40 .28
.85 .60
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Edison's Price Our Price
.70 .49
1.10 .77
1.65 1.13
2.20 1.54
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LABOR COSTS SOLE BAR TO BUILDING

Contractors, Refusing to Compete, Say Owners Complain of New Wage Scales.

EVEN GOVERNMENT BALKS

Peace-Time Construction Program on Post Offices Stops as Appropriations Wither.

While the United States Government is urging a general resumption of building construction to absorb the incoming fighters its own peace-time construction program has been brought to a standstill by the high cost of labor.

In New York and vicinity, with weather conditions during the entire Winter ideal for continuous construction work, contract awards are at present barely 10 per cent. of what they were in the year 1912, and most of these are on building operations of a specialized type like necessary commercial or industrial construction or institutional building.

During the month of January the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department has advertised for and received bids for the construction of forty Post Office buildings throughout the country. In every case the lowest bids have run from 10 to 80 per cent. over the amount available for the work, and the largest item in this excess construction cost is labor.

The appropriations for these buildings were, of course, made before the war. It is therefore impossible for the Treasury Department to award contracts at this time without immediate relief from Congress in the form of additional appropriations.

To meet this emergency the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds has now under consideration the facts as submitted by the Secretary of the Treasury, recommending that the additional appropriations necessary to carry on the work be made as soon as possible, but the prospects are not good for barely a fair percentage of these building operations to proceed if present costs of labor and other items prevail above the 1918 schedules.

Contractors who have estimated on these public improvements as well as thousands of privately operated building projects say that in making their estimates they have had to figure in wage scales of from 10 to 30 per cent. above those operative last year. When the owners received these figures they rejected them except in cases where the most urgent construction was demanded regardless of cost with the complaint that they could not figure a profit on their projects if costs advanced any higher.

In nearly every line of building materials reductions have been made, to meet the owner half way according to the Dow Service Daily Building Report. The same applies to practically all of the building equipment lines, but still there is nothing like the volume of construction moving to award of contract for spring construction that is represented by projects reported as being ready to proceed if the price can be made right.

In the week just closed there were in the metropolitan district of New York 207 building operations reported for figures and only thirty-five contracts were awarded. Practically the entire remainder were withdrawn because of excessive cost, largely represented by wages, or were indefinitely deferred.

For the first time in as many years as can be remembered building contractors are refusing to compete on jobs in the face of a potential building construction movement that is limitless as to size. The owners, on the other hand, say that there is no way in which they can go ahead with building construction plans, if construction costs are such as to make it necessary to further inflate rents.

This Spring will probably witness the peak of the high rent era if construction costs can be reduced so as to permit building construction to proceed, thereby relieving the dearth of dwellings, commercial and industrial space that make it possible for rents to be high. Even in the most unfavored sections of Manhattan, rents of all kinds are being arbitrarily advanced because of the certainty that the underconstructed market does not afford tenants opportunity to move to other quarters with profit.

The artisan who complains of high cost of living, therefore, cannot hope to effect a change in the conditions he complains of until he provides the way for increasing the supply of rentable space.

Careful computation of current construction work contemplated and that which is likely to proceed between now and the opening of the building season puts the total at only a little above 20 per cent. of normal, accepting 1912 as a normal year.

This volume will be principally that of old buildings that are being bought up rapidly and are being remodeled at comparatively small cost to reap the benefit of the era of high rents, not only in New York but in the suburbs.

On the other hand, if the labor market can be stabilized so that the 1918 wage scales can be figured on for the immediate future, there will be such a demand for new construction as to strain the capacity of building material manufacturers to meet it.

PLAN FOR ROOSEVELT PARK.

William Loeb Would Have Memorial the Gift of the Whole Country.

The Roosevelt Memorial Park in Oyster Bay will be one of the most beautiful in this part of the country it is expected. Scores of landscape artists have offered their services to William Loeb, President of the Memorial Committee. The site of the park is near the railroad station, fronting the bay, and comprises about eighteen acres. Mr. Loeb and John F. Bermingham, Vice President of the organization have decided to make the purchase of the park a national movement. Hundreds of letters have been received promising contributions.

Mr. Loeb said yesterday that he would undoubtedly ask some prominent man in each State to act as Treasurer to receive funds from the State. In many States the Republican organizations have offered their assistance in raising contributions. Letters containing small amounts of money have ben received already from persons who are giving their mite for a memorial of "America's greatest man." The proposed park was greatly favored by Colonel Roosevelt. The park as planned will have an athletic field, stadium, and bathing beach.

The People's Social Service League, 271 East Seventh Street, at a memorial meeting held yesterday afternoon, unanimously adopted a plan which proposes that a suitable statue of Colonel Roosevelt be erected on Ellis Island near the Statue of Liberty, as a mark of appreciation of the league, which represents all organizations of the east side, for the man who opposed stringent emigration laws. It was decided that appeals be sent to all emigrant organizations for funds to erect such a statue.

TELLS OF JAIL LIFE.

Evan Thomas Makes a Plea for Conscientious Objectors.

Charging that the military prisons in the United States constitute moral menace and that the punishment known as solitary confinement is particularly bad in its effect on the prisoners, Evan Thomas, one of the conscientious objectors recently released from the Federal Military Prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., told the members of the National Civil Liberties Association at a meeting in the McAlpin yesterday afternoon that he could never have believed some of the things he saw at the prison had he not been there. He supplemented his talk with a plea for the release of some 200 conscientious objectors still in the prison. Unanimous resolutions were passed asking Secretary of War Baker to free the men.

The speaker found no fault with the prison itself, declaring that it was a model of cleanliness, nor with the officials at Fort Leavenworth, who, he said, were the product of ideas originating at West Point. The word order was paramount with them, he said, and they were determined to brook no interference.

"It is the system under which Leavenworth and other military prisons are conducted that I criticise," he said. "It is impossible for a man to emerge from them a better man."

To Fight Bolshevism Here.

The Independent Order Free Sons of Israel announced yesterday the inauguration of a campaign against bolshevism which will include agitation for legislation, to eliminate immigration of persons whose devotion to American ideals and institutions is doubtful. Starting in Free Sons Hall, 21 West 124th Street, on Feb. 3 next, the Order will hold a series of eight lectures to educate the public on the subject. It also plans mass meetings under the auspices of its eighty subordinate lodges throughout the country.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The storm that was over the northeast portion of the Gulf of Mexico Saturday night moved rapidly northeastward and has disappeared over the Atlantic Ocean. During the last twenty-four hours it was attended by general rains in the East Gulf and South Atlantic States and on the Middle Atlantic Coast.

Relatively high pressure now prevails over practically all parts of the country. The prolonged period of warm weather continues over practically all parts of the United States, the excess in temperature being pronounced over all Northern States east of the Rocky Mountains.

The outlook is for fair weather and mild temperature over the States east of the Mississippi during Monday and Tuesday.

Winds for Monday and Tuesday—North Atlantic: Fresh west and fair weather.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Monday and Tuesday; moderate temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Monday fair. Tuesday fair; mild temperature.

Western New York—Fair Monday and probably Tuesday; mild temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	36	39	4 P. M.	23	50
6 A. M.	20	35	6 P. M.	21	48
9 A. M.	26	37	9 P. M.	23	42
12 M.	24	39	11 P. M.	20	41

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 44; for the corresponding date last year it was 23; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 39; at 8 P. M. it was 43. Maximum temperature, 51 degrees at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 36 degrees at 8:30 A. M. Humidity, 71 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 67 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.77 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.80 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M. Loss.
12:20—634 1st Av.; not given......Not given
1:00—220 E. 67 St.; J. Viordinoi..Not given
P.M.
12:05—242 E. 121 St.; Ida Mersder.....Slight
12:40—33 Beekman St.; rubbish........None
1:15—116 E. 119 St.; not given.........None
2:35—1,810 1st Av.; not given..........None
5:36—66 E. 112 St.; not given..........Slight
6:20—125 1st St.; B. Malman...........$2,000
6:40—1,361 Boston Rd., Bronx; J. Junz.Slight
7:00—547 Brook Av., Bronx; J. Altman.Slight
7:25—810 E. 152 St.; Standard Oil Clothing Co...........Slight
8:05—342 E. 110 St.; Tobacco Dambo..Slight
8:30—756 10 Av.; S. Smilow............Slight
9:00—57 Chambers St.; U. S. Ry. Con. Ticket Office..........Slight
1:45—274 W. 143 St.; F. Meyer........Slight

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—George Gilchrist, Frank E. Bliss and Edward B. Swinney, co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of Gilchrist, Bliss & Company, Plaintiffs, against Joseph H. Godwin, Jr., Thomas Patten, Thomas G. Patten, Walter R. Patten, Annie S. Patten, William Lustgarten & Company, Inc., Realty Redemption Company of New York, William B. Wolffe, Thomas A. Lynch, James B. Patten, The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New York, The City of New York, The Tax Lien Company of New York, also all persons unknown to plaintiffs claiming or who may claim to have an interest in or general or specific lien upon the real property described in the complaint in this action through or under the above named defendants, such unknown persons being herein generally described and being intended to be included in the following designations, viz:—the wives, widows, husbands, descendants, heirs-at-law, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors, trustees, committees, executors, grantees, lienors, assignees, of next of kin of the said named defendants of any person of persons deriving any interest in of lien upon of title to the said real property, through or from them or any of them and their respective husbands, wives, widows and widowers, if any, and Charles O'Connor Hennessy, Trustee of the Tax Lien Company of New York, Bankrupt, Defendants.—Summons.—Lien No. 5365.

To the above named defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorney within 20 days after the service of this summons exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, January 14th, 1918.

WILLIAM M. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Plaintiffs, Office & P. O. Address, No. 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To the defendants, Joseph H. Godwin, Jr., Thomas Patten, Walter R. Patten, Annie S. Patten, James B. Patten and William B. Wolffe, and all persons unknown to plaintiffs claiming or who may claim to have an interest in or general o specific lien upon the real property described in the complaint in this action through or under the above named defendants, such unknown persons being herein generally described and being intended to include in the following designations, viz:—the wives, widows, husbands, descendants, heirs-at-law, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors, trustees, committees, executors, grantees, lienors, assignees, or next of kin of the said named defendants or of any person or persons deriving any interest in or lien upon or title to the said real property, through or from them or any of them and their respective husbands, wives, widows and widowers, if any: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Eugene A. Philbin, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 14th day of December, 1918, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated New York, December 20th, 1918.

WILLIAM M. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Plaintiffs. Office and P. O. Address, No. 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS' SALES CO., INC., Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 26529.

It appearing to my satisfaction from the petition of Edward P. Sobel, verified the 22nd day of January, 1919, that a petition was filed in this court on the 17th day of January, 1919, praying that the above named, AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS' SALES CO., INC., be adjudged a Bankrupt and that a subpoena directed to the said alleged Bankrupt was duly issued out of this Court to the Marshal of this District and that the said Marshal has been unable to serve the same upon the alleged Bankrupt and that said alleged Bankrupt is not within this District now, nor are any of its officers now within this District so that personal service may be made upon it, and that diligent efforts have since been made to ascertain the whereabouts of the said alleged Bankrupt and that it is not now within the jurisdiction of this Court; it is now, on motion of Edward P. Sobel, attorney for the petitioning creditors,

Ordered, that the above named alleged Bankrupt plead or answer on or before the 10th day of February, 1919, to the petition herein filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court on the 17th day of January, 1919, and in case of its failure to plead or answer thereto, adjudication shall be made against it according to the prayer of said petition; and it is further

Ordered, that this Order be published in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 24th day of January, 1919, and that a copy of this Order be mailed to the said alleged Bankrupt at its last known place of business, to wit: No. 250 West 69th Street, in the City of New York, on or before the day of the first publication, and that another copy of this Order be mailed to Thomas H. Keogh, at No. 52 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the day of the first publication.

Dated, New York, January 22nd, 1919.

J. M. MAYER, District Judge.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26538.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES A. DOELGER, individually and as a member of the firm of JOSEPH DOELGER'S SONS, Bankrupt.

Charles A. Doelger, individually and as a member of the firm of Joseph Doelger's Sons, was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 21st, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on February 6th, 1919, at 11:00 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26534.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES M. PATTERSON, Bankrupt.

Charles M. Patterson was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 21st, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 6th, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

PARAMOUNT.

To buy or sell real estate experience teaches that there is no medium to approach The New York Times. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises.......7:12 | Sun sets.........5:06

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:50	4:16	10:29	10:28
Governors Island	4:42	5:06	11:18	11:17
Hell Gate	6:06	6:52	0:40	1:24

Arrived—Sunday, Jan. 26.

SS Carolia, Brest, Jan. 17.
SS Rhesus, London, Jan. 16.
SS Willesden, Gibraltar, Jan. 6.
SS Zulia, Mayaguez, Jan. 21.
SS Parima, St. Thomas, Jan. 20.
SS Ile de Panay, Havana, Jan. 22.
SS Honduras, Limon, Jan. 18.
SS Brilliant, Tampico, Jan. 14.
SS Mojave, Colon, Jan. 18.
SS Lucilline, Plymouth, Jan. 5.
SS Ottar, Caibarien, Jan. 20.
SS Corienta, San Juan, Jan. 23.
SS Lake Mansanilo, Jan. 22.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Suffolk..............St. Nazaire....Jan. 6
Hampden..............Bordeaux.......Jan. 7
Minnesota............Gibraltar......Jan. 10
Ice King.............St. Nazaire....Jan. 10
Gatesburg............Nantes.........Jan. 10
Montserrat...........Cadiz..........Jan. 9
West Galeta..........Bordeaux.......Jan. 12
Sioux................La Pallice.....Jan. 10

DUE TOMORROW.

Plattsburg...........Southampton....Jan. 20
Lorraine.............Bordeaux.......Jan. 19

DUE WEDNESDAY.

France...............Brest..........Jan. 23
Mongolia.............Brest..........Jan. 20
Martha Washington....Brest..........Jan. 19
Communipaw...........Brixham........Jan. 8

DUE THURSDAY.

Minnekahda...........London.........Jan. 20
British Star.........London.........Jan. 14

DUE FRIDAY.

Natal................Barry..........Jan. 17
Polar Land...........Bordeaux.......Jan. 15

DUE SATURDAY.

Adriatic.............Brest..........Jan. 24
Palermo..............London.........Jan. 14
Mississippi..........Havre..........Jan. 14
Hellig Olav..........Christiansand..Jan. 18

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
G. Washington, Brest	——	3:00 P.M.
Sierra, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Pueblo, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Saga, Bahia	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

De Kalb, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Marival, Trinidad	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Talisman, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Owego, Lisbon	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Manchuria, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
U. S. H. S. Comfort, Brest	——	10:00 A.M.
Cretic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
West Ekonk, Genoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Purus, Rio Janeiro	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Honduras, Kingston	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
I. D. S. Adolph, St. Johns, N. F.	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Zulia, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 A.M.
Tyr, Barbados	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Caronia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gullfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Chicago, Bordeaux	8:30 A.M.	——
Giuseppe Verdi, Genoa	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Concho, San Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sosua, Cartagena	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Anatitta, Kingston	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Connersville, Martinique	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS United States, at Copenhagen, Jan. 23.
SS Eastern Sea, at La Rochelle, Jan. 22.
SS Malden, at St. Nazaire, Jan. 22.
SS Vulcano, at Genoa, Jan. 22.
SS Ryndam, at Brest, Jan. 22.

Sailed.

SS Adriatic, from Brest, Jan. 22.
SS Viken, from Cardiff, Jan. 24.
SS Tricolor, from Barry, Jan. 23.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M., Jan. 29, SS Cretic, and 7 A. M., Jan. 31, SS Caronia.
France—Sailings uncertain.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Jan. 29, SS West Ekonk, and at 9 A. M. Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.
Gibraltar—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.
Portugal—Close at 7:30 A. M. Jan. 27, SS Owego.
Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain; Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Samoan Islands, Austria, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura.......Jan. 30
Philippine Islands, Austria, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline........Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via Seattle)—SS Mexico Maru..........Feb. 1
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Venezuela..........Feb. 3
Fiji, Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura..........Feb. 7
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer..........Jan. 30
Caronia..........Jan. 31
Saxonia..........Feb. 12
Carmania..........Feb. 17
Royal George..........Feb. 22
Orduna..........Feb. 26
Caronia..........March 3
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL
Prinses Juliana..........Feb. 5
HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL
AQUITANIA..........FEB. 1
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia..........Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Adriatic....Feb. 8 | Baltic....Feb. 15
And Regularly Thereafter.
NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic..........Feb. 22
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7350.

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WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing March 15, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts. 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South, Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.16 to $3.35.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M. Phone Spring 9491.

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Learn Mechanical Drafting. We qualify you rapidly for a good position. Day or night classes. Individual instructions. Fill in coupon and mail now, or call.
East Side Branch Lenox 6051 | Y. M. C. A. 157 East 86th Street New York
Please send more information on your Mechanical Drafting Courses.
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Address ....

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Opening Lecture
Wednesday, Jan. 29, 8 P. M.
You are invited to attend this lecture without obligation. Write, or telephone Cortlandt 1465, for further information.
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New York—72 Park Av., bet. 38-39th Sts.
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TEL. VAND. 4960. Est. 1884.

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College & Regents Exams. 39th year. Moderate Fees. Also West Point and Annapolis.
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Tel. Col. 4684. 913-915 8th Ave.
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OPEN DAILY, 10 A. M. TO 11 P. M.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that the Greenwood Lake Transportation Company, owner of the steamship "Arlington," has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury occasioned by an alleged storm occurring on September 8th, 1916. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury, must prove their claims before Edward L. Owen, Esq., Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 17th day of March, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—FRANK POEL et al. against steamship "PURUS," her engines, &c.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for cargo damage $15,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on February 3, 1919, in United States Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default, and condemnation will be ordered.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal, Southern District New York.
HARRINGTON, BIGHAM & ENGLAR, Proctor for Libellant.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1185 Wh. Plains.

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HOSPITALITY in the truest sense of the word, is the guiding star of Atlantic City. It meets you everywhere—on the spacious, sunny Boardwalk, the "Great White Way" of the ocean shore, on the Piers and in the Theatres, on the Golf Links, on those clean, attractive streets, and in any of those wonderful hotels, complete with every luxury, convenience and comfort.
Delightful Winter Climate. Strength-giving Ozone. Horseback Riding. Rolling Chairs. Motoring. Indoor Sea Bathing.
The Leading Houses Are Always Open and will gladly furnish full information, rates, etc. upon request (Hotels are all American Plan unless otherwise noted)
Marlborough-Blenheim, American and European Plans, Josiah White & Sons Co.
The Shelburne, European Plan, Re-opens Feb. 1, J. Weikel, Mgr.
Hotel Chelsea, J. B. Thompson & Co.
Hotel Dennis, Walter J. Buzby
Hotel Strand, F. B. Off and H. C. Edwards
Galen Hall, Hotel & Sanitarium, Galen Hall Co.
Hotel St. Charles, Wm. A. Leech, Mgr.
Seaside House, F. P. Cook's Sons
The Holmhurst, A. H. Darnell
The Wiltshire, Re-opens about Feb 15, Samuel Ellis
For information and schedule of convenient railroad facilities, consult local ticket agents

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The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Winter and early Spring Seasons. Luxurious lobbies and beautifully furnished Sun Parlors thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales and evening concerts. Garage.
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HOTEL AND COTTAGES
on the beach ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
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"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
Health is Efficiency
A Germicide Climate and Clean Streets. No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments.
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On the ocean front
Capacity 600. Always open
Sea water in all baths. Orchestra
THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL

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"Just the Place"
for rest, recreation and health. Fine all-year-round climate. Splendid mountain roads. Free Garage. Electric and movement treatment when desired. Resident physician and nurses. 4 hours from New York. Express service. Always open. Ownership management. Est. 45 years.

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Tropical; surf bathing at 75 degrees; fine hotels. Write Chamber of Commerce for booklet.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Burlington Hotel
431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00
WASHINGTON, D. C.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the UNITED STATES demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 550 Cases, each containing 48 cans of alleged Condensed Skimmed Milk.

Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 3d, 1919, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated January 20, 1919.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
FRANCIS G. CAFFEY, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, owner of the lighter "Ilion," has filed its petition for limitation of liabilities for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on the 14th day of December, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, Thirty-one and 67-100 ($31.67) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before Edward L. Owen, Esq., Commissioner, at No. 69 Wall Street, New York City, on or before the 7th day of April, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District New York.—OVERSEAS SHIPPING CO., INC., against schooner "BLUE PETER," her tackle, &c.—Notice: I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause, civil and maritime, for contract $434.80. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on February 3, 1919, in United States Court House and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default, and condemnation will be ordered.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal, Southern District New York.
BALDWIN & CURTIS, Proctor for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that the Lehigh Valley Transportation Company, owner of the steam tug "Mahanoy," has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage or injury from said vessel on the 26th day of February, 1918. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, $80,892.19. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Henry W. Goodrich, Commissioner, at 49 Wall Street, New York City, on or before February 24 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Office equipment, showroom partitions, and rug for sale. Call Monday at 2 P. M., 9th floor, 80 West 20th.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

Exquisite furniture, comprising bedroom and dining room suite, also kitchen utensils; will sacrifice, owner going Japan. R 685 Times Downtown.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, three months, $6.
Visible, three months, $7.50 and up.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Government Sales.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT OWNED SHEARLINGS.

The Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, 19th & B Streets, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Shearlings which were bought by the Government for the purpose of entering into the manufacture of army equipment such as coat liners, boots, jerkins, saddles, etc. Grades offered are Rock Island selection natural color for saddle linings, Rock Island selection black, Quartermaster selection natural color for saddle linings, Aviation No. 1 clipped and combed, Aviation No. 1 natural color, Aviation No. 1 black, Aviation No. 2 natural color, Aviation No. 2 black, Clippers, Rejects, Tear-offs and pieces. Shearlings can be inspected at any of the Zone Supply Offices in the following named cities: 461 8th Ave., New York, N. Y.; 108 Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass.; 1819 West 39th St., Chicago, Ill.; and Jeffersonville, Ind. Bids must be made in triplicate on special form in time to reach Washington, D. C., A. M. February 24, 1919. Full particulars and forms for submitting bids may be obtained upon application to Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th & B Streets, Wash., D. C., Ref. S. P. D., No. 260, C. E.

CAMP SEVIER, SOUTH CAROLINA, TO BE SALVAGED OR SOLD FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT; 2,000 ACRES LAND UNDER OPTION; APPROXIMATELY 500 FRAME STRUCTURES; ON MAIN LINE OF SOUTHERN RAILWAY; CENTRE OF COTTON MILL DISTRICT; LIGHTS, WATER AND SEWERS COMPLETE; ADMIRABLE OPPORTUNITY FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT. ADDRESS CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER, CAMP SEVIER, S. C.

SALE OF WOOD CHARCOAL.

MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 WEST FORTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 800 tons of wood charcoal now located at Astoria, N. Y. Bids made on form M.D. 9, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M. February 8, 1919.

SALE OF RUBBER CEMENT.

Material Disposition Section, Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.

Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 780 gallons of rubber cement packed in 30-gallon drums. Bids made on forms M. D. 8, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Feb. 8, 1919.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26378.—In Bankruptcy.—PAN AMERICAN MUNITIONS CORPORATION, Bankrupt.

Pan American Munitions Corporation was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 6th, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 6th, 1919, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26518.—In Bankruptcy.—BELL TALKING MACHINE CORP., Bankrupt.

Bell Talking Machine Corp. was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 21st, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on February 6th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26531.—In Bankruptcy.—ABRAHAM L. ULLNICK, Bankrupt.

Abraham L. Ullnick was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 17th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on February 6th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MAGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26517.—In Bankruptcy.—SAMUEL MAUTNER, Bankrupt.

Samuel Mautner was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 14th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on February 6th, 1919, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

MAGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26512.—In Bankruptcy.—COLEMAN R. CHAMBERLIN, Bankrupt.

Coleman R. Chamberlin was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 23d, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 6th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No 26492.—In Bankruptcy.—ARTHUR LEVY, Bankrupt.

Arthur Levy was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 17th, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, City of New York, on February 6th, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Messrs. Max Berci and Oscar Berci are no longer connected with me in any business capacity and they have no authority to represent me in any matter. Peter Doelger.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NO CAPITAL NEEDED.

A corporation (10 years' standing) dealing in roasted coffees and teas, needing expansion, desires to meet party in same line, to consolidate for mutual benefit; references exchanged; communications strictly confidential. Address COFFEE, care R. C. Stewart & Co., 119 Front St., New York.

On account of health, want to sell interest in metal corporation; wonderful opportunity to man able to manage business; no attention paid to brokers. H 91 Times.

OIL ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES.—Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. K 359 Times.

Wish to lease for few years, apartment house or small hotel. B 111 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

Woolens, young man, aggressive, thoroughly experienced buying and selling men's woolens, with established business, wants partner to invest $7,000-$10,000, with or without services. Energetic, 250 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-INCOME TAX.

Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, reports, statements; investigations; books opened, closed, systematized; moderate. Pace & Endriss, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIR SHOP.

Attractive proposition for a first-class managing mechanic, capable of overhauling and rebuilding finest types of pleasure cars; requires five to ten thousand dollars. H 432 Times Downtown.

Manager wanted to purchase interest in attractive proposition; established 3 years; $1,000-$2,000; investment necessary. A 240 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

CUBA.—Firm with good commercial connections throughout this island wants to represent manufacturers of suitable articles for this market; preference will be given to makers of novelties that may prove to be easy sellers. Apply to Cristobal Luque, 76 Cuba St., Havana, Cuba.

Exporter wants representation in France, Belgium, and the Scandinavian countries; big opportunity for men knowing the wearing apparel and foodstuff, dye, and chemical trades; commission. R 585 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

GARAGE.

Finest in the city, capacity 175; highest storage rates; only high-class and responsible investors with means will be considered; a fine opportunity for some one capable of managing a first class proposition. H 431 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE.

A commercial stationery store and printing establishment in a downtown section; established for over 12 years and doing a good business; reason, going another line. X 349 Times Annex.

ESTABLISHED MILLINERY BUSINESS, WHOLESALE, RETAIL, EXCELLENT LOCATION, NEAR 5TH AV., STOCK, FIXTURES, GOOD WILL, MUST DISPOSE AT ONCE. A 241 TIMES.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Hercule B. Camber resigned as President and Director of Camber Jewelry Corporation.

AGENTS WANTED.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LIBERAL COMMISSION to export agents; standard motor truck; immediate delivery for export trade. For interview address K 288 Times.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of VIBRO-SONO CO., INC., bankrupt.—No. 26131.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certain personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Peter B. Olney, Jr., the Trustee herein, at public auction under the rules and practices of this Court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at the premises of the auctioneer, No. 539 Broadway, New York City, on February 10th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold is as follows: All the right, title and interest of the bankrupt in and to certain tools, jigs, and dies, and patents and patent applications, etc., nil as used by the bankrupt in its business as manufacturers and distributors of Sound Instruments.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.

New York, January 24th, 1919.

PETER B. OLNEY, Jr., Trustee.
80 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IRVING GURFINKEL and SAMUEL MEISTER, individually and as copartners trading as GURFINKEL & MEISTER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, January 27, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 37 Maiden Lane, (8th floor,) Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of loose diamonds, gold and plated jewelry of every description, safe, fixtures, &c. MARCUS HELFAND, Receiver.
KLEINER & KLEINER, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.
Above sale adjourned until Monday, February 3, 1919, same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN M. MACKLER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells February 3, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1630 St. Nicholas Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, muffs, scarfs, skins, machinery, fixtures, etc. HUGO LEVY, Receiver.
SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

Auctions.

AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE
ON THE PREMISES
of the Exquisite
PAINTINGS, FURNISHINGS & EMBELLISHMENTS
CONTAINED IN THE SPACIOUS RESIDENCE OF
MRS. JENNY C. BRADLEY,
319 West 74th St., N. Y. City,
COMPRISING
Beautiful Examples by Inness, Troyon, Homer Martin, Wyant, Schreyer, Ranger, Dangerfield & others. Furniture for the Bedroom, Library, Dining Room, Music & Reception Room; Oriental Carpets and Rugs, Andirons, Modern & Period Bronzes by Remington, Barye & other Sculptors of Note. Rare Chinese Porcelains, Tiffany Chime Clock & Clock Sets, Silver, Sadler Engravings, Books, Floor & Table Lamps, Steinway Baby Grand Piano, and an exquisite Louis XIV. Aubusson Tapestry Reception Suit.
TO BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE
ON THE PREMISES
Thursday & Friday, Jan. 30th & 31st, at 11 A. M.
ON FREE VIEW TODAY (MONDAY), TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, Jan. 27th, 28th & 29th.
CATALOGUE MAILED UPON REQUEST.
ROBT. C. GRAHAM, Auctioneer. OFFICES AND GALLERIES 924-926 Broadway, Below 22d Street.

Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell, Auct'rs,
470 BROOME ST., NEW YORK CITY
[illegible] SALE OF THE SEASON
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 29, 1919,
[illegible] AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.
ON A CREDIT OF FOUR MONTHS,
FOR [illegible] AGENTS AND OTHERS,
OVER 1,000 PIECES
PLAIN AND FANCY
Dress Goods, Suitings and Coatings,
[illegible] Poplins, Gabardines, Cheviots, [illegible] Jersey Cloth, Black and [illegible] Velour Checks, Fancy Plaids, [illegible] Suitings, Khaki Coatings [illegible] Cloth Coatings, etc.
SPECIAL LINES OF
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS
[illegible] Satin, Messalines, Peau de [illegible] Chine, Silk Moire, Pongees.
36-inch SATEEN and SERGE LININGS
Plain and Fancy Cotton Fabrics.

BURLING & DOLE,
AUCTIONEERS,
599 & 601 Broadway, New York.
Regular Auction Sales
Tuesdays and Fridays.
WOOLENS,
DRESS GOODS,
COTTONS,
DRY GOODS,
HOSIERY, &c.
Also on Thursdays at our Annex
All Kinds General Merchandise.
Phone, Spring 9944.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Trustee's Sale S. S. "ARLINGTON."

Notice is hereby given that, by an order of the above-named Court, the undersigned Trustee, under the provisions of Sections 4283, 4284 and 4285 of the U. S. R. S., will sell at public auction on Wednesday, February [illegible], 1919, at [illegible] P. M. o'clock, the S. S. "Arlington," her tackle, apparel, furniture, etc., sale to take place on board said S. S. "Arlington," where she now lies, on the shores of Greenwood Lake, New York, where she can be seen and inspected.

Dated, January 25th, 1919.

EDWARD L. OWEN, Trustee.

FOR SALE
TO HIGHEST BIDDER
U. S. Government Property
consisting of: Typewriters, (Underwoods, L. C. Smiths, Remingtons,) Universal Folding Machine, Library Bureau Filing Tubs, Posting Boards, (complete sets,) Leather Cushioned Armchairs, Davenport, Desks, Typewriter Desks, Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Electric Fans, Oak Desk and Chairs, Lamps, Electric Globes and Fixtures, Follette time recording stamp. Other office equipment, all in good order, only recently purchased, to be sold at 11 o'clock Tuesday; January 28th, on premises. All goods must be paid for in cash at time of sale and must be removed from premises during day of sale. Open for inspection all day Monday, January 27th, basement door, 45 Broadway, New York City.

Auctioneers.

Chas. Shongood, Auct'r, 539 B'way
Will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

LARGEST CASH BUYERS MERCHANDISE Machinery, Fixtures.
Van Praag & Co., 837 Broadway. Spring 2248.

SAMUEL MARX,
Office and Salesrooms, 115-117 W. 23d St.
Tel. Farragut 9660-9662.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of the Novelty Trimming House has this day dissolved partnership and Maurice Goldman, heretofore a member of the said firm, has withdrawn.

The other member of the firm will continue to do business under the same firm name and style of the Novelty Trimming House, at 13 Eldridge St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

NOVELTY TRIMMING HOUSE.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED LASTS, Shoes.—Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th and B Sts., Washington, D. C., will receive bids on a proportion of lasts, Munson-Goodyear Welt, which have been used for manufacture of Army Shoes. Bids are invited on any quantity of these lasts. Numbers of pairs of shoes made on each last varies. Lasts can be inspected at various Zone Supply Offices located in the following-named cities: Atlanta, Ga.; Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.; New York, N. Y.; Phila., Pa.; St. Louis, Mo., and San Francisco, Cal. Bids should be made in duplicate on special forms in time to reach Washington by A. M. February 5th, 1919, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of such bidders as desire to attend. Specifications and forms for submitting bids may be obtained on application to Surplus Property Division, Reference S. P. D., No. 238 OE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE CINCINNATI, FINDLAY AND FORT WAYNE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the Final Decree entered on October 8, 1918, in the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, Western Division, in a Cause in Equity No. 116, wherein The New York Trust Company and another are plaintiffs and The Cincinnati, Findlay and Fort Wayne Railway Company and others are defendants, all holders of claims for unpaid debts, claims and charges, whether against the Receiver of said Railway Company or otherwise arising, and claiming priority over the lien of the First Mortgage of said Railway Company dated November 1, 1893, and the supplements thereto, are required forthwith to file with the undersigned as Master Commissioner, itemized and verified proofs in writing of such claims, and any such claims which shall not be so filed prior to May 1, 1919, shall not be paid out of the proceeds of sale nor if enforceable, be enforceable against the property described in said First Mortgage and the supplements thereto or any part thereof, or against the purchaser of said property or his successor or assigns, except that by leave of Court, claims so filed can be amended at any time prior to the distribution of the proceeds of sale. Notice of the allowance or disallowance of claims by the undersigned will be given in due course.

Dated: Cincinnati, January 17, 1919.

FRANK H. SHAFFER, Master Commissioner.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that Ocean Steamship Company of Savannah, as owner of the steamship City of Athens, and William G. McAdoo, as Director General of Railroads, have filed their petition for limitation of liability for loss, damage, injury or destruction from collision between French Cruiser "LA GLOIRE" and said vessel on May 1, 1918. Value of said vessel and freight fixed at $1,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, damage, injury or destruction must prove their claims before Herbert Green, Esq., Commissioner, at No. 1 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, or or before the 3d day of February, 1919, or be defaulted.

Dated, October 25, 1918.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

Notice is given that the New York Dock Company, owner of the float "New York Dock No. 3," has filed its petition for limitation of liability for any loss, destruction, damage, or injury from said vessel on or about the 14th day of December, 1917. Stipulated value of vessel and freight, Twenty-two thousand, seven hundred eighty-two and 42-100 ($22,782.42) Dollars. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage, or injury must prove their claims before HENRY E. MATTISON, Esq., Commissioner at No. 70 Wall Street, N. Y. C., on or before the 14th day of April, 1919, or be defaulted. THOS. D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Bankruptcy discharges:

Andrew Madison,
F. Friedenthal,
Louis Peck,
J. & L. Polansky,
Sol Solomonff,
Bellport Novelty Works,
Klopper Brothers,
Under objections:
William Freuder,
Mendel Epstein,
Samuel M. Ehrlich,
Eugene Schleip,
Catherine Haverty,
Israel I. Wolf,
Arabawsky & Lamb,
Tufaro & Capparelli,
Post & Wigderowitz,
Adjourned cases:
Nathan Sugarman,
Motions:
Abe Levine,
C. Mandelbaum,
Modern Grocery Co.
Charles Newmark,
S. Saqui & Co.,
McCahill Soda Fountain Co.
Artcraft Waist Co.
Jewett Brothers,
George W. Field,
Robert McNiff,
Henry Samuels,
Henry Malkan,
Premier Costume Co.
Hygrade Furniture Mfg Co.
Stein & Schouseft, (2.)
M. Blumenfreud & Brothers,
Selecta Trading Co.
Cullen Motor Trans Co.
Psondis Brothers,
Louis Seller,
Sirota & Lieb,
King Shoe Mfg Co.
H. & M. Gutman.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, twelfth floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Anderson<SS Oemulgee.
Swift & Co<Glasgow SS Co.
New England SS Co<Tug Howard.
Standard Transport Co<same.
Hartwell<Neptune Line.

Call calendar:
Conklin & Foss<Tug W J Dailey.
Reichert Tow Line<Tug Hiawatha.
US<SS Hannington Court.
Figliera<Havo and T Hogan.
Melito<same.
Del Vecchia<same.
Williams Line<Morton
Holbrook<Tug C D Crawford.
C RR of N J<Tug Beatrice Bush.
L Val RR<Liverpool, L & G Ins Co.
Evans<Tug Genesta.
Kankman<SS Dipton,
O'Connor<Tug Downer No 9.
White<S I R T.
Earn Line<SS Co<Manat. Sugar Co.
Dutcher<Tug O'Brien Bros.
Verdon<SS Lexington.
Re Tug C P Raymond (limitations, &c.)
Embiricos<Stuyvesant Ins Co.
Kissock<Nat St Nav Co of Greece.
Astoria Veneer, &c, Co<Blake & Co.
Brown<Overseas Shipping Co.
Jatrapoulos<Huastica Petrol Co.
Berwind-White Coal Co<Tug Annie E Flannery.
Romera<NY & Cuba Mail SS Co.
Mezico Hide, &c, Co<SS Monterey.
McWilliams Line<Tug Edwin A Fisher.
Same<Tug Overbrook, No 2, (2.)
King & Co<Tug G M Sorrell.
Garcia<SS Queen Mary.
Nash<Prince Line.
Austin, Nichols & Co<SS Isla de Panay.
Sandbez<same.
McWilliams Line<Tug Mercer, (3.)
Same<Penn RR.
Cullen<Standard Oil.
Schoonmaker<NY Trap Rock Co.
B & O RR<Ferryboat Netherlands.
Mosquero<SS Mohawk
McGuire<Penn RR.
Acti, &c, Kirsten<Tug Susan A Moran.
Moran Tow Co<Haverstone Co.
McWilliams Line<Tug Penn RR, No 32.
Imperato<Atlantic Stevedoring Co.
Keller<CNY.
McWilliams Line<Tug W. B. Pollock.
Murray Lghtage Co<Scranton & W Coal.
Nash<Ocean SS Co.
Egerton Tow Co<Tug James Roy.
McWilliams Line<T'ga Overbrook and Ed A Fisher.
Wimmett<Rice & McCaffrey Sons.
Rowe<same.
Fields<Tug Huntington.
Franks<NY, NH & H RR.
Lehigh & Wilkes Coal Co<Tug A Moran.
Nelson<SS Lassell.
McWilliams Line<Barge Ettina.
Acti, &c, Sveretad<Moran T & T Co.
Wolden<Acosta & Co.
Burns Bros<Tug Edwin H Meade.
Scarpa<SS Epion.
Lehigh & S Coal Co<Tug Wm Tracy.
Canada SS Lines<Tug Amy E Keller.
McWilliams Line<Pt Reading RR.
Arbib & H<SS Asuarca
Thames Tow Co<Schr Francis McDonald.
Bashnisky Cotton Co<Sunset Lighterage.
Morris & C Dredging Co<Tug G J Moser.
South Am SS Corp<Tornabell.
Burns Bros<Tug Mutual.
Kennelley<Hughes.
Weidner<same.
Fields<Tug Penn RR, No 35.
Sargent<Port Reading RR. (2.)
Murphy<Vologda.
Merritt & C D & W Co<Tug Trenton.
Tuttle<Tug Coleraine.
Keeler<SS Robt M Thompson.
Fernandez<Merritt & C D & W Co.
Canada SS Lines<SS Daisai Maru.
Kelly<Tug Juiata.
Gully<Scow Moran, 10
C RR of N J<Lighter Buffalo.
Smith<Lighter Chester.
Bond<same.
Same<D, L & W RR.
Southern Transp Co<Etra.
Bartley<Tug Nannet.
Coughlan<Derrick Civilian.
Hastorf Con Co<Tug Newark.
Penn RR<Tugs Elliott and Hudson.
Southern Transp Co<Scow No 7.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Criminal.

Trials:
Yee Tom.
Hyman Halberg, (2.)
Edward Gardner.
Isadore Turner.
Abraham Lichtenstein
Seymour L Rau.
Motion:
Edward S Hay, Sr.
Cases to nolle pros.:
Joseph Dvorestsky.
Louis Kevitz.
Gussie Dvorestsky,
Jennie Light.
Nathan Blitzer.
R C Hupp, F Sturken and B H Riess.
Sentence:
Philip Swedosh.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.

Trials:
J A O'Leary.
Bernard Wessels.
Henry Shoninger.
Last day to withdraw plea:
Lehigh Valley RR.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, P. O. Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Criminal calendar.

For trial:
US<Rosenwasser, (2.)
Same<E De Italph.
For call:
US<E Zohel Co.
Same<P Morris.
Same<J Barnet.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.

Phoenix Nat Bank<Gitman.
Curtiss Aero & M Corp<Janin et al, (on. trial.)
At 2 P. M.:
Sabeckis<Grasselli Chem Co. (motion.)
M Petkunas<D D, E Bway & Bat RR Co, (motion.)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Richardson<County of Steuben.
Lanque Franco Amer<Beagstrom et al.
Tobin<Yonkers Light & Power Co.
Zenner<B H RR.
Geering<Metropolitan Bank, Brooklyn.
East Dist Term<Cent RR of N J.
Adamson<Scheiner.
Rubin<NY Mun Ry Corp et al

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Donnelly<O'Rourke Eng & Const Co.
Last<Bd of Edu (2.)
Marshall<People.
Harding<Conlon.
Mintz<CNY.
Haber<same.
Re New Eng Equit Ins Co. (Palmer.)
Burnham<Univ Film Mfg Co.
Kaugman<Steinberg, (2.)
Blue Ribbon Garage<Rundle.
Knox<Ackerman.
Wallack<Nat Surety.
Butensky<Rubin.
Golding<Golding.
Thayer<Sonken Galamba Iron, &c, Co.
Delaney<3d Av Ry.
R C Orphan Asylum<Shotland.
Re Perkins.
Marellue<Blum Bros.
Cohn<Bartlett.
Bay<Bay.
Jennings<Workmen's Educational Assn.
Terranova<Terranova.
White<Scranton & Wyoming Coal (5.)
Morris<Durham Rlty.
People<Dragna.
Kirk Met Tob Co (2.)
Re Choruch (Marks.)
List<Kaufman.
Rosencrantz<Gaston, Williams & W.
Baron & Co<B Brown & Bros.
Foley<Cole.
O'Neil<Birdseye.
Busch<Colt-Stratton.
Saphirstein<Saphirstein.
Jas McCreery Rlty Co<Sadowsky.
Re Hazlett.
Jas McCreery Rlty Co<Sadowsky.
NY Indep Meat Co<Muskat.
Re Koreno Theatre.
CNY<Angell.
Gordon Eng Co<Ridgeleigh Co.
McInerny<Slater.
Laline<NY Rys.
Ross<Ross.
Pritz<Bullowa.
Van Campen<Appel.
Greenfield<Rogers (2.)
Re Albert Dry Goods, Inc, (Hollender.)
Hudiwalker<Faust.
McCalmont<Farson.
Re Greenhut Co.
Coveny<Jackson, (2.)
Litchfield<Litchfield.
Re Voron & Chait, Inc
Re New Eng Equit Ins Co. (Zwetbel.)
Re Charles Hellmuth, Inc, (2.)
Interocean Forwarding Co<McCormick & Co
Met Savs Bank<Herrmann Realty Co.
Papier<Goldstein.
March<Dorfman.
CNY<Hersfield.
Roylance<NY Rys.
Cohen<Cohen.
CNY<Clancy.
Sandera<Sayer Steam Laundry Co.
Danehy<De Sola.
Freehof<Emporium Cloak & Suit Co.
Mehrbach<Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse (2.)
Heidelberg<Murphy.
Greaves<Amer Inst for Scien Research.
Hiller<Michaelis.
Re Nadler (Goldman.)
Karsh<Paley.
Re Folsom, (Kahn.)
Reinhardt<Arkin.
Waumbek Mfg Co<Casino Waist Co.
Lennan<Lennan, (2.)
Re Vosburgh (Milhan)
Duggan<Patterson.
Storchheim<Storchheim.
Schwartz & Co<Aimwell Co.
Yachnes<NY Rys.
Tapper<same.
Schleestein<Cohn.
Smyth<Mayer.
Ledman<Stix.
Shankroff<Doerner.
Van Dorn<NY Rys.
Silvestri<W J B Motor
Scura<Fidelity & Cas.
Newington<Horowitz.
Carbola<NY Rys.
Roberts<NY Life Ins.
Goldstein<Fidelio Brewing Co.
Redmond<Stoneham.
O'Neil<Birdseye.
Phillips<same.
Salant<Penn RR.
Schwartz<Gerli & Co.
Federal SS Co<Amer Union Line, Inc.
Re Chamberlin.
Sperling<Fox.
Davis<Mark C Fredennick Co.
Well<Sullivan Storage Warehouse Co.
Babcock<Daniels.
Keppler<Billboard Pub
Re Jordan.
Re Mandel.
Re Urschel.
Re McDonald.
Re Borlick.
Re Hayes.
Re Yawitz.
Re Ehrlich.
NY Bldg & Imp Co<Goebel.
Re Casey, (Andrews.)
Posner<Posner.
Mandelblatt<Kornblum, (2.)
Parsons Trading Co<Hoffman.
Soulales<Chronopoulos.
Emigrant Indus Savs Bank<Peppler.
Lichten<Nahem.
Erdman<Nelman.
Re Rothman.
Moolten<Berman.
Leary<Geller.
Re Doherty.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

[illegible] III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

[illegible] Associates<[illegible] Co.
Nie[illegible] Schultze Grocer Co<Gross.
Re Man Ry<Reichs.
Masten<Penn Coal Mines Co.
Brooks<Anspacher, (2)
Meyer<Kauffmann.
Weber<Bozzuffi.
Witherow Steel Co<

Hackenberg.
Daddabo<David Miller
Slayback<Slayback.
Hartman<Hartman.
Palazola<Palazola.
Weinstock<Weinstock.
Glaser<Glaser.
Lasky<Lasky.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Unger<Unger.
Thomashefsky<U S Fid, &c, Co.
Gil<Gil.
Catalano<Catalano.
Gelbtrunk<Gelbtrunk.
Preferred causes:
176 West 87th St Corp<Cantor.
Voss<Purdy.
Prudential Iron Wks<Non-Column Garage Co.
General calendar:
Herrman<Hartwood Holding Co.
Leary<Geller.
Katsman<Katsman.
Lewis<State Bank.
Montgomery<Montgomery.
Force<Force.
Hughes<Techt.
Miller<Schwartz & Co.
Weissberg<Weissberg.
Elliott & Co<Oxman.
Sims<Sims.
Heinman<Joslin.
Cohen<Grossman.
Rieger's Sons, Inc<Everard's Breweries.
Roehler<Walsh.
Rafferty<Teachers Ass'n, NY C.
Taylor Auto Truck & Renting Co<Taylor Trucking Co.
Kapitola<Kapitola.
Tyers<Tyers.
US Trust Co<Spear & Co.
Levis<Glaser.
Black<Lodge Modernmaalet.
Palefsky<Kobriner Benev Ass'n.
Kessler<Johnson.
Wilner<same.
Schoenholtz<NY Life Ins Co.
Walsh<Emig Ind Sav Bank.
Smith<Smith.
Whitehead<Whitehead.
Donahue<Loumoutsos
Harmse<Harmse.
Clear.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis. Adjourned to Jan. 29.
PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Part II., Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq—Newton<Minter.
Friedlander<Rosenthal.
Goetz<Wharton.
Goodman<Rubinstein.
Trainor<Trainor.
Berensman<Weber.
Solomon<Union Sav'gs Bank of Augusta.
Irvin Trust Co<Tull.
Oil, Paint & Drug Reporter<Hechtkopf.
Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner.
Village Garage<Farrell.
James<Steinburger.
Liberty Natl Bank<MacFarland.
Phillips<Blumberg Bros Co.
Feller<Friedman.
Wright, Inc<Marosca.
Elliott<Amer Star L.
Hubschmitt, Jr<Hercules Steel Co.
Nelson<Citizens Bank.
Mears<Levitt.
Person<Hartmann.
Nordstrom<Ledyard.
Bresaugh<Keating.
Simon<Brockman.
Lamport<Weinstock.
Dukas<Clarke.
Sokol<Perkins Campell Co.
Kipp<Dwyer.
Morse<Higgins.
Reid<Steinhardt Bros.
Nathan Block, Inc<Witty.
Lucille, Ltd, of N Y & Paris<Duden.
Hatters & Furriers Exchange, Inc<Thom & Payley Peekskill Hat Co.
Hatters & Fur Exchange, Inc<Peekskill Hat Mfg Co, (2)
Greenhut Co<Cooper.
Bernheim & Schwartz Pil Brew Co<Windolph.
Ballerini<Steinberg.
Kemeny<Teitelbaum.
Boderman<Demarest.
Lieberman<Frechon.
Hershon<Kirsch.
Procter & Gamble Diet Co<Kollisch's Long Branch Stores
Louchgeim<Amberg.
Breslow<Wimberg.
Same<Altman.
Case on.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq.—Korman<Levinson.
Inq.—Krane<Martin Taxi Service Co.
Ruddell<Alexander. (2.)
McCormick<CNY.
Clark<Conay.
Weiss<Bassel, (2.)
Morgan<3d Av Ry.
Varona<NY Rys.
Palumbo<Raporel SS.
Kraus<Pitcher.
Davis<Olson.
Malady<N Y Rys.
Riccl<Miller.
Hannigan<Chamberlain.
Hiller<Huscr.
Brown<N Y Rys.
Miller<Hirsch.
Sones<N Y Rys.
Hudson Trust Co<Am Linseed Co.
Goodman<Harburger.
Abroniwitz<Denbosky
Borowsky<Schoenfeld Realty Co.
Lille<H C Stowe Const Co.
Swett<Ellis.
Davies<N Y Rys.
Birnbaum<same.
Brenner<42d St. Man &c, Ry Co.
Quinn<Staten Island R. T.
Vassallo<N Y Rys.
Platt<Sheffield Farms Slawson Decker Co.
Bryant<N Y Rys.
Edwards<same, (2.)
Elliott<3d Av RR.
Jerome<N Y Rys.
Bernstein<Greenwald.
Gerard<S Rosenbaum.
Same<E. L. Rosenbaum.
McLaughlin<Howes Trans & Con Co.
O'Hara<Mackenzie.
Herman<N Y Rys.
Scianti<Buell.
Constantino<Watson Const Co.
Glassman<Con Tel & Elec Subway Co.
Miarnda<Keys. (2.)
Armstrong<Strain.
Rovner<NY, Rys.
Horning<Hamilton.
Garrity<Burke, Ltd.
Caplin<Schwartz.
Simpson<Atl Cst Ship
Weisberg<Lewis.
Briggs<Well.
Lehman<Bklyn Imp. Co.
Schott<Coopersmith.
Moran<Shultz Bread.
Callahan<Sapzo.
Coscino<Robinson.
Ringle<Gitsky.
Schlossberg<NY Rys.
Gombartz<Wilson, (2)
Ochs<Avilow.
Normelle<CNY.
Pottish<NY Rys.
Lockhead<CNY.
Weinstein<B H RR.
Mostking<Int R T.
Mahoney<Early.
Davidson<Rap Trans Sub Const Co.
Schlesinger & Sons<R T Subway Co.
Walsh<Weinberg.
Greene<Hulbert.
Harreys<Marmur.
Cohen<O'Connell.
Jacobowitz<Union Ry.
Cooperson<Rachman.
Nachatowitz<Joseph.
Bunt<Grosner.
Buffum<Hochdorf.
Bliawski<C I & B RR.
Martin<Burchell.
Goodkin<Frantz.
Longobardi<Hirschfield.
Bernstein<Serlen.
Nathanson<Algier Shoe Mfg Co.
Zarky<De Vaau Tel Mfg Co.
W Stenz<N Y, N H & H RR.
A Stenz<same.
Moran<Higgins.
Gamal<Wolf.
Forforo<B & O RR.
Goldstein<Rosenfeld.
Zlontz<Parker.
Starkman<Bell Co.
Adams<Caleca.
Austin<Murray.
Lowenthal<NY Rys.
M Silver<Brady & Son
H Silver<same.
Geisser<Ottinger.
Grief<Brandt.
Ryder<True Sailors Snug Harbor, &c.
Comstock<Waitt Investing Co, (2.)
Austin<Leh Val RR.
MacKenzie<same.
Hoops, Jr<Volunteer Hospital, Inc.
Gearin<NY Rys.
Grossman<Wiener.
Mayer<Fuchs.
Epstein<Aron.
Katt<NY Rys.
Viscottino<Ryan.
McDonald<Penn Tunnel & Terminal RR.
Nolan<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Jeeensky<Black & W Cab Co., Inc.
Fischer<Swierupski,
Roccaro<D & H Co.
Bogen<Buckholtz.
Mills<NY Rys.
Mach<Greenberg.
Kohn<Levinson.
Miller<Marcus.
Tendler<Korner, (2.)
Halperin<Greenstin.
Hordinta<Suhrman.
Kelly<Gen Baking Co.
Fried<Schoenfeld.
Hercules<Murray.
S Golden<Gimbel Bros
J Golden<same.
Berkowitz<Int R T.
George<Taylor.
Cohen<Raymond.
Strache<Int R T.
Levy<Am Shoe Mach & Tool Co.
Holloway<NY Life Ins
Cohen<Gerstein.
W Byrnes<Brand.
E Byrnes<same.
Mellett<Schwencke Land & Imp Co.
Wolf<3d Av RR.
Walsh<Frankenthaler.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Lazer<Keystone Tire & Rubber Co.
Hemingway<Marden, Orth & Hastings Co.
Von Dorn<Crary.
Hallowell<Headden.
Mundheim Co<US Fid & Guar Co.
Universal Chain & M Stamping Co<Egyptian Lacquer Mfg Co
Depositors' Assets Corp<Convent Park Const Co.
Con Mach Wreck Co<Harper Mach Co.
Int Time Record Co<H Miner Lith Co.,
Odell<CNY.
Marden, Orth & Hastings<Baldwin.
Buchman<Fraitag.
Freedman<Langrock Bros.
Rosenblum<same.
Clark<Thom.
Young, Jr<Phillips.
Regelman<Johns-Manville Co.
CNY<Malatesta.
Same<City of Rochester.
Langston<NY Life Ins
Steneck<Harris, (2.)
Finck<Bachrach.
Reinhardt<Goldstone.
Mulligan<J M EyzelCo
Kahn<Ownby.
Lippman<Ludwig.
Brunswick Rty Co<Frankfort Gen Ins.
Fishbein<Weinstein & Brecher, Inc.
Schwartz<Schulsky.
Universal Transp Co<R L Smith, Inc.
NY Cent RR<Apex Equip Co.
Sache<Harris.
Fort Co<London, Inc.
Platt<Bank of Lawrence.
Allied Silk Mfg Co<Erstein.
Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck, (2.)
Sellers<Barton.
Liner<Endel.
Crowley Co<Maxim Munitions Corp.
McKeon<Frohman.
W A Waters, Inc<Hatters' Fur Ex.Inc.
Debrest<Frauhauf.
Moller<Moller.
Galinger<Transoceanic SS.
McClure<McClure.
CNY<Kittanning.
Goldberg<Dux.
Spencer Imp Co<Ganim.
Schwartz<Paul Gerl & Co.
Sobray<O'Brien.
CNY<Facciolo & Co.
Same<Acme Cement Corp.
Assets & Liab Assn<NY Lodge, 1, BPOE.
O'Connell<Conklin.
Warren Prod Co, Inc<Binney & Smith Co.
Kabeck<Hamilton.
Millus<Fid & Cas Co.
Park & Tilford<De Stackelberg.
Mortimer<Bristol.
Kraut<Richard.
Sklanberg<Zechnowitz.
Cagliostro<Oddo.
Goldstein<Fidelio Brew Co.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.
Waydell & Co<Am Trading Co.
Hawrylko<NY Rys. (2.)
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M.
Workin<NY Rys.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Holders Rty Co<Speltze.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.
Kandel<Combined R E Interests, (2.)
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M.
Zuckerberg<Cohen, (2.)
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M.
Silver<NY Edison Co.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.
Bissichia<Allied Mutual Liability Ins Co.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estate:
Antoinette L Schermerhorn.
Wills for probate:
Robert R Whiting,
Margaret Donovan,
Catherina Guarmieri,
Theodore R Hostitter,
George Arras,
Hannah Glasner,
Katherine Z Winchester.
Joseph Wasserburger,
Edw B Quackenbush,
Walter C Flato,
Louis Cohen,
Clara Maune,
Hannah Frey,
John P Kruger,
Annie Appleton,
Giuseppe Grecco,
Michael Reid.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Estate; Mary J. Mullen.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Wiener<320 E 13th St Realty Co.
Stoddard<Robinson-Rodgers Co, Inc.
Colonial Mantel & Refrigerator Co<Kingston Av Holding Co.
Brock<N Y Amsterdam Casualty Co.
Weissberg<Bauman.
Patterson<Shurtleff.
Frankel & Co<Amer Piece Dye Works.
Meyerson<Guglielmo,
Fox<Frieder.
Stoddard<Robinson-Rodgers Co.
Efficiency Heating Co<French Co.
Botoshansky<Wilson.
Stoddard<Robinson-Rodgers Co.
Partola Mfg Co<Shongood.
Epstein<Ohrbach.
Zaron<Weiss.
Church, Webb & Close<Trainor.
McCreery & Co<Wanamaker Beauty School.
Sake & Co<Powderly.
Saydah<Kent-Costikyan Trading Co.
Schwartz<Rackoff.
Borshko<H D Baker Co.
Mooney<Street Coal Co.
I R T<Williams.
Landau<Union Ry Co.
Farley<Globe Ind Co, (2.)
Abramowitz<Stern.
Eitch<Di Dato, (2.)
Greenfield<Delora Holding Co.
Haeseler<Gibson.
Kaufman<Krasner.
Jacobson & Co<Morz.
The Harris Co<Weintraub.
Gibralter<N J Fidelity & Plate Glass Ins Co.
Silverstein<N Y Rys.
Osofsky<same.
Miller<I R T.
Moscahlades Bros<Montagnino & Co.
Evans<Columbia Woolen Co.
Halperin Bros Cloak Co<Smith Co.
Selinger<Amer Ry Express Co.
Benisch<Ferguson.
Robinson & Co<Murphy.
Praber<Scheff & Co, (3.)

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Pearlman<Tiedeman.
Rubin<Normandy Waist Co.
Ridley<Gordon.
Nash<Goldberg's Son & Co.
Freiman<Frankel.
Muhlstein<Weiser.
Levy<Int R T Co.
Gross<NY Rys.
Vogel<same.
Brodsky<3d Av. RR.
Price<Cohn.
Nadelman<NY Rys.
Sachs<same.
Kaufman<42d St, &c, Ry.
Winkler<Goldberg.
Finkelstein<K & W Holding Corp.
Schatz<Brandwein.
Conti<Battaglie.
Forman<Friedman.
Mendelson<N Y City Int Ry.
Laders<NY Rys.
Meltzer<Kush.
Kendler<Int R T Co.
Finkelstein<same.
Greenberg<143 Forsyth St Co.
61st St Bldg Co<Eltoma Rty Co
Reeder<Int R T.
Yam<Lipman.
Sanitary Brass Wks<Rubin & Marcus.
Fire<Kobler Voleener Y M B A.
Prokoeuner<Clyde Mills.
Kohn<NY Rys.
Elberger<Lawyers Mtge Co.
Pessein<Weinstein.
Vuolo<Fidler.
Hauben<Rosenbaum.
O'Brien-Credezza Co<Cumb Glass Mfg Co
Kraus<Zuchowiski.
Manen<Weinberger.
Aristo Hosiery Co<Lichter.
Boylan<Butler.
Youngman<NY Rys.
Silver<same.
Eisenstein<same.
Gordon<Talmud Torah Tipherath Jerusalem
Weinberg<NY Rys.
Engel<Black & White Cab Co.
Silverstein<J G Auto
Jacobs<NY Rys.
Mers<Ratkowsky.
Silverstein< JG Auto Trucking Corp.
Grazi<Michelsohn.
Wolf<Grand-Delancey Co.
Beluck<No. 970 Prospect Av.
Leipzig<Engel.
Sobel<Goldman.
Lack<Holzner.
Feld<Bway Trust Co.
Shapiro<NY Rys.
Friedman<Levy.
Landisy<Natanson.
Hall<Union Ry.
Kent<La Jotte.
Sipkin<Modern Cloak & Suit House.
Seperson<Naolemofsky.
Neudorf<Int R T.
Levy<Decking, Inc.
Charnay<Esterson.
Farrell<Spear & Co.
Rosenthal<Halle.
Rothstein<Chestinan.
Schreiber<Int R T.
Drucklieb, Inc<Wood, Inc.
Von Herrlich<Sydow.
Wright<NY Rys.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Elkan<105 West 55th St Co.
Clear.

PART III.—Finelito, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Prudential Knit Mills, Inc<Krasney.
Birch<Richard Carvel Corat Co.
N Y Overseas Co<Halle Perris Trading Corp.
Howes Const Co<Maryland Cas Co.
Crane<Litchfield.
Feinstein<S. Blumenthal Co.
Watney<Dannen.
New England Woolen & Dress Goods Mills<Schaum.
Perlman<Golden
Aaronson, Kaolan & Metrowitz<Baum.
Cirrincione<General Waist Co.
Gotham Pearl Button Works<Am D G Co.
Tsaconas<Mouvet.
Kupferman<Mirsky.
Lazarowitz<Sachs.
Le Roy Silk Mills<Schroeder & Co.
Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co<Am Union L.
Westervelt<Andrews.
Forchheimer<Vierhaus.
Miltex Cloak & Suit Co<Rosner & Son.
Majestic Mills Paper Co<Semple-R Co.
Vidal & Co<V Hermans De Looz & Co.
Rosenblatt<Franken.
Brauman<Librman.
Elevator Supplies Co<Ritz Realty Co.
Hammer & Co<Weinstein.
Nemolter & Burger<Weissman.
M L Waist Co<Gimbel Bros of N Y.
Levy<Wallach.
Burlington Silk Mills<Gerli.
Noshpitz<Labowitz Clothing Co.
Brandman-Schaffman Co<Arnstaedt.
Stern<Gen Platers Supply Co.
Thomas Co<Woods Const Co.
Rosenman<Dawid.
Wagner Trading Co<Morel.
Watson Mfg Co<Cole.
Mitchell<Mitchell.
Ver Eecke<Greenwich Sav Bank.
Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J.—Henry L Levy<Henry F Mins—John G Dwyer.
SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Julia A Loew<Max Hirshewitz—David D Glantz. Grand Lodge U S Free Sons Israel<Mark W Cohn—Samuel Weinreb.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

Ashari<Indelli.
Bowen<Croton Rlty.
Pincus<Meisler.
Hornkohl<Hornkohl.
Murphy<Zanfardino.
Eevrodt<Lyon.
Int. R T<Brennan.
Moldenk<Glover.
Wald<Adams-Flanagan Co.
Dorfman<Von Emden.
Brand<Silver.
Feldstein<Nat'l Cold Storage Co.
Scully<McGuire.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.

Ambraszka<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
Napolis<Booth
Jacobson<Brody.
Vernora<same.
Campbell<Rosenfeld.
Palitz<Duempleman, (2.)
White<Weigle.
King<Weinberger.
Metropolitan Elec Mfg Co<Woods, Inc.
Dragnoetty<Callan Bros, Inc.
H Poulson<Mangels.
K Poulson<same.
D'Avola<Waites Motor Van & Storage Co.
Marks<Lewandowski.
Wynne<Corona Prov.
Tilley<Muelberger.
Guastavino<Rock.
Y Snelderwitz<Ehni.
H. Snelderwitz<same.
S Fox<Brunor.
L Fox<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Weisgal<NY City Interborough Ry.
I. Zelenko<Union Ry.
W Zelenko<same.
Hellman<Corona Prov.

The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:

Abbenante<Union Ry.
McCarthy<Int R T.
Barchan<Grossman.
F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Skupinsky<same.
Hultgren<Union Ry.
Brilles<same.
Beatty<Pauce.
Carey<NY C RR.
Rail<Neuman.
Rorenthal<Waites Mot Vans & Storage Co.
Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency.
L Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage.
S Rosenthal<same.
Weber<Holsten.
Uszpalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co.
Verro<Union Ry.
Wolf<same.
Heit<Walworth Bros, Inc.
Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc.
Tuccitto<Union Ry.
Grace<Union Ry.
Nacheman<Hoolahan
F Frey<Heyne.
M Frey<same.
O'Sullivan<same.
Goldstein<Union Ry.
Kruger<Goldberg.
Weingold<Wulfhop.
Silverblatt<Int R T.
Gaedia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital.
Kallman<Sanwick.
Brinn<Samuels.
O'Shea<Hobby.
Buscl<B H RR.
Phillips<Jacobs.
Buschl<B H RR.
Winkler<Union Ry.
Cotter<Burns Bros.
Ross<So Blvd RR.
Beyrodt<Lyon.
McGuire<C A Sigmond Realty Co.
Bastone<CNY.
Toote<Segal.
Eisler<So Blvd RR.
Lopota<Int R T.
Greenblatt<same.
Stringle<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc.
J Fanelli<Ferguson.
N Fanelli<same.
Maurer<Gimbel Bros.
Schoenfelder<NY Rys

Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.
PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
Motions:
Estates of—
Mary A McMahon,
Albert Strasser.
Wills for probate:
Mary E Welch,
John Welch,
Mary A McGinley,
Mary Ann Greer,
Caroline Kalt,
Theresia Flogel,
Mary Emma Green,
Christiana Eck.
Accountings:
Estates of—
David Carl Moon,
James J Cahill,
Martin Baugh.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.

Maher<Stein.
Flanagan<Slegel.
Goldman<Int R T.
Weiss<Union Ry.
Burdman<Schein.
Dolinke<Kanner.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Re Fehsenfeld Bros<David Schneider—P J McMahon.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Karleson<Hesse.
Hillis<Ferguson.
Kaufman<Miller.
Re Jersey St.
Peace<CNY.
Beyer<Beyer.
Kaufman<Kaufman.
Moresco<Moresco.
Stagliano<Stagliano.
Ruland<Tuthill.
German<German.
Weintraub<John Clarke Est.
Douglas<Kohart.
Ledelley<Ketcham.
Naughton<Ferdinand Reineking Rty Co.
L I RR<Van Nostrand
Olio<Mamorek.
Tynan<Marshall.
Tanguey<Tanguey.
Clyde<Wood.
Garrison<Panzer.
Diamond<Goldstein.
Buchberg<Bianchi.
Duff<Williams.
Geyer<The Frank Brewery, (2.)
Sivori<Sivori.
Grandina<Grandina.
Rosenstein<Miller.
Cormack<Cormack.
Bond & Mtg G Co<Marra.
People's Nat Bk<Pirkl
Polumbo<Brady & Gibe.
Re Rowan.
Stutenlord<Hollins, Jr. (2.)
Gansler<Gansler.
NY Egg Yolk Mfg Co<W J B Motor Tr Co.
Re Thelen.
Hart<Page Mfg Co.
Markin<Markin.
Schreiman<Schaure.
Williamstown Glass<Munch Brew Bot.
Esso<Steves Lacios Co
Cainan<Schumer.
Brister<same.
Sarna<same.
Geyer<The Frank Brewery.
Re Bialostosky, (Chamow.)
Diamond<Diamond.
Re Roehr Pub Co.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Thury<Thury.
Wolf<Wolf.
C Katz, Inc<Marba Rty Corp.
Collins<Rechnitz.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Fioro<CNY.
Harway Imp Co<Partridge.
Liftchild<Liftchild.
Bes-Mar Realty Co<Capell.
Kantor<Krombach.
Aherns<Parker.
Stern<Shea.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Feldman<Feldman.
Weinberg<Weinberg.

The following cases will be passed for the day. If marked ready will No cause will be set down for a day upon the call.

Donahue<Donahue.
Sargent<Lamerdin.
Fields<Fields.
Russo<Russo.
Askew<Askew.
Shaknis<Shaknis.
Eselgroth<Eselgroth et al.
Goshkagarian<Goshkagarian.
Fletcher<Mackenzie, et al.
Miller<Telsey.
Levy<Rubin.
Schilling<Schilling.
Karp<Karp.
Silberstein<Burstein.
McCullough<McCullough.
Brown<Chase.
Kupperman<Ratzkin.
Gray<Breokhelmer.
Palmero Co<Calgah Rty Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 1275.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.

Teague<B H RR.
Goldstein<S Bklyn RR
Haskell<Haskell.
Steinberg<Ward Baking Co.
Teubler & ano<CNY.
Kornblum<Com Advertiser Assn.
Richter<Clover Farms
Dalury<Dalury Candy
Ghiraldi<Prospect Coal Co.
Feller<Nassau RR.
McGuire<same.
Newman<Bennett.
Cogut<Bashlist.
Winslow<B, Q Co & S RR.
Talmud<NY Rys.
Asserson<CNY.
Evelyn<Reid.
Binder<Perdigo.
Furgerson<Sayre.
People<Hart.
Redmond<Carrier.
Halpering<Barrett.
Karlinsky<Mandelbaum.
Fritz<Levine & ano.
Moore<Kahan & ano.
Boyle<NY Con RR.
Leffel<Met Life Ins.
Dowd<NY Rys.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.

Fenning<Laskas & ano
Hogarty<Nassau RR.
Applebome<Sheffield Farms Co.
Immella<Westcott Ex.
O'Neill<B H RR & ano
Carroll<Kovacs.
Kiernan<Union Rys.
Cedola<Nassau RR.
Goldstein<same.
Puzzo<Holland Co.
Soper<Nason.
Breslin<B H RR.
De Jesu<same.
Bomba<McLoughlin.
Damast<Cox's Hotel & Baths.
Barbera<Grant Bldg.
Radden<Van Pelt.
Bainbridge<Schneider & ano.
Gardner<Belford.
Shapiro<Bordens Farms Products Co.
Clark<CNY.
Maloney<same.
Holmes<Walters.
Monglove<Hervold.
Dellamorte<Cassirer.
Sattia<Pennsyl RR.
Tesoriero<Schlein.
Casey<N Y Rys.
Minden<Park & Tilford.
Della Valli<Nies.
Heyderman<Rothstein Rosenberg & Salny.
De Caro<Biaggino.
Lieboff<Breakstone Bros.
Ransom<Salamone Trucking Co.
McKeon<Bristol-Myers Co.
Dougherty<Grant et al
Erhard<Borden's Farm Prod Co.
Incorvalo<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
Jamison et al<Linenweaver & Co.
Ryan<Kenney.
Texier<I R T.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6647.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Mary Boyle,
Aloysina Gallagher,
John Delany,
Meyer Kotzen,
Margaret McNieve,
Martha Chaffee,
Otto Kraus,
John Wilson,
Mary Lynch,
James Ham,
Ella Higgins,
Joseph Sweeny,
George O'Berry,
Albert Svensson,
Adeline Latto,
Charles Statelmen,
William Korff,
Zygmunt Nysocki,
Edw Miller,
J Fred Alsgood,
Henry Moeller, Sr.
Guardianship of:
Webster Infante.
Administrations of:
Fannie Bachelder,
James Conboy.
Accountings of:
Hugh Kenny,
David Brown,
Lena Mueller,
Mary Larsen,
James Blake,
George Burns.
Estates of:
F M & Natalie Rome,
E Robinson,
Theodore Johnston,
Benjamin Lottman,
Weiss Infants,
Benjamin Spatt,
Margaret Chatfield.

County Court.

PART IV., May, J.; PART V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.

Lehman<Coffey.
Cherlin<Nas El RR.
Calandriella<B H RR.
Sieger<same.
Ketcham<Strang.
Orlando<Minga.
Tourine<Traber.
Holmes<Elysian Home Building Corp.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.

Poeser<Michaelfelder et al.
Regan<Burck et al, as execrs.
Burba<NY Rys.
Kubelka<Kretchmar, &c.
McDonald<B H RR et al.
Hill<NY Con RR.
O'Neill<same.
Johnson<Dally et al.
Elliott<Reliable Bldg.
O'Beirne<B H RR.
Moriarty<same.
Smith<Marks, Lissberger & Son.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call.

Charles<Seymour.
Caldarella<Grauer & Co.
Kosian, an infant<Ruthman.
Macdonald, as exetx<L I RR.
Wagner<Chilton Paint
Moran<Gehring et al.
Andujar<Fleming.
Monzie, as admr, &c<B H RR.
Collison<Gregory.
Shepherd, as admr, &c<NY & L I Trac.
Ostrove<Sheffield Farms Co.
Fullam<NY Con RR.
Slevin, as admr, &c<Riverside Taxi Service Co et al.

Highest number reached on general calendar is 2634.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—Day calendar at 10:45 A. M.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS, &c., at White Plains.
NOTICE.—Trial Term calendar goes over until Feb. 3.

Ideal Showroom for

a wholesaler of apparel is offered for rent in Cuyler Building, 116-120 West 32nd Street.

Located on front of 15th floor, contains 4,636 net usable square feet. High ceiling. Windows on 4 sides. Fully sprinklered building. 4 passenger, 3 freight elevators.

Possession May 1st, 1919.

Loton H. Slawson Company
171 Madison Avenue

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

ADDITIONAL SPACE and SLEEPING accommodations needed. Charitable organization desires to rent large dwelling or floors in centre of city, near East 25th St., for its children's department. Address B 814 Times Annex.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$45 MONTH and small quarterly payment buys California type Comfort Home. Garage, sleeping porch, etc.; beautiful street. Two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO 177 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

NORTH CAROLINA—SALE OR LET.

For Sale: "Lakewood"

1,275 acre estate of late Walter M. Holt, six miles from Fayetteville, N. C., in Pinehurst belt, situate on high plateau; cool all Summer, balmy in Winter. Contains pretty 100 acre lake, well stocked; good dwelling. Land excellent for peaches, tobacco, other crops. One mile frontage on main line railroad; station on property. One of the finest places in North Carolina for an estate. Price $30.00 acre. Address L. J. Duffy, Greensboro, N. C.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Long Island.

Bayside.—For sale and to rent, attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms, with bath; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6896.

At a great sacrifice, receiver's sale; 7 houses with all improvements; one hour from Herald Square; prices $3,400 to $3,500. Address Receiver, Box 139 Times.

Westchester County.

BARGAIN—EASY TERMS.
Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon.
One of the finest private homes; 14 rooms, three baths; large grounds; garage and all conveniences; 30 minutes from Grand Central. S 496 Times Downtown.

New Jersey.

Suburban New Jersey Home Bargain.—Forty minutes Manhattan; 6 rooms, bath; electric light, hot-water heat; lot 60x100; garage; 30-mile unobstructed view; 8 minutes' walk station; $4,200, very easy terms. R 860 Times.

BARGAIN!—Six room-bath hollow tile stucco dwelling, steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out. Erie; $3,750, easy terms. Brady, 154 Nassau; telephone 3806 Beekman.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

LESSEES.—Just purchased several apartment houses; will lease immediately; great bargains; never before offered. Browning, 110 West 40th.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

245 ACRES, SELDEN, 18-ROOM HOUSE. Orchard; good level land; $30,000; free and clear. Fisk, 140 Nassau, New York.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Gentleman's estate, Orange County, commuting distance, Tuxedo section; 125 acres; beautiful modern stone house; all improvements; garage, &c.; mountainous scenery. Mrs. McAleer, 160 West 119th.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—Farm, 21 acres, six acres orchard; fine opportunity for poultry; ¾ mile from Cape May City, N. J., 7 miles from Wildwood; five-room house, electric lighted; $4,000 cash. Inquire Box 636, Freehold, N. J.

Real Estate Wanted.

Client wants large modern mansion, garage, high ground, aristocratic neighborhood, preferably near New Rochelle; must be bargain. Send full particulars to "B," Room 307, First National Bank, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Farms Wanted.

Small farm, will buy, commuting distance N. Y. Write full particulars. W 723 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT SUITE OF OFFICES FOR RENT ON ONE OF THE HIGHEST FLOORS OF FIRST-CLASS BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

WASHINGTON SQUARE:
49 6th Av.—Very spacious store, suitable for an up-to-date tea room, high-class delicatessen or groceries. ORZA, 193 Bleecker St. Spring 8252.

135 WEST 72D ST:
MODERN BUILDING, SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIANS AND DENTIST.
SINGLE AND DOUBLE SUITES.

Lofts, (two,) light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. Harrison Fixture, 50 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

Basement for rent for warehousing; below Canal St.; about 6,500 square feet; heavy floor carrying capacity; two elevators; low insurance. H 908 Times Harlem.

509 5TH AV., (at 42d St.)—Two entire floors, 3,000 sq. ft. each; sprinkler system; possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 7475.

Part large, light office for rent; wall furnished; services stenographer; switchboard; phone; rent reasonable. Suite 503 920 Broadway.

Sub-lease light loft, 50x100; below Houston St.; heavy floor carrying capacity; live steam may be had; reasonable rent. Box H 909 Times Harlem.

Warehouse, five story, below Fulton St.; about 25x75; electric hoist; possession April 1. H 907 Times Harlem.

Business space, stores, lofts, buildings, all sizes, localities. Tell me your requirements. Ephriam Buchwald, 113 East 129th St.

NEWARK, N. J.
Broad and Market St. stores to let.
J. Clarence Carr, Firemen's Bldg., Newark.

BROADWAY, 487.—Office space 4,000 square feet. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 7475.

BROADWAY, 377, (Cor. White St.)—Store, 1,500 sq. ft.; possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

Sublet—Showroom and office, furnished if desired; 500 square feet; 17th St., near 5th Av. Phone Stuyvesant 431.

Office, furnished, to let. 25 West 42d St., Room 223.

109 Broad, large and small light offices; low rent. Apply on premises.

50th, 3 West.—Stores for high-class retail business. Inquire Superintendent.

Washington, D. C.

Unfurnished parlor floor, with bath or small hall, for physical culture studio; no apparatus; reasonable rental; central. Prof. Sixsmith, 1,210 G St., Washington, D. C.

Office space not exceeding 1,200 feet in modern building, by engineering firm, near Times Square; give full particulars and plan in first letter. L 167 Times.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted to rent, by an engineer, desk in furnished office, with telephone privilege; $15; location lower New York City, below City Hall. R 526 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Tenement, residence, or business buildings for lease; state full particulars. Lessee. L 247 Times.

Building or loft to lease or will buy for candy manufacturing 12,000 square feet or more. Shapiro Candy, 892 Madison St.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS,
small to medium sized office, in office building below Cortlandt St. L 233 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

41ST ST., EAST.—Handsomely furnished two-room and bath. Murray Hill 7450.

59TH, 61 EAST.—Large, bright parlor chamber and bath, $60. Tel. 5022 Murray Hill.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

PARK AV., (Northwest Corner,) Entrance 81st St.—Six rooms and bath, sunshine. Lenox 7899.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH, 12 WEST.—Sublet, furnished apartment, large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; references required. Tel. Spring 5918.

10TH, 17 WEST.—Two large rooms, bath, kitchenette, fireplace; $65. Apply 1-4.

26 WEST 43D ST.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 8255.

47TH, 16 WEST.—Large living room, kitchenette, bath, hot water; $70-$75.

508, (Near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, grand piano, $150. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

508, (Near 5th Av.)—High-class apartment, two rooms, kitchen, bath; $115 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apt. Hotel.)—Attractive suites, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

69TH ST., 245 WEST, (the New West End,)—Two, three-room apartments; $60 up; latest improvements; completely furnished.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ONE MILE SHORE FRONT

on Sound and Bay. One hundred acres on a point jutting into L. I. Sound. High bluff. The location is unexcelled. Easy electric transportation to Penn. Station, 18 miles away. Full particulars. Stephen Yates, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x95; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

69TH ST., WEST.—2 and 3 room apartments, kitchenette and bath, beautifully furnished, maid's service included, $125 to $175. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Phone 1733 Murray Hill.

708, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; grand piano, $200 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D, 344 WEST.—Will lease from Feb. 15 to Oct. 1 attractively furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths, overlooking Hudson; linen and silver; $225; seen 2 to 5 P. M. Apply Captain.

808, (Near Drive.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths, piano; $180 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Eight rooms, attractively furnished; must be seen to be appreciated; sublet to adults until Oct. 1. Call afternoons, Apartment 4E.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors; large rooms, private bath; unusually well furnished; modern conveniences; near subway and "L"; references.

98TH ST., 307-311 WEST.—Hotel Schuyler Arms; subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month, with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included; in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

[illegible], 604 WEST.—Three large, light rooms, kitchenette; unusually attractive. Apt. 4-D.

180TH ST., (Near Broadway.)—Four rooms and bath, furnished; February to Sept. 1. Knap & Wasson Co., 4,240 Broadway at 181st.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 72d. Col. 3974.

Attractive Apartments. Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited.
THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up. Telephone Academy 613 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

BROADWAY, 3,647.—Modern, high class four-room apt., furnished, until Oct. 1; reasonable. Phone Audubon 6110. Brooks.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS a specialty; town, country renting. 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST

IN THE 70'S, WEST SIDE; 3 ELEGANT SUITES, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; DELIGHTFUL HOME, GOOD SERVICE, $325, $225, AND $125 PER MONTH; REFERENCES. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 8055.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—6 rooms, 2 baths; strictly fireproof building, one block from subway; beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. Odell. Audubon 5400.

Unfurnished—East Side.

49TH, 11 EAST.—Three rooms, kitchenette; elevator apartment; possession immediately; also suitable for doctor or dentist. Apply superintendent.

60TH, 20 EAST.—3 rooms, bath, service; $100. Rhinelander 3179, or superintendent.

APARTMENTS 3 large rooms and two baths; fireplace in every room; elevator in house; maid service included in rent; seen by appointment. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Phone 1733 Murray Hill.

PARLOR floor; kitchenette; heated; doctor or couple; 96th subway; references. Phone Lenox 7135.

SEVEN room apartment covering one floor, unfurnished. 78 Irving Place. Telephone Gramercy 3311.

Unfurnished—West Side.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Newly remodeled nonhousekeeping apartment; two large living rooms and bath; service and breakfast optional.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Newly remodeled handsomely appointed bachelor duplex apartment; private entrance; breakfast and service optional.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

57TH, 140 WEST.—4 bright rooms, 2 baths, high class building, 10th floor.

67TH ST., 2 WEST.—Beautifully decorated new studio apartment, kitchenette; opposite Cafe des Artistes. Apartment 4-G.

94TH ST., 308 WEST.—8 rooms, 2 baths; near Riverside, Broadway subway.

181ST ST., 605 WEST.—Doctor's office; 2 rooms and laboratory; rent $30 ground floor premises; in the busiest centre of upper Manhattan.

CENTRAL Park West, 478 (108)—Corner apartment, five rooms; elevator; telephone; $1,200.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

CLINTON ST., 413, (Corner.)—5 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, $42.50.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Studio room, bath, kitchenette; or two rooms, bath, kitchenette; below 59th St., East of 6th Av.; $65. Address 37 Madison Av., Apt. 518.

Two to five rooms, bath, kitchenette, between 40th and 60th Sts., Park-B'way; not more than $90. Vanderbilt 6267.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Four bedrooms, 3 baths, immediate occupation, to July 1, west side, above 60th St. Reply 11 East 75th St.

4 rooms and bath, refined surroundings; moderate price; west side, between 8th and 125th Sts. S 171 Times.

Refined family wants three-room apartment and kitchenette; west; moderate. Audubon 6037.

Two rooms, bath; neighborhood 96th St., west side; state terms. L 248 Times

2 to 4 rooms; west side, above 72d St. Phone Moon, Chelsea 7500.

Wish to lease for few years apartment in small hotel. 182 Times.

Unfurnished.

Reward—Twenty-five dollars for information leading to securing six, seven rooms, bath, 90th to 155th, west side; modern; near subway, schools. L 240 Times.

Small, unfurnished apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; refined neighborhood; apartment hotel or private; particulars, price. L 243 Times.

Feb. 1, 2 rooms, kitchenette, furnished or unfurnished. Phone Audubon 2056, Mrs. Moseley.

Want small apartment, neighborhood Manhattan Sq.; give location, description, price. L 253 Times.

Six-room apt., below 72d St.; will exchange 4-room apt. at 190th West; will sublet. Phone St. Nicholas 3082.

Four or five room apartment, including kitchen, preferably on east side, in sixties or seventies. R 359 Times.

Couple, 5-6 room apartment, $200-$250. Miller, 102 West 50th. Circle 3067.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

58TH ST., 506 EAST.—LARGE OR SMALL ROOM; PRIVATE HOUSE.

72D, 168 EAST.—Exceptional large front room, attractively furnished, with private bathroom, heat, electricity, and maid service; excellent neighborhood, in a physician's home, near subway or "L" station. Call or phone Rhinelander 9584.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Large, small room, southern exposure, desirable for man, wife.

Attractive outside apartment; refined business women, central location. Murray Hill 2184, mornings.

MADISON AV., 735, (corner 64th.)—Nicely furnished large double front room, private bath, in well-heated house; no housekeeping; $50 monthly.

THE HOTEL BELMORE,
northeast corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

14TH, 245 WEST.—Fine old mansion; large, elegant parlors; steam heat; private bath; suitable studios. Telephone 654 Chelsea.

40TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park; adjoining bath; electricity; studio; gentlemen; references.

48TH, 102 WEST.—Elegant, cozy rooms, nicely furnished, telephone, steam; gentlemen only.

73D, 136 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; large rooms, kitchenette, electricity, telephone; $12-$16.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Newly furnished outside room; suitable couple; modern apartment.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable large rooms, dressing room, $12, $14; electricity; business men.

76TH, 147 WEST.—Artistic, medium rooms, $10-$7; small $4; exclusive home; gentlemen.

78TH, 134 WEST.—Charming second front room, running water, electricity, immaculately kept house.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

78TH, 143 WEST.—Charming second front room; running water; select vicinity; immaculately kept house.

78TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, bath, phone; private house; references; $7.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Elegant room, facing parks, four windows, southern exposure, porch, bath, steam heat; exceptional private house.

113TH, 621 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, third floor, bath adjoining; $12.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 296, (corner 90th.)—Second floor north; comfortable sunny outside room for gentleman; references exchanged; excellent board if desired.

CLAREMONT AV., 130.—Single and double rooms, with running water. Apply Operator.

CONVENT AV., 825, (West 143d St.)—Large, light, well-furnished rooms; owner's private residence; business people preferred. Audubon 3526.

COMFORTABLE front room, bath; very private elevator apartment; business lady only; subway, bus. 3175 St. Nicholas, Apartment 601.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (corner 80th.)—Beautifully furnished room; elegant house; all improvements.

Room and bath, sublet from Feb. 1. Hotel Marie Antoinette, 67th St. and Broadway. Apply Apartment 31.

WEST END AV., 945.—Attractive large front room, bath adjoining; suitable for gentleman.

WEST END AV., 896.—Large front room, adjoining bath; $12. Phone 2697 Academy.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful newly furnished studio suite and single rooms.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Business woman, highest reference, two rooms, near bath, without board, in strictly private house; state terms. Box 256 Times, 2 Rector St.

Two young men desire modern accommodations, small refined family; convenient location, west side; moderate rental; state particulars. G 761 Times Downtown.

Refined couple, room, private bath, kitchenette; 48th-60th Sts., east Broadway. A 174 Times.

Gentleman desires front room, West Harlem, in a modern apartment, $45. B 1086 Times Harlem.

Gentleman desires front room; West Harlem; modern apartment; $45. B 1086 Times Harlem.

Two bedrooms, west side, 70th to 100th St.; mother and daughter; references exchanged. L 224 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large front room, southern exposure.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

56TH, 62 WEST.—One large room with board, table guests; references.

72D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6396.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine large double room with bath, by Holland family; give supper or accommodations; European style, home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Medium-sized room, good home cooking, all accommodations; table guests.

85TH, 132 WEST.—Large front room for two; French cuisine; homelike; references.

87TH, 352 WEST.—Lady owning handsome home offers second floor, with private bath.

102D ST., 244 WEST.—Suite with private bath, family party of gentlemen, small rooms; table guests invited.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath, single room; exceptional table, modern.

130TH ST., 247 WEST.—Large, light rooms, all conveniences; kosher table board. Morningside 4011.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult. With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 815.—Private family; beautiful room, bath; unexcelled table; gentlemen.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Professional gentleman wants comfortable bedroom and living room, west side; dinner evenings; private family preferred; $20 weekly. B 112 Times.

Home, refined American family, 2 motherless children, boy 7, girl 5; no boarding house. B 1038 Times Harlem.

Young business man wishes cheerful room and table board with refined private family; references exchanged. B 13 Times.

Couple, both employed, want room and board; private family; two meals; near subway station; state rates. L 239 Times.

Room with board wanted by a Southerner with private family. K 252 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath: 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

Thirty cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—2 years' experience; references; accurate and good penman; salary $15. Miss Silverman, 19 Stuyvesant St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—4½ years' experience in taking charge of accounts, receivable and payable ledgers, desires position; can furnish highest credentials; salary $18. B 530 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; six years' experience; competent double entry, controlling accounts, monthly trial balances; knowledge stenography and typewriting. R 676 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; both secretarial capacity or full charge; textile experience, credits, collections; trustworthy, conscientious; references; $28-$30. A 911 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER, understands controlling accounts and all detail incidental to taking full charge office; $25. L 234 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady, 22, refined, college graduate, experienced in double entry, desiring good, permanent connections. L 184 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Capable, thoroughly competent, textile experience, entire charge; modern methods. S 80 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; experienced; competent; $18. S 653 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, VERY HIGH GRADE.
Executive; $30; accountancy training. A 188 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; thoroughly experienced; college training; complete charge of books; $32. B 582 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, double entry, experienced, high school graduate; salary $17. E. Brounsten, 810 Dawson St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, Stenographer.—Three years' experience; $18. Box 90, 2,121 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk, trial balance; knowledge stenography; three years' experience. Box 89, 2,121 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; knowledge of stenography; high school graduate. H 429 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER; high school graduate; three years' manufacturing, export experience; reference. R 357 Times.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant; conscientious; Sabbath observer; good reference. Bookkeeper, 262 Grand St.

BUSINESS WOMAN, executive, credits, collections, expert sales correspondent, office manager; above average; highest credentials. A 917 Times Harlem.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress; young Irish girl wishes position; small private family. 163 West 85th St., basement bell.

CLERK.—Knowledge typewriting; good at figures; 3 years' experience; $14. L 163 Times.

COMPANION TO LADY.—By gentlewoman of tact and experience, speaking English and French perfectly; excellent references. Address Companion, 533 Madison Av.

COURIER, maid or companion, American widow; speaks three languages; can drive automobile; good traveler. 233 East 68th St.

DRESSMAKER, experienced, would like a few more customers; $4. Phone Melrose 6157.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

EDITOR.—Experienced woman editor desires editorship of publication, department editing or feature writing. X 316 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, university graduate, thoroughly experienced, desires responsible position. R 216 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Lady who brought up widower's children seeks position of trust; excellent references. Address D. M. R., [illegible] Madison Av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—High-class, capable lady desires to take full charge and management of servants and household, relieving party of all responsibility; A1 references. L 237 Times.

LADY SCENARIO WRITER desires connection with high-class film corporation. H., 389 West Boston Post Road, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

LAUNDRESS.—Colored woman; experienced; work at home; best references. Bertha Steadman, 114 West 134th.

MAID and Seamstress.—Swiss; in apartment or hotel. Write Box 27, 1,315 3d Av., or phone Lenox 1416.

MANICURING, pedicuring, facial massage, in or out. Jeanette, care Amelia, [illegible] Clinton Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Waverly 8024.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE.—Experienced infant's nurse; Scotch; entire charge from birth; $50. A 922 Times Harlem.

OFFICE ASSISTANT and Typist.—High school education; experienced; moderate salary. R 672 Times Downtown.

PIANO TEACHER, French, perfect; few more advanced, beginners. Godard, 236 West 112th.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—A1; if you desire one with thorough business knowledge, possessing every qualification of the expert; Wall St.; export and advertising experience; salary $25-$28; preferably Wall St. position; best references. Address E. L., 602 West 180th St., city.

SECRETARY.—Well appearing, intelligent young business woman wishes executive position with Latin American concern; capable taking entire charge of English correspondence; formerly connected with Latin American consulate in this city. Address B 600 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; FIVE YEARS COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE; INITIATIVE, EXECUTIVE ABILITY. CALL GRAMERCY 8420, OR WRITE B 113 TIMES.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' commercial and law experience; A1 references; thoroughly efficient, conscientious; $25. R 258 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — First-class, efficient; capable handling correspondence; best references. A 916 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, high school graduate, three years' experience, two years with export house, wishes position as stenographer, preferably with export house; salary desired, $20. R 670 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced; conscientious; executive ability; general business; references; small office preferred, uptown; $20. S. Gilman, 425 East 166th.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years experience; thorough knowledge of office routines; excellent references; write. D 730 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, competent, wishes permanent position. B. Grossman, 200 West 41st St. Phone Bryant 6987.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—High school graduate; two years' experience, export; salary $16. Write S. Z., 438 Howard Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; two years' experience; reference; American; $15. B 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, general office assistant, 3 years' experience; $16; references. B 541 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Correspondent. — City, country; five years' experience; excellent references. Eberle, 3,224 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, efficient, accurate, neat; $14. R. Minow, 85 East 107th St.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper, Clerical.—High school graduate; experienced, conscientious. T. W., 1,434 Bryant Av.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard; 4 years' experience; accurate; salary $18-$20. S 6[illegible] Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; 4 years' experience; salary $18; best references. A 183 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, having 5 years' experience, capable of being private secretary to a large business concern. K 354 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Wall Street experience; thoroughly familiar with office routine. R 636 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, initiative, neat, accurate, two years' experience, requires permanent connection. G 33 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, educated, bookkeeping knowledge; complete charge office details; $22. A 905 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER. — Two years' experience; salary $15. Lillian Cantor, 8,661 17th Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER; six months' experience; understands office work; references; $12. B 564 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wishes position; business school graduate. T. Bergman, 159 East 105th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $18. R 633 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 14 years' experience, wants permanent position; replying, state salary. L 230 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—Competent, ambitious; 3½ years' experience; salary $18. R 631 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; three years' experience; high school graduate; intelligent, capable; $18. B 803 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER; high school graduate; willing, intelligent, experienced, and conscientious. Morningside 6652, Apt. 3W.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; willing, conscientious worker; salary $15. L. Harrison, 1,251 37th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; experienced; efficient; $15. S 654 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, efficient, desires permanent position. E. B., 150 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. Christian, twelve years' experience; $30. S 139 Times.

SUB-LEASE immediately, light loft, 50x100; reasonable. Paramount, 3 Waverly Place.

TABULATOR, TYPIST, 3 years' experience in certified public accountant's office, wishes position; excellent references. L 244 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and office clerk; thoroughly experienced; best reference; $15. B 516 Times Downtown.

TYPIST AND MULTIGRAPHER.—2 years' experience. P. Reisler, 1,330 Seabury Place, Bronx, N. Y.

TYPIST, experienced, rapid, high school graduate, conscientious, office assistant; $16. A. B., 245 Times.

YOUNG LADY, 21, high school graduate; 1 year college; two years' clerical experience, desires position; $15. B 589 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, 18 years, experienced, wishes position as typist, clerical. B 522 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, offers services where general business knowledge qualifies. W 712 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS. — Thoroughly experienced servants, excellent cooks, investigated references, seeking places; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165, Domestic Service Agency, 329 W. 59th.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway. (89th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 482 Lenox Av. Harlem 5098.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX.
Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, trial balances, statements, reports, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, Public Accountants, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE,
age 33, married, 15 years' thorough experience modern office management and accountancy, organizer, systematizer, and economizer, desires connection where thorough knowledge and loyalty will be appreciated. K 818 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (28,) extensive experience with modern business methods; financial statements; good systematizer; familiar exports, manufacturing, foreign drafts, exchange, credits; $40. R 620 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior; N. Y. U. student; experienced; 4 years' bookkeeper and office manager; desires connection with C. P. A. or reliable accounting concern. B 490 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 21, manufacturing and trading, bookkeeping experience; advanced accountancy student; stenographer and typist; army discharge. A 921 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, four years' experience, desires evening work, private audits, investigations. H 427 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior, naval officer doing specialized accounting work, wishes executive position March 1; experienced public and commercial accounts, 25, married; salary $300 per month. B 364 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT, Junior.—C. P. A. experience, capable working without supervision; excellent references. R 686 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income tax, financial reports, audits, books opened; part-time bookkeeping $2 weekly. Rossin, 42 Broadway. Broad 6425.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A., high-grade executive, record of achievement, seeks responsible position large corporation. B 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT.—Young man, (20,) 3 years' bookkeeping experience, elementary knowledge of accounting, seeks permanent position. R 218 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports, bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly service, not tax fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports, arrangements (firms without bookkeepers), $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—Semi-senior, employed with C. P. A., desires change. B 512 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT BOOKKEEPER, 30, long experience, seeks permanent connection; excellent references. B 591 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING WRITER, 5 years' experience, wishes position. Henry Ehlert, 222 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, honorably discharged, whose advertisements and [illegible] work indicate an original mind, progressive writing power, and a [illegible] sense; has handled campaigns [illegible] details. L 229 Times.

ADVERTISER, copy writer, stenographer, salesman, experienced, desires position. Aper, 104 Madison St.

ARCHITECTURAL engineer, draftsman; 1912 college graduate, officer, to be discharged; familiar with general types of building construction; ex-partner in successful business; desires [illegible] with reputable architect [illegible] 38 Times.

ARMY captain just discharged; young man, university education; previous experience as [illegible] manager and city salesman large [illegible] efficiency and executive [illegible] 1,001, 80 Fifth Av.

[illegible] PUBLICITY MAN

[illegible] discharged from army; 10 years' experience writing for New York City daily papers; specialist in national propaganda; [illegible] regarding country-wide [illegible] desires permanent or temporary [illegible] will give part time if desired [illegible] is a Christian, temperate, [illegible] diplomatic, gentlemanly in appearance and conduct and worthy of your confidence. Tuba Clain, S 585 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience; up-to-date methods, correspondence, credits, collections, possessing accountancy training; high school graduate; assume full charge; excellent references; salary $25. R 684 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' experience; controlling accounts, specializing in pay rolls for past three years; reliable, capable and ambitious; excellent references furnished. K 329 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, married, 26, [illegible] experienced controlling accounts, financial statements, tax reports, collections, correspondence, graduate accountant; competent [illegible] A. L., 104 East 14th.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (36,) to take charge, trial balances, controlling accounts, financial statements, corporation accounting [illegible] A 365 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.—(24,) college graduate, eight years' experience controlling accounts, financial statements; capable taking full charge. K 290 Times.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant, (20,) experienced double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, accountancy student; capable and aggressive. R 306 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; N. Y. U. student, 4 years' experience, having thorough knowledge of accounting. B 489 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Office Manager, (28.)—Experienced correspondent; credits, collections, qualified take complete charge; initiative, college education; $30. S 125 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance, controlling accounts, can take care of correspondence; excellent references, not afraid of work. East Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cost clerk, 4 years' experience manufacturing concern, payrolls, controlling accounts, statements; university education. S 580 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography, typewriting, commerce graduate, experienced, reference, desires position. R 293 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office-man, American, Christian, long varied experience, wants permanent position immediately; salary $28; best references. A 919 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) knowledge of accountancy, experienced, salary moderate, permanent position. B 492 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, high school education; capable; references. I. Lure, 1,584 Bristow St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, (28,)—Thoroughly competent; ten years' experience; references; salary $[illegible] B 682 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of control accounts, many years' experience, interview requested. A 189 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, (28,) wide experience modern accounting systems; collections. C 641 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, double entry, references. [illegible] 226 West 108th St.

BOY, 17, wants position in good firm; salary $[illegible] references; good advancement. R [illegible] Times Downtown.

BUYER.

Young man thoroughly experienced men's and women's wear department, now with Kansas City best house, would connect with big trade N. Y. shop, as buyer or assistant. A 272 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,941 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, (24,) married, discharged from army, desires position private; operate any car; own repairing. Lawrence Kinzales, 1,702 3d Av. Phone Lenox [illegible]

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic, with private family; long trips preferred; ten years' experience; best references. Paul Hotzelove, [illegible] East 77th St.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, four years, commercial or private. A1 reference. Winkler, care Wuensch, 1,974 3d Av. Harlem [illegible]

CHAUFFEUR.—Young Japanese wants position private family, city or country; sober, [illegible] have good reference. E. Tsuji, [illegible] West [illegible]

CHAUFFEUR, 28, experienced mechanic, [illegible] any car, make own repairs; [illegible] anywhere. Walno, 2,008 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, American; mechanic; eleven years' experience; good references. Box [illegible] Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 25, single; four years' shop and [illegible] experience, private position; references. J. Farley, 2,035 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, high grade automobile mechanic, [illegible] years' experience, expert 6, 8, 12 [illegible] cars. Phone Riverside 308.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, experienced, good [illegible] position; references. [illegible] 64th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Wishes position in private [illegible] driver, excellent references; [illegible] Bender, 237 Lenox Av.

CHEMIST, college education, experienced [illegible] analytical, and experimental work, desires connection with manufacturing concern. R 920 Times.

CONSTRUCTION engineer, 12 years' experience [illegible] man on industrial work. L 228 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Writes clear, forceful sales letters and copy; wide experience, [illegible] follow-up, advertising; desires position first-class house, age 29, unmarried; college graduate; honorable army discharge. [illegible] Times.

COST CLERK, [illegible] experience distribution [illegible] labor and material. B 1094 Times.

DISCHARGED soldier wishes clerical position [illegible] previous position. H [illegible]

DRAFTSMAN, [illegible] first class letterer, detailer, [illegible] experience auto trucks, motors, [illegible] machinery; technical [illegible] Box 5, Jamaica.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, layout, detailer; [illegible] Piazza, 213 E. 107th.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced electrical; college man, 31, desires position. H 199 Times.

DRY GOODS MAN released from service, 10 years' experience, seeks connection. A 242 Times.

EDITOR, honorable army discharge, understands make-up, real headline builder, willing to do some reporting; eight years' experience on local dailies, prefers trade paper; [illegible] 27 years old; Christian; gentlemanly appearance. Auroramason, S 586 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIAN.—Young Japanese, honorably discharged from U. S. Army, best recommendations, desires position in electrical line [illegible] prefer light work. G 37 Times.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, 30, good executive, 7 years' practical experience manufacturing and engineering desires responsible position. F 497 Times Downtown.

EXPORT and IMPORT.—Young man, (21,) college education, technical and office experience, knowledge modern languages, desires connection with export-import firm where ability proven will mean rapid advancement. K 321 Times.

EXPORT SHIPPING CLERK, 3 years' experience, familiar with consular invoices. F [illegible] Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

EXECUTIVE.

Mr. Business Man: Here is the case of a man, an ex-naval officer, with five years' law and six years' naval training, who desires an administrative or executive position with a well-established concern. He is 26 years of age, married, with an absolutely clean record, and is the kind of man who, after being with you three months, will relieve you of all your petty details and worries; in other words, run your business for you. He has ideas and initiative, and is a glutton on work. He needs $3,600 a year to start; for his family's sake; if he was single he would go to work for you for five dollars a week! What is your offer? Address R 650 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE

ABLE, CAPABLE, AND EXPERIENCED

Possessing energy, forcefulness of character and schooled judgment; not afraid of hard work and liking to fight big odds; commission in U. S. Army from the ranks; desires position where pay is secondary to opportunity with mercantile or financial house. Address Non-Theoretical. S 696 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.—Young man, (29,) possessing business ability, well educated, thorough knowledge of Spanish, English, French, Italian, widely traveled, seeks promising connection export house; salary secondary to opportunity; A1 credentials. R 282 Times.

FOREIGN TRADE.

Young man desires connection that will train, lead to responsible position; ability; initiative; experience; qualifications; interview. K 301 Times.

GARDENER wishes position, 38 years old, Scotch, married, one child, capable of taking charge of private estate, cows, chickens, &c.; life experience; first-class references. L 213 Times.

JAPANESE VALET-COOK, general housework, wishes position morning and afternoon; very good references. "Iso," 47 Prospect Place, City.

LAWYER, especially good drawing contracts, long experience general practice New York City, also business experience, desires position with large corporation. R 381 Times.

LINGUIST and writer, ex-teacher, just completed eight months' confidential Government work in seven languages, will undertake literary, scientific, or business translation, &c.; American. Refers to Scribner's, William A. Read & Co., &c. W. C. L., 217 East 35th St. 1015 Murray Hill.

MAN, 30, discharged soldier, wishes position; experienced department manager with mail order house; would accept position with reliable wholesale or manufacturing concern as stockman; capable handling help. L 260 Times Bronx.

MAN.—Competent, wishes position as manager of country estate; references. R 356 Times.

OFFICE MAN.

The services of a man, (34,) Christian, with broad business experience, initiative, loyalty, forceful personality, who is a good executive, can be secured by substantial firm where modern intensive business methods will be appreciated, thorough knowledge office systems, filing, credits, collections and shipping; good correspondent; compensation dependent upon requirements and opportunities of position offered. H 550 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, (28.)—Wanted, position as office manager; thoroughly familiar with accounting and checking credits; at present employed at $40 per week with large mercantile and importing house; desires to make a change with progressive firm. C., Room 7, sixth floor, 656 Broadway.

PURCHASING AGENT AND EXECUTIVE, SEEKS NEW CONNECTION; SUCCESSFUL CAREER MANAGING, ORGANIZING AND SYSTEMATIZING; FULL CHARGE OF BUSINESS OR PURCHASING DEPARTMENT; EXPERIENCE MANAGING, PURCHASING AND SELLING, FACTORY, MILL, CONTRACTORS' AND RAILROAD SUPPLIES, 18 YEARS. R 596 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALES EXECUTIVE.

Young man, with broad and successful selling record and general executive experience, both in this country and abroad, desires position as sales manager or special representative; best possible references furnished; no real estate or insurance; only the highest class proposition considered; salary, $7,500. Y 207 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, age 25, aggressive, convincing talker, 7 years' experience, just released from executive position War Department, desires connection where future is assured; knowledge French and foreign trade. B 507 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires connection with reliable steel, hardware, or small-tool house; excellent selling and practical experience; very well acquainted with city trade; aged 27; good appearance; hard worker. B 472 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, European, thoroughly acquainted with Balkan States market, desires connection with reliable firm wishing to expand their shoe, clothing, machinery, preferably willing to travel; best testimonials. R 280 Times.

SALESMAN, 29, wants legitimate proposition; salary and commission; traveled Pennsylvania, Ohio and South; highest credentials. L 240 Times.

SALESMAN, 29, music trade following in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and South, open for legitimate line; A1 reference. L 241 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, executive, clerical, American; compensation commensurate high grade ability. G 743 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK and manager, (31,) married, wants position; best references. R 358 Times.

SINGLE MAN wishes to associate with some good firm looking for a man of rare ability to sell or manage; party is without question a hustler; speaks and corresponds in five different languages; can furnish best of references and bond. G 36 Times.

SOLDIER, expert stenographer; thorough knowledge of Spanish; American; (30;) $25. K 342 Times.

SPANISH.—Young man knowledge Spanish stenography, wants start. Ruiz, 42 West 92d St. G 34 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, American, capable, highly educated, experienced, anything offering future. A 193 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (20,) thoroughly experienced; good correspondent; highly recommended; $20. B 529 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, experienced, graduate commercial high school, knowledge bookkeeping. L 245 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, knowledge Spanish; year's experience; above average. S 641 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, desires immediate position; several years' experience; references. L 246 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced on payroll, timekeeping, distribution, &c., seeks connection. O 27 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (30,) general office man; knowledge bookkeeping; moderate to start. R 688 Times Downtown.

STEWARD—COOK, &c.—Country club; wife, cook, housekeeper; long experience; references. Ansell, 300 West 112th.

STRUCTURAL DESIGNER, steel, concrete, good training; 7 years' experience; highly efficient, desires position in New York. A 211 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT.—Wanted, position as factory superintendent or assistant by man with several years' experience in such work; fully acquainted with production methods and factory management; capable handling the labor problem; technical college graduate. X 387 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT wishes high-class apartment or office building, with or without kitchen privileges; 10 years' experience; own tools; personal references. Schneider, 103 West 58th St.

TO MANAGERS OR EXECUTIVES.

Ex-army officer available as assistant to energetic manager who expects a great deal for his money and wants things DONE RIGHT in the SHORTEST possible time. S 170 Times.

U. S. ARMY AVIATOR, honorably discharged, college graduate, desires position with opportunity for good future. R 302 Times.

WANTED.—Fabric and skin glove line for Southern States immediately. L 254 Times.

YOUNG, technically and business trained man desires position with contracting, sales, or operating firm with room at top; past experience, industrial engineering; have qualities; want opportunity to make good; future first consideration, compensation as for service rendered. Apt. 64, 207 Dyckman St.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorably discharged, desires position; capable and of good appearance and address; stenographer; salary desired $18-$20. R 335 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, evening session student N. Y. University School of Commerce, with knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, office work, desires position; honorably discharged. S 592 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) eight years' experience clerical, billing and export shipping, desires permanent position; good typist and figurer; knowledge bookkeeping; excellent references. B 538 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, age 28 years, ten years' experience in insurance company; best references; mercantile or export house preferred. Lewis M. Willis, 80 William St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, 33, desires position with Stock Exchange house, customers' department; can secure clientele. Efficient. R 685 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, general office work, bookkeeper, shipping clerk. R 253 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, well educated, typist; accurate at figures. J. D., 175 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, 24, recently resigned statistician War Department, experienced insurance and insurance publishing statistics; best references. S 593 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, married, American, Christian; long, varied business experience; reliable, clean-cut; salary $28; best references. A 918 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 21; four years' experience, shipping, receiving clerk; highly recommended; expert packer. S 702 Times Downtown.

YOUNG FRENCHMAN, college graduate, will give French lessons in conversation and business correspondence. A 920 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (26,) desires clerical position where experience is unnecessary. L 217 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position anything; able, willing; good reference. L 252 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school graduate; desires clerical position with future; best references. H 413 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position; export shipping, stock, clerical experience. S 622 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college education, desires connection with large concern, which can offer opportunity for future. R 266 Times.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge of office routine, shipping, selling, capable, energetic. R 289 Times.

YOUNG man assistant bookkeeper; typist; good penman; general clerical worker. L 255 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER IN LARGE RETAIL STORE.

MUST BE RAPID, ACCURATE, AND RELIABLE AT FIGURES.

A FIRST-CLASS POSITION IS OFFERED TO SUCH A PARTY WITH REFERENCE AND EXPERIENCE.

L 236 TIMES.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call at 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

BILLING CLERK, familiar with Remington Wahl machine; Brooklynite preferred; splendid opportunity; write full particulars and salary desired. Box 104, 1619 St. James Building.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, capable handling double entry set of books and taking charge of general office details, correspondence, &c.; established business; good reference as to actual experience necessary. L 242 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in hotel bookkeeping and restaurant auditing, state salary and particulars by mail only. Hotel Empire, Broadway and 63d St.

BOOKKEEPER, capable taking executive charge office wholesale tailors' trimmings house. R 591 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; state experience and salary; reference required. B. & S., X 367 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT AND TYPIST, —Experienced; good pay. France-Strohmenger & Cowan, 23 East 26th.

BOOKKEEPER.—State experience and salary desired. Write Post, 19 West 42d St.

BRIGHT GIRL for showroom; experience not necessary. G. & G. Waist and Dress Co., 6 East 32d St.

CLERKS,

tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Private dressmaking house requires neat and intelligent young lady; good penman and accurate at figures; one having knowledge of stenography and typewriting preferred; salary $15 to begin; state age, religion, and past experience; good position and chance for an increase of salary, if found worthy. L 251 Times.

COOK (white) and general houseworker, family of two; liberal wages and good home. Apply 9-12 o'clock, Apt. 2B, 251 West 98th St.

DESIGNER

on silk and muslin underwear.

THE WOLF CO.,

364 FIFTH AVENUE.

FORELADY, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ON INFANTS' COATS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY RIGHT PARTY. R. P., 804 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT, one with some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; permanent position; good future for capable woman; salary $15. Apply Monday before 10 A. M., Otto Sarony Co., 470 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER in Cedarhurst, L. I., 35 minutes from city; no washing; good wages. Call Monday, 10 to 12 and from 1 to 2 at 319 West 105th St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, white, references required; call morning. Bauer, 511 West 113th St.

GIRLS

for general work in the folding, examining and making of paper patterns; steady work; apply before 10 A. M. BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO., 64 West 23d St., (McCreery Bldg.,) (3d floor.)

GIRLS, NEAT APPEARING, MAKE THEMSELVES USEFUL IN MANUFACTURER'S SHOWROOM. CALL OR ADDRESS ZENO, 387 4TH AV.

GIRL to assist in office work, wholesale house; Underwood machines in use; good chance for advancement. S 633 Times Downtown.

GIRL to help in manufacture of toilet preparations. Apply at once, Hepner's, 137 West 44th.

GOVERNESS, French, for large family living in the country; must be fond of sports, riding, etc.; applicant state qualifications, give references and religion, and apply by letter to A 794 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS, French, speaking good English, for boy 4 years old, superintend care of girls 10 and 12; must be fond of outdoor sports. Phone Bronxville 872.

HAND SEWERS ON BLOUSES. CORHAN, 647 MADISON AV.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE.

One who is able to formulate own letters and is familiar with figuring; state age, nationality, previous experience, and salary expected. B 109 Times.

HOUSEWORKER for small private school; no laundry or cooking. Telephone Kingsbridge 316.

HOUSEWORKER, white; plain cooking; no washing; three adults; wages $45; city references. 229 West 78th, Apartment 81.

LIGHT HOUSEWORK, (WHITE,) ASSISTING MOTHER WITH TWO CHILDREN, FOUR YEARS OLD; 10 TO 11. A. FRANK, 796 EAST 175TH ST.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS, union, above scale for clean, fast operators; night side. J. J. Little & Ives, 425 East 24th St.

MANICURE-HAIRDRESSER, steady position, by My Lady Beauty Shop, 95 7th Av., Brooklyn.

MILLINERS AND IMPROVERS.

Only those accustomed to first-class work need apply; good salary; all-year position. WALTER C. SITTWITZ, 7 East 47th St.

MILLINERS AND IMPROVERS EXPERIENCED ON HIGH CLASS WORK; LONG SEASONS; GOOD SALARY. APPLY AT REICH, 570 5TH AV., NEAR 47TH ST.

MILLINERY APPRENTICES WANTED.—NEAT WILLING GIRLS; GOOD PAY. REICH, 570 5TH AV., NEAR 47TH ST.

MILLINERS WANTED. Madame Nicole, 21 East 57th St. Plaza 8771

MODELS wanted, corset models for fashion show; one ideal average type, wearing corset size 26; one short waisted figure, wearing size 26; one short, slender figure, wearing size 22; one tall slender figure, wearing size 22; one short stout, wearing size 28; one tall heavy, wearing size 28; one large below waist, wearing size 26; one curved back figure, wearing size 22; one girl, between 12 and 14 years of age; models must be good looking and good proportion for their type. Apply Monday and ask for Miss Minifie, The H. W. Gossard Co., 334 4th Av.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

Must be active; long season; experience necessary; $30 weekly.

TREELINE SUIT CO., 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODEL WANTED

for skirt house, to help in show room and wait on trade. CHARLES KAFKA & CO., 34-38 W. 27TH ST.

MODELS, ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON WRAPS IN SHOW ROOM, SIZES 16 AND 36; FIVE DAYS PER WEEK; GOOD SALARY. WILLIAM FISCHMAN, 15 EAST 26TH ST.

MODELS

STYLISH, SIZE 16, FOR MISSES'S DRESSES; STEDY POSITION. ROSENMEYER & SCHWARTZ, 31 E. 32D.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MODELS.

Stylish young ladies for dress house; size 16; excellent salaries; steady position.

FLOERSHEIMER COMPANY, 159 Madison Av.

MODELS—SIZE 16.

LIBERAL SALARY.

For wholesale dress house.

THE ROBBINS DRESS CO., 76 MADISON AVENUE.

MODELS.

SIZE 16; HIGHEST SALARY. CANADAY DRESS CO., 116 WEST 32D.

MODELS for cloak and suit house, 16 and 36, highest salary, long season. Safran Kreeger, 19 West 24th.

MODEL AND SALESLADY, size 36 and 16; experience; good position; modern cloak and suit house. 15 West 26th St.

MODEL.—Size 16 and 36, for large cloak and suit house; must be experienced; good salary. Superior Garment Co., 1,337 B'way.

MODELS.—8 stylish, tall, 16 size, dress; steady work to end of May. Apply ready for work, T. & B. O'Brien, 1338 Broadway.

MODEL, EXPERIENCED, MISSES' SIZE 16, FOR SUITS; LONG SEASON. KLEINFIELD & RENNER, 7 WEST 30TH.

MODELS wanted, attractive, to try on misses' and junior's suits; long season and good salary. S. A. Franck, 36 West 25th.

MODELS, perfect 16, stylish young ladies to try on high grade suits. D. B. Katz & Co., 1 West 34th St.

MODELS.—Young women, attractive, size 16, suits and dresses, salary $25 to $30. 1270 Broadway. Room 408.

MODEL, experienced, 36, in cloak and suit house. Karl Light, 129 West 27th St.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.—Experienced; permanent; $15 to start; advancement. Call Wm. Gray, 13 Park Row.

NURSE for 20 months old baby; excellent position, good salary and pleasant surroundings for one with experience and pleasing personality. Call at 5 East 51st St.

NURSE for 18 months' old baby; must understand care of child and be of neat appearance, pleasing personality, and have good references. B 380 Times.

NURSE for boy of 6; must be able to take care of infant later. Apply 120 West 70th St., Apt. 7B. Phone Columbus 3124.

NURSE.—Competent woman to take entire charge of month-old baby; references. L. Ball, 82 West 12th St.

PATTERN wanted, experienced designers, also girls to fold paper patterns. Call Monday after 9. S. T. Taylor Co., 500 5th Av. Room 711.

PAYROLL CLERK for shoe factory; piece and time workers; submit references and salary expected. A 600 Times Downtown.

PUPIL NURSES for one-year course leading to certificate of trained obstetrical nurse; course includes lectures, classroom instruction, and practical work in maternity and pediatric department of registered training school. Supt. of Nurses, St. Elizabeth Hospital, 204 S. Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ROOM AND BOARD, with instruction in shorthand, typewriting, exchange for services in private Long Island home; write, stating your education, experience, &c. H 431 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN

FOR RIBBONS.

MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED.

AT WANAMAKER'S.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SHOE SALESWOMEN

AT WANAMAKER'S.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

SALESLADY.—Refined position; silks; $40 weekly; commission; short hours. 1,482 Broadway, Room 813.

SALESLADY for Victrola store, steady position. Paul Helfer, 1,589 3d Av.

SALESLADY.—Experienced in cloaks and dresses. Apply Post, 19 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.

ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH AND PORTUGUESE; COMPETENT TO TRANSCRIBE, TRANSLATE; WE WILL CONSIDER APPLICANTS WITH ANY COMBINATION OF THE ABOVE LANGUAGES; SPEED AND ACCURACY ARE ESSENTIAL. APPLY CRANE CO., ROOM 501, BERKLEY BLDG., 20 WEST 45TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be thoroughly experienced and well trained in stenography and also capable of handling other office details; an excellent position for the right party; applicants must state in detail their experience and training, giving age, salary earned in previous positions, and furnish references. Y 204 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; permanent position, with prospects for advancement, for refined, capable young lady. Apply in own writing, stating age, religion, previous experience, and salary. B. R., 415 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, rapid, accurate; high school graduate; salary to start $18; advancement in proportion to ability; state experience in detail, also nationality. A 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, refined, capable, with at least 4 years' business experience, preferably in publishing line; able to take work of difficult nature rapidly. S. Schloss, P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Quick, clever girl, capable of learning the technicalities of the business quickly and willing to give wholehearted interest to the work; American; refined. R 361 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping, in ladies' wearing apparel house; excellent opportunity for advancement. V. D., 809 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; bright girl; accurate; one familiar with mail order business preferred, though not essential; state experience, age, salary. B 846 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, familiar with office details, in high-grade printing concern; call with letter of application, stating salary and experience. Krause, 230 West 17th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; very best references required; state full particulars. H 434 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, who understands bookkeeping. Call, after 10 A. M., Cable, 530 West 38th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good typist; must be intelligent and bright. Room 411S, 47 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for literary and dramatic office; knowledge of filing required; state salary. B 39 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, with knowledge bookkeeping; neat, accurate; state salary. B 378 Times.

STOCK GIRLS wanted; high-class trade; good salaries. Apply H. Milgrim, 227 West 74th St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR for large real estate office, who can operate typewriter preferred; must be thoroughly experienced and able to handle outside office. Call 45 West 34th St., Room 903.

TEACHER of backward children for private boarding school. Y 224 Times Annex.

TYPIST to do addressing and filling in and folding circulars; general office assistant. Christian publishing house. A 619 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Philanthropic agency needs rapid, accurate typist; desirable, healthful office conditions. Phone Miss Barr, Gram. 3841, only between 12 and 2 on Monday.

TYPISTS.—Piece work; experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

WAITRESSES to serve supper, 6 to 8 P. M. Apply 11:30 A. M., Miss Saunders, 143 East 39th St.

WOMAN wanted, to care for three rooms and make herself generally useful to a lady; references required. Call at 27 West 67th St. on Sunday. E. K. D.

WOMAN to care for physician's office and do some clerical work; full or part time. L 250 Times.

WOMAN to assist in cafeteria and tea room; short hours. 18 West 43d St.

WOMAN for general work in cafeteria and tea room; short hours. 18 West 43d St.

YOUNG LADY, high class dressmaking establishment; must be bright and able to interview trade. Bielsky, 176 2d Av.

YOUNG LADY to learn attend branch store, Schwarz & Forger, cleaners and dyers, 125th St. and Morningside Av.

YOUNG LADIES, good figures, sizes 16 and 36, to try on cloaks and suits, good salary. Safran & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.

Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English Is Good Business," at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New class will meet on Wednesdays, from 6:30 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 146) for booklet, "Your English," and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED

in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes.

PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.

PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL for women; largest and best equipped; visitors who wish to inspect the school should secure free pass at West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

MODERN SOCIETY DANCING taught by refined young lady; hours 9 to 9. D. J. Durling, at 55 West 46th. Phone Bryant 3025.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

Three months' course. Individual instruction, students on probation, graduates registered. 35 W. 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS, all lines, $15-$26; excellent positions; bookkeepers, typists, office assistants; registration free. Gahagan Agency, 258 Broadway.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY, 489 5TH AV., 93 NASSAU. STENOGRAPHERS ....$12-$20

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, legal, commercial, bonds, typists; many openings. Call.

BECOME expert telephone operators, complete course, $10. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; typists, $15-$18; permanent positions. Stenographers' Bureau, 158 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT and office manager wanted by cotton goods converting house; must have had experience as office manager of large dry goods concern, and be capable of handling large volume of details and supervision of office force; please give full particulars and salary expected by letter only to S. M. Schwab, Jr., & Co., 26 White St.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, senior and junior, in office of certified public accountant; permanent position to right parties; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 424 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING COPY MAN wanted; experienced, well recommended; good opportunity; advise salary desired. S 671 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for technical trade journal; state age, experience and salary. B 116 Times.

A

STOCK

BROKERAGE

CORRESPONDENT.

A large stock brokerage house needs an experienced business-getting letter writer who has demonstrated his ability to secure accounts by mail from advertising leads. Reply by letter, stating age, nationality, whether married or single, experience, by whom employed for past two years, and other facts pertinent to a decision. All replies upon strictly confidential basis. Address G 774 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK for Portuguese and Spanish export; one with drug experience preferred; must have good reference, be willing and competent; good opening for right man; state salary expectations. R 681 Times Downtown.

BILLIARD MECHANIC to set up, overhaul, and cover table. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d.

BRUSH MAKERS wanted, pitch setters, and boring hands. Box 217, Bradford, Penn.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT, WITH EXPERIENCE ON CUSTOMERS' LEDGERS, CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS; QUICK, ACCURATE, AND ACCUSTOMED TO LONG HOURS; STATE FULLY PAST EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED, AND REFERENCES. Y. C. 463 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced in hotel bookkeeping and restaurant auditing; state salary and particulars by mail only. Hotel Empire, Broadway and 63d St.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, to assist accountant; clever young man, rapid at figures, with some experience; state references and salary required. Write Rapid, 1,335 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, proofreader, printing business; experienced man. L 227 Times.

BOY by large advertising agency; excellent opportunity to learn the business; unusual chances for advancement. Call or write Room 712, 381 4th Av.

BOY WANTED OVER 15; ONE THAT IS AMBITIOUS AND LOOKING FOR A FUTURE; MUST BE QUICK AND ACCURATE; SALARY AT THE RATE OF $40 PER MONTH. B 376 TIMES.

BOY, about 16, typist, good penman; address in own handwriting, stating references and salary; good future. L 238 Times.

BOY wanted for filing department of large collection office; experienced preferred. Call after 10 A. M., Collection Dept., Credit Clearing House, 440 4th Av., 11th floor.

BOY.—Opportunity for bright boy, not over 16, with large manufacturing company; must furnish good references. Call 15th floor, 135 William St.

BOY bright, ambitious, to assist in office and run errands; good chance for advancement. Holbrook Co., 67th St. and West End Av.

BOY, bright, active, wanted for steamship office; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age and salary expected. G 759 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 16 years, office of large mercantile concern; must be neat and willing; good opportunity for advancement. 8 East 22d.

BOY, stenographer, typist, for real estate office; good opportunity to learn the business. Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., 50 East 42d St.

BOY, bright, intelligent, to learn the seed business; good penmanship essential. Call Fuld, 7 West 45th St.

BOY wanted by Christian firm to operate telephone switchboard. R 603 Times Downtown.

CASHIER, LIFE INSURANCE.

A life insurance office in New York City has opportunity open for experienced cashier or accountant; preference will be given to man with life insurance cashier experience; give full facts and salary desired. Address A 422 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS wanted, live wire, for new publication for those interested; commission basis only; references required. Apply in person, Room 1613, 220 West 42d St.

CARPENTERS

FOR WORK IN SOUTH. APPLY

U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,

22 EAST 22D ST.

JAMES STEWART & CO.

CHAUFFEUR wanted on Fulton 1½-ton truck for plumbing contracting business; steady work guaranteed for an industrious, capable man who wants a steady job; good salary, with inducements; must be experienced and have references; can start work Feb. 3. Milton Schnaier Contracting Corporation, 347 Columbus Av.

COPY WRITER whose work is 99 per cent. selling power and 1 per cent. "literary quality." Write, submitting samples, Joseph E. Baer, advertising, 347 5th Av.

COUPLE wanted, experienced, in family of two; wife as cook and laundress, man to take care of two thoroughbred saddle horses and car; country place; only thoroughly experienced and reliable couples need apply; write, stating salary expected, giving references and past experience. D. Spence, Norwalk, Conn.

CUTTER.—Umbrella and parasol cutter with general experience in finishing; permanent position and good opportunity for right man; references required. Y 218 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, experienced in sheet metal working machinery, presses, dies, jigs, and fixtures; for consideration replies must give in detail full particulars as to experience, age, nationality, and salary expected. Post Office Box 40, Station P, Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMEN and designers; must be first class, experienced layout men; those with automobile experience preferred; good salary and excellent opportunity for advancement. Reply, giving full particulars, or call in person Monday between 9 and 1, Room 407, 220 West 42d. Bryant 2674.

ENGINEER wanted for loft building; one who understands low pressure boiler, electric pumps and elevators and can make own repairs. B 115 Times.

EDITOR'S ASSISTANT with advertising experience on technical trade journal; state age, salary and experience. B 117 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

FURNITURE SALESMAN;

must be experienced. Apply Superintendent's Office, 9 A. M., Bloomingdale Bros., 59th St. and Lexington Av.

GARDENER for position in North Carolina; wife to be willing to help with plain cooking or general housework. Write, or call to see Mrs. Wallis, 144 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn.

GENERAL CLERK.—Young man in accounting department of a large corporation; state age, experience, and salary desired. B 504 Times Downtown.

INSURANCE MAN.—A large and growing export-import house has a splendid opening in its insurance department for an aggressive, loyal, and systematic man, with flawless record, to take full charge where, by directing its energy, he will prevent loss; applicants must have the requisite technical knowledge and experience in office management with accident, fire, and marine insurance necessary to fill such an important job. Wanted—the man; salary commensurate. A 621 Times Downtown.

INTELLIGENT YOUNG MEN FOR OFFICE WORK, ALSO FOR STOCK; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; APPLICATIONS STATING SALARY EXPECTED. L 231 TIMES.

LADIES' HATS FOREMAN:

Fully experienced take charge sizing and blocking department. Kanrich Bros., 601 Broadway.

MAN WANTED.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN wanted.—A thorough detail man with determination, staying power; one who is an executive, who can systematize, manage, supervise an office force, and get work done; he should have had experience in flavoring extracts; possibilities good; state age, experience, salary expected, in first communication. C. F. Sauer Co., Richmond, Va.

MAN, clerical experience, immediate and permanent position; $12 to start; advancement. Apply Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

MARINE INSURANCE.

Assistant claim adjuster wanted by a large marine insurance company; man experienced in hull and cargo adjustments preferred; excellent future assured right man; applications will be treated in confidence. A 617 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted. J. and E. Schwartz, 1,261 Broadway, Room 915.

PACKER. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d.

PATTERNMAKER TO TAKE CHARGE OF CUTTING ROOM IN HIGH-CLASS LADIES' WAIST FACTORY; LIBERAL SALARY AND YEARLY POSITION TO COMPETENT MAN. H 419 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PERSONNEL DIRECTOR.—Man familiar with collective bargaining, bonus systems, welfare and employment service; one with years of practical experience and no theorist; corporation wants him capable of filling position that parallels its executive, and salary will be on same basis. S 109 Times.

POLISHER and FINISHER of silver and enamel; permanent position. Victor Picard & Co., 7 West 45th St.

SALESMEN.

WE WANT SEVERAL ENERGETIC YOUNG MEN WHO ARE WILLING TO LEARN. EXPERIENCE IN SALESMANSHIP NOT NECESSARY. IF YOU ARE PRESENTABLE IN APPEARANCE, OF PLEASING PERSONALITY, (WE CAN TEACH YOU THE REST,) YOU HAVE A POTENTIAL EARNING POWER WITH OUR ORGANIZATION OF FROM $5,000 TO $20,000 YEARLY. YOUR SALARY AND COMMISSION WILL EASILY TOTAL $200 A WEEK IF YOU HAVE THE STUFF IN YOU. IN REPLY STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT. ANSWER H 275 TIMES.

SALESMAN, to sell income tax service, which is now being used by well-known lawyers, accountants, bank and business houses; to the right man is offered a permanent position, with liberal commission and an opportunity to become a district sales manager. Call, between 10 and 11 A. M., Monday, Prentice Hall, Inc., 70 5th Av.

SALESMAN WANTED.

Calling on notion, fancy goods and jewelry buyers of department stores and retail trade in Middle West to carry, as side line; good, popular-priced line of combs and hair ornaments; on commission basis; Southern territory also open for good man calling on jobbers, department stores and retailers. B 101 Times.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Services of first-class, sensible salesman of pleasing personality for Eastern representative of well-established Middle West carton and label printing house; give references, with full detail of age, experience, and salary or commission expected, also whether or not employed at present; excellent opportunity. X 332 Times Annex.

SALESMAN WANTED.

SERVICES OF RELIABLE SALESMAN REQUIRED TO SELL HIGH-GRADE POPULAR-PRICED STOCK IN AN ESTABLISHED PRODUCING OIL COMPANY OF SOUND REPUTATION; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY; COMMISSION BASIS. W 724 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN

with advertising and specialty experience to handle high-grade newspaper campaigns for established house; commission basis; good money to be made right from the start; permanent; no collecting. Phone Rector 2903, between 9 and 2, Monday.

SALESMEN wanted to sell caps in the Western territory; must have experience in selling this line; we have two established territories; a good opportunity for first-class men only; state in your first letter your past experience; commission, traveling expenses; and drawing account. Empire Cap Mfg. Co., 908-10 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMAN.—Energetic young man to represent a leading New York paint house with large line for their Long Island territory, with trade fully developed; permanent, progressive position; write references, salary, and experience. A 568 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, by prominent manufacturer; handle their lines decorative art linens, pillow cases, and infants' wear for following territories: South and Coast; can be handled conjunction with non-conflicting lines; commission basis. C. F., Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Splendid opportunity for salesman on over-gaiters and leggins; only those now employed and having a high-grade trade need apply; salary and commission; state full particulars in first letter. Address Salesman, 299 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Resident men with established trade to handle beltings, narrow fabrics, snap fasteners, and braids for the jobbing and cutting-up trade in Philadelphia, Cleveland, St. Louis, Baltimore, Chicago, and Canada; commission basis. B 44 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced; opportunity to connect with large corrugated box concern; only those who have been in the corrugated line need apply; all correspondence will be kept strictly confidential; salary or commission. Y 239 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted, notion or ribbon, in each State to carry on commission as side line our Hair Bow Holder, which every department store carries. Goldsmith & Harsberg, Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN wanted, by a Baltimore manufacturer, experienced in selling all kinds of folding paper boxes and fibre shipping cases; state experience, age, references, salary or commission expected. Y 210 Times Annex.

SALESMAN Wanted.—House specializing in popular-priced skirts has opening for right man; Eastern territory open; commission and drawing account. A. & P. Garment Co., 43 West 24th St.

SALESMAN to carry line of popular-priced kimonas and robes; those acquainted with department store buyers only; all territories; commission basis; apply by letter, stating previous line handled. Fadool, 148 West 23d.

SALESMAN.—Experienced live wire for office and city trade, cloak and suit house; commission with liberal drawing account. Safran & Kruger, 19 West 24th St.

SALESMEN wanted to sell memorial tablets; splendid opportunity for wideawake men; commission and drawing account; apply in own handwriting. X 886 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, tailors' trimmings, for Greater New York; must be thoroughly familiar in the line; salary and commission. R 592 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—By well known misses's suit and coat house for city and office trade; only those with experience will be considered; commission basis. R. H., 226 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, who will sell on commission native wine to consumers, by the barrel, at $4 per gallon. Mayflower Grape Wine Co., 19 Doane St., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN, office and city trade, to sell a good line of men's belts in conjunction with kindred article; following essential; commission only. A 435 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted, with a manufacturer of ladies' coats; one well acquainted with the jobbers; commission only; write for interview. B 35 Times.

SALESMAN, with trade, for large printing plant; salary, commission. L 226 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN to connect with good auto tire company; rapid advancement for men of ability who can get business; drawing account. B 358 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for kimonos for Southern territory; commission basis. American Silk Garment Mfg. Co., 119 West 25th St.

SALESMAN.—Coat house making coats, capes, dolmans, wants salesman acquainted with jobbing trade; commission. Gottlieb Laikind, 27 West 20th.

SALESMAN to handle a line of ladies' and misses' coats for city office trade; commission basis. Y 216 Times Annex.

SHOE SALESMAN, retail, experienced, steady position; good salary. Wm. Kahn, 240 Main St., New Rochelle.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced; cloak and suit house; good opportunity. Miltex Co., 22 West 32d.

STATISTICIAN with insurance training and possessing executive ability. Box 325, P. O., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, 18 to 20 years; at least one year's experience; good chance for advancement; salary $15. B 590 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Speed easily doubled by new self-dictation home method. G 742 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN wanted who have had experience in selling over the phone; salary and commission to start with; good chance for advancement. S 678 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, piece work, experienced can earn $15 to $20 weekly. Apply 9 A. M., Boyd's, 19 Beekman St.

WAIST BUYER, experienced, for this neighborhood. Steel, 21 West 34th St.

WATCH CASE REPAIRER; good salary. California Watch Case Co., San Francisco, Cal.

WELL-KNOWN financial house has opening for high-grade man with legal education; man preferred who has good academic training or experience in financial, accounting, or income tax matters; must be willing to go through apprenticeship period; reply, giving age, salary expected, complete details regarding education and experience. Address M. K., Post Office Box 872, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN WANTED AS ASSISTANT BUYER; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND ACQUAINTED WITH STATIONERY AND PRINTING SUPPLIES; PERMANENT POSITION; IN WRITING STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY WANTED. X 305 TIMES ANNEX.

YOUNG MAN with experience in notion or fancy goods house; an opportunity to make good with a large house opening a new department to assist in purchasing and supervision of stock. G. M., 180 Times.

YOUNG BOYS, several, for stock room and shipping department; only those who can furnish good references need apply. G. & G. Waist and Dress Co., 8 East 32d St.

YOUNG MAN.—Reference required, experience necessary to make self useful and sell boys' clothing in N. Y. and vicinity; commission. Y 243 Times Annex.

YOUNG MEN.—Soldiers, sailors, sell welcome home posters; commission basis; great demand; come every day. Shoe Store, 55 West 125th St., Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, acquainted with millinery, hosiery, neckwear, gloves, underwear, as far as retail experience is concerned; excellent opportunity; salary. B 881 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN with knowledge of bookkeeping to assist in credit department; good opportunity. A 611 Times Downtown.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.

Hear Horatio N. Drury talk on "Good English Is Good Business" at Pace Institute, Monday, Jan. 27, at 6 P. M. New class will meet on Wednesdays from 6:05 to 7:55 P. M. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for booklet "Your English" and complimentary ticket for Mr. Drury's address. Pace & Pace, 20 Church St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY

As a Doctor of Chiropractic; day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet B. CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6856.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—Three months' course; individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. 35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

STUDY TELEGRAPHY.—Small classes; free trial lesson. Y. M. H. A., Lexington Av. and 92d St.

BECOME EXPERT BOOKKEEPER; stenographers. Day—evenings. CHIEF SCHOOL, 5 Beekman Street.

MOVING-PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 99 NASSAU. CORT. 3819. STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, TYPISTS, DICTAPHONE, CLERKS.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "68" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.
BUY NOW. SAVE MONEY.
Abbott-Detroit 1919; brand new.
Pierce-Arrow 1918, "38" Sedan.
Pierce 1918, "48" Vestibule Suburban Land.
Pierce-Arrow 1917, "48" Landaulet.
Stutz 1918, 4-pass. Sport Model.
Stutz 1917, 6-passenger Touring.
Hudson 1918, 4-passenger Sport.
Hudson 1917, 4-passenger Sport.
Cadillac 1917, 7-passenger Touring.
Cadillac 1916, Collapsible Landaulet.
Cadillac 1916, Convertible Coupe.
Buick 1918, 7-passenger Touring.
Packard 1917, 2-35 7-pass. Touring.
Marmon 1917, 7-passenger Touring.
Franklin 1917, 5-passenger Touring.
Lancia 1916, Runabout; disappearing seats.
Lancia 1915, 4-passenger Sport Model.
Lancia 1914, Runabout; disappearing seats.
Fiat, latest importation Fleetwood Landaulet.
Rolls-Royce, the most beautiful car in America; is absolutely perfect.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC. Est. 1902.
1,676 Broadway. Open evenings. Circle 65.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,773 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK, 1917, Little-6 touring, $800. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1916-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUY now. Prices advance in spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
HUDSON 1918 SPECIAL SEDAN.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. 4th floor.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan, new cord tires, original paint, which is excellent, mechanically perfect; an exceptional opportunity considering condition.

HUDSON 1918 "Special" Suburban Sedan, like new; blue velvet upholstery, wire wheels, extras; presents beautiful appearance; exceptional car.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan, mechanically perfect; upholstery, tires, paint, etc., excellent; reasonably priced.

COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 West 56th St. FOURTH FLOOR.

CADILLAC cabriolet; late 1917 model; full leather back; perfect condition; wire wheels; excellent tires; Westinghouse shock absorbers; run low mileage; absolutely no dealers considered. Address Rowantree, Room 3555, 120 Broadway; telephone Rector 9740.

CADILLAC 1918 Sedan, 1917 Sedan, 1917 touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 seven passenger touring; overhauled, new top and slip covers; $1,650. Joe Helbig, 918 Union St., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; perfect mechanical condition; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC suburban Sedan, 1916; must be seen to be appreciated; exceptional condition; slip covers. Empire, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1916 touring; real bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

CHANDLER DISPATCH 1918.—Exceptional condition; like new; time payments; trades considered. Empire, 1,700 Broadway, one flight up.

CRANE SIMPLEX, latest model, Sedan body; never run. 5902 Schuyler.

COLE CARS—ALL TYPES.
COLE USED CAR DEPT.,
226 West 56th St. FOURTH FLOOR.

FORD runs out; 1918 engine; cheap to quick buyer. Telephone 4014 Murray Hill.

HOUSE OF CADILLAC.

We have a few recent model Cadillacs that have been taken in exchange for new cars. These have been gone over mechanically in the Cadillac shops, renovated throughout, repainted and are complete and ready for immediate service.

1917 Model 55 Landaulet Brougham Town Car. New body; never used. Imported grey upholstery. Almost new car.

1917 Model 55 Landaulet. Repainted Cadillac, dark green, black trim.

1918 Model 57 Touring. Painted dark maroon; deep wire wheels, black chassis. Car equipped with seat covers and cord shoes.

1918 Model 57, 4-passenger Phaeton. Wire wheels, cord tires, new spare, U. S. E. shock absorbers. An unusual car.

1917 Model 55, 4-passenger Convertible Victoria, painted Cadillac, dark green, black trim.

Newark Branch
DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
586 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Used Car Department. Mul. 8240.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1918.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1917 Touring, Super-Six. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

LOBELL ABORN CO.
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 MERCER Suburban.
1917 STUTZ Tr. very special!
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO., 230 West 56th St., one door west of Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1917 "38" limousine, 1918 "48" touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 4-PASSENGER RUNABOUT.
Early 1917 model; good mechanical condition; price $1,500. Address Owner, R. G. BigLow. Phone Greeley 4900.

MARMON, 1917 touring, seven passenger. 1,778 Broadway, (57th) one flight. Circle 1417.

MARMON 1917-1916 LIMOUSINES. Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

NATIONAL.—Latest model, Newport sedan; condition new; rare opportunity. Phone Circle 5692.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS.	Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

PACKARD touring, new last Summer; extra shoes; prime condition throughout. Can be seen at J. M. Palmer Carriage Works, Clinton and State Sts., Brooklyn.

PACKARD 1918, Fleetwood brougham, limousine; run less than 4,000 miles; bargain. Park Plaza Garage, 020 Union St., B'klyn.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN.
Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW 48 limousine, 1917; mileage, 4,500; perfect condition. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" Sedan, excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" Limousine, almost new; must sacrifice. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 61st St.

ROAMER, 1918, 6 cylinder, for sale, $1,800; guarantee; will place $500 in joint account in bank with buyer to cover breakage of parts if any within six months. Room 103, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

S. G. V. landaulet, just overhauled and repainted; fine body, good tires. B. G., 605 Times Downtown.

SELECT USED CARS.
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1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1908.

SIMPLEX 38, 5-passenger, excellent condition; shaft drive; $400. Busing, Audubon 6420.

STEARNS KNIGHTS	Closed and Open Models, 4 and 8 cyl.	Prices very reasonable.
Overhauled Guaranteed		

STEARNS USED CAR DEPT., 415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STEARNS limousine, 4 cylinder, Fleetwood body, 1917. Mr. Best, 8657 Riverside.

STUDEBAKER, Series 1918, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger special body De Luxe model; in first-class condition, mechanically and otherwise; runs beautifully; painted a dark blue, with natural wood wheels; very sporty and a very exceptional bargain; price $910. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER, small touring, in beautiful condition; recently repainted a dark maroon with gold stripes; very fine running condition; good tires; don't overlook this fine value; price $525. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917, Springfield Sedan; good condition; tires and paint, extra shoe, brown whipcord upholstery, like new; exceptional bargain; price $1,000. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER 1917, 6-cylinder touring, in fine condition throughout; offered at a price that will surely interest you; price $650. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUDEBAKER light six, '19 series, 4 door Sedan, practically brand new, beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway, at 56th St., 2d floor. See Mr. Christie.

STUDEBAKER "Six," '18 model, used for demonstrating purposes only; new car costs $1,782; you can buy this beautiful demonstrating roadster for $875; car is fully guaranteed perfect condition. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway, 2d floor.

STUDEBAKER 1918, 6 cylinder, 7-passenger touring; in A1 condition; driven very carefully; price $775. Studebaker, 1,291 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Tel. Decatur 1484.

STUTZ, 1918, 6-passenger touring; used 4 months; condition new. Circle 5692.

WINTON Light Six Limousine; complete equipment; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway, at 70th St.

WINTER TOP for Lozier Six. Garage, 135th St. and Broadway.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

1918 Studebaker for $575; a beautiful and practically new touring equipped with 2 extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally economical and comfortable family car in perfect condition throughout. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service; sensible rates. G. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-8530 Bryant.

CADILLAC limousine, beautiful late model, by the day, week, or month; reasonable. Write S., 8 Greenwich Av. 9011 Spring.

PACKARD six, limousine, hourly, monthly; reasonable; owner drives; references. Jones, Col. 9021.

PACKARD Landaulet, 1917 Model, with trustworthy, competent chauffeur, for rent monthly. Phone Plaza 2100. 153 East 53d St.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes, hour or season. Muldoon, Col. 2131.

PACKARD limousine and landaulet hourly. Lenox 8556. Ask for Mr. Paul.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED, AUTOS FOR SPOT CASH.
Modern Models, All Styles.
WHAT HAVE YOU?
Bring Car to Door, Telephone, or Write. Jaadorf, 1,763 Broadway. Telephone Circle 2.

AUTOMOBILES wanted for export; best prices paid. Feinberg, 550 East 149th St., Bronx.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

DODGE sedan, 1918, for Reo Fifth, good condition, and cash. Phone Coney Island 2781.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

Motor Trucks.

MOTOR Trucks to hire by day, week, or month; contracts taken. Mahoney, 208 West 17th. Chelsea 6098.

PACKARD TRUCKS, (2,) 3½ and 6-8 ton, open rack bodies; A1 mechanical condition. Phone Hamilton 3200.

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ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St.	Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. 7820.	Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7820. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50
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1121 BEDFORD AVENUE, DEPARTMENT

LABOR LEGISLATION A PEACE PROBLEM

International Protective Laws Urged to Prevent Class Strife Through Bolshevism.

SWISS TO SUBMIT PROGRAM

Memorandum of International Association Outlines Proposals for the Peace Treaty.

Meagre cable reports from Paris in the last week have stated that one of the important problems before the Peace Conference to be discussed soon will be the question of international protective labor legislation to prevent the possibility of the spread of class strife, due to Bolshevist propaganda.

No details as to the methods suggested have been reported, but it has become known that the American and British delegations have each prepared a plan for international labor legislation. It was learned yesterday that the International Association for Labor Legislation, with headquarters at Basle, Switzerland, will bring before the peace delegates, through the Swiss Government, proposals for a program of international labor legislation to be incorporated in the peace treaty and for its adoption by all the signatory powers.

An argument urged on behalf of the association's program is that its adoption would mean that no encouragement would be given to particular nations, by means of longer hours of labor and lower wages, in the intensive post-war competition of the various nations for trade. This, it is said, would prevent a policy of underselling and dumping, which, if it occurred, would, without doubt, be followed by a war of the consumers against the producers.

The Memorandum Submitted.

A translation in part of the original memorandum submitted to the Swiss Government, is as follows:

"The directorate of the International Association for Labor Legislation is convinced that the sections of the association fully agree with it that the treaties of Berne of 1906 and the drafts of 1913 form valuable initial steps toward a system of agreements for the protection of labor and that the mutual obligation of the various countries included in the peace treaty to develop this system would be of great importance. These obligations should include:

"1. The revival of the international protective labor treaties of Berne of 1906.

"2. The adoption of the draft of 1913 relating to the protection of juvenile workers with reservation of the right to shorten the ten-hour workday by the number of hours of attendance at continuation schools required, should attendance be made compulsory.

"3. The supplementation of the preceding agreement by one relating to the protection of children and establishing (after the model of Switzerland) 14 years as the minimum age for the admission to employment in all industrial establishments employing more than five workers, with the reservation of the right to raise this minimum if development of the continuation school system requires it, and advancing the minimum age to 16 years (after the model of most American mining States, Holland, Luxemburg, and Spain) for underground employment in mines.

"4. The adoption of the draft of 1913 relating to the ten-hour workday for female workers, supplemented by provisions requiring shorter hours on Saturdays in industrial establishments employing more than ten workers, whereby the weekly hours of labor would be reduced to fifty-four, (as in Norway,) and providing for eight weeks' leave for women with child, distributed over the period before and after confinement, (after the model of Germany and in supplementation of Article 69 of the Swiss Factory law.)

Eight-Hour Mining Shifts.

"5. The introduction of eight-hour shifts in mining (after the model of England) and in establishments with continuous operation, (in accordance with the principle laid down in Article 33, Paragraph 3, of the Swiss Factory Law,) which, according to the resolutions of the International Association, should form the subject of an international agreement to become effective after the conclusion of peace.

"6. The regulation by special agreement of the Sunday rest, and in particular the abrogation of the numerous exceptions from the Sunday and holiday rest.

"7. For protection against industrial poisoning, the addition to the international treaty of 1906 of Berne prohibiting the use of white phosphorus in the match industry, of an international prohibition of the use of other injurious substances (especially lead compounds) for which substitutes exist; and of an international prohibition of the employment of children and juveniles on work with such substances and, in establishments particularly dangerous for women, of the employment of women also.

"8. The enactment of international safety measures for workers engaged in international transportation on water and on land (after the model of the United States.)

"9. The assurance, through international agreement, of the protection of legal claims of workers abroad against unequal treatment with respect to their pension claims in all fields of social insurance, and provisions for the neutralization, even in case of war, of the insurance contribution of alien workers, through the transfer of their claims to a neutral country.

To Prevent International Disputes.

"10. The conclusion of a special agreement regulating the labor contract, in order to prevent international labor disputes. This agreement should guarantee the recognition of the rights of free coalition by a provision (like that of Switzerland) that collective agreements shall not be set aside by private special agreements (Articles 322, 323 of the Swiss law on obligations) and should assure the enactment of minimum wage laws, covering underpaid occupations, such as now are in force in Australia, England, France, Norway, and a number of States in the United States of America, and the introduction of which has been found necessary in Germany by the military authorities, for the clothing industry, and in Switzerland for the embroidery industry.

"11. Provisions for the protection of emigrant labor through international agreements and organizations; the limitation of the duration of the labor contracts of colonial contract to one-half year in mining and to a maximum of three years in agriculture, as proposed by the International Association for the Protection of Native Labor.

"12. A special international agreement providing that the reports of supervisory officials as to the enforcement of protective laws be made comparable in form.

"The International Association for Labor Legislation would be designated as the recognized official agency for the enforcement and promotion of protective labor legislation and would charge the International Labor Office in Basle created by it with the scientific preparation of the form which these reports shall take as a means of the international protection of labor. The signatory countries would have to assure the furnishing of the funds required for the development of the International Labor Office as a social-statistical central office and bureau of information.

"To each of the above agreements should be added a proviso under which the agreement could be amended every six to ten years in accordance with the progress of international labor legislation. These amendments would automatically replace the minimum demands incorporated in the peace treaty."

PRAISES PEACE LEAGUE.

House Cables Appreciation of Organization's Campaign.

In response to a cable message sent to Colonel E. M. House by the League to Enforce Peace, of which ex-President Taft is the head, in which it was pointed out to the President's personal adviser that Mr. Wilson's public denial that he had indorsed the league's particular plan for a League of Nations was hurting the whole campaign for such a league, Colonel House has written a letter expressing appreciation and approval of the league's campaign. The letter made public here yesterday by William H. Short, Secretary of the league, reads:

I am glad that you sent the cable that I received on Jan. 1 because it clears up what might have been an embarrassing situation. It is very encouraging to know of the work that you are doing in support of the President's general principles for a League of Nations. I feel most encouraged at the response by the allied statesmen and the peoples of the allied countries to the President's program respecting the league. I feel sure that the general principles underlying the organization will be agreed to at an early date.

You are doing a splendid work organizing public support for the league, and I wish you to know that your efforts are greatly appreciated.

President Wilson's original denial was called forth by a story in The Chicago Tribune, in which the President was represented as having indorsed the league's particular platform rather than the general idea of a League of Nations.

SAYS FRANCE PLANS FOR WAR-ZONE TRIPS

Expects Harvest from Americans and British, Declares Red Cross Man.

DIVIDE FRONT INTO SECTORS

States Battlegrounds Will Remain as When Germans Retreated, and That Guides Are Ready.

France plans to handle systematically the great influx of war sightseers who are expected when conditions permit, according to Lieutenant John M. Steele of the American Red Cross, who arrived Saturday on the Rochambeau after four months abroad. Lieutenant Steele, who served under Funston in the Philippines, said the Americans in France were surprised by the matter of fact way in which the National Touring Club of France is setting about with traditional French thriftiness to make the war pay for the war, or, at any rate, help out.

"I heard about the scheme to regulate the points of interest of the war," said Lieutenant Steele, "and I dropped into the Paris office of the National Touring Club to find out what was what. The club was organized two years before the war to catch the American tourist young and see that he left a fair share of his spending money in France before he left. Along came the war, and, of course, the club went to the front in horizon blue. Eighteen months ago, though, it was reborn with old points of interest to the Americans and hundreds of new historic places added.

"I learned that the club has cut the battle part of France up into twenty 'sectors' and that each will be mapped out and a guide book printed showing where such and such an incident of the war happened—a sort of thumbnail account. I heard that the guides are already rehearsing descriptions of the war's battles and that every time a guide relates a battle the number of German casualties goes up surprisingly. The club, according to the main office, plans to establish an information office in this city and in other American ports.

Plan Monuments for Americans.

"One of the plans of the organization is to erect monuments in the villages where Americans fought. It was reported in Paris, but I was unable to verify it, that the company had obtained a lease of part of the Marne battlefield. Already the company has sent circulars to the villages and towns requesting the Mayors to tell the folk not to remove signs of the war and to keep them bright for the expected tourists.

"One of the points that is expected to prove a gold mine is in the Argonne, near Varennes. It was captured by the Germans early in 1914, and on two hillsides and in the intervening valley the Germans erected permanent barracks for two divisions of troops. The piece de resistance of this spot is the 'Prince's dugout.' This was occupied by Prince Eitel Frederich and is a two-story frame building, with electric lights, tiled bathrooms, and mighty well furnished. Down in the valley the Germans put up a theatre, and the whole settlement was left untouched. The see-the-war-personally-conducted lads are thinking of turning the troop barracks into sleeping quarters for American tourists—they think it ought to go 'big'—and charge a couple of francs to inspect the Prince's habitat and a couple more to see movies of the German retreat in the theatre.

"As for the famous Hindenburg line—the club is going to get revenue out of that, too. The scheme, as I got it, is to make the sightseeing trips fit in with the nationality of the visitor. Some sector will be entirely for the British, points where the British forces fought; others will be for the American, like Château-Thierry, Cantigny, and the Verdun-Toul stretch."

AID FOR JEWS IN RUMANIA.

Guarantee of Emancipation Needed, Louis Marshall Says.

National and civil rights for the oppressed Jews in Rumania and the assistance that this country can give in bringing this about were discussed yesterday at the annual convention of the American Union of Rumanian Jews at the Park Avenue Hotel. Louis Marshall, Chairman of the American Jewish Committee, said he believed the conferees at Paris would solve the problem of the Rumanian Jew, but that, since the national Government of Rumania has continually broken its promises regarding the rights of the Jews, a guarantee of emancipation would have to be demanded.

Leo Wolfson, Chairman of the Executive Committee, and delegate of the Union of Rumanian Jews to the American Jewish Congress held at Philadelphia last month gave a résumé of the work done at the convention for the Jews in Rumania. He also said that, with the acquisition of Bessarabia last year in the treaty with Russia, many more Jews were added to Rumania's present population, and the conditions would therefore be worse instead of better.

Resolutions were adopted thanking President Wilson for his interest in behalf of the Rumanian Jews, requesting the American Jewish Congress to cooperate to the end that sufficient guarantee be exacted and obtained from Rumania, that the Jews be granted absolute and unconditional emancipation. Pierre A. Siegelstein, President, and Leo Wolfson, Chairman of the Executive Committee, were re-elected. Addresses were made by many of the delegates, including Dr. Henry Moskowitz, ex-President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, and Dr. J. Gartenstein of Chicago.

OPPOSE HEAVY TAX ON FUR.

Merchants' Association Calls It an Unfair Burden on Industry.

The Merchants' Association is opposing that provision of the War Revenue bill which imposes a tax of 10 per cent. upon articles made of fur, and articles in which fur is the chief component of value, when sold by the manufacturer, producer or importer.

In view of the fact that 80 per cent. of the fur trade of the United States is concentrated in this district, the tax of 10 per cent., in addition to the excess profits tax of 80 per cent., would constitute an unfair burden upon the industry, according to the merchants' viewpoint. The effect would be a practical demonstration, they assert, of discrimination against the fur industry.

GOVERNOR SPENDS DAY HERE

He and Mrs. Smith Receive Friends and Attend Concert.

The Governor and Mrs. Smith, on their second Sunday at home since the inauguration and removal of the family to Albany, attended church and received some friends at their home, 25 Oliver Street, yesterday. In the afternoon they went to Brooklyn to visit the mother of the Governor.

Last night the family joined Alfred E. Smith, Jr., at a dinner at the Biltmore in recognition of his eighteenth birthday. The Governor then went to the Rev. Father McGean's concert at the Hippodrome, a benefit for the poor children of the Bowery. Governor Smith will return to Albany today.

ROB SICK FAMILY'S HOME.

Burglars Enter While Man, Wife, and Child Are in Hospital.

While Jacob Loafer was in Mt. Sinai Hospital, suffering from rheumatism, his wife, Rachel, a patient in Harlem Hospital, and their child in Mt. Sinai with influenza, their apartment at 210 East 102d Street was robbed on Saturday of valuables valued at $500.

According to Detectives Pasquale Marino and Joseph Ryan of the East 104th Street Station they heard of a plot to take advantage of the family's absence, and after the burglary arrested two negroes and recovered most of the stolen articles.

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For $30 suit from our $35 or $40 suitings.
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Evening dress suits, silk lined, made to your measure $65
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Samples and portfolio of fashions mailed on request.

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BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

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By Frederick Fanning Ayer

READ WHAT THESE ENGLISH AUTHORITIES SAY OF THIS MOUNTAIN-NEST OF VERSE, THESE SUPERNAL FLIGHTS OF SONG

"Cloud splendors on the mountain-top of achievement."
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"Power and originality." . . . *Cork Examiner (Irish).*
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"Transport us to another hemisphere."
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Early Spring Oxfords for Women

An **economy opportunity** to anticipate your needs for Spring low shoes—a variety large enough to meet all tastes—nearly every size in all styles.

Gunmetal Calfskin — Brown Kidskin
Dull Kidskin — Brown Russia Calfskin
Reduced to $4.85

Children's black button and lace shoes—practically complete line—$2.95 for sizes 11 to 2; 8½ to 10½, $1.75

None Sent C. O. D. or on Approval

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 812, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Diamond flexible bracelet, Sunday morning, between 70th St. and Central Park West and Christian Science Church, 68th St. and Central Park West, or in church; liberal reward if returned to Lehrburger, 1 West 70th St. Phone Columbus 4496.

LOST—A black fox muff, large and flat, left in taxi taken at Hotel Chatham to 114 East 85th St., Wednesday, Jan. 22, 6 P. M. Finder please return to S. H. F. Fell, 527 5th Av.; reward, $5.

LOST—On uptown subway, Jan. 21, rush hour, 5:30 P. M., gold bar pin, opal setting; $50 reward; no questions asked. 39 Claremont Av., apt. 101.

LOST.—Pass book No. 3014, Hudson Trust Co. (Provident Dept.) Broadway and 39th St., New York; payment has been stopped on same; please return to bank.

LOST—Lady's enameled double-case watch, E. J. B on back, prized for associations; reward. Apartment 52, 2,102 Broadway. Phone 6264 Columbus.

LOST.—Platinum diamond ring, black enamel boundary, between William and 72d Sts., subway. Reward $100. Col. 7840, Apt. 8C.

LOST—Brown leather handbag on 5th Av., between 79th and 54th Sts.; suitable reward. B 118 Times.

LOST.—Wrist watch (St. C. M.) Saturday. Marcuesen, 1023 Washington St., Hoboken.

$100 REWARD offered, no questions asked, for return black lace scarf, heirloom, lost on Monday, Jan. 13, either Knickerbocker Theatre, 60th St. and Broadway; Century Roof, or East 70th St.; value sentimental. 134 East 70th St., New York. Phone Rhinelander 8373.

$250 REWARD.

No questions asked; return large diamond set in platinum, lost Jan. 17 between East 56th St. and West 47th St. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 46th St.

$50 REWARD.

No questions asked; return gold cigarette case, monogram I. S. W., lost Jan. 17 between 5th Av. and 50th St. and Livingston Place. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—From Fox Hills Golf Club, Staten Island, Jan. 24; large Siberian Esquimo dog, white with black markings; license N. Y. 8928, liberal reward. Phone Thompkinsville 327.

LOST—Black Belgian shepherd dog; collar had New York City address. Telephone Englewood 702. Liberal reward.

LOST—A red and white male Pekinese; strayed from 45 East 49th St.; liberal reward if returned.

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AT THE REMOUNT DEPOT CAMP UPTON, N. Y.
AT 10 A. M. THURSDAY, JANUARY 30TH

550 animals to be sold. Suitable for military purposes, but in excess of Government requirements after demobilization. FRESH YOUNG STOCK CAREFULLY SELECTED. These horses and mules will be sold to the highest bidder. Terms: Cash or certified check at time of sale. Animals to be removed within 24 hours. A halter will be supplied with each animal. Arrangements for stock cars will be made and help to load cars furnished by Quartermaster. Luncheon can be had on grounds on day of sale. Further information on application.

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More of Kentucky's finest burley, ripened by Mother Nature and turned loose by Father Time.

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Smoke mild, fragrant, cool tobacco—VELVET.

Put it in your pipe-bowl to-day.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; tomorrow, probably fair; moderate temperature; wind west.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,284. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1919. TWENTY-TWO PAGES.

TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

SENATE CAUCUS VOTES AT ALBANY FOR PROHIBITION

Makes Ratification of Amendment at Today's Session a Party Issue.

THREE ONLY OPPOSED IT

Walters, Lockwood, and Abeles Against—Sage Bolts the Caucus.

BILL IN FOR ENFORCEMENT

Walker Demands Drastic Measure to Make Dry Law Hit Both Rich and Poor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Tuesday, Jan. 28.—By a vote of 25 to 3 the Republican members of the Senate voted in caucus at 1 o'clock this morning to sustain the Federal prohibition amendment when it comes up in the Senate today. If the Democrats oppose the amendment, the vote will go over until Wednesday. The caucus vote binds the Republican majority to vote for the Federal amendment when the question comes up for final passage.

Senator Henry M. Sage of Albany bolted the caucus, refusing to be bound by the majority vote. Senator Henry Walters, leader of the majority; Charles Lockwood of Brooklyn, and Peter Abeles of the Bronx voted against adopting the resolution. The three will be bound by the caucus, however, and they announced they would be ready to cast their votes in the Senate in favor of ratification on the final ballot. In the Senate the "drys" are sure of twenty-seven votes at least, one more than enough to adopt the resolution.

While the Republican Senators were arranging to go into caucus Senator James J. Walker of the Twelfth District, New York City, Democrat, started some fireworks in the Senate Chamber by introducing a search and seizure bill to provide for the enforcement of the new law.

"If we are going to have prohibition I am anxious to find out if it is to be an honest or a hypocritical measure," said the Senator.

"Which kind do you want?" broke in Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, leader of the prohibition element.

"I know the kind you fathered," said Walker. "It was for the rich and not for the poor. You want to take a glass of beer away from the workingman while allowing the rich to have their cellars filled with wine. Some of your rich friends have a supply that will last two years, and I understand that 100,000 gallons of liquor have been stored away for use when the country becomes dry.

"Why, the cellars up in your county are full of the hardest kind of hard cider and real Jersey lightning. This measure you Republicans are fathering was born in hypocrisy, and there it will live. If we are going to have prohibition let us have the right kind. I want to go into the Fifth Avenue homes, where the rich never go thirsty, and search their cellars. You want to stop the workingman having his glass of beer out in the sunlight, but you do not want to stop the guy going down in the cellar and hitting the bottle of [mentioning a well-known patent medicine] which he has stored there for future use and taking four fingers for a hooker. You think you can take the flask off the poor man's hip, but you can't stop him from putting a hypo needle in his vest pocket. I want you Republicans to take my measure into your caucus tonight and decide upon a real search and seizure act that will apply to the rich as well as to the poor. Be at least consistent for once."

The Senator's remarks were greeted with laughter, and when Senator Thompson arose to reply he said it was his earnest hope that he never again would meet an intoxicated man or woman.

"I would like the Democratic Senator to read two years hence the Prohibition bill, and see what he thinks of it then," said Thompson.

"And I want to get a picture of you when you are reading it," retorted Walker.

James P. Holland, President of the New York Federation of Labor, sent a telegram to the Senate leaders last night asking that action on the ratification of the amendment be delayed for ten days, so as to give labor bodies of the State an opportunity to present a protest. Labor, he said, will be vitally affected by the bill, and should have a chance to be heard.

ATTACK ON GIBBONS.

Anti-Saloon Official Says Cardinal Perverted Facts to Fight Amendment.

The Anti-Saloon League and the pastors of many churches, at a union meeting held in the assembly hall of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company yesterday, celebrated the ratification of the National Prohibition Amendment and served notice that they will continue fighting for prohibition by fighting to see that the right kind of laws are passed for the rigid enforcement of the amendment. The principal speaker was former Governor Sanders of Louisiana. Among other things, Mr. Sanders said:

"As far as the prohibition question is concerned, a meeting like this is a post-mortem procedure. I do not feel as bitterly against the liquor interests as some feel, because I am Irish. I have always believed in the institution of the wake. If the New York papers, some of them, and some of the New York people want to sit up with the corpse of John Barleycorn, I am perfectly satisfied.

"You here in New York are going through in January what we went through in Louisiana last Summer. The only difference is that ours was a sub-

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When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

European Labor Disapproves Our Halting Immigration

PARIS, Jan. 27.—George Nicoll Barnes, labor representative on the British peace delegation, told members of the American press today that European labor, while unable to take any measures to prevent its passage, was strongly against such a law as that proposed by the American Federation of Labor, prohibiting immigration to the United States for some years after the signing of the peace treaty.

MOVES TO CONTROL ROADS' RETURN

Cummins Asks Congress to Take from President Power to Determine the Time.

FEARS PREMATURE DECISION

Says Early Return Without Remedial Legislation Would Mean Universal Disaster.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—One-third of all the railroad mileage in the country will be in the hands of receivers within sixty days if the roads are turned back immediately to their owners, without proper protective legislation, Senator Cummins of Iowa, ranking Republican member of the Interstate Commerce Committee, declared in debate today.

Fearful lest the President return the roads to private ownership at the close of the present session, without remedial legislation, the Senator introduced a bill to prevent the return before the expiration of twenty-one months after the peace treaty is ratified. Under the present law, by authority of which the Government operates the roads, the President cannot hold the roads more than twenty-one months after he proclaims peace, but can return them at any time within that period.

When former Director General McAdoo testified before the Senate committee, about two weeks ago, he expressed the opinion that, if the period of Federal control were not extended to a period of five years the roads should be turned back immediately.

The bill introduced by Senator Cummins is a substitute for the section of the present law allowing the President discretion in turning back the roads within the twenty-one-month period, and reads:

"That the Federal control of railroads and transportation systems herein and heretofore provided for shall continue for and during the period of the war and for one year and nine months next following the date of the proclamation by the President of the exchange of ratifications of the treaty of peace, unless Congress otherwise directs.

"No right to compensation shall accrue to such owners from and after the date of the relinquishment of the property so relinquished, whether returned at the end of said period or sooner by direction of Congress."

Discussing the testimony of Mr. McAdoo, Senator Cummins said:

"Inasmuch as Mr. Hines has stated that his policies will be the same as those of Mr. McAdoo, we may assume that it is the purpose of the Director General to return these properties to their owners, at the end or very soon after the end of the session, if Congress has not extended the period for five years.

"It is my opinion that Congress will not extend the period for that length of time. It is the overwhelming weight of opinion of bankers and railroad men and all other thoughtful persons who have communicated their views in any way that to return these properties to their owners without further legislation or some provision to care for their necessities, would be a universal disaster.

"I think all the members of the committee believe that we can propose to Congress a permanent policy of the readjustment or reorganization of the relationship between the railroads and the Government within a few months, and we believe that Congress will be able to agree within a year upon some enduring, general, permanent system for the control of these highways of commerce."

"I suppose," said Senator Thomas of Colorado, "the statement is made upon

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BRITISH STRIKES SPREADING FAST; BELFAST DARK

Clyde Labor Chiefs Carry the Struggle to Ireland, Tying Up Industrial Centre.

RAILWAY CLASH MENACING

Six-Hour Work Day Demanded on English Roads, Which Face Suspension.

THAMES SHIPWORKERS IDLE

Federation Official Says Men Are Being Misled by Irresponsible Agitators.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The strike wave is extending, the greatest dislocation being at Belfast, where it is estimated that 100,000 shipyard employes and electricians have ceased work.

There are no trains or light in that city, and the bread supply is reduced to half. Telephone and telegraph services are threatened.

The linen mills use their own steam plants, and in daytime work proceeds there as usual, but lack of illumination compels a stoppage of at dusk. Grave diggers in the city cemetery threaten to strike in sympathy.

A deputation of strikers met the civil officials of Belfast and offered to permit power to be generated for the hospitals on condition that none was used for public or private purposes. The officials intimated that they had no power to make such terms.

Sunday evening services in the churches were abandoned.

The strikers get little sympathy from the rest of the population, owing to their arbitrary action in refusing to negotiate with the employers. They are being urged on by labor delegates from the Clyde. Heavy snowstorms have added to the sufferings of the populace.

About 20,000 men, chiefly shipyard employes, are idle on the Clyde. The strikers there refuse to pay rent or income tax. The stoppage so far is only partial, and, apart from the shipyards, many men have resumed work. The strike is not sanctioned by the Executive Committee of the men's unions.

At Manchester 4,000 dock workers laid down their tools because one of the foremen is a non-unionist.

London Ship Workers Out.

The London shipbuilding industry is paralyzed by a strike of about 15,000 workmen in the dry docks and repair yards of the Thames. They demand a wage increase of 15 shillings weekly, which the employers say they are determined not to grant.

Six thousand South Wales coal miners ceased work to enforce the reinstatement of discharged soldiers, and the colliery managers threaten to strike in order to get their union recognized.

Five thousand men, mostly iron molders, shipwrights, and engineers, are striking at Edinburgh and Leith for a forty-hour week, with no reduction in wages.

In Fifeshire 24,000 miners are still out over the forty-seven-hour week dispute.

A strike of Dublin's corporation employes has been avoided by the corporation granting their demand for a forty-seven-hour week.

Nottinghamshire miners numbering 40,000 are preparing to lay down their tools unless the system of loading coal with forks is abolished and shovels are substituted. They also demand a forty-nine-hour week, with twenty minutes' interval for meals.

Leader Says Men Are Victimized.

Captain James O'Grady, M. P., who is General Secretary of the National Federation of General Workers, which

Continued on Page Three.

Each Soldier Abroad Costs Government $2,000 a Year

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—It will cost the Government $2,000 a year to maintain each soldier abroad.

This was the estimate given before the House Committee on Appropriations by Brig. Gen. Robert Wood in the course of the hearings relative to appropriations for the army.

"Two thousand dollars?" questioned one member of the committee incredulously.

"Yes, $2,000—that is, including transportation, and even when the soldier is not in active operations," replied General Wood.

CONFEREES AGREE ON REVENUE BILL

Official Details Withheld, but All Danger of Deadlock Declared Averted.

HIGHER TAX ON PROFITS

Oil and Gas Allowances Also Approved, It Is Understood, and Mail Rate Reform Dropped.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—A basis for complete agreement on the War Revenue bill was reached late today by the Senate and House conferees. Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Senate Managers, announced that virtually all important questions remaining in dispute, including the war excess profits rates, had been agreed upon and that all possibility of a deadlock and failure of the bill had passed.

Announcement of the conference agreement on the war profits and other basic disputes was deferred, but it was said that it would be made Wednesday or Thursday, when a reprint of the bill as finally agreed to would be completed. The conference report is expected to be presented to the Senate and House late this week and the conferees hope it will be adopted by both bodies next week and the bill sent to President Wilson at Paris for his approval.

The basis of agreement on the measure was upon three bitterly contested questions—war excess profits taxes this year, the Senate amendments to oil and gas interests, and the Senate amendment to repeal the existing zone system of second-class mail rates. It was learned that in harmonising differences on these basic disputes the conferees agreed to an increase of the Senate war excess profits rates, adopted the oil provision substantially as provided by the Senate, and eliminated the second-class mail amendment.

The amendment on war excess profits rates for 1919, it was stated, provided for retention of the Senate rate of 30 per cent on corporations' net income in excess of credits and not in excess of 20 per cent. of invested capital, for increase from 60 to 65 per cent. on income in excess of 20 per cent., and for retention of the 60 per cent. tax on war profits. The higher rates were strongly urged by Representative Kitchin and others of the House managers.

The Senate conferees were reported to have won their fight for retention of the Senate provision for a tax exemption of 20 per cent. on bona fide sales of oil and gas wells and mines. This provision, designed to protect and stimulate prospects, was opposed by the House managers as too liberal, but they finally yielded after the Senate conferees had accepted the higher rates on war excess profits.

Elimination of the second-class postage amendment had been generally expected. The proposal has been bitterly opposed by Representative Kitchin and other of the House conferees. It provided for repeal of the present zone rates on second-class mail based on the proportion of news and advertising and for substitution of a new zone plan of one cent a pound on periodicals within the first and second class parcel post zones and one and a half cents a pound beyond that radius. The present rates have been vigorously attacked by publishers as unjust and in some cases confiscatory.

With the basis reached for settling these three vital disputes, agreement on other provisions of the bill still left open was regarded as certain. Among these are the amendment to prevent importation of intoxicating liquors into the District of Columbia for beverage purposes, the amendment of Senator Thomas of Colorado levying a tax of 100 per cent. on political campaign contributions in excess of $500 and that of Senator Trammell of Florida, to allow a bonus of one month's pay and uniforms to men discharged from the military service. Conferees said the "bone dry" amendment would be retained, but the fate of the others was in doubt.

Other amendments remaining to be acted upon are several of the so-called "relief" provisions of the Senate war excess profits section, some dependent upon the basis of agreement on rates reached by the conferees. Many administrative provisions also remain for final action.

URGES FREE GERMAN PRESS.

Berlin Council Warns Against Interference with It.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—A German wireless dispatch received here says that the Central Council of the German Republic has issued an appeal to all Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils emphatically urging them to refrain from any interference with the freedom of the press, which is characterized as one of the most valuable assets of the revolution.

DURING CONVALESCENCE FROM INFLUENZA—and pneumonia—take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing, strengthening, delicious, with no alcohol questions. Any druggist. 25c.—Advt.

REDS CAPTURE SHENKURSK AND ALLIES' SUPPLIES

Begin in North Russia Offensive Planned to Drive Invading Forces Into Sea.

AMERICANS NEARLY CAUGHT

Four Battalions Escape Through Swamps as Enemy Surrounds the Town.

ARCHANGEL MUCH WORRIED

Allies Outnumbered Vastly in Men and Guns—Temperature 30 Below Zero.

ARCHANGEL, Sunday, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.)—The Bolsheviki, who have apparently begun an earnest attempt to carry out their threat to drive the Allies into the White Sea by March, are now on the offensive with infantry or artillery, or both, against four of the seven thin columns of the Allies and Russians which have penetrated southward through the frozen forest swamps of the Province of Archangel.

Last night the enemy entered Shenkursk, while the tired column of Americans, Russians, and British, which had evacuated Shenkursk, marched in a roundabout détour over the deep snow on the road, evading a force of several hundred of the enemy who waited on the main high road to trap the column in its retreat. Shenkursk, composed largely of brick or wooden houses with a large convent, was extremely vulnerable to artillery fire.

In good spirits, despite long marches in the cold and ten days of hard fighting, the Americans and the other troops of the allied force were today at Shegovari, approximately thirty miles north of Shenkursk on the Vaga River. The enemy apparently is sending patrols to follow the retreating troops, but up to this morning no new attacks had been made on this sector.

Foe Repulsed at Taraseva.

Saturday the Bolsheviki attacked the allied positions at Taraseva, a village some forty miles east of Shenkursk in the sector between the Vaga River and the Vologda Railroad. They were repulsed with heavy losses, the Americans, British, and Russian troops fighting with such valor that the enemy column which attacked on the left of Taraseva along the Kotchmas road retired in considerable disorder, leaving twenty men dead in the snow, mown down by the allied machine-gun fire. On the right of the village an enemy column was spotted by the American artillery and retreated under a rain of shells.

On the Dvina River no infantry attacks have yet developed, although the enemy artillery continues a heavy bombardment at Tulgas. On the Vologda Railroad the enemy's armored train continues to shell the allied positions, and recently his patrols, moving over frozen trails in the swamps which were impassable in the Summer, have attempted bombing raids against American outposts.

Allied headquarters here in announcing today that the evacuation of Shenkursk on Saturday was to avoid the possibility of a long seige, revealed that it was only by a ruse that an American battalion and other allied forces succeeded in escaping from being surrounded.

The Bolsheviki, who had already closed in on the town from the south, east, and west, had appeared in considerable numbers on the highway north of the town and had cut all telegraph wires. To escape them the American troops, approximately four battalions under command of Lieut. Col. Corbley, slipped out of the town along a seldom used trail through the swamps, bringing with them virtually all their equipment.

The Bolsheviki, however, captured a large store of provisions which the garrison was unable to burn for fear of revealing the intention to withdraw. All the American guns were either removed or rendered useless. A number of wounded in the American hospital were removed in sleds.

A large number of peasants and Russian partisan troops moved out with the American forces. In the fighting near Shenkurst Russian troops fought side by side with the Americans, British, and French with great bravery. Allied airplanes, despite the severe cold, flew low over the roads wherever the slow-moving Bolshevist sled transports were seen and bombs dropped on them. The aviators also attacked the Bolsheviki with machine-gun fire.

The Bolshevist offensive began with small raids and a bombardment of Ust Padenga, which was the most southernly position held by the Allies on this front. The first attacks were repulsed, but the Americans and Russians garrisoning the town were subjected to a rain of approximately 1,000 shells daily for a week.

On Jan. 9, 1,000 Bolshevist infantry attacked Kibagoraki on the Tarnia River, thirty miles west of Shenkursk in the direction of the Vologda Railway. The Russian Cossacks and allied infantry there withdrew about ten miles to Shishevo, which the Bolsheviki occupied on Jan. 20. The Cossacks counterattacked the next day with the object of retaking Shishevo, but were forced to withdraw in the face of superior numbers.

In the direction of the Dvina River, a small outpost thirty miles east of Shenkursk, was attacked on Jan. 21 by

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CALOX OXYGEN TOOTH POWDER Cleans, Whitens, Preserves—McK. & R.—Advt.

BIG POWERS DISCUSS GERMAN COLONIES; SMALL NATIONS ABANDON THEIR PROTEST AND NAME PEACE CONFERENCE DELEGATES

North Russians Averse to Parley With Reds; Recall Allies' Rejection of Pope's Proposal

ARCHANGEL, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.)—Officials of the Government of Northern Russia are silent regarding the proposal for a conference of the Russian factions on the Princes' Islands pending receipt of an official invitation asking them to take part. The official press also has nothing to say, but editorial comment in other newspapers today indicates there will probably be strong objection to parleying with the Bolsheviki.

The independent newspaper Olecheobo says:

"The proposition to converse with the Bolsheviki is similar to the proposal made by the Pope during the war for the Allies to converse with the Hohenzollerns. At that time the Allies answered that they did not trust the Germans and that they would not talk with murderers and criminals. In the same way and with analogous motives it is necessary to state clearly that it is impossible to hold conversations with the Bolsheviki.

"Bolshevism, like imperialism before the débâcle in Germany, is not only a threat to Russia, but to the entire world."

Before learning of the allied proposal President Tschaikovsky sailed this morning en route to Paris.

RUSSIANS SILENT ON ALLIED OFFER

No Direct Reply to Princes' Islands Parley Proposal Yet Received from Any Faction.

FRENCH ARE NOT SORRY

Socialists of France Told by Leader They Must Not Follow Wilson, but Lenine.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—No direct reply to the invitation extended to the various Russian factions for a conference with representatives of the allied and associated Governments has so far been received from any quarter. The protests which have been filed by the anti-Bolshevist elements in Paris are not regarded as fully authorized by their Governments, and the reply sent out by M. Tchitcherin, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, by wireless through Stockholm and addressed to a Paris newspaper is considered as being altogether unofficial.

It was stated today that no announcement would be made at present regarding the status of the Russian problem. The next move, it may be said, however, will probably be to bring up the matter again before the council for further study before a course to be followed shall be adopted. Meanwhile, naturally, there will be no announcement concerning the personnel of the commission which will go to Princes' Islands to represent the Entente and the United States in the event, which now seems unlikely, that acceptances come from the Russian factions.

At an agitated Socialist meeting here yesterday M. Loriot declared that the Socialists of France must make a choice between following President Wilson or Premier Lenine of Russia. After the Socialist leaders, Albert Thomas, Pierre Renaudel, and M. Longuet were shouted down when they tried to speak, M. Loriot said:

"President Wilson is an able man who is seeking to save the bourgeoisie, but he must not be followed. The moment has come to choose between him and Lenine."

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, who followed the example this morning of the American, British, and Italian delegates to the Peace Conference in giving a group interview to the press representatives of the world, improved somewhat on the methods of others who have had most to say about the advantage of publicity and then shrunk most from it. M. Pichon not only said one or two things that are significant and interesting, but gave the correspondents the biggest surprise of their Peace Conference experience so far by declaring that he could be quoted on everything he had said.

His conversation was chiefly about the failure of the Bolsheviki and other Russian factions to accept the invitation of the American and allied Governments for a meeting at Princes' Islands. Furthermore, M. Pichon admitted that the Bolsheviki had a de facto Government as one of several Governments now existing in Russia. He seemed to have little expectation that a conference with the Bolsheviki would take place on Princes' Islands or anywhere else, and it was not difficult to imagine that he was rather pleased than otherwise in view of the fact that he had previously rejected the Lloyd George proposal for such a conference and that subsequent to that refusal the French Government had yielded to America and Great Britain in the matter against its own judgment.

As to whether the Allies would entertain a suggestion from the Bolsheviki for a meeting at some place more accessible than Princes' Islands, M. Pichon said the question had not arisen. He also declared that the Allies had not determined what the next step in the Russian situation would be should all the Russian groups finally refuse the invitation now pending.

That is about all that was said. If it

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

COMPROMISE STILL CONFERENCE HOPE

Pichon Regards It as Means of Reconciling French and Arab Claims in Syria.

THE "WHITE MAN'S BURDEN"

Signs That America Will Be Asked to Take It Up in Asia and Africa.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Compromise remains the watchword of the Peace Conference. Premier Clemenceau spoke of his own sacrifices of personal views yesterday. Stephen Pichon emphasized the same point today. The smaller nations who, it may be stated with authority, are aggrieved at being officially relegated as a body to a class "with particular interests," are as a whole taking the attitude that compromise between the great powers spells dictation to the small powers.

With the Wilsonian principles as a guiding star, heaven may be reached, it is argued in some quarters here, but there will be some victims on every round of Jacob's ladder leading to the Gates of Paradise.

The League of Nations is that ladder. Skeptics still regard it as a very incomplete apparatus.

M. Pichon said today that its construction would proceed, step by step, with territorial settlements. In other words, the League of Nations is to be the consecration of the decisions of the conference, and to be the power enforcing those decisions. French claims to Syria and Arabian aspirations in the same quarter, he said, could be reconciled by mutual give and take. The French demands for a safe frontier on the east had not yet been authoritatively defined. It was incorrect to say that France wanted possession of all the territory on the left bank of the Rhine. It was also incorrect to say that France wanted to neutralize that territory. It was incorrect to say that France wanted to continue the military occupation of that territory. M. Pichon denied all these suppositions. He declined to state more explicitly what France considered essential to the security of her eastern frontier. The suggestion was made that the French demands in this respect would be governed by the progress made toward a practical realization of the League of Nations, with its concomitant of limitation of armaments and the resultant possibilities of aggression.

All this shows how carefully the conference is feeling its way. It has put two objectives before it, both to be reached simultaneously. One is the conclusion of peace to end the present war. The other is the preservation of future peace.

Until President Wilson arrived in Europe, the prevalent idea among statesmen here was that the present necessities must be dealt with before the future requirements could be legislated for. President Wilson believed that guarantees for the future were the best foundation for the settlement of the immediate problems. The result is a compromise. The work of making peace is to go on side by side with the work of securing the peace, once it is made. Obviously, the practical formulation of the League of Nations ideal must be synchronous with the formulation of the concrete terms of peace, if these aspirations are to be realized.

The Australian Premier, Mr. Hughes, put in a nutshell the point of

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

DIFFERENCES ARE REMOVED

Smaller Powers, Soothed by Cambon, Hold Harmonious Session.

COMMITTEES BEGIN WORK

Two New Ones Are Authorized, One on Finances and Another on Maritime Laws.

PRESIDENT IS VERY BUSY

Confers with Col. House, Cecil, American Labor Leaders, and China's Delegates.

PARIS, Jan. 27, (Associated Press.)—The Peace Conference today made a distinct gain when the nineteen small powers gave full adhesion to the organization formulated by the five great powers, thus insuring a united front of the great and small powers at the outset of the work on the main subjects before the members of the commissions.

This was largely due to the skilful direction of M. Jules Cambon, French delegate and former Ambassador at Washington, who was designated by the council of the great powers to preside over the meeting of the small powers held this afternoon at the Foreign Office, at the same time that the council of the great powers met for the second session of the day.

For a time there was some apprehension of the sequel to the different viewpoints, expressed at Saturday's conference, but today's meeting of the small powers was without incident or renewal of the claims then set up for increased representation on the various committees.

Belgium, Serbia, Rumania, and all the other small powers had their full delegations at the afternoon meeting. M. Cambon, in opening the meeting, took occasion to refer to the great part that Belgium had taken in the war. He then paid tribute to the parts played by Serbia, Rumania, Greece, and the others. This dissipated any lingering shadows of disagreement, and the meeting proceeded with entire harmony to designate the members of the small powers on the commissions.

The Council of the Great Powers held its first session of the day at 10:30 o'clock in the morning. There was a full attendance of the members, and several technical advisers on colonial matters, including three Americans, accompanied the delegations as they entered the Foreign Office.

The two sessions of this council resulted in the formation of two new commissions, to deal with financial subjects and with questions of private and maritime laws.

While the official communiqué gives no indication of the nature of the questions of "maritime laws," it would seem to be a term embracing President Wilson's second point—freedom of the seas.

The council also held hearings on the disposition of the conquered German colonies in the Pacific and the Far East, no final conclusion being reached. The Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs was heard on colonial questions in which China is interested. China is concerned largely in Kiao-Chau, which was occupied by the Germans until they were dispossessed by Japan.

Committees Getting to Work.

The conference is giving evidence of real progress since the committees were named, and most of these bodies began work today.

President Wilson, who is Chairman of the Committee on the League of Nations, joined his colleague, Colonel House, also a member of that committee, during the noon recess of the council. Later Lord Robert Cecil, British member of the committee, joined him in further consideration of the questions which the President and Colonel House had examined.

After this conference the President conferred with Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister at Washington, and Lu Cheng-Hsiang, Chinese Foreign Minister. He also received a delegation of French suffragettes.

The Labor Commission also began to frame its work. President Wilson met Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor; James Duncan, John R. Alpine, and other members of the American labor delegation, for a brief exchange of greet-

Ocean Freight Rates Cut to One-Third By American and British Governments

The British Ministry of Shipping, at 165 Broadway, announced yesterday that freight rates on vessels free from Government requisition had been reduced 66 2-3 per cent. on shipments from the United States to Great Britain. This applies to all export commodities with the exception of cotton, which usually is classified under a special rating. This ruling also applies to British ships which have from 20 to 30 per cent. of their cargo space available, the rest being under the control of the Ministry of Shipping.

Shipping men said yesterday that this meant that the rate of $3.50 per 100 pounds weight to Europe had been reduced to $1, and by measurement the rate of $1.75 per foot would now be 50 cents. They did not think the change would be discouraging to shipowners, because it would cause a development in the commerce from American ports and tend to hasten the return of the business to normal conditions. The costs of operating steamships were very high at the present time, it was said, but it was quite possible, with the reduction in freight rates, that there would still be a small margin of profit.

American Rates Cut.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—To meet the cut in transatlantic freight rates made by the British Ministry of Shipping, the Shipping Board tonight announced a reduction of about 66 2-3 per cent. in charges between Atlantic and Gulf ports and the United Kingdom, France, Italy, Belgium, and the Netherlands.

To Marseilles, Cette, Genoa, and Naples the new rate is $1.60 per 100 pounds, or 85 cents per cubic foot against the old rate of $75 per ton, rates based on weight or measurement at ship's option.

The new rate to the United Kingdom is $1 per 100 pounds, or 60 cents a cubic foot, against the old rate of $66 a ton, while the rate to Havre, Bordeaux, Antwerp, and Rotterdam is $1.25 per 100 pounds, or 65 cents per cubic foot, against the old charge of $65 a ton.

At the same time the board announced new rates from Atlantic and Gulf ports to ports in India as follows: To Colombo and Calcutta, $1.10 per 100 pounds or 60 cents per cubic foot, as against the old rate of $45 a ton, and to Rangoon and Madras, $1.20 per 100 pounds or 65 cents a cubic foot, as against the former charge of $50 a ton.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA! McK. & R. Cin-u-form Lozenges, 25c.—Advt.

ings, and later Mr. Gompers and Edward N. Hurley, who are the American members of the Labor Commission, held their first conference on the work ahead.

The military commission on demobilization also had a session, while M. Pichon completed the draft of instructions for the commission which leaves for Poland in a few days. Joseph Noulens, French Ambassador to Russia, has been selected by the French Government as one of the members of this commission.

Henry White, the American delegate on the Waterways Commission, also established relations with his colleagues of that body.

Thus real progress on all the main subjects is becoming apparent as the commissions are beginning to formulate detailed projects for presentation to the conference.

Official Accounts of the Meetings.

The official statement concerning the sessions of the Supreme Council reads:

The President of the United States, the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of the allied and associated powers and the Japanese representative met this morning at the Quai d'Orsay from 10:30 o'clock to 12:30 o'clock and defined a program of work and the constitution of new committees for economic and financial questions as well as questions relating to private and maritime laws.

The afternoon session continued the exchange of views on the former German colonies in the Pacific and the Far East. The representatives of the Dominions and of China were heard.

The next meting will take place tomorrow at 11 o'clock in the morning.

This official statement was issued concerning the session of the representatives of the smaller powers;

The representatives of the powers with special interests met this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Quai d'Orsay under the presidency of M. Jules Cambon, Ambassador and French delegate at the Peace Conference, to appoint members of the missions in accordance with the decisions of the plenary session of Saturday, Jan. 25. The following were appointed:

LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Belgium, Paul Hymans.
Brazil, Epitacio Pessoa.
China, Wellington Koo, plenipotentiary.
Serbia, M. R. Vesnitch.
Portugal, Janme Batalkha Reis, Minister plenipotentiary.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE WAR.

Belgium (not yet appointed).
Serbia, Slobodan Yovanovitch.
Rumania, Mr. Rosenthal.
Greece, M. Politis.
Poland (not yet appointed).

INTERNATIONAL LABOR LEGISLATION.

Belgium, M. Vandervelde and M. Mahaim.
Cuba, A. S. Pustamante.
Poland (not yet appointed).
Czechoslovak Republic, M. Benes.

REGULATION OF PORTS, WATERWAYS AND RAILROADS.

Belgium (not yet appointed).
China, H. E. Thomas and C. T. Wang, plenipotentiary delegate.
Greece, M. Coromilas.
Serbia, M. Trumbitch.
Uruguay, Carlos Blanco.

France-British Agreement on Cenoxies?

Concerning the fate of the German colonies, France and Great Britain, it is stated, are agreed upon at least one feature of the solution of the problem, which is that under no consideration shall the colonies revert to Germany. The reasons advanced for such a decision are various, but prominent among them is that it would render it impossible for Germany to establish submarine bases in her colonial possessions. The American attitude is as yet unrevealed.

A prominent official told The Associated Press today that should the Franco-British viewpoint prevail, the German Kamerun would be taken over by the French, in accordance with an agreement reached by Great Britain and France. Belgium lays claim to that part of the Congo which she conquered by force of arms, the Belgian troops having captured Tabora and the territory lying beyond the western slopes of Lake Victoria Nyanza. The Belgians also desire a strip of territory along the left bank of the Congo, the delimitation, of course, to be settled amicably with Portugal, territorial compensation being given the latter.

There appears every prospect that the Peace Conference will make rapid progress from now on with the work of fixing the peace terms for Germany, as the conference appears to have gotten into its stride.

A high French diplomatic authority is quoted by the Paris edition of The London Daily Mail as estimating that the conference will have the peace terms ready for submission for ratification by the various national Governments between the middle and the end of March. If this is accomplished, the German delegates will be summoned to Paris early in April for the conclusion of peace.

WILSON IS STIRRED BY RUINED RHEIMS

Says "No One Can Put Into Words" His Impressions of Desolated France.

PRELATE SHOWS CATHEDRAL

Cardinal Lucon Gives Him a Stained-Glass Panel—Chateau-Thierry Field Visited.

PARIS, Jan. 27, (Associated Press.—President and Mrs. Wilson returned to Paris at 9:30 o'clock Sunday night from their visit to Rheims. There was a heavy snowfall during the day, but Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were received at Rheims by a crowd which gave them a cordial greeting.

They were met at the Cathedral by Cardinal Lucon, who conducted them through the ruined edifice. After a minute inspection of the Cathedral, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson went to La Pompelle fortress, southeast of Rheims, which they inspected before starting on their return journey.

At the close of his tour, which embraced the Chateau-Thierry district and took him through a dozen razed villages, the President made this comment:

"No one can put into words the impressions I have received among such scenes of desolation and ruin."

That was Mr. Wilson's only expression of his feelings after a trip that every Frenchman has been hoping he would make before he took part in deciding what was to be exacted from Germany for the devastation of Northern France.

Accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, Admiral Grayson and a very small party, Mr. Wilson left the Murat residence early yesterday morning, foregoing attendance at church and the rest which he felt he needed very much to perform what he said he considered to be a duty. The party motored first to Chateau-Thierry, where luncheon was taken on board a waiting train. It then proceeded by motor to Rheims, passing, through many ruined villages and along the old fighting lines, where evidences of combat are still to be plainly seen. After visiting Rheims, the President and his party abandoned their motor cars, and, boarding a special train, returned to Paris. The last part of the motor trip was made in a swirling snowstorm, the first snow Mr. Wilson has seen since last Winter.

Visit to Belleau Wood.

The first fighting ground was reached as the party neared Belleau Wood, immortalized in the history of the war by the gallant fighting of American marines. The motor cars turned off the main roads and crawled through back lanes to bring the President close to the place where the fighting took place.

The country folk in that neighborhood are striving to reclaim their soil from war's desolation. The farmers were plowing the shell-cratered fields as the President stood beside the graves of one hundred or more American boys who gave their lives at that point and looked across the valley to Belleau Wood, a mangled mass of tree trunks and underbrush, but now a national monument to the marines, after whom the French Government has named the place.

Col. Edward M. Watson, of Martinsville, Va., who commanded an artillery battalion in the fight and was later Chief of Staff of the Seventy-seventh Division in the Argonne fighting, stood beside President Wilson and Brig.-Gen. William W. Harts and told the story of the battle in detail.

Then Mr. Wilson drove up the hill on which the American troops smashed the crack Prussian divisions mustered there to crush the "greenhorns," and where the advance on Paris was checked. This was near Château-Thierry, and the spot promises to be a Mecca for Americans for many years to come. Mr. Wilson saw the ruins of bridges over which the Americans thrust back the enemy line at this nearest point to Paris, and the shell-marked houses which survived the battles of those memorable days.

When the President entered Château-Thierry, the Mayor greeted him, and he responded quite informally. He then drove on towards Rheims, passing along the old battleline between long lines of barbed wire entanglements now rusting away in the first Winter of peace, between long muddy trenches reaching over the hills and down into hollows as far as the eye could see, and past the wrecks of dugouts, ammunition dumps, aviation sheds, hospitals, barracks and all the other litter left behind by the defeated enemy in his flight.

American, as well as French, graves lay along the roadside. There were German graves to be seen, too. Desecrated cemeteries were found in many cases. At every turn of the road was a farm, deserted and in ruins, its fields dotted with shell holes filled with water and crusted over with ice. There was a constant panorama of destroyed or charred vineyards, gardens, and homes.

The President was welcomed at Rheims by the Mayor and a committee, to whom Mr. Wilson explained that he had not come to the devastated region sooner because he had been wholly engaged at Paris with the business of making peace. Before going to the cathédral, he passed through the streets of a deserted city which was once the home of 115,000 people, but where fewer than 5,000 are now eking out an existence among the ruins. He visited Red Cross canteens where hundreds of destitute persons are fed night and day, and the hospital where the sick and injured are cared for. The champagne cellars beneath the city, said to contain some 70,000,000 bottles of wine, were not visited.

A light blanket of snow covered the ground as the President drove up to the cathedral, and Rheims, ravished and naked in all its misery and desolation, looked like a graveyard in the moonlight. There were more crows in the air, circling over the ruined town, than there were human beings, below in the littered streets.

Cardinal Shows the Ruined Cathedral.

Cardinal Lucon, Archbishop of Rheims, who stood steadfastly by his charge for four years, during which time scarcely a day passed without a German shell hurling death into the city, met the President at the fence of rough boards which now excludes curiosity seekers and incloses the rubbish to which this historic edifice has been reduced. The Cardinal conducted Mr. Wilson to the nave of the cathedral, where in 1914 the Germans during their short occupation of the city placed their wounded, and then, being forced to evacuate, burned their men to death by incendiary shells that fired the roof, but did not damage the vault.

All over the flagging, worn smooth through the years by millions of feet bringing Frenchmen to an hour's devotion, were piled heaps of rubbish, fragments of statues and frescoes and fragments of columns and sculptures which were accounted the finest examples of Gothic art. As the President and the Cardinal stood together, looking upward, while the prelate briefly recounted the story of four years of constant destruction, they looked straight through to the clouded sky. The snow flurry that was covering the bare ruins of the city outside was also falling as a blanket upon the inside of the cathedral.

The chalky stone of Champagne, of which the cathedral was built, is scaling off from the effects of German fire, and the piles of debris were mixed with an almost constant dropping of fragments. Pausing a moment before the scene of the Crucifixion above the north door, and before the painting of the Coronation of the Virgin, over the central door, Mr. Wilson silently viewed the destruction wrought upon those masterpieces by the burning of the scaffolding when the Germans set fire to the roof of the edifice.

Ruins of statues lie about the side door, and the great rose window, said to be the most beautiful in the world, where Field Marshal von Moltke, in 1870, sat and watched the sunset, is shattered to shell fire until it looks like camouflage set up by the roadside. Mr. Wilson followed the Cardinal to the ruins of the chapel, where oldtime Kings watched through the night at the time of their anointing, and to the ruins of the sacristium, where priceless Flemish tapestries were ruined. Mr. Wilson was shown where thousands of shells thrown from German batteries on two sides burst among the buttresses which support the main structure and where forests of sculptures which ornament the structure have been scarred, nicked and torn by fragments from the big shells, very few of which, however, reached the vault.

Part of the vault, however, lies a heap of twisted and crumpled wreckage upon the main altar, where it was thrown by explosions which wrecked most of the stained glass thirteenth century windows. Cardinal Lucon took Mr. Wilson outside, and they picked their way through rubbish heaps to a point from which they could view the shell-riddled painting of the Last Judgment, above the south door, the symbols from Noah's Ark about the great rose window, the statue of St. Anne and other beautiful works of art of which virtually none escaped.

Rheims Relic for the President

As they left the Cathedral, the Cardinal gave the President a stained glass panel from one of the windows taken down in time to save it. The panel is unscarred. It is circular and about three feet in diameter. It shows a figure of the Saviour done in many-colored glass of the early centuries.

From the Cathedral the President drove to view the ruins of the Hotel de Ville, a specimen of the Renaissance style of architecture, and the Palais Royale, an eighteenth century edifice. These two, with the Cathedral, comprised the most celebrated historical memorials of Rheims, and not one has escaped.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 26.—President Wilson intends to accept the invitation of King Albert to visit Brussels, it is said in well-informed circles, but has not fixed the date for his trip because of the press of business at Paris.

COMPROMISE STILL CONFERENCE HOPE

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

view of those who are skeptical as to the probability of this double consummation being arrived at, when he said yesterday that he would like to have an opportunity of discussing the scheme of the League of Nations "when it is finished." His emphasis on the last four words was marked. To those Europeans who are in fullest sympathy with the Wilsonian ideals, the difficulties with which he is faced give special meaning to the description of crusaders which he yesterday applied to himself and his countrymen. There were many crusades.

There is no indiscretion in stating that one of the definite questions which will be put to the American delegates will be what part the United States is prepared to take in bearing the "white man's burden," with particular application to policing, administering, and politically educating the backward Asiatic and African peoples. It has been a matter of open discussion in London for some time past that proposals bearing on this subject would be submitted by the British delegates to the Peace Conference; and that the French Government is considering similar action is evident from an editorial in tonight's Temps. After referring to the American reluctance to break with the Monroe Doctrine by accepting a mandate to interfere in countries which are satellites of Europe, the Temps argues that the mission of aiding formerly oppressed peoples, such as exist in Central Asia, is not an imperialistic mission, but one that springs from the crusading spirit which brought American soldiers across the Atlantic.

COLONIES A VITAL ISSUE.

English Writer Says One Power May Hold Them Under Mandate.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Discussing the methods which the Peace Conference will follow to settle territorial questions, the Paris correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says that when serious difficulties are met they will be referred to a special commission instituted for the purpose of considering them.

The colonial problems were examined for the first time on Friday, the correspondent states, the fate of the German colonies in the Pacific being taken up. No other territorial features were discussed, except for a brief reference to the East African territory toward the end of the meeting.

Premiers Hughes of Australia and Massey of New Zealand, the writer continues, have asked the Peace Conference to sanction the Anglo-Japanese agreement of February, 1917, allocating the German possessions south of the equator to Australia and New Zealand. They emphasized the contributions made by their respective countries to the allied cause in the war and the reasonableness of some compensation. Furthermore, they argued, any attempt to apply the right of self-determination to the southern islands would lead to failure.

The French Government, which the correspondent represents as full of admiration for the exertions of the British dominions, is anxious, he says, to show its appreciation. He says, furthermore, that at the opening of the conference on the Pacific islands Premier Lloyd George, in agreement with President Wilson, stated that there was no question of returning the colonies to Germany. The only point at issue, the writer asserts, is whether the German colonies shall be placed under an international government or if a single power shall be trusted with the management of them with a mandate from the League of Nations.

LEAGUE ASSOCIATIONS MEET.

Hold Promptly Urges the Ending of Secret Diplomacy.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Leon Bourgeois, President of the French Association for the Society of Nations, presided this afternoon at a meeting of representatives of allied countries who have come to Paris to work for the adoption of the plan for a League of Nations. He asked the delegates present to formulate a program that might facilitate the task of the Peace Congress.

Hamilton Holt, one of the American delegates, insisted upon the necessity for eliminating secret diplomacy. The meeting adopted a motion favoring the establishment of the league and will continue its work tomorrow.

TO BETTER CABLE SERVICE.

Tardieu Says Measures Are Afoot to Prevent Delay of Dispatches.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—At a luncheon given today at the French Club for members of the foreign press, which was attended by more than 300 newspapermen, political leaders and diplomats, Captain André Tardieu, head of the general commission for Franco-American war matters, told the newspapermen that measures had been taken to remedy the delay in transmission on the French cables and that efforts were being made to handle all foreign copy with as little delay as possible. Captain Tardieu said that arrangements were being made to handle all copy possible through London in order to relieve the pressure on the French cables.

Stephen Pichon, French Foreign Minister, in an address protested against the accusations of imperialism which, he said, had been made against France by some persons.

"France's wish," he said, "is merely to be the defender of justice and right." Sir George Riddell, an English newspaper publisher, responded to the speeches on behalf of the journalists.

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PARIS, Jan. 27.—Wire conditions between Paris and the United States are the subject of a memorial which American correspondents are preparing to present to the American peace delegates tomorrow. The Italian press is equipped with a direct wire to Rome and is not required to submit dispatches to the French or Italian censors. The British are organizing facilities for getting news to publish. The American press matter is still subject to military censorship, both French and American, in contravention of the armistice agreement just before President Wilson left America that the censorship was lifted. It was declared that the censors would not interfere with political comment and Peace Congress news, but apply only to references to troops. Regardless of whether it was blue-pencilled or not, the process seriously delays transmission.

DEPLORES ALLIED POLICY IN RUSSIA

Information Director Terms Proposed Princes' Island Conference a Mistake.

ASSAILS BOLSHEVIST RULE

Calls Soviets Criminals, Controlling Only a Part of Country by Holdup Measures.

A. J. Sack, Director of the Russian Information Bureau, in a statement issued yesterday, termed the decision of the Allies to meet all factions of the Russians, including the Bolsheviki, as "deplorable," and as a "mistake."

"The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference has announced its Russian policy," he said. "We all look with great expectations to the work of the Peace Conference, and therefore it is painful to state that the Russian policy just announced by the Allies is a great disappointment to all Russian patriots and democrats.

"The fundamental fault in the allied decision regarding Russia is that they have evidently undertaken to decide the fate of Russia without consulting the Russians themselves. There is in existence the so-called 'Soviet Russia,' and Russia proper. The Bolshevist Soviets control a part of Central Russia with about 40,000,000 population, while the anti-Bolshevist Governments control the rest of Russia, with about 120,000,000 population, not counting Finland.

"Russia as a whole has rejected the Bolshevist rule through the Constituent Assembly elected on the basis of universal, direct, equal, and secret suffrage. The Bolsheviki dispersed the Constituent Assembly with bayonets, and even in that part of Russia where they still rule, they rule through mass terror. Not only the liberals, but also all the Socialist factions in Russia are against them. Not only the bourgeoisie, but the peasants and the workingmen as well are constantly rising against the Bolshevist rule. The Bolsheviki rule over the starving population through the Red Guards and the Red Army, bodies of well-paid and well-fed men.

Asks Whom Allies Consulted.

"Against this 'Soviet Russia,' which is but a band of criminals, controlling a part of Russia's territory by 'holdup' means, stands real Russia, a united front of all the liberal and socialist forces in Russia, waging war against the Bolsheviki as enemies of the Russian democracy and democracy throughout the world. Whom did the Allies consult before making their recent decision with regard to the Russian policy?

"They have certainly not consulted the real Russia, the anti-Bolshevist Russia. Prince G. E. Lvov, the Prime Minister of the first Russian Revolutionary Government, who is the spokesman in Paris for the united anti-Bolshevist factions, repudiated the allied proposal for a meeting of representatives of all the Russian factions, including the Bolsheviki, on the Princes' Islands, as an insulting one. Basil Maklakov, the Russian Ambassador in Paris, and Serge Sazonoff, the representative of the Omsk and Yekaterinodar Governments, have endorsed Prince Lvov's statement.

"The anti-Bolshevist factions repudiate the allied proposal for three reasons: First, they do not want to meet the Bolsheviki at the table, considering them traitors to Russia and humanity, murderers of their own brothers, criminals who deal in or use drugs, and all hospitals and sanitoria in the State, the number aggregating 30,000.

"Second, they do not understand how the Allies find it possible to place them, the people of Russia who have sacrificed millions of their best youth for the allied cause, on an equal footing with the Bolsheviki who have betrayed Russia and the allied cause, illtreated the allied diplomatic representatives and citizens, and instituted such a terror that President Wilson considered it a duty in September, 1918, to ask all the civilized nations throughout the world to join in protest against the horrors of the Bolshevist régime; third, the anti-Bolshevist factions representing the Russian people consider it incompatible with the dignity of Russia to meet the allied representatives somewhere on the Princes' Islands. Russia is entitled to full representation in Paris.

Predicts a Free Russia.

"At this time Russia is passing through a period of utmost disorganization unavoidable during great revolutions. Every country that has passed from tyranny to free democratic development knows in her past conditions similar to the present Russian situation. Russia is not dead and not going to die, and the future will see her again great, free, and happy."

The action of the Peace Conference in inviting all factions in Russia to a parley at Princes' Island was indorsed yesterday by the Truth About Russia Committee, which was organized, according to a statement made public yesterday, "to inquire into the Russian situation on nonpartisan grounds, without prejudice or ulterior motives." The committee includes Jane Addams, Frank P. Walsh, Amos Pinchot, George P. West, Lincoln Colcord, Henry R. Mussey, Paul U. Kellogg, J. A. H. Hopkins, and Allan MacCurdy. The statement asserted that Lenine is a man with whom the Allies can deal, for he has always advocated the policy of compromise, and has been prepared to conciliate the western powers by redeeming Russian loans."

Butler Assails Bolshevism.

In a severe arraignment of the present Government in Russia, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, speaking yesterday at the luncheon meeting of the United Waist League of America, at the McAlpin Hotel, told the 300 waist manufacturers, bankers, and jobbers present that Bolshevism bears precisely the same relation to democracy that chaos does to order. Each, he said, is the antithesis of the other. M. Mosessohn, Executive Director of the league, in introducing Dr. Butler, suggested that some day he would leave his present position to accept a higher Presidency—that of the United States. Dr. Butler thanked the Chairman for the suggestion, but said he was not going to forsake his means of livelihood at a time when jobs were so hard to find.

"A great people," continued the speaker, "which had just thrown off the yoke of imperial autocracy, lies prostrate before a still more powerful tyrant. Russia has exchanged an autocracy, which at least had the attributes of dignity and distinction, for one whose chief characteristic is appetite. Bolshevism is at war with civilization, and in particular with democratic civilization. It is now the chief enemy of democracy left in the world. It teaches dominance and control by a group or a class. It proscribes capacity, training, thrift, and service, and it denies any such thing as citizenship with its equality of opportunity and its equality before the law."

In conclusion, Dr. Butler said that despite a few American "parlor, editorial, and academic Bolsheviki," the heart of the American people was sound and its head clear, and that the public here could distinguish between orderly reform and violent revolution.

ASK TO JOIN SWITZERLAND.

Sixty Per Cent. of Populations of Tyrol and Voralberg for Union.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Jan. 27.—A plebiscite in the former Austrian districts of Voralberg and Tyrol, which adjoin Switzerland on the east, shows that 60 per cent. of the citizens favor a union with Switzerland.

It is understood, however, that the Swiss Confederation is not anxious to add another canton, especially Austrian, and it is likely to refuse the request.

To be China's Financial Adviser.

TOKIO, Jan. 24, (Associated Press.)—Baron Yoshiro Sakatani, who was recently appointed financial adviser to China, has accepted that post. He will proceed to Peking soon.

WARNS INCOME TAXPAYERS.

Collector Eisner Says So-Called Tax Experts May Cause Trouble.

Collector Mark Eisner of the Third District issued a statement yesterday warning income taxpayers to be cautious about taking the advice of so-called tax experts unless they were men of repute and responsibility. The Collector asserted that the taxpayer was risking his reputation and taking a chance of prosecution if he misrepresented his income, whether on the advice of experts or not.

The most dangerous class of advisers on the income tax, the Collector asserted, are those who offer to revise the return of a taxpayer for a compensation based on the precentage of tax which is saved by his suggestions. Mr. Eisner said that some of the circulars which had come into his possession would indicate that certain corporations offering advice on this subject were in reality soliciting law practice. Cases of this type, he said, would be turned over to the Bar Association. Mr. Eisner made public the following statement from the Treasury Department:

"The Bureau is arranging to furnish for the 1919 income taxpayers in every city and town in the country a free advisory service by trained collectors, agents, inspectors, and deputies. At the offices of collectors and their deputies, and at other central points, information and advice with respect to filling returns under the new Revenue bill may be had up to the final date for filing such returns."

British to Show Their Industries.

The British Industries Fair of 1919 will be held in London in the Pennington Street premises of the London Dock from Feb. 24 to March 7, 1919, it was announced by the British Consul General in this city yesterday. About 600 British manufacturers will exhibit china and earthenware, glassware of all descriptions, papers, stationery and sundries, printing, fancy goods and traveling requisites, toys, and sporting goods. The British Department of Overseas Trade will have offices at the fair.

Army Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27. — Nominations of Robert L. Bullard, now holding the temporary rank of Lieutenant General, to be a Major General in the regular army establishment, and of eight officers now temporarily Major Generals to be permanent Brigadier Generals, were confirmed today by the Senate. The new Brigadiers are George W. Read, Charles H. Muir, Charles T. Menoher, J. W. McAndrew, William G. Haan, James G. Harbord, John L. Hines, and Charles P. Summerall.

King of Serbia Seriously Ill.

BASLE, Jan. 26, (Havas.)—King Peter of Serbia, who has been ill, has suffered a new attack and is said to be in a serious condition, according to advices from Laibach. Prince Regent Alexander is on his way to his father's bedside.

TO ENFORCE NARCOTIC LAW.

Deputies Confer at Albany on Plans to Curb Violations.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Plans to enforce the law concerning the sale of narcotics have been formulated at a conference of Deputies of the Department of Narcotic Drug Control. The department intends to have its representatives visit every person or institution authorized to possess, dispense, or prescribe habit-forming drugs to ascertain if their records comply with the law, and, in case of violation, to take steps to have the offenders punished.

While the establishment of three branch offices in different parts of the State was provided by the legislation creating the drug commission, it has been decided advisable, for the present, to conduct the business from the office at Albany where all reports will be filed. To facilitate the work of the department the State has been divided into three districts—Metropolitan, Albany, and Western. First Deputy George H. Whitney and Third Deputy Rita A. Yawger, have been assigned to the Metropolitan District, Second Deputy Addison T. Halstead to the Western, and Commissioner Richardson to the Albany District.

Blanks with a letter of instruction and a copy of the law pertaining to habit-forming drugs have been sent to physicians, druggists, dentists, veterinarians, and wholesale and manufacturers who deal in or use drugs, and all hospitals and sanitoria in the State, the number aggregating 30,000.

RUSSIANS SILENT ON ALLIED OFFER

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

were possible to cable the Frenchman's smiles and shrugs, it might better convey the impression that France is not at all disappointed at the apparent failure of the effort to deal face to face with representatives of the Bolsheviki.

ENVOY SURE SOVIET WILL AGREE TO CONFER

Vovosky Says Bolsheviki Do Not Fear Intervention If Negotiations Fail.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 25.—M. Vorovsky, the Bolshevist Ambassador here, informed me today that the Soviet Government would not refuse an armistice in European Russia and Siberia.

He was certain that Moscow would accept the negotiations proposed now by the Allies, but was not so sure that the anti-Bolshevist Governments would agree to negotiate. Whether the negotiations had any result depended, he said, on others than the Bolshevist representatives. These, however, would not be authorized to confirm the present situation in Russia as the ordinary peace arrangement.

Vorovsky said that the Soviet Government would not resist at any cost the formation of separate States within Russia.

"We are, for example," he said, "disposed to recognize the Siberian Government, but only if it represents the will of the whole people."

With regard to Bolshevist operations in the Baltic, Voroveky tried to maintain that there were no Soviet troops on that front. As against this, prisoners taken by Finlanders in Esthonia belong to Soviet commands.

"The Allies' proposal came very unexpectedly," said Vorovsky. "We knew there would be no intervention, and we are not afraid of intervention in the event of the negotiations failing. The soldiers in the allied countries are tired of war, and the general opinion in the United States and Great Britain and even in France, is against intervention."

"But this opinion may change," I remarked, "if it is shown that the Bolsheviki do not want peace."

"We do want it," said Vorovsky, "only the Allies do not put acceptable terms."

The choice of the Princes' Islands as the seat of negotiations, Vorovsky regarded as ludicrous, in view of the absence of telegraphic and other communications there. The negotiations ought to be held in Stockholm, Copenhagen, or somewhere in Holland, he said.

"But perhaps," he added, "they feared that the three representatives of the Soviet would use the opportunity of starting a revolution."

ALTERNATIVE RUSSIAN PLAN.

Wilson and Lloyd George Said to Agree on It.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The allied and associated powers are not relying solely on the success of the proposal for a conference of the Russian factions for a solution of the Russian problem.

According to the Echo de Paris, President Wilson took into consideration in making his proposal to the conference the possibility that the Bolsheviki would refuse to cease their hostile attitude and made the cessation of hostilities an essential condition for the holding of the Mermorx conference.

Other proposals relating to the Russian question have, therefore, the newspaper states, been put forward by him in accord with Premier Lloyd George.

HAS HOPES FOR LABOR IN PEACE CONFERENCE

Branting Doesn't Expect Standardized Wages — Condemns Overtures to Bolsheviki.

BERNE, Jan. 26.—A tone of carefully modulated optimism as to expectations of the results to be attained by the International Labor and Socialist Conference now assembling here marked the views expressed today by Hjalmar Branting, the Swedish Socialist leader, on his arrival to attend the gathering.

M. Branting mentioned the visit paid to Paris by Arthur Henderson, the British Labor leader, and his conference with Arthur J. Balfour as an indication that the Peace Conference intended to attach weight to the demands and desires of labor. He hoped, he said, that the conference would find a way to establish, perhaps, a minimum of living standards for workingmen, although he recognized the fact that it was impossible to standardize wages, since the buying power of money and prices for commodities varied so largely in the different countries. Thus, he added, it was utterly out of the question for the European laborer to achieve the American wage scale because the cost of living, theoretically at least, was not on a par with the American.

The Swedish Socialist leader expressed wholehearted indorsement of President Wilson's ideas regarding the making of the peace, although some of his remarks appeared to indicate that he was somewhat skeptical as to the complete triumph of these ideas.

Although he was known throughout the war as an anti-German, M. Branting expressed the hope that the Entente would supply the former empire with food and raw materials as soon as possible, because these were absolutely essential to the well being of all workingmen. He was extremely pessimistic as to the German workingmen's future, however, saying that the situation in Germany was extremely critical despite the Spartacan defeat, and he feared for the results unless relief came quickly.

There still existed in Germany, M. Branting said, a strong and vigorous reactionary party which had not learned its lesson from the victory of the Allies, and which must be offset by a coalition of the Majority Socialists with the Liberals on the one hand and the conservative Minority Socialists on the other, if Germany was not to revert to her old status.

Bolshevism was referred to by M. Branting in terms of sarcastic condemnation, although he said he spoke with full realization of its dangerous possibilities. He gave as one of his reasons for believing that Germany should be fed and supplied with raw materials that such action would make industry possible and prevent Bolshevism spreading across German territory and placing France, Belgium, Italy, and England in danger of contagion.

M. Branting quite obviously does not look with favor upon the decision of the peace conference to make an opportunity for conferring with the Bolsheviki, whose régime he styled an autocracy quite as distinctly dangerous as that of the former Prussian clique; but he shrugged his shoulders resignedly and said the Allies would see they had made a mistake.

Referring to the American delegates who had failed to get passports for the conference, Mr. Branting criticised the United States Government for its attitude in this respect, but said he understood the wide difference between the American Socialist and the European Social Democrat. He said he believed that there had been a conflict between Samuel Gompers and the leaders of the Berne Conference, but he hoped the Americans would attend the Trades Union Conference, which would probably be held in France simultaneously with the Berne congress.

GENEVA, Jan. 27.—The Swiss authorities have issued stringent regulations regarding the entrance into Switzerland of Socialist delegates to the conference at Berne. Among others, admission has been refused to Friedrich Adler, the Austrian who killed Count Stuergkh, the Austrian Premier, although his passport had been vised.

REDS GET SHENKURSK AND ALLIES' SUPPLIES

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

200 Bolsheviki and driven back fifteen miles.

With the flanks on the east and west threatened, the allied positions at Ust Padenga, which were rapidly becoming untenable owing to the Bolshevist bombardment, became exposed to attacks on both flanks and the Americans and Russians were ordered to withdraw to Sheiosha, fifteen miles south of Shenkursk. This withdrawal was carried out without loss except for several small guns which were abandoned in the snow. The temperature in the last few days has been as low as 20 and 30 degrees below zero.

Want Allied Reinforcements.

The Government officials, particularly in the military branch, are more worried over the present problem of the fate of the American and other forces in the Shenkursk sector than they are interested in the Marmora conference proposal.

Regardless of the possibility of an armistice, the military leaders here consider it absolutely necessary that more troops be sent at once to North Russia, if for no other reason than to protect the allied forces already there from the constantly growing number of Bolsheviki, who have three or four guns to the Allies' one and have yet a great supply inland to draw upon, while the Allies are only meagrely equipped with artillery.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Allied forces on the front south of Archangel, mainly American and Russian troops, have evacuated the town of Shenkursk under Bolshevist pressure and withdrawn to a shorter line north of the town, according to an official statement from the British War Office today on operations in northern Russia.

The Americans and Russians had withdrawn to Shenkursk on Jan. 22 being outflanked by the Bolsheviki, who attacked them on Jan. 22-23 after a bombardment of three days. The official statement reads:

The Bolsheviki have continued their pressure against the Shenkursk front. On Jan. 22 and 23 they launched considerable forces in an attack after having bombarded the positions for three days. Our forces, consisting principally of American and Russian troops, were first withdrawn to the defenses of Shenkursk to avoid being outflanked by superior numbers. Later the town and its defenses were evacuated successfully and a shorter line taken up further to the north.

A Russian Government wireless message received here gives military reports dated Jan. 23 and 24, according to which there has been considerable fighting on the various Russian fronts.

The Red forces have occupied a series of villages about fifteen miles west of Shenkursk and captured, after stubborn fighting, positions at Padenskaya, station, about eighty-five miles south of Shenkursk.

"In the direction of Uryev," the message says, "Red detachments, under pressure of the enemy, retired five versts (three and one-third miles) to the line of Hellernon-Lapenkule, thirty versts southwest of Uryev.

"In the Ufa direction a battle is progressing for the possession of Archangelskoi. Our army and the Turkestan Soviet army have united at Orenburg, where we captured many locomotives, 6,000 wagons, and a huge quantity of military material."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27. — Senator Johnson of California announced today that he would call up and discuss in the Senate Wednesday his resolution calling on this Government to withdraw American troops from Russia. The resolution is now pending before the Foreign Relations Committee, which plans to act Wednesday prior to the convening of the Senate.

FRANCO-RUMANIAN TROOPS REACH KIEV

Enter the Capital of Ukraine After Long Journey Through Bersarabia.

PARIS, Jan. 27, (Havas.)—A dispatch received here from Vienna says Franco-Rumanian troops have entered Kiev, capital of Ukraine.

The first announcement made of the Franco-Rumanian force which has now reached Kiev was on Dec. 31, when a dispatch from Bucharest stated that it was in Bessarabia on the way to Kiev. A fortnight later it reached Skiva, 100 miles south of the Ukraine capital, and was there informed by the Ukraine National Committee that its services would not be required, as the Government had the situation well in hand and the Bolsheviki "amounted to nothing." Since then, on two occasions, Kiev has been reported to be in possession of the Bolsheviki.

The allied force is under the command of General Berthelot, who with the French formed the left of the attacking line in Macedonia in September, crossed the Danube and reached Bucharest by the middle of October. In November the Franco-Rumanian expeditionary force was mobilized at Jassy and at once penetrated Bessarabia.

BRITISH IN BAKU ADVANCE.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 27. — British forces, according to a report received here from Berlin today, have advanced from Baku and occupied the Trans-Caucasian railway.

The report adds that the British also have occupied Petrovsk and Astrakhan, at the mouth of the Volga River.

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Dennis & Chapman, Architects.

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Opening Dinner

HOTEL COMMODORE

Reservations of tables for the opening dinner of the Hotel Commodore this evening may be made by telephoning Vanderbilt 6000. No special invitations to this dinner have been issued; the public is cordially invited to dine at the hotel and view the interior arrangements and decorations. The price of the dinner is fixed at five dollars a plate.

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EX-KAISER AT SIXTY GETS MANY FLOWERS

Masses of Birthday Bouquets from Germany—Reactionaries Send an Address.

BERLIN PRESS IGNORES HIM

Outcry Against Concert Causes Plan to be Dropped—Ex-Ruler May Leave Amerongen.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 26, (via Copenhagen.)—The Berlin newspapers do not mention the ex-Kaiser's sixtieth birthday tomorrow.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is informed that reactionaries circulated an address to the ex-Kaiser for signature, which was forwarded a few days ago.

AMERONGEN, Jan. 26, (Associated Press.)—William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, will awake on his sixtieth birthday tomorrow to find his apartments in Amerongen Castle a bower of flowers sent by many German admirers in Germany and Holland. Since Friday bouquets have been arriving in great quantities from schoolgirls and former supporters in Germany.

At the same time every mail brings piles of letters and telegrams, most of which are of a congratulatory nature. However, there are dozens of caricatures and letters of abuse.

The letters undergo a double censorship. First the Dutch authorities look over them to prevent intrigues. In the second instance a servant of the former Emperor inspects the letters and permits only those communications which he considers will please him to reach the royal exile.

Proposed Concert Abandoned.

Much adverse comment has been heard in Holland regarding the proposed concert which was to have been given Saturday in the castle in the presence of the former Emperor by the Amerongen church choir. It is reported that the concert would be held in honor of the former Emperor's birthday.

The exact facts are as follows: The choir gave a concert in the village church shortly after Christmas which was attended by several members of the former Emperor's suite. Under the patronage of the young Countess von Bentinck, the choir was invited to sing at the castle Saturday evening, the former Emperor knowing nothing about the arrangement. The program, contrary to assertions in the press, was to contain Dutch folk songs, the Dutch national anthem, and psalms and hymns.

The outcry was so great that the concert was abandoned. The former Emperor still knows nothing about it.

The veil which up to this time has hidden William Hohenzollern's daily life from the public has been lifted slightly and shows that he employs his day in the humdrum fashion usual among country gentlemen who do not frequent society.

He rises about 8 o'clock and follows an ordinary routine. His bath, however, is followed by a thorough massage, to which he has been accustomed since his university days. After his bath he has an extremely simple breakfast, sometimes in his own rooms and sometimes with the Bentinck family.

After breakfast he receives reports from the chief of the servants, who lays before him clippings from various newspapers, severely censored, and what remains of the censored mail. A walk in the garden comes next and, in fine weather, wood sawing for the castle fires. Another bath is taken before lunch, which is also a frugal meal.

Writes in the Afternoon.

After lunch the former ruler occasionally takes a short nap, after which he gives himself to writing or dictating to his private secretary, a former officer. Tea is served in the English style at 5 o'clock, and then the exile reads until dinner, at 8 o'clock, after which there is frequently music in the parlor until bedtime.

The former Emperor never wears uniforms nowadays, although many uniforms, including those of all the German guard regiments and several General's outfits were brought across the frontier when he left Germany. He wears civilian clothes made by the local tailor at Zeist.

Those who have not noted the gradual change in his appearance scarcely recognize the elderly civilian with the short, whitish Van Dyke beard and somewhat thinned gray hair, which, however, is still in good condition considering his age.

Enormous quantities of baggage were brought across the frontier when the former Emperor fled, but many of the trunks are still unopened. Little use is made of the silver dinner set for twenty-five covers which was also brought along.

The former Emperor, it is said, is beginning to realize the change in his position with the departure for Germany of many attendants who had been with him for long periods, and to whose presence he had become accustomed.

Bentinck Doubts ex-Ruler Will Go.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 25.—Count von Bentinck, speaking to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent at Amerongen, said that he could not confirm the statement in The London Daily Mail that the ex-Kaiser would soon be obliged, to leave Holland. He did not believe the statement to be true.

The Socialist member Duys's questions in the Dutch Parliament concerning honors to the ex-Kaiser in Holland have doubtless scared the authorities into avoiding the committing of Holland still further in the matter.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—William Hohenzollern has grown very surly and rarely speaks a word to his own servants and guards, according to the Mail's correspondent at Amerongen.

His last recorded remark was made a few days ago, when he said that his time at Amerongen was nearly up," it is stated. His wife, on the other hand, maintains a cheerful disposition and shows an interest in the welfare of the people living near the castle.

The correspondent says:

"The former Emperor is being gradually deserted by every one. He receives practically no visitors."

Buenos Aires German Schools Close.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 27.—Commenting on the birthday of the former German Emperor, one of the afternoon papers here says:

"Though it is impossible to find any one in Europe to celebrate the Kaiser's birthday, there are many here who did. Even the German schools were closed, teaching the children homage to the author of the Lusitania crime. Why must Buenos Aires have this blot upon it?"

POLES CALL FOR DEFENSE.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—According to a Warsaw dispatch received here today by the National Polish Committee, a great meeting has been held in the hall of the Warsaw Philharmonic Society to discuss the question of the defense of the Polish border lands.

Ignace Jan Paderewski, the Polish Premier, was present, as also were American representatives and British and Italian delegates. The Rev. Mr. Ielick, speaking on behalf of the Poles of the United States, conveyed their wishes for the complete success of the Polish cause. He added that the Poles in America had collected 10,000,000 marks for the relief of Poland.

NORTHCLIFFE TO SHIFT NEWSPAPER BURDENS?

Resigns Chairmanship of Associated Newspapers—Seeking Health in Southern France.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Lord Northcliffe, according to The Sunday Evening Telegram, has resigned the Chairmanship of the Associated Newspapers, Limited, the company which publishes The Daily Mail, The Evening News, and The Weekly Dispatch, and is to be succeeded by Thomas Marlowe, editor of The Daily Mail. Lord Northcliffe is in the south of France for the benefit of his health, and in answer to inquiries at The Daily Mail office, the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES was told that no information could be given on the business matters of the concern. Stress was laid upon the word "business," and it is the general opinion in Fleet Street that the change, if it occurs, will have to do with only the business management of the company.

Lord Northcliffe has suffered from recurrent throat trouble for some time, and has been obliged to leave London every now and then for the country or the seashore. When he went to France, Jan. 7, The Daily Mail announced: "His doctors think it will be necessary for him to remain there some months. No correspondence can be forwarded."

It is not believed that Lord Northcliffe, when he returns, will relinquish the active management of the editorial policy of his newspapers. In spite of the large amount of time he has given during the war to public affairs, he was in very close touch with his papers until his departure for France, and it is assumed that, even if he gives up the routine work connected with the business side of his publications, he will still be as prominent a journalistic figure as ever.

PRUSSIAN VOTING ORDERLY.

Women Electioneer in Berlin—Ex-Crown Princess Votes Again.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 26, (via Copenhagen.)—Cold and snow did not prevent patriotic citizens of both sexes in Berlin from forming long queues at the polling places today to cast their votes for delegates to the Prussian State Convention. In the early afternoon these queues dwindled considerably, leaving the impression that the vote did not equal last Sunday's.

Doubtless the Socialists, with their practical working organization, polled a full vote, while the three People's Parties lagged considerably behind, despite the strenuous efforts of their electioneering agents, among whom were many women blowing their hands and stamping their feet while trying to explain the merits of their respective parties to more or less patient voters undergoing similar bodily exercise.

At one polling place there were sixteen nuns, who after a while received precedence with the consent of the rest of the waiting voters. Last Sunday there had been twenty-two from the same convent. The harsh weather, it was explained, had prevented the sickly ones from exercising the franchise this time.

Soldiers in steel helmets guarded only a few polling places on the north side, where the Spartacide element is still predominant. At all other polling places only policemen were on duty.

Police President Richter stated that there had been no trouble anywhere up to 2 P. M., when this dispatch is sent.

It is reported from Potsdam that the ex-Crown Princess appeared at a polling place early in the morning, as on last Sunday, and the waiting voters were asked by a gentleman in civilian clothes if they would grant her precedence, which was given, nobody dissenting. Prince Eitel Fritz also voted early, waiting his turn like other voters.

The Democrats toward noon formed processions, which, with bands playing, and singing patriotic songs, marched to the polling places, encouraging the waiting voters.

The Lokal-Anzeiger, reviewing the national and State campaigns, quotes the following from William T. Stead's "Americanization of the World" about Berlin and Hamburg:

"These two cities are American in their rapid development, American in nervous energy, American in their systems of rapid transit, and, despite the difference in language, Americans feel more at home there than in sedate London or Liverpool." The Lokal-Anzeiger continues:

"There are two kinds of Americanism, one involving great elements of untiring enterprise, manifested in never-ceasing labor, construction and extension. The other may be epitomized as Barnumism, expressing itself in a popular tom-tom of shrill noises and loud colors. Unfortunately we have had more of the latter lately than the former."

FINDS GERMAN ILLUSIONS.

French General Says People Misinterpret American Feeling.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—A French General who has just arrived from Berlin, describing conditions in the German capital in Le Matin, says:

"The German people, believing the war is over, think that their bad times are at an end. They believe that the German army was not beaten, and that, therefore, no war indemnity will be exacted.

"They labor under illusions regarding the feelings of the American people, especially President Wilson. I have seen processions passing the Adlon Hotel cheering the General in command of the American mission in Berlin."

LAMENTS D'ANNUNZIO TALK.

Paris Matin Regrets His Charge of French Support of Jugoslavs.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—"Poets at times are forgetful," is the heading given in Le Matin today to a paragraph expressing regret that Gabriele d'Annunzio, once so freely fêted by Paris, has written an article for an Italian journal in which he accuses France of working hand-in-hand with the Jugoslavs against Italy.

The poet, Le Matin says, has raked history to find arguments to stir up Italy against France, going back to the carrying off of the bronze horses from St. Mark's in Venice by Napoleon.

"D'Annunzio," adds the newspaper, "recently declared he would write no more romances, but he has written one more, which this nation will read and forgive, remembering the poet's previous tributes to France and the splendid rôle he played in inducing Italy to enter the war."

Thrace Welcomes Greek Troops.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 26.—Greek detachments which are replacing Bulgarian troops in Thrace are being received enthusiastically by the Greek population. All able-bodied men were removed to Bulgaria, but the old men, women, and children remain to welcome the Greek soldiers.

REFORM IN TURKEY IMPOSSIBLE, HE SAYS

F. Demetrius Kalopothakis Tells Women That Empire Must Be Dismembered.

SET CONSTANTINOPLE FREE

He Says It Should Be Made a Small Republic, Supervised by the Powers.

Making Constantinople a free city and the dismemberment of Turkey are the keys to the solution of the Turkish problem, said F. Demetrius Kalopothakis of the staff of the American Legation at Athens, in an address yesterday on the Balkan situation before the Women's National Committee of the American Defense Society. Mr. Kalopothakis is on leave from his duties in Greece for his health. He said it was easy to urge the dismemberment of Turkey, but it presented great difficulties. He pointed out that, in spite of the crimes of Turkey, she must be treated justly if a lasting peace were desired.

"Reform is out of the question," he continued. "You can't make a silk purse out of a sow's ear or a civilized government of uncivilized people. There is not a man in Turkey who has the confidence of the people sufficiently to form a Cabinet. The Turkish intellectuals have been the worst of the lot, for they have proved by their actions more sinister and machiavellian than the old Turks. Under the Young Turks massacres were systematized to the last degree."

He said that every Turkish province has a Greek minority, and that to apply self-determination to each province separately would mean a return to the old Turkish misrule of the minority peoples of Turkey.

"Asia Minor has 10,000,000 people, of whom 2,000,000 are Greeks," he continued. "The only way to do justice to the Greeks is the proportionate dismemberment of Asia Minor. If the proportion of Greeks to Turks is 2 to 7, give the Greeks two-ninths of the land and the Turks seven-ninths. But cut it off. Make it separate, so that each nation will have its due share.

"How shall we divide Asia Minor? Constantinople is too important to let one nation have it. It ought to be made a small free State, governed by its citizens under a republican form of government, supervised by the powers. Its hinterland might be composed of the four surrounding provinces, including a population altogether of a million and a half. Under the powers, Constantinople would have a great future. Greece claims Thrace, but if it is thought that Constantinople is too small for a free State Greece is willing to stand back from Thrace in order to allow Constantinople to have it."

The claims of Greece at the peace table embrace northern Epirus, the Dodecanese, Thrace and parts of Asia Minor, according to Mr. Kalopothakis. Italy, he said, has proclaimed of its own accord a protectorate over Albania, desiring to make the Adriatic an Italian lake. He asserted that the population of northern Epirus is Greek in sympathy and desire and not Italian. The claims of Italy in Epirus he called futile and maintained that Italy had deported to an island off Sicily 200 of the most prominent men of Epirus, and had released them but recently on the urgent remonstrance of the Greeks.

"The people on the twelve islands of the Dodecanese have always been Greek. They have always managed their own affairs, although paying a small tribute to the Turks. But no Turkish troops were ever sent to the islands. In her war against Turkey in 1912 Italy seized the islands. The population welcomed the Italians as fellow Christians, but it soon became evident that Italy was interested in remaining there."

As a result of the Italian persecution of the population of 125,000 in the islands, 112,000 of whom were Greeks, he said, the Greek population has dwindled to 45,000. Of the refugees, 5,000 are living on the dole of the Greek Government, said Mr. Kalopothakis, while many moved to the United States and 10,000 died from lack of food. "These deaths were caused by the absolute refusal of Italy to allow the rich Dudecanesians in France and Egypt to send remittance and food to their relatives, so that all communication with the outside world was cut off."

Mr. Kalopothakis predicted that if Italy defeated the just claims of the Greeks and the Italians always did so, sowing a plentiful harvest of hatred to be reaped in the future. "If the Balkan league is formed after peace is signed it will mean something to Italy to be opposed by a confederacy of from 30,000,000 to 40,000,000," said the speaker. "Italy will then be confronted by a serious enemy. I do not think war will come, but there may be an economic boycott which will prove unpleasant to Italy."

Regarding Greek claims in Thrace, Mr. Kalopothakis announced that Premier Venizelos was prepared to place all Greek ports at the disposal of the other Balkan States whenever they required them. This was in answer to the accusation of the Bulgarians that the Greeks desired to take away from them their Thracian outlet to the Mediterranean.

RESENTED FOCH'S DISTRUST

Winterfeldt Objected to Extension of Strasbourg Bridgehead.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 27.—General von Winterfeldt in announcing his resignation from the Armistice Commission, according to an official German announcement, said that Marshal Foch's demand for an extension of the bridgehead six miles east of Strasbourg constituted distrust of the commission's labors.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Accounts received here say the resignation of General D. von Winterfeldt as a member of the Armistice Commission was handed in because, the General said, his dignity and that of his country had been offended. The Paris newspapers characterize the resignation as part of a plan for a reactionary campaign. They say that the German wireless service gives an "extremely insidious" account of the incident, indicating that the Berlin Government feels itself strengthened since the election and the crushing of the Spartacides and again feels free to use haughty language.

The approval of General Winterfeldt's action expressed by the Berlin press is indicated as another symptom of the revival of the German imperialistic spirit. This may be found in some degree in everything coming out of Germany, the Paris newspapers contend. They refer to the recent declaration of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the Foreign Secretary, similar in tone to that of Winterfeldt. Germany, it is added, is endeavoring to emphasize the slightest sign of discord amon the Allies, for instance as regards the League of Nations, and attempts to represent President Wilson and Premier Clemenceau as opposing each other.

All the newspapers hold that the Allies will have to watch closely the efforts of conquered Germany to rise again, one declaring: "The recently humble are again ready to become arrogant."

The Echo de Paris says that the German Government does not intend to take part at the Peace Conference as a conquered nation, but as a veritable power, and that it is with this purpose that the German Government, realising itself strongly supported at home, is preparing itself for representation at the Paris conference.

PORTUGUESE ROYALISTS HOLD TWO PROVINCES

Government at Lisbon Assembling Large Bodies of Troops to Fight the Revolutionists.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Portuguese Royalists are completely in control of the Provinces of Minho and Tras Os Montes, (in northern Portugal,) according to a wireless dispatch from Madrid to the Journal des Débats. Advices to the same newspaper say that it is reported the Republican troops which were defeated by the Monarchists at Coimbra are about to go over to the cause of the monarchy.

LISBON, Jan. 26.—The Government is assembling large bodies of troops to put down the Royalist rebellion at Oporto, says an official statement issued today in which the Republican victory over the rebellious Lisbon troops at Monsanto Hill, near the capital, is described. The statement says:

A certain number of units belonging to the Lisbon garrison declared in favor of the Oporto Royalist rebels on Jan. 23. They left their barracks and took up positions in the mountains of Monsanto above Lisbon. Their forces were composed of one regiment of cavalry and three batteries of field artillery.

The Government immediately ordered faithful troops to surround the position and opened lists for the enrollment of civilian battalions under the command of army officers. In a few hours more than 9,000 enrolled. The rebels were surrounded and promptly defeated. Their guns were captured and what remained of their cavalry fled in disorder, closely pursued by the Republican troops.

The news of the victory aroused great enthusiasm in Lisbon, Ayres de Ornelles, the chief official representative of King Manuel, was with the rebel troops. (A Lisbon dispatch yesterday reported that Ornellas had been killed in the Monsanto Hill fighting.)

The Government is concentrating large bodies of troops with the object of suppressing the Oporto rebellion.

DISPERSING BRITISH FLEET.

Archibald Hurd, Naval Critic, Urges Cruises to Distant Dominions.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The British Grand Fleet is being dispersed. Admiral Sir David Beatty, its commander, made this announcement Saturday on receiving the freedom of the City of Edinburgh.

Archibald Hurd, the naval critic, in an article discussing the effects of the dispersal of the Grand Fleet, says that a considerable portion must be placed on a peace footing at once under the "nucleus crew system." He says that with the removal of the "target" in northern waters a strong force must be retained in the Channel and an adequate one in the Mediterranean; the navy must also be employed in a large measure in the distant seas.

The British flag, Mr. Hurd says, must again be seen flying from warships in Canadian waters, the Pacific, Chinese waters, the Indian Ocean, and the Persian Gulf. Whatever the Admiralty's plans may be, he adds, they must fit in with those of the Dominions, which certainly desire to bear a larger share in the naval defense of the empire.

Opportunity is now offered, the article says, for creating something in the nature of an imperial naval force. Mr. Hurd suggests an imperial squadron of vessels of the type of the Queen-Elizabeth for oceangoing work, with each section of the empire contributing officers, men, and vessels to reinforce this squadron. The Dominions would provide local mobile defense forces.

OUR OCCUPATION QUOTA SET

War Council's Decisions Won't Affect Plans for Troops' Return.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The committee appointed by the Supreme Council to consider how many allied and American troops shall be kept on the western front held a meeting today and received reports from experts concerning the situation on the Rhine and in Germany.

Progress, it is reported, was made in clearing up the situation, but much remains to be done before the committee is in a position to make a final recommendation to the Supreme Council concerning the number of soldiers of each nationality required for garrison purposes in Germany and the maintenance of the frontier against any possible contingency.

The determination of the American War Department to return the American troops now in Europe to their homes will not be affected by any decisions reached by the committee. There will be no departure from the plan arranged for the return of troops, allowance having been made in advance for the retention in Germany and Russia of all American soldiers regarded as forming a fair quota for the United States.

34 MURDERS LAID TO OUR MEN IN PARIS

Matin Also Charges Soldiers with Committing Numerous Assaults in December.

MANY DESERTERS SEIZED

Washington Thinks Reports Are Exaggerated—Baker Has Had None from Pershing.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Thirty-four murders, 220 day and night assaults, and nearly 500 serious fights due to American soldiers occurred in the Department of the Seine during the month of December, says the Matin today, reverting to the subject of the reorganization of the American police in Paris. The reinforcement of the police contingent had been demanded by Brig. Gen. William W. Harts, the newspaper asserts, and with the new organization effected police operations have been carried out on a wholesale scale, especially in the Montmarte section, resulting in the arrest of many American deserters.

The American police in Paris had previously been chiefly recruited, the Matin points out, among American officers and men who had been wounded. Their main duty was to give information to American soldiers in the streets and to regulate trifling offenses and carry out night patrols. The majority of the members of this force, however, were not capable of dealing with serious crimes, adds the newspaper, which cites the December statistics as proving the inefficiency of such policing.

Another of the Paris newspapers, the Intransigeant, welcomes the reinforcement of the American police service in days when, it says, attacks by armed men were becoming overcommon and jewelry stores were being robbed in full daylight in the main streets. "For it must be said," says the Intransigeant, "and our friends of the United States deplore the fact like ourselves, that the audacity of some of their 'bad lot' has grown marvelously since the armistice."

The Intransigeant adds that the bar of Maxim's has been closed to officers, American, French and others, because, according to the Prefecture of Police, of violations against the liquor-selling regulations and not "owing to widely rumored incidents." These rumors, the newspaper adds, were to the effect that a fight occurred in the bar, in which American officers took part, some of the reports having it that one of the participants was killed, another that a French officer had been killed, while still another version was that two Americans had been killed.

The recent theft of an automobile, added to a long list of such thefts, is attributed by the Intransigeant to two Americans who are making a specialty of this kind of crime, driving an automobile of their own and taking in tow any car whose owner has left it alone with the ignition cut out, the gasoline tank closed, and the magneto isolated.

Amazed by Reports from Paris.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Official information will be sought by the War Department concerning reports in Paris newspapers that American soldiers have been involved in a crime wave. Secretary Baker said today that the situation pictured in the papers "seemed incredible," and that official reports from France made no mention of the matter.

The American Expeditionary Force has maintained in Paris since American troops began to appear in that city no leave or otherwise a provost guard of military police to aid the French police in handling incidents in which American troops were involved. The same practice is followed wherever there are many soldiers in any community in the United States or elsewhere.

It was said at the Department that disturbances of a minor character were to be expected where many men, freed for the moment from close military restraint, were involved; but since the figures given by the French papers indicated a most serious situation a detailed report probably would be asked of Gen. Pershing, both as to the extent to which the men of his command had been proven to be involved and as to the steps taken to check the tendency to cast aside military discipline.

Officers here said that if the situation was in fact as grave as the Paris papers indicated, undoubtedly the American officials in Paris were fully advised and had already exercised measures to correct it. The officers were inclined to believe, however, that some of the figures given by the Paris papers were based only on suspicions that Americans were involved.

LONDON-BUENOS AIRES AIRSHIP TRIP PLANNED

Sir Woodman Burbidge Expects to be Passenger on a Six-Day Journey.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Sir Woodman Burbidge announces that he has booked passage from London to Buenos Aires aboard the airship which it is proposed shall undertake the trip next August. He says the preparations are being made by the Vickers interests, and it is expected that the voyage will not take more than six days.

Sir Woodman is going to Buenos Aires on business, and considers that the saving of fourteen days on the journey will be worth the increase in fare, which he understands will be between $2,000 and $2,500 for one way. He will take his wife with him, and he believes that there will be other women passengers. The total number of passengers, he says, will be about fifteen.

"As at present arranged there will be two stopping places—one in Spain and one in Brazil.

FRENCH STILL BUYING BONDS

National Defense Short-Term Issues Maintain Their Popularity.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—The French people continue to subscribe for the National Defense short-term bonds. In the first fortnight in January subscriptions totaled 1,123,000,000 francs, compared to an average of 1,200,000,000 fortnightly during the last three months.

It is announced that 37 per cent. of the total number of subscribers are buying bonds for a year instead of for shorter terms, the increase being due to the fact that the interest rate on the bonds has been decreased. Heretofore all but 11 per cent. of the subscribers have bought bonds for shorter periods.

SOFIA HONORS D. I. MURPHY.

Street There Named for American Consul General to Bulgaria.

ATHENS, Jan. 22.—The Municipal Council of Sofia has decided to name a street in that city after Dominic I. Murphy, the American Consul General to Bulgaria.

When Mr. Murphy left Sofia for Saloniki several days ago, the Bulgarian Parliament passed a resolution thanking him for his work in Sofia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Dominic I. Murphy, American Consul General at Sofia, is at Saloniki recovering from an attack of pneumonia. A report to the State Department says he is improving rapidly.

STATE-INSURED CONTRACTS.

Commissioner Duffey Suggests Plan to Help Highway Construction.

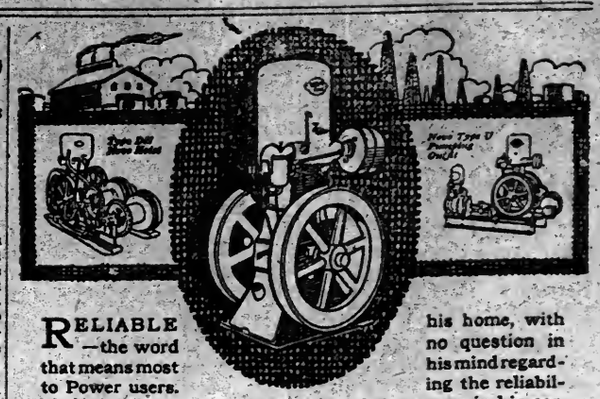
ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Discontinuance of the practice of having contracts for the Department of Highways guaranteed by security companies, and development of a plan whereby the State could insure its own contracts, are suggested by Highway Commissioner Edwin Duffey in his annual report, submitted to the Legislature tonight.

The Commissioner told of a practice which had grown up, under which contractors without prior experience and sometimes without financial resources were provided by a surety company with a certified check necessary to bid. If such a contractor proved to be the low bidder he received the contract and the surety company wrote his bond.

Several contractors, most of whom had obtained contracts with the aid of the surety companies, abandoned their work when war conditions raised the price of labor and materials. Others continued the work, but in an unsatisfactory manner. In some cases surety companies obtained injunctions restraining the department from compelling the completion of contracts on the ground of impossibility of procuring labor and materials.

"It would seem," the report says, "that a plan could be evolved by which the State could insure its own contracts and thus receive the protection for which payment is made."

The report states that in 1915, the last year when normal conditions prevailed, contracts were awarded for the improvement of 1,073 miles of highways at a cost of $11,790,000. At the present price of labor and materials little more than half that mileage could be completed for the same money.



RELIABLE—the word that means most to Power users.

A New York contractor questioned the reliability of gasoline or kerosene engines for big jobs with many men employed and unfailing power demanded. Then he jumped into his automobile and motored twenty miles to his home, with no question in his mind regarding the reliability of the power in his car.

Novo Power will meet your requirements for pumping, hoisting, air compressing, mixing, sawing, etc., just as reliably and much more economically than steam or electricity.

NOVO ENGINE CO.
Clarence E. Bement, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
Factory and Main Office, Lansing, Michigan
New York Office: 1617 Woolworth Building. Telephone, Barclay 8458.

NOVO RELIABLE POWER

Foreign Selling Rights Open for a Patented Tobacco Stripping Machine

THE most successful labor and tobacco saving device of its type used in the manufacture of cigars is now available for exploitation in foreign fields. This is not a new machine. Its value has been thoroughly demonstrated over a period of years. Today there are about 4,000 of these machines in use in about 1,000 cigar factories in the United States, Canada and also in these countries, which are among those open for representation: Algeria, South Africa, Brazil, Denmark, France, Germany, Mexico, Porto Rico, Spain and Holland. This machine is as logically adapted to the small cigar manufacturer as it is to the large. Its advantages and economies are too numerous to be enumerated here, but every cigar manufacturer discerns them at a glance. It sells "on results" wherever shown.

This Is the Proposition

I am personally interested in this machine. I have sold hundreds myself to cigar manufacturers and I can endorse it unconditionally as a distinctly live-selling proposition in any country where cigars are manufactured. The selling rights to this machine can be secured for foreign countries in any of the three following ways (1) By individual representation—a liberal commission will be allowed. (2) On a Royalty basis. (3) Patent rights can be purchased outright for development in foreign countries.

This Territory Is Open

There's a ready market for this machine right now in South America, Central America, Great Britain, Spain, Japan, India, West Indies, Russia, Switzerland, Sweden, Austria, Belgium, Italy, Germany, Denmark, Hungary, Argentine, Cuba, Mexico, Porto Rico, Norway and other places. Therefore, it behooves interested parties to act quickly. Preference will be given to those now connected or identified with the Tobacco Industry. Please write as to territory desired and your qualifications for selling in same. Address—G. C. Sherman.

SHERMAN & BRYAN
Incorporated
ADVERTISING
79 Fifth Avenue
New York

BRITISH STRIKES SPREADING FAST

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

embraces ten trades unions and a membership of over 1,000,000, in a statement given to The Daily Chronicle says:

"The public generally will be making a big mistake if it regards the events of the last few weeks as an indication of the real state of mind of the general body of workpeople. Most of the outbreaks at the present moment are being engineered by irresponsible young men in factories, who have been fitten with certain ideas which are floating around.

"When those who have been misled into taking strong action in certain industries discover the real facts underlying this agitation they will give short shrift to the men who led them astray. The general body of working men and women, so long as they can be assured that there will be no reversion to anything like the wages, hours, and conditions of labor that prevailed in pre-war times, will be satisfied if the employers consent to concede fair terms."

Want Six-Hour Day on Railroads.

In England there are threats of a national railway strike on Feb. 9. Delegates from district councils of the National Union of Railway Men from all parts of the kingdom met in London today and issued a statement that "If the Government desires to prevent a national stoppage of railways on Feb. 9 it is up to them to negotiate with the railway men's Executive Committee."

The delegates accuse the Prime Minister of displaying apathy in not dealing with the national program as submitted to him by the railway men's Executive Committee. An earlier statement issued by the railway men's delegates said that the conference had decided to support the proposals for a six-hour day. This means a demand that the eight-hour day, which comes into operation on Feb. 1, shall include mealtime allowance with pay.

The threatened strike of London and provincial policemen has been avoided by a promise of an inquiry into the dismissals complained of.

The Sheffield engineers and allied workers have decided to demand a forty-hour week and to take "drastic action" if it is not conceded. They have given the forty-seven-hour system a month's trial and have condemned it.

Bakers Also Threaten Strike.

A dispute which will cause great inconvenience if it matures into a strike is that between the bakers and their employers. The men are asking for the abolition of night baking.

During the war, owing to the order of the food controller that no bread under twelve hours old should be sold, no bread was baked at night. As there is no longer any necessity for this method of economizing in the use of wheat, the employers decided to start night baking again, but the men refused to accede to this plan.

STRIKE AT BANKS THREATENS BERLIN

Ultimatum Sent to One Institution May Lead to Stopping Work at All.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 26, (via Copenhagen.)—Berlin is again threatened by a strike, that of bank officials, who may decide to lay down their goosequills next Thursday in order to help the employes of the Mitteldeutsche Kreditbank to gain higher wages and other compensation, to which end they have submitted an ultimatum to the Director of that institution.

The ultimatum having been sent late last night by mail, the management had not received it today, and was unwilling to believe that the employes had taken such a course. The management declared, after negotiating with the employes for nearly a week, that it believed it had convinced them of its willingness to meet the demands as far as possible, and had conceded many increases in salaries and other extra compensations, but that the bank's financial condition did not permit the granting of certain "absolutely revolutionary demands."

The bank had also pledged to abstain from any arbitrary dismissals of employes, even such as had become superfluous since the old officials returned from the war. Nevertheless, the General Association of German Bank Clerks states that if the demands of the Kreditbank's employes are not granted all the other banks in Berlin, and perhaps in many other large cities, may be affected.

120,000 IDLE IN VIENNA.

Food from British Army in Italy Arriving for City's Relief.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 24, (via Geneva Jan. 25.)—The number of unemployed is growing daily in Vienna and Budapest, causing serious apprehensions, owing to the enormous disbursements necessitated.

The Vienna unemployed held a mass meeting with violent outpourings against the Government, demanding a support of 15 crowns daily.

The number of unemployed at present is 120,000 in Vienna.

VIENNA, Jan. 25, (Associated Press.)—A second trainload of foodstuffs from the British army in Italy left Vincenza today, and is expected to reach here on Wednesday next.

The plans for the distribution of the first trainload, which arrived recently, have now been completed, and the work has already been begun under the supervision of Major Bathell, Chief of the British Military Mission. As foodstuffs are still commanding fabulous prices in Vienna special precautions have been taken to prevent them falling into the hands of profiteers.

The greater part of the provisions sent will be distributed free among the poorest of the city's population. In addition, the military mission is continuing to furnish weekly rations for the 600 British residents here.

Arrangements have now been completed with Italy for the regular shipment of foodstuffs to Vienna. It is hoped that a trainload will arrive almost daily and that similar arrangements can be made with Switzerland, so that before long Vienna's food situation may be materially relieved.

Max Schling Flowers

"Say It With Flowers"

Flowers are a formal gift—sometimes.
An intimate gift—at other times.
A personal gift—at all times.

Max Schling, Inc.
785 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.
'Phone Plaza 7341.

WANTED—A SALESMAN.

A growing wire manufacturing concern wishes the services of a man who has the confidence in his ability to earn a big salary as general salesman, capable of gaining entree to big men, who is willing to travel part time. We will start such a man at a good salary and advance his compensation as the value of his services becomes apparent. Write fully, age, present position and salary, and business experience.
Y 291 TIMES ANNEX.

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

No payment accepted unless successful

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

Frederic N. Whitley, Inc.
Engineers and Contractors
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn

What Mrs. W. Did

"Switzerland was a notable victory," says George Creel, "and the credit must go to Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, in charge from bitter first to happy last.

"We knew that she was doing well by our study of the Swiss papers. We knew that she was winning, when the German press commenced to attack her with hysterical bitterness."

"She has changed the whole attitude," declared the Swiss journalists. "She has reached the heart and mind of Switzerland in a manner never even approached by the agent of any other country."

Read this amazing news story, "America's Fight for World Opinion," by George Creel in the February *Everybody's* now on sale.

Everybody's MAGAZINE

HOW TO TURN SAD-FACED CHILDREN INTO HAPPY BOYS AND GIRLS

THE New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children seeks out children who are under the influence of cruel and unworthy guardians. The Society removes such boys and girls from their environment into a healthier, happier one. It turns sad-faced little boys and girls, burdened with care and sorrow, into laughing, bright, happy children.

The European War has brought greatly increased activities to the Society, and its available funds are strained to the utmost. To continue the splendid work which has been carried on for more than forty-three years it is in need of contributions at once. All who love children and have in their hearts a desire to help relieve boys and girls who are in distress should contribute to the Society's work.

Make checks payable to Alvin W. Krech, Treasurer,

THE NEW YORK SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN
297 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

THE right paint applied right can't go wrong. We sell paint that is *all right* and tell how to use it.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PRODUCTS

Thirty-second Street Opposite Gimbels

Your digestion will detect a badly mixed cocktail if your palate doesn't. Serve

Club Cocktails

Large Out-of-town Manufacturing Corporation Wants

Young Man, First-Class COMPETENT ACCOUNTANT

Must be experienced in cost accounting and practical office routine. State references, age, salary. Y 247 Times Annex.

England Eager for Resumption.

C. H. Duncan, economic expert of the American Shipping Mission in London, describes some of the business conditions and readjustment problems in England, in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company. On news stands, 10 cents—$4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

MORRIS MAKES PLEA FOR A 'SQUARE DEAL'

Packer Cautions Congress Against Adopting Recommendations of Commission.

ACCUSES LIVE STOCK MEN

Charges That Market Committee of the National Association Was Behind Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Edward Morris, 25 years old, President of Morris & Co., the third of the "Big Five" meat packers to be heard by the House Interstate Commerce Committee, considering a bill for Government ownership of refrigerator cars and control of stock markets, pleaded today for what he called a "square deal" for the packers.

Mr. Morris, like his predecessors before the committee, read a long statement in which he carefully reviewed the situation from the point of view of the packers. He asserted that the inquiry of the Federal Trade Commission had been one-sided and that, in his opinion, it was undertaken in a biased spirit. During cross-examination he showed himself well versed in the practical end of the business and acquitted himself so well that he excited the admiration of several members of the committee.

After reviewing the method of the inquiry by the Federal Trade Commission, the witness said:

"The report of any branch of our Government should be entitled to the respect and confidence of all the people. I want to say with all the force at my command that sufficient evidence has developed as to the methods of the Federal Trade Commission in connection with its investigation of the packers to make it highly inadvisable to base any legislation upon any recommendation of that commission.

"It is not merely a matter of fairness to the packers. This is no time for public interest. This is no time for bolshevism' in this country, and I insist that no showing whatever has been made that would justify any puntitive legislation against the packers."

Suggests Another Inquiry.

Mr. Morris charged that the Market Committee of the National Live Stock Association was behind the commission's investigation, and declared that the committee sought higher prices for live stock, which necessarily would mean higher prices to the consumer.

Declaring that he had been informed that the Market Committee received $150,000 annually from the association, Mr. Morris suggested that it might be well for Congress or the Trade Commission to investigate the uses to which that money was put. The witness said he did not mean to intimate that this fund was used for "any improper purpose," but that "its size would make it rather dangerous if it should happen to get into any improper channel."

Mr. Morris said that if the Federal Trade Commission had found that the packers had raised "such a sum or one-twentieth of it for the purpose of raising the price of the articles they sell" they would have been denounced as profiteers. He added that he had heard no criticism of the Market Committee fund, but said this possibly was due to the fact that "the public is not aware of it."

Taking up the Federal Trade Commission's charges in detail, Mr. Morris said that the proof that there was no combination among the packers to control prices of livestock was given by the fact that prices had more than doubled in four years. He quoted from independent packers' testimony before Congressional committees to show that these firms were not oppressed by the large packers and declared that the profits of his company in the fiscal year ended Nov. 3, 1918, on the total capital invested, including borrowed money, was only 7.24 per cent.

Turning to the bill before the committee, the witness gave a list of reasons why he had opposed its enactment. He told the committee that the experiment in Government operation of the railroads has not been so overwhelmingly successful as to justify the belief that great benefit to the community would result from the legislation which would take from the packers all accessories of their business, "leaving them only the simple killing of meat and its preparation for the market."

Says Packers Helped to Win War.

"There has been no fair and intelligent investigation of either the production of raw materials or the sale of the finished product," said Mr. Morris, "that could be the basis for big, broad, constructive legislation. Consequently, there should be no disposition to pass some law simply to have it said that the packers had been legislated against."

Mr. Morris said that "the war would not now be over if it had not been for the five big Chicago packers."

"This," he said, "was one of the big industries that stood up and delivered the goods in the stress of storm. It never faltered and it never wavered, and it never asked or received one cent of assistance from the Government. Be it said to the eternal credit of the packers that they made a smaller percentage of profit during the war period than the Food Administration authorized and approved. In the case of Morris & Co. the war profits were scarcely more than one-half of what the Food Administration approved. This alone gives the lie to the charge of profiteering and should forever silence the charge of monopoly and illegal combination."

In reviewing the history the Morris Company, the witness said that his grandfather, Nelson Morris, entered the business at the Chicago yards on a capital of 50 cents, and when he died was the largest cattle feeder in the United States.

"And you are now President of this big firm, at the age of 25 years?" he was asked.

"I am and I devote myself entirely to it, and have for a number of years," he replied.

"What is your salary?"

"I receive $75,000 a year."

J. Ogden Armour, President of Armour & Co., testified that his salary was $25,000 a year and J. Lowis Swift said that he was paid $50,000 a year as President of Swift & Co.

L. D. H. Weld, manager of the Commercial Research Department of Swift & Co., denounced the methods employed by the Federal Trade Commission in its recent inquiry. He said that the commission had made an improper use of correspondence and placed a sinister motive on the correspondence. The commission, he said, failed to give data which would have explained the correspondence made public in its report.

"The proposed bill for the regulation of the packers," he said, "is based on the erroneous theory that there is a combination among the five large packers to depress livestock prices and to raise meat prices. The Federal Trade Commission has failed to prove that the packers have any such combination, because no such combination exists. The case presented is based primarily on the fact that the percentage of receipts taken by each packer at the various markets remains very nearly consistent from year to year."

Western Man Denies Charges.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 27.—T. W. Tomlinson, Secretary of the American National Livestock Association and also Secretary and Treasurer of the Market Committee of that association, in answer to the charge made by Edward Morris, the packer, before a Congressional committee, that the association annually raises $150,000 for a propaganda against the packing industry, issued the following statement today:

"The Market Committee of the American National Livestock Association was created at the El Paso convention in January, 1916, and since that time it has had entire charge of all the work done by this association and all the money expended relative to the investigation of the meat industry by the Federal Trade Commission and the legislation now being considered by Congress. According to vouchers on file, the Market Committee spent during the past three years the following:

"During 1916, $21,021.03; 1917, $12,067.54, and during 1918, $13,066.66—a total of $47,255.23. These expenditures were mostly for printing pamphlets and statements outlining our position on the control by the packers of marketing facilities, stock yards and other instrumentalities, &c., for attorney fees, expenses of committees, clerical help, and office expenses.

"During the entire three years of its existence the Market Committee has spent less than one-third of the amount Mr. Edward Morris claimed was raised and spent annually."

ARMOUR TO OFFER A PLAN.

Says He Is Drafting Legislation for Regulation of the Industry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—J. Ogden Armour, President of Armour & Co., told the Senate Agricultural Committee tonight at the conclusion of his testimony that he and his counsel were drafting legislation for the regulation of the meat packing industry which he expected to submit as a substitute for similar bills now before Congress.

Mr. Armour reiterated that his opposition to control by the Government or the railroads of refrigerator and live-stock cars and stockyards was predicated solely on his fear that they could not be operated as efficiently as they now are. He said he believed private ownership of branch houses was absolutely necessary, but declared Government-operated branches for the small packers would not be opposed by the large companies.

Francis J. Heney, who cross-examined Mr. Armour, introduced unsigned memoranda which, he said, recorded conferences at which it was agreed that expenses of a $1,500,000 publicity campaign, involving newspaper advertisements in every city above 25,000, were to be borne pro rata by the five big packers, to "educate the public," through dailies, weeklies, and monthlies. The advertisements were to be signed individually by the packers "to prevent any appearance of collusion," according to the memoranda, and all papers were to be used to prevent criticism by publications not receiving advertising.

The witness was asked about a dinner he gave to editors of farm magazines in Chicago.

"Was this part of your educational campaign," asked Mr. Heney.

"Well, if you wish to put it that way," was the reply.

BANKERS CONSIDER NEXT LIBERTY LOAN

Committee Takes Up Features to be Suggested to the Treasury Department.

MANY IDEAS ARE OFFERED

Country Bankers Anxious to Learn Terms and Amounts They Will Be Asked to Take.

The general Liberty Loan Committee in this district met again yesterday and discussed the suggestions which will be offered to Secretary of the Treasury Carter Glass in regard to the terms upon which the Liberty Victory Loan will be offered for subscription in this country in the Spring. The meeting was attended by representative bankers and bond men, and while the broad subject of floating the final $5,000,000,000 or $6,000,000,000 loan was gone over it was stated after the meeting that no agreement had been reached regarding its interest rate, tax exemptions, convertibility, or maturity. Other meetings probably will be held this week, and it is hoped that a definite understanding on the terms of the forthcoming issue will be reached in the next two or three weeks.

Bankers and bond specialists in discussing these conferences were careful to emphasize that the rates they agree upon finally will of course be subject to the approval of the Treasury Department, and that they will be offered to that department only as suggestions. Nevertheless, it has been pointed out among the more conservative bankers that it is high time for the local Loan Committee to begin its deliberations, which are expected to extend over a considerable period.

The uncertainty over the terms upon which the fifth loan would be offered was noticed first about a week or ten days ago. This uneasiness was indicated by out-of-town institutions in widely separated parts of the country, and is reported to have been increasing in volume up to the present time. The country bankers, in some instances, have asked their metropolitan correspondents for definite advices on the terms now being considered, and there have been occasional requests for estimates of the amounts of bonds that the smaller institutions would be asked to absorb.

Partly as the result of this inquiry and partly because of the somewhat unsettling effect of Secretary Glass's recent speech in this city, in which he gave it as his opinion that patriotism would play an important part in the placing of the new loan, in spite of the fact that the war was over, the first meeting of the local Liberty Loan Committee was held last week, and the meeting yesterday indicated that the bankers who will have the successful distribution of the new bonds in the Second Federal Reserve District on their shoulders do not intend to let the matter follow its own course.

There have been many suggestions made by different men in the financial district as to just what kind of a loan would go well next April, and it was learned in authoritative quarters yesterday that the local committee is not lacking ideas. To the contrary, it was asserted that apparently every banker and bond man in Wall Street had his own individual idea about what the terms of the new offering should be and what recommendations should be made to the Treasury Department by the committee. It is also admitted that in connection with the forthcoming issue of Liberty bonds more negative points will be brought up than with any of the issues which have been previously offered.

There are those who would prefer to see a bond with a comparatively low interest rate running for five years and non-convertible but tax-exempt, than an issue of higher interest, taxable, and carrying a conversion privilege. Any number of combinations of the different terms and proposed privileges have been offered and it is the business of the local Liberty Loan Committee to choose the most practical and most feasible of all of them. The bankers who make up the local committee realize that they have a hard job ahead of them, and do not hesitate to point out that one of the more complex of their immediate problems is that of proposing terms for the new issue that will take into consideration the effect of a $5,000,000,000 or $6,000,000,000 flotation of bonds on other security values.

While there is a wide difference of opinion among bankers and bond men, and even among the members of the Liberty Loan Committee, on all of the terms of the new Government offering it has been quite generally agreed that the new Liberty Bonds should be of comparatively early maturity and that the interest rate should not be increased so that it would overstep the actual credit position of the United States.

SENATORS VOTE FOR PROHIBITION

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

sequent fight, while yours is being carried on only to add to the gayety of nations. It doesn't really matter what you people up here do, you're going dry whether you like it or not. Down in Louisiana the representatives of the liquor traffic told me that if they could beat the amendment in that State they could beat it in the nation, and if they could not, they believed the national fight was lost.

"They proved to be true prophets, for they lost in Louisiana, and they lost in the nation. A large proportion of our people are Spanish and French. We had to fight the national ideas of those people, and then the religious question was injected into the fight. It did not work. Louisiana French and Spanish and Louisiana Catholics voted for prohibition. Every man answered the question according to his own conscience and from the standpoint of whether it was right or whether it was wrong."

Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League, with headquarters in Washington, referred to the revelations made by A. Mitchell Palmer, Enemy Property Custodian, as to the money spent by the brewers to control newspapers and influence elections, and said that in view of the investigation of the Senate Judiciary Committee it was a miracle that the amendment was either passed by Congress or ratified by the States.

That investigation revealed," continued Mr. Wheeler, "the methods used by the liquor interests to control this country. The foundation of their system was a survey made of the States by a camouflage organization called the Association of Commerce and Labor. Every leader in politics and business was listed and every fact ascertained that would disclose how he could be reached and controlled. The purpose was to use this when a crisis was on to control such persons to protect the liquor traffic.

"If a business man opposed them he was at once put on the blacklist for a boycott. Here are some of the firms blacklisted: Heinz, the pickle king, because he was President of a Sunday School Association which declared for temperance; John Wanamaker, because he encouraged individual temperance among his employes; the Delaware-Lackawanna Railroad, because it enforced rigid rules against drinking by its employes. The record even shows that they blacklisted the Blackstone Hotel in Chicago because it refused to keep open its bar on Sunday in violation of the law as other liquor dealers were doing."

William H. Anderson, New York State Superintendent of the league, was another speaker and made a bitter attack on Cardinal Gibbons for the latter's opposition to the ratification of the amendment, and more especially because, Mr. Anderson said, the Cardinal had gone out of his way to prevent the ratification in this State.

"We had intended," Mr. Anderson said, "to pass over the attitude of Cardinal Gibbons in silence, but this reiteration of untruthful statements, calculated to raise a sectarian issue, seems to require that we now say that the same dishonest and untruthful statements were widely circulated in New York during the recent campaign, as a sort of religious smoke screen, behind which to mask a Catholic drive for the election of a Catholic Governor of New York.

"If Cardinal Gibbons desires to oppose prohibition because many of the largest and wealthiest distillers of Maryland are members of and liberal contributors to his church, and because most of the saloonkeepers, who belong to any church are Catholics in good standing, or if he wishes to oppose prohibition for any other reason, he has a perfect right to do so, as an American citizen. But he has no right to do it in words which have no basis in fact, but which are calculated to arouse religious hatred and class prejudice. When a high dignitary of a conservative church resorts to incendiary utterances, which impliedly invite lawlessness and suggest that it can be blamed upon prohibition, just so far he becomes an obstacle to law and order and an enemy to the American Republic.

"This is no attack on the Catholic Church. I am glad that we know that Cardinal Gibbons does not represent the entire Catholic Church on this question any more than some Protestant preacher represents Protestant Christianity on this question. I am glad that a large and increasing element of the Catholic Church, especially among the younger clergy, is standing for prohibition in the West and Middle West, and I think Governor Sanders is in a position to tell you this morning that the same thing is true in the South."

Doctors Attack Ratification.

At a meeting of the Medical Society of the County of New York held last night in the Academy of Medicine, 17 West Forty-third Street, Dr. John P. Davin introduced and Dr. William S. Gotthelf seconded the following resolution:

That the Medical Society of the County of New York opposes the ratification by the Legislature of New York of the measure now before it for national prohibition, as irrational, unscientific, and in opposition to the accepted usage of all civilized nations elsewhere throughout the world, and as putting upon the medical profession the burden of prescribing and dispensing alcoholic beverages of proven and therapeutic worth, while allowing the unlimited sale to the public of patent, proprietary, and quack medicines containing alcohol in varying amount without control or hindrance by the officers of the State.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Public Health, to be reported for action at the regular meeting of the society on Feb. 24.

In a severe attack upon the prohibition amendment and its framers, published yesterday in The Mentor, the parish paper of the Catholic Church of the Nativity, at Madison Street and Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, the rector, the Rev. John L. Belford, declared that no one should have the least scruple about evading, breaking or defying so "iniquitous" a law.

"It is the worst invasion of personal liberty the world has ever seen," said Father Belford. "It is not the will of the American people. It is the will of a small minority of narrow-minded bigots who have availed themselves of a weak spot in the Constitution and forced upon the majority a law which is as iniquitous as it is odious. It is an unjust law. No one is bound to obey it. No one should have the least scruple about evading it, breaking it, or defying it.

"How, you will ask, could such a law be enacted? It owes its existence to a band of fanatical thugs and blackmailers. They have held up legislators, as truly as ever a highwayman held up his victim. They have browbeaten, bulldosed, threatened and frightened men into supporting a measure which every decent man loathes and every honest man despises.

"They hired hundreds of spies, detectives, and investigators, put them on the track of every Legislator who would not promise to support their iniquitous measure, and then, when they had crawled through the sewers and strained the cesspools for scandal, they produced their vile evidence and bade the victim deliver his vote or accept the infamy of exposure."

James Holland, President of the New York State Federation of Labor, sent a telegram to Governor Smith yesterday asking him to have the State Senate postpone action on the amendment for at least ten days, stating that if that is done he will be surprised at the mighty protest that will be made to him.

CERTIFIED BY 36 STATES.

"Dry" Amendment Proclamation Is Ordered Prepared.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Thirty-six States, the necessary three-fourths, had certified to the State Department their ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment today, and preparation of a proclamation to make the amendment effective was ordered. This will be issued in a few days.

Officials plan to date the proclamation Jan. 16, 1919, on their understanding of the law that the amendment becomes effective one year from the date of its ratification by the thirty-sixth State—Nebraska.

Certifications were received from Wisconsin, North Carolina, Utah, and Kansas, the latter being the thirty-sixth State to report.

DEBS CASE IN HIGH COURT.

Great Interest in Appeal Against Conviction Under Espionage Act.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Oral arguments began in the Supreme Court today on the constitutionality of the Espionage act, in the cases of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist leader, convicted of violating the law in a speech at Canton, Ohio, in June, and Jacob Frohwerk, of Kansas City, found guilty of writing alleged seditious articles for the Missouri Staats Zeitung.

Unusual importance is attached to the Debs case by lawyers, because they expect the court to make it the test proceedings in which it will pass on the general validity of the act.

Counsel for the defendants attacked the act as an attempt to abridge the constitutional right of free speech and a free press. John Lord O'Brian, special assistant to the Attorney General, contended that the law obviously was intended to protect the military program against all types of interference, and that since Congress had the power to deprive men even of their lives for the purpose of raising an army, it surely could require citizens to refrain from deliberate obstruction of the process of obtaining necessary fighting men.

GEORGE WASHINGTON SAILS.

Transport Carries Large Staff of Army Lawyers to France.

The American transport George Washington sailed from Hoboken yesterday afternoon for Brest with a number of passengers, but Vice Admiral Albert Gleaves, commander of the Cruiser and Transport Division was not among them as it was previously announced he would be. The list included the Italian Labor Mission, headed by Alcaste Di Ambris, which has been here some weeks studying industrial conditions, the Belgian Military Mission, headed by Major Leon Osterrith and fifty United States Army officers, all attached to the Judge Advocate General's Department.

It was said that these officers were going to France to expedite the large number of court-martial cases awaiting trial. Ten Majors and a number of junior officers also sailed on the George Washington to assist the senior officers attached to the Judge Advocate General's Department.

The crew of the transport were all looking forward to bringing President and Mrs. Wilson back from France and are planning entertainment for them.

Wants $5,000,000 from Bingham Estate.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 27.—Inheritance taxes and penalties totaling more than $5,000,000 were sought in a suit filed here today by the State of Kentucky against the estate of Mrs. Robert Worth Bingham, formerly Mrs. Henry M. Flagler of New York. The petition asserts the estate is valued at $99,000,000, on which is due the State more than $4,500,000 in inheritance taxes, and that failure to pay it within eighteen months of her death entitled the State to a penalty of 20 per cent., or approximately $900,000.

MOVES TO CONTROL ROADS' RETURN

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

the assumption that there will be a special session."

"Not altogether," replied Senator Cummins, "although I think there should be a special session. But, even if there is not, if the two Interstate Commerce Committees are permitted to do their work during the interim and are ready to report at the next regular session, we can begin the year with all the differences composed. In view of the circumstances—and they are very grave; their seriousness cannot be overestimated or exaggerated—I introduce this bill.

"I have made these remarks because if we do not pass this bill or something of the nature, and the President is guided by the advice of his Director General and returns these properties in their present condition and under existing circumstances, the United States will see a cataclysm in finance, as well as in railroad operations, such as it has never witnessed before."

More testimony opposing the present plan of control was given to the Senate committee today by Clifford Thorne of Iowa, who represents shippers. As on the previous days on which he appeared, he asked for a restoration of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission and an abolition of the peculiar authority bestowed upon the President and the Director General for the war period.

"The Railroad Administration seems to have no regard for the shippers," declared Mr. Thorne. He objected to the idea of reorganizing the rate structure upon a mileage basis, as recommended by Interstate Commerce Commissioner Robert W. Woolley, saying this would be disastrous to the business of the nation.

ACCUSES COTTON EXCHANGE

Heflin Asks Department of Justice to Investigate Drop in Prices.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Representative Heflin of Alabama announced in the House today that he had asked the Department of Justice to investigate the New York Cotton Exchange, which he charged had violated the Cotton Futures act "in driving down" the price of cotton from 37 to 24 cents a pound.

"The South has been robbed of millions of dollars by this unjust speculation," Mr. Heflin declared. "At a time when the world demand for cotton is greater than ever before the price has been forced down and down. No one is being benefited but the gamblers themselves. The spinners cannot obtain cotton at the present prices and the growers refuse to sell."

Mr. Heflin said Governors of Southern States had appealed to planters to hold their cotton until the price goes back to 30 cents a pound, and that at the close of the present session of Congress Representatives from the South expect to go through their States to urge that cotton acreage be decreased.

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Oxfords—Pumps—Slippers $10 to $18
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FOR SMALL INVESTMENTS.

The sale of municipal bonds in small denominations advocated in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company. On news stands, 10c—$4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

EXHIBITIONS & SALES AT THE

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¶ *To be sold Wednesday afternoon and evening and Thursday afternoon, January 29 and 30, at 2:30 and 8:15.*

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¶ This part begins with Bret Harte and ends with Edgar Allan Poe and includes many of the rarest and most desirable volumes in English literature, notably the famous Bridgewater "Comus"; Hawthorne's "Fanshawe"; Herrick's "Hesperides", 1648; Editio Princeps of "The Imitation of Christ"; Kipling first editions and manuscripts; the manuscript of Charles Lamb's "Dog Days"; and plays by Marlowe, Massinger and Middleton, Thomas Nash and Peele. There are many beautiful illuminated manuscripts and fine bindings.

¶ *To be sold Friday and Saturday afternoons, January 31 and February 1, at 2:30*

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Foreign Advices Indicate Higher Prices on All Linen Goods.

INTERESTING ITEMS:

Pure Linen Damask Table Cloths At Old Low Prices.
2 yards square, $7.50 up to 2½x4 yds., $18.75 Each
Napkins, Dinner Size, to Match, $12.00 Dozen
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Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs of Pure Linen, Hemstitched, exceptionally fine quality, $4.50 Dozen Up

A Wide Range of Plain and Fancy Aprons at Very Attractive Prices.

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THIS book blazes the Reconstruction Trail and warns of imminent dangers. It contains startling prophesies. Every patriotic American should read *Our Republic Triumphant*.

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Please enroll me as a member of the American Defense Society. I enclose my check for $1—Annual Membership; $5—Sustaining Membership; $10—Subscribing Membership; $25—Contributing Membership; $100—Life Membership.

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BREAK UP MEETING OF EX-SERVICE MEN

Beach Guards' Officer Interferes After a Tumultuous Debate Over Unemployment.

ALDERMEN IN HOT DISPUTE

Collins Denounces the Attitude of the Socialist Beckerman—Hylan's Name Hissed.

A stormy meeting of the "Soldiers, Sailors and Marines' Protective Association" at the Rand School, the Socialist headquarters at 7 East Fifteenth Street, last night, was stopped by armed Beach Guards attached to the City Hall Park barracks, under the command of a Warrant Officer, C. Madsen, who interposed in the course of a dispute between Abraham Beckerman, a Socialist Alderman, and Alderman William G. Collins, a Democrat, on the ground that sentiments expressed at the meeting were against the law.

The Soldiers, Sailors and Marines' Protective Association has a membership of about 500 discharged men who allege that they have found it impossible to obtain work from their former employers. It is seeking the co-operation of the Board of Aldermen of the city in getting jobs for its members and will submit to that body this afternoon a resolution which was adopted at last night's meeting, demanding employment.

After Alderman Arnon L. Squiers, Republican, and Collins, Democrat, had praised the discharged men for the good work that they had done in the war, Alderman Beckerman said that "we have been hearing a good deal of noisy patriotism, but that what we want now is practical patriotism." Mr. Hylan's committee for obtaining employment for the discharged men, he said, was taking care of about 200 cases a day, whereas there were 50,000 unemployed in New York, and this number was increasing at the rate of 10,000 a week.

At the mention of Mayor Hylan's name the audience hissed and booed until the Chairman was forced to ask for order.

When Mr. Beckerman, continuing his remarks, said that neither the State, Federal nor municipal governments had taken any steps toward obtaining employment for discharged men, except by placing placards throughout the city urging business houses to take back those who had left to join the colors, Alderman Collins got up and contradicted the statement. The Mayor's Committee, he said, was doing all that it could and the United States Employment Service was aiding a great many cases.

Alderman Beckerman then suggested a plan for providing jobs for discharged soldiers. The Fire Department, he said, could utilize many more men and the city was eight years behind in the building of schools. If the authorities would get to work at once, he said, many men would find places. He also asked for an eight-hour day, or if it had to be, a six-hour day throughout the country. Mr. Collins angrily said that he was convinced that the meeting was in reality run by the Socialists.

Alderman Bruce Faulkner, who then took the floor, said that, according to Mr. Beckerman, one would think that the Socialists were the only persons who were doing anything for the returning soldiers.

Resolutions were then read by Isaac Witz opposing "the diversion of any large sums of money in entertainment when no provision has been made to secure for us decent jobs, at decent wages, under decent conditions."

When one clause in the preamble saying "no plans have been made to secure permanent employment for men discharged from the army and navy," was read, Alderman Squiers asserted that it was a misstatement and that it would have to be eliminated from the resolution before the Board of Aldermen would act upon it. Chairman Lavitt said that he did not think this was a misstatement. At this, Madsen of the Beach Guards threatened his arrest, but Lavitt said that although he was wearing the uniform of a sailor he had been discharged and therefore did not fear him.

Alderman Collins jumped to his feet at this point and said that the talk in the assembly hall was stirring up sedition, and that it should stop. The Socialists, he said, had opposed everything while the soldiers were on the other side, and now they were trying to win their support. They opposed the selective draft, he said, and the sale of Thrift Stamps. Turning to Alderman Beckerman, he said:

"Neither you nor any one else will turn this into a partisan meeting." Alderman Beckerman then jumped to his feet and said that the meeting was not partisan.

At this point Alderman Collins again got up, walked rapidly to the front of the hall where Beckerman was standing, and, clinching his fists, said:

"You may think you can say anything that you please, but you cannot say anything against this country. If you do, I will order your arrest immediately."

A moment later the proponent of the resolution asked that it be voted upon without removing the objectionable clause. At this point a private belonging to the 12th Infantry, who would not give his name, asked permission to speak, and, it being granted, said that as a great many persons in the room were Socialists and seditious talk was prevalent, it was not a place for a man in the uniform of the United States to be present, and thereupon left the room.

Warrant Officer Madsen at this point ordered the meeting closed, but Chairman Lavitt asked permission to have the resolution voted upon. It was carried with applause. The meeting then broke up in disorder.

AGREE ON RELIEF BILL.

Conferees Make Minor Changes and Early Passage Is Expected.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—An agreement on the bill appropriating $100,000,000 for European famine relief was reached today by the Senate and House conferees after a brief session. No material changes were made in the bill by the conferees. All of the Senate amendments, with minor changes in phraseology, were adopted, including that by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, Republican, providing that wheat created should be bought as far as practicable in America.

The prohibition added by the Senate against distribution of food to enemy countries also was approved by the conferees, but the provision was redrafted so as to insure that Armenians and other friendly peoples in enemy territory might become the subjects of relief.

Repres ntative Sherley announced that he would present the report to the House at the opening of its session today and press its adoption. Administration leaders anticipated no difficulty in obtaining quick and favorable action both in the House and the Senate, and expect the bill to be on its way to President Wilson at Paris before the end of the week.

FEAR SHORTAGE OF SAILORS.

Our Naval Authorities Abroad Are Discouraging Discharges.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—American naval authorities here are doing everything in their power to avoid adding to the number of unemployed in the United States by retaining in the service every able-bodied sailor who can be induced to remain. Instructions have been given to discharge no man who does not desire to leave the service and who has no prospect of employment.

Apprehension is expressed in naval circles that there will be a real shortage of sailors for the navy on the side of the Atlantic owing to the expectation that a large number will be required to man the German merchant ships which the United States is to take over under the terms of the armistice. This is the explanation given for the sudden change in orders to a number of men who were about to start for the United States, but are being held in French ports.

MANIAC KILLS THREE MEN IN PHILADELPHIA

Overpowered After a Running Fight—German Anarchistic Tracts Found in His Room.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—With a loaded revolver in each hand, a man who gave his name as "Omega, son of Jesus Christ," ran amuck through the streets near the centre of the city today shooting in every direction as a big crowd tried to capture him. Before he was finally overtaken and beaten into insensibility by a motor cycle policeman he had shot and killed three men and wounded five others, two of them seriously.

The dead are Thomas Holloran, an employe of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, and John Knox and George Dingall, policemen.

According to the police the man is a religious fanatic and had become obsessed with the idea that the spirit of his father was being tortured in the power house of the transit company, where he shot his first two victims. Rushing out of the power house before other employes realized what had happened, the lunatic fled through the streets with a crowd of civilians and policemen in pursuit. Two blocks away he came upon Dingall, who was standing in the centre of the street directing traffic. With a wild cry he dashed at the policeman, firing as he ran. Dingall fell, mortally wounded.

All the time the pursuing crowd was growing in numbers, and after a chase of about a mile two motorcycle policemen, Knox and Heron, overtook him. Finding that he was trapped, the man wheeled around and thrust revolvers against the bodies of both policemen and pulled the triggers. The one pointed at Knox was discharged and killed him instantly, but that directed against Heron missed fire, and the officer shot the maniac in the leg and beat him into unconsciousness. The crowd leaped upon him, but he was finally rescued and taken to a hospital.

A notebook found in the man's clothing contains a list of all the power houses in Philadelphia, and in his room were found quantities of religious and anarchistic literature printed in Italian and German. At his rooming house he was known as George Lembo, but beyond this no information was obtainable. It was said he had been there only a short time. He is about 30 years old.

VOTE FOR STRIKE IN FUR INDUSTRY

Manager of Union Sees Little Prospect of Averting Walkout of 8,000 Workers.

GARMENT TRADE DEADLOCK

Agreement Is Reached Between 4,000 Employes and Independent Manufacturers.

With the first week of the strike of 35,000 garment workers just ended, it was announced last night that 8,000 members of the Furriers' Union had voted to a strike for a forty-four hour working week, one price the year around, and a board to review discharges, the strike to begin next Monday. The agreement in the fur industry will expire on Jan. 31 at midnight. Morris Kaufman, manager of the Joint Board of the International Fur Workers' Union, said last night that he saw little possibility of averting the strike, although several agencies were working to this end.

More than 500 shop Chairmen of the Furriers' Union met last night at the Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Avenue, and the result of the strike vote taken among the union members at Cooper Union last week was read to them. Not all the union members voted, it was pointed out, but 4,683 were in favor of the general strike. Mr. Kaufman said that Dr. J. L. Magnes, the impartial Chairman of the Fur Workers' Reviewing Board under the expiring agreement, was making every effort to avert the strike. "If he can do this he will perform a miracle," the union leader said, "for the strike seems inevitable."

A strike committee of seventy members was elected at last night's meeting, with Mr. Kaufman as Chairman. This body, divided into fourteen sub-committees, will make the arrangements for the strike. The locals of the furriers' union, it was said, had more than $200,000 in their treasuries.

About 2,000 garment workers returned to their labors yesterday under settlements which were made on Saturday with independent manufacturers. About 4,000 in all, it was said, would have returned to work by tomorrow under the settlements which were effected on Saturday and yesterday at the Stuyvesant Casino, 142 Second Avenue. Union leaders pointed out that the settlements could not be made rapidly as each application had to undergo a searching investigation by the union to determine whether or not the applicant was in any way connected with the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, against which the efforts of the strikers are directed.

Says Strikers Are Returning.

Morris Weiss, the President of this organization, said yesterday that the association had entered into no negotiations with the union since the commencement of the strike and that all statements to the contrary were unfounded.

"The strike has been in progress one week," he said, "and many of the shops of the association members have not been affected in the slightest degree and have continued to work full force. In other factories some of the workers who originally went on strike have already returned to work. The association realizes that a large number of the strikers were coerced and that a large proportion were led astray by the union. There is evidenced everywhere among the workers a growing tendency to return to work.

"It would be easy for the members of the association to fill the vacant places of the strikers from the large number of unemployed who are walking the streets and are seeking positions. It is common knowledge that the number of unemployed is gradually increasing in this community. The association, however, is anxious to avoid conflict, and realizing that many of the workers on strike have been imposed upon, has determined that they shall have a reasonable opportunity to return to work."

Mr. Weiss added that if by the end of the week these workers had not returned to their jobs the members of the association would have no other course open to them but to fill the positions from among those who were seeking employment.

As to the question of sanitary conditions in the shops of the association, which, although not the central issue in the strike, is a sore point with the union, Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union in an advertisement appearing in newspapers this morning quotes a letter which he received from Dr. George M. Price, Director of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control in the cloak, suit, skirt, and dress and waist industry. Dr. Price refers to the records as to the number of defective shops in the dress and waist industry as submitted to the board at a meeting held on Dec. 6, and says:

Reports Shop Conditions.

"There were in this industry altogether 825 shops with 25,268 workers. Of the 825 shops there were 149 in which no defects whatever have been found (sixty-two association shops and eighty-seven non-association shops). There were 676 shops with defects, of which 175 belonged to members of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association and 501 were non-association shops.

"As to the classification of defects, there were 114 shops in the dress and waist industry having serious fire dangers and 330 shops having dirty walls, ceilings, water closets, &c."

The Ladies' Waist Contractors and Manufacturers Association, which has sprung into being since the commencement of strife in the garment-making industry, in a letter to the union yesterday said:

It is desired that the most harmonious relations exist between employes and employers and it is the purpose of all the members of the association to do everything in their power to have them so.

With a view to that end and at the direction of the association, I suggest that arrangements be made at the earliest possible moment for a conference between committees of your organization and the Ladies' Waist Contractors' and Manufacturers' Association, Inc., in the event that such conference should terminate without an adjustment satisfactory to both parties concerned, it will then be in order to submit the matters to arbitration.

Mr. Schlesinger said that a conference with representatives of this association would undoubtedly be held providing the association would furnish a list of members to the union to determine whether any of them were connected with the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, against which the strike is being waged. Mr. Schlesinger called attention to a statement made by Harry Gordon, counsel for the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, that Abraham Baroff, Secretary of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, signed an agreement to the effect that the increase of 9 per cent. granted by the association in August instead of a 30 per cent. increase demanded by the union," and said that such an agreement was never signed by Mr. Baroff or any other officer of the union.

Made 2 Errors in 1,500 Words.

The new shorthand record made several days ago by Herman J. Stich, official stenographer at the Children's Court in Brooklyn, was at the rate of 300 words a minute, with only two errors in a total of 1,500 words of court testimony, which was read in five minutes. An account in Sunday's TIMES stated erroneously that there had been an average of two errors for each 300 words.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Jan. 25th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 19.35 cents.—Advt.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Final Price Reductions To-day

FUR COATS and COATEES

For Women and Misses

This season's models of finest grade selected furs and representing the highest artistry of design and workmanship.

8 Hudson Seal Coats
Belted models, (*dyed muskrat*) with self collar and cuffs. *Reduced to* **185.00**

6 Hudson Seal Coats
Of all seal (*dyed muskrat*) or trimmed nutria, squirrel or skunk. *Reduced to* **250.00**

5 Hudson Seal Coats
Of all seal (*dyed muskrat*) or collars of squirrel, skunk, krimmer or nutria *Reduced to* **300.00**

5 Hudson Seal Coats
(*Dyed muskrat*) trimmed with beaver, mole or skunk. *Reduced to* **350.00**

2 Hudson Seal Wrap-Coats
Full length models (*dyed muskrat*) with kolinsky squirrel or gray squirrel collars. *Reduced to* **450.00**

3 Taupe Squirrel Coats
Belted models with large collar and cuffs of self fur. *Reduced to* **275.00**

1 Baby Caracul Coat
Cape collar, gauntlet cuffs and wide border of real kolinsky. *Reduced to* **550.00**

1 Leopard Skin Coat
Full length model; of highest grade perfectly matched skins. *Reduced to* **400.00**

1 Natural Beaver Coat
Full length model, with shawl collar and wide cuffs. *Reduced to* **450.00**

5 Nutria Coats
Taupe or natural nutria coats with collars of self or Hudson seal fur. *Reduced to* **200.00**

WOMEN'S and MISSES' FUR COATEES

Showing the Jaunty Lengths of the Season

3 Mole Coatees
Of real Scotch mole or trimmed with pure white ermine. *Heretofore $295.00* **175.00**

1 Mink Coatee
Of natural mink with cape back and coatee front. *Heretofore $475.00* **350.00**

3 Nutria Coatees
Hip length coatees, with cape back, belted front. *Heretofore $195.00* **150.00**

1 Hudson Seal Coatee
Dolman sleeve coatee, shawl collar and cuffs of nutria. *Heretofore $265.00* **200.00**

A Limited Number Only

FUR MUFFS and NECKPIECES

MUFFS			NECKPIECES	
15.00	Reduced from $21.00	Hudson Seal	Reduced from $39.50	30.00
15.00	Reduced from $22.00	Nutria	Reduced from $22.00	15.00
18.00	Reduced from $23.00	Natural Raccoon	Reduced from $25.00	17.00
49.50	Reduced from $59.50	Black Fox	Reduced from $59.50	49.50
28.00	Reduced from $39.50	Real Skunk	Reduced from $39.50	30.00
28.00	Reduced from $35.00	Dyed Taupe or Black Wolf	Reduced from $45.00	32.00

B. Altman & Co.

Novelties in Women's & Misses' Sweaters

are now being shown in regulation or slip-on models in silk or wool, and in a variety of charming colors.

Among them are the slip-on models in the rather intricate but extremely effective filet designs; and those in the coat style, developed in sheer alpaca wool.

A decided novelty, suggestive of the richly-woven matelasse effects, is shown in two silk models (regulation or slip-on) obtainable in the more fashionable shades.

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
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Final Week January Sale

Reg. Trade Mark.

at **McCutcheon's**

THIS sale will be continued until Friday night of this week, January 31st. Any one who needs household linens or will need linens during the coming year should take advantage of this opportunity to secure them at the January sale prices.

Included in this sale are:

Table Linens
Fancy Table Linens
Bed Linens
Towels
Bed Coverings
Lingerie—Imported and American-made
Children's Wear

It will be many months and probably a couple of years before the production of flax, together with the labor situation, will reduce the cost of household linens below present prices.

James McCutcheon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Sts., New York

HANAN

SEMI-ANNUAL

SALE

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S

SHOES

An opportunity to secure some unusual bargains from many lines of our seasonable goods

AT ALL STORES

516 Fifth Ave., cor. 43rd St.
411 Fifth Ave., at 37th St.
1255 Broadway, cor 31st St.
1391 Broadway, cor. 38th St.
1095 Broadway, at 23rd St.
419 Broadway, cor. Canal St.
297 Broadway, at Duane St.
205 B'dway, cor. Fulton St.
35 Nassau St., cor. Liberty St.
438 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Good Shoes Are an Economy

SHOES

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractive yet Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store Opens 9:00 A.M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Following Up

the many advantages in our Semi-Annual Clearance of

Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats,

Sack Suits at $19.50

All this season's desirable models in fabrics from American mills.

Some special purchase suits in this lot would sell regularly up to $24.75.

Sack Suits at $26.50

Special purchase suits in this lot would sell regularly at $42.50.

Winter Overcoats, $23.75

Were $32.50, $37.50, and $42.50.

Ulsterettes, Town Coats, Slip-ons, Box Models and Waistline effects.

Clearance at Cost

Men's Fur Lined Overcoats, $55 to $300.00

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway

"Always Miss 'em"

"Never know when they go, or when they come. Never know where they start, or where they arrive. I hate travel, but hate staying home worse, so what am I to do?" Mrs. Heather gave a futile glance through the gates at her departing train, but her discomfort was entirely unnecessary. Our Public Service Bureau gives accurate information concerning trains and steamboat schedules.

We arrange reservations, send telegrams by Western Union and transmit money by telegraph or cable.

Convenient for our patrons is a complete Post Office Service. War Savings Stamps sold and payment received on Liberty Bonds.

Theatre Tickets at Box Office Rates

Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 34th Street

A Frame-Up

That's what it seems to us when we discover that many fine appearing umbrellas are weak in the ribs.

Our Men's Umbrellas at $2.89

have Paragon frames, which means eight strong ribs. Our umbrellas never have less than eight.

Covered in strong, silk and cotton mixture. The handles are of high grade appearance in light tan or black bamboo. Natural boxwood, ebonine, or Mission finish.

Macy's—Main Floor, Broadway

NEARLY ALL TROOPS HOME IN HALF YEAR

General March Testifies Ships Are Available to Transport 300,000 a Month.

SOME MUST STAY LONGER

Needed for Army of Occupation—Practically All Men Out of Home Camps in a Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—General March, Chief of Staff, told the Senate Military Affairs Committee today that the War Department had practically completed arrangements through which all of the 1,800,000 American soldiers now in France would be brought back home within the next six months, excepting those needed to do joint police work with allied troops.

This means that shipping arrangements have been made, the General said, to transport 300,00 men a month. To do it, he explained, the Government would use as a part of the shipping complement some of the German ships turned over since the armistice was signed. The Government has put the shipping details into the hands of Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, who has assured the War Department that he expects to accomplish the task of getting the 1,800,000 men home within six months.

Tonnage to transport 300,000 men a month is almost all available now, the General said, and if the negotiations now under way to get a few more ships are completed, the program of 300,000 a month will be carried out. General March said the Allies had allotted ships to the United States to transport the soldiers home. At present, he said, the carrying capacity of the ships at the disposal of the Government is 250,000 men a month.

"If President Wilson agrees to leave ten divisions, or whatever number, in the Army of Occupation, we can get the remainder of our army home in less than six months," said General March. "From the beginning General Pershing was instructed to get the men home as fast as possible, and is straining every effort to accomplish it quickly."

When the armistice was signed there were 1,700,000 men in the camps in this country, General March said, and of these 915,000 have been discharged, leaving 785,000 still in camp.

"Except for those retained for overhead duty every man in camp will be out within a month," said the General.

Senators said complaints had come to them that regiments that had seen the longest service in France were the last to be demobilized.

"That is a military plan," said General March. "It is done to keep experienced men in France for any service that may still remain to be done. It will keep men there who will not unduly excite the Germans and who will be able to overrun them, too, if necessary."

General March told the committee that under the demobilization plans it was proposed to keep a standing army of 500,000 men.

"Unless we can't help it, we won't reduce the standing army below 500,000 men, because that is, after all, only a nominal army," said the General.

In demobilizing the soldiers in army cantonments, he said, only enough men to look after the camps will be retained.

HAMILTON FISH, JR., CITED.

Honored by French for Giving Up Furlough to Join in Attack.

Captain Hamilton Fish, Jr., of the 369th Regiment (15th Regiment, New York State colored troops) has received the Croix de Guerre. The citation came from General Petain in the following words:

"Captain Hamilton Fish, Jr., commander of Company K of 369th Infantry Regiment, being on furlough, came back to spend his furlough with the regiment, knowing it had been engaged. Has rendered precious services—exposed incessantly to danger—before, during, and after the taking of a village, and in establishing contact between the regiment and his battalion."

Captain Fish received the citation during the taking of the village of Sechoult, in the Champagne, on Sept. 30. The Americans suffered heavy losses in the village—ten officers and several hundred men were killed.

Captain Fish was on a seven days' leave, after graduating from the line school. His pass was good only for Paris, but he managed to get up to the front in time to join his regiment and take part in the big September offensive. He stayed with his organization until it was withdrawn, and then went to Paris. He then returned to the staff college and has not been with his regiment since.

Captain Fish represented the Putnam district in the New York State Assembly for a number of years. He was a close friend and supporter of the late Colonel Roosevelt. He took an active part in recruiting the 15th Regiment of the New York State Guard, now the 369th Regiment. He is a son of Hamilton Fish of 810 Fifth Avenue, who was active in New York State politics for many years and who was Speaker of the New York State Legislature.

NAVAL OFFICERS SHIFTED.

Rearrangement of High Commands Follows Return of Overseas Forces.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Orders to naval officers made public today show that with the return of the overseas forces the Atlantic Fleet is being reconstituted. The published assignments of officers show a general rearrangement of the high commands, with Admiral Mayo remaining as Commander in Chief.

The fleet now is divided into two major units, known as Battleship Forces Nos. 1 and 2. While details of organization perfected since the United States entered the war have not been made public, it is understood that all the older battleships have been grouped in Force No. 1, under Vice Admiral Albert W. Grant. This force will consist of Divisions A and B and Squadrons 1 and 2. The newer ships are grouped in Force No. 2, and the assignment of Vice Admiral Henry B. Wilson to command Squadron 4 is understood to place him in line for command of Force 2.

Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett takes command of the destroyer force of the fleet, now to be divided, as are the battleships, into two groups—Flotillas Nos. 1 and 2. Rear Admiral Ashley H. Robertson, formerly commanding the destroyer force, is assigned to command Flotilla No. 2, while Admiral Plunkett will command Flotilla No. 1, as well as the entire force.

Other important changes in flag officers are Rear Admirals William R. Shoemaker, from the General Board to command Division 3 of the Atlantic Fleet; Thomas Snowden, from Division 3, Atlantic Fleet, to temporary duty in Washington; Alexander E. Halstead, from command of Squadron 5, Patrol Forces, to command of the naval base in France, relieving Vice Admiral Wilson; Carlo B. Brittain, to command Division A, Battleship Fleet; Henry A. Wiley, to command Division B; John A. Hoogewerff, to command Squadron 1, Battleship Fleet; Thomas Washington, to command Division 5; Hugh Rodman, to command Squadron 3; Clarence S. Williams, to command Division 4.

The orders published today also include a general reassignment of commanders of destroyers, cruisers, and merchant ships of the naval transport service.

FOUR MORE ARMY CASUALTY LISTS GIVEN OUT

841, Including 79 Dead, in Latest Lists; Reported Total Now Up to 221,795

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The War Department gave out four army casualty lists today, which contained 841 names, bringing the total for the army up to 216,049. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm was 5,746. The total for army and Marine Corps was 221,795.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 18 killed in action, 35 died of wounds, 3 died of accident, 23 died of disease, 281 severely wounded, 117 wounded to a degree undetermined, 346 slightly wounded, and 18 missing.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 27.	Total.
Killed in action	30,367	18	30,385
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	12,781	35	12,816
Died of accident	2,597	3	2,600
Died of disease	18,511	23	18,534
Total	64,988	79	65,067
Wounded	137,472	744	138,216
Missing	12,748	18	12,766
Total	215,208	841	216,049

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ABBATE, S., 319 E. 72d St. (WS)
ABISSI, C., 14 Havene Place, Bklyn. (WL)
BECK, EDWARD, 209 Avenue C (WL)
BECK, JACOB, 150 Franklin St., Brooklyn—Sgt. (WL)
BEECHIO, T. V., 316 E. 56th St., Bkln. (WS)
BROWN, B. D., 54 Irving Pl., Bklyn. (DW)
CAHILL, F., 1,768 Park Av.—Cook (WS)
CALLAHAN, F. C., 785 E. 149th St.—Mus. (WL)
DANZIS, A. A., 1,163 Washington Av. (DW)
FABER, R., Bayview Av., Inwood—Sgt. (WS)
FARRELL, J. J., 324 87th St., Bklyn. (WL)
FRASCELLO, F., 2,120 Hughes Av. (WS)
FROST, IRVING, 4,325 Park Av. (WU)
GABARINE, A.J., 662 Macon St., Bkln. (WU)
GRELLER, LOUIS, 105 Avenue D (WU)
HAMMOND, C. L., 1,804 Valentine Av.—Sgt. (WS)
HAYES, J. E., 340 W. 18th St.—Corp. (WL)
HEANEY, A., 324 12th St., Bkln—Cook (WS)
HEBREN, G. E., 64 Merritt St., Corona—Sgt. (WS)
HETCHKOP, L., 410 S. 2d St., Bklyn. (WS)
HORBACZ, BRONISLAW, 57 Dey St. (KA)
JACKSON, C.A., 542 W. 125th St.—Sgt. (WL)
KELLEHER, J. J., 506 W. 43d St. (WL)
KELLER, E. M., 136 Washington Av., Brooklyn (WL)
KELLITT, C., 37 Myrtle Av., B'klyn.—Sgt. (WU)
KERSHAW, P. F., 1,534 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn (WU)
LORUSSO, A., 502 W. 49th St. (—)
McSWEENEY, J. F., 381 Herkimer St., Brooklyn—Sgt. (WS)
MacDONNELL, J. L., 118 E. 91st St.— (WU)
MACE, T., 702 Myrtle Av., B'klyn (WL)
MACHENHEIM, H. J., 520 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn (WL)
MACK, WM., 74 Hicks St., B'klyn (WS)
MACKEEVER, J., 760 E. 156th St.—Sgt. (WL)
MACKIE, G. M., 56 Pulaski St., Bkn. (WL)
MACKIN, T. J., 153 Van Deventer Av., Astoria—Sgt. (WL)
MACKIN, W. F., East Rockaway (WL)
MARGIO, [illegible] 2,404 Crotona Av.—Corp. (WA)
MARKOWITZ, M., 502 Beck St. (WL)
[illegible], J. G., 153 E. 86th St. (WL)
MERLINO, JOE, 246 E. 105th St. (WL)
MILLER, J. J., 171 E. 33d St. (WL)
MOUILLERAT, H., 347 3d Av. (WL)
MUNGHOLI, G., 635 Coster St. (DW)
O'LEARY, C. H., 408 W. 38th St. (WU)
O'LEARY, J. A., 101 Monroe St. (WS)
PAMPALLENIA, V., 23 Addison Av., Brooklyn (WS)
PANEPINTO, A., 3 Goerck St. (WU)
PAPPAS, M., 424 W. 29th St.—Cook (WS)
PARAGAGNA, A., 89th St. & 4th Av., Brooklyn (WL)
PFEIFFER, ANDREW, 4,233 Jerome Av., Ozone Park (WU)
RIBANDO, MORRIS, 325 E. 28th St.—Corp. (WS)
[illegible], 708 Classon Av., B'lyn. (WS)
ROSE, SIDNEY, 1,437 Lincoln Pl., Brooklyn (WL)
SCHNAARS, ARTHUR, 45 Windsor Pl., Brooklyn (WL)
SCHNEIDER, A. F., 300 So. 1st St., Brooklyn (WL)
SOUDERO, J. V., 263 Schenectady Av., Brooklyn (DW)
SWEETBAUM, ARTHUR, 71 E. 87th St. (WL)
WECHSLER, JESSE, 3 W. 122d St. (WL)
WHEELER, JOSEPH, 15 Ainslie St., Brooklyn (WS)
ZUCK, ARTHUR, 101 Floyd St., Brooklyn—Sgt. (WU)
ZWERLING, E. M., 58 W. 116th St.—Corp. (WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

ADAMS, P. J., Buffalo (WL)
ADLER, C. A., Freeport—Civilian (DA)
BIRES, JOSEPH, Binghamton (DW)
BRIARS, CYRIL, Rochester (WU)
BRIDGEMAN, C. F., Saugerties (WU)
BRIGNALL, C. L., South Wales—Corp. (WU)
DAHLKE, E. C., Johnstown (WS)
DIERICH, O. J., Buffalo (WL)
DISALVO, PETER, Yonkers (WS)
GAGG, JOHN J., Mount Vernon (WS)
GILLEN, J. E., Watervliet—Sgt. (WS)
GREEN, C. L., McGraw (WL)
GILL, WILLIAM A., Utica—Corp. (WS)
GILLIES, DUNCAN, Buffalo—Corp. (WL)
HAZZARD, PEARL, Sprakers (WL)
HEIDERICK, E. H., Utica (WS)
IRVING, W. R., Charlotte—Corp. (WS)
JERSEY, H. L., Haverstraw—Corp. (WS)
KINDERMAN, M. A., Buffalo—Corp. (DD)
KELLER, HUGH F., Buffalo—Corp. (WL)
KOHLER, WILLIAM F., Rochester (WS)
McCABE, EDWARD M., Utica—Lt. (WU)
McMAHON, FRANK J., Oswego (WS)
MACKAY, NORMAN A., Yonkers (WL)
MADIGAN, T. M., Syracuse—Sgt. (WU)
MEREDITH, O. M., Jamestown—Sgt. (WS)
MUCILLO, PASQUALE, Hudson (WS)
O'CONNOR, H. J., Potsdam (WS)
OSBORNE, HARRY C., Castile—Corp. (WL)
PAYK, STANLEY F., Syracuse (WS)
ROSE, OLIVER, Endicott—Corp. (WU)
ROUSS, E. A., Newburg (WL)
RUPPEL, A. A., Spring Valley (DD)
RYAN, E. W., Plattsburg—Sgt. (DW)
SCHNAPP, G. J., Buffalo (WU)
SHEPPERSON, J., Huntington—Sgt. (WS)

ALABAMA.

JONES, O. W., Siluria—Wagn. (DD)

ARIZONA.

FERGUSON, A., Phoenix—Corp. (DA)

CALIFORNIA.

ALLEN, J. H., San Francisco—Capt. (DD)
KRAMER, F. A., San Francisco (DW)

CONNECTICUT.

BERGEN, M. J., Watertown (WL)
BRIGGS, C. D., Wallingford (WL)
BRZESKI, F., Terryville (WL)
CALLENDER, P. W., Waterbury (WL)
DAVIS, DONALD, Fairfield (WS)
FLANAGAN, J. A., Fairfield—Civilian (DD)
FOURNIER, E. J., Ansonia (WL)
HAYES, W. F., New London (WU)
HEICHINGTON, JOHN, New Haven (WS)
HOUSTON, EDWARD, Bridgeport—Sgt. (WL)
JACOB, JOHN, New Britain (WS)
KAIRUKSTIS, CHARLES, Bridgeport (WS)
KOZLOWSKI, B. S., New Britain (WS)
LACERBO, LASTANO, Waterbury (WL)
MOYNAHAN, D. J., East Hartford (WL)
PFEFFER, G. H., Hamden (WL)
PRETTO, F. E., Hartford (DW)
RICCI, COSMO, Waterbury (WU)
RICCIO, L. M., Norwalk (WS)
STONE, C. H., New Milford (DW)

GEORGIA.

CARNES, L. M., Abbeville (DW)

IDAHO.

WINSPER, C. V., Pocatello (KA)

ILLINOIS.

BROOKS, R. R., Kewanee (DD)
FELLOWS, B., Round Grove (DW)
FIRTH, CLAUDE, Morris (DD)
OAKES, W. C., St. Charles—Corp. (DW)
WATSON, A. H., Cisne (DD)
WOLFE, C., Carlinville (KA)
ZAROVE, JAMES, Chicago (KA)

INDIANA.

BURNS, J. W., Laport (DA)

IOWA.

APPLEN, A. C., Lime Springs (DW)
LUCHSINGER, BILL, Minten (DD)
McCLURE, BURL, Moulton (DW)

KENTUCKY.

WILSON, C. W., Newport (KA)

LOUISIANA.

MORGAN, WM. D., Cheneyville (DD)

MARYLAND.

CALHOUN, E. M., Garrett County (DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

COYLE, ANDREW, Roxbury—Wagn. (DW)
LA BRACHE, LEO W., Marlboro (KA)

MICHIGAN.

ANDERSON, CHARLES C., Ralph (DD)
JOHNSON, FRANK, Tekonsha (DW)
MARQUIS, GEORGE D., Allegan (DD)

MINNESOTA.

SOVICH, GEORGIO, Minneapolis (DA)

MISSISSIPPI.

SWAN, REUBEN S., New Albany (DD)

MISSOURI.

CATO, CHARLES O., Greenbrier (DD)

NEW JERSEY.

ABALLO, EMIELO, Belleville (WL)
ABRAMAWITZ, ADAM, Passaic (WS)
BLEWITT, GEORGE F., Newark (WU)
BUTSCH, WALTER E., Camden—Sgt. (KA)
CALLAHAN, THOMAS, Newark (WL)
COLFER, W. H., Jr., So. River—Corp. (WS)
CREAN, PATRICK J., Newark—Sgt. (WS)
ESPOSITO, MICHELE, Hammonton (MA)
FAIELLA, ANDREW, Jersey City (WL)
FANNING, C. V., Dozelle Park (DD)
FRYER, GILBERT, Orange—Corp. (WS)
GABLE, JOHN R., Bayonne (WL)
GAHLER, CHARLES, Holmdel (WL)
HAYNEY, L. V., Collingswood—Lt. (WU)
KAISER, E. J., Newark—Corp. (WS)
KEGLEY, JOSEPH, Keansburg (WL)
KELLER, FERDINAND, Somerville (WL)
KELLER, HOWARD L., Bordentown (WL)
KELLY, T. F., Lambertsville—Sgt. (WS)
LEWIS, SAMUEL, Jersey City—Lt. (KA)
MAZZALA, VINCENT, West New York (WL)
MERCER, FRED M., Paterson—Corp. (WU)
MITCHELL, D. J., Jersey City (WU)
MOCCIOLA, FRANK, Newark (WL)
MOUNT, F. A., Manasquan (WU)
MOZZO, LOUIS, Delair (WL)
OHLSON, ELMER H., Perth Amboy (WS)
OLIVER, JAMES D., Camden (WS)
PATARCITY, ADAM, Trenton (WL)
PFISTER, WILLIAM, West Hoboken (WL)
PHARO, EVERETT, Haddonfield—Corp. (WL)
PRICKETT, M. O., Roebling—Corp. (WU)
PRZEKOPOWSKI, B., Jersey City (WS)
PRISTAWKO, MIKE, Dever (KA)
RAFFERTY, W. A., Hoboken—Sgt. (WS)
ROSEN, LOUIS L., West Orange (WU)
SHELLY, DONALD, Paterson (WL)
SHUGG, W. R., Rutherford (MA)
VREELAND, R., Jersey City—Corp. (WU)
WOOD, JOBIE L., Bridgeton—Mch. (WL)

NORTH DAKOTA.

FENNE, JOHN O., Midway (DW)

OHIO.

KETHMAN, LEO B., Burketsville—Bgl. (DW)
LEFFEL, C. O., Springfield—Cook (DW)
LEWIS, S. P., Cleveland—Lt. (KA)
MAHONY, J. J., Ashtabula Harbor (DA)
SCHULTE, A. J., Cleveland (DW)

OKLAHOMA.

SCHRACK, GEO. H., Pawhuska (KA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

CRAVEN, DANIEL W., Mobleetown (KA)
HOPPES, GEO. D., Philadelphia—Corp. (KA)
FREMER, A. B., Schuylkill Haven—Lt. (DA)
McCOUGH, R. T., Dysart—Saddler (DA)
MOKOSKI, JOS., South Bethlehem (KA)
SCHUYLER, CHARLES A., Orrtanna (DW)
SHULTIS, ELBERT, Pittsburgh—Lt. (DA)
SPEAKMAN, HAROLD, Narberth—Lt. (DA)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

STOLLE, WM. F., Lake City (DW)

TENNESSEE.

BRADLEY, F. L., La Follette (DD)
CARTER, JOHN B., Franklin (DD)

TEXAS.

HUMPHREYS, AVERY C., Trinity (KA)

UTAH.

PARNELL, J. A., Salt Lake City—Lt. (DD)

VIRGINIA.

HOLLIS, HOMER, River (DD)
MILLER, JOHN K., Salem (DD)

WEST VIRGINIA.

YAUGER, WILLIAM H., Beech Hill (DW)

WISCONSIN.

ALGHIRE, ALLEN, Peshtigo (DW)
BERENS, ROMULUS, Stevens Point (DW)

AUSTRIA.

TOMICH, JOSEPH, Dreznicu (KA)

CANADA.

ORLANDE, M. I., Saskatoon, Sask. (DA)
SMITH, W. P., Montreal—Lt. (DD)

ENGLAND.

LONG, FREDERICK, Swifleet, Spalding, Lincolnshire (KA)

ITALY.

BASTA, GIUSEPPE, Auffizzio (KA)
CALCDORONI, A., Anitrall, Rome (DA)

PORTUGAL.

GANDER, CARLOS, Mazas Frio, Province of Sol Amanco—Civilian (DD)

RUSSIA.

DAVIDONIS, P. J., Zanelisk, Kovno (DW)

Revised Report of Casualties.

	Now Rptd.	Prev. Rptd.
NEW YORK CITY.		
ALTMAN, I., 161 Suffolk St.	(RD)	(MA)
ANCIELLO, TONY, 798 8th Av.	(MA)	(WS)
BUONE, M., 133 North St.	(WU)	(MA)
CITTADINO, EUGENE, 497 9th Av., Astoria	(WU)	(MA)
COCQUELET, ALFRED, 834 Vanderveer Place, Woodhaven	(DW)	(WS)
CUGINI, JOSEPH, 72 Lorimer St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
DANTE, P., 150 Wooster St.	(KA)	(MA)
DUGAN, G. E., 392A 17th St., Brooklyn	(MA)	(WS)
DUNLEAVEY, JOHN, 916 3d Av.	(MA)	(WS)
GENSIEVSKI, V., 225 N. 24th St.	(MA)	(WS)
GRIFFEN, EDWARD J., 808 Driggs Av., Brooklyn	(MA)	(WS)
HABER, S. E., 227 Stockton St., Brooklyn	(MA)	(WS)
HAHN, FRANK, 221 E. 32d St.	(WU)	(MA)
HAROLD, C., 1,121 East Av.	(MA)	(WS)
JACOBSON, JACK, 103 Third Pl., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
JOSTER, PETER H., 77 Ralph Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
KNOX, G. J., 540 W. 53d St.—Corp.	(MA)	(WS)
KUGEL, C. H., 3,915 Broadway	(RD)	(MA)
LEVINE, I., 1,015 Daly Av.	(MA)	(WS)
LINDSLEY, HENRY D., Jr., 402 Madison Av.—Lt.	(RD)	(MA)
RUCKDASCHEL, CHARLES, 220 14th St., College Point	(WU)	(MA)
SIMON, MORRIS, 100 Canal St.	(RD)	(MA)
WINCHELL, CHARLES, 621 East 136th St.—Corp.	(WU)	(MA)
OTHER PARTS NEW YORK STATE.		
BAKER, FRED, R., Ossining	(RD)	(MA)
BOROWSKI, CHESTER E., Buffalo	(WU)	(MA)
CATANIA, PASQUALE, Buffalo	(WU)	(MA)
CURTIN, MATTHEW V., Buffalo	(WU)	(MA)
CURRY, C. T., Peekskill—Vet.		(MA)
DEWERT, RAYMOND C., Walworth	(MA)	(WS)
DI FABIO, MICHELE, Tuckahoe	(RD)	(MA)
FARRAR, JUSTIN P., Glens Falls	(WL)	(D)
GOEDRY, GEO. H., Rochester	(MA)	(WS)
JOSLIN, GEORGE J., Troy	(WU)	(MA)
KAYE, CHARLES S., Buffalo	(RD)	(MA)
LAMBERT, HOWARD J., Philadelphia	(WU)	(MA)
LISOVEGHE, JOHN, Buffalo	(RD)	(MA)
LOWICKI, WALTER E., Schenectady	(MA)	(WS)
McHALE, LAWRENCE J., Moose River	(MA)	(WS)
TYRUSH, FRANK L., Watervliet—Wagn.	(RD)	(MA)
VALENTI, GIROMO, Rochester	(WU)	(MA)
VAN SLEET, PATRICK J., Cohoes—Corp.	(WU)	(MA)
WANGLER, JOHN G., Syracuse	(RD)	(MA)
AKERS, L. F., Reelsville, Ind.	(KA)	(MA)
AMUNDSON, M., Decorah, Ia.	(WU)	(KA)
BEAVERS, M., Bristol, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
BLAIR, L. C., MacCleny, Fla.	(KA)	(MA)
BLATZ, F. J., Millstadt, Ill.	(KA)	(MA)
BOHANNON, JESSE, Central City, Kan.	(DA)	(MA)
BONNELLI, D., Hartford, Conn.	(RD)	(MA)
BRABO, H. F., Cleveland, O.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
BURD, L. S., Jersey City	(RD)	(MA)
BUSBY, F. A., Williamstown, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
BOROVIK, F., Peabody, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
COYLE, J. V., Jersey City, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
COYLE, T. E., Erlanger, Ky.	(KA)	(MA)
CRIPPS, P. F., Ringling, Okla.	(KA)	(MA)
DAVIDSON, H. B., Tobasco, O.	(KA)	(WS)
DEAN, McD. S., Wilmot, O.—Wagn.	(DA)	(MA)
FOUNTAIN, P. F., Southbridge, Mass.	(KA)	(MA)
GRADUATO, V., Montorio Al Vomano, Province of Teramo, Italy	(KA)	(MA)
HARVARD, W. C., Bunkie, La.—Sgt.	(RD)	(DD)
HAWKINS, G. C., Hammonton, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
HORN, HERBERT W., Pleasantville, N. J.	(MA)	(WS)
KNAPP, JACOB J., Syracuse, N. Y.—Mch.	(DA)	(MA)
LEWIS, F. A., Nutley, N. J.	(WL)	(MA)
LEWIS, T. L., Sabula, Mo.	(WU)	(KA)
LIGHT, JIM, Sarah, Miss.	(WU)	(KA)
LUCAS, E. M., Davenport Iowa	(KA)	(MA)
LUNDSTROM, CHARLIE, Big Falls, Minn.	(DA)	(MA)
McDERMOTT, M. L., Loogoogee, Ind.	(WU)	(DW)
MacDONALD, A. F., Woodlawn, Penn.—Lt.	(Erroneously)	(DW)
MARCHESE, A., Newark, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
MATTSON, N. T., New Haven, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
MOLANDER, A. R., Farwell, Minn.—Sgt.	(DA)	(MA)
MORGAN, W. D., Beaver Dam, Wis.—Lt.	(Erroneously)	(KA)
MURPHY, D. L., Linwood, Ga.	(DA)	(MA)
NARBON, J., Trenton, N. J.	(KA)	(MA)
REA, J. R., Roselle, N. J.	(KA)	(MA)
RICE, E. D., Bono, Ark.	(KA)	(MA)
SATTERWHITE, L. D., Hewlett, Va.	(KA)	(MA)
SCHALL, E. A., Hartford, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
SCHMITT, C., Newark, N. J.—Corp.	(RD)	(MA)
SHELL, G., Woodbine, Ky.	(DA)	(MA)
SMITH, E., Jersey City, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
SWEET, EDWIN, Bridgeport, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
THORNTON, ADAM, Providence, R. I.	(KA)	(MA)
VENESKI, Stanley, Clarksville, Ark.	(KA)	(MA)
VICARS, WILLIAM A., Seminole, Okla.	(KA)	(MA)
WAGNER, ROBERT A., Keota, Col.	(KA)	(MA)
WARREN, CLIFFORD L., Minneapolis, Minn.	(KA)	(MA)
WHITTEMORE, H., Unionville, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
WODZIENSKY, ANTHONY, New Britain, Conn.	(RD)	(MA)
WRIGHT, JAMES M., Kansas City, Mo.	(DA)	(MA)
WURST, FRANK B., Newark, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)

SMITH WILL UNITE ALL STATE'S TROOPS

Governor Appoints Brig. Gen. Vanderbilt to Head Commission on Organization.

O'RYAN MAY BE IN COMMAND

Veterans of the 27th Division Will Have Chance to Re-enlist in the State Service.

In order that the units of the 27th Division, the State's former National Guard, which achieved laurels in France, may be perpetuated, Governor Smith yesterday announced that he had appointed a commission to reorganize and amalgamate the division with the regiments of the New York Guard. The Governor announced that he had appointed Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt, once Inspector General of the Guard and later Colonel of the 102d Engineers, to head the commission.

The task of reforming the New York regiments will be under the direction of Brig. Gen. Charles W. Berry, just appointed Adjutant General of the State. Although no statement has yet been made, it is thought likely that the unified force will be commanded by Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, the only National Guard general officer to retain his command throughout the war.

The appointment of the Vanderbilt commission will solve a ticklish problem, present and former Guard officers pointed out yesterday, which grew of a decision of the Judge Advocate General of the army, a few weeks ago, that the former Guardsmen, taken into the Federal service on a status which permitted them to serve beyond the continental limits of the United States, would not revert to the States upon their return, but would be granted discharges and automatically return to civil life.

The strength of the 27th Division when it left Spartanburg, S. C., last May was about 25,000. The total of the State organization which took the place of the National Guard is about 20,000. The nominal military strength of the State up to the present has been a full division on the old army formation, or about 22,000 men. Officers indicated yesterday that the commission would have a surplus of more than 20,000 men to act as offset to the many who will undoubtedly decline to re-enlist. Another job ahead of the commission will be the framing of some sort of arrangement whereby the discharged members of the 27th Division may re-enlist in the State service.

It was recalled that when Governor Whitman visited Camp Wadsworth about a year ago he was asked what plans were in contemplation for the future of the New York troops. He replied that he planned to have them return to the State and reoccupy the armories which they surrendered when they were Federalized. He said that he intended to make every effort to see that the identity of the guardsmen was preserved under their old designations or the ones under which they fought abroad—this matter he thought he would leave to the wishes of the officers and men themselves.

Serving with General Vanderbilt, who is a close friend of General O'Ryan, and who for a time was his Chief of Staff, will be officers of the New York Guard, officers of the 27th Division, regular army officers, retired guard officers, and representatives from the naval militia and Home Defense Reserve. In addition to General Vanderbilt, the only other Commissioner known yesterday was Lieut. Col. Jackson Dykman, Judge Advocate General, lately of the Adjutant General's Staff in Washington.

The New Hotel Pennsylvania

Shows four interesting and artistic uses of

ATLANTIC Terra Cotta

The exterior of the upper stories is in Atlantic gray, the restaurant and grill in glazed polychrome and the subway in vitreous gray.

Atlantic Terra Cotta Co.
1170 Broadway

Authorized Exchange Dealers for NEW & USED BUICKS
Glidden Motor and Supply Co.,
239 West 58th St.
One door East of Broadway.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

Military Clothing
½ Price Sale

Trench Coats, Raincoats, Overcoats, Shirts, Suits, Puttees, etc.

Suitable for Civilian wear—for Motoring, Hunting, and Hiking—as well as for Military Men who want "something better."

Officers' Overseas Trench Coats
$55.00 *Now* $27.50
Separate Wool Linings

Officers' Trench Coats	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00
Moleskin and belted, single or double breasted.			
Officers' Winter Overcoats	$60.00	*Now*	$30.00
Officers' Winter Overcoats	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00
Officers' O. D. Mackinaws	$28.50	*Now*	$14.25
Officers' Raincoats	$40.00	*Now*	$20.00
Officers' Raincoats	$22.50	*Now*	$11.25
U.S. Navy Raincoats (Black)	$30.00	*Now*	$15.00
Corduroy Vests, sheepskin lined	$11.50	*Now*	$5.75
U. S. A. Spiral Puttees	$5.00	*Now*	$3.00
Officers' Leather Puttees	$15.00	*Now*	$7.50
Officers' Leather Puttees	$11.75	*Now*	$5.88
Moleskin Vests, sheepskin lined	$11.50	*Now*	$5.75
Wool Army Shirts		*Now*	$3.75
Wool Army Shirts	$8.00	*Now*	$4.00
Wool Army Shirts	$9.00	*Now*	$4.50
Cotton Khaki Shirts	$5.50	*Now*	$2.75
Cotton Khaki Shirts	$3.50	*Now*	$1.75
Silk Khaki Shirts	$10.00	*Now*	$5.00
Officers' Whipcord Suits	$70.00	*Now*	$35.00
Officers' Serge Suits	$65.00	*Now*	$32.50
Officers' Serge Suits	$55.00	*Now*	$27.50
Officers' Serge Suits	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00
Officers' O. D. Wool Suits	$50.00	*Now*	$25.00

No C. O. D.'s *No Returns*

GIMBELS—MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

DOUGHBOYS TO SEE HAGENBECK'S ANIMALS

Some Specimens Killed to Provide Meat—Warning Against Misuse of Flag.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Jan. 26. (Associated Press.)—In the Coblenz newspapers today the Burgomaster appeals to the self-respect of the Germans to refrain from commercializing iron crosses and other German decorations of war.

The American intelligence officers have discovered several instances where shopkeepers near Coblenz sold iron cross watch fobs with a miniature American flag pinned to the ribbon. This resulted in the arrest of several Germans, who were sentenced to jail.

The Burgomasters of both Treves and Coblenz notify the civilians in today's newspapers that the use of the American colors for commercial purposes must cease. They warn the Germans that if there is an infraction of American orders in this respect they must suffer the consequences.

The Americans in the occupied zone are to receive an opportunity to see Hagenbeck's trained animals on a war basis. Before the war Hagenbeck's had more than 800 animals, but these have been reduced in number, so that when the circus arrived in Coblenz it had only 100 specimens.

Camels, llamas, and many other animals have been killed since the war started owing to the scarcity of food. Fifteen elephants of a herd of thirty remain. The other elephants were killed last Winter and the meat was sold to civilians in the interior of Germany, where the circus was exhibiting.

The circus was permitted to enter the occupied area on the provision that the meat-eating animals would be fed with the carcasses of horses and other animals which are considered unfit for human consumption.

Carl Hagenbeck is with the circus. The first performance will be given Feb. 1.

ENJOYING LEAVE IN LONDON.

First Party of A. E. F. Soldiers to Take Advantage of New Orders.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The first members of the American Expeditionary Force in France to take advantage of the order granting a leave of fourteen days to visit England were enjoying the sights of London today. They landed at Southampton Sunday, where they were provided with meals by the American Red Cross, which gave the visitors another meal on their arrival in London. The American Y. M. C. A. has reserved 1,000 beds for their use, and has arranged for restaurants to feed the men at reasonable prices.

The order permits 150 men to come daily, but the first quota was not filled, apparently because the order failed to reach all units.

Each man has an allowance of 60 cents a day for rations and lodging. Expenses to and from London are paid by the American Government, but expenses while traveling in the British Isles must be borne personally.

French War Cross for the 371st.

BREST, Jan. 27.—Vice Admiral Moreau, Maritime Prefect of Brest, today presented the Croix de Guerre to the 371st Regiment, United States Infantry, and also to several officers and men of the regiment. The regiment was cited in an army order for brilliant conduct in the face of the enemy.

WAR OBJECTORS FREED FROM LEAVENWORTH

Two for "Glory of God" Refuse to Go—Kansas House Denounces Baker.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Jan. 27.—The release of 113 conscientious objectors, discharged from the service by War Department orders, was begun at the disciplinary barracks at Fort Leavenworth this morning. Two, however, refused to leave, saying it was against their religious scruples, as it "would not be for the glory of God." Instructions have been asked from Washington in their cases.

The men were discharged in groups of ten and received the same mileage as that given to discharged combatants, to the point of their induction into the service. They also received a suit of civilian clothes, which few needed as none wore the army uniform while in the barracks. It was said some of the men had between $400 and $500 awaiting them in the form of back pay and allotments. Their homes are in all parts of the country.

The first few to sign their discharge papers, scratched out the line bearing the caption "signature of soldier," and substituted "child of God." Officers thereafter insisted that the "signature of soldier" line stand.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 27.—A resolution condemning the action of Secretary Baker in ordering the release of 113 conscientious objectors and demanding a congressional investigation as to "the delinquency of the War Department" was passed by the lower house of the Kansas Legislature.

The resolution branded the Secretary of War's action as "mischievous, unwise, unpatriotic, unAmerican and destructive of the morale of every person wearing the uniform of the United States army" and declared it "placed a premium on slackerism, cowardice and mawkish sentimentality."

Troops on the Minnekahda.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The War Department announced today that the transport Minnekahda, due at New York Feb. 1, was bringing home the Headquarters Company, Machine Gun Company, Supply Company, Medical Company, and Companies A, B, C, D, I, K, L, and M of the 329th Infantry, (83d Division, Ohio and West Virginia National Army). Through a typographical error the department announced Saturday that these units of 328th Infantry were aboard the Minnekahda. The 328th belongs to the 82d Division, and had not been placed on priority for convoy.

Oklahoma's Men Dance Farewell.

The officers and men of the Oklahoma, which is to sail this week from the North River to Southern waters, gave a farewell ball last night at Terrace Garden in East Fifty-eighth Street, near Lexington Avenue. There were more than 2,000 at the ball.

The large hall was decorated with novel electrical effects, and a feature of the evening was the releasing of hundreds of vari-colored balloons, stamped with the name of the ship, from the folds of huge flags draped across the ceiling.

Souvenirs were distributed to the guests, the women receiving slipper pin cushions and the men leather cigarette cases stamped with the ship's insignia.

"Acid-Mouth" has no warning taste

If "Acid-Mouth" burned like carbolic acid, you would know that a dangerous condition existed in your mouth.

But "Acid-Mouth" is a stealthy enemy of your teeth.

You have no inkling of its presence until a cavity is formed and the first stab of pain shoots through some tooth.

You should be constantly on your guard against "Acid-Mouth." It is believed to be the chief cause of tooth decay.

Pebeco Tooth Paste counteracts "Acid-Mouth," and whitens and polishes the teeth. It should be used regularly in every household.

Sold by druggists everywhere

Lehn & Fink

PEBECO TOOTH PASTE

Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N. Y.

PAWN TICKETS DIAMONDS JEWELRY BOUGHT
FORGOTSTON'S 503-5th AVE. N.E. COR. 42nd ST. TEL. 5331

Drink as much POSTUM as you care for.

Unlike coffee, which disagrees with many — you can drink as many cups of Postum as you care for with no fear of nervousness, sleeplessness or other annoyance to health, for Postum is pure and wholesome and contains no harmful element such as the drug "caffeine" in coffee.

Your grocer sells Postum.

INDESTRUCTO
SERVICE GUARANTEE
YOUR INDESTRUCTO REPAIRED OR REPLACED FREE FOR FIVE YEARS
LUGGAGE SHOPS
Inventory Sale

Leather Bags
Genuine leather covered. Sewn corners. New flat snap catches and "inside" locks, as illustrated. Were $11.00. Now... $7.50

Leather Suit Cases
Genuine Sole Leather case with Paragon steel frame. Hand sewn handle loops. A high class serviceable case. As illustrated. Were $18.00. NOW... $12.75

Wardrobe Trunks
Was $42.50. Now $27.50
Combination Ladies' and Men's Model, contains every feature of the highest priced models and many not found in any other make. Ten hangers complete with laundry bag, shoe pockets, removable hat box, &c.; cretonne lined.

Was $65. Now $48.75
Ladies' or Men's model, full size Indestructo. The strongest and most practical model made. Ladies' model has removable covered hat box. Both models have shoe pockets and many other exclusive Indestructo features.

INDESTRUCTO
LUGGAGE SHOPS
330 FIFTH AVE
Bet. 32d & 33d Sts.
BRANCHES AT
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EAST OF 5TH AV.
1347 BROADWAY
AT 36TH ST.

OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

Chicago Grand Opera.

On the wings of a westerly musical gale the Chicago Grand Opera Company—and Mary Garden—came to the Lexington Theatre last night. The same favoring breeze also brought Cleofonte Campanini, the director of the organization, and a conductor of prime artistic importance, one greatly admired in this opera-loving community. The first offering of the Chicago association was "Gismonda," by Victorien Sardou, music by Henri Fevrier, which was heard for the first time anywhere in Chicago last Jan. 14. The cast that then participated was the same as last night's.

Gismonda	Mary Garden
Almerio	Charles Fontaine
Zaccaria	Alfred Maguenat
Gregoras	Gustave Huberdeau
Sophron	Marcel Journet
Thisbe	Louise Berat
Agnello	Octave Dua
Simonetti	Lodovico Oliviero
Tiberio	Warren Proctor
Andriolt	Desire Defrere
Pasquale	Constantin Nicolay
Cypriella	Marie Pruzan
Leonarda	Frederica Downing
Donaata	Alma Peterson

Incidental Dances by Andreas Pavley, Serge Oukrainsky and Corps de Ballet.
Conductor—Cleofonte Campanini.

The opera was sung in French.

"Gismonda" is glorified melodrama. Like the Sardou plays written for the immortal Sarah Bernhardt, it is in the key of theatric exoticism. It is Sardoudledom in full flowering, and excellent material for a libretto. We saw Fanny Davenport and her husband, Melbourne MacDowell, in the piece more than two decades ago at the old Fifth Avenue Theatre. We recall the première, which occurred on a Saturday night, also the caustic criticism of the late Maurice Barrymore. He said that it was the Almerio who should have been thrown down the cistern to be devoured by the lion, thereby saving Miss Davenport the heavy expense of a divorce suit. Barrymore was an incorrigible critic of acting. Certainly he would not have said the same of last night's Almerio if he could have taken a furlough from the other world. Miss Davenport, who lacked the dramatic genius of her distinguished sire, E. L. Davenport, possessed the sumptuous sort of beauty that accords with the rather egregious character of the Duchess of Athens. It may be said that histrionically she would have been no match for Mary Garden.

The Story of the Opera.

The story of the opera is trite to the border of banality. The period is A. D. 1450. The child of the Duchess is pushed into the lion's abode by a designing scoundrel and rescued by a falconer, Almerio; the Duchess, who has sworn to marry the savior of her son, balks at the mesalliance involved, but, being temperamental, meets the base-born hero and spends a pleasant evening with him in his hut on the Hill of the Nymphs. George Meredith's theory of trial marriage practically solved to the sound of flutes, harps, and to pretty miming. The villain, Zuccaria, intervenes. He is killed by Gismonda. Then, in order to avoid further complications, a false accusation of murder hanging over the devoted head of Almerio, the enraptured Duchess swallows her snobbish pride, proclaims herself as the doer of the naughty deed, and weds Almerio—"He shall be the Duke of Athens and my husband before God!"—just as he was her lover before the evil one. A highly moral lady, this, and the wisdom sought to be inculcated is always give your son a stepfather that nobly stood the test. Curtain.

In three acts and four scenes "Gismonda" is presented as a lyric drama with the sometimes effective music of Fevrier, better known to us as the composer of "Monna Vanna." The first act on the Acropolis is slow, in spots even dull; the second contains the best writing of all three; Gismonda's soliloquy in the convent of Daphne and the duo with Almerio are the high lights in a clever score, though hardly an original one. The symbolical dances in Act III. are melodious and rhythmically arresting. The Russian dancers, Ludmilla, Keralli, Kowak, Kharkova, with Andreas Pavley and Serge Oukrainsky as principals, proved the most interesting episode of the evening. The grouping, costuming, lighting of this ballet were alike admirable. Some of the dancing was of the sort that Jules Bois has called "Choreographie viscérale."

M. Fevrier's Score Reminiscent.

That the score of M. Fevrier is reminiscent is only to state a truism; all modern French and Italian music bears the stencil of Wagner. Therefore we were not surprised to hear Fafner roar from the cistern where the lion must have cowered, or to have our ear drums pelted with the Valkyrs, or to swoon with the languorous measures of "Tristan." It all sounded familiar and it would have sounded more mellifluous if Maestro Campanini had gauged the brilliant acoustical quality of the theatre.

His orchestra was too loud throughout; hardly a pianissimo was heard except in the prelude to Act III., pretty bit that had to be repeated. Musically it is saccharine and wabbles finally to the intermezzo of the "Cavalleria Rusticana" with pizzicati accompaniment from the sextet in "Lucia." Nuance was lacking, and chiefly because the heavy brass choir was not kept down. Any one who remembers the interpretation of "Pelléas et Mélisande" by Campanini will not deny that he is a master of nuance.

The entire performance was keyed up above concert pitch, unescapable on a first night like this. Otherwise, the conductor had full control of his forces on the stage and in the orchestra, and the climaxes were never missing. With Miss Garden and the composer, Mr. Campanini was called before the curtain, and there was no mistaking the welcome tendered him.

Mary Garden Charming.

Of Mary Garden it is always the correct thing to say that she is charming. True. Charming, and also many more qualities she boasts. She is exquisite, and she is a great dramatic artist. But her voice is a sonorous mirage. The lower register is still rich, sombre in coloring, thrilling when she wills. The gift of temperamental ecstasy is hers, though the character she painted so subtly is hardly worth the powder and shot to blow it sky-high. A sensual prowling panther notwithstanding the al fresco exhibition of mother-love in Act I.

The panther glides from its midnight jungle to meet its mate, and then Miss Garden's magic began to operate. Her soliloquy was the finest bit of psychology expressed in voice, mimique, and with the entire arsenal of her personal beauty that we have seen on any single dramatic or lyric, for years. She needs a more intimate atmosphere than this huge auditorium. Some of her more delicate strokes vanished a few feet from the footlights. But her diction, her phrasing, her general grasp of the rôle—into which she has only had a few weeks to work were most impressive. She has distinction in every pose, distinction in the carriage of her head and arch of the neck.

Her cadenced step in the first scene was replaced by rhythmic movements in the second act that revealed her glowing inner life. She was all flame and gold—except when she sang above the staff. Even then she infuses it with a characteristic timbre. A singing actress. She is much thinner than last year. (Sound the anti-fat motive as warning!) That she was gowned beautifully is it necessary to add? Her triumph was indisputable. People like Mary Garden because she has that rarest of artistic virtues—personality.

Charles Fontaine Makes His Debut.

Charles Fontaine, who made his début, is a French tenor with all the excellencies and shortcomings of his school. He is a big virile chap and has a voice that roars and vibrates and tremolos. He sings flat or sharp at discretion. Whoever placed his voice placed it below the chest and above the nose-bridge. He made at times most extraordinary sounds; yet he pleased. The reason for his reckless production in the duo of Act II. may be set down to nervousness. New York musical audiences, cordial as they are, have such a terrifying reputation, that like the famous John L. Sullivan, they have their adversary whipped before he puts up his fists—or opens his throat.

We refuse to believe that after all the good things we have heard of this young man with the powerful vocal organ, that he cannot give us more plangent singing. He seldom sang legato, and when he wasn't explosive he was almost inaudible. Little wonder. He hardly had breath left to sing "Je vous aime" after such prodigal outpourings. We await a more favorable opportunity to judge him. He has the stuff, and a temperament that nearly swallowed little Mary, body and bones. An actor he is, but—values, values, values! He, too, received a hearty greeting.

The other rôles were well distributed. It was pleasant to welcome an old and tried artist like Marcel Journet and to note that Alfred Maguenat and Gustave Huberdeau—also no stranger—may be counted upon in the future. Altogether an auspicious opening of the Chicago Opera season, and we hope that we are to hear such masterpieces as "Louise" and "Pelleas and Melisande." And Mary Garden.

SOCIETY IN BRILLIANT ARRAY.

Pink the Ruling Color in Costumes —Chicago Represented.

Society was largely represented last night at the opening of the Chicago opera season. The assembly, which packed the Lexington Theatre, was much more brilliant in costumes in comparison with last season, when war cast its gloom. A welcome transformation made by the opera management in the matter of lighting was the soft pink indirect glow in the boxes.

Pink, in varying shades, seemed to be the predominating note in color, in the costuming, splashed with green. There were new faces in the boxes, for quite a colony of Chicago society folk attended the premiere.

People came early, and the stalls and boxes were filled when the curtain rose on the colorful scene of the Acropolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Kahn were in their box before Miss Garden made her first entrance, also Clarence H. Mackay and his two daughters, the Misses Katherine and Ellin Mackay. Mme. Alda watched the performance from the second tier of boxes, and nearby was Frieda Hempel, who is now Mrs. William Kahn; Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. H. McK. Twombly, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Miss Miriam Harriman, Cortlandt Field Bishop, Mrs. Herbert Shipman, Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Hastings, Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, and Mrs. Hamilton Wilkes Carey were in the boxes.

Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. C. H. Truax, Mrs. Henry Devereaux Whiton, Mrs. Edward B. Close, Mrs. Albert Cornell, Mrs. C. P. H. Gilbert, Mrs. E. R. Campbell, Mrs. Anderson T. Herd, Mrs. James McLean, Mrs. Newbold Morris, Mrs E. Parmelee Prentice, and Mrs. Alexander M. Tiers were among those who have boxes for the season. Harold F. McCormick, President of the Chicago Opera Association, and Mrs. McCormick entertained in their box.

Other boxholders included Mr. and Mrs. William Wade Hinshaw, Mr. and Mrs. Aaron W. Bastedo, J. B. Cobb, Manton B. Metcalf, Max Pam, Vice President of the association; I. M. Stettenheim, Cleofonte Campanini, and F. W. Woolworth.

FLAG LOWERED BY ERROR.

Niblack Reports on Italian Treatment of American Emblem.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Rear Admiral Niblack, commanding American naval forces in the Adriatic, informed the Navy Department today that the action of the Italian authorities in hauling down the American flag on the steamer Dinara at the port of Jaissa on Jan. 16 was due to a misunderstanding and that the Italian commander had apologized and ordered the flag restored. His message revealed that the interallied as well as the American flag had been lowered.

"The Italian Government," said Admiral Niblack's dispatch, "has been authorized by the Adriatic Naval Committee to requisition all Austro-Hungarian merchant vessels to be controlled by the Allied Maritime Council. The refusal of some of the crew on particular ships to go to sea under the Italian flag is attributed to ill feeling toward the Italian people.

"The Naval Committee has adopted another plan to guarantee that the ships go into service, numbering six in all, three of which were requisitioned by the United States, to fly the United States flag at the main and the interallied flags aft. Similar treatment will be accorded the other three ships to be requisitioned by the British. Naval representatives have given written permits to each ship to proceed to sea.

"The Italian authorities had not been advised on the decision of the Naval Committee in connection with the steamship Dinara. The United States and allied flags were hauled down by the Italian senior officer and the Italian colors hoisted, the ship not being seized. After the matter was referred to the Italian senior officer and he stated that the act was done through ignorance, and after expressing regret, the United States and allied flags were again hoisted."

Bill in to Bar Berger.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—A bill designed to prevent Victor Berger of Milwaukee, Representative-elect from Wisconsin, from being seated as a member of the House, was introduced today by Representative Clark of Florida, Democrat, and referred to the House Judiciary Committee. Berger recently was convicted of violation of the Espionage act.

Nance O'Neil Acts at the Palace.

Nance O'Neil, making her first appearance on the local stage since "The Wanderer," is at the Palace Theatre this week in "The Common Standard," an interesting one-act play of anonymous authorship which gives its star the opportunity for varied acting. Alfred Hickman and Dodson Mitchell appear with her.

The new bill at the Palace also includes such well-known entertainers as Belle Baker, Trixie Friganza, the Morgan dancers, and Frisco. Frances Kennedy sings, and Harry Langdon and Felix Bernard and Jack Duffy are among others who appear.

Caruso in "La Forza del Destino."

Five of the Metropolitan season's recent novelties, as well as two revivals from last year, are in the current week's gala bills on Broadway, where last evening Caruso appeared again in Verdi's "La Forza del Destino," with Miss Ponselle, Mr. De Luca, and others of Mr. Gatti's original cast. Though it was the opera's fifth performance, the Metropolitan was filled to the limit, and the standees' line before the performance began reached around the house to Seventh Avenue.

MUSIC NOTES.

Magdeleine Brard, the young French pianist who was to have made her debut yesterday in Aeolian Hall, will appear instead next Tuesday, Feb. 4.

Leopold Auer is ill with an attack of pleurisy and has postponed his recital of Beethoven's violin sonatas this evening at Aeolian Hall.

Anna Bussert, who was in the last "Robin Hood" revival, alternating with Bessie Abbott as Maid Marian, will sing that role again at the Park next Monday.

Geraldine Farrar will appear Thursday afternoon, instead of today, in a special matinee of "Madame Butterfly" at the Metropolitan.

DRAMA

By John Corbin

A Corneille Comedy.

LE MENTEUR, a farce by Pierre Corneille, at the Theatre du Vieux Colombier.

GorQato	Robert Bogaert
Dorante	Henri Dhurtal
Alcippe	Marcel Millet
Philiste	Jean Sarment
Clarice	Lucienne Bogaert
Lucrece	Mme. Bresange
Isabelle	Jane Lory
Sabine	Renee Bouquet
Cliton	Romain Bouquet
Lycas	Henry Bart

In his offering for the present week M. Copeau presents the great Corneille in the less familiar side, which is to say the comedy side, of his art. "Le Menteur," like "Le Cid," derives from the Spanish, being imitated (and, indeed, very largely appropriated) from Lope de Vega. And, like "Le Cid," it is none the worse for that. In fact, it is probably the best of the Corneille comedies. Capably produced and acted, it interested last night's audience throughout, and though nobody's sides were endangered from laughing, it proved genially and abundantly amusing.

The liar has long been a favorite figure on the stage and has ranged from the swashbuckling, vainglorious Gascon of romantic comedy to the furtive and terror-stricken husband of the modern farce of amorous escapade. Corneille's hero leans toward the romantic type.

An innocent youth, just returned from the university to Paris, and standing much in awe of the fashionable great world, Dorante clothes his ignorance and timidity in tale after tale as to his achievements, involving a perfectly simple situation in ever deepening mists of mendacity. He lies glibly, delightedly, gloriously, and with a wealth of picturesque detail that inspires his valet with awe and wonder—and sometimes even commands his belief. Finally, having lied himself into disgrace with one and all, he turns to and lies himself out, thus affording the play a happy end. The moral is delivered by the valet. Lying is a dangerous and difficult art, and if you would succeed at it you must model yourself on Dorante!

The performance of Henri Dhurtal in the title part is more remarkable for abounding physical vitality and fluent gesture than for psychology. It fills the eye but rarely illumines the mind. Romain Bouquet, who plays his valet, has a greater measure of comic inspiration. As the true character of his young master dawns upon him and develops before his eyes, his wonder, admiration, and delight are evinced with strokes of miming as subtle as they are laughable.

Robert Bogaert is Dorante's perplexed father. Lucienne Bogaert and Mme. Bresagne present the two young ladies to whom he pays his equivocal addresses, and Renée Bouquet is the clever and pretty maid who furthers the romance.

Tinoco Fears Revolt in Costa Rica.

MANAGUA, Jan. 27.—Travelers arriving from Costa Rica report that the Tinoco Government has a large number of men under arms and that a very strict censorship is being enforced. Personal baggage is searched, and there is a great delay in the transmission of telegrams from Costa Rica. The travelers say that President Tinoco evidently fears an invasion of Costa Rica by Costa Ricans driven from the country when he gained control there.

BUYS MOORE ORIENTAL ART.

Brooklyn Museum Pays $2,450 for Jadeite Vase—Returns, $32,480.

Returns for the first day of the sale of the Rufus E. Moore rare Oriental art treasures were $32,480. The Brooklyn Museum was one of the purchasers, paying $2,450 for a large imperial green and white jadeite vase, 11¼ inches high, with dome cover and bird upon the top. Around the body of the vase was encircled with an archaic dragon motif band, and the cover with a band of palm leaves. The conventionalized dragon handles supported each a loose ring, and the vase was cut from one block of the jadeite. A. Augustus Healy, President of the Museum, made several purchases.

H. J. Barrett paid $2,000 for a white jade tripod censor and cover, and William Richmond gave $700 for a carving of red and white cornelian.

A hanging vase, with a tall and heavy handle, supporting the vase from side loop handles, with a cover attached to the large handle by a seven-loop chain, all carved from one block of the purest pork-fat white jadite, went to H. Grimes for $3,000. This is said to be the largest and finest specimen of its kind. It is set in an elaborately carved teak wood frame. A beautiful green jade brush holder, 5⅞ inches high, and 7⅝ inches in diameter, beautifully carved in high relief and undercut from one block of moss-green translucent jade, went to F. J. Pope for $3,300, the highest price of the afternoon.

A large low white jade dish on four short feet with heavy handles, in the centre a branch of peaches and leaves and a bat cut in high relief, the outside carved in low relief, said to be the finest speciment of jade from the Prince Kung collection, went to H. Grimes for $1,200. A magnificent vase of flawless crystal, 15 inches high, with cover, with vigorously sculptured designs in high relief and undercut carving, went to F. J. Pope for $1,300. One of the mipортant pieces of the sale, a French altar tabernacle of solid silver with columns and windows of rock crystal with intaglio carving, made for a relic of the Blessed Virgin, went to Seaman, agent, for $1,100.

Blue and white porcelains and old Chinese bronzes will be sold this afternoon.

LOUIS XVI. SET, $23,500.

Furniture Brings Top Price at Sale of Allen Art Collection.

In the sale of the collection of objects of art for the account of A. Mitchell Palmer, Allen Property Custodian, at the Anderson Galleries yesterday afternoon, the Metropolitan Museum of Art was a purchaser, paying $470 for a last of the 18th century bust of terra cotta, a young man, life size, showing the influence of Houdon. The big price of the day was paid for a Louis XVI. set of furniture, eight pieces, the silk covering embroidered after designs by Philip Lascelle, which went to Max Bruell for $23,500. Three long draperies of the embroidered silk were included.

F. L. Wagner paid $600 for a fifteenth century Florentine stucco relief, the Madonna and Child, in the style of the Della Robbias; a pair of late seventeenth century walnut stands went to J. E. Brown for $525; a Florentine walnut cassone, second half of the fifteenth century, to F. L. Warburg for $1,400; a set of six English middle eighteenth century Chippendale chairs went to Ginsburg Levy for $1,000; a gilt-bronze mantel clock, Louis XVI., went to S. J. Bloomingdale for $430; P. W. French & Co. paid $1,550 for a rosewood table of the Louis XV. period, inlaid, with leather top; a rosewood and gilt bronze table, leather top Louis XV. went to M. Magnus for $2,600.

The total for the sale, 64 numbers, was $43,752.

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Resinol Soap keeps the skin clear and healthy, and makes a fine hair wash for the youngsters. At all druggists.

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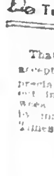

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TRADE ACCEPTANCES.
That the importance of trade and bank acceptances is being more widely appreciated in the United States is pointed out in an article in The Annalist this week. On news stands, 10c—$4.00 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times Company.—Advt.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'WAY and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. AL JOLSON And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD 43rd Week in New York.

CENTURY GROVE—Roof of Century Theatre NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL —AT 11:30— A SENSATION! Phone Col. 8800.

MANHATTAN Opera Ho., 34th, W. B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. MARJORIE RAMBEAU In Her Favorite Role EYES OF YOUTH 25c. to $1.50. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

SELWYN THEATRE 42nd St., West of Broadway. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:30. Jane Cowl IN The Crowded Hour
SELWYN Feb. 2nd Seats Now 50c to $1.50 Clef Club Arabian Nights "Saxaphony" "Banjorama" "Songfest" "Jazzdad" Mecca of Sunday Night Concert Goers

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way. THE COMEDY HIT Tea for 3 Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:30.

SHUBERT West 44th Street. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. LAST WEEK BETROTHAL By MAETERLINCK, author of "Blue Bird."

COMEDY THEATRE, 41st St. East of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. The First Play to Put "Punch" Into the American Drama. THE CLIMAX WITH ELEANOR PAINTER EDWARD LOCKE'S COMEDY "A play that no lover of the theatre can afford to miss." Charles Darnton, Eve. World THE CRITICS RAVE OVER IT

BROADHURST THEA., 44th St. West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15. RIOTOUS MUSICAL COMEDY Melting of Molly REAL STORY and JAZZY GIRLS GALORE "Oodles of laughter."—Alan Dale

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. WILLIAM Courtenay AND TOM Wise In Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit CAPPY RICKS

WILLIAM COLLIER LONGACRE W. 48th St. Eve. 8:30. in "NOTHING BUT LIES" LAST 7 TIMES. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:15. "ADORABLE."—Mail. EAST IS WEST A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30 A. E. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST. SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS Tonight, Wed. & Sat. at 8:15 FRA DIAVOLO Thurs. Night, 8:15 and Sat. Mat. (Pop. request) MIKADO Friday Night at 8:15 MME. BUTTERFLY FEB. 3—ROBIN HOOD—ALL-STAR REVIVAL.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way & 97th St. Oscar Wilde's Masterpiece An Ideal Husband Mat. To-day. Best seats 50c.

VANDERBILT Theatre, 48th, E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30 Rachel Crothers' Comedy A LITTLE JOURNEY with Estelle Winwood and Cyril Keightley. BUZZING WITH FUN & EXCITEMENT

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. 3 MATINEES THIS WEEK: Tomorrow, Thursday and Saturday. ALICE BRADY Personally in FOREVER AFTER

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. MARY NASH IN THE BIG CHANCE

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w and Sat., 2:30. WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE, FRIDAY AFT. at 2:30, & SAT., 10:30 A. M. WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET "Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

PRINCESS Matinees Tomorrow & Saturday. Evenings at 8:30. Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. OH, MY DEAR! "BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. The Laugh Play. Keep IT TO Yourself "The audience shrieks with delight."—Charles Darnton, Eve. World.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits New Musical Play—The 100% Cast "SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART" CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.

LYRIC 42nd St., West of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w and Sat., 2:30. THE SEASON'S HIT With RICHARD BENNETT 5TH BIG MONTH Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers UNKNOWN PURPLE

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Tom'w and Sat., 2:15. Eve. 8:15. NORA BAYES LADIES FIRST

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eve. at 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners with IRENE BORDONI

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Thurs. Sat. 2:15 THIS WEEK LE MENTEUR Seats 50c to $3. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. SMARTEST MUSICAL SHOW IN TOWN LITTLE SIMPLICITY With the Prettiest Girls in the World.

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125th St. Eve. 25c to $1 Mat. Today. 25c & 50c. "BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE"

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. William Gillette "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY" —Herald. Dear Brutus "To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve Sun.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN IN HIS GREATEST TRIUMPH "THE MARQUIS DE PRIOLA"

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Eve. 8:15 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15. If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long-Legs," you'll love PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE BEGINNING TUES., FEB. 4—Seats Thurs. MRS. FISKE in "MIS' NELLY OF N'ORLEANS."

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Pop. Price Mt. Tm'w, 2:30 Most Fascinating Play Ever Written THREE FACES EAST Hundreds turned away at every performance.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS DADDIES

PUNCH & JUDY 49th. E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Thurs., Fri., Sat. 2:30 STUART WALKER'S SEASON Tel. Cir. 1360. LAST WEEK of LORD DUNSANY'S THE LAUGHTER OF THE GODS

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42d St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. The New Sensation of Psychic Mystery! THE INVISIBLE FOE TREMENDOUS HIT! "Not a war play."

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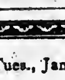


"THE CANARY" It's a Bird JULIA SANDERSON JOSEPH CAWTHORN Sam Hardy, Doyle & Dixon, Maude Eburne GLOBE—200 First Balc. SEATS $1.50

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eve. 8:15. MATINEES TOM'W and SAT., 2:15. LAST 7 TIMES BEST MUSICAL COMEDY OF THE SEASON KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF LAUGHTER AND MELODY THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN NEXT MON. SEATS THURS. KLAW & ERLANGER introduce The VELVET LADY A HILARIOUS MUSICAL COMEDY

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic Two Entirely Different Shows.

LIGHTNIN Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Friday and Saturday 2:30 GAIETY, B'way & 46 St. AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT 3 Wise Fools Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way and 42d Street. Bryant 392. Evgs. 8:20. Matinees Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. "A PRINCE THERE WAS" GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY LISTEN LESTER! "Lots of pretty girls and songs and nothing about the war."—Sun.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

CORT West 48th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20. "'Ullo! 'ere's a 'ole" The Better 'Ole With MR. and MRS. COBURN

STANDARD B'way, 90 St. Eve. 25c to $1. Mats. Today & Thurs., 25-50c. COME OUT OF THE KITCHEN

Tues., Jan. 28th, at 3 P. M. RECITAL by the Composer-Pianist Charles Gilbert Spross assisted by Louise Hubbard, Soprano and the DUO-ART PIANO Admission without charge AEOLIAN HALL 29 West 42nd Street Fourth Floor

"STANDARD FOR FORTY YEARS" McBride's THEATRE TICKET OFFICES UPTOWN 1497 Broadway DOWNTOWN 71 Broadway

PRINCESS West 39th. Tues., Feb. 4, at 3. Tickets $2 and $1 at Box Office. MISS SYDNEY THOMPSON Original Comedies—Old Ballads in Costume and "Agnes Sorel," a tale of France.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Twice Daily. Pop. Prices ROSELAND GIRLS with SOLLY WARD.

AMUSEMENTS.

Lexington THEATRE 51st St. & Lex. Ave. Phone Plaza 4024. CHICAGO OPERA ASS'N GRAND OPERA
To-night at 8, "Romeo and Juliet." Yvonne Gall, O'Sullivan, Bouilliez. Cond. Charlier.
Wed., "Madam Butterfly." Tamaki Miura, Lamont, Pavloska, Bouilliez. Cond. Polacco.
Thurs., "Monna Vanna." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Charlier.
Fri., "Le Chemineau (First Time in N. Y.) Gall, Maguenat, Baklanoff, Huberdeau. Cond. Hasselmans.
Sat. Mat., "Thais." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Campanini.
Sat. Night (Popular Prices), "Tales of Hoffmann." Macbeth, Namara, Sharlow, Fontaine, Maguenat. Cond. Charlier.
Mon., Feb. 3, "Isabeau." Fitziu, Lamont, Baklanoff. Cond. Sturani.
Tues., "Linda di Chamounix." Galli-Curci, Lamont, Stracciari. Cd. Sturani.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Wed. at 8:15, Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle, Delaunois; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky.
MAT. THURS. at 2 instead of Today. BUTTERFLY Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Cd. Moranzoni. Tickets purchased for Today, good on Thurs.
Thurs. at 8, Samson et Dalila. Matzenauer; Caruso; Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
Fri. at 8, Barbiere di Siviglia. Hempel; Hackett (debut), De Luca, Mardones, Malatesta. Cond., Papi.
Sat. Mat., at 2, "Tabarro" — "Angelica" — "Schicchi." Farrar, Muzio, Ellis; Crimi, De Luca, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. at 8, (75c to $3,) double bill. L'Oracolo. Sundelius, Braslau; Althouse, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison, Sparkes; Diaz, Didur.—Galli; Bolm. Cond., Monteux.
Next Mon. at 8. La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Tonight at 8:15, Crispino e la Comare. Hempel, Braslau; Scotti, Chalmers, Segurola. Cond., Papi.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AMY GRANT'S OPERA RECITALS, HOTEL PLAZA TUESDAYS AT 3:30. JAN 28, MIREILLE—Jewels of the Madonna. M. Terriberry, Sec., 78 W. 55th St. Cir. 457.

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Carnegie Hall Thurs. Aft., Jan. 30 Sat. Evng., Feb'y 1 Soloist TOSCHA SEIDEL DE SABATA, MENDELSSOHN, WAGNER.
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Afternoon, Feb'y 1. SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR YOUNG PEOPLE. WALTER DAMROSCH......Conductor Soloist RAOUL VIDAS Tickets at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK JOSEF STRANSKY..........Conductor CARNEGIE HALL. Next Thurs. Eve., 8:30. Next Fri. Aft., 2:30. HAROLD BAUER First part All BACH. Saint Goldmark "Requiem" (MS. performance. Mr. Bauer plays Tchaikovsky's Concerto No. 1 for the first time in New York. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

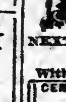
Carnegie Hall Tonight at 8:15 & Tomorrow (Wed.) Afternoon at 3. RUSSIAN SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF N. Y. MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor RACHMANINOFF in his new Piano Concerto: Orchestral numbers by Stravinsky, Scriabine, Rimsky-Korsakoff. Seats 50c to $2. Mgt. Daniel Mayer. Stieff Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Jan'y 29, 8:15 P. M. GODOWSKY (Knabe Piano) Seats 50c and $1.00 at Box Office and Humanitarian Cult, 266 West End Av.

AEOLIAN—THIS AFTERNOON AT 3. SAMUEL GARDNER Second Violin Recital Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Baldwin Piano.

Carnegie Hall, Wed. Eve., Feb. 5, 8:15 CONCERT—Auspices French High Commission SOCIETE des INSTRUMENTS ANCIENS Direction French-Amer'n Ass'n for Musical Art Seats 50c to $2. Now on Sale.

AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. EVE., FEB. 4, AT 8:15, Piano Recital by MLLE. MAGDELEINE BRARD Seats 50c to $2. Now on Sale.



EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome Matinee Today, Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Evgs. at 8:15
NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT, 8:15—Seats Now. CAMPANINI CONCERT With Chicago Opera Artists and Orch.

CENTURY Thea., Fri. Eve., Jan. 31, at 8:30 RETURN APPEARANCE OF CAPT. CARPENTER, V. C. of H. M. S. "VINDICTIVE" WILL REPEAT His Famous Illustrated Lecture on THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE Auspices British-American War Relief. Only tickets left $1.00 & 50c. Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42d St.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. Mat. Daily 25c-$1 BELLE BAKER NANCE O'NEIL TRIXIE FRIGANZA FRISCO, Others, and THE GREATER MORGAN DANCERS
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE Broadway and 96th St. ALL STAR BILL RUTH ST. DENIS ADELE ROWLAND, AVON COMEDY 4, EDDIE LEONARD & CO. JIMMY HUSSEY, OTHERS.

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OPERA TICKETS Subscriptions bought, sold and exchanged. JACOBS TICKET OFFICE, Normandie Hotel, B'way, Cor. 38 St. PHONES GREELEY 4189, 4190, 6442.
OPERA TICKETS Seats for Oberon, Wed., & Caruso in Samson et Dalila. All operas. Subscriptions bought, sold. 1432 B'way (40-41 St.) Phones Bryant 7877-7878.

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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THE COVENANT OF PEACE.

The world will have full knowledge of the constitution of the League of Nations only when the Peace Conference shall have come to an agreement, shall have adopted it and given it to the public in the final form. From Paris dispatches and other sources much information, however, is already available. Great Britain and the United States, it is declared, have already come to an agreement about the organization. It is practically certain that the proposal of a sort of super-sovereignty has been abandoned. There will be no parliament of nations vested with power to impose its laws and decrees upon members of the League. Neither will the League maintain a large military and naval force to execute its decrees and bring offending nations to terms. No member nation will be obligated to make war upon any other nation or to furnish troops for such a war. It is our belief that the representatives of no important nation at Paris have advocated the adoption of either of these features. They have been the chief target of critics of the League of Nations project; criticisms should be silenced by their disappearance from the field of discussion.

It is our understanding that the League will be, first of all, a covenant between the member nations not to go to war until the cause of dispute has been submitted to arbitration or to the Conference created by the League States; nor until the Conference has made its report and decision. We do not see how any Senator of the United States can quarrel with the League of Nations whose basic principle is already embodied in treaties of arbitration now in force between this country and more than a score of other nations. The successful negotiation of these treaties was due largely to the untiring labors of Mr. BRYAN, although the principle had received wide approval prior to his official relation to the matter. Between Aug. 7, 1913, and Sept. 15, 1914, Mr. BRYAN signed treaties with twenty-six important nations, including Great Britain, France, Italy, China, and many South American States. In these treaties provision is made for an International Commission composed of five members. We quote here the substantive provisions of the Arbitration Treaties:

> Article I.—The High Contracting Parties agree that all disputes between them, of every nature whatsoever, to the settlement of which previous arbitration treaties or agreements do not apply in their terms or are not applied in fact, shall, when diplomatic methods of adjustment have failed, be referred for investigation and report to a permanent International Commission, to be constituted in the manner prescribed in the next succeeding article; and they agree not to declare war or begin hostilities during such investigation and before the report is submitted.
>
> Article III.—In case the High Contracting Parties shall have failed to adjust a dispute by diplomatic methods, they shall at once refer it to the International Commission for investigation and report. The International Commission may, however, spontaneously offer its services to that effect, and in such case it shall notify both Governments and request their co-operation in the investigation.

The assurance of peace here, as it will be in the League of Nations, is that submission to arbitration, to the findings of an International Conference or Commission, necessarily involving a delay of many months or a full year, will have a powerful, usually an effective, tendency to prevent war. It may be said that it is an imperfect guarantee. That is true of any contract, for all covenants may be broken. But the incentive to compliance and good faith, the penalties certain to be visited upon transgressors, are immeasurably greater than they could have been imagined to be at the time these Arbitration Treaties were signed. The penalty for violation is so terrible that we may fairly call it compelling to peace. Germany made a "scrap of paper" of the treaty in which she gave her joint guarantee of the inviolability of Belgian territory. Is there any nation on earth that would venture to bring down upon itself the awful punishment inflicted upon Germany for her breach of faith? By that act and other acts of like perfidy she became an outlaw among nations, and the nations rose against her to destroy her military might and punish her. They did what they set out to do in a manner no German will ever forget.

Crimes not conceivable cannot be said to constitute a public danger. It is not conceivable that any nation a member of the League will have the hardihood, will be insane enough, to enter upon the path which Germany followed to her destruction. No dynastic ambition, no land hunger, no imaginable dream of territorial, political or economic expansion would prompt any Government of reasonable men, any God-fearing people, to violate this pledge to refrain from making war until its cause of quarrel had been submitted to impartial arbitrators. That could not have been said in the past. It can be said now because the war has created a new spirit among nations. That is the world's compensation for the war, for if it had not raised up the new spirit, if it had left the old arrogance unchastised, if it had not made every nation feel that it was in a sense its brother nation's keeper, the war would have been an unmixed evil, a calamity without any balance of advantage. The new spirit is, in its essence, a more profound sense of justice, of respect for law and for the public opinion of the civilized world. That is the great sanction behind the League of Nations. Beyond all doubt it will be powerful enough to make war vastly less probable, practically to guarantee peace to the world. There are other sanctions, other powers, too, for it is contemplated that the League shall use the practically irresistible weapon of decrees of non-intercourse against offending nations, and that in the last extremity military force may be employed. We may be sure that for their own safety and the sanctity of the covenant great nations abundantly able to undertake that work of compulsion would willingly contribute ships, men, and munitions for its performance. The League of Nations project has now taken form and has reached a stage of advancement where criticism should give way to advocacy and helpful suggestion.

OLD FRIENDS.

Does Senator PENROSE, who palliates his "reactionary" qualities and practices by a great ability and experience and a considerable sense of humor, when he isn't making set regular Republican speeches, repeat "Woodman, spare that tree!" as the accomplished Forester who was a candidate against him in 1914 swings the axe and seeks to clear the Senate Committee on Finance of that old gnarled root of hunkerism? At any rate, it is a happiness to see the Forester emerge from the woods. He had not been heard of for some time. 'Twas feared that he was lost.

That BOIES PENROSE is more incorrigibly a son of Belial than any other Old Guard Republican; that a tariff bill which he might have a finger in would be higher and wickeder than any other disciple of the heaven-high protection school would brew; that BOIES PENROSE is by right of succession heir of all the iniquities of Uncle JOE CANNON, and that Progressive babies are now scared to sleep by the mention of the dire Pennsylvanian, as formerly by that of the dire Danville name—these are facts, suppositions, legends, superstitions, according to the taste and fancy and shade of politics of the infidel or believer therein.

Still, as the returning Forester winds his silver horn and blows "The Hunting of the Penrose," those of us who halloo for the huntsman and those who commiserate his quarry may meet in the unity of one noble thought. Our Washington dispatches enumerate Mr. PENROSE among the Republican Elder Statesmen who think that Mr. MANN shouldn't be the Speaker of the next House. If, for the good of the party, Mr. MANN is to make the great renunciation, why shouldn't Mr. PENROSE be called upon to consent to martyrdom and give up the Chairmanship of the Senate Finance Committee in the next Congress? The voices to persuade him must come, however, from the Republican citadel, not from the greenwood tree.

ARMIES OF OCCUPATION.

When the United States entered the war an obligation was assumed to play the game to the end, to use a homely phrase. No patriotic American would have it otherwise. After victory was won in the field it would become necessary to enforce the armistice terms, and later to make sure that the peace conditions were not evaded by the forces which the enemy still had at his disposal and within call. Until he proved his good faith by his works it would not be the part of wisdom to withdraw all the allied troops from his territory.

Germany is the enemy to be watched and suspected, and, judged by her "bad eminence" in the war until her armies were outfought and beaten, she cannot be trusted now. This should be clear to thoughtful Americans, and pride in their army should restrain them from demanding that every unit be brought home without regard to the performance of a manifest duty. A day or two ago Representative GARLAND of Pennsylvania introduced a resolution providing for "the return of the soldiers by every "transportation facility that can be "made available." In his remarks upon the resolution Mr. GARLAND said: "There is nothing around them but "rain and tombstones and ruin. There "are plenty of French and British "there to police the country." It may be unpleasant for American units to remain "over there" and help to wind up the war, but perhaps it is even less congenial to the French and British, who had more than four years of it. If we took a hand in the struggle solely to save them, Mr. GARLAND's resolution might have the color of reason, but there was a good deal of self-interest in our participation. Then we should shirk none of the consequences. Of course, we shall do nothing of the kind. Allies once, allies to the end of the ordeal!

Most of our troops will be brought home; those remaining to share the vigil of our allies will obey orders like the good soldiers they are. Otherwise one might despair of the loyalty and steadiness of a democratic army. In a few days, or very soon, the Peace Conference will probably report upon this subject. Anticipating the views of its own Commissioners, Sir DOUGLAS HAIG, Sir ERIC GEDDES, and General HENRY H. WILSON, about the British contribution, the British War Office has issued a preliminary statement about the responsibility of the Government. It says:

> The task to be undertaken is the formation and maintenance of armies of occupation of moderate size, compared with what we now have, but of the highest discipline and efficiency, which will discharge our duty and safeguard British interests during the period which must elapse before the ordinary peace-time volunteer army can be created. The pay of the armies must be substantially advanced, while the present armies will continue to be demobilised as quickly as possible.

In another paragraph it is stated that "the United States, France, and "Italy will act with her [Great Brit-"ain] in maintaining the common in-"terests and securing the advantages "gained together." This policy has, of course, been decided on by the Governments of the Allies. It may be supposed that the American force will consist in part of regulars who enlisted before the United States entered the war and whose terms will not soon expire. In the selection of additions to this nucleus the War Department is likely to turn to units that have never been on the firing line and suffered casualties in battle. If Great Britain can increase the pay of her soldiers in the army of occupation the United States can afford to do the same. It should not be difficult to fill the ranks with officers and men willing to serve for the "emergency" contemplated by the Selective Service act.

LOWER LIVING COSTS.

THE ANNALIST's index number of the food cost of living for last week fell below the average of the year thus far, but still remains above that for any other war year. Index numbers are interesting because they are beyond control, and are neither bought nor sold. The same reasons which make them interesting to consumers make them uninteresting to those market operators who pay more attention to securities than to commodities. THE ANNALIST's food index number is calculated from the prices of twenty-five commodities representative of a family's consumption. As yet these twenty-five commodities are not all cheaper to the family buyer, but they cannot fall in the index number without first falling in the open market, and finally in the retailers' shops.

Nothing will help this along so well as close buying, and continuance of that thrift which finally has piled up supplies so that the home market is overstocked. Prices have not begun to fall because the demand is less, for the world is still short of the good things of life. The demand is not absolutely less, but it is less in proportion to the supplies which will be taken at the prohibitive price level. There is not too much food, but there is more than will be bought at the level prevailing before last week, and holders are seeking buyers.

The chief cause is the armistice. It has not produced food for the destitute, but it has altered the conditions under which they have been fed by charity. Last year we exported two billion dollars' worth of food, four times the pre-war average, and double any war year. It was not possible to take such quantities out of our supplies without reducing them. And since many of the purchases were made with foreign tax funds, the prices rose even more than the quantities taken might have raised them if the food had been bought economically, with reference to profit and loss. The armistice operated to release foreign hoards, released shipping for carriage of surplus supplies to where deficiencies existed, and lessened the demands for the support of our armies in proportion that they are brought back home.

It will be months yet before there can be new foreign harvests, but anticipation of them will depress prices before they can be garnered. It is sure that the cost of living will fall further, for the world cannot support from industry the prices caused by the recklessness of cost resulting from war and famine. The world's present accessible excess is here, and from now on less of it will be given away, and more of it will be bought with reference to payment by those who eat it. But the decline now begun should not excuse extravagance or waste, nor is it likely to. There is a fall in war wages as well as in food cost, and both falls will proceed together in rough relation to each other, slowly but persistently through the months until normal relations are restored.

DEMOCRACY LIMITED.

At first one might suppose that the militant suffragists have suffered a sad relapse from immutable principle in the interest of momentary expediency. Having failed to annoy the President into forcing the passage of the Federal woman suffrage amendment, they now appeal to the people; those ladies who suffered for their convictions in Occoquan Jail are to tour the country on a train known to the profane as the Prison Special, to the elect as the Democracy Limited, "to make it clear to the people that "the Administration is responsible for "the fact that American women are "forced to endure imprisonment in "their effort to secure the passage of "the amendment."

Of course, the women endured imprisonment—if that verb may be applied to an action which savored much of passionate desire for a not too onerous martyrdom—because they tried to make the President too uncomfortable to work at a time when the nation was at war. At this assault at once upon the majesty and the welfare of the United States public sentiment rose to the President's relief, and it can hardly be doubted that the militants lost more than they gained. But their new method does not mean the abandonment of terrorism; it is only a change in objective. The militants will go from State to State stirring up trouble for recalcitrant Senators; eventually they may be able to bulldoze enough of them to pass the amendment.

It is quite in the new theory of government which has lately been demonstrated with such distinction by the Anti-Saloon League. The Democracy Limited goes forth to do its work on a limited democracy, a democracy modified by terrorism. State rights have lately been abridged in order to make the North conform to the standards necessary in the South, and the militant suffragists, observing the triumph of the militant prohibitionists, can hardly be blamed for seeing some hope that a still further abridgment may be effected to make the South follow the lead of the North. The secret of the State has been divulged—that the nation can be dominated by well-paid flying squadrons of agitators. Nobody is likely to forget this fact for some years to come, for everybody will use the method. It is announced that in the cultural centre of Syracuse University there has been born the organization which will conduct the crusade for the anti-tobacco amendment to the Constitution. The W. C. T. U. is actively behind it, the Y. M. C. A., though it has taken down the "No Smoking" signs, is furnishing co-operation by its propaganda on the dire effects of nicotine, which ought to make considerable impression on the returning soldiers. Under the circumstances, the passage of the woman suffrage amendment, the anti-tobacco amendment, or any other amendment is only a question of the persistence, the affluence, and the implacability of its supporters.

GERMANS AT THE POLLS.

It is probably fruitless to attempt to make any comparison between the popular vote for members of the Reichstag in 1912 and for members of the National Assembly in 1919. The age limit of the electors has been lowered from 24 to 20. The franchise has been given to women, who must be greatly, but we don't know how greatly, in excess of the males. The exact population is not known. In December, 1910, it was nearly 65,000,000. At the general election of 1912 the number of registered electors was 14,441,436, of voters at the polls 12,260,626. The Socialists, then united, got 4,250,401; the Centrists, 1,996,843; the National Liberals, 1,662,670; the Radicals, 1,497,041; the Conservatives, 1,126,270.

For the general election of Jan. 19 the "full returns" from Geneva do not include the votes cast by two or three very insignificant minority parties. The returns show a total vote of nearly 27,000,000, to be exact 26,931,585, of which the Majority Socialists cast 11,112,450, the Democrats 5,552,930, the Christian People's Party, Centrists that were, 5,838,804; the Nationalists, 2,739,196; the Independent Socialists, 2,188,305. The actual total vote cast was considerably more than double that of 1913; yet Alsace-Lorraine is in French hands, and, presumably, the Polish provinces and Danish districts contributed only genuine German votes.

Twenty-seven million is a tremendous vote for a population which, we may assume to be no greater than, which may not be as great as, it was in 1910, a population of 65,000,000, and in which an unusual proportion of young men must have been killed off. In 1916 the population of the United States was estimated by the Census Bureau at 101,032,339. The total Presidential vote was 18,514,350. Universal woman suffrage might swell the total to something over 30,000,000. The non-voters in the United States are a legion. In Germany the interest of most in saving, and of some in ruining, orderly government "brought out" what must be regarded as a surprisingly large vote.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Commendable Form of Self-Reliance. Without intending in any way to deny or minimize the responsibilities with regard to the men who fought in France that rest on those who remained at home, one still can praise warmly the measures already taken in some of the military units to insure that the members of them shall have employment, and, if they need it, care, after their return. This has been done to some extent by many, perhaps by most, of the regiments that have been on active service, but the officers and men of the 77th Division seem to have undertaken this important task in a particularly systematic manner.

The result is that practically every man in the division already knows that a place is waiting for him on arrival here, and is therefore spared the anxieties felt by others who have heard the reports about the difficulties encountered by returning soldiers when they look for work.

The officers of the division are united in a divisional association for the purpose in part of providing, and in part of finding, positions for all whose financial future is not assured by the promises made to them by employers before going abroad. Moreover, the effort is not only to see to it that the men get their old places or others of the same kind, but there is also recognition that many of them feel that their military training and experience have qualified them to fill much better positions. The divisional association treats this as a worthy ambition, and is doing effectively what it can to facilitate the achievement of the desired end.

Another activity of the association is in the way of marking and caring for the graves of the men who fell in France. It is not waiting for this to be done by the Government, or by civilian societies hereafter to be formed, though of course there will be full co-operation with such agencies when they come into operation.

Confidently Facing the Future. As already observed, action like that of the 77th Division Association is no excuse for stay-at-homes to forget the debt they owe to the men who did the fighting. But there is no help so good as self-help, and when self-help is possible it is to be commended and encouraged not because help from others thereby is made unnecessary, but because there is always a moral advantage to be derived from doing for one's self what one can, without waiting for others to do it for one.

This rule should not be followed with an iron rigidity. There is nothing disgraceful or humiliating in the acceptance of well-earned assistance in time of need, and none could earn it better than have the men who so cheerfully and bravely plunged into the horrors of the war with Germany. But the same courage they showed then they will show now, and it is highly characteristic of them that they purpose still to do their full share in solving the economic problems that confront them in common with other Americans. With peace returned, they prefer to be as little as may be a special class of Americans.

Newspaper Work in Siberia. Much attention has been accorded to the dispatches which THE TIMES correspondent in Siberia, CARL W. ACKERMAN, is now sending to this paper. The getting of news in that country is now work of the hardest and most dangerous kind, and even after it has been obtained the task of getting it to the cable stations is one attended with enormous difficulty. The distances to be covered are so great that even in the best of times the would-be chronicler of Siberian happenings cannot expect to get them all with any promptness, and now, with everything in confusion amid bitterly antagonistic activities and agencies, the task requires next to superhuman energy. This, it is hardly an exaggeration to say, Mr. ACKERMAN has displayed, and if his dispatches are sometimes over a month old when they finally arrive here that is less wonderful than that they arrive at all. Naturally he has come to share the feelings, the anxieties, and the indignations of the leaders whom he has been able to credit with an honest purpose to overcome the powers of evil in Russian territory and to restore civilization in that distracted land. As naturally he views the Siberian situation from the standpoint of the various peoples and forces now undergoing such hardships and perils there, and he is urgent that aid and relief shall come to them from the Allies before it is too late to save them. He remembers the promises that were made, the hopes that were encouraged, and immediate intervention seems to him the only remedy for the evils that surround him.

The Military Intelligence List.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If Professor Clarence R. Skinner of Tufts—not Clarence "Aurelius"—was, as you say editorially, a student in Berlin University, 1896-9, it must have been when he was a ten-year-old in knee breeches.

I have no sympathy with pacifism or Bolshevism, but if, as I understand, Professor C. R. Skinner's chief offense was in forming one of a committee of defense for a preacher accused under the espionage act—the law presuming that every accused is entitled to defense—that seems small cause for affixing what may prove a life-long stigma to the name of a useful and honorable man.

The only legal basis of a blacklist by publication is conviction of specific offenses by legal process. In at least a dozen cases this list of sixty-two names is a cruel libel.

J. H.

New York, Jan. 27, 1919.

TO LIEUT. COL. JOHN McRAE.

(Died in Flanders Jan. 28, 1918.)

Others have fought, like you, and some have sung
Of scarlet bloom upon the fields of death;
And we have watched, and we have listened, wrung
By helpless feeling, till the quickening breath
Of Justice fanned our listless wills to flame,
And pushed to proof the lovers of her name.

From yours and from your comrades' falling hands
We caught the torch, thank God, not quite too late!
Oh, we were shamed indeed, if His commands
From faithful lips like yours had had no weight—
If we had broken faith with you who died,
And, in the breaking, no disgrace descried!

Now, though your body lies on well-won fields,
Your eager spirit still its power wields
To mind us of the task so well begun,
To warn us lest your toil be all undone,
The pageantry of peace be pasteboard show,
While waiting horrors skulk in leashed row!

Speak to our souls in every sunset hue:
Bid dawn, returning, spread your faith anew!
Memorial cross, dismantled gun, affirm
The power of wills like yours to end the term
Of mortal greed, inhuman hate and pride,
And found the Reign of Truth for which you died!

MARIE L. EGLINTON.

NEW M'ADOO PLEA FOR RAIL CONTROL

Says Development of Inland Waterways System Is Absolutely Dependent Upon It.

5-YEAR PERIOD ESSENTIAL

Necessary for Co-ordination of Railroads and Waterways with American Merchant Marine.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Jan. 25.—W. G. McAdoo, former Director General of Railroads and former Secretary of the Treasury, made public today a telegram in which he urged five-year Government control of the railroads as a necessity for the development of inland waterways and for the co-ordination of the railroads and waterways with the new American merchant marine.

The telegram, addressed to Albert Krell, Chairman of the Miami and Erie Improvement Committee of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, was sent in response to an invitation to attend an inland waterways meeting today at Defiance, Ohio. It read:

"Regret it is impossible for me to attend your inland waterways meeting at Defiance, Jan. 27.

"It seems to me futile to expend great sums of money on the development of our inland waterways unless our Government adopts an intelligent policy about railroad control. The future of waterways development is absolutely dependent upon a Government control which will enforce the operation of the waterways and the railroads, and a co-ordinated and articulated system which will give the people the benefits of an efficient combination of water and rail facilities. This cannot be accomplished under the present railroad law, which provides that the railroads cannot be controlled by the Government for a longer period than twenty-one months after the return of peace. Within a twenty-one months' period no substantial development of existing waterways can be made nor can their operation in so brief a period afford any adequate test of their value.

"Upon the return of the railroads to private ownership, which must be made within the 21 months period, as the present law provides, the cut-throat competition of the railroads under private control with the partially developed waterways will effectively destroy water transportation as heretofore and the people's investment in these facilities will continue to be of little if any value.

"I have urged the Congress to extend the period of Federal control of the railroads for five years because that will give us time to develop some of the most important existing water routes, co-ordinate them with the railroads and prove their worth as a part of a great American transportation system.

"I also feel that the Government should control the railroads and the inland waterways for a period of five years so that they may in turn be co-ordinated with our Government merchant marine which has been built at a cost of more than $2,000,000,000 and which under existing law the Government controls for a five-year period.

"Unless we look at this great problem with vision and from the standpoint solely of the American people instead of from the standpoint of the selfish interest of private railroad owners, private steamship owners, private shippers, private investors, or any other single class, we shall not measure up to our obligations to the American people nor realize the great opportunities and destiny that lie ahead of us.

"The confusion of counsel about the railroad problem, made daily more evident by the great variety of conflicting views and opinions now being presented at the hearing before the Interstate Commerce Committee of the Senate at Washington, makes it more and more clear that the course of wisdom, sagacity and prudence is to extend Government control of the railroads for five years, that our inland waterways be developed to the largest possible extent during that period, and that these inland waterways and rail facilities be co-ordinated with our great merchant marine in an endeavor to get for American business enterprise a fair participation in the benefits of world commerce.

"No part of our Union is more vitally concerned in this question than the great States of the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, as well as those bordering on the Lakes, the oceans and the Gulf. Many of their leading ports will continue to be starved and their development arrested unless they are given a chance under the impartial control by the Government of rail and steamship facilities.

"The powerful and sleepless forces of reaction are solidly arrayed against this plan. They will defeat it unless the American people are aroused to the situation. The time is short. The matter is vital. My earnest suggestion to you and your associates is that you press upon the attention of the Congress the importance of the five-year control in order that the things you want to accomplish may be brought about.

"W. G. McADOO."

SCORNS PINCHOT'S ATTACK.

Penrose Likens Progressive to Cheap Sideshow on Wrong Side of Fence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Senator Penrose displayed seeming indifference today to the open letter written to him by Gifford Pinchot, former Progressive leader, calling for his withdrawal as claimant, under the seniority rule, to the Chairmanship of the Senate Finance Committee under the Republican reorganization in the next Congress. He seemed unruffled over Mr. Pinchot's insistence that for Mr. Penrose to assume the Chairmanship would mean the ruin of the Republican Party's hopes in 1920.

"I hardly consider Pinchot's open letter as worthy of being dignified by a reply," said Mr. Penrose. "The most charitable treatment that can be accorded him is to throw over him the mantle of oblivion. The statements in his letter are maliciously false or relate to matters that were thoroughly thrashed out in the Senatorial campaign in Pennsylvania, when I received a plurality about as large as either of my opponents had votes.

"I don't know of any responsible political party in the United States which would welcome Mr. Pinchot into its ranks. In this busy era Mr. Pinchot seems to me to be about as important as the cheap sideshow outside the fence of a county fair. He is like the tattooed man or the cigarette fiend."

An effort was made to ascertain the sentiment of Republican-Progressives in the Senate as to Mr. Pinchot's attack upon Mr. Penrose, but no comment was forthcoming. The fight against Mr. Penrose, it was said, would be confined to the Republican caucus of the Senate and not be aired outside.

URGES TAX ON SOFT DRINKS.

Mayors' Committee Believes It Would Replace Revenues on Liquors

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—A tax on soft drinks to make up the deficit in revenue the State will face because of national prohibition is one of the recommendations of the subcommittee of the Taxation Committee of the New York State Conference of Mayors and other city officials. Taxing of soft drinks, it is hoped, by the committee, may prevent an increase in taxes on realty.

A State income tax and a business tax also are included in the recommendations which will be acted upon by the main committee of the conference probably next week. The subcommittee suggests that the Emerson 3 per cent. tax on mercantile establishments be amended to make it applicable to all corporations doing business in the State.

KEEP FORD CONTEST ALIVE.

Senate Sends Resolution to Committee—Newberry Files Countercharges.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—By a strict party vote of 37 Democrats to 26 Republicans the Senate today referred to the Committee on Contingent Expenses the resolution to investigate the election of Truman H. Newberry as United States Senator from Michigan. This action means that the matter will be kept alive during the remainder of the present session of Congress. Senator Lodge appealed from the decision of the chair to commit the resolution to the committee, and it was upon this appeal that the Senate voted.

Mr. Newberry filed with the Committee on Privileges and Elections, which has been investigating the allegations of extravagance in expenditure made against Mr. Newberry in the election, a statement in which he accused Henry Ford, his opponent, with having resorted, through his campaign manager, to "elaborate, expensive, and pretentious expenditure, unknown before in history," in his own campaign. Mr. Newberry insisted that the present Congress has no jurisdiction to investigate the election of a Senator to the next Congress.

Mr. Newberry attacked what he characterized as a "trick" of the Ford campaign managers to control the Michigan election. Agents and detectives of Mr. Ford, he said, have traveled through the State since the election collecting evidence upon which to base charges of extravagance and fraud on the part of the Newberry managers. In some instances, he said, they had used Red Cross nurses to serve summonses upon voters, the nurses not knowing that they were being "drawn away from their patriotic duty."

Myron H. Walker, the United States District Attorney at Grand Rapids, a Democratic appointee, Mr. Newberry said, used a Ford stenographer to take statements of witnesses as to votes cast at the election, to be used against Mr. Newberry. Red Cross ambulances, he said, were impressed into service in this work.

Mr. Newberry cited in particular one "very expensive, elaborate, and pretentious booklet prepared and distributed to a number estimated at about a half million," the cost of printing which "must have been $75,000," and the postage "from $10,000 to $15,000."

"Two occasions at least can be shown," he continues, "where Democratic postmasters had mail carriers distributing Ford literature the Sunday before election and withholding other mail from distribution until the Ford political mail a day or two before election had been distributed."

He declared it would be shown that the Ford workers "insisted on voting men who were not registered, and in some cases, men whose citizenship was doubted."

EXAMINE BURLESON TODAY.

Republican Members Primed with Questions on Wire Control.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Republican members of the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads were primed tonight with questions to ask Postmaster General Burleson when he appears tomorrow morning before the committee in support of the Moon resolution to extend the period of Federal control over the telegraph and telephone systems. The Republicans contend that there is no necessity for retention of Government operation, now that the armistice is signed, and the Postmaster General will be asked why he considers it necessary that the control period be lengthened. Mr. Burleson is a frank advocate of Government ownership.

Few members of the committee seemed sanguine tonight over the prospect of the resolution receiving a favorable report. A countermove will be made in the form of a resolution directing the return of the properties in about four months. Martin B. Madden, who ranks second among the Republican members of the committee, favors such legislation. Judge Moon, Chairman of the committee, who is the author of the extension resolution, believes it will be favorably reported.

The committee had planned to vote on the resolution tomorrow after the appearance of the Postmaster General, but the vote probably will be deferred, as three members, Griest and Heaton, Republicans, and Sterling, Democrat, all of Pennsylvania, are in attendance upon the funeral of their colleague, Representative Edward E. Robbins of Greensburg.

LONGWORTH FOR GILLETT.

Ohio Congressman Throws His Speakership Strength to Easterner.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Representative F. H. Gillett of Massachusetts today appeared to have made an appreciable gain in his candidacy for Speaker of the next House. Mr. Longworth of Ohio, one of the candidates, advised his friends that he desired to see Mr. Gillett elected and the rules revised so as to destroy seniority succession in the composition of committees. Mr. Fess, also of Ohio, is still a candidate.

The developments indicated that Mr. Longworth would throw his entire strength to Mr. Gillett, and in the event of his election, which would carry with it a revision of House rules, would fight for the Chairmanship of the Ways and Means Committee.

Members from New York, Pennsylvania, and Indiana who had intended supporting Mr. Longworth for Speaker, following his lead, declared for Mr. Gillett. As a result of this trend toward the Massachusetts member a caucus has been called of the Pennsylvania Republicans for Feb. 5. New York Republicans will take up the Speakership fight Feb. 7, and the Indiana delegation will declare itself within the next two weeks. Out of these States, managers for Mr. Gillett say, sufficient votes will be received to place Mr. Gillett in the lead over James R. Mann.

Thus far Mr. Gillett has not been looked upon with favor by the West, and the Republicans may be forced to find a compromise candidate. For such a situation Mr. Fess is keeping himself in readiness, being strong in the West.

8-HOUR DAY FOR WOMEN.

Bill in Albany to Reduce the Present Nine-Hour Limit.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—Declaring that an eight-hour day is becoming an established economic fact, Senator Graves of Buffalo introduced in the Senate tonight an Eight-hour Day bill for women. There is at present a nine-hour limit for women workers in factories and mercantile establishments, and the new measure, which is backed by the Women's Joint Legislative Conference, would reduce the working hours a week to forty-eight. In other respects its provisions are practically the same as the present fifty-four-hour a week law.

"A worker can accomplish more in eight hours of intensive endeavor than in nine hours of exhaustive effort, as the firms adopting the eight-hour-day have discovered," said Senator Graves. "If these firms have found the eight-hour day necessary to the health of their men workers, how much more necessary it is for women workers, with their additional home cares, to have the protection of an eight-hour day.

"In many establishments in this State the eight-hour day has been obtained by the men, but women being unorganized, have, unfortunately, been exploited and forced to work, not merely nine hours in factories and mercantile establishments, but longer than that in industries and occupations not covered by the present nine-hour-day law."

DR. KIRCHWEY SENDS PROTEST TO BAKER

Assails "Calumniator" Who Submitted List of Names to Senate Committee.

WANTS ACTION REPUDIATED

Official of Intercollegiate Socialist Society Also Resents Action of Military Intelligence Bureau.

More protests were sent yesterday to Secretary of War Baker and the Senate Investigating Committee against the list of sixty-two more or less prominent men and women submitted to the Senate Committee on Friday by the Intelligence Division of the War Department as being persons whose activities had not been helpful to the country during the war.

Dr. George W. Kirchwey, Federal Director of the United States Bureau of Employment, one of several persons on the list in Government posts, said in a telegram to Secretary of War Baker:

"The calumniator who submitted to the Senate Committee investigating German propaganda a list of persons alleged by him to have been concerned in disloyal activities is, I believe, connected officially with the department of the Government over which you preside and is therefore presumably under your control. Not as a favor but as a matter of the highest privilege and of justice I ask you to repudiate his action and to act immediately for the protection of loyal citizens against baseless and shameless attacks of this character.

"The War Department under your administration has made a notable record of achievement in the conduct of the war. It cannot afford to have its record sullied by assuming responsibility for the vilification and aspersion of citizens as loyal as yourself, and who have with no less devotion than you have shown done all that in them lies to support the aims and activities of the nation in the prosecution of the war."

Evans Clark, Director of the Bureau of Research maintained by the New York Socialist Aldermen, telegraphed to the Senate Committee:

"I wish to protest emphatically against the use of my name in any list connected directly or by implication with German propaganda. My active connection with the Socialist Party is the best proof I can offer of my unqualified condemnation of the Kaiser's régime, and my sympathetic support of the forces in Germany that have so completely overthrown it.

"The Socialist war against the Kaiser began many years before 1917 and continued to the time of his abdication. The Socialist Party is the only party in the United States whose leaders and followers have never been implicated by Government exposures in embarrassing relations with German propagandists. Not 1 cent of German money has ever been nor can be traced into the coffers of the Socialist Party.

"The real reason why Socialists appear on Government proscription lists seems to be that they have not only fought autocracy in Germany but have openly and continually opposed it at home. Mr. Stevenson's index is a good example of the Prussianism that now exists in the United States. That Mr. Stevenson is under the orders of Secretary Baker is a commentary on the failure of so-called 'liberal' leaders in and out of the present Administration."

Harry W. Laidler, Secretary of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society, protested against the use of the name of the society in connection with the list in the following telegram to the Senate Committee:

"In the list of alleged pacifists and radicals submitted by the Military Intelligence Bureau the names of several college professors were included, and, after their names, the words, 'Intercollegiate Socialist Society.' In most instances the only connection that these men have had with the society has been as indorsers of the society's stated object, 'To promote an intelligent interest in socialism among college men and women.'

"The society is an educational, not a political, propagandist organization, having been organized to throw light on the world-wide movement toward industrial democracy known as socialism, in the belief that no intelligent collegian can afford to be ignorant of the movement and that no one can intelligently support or intelligently oppose socialism unless he understands its ideals and aims."

Several other protests were sent to Secretary Baker and the Senate Committee on Saturday.

DEPLORES PACIFIST LIST.

Baker Also Denies Stevenson Was Intelligence Officer or Employe.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Secretary of War Baker today issued a statement in which he asserted that Archibald Stevenson of New York, who last week submitted to the Senate Committee investigating German propaganda a list of pacifists and others called for by the committee, "has never been an officer or an employe of the Military Intelligence Division of the War Department." Incidentally, Mr. Baker made the statement that he had no personal sympathy with publication of lists of persons with reference "to their supposed opinions and grouped under general designations such as pacifists."

The statement issued by Mr. Baker is regarded by men closely identified with the Senate Committee's investigation as being more of a criticism of the committee than of Mr. Stevenson, even if not intended as being such a criticism. It will be recalled that the lists submitted by Mr. Stevenson last week were presented in response to a request from the committee.

It was brought out when Mr. Stevenson appeared before the committee as a witness that he had been employed as a special agent of the Department of Justice under A. Bruce Bielaski, and that he was later identified with a bureau of the Military Intelligence Branch of the Army, located in New York City. The statement was made tonight that the particular bureau with which Mr. Stevenson was identified in military intelligence work was the subject of an order issued by Secretary Baker on Friday directing the abandonment and closing down of its work. The order was issued after Mr. Stevenson had appeared on the witness stand before the Senate Committee.

The statement was made by one in a position to know that there could be no doubt that Mr. Steevnson had been identified with that branch of the military intelligence work and that he served without pay from patriotic motives.

Here is the text of Mr. Baker's statement:

"I am receiving telegrams and letters with regard to a list of persons handed to the Senate Committee by Mr. Archibald Stevenson, who is represented in newspaper accounts as a member of the Military Intelligence Division of the War Department. Mr. Stevenson has never been an officer or an employe of the Military Intelligence Division of the War Department.

"I am told that he and a number of associates have, throughout the war, sought to analyze books and newspaper contributions with a view of determining the opinions of their writers toward the war. I personally have no sympathy with the publication of lists of persons classified with reference to their supposed opinions and grouped under general designations such as 'pacifists' which may mean any one of a dozen things, some of them quite consistent with the finest loyalty to the country, and some of them inconsistent with such loyalty.

"As a matter of fact, the War Department does not undertake to censor the opinions of the people of the United States. It has no authority to classify such opinions.

"In the particular list accredited to Mr. Stevenson there are names of people of great distinction, exalted purity of purpose, and lifelong devotion to the highest interests of America and of mankind. Miss Jane Addams, for instance, lends dignity and greatness to any list in which her name appears."

WILL SHARE PROFITS WITH ITS WORKMEN

Willys-Overland Company Announces Plan for a Division, Half and Half.

PROTECTION FOR CAPITAL

After Fair Return on Investment and Just Compensation to Labor the Rest Will Be Divided.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Jan. 27.—A half-and-half profit-sharing plan with employes in all branches was announced today by John N. Willys, President of the Willys-Overland Company. A fair return on the capital invested is a provision included in the grant.

The distribution will run into hundreds of thousands of dollars, and will be retroactive, taking effect from Jan. 1, 1919. The company has 10,000 men on its payroll, and all will be affected.

Details of the plan to be announced later, Mr. Willys stated, would show that the profit sharing would be based on the length of time the employe had been with the company. It was estimated by an Overland official that the share of no employe would be less than $100 a year.

The statement issued by Mr. Willys announcing the division reads in part:

"That after permanent capital and permanent labor have each been justly compensated, having due regard to the cost of each, (the cost of capital and the cost of living,) then the additional profits accruing from the joint employment of permanent capital and permanent labor shall be divided equally among them—fifty-fifty.

"This plan the Willys-Overland Company is going to put in operation at the earliest possible moment, profit sharing beginning Jan. 1, 1919, for the years 1919 and 1920, and each year thereafter if the plan proves satisfactory to both capital and labor. I am determined to do my best to work out for our companies the plan which will recognize this right.

"The detail plan when ready to present will recognize and reward individual efficiency, departmental efficiency, and increasing reward for continuous service, and these plans will have no influence on periodical adjustments of wages."

In making the announcement to his employes, Mr. Willys repudiated socialism, Bolshevism, and the I. W. W. He said:

"First, I want it distinctly understood that I do not believe in or have any sympathy with any phase of Bolshevism or anarchy of any type. Every man ought to be proud of the degree of success that comes to him through honest effort."

Mr. Willys announced also that the Overland plant would be greatly increased to take care of the additional volume of business created by the purchase recently of the Moline Plow Company. Farm tractors on a large scale are to be manufactured.

HEIGHTS WINS NEW SCHOOL.

Estimate Board's Support Is Gained, Speakers Tell Meeting.

A high school for Washington Heights is a certainty, according to speakers who addressed a meeting last night in Public School 132, Wadsworth Avenue and 182d Street, for the purpose of consolidating opinion in support of the school project. It was asserted that eleven votes, two more than needed, had been pledged to the school idea by members of the Board of Estimate.

Thomas W. Churchill, formerly President of the Board of Education, said that during his tenure of office he had realized that the Heights needed a high school to accommodate its rapid growth, but that money had not been available. He expressed the opinion that the Board of Education and the Board of Estimate only needed information on the necessity of such a building "to become enthusiastic in support of it."

Discussing the site for the building, Mr. Churchill said in his opinion the structure should be put up near the tip of Manhattan Island, near Van Cortlandt Park preferably, for that would afford room for athletics and ample transit facilities.

Frank L. Dowling, President of the Borough of Manhattan, said that the question of the school was taken up at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Estimate and that a number of Associate School Superintendents had been there to advise the board. He said that he favored the construction of the school building and that ten other votes had been gained in support. Mr. Dowling said that Superintendent Shallow had recommended that the high school be put up somewhere in between 175th and 183d Streets, and that estimates and plans for the building probably would be placed before the Board of Estimate within a week.

Mr. Dowling said that the construction of a building for a teachers' training school would be started at once on the lot at 141st Street and Hamilton Place.

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DENIES 'PHONE INJUNCTION.

Federal Court Refuses Application to Stay Rate Schedule.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 27.—United States Court Judge John Rellstab this afternoon denied the application of the State Board of Public Utility Commissioners for a temporary injunction to restrain operation of the schedule of increased telephone rates put into effect last week by Postmaster General Burleson. The utility board, it is understood, now plans to sue in the State courts for a writ of mandamus to stay the operation of the advanced rates, the Federal authorities having, by Judge Rellstab's decision, refused to interfere pending a determination of the proceedings upon final hearing.

L. Edward Herrmann, counsel for the board; Assistant United States District Attorney Steelman and John L. Swayze, general counsel for the New York Telephone Company, made the argument before Judge Rellstab. Steelman and Swayze attacked the court's jurisdiction, insisting that while the litigation was directed against the Postmaster General, and the telephone companies, it was in reality a suit against the United States and, therefore, not within the jurisdiction of the District Court. It was argued that the utility board was seeking an injunction against the President of the United States, involving action performed by him as Commander in Chief.

Counsel for the board argued that no authority had been given by Congress to fix rates and that the resolution it undertook to convey such power was in violation of the Federal Constitution and infringed upon the rights of States. He held that the measure specifically reserved to the States the right to enforce police regulations, one of which he said was the power to fix rates.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 27.—When the Indiana Public Service Commission opens its fight tomorrow against the new long-distance telephone rates ordered by Postmaster General Burleson, it will have the moral support of representatives of eight other States and the active support of James E. Markham, Assistant Attorney General of Minnesota. The commission has already obtained a restraining order against the rates, and its petition for a permanent injunction will be heard in the Federal District Court tomorrow.

The Post Office Department will be represented by Charles M. M. Bracelin, Solicitor for the Department in Washington. He will be assisted by Robert Slack of Indianapolis, United States District Attorney.

Today representatives of Public Service Commissions or legal departments of eight Central States met with the Indiana Public Service Commission and assisted in outlining the method of attacking the rates. Among these representatives were John G. Price, Attorney General of Ohio; Clifford L. Hilton, Attorney General of Minnesota; Clarence A. Davis, Attorney General of Nebraska; James E. Markham, Assistant Attorney General of Minnesota; Thomas H. Bailey, Deputy Attorney General of Michigan, M. B. Oldrich, Deputy Attorney General of Wisconsin; Thomas E. Demcy, Chairman of the Illinois Utilities Commission; Fred W. Putnam, member of the Minnesota Railroad and Warehouse Commission; F. S. Jackson, counsel for the Kansas Public Service Commission, and A. Z. Patterson, counsel for the Missouri Public Service Commission.

PLAN FOR A "NEW G. A. R."

Veterans of the Foreign Wars Seek Membership of 2,000,000.

Plans to make the Veterans of the Foreign Wars of the United States "the new G. A. R.," were announced yesterday by F. Warner Karling, Commander in Chief, following a three-day session. The first step will be the inauguration of a nationwide campaign to recruit a membership of 2,000,000 or more, a committee being appointed to carry through the campaign.

The organization was founded about twenty years ago by veterans of the Cuban and Philippines campaigns. Later on many veterans of the Boxer trouble were admitted. One of the first members was General Pershing, while the late Colonel Roosevelt and the late Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell were also members. One of the dozen or more posts organized in the last week in New York was named Quentin Roosevelt Post, in honor of the Colonel's hero son.

Second Alsace-Lorraine Dance.

The second of the Alsace-Lorraine supper dances, held after the opera, took place last night at the Hotel Lorraine, the proceeds being devoted to the Free Milk for France Fund. Roshanara appeared in a special dance after midnight. Among the supper hostesses were Mrs. John Aspegren, Mrs. James T. Terry, Mrs. William Disston, Mrs. J. Stevens Ulman, Mrs. Templeton Crocker, Mrs. Lyman V. Kendall, Mrs. Sherwood Aldrich, Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, Mrs. A. L. Carroll, and Mrs. Charles H. Pope.

Geza de Polgary, Portrait Painter.

Geza de Polgary, a portrait painter of this city, died yesterday at Atlantic City, where he had gone for his health. Mr. Polgary was born in Hungary 57 years ago and came to New York in 1908 after studying under famous instructors in Budapest and Paris. He became a citizen of the United States. Among those whose portraits he painted were former President Taft, the late Mrs. Russell Sage, and the late Mayor Gaynor. The Austro-Hungarian Government purchased a number of his paintings.

To Wed Miss Dorothy B. Browne.

Horace Nichols of Whitesboro, N. Y., who gave his age as 33 and his occupation as that of an electrical engineer, and Miss Dorothy B. Browne, a daughter of Grant H. Browne of Goshen, N. Y., aged 24, took out a marriage license on Saturday from Clerk Scully. They said they were to be married in February in St. Thomas's Church. Miss Browne's father is said to be the owner of the Brownleigh Park Stables at Goshen, where he has a large country estate. He is well known here in New York, and the family usually stop at the Waldorf or the McAlpin when here. He formerly had a large racing track in Canada and owned several strings of racers.

Delehanty-White.

Michael Delehanty, a Supreme Court clerk, and Miss Grace Edwina White, a daughter of Mrs. Josephine White of 13 Bank Street, were married last evening in St. Joseph's Church, Waverly Place, by the Rev. Father John A. Grogan. Miss Elsie White was the maid of honor and John E. Fitzpatrick was the best man.

Frank D. Shelley.

Frank D. Shelley, organizer and President of the Young Men's Democratic League, died yesterday of pneumonia in St. Luke's Hospital. When Frank L. Dowling was President of the Board of Aldermen Mr. Shelley was his secretary and later he served in the same capacity for Commissioner of Public Works Loughman. Mr. Shelley was 30 years old.

Stephen H. Brown Left $438,389.

The estate of Stephen H. Brown, member of the Stock Exchange firm of Vernon C. Brown & Co., who died on July 20, 1917, was appraised yesterday at $348,389, of which $126,850 was the value of his interest in the firm. The bulk of the estate went to his wife, Mrs. Grace V. Brown.

FRENCH E. CHADWICK REAR ADMIRAL, DIES

Pneumonia Takes Veteran of 75, Who Won His Fame at the Battle of Santiago.

FOUGHT IN THE CIVIL WAR

Author and Ex-President of Naval War College Had Commanded the South Atlantic Fleet.

Rear Admiral French Ensor Chadwick, U. S. N., retired, who was Chief of Staff of the North Atlantic Fleet in the battle of Santiago and who was one of the few surviving officers of the navy who served in the civil war, died at his home, 72 East Eighty-second Street, yesterday. Admiral Chadwick was a native of West Virginia and was 75 years old. He had been in poor health for more than a year and was stricken with pneumonia a week ago. The body will be taken to Morgantown, West Va., the old Chadwick home, for burial. Mrs. Cornelia Miller Chadwick, the Admiral's wife, survives him. There were no children.

For years Admiral Chadwick was one of the navy's best known officers. He was a contemporary of Sampson, Schley, Evans, Taylor, and Philip, and was an Annapolis graduate of the Class of 1864. In the Summer of 1864 he was a midshipman on board the old Union sloop of war Marblehead during the pursuit of the Confederate warships Florida and Tallahassee. From the close of the civil war to 1872 Admiral Chadwick as a junior officer served on many of the famous vessels of the old navy, among them the Juanita, Sabine, Tuscarora, and Guerriere.

After a tour of duty as an instructor at the Naval Academy he was in 1882 assigned to duty on the Powhatan and ordered to Europe to gather information for the Bureau of Navigation. While engaged in that work he was detached from the Powhatan and made Naval Attaché of the American Legation in London, retaining that position until 1889, when he was again ordered to sea, this time as commander of the gunboat Yorktown.

Secretary of the Navy Benjamin F. Tracy, in his annual report for 1889 in a reference to the work of Admiral Chadwick, wrote of "Commander Chadwick, whose extraordinary ability and judgment during six years of difficult service in England and on the Continent have had a lasting influence upon naval development in this country."

In 1892 Admiral Chadwick was appointed Chief of the Naval Intelligence Service and in 1893 was placed at the head of the Naval Bureau of Equipment. In 1897 he assumed command of the armored cruiser New York, then flagship of the North Atlantic Fleet, and was one of the officers appointed to the Naval Board of Inquiry which in 1898 investigated the destruction of the old battleship Maine, the blowing up of which precipitated the war with Spain.

When Admiral Sampson was assigned to command the North Atlantic Fleet he hoisted his flag on the New York and Captain Chadwick was made his chief of staff. For eminent and conspicuous service at the battle of Santiago, Congress advanced him five numbers in his grade. After the Spanish war and in 1900 Admiral Chadwick was appointed President of the Naval War College at Newport. In 1903 he was designated Commander in Chief of the South Atlantic Fleet. In February, 1906, he was retired from active duty after a service of forty years and ten months.

The funeral party which will accompany the body to Morgantown will leave this city tomorrow evening.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARGARET W. ENSIGN, 74 years old, died on Saturday at the home of her son, Arlie J. Ensign, 23 Henry Street, Brooklyn, and early yesterday morning Mr. Ensign's wife, Mrs. Ethel F. McGee Ensign, died of influenza after a brief illness.

Mrs. CAROLINE BURNE GILLESPIE, wife of Lieut. Col. George Gillespie, Commandant of the Aviation Field at Brunswick, Ga., died there on Sunday of influenza. She was a former resident of Huntington, L. I., and was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard C. Burne.

EDWARD A. TODD, 75 years old, a retired clothier and former resident of Brooklyn, died at Sewaren, N. J., on Saturday. Mr. Todd was a member of the old clothing firm of McKeon & Todd in Brooklyn, and later was in business in Manhattan as a partner in the manufacturing firm of Todd, Sullivan & Baldwin.

JOHN H. MOTT, at one time President of the Mechanics' Insurance Company and for sixteen years secretary of the Williamsburg Fire Insurance Company, died on Sunday at his home, 151 Madison Street, Brooklyn, aged 82 years. He was a native of Lexington, Ky.

WESLEY A. TYSON, theatrical ticket agent and member of the firm of Tyson & Brother, 1 West Forty-second Street, died of pneumonia yesterday at his home at Riverside, Conn. Mr. Tyson had a ticket agency at the Hotel Manhattan. He was in his forty-ninth year.

AUGUST EMIL PRINZ, a member of the firm of Prinz Brothers, importers of paintings in Brooklyn, died recently at his home, 203 East Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn, of pneumonia. He was 62 years old.

WILLIAM H. HARRIS, 62 years old, a stationer in Manhattan and a member of Yew Tree Lodge, No. 461, F. & A. M., died on Saturday at his home, 386 McDonough Street, Brooklyn.

Major GEORGE H. SMITH, veteran war correspondent, died on Saturday at his home in Norwich, N. Y. He was 85 years old, and founded The Oneonta Star and The Norwich Sun.

HOWARD CAMPBELL of Montclair died yesterday in Mountain Side Hospital in that place. He was 50 years old and an employe of the First National Bank.

Mrs. ANN E. LIVERMORE, wife of John R. Livermore, former President of the Montclair Board of Education, died at her home in Montclair on Sunday night. She was 77 years old.

GARRETT T. FITZGERALD, former trainer for the 13th Regiment, Brooklyn; the 7th Regiment, and the Long Island Athletic Club, died Saturday at his home, 113 East 183d Street. He was 46 years old.

DAVID E. STRECKER, a public accountant and for twenty-nine years a resident of this city, died on Saturday at his home, 1,945 Seventh Avenue. Mr. Strecker was 48 years old.

Dr. CLARENCE L. HACKETT, a dentist, died Saturday at his home, 153 East Forty-third Street. He formerly practiced in Utica. Dr. Hackett was 49 years old.

Mrs. MARTHA STUART JOHNSTON, widow of Abraham Johnston, who died in 1898, and said to be the last of the Stuart family of Brooklyn, died yesterday. She was 76 years old.

Mrs. JESSIE MacLEOD JARDINE, widow of George Elliott Jardine, a New York architect, died yesterday at her home in Rye, N. Y. She was 65 years old.

ADOLPH REISENBURGER, a retired shoe manufacturer, 93 years old, died yesterday at his home, 57 East Ninety-sixth Street.

WALTER SCOTT, an importer of this city, died of pneumonia on Sunday at his home in Pelham Manor. Mr. Scott was 51 years old.

Captain SAMUEL FILGATE, 100 years old on New Year's Day, is dead in Montreal. He was a veteran navigator of the St. Lawrence and commanded the first iron steamship to ply on that river.

Solitaire Diamond Rings
THE FINER GRADES ONLY IN SETTINGS OF ORIGINALITY AND DISTINCTION
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
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DAVID HOCHSTEIN KILLED.

Young Violinist, a Lieutenant, Fell in Battle of Argonne Forest.

Lieutenant David Hochstein, the young New York violinist, was killed in the battle of the Argonne Forest in France, it became known here yesterday. Hochstein's name has not yet appeared in the published casualties.

He was an artist of high aims, and had taken his violin with him both to Camp Upton and overseas, where his last letters to his family were mailed after a concert given by our soldiers in a French town. The young officer returned to the front and was soon afterward unofficially reported missing.

Lieutenant Hochstein was born in Rochester Feb. 16, 1892, and studied in New York, as well as with Auer in Petrograd and with Sevcik in Vienna, where he won a scholarship and a first prize of 1,000 crowns given by the Austrian Government. He made his début as violinist in Vienna in 1911, and after a tour of England was heard widely in the United States. A "Minuet" and "Ballade" for violin were among his published compositions.

ISMAIL KEMAL BEY DEAD.

Young Turk Leader Who Became Provisional President of Albania.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Ismail Kemal Bey, former President of the Provisional Government of Albania, is dead. He was about 76 years old and a member of an ancient noble family.

Ismail Kemal Bey came into prominence in 1908, when as Deputy for Berat he was suspected of being the leader of the Young Turk revolt. In 1912 he proclaimed the independence of Albania and became Provisional President. He relinquished that post in 1914 and he was reported last year to be living in Paris. Ismail Kemal Bey rose from a subordinate position in the Turkish Government service to that of diplomat and State Councillor. He held liberal reform views, and was said to have managed the 1909 revolution in Turkey. Owing to his opinions, however, he was forced to leave Turkey and he lived for some years in both Paris and London.

Legislature Eulogizes J. L. McEntee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Both branches of the Legislature adopted resolutions tonight upon the death of Joseph L. McEntee, the Albany correspondent of The New York Sun.

When both bodies adjourned it was out of respect to his memory. The resolutions stated in part:

"His death comes as the personal loss of a friend to many of the individual members, who have long known his cheerful personality, to whom his familiar and kindly greeting has been an almost daily experience, who gave him their confidence and received in return loyal, just, and considerate treatment. In the handling of public news he was accurate, truthful, fair, and courageous, and in his death the Senate has lost a most able and efficient reporter of its proceedings. He was a newspaper man of wide experience, and enjoyed the acquaintance, friendship, and confidence of men in all parts of the State and nation prominent in the business and political world."

The Albany Legislative Correspondents' Association, of which Mr. McEntee was a member, also adopted resolutions upon his death.

Andrew E. Shanley.

Andrew E. Shanley, one of five brothers well known as New York restaurateurs, died yesterday at his home, 148 West Ninety-first Street, of pneumonia. Mr. Shanley was born in County Leitrim, Ireland, twenty-nine years ago, and came to this country several years ago. When he came here his four brothers were already in the café business in New York. He joined them and in time their little place downtown grew and they branched out into wider fields. At the time of his death Andrew Shanley with his brother Patrick owned the Shanley restaurant at 117 West Forty-second Street.

Born.

GLASSER.—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Glasser of 780 West End Av. announce the birth of a son on Jan. 22, 1919.

LEVY.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Levy (nee Goldie Shapiro) of 8,699 Bay Parkway, Brooklyn, announce the arrival of a daughter Jan. 25, Jewish Hospital.

Married.

VAN PRAAG—SANDERS.—Emanuel Van Praag, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Van Praag of Hotel Belleclair, was married on Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, to Frances Sanders, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Sanders, at her home, Belnord Apartments, by Rev. Dr. Herbert S. Goldstein.

Died.

ADAMS.—Frank P., suddenly, of pneumonia, Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, Frank Pearne Adams, in his 63d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 152 Lefferts Place, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 29, at 7:45 o'clock.

ADOLPH.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, at his residence, 2,560 Hudson Boulevard, Jersey City, Fritz Adolph, aged 38 years, husband of Margaretha Adolph. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 3 P. M., at New York and New Jersey Crematory, Hudson Boulevard, North Bergen, N. J. From New York take 23d St. Ferry to 14th St., Hoboken.

BARGFREDE.—John Frederick, aged 34 years, on Jan. 25, 1919, at Pearl River, N. Y.; survived by his wife, Lillian O., and three children, mother and father. Funeral services Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 8 P. M.

BEGG.—Suddenly, Rose W., widow of the late William Begg of 2,013 Anthony Av., Bronx. Funeral Tuesday, 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

BISHOP.—Jan. 27, at her home, Margaret W. Bishop, wife of Harold D. Bishop. Services at 150 West 13th St., Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Baltimore (Md.) papers please copy.

BREEN.—On Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, at his residence, 102 West 93d St., David Allison Breen, beloved husband of Lillian A. Graham. Funeral services will be held at the Central Presbyterian Church Chapel, corner Madison Av. and 57th St., Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

BROWN.—At Tenafly, N. J., Jan. 24, 1919, Charles R. Brown. Funeral Tuesday, 2:30 P. M. Carriages will meet Erie train from Jersey City 1:29.

BUTLER.—On Jan. 27, Margaret, beloved daughter of the late Richard and Ann Butler and sister of Mrs. Edward Duffy. Funeral from Gordon's Parlors, 427 West 59th St., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M.; thence to Paulist Fathers' Church, 60th St., and Columbus Av., where a requiem mass will be said for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary.

BYK.—Pauline, beloved wife of Morris Byk, in her 72d year, at her residence, 1,190 Madison Av., Monday, Jan. 27. Notice of funeral later.

CAPPELLO.—Joseph, 301 East 79th St., Jan. 24. Funeral service at St. Monica's Church, East 79th St., Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 11 o'clock.

CASEY.—On Jan. 26, 1919, Irene, beloved daughter of William and Catherine Casey. Funeral from her late residence, 3,351 Perry Av., on Wednesday, Jan. 29, thence to St. Brendan's Church, 207th St. and Perry Av., where solemn requiem mass will be offered at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary.

CHADWICK.—Rear Admiral French E. Chadwick, Jan. 27, 1919, at 72 East 82d St. Burial Morgantown, W. Va.

CHINNOCK.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Jessie Frazee, beloved wife of Captain Frank D. Chinnock, U. S. A., in her 29th year. Funeral services will be held at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah S. Frazee, 535 East 19th St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, at 8 P. M. Toronto, (Ontario,) Columbus, (Ohio,) and Winsted (Conn.) papers please copy.

CITRON.—Saul, on Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, aged 77 years. Funeral from his late residence, 66 East 111th St., Wednesday, Jan. 29, 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

CRONK.—Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, John Cronk, in his 87th year, husband of the late Miriam Sayre and father of Sarah Elizabeth, Samuel J., John E., and William R. Cronk and Miriam E. Fox. Funeral services at his late residence, 113 West 96th St., Tuesday evening, Jan. 28, at 8 o'clock. Members of Hope Lodge, 244, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited. Interment Peekskill, Wednesday, Jan. 29, 12 o'clock, at Hillside Cemetery. Peekskill papers please copy.

Died.

COURTNEY.—On Monday, Jan. 27, Bridget T., beloved mother of Joseph, Katherine, Mary, and the Rev. William Courtney. Funeral from her late residence, 2,420 Webster Av., Bronx, on Thursday, Jan. 30, 10 A. M. Solemn high mass of requiem at Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment St. Raymond's.

del CASTILLO.—On Monday, Jan. 27, Jose Peres, beloved husband of Virginia Julia del Castillo. Funeral service at 307 West 51st St. on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Havana papers please copy.

ELLIS.—At Port Chester, N. Y., Jan. 27, 1919, Clifford Edgar, son of Nellie M. and George W. Ellis, in his 19th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 121 Smith St., Wednesday evening, Jan. 29, at 8 o'clock.

FILER.—Bert Markens Filer, dearly beloved wife of Daniel Filer, on Jan. 26 at 1,044 East 14th St., Flatbush. Funeral today at 3 P. M.

FRANCIS.—Elizabeth Moseley Dean, wife of George B. Francis, Jan. 25, 1919, at her residence, 325 Amsterdam Av. Funeral services at the First Church, Boston, Mass., Jan. 28, 1919, at 2:30 P. M.

GARDES.—Entered into rest Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, after a short illness, Margaret, beloved daughter of Mary D. Gardes and the late John Gardes. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,405 Dorchester Road, Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, Jan. 28, at 8:30 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

GASTMAN.—Isaac, aged 67, beloved husband of Zelda and father of Philip, Moe, Abraham, Joseph, Jack and Max. Funeral Tuesday, 12 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

GILLESPIE.—Caroline Burne, wife of Lieut. Commander George Gillespie, eldest daughter of Richard Cotton and Charlotte Stinson Burne, of pneumonia, at Brunswick, Ga., Sunday, Jan. 26. Funeral service St. John's Church, Huntington, L. I., Wednesday, arrival 9 o'clock train from Pennsylvania Station.

GIORDANO.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Emelie Giordano, (nee Goriese,) wife of the late Felix Giordano, aged 61 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 3 P. M., from her late residence, 338 Central Av., West Hoboken, N. J. Interment Fairview Cemetery.

GOLDEN.—Alice G., daughter of Anthony J. and Catherine Golden, sister of William A., on Jan. 24. Funeral from her late residence, 1,241 Tinton Av., N. Y. C., on Tuesday, Jan. 28; thence to Church of St. Augustine, 167th St. and Franklin Av., where solemn requiem mass will be offered at 9:30. Interment Kingston, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

GOOSS.—Johanna M. H., Jan. 25, 1919, beloved wife of L. W. Gooss, residence 2,042 Anthony Av., Bronx. Funeral service Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2 P. M., from St. Paul's Lutheran Church, 178th St. and La Fontaine Av., Bronx.

GRAY.—On Jan. 24, William Lowell, beloved husband of Mabel Gray. Masonic services by Pacific Lodge, 853, will be held at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment at Cambridge, Mass.

GSCHWINDE.—Marie Antoinette, on Jan. 26. Service at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Frank E. Campbell Building, Broadway and 66th St., Tuesday, 2 P. M.

HAAG.—On Saturday, Jan. 25, 1919, after a short illness, Joseph Haag, in his 30th year. Funeral from the Chapel of Edward Gehlert & Son, 37 West 127th St., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2 P. M.

HAEDRICH.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, after a brief illness, Jane Haedrich, (nee Mansely,) in her 25th year. Funeral services on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 2 P. M., at her late home, 160 4th Av., Brooklyn.

HARRIS.—Betty C., beloved daughter of Mrs. Anna Harris, sister of Mrs. William Muskat, niece of Mr. L. H. Perlman, Jan. 26, 1919. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 28, 10 A. M., from her late residence, 1,988 Madison Av.

HORMER.—Nathaniel, aged 74, at Home for Incurables, 183d St. and 3d Av. Funeral services at the home at 11:30 A. M. Wednesday, Jan. 29.

JARDINE.—At Rye, N. Y., Jan. 26, 1919, Jessie MacLeod Jardine, wife of the late George Elliott Jardine, in her 65th year. Funeral services on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2:15 P. M., at Rye Presbyterian Church on arrival of train leaving Grand Central at 1:06. Interment Greenwood Union Cemetery, Rye.

KNAPP.—The Alumnae Association of the French Hospital announce with deep regret the death on Jan. 27, of one of its members, Flora Bark Youmb, Class of 1910, wife of Dr. R. H. Knapp of Hackensack, N. J.

LANG.—Philip. In New York, Jan. 24. Funeral services today, at 3:30 o'clock, at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway, at 66th St.

LAWLESS.—Madeleine Victoria, on Jan. 27, eldest daughter of Arthur W. W. Lawless and Arabella E. Bardson, in her 10th year. Services at 4 Bayliss St., Bloomfield, N. J., on Jan. 29, 3 P. M.

LAWSON-JOHNSTON.—At the residence of her mother, 43 5th Av., on Jan. 27, Fannie D. Lawson-Johnston of London, England, youngest daughter of Amelia Burras and the late Robert Dunlap. Funeral service on Wednesday morning, Jan. 29, 11 o'clock, at the Church of the Ascension, 10th St. and 5th Av. Paris and London papers please copy.

LEVY.—On Jan. 27, Florence, dearly beloved daughter of Benjamin and Ray Levy. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,061 St. Nicholas Av., corner of 163d St., Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 10 A. M.

LITTLE.—At her residence, 170 West 78th St., Jan. 27, Lena Bushfield, wife of E. K. Little. Funeral private. Interment at Newburgh, N. Y.

LIVERMORE.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, at her residence, Montclair, N. J., Ann Eliza, wife of John R. Livermore. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

LOMMEL.—At his brother's residence, East Orange, Phillip Lommel, son of the late Christian and Philippina Lommel, 51st year. Funeral services Wednesday, Jan. 29, at Scully's Chapels, 64 5th Av., at 8 P. M. Interment Thursday, 11 A. M., Greenwood.

LUCIUS.—Sunday, Jan. 26, Octavia W., wife of Albert Lucius. Funeral services at her late home, 399 10th St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Jan. 29, 2 P. M. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

MANNERS.—Killed in action, Sept. 29, 1918, First Class Private Harold E. Manners, Company H, 107th Infantry, A. E. F., second son (aged 23 years) of Jessie A. and Edward C. Manners.

MANTON.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Gerald Manton, at his residence, 368 East 162d St. Requiem mass on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 10 A. M., St. Angela Church, 163d St., Morris Av.

MARTORELL.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Celestine Leonora, beloved daughter of Gertrude and Lorenzo Martorell, in her 27th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 441 Arthur Kill Road, Richmond, S. I., on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private. Asheville, N. C., papers please copy.

MEAD.—On Thursday, Jan. 23, 1919, in East Hampton, Conn., George H. Mead, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y.

MOE.—At Flushing, N. Y., on Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Anna Elizabeth Moe, widow of the late Isaac Lockwood Moe and daughter of the late Leo W. and Sarah E. Burroughs. Funeral private on Tuesday, Jan. 28, from the residence of her son, John M. Moe, 59 South Parsons Av., Flushing, N. Y. Kindly omit flowers.

MORRILL.—On Jan. 26, after a brief illness, Charlotte Morrill, for fifty years connected with Adelphi Academy, Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral service in Trinity Church, Clinton and Montague Sts., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 4 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

MUIR.—At his home, 467 East 136th St., New York, John P. Muir, in his 71st year. Survived by five sons and three daughters. Services at his late residence, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

NEIDHART.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Sophie Neidhart, aged 66 years, widow of the late Amand Neidhart. Funeral from her late residence, 2,979 Briggs Av., Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. Philip Neri's Church, Concourse, Bedford Park, Bronx.

PAGE.—At Centenary Collegiate Institute, Jan. 26, 1919, Elizabeth Laurie, beloved daughter of Laurence S. and Emma Jowitt Page. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the service at the home of her parents, Chatham, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2:15, on arrival of Lackawanna Railroad train leaving Hoboken at 1:03 P. M. Boston papers please copy.

PANEK.—Jan. 27, Eugenia Panek, aged 28 years. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St.

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Died.

PHYFE.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, Mary Agnes, daughter of the late Duncan Phyfe and Caroline A. Phyfe, at her residence, 706 Asbury Av., Asbury Park, N. J. Funeral service at Trinity Church, Asbury Park, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

PISE.—Jan. 25, Elizabeth Allison Pise, beloved daughter of Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Charles T. A. Pise. Funeral services at St. James's Church, Goshen, N. Y., Tuesday, Jan. 28, on arrival of Erie train leaving Chambers St., 9:10 A. M., or 23d St., 8:50 A. M. Trains returning 1:06 and 4:06 P. M. Please omit flowers.

PRINGLE.—On Jan. 26, Edward Lambert, aged 30 years, son of Mary E. and the late William B. Pringle. Services at his late residence, 541 West 124th St., Tuesday evening, 8:30.

REIDY.—On Jan. 27, 1919, John Foley Reidy, beloved husband of Marjery and son of Catherine Reidy, at his residence, 841 West End Av. Funeral on Thursday at 9:45. Requiem mass at the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

ROCHE.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, Rev. Andrew T. Roche, founder and pastor of Holy Family Church, New Rochelle, son of Thomas F. Roche and Catherine Kaine. Funeral services on Wednesday, Jan. 29, Divine Office at 10 A. M., solemn requiem mass 11 A. M. Train from Grand Central, N. Y., N. H. & H. Road, 9:12 and 10:06. Automobile cortege. Interment Calvary. Kindly omit flowers.

ROETGER.—Alfred W., aged 32, Jan. 26, at Hempstead, L. I. Funeral service Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock.

ROMOSER.—Entered into the land of peace and rest on Saturday, Jan. 25, at Bronxville, N. Y., Walter Gossler Romoser, son of George and Amelia Romoser, (nee Kolling,) in his 20th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at Concordia College, Bronxville, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private.

RUSSELL.—Sunday morning, Jan. 26, 1919, Mabel Rogers, beloved wife of Charles Watson Russell. Funeral services at St. Luke's Church, Convent Av. and 141st St., Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 28, 2 o'clock.

RYER.—On Jan. 25, Louisa M., wife of Thomas Ryer, in her 69th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 64 West 31st St., Bayonne, N. J., Monday evening, Jan. 27, at 8 o'clock.

SANDS.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, John Sands, in his 77th year. Funeral services at his late home, 510 Decatur St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 8 P. M. Grant Post, 327, G. A. R., invited to attend.

SCHENCK.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Mary Adele Schenck, daughter of the late Nelson H. Banta. Services at her late residence, 517 Throop Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

SCHWARZE.—Edwin Arthur, beloved husband of Augusta Schwarze, (nee Friedmann,) and beloved son of Carl and Louise Schwarze, on Monday, Jan. 27, after a short illness, in his 31st year. Funeral service Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 340 Oceanview Av., Woodhaven, Long Island.

SCOTT.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, at his home, Pelham Manor, Walter Scott, in the 52d year of his age. Funeral services at the Church of the Redeemer, Pelham, on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 11 A. M. Train leaves Grand Central at 10:06.

SEARL.—Leon A., beloved husband of Victoria F., on Jan. 27, 1919, at Flushing, Long Island.

SEDGWICK.—Sarah Minturn, wife of Henry D. Sedgwick and eldest daughter of Susanna Shaw and the late Robert Bowne Minturn, on Jan. 26, in Boston. Funeral service at Calvary Church, 21st St. and 4th Av., on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 o'clock.

SHANLEY.—Sunday, Jan. 26, Andrew E. Shanley, beloved husband of Margaret J. Shanley, (nee Quirk,) at his residence, 148 West 91st St. Funeral from Campbell's Burial Parlors, Broadway and 66th St., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 9:30 A. M. sharp; thence to Church of St. Gregory, 90th St. and Amsterdam Av. Requiem mass at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

SHANLEY.—The Society of Restaurateurs deeply regret to announce the death of Active Member Andrew Shanley. Services will be held at the Campbell FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, at 66th St., on Wednesday, at 11 o'clock. Members will please attend. Interment Calvary Cemetery.
JOHN J. CAVANAGH, President.
HOWARD E. TAYLOR, Secretary.

SHELLEY.—Jan. 27, 1919, Frank Davis Shelley, beloved husband of Kathleen Shelley, (nee McSherry,) and beloved son of Mary Davis Shelley and the late Dr. Henry A. Shelley, at St. Luke's Hospital. Funeral from his late residence, 452 Fort Washington Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, thence to St. Ann's Church, 12th St., east of 4th Av., at 10:30 A. M., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Members of the Young Men's Democratic League, friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. Interment Calvary. Washington papers please copy.

SHERIDAN.—Joseph T., beloved son of Anna M. and Dr. Joseph P., after a short illness, Jan. 26. Funeral from his late residence, 1,002 Church St., Richmond Hill, on Wednesday, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Benedict Joseph. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

STERN.—At Cedarhurst, Sunday, Sadye Seldt Stern, dearly beloved wife of Milton. Funeral today, 1 o'clock, from Stern residence, Pacific St. Interment Machpelah Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

STOUT.—At Maplewood, N. J., on Jan. 27, 1919, Mercy A., widow of William M. Stout, in her 83d year. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 28, at 8:30 P. M., at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Edward B. Thayer, 30 Salter Place, Maplewood.

TAYLOR.—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, at her home, 1,036 Broad St., Newark, Etta May Taylor, beloved daughter of Jerome and Henrietta Selleck Taylor. Funeral and interment private.

TENNEY.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Elizabeth, baby daughter of John F. and Gena Branscombe Tenney. Funeral private.

TYSON.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at Riverside, Conn., Jan. 27, 1919, Wesley A., beloved husband of Lillie M. Tyson. Funeral private.

VALENTINE.—On Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, Miriam Wells, daughter of Lucy Munson and the late Wells Valentine. Funeral and interment at Bennington, Vt.

WARNKEN.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, Matilda, beloved wife of John Warnken and daughter of Gustave and Matilda Rohloff, in her 32d year, after a short illness, at her residence, 2,408 Cornelia St., Brooklyn. Funeral service Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral Wednesday at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

WASHBURN.—At Stony Point, N. Y., suddenly, on Friday, Jan. 24, Lucien H. Washburn, in his 52d year. Funeral services at his late residence, Stony Point, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 28, at 2:30. Carriages will be in waiting at West Haverstraw on the arrival of train leaving West 42d St. at 12:15 and train due from the north at 1:58.

Died.

WELLS.—On Jan. 26, at his late residence, 2,124 Harrison Av., Bronx, Charles Gilbert Wells. Funeral private.

WELTON.—Herbert Hamilton Welton, member of the First Precinct, in the 56th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 56 East 41st St., on Tuesday morning, Jan. 28, at 10:30 A. M. Masonic service of the Eastern Star Lodge, F. and A. M., No. 227, will be held Monday evening, Jan. 27, at his late residence, 56 East 41st St., at 8:15. Friends are cordially invited. Automobile cortege to Kensico Cemetery.

WILLIAMS.—Frederic Henderson, beloved son of Lieutenant and Mrs. Payne Williams, on Monday, Jan. 27, at the Post Graduate Hospital, in his sixth month. Funeral private from his late residence, 3,091 Eastern Boulevard, Westchester, New York City. Boston and Fitchburg, Mass., papers please copy.

WILLIAMS.—At Paris, France, Carl M. Williams, son of Mrs. M. R. Williams of Grand View, N. Y., of pneumonia.

WILSON.—At Oyster Bay, L. I., Friday, Jan. 24, Gordon J. Wilson. Funeral Tuesday afternoon at 3 P. M., private.

YOUNG.—At Hotel Bristol, 129 West 48th St., Cora Young, (nee Furst,) widow of Bertram L. Young. Notice of funeral later. Cincinnati papers please copy.

YOUNG.—Jan. 27, Eva Bailey Young, aged 27. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St.

In Memoriam.

COURTENAY.—In loving memory of our beloved mother, Elizabeth Hall Courtenay, Jan. 28, 1916.

DE LUNA.—In sad and loving remembrance of a devoted husband and father of Siro B. de Luna, who passed away Jan. 28, 1918. Gone but not forgotten.
WIFE AND SONS.

DODGE.—In sad and loving remembrance of Helen Todd Dodge, who passed into the life eternal, 28th of January, 1915.
"In peace that only thou canst give."

FINNEY.—In loving memory of my father, Samuel Robert Finney, who died Jan. 28, 1918.
HELEN B. FINNEY.

NATHAN.—In loving memory of our beloved father, Hugo Nathan, who departed Jan. 28, 1918. Gone but not forgotten.

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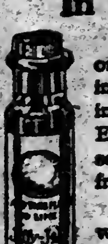
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We're *complete* outfitters. A size for every build up to "54 stout."

*"Bigfelo" pajamas are all that the name suggests.

Our other pajamas specialties are *"Shortfelo" and *"Longfelo."

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A Real Plum Just Ripe for Picking.

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POISON from clogged intestines overloads your system and causes rheumatism. PLUTO clears your intestines and regulates your kidneys—gives relief. Also beneficial in treatment of kidney, liver and stomach troubles and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and for sale at all drug stores, hotels, clubs and on trains.

Large Bottle 45c
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CHANGE TO
REIS
UNION SUITS

STALLINGS SEEKS A TRADE TO BE RELIEVED OF HERZOGS' $10,000 CONTRACT

WOULD SEND HERZOG BACK TO NEW YORK

Boston Braves Scheming Three-Cornered Trade with the Pirates and Giants.

McGRAW WANTS COOPER

Manager Cannot See How Second Baseman Would Strengthen His Present Lineup.

Although the Boston club of the National League is trying to put through a three-cornered baseball deal with the Giants and Pittsburgh, Manager McGraw said yesterday that as far as he knew there was little chance of the trade being negotiated. The Boston club wants to get rid of Charley Herzog and his large $10,000 contract. New York wants to get Wilbur Cooper, the left-handed pitcher, while the Boston club is anxious to get two or three good players. Boston figured that McGraw could use Herzog in a trade for Cooper.

According to Manager McGraw, there is little chance of Herzog coming back to the Giants. The New York leader said yesterday that if he believed that the return of Herzog would strengthen the club he would not hesitate to get him back. In baseball, McGraw says he would not allow personalities to interfere with any policy which might improve the team's chances. He pointed out, however, that Herzog has a heavy contract and that for the past two seasons he has fallen off in his batting. McGraw fails to see where Herzog would be an improvement on any of the players now with the club.

McGraw said that he had already made an offer to the Pirates for Cooper but the club was not inclined to part with the left-hander. New York has several players who could be used to advantage by either Boston or Pittsburgh, but a three-cornered trade which would satisfy all parties concerned would be difficult to negotiate.

The Boston club, it is stated, may have to release Herzog, because they have decided that they cannot carry him at the present contract price. It is certain that no club would take him in a trade unless this contract was in some way modified. Herzog last year signed a contract for two years at $10,000 a year.

The recent separation of the major and minor leagues has left the majors in a quandary about what to do with their surplus players. In the past, the youngsters who have been given a trial on the Southern trips have been farmed out to minor leagues under an optional aggreement, whereby the majors could recall the players if necessary.

There will be so many players to be turned back to the minors after the Spring training trips that it is certain that minors cannot afford to buy them all. If they are sold to the minors and later in the season the majors want them back they will be forced to pay higher prices than they paid in the first place, and the present system is going to entail extra expense to all concerned.

There are several major league club owners who advocate an extension of the player limit beyond twenty-one players, so that each club could carry a number of younsters and develop them as the season goes along. If a major league club should run into a stretch of hard luck, as it often does, and have three or four players on the injured list at one time, it would be at a decided disadvantage under the twenty-one-player limit. This is only one of the many situations which are sure to arise over the break of the majors and minors, and many baseball men believe that one season will be enough to show the minors that they are better off under the old terms of the national agreement.

The St. Louis club is trying to arrange a trade whereby they can spare Second Baseman Ray Schmandt of Brooklyn who is a St. Louis boy. Rickey talked the matter over when he was at the baseball meetings here a couple of weeks ago. Catcher Snyder is one of the players who may figure in the deal with the Dodgers.

Jack Hendricks, who managed the St. Louis Cardinals last season, may go back to Indianapolis and pilot the Hoosiers next year. He had a conference yesterday with President James C. McGill of the Indianapolis Club of the American Association meeting in Chicago. Branch Rickey has announced that he would take the job of managing the Cardinals. The St. Louis situation is likely to be upset at any time, however, because the club may be sold unless a number of outstanding notes are extended.

The rumor was revived in Chicago yesterday that Charles Webb Murphy, former owner of the Cubs, would soon buy a franchise in the American Association and attempt to plant it at the old West Side Park, the former home of the Cubs in the Windy City. The plan, it was reported yesterday, was to merger the St. Paul and Indianapolis franchises.

This yarn, however, isn't taken seriously by baseball men, for when the majors and minors separated it was understood that each would recognize the territorial rights of the other. To place a club in Chicago would be a direct violation of this understanding.

Bernie Boland, the Detroit pitcher, who defended the Yankees during the last few seasons nearly every time he walked out to the mound, has signed his contract for the coming season, so that adds just one more thing for Manager Huggins's lads to worry about.

TO FIX ROWING DATES.

Columbus Crew Will Race in Childs Cup Regatta.

Detailed plans for Columbia's rowing program for the coming season will be announced after the meeting of the American Rowing Association, but in the absence of a definite statement, Charles Halsted Maped, Chairman of the university Committee on Athletics, let it be known yesterday that the Blue and White will fashion its schedule this year on the model of those prevailing before the war, except that it will not be topped off with an intercollegiate regatta at Poughkeepsie.

The 'Varsity eight of the Blue and White will row in the Childs Cup regatta. There has been an invitation received from Annapolis to send a crew to the Severn to row the Middies, but whether this will be accepted or not has not been decided.

At the association meeting plans for an intercollegiate regatta over a short course are to be discussed. This race would probably include Pennsylvania, Cornell, Princeton, and the navy. It is said that Yale would like to row a race with Columbia, and may invite Columbia to take Cornell's place in the proposed Cornell-Princeton-Yale race on the Housatonic, if the Ithacans cannot send a crew to Connecticut.

TO HOLD SPRING MEETING.

United Hunts Association Will Have Two Days of Racing.

The United Hunts Racing Association at a meeting yesterday afternoon decided to hold a two-day Spring meeting at Belmont Park Terminal about the middle of May. Steeplechase and flat events will be run at this meeting.

Rufus C. Finch of Plainfield, N. J., was elected to the Membership Committee of the association. The committee members present at the meeting were I. J. R. Muurling, President of the association; Captain Joseph E. Irwin, F. Ambrose Clark, Frank J. Bryan, Morton L. Schwartz, H. A. Bourne, and H. D. Tallmadge.

IMPROVE N. Y. TENNIS CLUB.

Plans Will Be Announced at Annual Meeting Tonight.

The annual meeting of the New York Tennis Club will be held at the Republican Club this evening, when officers will be elected. The Nominating Committee has made the following recommendations: President, C. B. Winne; Vice President, Dr. Wallace Krugler; Treasurer, Louis S. Bailey; Secretary, Stanley L. Butler; Captain, H. J. Steinkampf; Governors for two years, Maskell E. Fox and Dr. George B. Stanwix.

An amendment concerning the membership limit will also be submitted, as follows: "The membership of the club shall be left to the discretion of the Board of Governors, but at no time shall the men membership exceed 200, nor the women membership exceed 100, nor the junior membership exceed 50."

Plans will also be submitted for improving the courts and grounds generally, as well as the clubhouse.

FARRELL BACK ON TEAM.

Columbia Forward Has Quick Recovery from Injury.

Columbia will not send a crippled basket ball team against Princeton on Thursday after all, for Tom Farrell, right forward and acting Captain of the five, who turned his ankle in the game with Pennsylvania on Saturday night, reported for practice yesterday, and had a short workout. The swelling had departed from the ankle, so that he was able to play without difficulty.

Vollmers, who substituted for Johnson in the closing minutes of Saturday's game, will make a desperate fight to win the place permanently. Against the Quakers he showed good form, and expects to get a chance to play in the Princeton contest.

VAN BUREN IS MEDALIST.

High Scores Prevail in Palm Beach Golf Tourney.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 27.—The qualifying round of the Lakeworth tourney, first of the annual golf contests to be played here this season, produced only mediocre golf today. J. R. Van Buren of New York was the medalist, with a card of 77. Most of the good players whose names have figured in past Palm Beach tournaments were missing. The cards were all high, an 85 being enough to get into the first flight. One fluke was that of J. B. Elwell of New York, medalist last year with 72, whose card today was 92, putting him into the third division. The field was not typical of the usual Palm Beach tournaments, but may be expected to improve with early February arrivals.

The Score, First Flight.—J. R. Van Buren, New York, 77; Charles Hathaway, New York, 78; M. A. Carroll, New York, 78; Douglas W. Paige, New York, 79; Alfred Morrell, New York, 81; Colonel J. E. Smith, Wilmington, 82; O. L. Gubleman, Essex County, 82; A. W. Cameron, Philadelphia, 83; Harold Vanderbilt, New York, 83; H. C. Clark, Myopia, 84; J. N. Wallace, Jr., Rockland County, 84; George E. Warren, Essex County, 84; A. F. Hunton, St. Davids, 85; T. Frothingham, Jr., Essex County, 86; S. G. Wilcox, New York, 85; A. G. Mellwaine, New York, 85.

NINE STRAIGHT VICTORIES.

Barnard Five Defeats Adelphi by Score of 50 to 10.

Barnard School's basket ball quintet annexed its ninth straight victory yesterday when it overwhelmed the Adelphi Academy of Brooklyn five in a one-sided game on the Barnard court. The score was 50 to 10. The successful team outclassed the Brooklyn schoolboys from the start. At the end of the first half, Barnard's players were leading by 22 to 7. Robertson was the victorious team's chief scorer. He made twelve field baskets.

The line-up:

Barnard. (50.)	Position.	Adelphi. (10.)
Bolles	R. F.	Knite
Farrell	L. F.	Morumm
Robertson	C.	Michel
Tighe	R. G.	Smalley
Hubbell	L. G.	Lewis

Field goals—Bolles, (5.) Farrell, (4.) T. Bailey, (2.) Robertson, (12.) Campbell, Hubbell, Knite, (3.) Morumm. Goals from foul—Knite, (2.) Substitutions: For Barnard School—T. Bailey for Farrell, Campbell for Tighe, A. Bailey for Hubbell. For Adelphi—McMahon for Morumm. Referee—William T. Cooper, De Witt Clinton High School. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

Jersey City Player Dies.

Jake Pelz, left fielder of the Jersey City International League team, died today in that city from an attack of influenza. Pelz, who was 23 years old, gave promise of becoming a great player.

SHOW HONORS WON BY AMERICAN PEKE

Mrs. Michael Van Beuren's Chang Chio Adjudged Best in Pekingese Exhibit at Hotel Plaza.

Mrs. Michael Van Beuren, daughter of the late John D. Archbold, carried off the honors yesterday in the tenth annual show of the Pekingese Club of America, held at the Hotel Plaza. Mrs. Van Beuren, with Chang Chio of Sunnyfields Farm, an American-bred Peke, captured the prize for best of show over a competitive field of 248 of this popular breed of canine. This success gave Mrs. Van Beuren a leg on the trophy valued at $500, offered for competition by the late J. Pierpont Morgan.

In addition to this victory, Mrs. Van Beuren's entry also received the award for the best American-bred Pekingese exhibited, which gave her a leg on the cup offered by the late James Gordon Bennett, who was a former honorary president of the Pekingese Club of America. This cup, also, is valued at $500.

The show was held for the benefit of the Fatherless Children of France, Inc., and from every standpoint was the most successful in the history of the organization. American-bred Pekes carried off the majority of prizes offered, outscoring their foreign rivals.

Mrs. Van Beuren's victory with Chang Chio of Sunnyfields Farm made the second time in the history of the club that an American-bred dog has been given the best of show prize. The former winner was Miss Lydia Hopkins of California, who in 1914 captured the show's best award with Hop Ting of Downshire.

Cairnwhin Tinto, an imported female, was runner-up to Mrs. Van Buren's entry. Cairnwhin Tinto, in the three previous shows, won the prize for best of show. The prize for second best dog went to Miss Warren, with Lee Wah, another American-bred Peke.

The show attracted a number of newcomers, who shared in many of the prizes distributed. The most successful was Mrs. Charles E. Engels of New Rochelle, who was particularly successful in the lightweight classes with Sen Wah.

The awards:

Winners.—Chang-Chio of Sunnyfields; reserve, Pah Kow Kennels' Lowa of Pah Kow.

Class 12—Open, Red or Sable.—Won by Mrs. M. M. Van Beuren's Chang-Chio of Sunnyfields; second, Mrs. F. F. Mathis's Sutherland Ave Chen-Who; third, Mrs. E. Wan by Mrs. M. E. Harty's Champion Chu Jen of Teddington; second, Mrs. J. Hodgen's Buz Boy; third, Mrs. D. B. Wiswell's Pao Ying.

Class 14—Open Black or Black and Tan—Won by Mrs. Clinton Irwin Martin's Li Chang of Marlmar.

Class 15—Open, Parti-Color.—Won by Mrs. Arthur L. Holland's Champion Wee-Choo of Hydegree; second, Mrs. H. A. Baxter's Bobbie; third, Mrs. B. B. Jenks's How Wong of Hydegree.

Class 16—Open, Eight Pounds and Under.—Won by Mrs. F. A. Sawyer's Sun-Lo.

Class 17—Open, Over Eight Pounds.—Won by Mrs. Arthur L. Holland's Champion Nowata Swinley Li Lien; second, Mrs. Thomas Hastings's Bagatelle Ming; third, Mrs. J. Hodges's Buz Boy.

Class 18—Open, not Exceeding Six Pounds.—Won by Misses Lowther's Tchip of Arcedy; second, Mrs. Thomas Hastings's Bagatelle Ming; third, Mrs. J. Hodges's Buz Boy.

Class 31—Open, red or sable.—Won by Mrs. Harper's Champion Cairnwhin Tinto of Hydegree; second, Mrs. C. Ludlow's Chin Ki Chu of Alderbourne; third, Mrs. C. E. Engel's Nowata of Burton-on-Dee.

Class 32.—Open, biscuit or gray brindle—Won by Mrs. F. T. Clarke's Fairfax Fai Tu of Alderbourne; second, Mrs. D. B. Wiswell's Dala Sing; third, Miss Marie Shaw's Shirl of Alderbourne.

Class 33.—Open, black, or black and tan—Won by Mrs. Palmer Campbell's Rsel Ch Chiu; second, Mrs. Grace E. Jackson's Nell of Hayside; third, Mrs. C. W. Chapin's Lam-Pi of Nipahe.

Class 35.—Open, eight pounds and under.—Won by Mrs. Harper's Champion Cairnwhin Tinto of Hydegree; second, Mrs. F. Y. Mathis's Sing Koo.

Class 36.—Open, over eight pounds—Won by Mrs. C. I. Irwin's Muf Tee of Marlmar; second, Mrs. J. Hodges's Fun Yen Dream Girl.

Class 37.—Open, not exceeding six pounds—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harty's Nowata Wee Yen; second, Misses Lowther's Ta-Su of Clamarlow.

Class 38.—Open, any weight and any color—Won by Mrs. Harper's Champion Cairnwhin Tinto of Hydegree; second, Mrs. C. Engel's Sen Wah of Shir-Leigh; third, Mrs. F. Y. Mathis's Sing Koo.

Winners.—Won by Mrs. Harper's Champion Cairnwhin Tinto of Hydegree; reserve, Mrs. F. T. Clarke's Fairfax Fai Tu of Alderbourne.

FAST BOUTS ON BATTLESHIP

Sailors on U. S. S. Mississippi Enjoy K. of C. Boxing Show.

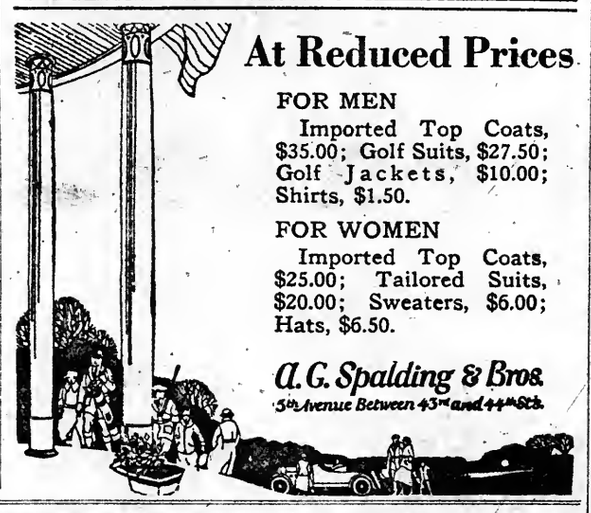
The jackies of the U. S. S. Mississippi saw a real boxing show of a half a dozen fast bouts last night, with General Secretary Michael J. Hogan of the Knights of Columbus as master of ceremonies. Dan Morgan was the director and Pete Prunty the announcer. The bouts were witnessed by nearly 1,000 sailors and one woman, who had a ringside seat.

The sailors not only enjoyed the boxing, but Secretary Hogan distributed 5,000 packages of cigarettes, 500 packages of tobacco, and 500 pounds of candy. The bout which pleased the sailors most was the mill between the two negro heavyweights, Smoke Kelly and Harry Wills. Kelly weighed about 245 pounds, but Wills toyed with him and won as he pleased.

Frankie Burns and Steve Connolly, the bantamweight champion of the fleet, had a lively three-round bout, and so did Kid Carter and Jack Britton. Eddie Fitzsimmons of Yonkers and Leo Johnson of Harlem added three rounds of real action, and Jimmy Duffy of Lockport boxed three rounds with Young Compton, a welterweight of the Mississippi. Jack London and Harry Robertson of Chicago also boxed three rounds.

S. T. Walton, Horseman, Dead.

Word reached this city yesterday of the death at Colorado Springs of S. T. Walton, for many years Secretary of the Washington Jockey Club. Mr. Walton was among the most popular and best-known horsemen on the American turf during the period of the Washington Jockey Club's existence.



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FOR MEN
Imported Top Coats, $35.00; Golf Suits, $27.50; Golf Jackets, $10.00; Shirts, $1.50.

FOR WOMEN
Imported Top Coats, $25.00; Tailored Suits, $20.00; Sweaters, $6.00; Hats, $6.50.

A. G. Spalding & Bros.
5th Avenue Between 43rd and 44th Sts.

Even Distribution of Load Means Lower Operating Cost

Chassis $2050

The balanced construction of the Autocar—load evenly distributed on front and rear wheels—makes for economy in upkeep—less wear and tear on wearing parts and tires.

Autocars have been an important factor in the delivery service of Richard E. Thibaut, Inc., New York City. Their first was purchased in 1911. They now have a fleet of Autocars each averaging 65 miles a day.

The system of Factory Branches established by The Autocar Company assures complete maintenance service.

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Autocar

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NEW HIGH AVERAGE MADE BY NEUSTADT

Class C Billiard Player Scores 73-21 in Tournament Match at Lawler's Academy.

J. Neustadt, the young Brooklyn amateur, made a new average record yesterday for the national Class C 18.2 balk line billiard championship tournament which is being played at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. In defeating Charles J. Steinbugler in the opening game of the final round play, Neustadt returned an average of 73-21 for his 150 points. This effort eclipses the former record average of 5 10-28, which Neustadt made some time ago.

Neustadt probably never before displayed such good form with the cue. He tallied his 150 points with a consistency which was impressive, while Steinbugler, in twenty turns at the table, collected only 55 points. Neustadt led from start to finish, and while he showed unusual ability at nursing the balls once he had them in position he was also called upon to negotiate some difficult shots at times. Invariably however, the young Brooklynite succeeded with the unusual attempts. Neustadt had high runs of 23 20, and 17.

Steinbugler's game was far below the standard of play he showed in the elimination round. Frequently during the contest, Neustadt left the ivories in favorable positions for his rival, but Steinbugler missed with a consistency which surprised his admirers. His highest individual effort showed 14 points.

Ferdinand Unger defeated James Blaisdell and the latter lost in the evening to Gus Gardner. S. Brussel defeated J. R. Langdon.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAMES.

J. Neustadt—2 0 20 9 1 1 17 23 1 6 1 3 6 2 15 2 17 7 7 4—150. Average—7 3-21. High runs—23, 20, 17.

C. Steinbugler—6 0 0 0 5 5 1 0 1 6 2 9 0 0 3 0 1 1 3 2 4—55. Average—2 15-20. High run—14.

F. Unger—5 5 1 12 8 6 7 5 9 6 7 2 0 5 14 10 7 1 5 2 0 2 7 0 1 9 5 0 3 10 0 11 2—150. Average—4 18-33. High run—14.

J. S. Blaisdell—3 4 2 3 1 3 2 2 6 5 0 2 5 1 3 1 2 0 3 1 1 4 2 1 10 1 4 0 1 2 0 9—85. Average—2 10-33. High run—14.

EVENING GAMES.

S. Brussel—0 7 0 7 0 6 0 16 0 18 4 2 1 10 13 22 2 1 0 11 0 11 19—150. Average—6 12-23. High runs—22, 19.

J. Langdon—0 0 0 0 0 0 1 6 0 0 1 0 4 0 0 0 2 5 6 6 0 10 5—40. Average—1 18-22. High runs—12, 11.

Gus Gardner—0 6 0 2 7 3 7 4 22 8 3 6 3 2 4 10 3 2 0 1 1 1 2 3 0 1 0 4 3 0 2 5 12 5 3—150. Average—4 18-33. High runs—22, 17.

J. S. Blaisdell—5 0 4 0 8 0 11 0 3 11 6 0 1 0 2 0 1 0 2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 9 1 6 1 5 0 5 10 6—110. Average—3 17-33. High runs—12, 11.

Bashan Outpoints Shevlin.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Johnny Bashan, champion welterweight of England, tonight defeated Eddie Shevlin of Boston, champion welterweight of the United States Navy, on points in a fifteen-round bout. The contest took place at the National Sporting Club.

Men's Banister Shoes
Tan Russia Calf, Black Calf and Patent Colt
Reduced to
$8.45
PARKER & DIEMER
1376 BROADWAY

SOLDIERS and Sailors returning to civilian life have the opportunity to replenish their Civilian Wardrobes in this annual reduction sale of Weber and Heilbroner suits and overcoats.

No Charge for Alterations

Weber and Heilbroner

Five Clothing Stores

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ACTUAL FACTS

About Conditions of Sanitation and Fire Safety in the Dress and Waist Shops of New York City

114 Shops Have Serious Fire Dangers; 330 Shops Have Dirty Walls, Dirty Ceilings, Dirty Water Closets, Etc.

In an advertisement printed in yesterday's newspapers, the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association challenges the statement made by President Schlesinger of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union about the unsanitary and unsafe conditions in the dress and waist shops of New York City.

The following letter by Dr. George M. Price, Director of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control in the dress and waist industry of New York City, fully substantiates the facts and figures given by Mr. Schlesinger to Mayor Hylan. We reproduce this letter in order that the public may not be misled by the advertisements of the Manufacturers' Association:

OFFICERS
Wm. Jay Schieffelin, Ph. D., Chairman.
Henry Moskowitz, Ph. D., Secretary.
Lillian D. Wald, Chairman Executive Committee.
George M. Price, M. D., Director

The
Joint Board of Sanitary Control
in the
Cloak, Suit and Skirt
and the
Dress and Waist Industries

OFFICES: ROOMS 907-15
Thirty-one Union Square West
New York
Telephone: Stuyvesant 7063-7064

DIVISIONS
First Aid and Nursing
Sanitary Inspection
Loft Certification
Fire Drills
Education
Medical
Dental
Tuberculosis Sanatorium

Mr. Benjamin Schlesinger, President, Jan. 27, 1919
International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union,
New York City.

Dear Sir—

I have your inquiry of January 27, asking me for a copy of the records as to the number of defective shops in the Dress and Waist Industry, as submitted to the Board at its meeting of Dec. 5, 1918. In compliance with your request I beg to inform you as follows:

There were in this industry altogether 825 shops with 25,268 workers. Of the 825 shops there were 149 in which no defects whatever have been found (62 Association shops and 87 non-Association shops.) There were 676 shops with defects, of which 175 belonged to members of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association and 501 were non-Association shops.

As to the classification of defects, there were 114 shops in the Dress and Waist industry having serious fire danger, and 330 shops having dirty walls, ceilings, water closets, etc. Very truly yours,

G M P. S. *GEORGE M. PRICE, Director.*

EQUALLY UNTRUE

The statement by the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association in the same advertisement that "The leaders of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, in conference with the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, absolutely refused to consider any working agreement until the Association would agree to assure every worker employment for life after she had been in any manufacturer's employ for two weeks," is equally untrue. **No such demand was ever made by the Union.**

Mr. Schlesinger, in his letter to Mayor Hylan of January 15th, made the position of the Union on the question of discharge clear in the following paragraph:

> The question of the employers' right to discharge workers is not as difficult as has been made to appear by the employers. The Board of Arbitration, under the chairmanship of Justice Louis D. Brandeis and Judge Julian W. Mack, has on many occasions decided that the employers have **the right to discharge any worker for fair, just and reasonable cause,** but the Board has held that in view of the fact that the workers under the protocol had surrendered their legal right to strike as a remedy against abuses of the employers' prerogatives, they are entitled to a substitute for such remedy in the form of a machinery for the speedy adjustment of their complaints against unreasonable and unjust discharges. We are prepared to meet them on either side of the proposition; they may claim absolute freedom to discharge their workers justly or unjustly, fairly or unfairly, and in that case we must reserve our right to secure redress against abuses of unfair employers by such means as we have at our command; or they may limit their right of discharge, and in that event we shall be quite ready to surrender our rights to strike against discharges.

INTERNATIONAL LADIES' GARMENT WORKERS' UNION
Affiliated with American Federation of Labor, 31 Union Square.

PLAN INTER-STATION MAIL SUBWAY HERE

Representative Oliver of New York Asks Congress for $1,500,000 Appropriation.

SAYS BURLESON APPROVES

Declares Post Office Department Intends to Extend Tunnel to Old Post Office.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—By the terms of a bill introduced in the House today by Representative Oliver of New York it is proposed to build a mail tunnel from the Grand Central Station to the Pennsylvania Station in New York at an estimated cost of $1,500,000. Mr. Oliver said the project had the approval of Postmaster General Burleson, who recommended it in his annual report.

The plans of the Post Office Department, Mr. Oliver said, contemplated extending the tunnel eventually to the old Post Office in City Hall Square, but the building of the proposed tubes would carry the mail directly from the Grand Central to the new Post Office, Eighth Avenue and Thirty-third Street.

The construction of an inter-terminal mail subway, which has been under favorable consideration by the Post Office Department since 1913, was recommended by Postmaster General Burleson in his last annual message, at which time he asked an appropriation of $1,500,000. Subsequently it was decided that the project should be separated from the general annual appropriation.

The proposed subway would be a radical departure from the tube system to which Mr. Burleson has been so unalterably opposed. It would be big enough not only to transport all the mail between Grand Central and the Pennsylvania Station, but for a great many years, until the bulk of mails greatly increases, it would suffice for the movement of much express and baggage, notably for the transportation of the many thousands of trunks, which now have to be hauled overground from one station to the other.

It is planned to make the subway 11 feet wide and 6 feet high above the rails, and equipped with a double track designed for the operation of cars 8 feet long, 4 feet high, and 3 feet 10 inches wide. The cars proposed are to have closed sides but open ends, and to be built to transport crates with open sides and closed ends. At the terminals the trucks would be wheeled direct to the distributing rooms and replaced with others loaded with mails for the other end. Thus all rehandling would be avoided.

Two Routes Considered.

Two routes have been contemplated for the proposed subway. One would run the subway across Forty-second Street to Eighth Avenue, and thence to the new Post Office and the Pennsylvania Station. The other would be straight down Lexington Avenue to Thirty-fourth Street, across to Eighth Avenue, and into the Post Office and the station. In view of the fact that it is hoped eventually to extend the tube to the downtown Post Office and to Brooklyn, some engineers think the first-named route would be better.

The amount of mail matter now transported between the two stations averages something like 20,000 pouches and sacks daily, and weighing from 650 to 700 tons, and is steadily increasing. The mails are trucked now on the surface 1.51 miles, requiring about 77 trips daily.

Just before the outbreak of the war the Electric Carrier Company, of which M. E. Sturges is President, H. H. Rogers and Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan Vice Presidents, and E. R. Sutton of the Interborough engineering staff, Secretary, constructed at Paterson, N. J., a full-size plant of the type with which it is proposed to equip the mail subway. This company, which, according to statements made to Postmaster General Burleson, was backed financially by Cornelius Vanderbilt, operated for several months this three-phase automatic railway in which one motor element, the primary, is carried on the car, and the secondary on the track, both being flat. The cars were operated automatically from dispatching stations. Reports of its operation by Stillwell and Putnam were put before Mr. Burleson before he recommended the construction of the subway.

In a statement commenting upon the introduction of the bill, former Postmaster Edward H. Morgan last night asserted that Mr. Burleson had induced its presentation, though the House Post Office Committee originally was against it. Mr. Morgan declared himself as emphatically in favor of such tubes, and said that he was, in fact, Chairman of the committee that first worked out a scheme for a trunk line system of such tubes years ago. He said the introduction of the bill meant the abandonment of Mr. Burleson's "ridiculous contention" that the mails of great cities could be delivered satisfactorily overground.

The statement asserted that it was the purpose of the proposers of the subway plan to have a system to carry eventually "substantially everything sold by the big stores," though this, it explained, did not appear on the face of the bill.

Mr. Morgan, who was ousted by Postmaster General Burleson in the face of much opposition, returned to his attack on the Postmaster General for abandoning the pneumatic tubes, asserting that his former chief's attitude on the question was indefensible, and that though the British Government already had built demonstration tubes and meant to enlarge them it had no intention of abandoning them for a complete tunnel system with automatic cars, which was yet on paper.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Hale & Norcross	.01
Alta	.02	Jacket	.03
Andes	.03	Mexican	.10
Best & Belcher	.01	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.10
Caledonia	.02	Overman	.01
Challenge Con	.03	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.03	Savage	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.05
Con. Virginia	.05	Union Con.	.10
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.77½
TONOPAH.		Booth	.13
Belmont	2.60	Florence	.13
Brougher Divide	.26	Goldfield Con	.20
Cash Boy	.07	Goldfield Merger	.05
Gold Zone	.21	Great Bend	.03
Halifax	.26	Jumbo Ext	.13
Jim Butler	.35	Kewanas	.05
McNamara	.30	Lone Star	.06
Midway	.35	Silver Pick	.04
Mizpah	.05	Spearhead	.17
Monarch Pitts	.08	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Montana	.14	Manhattan Con	.04
North Star	.06	Nevada Hills	.03
Rescue	.07	Packard	.25
Tonopah Divide	3.30	Rochester	.26
Tonopah Ext	2.15	Round Mountain	.32
West End	1.25	United Eastern	4.07½
West Tonopah	.14	White Caps	.13
GOLDFIELD.			
Atlanta	.04		

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Heavy Buying of Dresses.

From reports received in the trade the sale of women's dresses this season has been very good. Voiles and ginghams have been big sellers. The amount of business obtained so far this month by one of the firms selling this class of merchandise shows an increase of $40,000 over the same month of last year. On the higher priced lines, including georgette, silk, satin and combinations of georgette and satin, re-orders are being received almost daily. The only question now is being able to make prompt shipments.

More Knitted Neckwear Sold.

After checking up the sales that have so far been made this season on men's knitted silk neckwear, it was said by one of the makers that at least 50 per cent. more merchandise has been sold. Both in the local and out-of-town trade there has been a steady increase in the sale of this neckwear that retails from $2.50 up. Fancy patterns in subdued colors are selling equally as well this season as the plain staple lines.

Will Advance Price of Waists.

With the arrival of the out-of-town waist buyers, the sale of Georgette and crepe de chine waists has increased greatly. In some instances, the stocks in the hands of the manufacturers are very low. It was said yesterday by one of the makers that, in view of the settlement of the strike, it would be necessary to advance the prices on some lines from 15 to 25 per cent. Buyers who placed their orders early have avoided this, but those who have been holding off will have to pay more for their merchandise.

After the Better Goods.

Unlike many other lines at present, there is very little discussion in the women's neckwear trade by buyers regarding the prices. Although the orders that are now being taken are not exceptionally large, they are being duplicated more often. From what the men on the road say, and also judging from the goods that are being purchased by out-of-town buyers who are now in the city, the higher priced lines are more in demand.

Silk Sweaters Selling Well.

Salesmen who have returned from the West and Pacific Coast with the Spring lines of women's pure silk thread sweaters say that the business has increased at least 25 per cent. Buyers in every section were very much interested in the new offerings, especially those that retail at from $25 to $65 apiece. Owing to the number of new styles and colors shown, the buying this year was much heavier than in former seasons. Through the East and in the local trade the sales have shown a considerable increase.

Muslin Underwear Reduced.

The decrease in the sale of muslin underwear has led to a reduction in price amounting to 33 per cent., the additional 8 per cent. having been made a few days ago, according to firms in this line. Even this, it is said, has not proved much of an inducement to buyers. Another firm in the same business said it had not reduced the price, but was giving the retailers more value for the money. It also asserted that business is very satisfactory, considering the present outlook in the trade.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Notice was sent to the trade yesterday by B. B. & R. Knight, Inc., that the price of 4-4 Fruit of the Loom muslin had been advanced for 21½ cents, net sixty days, and that orders for future delivery would be taken "at value" only.

Cooper & Grapes, coat and suit makers, have removed from 302 Fifth Avenue to larger quarters at 30-34 West Twenty-sixth Street.

The local office of O'Connor, Moffatt & Co. of San Francisco, which is now at 114 Fifth Avenue, will be removed to 432 Fourth Avenue on Saturday.

Other Business News and Advertising on Pages 12 and 13.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

SIMON, BUHLER & BAUMAN, INC., of 29 Broadway, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $30,803 and assets of $11,957, consisting of cash, $2,633; stock, $2,145, and stocks, bonds, &c., $7,179. Among the largest creditors are H. H. Freund, $10,792; E. A. Best & Co., $1,692; Cleveland Steel Casting Company, $1,634, and Ingersoll-Rand Company, $866.

Judge Mayer has granted discharges to the following bankrupts: Louis Peck, 567 West 149th Street, individually and as a member of the firm of Peck & Scoboloff, builders; Solomon Solomonoff, 24 Lenox Avenue, formerly in the jewelry business in Paris; Ferdinand Friedenthal, wholesale leaf tobacco, &c.; Andrew Madison, chauffeur, 102 West End Avenue; Catherine Haverty, now Catherine McDermitt, 158 East Forty-sixth Street, formerly taxicab business.

DRY DOCK FURNITURE COMPANY of 152 Avenue C. Judge Mayer has issued an order dismissing the petition in bankruptcy against this company upon consent of creditors who, it is stated, have been paid in full.

KLOPPER BROS., INC., printers of 165 William Street; an order has been issued confirming a composition of creditors with this corporation on a 50 per cent. basis. 35 per cent. in cash and 15 per cent. in interest-bearing notes of 5 per cent. each, payable in three, six, and nine months.

LOUIS SEILER, furniture, of 26 Avenue A. An order has been issued confirming a composition of creditors on a 40 per cent. cash basis.

THE STANDARD PRESS of 181 Park Row has assigned to David Greenfield. The partners are Joseph Cohen and William Greenfield.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Jan. 27.—The Capital Baking Company of Albany filed a petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $11,076 and assets of $1,150.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., Jan. 27.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy against the Howard Shipyards and Dock Company of Jeffersonville, one of the most widely known concerns of the kind on inland waters, was filed in the United States District Court here today. The company also controls yards at Mound City, Ill.; Madison, Ind., and Cincinnati. No statement of assets and liabilities was given.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Bing & Bing Const. Co.—Dempsey Cont. Co. $1,865.80
Bacher, Ziche & Tannie—L. Zemel....188.65
Callahan, Cornelius, by guardian—B. S. Coler 424.38
Callahan, Rosanna, by guardian—B. S. Coler 400.77
Clarke, Wm. E.—F. E. Kleinschmidt...330.20
Same—Same 466.20
Commercial Delivery Co.—L. Mark....112.15
Cioccoline, Guido—M. J. Rougeron....947.40
Dunisavy, John—Clausen-Flanagan-Brewery 107.30
Davenport, Wm. E.—Park & Tilford....918.97
Douglas Realty Co. and Louisa A. Finck, executrix—S. E. Furnald....1,514.68
Engel, Harry—J. C. Smith....169.20
Farr, George G.—A. Van Opstal et al...359.65
Fogel, William—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., costs 118.43
Fell, Edgar—M. G. Fell, costs....111.25
Friedman, Harry, adm.—Hudson Navigation Co., costs....108.95
51-53 Maiden Lane—Meyer-Denker-Sinram Co. 1,261.44
Forcheimer, E. S.—J. Friedwald....115.65
Glass, Gussie—J. Stiefel 109.81
Hayes, Henry, or Don Collins or Arthur Tourbillon and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland—People, &c...2,500.00
Hackett, Catherine L.—J. P. Everett...280.45
Harrison, Leo A.; Inna E. Harrison, and Henrietta Harrison—F. Silberblatt 5,857.11
Harde, Herbert S.—Empire Trust Co...194.07
Jackson, Wm. F.—U. S. Radiator Corp.163.59
Kohn, Bessie—Kurtin et al....169.95
Kohn, Samuel—Riverside Drive and 150th St. Co....118.21
Leary, George—Belgdorf & Goodman..4,247.79
Lloyd, Don, or Dan C. Lloyd, and Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c.2,500.00
Lawden Co.—B. Topol....1,551.22
Lewis, Herbert—A. Vander Linden....731.90
Mietke, Adolph E.—G. A. Hagstrom....169.46
Mueller, Hermann—F. Oehl....116.41
Massapequa Golf and Country Club—S. P. Townsend & Co....298.22
Nitzberg, Joseph—W. Berman....176.79
Overseas Export and Import Co.—A. Kilpstein & Co....951.48
Phelan, John, or Lawrence Phelan, and Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c. 2,500.00
Pickard, Richard, Jr.—Kaskel & Kaskel 147.85
Roxbury, Joseph G.—L. W. Sweet & Co.859.02
Schenck, Geo. W.—R. Graham et al..2,106.50
Sheehan, William, and Charles Hughes—People, &c. 1,000.00
Sullivan, Joseph—A. S. Green....1,131.70
Serman, Samuel, and Samuel Frank (Serman & Frank)—B. Silverman....183.80
Schaff, Samuel D.—Benjamin Wood & Co....176.20
Saxe, Eugene—Braydon, Lord & Nagle Co. 224.83
Terranova, Sarah—Dept. of Health....108.50
Turchin, Meyer T.—L. Schlepp....108.95
Thompson, Wm. A.—M. A. Thompson.1,890.84
Van Baarn, Paul S.—J. T. Tower....270.00
Victoria Bldg. & Cont. Co. and Annette Villari—M. Schnee 128.85
Wilner, Max R.—Tenent, Inc....155.68
Zucker, Joseph, and Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c....2,500.00

In Bronx County.

Buelbesbach, Mary and Caspar—J. Trick $617.44
Di Menna & Del Baso—Ransome Concrete Machinery Co....235.35
Florio, Dominick—City of N. Y....27.00
Filardo, Jennie—Same....109.50
Koreno Theatre Corp.—I. Klinghoffer..93.72
Molichi, Dominick—City of N. Y....27.00
N. Y. International Co.—E. S. Mayland.348.28
Sabino, Nicholas—City of N. Y....37.00
Servito, Peter—Same 27.00
Stahl, Morris—No. 8 East 12th St. Co.121.40
Union Ry. Co. of N. Y. C.—F. Di Pietro 392.18
Same—N. Feulner 1,096.43
Sella, Dominick—P. Santucci....247.23

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Rachmil, Hyman, and Harry Goldstein—American Woolen Co. of N. Y., April 28, 1915 ....$1,178.52
Stern, Helen and Nathan—C. Bruno, Feb. 6, 1918....204.65
Denbosky, Morris—D. Lieberman, Dec. 29, 1916 ....187.65
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank—T. Lescalso, Jan. 21, 1919....3,240.00
Livingston, Sophia—C. Everard, Nov. 26, 1918....111.20
Same—A. Curtin et al., Nov. 26, 1918.1,066.20
Scheidig, Stephen—City of N. Y., Dec. 22, 1913, vacated 451.17
Same—Same, Jan. 24, 1917, vacated..447.18
Maslanko, Jacob and Morris—H. Aderer et al., March 20, 1916....647.41
Mays, Catherine E.—Crichton Realty Co., Oct. 30, 1918....133.70
Remington, Sophia—E. F. Simpson, April 25, 1916....235.92
29th St. Construction Co., and Samuel Gordon—Eureka Tile Co., Sept. 3, 1914.528.64
Johnson, James, and Louis Alteresi March 7, 1917, vacated....1,000.00
Lewis, Joseph, and Louis Alteresi, March 7, 1917, vacated....1,000.00
Resen, Louis, Ida, and Harry F. Ganz et al., May 9, 1912....117.50

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 27.—Sixty-one new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,833,000, were chartered today. They include:

Sawnett Oil Corp., Bolivar, Allegany Co., $500,000; E. L. Hodnett, W. E. Sawyer, W. E. McMurdy, Bolivar.

Bloom Bros., Inc., Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $25,000; H., C., and B. Bloom, 88 University Place.

Mercantile and Agricultural Corp., Manhattan, importing and exporting, $50,000; S. A. Posy, B. G. Helm, M. Nathan, 233 B'way.

Globe Shirt Co., Manhattan, $5,000; C. W. and H. Anderson, E. M. and C. M. Chute, 1,331 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

P. Mori & Son, Manhattan, goods, wares, and merchandise, $25,000; M., A., and P. Mori, 144 Bleecker St.

Reese Chemical Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; C. Oscher, L. Neuman, A. Sherman, 540 West 144th St.

Rio Productions, Inc., Manhattan, motion pictures, $50,000; J. Rosenthal, H. Robrow, J. Goldman, 87 Nassau St.

Michael J. Carpinello, Inc., Manhattan, coopering and repair work on steamship cargoes, $10,000; M. J. Carpinello, M. D. Rouse, A. F. Amico, 109 Broad St.

Good Fit Manufacturing Co., Queens, women's and children's wearing apparel, $5,000; S. Schoenfeld, M. and M. Papirno, 452 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

Azadian Instrument Corp., Syracuse, machine shop and foundry, $25,000; V. Metzger, K. R. Strandell, H. B. Azadian, Syracuse.

The World Orthopedical and Surgical Mfg. Co., Buffalo, artificial limbs and surgical instruments, $500,000; F. H. Apel, V. Patricolo, A. Pecorella, Buffalo.

F. McCarthy Co., Manhattan, insurance business, $100,000; T. A. Livingston, J. Healy, H. N. Hellriegel, 986 East 39th St., Brooklyn.

Russian American Agricultural Corp., Manhattan; A. A. Johnson, W. P. Anderson, S. Ughet, 949 Broadway.

Corporation of Industrial Engineers, Manhattan, commission business, $100,000; J. H. Koehler, A. S. Pratt, M. W. Wallach, 61 Broadway.

Meridian Export Corp., Buffalo, $50,000; B. D. Jackson, J. C. King, W. Nasher, Buffalo.

Margaret Marie Shop, Inc., Manhattan, women's wear, $10,000; E. R. Angerman, C. S. Logan, J. Smith, 611 West 141st St.

New Edgemere Realty Assn., Manhattan, $20,000; H. D. Coughlin, M. R. Lawrence, T. J. Whalen, 340 West 86th St.

Golden Star Bakery, Inc., Manhattan, $8,600; D. Drecher, M. and L. Adel, 151 Rivington St.

Apex Marabou Feather Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. E. Helfer, M. Winkel, B. Robins, 109 Broadway.

The Oversea Dress Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $50,000; O. Haas, C. Kaiser, S. Shapiro, 115 Broadway.

Albert Capellani Productions, Inc., Manhattan, motion pictures, $25,000; M. Feinstein, A. Osso, A. Capellani, 1,475 Broadway.

Dasc Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; G. Stewart, C. E. Sutherland, G. B. Read, 165 Broadway.

James Duane Taylor, Inc., Manhattan, designers, decorators, and furnishers, $10,000; H. H. Siebert, J. D. Taylor, W. J. Arnold, White Plains.

West Side Storage, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; L. M. Luddington, F. V. and M. M. Hackett, 310-312 West 143d St.

United States Hardwood Corp., Manhattan, 500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 4,000 shares common stock no par value; active capital $450,000; C. M. Parker, M. L. Higgins, E. A. Carlan, 365 West 56th St.

H. Stanley Green, Inc., Manhattan, hotels, restaurants and cafes, $5,000; G. M. Congdon, M. B. A. and H. S. Green, Hotel Marie Antoinette.

Florida Fruit Juice Co., Manhattan, $25,000; B. Wertheim, A. C. and A. Reibstein, 213 East 11th St.

S. L. S. Laboratories, Inc., Manhattan, toilet preparations, $100,000; G. Sardou, J. D. Snow, M. Lippman, 460 Grand St.

Prensa Hispanica, Inc., Manhattan, printers and publishers, $25,000; H. V. Poor, C. B. Hughes, T. C. R. Martin, 54 Wall St.

C. H. Westerberg & Co., Manhattan, machine tools, factory supplies, $50,000; C. H. and C. Westerberg, E. Goehrig, 101 West 85th St.

Buffalo Sales Corp., Ebenezer, Erie County, real estate brokerage and insurance, $25,000; A. F. and B. C. Keppel, G. J. Allen, Buffalo.

Good Harbor Co., Brooklyn, auto and garage business, $10,000; G. Meloni, A. W. Weil, S. F. Frank, 170 Broadway.

K. H. & K. Cloak and Suit Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; L. and L. Kanterman, M. Resnick, 300 Osborn St., Brooklyn.

Flushing River Terminal Corp., Queens, realty, $20,000; C. M. and M. Breen, W. F. Prendergast, Flushing.

E. H. Spence & Co., Manhattan, stocks, bonds, and realty, $100,000; E. H. Spence, W. H. Stephens, P. A. Conroy, 10 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn.

M. & N. Amusement Co., Brooklyn, moving picture theatre, $5,000; N. Mass, I. Nowak, D. Cuerwitz, 60 Graham Av., Brooklyn.

Edward S. Pierce, Yonkers, packing house food products, $5,000; F. W. Payne, F. J. Duffy, E. B. Pierce, Yonkers.

House Engineering Corp., Buffalo, autos, airplanes, and shock absorbers, $100,000; A. B. and B. D. Shults, S. R. Gibson, Buffalo.

Niagara Iron and Metal Co., Niagara Falls, scrap iron, $40,000; F. and D. Diamond, W. S. Smith, Niagara Falls.

The Overland Restaurant Co., Buffalo, 500 shares preferred stock $100 each, 500 shares common stock no par value, active capital $82,500; G. O. Cooke, M. L. Ball, G. E. Koch, Buffalo.

Central Dye Works, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; W. J. Hauser, D. Carruthers, H. Goldschmidt, 165 2d Av.

The Preston Creamery Co., Preston, Chenango County, $5,000; R. E. Slater, H. D. Franklin, I. Belden, Norwich.

Petroleum Finance Corp., Manhattan, stock and bond brokers, $10,000; W. Baxter, W. S. Milliken, S. Yerman, 548 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

McKenna-Lyons Const. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; same as preceding.

Lordi Const. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; same as preceding.

Almond Farm Products Co., Almond, Allegany County, $5,000; H. Upson, I. C. and L. M. Kerr, Almond.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Cook & Swan Co., Manhattan, $500,000 to $750,000.

L. P. Price & Co., Ltd., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Ramy Cloak Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $75,000.

Contracting Publishing Corp., Manhattan, $60,000 to $100,000.

The Industrial Press, Manhattan, $500,000 to $1,000,000.

Ridgewood Wet Wash Laundry Co., Queens, $5,000 to $25,000.

Greenberg & Greenberg, Manhattan, $20,000 to $100,000.

Robert H. Newell & Co., Medina, $25,000 to $50,000.

National Outdoor Advertising Bureau, Manhattan, $25,000 to $200,000.

Craemer Trading Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.

Northern Pants Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $30,000 to $50,000.

The Canal Street Building Corp., Manhattan, $400,000 to $425,000.

NEW DESIGNATION.

Cuprite Sulphur Corp., Del., new representative, S. C. Sugarman, 35 Nassau St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Palmer Paper Co., Delaware.
F. McCarthy Co., Manhattan.
Latin-American Line, Manhattan.
The Hollar Studio, Brooklyn.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 27.—Charters filed:

Sterling Oil Co., $10,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Clarks Fork Land Co., to breed, raise, and deal in cattle, &c., $3,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Bullard Amazon Copper Co., $3,000,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell, of Wilmington.

Alonite Controls Corp., tools, machinery, &c., $2,500,000; M. L. Horty, S. L. Mackey, M. C. Kelly, of Wilmington.

Lawrence County Oil and Gas Co., $250,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. Macfarland, J. Vernon Pimm, of Philadelphia.

National Fruit Canning Co., $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Associated Realty Co., $100,000; M. L. Horty, S. L. Mackey, M. C. Kelly, of Wilmington.

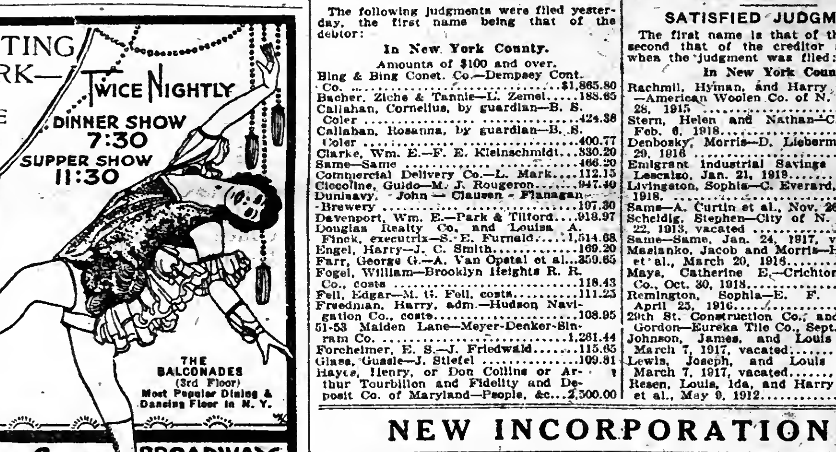
The North Central Texas Coal Co., $100,000; W. I. N. Lofland, Charles H. Jones, Frank Jackson, of Dover.

Automotive Battery and Electric Co., $50,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Limestone Products Corp., Hamburg, N. J., from $600,000 to $700,000.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.



The ONLY ICE SKATING SHOW IN NEW YORK—featuring the WORLD'S GREATEST ICE SKATERS & ICE BALLET—The 1919 Edition of the VICTORY REVUE IN THE GOLDEN GLADES 4th FLOOR

TWICE NIGHTLY
DINNER SHOW 7:30
SUPPER SHOW 11:30

THE BALCONADES (3rd Floor) Most Popular Dining & Dancing Floor in N. Y.

Thomas Healy's BROADWAY and 66th ST. Tel. Columbus 9900

WALLICK'S
BROADWAY AT 43d ST. TEL. BRYANT 346
A RESTAURANT OF QUALITY
AN ENTERTAINMENT UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
MR. AND MRS. STANLEY M. WARNER
WITH A COMPANY OF CLEVER ARTISTS
EVERY EVENING FROM 9 TILL CLOSE.
"KA-MA-KU-RA" ROOM, DANCING 3 P. M. TILL CLOSE
GOOD MUSIC DANCING
Miss MABEL B. GREEN, Hostess.

NOW OPEN—The NEW GRILL—Prompt Service
Wonderful Southern Chicken Dinner—Jazz Band
DANCING CONTESTS THIS EVENING—PRIZES
and a new FEATURE each following Night, SYMPHONY CONCERTS, and Dancing from 7:30 to Closing.
Table D'Hote Dinner
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway
The Buyers' Rendezvous At Luncheon, Dinner & Supper.

Fourteen East Sixtieth Street
A LUXURIOUS Residential HOTEL, affording the exclusiveness of a private residence. Opposite the Metropolitan Club and the Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park.
Apartments, single or en suite, for any desired period.
EAGER and BABCOCK.

Hotel THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th St. One block from "L" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7600 Morningside.
R. P. LEUBE, Manager

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner.
Room and Private Bath, $3 to $5 Per Day
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $5 to $8 Per Day.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.
Phone 2024 Riverside.

SAN REMO
A House with a Distinctive Atmosphere.
Central Park West 74th-75th Streets
Overlooking Central Park's most picturesque lake. Appealingly attractive to transient and residential patronage.
Ownership Management,
Edmund M. Brennan.

HOTEL ALBERT
11th St., near 5th Ave.
Single rooms and meals for 1, $3.50 per day; weekly rate, $17. Double rooms with meals for 2, $8 per day; weekly rate, $34.
Under Knott Management.
E. D. FOWLER, Manager.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

AMERICAN GIRL COATS for CHILDREN and JUNIORS
The unusually modest prices we have put on these pretty little coats will make them show you an unusually good profit. Well-made, in all the smart and serviceable fabrics.
See them before you leave town.
H. Goldwater & Co.,
36-46 W. 25th St., N. Y.

Georgette Dress Beautiful Combinations $14.75

KLEVAKLAD DRESSES
represent all of the season's smartest styles minus the few extra dollars that usually go with exclusive models.
Serges $5.75 up Taffetas $7.75 up
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INSTANT DELIVERY
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"Remarkably fine styles in excellent materials, sold at prices so low that it hardly seems possible that the maker can produce them and secure a profit from their sale."
Not how we do it, but that we do it is what concerns you.
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SLIMLINE STOUTS
YOU SATISFY every woman's natural craving to be STYLISHLY GOWNED which is in no way lessened through her being stout. While in price it conforms to her means like the dress to her figure.
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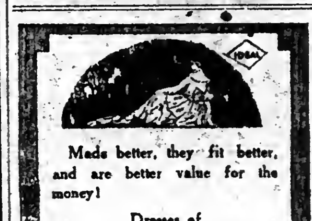

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All-Wool Men's Wear SERGE SUITS Full lined with Peau de Cygne, $12.75
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WAISTS of COTTON
Every favored style in all the popular wash fabrics—
Voiles
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WAISTS at $2.25
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NOW IN OUR NEW HOME
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Duchess Frocks
Chosen unerringly by women, misses and juniors who want to look their best for spring gayeties. In every fabric approved by fashion.
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Fine Selection for Immediate Shipment.
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Inasmuch as others are availing themselves of my cash and profiting thereby, may I suggest that you follow their example.
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For Spring Now Showing
See Our Special $16.75
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Petticoats--Taffetas
BLACKS—ALSO BEST VARIETY OF CHANGEABLES $2.25
Other Specials in Cotton and Silks.
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3,000 DOZEN
$10.50 to $13.50 per dozen
H. & L. SACKS,
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For Children and Intermediates, $12.00 to 60.00 per Doz.
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Very light, 50 x 108
Near Broadway and Astor Place, Immediate Possession, Reasonable. Write D 280 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS AND NATIONALISM.

Function of business in molding the destiny of America dealt with in an article in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company. On news stands, 10 cents—$4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

Auctions.

FOR SALE TO HIGHEST BIDDER
U. S. Government Property
consisting of: Typewriters, (Underwoods, L. C. Smiths, Remingtons,) Universal Folding Machine, Library Bureau Filing Tubs, Posting Boards, (complete sets,) Leather Cushioned Armchairs, Davenport, Desks, Typewriter Desks, Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Electric Fans, Oak Desk and Chairs, Lamps, Electric Globes and Fixtures, Folletts time recording stamp. Other office equipment, all in good order, only recently purchased, to be sold at 11 o'clock Tuesday, January 28th, on premises. All goods must be paid for in cash at time of sale and must be removed from premises during day of sale. Open for inspection all day Monday, January 27th, basement door, 45 Broadway, New York City.

Advance Notice
I. SINGER, Auctioneer, Sells Friday,
Jan. 31st, at 10:30 A. M.
at premises, 385 Broadway, N. Y., 5th floor, jobber's stock of Eastern Textile Mills.
Inventoried at $85,000.00
Consisting of 300 Original Cases
Domestics
Sheets, Pillow Cases, Table Covers, Damasks, Towels, Blankets, Muslins, &c.
Stock will be sold in case lots, and should interest department store buyers and jobbers. Descriptive catalogues at sale. Auctioneer's Office, 582 Broadway, Brooklyn. Telephone 5371 Stagg.

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2500 DRESSES
On the Racks
Silks Taffetas
Crepe de Chine Jerseys
Crepe Meteor Foulards
Georgettes Serges
$7.50 to $22.50

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"PILLERS" OF THE INDUSTRY
Lovely dresses at lower prices. No middleman's profits, but tremendous values for you and your customers.
See our beautiful line of
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Georgette Crepes
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13.75 to 27.50
PILLER BROS. DRESSES CO.
16-18-20 WEST 32nd ST. NEW YORK CITY.

DRESSES
5,000
of Georgette. Moderate Prices. Wonderful Values for the money.
When You Need Wedding Dresses - You Need
WILLIAM FRANK
25 West 31st St. New York

TipTop
134 W. 37th St.
WE HAVE Several Thousand
DRESSES
For January Sales in Serges, Satins, Taffetas & Georgettes, at close-out prices.
OUR SPRING LINE IS READY.
Also a variety of
PARTY DRESSES
on our racks at special prices.

On the Racks!
Dresses 6.75 to 16.50
Unbeatable Values—
See Them Today.
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Good weight and highly mercerized—in wide range of colors—exceptional value. Immediate or future delivery.
POTTER TEXTILE CO., Inc.
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BLANKETS
FOR ALL PURPOSES
Spot Delivery Low Prices
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90 FIFTH AVE. Phone Gramercy 3480.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BATHROBE MATERIAL, Beacon, Wanted.—In quantity, for cash. Address Box 310, 437 Marbridge Building.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—High shades, especially tan. H. Elson. Farragut 9688.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Light gray and rose. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

CAPES, COATS, AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Placing orders on the new styles; high-grade only. Call after 2 P. M., 5th floor, 112 Madison Av., 30th St. entrance.

CHECKS Wanted.—Bochman's 16575, also black-white velour checks. J. J. Ludwig & Co., 138 West 25th.

CLOTH Wanted.—Velours, cotton pom pom mixtures, cotton plush, and beaver cloth. Eisenberg & Friedman, 57-59 East 11th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on coats and capes, high grade only; call with samples. 122 West 34th St., 4th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on high-class coats and suits. Call all week, 12 West 27th St., 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles sport coats, capes, and dolmans. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS, Suits, and Silk Dresses Wanted.—Better grade paid cash. Broadway Central Hotel. I. Alford.

COATS Wanted.—Call with samples of better grade. 127 West 26th, 3d floor.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—2.40 brown denim, Lonsdale nainsook, 18-inch diaper cloth, seersucker striped percale, Amoskeag 32-inch check gingham, linen napkins. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 6227.

COVERT CLOTH Wanted.—Clark & Dana 6250, tan 126, khaki 142. Farragut 2616.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Good quality; color gray. M. Welsman & Son, 118 W. 22d.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on party, georgette, taffeta, tricotine, and high-grade tailored cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash jobs or regular goods, any quantity, for immediate delivery; samples daily 9-12. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing stock orders on new silk dresses, also jersey dresses. 134 West 26th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles taffetas, georgettes, crepes. 12 West 32d, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will place big stock orders on snappy jersey and Georgette dresses. Lorrain Dress, 45 East 26th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade dresses only. Call between 2 and 4. 236 5th Av., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at tailored dresses. Mornings, Room 815, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash, job or regular goods; any quantity. 3d floor, 37 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Quantities black satin, embroidered georgettes. 5th floor, 127 West 25th.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—F. & H. shades 803, 526. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

EVORAS Wanted.— F. & H. Phone Greeley 4978.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Amoskeag pink and hello, also 64 percale, quantity for cash. Chelsea 7098.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—All kinds; must be cheap. Mad. Square 8670.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Ipswich, 13-inch fibre, large quantity. 11th floor, 118 West 22d. Chelsea 3650.

JERSEY SILK Wanted.—All colors for petticoats. Horowitz, 94 Greene.

JUILLIARD PLAIDS Wanted.—Quantity of 48-inch following numbers: 47138, 47135, 47138, 47137, 47140; also 39-inch plaids 39101, 39100, 3998. R 390 Times.

KERSEY Wanted.—110, taupe and brown; also serge, 6234. Gramercy 191.

PEAU DE SOIES Wanted.—Black; open for quantity 36-inch; must be cheap. Kloetzer, 97 Wooster St.

PERCALES Wanted.—Standard quality; lights, dark and solid colors; must be cheap for cash; send samples. Princess Garment Co., 1,013 Race St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

PERCALE Wanted.—Navy blue, in large quantities. Hand Embroidery Co., 101 5th Av. Phone Stuyvesant 5794.

PLAID Wanted.—Open to buy all kinds of wool plaids for cash. Madison Square 6926.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Salts, peco, or esquimette, any quantity; spot cash; must be cheap. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Bahnsen's or similar in rookie. Madison Square 2687.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Spring shades. Parmes. Farragut 2369.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted.—All shades. Farragut 4245.

POPLIN Wanted.—American, in clay, sammy, and poilu blue, for cash. Jos. B. Folz, 1,150 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 9841.

POPLIN Wanted.—High shades, 09070, black, Lorraine, Andrew, Garfield, tricotine; spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will pay cash for all-wool poplin in tan; also 7301 black. Chelsea 9335.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for American or similar, Copen., tan, gray. Gramercy 3905.

POPLIN Wanted.—Pekin, gray, American, or similar. I. Wasserman, 30 West 21st St.

POPLIN Wanted.—503 Dobson; will exchange black for navy. B. Levy, 11 West 32d St.

POPLIN Wanted.—In high shades; spot cash. Farragut 4089.

PUSSYWILLOWS Wanted.—Open to buy Pussywillows or similar fabrics; all patterns for cash. Madison Square 6926.

SATIN Wanted.—Black yarn dyed cotton back. Royal Trimming Co., 9688 Farragut.

SATINS Wanted.—Wash, at 85c per yard; spot cash. Kovar Co., 5 East 16th.

SECO Wanted.—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Am open for a lot of serges of 09070 American or goods of that character; will buy for spot cash; submit samples, quantity and lowest prices both of blue and black. Montgomery Clothing Co., 141 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity of 104, 7301, 812, 94, and No. 3 Whitman's, all shades. Merchants' Exporting Co., 79 5th Av. Stuyvesant 3410.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 104, 0609, 09070, 0936, 838, 235, 54289, tricotine, Poiret twill, poplin, velour; cash. Madison Square 0837.

SERGES Wanted. — U. S. 838, American 0936, navy; reasonable; cash. Schulman Bros., 104 West 27th. Farragut 3440.

SERGES Wanted.—Stevens's 3850 navy, black, at a price. M. W. Levine & Co. Farragut 4072.

SERGES Wanted.—At once, 9, 104, 54289, 528, 0936; also other kinds, for cash; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy large quantity 7120 or similar cloth at a price. Lorraine Dress Co., 15 East 26th.

SERGE, MEN'S WEAR, Wanted.—Herzog's Cloak and Suit Co., 1,237 Broadway. Madison Square 5466.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 1464, 519, navy and black; 4408, 4060, 4061, all colors. Madison Square 2339.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 99, Andrews's 1464, U. S. 838, for spot cash. Orchard 8744.

SERGES Wanted.—Tan and rookie; also tricotine, navy, tan, and rookie. A. H. Gittelson, 39 W. 29th.

SERGES AND POPLINS Wanted.—Whitman's 104, tan, grey, black; 774 copen, tan. Chelsea 9423.

SERGES and Silvertones Wanted.—9-2, 0036, 09070, tan, navies, and black silvertones; Spring shades. Gramercy 6174.

SERGES Wanted.—519 or 11433, navy; cash terms. Morris R. Silverman, 151 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Below market price, for cash. 0609, 0936, 0696, 9070. Gramercy 3840.

SERGES Wanted.—Stevens 3850 navy, black, at a price. M. W. Levine & Co. Farragut 4072.

SERGES Wanted.—Blacks and navies only. 104, 1464, 838, 235, or 11433; cash. Farragut 3176.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, navy and black; poplins, Copenhagen, American. Farragut 2477.

SERGE Wanted.—Whitman, 104, navy, (300 pieces); cash. Jacob Cohen, 11 West 32d.

SERGES, Storm Serges Wanted.—Copen., Pekin, tan. D. Strauss, 141 West 20th.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 519, 528, 54289, 9, 7120, 7122, 6120, 104. Gramercy 4941.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 99, navy, black; for cash. Gramercy 2452.

SERGE Wanted.—Quantity of Pekin and henna serge, 519 or similar. Chelsea 307.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag 7614, Stevens 3020, black and navy. Mad. Sq. 3121.

SERGE Wanted.—528, Garfield's 0936, 0970, 235, or similar. Chelsea 5183.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy, Whitman's 9 and 09070 and similar. Farragut 3885.

SERGES Wanted.—We are interested in 838 U. S. serge. Schwartz Bros., 150 West 22d.

SERGES Wanted—3850, 7120, black, or exchange for navy. Chelsea 5216.

SERGES Wanted.—American 6234, navy, and Stevens 3850. Chelsea 7233.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 9, U. S. 838, 235; quantity. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, 6120, black and navy. Feyman, 19 West 21st.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for Andrews's 1464, black only. Madison Square 3240.

SERGES Wanted.—519, 3850, 11433, 99, 54292. Wainstein Co., Mad. Square 2839.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, also 7120. Shapiro. Madison Square 3608.

SERGES Wanted.—235 or 0936 navy, black, cheap. Greeley 1183.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—All cotton, for cash. Mortimer Herrman Co., 26 West 17th.

SHIRTINGS Wanted.—In fancy pongee, silk stripes, and fibre silk. Phone 2722 Spring.

SILK JERSEY Wanted.—Unlimited quantity; must be at a price. Canterbury Co., 27 West 24th.

SILKS Wanted.—We want to buy silks, novelties or velvets; also imperfect goods for cash. Madison Square 4941.

SILKS Wanted.—Light shades of peau de cygne up to 95c. per yard; can use seconds. Spring 7934.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Joel's, H. and L., or similar; Spring shades, quantity. Haft. Farragut 9752.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All colors; also Garfield's 4718 tricotine. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers looking at box and blouse suits of the better kind. Call after 10 o'clock, 3d floor, 10 East 33d.

SUITS Wanted.—Will place stock orders on high-class, snappy suits only. Call 129 West 29th St., 3d floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade suits only. Room 901, 16 West 27th St.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Open for all colors, up to $1.15. Call Mad. Sq. 7527. Julius.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield 4718, navy, rookie 423; also serges, navy, 235, 0936. Madison Square 8475.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, all colors; also Silvertones. Mad. Sq. 5825.

TRICOTINES, POIRET TWILLS Wanted.—In navy. Madison Square 8765.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, quantity; cash. Shapiro-Davis, Greeley 6373.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's 4718, black and navy. Greeley 3142.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—4718. Shapiro. Madison Square 3607.

VELOURS, SILVERTONES Wanted.—Checks and plaids suitable for capes; mail swatches, or phone and will call. Levine Brothers, 750 Broadway. Spring 8013.

VELOURS Wanted.—Heavy and light weight, cotton warp, pom pom, for cash. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d St.

VELOURS, Poplins, Silvertones, Tricotines Wanted.—All makes; Spring shades only. Cohen Bros., 34 West 27th.

VELOURS, SILVERTONES Wanted.—Open for Spring shades. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

VELOURS Wanted.— Lightweight Pekin, reindeer, and tan. H. Gelfond. Farragut 3377.

VELOUR Wanted.—Stevens, clay and gray; also Whitman's 99 shade. Chelsea 9955.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens, Spring shades; poplins, all wool, navy. Farragut 3885.

VELOURS Wanted.—F. & H., shades 852, 848, 803, 526. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—All shades; also 0936. Farragut 3486.

VELVETEEN Wanted.—Open for black. Farragut 554.

VENETIANS Wanted.—Will pay cash for 32 and 36-inch black; must be cheap; send samples. "Venetian," 185 Times.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Men's wear. Send swatches or write L 207 Times.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

AMOSKEAG GINGHAMS.—100 cases, 20c; wonderful assortment; other makes also at sacrifice price; 64x64 percales, 16 cases, at 15c, also 75 cases many other kinds very cheap. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

ARMY BLANKETS.—Military camp and institution; spot delivery; various sizes and weights, at less than cost to manufacturers. Omnes, 200 5th Av.

BATHROBES.—Beacon, pretty styles; immediate delivery; special prices. Address Box 300, 437 Marbridge Building.

BATHROBES.—Men's, ladies' and children's, of best make, at lowest prices. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th.

BROADCLOTHS.—110, black, navy, brown, green, and taupe; also light and heavy-weight velours. Gramercy 2991.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—7-12, good gingham, $9 dozen. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

COATINGS.—Newhouse 9 and 114, to close out, 60c cash. Gramercy 2523.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—300 fur-trimmed cloth coats, 360 coatees beaver, mole and Baffin seal, 200 fur-trimmed plush coats; must be closed out regardless of cost. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th St.

COATS.—High-grade Bolivia and silvertones, raccoon shawl collars, to close out; also Oxford suits. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d St.

COATS.—300, splendid assortment, all wool, pom pom velour, broadcloth, fur trimmed; closing out. Shapiro Davis, 29 West 35th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh-Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS to close out; shawl collars, silk lined; junior, misses', ladies'. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

COATS.—Closing out 250 smart velour coats, fur trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices; large assortment colors and material, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 28th.

COATS.—Velour and broadcloth, fur and self collars; also Fall suits. Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th.

COATS.—Sacrificing velours, trimmed raccoon, sealine, coney collars, $10. Bernstein, 118 W. 27th.

COATS.—Large assortment velours, cotton pom poms, broadcloth, at sacrifice. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Smart Spring styles on hand; immediate delivery; see special at $8.50. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—High-grade, fur-trimmed coats to close out. Expert Cloak Co., 50 Division St.

COATS.—50 job at sacrifice before moving. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d.

COTTON GOODS.—Jobbers' and exporters' cotton drills, gabardines, hollands, voile; full assortment; below market price. Call, or write, Gazi & Dabah, 276 Canal St.

COTTON GOODS.—Gabardines, voiles, poplins, checks; below market. 44 East 23d, 7th floor. Gramercy 1283.

COTTON SHEETING.—Dwight Anchor, 54-inch, bleached, 12,000 yards, 35c spot cash. Omnes, 200 5th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE.—100 pieces white and flesh at $1 yard, 8% off; also similar bargains in Georgette, taffeta, Peau de cygne, &c. Room 1502, 440 4th Av. Madison Sq. 6587.

DRESSES.—All wool Jersey dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges, at prices cheaper than elsewhere; in spite of the strike we still continue to deliver in large quantities. I. Rand & Co., 37 W. 28th St.

DRESSES of character and distinction, yet priced low to stimulate sales; all wool French serge, $5.50-$13.75; satins, taffetas, jerseys, georgettes, $6.75, $16.50; immediate deliveries. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large assortment for street and afternoon wear at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 152 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—2,000 dozen house dresses, assorted ginghams, chambrays, percales, $9 per dozen. National Kimono Co., 148 Greene St.

DRESSES.—1,000 serges, satins, taffetas; immediate delivery; snappy styles; extremely low prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES TO CLOSE OUT AT A PRICE; tricolettes, georgettes, serges, satins, novelties. Schwarts Bros., 39 West 29th.

DRESS SNAP FASTENERS for immediate delivery, best made, all sizes, below market price. Phone Bryant 4375.

DRESSES.—Children's, 1,250 dozen, serge, ginghams, silks, up to $72 per dozen at $15, 1,270 Broadway, Room 411.

DRESSES, street, afternoon, and evening, Peter Thompson special, $8.75. American Costume, 118 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—3,000 serge dresses to close out at big loss; $2.75 up. Jacob Hyman Co., 137 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Job about 500 serge, satin and georgette to close out. Greenberg Wiener, 31 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Up to the minute styles, in silks; see our $5.75 taffeta special. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—3,000 all wool serge dresses on racks from $5.25 and up. P. Kalika, 135 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Georgette silk serges; snappy models; values unsurpassed. Deutsch, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES, [illegible] good styles. Fifth floor, 13 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—All wool serge and half wool panama; sacrifice. Cheuser, 137 W. 27th.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgettes, serge, evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out reasonable. Seid, 32 East 31st.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks; good assortment, at a price. Superior, 118 East 28th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, Spring models, to close out. Paris, 18 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Big job satin dresses to close out. 1 East 27th, third floor.

GEORGEEN.—Heavy georgeen, 6,000 yards to sell for price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th St.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines.—Colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

GEORGETTES.—All colors, immediate delivery, $1.15 per yard. Kremer, 31 E. 27th.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—All kinds; biggest assortment; great sacrifice. N. Y. Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

GINGHAMS.—Lancaster staple checks. Phone Spring 633.

HANDKERCHIEFS.—Best values obtainable. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av.

KHAKI DRILL.—17,000 yards, below market price. Farragut 4770.

KNEE PANTS.—50 dozen corduroy, $8.50 per dozen; other large jobs cheap. Reliance, 130 Bleecker.

LACES.—Have quantities of silk and cotton flounces, nets, &c.; will sell cheap. Madison Square 1064.

LININGS.—Silk and cotton; special designs, suitable for coat and suit trade. Adelson-Ullman, Franklin 855.

LININGS.—Silk and cotton fancy linings to close out very cheap. Farragut 3184.

MOHAIR.—Fancy 54-inch for men's suiting; also for shirts and dresses. American Lining Co., 621 Broadway. Spring 5568.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black all wool and cotton warp in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

PLAIDS.—Renfrew Nu Vogue, good assortment, below market price. Madison Sq. 8741.

POIRET TWILL, Lorraine 3666 American poplin 90610. Farragut 5723.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—Pacific PPL, MFL, VSL, CFL, WFX; Juilliard's 54289, 4061; Cleveland 9288, 9058, 6234; low prices; no phone calls. A. Agrees & Son, 27 West 26th.

POPLINS AND PANAMAS.—PPL, 774, 767, 777, BPNL, SPA, NTA, HWP, 228, 230; also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

POPLINS.—774 P P L; V S L, Poiret twills, 87, X X; lots of other numbers; closing out proposition. Gramercy 3260.

POPLIN.—Tricotine, Poiret twill, silvertone; all colors; very cheap. Madison Square 2239.

POPLINS.—774 navy and black; reasonable; heavy velours 11052, 9190. Gramercy 5037.

RUBBER CLOTH, 100,000 square yards. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av.

SECO SILK, 25c; voiles and organdies, mercerized, 15 cases, 18c; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—Also high shades and black, 0936, 09070, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, Jamestown 9302, 7120, 8158, Botany 809, 11433, 1464, 3850, 7008, W. F. X., M. F. L., 528, 519, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, P. P. L., B. P. N. L., American poplins 90610, 06077, also big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2718.

SERGES.—1658; W. F. X., 54289, 3665, 764, 6234, 9056, 7008, 7512, 7120, 11433, 7718, 9288, 528, 104, 3850, 0600, 4002; 2137 Fram, also Loraine taffeta. Utopia Mills, 29 East 21st St. Gramercy 4475-6.

SERGES.—9058, 3850, MFL, VSL, 54289, 4061, WFX, FSG, SKW, CS, CSG, WSG, SBGL, TPS, 1717, KS, 1209, 1210; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES, POPLINS, 1209, 87, 3, 99, 9, 6614, 7d14, 6122, 7120, 7512, 0936, 780, 11433, 809, 528, 9056, 925, 4061, 54289, 838, 774, 6709½. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—519, 1464, 7614, black; 528, 809, 774, 639, Gera poplin; also high shades Andrews' poplins: 7802 Panama. Herman Bruner. Gramercy 4264.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—7120, 54289, 11433, 519, 528, 94, 104, 118, 235, 838, VSL, 1209, 774, 4860, 227. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989.

SERGES, Velours.—We have them, all shades, all makes, all numbers, any quantity. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—Cleveland 7713, 9 pieces navy, at $1.85 net; Whitman's 308 black at $1.40, to close out. Superior Woolen Co., Gramercy 3016.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 11433, 0609, 54274, 9240, 3665; poplin 4916, 6009, 774; Chaduk cloth, black, navy, on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES.—54, 289, 519, 7008, 9056, 609, 0609, 9288, 3421, 40764, 6500, all colors in serges and poplins. Telephone Farragut 2950.

SERGES.—All kinds, biggest assortment; great sacrifice. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 8671.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7362, 4632, poplins 6609¼, 6009, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—We have 11433 and 104 in brown, plum, and Russian green at $1.50 net cash. Madison Square 2035.

SERGE.—0609, 09070, also other numbers, Poiret twills, velours, Spring shades. Madison Square 9837.

SERGES.—1464, 11433, 6234, 7120, 8200, 09070, 228, B. P. N. L., very cheap. Davidoff Co., Mad. Sq. 4622.

SERGES.—11433, $1.70; 528, $1.50; 9411, $1.90; tricotines, also shades, $3.20. Farr. 5759.

SERGES.—54289, 3665, W. F. X., 7648, 0609, 3850, 838 and other numbers. Gramercy 3001.

SERGES.—6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.07½. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—25 pieces Fastolite 1166, navy, at $1.45 net cash. Orchard 7693.

SERGES.—9613-1 blue, green; 9185 B. B.; reasonable offer wanted. L 300 Times.

SERGES.—09070, 1464, 838 black; also 774 poplin; reasonable. Madison Square 3388.

SERGES.—Gera 925, navy, 75 pieces, cheap. Call Ceasor Mills, 239 4th Av.

SERGE.—1464, 7120, 54289, 106, M. F. L., very cheap. Madison Square 2339.

SERGES.—U. S. 838, 235 at a sacrifice. Farragut 5723.

SERGES.—Gera's 2109, 4860, 25 pieces men's wear. 1st floor, 130 West 29th St.

SERGES.—Navy 87, reasonable; also broadcloth 315. Gramercy 5037.

SERGE.—54-inch, all wool storm serge, navy, black, green, brown, $1.27½. Farragut 9076.

SERGES.—53289 navy, 50 pieces, $1.37½; net cash. Gramercy 3721.

SERGE.—Storm 7002 black, navy; 35 pieces; 54 inches wide. Flatbush 9416.

SERGES.—99, 0609, 0696, 9709, 657, 41-102, 41-103, poplin 774. Orchard 5433.

SERGES.—235, Gera 787, Cleveland 9288, also gabardine very cheap. Stuyvesant 7843.

SERGES.—Gilbert 8200, $2.50 net; American Woolen 0696, 1145, $2 net. Gramercy 2928.

SHEPHERD CHECKS, all constructions, 54-inch width; also imported shantungs. Y 232 Times Annex.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, failles, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7180.

SILVERTONE. — One piece green Holden-Leonard, $3; 17 pieces black 348 Forstman & Hoffman at $1.75, to close out. Superior Woolen Co., 257 4th Av. Gramercy 3916.

SILVERTONES. — American Beauty, reindeer, tan, pekin, rookie. Madison Square 1720.

SKIRTS.—Discontinuing business owing to illness; have to close out 2,000 skirts, all new Spring models, serge, wool, and silk plaid, plain silks, also novelties, at a sacrifice. 1,182 Broadway, Room 303. Mad. Sq. 4731.

SKIRTS.—300 cotton warp, striped serge, to close out, nicely made, at $18 a dozen; also 100 black taffeta at $2.75 each, and 100 good striped silk taffeta at $2.50 each; net cash. Gramercy 5888.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS, wool and silk, to close out; Spring and wash line ready; clever styles; good values. Pioneer Skirt, 32 West 29th.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, high lustre, $1.87½; silks, fancy and plain, $2.25 up. Jacob Hyman Co., 137 West 25th St.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplins, satin stripes, plaids and taffetas, $2 up. Harrison Skirt, 38 West 21st.

SKIRTS.—1,500 to close out at a price. Albert Skirt, 142 West 26th St.

SKIRTS.—Job of silk and poplin to close out. Madison Square 9255.

SKIRTS.—400 serge fancy plaids to close out. F. B. Skirt, 225 5th Av.

[illegible] suits, close out. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St.

SUITS, COATS.—Fall, better grade; close out. J. Bernstein, 63 West 30th St.

SUITS.—250 high-grade suits, to close out. 1170 Broadway, Room 407.

SUITS.—All wool light weight poplins, $10.75. Supreme Mfg., 19 West 24th St.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SUITS.—A nicely trimmed Spring suit, made in American Woolen Co. poplin 1050; see this model before leaving town. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 W. 19th St., 8th floor.

SUITS.—Our $16.75 silk lined, handsomely braid trimmed suit is a world beater; see it immediately. Louis Bauman & Co., 12 East 32d St.

SUITS.—Smartest misses' suits in town; snappy styles at the price. York, 1,270 Broadway.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TRICOLLETTES.—First quality, assorted colors; low prices. Phone Mad. Sq. 4582.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield 4718 black, Arthur Joel navy, rookie, also Garfield 4976, Poiret twill tan, navy, black, Garfield 4666, Gabardines, tan, rookie; Copenhagen, navy. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES. — Garfield's; will exchange Garfield's tricotine, style 4718 taupe, color 395, for black, similar quality. Madison Sq. 1826.

TRICOTINES. — All shades, $3.20; 11433, $1.70; velours, Spring shades, $2.80. Farr. 5759.

TRICOTINES, Louis Walthers, navy only, quality 1917. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINE.—Poiret twill, Garfields, botany, A. W. & Co. Gramercy 1807.

UNDERWEAR, silk; complete, up-to-date, snappy line; immediate and later delivery; camisoles, $9 up; envelopes, $18 dozen up; combinations, night gowns, petticoats, and bloomers. Dainty Silk Underwear Co., 401 4th Av., New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9090.

VELOUR.—Botany, Spring, Fall shades, $2.77½; broadcloth, poplin 774, $1.80. Greeley 1156.

VELOURS, Spring shades, $2.80, 11433; serge, $1.70; 528, $1.50. Farr. 5759.

VELOURS.—Stevens 4281, terracotta, Pekin, taupe, Burgundy. Farragut 9076.

WAISTS.—New styles voile and organdy waists, $8.50 dozen, hand-embroidered Georgette waists, $21.50 dozen. Belmore Waist Co., 27 West 24th St.

WAISTS. — Retiring from business; entire stock of $18-$24 cotton waists to be closed out at once. Rialto Waist Co., 135 5th Av.

WAISTS.—Crepe de chines, Georgines, &c., $18 up. Hy-Grade Waist Co., Wilson Bldg., 1,270 Broadway.

WAISTS.—Powerful line cottons, $9 up; quick deliveries. S. Schlein, 1,270 B'way.

WOOLENS.—519, $1.75; 54289, $1.45; W F X, $1.39; 6301, $1.25; 54292, $1.65; 10525, $1.65; 7512, $1.65. Tourraine Woolen, 44 East 23d. Gram. 3665.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on high-grade dresses; bring own samples; immediate business. Address Box 240, 437 Marbridge Building.

CONTRACTOR to work waists or plain dresses; good facilities; steady help on hand; offers. Orzeg, 1,357 3d Av.

CONTRACTORS on men's high-grade silk shirts; quote best price on quantity production. Write B 133 Times.

CONTRACTORS on ladies' muslin nightgowns; steady work. K. K., 809 Times.

DRESSES.—Large stock orders placed on silk dresses. Call 6-8 East 27th, 21st floor.

Allied Industries.

CAMERON CUTTING MACHINE For Sale.—42-inch model, nearly new; cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 31st St.

NEEDLES. — Japanese, sewing, assorted sizes, sacrifice; immediate delivery. Spring 2396.

SATIN PILLOWS, military designs, and khaki gloves at cut prices. American, 141 Wooster.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES For Sale.—No. 4413, with tables and stands complete, $9 each; also cutting tables, work boxes, chairs, &c., cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 31st St.

UNIFORMS.—We are ready to close out serge and whipcord uniforms. A. & N. Military Shop, 241 West 42d.

U. S. ARMY COMFORTERS.—We have 4,000 full-size khaki quilts, (comforters,) used Camp Johnson, but in excellent condition; some are new and some are laundered; if interested samples can be seen between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4. THE "RIGHT" TAILORING CO., 826 Broadway.

Help Wanted.

BOOKKEEPER Wanted.—Experienced only apply; dress house; controlling accounts. Rosner, 106 West 32d St.

SALESMAN to cover department stores in New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade will be considered; commission basis; good opportunity to make big money. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN, experienced live wire, for office and city trade; cloak and suit house; commission, with liberal drawing account. Safron & Kreeger, 19 West 24th St.

SALESMAN.—To carry a side line of guaranteed satin camisoles; commission basis only; all territories; write territory covered. B 127 Times.

SALESMAN, covering New York State, Pennsylvania, side line infants' wear, occupying small space; state experience; commission. R 390 Times.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN desires to connect with mill making sweaters and bathing suits; established trade in New York and surrounding territory. A 254 Times.

YOUNG MAN, with thorough accounting and business experience, desires to connect himself with establishment that offers good opportunity for advancement; commercial high school graduate; released from navy. A 243 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) four years' practical clerical and office experience, ambitious, desires position. Reliable, B 609 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Saturday..5@5¼ " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Dealings at Low Ebb.

Declines in the price of cotton are continuing to have a demoralizing influence in the local gray goods market. Yesterday things were almost stagnant, transactions being few and hardly any of them worthy of note. Some sales were reported of 38½-inch 60-48 printcloths at 8½ cents, but buyers refused to pay 9½ cents for 64-60s in the same width. Beyond this there were a few sales of sateens and low-count gauze goods at reductions.

Buttons That Are Used.

There is a big demand for small metal buttons this season, manufacturers say. The small pearl buttons are selling largely for vestings for women and the vegetable ivory buttons, which when made up take every color and the appearance of many materials, are used in large sizes for capes, coats, suits, &c. There are glass and jet buttons used on the high-class suits and the fancy button is used for different purposes. Glass and jet buttons previous to the war came largely from Austria, but are now made in this country.

First Aid to Window Dressers.

Wax ladies, whose profession is wearing beautiful clothes in shop windows, have developed a new method of growing their arms. They now slip into a socket in the shoulder which gives them the appearance of growing on and they can be slipped out and in at will, which is a great aid in getting on a gown. Hitherto they have been screwed on in a complicated way, and, to take off the wax ladies' arms, it was first necessary to take off her head, the screws being on the inside. The improvement is a first aid to window dressers.

Ribbons for Hat Trimmings.

Smart ribbons have been brought out in Indian designs for outing hats for women. While the designs are Indian, the colors are delicate and suggest a beautiful Panama hat. In the deeper tones for outing hats there are ribbons of Roman effect. The polka dot is good for hat trimming, and in larger sizes, in the wider ribbons, each dot as big as an apple. There are beautiful things in two-tone ribbons, one side one color and one the other. Some of these are all in the pastel shades and others in deeper tones, contrasting colors brought together. Two colors are also used in beautiful quality grosgrain ribbons, these having the body and edge different with rich contrasts. Handsome broad metallic ribbons are rich and heavy, made to wholesale at $50 a bolt of 10 yards. A ribbon, not new this year, but deep and rich in color and design, the latter Egyptian, is the Cleopatra, and a ribbon suggesting contrast in color and design as well as the war is Aviation. Ribbons in delicate colors and soft brocades in all widths are for the trousseau.

Other Business News and Advertising on Page 11.

Spray Mark
COATS & SUITS
for Misses
SPRAY-MARK Suits and Coats have become a permanent and profitable factor in the best stores because of their markedly individual style. They sell readily at profitable prices.
SPRAYREGEN & MARKS
158 West 29th Street, N. Y.
"Garments of Quality and Distinction"

F. F. Models
FULL FORM SUITS & COATS for stout Women
F. F. Models are designed and produced to fit the stout woman—to provide her with long lines—to give her clothes that assure her the youthful, graceful appearance she so much desires. With F. F. Models you can forge an unbreakable link of confidence, an unfailing bond of friendship that will hold each stout customer closer to your organization.
BERNSTEIN, BAUM DA COSTA CO.,
38 WEST 32ND ST., N. Y.
13th Floor.
22nd & Arch Sts., Phila.

See the Liliputian Style Show
B.W. WASH-TOGS
TOTS' COLORED DRESSES
BABY BOYS' SUITS
ROMPERS — CREEPERS
From $9.00 to $36.00 Doz.
The B.W. Company
73 Fifth Ave.
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Tel. Stuy. 5432 NEW YORK

Raven Hue
DRESSES of BLACK
"Black for Style" means profit for the merchant who can grasp the merchandising possibilities in a line of dresses and waists devoted exclusively to this one color.
Call and listen to a sales plan that's really worth while.
NATIONAL BLACK GOODS COMPANY
44 East 32nd St. New York
THE BLACK LINE

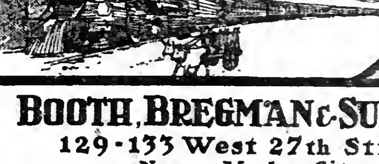
EXCLUSIVELY
Juniors' & Misses' Coats & Suits
$8.75 to $30
Immediate Delivery
WE are specialists in your line—save your time—offer you widest assortments—prettiest styles—and best Juniors' and Misses' values in America.
Irving Finkelstein
"House of Live Wires"
29-35 West 32d St.
30-34 West 33d St. N.Y.C.

NEOLA FABRICS
Henry Glass & Co.
44-46-48 White St.

Puritan Underwear Manufacturing Co.,
853 Fourth Avenue, New York.

No one can resist the charms of
LADY LYNETTE
(A lovely Taffeta Dress)
At $22.50
READY TO BE SHIPPED TO YOU!
So are 4,590 other charming models of Satin, Taffeta, Georgette, Tricotine, Crepe de Chine and Serge.
P. S.—Have you seen "Miss Victoire"?
Live-Wire Coast Salesman Wanted!
WIZ DRESS COMPANY
22-26 West 32d Street
New York City

A coat or suit may have style or quality or workmanship, but to have value it must be a combination of all three. The Herman line is a value line through and through. See it!
HERMAN CLOAK CO.
The Big Popular Priced Coat & Suit House
GIRLS to LADIES

GREAT VARIETY
NEW DRESSES FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
That's the story in a nutshell, and we suggest that you visit us at once if you can use extra good Serge and Georgette Dresses.
Serge and Silk Dresses
$6.75 to $18.75

BOOTH, BREGMAN & SUMBERG
129-133 West 27th Street
New York City

LOUIS DULBERG CO.
DRESSES
It's the beautiful fit, style, and workmanship that make our dresses sales record breakers.
12-14 West 32nd St.
New York

SEE THE LINE IN OUR NEW YORK SHOW ROOMS
Lack Smocks
Pathfinders Not Trailhitters
Every year Lack Smocks are worn for a wider variety of purposes, and consequently bought in larger quantities. Progressive stores are cashing in with special Lack Smock sales. Ask how we co-operate.
LACK MFG. CO. 28 W. 27th ST. NEW YORK

Jersey Cloths
For Suits and Dresses
THE WILEY-BICKFORD-SWEET CO.
1140 BROADWAY Phone, Mad. Sq. 3138

Spiral Puttees
ARMY REJECTS; ALSO REGULARS.
Have quantity for immediate sale.
H. JACOB & SONS, Inc.,
85 5th Avenue.

Exporters' Opportunity.
We have a complete line of 54-inch
Staple Dress Goods
for export trade.
Prices 10% to 20% below mill quotations
ADDRESS BOX ZYX
1619 St. James Bldg., N. Y. C.

Have You Seen the Rosebud Line?

A buyer of discrimination prefers Rosebud Cotton Dresses and Wash Skirts because they are made to fit. Your customers will appreciate this feature, unusual in dresses at $2.75 to $10.00. A variety of over 100 models for every type and figure.

Rosebud Cotton Dresses Wash Skirts
ROSEBUD MFG. CO.,
Quality Merchandise at Lowest Prices
37 W. 26th St., N. Y.

LEVINE & GINSBURG
115-123 W. 30th St.
SPRING DRESSES
Advance Creations
Serges
Georgettes
Satins
Taffetas
Byzantine-Crepes
$13.50 to $31.50
VOILE AND LINEN DRESSES—an early, typically complete Levine & Ginsburg showing.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

SWEATERS
That Excel In
INDIVIDUALITY
PLUS
= STYLE =
are featured by the
GOTHAM KNITTING MILLS
VISITING BUYERS will find it greatly to their advantage to call and look our line over.
We have on hand several broken inventory lots which surely is an inducement to buy—to those looking for
IMMEDIATE SPECIAL SALES
AT ATTRACTIVE REDUCTIONS
30-32 WEST 21ST ST.
Chelsea 9894. NEW YORK

EVENING PARTY
DRESSES
On Account of Moving to Our
NEW QUARTERS AT
48 TO 54 WEST 25TH ST.
We are closing out our Entire Stock of Serge, Satin, Georgette, Taffeta EVENING and PARTY DRESSES. Call at our old address.
GEO. JACOBSON,
32 West 18th St.

DRESSES
SUITS
COATS
SKIRTS
WAISTS
ETC
We Sell Only Jobbers
NEW SPRING SHOWING
BEST MANUFACTURERS ARE REPRESENTED
Mr. & MRS. L. N. CRAKOW
1210 Broadway, N. Y.

FALL LINE INFANTS' CLOAKS NOW READY
for Jobbers. Catalogue and Export Trade
Largest Assortment of Low-priced garments in town.
S. J. HARTMANN 118 SPRING ST. NEW YORK

S & K SKIRT CO.
SILK SKIRT SPECIALISTS
ALSO WOOL PLAID SKIRTS
STOCK ON HAND AT ALL TIMES
SEND FOR SAMPLES
9 WEST 20TH ST. CHELSEA 9677

HOLSTEN, YOUNG AND COMPANY
LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
WATERPROOF TWEED COATS
RAIN AND AUTO COATS
34-36-38 WEST 27TH STREET

IMPORTED WHITE GOODS—LIKE LINEN.
W. M. Cos. English Suiting
ORIGINAL WHITE ROSE MEDIUM WEIGHT
N. L. Nathan Co., Inc., 69-73 Leonard St., N. Y.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—A. Polsky Co.; Mr. Murray; notions, piece goods; 141 Madison Av.
ALBERT LEA, Minn.—Skinner, Chamberlain Co.; B. Olson, women's ready-to-wear; Wallick.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Zollinger, Harned Co.; E. H. Hollenbach, rugs; Latham.
ALTOONA, Penn.—Kline Brothers; G. G. Kinch, silks, dress goods; 23 East 26th.
ALTOONA, Penn.—W. F. Gable & Co.; J. P. Branzhoff, toys; 230 5th Av.
ANDLASKO, Okla.—N. Baum, dry goods; Somerset.
ANADARKO, Okla.—N. Baum, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
ANDERSON, Ind.—Fair Dept. Store; L. L. Simon, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway; Breslin.
ANDERSON, S. C.—D. Geisberg & Co.; Miss D. Geisberg, millinery, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
ASHEVILLE, N. C.—The Bon Marche; Mr. Stern, notions, hosiery; 1,178 Broadway.
ATHENS, Ga.—W. T. Collins Co.; W. T. Collins, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
ATHENS, Ga.—W. T. Collins, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
ATLANTA, Ga.—E. L. Rhodes Co.; Miss J. Hood, petticoats; Cumberland.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Chamberlain, Johnson, Du Bose Co.; Mrs. M. R. Ballentine, infants' wear; 1,140 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Keely Co.; Miss S. Ford, muslin underwear; 1,170 Broadway.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; J. D. Bellah, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way; St. Andrew.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; A. Kahanow, silks, dress goods; J. D. Bellah, ready-to-wear; C. E. Diehl, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 141 Madison Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; A. J. Bernard, coats, suits, dresses; 2 W. 37th.
BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, piece goods; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Hirsch Co.; M. Hirsch, Mr. Spiro, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Eisenberg & Co.; Miss Cohen, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Brenner Bros.; F. Brenner, woolens; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—Klein-Moffett Co.; D. A. Moffett, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; G. V. Schort, notions; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; J. K. Hill, flowers, feathers; 597 B'way.
BALTIMORE—C. B. Henderson, mfrs. women's ready-to-wear; 684 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Brothers; A. M. Solomon, millinery, ribbons; 470 4th Av.; Aberdeen.
BEAUMONT, Texas—Rosenthal D. G. Co.; M. G. Muse, notions; 1,150 B'way.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; A. McArthur, dry goods; Holland House.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—A. Aland; H. Rosenbaum, ready-to-wear; D. M. Shapiro, underwear, corsets, petticoats; Aberdeen.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—L. Saks Clothing Co.; B. M. Levy, ready-to-wear; L. Saks, clothing; 220 5th Av.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Parisian Co.; Miss Siegwald, millinery; 141 Madison Av.
BLUEFIELD, W. Va.—Honaker Dept. Store; Miss B. Ruble, Miss M. Denton, notions, fancy goods; Grand.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; Miss Hough, misses' suits; Miss Sweeney, ladies' suits; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—"Butler's"; J. Griffith, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; Miss L. Ludwig, infants' wear, basement; Miss Haughey, misses' suits; F. Coleman, dress goods; P. E. McHugh, dress goods, silks, basement; A. G. Sanborn, silk waists, dresses; E. J. Pendergast, silks; F. A. Fuller, furs; D. Rohillard, boys' clothing, basement; R. A. Bedley, shoes; W. F. Varnum, boys' clothing; Miss M. M. Spencer, girls' clothing; Miss M. E. Knight, girls' clothing, basement; P. J. Fleming, linens, basement; R. J. Trimble, petticoats, cotton underwear, basement; J. S. Rogers, women's gloves; Miss L. McCarthy, waists, basement, 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; C. H. Downes, silks, dress goods; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons & Co.; Mr. Feinson, trunks; Miss Louis, millinery; Miss Otis, women's suits; Miss O'Reagan, misses' coats; Miss McKevitt, misses' inexpensive dresses; Miss Andrews, Japanese kimonos, negligees; Miss Gilman, children's, girls', juniors' coats, dresses, misses' skirts; Mrs. Phillips, ladies' dresses, costumes; Mr. Hunting, women's coats; Miss Griffin, waists, sweaters. Basement buyers: Mr. Dutch, children's, girls, juniors' coats; Mr. Rafeld, children's, girls', juniors' dresses; Miss Callahan, ladies' underwear; Mr. O'Brien, women's, misses' coats, suits; Miss Sweeney, millinery; Mr. Hahn, jewelry, leather goods; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—Farley, Harvey Co.; C. E. Holt, blankets; 103 Franklin.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland Dry Goods Co.; J. S. Greening, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.
BRYAN, Texas—Webb Bros.; J. H. Webb, clothing; Imperial.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Miss Gallagher, negligees, house dresses; 230 5th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—I. S. Given; Miss Clossie, dresses; 37 W. 26th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Clawson & Wilson Co.; A. Hamling, laces, fancy goods; 43 Leonard.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss McFarland, misses' coats, suits, dresses; 2 W. 37th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; C. Suess, men's furn. goods; Miss M. Lensenhuber, jewelry, silverware; H. P. Bartlett, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 2 W. 37th.
BUTTE, Mont.—M. J. Connell Co.; D. J. O'Donohue, silks, notions, hosiery, gloves; 23 E. 26th.
CAIRO, Ill.—Kaufmann Brothers Dry Goods Co.; L. Kaufmann, dry goods; 377 B'way.
CHARLESTON, N. C.—Kerrison D. G. Co.; Mr. Poulnot and Miss Semken, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; Mr. Starin, muslin underwear; 1,150 Broadway.
CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—R. Schwartz & Co.; Miss F. Kirkpatrick, cloaks, suits, dresses; R. Schwartz, women's ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way; Woodward.
CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—C. Rosenthal Co.; Miss S. Pollack, C. Rosenthal, ready-to-wear, millinery; St. Andrew.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mail Order Co.; M. L. Kahn, general mdse; 368 6th Av.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; G. A. Gater, H. Frederick, notions; Miss H. Lindstron, fancy goods; J. W. Jones, dress goods; E. G. Walther, toys; E. F. George, jewelry; C. A. Sbuster, linings; W. R. Scott, muslin underwear; W. L. Erwin, underwear; Miss W. Nelson, untrimmed millinery; Miss H. Munson, children's millinery; Miss G. Cadman, millinery; A. G. Arcus, jewelry; M. Hathaway, E. Forrestor, R. M. Long, untrimmed millinery; J. M. White, men's clothing; Mrs. M. Schafer, millinery; 1,107 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; M. P. French, lace curtains, embroideries; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Kleins; C. W. Popper, coats, suits, dresses; Miss Oppenheimer, millinery; Miss Kahn, gloves, leather goods; Mr. Reiss, carpets, rugs; 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Sol Klein; L. Weitzenfeld, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Kuh, Nathan & Fischer Co.; E. J. Stransky, piece goods; 2 E. 23d.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; E. Beale, silks; M. Debus, linens, white goods; Miss L. Solomon, coats; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—The Fair; Miss M. B. Clifford, underwear, infants' wear; F. Wise, linens, hdkfs., embroideries; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; G. A. Dawson, linens; R. Tholman, advertising dept.; 115 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Morris, Mann & Reilly; H. Morris, imports; 320 5th Av.
CHICKASHA, Okla.—W. Reinheimer; Mrs. Schwartz, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.
CHICKASHA, Okla.—Mrs. H. M. Schwartz, dry goods; Somerset.
CINCINNATI—J. Lazarus Co.; L. Joseph, millinery, flowers, feathers; 640 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; Miss M. Staib, corsets, underwear, negligees, dresses, infants' wear; 23 East 26th.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—Alms & Doepke Co.; T. A. Manley, cloaks, suits; Miss C. Kavanaugh, infants' wear; Miss A. Sundmaker, millinery; 350 Broadway.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—Fair Store Co.; D. Fusfield, children's coats, dresses; 25 East 26th.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—H. & S. Pogue Co.; J. Markle, black dress goods; Miss Dinss, millinery; E. Crane, linings, flannels; 366 5th Av.
CINCINNATI—The McAlpin Co.; Miss M. A. Larson, ready-to-wear; Mrs. H. E. Richardson, waists, dresses; Miss T. Krug, waists; 23 East 26th.
CLARKSVILLE, Texas—Bloom Bros.; S. R. Bloom, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
CLEVELAND—Sherman Stores; L. Mendelson, M. Mendelson, clothing; Union Square.
CLEVELAND—Kohn Bros. Co.; M. L. Kohn, trimmings; 1,170 B'way.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. H. Tyroler, coats, suits, dresses, general mdse., basement; Mr. Kaplan, furs; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Lake View Dept. Store; L. Stungen, women's waists, underwear, children's dresses; McAlpin.
CLEVELAND—B & B Cloak & Skirt Co.; L. E. Baratt, coats, skirts; Imperial.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—Clawson & Wilson Co.; P. T. Guthrie, dry goods; E. G. Harris, notions, laces, fancy goods; 43 Leonard.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Columbus Millinery Supply Co.; H. Magozimer, millinery; Breslin.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Bornheim & Cohen; L. Bornheim, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Union Co.; Mrs. M. M. Kerstetter, waists, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
COLUMBUS, Miss.—S. Loeb & Co.; J. A. Loeb, gen. mdse.; 141 Madison Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Roberts Cloak & Suit House; H. L. Roberts, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway, Collingwood.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; Miss B. Dunlop, muslin underwear, infants' wear, corsets; 225 5th Av., Collingwood.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; J. H. Poytheess, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 19 E. 24th.
DALLAS, Texas—Goldsmith Dry Goods Co.; Miss O. M. Millenick, coats, suits, dresses; 1,133 B'way.
DALLAS, Texas—Perkins D. G. Co.; H. T. Hodges, domestics; 60 Worth.
DALLAS—A. Harris & Co.; Miss H. Wolfe, muslin underwear; 141 Madison Av.
DALLAS—Kinsella Hat Co.; W. J. Kinsella, hats; Collingwood.
DALLAS, Texas—Dallas Jobbing House, Baranoff clothing, furn. goods; Imperial.
DAVENPORT, Iowa—The Hub; S. Morits, men's clothing; Imperial.
DAYTON, Ohio—Adler & Childs; Mr. Adler, Spring coats, suits, dresses, waists, children's wear; 37 W. 26th.
DAYTON, Ohio—Elder & Johnston Co.; R. Elder, mdse. mgr.; Mr. Martin, Miss Cronk, misses', juniors' wear; 230 5th Av.
DECATUR, Ill.—W. Gushard D. O. Co.; Miss M. Van Leer, infants' wear; 44 E. 23d.
DENVER, Col.—A. T. Lewis D. G. Co.; Miss A. Ames, embroideries, hdkfs., laces; 3 W 29th.
DENVER, Col.—The Denver D. G. Co.; A. F. Sittloh, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; 200 5th 5th Av.
DENVER—Nat Weinberg, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; F. P. Fries, floor coverings; 303 5th Av.
DES MOINES—Wilkins Bros.; Mr. McCarthy, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
DETROIT—A. Krolick & Co.; L. P. Laurandeau, dress goods, wash goods, flannels; 377 B'way.
DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; Mrs. E. I. Ward, waists; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; G. E. Preston, mdse. mgr.; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; Mrs. B. Bowman, dresses; J. S. Gilghorn, books, stationery, ecclesiastical goods; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT—A. M. Barnes, suits, dresses; Miss Barnes, waists; 18 West 27th.
DETROIT, Mich.—Burnham-Stoepel Co.; A. W. Lind, dress goods, wash goods, silks; 43 Leonard.
EASTON, Penn.—W. Laubach & Sons; G. A. Laubach, general mdse; 41 Union Square.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Kaiser Cloak & Suit House; A. Kaiser, coats, suits, dresses, waists; McAlpin.
EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Wm. Hughes; J. A. Mills, coats, suits, dresses; 621 B'way.
ELKHART, Ind.—E. N. Sykes; Mrs. E. N. Sykes, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
FAIRBURY, Neb.—A. E. Cable, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 Broadway, Room 402.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; O. D. Brown, domestics, linens; 404 4th Av.
FAYETTE, Mo.—S. M. Hirsch & Son; H. M. Hirsch, ready-to-wear; St. James.
FLAGSTAFF, Ariz.—Babbitt Bros. Trading Co.; Mrs. Murphy, ladies' ready-to-wear; E. Hash, men's wear; 25 West 33d.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; G. J. Latz, cloaks, suits, waists, furs, underwear; 6 W. 32d; Hargrave.
FORT WORTH, Texas—Monnig D. G. Co.; O. E. Wandry, ready-to-wear, millinery, ribbons, hosiery, jewelry; R. L. Mims, white goods, draperies, notions, art, holiday goods; Bristol.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Grand Rapids Dry Goods Co.; C. W. Sargant, hosiery, knit underwear; Breslin.
GRAND RAPIDS—Sterns; Miss R. Grossman, waists; Breslin.
GREAT FALLS, Mon.—Fashion Cloak and Suit Co.; A. J. Katz, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 110 West 34th; Breslin.
GREELEY, Col.—"Reuler's"; G. C. Reuler, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
GREENVILLE, Ind.—Weise & Bradford; Mr. Weise, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
GUTHRIE, Okla.—F. C. Lutz D. G. Co.; W. Z. Hacker, gen'l mdse.; 44 E. 22d; Holland.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann Underselling Store; F. S. Hesser, hdkfs., laces, neckwear, furs; 37 W. 26th.
HARRISBURG, Penn.—Kaufmann's Underselling Store; J. M. Lloyd, Spring coats; 37 West 26th.
HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; T. E. Rourke, coats, suits; 141 Madison Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; I. Wise, coats, suits, waists; 404 4th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thompson & Co.; H. B. Strong, dress goods, silks, linens; 230 5th Av.
HASTINGS, Neb.—Stein Bros. & Co.; Mrs. B. W. Smith, ready-to-wear, infants' wear; 1,133 Broadway; Breslin.
HASTINGS, Neb.—Stein Bros. Co.; E. H. Stein, Miss Smith, ready-to-wear; 1,133 Broadway.
HELENA, Mon.—The McNair Co.; Mrs. McNair, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Brothers Dry Goods Co.; L. L. Harris, hosiery, gloves; 1,150 Broadway.
INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; C. W. Miller, men's furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—Eclipse Merc. Co.; J. J. McCarthy, gen'l mdse.; Imperial.
JACKSON, Tenn.—L. W. Birmingham & Son; P. Birmingham, ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.
JACKSON, Tenn.—Holland D. G. Co.; C. M. Gates, dry goods, notions, cloaks, suits; 38 W. 32d.
JOLIET, Ill.—A. Brimm, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Jones Store Co.; Mrs. E. M. Whitford, muslin underwear, infants' wear, corsets; 23 East 26th.
KANKAKEE, Ill.—Chicago Store; F. Hefter, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; I. H. Smith, shirts, mfg. dept.; 72 Leonard.
KANSAS CITY—Jones-Store Co.; Mrs. Stark, representing; A. Weinberg, ready-to-wear; 23 East 26th.
KANSAS CITY—Fitts-Smith D. G. Co.; J. C. Fitts, domestics, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
KANSAS CITY—Burnham, Munger, Root D. G. Co.; H. W. Brown, manufacturing department; 43 Leonard.
KOKOMO, Ind.—Thalman & Levi; A. L. Thalman, furnishing goods; 44 East 23d.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; C. S. Conrad, upholstery, curtains, shades, parlor furniture; 404 4th Av.
LANSING, Mich.—Simon D. G. Co.; R. T. Simon, ready-to-wear; 470 4th Av.; Breslin.
LAWRENCE, Kan.—Innes, Bullene & Hackman; H. B. Bullene, cloaks, suits, waists, knit underwear; 220 5th Av.; Great Northern.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—M. M. Cohn Co.; A. H. Allen, silks; 1,150 B'way; Collingwood.
LOS ANGELES—D. Hamburger & Co.; G. L. Fernbacher, coats, skirts, dresses; R. 1707, 303 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; E. C. Yourell, laces, trimmings, veilings; D. Ryan, ready-to-wear; Miss Newton, skirts, dresses; Mrs. Thompson, coats; 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—Myer Siegel & Co.; M. Siegel, Mrs. M. Siegel, general ready-to-wear; Miss G. Foyen, muslin, silk underwear; Miss A. McKernan, infants', children's wear; I. Moss, Miss N. Hagan, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—H. P. Selman & Co.; C. J. Osborne, waists; 1,261 Broadway.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Durand-Perry Co.; E. Perry, ready-to-wear; Latham.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufman-Strauss Co.; J. A. Dorsey, men's furnishing goods, women's hosiery, knit underwear; 220 5th Av.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—H. Strauss & Sons Co.; Mrs. V. W. Wilson, millinery; 1,133 B'way.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Bon Ton Cloak & Suit Co.; J. Greenstein, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. O. Co.; Miss E. Bennett, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 2 W. 37th.
MANCHESTER, N. H.—Lee's Specialty Shop; E. Lee, ladies' Spring ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway, Room 509.
MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Levi & Greif; D. Greif, ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.; Aberdeen.
MEMPHIS—A. Greener & Sons; E. Greener, men's, women's furn. goods, skirts, waists, hosiery; Herald Square.
MEMPHIS—Bry, Block Merc. Co.; Mr. Lippick, boys' clothing, basement; 470 4th Av.
MERIDIAN, Miss.—Marks, Rothenberg & Co.; L. Rothenberg, dress goods, silks; 43 Leonard.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—H. Stern, Jr., & Bros. Co.; C. G. Stern, wash, dress goods; Manhattan.
MILWAUKEE—Field's; Mr. Gans, ready-to-wear; Miss Arnold, dresses; 15 East 26th.
MILWAUKEE—A. P. Rosenberg & Co.; A. P. Rosenberg, coats, suits; 18 W. 27th.
MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld, Phillipson Co.; Mr. McDonough, white, wash, cotton goods; T. E. Merrity, ladies' neckwear, laces, hdkfs.; 1,133 Broadway.
MILWAUKEE—The Smart Shop; Mrs. Phelps, waists, sweaters, lingerie; 15 E. 26th.
MILWAUKEE—S. Fein Bros. Co.; J. S. Fein, clothing, men's furn. goods; Woodstock.
MINNEAPOLIS—Young-Quinlan Co.; J. A. Lehman, coats, suits, skirts; 220 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; J. Calder, muslin underwear, hosiery; Miss J. E. Wille, suits, skirts, arcade; Miss V. Winters, waists, dresses, arcade; 230 5th Av.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; H. G. Meincke, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 2 W. 37th.
MINOT, N. D.—Minot Cloak and Suit Co.; O. Ellison, ladies' Spring readyto-wear; 1,170 Broadway, Room 509.
MINOT, N. D.—E. Ellison & Son; Mr. Ellison, ladies' Spring ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway, Room 509.
MOLINE, Ill.—Grossman Co.; S. L. Grossman, ready-to-wear; St. James.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Downing's; W. J. Ryan, general merchandise; 8 East 13th.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. Nachman; Miss A. Dunn, millinery; 1,140 B'way; Imperial.
MOUNT STERLING, Ky.—Rogers Co.; J. Y. Rogers, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
MUNCIE, Ind.—W. A. McNaughton Co.; L. Smith, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Cain, Sloan Co.; W. C. Tinsley, dry goods; Breslin.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—H. & M. Wise; M. Wise, millinery; Aberdeen.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—Palace Clothing Co.; S. Silverfield, clothing; 170 5th Av.; Cumberland.
NEVADA, Mo.—S. M. Hirsch & Son; S. M. Hirsch, ready-to-wear; St. James.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—New Bedford D. G. Co.; Miss M. E. Cummings, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche; M. Zander, clothing, furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.
NOGALES, Ariz.—Joseph Berk; Mrs. J. Berk, ready-to-wear, millinery; 25 W. 33d.
NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; Miss A. Petar, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
NORRISTOWN, Penn.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; 105 Grand; York.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Marymont & Upright; Miss M. White, women's, infants', children's, boys' ready-to-wear; 100 West 32d.
OAKLAND—Kahn Bros.; T. S. Betton, trimmed hats; 116 W. 32d.
OGDEN, Utah—W. H. Wright & Sons; Miss Conroy, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Parisian; B. J. Kaufman, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Scott, Halliburton Co.; F. W. S. Miller, millinery; 1,150 B'way; Algonquin.
OWENSBORO, Ky.—S. W. Anderson Co.; J. E. Arnold, dry goods, hosiery, gloves; 105 Grand.
OWENSBORO, Ky.—Levy's, Inc.; T. J. Levy, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
OWENSBORO, Ky.—S. W. Anderson Co.; Mr. Moore, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
PARAGOULD, Ark.—S. L. Joseph Mercantile Co.; Mrs. G. Helwig, ready-to-wear; 33 West 32d.
PENSACOLA, Fla.—Everlasting Fabric Co.; Mr. Gant, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
PEORIA, Ill.—Block & Kuhl Co.; J. Elmland, general ready-to-wear; Mrs. F. Hawkins, skirts; Mrs. Greeley, dresses; Miss M. Cooper, waists; 1,270 Broadway.
PEORIA, Ill.—B. & M.; Miss N. Cooney, dresses, waists; "Penn."
PHILADELPHIA—Corrsin's Fashion Shop; C. S. Wood, jobs waists; 1,170 B'way, R. 610.
PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; J. A. Rubin, jobs Fall coats; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Fuhrman, woolens; Bristol.
PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Miss Cross, georgette waists; 15 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg Co.; Miss C. Lowenstein, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.
PHILADELPHIA—Silk & Kohn; H. L. Silk, skirtings; 1,182 Broadway; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; H. A. Norwick, suits, piece goods; 1,182 Broadway; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—J. F. Dittman & Co.; J. F. Dittman, cloaks, suit materials, wash silk; 2 West 33d.
PHOENIX, Ariz.—C. Karrick & Bro.; A. M. Elsfelder, hosiery, underwear, notions, ribbons, jewelry, laces, art goods, toys; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufman Dept. Store; L. Silverstein, carpets; Miss Walleston, Miss Hayes, Miss Long, millinery; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; J. B. Swinney, general merchandise; 23 East 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; L. Silverman, coats, suits, dresses; Miss F. Grastenfield, coats, suits, dresses, basement; S. M. Jacobs, mdse. mgr. bargain basement; L. M. Garson, men's, boys' clothing; Miss M. Stein, skirts; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; M. J. Sternberg, I. Seder, millinery; 304 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; H. H. Jennewine, waists, laces, hdkfs., knit goods; 43 Leonard.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Alexander's Smart Shop; E. Alexander, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
PLAINVIEW, Texas—Richard Bros. & Coller; G. E. Richard, ready-to-wear; 25 West 33d.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; J. Strain, upholstery goods; 1,123 B'way.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Z. Sweet & Co.; Z. Sweet, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—Anderson Bros. Co.; W. W. Anderson, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE—Stanley & MacGibbons Co.; Mrs. J. Greenberg, serge, georgette dresses; 1 West 36th.
PROVIDENCE—J. P. Mourin, dresses; 277 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—B. Schloss, millinery; Collingwood.
PUEBLO, Cal.—Crews-Beggs D. G. Co.; E. Cooper, men's furnishing goods; L. K. Young, domestics, ribbons, laces, neckwear; W. D. Young, coats, suits, waists; 1,270 Broadway.
RENO, Nev.—Gray, Reid, Wright Co.; R. Perry, coats, suits; 1,150 B'wy; Breslin.
RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; I. H. Kaufmann, cloaks, suits; 353 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; W. H. Crumbley, hdkfs., white goods; G. M. Pratt, domestics; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy, Powers Co.; I. Marx, jobs, ladies' neckwear, toilet goods; 470 4th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy, Powers Co.; T. Ranck, Spring suits, dresses; Miss Finzer, Spring dresses; 470 4th Av.
SALEM, Mass.—Wm. G. Webber Co.; M. H. Van Densmore, ribbons, handkerchiefs, laces, corsets, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.; Latham.
SALINA, Kan.—Miss Hinnenkamp, ready-to-wear, 1,133 Broadway, Breslin.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Emil Blum Co.; Mrs. Mary Grunder, suits, coats; Emil Blum, general mdse.; Miss M. E. Jones, dresses, costumes; Mrs. Clark, waists, negligees; Miss Alexander, children's, misses' goods; 1,140 B'way.
SAN BERNARDINO, Cal.—The Harris Co.; H. Harris, gen'l mdse.; 116 W. 32d.
SAN FRANCISCO—L. Dinkelspiel Co.; H. W. Brant, notions, laces; 377 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—D. Hamburger & Co.; A. Hamburger, coats, skirts, dresses; R. 1707, 303 5th Av.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—B. H. Levy Bro. & Co.; A. B. Levy, women's, children's ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'wy.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; V. S. Siegler, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.; Park Avenue.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; J. C. Harbeck, laces, trimmings, handkerchiefs; 404 4th Av.; Herald Square.
SEATTLE—Seattle Outfitting Co.; A. Shemanski, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
SEATTLE—Bon Marche; C. A. Biederman, coats, suits; Miss O. Brandenberg, millinery; 225 5th Av.
SIOUX CITY—Pelletier Co.; W. L. Trump, silks; 116 W. 32d.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—The Bee Hive Co.; C. M. Rohde, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Culbertson, Grate, Rankin Co.; G. Seacrist, notions, laces, ribbons, jewelry, knit underwear; 116 W. 32d; Collingwood.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Poole D. G. Co.; M. R. Mullen, domestics; 105 Grand.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; J. J. Stark, millinery; 230 5th Av.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Townsend, Wyatt & Wall Dry Goods Co.; Miss D. Ramsbacker, cloaks, suits, furs; 1,261 Broadway.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Lehman Bros.; M. H. Lehman, waists, dresses; 1,150 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Schaper's Stores Co.; Wm. Schoper, ladies' suits, capes; 1,170 B'way, R. 610.
ST. LOUIS—Wm. Secher Garment Co.; S. Secher, coats, suits, dresses; McAlpin.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss Koerner, Miss Gorman, millinery; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Schwerdtmann Toy Co.; E. R. Schwerdtmann, toys, novelties; Cumberland.
ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co.; Miss M. Gorman, neckwear, veilings; 225 5th Av.; Holland House.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Ida Metz, basement, millinery; 37 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Rice Stix D. G. Co.; J. Heidelberg, men's sweaters; A. Eiseman, gloves, ladies' sweaters; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix Dry Goods Co.; T. A. Henninger, general ready-to-wear; R. Rich, ladies' coats, suits, dresses; H. A. Collins, ladies' muslin underwear; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—S. Schultz Garment Co.; S. Schultz, cloaks, suits, furs, millinery; 393 5th Av.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Golden Rule; F. Vilender, furnishing goods; 1,261 Broadway.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Stanley & MacGibbons Co.; Mrs. F. Curtis, serge, georgette dresses; 1 West 36th.
TACOMA, Wash.—Rhodes Bros.; Mrs. M. Crumley, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 1,150 B'way; Prince George.
TACOMA, Wash.—Stone Fisher Co.; Mrs. A. Vosoba, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.
TACOMA, Wash—A. & W. Milly Co.; G. F. Atkinson, millinery; Gerard.
TAMPA, Fla.—Bentley-Gray D. G. Co.; J. N. Bryan, dry goods; G. C. Robey, notions; 43 Leonard.
TAYLOR, Texas—T. W. Marse Co.; Miss Barlow, millinery; 141 Madison Av.
TERRE HAUTE—A. Herz; C. A. Ballard, rugs, draperies, leather goods; 116 W. 32d.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—J. Goldberg; Miss McGirty, waists; 37 W. 26th.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Root Dry Goods Co.; H. O. Thomson, ready-to-wear; 23 East 26th.
TOLEDO—Lion Dry Goods Co.; J. W. Dickerhoff, notions, jewelry, toilet, leather goods; O. E. Aubertine, men's, boys' clothing; Miss C. Metcalf, underwear; Miss S. McGrath, gloves; Miss M. Miller, Miss M. Bresse, millinery; Miss B. Murry, blouses, neckwear; Miss M. Moran, ribbons; G. B. Corry, merchandise manager; 23 East 26th.
TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; Mr. Warren, toys; 225 5th Av.
TOPEKA, Kan.—Pelletiere Stores Co.; J. B. Walker, Vice President; 116 West 32d.
TRENTON, N. J.—Yard's; Mr. Cohen, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
TROY, N. Y.—G. V. S. Quackenbush & Co.; E. Q. Lasell, rugs; J. J. Madden, coats, suits; Imperial.
TULSA, Okla.—Guarantee Dress Co.; S. Soltz, Spring dresses; 142 5th Av.
TYLER, Texas—Mayer & Schmidt; J. S. Powell, silks, domestics, notions; 1,150 B'way.
VALPARAISO, Ind.—L. Lowenstine & Sons; B. J. Hirschland, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.
VICKSBURG—A. Rose & Co.; L. Rose, dry goods, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard.
WACO—Sanger Bros.; G. L. Jackson, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 19 E. 24th.
WALLA WALLA, Wash.—The Paris Co.; C. Blumberg, ready-to-wear; 277 5th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; T. F. Finnin, leather, toilet goods; 432 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; F. E. Mack, domestics, blankets; Mrs. J. C. Nourse, notions, art goods, trimmings; Mrs. M. B. Leselle, women's ready-to-wear; 334 4th Av.
WATERBURY, Conn.—Curran D. G. Co.; J. M. O'Donnell, domestics; Breslin.
WAXAHACHIE, Texas—Rose Bros.; B. Rose, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.
WICHITA, Kan.—Johnston & Larimer D. G. Co.; W. E. Jones, furnishing goods; 43 Leonard.
WICHITA, Kan.—Cohn-Hinkel Dry Goods Co.; C. A. Schaefer, notions, leather goods, laces; Miss H. Fleming, fancy goods; 6 West 32d; Collingwood.
WILMINGTON, Del.—R. Topkis Sons; C. Topkis, general mdse.; 1,270 Broadway.
WILMINGTON, N. C.—Bon Marche; L. Lipinsky, gen'l mdse.; 1,178 B'way.
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—Huntley-Hill-Stockton Co.; J. F. Crouse, house furn. goods; Wallick.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard, Sumner, Putnam Co.; A. Vanderpyl, hosiery, furnishing goods; Miss Dorsey, gloves; 404 4th Av.; Breslin.
ZANESVILLE, Ohio—H. Weber, Sons & Co.; W. M. Duncan, domestics, draperies, linens; 44 East 23d.

Other Business News and Advertising on Page 11.

DRESSES
$13.75 and $16.75
REAL SAVINGS IN
Crepe Meteors, Taffeta, Georgette, Serge, Wool Jerseys, Persian Crepe
ON OUR RACKS—READY FOR DELIVERY
Dresses that sell themselves. Only 2 prices, $13.75 & $16.75.
GINSBERG BROS.
6-8 West 32nd ST.
NEW YORK

H. B. RUBIN
Formerly 36-54 W. 25th St. Now located in the
Waldorf Building
2-16 West 33d St.
SPRING LINE OF
SUITS, COATS, CAPES and DOLMANS
Ready for Inspection

The NEW HOME of
BIJOU - SYLVIA - HALPERN - ESSKAY - MIBELLE
WAISTS
BIJOU
DRESSES
303 Fifth Avenue
Corner 31st. Street, New York

Waists and dresses of every description—at all prices—in all fabrics—in variety so comprehensive and complete that every possible requirement of the modern waist and dress department can be met with a minimum effort and a maximum of satisfaction.

SWEATER BUYERS
Years of intensive experience in manufacturing quality merchandise and application of the Golden Rule in our business practice are reasons why our thousands of customers recognize us as
The Leading Sweater House
An enviable leadership which we continue to successfully maintain in our
Wonderful Range of Spring Models.
Hundreds of Original and Exclusive Styles in
SWEATERS and SLIPONS
New ideas and designs to make your department attractive and profitable in
SLIPONS — MERCERIZED, FIBRE SILK, THREAD SILK, WOOL, WORSTED, ZEPHYR — SWEATERS
For LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
Now Showing in Our Immense Show-rooms
Exporters Cohen Brothers Importers
The Leading Sweater House
16-18-20 WEST 32nd STREET
NEW YORK.

EVERYTHING IN SILKS
M. Ascher Silk Corporation
102 Madison Ave
New York
We specialize in silks which are in popular demand.
You will find our prices unusually interesting.

TALK OF THE TOWN
This
SILVERTONE
HALF-LINED
Coat $12.90
Other equally as good numbers, $6.75 to $28.00—See Them To-day.
MEADOW & LYONS
VALUES OUR ONLY SALESMAN
STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND COATS IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES
$12.90
127-29-31-33 West 26th St., N. Y. C.

"DRESS GOODS BUYERS"
Corporation Numbers and Fancies at Right Prices
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
ARDERY DEPARTMENT
HEYMAN COHEN & SONS, Inc.,
38 West 21st St. Chelsea 9866

MONARCH
SAVES YOU 20%
The name, the styles, and the quality of MONARCH DRESSES are aristocratic; but in their prices they are true democrats—which has made and kept them popular favorites. Don't take our word for it. Come in and SEE them.
MONARCH DRESS CO.
11 East 26th Street New York.

We Manufacture
STYLISH STOUTS
AUTO & DOLMAN
COATS & CAPES
For Retailers and Jobbers
J. DUNN CO.
127 West 25th St.

MR. RESIDENT BUYER
VALUE CREATORS IN COATS $8.50 to 22.50 SUITS $12.50 to 19.75
See Our Wonderful Suits at $16.75
Other houses are selling for $22.50, and we can prove it.
COATS SUITS
WEINREB & HOROWITZ
1140 BROADWAY NEW YORK

DERBY Waist Inc.
Progressive Stores Everywhere Are Featuring
DERBY STOUTS
—scientifically designed to fit stout figures. An assortment combined with Derby regulars will prove immensely profitable.
Immediate Deliveries. 40 W. 32nd St., New York

Outside of Chicago

One of the best manufacturing districts in the country is located in the 13 counties surrounding Chicago.

The prosperity of this territory, served by the Public Service Company of Northern Illinois, is reflected in the Company's earnings, which are over double interest charges on its total funded debt.

Let us send you Circular TP describing the First & Ref. 5% Bonds of this Company, yielding

5.85%

A. H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Investments in Sound American Securities

Bonds Notes Stocks
To yield 4.65% to 8%

Circular on request

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

7½%

We offer, subject to prior sale, UNION ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER CO. of St. Louis, Mo., Two-year 6% Secured Gold Notes, due June 15th, 1920. Price 98 and interest, to yield 7½%.

Send for descriptive circular T-52.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Chicago
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We advise the purchase of Liberty Bonds of all issues.

Correspondence Invited.

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
7 Wall St., New York
Chicago
Detroit

Members New York Stock Exchange.

Tilney, Ladd & Co.

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New York

Suggestions for Investors may be had on request
A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities.
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston Buffalo
Cleveland Baltimore Minneapolis

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Strong and Weak Spots Mark Irregular Movements of Stocks —Ocean Rates Lower.

Stocks which were affected by specific news developments scored positive movements in yesterday's dealings, while the balance of the list displayed considerable irregularity. The shipping issues were quite naturally subjected to speculative selling pressure as a result of the sharp marking down of freight rates to England put into effect by the British Ministry of Shipping, and one or more of the oil share group were in demand after attention had been called to new production in Texas. Steel common gained some ground at the same time that other steel stocks declined. As far as the general market was concerned—and this applied to bonds also—conditions surrounding business were practically unchanged from the sluggish factors of last week, and the action of the Money Committee in taking restrictions off loans was the subject of very little comment during the session. In view of the substantial decline in loans reported by the Clearing House banks on Saturday, predictions made in banking quarters some time ago that loanable funds would be plentiful late in January appeared to be working out definitely. Call money yesterday went as low as 3⅝ per cent., equaling the minimum of the year, and most borrowing was put through at 4 per cent.

Much more significance than that entailed in the effect on shipping stocks was contained in the reduction of ocean freight rates. A decline of more than 60 per cent. in certain carrying charges was drastic enough to cause something of a shock to the International Mercantile Marine and Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies issues, but the broader aspect of the decline of rates reached out to many corporations not directly interested in ocean transportation. It would be reasonable to expect a favorable result from lower carrying costs in an increase of exports, provided, of course, that buyers across the seas feel that the saving of transportation will offset commodity prices in our markets. The movement would be of influence on imports also, and it may be that the cut in freight rates marks a distinct step forward in breaking the bonds of trade lethargy in several directions. The United States Shipping Board, according to recent information, desired to maintain ocean rates for a time, but it is difficult to see how current levels may be adhered to with the British shipping interests out for business. Any development which helped to stimulate trade would be welcome in the long run, and evidence is appearing from time to time that neutral countries, as well as the allied nations, are in need of various raw materials which would move more quickly from the United States if costs of deliverey were lowered appreciably. A step to facilitate the flow would be the establishment of prices lower than those prevailing at present. In a way a reduction of freight costs has the effect of a decline of prices, as far as the foreign buyer is concerned, and yesterday's downward swing may contain matter of economic import for the readjustment period whose extent cannot yet be discerned.

A meeting of the Liberty Loan Committee during the day is worthy of mention because of the indication supplied by it that bankers are getting down to particular details of the coming offering of Victory bonds. In the next few weeks the situation will be thoroughly canvassed and frequent exchanges of ideas between the financial leaders and the Treasury Department may be looked for.

Trading Calm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Trading on the Bourse today was calm. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63 francs, exchange on London at 25 francs 98 centimes, and the 5 per cent. loan at 92 francs 10 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	4½	High	5
Low	3⅝	Low	4¼
Renewals	4	Renewals	4½
Last	4	Last	4½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4½

Time Loans.

ALL INDUSTRIALS.		MIXED COLLAT'LS.	
Sixty days	5½	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5½
Five months	5¼@5½	Five months	5½
Six months	5¼@5½	Six months	5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4⅝
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @5½

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months....5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling— Demand	$4.7575	$4.7575	$4.7575	..
Cables	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655	—.000125
Francs— Demand	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	+ .00⅛
Cables	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7575	$4.7653
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅛	5.45⅛
5.1813	Belgium	5.65½	5.64½
	China— Hongkong	78.00	78.10
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	123.00
40.29	Holland	41.375	41.625
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India— Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.37	6.35
	Japan— Kobe	51.40	51.50
	Yokohama	51.40	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.06	20.14
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia— Stockholm	28.40	28.60
	Copenhagen	26.40	26.60
	Christiania	27.60	27.80
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	44.65	44.80
34.42	Rio	25.20	25.35
5.1813	Switzerland	4.93	4.91
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	16.75	16.00
	500 rubles	16.55	16.80

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71⅝	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $460,257,655; balances, $78,630,844; Treasury debit balance, $2,341,066; Federal Reserve credit balance, $61,055,941.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 47 7-16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Customs receipts:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$8,099,504	$84,551,066
Internal Revenue— Inc. and exc. profits tax	38,196,122	723,063,785
Miscellaneous	90,567,348	679,976,606
Miscel. revenue	18,538,066	876,300,028
Total receipts	$155,890,043	$1,764,496,506
Exc. of ord. disb. over ord. recpts	1,107,802,414	8,058,449,980
Exc. of total rec. over total disb	836,194,415	189,756,128
Expenditures	1,263,102,456	9,822,946,487

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.50	...	5.50
Spelter	...	7.50	...	7.50
Antimony	...	7.50	...	7.50
Quicksilver	$104.00	...	$105.00	...
Aluminum	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	89	0	0	90	0	0
Copper, futures	83	0	0	83	0	0
Tin, spot	248	0	0	248	0	0
Tin, futures	244	10	0	245	5	0
Spelter	56	0	0	56	0	0
Lead	36	0	0	35	0	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JAN. 27, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	371,830	Holiday	436,113
Year to date	9,895,640	11,662,459	15,121,757

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
58¾	59	100	Advance Rumely pf	58	58	58	58	...
72	73	400	Ajax Rubber	72¼	73¼	72¼	72¼	—¼
3⅝	3⅞	400	Alaska Gold Mines	3¾	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
2	2⅛	2,000	Alaska Juneau	2	2	2	2	—⅛
31½	32	300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	31½	32	31½	32	+⅝
100½	100¾	300	Am. Agri. Chem	100½	100¾	100½	100½	—½
98	100	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	99	99	99	99	+1½
68½	68½	500	Am. Beet Sugar	68¾	68¾	68½	68½	—⅞
46½	46¾	2,700	Am. Can	46¾	47	46½	46½	—⅛
89¼	89½	2,000	Am. Car & F	90⅝	90½	88¾	89	—1
41½	42½	100	Am. Cotton Oil	41½	41½	41½	41½	—½
11½	11½	1,800	Am. Druggists	11½	11½	11½	11½	+⅛
14½	15	600	Am. Hide & Leath	14½	14½	14¼	14½	+¾
82	82¾	3,500	Am. Hide & L. pf	81¼	83	81	82¾	+1¾
55	56	100	Am. Ice pf	55	55	55	55	...
54	54½	100	Am. International	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	—⅝
48	48½	2,500	Am. Linseed	49	49	47½	48	—½
1⅝	1⅞	100	Am. Malting	1½	1½	1½	1½	—½
46½	47½	700	Am. Malt. 1st pf. cfs of deposit	46	47¼	46	47¼	+1¼
70½	70¾	4,000	Am. Sm. & Ref	70½	70¾	69¾	70⅝	—⅜
105	110	100	Am. Snuff	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	—5½
79	80	500	Am. Steel Found	80	80	79½	79½	—1½
112	113	100	Am. Sugar Ref	112½	112½	112½	112½	—1
101	102	1,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	102	102	101	101½	—¼
100⅛	100¾	300	Am. Tel. & Tel	100⅝	100⅞	100½	100⅝	+⅛
196	200	150	Am. Tobacco	195	195	195	195	—1½
46	46¾	200	Am. Woolen	46⅜	46⅜	46¼	46¼	—½
59	59⅛	2,900	Anaconda Copper	58⅝	59⅛	58⅝	59	+½
21½	22½	100	Associated Dry G	21½	21½	21½	21½	—1½
74	74½	200	Associated Oil	74½	74½	73½	73½	—⅝
92½	93½	200	At., Top. & S. Fe	92½	93¼	92½	93¼	+⅜
98⅞	99½	800	At., Gulf & W. I	101	101	99	99	—3
65	67	200	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	66	66	65⅞	65⅞	—1¼
68¼	68¾	7,400	Baldwin Locomo	69	69⅞	68½	68¾	—1¼
48½	48¾	1,900	Balto. & Ohio	48½	48½	48	48½	+¼
110½	111	100	Barrett Co. pf	110½	110½	110½	110½	...
60½	60¾	7,800	Beth. Steel Class B	60¾	61	60	60½	—⅝
102½	103¼	100	Beth. Steel 8% pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	—⅜
18½	18¾	5,200	Brooklyn R. T	18½	19¾	18¾	18½	—¾
15½	17	100	Butterick Co	16	16	16	16	—⅝
53¾	54	600	Cal. Packing	54	54	53½	53¾	—⅝
23⅞	24¼	8,500	Cal. Petroleum	24⅝	24⅝	23⅞	24	...
67¾	69	600	Cal. Petroleum pf	69	69½	67¾	67¾	—¼
158	159	700	Canadian Pacific	158½	159½	158	159½	+1½
58⅝	59½	1,100	Cen. Leather Co	59⅝	59½	58⅝	58⅝	—¼
31½	32	400	Cerro de Pasco Cop	32	32	31½	32	...
106	107	100	Chandler Motor	106	106	106	106	...
55⅛	55¾	800	Ches. & Ohio	55½	55½	55¼	55⅝	—⅛
24	25½	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf	25	25	25	25	—1
37	38½	2,300	C., Mil. & St. P	39¼	39¼	38	38	—1¼
70¼	70¾	3,600	C., M. & St. P. pf	72¼	72½	70	70½	—1½
23¼	23¼	600	Chi., R. I. & Pac	23½	23⅝	23¼	23¼	—½
63	64	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	64	64	63½	63½	—½
17⅜	17¾	1,800	Chile Copper	17½	17⅜	17½	17½	—½
33⅜	33¾	800	Chino Copper	33½	33½	33⅛	33½	+¼
36	36½	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	36¾	36¾	36½	36½	—⅜
21	22	100	Col. & Southern	21½	21½	21½	21½	+⅛
43	48	100	Col. & So. 2d pf	47	47	47	47	—1
42	42¾	500	Columbia Gas & E	42¼	42¼	42	42¼	—⅝
36	39½	100	Comput.-Tab.-Rec	38½	38½	38½	38½	+⅝
89	91	2,500	Consolidated Gas	89	89	87½	89	—½
69¼	69½	100	Continental Can	69¼	69¼	69¼	69¼	—⅝
61	62	200	Continental Insur	61	61	61	61	...
47½	47¾	2,000	Corn Prod. Refin	47⅝	47⅝	47¼	47½	—⅛
53⅞	54	900	Crucible Steel	53⅝	53⅝	53¼	53⅝	—¼
21	21½	16,300	Cuba Cane Sugar	22⅛	22⅛	20¾	21½	—1
72	73	3,000	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	72	72¾	71½	72	—½
4	4¼	100	Denver & Rio G	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	...
6½	7	300	Denver & Rio G. pf	6⅛	6⅝	6¼	6½	—¼
52½	52¾	1,200	Distillers Securities	52½	52⅝	52¼	52½	+⅛
11⅝	12	600	Dome Mines	11⅜	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝	+⅛
27	29	100	Elk Horn Coal	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	+¼
16	16¼	900	Erie	16¼	16¼	15⅞	16	—¼
18½	20	200	Erie 2d pf	18½	18½	18½	18½	—½
90	93	500	Fisher Body pf	92¼	92¼	92	92	—1½
..	..	100	Do., s 30	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	...
28⅞	29	1,000	Gaston, Wm. & W	28⅞	29	28	28⅞	...
148	150	100	General Electric	149⅝	149⅝	149⅝	149⅝	—¼
123	124	800	General Motors	123½	124	123	123	—¼
1	1⅛	12,420	General Motors rgts	1⅛	1⅛	1	1	—⅛
82½	84	200	General Motors pf	83½	83½	83	83	—½
60½	61	800	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	60½	61	60½	61	+½
101½	103	200	Goodrich pf	103	103	103	103	+1½
73½	75	100	Granby Consol	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	—⅛
92	92½	500	Great Northern pf	92½	92⅝	92½	92½	—⅝
37½	37⅝	2,800	Gt. N. cfs. for O. P	37½	37½	37½	37½	—⅛
43½	44½	100	Greene-Can. Cop	44	44	44	44	...
7	9	100	Gulf, Mob. & Nor	8	8	8	8	+¼
30	37½	200	Gulf, M. & Nor. pf	33	33	32	32	+½
54	57	200	Hartman Corp	54½	54½	54½	54½	—½
44¾	44¾	1,300	Inspiration Copper	44¾	45	44½	44¾	—¼
5	5⅛	600	Interb. Consol	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	...
22¾	23½	5,400	Int. Mer. Marine	24½	24⅝	22½	22⅝	—1⅛
98½	98¾	37,500	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	102	102½	98½	98½	—4
26½	27	1,800	Int. Nickel	27	27	26⅝	26⅝	—½
34	34¼	300	Int. Paper	34¼	34½	34½	34½	—½
62½	63	100	Int. Paper pf., std	62½	62½	62½	62½	—⅝
50	53	100	Kan. City So. pf	51	51	51	51	+1
78¾	79	4,700	Kelly Spring. Tire	77	79½	77	78⅝	+1½
32⅝	32¾	700	Kennecott Copper	32⅝	32⅝	32¼	32⅝	—⅛
61	62½	100	Kress (S. H.) Co	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝	—⅝
23¼	23½	2,000	Lee Rubber & Tire	22⅞	23¼	22⅞	23½	+1¼
55	56	800	Lehigh Valley	56½	56½	56	56	—⅛
210	215	200	Liggett & Myers	205½	210	205½	210	+5⅝
106½	108	000	Liggett & Myers pf	108	108	107	108	—1
108	110	300	Loril., (P.) Co. pf	109	109	109	109	...
69	70	100	Mackay Cos	70	70	70	70	...
27½	28	100	Maxwell Motors	28½	28½	28½	28½	+1¼
19⅞	20¾	700	Max. Motors 2d pf	20	20	19⅝	19⅝	—¼
167½	167¾	37,700	Mexican Petroleum	166½	168⅝	164⅞	167⅝	—⅝
23½	23¾	900	Miami Copper	23⅝	23⅝	23½	23½	—⅝
42	42⅝	200	Midvale Steel	42⅝	42⅝	42½	42½	—⅛
4⅞	5⅛	100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	—½
24⅝	25	2,400	Missouri Pacific	25	25	24⅝	24⅝	+¼
53	53½	800	Missouri Pacific pf	53	53½	52½	53¼	+1⅛
30	31	100	Nat. Acme	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	—½
14⅛	15	300	Nat. Cond. & Cable	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	—⅝
67¾	67½	200	Nat. Lead	67½	67½	67⅝	67⅝	—¼
16⅝	17	100	Nevada Con. Cop	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	—⅛
72	72½	630	N. Y. Central	72½	72½	72½	72½	...
90	100	50	N. Y., Lack. & W	91½	91½	91½	91½	...
28⅛	29	500	N. Y., N. H. & H	29½	29½	29	29	—½
19½	20	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	20	20	20	20	—⅛
105¼	106¾	100	Norfolk & Western	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	+⅛
47½	50	300	North American	48	48	48	48	...
90¾	91⅝	300	Northern Pacific	90½	90½	90⅝	90½	—1⅛
50½	52	200	Nova Scotia S. & O	50	50	50	50	—2¾
43	43¼	2,200	Ohio Cities Gas	43¼	43⅝	42¾	43¼	+⅜
8⅜	8⅞	2,700	Okla. Prod. & Ref	8⅞	9¼	8⅞	8⅞	—⅛
6⅝	6⅞	300	Ontario Mining	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
46	48	200	Owens Bottle Mach	47	47	47	47	...
23¼	24	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	+1¼
68⅛	69	2,900	Pan-Am. P. & T	68⅞	69	68¾	69	+⅛
44⅞	45	2,800	Penn. R. R	45⅜	45⅜	44⅞	45	...
39⅛	39¾	500	Pierce-Arrow	40	40	39½	39¼	—⅛
17½	17⅝	2,200	Pierce Oil	17½	17⅝	17½	17½	...
35⅞	36	100	Pitts. & West Va	36	36	36	36	...
72½	72⅝	900	Railway Steel Sp	72⅝	72½	72¼	72¼	—½
20¼	20⅝	200	Ray Con. Copper	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	—½
78	78⅛	4,000	Reading	78	78⅝	77⅞	78⅛	—½
73⅝	74	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	74	74	74	74	—⅛
78	78¼	3,000	Royal Dutch t r	77⅞	78¼	77	78	+½
22½	25	300	St. L.-San F. pf	22½	22½	22	22	...
34⅝	35	1,500	Sinclair Oil Ref	34⅛	34⅞	34⅛	34⅝	—⅛
98⅜	98⅝	5,000	Southern Pacific	98⅜	99	98	98⅛	—⅝
107	110	300	So. P. R. Sug. pf	107	107	107	107	—1
26⅞	27	1,200	Southern Railway	27½	27½	26⅞	26⅞	—⅛
68	68½	100	Southern Ry. pf	68	68	68	68	...
126	130	100	Standard Milling	126¼	126¼	126¼	126¼	+1¼
39⅝	40	1,200	Strom. Carburetor	39	40¼	39	40	+⅝
48⅝	49	4,100	Studebaker Co	48⅝	49	48⅛	48⅝	+⅛
48½	50	200	Stutz Motor	49½	50	49⅝	50	+½
32	34	100	Superior Steel	34	34	34	34	+½
193¼	193¾	22,900	Texas Co	187½	194⅞	186⅞	193⅞	+5¼
17⅞	18	5,975	Texas Co. rights	16½	18	16½	17⅞	+1½
32	32⅛	12,100	Texas & Pacific	30⅛	33⅞	30⅝	32⅛	+1⅛
200	300	50	Texas Pacific L. T	260	260	250	250	...
220	230	150	Tidewater Oil	220	220	220	220	...
73¾	74	1,900	Tobacco Products	74⅝	75	73⅝	73¾	—1⅛
101½	104	600	Tobacco Prod. pf	101	102	102	102	—1⅞
127	127¼	1,300	Union Pacific	126¼	127	126¼	127	—⅛
37⅞	38	200	United Alloy Steel	38½	38⅛	37⅞	37⅞	—½
114¼	115	2,900	United Cigar Stores	115⅝	115⅝	113½	114⅝	+½
102½	102½	900	U. S. Indus. Alco	103	103⅜	102⅝	102⅝	—⅛
75⅝	76	3,000	U. S. Rubber	75½	76⅞	75¼	76⅝	+1½
91⅞	92	71,500	U. S. Steel	91½	92⅝	90⅝	92	+⅞
114⅞	115	100	U. S. Steel pf	115	115	115	115	—⅛
70½	70⅝	2,300	Utah Copper	69⅝	70½	69½	70⅝	+¾
14⅝	15⅛	300	Utah Securities	15	15	14⅝	15	...
51⅝	52	900	Va.-Car. Chemical	52⅝	52⅝	51⅝	52	—⅛
7⅞	8	200	Wabash	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	...
31⅛	32	600	Wabash pf. A	32¼	32¼	31⅞	32	...
10⅝	11	300	Western Maryland	11	11	10⅝	11	—½
41	41¼	1,700	Westingh. E. & M	41½	41⅝	41	41	—⅝
8⅛	9	200	Wheeling & L. E	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	...
67	67¼	800	Wilson & Co	67	67	67	67	—1
24½	24⅝	2,200	Willys-Overland	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24¼	+⅛
54	55	100	Worthington Pump	54	54	54	54	...
67	67⅝	100	Worth. Pump pf. B	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	...

SHORT TERM NOTES

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Government and Municipal Loans.					
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98¾	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅛	99⅝	5.60
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99¼	100	5.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99⅛	100⅜	5.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	64	66	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	151	157	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	58	60	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99⅝	5.25
Company Issues.					
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100¼	100⅝	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99⅛	99⅝	5.25
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.50
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	100⅝	101⅛	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101⅛	101⅜	5.30
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅝	102⅛	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	101⅝	102⅛	6.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103⅛	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅛	104	6.85
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96½	99½	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100⅛	100⅜	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	100⅝	101⅛	6.15
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100⅝	101⅛	6.40
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅝	101⅛	6.55
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	100⅝	101⅛	6.65
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100⅛	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	88	90	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1920	98	99	6.75
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1921	97	97⅝	7.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100⅝	5.25
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅝	5.50
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102⅝	102⅝	6.30
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98⅛	6.60
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	81	92½	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98	99	6.05
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅛	100⅜	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100⅛	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98⅞	99⅝	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99⅛	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99¼	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99⅛	99⅝	6.70
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99⅛	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.50
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	98⅝	99⅛	10.00
Pitt. & S. S. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100½	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100	100⅛	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101⅛	101⅝	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102⅛	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	103	103⅝	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	104	104½	5.85
Rem. A. U. M. Ctge. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99½	100	6.00
San Diego C. G. & E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	..
St. G. & E. sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99⅝	99⅞	..
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99	100	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95	96¼	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	96½	8.00
U. L. & Ry. sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	89	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99⅝	100	7.00

NO FAVORS FOR THE ALLIES.

American bankers and, presumably, American investors are ready and willing to advance capital and supplies to the European Allies on adequate terms, but are not willing to grant them preferential treatment, according to an officer of a large downtown bank. Referring to a Paris dispatch to THE TIMES, which stated the belief that American financial interests were prepared to advance credit and supplies on "easy terms" to the Allies, this banker expressed the belief that the Allies would have to compete with American industry in the credit market.

As for the United States assuming a full share of the whole European war debt, that, too, was considered entirely out of the question by bankers who were interviewed on the subject. In this respect, banking opinion was in harmony with THE TIMES dispatch, which said that American representatives abroad did not favor the proposal.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Steel Dividend Action Today.

Directors of the United States Steel Corporation will meet this afternoon to take action on the quarterly dividend. Prior to such meetings of the Directors there is always considerable speculation in the Street as to what the action will be. The last dividend on the common shares of the steel corporation was 1¼ and 2 per cent. extra. There seems to be a general idea among traders that this rate will be cut, but as to how much opinion differs radically. Some reports are to the effect that the extra dividend will be 1 per cent., thereby placing the stock on a 9 per cent. annual basis, as against the 13 per cent. now prevailing. Others believe that the rate will be on a 7 per cent. annual basis. Since the Bethlehem Directors fooled the knowing ones a short time ago by maintaining the 10 per cent. annual rate on the common, there is less disposition to consider that the reduction on United States Steel will be drastic. On the other hand, there are not many who consider that the present rate will be maintained.

Texas Company Strong.

The so-called "speculation in oil stocks" yesterday was very largely a matter of buying Texas Company, which issue gained something more than 5 points on the day and touched about the highest point to be reached on the present movement. The rights were also strong, selling in the neighborhood of $18. Texas Company, of course, profited, marketwise, because of reports of the bringing in of the new 20,000-barrel well. Incidentally the stock did what so few stocks ever succeed in doing—it advanced strongly in the face of "rights." Usually it is just the other way; stocks persist in declining when rights to new stock are being dealt in.

Shipping Rates and Cotton.

The cotton market, always nervous and capable of wide movements, performed up to its best records yesterday, when, after losing 100 points in the first hour or so, it picked up and gathered in again virtually all of its losses when the announcement of the British reduction in shipping rates reached the financial district. Cotton people were overjoyed at first in the belief that the export movement would be greatly expedited, but lost some of their enthusiasm later when it was realized that it is quite as much a matter of ships as it is of rates.

Orders for Export Steel.

Recently substantial orders for steel products have been placed in this country by Holland, these being the first that have been received from the Netherlands since before the entry of the United States into the war. The fact that Holland is buying steel is not in itself of such great significance, unless it can be taken as an indication of what may be expected from other countries which have for a long period been cut off from supplies of steel. The fact that Holland is ordering steel here would presume that the steel-making facilities of Europe, expanded though they have been to meet war needs, are still not in a position to engage largely in export trade. This would give to the industry in this country a fertile field for placing steel products, provided there is an urgent buying demand that cannot brook delay.

Nova Scotia Steel Declines.

The recent announcement of the temporary cessation of operations by the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company seemed to find reflection in the action of the stock yesterday. On a turnover of only 300 shares the stock declined 2¾ points.

St. Paul Dividends.

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul common and preferred stock were both features in yesterday's market. This action was apparently the result of rumors that the company's compensation contract with the Railroad Administration was about to be signed and that when the contract is executed the Directors would be in a position to declare the full 7 per cent. dividend on the preferred stock. The common stock which opened at 37¼ sold up to a high for the day at 39½, while the preferred after opened quietly at 67 sold up to 73½ and closed at 70.

The Freight Rate Cut.

The 66 2-3 per cent. ocean freightrate cut announced by the British Ministry of Shipping yesterday was unexpected, but it did not cause as much surprise in some quarters as might have been expected. Local shippers and shipowners through their organizations have been asking Washington to make a definite cut in the Shipping Board rates in order to let them compete with British merchants and manufacturers for some time, and in making those requests it was suggested more than once that further cuts would follow the initial announcements made in Europe. Special committees representing shippers have gone to Washington repeatedly to secure an easing of the tonnage situation and in many instances their trips have proved fruitful. Yesterday it seemed to be the consensus of opinion that the Shipping Board would not hold the American shipper in suspense much longer, but will scale down our rates to meet those announced by the British Ministry of Shipping. While the announcement of the rate cut was not particularly surprising the amount of the cut was greater than the majority of shipping men had forecast.

Marine Shares Under Pressure.

A drop of about 4 points in Marine preferred yesterday was attributed partly to the development of a bear attack and also to the cut in British shipping rates. It was argued in some quarters that the reduction in rates by the British Ministry would adversely affect earnings on the large British tonnage owned by International Mercantile Marine, which amounts to about 750,000 tons.

The Ranger Field of Texas.

No more spectacular development has occurred in the oil resources of the country than that in the so-called Ranger Field of Texas. This development has been closely associated with the movement of stocks of companies holding property there. Much of the land has yet to be proved, but the wells that have been brought in are many and the prospects for others are put forth so alluringly that the stocks of these companies that hold nothing more tangible than the land itself have moved up in accord with the general speculative enthusiasm.

Brunswick Dividend Increase.

The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, which recently sold an issue of short-term notes, announced yesterday a dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the common stock, which places the issue on a 7 per cent. yearly basis. The last previous dividend on the common stock was 1½ per cent., paid on May 15 of last year. After that declaration dividends were suspended because of the war. The company has for some time been readjusting its plants to changed conditions.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.85	5.50
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1919-'32	4½@5	5.85	5.50
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.95	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.60
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.65	5.25
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.95	5.50
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	5.95	5.60
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.10	5.70
Illinois Central	1919-'28	4½@5	5.75	5.35
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.80	5.35
Michigan Central	1919-'30	5	5.95	5.40
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex.	1919-'28	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.50	5.75
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.90	5.50
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.75	5.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.10	5.75
Penn. Gen. Frgt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.65	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.35
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'28	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.25
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.75	5.30
Southern Railroad	1919-'24	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Union Tank	1919-'30	5	5.60	5.50

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JAN. 27, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$9,330,500	Holiday	$4,241,500
Year to date	231,094,500	90,247,000	116,571,300

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
6.... 99.10
20.... 99.12
5.... 99.18
182.... 99.12
1.... 99.14
4.... 99.12
149.... 99.14
1.... 99.12
50.... 99.14
50.... 99.16
18.... 99.14
15.... 99.16
41.... 99.14
3.... 99.12
$564,000
1st conv 4s, 1932-'47
5.... 93.54
2.... 93.50
8.... 93.54
7.... 93.60
$17,000
2d 4s, '27-'42
26.... 93.30
1.... 93.32
10.... 93.40
1.... 93.32
37.... 93.30
12.... 93.34
1.... 93.32
25.... 93.30
8.... 93.32
10.... 93.34
62.... 93.30
29.... 93.22
6.... 93.24
6.... 93.22
6.... 93.20
10.... 93.30
1.... 93.20
$261,000
1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47
9.... 95.50
13.... 95.54
2.... 95.50
12.... 95.58
6.... 95.60
10.... 95.64
$54,000
2d conv 4¼s, 1927-'42
20.... 94.76
50.... 94.80
20.... 94.82
30.... 94.84
25.... 94.80
20.... 94.84
7.... 94.76
58.... 94.80
84.... 94.76
30.... 94.80
62.... 94.82
3.... 94.76
20.... 94.80
5.... 94.76
1.... 94.80
4.... 94.84
3.... 94.80
14.... 94.76
20.... 94.82
35.... 94.80
4.... 94.76
2.... 94.80
20.... 94.72
20.... 94.76
10.... 94.74
18.... 94.70
20.... 94.74
1.... 94.70
34.... 94.64
50.... 94.70
1.... 94.72
5.... 94.68
1.... 94.66
24.... 94.70
4.... 94.64
2.... 94.62
35.... 94.70
10.... 94.64
20.... 94.70
5.... 94.62
81.... 94.66
1.... 94.70
60.... 94.68
30.... 94.64
20.... 94.68
20.... 94.66
50.... 94.68
1.... 94.62
64.... 94.68
2.... 94.64
50.... 94.68
$1,093,000
3d 4¼s, 1928
55.... 95.50
50.... 95.54
46.... 95.52
10.... 95.50
2.... 95.46
25.... 95.54
8.... 95.50
1.... 95.46
36.... 95.50
1.... 95.46
2.... 95.50
5.... 95.46
51.... 95.52
8.... 95.50
35.... 95.50
18.... 95.54
25.... 95.52
15.... 95.54
2.... 95.48
16.... 95.52
40.... 95.54
46.... 95.50
50.... 95.54
28.... 95.50
15.... 95.46
25.... 95.52
40.... 95.54
5.... 95.50
7.... 95.48
7.... 95.50
20.... 95.52
3.... 95.46
4½.... 95.48
10.... 95.46
25.... 95.48
2.... 95.50
10.... 95.48
69.... 95.46
60.... 95.50
25.... 95.46
25.... 95.48
54.... 95.46
60.... 95.48
16.... 95.40
20.... 95.42
5.... 95.40
60.... 95.42
90.... 95.44
46.... 95.40
100.... 95.44
20.... 95.46
3.... 95.40
45.... 95.46
10.... 95.42
10.... 95.44
6.... 95.46
5.... 95.40
10.... 95.42
50.... 95.48
24.... 95.44
1.... 95.42
100.... 95.40
50.... 95.44
$1,701,500
4th 4¼s, 1933-38
90.... 94.68
6.... 94.64
45.... 94.62
43.... 94.60
50.... 94.62
25.... 94.66
5 c.... 94.60
7.... 94.66
84.... 94.68
2.... 94.64
1.... 94.60
1.... 94.64
3.... 94.66
48.... 94.62
10.... 94.64
5.... 94.60
9.... 94.62
57.... 94.66
75.... 94.64
8.... 94.60
20.... 94.64
2.... 94.62
3.... 94.60
15.... 94.62
5.... 94.64
4.... 94.60
30.... 94.64
35.... 94.66
58.... 94.68
8.... 94.60
30.... 94.64
1.... 94.60
5.... 94.66
10.... 94.62
2.... 94.60
100.... 94.62
26.... 94.60
8.... 94.62
7.... 94.60
2.... 94.64
9.... 94.60
50.... 94.64
3.... 94.62
63.... 94.60
41.... 94.62
51.... 94.60
11.... 94.56
40.... 94.54
1.... 94.52
30.... 94.50
150.... 94.48
10.... 94.46
10.... 94.44
43.... 94.48
10.... 94.46
20.... 94.44
20.... 94.48
5.... 94.50
30.... 94.48
1.... 94.50
82.... 94.46
30.... 94.48
1.... 94.50
6.... 94.46
5.... 94.48
25.... 94.46
60.... 94.50
12.... 94.48
2.... 94.46
10.... 94.50
20.... 94.48
5.... 94.40
60.... 94.50
5.... 94.52
9.... 94.48
80.... 94.50
1.... 94.46
20.... 94.50
46.... 94.48
5.... 94.50
60.... 94.44
55.... 94.46
10.... 94.40
1.... 94.42
5.... 94.44
5.... 94.50
26.... 94.44
10.... 94.42
15.... 94.40
10.... 94.42
20.... 94.46
31.... 94.40
18.... 94.42
59.... 94.46
23.... 94.42
28.... 94.40
60.... 94.44
30.... 94.40
40.... 94.44
5.... 94.46
2.... 94.42
30.... 94.46
127.... 94.44
10.... 94.40
23.... 94.42
2.... 95.44
52.... 95.46
$2,686,000

Am For S 5s
8.... 99⅝
Anglo-Fr 5s
10.... 97⅝
10.... 97⅞
4.... 97½
56.... 97⅞
147.... 97⅝
1.... 97⅞
5.... 97⅝
75.... 97⅞
2.... 97⅝
35.... 97⅞
C of Bords 6s
1.... 100⅛
1.... 100
1.... 101
4.... 100⅛
C of Lyons 6s
56.... 100⅛
1.... 101
C of Marsls 6s
1.... 100⅛
1.... 101
C of Paris 6s
2.... 99
10.... 98⅝
10.... 98⅝
5.... 98⅝
20.... 99
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
15.... 98¼
1926
1.... 97¼
1931
2s6f.. 97⅝
2.... 97⅝
3.... 97⅝
French G 5½s
53.... 104⅛
6.... 104⅛
32.... 104⅛
58.... 104⅛
3.... 104⅛
5.... 104⅛
U K of Gt B & I 5½s, 1919
27.... 100
2.... 100⅛
2.... 100
new
500.... 100⅛
5.... 100⅛
431.... 100⅛
152.... 100⅛
177.... 100⅛
2.... 100⅛
321.... 100⅛
2.... 100⅛
51.... 100⅛
10.... 100⅝
5½s, 1921
65.... 98⅝
7.... 98⅝
420.... 98⅝
52.... 98⅝
10.... 98⅝
2.... 98⅝
5½s, 1937
22.... 100⅛
24.... 100⅛
Va 6s, def, Br Bros&Coctfs
6.... 63
20.... 64
NY C 4s, 1959
8.... 81
4½s, Nov, '57
1.... 100⅛

AmHide&L6s
2.... 100⅛
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
3.... 91
1.... 90⅞
AmT&T col 4s
1.... 84⅛
conv 6s
5.... 102⅛
135.... 102⅛
60.... 102⅛
11.... 103
AmWrPap5s, Tru Co ctfs
1.... 90
A,T&SFgen4s
1.... 84⅛
1.... 84
adjustmt 4s
1.... 80
1.... 80⅛
2.... 80⅛
Balt&Ogold4s
1.... 76⅛
conv 4½s
5.... 78⅛
ref 5s
2.... 81⅛
Tol,Cin div 4s
5.... 65⅛
1.... 67⅛
B R T 5s, 1921
3.... 76⅛
1.... 76⅛
1.... 76⅛
6.... 76⅛
CalGas&E5s
2.... 96⅛
Car, Clinchfld & Ohio 5s
1.... 82
CenLeather5s
4.... 98⅛
CenofNJgen5s
6.... 104
1.... 102
C & O gen 4½s
3.... 77⅛
conv 5s
10.... 85⅛
1.... 85⅛
5.... 85⅛
10.... 85⅛
1.... 86
1.... 85⅛
Chi & Alt 3½s
5.... 37⅛
C,B&Qjoint4s
71.... 95⅛
6.... 95⅛
Chi Gt W 4s
1.... 61⅛
4.... 61
2.... 61⅛
Chi,M&StP4s, 1925
4.... 82⅛
1.... 83
11.... 83
8.... 84
4s, 1934
1.... 72⅛
conv 4¼s
6.... 78⅛
2.... 77⅛
gen 4½s
1.... 83⅛
ref 4½s
3.... 71⅛
3.... 71⅛
2.... 72
2.... 72⅛
1.... 73⅛
4.... 72⅛
Chi Rys 5s
2.... 79⅛
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
4.... 75
2.... 74½
Chi&Wicon4s
4.... 61⅛
Chile Cop cv tr 6s
2.... 83
Cleve,C,C&St L deb 4½s
2.... 79⅛
8.... 79
Col Industl 5s
1.... 75
Con Gas cv 6s
9.... 100⅛
16.... 100⅛
2.... 100⅛
ConGas,EL&P Balt conv 5s
1.... 97
Del&Hud1st&ref 4s
2.... 85⅛
Erie1stgen4s
18.... 53
5.... 52⅛
2.... 53
1st con 4s
2.... 69½
cv 4s, Ser A
2.... 48⅛
cv 4s, Ser B
2.... 48
cv 4s, Ser D
5.... 50
Fla Cent of Penn con 5s
1.... 90
GenElecdeb5s
5.... 97⅛
1.... 97⅛
Hud&Man1st &ref5s,SerA
4.... 58
adj inc 5s
4.... 16⅛
12.... 16⅛
IllCent4s,1953
5.... 78
ref 4s
2.... 82⅛
Ill Steel 4½s
6.... 84
Ind Steel 5s
1.... 96⅛
Inter-Met 4½s
1.... 20⅛
14.... 20
IRT1st&ref5s
1.... 69⅛
4.... 70
8.... 70⅛
5.... 70
1.... 69⅛
1.... 69⅛
2.... 69⅛
2.... 69⅛
2.... 69⅛
Int Agr Corp col tr 5s
10.... 78⅛
IntMerMa6s
20.... 98⅛
9.... 98⅛
2.... 98⅛
KC,FtS&M4s
5.... 74⅛
KanCitySo5s
2.... 84⅛
2.... 85
KanCityTer4s
1.... 77⅛
LacledeGLof SLref&ext5s
1st f.. 96
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcs
1.... 101⅛
1.... 101⅛
6.... 101⅛
Liggett&M5s
2.... 92⅛
LongIsldeb5s, 1937
1.... 77
Lorillard Co 5s
1.... 91⅛
Louis & Nash unified 4s
5.... 85⅛
Man con 4s, tax exempt
1.... 74½
Mo,K&T1st4s
1.... 65
MoPacgen4s
7.... 60⅛
3.... 60⅛
22.... 60⅛
1.... 60⅛
MonPower5s, Ser A
5.... 92⅛
NO,Tex&Mex 6s, Ser A
1.... 96⅛
NYCentdeb6s
4.... 99
2.... 99⅛
3.... 99⅛
gen 3½s
2.... 71⅛
deb 4s, 1934
4.... 85
1.... 85⅛
NY,O&Wref4s
4.... 70
NY Rys ref 4s
5.... 40⅛
2.... 40⅛
2.... 40⅛
adj 5s
1.... 12⅛
N Y Tel 4½s
1.... 89⅛
Norf So 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
1.... 68
Norf & W cv 6s, w i
8.... 106⅛
7.... 106⅛
10.... 106⅛
Nor Pac 3s
1.... 60
Oreg Sh Line gtd ref 4s
1.... 86⅛
PacGas&E5s
10.... 87⅛
PRRgen4½s
5.... 88⅛
gen5s,temcfs
25.... 96⅛
8.... 96⅛
4.... 96⅛
1.... 96⅛
PereMar1st4s
1.... 70
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1920
20.... 101
1924
4.... 91⅛
4.... 91⅛
9.... 91
Pitts,C,C&StL gt4½s,SerA
1.... 94⅛
Pub Serv Corp s f 5s
2.... 75⅛
Rdg gen 4s
11.... 86⅛
Rep I & S s f 5s, 1940
5.... 96⅛
RI,Ark&L4½s
1.... 70
Rutland R R 1st con 4½s
1.... 67
StL,IrMt&So unify&ref4s
1.... 81
StL&SFprior ln 4s, Ser A
1.... 61⅛
prin5s,SerB
1.... 77
adj 6s
8.... 64½
income 6s
10.... 41⅛
StP&KanCity SLine1st4½s
2.... 69⅛
SeabdALref4s
1.... 50
gold 4s, stpd
2.... 74
adj 5s
1.... 50
So Car & Ga 1st 5s
1.... 99
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
3.... 92
So Pac cv 4s
5.... 83⅛
5.... 83⅛
conv 5s
4.... 102⅛
1.... 102⅛
3.... 102
5.... 101⅛
2.... 101⅛
SanFrTer4s
2.... 73⅛
So Ry gen 4s
2.... 67
Stand Gas & El conv 6s
4.... 94
Tex Co deb 6s
2.... 101⅛
Tex&Pac1st5s
10.... 92
ThirdAvref4s
5.... 52
adj 5s
2.... 29⅛
Un Oil s f 5s
3.... 88⅛
Un Pac 1st 4s
1.... 85⅛
conv 4s
1.... 88
Union Pac 6s
1.... 104⅛
1.... 104⅛
1.... 104
1.... 104⅛
2.... 104⅛
URRsofSF4s. UnTrctfsofdep
1.... 23
USR&Imp5s
1.... 63
1.... 63⅛
U S Rubber 7s
1.... 103⅛
1st & ref 5s
2.... 86⅛
7.... 86⅛
1.... 86⅛
1.... 86⅛
6.... 86⅛
USSm,Ref&M cv 6% notes
1.... 99
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
15.... 100
1.... 99⅛
25.... 100
VirgnRy1st5s
1.... 92⅛
West Elec 5s
5.... 98
West Md 4s
3.... 58
West Pac 5s
13.... 85
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
4.... 98⅛
1.... 98

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99¾
Anglo French 5s	97⅝	97¾
Argentine 5s	90	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¼	98½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97	97¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅛	97⅜
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	70	71
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	93	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90½	96¾
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82½	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104⅛	104⅜
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅛	101
City of Lyons 6s	100⅛	101
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅛	101
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	99
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87½	88½
Japanese 4s	70½	74½
City of Tokio 5s	82½	82¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅞	98½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100⅛	100⅜
United States of Mexico 5s	66	69
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55
Russian Government 4s, 1894	22	32

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98	Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97½	98½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	88	92
3s, r, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	88	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, r, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '35	90	96
4s, c, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	97	100
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	45	48¼
Ad Rumely	21½	23½
Alb & Sus	..	185
Allis & W.	97½	..
Allis-Ch M pf	82½	83½
Am B N	31	35
Do pf	43	46½
Am B Sug pf	85	90
Am C pf	101	103
Am C & F pf	114½	115
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf	80	92
Am Exp	88	93
Am Ice	39⅝	41½
Am Lin pf	90	91
Am Loco	59½	60¼
Do pf	102	108
Am Shipb	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	91	93⅜
Am S & R pf	106	107
Am Sn pf	95	101
Am Sug R pf	115	118
Am S Tob pf	92	95
Am T & C	55	70
Am Tob pf	101	104
Am W pf	95	95½
Am Wr Pa pf	33½	34
Am Zinc	11½	12
Do pf	40	43
Assets R	1⅛	1⅜
Asso D G 1st pf	80	85
Do 2d pf	58	..
A T & S F pf	87	87½
A, B & A	7⅛	8
Atl C L	97	100
Bald L pf	102	105
B & O pf	55	56½
Barrett Co	110	112
Batop Min	1⅛	1⅜
B'ch Cr'k	30½	..
Beth Steel	60½	61
Do 7% pf	90½	100
Booth Fish	19	19½
B U Gas	90	90
Bruns Ter	9½	10½
Brown Sh	68	71
Do pf	96½	100
B, R & P	65	72½
Do pf	90	107
Burns Bros	152	155
Do pf	110	113
Bush Ter	..	97
B O & Z	6¼	6½
Butte & S	18	18½
Cal & Ar	59	60
Can So	43	50
Case (J I) pf	91½	93½
Cent Fdy	17	24
Do pf	31	40
Cent L pf	105	106
C R R of N J	209	230
C & S A Tel	116	118
C'tain-teed	30	32
Do 1st pf	82½	88
Chi & Alt	7	10½
Do pf	8	12
Chi Gt W	7½	7¾
C & N W	95½	96
Do pf	131	135¼
C, R I & P 7% pf	73½	76
Chi, St P, M & Om	75	82
Do pf	105	130
C, C, C & St L	32	36
Do pf	62½	75
Cl & Pitts	69½	80
Do spec	38	..
Clu-Peab	62	63
Do pf	106½	107½
Col F pf	102	..
C & S 1st pf	48	50
C I C M	8	8¾
Cont C pf	105	107
Corn P R pf	102½	103
Crex Carp	40	55
Cruc S pf	90	94
C-Am Sug	148	160
D & Co pf	95	96½
Del & Hud	101½	104½
D, L & W	173	180
Det & M	..	85
Do pf	..	110
Det Ed	109	112
Det U Ry	81	89
D, S S & A	3	3½
Do pf	5	7
Elec S B	50	55
Elk H Coal pf	..	47
Erie 1st pf	25½	26⅛
Erie & P	..	70
Fed M & S	9	11
Do pf	34½	35½
Fisher Bdy	37	41
Gen Chem	165	170
Do pf	102	107
Gen Cig	47½	49
Do pf	100	106
Gulf S S	54	55
Do 1st pf	84	89½
Hask & B	42½	44
Homestake	95	98
Ill Cent	95	96½
Int-Con pf	18⅝	19¼
Int Agric	12½	13½
Do pf	56	58
Int Harv	112¼	112⅝
Int H pf	114	..
Int N pf	94⅞	..
Int Pa pf	75	90
Int Salt	52	60
Iowa Cent	2½	4
Jewel Tea	32	33
Do pf	89	90
K C, Ft S & M pf	59	..
Kan C So	17	18
Kelly S T pf	92	100
Kelsey Wh	30	36
Kelsey Wh pf	89	96
K & D M	2½	5
Do pf	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P	94	98
Kresge(SS)	106	..
Do pf	106	..
Kress(S H) pf	106¼	..
Lack Steel	65	66½
Lacl Gas	83	87
L E & W	7½	8½
Do pf	18⅝	20
L-W Bis	44½	46
Do 1st pf	95½	..
Do 2d pf	94	97½
Lorill'd Co	163	168
Louis & N	113	115
M'kay Cos pf	64	64½
Man B'ch	⅝	3
Man El S	..	44
Man Elev	81	85
Man Shirt	67	78
Marlin R	..	80
Math Alk	..	44
Max M 1st pf	51	52
M Dep Sts	63	65
Do pf	104	106
Max Pet	106	..
Mich Cent	85½	96
M & St L	10	10½
M, St P & S S M	90	95
Do pf	100	108
Do l l	60	70
M, K & T pf	9	10
Mon Pow	71	73
Do pf	105	..
Mor & Es	80⅝	75½
N, C & St L	110	120
Nat Bisc	110	118
Do pf	116½	120
Nat C & S	70	73
Do pf	103	104
Nat Enam	48	49
Do pf	93	97
Nat L pf	106⅝	..
N O, T & Mex	31	33
N Y A B	100	105
N Y C & St L	26	29
Do 1st pf	60⅝	66
Do 2d pf	43	46
N Y Dock	22	24
Do pf	40	47
Norf So	15	17
Norf & W pf	72⅝	..
Nor Cent	67	..
Ohio F S	42½	44½
Owens B M pf	100	109
Pan-Am P & T pf	119	122
Pac Coast	41	50
Do 1st pf	63	100
Do 2d pf	55	80
Pac Mail	35⅛	36⅞
Peo Gas	47	49
Peo & E	4½	6
Pere Marq	12½	13½
Pere M pr pf, ex d	53	61
Do pf	40	45
Pett-Mull	25	45
Do 1st pf	98	100
Phila Co	30	30½
Pierce-A pf	101½	104
P, C, C & St L	45	50
Pitts Coal	45⅝	46⅝
Do pf	85⅝	86
P, Ft W & C	132	138
Pitts S pf	90⅝	93½
P & W Va pf	79	81
Pond C C	12⅝	13½
Pr Stl Car	64	65
Do pf	100	104
P S, N J	88	..
P'man Co	118½	120
R R Sec, I C stk cfs	..	79
Ry Stl Spr pf	108	107
Rdg 1st pf	37½	38
Do 2d pf	37½	38
Rep I & S pf	101⅜	102
St L S F	11¼	12½
St L S W	17	18⅝
Do pf	28	30
Savage A	58	63
Saxon Mtr	7	7½
Seab A L	7⅝	8
Do pf	16⅝	17½
Sears-Roeb	172	174½
Do pf	118	125
Shat Ariz	12	12½
S-S S & I	51	52
Do pf	88	91½
So P R S	135	140
St'd M pf	88	89⅝
Stude Co pf	92	97
Sup Stl 1st pf	95	100
Tenn Cop	13¼	13⅝
Third Av	13⅝	14½
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs	..	6
Do pf	10	20
Do pf c	10	12
Tran & W	38	38½
T C R T	42	43
Do pf	80	124
Und Type	117	125
Do pf	110	..
U B & P	75	80
Un Pac pf	72	73½
Un Cig Sts pf	110	125
Un Drug	93⅝	94
Do 1st pf	53	54½
Do 2d pf	91	92½
U Dyew'd	53	61
Do pf	90	95
Un Fruit	155	160
U Rys In	8⅛	8½
Do pf	16½	18
U S C I P	14	15¼
Do pf	45	46
U S Exp	18	18½
U S Ind A pf	99⅝	101
U S Rty	25	27
U S R 1st pf	100	110½
U S Smelt	44	44½
Do pf	45	45½
Va-Car Ch pf	112	112⅝
Va I, C & Coke	53	57
Va R & P	..	48
Wab pf, B	18⅝	19½
W F Exp	56	70½
W Md 2d pf	22	29
West Pac	18½	19½
Do pf	54	60
West Un	86¼	88
W E & M 1st pf	60	65
W & L E pf	17	20
White Mtr	45¼	47
W-Over pf	87½	88½
Wilson pf	95⅜	98½
Wis Cent	32	35
Woolworth	126½	128
Do pf	118	121
Wor Pump pf, A	88	89⅝

PAY $709,059 IN PENSIONS.

Steel Corporation's Report Shows 2,861 Names on List.

The eighth annual report of the United States Steel and Carnegie Pension Fund, which applies to the United States Steel Corporation and all of its subsidiaries, shows that the total disbursements for the year amounted to $709,059. In 1917 the total was $712,506, and in 1916, $711,130. The disbursements for the year 1911, the first in which the fund operated, were $281,457. Since the plan was first put in force the total disbursements have amounted to $4,367,107.

A summary of the report shows that there were 2,933 active pension cases Jan. 1, 1918, and that during the year 214 were added. The discontinued cases during 1918 numbered 286, so that those continued beyond Dec. 3, 1918, were 2,861. The average age for the cases, as shown in the report, was 65.51, and the term of service averaged 30.13 years. The average monthly pension during the year was $22.10.

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U. S. Steel

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"SecuritiesSuggestions"

Among other interesting features, the last two issues of this semi-monthly publication contain the following:

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CONSOLIDATED GAS REPORTS A DEFICIT

Decrease in Net Income Follows Heavy Increases in Operating Expenses.

80-CENT LAW IS ASSAILED

President Cortelyou Praises Efficiency of Women Employed in the War Emergency.

The annual report of the Consolidated Gas Company for the year ended Dec. 31, which was submitted by President George B. Cortelyou at the annual meeting of the stockholders yesterday, showed a deficit of $1,292,393 after the payment of dividends, as compared with a surplus of $753,922 at the close of 1917. The net income after interest charges and taxes was $5,702,400, equivalent to $5.68 a share on the $100,253,000 capital stock. The report of the year previous showed a net income of $7,741,077, equivalent to $7.75 a share on the stock.

In view of the deficit after the payment of dividends several of the stockholders asked Chairman Garver whether it was likely that the dividend rate would be maintained this year. He replied that it was impossible to make any predictions, but called attention to the fact that the company had not paid out all of its earnings in dividends during other years and that a surplus had been built up in preparation for a "rainy day."

Speaking of the company's suit to invalidate the 80-cent gas law, Mr. Garver said the increase in operating costs had been so heavy he felt sure that the law would be declared void. A speedy trial, he said, was hoped for, but he anticipated that several months would elapse before a decision would be reached.

The income account of the company for the last two years follows:

	1918.	1917.
Operating income	$94,400	$2,538,259
Other income	7,141,372	6,080,857
Gross income	$7,235,772	$8,234,236
Interest	1,533,372	1,493,159
Net income	$5,702,400	$7,741,077
Dividends	6,994,793	6,987,155
Deficit	$1,292,393	
*Surplus.		*$753,922

In his address to the stockholders President Cortelyou said in part:

"By direction of the Board of Trustees a suit has recently been commenced by the company in the Federal court to test the validity of the law limiting the price of gas to 80 cents per thousand cubic feet.

"Under this rate the company was scarcely able to earn during the year 1918 any return upon its investment in its gas business, and there is every prospect that, notwithstanding the termination of the war, the earnings will be still further impaired during the ensuing year by the high cost of labor and materials and other elements of cost.

"The gas sent out by the Consolidated and its affiliated gas companies during the year 1918 exceeded the quantity sent out during the year 1917 by 7.02 per cent. The extreme variation in the monthly output occurred in January and December. In the former month the increase in the output amounted to 25.47 per cent.; in the month of December the decrease in output amounted to 7.37 per cent. The output in December 1917, exceeded the output in December, 1916, by 18.46 per cent.

"In all of the departments except the manufacturing and street departments, the shortage of labor has necessitated the employment of women to perform work theretofore performed by men. In clerical departments and those performing only the lighter grades of mechanical work, this did not seriously impair the efficiency of these departments, and in individual instances the work was performed quite as satisfactorily by women as by men.

"The price of practically all materials and supplies used by the companies was higher in 1918 than in 1917. The rates of wages paid were also higher.

"The purchase price of twenty-seven materials, such as coal, wrought-iron pipe, cast-iron pipe, steel bars, sheet iron, malleable iron fittings, red and white lead, pig lead, copper, fire clay, and building materials, used in quantities by the companies, increased 61 per cent in 1918 as compared with 1917, and 123 per cent. as compared with the year 1913.

"The total increase in the combined operating expenses of the gas and electric companies during 1918 amounted to $5,450,950, including an increase of $1,590,949 in taxes, and an increase of $1,488,529 due to the greater quantity of gas and electricity sold."

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 31, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,013.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 6, 1919

TO THE HOLDERS OF
INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.
First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds due January 1, 1966.
SINKING FUND NOTICE.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article Four of the First and Refunding Mortgage dated March 20, 1913, made by Interborough Rapid Transit Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, the undersigned hereby invites tenders to be made to it at its office, 140 Broadway, New York, N. Y., for the sale to it as Trustee, on or before 3 o'clock P. M. Tuesday, April 1, 1919, of as many of the 5% Gold Bonds due January 1, 1966, issued under the said mortgage indenture, as may be purchased at the lowest prices possible, not exceeding 100% of face value of the principal thereof and accrued interest, with the sum of One Hundred Eighty-five Thousand Five Hundred Sixty-five Dollars ($185,565) now on deposit in the Sinking Fund.

Tenders should be addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT of the undersigned. The right is reserved to reject any or all tenders, or to accept any tender in part.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated, New York, January 24, 1919.

NOTICE.

To the Holders of Refunding and Improvement Five Per Cent. Gold Mortgage Bonds of International Railway Company:

On presentation to the Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street and corner of Fifth Avenue and 42nd Street, New York City, all interest coupons due November 1, 1918, on the Refunding and Improvement Five Per Cent. Gold Mortgage Bonds of the International Railway Company, with interest thereon up to January 29, 1919, will be paid on or after January 28, 1919.
INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY,
By S. G. CONNETTE, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Office of
BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO.
City of New York.
Borough of Brooklyn, January 6, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for the election of four (4) directors to serve three (3) years, and of three (3) inspectors of election to serve at the next succeeding annual meeting and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may be duly brought before the meeting, will be held at twelve o'clock noon on Friday, January 31, 1919, at the office of the Company, 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City. The polls will remain open for one hour. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on January 16, 1919, and will remain closed until ten o'clock A. M. on the day immediately succeeding said stockholders' meeting. J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

OLD DOMINION TERMINAL COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary and proper, will be held at the principal offices of the Company, Pier 25, North River, New York City, on Tuesday, February 11th, 1919, at twelve M., and the polls will be closed at one P. M. The stock transfer books will be closed ten days prior to the date of meeting. C. G. AHLSTROM, Secretary.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	81.40	81.06	81.18	— .20
25 industrials	82.25	81.42	81.92	— .25
50 stocks	71.82	71.24	71.05	— .22

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 23	72.70	71.73	71.77	— .88
Jan. 24	72.25	71.21	72.10	+1.07
Jan. 23	71.34	70.58	71.03	+ .48
Jan. 22	70.92	70.13	70.55	+ .28
Jan. 21	70.98	69.73	70.27	— .63
Jan. 20	71.65	70.70	70.90	— .63

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919.	74.99	Jan. 3	60.78	Jan. 21	71.55
1918.	68.09	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917.	90.46	Jan. 1	84.71	Jan. 31	85.21
1916.	91.83	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	85.17
1915.	84.68	Jan. 22	80.07	Jan. 2	82.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919.	79.99	Jan. 3	60.78	Jan. 21	71.55
†1918.	68.37	Jan. 8	64.42	Jan. 15	66.47

Full Years.

1918.	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915.	94.12	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.38

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change.—Day.	Month.	Year.
40 Issues	78.00	— .99		+1.18

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 25	78.00 +.24	Jan. 18	78.45 —.03
Jan. 24	77.76 —.01	Jan. 17	78.48 —.11
Jan. 23	78.83 +.05	Jan. 16	78.59 —.05
Jan. 22	77.78 —.15	Jan. 15	78.64 —.03
Jan. 21	77.93 —.17	Jan. 14	78.87 —.15
Jan. 20	78.10 —.35	Jan. 13	78.82 ..

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919.	79.01	Jan. 8	77.76	Jan. 24	78.00
†1918.	77.26	Jan. 3	70.04	Jan. 24	76.82

Full Years.

1918.	82.56	Nov. 12	75.85	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.18	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916.	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

COTTON HAS NERVOUS DAY.

Declines, Then Advances, on News of Ocean Freight Cut.

The cotton market yesterday was again highly nervous and irregular. At the start and for an hour or so thereafter, the market declined steadily, on selling by local ring traders and some liquidation for New Orleans account. It was reported also that Japanese interests were selling. Liverpool bought moderately on the early decline and some of the Wall Street houses covered a few shorts. The selling, however, was much more aggressive than the buying and on the early break prices receded virtually a full cent a pound for the active near months.

Then came the news that the British Ministry of Shipping had reduced the Atlantic rate by 60 to 70 per cent., and the market, rejoicing that now the export movement would be allowed to go forward in much greater volume, became pronouncedly bullish. Nearly all of the early losses were recovered. The recovery was not entirely maintained, although the market continued firm to the close, and at the conclusion of business prices were 10 to 40 points below Saturday's closing figure.

The trade, especially in the early part of the day when the market was at its weakest, was inclined to lay great stress on the labor troubles in England.

The technical position of the market is considered to be very strong, with few speculative longs and a tremendous short interest. Incidentally, the market is down some 10 or 12 cents from where it stood when the long decline started. At the present time futures are quoted at less than most experts figure the cost of production.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close	Prev. day.
Feb.	22.00	....	....	21.10@22.55	22.35
March	22.10	22.40	21.25	21.85@22.00	22.20
April	....	....	....	21.15	21.40
May	21.20	21.35	20.20	20.85@20.97	21.20
July	20.62	20.68	19.58	20.22@20.30	20.01
Aug.	19.95	19.95	18.95	19.50	19.70
Sept.	....	19.00	19.00	18.95	19.40
Oct.	19.28	19.45	18.50	19.40@19.20	19.30

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 25 points decline to 25.95c for middling upland; sales, 2,100 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 24.75c; Memphis, 28c; Houston, 27.10c; Little Rock, 26.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	14,956	21,270	19,434
Exports	6,955	25,557	....
Exports, season	2,359,949	2,218,909	2,302,081
N. Y. stocks	87,482	92,945	142,310
Port. stocks	1,406,351	1,443,283	1,407,364
N. Y. arrivals	2,521	6,965	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 16.38d for middling and 20.17d for good middling; sales, 1,000 bales, of which 500 American; imports, 1,000 bales. Futures opened steadily at 53 to 65 points advance, and closed barely steady at 2 to 37 points up. Prices: January, 17.10d; February, 15.55d; March, 14.02d; April, 12.13d. Manchester yarns and cloths irregular.

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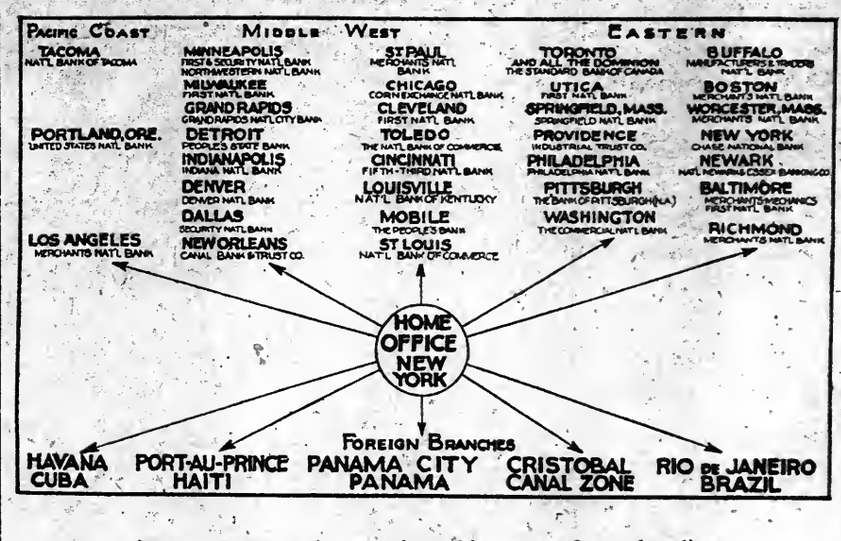

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American Foreign Banking Corporation
56 Wall Street, New York
ARCHIBALD KAINS, President
HAYDEN B. HARRIS, Vice President — A. G. FLETCHER, Vice President
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B78

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National Aniline & Chemical Stocks
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF Flora, located at Flora, in the State of Indiana, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
S. L. HARTER, President.
Dated, Jan. 6, 1919.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

WANTED

Cape Breton Electric 5s
Guana. Power & El. 6s
Michoacan Power 6s
Ellicott Square 5s
El Tiro Copper 6s
St. Joseph Water 5s

HOTCHKIN & CO.

Incorporated
53 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 460. **BOSTON** Cable Tockin

Air Reduction.
Studebaker Notes.
Fajardo Sugar.
Santa Cecelia Preferred.
Brooklyn City Railway.
Port Lobos Petroleum.
Famous Players-Lasky.
Wayne Coal 6s, 1937.
Canada Copper 6s, 1925.
Seattle Everett 5s, 1939.
Buffalo General Elec. 6s, 1921.

DUNHAM & Co
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Phones 1960-5 Hanover.

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell

American Piano Com. & Pfd
Christopher & Tenth St. R. R.
Clinchfield Coal Com.
Famous Players-Lasky
Farmers Loan & Trust Stock
Fidelity Phenix Insurance
Home Insurance
Kirby Lumber Com. & Pfd.
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Midland Securities
National City Bank Stock
New York State Railways
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco "B"
Singer Manufacturing
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Victor Talking Machine

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

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Prevailing prices for high grade Bonds being the lowest in many years afford the investor high yield with unimpaired security.

Return of money rates to normal should broaden the demand for such bonds and result in higher prices.

Selected list of thoroughly seasoned bonds supplied upon request.

McBee, Jones & Co.
120 Broadway, New York.
Tel. Rector 2525, 2526, 2833.

Beech Creek R. R. Stock
Cen. Union Trust Co. St'ck
Int'l Trac. (Buff'o) 4s 1949
Nat'l Sec. Prior Lien 6s 1924
St. Cecilia Sug. Pfd. & Com.
United Coal Co. Pfd. Stock
U. S. Worsted, All Issues

Charles E. Doyle & Co.
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7106-7-8-9.

WE HAVE FOR SALE:

160 Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
50 Cripple Ck. Cent. Ry. Com.
100 General Baking Com.
100 Hall Switch & Signal Pfd.
100 Int'l Motor Truck 2nd Pfd.

Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad Street New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

We Will Sell & Buy
Liberty Bonds
FOR CASH
At prevailing market prices.
FRIEDMAN & CO.
67 Exchange Pl., N.Y. Phone Rector 834
UPTOWN OFFICE
Longacre Bldg. (Room 1009) 42d & B'way
Philadelphia Chicago

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway N.Y.

Cities Fuel & Pr. Co. 7s, 1919
Duquesne Ltg. Co. 7s, 1921
Laclede Gas Co. 7s, 1929

Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston.

Nat'l Aniline & Chemical

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 Broadway, New York
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia.

Gillette Safety Razor
Republic Motor Truck
Lima Locomotive Com. & Pfd.
Tex. Pacific Coal & Oil

Gwynne Bros.
Phones: Broad 3230 to 3235. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

LIBERTY BONDS
BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH
All Issues and Denominations Bought at Stock Exchange Prices
DIDRICHSEN & CO.
Tel. John 3174-5-6-7. 34 Pine St., N. Y.

Procter & Gamble Co.
Rights and Stock traded in.
A. M. Kidder & Co
Tel. 2180 Rector. 5 Nassau St., N. Y.

Yale & Towne
Midwest Refining
Standard Oil Stocks
Home Insurance
Salisbury, Leslie & Co.
45 Pine St., N. Y. Phone John 1646.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	$1.20	$1.14½	$1.20	$1.18¼	..
Feb.	1.19½	1.13	1.19	1.17⅝	1.31½
March	1.19	1.12⅜	1.18⅜	1.16⅞	1.26⅜
May	1.16⅜	1.11	1.16⅜	1.15	1.25⅛
July	1.14⅛	1.08½	1.14	1.13	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	.57	52½	55⅞	57	84½
February	.57½	53⅛	56⅝	57⅛	..
March	.58⅜	53⅝	57⅛	58	84⅜
May	.59⅜	54⅝	57⅜	58⅝	81⅛
July	.57⅛	53	55⅝	56⅝	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 67c; No. 2 white, 67c; No. 3 white, 66½c; No. 4 white, 65½c; ordinary slipped, 65¾@67c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	$22.47	$22.30	$22.47	$22.67	$24.80
May	22.55	22.25	22.47	22.67	25.05
Ribs					
January	..	..	22.40	22.90	23.77
May	20.65	20.42	20.45	20.92	24.40
Pork—					
January	..	..	43.00	43.00	47.15
May	37.20	36.60	36.60	37.60	46.17

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.20	13.07	13.10	13.18
July	13.05	12.98	12.95	13.03
September	12.95	12.85	12.80	12.90
December	12.90	12.70	12.70	12.78

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.45	$1.35	$1.45
March	1.35½	1.27	1.35
May	1.34½	1.25	1.33

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 4,926 packages. Fairly large offerings, sluggish trade, and strong pressure to sell, with lower and unsettled prices for all classes of stock. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 62½@63c; extras, 92 score, 51½@52c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 49½@51c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 48@48c; lower grades, 45@47c; unsalted, higher than extras, 54½@55c; extras, 53½@54c; firsts, 51@53c; seconds, 49@50c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 50½@51c; good to prime, 48@50c; common to fair, 45@47c; renovated, extras, 50c; firsts, 48@49c; lower grades, 41@46c; imitation creamery, firsts, 45@46c; ladles, current make, firsts, 41½@42½c; seconds, 40c; lower grades, 38@39c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 35@35½c; No. 2, 37c; lower grades, 34@36c.

EGGS.—6,664 cases. Arrivals continue comparatively light, and advices indicate very moderate supplies in transit for the near future, although conditions in the country continue favorable to increased production. The tone of the market is firm at the moment, the offerings being no more than needed for the current requirements of the trade. Exchange sales were uniformly at 59½c for firsts from various sections, and that is the ruling price on average prime stock from store. There is some shortage of very high grade goods for which the market rules slightly in sellers' favor. Little doing in storage eggs and values nominally unchanged. Nearby white eggs are still in comparatively light supply. Some receivers are short of fancy stock to fill current orders, others report a sufficient supply and are generally offering at unchanged prices. Fancy Petaluma whites are meeting a fair demand at 70c, less desirable qualities are selling at lower prices, ranging down to 64c for some very good useful qualities. Fresh gathered, extras, a dozen, 62c; extra firsts, 60@61c; firsts, 59@59½c; seconds and poorer, 56@56½c; dirties, No. 1, 54@55c; No. 2 and poorer, 50@53c; checks, good to choice, dry, 48@49c; undergrades, 43@47c; refrigerator, 32@50c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 70c; ordinary to prime, 64@69c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@69c; pullet whites, 64@65c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 69@70c; lower grades, 64@68c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 62@67c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 64@66c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 60@62c.

Big New Oil Well Comes In.

The Texas Company has brought in an oil well with an estimated daily capacity of 20,000 barrels, in Brazoria county, Texas. The well has been cut to 8,000 barrels a day, pending the completion of pipe line facilities. This is the largest strike in the Gulf fields in several years. The Texas Company has almost completed a six-inch line from West Columbia to Damon Mound, where it has 500,000 barrels storage.

New Liberty Bank Officials.

Directors of the Liberty National Bank yesterday elected George F. Murnane and Joseph F. Maxwell Vice Presidents. Mr. Murnane is now in France as Deputy Commissioner of the American Red Cross, associated with Harvey D. Gibson, President of the Liberty National Bank. He is Vice President of the H. K. McCann Company. Mr. Maxwell was formerly with the First National Bank, as assistant cashier.

Costs Cut Gross Income.

The United Light & Railways Company and subsidiaries report gross earnings of $9,161,197 in 1918, an increase of $1,598,049 over the preceding year. Net income after taxes amounted to $2,673,731, a decline of $106,570. The surplus of $979,789, after meeting fixed charges, was $207,618 less than in 1917.

To Extend Trading in Futures.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 27.—Commencing Feb. 3 trading in futures on the Cotton Exchange here will be extended to and include September, under special new contract terms.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

New York Assay Office shipped $1,800,000 of silver to India yesterday. The bullion was produced by melting down silver dollars.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company has declared the usual quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share, payable March 1, provided that sufficient funds have been received by that date from the United States Government. Stockholders of record Feb. 3 will receive the dividend.

Simas Thomas of Paterson, N. J., was elected a Director of the Manhattan Shirt Company yesterday. The retiring Directors were re-elected.

The Stock Exchange firm of Wade, Templeton & Co. has issued a circular discussing the oil industry.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
American Caramel	1½	Q	Feb. 10	Feb. 1
Brunswick-Balke-C.	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 4
Conn. Ry. & L. com. & pf.	1¼	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
N. Y. Shipbuilding	$1	..	Mar. 1	Feb. 14
Union Am. Cigar pf.	1	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 25
United Trac. & El.	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 23

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—The Boston Bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week:

	Jan. 25.	Decrease.
Circulation	$4,736,000	$8,000
Loans, discounts, and investments	523,677,000	1,468,000
Individual deposits, including U. S.	446,836,000	*2,206,000
Due to banks	109,657,000	8,791,000
Time deposits	12,596,000	*19,000
Exchange clearances	17,197,000	905,000
Due from banks	69,255,000	5,010,000
Cash in banks, and in Federal Res. Bank	62,079,000	1,533,000
Cash exchanges and with Federal Res. Bank	14,697,000	1,467,000

*Increase.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of the
First Mortgage
5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds
Due 1961, of the
Hocking Valley Products Company

HOCKING VALLEY PRODUCTS COMPANY

Copies of the plan of December 16th, 1918, for the resumption of full interest payments upon these bonds and the payment (in U. S. Liberty 4¼% bonds) of the relinquished interest to the bondholders (which on July 1, 1918, amounted to 10% of the face value of the bonds) may be had at the Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall Street, New York City. In order to obtain the benefits accruing under such plan your bonds, together with the certificates for relinquished interest and signed consent, should be deposited at once with the said Trust Company.

S. L. Chamberlaine, President.

20 Broad St., New York, N. Y., Jan. 22, 1919.

PUBLIC UTILITY.

An association with a banking house dealing in public utilities securities is sought by one having an intimate knowledge of public utility values and a constructive plan which he would like to see effective in order to take advantage of reorganization possibilities today in the public utility field. K 208 Times.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg.	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup.	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg.	97½	98¼	5s, Fed Land Bk, '38	101¼	103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup.	97⅝	98⅜	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	100⅜
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104¼	105¼
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104⅜	105⅜
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100⅜	101½	100¾
4½s June, 1965	100⅜	101½	100⅜
4½s Mar., 1963	100⅜	101½	100⅜
4½s Nov., 1957	100¾	101½	100¾
4½s May, 1957	100⅜	101½	100¾
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	96⅜	97	96
4¼s Mar., 1964	96⅜	97	96
4¼s Apr., 1966	96⅜	97	96
4¼s Mar., 1962	96⅜	97	96
4¼s Sept., 1960	96⅜	97	96
4s May, 1959	90⅜	91½	90¼
4s Nov., 1958	90¼	92	90¼
4s Nov., 1957	90¼	92	90¼
4s Nov., 1956	90	91	90¼
4s Nov., 1955	90¼	91	90¼
4s Nov., 1936	93	94	93
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99¼
3½s Nov., 1955	81	..	81
3½s Nov., 1954	81¼	83	81¼
3½s May, 1954	81¼	..	81¼

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
4¼s 1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4½s 1919-1923	4.50	4.30	4.50
4½s 1924-1932	4.50	4.30	4.50
3½s 1940-1963	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s 1930-1939	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s 1922-1929	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s 1919-1921	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s 1940-1953	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s 1926-1930	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s 1919-1925	4.65	4.40	4.65

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday closed steady and moderately active. Final prices were substantially higher than previous low levels in a majority of the active issues, and several stocks had net gains. Trading after midday was mixed in character and professional, with speculative interest centered in a small group of stocks. Prices improved in the afternoon session, but the market lacked any emphatic demand, and the list, as a whole, never fully recovered from the severe selling pressure that obtained after the opening.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Allis-Chalm.	31½	31½	31½
180	Am Can	46⅝	46⅜	46⅜
22	Am Car & F	89¼	89	89¼
20	Am H & L	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
410	Do pf	83⅜	81½	82
110	Am Linseed.	48½	48	48½
710	Am Sm & R.	70⅜	69⅝	70⅜
100	Am S Tob.	102¾	101¾	101½
20	Am T & T.	101	101	101
10	Am Woolen.	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛
130	Anacon Cop.	58⅜	58⅛	58⅛
10	A. G & W I.	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
820	Bald Loco.	69⅜	68⅜	68⅜
24	Balt & Ohio.	48⅜	48⅛	48⅜
600	Beth Steel B	61⅛	59⅞	60⅜
1,155	B'klyn R T.	18⅞	18⅛	18⅜
120	Cal Pet	24⅜	24⅛	24⅛
40	Cent Leath.	59⅜	59⅜	59⅜
20	Ches & Ohio	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛
150	C, M & St P	38⅝	38⅜	38⅜
10	Do pf.	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛
50	C, R I & P.	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
110	Consol Gas.	88⅞	87⅝	87⅝
70	Corn Prod.	47⅜	47⅛	47⅛
250	Crucible S.	53⅜	53	53⅜
1,040	Cuba C Sug.	22⅛	20⅛	21⅛
80	Distill Sec.	52⅜	51⅞	52⅛
20	Erie	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
20	Gas, W & W	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
140	Gt Nor Ore.	37⅜	37	37⅛
30	Insp Cop.	45	44⅜	44⅜
130	Int Mer Mar	23⅞	22⅛	23
5,790	Do pf.	102¾	98⅛	98⅛
90	Int Nickel.	27⅛	27	27
80	Int Paper.	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜
30	Interb Con.	5	5	5
3,780	Mex Pet	168¼	164⅝	167⅛
55	Miami Cop.	24	23⅞	23⅞
40	Mo Pacific.	25	24⅞	24⅞
80	Nat En & S.	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛
20	Nat Lead.	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛
10	Nev Con.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞
20	N Y Cent.	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
90	NY, NH & H	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
50	Ohio C Gas.	43⅜	43⅛	43⅜
350	Oklahoma O.	9	8⅞	9
50	PanAmP&T.	69	68⅛	69
10	Pierce-A	40	40	40
70	Pierce Oil	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
50	Ry Steel S.	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
40	Ray Cop.	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜
270	Reading	78⅞	78	78⅞
30	Rep I & S.	74⅛	73⅛	73⅛
120	Sinclair Oil.	34⅜	33⅜	34
510	South Pac.	99	97⅛	98⅜
10	South Ry.	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
340	Studebaker.	49	48⅜	48⅛
440	Texas Co.	194½	187⅛	194
270	Tex & Pac.	33⅜	30⅜	32⅜
160	Tob Prod.	75	73⅜	74
40	Union Pac.	127	126⅞	126⅞
60	United C S.	114⅛	113⅛	114⅛
60	U S Ind Alc.	103⅜	102⅜	103⅜
120	U S Rubber.	76⅛	75⅛	76⅛
19,040	U S Steel.	92	90⅜	91⅛
180	Utah Cop.	70⅛	69⅛	70
25	Wabash	8	8	8
10	Western Md.	11	11	11
10	Willys-O	24½	24½	24½

*LIBERTY BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,800	Lib 3½s	99.54	99.42	99.48
1,400	1st 4¼s	95.96	95.90	95.96
2,500	2d 4¼s	95.60	95.48	95.52
3,650	3d 4¼s	97.00	96.94	96.94
4,700	4th 4¼s	95.64	95.48	95.62

*Prices include interest.

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Atlantic Pet.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
25	Balt Tube pf	84	84	84
56	Con Power	105⅛	105	105⅛
15	Cosden	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
20	Do pf	4	4	4
1,045	Dav Chem.	39⅜	37½	39
107	Con Coal	82	81	81
40	Hous Oil pf.	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛
20	M & M First Nat Bank.	28	28	28
30	Un Rys.	19½	19½	19½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	City & S 5s.	95	95	95
5,000	Cos 6s B.	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜
$2,000	Un Rs 1st 4s	73¼	73¼	73¼

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Anaconda	58⅜	58⅜	58⅜
150	Ariz Com'l.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
300	Butte & Bal.	25c	21c	24c
297	Cal & Ariz.	59⅛	59⅛	59½
1	Cal & H.	430	430	430
5	Centennial	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
51	Cop Range.	42⅛	42	42
80	Daly-West	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
150	Davis-Daly	5	5	5
510	East Butte.	9⅛	9	9
50	Franklin	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
5	Greene-C	43½	43½	43½
10	Island Creek	47	47	47
10	Lake Copper	3	3	3
70	Mass Con.	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜
112	Mohawk	51½	51	51½
50	New Arcad'n	1½	1½	1½
100	North Butte.	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
20	Old Dom'n.	34½	34½	34½
175	Pond Creek.	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞
3	Quincy	59	59	59
75	Seneca	13	13	13
50	Shannon	3	3	3
30	South Lake.	1¼	1¼	1¼
500	South Utah.	12	12	12
645	Sup & Bos.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1,000	Tuolumne	85c	80c	80c
150	Utah Apex.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
145	Utah Metal.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
15	Victoria	2	2	2
750	Winona	95c	90c	90c

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
109	Boston Elev.	68	67½	67⅜
5	Bos & M pf.	50	50	50
19	Maine Cent.	81	80⅛	80⅛
1,530	Mass Elec.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,125	Do pf.	15⅛	13⅜	14⅛
190	N Y, N H & H	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
20	Old Colony.	100	100	100
30	Rutland pf.	20	20	20

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
79	Am Agr C.	101	100⅛	100⅛
30	Do pf.	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
525	Am Pneu S.	70c	70c	70c
10	Am Sugar.	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜
16	Do pf.	116	116	116
207	Am T & T.	100⅜	100⅛	100⅛
11	Am Wool pf.	95	95	95
25	Booth	19	19	19
225	Century	14½	14	14⅛
350	Eastern S'p.	8	6⅛	8
5	Edison	168	168	168
14	Fairbanks	54	54	54
23	Gorton	31	30⅛	30⅛
61	Gen Elec.	150¼	150	150
790	Island Oil	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
5	McE'n 1st pf	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
20	Mass Gas.	83	82⅛	83
20	Mergenth'r	131⅛	131⅛	131⅛
10	Nova Scotia.	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛
110	Punta A S'r	50	50	50
135	Stewart	33	33	33
306	Swift	123	121½	121½
29	Un Drug.	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜
115	Un Fruit.	160	158⅞	159⅜
210	Un Shoe.	45	44⅜	45
309	Do pf.	29⅛	28	28⅛
460	Ventura Oil.	8⅛	8	8
65	Walworth	18	18	18

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A T & T 4s.	84	84	84
1,000	Atchison 4s.	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛
2,000	C, B & Q 4s.	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜
2,000	Mass G 4½s	92	92	92
$1,000	N E Tel 5s.	93	93	93
1,000	United Fruit 4½s	100	100	100
9,000	West Tel 5s.	90	90	90

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
53	Armour pf.	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
320	Booth. Fish.	19⅜	19	19⅜
225	C C & C Ry	⅝	½	⅝
325	Do pf.	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞
100	Chi Pneu T.	62	62	62
50	Cudahy	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
10	Do rights.	½	½	½
50	Dia Match.	110	109	109
60	Ill Brick	60	59	60
1,661	Libby	21⅜	20⅜	21⅜
60	People's Gas	48	48	48
165	Stew Warn.	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
2,866	Swift Inter.	43½	42⅜	43
1,293	Swift	122½	121¼	122
2,140	Un Carbide.	57	56½	56½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Armour 6s, deb 1919	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
1,000	Do deb '20	101	101	101
$2,000	C Rys 1st 5s	81	81	81
1,000	Swift 1st 5s.	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
1,000	Lib 4th 4¼s	94.30	94.30	94.30

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Bald Loco pf	102	102	102
15	Elec S Bat.	53½	53⅛	53⅛
10	Ins Co., N A	27½	27½	27½
2,600	Gen Asphalt.	63	60⅛	63
675	Do pf.	97⅛	96	97⅛
2,805	Lake Sup.	20⅛	19⅛	19⅜
85	Leh Nav.	72⅛	72	72
50	Leh Val	56⅜	56⅜	56⅜
6	North Cent.	74	74	74
170	Phila Elec.	25⅛	25	25⅛
230	Phila Rap T	25	25	25
100	Tono Belm't.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
5	Un Gas Imp.	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Lake Superior inc 5s	61	61	61
6,000	Phila Co. con 5s, stamped	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
9,000	Phila Elec 1st 5s	94	94	94

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	17	17½	17
Atlantic Refining	1170	1190	1145
Borne-Scrymser	480	500	475
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	96	94
Chesebrough Mfg.	295	315	290
Continental Oil	500	520	500
Crescent Pipe Line	38	40	37
Cumberland P L.	175	185	175
Eureka Pipe Line	175	185	175
Galena Signal Oil	90	92	88
Do pf. new	100	105	100
Do pf. old	115	130	115
Illinois Pipe Line	160	167	163
Indiana Pipe Line	100	105	100
Int Pet Co. Ltd.	20¼	21	19¼
National Transit	16	17	16
N. Y. Transit	200	210	200
Northern Pipe L.	110	115	110
Ohio Oil	318	323	318
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	55	58	56
Prairie Oil & Gas	650	660	650
Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	270
Solar Refining	360	380	360
Southern Pipe Line	177	182	177
South Penn Oil	305	310	300
S W Penn	98	102	98
Stand Oil of Cal.	267	272	265
Stand Oil of Ind.	750	760	745
Stand Oil of Kan.	520	540	525
Stand Oil of Ky.	360	370	360
Stand Oil of Neb.	520	540	520
Stand Oil of N J.	685	690	685
Stand Oil of N Y.	310	315	310
Stand Oil of Ohio	460	480	460
Swan & Finch	98	102	98
Union Tank	114	116	114
Vacuum Oil	410	415	410
Washington Oil	34	38	33

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
120	Cities Service	298	295	296	299
4,245	Cities Service pf.	80	79½	79½	80
$135,500	Cities Service deb. "B"	127	125	125	130
168,000	Cities Service deb. "C"	101	100	100	101

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow.	12	14	Gas & Elec Secur pf.	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf.	71	74	Miss River Power	10½	12½
Am Gas & Electric	100	104	Miss River Power pf.	38	40
Am Gas & Electric pf.	43	45	Northern Ohio Electric.	14	17
Am Light & Traction	234	238	Northern Ohio Elec pf.	57	62
Am Light & Trac pf.	98	100	Northern Ont L & P.	11	15
Am Power & Light	56	61	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pf.	77	80	Northern States Power.	60	61
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern States P pf.	89	92
Am Public Utilities pf.	36	40	Northern Texas Elec.	55	60
Am W W & Elec.	4	6	Northern Tex Elec pf.	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	67	70	Pacific Gas & Electric.	47½	48½
Am W W & E partic.	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	87	88
Carolina Power & Light	33	38	Puget Sd Trac, L & P.	16	19
Colorado Power	25	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	53	57
Colorado Power pf.	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf.	75	80
Columbus Electric pf.	72	76	Republic Ry & Light.	17	18
Com Power, Ry & L.	19	21	Republic Ry & Lt pf.	50	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	40	43	Southern Cal Edison.	84	87
Conn Power pf.	72½	77	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf.	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec.	13	15
Eastern Texas Elec.	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30½	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	72	76	Tampa Electric	100	112
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power.	2	3½
Electric B & S pf.	92	95	Tenn Ry, L & P pf.	14	17
Empire Dist Elec pf.	70	75	United Light & Rys.	37	39
Federal Light & Trac.	8	11	United Light & Rys pf.	70	72
Federal Lt & Trac pf.	40	45	Western Power	18	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf.	66	67
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West, Church & Kerr.	65	70
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West Church & K pf.	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Gt West Power 5s, '46.	84½	86½
Am W W & E col 5s.	68	71	Gt West Power 6s, '25.	89½	92
Appalach Power 1st 5s.	73	77	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s.	78½	80
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	92	95	Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	92	96
Cities Fuel & Pow 7s.	98	100	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88	91
Col G & E deb 5s, '27.	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s.	80	83
Com L & P 6s, 1947	90	95	Omaha & C B 5s, '28.	75	84
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	94	100	Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P 7s.	98	99½
Conn Power 5s, 1963.	83	89	Roanoke W W 5s, '19.	96¼	97½
Dallas Electric 5s, '22.	90	93	So Cal Edison 5s, '39.	88	92
East Tex Elec col 5s.	85	88	Twin S O & E 5s, '53.	70	78
East Tex Elec 7s, '21.	87⅜	99	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32.	88	90
El Paso Elec col 5s.	92	96	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Empire Gas & F 6s.	97	100	Un Util cv 6s, '43.	86	92
Empire Refining 6s.	93	97	Utah Securities 6s.	88½	89½
			Wash I W L & P 6s.	94½	98

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	‡AetnaExplo	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
400	Brit-Am Tob, coupon	24⅜	24¼	24¼
1,800	‡Dictograph.	9⅞	5⅝	9⅝
4,500	‡Gen Asphalt	63½	60¼	63½
600	‡ Do pf	99	97	99
3,000	Hupp Motor.	6¼	5⅝	6
1,800	Intercon Rub	17¼	16⅞	17¼
6,700	Keyst'e T&R	56¼	55⅞	56⅜
1,500	Marco of Am	4⅜	4¼	4¼
1,000	‡Nat Coal&I.	55¼	53¼	55¼
600	N Am P & P	3¼	3¼	3¼
400	‡Pears'nCoal	3¼	2⅞	3
4,200	‡Perfec T&R	1⅛	⅝	⅝
200	‡P'lsen Wire	7⅛	7	7⅛
300	Submar Boat v t ctfs	11½	11	11¼
2,500	‡Swift Int'l w i	43⅜	42½	42½
1,200	United Mots.	36⅝	36	36½
700	U S SS Co.	5	4⅞	4⅞
100	Wayne Coal.	4½	4½	4½
1,000	‡Wr-M Air.	3⅜	3⅞	3⅞

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	‡Ill Pipe L.	165	164	184
20	‡North'n PL.	111	110	111
80	‡Std Oil, Cal.	270	268	270
50	‡Std Oil, N J.	692	685	688

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	‡Allen Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000	‡Atlan Pet.	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
2,000	‡Bar O & G	¼	¼	¼
2,000	‡Boone Oil.	3⅜	3½	3⅜
1,500	‡Con & Co.	7⅛	7	7
200	‡Elk B Pet.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
2,800	†‡Esmer Oil.	5	4½	4½
1,500	‡Federal Oil	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
3,500	‡Glenrock Oil	4	3⅜	3⅜
1,000	‡Globe Oil.	1⅛	1	1
100	‡Houston Oil	79	79	79
3,350	†‡Hudson Oil	85	80	83
1,800	‡Inter Pet.	21	20⅛	20⅜
20,000	‡Isl'd O & T	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
3,100	†‡Kenova Oil	13	12	12
1,000	‡Lou O & R.	33¼	33	33⅛
300	‡Merritt Oil.	22	21½	22
14,000	Met Petrol.	3⅞	3⅝	3½
1,500	†‡Mex Gulf.	43	40	43
2,500	†‡Midw Oil.	129	125	128
350	‡Midw Ref.	129½	128	129
200	†‡N W Oil.	50	50	50
3,000	†Omar O & G	31	30	30
2,500	‡Pennok Oil.	13⅝	13¼	13¼
25,000	†‡Queen Oil.	22	14	19
1,000	‡Roy D. new.	75¼	74½	75¼
400	Seq O & R.	⅛	⅛	⅛
200	‡Sincl Gulf.	23⅜	23½	23½
3,600	‡Stanton Oil.	1⅛	1	1⅛
8,000	‡U W O. new.	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
200	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	†Alas-BCMet	40	40	40
100	†Am Mines.	1	1	1
2,300	Ariz-B op.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,500	Big L Cop.	⅝	⅛	⅝
4,000	†Bos & Mon.	50	49	50
1,500	†Caledonia.	31	30	31
2,000	†Cal&Jerome.	⅛	⅛	⅛
600	Canada Cop.	2⅛	2	2⅛
2,900	††Candel Sil.	57	55	57
2,500	†Cashboy	8	7⅛	8
700	‡CerbSM&M.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	Con Ariz Sm	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
800	Con Cop M.	6⅛	6⅛	6
300	Cres Con G.	5	4⅞	5
510	Eu Croes M.	1⅛	1⅛	1½
1,700	††Fortuna C.	38	37	38
2,700	††Flor Sil.	67	65	67
500	††Gold R M.	⅝	½	⅝
2,000	††Goldf Merg	6	6	6
1,800	††HamM&S.p	60	58	60
350	Hecla Min.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
1,000	††Jim Butler	35	35	35
20,000	†Lone Star.	6¼	6	6¼
1,500	†McKin-Dar.	49	48	48
500	†‡Mother L.	33	33	33
2,000	†Nixon Nev.	42	40	41
1,500	Onondaga M	3⅛	3	3⅛
3,850	‡Ray Herc M	2⅛	2	2
2,000	†Roch Mines.	27	26	27
600	†Silver C M.	84	83	84
300	Stand S-L.	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,000	‡Success M.	8	8	8
350	‡Ton Ext.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
25,000	††T River P.	85	75	80
900	Un Eastern.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
6,000	U M of Ariz	⅜	⅜	⅜
5,000	‡U S con'l M	7	6	7
2,000	‡U Sul M.	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,500	†‡W M & M.	29	28	29
900	†W Gold Q.	91	90	91
15,700	†White Caps	14	12	14

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	‡Am T & T 6s	99½	99	99½
10,000	‡Am T 7s, 1922	103¾	103	103¾
15,000	‡Anac'a 6s.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
10,000	‡Can'n Gov 5s	99⅜	99⅛	99⅛
2,000	‡C & N W g mtg 5s.	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜
$6,000	‡Kan C R T 6s, 1923.	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
10,000	‡N Y T Co deb 6s.	100	99⅜	99⅜
25,000	‡Rus Gov't 5½s	59⅜	59⅛	59⅜
100,000	‡Do 6½s.	68	64	67
75,000	‡Wil'n & Co conv 6s.	93⅜	93	93⅜

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Saturday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.	Ask.
Air Reduc.	50	60	50	60
Am W P.	3	3½	3	3½
Am-Br Mfg.	2	5	2	5
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20
Carbon Steel.	90	96	90	96
Car L & P.	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
Chev Motor.	143	155	143	155
Chevrolet rts.	⅝	1⅛	⅝	1⅛
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11⅜	11¼	11⅜
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12
Do pf.	45	55	45	55
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22
Em'son Phono	2	2½	2	2½
Free Texas.	34	35½	34	35½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½
Gen Mot rts.	1⅜	2	1⅜	2
Gillette S R.	119	120	119	120
Lake Tor Bt	2	2½	2	2½
Do 1st pf.	2½	5	2½	5
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88
L McN & L.	21⅜	22¼	21⅜	22¼
Lima Loco.	30	40	30	40
Lukens Steel.	46	50	46	50
Man Transit.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Mitchell Mot.	20	25	20	25
N Y Shipbldg.	33	36	33	36
N Y Transp.	14¼	17	14¼	17
Peer T & M.	18	18½	18	18½
Penn C & C.	22	24	22	24
Penn Seab Stl	39	40	39	40
PennSeaboard Steel rights	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
P'lsenWireless	7	7½	7	7½
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38
Smith M T.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Stand Motors.	7½	8½	7½	8½
Steel Alloys.	7½	8½	7½	8½
St L.R M & P	40	..	40	..
Todd Shipyd.	107	108¼	107	108¼
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½
U S Lt & H.	1½	1⅜	1½	1⅜
U S Lt&H pf.	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
Wr-M Air pf.	61	64	61	64
World Film.	⅜	½	⅜	½

OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.	Ask.
Atlanta	4	5	4½	5½
Boston-Wyo.	18	20	18	20
Cosden&Co pf	4	4⅛	4	4⅛
Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Crystal Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Midw Oil pf.	1½	1⅛	1½	2
Okm P & R.	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
Pitts O & G.	8	8½	8	8½
Royal Oil	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝
Sapulpa	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Savoy	7	7½	7	7½
Sincl'r wart's	38	40	38	40
Southwest Oil	38	42	38	42
South Oil & T	2½	3¼	2½	3¼
Texana Oil.	10	13	10	13
Wayl'd O & G	3½	3⅜	3½	3⅜

MINING STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.	Ask.
Atlanta	4	5	4½	5½
Austin-Am'n	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝
Booth	13	15	13	15
Bradshaw	⅛	½	⅛	½
Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
Butte-N Y.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Cerro Gordo.	½	1	½	1
Con Homes'd.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
El Salvador.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
First Nat C.	1⅞	2	1⅞	2
Goldf Con.	21	23	21	23
Great Bend.	3	5	3	5
Hattie Gold.	43	45	43	45
Howe Sound.	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
Iron Blossom.	⅛	½	⅛	½
Jumbo Ext.	13	15	13	15
Kerr Lake.	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5½
La Rose	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Magma Cop.	25	27	25	27
Marsh Min'g.	3	4	3	4
NY&HonRos.	12	13	12	13
Ohio Copper.	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝
San Toy	7	8	7	8
Seneca Cop.	15½	16	15½	16
W Utah Ext.	15	16	15	16
Wilbert Min.	4	6	5	6

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Am Brass	206	216	..
Atlas Powder	155	160	153
Do pf.	91	93	90½
Babcock & Wilcox	106	108	107
Bliss	250	350	250
Do pf	60	80	60
Colt's Arms	41	44	41
Du Pont	268	275	268
Du Pont debs, pf.	91½	92½	91½
Hercules	203	208	204
Do pf.	107	109	107
Niles-Bem't-Pond.	103	105	104
Do pf.	93	100	93
Scovill Mfg	345	370	345
Standard Screw	250	260	250

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Am Cigar	115	118	115
Do pf	85	90	85
Conley Foil	190	200	190
J S Young	125	150	125
Do pf	98	105	98
MacA & Forbes	195	205	195
Do pf	85	95	85
P R-Am Tobacco	130	136	130
R J Reynolds, A	380	420	380
Do B	305	320	305
Do pf	106½	108½	106½
Weyman-Bruton	*165	175	*165
Do pf	105	110	105

*Ex rights.

DIVIDENDS.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION.

Notice of Dividends on Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock; Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock; Common Stock and Class B Common Stock.

The Board of Directors of Bethlehem Steel Corporation has declared a dividend of eight per cent. upon its Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, and a dividend of seven per cent. upon its Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, payable in four quarterly installments of two per cent. and one and three-quarter per cent. each, respectively, the first installment of each of said dividends to be payable on April 1, 1919, to the respective holders of record of said two classes of stock at the close of business on March 12, 1919; the second on July 1, 1919, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on June 16, 1919; the third on October 1, 1919, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on September 15, 1919; and the fourth on January 2, 1920, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on December 15, 1919. The Board has also declared a regular dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. and an extra dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. upon the Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock of the Corporation payable on April 1, 1919, to the respective holders of record of said two classes of stock at the close of business on March 12, 1919.

Checks will be mailed.

B. H. JONES, Secretary.
Dated, January 27, 1919.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY,
51 Wall Street, New York City.

The Board of Directors of this company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 4% on its preferred stock, payable April 1st, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 25th, 1919.

Checks will be mailed by the Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway, New York City.

GEO. T. ZIMMERMANN, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

UNION AMERICAN CIGAR CO.
Dividend Notice.

The Board of Directors has declared a Dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the full shares of Preferred Stock, payable February 15th, 1919, to Stockholders of record January 25th, 1919.

Transfer books will be closed January 27th January 27th to February 15th, inclusive.

N. D. LEAN, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 23, 1919.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid February 1, 1919, to the registered holders of January 23, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A dividend of four dollars ($4.00) per share has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, at the New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to Stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

Boston, January 21, 1919.

EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.

THE PULLMAN COMPANY.
DIVIDEND NO. 208.

A quarterly dividend of two dollars per share will be paid February 15th, 1919, to stockholders of record at close of business January 31, 1919.

J. F. KANE, Secretary.
January 20, 1919.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

Dated December 16, 1918.

CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING.

To the Stockholders of CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION:

A special meeting of the stockholders of Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation has been called to take place at the office of the Company, No. 112 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., on Tuesday, February 11, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposition that the Company issue not to exceed in the aggregate principal amount $25,000,000 of bonds and execute a mortgage upon its property to secure the same, and of authorizing and consenting to such bonds and mortgage in such form and with such terms and provisions as the stockholders at said meeting may approve or as the Board of Directors of the Company duly authorized at said meeting may determine and approve, and of transacting such other and further business in connection with the authorization of said mortgage and the disposition of the said bonds as may come before the meeting.

For the purpose of this meeting the stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 3 P. M., on Monday, January 27, 1919, and remain closed until 10 A. M. on Thursday, February 13, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors.

HENRY F. KROYER, Secretary.
Dated, January 21, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of Claflins Incorporated for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting will be held at the office of the corporation, No. 224 Church St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 10th day of Feb., 1919, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

GEORGE F. CORNWELL, Sec'y.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the NIKOLA TESLA COMPANY for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business that may properly be presented, will be held at the offices of the company, No. 8 West 40th St., New York, on Feb. 11, 1919, at 5 P. M.

G. SCHERFF, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ALLIED INDUSTRIES CORPORATION.
Notice to Stockholders.

A special meeting of the stockholders of Allied Industries Corporation will be held on the 11th day of February, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, at the office of said Company, No. 151 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, for the purpose of voting on a proposition of reorganizing the Corporation pursuant to Section 24 of the Stock Corporation Law of the State of New York so as to permit the issuance of shares without par value, and to provide:—

(1) That the number of shares that may be issued by the corporation shall be one hundred and twenty thousand (120,000) shares consisting of sixty thousand (60,000) shares of no par value common stock and sixty thousand (60,000) shares of seven per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the par value of One hundred dollars ($100) per share. The preferences of said preferred stock shall be exactly the same as those of the present outstanding preferred stock of the corporation;

(2) That the amount of capital with which the corporation will carry on business shall be Six million, three hundred thousand dollars ($6,300,000);

(3) That the terms upon which the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation are to be exchanged for the new shares shall be as follows:

(a) Each share of present outstanding preferred stock of the corporation of the par value of One hundred dollars ($100) shall be exchangeable for one share of the preferred stock of the reorganized corporation of the par value of One hundred dollars ($100);

(b) Each share of the present outstanding common stock of the corporation of the par value of One hundred dollars ($100) shall be exchangeable for twelve shares of the no par value common stock of the reorganized corporation;

(4) That the Board of Directors may issue and sell the additional fifty-five thousand (55,000) shares of seven per cent. cumulative preferred stock from time to time for such consideration as shall be the fair market value of said shares, after first offering the same to the then holders of the outstanding preferred stock of the corporation in proportion to the number of shares of preferred stock owned by them; and

(5) To transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

New York, Jan. 27, 1919.

ALFRED I. DU PONT, President.
GEORGE W. FAY, Secretary.

REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT CO.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Jersey City, N. J.

The Annual Meeting of stockholders of REPUBLIC RAILWAY & LIGHT COMPANY will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last meeting of the stockholders of the Company. The polls will remain open one hour.

The stock transfer books of the Company, both preferred and common, will be closed at the close of business January 29, 1919, and will be reopened on the 19th day of February, 1919.

E. W. FREEMAN, Secretary.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 23d, 1918.

To the Stockholders of the New York-Lackawanna Realty and Bond Company:

You are hereby notified that the Board of Directors of New York-Lackawanna Realty and Bond Company has recommended the dissolution of said Corporation and has called a meeting of the Stockholders to be held on the 30th day of January, 1919, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the Army and Navy Club Room, in Hotel Imperial, corner 31st Street and Broadway, New York City, to vote on the proposition of dissolution of said Corporation.

J. W. BROWNING, Secretary.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

New York, January 21, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at its office, No. 55 John Street, on Tuesday, February 4, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors in place of those whose terms expire and for such other business as may come before them.

C. J. HOLMAN,
Vice President and Secretary.

SAFEGUARD INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

New York, January 28, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 59 William Street, on Tuesday, Feb. 11, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

HENRY W. GRAY, Jr., Secretary.

AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY

135 Broadway, New York

Capital and Surplus $1,200,000

Transacts a General Trust and Banking Business

Interest Allowed on Daily Balances

Acts as administrator, executor, trustee and in any fiduciary capacity, and as registrar, transfer agent, or agent in any approved financial transaction.

The AMERICAN TRUST COMPANY is affiliated with the NEW YORK TITLE AND MORTGAGE COMPANY, and has the advantage of complete co-operation of that Company's organization in all its departments.

OFFICERS

HARRY A. KAHLER, President
CYRIL H. BURDETT, Vice-President
HENRY S. ACKEN, Vice-President
HARRY H. FIEDLER, Vice-President
GERHARD KUEHNE, Secretary
JOSEPH L. OBERMAYER, Treasurer
HUBERT F. BREITWIESER, Asst. Secty.
MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, General Counsel

DIRECTORS

WALTER H. BENNETT, Vice-Pres., American Exch. Nat. Bank.
EDWARD M. BURGHARD, Attorney.
ORION H. CHENEY, President, Pacific Bank.
BAYARD DOMINICK, Dominick & Dominick.
STEPHEN B. FLEMING, Pres., International Agricultural Corp.
FREDERICK B. FRANCIS, N. Y. Agent, Canadian Bank of Com.
WILLIAM E. HARMON, Wood, Harmon & Co., Real Estate.
STANLEY P. JADWIN, O. H. Jadwin & Sons.
HARRY A. KAHLER, President.
FREDERICK D. MACKAY, Vice-President, E. W. Bliss Co.
GEORGE T. MORTIMER, Pres. Equitable Office Building Corp.
CHARLES J. OBERMAYER, Pres., Greater N. Y. Savings Bank.
JAMES A. O'GORMAN, O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver.
MORGAN J. O'BRIEN, O'Brien, Boardman, Parker, Harper & Fox.
WILLIAM R. ROSE, Rose & Paskus.
LOUIS F. ROTHSCHILD, L. F. Rothschild & Co.
ELBRIDGE GERRY SNOW, President, The Home Insurance Co.
DANIEL G. TENNEY, C. H. Tenney & Co.
GEORGE ZABRISKIE, Zabriskie, Sage, Kerr & Gray.

SUGAR STOCKS

On request, we will be pleased to give our opinion on your holdings.

LAMBORN & COMPANY
Seven Wall St. Tel. Rector 6310
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange

American Grapho.
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Breitung & Co.
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A MANUFACTURING city and the capital of Victoria, Australia, founded in 1835. Democracy is the watchword of this interesting southern continent. Melbourne is the second trading port of Australia. Its public buildings are said to be finer than any other city of its size in the world. Its foreign commerce in 1916 aggregated $196,464,000, of which $129,430,000 were imports and $67,034,000 were exports.

HANNEVIG & CO.
139 Broadway, New York
Marine Financing *Marine Securities*
Foreign Exchange *Letters of Credit*

THE COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RAILWAY COMPANY

First Mortgage 5% Bonds, Due Jan. 1, 1930.

Default having occurred in the payment of the interest due on January 1, 1919, on the above issue of bonds, the undersigned, owning or representing a substantial amount of the bonds, have consented to act as a Committee to protect the interests of the bondholders.

In the judgment of the Committee it is imperative that prompt concerted action be taken by the bondholders for their own protection and that bonds should be deposited immediately. To become parties to and to participate in the benefits of the protective agreement, bonds must be deposited on or before March 1st, 1919, with the CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY of NEW YORK, the Depositary of the Committee, at its office No. 54 Wall Street, New York City. After March 1st, 1919, no bonds will be received except on such terms as the Committee may impose. All bonds must be accompanied by the coupons maturing January 1, 1919, and subsequently, and registered bonds must be accompanied by properly executed transfers thereof in blank.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained from the Secretary or the Depositary. Depositors will receive negotiable certificates of deposit.

James Timpson, Chairman,
2nd Vice-President, Mutual Life Ins. Company, New York.
Robert Struthers, Jr.,
Wood, Struthers & Co., New York.
Livingston E. Jones,
President, Saving Fund Society of Germantown and Its Vicinity, Philadelphia.

Emerson W. Judd, Secretary,
5 Nassau Street, New York.
Masten & Nichols, Counsel,
49 Wall Street, New York.

HARRISON & CO.
BANKERS
FIFTH and CHESTNUT STS., PHILADELPHIA

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CONNECTION

We beg to announce that we are now connected by private telephone wire with the New York Telephone Exchange as formerly.

By calling CANAL 993 or 994

immediate connection can be obtained with our offices.

HARRISON & CO.

January 27, 1919.

Members New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the MUNSON STEAMSHIP LINE will be held at the offices of the company, 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on February 11th, 1919, 2:00 P. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Meeting.

Dated January 23, 1919.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

Baltimore Broker would like to act as Baltimore correspondent for reliable brokerage house of standing. Address X 385 Times Annex.

BROOKLYN LIGHTING COMPANIES MERGED

Consolidated Corporation to be Known as the Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc.

BURR'S PROTEST IS HEEDED

Because of Corporation Counsel's Objection, Questionable Franchises Are Not Validated.

The application of the Kings County Electric Light and Power Company and the Brooklyn Edison Company for permission to merge into one concern to be known as the Brooklyn Edison Company, Inc., was granted yesterday by the Public Service Commission. Permission was also granted to the new company to issue $5,500,000 of gold bonds under a blanket mortgage of $100,000,000. Because of the protest of Corporation Counsel Burr against the merger on the ground that it was sought only to make valid the alleged questionable franchises of the two companies, the authority granted by the commission carries a provision that it shall not be construed as a review or to validate any lapsed or invalidated franchise or to enlarge or add to the powers and privileges of the merged concern.

Mr. Burr and his assistant, Vincent Victory said yesterday that the courts would be asked to decide whether the Public Service Commission had jurisdiction to permit a merger under the transportation corporation law which is the only act giving it power to permit mergers when the companies were incorporated under the general corporation law. In any event, it was said, the courts would be asked to pass upon the validity of the franchises of the merged companies.

The Kings County company has a capital stock of $19,000,000 of which $17,-[illegible] is outstanding, and $1,837,400 is reserved to meet an equal amount of 6 per cent. debenture bonds. The capital stock of the Edison Company amounts to $5,000,000, all of it outstanding. Two mortgages on the Kings County property aggregate $7,176,000 besides three ancillary mortgages issued to secure bonds of the Edison Company. There are two mortgages on the Edison Company's property aggregating $10,000,000 of which $4,820,000 is still due. The total amount of the mortgages of both concerns is $11,996,000.

In its application to the commission the Kings County company claimed to have the right to capitalize for more than an additional $10,000,000 because of additions to its plant and facilities. Of the total of $100,000,000 which the merged company may issue in securities only such portions will be sold as shall be consented to by the commission. It is also provided by the commission that the bonds sold shall net the company not less than 85 per cent. of the face value.

In making public its action the commission explained that every share of the stock of the Edison Company, which is the operating company, is owned by the Kings County company, and that the hearings upon the applications developed that the reasons for the merger are the simplifying of a large number of bookkeeping and financial transactions.

COMMODORE OPENS TODAY.

Several Thousand Guests Inspect New Hotel.

The new Hotel Commodore, adjoining the Grand Central Terminal, which opens for business today, was inspected yesterday afternoon by several thousand invited guests. The wonders of the hotel were explained by employes, who guided the guests about in small parties. Two orchestras played in the grand ballroom and the main lobby.

A buffet luncheon was served to the guests in the ballroom. Descriptive booklets describing the features of the hotel were distributed by the management to those who attended.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
Dec. gross	$7,089,616	$4,740,943	$2,348,672
Bal. aft. taxes	1,968,544	1,393,493	575,051
Net oper. inc.	1,731,758	1,322,938	408,820
12 mos. gross	73,720,797	54,643,793	19,077,004
Bal. aft. taxes	17,654,994	14,890,416	2,764,578
Net oper. inc.	17,042,405	15,529,770	1,512,635
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN—			
Dec. gross	1,685,460	1,376,426	309,034
Def. aft. taxes	148,376	†331,444	*479,820
Net oper. def.	224,578	†353,607	578,185
12 mos. gross	19,116,925	16,368,323	2,748,602
Def. aft. taxes	657,571	†1,885,949	2,543,520
Net oper. def.	21,457	†2,828,199	2,849,656
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL—			
Dec. gross	12,2[illegible],545	9,148,420	3,146,125
Def. aft. tax.	730,322	†1,060,724	1,791,046
Net oper. def.	[illegible]	†1,087,477	1,970,880
12 mos. gross	132,894,455	113,739,202	19,155,253
Bal. aft. tax	4,467,774	22,503,552	*18,035,778
Net oper. inc.	3,643,192	20,684,764	*17,041,572
DELAWARE & HUDSON—			
Dec. gross	2,601,704	2,220,555	381,149
Def. aft. tax.	178,084	7,053	171,930
Net op. def.	235,843	†40,519	276,362
12 mos. gr.	34,780,864	29,980,399	4,800,465
Bal. aft. tax	2,585,426	5,615,587	*3,030,161
Net op. inc.	2,446,556	5,550,375	3,103,819
LEHIGH VALLEY—			
Dec. gross	$5,894,043	$3,862,839	$2,031,204
Bal. after tax	253,933	145,190	108,743
Net oper. inc.	380,728	149,576	231,151
12 mos. gross	65,586,769	53,358,446	12,228,323
Bal. after tax	6,364,382	9,575,996	*3,211,614
Net oper. inc.	6,683,513	9,688,471	*3,005,158
PENNSYLVANIA (LINES EAST)—			
Dec. gross	$34,245,328	$22,480,944	$11,764,384
Def. aft. tax	629,156	12,011,850	2,641,005
Net op. def.	816,519	†1,442,604	2,279,123
12 mos. gro.	367,414,695	290,234,093	77,180,602
Bal. aft. tax	23,148,178	54,596,230	*31,447,052
Net op. inc.	17,929,569	49,561,325	*31,631,756
PENNSYLVANIA (LINES WEST)—			
Dec. gross	$8,954,611	$5,749,152	$3,205,459
Def. aft. tax.	22,222	270,072	*347,750
Net op. def.	53,925	319,370	*265,445
12 mos. gro.	[illegible]	78,595,298	16,9[illegible],024
Bal. aft. tax	7,498,852	12,242,516	*6,743,664
Net op. inc.	4,281,827	10,710,556	*6,428,729

*Decrease. †Income.

Public Utilities.

[illegible] LIGHT & RAILWAYS AND SUBSIDIARIES—			
12 mos. gro.	$9,161,197	$7,563,147	$1,598,049
Net aft. tax	2,675,731	2,782,302	*106,570
Sur. aft. chr.	979,789	1,187,408	*207,618

CONSOLIDATED GAS CO. of New York for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Oper. income	$94,400	$2,538,279	$3,217,512
Non-op. income	7,235,772	9,231,236	10,147,620
Net income	5,702,400	7,741,077	8,654,464
Dividends	6,994,793	6,987,155	6,987,155
Deficit	1,292,393	*753,922	*1,667,300

*Surplus.

Miscellaneous.

HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX for the year ended Nov. 30—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Net profits	*$1,481,015	$1,663,762	$1,792,002
[illegible]	234,817	240,843	260,539
Common divs.	600,000	600,000	600,000
Surplus	646,298	762,919	931,463

*After depreciation and war taxes.

[illegible] & CO. for the year ended Nov. 2—

Gross profit	10,493,152	10,358,180	5,694,389
Other income	634,886	810,588	977,734
Total income	10,858,078	11,169,077	6,672,323
Bond interest	187,500	496,500	505,500
Admin. exp.	1,662,621	1,494,406	1,480,224
[illegible]	4,290,086	3,877,069	1,054,386
Increase	4,217,858	5,301,071	3,632,213
Dividends	300,000	150,000	1,000,000
Surplus	3,917,858	5,151,071	2,632,213

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
[illegible]	5	5½	Houghton	30	60
[illegible]	7	9	Hom Oil	27	29
[illegible] Ariz.		1⅜	Iron Blos.	45	55
[illegible]		58	Iron Cap.	13¼	13¾
[illegible]		51	Jer Verde	.42	50
[illegible]		50	La Rose	30	40
[illegible]	75	85	Majestic	22	25
[illegible]	12	14	Mex Metals	25	30
[illegible]	1⅛	1½	Moj Tung.	1	6
[illegible]		1	New Baltic	1	1⅛
[illegible]		3½	Nat Z & L.	8	10
[illegible]			Nixon Nev.	41	42
[illegible] Ariz.	1⅛	1½	Nev Doug.	20	30
[illegible]	12	15	[illegible]	20	45
[illegible]	20	21	Onondaga	10	15
[illegible] Res.	42	47	Seven Mets.	57	59
[illegible]	61	62	S W Miami, full paid	85	1⅛
[illegible] Eagle		2			
[illegible]	2¼	2⅜	Un Ver Ext.	31	33¾
[illegible]tuna	3	4	Vic Mines		75
[illegible] Lake	2	5	Yukon Gold	.70	90

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27. — William P. Maloney and Owen N. Brown of New York City were admitted to practice.

164—U. S. and Mrs. J. Brown, aplts., v. New Orleans Pac. Ry. Co. et al.; 165—U. S. and W. R. Turner, aplts., v. same; and 166—U. S. and S. N. Grant, aplts., v. same.—Decrees in Nos. 164 and 165 reversed, and decree in No. 166 affirmed.

56—Mount Saint Mary's Cemetery Assn., plain., v. W. C. Mullins.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

137—Pierce Oil Corp., plain., v. the City of Hope.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

252—The Bank of California, National Assn., plain., v. F. W. Richardson, as Treasurer of State of California.—Decree reversed, with costs, and cause remanded.

The Chief Justice also announced the following orders of the court:

113—The Bank of California National Assn., plain., v. F. D. Roberts, as Treasurer of State of California. Per curiam.—This case is controlled by the opinion in Bank of California v. Richardson, just decided. Indeed, it was submitted without briefs upon the briefs filed in that case. For the reasons stated in the previous case, therefore, the judgment here must be reversed and the case remanded for further proceedings not inconsistent with this opinion.

165—E. V. Buskirk, administratrix of estate of W. V. Buskirk, deceased, plain. v. Erie Rd. Co. Per curiam—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

180—Large Oil Co., plain. v. F. B. Howard, State Auditor of State of Oklahoma. Per curiam—Reversed.

182—J. D. Boxley, plain. v. E. M. Scott and F. Cheney. Per curiam—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

183—The Baltimore & Ohio Rd. Co., and Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co., plain. v. L. Block. Per curiam—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

306—New Orleans Land Co. and Lakeview Land Co., plains. v. the Leader Realty Co. Per curiam—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

684—J. F. Hartenbower, plain. v. the People of Illinois. Per curiam—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Original. Ex parte in the matter of Robert D. Kinney, pet. Writ of mandamus denied.

Original. Ex parte in thematter of A. P. Fricke, pet. Writ of mandamus denied.

638—F. C. Lasater, pet. v. Magnolia Petroleum Co. Motion for an extension of time to print petition for writ of cert. heretofore submitted granted, and time extended to Feb. 3.

734—E. W. Bliss Co., aplt. v. U. S. Writ of cert. denied without prejudice.

649—A. Crocker et al. trustees, pets. v. J. F. Malley, Collector of Internal Revenue. Motion to advance granted and case assigned for March 3.

373—Supreme Conclave, Improved Order of Heptasophs, plain. v. N. M. Wilson. Case assigned for March 3 next, at head of the call for that day.

787—Metropolitan Trust Co. of the City of New York, trustee, &c., pet., vs. Chicago & Eastern Illinois Rd. Co. et al.—Pet. for writ of cert. denied.

794—A. Le More and E. S. Carriere, pets., vs. U. S.—Pet. for writ of cert. denied.

800—Grand Lodge of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, pet., vs. S. A. Groves.—Pet. for writ of cert. denied.

The Chief Justice also announced that the court will take a recess from Feb. 3 to March 3.

227—Ball Engineering Co., pet., vs. J. G. White & Co.—Leave granted to file a brief herein in behalf of U. S. as amicus curiae.

815—The Commercial Cable Co., aplt., vs. Albert S. Burleson and Newcomb Carlton; and 816—Commercial Pacific Cable Co., aplt., vs. Albert S. Burleson and Newcomb Carlton.—Motion to advance submitted for appellees.

619—R. A. Flanders, as trustees, &c., aplt., vs. E. J. Coleman.—Motion to advance submitted for aplt.

179—J. Kenny, pet., vs. L. Miles et al., administrators, &c.—Leave granted to file supplemental brief herein within three days, on motion of counsel for the respts.

441—U. S. ex rel W. F. Arant, plff., vs. F. K. Lane, Sec. of the Interior.—Motion to advance submitted for plain.

Original.—Ex parte matter of a H. de Proper, pet.—Submitted on suggestions by a committee of the Bar, the committee appointed by the court and by Mr. Proper.

821—E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., pet., v. G. C. Brisco.—Pet. for writ of cert. submitted.

798—K. B. O'Hare, pet., v. U. S.—Pet. for writ of cert. submitted.

801—Fox Typewriter Co., pet., v. A. J. Oehring et al.—Pet. for writ of cert. submitted.

814—Norfolk Southern Rd. Co., pet., v. F. King.—Pet. for writ of cert. submitted for pet.

198—U. S. on the relation of Alaska Smokeless Coal Co., plain., v. F. K. Lane, as Sec. of Interior, et al.—Passed.

667—J. A. Peterson, plain., v. U. S.—Passed.

223—A. W. Church, aplt., v. H. M. Swetland et al.—Motion to dismiss submitted for appellees, and for aplt. in opposition thereto.

693—J. Frohwerk, plff., vs. U. S.—Argued. Leave granted Mr. Shewalter to file additional brief for plain. within two days.

714—E. V. Debs, plain., v. U. S.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 28: Nos. 714, 763 (to 765), 190, 193, 195, 197, 199, 187 (and 188), 200, and 201.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, twelfth floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.
Anderson<SS Ocmulgee.
New England SS Co<Tug Howard.
Standard Transport Co<same.
Hartwell<Neptune Line.
Saunders<Luckenbach Co.
Frederick<SS St Louis
Dailey & I<CNY.
Reichert Tow Line<Tug Hiawatha.
Egerton Tow Co<Tug James Roy.
Holbrook<Tug Chas D Crawford.
C RR of N J<Tug Beatrice Bush.
L V RR<Liverpool L & G Ins Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.
Trial: Seymour L Rau.
Sentence: Edward Fickler.
Motion: A Zucker.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., 4th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.
Weiss<Byers & Hayes Co.
Kimball Co<Noesting Pin Ticket Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. Curtiss Aero & Motor<Janin et al. (on trial.)

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Adamson<Scheinc[illegible].
Rubin<NY Mun Ry Corp et al
Fidelity & Dep Co, of Md<Queens Co Trust
McGraw<Gresser.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Brill<Brill.
Trussell<Trussell.
Phillips<Phillips.
Mayer<William Moore Knitting Co.
Felix Iaman, Inc<Jordan.
Re N E Equit Ins Co. (Gombiner.)
Bizzarri<Thomson.
Estate of H Miner, Inc<Roman Baths Co.
People of SNY<Casinelli.
Bobrick<Mackenzie.
Parmelee<McAdoo.
Meyers<L I RR.
Chapman<same.
Thal<Van Sielen.
Rosenbatt<Hechtko—, (2.)
Conerty<Stanley, Inc.
Re Voron & Chait, Inc
Ronayne<Rockdale Land & Imp Co.
Trundle<Beggs & Co.
Lukach<Reigart.
Nugent<Nugent.
Gotham Nat Bank<Lewis.
Manhattan Sav Inst<Stafford.
Mathew<Del & H Co.
Feldman<Hoffman (2)
Metropolitan Trust Co<Lorett Co.
Glaum<Paralata Plays, Inc.
Shelly<Lockwood.
Re US Fid & Guar Co, (Olshinsky.)
Chapman<L I RR.
Octagon & Films, Inc<Grossman.
Re Hart, (Huggins.)
O'Toole<Heiser.
Hobe<Toepfer.
Shaumer<Ginsberg.
Hulliard<Stein & Blaine.
Lies<Bauer.
Booklovers' Sales Co<Pictorial Review Co.
People ex rel Keyburn<Cukor.
Weinberg<Int R T (2.)
Wilson<same.
Koebler<same.
Kaplan<same.
Hartman<same.
Ergetowsky<same.
Dunn<same.
Brickner<same.
Watkins<Loretta Co.
Byrne<Byrne.
Wilk<Walker Cafe & Restaurant Co. (2.)
Terr<Terr.
Mell<NY Mun Ry.
Zimlichman<NY & L I Traction Co.
Ackerman<Chase.
Morgan<Burke.
Bass<Herkowitz.
Sliberman<Klinkowstein.
Sohel<Mashkowitz.
Salkind<Rosenthal (2)
Korn<Korn.
Genessee<Genessee.
Bachman<Conron Bros Co.
Donnelly<Beadleston & Woerz.
Elsner<Rothman.
Re Collins<McWilliams.
Pepe<Van Allen.*
Zweig<Orac Rty Co.
Nugent<Nugent.
L & R Frenkel, Inc<Mach & Met Sales.
Schwall<Hamburger.
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Taubin<Lester Amsterdam Austern, Inc
Pattash<Cleveland-Akron Bag Co.
Hanover Silk Mfg Co<Mendelson.
Francesconi & Co<Shongood.
Horn, Schulein & Friedman, Inc<Manley.
Stanley & Patterson, Inc<Pettet.
Gross<Horchlever Y Men's, &c, Socy.
Stein<Frank.
Durst<Smith.
Levy<Corn.
Manzione<Greenfield.
Moller<London.
Manson<Allen.
Shein<Khouri.
De Bearn<US Fid & Guar Co.
Feigel & Bros, Inc<Mach & Met Sales.
Smoller<Smoller.
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Haggerty<Diehl.
Christensen<Cohen.
Hand<Kearney.
Cohen<Milford Holding Co.
Buchner<Manhattan Life Ins Co.
Bernstein<Geiss.
Ross<Equity Assets Co, (2.)
Aaby<Am Mar Paint.
Parker<Christoffer Hannevig, Inc.
People ex rel Lever<Burr.
People of State ex rel Sidway<Burr.
Adler<NY Rys.
Cicciolini<same.
Linsky<same.
Malady<same.
Rappenfeld<same.
Malkin<same.
Saato<same.
Tobin<same.
Thompson<same.
Ford<same.
Re Giehl.
Donnelly<Beadleston & Woerz.
Lamphere<Herts, (2.)
Jefferson Bk<Baker.
Kaufman<Delafield.
Re Hellbroner.
Reichlin<Kaplan.
Stern<Kallman.
People of SNY<Streeter.
Kipp<Dwyer.
Bay<Bay.
Rosencrantz<Gaston.
Williams & Wigmore
Newington<Horowitz.
Federal SS Co<American Un Line, Inc.
Silberberg<Gt Central Palace Co.
Gunn & Borge<Kennedy Theatres, Inc.
Messina<Ruhs.
Barrett Co<Wilpod Holding Co.
Levy<Corn.
Brown & Bros, Inc<Shongood.
Chinese Fur Importers, Inc<Meltzer.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:
Jackman<Schubert (2)
Re Dexter, (99 Cherry St.)
Ite Man Ry<Reiche.
Weaver<Weaver.
Moffa<Moffa.
Schlott<Schlott.
General calendar:
Katzman<Katzman.
Lewis<State Bank.
Montgomery<Montgomery.
Hughes<Techt.
Miller<Schwartz & Co.
Weissberg<Weissberg.
Elliott & Co<Oxman.
Sims<Sims.
Heinman<Joslin.
Cohen<Grossman.
Rieger's Sons, Inc<Everard's Breweries.
Rochler<Walsh.
Rafferty<Teachers Ass'n, NY C.
Taylor Auto Truck & Renting Co<Taylor Trucking Co.
Kapitola<Kapitola.
Levis<Glaser.
Black<Lodge Modersmaalet.
Keseler<Johnson.
Wilner<same.
Schoenholtz<NY Life Ins Co.
Walsh<Emig Ind Sav Bank.
Whitehead<Whitehead.
Donahue<Loumoutsos.
Harmse<Harmse.
Warren<Peerless Feature Prod Co.
Guar Trust Co of NY<Wilson.
Rosansky<Marsamer.
Frankel<Mech & Metals Nat Bank.
Blackwell<Blackwell.
Aceto<Aceto.
Singer<Singer.
Taylor<Taylor.
Kaponer<Kaponer.
Engel<Engel.
Drummond<Drummond.
Moore<Aslter.
Clevenger<Marshall.
McClure<McClure.
Herman<US SS Co.
Reeser<Am Drug Synd.
Lowell, Lamb & Co<Hershkovits.
Brinkmann<Brinkmann.
Curry<Cody.
Jackson<Jackson.
Lusk<Lusk.
Dey<Seaver.
Clear.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART IV. (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis. Adjourned to Jan. 29.
PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Part II., Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.
Inq—Proctor & Gamble Dist Co<Kollischa Long Beach Stores.
Friedlander<Rosenthal.
Berensman<Weber.
Solomon<Union Sav'gs Bank of Augusta.
Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner.
Village Garage<Farrell.
Phillips<Blumberg Bros Co.
Feller<Friedman.
Wright, Inc<Maresca.
Elliott<Amer Star L.
Hubschmitt, Jr<Hercules Steel Co.
Nelson<Citizens Bank.
Meers<Levitt.
Person<Hartmann.
Nordstrom<Ledyard.
Lamport<Weinstock.
Moree<Higgins.
Reid<Steinhardt Bros.
Nathan Block, Inc<Witty.
Kemeny<Teitelbaum.
Boderman<Demarest.
Hershon<Kirsch.
Breslow<Wimberg.
Same<Altman.
Gendus<Empire Upholstering Co.
Clear.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.
Moore<Greenberg.
Steux<NY, NH & H R R, (2.)
Kraus<Pitcher.
Miller<Hirsch.
Herman<N Y Rys.
Briggs<Weil.
Callahan<Sanzo.
Schloosberg<NY Rys.
Normelle<CNY.
Mahoney<Early.
Davidson<Rap Trans Sub Const Co.
Schlesinger & Sons<B R T Subway Co.
Greene<Hulbert.
Cohen<O'Connell.
Jacobowitz<Union Ry.
Martin<Burchell.
Zarky<De Veau Tel Mfg Co.
Moran<Higgins.
Gamal<Wolf.
Hoops, Jr<Volunteer Hospital, Inc.
Gearin<NY Rys.
Grossman<Wiener.
Fried<Schoenfeld.
S Golden<Gimbel Bros
J Golden<same.
Berkowitz<Int R T.
W Byrnes<Brand.
E Byrnes<same.
Wolf<3d Av RR.
Neuman<Int R T.
Friedman<N Y Rys.
Perbost<Borchardt.
Trimbles<Levine, (2.)
Lynch<Yonkers RR.
Fuchs<Oehl. (2.)
Ryan<Burrige.
Noreike<Rath.
Hausdorff<U S Rty & Imp Co, (2.)
Hazelton<N Y Rys.
Bulova<East 10th Corp.
Freely<N Y Rys.
Jordan<Trochia.
Hoffmeister<Bishop.
Friedel<Benjamin.
Curoe<Rambeau, (2.)
Fishman<Int R T.
Sheiner<N Y Rys.
O'Keefe<same.
Sullivan<Int R T Co.
Seidler<Goldsmith.
Hoppel<Blenner.
Longo<Com'l Advertiser Co.
Cassidy<Kalbach.
Grand-Delancey Co<CNY, (2.).
Nielson<Dalton.
Marix<same.
Frederick<Hofeler.
Remington Arms Co<Orpen, Jr.
McDonnel<Atl Amuse Co, (2.)
Radigen<CNY.
Dunner<Penn R R.
Van Buren<Trustees Columbia Univ.
Rogers<Lindsay.
F. Maldaker<Jackson
J. Maldaker<same.
Posner<Weatherhead.
Tiarks<N Y C & H R RR.
Flynn<Albert A. Volk Co, Inc.
Freedman<Freedman.
Allen<Watt.
Drake<Hornblower.
Charlamb<Sidenberg.
Oris<L I RR.
Sperling<Fox.
Aborn<N Y Rys.
Howlett<White & Co, Inc.
Menieri<United Smoked Fish Co.
Rosengren<Brockway.
Beaumont Co<Darmstadt, Inc.
Rosen<N Y Rys.
Johnson<Riverside Drive & 93d St Corp
McEwan<United Transp Co.
Kinney<De Witt.
Haberman<N Y Rys.
S. Weisser<Murray.
N. Weisser<same.
Potkin<Schlesinger Realty Co.
Stellato<New England SS Co.
Zorn<Sutherland.
Reiner<Acadia Rty Co
C. O. Seessel<N Y Cons RR, (2.)
K./F. Seessel<same.
Garelick<Gellie.
Schrieber<Vogel Rty. & Holding Corp.
J. Bartonsek<Shulman
M. Bartonsek<same.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.
Universal Chain & M Stamping Co<Egyptian Lacquer Mfg Co
Con Mach Wreck Co<Harpen Mach Co.
Int Time Record Co<H Miner Lith Co.
Odell<CNY.
Marden, Orth & Hastings<Baldwin.
Buchman<Freitag.
Young, Jr<Phillips.
Reinhardt<Goldstone.
Lippman<Ludwig.
Sachs<Harris.
Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck, (2.)
Liner<Endel.
Goldberg<Dux.
Spencer Imp Co<Ganim.
Assets & Liab Assn<NY Lodge, 1, BPOE.
Warren Prou Co, Inc<Binney & Smith Co.
Millus<Fid & Cas Co.
Mortimer<Bristol.
Kraut<Richard.
Sklanberg<Zechnowitz.
Goldstein<Fidelio Brew Co.
Smith Co, Lim<Moscahlades.
CNY<Coogman, (2.)
Lubasch<Lubasch.
Chatham Sq Rty Corp<Lo Bue.
Sisca<Bank of US.
Janovi & Co<Vulcan Steel Prod Co.
De Graff<Halbot & Co
Davis<Plant.
Logan<Turner.
Wecheman<Simpson.
Tropical Tire & Rub Co<Friedman.
Maritime Brokers, Inc<Potter.
Altchandarr Realty Co<Kerr.
Walton Con Co<CNY.
Holsam Co<Century Steel Co of Amer.
Beebe Chemical Co<Herman & H.
Parige<Goldstein.
Beardslee<Cooke.
Moller<Kennedy.
Truesdell<St Nich Zinc Co.
Wynehouse<Westinghouse Airbrake Co.
Herzog<Leonard.
Slade<Hart.
Deutsch<Krauter.
Morgan<Breier.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.
PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Motion calendar:
Bridget M Watson,
Frank J Dunham,
Rebecca T R Gay (2,)
Stella E Mann, &c,
Sheppard Knapp,
Josephine Bieler,
Michele Biancone,
Solomon L Cohen,
Josephine Kaiser,
Fred Kaiser,
Timothy L Burton,
Heinrich Glafey,
Denis Gorman,
Marie Haas,
Eni Hudes, &c,
Folle Karl, &c,
Lucien Laborde,
Susanna Meszaros &c
Simon Sandrowitz,
Adam Wendler,
Katharine White,
Mary Baylis,
Thomas F Sheedy,
Louise W Ottendorfer,
Augustin Daly,
Jacob Gordon,
James Scanlan,
Max C Anderson,
Edward Alcott,
Anna Marzolf,
Louis Kean,
Ammie J Morrow,
William R Denham,
Alexander Charlton,
Jacob Jung,
Augustin Daly,
Thomas C Fogarty,
Walter J Healey,
Thomas E Crimmins,
Dora B Fefeira,
Clerk W Dunlop,
Walter Wakefield,
Joseph Heidenheim,
John S Kennedy,
Marie Hallinan, &c,
Thomas Barrett,
Virginia A Smith,
Hannah Stock,
Henry Scheide,
Ellen Condon,
Fannie E Cogan,
Hubbard H Upham,
Rosalie Burgheim,
Arthur Myers,
Kate B Happel,
Edward A Ditmar,
Rosalina Marz,
Charlotte C Weil,
Mary T Wynne,
Leo Stein,
Hugo E Wassermann.
Estates of:
James Harvey Wood, Jr.
Jacob Gutharts,
Margaretha Rothenbach,
John T Sullivan.
Wills for probate:
Nora O'Halloran,
James W Cone,
Elise W J Blumhardt,
Robert L Bracklow,
Joseph Feldman,
George W Cheever,
Margaret Maloney,
John E Schermerhorn,
Frank W Burke,
Theodore C Mitchell,
Francis Kiernan,
Sarah McClosky,
Frank Von Biesen,
John Davie,
Ada F Hart,
J O Reinhander.
At 2 P. M.:
Estate of—Antoinette L Schermerhorn.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested will: David Ohlson.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Lamshick-Frank Co<NY, NH & H RR.
Lich<Am Ry Exp Co.
Grossman<Baks.
Gotthoffer<M W Cohen Co.
World Film Corp<Am Surety Co.
Foster<Waverly Auto Exp Co.
Stevens<Hush.
Lebenson<Finkelstein.
Opler Bros<Ceylon Cocoa, &c, Co.
Colonial Panama Hat Co<Cohen.
Kearns<McKeon.
Klaid<Pendleton.
Goldberg<Lorsch.
Marino<Faust, (2.)
Wolf<Koenigsberger
Lauro<Giampietre.
Feinberg<Greenberg.
Machcianski<Samotej
Superior Garment Co<Guggenheimer.
Kushner<Spielka.
Poller Bros<Abeles & Co, (2.)
Mulliner<Broome St Warehouse.
Rosenfeld<Rosenmein
Taylor<Keller.
Faibisy<Geissenhainer.
Talcott<Schwartz.
Hollister<Huselton.
Globe Holding Co<Nunnally.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Perlman<Tiedeman.
Nadelman<NY Rys.
Sachs<same.
Kaufman<42d St, &c, Ry.
Winkler<Goldberg.
Forman<Friedman.
Mendelson<N Y City Int Ry.
Laders<NY Rys.
Meltzer<Kush.
Greenberg<143 Forsyth St Co.
31st St Bldg Co<Eltoma Rty Co.
Reeder<Int R T.
Sanitary Brass Wks<Rubin & Marcus.
Kohn<NY Rys.
Elberger<Lawyers Mtge Co.
Hauben<Rosenbaum.
Manen<Weinberger.
Aristo Hosiery Co<Lichter.
Boylan<Butler.
Youngman<NY Rys.
Silver<same.
Eisenstein<same.
Gordon<Talmud Torah Tiphereth Jerusalem
Weinberg<NY Rys.
Engel<Black & White Cab Co.
Schumacher<same (2.)
Jacobs<NY Rys.
Silverstein<JG Auto Trucking Corp.
Wolf<Grand-Delancey Co.
Beluck<No. 970 Prospect Av.
Leipzig<Engel.
Landisy<Natanson.
Sipkin<Modern Cloak & Suit House.
Neudorf<Int R T.
Charnay<Esterson.
Farrell<Spear & Co.
Schreiber<Int R T.
Wright<NY Rys.
Bergen<Stein.
Brown<New Am Gas.
Myer<Arcuni.
Ehrlich<NY Rys.
Gunther<Cohen.
Klopstock & Co<Liebmen.
Same<Landes.
Oberman<Prud Cloak, &c, Co.
Romanoff<Moyer.
Murray<Carroll.
Cohen<Cohen.
Kalamazoo Corset Co<Sullivan.
Mischner<D H Shirt.
Kallchman<Dry Dock, &c, RR.
Soifer<Newman.
Green<Barrett.
Brown<Ward.
Fischer<Tekane Rty.
Kressel<Stuyvesant Auto Trading Co.
Murphy<Bahrenburg.
Cohen<Brinn.
Herzog<Friedberg.
Caggiano<3d Av RR.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Cohen<Molostowsky. Case on.
PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Feinstein<S. Blumenthal Co.
New England Woolen & Dress Goods Mills<Schaum.
Perlman<Golden.
Aaronson, Kaplan & Meirowitz<Baum.
Cirrincione<General Waist Co.
Gotham Pearl Button Works<Am D G Co.
Kupferman<Mirsky.
Lazarowitz<Sachs.
Forchheimer<Vierhaus.
Vidal & Co<V Hermane De Loos & Co.
Brauman<Lihirman.
Elevator Supplies Co<Ritz Realty Co.
Hammer & Co<Weinstein.
M L Waist Co<Gimbel Bros of N Y.
Noshpitz<Labowitz C Co.
Stern<Gen Platers Supply Co.
Thomas Co<Woods Const Co.
Watney<Dannen.
Burlington Silk Mills<Gerli.
Watson Mfg Co<Cole.
Mitchell<Mitchell.
Ver Eecke<Greenwich Sav Bank.
Healy & Co<Haggin.
Sabin & Duhlirer Co<Gordon Outer G Co.
Dorf<Ginsburg.
Normandy Waist Co<Insurance Co of NA.
Evans<Colum W Co.
Miller<Reuben.
Mutual Bag Co<Farmers Bag, &c, Co.
Penn Milk Prod Co<Harrison High Grade I C Co.
Diamond<US Red Co.
Gladstone<Wood Elec.
Lippe Cont Co<Fiscal Service Corp.
Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J.—Woolten<Berman—Phoenix Ingraham.
SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Monroe Clothes Shop, Inc<Hillman—Isaac F Russell.
SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Ehrlich<Waldron—Michael Maganis.
SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Van Campen<Appel—Theodore H. Ward.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Nathaniel A. Reichlin<Nathan S. Koplan—David B. Simpson. Frederick Lewisohn<E. M. K. Const. Co. et al.—William Chilvers. The Farmers Loan and Trust Co.<Max Rosen et al.—Samuel H. Hofstadter.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.
Nozzoline<Union Ry.
Kossover<So Blvd RR.
Cherno<Kalisky et al.
Stucky<Stucky.
Herdtfelder<Hertfelder.
Sesti<Sesti.
Diener<Cerf.
Donohue<Potter (2.)
People ex rel Wold<Hanson.
Re Rosedale Av.
Re Wilson Av.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.
Nicolle<Booth
Jacobson<Brody.
Vernora<same.
Campbell<Rosenfeld.
Paiitz<Duempleman, (2.)
White<Weigle.
King<Weinberger.
Metropolitan Elec Mfg Co<Woods, Inc.
Dragnoetty<Callan Bros, Inc.
D'Avola<Waltes Motor Van & Storage Co.
Marks<Lewandowski.
Wynne<Corona Prov.
Guestavino<Rock.
Y Sneiderwitz<Ehni.
H Sneiderwitz<same.
S Fox<Brunor.
L Fox<same.
Friedman<NY Rys.
Weingal<NY City Interborough Ry.
L Zelenko<Union Ry.
W Zelenko<same.
Hellman<Corona Prov.
King<Union Ry.

The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:
Abbenante<Union Ry.
McCarthy<Int R T.
Barchan<Grossman.
F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry.
J Skupinsky<same.
Hultgren<Union Ry.
Brilles<same.
Beatty<Peace.
Carey<NY C RR.
Rall<Neuman.
Rosenthal<Waltes Mot Van & Storage Co.
Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency.
L Rosenthal<Waltes Mot Van & Storage.
S Rosenthal<same.
Weber<Holsten.
Uszpalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co.
Verro<Union Ry.
Wolf<same.
Helt<Walworth Bros, Inc.
Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc.
Tuccitto<Union Ry.
Grace<Union Ry.
Nacheman<Hoolahan.
F Frey<Heyne.
M Frey<same.
O'Sullivan<same.
Goldstein<Union Ry.
Kruger<Goldberg.
Weingold<Wulfhop.
Silverblatt<Int R T.
Gaadia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital.
Kallman<Sanwick.
Brinn<Samuels.
O'Shea<Hobby.
Buschl<B H RR.
Phillips<Jacobs.
Buschl<B H RR.
Winkler<Union Ry.
Cotter<Burns Bros.
Rose<So Blvd RR.
Beyrodt<Lyon.
McGuire<C A Sigmond Realty Co.
Bastone<CNY.
Toots<Sigal.
Elsler<So Blvd RR.
Lopota<Int R T.
Greenblatt<same.
Stringle<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc.
J Fanelli<Ferguson.
N Fanelli<same.
Maurer<Gimbel Bros.
Schoenfelder<NY Rys

Highest number reached in regular order, 2183.
PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.
Inq—Seneca Dist Co<Elsesser.
Flanagan<Siegel.
Deltzian<Pentel.
Pepe<Union Ry.
Siegel<Union Ry.
Rosenbolz<Int R T.
Burdman<Schein.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cudlip<Bolling.
Mulligan<Kelly.
Eisenbrock<Eisenbrock.
Coombs<Coombs.
Bedford<Bedford.
Lang<Bloomingdale Bros.
Zoberg<Zoberg.
Van Kleeck, Jr<Minneker, (2.)
Haber<Liberatti.
Mannino<Brady & Gloe.
Schacht<Goldfarb.
Liebowitz<Solomon & Horace Rty Co.
Reed<Reed.
Incorvaia<Biaggino.
Collins<O'Donohue.
Re Arena.
Polglase<Polglase (2)
Pell<Pell.
De Lett<3d Av Ry.
Seifart<same.
N Cohen<Manhattan Sand Co.
I Cohen<same.
Chinman<NY & L I Traction Co.
Prestofilippo<NY & Queens Co Ry.
De Lisa<Richmond Ice Co.
Tietze<Tietze.
Abramson<Abramson
Selwitz<Kaplan.
Moorcroft<Dressler Tunnel Ovens.
Ingold<Ingold.
Flaherty<Haggin.
Collins<Rechnitz.
US Title Guar Co<Lavine.
Matles<Meier.
Re Clearman.
So Bklyn Sav & Loan Assn<Nathan.
Hilyard<Young.
Nassau Beekman Inv Co<Hurley.
Brown<66 Rty Corp.
Amelia<Compania Real Estate Co.
Title Guar & Trust Co<Denton.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.
Liftchild<Liftchild.
Bess-Mar Rty Co<Capell.
Kanter<Kromback.
Aherns<Parker.
Stern<Shea.
Goldberg<Goldberg.
Feldman<Feldman.
Weinberg<Weinberg.

The remaining cases marked ready on the call of the calendar of Jan. 27, 1919, will be added to this day calendar for trial from day to day as the above cases are disposed of.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.
Newman<Bennett.
Winslow<B, Q Co & S RR.
Talmud<NY Rys.
Aaserson<CNY.
Furgerson<Sayre.
People<Hart.
Halperin<Barratt.
Boyle<NY Con RR.
Fenning<Laskas & ano
Hogarty<Nassau RR.
Applebome<Sheffield Farms Co.
O'Neill<B H RR & ano
Carroll<Kovacs.
Kiernan<Union Rys.
Goldstein<same.
Soper<Nason.
Breslin<B H RR.
Barbera<Grant Bldg.
Radden<Van Pelt.
Bainbridge<Schneider & ano.
Clark<CNY.
Maloney<same.
Holmes<Walters.
De Caro<Biaggino.
McKeon<Bristol, Myers Co.
Dougherty<Grant et al
Incorvario<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
Texier<Int R T.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.
Lind<Miata & ano.
U S Title Guar Co<Burroughs.
Marsh<Barrett.
Rintz<Irgens.
Roberts<Nas RR.
Marino<Kennedy Const'n Co.
Lucchi<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
Gibbs<Factory Prod.
Campbell<Rooney & another.
Mistroff<Gengel.
Wolf<Reilis.
Donovan<Manzella & Son Co.
Lopes<Nassau RR.
Locasto<Scherer.
Imperato<Houston.
Wilcox<McNeil.
Loeff<Mangea.
Ritscher<CNY.
Van Der Velden<Nassau RR.
Kasofsky<N Y Cons RR.
Ambrosino<Barbuto & another.
Carannante<same.
Nechamkus<Texas Co and another.
Shimsky<Roth & ano.
Gatto<Feinblatt and another.
Compagna<McQuade Stevedoring Co.
Uman<Wiener.
Stichnote<Servus Pure Food Co.
Kreigenhofer<same.
Dalton<Erie RR.
Carioni<Clark & Son.
Coyle<Pfister.
Benjamin<Kohlemeyer and another.
Malcolm<Crimmins Contracting Co.
Mascarino<Overseas Shipping Co.
Meyer<N Y Rys.
Chiaramonte<Hornstein et al.
Kimmelman<NY, NH & H RR.
Pulea<Friends Academy of L I.
Lombardo<same.
Ellis<Duffy-Mott Co.
Bucca<Auditore Stevedoring Co.
Feeney<Rosevear.
Malady and another<McGovern.
Pino<McQuade Stevedoring Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6604.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Mary Nagel,
Theresa Costello,
Resetta Mendo,
Annie Rowan.
Administration of:
John Schultz.
Accountings of:
Julia Brown,
Patrick McCann,
Otto Leon,
Francis O'Brien,
Chas Bressler.
Frank Vogel,
Albert Moore,
Peter Moran,
Patk O'Neill,
Adolph Arnhelter,
Gerdt Gerken,
Theodore Crohen.
Estates of:
Margaret Chatfield,
Martha Mants,
Dorothy Eppig,
Benjamin O'Connell.

County Court.

PART IV., May, J.; PART V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.
Isaacson<Rumpf.
Weisberg<Kenney.
Barsohi<Wolf.
Zimarine<Nassau Elec RR.
Stone<Brockman.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.
McDonald<B H RR et al.
O'Beirne<same.
Smith<Marks, Lissberger & Son, Inc.
Andujar<Fleming.
Fullam<NY Con RR.
Marfa<Brahy & Ravenswood Paper Mills, Inc.
Archer<Enoch.
Cuppinger<Borden's Farm Prod Co.
Tyler<B H RR Co.
Muller<Titus.
Davis, as admr, &c<Eastern Dist Piece and Dye Works.
Healy<N Y & Q Co Ry
Andujar<Fleming.
Craven<N Y & Cons R R Co.
Smith<Nas Elec RR.
Halle<N Y Oversea Co

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call.
Walsh<Int R Trans.
Minard<N Y Cons RR.
Manning<same.
Holberg<Hoobs.
Barz, an infant<Larson.
Johnson, an infant<N Y & L I Traction Co et al.
Traeger, an infant<same.
Stuart<L I RR.
Balena<Nas Elec RR.
Karlesen<Lorraine Hotel Co.
Harris<Berlin.
Lattanzio, as admr<Sanacori.
Filan<Lias.
Holub<Private Auto Rental Service.
Kruger<Orgas.
Brush<Cranford, Inc.
Cerny, an infant<Wilson & English Const Co.
Bryant<Krauss.
Eggebrecht<N Y & N Shore Traction Co.
Coyle<Int R T Co.
Delehanty<Raven.
Bose<Dressing.
Smith<Von Blucher.
Rini<Samuels.
Magee, as guardian<Kalbach, as receiver, &c.

Highest number reached on general calendar is 2671.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10:45 A. M. For the hearing of motions and ex parte business. Motions notice for the 28th are adjourned to the 29th.

Surrogate's Court.

AT WHITE PLAINS—Slater, S.
Wills for probate:
Babette Schwahn,
John Miller.
Executor's acctg:
Daniel O'Day.
Administ'r's acctg:
Albert J Doty,
David Doherty.
Compulsory acctg:
John Carroll.
Motions:
Robert P Bayles,
Fannie Sachs,
Wm Crossman Lee.

Education Notes.

Commencement exercises of P. S. 119, 257 West 133d Street, will be held at 10 A. M. today.

The commencement at St. Nicholas School, P. S. 10, Boys', 117th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, will be held at 9 A. M. tomorrow.

The School and College Committee of the City College Club has been directed to cooperate with the Board of Education's committee now considering teachers' salaries.

Beginning Feb. 3 the Fordham University School of Law, located in the Woolworth Building, will resume afternoon sessions.

Professor Leigh Hunt will speak on "Corot, Millet, and Rousseau" at the City College in Doremus Lecture Hall at 4:15 P. M. today. Professor Samuel Baldwin will speak on "Beethoven and Expression in Music" at 4:15 P. M. This course is given in the great hall of the college.

The Board of Examiners announces examinations for promotion licenses to teach in the grades of the last two years in elementary schools, to be held Feb. 24 and again in September. Candidates will be required to take but one academic paper instead of a major and minor subject as heretofore. An official announcement of this examination will be issued to all schools within a few days.

The preparation of the eligible list for appointment as teacher-clerk in elementary schools is announced. Candidates will be admitted to this examination who will have completed a year of service in school office work not later than June 30 next. Experience as a clerical worker under the substitute's license in the administration office of the Board of Education will be accepted as experience in school office practice. The age limit has been fixed at 40, but is not to be applied to those already entered upon service as substitute additional teacher. The salary runs from $600 to $1,200, by annual increase of $50. Applications should be filed at the offices of the Board of Examiners not later than Feb. 1. The written and oral tests will be held Monday thereafter.

Applications are invited for license as teacher of training in high schools on the following subjects: Accounting and business practice, biology, chemistry, economics, elocution, English, French, history, mathematics, physics, Spanish, and stenography and typewriting, (Gregg or Pitman.) Application should be filed in proper form not later than Jan. 31. The examinations will probably be held during the following week. Teachers in training receive $2 a day. Successful experience as teacher in training will be accepted toward meeting the qualification of experience in teaching required of applicants for license as assistant (i. e. regular,) teacher in high schools. The examination will consist of an oral test in the applicant's specialty, and a rating of the applicant's personality, including use of English.

The Retirement Board will meet at 4 P. M. today in Room 710, Municipal Building.

The Stuyvesant Evening Trade School announced yesterday courses in estimating for printers and typography for advertisers, which are given on Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7:30. Courses in proofreading and printers' English are given on Monday and Wednesday evenings at 7:30. Application for admission should be made at the office of the Principal, Fifteenth Street, near First Avenue.

At the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers a free thirty-hour course in educational measurements will be offered to teachers in New York City. The course will be given on Tuesdays from 4 to 5:30 P. M., beginning Tuesday, Feb. 3. Registration in advance is not required.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments to take effect 8 A. M., Jan. 29. Patrol. assigned as Corporals in precincts indicated: 12th Insp. Dist., Daniel Kinane, 74; John Sweeney, 74; C. A. Timony, 76; G. F. Haggerty, 78; J. J. Crowley, 79; D. F. Cashman, 74; M. F. Davey, 76; P. J. Murnane, 76; Patrick Kennedy, 79; C. F. Walsh, 79; G. G. Busweiler, from 74th to 78th; O. S. Anderson, from 79th to 78th.

Temporary Assignments — Patrol. George Heck, 116th, assigned to day tour and excused from reserve, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1. From precincts indicated to 3d Insp. Dist. in front of alleged disorderly hotels, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1: William Wiist, 31; John McCormack, 37; Jacob Sayler, 31. From precincts indicated to 6th Insp. Dist. in front of alleged disorderly hotels, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1: Frank Shoemaker, 36; Michael McGuirk, 38; P. J. Reilly, 38; Thomas Madigan, 43; Frederick Wottrich, 36; J. S. Oberhous, 38; J. J. Garrigan, 42.

Leave of Absence, (Without Pay)—Patrm. C. E. DeLancy, 83d, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Jan. 28.

Fire Department.

Change of temporary detail—while on sick report, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 28: Fireman 1st Grade Peter Markey, Hose Co. 6, to 10th Div. for theatre duty, to Eng. 205 for light duty.

The members of the Department Band will report to Fireman A. J. Muir at the 12th Regiment Armory, Columbus Av. and 62d St., Manhattan, at 9:30 A. M., Wednesday, Jan. 29, for practice: C. W. Roe, Jr., Eng. 12; J. T. Foote, Eng. 18; William Dehnert, Eng. 19; Joseph Miller, Eng. 26; Ralph Bornholz, Eng. 36; H. M. Beckett, Eng. 46; J. F. Casey, Eng. 54; Edward Van Gallera, Eng. 55; C. A. Widmer, Jr., Eng. 68; H. G. Stein, Eng. 71; William Klein, Eng. 72; William Clancy, Eng. 74; J. J. D'Asevedo, Eng. 76; E. A. Dammeyer, Eng. 92; W. F. Gallagher, Eng. 213; T. P. Murray, Eng. 217; F. Ergenzinger, Eng. 237; C. G. Fendt, Eng. 233; E. J. Donovan, Eng. 242; J. J. O'Keefe, Eng. 248; W. F. Hickey, Eng. 249; F. M. Munn, Eng. 250; C. A. Spangenberg, Eng. 254; Joseph Burns, Eng. 256; Edward Knapp, Eng. 258; H. B. Escher, Eng. 262; P. J. Metzger, Jr., Eng. 277; E. A. Woolley, Eng. 292; A. T. Cole, Eng. 293; P. G. Hettrich, Eng. 295; John Schifferdecker, Eng. 298; Walter Hoffman, H. & L. 2; J. J. Schoppmeyer, H. & L. 22; J. A. Unrath, H. & L. 26; L. M. Burger, H. & L. 30; A. J. Muir, H. & L. 34; R. C. Fraser, H. & L. 80; W. V. Werner, H. & L. 107; William Seymour, H. & L. 111; W. H. Brener, H. & L. 112; Charles Charous, H. & L. 117; George Olsen, H. & L. 124; G. L. Lachat, Jr., H. & L. 126; N. J. Bruno, H. & L. 128; C. G. Brown, H. & L. 137; Herman Brenner, H. & L. 140; George Beck, H. & L. 146.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect 8 A. M. on dates specified, they having been honorably discharged from the army: Jan. 30, Fireman 3d grade C. E. Kerrigan, Eng. 14; Feb. 1, Fireman 4th grade J. H. Scanlon, H. & L. 29.

Transfers, to take effect at 8 A. M. Jan. 28: Lieuts. Charles Rieth, H. & L. 29, to H. & L. 48; Michael Seelinger, H. & L. 48, to H. & L. 29; Engineers of Steamer W. H. Lyons, Eng. 9, to Eng. 4; Thomas Smith, Eng. 12, to Eng. 9; Firemen 1st grade G. W. Reilly, H. & L. 43, to H. & L. 7; Sebastian Bucher, Eng. 62, to Eng. 64; Andrew Thornton, Eng. 267, to Eng. 83; R. L. Dawson, Eng. 55, to Eng. 276; ununiformed Fireman Timothy Gately, Eng. 28, to Eng. 44.

Detail, to take effect at 8 A. M. Jan. 28: Ununiformed Fireman Edward Maher, Eng. 229, to the Fire Commissioner as chauffeur.

PROHIBITION!

THE HOUSE OF HENRY HOLLANDER, established for nearly half a century and recognized as one of the leading wholesale importing firms in this country, is conducting a

WINE VAULT CLEARANCE

Preparatory to closing business on June 30th, when nation-wide prohibition becomes effective

We offer famous Vintage Champagnes, such as Pol Roger, 1904, 1906, 1909; Clicquot 1906, etc.; Brandies, Burgundies, Clarets, Rhine and Moselle Wines, Ports, Sherries, Cordials and Gins, and Scotch, Bourbon and Rye Whiskies. They represent the great reserve stocks imported and carried for our discriminating wholesale trade.

We also have large quantities of the more popular Wines, Gins, Brandies, Cordials and Whiskies, Cased and in Bulk.

Though we still offer a broad selection, the finer goods are being rapidly bought up.

An early inspection of the stocks is invited.

If not convenient to visit our establishment, telephone or telegraph for our representative, who will bring complete information and price lists.

HENRY HOLLANDER

Importers of Wines and Whiskies for the Connoisseur.

ESTABLISHED 1877

Telephone: Greeley 3218-3219 149-151 West 36th St. (Just West of B'way.)

SEEK TO CONCILIATE MILLS AND WORKERS

Reconstruction Commission Hopes to Avert Conflict in Textile Industry.

AFFECTS 40,000 IN STATE

Employment of Discharged Soldiers and Tunnel to New Jersey Also Up for Consideration.

The Governor's Reconstruction Commission began work yesterday on several problems that are pressing for early solution, the most important of which is the alleviation of the conditions confronting the textile industry in the central part of New York State, where 40,000 workers will be thrown out of work on Feb. 3 if present plans are carried out. The problem of the unemployed discharged soldiers in New York City, who have come from other parts of the country, will also be taken under consideration early this week, and on Saturday the Committee on Education, of which Dr. Felix Adler is Chairman, will hold its first meeting to consider the administration of the Slater military training law and related educational questions.

The Governor yesterday presented another problem to the commission. He desires it to inquire into the merits of a proposition to build a tunnel for vehicles under the Hudson River to connect New York City with New Jersey. The commission will determine the relative advantages to the two communities, the proportionate amounts which they should bear, and the feasibility of financing the project if the desirability of building it is determined upon.

In the various reports which come to the commission from the centres of the textile industry, the manufacturers contend that there is not enough work to keep the employes in their jobs, and that, therefore, they must be released, whereas the workers hold that they are now entitled to the eight-hour day, which was promised to them during the war, and declare that on and after Feb. 3 they will work only eight hours. The Committee on Industrial Problems, of which V. Everit Macy is Chairman and Charles P. Steinmetz is Acting Chairman, and the Committee on Unemployment, of which John G. Agar is Chairman, will hold a joint meeting in Albany next Thursday to take evidence and to hear testimony in the case. The inquiry will be conducted by Abram I. Elkus, Chairman of the commission, and if it is found necessary, will be continued in other parts of the State.

Labor Leader Makes Statement.

With reference to these labor troubles, John Golden, President of the Textile Workers of America, said yesterday that the workers are not contemplating a strike, but that the plan was for every worker to work no more than eight hours on Feb. 3. "This plan," he said, "was adopted at a meeting of representatives of the Textile Workers of America last November. Our fight is for the forty-eight-hour week as against the fifty-four-hour week, for which the State textile manufacturers are fighting. The order will be nation-wide; however, the part of New York State that will be principally affected will be the region around Utica and Cohoes, where there are large knit goods and silk and cotton plants."

The Committee on Demobilization and the Committee on Unemployment had planned yesterday morning to hold a joint meeting at 4 o'clock next Wednesday afternoon in the offices of the commission in the Hall of Records, to consider problems in connection with the unemployment of discharged soldiers who come from other cities, but are remaining in New York, but Mrs. Henry Moskowitz, Secretary of the commission, announced last night that the meeting will probably be postponed until later in the week.

Co-operation between the United States Employment Service and the Salvation Army, is solving some of the difficulties incident upon unemployment of soldiers in New York, it was announced yesterday. The Salvation Army has already provided hundreds of soldiers with jobs, has supplied many of them with civilian clothing, and has furnished funds to the impecunious ones so that they may pay the fare to their home towns. "The greatest difficulty," said an officer of the Employment Service, "is to take care of the men who are not residents of New York. They are being discharged here, but seem loth to return home. The bright lights of Broadway seem to attract them, they soon find themselves without money enough to travel, and then they apply for jobs here, when they should have left the city long ago."

EXTENDS TO NEW ENGLAND.

120,000 Workers There Join Movement for Eight-Hour Day.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 27.—The movement of the United Textile Workers of America for an eight-hour day, beginning next Monday, was extended today to approximately one-half the mill industry in New England. The mills in the industrial centres that have joined in the demand employ more than 120,000 workers, and the movement is spreading. Each of the several organizations to which the proposition has ben submitted has accepted it. These include branches of the American Federation of Labor, the United Textile Workers of America, the International Loomfixers' Association, the International Wool Sorters' Union, and the Local Joint Textile Councils.

In some instances the mill owners have made no answer to the demands of the workers, but wherever there has been a reply it has been a refusal. W. Frank Shove, President of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers, announced a few days ago that representatives of that organization, of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, and of the Silk Association of America were agreed that the demand should be rejected, and it was stated today that this announcement covered the present position of the organizations which represent the manufarturers in New England.

The situation has ben complicated by the fact that many mills are working only thirty or forty hours a week, owing, it is said, to the uncertainty of market conditions in raw materials and the lack of orders. In some of these cases the workers have decided not to press their demands at present, while in others they have decided that after working the equivalent of the new hours they will walk out and return the following week.

The reasons assigned by the manufacturers for not agreeing to the demands for shorter hours are given by William E. Sigley of Pawtucket, R. I. He says the time is inopportune because the standard cannot be made to apply to all sections of the country alike, and that it will result in the raising of prices to the consumer, thus making it impossible to compete with the foreign product.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

A west side deal which will lead to an early apartment operation was closed yesterday by Henry Claman, who purchased the four-story residence at 323 West Seventy-seventh Street, between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive, from Marie D. Bergh. It covers a plot 19 by 100.2 and was purchased last July. He now controls a plot frontage of thirty-eight feet. He is having plans prepared by Gronenberg & Leuchtag, architects, for erecting on the plot a six-story bachelor apartment house with studios, containing six small suites on each floor.

The Herman Arms Company was the broker in the sale.

Brown Resells on Northern Avenue.

The resale of 50 Northern Avenue, a five-story apartment house, by Frederick Brown, operator, to Joseph Schwartz for cash was closed yesterday. The structure occupies a plot 75 by 100 on the northwest corner of 179th Street, and was held at $125,000. M. I. Strunsky, negotiated the sale.

Buy Site for Big Fur Storage Building.

A. W. Miller & Co., sold for Julia S. Kirby, 237-243 West Twenty-seventh Street, four five-story tenements on a plot 83 by 65. This is the first sale of the property since 1851. The property was held at $110,000. The purchaser is M. Groh's Sons Inc., who operate the cold storage vaults at 238 and 250 West Twenty-eighth Street directly in the rear of the premises just sold. M. Groh's sons, Inc., purchased through the same brokers last month the adjoining property 245, 257, and 249 West Twenty-seventh Street from Wilbur C. Goodale being three four-story tenements on a plot 75 by 100. They had for years owned 251 West Twenty-seventh Street, giving them a total frontage of 173 feet in Twenty-seventh Street and 174 feet 6 inches in Twenty-eighth Street.

The buildings covering the Twenty-seventh Street frontage of 173 feet will be razed and there will be erected theron a twelve-story warehouse to be known as the Fur Merchants' Cold Storage Vaults and will be leased exclusively to the fur trade. Twenty-five per cent. of the space in the new building has already been contracted for by the large department stores of New York City.

Old Seventh Avenue Holding Sold.

Louis Schrag sold for the estate of John Smith the four-story building 237 Seventh Avenue, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Streets, to a client for cash. There has been no transfer of this property since 1859.

Tenement Deals.

The Levitan Corporation purchased from J. P. Boyland and M. Beckman 208 and 210 East 122d Street, two five-story tenements, each on a lot 25 by 100. Henry Weil negotiated the sale.

The Grassi Realty Company sold to an investor 9 and 11 West Ninety-seventh Street, a six-story apartment house, on a plot 50 by 100, held at $125,000. A. R. Lesinsky negotiated the sale.

$135,000 Waterfront Deal in the East Bronx.

Eugene A. Walsh has sold for F. Milton Welch, as owner, the waterfront property on the west side of 135th Street and Locust Avenue, consisting of approximately twenty-eight lots, with bulkhead in size about 161 by 448 feet, to the James H. Young Stone Company, Inc. The property, which is occupied as a lumber yard, was held at $135,000, and has been owned by the sellers for twenty-five years.

The same broker recently sold to Robert Grant, dealer in iron and steel, the entire block running from 135th to 136th Streets, Walnut Avenue, to the Connecting Railroad and the northerly half of the block to the east, running from Walnut to Locust Avenue, a plot 101 by 350, with a one-story building thereon. The purchasers of the waterfront property just sold were the owners of the one-story building on a plot 101 by 350 feet mentioned above, where they formerly maintained their stone business.

Upper Manhattan Deal.

Amalie A. and Charles H. J. Dilg sold to an investing client of Charles S. Kohler, Inc., the five-story new-law house, on plot 50 by 112.6, at the southwest corner of Pinehurst Avenue and 180th Street. The property rents for $10,266 per annum. It was held at $80,000. The sellers bought the property through the same brokers in September, 1917, from the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, which took it under foreclosure for mortgages aggregating $80,000.

Brooklyn.

The Clinton Trading Corporation sold to Michael J. Irwin the dwelling 578 Hunterspoint Avenue, Long Island City, on a plot about 25 by 111. J. K. Lundy was the broker in the transaction.

Queens Borough Sales.

The City Real Estate Company sold to E. Kmeale a plot with improvements, 100 by 200, on the south side of Cherry Street west of Prospect Avenue, Douglaston.

The Windsor Park Realty Company sold to I. Kassell a plot 60 by 100 on the west side of Culton Avenue, north of Sea Girt Avenue, Far Rockaway.

Westchester County.

Fish & Marvin sold for the John T. Brook Company its new house on Willard Avenue at Pelham Manor to Newton M. Argabrite of Manhattan. The property was held at $12,000.

A Recent Buyer.

Bernard Cransman, President of the J. G. Leasing Company, is the buyer of the six-story elevator apartment on the southwest corner of 111th Street and Seventh Avenue, sold last Saturday for the Guggenheimer estate.

Realty Notes.

Plans were filed for erecting a four-story warehouse at 233 to 235 West Thirty-sixth Street, a plot 42 by 98.9, by W. W. Hussey, as owner. The architect, G. Keister, places the cost at $75,000.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 93 Worth Street to Elbert F. Wilmerding.

The Bronx Market.

Cahn & Pittman, operators, and Philip Wattenberg resold to Bella Feurst, for investment, the five-story new-law apartment 938 East 163d Street, on a plot 50 by 112. The sellers recently purchased this property from the Benenson Realty Company. Harry H. Cohen negotiated the sale.

Williamson & Bryan sold for John Haffen to the First Baptist Church 685 to 595 Courtlandt Avenue, between 150th and 151st Streets, a four-story building, on a plot 65 by 100, known as Melrose Turn Hall.

J. Clarence Davies sold 726 Coster Street, 350 feet south of Hunts Point Avenue, a two-story detached brick dwelling, on a lot 25 by 77, to Louis H. Stoller.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

27th St, 242 West, s s, 210.5 ft e of 8th Av, 24.10x98.9, one and three story garage; M. F. Bitzer against R. J. Strout et al.; H. D. Holden, attorney; due, $16,662.48; to the plaintiff for $14,000.

103d St, 220 West, s s, 230 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, four-story tenement and stores; E. L. Jackson against J. M. B. Co. et al.; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; due, $8,720.62; taxes, &c., $285.27; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Grand Boulevard and Concourse, 3,191, w s, 243.2 ft s of Van Cortlandt Av, 25x78.6x25x78.1, two-story dwelling; Jenn Scott against W. F. Marowske et al.; Hirleman & V., attorneys; due, $1,834.84; taxes, &c., $157.50; to George Coburn for $3,350.

By George Price.

Briggs Av, 2,761, w s, 200 ft n of 196th St, 20x93.5x20x93.1, three-story dwelling; Commonwealth Savings Bank against Nathaniel B. Levin Co. et al.; G. H. Hyde, attorney; due, $7,589.57; taxes, &c., $601.25; to the plaintiff for $7,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, Jan. 27.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner of 101st St, 25.11x100; 121st St, 207 West, n s, 127 ft w of 7th Av, 16x100.11; West St, s e corner of Christopher St, 25.4x48x40.10x47.4; Christopher St, s s, 47.4 ft s of West St, 22.2x48x22.6x40.10; Christopher St, s s, 69.8 ft e of West St, 22x51.9x24.2x48; Greenwich St, n w corner of Fulton St, 47.6x23.5; Greenwich St, w s, 47.6 ft n of Fulton St, 40.8x34.9x47.6x44; Fulton St, n s, 23.5 ft w of Greenwich St, 17.9x47.6; John Glackner to John Glackner Realty Corp., 59 Cortlandt St, mtg $100,000 on fourth, fifth, and sixth parcels, Jan. 17; attorneys, White & Case, 14 Wall St.....$1

BRADHURST AV, s e corner 150th St, 99.11x25; City Sav. Bank of Brooklyn to S. Groden, 4,503 15th Av., Bklyn, b and s, c. a. g., Jan. 24, all liens; attorney, U. S. Title Guarantee Co., 32 Court St., Bklyn.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Groden to Werbe Realty Corp, 93 Meserole St, Bklyn; mtg $4,000, Jan. 24; attorney, same....$1

GOERCK ST, e s, 166.7 ft n of Rivington St, 25x98.10; Max and Jeanette Goldstein to Regina Goldstein, 122 East 120th St, ½ part, all liens, Jan. 18; attorney, Albert A. Weinstein, 189 Montague St, Brooklyn....$1

LUDLOW ST, 24, e s, 101.6 ft s of Hester St, 25x86; 295 Fifth Av Corp, to Jacob Salanter, 26 Market St, mtg $15,250, all liens, Jan. 22; attorney, Paul Abelson, 35 Nassau St.....$100

WEST END AV, s w corner 67th St, 90.5x100; Sophie Grossman to Hy. Grossman, 1,048 Bryant Av, all liens, Dec. 31; attorney, J. A. Seldman, 61 Park Row.....$1

2D AV, 174, n e corner of 11th St, 25.9x100; D. Weinstein to Sadie Opler, 1,634 47th St, Brooklyn, 1-3 part, b. and s., Jan. 25; attorney, Lewis Epstein, 63 Wall St.....$100

3D AV, 2,129, e s, 48 ft n of 116th St, 26x65; 3d Av, 2,133, e s, 100 ft n of 116th St, 26x100; Luke McDermott to Annette M. McDermott, 839 West End Av, mtg $30,000, Jan. 25; attorney, Jno H. Rogan, 145 Nassau St.....$1

4TH AV, n s, 114 ft w of Bowery, 90.10xx x irregular; David Weinstein to Sadie Opler, 1,634 47th St, Brooklyn, 1-3 part, b. and s., Jan. 25; attorney, Lewis Epstein, 63 Wall St.....$100

26TH ST, n s, 122 ft w of 8th Av, 26.6x98.9; Luke McDermott to Annette M. McDermott, 839 West End Av, Jan. 25; attorney, Jno H. Rogan, 145 Nassau St.....$1

40TH ST, s s, 225 ft e of 11th Av, 86x100.5; Mae Sifert to Ella F. Buckley, 275 West 91st St, all liens, Oct. 7, 1918; attorney, Jno J. Buckley, 233 Broadway.....$100

60TH ST, 234 West, s s, 400 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 24.7x100.5; J. Rosenzweig to Marianne Rosenzweig, 185 West 123d St, all liens, Jan. 17.....$100

71ST ST, 222 East, s s, 280 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.4, foreclosure Jan. 21, 1919; Herman Joseph, referee, to Charles P. Buckley, Tenafly, N. J., trustee; attorneys, P. P. & W. W. Buckley, 141 Broadway....$10,000

98TH ST, n s, 335 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; 98th St, n s, 225 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Katharine Stehlin to Caroline and Kath Stehlin, joint tenants, at Hotel Theresa, 7th Av and 125th St, Jan. 22; attorney, Samuel F. Swinburne, New Rochelle, N. Y. $1

112TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 89.7x25x irregular; Augusta E. Cohnfeld to Leora K. Russell, 2 Rector St, mtg $18,000, all liens, Jan. 25; attorney, Jno. Freiman, 1,878 7th Av.....$1

121ST ST, 207 West, n s 127 ft w of 7th Av, 16x100.11; Samuel Wolf to Jno G. Glackner, April 18, 1894; Attorneys, White & Case, 14 Wall St.....$1

130TH ST, 5 East, n s, 112.6 ft e of 5th Av, 18.9x99.11; Della Shongood to New York Colored Mission, 8 West 131st St, mtg $3,500, all liens, Jan. 27; attorney, Stephen W Collins, 40 Wall St.....$1

130TH ST, 111 West, n s, 170 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x99.11; Hy. Holding to Jas. E. Harrison, 111 West 130th St., mtg $10,500, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Jan. 27.....$1

144TH ST, n s, 50 ft w of 7th Av, 40x99.11; Gustave Hartman, referee, to Sam'l Grossner, 736 Riverside Drive, foreclosure, mtg $37,500, rerecorded from Jan. 2; attorney, Max Miller, 135 Broadway.....$6,500

Bronx.

BECK ST, 853, w s, 40x100; Freida Landes to Sarah Berend, 857 Beck St, mtg $82,000, Jan. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BRYANT AV, 1,536, e s, 25x100; Minnie M. Schaf to Samuel Sklar, 1,479 Washington Av, mtg $4,500, Jan. 20; attorney, C. S. Levy, 400 East 150th St.....$100

CAULDWELL AV, n w corner of 156th St, runs north 200x w 100x s 150x w 17.6x s 50x e 117.6; Armodo Building Co. to Julius H. Zieser, 665 Greene Av, Brooklyn, mtg $15,000, Sept. 20, 1918; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Julius H. Zieser to Arrow Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, Jan. 24; attorney, same.....$1

COSTER ST, 726, e s, 25x63.8x28x70.4; Moses P. Mulhall to Louis H. Stoller, 1,227 Wheeler Av, mtg $4,500, Jan. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

DARSEY ST, n w corner Hubbel St, 78.9x21.4x81x21.4; also 1st St, n s, 125 ft w of Washington Av, runs n 119.6x w 25x n 25x w 25x s 100.5 to Brook Av x s e 61.2x e 13.4; Clara J. Moshler et al. to Rice Estates, Inc., 889 East 154th St, June 21, 1918; attorney, J. Kodel, 870 East 149th St..$100

EAST three-fourths Lot 180, map of Unionport, 75x108; Thomas F. White Co. to May Schroder, 302 West 95th St, Jan. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

HUGHES AV, 2,384, e s, 25x87.6; Marietta Ciampoli to Adelina Marinucci, 2,384 Hughes Av, Jan. 24; attorney, Adelina Marinucci, 2,384 Hughes Av.....$1

LACONIA AV, centre line, extended from centre line of 227th St to a s of land of George Briggs, —x—; Ferrstar Corporation to Effingham L. Schieffelin et al., 2,101 Broadway, Jan. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

LOT 95, Map 1, South Vernon Park; Becker-Scarson Co. to Mamie Becker, 4,704 White Plains Road, mtg $12,000, Jan. 17; attorney, A. Leventhal, 261 Broadway.....$100

LOT 179, map of L. Spencer; Wallace Gilbert to Arthur W. Lawson, 320 West 42d St, mtg $195, Jan. 24; attorney, Arthur W. Lawson, 320 West 42d St.....$1

LOTS 73, 74, 201, 227, and 228; Philip A. McQuade to Ellen E. McQuade, Hotel Bellclaire, 77th St. and Broadway, Jan. 25, 1914; attorneys, Reeves & T., 165 Broadway...$1

LOTS 227 and 228, map of Hunt's Point estates; Ellen E. McQuade to Dora H. Demuth, 600 West End Av, Jan. 17; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St.....$1

POPLAR ST, 2,528, s s, 25.2x112.11; Angela S. Fippinger to Louis Kessler, 2,528 Poplar St, and another, Sept. 6, 1918; attorney, Louis Kessler, 2,528 Poplar St.......$100

RICHARDSON AV, e s, 168 ft s of 237th St, 72x100; also 154th St, n s, 300 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 50x100; also 154th St, n s, 350 ft e of Courtlandt Av, 25x100; Clara J. Moshler et al. to Rice Estates Inc., 389 East 154th St, June 21, 1918; attorney, J. Kodel, 870 East 149th St.....$100

SIMPSON ST, 1,061, w s, 38x irregular; also 1434 St, s s, 100 ft e of College Av, 50x100; Sedge Morris Realty Co. to Esther Horowitz, 931 Fox St, mtgs $63,000, Jan. 23; attorney, W. P. Barker, 27 William St..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Esther Horowitz to Maryland Casualty Co., 100 William St, Jan. 23; same attorney.....$100

TAYLOR AV, 1,243, w s, 25x100; Sophia Vielberth to Minnie B. Vielberth, 1,243 Taylor Av, mtg $2,000, Nov. 7, 1912; attorney, M. B. Vielberth, 1,243 Taylor Av.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, n w corner of 163d St, 12.3x100; Clara J. Moshler et al. to Rice Estates, Inc., 389 East 154th St, June 21, 1918; attorney, J. Kodel, 370 East 149th St.....$100

145TH ST, s s, 150 ft west of St. Ann's Av, 24.6x99.9; Sedge Morris Realty Co. to Esther Horowitz, 931 Fox St, Jan. 23; attorney, W. P. Barker, 27 William St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Esther Horowitz to Maryland Casualty Co., 100 William St, Jan. 23; same attorney.....$100

137TH ST, 318 and 321 East, n s, 33.4x100; Helene Wegner to Henry Haffen, 306 East 163d St, Jan. 21; attorney, Henry Haffen, 306 East 163d St.....$100

165TH ST, 266 East, s s, 86.9x80; Dollar Savings Bank to K & R Construction Co., 35 Nassau St., Jan. 10; attorneys, MacKeller & G., 43 Cedar St.....$100

169TH ST, s s, 19 ft w of Stebbins Av, 19.6x80; Sparta Realty Co. to Frank L. Norris, 265 Murray Av, Mamaroneck, N. Y., mtg $3,500, Jan. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$100

172D ST, w s, 100 ft s of Boston Road, 50x100; Elizabeth Munnich to Munnich Realty Co., 479 Gramaton Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Jan. 4; attorney, J. Kodel, 870 East 149th St.....$100

172D ST, 947 East, n s, 25x irregular; Sans Stamer to Nathan Stuthman, 4,496 Vyse Av, mtg $8,500, Jan. 11; attorney, N. Stuthman, 947 East 172d St.....$100

235TH ST, 128 East, s s, 25x100; John Davis, referee, to Louisa D. Rostenberg, 152 East 179th St, Jan. 24; attorney, Samuel Betterman, 809 Broadway.....$6,400

Frederic Kernochan, as comm., to J. Frederic Kernochan and another, as comms.; attorney, Henry F. Miller, 44 Pine St....$1

188TH ST, 923 East; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BRADHURST AV, s e corner of 150th St, 99.11x25, P. M., Jan. 24; Samuel Groden to City Savings Bank of Brooklyn, 1 Lafayette Av, Brooklyn, Feb. 1, 1922, 5½ p. c.; attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co., 32 Court St, Brooklyn.....$4,000

Madison Av, 945, e s, 87 ft s of 75th St, 16.8x100, Jan. 27; William J. Pulley to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due and mtg as per bond.....$10,000

PARK AV, 1,083-7, e s, 25.2 ft n of 88th St, 55.11x82.2, Jan. 27; Julia A. Smith to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Broadway, 6 years, 5½ and 6 p. c., equal lien with pr mtg $38,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$7,000

9TH AV, 236, e s, 74 ft n of 24th St, 24.8x100, Jan. 21; Tillie Metzger to Jacob Rosenthal, 448 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, demand 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lind & Pfeiffer, 46 Cedar St.....$2,500

47TH ST, 314 West, s s, 225 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.5, Jan. 27; Phelps Holding Corporation to Annie G. Hood, at Rindge, N. H., 3 years, 6 p. c., pr mtg $14,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$4,000

124TH ST, 124-26 East, s s, 265 ft e of Park Av, 50x100.11, Jan. 23; John H. and Jerry M. Cara to Stephen C. Millett et al., trustees, Brookville, N. Y., due Jan. 26, 1924, 5½ p. c., pr mtg $30,000; attorney, E. R. Otteman, 71 Broadway.....$8,000

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, 1,536, e s, 25x100; Samuel Sklar to Minnie M. Schaf, Essex, Conn., prior mtg $4,500, Jan. 24, 5 years, 6 p. c., attorney, C. S. Levy, 400 East 150th St, ...$1,700

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, e s, being Lot 95, Map 1, South Vernon Park; Mamie Becker to Becker-Scalson Co., 487 White Plains Road, Jan. 17, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Leventhal, 261 Broadway.....$7,800

168TH ST, s s, 30 ft w of Morris Av, 36.9x80; K. & R. Construction Co. to Dollar Savings Bank, 2,737 3d Av, Jan. 10, due Dec. 1, 1928; attorneys, Mackeller & G., 43 Cedar St.....$17,000

169TH ST, s s, 19 ft w of Stebbins Av, 19.6x80; Frank L. Norris to Harry Cohn, 2,540 Grand Av, and another, Jan. 25, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

PITT ST, 129; Hattie W. Goodheart to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St. Int. of $10,000

86TH ST, 167 East; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to William W. Strasse, 255 West 90th St; attorney, A. L. Strasse, 27 William St.....$18,000

181ST ST, 728 to 738 West; Malex Realty Corporation to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, and another; attorney, Frederick Lese, 85 Nassau St.....$100

Bronx.

3D AV, n w corner 170th St, 57.10x91.7x—x 87.9; Maxwell Henry to Lanzner & Kahn, Inc., 600 West 181st St; attorneys, McLaughlin & S., 15 William St.....$3,050

138TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Lincoln Av, two lots, each 25x100, two assignments; J.

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 50, north store, part cellar and space 7x14 on third floor; Atlantic Garden Realty Corp. to Joseph Kaplan, 216 West 16th St, 6 years from May 1, 1918; address Louis Kaplan, 331 West 27th St.....$1,800

FORSYTH ST, 80, all; Congregation Torah Im. Aushel Ratzk Umate Levi to the Congregation Achel Grodna Aushel Sopotkin, 87 Eldridge St., 5 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Samuel O. David, 140 Nassau St.....$900

LEWIS ST, 189, stable; Eva Stern to Samuel Schwartz, 358 East 8th St, 5 years, from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Harry L. Ettinger, 140 Broadway.....$2,800

PARK AV, 1,881-83, n e corner 128th St, all; Henry H. Cording and another, executors, to Progressive Grocery Stores, on the premises, 3 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, V. Viett Place, 16 8th Av.....$4,800

1ST AV, 2,280, store; Frank Gallotta to Alfonso Tocco, on the premises, 6 8-12 years, from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Le Curto F. di Micela, 241 East 108th St.....$480

2D AV, 910, store, floor and bakery; Moritz Mandel to Samuel H. Meyerowitz, 426 East 86th St, and another, 3 years from Feb. 1, 1919, 3 years renewal; attorney, S. Vrabel, 309 Broadway.....$780

14TH ST, 283 East, store and basement; Samuel Schall to Abraham and David Sokal, 314 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, 3 11-12 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, I. I. Steinberg, 41 Park Row.....$1,080

14TH ST, 233 East, basement store; Betti Muller to Samuel Schall, on the premises, 8 years, from Jan. 1, 1920; attorney, Daniel Friedman, 309 Broadway.....$1,080

Bronx.

WEBSTER AV, 2,593, n w corner of 193d St, store; Joseph Albris to Josef Friedrich, 2,593 Webster Av, 10 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, A. A. Deffaa, 2,013 3d Av.....$1,800 to $2,520

WILLIS AV, 314, store, &c.; Peter Goide to Maurice Wolfart, 314 Willis St, and another, 6 years from May 1, 1919, Jan. 8; attorney, R. E. Bergman, 560 Willis Av, ...$1,800

148TH ST, 448 East, all; Henry Frank, Jr., to Arden Manufacturing Corporation, 450 East 148th St, 1 1-12 years from Feb. 1, 1919, privilege 2 years' renewal; attorney, Arden Manufacturing Corporation, 450 East 148th St.....$2,400

191ST ST, 558 East, all; New York Eastern Realty Co. to Damenncar Tangredi, 558 East 191st St, 4 months from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, D. Tangredi, 558 East 191st St, ...$258

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MADISON AV, 514; Joseph Sobel against Annette Villars, owner; Victoria Building Co., contractor.....$200

Bronx.

JEROME AV, 3,122-3,124-3,136; William Shapiro against Leonie Scruton or estate of Lawrence E. Crane, by Alexander Crane, representative, owners; Patrick H. Kennedy, contractor.....$123.25

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

47TH ST, 257 and 259 WEST; Vincent Valentine Contracting Co. against Francis X. O'Connor et al; Jan. 11, 1919....$1,000

Bronx.

JACKSON AV, 445; Bass & Grassmuck against Frank Laterse et al.; Jan. 26, 1917.....$150

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

MANHATTAN AV, n e corner 101st St, 27.10x145x irregular; Howard B. Vennote, trustee, against N. Y. Medical College and Hospital for Women, foreclosure of mtg; attorney, I. N. Williams.

7TH ST, 215 and 215½ East; Lawyers Mortgage Co., against Meyer Edelstein et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorneys, Gary, C. & Carroll.

47TH ST, 257 and 259 West; Vincent Valentine Contracting Co. against Francis X. O'Connor et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorneys, Menken Bros.

60TH ST, 137 East; Charles Butterworth against Frank E. Winston et al., action to foreclose mechanics' liens; attorney, A. Grometstein.

63D ST, n s, 397.6 ft w of 9th Av, 16.9x100.5; Julia Van Vorst against Belle P. Collins et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, W. Rasquin, Jr.

124TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11; Alfred J. Johnson against S. Susby Allen et al., foreclosure of mtg; attorney, W. P. Burr.

Bronx.

162D ST, n s, 90 ft e of Webster Av, 100x100; Mary B. Slovin against Jay Tee Dee Holding Co., Inc.; foreclosure of mtg; attorney, M. J. Mulqueen.

224TH ST, 716 East; Robert Accoral against Luciano E. Pilla, notice of levy, &c.; attorney, G. N. De Luca.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—MILTON A. RAUH, Plaintiff, against ISAAC REUBENSTONE and others, Defendants.—Clerk's index number 13,880, year 1918.

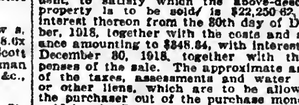
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the second day of January, 1919, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: "All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and bounded and described as follows:

"BEGINNING at a point in the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street, distant one hundred and one (101) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Lexington Avenue with the said northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; running thence northerly parallel with Lexington Avenue one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence westerly, parallel with One Hundred and Twelfth Street, twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches; thence southerly parallel with Lexington Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; thence easterly along the said last-mentioned line twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches to the point or place of beginning. Being known as No. 125 East One Hundred and Twelfth Street."

LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.

MILTON DAMMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 125 East 112th Street:



The approximate amount of the mortgage debt, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $22,250.62, with interest thereon from the 30th day of December, 1918, together with the costs and allowance amounting to $348.84, with interest from December 30, 1918, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $629.00 and interest.

Dated, New York, January 8, 1919.

LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Trustee's Sale.—S. S. "ARLINGTON."

Notice is hereby given that, by an order of the above-named Court, the undersigned Trustee, under the provisions of Sections 4283, 4284, and 4285 of the U. S. R. S., will sell at public auction on Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 1 P. M. o'clock, the S. S. "Arlington," her tackle, apparel, furniture, etc., sale to take place on board said S. S. "Arlington" where she now lies, on the shores of Greenwood Lake, New York, where she can be seen and inspected.

Dated, January 25th, 1919.

EDWARD L. OWEN, Trustee.

Machine Shop For Sale

The property of the undersigned, who has been engaged in the manufacture of 155 Millimeter Common Steel Shell. Offers will be received for the entire property on which there is no mortgage or encumbrance.

This consists of a machine shop and about seven and one-half acres of land located on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, on Clyde Avenue, Buffalo, having a spur track on each side of the building. The land is fenced. The main building is single story, well lighted and in good condition, of stone construction, 80 feet x 300 feet, a stone addition thereto, 30 feet x 200 feet and a frame addition, 88 feet x 304 feet, together with other outbuildings, among which are a restaurant and time and employment office.

This is a modern plant with a low tax rate and cheap electric power. The equipment consists of electric motors and transformers, air compressors, boilers and heating system, high class tool room equipment, office fixtures and furnishings, belting, shafting and hangers, furnaces, lathes, boring mills, drill presses, grinders, pumping and conveyor systems, benches, special machinery, etc., all being in good operating condition.

The property is open to inspection and may be seen by applying at the premises. Any offer made must have the approval of the Ordnance Department before acceptance.

J. J. CARRICK, INC.,
Clyde Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.
Telephone—Crescent 176.

7th Ave.—Pennsylvania Station

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STOCK EXCHANGE MOVEMENTS.
Some of the influences that are causing fluctuations in Wall Street discussed in The Annalist this week. Published by The New York Times Company. On news stands, 10 cents—$4.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

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Approximately 5,500 Sq. Ft., from Feb. 1st.
$8,500
ALSO A FEW DESIRABLE OFFICES ON UPPER FLOORS.
N. A. BERWIN & CO.
on Premises. Tel. Vanderbilt 4452.

LOFTS FLOORS OFFICES BASEMENTS **COLUMBUS CIRCLE**
1845-1847 BROADWAY NEAR 60th St.
Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rent
L. MILLER & SONS. 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 4234

30 IRVING PLACE
Southeast Corner 16th Street.
Most Accessible Location in New York.
Close to Subway and L Stations
AT 14TH AND 18TH STREETS.
Modern Fireproof Loft Building.
Contains four elevators. Automatic sprinklers and every improvement. Unexcelled light. Immediate possession.
SOL. STERN, 31 E. 27th St.

In the 40's Between 6th and 7th Avenues
6 Story Elevator Building
Especially adapted for Restaurant, with Banquet rooms, ballroom and apartments.
NEW BUILDING—LONG LEASE.
BRETT & GOODE CO.,
6 West 48th St. Bryant 695

Store and Basement at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x98; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

ELIZABETH, N. J.
Fully equipped beef house. Railroad siding; next to Armour & Co., Morris & Co., and Swift & Co. Further particulars, Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Ave., Newark.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

BUILDING OR LOFT
to lease, or will buy,
For Candy Manufacturing.
12,000 square feet, or more, in New York or Williamsburgh with steam and power preferred. Shapiro Candy, 392 Madison Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

Unusual Apartment
No. 11 East 47th St.
5 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.
Entire floor, superbly decorated, elevator service; immediate possession; may be seen between 10 and 12 M. or by appointment.
Also 2 Bachelor Apartments of 3 Rooms and Bath each.
David Wallace,
18 East 41st St.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

LESSEES.—Just purchased several apartment houses; will lease immediately; great bargains; never before offered. Browning, 110 West 40th.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Bayside and Broadway, Flushing.—For sale, attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6896.

Port Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees; plots 100x150; price $2,000 up. Horace O. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., HOMES. Artistically designed. Near trolley—Garden City—golf links, &c. O. L. Schwencke, Jr., 277 B'way. Worth 4657.

115x200 feet, with riparian rights, L. I. Sound, 30 minutes from Penn. Station; fully improved; worth $25,000; will consider offer. L 813 Times.

245 ACRES, SELDEN, 18-ROOM HOUSE. Orchard; good level land; $30,000; free and clear. Fisk, 140 Nassau, New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SHORT HILLS, N. J.

Two acres, tennis court, attractive planting, vegetable garden, tea house, two-car garage, large man's room, separately steam heated; main house, five master bedrooms, two servants' bedrooms, four baths, two large living rooms; spacious porches; solarium 14x24. For sale, $35,000; for rent, completely furnished, $250 per month. H. F. Rawll, 303 Hudson St., New York City. Phone Spring 1474.

Harrison, N. J.—Splendid fish factory, fully equipped, up-to-date machinery, &c. Full particulars Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Av., Newark.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES. GEORGE HOWE. 527 5th Av., New York.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Gentleman's estate, Orange County, commuting distance, Tuxedo section; 125 acres; beautiful modern stone house; all improvements; garage, &c.; mountainous scenery. Mrs. McAleer, 160 West 119th.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

PHOSPHATE.

Best phosphate proposition in Florida; 1,200 acres; four million tons; no triflers. Charles Fedder, Bradentown, Fla.

Real Estate Wanted.

Client wants large modern mansion, garage, high ground, aristocratic neighborhood, preferably near New Rochelle; must be bargain. Send full particulars to "B," Room 307, First National Bank, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Alterations, all interior decorations very reasonably done; high class work to make your unprofitable house profitable. Elite Painting Decorating Co., 17 West 42d.

FARMS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Two good dairy farms in Schoharie Valley, near Prattsville, N. Y., of 120 and 230 acres, with or without dairies and personal property; to settle estate. Write H. C. Wilbur, Catskill, N. Y.

Montana—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—320 acres choice Montana plow land; one mile from depot; all fenced; has house, barn, &c.; price $6,500. Further particulars address O. A. Kamp, Box 452, Miles City, Mon.

Farms Wanted.

Wanted—Farm to rent with good large house, outbuildings, and implements; commuting distance with New York City; price not to exceed $500. L 291 Times.

Small farm, will buy, commuting distance N. Y. Write full particulars. W 723 Times Downtown.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New Jersey.

WAR BARGAIN.—Will sacrifice dainty year-round cottage, two years old, on plot 100x150 feet, shaded by fine old trees, plenty of flowers and shrubs, completely equipped, ready for occupancy now, nine handsome rooms, 2 tiled baths, paneled living room 26 feet long, with huge fireplace; situated high in the hills, near pretty lake, only 49 minutes' distance by train; easy commutation; will sacrifice for $7,250 to desirable party; $5,000 on first mortgage, easy terms on $2,250 balance; in refined, exclusive neighborhood; near country club, schools, churches and markets. Individual, Box 214 Times Downtown.

From the porch of this house at Montclair Heights you can see plainly all the New York tall buildings and the panoramic view cannot be cut off; the house is splendidly built and arranged, has every convenience, and plot 103x115; owner leaving State offers it for $12,000. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Telephone Beekman 2596.

BARGAIN!—Six room-bath hollow tile stucco dwelling, steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out. Erie; $3,750, easy terms. Brady, 154 Nassau; telephone 3800 Beekman.

Harrison, N. J.—Beautiful home, 9 rooms and bath; centrally located. Further particulars from Waverly Realty Co., care A. Fink & Sons, 127 Belmont Av., Newark.

BARGAIN.—Beautiful residence; 3 acres; commuting; value $12,000; owner leaving; make offer. Room 1705, 90 West St. Rector 9179.

Houses Wanted.

A house of six rooms or more and barn wanted; commuting distance city, near shore preferred; small acreage desired; rent not over $50, with option of purchase in one year. J. B. Morris, 261 Broadway; 9260 Barclay.

Furnished cottage in suburbs wanted by reliable party immediately; Mount Vernon district preferred. J. R., Room 1404, 25 Cortland St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY, "Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta. 1 blk. "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)

Best factory space in Brooklyn for rent, 7,500 square feet, rental $3,000 per annum; modern concrete, 100 per cent. sprinkler, light four sides, two freight, one passenger elevators; excellent shipping centre; electric power; Wallabout section; satisfactory lease; answer quick. K. R., 7 Times Downtown.

EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT SUITE OF OFFICES FOR RENT ON ONE OF THE HIGHEST FLOORS OF FIRST-CLASS BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

N. W. CORNER 28TH ST. AND 1ST AV. 20,000 square feet on ground floor, and basement; splendid light, elevator, steam, power, sprinklers. Apply on premises. Rieser.

4-STORY AND BASEMENT FACTORY, Near East 34th St. CORNER BUILDING, SIZE 46x77. With or without large storage yard. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

Will rent desk room in well-furnished office, telephone, typewriter; only those who do not carry sample line need apply. Masonic Building, 46 West 24th St., New York, Room 1423.

188 WEST 72D ST. MODERN BUILDING, SUITABLE FOR PHYSICIANS AND DENTIST. SINGLE AND DOUBLE SUITES.

Office, sublet furnished for 3 or 4 months; 610 Flatiron Building; monthly rental $73.33. Inquire Room 1310 Flatiron Building, or phone Gramercy 1516. Stoguff.

CORNER LOFTS, 100x92 ft., with or without power, suitable for manufacturing; low insurance, and reasonable rent; immediate possession. 17th St. and Avenue B.

Lofts, (two,) light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. Harrison Fixture, 50 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

WILL SUBLET office, well lighted, $34.17 per month, provided lessee buys partition and electric globes at cost. Room 20, 16 Beaver St.

509 5TH AV., (at 42d St.)—Two entire floors, 8,000 sq. ft. each; sprinkler system; possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 7475.

Business space, stores, lofts, buildings, all sizes, localities. Tell me your requirements. Ephriam Buchwald, 118 East 129th St.

Office or desk room to rent; also storage, if needed, and phone. Marchand, 42 West 15th. Phone Bryant 585.

100 Broad, large and small light offices; low rent. Apply on premises.

SUB-LEASE immediately, light loft, 50x108; reasonable. Paramount, 3 Waverly Place.

Furnished offices and desk room; service, mailing privileges. Suite 308, 51 East 42d.

50th, 3 West.—Stores for high-class retail business. Inquire Superintendent.

Light offices and salesrooms in modern building. 110 East 23d St.

SUBLET showroom and stockroom; sell partitions. 33d, 5th and B'way. Greeley 1159.

Part of office, desk room, and space for small stock. L 311 Times.

New Jersey.

Factory, (frame building,) Jersey City, railroad siding, two floors, no posts, 45x82; rent about $75. Farrier, 30 Church St.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted at once, light basement or first floor of house for tearoom, between 34th and 45th Sts., Madison Av. and 6th; other desirable locations considered; rent not to exceed $1,800. R 310 Times.

Office space not exceeding 1,200 feet in modern building, by engineering firm, near Times Square; give full particulars and plan in first letter. L 167 Times.

Wanted—Tenement, residence, or business buildings for lease; state full particulars. Lessee, L 247 Times.

Building or loft to lease or will buy for candy manufacturing 12,000 square feet or more. Shapiro Candy, 392 Madison St.

Desk Room, broker, oils, fats, vicinity Produce Exchange; slight service. S 741 Times Downtown.

Small loft, between 14th and 50th; moderate rent. H 276 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (168 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $50 weekly up; also one room and bath with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 8160.

59TH, 51 EAST.—Large, bright parlor chamber and bath, $80. Tel. 5022 Murray Hill.

30S, NEAR PARK AV.—Attractive apartment, well kept, private house. Telephone mornings, 10 to 12, Murray Hill 5566.

116TH, 204 EAST.—Second floor; will share beautiful eight-room apartment.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

MADISON AV., 414.—A furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath; immediate possession. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av. Telephone Murray Hill 5600.

PARK AV., (Northwest Corner,) Entrance 81st St.—Six rooms and bath, sunshine, Lenox 7899.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY. East, West Side; Long, Short Leases. APARTMENT RENTING CO. 176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

EXCLUSIVE LIST FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

PARK AV. Section; finest furnished apartments, all sizes and rentals. RAFAEL DE FLOREZ, 402 Madison Av., (47th.)

Furnished—West Side.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; free hotel service.

26 WEST 43D ST. TWO ROOMS AND BATH.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-4 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH, 112 WEST. — High-class bachelor apartment building; three-room apartment, tastefully furnished; $100 monthly; electric light included. Payson McL. Merrill Co., East 44th St. Telephone 5300 Murray Hill.

53D ST.—56 WEST. Handsomely furnished 3-room apartment; exceptionally large rooms; from 3 to 6 months; rent $225 monthly.

58TH, 100 WEST, (10B.)—Large room overlooking park, 2 smaller rooms, bath, kitchenette; artistically furnished; $75 monthly till October or longer; alternately take furniture with lease. Phone Circle 1806, 10-2.

69TH ST., WEST.—2 and 3 room apartments, kitchenette and bath, beautifully furnished, maid's service included, $125 to $175. G. K. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Phone Murray Hill.

79TH, 307 WEST.—Eight rooms, 2 baths; $325; $275 to October. 6E.

80TH, WEST.—New building, 3 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

86TH, 204 WEST.—Eight rooms, attractively furnished; must be seen to be appreciated; sublet to adults until Oct. 1. Call afternoons, Apartment 4E.

92D, 306 WEST.—High class elevator apartment, furnished or unfurnished, in private residence, one or two rooms, with bath, kitchenette, steam, electricity, maid service; near Drive; $100 to $150 monthly. Phone Riverside 6586.

115TH, (Broadway.)—Well furnished 5-room apartment; $125. Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Three large, light rooms, with kitchenette; unusually attractive. Apt. 4 D.

116TH, WEST.—6 beautiful rooms overlooking Hudson; grand piano; phonograph; will share apt. with, and board congenial couple. Morn. 8274.

116TH, 616 WEST.—5 beautiful rooms, completely furnished, southern exposure. Manager, Apt. 91.

118TH, 419 WEST.—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; lease; southern exposure. Apartment 1 A.

127TH ST., 619 WEST.—Attractive 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; completely furnished; convenient subway, Riverside bus, surface lines; possession Feb. 1. Telephone Morningside 2920. Apt. 9.

152D, 584 WEST (Off Broadway.)—4 rooms, 2 bedrooms if desired; $62 month. See Fenick after 3.

157TH ST., 544 WEST.—Nicely furnished seven room apartment from February to October; $115 per month. Apartment 61.

APARTMENT HOMES.

MISS ISABEL DAINTRY OF LONDON and PARIS has solved the problem of making Furnished Apartments synonymous with HOMES. She has a few choice APARTMENT HOMES centrally located. RENTALS $100 TO $1,800 MONTHLY. Office, 66 West 56th St. Tel. Circle 308.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 364.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingeman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 54.

CALL ON MILLER, 162 West 59th St., for list of apartments. Circle 5067.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 80'S.—Handsomely furnished 8-room apartment overlooking park; 2 months, longer; $400 monthly. Vanderbilt 1450.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED apartment to let on Washington Square; large studio, with bedroom and bath, for two months, $150 per month. Winifred Warren, 11 West 56th St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS a specialty; town, country renting. 200 West 72d St. Columbus 5565.

HANDSOMELY furnished apartment, in Washington Square section, 5 rooms and bath, including servant's room from Feb. 15 to Oct. 1; $125 a month. Apply to janitor, 59 West 10th St.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

IN THE 70'S, WEST SIDE; 3 ELEGANT SUITES, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; DELIGHTFUL HOME, GOOD SERVICE, $325, $225, AND $125 PER MONTH.—REFERENCES.—TELEPHONE COLUMBUS

LADY will rent handsomely furnished 5-room apartment (upper Broadway section) to responsible party; $90 monthly to October; appointment only. Audubon 1190. Apt. 20.

ON WEST 10TH STREET, NEAR 5TH. Exceptionally attractive apartment, four rooms, including 2-storied studio, with fireplace, furnished; $160. Stuyvesant 7069.

THE NEW NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D.—Several beautifully furnished 2-room suites with bath; weekly; moderate prices.

WEST END AV.—High grade 10-rooms, 3 baths; October or longer; $475. Miss Pantlind. Morningside 8905.

WEST END AV., 601, (87th.)—Nine outside rooms, 3 baths; $600. Schuyler 9361.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

5 ROOMS, two bedrooms, elevator; immediate possession; very reasonable. 2100 5th Av., Hamilton.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

MONTAUK ARMS.

Suite, 2 rooms and bath, furnished, with maid service, $45 monthly; near entrance Prospect Park and both new subways; gentlemen only. 904 Union Street, Brooklyn. Phone 1416 Prospect.

Unfurnished—East Side.

34TH, 58 EAST.—Elegant 2-room, kitchenette, and bath; every improvement; best location; near Vanderbilt Hotel; $50 month.

41ST ST., 41 EAST.—Two and three rooms and bath, $1,500 and $1,800; valet service can be had. Herbert A. Sherman, on premises.

78TH ST., 42 EAST.—New elevator apartment; 2 light rooms with bath; restaurant in building; agent on premises.

APARTMENTS 3 large rooms and two baths; fireplace in every room; elevator in house; maid service included in rent; seen by appointment. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Phone 1733 Murray Hill.

Unfurnished—West Side.

215TH, 436 WEST.—Four rooms, bath; new, modern, high class; $37; lease.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Newly remodeled nonhousekeeping apartment; two large sunny rooms and bath; service and breakfast optional.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace, new building; $125. Apply on premises.

57TH, 140 WEST.—4 bright rooms, 2 baths, high class building. 10th floor.

SEVENTIES.—3, 4-room apts.; dressing rooms, service; $110, $125. Col. 2159.

80TH, 119 WEST.—Handsomely furnished single room, high-class house; $5.50.

94TH ST., 276, (Near West End Av.)—Two spacious rooms and bath, just completed, $1,200; immediate possession.

133D ST., 260 WEST.—Four unfurnished rooms, top floor, private house, $55 per month. Mrs. A. Quirk, owner.

181ST ST., 605 WEST.—Doctor's office; 3 rooms and laboratory; rent $30 ground floor premises; in the busiest centre of upper Manhattan.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

CLINTON ST., 413, (Corner.)—5 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, $42.50.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

BOULEVARD, 941, Weehawken, N. J.—Apartment 6 rooms and bath, steam heat, all modern improvements; overlooking Hudson River.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Four rooms and bath, furnished apartment, with piano, or will share apartment provided two sleeping rooms, living room, and use of kitchen and bath available; not over $75. R 274 Times.

Man and wife want two bedrooms, living room, kitchen, two months, from Feb. 6; elevator; below 104th St.; $150-$175 month. R 283 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Furnished Apartment.—Wanted, for a few months, a two or three room luxuriously furnished apartment with private bath, electric light, telephone, all improvements, between 70th and 116th Sts., west side; best references given. B 604 Times Downtown.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Diagleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

To sublet for 3 months, two rooms and bath, in cafe apartment house; immediate possession, or Feb. 1. B 890 Times Annex.

Responsible young couple desire two rooms, bath, kitchenette, Feb. 1; first class; preferably east side; about $75. K 251 Times.

Four bedrooms, 3 baths, immediate occupation, to July 1, west side, above 60th St. Reply 11 East 75th St.

Parlor, bedroom and bath in bachelor apartment; must be reasonable; Fordham or University Heights preferred. L 287 Times.

Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, Gramercy Park or Washington Square section. Write Room 1516, 100 5th Av.

Refined family wants three-room apartment and kitchenette; west; moderate. Audubon 6075.

Wanted for responsible clientele high-class furnished apartments, Park Av. section. Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av., (47th.)

One or two rooms, bath; 72d to 110th St; couple. R 395 Times.

Containing three to five bedrooms, three baths, for three months. Circle 3056.

Apartment Wanted.—Four or five rooms, furnished or unfurnished. R 384 Times.

Unfurnished.

Want small apartment, neighborhood Manhattan Sq.; give location, description, price. L 233 Times.

Eight-room elevator apartment from March 1; give rental and full particulars. P. O. Box 310, Fort Lee, N. J.

Six-room apt., below 72d St.; will exchange 4-room apt. at 190th West; will sublet. Phone St. Nicholas 3082.

Wanted, four rooms and bath, modern, by young business couple; no children; west side, state rate. L 276 Times.

Five-room apartment, sublet or otherwise; west side. S 788 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

38TH ST., 506 EAST.—LARGE OR SMALL ROOM. PRIVATE HOUSE.

?TH ST., WEST.—Two large connecting rooms, steam heat, new bathtubs and lavatories, electric light, parquet floors, private family, private house, no other roomers; gentlemen only; $125 monthly. Y 229 Times Annex.

?TH, 58 EAST.—Large, small room, south-?? exposure, desirable for man, wife.

LEXINGTON AV., 421, (near 43d St.)—Two rooms connecting, nicely furnished; all ?? ?? also other rooms to rent.

MADISON AV., 735, (corner 64th.)—Nicely furnished large double front room, private bath, in well-heated house; no housekeeping. $50 monthly.

MADISON AV., 1,300, (88th.)—Comfortable room, private bath; gentleman; references. Lenox ??.

Parlor floor, kitchenette, heated; doctor or couple, with subway; references. Phone Lenox 7??.

THE HOTEL BELMORE, north-east corner 25th St. and Lexington Av., 2 blocks subway station; special, permanent weekly rates, $7 week up. Madison Sq. 501.

West Side.

40TH ST., 64 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park, adjoining bath; electricity; ?? gentlemen; references.

45TH ST., 17 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated large bedroom; one flight, white woodwork, private salon, unusually abundant closet space; exclusive block, $14 weekly.

?ST, ?? WEST.—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

?1ST, 126 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished back parlor; running water and electricity.

?1ST, 45 WEST.—A nicely furnished room; telephone, electricity, running water.

?5D, 106 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; large rooms, kitchenette, electricity, telephone; $12-$16.

?TH ST., 259 WEST.—Room suitable for 1 or 2; also single rooms; gentlemen only.

?TH, 134 WEST.—Charming second front room, running water, electricity, immaculately kept house.

?TH, 142 WEST.—Charming second front room, running water; select vicinity; immaculately kept house.

??, ?? WEST.—Elegant room, facing parks, four windows, southern exposure, porch, bath, steam heat; exceptional private house.

??, ?1 WEST.—Parlor floor suite; private bath, electricity; refined house; reference.

??, 325 WEST (Apt. 5 West.)—Southern exposure. Telephone 4770 Schuyler; gentleman.

?TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors; large rooms, private bath; unusually well furnished; modern conveniences; near subway ?? references.

?TH, 70 WEST.—Select house, modern furnished front room, cleanliness, steam, electricity.

?TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large room; running water, adjoining bath; steam; electricity.

?2D, ?? WEST.—A desirable, large, nicely furnished front room, private bath; elevator, steam heat; electricity; private home, ?? $25 weekly. Phone Riverside ??.

?TH, ?? WEST.—Comfortable parlor suite; private apartment; gentleman; references. Riverside 3729.

?TH, 306 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large, attractive, comfortable front room, high-class private family; references. 5 west, 9122 Riverside.

1?ST, 611 WEST.—Well-furnished room, private apartment; gentleman.

1?TH, 601 WEST.—Well-furnished room, private family; breakfast optional. 8961 Audubon.

CONVENT AV., 325, (West 143d St.)—Large, light, well-furnished rooms; owner's private residence; business people preferred. Audubon 2526.

FRONT ROOM; attractively furnished; dressing room, running water, shower bath. Academy ??.

LARGE, comfortable room, private apartment; business man; breakfast optional; Phone Cathedral 7730.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (block from 157th St. subway station.)—Large parlor and bedroom, connecting, suitable for two or three or single, southern exposure. Telephone Audubon ??.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230 95TH ST.—Room adjoining bath, private family; gentleman. Apt. ??.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (109TH).—Attractive ?? private bath; refined home. 4 D.

WEST END AV.—Private family, adults; ?? apartment, room for gentleman. Riverside 8878.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful newly furnished studio suite and single rooms.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Room in private (not rooming) house by Christian family; two bedrooms and bath; no meals required; west side preferred. Tel. Rector 5578, 11-3.

Japanese gentleman desires small room in private family, near Columbia University. Address T. Tanaka, 633 West 115th St.

Two furnished rooms and bath for light housekeeping, in a desirable neighborhood. G 39 Times.

Young man wants room, bath, electricity, steam and board with French family while learning French language. S 172 Times.

Refined couple room, private bath, kitchenette, 48th-60th Sts., east Broadway. A 174 Times.

Young business man, American, room west side, all conveniences. L 321 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone; elevator; complete service, homelike, including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

68TH, 62 WEST.—One large room with board, table guests; references.

?TH, (Central Park West.)—Private, Christian family, high-class elevator apartment; one room, running water; also meals, to gentleman appreciating refined home. 0479 Columbus.

?TH, 200 WEST, (opposite Sherman Square.)—Large front room, comfortably furnished, steam, gas logs, running water, elevator; table guests. Hubbell.

?2D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; STEAM HEAT; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6396.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine large double room with bath, by Holland family; give supper or accommodations; European style, home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST. (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Single rooms, electricity; French cuisine; table guests.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Pleasant medium sized room, parlor dining; private house; references.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Medium-sized room, good home cooking, all accommodations; table guests.

102D ST., 244 WEST.—Suite with private bath, family party of gentlemen, small rooms; table guests invited.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath, single room; exceptional table, modern.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful room, with private bath; separate or en suite; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

130TH ST., 247 WEST.—Large, light rooms, all conveniences; kosher table board. Morningside 4011.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Attractive steam heated rooms, bath; excellent board; $14. Payne.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. 50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 315.—Private family; beautiful room, bath; unexcelled table; gentlemen.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Lady and gentleman (English), require large front room, well furnished, electric light, steam heat, running water; three meals a day; 8th to 34th Sts., near subway; terms moderate. L 256 Times.

American couple desire one or two room suite, bath, board; centrally located; will consider rooms without bath if satisfactory; references first class accommodations, price and location. B 896 Times Annex.

Professional gentleman wants comfortable bedroom and living room, west side; dinner evenings; private family preferred; $20 weekly. R 112 Times.

Room and board, by Christian couple and child; west side; boarding house preferred; $25. Audubon 7026, Apt. 6 E.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

New York State.

STAMFORD-IN-THE-CATSKILLS FOR HEALTH.
Right altitude, right air, right living. Invalids, convalescents, and nervous cases. Constant medical attention. For terms and full particulars Address Dr. L. J. Kiernan, Stamford, N. Y.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J.
A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway. Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40. Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20. Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 to $45. Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

Grantwood, N. J.—Large, small room, refined surroundings, on Palisades, opposite Grant's Tomb; board optional. 44 Washington Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist, neat, accurate. Hannah Schectman, 202 West 116th. Morningside 1480.

BOOKKEEPING, double entry, (25,) cost accountant, seven years' experience corporation controlling accounts; books opened, closed; financial statements rendered; no stenographer; $20; Christian. B 526 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, THOROUGHLY COMPETENT BOTH; FULL CHARGE COLLECTION CORRESPONDENT; TRUSTWORTHY, CONSCIENTIOUS; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS; $28-$30. A 925 TIMES HARLEM.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; competent taking charge; conscientious; correspondent; knowledge stenography, typewriting; highest credentials; salary $23-$25. A 638 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Eight years' experience taking complete charge, also 6 months' experience as statistician for silk houses, desires to connect with reliable concern; salary $25. Ella Wollman, 558 Hewitt Place, City.

BOOKKEEPER.—College graduate, (22,) thoroughly experienced double entry, accurate, excellent credentials, desiring good permanent connections. L 295 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced, conscientious, office manager, firm going out of business, desires position, closed Saturdays; $25. L 281 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, understands controlling accounts and all detail incidental to taking full charge office; $25. L 234 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, comptometer operator, knowledge stenography, typewriting, 7 years' experience, desires permanent position; $25. T. 1,258 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; experienced; competent; $18. S 653 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASST. AND TYPIST.—18 years of age; thoroughly experienced; excellent reference. S 717 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced; highly recommended; salary $25. B 600 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, one year's experience, wants position anything; salary $16. H 441 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced, capable; 30; useful, not ornamental. Lunt, 177 West 79th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, high school graduate; trial balance, controlling accounts, $20. O 26 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced; trial balance; best references; $18. R 386 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Publishing experience; accurate, efficient; good reference. R 704 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience, desires permanent position. Minnie Kleinman, 1,225 Boston Road.

BOOKKEEPER, VERY HIGH GRADE. Executive; accountancy training. $30. A 188 Times.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of small office; salary $12-$14. S 732 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk, 3 years' experience; good penman; $15. B 751 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 5 years' experience; capable assuming responsibilities; Christian; $18. B 750 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—6 years' experience; double entry, controlling accounts, monthly trial balances; thoroughly competent. A 255 Times.

BUSINESS WOMAN, executive, credits, collections, expert sales correspondent, office manager; above average; highest credentials. A 917 Times Harlem.

CASHIER OR CLERICAL position wanted; hotel and restaurant experience; good references. M. V. B., 477 Main St., Hackensack, N. J.

CLERK.—Experienced high school graduate; two years college, desires position. H 453 Times Downtown.

DAY'S WORK.—Finnish woman. E. W., 214 East 123d St.

DAY'S WORK.—Young Finnish woman wishes work by the day. 328 E. 125th. Mrs. Hill.

DRESSMAKER.—Day's work, private family only; best reference. Lyles, 147 East 97th.

EDITOR.—Experienced woman editor desires editorship of publication, department editing or feature writing. X 316 Times Annex.

FILE CLERK, switchboard operator, office assistant; competent; experienced; references; $15. S 758 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS, teacher, French, diplomee, desires additional morning engagements; English music. Y 213 Times Annex.

HEAD MATRON.—American widow, recently in charge as head matron in large U. S. Government dormitory for women, is now open for an engagement in New York City or New Jersey requiring executive ability along similar lines; references A1. R 694 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Woman of unusual qualifications, charming personality desires position as housekeeper in home where other servants are kept, or companion; fond of children. L 819 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER-NURSE.—Position wanted; refined American; widow. L 283 Times.

HOUSEWORK, light, care of apartment or any occupation wanted from 9 to 11:30 daily by young English woman; excellent references. L 275 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

LADY, refined, wishes good home in lady's apartment in exchange for caring for apartment; best references. G 752 Times Downtown.

MANICURING, pedicuring, facial massage, in or out. Jeanette, care Amelia, 254 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Waverly 8024.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Houseman, Cathedral Plaza, 101 West 109th St., Apt. 208.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUR, scalp, facial; henna hair coloring, at ladies' residences. Phone Academy 1829.

NURSE.—Part time or mother's helper; refined, experienced woman for mornings or afternoons. Write N., 2,876 Broadway.

NURSE, practical, would manage home where help is kept; anywhere. A 259 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, two years' experience; accurate, willing; Christian; $12. B 749 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Well appearing, intelligent young business woman wishes executive position with Latin American concern; capable taking entire charge of English correspondence; formerly connected with Latin American consulate in this city. Address R 600 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 25 years, six years' commercial experience, initiative, intelligent, refined, desires responsible position; $22. B 894 Times Annex.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' commercial and law experience; A1 references; thoroughly efficient, conscientious; $25. R 258 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Engineering experience, knowledge bookkeeping, capable taking charge correspondence. R 692 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Jewess; 2 years former employer; high school graduate; small office; $18. Morningside 3358, Apt. 13.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — First-class, efficient; capable handling correspondence; best references. A 916 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced, executive ability, competent, trustworthy, dependable; salary $30. L 554 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER and correspondent; high-school graduate; 3 years' experience; $20 to begin. S 723 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, well educated, experienced, desires part time. 319 West End Av.

STATISTICAL CLERK, also familiar with general office work; high school graduate; two years' experience; accurate at figures; $15. Box 92, 2,121 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, confidential assistant, qualified by experience; fluent correspondent, executive ability, academic education, original thinker, neat personality, quick comprehension, reliable, conscientious; unquestionable references; $23. R 619 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Have been head legal collection departments two large corporations, editor and manager trade magazine; best recommendations. M. Burbridge, 124 Lexington Av., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — High grade, thoroughly competent; ten years' experience; capable handling correspondence; exceedingly ambitious; $30 weekly. H 447 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST.—Accurate, rapid, 5 years' electrical, export and other experience, desires permanent position; A1 references; salary $20-22. H 450 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Beginner; intelligent, conscientious, reliable; business school graduate; willing and capable. Agnes Walsh, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER; four years' experience engineering and machinery; 23 years of age; salary $2,300; best of references. Room 1517, Carroll, 90 West St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; thorough knowledge of office routines; excellent references; write. D 730 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—High school graduate; two years' experience, export; salary $18. Write S. Z., 458 Howard Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Six years as such President large corporation, executive ability, conscientious, willing; $22. W 725 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; rapid, accurate; high-school education; business school graduate; well recommended; $16. Freda Regenbogen, 80 Bartlett St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, few years' experience, desires permanent position with reliable concern; good references. Room 6, 234 East 25th.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, thorough office routine, eight years' experience manufacturing line; salary $22. L 290 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, good personality, 7 years' experience; accurate, rapid, willing; above ordinary; age 22; salary $20. R 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—We are desirous of placing competent stenographer and office assistant who has been in our employ three years. Phone 8209 Farragut.

STENOGRAPHER; six months' experience; understands office work; references; $12. L 584 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, experienced; 8 months' experience; salary $13-$15. M. Buess, 1,478 1st Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $18. R 633 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; three years' experience; high school graduate; intelligent, capable; $18. B 803 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER; high school graduate; willing, intelligent, experienced, and conscientious. Morningside 6652, Apt. 3W.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; 2 years experience; high school graduate; salary $18. A 631 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience, rapid worker; references; American; $13. S 742 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate; experienced; efficient; $15. S 654 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Christian; college education; five years' experience; reference; $22. R 674 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, capable, ambitious, refined, high school graduate; $15. R 872 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; understands bookkeeping thoroughly; accurate at figures. A 253 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 14 years' experience, wants permanent position; replying, state salary. A 249 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced, high school graduate; highest references; salary $20. S 716 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge of bookkeeping; 2 years' commercial experience; $15. R 363 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, first-class, 8 years' experience; high school graduate; $18. B 615 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, can turn out good work, seeks conection with business firm, social or civic organization; $18. L 267 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, 6 years' experience, rapid, expert; excellent references; $25. R 703 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced. Sydelle Astrick, care Ralph Gerstle, 150 Nassau. Beekman 1307. $12.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, knowledge Spanish; year's experience; above average. S 641 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced college graduate, preferably literary work; ambitious worker; $20. L 300 Times.

STENOTYPIST, competent, one year's experience; salary, $16-$18; permanent. B 595 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, reliable; neat appearance; salary $18; brokerage preferred. S 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, law and commercial, desires position downtown; $16. H 445 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, commercial experience, desires position export and import house; $16. H 444 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR. — Live wire, five years' experience; Christian; capable handling busy board; good voice, neat appearing, well educated; excellent references; $15. S 743 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant, 5 years' experience, nice voice, good memory and quick, legible penman; age 23; references; $12. S 650 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, expert, refined, 5 years' experience, desires position; $16. E. Mackay, 126 Lincoln Av., Brooklyn.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR. — Christian; high school; handle busy board; good reference. R 675 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR and filing clerk; efficient, experienced; $15; excellent reference. A 258 Times.

TYPIST. — Experienced, rapid, intelligent, conscientious, reliable, willing, capable; business school graduate. Viola Daisy, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2993.

TYPIST, 21, RELIABLE, DESIRES GOOD CONNECTION. S 724 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TYPIST, expert, competent; 4 years' experience. R. M., 171 Times.

VISITING GOVERNESS to children over 6; French; music; half days only. 124 Audubon Av., Apt. 43. Audubon 4584.

YOUNG LADY.—High school graduate, mathematical experience, desires position. R 709 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, efficient, experienced selling in ladies' wear showroom. Dorothy Fleischman, 522 East 142d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated, references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency,) 314 West 59th, Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants, 2,416 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9462.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 123d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX.
Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, trial balances, statements, reports, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, Public Accountants, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER,
Auditor, cost accountant, expert organizer, systematizer, public accounting experience, constructive calibre of mind; 25 years' experience; open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; $60. Auditor, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE,
age 33, married, 13 years' thorough experience modern office management and accountancy, organizer, systematizer, and economizer, desires connection where thorough knowledge and loyalty will be appreciated. K 318 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, credit manager, thoroughly capable, with wide experience, taking complete charge large office staff, past 18 months in complete charge Government disbursing office, open for new engagement, Feb. 1; best references. Chanaberry, 1,391 Sedgwick Av., Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (27,) quick keen thinker; good practical judgment; 10 years' experience in cost finding, corporation accounting and managing large offices; seeks an opportunity, not a job. H 417 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, organizer, systematizer, certified, recently resigned from emergency fleet work, open for engagement; highest credentials for installation of costs and accounting systems. Box 2, 488 St. Nicholas Av. Telephone Morningside 8373.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, married, 37, thoroughly experienced financial statements, correspondence, credits, collections, &c., desires to locate with a downtown corporation salary $40. L 305 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (27,) seeks connection with large mercantile or manufacturing concern; 10 years' experience in office management; cost and general accounting. S 695 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior, naval officer doing specialized accounting work, wishes executive position March 1; experienced public and commercial accounts, 25, married; salary $300 per month. B 364 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized; tax reports; part-time bookkeeping; spare time evenings, Saturday afternoons; reasonable. S 752 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, (28,) Christian, experienced large organization; executive ability; thorough knowledge branch accounting, production costs; opportunity essential. R 696 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 908.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A., high-grade executive, record of achievement, seeks responsible position large corporation. B 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly service, not fat fees. Albert-Barst, Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, young man, experienced junior, desires position with accounting firm; capable doing semi-senior work. S 733 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior, 21, C. P. A. experience, N. Y. U. senior, seeks accounting or private concern connections; army discharge. N 262 Times Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT.—17 years' experience; books opened, closed, systematized, audited; tax returns; terms moderate; references. Schaus, phone 3952 Prospect.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, varied and responsible accounting experience, seeks connection; references. R 695 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior; thoroughly experienced; wishes permanent position. Box 104, 1,464 3d Av.

ACCOUNTANT and LAWYER seeks position. Address Advertiser, 83 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Semi-senior, employed with C. P. A., desires change. B 512 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 30, long experience, seeks permanent connection; excellent references. B 591 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, tax expert, 21, seeks position; statements prepared, investigation made. R 369 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior; 29, married; 11 years' bookkeeping experience; financial statements. H 454 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, graduate N. Y. U., experienced, semi-senior, desires position with C. P. A. H 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 4 years' experience, wishes position. L 278 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, honorably discharged; advertisements and sales promotion work indicate an original mind, expressive writing power, and sound merchandising sense; has handled campaigns in all details. A 248 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN, energetic, capable executive, experienced agency and newspaper, A1 copy writer, wants permanent connection. S 756 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN, 26, previous high school instructor, seeks connection export house. B 396 Times Downtown.

AN EXECUTIVE.
Experienced
SALES MANAGER
With Practical and Technical Mechanical Education.
DEPARTMENT MANAGER.
Expert in detail, organization and refined business correspondence; American; 38; good address; highest credentials as to character and ability; prefer to harmoniously fit in large manufacturing organization as manager or assistant; initial salary secondary to opportunity. B 501 Times Downtown.

ARE YOU INTERESTED?
DO YOU WISH TO SECURE THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG MAN, 27, ABSOLUTELY TRUSTWORTHY AND RELIABLE, ABLE TO TAKE CARE OF ANY WORK GIVEN HIM; EXPERIENCED IN ALL CLERICAL WORK AND CAPABLE OF TAKING CARE OF A SMALL OFFICE FORCE; SALARY, $28. L 292 TIMES.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT, &c.—Chemist, 35 years, desires place as assistant superintendent or plant foreman; has chemical factory experience; desires connection with first-class company; references. X 893 Times Annex.

A CAPABLE, AGGRESSIVE YOUNG TRAFFIC EXECUTIVE,
thoroughly conversant with effective traffic management in theory and practice and fully familiar with port conditions and terminal facilities in New York Harbor, desires to make congenial new connections account conclusion of munitions business; can meet most rigid reference requirements. Address "Transportation," L 301 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, experienced, capable of taking full charge, controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements; excellent references. R 687 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 19, graduate commercial high school, knowledge stenography, desires position; salary to start $14. Address H 442 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, knowledge typewriting, stenography, Spanish, desires position offering chance for advancement. R 700 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 23; double entry, controlling accounts, statements; thoroughly experienced; highest credentials; $23. Glazer, 2 St. Paul's Place, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, formerly with firm of accountants, seeks position with accountants or private concern; college education. O 263 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER - CORRESPONDENT, 26, married; thoroughly experienced; competent financial statements, tax reports; graduate accountant; $35. H. M., 104 E. 14th.

BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' experience, desires position evenings at anything; references; also selling abilities. Langer, 1,471 Brook Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, thorough, controlling accounts, trial balance; highest credentials; forceful correspondent. R 597 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) knowledge of accountancy, experienced, salary moderate, seeks connection. B 492 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of control accounts; many years' experience; interview requested. A 188 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (35,) ten years' experience; best reference; unemployed. S 722 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 7 years' experience with manufacturing concerns; capable of assuming charge of complete set, balances, statements, &c.; city connection desired; $30. R 303 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, young man, 21, experienced; references; salary start $18. L 235 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28, double entry, accurate worker, reliable, honest; moderate salary. S 727 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 20; 4 years' experience; controlling accounts; take full charge. L 262 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' experience; double entry, controlling accounts; $30. M 261 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry, trial balance; $25; take charge. B 599 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, manager, experienced, good references; $30. J. Goldberg, 139 West 116th, care Roth.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, 4 years' experience; high school graduate; controlling accounts. R 367 Times.

BOY, (16,) public school graduate, ambitious, reliable, desires clerical position. R 377 Times.

BOY, 17, wants position as valet to gentlemen. C. Basini, 358 West 49th, New York.

CHAUFFEUR and A1 mechanic seeks position; served in French and American armies. (Aviation Section;) now at Garden City, U. S. Army, awaiting position before discharge; can handle all makes of cars and give first-class service; wounded, but in splendid physical condition. Communicate Miss J. Coffin; phone Sunset 8410.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—8 years' experience; careful, neat, and obliging; wishes private or commercial position; city, country; best references. Thomas Proff, 1,464 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, married, desires private position; experienced Packard and Marmon; references. Smith, 317 East 71st St. Rhinelander 2795.

CHAUFFEUR, 32, married; 9 years' experience; 4 years last employer, laid up car; best references; city or country. Melson, 107 West 89th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Ex-naval officer seeks position, private; eight years' experience. R 706 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, careful driver, mechanic, wishes position; city, country; references. A 247 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family, 7 years' experience; best references. Shelley, 54 West 84th. Schuyler 9852.

CHAUFFEUR, private family man, mechanic, 3 years' experience; best references. Jay Doneger, 18 West 100th.

CHAUFFEUR, 22, wishes country position; private or commercial; first-class reference. L 203 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—16 years' experience; expert Pierce driver. Schaiblin, 528 E. 89th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, high-grade cars; private, city or country; single, sober, white; references. L 195 Times.

CHEMIST operating; four years' actual experience building, equipping, operating organic chemical plants; not afraid of work; can handle men successfully; consider South American proposition; best references; desire interview. R 398 Times.

CHEMIST and bacteriologist, food and drug analyst, is seeking position with reliable firm. Box 94, 2,121 3d Av.

CHEMIST'S ASSISTANT.—Analytical work preferred; discharged from army; excellent recommendations. L 272 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER, 26, college and technical education, five years' constructive experience, responsibility; released from war work, seeks any employment; moderate salary. A 924 Times Harlem.

CLAIM OR LEGAL MAN, (22,) speaking 6 languages, 2 years' law experience, desires position. S 737 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL AND BOOKKEEPING.—Young man, (18,) American, desires position. S 707 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, CAPTAIN OF ARTILLERY, FOR 6 MONTHS ON WESTERN FRONT, DESIRES POSITION WITH RESPONSIBLE BANKER OR BROKER. A 262 TIMES.

COLLEGE MAN desires position as assistant to executive or within executive capacity; best references. S 709 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, 26, honorably discharged, seeks connection as sales manager or similar position; salary secondary consideration; highest credentials. H. C., 263 W. 125th.

CORRESPONDENT, claim and collection, 28, capable of handling traffic claims, well experienced, desires situation with mercantile establishment; married; best of references. B 602 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, capable of taking complete charge of freight claim or credit collection department; college graduate. L 296 Times.

COST CLERK, 24, experience distribution and cost, labor and material. B 1094 Times Harlem.

CREDIT MANAGER.—Ten years accounting, auditing, credits, collections, merchandising, office management; honorable discharge army; will accept position assistant to executive. Credit, 281 N. Y. Times Brooklyn.

CREDIT and collection correspondent, recently discharged from army; salary $30. A 929 Times Harlem.

DENTIST, prosthetic, first-class all around man, desires position in ethical office, with chance to perfect himself in removable and regulating work; part time preferred. Box 15, 1,563 3d Av.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, five years; layout, machine tools; army discharge. Y 250 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE.
Ten years civil engineering, C. E., fifteen years own commercial business, unprofitable (increased labor costs;) Christian, American, forceful, can talk, advise, report, manage large number men; income has been large. L 320 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 34, high-grade record of close association and direction of big operations under the highest modern standard of industrial efficiency; familiar with every detail; will organize and direct; excellent references. R 392 Times.

EXECUTIVE, welfare worker, employment manager, capable organizing large factory staff along efficient, systematic lines; factory costs. R 690 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MAN, Spaniard, (30,) 7 years' experience, A1 correspondent, conversant English, French, Spanish, executive ability, initiative, wishes connection progressive concern. Suite 906, 396 Broadway.

EXPORT SHIPPING CLERK, 20, wishes position, reliable house; 2 years' experience; can ship to all ports. H 448 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATOR, 33, technical graduate, experienced on timber, steel, and masonry structures, able to design and detail, seeks position with general contractor. L 225 Times.

FOREMAN-EXECUTIVE seeks position supervising factory or large department; expert organizer, modern systems; capable directing costs. R 689 Times Downtown.

GARDENER, (Head.) — Married; Scotch; thorough knowledge of gardening, farming, stock, and general upkeep of estate; excellent references as to character and ability. S 739 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN wishes to teach Portuguese and French in business school evenings. G 40 Times.

HIGH school graduate desires position, where ability is awarded; earnest effort to succeed. Box 301, Rockaway, N. J.

INVESTIGATOR, statistician, trained, thoroughly experienced, college graduate, desires permanent connections. R 702 Times Downtown.

KOREAN wants housework or kitchen work in private family or hotel. R 382 Times.

MAN, 30, formerly employed in the capacities of assistant mechanical engineer, superintendent construction, draftsman and A1 mechanic; will travel; neat appearance; married. J. Brander, 400 Mountain Road, West Hoboken, N. J.

MAN, (31,) civil engineering training and experience, selling ability, initiative and enthusiasm, hard worker, wishes connection with firm offering opportunity for advancement. R 368 Times.

MAN, 31 years, neat appearance, desires position in an office; will do light porter work and make himself generally useful. H 439 Times Downtown.

MAN, 26 years, five years' legal experience, three years' salesman, executive ability, wants position with future. L 281 Times.

MANAGER of machinery department, released from Government service, desires permanent position with export or engineering firm; wide experience with power and industrial machinery and steel; highest references. B 601 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, 3½ years on design and layout, with shop experience, discharged from aviation service, open for any technical position. L 303 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, (28,)—Wanted, position as office manager; thoroughly familiar with accounting and checking credits; at present employed at $40 per week with large mercantile and importing house; desires to make a change with progressive firm. C., Room 7, sixth floor, 806 Broadway.

OFFICER, just discharged from motor branch, is open for an executive position; former experience along managerial lines in autos and tractors. 809 College Place, Plainfield, N. J. Plainfield 1104—M.

PLUMBER.—Real estate licensed plumber, 14 years' experience on high-class apartments, wishes connections with reliable firm. L 271 Times.

PRINTER, pressroom foreman, capable executive, take charge of cylinders, jobbers, able to secure maximum output and highest quality, furnish references from past employers in city and out of town; progressive, active live wire, married. A 256 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT or assistant, thoroughly acquainted with hardware, machines, metals and factory equipment, desires connection with reputable concern; good correspondent; excellent references. L 279 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

SALES EXECUTIVE.
Young man, with broad and successful selling record and general executive experience, both in this country and abroad, desires position as sales manager or special representative; best possible references furnished; no real estate or insurance; only the highest class proposition considered; salary, $7,500. Y 207 Times Annex.

SALESMAN with eight years' exceptionally successful experience general lines, mostly traveling, desires position with reliable manufacturer; age 30, unincumbered, well educated, proven producer; now employed but desires change; excellent references; commission basis preferred. B 390 Times.

SALESMAN AND EXECUTIVE,
whose commission averaged $7,000 per year for past four years, representing large manufacturer, desires to connect with good substantial manufacturer; willing to travel. Box F 614, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMAN, expert, files, machine tools, drills, saws, &c., at present employed, desires connect with additional firms who require services mechanical salesman; knowledge several languages; well connected with trade. P. P., 687 West End Av., city.

SALESMAN, Japanese, experienced, energetic, thorough selling ability, desires position in reputable concern, prefer export, import house, at present connected trade service corporation. L 314 Times.

SALESMAN, successful many lines, clean-cut, hard worker, will represent specialty or staple line Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington; proof of large sales record furnished. G 82 Times.

SALESMAN desires to connect with mill making sweaters and bathing suits; established trade in New York and surrounding territory. A 254 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, (25,) honorably discharged, desires position, having 4 years' selling experience. R 710 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, (25,) honorably discharged, desires position, having 4 years' selling experience. R 710 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, acquainted throughout South and Southwest, open for live proposition. L 310 Times.

SALESMAN, American, married, 12 years' experience city, road, wishes position where hustler can earn good income. L 299 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, able, desires connection with wholesale establishment; references. R 371 Times.

SALESMAN, 24, desires position with reliable firm; honorable discharge U. S. A.; excellent references. Room 1002, 103 Park Av.

SALESMAN, 20, experienced in automobile tire business; salary; references. L 289 Times.

SALESMAN, office man, (25,) 10 years' experience, open for engagement. S 708 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 27, desires to connect with manufacturing concern; seven years' experience; best references. F. C., 104 E. 14th.

SALESMAN, export, traveling in Cuba, desires to take a few additional lines; ready to sail. A 260 Times.

SALES MANAGER AND EXECUTIVE,
just released from army; 8 years one line; last position successfully supervised, 26 branch selling offices and 100 salesmen; wish to handle national merchandising and dealer service proposition; highest New York references; interview desired. R 1 Times.

SALES MANAGER, present time connected in this capacity with large corporation, would like to make change; 37 years old and married; can furnish any kind bond; references. Y 248 Times Annex.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer, dictaphone operator; highest credentials; nine years' secretarial experience present employer, requires wider scope for advancement; age 27 years; married; $40. B 120 Times.

SECRETARY - COMPANION. — Young man, traveled extensively, speaking several languages, well acquainted with South America, Antilles, at liberty for executive or secretarial position. R 400 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent; 20 years of age; 6 years' experience; business and evening high school graduate. L 268 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, executive, clerical, American; compensation commensurate high grade ability. G 743 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, thoroughly acquainted with shipping department routine, desires position. S 755 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK and manager, (31,) married, wants position; best references. R 358 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 7 years' experience, would connect with reliable concern. L 263 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 34, familiar with all details, aggressive worker and executive, best references furnished. A 252 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, (26,) 5 years' experience in dry goods; reference. L 317 Times.

SPANISH-AMERICAN, college graduate; active, desires position; willing to travel. L 277 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY - CORRESPONDENT, 8 years' business, technical, secretarial experience, ex-navy dept., rapid, accurate typist, desires position assuring promotion for meritorious work. S 747 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, high school graduate, studying accountancy, desires position with accountants or firm where future for ambitious young man is guaranteed. S 726 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, 21, export experience, college engineering student, desires position with an engineering concern; salary $22. S 715 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, TWO YEARS' PRACTICAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, AMBITIOUS, CAPABLE, BEST REFERENCES. L 312 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, able young man, desires position that offers advancement. Frank Bonomo, 37 East 59th. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, conscientious and ambitious, desires position; salary $12. A 930 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, thoroughly competent, four years' experience, dependable; $20 start. S 730 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, American, capable, highly educated, experienced, anything offering future. A 193 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (27,) ten years' experience, capable assistant, desires connection; good future; salary $25; A1 references. B 594 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, (26,) 7 years' experience, wishes position with future. A 932 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, (20;) thoroughly experienced; good correspondent; highly recommended; $20. S 745 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, desires immediate position; several years' experience; references. L 246 Times.

TEACHER.—College man, 34, commercial subjects, Spanish, German, French, export, wants position. A. Schemel, 67 West 101st St.

TRAFFIC MAN, has wide range traffic experience, desires connections with manufacturing concern, solve big traffic jobs. S 728 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Fabric and skin glove line for Southern States immediately. L 254 Times.

WATCHMAN'S position wanted by honest married man; well recommended; recently employed as assistant night watchman and light porter in small aircraft industry. T. Weiss, 810 10th Av., Astoria, L. I.

WILL YOU EMPLOY ME?
I am a young man, 24, discharged from service, with a record of seven years with one firm. I do not wish to return to former employer and desire connections with mercantile or manufacturing concern where compensation will be commensurate with ability, intelligence, and usefulness; university training; executive ability; finest credentials from past employer and business associates. H 451 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) honorable discharge Aviation Corps, high school graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, wishes position as assistant in office, with advancement to come through hard, earnest work. R 388 Times.

YOUNG MAN, with thorough accounting and business experience, desires to connect himself with establishment that offers good opportunity for advancement; commercial high school graduate; released from navy. A 243 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, discharged from army, four years' business experience in office and newspaper advertising, desires connection where future will be assured; references. Address, with full information, R 376 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, energetic, 5 years' experience cloak and suit jobbing, would make valuable assistant to any house; A1 references; salary secondary consideration; recently resigned navy work. B. D., 250 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, released from navy, neat appearance, not afraid of work, seeks connections with reliable concern; selling experience; knowledge stenography and typing; highest credentials. S 731 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN discharged from service seeks opening with engineering concern; experienced engineer and mechanical drafting; good technical education, seeking opportunity to learn. S 719 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in handling foreign and domestic shipments, desires position with manufacturing concern where a good chance for advancement is offered. S 718 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) honorably discharged, college education, good on figures, wishes position, where there is chance of advancement, best references. Frank Duffy, 590 E. 132d St., Bronx.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires position with wholesale mercantile house where there is a chance for advancement. Leo Goldsmith, 1,811 Palisade Place, Bronx. Tel. 3655-W Tremont.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires position with small growing concern; traffic, sales, and office managing experience; can invest some capital in good proposition. R 698 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, released from navy, one year college, two years' business experience, desires connection with reputable concern; willing to leave town; references. L 399 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, well educated, desires position where ability, conscientious effort will prove mutual benefit; 3 years' business experience; $25. Apt. 414, 101 West 109th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, selling and executive ability, wants connection with manufacturing house, with chance for advancement. A 251 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position; honorably discharged from navy; 6½ years' experience typewriter and clerk; excellent reference; $22. N. Blumkin, 537 West 158th St.

YOUNG MAN, 31, 10 years' experience in real estate business, honorably discharged from army, desires position. A. B., 151 Lewis Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, enterprising, honorably discharged from army, wishes position as salesman or inside man with good firm who will offer advancement. R 384 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) five years' experience in piece goods, shipping; knowledge of bookkeeping; can take charge of contractor's cloak and suit house. R 96 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ex-collegian, desires connections with reputable concern where future is obtainable; salary secondary consideration. L 285 Times.

YOUNG MAN, honorably discharged, graduate Columbia University, 1914, architecture, desires connection with industrial engineers or exporters. R 381 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) experienced bookkeeper, typist, high school education, desires position; $15 weekly. Box 59, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) with bookkeeping knowledge, studying accountancy nights, desires position as bookkeeper or assistant; $15. S 725 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (30;) executive ability, initiative; good credit manager and correspondent; 15 years' experience in wholesale grocery line; best references. J. S., 324 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN with reference, high school education, some knowledge of Spanish, desires position with future. 265 Times, 2 Rector St.

YOUNG MAN, (18;) experienced timekeeper, payroll clerk, or anything clerical; ex-Government employe; salary $17. Sterling, 624 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 29, well educated, executive ability; salesman; industrious; master any line; salary desired; temporarily. L 302 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 15 years' export experience, wishes position export or freight forwarding concern; moderate salary. R 707 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (26;) capable; 9 years general office clerk with large corporation; anything; willing, conscientious; Christian. H 455 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 33, desires position with Stock Exchange house, customers' department; can secure clientele. Efficient, R 635 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, wishes connection with reliable concern; salesmanship ability and clerical experience. L 274 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, bookkeeper or clerical capacity, with reliable concern; stenography; naval release; experienced. L 294 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) educated, ambitious, wishes advancing position; excellent references. R 607 Times Downtown.

YOUNG SPANIARD, 23, business college graduate in this country, office experience, desires position. V. F., 20 Irving Place.

YOUNG MAN wishes position for a few hours after 7 in the evenings. E. J., 216 West 122d St.

YOUNG man assistant bookkeeper; typist; good penman; general clerical worker. L 255 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires suitable position; experienced stock and export clerk in a large button house. R 373 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) Christian, desires position general office work; touch typist; filing, stock. George Hoehn, 250 East 82d.

YOUNG MAN, 25, honest, good appearance, wishes position at anything; best references. D. D., 104 E. 14th.

YOUNG MAN, 20, academic and commercial experience, desires to connect with reliable concern. S 729 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, banking and export experience, desires position; advancement. S 734 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorable army discharge, wishes position, wholesale house. A 926 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) ex-soldier, desires position with good future. S 740 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) desires position commercial house, with advancement; references. L 288 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wants position with reliable concern; willing worker. R 362 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in notions and fancy goods; executive ability. B 598 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, any kind of office work; good references. H 440 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) wishes position as chemical laboratory assistant. L 257 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, experienced, in resident buyer's office. L 258 Times.

YOUNG MAN to do typewriting or stenography, evenings. L 273 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position with reliable concern; A1 reference. R 370 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position at anything. L 264 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 2 years' experience, packing, shipping, dry goods; reference. L 218 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, as receiving and stock clerk; willing worker. L 259 Times.

YOU need the man, I desire the opportunity; let's get together; (27;) salary secondary to advancement. R 389 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
SALESWOMEN.
We require saleswomen for our corset, silverware, jewelry, shoe, housefurnishing, cotton dress goods, soda, and bakery departments. Apply to Superintendent, in person or by mail.
ALSO
MILLINERY WORKROOM.
There are several opportunities in our millinery workroom for young girls to serve as apprentices to learn the millinery trade; rapid advancement as proficiency is attained. Apply to Superintendent.
ALSO
UPHOLSTERY WORKROOM.
We need several experienced operators on draperies and slip covers. Apply to Manager Upholstery Department, 3d floor, central building.
ALSO
We require several young girls to act as parcel wrappers; experience not necessary. Apply to Superintendent Department of Wrapping, subway floor, central building.

ADDRESSOGRAPH AND MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR
Young lady wanted for a Christian advertising agency to operate addressograph and multigraph machine; must be thoroughly experienced; good position and salary to one who can qualify; state qualifications. B 119 Times.

ARTIST FOR DECORATIVE PAINTING ON SMALL NOVELTIES; BRING SAMPLES. BLOOM, 40 WEST 20TH.

ARTISTS.—Girls for stencil coloring on greeting cards; experienced preferred. Dreyfuss Art Co., 123 East 16th.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; knowledge of typewriting; salary $14. Haurowitz & Goldberg, 41 West 25th.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call at 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

BILLING CLERK, familiar with Remington Wahl machine; Brooklynite preferred; splendid opportunity; write full particulars and salary desired. Box 104, 1819 St. James Building.

BOOKKEEPER,
About 25 years of age, in wholesale children's dress business; experienced double entry, controlling accounts; must be typewriter and stenographer; good position to right party; salary to commence $16. Neumann, 137 West 25th.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of stenography and office work; must be quick and willing; hours 8:30 to 5:30, Saturday all day; state age, salary, and experience. R 885 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Lace curtain manufacturer desires the services of an ambitious young lady; pleasant surroundings; state full particulars, salary desired, religion. Box B 124 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and typist; must understand bookkeeping and have several years' experience; $15 start; state references, &c. R. V., 242 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.
Experienced, middle-aged woman preferred; state salary and experience; references required. C. R., 104 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPIST.—Experienced; knowledge of controlling accounts. Leister & Bowime, 18 West 34th.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced double entry, stenography; cloaks and suits; state references and salary. Y 254 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; experienced only; apply dress house; controlling accounts. Rosner, 106 West 32d.

CARD CUTTER, experienced chopper; good wages; permanent. Scarborough, 28 Beekman St.

CLERKS,
tween the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERK. — Private dressmaking house requires neat and intelligent young lady; good penman and accurate at figures; one having knowledge of stenography and typewriting preferred; salary $15 to begin; state age, religion, and past experience; good position and chance for an increase of salary, if found worthy. L 251 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.
Must be thoroughly experienced.
GOOD SALARY.
L. M. BLUMSTEIN, 3d Av., 125th St.

CORRESPONDENT for complaint department, publishing house; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 122 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Refined, well-educated young lady, experienced in office of large publishing house; steady position; reply, stating age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. Dictaphone, 28 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, experienced, with knowledge of stenography; rapid typist, good speller and grammarian. Griffon Cutlery Works, 74 5th Av.

DESIGNER WANTED ON POPULAR PRICED SPRING DRESSES FOR THE RETAIL TRADE. TRIANGLE DRESS CO., 132 BLEECKER.

DESIGNER AND FORELADY
on boudoir caps; conscientious worker; one who can take full charge; good position for the right party; all communications treated confidential. B 119 Times.

DOMESTIC wanted in small country home thirty miles from city; one used to country preferred; state salary wanted, &c. Box L 260 Times.

DOMESTICS, (two,) one general houseworker, one as maid, to divide work in home outside city. Write L 261 Times.

FILE CLERK.—Young lady to attend filing and act as relief operator on large switchboard; preference given to one who can operate typewriter; in reply give references, salary desired. L. O., Box 100 Times.

GENTLEWOMAN.—A suitable monthly salary will be paid to a gentlewoman of undoubted social standing to influence patronage of decorations and works of art; no applications will be considered unless accompanied by the names of socially prominent people who can be referred to if an arrangement is made; correspondence will be treated confidentially. B 12 Times.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, 2 in private house. Call till 11. 112 West 80th.

GIRLS
for
CLERICAL WORK.
Bright, intelligent girls are offered a good business training and an opportunity to advance to more responsible and better paying positions. The work consists of filing, assorting, figuring balances, &c. Girls must be over 16 years of age. Starting salary depends upon training and experience.
NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.,
207 West 24th St.

GIRL.—Doctor wants girl to take care of offices; hours 1 to 5 P. M.; call in person before 10 A. M. and after 7 P. M. 925 West End Av., corner 105th St.

GIRL, 15-17, bright, in office of large corporation; excellent opportunity for permanent position and bright future. C. F. K., 286 Times Downtown.

GIRLS, NEAT APPEARING, MAKE THEMSELVES USEFUL IN MANUFACTURER'S SHOWROOM. CALL OR ADDRESS ZENO, 387 4TH AV.

GIRL to help in manufacture of toilet preparations. Apply at once, Hepner's, 137 West 44th.

GIRL for cooking and housework; no washing; family of 2 adults. Heiden, 961 Madison Av., corner 76th St.

GOVERNESS, COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF TWO MOTHERLESS CHILDREN, AGE 5 AND 6 YEARS. ONLY THOSE THAT HAVE TAKEN CARE OF CHILDREN APPLY. M. MULLER, 272 WEST 49TH ST. CALL BETWEEN 9:30 AND 12 NOON OR 5 P. M. TO 8:30.

HAND SEWERS ON BLOUSES. CORHAN, 647 MADISON AV.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl to do plain cooking and laundry work; private house; $35-$40. 123 West 78th St.

JAMES McCUTCHEON & CO., 5th Av. and 34th St., require several experienced operators for Ellis adding typewriters; also junior office assistants. Apply by letter, giving full information in regard to education, experience, and expectations.

LIGHT HOUSEWORK, (WHITE,) ASSISTING MOTHER WITH TWO CHILDREN, FOUR YEARS OLD; 10 TO 11. A. FRANK, 786 EAST 175TH ST.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS, union, above scale for clean, fast operators; night side. J. J. Little & Ives, 425 East 24th St.

MANICURE-HAIRDRESSER, steady position, by My Lady Beauty Shop, 96 7th Av., Brooklyn.

MILLINERS.
R. H. MACY & CO. require thoroughly competent Milliners who are accustomed to work with the finest materials.
Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

MILLINERY
SALESLADIES
2 REFINED YOUNG WOMEN to wait on wholesale trade; millinery experience absolutely necessary. KNICKERBOCKER TRIMMED HAT CO., 1,237 B'WAY, CORNER 31ST ST.

MILLINERY,
ATTRACTIVE GIRLS
to assist in wholesale showroom. Experience necessary. KNICKERBOCKER TRIMMED HAT CO., 1,237 B'WAY, CORNER 31ST ST.

MILLINERS, COPYISTS, PREPARERS; best pay; long season. CHARLES J. LEVY, 649-651 Broadway.

MODELS.
SIZE 16.
MUST BE ATTRACTIVE.
EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
LONG SEASON ASSURED.
$30 WEEKLY.
TREELINE SUIT CO.,
1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS, STYLISH, ATTRACTIVE MISSES, SIZE 16. PERMANENT POSITION. HIGHEST SALARIES. C. KENYON CO., 200 5TH AVE., ROOM 526.

MODELS, (8;) STYLISH, TALL, 16 SIZE; DRESS, STEADY WORK TO END OF MAY. APPLY READY TO WORK. T. & B. O'BRIEN, 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS.
SIZE 16, SHOW ROOM, COATS AND SUITS; GOOD PAY, LONG SEASON. SHAPIRO-DAVIS, 29 WEST 35TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16 AND 36, EXPERIENCED ON COATS, SUITS; LONG SEASON. CHAS. LANDSMAN, 1,261 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SIZE 16, EXPERIENCED IN DRESS HOUSE. SIMPSON BROS., 33 WEST 32D.

MODELS.—MISSES' 16. KRUSLSAL CO., 39 MADISON AV. CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE.

MODELS, 16-year dresses; large dress house. Borgenicht & Sons, 1,115 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MODELS wanted, size 36, for coats and suits. George Miller, 11 West 32d St.

MODEL wanted, size 16, neat appearance. Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.—Experienced; permanent; $15 to start; advancement. Call Wm. Gray, 13 Park Row.

NURSE for small children; good wages. Mrs. D. C. Arnold, 17 Stonleigh Park, Westfield, N. J. Phone Westfield 722.

NURSE.—Graduate, also undergraduate nurse. Homestead Sanitarium, 912 Grand Concourse, 162d St.

NURSE, experienced, two children; desirable home; satisfactory pay. Dawson, 630 West 141st St.

NURSE, from 1 to 6. Call 10 to 11, mornings or evenings, Stiles, 308 West 97th.

NURSE, refined, experienced, take charge two-year baby; references required. Call 1 to 3, Taussig, 156 West 86th.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined young girl for two children; must speak French. Call between 9 and 11 A. M., Apt. 11C, 789 West End Av.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for two children; Christian Science family, leaving city; references. Phone Room 426, Hotel Belmont, for appointment.

NURSING MOTHER.—One who is capable of handling day nursery children. Apply 31 17th Avenue, Newark, N. J.; apply between 5-6 P. M.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—General routine office work; no bookkeeping; must be capable of handling small amount of stenography; salary to start, $16 per week. American Letter Company, 133 East 16th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Educated, refined young lady for stenography and light office duties wanted by Christian firm. Address Permanent, B 144 Times.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPOTTERS.—Permanent position and good future for reliable women; salary $14. Apply Otto Sarony Co., 1,177 Broadway.

POLICY WRITER wanted for Hoboken insurance office; state salary and experience. A 625 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN

TRIMMED MILLINERY.

R. H. MACY & CO. require Saleswomen for their French Salon; only those who are accustomed to the best New York clientele will be considered.

Apply at Office of Employment Manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESLADIES.—Two refined, well educated ladies for special sales work, 10 to 5 daily; experience not necessary; be accustomed to very refined people; $25. L 270 Times.

SALESWOMAN—One with a personality and a good solicitor, who through hard work will connect with a house that spells success; office appliance experience preferred, but not absolutely necessary; office specialty; salary; in replying give age and experience. S 710 Times Downtown.

SALESLADIES.—TALL STYLISH GIRLS FOR SALESLADIES; HIGH CLASS TRADE; GOOD SALARIES. APPLY, H. MILGRIM, 2,121 BROADWAY.

SALESWOMEN.
Clever young saleswomen wanted Fifth Avenue Millinery Shop, 349 5th Av.

SECRETARY TO A REAL ESTATE MAN OWNING AND OPERATING IMPROVED PROPERTIES IN MANHATTAN. AN EXPERIENCED AND COMPETENT WOMAN UNDERSTANDING VALUES AND OPERATING CONDITIONS; IN YOUR ANSWER PLEASE STATE YOUR EDUCATION, YOUR EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL, AND SALARY DESIRED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR AN ENERGETIC AND CAPABLE PERSON. ANSWER CONFIDENTIAL, B 132 TIMES.

SECRETARY.—Stenographer as assistant to executive of large advertising institution; must be A1 stenographer and capable of grasping and handling details; permanent position, with opportunity for growth; apply in person only. Mr. Adams, care Binger Co., 53 West 23d St.

SHIPPING CLERK, for receiving and shipping, also direct city deliveries to two chauffeurs; only those experienced need apply. Mr. Lieban, National Imperial Woolens, 906 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.

ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH AND PORTUGUESE; COMPETENT TO TRANSCRIBE, TRANSLATE; WE WILL CONSIDER APPLICANTS WITH ANY COMBINATION OF THE ABOVE LANGUAGES; SPEED AND ACCURACY ARE ESSENTIAL. APPLY CRANE CO., ROOM 501, BERKLEY BLDG., 20 WEST 45TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be thoroughly experienced and well trained in stenography and also capable of handling other office details; an excellent position for the right party; applicants must state in detail their experience and training, giving age, salary earned in previous positions, and full references. Y 204 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Rapid dictation; plain, sensible, refined girl with initiative for good position; excellent opportunity to secure responsible position with busy executive; state age, education, religion, experience, salary desired. B 603 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER, preferably experienced in building line; salary good, with advancement; state experience and references. Box 103, 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, to take 3 to 5 hours' dictation a week; Saturday afternoon, Sunday or evenings; state rate, experience, and hours most convenient. S. H. Box 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in insurance brokerage office; insurance experience preferred; good opportunity for advancement; state age, salary, and previous experience in detail. A 620 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.
office assistant; operate small switchboard; experienced dress or suit business preferred; excellent opportunity; steady position. Hirschhorn Co., 39 West 29th.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER, for real estate office on Washington Heights; salary $10; write or call at 10 A. M. or 1 P. M. McDowell & McMahon, 1,438 St. Nicholas Av., at 182d St.

STENOGRAPHER and SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Bright, capable girl for permanent position; good opportunity; apply by letter only, stating age, experience, and salary expected. D. M. Co., 502 West 25th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—An export concern desires the services of an alert and experienced stenographer; state in your reply education, training and salary expected. H 458 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; MUST BE RAPID AND ACCURATE; GOOD SALARY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY. A. G. ROSE & CO., 168 MADISON AV.

STENOGRAPHER, with knowledge of bookkeeping; good salary; hours 9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M., Saturday 1 o'clock. Call 9 A. M., Knomark Products Corp., 190 Franklin St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, with slight knowledge of figures; apply from 8:30 to 10 o'clock today. Max Rubinstein & Co., 18 West 31st St.

STENOGRAPHER and MAIL CLERK for hotel; a good live woman; $55 a month and meals. Hotel Rutledge, 30th St. and Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; very best references required; state full particulars. H 4[illegible] Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER who can operate dictaphone; $15-$20 weekly; will teach if necessary. Miss Kelly, Room 225, 280 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Alert, experienced, capable; good opportunity; salary $12 to $15. D 184 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced; must understand Monitor switchboard; advancement. L 285 Times.

STENOGRAPHER; must be efficient. Call after 10 A. M., Preston Chemical Co., 180 4th Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, quick, bright, with some knowledge of bookkeeping; state salary. Apply A 622 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant; young lady over 20, $16 weekly; advancement. Doherty, 801 Sixth Av., 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, part time only. Real estate broker, 911 World Building.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, some experience; state age, salary. L. S., 402 West 42d.

TEACHER wanted, experienced of Isaac Pitman shorthand, for old established city school. Apply, with credentials, Isaac Pitman & Sons, 2 West 45th St., New York City.

TELEGRAPH OPERATOR.—Good opportunity in large downtown bank for young woman, 18-25 years; must be experienced in sending messages and operating a typewriter; salary $80, and lunches; state age, education, experience, and salary. A 636 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR on busy switchboard; must be experienced; good salary and permanent position. Call Republic Textile Co., 244 5th Av.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR to operate switchboard in large mercantile concern. Call 8 East 22d.

TYPIST Wanted.—Rapid, take dictation, good speller; $18. Call after 9 A. M., Pearsall, 14 South William St., New York.

TYPISTS.—Two typists wanted; must be rapid and accurate. Write, giving experience, references, and salary wanted. A 245 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

WAITRESSES to serve supper, 6 to 8 P. M. Apply 11:30 A. M., Miss Saunders, 143 East 39th St.

WAIST DRAPER.—FIRST CLASS. BECKIE, 46 WEST 56TH ST.

WOMAN or MAN wanted, reliable, with good references, for general housework; must be good cook and waitress and take entire charge; no washing; small house in New Rochelle; two in family; wages arranged at interview; call mornings between 10 and 12. 5th floor, 100 Lafayette St., City; carfare paid.

WOMAN, well educated, in position to leave city to assist field manager of large educational society introducing a character building plant for children; experience unnecessary if otherwise qualified; salary or commission. Mr. Cloyes, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

WOMAN to mind private office for week or so while agent is traveling; state terms. B 125 Times.

WOMAN for general work in cafeteria and tearoom; short hours. 18 West 43d St.

YOUNG LADIES, tall, for alphabetical filing; temporary position; those having had similar experience only need apply; reply, stating past experience, reference, height, and salary expected, to Z. J. J. C., P. O. Box 1021, City Hall Station.

YOUNG LADY for general clerical work in large wholesale house in Brooklyn; must be accurate; good handwriting essential; some bookkeeping experience desirable; state age, experience, and salary desired. B 136 Times.

YOUNG LADY wanted, about 25 years of age, as ledger clerk in credit department of large export and import concern; permanent position. Address, stating salary and full particulars. S 785 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY; knowledge of stenography; take care of switchboard and assist in office. L 282 Times.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

BE A FILING CLERK

and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do; many positions, with good opportunities for advancement, open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing; salaries $15 to $30 per week; our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and secure you a position; afternoon and evening classes; enter our new classes now forming; number of students limited; apply today, by letter, visit, or phone. Telephone Franklin 2261.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company.
60 Franklin St., Near Broadway.

MAKE MORE MONEY

by working at the right job. Character analysis tells you by infallible methods what your strong points are, and gives you practical aid in selecting the position in which you will achieve greatest success.

Dr. Merton's character readings and vocational counsel have aided thousands. Readings by appointment. Also classes in character analysis now forming.

MERTON INSTITUTE.
96 5th Av., at 15th St. Phone—Chelsea 4054.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words a minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED

in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 8 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes.

PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.

Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors; every-day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured; registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 92. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY

as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet.

CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6955.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 60 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do;" free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 334 5th Av.

FRENCH rapidly taught at the Y. M. C. A., 122d St., Lenox Av. Lowest terms for February, March, April.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

FOREIGNERS taught fluent English by cultured young lady. Vanderbilt 3639. 40th St.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Employment Agencies.

AGNES I. RICHARDS.
ROOM 503A. 52 WALL STREET.
Immediate positions for refined American applicants between ages of 17-30 years.
STENOGRAPHERS, legal, $23.
STENOGRAPHERS, commercial, $20-$25.
TYPISTS $12-$18, CLERKS, &c.
NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 99 NASSAU. FREE REGISTRATION.
SECRETARY, stenographer, $25.
STENOGRAPHER, $18 to $20.
DICTAPHONE, $18 to $20.
SWITCHBOARD, typist, $15.
TYPIST, bookkeeper, $18.

STOCK CLERK
in wholesale importing house; young man about 18, having some experience in notions and fancy goods; excellent opportunity for advancement; state experience and salary expected. D. H., 235 Times.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau St.—Publishing, $20; export, $18-20; another, $70 month; law, $22-18; Hoboken, (2,) $15-12; numberless other positions; beginners, experienced, bookkeepers, $18; numerous typists.

EFFICIENT Employment Exchange Agency, 16 East 43d.—Stenographers, assistant bookkeeper, order clerk-typist, invoice clerk, typists, clerks.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY, 489 5TH AV.; 93 NASSAU ST.
Stenographers, legal, commercial......$12-25
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER $20-25

STENOGRAPHERS, various lines, $18-$20-$22; several beginners, $12-$15. Registration free. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway, Est. 1897.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway. Stenographers, legal, commercial, bonds, typists; many openings; call.

STENOGRAPHERS $20, $15, $14, $12; Christian firms. David Agency, 17 West 42d.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS.

Large firm of certified public accountants, with offices in principal cities, offers unusual opportunity, particularly at New York office, to capable men qualified for public accounting work; personal attention given new men by principals in order to train them for making audits, examinations, and reports without supervision. This training fits men for responsible positions commanding substantial salaries; applications should thoroughly understand double entry bookkeeping, controlling accounts, balance sheets, financial reports, and preferably have actually kept general set of books; permanent positions, with satisfactory salaries and advancement, to men with possibilities of proper development; give age, if married, religion, and particulars of bookkeeping experience. S 711 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.

Seniors, semi-seniors, juniors, fully qualified, wanted by prominent firm certified public accountants. State briefly—name, address, telephone, age, nationality, birthplace, experience, compensation, present employer and references. All held in confidence. L 166 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS.—LARGE CHAIN STORE CORPORATION HAS OPENINGS FOR SEVERAL MEN, 25 TO 30, WHOSE EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE WARRANT RAPID ADVANCEMENT; STATE QUALIFICATIONS ABOVE OUTLINED AND SALARY EXPECTED. C. S., 100 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, senior and junior, in office of certified public accountant; permanent position to right parties; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 424 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—We have openings on our permanent staff for two experienced senior accountants. Apply in person between 3 and 5:30, Tuesday or Wednesday afternoon, Suite 723, 52 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT.—Accurate man for temporary work; good pay; state references, experience and how soon available and salary. A 633 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT with small clientele; interesting proposition. A 637 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS, Senior.—We have openings for experienced men; must have had actual experience with public accountants as senior; none but qualified men need apply. Write, giving full details regarding education, experience, training, &c. Replies confidential. Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery, 55 Liberty St.

ADVERTISING AGENCY MAN.
An established agency handling advertising abroad exclusively, seeks a keen, alert copy writer with agency experience; trained in producing snappy, interesting copy; must understand layouts, types and mechanical details; men discharged from military service preferred; replies confidential; state age, experience, references and salary. A 623 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN, A1, wanted for live Texas town; must be first-class "ad" writer, window dresser, and card writer; also capable floorwalker; position permanent. Apply C. Roddy, Room 802, 1,182 Broadway, between 5 and 6, evenings.

ADVERTISING MAN.—Good opening for high-class, successful trade paper advertising solicitor; liberal salary; give full details regarding experience. B 188 Times.

ARTIST, commercial, steady position. Apply, 1 to 2, Advertising Agency, 347 5th Av.

BANK CLERKS—COLLEGE MEN.
A LEADING DOWNTOWN BANK OFFERS RARE OPPORTUNITIES TO A FEW KEEN, CAPABLE COLLEGE GRADUATES WHO ARE FREE TO LEAVE THE CITY IF NECESSARY; MUST KNOW SPANISH; FINANCIAL OR TRADE EXPERIENCE DESIRED, BUT NOT NECESSARY; STATE AGE, TRAINING, EXPERIENCE, SALARY, &c. A 634 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER Wanted.—Energetic young man with knowledge of French language as bookkeeper in import and export concern; must be reliable and accurate; write, giving experience, references, salary, &c., to this office. R 699 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Lace curtain manufacturer desires the services of an ambitious young man; pleasant surroundings; state full particulars, salary desired, religion. Box B 123 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted to assist on customers' ledgers; experienced; write in own handwriting, giving references and salary wanted. A 244 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; prominent freight forwarding house; must be fairly capable; service man preferred. L. F., 216 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, trial balance, controlling accounts; stenography; steady position. P. Adison, 10 Cooper Square.

BOY.—One of the largest clothing concerns in the country offers an exceptional opportunity to a bright, ambitious boy, age 16; give full particulars. T. L., 806 Times Downtown.

BOYS.

OFFICE BOY; MESSENGERS.

Large downtown bank will employ several bright, capable, ambitious boys of good families; these positions offer exceptionally good opportunities.

SPECIAL CLASSES.
UNLIMITED ADVANCEMENT.
LUNCHEONS.

Write for interview; state age, qualification, &c., Box A 594 Times Downtown.

BOYS FOR BANK.
14 AND 16 YEARS; OPPORTUNITY FOR ALERT, AMBITIOUS BOYS TO START IN A LEADING DOWNTOWN BANK AND ADVANCE TO CLERKS; GOOD SALARY AND LUNCHES; STATE AGE, EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE. A 635 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY in old-established Christian wholesale and importing house, splendid chance for advancement for one who will stick; write giving age, religion, salary expected; inexperienced preferred. Boy, 123 Times.

BOYS.—New York Stock Exchange house requires two (2) bright, willing boys to act as runners; write, stating age, reference, and salary expected. Address Runner, P. O. Box 889, New York City.

BOY bright, ambitious, to assist in office and run errands; good chance for advancement. Holbrook Co., 67th St. and West End Av.

BOYS in stock department of large mercantile concern; good opportunity for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected, P. O. Box 27, Madison Square Station.

BOY wanted, bright and energetic, for office work; good opportunity for advancement in steel business. Apply 15 East 26th St., Room 1808.

BOY, stenographer, typist, for real estate office; good opportunity to learn the business. Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., 50 East 42d St.

BOY wanted for office work and light shipping. Apply 805 Singer Building.

BOY.—For errands, short hours; $10 weekly. Call 9 A. M., Vogue, 19 West 44th.

BUYER wanted in resident buyer's office; young man as buyer with experience in notions and underwear; state experience and salary expected. Address Y 245 Times Annex.

CANVASSERS wanted, live wire, for new publication for those interested; commission basis only; references required. Apply in person, Room 1818, 220 West 42d St.

CARPENTERS
FOR WORK IN SOUTH.
APPLY
U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
22 EAST 22D ST.
JAMES STEWART & CO.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, for five-ton Pierce-Arrow truck; steady work. Apply Mason & Hanger, 759 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn.

CHECKER.—Drug and patent medicine checker for wholesale drug house, only experienced help need apply; wages $22 per week. Apply Roeber & Kuebler, 370 Plane St., Newark, N. J.

CIRCULATION MANAGER, experienced, wanted for a New York magazine with large news stand circulation; man with some experience in direct independent distribution preferred; salary about $6,500; send full details in strict confidence to A 250 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR wanted. Call at once, John E. Ranson, Room 101, 30 Church St., New York.

COLLECTOR wanted to take full charge of magazine installment collections in the Greater New York City district; must have ability to handle men, write orders, and be thoroughly familiar with up to date mail follow up methods; bond required; we pay cost. Address, stating age, experience, reference, and salary expected, Y 258 Times Annex.

COPY DEPARTMENT HEAD
ADVERTISING AGENCY.

This is what the boss said he wanted: A man to be head of our copy department, to be responsible for all production. Whoever gets the job is going to be responsible for the inside work of the agency "factory." He will have an opportunity to own part of the company if he is the right man. He wants a "comer" and not a "goer." Less experience and more "pep," initiative, and ambition is what he wants. Advertising managers, trade journal service men, department store ink slingers, and all that kind of "near" people would not interest him. He does not want to waste their time and his. Address Secretary, B 126 Times.

CUTTER.—Umbrella and parasol cutter with general experience in finishing; permanent position and good opportunity for right man; references required. Y 218 Times Annex.

ENTRY CLERK in automobile service station; man quick at figures and writing a good hand; excellent opportunity for advancement. P., 264 Times Bronx.

ENTRY CLERK, who also understands running billing machine. S 712 Times Downtown.

FASHION ARTIST wanted, experienced; to a man who can adapt himself to figure and commercial work between seasons a steady position is guaranteed; a good starting salary and splendid prospects for the right man; send samples and state salary desired. Grip Limited, Toronto, Canada.

FIRM expanding can use man having knowledge of private banking, including bonds and commercial paper. A 240 Times.

GARAGE MANAGER WANTED.—FIRST-CLASS GARAGE MANAGER FOR CENTRALLY LOCATED GARAGE; IN WRITING STATE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, &c., WILL BE TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. WRITE H. H., BOX 27, ROOM 1201, 220 WEST 42D ST.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

J. & L. OPERATORS
must be thoroughly competent to set up and operate both chuck and bar work; day shift 50 hours, night shift 67½ hours; no war rates paid. 152 Hamilton Av., Brooklyn.

LEDGER CLERK.—Young man, good at figures; salary $15, to start; bring references. 606 West 49th. See Mr. Wimmer.

MAN WANTED.—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN wanted, thoroughly acquainted with foreign exchange business and buying and selling Liberty bonds. Room 60, 271 Broadway, N. Y.

MAN to manage foreign money exchange department; knowledge of bonds. R 391 Times.

MANAGER of installment collection department wanted for a magazine for the Greater New York district; one who understands routing collections and following up delinquent accounts; a bond of $2,500 will be required, the employer to pay the cost thereof; apply immediately, giving age, experience, and references. Address T 246 Times Annex.

MARINE INSURANCE.
Assistant claim adjuster wanted by a large marine insurance company; man experienced in hull and cargo adjustments preferred; excellent future assured right man; applications will be treated in confidence. A 617 Times Downtown.

MECHANICS.—Three good mechanics, experienced erecting and installing machinery. Apply in person, the Patterson-Sargent Co., Vandam St. and Hunter's Point Av., Long Island City. Take Queensboro Subway to Rawson St. Station.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN AND INSTRUMENT MAKER; MAN WHO CAN LAY OUT AND MAKE WORKING MODEL; STEADY POSITION, UP-TO-DATE BROOKLYN FACTORY; STATE SALARY AND EXPERIENCE. Y 252 TIMES ANNEX.

MERCHANDISE MAN FOR STOCK.
Must have clothing trade experience, be conversant with existing market conditions, and be capable of assisting in buying of woolens, linings, &c.; applicant must write full details covering personal qualifications and experience to secure interview. H. B., 803 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN BY LARGE ROPE AND TWINE MANUFACTURER.
Your experience must cover supervision of clerks, correspondence, and general office detail; a knowledge of our business is desirable but not essential; the position offers a promising future to one who can qualify; state fully past experience, age, nationality, and salary desired. B 914 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS, two, over 16 years old. Apply American Brass Co., 195 Broadway.

PATTERNMAKER TO TAKE CHARGE OF CUTTING ROOM IN HIGH-CLASS LADIES' WAIST FACTORY; LIBERAL SALARY AND YEARLY POSITION TO COMPETENT MAN. H 419 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PATENT ATTORNEY for law office; must have had thorough education in mechanical and electrical matters. Apply by letter only to Room 1803, 25 Broad St., New York City.

PETTICOAT manufacturer wanted, thoroughly capable of taking complete charge of factory; one who has had actual manufacturing experience; contractors not required. Call between 4 and 6, Tuesday, Wednesday evening, Waters-Weismann Co., Inc., 225 5th Av., Suite 405.

PORTER.—Man wanted for porter work. Apply 458 19th St., Brooklyn. See Mr. Wilson.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, certified, Eastern preferred, for immediate engagement by engineering company. B 137 Times.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE in New Rochelle desires assistant; experience in realty and insurance desirable but not essential; proper party will have opportunity of earning interest in business. Box 268 Times, 2 Rector St.

RESIDENT PHYSICIAN wanted, on construction work; call in person. Snare & Triest Co., Raritan Arsenal, Metuchen, N. J.

SALESMEN.

WE WANT SEVERAL ENERGETIC YOUNG MEN WHO ARE WILLING TO LEARN. EXPERIENCE IN SALESMANSHIP NOT NECESSARY. IF YOU ARE PRESENTABLE IN APPEARANCE, OF PLEASING PERSONALITY, (WE CAN TEACH YOU THE REST,) YOU HAVE A POTENTIAL EARNING POWER WITH OUR ORGANIZATION OF FROM $5,000 TO $20,000 YEARLY. YOUR SALARY AND COMMISSION WILL EASILY TOTAL $200 A WEEK IF YOU HAVE THE STUFF IN YOU. IN REPLY STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND PREVIOUS EMPLOYMENT. ANSWER H 275 TIMES.

SALESMEN.
ORIENTAL RUGS.
R. H. MACY & CO.

require several thoroughly experienced salesmen in their Oriental rug department; this position pays good commission and offers an opportunity to earn an excellent salary. Apply at Office of Employment Manager, second balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance, any time during the day.

SALESMAN TO SELL INCOME TAX SERVICE.

Now being used by well-known accountants, lawyers, banks, trust companies and large business houses; a high-grade salesman is offered an opportunity to earn large commission selling this service in New York and to become permanent district manager over several States; a local manager is also wanted for Albany, Boston, Bridgeport, Hartford, New Haven, Newark, Providence, and other cities. Phone Mr. Ettinger, Chel. 9498, for appointment. Prentice Hall, Inc., 70 5th Av.

SALES ENGINEER.
Nationally known concern manufacturing accessories for automotive industries has immediate opening for experienced, aggressive sales engineer, accustomed to making not less than $5,000 and expenses per annum; preferably one familiar with motor boat manufacturers; unusual opportunity; drawing account and commission; no application considered unless complete particulars accompany reply. B 141 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED, STRAIGHT COMMISSION 10 PER CENT.; NO ADVANCES, AS ENTIRE OR SIDE LINE, SCIENTIFIC FIBRE SOLING AND HEELS; ON MARKET FOR THREE YEARS; SOLD TO MANUFACTURERS, JOBBERS, AND INSTITUTIONS; TERRITORY, NEW YORK STATE AND WEST; ONLY HIGH-CLASS, LIVE WIRES NEED APPLY; OPPORTUNITIES FOR PERMANENCY AND GROWTH, LIMITED ONLY BY MAN'S OWN EFFORTS AND ABILITY. ADDRESS H 443 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.—A grand opportunity is open right now to 2 men who take life seriously and have given a thought to the future; our first demand is good character and plain common sense, then a willingness to follow instructions; honest effort on your part will bring immediate returns and an early advancement to managerial position; we are underwriters of a proposition that is on a dividend paying basis, and we desire salesmen to sell these securities; commission. Room 1707, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMAN
with an established connection among the ELECTRICAL trade and jobbing houses in Eastern territory.
Reply by letter stating, in order, age, nationality, previous connections, salary required. Y 242 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted; unusual opportunity open to men of proven ability and experience; only men who have been successful in selling motor trucks need apply; salary and bonus. Chevrolet Motor Co., 57th St. and Broadway.

SALESMEN.
Having secured and trained several high-grade salesmen, we want 3 more capable of earning $3,000 or more per year; experience in our line not essential, but you must possess energy and brains; if you are a live wire 'phone Murray Hill 3112 for an appointment; investment; commission. H. V. Greene Company, 50 East 42d St., Suite 1607.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Services of first-class, sensible salesman of pleasing personality for Eastern representative of well-established Middle West carton and label printing house; give references, with full detail of age, experience, and salary or commission expected, also whether or not employed at present; excellent opportunity. X 332 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED; OPPORTUNITY TO CONNECT WITH LARGE CORRUGATED BOX CONCERN; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN IN THE CORRUGATED LINE NEED APPLY; ALL CORRESPONDENCE WILL BE KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; SALARY OR COMMISSION. Y 230 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN experienced in notion and fancy goods line wanted by large and reputable house in newly established department where large field is open to call on resident buyers; must have had some road experience and willing to travel if called upon; good salary and commission. A. H., 198 Times.

SALESMEN.—WE HAVE OPENINGS FOR SEVERAL MEN WHO HAVE THE ABILITY TO EARN BIG MONEY SELLING PICTURES OF ALLIED LEADERS; OUR PRODUCT IS ONE IN GREAT DEMAND; AN OPPORTUNITY FOR LIVE WIRES; COMMISSION ONLY. B 148 TIMES.

SALESMEN wanted to sell caps in the Western territory; must have experience in selling this line; we have two established territories; a good opportunity for first-class men only; state in your first letter your past experience; commission, traveling expenses, and drawing account. Empire Cap Mfg. Co., 908-10 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMAN, SOUTHERN STATES,
medium-sized towns, hats, caps, misses' and children's headwear; good opportunity for an experienced man who can prove his value; commission basis; interviews will be arranged with applicant who can answer fully, stating qualification and experience. D. H., 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to cover department stores in New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade will be considered; commission basis; good opportunity to make big money. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—A young man with thorough knowledge of LEATHER is wanted by large export and import house for South America; preferably some one speaking Spanish; state full details, experience, age, nationality, and salary desired. B 607 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN,
traveling, for auto accessories; only A1 men with successful record will be considered; knowledge of line desirable but not imperative; state age, experience, salary expected. G. H. K., 146 Times.

SALESMAN, by prominent manufacturer; handle their lines decorative art linens, pillow cases, and infants' wear for following territories: South and Coast; can be handled conjunction with non-conflicting lines; commission basis. O. F., Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Splendid opportunity for salesman on over-gaiters and leggins; only those now employed and having a high-grade trade need apply; salary and commission; state full particulars in first letter. Address Salesman, 299 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Young men, complete line silk ribbons, progressive jobber; one experienced with established trade for New England, New York State, city or vicinity; exceptional opportunity; commission and drawing; no objection to kindred line. P. L., 194 Times.

SALESMAN.—New York State and Pennsylvania to carry children's colored dresses; also muslin underwear; have established trade; commission basis; apply by letter, stating previous line handled. Box B 139 Times.

SALESMAN experienced on men's shirts and collars to sell in New England States; must have large following; we will give good established trade commission and drawing account; good opportunity for right man. Goodman Collar Co., 80 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN.—BY LARGE MANUFACTURER HANDLE LINE PAINT AND ROOF CEMENT; DRAWING ACCOUNT; WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN. R 896 TIMES.

SALESMAN wanted, notion or ribbon, in each State to carry on commission as side line our Hair Bow Holder, which every department store carries. Goldsmith & Harzberg, Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN wanted, by a Baltimore manufacturer, experienced in selling all kinds of folding paper boxes and fibre shipping cases; state experience, age, references, salary or commission expected. Y 210 Times Annex.

SALESMAN and collector by a prominent life insurance company, permanent outdoor work; $20 per week and commission; bright future for good man; state age and business history. A 927 Times Harlem.

SALESMEN.—WE NEED SEVERAL LIVE SALESMEN FAMILIAR WITH SELLING STEEL FILING CABINETS; IF QUALIFIED WRITE PARTICULARS; SALARY BASIS. S 746 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, for a pretty line of infants' specialties, as a side line; salary or commission. Apply Y 253 Times Annex.

SALESMAN experienced in iron work contracts, and engineering supplies wanted upon drawing account and commission basis; reply should state education and training. S 738 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced live wire for office and city trade, cloak and suit house; commission with liberal drawing account. Safran & Kruger, 19 West 24th St.

SALESMAN covering New York State, Pennsylvania, side line infants' wear; occupy small space; state experience; commission. R 399 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, who will sell on commission native wine to consumers, by the barrel, at $4 per gallon. Mayflower Grape Wine Co., 19 Doane St., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN, office and city trade, to sell a good line of men's belts in conjunction with kindred article; following essential; commission only. A 435 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted by cotton goods converter, one familiar with department store trade, for city and outside territories; commission basis. B 129 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted by mill agent to sell jersey cloth to cutting-up trade; commission and drawing account. B 130 Times.

SALESMEN calling on automobile or truck owners are offered profitable side line; commission; big money; references. L 308 Times.

SALESMAN, good, with Ford car; highest class specialty; salary and bonus; future good for successful man. Apply, after 10 A. M., J. C. Button, Room 225, 280 Broadway.

SALESMAN for side line of kimonos, aprons, petticoats, &c.; city and out-of-town; good proposition; commission. A 624 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN experienced on shirts and overalls for town and out-of-town. Reply, stating salary. Y 257 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER FOR AN AUTOMOBILE PART.
This is not an accessory, but a standard part with striking advantages recognized widely here and abroad. Over forty American manufacturers have adopted it, but it is only on the threshold of wide adoption on passenger cars, trucks, and tractors. Office and factory half an hour from New York City. No selling organization at present, as orders come from indirect influence. Want salesman who has acquaintance with manufacturers and conversant with their policies, sufficient at least to give him prestige and background for his presentation. Can't be too strong along this line, but a "comer" might fill the bill. B 121 Times.

SHIPPING AND STOCK CLERK.—High-grade, reliable man wanted by Christian manufacturing concern to manage shipping department New York branch; experience desirable; marine supplies, &c. Write full details, religion, experience, wages, &c., S 748 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.
Experienced cloak and suit house; state salary and experience; references required. L. S., 806 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK for wholesale handkerchief house; apply, stating age, experience, salary expected. R 381 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK for wholesale cotton goods concern; state references, experience, age, salary desired. A 627 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND FILER.—Bright, ambitious young man; good opportunity for right person. Address, own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary. A 629 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER who can take rapid dictation and transcribe notes accurately; good opportunity for right party. A 620 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN

about 21, with good education and business experience, preferably with some knowledge of electrical industry.
Reply by letter, stating age, nationality, previous connections, salary required. Box Y 241 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted in complaint and tracing department of a large mail order house; one having had railroad experience desired, to look up complaints, trace delayed orders and shipments, &c. Reply, stating full particulars as to past positions held, experience, reference, and salary desired, to X. J. J. C., P. O. Box 1021, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN wanted in mailing department of large mail order house; must understand parcel post rates, &c., and be experienced; temporary position. Reply, stating experience, reference, and salary expected, to J. J. C., P. O. Box 1021, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN.—School book publisher is in need of a young man for outside work in metropolitan district; it is a good clean job, dealing with intelligent people; college man preferred; state salary, age, and experience, if any, and education. B 131 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 years in resident buyer's office; one with notion and toilet goods experience, preferred, but not necessary; salary $10 to start, rapid advancement. B 140 Times.

YOUNG MAN by Christian firm as bill clerk and assistant bookkeeper and general office work; also knowledge of stenography; submit application in own handwriting, stating salary desired. H 487 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN TO WORK IN WOOLEN PURCHASE OFFICE; AGE, 18 TO 20 YEARS; SALARY, $15; EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. L 304 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN wanted by advertising agency, stenographer; splendid opportunity to learn business. Apply Room 502, 25 Broad St.

YOUNG MAN TO ASSIST IN SHIPPING ROOM OF A LARGE RETAIL SHOE HOUSE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. B 128 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge of typing, to make himself useful in mail order concern; salary start, $12. R 365 Times.

YOUNG MAN for checking department of large advertising agency, hours 9-5; chance for advancement. Address H. E., 131 Times.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of orders and do shipping; opportunity. Graton & Knight, 72 Warren St., 1st floor.

YOUNG MAN for light, inside, clean occupation; over 16. S 714 Times Downtown.

YOUTHS over 16, learn mercantile business, starting stock clerk. S 713 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Forty-two cents an agate line.

AMERICAN BUSINESS IS ABLAZE

WITH A NEW SPIRIT.

The lessons learned from the war have inoculated it with new energy, enterprise and progressiveness. THE BUSINESS ENGINEER OF THE DAY is the

TRAINED EXPERT ACCOUNTANT.

He is in the greatest demand of any professional man in the world, has the least competition, and consequently is the best paid.

$3,000 TO $10,000—AND MORE

yearly. Business men realize that if they are to survive and prosper in this new era they must have a close, accurate and constant analysis of their business, and possibly a day-by-day audit, such as can only be secured through the medium of the man—or woman—trained in Higher Accounting. The available supply of these is exhausted—there are none to be had.

We can fill, in a limited way only, the many requests being received for AUDITORS, COMPTROLLERS, COST ACCOUNTANTS, EFFICIENCY ENGINEERS, CREDIT MEN, AND SYSTEMATIZERS.

THE LARGEST UNIVERSITY

IN THE WORLD

teaching Higher Accounting and coaching for C. P. A. examination, by simple, practical, and agreeable Home Study, is making a special effort to train ambitious men and women, with analytical minds, who desire to fit themselves to fill these positions and secure the financial independence that comes with the mastery of the highest paid profession in the world. KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING NOT REQUIRED. We train you from the ground up.

LET 1919 SEE YOUR TRAINING AS A PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT COMPLETED!

Address or call on

E. A. MANCHESTER, Registrar.
119 WEST 40TH ST., NEW YORK.
Telephone 1981 Bryant.

ACTIVE MEN wanted for good jobs in a new industry with a future bigger than that of the automobile; get in now as an operator, repair man, or salesman of farm tractors; we qualify you as an expert tractor mechanic; short course, personal instruction. Y. M. C. A. Tractor School, (East Side Branch,) 157 East 86th St. Telephone Lenox 6051.

YOUNG SOUTH AMERICAN GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO PRACTICE THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE WITH REFINED AND WELL-EDUCATED PARTY; PRICE NO OBJECTION. B 606 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SOUTH AMERICAN GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO CHANGE ENGLISH LESSONS FOR PORTUGUESE OR FRENCH; ALSO SOCIAL ENTERTAINMENT WITH REFINED PARTY. B 605 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MEN WANTED.
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Take advantage of the great after-the-war reconstruction period; learn Mechanical Dentistry; rise above small-salaried positions into a profession of unlimited opportunity; taught by actual work; no book study; three months' course; day and evening classes; easy payments; tools and equipment furnished free; write for Booklet C. Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentristy, 15 West 44th St., New York; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT.
The demand for Traffic Managers is growing. We can train you! Our course offers instruction in practical work. The course is given in co-operation with the La Salle Extension University, under the supervision of P. W. Moore, Chief of Traffic Bureau, Queensboro Chamber of Commerce.
Call, write, or phone. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., N. Y.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.
Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors. Every day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 91. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst. 100 Pullman Bldg. New York.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY. Men wanted to learn a paying professional trade, Mechanical Dentistry. Splendid opportunities for trained men.
Practical work all through. Perfectly equipped laboratories. Call or write. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, Dept. B, 25 West 45th St., New York.

EARN $25 to $75 Weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "T," N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

ENGLISH taught by cultured American young woman, with knowledge of Spanish, French; graduate Boston University; improved method insures results. Room 415, 500 5th Av., 42d St., Murray Hill 2088.

BOOKKEEPERS, clerks wanted to train under certified public accountants for openings as cost accountants, auditors, executives; new home study plan. International Accountants Society, 300 Broadway, N.Y.C.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

BECOME EXPERT BOOKKEEPER; stenographers. Day—evenings. CHIEF SCHOOL, 5 Beekman Street.

Study chemistry, small classes; free trial lesson. Y. M. H. A., Lexington Av. and 92d St.

Instruction in French and Spanish commercial correspondence; state terms. S 754 Times Downtown.

MOVING-PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

"THE AMERICAN,"

115 BROADWAY, (COR. CEDAR ST.)

STENOGRAPHERS, (20,) needed at once in office of Government commission; at least one year's work, probably two; $130 month.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

SALES ENGINEER, thorough knowledge power plants, (steam and electrical) also condensers, location abroad, attractive salary; export clerk, exprd., export clearing, shipping, billing, $30-$35; junior stenographer, (beginner acceptable,) and file clerk, $20; junior accountants and bookkeepers, exprd. analyzing accts. and financial statements, attractive salary. Alliance, 92 Liberty.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine; write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
EXPORT MANAGER, (able to speak both Spanish and Portuguese,) $35 upwards.
HARDWARE BUYER, (familiar with exporting to Northern European countries,) salary commensurate with ability.
SPANISH, ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT, (at least 3 years' export experience,) $35 upwards.
SPANISH, ENGLISH stenographers, $25 upwards.
ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, (export experience,) $20-$25.
ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK, able to make out Spanish bills of lading, $20.
OFFICE BOY, (16-17 years,) for office of President of Mining Corporation, $10.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE, 7 Pine Street.

BOOKKEEPER, $40; office executive, (expert accountant,) shipping, ledger, clerks. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

AGENTS WANTED.

Fifty cents an agate line.

AGENTS wanted in every locality to handle easiest selling oil leases in State of Texas; energetic salesman can make big money. P. O. Box 926, Dallas, Texas.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,700 Broadway.

AUTO BARGAINS.
ON EXHIBITION.
CADILLAC, collapsible Landaulet, 1917.
CADILLAC, convertible Sedan, 1917.
CADILLAC, Victoria coupe, 1917.
CADILLAC, Roadster, 1917.
CADILLAC, 7-passenger, 1917 and 1918.
PACKARD Chummy Roadster, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, Touring, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD 2-35, Landaulet, 1917.
PIERCE 6-48, Limousine, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Touring, 1916.
LOCO, 6-38, Landaulet, 1915.
LANCIA, 35, Special Roadster, 1916.
LANCIA, Streamline Touring, 1916.
BIDDLE, new Roadster, 1918.
ISOTTA, Special Touring, 1915.
LANCIA, Modern Town Car.
MARMON, Chummy Roadster.
FIAT, 90, Special Roadster.
DE DION, small Town Car.
RENAULT, 18 horse, collapsible Landaulet.
RENAULT, 45, Limousine.
PEUGEOT, 18-horse Sedan, exceptional.
ROSKAM SCOTT CO., 1,896 Broadway, (63d,) 907 Columbus.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
1918 PACKARD Touring.
1918 CADILLAC Sedan.
1917 CADILLAC Sedan.
1918 DANIELS 4-passenger touring.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW touring.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger touring.
1917 MARMON touring.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 MAXWELL Sedan.
1917 HUDSON cabriolet.
1917 BUICK Sedan.
1917 OVERLAND Sedan.
1916 SIMPLEX limousine landaulet.
1916 MARMON town car.
1917 DODGE touring.
1917 CADILLAC touring; excellent condition.
1916 STUTZ Speedster Bearcat.
TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
1917 PACKARD, 2-ton.
1918 GARFORD, 2-ton; cannot be told from new.
1917 REO, 2-ton.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, 237 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

BUICK "E-49" 7-passenger touring, complete, perfect condition. Homan, 250 West 54th.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK, 1917, Little-6 touring, $800. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1916-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLAC 1917 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD 1918 LIMOUSINE, 3-35.
PIERCE 1918 LANDAULET, 38.
PACKARD 1917 TOURING, 2-35.
PACKARD 1917 PHAETON, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 ROADSTER, 2-25.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1917 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 Victoria Coupe, 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN and CABRIOLET.
PACKARD 1915 TOURING, 3-38.
SIMPLEX 1915 LIMOUSINE, 38.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO., 10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan, new cord tires, original paint, which is excellent, mechanically perfect; an exceptional opportunity considering condition.
HUDSON 1918 "Special" Suburban Sedan, like new; blue velvet upholstery, wire wheels, extras; presents beautiful appearance; exceptional car.
HUDSON 1917 Sedan, mechanically perfect; upholstery, tires, paint, etc., excellent; reasonably priced.
COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 West 56th St. FOURTH FLOOR.

CADILLAC cabriolet; late 1917 model; full leather back; perfect condition; wire wheels; excellent tires; Westinghouse shock absorbers; run low mileage; absolutely no dealers considered. Address Rowantree, Room 3555, 120 Broadway; telephone Rector 9740.

CADILLAC 1917 touring, Rudge Whitworth wire wheels, 1 spare, all cord tires; in perfect condition; $1,800. Bonavista Garage, 254 West 109th.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, 1917. Mechanically perfect, interior almost new. GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY. Plaza 4837. 665 5th Av.

CADILLAC 1917 seven passenger touring; overhauled, new top and slip covers; $1,650. Joe Helbig, 918 Union St., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; perfect mechanical condition; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CADILLAC 1917 COUPE. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CRANE SIMPLEX, latest model, Sedan body; never run. 5902 Schuyler.

COLE CARS—ALL TYPES. COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 West 56th St. FOURTH FLOOR.

DODGE 1919 runabout, like new; need cash; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

FORD 1918 closed touring; six excellent tires on demountables; Hassler shock absorbers, Gabriel snubbers, Atwater-Kent ignition, starter, speedometer, clock, seat covers, walnut steering wheel, Perry lock; everything perfect; thorough demonstration to discriminating buyer. R 875 Times.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET. HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1918. WALLACE, 238 West 50th St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan, 1918 touring, 1917 Speedster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1918 4-passenger speedster; must sell quickly; need cash. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON Super-Six Sedan; dispose of this beautiful car at bargain. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

KNOX.—Beautiful limousine-landaulet, wire wheels, starter; cost over $7,000; first cash offer of $1,000 accepted. 1,930 Broadway.

LEXINGTON late 1918 model 7-passenger, perfect condition; only run 3,000 miles; $1,000; bargain to quick buyer. Telephone Mr. Kassel, Chelsea 5220.

LOCOMOBILE, 1918, brougham, 38 H. P. Car exceptionally smart appearance. GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY, Plaza 4837. 665 5th Av.

LOBELL ABORN CO.
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 MERCER Suburban.
1917 STUTZ Tr. very special!
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL ABORN CO., 230 West 56th St., one door west of Broadway.

MARMON 1918 touring car, 1917 Chummy roadster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917-1918 LIMOUSINES. Exceptionally fine. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AFTER this date I will not be responsible for any bills except those contracted by me in person. Jan. 27, 1919. STUART H. BROWN.

I HAVE THIS DAY PURCHASED THE drug store of Henry M. Faust, at 380 7th Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. SAMUEL SCHOEN.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

MERCER 1919 raceabout, in perfect condition; need cash; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

NATIONAL.—Latest model, Newport sedan; condition new; rare opportunity. Phone Circle 5692.

OAKLAND cabriolet little 8; recently overhauled and painted; seats three; fine proposition for doctor; any demonstration. E. A. Reed, 2,250 80th St., Brooklyn. Phone 2195W Bath Beach.

OLDSMOBILE.—$675 credit on Oldsmobile Co., will sell for $575. Phone Madison Square 7707, Apt. 28.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS	Reconditioned & guaranteed prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC. Broadway and 50th St.

PACKARD touring, new last Summer; extra shoes; prime condition throughout. Can be seen at J. M. Palmer Carriage Works, Clinton and State Sts., Brooklyn.

PACKARD 1918, Fleetwood brougham, limousine; run less than 4,000 miles; bargain. Park Plaza Garage, 920 Union St., B'klyn.

PACKARD 1918 limousine-brougham, Fleetwood body; only used three months. Plaza 5632.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN. Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PIERCE-ARROW 48 limousine, 1917; mileage, 4,500; perfect condition. Russell & Downs, 124 West 54th. Telephone Circle 1740.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" Sedan, excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE, 150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1[illegible].

STANDARD.—A fine limousine opportunity; must sell my high-grade Standard "8" limousine; run very little and in practically new condition, including paint, upholstery, tires, &c.; cost $4,000; really extraordinary bargain due to immediate need for cash. Ask for Mr. Sherman, 1,920 Broadway. Columbus 4648.

STEARNS KNIGHTS	Closed and Open Models.	Prices
Overhauled Guaranteed	4 and 8 cyl.	very reasonable

STEARNS USED CAR DEPT., 415 West 55th St. Columbus—7600.

STUDEBAKER light six, '19 series, 4 door Sedan, practically brand new, beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway, at 56th St., 2d floor. See Mr. Christie.

STUDEBAKER "Six," '18 model, used for demonstrating purposes only; new car costs $1,732; you can buy this beautiful demonstrating roadster for $875; car is fully guaranteed perfect condition. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway, 2d floor.

STUTZ Sedan, almost new, fully equipped; many extras, mechanically perfect. 1,930 Broadway.

STUTZ, 1918, 6-passenger touring; used 4 months; condition new. Circle 5692.

WILLYS-KNIGHT, only used few months, 1918 touring; 2 new extra tires; bargain; cash $1,250. Columbus 8880.

WINTON six 7-passenger touring car; electric lights, self-starter; overhauled, repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

WONDERFUL VALUE.
1918 Studebaker for $575, a beautiful and practically new touring equipped with 2 extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally economical and comfortable family car in perfect condition throughout. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway.

Motor Trucks.

MOTOR Trucks to hire by day, week or month; contracts taken. Mahoney, 208 West 17th. Chelsea 6068.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire, superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. 'Phone 4218 5530 Bryant.

CADILLAC limousine, beautiful late model, by the day, week, or month; reasonable. Write S., 8 Greenwich Av. 9911 Spring.

PACKARD Landaulet, 1917 Model, with trustworthy, competent chauffeur, for rent monthly. Phone Plaza 2100. 153 East 53d St.

PACKARD limousine and landaulet hourly, Lenox 8550. Ask for Mr. Paul.

PACKARD 7-passenger for hire, careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Plaza 9250.

Automobiles Wanted.

ATTENTION!
CARS WANTED.
We pay HIGHEST PRICES and SPOT CASH for used Cars in good condition. Lincoln Sq. Auto Exchange, 1,930 B'way.

WANTED, AUTOS FOR SPOT CASH.
Modern Models, All Styles.
WHAT HAVE YOU?
Bring Car to Door, Telephone, or Write. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2478.

Wanted—New, high-grade automobile, any standard make, for exchange for my equity in seven-room detached house; equity $2,500; don't want used car. Write Box 15, 1,619 St. James Bldg.

AUTOMOBILES wanted for export; best prices paid. Feinberg, 350 East 149th St., Bronx.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 153.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

Automobile Bodies.

AUTO BODIES.—A brougham and one limousine-landaulet, cost $3,000 each; take $500 for either. 1,930 Broadway.

Automobile Instruction.

	20 REASONS 20
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.	Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue I.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50 St.	Superior Instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St	Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $30.50
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1121 BEDFORD AVENUE. DEPARTMENT.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Piano, Lindermann upright piano, mahogany case, excellent condition, for immediate sale. Turner, 150 Haven Av.

Horseshoe scarf pin, 15 fine diamonds, cost $175; sacrifice, $90. A 923 Times Harlem.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
NONVISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $6.00.
VISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $7.50 UP.
Initial Payment Applies if Purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.
339 Broadway, at Worth St. } TEL. 5400
20 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. } FRANKLIN.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted a revolvator hoisting machine, about 6 feet high, in good condition. Denzer & Nathan, 611 Broadway.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Government Sales.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT OWNED SHEARLINGS.

The Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, 19th & B Streets, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Shearlings which were bought by the Government for the purpose of entering into the manufacture of army equipment such as coat liners, boots, jerkins, saddles, etc. Grades offered are Rock Island selection natural color for saddle linings, Rock Island selection black, Quartermaster selection natural color for saddle linings, Aviation No. 1 clipped and combed, Aviation No. 1 natural color, Aviation No. 1 black, Aviation No. 2 natural color, Aviation No. 2 black, Clippers, Rejects, Tear-offs and pieces. Shearlings can be inspected at any of the Zone Supply Offices in the following named cities: 461 8th Ave., New York, N. Y.; 108 Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass.; 1819 West 39th St., Chicago, Ill., and Jeffersonville, Ind. Bids must be made in triplicate on special form in time to reach Washington, D. C., A. M. February 24, 1919. Full particulars and forms for submitting bids may be obtained upon application to Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th & B Streets, Wash., D. C., Ref. S. P. D., No. 260, C. E.

SALE OF WOOD CHARCOAL.

MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION, CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 WEST FORTY-FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK CITY.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 860 tons of wood charcoal now located at Astoria, N. Y. Bids must be made on form M.D. 9, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., February 8, 1919.

SALE OF RUBBER CEMENT.

Material Disposition Section, Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.

Sealed bids are requested for the whole of any portion of 780 gallons of rubber cement packed in 30-gallon drums. Bids must be made on forms M. D. 8, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Feb. 3, 1919.

NAVAL ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders to officers today:

Grant, Vice Admiral A. W., from command of Div. 5, Battleship Force No. 1, Atlantic Fleet, to Battleship Force No 1., consisting of Divisions A and B of Squad. No. 1 and No. 2, and additional duty in command of Div. No. 4 and Squad. No. 2.

Robertson, Rear Admiral A. H., detached from command Destroyer Force and assigned to command of Flotilla No. 2 of Destroyer Force when organized.

Snowden, Rear Admiral T., detached command of Div. No. 2 of Atlantic Fleet and will proceed to Wash. for temp. duty.

Halsted, Rear Admiral A. E., detached from command of Squad. No. 5 of Patrol Force of Atlantic Fleet and assigned in command of Naval Force in France.

Rogers, Rear Admiral T. S., detached from command of Div. No. 6 of Atlantic Fleet and will proceed to Wash. as President of Naval Examination Board and the Naval Retiring Board.

Brittain, Rear Admiral C. B., detached from command of Div. No. 1 of the Atlantic Fleet and assigned to command Div. A of Atlantic Fleet.

Wiley, Rear Admiral H. A., detached from command of Div. A of the Atlantic Fleet and assigned to command Div. B of the Atlantic Fleet.

Hoogewerff, Rear Admiral J. A., detached from command of Div. No. 4 of the Atlantic Fleet and assigned to command Div. No. 1 and Squad. No. 1 of the Atlantic Fleet.

Washington, Rear Admiral T., detached from command of Div. No. 3 of the Atlantic Fleet and assigned to command Div. No. 2 of the Atlantic Fleet.

Rodman, Rear Admiral H., detached from command of Div. No. 9 of the Atlantic Fleet and assigned to command Div. No. 6 and Squad. No. 3 of the Atlantic Fleet.

Williams, Rear Admiral C. S., detached from command of Div. No. 8 of the Atlantic Fleet and assigned to command Div. No. 5 of the Atlantic Fleet.

Shoemaker, Rear Admiral W. R., detached as a member of the Gen. Board and assigned to command Div. No. 3 of the Atlantic Fleet.

Huse, Rear Admiral H. McL. P., detached as President Naval Exam. Board and Naval Retiring Board and assigned to command Train of the Atlantic Fleet.

Plunkett, Rear Admiral C. P., detached from office of Naval Operations and assigned to command Destroyer Force and Flotilla No. 1 when organized.

Beach, Capt. E. L., assigned as commandant of Mare Island Navy Yard.

Latimer, Capt. J. L., and Bassett, Capt. F., home without orders.

Watson, Capt. H., assigned as Naval Attache of American Embassy at Tokio.

Murfin, Capt. O. G., assigned to command U. S. S. Missouri.

Magruder, Capt. T. P., to Piqua.

Crosley, Capt. W. S., assigned to command the Rhode Island.

Roddie, Capt. W. K., assigned to cruiser force of the Atlantic fleet.

Jensen, Comdr. H. N., to Bureau of Steam Eng.

Scudder, Comdr. P., to Naval Ammunition Depot at Puget Sound.

Williams, Comdr. R., assigned as Inspector of Ord. at Brooklyn.

Dampman, Comdr. P. E., assigned to the Vestal.

Mathewson, Comdr. R. W., assigned to the U. S. S. Liberator.

Kessler, Comdr. R. W., and Kerrick, Comdr. C. S., assigned to cruiser force of the Atlantic fleet.

Barnette, Comdr. B., assigned to cruiser and transport force of the Atlantic fleet.

Bagley, Comdr. D. W., to The Hague as Naval Attache.

Mathewson, Comdr. R. W., assigned to the U. S. S. Rochester.

Stevens, Comdr. L. M., from the McDonough to the Piqua.

Wilson, Comdr. P. L., assigned to Edwards.

Mathewson, Comdr. R. W., and White, Comdr. R. A., assigned to the cruiser force for temp. duty.

Early, Comdr. C. W., to Annapolis.

Soule, Comdr. C. C., and White, Comdr. R. A., assigned to cruiser force for temp. duty.

Kays, Comdr. H. T., to the Chicago as Executive Off.

Rossiter, Comdr. P. S., to cruiser and transport force of the Atlantic fleet as force surg.

Reed, Comdr. E. U., to New York Naval Hosp.

Sanford, Comdr. J. R., to Naval Hosp. at Ft. Lyon, Col.

Mayo, Comdr. C. G., designated as special disbursing off.

Sumner, Comdr. E. C., assigned as naval constructor of the Atlantic fleet.

Kenney, Comdr. J. T., from headquarters at London to Rotterdam.

Bunkley, Lt. Comdr. J., to Atlantic Fleet as Aid and Flag Lt. to Rear Adm. Plunkett of the Des. Force.

Morgan, Lt. Cmdr. A. L., to the Mississippi as Asst. Eng. Off.

Hinckley, Lt. Cmdr. R. M., assigned to U. S. S. Iowa.

Martin, Lt. Cmdr. C. K., assigned to U. S. S. North Dakota.

Byrnes, Lt. Cmdr. J. C., to the Texas as Asst. Eng. Off.

Womble, Lt. Cmdr. S. G., to the Oklahoma as Asst. Eng. Off.

Hoard, Lt. Cmdr. C. E., assigned to the U. S. S. New York.

Braisted, Lt. Cmdr. F. A., assigned to command the Breckenridge when commissioned.

Meckeewski, Lt. Cmdr. R. P., to Annapolis.

Turner, Lt. Cmdr. W. W., to the Oklahoma as Eng. Off.

Kerr, Lt. Cmdr. R. E., to the Delaware as Asst. Fire Control Off.

Bischoff, Lt. Cmdr. L. P., assigned to U. S. S. Utah.

Goodhue, Lt. Cmdr. W. E., assigned to U. S. S. Beale.

Lyle, Lt. Cmdr. H. H., assigned to U. S. S. Wyoming.

Green, Lt. Cmdr. G. L., to the Missouri as Gunnery Off.

Hoard, Lt. Cmdr. C. E., to the New York as asst. engr.

McConnell, Lt. Cmdr. E. O., assigned to the Texas.

Bassett, Lt. Cmdr. F. G., assigned to the Piqua.

Falconer, Lt. Cmdr. W. M., to home, relieved of active duty.

Cohn, Lt. Cmdr. C. H., assigned to command the U. S. S. Monaghan.

Moore, Lt. Cmdr. C. J., assigned to command the Drayton.

Rockwell, Lt. Cmdr. F. W., assigned to command the Thatcher when commissioned.

Benson, Lt. Cmdr. H. H. J., assigned to command the U. S. S. Buchanan when commissioned.

Hendrick, Lt. Cmdr. D. I., to the Idaho as Asst. Eng. Off. when commissioned.

Gresham, Lt. Cmdr. W. F., assigned to command the Maddox when commissioned.

Patterson, Lt. Cmdr. D. C., assigned to the Idaho.

Ross, Lt. Cmdr. C. C., to the Wyoming as Eng. Off.

Cotheam, Lt. Cmdr. W. B., to New York Naval Hosp.

Hall, Lt. Cmdr. J. L., to the Pennsylvania as Asst. Eng.

McMillan, Lt. Cmdr. G. J., to the N. Dakota as Asst. Eng.

Manter, Lt. Cmdr. W. E., assigned to the Oregon.

McCormick, Lt. Cmdr. E. D., to The Hague as asst. to Naval Attache.

Clark, Lt. Cmdr. C. C., to Portland, Ore.

Lane, Lt. Cmdr. H. H., to Wash. in Medicine and Surgery Dept.

Burke, Lt. Cmdr. H., assigned to the Huntington.

Allen, Lt. Cmdr. A. H., to Philadelphia Navy Yard.

Hoy, Lt. Cmdr. F., to Fifth Naval Dist.

McDonnell, Lt. Cmdr. W. N., to Pelham Bay Naval Hosp.

Lamar, Lt. Cmdr. W. W., to the Arkansas as Supply Off.

Van Mater, Lt. Cmdr. R. H., to the N. Dakota as Supply Off.

Dashiell, Lt. R. B., assigned to the Blakely.

Maury, Lt. S. F., assigned to the U. S. S. O-15.

Buchner, Lt. C. R., to New Brunswick, Ga.

Collins, Lt. W., to the Naval Hosp. at Ft. Lyon, Col., for treatment.

Becker, Lt. L. W., assigned to command the U. S. S. A-3 when commissioned.

Gilmer, Lt. F. H., assigned to the Arizona.

Page, Lt. W. W., assigned to the U. S. S. Mississippi.

Kimball, Lt. A., will report to the Cmdg. Martin, Lt. J. A., to Philadelphia Navy Yard in Bureau of Ord.

Braine, Lt. C. E., assigned to the Minnesota.

Moore, Lt. S. M., assigned to the Michigan.

Conger, Lt. F. B., Jr., to the Cheyenne as Off. of R. S. at San Francisco.

Koehler, Lt. O. J., to home, resignation accepted.

... Executive Off.

Mart..., Lt. R. M., assigned to the Preble.

Doe..., Lt. T. F., to the Sacramento as Executive Off.

Stre..., Lt. M., assigned to the Florida.

Kade, Lt. F. R., to the Sacramento as Eng. Off.

Rider, Lt. F. T., assigned to the Lebanon.

Vose, Lt. H., Jr., assigned to the Bush.

Kangle, Lt. L. F., assigned to the U. S. S. Taylor.

Mallory, Lt. W. S., assigned to submarine duty on the U. S. S. Fulton.

Dohle, Lt. F., assigned to the U. S. S. Waters.

Wainwright, Lt. S., assigned to the Leviathan.

Murphy, Lt. L. J., assigned to the Foote.

Greene, Lt. N. A., assigned to the Mississippi.

Ralston, Lt. H. B., will rejoin the U. S. S. Mayflower.

Timberlake, Lt. J. B., to the Alabama as Gunnery Off.

Perkins, Lt. C. N., assigned to the U. S. S. Texas.

Colyear, Lt. B. H., and Clark, Lt. G. W., assigned to the Wyoming.

Harty, Lt. W. S., assigned to the U. S. S. Nevada.

Griffin, Lt. M., assigned to the U. S. S. Wilkes.

Dannn, Lt. E. J., assigned to the U. S. S. H-1.

Wilson, Lt. P. A., to the Sixth Naval Dist. as Radio Material Off.

Rochester, Lt. H. A., assigned to the Florida.

Dykes, Lt. J. B., assigned to the U. S. S. New York.

Koehler, Lt. O. J., to home on acceptance of resignation.

Barner, Lt. J. D., assigned to the U. S. S. North Dakota.

Jackson, Lt. C. E., to Newport News as Eng. Off, Harbor Floating Equipment.

Gilbert, Lt. R. T., assigned to the U. S. S. D-2.

McDonnold, Lt. F. E., to Naval Hosp. at Puget Sound.

Milligan, Lt. J. D., to Newport training station.

Adams, Lt. M., to Twelfth Naval Dist.

Belsey, Lt. B. R., assigned to the Iroquois.

Sartin, Lt. L. B., assigned to the Hancock.

Shinn, Lt. P. A., to Boston Naval Hosp.

Higley, Lt. C. J.; Watson, Lt. R. B., and Westcott, Lt. H. H., to training station at Hampton Roads.

Rosenthal, Lt. J. M., to Naval Dispensary at Wash.

Herrick, Lt. D. C., to Baltimore, in office of General Inspector.

Holcomb, Lt. V. E., to 8th Naval Dist.

Conger, Lt. F. B. J., assigned to the U. S. S. Massachusetts.

Mall, Lt. F. M., assigned to the Clemson.

McClintock, Lt. A., and Farnsworth, Lt. J. S., to Bureau of Navigation.

Ward, Lt. C. O., to the Thomas when commissioned.

Schultz, Lt. E., to 12th Naval Dist.

Lundquist, Lt. E. C., and Wallace, Lt. C. T., assigned to the Dakotan.

Bell, Lt. W. H., to Portsmouth Navy Yard.

Iden, Lt. B. F., assigned to the Virginian.

Engel, Lt. H. W., assigned to the President Grant.

Joseph, Lt. D., assigned to the Black Arrow.

Melnikoff, Lt. L. R., assigned to the Florida.

Ayers, Lt. L. R., assigned to the Montana.

McCann, Lt. R. H., to Naval Air Station at Hampton Roads.

Pilblack, Lt. O. E., and Marley, Lt. H., to Base No. 29.

Johnson, Lt. F. T., to Lake Conesus.

James, Lt. G. M., to Lake Traverse.

Toehr, Lt. S., to Lake Yahara.

Stephens, Lt. G. T., assigned to command the Piqua.

Dooley, Lt. J., assigned to the Carola.

Snow, Lt. M. E., assigned to the Favorite as wreck master of First Salvage Div.

Kingsley, Lt. R. H., and Hammill, Lt. S. C., to the Bureau of Nav.

Earnest, Lt. J. B., to continue treatment at Phila. Naval Hosp.

Chase, Lt. C. W., assigned to the Anniston.

Fulton, Lt. J. S., Jr., assigned to the Indiana.

Eversen, Lt. O., and Finn, Lt. C. D., assigned to the Iowa.

Lanagan, Lt. F. W.; McIntosh, Lt. E., and Joers, Lt. R. J., assigned to the Massachusette.

Ketcham, Lt. B. S., assigned to the Huron.

Marchand, Lt. G. E., assigned to the Manning.

Moore, Lt. T. J., to Boston as asst. naval insp. of ord.

Quinn, Lt. C. M., assigned to the Kroonland.

Maynard, Lt. G. S., assigned to the Indiana.

Anderson, Lt. W. A., assigned to the Iowa.

Corbett, Lt. J. I., assigned to the Montgomery.

Yetterman, Lt. A. E., assigned to the Chicago.

Lott, Lt. W. M., assigned to the Wilhelmina.

Clark, Lt. R. W., assigned as aid on staff of Rear Admiral H. P. Jones.

Ebank, Lt. G. A., assigned to the Pocahontas.

Petersen, Lt. H. A., assigned to the Panther.

O'Rourke, Lt. D. M., assigned to cruiser and transport div. of Atlantic fleet.

Emmett, Lt. J. M., to Marine Barracks at Quantico, Va.

Quinn, Lt. J. M., to 8th Naval Dist. at Naval Hosp.

Cantlin, Lt. F. M., assigned to the Utah.

Stewart, Lt. H. D., assigned to the U. S. S. Huron.

Dodson, Lt. A. I., assigned to the U. S. S. Paducah.

Corrad, Lt. H. G., to the Panaman as supply off.

Gamble, Lt. M. G., assigned to the Nevada.

Clark, Lt. V. O., assigned to the U. S. S. Florida.

Mitten, Lt. R. L.; Leventen, Lt. H. K., and Cummings, Lt. G. C., assigned to the U. S. S. Oklahoma.

Ballentine, Lt. J. J., and Rogers, Lt. E. B., assigned to the U. S. S. Arizona.

Matthews, Lt. R. B., assigned to the U. S. S. Delaware.

Loomis, Lt. D. W., assigned to the U. S. S. Mississippi.

Teasley, Lt. W. A., to the U. S. S. Dent as executive off.

Townsend, Lt. O. D., assigned to the U. S. S. Utah.

Stevens, Lt. H. W., assigned to the U. S. S. Wyoming.

Benedict, Lt. V., to New York Navy Yard.

Wolter, Lt. J. D., to home without orders.

Weest, Lt. L. M., to Boston Navy Yard.

Swift, Lt. J. T., assigned to the U. S. S. Leviathan.

Dorsey, Lt. A. B., to Washington Navy Yard.

Webster, Lt. F. F., assigned to the U. S. S. Dubuque.

Hoyt, Lt. A. C., assigned to the U. S. S. St. Louis.

Fengar, Lt. H. C., assigned to the U. S. S. Pennsylvania.

Cullens, Lt. J. W., assigned to the U. S. S. Florida.

Hallberg, Lt. C. J., assigned to the U. S. S. Cushing.

Winter, Lt. C. A., assigned to the Kalk.

Parmenter, Lt. B. M., assigned to U. S. S. Supply for radio duty.

Stocker, Lt. R. M., to N. A. Station at Anacostia.

Joseph, Lt. J. A., to Coast Guard of New York.

Leonard, Lt. A. B., to Naval Air Station at Pensacola, Fla.

Robertson, Lt. C. J., to Naval Hosp. at Great Lakes, Ill.

Field, Lt. T. S., to Naval Hosp. at Charleston, S. C.

Clement, Lt. E. D., assigned to the Blakeley.

Lewis, Lt. S. V., to Naval Hosp. at Charleston, S. C.

Hays, Lt. L., to Third Naval Dist. for duty at New York Naval Hosp.

Johnson, Lt. L. W., to Naval Hosp. of Seventh Naval Dist.

Gilbert, Lt. R. A., to continue treatment at Norfolk Naval Hosp.

Whitford, Lt. C., to Third Naval Dist.

Leonard, Lt. M. M., assigned to the U. S. S. Utah.

Blackard, Lt. W. F., assigned to the U. S. S. America.

Hunter, Lt. H. O., assigned to the U. S. S. Nevada.

Abberty, Lt. W. M., will report to Admiral Wilson for assignment.

McLennan, Lt. S. E., assigned to the U. S. S. Monaghan.

McGregor, Lt. C. T., to home on acceptance of resignation.

Roberts, Lt. G. R., will continue treatment at New York Naval Hosp.

Hooker, Lt. J. F., will continue duty on U. S. S. Mississippi.

Gateley, Lt. T. T., assigned to the U. S. S. Alabama.

Glaubitz, Lt. B. J. W., assigned to the Wilhelmina.

Jablow, Lt. H. B., assigned to the Santa Paula.

Applebaum, Lt. J., to home on acceptance resignation.

Dumstrey, Lt. H., to Wash. and await orders.

Bilson, Lt. E. F., assigned to the U. S. S. Favorite.

Dunn, Lt. R. S., will report to Cmdr. of Naval Forces at Turkey for assignment.

Willenbucker, Lt. F. O., will report to Admiral Benson at Paris.

Parrott, Lt. M. C., resignation accepted.

Royster, Lt. J. H., to New York Naval Hosp.

Larson, Lt. G. H., and Kennedy, Lt. H. L., assigned to the U. S. S. Arcadia.

Gray, Lt. I., assigned to the U. S. S. St. Paul.

Lassiter, Lt. H. C., and Dryden, Lt. G. E., to supply station of Fifth Naval Dist.

Hipp, Lt. T. E., and Bellows, Lt. H. A., assigned to Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

Fitzgerald, Lt. W. E., to Third Naval Dist.

Burnett, Lt. H. P., assigned to the Idaho.

Kessing, Lt. O. O., assigned to the Greene.

Kegley, Lt. T. M., to home.

Phillips, Lt. C., assigned to the R-8.

La Pointe, Lt. L. L., assigned to the Virginia.

Stamm, Lt. L. P., assigned to the Sacramento.

Pennington, Lt. J., to Fourth Naval Dist.

Pennycook, Lt. R. D., assigned to Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following promotion list is announced: To Foreman, Grade 1, Bureau of Sewers and Highways, Manhattan and the Bronx—John Larkin, 85; Max Goldner, 83; Valentine Finger, 83; Tony Fredericks, 81.50; Andrew Nelson, 81; Oscar Grecke, 80.50; William McCollough, 80.50; Mortimer J. Wilkinson, 79; Thomas F. Phelan, 78.50; John J. Alf, 78.10; William H. Heartt, 78; John Moylan, 78; Edward J. Hynes, 78; Louis Burger, 78.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 26 at the New York Custom House an examination for mineral examiner, for men only. Vacancies in the General Land Office Service for duty in the field or in Washington, D. C., at entrance salaries ranging from $1,380 to $1,500 a year, with an allowance of $3.50 a day while away from designated field headquarters on official duty, will be filled from this examination. Certification for filling vacancies in positions with headquarters outside of Washington, D. C., will be made of the highest eligibles examined in the section of the country in which the appointee is to be employed, except that upon the request of the department certification will be made of the highest eligibles on the register for the entire country who have expressed willingness to accept appointment where the vacancy exists. The duties require thorough knowledge of geology, mineralogy, practical mining, and the land laws concerning mining claims on the public domain. Competitors will be examined in practical questions in geology, mineralogy, and mineral disposition, elementary mathematics and surveying, report on a subject connected with the general nature of the examination, and education, training, and experience. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Air pressure is relatively low along the northern border and high in other parts of the country, the greatest excess in pressure being over the Rocky Mountain region. Clear skies and mild temperatures continue throughout the country, although within the last twenty-four hours there were rains in Texas, Oklahoma, and Western Arkansas and snow flurries in Northern New England.

Every outlook is for fair weather and moderate to mild temperature over all parts of the country east of the Mississippi River Tuesday and Wednesday.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate west; Middle Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate southwest and west; South Atlantic Coast, gentle variable.

FORECAST—TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York, Southern New England, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday with mild temperatures.

Western New York—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday with mild temperature.

Northern New England—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	19	38	4 P. M.	14	47
6 A. M.	17	36	6 P. M.	12	46
9 A. M.	14	38	9 P. M.	14	41
12 M.	13	45	11 P. M.	15	37

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 42; for the corresponding date last year it was 14; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 35, at 8 P. M. it was 44. Maximum temperature 50 degrees at 4:15 P. M., minimum 35 degrees at 8 A. M. Humidity 52 per cent. at 8 A. M., 43 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.95 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.00 inches.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga., Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Tenn., Ky., Ind, and Ohio—Fair Tues and Wed.

Mich.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed.

Fire Record.

	Loss.
A. M.	
12:05—2,733 8 Av.; Abraham Windel	Slight
2:10—164 W. 25 St.; G. Fox	Slight
2:25—120 Ridge St.; not given	Slight
3:25—236 W. 52 St.; Frank Pierce	Slight
4:40—404 E. 14 St.; Harry Fuldner & Sons	Not given
9:40—1,915 3 Av.; Ike Gabriel	Slight
10:05—Pier 95, N. R.; U. S. Army	Slight
10:25—243 7 Av.; Jepier Bros	Not given
10:45—320 Henry St.; Harry Spar	Slight
11:00—80 E. 116 St.; N. Y. Cash Register Co.	Slight
P. M.	
12:01—35 Rivington St.	Not given
12:20—Grand Concourse & Kingsbridge Road; not given	None
1:15—310 E. 121 St.; Louisa Jones	Not given
1:35—800 Home St.	Not given
3:00—98 Cannon St.; M. Fluer	Not given
3:40—East River, bet. 72 & 73 Sts., ash scow; O'Brien Bros.	None
5:10—170 W. 136 St.; W. Pothers	Not given
5:15—Riverside Park, bet. 123 & 125 Sts., brush; not given	Slight
5:20—353 85th St.; F. O'Connor	Not given
5:50—643 E. 9 St.; Chas. Salvman	Not given
7:00—1,399 3 Av.; not given	$250
7:10—553-557 1 Av.; Smith & Jones	$2,000
7:20—878 E. 181 St.; not given	Slight
7:50—350 Pearl St.; Greek-Arabian Coffee Co.	None
8:10—49 9 Av.; United Cigar Store	Slight
8:45—666 Union Av.; John O'Brien	Slight
9:00—712 E. 12 St.; Morris Berowitz	Slight
11:10—66 Nassau St.; not given	None
11:35—336 E. 54 St.; Anna McDonald	Slight

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Stock salesman, with ability who produce results; investment house offers securities of substantial and very profitable business in city; output unable to meet orders; this clean and growing business is quickly appreciated by investors; exceptional, high-grade sales opportunity; commission. S 89 Times.

Interest for sale in clean, progressive business in city, of an every day necessity; established three years; excellent prospects for development; large profits can be made with additional capital; orders unfilled; unaffected by after-war conditions; exceptional investment opportunity. K 361 Times.

On account of health, want to sell interest in metal corporation; wonderful opportunity to man able to manage business; no attention paid to brokers. P H. 91 Times.

OIL ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES.—Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. K 359 Times.

Salesman with $5,000 to buy half interest, good paying business, partner retiring from firm; good opportunity. B 895 Times Annex.

Partnership wanted in private school, preparatory school preferred; write particulars. B 611 Times Downtown.

Money advanced for manufacturing purposes; stocks, notes bought. Goldberger, 36 East 23d.

Wish to lease for few years, apartment house or small hotel. B 111 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Young man, 33, intelligent, seeks partnership in established business, New York City, jobbing or manufacturing staple line, capable of development; can take care inside end of business, including all office details; had extensive practical business experience; will invest $2,000. L 306 Times.

I am 32, managed restaurants of national fame for years, convincing talker, have good knowledge in clothing, dry goods and shoes, have a few hundred dollars to invest plus energy. What have you to offer? Y 249 Times Annex.

Experienced salesman has $500 and services to invest; will buy outright; full particulars or no reply. L 298 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

A suitable annual salary will be paid to a university man of undoubted moral and social standing who will invest $25,000 in shares of a New York State corporation which has been established since 1905; duties will be to enlarge business from a local to a national institution, calling for organizing and executive ability.

No important modification will be made in the above terms and no application will be considered unless accompanied by university and bank references; correspondence will be treated confidentially. B 11 Times.

HAVE YOU A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS you wish to sell without publicity? Or seeking associates with extra capital? Write or call Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 3851.

$10,000—Needed for a good business in which $75,000 has been invested; $50,000 by the advertiser; large profits and part of business has only three competitors in the U. S.; principals only; prefer man that can give services. L 232 Times.

I am seeking an associate with $2,000 for profitable, established business; principals only. Times. Room 522, 1,493 Broadway.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Southern man, age 36, widely experienced in newspaper and publicity work, extensive acquaintance throughout South and well versed in national affairs, city editor 1906-08, editorial writer thereafter, business manager one South's largest and oldest newspapers, 1916-17-18, two years President State Press Association, composed 150 leading daily and weekly newspapers, at present associate editor, salary now $4,000, desires opportunity in wider field with large concern desiring services of expert; highest recommendations as to character, reliability, sobriety, and ability. Address "Southerner," Y 255 Times Annex.

SUCCESSFUL REPRESENTATION. Established, well rated New York concern desires to represent American or foreign manufacturers of jewelry, novelties, silverware, or kindred merchandise, to sell department stores, wholesalers and exporters, commission basis; have well equipped establishment, downtown district. R 705 Times Downtown.

CUBA.—Firm with good commercial connections throughout this island wants to represent manufacturers of suitable articles for this market; preference will be given to makers of novelties that may prove to be easy sellers. Apply to Cristobal Luque, 76 Cuba St., Havana, Cuba.

Executive, capable of organizing, developing, and managing business of national scope, would like to get in touch with interests requiring man of experience; thorough knowledge corporate organization, sales management national distribution, production, and advertising. R 380 Times.

A young officer, vice president of a corporation, recently discharged from active service, leaving on Saturday to visit the principal cities of Europe, would be pleased to represent American firms having business to transact there at this time. Address L 269 Times.

Business man, going shortly to England, wishes represent good proposition. R 787 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A commercial stationery store and printing establishment in a downtown section; established for over 12 years and doing a good business; reason, going another line. X 349 Times Annex.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

(By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

Sun rises.........7:11 | Sun sets.........5:07

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:48	5:00	11:20	11:17
Governors Island	5:28	5:53		12:04
Hell Gate	6:56	7:37	1:24	2:06

Arrived—Monday, Jan. 27.

SS Montserrat, Cadiz, Jan. 11.
SS Tilemachos, Brest, Jan. 2.
SS Ice King, St. Nazaire, Jan. 17.
SS Suffolk, St. Nazaire, Jan. 5.
SS New York, Cardiff, Jan. 11.
SS Brazos, San Juan, Jan. 22.
SS N. Cuneo, Port Antonio, Jan. 21.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Hampden	Bordeaux	Jan. 7
Minnesota	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
West Galeta	Bordeaux	Jan. 12
Sioux	La Pallice	Jan. 10
Plattsburg	Southampton	Jan. 20
Lorraine	Bordeaux	Jan. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

France	Brest	Jan. 23
Mongolia	Brest	Jan. 20
Hellig Olav, A.	Christiansand	Jan. 18
Martha Washington	Brest	Jan. 19
Communipaw	Brixham	Jan. 8

DUE THURSDAY.

Minnekahda	London	Jan. 20
British Star	London	Jan. 14

DUE FRIDAY.

Natal	Barry	Jan. 17
Polar Land	Bordeaux	Jan. 13
Byron	Barbados	Jan. 23

DUE SATURDAY.

Adriatic	Brest	Jan. 24
Palermo	London	Jan. 14
Mississippi	Havre	Jan. 14

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
De Kalb, Brest		10:00 A.M.
Talisman, Rio Janeiro	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Owego, Lisbon	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Manchuria, Brest		10:00 A.M.
U. S. H. S. Comfort, Brest		10:00 A.M.
Cretic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Maraval, Trinidad	8:00 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
West Ekonk, Genoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Purus, Rio Janeiro	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Honduras, Kingston	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
I. D. S. Adolph, St. Johns, N. F.	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Goentoer, Liverpool		10:00 A.M.
Zulia, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tyr, Barbados	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Caronia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gullfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Chicago, Bordeaux	8:30 A.M.	
Giuseppe Verdi, Genoa	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Concho, San Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sosua, Cartagena	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Annetta, Kingston	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Connersville, Martinique	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

By Wireless.

SS Hellig Olav, incoming from Copenhagen, was signaled; due 29th, afternoon.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M., Jan. 29, SS Cretic, and 7 A. M., Jan. 31, SS Caronia.

France—Sailings uncertain.

Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Jan. 29, SS West Ekonk, and at 9 A. M. Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.

Gibraltar—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.

Portugal—Close at 7:30 A. M. Jan. 27, SS Owego.

Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain; Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6:30 P. M. daily.

Samoan Islands, Australia, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura.........Jan. 30

Philippine Islands, Australia, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline.........Jan. 31

Philippine Islands, (via Seattle)—SS Mexico Maru.........Feb. 1

Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Venezuela.........Feb. 3

Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura.........Feb. 7

Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Manhattan, at London, Jan. 25.
SS San Mateo, at Christiania, Jan. 17.
SS Vindal, at Rio Janeiro, Jan. 22.
SS Firmore, at St. Nazaire, Jan. 23.

Sailed.

SS Stockholm, from Stockholm, Jan. 25.
SS Cedric, from Brest, Jan. 26.
SS Byron, from Barbados, Jan. 23.
SS Messina, from Hull, Jan. 25.
SS Tarantia, from Palermo, Jan. 22.
SS Saxonia, from Liverpool, Jan. 26.

Passed.

SS Minerva, New York for Amsterdam, passed Lizard.

STEAMSHIPS AND STEAMBOATS.

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SOUTHERN PACIFIC S. S. LINE, Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 12 noon from Pier 48, N. R., New York, for New Orleans, Gulf Points and the Pacific Coast.

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J. J. BROWN, G. P. A., Coastwise Steamship Lines, Pier 49, N. R., New York.

CUNARD ANCHOR

NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL

Goentoer	Jan. 30
Caronia	Jan. 31
Saxonia	Feb. 12
Carmania	Feb. 17
Royal George	Feb. 22
Caronia	March 3

HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA.........FEB. 1

BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL
Prinses Juliana.........Feb. 5

NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia.........Feb. 18

21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

Holland-America Line

T. S. S. ROTTERDAM

WILL SAIL FROM

New York to Rotterdam

VIA FALMOUTH

on or about February 19

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DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

The firm of BARASCH & ROSENBAUM has this day dissolved partnership and E. BARASCH, heretofore a member of the firm, has withdrawn. The other member of the firm will continue to do business as formerly under the name of E. ROSENBAUM, at 14 East 14th St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BARASCH & ROSENBAUM.

THE FIRM OF BROADWAY MFRS. SUPPLY CO., 500 Broadway, New York City, (HARRY CAHN and GEORGE TEPPER) has been dissolved. Harry Cahn will continue the business and settle all obligations.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE PORT STORAGE OFFICER, COMMONWEALTH Pier, Boston, Mass.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at this office until 12 o'clock meridian February 1, 1919, and then opened in presence of attending bidders for the salvage of quartermaster supplies from the British S. S. PORT HUNTER, wrecked near Vineyard Haven, Mass. Blanks and full information on application.

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From ENGLAND to
BRAZIL AND THE ARGENTINE

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(a) The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
(a-b) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
(a) Nelson Lines

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By
UNION-CASTLE LINE

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Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

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NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Adriatic....Feb. 8 | Baltic....Feb. 15
And Regularly Thereafter.

PORTLAND, ME.—LIVERPOOL
Megantic.........Feb. 8

N. Y.—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic.........Feb. 22

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Twin Screw S.S. STOCKHOLM, FEB. 15.
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NORWEGIAN-AMERICA LINE

NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
STAVANGERFJORD, JAN. 30.
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THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.

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BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97

ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—BY ORDER OF George Addington, Albany County Judge and Acting Surrogate.

Notice is hereby given, according to law to all persons having claims or demands against James C. Farrell, late of the city of Albany, in said county, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers in support thereof, to the subscriber, the executrix of the last Will and Testament of said deceased, at her place of transacting business as such executrix at the law offices of Charles J. Tobin, No. 95 State Street, in the city of Albany, New York, on or before the 24th day of July next.

Dated, Albany, N. Y., this 13th day of January, A. D. 1919.

MARGARET BRADY FARRELL, Executrix.

CHARLES J. TOBIN, Attorney for Executrix, 95 State Street, Albany, N. Y.

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Under same liberal direction
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Utica, N. Y., Jan. 25, 1919.

The New York Times:

Our half-page advertisement in The New York Times proved to be very satisfactory in all respects for this Association. We received requests for information from a great many of the principal cities throughout the United States, and quite a few from your city.

H. E. Trevvett, Secretary.

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"A New Era in Production"

A Lecture by John Calder, M. E.

This noted Production Engineer will discuss MODERN PRODUCTION METHODS—a topic of special interest to Executives, Factory Managers, Superintendents and Shop Foremen. *THIS TICKET WILL ADMIT YOU*

Admit Mr.........

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To this Lecture given THURSDAY, January 30, 8 P. M.

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Beginning Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 6 P. M., a course of fifteen lectures in Purchasing and Stores Keeping will be offered by

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The outline of lectures to be offered has the approval of the following representative men who have consented to act as an advisory and administrative council:

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George H. Heilman, General Purchasing Agent, Otis Elevator Company, New York.

C. H. Weakland, Purchasing Agent, National Cloak and Suit Company, New York.

H. Hardenberg, General Purchasing Agent, New Jersey Zinc Company, N. Y.

A. Fred Macklin, Purchasing Agent, Consolidated Gas Company of New York.

Any one interested in this work is invited to attend the opening lecture. For detailed information call, write or telephone Secretary New York University School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance, 32 Waverly Place, New York City.

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SPECIAL MASTER TO DECIDE

Ex-Judge Lacombe Will Pass Upon the Issue of Certificates for the Balance of $12,859,356.96.

Judge Julius M. Mayer, in the United States District Court, yesterday afternoon, heard parties interested in the application of Lindley M. Garrison, receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, the New York Municipal Railway Corporation, and the New York Consolidated Railroad Company, for permission to raise $16,859,356.96 by the issue and sale of that amount of receiver's certificates. After a discussion which lasted most of the afternoon the court authorized the receiver to raise immediately by a temporary loan or loans $3,000,000, the amount to be raised by the issue of receiver's certificates, the time of issue and the character of the priority of the lien supporting the issue to be determined by the facts brought out at hearings before a Special Master to be appointed by the court. Judge Mayer announced that he would appoint as such Special Master ex-United States Judge E. Henry Lacombe.

A formidable array of lawyers was present. Paul D. Cravath represented the Noteholders' Committee and Elihu Bisbee the Stockholders' Committee. Cullen & Wingate represented the People's Trust Company of Brooklyn, the Kings County Elevated and the Brooklyn Union Elevated lines. Ex-Supreme Court Justice Francis M. Scott represented the Corn Exchange Bank, Corporation Counsel William P. Burr the city, William L. Ransom the Public Service Commission, George S. Franklin the War Finance Committee, Mr. Morgan the Franklin Trust Company, and Carl M. Owen the receiver.

Early in the hearing it developed that the receiver must have within the next few days $370,000 with which to pay interest on bonds of the Kings County and Brooklyn Union Elevated Railroad Companies and the interest on notes past due, held by various banks. Of this amount $530,000 is due on Saturday. Mr. Garrison said that he thought the interest should be paid, and he could pay it if authorized to realize on something like $6,000,000 of 4 per cent. refunding bonds of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company held in the company's treasury. The market price of these bonds is now around 50. Mr. Cravath said the Noteholders' Committee had considered the issue of receiver's certificates very carefully. The receiver said he would need about $3,000,000 to meet obligations maturing between now and April 1. Therefore Mr. Cravath suggested that the court authorize the receiver to make short-time loans for that amount, using as collateral the refunding bonds in the company's treasury. Mr. Cravath added that he was empowered to say for the bankers who had always financed the B. R. T. that they would provide the receiver with $3,000,000 secured by these bonds. The court so ordered.

Attorneys for the various banks holding overdue notes of the companies in the hands of the receiver asked that the court order the receiver to renew the notes and pay the accrued interest. That brought forth an immediate and emphatic objection from the receiver. Mr. Garrison said he had no objection to paying the interest, but he was not willing to renew the notes, for by so doing he would create a new liability against the receiver, and the receiver had liabilities enough to take care of. It was finally agreed that the receiver should pay the interest and the companies which issued the notes should renew them. The notes amount, all told, to $3,800,000.

The immediate needs of the company having been provided for, the attorney for the receiver asked that the court issue orders for settlement to be made on notice of the Malbone Street tunnel wreck claims; for the employing by the receiver of certain certified public accountants; for adjustment of certain bank loans; for carrying on of the company's welfare work; for appointing a special master, and for the exact forms of the raising of the $3,000,000. Judge Mayer said he would hear counsel on the issuing of these orders in his chambers on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. William Erbe, a lawyer and small stockholder, then said:

"When we learn from the receiver that he will need, ultimately, something like $17,000,000, I ask your honor to take judicial notice of the salaries that the receiver has been paying to officials formerly employed by the company. I hold in my hand a list showing salaries that are being paid to the amount of more than $400,000. Here is the head of the law department, for instance, who is drawing $25,000 a year. I think, in the interest of economy, these salaries should be reduced."

"It may as well be known first as last," said Judge Mayer, "that this court is not going to chop a thousand dollars from a salary here and three thousand from a salary there, after years have been spent in building up the various departments over which these men preside. Big and complex corporations are not successfully run that way. When the receiver finds that he had no need of this, that or the other man drawing the salaries you complain of, he will get rid of him."

PLAN TO HONOR ROOSEVELT.

Women Organize Memorial Committee and Elect Officers.

The Women's Roosevelt Memorial Committee, which will raise a fund for the erection of a memorial to Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, was organized yesterday at the residence of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, 667 Fifth Avenue.

The question as to what manner of memorial would be most suitable as a permanent monument to the memory of the ex-President was discussed, and several plans were put forward, but no decision was arrived at. The question whether this organization should cooperate with other bodies planning to do honor to the name of Colonel Roosevelt or should act independently was also left to be settled later.

Mrs. William C. Demorest was elected President of the committee. The others elected to be officers of the committee were: Vice Presidents—Mrs. Henry Alexander, Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. John H. Hammond and Mrs. Henry A. Wise-Wood; Secretary—Mrs. James Russell Parsons; Treasurer—Mrs. Walter Damrosch.

The following were elected honorary members: Chairman—Mrs. Leonard Wood; Vice Chairmen—Miss Louisa Lee Schuyler, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Mrs. William Bayard Cutting, Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Mrs. James T. Leavitt, Mrs. Thomas J. Preston, Jr., Mrs. Robert Winthrop, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Mrs. James Roosevelt, and Mrs. Elihu Root.

The following Board of Directors was elected:

Mrs. F. K. Pendleton.	Mrs. C. D. Dickey,
Mrs. Robert Bacon,	Mrs. H. Garland,
Mrs. W. Barbour,	Mrs. G. G. Griswold,
Mrs. C. A. Bryan,	Miss M. G. Hey,
Mrs. J. Buckley,	Mrs. A. B. Hepburn,
Mrs. J. A. Burden, Jr.	Mrs. R. Hitchcock,
Mrs. W. A. Butler,	Mrs. E. O. Holter,
Miss Mabel Choate,	Mrs. W. B. James,
Mrs. H. Marquand,	Mrs. H. F. Osborn,
Mrs. J. A. Murray,	Mrs. Payne Whitney,
Mrs. W. F. Morgan,	Mrs. W. R. Willcox,
Mrs. R. Winthrop,	Mrs. V. F. Simkhovitch,
Mrs. G. La Farge,	Mrs. C. Vanderbilt,
Miss E. F. Read,	Miss C. D. Spence.
Mrs. J. A. Iuly.	

After the election of officers a number of those on the committee held an informal discussion at the residence of Mrs. Demorest, at 18 East Ninety-fourth Street.

LORRAINE NEARS PORT.

French Liner Carrying Troops May Not Dock Until Tomorrow.

According to a wireless message received from the Captain yesterday, the French liner Lorraine, with 429 American troops on board, will reach the Ambrose Channel Lightship at 4 P. M. today. The vessel may not arrive at her pier at the foot of West Fifteenth Street, North River, until tomorrow. Her passengers include the Headquarters troop, medical corps, and Battery F of the 339th Field Artillery.

On the arrival of the Lorraine it is expected that the ship's officers or the American Red Cross officials on board will be able to state definitely whether the Misses Cromwell boarded the vessel at Bordeaux on Sunday, Jan. 19, and afterward jumped overboard, as described in the cable dispatches and confirmed by the Commissaire of Police.

Other incoming ships are the Minnesota, seventeen days from Gibraltar, due at Sandy Hook at 11 A. M. today with eight casual officers; the West Galeta, with thirteen French soldiers, and the Galesburg, with one officer and twenty-four enlisted men.

Oregon troops returning from service overseas are to be welcomed by a Reception Committee headed by O. C. Leiter of Portland, who was appointed by the Governor of that State, and headquarters has been opened in the Hotel McAlpin. The committee will meet the units returning from overseas, and will look out for their comfort.

SAVED FROM BURNING SHIP.

St. Clair Wilson Left Two Companions in Philadelphia Hospital.

St. Clair Wilson, one of the three survivors of the 1,500-ton American schooner August H. Babcock, which was burned at sea on Jan. 19 outbound from Constable Hook, N. J., with case oil and gasoline for Las Palmas, arrived yesterday from Philadelphia, where he left his two shipmates in the hospital in a serious condition from the burns they received. Wilson said that out of the crew of ten seven had been lost, including Captain J. E. Rawding, who was killed ov an explosion of a barrel of gasoline when he was forward on deck. He saw the Captain's body fall into the sea.

Wilson said the fire started on Jan. 19 and the crew fought it without success for forty-eight hours. By the morning of the 21st only the two seamen and himself were alive on the schooner. Just as the masts toppled over and the survivors gave themselves up for lost the Chinese freighter Hwah Yih steamed up and took them off. The Babcock was built in 1904 by E. J. K. Stetson at Brewer, Me., and measured 183 feet long and 11 feet draught, and was owned by Crowell & Thurlow of Boston, Mass. The cargo was valued at $600,000.

SAW OFFICER WITH GIRL ON PALISADES

Witness Tells Prosecutor She Was Strolling with a Tall Man in Uniform.

ABANDON MURDER THEORY

Telephone Message from Allentown May Lead to Identification of Body as That of Missing Woman.

After working all day tracing indications of murder, the Bergen County authorities last night said they were almost certain that the young woman who was found Sunday in a Palisade cleft, apparently the victim of an anaesthetic, was self-slain. The police announced a theory that the girl went to Camp Merritt expecting to meet a soldier, found he had departed overseas, and then decided to kill herself. Further light on the soldier theory was furnished last night by Prosecutor Huckin, who said he had received a telephone call in the afternoon "from a reliable source" informing him that the person telephoning had seen a girl with a tall man wearing the uniform of a United States Army officer walking near the cliff shortly before Christmas. The girl's body indicated that she had been dead more than a month.

"This man told me," said Mr. Huckin, "that the couple were strolling along the top of the Palisades within 100 yards of where the body was found. He had a good chance to look at the officer, because he had purposely passed close to the spot because it was unusual to see any strollers there at this time of year. My informant will be at my office tomorrow morning to try to identify the girl's clothing."

A chance that the girl may be identified today was provided by a telephone message from Allentown, Penn., which informed County Prosecutor Huckin that the description of the victim tallied closely with an Allentown young woman who had been missing. Mr. Huckin said relatives were expected this morning to view the body.

George White, a taxicab driver with a stand at the Englewood, N. J., station, told Police Sergeant McKay at the Coytesville station that six weeks ago he had been hailed by a man who stood in the middle of the Lemoine Road—just back of where the body was discovered—and who asked him to help carry a girl a short distance, saying she had been hit by an automobile. White assisted in lifting the girl into the man's car, which then was driven east on Lemoine Road. White was unable to identify the body or recall any of the clothing as worn by the girl.

County detectives found the missing right-hand glove of the girl and a second hatpin. The glove was found on the way from the cliff top to the cleft where the body lay, and, in the opinion of Dr. Ogden, was thrown away the better to fit the knots which held chloroform-soaked bandages about her face. Dr. Ogden said the peculiar manner of adjusting these suggested that the girl had some expert knowledge of bandaging.

Acting Captain Ayres, in charge of the Bureau of Missing Persons at Police Headquarters, was approached last night by a young woman about 20 years old, who asked for an accurate description of the girl and the clothing she wore. She said a relative has been missing for a month from her Manhattan home. The young woman refused to give her name, and was advised by Ayres to visit the Greenleaf Morgue.

ALLENTOWN, Penn., Jan. 27.—Members of the family of Helen Bartos, who disappeared from her home here three weeks ago, declared today that they believed it was her body which was found on the Palisades. The description of the dead girl's hair, in particular, they said, tallied with that of the missing young woman. Mora Dallapulla, whose name has been connected with Miss Bartos's disappearance and who is under arrest here on a misdemeanor charge, also asserted that the published description of the dead woman bore a striking resemblance to the appearance of Miss Bartos, who, when he last heard from her, two weeks ago, was in Virginville, W. Va. The authorities of the latter place have been asked to make inquiries.

LOST BRACELET IN COURT.

Pawnbroker Sues Waiter for Loan on Mrs. Reisinger's Gems.

The details concerning the loss and recovery of a $5,000 diamond bracelet owned by Mrs. Elizabeth Reisinger of 993 Fifth Avenue formed an interesting incident in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday, where Charles Starr, an ex-waiter at the Hotel Plaza, was arraigned on the complaint of Sigmund Berger, a pawnbroker at 206 West Forty-second Street, who asserted that the prisoner by "trick and device" had induced him to loan $2,050 on the gems. Magistrate Sweetser held Starr in $1,000 bail for the Grand Jury. The pawnbroker is prosecuting Starr because the bracelet has been replevined and is now in the custody of the Sheriff's office pending the formal legal proceedings for its recovery.

Berger testified that Starr entered his place on Jan. 7, displayed one-half of the bracelet, announced that it was the property of Mrs. Reisinger, and said he had been requested by the owner to pawn it. Berger insisted, he asserted, that Starr give him proof that he was acting for the owner.

"Then Starr used the telephone and spoke to somebody, and represented to me that he was talking with Mrs. Reisinger," the pawnbroker said. "I then gave him $1,000 for the half bracelet, but reminded him that the owner was a member of a wealthy family. Starr replied that the owner needed the money in a hurry."

It was several days later when Starr returned and pawned the other part of the bracelet for $1,050. Some days later a Deputy Sheriff appeared and took possession of the gems.

Walter Reisinger told last night of the circumstances of the loss of his wife's bracelet and how it had been traced through an advertisement.

"My wife and I went to the Plaza on New Year's Day, and in removing a glove the bracelet became unfastened and dropped," said he. "Although it was missed within two or three minutes, we could not find it. We advertised the next day and offered a reward, but apparently the gems proved more tempting than the money to the finder.

"It appears that the finder showed one-half of the bracelet to a woman. She showed him the advertisement, with the reward, but he afterward pawned it. Then the woman, who apparently had some grievance, wrote to the jewelers in Maiden Lane, mentioned in the advertisement, informed him of the finding of the gems and we applied to the Sheriff."

There are forty-four diamonds in the bracelet, set in platinum.

O'LEARY GOES TO TRIAL.

Day Devoted to Arguing Motion to Quash Indictment.

Jeremiah A. O'Leary, former editor, and Adolph Stern, former business manager of "Bull, who are under indictment for violating the Espionage Law, went to trial yesterday before Judge Augustus N. Hand, in the Federal District Court. The American Truth Society, of which O'Leary was the head, is also named in the indictment. The indictment charges that the defendants conspired to obstruct the operation of the military laws of the country, and that their acts tended to create mutiny and insubordination in the services.

The whole day was taken up in the argument of a motion made by the defense to quash the indictment. Colonel T. R. Felder, Arthur and John J. O'Leary, brothers of the defendant, appeared as counsel for the defense. The Government is represented by H. Snowden Marshall and James W. Osborne, Jr. Judge Hand will render his decision on the motion to quash the indictment today. The trial will be resumed at 10:30 this morning.

HARBOR STRIKE HEARING.

Decision of War Labor Board Will Soon Be Made Public.

The subcommittee of the National War Labor Board yesterday concluded taking evidence in the controversy between the marine workers and boat owners in this port upon the demands of the men for an eight-hour day and a 25 per cent. increase in wages, and argument by counsel was heard by the entire board, sitting in the Board of Estimate room in City Hall. A decision upon wages and working conditions probably will not be announced for several days.

Speaking of the point made by the boat owners that city employes and postmen were receiving smaller wages than the sums set down by the experts in the hearing as minimum wages, Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the workers, remarked that the Post Office Department was "presided over by a reactionary politician from Texas." He asserted that Government employes in the classes mentioned by the boat owners did not receive a living wage. One of his remedies for this, he said, was the resignation of Postmaster General Burleson by request of the President. In this city $100 additional ought to be added to the budgets of the professors and experts to set a minimum wage, Mr. Walsh said, and the amount thus would be brought to between $1,600 and $1,900.

Theodore H. Burgess, counsel for the Railroad Administration, operating about one-fourth of the marine equipment affected, introduced tables to show that the granting of the demands of the men for overtime beyond eight hours and extra pay for Sunday and holiday work would increase wages from 100 to 300 per cent. Captains who receive now about $160 would receive $393, compared to pay of $211 in Philadelphia and other ports, and floatmen, who now receive about $90 a month, would get under the new scale about $227 a month. It would be possible for lighter Captains, he said, to make from $20 to $25 a day. Mr. Burgess said that the eight-hour day already had been recognized as a definite policy by the Railroad Administration, but added that it was impracticable on the marine equipment.

Test Theatre Ticket Ordinance.

A test case in behalf of the ticket speculators, who contend that the ordinance passed recently by the Board of Aldermen is invalid and who have been arrested because they refused to take out licences, was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday in the name of Timothy Cavanaugh, an employe of Tyson & Brother, 1 West Forty-second Street, who was arrested in the roundup of unlicensed agencies. Counsel for Cavanaugh sued out a writ of habeas corpus, alleging that he is not held under a legal commitment. The constitutionality of the ordinance will be determined in the suit.

WANTS ESTATE'S ACCOUNTS.

Widow of 75 Testifies in Proceedings Against Co-administrator.

Surrogate Cohalan listened yesterday to testimony against Richard H. Lane, an administrator of the estate of Mrs. Antoinette L. Schermerhorn, in a proceeding to adjudge him in contempt for refusing to obey an order to file an accounting. The chief witness against Lane was Mrs. Victoria May McKenzie, 75 years old and in feeble health, widow of John McKenzie, foreman of the Tweed jury. Mrs. McKenzie is now suing Lane for $600,000 in the Supreme Court to recover money alleged to have been lost by her through the acts of Lane, whom she had named with her as administrator of the estate of Mrs. Schermerhorn, sister of Mrs. McKenzie and widow of the Rev. John W. Schermerhorn.

Mrs. McKenzie said that Lane boasted of the fact that because of his psychic power over persons he met he could bend them to his will. She said that his power of thought transference was such that when she wrote out a secret cipher message unknown to him he reproduced it. She alleged that it was represented to her that her sister's estate amounted to more than $1,000,000, and on Lane's statement that he needed money with which to trace the assets she advanced him $81,000 for that purpose. She testified that he took her on an auto trip through Manhattan and pointed out various parcels of realty which he said comprised part of the Schermerhorn estate, one of which was a church and another a brownstone house which he said Mrs. Schermerhorn had left to be converted into a home for clergymen.

Lane admitted before the Surrogate that he had not been able to find any realty holdings and not even any stocks or bonds belonging to the estate, although he engaged seventy-four detectives during the five years between 1912 and 1917 and spent $30,000. He said he found some coupons, but these were lost when he was arrested in a civil suit brought by Mrs. McKenzie. Because of Mrs. McKenzie's feeble health her examination was adjourned until today.

Hylan Appoints Magistrate.

Mayor Hylan appointed Mortimer S. Brown of 110 Hart Street, Brooklyn, yesterday, to be a City Magistrate to succeed Howard P. Nash, resigned to fill the elective position of County Judge of Kings County. The salary is $7,000 a year and the term expires July 1, 1919.

Hart Schaffner & Marx All-Wool Blue Suits

$27.50

Never mind what they have been selling for—don't bother about how much more they are worth.

Do you want a stylish, all-wool Blue Serge or Unfinished Worsted Suit at a big saving? If so, it will cost you $27.50—and Hart Schaffner & Marx made it.

About 1,000 suits are in this offering. Sizes for every man. Even the big fellow is not penalized for his poundage. We can fit him, up to size 52—at $27.50. That is, we can TODAY.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Certificate of Membership No. 612, issued by New York Produce Exchange, June 20, 1912, to Leo Stein. Please communicate any information relative thereto to J. A. Strasser, No. 61 Broadway, New York City.

LOST—Marie Antoinette Hotel, ladies' room, Sunday evening, platinum ring, square cut diamond, surrounded by emeralds; will pay liberal reward. Miss Willette Kershaw, Room 1111, Times Building. Telephone Bryant 4295.

LOST—Lady's watch and pin, Sunday, between 117th-Morningside Drive and 126th-Riverside Drive; name Laura Faye Noble engraved inside. Reward if returned to 70 Morningside Drive, Apt. 23. Phone Morningside 1160.

LOST—A black fox muff, large and flat, left in taxi taken at Hotel Gotham to 114 East 85th St., Wednesday, Jan. 22, 8 P. M. Finder please return to S. H. P. Pell, 527 5th Av.; reward, $5.

LOST—$50 reward, no questions asked, for the return of pearl and diamond ring, lost Jan. 25, between Grand Central and 48th St., west of Broadway. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Gold vanity case, initials "G. J. L.," and gold mesh purse, studded with sapphires, between Criterion Theatre and home; liberal reward. Ben C. Levy, 320 West 57th St.

LOST—Black leather bag, Jan. 25, between Camp Dix and Trenton. $10 for return contents to Sgt. A. Staltare, Co. 4, 1st Battalion, D. 3, Camp Dix, N. J.

LOST—$50 reward, no questions asked for the return of diamond veil pin, lost at the Park Theatre on Saturday evening. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Diamond platinum ring on Monday, toilet room Sterns department store; liberal reward; no questions asked. A. Hucker, Hotel Marlborough, East Orange, N. J.

LOST—$200 in bills, between Booth Theatre and 37th St. and 6th Av.; reward. Call Vanderbilt 4679.

LOST—Seal scarf, marked Gimbel Bros., Saturday afternoon; $8 reward. L 286 Times.

LOST.—Silver link chain bracelet, 3 green disks, 57th St. or Broadway car. Reward. Dunlap, Yellow Astor Tea Room, 57th St.

LOST—Brown leather handbag on 5th Av., between 79th and 54th Sts.; suitable reward. B 116 Times.

LOST—Jan. 18, downtown Madison Av. car, purse, money, gold watch; reward. 106 Morningside Drive, apartment 31.

LOST—A diamond bracelet, on the evening of Jan. 22, in or just outside of the Booth Theatre; reward. R 898 Times Downtown.

LOST—In 5th Av. bus, blue beaded bag, containing purse; suitable reward. Mrs. D. Feifer, 1,155 Park Av. Lenox 8913.

LOST.—Gold, white enamel (diamond shaped) pin; inscription on back, "Ethel N. Briggs, 1918." Return 116 West 11th St.

LOST—Pearl pin, circle design; valuable to owner as heirloom. Liberal reward to finder if returned to Leah Pincus, 387 5th Av.

LOST—Jan. 24, black leather purse, in taxi from Waldorf to Gaiety Theatre, or in theatre. Reward. Circle 1814.

LOST—Book three war savings stamps; reward. Address Davidson's, 1,219 Amsterdam Av.

LOST—Purse with currency; reward. James Dorman, 45 Broadway, War Trade Board.

LOST.—Purse, with watch, glasses. Reward. Marguerite Blessington. Phone Circle 3284.

$100 REWARD OFFERED.

No questions asked, for return black lace scarf (heirloom) lost on Monday, Jan. 13, either Knickerbocker Theatre, 60th St. and Broadway; Century Roof, or East 70th St.; value sentimental. 134 East 70th St., New York. Phone Rhinelander 9373.

$500 REWARD

for lavalliere, platinum chain, with four 2-carat diamond pendants and 23 ¼-carat stones in design; lost Saturday evening Pennsylvania Hotel, or vicinity. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$250 REWARD.

No questions asked; return large diamond set in platinum, lost Jan. 17 between East 56th St. and West 47th St. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$25 REWARD
FOR RETURN OF

large Siberian Eskimo dog, white, with black markings; license N. Y., 392R. Phone Fox Hills Golf Club, Tompkinsville 327.

$50 REWARD.

No questions asked; return gold cigarette case, monogram I. S. W., lost Jan. 17 between 5th Av. and 59th St. and Livingston Place. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

Found.

FOUND—47th St. and 6th Av., bunch of 10 keys. R 398 Times.

FOUND.—Watch and fob. Owner address P 807 West 93d.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—A red and white male Pekingese; strayed from 45 East 49th St. Liberal reward if returned.

ADVERTISEMENT.

BOYS AND GIRLS

Help Clear Away Skin and Scalp Troubles with Cuticura

The Soap to Cleanse and Purify The Ointment to Soothe and Heal

These fragrant, super-creamy emollients relieve and help to clear the skin of irritation, redness and roughness, the scalp of irritation and dandruff, and the hands of chaps. In purity, delicate medication, refreshing fragrance, convenience and economy, Cuticura Soap and Ointment meet with the approval of the most discriminating. Ideal for everyday toilet uses.

For sample each by mail address post-card: "Cuticura Dept. 8M, Boston." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

CEDARWOOD

Many men used to have difficulty tying the right sort of knot with a medium, long-pointed collar. So we designed Cedarwood.

E&W

EARL & WILSON

EVERY EATING PLACE

should seek the reputation of serving good food. When the public call for Worcestershire, they want

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE

THE ONLY ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

Never serve imitations.

You'll Never Know just why buying SALTO NUTS becomes a healthful habit—nor why they're so distinctively delicious, till YOU TRY.

Hatch

We pays the Parcel Post

35th St., at Herald Sq. B'way at 36th B'way at 45th

KNOCKS OUT PAIN THE FIRST ROUND

Comforting relief from pain makes Sloan's the World's Liniment

This famous reliever of rheumatic aches, soreness, stiffness, painful sprains, neuralgic pains, and most other external twinges that humanity suffers from, enjoys its great sales because it rarely fails to bring speedy, comforting relief.

Always ready for use, it takes little to *penetrate without rubbing* and produce results. Clean, refreshing. At all drug stores. A large bottle means economy. 30c, 60c, $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughing Spreads Disease

SINCE 1870

SHILOH

A FEW DROPS AID IN RELIEF

Secretaries and Stenographers

If you can run a Typewriter you can run The Dictaphone

NO matter how fast your employer's dictation, you can listen to it at whatever speed you desire.

You press the foot control with your foot, listen to a sentence and write. (If you miss a word, you can backspace and The Dictaphone repeats to you.)

Nothing could be simpler, nothing could be easier. If you know how to run a typewriter you can operate The Dictaphone—it's scientifically simple.

If your employer asks The Dictaphone Demonstrator to make a demonstration in *your* office, on *your* work, have him show you how easy it is to operate and explain how The Dictaphone will make your work more pleasant and profitable.

Become a Dictaphone Operator

Any intelligent young woman who can use a typewriter can quickly become a Dictaphone expert. Get in touch with The Dictaphone Office to learn how.

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Registered in the U. S. and Foreign Countries

Phone Worth 7250—Call at 280 Broadway

Write for booklet, "The Man at the Desk," Room 224, 280 Broadway, New York

There is but one Dictaphone, trade-marked "The Dictaphone," made and merchandised by the Columbia Graphophone Co.

"The Shortest Route to the Mail-Chute"

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Thursday; slight temperature change; west winds.
☞ For weather report see page to last page.

VOL. LXVIII. . NO. 22,285. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Miles Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

VOTE TO RETURN WIRE SYSTEMS AT END OF 1919

House Committee Adopts Substitute for Moon Bill for Indefinite Retention.

OWNERSHIP IDEA SHELVED

Burleson on Stand Disclaims Any Intention to Force Permanent Federal Control.

CABLES' STATUS IN DOUBT

Not Mentioned in Resolution—Conflicting Reports on Political Lineup on Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The return of the telegraph and telephone systems to their owners on Dec. 31, 1919, was voted for this afternoon in executive session by the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, which had been considering a resolution introduced by its Chairman, Judge Moon, proposing to extend the period of control which the Postmaster General now exercises.

Some Administration leaders were tonight professing to be jubilant over the fact that the action taken would permit the Postmaster General to have the wires under his control for practically a year. Others felt that the action taken represented a compromise between what the Postmaster General wanted and the desire of Republican members that control of the wires be turned back to the owners on May 31.

Republican leaders in the committee were as jubilant as the Democrats professed to be, and, according to them, the "Administration" was licked to a frazzle" by the vote taken. These Republican members asserted that the original bill called for indefinite control and authority to negotiate for Government ownership.

Ownership Idea Eliminated.

The latter idea was stricken from the amended bill and control was strictly limited to the period terminating Dec. 31. In the opinion of the Republicans, one of the most important features of the action taken is the fact that the "substitute" adopted would give the Government control and possession of the telegraph and telephone systems only until Dec. 31 next, and only as such control exists "by virtue of the joint resolution of Congress dated July 16, 1918."

Mr. Madden said tonight that the re-enactment of the final section of the original resolution authorizing the President to take over the wire systems during the war strengthened the States in their fight against the increased long-distance telephone rates recently ordered by Postmaster General Burleson. The original resolution of July 16, 1918, which was re-enacted today, with a time limit on Government control, reads:

"Provided, further, that nothing in this act shall be construed to amend, repeal, impair, or affect existing laws, or powers of the States in relation to taxation, or the lawful police regulations of the several States, except wherein such laws, powers, or regulations, may affect the transmission of Government communication or the issue of stocks and bonds by such system or systems."

Text of Substitute Adopted.

The substitute which the committee adopted reads:

"Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, as an auxiliary to the Postal System, the Government control and possession of the telephone and telegraph systems of the United States now existing by virtue of the joint resolutions of Congress dated July sixteenth, nineteen hundred and eighteen, and the proclamation of the President, be, and the same is hereby, continued until Dec. 31, 1919.

"Provided, That nothing contained herein shall be held to alter or repeal any of the language of the resolution of July 16, 1918, except that provision which provides that the Government control, supervision, and operation of the telegraph and telephone lines shall not extend beyond the proclamation of the President of the signing of the treaty of peace and the ratification thereof."

The Moon resolution, in place of which the committee today voted the substitute offered by Mr. Bell, read:

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That as an auxiliary to the postal system the Government control and possession of the telephone and telegraph systems of the United States now existing by virtue of the joint resolution of Congress dated July 16, 1918, and the proclamation of the President be, and the same is hereby, continued until otherwise ordered by Congress.

The Postmaster General shall cause to be fixed the appraised value of all the telegraph lines, property, and effects of any or all of the telegraph companies, as provided in Section 3 of the Act of July 24, 1918, and report the result thereof to Congress for its consideration.

The Postmaster General is also directed to negotiate for the purchase

Continued on Page Four.

The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs. Temperature 8° Mon., Jan. 27. Through sleepers both ways from N.Y. Winter best for Cure. N. Y. booking office, Plaza.—Adv.

Spartacides in Revolt Seize Wilhelmshaven

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 28.—Spartacide forces have overturned the Government in Wilhelmshaven and occupied the banks and public buildings. They have ordered the court-martial of their opponents. Railway traffic to and from Wilhelmshaven has been stopped.

A Munich dispatch to the Politiken reports that it has been learned from "quite reliable sources" that Rosa Luxemburg, who was reported to have been shot and killed on Jan. 15 in Berlin, is alive and is at the house of a friend, where she will be concealed until she has an opportunity to escape from the German capital.

IMMIGRATION BAN WINS FIRST TEST

House Committee Favorably Reports Bill to Put On Four-Year Restriction.

BACKED BY UNION LABOR

Opponents of Measure to File Minority Report—Deportation Bill Advanced.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The Burnett bill to restrict general immigration for four years was ordered favorably reported to the House today by the Immigration Committee. This measure is strongly espoused by organized labor, but is not understood to have the approval of the State Department, which fears that it will interfere with treaties. Some of those opposing the bill, including Representativee Siegel of New York and Sabath of Illinois, were not at the meeting today and will present a minority report to the House.

Arguments advanced for the bill are that there will be a great flow of immigration from the war-stricken countries of Europe, including agitators such as have thrown sections of Europe into the throes of Bolshevism. Organized labor leaders insist that there are sufficient laborers in the United States, and contend that if immigration is not restricted wages cannot be maintained at a proper scale.

Representative Burnett said that he viewed the matter almost solely from the point of view of a man desirous of keeping out of the United States undesirables, sure to seek these shores and perhaps spread radical doctrines.

Mr. Burnett intends to ask the Rules Committee to report a rule for the prompt consideration of his bill. The present legislative jam not only in the House but in the Senate may prevent action on the bill in this session.

In effect, the bill would prohibit general immigration from Europe and Asia for a period of four years, but residents of Cuba, Canada, Newfoundland, and Mexico are excluded from the provisions of the measure.

The express exemption of Canada, Newfoundland and Mexico from the operations of the bill, was contained in an amendment which was adopted by the Committee today. This amendment did not extend the exemption to Cuba or give any other list of excepted countries. However, in one of the administrative amendments sent to the Committee by the Commissioner General of Immigration, there was an allusion to "Canada, Newfoundland, Mexico, and Cuba" as excepted countries. This conflict between the two amendments, one containing reference to Cuba, the other omitting it, will have to be adjusted when the bill comes before the House for amendment.

Provisions of the Bill.

The salient provisions of the bill are:

"That from and after the passage of the act, and until the expiration of four years next after its passage, the immigration of aliens to the United States be, and the same is hereby, prohibited, and during such time it shall not be lawful for any alien to come from any foreign port or place, or having come, to remain within the United States: Provided, that said section shall not apply to persons of the following status or occupations: Accredited Government officials, their families, attendants, servants, and employes, ministers or religious teachers, missionaries, teachers, students, authors, lawyers, and engineers, chemists, physicians, professional artists, and travelers for pleasure, business, or curiosity, or to their legal wives or their children under sixteen years of age who shall accompany them or subsequently apply for admission with the purpose of joining them.

"Provided further, that any alien admissible under this section, or any alien heretofore or hereafter legally admitted, or any citizen of the United States, may bring in or send for his father or grandfather over 55 years of age, his wife, his mother, his grandmother, his unmarried or widowed daughter, or his son not over 18 years of age, nephews and nieces, if orphans, not over 14 years of age, if otherwise admissible, and such relatives shall be permitted to enter. And provided further, that nothing in this section shall operate to exclude any aliens who shall prove to the satisfaction of the proper immigration officer or to the Secretary of Labor that they are seeking admission to the United States solely to avoid religious persecution in the country of their last permanent residence, whether such persecution be evidenced by overt acts or by laws or Government regulations that discriminate against the

Continued on Page Thirteen.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget.—Adv.

PALISADE VICTIM BRIDE OF SOLDIER KILLED IN FRANCE

Served Red Cross Here, Hoping to be Sent Abroad, Till Word Came of Husband's Death.

USED ONLY MAIDEN NAME

Lived Alone in Apartment, Seemed Well to Do, and Drove Her Own Car in War Service.

HAD THREATENED SUICIDE

Daughter of G. H. Packwood, a Tampa Business Man — Had Secretly Married Major Fenton.

The mystery of the slender, auburn-haired woman whose body was found on Sunday by hunters' dogs lying in a cleft on the lip of the Palisades opposite 180th Street was unveiled last night when positive identification was announced and a tragedy of the war disclosed. She was Miss Axcele Packwood, 28 years old, daughter of George H. Packwood, a wealthy business man of Tampa, Fla. and, according to dispatches from that city, had secretely married a Major Fenton. The story of love, patriotic service, bereavement, despair, and suicide which ended among the bleak, wind-swept boulders atop the Jersey heights, pieced together from the statements of Thomas J. Huckins, Prosecutor of Bergen County, and Mrs. Bradford Ellsworth of 344 West Eighty-seventh Street, who made the identification, follows:

On an afternoon in mid-June last year Mrs. Ellsworth went to the headquarters of the American Red Cross Motor Corps to enlist as a driver of an ambulance. When she entered the headquarters she found there, among others who had come to offer their service to the country, a strikingly handsome young woman with great masses of brown hair, tinged with red—a thing that first drew her attention, and when Mrs. Ellsworth found that the woman was a stranger in the city she was attracted to her. Both passed the tests for admittance to the corps, had luncheon together, and an acquaintance began.

They saw comparatively little of each other, however, for the soft-spoken Southerner seemed possessed of but one ambition—to fit herself for Red Cross nursing overseas. Her quest for medical knowledge and her frequent wistful talks of the dangers to soldiers overseas had no particular significance to Mrs. Ellsworth at that time. Later, however, on last Monday evening in fact, she came to know the real meaning of the interest.

Each pursued her ways, hearing only occasionally of the other, until Monday night. Mrs. Ellsworth, in her apartment near Riverside Drive, was about to begin dinner when the telephone bell jingled. Over the wire came a man's voice, inquiring if Mrs. Ellsworth was listening.

"You know Mrs. ——," the man asked, and, as Mrs. Ellsworth heard the name only indistinctly—it was strange to her at that moment—she demanded sharply to know to whom the caller wished to speak.

"Wife of the Major."

"Mrs. ——," the man again mumbled, "you know, the Major, the wife of the Major—Miss Packwood of the Red Cross, as you know her. Have you seen her lately?"

Instantly came back to her the way the quiet Southern woman had spoken of dangers to soldiers, of her desire to go overseas as a Red Cross nurse—and Mrs. Ellsworth guessed the secret. Miss Packwood had married a Major in the army, and—for her letters from Tampa always came addressed Miss—she had concealed the fact from her parents.

"Don't you think Mrs. —— may be the girl on the Palisades?"—it was the voice of the mumbling caller breaking in on Mrs. Ellsworth—"have you gone over—"

The click of the operator breaking the connection cut short the man's talk, and Mrs. Ellsworth turned to the wondering family at the table, who had marked the startling changes of her face. Then came to Mrs. Ellsworth a recollection that a month ago the Red Cross had notified her that Miss Packwood had dropped out of sight and had urged all members of the corps to aid in finding her. A discussion followed, and Mrs. Ellsworth decided to go to Englewood the next morning.

Early yesterday morning Mrs. Ellsworth entered the office of Mayor Stanley Clarke in Tenafly. The Mayor is the son of the late Dumont Clarke, once President of the American Exchange National Bank of this city, and he readily agreed to accompany her to Greenleaf's morgue in a side street of Englewood. The small knot of curious persons who were gazing through the windows as they or others had done since the body arrived, at a small bundle of clothing or at the oaken panels of the door leading to the morgue itself, parted lazily to let Mrs. Ellsworth pass through.

With faces pressed against the glass they saw the tall, heavily veiled woman in furs look fixedly at the clothes—the raccoon fur coat, the thick woolen golfing stockings, the weatherbeaten bag, then saw her press a handkerchief to her face, while Mr. Clarke hurriedly caught her arm. The cluster of watchers had seen that before, and they did not know that Mrs. Ellsworth had recognized the garments as belonging to the small, city-frightened Red Cross worker who had timidly sought advice away back last June. Nor could they know until later that, when the oaken panels had closed

Continued on Page Five.

Railroad Building and Loan Association SHARES PAY 5% AND 6% 103 Park Ave., Cor. 41st. Booklet.—Adv.

Report Peasant Outbreak Throughout Rumania

VIENNA, Jan. 28. (Associated Press.)—A peasant revolution has broken out over the length and breadth of Rumania, according to dispatches from Budapest. A simultaneous rising occurred in all the villages at a fixed hour on Saturday, when well-armed homecoming soldiers, heading the insurgents, forced their way into the various towns, resulting in sanguinary encounters with the regular troops.

In Bucharest, the dispatches say, there was fighting all day long Sunday, the regulars employing machine-gun fire. Many were killed or wounded. Social revolutionists joined in the movement.

BRINGS STORY OF CROMWELL TRAGEDY

Double Suicide of Sisters Told in Detail When Lorraine Reaches Port.

BROKE DOWN UNDER STRAIN

Asked for Sedative Before Ship Left, and Jumped Overboard When Decks Were Clear.

The mystery concerning the disappearance of the Cromwell sisters, Dorothea and Gladys, from the French liner Lorraine was cleared up beyond all doubt yesterday afternoon when the vessel arrived in port bringing notes written by the young women to their relatives here in which they declared their intention of "ending it all." There was also the testimony of a soldier sentry who was the only person who saw them jump overboard on the night of Sunday, Jan. 19, and that of persons standing on the lower deck when they struck the water.

The night was pitch dark, according to the ship's officers, and the Lorraine was steaming eighteen knots with a three-knot tide running, and by the time word had reached the Captain of the tragedy the ship was five miles from the spot and the narrowness of the channel made it impossible to stop or turn round without jeopardising the lives of the 2,400 persons on board. Besides the risk of losing the ship there was no possible chance that the two young women would have been afloat, as the Gironde is full of small whirlpools and expert swimmers who have fallen into it have rarely come out alive.

Dr. C. L. Purnell of the American Red Cross, who was a passenger on the Lorraine, said that while the ship was at Bordeaux on Saturday afternoon she went to the cabin of the Cromwell sisters at their request. She found them tired, nervous, and hysterical, and they wanted a powder or something that would allay the pains in their heads and send them to sleep.

Both Seemed Excited.

"When I saw them," Dr. Purnell continued, "I noticed that the young women were excited and one especially, whom I judged to be Dorothea because her sister was called Gladys, was tearing up bits of paper on which she had been writing and seemed to be suffering from strain. I gave them something that I considered would have a soothing effect, and on Sunday morning I asked Dr. Celia D. Mosher, also of the Red Cross, to go and see how the young women were getting along. She reported that Gladys appeared to be calmer and was sitting in their cabin, 103, on the second-class deck, as there was no room for them in the first cabin. Dorothea was in the reading room writing letters, the steward said, and tearing them up directly afterwards. I did not hear anything more about the Misses Cromwell that day.

"After dinner in the evening I went to the cabin to see how they were getting along and saw the three notes lying on the lower berth. Then I realized what had happened. This was shortly after the alarm had reached the commander that the two young women had jumped overboard.

"I do not think that there was any other cause for the double suicide than the sudden relaxation from the great strain they had been under during their service with the Red Cross near the battle lines. They had been at Verdun, and from the reports received at headquarters in Paris both sisters had done very good work. They had been bombed at night by enemy planes, and heard the continuous firing day and night of the big guns while they served in the hospitals and saw our fine young American soldiers die. They told me on that Saturday afternoon that they had had no sleep for two nights, and the journey to Bordeaux was the most tiring experience they had gone through in France."

Told of Their Intent.

Of the three notes found by Dr. Purnell, one was addressed to Major James C. Sherman of Chicago, the senior Red Cross officer on board. It stated the intention of the sisters to end their lives, and asked him to deliver the other two notes to their brother, Seymour L. Cromwell, and his wife. After receiving these notes last night Mr. Cromwell said:

"I have received a note from my sisters which leaves no doubt of their deaths. The contents show that both physically and mentally they had broken down."

Major Sherman, after reading his note, sent a wireless message to Mr. Crom-

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SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget.—Adv.

WILSON WOULD PUT GERMAN COLONIES UNDER THE NEW LEAGUE OF NATIONS; THREAT IN BERLIN TO RESIST PEACE

DEMANDS ANGER GERMANS

Winterfeldt Commended for Quitting Armistice Commission.

WOLFF URGES FIRM STAND

Thinks the Allies Might Modify Terms Rather Than Continue on War Basis.

DOES NOT FEAR BLOCKADE

Prefers Occupation to Conditions Beyond Wilson Points—Hopes to Tire Entente.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 27. (via Copenhagen.)—Public opinion in Germany is very much irritated over what the newspapers describe as "unnatural French cruelty exerted in demands not justified by the terms of the armistice."

General von Winterfeldt's resignation from the Armistice Commission has been hailed with approval by many persons who do not realize the possible consequences. Until late this evening the Foreign Office had received no news as to whether von Winterfeldt had consented to withdraw his resignation as Chairman of the German commission. Erzberger begged him to remain, and the Government has also asked him to do so, it being asserted that his "tactful and energetic work" has been greatly valued.

The Neue Berliner Zeitung, a rather sensational new publication, calls attention to the fact that Erzberger himself did not resign as Chairman of the commission, from which, it says, one must conclude either that there is a wide difference of opinion between them regarding Marshal Foch's demands or that Erzberger loves his place better than "Germany's dignity."

The paper states unreservedly that what is really at the bottom is that Erzberger was not informed concerning Winterfeldt's intention, because they did not like each other. This version, however, is discredited not only by the fact that Erzberger himself urged Winterfeldt to remain, but also by the views of officials who certainly ought to know.

Doubtless such rumors are being spread by jealous ex-diplomats of the old régime, who, while themselves incompetent to take over the thankless job of German Armistice Commissioner, would not hesitate to intrigue against those serving their country in this unenviable capacity.

Wolff Backs Breckdorff Stand.

Theodor Wolff, in his weekly review, deplores that Germany shows too little backbone in the Spa negotiations.

"France knows but one policy today," he says, "namely, to aid those who ruthlessly take possession of German territory. With the triumphant flourishes of trumpets there constantly mingles the apprehension that vanquished Germany might be resurrected.

"French politicians are worried by two thoughts, that Wilson might stick to his fourteen points or that Germany might refuse to sign any peace transgressing beyond the fourteen points. We have been preaching for many weeks that Germany must only sign a peace complying with the fourteen points, and we heartily agree with Foreign Secretary Brockdorff-Rantzau, who in his admirable declaration of Jan. 2 said that Germany would not go a hair's breadth beyond Wilson's fourteen points.

"That part of the press which considers itself particularly 'national' has seemed busy in depreciating Brockdorff's declaration in foreign countries. The Kreuz-Zeitung said that it would not make the slightest impression on the Peace Conference if the Berliner Tageblatt, with the whole Deutsche Demokratische Partei, backed Brockdorff, for as long as the Berlin Government was unable to raise a single division for the defense of the eastern frontier, might was everything.

"Stresemann concludes in his organ: 'This much is certain. Germany has no power to compel her enemies to accept the fourteen points. We are helplessly delivered to France's lust for revenge.'

"Let us consider quitely what worse fate could befall Germany than a peace

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CALOX OXYGEN TOOTH POWDER Cleans, Whitens, Preserves—Mck. & B.—Adv.

Britain to Keep 1,000,000 Troops With the Colors; Men to Have Civilian Pay and Leave Privileges

LONDON, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—A special meeting of the Cabinet held today was attended by Winston Spencer Churchill, Sir Eric Geddes, Sir Robert Stevenson Horne, the new Labor Minister, and Generals Sir Henry Wilson and Sir William Robertson. Urgent questions regarding demobilization were discussed.

It is understood that the conferees reached the conclusion that there was no prospect for months to come of the voluntary enlistment of sufficient men for the army of occupation and the salvage of property in the war theatres, for properly garrisoning India, Gibraltar, and the crown colonies, to insure the safety of the United Kingdom and safeguard the results of the victory in Palestine, Mesopotamia, and Turkkey, and that hence it would be necessary to adopt some system of selection, and place the men retained as nearly as possible in the same position as they would be in civil life with regard to pay and other conditions.

It is considered that for the purposes above stated about one million men would be required, which means, roughly, that three out of every four men will be demobilized, and the fourth retained "to finish the job." And the idea is to release the men who have already rendered the most service to the country. Probably some stipulated date will be fixed and all the men who joined the service previous to that will be demobilized. The pay of the men retained will be largely increased and a new scheme of leaves introduced.

The men thus retained to bridge the gap until the reorganization of the new standing peace army will be considered as fulfilling functions as important as fighting, and employers of labor will be requested to keep open for them their pre-war posts, as was done during the war for the fighting men.

British Naval Program Halts Pending Peace Settlement

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—England is waiting on the result of the Peace Conference to determine a number of questions concerning her navy. These, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns from an authoritative source, include not only her present and prospective shipbuilding programmes, but also the disposition of her fleets.

When the armistice came, her yards were constructing new war vessels to their utmost capacity. They were in all stages of construction, and the decision as to whether any particular unit was to be completed has depended naturally on how much more work it would require. Work has not stopped, but there has been an extensive modification of plans, and in considering the future the Admiralty is keeping clearly in mind the possibility that what is accomplished at Paris may change the international situation completely.

In the same way nothing is yet decided as to the stations to be assigned to the units of the Grand Fleet. Admiral Beatty announced last week that the fleet was to be dispersed, but the organization of its squadrons cannot be definitely fixed until the statesmen have determined what work they have for the sailors to do.

WILL HOLD RHINE, GOURAUD ASSERTS

Backs Foch's Announcement That French Intend to Preserve the River Barrier.

DISTRUSTS GERMAN CHANGE

Tells Americans Not to Be Deceived by "Fawning Attitude" of Germans.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 27.—General Gouraud, commander of the Fourth French Army, entertained the American war correspondents at luncheon in his headquarters here today. He took occasion to ask them to convey an expression of his admiration for the fighting qualities of the American soldiers, who in two battles fought under his command.

General Gouraud is known as the one-armed hero of France. He lost an arm in the present war, but recovered, resumed field command, and fought two of the war's most brilliant battles, that of July 15, when he checked the left of the German drive where it threatened Chalons, and again when with the American First Army the Germans were driven out of Champagne and the Argonne.

In both actions the American troops fought as part of the Fourth French Army, the 42d Division being at Chalons July 15 and the 2d and 36th Divisions participating in freeing Rheims.

Great soldier as he is, General Gouraud is as well an expert on internal affairs, a student of history, and an authority on world economics.

When he had finished his good words for the American soldier, the smile went from his face. The luncheon was nearing its end. Raising his glass, he drank a toast to America, England, and France and expressed the hope that they would ever stand side by side in friendship and cordiality.

Fear of Another War.

That brought the General to where he could say what I believe was a message he wanted to be conveyed to America. Speaking tensely, almost sharply, he said:

"In 1871 Bismarck said in the Reichstag that the war just finished was child's play compared with what the next one would be. He was right. The war we have passed through is but child's play compared to the next if it comes. Therefore, gentlemen, we

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NORTH RUSSIANS DECLINE PARLEY

Express Gratitude to Allied Governments, but Will Not Meet Bolsheviki.

TRUCE OUT OF QUESTION

American and British on Dvina River Repulse Midnight Attack by Reds.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Morning Post's Archangel correspondent, Count Gaston Demerindol, says:

"I am in a position to send a summary of the declaration by the Northern Russian Government which will be handed to the allied representatives. It is as follows:

"'On receipt of the proposal of the Allies with regard to eventual discussion between the different Governments of Russia, including that of the Bolsheviki, the Archangel Government expresses its gratitude to the allied Governments, while considering the proposal unrealizable for the following reasons:

"'The delegates of political groups, setting aside the interests of parties and classes, are ready to unite in a common effort for the regeneration of Russia. At the same time no sane and honest Russian could take part in pourparlers with representatives of the Bolsheviki, who disclaim all ideas of patriotism, who have betrayed Russia and compromised her in this shameful betrayal, and who have by all their acts degraded the ideal of democracy from its real and noble significance. The presence of Bolsheviki at the discussions would make it appear that the form of government represented by them had obtained recognition, which would be contrary to the ideas of Russians all over Europe with regard to Bolshevism.

Couldn't Trust Reds' Guarantees.

"'From a practical point of view, the short notice given of the proposed gathering makes it impossible for various reasons for representatives to be appointed and for them to proceed to the spot indicated. An armistice with the Bolsheviki is also out of the question, because it is impossible to get any guarantee from them, as they recognize neither military for international laws. Such an armistice would only increase the power of the Bolsheviki and prolong the sufferings of other Russians.

"'We hope the generous proposal of the allied Governments will lead to

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WARD OFF INFLUENZA! Mck. & B. Cin-u-form Lozenges, 25c.—Adv.

OPPOSITION TO WILSON PLAN

Greatest Obstacle Seen in British-Japanese Secret Pacific Treaty.

ABROGATED BY ARMISTICE?

This Is American Contention —Counterclaim That Japan Was Not Party to It.

BRITISH COLONIES' CLAIMS

Australia, South Africa, and Even India Demand Share in Conquered Dependencies.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Wireless and Cable Dispatches to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The discussion going on among the plenipotentiaries of the five great powers constituting the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference over the disposition of the former German colonies has reached a stage where the views of all concerned are fairly well defined.

Predictions that this feature of the work of the conference would be troublesome are being confirmed. It is admitted by some of those officially informed as to the character and scope of current conversations that all is not smooth sailing, although the spirit of amity pervading the conference furnishes encouragement of a harmonious, if not entirely satisfactory, outcome to everybody concerned.

The delegates of Japan and the British self-governing dominions take positions rather in opposition, with Great Britain occupying what may be called a middle ground. The United States is seeking to bring about an arrangement that had not been contemplated by the other nationalities interested, and its views have given rise to much discussion.

Our Theory of Internationalization.

Briefly, our plenipotentiaries, with President Wilson advancing and supporting the argument, contend that the German colonies should be "internationalized"—that is, placed under the control of the League of Nations, which would provide means for their Government. The President's idea is that in the case of each German colony thus taken over by the League of Nations some sovereign authority should administer the affairs of the colony under a mandate of the league. In the course of time arrangements for more direct control of these former German possessions could be made—perhaps through the application of the principle of self-determination—but for the present, in the American view, they should not be given outright to any Government.

What appears to be the greatest obstacle to the realization of the President's policy is the secret arrangement (there is doubt as to whether it is properly designated as a treaty) made between Great Britain and Japan after the seizure of the German South Sea islands, but before America entered the war. Under this arrangement Japan was to receive the Marshall and Caroline Islands, and the claim of Great Britain in behalf of Australia and New Zealand to the German islands lying south of the equator was recognized.

Japan, Australia, and New Zealand are all insistent upon adhering to the letter of that convention, made under the stress of war conditions—Japan particulary so.

Inferentially by suggestion, actually by conviction, the American plenipotentiaries hold that such arrangements are contrary to the spirit of justice of the allied nations, exemplified in their adhesion to the principles accepted by them for their Governments in carrying on the war and in the settlements following the war.

The allied nations, our plenipotentiaries urge, are bound by the fourteen points laid down by President Wilson, and these principles and the general declarations of the allied statesmen while the conflict was in progress are inconsistent with the proposed division of territory which the Supreme Council is now considering.

Beyond these aspects of the matter, however, our plenipotentiaries, as I learned today, contend that the armistice of Nov. 11 abrogated the secret treaty between Great Britain and Japan for the disposition of Germany's island colonies. This is a new and most interesting question brought before the Council, and the interest is

heightened by the claim that Japan never adhered to the terms of the armistice and therefore is not bound by them. But it has furnished food for thought for the other great powers.

The main dependence of the United States on the justice of its argument that the adhesion of the allied Governments to the fourteen points abrogates all secret arrangements concerning the division of territory is found in Point No. 1, which, read in connection with the President's preparatory sentence, repudiates secret diplomacy. The prefatory sentence and Point No. 1 read as follows:

The program of the world's peace, therefore, is our program, and that program, the only possible program, as we see it, is this:

I. Open covenants of peace, openly arrived at, after which there shall be no private international understandings of any kind, but diplomacy shall proceed always frankly and in the public view.

Propose Pool of Conquests.

This is clear enough; but the contention of our delegation that the armistice also abrogated secret agreements has not been sufficiently explained to those not in the close circle that gathers around the council table at the Qual d'Orsay to justify any attempt at this time to set forth the details of the American view. It may be said, however, that the American position is that the agreement for the cessation of hostilities threw the disposition of all property and territory surrendered by Germany, except such as clearly belonged to the allied nations, into a general allied pool for future disposition by all the allied Governments.

There is a confusion of statement as to Great Britain's attitude concerning adhesion to the secret arrangement with Japan; but my best information is that the British plenipotentiaries have been impressed with the arguments advanced by President Wilson and certainly have not taken a position that admits of no compromise. It seems to be true that some British representatives are strongly inclined to accept the American view that the German island shall not be given over directly to Japanese ownership—secret treaty or no secret treaty. Their attitude is influenced, it is understood, by certain considerations growing out of the war.

Some Feeling Against Japan.

For one thing, there has been some feeling in Great Britain over the failure of Japan to take a larger part in the great conflict. This feeling is said to be shared by the French, for France is credited with having put before the Tokio Government more than once the request of the Allies that Japanese troops be sent to the western front and has been as many times refused. How much weight is to be given to reports of this sort I am unable to determine. I can say only that they are mentioned in reasonable quarters and appear to reflect the feeling of at least a part of the British and, perhaps, the French contingent.

It is fair to state, however, that in Washington during the period when it was known that the Allies were badly in need of men, and the matter of Japan's participation was being discussed, one opinion expressed was that on account of lack of transport and length of time, as well as because of the other difficulties of getting Japanese troops to the western front, the proposal to send them there was not feasible.

But, whatever the facts were, there is an undercurrent of sentiment against giving Japan permanent possession of former German territory as a reward for participation in the war. This sentiment has relation to the opposition shown to permitting Japan to serve in the Peace Conference as one of the great powers which dominate its proceedings, and whose veto over the aspirations of all the other allied Governments is absolute.

Wilson's Friendship with Hughes.

The excellent relationship which President Wilson has established with Premier Lloyd George, Arthur J. Balfour, and some of the British colonial Prime Ministers may have an important bearing on the outcome of the present complicated situation centring around the disposition of the German colonies. One of the most insistent among the British representatives that there shall be actual annexation of these colonies to the British possessions is Premier Hughes of Australia, a frank-spoken men who does not hesitate to express his opinions, sometimes to the embarrassment of the powers that be in London. He is strongly in opposition to the President's suggestion of the internationalization of the German dependencies, but in spite of that he and the President have struck up what appears to be a warm friendship. Their ability to discuss their differences without restraint, which goes to show how friendly they are, is illustrated by a story told of the way the President capped Hughes's argument that Australia should have outright ownership of New Guinea.

A look at the map will show that this island, which lies near the northern coast of Australia, is partly Dutch and partly British, with the remaining portion owned by Germany until the war began. Australia asks for the German portion, and in arguing to that end Hughes told Wilson that the Commonwealth wanted direct possession of all contiguous territory.

"That reminds me," the President said in effect, (I am not attempting to quote him literally, but merely to employ this method better to illustrate the point of the story,) "of a man in one of our Western States who kept buying land adjoining his property and extending his holdings until his neighbors began to express astonishment over what they regarded as his extravagance. When he was asked why he continued to purchase land when he had more than he could attend to he replied that he did not want anybody to own any land contiguous to his."

Hughes laughed over the story, in which he saw the point that, however Australia might extend her territories for the purpose of protection, there would still be territory contiguous to hers that required equal protection. Of course this point may not be entirely well taken, for New Guinea is an island and very near the Australian continent. On the other hand, the President believes that it is in accordance with the principles for which the war was fought that German territory shall not be given outright to any allied nation.

He is arguing that if his plan of internationalizing the German colonies is adopted, no nation whose territory is near any of these colonies need have fear, as the former German possessions will be under the trusteeship of the League of Nations, which will see that the interests of the adjacent countries are protected in every way.

The President is not opposed to having Australia undertake the administration of New Guinea and other nearby German dependencies. All he asks is they shall not be delivered outright to any particular nation or self-governing Commonwealth to hold permanently.

So with Japan insisting that under the terms of her secret agreement with Britain she is entitled to actual ownership of the Marshall and Caroline groups and, other German territories lying north of the Equator, and Australia and New Zealand demanding the German colonies in their neighborhood, there is a community of interests opposed to Wilson's view which places him in a somewhat difficult position.

South African Aspirations.

The situation is still further complicated by the aspirations of the Union of South Africa. This combination of British and former Boer Governments wants to annex outright the adjacent territory of German Southwest Africa. In fact, the South African Commonwealth desires the actual possession of all African territory formerly belonging to Germany. It is argued by representatives of the Union that these possessions were wrested from German control by British African troops and therefore the Union is entitled to special consideration. In addition, the British Afrikanders contend that to leave the adjoining German territory under any other Government than that of the South African federation would mean uncertainty as to the future, which would cause continual dissatisfaction.

It is possible that South Africa might consent to a compromise under which it would gain the ownership of German Southwest Africa and leave the other African territory that was once Germany's under the League of Nations, with the Union of South Africa as administrator. But the situation has not developed to a point where this may be said positively, although the understanding yesterday was that a compromise of that sort might be reached.

An opportunity for placating the South Africans is afforded by the continuance of the arrangement under which the Commonwealth has received preferential customs treatment in the German African colonies. It was suggested today that if this arrangement were renewed—it amounts to a 3 per cent. rebate in duties—the Commonwealth might consent to forego its claims to ownership of the former German colonies other than Southwest Africa, provided further that the Commonwealth should be the league's administrator of Germany's African dependencies.

India's African Claims.

It will probably strike Americans as odd that India has put in a claim for consideration as administrator of part of German Africa. India has been recognized by the Peace Conference as a self-governing colony with separate representation, and has begun to assert herself in that capacity. If President Wilson's policy of internationalization of the former German colonies is applied to Africa, the interests of India demand that she receive administrative control of German East Africa.

At today's sessions of the Supreme Council China made an appeal that the peace settlement should provide the relinquishment of Kiau-Chau, which was taken by Japan from the Germans at the beginning of the great war. An unconfirmed report has it that Japan has suggested that she get two Siberian ports, which naturally gives rise to the suspicion that Japan is anxious to expand into Russian territory. A stumbling block to any Japanese aspirations in this direction is found in the adoption of Wilson's fourteen points by the Allied Governments.

Council Expedites League Work.

The discussion of the League of Nations, with particular reference to agreeing on the details of the plan for its organization, was begun today by the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference, with President Wilson appearing as the principal representative of the United States. The announcement in tonight's official communiqué that the discussion of this important subject has been begun means that the Supreme Council is making progress in its efforts to expedite the making of peace.

It is the contention of the United States that the program for the League must be agreed upon first and the peace arranged in accordance with the principles of that program. The conference has adopted the American proposal to this effect, and it is now apparent that the Supreme Council is living up to the spirit as well as the letter of the assurances obtained by Wilson.

Suggesting America as Trustee.

Jan. 27.—The administration of the German colonies is not the subject of such strong pressure on the American delegation to the Peace Conference as the matter of having our Government take charge of Constantinople and its water approache. Nevertheless, it is evident that a situation may be produced where some big nations may insist that it is the bounden duty of the United States to assume the directing trusteeship over those of them that are not transferred to the sovereignty of some other nation.

The Supreme Council of the Peace Conference is hearing representatives of the British self-governing dependencies, and it is apparent that these have pronounced views as to what should be done with certain former possessions of the Berlin Government. Representatives of the Union of South Africa are anxious that German Southwest Africa be given over to the control of their colony. These representatives are indifferent to the disposition of the other African territory formerly held by the Germans, provided it is not returned to them.

This brings up the proposal that Belgium might be placated by obtaining an extension of her Congo territory at Germany's expense, if there are certain divisions of territory and the granting of certain rights in Europe which Belgium desires, but will not receive.

Germany's position in the South Seas presents an even more delicate task for the five great powers. Australia and New Zealand are particularly insistent that their trade routes and political and territorial security shall be protected, and they look to the powers to make no transfer of sovereignty over the former German South Seas colonies that will in any way menace these two important dependencies of Great Britain. They are particularly anxious that the Marshall and Caroline Islands shall not go to Japan, or, perhaps, to any other great power. As for the rest of the German islands in that part of the world, Australia and New Zealand feel they may trust the powers to take measures which will not menace the self-governing colonies of Great Britain in the antipodes.

Of course, the concern of these British colonial Governments applies to Japan; and it is realized that the Supreme Council, in which Japan is represented, must make its settlements with the greatest tact and consideration for all the interests involved, including those of the United States, whose position in the Pacific gives it a direct responsibility as well as a stake in these settlements.

The fact that the Peace Conference has taken up the matter of territorial adjustments is one of the most favorable indications that the conference is making progress. It is problematical when it will conclude its work, but the desire to make a more rapid advance is apparent, and there is a growing hope that it will not be in continuous session until Summer. President Wilson's forecast in his annual address delivered before Congress on Dec. 2, that the treaty would be signed in April, seems now to be not so far out of the way. For a time, after the President's arrival in France, however, progress toward the conclusion of peace was so slow that few here were willing to hazard the belief that the conference could get through before June at the earliest. Much of the desire to finish as quickly as possible is due to the developments since the interallied exchanges began in Paris. Realization has come to all those statesmen most interested that the peoples of the world are uneasy—that restlessness pervades many nations, and that the sooner the uncertainties are removed and the foundation is laid for a return to normal conditions through a formal declaration of peace, the better it will be for all Governments and peoples.

REPORTS AN AGREEMENT NEAR ON COLONIES

London Standard Has a Version of Alleged Terms of the Settlement.

LONDON, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—The Standard in an editorial today says that although the Peace Conference has not fully settled the question of the disposition of Germany's colonies it is understood that agreements have been reached on the main points.

These agreements include the giving of German Southwest Africa to the Union of South Africa and German East Africa to Great Britain as mandatory of the League of Nations, some portions being annexed to the Belgian Congo. The Kameruns will be chiefly French, Togoland French and British, and the Pacific Islands either will be divided between Japan, Australia, and New Zealand or administered by Great Britain for the League of Nations.

In referring to the discussions in the conference of the future status of Germany's colonies the Paris correspondent of The Mail writes:

"President Wilson appears to have put forward a general scheme which may be termed the internationalization of Germany's late possessions. This plan is not exactly defined, but in principle it would make it mandatory for the various powers to administer the colonies subject to the control of the League of Nations.

"British delegates do not object to such procedure respecting the colonies in Africa, although other nations, notably the French and Portuguese, do not acquiesce, and the Union of South Africa definitely claims German Southwest Africa. As regards the Pacific, Australia claims New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago; New Zealand claims Samoa, and Japan desires the Marshalls and Carolines. Japan also suggests an equatorial delimitation between British and Japanese influence in the Pacific."

The correspondent refers to the Anglo-Japanese "secret" treaty of 1916, which assigned the Marshalls and Carolines to Japan, and adds:

"Such possession would be very distasteful to the United States, and American political opinion is that if President Wilson agrees to this move his power will be seriously impaired. It is suggested that from this comes his earnest demand for the internationalization of all Pacific colonies. It is quite clear, however, that the whole voice of the British Empire at the Peace Congress supports the claims of Australia, New Zealand and the Union of South Africa and also agrees to the retention by Japan of the Marshalls and Carolines, with equatorial delimitation of influence.

"It was the current opinion tonight that President Wilson would see the justice of Great Britain's claims. He requested evidences of Australian interest in New Guinea, and these were quickly forthcoming in a telegram recording resolutions by a large number of public bodies in Australia opposing any other solution of the colonial problem. Australia declares she has lost more men in the war than the United States and has had no recompense in the shape of war contracts and that the nonpossession of the whole of New Guinea would arouse great bitterness."

DOMINIONS HEARD AT COUNCIL SESSION

China and Japan Also Present Their Claims to Former German Colonies.

LEAGUE ALSO CONSIDERED

Belgium Gets Two Members on Reparation Committee, as Do Greece, Serbia, and Rumania.

PARIS, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—Germany's colonies occupied virtually the entire attention of two extended executive sessions of the Supreme Council of the great powers today, and the disposition of this small empire, scattered over the African mainland, in Asia, and throughout the Pacific, is presenting a territorial question of the first magnitude.

The hearings given today covered the entire range of these German colonies, as the delegates of Australia, New Zealand, and Japan presented their respective interests in the Pacific groups of islands, Japan and China their interest in Kiao-Chau and the German concessions at many treaty ports, and the French Minister of Colonies, M. Simon, took up the African colonies, embracing Togoland, Kamerun, and German East and Southwest Africa.

General John Christian Smuts, the South African leader, and General Louis Botha, the South African Premier, have already been heard on the question of German East Africa, and now it only remains to obtain the point of view of the Belgians, who are about to present their ideas of their interests in the colonies adjacent to the Belgian Congo. It appears to be the generally accepted opinion among those having interests in the matter that Germany's colonies should not be returned to her.

This in turn has developed another crucial question, namely, whether German sovereignty over these colonies should pass to the powers who may receive them, or whether they should be intrusted to a league of nations, which would exercise international control, while giving a mandate to such powers as should administer particular colonies.

This larger question, affecting the general administration of the colonies, was considered by the council today, as well as the particular interests involved, and the discussion will be continued tomorrow morning.

German East Africa is the most important territorial possession involved, as it has upward of 7,000,000 inhabitants. Besides being adjacent to the British South African Commonwealth, it is a necessary link connecting the British in the south and the north, thus completing the British territorial chain between Cairo and Cape Colony.

German Southwest Africa is considered less important, although the harbor in Walfish Bay has some advantages.

Belgian interests are believed to be related to Southwest Africa, while the French interests are toward Kamerun and Togoland, which adjoin French Dahomey and the French Congo.

China's interest in the colonies is in getting back Kiao-Chau after it passes from Germany to Japan, and also in the termination of German concessions at Tien-Tsin, Shanghai, and other points. Japan's interests are both in Kiao-Chau and the Pacific islands. The islands are being considered in two main groups—first, New Guinea, the Bismarck and Samoa groups, to which Australia and New Zealand are presenting their claims; and, second, the Marshall, Caroline, and Marianne groups, lying east of the Philippines and south of Japan.

Foe's Chief Indemnity Asset.

Financial considerations have entered largely into the discussion of the internationalization of the German colonies, which have been generally regarded as the chief asset of Germany in settling war claims. While Japan has made it clear that she is willing to return the actual territory included in the Kiao-Chau concession to China, she desires to retain the German railways, mines, and other valuable concessions in Shantung Province to reimburse her for war expenses.

Australia has advanced a similar reason for claiming New Guinea, and New Zealand for demanding Samoa. Japan's claims to the Marshall and Caroline groups are supported on the same grounds, and a similar reason is offered for the actual transfer of the German African colonies to members of the Entente.

China objects to having the concessions which Germany forced from her transferred to Japan in settlement of the war claims of an ally, while it is asserted that President Wilson opposes actual annexations and insists upon the internationalization of all the Pacific and African German colonies. But under an internationalization plan the Entente Powers apparently are unable to see how their claims against Germany would be met, and objection has been raised that if actual transfer of the colonies is not made to certain powers in settlement of war claims the chief asset of Germany would be eliminated, as the nation to whose guardianship the colonies were intrusted by the League of Nations could not consider them as its property.

Our Interest in Pacific Islands.

The Pacific Island phase of the colonial claims now before the council is particularly interesting to the American representatives, because of the American interests in the Pacific, notably through American possession of Hawaii and the Philippines. There has been no official announcement of what Japan proposes the Powers should give her for her part in the war, but there have been reports here that Japan was willing to turn Kiao-Chau back to China, but wished to retain the German rights to the development of the hinterland. There has been no indication of how far she would press her claims to the Pacific Islands.

Belgium, Greece, Poland, Serbia, and Rumania will have two members each on the Peace Conference Commission to deal with the question of reparation. This was announced today by representatives of the smaller powers. The members of the great powers in this commission have already been named.

Without attracting much attention, a change has been made in the name of the important committee of the Peace Conference which is to deal with the subject of damages suffered through the war and compensation for them. Instead of being the Committee on Indemnities, as originally planned, the committee will now be known as the Committee on Reparation.

The change, it is understood, was brought about by the American delegates who were animated by the idea of keeping the whole scheme of repairing the devastation resulting from the war within the spirit of President Wilson's declaration on the subject. According to the present understanding, the word "reparation" means simply the replacement as far as possible as they were before the war of all things destroyed by the German armies. Where it is impossible to give full payment for losses, the powers will exact indemnities.

As originally contemplated, the committee would have been justified in taking into its calculations in assessing damages against the Central Powers, not only the cost of reparation, but the entire expense incurred by the Entente Powers and America in raising armies, bringing them to the battlefield and maintaining them, which would have made a total far beyond the ability of the defeated nations to meet.

Text of the Official Statement.

Following is the text of the official communiqué on the proceedings of the day:

The President of the United States, the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of the United States, the British Empire, France, and Italy and the representatives of Japan held two meetings today, the first from 11 A. M. until 12:30 and the second from 4 to 6:30 P. M.

An exchange of views took place on the German colonies in the Far East and the Pacific and on those in Africa.

The representatives of the Dominions were present at these two sessions, the representatives of China at that in the morning, and the Marquis Salvago (Italy) at that in the afternoon. In the morning the delegates of Australia, New Zealand, China, and Japan were heard.

In the afternoon Henri Simon, French Minister of the Colonies, explained the views of his department on colonial questions.

In addition, the fundamental principles of the League of Nations and their application were considered.

The next meeting will take place tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

Wilson Confers with Gompers.

Before today's session of the council and between the morning and afternoon gatherings President Wilson had several engagements, among them one with Samuel Gompers and another with M. Delacroix, the Belgian Premier. The conference with the American labor leader was expected to develop consideration of some of the provision which American labor interests were anxious to have written into the peace settlement. The talk with the Belgian Premier was understood to concern generally Belgium's interests before the conference, including the questions of reparation and colonial claims.

The question of disarmament has already been discussed in its initial phases, and the related problem of revising international maritime practices will go hand in hand with it. Thus the freedom of the seas and all questions which bear upon it are being approached with consideration for their relationship with one another.

The detailed settlement of these issues will probably go ultimately to commissions for investigation and recommendations. Such recommendations would come before the League of Nations itself if, as many of the statesmen assembled in Paris expect, the Peace Conference should develop into the league.

The American delegation, it appears, has decided to keep the question of labor to the fore as far as possible in the conferences here. President Wilson and Colonel E. M. House have arranged for a meeting of American labor men to be held tomorrow to formulate the program to be pushed.

President Wilson received a delegation from the Council of the Federation of English Protestants of France at the Murat Mansion this morning. The President listened to statements by the Rev. Wilfred Monod of the French Protestant Church and by Cornelius Dewitt, President of the Protestant Committee for the Aid of Devastated Regions.

TARDIEU GAVE PLEDGE OF FREEDOM OF NEWS

Assured Correspondents That France Would Exercise No Cable Censorship.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Captain André Tardieu, French High Commissioner to the United States and delegate to the Peace Conference, in his speech on Monday at a luncheon to members of the foreign press repeated the pledge given by the French Government that no censorship of foreign cables would be exercised by France and the promise that every reasonable facility would be given to foreign newspapers during the conference. On the first point Captain Tardieu said:

"After rapidity of transmission, your second need is freedom. This liberty which you have from the French point of view is total, absolute and unreserved. What you write will be transmitted just as you write it.

"The French press, as you know, is still under censorship and the Government has the right to suppress any information liable to threaten the safety of the country outside as well as inside. This government, on the other hand, will not limit the liberty of its judgments and articles are not to be censored even when, as sometimes happens, they are not particularly complimentary to the ministers and our Administration.

"This liberal and limited censorship, my dear colleagues, does not apply to you. You are our guests, and it is only fair that you should be the best treated of all. In saying so I am sure I am not hurting the feelings of my French colleagues."

As regards the publicity of the Peace Conference proceedings, M. Tardieu said the principle adopted means the admission of the press to the general meetings where decisions will be taken and the grounds for them stated.

"What will be strictly private," he continued, "are the preparatory conversations which, it stands to reason, must guarantee to the debaters the right to start sometimes from a disagreement in order to reach an agreement. As the official note said, that is necessary, for there are not only Allies in the world, but there are also the enemies of yesterday who are and remain such as long as the peace is not signed. To inform them by publicity of the very birth of our decisions would, as you recognize, be useless and even unsafe."

Captain Tardieu announced that Foreign Minister Pichon would receive the journalists on Sundays and that he would receive them on Thursdays. He added:

"When our communiqué does not appear clear enough to you—which I hear is possible—you will come for further explanations, which we will give with perfect frankness. In short, we shall give you what you ask except what might threaten or delay the success of the sacred work which we are serving."

A "Sudden" Loss!

Policy delivered January 23rd—Proof of Loss received January 24th—Loss paid in full January 25th.

At 10 A. M. on January 23rd, we delivered our Bankers-Brokers Blanket Bond in the sum of $50,000 to Alexandre & Burnet, Stock and Bond Brokers, 7 Wall Street, New York. About noon on that day the firm sustained a loss in the sum of $10,140.97, by one of its messengers being robbed of $10,000 (par) of Southern Pacific convertible 5 per cent. Bonds due 1934, Nos. N-40351 to N-40360 inclusive, while going up in an elevator to make delivery.

If this firm had waited a few hours longer before applying for its insurance it would have been out $10,000.

We received proof of the loss on January 24th, and on January 25th the loss was paid to the firm.

There is a moral to this!

A suitable reward will be paid for the recovery of the above numbered bonds.

Let us write your Bond!

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COLONIAL QUESTION AGITATES BRITISH

Is First in Which National Interests Clash with Idea Behind League of Nations.

EYES TURNED TO PACIFIC

Report That German Southwest Africa May Go to South Africa Pleases.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The report that South Africa is likely to receive control of German Southwest Africa has been received by the British press with unmistakable gratification, and there is a great deal of sympathy with the Australian views concerning the fate of Germany's Pacific colonies.

Reluctance to say anything that might tend to render the relations between the United States and England difficult is very evident, but the question is being watched closely as being the first in which national interests come into conflict with the idea behind the League of Nations. Consequently comment follows the attitude which each newspaper has assumed to that idea.

The imperialist Globe, for example, advocates its usual what-we-have-we-will-hold policy, while The Westminster Gazette, alarmed at the rumor concerning a secret treaty between England and Japan over the Marshall and Caroline Islands, says:

"The only difficulty is as to the future of some of the Pacific islands where there is a certain clash of interests between Australia and Japan. As the difficulty seems to concern a few islands only useful from the strategic point of view, the permanent establishment of the League of Nations would probably end any controversy. America would apparently prefer the British home Government to take them over and administer them under the league. We particularly hope that the arrangements entered into before the conference between different powers will one and all be considered as void and that these questions will all be treated by the conference on general principles."

The Evening Standard, insisting on what it terms the "logic of facts," fears the success of the league may be endangered by "moral pedantry" which may cause the conference to try "to deal with human difficulties as if human nature had somehow ceased to be human." Then it says:

"We have only to look at the Pacific question to see how impossible it is to expect nations, great or small, to accept a ruling rejected by national feeling simply on the ground that certain far-away adjudicators consider such decision to be in the general interests of the human race.

"We know, for example, how Australia feels about New Guinea and other former Pacific possessions of Germany. Australia went to war not only for the sake of the empire at large, but to secure her own threatened safety. She certainly will not be satisfied with any solution which does not make her own backyard her very own.

"Japan went to war to remove the threat of German domination represented by Kiao-Chau. The views of her people cannot be safely ignored if we are to have Japan's great and growing power enlisted on the side of peace and stability."

So it urges a settlement not in accordance with an impossible ideal but on a basis of give and take.

A "COVENANT OF HUMANITY."

London Daily News Hails the Triumph of the Peace League Idea.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Daily News, in an editorial welcoming the Peace Conference's approval of the League of Nations, says:

"To find any covenant at all comparable with it, we must go back to the Declaration of Independence. That declaration was only the expression in new and larger terms of the ideas of liberty which the English people had given to the world, and we may legitimately claim that the inspiration that comes from America today issued from the same fountain. The bread we cast upon the waters in the 17th century comes back to us after many days.

"It was fitting that the proposal of this new covenant of humanity should be made by the President of the United States. A century ago a great British statesman spoke of the new world being brought in to redress the balance of the old. The prophecy is fulfilled today in a measure beyond anything of which Canning could have dreamed, for he lived in the days when the doctrine of American isolation from the affairs of Europe seemed an irrevocable law. But the law has been broken, and it can never be restored. It is fortunate that it cannot be restored. It is fortunate that henceforth the new world must be in partnership with the old, for it is only by that happy necessity that we are able to look forward with assurance to the abolition of the institution of war and the organization of the world on the basis of peace."

OUR DELEGATES FOR POLAND.

Gen. Kernan and Prof. Lord Are Expected to Start Next Week.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The American members of the commission created by the Peace Conference to visit Poland were named today. They are Major Gen. Francis J. Kernan, for the army, and Professor Robert H. Lord of Harvard University, the American Peace Commission's expert on Russia and Poland. It is expected that the commission will start for Poland next week.

The second French member named on the Interallied Commission to visit Poland, according to Le Temps, is General Nielsen, former Chief of the French Military Mission to Russia. Joseph Noulens, the French Ambassador to Russia, was named yesterday as the other member of the commission.

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REACTIONARIES BOLD IN PRAISING KAISER

Berlin Paper, on His Birthday, Deplores Lack of Monarch in New Government.

VORWAERTS REPLIES HOTLY

Tageszeitung Says the Old Dream of "Secret Kaiser" to Unite Germany, Is Revived.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 27, (via Copenhagen.)—Only the reactionary papers mention the ex-Kaiser's birthday, foremost of these is the Reichsbote, which deplores the fact that of all the conservative parties only the Deutschnationale Volkspartei had the courage to suggest in its election program that even Germany's new democratic constitution ought to provide a monarchical head rising above party strife and corresponding to what is termed the historical peculiarity of the German people.

"It is said, indeed," adds the Reichsbote, "that even this surely very moderate suggestion was suppressed in nearly all the conservative papers."

To this Vorwärts replies that the fact only proves that the monarchical idea has become "damned unpopular."

The Deutsche Tageszeitung frankly professes its undying belief in Kaiserism today, but makes it quite plain that William II., "who fled the country and whose personality may not have been to everybody's taste," need not be the incorporation of its ideal of Kaiserism."

Traditions of a "Secret Kaiser."

"For centuries," says the Tageszeitung, "the German people dreamed of a secret Kaiser arising some day to unite all the German tribes. Now we live in a Socialist republic, but the old German colors, black, white and red, are still dear to us. We again dream of that secret Kaiser and while by no means tying ourself to the person of the present Kaiser we still hope for the fulfillment of this dream.

"We meet the present sham government and sham power with our belief in Kaiserism and empire, and wait for the day when the German nation will be restored to it. Deep sorrow fills our hearts. The Hohenzollerns' great achievements have collapsed seemingly so quickly, but we shall never forget what they did in five centuries of government, and what Frederick the Great and old Kaiser Wilhelm did for Prussia and Germany."

"We shall not pollute our own nest, though we never had such loud acclamations for William II. as some new fledged Republicans, but in these troublous days when his life is threatened we must stick. We must do everything to save him from ignominious treatment through extradition by an implacable enemy.

"But, independent of this sentiment, we preserve the monarchical ideal beyond these terrible Kaiserless times. We shall not cause the Government any difficulties, our responsibility toward the German people being too great, but nobody can render loathsome to us the monarchical ideal; nobody shall interfere with our attachment to the dynasty."

The Lokal-Anzeiger pictures the ex-kaiser, on the threshold of old age, with a rich, resplendent life and four years of the most terrible war behind him, "during which his tortured soul tumbled from the proudest hopes to the bitterest disappointment and every triumph was drowned in a flood of slander.

Fears a Judicial Murder.

"A dark, joyless future is before him," the paper continues. "The hatred of the whole world is now threatening him with punishment, trying to prove its jurisdiction by expert opinion inspired by the accusers themselves for the purpose of making a judicial murder appear a deed of justice. It is not impossible that the victorious Allies, who after Germany's total collapse may commit any injustice, will on their most hated enemy's sixtieth birthday cut the thread which hangs this sword of Damocles.

"To us Germans it ought to be a holy commandment of human decency to remember this man with love and veneration and assure him, that no verdict, even if unanimously agreed to by the areopagus of the whole world league, can dim the splendor of his thirty years' reign, with all its rich blessings to the German people.

"In the profundity of our own sorrow we have no other consolation for him except that there are still millions of German hearts knowing that the terrible accusations against him are only intended to hide the guilt of his accusers themselves and justify the punishment of the German people."

COBLENZ PAPERS MOURN FOR KAISER

Express Strong Views About His Exile and Assail New Government for Present Woes.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COBLENZ, Jan. 28.—In this citadel of conservatism, this nursery of Pan Germanism, where the German pats the American on the back and hates the American in his heart, many a tear was shed yesterday over the birthday of Wilhelm II., for they love him here on the Rhine.

There never was a time when a majority of the Germans hereabouts wanted Wilhelm off the throne and now there are few who don't want him back.

When the Americans first came here, one heard little of Wilhelm. But, as time went on, and the Germans found the Americans a pretty easy-going lot, one heard on this side and that about how the Kaiser had made Germany and so on. Yesterday, when his birthday came, one heard from all sides expressions of sympathy, and here and there more than a whisper of allegiance.

The newspapers of this city all speak tenderly of Wilhelm today. The Coblenz Volks Zeitung in its leading editorial calls attention to the fact that generally when a sovereign has been deposed the departed Prince is regarded as a good riddance and the people frequently took the precaution to cut off his head.

"In this German revolution," the newspaper says, "the abdicating sovereigns are either living among their people, who treat them as the foremost citizens, or they have left many sympathizers behind."

After referring to last year's celebrations of the Kaiser's birthday, the journal says:

"He is spending his sixtieth birthday in a foreign country. He is an exile. Some there will be, however, who will think of him today with loyalty and veneration as in former days, especially when they consider the sad situation occupied by Germany at the present time.

It is not likely that the hope which is still secretly cherished by many persons that he will return to the throne will be realized. On the other hand, we trust that the misfortunes which seem to await him in the future will not overtake him; may his declining years be spent in pleasanter surroundings than at present seem likely.

The Coblenz Zeitung has a long editorial, the tone of which is shown by this:

"It has been said that justice and truth are the exponents of revolution. Then let the revolution admit that the Kaiser was in no sense of the word responsible for this war."

Further on it says:

"We always thought, as we still do, that the thirty-year administration of the Kaiser with its expansion by sea and its extension toward the east had only one object in view—that was the preservation of peace in Europe and in the world."

This journal then turns its wrath loose on the present Government.

"The Social Democratic Party was always demanding that a break with Russia be made. That party regarded the outbreak of the war as an event which could not be avoided, just as the Kaiser, who had exerted every possible effort to find some way out, was obliged to do.

"In case criticism should be made of the former Government on the ground that it was unable to bring pace, the answer must be made that every day that passes has demonstrated that the present Government is still less capable of doing so, despite the fact that it made unconditional surrender.

"The head of the present Government has subjected us to an armistice which is constantly becoming more unfavorable to us.

"Our industrial activities, which were on the highest level under Wilhelm II., have now sunk under the present Government to the lowest depths.

"As to the abilities of the ruler who is celebrating in a neighboring country his sixtieth anniversary today, there may be differences of opinion. But as to his intentions, the persons who have especially taken as a motto for the revolution justice and truth should have no doubt.

The most casual student of politics must realize that the Emperor who was the successor of the man who founded the empire and ruled successfully for thirty years would not risk everything for mere motives of personal ambition. To us, at least, the thought of the Kaiser amounts to something more than a historical remembrance.

One can easily surmise that this writer would have said more did he feel free to express his entire opinion in the presence of the American Army of Occupation, but the tone of these editorials, which reflect the general opinion here, show that at least one part of Germany has not yet donned sackcloth and ashes for the crimes committed at the order of Wilhelm."

JUNKERS VOICE FEALTY ON KAISER'S BIRTHDAY

Message Says They Still "Reverence the Monarchist Idea"—Chapel Service at Amerongen.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 28.—The German People's Party, which is composed largely of the Pan-German element and junkers, has sent the following telegram, according to a dispatch from Berlin, to former Emperor William on the occasion of his sixtieth birthday:

"We gratefully appreciate the work which your Majesty has done for the German Empire and the German people during more than thirty years. We heartily wish your Majesty peace for the rest of your life, and beg to assure you that millions of Germans who will live with us under new conditions and a new basis of State and of life, reverence the monarchist idea and will repel every unworthy estrangement from the high ideal of German Kaiserdom and Prussian Kingship."

AMERONGEN, Holland, Jan. 27.—Religious services were held in the castle chapel here today in honor of the birthday of William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor. With this exception, the former Emperor and Empress passed the day as usual.

The services in the chapel were conducted by Dr. L. Berg, formerly a pastor at Aix-la-Chapelle, and now a resident of Holland, who preached a simple sermon.

Never before, even in peace times, did the former Emperor receive so many floral tributes on his birthday. Two rooms of his apartment were filled with flowers. The tributes comprised for the most part small bouquets from well wishers.

It is by a simple mechanical expedient that Herr Hohenzollern is able to indulge in his favorite recreation of wood-sawing despite the fact that he is to all intents and purposes one-armed. The Associated Press correspondent today visited the shed in the castle grounds here where he saws wood daily. The logs are placed for him on a carpenter's trestle and the ex-ruler presses on the log with his knee while he saws with his healthy arm, in which he has developed extraordinary strength.

MONTENEGRIN KING PUTS HOPE IN ALLIES

Relies on Peace Conference to Prevent Annexation of His Country by Serbia.

CHARGES REIGN OF TERROR

Asserts That the Serbs Are Killing His Supporters Without Trial.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The Daily Chronicle publishes an interview with the King of Montenegro which Herbert Vivian, a well-known journalist, obtained in Paris. Nicholas began the interview by holding up a telegram and saying:

"This may interest you. It is from Queen Alexandra, informing me that the Dowager Empress of Russia and her daughters are safe in the Crimea."

King Nicholas proceeded:

"From my own country I have received little news, as the Serbian army of occupation has established a cordon, and neither persons nor letters are allowed to pass. The only reports are smuggled out by my friends at the risk of their lives.

"It appears that a veritable reign of terror exists. Men, women, and children are executed without trial. Bombs are thrown into the houses of my supporters. Money is lavished like water to wean my children away from their allegiance.

Denounces Meck Parliament.

"No doubt you have heard of my deposition and the annexation of my country by Serbia. Well, that was voted by a mock parliament that they called a Grand Skupshtina—a name that does not exist in our constitution. If not elected by anybody, it is just chosen by bands of brigands who are working on behalf of Serbia.

"At present it can summon no regular Parliament, for most of our soldiers have been prevented from returning from their prison camps in Hungary. But when they do return I am confident of the result. They do not wish to give up their laws or independence, which they have maintained during six denturies against every invader. Confederation with other Southern Slavs, by all means, but as free men, not as subjects of another State.

"Mr. Paschitch, the Serbian statesman, has been intriguing for eleven years to annex Montenegro, but he is no nearer his goal, for I refuse to believe that the Allies will depart from the principles of self-determination for which they fought, or that they will allow one of the smallest nations to be sacrificed to the ambitions of a neighbor.

Charges Serbian Ingratitude.

"What I complain of is ingratitude. I have fought three wars for the same Serbia. I saved her from one disaster and enabled her to retake Belgrade. I took bread out of my children's mouths to supply her wants. Remember that I was the first to come to her rescue after the Austrian ultimatum, though no treaty bound me to do so, and though no one knew whether the great powers would intervene.

"And what is my reward? This tratricidal invasion of the liberties of my people.

"We await justice from the Peace Congress, and we rely upon the promises of the powers. We count upon proper access to the sea, for we depend upon our imports for our existence.

"We must have Scutari. We have taken it three times with our swords, and each time it has been snatched away from us in order to flatter the susceptibilities of Austria, which has now ceased to exist. Scutari is ours ethnologically, historically, and geographically.

"In addition, we ought to possess the Bocche di Cattaro, which is the first natural avenue to my country. Bosnia and Herzegovina are also traditionally Montenegrin."

AMERICANS ARRESTED IN FELIX DIAZ PLOT

Howard Jones and H. S. Smith Accused in Mexico City—Diaz's Headquarters Captured.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 28.—Several Americans have been arrested in a new Felix Diaz plot discovered here on Saturday.

The police entered a meeting of the plotters when a plan to blow up all passenger trains was being discussed. The actual dynamiting was to be done by Americans.

Howard Jones, well-known in Mexico, where he had a commission business, is said to have been discovered to be the paymaster of Felix Diaz, and $30,000 sent to Diaz sympathizers from the United States is said to have passed through his hands. Another American, H. G. Smith, is charged with being a messenger of Diaz agents in Mexico City.

Several other Americans are said to be implicated. The police refuse to give their names, as they have not been arrested. The plot was scheduled to break on Feb. 1.

General Aguilar will return to the office of Secretary of Foreign Relations.

GERMANS TO FIGHT POLES.

Two Full Army Corps Assembled and Sent to the Front.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Two full corps of German troops have been assembled by the General Staff to march against the Poles, and eight troop trains are passing through Frankfort-on-the-Oder daily, according to a Zurich dispatch to the Journal quoting the Press of Baden Baden.

BELGIUM SEEKS TO GET LUXEMBURG

Also Wants Portion of Limberg Province Given to the Dutch in 1839.

NEEDS OUR FINANCIAL AID

Foreign Minister Hymans Discusses His Country's Problems with Wilson.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Paul Hymans, Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs, and one of the delegates to the Peace Conference, was received by President Wilson this afternoon in place of the Belgian Prime Minister, who had been suddenly called to Brussels. They talked of the League of Nations, about the President going to Brussels, and concerning the present desire and need of Belgium to borrow more money from America.

M. Hymans, as head of the Belgian delegation, is now looked upon as leader of the interests of the small nations against too much domination by the great powers by virtue of his being the first to make a protest at the plenary conference Saturday against the small representation of the lesser powers on the important committees.

Belgium, like all the nations, subscribes to the principles of the League of Nations, but her statesmen frankly state that there are things which they would not wish to exchange for a league.

In the main Belgium's heart is set on four things. In the final adjustment of international affairs she wants to find herself a fully sovereign State, so strongly established that it will not be necessary to have her neutrality guaranteed by other States as before the war. She wants a revision of the treaty of 1839, giving her greater rights at the mouth of the Scheldt River, the only outlet for Antwerp, and now entirely under Holland's jurisdiction, and also restoring the portion of Limberg Province given to Holland by that treaty. Lastly, Belgium's most ambitious desire territorially is for the whole Duchy of Luxemburg. There seems little inclination on the part of France and the other powers to allow her to have the duchy.

Entirely aside from what may not come to her from the Peace Conference, Belgium much desires for her immediate need more financial assistance from America in the shape of loans by the United States Government. Because of her difficulty in getting all she wants and needs from Washington, she is also negotiating for loans from private banking institutions in New York, but none of these transactions are yet completed.

ALLIES DEFEAT REDS IN NORTH RUSSIA

Americans and British Hold Dvina River Positions Against Night Attack After Shelling.

ARCHANGEL, Jan. 27, (Associated Press.)—Bolshevist forces failed in an attempt last midnight to drive American and British troops from their positions at Tulgas on the Dvina River, southeast of Archangel. Earlier the enemy had bombarded the positions with artillery.

On the right bank of the river the American troops met a small enemy patrol and drove it back. On the left bank the Allies encountered 150 Bolsheviki in a wood early this morning and dispersed them, taking 14 prisoners. The Allies suffered no casualties.

The prisoners said that a general attack had been planned, but a majority of the Bolsheviki lost themselves in the woods. Allied scouts found a considerable number of the enemy on the Upper Tulgas River, from which the allied outposts withdrew. The artillery then shelled the evacuated position. The artillery duel continues.

On the line of the River Vaga, in the Shenkursk region, the Bolsheviki have followed the retiring Americans to five miles south of Shegovarsk, where American patrols are now in touch with the enemy.

According to refugees who are fleeing along the snow-covered roads from Shenkursk to safety in the American lines, the Bolsheviki have burned Shenkursk and massacred many of the inhabitants. The American intelligence officers are trying to confirm the reports, but it is announced, they must be taken with reserve until confirmation is obtained.

The Bolsheviki were shelling Taresvo, forty miles east of Shenkursk, today, and apparently were preparing for another infantry attack in this region. Artillery activity continues along the Vologda railway.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Further successes for the Bolsheviki in the north, south, and east are reported in a Russian Government wireless message received here today. Referring to operations on the northern front up to Jan. 24, the message reports the capture of a number of villages and a few prisoners and says that before the Bolsheviki attacked Shenkursk "the whites fled."

On the southern front, about sixty versts north of Tzaritzan, the message says, "our detachments occupied Davidovka, forcing the enemy back to Malyavumovka." It continues:

"We captured more than 600 prisoners, four guns, twenty machine guns, thousands of shells, and a train containing valuable material.

"On the eastern front our troops took Uralsk (southeast of Orenburg.) The highway between Uralsk and Orenburg is entirely in our possession. Twenty-five versts northeast of Orenburg we have occupied Skmarskaya."

WILL HOLD RHINE, GOURAUD DECLARES

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

have got to see to it, that Germany does not start that next war.

"I am not one of those who believe that Germany has put on sackcloth and ashes. I am not one of those who believe that a people trained for a century in certain beliefs and tenets and desires has in the twinkling of an eye changed completely because the Kaiser has gone to Holland.

"There is much in that thought for Americans, because the Germans are trying to make you on the Rhine believe that they are now good, although perhaps once bad.

"Now, gentlemen, I know it is altogether natural for American soldiers to be impressed with the beauties of the Rhine. It is altogether natural for them to be impressed with one of the garden-spots of the world. But they must not forget that out of these beautiful valleys and down from these beautiful hills came the bands of brigands who tried to ruin civilization.

"I ask, have those hearts along the Rhine altogether changed? I ask you not to believe it simply because the Germans say so.

"Now, it is an open secret that on Nov. 14 the Allies were to have launched an attack on Lorraine which would have brought disaster to the German Army. Germany knew that, and so she surrendered.

Doubts German Repentance.

"Did they in their hearts surrender? Their army has been received not as a conquered army. I ask which one of you has heard the Germans express any real repentance for waging history's most brutal war.

"Did they say they have a republic? It is true Wilhelm is in Holland and not in Berlin, but remember that all the old department heads are in office. Compare the difference when France changed governments, when every official from high to low went. It is not so in Germany. Frankly, I am suspicious.

"Now when peace is signed you are going home across the sea. The English are going home, too. But France stays where she is.

"Marshal Foch has told you that France is the barrier protecting civilization, and so France and civilization must be protected.

"You gentlemen have seen the character of the Germans along the Rhine. You know there is no democracy in their hearts. You know that their fawning attitude is as false as it can be. And so I say to you, France wants no such people in her republic.

"We don't want to annex Germany up to the Rhine, but we do intend to see that the German military machine stays behind the river. That is what Marshal Foch meant, I believe. If we don't have that protection, France must maintain always an enormous army to guard civilization.

"With our great loss of life in the war that would be a terrible burden for France. We must have a natural barrier or else it would be madness to demobilize our army.

"I hope that Americans will see it in the same way. I hope that the soft words of the Germans will not convince the Americans that the leopard has changed his spots. So far I am unconvinced that the Germans of today are not the Germans of yesterday, the foes of the ideals of America, the ideals of France, the ideals of civilization, the foes of all that is desired in the hearts of mankind."

DEMANDS ANGER GERMANS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

which would eliminate from her Alsace-Lorraine, the Saar district, the left bank of the Rhine, Posen, parts of Upper Silesia, Thorn and Danzig, and would submit her population to decades of slavery. What can possibly happen? What could the Entente do if the German delegates refuse to sign such a peace, but declare that they are prepared to submit only to a peace following the lines of Wilson's fourteen points, insisting on the right of self-determination and all the other principles contained in Wilson's doctrine?

"They might continue to blockade us and might cut off our food supplies and raw materials, which would not do any good if the proceeds were only to serve to pay fantastic indemnities.

"Let them continue the occupation of the districts now in their control. Let them occupy even as much more of Germany as they like. This occupation is, after all, not as bad as permanent separation from our provinces. We can wait, if France and Italy, for instance, are able to defer their demobilization indefinitely.

"We, indeed, prefer the consequences of a continuation of the blockade, but would they not be outweighed by a destructive peace? What awaits the Entente countries if their financial relations fail to be regulated and if their armies are compelled to remain mobilized indefinitely can be easily imagined."

GERMAN AUSTRIA'S RIGHTS.

Seitz Asserts That They Include That of Uniting with Germany.

BERNE, Jan. 28.—German Austria, under the terms of President Wilson's fourteen points, has a right to self-determination and a right to join Germany, according to Karl Seitz, President of the German Austrian National Assembly, in a statement made today to The Associated Press. He said that it was impossible to form a federation of the Danube from discordant elements of Hungarians, Poles, Czechs, Slavs, and Germans.

"A misunderstanding regarding the present status of German Austria is apparent in the outside world," Herr Seitz said. "The belief is general that it is merely the shrunken remains of the old monarchy minus the States which have established their own Governments. German Austria today is no more the shrunken remains of the old State than Czechoslovakia or Hungary. It is simply an entity desiring to exercise the right of self-determination and to join Germany in self-protection."

"German Austria is a democratic national State which stands upon the basis repeatedly taken by the Entente statesmen that peace, to be durable, must bring a practical and workable rearrangement of national territorial relations in Europe. We interpret President Wilson's statement regarding the right of self-determination in the sense that we can join our mother country, Germany, because only in that way can our national and economic conditions of existence be assured and future wars avoided."

DEMOBILIZING GERMAN ARMY.

Whole Western Force Withdrawn—Radek's Arrest Ordered.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—A German wireless message received here says:

"By Jan. 18 the whole of Germany's Western Army had been transported to demobilization centres, and also about 500,000 of the total of 900,000 of the Eastern Army.

"An order has been issued for the arrest of Karl Radek, the Bolshevist agitator, who is alleged to be still in hiding in Berlin.

"The former Chancellor, Dr. Georg Michaelis, has resigned the Presidency of Pomerania as a protest against the Stettin soldiers' and workers' group forcibly halfmasting flags in memory of Dr. Liebknecht.

"Philipp Scheidemann, Socialist leader, who was elected both in Berlin and Cassel, has decided to represent Cassel. Thus his Berlin seat falls to Minister of the Interior Ernst.

"The coal scarcity has become so serious that the cutting off of the electric power supplied to the various industries throughout Greater Berlin is contemplated, except in the case of the food and public services."

NORTH RUSSIANS DECLINE PARLEY

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

all good Russian patriots' banding together in a united effort, disregarding personal and class interests, to fight against Bolshevism for the liberation of Russia and the happiness of the Russian people and all who reside in Russia."

Telegraphing on Saturday, Count Demerindol said:

"The Governor General has rightly forbidden the publication textually of President Wilson's proposal for a conference with the Bolsheviki, for fear of the effect it would have upon the Russian population. Russian military elements are absolutely opposed to the proposal and see in it the abandonment by Wilson of Russia to the Bolsheviki. They are already talking of rejoining the Siberian Army in the event of the Allies' leaving Archangel.

"The position of the Bolsheviki is very much strengthened by the invitation, which encourages them in the belief that the Allies are yielding to them.

"The general opinion among Russians is that such a proposal as Wilson's will only tend to discourage the Russians and force them into the arms of Germany. The invitation came when the Bolsheviki were beginning to see complete defeat staring them in the face. The successes of Admiral Kolchak anad General Denikine had hit them very hard.

"As to the allied troops, President Wilson's proposal is bound to fill them with the hope of making an early departure from Russia. The allied military authorities are for the most part much surprised and dissatisfied, inasmuch as the proposal creates a temporary condition of inactivity and indecision."

Reds Want Allies to Quit Russia.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Further light on the Bolshevist attitude toward the invitation of the allied and associated powers for a conference with the Russian factions at Princes' Islands is given by an article in the Bolshevist official newspaper, Izvestia, of Jan. 26. The correspondent of Le Journal at Berne telegraphs a quotation from this article carried by the Russian wireless service, the quotation showing that the outgiving is much more moderate in tone than was the recent note on the subject sent by M. Tchitcherin, the Russian Foreign Minister, to M. Vorovsky, the Bolshevist emissary at Stockholm.

The Izvestia article, which was signed by M. Neklor, lays stress on the indirect character of the invitation, noting that it bore neither address nor signature. The writer declares the Allies must choose between the rôle of adversaries of the new Russia and that of arbitrators. If they desire to prove their fitness to act as arbitrators, he insists, they must completely evacuate Russia. Then their initiative, he adds, may be taken seriously.

LENINE ORDERS REDS TO RECAPTURE NARVA

Wants Town Looted and People Slain—Kovno and Libau Reported Taken.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 28.—A dispatch from Reval reports that Lenine is in a small town near Narva, Esthonia, and has ordered the latter town retaken inside of eight days.

It is then to be plundered and the citizens put to death.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The State Department was today advised that Kovno and Libau, in Lithuania, have fallen into possession of the Bolsheviki. This, with the possession of Riga, which the Bolsheviki captured recently gives them control virtually of all of the Baltic provinces up to the German and Polish borders.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—Bolshevist forces marching on Libau, on the Baltic coast of Courland, have been halted by German volunteer forces, which, though greatly outnumbered, forced the Soviet army back across the Windau river by a bold counter-offensive, according to a special dispatch to the Zeitung am Mittag. It is said the Bolsheviki suffered heavy losses.

In the course of their terrorization of Esthonia, the Bolsheviki are reported to have killed 600 people in Dorpat and Wesenberg. The German commissioner in Lithuania, who arrived here today, states that Kovno is not occupied by the Bolsheviki, who are still twenty-five miles east of that city. The line is being defended by German volunteers, and the Bolsheviki are said to be awaiting instructions from Moscow before resuming their advance. It is said the capture of Kovno would open the road to the German frontier.

Says Red Army in Esthonia Is Weak.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Daily Mail correspondent at Helsingfors telegraphs under date of Saturday:

"I have just paid a visit via Reval to the Esthonian front, which is seventy-eight miles from Petrograd. My chief impression is that the Bolshevist Army no longer exists in this region as a serious military force. There are armed bands of Chinese, certain battalions of Lettish and Esthonian communists, and some of Lenine's and Trotsky's former crack troops, but you do not see any troops capable of a purely military action.

"This explains why the Esthonian Army, of only 10,000 men, with hardly any artillery, threw back several Bolshevist divisions almost at the gates of Petrograd.

"General Larca, Chief of the Esthonian General Staff, formerly a Colonel at Russian Headquarters, told me that never had the situation been more favorable than today for the almost bloodless capture of Petrograd. Military authority no longer exists among the Bolshevist troops. Their general morale is exceedingly low. They fight only when they have machine guns behind them.

"Every day many officers desert. They all confirm the belief that the Red troops intended for the defense of Petrograd are seeking to give themselves up. Above all, the Bolshevist leaders are terrified at the possibility of Entente troops and British warships appearing off Cronstadt."

World-wide Expansion

has been the legacy of the war. Never before in the world's history has such an excessive increase in prices been known. The present, therefore, is the time for caution but not for pessimism. It calls for business strategy, maximum effort and complete elimination of waste.

Nothing can aid so much in strengthening the position of a business firm during the period of readjustment as strong banking connections. The Citizens National Bank offers the complete facilities of a commercial bank of sixty-eight years experience.

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At Radical Reductions

Fur overcoats, sheepskin and leather lined coats, shirts, oddments of luggage, et cetera

The prices tell the tale

5 Raccoon Fur Coats	were $135	*now* $75.00
10 Leather Coats	were $65	*now* 35.00
9 Sheepskin Lined Coats	were $40	*now* 25.00
24 Leather Lined Coats (Short)	were $15	*now* 10.00
6 Leather Jerkins	were $15	*now* 5.00
23 Rain Capes	were $7	*now* 4.00
32 Golf Breeches	were $7.50	*now* 3.50
620 Shirts	were $2.50, $3.00, $5.00	*now* 1.85
42 Neverbreak Army Trunks	were $12	*now* 7.50
51 O. D. Blankets	were $12.50	*now* 7.50

Military Furnishings Reduced to Half Price

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Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE

Men's Shops—2 to 8 West 38th Street—Street Level

A CORRECTION

There seems to be an impression in some quarters that the CHILDS restaurants are controlled by the Standard Oil Company.

This is purely a myth, being without foundation in fact, although there is no reflection on the latter company.

In justice to all concerned it should be known that CHILDS is NOT a Standard Oil subsidiary, nor in any way affiliated with that company.

CHILDS is more than a trade name; it is the name of the men who organized the Childs Company and formulate its policies and direct its operations to this day.

It is the CHILDS policy to provide pure, wholesome, tasty foods, prepared in the best manner, in model sanitary kitchens, and served in scrupulously clean dining rooms by courteous employees to a discriminating public.

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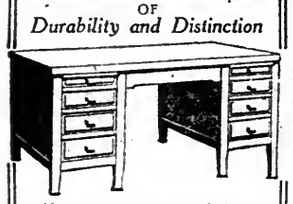

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Be Careful in Using Soap on Your Hair

Many soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

One of the best things to use is just plain mulsified cocoanut oil, for it is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and you can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy, and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out dust, dirt and dandruff.

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ASK $1,250,000,000 TO KEEP UP WHEAT

Officials Send Bill to Congress for Appropriation of Guarantee Fund.

KEEP PLEDGE TO FARMER

Measure Is Designed Also to Save the Treasury from Loss, Framer Says.

FULL POWER FOR PRESIDENT

Provision Continuing His Authority Under Food Control Act Objected To by Gore.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The Administration bill appropriating $1,250,000,000 to enable the Government to carry out its guarantee to the farmer of a price of $2.20 a bushel for the 1919 wheat crop was transmitted to the Chairmen of the Senate and House Agriculture Committees today by the Food Administration.

The measure, which was drawn by officials of the Food Administration and the Department of Agriculture, was described by some Senators as an omnibus measure, which would permit the President to continue food administration in operation, and to exercise all the powers conferred upon him by the Food Control act.

Senator Gore, Chairman of the Senate Committee, announced that he would not introduce the measure in the Senate.

"It is broader than I think is necessary," he said. "I may take it as a basis for another bill which I may introduce."

Representative Lever, Chairman of the House Committee, said he had received a copy of the bill, but declined to state what course he would take with respect to it.

Bill's Essential Provisions.

The essential provisions of the measure follow:

"That, for the purpose of carrying out the guarantees to wheat producers, the sum of $1,250,000,000 is hereby appropriated.

"That the President is authorized to maintain and carry out the guarantees and to use so much of the funds appropriated as may be necessary; to enter into agreements; to creat any agency or agencies; to accept the services of any person without compensation to operate with such agency or agencies; to utilize any department or agency of the Government; to authorize such agencies to use the funds appropriated, and to borrow additional sums; to authorize such agencies to buy wheat of the 1918 and 1919 crops, and wheat products of the same crop, and other foodstuff and feeds from producers or others at the guaranteed prices or such prices as may be necessary, for cash or credit, and to sell or export such wheat, wheat products, and by-products at a profit or at a loss; to authorize such agency or agencies to lease or buy storage facilities or contract for the construction of storage facilities or both; to requisition storage space and to prescribe the terms to be paid therefor; to make payment for storage and other usual expenses in carrying of wheat and wheat products in elevators or elsewhere, whether the wheat is owned or held by the agency or agencies or not; to authorise such agency or agencies to increase the price the agency or agencies will pay for wheat or wheat products in order to cover storage on the farm or elsewhere; to require preferential railroad service to any agency or agencies appointed by him on American railroads or steamships so long as the same are under the control of the Government of the United States; to control the trading on any Exchanges or to prohibit the trading at any Exchange at such time or times as may be deemed desirable or proper; to meet marketing conditions and competitive prices of foreign grown wheat; to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to protect the Government of the United States from paying the guaranteed prices aforesaid for any wheat other than that covered by the President's proclamations; to sell wheat and its wheat products and by-products for cash or on credit to dealers in the United States and its possessions and in other countries of the world and to engage in foreign shipment; to control dealers, millers, and elevators by license or other like power and prescribe trade margins; to control the export and import of wheat, wheat products, other foodstuffs and feed, and further to exercise any of the powers delegated to the President by the Food and Fuel act."

A fine of $5,000 and one year in jail is the penalty prescribed for any one who makes a false statement to any officer or agent or employe of the United States connected with the Food Administration or knowingly violates the act.

Seeks to Save Treasury From Loss.

In transmitting the measure to the committee Chairmen, William A. Glasgow, Jr., chief counsel for the Food Administration, wrote that the legislation was requested in order to "maintain the guarantees in their integrity to the farmer and to save the Treasury of the United States from loss if that be possible."

Thus far there has been no estimate as to what the cost to the Government of maintaining the 1919 prices would be. Officials have said that it depended largely upon European needs, the amount of stock in Argentina, Australia, and Canada, and whether or not Russia would have available supplies for export.

The Department of Agriculture has estimated that the total import wheat requirements for Europe, including Germany and Austria, would likely exceed 728,000,000 bushels this year. The surplus stock from Canada, Argentina, and Australia was estimated at 496,000,000 bushels. From the 1918 crop the United States probably will have a surplus of 277,000,000 bushels for export and carryover.

"If the total surpluses of other countries are exhausted and Russia is not relied upon for anything this year," said the statement, "the United States will be called upon to export 233,000,000 bushels, and would have a carry-over into next year of 44,000,000 bushels. This carry-over, however, is likely to be reduced by increased consumption in the United States and Europe following several years of short rations. The 1919 wheat crop in the United States is expected to give an exportable surplus of 250,000,000 to 400,000,000 bushels. In both 1919 and 1920 the question of price and the ability of European countries to finance purchases are the decisive factors."

The department also has estimated that European needs for other grains will be so great that the United States will be able to supply only the required amount of oats, failing short on rye, barley, and corn.

VOTE TO RETURN WIRE SYSTEMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

of any or all telephone lines, together with their property and effects, subject to the approval of Congress.

That the Postmaster General shall report to Congress within a reasonable period some plan of organisation which will combine all the advantages and authority of the Government with such plan of operation as the experience of the best operation in our industrial world has shown to be advantageous.

Confusion as to the Vote.

Confusion existed late tonight as to the exact political complexion of the vote in committee, Judge Moon, Chairman of the committee, having declared that ten Democrats voted for fixing the date for the return of the roads at Dec. 31, while Republican members of the committee insisted that a majority of those voting for that date were Republicans.

According to a statement made by Chairman Moon after the committee had acted, the vote was 10 to 8 in favor of fixing the date at Dec. 31, 1919. Representative Madden of Illinois, one of the Republican members of the committee, stated tonight that the vote was 11 to 7 in favor of fixing the date at Dec. 31. The line-up of the committee as given out by Chairman Moon had 10 Democrats voting for that date, and 7 Republicans and 1 Democrat voting against it. The line-up as given out by Mr. Madden has 7 Republicans and 4 Democrats voting for fixing the date at Dec. 31, and 7 Democrats voting against it.

The only Democrat recorded as voting against the measure in Chairman Moon's lineup is Representative Holland of Virginia. According to Mr. Madden's statement of the lineup, Mr. Holland voted in the affirmative to end Government control on Dec. 31. In view of this discrepancy, Mr. Holland was himself asked by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent how he voted.

"I voted in the affirmative on the main proposition to fix the time as Dec. 31, 1919," said Mr. Holland.

The lineup as given by Chairman Moon was:

For—Democrats, Moon, Bell, Rouse, Blackman, Beakes, Black, Ayres, Randall, Sterling, and Oliver.

Against—Republicans, Steenerson, Madden, Griest, Paige, Woodyard, Ramseyer, and Copley; Democrat, Holland.

The lineup as given by Mr. Madden to THE NEW YORK TIMES follows:

For—Republicans, Steenerson, Madden, Paige, Griest, Woodyard, Ramseyer, and Copley; Democrats, Holland, Bell, Black, and Sterling.

Against—Moon, Rouse, Blackman, Beakes, Ayres, Randall, and Oliver, all Democrats.

Burleson Quotes Vail.

In testimony this morning before the committee, Postmaster General Burleson said that extension to January, 1920, might not be long enough and quoted Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and now the Postmaster General's personal adviser in wire matters, as saying that two years would be the shortest period that should elapse before the return of the wire systems. Republican members of the House committee have been insistent that the wires be handed back to private ownership inside of four to six months.

In his argument for extension of the control period, Mr. Burleson told the committee that representatives of the telephone company had assured him that if the systems were turned back without guarantees of legislation a "period of deterioration and confusion" would follow. Asked by Representative Madden of Illinois if he would consent to a return of the properties in three months, he said:

"If I were willing to ride a hobby to force Government ownership by placing the systems in worse confusion, I would say turn them back."

"I regard this as a question of the greatest importance to the public," he said at another time. "Manufacturers and others are greatly concerned as to the character of the service. In order to develop their businesses, they must have proper service. If I wished to insure Government ownership, I'd say turn the wires back at once. But I think the interests of the business men should be looked after.

"There will be a serious period of transition from war to peace. The telephone companies have not kept pace with other industrial affairs. Their employes wish higher wages. Under present conditions the Government can determine rates better than any other agency."

Politics cropped out several times during the hearing, which was, like others held by the committee, quite noisy, often several members talking at the same time. Postmaster General Burleson said he did not wish to appear in the light of trying to take the wire problem out of the hands of the next Congress, which will be Republican. At another time he stated that the moral increase of from 6 to 7 per cent. in telephones had been held up for two years because equipment manufacture was uncertain.

The Matter of Partisanship.

"If you want the responsibility of flying in the face of these gentlemen whose money is tied up, you can do so," he told the committee. "But, I appeal, this is no time for partisanship—"

"Nobody's mentioned partisanship except you," shot back Representative Madden, and Representative Steenerson snapped out:

"You're the only one who's said anything about that."

"Oh, nothing was said, but anybody can see there's partisanship," put in Chairman Moon, while Mr. Burleson said mildly:

"If I do mention it, I hope it's in the right spirit."

"I believe," said the Postmaster General, "there should be a definite date fixed for the return of the wire property. So far as the length of time is concerned, there is great diversity of opinion, some wishing one year, others five. Mr. Vail, whom I regard as the best wireman in the country, says it should not be less than two years. It is for the committee to decide."

The control of forty-eight States Mr. Burleson characterized as "complex, contradictory, and overlapping," and he said this condition was impossible." Replying to the suggestion that he wished to further his ideas of Government control, he declared:

"I uniformly stated that it's not my purpose to conduct the experiments so as to force Government ownership. If the experiments create public sentiment either way I cannot help it."

"You admit the experiment will eliminate competition and aid concentration?" put in Mr. Black.

"I think competition should be eliminated; the period for competition has passed, and every intelligent man admits it," replied the Postmaster General.

When Representative Steenerson of Minnesota asked about the origin of the wire control law, Mr. Burleson said:

"I know what you want; you want to know whether I instigated the resolution. Well, I did not."

No Previous Information.

Mr. Steenerson suggested that Mr. Burleson might know the reasons actuating the resolutions, as he was a Cabinet member, but the witness said he "was not a mind-reader and had no power of omniscience," and that the first he knew about the resolution was when Representative Aswell of Louisiana introduced it.

"Will the same reasons as existed during the war continue now that the war is over?" asked Mr. Steenerson.

"Oh, it's not contended that this extension should be granted for war purposes," was the answer.

Mr. Steenarson asked why the Government wished to create a "monopoly," and Mr. Burleson said:

"I have always believed all means of communication should be under the Post Office Department. These wire agencies are just as much communication as writing a letter."

"Don't you recognize the difference? Letters are secret, and the wire communications are not," was a suggestion by Mr. Steenerson.

The Postmaster General said he had asked that a law be enacted making it a penalty to reveal wire communications.

A reference was made to politics in the Post Office Department, and Mr. Burleson said:

"I have made an earnest effort, no matter how much my sincerity has been questioned, to take the Post Office out of politics."

Mr. Burleson declared some companies had told him that the "period of reckoning" was coming.

"They had reached the period of stress when they could not stand it much longer," he said. "Many believed if they were handed back they would be bankrupt."

Some member of the committee asked if it would be necessary to raise rates, and the Postmaster General replied very measuredly:

"My duty is to see that the service is adequate, and if it is necessary to raise rates, however much I might regret, I would not hesitate to do so."

Status of the Cables.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—The resolution to end Government control of telephone and telegraph properties Dec. 31, 1919, favorably reported today by the House Post Office Committee made no mention of cable properties, and that phase of the situation was not discussed at the meeting of the committee. Members later expressed varying opinions as to the effect of the legislation on Federal control of those properties, which was assumed by Presidential proclamation last November under the authority given in the original war control resolution passed by Congress last July 16.

Chairman Moon said the new legislation would not affect the original law in so far as it applied to cable properties, control of which would have to be relinquished with the issuing of a proclamation by the President announcing the signing of the treaty of peace and its ratification. Other members expressed a different view, based upon the fact that the cable properties are controlled by the telegraph companies. They thought control of the cables would be automatically extended. There were still other committeemen who believed the question would have to be settled in the courts.

Various dates for termination of control of the telephone and telegraph companies were suggested after the committee had concluded its hearings on the original Administration measure by examining Postmaster General Burleson. The first proposal was for restoration of the properties to private management next May 30, and this and another to extend the time to Dec. 31, 1920, were voted down.

BRITISH CONTROL RETAINED.

Order Rejecting Supervision at Home Stations Produced at Hearing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Statements by the Mackay Companies that the British Government had objected to American supervision of its cable stations were supplemented before the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads today when the British orders were exhibited at a hearing on the Moon wire control resolution.

Representative Madden of Illinois put into the record a letter written by George G. Ward, Vice President of the Commercial Cable Company, to Postmaster Burleson, which asked what course should be pursued, in view of the British orders. In reply, the Postmaster General tonight made public a copy of a letter he had written to Mr. Ward, telling the cable official that, while the American Government was exercising supervision over the American part of the cables, Great Britain exercised her rights to control the cable stations, &c., on her shores. The Post Office Department takes the ground that there is no conflict; that each Government exercises control.

The letter written by Mr. Ward to the Postmaster General follows:

"New York, Jan. 25, 1919.

"The Hon. Albert S. Burleson, Postmaster General, Washington, D. C.:

"Sirs—We have received from the War Department of the British Government the following order:

"1. Government messages handed to either company should be sent over the route of that company unless this course is likely to give rise to delay, in which case the Post Office should be advised.

"2. There is to be no interference with existing censorship arrangements at any of the companies' stations in the United Kingdom.

"3. His Majesty's Government do not agree to either company allowing control of its stations, staff, or working in the United Kingdom, by the other company or by any person acting directly or indirectly on behalf of the other company, or on behalf of the United States Government.

"You will notice that the British Government forbids our placing the Commercial Cable Company or its cables under the control of its competitor, the Western Union Telegraph Company.

"In view of this will you kindly inform me as to what position you take in regard to the matter.

"Yours very truly,

"GEORGE G. WARD,
"Vice President."

Following is Postmaster General Burleson's reply:

"Jan. 28, 1919.

"To George G. Ward, Vice President Commercial Cable Company, 253 Broadway, New York, N. Y.:

"Sir—Your letter of the 25th instant quoting order issued to your company by the War Department of the British Government received. In reply to your inquiry with respect thereto it seems only necessary to state that the British Government is exercising control over the property of and persons connected with the Commercial Cable Company located in the British possessions. And under the joint resolution of Congress this Government, through the Postmaster General, is controlling the operation of the cable properties within its jurisdiction.

"You have been relieved by me of all duties affecting the operation of cables of your company, so far as the jurisdiction of this Government is concerned over the cables of the Commercial Company. I have no instructions to issue to you in regard to any requirements that the British Government may require of you as an officer of the Commercial Company as a corporation, and relating to the property of the company, or the conduct of its officials, or agents located or operating in the British possessions, and with respect to which that Government has assumed control.

"Respectfully yours,

"A. S. BURLESON,
"Postmaster General."

ENJOINS TELEPHONE INCREASE

Michigan Court Issues Temporary Injunction—Indiana Case Argued.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 28.—An injunction restraining telephone companies of Michigan, including the Bell System, from putting into effect the long distance rates recently announced by Postmaster General Burleson, was issued by Judge Howard Wiest in Circuit Court here this forenoon. The Bell company also was ordered to discontinue increased local rates established in Detroit.

Judge Wiest in announcing his decision held that the action of Congress in authorizing the Postmaster General to take over the telephone lines did not give the Federal Government the right to interfere with lawful rate regulations of the State.

"The right and power of the State to regulate rates of public utilities," he said, "is beyond question and is exercised, not by sufferance of Congress, but under power vested in the State."

The power of a State to regulate its domestic concerns, he added, is essential to the preservation of local government.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 28.—Jurisdiction of the United States District Court here to act in determining whether the increased long distance telephone rates ordered by Postmaster General Burleson should be put into effect was questioned today when the hearing on the temporary restraining order granted against the new rates on application of the Indiana Public Service Commission began. L. Ert Slack, United States District Attorney for Indiana, representing Postmaster General Burleson, filed a motion asking the dissolution of the temporary order and dismissal of the suit, alleging the court was without jurisdiction. Arguments on the motion began immediately.

Representatives of Ohio, Minnesota, Nebraska, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Kansas and Missouri were in court with the lawyers representing Indiana. Before court convened they agreed that if any entered an appearance as "a friend of the court," it would be James E. Markham, Assistant Attorney General of Minnesota.

The following letter from Clarence H. Mackay to Union N. Bethell, Postmaster General Burleson's representative, setting forth Mr. Mackay's protest against any increase in telephone rates by Mr. Burleson, was made public yesterday:

"Postal Telegraph-Cable Company,
"Jan. 25, 1919.

"Union N. Bethell, Esq., Chairman Operating Board, U. S. Telegraph and Telephone Administration, 195 Broadway, New York.

"Dear Mr. Bethell: Referring to your letter of the 23d inst., in the matter of the recent order of the Postmaster General respecting increases in telephone toll rates, and which were to go into effect on the 31st instant, my understanding of our conversation of last week, at which Mr. Bruch was present, was that we were to look into the matter at once, and that Mr. Bruch was to ascertain and inform me of the effect the adoption of the new rates would have upon us, and on my return I was to communicate with you.

"During my absence from town the last few days this whole telephone rate increase has reached such a situation that one does not seem to know how to act. I would, however, say this, that the Postal Company is prepared to put these new telephone rates into effect under protest, but we would first inquire as to what the Postal Company is expected to do in regard to these new telephone rates. In States where the Public Service Commission objects to them, or where the laws of the State prohibit any change except on approval of the Public Service Commission of the State.

"So many of the States have already objected and some have applied for injunctions, and others threaten to do so, that it is impossible for us to know just where to put these new rates into effect and where not. For instance, the Public Service Commission of Michigan threatens the imposition of penalties if the order of Postmaster General Burleson is obeyed by the telephone companies in that State. We do not think we can reasonably be called upon to make changes in States where we would be liable to prosecution and penalties if it should turn out that the changes were made in violation of the laws of that particular State.

"We see no occasion for raising long distance telephone rates, and whatever we do will be done under protest because we have a grave doubt as to the legality of such an increase in telephone rates by the Postmaster General now, whatever might have been his justification while the war was actively going on. And while it undoubtedly would be of great advantage to the Bell Company to raise long distance telephone rates, particularly in the South and on the Pacific Coast, where we are in competition in giving that service at lower rates, allow me to say that I do not think the public will approve of it, and that I believe it is against public policy.

"I am, very truly yours,
"CLARENCE H. MACKAY,
"President."

TURKISH CABINET RESIGNS.

Objected to Restoring Property Stolen from Occupied Territory.

SALONIKI, Jan. 20.—According to a semi-official statement issued here, the Turkish Cabinet, headed by Tewfik Pasha, has resigned as a result of allied demands that Turkey restore property carried away during the war from occupied territories, and cease carrying out drastic measures against Greeks and Armenians.

It is said that the Sultan will participate in the work of reconstructing the Cabinet.

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I have been an executive for twenty years (although I am only 40), and for five years have been the active head of a business doing a volume of several millions.

I have qualities, backed by experience, which would be invaluable to any business large enough to require them.

Am seeking a real opportunity, and prefer a profit-sharing arrangement, but would consider a salary commensurate with large responsibilities.

My career is open to thorough investigation. Communications confidential.

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All Government buildings and other points of interest are now open to the public.

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CARACUL COAT Formerly $850	now	$550
BROADTAIL & HUDSON SEAL COAT Formerly $950	now	$650
NUTRIA WRAP COAT Formerly $800	now	$575
HUDSON SEAL CAPE COAT Formerly $650	now	$450
HUDSON SEAL COAT Formerly $750	now	$475
TAUPE CARACUL & HUDSON SEAL SHORT COAT Formerly $495	now	$300
SHORT HUDSON SEAL COATEES Formerly $350	now	$250
SHORT MARMOT COATS, Australian Opossum trim Formerly $195	now	100

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French Model Coats for Street and Limousine, and a number of skating models in highest price fabrics, richly fur trimmed. Some of these were imported to sell as high as $150. $35

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Tan pigskin or black pin seal bill fold, calfskin-lining, silk-lined secret bill pockets, with opening at lower right hand corner for counting bills, 2 card pockets. Size 4¼ x 3¾ inches folded $6.00
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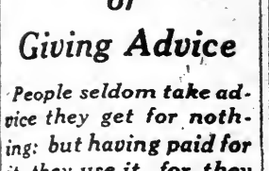

Diary, at left, containing removable filler stamped with month, pencil, colored pebbled morocco, size 8 x 5¼ inches $7.00

Pocket folding photograph case, celluloid protection for from 1 to 6 pictures. Tan mackintosh, card size, opening 2 x 3½ inches.
$2.50, $3.25, $3.75, $4.50, $5.25, $5.75

Cabinet size, opening 3¼ x 5½ inches.
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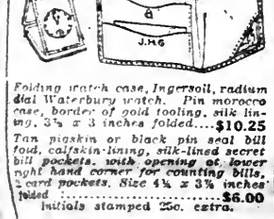

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200,000 NOW OUT IN BRITISH STRIKES

Rioters in Belfast Fire on the Police and Pillage Shops.

STORM LIGHTED BUILDINGS

Shipworkers on the Clyde and in London Hold Out for Terms.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—It is estimated that nearly 200,000 men and women are idle in the United Kingdom and Ireland because of strikes in various trades, creating one of the most serious situations industrially that the country has had to face in many years. Half of the strikers are in Belfast, where the movement continues to spread.

Belfast by night is now in virtually total darkness, the hospitals being the only places where lights can be shown without danger of attacks by strikers. Everywhere else the display of a light has caused either the stoning or the storming of the premises.

In cases were such drastic action was not taken the people were forced by threats to screen their lights. Even in private houses it is not considered safe to use more than one candle, and the supply of candles is rapidly diminishing.

One large Belfast store which generates its own electricity and was brilliantly illuminated was stoned by a mob last night. The plate glass show windows were smashed and women's clothing exhibited there was carried away. In another district a saloon was broken open and liquor was taken by members of a mob.

Police engaged in dispersing the rioters were fired upon but at last succeeded in restoring order.

Picketing Forces Men Out.

Fortunately the night was snowy and wet by turns, otherwise, it is considered, there might have been more trouble. This morning men in various smaller industrial plants who had remained at work went out for safety's sake, the picketing having become more extensive. One of the morning newspapers was forced to suspend publication.

The shipyard workers are opposed to the strike, and are endeavoring to arrange a meeting for Wednesday.

The Belfast correspondent of The Mail writes:

"The strike is the most serious ever experienced in this city of strikes. Belfast is like a dead city, its entire social life is paralyzed, theatres and saloons are closed, tramcars are not running, bakeries and laundries are closing, and there were no afternoon papers on Monday.

"Telegraphic and telephonic communication with outside districts is seriously handicapped. After sunset Belfast becomes a city of candles. Restaurants are closed, and evening services cannot be held by the churches. Railway stations are lighted with naphtha lamps.

"The main cause of the trouble lies in the fact that the workers in the electric and gas plants have joined the shipyard workers in demanding a forty-hour week. Things are in such a state of chaos that a change must come soon. Gravediggers joined the strike on Monday."

Big Clashes Still Unsettled.

There is no change in the situation on the Clyde, where 20,000 shipyard workers are out, or in London, where 15,000 ship repairers are striking and have refused an offer to refer the question of wages to a committee.

To these must be added 24,000 Fifeshire miners, 6,000 South Wales miners, 5,000 Edinburgh shipwrights, 4,000 Manchester dockers, 4,000 South Wales shipyard men, and a number of Glasgow municipal workers.

Except in London, where the question at stake is one of wages, all these strikes are due to a demand for a shorter workday, with the same privileges and wages as have prevailed when a longer workday has been in operation.

Alexander Thompson, editor of the Socialist Labor newspaper Clarion, in reviewing present industrial unrest for The Mail, writes:

"The new Labor Minister, Sir Robert Stevenson Horne, whose sincere sympathy with labor's desire for improved conditions of life has very favorably impressed leaders of the trades unions, confesses his utter helplessness in dealing with the grave problems assailing him on his entrance to office.

"None of the present strikes has been authorised by the executives of the unions involved and all are contrary to official advice. Therefore, it is obviously impossible for Sir Robert to interfere. It is his policy, as Labor Minister, to support trades union executives, as any other action would only weaken their authority and strengthen the hands of those who have disobeyed instructions."

FRENCH JAIL STRIKE LEADER

Government Action Stirs Protest of Workers and Socialist Deputies.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—After the "minute strike" on the Paris, Lyons & Mediterranean Railway on Saturday, Leon Midol, Secretary of the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean Union, was arrested, the railroad still being operated by the military authorities. He will be court-martialed. An account of the incident in the Matin, which shows two black spaces where it was censored, says that other arrests are imminent.

The news aroused the headquarters of the National Railroadmen's Union, and a delegation called at the office of Premier Clemenceau yesterday, but the Premier was absent.

Minister Claveille received a delegation of Socialist Deputies yesterday, his department having authority over railroads. A vigorous protest was made, according to L'Humanité, the delegation warning M. Claveille that the methods he had adopted in the matter were not without danger.

PASSAGE OF TAX BILL NEXT WEEK EXPECTED

Simmons Says House Will Get Conference Report Saturday and Start Debate Monday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senator Simmons of the Finance Committee said tonight that a report on the War Revenue bill probably would be made to the House Saturday by Representative Kitchin and debate on the measure started on Monday. It is expected that the bill will be passed by both houses of Congress by the latter part of next week. According to present plans, the bill may not be sent by courier to President Wilson, especially if it is determined by the time of passage that the President will return to this country on or about Feb. 20.

The conferees refused to discuss the details of the general agreement today, and it was said that they had pledged themselves to secrecy pending the printing of the bill. Copies of the proposed legislation probably will not be available before Saturday.

The war and excess taxes title has been rewritten and will appear in the form of a compromise providing for the system proposed in the Senate amendments with a slightly higher rate on large corporation incomes, according to the report current today. It also is reported that the Senate inheritance tax provisions have been substituted for the estate tax proposed by the House. If so, the proposed legislation should raise taxes somewhat in excess of the $6,000,000,000 asked by the Treasury Department.

It is understood that the Secretary of the Treasury, Carter Glass, has been made familiar with the important phases of the bill and will be able to prepare for the collection of the corporation and personal income taxes. The Treasury Department, it is understood, will make its preliminary plans on the theory that the bill as reported will be adopted by Congress and signed by the President.

Senator Simmons said that only a few minor details had yet to be cleared up and that the conference committee might be able to complete its work tomorrow. It will require at least two days more, however, to get the bill in form for the printers.

OFFER AID TO ARGENTINA.

British and Chilean Warships to Help Against Maximalists.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 27.—In connection with the report that martial law had been declared in the territory of Magallanes, the southernmost district of Chile, it is said that the British and Chilean Cónsuls in Patagonia have offered the use to Argentina of British and Chilean warships in subduing the Maximalists.

Miss Margaret Wilson in Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 28.—Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, arrived in Brussels yesterday and is a guest at the American Legation.

PALISADE VICTIM BRIDE OF SOLDIER

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

and the long white sheet had been rolled back, Mrs. Ellsworth, agitated to the point of breakdown, had made the identification complete.

Once the identification was settled, Prosecutor Huckin questioned Mrs. Ellsworth, and ascertained that the only address she could supply for the dead woman dated back months ago. Once, said Mrs. Ellsworth, she had visited Miss Packwood in a two-room apartment at 25 East Forty-eighth Street, at Madison Avenue. Mr. Huckin immediately hurried to this city, and, after communicating with Police Headquarters, went with detectives to the address. He found that Miss Packwood had given up the apartment on Nov. 1, but from questioning neighbors and the Superintendent he learned that she had announced her intention to return to her home in Florida, packing up her belongings and dispatching them somewhere as evidence of that intention.

Somewhere, he declined last night to disclose just where, the Prosecutor obtained positive proof of Miss Packwood's marriage to an army officer, and inquiry last night at the Forty-eighth Street apartment house produced strong support of it. According to Hugh Cameron, the superintendent, Miss Packwood came to the house about two years ago—some time in October, 1916, he thought. She took a small suite on the third floor, paying $90 a month on lease. In October, 1918, she renewed her lease, but as the month drew to a close began to talk of breaking her contract. When Cameron sought a reason, she said that she was "worried" because she had not received a letter from France "in ever so long." Several days after Cameron met her in the hall as, in her grayish Red Cross uniform, she was passing out to enter the two-passenger roadster which she owned. She was sobbing, and the observant old Scotsman saw a telegram protruding from one of her pockets.

Wept for Dead Husband.

The Superintendent asked what was the matter and tried to engage her in conversation, but she stepped to one side and sobbing "my darling—killed over there—France, my husband!"—went out, entered the automobile and drove off—but not before she had laid her arms on the wheel, buried her face upon them and cried for "a wee bit," as Cameron said.

Several days went by before the Superintendent saw her again. Then she came down to her apartment—pale, drawn, but strangely collected she was, said Cameron, and told him she was leaving—"going away." Again she got into her roadster and this time she drove away beyond the ken of everybody who had known her until the Palisade rock cleft yielded its secret.

Discussing the woman's death last night, Prosecutor Huckins said he had been unable to account in any way for the movements of Miss Packwood from the date she gave up her apartment, Nov. 1. He said, however, that a woman acquaintance, whose name he refused to divulge, had told him of receiving a telephone message from Miss Packwood on Dec. 15. This message, said the Prosecutor, was to the effect that Miss Packwood had lost her husband in the war, "all I cared for," and intended to kill herself.

"I have been thinking of suicide," she said, according to the Prosecutor's information, "and when I do I shall kill myself in a thoroughly scientific manner and in such a way that my identity will be completely lost. I do not wish to bring trouble upon my parents."

That Miss Packwood went about self-destruction with great system and with remarkable composure was plainly evident, said Mr. Huckins. When the body was found it was discovered that every tag had been cut from her garments, the marks in the shoes had been erased, and even the faint white, trade markings of her stockings, apparently new ones, had been blotted out. As the county physicians pointed out, the same care and determination was carried through in the application of the bandages about the head which, soaked with either ether or chloroform, caused death. The doctors declared that exceptional skill had been displayed in putting on the surgeon's gauze in such a way as to prevent it from slipping.

The three-ounce bottle which held the anaesthetic, he said, was applied to the right nostril and, to prevent air counteracting the effect of the drug, the girl had closed the left nasal passage with a hairpin. Then she had carefully placed a newspaper, brought along for the purpose, on the ground, lain down, pulled her skirts above her head to reinforce her heavy fur coat and awaited the coming of death.

All question as to the death being self-inflicted was settled, following the identification, when County Physician William E. Ogden, aided by two other surgeons, performed an autopsy. When his task was finished Dr. Ogden gave an official verdict of suicide, and said that neither he nor either of his colleagues had been able to find any evidence of violence.

"The autopsy showed," he said, "that the woman's death was caused by asphyxiation, due to inhaling fumes of chloroform or ether. The autopsy disclosed that she had suffered no violence. There were no wounds nor bruises of any kind upon the body, and there was no evidence of a fracture of the skull or of any organic trouble whatever."

Dr. Ogden added that the viscera had been sent to Bellevue Hospital for chemical analysis, although he regarded this as merely a precautionary examination, as there was small doubt that no poison, other than the anaesthetic, had entered her system. The result of the examination at Bellevue will not be known for a week or ten days, it was said there last night.

Had Secretly Married.

Special to The New York Times.

TAMPA, Fla., Jan. 28.—Miss Azeele Packwood was secretly married to a Major Fenton, who died in France in November. She is the daughter of George Horatio Packwood, one of the pioneer citizens of this region and a wealthy retired real estate operator. She was 28 years of age and had been living in New York studying music for the last nine years, visiting her home here only at intervals.

She visited here in October, but said nothing of her marriage, though she told intimate friends she was engaged to Major Fenton, then in France, and that she hoped to get across with the Red Cross. The first word of her marriage came in a letter a few days ago to her father from Captain Adelaide Baylis, Red Cross motor car headquarters, 34 Park Avenue, New York. Mr. Packwood had written to Red Cross headquarters early in the month, having had no word from his daughter since late in November, about a month after she had returned to New York. Captain Baylis also told of Major Fenton's death, and the bereaved father ascribes his daughter's act to grief, as Captain Baylis wrote that it was rumored she had made threats that she would take her own life.

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Bosoms of imported Pique. Bodies of sheer cambric. Cuffs of either pique or plain linen.

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Old Crow, 5s, $1.75; qt....	2.00	7.50
Green River, bot., $1.75; qt.	2.00	7.50
O. Hickory Rye, bot., $1.50; qt.	1.75	7.00
Old Hermitage Rye, qt.....	2.25	8.50
Hunter Whiskey, W. I.....	1.75	7.50
Hermitage Bonded 5s.....	2.00	—
Old Crow Bond, 5s, $2.25; qt.	2.00	—
Overholt, bonded, qt.....	2.75	—
Crow, Kirk's or Hunter....	2.00	—
Wilson, $2.00; Duffy's Malt.	1.55	—
Comm'l Rye, 5s, $1.40; qt...	1.65	6.50
Seagram's Canadian.....	3.00	—
Mackey & Mackey Scotch...	2.25	10.00
King George or Jy Walker.	3.25	—
Kingsmere Scotch.....	2.25	10.00
Dewar's or Usher's G. C....	2.85	—
Usher's Green Stripe.....	3.15	—
Dewar's White Label.....	3.15	—
Black and White.....	3.25	—
Jameson's or Bushmill's Irish	2.60	—
Dunville Irish.....	2.25	—
James Boyle & Co. Irish....	2.25	10.00
Bacardi Rum.....	2.60	—
Red Heart Jam. Rum, imp.	2.50	—
Tuxedo Cocktails, quart....	1.75	—
Creme de Menthe, $1.50 and	1.75	—
Grenadine, 75c; finest....	1.00	—
Cummel, finest..... $1.50,	1.75	2.00
Unbonnet, J. B. Marten's..	2.00	—

BRANDIES AND GINS	Pot.	Gal.
Majestic Cognac, XXX....	$2.00	$9.00
J. Robin Cognac G. I. XXX	2.75	—
Hennessy or Martell XXX.	3.25	—
Romy Martin Cognac XXX.	3.15	—
Peach or Apricot Cordial..	1.50	—
Gordon Dry Gin.....	1.00	—
Tuxedo Club Dry Gin....	1.75	6.00
De Kuyper Holland Gin....	2.00	—
Queensboro Holland Gin....	1.50	7.00
Shoe Gin, finest, $1.50 and	1.75	—

QUALITY WINES	Pot.	Gal.
St. Julien Type Claret.....	.35	$1.50
Medoc Grand Malaon.....	.50	2.00
St. Julien Bordeaux.....	.75	2.75
Niersteiner White Wine....	.75	2.75
Sauternes, 50c; Finest....	.75	—
Haut Sauternes, $1; Finest..	1.25	—
Sauternes, Barton & Gues...	1.25	—
Golden Valley Port or Sherry	.50	2.00
Medoc Port or Sherry.....	.75	3.00
Oporto Port, imported.....	1.00	4.00
Delicioso Sherry, imported..	1.00	4.00
Duff Gordon Sherry.....	1.00	4.00

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WADSWORTH LAUDS VALOR OF OLD 7TH

Capture of St. Quentin Canal One of the Astounding Feats of the War, He Tells Senate.

ENTIRE DIVISION GALLANT

Criticises Supply Service, Saying No American-Built Tanks Ever Reached the Front.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senator Wadsworth, who recently returned from France, today warmly praised the gallantry of New York troops who late in September helped to break the Hindenburg line between Cambrai and St. Quentin. The Senator visited the ground fought over by the 27th Division.

Senator Wadsworth told how the 107th Infantry—the old 7th New York Regiment—was cut off from its supporting forces for two days and a half.

"The action began on Sept. 29 and lasted three days," said Senator Wadsworth. "It was directed against that part of the Hindenburg line between Cambrai and St. Quentin. The American losses were very severe. The 27th and 30th American Divisions were used.

"St. Quentin and Cambrai, Senators will remember, were situated close to or upon the famous Hindenburg line. Midway between the towns the canal runs under a hill through a tunnel approximately three miles long. The Hindenburg line was based upon that canal most of the distance between the towns. From the tunnel the Germans had pierced long passageways, built in the form of stairways, at least five feet wide. It was a vast maze of underground trenches.

"Frankly, I do not see how men could have gone through such a position and come out alive. The achievement to me is astounding. I think it would be to any other civilian—to see that maze of trenches and underground passages, acres and acres of barbed wire, and the canal itself emerging from the tunnel on the north, going toward a tunnel on the south which had to be crossed.

"Remember also that the men were subjected to a fearful enfilading fire from their left flank as they pushed their way into this position. A British division assisted on the right, and the famous division, the 46th Highlanders. They crossed the open canal, and the Americans crossed on top of a strongly fortified hill, over the canal and all the positions in front of the canal.

"Their objectives were almost three miles away from their starting point, but they reached them on the first day. Then ensued a terrific hand-to-hand contest to hold what they had taken."

Describing how the 107th had gone ahead so fast that it outstripped other troops, Senator Wadsworth said:

Supplies Dropped by Airmen.

"The men were reached by airplanes which dropped cartridges and chocolate to them. At the end of two and a half days support reached them, and the action was complete. General Haig and General Rawlinson, the British Field Army commander, showered compliments on the 27th and 30th Divisions. They had achieved what I honestly believe to be one of the greatest feats of this war on a comparatively small scale, which was to attack, on a two division front, about three miles, and stagger and shatter the strongest German offensive position in France. It resulted in the crumbling of that whole portion of the German line."

In urging the territorialisation of the American Army in future as a means of raising morale and increasing the corps spirit, Senator Wadsworth quoted Major Gen. O'Ryan, commander of the 27th Division, and said:

"Major Gen. O'Ryan states that, in his judgment, had not his infantry and machine gun units possessed that locality pride in addition to their American pride and patriotism, that sympathetic touch of elbow, that teamwork that comes from long acquaintance of men in the ranks who come from the same town or the same street in a great city, they could not have performed the task assigned to them.

"He counts it, as I think a very large number of military men count it, a vast military asset; and it is a fact that cannot be contradicted that the violation of that principle, and the consequent treatment of soldiers as mere automatons who can be put into any division, any regiment, any company anywhere, is a violation of the humanities, and injured the efficiency of the soldier."

Discussing reported shortage from which the American Army suffered, Senator Wadsworth said artillery, ammunition, airplanes, trucks, and forage for horses were insufficient. He said that in some cases the shortages appeared to him to have resulted from a makeshift system in the United States.

He declared his visit had made him doubly proud of the way the expeditionary force was handled abroad, and had given him a new respect and admiration for the American soldier.

Criticises Supply Service.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. (Associated Press.) — Senator Wadsworth, in his speech today on the achievements of the American Army in France, said that possibly some of the equipment and supply shortages were unavoidable, but that others unquestionably were due to inefficiency and confusion in the War Department.

Referring to the supplying of ordnance, airplanes, and tanks by the Allies, he added:

"No American-built tanks reached the battlefront. The French supplied us with what tanks they could spare. With the exception of two or three divisions at the very end of the war, all the machine guns, light and heavy, were obtained from the French.

"One cannot exaggerate the embarrassments and difficulties to which these shortages gave rise. Nor do I believe that the supplying of all this equipment did not strain the resources of the Allies."

A permanent military policy for America, Senator Wadsworth said, should not be formulated until General Pershing and others prominent in building up the expeditionary force could return.

"I am glad that General Pershing and his people had a free hand in France," he continued. "I am glad that they were many, many miles away from Washington and comparatively free from its prejudices, jealousies, and out-of-date traditions."

The order issued the day the armistice was signed stopping all promotions in the army, Senator Wadsworth said, had had "a most profound effect" upon the military forces, and he added that, while every recommendation for promotion could not be carried out, he thought it was a mistake to stop all the promotion machinery.

Chairman Chamberlain of the Military Committee interrupted to say that, after hearing the explanation of Secretary Baker yesterday, his view relative to the order had been changed, and he was inclined to agree with the department that it was necessary to stop promotions. Senator Weeks, another member of the committee, said he agreed with the Oregon Senator, but still thought the men who had rendered brave services abroad should be rewarded.

As Senator Wadsworth closed with a description of the destruction wrought by the Germans in Northern France and Belgium, Senator Chamberlain asked:

"Does the Senator think that Germany is so whipped as to make unnecessary the maintenance of troops there as a protection against a recurrence of the crime?"

"My opinion is," was the reply, "that Germany, in a military sense, is prostrated."

PROPOSES COMMISSION FOR EMPIRE'S DEBTS

Australia's Acting Premier Also Wants Local Industries Fostered by American Capital.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 28.—W. A. Watt, the Acting Premier, addressing the conference of twenty-four Federal and State Ministers today, referred to the indebtedness the empire had incurred through the war, and proposed the formation of a British Empire War Debts Commission to take over full control of the war debts of the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, India, South Africa, and other parts of the empire.

Such a combination, Mr. Watt believed, would be powerful beyond anything hitherto attempted in the financial world, and would result in the saving of millions of dollars to the empire. He suggested that each of the Dominions and dependencies should be represented on the commission on a debt or population basis.

Mr. Watt said that the commission should be created and prepared to take over the control of the various debts by December, 1919, and that all interest should be paid by the commission after that date.

He announced that in order to better absorb her returning fighters Australia was planning to extend industry along new as well as existing lines, and would look to America and other countries for capital and encourage investments in Australia.

"All of us," said Mr. Watt, "desire to have our soldiers return as rapidly as possible, but without co-ordination between the different State Governments and the Federal Governments difficulties are likely to arise regarding the settlement of our men and their employment. The Federal Government has decided to invite all the State Governments to study a progam of public works and finances.

"The main repatriation pressure probably will come twelve months after peace has been signed. We hope to effect an agreement to provide, if and when necessary, a wider system of public works throughout Australia."

Senator Miller, Minister for Repatriation, explained that 70,000 soldiers already had returned, that 30,000 were on the way, and 167,000 had not yet embarked. He estimated that 10 per cent. would settle on the land. Each settler would require about $7,500 to start with, which would involve a national expenditure of about $150,000,000.

TWO NURSES WIN CITATIONS

Served with "Gipsy Division" and Attended Wounded Under Fire.

A story of unfailing devotion to duty came to light in the citations of two nurses who were attached to the surgical team sent to the famous First American Division last April, and for some reason, as yet unexplained, were sent to the front zone and followed the "Gypsy Division" through Amiens, Cantigny, Soissons, Chateau-Thierry, St. Mihiel and the Argonne.

Following are the official recommendations for citation and decorations:

Miss Bertha Cornwall of the Army Nurse Reserve Corps on duty with Field Hospital Co. No. 12, remained on duty in the operating room on Oct. 8, 1918, when the hospital was being shelled, which shelling lasted twelve hours. Miss Cornwall refused to leave her post of duty, although the operating room was several times showered with fragments of bursting shells. By this courageous conduct she assisted at considerable risk of her own life in saving the lives of a number of wounded soldiers and by the example she set, the hospital was enabled to function steadily under shell fire.

Miss Ida M. Ferguson of the Army Nurse Reserve Corps on duty at Field Hospital No. 12, displayed great courage at Choppy, France, on Oct. 8, 1918, when the hospital was shelled for an entire day. Miss Ferguson remained constantly at her post of duty in the operating room, which was repeatedly showered with fragment of bursting shells. By this bravery, risking her own life, she aided in saving the lives of several wounded men.

BRINGS STORY OF CROMWELL TRAGEDY

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

well announcing their death, which for some reason never reached him. It was supposed to have left the Lorraine on Sunday night, and should have been relayed from Bordeaux via Paris.

According to Edward Pemberton of the 339th Field Artillery, who was stationed as a sentry in the bow of the Lorraine on Sunday night, he saw two young women walking along the deck toward him about 7 o'clock. It was so dark he could not see what they wore except what appeared to be big cloaks which blew out in the wind.

The young women were talking to each other and stopped when they reached the bow on the port side. He continued his walk to and fro a little farther aft and did not take any further notice of them. Suddenly Pemberton saw one of them place her foot on the rail and then scramble over it and jump into the water. The other followed almost immediately. Neither of them screamed or made any noise, and the splash when they struck the water was drowned by the noise of the tide rushing along the ship's sides in the shallow river.

For a moment the sentry was dazed and then he ran and called the corporal of the guard. By the time the report reached Captain Brevet it was nearly twenty minutes after the Cromwell sisters had carried ou their threat.

Could Not Attempt Rescue.

Captain Brevet said that by that time the Lorraine was five miles below Christopher, and it was then too late to take any steps to rescue the young women, and he continued his course. The Captain said he had been told by Major Sherman that the latter had detailed two Red Cross workers to watch the Cromwell sisters when they boarded the vessel at Bordeaux on Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, who was a passenger on the Lorraine, said she was ill on arriving at Bordeaux and was allowed to board the Lorraine at noon on Saturday, while the Cromwell sisters could not get on board until 3 in the afternoon.

"I did not see them myself," said Mrs. Atherton, "because I was ill, but my roommate went to their cabin with Dr. Furnell just before dinner, and said that both young women appeared to be suffering mentally. She saw them again on Sunday, and told me that Dorothea Cromwell was writing notes in her cabin and tearing them up in a nervous manner the whole time my roommate was with them. Afterward she saw the young woman doing the same thing in the reading room, and the cabin steward said that she did nothing else."

Mrs. Edward Shearson, a member of the Committee for Relief of Fatherless Children of France, who was a passenger on the Lorrafne, said, "It is my belief that all American women should come home as soon as possible. Conditions are such that they can be released and all, especially young women, should be brought back. Their work is finished. They are tired and nervous."

Several second-class passengers walking on the lower deck said they had heard the young women go overboard but only one man besides the sentry knew anything about it. He was a Y. M. C. A. worker and said that he heard a faint cry on the port side and on looking over the rail he saw the bodies of two women whirled by in the seething tideway, and that was all he knew until the report of the double suicide had been spread through the ship.

Mr. Cromwell, the brother, received a wireless message yesterday from the Lorraine before she arrived at Pier 57, North River, foot of West Sixteenth Street, that his sisters were not on board, and he sent Miss Ruth Morgan, a friend of theirs, and James G. Manchester, a lawyer, with power of attorney, to represent him and claim their effects.

CHINA'S MISSION BLAMES JAPAN

Holds That Problem Would Be Solved if Japan Ceased Her Activities.

TSING TAO CAUSES DISPUTE

Chinese Peace Delegation Reported to be a Unit on Essentials for the Conference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Commenting tonight upon a statement in Paris yesterday by Baron Makino, Japan's senior peace delegate, regarding the attitude of Japan in the Peace Conference, and toward the return of Taing-tao to China, the unofficial mission here of the Canton Chinese Government asserted that Baron Makino must know that China's problems would be quickly solved if the Japanese ceased their activities in China.

The mission also said that it was disappointing that the Baron failed to indicate the nature of the notes exchanged by Japan and China in 1915, under the terms of which it was now proposed to restore Taing-tao. The statement concluded with the declaration that the Chinese peace delegation represented a united China and that the delegates were in complete agreement regarding essentials to be submitted to the conference. Two members of the delegation, it was said, were former members of the Canton mission.

"No notes were exchanged between China and Japan in May, 1915, respecting Taing-tao," said the statement "although notes forming part of the Chinese-Japanese treaties of 1915 were so exchanged regarding the leased territory of Kiao-Chau, in which the great fortress city of Taing-tao is situated. Assuming Baron Makino's statement to refer to Kiao-Chau, it is not a little disappointing that he failed to indicate the nature of the terms of the notes exchanged between China and Japan in May, 1915."

The notes formed part of a set of treaties which Japan compelled China to sign under a threat of war contained in an ultimatum delivered on May 7, 1915. The notes contained, in Chinese opinion, an illusive undertaking on the part of Japan to restore Kiao-Chau to China, subject to the following conditions:

"1.—The opening of the whole of Kiao-Chau as a commercial port.

"2.—The establishment of a Japanese settlement in the locality to be designated by the Japanese Government.

"3.—The establishment, if desired, by the powers, of an international settlement.

"4.—Arrangements to be made, before the return of the said territory is effected, between the Japanese and Chinese Governments, with respect o the disposal of German public establishments and properties and with regard to the other conditions and procedures."

It will be noted that these conditions, besides limiting Chinese jurisdiction as a result of opening the whole of Kiao-Chau as a commercial port and the establishment of an international settlement therein, provide for the establishment of a Japanese settlement in a locality to be designated by the Japanese Government. Inasmuch as the only developed and valuable portion of Kiao-Chau is the city of Taing-tao, on which the Germans spent vast sums, it is easy to see that a sense of enlightened selfishness will dictate the selection of Taing-tao as the locality to be designated by the Japanese Government. And in this event people who remember the lofty statement of Marquis Okuma, affirming the utter unselfishness of Japan in declaring war against Germany, will watch Japan swallowing the oyster of Kiao-Chau and handing the shell to China.

PROPOSES COMMISSION FOR EMPIRE'S DEBTS

Australia's Acting Premier Also Wants Local Industries Fostered by American Capital.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 28.—W. A. Watt, the Acting Premier, addressing the conference of twenty-four Federal and State Ministers today, referred to the indebtedness the empire had incurred through the war, and proposed the formation of a British Empire War Debts Commission to take over full control of the war debts of the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, India, South Africa, and other parts of the empire.

Such a combination, Mr. Watt believed, would be powerful beyond anything hitherto attempted in the financial world, and would result in the saving of millions of dollars to the empire. He suggested that each of the Dominions and dependencies should be represented on the commission on a debt or population basis.

Mr. Watt said that the commission should be created and prepared to take over the control of the various debts by December, 1919, and that all interest should be paid by the commission after that date.

He announced that in order to better absorb her returning fighters Australia was planning to extend industry along new as well as existing lines, and would look to America and other countries for capital and encourage investments in Australia.

"All of us," said Mr. Watt, "desire to have our soldiers return as rapidly as possible, but without co-ordination between the different State Governments and the Federal Governments difficulties are likely to arise regarding the settlement of our men and their employment. The Federal Government has decided to invite all the State Governments to study a progam of public works and finances.

"The main repatriation pressure probably will come twelve months after peace has been signed. We hope to effect an agreement to provide, if and when necessary, a wider system of public works throughout Australia."

Senator Miller, Minister for Repatriation, explained that 70,000 soldiers already had returned, that 30,000 were on the way, and 167,000 had not yet embarked. He estimated that 10 per cent. would settle on the land. Each settler would require about $7,500 to start with, which would involve a national expenditure of about $150,000,000.

12 GO FREE FROM SING SING.

Sentences Commuted by Whitman Include Several Notorious Convicts.

OSSINING, Jan. 28.—Of twelve Sing Sing prisoners turned free today with their sentences commuted, Robert Moore, whose accounts showed shortage estimated at from $600,000 to $900,000 when his employers had him arrested in Manhattan, is the most notorious. The older prison attaches say that the aggregation of criminals released at today's session of the Parole Board was the largest turnout they ever remember. Of the sentences commuted by former Governor Whitman, subject to review by the Parole Board, George Hodson of Buffalo, one-time head of the Mutual Welfare League, was the only one detained. Erie County authorities, who sent Hodson to prison fourteen years ago for a twenty-year sentence on a manslaughter charge, are said to have objected to his release.

Philip Tolliver White, former business man of Brooklyn, was released. Others who walked free on parole are James F. Clinnin, implicated in payroll robberies with White in Brooklyn; William J. F. O'Neill of 1,562 St. Lawrence Avenue, Bronx, convicted in Manhattan of war charities swindles; George and Robert McVetty, brothers and notorious taxicab bandits of Manhattan; Patrick Murphy, convicted of manslaughter in Manhattan; Burtis W. Van Hennik, embezzler of White Plains; John Carulli, Sing Sing's youngest prisoner, who attacked a girl in Brooklyn a year ago, when only 16, and Isaac Epstein, sent up from Kings County for burning a store to try to collect insurance.

Rocco Galetti of Manhattan, who has served fourteen years for robbery; Thomas Murphy, sentenced for burglary in Kings, and Nathan Jolles, who committed assault in Manhattan, squared their debt with the State and were also freed.

Joseph Elihu Root Kunzman, Brooklyn lawyer, who embezzled $200,000 from widows and children while Secretary of a surety company in Manhattan, had his application passed upon by the board; but he is not slated to go free for a few days.

ADOPT FOOD RELIEF BILL.

No Debate on Conference Report in Either House of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Final legislative action was taken today by Congress on the Administration bill appropriating the $100,000,000 requested by President Wilson for European famine relief. The conferees' report was adopted by both Senate and House without debate and the measure now goes to the President for approval.

There was no debate in either House. Senator Townsend of Michigan, one of the chief opponents, announced that, in view of the overwhelming majority by which the Senate had passed the measure, he thought further opposition would be foolish.

Use of the money is authorized for the relief of people in Europe and the Near East, outside Germany, German-Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria, and Turkey, at the discretion of President Wilson, and provision is made for including Armenians, Syrians, Greek, and other Christian and Jewish populations of Asia Minor, now or formerly subject to Turkey, among those to receive the relief. One of the amendments adopted requires that wheat used for relief shall be bought as far as practicable in America.

SHOWS STEVENSON WAS ARMY EMPLOYE

Overman Answers Baker With Letter From Intelligence Officer Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28. — Senator Overman of North Carolina, Chairman of the subcommittee which has been investigating activities of German propagandists in the United States, replied in the Senate today to Secretary Baker, who said yesterday that Archibald E. Stevenson, a recent witness before the committee, had never been connected with or employed by the Military Intelligence Department.

Senator Overman's statement was as follows:

"I assume the Secretary of War, in his statement, published in the press this morning, did not intend to criticise the Senate Committee on the judiciary charged with the investigation of German propaganda. Whether he approves of the method adopted by the committee or not is a matter of no concern to the committee. But when he undertakes to repudiate and escape responsibility for a witness called by that committee at the instance of one of the branches of the War Department, his statement cannot be permitted to go unchallenged.

"The facts are these: Secretary Baker declares that 'Mr. Stevenson has never been an officer or an employe of the Military Intelligence Division of the War Department.'

"This committee never heard of Mr. Stevenson until his name was called to the attention of the committee in a communication from the office of Military Intelligence, War Department, New York City, dated Dec. 17, 1918, addressed to the Director of Military Intelligence, Washington, D. C., which communication, with a notation to rush, was delivered by the office of the Director of Military Intelligence, Washington, D. C., to this committee, and the portion thereof relating to Mr. Sevenson, reads as follows:

War Department, Office of Military Intelligence, Room No. 808, 302 Broadway, New York City.

Dec. 17, 1918.

From—Office M. I. D., 302 Broadway, New York.

To—Director of Military Intelligence, Washington, D. C.

Subject—Senate inquiry.

1.—It is respectfully suggested that the following witnesses be called to testify before the Senate Inquiry:

Archibald Ewing Stevenson of the propaganda section, who has studied German propaganda in the United States for over a year, and concentrated on the subject, and is probably more familiar with the various interlocking groups of German and radical propagandists in the United States at this time than any one else.

JOHN B. TREVOR,
Captain U. S. A.

"It is evident that the Secretary of War did not familiarize himself with the employes of his department or the work which was being done by the Bureau of Military Intelligence."

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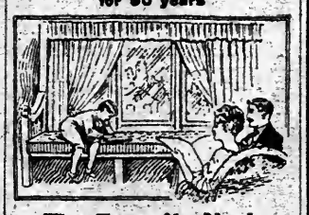

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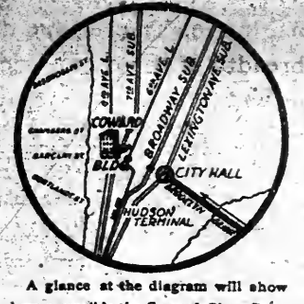

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3 Blocks from Barclay Street Ferry.
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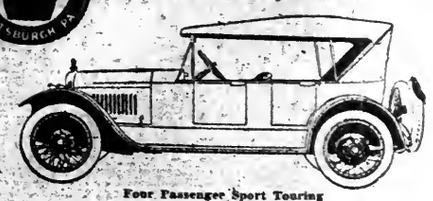

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From The Literary Digest for January 18, 1919

AND JESUS SAID

"IF ye shall ask anything of the Father in my name, He will give it you." For nineteen centuries this glorious promise has been a source of comfort and of strength to countless millions of the opprest, the sick, the suffering, the troubled, and the grievously burdened. These burning words have been a pillar of fire by night and a pillar of cloud by day to the heavily laden and the sore distrest and to those multitudes who have passed through the Valley of the Shadow of affliction or death. And now in this latter day—nay, at this very hour—millions of women and children in and near those lands, those hills and rivers made holy by the sacred memories of our Lord, are claiming this promise and are crying out to Him in an agony of spirit and body beseeching Him that He will save them from starvation, from death, and from horrors worse than death.

Four million Armenians, Syrians, and other war-sufferers in Western Asia are practically without food, clothing, or shelter, the vast majority helpless women and children. More than a million and a half have been deported. Nearly a million have been brutally murdered and massacred. Four hundred thousand children are orphaned. It can be said that there are practically no more children left under the age of five, all having perished from exposure and disease. For every hundred births there are from two to three hundred deaths. The newly born children die almost immediately, their mothers having nothing to give them but tears. Deaths from dysentery, typhus, tuberculosis, and famine are increasing from day to day with appalling rapidity. The homeless—a pitiful stream of women and children—wander aimlessly through the streets of their wrecked villages. If you stop a child toward evening and ask him where he is going he will tell you, "I am searching for a place to sleep."

All winter long they have slept in nooks and corners, in alleys and by the roadsides, with no blankets, no covering whatever, their clothing the merest rags. The women clasp their wan-faced children to their breasts and on their faces is written the pitiful story of their utter despair.

The scenes in these lands of grief and suffering are beyond the power of imagination to conceive or of words to describe. Throughout the length and breadth of these countries there is no food save bread, the dry crusts of bread that they receive at the hands of charity. No meats, no soups, no vegetables, no sugar, less than a pound of bread daily, and even this poor morsel has often to be shared with others. "A poor old woman faint with hunger said to me to-day," writes one of the devoted workers, "'*Sahib*, the bread won't go down. I soak it in water, but it sticks in my throat.'"

"Wheresoever I go," a missionary reports, "I see men or women fallen on the street dead or dying, and little emaciated children stretching out their wasted hands 'for just one *shahie* for bread,' tears running down their cheeks, and still more awful are the little ones sitting propt against a wall, listless and torpid, indifferent even to food, waiting quietly for death."

"Just now," says another worker, "I have been interrupted in my writing. A Jewess has come to tell me of a woman who staggered to her door begging late last evening. She was allowed to spend the night in a corner of the house and this morning she was dead. 'Won't you please send some one to bury her,' implored my caller."

Such pleas are frequent now. There are more dead than buried in Armenia. Men and women once in good circumstances and self-respecting, now hungry, helpless, friendless, crawl away, like animals, out of sight, die unseen, and lie unburied.

There is no joy of victory in these distraught lands; but only the cries of an agonized people to whom peace has brought neither benediction nor blessing; neither rest nor respite; lands where the war has left an awful human wreckage in its wake; a great Kingdom of Grief filled with the cries of mothers and orphans, a distrest people prostrate with desolation, numbed with suffering, having no partnership in the great joy of a liberated world.

No sons, no fathers, no brothers are returning victorious to their homes in Armenia or Syria, for their villages and their cities have been razed and ruined and lie in dust and ashes, and the men by the thousands and hundreds of thousands have been pitilessly murdered or babarously deported.

Deported? Yes, but what a euphemism for the most heartless and relentless cruelty. Deportation means the loss of home, business property, and every personal possession. It means being driven into desert places, forced to march at the point of the bayonet until strength is exhausted; it means being refused shelter, food, drink; it means being subjected to outrage and calculated cruelty.

Many such scenes of terrible and tragic suffering are in the very lands where Jesus walked with his disciples; where He had compassion on the needy multitudes, and fed them and healed them and comforted them. Many of these awful sights are even in the very shadow of the Mount of Olives, where Christ said: "Suffer the little children and forbid them not to come unto me: for of such is the kingdom of heaven." Millions of *"the least of these my brethren"* are hungry and naked and sick and in terrible prisons without walls. In them and through them the King of Pity and of Love is calling *to you* to minister to them just as you would do if you saw Him lying at your feet.

You, to whom the Christmas just past has meant a time of reunion, a time of feasting and happiness; you, whose homes are warm and whose children are well fed, think now of these your brothers and sisters who are perishing. The cries of these children *must* reach your ears. The prayers of these mothers *must* touch your hearts. These homeless and starving millions are dependent on charity—your charity—for Turkish charity provides for no one—it begins and ends at home.

It is America's God-given privilege to feed the hungry from her great bounty and from her unlimited stores. It is her blessed duty to lift the head of fallen Armenia and put the cup of cold water to her lips and the morsel of bread in her hands, and so prove herself indeed the protector and liberator of the opprest and subject races.

We have presented the needs of the Armenians twice before to our LITERARY DIGEST readers, and they have responded largely, liberally, most generously. But now the period of rehabilitation in the Near East is at hand. Vastly larger sums will be required to restore the refugees to their homes than were required merely to sustain life in their desert exile. The American Committee for Relief in the Near East, under the able leadership of Cleveland H. Dodge, is appealing for a minimum of thirty million dollars "with which," say the committee, "we can, humanly speaking, save every life."

We feel this cause to be so worthy, this need to be so desperately urgent, that even tho we made a liberal contribution less than a year ago, we are now subscribing five thousand dollars to this new drive. We are doing this after having convinced ourselves by a careful investigation extending over a number of days that these funds will be wisely administered, that this work is in most capable hands, and that every dollar given will go for relief without the deduction of one cent for organization expenses. Send your own contribution quickly, and so bring new life and a new hope to some weary, broken body in the Near East.

Now is our opportunity to show these lands made luminous by the footprints of Christ and the Apostles what our Christianity of the West means to-day. Now is the time when these places of sacred history should receive a new sanctification by the service of God's children in the twentieth century. With a Christlike healing of the sick and feeding the hungry, we will make a royal highway for our Lord into the grateful hearts of these people, along which the King of Glory may come with his message of love and light.

Send your check at once to Cleveland H. Dodge, Treasurer, Room 190, No. 1 Madison Avenue, New York City

The above appeal is printed in this newspaper with the confident hope that the sympathetic hearts of its more than one million readers will respond with thousands of checks made payable to Mr. Dodge.

SENATE TO TAKE UP PROHIBITION TODAY

Ratification Resolution Is Advanced to Order of Final Adoption Despite the "Wets."

EXPECT A BITTER DEBATE

Prohibitionists, Assured of Victory, Turn Attention to the Enforcement of the Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—All hope that the anti-prohibitionists would be able to delay beyond tomorrow action by the Senate upon the ratification of the Federal amendment vanished today when the Thompson-McNab resolution, providing for ratification, was advanced from the general orders calendar to the order of final adoption. The "wets" did everything in their power to delay a final vote, but announced when they were beaten that they were ready for immediate consideration.

By tomorrow night New York should be lined up with the States which already have voted to nationally ban liquor, though the debate in the upper house threatens to be more bitter than that which marked adoption of the ratification resolution in the Assembly last week.

With the adoption of the "bone dry" amendment assured, the prohibition forces have turned their attention to the question of bringing about its strict enforcement. The "drys" do not believe that Senator Walker of New York, who introduced a search and seizure bill last night, is sincere, and they announced that they would support the bill to show that they mean business.

The matter was discussed tonight at a conference at which Herbert W. Sisson, State Excise Commissioner; William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, and Robert C. Davey, its counsel, took part. It was decided to prepare a bill for introduction in the Legislature next week to provide means for the enforcement of the new law.

The bill will provide for the reorganization of the State Excise Department, so that it can be used for the enforcement of the law. The "drys" believe that more effective results can be obtained by using the machinery of the present depapritment than by establishing a new one. Mr. Anderson declared that the proposed enforcement law would be as sweeping and effective as it could be made.

Test votes today taken when the Democrats permitted the ratification resolution to be advanced to the order of final passage, indicate that the Prohibitionists will be just able to consummate their victory in the Senate. Advancement of the resolution was affected by a vote of 28 to 22. Senator Sage of Albany, Republican, opposed to ratification, voted with the Democratic minority.

Minority Leader Foley sought to have the final decision postponed by moving that the resolution be made a special order for a week from next Monday. In accordance with the demand of James P. Holland, President of the State Federation of Labor, who asked for adjournment "in the name and behalf of ten hundred thousand of organized labor men and women."

Senator Foley declared that the State owes labor every courtesy and privilege, and attributed the success of the American fighting forces to the work of labor in the factories and mills of the country. Senators Boylan and Walker of New York backed him up in this and urged that labor's request for postponement be granted. The State and nation, he declared, owed a great debt to labor, and added:

"If you do not consider labor's demands you will see the time when labor will seize the reins of government."

In opposing Senator Foley's motion, Majority Leader Walters declared that anti-prohibitionists had received full opportunity of being heard against the measure and that there had been no undue haste.

"I am insistent," he said, "that it have its regular course and go through its regular order. I cannot consent to a further postponement."

Senator Walters then announced that the minority would be unhampered by any special rules as to the time, but that every member would be allowed an opportunity to have his full say when the resolution would come up for debate tomorrow.

The Foley motion to postpone was defeated by a vote of 28 to 21. The vote was along strictly party lines, with the exception that Senator Abeles, Democrat, of the Bronx, voted with the Republicans. Senators Sage and Lockwood, anti-ratification Republicans, expressed the opinion that nothing could be gained by the postponement, as the majority had the votes and they voted with their party colleagues. Senator Thompson, sponsor for the resolution in the upper house, moved the bill, and it was advanced by the 28 to 22 vote.

Governor Smith said he would not interfere in the fight between the two factions in the Legislature.

"I made my position clear in my annual message by declaring in favor of a referendum," said the Governor, "and I shall hold my peace until the Senate has acted, if the amendment is ratified. I shall then have something to say."

LIFTS BAN ON NEAR BEER.

President's Proclamation Signed, but Awaits Official Seal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The Food Administration announced today that President Wilson signed a proclamation in Paris on Jan. 23 removing restrictions on the manufacture of so-called near beers. It was stated, however, that the proclamation could not become effective until the seal of the United States was attached thereto by the State Department, and the administration warned the public that no one could "safely act on this information until the proclamation has become effective."

No reference was made to the restrictions on the manufacture of beer or other intoxicating brewed beverages.

Under presidential proclamation the brewing of beer, near beer, and other malt beverages was stopped on Dec. 1, as a wartime conservation measure.

LIQUOR MEN MEET.

National Distillers' Committee Here for Conferences.

The first meeting of the Executive Committee of the Distillers' Association of America was held at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel yesterday. The committee was appointed at a meeting of the association held in Chicago on Jan. 14, and includes Samuel Wollner of Peoria, Ill., Chairman; Henry W. Naylon of Rochester, N. Y., Vice Chairman; George F. Disterle of Cincinnati, Secretary Treasurer; George Dempsey of Boston, Marion Taylor of Louisville, George T. Bens of St. Paul, and Julius Kessler of New York.

The committee came to New York to confer with the Executive Committee of the Association opposed to National Prohibition, which is made up largely of hotel men and real estate men, regarding prohibition. After yesterday's meeting Mr. Wollner said that when a definite plan of action had been decided on it would be announced.

Bill to Abolish Port Wardens.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—Following out the recommendation made by Governor Smith in his message to the Legislature, Assemblyman Miller of New York introduced in the Assembly today a bill abolishing the office of Port Wardens. There are nine Port Wardens, each of whom receives a salary of $1,500 a year and $300 in fees, as well as a Secretary and Treasurer at $2,000 each.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Your Manufacturing, Market and Shipping Problems Answered in Baltimore

The Largest Coca-Cola Building in America.

January 1st, 1919, marked a new epoch in the city foremost in natural advantages and present opportunity in the United States. On that day, Baltimore's area was increased to ninety-five square miles, giving it a population of 750,000.

All raw materials—products in process of manufacture—manufactured goods—tools—plants and equipment are exempt from taxation.

The gateway to the South and 150 miles nearer Chicago and the Middle West than any other seaboard city, Baltimore is closer to the supply of domestic raw materials and markets than any other city on the Atlantic Coast.

By reason of this, the Interstate Commerce Commission has decreed a freight differential in favor of Baltimore over Philadelphia, New York and Boston to and from the West of from $10 to $30 per car—depending on the freight classification.

Baltimore is 1,369 miles nearer to the Panama Canal than San Francisco. It is nearest to Cuba, and the East Coast ports of South America of all the large Atlantic ports of the United States.

Baltimore's proximity to South America — its nearness to the Panama Canal—and its attractive freight differentials make it the pre-eminently desirable Atlantic Seaboard Port.

Baltimore is one of the seven cities of the world possessing a 35-foot channel at mean low water from ocean to piers—the channel is 600 feet wide — its tide variation is limited to 18 inches. Baltimore's harbor is land-locked and safe from storms or tidal waves.

Only once in the past ten years has ice interfered with navigation—normal climatic conditions permit the use of its water facilities three hundred and sixty-five days in a year.

Baltimore is free from port charges of every description.

Baltimore's harbor is skirted by three great trunk lines—the Baltimore & Ohio—the Western Maryland—and the Pennsylvania—linked by two belt lines—one municipally owned—affording connection with deep water transportation facilities and other great trunk lines extending north, south and west.

Coal is delivered at Sparrows Point, Baltimore, at 20c per gross ton less than at Bethlehem, Pa., or other cities similarly situated. Baltimore's coaling facilities are second to none.

Gas for fuel is the cheapest on the Atlantic Coast because piped in large part from the Coke Ovens of Schwab's great Penn-Mary Steel Plant.

Electricity—generated at the great Hydro Plant on the Susquehanna River—offers the most flexible and cheapest power on the Atlantic Coast.

Baltimore's magnificent system of Municipal Docks abutting deep water and rail facilities afford a union between water and rail that spells economy and rapidity of freight movement.

If you have a manufacturing—a market—or a shipping problem—you can solve it in BALTIMORE.

Locate your plant in BALTIMORE — build your warehouse in BALTIMORE—establish a branch in BALTIMORE.

The Municipality of Baltimore will welcome you—its financial interests will welcome you— its industries will welcome you.

Say the word and I will send an expert to your plant to consult about your specific requirements and how Baltimore's advantages will meet your needs.

In the meantime, write for your copy of that most interesting book, "Baltimore's Advantages"—a line will bring it.

James H. Preston, *Mayor*
Address Department 22, City Hall, Baltimore

Col. Albert M. Miller, U. S. A.

in command as Zone Supply and Port Storage Officer at Baltimore, says:

"There are two reasons why the port of Baltimore has been utilized by the Government.

"First, the promptness and low cost of railroad delivery of supplies from the host of manufacturers throughout the middle west.

"Second, by using privately owned terminal facilities and piers, it has been possible for the Government to receive, store and forward very large quantities of supplies at comparatively low cost in time and labor.

"There is a decided advantage here over that of the northern ports in both freight differentials and in the ease and speed with which supplies can be received and floated.

"The port of New York cannot begin to handle all the floatings that must go forward from the shores of this country in feeding and rehabilitating the nations across the seas, and in carrying on the large industrial trade which must be developed in South America—so it will be necessary to find another large port through which this business can flow—and there is no other port that has the railroad and natural harbor facilities combined as possessed by the city of Baltimore."

What Asa G. Candler

President The Coca-Cola Company says of Baltimore

"For more than a year the Coca-Cola Company was trying to determine in which of the great eastern cities to establish headquarters for its eastern department.

"Investigation convinced us that Baltimore was not only the commercial metropolis for southern trade, but that it afforded shipping opportunities both by water and rail for domestic and foreign traffic superior to any of the great cities in any section of the United States.

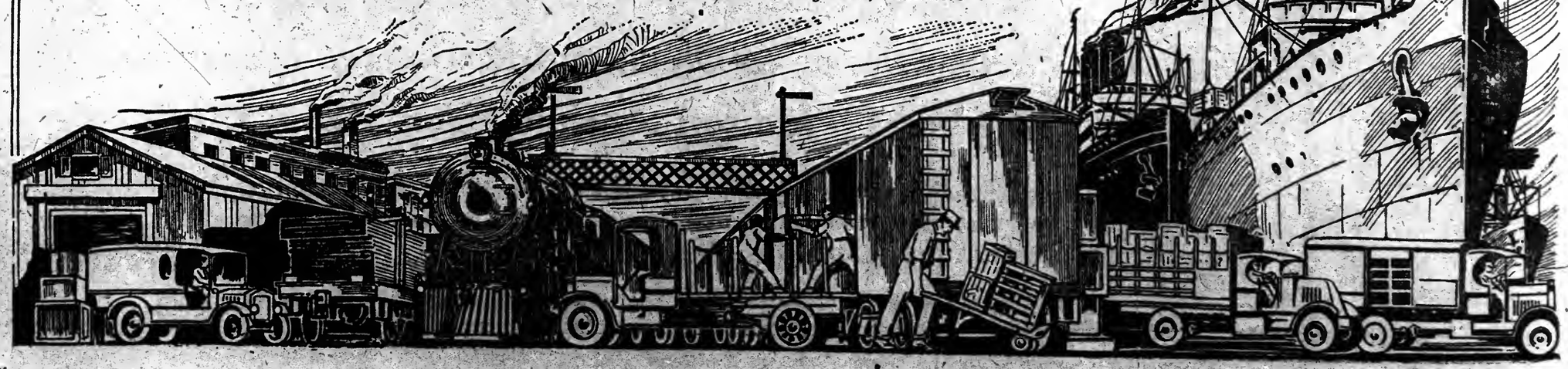
"We confidently believe that in our business operations we have not made a wiser investment nor a more judicious selection for the location of any of our plants than in this Baltimore building."

In a very recent letter Mr. Candler further says:

"The experience of the Coca-Cola Company in Baltimore has been absolutely satisfactory. During the two years that the war has continued we have found that shipping could be more easily and expeditiously done from Baltimore than from New York City, or the other large eastern places in which we have distributing depots.

"We congratulate ourselves that before the war we had so largely increased the capacity of our Baltimore building that the Government itself determined and did take and use a large portion of the space in the building for the same reasons that induced us to construct it.

"We expect always to believe as we did at the beginning, and as we do now, that the location of the property in Baltimore could not have been more wisely done."



1,063 MORE ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED

Reported Total Now Up to 222,858; 102 Dead and 15 Missing in Latest Lists

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The War Department gave out four army casualty lists today, which contained 1,063 names, bringing the total for the army up to 217,112. No Marine Corps casualty lists were issued, but the total previously reported for that arm of the service was 5,746. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 222,858.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 85 killed in action, 24 died of wounds, 2 died of accident, 41 died of disease, 209 severely wounded, 435 wounded to a degree undetermined, 302 slightly wounded, and 15 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 28.	Total.
Killed in action	30,885	85	30,429
Lost at sea	732		732
Died of wounds	12,816	24	12,840
Died of accident	2,600	2	2,602
Died of disease	18,534	41	18,575
Total	65,067	102	65,169
Wounded	138,216	905	139,163
Missing	12,766	15	12,781
Total	216,049	1,063	217,112

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Musn. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ABAS, A. L., 239 East 109th St.....(WS)
ABANASIO, G., 308 East 113th St..(WU)
ABTLE, J., 832 West 130th St.—Mch.(WU)
ACK, J. J., 5,362 Kingsbridge Road..(WU)
ADELMAN, M., 54 Cook St., B'lyn..(WU)
ADTZ, W., 16 Tompkins Place, B'lyn.(WS)
AESSLIVEN, J., 214 North 6th St., Brooklyn.....(WU)
AGGGERO, C., 318 East 44th St.....(WS)
AHLING, E. A., 109 42d St., Corona—Sgt.....(WL)
AUNAM, V. S., 221 West 20th St—Corp.....(WL)
AFFANTILLE, G., 341 East 30th St..(WL)
AIKO, A., 448 Lincoln Road, B'lyn..(WS)
AOBSON, E. W., 632 East 17th St....(WS)
APSTEIN, J., 889 East 156th St..(KA)
ALL, W., 882 Union St., Brooklyn..(WU)
ALET, T. J., 159 Hudson St., B'lyn.(WU)
ABEL, W., 275 East 168th St.....(WU)
GOROWSKY, H., 184 East 112th St..(WS)
GREENBERG, H., 1,729 Fulton Av..(WU)
GRENNE, H. H., 206 Howard Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)
HAMMER, S., 734 East 5th St.....(WS)
HEALY, D., 448 59th St., Brooklyn..(WU)
HEALY, O. A., 446 69th St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)
HELLER, G. D., 1,017 Seneca Av., Brooklyn.....(WS)
HAACSON, BENJ., 367 Vernon Av., Brooklyn.....(WL)
HARLANSKY, MICHAEL, 95 S. 1st St., Brooklyn.....(WU)
HACKSON, T. F., 176 W. 137th St.—Corp.....(WL)
HACOBSON, DAVID, 33 Montgomery St.(WS)
HONES, ALFRED, 48 N. Oxford St., Brooklyn.....(WU)
KELLY, C. F., 58 W. 103d St.....(WU)
KENNEDY, E. A., 2,148 Newbold Av..(WS)
LA PUMA, C., 729 Halsey St., Bklyn.(WU)
LA PORTA, THOS., 257 E. 102d St...(WU)
LALOR, R. V., 242 E. 71st St.....(WU)
LEBRECHT, JACOB, 501 Avenue O.....(WS)
LIPSCHITZ, ISRAEL, 587 Dumont Av., Brooklyn.....(WU)
LOCKWOOD, ANDREW, 205 St. Nicholas Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WU)
MCCABE, J. A., 1,267 1st Av.....(WL)
MCCARRON, J. F., 819 Crescent St., Astoria.....(WL)
MAGLIATA, FRANK, 143 Crescent St., Long Island City.....(WU)
MACKENZIE, G. R., Belnord Apt., 86th St. and Broadway—Corp.....(WU)
MAGRIE, A. T., 966-71 St., Brooklyn..(WU)
MAHONEY, W. J., 1,740 Park Av.....(WU)
MARTIN, W. J., 530 Hamburg Av., Brooklyn.....(DD)
OLANOFF, I. S., 345 Stone Av., Bkln..(WU)
PHAR, J. T., 487 St. Johns Pl., Bklyn.(WL)
PRICHARD, W. C., 660 Lexington Av.(WU)
RICE, T. J., 4-12 Broadway.....(WU)
ROSE, JOHN, 229 Harrison Av.....(WU)
RUBINSTEIN, ABRAHAM, 70 First St.(WU)
RUDINSKY, CHESTER, 116 Prospect Av., Brooklyn.....(WU)
SCHIMMEL, PITCH, 1,675 75th St., Bklyn.(WU)
SHEA, JOHN M., 87 E. 106th St.....(WL)
SWEET, MAX, 106 Junius St., Bklyn.(WU)
WACHTEL, LOUIS, 1,392 Brook Av.....(WU)
WAELLISI, JOHN A., 2,515 Woodbine St., Brooklyn.....(WU)
WEBER, GROVER C., 1,733 Bleecker St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WS)
WEINHORST, CHARLES, 339 E. 95th St.(WL)
WILKSMAN, JOSEPH, 3,378 Fulton St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

BECKER, C. C., Hamburg—Sgt.....(WU)
BECKER, WALLACE, Poughkeepsie..(WU)
BLANK, JOHN J., Union Course.....(WL)
BOSCHLIE, SAVAIR, Standish—Mch..(WU)
BRENNAN, WALLACE W., Brockport.(WU)
BUCCARELLI, JOHN, Watertown.....(WS)
CAFFERY, JOSEPH V., Buffalo.....(WU)
CALLAHAN, WILLIAM J., Elmira.....(WU)
DALRYMPLE, MRT C., Hawkinsville, Oneida County—Corp.....(WL)
DENZO, FRANCO—Waterloo.....(WL)
DOAN, ARTHUR T., Glens Falls.....(WS)
EARLE, SEBASTIAN, Hilburne.....(WU)
EASTMEN, ELMER C., Hornell.....(WU)
EDWARDS, R. P., Sag Harbor.....(WU)
ELLIOTT, C. W., Tonawanda.....(WU)
ENRIGHT, CESARE, Schenectady.....(WU)
FRANCIS, FAY C., Fredonia.....(WS)
GARRA, JOSEPH, Utica.....(WS)
GLEIN, GEORGE M., Oswego.....(WL)
GLEN, GEORGE S., Fort Wood—Lt.....(WL)
GREENE, C. F., Adams Center.....(WL)
HOLTZ, CHARLES J., Maspeth.....(WL)
INNAN, JOSEPH, St. Albion—Corp.....(WU)
JABLONSKI, JOSEPH, Buffalo.....(WU)
JACKSON, RICE, Clinton Corners.....(WU)
JILLSON, HOWARD D., Buffalo.....(WL)
JONES, JAMES, Corning.....(WS)
KEIL, H. A., Larchmont.....(WS)
KELLY, PAUL A., Auburn.....(WU)
KIESER, R. F., Rochester—Lt.....(WU)
KIESER, CHARLES W., Depew.....(WU)
KLIMPS, HARRY, Valatie.....(DD)
LAMBERT, JOSEPH, Mount Vernon...(WS)
LOFAVO, W. H., Buffalo—Sgt.....(WU)
LOCKWOOD, F., Fort Jervis.....(WL)
MCCAFFERY, K. D., Warsaw.....(WU)
MCANN, JOHN J., Poughkeepsie.....(WU)
MAINES, J. L., Oneida—Wagn.....(WL)
MACLA, J. F., Johnstown.....(WU)
MACY, DAVID, Ossining.....(WS)
MAHONEY, E. J., Rochester—Wagn...(WS)
MCGTRA, JAMES, Camden.....(MA)
OLSEN, G. A., Elmira.....(MA)
PAGE, D. B., Owego—Lt.....(DD)
PALMISANO, Leo M., Rochester.....(WL)
PANTANO, MICHAEL, Spotsburg.....(WU)
PHELAN, E. J., Saratoga Springs.....(WU)
PROVINO, ANTONIO, Mount Vernon...(WL)
RUSSO, CONCETTO, Johnstown.....(WS)
SCHMIDT, H., Glendale.....(DD)
SCHNEEBERGER, P., Buffalo.....(WL)
SCHRADER, A. J., Buffalo.....(WU)
SHELDON, K. E., Auburn.....(WU)
SHELLEY, WARD C., Malden.....(WL)
SHERMAN, E. R., Albany.....(WU)
SHERLOCK, D. C., New Salem.....(WS)
SOMS, AUGUST, West Albany.....(DD)
STODDARD, A., Tompkinsville.....(WU)
SZABLINSKY, A., Hazaman.....(WS)
TABERSKI, ADAM, Amsterdam.....(WU)
THEANIER, DAMAN, Tupper Lake...(WU)
WEBSTER, R. E., Granston—Corp.....(WL)
WOJARCZAK, FRANK, Buffalo.....(WS)

ARKANSAS.

GILMORE, OLLIE C., Clarksville.....(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

DODD, HAROLD V., Alameda.....(WA)
REYNOLDS, FRANK S., Bakersfield..(DW)
RICHTER, ALBERT, Santa Monica...(DW)

CONNECTICUT.

ANDERSON, A. N., South Manchester.(WU)
BECKER, H. W., Middletown—Corp..(WU)
BUSH, HARRY, Norwalk.....(WU)
EGGLESTON, HAROLD T., Danielson...(WS)
EDGCUTT, CLYDE G., Guilford.....(WU)
BLAZUK, JOSEPH, New Britain.....(WL)
BRUNNEMANN, FREDK., Hartford..(WU)
CALLERY, WM. J., Hartford—Corp..(WL)
DAVIS, HOWARD G., Newington.....(WS)
DELAC, JOSEPH A., Bristol.....(WU)
ELLIOTT, HARRY T., Bridgeport.....(WL)
HODES, MEYER, New Haven.....(KA)
LOCKSHIRE, ERNEST J., Bridgeport.(WU)
MAISEL, RAYMOND C., Hartford..(WU)
PARKER, C. F., Hartford—Mus.....(WL)
PHILLIPS, A. H., New Haven—Corp..(WS)

Gilchrist Co.

Require the Services of

A Buyer for Their Bargain Basement

Must be thoroughly familiar with the markets, and have experience in buying

Millinery and Waists

Apply to

Gilchrist Co.,
Boston, Mass.

STUBLICK, TONY, New London.....(MA)
TREAT, MINER S., Stratford—Corp...(WL)
TRINGALI, FRANK, Middletown.....(WL)
WENDT, AUGUST, Seymour.....(KA)
ZARACOVITIS, C., New Haven—Corp...(KA)

GEORGIA.

STELLE, ROBBIE, Savannah.....(DD)

ILLINOIS.

BETSON, IRA G., Colchester.....(DW)
ESTES, CHARLES D., Decatur.....(DD)
ORMES, CHARLES H., Flora.....(KA)
JOHNSTON, ABRAHAM, Streator.....(DW)

INDIANA.

SZCZEPANSKI, JOHN, South Bend....(KA)

IOWA.

BROWN, EDWARD R., Ireton.....(DW)
KEARNS, THOMAS M., Fort Dodge...(DD)
MILLER, WM. M., Malvern—Corp.....(KA)
STILLMAN, WALTER MARTIN, Council Bluffs—Lt .....(DD)

KANSAS.

GRAHAM, R. L., Pittsburgh—Sgt.....(DW)
SUPERNANT, CARL, Clifton.....(KA)
WALLS, EARL D., Iola.....(DD)

KENTUCKY.

NALLY, JOSEPH L., Gethsemane.....(DD)

LOUISIANA.

VIDRINE, GEORGE, Ville Platte.....(DW)

MARYLAND.

GILLEN, J. J., Baltimore—Corp.....(DD)
MATHIA, ROBERT E., Baltimore.....(KA)
PASKOWSKI, EDW. J., Baltimore.....(DW)
STANTON, WM. C., Grantsville—Corp..(KA)
ZWOSTER, GEO. E., Highlandtown.....(DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

GOODREAU, E. T., Palmer—Wagn.....(DD)
WINN, R. F., Turners Falls—Corp....(DA)

MICHIGAN.

LYCZKOWSKI, A., East Detroit.....(DD)
STOVER, E. L., Berrien Springs.....(KA)
WHITNEY, DALE D., Grant.....(DW)
WRIGHT, ROY S., Kalamazoo.....(KA)

MINNESOTA.

ANDERSON, OLGAR, Butterfield.....(DW)

MISSISSIPPI.

COX, SAM, Nitta Yuma.....(DD)
HOLLOWAY, JOHN H., Rolling Fork...(DD)
ROBINSON, HENRY H., Gholson.....(DD)

MISSOURI.

BROWN, BASIL W., Pineville.....(DD)
KEIFFER, GEORGE O., St. Louis.....(DW)
SIEDENTOP, L. F. W., Weldon Spring.(KA)

MONTANA.

ROBB, JOHN Q., White Pine.....(KA)
SPEELMON, RAY B., Ekalaka.....(KA)

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

JACQUES, ALFRED, Colebrook.....(DD)

NEW JERSEY.

AARONS, EDGAR, East Orange.....(WL)
BLASZCZAK, STEFAN, Bayonne.....(WL)
BLOOMER, E. N., Orange—Corp.....(WL)
BRIGANDI, J. S., Lodi—Mch.....(WL)
BYRNE, PETER, Newark.....(WU)
CADAIANI, ANGELO, Clifton.....(WU)
DEBELLIS, ANGELO, Newark.....(WS)
DIERCKS, Gs F., Jersey City.....(WL)
DOCCHIO, LUIGI, West New York...(KA)
DREAS, H. A., Camden.....(WU)
HAMANAK, ARY, Paterson.....(WL)
HEATON, EDW. D., W. Hoboken—Sgt..(WU)
HECTOR, H. J., Jr., E. Orange—Corp.(WL)
HERBERT, W. H., Avon.....(WU)
HILTON, L. F., Irvington—Corp.....(WL)
KELLENGER, F. F., Newark.....(WU)
KELLOGG, G. W., Camden.....(WU)
KOLBURE, ANDREW, Jamesburg.....(WU)
LEGGIO, ANTONIO, Fort Murray.....(WU)
MCCANN, JOHN J., Harrison.....(WU)
MCARROLL, J. F., Glen Cove—Sgt...(WL)
MOSZELVISKI, PETER, Trenton.....(WS)
MOSCARDELLO, R., Lockport—Sgt.....(KA)
MULLER, CHARLES, Newark—Mch.....(WS)
NEESKA, THEODORE, Jersey City.....(WS)
PALMER, MICHAEL, Trenton.....(WU)
POPP, GEORGE, Sayreville.....(WS)
PRINIPATO, O., New Brunswick.....(WU)
RICCARDO, CESARA, Summit—Cook...(WU)
SCHIAFO, EMILIO, Newark.....(WU)
SHEEHAN, DANIEL P., Dermon.....(MA)
SHEPHERD, D. W., Port Republic—Corp.....(WL)
TRELLA, LAWRENCE, Athenia.....(WU)
WAGNER, CHARLES, Thorofare.....(WU)
WEEKS, ARTHUR C., Passaic.....(WS)

NORTH CAROLINA.

ALSTON, MACEO T., Greensboro.....(DD)
SHIVLER, W. A., Bryson City—Sgt...(KA)
TURNER, A. L., La Grange—Corp.....(DW)
WOODWARD, CROWELL, Selma.....(DD)

NORTH DAKOTA.

LORENZ, P. J., Jamestown.....(KA)

OHIO.

DESGRANGES, C. C., New Bavaria...(DD)
HUXELL, W. J., Rosemyne.....(DD)
McCLEARY, F. J., Toledo—Corp.....(DW)
MORTON, J. J., Cleveland.....(KA)
REIFIN, ABE, Cincinnati.....(KA)
SPAFFORD, F. W., Cleveland.....(KA)
TISCHLER, L. J., Cleveland—Sgt.....(DD)

OKLAHOMA.

HULL, E. L., Cordell.....(KA)
MARTIN, C. W., Antlers.....(DD)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BECK, A. C., Pittsburgh.....(DW)
BIEGDA, F. M., Nanticoke.....(DD)
BRUNSON, F., Pittsburgh.....(DD)
CAVAN, G. L., Wilkes-Barre.....(DD)
FUTCHER, A. J., Philadelphia.....(DD)
GARDNER, B. J., Pittsburgh.....(DW)
KELL, JOHN A., West Newton.....(KA)
MORONEY, CLARENCE H., Altoona...(DD)
PERLUISKI, S., Schuylkill Haven...(KA)
PRESTON, EDWARD, Pittsburgh.....(KA)
RICHARDS, JOHN T., Haselton.....(DD)
RITTENOUR, NORMAN P., Normanville.(DW)
SMAKTO, M. J., Alton—Cook.....(DD)
SNYDER, FRED A., Allentown.....(KA)
WINSLOW, J. M., Reynoldsville.....(DW)

RHODE ISLAND.

GRAHAM, ROBERT A., Cranston.....(DA)
SMITH, MERRELL C., Providence.....(KA)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

RICHARDSON, W. D., Barnwell.....(DD)

TENNESSEE.

HUNTER, CLEVELAND, Tinton.....(DD)

TEXAS.

BEEBLER, A. W., San Antonio.....(DW)
GROVES, L. M., Carbon.....(DD)
MURRAY, HILLARD, Brenham.....(KA)
NAWLIN, W. D., Mount Vernon—Mch.(KA)
ROBERTSON, E., San Antonio—Corp..(KA)
TUCKER, J. M., Palo Pinto—Corp....(DD)
WILLIAMS, C. M., Gause.....(KA)

UTAH.

ROBISON, L. S., Pleasant Grove.....(DW)

VIRGINIA.

MELONI, JOHN, Hopewell.....(DW)
RAINES, W. T., Falmouth.....(DD)
ROBINSON, G., Williamsburg.....(DW)
TAYLOR, J. H., Milford.....(DD)

WASHINGTON.

CRANE, HARLEN, Seattle.....(KA)
DUNBAR, W. C., Grandview—Sgt.....(DD)

WEST VIRGINIA.

MILLER, F. C., Fairmount—Corp.....(KA)

WISCONSIN.

BENNETT, E. C., Kanassville.....(DW)
SMITH, HAROLD, Oshkosh.....(DW)

Revised List of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rep'td.	Prev. Rep'td.
BROWN, J., 2,773 Creston Av.—Corp.	(DD)	(DW)
DORBANO, ANGELO L., 183 Bleecker St.	(WU)	(MA)
DRISCOLL, RICHARD, A., 85 Butler St., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
DUBINSKY, PHILIP, 386 Madison St.—Corp.	(KA)	(MA)
GREENBERG, ABE, 67 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
HIRSCH, NATHAN, 1,038 Hoe Av., Bronx County	(RD)	(MA)
KELEHER, T. A., 519 West 163d St.—Corp.	(WU)	(MA)
KORNAHRENS, FRED W., 778 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
KRINSKY, LOUIS, 214 Livonia Av., Brooklyn	(KA)	(MA)
LA VIGNE, H., 300 W. 17th St...	(MA)	(WS)
LOCKHART, H., 113 E. 75th St..	(WU)	(MA)
MILKOVITCH, T., 215 W. 80th St.	(RD)	(MA)
NOCE, GIOVANNI A., 81 Frost St., Brooklyn	(RD)	(DD)
PHILLIPS, ARTHUR S., 514 Bardridge St., Brooklyn	(WL)	(MA)
QUIRK, GEORGE G., 187 Lexington Av.	(WS)	(MA)
SHELLEY, FRANCIS, 649 St. Anna St.	(WU)	(MA)
SOLUSKI, N., 132 23d St., Bklyn.	(MA)	(WS)
TUTAIO, JOSEPH A., 278 40th St., Brooklyn	(WU)	(MA)
WATT, STERLING, 1,191 Flat. bush Av., Brooklyn.	(WU)	(MA)
WILSON, A. A., 340 E. 18th St.	(WL)	(MA)
ZAFARANO, FRANK, 106 Moore St., Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

	Now Rep'td.	Prev. Rep'td.
ANTINOLFI, O'NEIL, Amsterdam	(RD)	(MA)
BECK, O. J., Lyndonhurst	(WU)	(MA)
CASEY, J. J., Troy—Corp.	(KA)	(W)
CORNELL, W. A., Ocean Side...	(MA)	(WS)
GUERICK, Y., Huntington L. I.	(WU)	(MA)
DUMAR, D., Au Sable Forks.	(WL)	(MA)
FERNAAYS, E. H., Penfield.	(WU)	(MA)
MERKERGER, P., Albany—Sgt.	(RD)	(MA)
HOLLAND, D., Tonawanda.	(RD)	(MA)
JACQUES, H. O., Rome.	(Sick)	(MA)
MADDEN, T. H., Kingston.	(WU)	(MA)
MORTON, CHAS., Corning.	(RD)	(MA)
NIEMEYER, W. H., Rochester—Sgt.	(RD)	(MA)
OLO, Z., Niagara Falls.	(WU)	(MA)
PERI, SAMUEL, Niagara Falls.	(WL)	(MA)
PETTIS, J. N., Palmbridge.	(WS)	(MA)
REAM, G. T., Falconer.	(WU)	(MA)
SHEPPARD, E. J., Cohoes—Mch.	(WU)	(MA)
STEWART, S., Rochester.	(WL)	(MA)
WATCHASKIE, W., Buffalo.	(KA)	(MA)

OTHER STATES.

	New Prov. Rep'td.	Prev. Rep'td.
AGOSTINO, LEONE, Sinagra, Provincia Messina, Italy.	(KA)	(MA)
ARRASMITH, A., Sherburne, Ky.	(KA)	(MA)
BALLAS, ELI, Milwaukee, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
BECKER, E. A., Hoboken, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
BEECHER, F. E., Youngstown, O.	(WU)	(MA)
BLADES, G. C., Somerset, Penn.	(D)	(MA)
BUDROVITZ, JOHN, Edwardsville, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
BURCH, V. H., Perry, Ark.	(KA)	(MA)
CASE, F. T., Grand Rapids, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
CAVANAUGH, W. H., Cannonsburg, Mich.	(WU)	(DW)
COWANS, B., Hartsville, Tenn.	(DW)	(MA)
CRISP, JESS, Neodesha, Kan.	(KA)	(MA)
DAVENPORT, D. L., Scranton, Pa.	(D)	(MA)
DEGENARO, T., Hoboken, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
DUANE, J., Jersey City, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
DUGGAN, H. J., Chicago, Ill.	(WU)	(DW)
DUNSON, HENRY, Canoe, Ala.	(KA)	(MA)
DURKIN, M., Hartford, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
EARLE, A. H., Boston, Mass.	(Erroneously)	(DW)
ENO, NOAH L., Superior, Wis.	(KA)	(MA)
EUSTACE, P., San Francisco, Cal.—Mch.	(KA)	(MA)
FISHER, H. C., Berlin, Penn.	(D)	(MA)
FLENTJE, C. C., Round Lake, Minn.	(KA)	(MA)
FORD, D. I., Nashville, Ind.	(KA)	(MA)
FREDERICKSON, G. L., Wardsaw, Ind.	(K)	(WS)
FROST, H. H., New Britain, Conn.	(RD)	(MA)
GAILLARD, H., Palmer, S. C.	(Erroneously)	(DW)
GRANTHAM, W. Ocilla, Ga.	(KA)	(MA)
HANNERS, C., Brighton, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
HERLING, G., Burke, Wis.	(Erroneously)	(DW)
HOPKINS, F. C., Buhl, Idaho.	(WU)	(DW)
JEBELSKIS, J., Rumford, Me.	(D)	(MA)
KAPLAN, S., Hartford, Conn.	(WL)	(MA)
KELLY, A., Danbury, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
KENNEDY, J., Troy, Penn.	(KA)	(MA)
KUGLER, A. R. S., Frenchtown, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
LINDSAY, W. S., Portland Hills, Penn.	(DW)	(MA)
LEIS, R., Kansas City, Mo.	(RD)	(DD)
LEMKE, E. A. A., Harrison, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
LERZ, J., Waterbury, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
LIFFERT, A. G., Meriden, Conn.	(WU)	(MA)
LYNCH, MACK M., Dawson Springs, Ky.—Lt.	(RD)	(KA)
MAGALDI, D., Waterbury, Conn.	(WL)	(MA)
MANNING, J. J., Watertown, Mass.—Corp.	(DW)	(MA)
MORGAN, LLOYD, Jersey City, N. J.—Sgt.	(WU)	(MA)
MORISETT, E., Jersey City, N. J.	(WL)	(MA)
MORMON, P. D., Columbia, S. C.	(RD)	(KA)
MYERS, L. C., Taneytown, Md.	(DD)	(MA)
NORMAN, P., Newark, N. J.	(RD)	(MA)
NUNNERY, JIM, Edgmoor, S. C.	(KA)	(MA)
OLIVER, W., Coketown, N. J.	(MA)	(WS)
PERRY, W., Kermit, W. Va.	(D)	(MA)
PETERSON, L. A., Fremont, Neb.	(KA)	(W)
PRICE, W. J., Atlantic City, N. J.	(WL)	(MA)
RIEKER, E., Richmond, Ind.	(WL)	(KA)
ROSENKRONTZ, IKE, Leavenworth, Kan.	(KA)	(MA)
ROSSI, LOUIS, Pagnatico, Provence Pisa, Italy.	(KA)	(MA)
ROUSE, FAY S., Otsego, Mich.	(KA)	(MA)
ROWAN, J. A., Jersey City, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
SCHMALING, V. H., Appleton, Wis.	(DW)	(MA)
SHAFFER, W. H., Dubois, Penn.	(DW)	(MA)
SPRAGUE, A. L., Kansas City, Mo.	(KA)	(MA)
SMITH, H. A., Troy, Kan.	(RD)	(DW)
TURNER, A. F., Grantsburg, Ind.	(Erroneously)	(DW)
WALKER, B. C., Newark, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
WICHT, E. O., Newark, N. J.	(WU)	(MA)
WILLIAMS, BERTRAM, Cambridge, Mass.	(D)	(MA)
WILSON, A. B., Jersey City, N. J.	(WL)	(MA)
WINSLOW, J. McK., Brownsville, Minn.	(Erroneously)	(DW)
ZABEL, W., Buffalo Lake, Minn.	(RD)	(KA)

6,000 TO LAND ON SATURDAY

Adriatic and Sibony Bringing Home New York and Other Troops.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Two big transports, the Adriatic and Sibony, are due at New York on Saturday, with about 6,000 men aboard.

The Adriatic brings Companies E, F, G and H of the 329th Infantry, and the 322d and 324th Machine Gun Battalions and Headquarters of the 165th Infantry Brigade, all of the 83d Division, (Ohio and West Virginia.) Other units of the 329th Infantry are returning on another vessel.

The Adriatic also is bringing home a New York casual company, eighty-nine officer casuals and about 400 sick, wounded and enlisted casuals, in all about 3,000 men.

The Sibony has aboard the 45th Regiment Coast Artillery complete; the complete 309th Ammunition Train, 84th Division, (Indiana and Kentucky,) and the Headquarters and Batteries C and D, 339th Field Artillery of the 88th Division, (Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska and Dakotas,) bound for Camp Dodge. The ship also carries the headquarters detachment of the 37th Brigade Coast Artillery; a casual company for New York and six casual officers, making a total aboard of more than 3,000 men.

The Zacapa is due at New York Feb. 5 with a detachment of the 37th Brigade Coast Artillery, headquarters and seventy-three officer casuals and a few enlisted and civilian passengers.

The steamer Gerehi is due at Newport News Feb. 5 with a Pennsylvania casual company and a medical detachment, a total of 37; the Pasadena is due at New York on Feb. 7 with a small New York casual company and eight unattached officers, and the Bristol at New York Feb. 6, with one officer and 20 men as casuals for New York State.

The transport Celtic is due at New York on Feb. 2 with the 1st Gas Regiment complete, 66 officers and 1,632 men, most of whom will be demobilized at American University here. Detachments of the regiment will go to Camps Humphreys, Virginia; Lewis, Washington; Grant, Taylor, Dodge, and Meade. The ship carries also the 308th Sanitary Train complete, casual companies for New York, Massachusetts, Illinois, Ohio, Texas; 63 casual officers, and about 175 sick and wounded, making in all about 2,500 men aboard.

The battleship Vermont is due at Newport News with about 1,000 soldiers on Feb. 3, including the 488d Aero Squadron and training detachments from the 4th, 55th, and 57th Pioneer Infantry, all bound for Camp Meade; the 489th Aero Squadron, Fort Slocum, one casual company each for Virginia and Kansas, two casual companies each for New York and Maryland, and 16 casual officers and 25 navy personnel.

The steamer Coastwise is due at New York on Feb. 10 with one officer and 16 men.

COMMENT ON PARIS CRIMES.

Upton Officers, Back from France, Praise Work of Military Police.

CAMP UPTON, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The declaration in today's newspapers that American soldiers had committed murders, burglaries, and other depredations in Paris aroused comment from several officers here who have just returned from overseas.

The camp commander, Brig. Gen. William J. Nicholson, who commanded one of the infantry brigades of the 79th Division throughout the American advance, made this statement:

"My observations in France made me proud of the conduct and bearing of the American soldiers. The military police I found to be universally efficient. In Paris I never witnessed the slightest disorder on their part. The Provost Guard was a fine, alert body of men. As to the statement that many of them were recruited from among the wounded, there were some who had been gassed, but they had fully recovered. None of the men was fit for this duty."

Lieutenant Frederick W. Cording of the 59th Coast Artillery, who did military police duty while in France, said the military policemen carried their adherence to duty and general efficiency to a point of antagonizing the soldiers.

K. of C. Plan Ball to Aid Soldiers.

The Knights of Columbus are completing arrangements for a big ball in Madison Square Garden on Feb. 24 to raise $50,000 for the dependents of sick and wounded soldiers, and to aid discharged soldiers in getting back again into civil life. The committee in charge of arrangements announced yesterday that a large number of tickets for the ball have already been sold.

Does Anemia Hold You Back?

A CHRONIC anemic is like an automobile running on half its cylinders. He or she manages to keep going after a fashion, but lacks the vital spark so necessary to keen enjoyment and business or social accomplishment. As anemia is *blood poverty*, it can be gradually overcome by a good blood tonic such as Gude's Pepto-Mangan.

Study this picture so you will know how Pepto-Mangan looks

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

Pepto-Mangan helps to make rich, red blood by increasing the number of the red cells and their capacity to carry oxygen—*the breath of life*—to every cell and tissue. With abundant oxygen reaching every part of the body, the whole system is charged with renewed health, force and energy. Pepto-Mangan is easy to digest and exceedingly pleasant to taste. Universally prescribed by the medical profession.

FRIENDLY WARNING: There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by

M. J. BREITENBACH COMPANY
Manufacturing Chemists, New York

Why Armour Cannot Fix Meat Prices

IT is generally known that the livestock supply varies from day to day and that prices fluctuate in consequence. It is *not* so generally understood that the retail demand for fresh meat varies tremendously also, and that in consequence, the price obtained by Armour and Company fluctuates, too.

When fresh meat is finished at the plants it is shipped to Armour branch houses located in more than 400 centers of consumption. And, this meat is shipped *unsold*. The branch house manager receives with it a memorandum of what it cost to produce the meat. It is a simple matter then for him to determine what he must seek to get for it if he is to show a profit. And, he must sell it in the open market, in direct competition with other packers' branch houses, local abattoirs, and so forth. Also, he must face the uncertainties of weather, heavy receipts of fish and fowl and, often, unexpected and unusual circumstances.

Under the heading of "unusual circumstances" for instance, would come the recent epidemic of Spanish Influenza. Statistics gathered by Armour and Company show that while the epidemic was at its height fresh meat purchases the country over fell off no less than 25 per cent.

A sudden wave of intense heat; a severe blizzard which blocks roads and makes transportation difficult; heavy receipts of fish or game; local-killed meats coming on the markets in small communities—all or any of these factors have a marked effect on the demand for fresh meats.

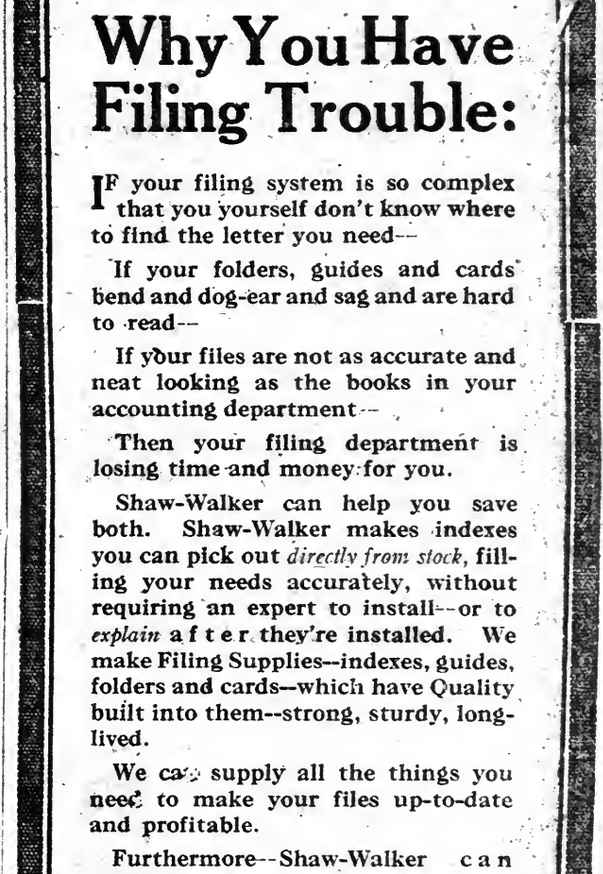
Branch house managers must—because storage facilities demand it—dispose of their stock each week so far as possible. This often necessitates selling below cost.

Thus, if statistics be consulted, it will be found that the selling price of Armour and Company's fresh meats parallels the price of livestock and is constantly further affected by the conditions mentioned.

With these facts in view, fair-minded readers must comprehend that it is not possible for Armour and Company to fix the price of meats.

ARMOUR AND COMPANY
CHICAGO

Shaw-Walker Letter-File Guide in manila or pressboard.



A SHAW-WALKER guide always glides along the guide rod easily, because the eyelet is oval and very large. This means less strain on the guide, hence longer life.

Why You Have Filing Trouble:

IF your filing system is so complex that you yourself don't know where to find the letter you need--

If your folders, guides and cards bend and dog-ear and sag and are hard to read--

If your files are not as accurate and neat looking as the books in your accounting department--

Then your filing department is losing time and money for you.

Shaw-Walker can help you save both. Shaw-Walker makes indexes you can pick out *directly from stock*, filling your needs accurately, without requiring an expert to install--or to *explain* after they're installed. We make Filing Supplies--indexes, guides, folders and cards--which have Quality built into them--strong, sturdy, long-lived.

We can supply all the things you need to make your files up-to-date and profitable.

Furthermore--Shaw-Walker can supply you with a file clerk who will keep your files supremely accurate and neat, a file clerk who knows filing from the ground up--the basic principles, the short cuts, all the fine points. Or, for slight expense, we will train one of your own file clerks to 100 per cent. filing efficiency.

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FILING SERVICE
Indexes, Guides Folders and Cards
60 Franklin St., New York
Telephone--Franklin 2261

ASSOCIATION OF AMERICAN HORSE SHOWS ANNOUNCES DATES FOR COMING SEASON

"If there isn't tissue paper around it, a woman didn't send it!"

Yet, on the theory that good clothes deserve a proper wrapper, our clothing is carefully folded and done up in tissue before it's boxed for shipment. One of the wrinkles of high class merchandising!

The best of everything men and boys wear.

Prices reasonable.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "Four Convenient Corners" Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Kennedy's Cortlandt St.

BIG REDUCTIONS IN WINTER UNDERWEAR

Odds and Ends Wool Underwear

$1.50 a Garment
Were $2 and $3

$1.25 Balbriggan
89c
Medium Weight

$1.50 Balbriggan
$1.00
Heavy Weight

Superior Make Union Suits
Sample Lots, $1.50 to $5.00
Values $3.00 to $8.00

Bringing Down the High Cost of Tires

is easy if you come where rents are low and where there is surplus stock of the best known makes.

30 x 3½	Non-Skid	$12.84
34 x 4	"	21.64
34 x 4½	"	28.98
36 x 4½	"	27.80
31 x 5	"	30.85
37 x 5	"	36.92

All Other Sizes Equally as Low

Manufacturers' Surplus Tire Co.
789 Seventh Ave., New York.
On Low Rent 7th Ave., Bet. 51st & 52d Sts.

HORSE SHOW BODY ELECTS VANDERBILT

National Association Holds Annual Meeting and Announces Dates for Season of 1919.

GARDEN SHOW IN NOVEMBER

Brooklyn Exhibit on April 23 First of Year—Newport Event to be Held on Aug. 27.

Reginald C. Vanderbilt was re-elected President of the Association of American Horse Shows, which was held at the Hotel Biltmore yesterday, at which thirty-four Horse Show associations were represented. The annual meeting was followed by a luncheon, and all the horsemen predicted that next season all the shows would resume their former importance.

Although many of the men active in the annual exhibitions entered the Government service, nevertheless there was little or no lack of interest in the development of the show thoroughbreds. Next season, with all the men out of service, it is expected that the interest in King Horse will be greater than before the war. The part which the horse played in the affairs in Europe has emphasized the importance of horse breeding, and the association plans to give even more attention to these annual exhibits than in the past.

President Vanderbilt announced that it had been erroneously reported that he would offer no more cups for Horse Show competition. He said that whenever he regarded the situation as opportune, he would be pleased to offer trophies, as he had done in the past.

It was decided that the National Horse Show at Madison Square Garden would be held with all its former splendor about the second week in November. No less than twenty-six dates were awarded for Horse Shows throughout the East. The season will open with the annual Horse Show at Brooklyn on April 23. The Newport show will be held on Aug. 27 to 29.

Several changes were made in the rules governing the competitions, the most important of which was an amendment to Rule VI. governing the show of novices. The amendment provides that the rule will not apply to the National Horse Show at the Garden. The rule as it now stands is as follows:

A novice is a horse which has not won a first prize (at any of the shows given by members of this association) in the particular division of the show in which it is shown. Only such horses are eligible for this classification. Novices are such from the date of the closing of entries. In the case of novice pairs one of the horses of the pair must be a novice.

The change provides that at the National Horse Show horses which have won in four-in-hands, tandems, hunt pairs, and in other combination competition will be edgible to compete singly in novices classes.

The only change made in the officers was the election of Dr. Thomas G. Ashton to the office of Vice President to succeed William T. Hunter. J. Macy Willets was re-elected Secretary.

The only change in the Board of Directors was the election of Robert A. Fairbairn of Westfield N. J. The other Directors are Dr. Thomas G. Ashton, Wynnewood, Penn.; John McE. Bowman, G. Howard Davison, Alfred B. McClay, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, William Ziegler, Jr., all of New York; William Du Pont, Wilmington, Del.; Fred F. Field, Brockton, Mass.; A. Henry Higginson, South Lincoln, Mass.; William T. Hunter, Devon, Penn.; Prescott Lawrence, Newport, R. I.; Pierre Lorillard, Jr., Tuxedo Park, N. Y.; John R. Thompson, Chicago; Norman Van Voorhis, Rochester, and J. Macy Willets.

The following dates were awarded for the coming year:

April 23 to 26—Brooklyn Horse Show.
April 28 to May 1—New York Spring Horse Show at Durland's.
May 1 to 3—Philadelphia Horse Show.
May 20 to 24—National Capitol Horse Show at Washington.
May 15 to 31—Wynnewood Pony Show at Wynnewood, Penn.
May 29 to 31—Devon Horse Show, Devon, Penn.
June 6 and 7—Tuxedo Horse Show.
June 18 to 21—Westchester County Horse Show.
June 26 to 28—South Horse Show, at South Shore Country Club.
July 19—Islip Polo Club Horse Show.
Aug. 8 and 9—Greenbrier County Horse Show, West Virginia.
Aug. 13 and 14—Charlestown Horse Show, Charlestown, W. Va.
Aug. 25 to 29—Ohio State Fair Horse Show, Columbus, Ohio.
Aug. 27 to 29—Newport Horse Show.
Sept. 16—Rochester Horse Show.
Sept. 1 to 5—Rutland Fair and Horse Show at Rutland, Vt.
Sept. 1 to 5—Delaware State Fair Horse Show.
Sept. 1 to 4—New England Fair Horse Show at Worcester, Mass.
Sept. 8 to 13—New York State Fair Horse Show.
Sept. 17 to 20—Bryn Mawr Horse Show, Bryn Mawr, Penn.
Sept. 15 to 20—Eastern States Exposition Horse Show at Springfield, Mass.
Sept. 25 to 27—Boston Fair Association Horse Show.
Sept. 27—Piping Rock Horse Show.
Sept. 22 to 27—Mineola Horse Show.
Sept. 30 to Oct. 5—Brockton Fair Horse Show.
November, (probably 10 to 15)—National Horse Show at Madison Square Garden.

STEEL LEAGUE GETS BUSY.

Will Operate Again with Players from the Majors.

A refuge for disgruntled major league players during the coming season has bobbed up in the much discussed Steel League to which several players jumped last season. The Bethlehem Steel Works announced yesterday that they planned to organize the Steel organization again during the coming Summer and it is stated that they plan to have several major league stars in the lineups.

This announcement offers another problem for the major leagues who were chagrined last season when the industrial league took their players. It was stated that they offered large salaries and the players only took part in one or two games a week. It is expected that within a short time the club owners will hear from their players, as all of the contracts will have to be sent out before Feb. 1. As many of the clubs have made cuts in salaries, there is sure to be as many hold-outs among the players as in former seasons.

PLAN MATRIMONY TOURNEY.

Husbands and Wives Will Compete in Novel N. Y. Tennis Club Event.

Plans providing for a continuance of the Manhattan doubles, Bronx singles, and the women's New York State championship tennis tournaments were adopted last night at the annual meeting of the New York Tennis Club at the Republican Club. Arrangements were also made for the club's annual tournament. An innovation is proposed in the promotion of a husbands' and wives' doubles tournament, which will probably be conducted on the grounds of the old West Side Tennis Club, just south of Van Cortlandt Park. The date will be announced later.

A committee was appointed for the purpose of securing permanent grounds for the club and to finance the project. The officers elected were: President, Christopher V. Winne; Vice President, Dr. Wallace Krugler; Secretary, Stanley F. Butler; Treasurer, Lewis F. Bailey, and Captain, H. J. Stein. The Governors selected were Maskell E. Fox and Dr. George B. Stanwix.

Meredith Retires from Competition.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—James E. (Ted) Meredith, the University of Pennsylvania track star, last night announced his retirement from the cinder path. He said he had decided to devote his entire attention to business. Meredith recently returned to this country from France, where he served in the American Aviation Corps.

UNGER'S CUE SKILL PUZZLES LANGDON

Champion Takes Second Match in Class C Title Billiard Tourney at Lawler's.

Ferdinand A. Unger of Newark, N. J., present holder of the title, scored his second victory last night in the national Class A amateur 18.2 balk-line billiard championship tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. The champion's second victim was Jesse B. Langdon. The score was 150 to 50 in thirty innings. Unger made an average of 5 and had a high run of 39. Langdon's highest tally was 11.

This contest brought out the best display of form the title holder has shown. He started slowly, but as the game progressed Unger gave demonstrations of the ability he possesses when in proper stroke. In his twenty-third turn at the table, Unger gathered in a cluster of 29 points before missing. This eclipsed by 7 points, the previous high run record of the tournament, which was made during the elimination-round play by George Spear, metropolitan champion.

Throughout the early innings, the players kept close together in the scoring. At the fifteenth inning Unger was leading by a point, the score being 25 to 22. A run of 10 points in his next frame put Unger in front by 33 to 22. In the nineteenth inning the title holder's margin had increased to 27 points, and thereafter Unger played with a consistency which enabled him to finish his game with a rush.

In another game Charles J. Steinbugler again defeated Gus Gardner. Steinbugler has scored consistently over Gardner, while the latter has shown favorably against the other players in the tournament. Steinbugler won by a score of 150 to 116 after forty-six innings of interesting play. The victor had a high run of 10, with an average of 3 12-46. Gardner, in his tenth inning, scored the highest run of the game, a cluster of 29 points.

At the twenty-seventh inning the score favored Steinbugler by 97 to 93. Thereafter Steinbugler gradually drew away from his opponent.

This afternoon Steinbugler will oppose J. F. Blaisdell. In the evening two games will be played, between Blaisdell and Joseph Neustadt and Unger and S. Brussell.

The scores:

F. Unger—1 1 1 2 4 1 1 0 0 5 0 0 8 1 0 1 0 1 4 1 7 1 0 1 0 10 39 8 0 6 1 5 4 14—150. Average —5. High run—29.

J. F. Langdon—0 0 0 2 6 5 0 0 3 1 1 1 3 0 0 0 0 6 0 1 1 6 3 0 0 2 1 3 1 0—50. Average —1 20-30. High run—11.

C. J. Steinbugler—10 5 3 2 19 0 1 2 3 15 1 0 3 10 4 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 13 0 0 0 5 15 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 3 12 1 0 1 5—150. Average —3 12-46. High run—19.

G. Gardner—0 3 1 5 1 1 1 0 3 29 0 2 0 0 7 5 3 2 8 1 4 2 3 1 0 1 1 2 4 1 1 1 1 3 0 2 0 1 1 0 0 0 2 1 3 3 0—116. Average—2 34-46. High run—29.

TO MEET BROWN ON MAT.

Columbia Wrestlers Start Season on Saturday Night.

The Columbia wrestling team will begin its season on Saturday night when it meets the Brown matmen in a dual meet in the Columbia gymnasium. The match was not arranged until yesterday and aside from one with Yale later in February, it is the only one on the Columbia list so far.

Gus Peterson, coach of the Blue and White wrestlers, has had a squad of more than twenty candidates on the floor every day for more than a month, among them being Al Towers, the big freshman football tackle, and Charlie Shaw, the intercollegiate half-mile champion. Fargo, who played centre on the football team, has also practiced assiduously and will probably be selected for the unlimited heavyweight class.

COLUMBIA SWIMMERS BUSY.

Blue and White Announces Nine Meets in Home Tank.

Columbia will have just as extensive a swimming schedule this year as it had in the days before the war. According to the list of meets announced yesterday by Levering Tyson, graduate manager of athletics, there will be a series of nine contests for the Blue and White Varsity swimmers, and with the exception of Princeton each of the teams in the Intercollegiate Swimming Association appears on the list for home and home matches. It is understood that the uncertain financial condition of athletics at Princeton influenced the Tigers not to undertake a trip to New York to meet the Columbians.

The schedule is as follows:

Feb. 8, Yale at Columbia; Feb. 13, Princeton at Princeton; Feb. 22, Navy at Annapolis; Feb. 26, College of the City of New York and Massachusetts Institute of Technology at C. C. N. Y.

March 1, Pennsylvania at Philadelphia; March 8, Pennsylvania at New York; March 11, C. C. N. Y. at Columbia; March 14, Yale at New Haven; March 22, Intercollegiate individual championships at C. C. N. Y.

TROPHY FOR MISS GEHRIG.

Woman Fencer Wins All Her Bouts in Turn Verein Tournament.

Miss Adelaide Gehrig won the Women's Fencing Cup at the New York Turn Verein in the annual competition for the emblem last night. She defeated five rivals in convincing fashion. This success gives Miss Gehrig her second leg on the trophy. Second laurels fell to Miss Helen Zenker, who lost one bout, while Miss Alice Glinke, losing two bouts, finished third.

Those who participated in the tournament were Miss Adelaide Gehrig, Miss Helen Zenker, Miss Alice Glinke, Miss Elsie Mucke, Miss Sophie Luehrmann, and Miss Marie Jauerig.

The summaries:

Miss Gehrig defeated Miss Luehrmann 5—1, Miss Mucke 5—3, Miss Glinke 5—1, Miss Zenker 5—3, Miss Jauerig 5—0.

Miss Zenker defeated Miss Luehrmann 5—2, Miss Mucke 5—3, Miss Glinke 5—1, and Miss Jauerig 5—3.

Miss Glinke defeated Miss Luehrmann 5—3, Miss Mucke 5—2, and Miss Jauerig 5—1.

Miss Luehrmann defeated Miss Jauerig 5—0, Miss Mucke defeated Miss Luehrmann 5—0.

Miss Jauerig defeated Miss Mucke 5—3.

Henigan Leaves U. S. Service.

Jimmy Henigan, former New England district runner, who formerly held the senior national cross-country title, was yesterday mustered out of Uncle Sam's military service. The former hill and dale champion has left for Medford, Mass., where he will visit with his relatives for several weeks. Henigan expects to return to this city and take up his permanent residence in time for the more important indoor athletic meets of the season. He recently joined the Brooklyn A. A.

BOAT RACE WILL BE ROWED ON THAMES

Both Harvard and Yale Favor Renewal of Annual Regatta at New London.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 28.—The action of the Harvard Athletic Committee is taken as an indication that the Harvard-Yale four-mile boat race will be resumed at New London in June. The Yale athletic authorities a short time ago suggested to the Harvard authorities that a meeting be held to consider the holding of the annual regatta, and Francis L. Higginson and B. Harwood were appointed to confer with Yale within a short time.

The official appointment of Bill Haines as Crimson rowing coach means that Harvard will put rowing back on the same basis as before the war. If the regatta is held on the Thames, as in the past, it is likely that the expensive training preparations will be modified and that the crews will not spend as much time as in the past at the training quarters near the historic course.

Harvard has made overtures to Princeton to row here in May, but on account of the expense it is not believed that the Crimson crew will undertake the trip to Peace this year.

Harvard's baseball schedule has been tentatively arranged and the customary two out of three series will be played with both Yale and Princeton. Yale will play here on Class Day, June 17, and will play at New Haven during Yale's Class Day festivities. The dates being considered with Princeton are May 17 and 24. Brown will play a two-game series with Harvard, the Crimson going to Providence on Decoration Day and will play here on the following day.

Gremmel Wins from Van Tassel.

Fred Gremmel defeated H. Van Tassel last night in the Class A, three-cushion billiard tournament of the A. A. B. A. at Thum's Academy by a score of 35 to 24. Gremmel had a high run of 4, while Van Tassel's best effort was 2. Bill Blumenthal took the second game from Frank Becker, by a score of 35 to 19. High runs were 4 and 2 for winner and loser, respectively.

Billiard Stars to Play Again.

Jake Schaefer and Welker Cochran, persistent challengers for Willie Hoppe's 18.2 balkline billiard title, will commence a three-night match this afternoon at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. The young stars are to play a match of 1,500 points in blocks of 300 points each afternoon and evening. The afternoon games will start at 2:15 o'clock and the evening games at 8:15 o'clock.

DEAL GETS TITLE TOURNEY.

New Jersey Association Completes Plans for Busy Golf Season.

Delegates of clubs belonging to the New Jersey State Golf Association decided on July 17, 18, and 19 as dates for their championship tournament to be held at Deal, at the annual meeting at the Princeton Club yesterday afternoon. John E. Kelley, representing Deal, stated that his club preferred a July to a June selection, explaining that it would be hard to complete improvements planned before the later date. This time, incidentally, is the same as that taken for the Westchester County Golf Association tournament, probably at Apawamis.

After having served two terms, Nathan Schroeder was elected for a third time, and he in turn decided to keep his whole Executive Committee, including E. P. Holden, Jr., Secretary Treasurer; Charles P. Eddy, John E. Kelley, Frederick C. Reynolds, Frederick H. Thomas, and William Watson. Schroeder also said that he intended to add at least two more to this list, as he believed the association should do more than hold a single tournament each year. He is in favor of a junior event, as well as sectional competitions for clubs in the northern and southern parts of New Jersey.

When Oswald Kirkby won the New Jersey title for the third time in 1916, the Englewood Country Club became permanent possessor of the championship cup. This was the second time the trophy had been won outright, as the Montclair Golf Club early in the history of the organization took the first cup. In 1917 a new championship bowl was purchased and this is in the custody of the Executive Committee.

Delegates present included Frederick H. Thomas of Morris County, L. F. Bayard, Jr., Baltusrol; W. M. Reekie, Upper Montclair; E. P. Holden, Jr., Madison; Nathan Schroeder, Englewood; T. T. Berdan, Shackamaxon; Frank R. Barrett, Hollywood, and John E. Kelley, Deal.

MAY HOLD FIGHT IN EUROPE.

Opposition May Force Rickard to Hold Willard Bout Abroad.

That Tex Rickard, Western promoter, is willing to go to France or England, if necessary, to promote the proposed heavyweight championship bout for which Jess Willard has contracted, is indicated in a report received yesterday from Kansas City. The Western promoter, it is reported, intimated that if he found opposition in this country to the heavyweight title bout which he is planning, he would shift the scene of the encounter to Europe. Rickard is now on his way to Texas.

There is nothing in the contract signed by Willard and Rickard which provides that the proposed contest be held in this country. Willard contracted to box anybody any place some time before July 4, in a championship contest. It is likely, therefore, if he finds sentiment favorable to such a proceeding, Rickard will stage the bout in France or England.

Rickard is now on a tour of various States, it is reported, for the purpose of sounding sentiment toward the proposed contest.

YALE HAS LARGEST SQUAD.

More Than 250 Swimmers in Eli Aquatic Campaign.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 28.—Yale will take part in eleven swimming meets this season, seven by the Varsity and four by the freshman team, aside from the class meets which have been scheduled under the new Yale régime, which compels every student to take part in some form of athletic activity. This is responsible for the largest swimming squad in Yale history. More than 250 candidates are out for the various squads.

The Varsity schedule, which is announced today, calls for eight meets, all in the Carnegie Pool. The freshmen will have four meets, two at home and two out of town.

The Varsity schedule follows:

Jan. 31, with Amherst; Feb. 14, with College of the City of New York; Feb. 21, with Princeton; Feb. 26, with Wesleyan; March 5, with Massachusetts Institute of Technology; March 8, with Princeton, and March 14, with Columbia.

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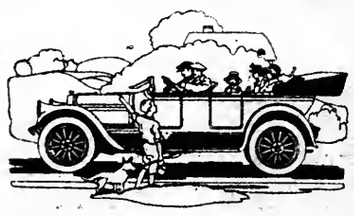

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SWANN DRAFTS BILL FOR MILK CONTROL

Will Ask Legislature for Commission to License Producers and Dealers.

ENFORCE MILK AGREEMENT

Governor's Commission Attends to Violations by Small Dealers.

District Attorney Swann has drafted a bill to be presented to the Legislature which would put both the producer and the distributer of milk under license from a commission appointed by the Governor and composed of five members whose salary would be $5,000 a year and expenses.

The bill provides that the commission, not more than a majority of whom shall be members of the same political organization, "shall also have power (a) to investigate upon its own initiative, or upon complaint in writing, any matter concerning the production, handling, transportation, delivery, and distribution of dairy products, (b) to issue, and from time to time, to revoke, cancel, and annul licenses, pursuant to the provisions of this act; (c) to fix reasonable maximum prices for dairy products, both to the distributer and consumer; (d) to prescribe the methods for measuring and testing dairy products, and to provide for the making and recording of such measurements and tests; (e) to regulate the methods of receiving, pasteurizing, bottling, transporting, delivering, and distributing dairy products; (f) by its agents, experts, examiners or officers to enter upon any premises occupied or used for the purpose of producing, receiving, pasteurizing, delivering and distributing dairy products; (g) to provide methods for securing the payment to producers for dairy products sold."

It is provided that thirty days after the first organization of the commission all persons, firms, and corporations engaged in the production, receiving, or distributing of dairy products must obtain a license from the commission. The producers must pay an annual tax of not more than $5 and the distributers an annual license fee of not less than $100 nor more than $300, the amount of the fee to be fixed by the commission with respect to the volume of business. In default of compliance with any order of the commission the offender is subject to a penalty of $100 a day during which such default continues.

The first annual convention of the New York State Woman's Land Army, Inc., opened yesterday morning in the Hotel Astor with a review of the activities of the organization during the year 1918. Organized in 1917, when the Bedford Training Camp for Young Women was opened, the organization has grown until last year forty-four units were sent out to handle crops in places where labor shortages were the worst. Mrs. Thomas F. Burgess, the President, in her review of the year, said that the fact that the girls were eagerly enlisting for the 1919 season shows they like farm work and are anxious to help out again.

The Milk Commission appointed by Governor Smith met yesterday for the first time since the settlement of the milk strike on Jan. 18, for the purpose of ascertaining if the producers and the distributers were living up to the agreement entered into at that time. At the close of the meeting Chairman Robert E. Dowling, in whose office at 165 Broadway the meeting was held, announced that the plan of settlement of the controversy seemed to be working out nicely. Some ten or twelve cases of violations of the agreement were brought to the attention of the commission, and four or five of these were settled yesterday. A further meeting will be held Friday to consider the others. Chairman Dowling said that the cases brought to the attention of the commission involved small dealers and where the persons came before the commission the points in dispute were readily settled.

TRY WOMAN FOR EXTORTION

Mrs. Inch Accused of Getting Money from Auto President.

Mrs. Betty Inch, an attractive young woman giving her age as 25, was placed on trial yesterday before Justice Bartow S. Weeks, in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, on an indictment charging her with attempted extortion. The complainant was Eugene P. Herrman, President of the Herrman Motor Truck of 615 West Fifty-seventh Street, who lives at 675 Riverside Drive. Assistant District Attorney Owen Bohan told the jury that on June 12 of last year, while Mr. Herrman and his family were dining at home, Mrs. Herrman was called to the telephone by a maid. A voice asked Mrs. Herrman, according to Mr. Bohan, if she desired evidence which would aid her in obtaining a divorce. The speaker gave the name of Mary Hayes. Mr. Bohan told the jury, and at the request of Mrs. Herrman related an episode in which she and Mr. Herrman took part.

The next day, according to Mr. Bohan, Herrman notified the police and later received a telephone call at his office from a voice which seemed to be the same as the night before. Mr. Herrman suggested a meeting, and after much persuasion a Broadway hotel was agreed upon. Accompanied by detectives and carrying a roll of marked money, Mr. Herrman went to the hotel, where he was met in the lobby by a woman representing herself to be a friend of the mysterious Mary Hayes, and who, Mr. Bohan said, was the defendant, Mrs. Inch. Mr. Bohan said that detectives saw Mr. Herrman give her the marked money.

Testifying in her own behalf, Mrs. Inch denied that she had telephoned to either Mrs. Herrman or the complainant. She admitted meeting Herrman, and said she had expected to get money for Mary Hayes, since she herself had spent nearly $200 on her. Mrs. Inch said Mary Hayes had told her that last Easter week she, a girl named Peggy White, and Herrman had remained all night in the latter's apartment on Riverside Drive while Mrs. Herrman was away.

REDS PLACARD CITIES.

Threats Posted in Philadelphia and Other Places.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Jan. 28.—The anarchist bombers are out again with threats of destruction. These have been sent in circulars to every newspaper in the city and the circulars have been crammed in letter boxes of the general section.

In part they read:

"The senile fossils ruling the United States Senate. Smelling their destruction they have decided to check the storm by passing the deportation law affecting all foreign radicals.

"Deportation will not stop the storm from reaching these shores. The storm is within, and very soon will leap and crash and annihilate you in blood and fire."

The type used in printing the circular is the same that was used in printing circulars distributed with three bombs recently exploded in this city.

BROCKTON, Mass., Jan. 28.—Anarchistic literature such as has been circulated in other parts of the country made its appearance here today.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 28.—Buildings, telegraph poles and trolley cars here were found to be decorated this morning with printed stickers, signed "The American Anarchists." They contain statements denouncing the deportation law and declare: "Deport us. We will dynamite you." The local police are investigating.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 28.—Stickers signed "The American Anarchists" were placed on the local Postoffice last night and were also received by many citizens in today's mail.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 28.—Stickers and bills signed "The American Anarchists" were brought to police headquarters here today by members of the force who found them in the downtown section.

OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

"Romeo and Juliet."

Last night at the Lexington Theatre "Romeo and Juliet," opera in five acts by Charles Gounod, was sung in French by the Chicago company with the following cast:

Duke of Verona	Vittorio Arimondi
Capulet	Auguste Bouilliez
Juliet	Yvonne Gall
Tybalt	Octave Dua
Romeo	John O'Sullivan
Mercutio	Alfred Maguenat
Stephano	Irene Pavloska
Friar Lawrence	Marcel Journet
Gertrude	Louise Berat
Gregorio	Desire Defrere

Corps de Ballet.
Conductor—Marcel Charlier.

We do not know the date of the last performance in this city, but we do know that there are few operas which would so well serve as a club with which to assault, metaphorically, the younger generation "which comes knocking at the door." "Romeo and Juliet," despite its general mediocrity as original music when compared with its predecessor, "Faust," has enjoyed the distinction of having been sung in this city by some splendid casts. Think of Jean de Reszke as Romeo, Edouard de Reszke as Friar Lawrence, Plançon as Capulet, Emma Eames, Juliet, Ancona, Mercutio. Nellie Melba was also a lovely Juliet. Now, though criticism thrives on comparisons, it would be obviously unfair to summon from the past memories of these artists. The principals in those representations have no successors simply because bel canto is no longer considered of vital importance on the operatic stage.

We recall as if it were yesterday the year 1878 in Paris when the opera was sung with Victor Capoul as Romeo. Yet, as was the same with "Carmen," we did not hear "Romeo et Juliette" sung that season. We saw Galli Marie in Bizet's "Pearl Fishers," not as Carmen. But Capoul we did hear, above all, enjoyed his impassioned assumption of Gounod's lover—Shakespeare has little to do with the character beyond furnishing the name and certain situations, any more than "Faust" is the real Faust of Goethe's immortal poem. Opera is opera. Jules Barbier with Carré were clever libretto makers, but they did not succeed with "Romeo and Juliet." Throughout it is a case of two is company, three none. A prolonged duet is the thrice-sentimental work, and sometimes a monotonous one. There is the valse of Juliet, perennial pasture for young ambitious sopranos. There is Mercutio's "Queen Mab," and the two-voiced madrigal, and in Act II. the balcony scene, tender and charming.

The marriage music is always liked. It is commonplace enough. The duel is à la Meyerbeer and effective; the finale and Romeo's song of banishment never fail to score. The duo in Act IV. and the "Non ce n'est pas le jour" evokes (of us) Jean de Reszke and Emma Eames, the ideal looking Juliet. There are some orchestral episodes which show Gounod as a master of atmosphere, as does the final duo. "Romeo and Juliet" is far from being a second "Faust," musically speaking, but it does demand good singing, and that is the reason it is so seldom heard nowadays.

The performance, take it by and large, was excellent. There were several débuts: Yvonne Gall, Juliet; John O'Sullivan, Romeo. The young lady is French and sings well, acts well. She suggests the routinière. She made all her points in her entrance music and sang the valse brilliantly; there was finesse, too, in the scales and other fioritura at the close; her trill was uneven—the lower note was too strongly accented—but the showy, shallow piece was acceptable to the audience and Miss Gall scored a success from the start.

Her voice was inclined to sharpness, but mellowed in the second act. It has that quality the French call "aigre doux." Her top C was free, almost too open. At least a welcome and minor offense, considering the squeezed pallid tones we so often hear in the upper range of sopranos. Her best singing was in the balcony scene, not too tender, but her rather metallic timbre was replaced by more warmth both in tone and sentiment. Miss Gall is a trained actress, sure of herself, and pretty, of the brunette type. An arch, capricious heroine, not passionate. But we were forced to miss the tomb scene, and this brief criticism only extends to Act III. We hope to hear her in other rôles.

The Romeo is a young Irishman, and, of course, we can't help seeing him in a favorable light. Even music reporters are human—occasionally. Mr. O'Sullivan has a light, agreeable tenor, not always happily produced, yet capable of expressive moments. He lacks distinction, as actor and singer, and that is a grave shortcoming. But if sincerity, feeling, and spirited action, withal gauche, count, then he must be given more than a meed of praise. He was liked by his hearers, and received plenty of applause. Bouilliez was the Capulet, Alfred Maguenat Mercutio. A skilled singer and actor who delivered the Queen Mab with much effect. His bearing is picturesque. Journet proved a sonorous friar, and the Nurse was in the capable hands of Louise Berat.

The choruses, male and mixed, and the ballet, were well trained. It would be a good idea to use a gauze drop in the prologue, as was the custom in the régime of Grau, especially in this house, where the lighting is cruelly disturbing. The placement of the orchestra has been changed, and with good results. There was decidedly a more euphonious balance, less blaring of brass. Marcel Charlier conducted with tact and full appreciation of the score.

RACHMANINOFF CHEERED.

He Plays His New Piano Concerto as Russian Symphony's Guest.

The Russian Symphony Orchestra, with Sergei Rachmaninoff as guest, gave its third subscription concert in Carnegie Hall last evening before an audience of compatriots that stood and cheered the composer-pianist for several minutes after his Concerto Op. 1, No. 1, which he performed in revised version for the first time, practically a new work.

Conductor Altschuler opened with Stravinsky's Symphony No. 1, which had had its first American hearing by the Russians in a former season, and was of interest in view of next week's revival of his "Petrushka." There were also an "Idyl" from Scriabine's Symphony No. 2, and Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Tsar Saltan," a bit of folklore that in its music blends oddly with "Coq d'Or." The program will be further reviewed in THE TIMES after its repetition in the same hall this afternoon.

Samuel Gardner Plays Again.

Samuel Gardner, lately heard in chamber music with Willem Willeke and Richard Epstein, gave his second violin recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, playing Lalo's so-called "Symphonie Espagnole," with Francis Moore, and four novel "Preludes" of his own. He had also an andante and allegretto of Paganini, several arrangements by Joachim, Kreisler, Hartmann, and Grainger's version of his "Molly on the Shore."

Nearly 50 of 78 Years in Prison.

Joseph Hoffman, 78 years old, the oldest man to appear for sentence in the Queens County Court in years, was arraigned before Judge Humphrey in Long Island City yesterday for burglary and larceny. He admitted that he had spent nearly fifty of his seventy-eight years in prison. Judge Humphrey sent him to the New York Reformatory. Hoffman had been arrested for stealing chickens and had pleaded guilty. He had been sentenced to prison on twelve previous occasions for similar thefts.

To Hold Service for Roosevelt.

Tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock a memorial service for Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will be held in the Collegiate Reformed Dutch Church of St. Nicholas, Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street. James M. Beck and the Rev. William I. Chamberlain will make addresses, and the Rev. Malcolm James MacLeod and the Rev. James M. Ludlow will pay tributes to the memory of the ex-President.

Wed., Thurs., Fri., Jan. 29, 30, 31 at 3 P. M.
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Bauer—Gabrilowitsch
Grainger—Hofmann
Novaes — Powell
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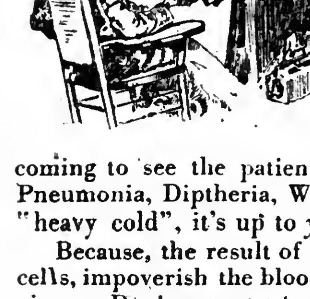
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AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evs. at 8:00. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2. AL JOLSON And Incomparable Company of 150 in SINBAD 48rd Week in New York. 43rd Week in New York.

CENTURY GROVE—Roof of Century Theatre —AT 11:30— A SENSATION! NEW CENTURY MIDNIGHT WHIRL Phone Col. 8800.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. Matinee Today 2:30 ALICE BRADY Personally in FOREVER AFTER Extra Matinee Tomorrow

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evs 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. MARY NASH IN THE BIG CHANCE

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30 "UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30 A. E. Anson Chrystal Herne Lee Baker Albert Bruning "RIDDLE: WOMAN"

WILLIAM COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT LIES" LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. LAST 8 TIMES. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30. WILLIAM Courtenay AND TOM Wise CAPPY RICKS In Oliver Morosco's Latest Fun Hit

PRINCESS Matinees Today and Saturday. Evenings at 8:20. Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. OH, MY DEAR! "BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30. The Laugh Play. Keep IT TO Yourself "Undeniably funny—piled up laugh on laugh."—Metcalfe in Life.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits New Musical Play—The 100% Cast "SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART" CENTRAL B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15. A Merry Musical Romance SOME TIME with ED. WYNN CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.

LYRIC 42nd St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today and Sat., 2:30. THE SEASON'S HIT With RICHARD BENNETT 5TH BIG MONTH Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers UNKNOWN PURPLE

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Today and Sat., 2:15. Eves. 8:15. NORA BAYES LADIES FIRST

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1 Mat. Tom'w, 25c & 50c. "BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE"

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight, 8:15, Oberon. Ponselle, Gentle, Delaunois; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cond., Bodanzky. Mat. Tomorrow at 2. ($1 to $5.) Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Thurs. at 8. Samson et Dalila. Matzenauer; Caruso, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Monteux. Fri. at 8. Barbiere di Siviglia. Hempel; Hackett (debut), De Luca, Mardones, Malatesta. Cond., Papi. Sat. Mat., at 2. "Tabarro" — "Angelica" — "Schicchi." Farrar, Muzio, Ellis; Crimi, De Luca, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Sat. at 8, (75c to $3.) double bill. L'Oracolo. Sundelius, Braslau; Althouse, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison, Sparkes; Diaz, Didur.—Galli; Bolm. Cond., Monteux. Next Mon. at 8. La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux. Wed. at 8. Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, Montesanto, Mardones, Chalmers. Cond., Papi. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Lexington THEATRE, 51st St. & Lex. Ave. Phone Plaza 4024. CHICAGO OPERA ASS'N GRAND OPERA
To-night at 8. "Madam Butterfly." Tamaki, Miura, Lamont, Pavloska, Bouilliez. Cond. Polacco. Thurs., "Monna Vanna." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Charlier. Fri., "Le Chemineau (First Time in N. Y.) Gall, Maguenat, Baklanoff, Huberdeau. Cond. Hasselmans. Sat. Mat., "Thais." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Campanini. Sat. Night (Popular Prices), "Tales of Hoffmann." Macbeth, Namara, Sharlow, Fontaine, Maguenat. Cond. Charlier. Sunday Night, CAMPANINI CONCERT, N. Y. HIPPODROME. Mon., Feb. 3, "Isabeau." Fitziu, Lamont, Baklanoff. Cond. Sturani. Tues., "Linda di Chamounix." Galli-Curci, Lamont, Stracciari. Cd. Sturani.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome Matinee Today, Best Seats (Except Boxes) $1.00 Evgs. at 8:15. NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT, 8:15—Seats Now. CAMPANINI CONCERT With Chicago Opera Artists and Orch.

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STRAND B'way at 47th St. D. W. Griffith's "A Romance of Happy Valley." Strand Orchestra

PLAZA Madison Ave. at 59th St. ALICE BRADY in George Barr McCutcheon's Play, "In the Hollow of Her Hand"

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF 10, 20, 30 Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. Gladys Brockwell, "The Call of the Soul."

VANDERBILT 48th St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30. Rachel Crothers' Comedy A LITTLE JOURNEY BUZZING WITH FUN & EXCITEMENT

MANHATTAN Opera Ho., 34th, W. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. Popular Mat. Today BEST SEATS $1 MARJORIE RAMBEAU In Her Favorite Role EYES OF YOUTH 25c. to $1.50. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. THE CLIMAX —with— ELEANOR PAINTER

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30. WHITESIDE 3RD MONTH in THE LITTLE BROTHER with TYRONE POWER.

SHUBERT West 44th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. LAST WEEK—MATINEE TODAY BETROTHAL By MAETERLINCK, author of "Blue Bird."

BROADHURST THEA., 44th St. West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. RIOTOUS MUSICAL COMEDY Melting of Molly REAL STORY and JAZZY GIRLS GALORE "Oodles of laughter."—Alan Dale

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. TODAY and Sat., 2:15. "ADORABLE."—Mail. EAST IS WEST A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

SELWYN Thea., West 42 St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. JANE COWL THE CROWDED HOUR SELWYN Feb. 2nd Seats Now 50c to $1.50 Clef Club Arabian Nights "Saxaphony" "Banjorama" "Bonefest" "Jazzdad" Mecca of Sunday Night Concert Goers

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way. THE COMEDY HIT TEA for 3 Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today and Sat., 2:30

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE, FRIDAY AFT. at 2:30, & SAT., 10:30 A. M. WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET "Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Tom'w, Sat. 2:15 THIS WEEK LE MENTEUR Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:15. SMARTEST MUSICAL SHOW IN TOWN LITTLE SIMPLICITY With the Prettiest Girls in the World.

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BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. H. B. WARNER in Sleeping Partners with IRENE BORDONI

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way & 97th St. Oscar Wilde's Masterpiece An Ideal Husband Mat. Tom'w Best Seats 50c

Aeolian Hall, Mon., Aft., Feb. 3, at 3. LAMBERT MURPHY SONG RECITAL. Tickets at Box Office.

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Eve., Feb. 4, 8:15. SEATS NOW. HULDA LASHANSKA Only Song Recital in N. Y. This Season.

CENTURY Thea., Fri. Eve., Jan. 31, at 8:30. RETURN APPEARANCE OF CAPT. CARPENTER, V. C. of H. M. S. "VINDICTIVE" WILL REPEAT His Famous Illustrated Lecture on THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE Auspices British-American War Relief. Only tickets left $1.00 & 50c. Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42d St.

Carnegie Hall, Wed. Eve., Feb. 5, 8:15 CONCERT—Auspices French High Commission. SOCIETE des INSTRUMENTS ANCIENS Direction French-Amer'n Ass'n for Musical Art Seats 50c to $2. Now on Sale.

PRINCESS West 39th. Tues., Feb. 4, at 3. MISS Tickets $2 and $1 at Box Office. SYDNEY THOMPSON Original Comedies—Old Ballads in Costume and "Agnes Sorel," a tale of France.

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AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. William Gillette "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY" —Herald. Dear Brutus "To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. LEO DITRICHSTEIN IN HIS GREATEST TRIUMPH "THE MARQUIS DE PRIOLA"

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long-Legs," you'll love PATRICIA COLLINGE in TILLIE BEGINNING TUES., FEB. 4—Seats Tom'w MRS. FISKE in "MIS' NELLY OF N'ORLEANS."

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. POP. 50c TO $1.50 MAT. TODAY Most Fascinating Play Ever Written THREE FACES EAST Hundreds turned away at every performance.

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NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. MATINEES TODAY and SAT., 2:15. LAST 6 TIMES BEST MUSICAL COMEDY OF THE SEASON KLAW & ERLANGER'S GEM OF LAUGHTER AND MELODY THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN NEXT MON. SEATS THURS. KLAW & ERLANGER introduce The VELVET LADY A HILARIOUS MUSICAL COMEDY ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic Two Entirely Different Shows.

LIGHTNIN GAIETY, B'way & 46 St. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Today, Friday and Saturday 2:30 AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT 3 Wise Fools Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way and 43d Street. Bryant 392. Evgs. 8:20. Matinee Today (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. POP. 50c TO $1.50 MAT. TODAY THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. "A PRINCE THERE WAS" GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. FRANCES STARR in "TIGER! TIGER!" A New Play by Edward Knoblock

CORT West 48th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20. 'Ullo! 'ere's a 'it The Better 'Ole With MR. and MRS. COBURN

STANDARD B'way, 90 St. Eves. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow, 25-50c. "COME OUT OF THE KITCHEN" Next Mon., Patricia Collinge in "Tillie."

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Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Feb. 2. FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA Films (War Pictures) Belgium: Heavy German Artillery Passing. France: Before the Ruins of the Cathedral. Alsace: The Wooden Cross. Italy: Man-of-War Cruising in the Adriatic. Soloist RAOUL VIDAS Schumann, Mozart and Wagner. Seats at Box Offices. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK JOSEF STRANSKY..........Conductor CARNEGIE HALL. Tomorrow (Thurs) Eve. 8:30 & Next Fri. Aft. 2:30 Next Thurs. Eve. 8:30. Next. Fri. Aft., 2:30. HAROLD BAUER First part All BACH. Rubin Goldmark "Requiem" (1st. performance.) Mr. Bauer plays Tchaikovsky's Concerto No. 1 for the first time in New York. Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.

CARNEGIE HALL, This Afternoon at 3. RUSSIAN SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF N. Y. MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor RACHMANINOFF Symphony No. 1..........Stravinsky "Idyl"..........Scriabine First Piano Concerto..........Rachmaninoff Folk-Lore "Tsar-Saltan" Rimsky-Korsakoff

Carnegie Hall, Wed., Jan'y 29, 8:15 P. M. GODOWSKY (Knabe Piano) Seats 50c and $1.00 at Box Office and Humanitarian Cult, 160 West End Ave.

Aeolian Hall, Monday Eve., Feb. 3, at 8:15 SONG RECITAL Helene Romanoff Richard Hageman at the piano. Mgt. Haensel & Jones

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SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of Queens.—KATHERINE SULESKI, Plaintiff, against JOHN P. DALY and his wife, if any, her name being unknown to the plaintiff; and the widow, devisees and heirs at law of said John P. Daly, if he be deceased, who are unknown to the plaintiff; and the wife, if any, of each of such devisees and heirs at law, and the widow and surviving husband, if any, of such of them as may be deceased, each of whom is unknown to the plaintiff; and the devisees and heirs at law, if any, of such devisees and heirs at law, and the wife, if any, of any of them; and the widow and surviving husband, if any, of any of them who may be deceased, each of whom is unknown to the plaintiff; MARY E. DALY; and JOHN DOE, the tenant or occupant of the premises described in the complaint in this action, who is unknown to the plaintiff, the name John Doe being fictitious.—Defendants.

TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANTS: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, December 16, 1918.
MILTON DAMMANN,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, Number 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

NOTICE.—To the widow, if any, of John P. Daly, deceased, and his devisees and heirs at law, if any, and the widow and surviving husband, if any, of such of them as may be deceased, and the devisees and heirs at law, and the wife, if any, of any of them; and the widow and the surviving husband, if any, of any of them who may be deceased. The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of David F. Manning, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the thirteenth day of January, 1919, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of Queens at Jamaica in the said county.

MILTON DAMMANN,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Office & P. O. Address, Number 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

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FOOD WON THE WAR.

Our foreign friends have appreciated and complimented us on the manner in which we rationed ourselves amid abundance at a time when those suffering from scarcity required Government control in the economy and distribution of food. We now have the details showing how well we deserved such praise. Our frugality enabled us to increase our exports of meat and dairy products from $437,000,000 in 1917 to $941,000,000 in 1918. Our increase of breadstuffs exported was from $631,000,000 to $801,000,000. Our total exports of agricultural products was $2,784,000,000, including two billions of foodstuffs. It is not too much to say that the soldiers who defeated Germany could not have been sustained in their efficiency without our supplies of food, clothing, and war implements. We were not quick in starting, but our momentum after starting was irresistible.

It is as difficult to stop as to start a moving mass, and the huge impetus of our food economies now creates abundance here while the rest of the world is still hungry. Accordingly, on New Year's Day there were stocks of nearly 300,000,000 pounds of frozen beef, nearly half a billion pounds of pork cured in several ways, and sundry increases in stocks of various meats ranging above 50 per cent. There is in prospect such an abundance of Winter wheat planted in reliance upon the Government's guarantee of $2.26 that there is embarrassment in finding the funds to pay the billions of dollars necessary, or in making provision for the hundreds of millions of dollars loss on the guarantee, unless our own bread is to be made dearer than the rest of the world's. Our actual stocks are 215 per cent of 1918, and the market price is breaking under the actual and prospective load. A leading flour mill stopped yesterday for the first time in many months because there was no market for flour, the Government having ceased its purchases. These are the basic facts upon which there is a demand that the restraints shall be taken off the food markets and prices be allowed to fall further and faster than they are falling, although the decline already is embarrassing or even threatening both to traders and to officials of several markets controlling vaster operations than the world ever witnessed.

There is natural resentment at any proposal to control a fall in food prices, but there is still reason to ask a continuance of that benevolent frugality and sacrifice which German ruthlessness imposed upon the world, and in particular upon us as those most blessed with plenty. That is still the situation. There is abundance only here. There would be abundance nowhere if all the food in the world were accessible to the hungry. The soldiers of democracy are eating less, but with the spread of their control over conquered territory the purveyors behind the fighters find their task increased. Last year we shipped about ten million tons of foods and fodders. This year we must ship fifteen millions. Last Summer we sent fifty million pounds of fats monthly, but we shall send eightfold this January. As peace progresses we shall send more and more, and the demands can decrease only as the less accessible stores of the world are opened. What should be our price policy under such conditions?

Regarding wheat there is nothing to be said. The national faith is pledged and must be redeemed. The necessity of exporting wheat and flour made it necessary that many substitutes should be held by dealers and distributed through them. Now the restrictions are removed when the stocks are the largest known. There is no question of guarantee, but there is a question of responsibility and good business judgment in the distribution of both the food and the loss. An even greater problem is the supply of fats, reflected in the fixed price for hogs. The price was fixed at a conference between the farmers, the Allies' buyers, who took and will take all there is, and the packers great and small, the trusts and the independents. The conference fixed both prices and profits and not a whisper would be heard if Germany had not collapsed. The question is whether the control of the market should stop so that domestic prices should fall contrary to good faith, and perhaps even ruinously.

Nobody doubts that the cost of food will and should fall. It is only a question of the rate and regulation of the fall. There are those who want a crash, just as there are those who want to sustain war wages in peace. On the other hand, it is to be remembered that this is a question of billions, and that it is increasingly a question of business and decreasingly a question of charity. The hundred millions just appropriated is to be spent, not given away. It will sustain our markets and strengthen the price structure, doing more good than would a crash. That is just as true of the billions of foodstuffs as of the hundred millions. It is now good business as well as benevolence to sell our surplus at fair prices and to ship so freely that the visible surplus shall not hang over the market, tantalizing the retail trade, frightening the wholesalers, and embarrassing the officials. Good faith and good business require us to continue our self-denial for the next six weeks. The agreed price to the hog raisers ends with the fat production season, and then it will be right and fair to protect the consumer.

A DISTRESSING SPEECH.

Somewhere east of the Sun and west of the Moon lies the continent of Aquaepotatio, Water Drinkers' Land. There water has something of the inebriating force of wine. It tears away inhibitions. It irritates the temper. It inspires rash and violent speech. Coming from a denizen of that country, and only from him, could such wild words as the State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League has permitted himself to use in regard to Cardinal GIBBONS find excuse or pardon.

Because Cardinal GIBBONS has dared to oppose prohibition, has spoken against it with the moderation and the wisdom, the experience and sagacity of life that are characteristic of him, Mr. ANDERSON has imputed to him mean and interested motives, has doubted his good faith, has attributed "dishonest and untruthful statements" to him, has attacked with what must be called foul blows this honored and true American, venerable not only as a great dignitary of a great Church, but for a long, blameless, fruitful life of wise counsel, noble achievement, and manifold public service. Fanatical intolerance and intemperance of the tongue cannot go much further, save on the soapbox or the stump.

"If Cardinal GIBBONS desires to oppose prohibition because many of the largest and wealthiest distillers of Maryland are members of and contributors to his Church"—so much and no more of this distressing harangue is quoted here. It is enough and more than enough to show the gracious amenities of Mr. ANDERSON's dialectics.

Cardinal GIBBONS has been misquoted, it seems; but whatever he said, and we are sure that he said nothing that was not pondered, reasonable, and sincere, he is entitled to be treated as a gentleman and an honest and a good man, leaving out of the question his dignity, his distinction, and his age. Not only Cardinal GIBBONS, but the obscurest and humblest man in America has a right to express his opinion of prohibition; and if he is to be answered, he should be answered temperately, without aspersion of motives. The moderate drinker has always been a thorn in the side of the prohibitionists. Is the man of moderate views or language to be a public enemy in their view?

Triumph ought to make them generous. The case of Mr. ANDERSON, who used to have some sense of humor, is especially afflicting. Is prohibition to be a dogma which everybody must subscribe to? Many irritations, clashes of authority, much sullenness of public opinion in communities not yet converted to the new dispensation, must be expected in the next few years. Good temper might at least be asked of the winners.

THE FIRST DIVISION IN FRANCE.

Now when the American Army of Occupation is looking down on the Rhine and the censorship has been relaxed, the Regulars are coming into their own. Indeed, there is no reason why the exploits of any American unit cannot be described. The stories of the Rainbow Division, the Empire Division, (the 27th,) the 77th of the National Army, the Wildcat Division, (the Western unit claiming that designation,) have been told by admiring correspondents, and the changes have been rung upon the valor of the Marines. But little has been heard of the machinelike precision and unvarying tenacity of the Regulars in action, in part because it is their business to fight without talking about themselves. However, even a Regular is human and likes to have his efficiency recognized. So when the 1st Division enjoyed a breathing spell at a Rhine bridgehead the correspondents were asked why they had overlooked the Regulars and had written so much about the achievements of National Guard and National Army Divisions; also why the Marines had been lauded to the skies as supermen when Regulars had done some of the work for which the sea-soldiers received credit—for instance, the capture of Vaux, which was taken by a battalion of the famous 9th Infantry.

It is true that the Regulars, whose organizations are not in touch with any given part of the United States, coming from everywhere, so to speak, and therefore without champions, had been more or less neglected. The 1st Division, consisting of a brigade of infantry, a brigade of artillery, with a regiment of engineers, a signal battalion, and the usual adjuncts, had been the first unit to land in France, the first to go into the trenches and into action, and the first to win anonymous fame in the brisk capture of Cantigny; and it had fought on until the heights of Sedan were won—all this without filling the trump of fame. The censor had consistently cut out the name of the organization all along the path to victory. Its remonstrance recalled the growl of the Regulars in Cuba when the Rough Riders eclipsed them in the first news of the carrying of San Juan Hill. At that time JOHN J. PERSHING was a First Lieutenant of the 10th Cavalry, a crack negro regiment, and he remarked ironically to a correspondent that the Rough Riders seemed to be "the whole show" in the newspapers.

The Regulars have to wait for recognition. As fighting is their profession they are supposed to excel and be silent. In all our wars their discipline has told. They have done great things as a matter of course, and it is a pleasantry when others are praised to say that they themselves are only Regulars; but there is a world of meaning in that way of putting their devotion to duty. The story that a commander of Regulars at the front sent word to a French General that he could not ask his men to retire may have been an inspiration of a correspondent on the alert for heroics with an ear quick to hearsay, but it is a fact that the Regulars hate going back with a passionate intensity. In France the 1st Division has certainly done very little of it, if it has ever given way a foot.

One explanation of the obscurity of this unit right up to the armistice is that from the day it landed in France the censor had orders to cut its number out of bulletins of the fighting lest the Germans might obtain intelligence of the identity and increase of the American forces. General BULLARD, every inch a soldier and a born leader of men, is said to have commanded the 1st Division at Cantigny, but nobody at home knew it for many a long day. Thereafter these Regulars, with brief respites to get their breath and reorganize, were in the thick of everything that was going on and bore themselves with a steadiness that had become second nature. They did not want to be called heroes, and exaggeration of their deeds would have excited a grim sense of humor that is characteristic of the Regular. It seems that the 1st not only made a great fighting record in France, as was to be expected, but from its ranks furnished officers for other organizations. Sometimes it was an obtuse censorship that clapped down the extinguisher upon the 1st Division, but is it not the fashion to make the Regulars wait unconscionably long for their laurels?

THE EX-KAISER'S BIRTHDAY.

The most distinguished resident of Amerongen, Holland, on Monday celebrated the completion of his sixtieth year. In memory of the day came great quantities of flowers from friends and admirers in the country across the border, where he was formerly well and favorably known; also several dozen scurrilous and abusive letters, which did not trouble his holiday calm since they were carefully sorted out of his mail and thrown away by his servants. The subject of congratulations doubtless has some trouble in recognizing himself when he looks in the mirror nowadays, for he has lately taken to wearing the undistinguished garb of civil life, and a Vandyke beard has supplanted the bristling mustaches once so famous. There is, too, the little matter of the projected serenade by the village choir, which had to be abandoned on account of public opinion; and some disorganization seems to have been caused in the household by the recent desertion of a number of old servants. But, on the whole, it may be doubted if many men of 60 can celebrate their birthdays in such external comfort.

However, it all depends on what you've been used to. Ten years ago this same man celebrated his fiftieth year in Berlin, with Kings and Grand Dukes flocking to him to pay their respects and assure him of their loyal support. Among the innumerable gratifying incidents which adorned that occasion were the presentation of $100,000 by ADOLPHUS BUSCH to Harvard University to found a museum of Germanic culture in honor of the birthday, and a gift by the celebrant himself to the American Church in Berlin of a sumptuously embellished volume which was regarded by giver and receiver as the token of an ancient and valued friendship. To be sure, this man's chief servant had lately had to promise the parliament of his subjects that he would keep his master's tongue in its place; but this was a detail of small account.

Five years ago, on Jan. 27, this highly placed personage celebrated the completion of another lustrum. There were the same throngs of cheering subjects, the same processions of congratulatory ambassadors, the same edifying spectacle of eminent scientists, business men of genius, artists and authors of distinction who counted as their greatest honor the receipt of a ribbon from him. There were also annoying trivialities, of course; the civil administration of Alsace-Lorraine was just resigning on account of the feeling roused by the incident at Saverne; but this could hardly mar the day. This distinguished individual ruled an empire which was absolutely, if not relatively, the most powerful ever known; by common consent the strongest State in the world, and supposed to be, in many ways, the most highly civilized. He governed his people, in the last analysis, according to his own personal pleasure; and they liked it.

Other Emperors have fallen as far and as suddenly, but of no other can it be said so confidently that his fall was entirely his own fault. If he had let well enough alone he would have celebrated his birthday in Berlin this year, amid the same surroundings and the same enthusiasm. His people were far gone on a vicious course when he came to the throne, but if he had spent his first twenty-five years in holding them back instead of spurring them on he would not now be wondering if he will ever see another birthday. No doubt he does not see it in this light; delusions of persecution, which seem to be endemic in the German people, have not left the imperial family unaffected; he probably regards himself as the victim of an infamous conspiracy of the whole human race, and perhaps hopes that the friend and patron of Gott will not be forsaken. But his hope is a small one; the grand jury of civilization is preparing the indictment. History shows no more perfect illustration of the old Greek doctrine of Hubris and Nemesis, of overweening pride infallibly punished.

MAKING IT PLAIN.

Mr. CHESTER M. WRIGHT, who used to be managing editor of The New York Call, and may therefore be supposed to know something about Socialists, sends to The Tribune from Paris the information that "LENINE "is not satisfied with the proposed "International Socialist Congress "called by ARTHUR HENDERSON, the "British Radical labor leader, and "proposes to hold a personally supervised congress of extremists to "plan the overthrow of the bourgeoisie by the most approved Bolshevist methods."

It is just as well that there should be no nonsense, no use of language to conceal thought about LENINE's attempt to overthrow the present order of civilization. HENDERSON's congress is only a congress of Socialists. It is well that a deep dividing line should be drawn between honest Socialists and the Bolsheviki. Bolshevism is not socialism. It contemplates the government of the people by a few for a few. It is no wonder that LENINE, holding the ideas he does, will have nothing to do with half measures, or with those who propose them, Laodiceans, whom, because they are neither hot nor cold, he despises.

We earnestly hope that LENINE's congress will be in session long enough to illustrate completely the great division that separates these new Caesars, these new Napoleons, these new Hapsburgs, these new Hohenzollerns, these new Legrees, from the common run of man, workingman, Socialist, or whatever he may be.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Realization Gained by Seeing. For President WILSON to use his first leisure day, not in rest, but in a personal inspection of the ruins at Château-Thierry, Rheims, and the neighboring towns, was in every way commendable, and it is equally comprehensible and beyond criticism that the French, ever since his arrival, have been eager to have him see with his own eyes exactly what this war was before the Peace Conference reaches its conclusions as to the action to be taken with respect to the prevention of future wars. Of course, he already knew from books and pictures, as everybody else with an intelligent or even decent interest in the happenings of his day must know, what it was that the Germans brought to pass in their mad effort to conquer and rule the world. It is, however, the unanimous and easily believable assertion of all who have traversed the zones of active operations that only by personal inspection can either a full or a real understanding of the horrors there accumulated be obtained, and such an understanding is certainly desirable as preparation for their work by every participant in the great Congress.

What was the worst feature of what the President saw has now been concealed by the colossal toils of the military gravediggers, but enough was left to bring before him more clearly than can books or pictures the enormity of the crime for which, in addition to guarding against its repetition, he is to help in fixing just reparation.

Accusations Against Our Soldiers. First among the emotions created in American minds by the reports from Paris of murders and robberies committed there in large numbers by men who are or have been American soldiers—first and strongest of those emotions is incredulity. Our own towns and cities have been full for months of just such men as the members of our force abroad, and the instances in which they have been guilty of anything approaching serious misbehavior have been so few as to be, if not exactly negligible, at least regarded calmly as the sporadic transgressions to be expected from any large aggregation of human beings.

As a class, these soldiers have been more than notable for orderliness, sobriety, and courtesy. They have been teachers of good manners to the civilian population, and they have promoted public safety instead of endangering it. That any large number of the brothers of these men have fallen into criminal ways in the French capital is a matter of fact, of course, and not one of opinion or assertion, but doubt and even disbelief will persist here until the Parisian authorities have police station records and court convictions to prove the charges.

The men accused are described as deserters, but desertion in time of war is an offense which our army officers view as gravely as do those of any other army, and it seems far from likely that such evasions have been ignored by them. Possibly the "Apache" of Paris has not found it difficult to get American uniforms in which to disguise himself in order to minimize the risk of detection and capture. No American soldier in Paris has for crime the excuse or explanation of desperate need, as generous provisions for all his wants are made.

A Momentous Question Is Raised. In "The Roll Call," latest product of ARNOLD BENNETT's industrious pen or typewriter, there is presented a curious test of gentility or social rank. The hero of the tale, calling at the house of an office associate, has the door opened at his ring of its bell by a young woman who asks, "Do you want to see father?" It seems that if the words had been, "Did you want to see father?" it would have proved that she belonged to the shop girl or clerk class, but the "do" raised her above those depths!

At any rate, that is the hero's belief, and apparently Mr. BENNETT himself at least inclines to the same opinion. It may be, of course, that Mr. BENNETT is only laughing at the young man, as he does often and often, but none the less the difference between the two questions remains an interesting one.

"Do you want to see father?" is quite right, indeed, but isn't "Did you want to see father?" just a shade more suave, just a shade less peremptory? If so, might it not be the better—sometimes?

THE GENERAL'S PLACE.

Some Lines from an Unpublished MS. of General R. E. Lee.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Friday's issue of THE TIMES you administer a merited rebuke to "critics of our army chiefs who are in the habit of speaking scornfully of men in high command who send others into battle and themselves remain safely in the rear."

Several years ago I had the privilege of reading General Robert E. Lee's views as to the place of a General in battle, which may be of interest to your readers. I quote from an unpublished manuscript in his handwriting. The date is not given, but the internal evidence points to the time of the Mexican war:

"Thus with 10,000 men a General fights. He ought to be in the middle of his troops, and often exposed to the fire of the enemy's musketry.

"With 30,000 men a General commands. He causes his reserves and troops to move, and if he is generally, unless under very extraordinary circumstances, beyond the range of musketry he ought to be constantly within that of artillery.

"With 80,000 or 100,000 men a General directs. He forms his plans, issues his orders before the battle, and awaits the event in a central position. During the battle he provides for all unforeseen contingencies, remedies every accident.

"Before the battle he ought to expose himself in order to see with his own eyes and judge with precision as to the state of affairs. This duty fulfilled, he issues his orders and leaves each to perform the duty assigned him.

"If things turn out well he has nothing more to do. Should accidents occur, they should be met by fresh combinations.

"If, on the other hand, the aspect of affairs threatens a catastrophe, then he should place himself at the head of the last troops he moves against the enemy. At such a moment his presence gives an impulse and produces a moral effect that doubles their valor."

From the above it is seen that in only one case does General Lee hold that the commanding General of a large army should lead his men in battle, and that is "when the aspect of affairs threatens a catastrophe." Under such circumstances General Lee thrice tried in the Spring of 1864 to lead his men to "the imminent deadly breach," but was prevented by their refusal to advance unless he would go to the rear. See the details given in General Long's authoritative "Memoirs of Robert E. Lee," in his account of the battles of Spottsylvania and the Wilderness.

So far is it from being the opinion of General Long (a most accomplished officer) that the General in Chief should lead his troops in battle that he feels called on to justify General Lee's endeavor to do so. Thus on Page 341 of the "Memoirs" he says with reference to the battles above named: "General Lee's presence and action were necessary to stimulate the men to greater deeds of valor. It had become a question of victory or defeat, and any General may reasonably expose himself when the fate of a battle hangs upon a thread. In the writer's experience, General Lee never unnecessarily courted danger, though he never cautiously avoided it. It was always his custom to make a personal examination of the movements in progress, as he wished to avoid any reckless exposure of his men. This habit frequently brought him under the fire of the enemy, but he never exposed himself recklessly or unnecessarily, though no consideration of personal safety ever deterred him from the full performance of the duties which necessarily devolved upon a commanding General."

CHARLES A. GRAVES.
University of Virginia, Jan. 24, 1919.

Amend the Constitution.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of the greatest and most dangerous pests is the chewing gum fiend.

They spit out the gum on sidewalks, in theatres, and any other old place most convenient to them.

It is carried to the homes of decent people on their shoes, no doubt spreading consumption, influenza, and other infectious diseases.

Can't you do something to help suppress the sale of this article? I. B.
New York, Jan. 27, 1919.

THE MARTIAL MUSE.

Her sanguine song has pealed so long,
Her screams have rung so wildly,
That now, with peace, her woes increase—
She cannot warble mildly.
The wary chats of diplomats,
Though consummate in cunning,
Do not enthrall her soul at all
Like whippet tanks a-Hunning.
The sudden cease of shot and shell
Has left her somewhat dizzy;
Her gory rhymes offend the times.
And yet . . . she must keep busy!

No more she durst make shrapnel burst
Like salvos of tomato,
Nor let cold steel the foe congeal
To cannon obbligato.
She has to stand, her lyre in hand,
Like any parlor model
(Without a verse to rouse a curse)
And chant the dove-cote twaddle.
She hates to sing of love and Spring
But Winter, though you view it
With self-control, means bills for coal
And so . . . she has to do it!

ELIAS LIEBERMAN.

$250,000 FOR TROOP WELCOME IS VOTED

Aldermen Adopt Mayor's Resolution Despite Republican and Socialist Opposition.

POLICE READY FOR TROUBLE

Bitter Wrangle Over Costly Celebration Instead of Aiding Soldiers to Jobs.

Extra police and detectives were ordered to guard the City Hall yesterday from a threatened disturbance by discharged soldiers and sailors while the Board of Aldermen was considering the proposal of Mayor Hylan for an issue of $250,000 in special revenue bonds to finance the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Soldiers. Several persons who addressed one another as "Comrade" were excluded from the galleries, and there was only a minor disturbance after the Mayor's proposal had been authorized with only nine dissenting votes.

Orders to station extra police in the corridors and galleries were given to Inspector Conboy of the First Inspection District, after several discharged soldiers had asserted at a meeting in the Rand School of Social Science, in East Fifteenth Street, on Monday night that they would attempt a demonstration to prevent the passing of the resolutions.

Before the Rand School meeting was broken up by Navy Beach Guards, several protests had been made, the speakers asserting that the money should be used in finding jobs for discharged soldiers, and not in entertaining them. Several Aldermen were at the meeting.

Soldier in Uniform Searched.

While the Mayor's proposal was being debated by the Aldermen an assistant Sergeant-at-Arms in the gallery requested a soldier in uniform to step into the corridor, and there he was searched by detectives. He had nothing in his pockets but an honorable discharge from the army, and he said he had come to the meeting to present to the board a copy of the resolutions passed at the Rand School meeting by the so-called Soldiers', Sailors', and Marines' Protective Association. He said his name was Ralph Tropp and that he had been wounded at Fismes while he was serving with the 305th Field Artillery. Detectives allowed him to return to the gallery.

After the Mayor's proposal had been adopted by a vote of 62 to 9 another resolution was passed authorizing the city officials to let all the contracts for the decorations and other work to be done in preparation for the welcome without calling for public bids. Under the plan proposed to the Aldermen last week by the Mayor's Secretary the work to be contracted for would amount to about $125,000 for decorations, $25,000 for illumination, $15,000 for a reviewing stand, and more than $100,000 for dinners and other entertainments, in addition to the money derived from the special revenue bonds $100,000 set aside in the budget is available for the use of the committee.

A substitute resolution introduced on behalf of the Republican minority in the board, protesting against the use of such a large sum merely for entertainment of the soldiers, was defeated by a vote of 49 to 5. The Socialist members did not vote on this, although they voted in the negative upon the Mayor's proposal.

The resolution of Aldermen Falconer, Squiers, and Quinn said it was unnecessary to provide an issue of bonds because money could be transferred from the budget appropriation for special tunnel, aqueduct, and bridge guards. It was pointed out that $450,000 had been set aside for these special police and that reduction of their numbers would leave $250,000 for the Mayor's Committee.

Want Jobs Provided.

The resolution offered by the Republican members said that "the returning soldiers and sailors themselves would prefer that the city, instead of spending $730,000 with private contractors and without public letting, should spend the greater part of this $730,000 in such a way as to redound to the direct and permanent welfare of our returned soldiers and sailors through the initiation and prosecution of public works of vital necessity." In addition to giving soldiers and sailors jobs on public works of all sorts the suggestion was that some of the money be used in creating bureaus to find jobs for the returned men.

It was pointed out that $100,000 already was available in the city budget and that a special issue of special revenue bonds for $80,000 had been voted for the temporary Arch of Victory. To add to this the $300,000 to be raised by public subscription and the sum proposed by the Mayor, all to be spent only upon a fleeting welcome, the resolution continued, would constitute "pomp and pageantry more extravagant and wasteful than any since the days of the Roman Empire." The effect of the expenditure upon taxes also was touched upon.

In reply Borough President Dowling of Manhattan said that the emergency policemen were a necessary part of the department until the regular members returned from war, and he remarked that during the Mitchel administration $250,000 was provided for the welcome of the allied missions without a dissenting vote among the Aldermen.

Alderman Falconer retorted that the Republicans had no desire to detract from the welcome to the soldiers, but that they did not desire to point out a way to get the money without issuing special revenue bonds. He added that the sum to be spent in decorations was more than three times the $40,000 used to transform Fifth Avenue into the "Avenue of the Allies" during the Fourth Liberty Loan campaign, "and they were the best decorations the world has ever seen." Alderman Squiers suggested an endowment fund to aid soldiers whenever they were in distress.

When President Moran of the Aldermen retired from the session to attend an executive meeting of the Board of Estimate the seven Socialist Aldermen had a series of clashes with Alderman William P. Kenneally, who was called to preside, and with other Aldermen. Reading of a letter pressing a resolution offered by the Socialists was opposed by Alderman Wirth upon the ground that it was "propaganda" and for several minutes there was confusion. A woman in the gallery who shouted: "This is worse than Russia" was calmed by the extra policemen stationed there, and the presiding Alderman called upon the sergeant at arms to seat the Socialist Aldermen who were demanding the floor. The bickering upon employment for soldiers and the recent harbor strike continued until adjournment.

Controversy Over Beck Invitation.

Another controversy began in Brooklyn yesterday over the invitation extended to James M. Beck to speak at a mass meeting in the Brooklyn Academy of Music tonight under the auspices of the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee. A resolution purporting to have been adopted by members of the Brooklyn committee at a meeting at the home of James E. Sullivan, at 530 Fifty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, was presented to Borough President Reigelmann, Honorary Chairman of the Victory Committee. It protested against the invitation extended to Mr. Beck.

Borough President Reigelmann ordered Nathan S. Jonas, Chairman of the committee, to cancel the invitation, so that "nothing would be done to give offense to any people of Brooklyn." He charged that the meeting of the Independent Citizens' Committee in Madison Square Garden on Jan. 17, at which Mr. Beck and the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning were speakers, "was planned as a direct attack upon the head of the city government." Mr. Beck should not have been invited to the Brooklyn meeting, Borough President Reigelmann continued, because he "took such an active part in furthering the objects of the Madison Square meeting."

Mr. Sullivan refused Borough President Reigelmann's invitation to confer with Chairman Jones, who then gave out a statement asserting that the resolutions "contained untruths and misstatements." He said the committee was not antagonistic to Mayor Hylan or any other public official, and continued:

"While I remain Chairman of this committee, no newspaper or its representative will dictate the actions of the committee nor influence its Chairman; neither will any body of men, in or out of politics, intimidate the committee in spite of the fact that some newspapers are willing to support and give publicity to unimportant details for the purpose of embarrassment. This committee is going about its labors, believing that it has practically the united citizenship of Brooklyn behind it. Whenever its Chairman shall observe a sentiment to the contrary, he will call a meeting of the Executive Committee and present his views to them for action."

Borough President Reigelmann also announced that several soldiers who had walked out of the Madison Square mass meeting after the Mayor had been criticised for appointing William R. Hearst as a member of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops had informed him they would create a disturbance if Mr. Beck spoke at the meeting.

Secretary Daniels Orders Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Secretary Daniels today instructed Rear Admiral Usher at New York to investigate and report upon the suppression by a naval guard and police reserves there last night of a meeting of discharged soldiers, sailors and marines at which the speakers criticized the Government.

WOULD AVOID THIS PORT.

Pennsylvania Legislators Assail Welcoming Committee Here.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Jan. 28.—State Senator George Woodward of Philadelphia today introduced a resolution in the Senate assailing Mayor Hylan's committee to welcome homecoming soldiers from France, and asked the Federal Government to designate Philadelphia as the port of debarkation.

The resolution was adopted by both Senate and House, and, according to its terms, Secretary of the Commonwealth Cyrus E. Woods will at once forward copies to the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy. The resolution reads:

Whereas, The Mayor of the City of New York has appointed on a committee to receive soldiers, sailors, and marines returning from Europe men whose patriotism in the war with Germany and Austria has been questioned; and,

Whereas, The Port of Philadelphia has adequate facilities to permit the landing of these returning soldiers, sailors, and marines; and,

Whereas, It is proper and fitting that these men returning from a war having for its purpose the preservation of our life, liberty, and happiness should be landed at Philadelphia, the city wherein was adopted the Declaration of Independence, establishing the liberties of the people; therefore, be it

Resolved, If the House of Representatives concur, that the general assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby respectfully petition the President of the United States, the Secretary of War, and the Secretary of the Navy of the United States to appoint the Port of Philadelphia as the port for the landing of all soldiers, sailors, and marines returning from Europe and destined for the Eastern part of the United States.

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Commonwealth be directed to forward a copy of this resolution to the President, the Secretary of War, and the Secretary of the Navy of the United States.

VOTE FOR TAX COMMISSION.

Assembly Favors Establishment of Board to Increase Revenues.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—The Assembly today concurred in the resolution already presented to the Senate for the establishment of a commission to investigate taxation and devise means to raise taxes to take the place of the revenue that will be lost through the adoption of the prohibition law. A tax on all incomes above $2,000 will be recommended.

The bill provides for a commission of six members, three Senators and three Assemblymen. Two of the places, it is understood, will go to the Democrats. An appropriation of $15,000 for the commission's expenses is provided for.

If the bill is adopted at once the commission will hold its first session in Albany next week. There will be at least one session in New York City.

It is expected that Senator Davenport will be Chairman of the commission. He is at present Chairman of the Senate Committee on Taxation.

It is intended to retain three prominent tax experts—Professor Charles J. Bullock of Harvard, Chairman of the Model Tax Committee of the National Tax Association; Professor E. R. A. Seligman of Columbia, and Professor Henry Adams of the University of Wisconsin. Either Charles J. Tobin of Albany, Vice President of the National Tax Association, or Martin Saxe, former State Tax Commissioner, will be selected as counsel to the commission.

ALTERS WAR CONTRACT BILL

Senate Bars Profits on Work Performed After Cancellation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—With the hope of reaching a final vote before adjournment tomorrow, the Senate devoted another day to consideration of the bill for the validation and settlement of informal war contracts. The measure, which was framed by the Military Affairs Committee as a substitute for the House bill, was amended in several minor details.

Without a record vote the Senate tentatively accepted an amendment offered by Senator McKellar of Tennessee providing that in no case should any award include "prospective or possible profits on any part of a contract beyond the goods and supplies delivered to and accepted by the Government and a remuneration which may include a reasonable profit for expenditures and obligations necessarily incurred in performing the contract." The amendment is designed to prevent claims for profits on contracts, the filling of which had not been started at the time of cancellation.

An amendment by Senator Pomerene of Ohio, which was also adopted, would authorize the Secretary of War to apportion the amounts awarded to prime contracts among subcontractors. The amendment also would give the claims of subcontractors priority over those of other creditors.

PRAISE RAILWAY WORKERS.

Letters of Commendation to Washington Far Exceed Those of Blame.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Letters of complaint, suggestion, or commendation as to railroad service received by the Bureau for Suggestions and Complaints of the Railroad Administration during its first sixteen weeks of existence, up to Dec. 24, numbered 11,860. Classification of the letters, the bureau announced today, showed "that those commending employes for courtesy and loyalty exceed the complaints of discourtesy by nearly two to one."

"In not a few cases we have been able to adopt the suggestions made," the bureau said, "and the complaints and recommendations received have enabled us to correct disservice or discourtesy and recognize merit with a promptitude hitherto impossible."

Referring to letters of commendation for individual employes, the bureau said that they constituted a "record of which the army of railroad men as well as the women who have recently been mustered into service may well be proud." All letters of individual commendation have been entered on the records of the employes and "will be given due consideration at the appropriate time."

WANTS LION'S PLACE IN NATIONS' LEAGUE

If Peace Is to Last, Says Admiral Mayo, Lion and Lamb Must Lie Down Together.

SEES NAVY IN TRANSITION

Admiral Plunkett Tells Sons of the Revolution What Great Naval Guns Did on Land.

Admiral Henry T. Mayo, the commander in chief, and more than 100 other officers of the Atlantic fleet were the guests yesterday of the Sons of the Revolution at a luncheon served in Fraunces's Tavern. The officers present included Vice Admiral Albert Gleaves, commanding the Cruiser and Transport Force; Rear Admiral Hugh Rodman, who commanded the American dreadnoughts in the Grand Fleet; Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett, one of the new squadron commanders of the fleet, who was in command of the naval battery of big guns that fought on the western front; Rear Admiral C. S. Williams, and Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher.

Robert Olyphant, President of the organization, presided, and the speakers were Admirals Mayo, Rodman, Gleaves, and Plunkett, and De Lancey Nicoll. All of the speeches were war speeches and Admiral Mayo in the course of his remarks referred to the League of Nations now under consideration by the peace commissioners in Paris. He said that if the League of Nations becomes a reality it will mean that the "lion and the lamb must lie down together," and that in such an event he was of the opinion that the United States should try to be a lion and not a sheep.

"I thought," said Admiral Mayo, "that for some time before we entered the great war our people were losing much of the patriotic spirit that inspired our fathers in the Revolution. It seemed that a large part of our people had come to that pass where they appeared to think that the United States owed them something. And so I hope that the greatest value of this war will be the restoration of a sense of duty and obligation to our country on the part of the people.

"Just now the navy is in a sort of transition period following the tremendous expansion due to the war. We have now got to go backward a bit and reduce the navy, and I think there is danger that we may do it too fast. The war is not over yet, but granting that it will end without further hostilities, the fact remains that the navy has tremendous tasks yet to accomplish. We have got to bring our men back, we must rebuild the teamwork of our battleship and destroyer organizations, we must train new crews to fight our ships, for great numbers of the men who served so well enlisted for the period of the war and they are all anxious to get home, though some of them, I am sure, will come back. The result of all this has been the disorganization of what I term the teamwork of the fleet. The battleship commanders, I am sure, appreciate the magnitude of the task ahead of them. I know that I do.

"I wonder if any of you will combat the idea that had we spent two hundred or more millions on preparedness before the war we might not have been called upon to spend so many billions during the last year and one half. If the war ends without trouble between at least some of the nations that were engaged, it will be a different ending from any other great war that has ever taken place. Whether the Peace Congress is to be entirely successful with the League of Nations is something I will not discuss, but the fact remains that in order to keep peace the lion and the lamb must lie down together, and in such an event I think it perhaps best for America to take the rôle of the lion."

Mr. Nicoll, the next speaker, eulogized the work of the navy and also of the army in the war. He said that when we entered the war the army was unprepared, but that it was different with the navy.

Vice Admiral Gleaves said he had been heard so many times in New York that he had decided only to recall the efficient services of the officers and men under his command in transporting the great American army safely to France.

Admiral Rodman told of the surrender of the German fleet in which his dreadnoughts represented the United States. He received the order from Admiral Mayo more than fourteen months ago to proceed to the North Sea and join the British Grand Fleet at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, said Admiral Rodman.

"At 5 o'clock that same afternoon," added the Admiral, "the first ship of the division was under way. Our mission was to capture, destroy, or annihilate the German fleet, and that is what the Grand Fleet did. The instant a German ship poked its nose out of its hiding place there was a sufficient force ready to meet it. I am not permitted to tell you how we knew every time one tried to come out, but we did just the same. I have been asked the question many times why the German fleet surrendered. The principal cause was that they knew absolutely that if they did come out they would be licked. There is no question that the German fleet felt that in the event it came out it would meet the fate of the submarines, and I may add that it was not until after the surrender that we found out how effective had been the campaign against the U-boats. The final figures showed we had accounted for eighty more than we had claimed to have accounted for.

"It seems inconceivable," said Admiral Rodman, "that a fleet as strong as that of the Germans could accept conditions so humiliating. To this day not an officer or man in the Grand Fleet has spoken to those Germans except officially. We knew that they did not play the game fair, we knew they were barbarians by land and pirates by sea, the murderers of women and children, men who were not fit for an officer or a gentleman to speak to.

"We used to worry a little when we thought of war between America and Germany. We had fear of a war with that people. But there is no danger now. It is over and done with. There is nothing more."

Admiral Plunkett, who commanded the big American naval guns on the western front, said that the American naval battery fought all the way from St. Quentin to Luneville, playing a particularly brilliant and important part in the recapture of the important cities of Laon and Sedan. The five 14-inch guns which the navy manned were designed and built in this country. The carriages on which they were mounted were built in fifty days, thirty-nine concerns having part in that great achievement. When he arrived in France with his guns Admiral Plunkett said the French were at first skeptical as to the wisdom of permitting them to be transported over the railroad, being fearful that the roadbeds could not stand the weight. He finally had to appeal to the Government in Paris before he received permission to take the guns to the front. The fears of the French, the Admiral added, were in a measure justified as no such weights had ever before been carried on the French railroads.

Others at the luncheon yesterday were Captains William C. Cole, Harley H. Christy, and C. B. McVay, Jr., who were dreadnought commanders in the Grand Fleet under Rodman; Captain William A. Moffett of the new superdreadnought Mississippi, Captain D. M. Nulton of the fleet flagship Pennsylvania, Captain L. M. Overstreet, Captain Yates Stirling, and Captain W. K. Wortman of the destroyer forces; Captain G. R. Venable, Captain S. H. R. Doyle, Captain C. F. Freeman, Captain Adolphus Andrews, Captain D. W. Blamer, Captain E. H. Dodd, Captain C. R. Miller, Captain H. H. Hough, Captain W. V. Pratt, and Commanders F. C. Ely, A. S. Hickey, J. H. Hoover, F. C. Martin, S. B. McKinney, R. S. Robertson, and E. S. Root, Major N. P. Vulte, and Captain P. A. del Valle of the Marines.

APPEAL FOR NURSES TO FIGHT INFLUENZA

Henry Street Settlement Reports Itself Unable to Cope with Situation.

1,000 DEATHS LAST WEEK

Slight Increase Yesterday, but Dr. Copeland Says There Is No Cause for Alarm.

Lillian D. Wald, head of the Henry Street Settlement, issued an appeal yesterday for nurses and for money to bring nurses to the city to aid in the fight against pneumonia and influenza. At the settlement it was said that only 153 nurses were available and that many cases had to go unattended.

The settlement's nurses, it was said, were caring for 2,000 cases a day at the present time and that this was their limit, while at the height of the epidemic last Fall the 189 nurses and the 50 nurses' aids attached to the institution handled 4,000 cases a day. When Dr. R. S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, heard of the appeal of the Henry Street Settlement he said there was no necessity for turning away cases, for the Department of Health had from 400 to 500 nurses who could aid in the work. He immediately ordered the Bureau of Preventable Diseases to notify all the settlement and other private agencies handling the nursing situation that all cases they were unable to care for should be referred to the Health Department.

The Henry Street Settlement yesterday turned away applications for relief in broncho-pneumonia and double pneumonia cases, it was said, and a case was cited of a household of two families where seven of the eight persons were ill and no nurses available. Another appeal to which it was impossible to respond was that of a man whose wife and three children are ill with pneumonia, and who, without aid, was finding it beyond his strength to attend to the sick members of his family.

The number of new cases of pneumonia and influenza and deaths from these causes took an upward turn yesterday, but Health Commissioner Copeland said that there was nothing like an epidemic at the present time. There were 109 deaths from influenza yesterday, compared with 43 on Monday, and 119 deaths from pneumonia, compared to 61 the day before. The new cases were as follows:

	Influenza.	Pneumonia.
Tuesday	660	199
Monday	229	47

There were 1,140 deaths last week from pneumonia, influenza, and other respiratory diseases, compared with 433 a year ago. The average number of deaths from these causes for the week ended Jan. 25, covering a period of five years, was 400. During October, when the epidemic was at its height, the deaths ran more than 800 a day, said Dr. Copeland, adding that there was no cause for alarm at this time, and suggesting as the principal precaution that the sick member of the family be isolated.

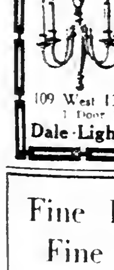
Here are the number of cases reported yesterday by boroughs:

	Influenza.	Pneumonia.
Manhattan	270	77
Brooklyn	246	63
Bronx	102	35
Queens	15	17
Richmond	27	7
Total	[illegible]	199

The visiting nurse service of the Henry Street Settlement, said Miss Wald yesterday, was overwhelmed with requests for nurses with demands for care in some cases of five, six, and seven persons ill in a family.

Celebrate Their Golden Wedding.

The golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. George Boardman Robinson was celebrated with a dinner and reception last evening at the Hotel Gramatan in Bronxville. Their daughter, Mrs. Ramsay Pugnet, acted as hostess. The couple were married in the old New York Cathedral in Mulberry Street, and for years Mr. Robinson was President of the New York Catholic Protectory in the Bronx. They have four sons and three daughters. All of the sons were present except John Bryan Robinson, a member of Coudert Brothers, who is now in Paris.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PERKINS APPOINTMENT HELD UP IN SENATE

Committee Reports on Other Selections, but Not on Her Case—Governor Demands a Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—Four of Governor Smith's most important nominations were reported today by the Senate Finance Committee to the Senate. The appointment of Miss Frances E. Perkins to the State Industrial Commission was not reported. Action on Miss Perkins's nomination, it is expected, will be taken next week, and it was rumored today that the committee will report her name. No reason was given for postponing action.

Governor Smith this afternoon declared that he would refuse to withdraw Miss Perkins's name, and said he wanted a vote by the Senate on her appointment, despite the opposition to her that has been made, particularly by the manufacturing interests of the State. The Governor intends to make a hard fight to have her nomination confirmed.

The appointments reported favorably today were: Lewis Nixon of New York, to be State Superintendent of Public Works, to succeed General W. W. Wotherspoon; Charles F. Rattigan of Auburn, to be State Superintendent of Prisons, to succeed William A. Orr, resigned; Michael J. Walsh, Yonkers, to be a member of the State Tax Commission, to succeed Ralph W. Thomas, and Henry S. Renaud of New York, to be State Superintendent of elections, to succeed Frederick Marshall.

The committee did not take a vote on Miss Perkins's nomination.

JOHN A. SQUIERS MARRIES.

Son of Late ex-Minister to Cuba Weds Mrs. Ethel Marks Gil.

John A. Squiers, son of the late Herbert G. Squiers, former Minister to Cuba and to Panama, and Mrs. Ethel Marks Gill, a daughter of the late Arthur Marks of Boston, were married yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of the bridegroom's aunt, Mrs. Frank H. Potter, 150 East Seventy-second Street, by the Rev. Percy S. Grant. There were no attendants and none except the members of the families were present.

The bridegroom's mother has had charge of a war hospital in France for several years. His father entered the American diplomatic service in 1895, when he was made Second Secretary of the American Legation in Berlin. He was appointed Minister to Cuba and to Panama by President Roosevelt, and was the First Secretary of the American Legation at Peking during the Boxer uprising. His death occurred in October, 1911, in London. The family have a residence at Beaulieu, in Hampshire, England.

Mrs. William Astor Drayton, whose husband is in the Serbian Army, is the bridegroom's sister, also Mrs. Harold Whitman, wife of Major Whitman. Another sister married Admiral H. H. Rousseau.

Kahn-Lowy Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Kahn of 600 West 113th Street, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Blanche Kahn, to Walter Lowy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Lowy of this city. Miss Kahn has been attached to the Broad Street canteen and it was here that she first met Mr. Lowy, who is a warrant officer in the pay corps of the Navy.

Moore Art Sale Reaches $43,716.

Blue and white porcelains and old Chinese bronzes at the second day's sale of the Rufus E. Moore Oriental art collection at the American Art Galleries yesterday brought $11,281, bringing the total to date to $43,761. H. Brenner paid $310 for a hawthorn jardiniere, teakwood cover and melon-shaped cornelian button, and $210 for a K'ang-hsi ginger jar with teakwood cover inlaid with carved jade.

A K'ang-hsi jardiniere with oriental cover, and decoration of rockery, flowers and flying birds, went to Lorenz, agent, for $350. O. Fukushima paid $250 for a gilt bronze incense burner, Ming; O. F. Robbins paid $280 for a bronze wine pot, Han period, with gold and silver inlay and archaic dragon design in low relief; a bronze bowl, Hsuan Te, and cover with green jadeite button, went to Bernet, agent, for $260, and a pair of exceedingly rare bronze offering stands with original covers, unique as a pair, went to K. Oshima for $420.

Old Chinese cloisonne enamels and old porcelains and potteries of different periods will be sold today.

Lieut. O'Neill, Army Airman, Killed.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—Lieutenant O'Neill, an American army aviator, was killed instantly this afternoon near Chatillon-sur-Seine when his machine collapsed at a height of about 700 feet from an unknown cause.

HURLEY DISCUSSES SHIPPING OUTLOOK

Believes Americans Determined to Maintain Merchant Marine of Adequate Size.

SEEKS DEFINITE PLAN

Wants to Know Extent of Construction Program and Government Operation.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Edward N. Hurley, head of the Shipping Board, announced today his intention to return to the United States on the Leviathan when she sails again from France after his examination here into problems connected with the merchant marine.

Mr. Hurley said he felt certain that the American people had determined to have and to maintain a merchant marine sufficient in size to make it certain that they would not be dependent on the shipping of other nations for their foreign trade, and that the demand for such a shipping program was virtually unanimous.

As soon as the armistice was signed, he said, he had recognized that a great many questions would arise in connection with the American shipping program that would require first-hand knowledge of what was planned to be done by the other nations engaged in shipping, and he had come to Europe in this connection.

Mr. Hurley said that now that the war pressure had been relieved, Americans and others interested with them in shipping under American registry were anxious for definite information concerning future plans for a merchant marine so as to settle three main questions, as follows:

What is the character and extent of the Government construction program?

What is the plan for continuing Government operation?

If Government operation is to be discontinued, on what basis will the ships be operated privately and to what extent will Government control be maintained?

Collateral to these questions but also of great importance are those that relate to the future construction program, as to the number and type of ships to be built and whether certain types of ships already constructed shall be authorized for foreign account.

Mr. Hurley also said that within the last sixty days he had obtained much information on the construction programs, operating problems and general plans of the other maritime powers and that the information had particular reference to the questions now under discussion in the United States. He feels that as a result of his investigations he will be able on his return to the United States to present information and data obtained while in England which will bear directly on the questions involved and should be of great assistance in determining the best future policy for the American merchant marine.

Some of the other maritime powers, Mr. Hurley added, through official and unofficial agencies, have felt called upon to intimate the belief that the United States would have many difficulties in constructing and maintaining a suitable and adequate merchant marine, but that his investigations did not lead him to believe that the difficulties confronting the United States were in any sense insuperable; in fact, that he was convinced that a construction and operation program could and would be developed which would give to the United States what her people desired in this connection.

No definite action on the various problems will be taken until the result of his investigations can be presented. Mr. Hurley said that he was fully aware of the urgency of the settlement of all these collateral questions and for that reason he contemplated making an early return to America for the purpose of laying before the Shipping Board as well as the Senate Commerce Committee and the House Committee on Merchant Marine the results of his investigations so that the board might, after considering all the European phases of the situation, make suggestions and recommendations to the President for a general policy.

Referring to his appointment with Samuel Gompers as the American representatives on the International Labor Committee of the Peace Conference, Mr. Hurley said that his discussion in America of the shipping situation would not interfere with his work in connection with the Labor Committee.

Miss Martin to Wed Ensign Secor.

Charles H. Martin of Yonkers announces the engagement of his daughter, Miss Josephine Dudley Martin, to Ensign H. Douglas Secor, U. S. N., son of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Secor of this city. Miss Martin is now engaged in Red Cross work at the Grand Central Palace Hospital. Ensign Secor is a graduate of Yale, Class of '12, and was recently detached from the Louisiana.

IMMIGRATION BAN WINS FIRST TEST

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

alien or the race to which he belongs because of his religious faith.

"And provided further, that nothing in this section shall be held to prevent the importation of skilled labor under the condition prescribed in the fourth proviso to the third section of the act of Feb. 5, 1917, entitled 'An act to regulate the immigration of aliens to and the residence of aliens in the United States'; and provided, that nothing in this act shall be held to repeal the provisions of the joint resolution of the Congress of the United States, approved Oct. 19, 1918, authorizing the readmission to the United States of certain aliens who have been conscripted or who have volunteered for service with the military forces of the United States or co-belligerent forces.

"And provided further, that during the period of the prohibition of immigration of aliens, other than the members of the classes hereinbefore exempted who are known to have been residents of those countries, if otherwise admissible, may be temporarily admitted from Canada, Newfoundland, and Mexico, for a period not exceeding six months, under such rules, governing entry, inspection, temporary stay, and departure as may be prescribed by the Commissioner General of Immigration."

To Deport Interned Aliens.

The House Immigration Committee also favorably reported a bill to deport all aliens who were interned, or convicted of crimes against this Government during the war. This bill, Mr. Burnett said, was requested by the Department of Justice and would bring about the deportation of 4,020 persons.

BILL OPPOSED IN EUROPE.

British Labor Leader Objects to America Barring Aliens.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—The European workers believe that labor has the right to go and come freely wherever employment is to be found regardless of frontiers, declared George Nicoll Barnes, Labor representative on the British peace delegation, in discussing the proposal to prohibit immigration into the United States for some years after the signing of the peace treaty. European labor, he said, was strongly opposed to such a law, although it was unable to prevent its passage.

The European labor market, Mr. Barnes pointed out, was full, while the field for employment in the United States hardly had been scratched over. Mr. Barnes said he thought a provision should be made, however, for employment of immigrants before they embark for a foreign land.

Mr. Barnes was in conference today with delegates from the British trades unions regarding the draft of a measure for the proposed International Labor Bureau which, when completed, will be submitted to the representatives of British employers. After this has been done the measure will be taken before the Peace Conference. Other drafts, it is expected, will be submitted by other nations. All are to be compared and consolidated into a final project for submission to the conference.

"We are working on the theory," said Mr. Barnes, "that the alleviation of industrial conditions throughout the world is an integral part of the work of the Peace Conference, low conditions of life being a menace to the peace of the world. It is not enough to affirm general principles. There should be an international organization to insure their observance. The difficulties heretofore have been, first, the lack of backing by States and lack of representation of employers and employed. The conventions of the Berne conference are still inoperative in many cases owing to the fact that the States represented there were free to adopt them or not as they thought fit.

"Neither employers nor employed could throw their weight in to give a backing to the scheme in the absence of an international authority to which they could appeal. We hope to overcome these difficulties by making our international organization co-ordinate with the League of Nations and by bringing together employers and employed, as well as States, and giving a status to be workers and employers."

RETAIL FOOD PRICES DROP.

Washington Market Dealer Looks for Further Decline.

A marked reduction in retail food prices is indicated by a comparison of figures for this week and a week ago. This decrease is especially noticeable at the Washington Market. One dealer said yesterday afternoon that he expected to see prices go much lower than at present, and added that business with the dealers had been especially good Friday and Saturday, following the marking down of the prices, and that so far this week the business had increased in volume over the same days last week, due, he thought, to lower prices.

The following table represents the slump in prices in the last week at Washington Market:

	This Week. Pound.	Last Week. Pound.
Chicken	32c	48c
Geese	40c	55c
Turkey	49c	55c
Butter	63c	78c
Pork	28c	40c
Bacon	34c	55c
Hams	34c	45c
Sirloin steak	38c	42c
Round steak	40c	45c
Eggs, fresh	65c doz.	80c doz.

Food prices have materially decreased in virtually all the markets of the city, but the prevailing opinion is that the consumer has not yet reaped the full benefit of the lower wholesale prices.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—The decline in the prices of dairy products which was renewed here today is attributed by many dealers to refusal of householders to pay the high prices which did not begin to break until a fortnight ago.

In the last five days cheese at wholesale has declined 8 cents; butter 6 cents and eggs 8 cents. A Federal Grand Jury is expected to report Saturday on retailers who are alleged not to have passed the saving on to the ultimate consumer.

C. H. DODGE GIVES $400,000.

Contribution for Near East Relief Announced at Luncheon.

A contribution of $400,000 to the campaign fund for the starving Armenians and Syrians, the gift of Cleveland H. Dodge, was announced at a luncheon yesterday at the Bankers' Club, by the New York City Committee of the American Committee for Relief in the Near East. In addition to this, contributions of $11,160.85, were announced, the collections of various teams. The committee has asked the workers to accept all Liberty Bonds possible at par, adopting as a slogan, "Would you keep a bond or a child?" It was announced that this is not violating any regulations of the Treasury Department.

Apart from the sum raised by the City Committee, the American Committee announced contributions amounting to $199,112.15, received during the week ending yesterday.

Bulk of Polk Estate Goes to Son.

The estate of Dr. William M. Polk, father of Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State, who died on June 23 last, was appraised yesterday at $875,121, of which the son received $716,557. Dr. Polk, who was a member of the Faculty of the Cornell Medical College, gave $5,000 to the institution, and left only $3,000 to his wife, Mrs. Marie H. B. Polk, who is wealthy in her own right. The bulk of the estate consisted of $788,256 in stocks and bonds.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. AGNES S. ROBINSON, widow of Jeremiah Robinson, and a lifelong resident of East Patchogue, L. I., died there on Monday at the age of 72 years.

Mrs. ELIZABETH M. CONLIN, 50 years old, wife of Daniel Conlin, and long a resident of Sea Cliff, died on Sunday of influenza.

WILLIAM THOMAS LONDON, for thirty years in the hotel business in Coney Island, died in the Lenox Clinic on Sunday, aged 56 years. Mr. London lived at 2,534 Coney Island Avenue.

EDWIN A. SCHWARZE, well known in Brooklyn as a violinist, and son of the late Professor Carl Schwarze, a musician, died of pneumonia on Monday at his home in Woodhaven, L. I. Mr. Schwarze was in his thirty-first year and was manager for the hospital supplies house of Bauer & Black.

JAMES J. GILROY, 57 years old, a member of Brooklyn Lodge No. 22, B. P. O. Elks, and the Era Yacht Club of Gravesend Bay, died on Monday at his home, 263 Seventy-first Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. OCTAVIA WALLACE LUCIUS, wife of Albert Lucius, a consulting engineer, died on Sunday at her home, 390 Tenth Street, Brooklyn, aged 74 years.

Mrs. BERTHA MARKENS FILER, wife of Daniel Filer, a stock broker, died of pneumonia on Sunday at her home, 1,064 East Fourteenth Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY ADELE BANTA SCHENCK, widow of William Wadsworth Schenck, and a daughter of the late Nelson H. Banta, died on Sunday at her home, 517 Throop Avenue, Brooklyn. She was 60 years old and for more than twenty years was employed as a clerk in the Department of Yards and Docks at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

LUDWIG WAHL, 51 years old, a Brooklyn restaurateur and member of the Odd Fellows and the Foresters of America, died at his home, 230 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday.

FRANK PEARNE ADAMS, for many years in the lumber business in Brooklyn, died of pneumonia on Monday at his home, 152 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, in his sixty-third year. Mr. Adams was a member of an old Brooklyn family and was the son of the late Russell W. Adams, one of the largest lumber dealers in the State. Mr. Adams was a member of the Republican County Committee, Brooklyn Lodge No. 288, F. and A. M., and a Past Regent of Amarath Council, R. A.

Mrs. JESSIE FRAZEE CHINNOCK, wife of Captain Frank C. Chinnock, U. S. A., insurance officer at Camp Upton, died on Sunday in her twenty-ninth year.

Mrs. CATHERINE HILLIN, 85 years old, died yesterday at her home, 80 Emerson Place, Brooklyn, of heart disease. She is survived by a son, George A. Hillin, a Brooklyn contractor, and three daughters.

JOHN SANDS, civil war veteran and retired shoe merchant, died at his home, 510 Decatur Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday in his seventy-seventh year. Mr. Sands was a trustee of the U. S. Grant Post No. 327, G. A. R., and an active member of St. Mark's Congregational Church.

LEON A. SEARL, a cartoonist and contributor of animated pictures for the moving pictures, died at his home in Flushing, L. I., on Monday at the age of 37 years. Mr. Searl was formerly art editor of The Rocky Mountain News at Denver and was later identified with the art departments of The Evening World and Evening Telegram in this city. He belonged to the Art League of America, the Bayside Yacht Club and the Lawrence Country Club.

Mrs. SALLIE SCHULTZ died Sunday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary Wiener, in Hicksville, L. I., at the age of 103 years. She was born in Budapest, Austria, Sept. 30, 1815.

Mrs. JANE L. DUNHAM, 81 years old, widow of Isaac S. Dunham, died yesterday at her home in Plainfield, N. J., as a result of a recent fall.

HENRY WIEDERHOLD, a retired builder, died yesterday at his home in Orange, N. J., in his seventieth year.

HENRY LANGE, of 203 East Ninety-second Street, for several years engineer of the Eighty-first Street Theatre, died suddenly Monday night at the age of 50 years.

HERMAN SCHLEUTER, pioneer Socialist and editor of The New York Volks Zeitung, the oldest Socialist newspaper in America, died Sunday of pneumonia at his home in the Bronx. He was 65 years old.

JOSEPH J. CUNNINGHAM, who was head keeper of the menagerie at Central Park, died Saturday of pneumonia at the Presbyterian Hospital. His home was at 186 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Mrs. BRIDGET COURTNEY, widow of Thomas Courtney and mother of the Rev. William A. Courtney, pastor of St. Brendan's Roman Catholic Church, the Bronx, died Monday at her home, 2,420 Webster Avenue, the Bronx.

JOSEPH J. KEEGAN, 54 years old, for fifteen years a messenger in the Water Supply Department of the city, dropped dead of acute indigestion yesterday afternoon in the office of the department in the Municipal Building. He lived at 4,445 Park Avenue, the Bronx.

Mrs. DOROTHY PIERSON BEVAN, wife of Major William F. Bevan, U. S. M. C., died Monday at her home in Glen Ridge, N. J. Her husband is now in France with the marines.

Lieutenant JAMES CONNELLY, who served seven months in France in the 127th Field Artillery, died yesterday at the home of his father in Jersey City. He was 24 years old and was a cadet at West Point for two years.

CHARLES RUSSELL McCARRON, 27 years old, song and dance vaudeville act writer, son of John H. McCarron, veteran vaudeville actor, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home, 248 West Fifty-first Street.

FREDERICK R. GILLESPIE, head of the firm of Hammill & Gillespie, importers and manufacturers of clays, died yesterday at his home, 319 West Eightieth Street.

JOHN D. RAVAZULA, 32 years old, of Ravazula Brothers, importers and exporters, died of pneumonia Monday.

WILLIAM J. LEE, for forty years a plate and window glass salesman, died suddenly Monday at Bridgeport, Conn., of heart disease. Mr. Lee was 61 years old.

JAY S. MOYER of J. S. Moyer & Co., Inc., shippers of the old Bangor roofing slates, of Bethlehem, Penn., died Sunday at Easton, Penn.

DR. BROWN AYRES DEAD.

President of University of Tennessee Dies in Knoxville at 62.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 28.—Dr. Brown Ayres, President of the University of Tennessee since 1904, died here today after a brief illness. Dr. Ayres was born in Memphis, Tenn., sixty-two years ago, and after an engineering course at Washington and Lee University he went to Stevens Institute, from which he was graduated in 1878. He was a Fellow at Johns Hopkins University in 1879 and 1880. He was for fourteen years connected with the College of Technology, first as Professor of Physics, and later he was Vice Chairman of the Faculty for four years and then Dean for six years.

Dr. Ayres became Acting President of Tulane University in 1904, and later in the same year was made President of the University of Tennessee. Honorary degrees were received by him from Stevens Institute, Washington and Lee University, South Carolina College, Tulane University, University of Alabama, and the University of the South.

Dr. George Newton Ferris.

Dr. George Newton Ferris, for thirty years in general medical practice in Flatbush, died suddenly of heart disease yesterday at his home, 2,107 Bedford Avenue, Flatbush. Dr. Ferris was born in Tarrytown, N. Y., Sept. 23, 1854, and after preparatory courses in Brooklyn he studied in Switzerland and Germany for four or five years, and was graduated from the Long Island College Hospital in 1870.

Mrs. Kurt Schindler.

Mrs. Kurt Schindler, formerly a Russian Imperial actress, died yesterday of influenza at her home, 121 East Fifty-second Street. She was 28 years old and before her marriage in 1916 was Miss Vera Androuchevitch of Russia. She gave up the stage upon her marriage. Mr. Schindler is a composer and conductor of the Schola Cantorum.

Born.

ADLER.—To Mr. and Mrs. Louis Adler of 112 West 110th St., a baby girl, on Jan. 28, 1919.

COHEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Maxwell Cohen of 251 West 82d St. announce the birth of a boy, Allen Maxwell, Jan. 27, 1919.

GARCY.—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin, (nee Ruth Emmerich,) of Woodmere, L. I., announce the arrival of a daughter, on Jan. 28, 1919.

Married.

HAIGHT—ENTWISTLE.—On Jan. 27, Nell Entwistle to Eugene C. Haight.

SPITZER—KAPLAN.—On Jan. 28, Leola Kaplan, youngest daughter of Mrs. Baruch D. Kaplan of 40 East 83d St., N. Y. C., was married to Rudolph Spitzer, at Hotel Savoy, by Rev. Dr. Mordecai M. Kaplan.

SQUIERS—GIL.—On Jan. 28, at 150 East 72d St., by the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, D. D., John Astor Squiers, son of the late Hon. Herbert G. Squiers, to Ethel Marks Gil, daughter of the late Arthur Marks.

Died.

ADAMS.—Frank P., suddenly, of pneumonia, Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, Frank Pearne Adams, in his 63d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 152 Lefferts Place, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 29, at 7:45 o'clock.

ALEXANDER.—On Jan. 28, Milton Alexander, beloved husband of Rebecca Broder Alexander and father of Louise Alexander. Funeral from his late residence, 2,029 Bathgate Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M. Interment Cypress Hills. Chicago, Pittsburgh and Detroit papers please copy.

BEVAN.—At Glen Ridge, N. J., on Jan. 27, 1919, Dorothy Pierson, wife of Major William F. Bevan, U. S. M. C., A. E. F. Funeral from the home of her sister, Mrs. John W. Sands, 52 Woodland Av., Glen Ridge, on Wednesday, Jan. 29, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken at 2:30.

BOUGHTON.—On Jan. 28, Anna E. Boughton, mother of Florence L. Boughton. Funeral from her late residence, 204 West 70th, on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 8:30 A. M. Interment at Troy, N. Y. Chicago papers please copy.

BOWLES.—Mary E., widow of the late Thomas N. Bowles. Funeral services at her late residence, 474 54th St., Brooklyn, Thursday, 8 P. M. Interment private, at Union Cemetery, Bedford, N. Y.

BYK.—Pauline, beloved wife of Morris Byk, in her 72d year, at her residence, 1,190 Madison Av., Monday, Jan. 27. Funeral Thursday, 10 A. M.

CAROLA.—On Jan. 27, 1919, Nicholas Carola. Funeral from his late residence, 711 Park Place, near Bedford Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 1:30 P. M.

CASEY.—Helen Frances, on Jan. 28, at the residence of her aunt, Miss H. O'Hanlon, Elm Point, Great Neck, L. I. Funeral Thursday morning, from St. Aloysius Church, Great Neck, at 10:30 o'clock. Automobile cortege.

CASEY.—On Jan. 26, 1919, Irene, beloved daughter of William and Catherine Casey. Funeral from her late residence, 3,351 Perry Av., on Wednesday, Jan. 29, thence to St. Brendan's Church, 207th St. and Perry Av., where solemn requiem mass will be offered at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary.

CHIPMAN.—Of pneumonia, on Jan. 27, 1919, at her residence, 15 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I., Florence S., (nee Jennison,) wife of Elisha S. Chipman. Interment at Cortlandt, N. Y.

CLAINOS.—Private Charles N. Clainos, 305th Infantry, aged 29, killed in action in the Argonne, Sept. 22. Requiem mass in St. Patrick's Cathedral, Thursday morning, Jan. 30, at 7 o'clock.

CLARK.—On Jan. 28, at the Home for Aged Men, 745 Classon Av., Brooklyn, John De Witt Clark, aged 76 years. Funeral services at the chapel of the home on Friday, Jan. 31, at 2 P. M.

COMBS.—At South Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Abbie E., widow of John W. Combs. Funeral services will be held at her late home, 521 Center St., South Orange, on Friday, Jan. 31, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

COURTNEY.—On Monday, Jan. 27, Bridget T., beloved mother of Joseph, Katherine, Mary, and the Rev. William Courtney. Funeral from her late residence, 2,420 Webster Av., Bronx, on Thursday, Jan. 30, 10 A. M. Solemn high mass of requiem at Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment St. Raymond's.

DAVIS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Robert Taylor Davis, only son of Thomas J. and Helen Davis, at their home, 1,917 Newkirk Av., Brooklyn. Notice of funeral later.

DE CAMP.—On Jan. 28, at his residence, 600 West 186th St., Silas O., husband of Emma C., (nee Hall.) Services Thursday, Jan. 30, at 2 P. M.

DEL CASTILLO.—On Monday, Jan. 27, Jose Perez, beloved husband of Virginia Julia del Castillo. Funeral service at 307 West 61st St. on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 11 A. M. Interment private. Havana papers please copy.

DUNNE.—On Monday, Jan. 27, Mary Cynthia, (nee Mead,) wife of Daniel J. Dunne, mother of James, Cynthia, and Daniel, at 181 Vermilyea Av., New York City. Boston papers please copy.

FERRIS.—Suddenly, on Jan. 28, 1919, George Newton Ferris, M. D., son of the late Rev. John Mason Ferris, D. D., and the late Mary Elizabeth Schoonmaker. Funeral services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, St. Paul's Court, Flatbush, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday afternoon, Jan. 31, at 3 o'clock.

FUCHS.—On Jan. 28, Irving Fuchs, in his 22d year, brother of Isidor and Pauline Fuchs. Funeral from his late residence, 264 Degraw Av., Jamaica, on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 2 P. M.

GARDNER.—At Passaic, N. J., Monday, Jan. 27, Mary E. Hinchman, wife of Joseph M. Gardner, Sr. Service at her late residence, 155 Howe Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 1:30.

GELB.—At Los Angeles, Cal., in her 82d year, Gertrude Gelb, beloved wife of the late Jacob, mother of Mrs. Jacob Straus and Samuel Gelb. Funeral services at Sam Rothschild's funeral chapel, 208 Lenox Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M.

GILLESPIE.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Frederick R. Gillespie. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 319 West 80th St., on Thursday, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

GIORDANO.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Emelie Giordano, (nee Gorisse,) wife of the late Felix Giordano, aged 61 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 2 P. M., from her late residence, 338 Central Av., West Hoboken, N. J. Interment Fairview Cemetery.

GREER.—Jan. 27, 1919, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. Delano Wood, 709 East 18th St., Brooklyn, Margaret A. H., widow of Samuel M. Greer. Funeral Jan. 29, private.

GRIMME.—At Tampa, Fla., William E. Grimme of Newark, N. J., husband of Florence C. and son of George and Bertha Grimme, aged 33 years. Funeral notice later.

HALLOCK.—At Northport, Jan. 27, 1919, George C. Hallock, aged 81 years. Funeral services at his late residence Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, at 2 P. M. Interment at Huntington, L. I.

HALL.—At the residence of her mother, Mary Charlette Barkyoumb, 437 West 34th St., New York City, Blanche Irene, beloved wife of Patrick Hall of 156 Manhattan Av., New York City, aged 29 years, resting beside her sister, Mrs. Flora Mary, beloved wife of Dr. Richard Knapp of Hackensack, N. J., aged 31 years. Funeral from the residence of their mother, 437 West 34th St., New York City, Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 8:30 A. M., thence to Holy Trinity Church, Maple Av., Hackensack, N. J., where a high mass of requiem will be offered for the happy repose of their souls.

HEALY.—Suddenly, on Jan. 27, 1919, at her residence, 306 East Broadway, Anna Elizabeth Healy, (nee McMahon,) beloved wife of Thomas F. Healy and daughter of John and Rose McMahon. Solemn mass of requiem at St. Mary's Church, Grand and Ridge Sts., on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

HENDERSON.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Jan. 28, 1919, Helen Lois, aged 7 years 8 months, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William A. Henderson. Private funeral on Jan. 30, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Bloomfield Cemetery.

HOFFMANN.—In the 7th year of her age, Mildred Daisy, daughter of Paul and Melanie Hoffmann, of Maywood, N. J. Funeral services from Hudson Boulevard Crematory, on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

HORNER.—Nathaniel, aged 74, at Home for Incurables, 183d St. and 3d Av. Funeral services at the home at 11:30 A. M. Wednesday, Jan. 29.

HORTON.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, at his residence, 1,306 Rogers Av., Brooklyn, Albert Daniel Horton, son of the late Daniel H. and Ann Brown Horton. Notice of funeral later. Pawtucket, R. I., papers please copy.

HOTCHKISS.—On Jan. 28, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles S. Gilbert, New Haven, Conn., Amelia C. Hotchkiss, widow of the late Edward W. Hotchkiss. Funeral private.

KNAPP.—At the residence of her mother, Mary Charlette Barkyoumb, of 437 West 34th St., New York City, Flora Mary, beloved wife of Dr. Richard Knapp, of Hackensack, N. J., aged 31 years. Resting beside her sister, Blanche Irene, beloved wife of Patrick Hall of 156 Manhattan Av., New York City, who departed this life Tuesday morning, Jan. 28, aged 29 years. Funeral from the residence of their mother, 437 West 34th St., N. Y., Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 8:30, thence to the Holy Trinity Church, Maple Av., Hackensack, N. J., where a high mass of requiem will be offered for the happy repose of their souls.

KRESS.—Effie A., wife of Edward Kress, at her late home, 763 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, New York, Tuesday, Jan. 28. Funeral services 9:30 A. M., Thursday.

KUEHN.—Suddenly, Jan. 28, 1918, Otto F. Kuehn, in his 82d year. Funeral service at his late residence, 703 West 171st St., Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

LAWSON-JOHNSTON.—At the residence of her mother, 43 5th Av., on Jan. 27, Fannie D. Lawson-Johnston, of London, England, youngest daughter of Amelia Burras and the late Robert Dunlap. Funeral service on Wednesday morning, Jan. 29, 11 o'clock, at the Church of the Ascension, 10th St. and 5th Av. Paris and London papers please copy.

LEE.—Suddenly, on Jan. 27, at Bridgeport, Conn., William J. Lee, beloved husband of Charlotte E. Lee, (nee Smyth.) Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 325 East 20th St., New York, on Thursday evening, Jan. 30, at 8 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

LEVY.—On Jan. 27, Florence, dearly beloved daughter of Ben and Ray Levy. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,061 St. Nicholas Av., corner of 163d St., Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 10 A. M.

LITTLE.—At her residence, 170 West 75th St., Jan. 27, Lena Sushfield, wife of F. K. Little. Funeral private. Interment at Newburgh, N. Y.

LIVERMORE.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, at her residence, Montclair, N. J., Ann Eliza, wife of John R. Livermore. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

LOMMEL.—At his brother's residence, East Orange, Phillip Lommel, son of the late Christian and Philippina Lommel, 51st year. Funeral services Wednesday, Jan. 29, at Scully's Chapels, 64 6th Av., at 8 P. M. Interment Thursday, 11 A. M., Greenwood.

MARTORELL.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, Celestine Leonore, beloved daughter of Gertrude and Lorenzo Martorell, in her 27th year. Funeral services at St. Andrew's Church, Richmond, S. I., on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private. Asheville, N. C., papers please copy.

MAY.—Isidor, of 1,649 Amsterdam Av., beloved husband of Jennie (nee Schlesinger) and dear father of Lillian Silverstone and Louis D. May. Services at Myers & Co. Funeral parlors, 228 Lenox Av., near 121st St., Wednesday, Jan. 29, 2 P. M.

McCARRON.—On Jan. 27, Charles Russell, beloved husband of Cora L. McCarron, and son of John H. and Mable McCarron. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.) Thursday morning, 11:30 o'clock.

MOYER.—On Jan. 26, Jay S. Moyer, in Easton, Penn. Funeral service Jan. 29, at 11 A. M., Trinity Episcopal Church, Bethlehem, Penn. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

RAVAZULA.—John D. Ravazula of Ravazula Brothers, import and export business, of 1 Madison Sq., New York City, after a short illness from pneumonia, Monday, Jan. 27, at 4 A. M. The deceased was 32 years old and was born in Patras, Greece. He is survived by his aged parents, three brothers, one of them Mr. Theodore Ravazula, who is now in New York, and two sisters. Funeral will take place Thursday, Jan. 30, at 1:30 P. M., from the Holy Trinity Greek Orthodox Church, 151 East 72d St. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

REIDY.—On Jan. 27, 1919, John Foley Reidy, beloved husband of Marjory and son of Catherine Reidy, at his residence, 841 West End Av. Funeral on Thursday at 9:45. Requiem mass at the Church of the Ascension, West 107th St., at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

RICHARDSON.—At Paterson, N. J., on Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, A. Monteith Airth, Jr., only son of A. Monteith Airth and Sara Blundell Richardson, aged 16 years. Funeral services on Thursday, Jan. 30, at the home of his parents, 450 15th Av., Paterson, N. J., at 2:30 o'clock P. M. Belfast (Ireland) papers please copy.

SCHINDLER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, at her residence, 121 East 52d, Vera M. Androuchevitch, beloved wife of Kurt Schindler.

SCOTT.—On Sunday, Jan. 26, 1919, at his home, Pelham Manor, Walter Scott, in the 52d year of his age. Funeral services at the Church of the Redeemer, Pelham, on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 11 A. M. Train leaves Grand Central at 10:06.

SEDGWICK.—Sarah Minturn, wife of Henry D. Sedgwick and eldest daughter of Susanna Shaw and the late Robert Bowne Minturn, on Jan. 26, in Boston. Funeral service at Calvary Church, 21st St. and 4th Av., on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

SELIG.—Julia, (nee Weil,) of 408 West 150th St., beloved wife of Samuel and dear mother of Blanche, Jacob and Ben. Funeral notice later. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SHANLEY.—Sunday, Jan. 26, Andrew E. Shanley, beloved husband of Margaret J. Shanley, (nee Quirk,) at his residence, 148 West 91st St. Funeral from Campbell's Burial Parlors, Broadway and 66th St., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 9:30 A. M. sharp; thence to Church of St. Gregory, 90th St. and Amsterdam Av. Requiem mass at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

SHANLEY.—The Society of Restaurateurs deeply regret to announce the death of Active Member Andrew E. Shanley. Requiem mass will be offered at 10 o'clock Thursday morning at the Church of St. Gregory, 90th St. and Amsterdam Av. Interment Calvary Cemetery.
JOHN J. CAVANAGH, President.
HOWARD E. TAYLOR, Secretary.

SHAPIRO.—Anna, 1,187 Hancock St., Brooklyn, survived by Clara and Rebecca. Funeral 10 o'clock, Mt. Carmel Cemetery. No flowers.

SHELLEY.—Jan. 27, 1919, Frank Davis Shelley, beloved husband of Kathleen Shelley (nee McSherry) and beloved son of Mary Davis Shelley and the late Dr. Henry A. Shelley, at St. Luke's Hospital. Funeral from his late residence, 452 Fort Washington Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, thence to St. Ann's Church, 12th St., east of 4th Av., at 10:30 A. M., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Members of the Young Men's Democratic League, friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. Interment Calvary. Washington papers please copy.

STEIL.—On Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, George H. Steil, aged 63 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 744 Morris Park Av., Bronx, Wednesday evening, Jan. 29, at 8 o'clock. Interment Lutheran. Automobile cortege.

THACHER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, Walter M., beloved husband of Leah G., and devoted father of Maurice, Lester, George, and Edna S. Young. Notice of funeral hereafter.

TAYLOR.—On the 28th day of January, 1919, Josephine D., widow of the late George H. Taylor, in her 81st year, at her residence, 2 West 86th St., New York City. Funeral services will be held on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at her late residence. Interment private.

TAYLOR.—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, at her home, 1,056 Broad St., Newark, Etta May Taylor, beloved daughter of Jerome and Henrietta Selleck Taylor. Funeral and interment private.

TEARE.—Jan. 28, Annie, beloved wife of the late Alfred Teare and mother of Robert J., also the late Sarah, Alfred, and Charles. Funeral from late residence, 633 Greenwich St., Friday, Jan. 31, thence to St. Veronica's Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be held at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

TYSON.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at Riverside, Conn., Jan. 27, 1919, Wesley A., beloved husband of Lillie M. Tyson. Funeral private.

VALENTINE.—On Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, Miriam Wells, daughter of Lucy Munson and the late Wells Valentine. Funeral and interment at Bennington, Vt.

WADSWORTH.—On Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, Prescott Theodore, son of Prescott K. and Elizabeth Whittemore Wadsworth. Funeral private.

WICHMANN.—On Jan. 28, 1919, Sarah Grace Holmes, beloved wife of William J. Wichmann, in her 30th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 9 Burr Place, Weehawken, N. J., on Thursday evening, Jan. 30, at 8 o'clock.

WILLIAMS.—At Paris, France, Carl M. Williams, son of Mrs. M. R. Williams of Grand View, N. Y., of pneumonia.

WILLIAMS.—Frederic Henderson, beloved son of Lieutenant and Mrs. Payne Williams, on Monday, Jan. 27, at the Post Graduate Hospital, in his sixth month. Funeral private from his late residence, 3,101 Eastern Boulevard, Westchester, New York City. Boston and Fitchburg, Mass., papers please copy.

WILLIAMS.—On Jan. 27, 1919, after a short illness, Jessie, beloved wife of William M. Williams. Funeral services will be held at St. Luke's Hospital Chapel, Amsterdam Av. and 113th St., on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 8:30 P. M. Scranton and Wilkes-Barre papers please copy.

YOUNG.—Cora, (nee Furst,) widow of Bertram L. Young, age 43 years. Services at Hotel Bristol, Parlor No. 1, 122 West 49th St., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M. Cremation at Fresh Pond, L. I.

In Memoriam.

COOGAN.—A month's mind requiem mass for Charles A. Coogan, late Treasurer of the Hudson Theatre, at St. Jerome's Church, 138th St. and Alexander Av., Bronx, Thursday morning, Jan. 30, at 9 o'clock. Lexington Av. subway local to church.

GROSSMAN.—In loving cherished memory of a devoted husband and father, Herman Grossman, died Jan. 29, 1918. Time passes, but his memory ever lives.

LITTLETON.—Whereas, It has seemed best to the Almighty God, who ever cares for and watches over us, to take from our number during the war Douglas Marshall Littleton, who was in the service of his country; and,

Whereas, We, by his death, have suffered an irreparable loss, and are conscious of the fact that we can never realize the deep sorrow of those to whom he was endeared by closer ties; nevertheless, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the Class of 1921 of Princeton University, hereby extend our sincerest sympathy to his family; and be it

Resolved, That copies of the resolution be sent to his family and published in The Daily Princetonian.

Signed for the Class of 1921.
ASA L. BUSHNELL, President.
W. BROWN BAKER, Secretary and Treasurer.
Princeton, N. J., Jan. 20, 1919.

RICE.—In loving memory of Edward Russell Rice, who died Jan. 29, 1913.

ROCHE.—Anniversary memorial mass for the late John Doherty Roche, at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, 60th St., Columbus Av., Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 9 o'clock.

ROGERS.—In loving memory of Henry H. Rogers, born Jan. 29, 1840. "Lest we forget."

TEETS.—In loving memory of our dear brother, Arthur Teets, who departed this life Jan. 29, 1918, while serving his country.
MINNIE L. EMMONS.
ALBERT TEETS.

TUFTS.—In loving memory of William L. Tufts, who died Jan. 29, 1918.

WALTERS.—In loving memory of Sarah White Walters, died Jan. 29, 1909.

WIEHE.—In memory of our beloved mother, Christina Wiehe, who departed this life Jan. 29, 1914.
Gone but not forgotten.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices of Stocks Firm in a Waiting Session—U. S. Steel Dividend Reduced.

The waiting attitude of traders in stocks was emphasized yesterday by the small turnover, and while prices displayed a firm tone as a whole, with some strong spots, the upward tendency was by no means emphatic. The Street had much to ponder over in connection with the decline of ocean freight rates and the pending action of the Steel Corporation on its quarterly common stock dividend. The Directors did not meet until after the market closed and, as the case has always been in the past, advance information on the dividend was lacking and guesses were of wide variety. The steel stocks were moderately firm and news of the halving of the extra dividend was received with no great surprise late in the afternoon, although net earnings were less than had been looked for. The total net income of $86,000,000, before providing for taxes, was about $57,000,000 less than in the corresponding item in the third quarter of 1918, and it is likely that the sharp decline reflected readjustments which are usually completed toward the end of a year and may have had particular reference to the revaluing of inventories after the cancellation of war contracts got under way. The surplus of something over $2,000,000 emphasized the reduction of net income, showing, as it did, that the corporation could not have declared as large an extra disbursement as in the preceding quarter without drawing upon its accumulated surplus. If the corporation's statement may be looked upon as a forecast of what other companies are to report, some sharp revision of preliminary estimates on earnings will have to be made. It will be interesting to discover when complete steel company reports are issued how inventories of high priced materials were handled after war manufacturing began to decline.

The large advance which occurred in cotton prices was connected with news that export freight rates on European shipments had been reduced, and indicated possible developments to come in respect to other commodities affected by high transportation costs. Probably a great deal of short covering assisted the advance, and speculative operations for the rise may have had their part, still the change of sentiment in the cotton market in regard to export possibilities was one of the noteworthy events of the day. The cotton situation contains enough uncertain factors to make welcome any positive development of favorable import. Labor unrest in England is being closely studied by the cotton market, and until it is cleared up no one may predict with any degree of assurance whether or not the consumption of cotton and other raw materials from this side will tend to increase rapidly. The extent of the freight rate reductions and their specific application to outgoing goods has not yet been clearly defined to the satisfaction of either shippers or buyers, and for this reason it is difficult as yet to ascertain the effect of the changes on the earnings of steamship companies. An equalizing factor is the elimination of high war insurance and the probable reduction of general insurance rates as available shipping space for commercial cargoes increases.

Call money rates fluctuated between 5 and 4 per cent., with the tendency downward as the day progressed. Foreign exchange market continued quiet, with unimportant changes of rates.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	5	High	5¼
Low	4	Low	4½
Renewals	4	Renewals	4½
Last	5	Last	5¼

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4½

Time Loans.

ALL INDUSTRIALS.		MIXED COLLAT'LS.	
Sixty days	5	Sixty days	5@5¼
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5¼
Four months	5¼@5½	Four months	5¼@5½
Five months	5¼	Five months	5¼@5½
Six months	5¼	Six months	5¼@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5 @5¼

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months....5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change
Sterling— Demand	$4.7580	$4.7575	$4.7580	+.0005
Cables	4.7655	4.7655	4.7655	..
Francs— Demand	5.45⅜	5.45⅜	5.45⅜	..
Cables	5.45¼	5.45¼	5.45¼	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7580	$4.7655
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅜	5.45¼
5.1813	Belgium	5.66	5.65
	China— Hongkong	78.00	78.10
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	123.00
40.20	Holland	41⅛	41.50
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India— Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.73
5.1813	Italy	6.36¾	6.35
	Japan— Kobe	51.25	51.50
	Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.07	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia— Stockholm	28.25	28.50
	Copenhagen	26.25	26.50
	Christiania	27.40	27.65
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.70	44.85
34.42	Rio	25.25	25.50
5.1813	Switzerland	4.93½	4.90½
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	15.80	16.10
	500 rubles	15.70	16.00

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73¼	$4.71¼	$4.72¼	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $702,423,502; balances, $58,969,274; Treasury debit balance, $3,279,595; Federal Reserve credit balance, $33,991,032.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48 7/16d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$8,636,345	$85,087,927
Internal revenue: Income and excess profits taxes	38,453,417	723,927,070
Miscellaneous	93,511,353	682,930,610
Miscel. revenue	19,018,973	276,780,935
Total receipts	$159,620,090	$1,768,726,553
Exc. of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	1,147,774,883	8,098,422,453
Exc. of total recpts. over total disb	304,261,804	200,688,739
Expenditures	1,307,394,977	9,867,149,007

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	...	5.50	...	5.50
Spelter	...	7.00	...	7.50
Antimony	...	7.50	...	7.50
Quicksilver	$104.00	...	$104.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	£ s. d. Yesterday.	£ s. d. Monday.
Copper, spot	89 0 0	89 0 0
Copper, futures	83 0 0	83 0 0
Tin, spot	246 0 0	248 0 0
Tin, futures	242 10 0	244 0 0
Spelter	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lead	[illegible]	[illegible]

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JAN. 28, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	892,305	482,986	570,990
Year to date	10,287,945	12,145,445	15,692,747

Closing— Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
58	59	300	Advance Rumely pf	59	59	58¾	58¾	+ ¼
72	72½	100	Ajax Rubber	72½	72½	72½	72½	...
3¼	3⅜	200	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	+ ¼
1⅛	2	300	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅜
32	32¼	300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	32	32	32	32	...
100	100¼	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	— ⅛
68	68⅝	2,100	Am. Beet Sugar	68½	68⅝	67⅞	68⅛	...
46¾	47	2,700	Am. Can	47	47¼	46⅝	46⅝	+ ¼
89⅝	90	1,400	Am. Car & Fdry	89	90¼	88⅝	90¼	+1¼
115⅝	117	800	Am. Car & Fdry pf	115	115½	115	115½	+ ½
42	43	200	Am. Cotton Oil	41½	41½	41¼	41½	— ½
11¼	11⅝	1,800	Am. Druggists	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
88	90	200	Am. Express	90	90	90	90	...
13	13¼	500	Am. H. & Leather	14⅝	15	14⅝	15	+ ½
83½	83⅝	7,800	Am. H. & L. pf	82⅞	84	82⅞	83⅝	+1½
40	41	100	Am. Ice	40½	40½	40½	40½	+ ⅜
53½	54	200	Am. International	53⅝	53⅞	53⅝	53⅞	— ⅝
48	48½	1,100	Am. Linseed	48	48½	48	48	...
89½	91	100	Am. Linseed pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	— ½
1½	1⅝	400	Am. Malting	1½	1½	1½	1½	...
70⅞	71	3,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	70⅞	71½	70	71	+ ⅝
79	80½	200	Am. Steel F'dries	79½	80½	79½	80½	+ ½
100¼	101½	200	Am. Sumatra Tob	100⅝	101½	100⅝	101½	— ½
100	100¼	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	100¼	100⅜	100	100¼	— ⅛
196¼	200	100	Am. Tobacco	196¼	196¼	196¼	196¼	+1¼
46¼	46¼	500	Am. Woolen	46	46	46	46	— ¼
95	95½	100	Am. Woolen pf	95	95	95	95	— ¼
11⅜	12	100	Am. Zinc L. & S	11½	11½	11½	11½	...
58½	59	2,600	Anaconda Copper	58⅝	59	58⅝	59	...
1⅜	1⅝	100	Assets Realisation	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
20½	21	200	Asso. Dry Goods	21⅛	21⅛	21	21	— ⅛
93	93¼	1,000	Atch Top. & S. F	93	93⅛	93	93¼	— ⅝
7½	7⅞	200	At., Birm. & At	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	...
98	98½	1,700	At. Gulf & West I	100	100	97½	98	—1
64½	67	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼	— ⅝
68⅝	68¾	2,600	Baldwin Loco	69	69⅛	68⅝	68⅝	— ⅛
46⅝	47	600	Balt. & Ohio x d	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	+ ⅛
		20	Bank of Commerce	215	215	211	211	...
110	111½	100	Barrett Co	110	110	110	110	—1
110¼	111	200	Barrett Co. pf	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	— ¼
1¼	1⅜	600	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	...
60	61½	200	Bethlehem Steel	61	61	61	61	+1¼
60¼	60⅜	7,200	Beth. Steel, class B	60⅝	61⅛	60¼	60⅜	+ ⅛
103	103⅜	100	Beth. Steel 8% pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	+1
18⅞	19⅛	5,200	Bklyn Rapid Tran	18⅞	19¼	18⅞	19¼	+ ¾
8⅝	9½	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. S	9½	9½	9½	9½	+ ½
53½	53⅞	500	California Packing	53⅞	53⅞	53½	53½	— ½
23⅞	24	1,000	California Petrol	23⅞	24	23½	24	...
68	68½	400	California Pet. pf	67½	68	67½	68	+ ¼
59	63	200	Calumet & Arizona	60	60	60	60	+1½
59	59½	1,200	Central Leather Co	59	59½	58⅞	59½	+ ⅝
105	106	200	Central Leather pf	105½	105½	105½	105½	— ¾
106	107	200	Chandler Motor	106	106	106	106	...
55½	55⅞	500	Chesapeake & Ohio	55	55½	55	55¼	+ ¼
23⅞	25	100	Chi. Great West. pf	23¾	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	—1¾
38⅛	38⅜	2,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P	38	39	38	38⅝	+ ⅝
72⅞	73	4,300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	70½	73½	70½	73	+2½
95⅞	96¼	400	Chi. & Northwest'n	95½	96	95⅞	96	+ ¼
131	135⅝	90	Chi. & Northw. pf	131	131	131	131	...
23⅞	24	1,000	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	23⅞	24	23⅞	23⅞	+ ⅜
76½	77	300	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	76	76½	76	76½	+1½
64½	65¼	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	64	64¼	64	64¼	+ ¾
17⅛	17⅜	1,700	Chile Copper	17¼	17⅜	17¼	17⅛	...
33⅜	34	1,100	Chino Copper	33¼	33⅜	33¼	33⅜	+ ¼
60½	62	200	Cluett, Peabody	62½	62½	62¼	62¼	— ¼
21	22	100	Col. & Southern	21½	21½	21¼	21¼	— ¼
42¼	42¾	300	Columbia Gas & El	42½	42⅝	42½	42⅝	+ ¼
89½	90½	2,400	Consolidated Gas	90	90⅛	89	90½	+1½
61½	62	100	Continental Insur	61	61	61	61	...
47⅜	47⅝	1,800	Corn Products Ref	47¼	47⅝	47¼	47⅛	...
102¼	103½	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	102⅞	103	102⅞	103	+ ¼
54½	54½	2,200	Crucible Steel	54	54½	53⅝	54½	+ ⅜
22	22⅝	7,300	Cuba Cane Sugar	20¾	22⅝	20½	22⅝	+1½
73¼	74½	2,200	Cuba Cane S. pf	74	74½	71⅛	74¼	+2¼
95	97	100	Deere & Co. pf	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜	...
3⅞	4⅛	100	Den. & Rio Grande	4	4	4	4	+ ⅛
6½	6⅝	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	6⅝	6⅝	6¼	6½	...
52	52½	800	Distillers' Secur	51⅝	52½	51⅝	52	— ¼
11¾	12	300	Dome Mines	11⅞	12	11⅞	12	+ ¼
16¼	16¼	300	Erie	16	16	16	16	...
28⅞	29	900	Gaston, W. & W	28⅝	29	28⅝	29	+ ⅛
148⅛	150	100	General Electric	149½	149½	149½	149½	— ¼
122¾	124	600	General Motors	123¼	123½	123	123½	+ ½
1	1⅛	485	Gen. Motors rights	1	1	1	1	...
82⅞	83½	100	General Motors pf	83	83	83	83	...
61½	62	4,150	Goodrich Co	61	62½	61	61½	+ ¼
75	76	100	Granby Consol	75	75	75	75	+1⅝
92⅝	93	1,200	Great Northern pf	92½	92⅝	92¼	92⅝	+ ⅜
37½	37⅝	2,900	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	37¼	37½	37¼	37½	+ ⅛
43½	44¼	100	Greene-Can. Cop	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	+ ⅜
30	35	100	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	33	33	33	33	+1
42½	44	100	Haskell & Barker	42½	42½	42½	42½	— ¼
96½	98	100	Illinois Central	96½	96½	96½	96½	+ ½
44½	44¾	1,400	Inspiration Copper	44⅜	44⅝	44⅛	44½	— ¼
18¾	19⅛	200	Interboro Con. pf	18½	19	18½	19	— ¼
112⅝	113½	100	Int. Harvester new	113	113	113	113	— ½
22	22½	8,600	Int. Mer. Marine	22⅜	22⅜	21⅝	22¼	— ⅝
96⅞	97	56,100	Int. Mer. Marine pf	97½	97⅞	96	96⅞	—1⅝
26⅜	26⅝	1,900	Int. Nickel	26⅞	26⅞	26⅜	26⅜	— ⅛
35⅛	35½	1,100	Int. Paper	34	35	34	35	+ ½
17½	18½	100	Kansas City South	18	18	18	18	...
78¼	78⅞	2,000	Kelly Spring. Tire	79	79	77½	78¼	— ⅞
89	95	100	Kelsey Wheel pf	90	90	90	90	—1
32⅞	33	600	Kennecott Copper	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	+ ¼
60	62½	100	Kress (S. H.) Co	62½	62½	62½	62½	+ ⅞
66½	67	800	Lackawanna Steel	66	67	66	67	+1
23⅞	23⅞	8,000	Lee Rubber & Tire	23⅝	24	23⅛	23⅞	+ ¼
55	56	200	Lehigh Valley	56	56	56	56	...
107	108	200	Liggett & Myers pf	108	108	108	108	...
44½	45⅝	300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	44⅝	45¼	44⅝	45¼	— ⅛
105	108	200	Loril. (P.) Co. pf	108	108	107	107	—2
113	115	200	Louis. & Nash	114	114	114	114	+ ½
70¼	70¾	100	Mackay Cos	70	70	70	70	...
82	85	100	Manhattan Elev	82	82	82	82	—5½
28½	29	1,000	Maxwell Motors	27¼	28⅞	27¼	28½	...
51½	52	300	Max. Motors 1st pf	52	52	52	52	...
20½	21½	300	Max. Motors 2d pf	19⅞	20	19⅞	20	+ ¼
169⅜	169½	38,100	Mexican Petroleum	167	171¼	165⅜	169⅜	+1⅝
23¾	24	300	Miami Copper	23⅝	23¾	23⅝	23¾	+ ⅜
42¼	42½	800	Midvale Steel	42½	42½	42¼	42½	...
10	10¼	100	Minn. & St. L. new	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ¼
24¾	24⅞	1,300	Missouri Pacific	24⅝	25	24⅝	24⅞	+ ⅛
53	53½	500	Missouri Pacific pf	53	53¼	52⅞	53¼	...
103	104	20	Nat. Cloak & S. pf	104	104	104	104	...
67	67⅞	2,300	Nat. Lead	67¼	67¼	66	66⅞	— ⅝
16⅞	17	100	Nevada Con. Cop	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	+ ½
72¼	72¾	2,600	N. Y. Central	72¼	73	71⅞	73	+ ½
21	24	100	N. Y. Dock	24	24	24	24	— ½
28⅛	29⅜	600	N. Y., N. H. & H	28⅜	29	28½	28¾	— ¼
19½	20½	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	20	20	20	20	...
104½	106½	100	Norfolk & Western	105	105	105	105	— ¼
91	91¼	1,200	Northern Pacific	90⅝	91¼	90⅝	91½	+1
49	49⅜	300	Nova Scotia S. & C	50	50	50	50	...
43⅜	43⅝	1,500	Ohio Cities Gas	43½	43⅝	43¼	43⅝	+ ⅛
8⅝	9	3,100	Okla. Prod. & Ref	8⅞	9	8⅝	8⅞	— ⅛
6⅜	6⅞	400	Ontario Mining	6⅛	6¼	6⅛	6⅜	— ⅛
48½	49	400	Owens Bottle Mach	48½	48⅝	48½	48⅝	+1⅝
34⅞	35	500	Pacific Mail	35⅝	35⅝	35	35	—2
68⅞	69¼	2,700	Pan-Am. P. & T	68⅝	69⅝	68¼	69	...
44⅞	45	2,200	Penn. R. R	45	45	44⅞	45	...
47	48½	100	People's Gas, Chi	47	47	47	47	—2½
13	14	200	Pere Marquette	13	13½	13	13½	+ ½
40	40¼	600	Pierce-Arrow	40¼	40¼	40	40	+ ½
17⅝	17¾	2,100	Pierce Oil	17½	17⅞	17⅝	17¾	+ ¼
46¼	46½	100	Pittsburgh Coal	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜	...
35⅜	36	600	Pitts. & West Va	35½	35½	35½	35½	— ½
79	81	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf	81	81	81	81	+1
85	90	100	Public Service N. J	88	88	88	88	—2
72½	73	850	Railway Steel Sp	72½	73	72½	73	+ ½
20¼	20⅝	300	Ray Con. Copper	20½	20½	20¼	20¼	...
78½	79	3,100	Reading	78	78¼	77⅞	78½	+ ⅝
37⅝	38	100	Reading 2d pf	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	+ ⅝
74⅛	74⅝	3,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	73⅞	74⅞	73⅝	74½	+ ½
101	102¼	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	...
76	76¼	1,500	Royal Dutch t r x d	76½	76¾	76¼	76⅝	+ ⅞
12	12½	400	St. Louis-San Fran	11⅝	12	11⅝	12	...
16	17	100	St. Louis Southw	17	17	17	17	— ⅛
7⅞	8½	1,400	Saxon Motor	7½	8¼	7½	8	— ¼
12	12½	100	Shattuck-Arizona	12	12	12	12	...
35¼	35⅜	10,100	Sinclair Oil Refin	34½	36¼	34¼	35⅜	+1
98¾	99⅛	4,700	Southern Pacific	98⅝	99⅜	98⅜	98⅞	+ ⅝
27	27⅛	3,000	Southern Railway	26⅞	27⅛	26½	27⅛	— ¼
67⅞	68½	200	Southern Ry. pf	68	68	68	68	...
88	89½	100	Standard Mill. pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	+ ½
39⅞	40½	100	Strom. Carburetor	40½	40½	40½	40½	+ ½
49⅞	50	10,800	Studebaker Co	49¼	50⅝	49	49⅞	+1¼
48	48½	1,200	Stutz Motor	48	48½	47¾	48½	—1½
13¼	14	200	Tenn. C. & C	13⅛	13¼	13⅛	13¼	— ⅜
192½	193	12,900	Texas Co	194	194⅝	192¼	192½	—1¼
17⅛	17¾	2,927	Texas Co. rights	17⅝	18	17¼	17⅝	— ⅛
32¼	32½	4,400	Texas & Pacific	32½	32⅝	31⅞	32⅝	+ ¼
220	230	55	Tidewater Oil	220	220	220	220	...
73⅝	74½	1,400	Tobacco Products	73⅝	75	73⅝	74	+ ¼
37½	38¼	100	Transue & Wms	38	38	38	38	...
43	..	100	Twin City R. T	43	43	43	43	+1¼
120	130	200	Underwood Typew	123½	125	123½	125	+3
127	127½	1,700	Union Pacific	126⅝	128	126⅝	127½	+ ½
72	74	100	Union Pacific pf	73½	73½	73½	73½	+ ½
37⅞	38½	200	United Alloy Steel	37⅞	38	37⅞	38	+ ⅛
114	114⅞	300	United Cigar Stores	114½	114⅞	114	114⅞	...
85	92½	100	United Drug 2d pf	91	91	91	91	—3
16	18	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	16	16	16	16	— ¾
44	46	100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	45½	45½	45½	45½	— ⅝
102¼	103	2,500	U. S. Indus. Alco	103	103	101⅞	102½	— ½
76¼	77	8,600	U. S. Rubber	76⅝	77½	76¼	76½	+ ½
110	110⅛	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	110	110	110	110	+ ⅞
45	46	1,000	U. S. Sm., R. & M	44⅝	45¼	44⅝	45¼	+1¼
45	45⅛	20	U. S. S., R. & M. pf	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	...
92¼	92⅝	67,900	U. S. Steel	91⅝	92⅞	91⅛	92¼	+ ¼
115	115¼	500	U. S. Steel pf	114⅞	115	114⅞	115	...
70½	70¾	1,700	Utah Copper	70½	70⅝	70	70	— ¼
14¾	15¼	100	Utah Securities	15	15	15	15	...
51¾	52	200	Va.-Car. Chemical	51⅞	52	51⅞	52	...
111	112¾	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	— ¼
		100	Vulcan Detin. pf	40	40	40	40	—2
32¼	32½	400	Wabash pf. A	32	32¼	32	32¼	+ ¼
19⅜	20¼	400	Wabash pf. B	19½	19½	19½	19½	— ½
41	41¼	600	Westingh. E. & M	41¼	41¼	41	41	...
67	68	100	Wilson & Co	67½	67½	67½	67½	+ ¼
24¾	24⅞	3,900	Willys-Overland	24½	24⅝	23⅞	24½	— ½
33	35	100	Wisconsin Central	33½	33½	33½	33½	+ ½
128	130	300	Woolw. (F. W.) Co	127⅝	128	127⅝	128	+ ½
116	118	100	Woolworth pf	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼	+1¼
54	55	100	Worthington Pump	54	54	54	54	...

AMERICAN BRASS PROFITS.

Company Reports Earnings of $3,992,219 for the Fiscal Year.

The 1918 report of the American Brass Company shows that in the year ended with December net profits amounting to $3,992,219 were earned. This was equivalent to $26.61 a share earned on the $15,000,000 capital stock, which compares with $47.39 earned on the same stock in 1917. The surplus after the payment of dividends in 1918 was $992,219, which compared with a surplus of $434,177 in the preceding year.

In 1918 the company paid $3,000,000 in dividends, while the disbursements in 1917 were $6,675,000. In 1916 the company reported net profits amounting to $10,901,689 and paid dividends of $3,750,000. The company's balance sheet of December, 1918, gives cash at $2,081,740, compared with $1,750,165 in 1917.

Seeks Brunswick Company Proxies.

Hunter Wykes, a lawyer of 43 Liberty Street, has sent a circular letter to stockholders in the Brunswick Terminal and Railways Securities Company asking for proxies which he may use at the annual meeting Feb. 11, to elect new Directors to develop the company. The letter reads: "With the present prospect of a much greater rate of development than has heretofore been known in Brunswick, I believe that the recognition of this principle is essential. The plants should be reconstructed and enlarged, a system of unification introduced, rates must be revised and new franchises obtained. I am also of the opinion that the project can be financed, when necessary, in such a manner that the stock of our company will appreciate largely in value."

HELP FOR THE HOME.
Good domestic workers found by The New York Times. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.—Advt.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Cuba Cane Financing.

It is expected that an offering of Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation bonds will follow shortly after the stockholders ratify the proposed $25,000,000 mortgage. Preliminary steps for the formation of a syndicate have been taken. The primary purpose for the raising of new funds by funding part of the corporation's property is to pay off bank loans.

Steel Production Increases.

Not only has the curtailment of steel production in the Youngstown section been halted, but recent reports show that operations are increasing until now the mills are working at about 80 per cent. of capacity. Not long ago they were running at 50 per cent. of capacity. No reason for the change from a policy of curtailment to one of increased production has thus far been forthcoming. There has been no report of any extensive buying either in this country or for foreign account. It may be that orders have been quietly accumulating which warranted a resumption of expanded production. The steel mills in Youngstown, it is said, are employing practically the same number of men as in 1918.

General Asphalt Advances.

General Asphalt, which has attracted a speculative following recently, had another sharp rise on the Curb market yesterday, the stock breaking through 70 and advancing some seven points on the day's dealings. It was not long ago that General Asphalt was resting serenely on the Philadelphia market and the decided increase in price did not make itself manifest until the issue was taken up as a speculative medium by the Curb brokers. The advance has been accompanied by reports of a development of the company's oil properties in conjunction with the Royal Dutch concern.

Shippers Welcome Rates.

The announcement from Washington that the Shipping Board had met the most recent cut in ocean freight rates announced by the British Ministry of Shipping, found favor in shipping circles yesterday, although there were those who conservatively drew attention to the fact that the American manufacturer is not entirely independent of foreign bottoms despite the cut. These men were inclined to question the supply of American bottoms for all ports, but the majority opinion was not so meticulous and the big decrease came opportunely. Exporting and importing organizations have been urging the authorities in Washington to take definite steps for their protection and the protection of the foreign trade of the United States, and the big cut in rates appears to have answered the question to the satisfaction of most of the local shipping men.

B. & O. Obligations.

The extension of the Baltimore & Ohio notes and bank loans which fall due on Feb. 1 for a period of three months is understood to have been effected by the company's bankers through an arrangement with the War Finance Corporation, which will take up the notes that holders do not care to extend further than the first of next month. In well-informed quarters it was said yesterday that the amount of notes the corporation will be asked to take up will be comparatively light as the majority of the holders have agreed to extend them again. The amount of the obligations in question is $22,500,000 approximately. It is expected that the present extension will carry the notes sufficiently beyond the forthcoming Liberty Loan to allow for some substantial long term financing by the company.

A Change of Heart.

Just before the close of yesterday's stock market there was a decided change in sentiment for the better and many of the issues in the general list which had not attracted particular attention in the earlier trading advanced. Buying orders were numerous and among the issues for which a sudden and unexpected demand developed were Hide and Leather, Consolidated Gas, and St. Paul preferred.

The Virginia Debt.

Like that ancient King of France who marched his men up the hill and then marched them down again, the Brown Brothers, Virginia Debt Certificates, which marched down the hill from 70 to 64 on Monday, marched up again yesterday from 64 to 70. Dealings yesterday were not heavy, the turnover being considerably less than on the preceding day, and there was no news to account either for the decline or the recovery. Last night, if the schedule was lived up to, the Governor of West Virginia met a legislative committee to discuss the matter of payment of the old debt which, according to the United States Supreme Court, is a legitimate debt, and, according to intimations by the same tribunal, should be settled by Feb. 1.

Patriotism and Bonds.

According to a hard-headed banker in Wall Street, the idealists who think patriotism should float the next Liberty Victory Loan are all wrong; just as the alleged practical men who talk about its being a business proposition are wrong. This banker thinks it is a mixture of business and patriotism; that it must be both. A $6,000,000,000 proposition is entirely too big, he says, to be "put across" on any other basis.

ASK HIGHER GAS RATE AGAIN

Brooklyn Borough Co. Now Wants to Charge $1.30.

The Brooklyn Borough Gas Company, which recently asked permission to increase the price of gas from $1.10 to $1.25 and was refused, filed another application yesterday with the Public Service Commission asking permission to make the price $1.30. About ten days ago the company asked Supreme Court Justice Cropsey in Brooklyn to set aside the price of $1.10 fixed by the commission. The court doubted its ability to fix any price above the statutory rate of 80 cents. The matter is still pending.

In its present application the company submitted a table of its alleged losses under the $1.10 rate as well as under the previous rate of 95 cents. In the last three months of 1918, it says, its loss was $9,782.72. It also said it was unable to sell stock or borrow money to complete improvements demanded by the Public Service Commission.

"Complainant has outstanding $1,000,000 of bonds, bearing interest at 5 per cent., payable quarterly," says the application. "An installment of interest amounting to $12,500 became due on Dec. 1, 1918, and has not yet been paid. Default in interest was due to an inadequate rate to consumers."

$100 W. S. S. to be Put on Sale.

War Savings Stamps in $100 denominations are to be issued shortly and will be available to the public on the same relative terms as the $5 stamps, according to Vernon Munroe, Assistant Director of Government Savings. The new stamps, which are already on the press, will cost $86.20 if bought during February, the price increasing 20 cents with each month until the end of the year. They will be about the size of the $100 bonds of the Fourth Liberty loan. The ruling that no person can hold more than $1,000 of War Savings Stamps of any single issue is still in force.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Henry L. Doherty & Co. and Montgomery & Co. announce that the entire issue of Cities Service Company, series C, 7 per cent. convertible debentures, amounting to $17,300,000, has been sold.

A. E. Ames & Co., the Dominion Securities Corporation, and Wood, Gundy & Co. are offering an issue of £1,081,200 Dominion of Canada guaranteed 4 per cent. sterling coupon bonds of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, due Jan. 1, 1962, at 75.37 and interest to yield about 5¼ per cent.

Edgar K. Sheppard, formerly of Gilbert, Elliott & Co., has become associated with Kirk & Ball as manager of the sugar stock department.

D. A. Shaw, President of the Grant Motor Company, has announced the net earnings of the company to be in excess of $450,000 after the payment of preferred dividends, which is equivalent to more than 20 per cent. on the common stock.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JAN. 28, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$10,244,000	$5,824,000	$4,508,500
Year to date	241,338,500	96,071,000	121,079,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty
3½s, 1932-'47
69....99.10
102....99.12
1....99.10
120....99.12
2....99.10
8....99.14
20....99.12
13....99.10
10....99.12
29....99.10
100....99.14
10....99.18
10....99.20
1....99.14
2....99.18
85....99.16
1....99.18
1....99.14
2....99.18
15....99.14
$545,000
1st cv 4s,
1932-1947
17....93.50
20....93.60
30....93.50
8....93.60
1....93.50
1....93.44
5....93.40
1....93.50
$74,000
2d 4s, 1927-'42
30....93.22
10....93.20
20....93.26
91....93.20
13....93.14
10....93.18
10....93.20
20....93.14
3....93.16
16....93.14
10....93.20
4....93.14
2....93.10
20....93.18
1....93.10
1....93.20
4....93.10
28....93.18
1....93.10
$254,000
1st cv 4¼s,
1932-'47
1....95.50
2 c....95.60
8....95.56
10....95.50
8....95.56
7....95.58
3....95.50
$33,000
2d cv 4¼s,
1927-'42
25....94.70
15....94.68
83....94.62
5....94.64
80....94.62
5....94.54
6....94.60
3....94.52
200....94.50
15....94.60
7....94.52
25....94.50
130....94.44
23....94.42
73....94.50
26....94.44
15....94.48
1....94.42
8....94.46
17....94.48
11....94.44
40....94.48
4....94.42
8....94.40
5....94.36
15....94.44
30....94.48
1....94.40
28....94.42
25....94.46
15....94.50
5....94.44
7....94.46
2....94.44
10....94.48
10....94.52
5....94.48
1....94.46
1....94.44
15....94.50
1....94.48
10....94.52
15....94.54
3....94.48
3....94.46
31....94.58
50....94.60
4....94.54
3....94.52
38....94.58
35....94.60
1....94.56
1....94.58
23....94.60
50....94.54
50....94.58
$1,273,000
2d 4¼s, '28
285....95.48
1....95.40
100....95.48
1....95.46
50....95.48
89....95.42
28....95.44
238....95.48
10....95.46
1....95.40
2....95.44
1....95.42
10....95.44
10....95.46
4....95.42
6....95.46
19....95.42
8....95.40
5....95.46
55....95.42
10....95.44
11....95.40
55....95.44
20....95.46
10....95.44
8....95.40
10....95.44
20....95.42
82....95.40
20....95.44
17....95.42
61....95.40
60....95.42
25....95.44
1....95.46
48....95.42
23....95.40
50....95.44
22....95.40
35....95.42
1....95.44
25....95.40
20....95.44
2....95.40
1....95.42
1....95.40
60....95.44
1....95.50
4....95.40
3....95.42
1....95.46
16....95.44
9....95.46
3....95.40
20....95.44
20....95.42
6....95.40
50....95.46
3....95.40
20....95.46
15....95.40
23....95.40
20....95.44
7....95.40
1....95.46
5....95.40
5....95.42
35....95.44
3....95.40
35....95.46
10....95.44
25....95.40
1....95.36
31....95.40
50....95.44
$2,019,000
4th, 4¼s,
1933-'38
23....94.42
10....94.44
15....94.50
154....94.48
55....94.44
25....94.46
4....94.44
75....94.42
7....94.46
10....94.42
1....94.40
3....94.44
57....94.42
19....94.44
8....94.46
50....94.40
11....94.38
15....94.40
23....94.44
49....94.40
4....94.38
187....94.36
2....94.38
9....94.34
5....94.40
2....94.42
3 c....94.36
1....94.38
21....94.38
11....94.36
9....94.34
15....94.35
14....94.36
5....94.34
1....94.38
100....94.32
53....94.34
24....94.32
16....94.34
14....94.32
89....94.36
6....94.38
2....94.40
17....94.36
1....94.38
1....94.40
2....94.34
98....94.36
2....94.30
15....94.34
10....94.36
25....94.34
15....94.36
2....94.38
42....94.36
12....94.32
18....94.34
68....94.36
25....94.38
25....94.40
20....94.38
16....94.36
4....94.40
8....94.36
50....94.40
28....94.34
1 c....94.40
105....94.24
20....94.32
35....94.34
50....94.36
50....94.40
6....94.36
123....94.40
8....94.36
4....94.38
25....94.42
5....94.36
81....94.40
15....94.42
2....94.38
35....94.42
8....94.40
89....94.44
18....94.42
9....94.40
1....94.46
6....94.44
4....94.42
10....94.44
20....94.42
81....94.44
17....94.46
4....94.46
10....94.44
3....94.42
22....94.48
12....94.40
25....94.48
50....94.48
10....94.48
30....94.46
1....94.40
4....94.44
8....94.42
64....94.46
$2,719,000
Am.ForSec5s
25....99⅝
2....99⅝
2....99⅝
Anglo-Fr 5s
8....97¼
1....97⅜
1....97¼
2....97⅝
88....97⅛
9....97½
Argentine 5s
1....90
Chinese Ry 5s
3....70½
CityofBord6s
4....100¾
2....101
CityofLyons6s
3....100¾
2....101
CityofMars6s
2....100¾
2....101
CityofParis6s
11....99
23....98⅞
1....99
½....99⅛
21....99
CityofTokio5s
1....82½
DomofCan5s,
1921
6....98¼
1926
6....98
2....97⅛
16 c....97½
1931
1....97⅝
4....97⅞
11....97⅜
4....97⅞
FrenchGov5½s
101....104⅝
62....104⅛
210....104⅜
10....104⅛
20....104⅝
Jap Govt 4½s,
stl ln, 2d Ser
6....87½
German stp
6....84⅝
2....85
UnKofGtBr&
Ire5½s,1919
2....100
7....100⅛
21....100⅛
16....100
new
47....100⅛
975....100⅛
144....100⅛
20....100⅛
5½s, 1921
7....98⅛
10....98⅛
19....98⅛
5½s, 1937
61....100⅜
80....100⅜
1....100⅜
Va 6s, defd,
BrownBros&
Co ctfs
1....69⅜
1....70
NYCity4s,1950
2....91⅞
4½s, 1960
1....96⅛
1....96⅛
AlaskaGMcv
deb6s,SerA
1....34
1....32½
AmAgCdeb5s
10....101⅜
AmAgC cv 5s
3....99⅝
AmHide&L6s
11....100¼
Am Sm & Ref
temp 1st 5s
1....91
AmT&Tcoltr5s
1....93¼
col 4s
2....84½
conv 6s
4....103
1esf....102⅞
2....103
1....102⅞
5....103
11....102⅞
1....102¾
10....102⅞
12....102⅞
AmWPaper6s
5....91
3....90½
Am Arb 1st 4s
2....57
5....55
Arm & Co 4½s
1....87¼
1....87⅞
A, T & S Fe
gen 4s
1....84
Atl & C A L
1st 5s, B
3....97
A C L 1st 4s
1....83½
B & O gold 4s
2....77
5....76½
1....77⅛
conv 4½s
14....78½
ref 5s
2....81½
P,L&WV4s
2....73½
Beth Steel pur
money 5s
2....90⅝
Braden Cop
s f 6s
5....95¼
B R T 7s, '21
2....77¼
2....77¼
BklUnEl1st5s
5....75½
5....75
2....73
Bkl Un Gas 5s
1....94⅞
1....94⅞
Cent Leath 5s
1....98⅞
1....98
2....96¼
6....96⅝
C Pac gtd 3½s
8....85½
C & O gen 4½s
1....77⅛
1....77
conv 4½s
3....78⅜
3....78½
conv 5s
1....85½
10....85⅝
8....85⅛
10....85⅜
C,B&Q Jt 4s
6....95⅝
14....95½
8....95⅝
C&Erie 1st 5s
1....94
Chi Gt W 4s
3....61⅜
C, M & St P
4s, 1925
2....84
10....85⅞
conv 4½s
3....78⅞
9....77⅞
cv 5s, B
3....79¼
ref 4½s
1....72
4....71½
3....72⅛
3....71⅞
C&NW gen 5s
5....100¾
6....100⅞
Chi Rys 5s
1....79¾
1....79½
C,RI&P gen 4s
2....77
C, R I & P Ry
ref 4s
2....74⅞
Chi Un Stat'n
4½s, A
3....88½
Chile Cop 7s
2....107
col tr 6s
1....83
3½....82½
C, C, C & St L
deb 4½s
1....79½
Con Gas cv 6s
3....100¾
5....100⅜
4....100⅜
11....100⅜
3....100⅜
D&RG con 4s
3....72
Det Un Ry
con 4½s
1....74½
DistSecCorp5s
1....90⅝
5....91
Erie1stgen4s
3....58
cv 4s, D
10....49⅝
HockV 1st 4½s
10....79
H&TC 1st 5s
4....96
Hud & M 1st &
ref 5s, A
1....58⅝
6....58
1....57⅜
adj inc 5s
1....16⅜
10....16⅝
3....16
8....16⅝
Indiana Stl 5s
1....97
Int-Met 4½s
12....39
5....38⅝
1....39
4....38⅝
IRT1st&ref5s
7....79
14....69⅝
Int Agr Corp
col tr 5s
1....78¾
10....79
I M M s f 6s
16....97⅝
20....97⅛
1....97⅝
10....97¾
K&DM 1st 5s
4....65
Lack5s,'50
2....86
Lacl Gas L of
StLref&ext5s
2....95
L S & M So
4s, 1928
1....89⅞
L V col tr 6s,
temp rcts
1....102
5....101⅝
Ligg & M 7s
3....118⅝
Liggett&M5s
1....92⅝
Louis & Nash
unified 4s
5....85¼
M.StP&SSM
1st con 4s
1....86
2....87
2....86
Mo,K&T1st4s
2....63
5....64½
MoPacgen4s
1....60⅝
5....60⅛
10....60⅛
10....60⅝
MonPower5s,
Ser A
2....92⅝
7....92½
NYAirBrake
1st 6s
1....99⅛
NYCentdeb6s
1....99
7....99⅛
2....99
11....99⅛
deb 4s, 1934
1....84½
NYRysref4s
1....40⅝
4....40⅝
adj 5s
15....13
8....12⅜
Norf&Sol1stref
5s, Ser A
1....69
Norf&Wcv6s,
sub rcs,f p
13....106⅞
12....106⅞
13....106⅞
4....106⅜
Nor Pac 4s
1....84⅛
1....84½
NorStatesPr
1st & ref 5s
1....89
Nor Pac 3s
1....59⅞
Oreg-WRR&
Nv1st&ref4s
1....78
1....77½
PacGas&E5s
1....87¼
P R R gen 5s,
temp ctfs
43....96¼
68....96⅝
gen 4½s
1....88½
4....86¼
PereMar1st5s
1....85
Phila,B&W4s
1....87½
Pierce Oil cv
6s, 1924
5....91
2....90⅝
2....91
3....90⅞
6....91
1....90⅝
Pub Serv Corp
s f 5s
1....75⅛
1....76
5....76⅝
1....77
2....78
6....77⅝
6....78
1....78¼
Rdg gen 4s
1....86⅛
RioGrW1st4s
1....70⅛
StL,IrM&So
gen 5s
1....96⅝
unify&ref4s
2....81
StL&SFprior
ln 4s, Ser A
8....61⅝
1....61⅞
prin5s,SerB
1....77⅛
1....77⅛
1....77⅛
adj 6s
8....64
income 6s
9....41⅝
5....41⅞
StL&SWcon4s
1....59⅝
1....59⅛
SeabALadj5s
1....49⅝
Seab&Roanoke
1st 5s
4....96
Sinclair O & R
1st s f 7s
1....96⅛
4....95⅝
1....95⅝
2....95⅞
with war
1....99⅛
2....99⅞
So Pac cv 4s
12....83⅞
2....83⅞
conv 5s
1....101¾
3....102
11....101⅞
5....101⅞
5....101⅞
40....102⅜
10....102
1st ref 4s
1....82½
SanFrTer4s
1....78⅛
So Ry 1st 5s
1....95
gen 4s
2....66¼
2....67
Tex Co deb 6s
15....101⅝
Tex&Pac1st5s
8....91⅛
8....92
ThirdAvref4s
5....52
1....52¼
adj 5s
1....29
1....28⅛
5....28⅛
5....28
Tol,StL&W4s
1....49⅞
Un Pac cv 4s
2....87⅞
Union Pac 6s
6....104
5....103⅞
UnRRsofSF4s
1....22
EqTrctsofdep
14....23
8....22⅝
USR&Imp5s
5....63⅝
4....63⅛
USRubber1st
& ref 5s
20....86⅛
10....86⅝
2....86⅛
2....86⅝
17....86⅝
9....86⅝
7....86⅜
8....86⅛
10....86⅝
2....87
10....86⅝
58....86⅝
2....86⅞
20....86⅝
7....86⅛
1....86⅛
USSm,Ref&M
cv 6% notes
8....98⅝
7....99
U S Stl Corp
s f 5s
2....100
1....99⅞
6....100
Va-CarC1st5s
5....95⅞
VirgnRy1st5s
2....102¼
Wilson & Co
1st 6s
20....98⅝
1....98⅞
1s61....98⅞
5....98⅛
WisCengen4s
10....78
Sup&Dul div-
term 4s
1....74½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅞
Anglo French 5s	97⅛	97¼
Argentine 5s	89	90
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98	98¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97	97⅛
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅛	97⅝
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	70⅝	71
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	93	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90½	96½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	80	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104⅜	104⅞
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅝	101
City of Lyons 6s	100⅝	101
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅝	101
City of Paris 6s	98⅞	99
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87¼	88⅛
Japanese 4s	70⅛	74⅛
City of Tokio 5s	81⅛	82⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅛	98⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100⅛	100⅜
United States of Mexico 5s	66	68
United States of Mexico 4s	47½	55
Russian Government 4s, 1894	30	32

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98	Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97½	98½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	88	92
3s, r, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	86	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, r, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '35	90	96
4s, c, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	97	100
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	43	48½
Ad Rumely	21½	23
Alb & Sus.	..	185
Alle & W.	97¼	..
Allis-Ch M pf.	82½	83½
Am Ag Ch pf.	98	99
Am B N	31	35
Do pf.	43	46½
Am B Sug pf.	85	90
Am C pf.	101	103
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	82	95
Am Ice pf.	55	56
Am Loco	59	61
Do pf.	102	102⅝
Am M 1st pf.	45	46½
Am Shipb	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	91	93
Am S & R pf.	106	107
Am Snuff	105	110
Do pf.	95	101
Am Sug R	112½	113
Do pf.	115	118
Am S Tob pf.	92	95
Am T & C	55	70
Am Tob pf.	101	102
Am Wr Pa pf.	32	34
Am Z pf.	39	43
Asso D G 1st pf.	60	65
Do 2d pf.	58	..
Asso Oil	72	74½
A, T & S F pf.	86	87½
Atl G L	97	98
Bald L pf.	102	104
B & O pf. ex div	53	56
B'ch Cr'k	30¼	..
Beth S 7% pf.	90½	100
Booth Fish	19	19⅝
B U Gas	75	80
Brown Sh.	68¼	71
Do pf.	96⅝	100
B, R & P.	65	72½
Do pf.	90	107
Burns Bros	152	157
Do pf.	110	115
Bush Ter	..	97
B C & Z	6	6¼
Butte & S	18	18½
But'k Co	14¼	17
Can So	43	50
Can Pac	157½	158¾
Case (J I) pf.	91¼	93½
Cent Fdy	17	24
Do pf.	32	35
C R R of N J	200	230
C & S A Tel	116	118
Cerro de P.	31¼	31½
C'tain-teed	30	33
Do 1st pf	87½	88
Chi & Alt	7	10¼
Do pf.	8½	12
Chi Gt W.	7¾	8
Chi, St P, M & Om	75	82
Do pf.	105	120
C, C, C & St L	33	36
Do pf.	62½	75
Cl & Pitts	69½	80
Do spec	38	..
Clu-P pf.	106⅝	107½
Col Fuel	36⅝	37
Do pf.	102	..
C & S 1st pf.	48	50
Do 2d pf.	43	48
Comp T R	36¾	39
C I C M	8	8½
Cont Can	69¼	69⅞
Do pf.	105	107
Crex Car	40	55
Cruc S pf.	90	94
C-Am Sug	148	160
Del & H	102	104
D, L & W	173	180
Det Ed	109	112
Det & M	..	85
Det U Ry	81	89
D, S S & A	3	3½
Do pf.	5	7
Elec S B	50	53
Elk H C	27¼	27⅝
Do pf.	..	47
Erie 1st pf	26¼	27¼
Do 2d pf.	18½	20
Erie & P.	..	70
Fed M & S.	9	11
Do pf.	34½	35
Fisher Bdy	37	40
Do pf.	90	92
Gen Chem	165	175
Do pf.	102	107
Gen Cig	48	49½
Do pf.	100	106
G'drich pf.	102½	103
G, M & N	7	9
Gulf S S	54	55
Do 1st pf	94	99½
Hartman	54	57
Hask & B.	42½	44
Homestake	95½	98
Int-Cons	5	5¼
Int Agric	12¼	13½
Do pf.	56	58
Int H pf.	114	..
Int N pf.	94¼	..
Int Pa pf.	75	80
Do pf s.	62¼	63
Int Salt	52	62
Iowa Cent.	3	4
Jewel Tea	32	33
Do pf.	89	90
K C, Ft S & M pf.	59	..
Kan C So pf.	50	53
Kelly S T pf.	83	98
Kelsey Wh	30	36
K & D M	2½	5
Do pf.	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P.	94	98
Kresge (SS)	106	..
Do pf.	106	..
Kress (S H) pf.	105¼	..
Lacl Gas	83	87
L E & W	7½	8½
Do pf.	18½	20
Ligg & M	210	215
L-W B 1st pf.	95¼	..
Do 2d pf.	94	97½
Lorill'd Co	163	165
M'kay Cos pf.	64	64½
Man B'ch	¾	3
Man El S	..	48
Man Shirt	67	78
Marlin R	..	80
Math Alk	..	44
M Dep Sts	64	65
Do pf.	104	106
Mex P pf.	106½	..
Mich Cent	95¼	96
M, St P & S S M	91	95
Do pf.	100	108
Do 1 L	60	70
M, K & T	4⅞	5⅛
Do pf.	8½	9
Mon Pow	71	73
Do pf.	105	..
Mor & Es	69½	75½
N, C & St L	110	120
Nat Acme	30	31
Nat Bisc	110	115
Do pf.	118½	120
Nat C & S	70	73
N C & C	14½	15
Nat Enam	48	48⅞
Do pf.	93½	97
Nat L pf.	106⅜	..
Nat Rys of M 2d pf.	7	8
N O, T & Mex	33	33½
N Y A B	100	103
N Y C & St L	26	29
Do 1st pf	60	66
Do 2d pf.	43	45
N Y Dock pf.	40	47
N Y, L & West	90	100
Norf So	15	17
Norf & W pf.	73	..
North Am	48	50
Nor Cent	67	74
Ohio F S	42¾	44¼
Owens B M pf.	100	103
Pac Coast	40	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf	55	80
P T & T	23½	24
Pan-Am P & T pf.	110	120
Peo & E	4½	4¾
Pere M pr pf.	54	61
Do pf.	40	45
Pett-Mull	25	45
Do 1st pf	98	..
Phila Co	30	30½
Pierce-A pf	101⅞	104
P, C, C & St L	45	50
Pitts C pf.	85⅜	86
P, Ft W & C	132	138
Pitts S pf.	90½	93½
Pond C C	12½	13¼
Pr Stl Car	64	65
Do pf.	100	104
P'man Co	119	120
R R Sec, I C stk cfs	..	78
Ry Stl Spr pf.	104	107
Rdg 1st pf.	37½	38
St L S F pf.	23	24¼
St L S W	28	30
Savage A	58	62
Seab A L	7½	8
Do pf.	16½	17½
Sears-R	172	177
Do pf.	115	125
S-S S & I	50	52
Do pf.	91	91¼
So P R S	132	140
Do pf.	107	110
St'd Mill	126	132
Studeb Co pf.	92	97
Sup Steel	32	34
Do 1st pf	95	100
T P L Tr	200	300
Third Av	13⅞	14½
Tob P pf	101½	103½
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs	..	8
Do pf.	10	20
Do pf c	10	12
T C R T pf.	60	121
Und T pf	110	..
U B & P	75¾	80
Un Cig Sts pf.	110	125
Un Drug	93⅝	94
Do 1st pf	53	53½
U Dyew'd	53	61
Do pf.	..	95
Un Fruit	159½	162
U Rys In	8⅝	9
U S C I P	14½	15¼
U S Exp	18	18½
U S Ind A pf.	98⅜	101
U S Rty	25	26
Va I, C & Coke	54	60
Va R & P	..	48
Wabash	7⅝	8
W F Exp	66	70½
West Md	10⅝	11
Do 2d pf.	22	29
West Pac	18⅝	19½
Do pf.	54	59
West-Un	86½	87
W E & M 1st pf.	60	65
W & L E	8	9
Do pf.	17	20
White Mtr	45½	47
W-Over pf.	87½	88½
Wilson pf.	96	98½
Wor Pump pf. A	[illegible]	[illegible]
Do pf. B	[illegible]	[illegible]

Steel Company's Profits Decline.

The report of the Inland Steel Company for the year ended with December, 1918, discloses net profits, after charges and war taxes, amounting to $5,166,540, which is equivalent to $20.65 a share earned on the $25,019,500 capital stock, against $42.14 earned on the same stock in the preceding year. Net earnings for the year were $14,473,512, compared with $21,240,723 in 1917, and $11,241,046 in 1916. The company's surplus as of December 31, last, was $3,165,489, which compared with $8,535,248 in 1917 and $9,650,878 in 1916.

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EXTRA DIVIDEND CUT BY STEEL DIRECTORS

Holders of U. S. Common Get 1 Per Cent. Bonus Instead of Customary 2.

MARKET EXPECTED ACTION

Earnings for 1918 Were $198,834,569, a Reduction of $124,790,517 from the Record in 1916.

The Directors of the United States Steel Corporation yesterday made a cut of 1 per cent. in the extra dividend. They declared a regular dividend of 1¼ per cent. on the common stock and 1 per cent. extra for the quarter ended Dec. 31, whereas in the preceding quarter the extra dividend had been 2 per cent., and for some time previous to that 3 per cent. The regular dividend of 1¾ per cent. was declared on the preferred. The action of the Directors did not come as a complete surprise, the market having anticipated a cut in dividend in view of the curtailment in steelmaking during the last quarter of 1918, especially after the signing of the armistice, when Government contracts were canceled.

Although the cut had been rumored, there was not any too great confidence that it would actually be made in view of the action of the Bethlehem Directors a few days ago in maintaining the rate of payment on the common stock of that company. The trading element was inclined to be cautious, and there was some strength displayed by Steel common, the stock actually scoring an advance on the day's trading, due apparently to a desire of the shorts to cover commitments.

Net earnings for the last quarter of 1918 showed a sharp drop by comparison with the preceding quarters of the year, the total for the fourth quarter being $36,354,165, as compared with $42,761,589 in the preceding quarter. The difference in total earnings was, however, even greater than this indicates, as the allowance for excess profits taxes in the September quarter was $101,987,347, as compared with a tax allowance of $50,000,000 in the December quarter. Certain readjustments in the expense account, it is believed, were made during the last quarter to apply throughout the entire year.

On the announcement of earnings for the four quarters of the year, the earnings for 1918, after allowing for war taxes, are indicated to have been $198,834,569, a reduction of $96,457,611 from the earnings of 1917, and of $124,790,517 from the record earnings of 1916. The earnings for the year just past are equivalent to about $22 a share on the common stock of the corporation. This compares with 46 per cent. in 1917 and 48 per cent. in 1916, and practically 10 per cent. in 1915. The allowances for war taxes during 1918 were heavier than ever before, the total set aside for Government obligations being $274,288,795, or more by about $75,000,000 than the net earnings of the corporation for the year. The following table shows a comparison of the earnings of the last three years:

Year's Earnings.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Gross	*$1,460,000,000	$1,683,962,552	$1,231,473,779
Net	198,834,569	295,292,180	333,574,178
Sur. for divs	137,269,720	224,219,565	271,531,730
Bal. for com. stk	112,053,043	188,999,888	246,312,053

*Estimated

Income Account Last Quarter.

	Quarter Ended Dec. 31,'18.	Quarter Ended Sep. 30,'18.	Quarter Ended Dec. 31,'17.
Net earn.	$36,354,165	$42,761,589	$59,724,125
Dep. s. f. &c.	10,916,972	10,892,197	11,688,781
Net income	25,437,193	32,069,392	48,035,344
Int. U. S. S. bonds, &c.	5,340,978	5,404,081	5,470,103
Balance	20,096,215	26,665,311	42,565,241
Add. to bet.	842,767		1,600,808
Div. pfd.	6,304,920	6,304,919	6,304,920
Div. com.	6,353,782	6,353,781	6,353,782
Ext. com.	5,083,025	10,166,050	15,249,075
Surplus	2,907,255	3,840,561	16,258,272

In the following table the earnings by months are shown, the earnings for 1917 being after adjustment for special war taxes:

NET EARNINGS BY MONTHS.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Jan.	$13,176,237	$24,437,626	$18,994,912
Feb.	17,313,888	22,870,321	19,196,386
March	26,471,304	29,448,072	22,722,316
1st. quar.	$56,961,424	$76,756,019	$60,713,624
April	20,644,982	27,853,986	25,423,676
May	21,494,201	30,010,865	27,554,890
June	20,418,205	30,508,709	28,174,472
2d quar.	$62,557,391	$88,262,460	$81,126,048
Half-year	119,518,815	165,118,499	141,839,672
July	15,261,107	23,600,585	25,650,096
Aug.	14,687,613	24,439,545	29,746,913
Sept.	12,612,869	22,748,857	30,420,158
3d quar.	$42,761,589	$70,788,787	$85,817,067
Oct.	13,659,932	21,835,991	35,177,393
Nov.	11,859,351	19,902,862	36,443,543
Dec.	10,834,882	17,645,841	34,347,111
4th quar.	$36,351,165	$59,384,694	$105,968,347
Year	198,834,569	295,292,180	333,625,086

Judge E. H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of the Steel Corporation, refused to make any comment on the quarterly report of the company. The earnings for October, November, and December show a steadily declining tendency, the earnings of the first named month being $13,659,932 and for December $10,834,882. The total for the quarter, $36,354,165, is the lowest that the Steel Corporation has reported at any time during the last three years. In the June quarter of 1915 the earnings were $27,950,055, but after that the quarters all showed better earnings than the one just closed. The peak of earnings came in the fourth quarter of 1916, when $105,917,438 was reported. A total of $40,887,193 was added to surplus during the last year.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should to presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 5, 1919.

TEMPLE COAL CO. First and Collateral Trust Mtge. 5% Sinking Fund Bonds.—Under provisions of the mortgage proposals for the account of the sinking fund will be received until 3 o'clock P. M. on February 10, 1919, at the office of The Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Trustee, for the sale to it at the lowest price not exceeding 101 and accrued interest, of as many bonds as $123,829.74 will purchase. All tenders should be addressed to the undersigned.

THE PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY FOR INSURANCES ON LIVES AND GRANTING ANNUITIES,
Tenders for Sinking Fund Temple Coal Co.,
517 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penn.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.36	60.93	61.25	+.07
25 industrials	82.62	81.75	82.29	+.37
50 stocks	71.99	71.35	71.77	+.22

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 28	71.82	71.24	71.55	—.22
Jan. 25	72.10	71.72	71.77	—.33
Jan. 24	72.25	71.21	72.10	+1.07
Jan. 23	71.34	70.56	71.03	+.48
Jan. 22	70.92	70.18	70.55	—.28
Jan. 21	70.98	69.73	70.27	—.63

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Jan.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	74.99	Jan. 3	69.73	Jan. 21	71.77
1918	69.60	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46	Jan. 1	84.71	Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.83	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.68	Jan. 22	60.07	Jan. 2	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.99	Jan. 3	60.73	Jan. 21	71.77
†1918	88.37	Jan. 6	64.42	Jan. 15	67.11
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.88
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 21	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change—Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	78.02	+.02	—.97	+.93

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 28	78.00	..	Jan. 20	78.10	—.35
Jan. 25	78.00	+.24	Jan. 18	78.45	—.03
Jan. 24	77.76	—.0[illegible]	Jan. 17	78.48	—.11
Jan. 23	76.88	+.05	Jan. 16	78.59	—.05
Jan. 22	77.78	—.15	Jan. 15	78.64	—.03
Jan. 21	77.93	—.17	Jan. 14	78.67	—.13

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	77.76	Jan. 24	78.02
†1918	77.23	Jan. 3	70.64	Jan. 24	77.00
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

SEA RATE CUT LIFTS COTTON

Market Opens Firm and Prices Make 200-Point Gain.

After a firm opening, followed by some irregularity in which prices were forced down close to the levels of the previous night, yesterday's cotton market advanced rapidly and consistently until the average for near months stood at practically 200 points gain. The more distant months were up 135 and 180 points on the day. An encouraging feature for the bulls was the fact that the strength, once well developed, was maintained right up to the close of the session.

The new ocean rates were the predominating influence of the day. At first it was feared that the announced cut did not apply to cotton, and mainly for that reason the early trading was so irregular. The attack on the New York Exchange by Representative Heflin was generally ignored.

After the market was several hours old, the news dispatches from Washington stated that Senator Pollock of South Carolina had announced that cotton freight rates from Atlantic ports had been reduced from $22.50 per bale to $6.50, while rates from Gulf ports had been cut from $23.50 to $7.50. This, said Senator Pollock, should make cotton worth at least three cents a pound more than it was before the cut. Local interests, judging from the way they bought the staple, apparently agreed with the Senator.

The market, beyond doubt, was ripe for just such a movement as that of yesterday. The short interest has been growing steadily for some time until it is believed now to be of enormous proportions. The speculative account is practically nil. In short, the market appears sold out, and yesterday's movement undoubtedly saw many old short lines covered. Wiseacres around the ring believe that many more will be covered precipitately if the advance continues.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. day.
Feb	..	..	..	24.10	21.10
March	22.10	23.93	22.04	23.93	21.95
April	..	..	..	22.95	21.15
May	21.20	22.82	21.00	22.80@22.82	20.95
July	20.50	22.15	20.25	22.10@22.15	20.22
Aug.	19.63	19.63	19.63	21.30	19.50
Sept.	..	21.15	19.95	21.10@21.15	19.35
Oct.	19.28	20.75	19.07	20.70@20.75	19.40

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 200 points advance, to 27.95c for middling upland; sales 500 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27c; Savannah, 31c; Augusta, 25c; Memphis 28c; Houston, 27.50c; Little Rock, 26.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	17,531	25,425	21,028
Exports	13,536	53,619	19,761
Exports, season	2,373,485	2,247,528	2,421,842
New York stocks	88,702	93,082	146,808
Port stocks	1,411,106	1,436,221	1,405,412
N. Y. arrivals	3,089	4,874	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 16.06d for middling and 20.12d for good middling. Sales 500 bales, of which 300 were American. Imports 12,000 bales, 5,000 American. Futures opened quiet, 10 points up to 4 down, and closed irregular 42 to 71 points up from the previous day. January, 17.62d; February, 16.25d; March, 14.50d; April, 13.05d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were quiet.

Move to Reduce Cotton Acreage.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 28.—A widespread publicity campaign will be launched today in an effort to maintain the price of spot cotton and decrease the cotton acreage next season. This announcement was made by Theodore V. Wenzel of Natchez, Miss., who is in charge of the movement.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98½	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99½	99¾	5.05
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99¾	100	5.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99½	100¼	5.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	64	65	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb. 14,'26	138	142	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	58	60	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99¼	100	5.00

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100⅛	100⅝	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99⅞	5.25
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	100¾	101⅛	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101¼	101⅝	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅞	102⅜	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102⅝	103	5.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103⅛	103⅝	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅞	104¼	5.70
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96½	99½	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100½	100⅞	5.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	101	101⅜	6.05
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100¾	101¼	6.40
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅝	101½	6.55
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	100⅞	101½	6.55
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100¼	100⅝	5.90
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	87	90	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1920	98	99	6.75
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1921	97	97¾	7.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100¾	5.20
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100¾	5.60
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102⅝	102⅞	6.30
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98¾	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	90	92½	..
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98	99	6.05
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100½	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98½	99¼	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99½	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99¼	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99⅜	99⅝	6.70
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99¾	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C. N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	98¾	99½	10.00
Pitt. & S. S. R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100½	5.65
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100	100¾	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	101¾	5.20
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	103	103¾	5.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	101	101⅞	5.65
Rem. A. U. M. Ctge. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99¾	99⅞	..
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99¼	100	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95½	96½	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	98½	9.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	89	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅝	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99⅝	100	7.00

RESERVE BANK GAIN FOR 1918 WAS 109%

Net Earnings Increased to $22,634,033, an Advance of 607 Per Cent. Over 1917.

GREAT GROWTH IN DISCOUNT

Government's Share $12,795,214—Fewer Acceptances Purchased—Surplus Up to Limit.

The earnings of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, for the fiscal and calendar year 1918, amounted to $25,314,735 gross and $22,634,033 net, compared with $4,862,756 and $3,729,609 for 1917. The Government's share of the bank's earnings, the so-called franchise tax, is $12,795,214, whereas in the previous year it was $649,363. The increase in gross earnings, figured on a percentage basis, is 520, and the percentage of increase in net earnings is 607. The bank earned net equal to 109 per cent. of its paid-in capital.

In the statement of comparative condition the bank shows a tremendous expansion in the volume of bills discounted for members. In 1917 the total for this class of business was $225,117,913, while in 1918 it was $697,341,455. Acceptances purchased, on the other hand, fell off from $148,770,185 to $77,576,632. Rediscounts for other Federal Reserve Banks, which totaled $23,191,033 at the close of 1917, were nil at the conclusion of last year.

In the statement of resources and liabilities the three principal divisions of the former compare as follows: Loans and discounts $424,251,433 at the close of 1917, against $905,216,288 at the close of 1918; reserve cash, $649,944,655 for 1917, and $672,523,785 for 1918; other resources, $184,728,564 for 1917, $294,061,002 for 1918. The liabilities show capital of $20,820,100 and surplus of $8,322,040 for 1918, compared with capital of $18,695,950 and surplus of $649,363 for 1917. Gross deposits at the end of 1918 totaled $975,219,452, compared with $731,458,687 the previous year. Note liability was $852,800,835 last year and $456,338,565 the year before. The total of resources and liabilities was $1,871,806,076 last year and $1,208,924,653, the preceding year.

The profit and loss account statement, in detailed form, follows:

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

	1918.	Increase Over 1917.
Gross earnings	$25,314,735	$20,451,880
Operating expenses	2,680,702	1,547,456
Net earnings	22,634,033	18,904,424
Dividends paid	*1,195,026	†747,792
Cred. to profit and loss	20,467,891	19,169,164
To surplus	7,672,676	7,023,313
Res. for franchise tax	12,795,214	12,145,851

*Dividends paid in 1917 covered period April 1, 1915-Dec. 31, 1917. †Decrease.

At the close of 1918, the Director of the bank increased the surplus account from $649,363 to $8,322,040, thus giving the bank the full 40 per cent. surplus allowed under the law. At the present time there is a proposal pending which, if it becomes law, will allow the several Federal Reserve Banks to accumulate 100 per cent. surplus. In the last year, the Government's share, $12,795,214, the amount of the franchise tax, came after virtually the whole surplus was written out of earnings.

The increase in operating expenses, which, for operation of the bank, exclusive of the cost of the bank's currency, was from $780,481 in 1917 to $2,317,738 in 1918, was due largely to the considerable increase in the number of employes, which expanded from about 1,000 to more than 2,000.

Withhold Sugar Proxies.

Some of the preferred stockholders of the Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation, among them Henry Evans, President of the Continental Fire Insurance Company, have refused to give their proxies in support of a plan to provide new financing for the sugar company without first being informed as to certain details of the management of the corporation. In a letter written to the Cuba Cane Company Mr. Evans asks what sinking fund provisions are to be stipulated in the proposed issue of bonds, what terms are to be given the underwriting syndicate, and whether the stockholders will have a pro rata share of the underwriting.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Grant Motor	1	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 18
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 20
Penn. Sab'd Steel	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 30
Sierra Pac. Elec. pf.	$1.50	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 27
Thompson-Star't pf.	4	SA	Apr. 1	Mar. 25
United Drug 2d pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.85	5.43
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1919-'33	4½@5	5.90	5.65
Canadian Pacific	1919-'28	4½	5.85	5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.00	5.60
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.65	5.25
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.75	5.25
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'20	5	5.95	5.55
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.05	5.70
Illinois Central	1919-'28	4½@5	5.75	5.30
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5	5.75	5.25
Michigan Central	1919-'30	5	5.95	5.45
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.20	5.70
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.85	5.40
Norfolk & West.	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.10	5.75
Penn. Gen. Frgt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.65	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.30
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.50	6.00
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.25
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.30
Southern Railroad	1919-'24	4½@5	5.90	5.40
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.50	5.50

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil	5	5½	Houghton	30	60
Bay S Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	28	29
Bos Ariz	..	1¼	Iron Blos	45	55
Boston Ely	95	99	Iron C[illegible]	13	15½
Bos Mont	49	51	Jer Verde	40	50
Begolo	..	50	La Rose	32	40
Bohemia	75	85	Majestic	20	22
Butte Lon	12	14	Mex Metals	25	28
Chiaveras	1½	1⅝	Moj Tung	4	6
Champ. old	3	3½	New Baltic	1	1¼
Chief Cons	3½	3¾	Nat Z & L	9	10
Cons Cop	5¾	6	Nixon Nev	40	42
Cone Ariz	1½	1⅝	Nev Doug	22	24
Cortez	13	15	Oneco	20	45
Crystal	19	20	Onondega	10	15
Crown Res	42	48	Seven Mets	48	50
Denbigh	64	65	S W Miami, full paid	85	1¼
Earle Eagle	..	2	Un Ver Ext	32½	33½
Eagle B B	2½	2⅝	Vic Mines	..	75
Fortuna	3	4	Yukon Gold	70	90
Gold Lake	2	5			

Imperial Tobacco of Great Britain and Ireland, Ltd.
Ordinary Shares
Par Value £1
Since 1913 dividends have amounted to 150% in cash and 150% in stock.
Price on Application.
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Coal Co. Bonds
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Merchants Coal 1st 5s, 1937
Dawson Ry. & Coal 5s, 1951
Keystone C. & C. Ref. 6s, serial
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Madison Avenue at 42nd Street
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Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $30,000,000

WE OFFER

£1,081,200
($5,254,632)

Government of the
Dominion of Canada
Guaranteed
4% Sterling Coupon Bonds
Issued by the
Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company
(Incorporated under Act of Parliament, Canada, 3 Edward VII., Chap. 122)

Dated July 1st, 1914. Due January 1st, 1962.

Principal and half-yearly interest (1st January and July) payable at a fixed rate of exchange ($4.86 per £) in Canadian Currency at Montreal, or in gold at New York, at the same rate, or in Sterling in London, England.

Principal may be registered. Denomination: £200 ($972).

Trustee: The Royal Trust Company, Montreal.

Subject to Legal Opinion: Messrs. Blake, Lash, Anglin & Cassels, Toronto.

Authorized Issue - - - £3,280,000
Outstanding - - - - £3,280,000

The issue is guaranteed both as to the payment of principal and interest by the Dominion Government, the following guarantee being endorsed on each bond:—

"Guarantee.

"I, William Thomas White, Minister of Finance and Receiver-General of the Dominion of Canada, by virtue of the power conferred upon me by an Act of the Parliament of Canada, being Chapter 34 of the Statutes of 1914, known as 'The Grand Trunk Pacific Guarantee Act, 1914,' and by virtue of an Order-in-Council approved by the Governor-General, do certify that the bonds of that series of bonds of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company, known as its Four Per Cent. Sterling Bonds due 1962, secured by a mortgage entered into by and between the said Railway Company of the first part, The Royal Trust Company, Trustee, of the second part, and His Majesty the King, of the third part, and bearing date the Fifth day of August, 1914, for a principal amount of £3,280,000 sterling, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. payable half-yearly, are guaranteed as to the payment of both principal and interest by the Dominion of Canada.

"Dated at Ottawa, Canada, August 6th, 1914.

"'W. T. WHITE.'
"Minister of Finance and Receiver-General of Canada."

Copies of the Trust Deed are on fyle and may be examined at our office. Engraved Bonds are now ready and may be delivered on or about January 31st.

Price: 75.37 and Interest, yielding 5½%
Payment in United States funds
Orders may be telegraphed or telephoned at our expense

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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Air Reduction Company, Incorporated.
120 Broadway, New York City.
SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS,
February 19th, 1919.

Notice is Hereby Given that a Special Meeting of the stockholders of AIR REDUCTION COMPANY, INCORPORATED, has been called by the Board of Directors to be held at the principal office of the Company, at No. 120 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, February 19th, 1919, at three o'clock P. M., for the purpose of amending the Certificate of Incorporation so as to reduce the number of preferred shares which the Company may issue to five thousand two hundred and fifty-two (5,252), the number now outstanding, and increase the number of common shares without nominal or par value which the Company may issue to two hundred and fifty-eight thousand three hundred and twenty (258,320); and for the purpose, if such increase of common stock be authorized, of approving or authorizing the terms upon which forty-seven thousand and eighty-two (47,082) shares of the common stock shall be issued, offered for subscription to the common stockholders, exchanged for shares of the preferred stock at the rate or valuation prescribed in the Certificate of Amendment filed February 17th, 1917, set apart for subscription by officers and employes of the Company, or otherwise disposed of; and for the purpose of determining whether the number of the directors of the Company shall be increased to fourteen (14); and also for the purpose of taking action upon such other matters incidental to the foregoing as may come before the meeting.

Dated, New York, January 18th, 1919.
By Order of Board of Directors.
WALTER W. BIRGE, President,
M. W. RANDALL, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING.
To the Stockholders of
CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION:

A special meeting of the stockholders of Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation has been called to take place at the office of the Company, No. 112 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y., on Tuesday, February 11, 1919, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of considering and acting upon a proposition that the Company issue not to exceed in the aggregate principal amount $25,000,000 of bonds and execute a mortgage upon its property to secure the same, and of authorizing and consenting to such bonds and mortgage in such form and with such terms and provisions as the stockholders at said meeting may approve or as the Board of Directors of the Company duly authorized at said meeting may determine and approve, and of transacting such other and further business in connection with the authorization of said mortgage and the disposition of the said bonds as may come before the meeting.

For the purpose of this meeting the stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 3 P. M., on Monday, January 27, 1919, and remain closed until 10 A. M. on Thursday, February 13, 1919.

By order of the Board of Directors.
HENRY F. KROYER, Secretary.
Dated, January 21, 1919.

The Controller Company, Incorporated.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of stockholders of The Controller Company, Incorporated, will be held at No. 402 Madison Avenue, New York City, on Monday, February 10th, 1919, at 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors in place of those whose terms expire and for such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

New York, January 29th, 1919.
HENRY C. BEADLESTON, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL ENAMELING & STAMPING COMPANY.
Executive Office, 411 Fifth Avenue.
New York, January 29th, 1919.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held on Tuesday, the eighteenth day of February, 1919, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the Company, Hudson County National Bank Building, Nos. 243-245 Washington Street, Jersey City, N. J., (office of the New Jersey Corporations Agency,) for the purpose of:

A. The reading and ratification of the minutes of the sessions of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee for the fiscal year ended December 31st, 1918.

B. To receive and act upon the reports of the Officers of the Company.

C. Election of a Board of Directors.

D. Transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

In accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey, no stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within twenty days next preceding this election, namely: January 30th to February 18th, both inclusive.

W. H. MATTHAI, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING.
Office of
GENERAL FIRE EXTINGUISHER CO.
German American Building.
No. 1 Liberty Street, New York, N. Y.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the General Fire Extinguisher Company will be held at the office of the Company in the city of New York on Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 10 A. M., to elect Directors and transact such other business as may properly come before this meeting.

The transfer books will be closed on January 25th, 1919, and reopened February 7th, 1919.

HENRY B. CROSS, Secretary.
January 13, 1919.

We offer and recommend the purchase of

Carbo-Hydrogen Co.

7% PREFERRED STOCK
With 25% COMMON STOCK

Established Company. Earnings increased monthly. After payment preferred dividends and all charges, common earned 6% in 1918; now earning over 12%; estimated for 1919, will earn over 23%. Preferred dividends paid since organization. Name of product and Company patented—a standard gas for cutting steel and iron. Essentially a peace stock.

100 shares Preferred, & 25 shares Common, Cost $487.50 & accrued dividend

YIELD 7.15% on Preferred
Common attractive speculation

Descriptive Circular "T" on Request.

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ISLAND OIL
New production reported. Market position of shares and late development.

GENERAL ASPHALT
Company receiving large asphalt orders. Progress of oil developments.

ROYAL DUTCH
Plans for the future. Outline of company's holdings and production.

U. S. STEAMSHIP — Business on hand and plans.
HOUSTON OIL — Company wins important suit.
INTER. PET. — Rumor of "melon" slicing.
COSDEN & CO. — Number of wells drilling in Ranger field.

Above stocks and others treated in current issue of our
WEEKLY REVIEW NO. 385
Copies sent without obligation.

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S. O. of N. J.
Famous Players Lasky

Lyon & Co.,
60 Wall Street, New York
Telephone Hanover 7920

Air Reduction and Rights
Brooklyn City Railway
Famous Players-Lasky
Fajardo Sugar
Port Lobos Petroleum
Santa Cecelia Preferred
Buffalo Gen. Elec. 6s, 1921
Canada Copper 6s, 1928
Seattle Everett 5s, 1939
Studebaker Notes
Wayne Coal 6s, 1937

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Geo. W. Helme Common
American Brass
Columbia Graphophone
American Cigar
Tide Water Oil
Peerless Motor Stock

William M. van der Kieft
Tel. Bowling Green 6880. 61 B'way, N. Y.

Mexican Eagle Oil
Atlantic Holding
Parr Shoals Power 5s
Creamery Package Com.

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44 Broad Street New York
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FACTS ABOUT WILLS
are set forth in our booklet "The Will and the Way." Send for it.
Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
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CHATHAM & PHENIX NATIONAL BANK
Capital & Surplus $5,000,000
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149 Broadway, (Singer Bldg.)
And 12 Branches

PACKERS ATTACK CONTROL PROPOSAL

"Would Just Muddle Things Up," E. S. Morris Tells Committee.

PRESENT LAWS ADEQUATE

Louis F. Swift Answers Questions About Profits at Hearing by Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Presidents of two big packing companies today advised Senate and House committees against enactment of any additional legislation to regulate the meat packing industry. Louis F. Swift, of Swift & Co., told the Senate Agriculture Committee present laws were adequate to deal with any abuses charged, and Edward S. Morris, of Morris & Co., testified before the House Interstate Commerce Committee that any further legislation "would just muddle things up."

Inasmuch as every person had his own idea of what was reasonable, Mr. Swift said, a packer could not tell whether his profits were legal until he had been ordered to refrain by the Secretary of Agriculture or convicted by a jury.

J. Ogden Armour, president of Armour & Co., said yesterday that he expected to consult representatives of all other packers concerning measures to be offered as substitutes for legislation now pending before Congress. Mr. Swift, when asked today by Senator Gore of Oklahoma, if he expected to assist with such legislation, said he felt much of the so-called "feeling against the packers" was exaggerated, and that legislation would not affect the situation.

Mr. Swift opposed provisions of the Kendrick bill to regulate the meat industry, on the ground that they would make anti-trust laws applicable to a single individual and put regulation wholly in the hands of the Secretary of Agriculture without limitation or direction.

"No man would invest," he added, "where success or failure depended on the whim of a political appointee, ignorant of the packing business. Every person who refrained from buying until prices were lower would be open to the charge that his action was for the purpose of decreasing or enhancing prices and would be subject to prosecution."

Members of the committee questioned figures presented by Mr. Swift showing profits.

"When you say your profit is two cents on the dollar, you intend to convince the average man your earnings are a mere trifle," said Senator Gore of Oklahoma. "We want to know what you made on your capital stock."

Mr. Swift said he made fifteen per cent.

"Surplus ought to be eliminated, too, to get at a just percentage," said Senator Norris of Nebraska. "If this was accumulated as an excess over dividends paid, it has been paid by people who eat meat. No water or stock dividends should be included."

"If Mr. Hoover is soothing his soul that he reduced your profits $10,000,000 by his regulations, he's shooting wide of the mark, isn't he?" asked Senator Gore.

"Well, our profits were $13,000,000 less last year than in 1917," the witness said.

"But you would have made less without the Food Administration regulations?"

"They had a bearing," said Mr. Swift. He added that labor cost was $15,000,000 more.

"Then that accounts for more than the entire reduction that has been attributed to the Food Administration?" interjected Mr. Heney.

Affidavits were presented to show that Swift & Co.'s advertising expenditures were $1,700,000 in 1918, and not $1,000,000 a month, as has been stated.

Some limitation of capitalization of packing companies was suggested by Senator Gronna of North Dakota after Francis J. Heney had cross-examined Mr. Swift concerning a series of increases of his company's capital stock.

Mr. Heney said that by separating the Swift concern into three organizations recently the market value of the original stock had been increased more than $100,000,000. Mr. Swift denied this and agreed to inform the committee as to the transactions dealing with the separation of the one company into Swift & Co., Swift International, and Libby, McNeil & Libby.

Mr. Morris, in completing his testimony before the House Committee said the packers should not be interfered with as long as they operated at the present degree of efficiency and justly treated both the producer and the consumer. Legislation would be particularly harmful at the present time, he said, because the packers were making every effort to get back to a pre-war basis.

Asked by Representative Rayburn of Texas if he did not believe it would be advisable for the Government to at least fix the price of meat, Mr. Morris said such an attempt undoubtedly would result disastrously, because there were many factors entering into the determination of meat prices over which the Government would have no control.

"The Food Administration has been successful in fixing the price of meat sold to the Allies," he said, "but that was because the Allies had to take our meat or go without. As soon as the world market becomes normal again prices will be fixed as before by the law of supply and demand."

Asked by Representative Snook of Ohio if he did not believe legislation would tend to relieve the distrust which "the public has for the packers," Mr. Morris declared he believed this distrust was exaggerated. Many more people trust the packers than view them with suspicion, he said, but keep still while "those with grudges holler."

Representatives of Cudahy & Co. followed Mr. Morris on the stand. J. A. McCaughton, traffic manager, submitted figures to show that refrigerator cars were operated much more efficiently by the packers than by the railroads. He said it would be all right for the Government to supply cars to the independent packers, but asserted that the big packers should be allowed to retain those they have now.

Thomas Creigh, attorney for Cudahy & Co., told the committee it would be "an utterly unpractical, un-American procedure for the Government to snuff out a business without a clear, judicial, unbiased investigation of the facts." He said such an investigation had not been conducted by the Federal Trade Commission, and that the commission's report was "filled with erroneous and distorted statements to which no credence should be given."

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.01	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.02	Jacket	.03
Andes	.03	Mexican	.10
Best & Belcher	.01	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.06
Caledonia	.02	Overman	.01
Challenge Con.	.03	Potosi	.06
Confidence	.03	Savage	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.05
Con. Virginia	.05	Union Con.	.10
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.

Belmont	2.60	Booth	.13
Brougher Divide	.25	Florence	.13
Cash Boy	.07	Goldfield Con.	.19
Gold Zone	.21	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.15	Great Bend	.03
Jim Butler	.35	Jumbo Ext.	.13
McNamara	.80	Kewanas	.05
Midway	.33	Lone Star	.06
Mizpah	.06	Silver Pick	.04
Monarch Pitts.	.08	Spearhead	.17
Montana	.14	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.06	Manhattan Con.	.04
Rescue	.07	Nevada Hills	.03
Tonopah Divide	3.25	Packard	.05
Tonopah Ext.	2.32½	Rochester	.25
West End	1.25	Round Mountain	.32
West Tonopah	.14	United Eastern	4.20
GOLDFIELD.		White Caps	.13
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4⅛	5	McKinney	7	9
Dr. Jackpot	4¾	5	Portland	100	110
Elkton	4¾	5½	U. Gold M.	15	16
Golden C.	177½	178½	Vindicator	42	45
Granite	13	..	Rose Nicol.	13¼	14
Isabella	5	8			

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 28.—Thirty-three new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $15,282,700, were chartered today. They include:

William Farrell & Son, Manhattan, coal, wood, and ice, $12,000,000; T. F. and W. A. and W. B. Farrell, 600 West 157th St.

International Maritime Corp., Manhattan, commission agents in goods, wares, and merchandise, $250,000; B. M. Kaye, W. C. Archer, L. Hemstreet, 149 Broadway.

Economic Garage, Inc., Bronx, $10,000; F. and J. Greenberg, H. Caplan, 283 St. Ann's Av., Bronx.

Hodge Candy and Baking Co., Binghamton, $25,000; M. B. and S. A. and L. H. Hodge, Binghamton.

James Hunter Corp., Fulton, automatic gasoline saver, $200,000; E. C., J. C., and J. Hunter, Fulton.

The Automatic Safety Tire Valve Corp., Queens, $10,000; S. N. Newman, C. R. Tock, G. H. Crossan, Hotel Prince George.

Bedford Paper Box Co., Manhattan, $5,000; N. Epstein, M. Markowitz, H. Kotchik, 27 Greene Av.

Sanford Knitting Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; S. M. Salke, J. Tishman, A. M. Ernst, 802 West 181st St.

Tobey & Brown, Inc., Manhattan, printing and bookbinding and stationery, $40,000; E. Weinheim, T. Seltzer, M. Loble, 607 West 139th St.

Elco Gelatone Publishing Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; C. Wagner, E. Golbe, H. L. Heppe, 200 Manhattan Av.

Ashkenas & Weintraub, Inc., Bronx, millinery, $5,000; S. Ashkenas, L. Weintraub, J. R. Wittstein, 96 Stebbins Av., Bronx.

Poland Milk and Farm Supply Corp., Kennedy, Chautauqua County, $5,000; O. M. Grub, C. E. Nolan, A. L. Langdon, Kennedy.

Bruet-Duffer Corp., Carthage, ice machinery and appliances, $75,000; M. A. Bruet, L. J. Duffer, F. D. O'Keefe, Carthage.

Fleitmann, Watjen & Co., Manhattan, goods, wares, and merchandise, $200,000; W. S. Sawyer, F. H. Fleitmann, A. Watjen, 120 West 81st St.

M. Miller & Co., Manhattan, commission business in cotton, $50,000; S. Crosner, S. H. Golding, M. Miller, 65 Fort Washington Av.

Robbins & Co., Manhattan, paper and cardboard boxes, $10,000; I. Robbins, T. Pearlman, B. Ziegler, 103 Allen St.

Victory Envelope Machine Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. H. Nason, M. J. Langdon, F. E. Louas, 1,790 Broadway.

Caplin Goldwasser Co., Manhattan, men's and women's wearing apparel, $10,000; A. Silverman, E. R. Katz, L. Goldwasser, 857 East 176th St.

Breno Realty Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; E. M. Brenowitz, M. and B. Solomon, 2,002 Douglas Street, Brooklyn.

Producers Dairy Co., Potsdam, $2[illegible]; W. A. Jenner, F. Halpin, F. E. Gibson, Potsdam.

Victory Bottle Capping Machine Co., Manhattan, $16,000; J. B. Wickery, E. A. Oliver, F. W. Muller, 1,476 Broadway.

Allied Merchandise Co., Manhattan, brokerage, commission, and jobbing business, $5,000; M. P. Cohencious, W. Wexler, A. S. Cohn, 1,078 Longfellow Av.

Arctic City Film Corp., Port Henry, $100,000; W. L. Best, J. Reid, B. H. Mills, Albany.

Inter-Continental Shipping Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Benjamin, R. Cacciabelli, A. Notry, 1,700 3d Av.

American and British Auto Corp., Manhattan, 1,500 shares preferred stock $100 each, 4,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $170,000; J. C. Weschler, W. T. Kohn, J. M. Roeder, 42 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Fischer's Dairy Lunch, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $25,000.

The Brooklyn Daily Eagle, Brooklyn, $100,000 to $1,500,000.

Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Corp., Manhattan, $100,000 to $250,000.

Royal National Varnish Co., Queens, $15,000 to $50,000.

Navarre Blouses, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $10,000.

Sparrow & Smith, Inc., Manhattan, $100,000 to $200,000.

Weinstein Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $7,500 to $50,000.

William R. Compton Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $150,000.

W. & W. Realty Corp., Queens, $1,000 to $10,000.

Forbes Paper Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Donner Steel Co., Buffalo, $13,000,000 to $14,000,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

The De Vinne Press, Manhattan, $500,000 to $200,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Frost & Cundill, Inc., Manhattan, to F. W. Frost & Co.

Bucyrus Tire and Rubber Co., Buffalo, to Henderson Tire and Rubber Co.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Wheelock, Lovejoy & Co., Mass., steel, iron and minerals, no capital given; representative, H. S. Gould, 37 Wall St.

DISSOLUTION.

Fleitmann-Watjen Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 28.—Charters filed:

Tex-la-homa Oil Corp., $45,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Pine Island Oil Corp., $2,000,000; Philip L. Neisser, George V. Reilly, Louis H. Gunther, all of New York.

Crank Forging Co., iron, steel, &c., $1,000,000; W. F. O'Keefe, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

Elmhurst Realty Co., $200,000; Max Matthues, Lillian H. Matthues, Arthur M. Matthues of Wilmington.

Interstate Phonograph Co., $200,000; William Schneider, Joseph Tramoloto, New York; Harvey J. Osborn, Hackensack, N. J.

Mutual Benefit Stores, Inc., $100,000; Franklin L. Mettler, M. E. Mettler, L. F. Mettler of Wilmington.

Hickory Products Co., live stock and food products of all kinds, $50,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Automotive Retread Co., to manufacture automotive machines propelled by steam, electricity, &c., $20,000; E. E. Aberle, George G. Steigler, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Nyap Paint Mfg. Co., Pittsburgh, from $100,000 to $500,000.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	$1.26	$1.22	$1.24⅝	$1.20	..
Feb.	1.25½	1.20	1.23	1.19	1.27⅝
March	1.25	1.18¾	1.22¼	1.18¼	1.27
May	1.21½	1.17	1.19¾	1.16¼	1.25⅛
July	1.19	1.14	1.16⅛	1.14	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	.57¼	56	57¼	55¼	84
February	.58⅜	55¾	57⅞	56⅝	..
March	.59¼	56½	58	57¼	82⅞
May	.60	57	58⅜	57⅜	80⅛
July	.57¾	54⅝	56	55⅝	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 68c; No. 2 white, 67½@68c; No. 3 white, 67@67½c; No. 4 white, 66@66½c; ordinary clipped, 66@67½c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	22.97	22.31	22.97	22.47	25.02
May	22.97	22.30	22.97	22.47	25.22
Ribs.					
January	..	..	22.40	22.40	23.72
May	20.95	20.35	20.95	20.45	24.50
Pork—					
January	..	..	43.00	43.00	47.30
May	37.60	35.70	37.60	36.60	46.40

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	..	..	13.32	13.10
July	13.15	13.15	13.37	13.05
September	13.00	12.90	13.02	12.80
December	12.90	12.82	12.92	12.70

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.48½	$1.44	$1.41
March	1.43	1.40	1.40
May	1.42	1.35	1.37½

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 10,321 packages. Another decline of 1@2c, with dull trading and accumulating stocks. An unsettled feeling prevailed at the close, and demand will have to improve shortly or values will go still lower. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 51@51½c; extras, 92 score, 50@50½c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 48@49½c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 45@47c; lower grades, 42@44c; unsalted, higher than extras, 52½@53c; extras, 51½@52c; firsts, 49@51c; seconds, 46@48c; State dairy tubs, finest, 49@49½c; good to prime, 46@48c; common to fair, 40@45c; renovated, extras, 48@49c; firsts, 46@47c; lower grades, 40@45c; imitation creamery, firsts, 44@45c; ladles, current make, firsts, 39@40c; seconds, 38c; lower grades, 36@37c; packing stock, current make No. 1, 36½@37c; No. 2, 35@35½c; lower grades, 32@34c.

EGGS.—5,038 cases. There is at least a temporary shortage in the supply of fresh gathered eggs under continued very light receipts, and the offerings of previous accumulations are hardly sufficient to supply the urgent requirements of the trade. Prices show a further advance of about 1c per dozen, and the market is momentarily firm. Advices from the interior indicate increasing collections, and the market would be sensitive to any enlargement of supply. Storage eggs in very small supply and working out at steady but very irregular prices. Nearby white eggs are scarce, and although there are considerable offerings of California stock the market for fancy qualities is firm and slightly in sellers' favor. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 63c; extra firsts, 61@62c; firsts, 60@60½c; seconds and poorer, 56@59c; dirties, No. 1, 55@56c; No. 2 and poorer, 50@54c; checks, good to choice, dry, 48@50c; undergrades, 43@47c; refrigerator, 32@51c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 70@71c; ordinary to prime, 64@69c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@69c; pullet whites, 64@65c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 69@70c; lower grades, 64@67c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 62@67c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 61@66c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 60@65c.

PUBLIC SERVICE FINANCING.

President McCarter Announces Corporation's Plans in Newark.

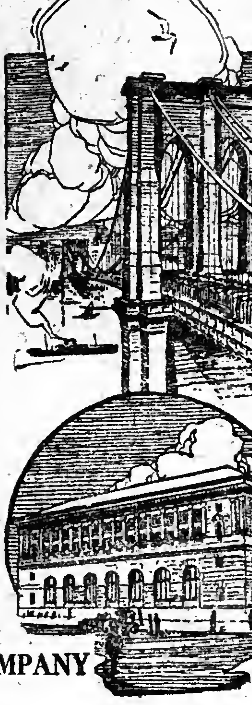
President Thomas N. McCarter of the Public Service Corporation announced in Newark, N. J., yesterday financing plans which the Directors have completed to meet its collateral notes, amounting to $7,500,000 at par, maturing on March 1 next; to pay off all the other unfunded and floating indebtedness of the corporation and to provide it with sufficient funds for its capital requirements for the current year, in all $22,500,000.

Mr. McCarter said the Directors yesterday had authorized an issue of 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock to the amount of $50,000,000 at par, and that it is provided that the corporation may, upon notice, redeem so much of this authorized issue of preferred stock as may from time to time be issued and outstanding at 100 per cent. of its par value.

"This will serve to protect the corporation against the permanent existence of an 8 per cent. preferred stock should financial conditions return to a normal basis," he said.

He also told other financing plans of the company, including an offer to the existing shareholders of $12,500,000 gold collateral three-year 7 per cent. notes of the corporation, to be secured by $14,000,000 at par of the general mortgage bonds of the corporation and $5,000,000 at par of the stock of the Public Service Electric Company. These notes are to be offered to the shareholders at 98½ per cent. of their par value, and may be converted into the 8 per cent. preferred stock of the corporation, at the option of the holders thereof, any time prior to Dec. 1, 1921.

Introducing Greater New York



The opening of the Brooklyn Bridge in 1883 ushered in "Greater New York."

It prepared the way for the system of tunnels and bridges that now daily carries millions of producers between the boroughs.

It advanced toward realization the vast city's possibilities of leadership in world industry and commerce.

Intelligent, sound banking service played its part in the progress that followed.

The Brooklyn Trust Company's deposits in 1883 were $4,351,079. December 31, 1918, they amounted to $30,996,080.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY
177 Montague Street
BROOKLYN

To Holders of Coupons and Securities Maturing in February

INVESTORS who expect payment in February of interest, dividends or principal of any securities, should read our "Questionnaire for Investors" before re-investing their funds.

This "Questionnaire" is the most interesting and valuable piece of investment literature we ever have published. It tells in clear question and answer form how to test the safety of any investment and how to distinguish the sound from the unsound. A copy will be sent on request.

We have only a limited supply of "Questionnaires" available, and we therefore suggest that you call at our offices today or write us at once. Ask for

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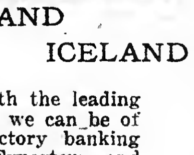

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Scandinavian Trust Company
Member Federal Reserve Bank of New York
56 Broadway, New York.
Capital and Surplus - - $2,500,000

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE

Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland

FIVE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

Please take notice that the British Treasury has waived the ten days' notice required in the option for conversion into United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Twenty-Year 5½% Bonds, due February 1, 1937.

The undersigned will, therefore, be prepared, at any time up to and including February 1, 1919, to accept such notes for conversion without requiring the ten days' notice.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
16 WALL STREET,
New York.

Meeker's Market Letter

A symposium of interesting facts about a great Public Utility and Oil Corporation. Truth glimpses that point to Cities Service common stock as the issue of the hour and the year.

Foreword

It would be fatuous to recommend a stock the future of which was mostly in the past, or which had so little past that the future would be highly problematical. In recommending Cities Service Company Common stock, therefore, the writer neither offers the investor a moribund proposition nor yet a fledgling ambitious to try its untrained wings on the investment public. Cities Service has a record of just enough fine achievement to point the way to much bigger and better things to come.

What is Cities Service? A Definition

Cities Service Company, now one of the great corporations of the country, was the production in its inception of the genius of Henry L. Doherty as an engineer, an organizer and a financier. He brought it into being and still steers its course, but more thousands of men of brains, industry and energy keep it functioning and rendering essential service to millions of people. As organized in 1910 it was purely a Public Utility Company. That is, it supplied to municipalities those necessities of modern life, Electric Light and Power, Street Cars, Artificial and Natural Gas for light and fuel, all commonly called the public utilities, all vitally associated with our business and domestic life. As purely a Public Utility Company, Cities Service was a success. Mr. Doherty, a man of the people, was one of the first to break away from the old Public be d— idea of corporations. "Please the Patron" is his slogan. The wash woman must receive attention and get fair treatment when she complains of her gas bill. The troubles of the customer become also the troubles of the company. Hostility was changed to friendship. Under this benignant rule Cities Service grew, until it operated over 100 properties in 200 communities in the U. S. and Canada. Mr. Doherty confirmed his reputation as the greatest Public Utility operator of the day.

Enter King Oil

In some parts of the country Natural Gas is one of the prime utilities. It solves the fuel problem; is clean, safe and cheap both for heating and cooking, and is often used as an illuminant. Cities Service Company, to control its source of supply, leased thousands of acres of natural gas lands in several states. One day when drilling a well for Gas out in Kansas they struck Oil instead. That put them in the Oil business. They have since had similar experiences in Oklahoma, Texas, Ohio and Kentucky. Spurn not the gifts the gods give you. Had Doherty and Cities Service waited supinely and considered it a good joke that Oil came where they looked for Gas, this letter would never have been written. But they didn't. They employed a staff of geologists and the most competent oil men they could find and uncovered a pool of Oil in the Butler County, Kansas, field for which they have since been offered $150,000,000. Nature having launched them in the oil business they pressed their advantage, and there is not now a State or a nearby country where Cities Service has not been a pioneer in locating and developing oil territory and piling up leases. The riches the future may bring forth can scarcely be computed, but wherever Oil is, there also is Cities Service. Where there are prospects there are also found the avant couriers of Cities Service.

Production and Diversification

Subsidiaries of Cities Service in 1918 produced over 15,000,000 barrels of oil, a daily average of over 41,000 barrels. The bulk of this oil came from the Kansas fields, but subsidiaries also produce in half a dozen other States. A part of this product is sold to pipe lines to carry to other refineries. A considerable part is refined at its own plants located in Pennsylvania, Oklahoma, Kansas and Texas. The product thus refined by the Company is distributed through over 100 retail stations in the Middle West and 46 retail stations in the Atlantic States, as well as through the customary wholesale agencies. The refineries can handle 33,000 barrels of oil per day. The Western refineries are connected with the oil fields by over 900 miles of pipe lines constructed by the company, with a total storage capacity of over 6,000,000 barrels. There are also owned 2,500 tank cars and a tank steamer fleet.

Some Things You Can Depend On Cities Service For

Millions of people look to the Company for electric light, electric power and heat, gas light, gas heat or fuel, crude oil, refined petroleum, lubricant oils and greases, gasoline, naphtha, paraffin wax and dividends. In some of the southern cities refrigeration and the manufacture of ice is also a complement of the business. We venture the assertions that no other great corporation embraces so many useful functions, does them so well, or can show such diversity of operations and location of properties.

Capitalization and Dividends

Cities Service Company has outstanding capitalization of $67,906,782 6% Preferred, and $28,488,848 Common stock with $80,000,000 fifty year 7% Convertible Gold Debentures. The Common stock will pay this year, in addition to the regular cash dividends 12% extra in stock dividends, and it is the intention to increase these stock dividends each year as long as the increasing earnings warrant. Thus the owner of 100 shares during the year 1919 would receive $600 per year in cash and 12 shares of stock, equal in money at this writing to $3,500. Owing to stock depression at this time, the common stock is quoted at a little below $300 per share, but during a part of 1916 it stood at $350 per share, at which price the extra stock dividend is worth $4,200. One hundred shares of Cities Service Common held for a term of five years will double itself if you keep the stock dividends; you will have 200 shares instead of 100, and besides that you will have drawn cash dividends in the 5 years, amounting to $3,970.07.

Why Cities Service Issues Should Be Bought Now

This Company has just begun to scratch the surface of its usefulness and prosperity. Big and profitable as its operations have been, they are only an index to the future. In our opinion, no other reputable stock holds such possibilities of profits and usefulness. In the last three years it has been high at 360 and low at 178. With the return of better conditions in the stock market, which may come at any time, the conclusion is irresistible. We believe the common stock based on property holdings and earning powers to be now worth more than $1,000 per share intrinsically.

We recommend the 6% Cumulative Preferred now selling around 80 (has been up to 94) as a fine dividend paying investment with incidentally higher prices to be expected. We recommend Cities Service Common stock as the best speculative opportunity in the country with incidental income yield attractions. Read these figures of earnings: For the year 1918 the outstanding common stock earned $61.67 a share rising gradually from $8.23 a share in 1911 and the increase still continues. The preferred stock requirements in 1918 were earned 5.32 times. These earnings are computed after due writing off of necessary war taxes and despite the fact that the operation of Public Utilities has been more expensive because of higher price of fuel, labor, etc. The time to buy is when stocks are cheap. They are cheap now comparatively cheaper than for years. Cities Service stocks especially are cheap. There are hundreds of other facts about Cities Service. Very interesting facts we would like to give you. Let us tell you about Cities Service common or preferred. If you decide to buy we shall be glad to fill your order.

Write for Latest Circulars or Wire or Phone, at our Expense

CLAUDE MEEKER
Specialist in Public Utility Securities
Empire Building 71 Broadway, N. Y.
Telephone Bowling Green 6540

DIVIDENDS.

The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co.
DISTRIBUTION NO. 76.
Amount, $122,000.00. Total amount to date, $7,393,182.50.

Notice is hereby given that a distribution of ten (10) cents per share has been ordered paid from funds received from the sale of ore reserves acquired prior to March 1, 1913, upon all outstanding stock of The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co., payable February 10th to stockholders of record January 31st, 1919. By order of Board of Directors.
ADOLPH ZANG, Secretary.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 27.
January 6, 1919.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two ($2.00) dollars per share on the Common Capital Stock, payable March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 10, 1919. Stock books will not be closed. Checks will be mailed.
C. F. VALENTINE, Secretary.

UNITED TRACTION & ELECTRIC COMPANY.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 23, 1919.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid February 1, 1919, to the registered holders of January 23, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.
C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

Sale of Government Owned Nose Bags.

The Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, 19th and B Streets, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Nose Bags, also known as Feed Bags, that were manufactured for the Government as army equipment. No bids will be accepted for less than a bale lot, which contains 50 bags each. Bids will be made in triplicate form and must be mailed in time to reach Washington for the opening at 2:00 P. M. March 3d, 1919. Full particulars and forms for submitting bids may be obtained upon application to Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, Washington, D. C., Ref. S. P. D., No. 320, C. & E.

OFFICE PORT STORAGE OFFICER, Commonwealth Pier, Boston, Mass.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at this office until 12 o'clock meridian February 1, 1919, and then opened in presence of attending bidders for the salvage of quartermaster supplies from the British S. S. PORT HUNTER, wrecked near Vineyard Haven, Mass. Blanks and full information on application.

Nat. Aniline & Chem.
Columbia Graphophone
BREITUNG & CO.
11 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 6180

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4½% on SAVINGS Dating from Febr'y 1
This rate has been paid many years by the conservatively managed
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38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
Ask for Pamphlet, "The Proverbs of Franklin."—Mailed Free.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
American Piano Com. & Pfd.
Christopher & Tenth St. R. R.
Clinchfield Coal Com.
Famous Players-Lasky
Farmers Loan & Trust Stock
Fidelity Phenix Insurance
Home Insurance
Kirby Lumber Com. & Pfd.
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Midland Securities
Nat'l Aniline & Chemical
National City Bank Stock
New York State Railways
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco "B"
Singer Manufacturing
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Victor Talking Machine
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

WANTED
Cape Breton Electric
Guana. Power & El.
Michoacan Power 6s
Ellicott Square 5s
El Tiro Copper 6s
St. Joseph Water 5s
HOTCHKIN & CO.
Incorporated
53 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 460. BOSTON

MEXICAN EAGLE
Bought—Sold—Quoted
WM. McDERMOTT
30 Broad St. New York
Tel. Broad 233-234.

Kirby Lumber
Fidelity Phenix Ins.
Louisiana Oil Ref. Pfd
Federal Sugar
WEBB & CO.
35 Broad St., N. Y. Phone Broad

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WHAT'S COMING?
Babson's Investment Bulletin, which will be off the press about January 1, will carefully analyze
"THE OUTLOOK FOR 1919"
It will discuss the extraordinary conditions of the stock and bond market here and abroad. With the war ended, this bulletin is of special interest to investors and bankers, to whom it will be sent free. Address Department Y-62 of
BABSON STATISTICAL ORGANIZATION
Wellesley Hills, Mass.
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Will furnish particulars
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SPECIALISTS
10 Wall Street, New York.

WITHDRAWAL

Mr. Frederick S. Todman announces that upon his request his name has been withdrawn from the advisory and educational committee of Prentice-Hall, Inc.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s registered	97¼	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg	89	92
2s coupon, '30	97¼	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup	89	92
2s Panama, '38, reg	97¼	98¼	5s, Fed Land Bk, '36	101¼	103¼
2s Panama, '38, coup	97¾	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	100½
4s registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104½	105½
4s coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105½
3s conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100⅞	101¼	100¾	3½s Nov., 1955	81	...	81
4½s June, 1965	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	3½s Nov., 1954	81⅜	83	81½
4½s Mar., 1963	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	3½s May, 1954	81⅜	...	81½
4½s Nov., 1957	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957	100⅞	101¼	100⅞	4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.35	4.60
4s Mar., 1960-30	96⅛	97	96¾	4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.60
4s Mar., 1964	96⅛	97	96¾	4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.35	4.60
4s Apr., 1966	96⅛	97	96¾	4½s 1919-1923	4.35	4.30	4.60
4s Mar., 1962	96⅛	97	96¾	4½s 1924-1932	4.55	4.30	4.50
4s Sept., 1960	96⅛	97	96¾	3½s 1940-1963	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s May, 1959	90½	92	90¾	3½s 1930-1939	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s Nov., 1958	90½	92	90¾	3½s 1922-1929	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s Nov., 1957	90½	92	90¾	3½s 1919-1921	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s Nov., 1956	90	91	90½	3s 1940-1953	4.65	4.40	4.65
3½s Nov., 1955	90½	91	90¾	3s 1920-1930	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s Nov., 1936	88	94	88	3s 1919-1925	4.65	4.40	4.65
3s May, 1919	90½	...	90½				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
903	Cities Service	297	295	295	298
2,130	Cities Service pf	80¼	79½	79½	80
$97,500	Cities Service deb. "B"	127	125	125	130
138,500	Cities Service deb. "C"	103	101	101	103

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow	12	14	Gas & Elec Secur pf	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf	71	74	Miss River Power	10½	12½
Am Gas & Electric	101	102	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Elec pf	43	44½	Northern Ohio Electric	12	15
Am Light & Traction	234	236	Northern Ohio Elec pf	57	60
Am Light & Trac pf	99	100	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Power & Light	56	59	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pf	77	78	Northern States Power	62	63
Am Public Utilities	...	25	Northern States P pf	89	92
Am Public Utilities pf	36	38	Northern Texas Elec	55	60
Am W W & Elec	5	6	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	67	70	Pacific Gas & Electric	47½	48½
Am W W & E partic	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	85	89
Carolina Power & Light	33	34	Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	18
Colorado Power	25	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf	53	57
Colorado Power pf	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf	75	80
Columbus Electric pf	72	78	Republic Ry & Light	17	18
Com Power, Ry & L	19	21	Republic Ry & Lt pf	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	40	43	Southern Cal Edison	85	88
Com Power pf	72½	77	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf	80	85	Standard Gas & Elec	13	14
Eastern Texas Elec	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	31	33
Eastern Texas Elec pf	72	76	Tampa Electric	109	112
El Paso Electric	80	...	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2½	3½
Electric B & S pf	93	95	Tenn Ry, L & P pf	14	14½
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	United Light & Rys	37	39
Federal Light & Trac	8	11	United Light & Rys pf	70	72
Federal Lt & Trac pf	40	45	Western Power	18	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf	64½	66½
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West. Church & Kerr	63	66
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West Church & K pf	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98½	Gt West Power 5s, '46	84½	86¼
Am W W & E col 5s	68	71	Gt West Power 6s, '25	88	95
Appalach Power 1st 5s	73	77	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	78½	80
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	92	95	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92	96
Cities Fuel & Pow 7s	98	100	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88	91
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Com L & P 6s, 1947	...	93½	Omaha & C B 5s, '28	75	84
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	...	83	Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P 7s	98	99½
			Roanoke W W 5s, '19	96½	97½
Cons Power 6s, 1963	83	89	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88	91
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	90	93	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	70	75
East Tex Elec col 6s	85	88	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	88	90
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	97¾	99	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	88	90
El Paso Elec col 5s	82	90	Un Util cv 6s, '43	88	92
Empire Gas & F 6s	97	100	Utah Securities 6s	88½	89¼
Empire Refining 6s	93	97	Wash I W L & P 6s	94¼	98

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.
Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
120	Arundel S	35	35	35	25	Mer & M pf	74½	74½	74½
120	Con Coal	81	80	80	13	North Cent	73¾	73¾	73¾
1,300	Cosden	7⅛	7	7	2	Marine B'k	41	41	41
15	Do pf	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	8	Penn W P	77¼	77¼	77¼
35	Con Power	106½	106½	106½	45	United Ry	19½	19½	19½
600	Davison C	39½	38	38					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Balt City 6s	90	89¼	90	$1,000	Twin City 5s	92¼	92¼	92¼
1,000	City & S 5s	99½	99½	99½	4,000	Sparrows Pt 4½s	89	89	89
1,000	Cosden 6s, A	89½	89½	89½					
1,000	Ga, C & N 5s	96½	96½	96½	1,000	United R 4s	73¾	73¾	73¾

BOSTON.
Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am Zinc	11½	11½	11½	100	Do pf	61½	61½	61½
10	Allouez	43	43	43	85	Pond Creek	13	12¾	13
10	Anaconda	59¼	58	58	30	Quincy	58	58	58
25	Ariz Com'l	11¼	11½	11½	100	Seneca	13½	13½	13½
351	Cal & Ariz	59½	59½	59½	10	Superior Cop	5	5	5
3	Cal & Hecla	426	426	426	25	South Lake	1½	1⅜	1½
45	Cop Range	42½	42	42	100	Trinity	2½	2½	2½
300	Davis-Daly	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	900	Tuolumne	83c	80c	80c
110	East Butte	9½	9½	9½	380	U S Smelt	45½	44½	45
5	Kerr Lake	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	21	Do pf	45	45	45
31	Lake Cop	3½	3	3½	100	Utah Apex	2¾	2¾	2¾
150	Mayflower	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	65	Utah Con	8	7⅞	8
75	Mohawk	52	51½	52	25	Utah Cop	70¼	70¼	70¼
90	New Cornelia	18¼	16	16	4,300	Utah Metals	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
20	New Arc	1⅛	1½	1⅛	325	Winona	90c	90c	90c
40	Nipissing	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	50	Wolverine	18	18	18
475	New River	10½	10	10					

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
11	Bos & Alb	124½	134	134	105	Maine Cent	81	80	81
50	Bos Elev	69¾	67¾	69	12	Mass Elec	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
17	Do pf	97	97	97	1,169	Do pf	13	13½	14¾
1	Bos & Low	90	90	90	835	NY, NH & H	28	28⅜	28
7	Bos & El pf	10	10	10	5	Old Colony	100	100	100

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
85	Am Ag Ch	100¾	100	100¾	10	Do pf	70½	70½	70½
30	Do pf	99	98¾	99	1	Mergenthaler	131	131	131
116	Amoskeag	81	81	81	30	N E Tel	92	92	92
40	Ab Pn Svc	70c	70c	70c	4	Pac Mills	150	150	150
5	Am Sug pf	115½	115½	115½	40	Punta Sugar	50	50	50
305	Am T & T	100¾	100	100	1,110	Stewart	34½	33	34½
17	Am Wool pf	95	94½	94½	550	Swift	122	119½	119½
14	Century	14½	14½	14½	20	Torrington	54½	53½	54½
107	Cuban P C	12	12	12	7	Un Drug	94	94	94
7	Edison	167	165	165	136	Un Fruit	160¼	159½	160¼
40	Fairbanks	54	54	54	105	Un Shoe	45	44¾	45
20	Gorton	31½	31½	31½	57	Do pf	28¾	28½	28½
25	Island Oil	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	310	Ventura Oil	8⅞	8	8
10	Loews	8	8	8	200	Walworth	18	18	18
2	Mass Gas	83¾	83¾	83¾					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am T & T 6s	102¼	102¼	102¼	$7,000	PuntaSug6s	88	88	88
2,000	A G & W I 5s	80¼	80	80	1,000	Ventura 7s	95	95	95
1,000	MissRPow5s	79	79	79	2,000	West Tel 5s	90	90	90
1,000	N E Tel 5s	93	93	93					

CHICAGO.
Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
55	Armour pf	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	25	Qua Oats pf	102¼	102¼	102¼
50	C C & C pf	9	9	9	107	Stew Warn	88	87¾	87¾
15	Chi T & T	180	180	180	2,991	Swift Int	43½	42¼	42¼
10	H S & M	77	77	77	2,231	Swift	122	119¼	120¼
1,050	Libby	21¼	20¼	20¾	565	Un Carbide	57	56¾	56¾
10	M Ward pf	110	110	110	285	Un Paperbd	20	12	20
12	Public Serv	90	90	90	30	West Stone	4	4	4
10	People's Gas	47½	47½	47½	100	Wilson	68	68	68

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	C Ry 1st 5s	80	80	80	$1,000	Met El Ry ext 4s	50½	50½	50½
1,000	Cudahy Pck 1st 5s	92	92	92	10,000	Pub Ser Nor Ill 5s	87½	87½	87½

PHILADELPHIA.
Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Elec Storage	53¼	53¼	53¼	3	Phil Trac	70	70	70
3,065	Gen Asph't	70¼	63	70¼	100	Phil R T	25	25	25
1,520	Do pf	105	98¼	105	1,300	Ton Belm't	3	3	3
1,385	Lake Sup	19¼	19	19¼	210	Ton Mining	3	2⅛	2⅛
40	Lehigh Nav	72⅞	72⅝	72⅞	130	U G Imp	72	72	72
10	Lehigh Val	56	56	56	10	Warwick I	8¼	8¼	8¼
2	North Cent	73	73	73	10	York Ry pf	32	32	32
896	Phil Elec	25¼	25¼	25¼					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Elec & Peo ctfs	70	69½	70	$4,000	Leh Val 6s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
					3,000	Phil 1st 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	N J Trac 5s	88¼	88¼	88¼	2,000	York Ry 5s	87	87	87

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
Am Brass	200	210	206	Du Pont debs. pf	91¼	92¼	91¼
Atlas Powder	155	160	155	Hercules	203	208	203
Do pf	91	93	91	Do pf	107	109	107
Babcock & Wilcox	106	108	106	Niles-Bem't-Pond	103	105	103
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	95	100	95
Do pf	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg	345	370	345
Colt's Arms	41	44	41	Standard Screw	250	260	250
Du Pont	268	275	268				

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

The market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange yesterday closed steady and moderately active. Selling in the final hour cut previous gains down to a minimum, and final prices in a majority of the issues showed but fractional changes, mostly advances. In tone the market was narrow throughout the session, and trading activity was centred in a small group of industrials. Railroad shares were comparatively quiet, but closed firm.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alaska Jun	2	2	2	110	Lee Rubber	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜
160	Am B Sugar	68⅝	67	68¼	7,370	Mex Petrol	171⅞	168⅞	169⅞
160	Am Can	47¼	46½	46⅞	25	Midvale Steel	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
20	Am C & F	90	90	90	100	Mo Pacific	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
20	Am Cot Oil	41⅝	41⅝	41⅝	40	Nat Lead	67⅝	66⅝	66⅝
10	Am H & L	15	15	15	55	N Y Central	72	72	72
440	Do pf	84½	82⅞	83⅞	210	NY, NH & H	29⅛	28⅛	28⅞
20	Am Linseed	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝	40	Ohio C Gas	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛
230	Am S & R	71	69⅞	70⅛	285	Okla Oil	9	8⅞	9
10	Am Su Tob	101	101	101	60	P A P & T	69⅛	68⅝	69⅛
90	Anac Cop	59	58⅝	59	280	Pierce Oil	17⅞	17⅛	17⅞
40	A G & W I	98½	98	98	180	Reading	79⅛	78	78⅝
400	Bald Loco	69⅝	68⅞	69⅜	20	Rep I & S	74⅞	73⅞	74⅞
24	Balt & Ohio	46½	45⅞	46¼	395	Sinclair Oil	36⅛	34⅝	35⅛
200	Beth St'l B	61	60⅝	61	630	So Pacific	99⅛	98⅛	99
750	B'klyn R T	19¾	18⅞	19⅛	130	So Railway	27⅛	26⅞	27⅛
10	Cal Petrol	24	24	24	15	Do pf	67⅜	67⅜	67⅜
20	Do pf	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	820	Studebaker	50⅛	48⅞	50
20	Cen Leather	58⅞	58⅞	58⅞	10	Tenn Cop	13	13	13
65	C, M & St P	39⅞	38	39	260	Texas Co	194⅛	192⅞	192⅞
160	Do pf	73	70⅞	73	110	Texas & P	32⅞	31⅞	32⅞
60	C R I & P	24	24	24	35	Tob Prod	74⅛	73⅞	74⅛
60	Con Gas	90	90	90	20	Union Pac	127⅛	126⅞	127⅛
110	Corn Prod	47¼	47⅛	47⅛	960	U S Rubber	77⅞	76	76⅛
40	Crucible St'l	54⅛	53⅞	54⅛	11,410	U S Steel	92⅞	91⅞	92
590	Cuba Cane S	22⅛	20⅞	22⅛	40	Utah Copper	70⅛	70	70⅛
10	Dist Secur	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	355	Willys-Over	24⅛	23⅞	24⅛
10	Goodrich Co	62⅛	62⅛	62⅛		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
60	Gt Nor Ore	37⅞	37⅝	37⅝	$2,400	Lib 3½s	99.54	99.42	99.54
50	Inspir Cop	44¾	44⅞	44¾	1,000	1st 4¼s	96.02	95.94	95.96
130	Int Mer Ma	22⅛	21⅞	22⅛	2,850	2d 4¼s	95.50	95.20	95.24
7,870	Do pf	98	96¼	97⅛	7,200	3d 4¼s	97.00	96.88	96.94
185	Int Nickel	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜	3,300	4th 4¼s	95.58	95.36	95.48
20	Int Con pf	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝					

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	‡Aetna Expl	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	500	‡PearsonCoal	3	2⅞	2⅞
600	‡AmBoschM	65⅛	63⅞	64	200	Pa Seab St, v t ctfs	40	39½	40
2,400	‡Dicto Prod	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛					
16,500	‡Gen Asph	70⅛	62⅛	70⅛	4,000	‡Perf T & R	⅛	⅛	⅛
6,800	‡Do pf	106	98⅛	106	500	Submar Bt, v t ctfs	11⅛	11	11⅛
600	‡Hav Tob	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛					
1,000	Rupp Mot C	8	5⅞	5⅞	500	‡Swift I w I	42⅛	42	42
1,200	Inter Rub	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	500	United Mot	36⅛	36	36⅛
18,100	Key T & R	59⅛	56⅛	59⅛	2,800	U S St'ship	5	4⅞	5
500	Marc of Am	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	500	Wayne Coal	4⅛	4	4
500	‡Nat C & I	55⅛	54⅛	55	200	‡Wright-Mer Aircraft	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
400	‡Nat Ppfg pf	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛					
1,000	N A P & P	3⅛	3	3⅛					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	‡Ind P Line	102	102	102	102	‡S Oil Co of N Y	314	312	314
12	‡Ohio O Co	322	320	320	37	‡Vac'm Oil	417	414	415
45	‡S Oil Co of N J	690	688	688					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	‡Bar O & G	⅛	⅛	⅛	600	†‡Mex G Oil	40	40	40
11,000	‡Boone Oil	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	700	†‡Midw't O	128	125	128
600	‡Cosden	7⅛	7	7	2,800	‡Do pf	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	‡Elk B Pet	6⅛	6	6⅛	800	‡N W Oil	50	50	50
6,200	†‡Elsm O Cp	5	4⅛	4⅛	3,000	†O'r O & G	31	30	30
2,500	‡Federal Oil	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	1,500	‡Pennok Oil	13⅛	12⅛	13
2,700	‡Glenr'k Oil	4	3⅞	3⅞	35,000	†‡Queen Oil	23	19	21
200	‡Houston Oil	79	79	79	800	‡Roy D new	74⅛	73	74
3,200	†‡Hudson Oil	85	80	80	5,600	‡Sin O Cp	25	23⅛	25
1,200	‡Int Pet	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	100	‡Do Oil W	39	39	39
7,000	‡I O & Tran	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	1,000	‡S W Oil	40	40	40
2,100	†‡Kenova O	12	12	12	1,800	‡Stanton Oil	1⅛	1	1⅛
4,500	‡La O & R	33⅛	32⅛	32⅞	7,000	‡Un West O, new	2⅛	1⅞	1⅞
300	‡Mer O Cp	22	21⅛	22					
7,000	Met Pet	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	100	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
700	‡Met P full paid ctfs	3⅛	3	3					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	†Al Brit Col Metals	40	40	40	1,350	Hecla Min	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
200	‡Am Mines	1	1	1	600	†‡Jim Butler	36	36	36
1,900	‡Ariz Bing C	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,000	†‡Jumbo Ext	13	13	13
1,500	†‡Atlanta	5	5	5	1,000	†‡Kewanas	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
4,500	Big L Cop	⅛	⅛	⅛	15,000	†‡Lone Star	6⅛	6	8⅛
1,000	†‡Booth	13	13	13	300	Magma Cop	28	28	28
1,000	†Bos & Mon	50	40	40	1,000	†‡Moth Lode	32	32	32
2,800	†‡Caledonia	31	30	30	1,800	Onondaga M	3⅛	3	3⅛
2,800	‡Cal & Jer	⅛	⅛	⅛	200	‡Ray Herc M	2⅛	2	2
200	Canada Cop	2⅛	2	2	800	‡Roch Mines	28	28	28
2,300	†‡Candel Sil	57	55	57	6,500	Stand S-L	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,000	†Cashboy	8	8	8	3,400	‡Success M	8	7	8
800	‡Cer S M & M	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	100	‡Tono Bel	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
200	Con Aris Sm	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	10,000	†‡TuolRPlac	95	90	95
500	Con Cop M	6	5⅛	5⅛	7,500	Tuol Cop	⅛	⅛	⅛
500	Cress Con G	5	5	5	550	Un Eastern	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
300	‡Eureka C M	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	2,000	U M of Ariz	⅛	⅛	⅛
500	†‡Fort Con	37	37	37	7,000	‡U S Con M	7	6⅛	7
1,000	†‡Flor Silver	68	66	67	19,000	‡Un Sul M	⅛	⅛	1
3,300	†‡Gold R M	⅛	⅛	⅛	5,500	†‡WardM&M	30	28	29
1,200	†‡Gold Con	22	20	21	1,400	‡Wash G Q	93	92	93
600	†‡H M & S (a pros.)	59	58	58	1,000	‡W Ex Con	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
					3,500	†White C M	13⅛	13	13

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10000	‡AmT&Tis	99⅛	99	99⅛	$15,000	‡Int R T 7s	89	88	88
10,000	AmTob7s,'23	104	103⅞	104	15,000	‡Kan C Ry T 6s, 1923	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
15,000	‡Anacon 6s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	25,000	‡NYTel6s	100	99⅞	100
8,000	‡Brad 6s, '31	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	2,000	‡Rus G 5½s	60	60	60
3,000	‡Can Gov 5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	30,000	‡Rus G 6½s	66	65	66
10,000	‡CNWgtn5s	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛	140000	‡Wil&Cocv6%	93⅛	93	93⅛
10,000	‡Fed F L 5s	103	103	103					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note.—Monday 600 Marc of Am sold at 4⅛.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Monday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Ask.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Ask.
Air Reduc	50	60	50	60	U S Lt & H	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Am W W	3	3⅛	3	3⅛	U S LtaH pf	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
Am-Br Mfg	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	Un Profit S	...	...	...	...
Butter Judson	13	20	15	20	OIL STOCKS.				
Carbon Steel	90	96	90	96	Allen Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Car L & P	2	2⅛	2	2⅛	Wr-M Air pf	64	64	61	64
Chev Motor	143	155	145	155	World Film	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Chevrolet rts	⅛	1⅛	⅛	1⅛	Boston-Wyo	18	20	18	20
Columbiaville Woolen	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	Cosden&Co pf	4	4⅛	4	4⅛
Curtiss Aero	11⅛	12	11⅛	12	Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Do pf	45	55	45	55	Crystal Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Edmund & J	20	22	20	22	Midwest Ref	128	130	128	130
Em'son Phono	2	2⅛	2	2⅛	Okm P & R	2⅛	3	2⅛	3
Fire Texas	34	35⅛	34	35⅛	Pitts O & G	8	8⅛	8	8⅛
Gen Devel'm't	22	22⅛	22	22⅛	Royal Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Gen Mot rts	1⅛	2	1⅛	2	Sapulpa	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
Gillette S R	118	120	118	120	Savoy	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
Kirby Lumb'r	25	26	25	26	Sequoyah	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Lake Tor Bt	2	2⅛	2	2⅛	South Oil & T	2⅛	3⅛	2⅛	3⅛
Do 1st pf	2⅛	5	2⅛	5	Texana Oil	10	13	10	13
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88	Wayl'd O & G	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
L McN & L	21⅛	22⅛	21⅛	22⅛	MINING STOCKS.				
Lima Loco	30	40	30	40	Austin-Am'n	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Lukens Steel	46	50	46	50	Bradshaw	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Man Transit	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	Buffe-Det	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Mitchell Mot	20	25	20	25	Butte-N Y	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
N Y Shipbldg	33	36	33	36	Cerro Gordo	⅛	1	⅛	1
N Y Transp	14⅛	17	14⅛	17	Con Homes'd	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Peer T & M	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	El Salvador	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
Penn C & C	22	24	22	24	First Nat C	1⅛	2	1⅛	2
PennSeaboard Steel rights	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	Great Bend	3	5	3	5
P'sen Wireless	7	7⅛	7	7⅛	Hattie Gold	43	45	43	45
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	Howe Sound	3⅛	4⅛	3⅛	4⅛
Smith M T	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	Iron Blossom	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Stand Motors	7⅛	8⅛	7⅛	8⅛	Kerr Lake	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
Steel Alloys	7⅛	8⅛	7⅛	8⅛	Marsh Min's	3	4	3	4
St L R M & P	40	...	40	...	NY&HonRos	12	13	12	13
Todd Shipyd	107	108⅛	107	108⅛	Ohio Copper	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
Thiogen	4	4⅛	4	4⅛	Seneca Cop	15⅛	16	15⅛	16
					Silver Canon	83	84	83	84

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	17	17¼	17	Penn-Mex Fuel Co	55	58	55
Atlantic Refining	1190	1210	1170	Prairie O & G	660	670	650
Borne-Scrymser	490	510	480	Prairie Pipe Line	272	275	270
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	96	94	Solar Refining	360	380	380
Cheesebrough Mfg	300	325	295	Southern Pipe Line	175	180	177
Continental Oil	500	525	500	South Penn Oil	305	310	305
Crescent Pipe Line	38	40	38	S W Penn	98	102	98
Cumberland P L	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Cal	270	274	267
Eureka Pipe Line	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Ind	755	765	750
Galena Signal Oil	90	92	90	Stand Oil of Kan	525	550	520
Do pf, new	100	105	100	Stand Oil of Ky	360	370	360
Do pf, old	115	130	115	Stand Oil of Neb	540	560	530
Illinois Pipe Line	160	167	160	Stand Oil of N J	687	692	685
Indiana Pipe Line	100	105	100	Stand Oil of N Y	314	318	310
Int Pet Co Ltd	20¼	21	20¼	Stand Oil of Ohio	460	480	460
National Transit	16	17	16	Swan & Finch	98	102	98
N Y Transit	200	210	200	Union Tank	114	116	114
Northern Pipe L	110	115	110	Vacuum Oil	413	418	410
Ohio Oil	318	323	318	Washington Oil	34	38	34

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Mon-day. Bid.
Am Cigar	115	119	115	P R-Am Tobacco	130	136	130
Do pf	85	90	85	R J Reynolds, A	375	400	380
Conley Foil	190	200	190	Do B	300	320	305
J S Young	125	150	125	Do pf	106¼	108½	106½
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton	167½	175	165
MacA & Forbes	195	205	195	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85	*Ex rights.			

SPIRITED BIDDING FOR FURS.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 28.—The total sales at the international fur auction has passed the $8,800,000 mark. This evening 25,000 beaver skins were auctioned off.

There was unusual bidding for the 160,000 nutria offered this morning, although the collection was not a choice one. Prices advanced about 15 per cent. over last October. The top price of $4.65 was paid of an unusual lot of large dark pelts, bought by a New York dealer, but the price of the bulk of the selling was between 75 cents and $1.25. The collection brought $198,624.

Wednesday is the closing day of the auction, over 1,000,000 muskrat and 250,000 from the supplementary catalogue, including silver fox, white fox, and squirrels, will be sold.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 29: Patrol. W. J. O'Donnell, from 1st to 31st; J. J. Sullivan, from 43d to 31st.

Temporary assignments: Patrol. G. F. Mahoney, 120th, to Headquarters Div. in Boiler Squad, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1. From precincts indicated to 3d Insp. Dist. in raided premises, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1: Edwin Long, 1; Daniel Haggerty, 4; J. H. Conway, 7; J. T. Reilly, 10; John Fitzgerald, 10; Daniel McElroy, 21; Thomas McClatchey, 22; Frank Burdick, 23; Christopher Damm, 35; Michael McGuinness, 37; John Feeley, 37; John Burns, 37; J. H. Downes, 40; Cornelius O'Leary, 67; James Tormey, 104; Thomas Donovan, 105; Dennis Doyle, Bridge. From precincts indicated to 4th Insp. Dist. in raided premises, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1: Walter Bellinger, 4; U. W. Dondero, 4; George Steller, 4; Robert Fleming, 10; George Meindel, 27; J. H. Thompson, 23; J. J. Gervey, 23; Bernard McLoughlin, 25; Harry Seibel, 28; John Ferguson, 33; P. A. Archard, 37; W. D. Benish, 37; Daniel O'Connor, 38; E. W. Tanek, 40; Edgar McQuade, 42; Charles Dang, 43; Claude Stephens, 46; David Clancy, 47; Martin Naumann, 50; J. W. O'Brien, 65; Florence Dougherty, 74; Charles Matthews, 74; Hugh Sullivan, 76; J. W. Marcellus, 82; Gottfried Schneider, 82; Joseph McLoughlin, 92; James Gillen, 99; J. J. Kelly, 111; Everett Kellum, 120. From precincts indicated to 14th Insp. Dist. in raided premises, for 8 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1: Frank McNaught, 7; T. J. Larkin, 74; H. P. Frend, 78; William Weissheter, 96.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. Morris Greenberg, 38d, from 12:30 P. M., Jan. 18, during disability; John Higgins, 37th, from 8:40 A. M., May 4, during disability; J. T. Miles, 40th, from 2:30 A. M., Jan. 21, during disability; L. W. Doerr, 68th, from 7:45 A. M., Jan. 3, during disability; Ignatius O'Leary, 68th, from 9:40 A. M., Dec. 26, to 12 P. M., Jan. 7; Michael Riekert, 79th, from 3:40 P. M., Dec. 26, during disability; William Peterson, 103d, from 4 P. M., Jan. 21, during disability; W. G. Stretton, 111th, from 8 P. M., Jan. 3, during disability; J. E. Henry, 120th, from 4:30 P. M., Jan. 14, during disability; P. J. McAreavy, Traffic Div., Subdiv. A, from 7:30 A. M., Jan. 14, during disability; D. T. Tunstall, Traffic Div., Subdiv. A, from 10 A. M., Jan. 6, during disability; J. J. Haverlin, Traffic Div., Subdiv. B, from 5 P. M., Jan. 14, during disability; H. A. O'Brien, Traffic Div., Subdiv. B, from 1:40 P. M., Jan. 15, during disability; Thomas Reilly, Traffic Div., Subdiv. C, from 7:55 A. M., Jan. 10, during disability; Patrick Crowley, Traffic Div., Subdiv. C, from 8 P. M., Jan. 15, to 12 P. M., Jan. 17; John McLoughlin, 4th Insp. Dist., from 5 A. M., Jan. 19, during disability; J. J. Walsh, 4th Insp. Dist., from 4:30 A. M., Jan. 18, during disability.

Fire Department.

Detail to attend funeral of fireman 2d grade J. J. Duffy of H. & L. Co. 102, from 6,820 Ridge Boulevard, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M., Wed., Jan. 29. Interment at Holy Cross Cemetery. Members of H. & L. 102 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of Eng. 241, Bay Ridge Av., near Second Av., at 10:15 A. M., proceed to residence, thence to Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, Fifth Avenue and 59th Street, and, after services, will accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the 34th Battalion will detail an officer, a competent chauffeur and a tillerman, and the Chiefs of the 31st, 33d, and 28th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of H. & L. Co. 102, at 9:15 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

Advancements in grade, 4th to 3d grade, to take effect Feb. 6: Edward Connors, Eng. 1; Reinhold Freidel, Jr., Eng. 1; Antonio Pepe, Eng. 13; S. A. Rotunno, Eng. 14; Hugh McLaughlin, Eng. 19; T. J. Gaffney, Eng. 31; C. E. Oliver, Eng. 44; Martin Cregan, Eng. 47; James Melville, Eng. 53; J. F. Casey, Eng. 54; Edward Van Gallera, Eng. 55; H. A. Wittekind, Eng. 58; J. J. Bergen, Eng. 59; J. F. O'Connell, Eng. 65; J. H. McDermott, Eng. 152; J. W. Elliott, Eng. 160; G. Kinkel, Eng. 205; C. J. Moehringer, Eng. 210; Dana Joseph, Eng. 214; G. M. Reffingshofer, Eng. 215; F. H. Dieck, Eng. 218; J. J. McQuillan, Eng. 221; G. L. Becker, Eng. 224; J. J. Lyden, Eng. 228; T. J. Scott, Eng. 233; W. H. Caulfield, Eng. 235; J. J. Kaufmann, Eng. 237; G. F. Quigley, Eng. 278; J. W. McMahon, Jr., H. & L. 2; W. J. Riley, H. & L. 3; E. J. Kingston, H. & L. 5; F. E. Thon, H. & L. 6; Arthur Rees, H. & L. 9; J. F. Sullivan, H. & L. 20; W. G. Murphy, H. & L. 23; J. H. Scanlon, H. & L. 29; R. V. Reilly, H. & L. 40; O. G. Dempsey, H. & L. 41; W. F. Gardner, H. & L. 102; J. J. Muldoon, Jr., H. & L. 114; W. J. Barry, H. & L. 114; M. F. Dineen, H. & L. 118; John Byrne, H. & L. 118; Harry Weeks, H. & L. 131. 3d to 2d grade, to take effect Feb. 7: J. L. McCarthy, Eng. 74. 4th to 3d grade, to take effect Feb. 11: J. J. Ferrick, H. & L. 1.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect 8 A. M. Feb. 1, they having been honorably discharged from army: Fireman 1st grade J. A. White, H. & L. 4; Fireman 3d grade J. A. Loughran, Eng. 234.

Fined: Fireman 1st grade W. A. Stone, H. & L. 127, $5 for loss of coat badge No. 3878; Fireman 1st grade John Mahnken, Eng. 53, $5 for loss of coat badge No. 3268.

Special leave of absence: Fireman 1st grade P. R. McCaffrey, H. & L. 24, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M. Jan. 29.

Education Notes.

The "Victory Class" of the William M. Evarts School, P. S. 19, Manhattan, will hold its graduating exercises in the auditorium of the school, 344 East Fourteenth Street, at 9:30 A. M. today.

The Assistant Director of Vacation Schools and Recreation and Community Centres has received protests from various individuals and organizations against the action taken by the Board of Education on Oct. 9 in prohibiting public or popular lectures in any language other than English in any public school or other building in which free public lectures are given under its jurisdiction.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that the by-laws be amended so that the supervisors of combination classes have an annual salary of $1,800, maximum $2,400, annual increase $200.

The Students' Council of the Washington Heights Evening High School for Men and Women, (145th Street, near Broadway,) invites residents of Washington Heights and vicinity to study at the school. The Students' Council works in co-operation with the Faculty to give to the students a social interest in the school. It also offers to new students membership in its many activities, including the publishing of the school newspaper, the Minute Man, and the school magazine, the Washingtonian; its dramatic club and the athletic club. One of the special activities of the council is the bi-monthly dance, held on Friday evenings in the school. The new term will begin on Feb. 3. New students may register any week day evening, except Saturday.

A special evening course in elementary and advanced bookkeeping will be conducted at the Washington Heights branch of the Young Men's Hebrew Association, 150th Street and Amsterdam Avenue. The course will take fifteen weeks, and will have one session a week, starting on Feb. 3, for men, and on Feb. 6, for women.

There will be a rally for teachers, union and non-union, at P. S. 101, Manhattan, tomorrow afternoon.

The names of the following have been placed on the appropriate eligible lists as indicated:

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.—Teacher of cooking, placement as of Aug. 10: Marion K. Ballou, 75.5; Della E. Smith, 75; Florence H. Roberts, 73.75; Ada E. Phillips, 68; Marie L. Lynt, 67.5; Ethel Jordan, 65. Placement as of Dec. 1: Marion Dallas, 80.5; Isabelle M. Hull, 70.35. Placement as of Jan. 1, 1910: Marion F. Bettis, 88.5.

EVENING HIGH SCHOOL.—Bookkeeping, July 8, Mrs. Margaret V. Virden; biology, July 8, Shelley R. Safir; commercial design, Jan. 17, Joseph L. Grosse; commercial photography, Jan. 17, Alfred Coe; cooking, Jan. 17, Mary N. Wood; costume design, Jan. 17, Elmira E. Sahler; French, Nov. 13, Charles E. Overholeer; mathematics, July 8, Harlow McMillen; physical training, Jan. 17, Michael A. Jones, John W. Morris, Margaret McDonald; plan reading and estimating, July 8, Emanuel Lurio; Spanish, Jan. 17, Monica Regan.

EVENING ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.—Common branches, July 8, William Bernstein; community work to foreigners, Jan. 17, Lenora Hamlin; cooking, Jan. 17, Ruth B. Pratt; English to foreigners, July 8, Louis Rosenbaum; common branches, Jan. 17, Samuel C. Miller.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.—Teacher of ungraded classes, Jan. 3, 1910—Elizabeth A. Bergin, Elsie F. Dixon, Alice Shipman Leigh, Anna Brown Copeland, Hazel B. Caryl, Florence L. Goodenough, Grace I. Bull, Cecilia F. Sulkin and Margaret Keefe. Teacher of music, Oct. 31, 1910—Cecilia C. Kelly, Nettie M. Bashford, Anna Thompson, and Jane F. Murphy; July 29, 1917—Leah Herzig and Helen A. Mulvihill.

Licenses for 1919 as substitute teacher to teach in evening schools the subjects respectively indicated have been issued to the following: Elementary shorthand and typewriting, (Pitman,) I. Marion Shultes; High-Free-hand drawing, Harry Farlow; commercial design, Douglas Clamp; machinist, Samuel Rose; practical shop mathematics, John Cetrulo; photo lithography, Charles Carpenter; shipfitting, Raymond Hendrickson.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Air Reduction Company, Incorporated,
120 Broadway, New York City.
ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDER,
February 19th, 1919.

Notice is Hereby Given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of AIR REDUCTION COMPANY, INCORPORATED, will be held at the principal office of the company, at No. 120 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, February 19th, 1919, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual election, and of approving the acts of the Board of Directors since the last annual meeting, and of transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, New York, January 18th, 1919.
M. W. RANDALL, Secretary.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY,
New York, January 17th, 1919.

A special meeting of the Stockholders of the Lincoln Trust Company will be held on the 4th day of February, 1919, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the offices of the said Company, 204 Fifth Avenue, New York City, for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposition to increase the number of Directors of said Company from twenty-one to thirty Directors in number.

ALEXANDER S. WEBB, President.
FREDERIC P. DAVIS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the MUNDELTA STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the company, 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 29, 1919, 11 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.
Dated, January 15, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Scotch Realty Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the Company's office, No. 230 Fifth Av., New York City, on Thursday, February 6th, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon. HENRY WOLF, Secretary.

Federal Light & Traction Company.
Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.
New York City, N. Y., Jan. 14, 1919.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of FEDERAL LIGHT & TRACTION COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, No. 60 Broadway (18th floor), Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company. The polls will remain open one hour.

The stock transfer books will be closed at the close of business January 15, 1919, and will be reopened on the 6th day of February, 1919.

JOHN B. MARSH, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the MUNAIRES STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the company, 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 29, 1919, 11 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.
Dated, January 15, 1919.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the MUNINDIES STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the company, 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 29, 1919, 11 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.
Dated, January 13, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

FIRST NATIONAL COPPER CO.
A Dividend of Fifteen cents per share has been declared, payable February 25, 1919, to stock of record February 5, 1919. WM. A. KERR, Treasurer.
New York, January 16, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

January 29, 1919.
To the Stockholders of the Hilliard Hotel Co.:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hilliard Hotel Company will be held on the 3d Wednesday of February, 1919, i. e., February 19, 1919, at the principal office of the company, in the Vanderbilt Hotel, 34th Street and Park Avenue, New York City, at ten o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors to serve until the next annual meeting of the company, or until their successors are elected, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The polls will remain open from 10 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.
GERALD H. GRAY, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the THERMAL APPLIANCE COMPANY, INC., will be held at No. 104 West 42d Street, in the City of New York, on February 10th, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
Dated January 21st, 1919.
F. V. BARTLETT, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER CO.
New York, January 21, 1919.

A dividend of 1¾% has this day been declared upon the preferred capital stock of the company, payable out of the accumulated net profits arising from the business of the Corporation, payable on April 1, 1919, to the stockholders of record at the close of business March 15, 1919. GEORGE A. HILL, Treasurer.

LUDLOW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES,
Boston, Mass.
DIVIDENDS NOS. 90 AND 91.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared, payable on March 1, 1919, to shareholders of record February 1, 1919.
MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

GRACE H. VARNEY, a housewife of Orchard Street, White Plains, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,416 and no assets. Most of the creditors hold judgments secured against Grace H. and George A. Varney.

F. & F. COSTUME COMPANY, dresses, at 27 East Twenty-ninth Street. Paul Fluegel and William Freeman, trading as F. & F. Costume Company, have assigned to Samuel Welbarst.

WEXLER & SCHECHTER, jobbers, at 115 Eldridge Street.—Judge Mayer has appointed Julius Fischer receiver in $3,000 bond. Liabilities are said to be $17,000 and assets $5,000.

LOUIS DAVIDOW, dry goods, at 171 Avenue A.—Judge Mayer has appointed Morris Golland receiver in $3,000 bond in place of William M. Byrne.

KALMAN PERSILY, jewelry, at 76 Bowery.—Judge Mayer has appointed Max O. Cohen receiver in $500 bond.

SAMUEL SAQUI COMPANY, manufacturer of cigars, at 21 East Eighth Street.—Judge Mayer has issued an order dismissing the petition in bankruptcy filed on Dec. 14, 1918; the larger creditors having agreed to accept a composition of 20 per cent. to be paid in cash by S. Loewenthal & Son, who is said to be the largest creditor.

Out of Town.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 28.—George O'Connell & Co., of Haverhill, manufacturers of women's shoes, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today, with liabilities of $81,761, and assets of $44,715.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.
Amounts of $100 and Over.

Alexander, Jacob, and Morris Gottlieb—J. S. Chopak ... $2,094.05
Beary, Michael—S. Neuman, costs ... 110.20
Bouillon, Marshall D.—Walling Bros. ... 127.41
Bailey, Oliver D.—S. T. Feldstein ... 943.00
Boyle, Christopher—Mallory Steamship Co., costs ... 119.85
Berkowitz, Jacob, (Berks Auto Trucking Co.)—Alland Bros. & Co. ... 259.20
Burch, Geo. B.—Clark & Gibby, Inc. ... 209.30
City of N. Y.—C. Garvin ... 15,000.00
Drachman, Hayman—A. F. Young & Co. 168.17
Dumain, Aaron—P. Asher et al. ... 100.95
Edwards, Harry A., (Edwards Sales Co.)—S. L. Mushlichen ... 1,773.00
Feder, Joseph—Cudahy Packing Co. ... 155.91
Friedman, Isaac and Sigmund Herzig—H. Jacoby ... 167.70
Goodman, John H., and Abraham Glaser—J. J. Newman ... 480.05
Grabau, John H., and John N. Koster—J. Seeman, et al. ... 318.67
Goldman, Harris—I. Doctore ... 257.60
Hart, Albert J.—H. G. Hart ... 243.70
Hunter, Louis R.—M. Reichmann & Sons ... 177.63
Israel, Joseph, and Globe Indemnity Co.—C. S. Wilson ... 2,124.40
Intermann, Christian and Eliza—A. Johannsen ... 204.92
Kastrinsky, Samuel—38 Ludlow St. Realty Co. ... 104.65
Kirner, John B.—Morris & Co. ... 927.78
Kensington Const. Co.—C. L. Fraser 3,637.58
Kensington Const. Co.—C. M. Cruikshank, et al. ... 1,748.36
Kosofsky, Aaron—L. Weinberger ... 562.03
Ladin, George—Greenwald Petticoat Co. 114.70
London and Lancashire Indemnity Co. of America—Commercial Credit Co. 2,158.17
Lobinger, Sophia; David Davis, Isaac W. Davis, and Felix Goldschmidt (Davis Mfg. Co.)—C. McC. Chapman 784.76
Moses, Harris—M. Goldsmith et al. ... 215.92
Miller, Edw. A.—Picker Bros. Realty and Improvement Co. ... 428.69
Moore, Rudolph—D. Greenbaum ... 113.70
Maginn, Charles—G. J. Haase ... 466.88
Marsden, Jessie, adm.—D. Pfeiffer; costs ... 110.57
Michaelis & Co.—M. Scudder et al. ... 930.19
Metro Lithograph Co.—Royal Card and Paper Co. ... 2,344.90
Marandine, Frank—C. K. Kurzman et al; costs ... 110.57
Nathanson, Samuel—Algier Shoe Mfg. Co.; costs ... 110.22
Newson, Nathan—H. Simonoff ... 143.10
Porter, Richard—J. Leiman ... 1,081.10
Raab, George T.—T. F. Maguire et al. 271.58
Reilly, Clara—N. Y. Edison Co., costs 110.18
Rice, James—I. Zimmerman ... 176.39
Seguins, Joseph—G. Hetzer; costs ... 110.26
Small, Arthur E.—E. J. Conlon ... 4,156.22
Strauss, Malcolm—A. & C. Auto Renting Co. ... 105.20

Tharm, Frank—Lion Brewery of N. Y. City ... 1,920.85
Tasher, Clarence E.—A. Cipolla & Co. 3,286.58
Tomlinson, William—J. Blackburn ... 503.00
Trop, Morris S.; John Sheffman, and Walter L. Bladen—Gramercy Chocolate Co. ... 312.10
Toyama, Henry S.—C. F. Allen ... 116.70
Union Ry. Co. of N. Y. City—P. Di Pietro ... 302.18
Vassakos, Leon A.—Tower Mfg. and Novelty Co. ... 134.70
Van Norden, Max L., and Kenneth Mysatt—L. S. Hanscom et al. ... 112.53
Wharton, Inc.—C. S. Goelz ... 1,460.44

In Bronx County.

Del Vesco, Louis—J. B. Owens ... 368.92
Dranoff, Morris—W. W. Smith ... 358.06
Same—Same ... 305.11
Ettenson, Abraham—D. Dublin et al. ... 160.94
Fleischer, Morris—S. Goldman et al. ... 188.24
Goldwater, Edward—Metropolitan Photo Engraving Co. ... 52.46
Gustaf A. Johnson Bldg. Co. and Gustaf A. Johnson—Indiana Flooring Co. 303.99
Hartman, Henry T.—S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co. ... 225.75
Kanen, Caspar—Indiana Flooring Co. 402.52
La Brie, Emile—A. E. Beckert et al. ... 25.88
Menashes, Julius—H. Picower ... 30.72
Pompei Const Co.—Bonagur Bldg. Co. 1,121.33
Rappaport, Eva—Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland ... 1,197.95
Sussman, William S.—Indiana Flooring Co. ... 21.22
Turek Realty Corp.—C. A. Eberhardt 2,117.46
T. J. Buckley Const. Co.—D. Mapes, Jr. 598.71

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date when the judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Tredemick, Mark C.—American Contractor Publishing Co., Nov. 1, 1915 ... $180.83
Same—Reilley Bros. Ladder Co., Oct. 22, 1913 ... 105.41
Eckerson, William C., and Charles A. Brown—Mutual Trust Co. of Westchester County, Aug. 19, 1909 ... 164.06
Frederick Osman Co.—A. Grubeitz, Jan. 19, 1914 ... 200.00

Harpe, Leaders, and German Savings Bank of Brooklyn—J. Harpe, Dec. 30, 1915 ... 194.50
Tredemick, Mark C.—T. W. Morris & Co., Dec. 14, 1915 ... 1,215.06
Same—National Surety Co., June 7, 1917 ... 5,237.22
Mennillo, Zelinda E.—Saranac Realty Co., Nov. 6, 1914 ... 5,146.59
Wellington Mutual Fire Ins. Co.—Globe and Rutgers Fire Ins. Co., Jan. 6, 1916 ... 556.60
London Mutual Fire Ins. Co.—Same, Dec. 10, 1915 ... 582.30
Voletsky, Louis, Jennie, and Rosie Greenberg—People, &c., Aug. 15, 1919, vacated 1,000.00
Rose, Charles C. O.—People, &c., Nov. 14, 1917, vacated ... 500.00
Watt, Thomas L.—F. W. Kelsey, Nov. 14, 1918 ... 1,530.51
Purdue Realty Co.—M. Healy, Nov. 25, 1918 ... 595.30
29th Street Const. Co. and Samuel Gordon—L. Greenberg, Sept. 14, 1915 ... 124.15
Same—Thomas Galligan, Inc., March 19, 1914 ... 354.31
Falk, Amy P.—Tailfer Co., Jan. 4, 1919 ... 411.91
National Bank of Commerce in N. Y.—First Nat. Bank, Jan. 18, 1919 ... 8,741.80
Nathanson, Louis, Nathan, and Barnett—L. Lessler, Dec. 30, 1913 ... 442.68
Kantrowitz, Louis, et al.—B. Tilzer, April 10, 1917 ... 231.21
Gibbs, Herbert H.—M. B. Judson, June 29, 1917 ... 3,551.86
Berry, Harold R.—W. S. Powers, May 23, 1918 ... 1,419.77
Brennan, Kathrine—C. A. Capen et al., Dec. 6, 1918 ... 122.38
Josephson, Michael—Z. Cooperman, May 31, 1918, reversed ... 702.82
Same—I. Rosenblau, May 31, 1918, reversed ... 829.82
N. Y. Rys. Co.—A. C. O'Brien, March 15, 1918, reversed ... 3,849.61

In Bronx County.

Lustgarten, Louis, and Anis Loud—Irving Trust Co., trustee, March 6, 1918 ... $8,391.18
Turek Realty Corp.—C. A. Eberhardt, Jan. 15, 1919, vacated ... 1,277.80
Windisch, Lillian R.—R. Helfant, Jan. 6, 1919 ... 250.00

Slow on Handkerchief Buying.

There is still a tendency on the part of buyers to hold off to a certain extent in placing orders for handkerchiefs. During the last week there has been another reduction on some of the cotton lines amounting to 10 per cent. All told this makes a total of 35 per cent. There has not been a reduction in the price of linen handkerchiefs, in fact, it is said that the price is more likely to advance owing to the shortage of material. In view of the attitude taken by buyers, very little stock is being made up. Later when these goods are in demand there will be a scramble for merchandise, and undoubtedly some of the retailers will find themselves short.

PROPOSALS.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, ALBANY, JANUARY 15, 1919.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, at his office in the Capitol at Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon of Tuesday, February 18, 1919, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read, for the improvement of the state canals as authorized by Chapter 147 of the Laws of 1903 and amendatory laws, and chapter 301 of the Laws of 1909; and for the construction of barge canal terminals pursuant to the provisions of chapter 746 of the Laws of 1911, as follows:

Terminal Contract No. 57.
For constructing certain parts of an approach from Court Street and South Avenue to the Barge canal terminal at Rochester.
Contract plans, sheets 1 to 10 inclusive.
Terminal Contract No. 69.
For protecting the shore of Erie Basin between Lake Street and Slip No. 1, at Buffalo.
Contract plans, sheets 1 and 2.
Terminal Contract No. 107.
For installing electric wiring, lighting, power and battery charging equipment for the canal terminal at Erie Basin, Buffalo.
Contract plans, sheets 1 to 10 inclusive.
Terminal Contract No. 223.
For constructing a barge canal terminal freight shed at Greenpoint, Brooklyn, New York City.
Contract plans, sheets 1 to 11 inclusive.
And until 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, February 19, 1919, for the following pieces of work:
Contract No. 200.
Erie Canal—Sections 9 and 10.
For driving steel sheet piling, placing concrete lining and incidental work between Rochester and Lockport.
Sheets 1 to 5 inclusive.
Contract No. 201.
Erie Canal—Section 9.
For completing the concrete prism lining at Cartersville and constructing a stream entrance near Knapp's bridge.
Sheets 1 to 3 inclusive.
Contract Q.
Cayuga and Seneca Canal—Section 1.
For constructing pile dolphins for aids to navigation on Cayuga and Seneca lakes.
Sheets 1 to 5 inclusive.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, engineer's estimate of quantities, proposal blanks, form of contract and bonds required and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y., and at the office of the State Engineer and Surveyor.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per centum (90 per cent.) of the work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in the city of Albany or New York, issued by a national or state bank (or trust company in the case of terminal contract) in good credit within the state and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon execution of the contract and approval of bonds, the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of the deposit will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposits of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The bond required for the faithful performance of each contract shall be in such sum as shall be fixed by the Superintendent of Public Works, which sum shall not be less than twenty per centum (20 per cent.) of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds co-insurance only will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be endorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the State for doing the work, and which shall comply with all provisions required to render it formal. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the State will be enhanced thereby.

W. W. WOTHERSPOON,
Superintendent of Public Works.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

We have surplus factory space and machinery, together with up to date brass foundry and excess assembling and finishing facilities; can add to our line to mutual advantage any specialty made of cast non-ferrous metals that require finishing; would be interested in taking over by purchase a going business that would fit into our plant and in which our facilities could be utilized to advantage; want no real estate. Address the Steffens-Amberg Co., Newark, N. J.

Wanted.—Small drapery trimming plant fully equipped with looms, flat knitters, incidental machinery; state number of machines and valuation; advertiser consider amalgamation. W 2 Times.

On account of health, want to sell interest in metal corporation; wonderful opportunity to man able to manage business; no attention paid to brokers. P H. 91 Times.

OIL ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES.—Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. K 359 Times.

Wanted.—Cigar and candy stand downtown office building; good paying proposition; stand thorough investigation; give location. A 309 Times.

Assistant buyer, experienced, to help buy for wholesale dry goods, notions, men's and ladies' furnishings; must know N. Y. market. Write J. C., 14 Avenue A.

Capitalist or promoter wanted to market patent which will revolutionize automobile tire industry. A 296 Times.

Money advanced for manufacturing purposes; stocks, notes bought. Goldberger, 36 East 23d.

Plants, any description; machinery, merchandise wanted. Write Wagner, 1,782 Washington Av., Bronx.

Wish to lease for few years, apartment house or small hotel. B 111 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Party who can put ready-to-wear manufacturer on the map looking for live house who needs additional capital and executive management. Box B 166 Times.

Experienced salesman has $300 and services to invest; will buy outright; full particulars or no reply. L 298 Times.

Have $1,500 to invest with services; machinery or allied lines. H 487 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

A $5,000 investment, together with subscriptions already received, completes the reorganization of an old-established close corporation manufacturing automobile accessories; investor will be a Director, officer, if qualified, sales manager of company; investment is safeguarded, with an exceptional profit opportunity. A 300 Times.

Manufacturing plant of a nationally advertised article requires additional capital of $75,000; wonderful opportunity for high-class man of ability. B 148 Times.

Partner wanted with capital; established manufacturers for toilet preparation. T. B., 199 Times.

Builder desires partner; established 10 years; mostly alterations. 747 Madison Av.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

WELL KNOWN NEW YORK INVESTMENT HOUSE OF HIGH STANDING SEEKS OPPORTUNITY TO HANDLE THE PREFERRED STOCK OF A DIVIDEND PAYING INDUSTRIAL COMPANY. PRINCIPALS ONLY. WRITE A, 198 BROADWAY, ROOM 907.

WANTED.
RELIABLE BROKERAGE FIRM
to handle stock issue for established motor truck company to expand their business. Address Y 268 Times Annex.

Executive, capable of organizing, developing, and managing business of national scope, would like to get in touch with interests requiring man of experience; thorough knowledge corporate organization, sales management national distribution, production, and advertising. R 380 Times.

A young officer, vice president of a corporation, recently discharged from active service, leaving on Saturday to visit the principal cities of Europe, would be pleased to represent American firms having business to transact there at this time. Address L 289 Times.

Management of real estate wanted; long experience; charge several large estates at present; interview will convince that I know business. Kindly write, Suite 1304, 347 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 1034.

Merchant going back to northern South American countries wants representation export firms; needs samples goods. Vargas, 115 West 88th.

We have a fine opening for party with ability to sell a fine line of hand-carved lamps and novelties. Write Decorative Lamp Studios, 980 Madison Av., New York, for appointment.

Realty salesmanager of proven ability will retail well located suburban development on liberal contract; highest references. S 191 Times.

FOR SALE.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT CHEIMCALS MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 18 WEST 44TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 2,700 pounds of Hexamethylenetetramine, also 41,000 pounds U. S. P. Hydrous Lanolin, located in New York. Bids made on form M. D. 10, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M. Feb. 7th, 1919.

$16,000 Hotel and Cottage, on one of the prettiest lakes in the Adirondacks; fully equipped and furnished, together with canoes and rowboats; without doubt this will be a banner year in the hotel business in the mountains, but on account of sickness I have decided to dispose of same; will make reasonable terms. For further information and pictures of same address A. C. Commer, 635 Prospect Av., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE.
A commercial stationery store and printing establishment in a downtown section; established for over 12 years and doing a good business; reason, going another line. X 349 Times Annex.

Factory will sacrifice up to date daylight, 100x100 loft; 100 machines, suitable for manufacturing clothing; immediate possession. H. Fisher & Co., 22 West 21st.

Furnished room house; splendid opportunity for married physician or dentist; rooms will pay rent; excellent neighborhood. Write Box 612, 1,464 3d Av.

ACCOUNTANT WANTS POSITION PROGRESSIVE COMPANY. PROGRESSIVE, I. 851 TIMES.

Exceptional Opportunity.—Tea room for sale near West 72d St. L 326 Times.

New York's Fur Auction Sale

begins Monday, February 3rd, at 10 A. M., at Masonic Temple, 71 West 23rd Street, New York.

Goods Now on Show at our Warehouse

The warehouse is open for inspection of merchandise every day, including Sunday, and every evening as well, except Saturday evening and Sunday evening.

The following merchandise will be offered for sale without reserve:

MONDAY
227 Wolverine — 7,937 Beaver
641 Fisher — 547 Silver Fox
368 Russian Sable

TUESDAY
5,777 Grey Fox — 12,894 Australian Fox
12,742 Sundry Fox — 21,435 Red Fox
120 Blue Fox — 1,850 Japanese Fox
653 White Fox — 21,475 Fox Tails
630 Cross Fox — 2,861 Marten

WEDNESDAY
**ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN*
37,749 Kolinsky — 380 Leopard
4,769 Badger — 56,850 Raccoon
528 Persian Lamb — 143,725 Skunk

THURSDAY
34,179 Marmot — 4,132 Japanese Marten
30,591 Civet Cat — 33,084 Japanese Mink
1,884 Hair Seal — 450 Stone Marten
850 Flying Squirrel — 73,200 Mink

FRIDAY
Sundries — 6,709 Lynx
2,919 Chinese Civet Cat — 174,600 American Opossum
22,491 Chinese Weasel — 13,251 Australian and Tasmanian Opossum
5,480 Chinese Raccoon
65,283 (lbs.) Rabbit
107,391 Squirrel — 18,937 Ringtail Opossum
14,700 Wild Cat — 24,910 Wolf

SATURDAY
18,357 House Cat — 3,879 Otter
819 Black Bear — 58,000 Ermine
225 Brown Bear — 800 Fitch
23 Polar Bear — 620,000 Muskrat
278,263 Mole — 14,250 Black Muskrat
68,573 Nutria

Sundries are as follows: Broadtail (135); Wool Seal (104); Lamb (2,000); Chinchilla Rat (203); Pony (46); Hare (1,064); Japanese Badger (92); Caracul (753); Astrachan (2,721); Fox and Lynx Paws (2,525); Barondukies (19,000); Mountain Lion (12); Tiger (7); Chinchillonas (750); Fawn (336); Viscacha (102); Musk Ox.

**For the account of the United States Government,*
A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian
1,408 Astrachan — 19,000 Japanese White Coney
9,646 Astrachan (dyed) — 1,000 Mink
8,500 Japanese Flying Squirrel — 50,071 Mole
2,863 Russian & Asiatic Foxes — 2,475 Kolinsky
135 Ermine — 23 Lbs. Squirrel Tails — 63 Squirrel

A suite of rooms (Parlors A, B, C) at the new Hotel Pennsylvania has been reserved for the convenience and entertainment of members of the trade both from out of town and from New York, throughout the days of the Sale.

NEW YORK FUR AUCTION SALES CORPORATION
48, 50, 52 Great Jones Street, New York City

Auctions.

FINISHED AND RAW MATERIAL
AUCTION SALE
OF
Entire Plant, &c., of the WESTOVER CHEMICAL CO., Byrdton, Va., on the premises, on Thursday, February 6th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M.
To be sold without limit or reserve, regardless of weather conditions.

RAW AND FINISHED DYES
About 100 tons of White Salt, 50 tons of Sulphur, tons of Copper and Sodium Sulphate, Glucose, Dinitrochlor, Benzol, 50 tons Coal.
Twenty tons Lancaster Light Gray Dye and tons of Lancaster Dark Gray Dye, 132,000 lbs. of Sulphur Brown Dye, F. O. B. Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York, subject to certain liens.

MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT
Consists of Kettles, Steam Traps, McDonald's, Nos. 12 and 15; 3 Double Ovens, and 10 Galvanized Ovens, Drying Ovens, Sturtevant Engines, 3 and 5 H. P. Westinghouse Gas Engine, 50 H. P. Gas Engines, Dynamos, Filter Presses, Paint and Dye Grinders, Platform Scales and Fuel Tanks, hundreds of Angles, Irons, Carriages, Channel Rails, Pans, Channel Irons, American Blowers, Steam and Duplex Pumps, hundreds of Narrow Gauge Tracks, 24-inch Industrial Railway, Dump Cars, Flat Cars, thousands of feet of Pipes and Fittings, Copper and Galvanized Sheeting, Galvanized Pipes, Pipe Coverings, Leather Beltings, Rubber-Coated Copper Wire, various Tools and hundreds of other articles used in a dye plant, a lot of old Copper and Brass.
Equipment of a Boarding House, 23 Iron Beds, Mattresses, 28 Pillows, Pillow Cases, Blankets, Sheets, Towels, and one large Ice Box, one Ford Automobile.
Terms of Sale: CASH.
For further information, apply to
E. T. NEWELL & CO.,
519 N. Howard St., Baltimore, Md.
How to reach the plant: M., D. & V. boats leave Baltimore, Md., Feb. 5th, 5 P. M.; arrive at Byrdton, Va., A. M.

Auctions.

Unrestricted Public Sale
ON THE PREMISES,
OF THE
Exquisite Paintings, Furnishings and Embellishments
Contained in the spacious Residence of
Mrs. Jennie C. Bradley,
319 W. 74th St., N. Y. C.
COMPRISING
Beautiful Examples by Inness, Troyon, Homer, Martin, Wyant, Schreyer, Ranger, Dangerfield and others; Furniture for the Bedroom, Library, Dining Room, Music and Reception Room; Oriental Carpets and Rugs, Andirons, Modern and Period Bronzes by Remington, Barye and other Sculptors of Note; Rare Chinese Porcelains, Tiffany Chime Clock and Clock Sets, Silver, Sedlee Engravings, Books, Floor and Table Lamps, Steinway Baby Grand Piano and an exquisite Louis XIV. Aubusson Tapestry Reception Suit.
TO BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE
ON THE PREMISES
Tomorrow (Thurs.) and Friday, Jan. 30 and 31, at 11 A. M.
On Free View To-day (Wednesday.)
Catalogue mailed upon request.
Robt. C. Graham, Auctioneer,
OFFICES AND GALLERIES
924-926 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell, Auct'rs,
470 BROOME ST., NEW YORK CITY
OPENING SALE OF THE SEASON
TODAY, WED., Jan. 29,
PROMPTLY AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,
ON A CREDIT OF FOUR MONTHS,
FOR MILLS, AGENTS AND OTHERS,
OVER 1,000 PIECES
PLAIN AND FANCY
Dress Goods, Suitings and Coatings,
Storm Serges, Poplins, Gabardines, Cheviots, Diagonals, Tweeds, Jersey Cloth, Black and White Checks, Velour Checks, Fancy Plaids, Tropicals, Stripe Suitings, Khaki Coatings and Silver Cloth Coatings.
SPECIAL LINES OF
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS
Taffetas, Wash Satin, Messalines, Peau de Cygnes, Crepe de Chine, Silk Moire, Pongee, &c.
36-Inch SATEEN and SERGE LININGS
Plain and Fancy Cotton Fabrics.
AND AT 12 O'CLOCK
For account of Marine Underwriters,
2 BALES RAW SILK.

Auctioneers.

SAMUEL MARX,
Office and Salesrooms, 115-117 W. 23d St.
Tel. Farragut 5660-5661.

DIVIDENDS.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 24, 1919.
S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A dividend of four dollars ($4.00) per share has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, at the New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to Stockholders of record at the close of business this day.
Boston, January 21, 1919.
EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.

THE NEWS ILLUSTRATED.

Events of the week artistically illustrated in the Mid-Week Pictorial Magazine, published by The New York Times Company. Graphic record splendidly printed by rotogravure process. 10c on news stands—$5 a year by mail.—Advt.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Of course you'll like her!

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The loveliest

Tricotine Dress

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Only $18.50

We have over 4,000 other lovely models in every desirable fabric, just waiting to be shipped.

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NITROGEN TUNGSTEN

30% SAVING ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS

Compare These Prices

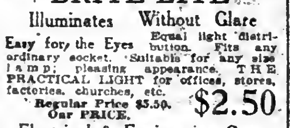
MAZDA STYLE TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
10, 15, 25, 40, 50	.35	.25
60	.40	.28
100	.85	.60

MAZDA STYLE NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts	Edison's Price	Our Price
75	.70	.49
100	1.10	.77
150	1.65	1.15
200	2.20	1.54

We guarantee all our lamps.



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Illuminates Without Glare

Easy for the Eyes. Equal light distribution. Fits any ordinary socket. Suitable for any size lamp; pleasing appearance. THE PRACTICAL LIGHT for offices, stores, factories, churches, etc.

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Electrical & Engineering Corp.
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Light & Air

Ideal Manufacturing Floor Space

In the Centre of Springfield, Mass.

70,000 sq. ft. on 2 floors. All or part is now available. Passenger and freight elevator-sprinkler system.

Plenty of high grade help available.

EDW. J. MURPHY CO.,
Fuller Bldg. Springfield, Mass.

Do You Know Waists?

We want a man who has specialized in waists, blouses, and kindred lines. He must be a sales executive of unusual ability, having wide acquaintance with manufacturers and retailers in this field.

He will assume full charge of a wholesale department that is alive with opportunities for performance. To the tireless worker who presents a record of "big" accomplishment the position affords every chance for rapid advancement.

Write! Your correspondence will be held in strictest confidence.

B. Box 150 Times.

A LARGE sum was tied up in hosiery bought for shipment to Italy. The Exporters could not procure shipping space, and the shipment was held up in New York for a considerable time.

This tie-up of money threatened disturbance in the Exporter's business. They called on us—and promptly we released to them funds tied up in the merchandise.

We make Loans on Warehouse Receipts.

LEVISON & COMPANY
Bankers
141 Fifth Avenue

FINANCING

of manufacturers and jobbers by advances on accounts and on merchandise.

WORMSER & CO.
45 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuyv. 2360.

BUSINESS NOTES PURCHASED

Accounts financed. Loans on Merchandise and approved collateral.

SAMUEL BIRDSALL CO.
115 Broadway. Rector 8151.

PUBLICITY FOR LOST ARTICLES.

To regain lost property publicity is necessary. The best publicity is the Lost and Found Column on the last page of The New York Times. Telephone 1000 Bryant.—Advt.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Will buy odd pieces F. & H. and 315; also serges, 9, 833, 238; must be cheap, for cash. Mad. Sq. 8598.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Light gray, light tan, rose. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

CAPES, DOLMANS AND SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber placing orders; call all week. 1,140 Broadway, 10th floor, 9 to 1 and after 4:30.

CLOTH Wanted.—Velours, cotton pom pom mixtures, cotton plush, and beaver cloth. Eisenberg & Friedman, 57-59 East 11th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on coats and caps, high grade only; call with samples. 132 West 34th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles sport coats, capes, and dolmans. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Call with samples of better grade. 127 West 26th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted.—Call with Spring samples of better grade, 141 West 21st St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Winter coats, high grade only; jobs, spot cash. Farragut 9387.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Discarded Spring samples. Farragut 9386.

COLLARS, LACES AND GALLOONS Wanted.—Open for 5-inch. Berliner Costume Co., 114 West 27th St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—76-72 nainsook, Amoskeag 32-inch plaid and check gingham, Lonsdale nainsook. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 6227.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Black Venetian Dura satin or C510. Phone early. Spring 7754.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—All sorts of taffeta, black and colors. Stuyvesant 8886.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—About 300 pieces, white and flesh, heavy quality, not over $1.10. Jack Goldston, 36 East 31st St.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on party, georgette, taffeta, tricotine, and high-grade tailored cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash jobs or regular goods, any quantity, for immediate delivery; samples daily 9-12. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large orders popular-priced dresses in all materials. Call with samples immediately, 23 West 32d St., third floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing stock orders on new silk dresses, also jersey dresses. 134 West 26th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles taffetas, georgettes, crepes. 12 West 32d, 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders on cloth and silk dresses. Elred, 12th floor, 12-14 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash, job or regular goods; any quantity. 3d floor, 37 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy silk dresses. L. & R., 11th floor, 129 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Wash and house dresses, cheapest to best. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on georgette and taffeta. 126 West 34th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Discarded samples; spot cash. Farragut 9386.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—In Spring shades, also American 90610 clay poplin. Farragut 8139.

GABARDINES, TRICOTINES Wanted.—Tan and light shades. 38 West 32d, Room 1302.

GEORGINES Wanted.—Colors, at 85c. spot cash. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Universal checks, advanced plaids and treffan; plain colors; must be cheap. Farragut 9910.

GINGHAMS and PERCALES Wanted.—At once, all kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 8671.

HOSIERY Wanted.—Ipswich, 13-inch fibre, large quantity. 11th floor, 118 West 23d. Chelsea 3650.

JERSEY SILK Wanted.—All quantities, spot cash. H. Ragovin, 109 West 26th.

JUILLIARD PLAIDS Wanted.—Quantity of 48-inch following numbers: 47136, 47135, 47138, 47137, 47140; also 39-inch plaids 39101, 39100, 3998. R 300 Times.

MIDDIES Wanted.—In serges and cottons; also jobs. Fillmore, 127 West 25th.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted.—Gray, navy, tan; also striped silks. Madison Square 5053.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Black and navy. Room 1114, 23 East 26th St.

PERCALE Wanted.—Navy blue, in large quantities. Hand Embroidery Co., 101 5th Av. Phone Stuyvesant 5794.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Salts, peco, or esquimette, any quantity; spot cash; must be cheap. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

POPLINS, SERGES Wanted.—American or similar, navy, Copen., tan, peacock, clay, 6234-104; best prices cash. Farragut 2980.

POPLINS Wanted.—Reindeer and tan, American or similar. Brous Bros., 1,115 Broadway. Farragut 4234.

POPLINS Wanted.—American or similar, high shades, for cash. Printz, 48 West 25th.

POPLINS Wanted.—Navy, American. Julius L. Goldstein, 53 West 22d. Farragut 596.

POPLIN Wanted.—All qualities; black and navy. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d.

SATIN STRIPE TUB SILKS Wanted.—Any quantity; cash. Call Room 608, 1,261 Broadway. Haber, Weiss & Co.

SATINS Wanted.—36 inches wide, good quality, pearl and tan, up to $1.15. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

SATINS Wanted.—Eagle, No. 37, for cash. Nelson & Levine, 320 5th Av.

SECO Wanted.—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Am open for a lot of serges of 09070 American or goods of that character; will buy for spot cash; submit samples, quantity and lowest prices both of blue and black. Montgomery Clothing Co., 141 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—We have $50,000 to pay cash for all known makes; if your price is right we will give you our prompt attention. T. M., 137 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 104, 0609, 09070, 0936, 838, 235, 54289, tricotine, Poiret twill, poplin, velour; cash. Madison Square 9837.

SERGES Wanted.—Tan and rookie 0936, 09070, 9 or similar quality; cash. L. Wolfberg Co., 150 West 22d.

SERGES Wanted.—54289 navy and colors. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st. Madison Square 2128.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantities of black French serges. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 09070, 104, 519, 54292, 7120. Grossman Bros., Madison Sq. 4620.

SERGES, Storm Serges Wanted.—Copen., Pekin, tan. D. Strauss, 141 West 20th.

SERGE Wanted.—Quantity of Pekin and henna serge, 519, or similar. Chelsea 307.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash; 838, 09070, 90610, 99; black, navy. Gramercy 845.

SERGES Wanted.—0609 black. Hirsch & Bro., 133 West 27th St. Farragut 3044.

SERGES Wanted.—1464-11433-6234-3850-519-9. Davidoff Co., Madison Square 4022.

SERGES Wanted.—4408, 4460, 4461, all colors; must be cheap. Gramercy 5143.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 519, 528, 54289, 9, 7120, 7122, 6120, 104. Gramercy 4941.

SERGES Wanted.—All kinds, at once; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES WANTED.—104, 99, 1464, navy and black. Madison Square 3757.

SERGE Wanted.—99 and 1464, navy and black. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

SERGE Wanted.—Whitman's No. 9, for cash. Telephone Madison Square 7040.

SERGES Wanted.—American 09070, navy and colors, for cash. Farragut 9498.

SERGES Wanted.—301 or similar; Copen only. Farragut 2770.

SERGE Wanted.—11433, 104, for cash. Madison Square 6716.

SERGES Wanted.—99 navy; must be cheap. Madison Square 3935.

SERGES Wanted.—6234, for cash. Orchard 8644.

SERGE Wanted.—1464. Farragut 8287.

SILKS Wanted.—Habutai, peau de cygne, in good quality. Call with samples. Heinlein & Greentree, 1,333 Broadway, 36th St. entrance.

SILK JERSEY Wanted.—Unlimited quantity; must be at a price. Canterbury Co., 37 West 24th.

SILKS Wanted.—We want to buy silks, novelties or velvets, also imperfect goods for cash. Madison Square 6141.

SILKS Wanted.—Light shades of peau de cygne up to 95c. per yard; can use seconds. Spring 7934.

SILK JERSEY Wanted.—Big quantity for cash. Horowitz, 94 Greene St.

SILK POPLINS Wanted.—Susquehanna's 171, for cash. Call Orchard 5128.

SILVER TIP BOLIVIAS Wanted.—Silvertones and tricolettes. Chelsea 8080.

SILVERTONES AND SERGES Wanted.—Holden-Leonard or similar; also 0036, 09070, in tan. Gramercy 6174.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—In Burg. or taupe; all makes. Gramercy 141.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—All Spring shades, also U. S. 838 and Whitman's 9. Haft, Farragut 9752.

SPANGLED BANDS on Pearl Waists Wanted.—Hollander, 6 West 22d St.

SUITS Wanted.—Will place stock orders on high-class, snappy suits only. Call 129 West 20th St., 3d floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders, high-grade suits. Call with samples. 6th floor, 34 West 37th.

SUITS Wanted.—Open for better grade suits. 38 West 26th St., 9th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Open for good quality, all shades; preferred 3218. Madison Square 7527. Julius.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Up to $1.15. Streicher, 142 5th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—David Crystal, 11 East 26th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar; all shades. Madison Square 2698.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy and tan. Hecht & Pitofsky, 37 West 28th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Navy, terra cotta, and Pekin. Farragut 4483.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield 5010; navy only. Murray Hill 8371.

VELOURS, SILVERTONES Wanted.—Checks and plaids suitable for capes; mail swatches, or phone and will call. Levine Brothers, 750 Broadway. Spring 8618.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light weight, high shades, Stevens or American, for cash. Gramercy 6430.

VELOURS Wanted.—Lightweight Pekin, reindeer, and tan. H. Gelfond. Farragut 3377.

VELOUR Wanted.—F. & H. fawn, congo, bison, and delphine. Madison Square 2275.

WINDSOR CAMBRIC Wanted.—Open for 2,000 pieces, all colors, 25 inches, at a price. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Quantities for men's wear, all qualities. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted.—All kinds, for cash; 54221 serge in black damask. Gramercy 1338.

YALAMA Wanted.—Botany; American 0609 serge; U. S. 235 serge. Madison Square 6057.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APRONS.—Close out lots, special prices. W. H. Dean, 46 East 17th.

BATHROBES.—Men's, ladies' and children's, of best make, at lowest prices. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th.

BATHROBES.—Beacon, pretty styles; immediate delivery; special prices. Arida, 118 West 22d St.

BROADCLOTH.—F. & H. and Botany, all shades. Farragut 9386.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—7-12, good gingham, $9 dozen. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

COATINGS.—Newhouse 9 and 114, to close out, 60c cash. Gramercy 2523.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritsky & Stolerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—500 fur-trimmed cloth coats, 300 coatees beaver, mole and Baffin seal, 200 fur-trimmed plush coats; must be closed out regardless of cost. Harry Greenberg Co., 20 West 35th St.

COATS.—Last call, plushes, stouts, regular, fur-trimmed, velours, silvertones, broadcloths; also coatees, 50c on the dollar. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—High-grade Bolivia and silvertones, raccoon shawl collars, to close out; also Oxford suits. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d St.

COATS.—500, splendid assortment, all wool, pom pom velour, broadcloth, fur trimmed; closing out. Shapiro Davis, 29 West 25th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh-Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS to close out; shawl collars, silk lined; junior, misses', ladies'. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

COATS.—Closing out 250 smart velour coats, fur trimmed, all lined, regardless of cost. Louis L. Ginsburg, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices; large assortment colors and material, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 28th.

COATS.—Large assortment velours, cotton pom poms, broadcloth, at sacrifice. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th.

COATS.—500 Spring models, all wool serges, burellas, velours, close out at a price. Copeland, 38 West 26th St.

COATS.—Velour and broadcloth, fur and self collars, also navy serge suits. Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th.

COATS.—New Spring models, exceptional values; we sell them cheaper. Hutner, 48 West 25th St.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Stylish stouts, auto, Dolman; immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 W. 25th.

COATS.—High-grade flapper coats; Spring line ready. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d.

COATS.—50 job at sacrifice before moving. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d.

COTTON.—850 lbs. of brown mercerized silk, 500 lbs. brown sewing cotton, 144 lbs. white cotton, 400 lbs. gray cotton, also white tape, hooks and eyes. Call 409 Lafayette St., 5th floor, not later than Friday evening; will sacrifice at a price.

COTTON CREPE.—Imported cloth; will close out cheap. 1,133 Broadway, Room 414.

COTTON GOODS for Export.—10 cases coronation voile, every case assorted colors; 15 cases white organdie, double-folded, close out below market prices. Chelsea 5288.

COTTON GOODS.—Jobbers' and exporters' cotton drills, gabardines, hollands, voile; full assortment; below market price. Call, or write, Gazi & Dabah, 276 Canal St.

COTTON GOODS, shirtings woven and printed; all makes; very cheap. Farragut 4918.

DRESSES.—All wool Jersey dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges, at prices cheaper than elsewhere; in spite of the strike we still continue to deliver in large quantities. I. Rand & Co., 37 W. 28th St.

DRESSES of character and distinction, yet priced low to stimulate sales; all wool French serge, $5.50-$13.75; satins, taffetas, jerseys, georgettes, $6.75, $16.50; immediate deliveries. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, taffeta and satin, newest Spring styles on the racks for immediate delivery; also exceptionally good numbers in serge, to close out. Redfirn Costume Co., 22 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large assortment for street and afternoon wear at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 152 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Children's, specialty silk only; snappiest models, beautiful combinations, prices ranging $3.75 to $7.75. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

DRESSES.—Serges, taffetas, georgettes; latest Spring styles; immediate delivery; $6.75 to $14.75; jobs always on hand. Floranell Dress, 38 West 26th.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES.—500 snappy dresses, all serges, up to $6.75, reduced $3.75; all taffetas up to $9.75 reduced $6.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—2,000 dozen house dresses, assorted ginghams, chambrays, percales, $9 per dozen. National Kimono Co., 148 Greene St.

DRESSES TO CLOSE OUT AT A PRICE; tricolettes, georgettes, serges, satins, novelties. Schwartz Bros., 39 West 29th.

DRESSES, street, afternoon, and evening, Peter Thompson special, $8.75. American Costume, 118 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Children's 1250 dozen serge, ginghams, silks; up to $72 per dozen, at $15. 1,270 Broadway, Room 411.

DRESSES.—New Spring models, serges, silks, taffetas, poplins; very cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES.—5,000 serge dresses to close out at big loss; $2.75 up. Jacob Hyman Co., 137 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Up to the minute styles, in silks; see our $5.75 taffeta special. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—2,500 to close out before moving, values to $18.50, at $6.75 to $7.75. Ruby, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Georgette silk serges; snappy models; values unsurpassed. Deutsch, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—All wool serge and half wool panama; sacrifice. Chauser, 137 W. 27th.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgettes, serge, evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out reasonable. Seid, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, Spring models, to close out. Paris, 18 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Big job satin dresses to close out. 1 East 27th, third floor.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge to close out, at price. Simon, 135 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job on serge dresses to close out. 9 West 20th, 5th floor.

EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.—To close out at a sacrifice, 11th floor, 840 Broadway.

FLAGS.—American silk, to close out at very low prices. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

GABARDINES.—Garfield's; poplin, velour, all Spring shades. Goldstein & Newburger, Stuy. 7687.

GABARDINES.—4666 navy, 4718 gray. M. Sq. 6716.

GEORGETTES.—All colors, immediate delivery, $1.15 per yard. Kremer, 31 E. 27th.

GEORGETTE.—All silk, pure dye. Knickerbocker Ribbon Co. Madison Square 1084.

GEORGEEN.—Heavy georgeen, 6,000 yards to sell for price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th St.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines.—Colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—Amoskeag, 75 cases, 20c. net; percales, 64x64, 17 cases, 15c. net; also other lines, 250 cases; wonderful assortment; must be sold at once at price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

GINGHAMS.—Plaids, checks and plain colors. Solomon & Co., 160 5th Av.

GINGHAMS.—Lancaster staple checks. Phone Spring 883.

JAP SILK, Habutai and Pongees, popular weights, natural and colors. Call Hanover 7519. Lietz & Co.

KHAKI DRILL.—17,000 yards, below market price. Farragut 4770.

KHAKI KOOL, Mallinson's, white, tan and gray, below cost. Mad. Sq. 8274.

KNEE PANTS.—50 dozen corduroy, $8.50 per dozen; other large jobs cheap. Reliance, 130 Bleecker.

LININGS.—Silk and cotton; special designs suitable for coat and suit trade. Adelson-Ullman, Franklin 855.

MOHAIR.—Fancy 54-inch for men's suitings; also for skirts and dresses. American Lining Co., 621 Broadway. Spring 5568.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black, all wool and cotton warp in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway, Spring 2716.

PANTS.—Corduroy, cotton, khaki, cheap. Lion Pants Mfg. Co., 185 Bleecker St.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

POIRET TWILL and Gabardines—Reidel 5239, Garfield 4630 and Acme gabardine, very cheap. Herman Bruner, Gramercy 4264.

POPLINS.—90610, taupe, burgundy, navy, $2.20; 774 black, navy, burgundy, $1.75; PPL; high colors, $1.95; navy, $1.75; 6709½, $1.25, 87, 75c; X X, 72½c; VSL, $1.25. Carity, Gramercy 3269.

POPLINS and Panamas.—P. P. L., 774, 787, 777, B. P. N. L., S. P. A., N. T. A., H. W. P., 228, 280; also shepherd checks; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—Pacific PPL—MFL—VSL—CFL—WFX; Juilliard's 54289, 4661; Cleveland 9288, 9058, 6234; low prices; no phone calls. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

POPLINS AND VELOURS.—1768, black, navy; 90610, 8077, 774, 6709½, 4281, Spring colors; all worsted checks. Madison Square 9087.

POPLIN.—6709½, navy, reasonable price; will exchange for black. Madison Square 7029.

POPLINS.—90610, 06077, navy and black. Grossman Bros., Madison Square 4620.

POPLINS.—American, navy, 90610 and 06077; also navy, Poiret twill. Greeley 1544.

POPLINS, 774; navy, reasonable; also heavy velours, 11052, 9190. Gramercy 5037.

POPLINS.—American 06077, navy and black, 100 pieces, $2.15. Farragut 4446.

ROMPERS.—150 dozen Repp ginghams and chambray to close out. Jack Sarfati, 172 Eldridge St.

SECO SILK, 25c.; voiles and organdies, mercerized, 10 cases, 18c.; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES.—0936, 09070, 6234, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, Gera 787, Jamestown 9302, 7120, 9158, Botany, 809, 11433, 1464, 3850, 7008, WFX, MFL, 528, 519, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, PPL, BPNL, American poplins 90610, 06077, also big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway, Spring 2716.

SERGES.—9058, M. F. L., V. S. L., 54289, 4061, W. F. X., F. S. G., S. K. W., C. S., C. S. G., W. S. G., S. B., G. L., T. P. S., 1717, K. S., 1209, 1210; no telephone information. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d.

SERGES.—54289, 3695, 764, 6234, 9056, 7008, 7512, 7120, 11438, 7113, 9288, 528, 3850, 6609, 4002; 774 poplin; 2137 Fram, also Lorraine taffeta. Utopia Mills, 29 East 21st St. Gramercy 4475-6.

SERGES, POPLINS. 1209, 87, 3, 99, 6614, 7614, 6122, 7120, 7512, 780, 11433, 809, 528, 9056, 925, 4061, 54289, 838, 774, 6709½. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—7120, 54289, 11433, 519, 528, 94, 104, 113, 235, 838, V. S. L., 1209, 774, 4860, 227. Shainberg & Scoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1969.

SERGES, POPLINS and Panamas.—519, 1464, 3703, Walworth 503, 774, 639, Gera poplin, also high shades Andrews Poplins. Herman Bruner, Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—1464, $1.82½; 7120, $1.50; 99, $1.90; 54289, $1.45; 54292, $1.65; W. F. X., $1.85; 11433, $1.77½; 4408, 95c. net, 10 days. Madison Square 6669.

SERGES.—519, $1.75; 54289, $1.43; W F X, $1.30; 6301, $1.25; 54292, $1.65; 10525, $1.65; 7512, $1.65. Touraine Woolen, 44 East 23d, Gram. 3065.

SERGES, VELOURS.—We have them, all shades, all makes, all numbers, any quantity. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—54289, navy and high shades, $1.40; M. S. L., $1.25; V. S. L., $1.15; P. P. L., $1.70; 7120, $1.47½ net cash. Gramercy 594.

SERGES.—54289, 519, 7008, 9056, 609, 0609, 9268, 3421, 10764, 6500; all colors, serges, poplins and silvertones. Telephone Farragut 2950.

SERGE.—Cotton warp, No. 9 line 112, 100 pieces, 97½c.; McKenny's ¾ coatings, desirable shades, 300 pieces, 75c. Farragut 4448.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 11433, 0609, 54274, 9240, 3665; poplin 4916, 6009, 774; Chaduk cloth, black, navy, on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES.—All kinds. If you don't get them elsewhere at once call up New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 8671.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—$40,000 stock of all makes; will sacrifice; going out of business. National Worsted Mills, 31 East 21st.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 7464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7362, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6000, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—519, 11483, 7120, 09070, 54289, 809, 228, B. P. & L., very cheap. Weinstein Co., Madison Square 2039.

SERGES.—Poplins 54289, 528 tan, 54249 copen, 4860 seconds, Spring shades. Mad. Sq. 5662.

SERGES.—11433, $1.70; 528, $1.50; 9411, $1.90; tricotines, all shades, $3.20. Farragut 5759.

SERGES.—54289, 3665, W. F. X., 7648, 0609, 3850, 838 and other numbers. Gramercy 3001.

SERGES.—7120, 145, 9056, $1.60; 7008, $1.50; W. F. X., $1.25; all navy. Farragut 3954.

SERGES.—6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.07½. Gramercy 1482.

SERGE.—54-inch, all wool storm serge, navy, black, green, brown, $1.27½. Farragut 9079.

SERGES.—99, 0609, 0696, 9709, 657, 41-102, 41-103, poplin 774. Orchard 5463.

SERGES.—Below market price for cash, 0609, 0036, 0696, 9070. Gramercy 3840.

SERGES.—519 Garfield, navy and black, $1.65. Phone Mr. Lewis, Bryant 4400.

SERGES.—U. S. L. and O. S.; will sell cheap. Call Orchard 5128.

SERGES.—235, Gera 787, Cleveland 9288; also gabardine; cheap. Stuyvesant 7843.

SERGES.—11, 4, 33, navy and green; original ticket. Telephone Greeley 795.

SERGES.—Botanys 815, navy, $3 net; 12 pieces. Bowie, Bryant 1771.

SERGES.—0609, $1.62½; 06077, 09070, $2.17½; 11433, 838, 54289, 1464. Mad. Square 9837.

SERGES.—09070, 1464, 838 black; also 774 poplin; reasonable. Madison Square 3388.

SERGES.—925 and 7008, Gera $1.75; must be sold before moving. Farragut 3194.

SERGES.—809, 528, 6234, 2505, very cheap. Mad. Sq. 8598.

SERGES.—1461, navy, $1.85. Simon, 135 West 27th.

SERGES.—Cream, white; sacrifice 36-inch at a price. Gramercy 3286.

SERGE.—Navy 87, reasonable; also broadcloth, 315. Gramercy 5037.

SHEPHERD CHECKS, all constructions, 54-inch width; also imported shantungs. Y 232 Times Annex.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery. Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, failles, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9350.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILVERTONE.—Holden Leonard's taupe at reasonable price. Farragut 2127.

SILVERTONES.—Reindeer, Pekin, rookie. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—Discontinuing business owing to illness; have to close out 2,000 skirts, all new Spring models, serge, wool, and silk plaid, plain silks, also novelties, at a sacrifice. 1,182 Broadway, Room 303. Mad. Sq. 4731.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—Wool and silk, to close out; Spring and wash line ready; clever styles; good values. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, high lustre, $1.87½; silks, fancy and plain, $2.25 up. Jacob Hyman Co., 137 West 25th St.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplins, satin stripes, plaids and taffetas, $2 up. Harrison Skirt, 38 West 31st.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, $1.75; serges and silks, very cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SKIRTS.—1,000 poplins, serges, and fancies to close out. Yellin Bros., 7-9 West 18th.

SKIRTS.—400 serge fancies, plaids to close out. S B Skirt, 225 5th Av.

SLEEVE LINING.—60,000 yds. 76 Dowbeford 40-inch twill, sell at exceptional low price. Harry Greenberg, 147 North 12th St., Philadelphia.

SUITS.—Boys' washable suits, close out. Lewis & Maisel, 110 Grand St.

SUITS.—200 high-grade suits, to close out. 1,170 Broadway, Room 407.

SUITS.—All wool light weight poplins, $10.75. Supreme Mfg., 10 West 24th St.

SUITS.—A nicely trimmed Spring suit, made in American Woolen Co. poplin $10.50; see this model before leaving town. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 West 19th St.

SUITS.—Our $16.75 silk lined, handsomely braid trimmed suit is a world beater; see it immediately. Louis Bauman & Co., 12 East 32d St.

SUITS.—New Spring models, American all wool poplins, mannish serge, peau de cygne lined, $10.50. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

SUITS.—Smartest misses' suits in town; snappy styles at the price. York, 1,270 Broadway.

SUITS.—Spring, $9.75 up; coats, $7.75 up. Sheen-Weisman, 43 West 27th.

TAFFETAS AND GEORGETTES.—All shades; immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TRICOLLETTES.—First quality, assorted colors; low prices. Phone Mad. Sq. 4552.

TRICOLETTE.—Black, navy, gray, at sacrifice. Parisian Mfg., 31 East 31st.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield 4718, tan, black; Arthur Joel, navy, Garfield 4666, gabardine, all colors; Garfield Poiret twills, all colors. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINES.—All shades, $3.20; 11483, $1.70; velours, Spring shades, $2.30. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINE.—Garfield's 4718, Poiret twill, Lorraine, Gera, A. W. Co. Gramercy 1074.

TRICOTINES, Louis Walthers, navy only, quality 1917. Madison Square 5825.

TRICOTINES in high shades to close. Chelsea 492.

TWEEDS.—Fisher & Kennedy style, 3400, 90610, poplin, navy, 4050, golf serge, very reasonable. Farragut 2716.

TWEEDS.—Fisher Kennedy, 1600, all colors, at a price. Md. Sq. 6716.

VELOURS.—Pekin, henna, rose, light copen, reasonable. Chas. Cohen Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 6174.

VELOURS.—Spring shades, $2.80; 11480 serge, $1.70; 528, $1.50. Farragut 5759.

VELOURS.—American lightweight, Spring shades. Chelsea 4676.

WAISTS.—New styles voile and organdy waists, $8.50 dozen, hand-embroidered Georgia waists, $21.50 dozen. Belmore Waist Co., 27 West 24th St.

WAISTS.—$9 dozen exclusively; snappy tailored and trimmed models; wonderful values. West Point Waist, 119 West 24th St.

WAISTS.—Cottons, $6.50 a dozen; Georgettes, crepe de chine, very cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

WAISTS.—100 dozen georgette assorted colors and styles; $33 dozen. Arlington Waist, 97 5th Av.

WOOLENS off price; 17 pieces, 9613 black, $2.75. Gramercy 4519.

YARN GOODS.—Colored; have to offer quantities at a price. Room 718, 396 Broadway.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted on georgette dresses; will supply our own styles. Greenfield & de Lara, 30 West 32d. Madison Square 3738.

CONTRACTORS on tricolette, jersey and silk dresses; bring your own samples; call 9-11 A. M. only. 7th floor, 25 West 31st.

CONTRACTORS on high-grade dresses; bring own samples; immediate business. Address Box 240, 437 Marbridge Building.

DRESSES.—Large stock orders placed on silk dresses. Call 6-8 East 27th, 21st floor.

SUIT CONTRACTOR wanted with small plant who can cut and make good fitting machine-made garments to work for jobber exclusively. S 205 Times.

Allied Industries.

BACK COMBS Wanted.—Fancy; jobs; must be cheap; any quantity. A 278 Times.

BIRD OF PARADISE wanted without head; very good; state price. Plume, Y 259 Times Annex.

CAMERON CUTTING MACHINE For Sale.—42-inch, Model 24, nearly new, cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 31st St.

NEEDLES.—Japanese, sewing, assorted sizes, sacrifice; immediate delivery. Spring 2366.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES For Sale.—No. 4413, with tables and stands complete, $9 each; also cutting tables, work boxes, chairs, &c., cheap. Guthman, Solomons, 100 West 31st St.

SNAP DRESS FASTENERS for immediate delivery; best made; all sizes; below market price. Phone Bryant 4375.

Help Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Dress silk house, making an up-to-date line of high-grade silks, every number a leader, is looking for representatives over the following territories: Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, Boston and the East, Middle West, Northwest, New York State and Pennsylvania, and the entire South; commission basis only and no objection to other non-conflicting lines; acquaintance with silk buyers essential. Address, stating full particulars as to past, present connections. Y 231 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, silk, up-to-date, well-known dress silk house making the better class of merchandise is open for a first-class salesman to call on the cutting-up trades; only those who have actually sold silks to this trade and have an established following among them will be considered; liberal drawing account against commission; address giving full details as to past and present connections. Y 258 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to cover department stores in New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade will be considered; commission basis; good opportunity to make big money. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN, experienced; office and city trade; coats and suits; commission, with drawing account. A 299 Times.

Situations Wanted.

Insurance broker, 32, Christian, some business of his own, would connect with large insurance brokerage firm. A 286 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 25, honorably discharged, desires position, having four years' selling experience. R 710 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...5@5½ per cent. for the best names
Monday....5@5½

The quotations are for six months' paper.

New Bungalow Sets.

Among the articles for use during the Summer months that are selling very readily are bungalow sets. These consist of bedspreads, pillow tops, table covers, laundry bags, and bureau scarfs. In the new lines that are now being shown to the retail trade they are offered in a large variety of cretonnes with filet lace insertions and edgings. They are also made up in poplin, embracing shades of rose, blue, and brown.

To Combine Knit Goods Bodies.

A committee is at work drafting plans for the amalgamation of the four principal knit goods organizations of the country. The combined body is to be called the National Association of Knit Goods. Its headquarters will be in this city and there will be branch offices in Chicago and Cleveland and, perhaps, Philadelphia. The organizations which it is proposed to merge are: the Sweater and Knitted Textile Manufacturers' Association, New York; Cleveland Knit Goods Manufacturers' Association, Cleveland; Sweater Manufacturers' Association of Middle West, Milwaukee; and Sweater and Fancy Knit Goods Manufacturers' Association, Pennsylvania District, Philadelphia.

More Smocks Being Used.

Judging from the orders that are being received for smocks, it is evident that these goods are now regarded as being more of a necessity than a novelty. Smocks have become very popular for street wear among misses and children. They are also being used very extensively for house and sport wear. Some very substantial orders were taken in the South and West for these garments. The local trade is said to be equally as good. One manufacturer said that his business in smocks has increased at least 35 per cent. over last year's.

Orders for Handbags.

Despite the fact that ladies' beaded handbags are very popular at present, the call for bags made of lightweight fabrics is quite good. The silk bags that are now being shown, with combinations of beads and celluloid and Dutch silver tops, are having a big run this season. They are offered in black, taupe and brown. Through the West the stocks in the retail stores were very low, and this resulted in the salesmen securing some good size orders. The local trade is a little slow in placing orders, but it is expected that the buying will start within the next two weeks.

Trade in Colored Collars.

The new lines of men's colored collars that are being introduced among retailers are meeting with some success in certain sections of the country. In the South and in the West these goods are selling somewhat better than they are in the local trade. They are offered in brown, pink, blue, and green. Others are shown in striped patterns and are made in both linen and silk.

Retail Dry Goods Men to Meet.

Lew Hahn, Executive Secretary of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, sent out yesterday to 17,000 retail dry goods merchants throughout the country notices of the forthcoming convention which is to be held in this city on Feb. 11, 12, and 13. The place will be the Hotel Pennsylvania. Besides the regular proceedings and discussions, there will be a dinner, a smoker, and an exhibition of office systems, store appliances, and equipment. Dealers in the smaller cities are especially invited to attend and to become members of the association for reasons that are given at some length in the notices of the convention.

From the Buyer's Point of View.

An out-of-town buyer who was in town yesterday purchasing merchandise for the Spring season said that he was only buying enough goods for his immediate needs; and that he was turning his stock over every thirty days in view of the present conditions. In regard to knit goods, he asserted that he had a sufficient stock on hand and would not place any orders for future delivery under the circumstances. If the prices should advance, which he doubted very much, all well and good, but he absolutely refused to buy merchandise at the present prices.

Sale of Army Blankets.

By order of Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Company, a peremptory sale of blankets was held in the auction rooms of Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell, 470 Broome Street, yesterday morning. The lot consisted of over 15,000 blankets, both perfect and imperfect, in Oxford gray cotton warp, olive drab cotton warp, khaki all wool, and khaki wool. The proceeds of the sale amounted to about $50,000. The average price paid was from $1.75 to $2.12½ for cotton warp blankets, and from $2.50 to $3 for the woolen ones.

Some Activity in Gray Goods.

There was quite a little spurt of activity in the local gray goods market, although no large transactions were reported. Sales that came to notice in printcloths included some 38½-inch 60-48s at 8¼ cents and of 44-40s in the same width at 6¾ cents. Southern mills were reported offering 38½-inch 64-60s at 9½ cents, but this did not seem to appeal to buyers. In sheetings there were sales of 36-inch 5.50-yard goods at 9 cents. A small lot of 64-104, 4.20-yard sateens was disposed of by second hands at 15 cents. There were also reported sales of specialties like voiles, organdies and silk filling goods.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A. T. Ellis, for twenty-two years with E. B. Sudbury & Co., has resigned his position with that firm to become the New York manager of the Allied Knitting Company of London, Eng., importers and exporters of knit goods and hosiery.

Daniel N. Berent, formerly with the Exporters' Dry Goods Exchange, is now connected with the export department of the American Importing Company, 484 Broadway.

PRISCILLA COATS for MISSES

If you are looking for remarkable values in Misses' Coats, see this assortment of Spring models. Their smart, youthful styles, superior workmanship and low prices will bring you the Misses' trade of your town.

Come in and make your selection today.

H. GOLDWATER & CO.
36-46 W. 25th St., N. Y.

Just Stout Dresses!

WE MAKE

SLIMLINE STOUTS

BECAUSE WOMAN IS THE SLAVE OF FASHION

and the stout woman is no exception to the rule. Instead of cutting large sizes we design exclusively Slimline Stout Dresses for the woman of large figure and moderate means.

Slimline Stouts
Dispel All Doubts.
—They're Stylish

METROPOLIS DRESS CO., Inc.
131 West 35th St., New York.

Spray Mark

SUITS & COATS for Misses

The product of genuine designers, not merely copyists, SPRAY MARK Suits and Coats will impress you with their freshness and "difference." See them today.

SPRAYREGEN & MARKS
158 West 29th Street, N. Y.
"Garments of Quality and Distinction"

Real misses' clothes for misses—made under our own careful supervision—*not* jobbed—make Goldman Suits, Coats and Capes for Misses approved by buyers from every part of the United States.

David J. GOLDMAN Co., Inc.
Mfrs. of Smart Clothing for Young Women
1333 Broadway, New York

2500 DRESSES

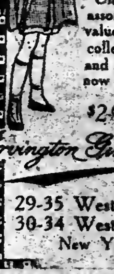
SERGES and SILKS
Values $12.50 to $16.50
SACRIFICED
Before Moving!

Last Day!

at $6.75 and $7.75
First Come, First Served.

Ruby Costume & Dress Co.,
116 West 29th St., N. Y.
Will remove by Feb'y 1 to 7-9 W. 30th

Girls' Coats



A HIGHLY specialized Juvenile Line for Infants, Intermediates, Children, and Flappers. "Nothing above 14 years."

Unequalled styles, assortments and values in our Spring collection of Dress and School Models, now ready.

$2.00 to $13.50

Irvington Girl Coat Co.

29-35 West 32d Street.
30-34 West 33d Street.
New York City

Why are these dresses famous?

Their splendid quality, fine workmanship and low prices explain.

Silks	Taffetas
Crepe de Chine	Jerseys
Crepe Meteor	Foulards
Georgettes	Serges

$7.50 to $22.50

On the Racks for Immediate Delivery.

PIONEER LADIES GARMENT CO.
6-8 West 32nd St. N. Y. C.

Alliance Dresses

For Children and Intermediates, $12.00 to $60.00 per Doz.

Alliance Dress Co.
150 W. 29th St. Phone Farragut 2777.

Exporters' Opportunity.

We have a complete line of 54-inch Staple Dress Goods for export trade.

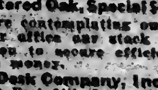
Prices 10% to 20% below mill quotations.

ADDRESS BOX ZYX
1619 St. James Bldg., N. Y. C.

Coats & Suits

Our City and "OUT OF TOWN" lines are ready. WE SELL ONLY Jobbers. Many Lines Under One Roof.

Mr. & Mrs. L. N. CRAKOW,
1210 BROADWAY, N. Y. City

Chairs  Tables

This Typewriter Desk 53" Long, Full Quartered Oak, Special $42.50

If you are contemplating outfitting your office our stock will enable you to secure efficiency and save money.

U. S. Desk Company, Inc.
119 East 34th Street.

SWEATERS

That Excel In INDIVIDUALITY PLUS - STYLE - are featured by the

GOTHAM KNITTING MILLS

VISITING BUYERS will find it greatly to their advantage to call and look our line over.

We have on hand several broken inventory lots which surely is an inducement to buy to those looking for

IMMEDIATE SPECIAL SALES AT ATTRACTIVE REDUCTIONS

30-32 WEST 21ST ST.
Chelsea 9894. NEW YORK

Millman Smocks

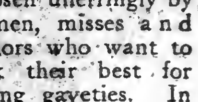
"First In The Field"

A Season of Smocks Because—

Combined with any stylish skirt, they confer the effect of the seasons popular mode—the Chemise Smock Dress—smart for all occasions.

Smocks $18.00 to $36.00 per doz.
Middies $12.00 to $18.00 per doz.

ABE MILLMAN
Successor to Bloom & Millman
20 West 33rd Street
New York City



Duchess frocks

Chosen unerringly by women, misses and juniors who want to look their best for spring gayeties. In every fabric approved by fashion.

$13.75 to $37.75

Fine Selection for Immediate Shipment.

Little Duchess Dress Co
19 West 34th St., N. Y.

EVENING PARTY

DRESSES

On Account of Moving to Our NEW QUARTERS AT 48 TO 54 WEST 25TH ST.

We are closing out our Entire Stock of Serge, Satin, Georgette, Taffeta EVENING and PARTY DRESSES. Call at our old address.

GEO. JACOBSON,
32 West 18th St.

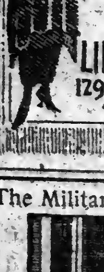
Follow the Buyers

Who Buy From Live Wires.

Suits	All Wool Poplin	$7.50 up
Serge Suits		$6.75 up
Coats	All Wool Poplin	$7.50 up
Serge Coats		$6.75 up

All Wanted Fabrics in Leading Shades.

BENJAMIN MARTIN
22-24 West 27th St.



Popular Priced STOUT DRESSES

Stock Always On Hand

LINDE & RUBIN
129-133 W. 27th ST
NEW YORK

The Military Rendezvous

Campaign Ribbon Bars

Every issue known. Immediate delivery. Single, double, triple, quadruple. Catering to wholesalers and large retailers.

EMDEL NOVELTY MFG. CO.
621 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1364 Spring.

SUITS

Better Grades—Popular Prices
NOW READY
AT OUR NEW HOME
30-34 WEST 26TH ST.
COOPER & GRAPES

Prompt Service

As manufacturers of national reputation, we know how indispensable is prompt service. Rosebud Cotton Dresses, lovely in design and finish, have the additional value of *coming on time.* $2.75 to $10.00—in more than 100 styles. Wonderful Wash Skirts at $12 to $60 a dozen.

Rosebud Cotton Dresses
Wash Skirts
ROSEBUD MFG. CO.,
Quality Merchandise at Lowest Prices
37 W. 26th St., N. Y.

DRESSES
$13.75 and $16.75
REAL SAVINGS IN
Crepe Meteors, Taffeta, Georgette, Serge, Wool Jerseys, Persian Crepe
ON OUR RACKS—READY FOR DELIVERY
Dresses that sell themselves. Only 2 prices, $13.75 & $16.75.
GINSBERG BROS.
6-8 West 32nd ST.
NEW YORK

SUITS
For Spring Now Showing
See Our Special $16.75
Also CAPES COATS DOLMANS
Royal Coat Co.
44-50 West 28th St.
FAMOUS FOR POPULAR VALUES

TIP TOP 134 W. 37 1ST ST.
WE HAVE Several Thousand DRESSES
For January Sales in Serges, Satins, Taffetas & Georgettes, at close-out prices.
OUR SPRING LINE IS READY.
Also a variety of PARTY DRESSES on our racks at special prices.

DRESSES
5,000
of Georgette. Moderate Prices. Wonderful Values for the money.
When You Need Wedding Dresses—You Need
WILLIAM FRANK
25 WEST 31st ST. NEW YORK

SEE ROSNER FIRST
Stout & Maternity Dresses
at popular prices
ROSNER DRESS HOUSE
106-108 WEST 32nd ST.
NEW YORK
SAM ROSNER
LOUIS COHEN

SUITS
Better grades—Popular Prices
NOW READY AT OUR NEW HOME
30-34 WEST 26TH ST.
COOPER & GRAPES

CHILDREN'S DRESSES
6 to 14
3,000 DOZEN
$10.50 to $13.50 per dozen
H. & L. SACKS,
99-101 Fifth Ave., New York

HOLSTEN, YOUNG AND COMPANY
LEATHER NOVELTY COATS
WATERPROOF TWEED COATS
RAIN AND AUTO COATS
54-56-58 WEST 27TH STREET

Puritan Underwear Manufacturing Co.,
332 Fourth Avenue, New York.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Stanley & MacGibbon: Miss M. Deling, jobs georgette serge dresses; 1 West 36th.

ALBANY, Ga.—The Lewison Co.; M. Lewison, women's ready-to-wear, men's clothing; Room 801, 1,133 Broadway.

ALEXANDRIA, La.—Weiss & Golding; D. Golding, ready-to-wear; 212 5th Av.

ATCHISON, Kan.—The Langeisdorf D. G. Co.; Miss Koelsch, ready-to-wear; 44 E 23d.

ATLANTA, Ga.—The Fair; S. Saul, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Queen Skirt Co.; H. Saul, skirtings; Imperial.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—C. H. Schneider & Bro.; J. Schneider, ladies' wear; 1,161 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Sedberry, dress goods; M. Oppenheimer, wash, cotton goods; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frazier, muslin underwear, handkerchiefs; 254 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—B. Fleishman & Bros.; B. Fleishman, men's, women's clothing; 1,181 B'way; Aberdeen.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss Grever, notions; 2 West 37th.

BALTIMORE—F. Lazarus & Son; H. Arst, ready-to-wear; 39 West 34th.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild-Kohn Co.; A. J. Fry, coats, suits, skirts, dresses; Miss T. Goodman, waists; Miss C. H. Fuld, children's wear; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; A. A. Peters, linens, horse blankets, robes; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Hirsch & Spiro; Mr. Spiro, coats; Mr. Hirsch, waists, skirts; 1,261 B'way; Room 914.

BALTIMORE—Kramer & Sauber; L. Kramer, cotton voiles, piece goods; 1,182 B'way.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; Mr. Fowler, mdse. mgr.; 6 W. 32d.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Shearer & Kressler; B. Shearer, coats, suits, dresses, skirts, waists; 277 5th Av.

BONHAM, Texas—R. A. Risser & Co.; R. E. Risser, clothing, men's furnishing goods; R. A. Risser, Jr., dress goods, silks, women's garments; Imperial.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Kylander, ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. A. Murphy, dresses; 470 4th Av.; Algonquin.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss H. B. Cobham, Miss Golden, Miss Fitzgerald, women's coats, suits; A. H. Shannon, silks, dress goods; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—" Butler's "; Mr. MacLeod, boys', children's, girls' wear; 1,150 B'way.

BOSTON—F. Hovey & Co.; H. P. Leighton, jewelry, leather goods; 243 Church.

BOSTON—Mardick Mfg. Co.; M. Dickman, children's dresses, coats; Latham.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss McKevitt, misses' inexpensive dresses; Mr. Hurting, women's coats; Miss Andrews, Japanese kimonos, negligees; Miss O'Rea, misses' coats; Mrs. Phillips, ladies' costumes, dresses. Basemens buyers: Mr. O'Brien, misses', women's coats, dresses; Mr. Dutch, misses', girls', juniors' coats; Miss Sweeney, millinery; Miss Callahan, ladies' underwear; Miss Golding, waists; 116 W. 32d.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Stanley & MacGibbon, Mrs. M. Downs, georgette dresses; 1 West 34th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Queen City Credit Clothing Co.; E. Frohman, ready-to-wear; 200 5th Av.; Breslin.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. S. Given; Miss Clossie, waists, dresses; 37 West 26th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—William Hengerer Co.; Miss E. Dean, waists; 2 West 37th.

BUTTE, Mon.—M. J. Connell Co.; Miss M. B. Haggarty, millinery; 23 E. 26th.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—The Killian Co.; A. A. Hemphill, dry goods, notions; J. R. Seava, manager dept.; 105 Grand.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—J. B. Ivey & Co.; G. B. Cabaniss, ready-to-wear; 6 W. 32d; Grand.

CHATTANOOGA—Miller Bros. Co.; I. C. Stevins, notions, neckwear, knit goods; 1,150 B'way.

CHICAGO—The Fair; F. Wise, linens, hdkfs., fancy goods; 238 4th Av.; Cumberland.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss E. Spangler, fancy goods; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Davis Bros.; C. J. Davis, woolens; Bristol.

CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward & Co.; O. W. Faulstick, W. L. Pearson, men's, boys' clothing; 309 6th Av.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Mr. Martin, buttons; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; Miss Pickering, optical goods, cameras; 470 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Adam H. Revell & Co.; J. L. Soeffker, upholstery goods; Broztell.

CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; G. W. Owens, gen'l mdse.; 23 E. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Root-McBride Co.; J. A. Hahn, notions, corsets, women's neckwear; 72 Leonard; Wellington.

CLEVELAND—Louis Clothes Shop; Mr. Harris, men's clothes; 1,161 B'way.

CUMBERLAND, Md.—McMullen Bros.; J. P. Barrett, women's, infants' wear; Imperial.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; J. Kaplan, furs; J. H. Tyroler, coats, suits, skirts, dresses; general merchandise; basement; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; A. Stahl, millinery; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—Morehouse Co.; B. C. Barbour, merchandise manager; Seville.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; J. J. Kelley, cloaks, suits, dresses; 220 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Halle Brothers Co.; W. F. Aspinwall, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Modern Clothes Shop; Mr. Harris, men's clothes; 1,161 B'way.

Columbus, Ga.—J. A. Kirven Co.; J. D. Kirven, gen. mdse.; J. A. Kirven, ready-to-wear; 1,170 Broadway.

COLUMBUS, Ga.—J. Saul, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; A. J. Frankenstein, stationery, perfumery; 19 E. 24th; Hargrave.

DALLAS, Texas—Berwald Bros.; H. Berwald, ready-to-wear; Broztell.

DALLAS—Sanger Brothers; J. F. Jackson, men's furnishing goods; A. J. Frankenstein, leather goods, perfumery; 19 East 24th.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—M. L. Tarker Co.; B. Z. Shank, M. Beck, ready-to-wear; Broztel.

DAYTON, Ohio—Stern Hat Co.; M. C. Stern, hats, caps; Penn.

DAYTON, Ohio—Adler & Childs; Mr. Adler, coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 37 West 26th.

DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; Miss S. Kelly, coats, suits; 220 5th Av.

DENVER, Col.—W. Weinberg, coats; 303 5th Av.; Flanders.

DENVER, Col.—The A. T. Lewis & Son Dry Goods Co.; Miss E. Kelly, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 3 West 20th.

DES MOINES—Younker Brothers; Miss M. Hickey, women's suits; 303 5th Av.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. J. Reilly, basement, waists, H. Desendorf, Miss Boyd, art goods; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT, Mich.—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss E. Boyd, art goods; J. O. Rosenthal, jobs kimonos, knit underwear; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—J. O. Newsanger, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

DRUM WRIGHT, Okla.—J. Getz, general mdse.; 39 W. 32d.

DUBUQUE, Iowa—J. F. Stampfer Co.; J. F. Stampfer, J. F. Stampfer, Jr., Mrs. Babcock, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

ELSTIS, Neb.—A. E. Cable, ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; J. R. Duncan, mdse. mgr.; A. E. Miles, silks; 6 W. 32d.

FAIRMONT, W. Va.—J. M. Hartley & Sons; Miss J. A. Montgomery, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

FOND-DU-LAC, Wis.—Hill Bros. Dry Goods Co.; J. M. Hill, silks, dress goods, cloaks, suits, furs, laces, embroideries, rugs; Breslin.

FORT WORTH, Texas—Sanger Brothers; J. Sanger, ready-to-wear; 19 East 24th.

FORT WORTH, Texas—Monnig D. G. Co.; H. Hendrick, hosiery, gloves, corsets, dress goods; W. R. Phenix, hosiery; 1,150 B'way; Bristol.

GLOBE, Ariz.—W. B. Hamilton, general mdse.; 39 W. 32d.

GREENSBURG, Penn.—I. Kahamowitz, dress goods, ready-to-wear; Penn.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; Mrs. P. Knowles, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Ladies' Bazaar; M. Schondorf, women's wear; Imperial.

HARRISBURG, Penn. — Robinson Woman's Shop; I. K. Robinson, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 15 East 26th; Herald Square.

HARTFORD, Conn.—C. Dillon & Co.; J. E. McCormick, ready-to-wear; Belmont.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Wise, Smith & Co.; J. J. Breen, laces, embroideries, ribbons, neckwear, trimmings; 105 Grand; Prince George.

HELENA, Mont.—Sands Bros.; Mr. Cohen, ready-to-wear; Holland House.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAusian & Wakelin Co., Inc.; A. McAusian, E. McAusian, hosiery, furnishing goods; Latham.

HOUSTON, Texas—The Vogue; Mr. Roche, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.

JOHNSON CITY—Weinberg Brothers; J. D. Weinberg, waists, dresses; 1,161 B'way.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Cohen Bros.; Mr. Meyers, waists; 225 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Missouri Credit Clothing Co.; B. Lieberman, ready-to-wear; Alcazar.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—George B. Peck D. G. Co.; Miss K. Finnegan, coats, suits, dresses; 220 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY.—Emery-Bird-Thayer Dry Goods Co.; W. M. Phelan, millinery; 25 Madison Av.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—M. B. Arnstein & Co.; Mrs. J. O. Hicks, millinary; 43 Leonard; Gregorian.

KOKOMO, Ind.—A. Anspoch & Co.; A. Anspoch, dresses, coats, suits; 37 W. 26th.

KOKOMO, Ind.—Kokomo D. G. Co.; I. Schnewind, women's ready-to-wear; Penn.

LANCASTER, Penn.—M. T. Garvin & Co.; M. T. Garvin, dry goods; 37 W. 26th; York.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Brother; J. U. Groff, silks, dress goods; 404 4th Av.

LAWRENCE, Kan.—A. D. Weaver Co.; A. D. Weaver, gent. mdse.; Great Northern.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—Nathan-Rogers Co.; N. Rogers, floor coverings; 447 B'way.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine, Inc.; E. H. Steckley, E. H. Steckley, Jr., ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av.

LINCOLN—Miller & Paine; G. Watkins, laces, embroideries; E. H. Steckley, Miss Gilles, ready-to-wear; 220 5th Av.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine; E. C. Miller, carpets; H. Kohn, dress goods, silks; 220 5th Av.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—L. H. Sternau, clothing; Arlington.

LOUISVILLE—Stewart Dry Goods Co.; S. A. Welrick, men's, boys' clothing, furnishing goods; 2 West 37th.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufman, Strauss Co.; G. P. Walmsley, Miss Allen, coats, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.; Imperial.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. C. Healy, dry goods; Herald Square.

LOS ANGELES—Coulter D. G. Co.; J. Champion, ready-to-wear; Mr. Baker, gen. mdse.; L. Ponnatti, notions, toilet goods; 1,170 Broadway.

LOS ANGELES—Jacoby Bros.; A. C. Schar, silks, woolens, white, wash goods; 1,150 B'way; Aberdeen.

LOS ANGELES—" Bullock's; " Mrs. Sadler, basement, millinery, notions, laces; 99 Madison Av.

LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; Miss H. Ogden, juniors' wear, corsets, sweaters; 95 Madison Av.; Park Av.

LOS ANGELES—C. T. Scarton, women's, children's ready-to-wear, millinery; 18 W. 27th.

MACOMB, Ill.—Scripps Reno Co.; E. H. Reno, gen. mdse.; McAlpin.

MACON, Ga.—McCommon Brothers; G. W. McCommon, women's, men's ready-to-wear; Room 801, 1,133 Broadway.

MARION, Ohio—H. Rawlings & Son; J. H. Rawlings, ready-to-wear, millinery; Penn.

MARION, Ohio—Powers Shop; Miss A. M. Crim, ready-to-wear, millinery; Pennsylvania.

MARINETTE, Wis.—The Style Shop; M. Mackevitch, ready-to-wear; 20th floor; 212 5th Av.

MASON CITY, Iowa—L. Killian Co.; L. Killian, domestics; 105 Grand.

MEMPHIS—W. R. Moore D. G. Co.; H. G. Vick, hosiery; 268 Church.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—The J. H. Bunce Co.; C. W. Cramer, dress goods, wash goods, silks, velvets, suits, cloaks; 404 4th Av.; Latham.

MILWAUKEE—Gerretson Co.; Miss F. Polachek, ready-to-wear; Holland House.

MILWAUKEE—The Smart Shop; Mrs. Phelps, waists; 15 E. 26th.

MILWAUKEE—Field's; Miss Arnold and Mr. Glans, coats, suits; 16 E. 26th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—L. S. Donaldson Co.; J. Erion, housefurnishing goods; 230 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Powers Mercantile Co.; S. A. Knight, men's furnishing goods; 2 West 37th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Young-Quinlan Co.; Miss S. Hanson, coats, skirts; 220 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Merpantile Co.; S. Knight, men's furnishing goods; 2 West 37th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—L. S. Donaldson Co.; J. C. Russell, boy's clothing, gent's furn. goods; underwear; 230 5th Av.; Sherman Square.

MOBILE, Ala.—Reiss Mercantile Co.; N. Reiss, mdse. mgr.; 9 W. 32d.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. Machman; M. S. Marcus, ready-to-wear; 1,140 B'way.

MONTREAL—Ogilvy's, Ltd.—F. C. Nursey, millinery; Manhattan.

NANCY, France—Tressont & Freres; Mr. Tressont, wool yarns, cotton yarns, linen thread; 115 B'way, Room 1206.

NASHVILLE—Castner, Knott D. G. Co.; Miss B. Winestroub, millinery; 23 E. 26th.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; W. H. Flack, silks, dress goods; 404 4th Av.

NEW ORLEANS—Feibelman & Co.; S. J. Keller, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear, muslin underwear; 43 Leonard.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; J. M. Mauck, domestics, whits, wash goods; 6 W. 32d.

NORFOLK, Neb.—The Killian Co.; Mr. Low, domestics; 105 Grand.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—A. Rosenthal; ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way; Great Northern.

OMAHA, Neb.—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; G. Brandeis, merchandise manager, ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Emporium; E. L. Tobias, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.

PADUCAH, Ky.—Lowenthal & Son; R. H. Lowenthal, women's garments; Herald Square.

PARKGOULD, Ark.—Berdit Bros.; Miss A. B. Witsitt, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

PAWTUCKET—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; D. F. Campbell, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.

PEORIA, Ill.—J. Szold & Son; G. Schaffer, men's clothing; 6 West 32d.

PEORIA, Ill.—Clarke & Co.; J. L. Scripps, cloaks, suits, waists; McAlpin.

PEORIA, Ill.—Clarke & Co.; J. L. Scripps, coats, suits, waists; McAlpin.

PETERSBURG, Va.—A. Rosenstock & Co.; Mrs. Farthing, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; M. Feldman, jobs silk dresses; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder; H. L. Birnbaum; ready-to-wear; 384 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Mrs. C. Arnold, infants' wear; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; A. Silverman, suits, dresses; 1,133 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Blumenthal, woolens; Latham.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss C. Sonnberg, art needlework; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; W. M. Smith, gloves, umbrellas; Broadway & 10th.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; E. Bohn, leather goods, trunks; B. F. Montague, gloves; D. S. Scott, men's furnishing goods; Broadway and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—A. Graff & Co.; A. F. Lippincott, carpets; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Perlberg & Cooper; F. S. Cooper, suitings; 1,270 B'way, Room 709.

PORT ARTHUR, Texas—Toggery Shop; A. Balestine, men's, women's clothing; Gerard.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lowengart & Co.; L. W. Buckner, hats, untrimmed; 636 Broadway.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Meier & Frank Co.; Miss B. Wagonblast, millinery; 212 5th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. Samuels & Bro.; M. Isaacs, coats, suits, waists; 116 West 32d.

PUEBLO, Col.—Crews, Beggs D. G. Co.; E. Cooper, boys' clothing, men's furn. goods; 220 5th Av.

PUEBLO, Col.—The Crews-Beggs D. G. Co.; C. R. Woessner, dress goods, silks, velvets, ladies' gloves; Miss M. Morrissey, millinery; 220 5th Av.

RENO, Nev.—Morris & Levy; H. Levy, ready-to-wear; 22 West 21st.

ROANOKE, Va.—J. Spirgel, ready-to-wear; 1,161 B'way.

ROANOKE, Va.—New York Bazaar; L. M. Kohen, general mdse.; Grand.

ROANOKE, Va.—G. MacBain Co.; C. M. Koontz, notions, fancy goods, hosiery, underwear; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Stein, Bloch Co.; C. T. Stott, woolens; 200 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; H. C. Baer, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; R. G. Powers, books; J. P. Farrell, groceries; 432 4th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—H. B. Graves Home Furnishing House; C. H. Zidelman, house furn. goods; McAlpin.

ROME, Ga.—Fahy Co.; Mr. Fahy, ready-to-wear; Collingwood.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Kaufmann Dry Goods Co.; Mr. Kaufmann, general merchandise; 39 West 22d.

SANDUSKY, Ohio—Kugel Bros.; B. Kugel, women's hosiery, underwear, gloves; 6 W. 32d.

SAN FRANCISCO—L. Dinkelspiel Co.; H. W. Brant, white goods, laces, hdkfs, notions; 377 B'way.

SAN JOSE, Cal.—M. Blum & Co.; M. Blum, ready-to-wear, millinery; 116 W. 32d; Broztell.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—H. Raskin, coats, suits, dresses; 303 5th Av.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros. Co.; Miss K. Ryan, waists, petticoats; 1,261 B'way.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—G. Wyman Co.; F. W. Fritzer, carpets, rugs; 141 Madison Av.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Striger Co.; Miss J. Rooney, representing; 404 4th Av.; Wallick.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger Co.; Miss J. Rooney, books, stationery; Wallick.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Hirshorn Millinery Co.; A. S. Hirshorn, millinery; Cumberland.

ST. LOUIS—Style Fit Skirt Co.; M. Shats, skirts; Navarre.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss M. Geisel, millinery; 470 4th Av.; Holland House.

ST. LOUIS—Eisenman Bros. Mfg. Co.; H. F. Eisenman, infants', children's, dresses; 2 West 33d.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; T. D. Page, basement, capes, coats; 37 West 26th.

ST. LOUIS—Schoper Stores Co.; E. Schoper, ladies' dresses; 1,170 Broadway, Room 610.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs, Vandervoort, Barney D. G. Co.; J. L. Adrien, men's, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Mercantile Co.; H. A. Andree, coats, suits; 6 W. 32d.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Macy Co.; Miss Driscoll, corsets, underwear; 1,133 Broadway.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Glenmaker & Co.; S. P. Glenmaker, furs; Wellington.

TROY, Ala.—H. Sacks, ready-to-wear; 1,199 Broadway.

TROY, N. Y.—H. H. Butler, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.

TULSA, Okla.—Brockman Millinery Co.; Mrs. Brockman, millinery; Waldorf.

UTICA, N. Y.—F. W. Sessions Millinery Co.; J. V. Clement, millinary; 220 5th Av.; Somerset.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; D. Ross, dress goods, linings; 432 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; C. H. Frank, laces, neckwear, gloves; Herald Square.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss D. Collins, women's neckwear; Miss L. McGill, laces; 324 4th Av.

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—Bushnell & Co.; C. S. Carter, china; Imperial.

WICHITA, Kan.—John, Hinkel D. G. Co.; T. J. King, domestics, silks, dress goods; 6 W. 32d.

WILMINGTON, Del.—P. & L. Clothes Shop; W. F. Davis, J. H. Shuster, clothing; Breslin.

WYANDOTTE, Mich.—A. Loeffler & Co.; A. Loeffler; carpets, rugs; 253 5th Av.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard-Sumner-Putnam Co.; W. F. Daly, furniture, upholstery goods; 404 4th Av.; Latham.

XENIA, Ohio—Jobe Bros.; Mr. Jobe, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—The Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; R. J. Beacon, cloaks, suits, knit underwear; Miss A. Shannon, infants' wear; 141 Madison Av.; Park Avenue.

YOAKUM, Texas—E. Hess, ready-to-wear, millinery; 51 Claremont Av.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio—Black & Grant Co.; W. V. H. Black, domestics; 377 Broadway.

TALK OF THE TOWN
This
American Woolen
POPLIN
Coat $7.90
Other numbers equally as good, $6.75 to $28.00. SEE THEM TODAY.

MEADOW & LYONS
VALUES OUR ONLY SALESMAN
STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND COATS IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES
127-29-31-33 West 26th St., N. Y. C.

LOGIC
IN the final analysis *sales* are the aim of every progressive retailer.
¶ KARP-MAKE garments for Spring are so charmingly styled, so irresistibly beautiful they seem to take and sell on sight. *And they'll sell equally well with you.*
¶ To the alert buyer who scours the market for models that will sell; to the hard-to-suit buyer who wants to conserve time and energy and profits:
Make us show you!
KARP BROTHERS
Makers of Better Grade Women's and Misses'
Suits, Coats and Dresses
45-47 West 27th St., N. Y.
N. B.—Exceptional values at 17.50 to 65.00. Quick delivery.

ROSENTHAL BROTHERS COMPANY
44-50 WEST 28th ST.
NEW YORK
WAISTS of COTTON
We have specialized in this line for years. That means RELIABILITY, as well as
Correct styles
Good materials
Careful finish
Moderate prices.
See our line of Stout sizes also. Famous for fit and finish.

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FULL FORM SUITS & COATS for stout Women
With a full stock of F. F. Models you will be fully equipped to please 100% of the full-formed women who come into your department. F. F. Models are designed to fit the majority of full figures with extraordinary ease and to impart grace and slenderness as well.
BERNSTEIN, BAUM DA COSTA CO.,
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13th Floor.
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Confess!
Well, as every manufacturer who uses
Sateens
knows that we produce best qualities, all wanted colors and most extraordinary values, we may as well own up—
WE DO!
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Coats · Suits · Capes
for the LADY — *for the* MISS
MODERATE PRICES
INSTANT DELIVERY
SAMUEL N. BRIMBERG
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We're continually talking values in our ads. Already many buyers have come to our showrooms and found that our statements are based on facts, not exaggerations—our Coats and Suits speak for themselves
HERMAN CLOAK CO.
The Big Popular Priced Coat & Suit House
GIRLS to LADIES

YOU ARE THE RATE-MAKER
A fire insurance risk is a condition, not a theory. You make your own rates,—high if the hazard is great,—low if you minimize the hazard. May I help you reduce it and thus lower the premium?
REUBEN SAMUELS (INC)
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Progressive Stores Everywhere Are Featuring
DERBY STOUTS
—scientifically designed to fit stout figures. An assortment combined with Derby regulars will prove immensely profitable.
Immediate Deliveries. 40 W. 32nd St., New York

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SAVES YOU 20%
The name, the styles, and the quality of MONARCH DRESSES are aristocratic; but in their prices they are true democrats—which has made and kept them popular favorites. Don't take our word for it. Come in and SEE them.
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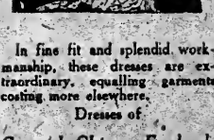
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Crepe de Chine, Foulard, Georgette, Jersey, Taffeta, Serge
on the racks
$8.75 to $24.50
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Dresses 6.75 to 16.50
Unbeatable Values—
See Them Today.
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FALL LINE INFANTS' CLOAKS NOW READY for Jobbers, Catalogue and Export Trade
My economical manufacturing facilities enable me to produce at cost of the ordinary low price line of these garments
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The NEW HOME of BIJOU-SYLVIA-HALPERN-ESSKAY-MIBELLE WAISTS
BIJOU DRESSES
303 Fifth Avenue
Corner 31st Street, New York
Waists and dresses of every description—at all prices—in all fabrics—in variety so comprehensive and complete that every possible requirement of the modern waist and dress department can be met with a minimum effort and a maximum of satisfaction.

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M. Ascher Silk Corporation
102 Madison Ave
New York
We are showing the silks that are most favored.
Our prices will appeal to you as strongly as will our high quality fabrics.

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Lack Smocks
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Every year Lack Smocks are worn for a wider variety of purposes, and consequently bought in larger quantities. Progressive stores are cashing in with special Lack Smock sales. Ask how we co-operate.
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Looks and feels like silk—but at quite a different price—particularly adapted for Sport Garments.
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American house controlling European concern in the heart of Europe with enormous selling facilities, is open to take lines of all sorts of commodities, viz., Cotton Goods, Dress Goods, Hosiery, Underwear, Shoes and kindred articles for men, women and children. Cash. New York. B 157 Times.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg
Serge, Satins and Novelty Dresses
$6.75 to $16.75.
128-138 WEST 37TH ST.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

An important deal has been practically closed in the Marine Square section of the downtown business zone in the sale of the eleven-story Seligman building, occupying the block front on the south side of William Street, between South William and Stone Streets. The structure is owned by the bonding and brokerage firm of J. & W. Seligman, who erected it about ten years ago. The buyers are Wilcox, Peck & Hughes, marine underwriters, who occupy space in the building.

The Seligman building covers a plot fronting 93 feet on William Street, 71.11 feet on South William, and 54 feet on Stone Street. It is opposite the Cotton Exchange and the Merchant Marine House, formerly Delmonico's, the neighboring square having become known as Marine Square. The Seligman firm will lease for its own quarters the space at 54 Wall Street, occupied by the Central Trust Company.

Operator Buys Heights Block Front Held at $350,000.

Another block front deal on Washington Heights was closed yesterday by Max N. Nathanson, operator, who purchased from the Long Light Corporation the two new apartment buildings at the southwest corner of 172d Street and Fort Washington Avenue, and the southeast corner of 172d Street, and Haven Avenue, known as the Regnis Apartments.

They are five-story new-law walkup houses, arranged in suites of two, three, and four rooms, which show a yearly gross rental of $39,000.

The Fort Washington Avenue corner house covers a plot about 45 by 126, and that on Haven Avenue about 80 by 169. William S. Baker negotiated the sale on a basis of $350,000.

Private Dwelling Sales.

The Guaranty Trust Company, represented by William A. White & Sons, sold to a client of Pease & Elliman, 16 East Ninety-third Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 80. It was a cash deal, purchased for occupancy.

Willard Veit sold for the estate of Dr. Henry Savage the dwelling, 151 West 119th Street, on a lot 20 by 100, to a builder, who will remodel for bachelor apartments.

Tenement Deals.

Ennis & Sinnott, operators, purchased from Burton Tomkins, 595 West 178th Street, a five-story new-law tenement, on a lot 25 by 100, held at $32,000. Nehring Brothers negotiated the sale.

J. E. Mitchell sold to a client of Byrne & Bowman, 533 West 145th Street, a five-story tenement, on a plot 33.4 by 100. In part payment the buyer gave a plot 50 by 100, on McLean Avenue, Yonkers.

Deal Pending on Maiden Lane.

Negotiations have been pending, it was ascertained, for the purchase of the twelve-story building known as Jewelers' Court, at 51 and 53 Maiden Lane. It is owned by the 51-53 Maiden Lane Company, of which Samuel P. Tull is President. The structure has a frontage of 39.2 feet on Maiden Lane.

The Bronx Market.

Ralph B. Neuroth sold to Frederick Brown, operator, 2,240 to 2,244 Valentine Avenue, two five-story apartments on a plot 102 by 100, held at $123,000. Byrne & Bowman were the brokers.

Alexander Selkin and David Mintz sold to an investor the two-story and basement dwelling 1,436 Minford Place, on a lot 25 by 100.

The Central Savings Bank sold to a client of Kurtz & Uren 1,774 and 1,776 Washington Avenue, two five-story apartments, each on a lot 26.2 by 109.

John F. Fetzer sold for the Tully Construction Company to George Zelliox the five-story flat, 38 by 100, at 1,113 Finlay Avenue.

Anna Glass sold to Seekamp & Cordes two five-story flats, 80 by 100, at 818 to 822 East 167th Street, and resold 818 to Anna Heinz. John F. Fetzer was the broker. He also sold the four-family house at 2,016 Stanhope Street, 25 by 100, for George Zelliox to Rose Hanlon.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Theodore M. Le Bean Realty and Construction Company has purchased from P. Hoffman a plot 40 by 143 on the east side of Lefferts Avenue north of Metropolitan Avenue, Richmond Hill.

The Jamaica Manor Corporation purchased from H. Scher a parcel of five lots in Block 3 of the South Jamaica Manor development.

R. Godley sold to M. Mayr a plot 37 by 110 on the south side of Myrtle Avenue west of Linden Avenue, Flushing.

Big Sale at Ridgewood, N. J.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman sold for the estate of James W. Pearsall to Chester D. Ireland a plot 300 feet square bounded by Ridgewood Avenue, Irving Street, Park Place, and Addison Place, in the residential section of Ridgewood, N. J.

Home Builders Buy 342 New Jersey Lots.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold to the Stirling Home Builders a plot of forty-two lots on Victor Avenue and De Russy's Lane, New Brunswick, N. J., for development. The Stirling Builders also purchased from the New York State Banking Department a tract of about 500 lots at Manor Park, Westfield, N. J. The new owners plan to start work immediately on developing the property for homes. It is one of the largest properties in New Jersey sold this year for development purposes.

Times Square Lease.

In the Times Square section the five-story building at 143 West Forty-sixth Street has been leased for two years by the Crystal Fur Company from Mrs. Lillian G. Kew, owner of the property. The lease was closed by B. Edward Crosby and John O'Connor.

Commercial Leases.

Goodwin & Goodwin leased for the Madeline Realty Company to Abraham Levenson the one-story garage, 100 feet east of Lenox Avenue, on the north side of 144th Street, 125 by 100, for a term of ten years at an aggregate rental of $100,000.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased the four entire lofts at 288 Broadway, 28 by 175, to the France and New York Medicine Company and José de Jesus, at an aggregate rental of about $50,000. Extensive improvements are being made to the premises by Bernard F. Golden, contractor. Nathan Permut, attorney, represented the tenants.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., leased for Mabel Loria and Beatrice M. Ertz for a term of years the one-story building at 314 to 318 East Twenty-eighth Street to the Commercial Repair Company, Inc., which will use the building for a service station for automobile trucks.

William H. Whiting & Co. have leased the store and basement at 310 to 314 Hudson Street to the Firth Sterling Steel Company of McKeesport, Penn., for a term of years at a total rental in excess of $50,000; also the store and basement at 68 Beekman Street to the New Continent Commercial Company, and the store at 157 and 159 William Street, corner of Ann Street, to Warren A. Fowler.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 1,761 Broadway to the Eastern Car Distributors.

Kinnan Leases Home to Operator.

Louis Pincus is the lessee of the home of A. P. W. Kinnan, President of the Union Dime Savings Bank, at 439 West End Avenue, northwest corner of Eighty-first Street, a five-story dwelling, which will be altered into small apartments. The lease is for a long term of years. Lester H. Goodkind of Frederick Zittel & Sons closed the lease.

Realty Notes.

The Real Estate Exchange of Long Island will hold its regular monthly meeting and luncheon at the Café Boulevard at noon tomorrow.

The West Side Savings Bank has made a loan of $80,000 at 5½ per cent. to the Nason Realty Company on its property at 1,371 Shakespeare Avenue, the Bronx, for five years.

Alfred M. Anderson is the buyer of the six-story apartment house 9 and 11 West Ninety-seventh Street, sold Monday through Goodwin & Goodwin.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

7th Av, 2,458-60, n w corner 143d St, (No. 201,) 99.11x125, seven-story apartment and stores; Alfred Benjamin against J. E. Gerlach et al.; J. H. Muller, attorney; due, $11,386; taxes, &c., $3,542.55; prior mortgage, $135,000; to the plaintiff for $155,000. West 204th St, s w corner Seaman Av, 100x200, vacant; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. against J. P. Kirwan et al.; Butcher, T. & F., attorneys; due, $21,924.63; taxes, &c., $2,716.30; adjourned to Feb. 11.

By Henry Brady.

Cherry St, 460, n s, 237.5 ft e of Jackson St, 37x97.9, six-story tenement; Timothy Davenport et al., trustees, against Griffon Realty Co., Inc., et al.; Ira H. Brainerd, attorney; due, $41,710.24; taxes, &c., $820; to the plaintiff for $1,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

39th St, 60 West, n s, 147 ft e of 6th Av, 21x98.9, four-story loft and store building; F. B. Altman against Altman Estate, Inc.; Samuel Schulnick, attorney; due, $12,187.48; taxes, &c., $774; subject to mortgage of $44,750; to the plaintiff for $55,000.

48th St, 347 West, n s, 125 ft e of 9th Av, 15x100.5, five-story tenement; C. E. Euler et al. against Dora Harris et al.; Ralph Underhill, attorney; due, $16,289.12; taxes, &c., $523.35; to the plaintiff for $9,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

West St, 517, for a two-story warehouse, 109.7x131; Albert C. Merkle, Inc., 233 Broadway, owner; A. Lucius, 38 Park Row, architect; cost, $40,000.

99th St, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, for a one-story garage, 185x100.11; M. A. Schuman, 36 East 12th St., owner; P. G. Harich, 53 West 119th St., architect; cost, $25,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Greene St, 262, to a four-story loft; Trustees of Sailors' Snug Harbor, 61 Broadway, owner; H. E. Picken, 22 East 172d St., architect; cost, $20,000.

Broadway, 64 to 70, and New St, 13 and 19, to a 17-story office building; Manhattan Life Ins. Co., premises, owner; John B. Snook Sons, 261 Broadway, architects; cost, $8,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JAN. 28.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 260, w s, 65.6 ft s of Leroy St, 24.6x75; Alfred Chirney to Bank of Huntington, L. I., and another, confirmation deed, mtg $10,000, Jan. 24; attorneys, Baylis & Sanborn, 141 Broadway....$1

BROOME ST, 200, n s, 50 ft w of Suffolk St, 25x68; Abraham Herman to Rachel Nicoll, 52 Tompkins Av, Brooklyn, mtg $22,750, all liens, Sept. 27; attorney, John L. Bernstein, 5 Beekman St....$100

CHURCH ST, 218, 25x100; Augustus D. Juilliard to Claflins, Inc., 244 Church St, mtg $25,000, all liens, Nov. 4; attorneys, Patterson, E., G. & Day, 120 Broadway.$100

COLUMBUS AV, n w corner of 77th St, 100.6x30; Maria A. D. H. Diaz to Diedrich W. Rohde, 2,067 7th Av, mtg $80,000, all liens, Jan. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

DUANE ST, 172-174, s s, 100.2 ft w of Hudson St, runs s 127.4x w 25x n 12.8x w 25x n 114.10 to street x e 50 to beginning; Frank L. Holt to William O. Saxton, San Remo Hotel, 74th St and Central Park West, mtg $60,000, all liens, Jan. 17; attorney, F. A. Holt, 165 Broadway....$1

FORT WASHINGTON AV, 56 to 64, n e corner of 161st St, 102.2x180.4x99.11x108.10; Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Co. to Benjamin B. Chace, Argyle St, Rochester, N. Y., mtg $193,000, Jan. 20; attorneys, Peck & Whitbeck, Rochester, N. Y....$1

MADISON AV, 239, e s, 73.9 ft n of 37th St, 25x100; Mary L. Schoonmaker to Samuel Riker, Jr., Middletown, N. J.; mtg $45,000; attorney, S. Riker, Jr., 19 Cedar St...$100

PLEASANT AV, 357, w s, 34.3 ft s of 119th St, 16.8x75; Giovanni Arestia et al. to Giuseppe De Stefano, 359 Pleasant Av, mtg $4,950, all liens, Jan. 27; attorney, Ralph Russo, 311 Pleasant Av....$100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 448-50, e s, 149.11 ft s of 135d St, runs e 117x n 50x w — to av x s — to beginning; Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Co. to Benj. B. Chace, 7 Argyle St, Rochester, N. Y., mtg $53,000; attorneys, Peck & Whitbeck, 17-13 Elwood Bldg., Rochester, N. Y....$1

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 57, w s, 24.11 ft s of 153d St, 17x77.1; Martin and Mary D. Ungrich to Martin Ungrich, Inc., on the premises, mtg $6,500, June 18, 1918; attorneys, Strauss, R. & B., 141 Broadway....$1

VERMILYEA AV, e s, 100 ft w of Academy St, 100x159; Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Co. to Benj. B. Chace, 7 Argyle St, Rochester, N. Y., mtg $97,800, all liens; attorneys, Peck & Whitbeck, Rochester, N. Y.$1

2D ST, 13 East, s s, 20x57.10x20.5x53.8, w s; 2d Av, 15 East, s s, 20x61.11x20.5x57.10, w s; 2d St, 17 East, s s, 20x66.1x20.5x61.11, w s; 2d St, 19 East, s s, 20x70.2x20.5x66.1, w s; 2d St, 298 East, n s, 25x46; 2d St, 310 and 312 East, n s, 31 ft w of Avenue D, 40x46.10; Avenue D, n w corner of 2d St, 46.10x31; 113th St, 6 East, s s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Augustus L. Wynkoop and another, executors, to Sarah B. Reynolds, 83 Albany Av, Kingston, N. Y., 1-28 part, except their own individual undivided interests, Aug. 14, 1918; attorney, Albert E. Kelly, 41 Union Square....$5,000

5TH AV, e s, 65 ft s of 44th St, 31.10x105; Esther Reinheimer to 523 5th Avenue Realty Corporation, 128 Broadway, mtg $320,000, Jan. 28; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway....$100

7TH AV, e s, 79.11 ft n of 141st St, 40x100; Estelle Heyman to Otto Abraham, Lafayette Place, Woodmere, Borough of Queens, all liens, Jan. 25; attorney, Lewis S. Marx, 42 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Otto Abraham to Gerson and Estelle Heyman, Lafayette Place, Woodmere, Borough of Queens, Jan. 27; attorney, same....$100

12TH ST, 633 East, n s, 418 ft e of Avenue B, 25x103.3; Anna M. Warren and another, executors, &c., to Julius Maier, 2,880 Broadway, Jan. 24, all liens; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$5,700

14TH ST, s s, 575 ft w of 7th Av, 25x181.8; Augustus C. Bechstein to William S. Hess, 76 Maplewood Av, Maplewood, N. J.; attorney, E. V. Thornall, 50 Church St..$100

45TH ST, n s, 288.4 ft w of 6th Av, 19.2x82, deed of trust; John Blockhaus to Robert H. and Mary G. Davis, 2,370 Broadway, as trustees for their son, Robert H. Davis, Jr., h. and s., all liens, Dec. 24; attorneys, Deiches & Goldwater, 271 Broadway....$1

57TH ST, 503 West, n s, 75 ft w of 10th Av, 25x50.5; Julia and Harry Bachrach, executors, to Marguerita A. Lockwood, (Grumbrecht,) 924 West End Av, conveyed to prevent foreclosure, mtg $10,500, all liens; attorneys, Middlebrook & B., 46 Cedar St...$1

64TH ST, 121 East, n s, 200 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x100.5; Frederick J. Sterner to Elsie S. Munds, 470 Park Av, all liens, Jan. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

77TH ST, 349 East, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 25x104.4; Lydia B. Maier and another to Amelia Dreyfoos, 60 West 76th St, mtg $8,000, all liens, Jan. 24; attorney, William R. Adams, 50 Broad St....$100

80TH ST, s s, 308 ft e of Avenue A, 50x102.2; 120th St, 76 West, s s, 145 ft e of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Fannie Baff to William Baff, 76 West 120th St, ½ part, b. and s., all liens, June 8, 1918; attorney, H. A. Gordon, 42 Broadway....$1

101ST ST, 318-20 East, s s, 277.11 ft w of 1st Av, 38.10x100.11; Estelle Heyman to Otto Abraham, at Lafayette Place, Woodmere, Borough of Queens, Jan. 25; attorney, Lewis S. Marx, 42 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Otto Abraham to Gerson and Estelle Heyman, Lafayette Place, Woodmere, Borough of Queens, all liens, Jan. 27; attorney, same....$100

108TH ST, s s, 160.6 ft e of 3d Av, 23.5x53.6x irregular; Ike Buss to Samuel Levy, 1,023 DeKalb Av, Brooklyn, q. c., Jan. 27; attorney, Julius H. Rosansky, 41 Park Row....$1

109TH ST, 237 East, s s, 180 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.10, foreclosure Jan. 14, 1919; Ely Rosenberg, referee, to Cyrus Hitchcock, East Orange, N. J., Jan. 27; attorney, Frank D. Arthur, Cotton Exchange Building, New York City....$4,000

127TH ST, 221 West, n s, 180.6 ft w of 7th Av, 15x99.11; James M. Betts to John Meehan, 217 West 127th St, mtg $3,500, all liens, b. and s., c. a. g., Jan. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

128TH ST, 234 East, s s, 223.7 ft w of 2d Av, 18.9x99.11; Placide L. Franchebond to Hudwill Corporation, 7 West 45th St, all liens, Jan. 27....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Hudwill Corporation to Benedetto Scovoth, 416 East 123d St, mtg $2,700, all liens, Jan. 27; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$1

128TH ST, 234 East, s s, 223.7 ft w of 2d Av, 18.9x99.11; Central Savings Bank to P. L. Franchebond, 220 East 42d St, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Jan. 21; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$4,000

131ST ST, 105 West, n s, 93.9 ft w of Lenox Av, 18.9x99.11; Martin and Mary D. Ungrich to Martin Ungrich, Inc., 57 St. Nicholas Place, mtg $4,500, June 18, 1918; attorneys, Strauss, R. & B., 141 Broadway..$1

145TH ST, s s, 116 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 15.6x99.11; Arthur C. Friedrichs to Ernst H. Friedrichs, 2,556 Linden St, Brooklyn, quitclaim, Jan. 25; attorneys, Timme & K., 149 Broadway....$1

172D ST, s s, 84.4 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 40.8x95; Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Co. to Benj. B. Chace, 7 Argyle St, Rochester, N. Y., mtg $34,500, Oct. 31; attorneys, Peck & Whitbeck, Rochester, N. Y....$1

178TH ST, 587-9 West, n s, 166.8 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 41.8x100; Fifth Avenue Bond and Mortgage Co. to Benj. B. Chace, Rochester, N. Y., mtg $89,000, Oct. 31, 1918; attorneys, Peck & Whitbeck, Rochester, N. Y.$1

Bronx.

ALDUS ST, 982, s s, 42x109; Abr. Wolf to Rebecca Horowitz, 775 Jennings St., mtg. $30,000, Jan. 20; attorney, L. A. Sahle, 51 Chambers St....$100

ANTHONY AV, 2,112, e s, 25x84.8; Mina Sonnenthal to Charlotte P. Sonnenthal, 2,112 Anthony Av., Dec. 17, 1918; attorney, Sohmer & S., 31 Liberty St....$100

CLASON POINT ROAD, n e s, at n s of Noble Av, runs n w 266.2 ft to centre old Clason Point Road by n w 101.8x n e 152x e 1.4x e 359.11x w 10; William P. Corbett to Frederick C. Jennings, 143 East 7th St., Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 23, 1918; attorney, C. J. Hand, 50 Broad St....$1

EDWARDS AV, w s, 265.4 ft s of Balcom Av, 106.1x79.10x100x44.3; George M. Miller to Maria J. Teller, 59 East Av, Middletown, N. Y., mtg $8,500, Jan. 11; attorney, M. J. Teller, 59 East Av. Middletown, N. Y....$1

FOX ST, e s, at w s Simpson St, runs n 135x e 84.1x e 17.4x e 157; Louis Slutnik to Samuel Katz, 124 West 114th St., mtg. $71,000, Jan. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

MARION ST, w s, 317.3 ft n of Becker Av, 50x100; Thomas L. Green to Joseph Frank, 701 West 177th St, July 9; attorney, P. M. Simon, 207 North 7th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y....$100

214TH ST, n s, being Lot 731, map of Laconia Park; Adelina Oliva to Anthony Mirabella and another, 501 East 73d St, Nov. 22, 1918; attorney, Anthony Mirabella, 1,028 4th Av, Astoria, L. I....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

12TH ST, 633 East, n s, 418 ft e of Avenue B, 25x103.3, P. M., Jan. 27; Julius Maier to Anna M. Warren, 30 East 60th St, and another, executors, &c., of Jacob A. Geissenhaimer, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$3,400

14TH ST, s s, 575 ft w of 7th Av, 25x181.8, Jan. 8; William S. Hess to Augustus C. Bechstein, Davenport Neck, New Rochelle, N. Y., due Jan. 27, 1924; attorney, Edw. V. Thornall, 50 Church St....$2,000

74TH ST, 137 West, n s, 446 ft w of Columbus Av, 22x102.2, Jan. 27; Realty Conversion Corporation to Central Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway, guardian of estates of William B. and E. Chapin, due Feb. 1, 1922, 5½ p. c.; attorney, William B. Hill, 120 Broadway....$26,000

18TH ST, n s, 378.4 ft w of 8th Av, 23.4x92; 28th St, s s, 506.3 ft e of 9th Av, 18.9x98.9; 63d St, n s, 275 ft w of Central Park Av, 25x100.5, all title, Jan. 24; Ambrose W. Becker to Marion J. Sparks, 289 New York Av, Brooklyn, installments, 6 p. c....$1,600

64TH ST, 121 East, n s, 200 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x100.5, P. M., Jan. 28; Elsie S. Munds to Fred J. Sterner, 43 East 50th St, 1 year; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$25,000

128TH ST, 234 East, s s, 223.9 ft w of 2d Av, 18.9x99.11, P. M., Jan. 21; Placide L. Franchebond to Central Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, due Jan. 27, 1922; attorney, M. Auerbach, 25 Broad St....$2,700

COLUMBUS AV, n w corner of 77th St, 100.6x30, P. M., Jan. 28; Diedrich M. Rohde to Maria A. D. H. Diaz, 121 Elliott Av, Yonkers, N. Y., due Feb. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; prior mtg $60,000; attorney, A. Zimmermann, 206 Broadway....$4,500

Bronx.

EDWARDS AV, w s, 265.4 ft s of Balcom Av, 106.1x79.10x100x44.3; Maria J. Teller to Geo. M. Miller, 59 East Av, Middletown, N. Y., Jan. 11, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Geo. M. Miller, 59 East Av, Middletown, N. Y....$1,525

ALDUS ST, 982, s s, 42x109; Rebecca Horowitz to Abr. Wolff, 303 East 55th St, prior mtg $30,000, Jan. 27, due Feb. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. L. Wolff, 36 East 28th St....$2,500

169TH ST, 810 East, s s, 18.10x99.6; Edward Lieberts to Henry Vogel, 1,306 Boston Road, Jan. 27, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,000

LOTS 14 and 27, map Samler Estate; Paul S. Hayes to Ellen L. Donahue, Forestville, Conn., July 6, due July 1, 1923, 6 p. c.; attorney, Ellen L. Donahue, Forestville, Conn....$700

241ST ST, n w corner of Matilda Av, 50x100; Carolina Herrmann to Louis Feinberg, 2,391 Broadway, Jan. 27, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. Z. Wechsler, 132 Nassau St..$1,500

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

AVENUE D, 41-43, mtg $10,000; Morris Klinkowstein to Sol Silberblatt, 120 West 119th St; attorney, Max Silverstein, 309 Broadway....$1

PARK AV, 1,083-87; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$38,000

PEARL ST, 378-77, mtg $45,000; Anna L. Geswein to Babette L. Veninb, 35 West 83d St....$1

WATER ST, 101; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to John W. Sterling; attorney, George H. Church, 55 Wall St....$12,000

7TH AV, n w corner of Christopher St; N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co. to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; address 125 Broadway....$20,000

27TH ST, 323 East, mtg $10,000; Hortense S. Plant to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

57TH ST, 220 West; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St....$200,000

107TH ST, 4 East; David A. and Louis A. Anshacher, executors, to Leopold Grossman, 72 West 113th St; attorney, Leon Laski, 160 Broadway....$20,000

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, s e corner of Fairmount Place, 40x90; Baron de Hirsch Fund to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St....$29,000

CROTONA AV, e s, 96 ft n of Oakland Place, 24x100; James V. Gauly, exr., to John Muller, 1,966 3d Av; attorney, John Kadel, 370 East 149th St....$2,700

JEROME AV, w s, 238 ft n of 192d St, 80x160.5 x 89.3x121.9; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Edward M. Miller, 536 East 10th St; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway....$6,000

LOT 56, block Y, map U. S. Real Estate and Trust Co. et al.; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Emilio Desverhine, 904 Ogden Av, exr.; attorney, Bauerdorf & T., 111 Broadway....$100

LOTS 52 and 53, map Broadway-city line property and other lots on said map; Edwin Wolf, 1,517 North 16th St, Philadelphia, to Steinway Park Realty Co., 200 Broadway, assignment 30 mtgs, aggregating $33,900; attorney, Steinway Park Realty Co., 200 Broadway....$100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

NASSAU ST, 100, store and basement; John M. Raymond to Frank Nellen and Lui Krieger, on premises, extension of lease, 5 years from May 1, 1923; attorneys, Hyams & H., 82 Broadway....$5,000

125TH ST, 127 West, store and basement; Reid Ice Cream Co. to Manhattan Electrical Supply Co., 17 Park Place, 8 years from May 1, 1919....$4,000

LEXINGTON AV, 1,789, s e corner of 111th St, store and basement; Julius Solomon to Isse Goldberg, 451 Claremont Parkway, Bronx, 3 years and 3 months from Feb. 1, 1919, 3 years' renewal at $900; attorney, H. Spiro, 690 Broadway, Brooklyn....$720

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

94TH ST, 231 and 233 East, two actions; Charles Moran against Meyer Goldberg et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorney, T. T. Wells.

112TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Jennie M. Sewall et al., trustees, against Emma Koch et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. A. Alcock.

155TH ST, e s, 361.5 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 60.6x102; City Real Estate Co. against George Herbener et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

BAXTER ST, 6; East River Savings Institution against Louisa Raffatto et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. R. Vollmer.

8TH ST, 411 to 431 East; Friedman Contracting Co., Inc., et al., against Eighth St. Garage, Inc., et al., action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorney, P. D. Shapiro.

EDGECOMBE AV, n w corner 139th St, 99.11x121.5; Glenbrook Co., Inc., against Treblig Realty and Construction Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs.

62D ST, n s, 270 ft w of 1st Av, 17x100.5; City Real Estate Co. against Bozzuffi Realty Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorney, H. Swain.

63D ST, 405 East; John R. Coleman, guardian, against Tilmill Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. X. Brosnan.

Bronx.

137TH ST, s s, 325 ft w of Alexander Av, 50x100; Rosie D. Otto against Charles Lave et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Levy, Gutman & Goldberg.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

8TH ST, 411 to 417 East; Friedman Contracting Co., Inc., against Sarah E. McPherson et al., owners; Hyman Davidowitz et al., contractors....$12,171

10TH ST, 144 East; John Kelly Plumbing and Construction Co. against James H. Brice, owner and contractor....$416

SAME PROPERTY; Larkin Lumber Co. against Lucius H. Beers et al., owners; Hydro Bar Waterproofing Co., contractor....$341

Bronx.

137TH ST, 639 East; Hervey Thompson against Lillian B. Taylor and Howard Realty and Development Co., owners and lessors; Jacob Kaplan, contractor....$14

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

28TH ST, 136 West; Tepperberg & Glasser, Inc., against Julab Realty Co., et al.; July 12, 1918....$22

12TH ST, 238 West; Morris Citrin against Ernest W. Cardozo et al.; Nov. 30, 1918....$200

29TH ST, 236 East; Sims Construction Co., Inc., against Frank Corranti et al.; July 20, 1918....$1,400

SAME PROPERTY; Morris Mulnik against same; July 17, 1918....$263

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SPEAR & CO.
840 BROADWAY
AT 13TH ST.
TEL. 527 STUYVESANT

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The property is open to inspection and may be seen by applying at the premises. Any offer made must have the approval of the Ordnance Department before acceptance.

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Clyde Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.
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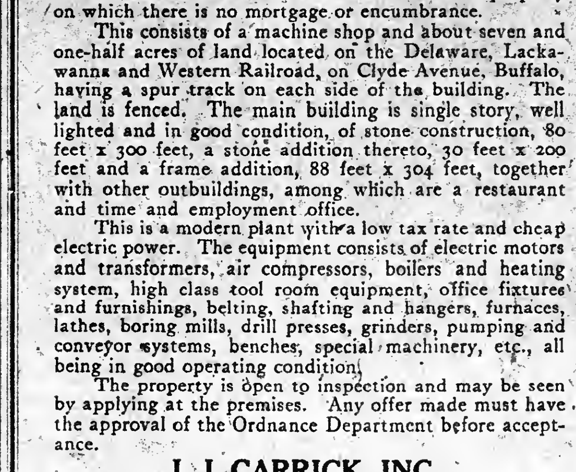

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New eight-room Dutch Colonial house and garage; large living room, open fireplace; spacious porches; high elevation; fine view; highly restricted colony; all city improvements, including sewers and gas; new depot; 30 minutes to Grand Central; little cash required; balance mortgage; particulars, photo. George H. Mille, 154 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4300.

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10 huge rooms, 3 tiled baths, sleeping balcony, big open fireplace, wide concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, oak, white enamel and mahogany finished trim; fine tree-covered grounds and lawns; porte cochere entrance; exclusive residential neighborhood; convenient to trolley line and 2 ex. R. R. stations; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lakes, and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches and markets. Write or phone GEO. R. PEARE, 640 Riverside Drive. Telephone 6334 Audubon.

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Restricted building sites, first-class neighborhood; convenient to trolley and station; $35 a front foot and up.

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Owner must sell comfortable modern house, 8 rooms, bath, all modern improvements, $7,800.

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Southeast Corner 16th Street.
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Contains four elevators. Automatic sprinklers and every improvement. Unexcelled light. Immediate possession.
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Two acres, tennis court, attractive planting, vegetable garden, tea house, two-car garage, large man's room, separately steam heated; main house, five master bedrooms, two servants' bedrooms, four baths, two large living rooms; spacious porches; solarium 14x24. For sale, $35,000; for rent, completely furnished, $250 per month. H. F. Rawll, 303 Hudson St., New York City. Phone Spring 1471.

BARGAIN!—Six room-bath hollow tile stucco dwelling, steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out, Erie; $3,750, easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau; telephone 3806 Beekman.

SHORT HILLS, N. J.—For sale a number of attractive modern houses, delightful residential community. Communicate J. Charles O'Brien Co., South Orange, N. J.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Flushing.—Murray Hill station, modern detached 8-room house; all improvements; near school and station; 20 minutes to 34th St.; occupancy May; $6,500; terms suitable. Owner, 434 East 49th St., Manhattan.

Bayside and Broadway, Flushing.—For sale, attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6896.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Gentleman's estate, Orange County, commuting distance, Tuxedo section; 125 acres; beautiful modern stone house; all improvements; garage, &c.; mountainous scenery. Mrs. McAleer, 160 West 119th.

Real Estate Wanted.

Client wants large modern mansion, garage, high ground, aristocratic neighborhood, preferably near New Rochelle; must be bargain. Send full particulars to "B," Room 307, First National Bank, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

200-acre Kinderhook Farm.
Two sets of buildings.
1,700 fruit trees; tractor land.
Woods and brook.
Rural Life Co., Kinderhook, N. Y.

Unfurnished house wanted, 6th Av. to Madison, from 43d to 60th St.; no agents. L 358 Times.

FRUIT, DAIRY AND GENERAL FARMS. RURAL LIFE CO., KINDERHOOK, N. Y. Send for Description.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY. "Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta. 1 blk. "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)

EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT SUITE OF OFFICES FOR RENT ON ONE OF THE HIGHEST FLOORS OF FIRST-CLASS BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

37-41 East 18th St.
Large Light Loft,
About 75x90;
Light, Power, Elevators,
Sprinklered.
Superintendent.

Lofts, (two,) light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. Harrison Fixture, 59 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

Will sublet office, furnished, telephone, well lighted, no charge for furniture, immediate occupation, $40. See, between 4 and 7 P. M., Times Bldg., Room 2001.

NEWARK, N. J.
Broad and Market St. stores to let.
J. Clarence Carr, Firemen's Bldg., Newark.

BROADWAY, 877, (Cor. White St.)—Store 1,500 sq. ft.; possession. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO., 165 Broadway. Tel. Cort. 7475.

Over 500 sq. feet for show room on 5th Av., bet. 34th and 42d Sts.; suitable for rugs or any household line. A 294 Times.

STUDIO FOR WRITER, FACING PARK. 12 Union Sq., rent $8 per month. Morris E. Sterne, Inc., 9 E. 14th St.

To Let, loft at 164 5th Av.; nonmanufacturing tenant; $1,200. Inquire Doniger & Co., 73 5th Av.

Sublet—Showroom and office, furnished if desired; 500 square feet; 17th St., near 5th Av. Phone Stuyvesant 431.

2 large, light lofts, fireproof building, elevator service, steam heat. Happel, 408 E. 93d St.

Desirable parlor floor and entire light basement; remodeled, redecorated. 48 West 55th St.

For Rent—Desirable studios; rents $65 up; can be divided. Slater Buildings, 7 West 42d.

SUB-LEASE immediately, light loft, 50x108; reasonable. Paramount, 3 Waverly Place.

Furnished office, $18 month. Telephone 3480 Cortlandt. Room 307, 38 Park Row.

Part of office to let; furniture for sale. Room 419, 366 Broadway.

SUBLET showroom and stockroom; sell partitions. 33d, 5th and B'way. Greeley 1159.

Desk room, separate space in studio, office services, rent $20. Roof, 171 Madison Av.

109 Broad, large and small light offices; low rent. Apply on premises.

50th, 3 West.—Stores for high-class retail business. Inquire Superintendent.

Light offices and salesrooms in modern building. 110 East 23d St.

Part of store or desk room to let. 173 3d Av.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED, SMALL OFFICE, REPUTABLE MODERN BUILDING, financial district; or single room, (part of suite.) Address, stating full particulars, J. C., Room 2502, 11 West 40th St.

WANTED, OFFICES DOWNTOWN FOR SHIPPING BUSINESS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. S 772 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Wanted—Tenement, residence, or business buildings for lease; state full particulars. Lessee, L 247 Times.

Part of office, desk room, and space for small stock. L 311 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

2 AND 3 ROOMS AND BATH, furnished or unfurnished; service, including meals if desired; new apartment, 22 East 48th St. G. M. Pearson & Co., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1783.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

35TH, 17 EAST.—5th Av. block; elegantly, newly furnished 2-room apartment; every convenience; suitable for gentleman; reference. Vanderbilt 7258, after 1 P. M. Gunther.

50S, (Near 5th.)—High-class apartment, (non-elevator,) two large rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $110. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

50S, (Near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, piano; $155 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

82D ST.—7 rooms, handsomely furnished apartment, 2 months; $175 month. Vanderbilt 1450.

116TH, 204 EAST.—Second floor; will share beautiful eight-room apartment.

PARK AV., (Northwest Corner,) Entrance 61st St.—Six rooms and bath, sunshine. Lenox 7809.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

LEAVING CITY; WILL SUBLET HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENT HOTEL SUITE, FACING MADISON SQUARE PARK, TO JUNE OR OCTOBER AT $400 MONTH; 3 BEDROOMS, 3 BATHS, LARGE LIVING ROOM; HOTEL SERVICE. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

PARK AV. Section; finest furnished apartments, all sizes and rentals. RAFAEL DE FLOREZ, 402 Madison Av., (47th.)

Three rooms, bath, light housekeeping; suitable for bachelors or married couple; excellent location; Murray Hill section, near Grand Central Station. Telephone Murray Hill 3637.

Furnished—West Side.

26 WEST 43D ST.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 8255.

50'S.—Four room apartment; two bedrooms; high-class new building. Phone Col. 1278.

51ST, 31 WEST.—Two large rooms, bath, kitchen; electricity; desk phone; two flights. Telephone 2497 Circle, after 10. Cooper.

54TH, 29 WEST, (near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsome one and two room sunny suites; private baths.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Sublet 2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette.

69TH ST., WEST.—2 and 3 room apartments, kitchenette and bath, beautifully furnished, maid's service included, $125 to $175. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Phone 1783 Murray Hill.

69TH, 22 WEST.—High class 2, 3 room apts., kitchenette; refined surroundings; near Park; maid service; $125-$150.

70'S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment; seven rooms; two baths; grand piano; $200 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d St.

70'S, WEST.—Large living room and bedroom, kitchenette, and bath, $165 month; concession for Oct. lease. Schuyler 1200.

80'S, corner Central Park West.—Corner apartment; 8 rooms; 2 baths, high-class new building; lease for 3 months. Phone Col. 1278.

80'S, near Drive.—Handsomely furnished apartment; four rooms; kitchen, bath; (2 bedrooms); $175 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

80'S, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

92D, 306 WEST.—High class elevator apartment, furnished or unfurnished, in private residence, one or two rooms, with bath, kitchenette, steam, electricity, maid service; near Drive; $100 to $150 monthly. Phone Riverside 6886.

94TH, 314 WEST.—Attractive 7 rooms; lease Oct.; seen Wednesday, 11-5.

100'S, WEST.—High-class apartment, six rooms; bath; very attractively furnished; $130 monthly. Elberson, 25 W. 42 St.

127TH ST., 600 WEST.—Artistically furnished apartment; 2 bedrooms; living room; dining room; kitchen and bath; spotless; near Riverside Drive; $125. Phone 2411 Morningside.

141ST, 605 W.—Attractive 5-room apartment; piano; linen; silver. Apt. 1D.

157TH ST., 544 WEST.—Nicely furnished seven room apartment from February to October; $115 per month. Apartment 61.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 289 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS, E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

MANHATTAN AV., "L" 104th.—Little apartment suite, parlor, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; entire top floor small private house; gas, electricity, telephone, heat, linen; maid service included; $100 monthly. Telephone Academy 2026.

Modern elevator apartment house, 100x100, vicinity 110th St., Broadway; small savings bank; mortgage $14,000 net income. Estate, B 603 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 644.—5 elegantly furnished rooms; grand piano, Victrola, Oriental rugs; beautiful view Hudson River; references essential. Aud. 9100, Apt. 11-C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (Apt. 36.)—Beautiful 4 rooms, player piano, victrola, $180.

SAN JACINTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST. Sublet, 2 rooms, bath; complete service.

TWO-ROOM APARTMENT to sublet, $90 monthly; attractively furnished; complete hotel service; Japanese dining room on premises. Mrs. Gordon Thelma, Apartment Hotel, 31 W. 71st St.

WEST END AV.—9 rooms and 3 baths; most desirable apartment on west side; beautifully furnished; long lease; $550 month. A 268 Times.

WEST END AV.—Beautiful ten rooms, three baths; long, short lease; terms. Call Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8906.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

3 OR 4 ROOM APARTMENT, nicely furnished, west side. L 322 Times.

Furnished—New Jersey.

ATLANTIC CITY apartments—3 and 4 room apartments; ocean front; high-class building; hot and cold sea water; refrigeration; any season; furnished or unfurnished. H. G. Harris & Co., Guarantee Trust Building, Atlantic City.

Unfurnished—East Side.

34TH, 58 EAST.—Elegant 2-room, kitchenette, and bath; every improvement; best location; near Vanderbilt Hotel; $50 month.

36TH ST., between Madison and Park Avs.—Living room, bedroom, dining room, kitchen, spick and span, never occupied; $1,600; investigate promptly; sun, ventilation. Archer, 10 East 43d.

APARTMENTS 3 large rooms and two baths; fireplace in every room; elevator in house; maid service included in rent; seen by appointment. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Phone 1783 Murray Hill.

PARK AV. in the Eighties, corner, 5 rooms, bath, housekeeping apartment; $100 per month; immediate possession. Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Phone Murray Hill 1100.

Unfurnished—West Side.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Newly remodeled, handsomely appointed bachelor duplex apartment; private entrance.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Nonhousekeeping apartment, two large, sunny rooms and bath.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

57TH, 140 WEST.—4 bright rooms, 2 baths, high class building. 10th floor.

93D, 270 WEST.—Parlor floor remodeled house; two large rooms, bath; service.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY to secure lease on finest apartment on West End Av., with complete furnishings; 9 rooms, 3 baths; for sale with lease. Box A 269 Times.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

CLINTON ST., 413, (Corner.)—5 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, $42.50.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Furnished Apartment.—Wanted, for a few months, a two or three room luxuriously furnished apartment with private bath, electric light, telephone, all improvements, between 70th and 116th Sts., west side; best references given. B 604 Times Downtown.

WELL-FURNISHED THREE-ROOM KITCHEN AND BATH APARTMENT; BETWEEN 8TH AND 17TH STS.; RENT $50 TO $75. A 263 TIMES.

Furnished apartments wanted for our clients. Send particulars to Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

In Harlem.—1, 2, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; by army officer and wife; permanent; twin beds. A 939 Times Harlem.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Responsible young couple desire two rooms, bath, kitchenette, Feb. 1; first class; preferably east side; about $75. K 251 Times.

By two responsible business women at once, 3-4 housekeeping apartment, west side; state price. L 354 Times.

Five or six rooms for family three adults; convenient location; references exchanged. J. L. F., Box 803, City Hall Station.

Parlor, bedroom and bath in bachelor apartment; must be reasonable. Fordham or University Heights preferred. L 281 Times.

Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, Gramercy Park or Washington Square section. Write Room 1516, 100 5th Av.

Wanted for responsible clientele high-class furnished apartments. Park Av. section. Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av., (47th.)

Furnished studio, two rooms, bath, below 42d, for four months, or until Oct. 1; $75-$100. S 193 Times.

Responsible couple desires one or two furnished rooms, bath, kitchen, (kitchenette,) east side preferred; about $50. L 338 Times.

I will rent your apartment quickly to responsible tenants; moderate fee. Call Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

May 1 or sooner, six-room apartment; 72d-125th; first or second floors. Mrs. John Chase, Hotel Bristol.

Responsible couple want furnished apartment on lease. Phone Columbus 1277.

Containing three to five bedrooms, three baths, for three months. Circle 3958.

Unfurnished.

WANT, UNFURNISHED, FOR ONE TO THREE YEARS, A 6-ROOM AND A 9-ROOM APARTMENT, WEST END AV., 80S; MIGHT BUY FURNISHINGS. B 107 TIMES.

9 OR 10 ROOMS,
3 OR 4 BATHS.
WEST SIDE; POSSESSION SOON.
Mr. Field, 840 B'way. Stuyvesant 627.

Wanted, to sublet, unfurnished apartment for May 1 or Oct. 1, six to seven rooms on west side, between 72d and 110th Sts.; state particulars. S 721 Times Downtown.

Three or four rooms, between 145th and 180th Streets, west side; $30-$40. Phone Audubon 1655.

Five, six room, unfurnished; west side, modern; above 82d St.; reasonable. O 6 Times.

Five rooms and bath; good neighborhood; $600 to $720 a year. B 163 Times.

Five-room apartment, sublet or otherwise; west side. S 738 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny, telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

37TH, 145 EAST.—French family, front room, connecting with bath; electricity, phone.

71ST, 62 WEST. — VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

86TH, 58 EAST.—Large, small room, southern exposure, desirable for man, wife.

LEXINGTON AV., 421, (near 43d St.)—Two rooms connecting, nicely furnished; all conveniences; also other rooms to rent.

MADISON AV., 735, (corner 64th.)—Nicely furnished large double front room, private bath, in well-heated house; no housekeeping; $50 monthly.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

67TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large room, overlooking park, adjoining bath; electricity; studio gentlemen; references.

71ST, 126 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished back parlor; running water and electricity.

72ST, 218 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; $60; conveniences; refined home.

72D, 106 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished large rooms; baths, electricity; $3-$15.

73D, 108 WEST.—Large front room, lavatory, hot and cold water.

74TH, 155 WEST.—Large parlor, bath, kitchen privilege; very desirable.

74TH, 303 WEST.—Attractive room, $7; hall room, $4, references; private house; phone.

76TH, 211 WEST.—Large, small rooms, furnished, telephone, electric light; near Broadway.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Elegant room, facing park, four windows; southern exposure; porch; bath, steam heat; exceptional private house.

83TH, 212 WEST.—Completely furnished sitting room and bedroom, bath adjoining; suitable two business men. Hill.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors; large rooms, private bath; unusually well furnished, modern conveniences; near subway and "L"; references.

88TH, 206 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, elevator near subway; 8th floor rear.

97TH, 23 WEST.—Elegantly furnished suite, suitable bachelor or married couple, in private family, first time rented; also delightful single room, good references positively required.

97TH, 72 Central Park West.—Bedrooms; business gentlemen; ladies, refined; references. Hoyle.

98TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large room; running water adjoining bath; steam; electricity.

91ST, 30 WEST.—Well appointed private house; 2 large rooms, adjoining bath; $12-$15.

92D, 308 WEST.—A desirable, large, nicely furnished front room; private bath; elevator, steam heat, electricity; private home, near Drive. $25 weekly. Phone Riverside ....

92D, 258 WEST.—Cheerful double room, richly furnished private residence; references.

103D, 253 WEST, (Riverside section.)—Well furnished, scrupulously clean front room, hot and cold running water, bath adjoining; electricity, telephone; express subway station block distant; gentleman or business woman; private house; moderate.

104th, (Broadway.)—Superior home accommodations for 1 or 2 gentlemen. Cathedral 9088.

106D, 500 WEST.—Nice outside room; private family modern conveniences. Apartment 57.

SEA TIFUL large room, southern exposure, telephone in room, adjoining modern bath, high-class apartment; lady or married couple, 86th and Drive. Schuyler 4341.

Business woman, large attractive room in apartment with owner; references. Telephone mornings Cathedral 6292. Apartment 52.

LARGE room overlooking Hudson; well furnished, private home; adults; gentlemen. Chelsea 3342

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 102, (82d.)—Large room, running water, top floor, private residence.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125.

Apartment 10 North, unusually attractive rooms.

WEST END AV., 896.—Large, cheerful front room, adjoining bath. Phone 2697 Academy.

WEST END AV., 613.—Beautiful newly furnished studio suite and single rooms.

WEST END AV., 700, (94th.)—Front room, running water, steam; $12. Britten.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

?? WEST.—High-class elevator apartment, seven rooms, two baths, all light; $150 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

88TH ST., 276, (Near West End Av.)—Two spacious rooms and bath, just completed. $1,200; immediate possession.

120D, 606 WEST, on Drive, $45; three-room, bath, elevator; immediate possession.

WEST END AV., 794.—One, two, private bath; bachelor, business couple; furnished, unfurnished.

ROOMS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

AMERICAN COUPLE DESIRE ONE OR TWO ROOM SUITE, BATH, BOARD, CENTRALLY LOCATED; WILL CONSIDER ROOMS WITHOUT BATH IF SATISFACTORY; REFERENCES; FIRST CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS. PRICE AND LOCATION. B 896 TIMES ANNEX.

Wanted, 2 rooms, furnished, without board, use of bath, adult and two 6-year-old children, close to 86th St., Broadway subway station, absolute guarantee, breakage or destruction. Reply Apartment 1A, 320 West 86th St.

Graduate nurse working every day in sanatorium wants warm, steam heated room, preferably in apartment, within 3 blocks of work. Miss McGregor, 52 East 56th.

Room with or without board; 15 minutes' ride Custom House; wanted by refined young man in private home; after Feb. 1. R. F., Apartment Two, Balfour, Washington, D. C.

Business woman commuter wants small, clean, comfortable room in town two nights in the week, within walking distance of Washington Square. H 467 Times Downtown.

Business woman wants furnished room, bath, and kitchenette privileges, near Washington Square or between 72d and 85th Sts., West; reasonable rental; references. S 177 Times.

Furnished room, steam heated, in private house, telephone; East Side. R. N., 116 East 92d, care Borden; 6726 Lenox.

Young business couple are seeking one or two rooms in apartment of congenial family, neighborhood 96th St., West; state terms and particulars. S 158 Times.

Young man desires nicely furnished room, small family between West 116th and West 160th. H 458 Times Downtown.

Young man wants room, bath, electricity, steam, and board with French family while learning French language. S 172 Times.

Young married couple wish furnished room between 100th and 130th Sts. West. Box 24, 24 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

Lady desires room, southern exposure, steam heat, electricity, running water, east side preferred; references. A 261 Times.

Furnished room with a private family, between 75th and 90th Sts., by a young gentleman. L 324 Times.

Two furnished rooms and bath for light housekeeping, in a desirable neighborhood. L 39 Times.

Army officer, wife, twin beds in Harlem; private family, permanent. A 938 Harlem.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

69TH, 62 WEST.—One large room with board, table guests; reference.

76TH ST., 44 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, private bath, steam heat, table unexcelled.

77TH (Central Park West.)—Private, Christian family, high-class elevator apartment; large room, running water; also meals, to gentleman appreciating refined home. 6279 Columbus.

77TH, 5 WEST.—Fine large double room with bath, by Holland family, give supper or accommodations; European style, home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST. (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Single rooms, electricity; French cuisine, table guests.

80TH, 11 WEST.—Large room, modern improvements, parlor dining room; references.

81ST ST., 9 WEST.—Rooms and board; excellent table, table guests.

85TH, 22 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, bright room, twin beds, fine bath adjoining; for couple or two gentlemen; real home cooking. Telephone 3157 Riverside.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Large front room for two; Jewish house, table guest.

91ST ST., 59 WEST.—Large, sunny room; excellent meals, refined boarding house.

96TH ST., 4 WEST.—Attractive room with board, homelike, near park.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for two adults in private Christian American family; front room, southern windows; private bath.

106TH, 314 WEST.—A handsomely furnished room, private residence; service, surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST. (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence, three spacious rooms, bath, single room; exceptional table, modern.

118TH, 147 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, excellent board, conveniences; telephone; near subway.

120TH ST., 247 WEST.—Large, light rooms, all conveniences; kosher table board. Morningside 4011.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone; elevator; complete service, homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

THE EVELYN LODGE.

Charming Winter House of High Standard; 30 Minutes Downtown N. Y., Fare 5c. 50 Lovely Rooms, Excellent Chef and Service, Social Parlors, Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management, 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

WEST END AV., 693, (Near 84th.)—Large room, also suite; private bath; French spoken; table guests; reference.

BOARD WANTED.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Board Wanted.—Young man wants board and room; private family; Washington Heights between 168th and 180th; state particulars. H 466 Times Downtown.

Spanish-American young man just released from the Navy, desires room and board with private family; write stating rates. A 305 Times.

Board for Catholic girl, (2½,) and boy, (1½); good care; city or country. Y 270 Times Annex.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath: 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165, White Plains.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"45 Minutes from Broadway."

Do you know that you can secure a parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with excellent meals for two people, in New York's most beautiful suburb, at an exclusive and homelike apartment hotel, for $35 per week? Compare this with what you are paying. Take the Lackawanna at Hoboken. Hotel one block from East Orange station. 150 trains a day.

W. T. READE, Prop.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.

A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway.

Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40.

Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.

Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 to $45.

Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

South Orange, N. J.—Two large connecting rooms and bath; refined people only. 336 Ridgewood Road.

Country Board Wanted.

Well-educated gentleman, a proficient pianist, seeks quiet home in country, with cultured household, where services as instructor, attendant, or in other light work would pay for his maintenance; best references given. A 942 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' experience, manufacturing concerns; double entry, controlling accounts; capable of assuming charge complete set, balances, statements, &c.; $30. R 265 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; competent taking charge; conscientious; correspondent; knowledge stenography, typewriting; highest credentials; salary $23-$25. A 638 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, controlling accounts, monthly trial balances, knowledge of typewriting, $25, desires permanent position. A 314 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, and experienced office manager desires position with reliable concern; highest credentials and A1 references. A 276 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—4 years' experience; double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; references; $18. M. Kleiman, 1,549 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Commercial experience; high school graduate; possessing initiative ability. R 713 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—5 years' experience publishing business; efficient, accurate; reference. H 459 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Take charge books; controlling accounts, monthly statements; salary $28. A 275 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, four years' experience; trial balance, financial statements; $18. W 726 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Eight years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts; highest credentials. M. Jacobs, 441 Manhattan Av.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry and stenographer; 6 years' experience; salary $20. B 825 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST.—3 years' experience; excellent; trial balances; $20. H 461 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, 5 years' experience; trial balance. E. B., 241 Times Downtown.

CARE OF APARTMENT, &c.—By refined woman few hours daily taking care apartment or shopping. 250 West 51st, Hazard.

CLERK.—Ledger experience; neat, willing worker; $14. Bernstein, 49 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn.

COMPANION-TUTOR.—Cultured Englishwoman; to grown children, afternoons, or resident position, mornings free; fond outdoor life; young, musical, highly recommended. Academy 3530, after 4.

DRESSMAKER.—Fashionable; by day, $4. Write Brandell, 1,472 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn.

EDITOR.—Experienced woman editor desires editorship of publication, department editing or feature writing. X 316 Times Annex.

GIRL, (12,) home desired with some household duties by guardian where motherly care can be secured. S 201 Times.

GOVERNESS, teacher, French, diplomee, desires additional morning engagements; English music. Y 213 Times Annex.

GOVERNESS who can enter into the spirit of child-play wishes position after 3 P. M. Student, 1,678 Madison Av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Gentlewoman, high class experience, capable position as managing housekeeper where there are motherless children, one or more servants; five years' reference. Gentlewoman, L 328 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Companionable, active, elderly, refined woman; neat, reliable; plain cooking; good home appreciated. Bowers, 476 West 144th St.

HOUSEKEEPER, supervising, or assist mother with children; position wanted by American widow, (middle age;) references. R 723 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined, capable Englishwoman; good cook, careful manager; no laundry; good salary. Y 266 Times Annex.

KINDERGARTNER.—Would take children to park daily; terms $2 weekly. S 179 Times.

LAUNDRESS wishes small wash to take home; outdoor drying. Phone Audubon 1210.

LAUNDRESS.—Colored; position private family or half time; no Sunday. Williams, 130 West 142d, Apt. 61. Aud. 9840.

MAID.—Young lady desires position as personal maid by the day. A 937 Times Harlem.

MANICURING, pedicuring, facial massage, in or out. Jeanette, care Amelia, 258 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Waverly 8024.

MASSEUSE, licensed, hospital training, desires patients. Houseman, Cathedral Plaza, 101 West 109th St., Apt. 208.

MASSAGE, licensed graduate; facial, general. Richmond, 129 New St., Newark, opposite tubes.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUR, scalp, facial; henna hair coloring, at ladies' residences. Phone Academy 1529.

NURSE with hospital experience wants care of invalid; best references. A 277 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Thorough clerical experience; operate comptometer moderately; highest references. B 630 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 2 years' experience; accurate at figures; willing; $12. B 647 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, &c.—Young lady, refined, cultured, desires resident position as private, social secretary, without typing, stenography or governess; experienced; New Jersey preferred; permanent; references. S 190 Times.

SECRETARY.—Well appearing, intelligent young business woman wishes executive position with Latin American concern; capable taking entire charge of English correspondence; formerly connected with Latin American consulate in this city. Address R 600 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER and correspondent; high-school graduate; 3 years' experience; $20 to begin. S 723 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Competent correspondent; high school graduate; commercial experience. R 712 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — 6 years' legal, commercial and diplomatic experience; references. S 770 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—REFINED CHRISTIAN; SIX YEARS' EXPERIENCE; EXECUTIVE ABILITY; $22. A 288 TIMES.

SECRETARY.—Have you worth while position for college graduate full of "pep"; expert stenographer? A 274 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

SPEEDY, ACCURATE, COMPETENT TO TAKE COMPLICATED DICTATION AND TO CONDUCT CORRESPONDENCE; EXCEPTIONAL REFERENCES. A 928 TIMES HARLEM.

STENOGRAPHER, educated, experienced, competent, wishes five hours' work daily; $15. L 332 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

Thirty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER. — Has reliable concern opening for capable, conscientious, well trained stenographer and office assistant? Several years' engineering, mercantile experience; well bred, educated, Christian, 28; good appearance, neat, accurate worker; knowledge bookkeeping; legible penman; $20. B 143 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, refined, capable, Christian, age 21, high school graduate, five years' experience; excellent references; brokerage or real estate preferred; $22. Write Elizabeth Shelhing, 277 West 114th St., or phone Cathedral 7407.

STENOGRAPHER, refined American, 9 years' experience, especially engineering; not afraid and capable handling efficiently large volume important work; highest credentials; reasonable salary. Y 267 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Am desirous of placing an experienced, competent stenographer who has been in my employ a year with a commercial house; salary $15. Phone Worth 839.

STENOGRAPHER; four years' experience engineering and machinery; 23 years of age; salary $23; best of references. Room 1517, Carroll, 90 West St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Christian, (22,) competent, thorough knowledge export, desires change present position; salary $25. H. L., 354 East 19th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; extensive knowledge English language; experienced, conscientious, ambitious, competent; best of references. L 341 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, good hard worker; 3½ years' experience, desires permanent position; previously with uniform concern; salary $18. A 265 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, seeks position busy congenial office; intelligent, neat, dependable; salary $16. H 464 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; thorough knowledge of office routines; excellent references; write. S 730 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (19;) 3 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; 1 YEAR COLLEGE; SALARY $15. L 356 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience, intelligent, accurate, high school graduate, wishes steady position; best references. S 211 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, few years' experience; desires permanent position with reliable concern; good references. Room 6, 234 East 25th.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — Experienced, efficient, refined young lady desires good position; moderate salary. Lewis, 334 East 100th St.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, knowledge of bookkeeping; ambitious beginner; $10 to start. A. M., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard operator, clerical worker, above average; Wall Street experience; salary, $22. B 645 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience, rapid worker; references; American; $15. S 742 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, high school education, wishes position reliable concern. S 208 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 14 years' experience, wants permanent position; replying, state salary. A 249 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, rapid, accurate; excellent references; public stenography experience; $22. B 899 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; high school graduate; references. Herbst, 1,448 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position; references. Miss Langer, 2,232 2d Av., city.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Wall St. experience; thoroughly familiar with office routine. B 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent; 4 years' experience; excellent references; salary desired; $18. A 279 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; reliable, competent, willing, neat appearance; salary $12. R 721 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, expert; 4 years' experience; best references; salary $20. S 757 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, experienced, desires position; good advancement; $12. R 714 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; 3 years' experience Elliott billing machine; $22. S 178 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE ASSISTANT.—2½ years' experience; accurate; willing worker; $15. W 728 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, 18; neat, competent; references. Address Miss S., 453 Tremont Av. Telephone 6265 Tremont.

STENOGRAPHER-BILLER.—Five years' cotton goods experience; Elliott-Fisher operator. B 627 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, efficient, well educated, experienced and conscientious. Morningside 6652, Apt. 3W.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, thoroughly competent, four years' experience, dependable; $20 start. S 730 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, general office assistant; 3 years' experience; $18; references. B 634 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $18. H 489 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; 5 years' technical experience; college education; Christian; $20. B 633 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR.—Christian; 5 years' central office experience. S 183 Times.

TEACHER, 5 years' experience public school, will teach private pupils. L 350 Times.

TYPIST, knowledge stenography, college education, desires connection with mercantile concern. H 481 Times Downtown.

TYPIST AND BILL CLERK.—2 years' experience; Christian; quick, accurate. H 482 Times Downtown.

WOMAN of refinement, intelligence, would like position of responsibility; references. R 394 Times.

YOUNG LADY desires office position with advancement in large concern. A 936 Times Harlem.

YOUNG LADY, (17,) experienced, desires clerical position; salary $9. S 197 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, 7 years' first-class office experience, accurate at figures, rapid touch typist, good knowledge stenography, wishes to change position; $18. S 185 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX.

Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, trial balances, statements, reports, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, Public Accountants, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, Auditor, cost accountant, expert organizer, systematizer, public accounting experience, constructive calibre of mind; 25 years' experience; open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; 360. Auditor, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, credit manager, thoroughly capable, with wide experience, taking complete charge large office staff, past 18 months in complete charge Government disbursing office, open for new engagement, Feb. 1; best references. Chanaberry, 1,391 Sedgwick Av., Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; eight years' experience in public practice; specially qualified public utility, manufacturing, and commercial lines; tax specialist; college, university accounting graduate; desires high-grade position with future. B 813 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Broad manufacturing experience; modern cost and financial accounting; present assistant senior auditor connected with fifteen plants; age 37; married; salary, $3,000; thorough executive; capable, mature business judgment. H 468 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (27,) quick keen thinker; good practical judgment; 10 years' experience in cost finding, corporation accounting and managing large offices; seeks an opportunity, not a job. H 417 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, married, 37, thoroughly experienced financial statements, correspondence, credits, collections, &c., desires to locate with a downtown corporation salary $40. L 305 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (27,) seeks connection with large mercantile or manufacturing concern; 10 years' experience in office management; cost and general accounting. S 695 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior, naval officer doing specialized accounting work, wishes executive position March 1; experienced public and commercial accounts, 25, married; salary $100 per month. B 364 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, (30,) married, desires connection mercantile concern; financial statements, credit man, costs, correspondence, and tax reports; full charge; highest references. K 835 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, (25,) Christian; experienced large organization; executive ability; thorough knowledge branch accounting, production costs; opportunity essential. R 690 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Expert; books opened, closed, audited, systematized, income tax reports, financial statements, part-time bookkeeping; reasonable. B 665 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT; books opened, closed, monthly statements; bookkeeping arrangements for spare evenings, any time; rates very reasonable. B 638 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barat, Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7800.

ACCOUNTANT.—New York University graduate 1916, five years' public accounting experience, independent audits, reports, seeks C. P. A. connection. L 327 Times.

ACCOUNTANT. — Thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, with accounting experience, desires position with accountant; fully capable, efficient; excellent references. A 272 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desires permanent connection with C. P. A.; at present with C. P. A. of New Jersey. Samuel Solomon, 66 West 113th.

ACCOUNTANT, correspondent, experienced, controlling accounts, married, 26, financial statements, university graduate, discharged soldier; $35. R. M., 104 East 14th.

ACCOUNTANT; junior; thoroughly experienced; university training; discharged soldier; best references. R 717 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, graduate N. Y. U., experienced, semi-senior, desires position with C. P. A. H 435 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, married, 8 years' experience collections, credits; $35. B 648 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT WANTS POSITION, PROGRESSIVE COMPANY, PROGRESSIVE, L 351 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, limited experience, New York University graduate, desires position in auditors office; age 29. A 280 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 25; competent bookkeeper; six years' experience; studied accountancy. A 310 Times.

ACCOUNTANT desires connection, theatrical or motion picture organization; opportunity wanted. S 207 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, 19, stenographer, wants position, advertising agency or publishing house; knows handling of copy, checking, and office routine. R 720 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT, released naval officer, 23, employed five years in advertising art departments; good on layouts, copy, and knows processes; would like to connect with opportunity to advance. L 331 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER

Wants real position where ability and energy govern salary; thoroughly experienced, capable of writing forceful newspaper copy, artistic catalogue, compiling, organizing, and systematizing of mail order departments or sales campaigns. L 334 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, 7 years' agency and newspaper experience, desires connection with either a trade publication, established newspaper, special representative; excellent record; highest references; salary or drawing account. B 206 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN; produces high-class copy, layouts, circulars; part time. B 644 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, 19, high school education, wishes to learn advertising business. Call Plaza 9195.

A LIVE WIRE.—Officer, just discharged, desires position with growing concern with big future prospects; college man, American parentage, age 28, seven years' successful business experience; executive, administrative and selling ability, besides high degree of adaptability, initiative, energy, perseverance, tact, and good judgment; well versed in personnel work; anxious to demonstrate fitness to assume responsibility and do big things if afforded the opportunity. A 266 Times.

ARCHITECT and mechanical engineer, 30 years' experience with construction and machinery, accustomed to handle men in large industries, especially qualified in cold storage and refrigeration; war conditions cause of seeking position of any kind; references from former clients and employers. L 339 Times.

ARMY OFFICER, aviator, honorably discharged; college graduate; previous experience as foreman and supervisor on construction work. A 293 Times.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE, long experience; young man, (22,) well versed correspondent, typist, bookkeeper; fast figurer; references. A 291 Times.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN.

Experienced pleasure cars, trucks, also lubricants; no objection traveling; references. B 617 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience; up-to-date methods; correspondence, credits, collections; possessing accountancy training; high school graduate; assume full charge; excellent references; salary $25. R 684 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 18; one year's experience; competent stenographer; high school graduate; knows modern methods and controlling accounts; college accountancy student evenings; salary $16. A 283 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' experience, controlling accounts, specializing in factory pay roll work past 3 years; reliable, capable, competent; can furnish excellent references. S 198 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office man, selling ability; American, Christian; 12 years' experience; clean-cut, reliable; wants permanent position, immediately; salary, $25 to $30; references. A 934 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, 27; 11 years' commercial and financial experience; have occupied executive capacity large corporation; just released from U. S. Army; salary $30. S 174 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; six years' experience controlling accounts, trial balance, credits, collections; accurate, reliable; moderate salary; excellent references. L 338 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office assistant; thoroughly experienced; can take full charge office; college education; good correspondent; excellent references. A 271 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT desires position with reliable firm as head bookkeeper, cashier; best references; 8 years' experience. B 626 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (25) LEDGER CLERK. Timekeeper, payroll clerk; rapid and accurate; five years' experience. S 766 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 23; 4 years' experience machine manufacturing concern; controlling accounts, statements, practical knowledge of costs. H 462 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Three years' experience; correspondence; high school graduate; $20. J. F., 375 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) 8 years' experience; knowledge of double entry, voucher register, cost clerk. Schloss, 74 East 116th. A 935 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, (23,) over five years' experience, thoroughly competent; best references. Burtman, 71 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, controlling accounts; excellent experience; references; salary moderate. S 778 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Practical accountant; gentleman, 50, financially responsible; good manager; references. H 463 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (35,) ten years' experience; best reference; unemployed. S 722 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, thoroughly experienced, controlling accounts, $28; take entire charge. H 483 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, high school graduate, college, seeks position with future. H 465 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 26; 6 years' experience; married; army discharge; competent; references. B 624 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, and typist; ambitious beginner; $10 to start. A. M., 115 East Houston St., Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; experienced costs, modern systems; open immediate engagement; $30. S 767 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, trial balance, financial statements; good experience; $25. B 621 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (26,) capable, experienced, educated, energetic, highest credentials, desires connection. H 480 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in export office; young man as assistant; state age, experience, and salary. E 120 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, speaks Spanish, French; competent, controlling accounts, balance sheet. A 311 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; control ledgers; executive ability; $25. L 266 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) double entry; references; $18. Mayers, 246 West 108th.

BOY, (17,) wishes position as office assistant with chance for advancement; can furnish references. Ed. Merrins, 205 East 66th.

BUYER, experienced hosiery, underwear, and knit goods, ten years' mail order experience, would like to connect with mail order house or resident buying office. H., 96 Times, Brooklyn.

CASHIER, bookkeeper, typist, correspondent, fast figurer, payroll, general office man, 22, seeks responsible position; $25; references. A 289 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and A1 mechanic seeks position; served in French and American armies, (Aviation Section;) now at Garden City, U. S. Army, awaiting position before discharge; can handle all makes of cars and give first-class service; wounded, but in splendid physical condition. Communicate Miss J. Coffin; phone Sunset 8410.

CHAUFFEUR-MACHINIST.

American, (29,) married, no children, desires first-class permanent position; 14 years' shop, factory, and driving experience; Simplex, Fiat, Locomobile, Packard, Pierce; my references are the highest obtainable; absolutely a high calibre mechanic; will only consider first-class position. B Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR desires situation; 15 years' experience; finest references; good mechanic, with foreign experience; married; salary $35. 509 Park Av., James A. Byrne.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, Swede, single, 32, wishes position in private family; 6 years' experience; best of reference; good mechanic and driver; salary $30 in city, $25 in the country. A. Halloran, 151 East 60th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; polite, neat appearance; A1 references; 15 years' American and European shop and driving experience; no liquors; desires position private. S 181 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 36, 15 years' experience, highest references, desires position where honesty and ability will be appreciated; honorable discharge U. S. Army. A 270 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—8 years' experience; careful, neat, and obliging; wishes private or commercial position; city, country; best references. Thomas Proff, 1,464 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, American, highly recommended, skillful mechanic, strictly temperate, careful driver, desires position anywhere; neat appearance. L 345 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 32, married; 9 years' experience; 4 years last employer, laid up car; best references; city or country. Maison, 107 West 89th.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, unmarried, total abstainer, desires position with private party who appreciates dependable driver. H B 92 Times Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, young man, speaking French, recently discharged from army, wishes position; private family. Aukenmann, 110 West 88d.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, 6 years' experience, wishes position with private family. M. Hayes, 326 Crescent St., Astoria.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman recommends his chauffeur mechanic; city driver; any car. Columbus 5415.

CHAUFFEUR, careful driver, mechanic, wishes position; city, country; references. A 247 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, 7 years' experience around city, careful, obliging; private preferred. Harnisch, 526 East 84th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced, private or commercial car; references. Gabriel Krawitz, 1,450 Fifth Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, 35, wishes position; ten years' driving, three years last place. Care Eggers, 705 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR and valet requires position; last employer gone to Europe. A 307 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 8 years' experience; careful driver. Allen, 1,684 2d Av.

CHEMIST desires position; expert disinfectants, automobile soaps, liquid bug exterminator, metal, furniture polish, cutting and drilling compounds, liquid soaps; minimum salary, $3,000. X 392 Times Annex.

CHEMIST.—B. S. in chemistry; two years' analytical, industrial experience, cement, potassium chlorate manufacture; one year army. L 183 Times.

CHEMIST'S ASSISTANT.—Analytical work preferred; discharged from army; excellent recommendations. L 272 Times.

CHINA OR SOUTH AMERICA.

Mechanical engineer; 12 years' experience; 33 years old; internal combustion engines, gas producers, refrigeration and steam plants; mining, manufacturing, and central station experience; capable executive; go anywhere. L 335 Times.

CLAIM INVESTIGATOR or collection, correspondent, (22,) 2 years' law experience; speaks six languages; good references. H 491 Times Downtown.

CLERK, general, experienced in looking up complaints and as cashier. L 349 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, CAPTAIN OF ARTILLERY, FOR 6 MONTHS ON WESTERN FRONT, DESIRES POSITION WITH RESPONSIBLE BANKER OR BROKER. A 262 TIMES.

COLLEGE MAN desires position as assistant to executive or within executive capacity; best references. S 709 Times Downtown.

COMMISSIONED OFFICER, age 30, just released from service, wishes connection with live concern where ability is recognized by advancement; eight years' experience in importing line; capable accountant and office manager; can furnish references. H 479 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, 26, honorably discharged, seeks connection as sales manager or similar position; salary secondary consideration; highest credentials. Address H. C., 263 West 125th.

CORRESPONDENT, experienced, familiar with general correspondence, wishes position with reliable concern. W. S., 6 Concord St., Jersey City.

ENGINEERING EXECUTIVE.

A connection is desired by man of technical university education and 13 years of administrative and supervisory experience in business and structural engineering; would accept position either here or abroad, China preferred; compensation $7,500 per annum in U. S. S 191 Times.

ENGINEER, graduate, (32,) just finished reconstruction large factory, supervision of construction as well as design of buildings and equipments, wants position; 12 years' experience in industrial plant design. A 298 Times.

ENGINEER desires responsible position; thorough knowledge and experience of operating and maintaining a power plant to give economical and efficient results. L 323 Times.

ESTIMATOR AND SUPERINTENDENT on reinforced concrete construction; 18 years' experience; well known in N. Y.; also has gang of carpenters. E. E., 1,794 Third Av.

EX-ARMY OFFICER as supervisor estate, institution; practical knowledge road work, forestry. S 175 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 34, high-grade record of close association and direction of big operations under the highest modern standard of industrial efficiency; familiar with every detail; will organize and direct; excellent references. R 392 Times.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER, American, (33,) constructive supervisor, office procedure, records, salesmen, stenographers, filing; thoroughly efficient; unquestionable credentials. L 357 Times.

FACTORY MANAGER'S ASSISTANT, (32,) twelve years' manufacturing and business experience, accustomed to handling technical matters; dependable, resourceful, demonstrated executive ability. M. D., 1,851 Park Place, Brooklyn.

FILE CLERK, must be good typist, to take care of files in export department of large cotton goods house; also to attend to samples and mail; work requires a great deal of detail; only a conscientious, bright, willing girl need apply; state salary, references, and experience, if any. Write A 655 Times Downtown.

FOREIGN TRADE.

Naval reservist, released from active service, desires connection with export house where initiative and executive ability receive recognition. A 312 Times.

GARDENER, (Head.) — Married; Scotch; thorough knowledge of gardening, farming, stock, and general upkeep of estate; excellent references as to character and ability. S 739 Times Downtown.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, $40; one in family; light laundry; reference required. Call, 9 to 1 Wednesday, Denell, 1,219 Madison Av.

HARDWARE.—Young man, 19, desires position, with future; knowledge of hardware. Call Plaza 9195.

HAVE you an opening for a former army lieutenant, age 30, good appearance, college graduate, nine years' experience civil engineering, executive ability, who wants to break into commercial or mercantile field, preferably in sales end, offering good future? S 773 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER; competent, reliable woman to care for rooming house; rent, light, heat, liberal wage. 66 West 69th St.

INSURANCE BROKER, 32, Christian, some business of his own, would connect with large insurance brokerage firm. A 286 Times.

JAPANESE student, position morning and evening; good family. Henry N., 102 West 123d.

JAPANESE student wants position; evening work. Morningside 8193.

KOREAN wants housework or kitchen work in private family or hotel. R 382 Times.

LAWYER, relieved from "Army Draft Board" membership, seeks professional or other work where his training, business experience, or his 20 years' law practice will be worth $5,000 yearly; invest savings if desired. "Jerseyman," A 641 Times Downtown.

MANAGEMENT real estate wanted; long experience; charge several large estates at present. Interview will convince that I know business. Kindly write Suite 1304, 347 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 1034.

Man, with wide knowledge of Pacific Coast, experienced in the selection of investments, with knowledge of timber, water power, mining, and railroad opportunities, desires represent financial group on salary and expenses, with participation contract in profits; have had years of experience in large negotiations; Eastern and Western references furnished and references required. Address L. Y. Keady, Empire Building, Seattle, Wash.

MAN, young, energetic, and resourceful, of executive ability, together with office and sales experience, solicits connection with progressive commercial house; finest indorsements. G 35 Times.

MAN, 31 years, neat appearance, desires position in an office; will do light porter work and make himself generally useful. H 439 Times Downtown.

MAN, 26 years, five years' legal experience, three years' salesman, executive ability, wants position with future. A 273 Times.

MANUFACTURING MAN for publishers; man, 28, 8 years' experience; honorable U. S. discharge; A1 references; $23 week. A 284 Times.

MECHANIC, expert, wishes part-time work, day, evening, driving, repairing; any make car. Weisberg, 186 Atkins Av., Brooklyn.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, factory superintendent, draftsman, 20 years' experience; manufacturing; machinery; experimental development; production tools. S 763 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

MEDICAL INDUSTRIAL WORK.

Physician, experienced, executive ability, desires service with company, medical capacity. L 329 Times.

MOVING PICTURE OPERATOR, with license, wants position; good references. S 186 Times.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE.—Discharged army officer desires connection with growing concern; business optimist; knowledge accounting, cost analysis, and student of business conditions; high character recommendations; salary secondary to opportunity. A 308 Times.

OFFICE MAN.—A wide awake office man, 22, possessing highest qualifications, seeks responsible position; fast figurer, payroll man, cashier, correspondent, bookkeeper, typist, penman; references. A 287 Times.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE,

experienced in credits, collections, shipping, correspondence, and bookkeeping, seeks permanent engagement with substantial firm. B 635 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER.—Young engineer, (32); will take complete charge of an office force and the correspondence necessary for the purchase or sale of steel products and raw materials. S 180 Times.

OFFICER, just discharged from motor branch, is open for an executive position; former experience along managerial lines in autos and tractors. 809 College Place, Plainfield, N. J. Plainfield 1164—M.

POSITION as superintendent or manager of country estate wanted by gentleman of experience. X 320 Times Annex.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL position wanted by accountant, with exceptional references. Executive, L 355 Times.

PROFESSIONAL MAN wishes position part time; inside or outside work. S 173 Times.

REAL ESTATE.—Age 37; 10 years' experience collecting, managing, supervising, repairs, wants connection; best references; bond. A 941 Times Harlem.

RECEIVING CLERK, (23); thoroughly reliable; 4½ years' experience with manufacturing concern; seeks position. L 337 Times.

SALES ENGINEER, (33); recently with strong selling organization; engineer and salesman combined; big experience. S 182 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE.

Young man, with broad and successful selling record and general executive experience, both in this country and abroad, desires position as sales manager or special representative; best possible references furnished; no real estate or insurance; only the highest class proposition considered; salary, $7,500. Y 207 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, Japanese, experienced, energetic, thorough selling ability, desires position in reputable concern, prefer export, import house, at present connected trade service corporation. L 314 Times.

SALESMAN, (25,) 7 years' experience, must connect with growing concern where ability is appreciated; salary and commission; willing to travel. Box 406, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, Pacific Coast experience 9 years, desires reliable manufacturer's line; proven producer; well educated; excellent references. L 859 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 25, honorably discharged, desires position, having four years' selling experience. R 710 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, business getter, 5 years' exp., seeking connection in neckwear line for Phila., vicinity; strictly commission. A 290 Times.

SALESMAN, American, married, 12 years' experience city, road, wishes position where hustler can earn good income. L 299 Times.

SALESMAN.—Man, 37, desire position; can furnish good references. H 460 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—20 years city salesman desires change; best references. L 336 Times.

SALES MANAGER and executive, capable of organizing and handling large sales force, Treasurer and general sales manager of large corporation at present; owing to disagreement among officers, have decided to sever connections; the very best of references. H 456 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER, present time connected in this capacity with large corporation, would like to make change; 37 years old and married; can furnish any kind bond; references. Y 248 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, 31, discharged from service, desires opportunity with reputable concern; 15 years' business experience; excellent reference. S 776 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires good side line, small towns. Box 71, 1,515 3d Av.

SECRETARY. — Refined, high-class college graduate to act as secretary and stenographer for institution. Apply at office of Dr. Julius Broder, 200 West 55th St., 2 to 4 P. M.

SHIPPING CLERK, 9 years' experience shipping and receiving, gowns, suits and coats; 6 years' last position; wishes position; salary $24 a week. S 184 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced cloaks and suits, seeks position; finest references; honorably discharged from U. S. Army. H 910 Times Harlem.

SHIPPING CLERK, thoroughly acquainted with shipping department routine, desires position. S 735 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK and manager, (31,) married, wants position; best references. R 358 Times.

SPANISH-AMERICAN YOUNG MAN, previously engaged with insurance and exporting concerns and highly experienced as translator and correspondent, desires position with reliable firm; good references. A 304 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 12 years' experience; rapid, reliable; desires permanent position offering future prospects right man; references guaranteed. A 940 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, some clerical work also; hours 8:30 to 5; salary $12. Answer in own handwriting, giving age, &c., Library, 1,358 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, experienced clerk, 22, wishes to make good connection at reasonable salary to start. Jerome Hohenstein, 200 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, conscientious and ambitious, desires position; salary $12. A 930 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER, experienced, acquainted with chemistry, with chemical company. B 897 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER, experienced, wishes evening work, 7:30-10 o'clock. B 898 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER for publishing office; salary $12; rapid advancement for a real worker. Carl Fischer, 48 Cooper Square.

STENOGRAPHER; bookkeeping, pay roll, time and distribution experience on construction work. L 325 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, Spanish; young man; can translate; small salary to start. A 295 Times.

VALET, attendant, masseur, wishes position. Write H., 848 Lexington Av.

WATCHMAN'S position wanted by honest married man; well recommended; recently employed as assistant night watchman and light porter in small aircraft industry. T. Weiss, 810 10th Av., Astoria, L. I.

WOMEN.—The assistance of women on a salary basis is needed in the movement to place in public schools copies of valuable patriotic and educational manuscripts. George D. Sproul, 160 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) released from Navy, desires position as office manager, accountant; conscientious worker, capable of handling office routine and subordinates; college education. E. E. Ornstein, 351 East 84th.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN employment day time or evenings; clerical, tutoring, anything. S 199 Times.

YOUNG MAN;

married, seeks opportunity as head of order department; good correspondent; capable of handling general office details; eight years' practical experience; best credentials. S 176 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—What can you offer ambitious young man, honorably discharged from army, conscientious, having initiative, not afraid hard work? Four years' experience bookkeeper, cashier, and assistant manager; highest credentials. S 759 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) honorably discharged, college education, good on figures, wishes position, where there is chance of advancement, best references. Frank Duffy, 599 E. 132d St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school graduate, 4 years' experience, discharged from army, business getter, seeks opening leading to salesmanship; references. W 762 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (24,) seeks position with export firm; college education; 4 years' foreign and domestic experience; knows Spanish, English, Italian, can typewrite. A 284 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, well educated, desires position where ability, conscientious effort will prove mutual benefit; 3 years' business experience; $25. Apt. 414, 101 West 109th St.

YOUNG MAN, 22, stenographer, knowledge of bookkeeping, seeks position with established concern; opportunity essential; army discharge. S 758 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 31, 10 years' experience in real estate business, honorably discharged from army, desires position. A. B., 131 Lewis Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ex-collegian, desires connections with reputable concern where future is obtainable; salary secondary consideration. L 265 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) with bookkeeping knowledge, studying accountancy nights, desires position as bookkeeper or assistant; $15. S 725 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17, high school graduate, slight knowledge typewriting, filing, and clerical work, for office position. R 719 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, 24, wishes clerical position, business house or otherwise; good appearance, education; references; reasonable. H 277 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (17,) educated, ambitious; 2 years' experience; wishes advancing position; excellent references. Joe Blum, 58 East 182d. Telephone Fordham 1671.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, 33, desires position with Stock Exchange house, customers' department; can secure clientele. Efficient, R 636 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) competent billing clerk; Remington-Wahl operator; assistant bookkeeper, rapid figurer, typist, clerical; references. W 727 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, four years' practical clerical and office experience, ambitious, desires position. Reliable, B 609 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position; experienced in clerical capacity and salesmanship; hard work, hours no objection. S 764 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, Christian, 9 years' general office experience with large corporation; reliable, willing, conscientious; anything. H 488 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, assistant bookkeeper, typist; good penman; general clerical worker. S 765 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, good commercial training, seeks outside position selling; open for anything; references. B 632 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, discharged from service, selling and executive ability. B 631 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18); wishes position with mercantile concern where sales ability is recognized; typist. Nieberg, 945 E. 163d St.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires to connect with exporting house; speaks French and Spanish. B 167 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21;) three years' office experience; selling ability; desires position; released from navy. S 761 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) educated, ambitious, wishes advancing position; excellent references. R 607 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires to connect with exporting house; speaks French and Spanish. B 167 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (25.)—What have you to offer man with general business experience now attending college? S 760 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN; college education; knowledge of bookkeeping; experienced in all clerical lines; $25. R 718 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with good references, wishes position rent collecting agent in spare time for reasonable salary. L 340 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20; 4 years night auditor big hotel; will work anything. S 762 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position; one year's business experience. H 472 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) experienced, desires office, stock position. Ability, 186 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge of office routine, shipping, selling, capable, energetic. R 289 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position at anything with future. H 474 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,

FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

SALESWOMEN.

We require saleswomen for our corset, silverware, jewelry, millinery, shoe, housefurnishings, cotton dress goods, soda, and bakery departments. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent.

ACCOUNTANT.—A WOMAN, CAPABLE, AS ASSISTANT AUDITOR, WHO UNDERSTANDS TRIAL BALANCES, PROFIT AND LOSS, AND ANALYTICAL STATEMENTS; GOOD FUTURE FOR A CAPABLE WOMAN; SALARY $25 TO START. ADDRESS M. U., 116 TIMES.

ADDRESSER-TYPIST, rapid, high-class general office assistant, experienced in addressing; excellent opportunity with progressive established firm; state age, experience, and salary to start. S 775 Times Downtown.

ADDRESSER. — Experienced. Call today, Room 615, 1,265 Broadway.

APPRENTICE

SALESWOMEN.

Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of young women, of good address and education, for permanent positions; complete instruction will be given in our school of salesmanship and every opportunity for advancement offered.

Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, 4th floor.

ARTISTS.—Girls for stencil coloring on greeting cards; experienced preferred. Dreyfuss Art Co., 133 East 16th.

ASSISTANT BUYER,
WOMEN'S KIMONOS & SILK UNDERWEAR.

Excellent opportunity for a qualified, hard-working, ambitious woman. Apply by MAIL ONLY to P. Le Boutillier, giving full experience, qualifications and salary desired. If you haven't first-class specialty shop or department store experience. DON'T APPLY. Best & Co., 5th Av. and 35th St.

ASSISTANT in office of large motion picture firm in Jersey City; accurate, good memory, typist, knowledge of bookkeeping; will handle cash expenses; write stating age, experience and salary desired. A 643 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call at 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT IN A LARGE RETAIL STORE; MUST BE RAPID, ACCURATE AND RELIABLE AT FIGURES; A FIRST-CLASS POSITION IS OFFERED TO SUCH A PARTY WITH REFERENCE AND EXPERIENCE. A 306 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPERS on customer ledgers; department store experience preferred.

Permanent positions to those who can qualify.

Apply all week, Best & Co., Employment Office, 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 7 West 35th St.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT-TYPIST; age over 25; only those experienced and with first class credentials need apply by mail or may call with written application; salary $18.50. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, controlling accounts; must be experienced, competent; manufacturing concern; references required. Edward Kolbert & Co., 143 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Accustomed to handling large number of accounts; trial balance and general office routine; good opportunity; state experience, references, and salary wanted. T. X., 809 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER. Shirt manufacturer desires the services of an ambitious young lady; pleasant surroundings. Tuxedo Shirt Co., 135 5th Ave.

BOOKKEEPER.— Experienced double entry, stenography; cloaks and suits; state references and salary. Y 264 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER.—Wholesale clothing experience, trial balance; state salary and references. A 650 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk; must be accurate; salary to start $18. A 646 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT.—Young girl with office experience; immediately; salary $12. S 200 Times.

CANDY WRAPPERS wanted; light, sanitary factory, steady work; good wages; half holiday Saturday. Apply 30 Church St., Room 216 E.

CASHIER AND TELEPHONE OPERATOR. —HIGH-CLASS RETAIL SHOP. ANSWER, GIVING REFERENCES, B 160 TIMES.

CASHIER.

Experienced; references required. R G 69 Times.

CLERICAL ASSISTANTS,

bright, intelligent, and accurate. Only those who have had bookkeeping experience need apply. Permanent position; good salary assured.

MARTIN'S,

Fulton, Corner Bridge St., Brooklyn.

CLERKS,

between the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; must be grammar school graduates; experience unnecessary; seven-hour day; Saturday half holiday throughout the year; salary $8 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher-paid positions. Write, stating age, education, &c., to K 678 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young lady for general office work, experienced; good advancement. Write Y. 265 Times Annex.

CLERK.

Pay roll experience; knowledge of stenography and typewriting advantageous. Otto Higel, 238th and Southern Boulevard, Bronx. Take East 180th St. train to 238th St.

CLERK; high school graduate; quick figurer, good writer; experience unnecessary; good hours; pleasant conditions. McCall, 236 West 37th.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

COMPANION.—Comfortable home offered to bright, refined young lady as companion to young married lady. R 722 Times Downtown.

COMPLAINT CLERKS

for searching and adjusting, by magazine publishing company; write detailed statement of experience and salary wanted; only those experienced in magazine publishing work need apply; hours 9-5; half day Saturday. B 163 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.

We have an opening, with good salary, for an experienced collection correspondent.

HECHT BROS.,

53-57 West 14th Street.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Refined, well-educated young lady, experienced in office of large publishing house; steady position; reply, stating age, experience, nationality, and salary expected. Dictaphone, 28 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR; must be experienced; also rapid on typewriter; permanent position to one answering qualifications. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

DRESSMAKERS, waist helpers, and skirt helpers. Smith & Shulman, 546 5th Av.

ELLIS OPERATORS,

JAMES McCUTCHEON & COMPANY, FIFTH AVENUE AND 34TH STREET

require several experienced operators for Ellis Adding Typewriters; also junior office assistants; apply by letter, giving full information in regard to education, experience and expectations.

FILE CLERK.—Experienced file clerk wanted by large exporting house. Call Room 1608, 65 Broadway.

GIRLS.

We required bright girls for various positions throughout the store; experience unnecessary; congenial surroundings; permanent position; good chance for advancement; no Saturday night work. Apply to Superintendent.

BARNETT BROS., COLUMBUS AV. & 74TH.

GIRL.—Neat, reliable white girl for general housework; two school children; $40; references. Phone Audubon 4570, Apt. 2D.

GIRL to help in manufacture of toilet preparations. Apply at once, Hepner's, 137 West 44th.

GIRL, small, wanted in advertising agency. Apply J. Walter Thompson Company, 244 Madison Av.

GOVERNESS.

Young lady, must speak French; call between 9 and 11 A. M., 780 West End Avenue, Apt. 11C.

HAIRDRESSER, expert at marcel waving; have also vacancy for a competent manicurist, experienced at facial massaging. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

HAND SEWERS ON BLOUSES. CORHAN, 647 MADISON AV.

HOUSEKEEPER, GENERAL, wanted for Pelham; 30 minutes' Grand Central; family 2 adults, 3 small children; must be good cook; clean, reliable; references required; write giving age, salary expected to Mrs. B. A. McDonald, Savoy Hotel.

HOUSEWORKER; general; white; references required. Call mornings, Bauers, 511 West 113th.

HOUSEWORK. — Girl for housework; no cooking; sleep out. 527 W. 124th St., Apt. 10.

LIGHT HOUSEWORK, (WHITE,) ASSISTING MOTHER WITH TWO CHILDREN, FOUR YEARS OLD; 10 TO 11. A. FRANK, 796 EAST 175TH ST.

LINOTYPE OPERATORS, union, above scale for clean, fast operators; night side. J. J. Little & Ives, 425 East 24th St.

LEDGER CLERK.—Accustomed to handling large number of accounts; familiar with trial balance; good chance for advancement; state experience, reference, and salary wanted. E. V., 807 Times Downtown.

LORD & TAYLOR

require thoroughly experienced saleswomen for their

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Apply Employment Office, 9th floor.

MAID, first-class white or colored, for kitchenette apartment, 4 rooms, to take entire charge; no laundry; two in family; sleep in or out; must be good cook; highest salary for competent person. Apply Wednesday, 10 to 1, with references, Apt. 7C, 140 West 58th.

MAID.—Good cook; easy place; no washing; two in family; wages $40; Flushing, L. I., 22 minutes from New York. R 724 Times Downtown.

MANICURIST, experienced at facial massaging; have also vacancy for a hairdresser who is an expert marcel waver. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., between 42d and 43d Sts.

MANICURE-HAIRDRESSER, steady position, by My Lady Beauty Shop, 95 7th Av., Brooklyn.

MARTIN'S

desires thoroughly experienced

SALESWOMEN,

COATS AND SUITS,

DRESSES AND WAISTS.

Permanent positions; good salary.

FULTON, COR. BRIDGE ST., B'KLYN.

MESSENGERS.—Bright girls to collect and deliver mail in office; girls will be considered for clerical positions when proficient. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

MILLINERS,
IMPROVERS.

Light workroom. Good wages. Apply all week, Best & Co., 7 West 35th St., 8:30-10:30 A. M.

MILLINERS.

Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require several milliners. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent.

MILLINERS, COPYISTS, PREPARERS; best pay; long season. CHARLES J. LEVY, 649-651 Broadway.

MODELS.

SIZE 16.

MUST BE ATTRACTIVE.

EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.

LONG SEASON ASSURED.

$30 WEEKLY.

TREELINE SUIT CO.,

1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS,
STYLISH,
ATTRACTIVE
MISSES,
SIZE
16.
PERMANENT
POSITION.
HIGHEST
SALARIES.
C. KENYON CO.,
200 5TH AVE.,
ROOM 526.

MODELS, SIZE 16;
MUST BE ATTRACTIVE;
LONG SEASON ASSURED.
BIJOU DRESS CO.,
303 FIFTH AVENUE.

MODELS.
Cloaks and suits, sizes, 16, 36.
M. SHIPLOVSKY & CO.,
1,333 Broadway.

MODELS.—SIZE 36, CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE. KRUSKAL CO., 90 MADISON AV.

MODELS. — EXPERIENCED; SIZE 16; DRESS MODELS; SALARY $26; LONG SEASON. MONARCH DRESS, 11 EAST 20TH.

MODELS WANTED, SIZE 16, FOR COATS AND SUITS; LONG SEASON; GOOD SALARY. PHILLIPS, HERZOG & SONS, 8 WEST 33D.

MODEL, 16, for coats only, also assist in office; steady position. Goldberg & Freund, 159 West 25th St.

MODEL.—An attractive and stylish stout bust 42½; also youthful junior model, size 15. Lindeman, Gross & Hindes, 15 East 26th.

MODELS, size 16, large coat and suit house; long season; good pay. Herman Cloak Co., 1,333 Broadway.

MODELS.—STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 16, TO TRY ON DRESSES IN SALESROOM.

JESSE SHULMAN & CO.,
44 EAST 32D ST.

PATTERNS. — Wanted, experienced designers, also girls to fold paper patterns. Call after 9:30 Room 204A, 500 5th Av. S. T. Taylor Co.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MODEL.—Size 36, for coats and suits, long seasons; good pay. Mutual Garment Co., 16 West 32d St.

MODEL.—SIZE 16, FOR COATS. CALL ALL WEEK. CASSIDAY & DORFMAN, 45 WEST 25TH ST.

MODELS, 16-year dresses; large dress house. Borgenicht & Sons, 1,115 Broadway.

MODELS, 16 and 36, for coats and suits. Apply to Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d.

MODELS, size 16, misses' suits and coats; good salary. M. Schiff & Bro., 14 West 32d.

MODELS, size 36; experienced in cloak and suit house. Karl Light, 129 West 27th.

MOTHER'S HELPER TO ASSIST WITH HOUSEWORK AND CARE OF CHILDREN; GOOD WAGES AND PLEASANT HOME IN SUBURB; OTHER HELP KEPT. APPLY DEAN, 12 CRANE AV., WHITE PLAINS, OR PHONE WHITE PLAINS 2762-M.

MOTHER'S HELPER or Nursery Governess.—Refined woman to care for two children aged 14 months and 3½ years, do upstairs work and mending; country, half hour from New York. B 800 Times Annex.

NURSE, experienced, care 3 children; city residence; wages $50; unquestioned reference. Phone 976 Rhinelander.

NURSE.—Woman experienced as maternity working nurse; state salary, references. A 30? Times.

NURSEMAID for two children; cleanliness essential; reference; good wages. 737 North Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J. 2437 Elizabeth.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined young girl for two children; must speak French. Call between 9 and 11 A. M., Apt. 11C, 789 West End Av.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for two children; Christian Science family, leaving city; references. Phone Room 426, Hotel Belmont, for appointment.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPOTTERS. PERMANENT POSITIONS AND GOOD FUTURE FOR RELIABLE WOMEN. SALARY $14. APPLY OTTO SARONY CO., 1,177 BROADWAY.

POLICY WRITER wanted for Hoboken insurance office; state salary and experience. A 625 Times Downtown.

SKETCH ARTIST, FIRST-CLASS. CALL 9 A. M., 12 EAST 54TH.

SALESLADIES.—TALL STYLISH GIRLS FOR SALESLADIES; HIGH CLASS TRADE; GOOD SALARIES. APPLY, H. MILGRIM, 2,121 BROADWAY.

SALESLADY.—Picture frames; experienced only; steady position. Menger, Ring & Weinstein, 306 West 42d St.

SALESWOMEN.

Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn require a number of Saleswomen for permanent positions in the following departments:

ART EMBOIDERIES,
BUTTONS,
CAMERAS,
EMBROIDERY,
NECKWEAR,
PAPER PATTERNS,
SHOES.
Also,
STOCK AND JUNIOR SALESWOMEN over 18 years of age.

Apply to Superintendent any hour of the day, fourth floor.

SALESWOMEN WANTED TO SELL MEMBERSHIPS AT $29 IN AN ASSOCIATION ALREADY NUMBERING OVER 15,000 MEMBERS.

SPLENDID LEADS. 25% COMMISSION.

HEARTY CO-OPERATION AND CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT TO WOMEN WHO ARE IN EARNEST AND CAN FURNISH HIGHEST REFERENCES.

APPLY 9TH FLOOR, 443 4TH AVENUE.

SALESLADIES, thoroughly experienced on FURS.

Must be well versed with fur skins. Good salary; permanent position.

MARTIN'S, Fulton, corner Bridge St., Brooklyn.

SALESWOMEN

will find excellent opportunity in our Hosiery Department; only those thoroughly experienced and capable of serving high-grade clientele need apply; we hold all applications in the strictest confidence, and no references are looked up until after a satisfactory interview has been had.

Apply all week, Best & Co., Employment Office, 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 7 West 35th St.

SALESWOMEN.

We require experienced saleswomen for leather goods, books, stationery, handkerchiefs, hosiery, and underwear; congenial surroundings; permanent positions; no Saturday night work. Apply Superintendent, BARNETT BROS., COLUMBUS AV. & 74TH.

SALESLADIES

in showroom of wholesale dress house to act as models; must be young, tall, and have stout figures, bust 30; attractive appearance; no experience required; salaries. Baum-Wolff, 30 Madison Av., corner 29th St.

SALESWOMEN possessing ability may secure remunerative positions in petticoat department with best stores out of town. William Epstein & Bro., 1,239 Broadway.

SHADEMAKER

to work on silk lamp shades; experience necessary; good salary; steady position. Robichek Co., 479 1st Av.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER. — MUST BE EXPERT TRANSLATOR AND SPEAKER; ONE OF SPANISH BIRTH PREFERRED. PAUL WENGER CO., 56 LIBERTY ST.

STENCIL CUTTER.—A typewriter operator who understands cutting dermatype stencil for mimeograph machine. Mrs. French, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.

Permanent position in the office of large technical publishing house is offered to an intelligent, capable worker who will appreciate pleasant surroundings, good hours, &c.; state experience, age, and salary. S 604 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.

ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH AND PORTUGUESE; COMPETENT TO TRANSCRIBE, TRANSLATE; WE WILL CONSIDER APPLICANTS WITH ANY COMBINATION OF THE ABOVE LANGUAGES; SPEED AND ACCURACY ARE ESSENTIAL. APPLY CRANE CO., ROOM 501, BERKLEY BLDG., 20 WEST 45TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHER.

ONLY THOSE WITH SECRETARIAL EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.

AT WANAMAKER'S APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

STENOGRAPHER.—A better position for you; I require a brainy, bright girl with initiative; must be fast on typewriter, good at shorthand, and able to handle simple set of books; you must be able to run office in my absence; salary $20 or better to start, $30 later if you can earn it. Reply by letter only to Rex W. Wadman, Technical Advertising, 16 Beaver St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be thoroughly experienced and well trained in stenography, and also capable of handling other office details; an excellent position for the right party; applicants must state in detail their experience and training, giving age, salary earned in previous positions, and furnish references. Y 204 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, to make herself generally useful in office of a wholesale drug concern; hours 8-5; wages $18; answer in own handwriting. S 777 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Stenographers, (2,) for magazine publishing company; superior education and ability to do rapid stenographic work essential; hours 9 to 5, half day Saturday; write or call personally. 13th floor, 119 West 40th.

STENOGRAPHER.—An intelligent girl wanted, who can read and write fluently Spanish, French, and English; position permanent; pleasant office surroundings; references; state particulars. B 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Must be competent and well educated; salary to begin $12; opportunity for advancement; reply, stating experience, if any. S 106 Times.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping; splendid opportunity for young lady in magazine work; education more necessary than experience; state salary. S 180 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid dictation; bright, capable, refined girl for permanent position; state experience and salary desired. H 488 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted: Times Square office; excellent opportunity; knowledge law desirable; state age, experience, nationality, salary expected. S 192 Times.

STENOGRAPHER

with dictating machine experience for export house; $20 start; rapid advancement. Room 812, 114 Liberty St.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED IN LARGE OFFICE; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; SALARY $15 OR $17; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, &c. B 161 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and capable of handling other office details; steady position; state references, experience, salary, age. B. M., 605 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, law office; state age, qualifications, nationality, salary desired, and business telephone number. H 470 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Architect's office; good environment; high school graduate; state experience, age, reference; salary $14. A 313 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, by Brooklyn firm; young lady; competent beginner accepted; state age and salary desired. H 471 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable; good salary; steady position. Apply after 9:30, Imperial Hygienic Co., 136 West 52d St.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, accurate; permanent; hard position. Phone Mr. Whitehead Wednesday, Madison Square 6528.

TYPIST.—Permanent position in wholesale house for intelligent, quick worker; good opportunity for one who is accurate and dependable; salary $12. S. F., 164 Times.

TYPIST, clerk, high school graduate, advertising department of Christian firm; $13 start; good hours; pleasant surroundings. McCall, 236 West 37th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, plug board, importing business; intelligent and write good hand; state salary and experience. A 631 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.—Two typists wanted; must be rapid and accurate. Write, giving experience, reference, and salary wanted. A 245 Times.

UPHOLSTERERS.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., BROOKLYN,

require a number of first-class table hands on curtains. Only experienced hands need apply at Upholstery Workroom, fifth floor.

WAITRESSES to serve supper, 6 to 8 P. M. Apply 11:30 A. M., Miss Saunders, 143 East 39th St.

WOMAN AS GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT; MUST BE A FIRST-CLASS STENOGRAPHER; GOOD FUTURE FOR A BRIGHT WOMAN OF PLEASING PERSONALITY; SALARY $18. APPLY MARCEAU, THIRD FLOOR, 524 5TH AV., BETWEEN 10 AND 11 THURSDAY.

YOUNG WOMAN—AN EXCELLENT AND EXCEPTIONALLY INTERESTING POSITION IS AVAILABLE IN A LEADING MERCANTILE ESTABLISHMENT IN NEW YORK CITY FOR A YOUNG WOMAN OF REFINED AND ATTRACTIVE APPEARANCE; TO ONE OF THIS DESCRIPTION, WHO POSSESSES UNUSUAL TASTE AND DISCRETION IN MATTERS PERTAINING TO STYLE AND FASHION, A VERY DESIRABLE OCCUPATION AND PROSPECTS ARE PRESENTED IN THIS POSITION. ADDRESS WITH DETAILS, L 253 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY for general clerical work in large wholesale house in Brooklyn; must be accurate; good handwriting essential; some bookkeeping experience desirable; state age, experience, and salary desired. B 156 Times.

YOUNG LADY.—For office work; must be accurate at figures; experience not essential. Greenpoint Metallic Bed Co., 226 Franklin St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY; knowledge of stenography; take care of switchboard and assist in office. L 282 Times.

YOUNG LADY wanted to operate switchboard, do general filing in dry goods office; experience necessary. B 153 Times.

YOUNG woman, about 25, to solicit new accounts for well known service company in city; straight salary; advancement; give phone. A 604 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN with checking experience wanted in advertising agency; salary $10. Hanff-Metzger, Inc., 95 Madison Av.

YOUNG WOMAN to take care of child during afternoon. B 165 Times.

VICTROLA DEPARTMENT. EXPERIENCED SALESWOMAN WANTED

FOR our Victrola Department; must know the Record Catalogue thoroughly; excellent opportunity for right party. Write or call. Piser & Co., 2,887 3d Av. (150th St.)

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

OVER THREE THOUSAND GIRLS AND WOMEN have been placed by us in positions paying FROM $12 TO $35 PER WEEK.

Specialize in a profession that has been established and made profitable by our chain of schools, the only ones of their kind. Inspection of the equipment, alone, will repay you for a visit. If you expect to enter business or to increase your earning capacity our assistance will be invaluable to you. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, Singer Building. Branches: Philadelphia, Boston.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words a minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED

in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. What this training should cover will be discussed by Charles B. Couchman, C. P. A., (Mo.,) at Pace Institute on Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 6 P. M. Write or telephone for complimentary ticket of admission to the lecture and details of training classes. PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.

PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.

Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; advanced registration and references required.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

BECOME expert telephone operators, complete course, $10. Chief School, 5 Beekman St.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY, 20 VESEY ST. NO REGISTRATION FEE.
Steno.-Sec'y, Hoboken, $25.
Steno., motion picture, $25.
Steno., export, $25.
Steno., law, $23-$20.
Steno.-Social Sec'y; college woman preferred.
Steno., banking, $1,000 yearly.
Numerous positions, $20-$18-$15.
Beginners, $12.
Typist-Tabulator, $20-$18; copyists, $15; Brooklyn, $14.
Bookkeepers, $25-$22-$20.
Telephone Op.-File Clerk, $14.
File Clerks, $12.

THE STANDARD COMMERCIAL BUREAU.

A small and particular agency serving the best firms.

185 Madison Av., at 34th St. Miss Shelley.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 99 NASSAU. CORT. 3519.
STENOGRAPHERS .... TYPISTS
SECRETARIES .... BOOKKEEPERS
CLERICAL
EXPERIENCED OR BEGINNERS

STENOGRAPHERS.—Several splendid positions for Junior Stenographers, 1 to 2 years' expr. Also beginners, $18-$20. Experienced File Clerks, $18-$20; Typists, $15-$18. Alliance Exchange, 20 Liberty.

STENOGRAPHERS, COMMERCIAL, $18-$22. BOOKKEEPERS, A1, $20-$25. H. M. BRODY AGENCY, 239 Broadway. (Entrance 1 Park Place.)

STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$25; typists, $15-$18; permanent positions. Stenographers' Bureau, 158 Broadway.

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY, 489 5TH AV. 93 NASSAU ST. STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$20.

Bookkeepers, $12-$20; Stenographers, $10-$20; Dictaphone, Typists, Clerks. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS.

Seniors, semi-seniors, juniors, fully qualified, wanted by prominent firm certified public accountants. State briefly—name, address, telephone, age, nationality, birthplace, experience, compensation, present employer and references. All held in confidence. L 166 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, senior and junior, in office of certified public accountant; permanent position to right parties; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 424 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—We have openings on our permanent staff for two experienced senior accountants. Apply in person between 3 and 5:30, Tuesday or Wednesday afternoon, Suite 725, 52 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.
EXPERIENCED
HEAD
COPY WRITER.
SALARY $5,200 UPWARD.

Old, successful advertising agency reorganizing on new basis. Owner able, vigorous, well known, recognized everywhere, wishes to be relieved of inside office detail and supervision; desires to spend practically all his time outside in contact with clients—old and prospective. Wants several inside men; mainly and immediately a head chief who will be responsible for copy, art, engraving, printing, &c.; practically an inside agency head. He will be given assistant copy writers, artists, stenographers, mechanical expert and forwarders as more are needed.

A splendid opportunity for an able, level-headed, ambitious, experienced agency copy producer who can work like a horse, has executive managerial power, and wants to eventually (if not now) own a substantial interest in a prosperous advertising agency.

For 10 years this agency has earned for its owner upward of 20% on $100,000 capital. It would be a rare investment for any advertising man who wants to work along with his money to buy stock in such a firm, provided he is qualified and has the money.

Capital is not asked for, but if the right man insists on owning stock, the present owner will permit him to do so.

If now employed, but are interested in this proposition, you might use a "pseudonym" so as to avoid any possible embarrassment when writing fully your experience and qualifications: though every communication will be held in absolute confidence, and the agency owner can be absolutely trusted in this matter. Address Agency Owner, B 156 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER TO TAKE FULL CHARGE ENTIRE DEPARTMENT OF A NATIONALLY ADVERTISED LINE, ALSO ASSIST IN SALES DEPARTMENT AND IN EDITING HOUSE ORGAN; STATE FULL DETAILS, PAST EXPERIENCE, AGE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. WRITE SALES, ROOM 611 WORLD BUILDING, N. Y.

ADVERTISING MAN, A1, wanted for live Texas town; must be first-class "ad" writer, window dresser, and card writer; also capable floorwalker; position permanent. Apply C. Roddy, Room 302, 1,182 Broadway, between 5 and 6, evenings.

ADVERTISING AND SALES MANAGER wanted for chain store organization operating credit clothing stores; excellent opportunity. Y 272 Times Annex.

AD WRITER.—Large trade paper wants a copy writer; must have had experience preparing copy for such accounts as foundries, machine shops, steel mills and allied industries; reply should state fully age, experience, salary desired, etc. R. X., 325 Times.

ARTIST, commercial; permanent, agency experience preferred. Peck Advertising Agency, 347 5th Av.

ASSISTANT BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT. BEST & CO., 5th Av. and 35th St.,

require a man, mechanically inclined, preferably between 30 and 35 years of age, with first-class retail, specialty, or department store experience; other qualifications are sobriety, ambition, and a desire for advancement by hard work; such a good position as this is seldom offered.

Applications by mail will be received in strictest confidence.

ASSISTANT to department manager by a growing concern, engaged in the export business; applicant must understand bookkeeping and have sufficient executive ability to take care of small office details; export knowledge desirable but not essential; excellent opportunity for advancement for a serious young man. In reply give age, qualifications, expectations; Brooklyn residence preferred. A 654 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT SALES MANAGER.

Wanted immediately, assistant to sales manager organizing large intensive specialty selling campaign, including canvassing; an opportunity worth having for man who can grasp general policy and carry out details; salary commensurate with ability and experience; preference given discharged service man; write fully. B 162 Times.

ASSISTANT BUYER, experienced, to help buy for wholesale dry goods, notions, men's and ladies' furnishings; must know New York market. Write J. C., 14 Avenue A.

BOOKKEEPER. — By Gentile cotton goods commission house, thoroughly capable, experienced bookkeeper who can neatly and accurately handle large volume work, understands controlling accounts, account sales, financial statements; permanent; $35-$40; state age, experience. B 637 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; state age, experience, and education; salary $20, with good prospects. P. O. Box 325, General Delivery.

BOOKKEEPER wanted to assist on customers' ledgers; experienced; write in own handwriting, giving references and salary wanted. A 244 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry, controlling accounts, and typewriting; preferably experienced in building construction office. R 715 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and general office assistant; particulars and salary. R 711 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced and accurate. Call between 4 and 5 o'clock, Advertisers, Room 65, 125 East 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist; splendid opportunity; moderate salary to start. S 209 Times.

BOOKKEEPER for factory, just outside Montclair; state experience and salary. H 473 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted to work on customers' ledger; salary $20. H 475 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man experienced cloaks and suits. Lachman, Morse & Hirsch, 29 West 30th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Bright young man. Answer in own handwriting, stating salary, experience, &c. S 202 Times.

BOY WANTED.—Under 16, to make himself generally useful in office of downtown export house; permanent position with chance of advancement for ambitious, hard worker, willing to learn; answer in own handwriting, giving references and salary expected. Address Learner, B 628 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16, willing and ambitious, to work in stock and make himself generally useful in lace importing house; no experience necessary; salary $10 a week with chance for advancement. L. H. Junod & Co., 100 5th Av.

BOY in old-established Christian wholesale and importing house, splendid chance for advancement for one who will stick; write giving age, religion, salary expected; inexperienced preferred. Boy, 123 Times.

BOY, bright, intelligent, wanted, age 15, who can operate mimeograph and be generally useful; good steady position; chance for advancement. Apply by letter, stating references and wages. A 267 Times.

BOYS.—SEVERAL BRIGHT BOYS WANTED, 15 TO 17 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY TO MR. DISCH, BAKER, MURRAY & IMBRIE, 10 WARREN ST.

BOYS.—We require several boys, about 16 years of age, as errand boys in our office; excellent opportunity. Ask for Minzie, Times Square Auto Supply Co., Broadway and 56th St.

BOY wanted, bright, about 14; must be steady, trustworthy and ambitious; right boy will be given thorough office training and advancement. See A. L. K., 9 A. M., 2,929 Broadway.

BOY.—Bright, neat office boy, about 16 years old, in wholesale house; chance for advancement; state salary and reference. B 623 Times Downtown.

BOY.—Cashier's office of large corporation; must be bright and ambitious; excellent opportunity; state full particulars. S 769 Times Downtown.

BOY to learn fine platinum diamond mounting; must come well recommended; pay to learn; exceptional opportunity for bright boy. Esh Company, 16 West 45th St.

BOY, stenographer, typist, for real estate office; good opportunity to learn the business. Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., 50 East 42d St.

BOY, 16 or 17, for general office work in large dry goods commission house; good chance for advancement. A 653 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in advertising agency. Apply J. Walter Thompson Company, 244 Madison Av.

BOY wanted in office export (Gentile) firm; write, stating age, salary, experience. S 771 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, in office wholesale hardware; good opportunity; salary $8-$9. Call 122 Chambers St.

BOY, bright, active, over 16, to make himself generally useful in circulation department of publishing house. McCall, 236 West 37th.

BOYS (2) wanted, 16 to 19 years old, to work in seed store. Call Stumpp & Walter Co., 30-32 Barclay St., N. Y. City.

BOY, in office of Christian wholesale house; $10 per week. S 219 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

BOY, make himself generally useful in wholesale millinery house; chance for advancement. Rawak, 58 West 38th.

BOY wanted for export office downtown; state age, nationality, experience, and salary. Box 267, Times, 2 Rector St.

BOY, bright and neat, to do office work and errands. Advertisers, 125 East 23d St., Room 65.

BOY wanted for office work and light shipping. Apply 805 Singer Building.

BUTLER-VALET, useful, country; personal references. Call Cotton Exchange Building, Williams St., Room 12, 10:30 to 4.

BUYER for cloaks and suits; experience necessary; state age and salary. Box D. K., 104 East 14th.

CABLE CLERK, STENOGRAPHER; thoroughly competent, familiar standard codes, capable developing private codes; preferably with knowledge of French. R 725 Times Downtown.

CANDY MAKER. — A reliable, all-around candy maker; must have a complete knowledge of and be able to produce all the various kinds of candy; an exceptional and unique position for an expert man with an old-established concern. A 434 Times Downtown.

CHECKER.—Drug and patent medicine checker for wholesale drug house, only experienced help need apply; wages $22 per week. Apply Roeber & Kuebler, 270 Plane St., Newark, N. J.

CHEMIST WANTED, EXPERIENCED; PREFER ONE WITH KNOWLEDGE OF DRYING OILS, VARNISH, DRYERS AND TEXTILES. ADDRESS, STATING WAGES DESIRED, REFERENCES, EXPERIENCE, &c., CHEMIST, ROOM 811, WORLD BLDG., N. Y.

CIRCULATION MAN WANTED

To work in office of big magazine; state all previous connections, experience and references. L 346 Times.

CLERKS.—Insurance company wants 8 ledger clerks temporarily to work evenings (5 nights a week) from 5 to 12 o'clock with 1 hour for supper; salary $18 per week. B 629 Times Downtown.

COAL EXPORT MANAGER, thoroughly familiar with domestic production and export, with connections, for occasional, confidential services. Room 1206, 115 Broadway.

COLLECTOR wanted to take full charge of magazine installment collections in the Greater New York City district; must have ability to handle men, write orders, and be thoroughly familiar with up to date mail follow up methods; bond required; we pay cost. Address, stating age, experience, reference, and salary expected, Y 258 Times Annex.

COLLECTOR, with experience in handling documents, wanted by chemical concern; will gradually be trained in to call on trade as a salesman. Write, stating experience and salary expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 273 Green St., Brooklyn.

COPYHOLDER, to assist in night composing room; good position. Apply 8th floor, McGraw-Hill Co., 475 10th Av.

CORRESPONDENT, age 25-30, capable of handling large volume of detail collection work and securing results without antagonism; an opportunity is offered for advancement; state salary expected. P. O. Box 1201, New York City.

COST CLERK.—Must have experience in automobile repairs, cost, and billing. Apply Renault Selling Branch, 17th St. and 11th Av.

ENTRY CLERK, who also understands running billing machine. S 712 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.—Leading export publication requires capable man familiar with export trade, act as assistant manager service department; knowledge of languages desired; preference to discharged soldiers. Apply Room 620, 280 Broadway.

FASHION ARTIST wanted, experienced; to a man who can adapt himself to figure and commercial work between seasons a steady position is guaranteed; a good starting salary and splendid prospects for the right man; send samples and state salary desired. Grip Limited, Toronto, Canada.

FOREMAN who thoroughly understands manufacturing of drapery trimmings, such as weaving, fancy fringes and edgings, operation of flat knitters, including all incidental machinery used in connection with same; good opportunity with business prospects for right man; must be prepared to leave New York; state age and experience. B 152 Times.

FURNITURE SALESMEN.—Only men who can command business need apply; high-class household goods in New York City; commission basis; small drawing account. C. N., 802 Times Downtown.

GLASSWARE STOCKKEEPERS.

Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require experienced Glassware Stockkeepers. Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, fourth floor.

IMPORT AND EXPORT MANAGER wanted, thoroughly conversant with the South American field in all its phases; foreign markets, exporting, customs, &c.; a knowledge of Spanish is important; in writing give full particulars regarding experience and salary expected. B 149 Times.

INVOICE CLERKS, (one Spanish, one Portuguese,) wanted by large export and import house; familiar with these languages as well as with calculations; salary varying from $75 to $110 per month; state full details in application. H 465 Times Downtown.

LAW OFFICE assistant to active practitioner wanted; admitted attorney preferred; state age, experience, nationality, salary expected. H 478 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK.—Accustomed to large number of accounts and trial balance. Address, stating fully experience, age, salary wanted, &c., A 649 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK.—Thoroughly experienced; state age, experience, references, and salary; permanent position with advancement. B 151 Times.

MANAGERS.—ONE OF THE LARGEST AND MOST PROMINENT CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS ORGANIZATIONS IN THE COUNTRY IS DESIROUS OF SECURING THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND HIGHLY CAPABLE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT MANAGERS; APPLY, GIVING EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALL COMMUNICATIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL. BOX B 641 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MANAGER for high-class tea room and confectionery; unlimited possibilities for producer; reply giving experience, references and salary expected. S 204 Times.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN wanted to handle crew on high-grade, well-advertised grocery specialty; must understand house-to-house work and be thoroughly familiar with New York territory; also must possess ability to superintend the work which will be done by subordinates; good salary for high-grade man. H 470 Times Downtown.

MAN, thoroughly familiar with export business in piece goods, particularly to South America; must be able to initiate and develop business; state age, experience, references, salary expected, &c. Y 209 Times Annex.

MAN with thorough knowledge of Georgette crepes and crepe de chines and sources of supply; only thoroughly experienced need apply. Write L. G., Box 22, 125 E. 34th St.

MANUFACTURER Wanted.—A very capable man to take complete charge of a factory in the South, making suits, coats, skirts, house and children's dresses, a man that has the experience of manufacturing and able to produce merchandise for the jobbers; the experience must consist of long and successful years in similar position; a big opportunity for one who wishes to connect himself with a firm that has a very bright future, and in which he can acquire stock after his ability is proven; if you are qualified for above position call any morning this week. Louis L. Vogel, 1,170 Broadway, Room 609.

MARINE INSURANCE.

Assistant claim adjuster wanted by a large marine insurance company; man experienced in hull and cargo adjustments preferred; excellent future assured right man; applications will be treated in confidence. A 617 Times Downtown.

MERCHANDISE MAN FOR STOCK.

Must have clothing trade experience, be conversant with existing market conditions, and be capable of assisting in buying of woolens, linings, &c.; applicant must write full details covering personal qualifications and experience to secure interview. H. B., 803 Times Downtown.

METER REPAIR MEN wanted, experienced; good wages and steady job assured. Write Detroit City Gas Company, Distribution Dept., Detroit, Mich.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MILL DRESSER.—Experienced, for paint mills; apply in person. The Patterson-Sargent Co., Van Dam St. and Hunter's Point Av., L. I. City. Take Queensboro subway to Rawson St. station.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR. Apply Mr. Tuchman, 1,600 Broadway, 3d floor.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR. Apply to Mr. Tuchman, 1,600 Broadway, 3d floor.

OFFICE MANAGER,

Competent take charge credit and correspondence; experienced in ladies' ready-to-wear line. Parisian Mfg., 31 East 31st.

OFFICE BOY.—Manufacturing corporation requires services of young man about 16 years of age; Christian firm. Apply in own handwriting. B 620 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, about 15 years; one who is willing and capable; chance for advancement. Apply Exhibitors' Trade Review, 1,587 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY with experience; salary depends upon ability. A 644 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS.—Large insurance company; advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

OFFICE BOY in insurance broker's office. S 714 Times Downtown.

OIL SALESMAN.—Excellent opportunity for an experienced and live wire oil salesman in New York City, Brooklyn, and upper New Jersey; the applicant preferably should have a knowledge of all lubricating oils and greases, cutting oils, quenching and tempering oils, and core oils; the line is advertised and well known in this field and the nucleus for a large and profitable business is already established; only those should reply who are willing to work upon a straight commission basis and who can show unquestionable references as to selling ability and personal character. Y 264 Times Annex.

ORDER CLERK wanted for New York Stock Exchange house. Write full details, giving experience, age, references, and salary expected, F. E., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station.

ORDER CLERK.—In New York office of Eastern textile mill, order clerk and inside salesman, age 25-30; state fully experience and salary expected. A 651 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK, experienced in printing office; state qualification and salary. H 492 Times Downtown.

PACKERS, experienced, for cloak and suit house; good salaries. Call 35th St. entrance, Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 B'way.

PATENT DRAFTSMAN.

Young man who has had a thorough experience on patent work. Employment office open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE ST., near West St., 2 blocks south of 14th St.

PETTICOAT manufacturer wanted, thoroughly capable of taking complete charge of factory; one who has had actual manufacturing experience; contractors not required. Call between 4 and 6, Tuesday, Wednesday evening, Waters-Weismann Co., Inc., 225 5th Av., Suite 405.

PHYSICIAN to experiment with high-grade pharmaceutical product and assist in preparing literature regarding its properties. Answer confidential, B 900 Times Annex.

PICTURE FITTERS.

Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require several picture fitters. Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, 4th floor.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, certified, Eastern preferred, for immediate engagement by engineering company. B 137 Times.

PUBLISHING HOUSE WISHES

Man with circulation experience; tell all you have had in first letter. L 347 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to sell rubber heels; new invention; salary and commission; highest references required; experience an asset but not essential. H 477 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED; OPPORTUNITY TO CONNECT WITH LARGE CORRUGATED BOX CONCERN; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN IN THE CORRUGATED LINE NEED APPLY; ALL CORRESPONDENCE WILL BE KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; SALARY OR COMMISSION. Y 239 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN wanted to sell caps in the Western territory; must have experience in selling this line; we have two established territories; a good opportunity for first-class men only; state in your first letter your past experience; commission, traveling expenses, and drawing account, Empire Cap Mfg. Co., 908-10 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL EXPORT SERVICE ON COMMISSION BASIS; GOOD MEN CAN EASILY EARN $100 WEEKLY; ANY MAN SHOWING RESULTS AFTER TWO WEEKS WILL BE PLACED ON REGULAR WEEKLY DRAWING ACCOUNT OF $50. APPLY, IN PERSON, G. S. KRIEGER, 62 WEST 14TH ST.

SALESMEN.—High grade, intelligent men to sell yearly contracts for protection; devote full time or as side line; men with automobile or other manufacturing connections; commission basis only. B 636 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, by prominent manufacturer; handle their lines decorative art linens, pillow cases, and infants' wear for following territories: South and Coast; can be handled conjunction with non-conflicting lines; commission basis. C. F., Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, retail millinery man; live wire; to take charge of millinery department popular priced department store, Columbus, Ohio. Apply Thursday morning 9 to 11. Mr. C. Melancon, 37 West 26th St., 7th floor.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Live wire to call on resident buyers and department stores by progressive house making strong line coats, capes, and wraps of better kind; give full information; correspondence treated confidentially; commission basis. S 206 Times.

SALESMANAGER WANTED.

Must show evidence of ability to sell and to instruct others in the art of selling; a real opportunity, with good salary and commission contract. Y 263 Times Annex.

SALESMEN WHO HAVE HAD SPECIALTY EXPERIENCE PREFERRED, TO SELL NATIONALLY ADVERTISED OFFICE APPLIANCE; LIBERAL COMMISSION. 450 4TH AV., 9TH FLOOR.

SALESMAN, experienced in paper line; established trade in Greater New York; splendid opportunity for advancement; drawing account and commission. A 643 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted, notion or ribbon, in each State to carry on commission as side line our Hair Bow Holder, which every department store carries. Goldsmith & Harzberg, Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN.

Experienced man to sell stock over telephone; salary and large commission. Call 516 5th Av., Room 805.

SALESMAN wanted, who will sell on commission native wine to consumers, by the barrel, at $4 per gallon. Mayflower Grape Wine Co., 19 Doane St., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN, experienced on men's neckwear, to sell out of town; must have an established trade; state reference, &c.; commission basis. A 648 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted, high-grade, to introduce "Never-Freeze" radiator fluid; best and cheapest on market; commission basis. Call at 11 o'clock, 1 Cedar St., New York.

SALESMAN to sell skirts to office trade and department stores; must have good reference; salary and commission. Cooper Bros., 350 Canal St.

SALESMAN to carry side line of skirts, all territories; must have good reference; salary and commission. Cooper Bros., 350 Canal St.

SALESMAN wanted, with full experience and good following for office trade only, for popular skirt line; commission basis. Perfection Skirt Co., 12 West 18th St.

SALESMEN wanted by cotton goods converter, one familiar with department store trade, for city and outside territories; commission basis. B 129 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced man, to sell insect screens; state who you have worked for and when; steady job to right man; salary. B 147 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced; office and city trade; coats and suits; commission, with drawing account. A 299 Times.

SALESMAN on men's raincoats, as side line, for city and office trade, on commission. Y 271 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted, electric vacuum cleaner, as entire or side line; high commission. Apply 1,047 Park Av., (86th.)

SALESMAN.—EXPERIENCED IN VEILING LINE ONLY, TO WAIT ON HOUSE TRADE. L 352 TIMES.

SALESMEN auto accessory can secure profitable side line; big commission. L 344 Times.

SALESMEN for highest class office specialty; commission; with drawing account if worthy. Plechner, 42 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, for wholesale grocery; commission basis; security necessary. Stiegel, 2,084 1st Av.

SALESMAN.—Knowledge steel or allied business; salary, commission; state experience, age. A 287 Times.

SALESMEN for cloaks and suits; city and office trade; live wire only. Waldman, 1,161 Broadway.

SALESMAN and window dresser for high grade men's furnishings. B 159 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN.
AN OPPORTUNITY FOR
A BIG PRODUCER.

We are looking for a clean-cut, live-wire salesman accustomed to interviewing men of affairs who can prove from past performances that he is capable of earning at least $7,500 a year. If you are such a man and your references are satisfactory, we will give you the opportunity of making money faster than you ever made it before.

We are a successful manufacturing corporation with a nationally-known product. We are enlarging our plant to take care of increased business resulting from the termination of the war. We want a real salesman, who possesses tact and initiative, to call on our business correspondents in New York and vicinity (with letters of introduction) and take subscriptions to our offering of 8% Preferred Stock with a Common Stock bonus. Commission basis. If you think you can qualify, call after 10 A. M. and before 3:30 P. M., or write, stating your experience and qualifications. Suite 301, 50 East 42d Street, New York City.

SALESMEN

And Those Who Believe They Can Sell.

A responsible investment house has a genuine opportunity worth $5,000 to $10,000 commission annually; following qualifications necessary: good personality, absolute honesty and backbone to do things worth while; we want positive not negative men; managerial positions to those who make good; we protect our clients against stock swindlers. Address Wall Street Post Office Box 27.

SALESMAN.—Part or whole time; genuine opportunity to connect at once with a large concern possessing clean A1 bona fide proposition; you, as an energetic man, can double, yes, treble, your present income; your efforts will earn large commission for you; $1,850 to $3,700 yearly should be your remuneration with a little energy, selling our new "Triple" Indemnity Policy; nothing like it ever issued; pays $120 monthly for every accident and sickness; $240 monthly hospital benefit, $360 monthly for travel accident; costs only $24 yearly; one-half benefits $12; great demand for same and easy seller. Call or write for particulars. Fred J. Schaefer & Co., Managers, 1,123 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN.—Dress silk house, making an up-to-date line of high-grade silks, every number a leader, is looking for representative over the following territories: Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, Boston and the East, Middle West, Northwest, New York State and Pennsylvania, and the entire South; commission basis only and no objection to other non-conflicting lines; acquaintance with silk buyers essential. Address, stating full particulars as to past, present connections. Y 281 Times Annex.

SALESMAN TO SELL INCOME TAX SERVICE.

Now being used by well-known accountants, lawyers, banks, trust companies and large business houses; a high-grade salesman is offered an opportunity to earn large commission selling this service in New York and to become permanent district manager over several States; a local manager is also wanted for Albany, Boston, Bridgeport, Hartford, New Haven, Newark, Providence, and other cities. Phone Mr. Ettinger, Chel. 9498, for appointment. Prentice Hall, Inc., 70 5th Av.

SALESMEN—UNIFORMED MEN.

Two or three high-grade producers wanted to sell "Income-for-Life" contracts by institution of national repute doing a million a month in New York City alone; the right men can make $200 to $500 per week; salary or drawing account and commission, if satisfactory. Call 11-2 o'clock, Mr. Waddell, 111 Broadway, Suite 1130.

SALES ENGINEER.

Nationally known concern manufacturing accessories for automotive industries has immediate opening for experienced, aggressive sales engineer, accustomed to making not less than $5,000 and expenses per annum; preferably one familiar with motor boat manufacturers; unusual opportunity; drawing account and commission; no application considered unless complete particulars accompany reply. A 282 Times.

SALESMAN, silk, up-to-date, well-known dress silk house making the better class of merchandise is open for a first-class salesman to call on the cutting-up trades; only those who have actually sold silks to this trade and have an established following among them will be considered; liberal drawing account against commission; address giving full details as to past and present connections. Y 258 Times Annex.

SALESMAN Wanted.—Services of first-class, sensible salesmen of pleasing personality for Eastern representative of well-established Middle West carton and label printing house; give references, with full detail of age, experience, and salary or commission expected, also whether or not employed at present; excellent opportunity. X 332 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, retail cloak and suit experience, to take charge of cloak and suit department popular priced department store, Columbus, Ohio; good position for live wire; others need not apply; Thursday morning, Jan. 30, bet. 9 and 11. Mr. C. Melancon, 37 West 26th St., 7th floor.

SALESMAN, SOUTHERN STATES, medium-sized towns, hats, caps, misses' and children's headwear; good opportunity for an experienced man who can prove his value; commission basis; interviews will be arranged with applicant who can answer fully, stating qualification and experience. D. H., 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—A young man with thorough knowledge of LEATHER is wanted by large export and import house for South America; preferably some one speaking Spanish; state full details, experience, age, nationality, and salary desired. B 607 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to cover department stores in New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade will be considered; commission basis; good opportunity to make big money. Freyberg, 85 5th Av.

SECTION MANAGERS.

A large department store in New York City requires a number of high-class men; experienced men preferred; excellent chances for advancement; state age, firms employed by, &c. D. C., 803 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK for wholesale handkerchief house; apply, stating age, experience, salary expected. R 381 Times.

SPANISH - ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly conversant with Spanish, is wanted by export and import house; offering good future; initial salary $90 to $110 per month; state details as to experience, nationality, and references. H 486 Times Downtown.

SPECIALTY MAN who understands jams and jellies to work retail grocery trade metropolitan district; good salary for high-grade man. Nowland-Garretson, Inc., 100 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER AND FILER.—Bright, ambitious young man; good opportunity for right person. Address, own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary. A 629 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER who can take rapid dictation and transcribe notes accurately; good opportunity for right party. A 626 Times Downtown.

STERN BROTHERS, WEST 42D ST., HAVE VACANCIES FOR EXPERIENCED FURNITURE SALESMAN ACCUSTOMED TO FINE TRADE. APPLY 9 A. M., SUPT.'S OFFICE, 6TH FLOOR, OR BY LETTER.

STOCK CLERK

in wholesale importing house; young man about 18, having some experience in notions and fancy goods; excellent opportunity for advancement; state experience and salary expected. D. H., 235 Times.

STOCK CLERK.—Notion importing house needs experienced stock clerk; state age, salary, and reference. B 622 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN

wanted to sell shares of going concern; good leads; liberal commission. H. Edwin Marks & Sons, 22 East 34th St., 2d floor.

STORE MANAGER,

Women's Apparel Store,

Wanted for the Perth Amboy branch of THE DAVID STRAUS CO. of Newark, N. J. Apply in person at the Newark Store. Applications will be treated in confidence.

TEACHER for Catholic high school; good references; Latin, mathematics, English, history. A 233 Times, Harlem.

TOOL—STEEL for Shop and Mine Tools.

Salesman to call on mills and mines in Pennsylvania, West Virginia, New York, New Jersey; must have experience; reference required; commission basis. B 643 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

TRAFFIC MAN by export corporation; experienced handling inland freight and warehousing; state age, experience, salary desired. L 342 Times.

TYPEWRITER REPAIRERS WANTED ON REMINGTON, SMITH PREMIER, AND MONARCH TYPEWRITERS. APPLY MR. ORBELL, 374 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MAN who has knowledge of stenography and typewriting as BILL CLERK and general OFFICE ASSISTANT in office of silk trimming manufacturer; address in own handwriting, giving references, age, and salary expected. B 648 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN AS
JUNIOR CLERK

for advertising agency; opportunity to learn advertising business; moderate salary; state age and salary expected. B 639 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—School book publisher is in need of a young man for outside work in metropolitan district; it is a good clean job, dealing with intelligent people; college man preferred; state salary, age, and experience, if any, and education. B 131 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Excellent opening in office of wholesale house for alert, intelligent young man (18-20) with some order department experience and good education; must be quick, resourceful, ambitious. B. S., 171 Times.

YOUNG MAN with some experience in hanging and installation of electric lighting and telephone, to place a fire extinguishing apparatus. Apply to Carolina Products Co., 302 West 26th St.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years, for stock work in linen and cotton line; write, giving age, experience, if any and references; salary $12. H 478 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to operate billing machine and to keep stock books for wholesale handkerchief house; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 285 Times.

YOUNG MAN, able to typewrite, assist in export shipping office; $50 monthly start; opportunity learn business. B 646 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, stenographer, typist, with knowledge of bookkeeping; steady position, good salary; no beginner. Marcus Miller, 851 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

YOUNG MAN, neat appearance, in office of corporation, filing and general office work; knowledge of typewriting desirable. B 619 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN (2) wanted in a large publishing house; good education; accurate at figures; salary to begin, $73 monthly. H 469 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in electrical work; must be high school graduate. Apply in person, Electrical Alloy Company, Morristown, N. J.

YOUNG MAN wanted by high-class decorating establishment to learn the business. B 158 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted as assistant in stock department. Apply Lay & Way Co., 906 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN for light, inside, clean occupation; over 18. S 714 Times Downtown.

YOUTHS over 16, learn mercantile business, starting stock clerk. S 713 Times Downtown.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

YOUNG SOUTH AMERICAN GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO PRACTICE THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE WITH REFINED AND WELL-EDUCATED PARTY; PRICE NO OBJECTION. B 606 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SOUTH AMERICAN GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO CHANGE ENGLISH LESSONS FOR PORTUGUESE OR FRENCH; ALSO SOCIAL ENTERTAINMENT WITH REFINED PARTY. B 605 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAKE MORE MONEY

by working at the right job. Character analysis tells you by infallible methods what your strong points are, and gives you practical aid in selecting the position in which you will achieve greatest success.

Dr. Merton's character readings and vocational counsel have aided thousands. Readings by appointment. Also classes in character analysis now forming.

MERTON INSTITUTE, 96 5th Av., at 15th St. Phone—Chelsea 4054.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $3,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst, 100 Pullman Bldg, New York.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway at 72d St.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 23, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY

As a Doctor of Chiropractic; day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet B. CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6956.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

Study advertising; small classes; free trial lesson. Y. M. H. A., Lexington Av. and 92d St.

MOVING-PICTURE operating taught; positions free; day or evening. 644 8th Av.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Business is now demanding hundreds of trained men; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 73, "Your English," will enable you to determine; write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

Junior Accountants & Bookkeepers for Export Corporations, expd. analyzing accounts & drawing financial statements, attractive salary; Junior Stenographers, (Beginners acceptable,) some filing, $20; Junior Clerks $15-$18. Alliance, 20 Liberty.

BOOKKEEPER, $40; office executive, (expert accountant,) clerks; many others. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 93 NASSAU. CORT. 3519. Experienced stock and bond salesman.

AGENTS WANTED.
Fifty cents an agate line.

AGENTS wanted in every locality to handle easiest selling oil leases in State of Texas; energetic salesman can make big money. P. O. Box 928, Dallas, Texas.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

AUTO BARGAINS.
ON EXHIBITION.
CADILLAC, collapsible Landaulet, 1917.
CADILLAC, convertible Sedan, 1917.
CADILLAC, Victoria coupe, 1917.
CADILLAC, Roadster, 1917.
CADILLAC, 7-passenger, 1917 and 1916.
PACKARD Chummy Roadster, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD, Touring, 2-25, 1917.
PACKARD 2-35, Landaulet, 1917.
PIERCE 6-48, Limousine, 1917.
PIERCE, 6-48, Touring, 1916.
LOCO, 6-38, Landaulet, 1915.
LANCIA, 35, Special Roadster, 1916.
LANCIA, Streamline Touring, 1916.
BIDDLE, new Roadster, 1918.
ISOTTA, Special Touring, 1915.
LANCIA, Modern Town Car.
FIAT, 90, Special Roadster.
DE DION, small Town Car.
RENAULT, 18 horse, collapsible Landaulet.
RENAULT, 45, Limousine.
PEUGEOT, 18-horse Sedan, exceptional.
ROSKAM SCOTT CO.,
1,896 Broadway, (63d,) 907 Columbus.

APPERSON 1918 SPORT.
BIDDLE 1917 4-passenger.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1918 6-passenger.
CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
DANIELS 1917 4-passenger.
HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1918 Roadster and Speedster.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood 4-passenger.
PIERCE 1917 "66" Chummy Roadster.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
[illegible] Broadway.

BUICK 1918 Roadster, with Buick Winter top. MacLellan, 1,778 Broadway. Circle 1417.

BUICK, 1917, Little-6 touring, $800. 1,778 Broadway. (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.
Fifty cents an agate line.

BUY now. Prices advance in Spring. Every car overhauled, repainted and guaranteed.
CADILLAC 1918 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1918 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
STUTZ 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
STUTZ 1918 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING—4.
PACKARD 1916 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING—4.
BIDDLE 1917 SPORTING—4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLAC
1917 IMPERIAL LIMOUSINE,

in very good mechanical condition, requiring no overhauling or repairs; body dark maroon and paint in excellent condition; interior upholstered in special way, with dark blue stripe, like new; tires, tools and all equipment complete; will make a very satisfactory private or public car.

3 LAFAYETTE AV., BROOKLYN.
PHONE MAIN 527.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan, new cord tires, original paint, which is excellent; mechanically perfect; an exceptional opportunity considering condition.

HUDSON 1918 Suburban Sedan, like new; special blue velvet upholstery, wire wheels, extras; presents beautiful appearance; exceptional car.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan, mechanically perfect; shock absorbers, many extras; reasonably priced.

COLE USED CAR DEPT., 226 West 56th St. FOURTH FLOOR.

CADILLAC cabriolet; late 1917 model; full leather back; perfect condition; wire wheels; excellent tires; Westinghouse shock absorbers; run low mileage; absolutely no dealers considered. Address Rowantree, Room 3555, 120 Broadway; telephone Rector 9740.

CADILLAC, (1918-1917,) four pass. touring. PIERCE-ARROW, (1918,) landaulet, 38 h. p. PACKARD, (1918,) limousine, 3-35 like new. F. TURNER, 20 Broad. Phone Rector 4412.

CADILLAC 1917 Sedan; perfect mechanical condition; make offer. Telephone Owner, 348 Rector.

CADILLAC 1918 Sedan, 1917 Sedan, 1917 touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,730 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918 Sedan, almost new, mechanically perfect, bargain. Owner, 672 Times Downtown.

CADILLAC 1917 4-PASS TOURING. WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CADILLAC 1916 Sedan; price attractive. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1916 Limousine; condition perfect. Phone Circle 5692.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, practically new; sacrifice. Circle 153.

CHANDLER, Sedan, 7-passenger; like new; reason for selling, too large for doctor's use. Phone Orchard 4149.

CHANDLER, 1918 series touring car; equal to new; $1,000. Call Cortlandt 4332.

DODGE 1918 runabout, like new; need cash; make offer. 1,980 Broadway.

EASY WAY TO SELL YOUR CAR.—Van Tassell & Kearney's sales ring, 126-128 East 13th St., has long been esteemed a clearing house for the sale and purchase of second-hand automobiles by auction; least troublesome and quickest medium for both seller and buyer; more prospective buyers than cars as a rule, so enter yours now; auction of autos every Tuesday and Friday at noon. Telephone Stuyvesant 523.

HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET. HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1916. WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON "37," five-passenger, combination body; new tires; Delco system; self-starter. Bronx Park Garage, 2,800 Webster Av.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan; real opportunity. 1,778 B'way, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 1918 4-passenger speedster; must sell quickly; need cash. 1,980 Broadway.

HUDSON Super-Six Sedan; dispose of this beautiful car at bargain. 1,980 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Limousine; town car. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) 1 flight. Circle 1417.

HUPMOBILE Sedan, 1917; beautiful looking car; run only 5,400 miles; motor in excellent condition. 321 West 80th St.

KING, 8-cylinder 5-passenger, perfect condition, good tires. Kiernan, St. Nicholas Garage, 547 St. Nicholas Av.

KNOX.—Beautiful limousine-landaulet, wire wheels, starter; cost over $7,000; first cash offer of $1,000 accepted. 1,980 Broadway.

LIMOUSINE BODY, modern, first-class condition, can be bought at any reasonable offer. West Side Auto Repair, 214 West 65th, Columbus 5778.

LEXINGTON late 1918 model 7-passenger, perfect condition; only run 5,000 miles; $1,600; bargain to quick buyer. Telephone Mr. Kassel, Chelsea 5220.

LOBELL ABORN CO.,
SELECT USED MOTOR CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Chummy Rdstr.
1917 MERCER Suburban.
1917 STUTZ 4-p. very special.
1917 HUDSON Limousine.
1916 WHITE 30, Lim. Land.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 CHALMERS Sedan.
Many other cars on display.
The name of Lobell Aborn is a guide to good quality and utmost satisfaction. Prices moderate of course.
LOBELL-ABORN CO., 230 West 56th St., one door west of Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE 1917 "38" limousine, 1918 "48" touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,730 Broadway.

MERCER 1916 raceabout, in perfect condition; need cash; sell reasonable. 1,980 Broadway.

MERCER 4-passenger Sport, Victoria, Tonneau; perfect; price right. R 568 Times Downtown.

NATIONAL latest model Newport Sedan; condition new; rare opportunity. Phone Circle 5692.

OAKLAND cabriolet little 6; recently overhauled and painted; seats three; fine proposition for doctor; any demonstration. E. A. Reed, 2,230 80th St., Brooklyn. Phone 2195W Bath Beach.

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS. | Reconditioned & guaranteed; prices very reasonable. WILLYS OVERLAND, INC., Broadway and 50th St.

PACKARDS.
1917 2-35 Landaulet, fine condition.
1917 2-35 Fleetwood, five-passenger touring.
1916 1-35 Limousine, newly painted.
GEORGE LAMBERTY, 1,926 BROADWAY.

PACKARD touring, new last Summer; extra shoes; prime condition throughout. Can be seen at J. M. Palmer Carriage Works, Clinton and State Sts., Brooklyn.

PACKARD 1918, Limousine-Brougham Fleetwood body, used only three months; full coverage of insurance. Plaza 5632.

PAIGE 1918 SEDAN. Exceptional condition. Wallace, 236 W. 59th.

PANHARD HOLBROOK, Sedan body, run 8,000 miles. Mt. Vernon 1350J.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" Sedan, excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,730 Broadway.

SELECT USED CARS.
DE DION BOUTON SEDAN.
1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1898.

STANDARD.—A fine limousine opportunity; must sell my high-grade Standard "8" limousine; run very little and in practically new condition, including paint, upholstery, tires, &c.; cost $4,000; really extraordinary bargain due to immediate need for cash. Ask for Mr. Sherman, 1,920 Broadway. Columbus 4048.

STEARNS KNIGHTS — Overhauled Guaranteed | Closed and Open Models. 4 and 8 cyl. | Prices very reasonable.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT., 415 West 55th St. Columbus—7000.

STUDEBAKER light six, '19 series, 4 door Sedan, practically brand new, beautiful condition throughout; extra equipment; fully guaranteed. Studebaker Corporation of America, Broadway at 56th St., 2d floor. See Mr. Christie.

STUDEBAKER "Six," '18 model, used for demonstrating purposes only; new car costs $1,732; you can buy this beautiful demonstrating roadster for $875; car is fully guaranteed perfect condition. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway, 2d floor.

STUTZ Sedan, almost new, fully equipped; many extras, mechanically perfect. 1,930 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 four-passenger; very good condition. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

STUTZ 1918 six-passenger touring; used four months; condition new. Circle 5692.

VELIE 6, 1918, run 3,000 miles; must sell immediately; spot cash; no dealers. Call Riverside [illegible] between 8 and 10 A. M. Pera.

WINTON Model 33 [illegible] City touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

WINTON 1917, imperial limousine, blue velour upholstering; run less than 2,500 miles; almost new; a bargain. Plaza 3638.

WONDERFUL VALUE.

1918 Studebaker for $575; a beautiful and practically new touring equipped with 2 extra auxiliary chairs; an exceptionally economical and comfortable family car in perfect condition throughout. Studebaker Corporation, 1,751 Broadway.

Automobile Bodies.

AUTO BODIES.—A brougham and one limousine landaulet, cost $3,000 each; take $500 for either. 1,980 Broadway.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—201—The U. S., v. the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Co.—Passed.

714—E. V. Debs, plain., v. U. S.—Argument concluded for defendant.

763—F. W. Blair, plain., v. U. S.; 764—A. A. Templeton, plain., v. same; 765—T. P. Phillips, plain., v. same; 766—F. W. Blair, aplt., v. same; 767—A. A. Templeton, aplt., v. same, and 768—T. P. Phillips, aplt., v. same—Argued.

190—Norfolk Southern Rd. Co., plain., v. W. H. Gallup et al., &c.—Passed temp.

193—Savannah & Northwestern Ry. et al., v. M. Roach, adrx., &c.—Passed temp.

196—The City of Richmond, pet., v. E. W. Bird et al.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 29: Nos. 195, 197, 190, 187, 188,) 200, 173, 202, 203, 204, and 205.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, twelfth floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Saunders<Luckenbach Co. Seibert Tow Line<Tug Hiawatha. Overton Tow Co<Tug James Roy. C R R of N J<Tug Beatrice Bush. Evans<Tug Genesta. Pritchert<Tug O'Brien Bros. Verdon<SS Lexington.

Re Tug C P Raymond, (limitation, &c.) Embiricos<Stuyvesant Ins Co. Romero<NY & Cuba Mail SS Co. McWilliams Line<Tug Edwin A Fisher. Same<Tug Overbrook, (No 2.) Same<same (No 3.)

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.

Trials: Isadore Turner, Abraham Lichtenstein, Philip Levitz, Carl W Newlander, Edward Grossman. Motion: Joseph Zucker. Pleadings: James J Warren, Ernest V Smith, J F Zaloom Co, Henry M O'Neil, Emkel Bros, Victor Gautier & Co, Victor Brown, David H Small, Charles Dworkwitz, Benj Wagner et al, Edward Stern, Charles H Schissel, Edward S Hay, Walter Holt, John J Egan, Theodore Hornbeck, Jr.

Charles V Casher (2.) Cases to set for trial: Charles Goldblatt, Charles Teitelbaum, Louis Denmark, Dennis McCarthy. Last day to withdraw plea, &c.: George Jenkins, J L Hopkins & Co, J L Hopkins, Aroby & Papitsas, Montagnino & Scaduto, Ignatius Scaduto, Eugenio Lucarino, Grace Fuller et al, Lewis Lipschitz, Abraham H Gross. Sentences: Charles Thomas, Jacob C Platt et al, Thomas Bowers, James A Walsh, Robert I Hertz.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M.—For call—Jury calendar.

Wait<Wabash Ry. Nolan<NY C RR. Selden<Penn RR. Rechlowitz<Fire Assn of Philadelphia. Same<Boston Ins Co. Rumpp & Walter Co<NY Steam Co. Woodbury<Boody. Van Vliet<same. Rist<same. Maeck<same. Maxham<same. Le Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co. Boyes<Ellis Adding Typewriter Co. Stack<Erie RR. Dardert<C RR of N J. Anderson<NY C RR. Brown<Penn RR. De Velasco<Freund. US<26 miniature bird cages. Comision Reguladora<Battery Pk Nat Bk. Ernst<Cobb. Same<Duchiman. Pelder<Watts. White Sulphur Sup Co<Women's Wear Co. Same<Daily Trade Record Co. Smith<Penn RR. Alderman<Sarasohn. Rosenberg<Internat Mar Mar Co. Leh Val RR<Leh Val Coal Co. Zimmerman<Swiss bankverein. Gardner<Greenwood Lake Transp Co. Penn Worsted Co<Sudbury. Brennan<Leh Val RR. Norwood<Wedlock. United Cop Sec Co<Amalgam Copper Co. Jackson<Pickslay. Hutton<Terrill. Fusee<D L & W RR. Brown<Davis. Willinghaus Warehouse<Postal Tel. Am Mailing Device<Cutler Mail Chute. Harriman Co<Wells Fargo Co. US<Belgochistan (2.) Tumey<Tremont Co. Mahan<Int Mer Mar. Scott<Rogers, Brown & Co. Lee & Co<Panne. Hubbard<Novelty Paper Co. US<Santini. Hogan<McQuade Stevedoring Co.

US<1 diamond Necklace. Kirschstein<Moross. Milch<Phila & Life Ins Co. Burns<Erie RR. Am Steel Co<Steel Producers Expt Co. Cardoza<Parmelee. Nelson<Frederick SS. Puente & Co<NY & Cuba Mail SS Co. McLaughlin<Com'l Advertiser Assn. Washburn & Fowler<Mason & Hanger Co. Am Oil Exp Co<same. Anderson<Clyde SS Co. Hannevig<M O H of West Indies. Day<Atlantic Mutual Ins Co. Pittsvein Coal<Nicoll. NY Sanit Utiliz Co<Met By-Products. Miller<Lee's Tow Line. Gill<Fischer. Sinatra<Mills. Pickinson<Pullman Co. Hoes<United Fruit Co. Kristiansen<D, L & W RR. Di Guidici<same. Southern Cotton Oil<Lewis, Corey & Co. Magnolia Prov Co<Atl Coast Products Co. Fischer<Bird-Archer Co. Cooper<Raritan Chem Works. Bell<Int Text Book Co. Fugita<Anglo-American Oil Co. Nounabo<Peck. Same<Knicker Ins Co. Same<Whist. Oppenheim<Festetics. McManus<NY C RR. Castriotis<Rafailovich. Quattrocchi<Cadillac Hotel. Wilson<New Eng SS. Kasselman<CNY. Leach<Ky Block & C Coal Co. Farrington<Mandeville. Hall<Insurance Co. Travelers Ins<Prince Line. Garfield & Proctor Coal Co<Pattison. Flynn<Cunard SS Co. Dower<same. McCormick<Int M Mar. Allied Mach Co<Leh Val RR. Newberger Co<same.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 401, P O Bldg, 4th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy and equity.

Kimball Co<Noesting Pin Ticket Co. Re Geo Graham Rice.

MacGregor<Shubert Theat Co. Brower<Passaic Falls Throwing Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Equity: Curtiss Airplane & Motor Corp<Janin et al, (on trial.)

Admiralty: C F Starita & Co<SS Jobhaven, (on trial.) Same<SS Ijselhaven, (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn—Motion calendar at 2 P. M.

US<Coastwise Lumber & Sup Co, (2.) Same<Albert Evans. Hubbell, Slack & Co<SS Segurança.

Manton et al<Steam Lighter Coastwise. Am Tube & Stamp Co<E Grossman Mfg Corp.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

People ex rel. the City of N. Y., aplt., v. P. S. Com. of the State of N. Y., 1st District, and ano., respts.; Gausman, respt., v. Lindner.—Motions for leave to appeal denied, with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Re probate will of Hart, decd.—Motions by Lou Hart Rees, indiv. &c., and others, for leave to appeal granted.

Gallagher, respt., v. A. O. H. of N. Y. County and ano., aplts, and others, respts.—Motion to postpone argument to March 10 granted.

People ex rel. Collins, aplt., v. Trombley, agent &c., Clinton Prison, respt.—Appeal dismissed on authority of Curtis v. Kidney, Warden &c., decided Jan. 14, 1919.

The Comerma Co., aplt., v. Comerma and ano., respts; Brown, respt., v. Protected Home Circle, aplt.; Jones and ano., aplts., v. Downing, respt.; Park & Tilford, aplt., v. Realty Advertising and Supply Co., respt.; Sanders, as Receiver &c., aplt., v. Proctor, Jr., respt.; Riverdale Realty Co., aplt., v. C. N. Y. and ano., respts.; Climax Road Machine Co., respt., v. Callen, aplt.; Sprague, aplt., v. Webb and ano., respts.—Judgments affirmed, with costs.

Re petition Sisson, as State Commissioner of Excise, aplt., for an order revoking &c. Liquor Tax Certificate No. 18075, held by William A. Decker, respt.—Order affirmed, with costs, on opinion of Lyon, J., at Aplt. Div.

Hyde, aplt., v. N. Y. C. & H. RR. Co., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, under the provisions of Section 1317 of the Code.

People, respt., v. Verrino, aplt.—Judgment of conviction affirmed.

People, respt., v. Madero, aplt. & ano., deft.—Judgment affirmed.

People, respt., v. Ferraro, Alle Rosso, aplt.—Judgment of conviction affirmed.

Tidd, respt., v. C. B. Skinner & Ano., Indv., &c., aplts.—Judgments modified by striking out the sum of $1,000 allowed for punitive damages and affirmed, without costs to either party in this court or in the Aplt. Div.

Beatty, respt., v. Guggenheim Exploration Co., impld., &c., aplt.—Judgment modified in accordance with opinion of Cardozo J., and modified affirmed, without costs to either party as against the other in any court.

Chace Trucking Co., aplt., v. Richmond Lt. and R. Co., respt.—Judgment reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide event.

Barbour, aplt., v. Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Booth & Ano., aplts., v. Knipe & Ano., respts.—Order of Aplt. Div. reversed and that of Special Term affirmed, and question certified answered in the affirmative, with costs in this court and in Aplt. Div.

Re Application Penn. Gas Co., aplt., for writ prohibition, &c., v. P. S. Com., 2d Dist. & Ors., respts.—Order affirmed, with costs.

Georgi, respt., v. the Texas Co., aplt.—Judgments reversed and judgment ordered dismissing complaint, with costs in all courts.

Chapman, respt., v. Selover, aplt.—Order Aplt. Div. reversed and judgment of Trial Court affirmed, with costs in this court and in the Aplt. Div.

DAY CALENDAR:

Tobin<Yonkers Elec Lt. & Power Co. Muslusky<Lehigh Val Coal Co. Jermyn<Searing et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Larkin<Fritz. Deschanel Int'l Co<Krohnberg. Otero<Dreicer & Co. Arnone<Met Roofing Material Co. U S Rubber Co<Auto Truck Co. Beaver Eng & Cont Co<Hart. Rallo<Ruckert. Horowitz<Horowitz. Ke Yankee Salvage Ass'n, Inc. Stillman<Int R T Co. Cohen<same. Brinkman<Agudath Achim, &c. Mapes<Purdy, (2.) Lyons<Lyons. CNY<United Apartment Hotel Co. Underhill<CNY. Keen-Hargreaves<Wetmore. Lawson<Hurley. CNY<De Spiridon. Loewenthal<Barnett. Judge<Price. Wiener<Goodrich. Morris<Dunham Rty. Co. Gillilan<Tishman.

Seamen's Bank for Saving<Heidelberger. Lewis<Bohling. King<same. Malka<Malka. Nolan<Horn. Coveny<Jackson, (2.) Kursh<Paley. Redmond<Stoneham. Soulele<Chronopoulos. Moolten<Berman. Leary<Geller. Re De Brigand<Garrizoa. Messina<Ruhe. Re CNY<Katz. Wiener<Atlantic Hotel Supply Co. Horgan<Horgan. Dupay<Gaibina. Federal SS Co<Am Union Line, Inc. Lukach<Reigart. Re McCabe. Newington<Horowitz. Schwartz<Knopfler. City R E Co<Fordcraw Co. Barrett<Barrett. Zuckerberg<Cohen.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions:

M Levy Co<Valatie Yarn Co. Zalami<Elsfeldt. Ansley<Ansley. Goldsticker<Goldsticker. Tolhurst<Tolhurst. General calendar: Montgomery<Montgomery.

Harris Struct Steel Co<Jattison Con Co. Miller<Schwartz & Co. Weissberg<Weissberg. Elliott & Co<Oxman. Sims<Sims. Equit Life Assur Socy<Herbert. Case on.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.

PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part II., Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.

Berensman<Weber. Solomon<Union Sav'gs Bank of Augusta. Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner. Elliott<Amer Star L. Hubschmitt, Jr<Hercules Steel Co. Nelson<Citizens Bank. Mears<Levitt. Nordstrom<Ledvard. Bresaugh<Keating. Lamport<Weinstock.

Morse<Higgins. Reid<Steinhardt Bros. Nathan Block, Inc<Witty. Kemeny<Teitelbaum. Boderman<Demarest. Hershon<Kirsch. Breslow<Wimberg. Sams<Altman. Gibbons<Raymond. James<Steinberger. Case on.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

Briggs<Weil. Greene<Hulbert. Cohen<O'Connell. Moran<Higgins. Byrnes<Brand, (2.) Wolf<3d Av RR. Trimbles<Levine, (2.) Ryan<Burridge. Hoffmeister<Bishop. O'Keefe<NY Rys. Aborn<same. Zorn<Sutherland. Seessel<NY Con RR, (3.) Weistead<NY Rys. Roth<Jeremiah Skidmore Sons' Corp. Jabs<Union Ry. Richard<Bider. Abramiwtz<Denbosky. Weinstein<B H RR. Lowenthal<NY Rys. Murray<Greenbaum. Armstrong<NY Rys. Glass<same. Knippel<Rosch. Deltefeine<Int R T. Kraus<NY Rys. Sternbuck<Mass. Sorkin<D D, &c. Ry. Willner<Markowitz. Brody<Benz. Babrick<Phil & Read Coal & Iron Co. Wanamaker<CNY. Lipschitz<Lowenstein & Co. Venter<Int R T. J Caltagarone<Perlstein. A Caltagerone<same. Muller<Stahl. Mokarzel<Baccash. Hyams<Park & Tilford, (2.) Stein<Tribune Assn. Mokarzel<Haddad. Goldmuntz<LeProvost.

R Hall<Silverstein. A Hall<same. Hamilton<Mendel, Inc. L M Stahl<Waldorf-Astoria Hotel Co. B Stahl<same. Ginn<Int R T. Rabinowitz<NY Con RR. J Leonard<Volz. Fucsek<Bohemian Amuse Co. Jackson<Int Mer Mar. Harris<Warheit Pub. Wood<Strauss. Rabbit<Union Ry. Askowith<Warren. Jenkins<Epstein. Klotz<3d Av RR. Kovacs<NY Rys. Laredo<same. Gilvey<Int R T. Miller<same. Feigenbaum<NY Rys. Moran<Shedd. Lucas<NY,NH&HRR. Keenan<Wilson. Weisheit<Pabst Brew. Horowitz<Man Rty & Lease Assn. C B Ulery<Empire Carrying Corp. U J Ulery<same. King<NY Rys. Bartley<Battery Eng & Con Co. Rauchenbach<Westcott Exp Co. Greenfield<NY Rys. Rothenberg<Int R T. McCallum<Harder. Dembinsky<Long Acre Motor Co. Scott<CNY. Azmelian<Pitcher. D Pankin<Kramer. A Pankin<same. Feffer<NY Rys.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re Cassidy. Con Mach Wreck Co<Odell<CNY. Buchman<Freitag. Young, Jr<Phillips. Lippman<Ludwig. Sacha<Harris. Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck, (2.) Liner<Endel. Goldberg<Dux. Spencer Imp Co<Ganim. Warren Prod Co, Inc<Binney & Smith Co. Millus<Fid & Cas Co. Mortimer<Bristol. Kraut<Richard. Sklanberg<Zechnowitz. Goldstein<Fidello Brew Co. Lubasch<Lubasch. Logan<Turner. Parise<Goldstein.

Beardsise<Cooke. Wynehouse<Westinghouse Airbrake Co. Slade<Hart. Rafalovich<E B Leaf Co. Werner<CNY. Int'l Blank Mfg Co<Mass Bond & Ins Co. Guggenheimer<Reilley. Conti<Legend Rty Co. European and Far Eastern Sales Co<Rowson Drew & Slydesdale, Inc. Berkowgs<Vetter Auto Top Co. Levine<Treisis. Miller<Campbell. Goodney<Yadofsky. Hudson Products Co<Holzwasser, Inc. Sellers<Barton. Moller<Moller. Cagliostro<Oddo.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended, Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Freely<N Y Rys.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Davidson<R T Sub Cont Co. Schlesinger<same.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Rosengren<Brockway.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estate of: Antoinette L. Schermerhorn. Wills for probate; Katharine S. Maginnis, H. Sebrankte, Kate Melin, Celin Lasker, Gersten Feig.

Max Speiser, Ellee Moller, Dora H. Heinsohn, Anna E. Kenkmann, Elisabeth M. Bedell, Mary E. Whittemore, John A. Davis, W. J. Van Pelt, Johanna Meyer.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Beck<Bauman. Bob<Laboton. Youdelman<Arrow Yarn Dyeing Corp. Chaieff Bros<Reynolds. Rosenstein<Starr. Richards<Cohen. Victori & Co<Caracena. Handle<Lerner. McGauran<3d Av Ry. Massler<So Boulevard RR. Berger<Union Ry. Camarda<Marks. Curatulo<N Y Rys. Hammond<Thompson.

Weldon<California Perfume Co. Meyer<Greenhaus. Lebenson<Central Alabama D G Co. Pesin<Rosenkrantz. Boxer<Neufeld. Nachamkis<Frank. Grubman<Baldwin. Himmelfarb<Spira. Oppenheim, Collins & Co<Travis. Kirschbaum<Amsterdam Bldg Co. Rendine<Society Prev C A. McCormick<Hoe & Co.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Sachs<N Y Rys. Kaufman<42d St, &c, Ry. Weinberg<N Y Rys. Wolf<Grand-Delancey Co. Beluck<No. 970 Prospect Av. Leipzig<Engel. Landley<Natanson. Sipkin<Modern Cloak & Suit House. Neudorf<Int R T. Charnay<Esterson. Myer<Arcuni. Farrell<Spear & Co. Schreiber<Int R T. Wright<NY Rys. Murray<Carroll. Kaltchman<Dry Dock, &c. RR. Green<Barrett. Murphy<Bahrenburg. Caggiano<3d Av RR. Prokocimer<Clyde Mills. Friedman<Circle Taxi Co, (2.) Swoboda<Int R T Co. Wing<N Y Rys. Goldman<Geier. Ceru<So Boulevard R R. Fitzgerald<Bloch. Kirsch<N Y Rys. Apfelbaum & Apfelbaum<Suchar. Pearlstein<Margolis. Lowenfels<Janeway Button Co.

Rubin<A & K Cloak Co. Levy<Kaplan. Lo Gurdice<Wiemann Co. Feld<Hecht. Taper<Globe-Wernicke Co. Castagna<Franker. Goldman<Wells Fargo Co. Pitchenick<Dry D, &c, RR. Stansky<N Y Rys. Finkelstein<Three Effe, Inc. Francis<Lindenmeyer & Sons. Hirsch<N Y Rys. McGauran<3d Av RR. Hamilton Stables<Dry Dock, &c, RR. Levinsky<same. Schneider<N Y Rys. Wiesethier<Kreisler. Extensive Bldg Co<Yanover. Messinger<Levinson. Stern<same. Mutual Rice Co<Mayo Warehouse Co. Brown<Armour & Co. Wiener<Barrett. Glickman<Landesman. Beller<Schulman. Berman<Kip. Brusteen<Daniels. Barnett<Faden. Clear.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial. No day calendar.

PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Perlman<Gulden. Aaronson: Kaplan & Metrowitz<Baum. Cirrincione<General Waist Co. Lazarowitz<Sachs. Forchheimer<Vierhaus. Vidal & Co<Hermann De Loos & Co. M L Waist Co<Gimbel Bros of N Y. Noshpitz<Labowitz C Co. Stern<Gen Platers Supply Co. Thomas Co<Woods Const Co. Burlington Silk Mills<Gerli. Mitchell<Mitchell. Sabin & Dublirer Co<Gordon Outer G Co. Miller<Reuben. Diamond<US Red Co. Gladstone<Wood Elec Co. Cochran<Sahn. Hurewitz<Kanner.

Halpern<Newark Rubber Co. Pelligrino<Atlantic Loading Co. Rosenblatt<Franken. Wagner Trading Co<Morel. Vogel<Fuchs. Hicks<Arch Eng Co. Hirsch & Wadro<Wadro. O'Neil Co<Sylvester. Brooks Ostruck Co<Mack. Springdale Nat Bank<Whilden. Bernstein<Vandewegher. Snyder<Lechitzky. Goldberg<Rubin. Botoshansky<Wilson. Lamport<Wicentowski. Harris Co<Greenberg. Kann<Standard Com'l Co. Shulof<Walderd. Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Brower<Constantine—Wm. G. Brown.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Re Nadler—James O. Farrell. Watkins<Loretta Corp—Clifford G. Ludvigh. Re Vosburgh—James A. Foley. Moller<London—Francis S. McAvoy.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Lawyers Mortgage Co<Ownahome Corp. et al.—John J. Donovan. Barrett<Barrett—William W. Pellet. Joseph<Klein—Sanford H. Cohen. Coudert<Pinchon—Enos S. Booth. Titus, Jr.<Cent. Park, &c., R. R.—Grenville T. Emmet.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—John A. Brown<Louis Constantine—Louis Constantine.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Charles Moran<Meyer Goldberg et al., (2)—Terry Parker. Abraham Joseph<Harry D. Klein—Isaac Gutman.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

Kudovsky<7th Av Const Co, (2.) Douglass<Conway. Cohen<Cohen. Dash<Freund.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.

Jacobson<Brody. Vernora<same. Campbell<Rosenfeld. Palitz<Duemplaman, (3.) White<Weigle. King<Weinberger. Metropolitan Elec Mfg Co<Woods, Inc. Dragoocetty<Callan Bros, Inc. D'Avola<Waites Motor Van & Storage Co. Marks<Lewandowski.

Wynne<Corona Prov. Guastavino<Rock. Y Sneiderwitz<Ehni. H Sneiderwitz<same. S Fox<Brunor. L Fox<same. Friedman<NY Rys. Weisgal<NY City Interborough Ry. I Zelenko<Union Ry. W Zelenko<same. Hellman<Corona Prov. King<Union Ry.

The following causes will be added to the ready calendar as required:

Abbenante<Union Ry. McCarthy<Int R T. Barchan<Grossman. F Skupinsky<NY City Interborough Ry. J Skupinsky<same. Hultgren<Union Ry. Brilles<same. Beatty<Peace. Carey<NY-O RR. Rall<Neuman. Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage Co. Liebenstein<Brown Adv Agency. L Rosenthal<Waites Mot Van & Storage. S Rosenthal<same. Weber<Holsten. Uszpalewicz<A J Foreman Coal Co. Varro<Union Ry. Wolf<same. Heit<Walworth Bros, Inc. Farrow<Harlem Card Paper Co, Inc. Tuccitto<Union Ry. Grace<Union Ry. Nacheman<Hoolahan. F Frey<Heyne.

M Frey<same. O'Sullivan<same. Goldstein<Union Ry. Kruger<Goldberg. Weingold<Wulfhop. Silverblatt<Int R T. Gaadia<Man Eye, Ear & Throat Hospital. Kallman<Sanwick. Brinn<Samuels. O'Shea<Hobby. Busch<B H RR. Phillips<Jacobs. Busch<B H RR. Winkler<Union Ry. Cotter<Burns Bros. Ross<So Blvd RR. Beyrodt<Lyon. McGuire<O A Sigmond Realty Co. Bastone<CNY. Toots<Segal. Eisler<So Blvd RR. Lopota<Int R T. Greenblatt<same. Stringle<Crimmins Oper Co, Inc. J Fanelli<Ferguson. N Fanelli<same. Maurer<Gimbel Bros. Schoenfelder<NY Rys.

Highest number reached, in regular order, 2183.

PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business. Motions.

Estates of: Mark K. Garlick, Giuseppe Vicere, A. Bleganaky, Anna L. Weiss, Patsy Garafolo, V. Laporta, T. H. Von Fleckenstein, Barnett Goldberg, Rubin Anderson, Elizabeth Maguire. Wills for probate: Mary Knox Fox, C. Hoenninger, F. O'Donnell, Eliza Dirks.

John Heffernan, Harry Todrin, John Greene, Mathilde Reinemann, H. M. MacCracken, J. O. Malmberg, Charles Fenster, John J. Zeller, Martin G. Lippman, Johanna Oehlers. Accountings. Estates of: Mary M. Dowling, Isaac Weinstein, Ann Scheibe, Joseph Katz.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. Guffington<So Blvd RR. People<Hinderberg.

TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.—No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Sheridan<Brennan—Thomas Gilleran.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Alfreta<Alfreta. Van Nostrand<Van Nostrand. Janvrin, G M<CNY. Janvrin, M A<same. Saltz<Bauer. Gallo<Gallo. Goldberg<Goldberg. Wolf<Wolf. Scherman<Scherman. Grandina<Grandina. Mirkin<Mirkin. German<German. Felter<Nassau El RR. Messana<same. Perlich<same. Seitz<Banta. O'Neill, M L<Nassau El RR. O'Neill, W J<same. McKilligan<L I RR. Mallietta<same. Walsh<Welin Marine Equip Co. Wolf<Wolf. Todd<Keller. Mangan<Turner. Johnson<May. Schwartz, S<NY Con RR Co. Schwartz, A<same. Galloway<Parker.

Southern Knit Mills<Navy Knit Mills. Longabardi<Glidden Motor & S Co. Murphy<Eastern Load Corp. Rocco<Rocco. Lange<Lange. Ryan<Gen Cigar, (2.) Sias<R M Comey Co. Acken<Ray. Greenwood<Grindrod. Bamberger & Co<Quinn. Budd<Budd. Re Lincoln Terrace Park, (Kelly.) Monockle<Skloob. McNamara<Newman & Carey Subway Con Co, (2.) Zeh<Zeh. Zatzman<Isaacson. Murray<Cook. Gross<Int Transf Co. Fidelity Metal Co<Fearon Daniel Co. Collins<Rechnitz. Bullis<Erie RR Co. White<Sands, (4.) Baker<Doherty. Soloway<Junius Coal & Wood Co.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Clarfeld<Clarfeld. Amery<Amery. Smith<Smith. Finkelstein<Finkelstein. Williams<Williams. Gatto<Gatto. Ginsberg<Ginsberg. Hansen<Hansen.

Zens<Zens. Samson<Samson. Bornkessel<Bornkessel. Hook<Hook. Fowler<Fowler. Sugarman<Sugarman. Martine<Martine. Cooper<Cooper.

PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bess-Mar Rty Co<Capell. Kantor<Kromback. Aherns<Parker. Stern<Shea. Goldberg<Goldberg. Feldman<Feldman. Weinberg<Weinberg. Donahue<Donahue.

Shaknis<Shaknis. Eselgroth<Eselgroth. Miller<Telsey. Levy<Rubin. Schilling<Schilling. Karp<Karp. McCullough<McCullough. Russo<Russo. Gray<Breckheimer.

Highest number reached on the regular call 1275.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.

Furgerson<Sayre. Halperin<Barrett. Barbera<Grant Bldg. Maloney<CNY. Dougherty<Grant et al. Redmond<Carrier. Lind<Miata & ano. Donovan<Manzella & Son Co. Ambrosino<Barbuto & another. Carannante<same. Nechamkus<Texas Co and another. Stichnote<Servus Pure Food Co.

Kreigenhofer<same. Carioni<Clark & Son. Benjamin<Kohlemeyer and another. Malcolm<Crimmins Contracting Co. Mascarino<Overseas Shipping Co. Meyer<N Y Rys. Kimmelman<NY, NH & H RR. Ellis<Duffy-Mott Co. Bucca<Auditore Stevedoring Co.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.

Kaplan<Nassau RR. Modena<Pfister. Levine<NY Rys. Damast<Cox's Hotel & Baths. Hubbard<NY Rys. Thoubboron<De Lisi. Preuss<same. Stroncon<B H RR. O'Keefe<Smith. Hauser & MacIsaacs. D'Alessio<Schroeder. Eases<B H RR. Davis<Dry Dock, E Bway & Batt RR. Marino<Rose & ano. Pecoranio<All Amuse. Milinor<Jacobs. Heck<Goldberg. Marshall<CNY et al. Santis<Turner & Blanchard. All Smelt'g<Friedman. Schatsberg<B, Q C & Sub RR. Bepple<Vitelli. Marston<Westinghouse Electric & Mfg Co. Healey<NY Cons RR. Neiman<Scott & ano. Anenberg<Franklin. Itussell<Neustadt. Phelps<same. Stern<Acme Malt Co. Duncan<Gehringer. Katz<B, Q C & S RR. Noonan<NY Cons RR. Roberts<Nassau RR. Morro<Wolf & Co.

Lockwood<Lamberg. Friedman<Hermann. Madents<Ocean El Ry. Rice<Staten I R T Ry. Melish<NY Cons RR. Adams<Van Wyck. Bayard Products Co<Jarvis Warehouse. Cerero<Auditore Stevedoring Co. Goldspiel<Fichtenbaum. Kaufman<NY Con RR. Lundgren<Int R T. Longo<Booth & Co. Smith<Casslleth. Weintraub<Nass RR. Conti<NY Rys. Venceti<NY Cons RR. Topf<Standard Oil Co. Martin<NY Rys. Goebels<Barrett. Trudal<Standard Oil Co & ano. Sigmund<Steinhagen et al. Barbuto<Carney et al. Napoli<Overseas Shipping Co. Paruth<Guttman & another. Fed SS Co<Bischoff. Reinken<Nassau RR. Redlich<Rosenkrans. Biggert<Marks. Stiwits<Kaplan & ano. Mitchell<Callahan et al. Levine<Benigsohn.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6758.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of: Ann Higginbotham, George Ellis, Francisko Sogn, Ellen O'Connor. Accountings of: Martin Healy, Arthur Sullivan, Veronica Moore, Martin Glynn, Henry Hutchinson, A. Baskkowitz, Martin Carey, Mary Gallagher, Marinus Emeritus, P. McCarr. Transfer tax of: Henry Klenck, Mary Scharmann.

Mary Rosenzweig, Giles Anderson, Thomas Sullivan, William Schroter, John Nolan, Maurice Griffin. Guardianship of: Heward Huntington. Estates of: Charles Welsh, Kate Lamb, Frank Rhodes, Rose Siegel, Mary Maloney, Margaret Chatfield, Jane Bates. Contested will of: Claudine Eckart.

County Court.

PART IV., May, J.; PART V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq.—Rand<Bernstein. Dahl<Niss. Fasanella<Polito.

Impellizzeri<O I & B RR. Mattalia<same. Ross<Nas Elec RR. Friedman<Burdick.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M.

Healy<N Y & Q Co Ry. Smith<Nas Elec RR. Walsh<Int R Trans. Holberg<Hoobs. Johnson, an infant<N Y & L I Traction Co et al. Traeger, an infant<same. Balena<Nas Elec RR. Karlesen<Lorraine Hotel Co. Harris<Berlin.

Lattanzio, as admr<Sanacori. Holub<Private Auto Rental Service. Cerny, an infant<Wilson & English Const Co. Delehanty<Raven. Smith<Von Blucher. Rini<Samuels. Cosman<B, Q Co & S RR Co et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call.

Imperiale<Heumann. Monahan<B H RR Co. Matey<Anargyros & General Adhesive Mfg Co. Chamberlain, an infant<Flemming. Magee<Kalbach, as receiver. Richland<Grazioso. Maresco, as admr, &c<Kraemer's Express Corp et al. Prindle<Satterwhite. Devine, an infant<B H RR Co. Lukasrienly<I R T. Wolfert, as admx<D, L & W RR Co. Koehler<Wamsley. Rubin<Fleming. Andujar<same. Holub<Private Auto Rental Serv, Inc. Adams, as admx<Falls. Fleming<Andujar. Lawson<N Y Rys Co. Schusterick, as admr<Foster. Schmidt<Colton.

Emmerich, an infant<Glaubit. Chace<N Y Cons RR. Cascio<Kalbach, as receiver. Van Twistern, as admr<Makoske et al. Patterson<Magna Machine Co. Stoutenbeck, as admx<L I RR Co. Goldberg<B, Q Co & S RR Co. Peterson<Cohn. Ringey, an infant<Rabinowitz. Hawkins<Atlantic Amusement Co. Ridgewood Nat Bank<Wellborn et al. Bucklemen<B H RR. Crowley<Greentree et al. Hershkowitz<Nas Elec RR Co. Mentzer et al<Palermo et al. Cohen<Winklers Sons, Inc, et al. Flanagan, an infant<Schmed et al, (2.)

Highest number reached on general calendar is 2715.

The Civil Service.

City.

An examination for police matron will be ordered soon.

The preferred list for clerk, second grade, in the Bureau of Collection of Taxes, all boroughs, at $840, is as follows: Ernest Le Fevre, George A. Thorn, Charles Germis, Marie Frick. Third grade, Horace Harpes, Charles Cooper. Fourth grade, Randolph Schaefer.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 25 an examination for dairy husbandman, for men. Vacancies in the Dairy Division, Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, for duty at Washington, D. C., and in the field, at entrance salaries ranging from $1,800 to $2,500 a year, will be filled from this examination. The entrance salary within the range stated will depend upon the qualifications of the appointee, certification to fill the higher salaried positions being made from those attaining the highest average percentages in the examination. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on general education and scientific training, 40; practical experience and fitness for carrying on work along lines related to subjects outlined in statement of duties above, 40; thesis or publication, 20. Graduation from a college or university of recognized standing in a course of dairy husbandry, and in addition at least two years' successful, responsible experience in connection with dairy husbandry since leaving college, are prerequisites. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of the examination.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Trustee's Sale.—S. S. "ARLINGTON."

Notice is hereby given that, by an order of the above-named Court, the undersigned Trustee, under the provisions of Sections 4283, 4284, and 4285 of the U. S. R. S., will sell at public auction on Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 1 P. M. o'clock, the S. S. "Arlington," her tackle, apparel, furniture, etc., sale to take place on board said S. S. "Arlington" where she now lies, on the shores of Greenwood Lake, New York, where she can be seen and inspected.

Dated, January 25th, 1919.
EDWARD L. OWEN, Trustee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

TO ERNEST ASH AND HIS SISTER HENRIETTA, if living, residences unknown, children of Maria Ash, a deceased sister of Malvina Astor, late of the town of Copake, Columbia County, New York.

Notice is hereby given that there is a legacy awaiting each of you, to be applied for within six months after October 5, 1918, the date of the probate of the last will and testament of Malvina Astor, deceased. If no demand is made within such stated time, said legacies are to fall in and form a part of her residuary estate.

Dated, Chatham, N. Y., November 1, 1918.
WILLIAM B. DINEHART,
ADRIAN D. LANGDON,
GEORGE McCLELLAN,
Executors of, &c., of Malvina Astor, deceased. Office and Post Office address, Chatham, Columbia County, New York.

REWARD FOR INFORMATION PROVING to be correct, as to the whereabout, dead or alive, mother and son; mother's name Emily and son's Emil De Marco; probably using maiden name of Hamilton; last known address, 2,189 7th Av., New York City. A 144 Times Harlem.

STOLEN FROM NORWALK, CONN., MONDAY, Jan. 27, Hudson Super Six touring car, dark body and wheels; license No. 7070 Conn.; Kelly-Springfield front and Firestone cord rear tires; factory Number 14948; reward. Chief Police, Norwalk, Conn.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

Motor Trucks.

PIERCE-ARROW, 2-ton, long wheel base, large, covered body; good condition; many others, all sizes, reasonable. Gramm-Bernstein Sales Corp., 1,457 Broadway. Phone Bryant 5187.

MOTOR Trucks to hire by day, week, or month; contracts taken. Mahoney, 208 West 19th. Chelsea 6998.

PACKARD TRUCKS, (2.) 3½ and 6-8 ton, open rack bodies. A1 mechanical condition. Phone Hamilton 3200.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-4330 Bryant.

CADILLAC limousine, beautiful late model, by the day, week, or month; reasonable. Write S., 8 Greenwich Av. 9911 Spring.

PACKARD Landaulet, 1917 Model, with trustworthy, competent chauffeur, for rent monthly. Phone Plaza 2100. 153 East 53d St.

CADILLAC limousine, attractive; hour, week, month. Phone H. Wedge, 5174 Riverside.

PACKARD limousine and landaulet hourly. Lenox 8550. Ask for Mr. Paul.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED. Will pay spot cash for LATE MODEL—HIGH GRADE CARS. George O'Brein, 601 West 47th St. Telephone Bryant 3689.

WANTED, AUTOS FOR SPOT CASH. Modern Models. All Styles. WHAT HAVE YOU? Bring Car to Door, Telephone, or Write. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2476.

Private party wants late model, standard make Roadster, 3-passenger; from original buyer. Mornings, Apart. 4, 1,225 Lexington.

Wanted, late model tourings, speedsters, and sedans, standard makes; spot cash. Burrells, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 158.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 5412 Fordham.

$40 cash for private owned car; no dealer. Pierce 497 3d Av., Astoria.

Automobile Instruction.

30 REASONS 30

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 2?? West 50 St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 3?? W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Manges, Lt. Col. W. F., and Webb, Lt. Col. G. B., will report to Surg. Gen.
Mudd, Lt. Col. L. C., hon. discharged, as Lt. Col. only.
Ashhurst, Lt. Col. A. P., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Northington, Lt. Col. E. G., to Letterman Gen. Hosp.
Winn, Maj. D. F., and Stanbro, Capt. G. E., to Mayo Clinic.
Hall, Capt. J. H., to Rockwell Field.
Kevand, Capt. J. H., and Grout, Capt. G. H., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Edward, Capt. S. A., and Middleton, Capt. J. M., to Aberdeen Proving Grounds.
Sargent, Capt. E., to Jefferson Barracks.
Dozier, Capt. H. C., to Hosp. No. 28, at Ft. Sheridan.
Forbes, Capt. H. B., to Hosp. No. 30, at Long Beach, N. Y.
Gillum, Capt. J. R., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Shaw, Capt. W. A., to Hosp. No. 30, at Plattsburg Barracks.
Hayes, Capt. H. B., to Camp Humphreys.
MacIntyre, 1st Lt. W. A., to Hosp. No. 25, at Ft. Harrison.
Colbert, 1st Lt. W. C., to Hosp. No. 18, at Waynesville, N. C.
Raskin, 1st Lt. M., to Camp Greenleaf.
Windbiel, 1st Lt. J. E., to Camp Wheeler.
Bates, 1st Lt. L. V., to Penniman, Va.
Glendining, 1st Lt. J. L., and Parker, 1st Lt. C. C., Jr., to San Fran. and sail for Siberia.
Hooper, 1st Lt. E. L., to Army Med. School.
Stewart, 1st Lt. H. E., to Camp Meade.
Pearlman, 1st Lt. R. S., to Camp Devens.
Stacey, 1st Lt. R. K., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver.

Field Artillery.

Goetz, Col. R. C. F., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at Harvard Univ.
Hobbs, Maj. H. M., (Capt. U. S. A.) hon. discharged as Maj. only.

Following to Camp Taylor:

MAJORS.
Force, J. A.; Carter, F.; Rogers, R. W.; Wyatt, T. B.

CAPTAINS.
Houck, P. B.; Dawson, M. A.; Page, R. W.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.
Sargent, C. E.; Phillips, H. W.; Praeger, L. F.; Anderson, A. E.; Burgess, G. F.; Brooks, J. W., Jr.; Cooke, W. T., Jr.; Donahue, J. J.; Argo, E. Y.; Barry, J. F.; Breyman, E. A.; Browne, C. P.; Pettibone, J. L.; Tappen, F. J.; Versteeg, J. K. C.

Taylor, 1st Lt. E. T., Jr., will report to Judge Advo. Gen.

Coast Artillery.

Donovan, Lt. Col. R.; Davis, Capt. R. W.; Kimble, Capt. S. R.; Bodenhamer, 1st Lt. L.; Callicutt, 1st Lt. E. C.; Pease, 1st Lt. C. E., and Pixley, 1st Lt. J. A., from Philippines to U. S.
Stewart, Maj. S. T.; Hill, Capt. S. C.; Brand, 1st Lt. C. E.; Cornish, 1st Lt. T. K., and Pratt, 1st Lt. G. S., to Coast Defenses of Portland at Ft. Williams.
Svarverud, Capt. V., and Winton, 1st Lt. A. W., to Coast Def. of Boston at Ft. Warren.
Smith, Maj. H. W., to Coast Defenses of New Bedford at Ft. Rodman.
Miller, Maj. M., to Coast Defenses of Narragansett Bay at Ft. Adams.
Weible, 1st Lt. W. L., to Coast Defenses of Portsmouth at Ft. Constitution.
Perry, Capt. A., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Hoboken.

Infantry.

Anderson, Col. T. M., to Camp Lewis as executive off.
Smith, Lt. Col. I. A., detailed as mil. inspector of reserve officers' training corps in Dist. No. 8, at Minneapolis.
Schmidt, Maj. W. R., to Camp Stuart.
Perrine, Maj. H. P., to New Orleans, with 1st Bat.
Kemp, Capt. G. F., to East Potomac Park, Wash.
Anderson, Capt. J. W., and Melarkey, 1st Lt. W. E., to Camp Merritt.
Jewell, Capt. D. L., to Baltimore.
Gambrell, Capt. T. D., to Chicago, thence to St. Louis.
Smith, Capt. W. B., assigned to 33d.
Whatley, Capt. R. J.; Roddy, Capt. F. J.; Christopherson, 1st Lt. A. F.; Brown, 1st Lt. J. R., and Groom, 1st Lt. J. F., to Camp Lee.
Burnett, Capt. H., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at St. Viator College, Bourbonnais, Ill.
McDowell, Capt. W. A. L., to Camp Dix, for disposition.
Meade, Capt. B. C., to Hosp. No. 3, at Ft. Ontario: sick.
Ross, 1st Lt. H. F., to Camp Sherman Base Hosp: sick.
Shelden, 1st Lt. W. W., hon. discharged.
Lance, 1st Lt. O. C., to Minneapolis.
Bernard, 1st Lt. V., to Camp Devens, with Commission on Training Camp Activities.
Gillespie, 1st Lt. E. F., to Hoboken.

Quartermaster.

Gorton, Maj. G. D., to Baltimore as Zone Property Auditor.
Habegger, Maj. J. A., to Rockwell Field.
Shaner, Capt. H. L., to Camp Wadsworth.
Warren, Capt. H. D., to Delaware Ord. Depot at Pedrickton, N. J.
Bartley, Capt. C. E., and Johnson, 1st Lt. W. H., to Washington.
Blake, Capt. H. J., to Boston.
Shute, Capt. G. P., to Newport News.
Sanford, Capt. W. E., to Ft. Monroe as Asst. to Const. Qm.
Evans, Capt. G. H., is hon. discharged.
Ginter, 1st Lt. W. D., to Chicago.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Thompson, Capt. E. C., to Edgewood Arsenal.
Hungerford, Capt. R. A., to Baltimore.
Frankforter, Capt. C. J., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at Univ. of Nebraska.
Scott, Capt. H. P., to New York.

Ordnance.

Wilmer, Maj. E. G., to Camp Kearny.
Kemp, Maj. E., to Washington.
Van Fleet, Capt. M. V., to Columbus, Ohio.
Clark, 1st Lt. M. H., Jr., to Rochester, N. Y.

Air Service.

Robins, Lt. Col. A. W., and Richards, Maj. H. S. C., to Washington.
Tobin, Capt. E. G., to Kelly Field.
Waters, 1st Lt. D., to Garden City, N. Y., for discharge.

Engineers.

Lane, Capt. F. J., to Camp Dodge.
Granger, Capt. A. H., to Camp Humphreys.
Wolfe, Capt. S. L., hon. discharged.

Miscellaneous.

Abbott, Col. C. W., relieved from active duty.
Stogsdall, Lt. Col. R. R., retired, detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at The Citadel, Charleston, S. C.
Snapp, Capt. D. D., U. S. A., will report to Judge Adv. Gen.
Wheeler, Capt. W. H., U. S. A., relieved from active duty.
Cheever, Lt. Col. B. H., ret., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science at Emory Univ., Atlanta, Ga.
Hendler, Maj. C. T., Judge Adv., assigned to branch office of Judge Adv. Gen. in A. E. F. at France.
McNeal, Capt. J. W., ret., detailed Prof. of Mil. Science at Univ. of Minnesota.
Herring, Maj. J., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept. (Capt. U. S. A. ret.) hon. discharged as Major only.
Hobbs, Capt. H. M., ret. from active service.
Beck, Col. P. W., Gen. Staff, relieved from detail as member of the Gen. Staff Corps.
Herring, Maj. J., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept. (Capt. U. S. A. retired) relieved from active duty.
Hill, Maj. W. P., U. S. Army, Camp Meade.
Barry, Lt. Col. J. A., Wilson, Lt. Col. A. H., Crittenberger, Maj. W. D., Howell, Maj. R. M., Cheney, Maj. R. M., Hoge, Maj. B. F., and Kelly, Maj. J. D., cavalry officers' school at Ft Houston as instructors.
Dawson, Maj. W. E., U. S. A. ret., to San Francisco as Zone Supply Off.
Cook, Capt. C. E., Vet. Corps, to Camp Taylor.
Lawrence, Capt. O. S., Cav. to Camp Travis with 14th Cav.
O'Neill, Capt. J. H., San. Corps, to Camp Humphreys.
Rollmann, Capt. E., Sig. C., to Ft. Bliss with 5th Cav.
Walker, Maj. T. V., Sig. C., will report Director of Mil. Aeronautics.
Skidmore, 1st Lt. W. G., Den. Corps, to McCook Field.
Waterman, 1st Lt. E. L., San. Corps, to Camp Meade.

Resignations.

Freels, 1st Lt. J. W., Inf.

Leaves.

Lindsay, Brig. Gen. J. R., U. S. A., one month.
Casey, Col. H. R., Qm. C., 14 days.
Lewis, Lt. Col. C. R., Gen. Staff, extended one month.
Lawrence, Maj. W. H., M. C., 4 months.
Tunney, Capt. R. P., Qm. C., extended one month.
Hardey, Capt. B. A., C. A., 14 days.
Peckham, Capt. A. L., Mil. Intell. Div., 14 days.
Williams, Capt. L. E., M. T. C., 14 days.
King, Capt. P. M., C., one month.
Sommer, 1st Lt. H. L., one month.
Ehrhart, 1st Lt. L. C., 14 days.
Alvey, 1st Lt. R. W., Inf., one month.
Robbins, 1st Lt. V. G., Air Ser., 2 months.
O'Harrow, 1st Lt. J. W., Jr., F. A., extended 2 months and 15 days.
Harrison, 1st Lt. F. E., Jr., C. A., extended 10 days.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following naval orders today:

Hough, Capt. H. M., detached from force of Atlantic fleet and assigned to command the Utah.
Leach, Capt. P., detached as Pres. of Board Med. Exam. at Wash., and assigned to command the Wash. Naval Hosp.
Jessop, Capt. E. P., to Bridgeport as Repair and Indust. Manager at Base No. 7.
Graham, Capt. S. V., detached from the Salem, and assigned to command the Cheyenne, at the same time acting as senior officer of the coast survey of Mexico.
Elliott, Capt. M. S., detached from commanding the Naval Hosp. at Canacao, P. I., and to home for orders.
Vernon, Cmdr. W. N., detached from the Sigourney, and assigned to the Naval Academy at Annapolis.
Johnson, Cmdr. I. C., detached from the Porter, and assigned to command the Ewiggs when commissioned.
Early, Cmdr. C. W., detached from the receiving ship at New York, and assigned to the Bureau of Steam Eng.
Furrer, Cmdr. J. A., to the Eagle boats at Detroit.
Gatewood, Cmdr. R. D., detached from duty at the Panama Canal, and assigned to Hull Div. at Philadelphia Navy Yard.
Kitner, Cmdr. E. G., detached from the navy yard at Norfolk, and will proceed to Balboa, Canal Zone.
McDowell, Cmdr. C. S., from the Chester to the Harvard.
Bagley, Cmdr. D. W., from the Lea to Rotterdam, N. P. O.
Barnette, Cmdr. B., will continue treatment at the N. Y. Naval Hosp.
Blackburn, Cmdr. P. P., detached from the Naval Academy, and assigned as executive off. on the Mississippi.
Hannigan, Cmdr. J. J., will report to the Cmdr. of Div. No. 2 of the Pacific fleet.
Jackson, Cmdr. J. P., to the Naval Observator at Wash., D. C.
Brister, Cmdr. J. M., detached from the Naval Hosp. at Boston, and assigned to command the naval hosp. at Canacao, P. I.
Jensen, Lt. Cmdr. H. M., detached from the Rochester and assigned as gunnery off. and torpedo off.
Tisdale, Lt. Cmdr. M. S., to the Hart as executive off. when commissioned.
Baguet, Lt. Cmdr. E. B., detached from duty in office of Director of Naval Communication, at Wash., and assigned as District Communication Supt. of the 14th Naval Dist.
McElduff, Lt. Cmdr. D. A., from the Murray to command the Lea.
Smith, Lt. Cmdr. W. R., from Staff Base No. 8 to the Maury.
Lee, Lt. Cmdr. W. A., to the Lea, and report at Rotterdam.
King, Lt. Cmdr. R., from the Buffalo to aid on the staff of Rear Admiral Niblack.
McNair, Lt. Cmdr. C. W., from staff Base No. 7 to the Buffalo.
Sargent, Lt. Cmdr. C. H., from the Wabash to the Macona.
Liorberg, Lt. Cmdr. L., from the Macona to the Wabash.
Lockwood, Lt. Cmdr. C. A., Jr., detached from command of the G-1 and assigned to command the N-5.
Gilmore, Lt. Cmdr. M. D., detached from command of the N-5 and assigned to command the R-21 when commissioned.
Mills, Lt. Cmdr. S., detached from the H-3, and assigned as executive off. of submarine base at San Pedro.
Crenshaw, Lt. Cmdr. E. A., detached from the H-7 and will proceed to San Pedro, Cal., as torpedo officer.
Wolf, Lt. Cmdr. G. W., detached as executive officer of submarine base at San Pedro and assigned as eng. off. there.
Wakeman, Lt. Cmdr. R. H., detached from the receiving ship at Norfolk and assigned to the Cheyenne as executive off.
Weyler, Lt. Cmdr. G. L., detached from the 15th Naval Dist., and will proceed to Wash.
Davis, Lt. Cmdr. R. G., detached from the Northern Pacific, and will proceed to Great Lakes in command of Hosp. Corps. School N. T. S.
Gaynes, Lt. Cmdr. H. C., will continue as supply and disbursing off. re Eagle Boats at New London.
Horn, Lt. R., detached as radio off. and aid on staff of commander of Div. No. 5 of the Atlantic fleet, and will report to Cmdt. of the Fifth Nav. Dist. for duty at Naval Training Station.
Johnson, Lt. J. G. M., from the South Carolina, to the Florida.
Tawresey, Lt. A. P. T., detached as Div. Radio Off. and aid on staff of commander of Div. No. 6 of the Atlantic fleet and assigned as Div. Radio Off. and aid on staff of Cmdt. of Div. No. 5 of the Atlantic fleet.
Seeckets, Lt. A., from the Naval District base at New London to the North Dakota.
Prastaka, Lt. A., from the Naval Radio Station at New Brunswick to the Radio Station at New York.
Storm, Lt. J. W., detached from the Utah and will report to Cmdt. of the Seventh Naval District, in office of Dist. Communication Supt.
Bouquet, Lt. A., detached from the Seattle, and will report to the Cmdt. of the Eighth Naval Dist. at Radio Off.
Johnson, Lt. J. G. M., assigned to the Arizona.
Keyes, Lt. F. G., detached from the Nav. Dist. base at New London and assigned to the North Dakota.
Nelson, Lt. F. E., detached from the Pueblo and assigned to Puget Sound Navy Yard.
Stokes, Lt. W. E. D., detached from the Boston and assigned to the Claxton as torpedo off. when commissioned.
Harvey, Lt. J. E., detached from the Boston and assigned to Naval Training Camp at San Diego.
Christie, Lt. R. L., detached from the Utah and will report to Comdt. of the Third Nav. Dist., Nav. Hosp.
Kirby, Lt. D. B., assigned to the Freedom.
Fox, Lt. W. V., will report as relief of Ensign Philleo in office of Dist. Cmdt. Supt. of the Third Nav. Dist.
Jankins, Lt. B. A., from the Buffalo to the Niblack as radio off.
Hines, Lt. J. C., from the Panther to the Piqua.
Cobb, Lt. W. R., detached from the naval air station at Cape May and assigned to the Navy Air Station at Pensacola.
Luby, Lt. D. F., detached from the Sup. Officers' Material School at Princeton, N. J., and assigned to the Navy Receiving Station at Syracuse, N. Y.
Gosnell, Lt. H. A., detached from the Bureau of Steam Eng. and assigned to the Charleston.
Hammond, Lt. E. L., detached from the naval training station at Gt. Lakes.
Joyce, Lt. G. E., to New York.
Braithwaite, Lt. G., from the Beaufort, to the Ypsilanti.
McGese, Lt. H. J., from Base No. 29, to the Lake Yakhara.
Pents, Lt. G. M., detached from Nav. Air Station at San Diego, and assigned to Great Lakes Training Station.
Gladdon, Lt. C. T. B., detached from the R-16 and assigned to command the H-7.
Vosbury, Lt. B. P., from the Stringham to the Texas.
Lusk, Lt. J. C., detached from the R-15 and assigned to command the H-3.
Fallon, Lt. H. N., from the Philadelphia to the Roper.
Dunn, Lt. A. W., detached from the Arkansas and will proceed home to await orders.
Smith, Lt. W. G., to Wash. Navy Yard.
Armstrong, Lt. C. A., detached from Ford Motor Works at Detroit and assigned to the Bernardo as eng. off. when commissioned.
McIntyre, Lt. J., detached from the Fifth Nav. Dist., and will proceed to Newport News as administrator of Harbor Equip.
Mullen, Lt. P., detached from New York Navy Yard and will proceed to Ft. Lyon, Colo., for further treatment.
De Yoanna, Lt. G., from the Manning, to the New York.
McDonald, Lt. B., detached from receiving ship at New York, and assigned to the Kentuckian when commissioned.
Peden, Lt. J. C., assigned to the Floridian when commissioned.
Whitcomb, Lt. C. A., from the New York to the Kentuckian when commissioned.
Howard, Lt. J. M., detached from the receiving ship at New York, and assigned to the Black Arrow when commissioned.
Brantley, Lt. J. C., detached from the receiving ship at New York, and assigned to the Santa Ana when commissioned.
Price, Lt. M. J., detached from the Northern Pacific, and will continue treatment at N. Y. Naval Hosp.
Liqued, Lt. O. N., detached from inspection of naval air craft at the Fourth Nav. Dist., and will report to Comdt. of Third Nav. Dist., as inspector of naval air craft.

Estates Appraised.

KNIGHT, JAMES P., (March 28, 1917.) Total estate, $191,348. Assets: Real estate, $111,027; cash, $2,985; stocks and bonds, $35,550, chiefly 250 shares of Townsend Realty Co., $35,000; one-half interest in J. N. Knight & Son, 136 West 50th St., $41,730. Beneficiaries: Wife, Emma C. Knight of 194 Riverside Drive, life interest in the Townsend Realty Co. and life interest in $74,859; son, John L. Knight, $47,726; sister-in-law, Harriet M. Knight, life interest in $9,565.

LEFFLER, JOHN, (July 23, 1917.) Total estate, $172,774. Assets: Real estate, $8,874; cash, $2,098; personal, $161,803. His wife, Bertha Leffler, 77 East 89th St., has life estate in all.

SANDERS, JANE, (April 16, 1918.) Total estate, $210,919. Assets: Real estate, $167,115; cash, $3,576; personal, $40,128. Beneficiaries: Daughter, Katharine S. Galbraith, income from $20,000 and residue of estate, $183,643; grandson, George S. Rose, $20,000; brother, John C. Ten Eyck, annuity of $1,200; sisters, Mary Ten Eyck and Julia Ten E. Hillhouse, amounts of $1,200.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS DAVIS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, January 29, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 559 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of neckwear, silks, etc.
LESTER B. JONES, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.
[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises.......7:10 | Sun sets..........5:06

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:32	5:58	..	12:08
Governors Island	6:10	6:35	0:03	12:46
Hell Gate	7:41	8:17	2:03	2:48

Arrived—Tuesday, Jan. 28.

SS Minnesota, Gibraltar, Jan. 10.
SS Lorraine, Bordeaux, Jan. 19.
SS Algeria, Barry, Jan. 7.
SS Ixion, Gravesend, Jan. 16.
SS West Galeta, Bordeaux, Jan. 8.
SS Montserrat, Cadiz, Jan. 11.
SS Galesburg, Nantes, Jan. 9.
SS Yangtse, Liverpool, Jan. 12.
SS Edenton, Colon, Jan. 20.
SS Sierra Morena, Fowey, Jan. 11.
SS Gothland, Cardiff, Jan. 16.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
Sioux	La Pallice	Jan. 10
Hampden	Brest	Jan. 11
San Giovanni	Naples	Jan. 12
France	Brest	Jan. 23
Mongolia	Brest	Jan. 20
Hellig Olav	Christiansand	Jan. 18
Martha Washington	Brest	Jan. 19
Communipaw	Brixham	Jan. 8
DUE TOMORROW.		
Plattsburg	Brest	Jan. 22
British Star	London	Jan. 14
DUE FRIDAY.		
Natal	Barry	Jan. 17
Polar Land	Bordeaux	Jan. 15
Byron	Barbados	Jan. 23
DUE SATURDAY.		
Adriatic	Brest	Jan. 24
Minnekahda	Brest	Jan. 22
Palermo	London	Jan. 14
Mississippi	Havre	Jan. 14

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Manchuria, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
U. S. H. S. Comfort, Brest	—	10:00 A.M.
Cretic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Maraval, Trinidad	8:00 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
West Ekonk, Genoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Purus, Rio Janeiro	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Honduras, Kingston	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
I. D. S. Adolph, St. Johns, N. F.	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Goentoer, Liverpool	—	10:00 A.M.
Zulia, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 A.M.
Tyr, Barbados	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Caronia, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gullfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Chicago, Bordeaux	8:30 A.M.	—
Giuseppe Verdi, Genoa	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Concho, San Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sosua, Cartagena	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Annetta, Kingston	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Connersville, Martinique	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Harrisburg, at Liverpool, Jan. 27.
SS St. Michaels, at Portland, Jan. 27.

Sailed.

SS Celtic, from Liverpool, Jan. 24.
SS Bristol, from La Rochelle, Jan. 23.
SS Inland, from Kirkwall, Jan. 25.
SS Henry R. Mallory, from St. Michaels, Jan. 25.
SS Newa, from Gibraltar, Jan. 25.

Passed.

SS Minerva, New York for Amsterdam, passed Dover.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M., Jan. 29, SS Cretic, and 7 A. M., Jan. 31, SS Caronia.
France—Sailings uncertain.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M., Jan. 29, SS West Ekonk, and at 9 A. M. Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.
Gibraltar—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.
Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain; Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Samoan Islands, Austria, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura ....Jan. 30
Philippine Islands, Austria, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline ....Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via Seattle)—SS Mexico Maru ....Feb. 1
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Venezuela ....Feb. 3
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura ....Feb. 7
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 432 Broadway.

Furniture.—Mahogany bedroom suite, double bed, and library table, (Adam,) splendid condition; Queen Anne bedroom suite; three-quarter bed; also Style X Victor Victrola. 102 West 75th St., Apt. 75.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. Non-visible, three months, $6. Visible, three months, $7.50 and up. THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4738.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Wanted to buy large safe, 60 inches high inside. R 716 Times Downtown.

Government Sales.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT OWNED SHEARLINGS.

The Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, 19th & B Streets, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Shearlings which were bought by the Government for the purpose of entering into the manufacture of army equipment such as coat liners, boots, jerkins, saddles, etc. Grades offered are Rock Island selection natural color for saddle linings, Rock Island selection black, Quartermaster selection natural color for saddle linings, Aviation No. 1 clipped and combed, Aviation No. 1 natural color, Aviation No. 1 black, Aviation No. 2 natural color, Aviation No. 2 black, Clippers, Rejects, Tear-offs and pieces. Shearlings can be inspected at any of the Zone Supply Offices in the following named cities: 461 8th Ave., New York, N. Y.; 108 Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass.; 1819 West 39th St., Chicago, Ill., and Jeffersonville, Ind. Bids must be made in triplicate on special form in time to reach Washington, D. C., A. M. February 24, 1919. Full particulars and forms for submitting bids may be obtained upon application to Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th & B Streets, Wash., D. C., Ref. S. P. D., No. 160, C. E.

SALE OF RUBBER CEMENT.

Material Disposition Section, Chemical Warfare Service, U. S. A., 19 West 44th St., New York City.

Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 780 gallons of rubber cement packed in 30-gallon drums. Bids made on forms M. D. 8, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M., Feb. 3, 1919.

STEAMBOATS.

Fall River Line to Boston

Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5 P. M. Music.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH LINE), Str. lvs. Pr. 40, N.R., Houston St., wk. days only, 5:30 P.M. Lv. Pr. 70, E. R., 22d St., 6 P.M.
BRIDGEPORT LINE, Str. lv. Pier 27, E. R., wk. days, 1 P. M. Pr. 70, E. R., 1:15 P.M.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

TOURS.

California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.
398 B'way, 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Pressure continues relatively low along the northern border and over the Middle Atlantic States, and is high in all other regions, except California. Fair weather has prevailed during the last twenty-four hours, except in the region of the Great Lakes, where there were snow flurries, and on the Texas Coast and in the State of Washington, where there were scattered rains.

Temperatures continue above the normal for the season in practically all parts of the country, the excess in temperature being most pronounced in the Northwest, where it is 20 to 40 degrees above the average for this date.

Indications are that the weather will be generally fair, with a continuation of temperatures above the normal during Wednesday and Thursday east of the Mississippi River.

Winds for Wednesday and Thursday along the Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable, mostly west, with fair weather.

FORECASTS, TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair in south, cloudy in north portions Wednesday. Thursday, fair; not much change in temperature.

Southern New England—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, with moderate temperature.

Western New York—Partly cloudy Wednesday. Thursday, fair and warmer.

The temperature record for the twenty four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	14	35	4 P. M.	19	40
6 A. M.	13	34	6 P. M.	23	43
9 A. M.	11	37	9 P. M.	21	42
12 M.	14	45	11 P. M.	22	42

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 17; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 34; at 8 P. M. it was 43. Maximum temperature, 46 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 34 degrees at 5:30 A. M. Humidity, 62 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 63 per cent. at 8 P. M.

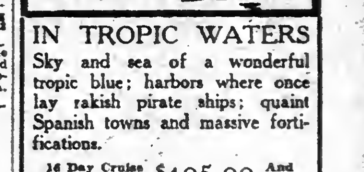
The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.01 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.78 inches.

Fire Record.

Time	Place	Loss.
A. M.		
2:00	440 E. 58 St.; John Finn	Slight
8:00	2,325 3 Av.; Colonial Hotel	Not given
9:00	213 E. 66 St.; not given	None
9:45	273 Lenox Av.; Apler Feiler	None
10:30	1,197 1 Av.; John McQuinlan	Slight
11:20	194-196 Hester St.; Paul Vanentino	Not given
P. M.		
12:01	35 Bradhurst Av.; not given	Slight
12:10	1,646 Park Av.; Francisco Diaz	Not given
2:40	251 W. 19 St.; not given	Not given
4:40	2,321 1 Av.; Frank Oitella	Slight
5:15	Foot E. 26 St., (garage;) Bellevue Hospital	$5,000
5:40	16 W. 133 St.; Mary Whitney	Not given
6:55	1,571 1 Av.; not given	Not given
9:05	216 W. 56 St.; Miss Prazell	Slight
9:35	224 E. 111 St.; not given	Slight
9:40	369 West End Av.; private hospital	Slight
11:45	Grand Concourse and 172 St., (auto;) Joseph Samuels	Slight

STEAMSHIPS.

Munson Steamship Line
New York to Antilla, Eastern Cuba
New American Steamship
MUNAMAR
All Staterooms Outside.
Special Staterooms De Luxe.
Fortnightly sailings form New York February 1st, February 15th, March 1st, March 15th and March 29th.
For Rates and Reservations address
Munson Steamship Line,
82 Beaver Street
New York City



IN TROPIC WATERS
Sky and sea of a wonderful tropic blue; harbors where once lay rakish pirate ships; quaint Spanish towns and massive fortifications.
16 Day Cruise All Expenses $105.00 And Up
From New York to and around Porto Rico, stopping at principal ports, and return. Steamer is your home for the entire voyage. Write for sailings.
PORTO RICO LINE
11 Broadway, New York

CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer ....Jan. 30
Caronia ....Jan. 31
Saxonia ....Feb. 12
Carmania ....Feb. 17
Royal George ....Feb. 22
Caronia ....March 3
HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA ....FEB. 1
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL
Prinses Juliana ....Feb. 12
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia ....Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

AMERICAN LINE
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Haverford... Feb. 4... Mar. 15

WHITE STAR LINE
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Adriatic.... Feb. 8 | Baltic.... Feb. 15
And Regularly Thereafter.
PORTLAND, ME.—LIVERPOOL
Megantic.... Feb. 8
N. Y.—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic ....Feb. 22
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7800.

SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE
(COMPANIA TRASATLANTICA)
FREQUENT SAILINGS. Direct to Vigo, Coruna, Gijon & Santander; Cadiz & Barcelona; Havana & Vera Cruz. L. LLANSO, Agt., Pier 8, E. R. Tel. Hanover 312.

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS
Sailing March 15, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents, 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts., 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 890.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South. Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices.

INDICTED B. R. T. MEN GET VENUE CHANGE

Justice Callaghan Orders Trial of Malbone Street Wreck Cases Held in Mineola.

SCORES HYLAN HEARINGS

District Attorney Lewis Dissatisfied —B. R. T. Receiver Confers with Service Board.

Justice Callaghan in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday granted the change of venue application of Timothy S. Williams, ex-President of the B. R. T., and the other officials and employes indicted for manslaughter in connection with the Malbone Street wreck on Nov. 1, and ordered trial held in Nassau County, at Mineola. If that county is not satisfactory to District Attorney Lewis or to the defendants, Justice Callaghan said he would name any other county on which the parties might agree.

Stephen S. Baldwin in his argument last week asked the court to name a county "as distant from Kings County as possible." Mr. Baldwin contended that the people of any county near Kings would be prejudiced almost as strongly against the defendants as were the people of Kings. When asked if he was satisfied with Nassau County, District Attorney Lewis said:

"I am not satisfied with any county except that in which the crime with which the defendants are charged is alleged to have been committed. The defendants were not entitled to a change of venue and I did not expect they would get it. Now that I am ordered to another county for trial I shall try the case in that county. I am not responsible for the change."

Mr. Baldwin was out of town, and Meier Steinbrink, Williams's attorney, refused comment.

Justice Callaghan in his decision said:

"It is difficult for me to understand how a campaign for the conviction of these defendants could have been carried on with more effectiveness than that which has been carried on in this county. It rivals the efforts of a well-organized corps of propagandists. A public hearing was held by the Mayor, sitting as a Magistrate. The newspapers have announced that it was the Mayor's intention to 'reach the men higher up.' The hearing conducted before him was given the widest publicity, photographs were taken of the defendants on arraignment and published in the newspapers. In fact, the defendants were tried and convicted in the eyes of public opinion before an indictment was found against them. An organization was formed in this county from among the relatives of the victims of the wreck, and a desire for vengeance had been expressed in public meetings by the members of this organization which has, by resolution, declared that it would do everything in its power to bring about a conviction of the defendants."

The B. R. T. officials and employes under indictment are Timothy S. Williams, Vice President John J. Dempsey, J. H. Hallock, President of the New York Consolidated Railroad Company, which operates the Brighton Beach line; W. S. Menden, assistant to Williams; Thomas F. Blewitt, Superintendent of the Southern Division of the system, and Edward Luciano, a train dispatcher, who, as an emergency motorman, was operating the train.

MOVE TO BETTER B. R. T.

Receiver Garrison Confers with Service Board.

Receiver Garrison of the B. R. T. called at the offices of the Public Service Commission yesterday afternoon and conferred for an hour with Commissioners Whitney, Hervey, and Kracke; the commission's chief counsel, Godfrey Goldmark, and its special counsel, William L. Ransom, on the subject of increasing the efficiency of the B. R. T.

The commission promised to do what it could to complete the rapid transit system so that trains could begin running, and to assist Mr. Garrison with schedules that would yield the maximum of service with the present equipment.

It was also practically agreed that 250 new surface cars should be bought. There is no money available for these cars, but it was suggested that the surface companies could issue certificates of indebtedness, which could be accepted by the B. R. T. Company and money furnished on them out of sums to be raised on receiver's certificates. There will be other conferences between the commission and Mr. Garrison.

TO SEND WOMEN'S MISSION.

Y. W. C. A. Industrial Commission Will Study Condition Abroad.

It was announced at the offices of the National War Work Council of the Y. W. C. A. yesterday that an industrial commission of women, headed by Mrs. James Cushman, Chairman of the War Work Council, would be sent abroad in April to study the industrial life of women in England, France, and Italy in an effort to promote a world fellowship among women workers.

Discussing the plans of the commission yesterday Miss Florence Simms, head of the Industrial Department of the Y. W. C. A., said that it was hoped the women of this country would lend their moral support to the mission.

"The war has forced upon us the bearing of international relationship in all things," she added. "It seems timely that women interested in the larger life of our women workers should take counsel together and express their interest, with the hope that certain minimum standards which seem essential to health and welfare among women may be agreed upon."

Besides Mrs. Cushman the commission will include Mrs. Raymond Robins of the National Women's Trade Union League of America; Mrs. Irene Osgood Andrews of the American Association for Labor Legislation, Miss Grace Drake, National Consumers' League, and Miss Florence Simms, Miss Marie Wing, and Miss Imogene B. Ireland, all of the Y. W. C. A. Miss Ireland will serve as the Secretary of the commission. Miss Mary Gilson, an authority on employment management, will accompany the mission.

MAY SUE FOR RUSSIA.

Court Denies Motion to Dismiss Action Over Black Tom Explosion.

Federal Judge Mayer denied the motion yesterday of Charles A. Boston, as counsel for the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, to dismiss the suit instituted by Frederic R. Coudert, in behalf of the Russian Government, for damages caused by the Black Tom explosion in July, 1916. The motion was made on the ground that there was no Russian Government, and therefore no plaintiff.

In the opinion the court said that the defendant had in its possession at the time of the explosion property belonging to the Russian Government which was destroyed, and that authority to begin the suit for damages had been obtained from one Boris Bakhmeteff, and that the recognition of the latter by this Government as Russia's Ambassador had been brought down to date by certificates issued on Oct. 31, 1918, and Jan. 2, 1919, by the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of State respectively. When Mr. Bakhmeteff left this country for France in December last he turned the affairs of the embassy over to Serge Ughet, financial attaché of the embassy, who is now in charge.

URGES TUNNEL PROJECT.

Merchants' Association Writes Gov. Smith on Hudson River Plan.

The Merchants' Association has asked Governor Smith to support the Hudson River vehicular tunnel project, which provides that the estimated cost, $6,000,000, shall be paid equally by this State and New Jersey. The letter to the Governor urges that an appropriation of $1,000,000 be made for immediate use.

"Careful consideration was given by our committee to the possibility that such a tunnel might have the effect of diverting to New Jersey industries which would otherwise locate or continue their location in New York. We do not believe that this would be the result, but, on the contrary, think that the benefits would be mutually reciprocal," the letter says. It states that there is a strong tendency at present to divert business from this port to points where the port charges are less and that it becomes important, therefore, that economies should be effected wherever possible in port charges. The proposed tunnel, it is explained, would help in this respect, as it would tend to reduce terminal expenses by reducing the cost of trucking, which is large because of delays in handling freight.

GETTING THE O'LEARY JURY.

Five Men in Box After Judge Sustains the Indictment.

Judge Augustus N. Hand, in the Federal District Court, yesterday overruled the motion made on Monday by counsel for Jeremiah A. O'Leary to quash the indictment, which charges that O'Leary and others violated the espionage law by entering into a conspiracy to obstruct the operation of the military laws of the country. After the motion was overruled the work of getting a jury to try O'Leary and Adolph Stern, his co-defendant, began.

Each talesman was asked if he was acquainted with President Wilson, J. P. Morgan, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Andrew Carnegie, James W. Gerard, and Lord Northcliffe. They were also asked if they belonged to the American Defense Society, the National Security League, or any other organization of a similar nature. At 7 o'clock last night, when court adjourned, five tentative jurors were in the box. The case will be continued at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

GARMENT WORKERS STRIKE MAY SPREAD

Schlesinger, President of Union, Says 25,000 May Be Added to Those Now Out.

MANUFACTURERS ARE FIRM

They Refuse to Deal with the Union, Says Morris Weiss, President of Their Association.

Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, declared last night that unless an early agreement was reached in the strike of 35,000 members of the union against the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, it would be necessary to call out about 25,000 more workers engaged in the manufacture of ladies' garments and thus bring the total number of strikers up to approximately 70,000. Mr. Schlesinger pointed out that he was speaking as the representative of the workers, all of whom are desirous of obtaining the forty-four-hour work week, a 15 per cent. increase in wages and the other union conditions demanded.

It was also announced at the union headquarters, 31 Union Square, that between 6,000 and 7,000 members of the union in Philadelphia had been called out and that a similar fight was being waged against the organization of manufacturers in that city. The strike here is deadlocked and there was no appreciable change in the situation yesterday, although the union officials declared that 4,000 workers had returned to their machines under agreements made with independent manufacturers who had no connection whatever with the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association. This is the total number of workers who have gone back to their jobs, it was said, and not many more would have returned by the end of the week.

Morris Weiss, President of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, said yesterday that the recently formed Contractors and Jobbers' Association which has been negotiating with the union had no affiliation with the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association. The members of this association, he said, employ no workers, do no manufacturing, but simply purchase and resell the finished product. The contractors' association, Mr. Weiss added, consists of a small number of contractors in the industry. The great number of independent manufacturers who at a recent meeting resolved to take the same stand as the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association were still consistently refusing to deal with the union, he asserted.

"The strike is in excellent shape," said Mr. Schlesinger in answer. "The shops are idle and they will stay idle until the manufacturers will concede to all the just demands of the union. The various contractors' associations which were organized during the last few days and which are seeking to enter into collective agreements with the union are being notified by the International office to forward a complete list of names and addresses of the firms for whom they are working or to whom they sell their products. Upon the receipt of such list the union will immediately investigate their shops and inform them whether the union will negotiate with them or not.

"The Executive Board of the General Strike Committee decided that all workers who return to work in the settled shops give up 10 per cent. of their earnings to the strikers for the duration of the strike. The International Union will within the next few days issue a call to every member of the organization throughout the country to give up a day's wages for the strikers. About 4,000 men and women have already returned to work under the new union agreement. The Settlement Committee is taking every precaution that the manufacturers who are settling shall not make any work for the firms on strike, or sell garments to them, and that they shall faithfully live up to the provisions of the agreement."

There are about 140 members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union throughout the country, and a readiness had been expressed through the various locals, it was said, to make the requested contribution to the general strike fund.

The official canvass of the referendum vote being taken among the furriers in the New York market, Morris Kaufman, manager of the Joint Board of the International Fur Workers' Union, said yesterday that the impending strike in the industry showed that only thirty-nine workers opposed the strike, while 4,894 were in favor of the walkout. Mr. Kaufman pointed out that business was dull in the fur industry at present, and that had all of the 7,000 workers been employed there would have been 7,000 in favor of the strike. The strike has been called for Monday, but it will, in all probability, commence on Saturday before the closing hour, it was said yesterday.

Dr. J. L. Magnes, the Chairman under the expiring agreement with the manufacturers, was making every effort to avert the strike, but union officials declared his efforts would be futile unless the manufacturers would agree to the demands, which include a forty-four-hour week, one price the year around, the limiting of unjust discharges, and the finishing of garments in same shop in which the other three operations are carried on.

ORDERS TRIAL FOR TREASON

Judge Mayer Rejects Fricke's Plea to Bar Indictment.

When the matter of the plea in bar interposed by Albert Paul Fricke to the indictment charging him with treason came up for trial yesterday in the Criminal Branch of the Federal District Court Judge Julius M. Mayer was asked to postpone the proceedings because the defendant's counsel, Thomas J. O'Neil and J. J. Daly, were otherwise engaged. This Judge Mayer refused to do and directed the drawing of a jury to pass on the issue raised by the plea that Fricke was immune from prosecution because on last May 22 he had testified as a Government witness in the Wessels case. When the jury had been obtained Fricke refused to question its members.

Federal Prosecutor Ben A. Matthews, who examined Fricke before the Grand Jury, testified that he warned the defendant of his constitutional rights and that he had not promised Fricke immunity in case he gave testimony that would tend to incriminate him. When the minutes of the Grand Jury examination were put in Fricke refused to put in any evidence in support of the plea. He also refused to make any argument in his own defense. Judge Mayer then directed the jury to dismiss the plea and render a verdict in favor of the United States. This was done. At the suggestion of Prosecutor Stephenson, Judge Mayer ordered a plea of not guilty to be entered to the indictment in Fricke's behalf and set the treason trial for Feb. 3.

Fire in Garage at Bellevue.

Fire that did $5,000 damage occurred late yesterday afternoon in a garage at Bellevue Hospital, and before it was extinguished a delivery truck was destroyed and the private automobile of a staff surgeon was badly damaged. The fire was started by a backfire in the carburetor of the delivery truck. Nurses and orderlies went through the wards reassuring the patients when the sound of the fire apparatus alarmed them.

INVITES VASSAR TO DEBATE.

Princeton Boys Object to Contest with Women's College.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 28.—The Princeton undergraduate body has been thrown into confusion by a committee, which has challenged Vassar to a debating contest. This unexpected development in intercollegiate debating has called forth a storm of protest from the conservative sons of "Old Nassau." The Daily Princetonian condemns the proposed contest with the girls. "We have been so kindly to the debating teams as to rate them one step higher than the chess teams," says this organ of undergraduate opinion, "but the proposal to cross words with the petticoated representatives of this bitter rival is too much. We throw up our hands in silent surrender; our vocabulary of invectives is utterly inadequate.

"Why not debate Vassar?" ask the sages of Whig and Clio. Yes, why not? Why not a knitting or sewing tilt with Bryn Mawr? Why not a pingpong match with Barnard, or a spelling bee with Wellesley, or a tea-pouring contest with Miss So-and-So's finishing school? Or, even better, why not take on the International Correspondence School for a heated skirmish in penmanship?"

The Daily Princetonian appeals to the Debating Committee to withdraw the challenge.

Between meals—Borden's Malted Milk for the children instead of cakes and cookies. A real food drink. *Insist on Borden's—always. In square packages only.*

Borden's THE IMPROVED MALTED MILK

BONDS AND STOCK DEALING. *To understand fluctuations in prices of public securities read the Annalist, a Weekly Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics, published by The New York Times Company.* 10c on news stands—$4 a year by mail.—Advt.

A Real Chateau Thierry EVENT IN TAILORING.

Officers' Uniforms and Overcoats made to order or ready to wear away—Prices reduced.

Uniforms 20 oz. Whipcord $25

Arnheim TWO STORES BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND 30 E. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

Overcoats 30 oz. Overcoating $25

EL DALLO "Each Cigar in its own humidor"

General Content says,— "It adds thousands to my ranks."

MANUFACTURED BY WERTHEIMER BROS. BALTIMORE, MD.

He Changed His Mind

A gentleman we know discovered recently on the day before a big banquet at which he was to speak that his dress clothes would no longer contain his slightly stouter figure.

Of course there was no time to have new clothes made by a tailor; but he doubted frankly if we could satisfy him.

In about ten minutes he was standing before a mirror in Full Dress regalia which was a real pleasure to look at. The coat fitted round the neck and shoulders. The back was perfect. There was a smartness of line and a distinction which he admitted was totally lacking in his old dress clothes.

Nothing was said about price until he had expressed himself as being satisfied—enthusiastically so.

The dress clothes he happened to select cost $40.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Full Dress or Tuxedo

$40 Coat and Trousers

Wallach Bros

Broadway, below Chambers / Broadway, cor. 29th — 246-248 West 125th / 3rd Ave., cor. 122d

"It's Time to Put on Style"

Your Photograph

When You Look Well and Feel Well

Is the Best Remembrance For the Ones Who Love You

Perpetuate the Memory of Your Service to Your Country With a Perfect Photograph in Your U. S. Uniform.

When Signed F. Brunel Chicago, Phila. Boston, Detroit.

Your Photograph will be highly artistic, clear, well posed and with life-like expression. EMILE BRUNEL IS AN ARTIST PAINTER—a graduate from the schools of Paris, Creator of the French Etching and Engraving Photographs.

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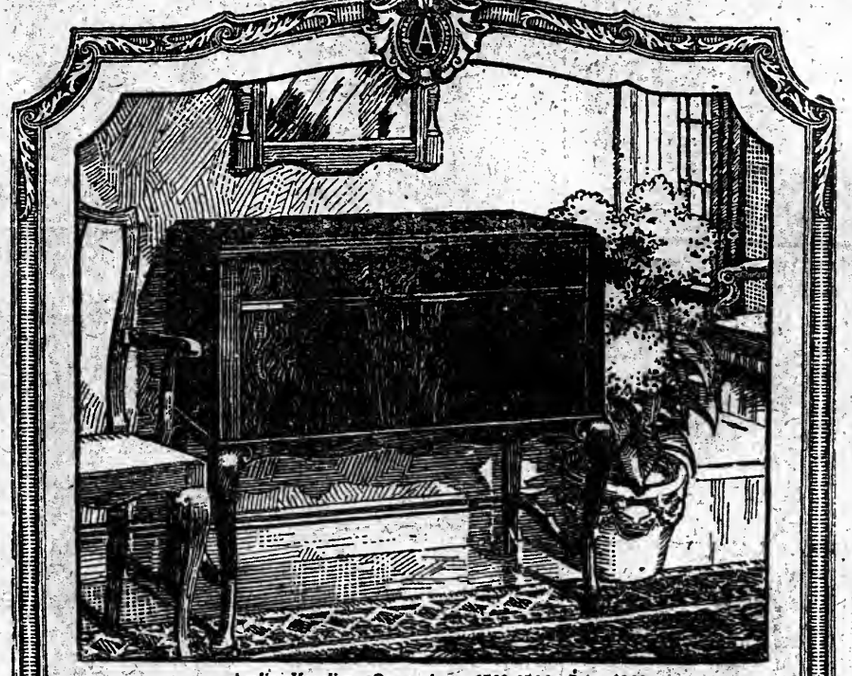
Passports and Photos for reproductions or cuts finished in 2 hours.

Copies and Enlargements, made of new and old prints, better than the original.

Satisfaction absolutely guaranteed.

26 STUDIOS AT YOUR SERVICE.
MANHATTAN—1482 B'way, cor. 43d. 1269 Broadway, at 32d St. 1 W. 34th St., opp. Waldorf. 115 W. 42d St., near Broadway. 9 E. 42d St., near 5th Ave. 516 5th Ave., cor. 43d. 208 Broadway, Eve. Mail Bldg. 258 Broadway, opp. City Hall. 396 5th Ave., between 36th and 37th Sts.
HARLEM—231 W. 125th St.
BRONX—149th St. and 3d Ave., over Riker's.
BROOKLYN—472 Fulton St., over Loft's.
NEWARK—893 Broad St.
YONKERS—12 North Broadway.

Cut Coupon and Save $6.00
Good Until Feb. 28, 1919.
10 PHOTOS SIZE 6x9 Dark Grounds Finished in Folders ... 3.50 with coupon Without ... $5.50
Given with above offer one Engraving Photo (value $3.50). T.



Aeolian-Vocalion—Queen Anne, 1702-1714—Price $260

Attractive Terms for Wednesday & Thursday

THE AEOLIAN-VOCALION

The Phonograph Supreme

IN PERIOD DESIGNS

THE above illustration shows the Vocalion in a Queen Anne Model—one of sixteen distinctive cases, designed by The Aeolian Company to meet the growing demand for cabinets that conform with the various historic "periods." The simple, gracefully curved lines of the cabinet make this Vocalion at home with almost any furniture, however, be it Queen Anne or not.

This instrument has all the well-known Vocalion advantages—that is, it is the phonograph greatly improved, greatly refined and complete in every modern detail. It has the beautifully clear tone that distinguishes all Vocalions. It contains the unique and fascinating Graduola, with which you may play the phonograph as a musical instrument. And it has an advantage that all music lovers will recognize as vital; namely, a Tone Arm that will play *all standard makes of records.*

Designed in the graceful and popular "Queen Anne" manner, the Vocalion illustrated will prove a delightful addition to your home—its peerless musical qualities complemented by a cabinet of exceptional charm.

This attractive instrument may be purchased for a moderate initial payment

and terms of $12 *per month*

A liberal allowance on Phonographs taken in exchange

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

Makers of the Duo-Art Pianola Piano
Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

AEOLIAN HALL

In MANHATTAN, 29 West 42nd Street
In THE BRONX, 367 East 149th Street
In BROOKLYN, 11 Flatbush Avenue
In NEWARK, 895 Broad Street

Special—
Hart Schaffner & Marx Blue Serge and Blue Unfinished Worsted Suits—

$27.50

Since blue clothes have shown a marked tendency to go up instead of down, our sole comment on this exceptional opportunity is—"Buy Now."

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers / Broadway, cor. 29th — 246-248 West 125th / 3d Ave. cor. 122d

"OKEH" the new ARROW FORM-FIT COLLAR 25 CENTS EACH CLUETT, PEABODY & Co. Inc. Makers

We Will Loan You MORE MONEY on Your Diamonds and Jewelry than any other loan concern. ONLY 1% PER MONTH. MAX BERNSTEIN 273 West 125th Street

PROHIBITION

Prohibition Is Now Here.

After a very few months no Wines or Liquors can be sold.
Prices are advancing rapidly and our stock is fast depleting.
If you desire quality and price we can serve you now.

PARK & TILFORD

OLD CROW RYE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

America's Finest RYE WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE

STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS
BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES

H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—NEW YORK, NOV. 12, 1918.—CERTIFICATE NO. E 41,739, FOR TWENTY SHARES OF TEXAS CO., IN THE NAME OF LEONARD O'MALLEY, AND CERTIFICATE NO. NYA 57,646, FOR TWENTY-FIVE SHARES N. Y., N. H. & HARTFORD RAILROAD CO., IN THE NAME OF EDWARD T. CARVEL. FINDER PLEASE NOTIFY WARDWELL & ADAMS, 71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY. TRANSFER HAS BEEN STOPPED, AND ALL PARTIES ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST NEGOTIATING THE SAME.

LOST—Certificate No. 540 for 22 shares of the People's Bank of the City of New York in the name of Olivia H. Lawrence, issued May 16, 1906. If found please notify H. W. B. Brown, 27 Cedar St., New York City. Transfer has been stopped and all parties are cautioned against negotiating the same.

LOST—Flat brown leather brief case, marked R. S. Buck, New York, on southbound 9th Av. elevated express train, Tuesday morning. Reward of $10 will be paid for return with contents to Room 723, 165 Broadway.

LOST—In ladies' waanroom, Hotel Astor gold onyx ring set with brilliants; of value to owner because of sentiment attached; very liberal reward. A 647 Times Downtown.

LOST—A sapphire and diamond barpin, Monday afternoon at the Dog Show at the Plaza. Finder please return to Plaza and receive reward.

LOST—$50 reward, no questions asked, for the return of pearl and diamond ring, lost Jan. 25, between Grand Central and 48th St., west of Broadway. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—Platinum chain earring with 3 pearls and 2 diamonds. Tuesday afternoon. Liberal reward if returned to J. G. Jackson, 161 East 79th St.

LOST—Gold ring, two diamonds, one ruby, Saturday night, 59th St., Central Park West; name, date engraved inside. Return 561 5th Av., linen store; reward.

LOST—Saturday afternoon in Central Park, near 72d St., a fur lap robe. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to 55 Liberty St., Room 1609.

LOST—Gold wrist watch. Hampden make, Sunday afternoon between 3 and 5:30; liberal reward. Address 1,220 Audubon Av.

LOST—Moleskin muff, probably around Metropolitan Opera or Central Park West and 110th St. C. Mason, Tarrytown, N. Y.

LOST—In Brooklyn, 2 large envelopes containing notes; reward for return. A 852 Times Downtown.

LOST—On Friday or Saturday, 14th-42d, fleur de lys pearl, diamond scarfpin; keepsake; liberal reward. A 297 Times.

LOST—Brown leather handbag on 5th Av., between 79th and 54th Sts.; suitable reward. B 113 Times.

LOST—Monday, silver mesh purse with key, at Battery Park or elevated cars; reward. 235 Madison Av., 27th St.

FOUND—Small brown dog, short hair, (Mexican,) Morningside Park. Phone Morningside 7418.

LOST—Red Irish terrier, dog; reward. 63 East 82d St.

$100 REWARD OFFERED.
No questions asked, for return black lace scarf (heirloom) lost on Monday, Jan. 13, either Knickerbocker Theatre, 66th St. and Broadway; Century Roof, or East 70th St.; value sentimental. 134 East 70th St., New York. Phone Rhinelander 9373.

$500 REWARD
for lavaliere, platinum chain, with four 2-carat diamond pendants and 23 ¼-carat stones in design; lost Saturday evening Pennsylvania Hotel, or vicinity. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—English setter female dog, white, with black spots. Return to Carolin, 823 Lexington. Phone Plaza 4060. Reward.

8 P. M. Friday

Final release of copy for advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and restaurants, for insertion in the Sunday edition of The New York Times, must be in The Times Building by 8 P. M. Friday.

Advertisers and advertising agencies should comply strictly with this rule in order to avoid disappointment. Advertisements under the classifications mentioned released on Saturday cannot be inserted in the Sunday edition.

The circulation of the Sunday edition of The New York Times is 550,000 copies.

The New York Times

ACCOUNTANCY

POST GRADUATE COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, FEB. 5, 1919, 8 TO 10 P. M.
Class conducted personally by
FRANK BROAKER, C. P. A. No. 1,
Secretary, First Board N. Y. State Examiners of Certified Public Accountants.

For Auditors, Accountants, and Practical Double Entry Bookkeepers ONLY.

Available for those who seek a professional, practical training for private and public practice or passing of examinations for degree of

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ALL PRACTICAL WORK. NO TEXT BOOKS
BOOKKEEPING CLASS. FULLY ENROLLED.

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"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today and Friday; fresh northwest and west winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,286. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1919. TWENTY-TWO PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

'DRY' AMENDMENT PROCLAIMED PART OF CONSTITUTION

State Department Notifies Nation of Adoption as Fundamental Law.

IN EFFECT JAN. 16 NEXT

New York and Vermont Finally Pass Resolution for Ratification.

SHARP FIGHT AT ALBANY

Senate Adopts the Amendment, 27 to 24—Distillers Lay Plan for Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Formal proclamation by the State Department that the national prohibition amendment has been ratified by three-fourths of the States of the Union and thus becomes a valid part of the Constitution was issued at noon today by Frank L. Polk, the acting Secretary of State.

Ten minutes previously Mr. Polk had attached his signature to the proclamation in the reception room adjoining the office of the Secretary of State. Among those present were William Jennings Bryan, former Secretary of State, one of the most vigorous advocates of national prohibition; Senator Sheppard of Texas, the author of the resolution by which Congress submitted the prohibition amendment to the State Legislatures for ratification; Representative Charles H. Randall of California, who was elected to the House of Representatives on the Prohibition ticket; representatives of various temperance organizations, Chief Clerk Ben G. Davis of the State Department, and other department officials.

The signature was appended with several pens, which Mr. Polk had promised, these being presented to Senator Sheppard, Mr. Bryan, Representative Randall, and others.

Commenting on the proclamation Mr. Bryan said it was the hope of the prohibitionists to enforce absolute prohibition at home and also to carry the movement "into other lands."

Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the Anti-Saloon League of America, issued a statement saying in part:

"The announcement by the Secretary of State that three-fourths of the States had ratified the amendment, is the official proclamation under Section 205 of the Revised Statutes that the amendment is a part of the organic law of the nation. This does not mean that the amendment is operative on that date or one year thereafter. The Constitution, Article V., fixes the date it becomes valid to all intents and purposes when the thirty-sixth State ratifies.

"The courts will look to the official announcement to see when that occurred. It was Jan. 16, 1919. It will become operative one year later, Jan. 16, 1920."

MONTPELIER, Vt., Jan. 29.—The Federal prohibition amendment was ratified by the Vermont Legislature today. Favorable action was first taken in the House and later the Senate suspended its rules and concurred in the vote.

SENATE AT ALBANY RATIFIES AMENDMENT

"Wets" Defeated by Vote of 27 to 24 in Bitter Attempt to Stave Off Final Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—New York State, by action of its Senate tonight, ratified the Federal prohibition amendment by a 27 to 24 vote and became the forty-fourth State to put the national ban on alcohol. The Assembly adopted the ratification resolution last week by a vote of 81 to 66.

Two Republicans, Senators Sage of Albany and Lockwood of Brooklyn, voted with the solid Democratic opposition. New York's acquiescence to the demise of "John Barleycorn" came after a session lasting nearly ten hours, filled with every possible parliamentary move to deny ratification. The fight was one of the most spectacular staged in the upper house in years. Few Senators failed to avail themselves of the opportunity to speak and the debate was vigorous.

The Democratic attempt to substitute another prohibition amendment with a referendum rider met with defeat by a 26 to 25 vote. Senator Abeles of the Bronx, Republican, voting with Senators Sage and Lockwood and the Democratic minority.

Confusion which marked a greater part of the session, due in part to the maze of parliamentary tangle offered by opponents of ratification, threatened to break into wild dispute when Senator Thompson of Niagara charged Governor Smith's election to the "rum interests." His charge met with bitter resentment from the Democrats. Again Democrats became vehement in answering Majority Leader Walters, who charged that prohibition originated with the Democrats.

In answering this, Senator Dowling of New York arraigned Southern Democrats as originators of prohibition and as "sectionalists, south of the Mason

Continued on Page Five.

USE SINGER NEEDLES!
Sewing Machine Permanent Silvered Needles replace steel needles. They play 50 to 100 times. Loud, Medium or Soft grades. 35c. per card of 5.—Advt.

Bolivia to Claim Provinces as an Outlet to the Sea

PARIS, Jan. 29. (Associated Press.)—That Bolivia intends to set up a claim for the Provinces of Tacna and Arica, under the doctrine of President Wilson that nations are entitled to an outlet to the sea, was indicated today by General Montes, Bolivian Minister to France. In a statement to The Associated Press he said:

"The claims of Chile and Peru to these provinces are based purely on political arguments, while those of Bolivia are based on the vital right of access to the ocean through the natural channel of these provinces. Without access to the sea, of which we were deprived when we lost Antofagasta as a consequence of the Pacific war, Bolivia could not hope to become a great nation and trade freely with the world."

General Montes pointed out that Chile and Peru possessed long coast lines even before the Pacific war.

FAIL TO HECKLE BECK AT MEETING

Would-Be Disturbers Squelched Before He Speaks—Hisses Meet Cheers for Hearst.

BIG POLICE GUARD PRESENT

Soldiers Tell How They Were Taken to Brooklyn and Rehearsed for Outburst.

Attempts to break up the meeting of the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee in the Brooklyn Academy of Music last night and prevent James M. Beck from speaking because of the belief that he would attack the loyalty of some members of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops were so completely frustrated by the police at the outset that the program was carried out without interruption. Two members of the Victory Committee, who tried to interrupt the meeting, and one soldier were ejected by the police.

Heavy guards of police and military police were stationed at all the entrances and in every aisle, so that it was impossible for any person in the audience to rise from his seat and begin an interruption that would last more than the few minutes required to escort him to an exit.

Threats had been made to Borough President Edward Riegelmann of Brooklyn by the same soldiers who attempted to break up the meeting of the Independent Citizens' Committee in Madison Square Garden on Jan. 17 that they would not permit Mr. Beck to speak at the Brooklyn meeting. They had perfected an organization for causing a disturbance of the Victory Committee meeting, and they appeared at the Academy of Music with civilians, who led the disturbing section in Madison Square Garden.

Got In Before Regular Opening.

About a hundred of these soldiers and marines gained entrance to the hall and took seats in the gallery before the doors were opened to the general public. Ushers said they did not have tickets of admission, and, inasmuch as they were overheard rehearsing plans for breaking up the meeting, they were requested to leave. Another meeting was organized by these men in the streets near the Academy under the leadership of civilians who said they were from the War Camp Community Service.

Nothing was done inside the hall to break up the meeting or to protest against the presence of Mr. Beck until James H. Post, the Chairman, arose to introduce the speakers after the first half of the musical program had been finished. Mr. Post had said only three words when Edmund O'Connor, Commissioner of Records in Kings County and a former Vice Chairman of the old Hearst Independence League, got up from a seat in the second row of the orchestra.

He asserted he was a member of the Victory Committee, but before he could say more than that he had seen in the newspapers that the gathering was to be a mass meeting, his voice was stilled by cries from all parts of the hall. A woman who sat near O'Connor in the same row jumped up and shouted: "Put him out! Shove him behind the platform!"

James E. Sullivan, another member of the committee, who occupied a seat in the third row, began to protest in a loud voice that O'Connor also was a member of the committee and entitled to be heard. Sullivan had in his hand a copy of the resolution presented to Borough President Reigelmann on Tuesday, purporting to have been adopted by members of the committee in protest against the invitation to Mr. Beck to speak at the meeting because of the allegation that at the Madison Square meeting he had "abused the authorities of this great city."

His voice also was lost in the cries of "put them out!" and a soldier who had moved from a remote part of the hall to the first row, giving to his former neighbors the excuse that he could not interrupt easily unless he was near the platform, tried to open an altercation with Nathan S. Jonas, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Victory Organization.

These Interrupters Yanked from Seats.

In response to the call of the members of the committee on the platform, eight policemen, three detectives and two members of the Provost Guard walked down the aisle and pulled the three interrupters from their seats. Sullivan tried to oppose the police but he was pushed out. O'Connor and the soldier then walked out unescorted.

As O'Connor was walking up the aisle he turned and yelled: "Hurrah for Hearst! Hurrah for Hearst!" His call was answered by hisses and boos. Another voice from the gallery called: "We don't want any Sein Fein here!" and the audience immediately became good-natured.

After this show of force by the police the few hundred other objectors who

Continued on Page Four.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA!
McK. & R. Cin-u-form Lozenges, 20c.—Advt.

RUSSIAN REDS WIN SUCCESSES ON MANY FRONTS

American and Allied Forces in the North Retreat from Shegovarsk, on the Vaga.

CITY IN UKRAINE CAPTURED

Suppression of Revolt at Tashkend Also Reported—Fall of Orenburg Is Confirmed.

JOHNSON IN SENATE ATTACK

He Again Demands That We Withdraw Our Troops from Russian Soil.

ARCHANGEL, Jan. 29. (Associated Press.)—The American and allied forces operating south of Archangel evacuated Shegovarsk on Monday and retired ten miles to the northward. The Bolsheviki continue to shell the American and allied positions at Tarasevo and Tulgas, but there is a comparative lull in activities on the entire front.

The forces which retired from Shegovarsk, which is about sixty-five miles north of Ust Padenga, which was the allied position furthest south a week ago, yesterday halted their march northward and established new positions at the villages Vistarka and Ust Sama, on opposite banks of the Vaga River, at a strategic bend in the stream, about ten miles north of Shegovarsk. The new positions are protected by forests through which there are no Winter trails in the immediate vicinity. Enemy patrols, which approached to within two miles, retreated when shelled.

The number of refugees fleeing over forest paths in zero weather from Shenkursk to the American and allied lines is increasing. American Red Cross representatives report that the plight of the refugees is serious.

Those who left Shenkursk after the arrival of the Bolsheviki repeat stories of massacres there, but allied headquarters is still inclined to doubt them. The refugees declare that the Bolsheviki continued to shell the town long after the American forces withdrew, evidently not knowing that they had left. The bombardment finally resulted in the setting afire of many buildings, after which, it is said, the Bolsheviki rushed in and shot many of the inhabitants.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—An official wireless dispatch received from Russia tells of the defeat of the Ukrainian peasant army by the Ukrainian Soviet forces and the occupation of Ekaterinoslav, capital of the Government of the same name in South Russia. The dispatch says:

"Ukrainian Soviet forces after a desperate battle overcame the stubborn resistance of the forces of General Petlura and occupied the town of Ekaterinoslav, capturing guns, machine guns, and other booty.

"The enemy is fleeing in disorder toward the sources of the Dneiper River."

OMSK, Siberia, Jan. 25, (Associated Press.)—Official advices received here are to the effect that Orenburg, capital of the Government of Orenburg, on the right bank of the Ural River, has been occupied by the Bolsheviki. General Dutoff, commander of the anti-Bolshevist forces, abandoned the town and retired in a northeasterly direction.

The Bolshevist control in Tashkend, capital of Russian Turkestan, has been overthrown through the defection of Commissioner Assipov, with whom two regiments of Bolshevist infantry and one of cavalry mutinied and seized the city and the railroad. All the Bolshevist Commissioners were shot.

The Siberians have captured Saranpol, Province of Tobolsk. Two hundred of the Red Guard were killed and the remainder dispersed.

INSISTS WE WITHDRAW TROOPS FROM RUSSIA

Johnson Calls American Attitude Toward Bolsheviki "Weak, Stupid, and Ignorant."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Characterizing the American Government's attitude toward Russia as "weak, vacillating, stupid, and ignorant," and asserting that American intervention on the Archangel front had enabled the "grotesque" Bolshevist Government of Lenine and Trotzky to "last far beyond its allotted time and exercise its despotic sway in the name of public safety," Senator Hiram Johnson of California today addressed the Senate in support of his resolution demanding the withdrawal of American troops from Russia.

"Our dealings with Russia," declared Senator Johnson, "and the dealings of our allies with Russia have been not only an exhibition of the crassest stupidity, but have contributed to the awful tragedy there."

Senator Johnson quoted from President Wilson's various declarations of his attitude toward Russia, and went into an analysis of historical events subsequent to the Bolshevist revolution in an effort to prove that the American

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

"IF YOU WANT an overflowing supply of roses and other blessings," see top of page 6.—Advt.

Brockdorf Wants Neutrals To Administer Schleswig

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 29.—The Afton Tidningen's Berlin correspondent says that Count von Brockdorf-Rantzau, the Foreign Minister, who has been appointed by the German Government as the head of its delegation to the Peace Conference, has suggested that an inter-Scandinavian commission be established to govern Schleswig until the Danish-German frontier question is settled.

GERMAN NAVY MEN ASKED TO ENLIST

Mysterious Agents Seeking to Get Sailors for Service Abroad.

HINT OF EARLY FIGHTING

Suspected Country Not Disclosed — Rebels Reported Beaten at Wilhelmshaven.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 28, (via Copenhagen.)—The Central Naval Council is circulating among its subordinate departments and at various naval ports an address requesting a searching examination of the activity of certain men who lately and apparently not unsuccessfully have tried to enlist naval officers and seamen for the service of some foreign country. All the departments have been requested to report any cases coming to their knowledge at once to the Central Naval Council in Berlin.

Cpatain Scheide, who is now in charge of the Naval Intelligence Service, explained to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent the reasons for the circular letter. For several weeks many officers and sailors have been personally and by mail asking the Central Naval Council whether they should enlist in foreign service, they having received tempting offers. Machinists, technical seamen, gunners, and U-boat men seemed to be specially demanded, being offered a thousand marks monthly and more.

"We investigated several cases," Scheide said, "and found that the name of the foreign country which desires to hire our men was not revealed by the agents, who seemed to be Dutchmen. For this reason we could not advise our men to accept service. Besides, we must take care lest such wholesale enlistments might involve Germany in new troubles."

Many Seamen Disappearing.

"Were they really wholesale enlistments?" asked THE TIMES correspondent.

"The agents at least tried to work wholesale," was the reply. "Only a few days ago a long list of officers and seamen who were inclined to accept foreign service came to our notice. Another list was circulated even in our own house, the Navy Department, headed by the name of a well-known officer, who, however, disclaims all knowledge of it.

"The investigation has only just begun. In one case a naval officer was telephoned to by a foreign agent, and asked to meet him at a certain place. When he arrived there with another naval officer the agent had disappeared. Two other agents were examined, but denied that they had made any serious offers.

"Still, a considerable number of seamen have disappeared in the last two weeks without leaving any trace, which convinced us that they had accepted foreign service."

Scheide refused to say what nation might be involved, but thought there were several. He had also heard from men who talked with the agents that they were given to understand that there would be a chance to distinguish themselves and advance rapidly, indicating that there might be fighting.

THE TIMES correspondent suggested several countries east of Germany, but Scheide refused to commit himself. All he would say on this point was that, though the agents were mostly Dutch, he was convinced that Holland was in no way implicated.

Fighting at Wilhelmshaven.

A Hamburg telegram states that there was a heavy artillery fight at Wilhelmshaven between Spartacides and sailors belonging to the Majority Socialists, which lasted until 2 A. M. The Spartacides are reported to have been defeated, with many killed and wounded. Details are unobtainable because telephone and telegraph communication are interrupted. Railway men, who are on strike, expressed their disapproval of the Spartacides' action, like many workmen in other branches and professional men, such as physicians and nurses.

Herr Kuhn, President of the Republic of Oldenburg, arrived late this evening in Berlin, reporting to the People's Commissioners that he and his Government were not concerned in the Spartacide invasion of Wilhelmshaven. He was not informed of the result.

Not only the Deutsche National Volkspartei, but also the Deutsche Volkspartei congratulated the ex-Kaiser on his birthday.

"With unswerving loyalty for the Kaiser and the empire we remember the great times Germany lived under Hohenzollern rule," is the most striking sentence of this congratulation, which Vorwärts considers characteristic showing of royalism. The paper consoles itself with the view that the address to "the unfortunate man at Amerongen" is full of hypocrisy, and that the members of the Deutsche Volkspartei have quite a different opinion of Wilhelm from what they pretend.

Die Freiheit indignantly records that the ex-Kaiser's birthday was celebrated at grand headquarters on the night of Jan. 26-27, in the presence of Hindenburg, Gröner, and many staff officers. At the War Office nothing is known officially of such a celebration, but its possibility was admitted. It was said that some officers might have drank the ex-Kaiser's health, which is not punishable by law.

CALOX OXYGEN TOOTH POWDER
Cleans, Whitens, Preserves—McK. & R.—Advt.

WILSON'S COLONIAL PROPOSAL WINS, INTERNATIONAL CONTROL ASSURED; POLES AND CZECHS TOLD TO END STRIFE

WE RECOGNIZE POLAND

Lansing Sends Greetings to Paderewski as Provisional President.

RIVALS BEFORE THE COUNCIL

Big Five Hear the Claims Put Forward by Czech and Polish Spokesmen.

TOLD TO END HOSTILITIES

This Action Followed Recent Warning to All Warring Claimants of Territory.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The Supreme Council of the great powers gave the entire day to Poland, hearing the Polish Delegates Dmowski and Pilotz, and the Czechoslovak Delegates Kramarz and Benes.

While the hearing bore on the instructions to the commission about to start for Poland, yet the main desire of the Council was to hear the Poles and Czechoslavs concerning the warfare which is now going on between them along the Silesian frontier.

This clash between the military forces of the two countries is regarded as contrary to the recent warning given by the Council against the occupation of territory by force.

The delegates of the two countries were invited to explain the hostilities and take measures to abate them.

The hearings today and the departure of the commission for Poland are expected to put an end to this internal conflict between two powers which are represented at the conference.

The Polish Commission, which is planning to depart for Warsaw early in February, comprises Generals Montbena and Rombi, Italians; General Louis Botha and Siresme W. Howard, British; General Niessl, G. Velten, Consul General at Warsaw, and M. Noulens, former Ambassador to Russia, French, and Major Gen. Francis J. Kernan and Professor Robert H. Lord, Americans.

Recognized by America.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29. — President Wilson has extended full recognition to the new Polish Government under the Premiership of Ignace Paderewski. Disclosure of the President's action was made by the State Department today when it issued this announcement:

The Provisional Polish Government is accorded complete recognition in a telegram which Secretary Lansing has sent Ignace Paderewski by direction of President Wilson. The message extending this full recognition follows:

"The President of the United States directs me to extend to you as Prime Minister and Secretary for Foreign Affairs of the Provisional Polish Government his sincere wishes for your success in the high office which you have assumed, and his earnest hope that the Government of which you are a part will bring prosperity to the Republic of Poland.

"It is my privilege to extend to you at this time my personal greetings, and officially assu you that it will be a source of g ification to enter into official relati s with you at the earliest opportuni and to render to your country such id as is possible at this time as it ters upon a new cycle of independ at life will be in full accord with that spirit of friendliness which has in the past animated the American people in their relations with your countrymen."

Poles Here Cable Thanks.

Polish national leaders tonight declared that the Polish portion of the population of the United States would give itself over to general rejoicing over the action taken by the President and Secretary Lansing. A message was sent to Paris by national Polish leaders here thanking President Wilson for his recognition of the Paderewski Government. In the name of the National Polish Department of America this statement was issued tonight by James C. White, Director of the National Polish Bureau:

"President Wilson's recognition of the Polish Government under the Premiership of Paderewski, is an act fully consonant with the high ideals with which America entered the war and with the ideals which have actuated the President from the beginning.

"To President Wilson belongs the credit of having on Jan. 22, 1917, broken the silence which surrounded the Polish problem, and which threatened to make it an affair of internal Russian administration by a declaration which echoed around the world that there must be an independent Polish State.

"Since that memorable declaration, the President has repeatedly made known both his aspirations and ideals with regard to the future and the independence of Poland, and it is with

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Allies Hasten Steps to Punish War Criminals; Will Not Permit Germans to Obstruct Action

By G. H. PERRIS.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—British preparations for the pursuit of the war criminals, "however highly placed," as the instructions of the Peace Conference are worded, are being carried on steadily, and it is hoped that Sir Gordon Hewart, the Attorney General, and his judicial colleagues will have their case ready very shortly.

No time has been or will be lost, and there is no doubt that the guilty will be brought to book, but it is desired that the measures in view shall be thoroughly and soundly based, not only so that immediate justice can be done, but that in later times there can be no possibility of doubt that justice has been done.

It is perhaps unfortunate that certain provisions were not included in the armistice terms for the rendering up of personages against whom grave evidence lies of offences against international law, for some of them will inevitably try to escape trial by flight.

Some German authorities have intimated their willingness to support an international investigation, but it is not known whether the Ebert Government will assume the same position or whether pressure will have to be put upon it.

For the speed of the proceedings, much will necessarily depend upon whether the Germans are willing to produce the necessary documentary or personal evidence and generally to recognize the validity of the process that will in any case be established. If they do not, so much the worse for them, for the Allies are unanimously resolved that justice, impartial and effective, shall be done.

POLES FIGHTING ON THREE FRONTS

Their Warfare with Czechs, Ukrainians, and Bolsheviki Embarrasses Conference.

POLISH FACTIONS UNITED

But Their Armies Are Losing Ground Daily — Czech Victories Add to Complication.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—By far the most difficult of the Continental European tasks which the big powers that are directing the affairs of the Peace Conference have to undertake is that of straightening out the complicated military and political affairs of Poland.

At the present moment Poland is fighting what may be called three separate wars simultaneously on as many frontiers, and is trying at the same time to convert herself into an independent republic to which shall be added later such regions of old Poland as have not yet been restored or are still being contested for by other new States.

Definite action by the Allies is held up pending a report of the commission authorized to study the whole Polish situation. That commission cannot make the first move to get the desired information until it receives its instruction as to what is wanted and how to go about getting it.

The task of formulating instructions was delegated to Stephen Pichon, the French Foreign Minister, and he has completed them, but they must be ratified by the five great powers before they can become operative. That ratification has not yet been made.

In the meantime Poland is fighting both to keep what she has and to acquire what she thinks she ought to have. This fighting is going on every day despite the warning sent out by the great powers Friday that all hostilities must cease everywhere, and that all territorial claims would be seriously prejudiced in the minds of the Peace Conference at the time of final adjustment in all cases where attempts to make good those claims by military force had continued in defiance of the warning.

Sympathy for Poland.

But the Polish Committee in Paris asserts that their country cannot cease fighting when it is under constant military attack by three enemies. Other powers represented at the Peace Conference are inclined to sympathize with that view. A most embarrassing phase for the conference at the Quai d'Orsay is that one of the three military forces at war with Poland is that of Czechoslovakia, one of the new States recognized by the Allies and exactly on the same footing as a friendly nation as Poland itself.

The other enemies at war with Poland are the Ukrainians and Bolsheviki. That is less embarrassing, for the Ukraine has a now well-defined status, and the Bolsheviki are still counted as outlaws and enemies of all nations, at least until they accept the

Continued on Page Two.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

AUSTRALIA SENT PROTEST TO PARIS

Acting Premier Watt Cabled in Objection to Wilson's Proposal.

OPPOSED INTERNATIONALISM

Could See Nothing but Complications from That Method of Control of German Colonies.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 29, (Australian Government cable.)—The Hon. W. A. Watt, acting Prime Minister, today summed up public feeling regarding the disposition of the former German colonies. He demands that the islands taken from the enemy by Australian and New Zealand troops be controlled in the future by Great Britain or Australia and New Zealand.

"It is probable," said Mr. Watt, "that at the conference of allied powers an attempt will be made to internationalise or neutralise the Pacific islands and other countries that formerly belonged to Germany. After careful consideration of the prospects of such a form of government, we can see nothing but complications arising out of that method of control, and I am cabling today to Prime Minister Hughes in Paris, strongly setting out our objections to any form of international government, in the same way as we have presented to him our strong opinions against restoration of these islands to the control of the German people."

"The question of the disposal of Germany's former overseas dominions is now under consideration at the Allied Peace Conference," says Mr. Watt's statement. "I wish to state plainly the attitude adopted by the Government of the Commonwealth in respect to the Pacific islands.

"Shortly after the conclusion of the armistice both houses of the Federal Parliament unanimously carried a resolution that the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia declare it is essential to the future safety and welfare of Australia that the captured German possessions in the Pacific occupied by Australian and New Zealand troops should not under any circumstances be restored to Germany, and that in the consideration and determination of proposals affecting the destination of those islands Australia should be consulted.

"The time for consultation having arrived, the Government should make its views plain. It is the desire and hope of the Australian Government that the islands of the Pacific formerly held by Germany and now occupied by Australian and New Zealand forces should for the future be controlled either by Great Britain or Australia and New Zealand.

"In expressing this desire we are not influenced by an ambition to extend our territory, but feel that this free, young nation must safeguard itself against molestation. The only form of insurance which is open to us is government under the British flag, as the Commonwealth already governs a substantial area in Oceania adjacent to the late German possessions of New Guinea and Bismarck Archipelago.

"We feel that success has attended our development of these islands. [Parts of New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago have been under the administration of an Australian Governor General for four years.]

"We must appeal to the nations who have to judge our claims. We do not seek to exploit the natives, but to develop the productive and industrial possibilities of these possessions for the future good of the present inhabitants as well as the safety of this island continent.

"Many evidences have been tendered to the Government that this is practically the unanimous view of the people of Australia. I can only express the hope that the presentation of our case by Prime Minister Hughes will so influence the statesmen of the allied countries that Australia's position will be safeguarded."

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the world. No invalids. No children under ten.—Advt.

WILSON'S IDEAS PREVAIL

Concessions Give League Mandatories Liberty as to Colonies.

LLOYD GEORGE PERSUADES

Spends Most of Day with British Colonial Ministers, Urging Them to Recede.

INSURES FULL SUCCESS

Conference Between Smuts and House Played Large Part in Settlement.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—As the result of a private meeting today between General Smuts and Colonel House virtual agreement has been reached on the troublesome questions involved in the insistence of Japan, Australia, and New Zealand that the Conference confirm the secret understanding reached between Great Britain and Japan for disposition of the captured German colonial possessions.

Mr. Lloyd George spent most of the day endeavoring to persuade the British Colonial Ministers to recede from their position in favor of observing the secret arrangement.

In consequence of these occurrences it is not going beyond the bounds of probability to say that the principle of internationalizing the German colonies, with a future administration intrusted to Governments designated by the League of Nations, will be recognized by the Peace Conference.

It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of this outcome of the greatest diplomatic battle fought behind the closed doors of the Quai d'Orsay. The assertion is now made that the acceptance by all the nations and federated dependencies concerned of the principle of internationalization for which the United States has strenuously contended means the success of the League of Nations.

Those who advance the claim go even further in the assertion that if the principle had been rejected the league would have been a futile organization.

While this principle does not directly affect the territorial aspirations of Italy, the developments today make it clear that Italy will probably abandon the effort to obtain the annexation of Fiume and the adjacent Dalmatian territory, and abide by the spirit of the principle, which means that she will consent to the Jugoslavs having Fiume and perhaps exercising control until the territory is ready to assert the principle of self-determination.

Compromise Accepts Wilson Plan.

PARIS, Jan. 29, (Associated Press.)—The German colonial question is ripe for decision, as great progress was made yesterday concerning it. It is understood a compromise is to be adopted which will fully preserve President Wilson's plans for international administration, but will give the various mandatories certain liberty of action in executing their control of the colonies.

The Supreme Council held two sessions today, but the chief interest of the day was centred in a series of private conferences in the upper chambers of the American and British delegations, where efforts were being made to reconcile the rather acute issue which had arisen over the disposition of the German colonies.

The American position had been definitely stated in favor of internationalization of the colonies under the League of Nations, with mandates as trustees to such powers as undertook to administer them. But the British Dominions, which were chiefly interested in the German colonies of the Pacific and in South Africa, were equally firm for annexation with full sovereignty and without a mandate from the league.

The main effort today was to reconcile these extremes, and those taking part in the conferences were hopeful tonight that a middle ground would be found which would preserve the American contention for a mat-

date to the powers claiming the colonies.

Early in the day General Smuts, representing the British dominions' view against the mandate, and Colonel House held a long conference, with a view to reconciling the differences This seemed to tend toward an agreement whereby the mandatory power would have control of the administration of any colony committed to its care, but the league would exercise supervision over the general character of this administration, with a view to protecting the interests of the nation and the population.

Later Premier Hughes of Australia, who is the exponent of the extreme view for outright annexation of the colonies, conferred with Colonel House in a further effort to a middle ground.

Two official communications on the peace proceedings were issued today. The first says:

The President of the United States, the Premiers, and the Foreign Ministers of the allied and associated Governments and the Japanese representatives held two meetings on Jan. 29. The morning sitting was devoted to hearing reports of delegates who made general statements on the Polish situation and Polish claims. In the afternoon the Czechoslovak delegates gave their views on the question of the industrial basin in Silesia situated between Bohemia and Poland.

The other communiqué says:

Since Monday last Mr. Barnes, British Minister without portfolio, has been conferring with prominent British trade unionists on the draft of a scheme for the international regulation of conditions of employment.

The scheme has been closely examined, and the experience of all present at the conference has been freely placed at Mr. Barnes's disposal. Many valuable suggestions have been made, and it is felt that full light has been given to the views of organized British trade unionists.

The conference concluded at noon, Jan. 29, and the draft scheme agreed upon will be submitted to the International Commission on Labor Regulation, which was appointed on Saturday last at the Peace Conference.

President Planning Second Visit.

Much as President Wilson still hopes to avoid a second trip to Europe, it begins to look as if the course of Peace Conference affairs would cause him to feel impelled to recross the Atlantic in the early Spring.

Recent statements purporting to announce definitely that the President had arranged to come back to Paris after going to Washington in February, and even giving the date of his sailing on his return trip were founded, it may be said, on no definite information. The fact is that the President, while still hoping it will turn out that another trip to Europe will be unnecessary, is waiting to see what the remaining fifteen days of his stay in France will bring forth before finally deciding on his course.

The President is said to have told his confidants that if events pointed to the need of his return he felt that his course would be found fully justified when he addressed Congress, as he plans to do almost immediately on his return to the United States. It has developed that he has abandoned the idea of returning by way of England. If his plans hold, he will sail from Brest on the George Washington between Feb. 10 and Feb. 15.

It is realized here that President Wilson's return home with plans for departing for Europe again would bring up the question of an extra session of the new Congress with Republican majorities in both Houses. The best available opinion here is that if an extra session be thought inevitable the President would call it before his return to France, probably setting the date ahead to some time in June, expecting to finish the business of the Peace Conference in time to return to Washington and be in the White House when the new Congress assembled.

The President's friends here say he is prepared to answer any criticisms or an intended return to France with facts which he will lay before Congress in the addresses which he will probably deliver.

SEE DIFFICULTIES AHEAD.

English Correspondent Tells of Colonies' Objections.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 30.—The British Imperial War Cabinet has accepted President Wilson's theory of internationalization as applied to the captured German colonies, notwithstanding energetic protests from the representatives of the dominions, says The Daily Mail's Paris correspondent.

"These protests," says the correspondent, "have been of the gravest character. The South African representatives believe acceptance will give the greatest encouragement to the rebel element in South Africa which it ever has received during British administration. The Australian delegates fear that Australian public opinion will regard it as extremely unsatisfactory and inexplicable. The Dominion representatives generally, though very reticent, are greatly perturbed."

The Daily Mail cites Arabia and Mesopotamia as instances where possibly the inhabitants are capable of self-determination and would have their wishes put into effect by the League of Nations.

Regarding safeguards under which the mandatories would administer the countries whose people are not ripe for self-determination, The Daily Mail says that President Wilson proposes that the safeguards shall be settled by the Peace Conference or the League of Nations, they being varied according to local conditions.

"President Wilson doubtless has before him," the correspondent continues, "the principles of the British colonial administration as those which the league must enforce by safeguard, and the British view appears to be that under this system, while formal adhesion is given to President Wilson's theory, the right of government by mandatory power will not differ in effect from the British Imperial conception. This view induced the Imperial Cabinet to accept President Wilson's plan, but an examination into the steps to be taken for putting it into effect already reveals the gravest difficulties."

"It involves three difficulties of paramount importance: first, who is to pay for the development of the territory; second, what rules regarding tariffs are to be observed, and, third, are the mandatories to be allowed to exclude people or capital they do not wish to enter.

"President Wilson believes all these can be settled by separate consideration of the case of each territory. He even foresees the possibility of the league having revenue derived from constituent members, which might be spent in developing lands which it will nominally own.

"French, Italian, and British colonial opinion is that any system of international control always has proved a failure and always will, and that the only right of interference which the league ought to assume would be the right to call to account any power whose Government is injurious to the interests of the inhabitants.

"The colonial delegates declare that public opinion in their countries is quite incapable of appreciating the idea that administraton under President Wilson's scheme may under certain circumstances not differ materially from actual possession."

HARMONY PREVAILS AMID DIVERSE VIEWS

Spirit of Conciliation Shown in Discussion of Former German Possessions.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—Complicated as are some of the questions arising out of the proposed disposition of the former German colonies, the fact is not lost sight of that the Allies and America started with one point in common. When the subject first came up for discussion it was found that there was absolute unanimity on the proposition that none of her former colonial possessions could be restored to Germany. Arthur Balfour and General Smuts had expressed this determination so far as the British Empire was concerned, and it was highly satisfactory from the English point of view to find the American delegates in entire agreement.

President Wilson's proposal that all the German colonies should be internationalized came as a surprise. He had been expected to advocate such a policy, but only to a limited extent.

Britain Standing by Her Colonies.

Great Britain, on her side, was prepared to submit to the conference proposals which in her view would clearly indicate that she was not seeking colonial aggrandizement. She was not, however, ready to abdicate her interest in the claims which the colonial members of the British commonwealth might be able to justify before the conference on the grounds of their future security. South Africa and Australia were entitled to count upon the support of the mother country in all their reasonable demands. In all other respects the British attitude in regard to this question is roughly defined as one looking to a settlement of the various problems arising in such a way as will contribute to the future well being of the world. In some cases it is believed that immediate solutions are impossible. The League of Nations, it is hoped, will provide machinery by which the immediate necessity of territorial dispositions can be dispensed with.

The case of the Marshall and Caroline Islands is one particularly in point. It is an open question whether the acceptance by the allied powers of Wilson's fourteen points has retroactive power in such matters as treaties and engagements entered into before the United States came into the war; and from this point of view there would be room for much discussion of the binding character of the arrangements entered into between Great Britain and Japan.

Though I cannot, of course, predict the developments of the British attitude in this particular matter, it is a permissible assumption that a method can be discovered of arriving at an understanding whereby, without disregard of the interests of any particular nation, other interests can be conciliated.

It was suggested today that a solution of what may be called the Pacific problem was being sought along the lines of a division of the mandatory powers assigned to the various Governments under the League of Nations.

The question of Kiao-Chau is one that is being studied in its relation to other subjects. China is understood to have made a strong claim for the restitution of that territory, which was ceded under pressure to Germany; and, while the Japanese delegates are reported to have so far maintained an attitude of great reserve, listening to everything and saying nothing, it is certain that the part the Japanese played in the capture of what the Emperor William once called the eyrie of the German eagle in the Far East will be put forward with much vigor. It is true that the British co-operated in the taking of Kiao-Chau; but these particular military and naval operations were neither extensive nor expensive by comparison with the standards of the whole war.

In setting forth these aspects of the British point of view I have sought to indicate that, while there is no disposition to minimize the differences which do exist, it is firmly believed in quarters closely in touch with the general policy of the British Colonial Office that the unanimity which marked the opening of the discussion of this vexed question of the disposition of the former German colonies will also stamp its closing phases.

ROME BACKS ACTION IN PARIS.

Particularly Pleased with Approval of the League of Nations Plan.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Jan. 29.—The whole press of Rome is satisfied with the procedure at the Peace Conference, and expresses the hope that a lucky beginning will be a good omen for the future workings of the conference.

The news of the approval of the League of Nations project was received here with rejoicing, as this action was the one most ardently desired by the Italian people, as demonstrated by the speech of Orlando, who has always upheld the necessity for a society of nations to make war in the future impossible and form strong commercial and industrial ties between nations.

All the decisions so far taken are regarded as having distinctly shown the influence exercised by President Wilson over the assembly. His suggestion of a meeting of the different Russian parties is called here a "great statesman's coup."

The conference is now approaching what one paper calls the "burning questions" of territorial settlements. It is judged here that the most difficult problems will be those of the Rhine and Adriatic.

THREE SECRET TREATIES.

Britain Hampered by Italian, Japanese, and Hedjaz Agreements.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—In connection with the territorial questions before the Peace Conference is confronted by no less than three secret treaties, says the Paris edition of The London Daily Mail today. It goes on:

"The first is the treaty between Great Britain, France, and Italy disposing of the Adriatic coast, which conflicts violently with Jugoslav and Czechoslovak interests.

"The second is the treaty between Great Britain and Japan, under which Japan gets the German islands in the North Pacific.

"The third is the treaty between Great Britain and the King of the Hedjas under which Damascus forms a part of the territory given to the Hedjaz Kingdom.

"Damascus lies near the border line of the spheres of control in Syria and Palestine agreed upon between the British and the French. Under this agreement Palestine from the Sea of Galilee to the Egyptian border is a British protectorate administered for the special benefit of the Jews, while north of the Sea of Galilee to Ain Meinor it comes under the French. The latter, however, are most anxious to have Damascus included within their sphere, while the Hedjas delegates are equally anxious to retain Damascus as it is already under their administration."

PRAISES MONROE DOCTRINE.

Cecil Would Have It Maintained by the League of Nations.

LONDON, Jan. 29, (British Wireless Service.)—Lord Robert Cecil, the British authority on a League of Nations, praised the Monroe Doctrine in an interview today regarding the interest of neutral countries, especially Latin America, in a League of Nations.

"Neutral countries cannot, of course, take part in deliberations directly concerning war problems," he said, "but, so far as a League of Nations is concerned, if neutral countries prepare a practical plan for submission to the conference, the representatives of the great powers will be glad to consider it, although it must be a plan containing concrete issues and not theoretical solutions drawn upon paper.

"The Monroe Doctrine has given satisfactory results in practice which justifies its further application as a model of operation. The League of Nations could appoint the American nations themselves as the mandatories for the execution of its principles regarding territorial integrity, so far as these principles affect American countries. In this manner the United States and the Latin American republics could act in conformity with their policy already established."

Lord Robert added that if European action were excluded in the American Continent the occasion might arise when an American nation might unjustly damage European interests. To avoid this it would be advisable that a court or similar institution be formed by the American countries themselves to consider and decide the actions applicable in each case.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The delegates of the South and Central American nations to the Peace Conference decided at a meeting held today to create a commission to look after the interests of all these nations before the conference, with delegates especially assigned to look after various subjects.

Thus, Brazil will voice the feeling of the Central and South American nations as regards the League of Nations; Cuba will pay especial attention to international labor legislation from the same point of view, while Uruguay will especially interest herself in the subject of the internationalization of ports, waterways, and railways.

ADOR HOPEFUL OF LEAGUE.

Swiss President Says His Nation Will Be Included in It.

GENEVA, Jan. 29.—Gustave Ador, President of the Swiss Federation, returned today from Paris, where he conferred with peace delegates. President Ador was received by Swiss Government officials here, to whom he delivered a brief address.

With reference to the proposed League of Nations and the Peace Conference, M. Ador said he had not been before the Peace Congress, properly speaking, but had been in conference with allied representatives. The Allies had been largely engaged in discussing the conditions to be imposed upon the conquered nations, he said, and hence neutrals had not been admitted to their collective councils. He added, however:

"When the Society of Nations takes form we will certainly be included."

WE RECOGNIZE POLAND

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

pride that we remember that he made the independence of Poland with access to the sea one of the fourteen peace principles on which the great peace to come is to be predicated.

People Never Wavered.

"For these reasons it is a matter of supreme pride that once again we hear from his lips the official words of recognition of the Polish State. He has done a great honor to Poland and to Paderewski. He has lifted up the people of Poland, who, though often cast down, have never wavered in their confidence in the sincerity and integrity of the pledges made for Polish freedom by America and the representatives of the allied nations.

"He has also cheered the hearts of the great Polish immigration in the United States, which from the beginning of the war has sought to serve America with patriotism, with enthusiasm, and with real sacrifice, and yet, without any division of its loyalty, because from the first the men and women of Polish birth and blood have appreciated that in making a victorious United States they were making a free Poland, and that a free Poland would also mean a more secure United States, free from war and rumors of war.

"Once again we desire to express, in this hour of triumph, our great, overwhelming obligation to Paderewski, who today sits in the Premiership of Poland. To us was given the privilege during the last three years to work with him and for him, to watch the unfolding of his dreams for the rebuilding of a real Polish republic. Our confidence in him has never wavered.

"To the Americans of all classes, to the American newspapers, to American publicists who listened to our cry when our voices were as one crying in the wilderness, and who gave us aid, we extend our deepest appreciation. The new Poland we desire, and the only Poland that Paderewski will consider, will be a free, a true Poland, with absolute equality and opportunity for all its inhabitants."

RUSSIANS IN PARIS STATE THEIR POLICY

Bakhmeteff and Associates Declare Adhesion to Popular Rule.

PROMISE LAND REFORMS

Deny Reactionary Purposes—Pledged to Fulfill Treaty Obligations.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—After a delay so long that it seems to indicate the failure of the effort of America and the Allies to get into negotiations with the Bolsheviki and the other Russian Governments at Princes' Islands, there came today a manifesto from the committee of Russian diplomats in Paris, addressed to the Peace Conference in general and President Wilson and other chief plenipotentiaries individually, setting forth what this Paris group—composed of Lvoff, Bakhmeteff, Maklakoff, and others—hope to accomplish.

The work on this document was begun about the time that Pichon refused Lloyd George's proposal, afterward accepted, to confer with the Bolsheviki. It was held back pending the wait for the rejections or acceptances of the proposed conference. Neither the Omsk nor the Kurban Government has accepted the invitation despite reports to the contrary, and it is not likely that they will. A report of doubtful authenticity was current in Paris this morning that the Archangel Government had sent a formal refusal. So far the Bolsheviki have condescended to reply only through a satirical letter to Longuet's Socialist paper, accusing the Allies of lack of good faith and lack of authority to represent the world.

It is in these conditions that the Paris Committee, which declares itself to be the unified representation of all the anti-Bolshevist Governments of Russia, issues its declaration to offset the charge that it is reactionary. It also gives the Peace Conference another opportunity to treat with the anti-Bolsheviks, not in common with their enemy on a faraway island, but by themselves here in Paris.

Denies Reactionary Tendencies.

"We are accused," M. Bakhmeteff, the Russian Ambassador to Washington, said to me today, "of being reactionary and of trying to set up military Governments merely as a means of restoring the old despotic régime. Nothing could be further from the truth, as one could see by our proclamation."

The committee's statement, says in part:

"Whenever the moment come for the restoration of order in Russia, that order can never be based on the principles of the old régime. The different Governments established in various parts of Russia to destroy anarchy have found it necessary for their immediate tasks to assume a military character, but as soon as the task is accomplished their military character will cease, and we shall have a Government of all Russia, legally and freely elected by the people. The sovereignty of the people will serve as a base for all power granted to such a Government.

"The new Russia will know no limitations of civil or legal rights because of religion, nationality, or social position, and all hereditary privileges will be forever suppressed.

"The restoration of economic order and industrial health is recognised as the first necessity; so that every possible encouragement is to be given to private enterprise and initiative to attract needed capital. In this connection the plan calls for safeguarding the health and rights of workers by the best methods known in other countries.

"Social peace cannot come before the solution of the land problem, and that solution must include legalising the possession of the land taken by the peasants since the revolution.

"In the new Russia there must be a decentralization of administration in the interest of all localities. Nationalities other than the Russian within the State must also have full opportunities without discrimination."

After this enumeration of the main points of its program the committee's statement calls attention to the fact that after the revolution Russia freely proclaimed the independence of Poland, but it adds that that must be the end of dismemberment. All separatism must be checked absolutely from now on and Russian unity established for all time.

None except the Bolsheviki and extreme Socialists accuse the members of this Paris committee of being reactionaries working to re-establish the old régime. In other quarters there is no doubt of their patriotism, sincerity, and loyalty to Russia as a whole. Nevertheless, there seem to be objections on the part of American and other delegates to the Peace Conference to treat with this diplomatic group as representatives of Russia who can give the most desirable and definite results.

Pledge to Fulfill All Treaties.

PARIS, Jan. 29, (Associated Press.)—A declaration has been issued and delivered to the allied Governments by what in the document is called "a conference of Russian Ambassadors and business men in Paris." The declaration says the object of the conference was to defend the rights and interests of Russia by "solemnly proclaiming, in the name and by the order of the united Governments of Russia, the principles by which the nation's policy will be inspired."

In the course of the statement occurs this passage relating to the agrarian question:

"During the revolution a disorderly movement occurred on the part of peasants who took possession of the land. This exceptional situation demands exceptional means for dealing with it, but to return to the old state of affairs is impossible. Peasants must own more land than hitherto, but, for the present state of anarchy there must be substituted some legal basis."

The declaration concludes by saying: "Russia pledges herself to fulfill all obligations arising from treaties she concludes, but claims the right to be indemnified by the enemy for damages sustained during the war, which caused her heavy sacrifices."

Recognition of Finns and Poles.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Russian Embassy late this afternoon made public a paraphrase of a cablegram received from the Russian Embassy at Paris, stating the attitude of the Russian leaders assembled in conference in Paris with respect to internal and foreign policies.

Among the policies which are supported are:

"Recognition of individual historical forms of self-government and development of different nationalities in the boundaries of single, indivisible Russia in the forms of autonomy and federation.

"Independence of Poland.

"Re-establishment of the temporary Government, of the constitutional rights of Finland, and the preparedness of Russia to meet her aspirations; provided, however, that the military and economic interests of Russia be guarded.

"Peaceful intentions of the Russian people and absence of any aggressive tendencies.

"Correspondence of Russia's aspirations with the new principles of international unity adopted by all the Allies."

The Russian Embassy also made public a cablegram from the Government of the Northern Regions at Archangel, which read:

"Before leaving for Paris, the President of the Northern Regions, Nicholas Tchaikovsky, at a meeting of representatives of social organizations, declared that the aim of the political leaders in convening in Paris is to obtain Russia a representation at the Peace Conference and to establish a centre of Russian politics for the purpose of constituting a strong Russia. Peace cannot be lasting until Bolshevism is expulsed, as it represents a universal danger.

"Tchaikovsky further stated that the Slav question could not be decided without the participation of Russia."

OMSK DEFERS ITS REPLY.

Siberian Government Will Consult Various Anti-Bolshevist Groups.

OMSK, Siberia, Jan. 25, (Associated Press.)—The proposal of the Peace Conference for a discussion between the various Russian groups will probably be submitted by the Omsk Government to representatives of the various groups in Siberia for action. In the meanwhile the Government officials insist the military situation requires that the campaign against the Bolsheviki be pushed vigorously.

The receipt of the proposal by wireless from France caused surprise in Government circles here, as it is feared it may have an adverse effect on the discipline of the army supporting the Omsk Government. Pending the receipt of an official text of the proposal, the Government officials will make no comment except that the anti-Bolshevist campaign should not be relaxed, and that constructive efforts to strengthen the Government and rebuild the nation should be maintained.

In seeking opinion as to what should be done concerning the proposal, the Government will probably confer with representatives of the co-operative assemblies as well as political leaders.

MISS ELSIE DE WOLFE BACK.

Tells of Some of Her Hospital Experiences in War.

Miss Elsie De Wolfe, who arrived on Tuesday on the Lorraine after doing war work in France for the last twenty months, last evening told of her experiences, and especially of her flight from the hospital in Compiegne to the town of Crepy-au-Valois. She said that at 3 o'clock in the morning it was reported the Germans were about to break the line and that she would therefore have to evacuate the hospital at once.

She went to the street and, with shrapnel flying everywhere, she gave aid to a wounded Tommy who had walked thirteen kilometers from a hospital which he was ordered to leave. Finally she and the other nurses received marching orders, and so they left and arrived at Crepy. She then went to Aumont, where she remained until a few days before the armistice was signed. She was in Paris on Nov. 11, where she said the noise of celebration was deafening, but order prevailed.

POLES FIGHTING ON THREE FRONTS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

invitation to the Princes' Islands parley conference.

A concrete and very real example of the complications of this problem is the following: Poland is daily sending appeals to Paris for help in the form of food and munitions of war to enable her to hold out against her enemies. The Allies would like to render such aid. There is no objection to sending guns and ammunition to the Poles to help them fight the Bolsheviki, but under the existing circumstances there could be no assurance that the Poles might not, under the stress of military emergency, be obliged to use the same guns and powder against the Czechoslovaks, whose delegates sit at the same table at the Paris Peace Conference with the Polish delegates.

Polish Mines Captured.

Late information discloses the danger of just such a situation. For example, on Jan. 24, the very day the wireless warning to cease all hostilities was sent from Paris to all Europe and Asia, Czechoslovak troops captured from the Poles Moravika and Oskava, in Moravia. Fighting has gone on ever since, and today comes the news that the Czechoslovaks have taken the mining regions of Karvin, upon which the new Polish State depends very largely for its mineral resources. At the same time the Poles and Ukrainians are struggling for the Ukraine, and the Poles are fighting the Bolsheviki in the north.

To digress for a moment from the Polish question—the warning of the great powers to cease fighting seems to have been more effective in other quarters. Serbia and Rumania have stopped fighting about the Province of the Banat, and the situation between Italian and Jugoslav troops is less strained, although the Italian press has just begun a bitter attack on France, charging that country with advocating the Jugoslav cause despite its Adriatic secret treaty obligations to Italy.

But to return to Poland. Because of her multiplicity of difficulties she seems to be losing ground daily in her fight with the Czechoslovaks, and to say that the representatives of the powers at Paris are greatly disturbed by the situation is putting it mildly. For, if there is one point above all others concerning Eastern Europe on which all the Allies agree, it is that a strong barrier Polish nation is absolutely indispensable as a future safeguard against German expansion to the east and against the spread of Bolshevism to the west.

President Wilson explicitly declares in his thirteenth point that an independent Polish State must be erected to include the territories inhabited by indisputably Polish populations. Poland asserts that every foot she is fighting for today is thus indisputably inhabited. The Czechoslovaks deny that claim, and that is one of the big issues which the Allied investigating Commission must rule on.

Poles Fractionally United.

The political news from Poland is much more comforting than that concerning her military affairs. Although no details have yet been received in Paris concerning the popular elections on Jan. 26, the French Foreign Office has every assurance from its agents that the Poles are really united politically in support of the present Provisional Government of Paderewski and Pilsudski, and that the Constituent Assembly, to which delegates have just been elected, will begin the orderly work on Feb. 9 of building their new State.

Voting took place in all parts of Galicia, or Austrian Poland, and Russian Poland, in which a state of war does not exist. No elections, of course, were possible in German Poland, but delegates from that region who formerly sat in the Reichstag at Berlin, but were loyal to the Polish cause, will no doubt be accepted as representatives at the Constituent Assembly at Warsaw of the territory which the Peace Conference is expected to take away from Germany and restore to Poland.

Information received here from diplomatic agents is to the effect that Paderewski has been received by all groups as a great popular hero, to be the first national leader in the revived nation. The romance attached to taking as their chief a man known throughout the world as a great artist has appealed to Poles. Furthermore, there is felt a tremendous gratitude toward the great pianist who is recognized by his countrymen as the man who did the most in getting relief from America for their sufferings throughout the war.

According to the same sources of information, there is complete accord at present between Paderewski and Pilsudski; also the Poles have done better than expected in raising a popular loan. Industry is being resumed slowly and some mining and transportation enterprises are getting under way.

CZECHS TO SEIZE SILESIA.

American Officers in the Force to be Sent to Eastern Germany.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—President Masaryk of the Czechoslovak Republic, according to an official statement made by him and received here by wireless from Warsaw, has announced that Czechoslovak troops will occupy Eastern Silesia. He denies that allied troops will be concerned in the occupation. The President's statement follows:

"In view of unsatisfactory conditions in Eastern Silesia, the Czechoslovak Government has decided to occupy the province with Czechoslovak troops. All statements appearing in the press declaring that the Entente has decided to occupy Eastern Silesia are without authorization and entirely incorrect. The British, American, French, and Italian officers mentioned in the newspapers are attached to the Czechoslovak armies and take their orders from the Czechoslovak Government. No troops except Czechoslovak legions are being employed in the region."

The Eastern Silesia referred to is probably the eastern portion of German Silesia. It lies between Poland and Czechoslovakia. An Amsterdam dispatch Tuesday night said that the Czechoslovak forces were concentrating on the frontier between Bohemia and Saxony. It was reported that one of the villages occupied by the Czechs was Freistadt, which, however, is just south of the southern border of Eastern German Silesia in the region of Ratibor.

Berlin Report of Clashes.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 27.—According to news from Berlin, severe fighting is going on between the Czechoslovaks and the Poles. The Berlin Tageblatt says that the latter had retreated from the Oberberger district and were endangered on Saturday evening between Pestrovis and Karvin by Czech forces 20,000 strong. Later the Poles received important reinforcements, and the indecisive battle was still raging when the latest news was received.

SAYS DUTCH KEEP KAISER HARMLESS

Premier Beerenbrouck Asserts Service to Allies in Allowing Him to Stay.

FORCED IN BY DECEPTION

False Tale Obtained Passage of the Border—Will Observe Laws as to Extradition.

By WALTER DURANTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—A Frenchman who has just returned from a semi-diplomatic mission to Holland communicates to THE NEW YORK TIMES a declaration of the official Dutch attitude regarding the ex-Kaiser which was made to him by Premier Ruys de Beerenbrouck, who revised his copy of the statement and authorized its publication. The Premier said:

"We are reproached for having given hospitality to the Kaiser and his son. But, to put it bluntly, these gentlemen fell like a brick on our heads. How could we act otherwise than we have done? I would like to know what any one else would have done in our place.

"You know the circumstances: On Sunday, Nov. 10, at 4 A. M. the Sergeant on guard duty at Eysden perceived the arrival of a train of automobiles. Officers of the rank of General stepped out and demanded that he accord passage to the Kaiser. The Sergeant refused.

"Then one of the Generals declared: 'Everything has been arranged with the Dutch Government and the Kaiser is expected.'

"The Sergeant, as a mere noncommissioned officer, allowed himself to be overcome by this 'warlord' of high rank, and the Kaiser entered Holland.

Premier Informed After Entry.

"At 9 o'clock that morning, on my return from church, I was informed by my colleague, M. Van Karneback, Minister of Foreign Affairs, that he had received at 7 o'clock a telegram from our representative at Brussels, M. Van Hollenhoven, transmitting a request that the Kaiser be allowed to pass the frontier. Almost at the same hour the commander in chief of our army received a notification from the post commander of Maestricht of the event that had occurred at dawn—that is, the Kaiser's entry. We were face to face with a fait accompli.

"What attitude were we to adopt? The Kaiser's act of abdication was only dated Nov. 11, but on Nov. 10 on two separate occasions he affirmed that he had come to Holland solely in the definite quality of 'a simple private person,' of a plain citizen asking for hospitality. It was difficult, even dangerous, to refuse.

Asserts Service to Allies.

"To receive him was to render a service to the Allies. The world knows now where are the chiefs of the imperial family and that they are unable to do any harm.

"This unexpected arrival forced us to seek a place to lodge the visitor. After much ado and with a great deal of telephoning we found it on the property of Count Bentinck, who has been subjected to a lot of vexation in consequence—the breaking off of long-standing friendships with Englishmen and annoyances of all kinds. His position, like our own, has been completely misunderstood."

In reply to the Frenchman's question as to the possibility and desirability of the extradition of the members of the imperial family responsible for the war, which might, as it were, mark Holland's entry into the League of Nations, the Premier said:

"I can only repeat to you what I said in Parliament: We shall act in accordance with the existing laws and treaties. But believe me, when feeling on the subject runs les high, the world will appreciate the legality and usefulness of the attitude taken by the Netherlands.

"In Germany the imperial family might have formed the centre of a moral and intellectual agitation. Nothing of the kind is possible here."

SAY HINDENBURG SEEKS RETURN OF EX-KAISER

Trying to Bring It About After Assembly, Paris Hears—Reported Overtures to Ebert.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, according to the Echo de Paris, is endeavoring to bring about the return of former Emperor William after the meeting of the National Assembly.

Leading German manufacturers in Westphalia are said to be interested in the plan.

The newspaper adds that the former Emperor wrote to Premier Ebert that he would accept whatever residence in Germany was assigned to him. Ebert is said to have replied that only the National Assembly would be qualified to decide the question.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—High school students paraded the streets of Bremen on Monday carrying black, red, and white flags. Twenty of them, when arrested, declared the demonstration to be one of respect for the former Emperor and not in favor of the monarchy, according to a Central News dispatch from Copenhagen.

AMERONGEN, Holland, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—A birthday dinner was given in Amerongen Castle last night in honor of the former German Emperor. It was attended by about twenty persons, including members of the family of Count Godard von Bentinck, the former Emperor's host, and Count Charles von Bentinck of Zuylestein and his daughter.

Among the other guests were the Mayor of Amerongen, General von Estorff, Count Schmettaud, the Marshal of the former Emperor's Court, and Captain von Ilsemann, the former Emperor's private secretary.

In honor of his guests, Count von Bentinck wore the ribbon of a Knight of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, which the former Emperor was the head.

Floral gifts for the former Emperor were still arriving at the castle today. They had been held up by a heavy snow which delayed railroad traffic.

The former Emperor and former Empress are enjoying comparatively good health and there is no indication of any intention on their part of leaving Amerongen soon.

The castle has become a hive of industry since the former Emperor induced most of his servants and some of the members of the family of Count von Bentinck to join him in the healthy exercise of sawing logs. At first he used an ordinary carpenter's hand saw and kept each log in position with his knee. Now a big two-handled saw is utilised, Herr Hohenzollern working one end while one of his assistants operates the other. Two men servants hold the opposite ends of the log firm.

The exile has such strength in his healthy arm that he is able to outdo all the others and continues at work on his end while those on the other end of the saw are continually replaced by newcomers.

A shed, which is the scene of the sawing operations, has been built against a great oak tree in the castle grounds. At one end is a pile of logs brought from the thickly-wooded estate of Count von Bentinck outside of Amerongen. The supply of wood is renewed daily.

As the logs are cut, which is done with considerable rapidity, the men servants pile them in regular heaps at the other end of the shed, from which they are hauled off to replenish the castle fires.

OFFICERS SWIM ASHORE.

Lieutenants Back from France Impatient at Delay in Landing.

When the American transport Scranton arrived yesterday from Bordeaux with three army officers as passengers and a cargo of high explosives her Captain was instructed to anchor in the lower bay until the vessel was discharged. The officers were told that a navy would be sent to convey them with their baggage to Hoboken, but two of them were so impatient to land in America that they jumped overboard and started to swim to the Brooklyn shore, 200 yards away. Just as they neared a pier they were picked up by a small boat. Their names are Lieutenant A. L. Bourgardes of the American Air Service, who lives at 611 West 110th Street, and Lieutenant R. S. Rose, also residing uptown, who belongs to the United States Signal Corps. At Hoboken the debarkation officers admitted that the two officers had swam ashore and said that they were now listed on the official papers absent without official leave. The third officer on the Scranton was Lieutenant Isaac Barber of Jackson, Miss., belonging to the United States Quartermaster's Department, who remained on board for the hazy trip.

The cruiser Frederick will arrive this morning at Pier 5, Hoboken, with 1,547 troops, including the headquarters and medical detachments and Companies A, B, C, and D of the 330th Infantry, who will go to Camp Merritt, and the 466th and 492d Aero Squadrons returning to Camp Mills, L. I.

The Hoboken debarkation officials also expect the transport Plattsburg, with 1,685 troops, including the Machine Gun Company of the 330th Infantry, and the 328d Machine Gun Battalion, 7 casual companies, 228 sick and wounded, and 10 soldiers' wives, who have been married abroad.

The transport Mongolia, with 4,420 troops on board, chiefly casual companies, and 906 sick and wounded, will arrive late in the afternoon.

King Peter Stricken with Apoplexy.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 29.—A dispatch from Laibach says that King Peter of Serbia, who has been ill for some time, has suffered a second stroke of apoplexy.

France Ready to Recognize Finns.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The French Government, according to The Journal, has proposed to the powers that Finland be recognized as an independent nation.

GERMANS DEMAND COLONIES BACK

Their Newspapers Join in Effort to Excite Public Interest in the Question.

IMPERIAL LEAGUE'S DEMAND

Colonials Call for Support by German People—Wilson's Views Cause Uneasiness.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 29.—Simultaneously with the announcement of the discussion at the Peace Conference in Paris concerning the disposal of the German colonies the German press is making an effort to arouse the interest of the people in the colonies.

The Cologne Gazette publishes an urgent appeal by "the Imperial League of German Colonials" telling the people they must demand the colonies back and asking for signatures.

Declaring that every nation has a right to a place in the sun and to the expansion of culture, the appeal says:

"The German people must demand the return of the colonies. We only want signatures, not subscriptions."

The Weser Zeitung sees hope for the German colonial question in ex-President Taft's recent speech.

BERLIN, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson's speech last Saturday before the Peace Conference contains the following sentence, as transmitted to Berlin and here retranslated from the German:

"The United States would have a feeling that it could not take part in guaranteeing these European adjustments unless this guaranty included the permanent surveillance of the world peace by the associated nations of the world."

This sentence, together with the reported decision of the Supreme Council that the German colonies must not be given back to Germany, has disquieted some German circles. The Boersen Zeitung, for instance, says:

"If President Wilson is correctly reported, he confesses openly that he, too, like Premiers Clemenceau and Lloyd George, does not desire Germany in the future community of nations as an equal among equals but as a nation watched by overseers * * * The President cannot wonder if people in Germany gradually begin to form the opinion that the hopes they placed in him are to be disappointed."

The Socialist newspaper Vorwaerts, in commenting on the report regarding the division of the German colonies among the allied nations, says:

"The League of Nations is making a lovely beginning. The decision of the western powers to take the German colonies for themselves is born of a spirit diametrically opposed to that proclaimed by President Wilson. It appears more and more as if it were the intention of the western imperialists to leave to Mr. Wilson the merely musical and declamatory rôles of the performance and to reserve to themselves the business end of the show. * * * We Germans would prefer an honest policy of stand and deliver to a policy of imperial aggrandizement adorned with ethnical and oratorical phrases. But since America has not yet agreed to the pact we shall later see whether America can do anything except make speeches."

The official text of the passage is President Wilson's speech of Saturday, alluded to in the foregoing, as transmitted from Paris Saturday night, reads:

"It (the United States) would feel that it could not take part in guaranteeing those European settlements unless that guarantee involved the continuous superintendence of the peace of the world by the associated nations of the world."

Adriatic Brings 9,111 Bags of Mail.

The White Star liner Adriatic will arrive on Saturday from Liverpool and Brest with 9,111 bags of letters and 1,266 baskets of parcel post, which will be the first mails to arrive from England in two weeks. The Celtic will arrive on Sunday, and the Cedric on Monday, also from Liverpool via Brest, and they may also bring mails.

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SHORTAGE OF COAL ALARMS GERMANS

Strikes at Mines and Lack of Cars Force Big Plants to Shut Down.

180,000 NOW IDLE IN BERLIN

Many Prefer Unemployment Pay to Working — Money Printing Plant Threatened.

BERLIN, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—The coal shortage throughout Germany is so threatening that for the moment all other questions are overshadowed. The larger factories in many of the cities are already closed, and it will be necessary to shut down many of the biggest plants in Berlin if the situation does not improve within a fortnight.

At present the daily production in the Ruhr district is less than 10,000 tons, against 24,000 during the war and 33,000 in peace times. Upper Silesia is producing 2,000 carloads, as against 11,000 in war times and 14,000 under peace conditions. The reserves are virtually exhausted.

The situation is further aggravated by the lack of enough railway rolling stock to transport even the comparatively small quantities mined. Of 2,100 cars required in the Ruhr district on Saturday only 1,000 could be obtained.

The Minister of Railways has had the greatest difficulty in obtaining locomotives for the transport of coal from Silesia to Berlin, getting only a fraction of the total needed.

In addition to the depletion of rolling stock through deliveries to the Allies, the situation has been complicated by labor conditions. A strike epidemic is prevalent in the coal district and it is impossible to get workmen enough for the mines.

There are large deposits of lignite in the district near Berlin, where the vein is near the surface and can be developed easily and without the dangers usually attendant upon mining. A briquette company has advertised in Berlin for 10,000 laborers for these fields. Only 150 men answered the call, although the city today is giving daily financial support to 180,000 of the unemployed.

The Government is now considering the unemployment question. The present conditions constitute a serious financial burden as well as an economic menace. The daily payments average about eight marks to an individual, and the unemployed, a great proportion of whom did not formerly live in Berlin, prefer to eat their free bread in idleness instead of earning a few more marks daily by working.

Meanwhile the farmers are vainly trying to get hundreds of thousands of laborers.

Simplicissimus depicts the political aspect of the situation in a cartoon showing an old cobbler at his last, who is quoted as saying: "I'll keep on working even if they do call me counter-revolutionary."

Vorwärts publishes an appeal to the striking coal miners from the Workmen's Council in the Government printing offices. The appeal says:

"Coal Miners! Comrades! Furnish us with fuel—its shortage is preventing the production of paper money in the Government printing office. If the resultant shutting off of the city's gas supply goes on wages for the working men and money for the support of the unemployed cannot be paid out. Therefore, furnish us with coal."

SOCIALISTS LEADING IN PRUSSIAN RETURNS

But Ebert Party's Vote May Not Be Enough for a Clear Majority, It Is Indicated.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 28.—The work of counting the vote cast in the Prussian elections is still incomplete, but partial returns show that the Majority Socialist vote was cut down in the larger towns, according to advices from Berlin.

The Independent Socialists made gains, probably a result of propaganda carried on after the shooting of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg. It is believed that the Social Democratic Party, led by Philipp Scheidemann, will be the strongest body in the Prussian Parliament. The next party in strength will be the Democrats, with the Christian People's Party, formerly the Centrists, ranking third.

BERLIN, Jan. 27, (Associated Press.)—Sharp, wintry weather, causing an unusually large number of stay-at-homes, may have been responsible for the small vote in the Prussian elections on Sunday as compared with the balloting for the National Assembly a week before.

Lack of polling places forced thousands of voters to stand in line for hours, and this, combined with a letting up of enthusiasm, resulted in a defection among the bourgeois voters, who apparently were satisfied to leave the field to both wings of the Social Democratic Party.

DERNBURG REPUDIATES NOTE.

Says Message to von Papen Before Senate Committee Was Spurious.

BERLIN, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—In the recent investigation by the United States Senate Judiciary Committee into German propaganda, a letter, said to have been signed by Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, former German agent in the United States, addressed to Capt. von Papen, former German military attaché in Washington, and said to have been found by the British when they captured German headquarters in Palestine, was read into the record. A copy of the published letter was sent to Dr. Dernburg and he authorized the following statement today:

"The letter ascribed to me is a pure fake from first to last. I never wrote von Papen either this or any other letter. As bearing on the reliability of material placed before the Senatorial committee, I would consider it of importance that this, my categorical denial, be transmitted to the other side."

On Dec. 18 last papers of Captain von Papen were placed on the record of the Senate Judiciary Committee. They included a letter of Dr. Dernburg to von Papen, dated at Berlin, Oct. 18, 1916, in which veiled reference was made regarding German submarine activity against Holland and the Scandinavian countries. What the plan was was not disclosed fully.

PRINCE MAX FOR PRESIDENT.

Candidate of Two Parties, Vienna Hears—Preparations at Weimar.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 29.—Prince Max of Baden, the former German Imperial Chancellor, will be nominated by the German Social Democrats and the German Democrats as their candidate for the Presidency of the German Republic, according to a Berlin dispatch printed in the Neues Journal of Vienna.

BERLIN, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—Two battalions from one of the crack German regiments will leave for Weimar this week. They will be quartered there during the sessions of the National Assembly, and will be at the Government's direct disposal in case of necessity.

WEIMAR, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—The transformation of Weimar from a literary shrine and unimportant provincial town into the seat of the German National Assembly is presenting physical difficulties of no small calibre.

The chief problem is in connecting Weimar with the outside world as the town, which in recent years had partly disappeared from notice as a commercial and railway centre, is wholly unequipped for accommodating an important political gathering and for meeting the attendant demands of newspaper men. At present more than 1,000 telegraph and telephone experts are at work here establishing needed communication.

In spite of these preparations the press of Berlin, which continues to lament the selection of Weimar as the seat of the constituent assembly, fears that the pressure of news will find facilities lacking. It is now proposed to establish aerial communication between Weimar and Berlin, in order to lessen the burden of the wires. Connection also will be established with the wireless station at Nauen for overseas transmission.

LACK OF CASH ENDS REVOLT.

Bremen Rebels Quit When Money Fails—Doctors Strike.

BERLIN, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—The Spartacide domination of Bremen, according to reports to the Tageblatt of Berlin, has come to an end, not through the employment of force, but because the radicals were financially "starved out."

The Spartacides, following their practice, appropriated the various funds of the city at the beginning of their rule. They paid their supporters until the comparatively limited sums were exhausted, when the high salaries and appropriations for the unemployed ceased. The Workmen's and Soldiers' Council then asked the banks for a loan, but met a refusal.

Not being able to obtain any money, the Spartacides capitulated and signed a formal agreement pledging the holding of an election for the Bremen constituent assembly at an early date with all possible safeguards. They agreed that the assembly when it convened should take over all authority. The Spartacides also promised to respect the national laws and court decisions, to protect freedom of speech and of the press and to turn over financial control of the city to a commission of bankers.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The doctors of the German port of Wilhelmshaven, which is in control of the Spartacides, have gone on a strike, according to a Zurich dispatch to the Paris Matin.

REPORT LUDENDORFF RETURNS

Living in Berlin, Where His Services Were Refused.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—General Ludendorff, former Chief Quartermaster General of the German Army, has returned to Berlin, and is living in a small villa in the Grunewald district under an assumed name, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Amsterdam, because he fears popular demonstrations.

The General is said to have placed his services at the disposal of the Government, which, it is added, declined them with thanks.

General Ludendorff fled to Sweden in the turmoil after the fall of the Hohenzollerns. A Stockholm dispatch on Jan. 10 said that he had requested and obtained from the Swedish Government permission to remain in Sweden for one month.

A report from Berlin on Jan. 21 said that Ludendorff was then in Pomerania.

NEW GERMAN ARMY GROWS.

More Than 100,000 Volunteers Obtained—Old Army Disappearing.

COBLENZ, Jan. 29, (Associated Press.)—According to estimates made by intelligence officers of the American Third Army based upon reports from all parts of Germany, the organized German Army now in various depots numbers from 300,000 to 500,000 men.

The reports indicate that these soldiers are of such morale that they would hardly be available for operations of any extent. The number of men in the army, reports reaching Coblenz indicate, is decreasing rapidly.

The new volunteer army numbers between 100,000 and 300,000 men of doubtful morale, as they have not yet been organized fully nor tested fairly. The volunteer army which is being organized for the purpose of stopping Polish and Bolshevist invasions of German territory has 40,000 men in the region of Frankfort-on-the-Oder. Many volunteer battalions also are reported moving eastward.

The organized German Army consists of the classes of 1898 and 1899, less some men discharged because they live in occupied territory, less large numbers of deserters, and less some discharged according to demobilization plans. The officers and non-commissioned officers of this army intend to remain permanently in the service.

Evidence is said to be conclusive that the troops now in the depots have assumed the attitude of drawing their pay and doing as little as possible until they are discharged.

In arriving at the number of men in the organized army, the troops which have been unable to return from the eastern front are disregarded, as they generally come from the elder classes and are being discharged as soon as they reach Germany. No account has been taken of the naval units, which are demoralized and disbanding rapidly.

ALIBI FOR OUR SOLDIERS.

One Paris Robbery Attributed to Them Committed by French.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—At least one of the crimes attributed by Paris newspapers to renegade Americans in the city has turned out not to be either of American planning or execution.

The case was that of the theft of an automobile attributed by the Intransigeant to two Americans who were said to be making a specialty of this kind of crime. The men who stole the automobile have been arrested. There were three of them, and one proved to be a deserter from the French Army and the others French civilian accomplices.

REPEALS BIG MONEY GRANTS

Bill Passed by House Cancels $15,000,000,000 Appropriations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Without a dissenting vote, the House tonight passed the Emergency Deficiency bill with its rider, repealing appropriations of $7,179,156,900 and authorizations of $8,221,029,290, made during the war for the Army and Navy Departments.

The House adopted an amendment by Representative Dyer of Missouri, Republican, prohibiting expenditure of any part of the deficiency appropriation of $290,200,000 until all former Government employes, now in military service, are restored to their old positions in the departments.

For Naval Repair Station at Boston.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Plans for building about the Commonwealth drydock at Boston a great joint naval and merchant marine repair station were discussed today by Secretary Daniels and officials of the Shipping Board. It is proposed to construct smaller docks as well as shops at the site of the basin bought by the navy from Massachusetts.

EXPOSES BOLSHEVIST MISRULE IN RUSSIA

No Order, No Industry, No Schools Now, Says "Grandmother of Revolution."

APPEALS FOR WAR ORPHANS

Says Reds Get Support by Controlling Food Supply—Denounces Soviets.

Catherine Breshkovskaya, living witness and embodiment of half a century of struggle by intellectual and forward-looking Russia against reactionary and Czarist Russia, arrived in New York yesterday morning, ending a journey that began at Omsk. The "Little Grandmother of the Revolution," or "Babushka," as she is known to millions, was received at the Grand Central Station with flowers and cheers by a crowd of several hundred persons, who included a number of friends she had not seen in fourteen years. When her friends were able to tear her from the enthusiastic throng she was taken to the Henry Street Settlement. There she gave several interviews, and, in spite of her fatigue and her 73 years, she answered a rapid fire of questions about Russia, until her interviewers ran out of queries.

Mme. Breshkovskaya is opposed to the Bolshevists. She told a story of Bolshevist destruction, and of the plans of the Socialist-Revolutionists, the party of which she is a member. She wanted it understood that socialism and bolshevism could not be classed together. She was emphatic in her assertion that all of Russia would oppose intervention, if intervention by other nations was carried on for selfish motives. When asked how long the masses of the Russians would stand for the Bolshevist régime, she replied that Russia had lived for 300 years under the yoke of the Czars.

The work nearest her heart, said the little white haired women, who has spent the best part of forty years in Russian prisons, is the relief of the four million orphans of Russia, made helpless and homeless waifs through the war, the revolution, and the Bolshevist régime. She wants to tell the story of these waifs to America, and on Feb. 10 at Carnegie Hall she will be tendered a reception by the Civic Forum and the Friends of Russian Freedom, and will there make her appeal.

Next to the relief of the orphans, Russia needs books and teachers, she said. Supplies should be forwarded to her country, she added, and this as soon as possible. Agricultural implements, machinery, railroads, commodities of all kinds must go forward, she said, and Russia would give in exchange the treasures of the earth.

"Are you tired?" asked a solicitous friend, while she was being plied with questions at the Henry Street Settlement.

"Tired? I have been fighting for fifty years. Why should I be tired now?"

Bolshevists Not Socialists.

"Why do you American people think that the Boleshvists and the Socialists are the same?" she asked. "There is the greatest difference between them, and the Socialists are now at war with the Bolshevists and struggling against them. And why do you make the great mistake of dividing the Bolshevists from the Soviets, when the Soviets are the children of the Bolshevists in Russia today? During the first revolution the Soviets were needed, for there was no other possible organization of the people. They had no political liberty at that time, and we were very glad to have the Government in the hands of the people. But it was an organ for the moment only. Now the people have political liberty, and it should be possible for them to have a democratic constitutional government which would represent all the people.

"The people of Russia were freed and masters of life for three months following the revolution of 1917. They not only had the land, but they had the industries, only they were not able to handle them and now everything is gone.

"The rule of Trotzky and Lenine has been very bad. If you would only see the disaster their policy has brought to Russia. Under them Russia has been destroyed. There is no order, no industry, no education. The schools, the colleges, the universities, the libraries, the books, all are destroyed. And I am in America hoping to get thousands and thousands of books to send to the peasants, so that they may be able to learn to read. We need educators and we need railroads.

"The Soviets are not elected by the people. For the most part their members are sent from Petrograd and Moscow—Bolshevists, who act as dictators, and nobody can oppose them. They are Red Guards and Letts and German prisoners. Magyars and Chinese, who came in during the war to work in the industries, are still there, but they no longer have work, and they make up the troops in Moscow. The workers and peasants are against the Soviets—all except the armed groups composed exclusively of Bolshevists. And that armed group is made up of men out of work, who can get no food unless they join the Bolshevist army, which will give food only to its memoers.

"It is difficult to speak of Russia unless you understand Russia. So few do. Today everything on the surface is destroyed, but in the ground there is unlimited wealth; the natural resources are inexhaustible.

Bolshevist Propaganda.

"When Russia was freed from the yoke of the Czar we were as free as the birds that soar—free from the bureaucrats. It was a splendid Government that was started in Petrograd by Free Russia. It was planned to elect a Deputy for every 200,000 of the population. All over 20 or 21 were given the right to vote, excepting criminals. However, as early as June, 1917, Bolshevist propaganda swept the land. As soon as the Czar was overthrown the Bolsheviki started the cry, 'You will never get freedom. You will never get land if you wait for the Constitutional Assembly. Take it now.'

"They said there would be no more war under Bolshevist rule. The soldiers in Russia were glad to hear this, as they were tired of the war. They also promised an abundance of food. They said they had been promised food from other countries—from Germany."

Declaring her opposition to military intervention by the Allies, Mme. Breshkovskaya said that America must understand that an illiterate people, 80 per cent. of whom cannot read and write, who have suffered under the régime of the Czars, cannot make a "smooth" revolution. She believes the Russians will work out their own problems, but it will take years. The Russians in the towns taken by the Czechoslovaks, she said, are grateful to the Czechs for their deliverance. In telling of her escape from Bolshevist Russia after it had been reported that she had met death at the hands of the Bolsheviki, Mme. Breshkovskaya said that friends hid her for two months from the Bolsheviki in Petrograd and for six months in Moscow. Thence she was spirited away by other friends and made a great detour of the Bolshevist lines from Moscow to the Ural front. Thence she reached Omsk and traveled to Vladivostok. Her party, the Socialist revolutionist, she explained, stands for the convocation of the Constituent Assembly under a system of elective representation.

"Russia is corrupt," she continued. "It has been that way for two years. You cannot expect different conditions when there is no religion and no education."

At the Grand Central Station at 9:40 yesterday morning, when Mme. Breshkovskaya arrived from Chicago, the crowd which awaited her included Alice Stone Blackwell of Boston, Lillian D. Wald, head of the Henry Street Settlement, Mrs. Henry It. Massey, General K. M. Oberuchoff, Governor of Kief under Kerensky, and many Russian revolutionists and American friends of Russia. Helen Dudley, a social worker of Boston, who accompanied "Babushka," said that the enthusiastic welcome at the station was the same as greeted the aged exile in every city where she stopped from Seattle to the East. Several of her admirers thrust flowers into Mme. Breshkovskaya's hands and fought for a close glimpse of the brave little figure. Her friends bundled her into a taxicab, and she found herself shortly in the Henry Street Settlement, where, under the photograph of Prince Peter Kropotkin, a fellow revolutionist, she told her story.

AMERICAN OFFICERS SEE SLAV-AUSTRIAN CLASH

Germans Welcoming Them in Styria Fired on by Jugoslavs, Who Kill 5, Wound 50.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 28, (via Geneva.)—Colonel Sherman Miles and two officers of the American Mission today made an airship excursion to Marburg, German Styria, which is occupied by Jugoslavs. The Americans were enthusiastically welcomed by the German inhabitants.

General Maister, commander of the Jugoslav troops, was incensed by the demonstrations and ordered the troops to shoot, killing five and wounding fifty persons.

GREECE MAY BUY CHASERS.

Would Add Some of Our Small Craft to Her Navy.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Greek naval authorities have been examining American submarine chasers which have been in the Adriatic Sea, with a view to their purchase. The Greek Navy already has two former American battleships, and experts in the service favor a further augmentation of the fleet wit. American craft.

A fleet of thirty-six chasers was sent to the Adriatic to co-operate with the cruisers Olympia and Birmingham and eight destroyers in carrying out America's rôle in the execution of the provisions of the armistice with Austria. The chasers are now at Malta for overhauling, but in the meantime the Greek Government is making overtures for their purchase. These proposals may be entertained, as the close of the war makes it probable that there will be little further need of the chasers, which are particularly suited for navigation in shallow waters like those of the Greek Archipelago.

WANTS DANIELS OUSTED.

Mann Says He Should Be Impeached for Radio Purchases.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—James R. Mann, speaking in the House today, attacked Secretary Daniels for purchasing wireless systems, saying the Secretary had violated the law and "ought to be impeached."

Secretary Daniels recently told the House Merchant Marine Committee that the shore stations and radio ship sets of the Marconi Wireless and Federal Telegraph Company had been bought for about $3,000,000 from funds carried in the last naval appropriation bill. In his speech today Mr. Mann declared that not a line of the appropriation bill authorized the purchases.

"Utterly regardless of law," said Mr. Mann, "in violation of the law for which he ought to be impeached and removed from office—and it is not unlikely that he may be—he has gone ahead and spent money out of the appropriation for the purchase of radio systems.

"He came before this Congress and asked authority to make these purchases and was refused. If he had authority he did not need ask Congress for it, and the failure of Congress to legislate on the subject is a refusal of authority."

Secretary Daniels declined to discuss Mr. Mann's statements further than to say that before the land radio stations were taken over he and Assistant Secretary Roosevelt, with the department's Solicitor, had examined very carefully into the question of the department's authority to act.

WATSON FAVORS LEAGUE.

Indiana Senator, However, Fears Interference with Internal Affairs.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 29.—Senator Watson of Indiana, speaking here tonight at a McKinley celebration, said he was in favor of a League of Nations if it would not interfere with the rights of the United States to conduct its internal affairs.

"I am in favor of a League of Nations for arbitration and conciliation," he said. "I am in favor of a league consisting of the present Allies that shall enforce the peace of the world, that shall permit other nations to join it from time to time and thus augment its use to increase its authority, but that shall permit each nation to retain its sovereignty and to manage its own internal and domestic affairs."

Turning to what he termed the approaching power of socialism, Senator Watson said:

"There are now over 300 publications in the United States advocating the doctrines of socialism. A large number of our theoretical college professors are bowing at the shrine of socialism. These people frankly say they are opposed to our form of government and that they intend to overthrow it just as soon as they acquire sufficient power. They ought rigorously to be suppressed."

He also criticised the management of the war.

$86,590,000,000 DEBTS.

Sir Edward Holden Estimates Liabilities of Three Powers Only.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Sir Edward Holden, presiding at a meeting of the London Joint Stock City and Midland Bank, estimated that the amount of the national debts of Great Britain, Germany, and the United States at the end of the war would be respectively £6,418,000,000, £8,300,000,000, and £2,600,000,000.

The figures given for Germany do not include the debts of the various States.

STOPS BUYING GERMAN FOOD

American Troops Allowed to Obtain Only Vegetables in Coblenz.

COBLENZ, Jan. 28, (Associated Press.)—A new order has been issued from headquarters, prohibiting American mess officers from buying any food from Germans, with the exception of cabbage and a few other vegetables. This is to meet any contention which may be made by the Germans as to food supplies.

A few Germans continue to request food from the Americans, some of them contending that the latter buy articles in stores and from farmers at prices too high for the Germans to pay.

Gen. De Wet Gets No Passport.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 29.—The South African Government has refused passports to General Christian de Wet and Pieter Grobler, a grandson of President Kruger, members of a Nationalist deputation appointed by the Bloemfontein Congress to go to Paris. The purpose of the proposed journey was to lay before the Peace Congress proposals for an independent South Africa.

RUSSIAN REDS WIN SUCCESSES

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

Government had no real policy toward Russia, and asserted that, while the American Government had refused to deal with the "awful" Soviet Government, it last year used "the anarchists of New York to communicate with the anarchists of Petrograd," although the United States Government had refused to respond favorably to a proposal from the Bolshevist Government early in March, 1918.

Protection of Allied Supplies.

Senator Johnson characterized as mere pretense the declaration made by Senator Hitchcock, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, and other spokesmen of the Administration, that the real purpose of American intervention on the Archangel front was the protection of allied supplies. He declared that the Administration had made no real response to the questions he had asked regarding Russia in previous speeches.

"No answer has been made," he asserted, "because the implication in every question is known by the department to be true. Men are in this country today who can establish every single fact suggested, and if this body really desires information, if they wish to tell the mothers, fathers, and wives of the men who are freezing in Russia today what the facts are, they have at their disposal the evidence, and it can be brought before them on briefest notice."

The real purpose of the intervention of the American Government with troops on the Archangel front, Senator Johnson asserted, was to make "conjunction with the Omsk Government and perfect the ring of steel which we had thrown around interior Russia, and which was starving innocent women and children."

"If you favor armed intervention," he said, "it is obvious that the scale upon which it has been undertaken is too small to accomplish lasting results. It has become painfully clear in the last few days that by the present intervention we merly hazard the lives of our men. It is equally clear that the people of England, and our own people, will not tolerate intervention on a larger scale. Even if you favor intervention, you should for the protection of the lives of our soldiers insist that those there—few in number and their position courting disaster—be immediately withdrawn.

"If you favor intervention, why do you not on this floor, by resolution or otherwise, say so? If you believe in war with Russia, why not introduce an appropriate resolution and permit Congress to vote upon it in accordance with the Constitution? Upon what theory can you justify war without affirmative action by Congress? That we're in an actual state of war with Russia the recent ominous news from there demonstrates only too plainly.

"A Miserable Misadventure."

"I reiterate that England is under no illusion respecting our purpose in Russia and that France frankly proclaims it. Why did we enter Russia? I answer, for no very good reason, and we have remained there for no reason at all. What is our policy toward Russia? I answer we have no policy. We have engaged in a miserable misadventure, stultifying our professions and setting at naught our promises. We have punished no guilty; we have brought but misery, starvation, and death to the innocent. We have garnered none of the fruits of the victory of war, but suffer the odium and infamy of undeclared warfare. We have sacrificed our own blood to no purpose."

Senator Johnson read to the Senate a letter from Colonel Raymond Robins, formerly prominently identified with American Red Cross work in Russia, challenging statements of fact regarding Russia made by George Creel of the Committee on Public Information in a current magazine. In the Robins letter the statements are made that President Wilson's speeches were printed on Bolshevist Government presses, distributed by Government frank, and posted on the walls of Petrograd by the Bolshevist posting service. The money for this work was drawn on the O K of the Bolshevist Government, and the allied military missions, according to Colonel Robins, were helping to train the Bolshevist Red Army last April.

Colonel Robins's letter asserts that Edgar Sisson, one of the agents of the Creel committee, who was responsible for the Bolshevist exposé made in the documents given out last year by George Creel, "fled from Petrograd last March, shouting that the Germans would take Petrograd, in collusion with the Bolsheviki, within a few days, while American Red Cross agents remained in Petrograd and were still there in May, 1918, feeding starving children" under Bolshevist protection.

Colonel Robins's letter also asserts that "Mr. Bullard and all the American members of the Committee on Public Information in Russia" fled from Moscow on May 5 last year and went on board an English ice-breaker at Archangel, "dressed in English uniforms," where they remained several weeks, "while the American Red Cross was doing business as usual in Moscow, and English, French, and Japanese were still working for their Governments" under Bolshevist protection.

Another exhibit submitted to the Senate by Senator Johnson was a letter from Thomas D. Thacher of New York, who was a member of the American Red Cross mission in Russia, in support of the Senator's statement that early in March, 1918, when Germans were advancing, the French, British, and the Russian Soviets entered into a "mutual arrangement" for the protection of the Murmansk district. In his letter Mr. Thacher declares that in March of last year a British vessel fired a salute to the Russian flag, the only flag visible being a "red flag."

Proposals From the Bolsheviki.

Senator Johnson also placed in the record matter which, he asserted, had not been published in this country, for the purpose of showing that in March of last year the Soviet Government had officially presented to the Allies certain questions, "favorable answers to which every man then in Russia agreed would prevent a ratification of the Brest-Litovsk treaty by the All-Russian Soviet Congress."

Senator Johnson expressly disclaimed any desire to be regarded as defending in any degree the Soviet power of Lenine and Trotzky and declared their "insane ideas" no sane man could endorse. The document which Senator Johnson read and which he declared had not been published in this country, he said had been sent by the Soviet Government to the Allies as follows:

"In case (a) the All-Russian Congress of the Soviets will refuse to ratify the peace treaty with Germany, or (b) if the German Government, breaking the peace treaty, will renew the offensive in order to continue its robbers' raid, or (c) if the Soviet Government will be forced by the actions of Germany to renounce the peace treaty—before or after its ratification—and to renew hostilities—in all of those cases it is very important for the military and political plans of the Soviet power for replies to be given to the following questions:

"1. Can the Soviet Government rely on the support of the United States of North America, Great Britain, and France in its struggle against Germany?

"2. What kind of support could be furnished in the nearest future, and on what conditions—military equipment, transportation, supplies, living necessities?

"3. What kind of support would be furnished particularly and especially by the United States?

"Should Japan—in consequence of an open or tacit understanding with Germany or without such an understanding—attempt to seize Vladivostok and the Eastern Siberian Railway, which would threaten to cut off Russia from the Pacific Ocean and would greatly impede the concentration of Soviet troops toward the East about the Urals—in such case what steps would be taken by the other Allies, particularly and especially by the United States, to prevent a Japanese landing on our Far East and to insure uninterrupted communication with Russia through the Siberian route?

"In the opinion of the Government of the United States to which extent—under the above-mentioned circumstances—would aid be assured from Great Britain through Murmansk and Archangel? What steps could the Government of Great Britain undertake in order to assure this aid and thereby to undermine the foundation of the rumors of the hostile plans against Russia on the part of Great Britain in the nearest future?

"All these questions are conditioned with the self-understood assumption that the internal and foreign policies of the Soviet Government will continue to be directed in accord with the principles of international Socialism and that the Soviet Government retains its complete independence of all non-Socialist Governments."

Received in Silence.

Commenting on this offer, Senator Johnson made these statements:

"The men who were then in Russia familiar with the situation, including the representative of England and the representative of the United States, advised the Governments to respond favorably. I have copies of the telegrams which were sent at that time to different Governments. But the communication was received apparently in indignant and contemptuous silence.

"When last I addressed the Senate upon this subject I asked certain questions of the Government," Senator Johnson continued. "No answer has been made, of course, to questions that I asked, because the implication in every question is known by the Department to be true. Men are in this country today who can establish every single fact suggested, and if this body, or the Foreign Relations Committee, really desires information, if they wish to tell the mothers and the fathers and the wives of the men who are freezing in Russia today just what the facts are, they have at their disposal the evidence, and it can be brought before them upon the briefest notice.

"There is a heavy reckoning some day for those who have been responsible for this wicked and this useless course in Russia. And the heaviest responsibility, the wrong which can never be atoned, is the shedding of American blood in Russia. It is to this phase I desire to arouse the Congress, and to which, if I had the power and my voice would carry, I would arouse the people of the nation. It is of American boys and American blood I am thinking. I would not give one American life in Russia for all the Bolsheviki spawned by centuries of tyranny and mad with the lust of a ruthless ephemeral power."

QUITS MISSION OF ADMIRALS

Italian Member Disagrees with Allied Colleagues Over Dalmatia.

PARIS, Jan. 29, (Associated Press.)—A commission consisting of four Admirals, representing Great Britain, the United States, France, and Italy, has been in session at Fiume inquiring into the occupation of various forts along the eastern coast of the Adriatic.

This occupation came to the attention of the meeting of Premiers held in London early in December prior to the arrival of President Wilson. It was decided to ask four Admirals to make an inquiry with a view to determining the merits of respective claims being put forward in that region. Rear Admiral Bullard was chosen as the American representative, but he has now taken charge of wireless communication between Paris and America. He has been succeeded on the commission by Rear Admiral Albert P. Niblack, whose headquarters are at Spoleto.

Meetings of the commission have been suspended indefinitely, it is said, owing to the withdrawal of the Italian representative, who is understood not to be in entire accord with his colleagues as to the desirability of the inquiry.

CUPID'S SUCCESS IN A. E. F.

Expected 200,000 Soldiers Will Stay in France, Most Marrying French Girls.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—At least 200,000 Americans now in the army will remain in France, according to a statement made by a prominent member of the American colony in Paris and quoted by the Intransigeant today. The majority will remain, it is said, because they wish to marry French women, and the rest because they are charmed with French life and see great opportunities here for American energy.

MEMORIALS TO ROOSEVELT.

Hicks of New York Offers Bill for a $5,000,000 Museum.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Memorials to Theodore Roosevelt were proposed by two members of the House of Representatives today in bills which they introduced. One bill, presented by Mr. Hicks of New York, appropriates $5,000,000 for a museum of history and the arts, and the other, offered by Mr. Smith of Idaho, provides for a memorial or statue costing $250,000.

The museum suggested by Mr. Hicks would be situated on the north side of the Mall, between Seventh and Tenth Streets N. W., Washington. The building would be of granite and erected by the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, who would have future care of it. The plans under the bill are to be approved by the Fine Arts Commission.

TWO BILLS TO AID SOLDIERS.

Civil Service Preferment and Homestead Measures Advanced.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—A bill giving preference to soldiers, sailors, and marines in Government Civil Service employment and providing for immediate reinstatement of employes who resigned to enter military service, was ordered favorably reported today by the House Committee on Civil Service Reform. Men who were wounded would receive preferential treatment.

Legislation, urged by Secretary Lane to modify homestead law privileges in favor of soldiers who served in the war or on the Mexican border, was approved today by the Senate Public Lands Committee and reported favorably. The House Committee has taken like action on a similar bill, which gives credit in obtaining homesteads for time spent in military service.

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An unmarked tablet is like an anonymous letter—seldom honest, sometimes dangerous and always a thing to beware of.

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BRITISH STRIKERS WIN CONCESSIONS

Employers Grant a 48-Hour Week to All Road and Transport Workers.

YIELD TO NOTTINGHAM MEN

Glasgow Workers Parade and Threaten Strong Measures to Enforce Demands.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Amelioration of the strike situation came today through a concession by the employers of a forty-eight-hour week to all road and transport workers, which resulted from a conference.

The Nottingham miners' strike has been settled by the concession of the principal demands of the miners.

The coal miners of Fifeshire, Scotland, by a majority of 700 out of 16,000 votes cast, voted today to return to work. The men, who number 24,000, went on strike Tuesday.

On the other hand, the miners in many of the collieries in West Scotland have struck in sympathy with the men who threw down their tools on the Clyde. This action was taken in spite of their leaders' protests.

On the Clyde the situation has grown worse, and there were stormy scenes at Glasgow as a sequel to the refusal of the Labor Minister to intervene in the disputes. Thousands of strikers after a mass meeting paraded the streets, and after an unsuccessful attempt to persuade the municipal electricians to join the strike sent a deputation to the Lord Provost, warning him that unless he secured an answer to their demands that the Government intervene in the dispute by Friday unconstitutional methods might be adopted for enforcing their demands.

It was announced that the strikers in the Clyde district were estimated to number 70,000. Almost all the big shipyards and engineering works there are on the verge of closing down or are carrying on their work with small forces.

Want to Recast Labor Unions.

The strikers say that their object is to "remodel trades unionism," and to establish on a national basis the policy of "direct action," of which the present strike is an example.

The leaders of the Glasgow strikers are said to be trying to link the strike on the Clyde with those in London and Belfast, notwithstanding the differences in the aims of these movements.

The Belfast Strike Committee, which wields immense power, has taken upon itself, with the involuntary acquiescence of the civic authorities, some of the attributes of an "industrial soviet," the Belfast correspondent of The Manchester Guardian reports. The committee, it is added, is peremptorily discouraging violence.

There was much rioting in the dark streets of Belfast last night. Many plate glass windows in stores along prominent streets were smashed and some of the contents of the stores were stolen. There was considerable wanton stone throwing, many windows being broken. The police frequently charged with their clubs upon the rioters.

Accuses Leaders of Weakness.

Weakness and subordination of convictions to their personal interests is charged against many of the trades union leaders by Food Controller George H. Roberts, in an interview printed in The Mail today. He says that this is one of the chief causes of the "present anarchy" in the industrial circles of Great Britain.

Mr. Roberts, who is a veteran labor leader and was recently Minister of Labor, said:

"It is time that union leaders make a definite and determined stand. If subordinates refuse to honor their leaders' agreements, the leaders must resign.

"I know many union leaders who are very seriously alarmed by the probable effect of the demands now being made, regardless of the corresponding need for an improved organization and a higher efficiency among workers, but their position of dependence prevents them from taking a lead which they know to be vital to the national interests. They know that anything detrimental to national interests must ultimately mean disaster to the whole working class, but they do not dare to speak their minds.

"There must be a fight between revolution and reconstruction. If young bloods are allowed to smash the trades union organizations, we will have to face a long period of industrial chaos and a long process of disillusionment."

BRITISH HOME ARMY TO BE SENT TO RHINE

Occupation Force to Comprise 900,000 Men—Ranks Open to Volunteers.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The regulations governing the British armies of occupation are dealt with in an official statement issued tonight by Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary for War. The statement says:

"The British military commanders are of the opinion that 900,000 men are sufficient for this transition period. All the rest will be demobilized as fast as possible. The new armies will begin forming Feb. 1 and will be composed, in the first instance, of those who have enlisted since Jan. 1, 1916, and who do not exceed 37 years of age. Volunteers will be accepted for one year's service from among men otherwise entitled to release, while sixty-nine battalions of young soldiers now on home service will be sent immediately to help guard the Rhine bridgeheads and release the older men.

"The men of the new armies will be paid bonuses ranging from 10 shillings and sixpence per week for privates to 42 shillings for Colonel, in addition to the ordinary army pay. Leave will be granted on as generous a scale as possible.

"The occupation armies will be the home army, the army of the Rhine, the army of the Middle East, a detachment of the Far North, and garrisons of the Crown colonies and India.

"These arrangements seem to be the best devisable for the year 1919. During this year, however, we must remake the old British regular army so as to provide, on a voluntary basis, overseas garrisons and foreign stations."

In connection with the foregoing the Ministry of Labor announces that no further application for release of individual officers or men on pivotal or special grounds can be considered.

BRITISH HONOR FOR MORGAN

Receives "Honorary Freedom and Livery" of the Goldsmith Company.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—In recognition of his services to the Allies, J. P. Morgan today received a grant of "the honorary freedom and livery" of the Goldsmith Company. He is the first American and the first banker since 1795 to be so honored. King George and Foreign Secretary Balfour are the only other honorary freemen at present.

Many traditions of the company's 600 years of existence were carried out in the ceremonies in the imposing Goldsmiths' Hall when the resolutions, contained in a silver casket, were presented to Mr. Morgan. Speeches were made by the Earl of Reading, British Ambassador to the United States, and Austen Chamberlain, the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Lord Reading laid emphasis on Mr. Morgan's aid in floating the $500,000,000 loan for England in 1915.

The Goldsmith Company, which is semi-official in that its hall marks of gold and silver are according to Government standards, had its inception as a guild of gold and silver craftsmen. However, it has grown into an organization of England's most influential financiers, although never losing its connection with the gold and silver trade.

How often have you said

"I will make my will and provide for the future independence of my wife and family"—but you have put it off from day to day. You are still saying "I will make my will."

The best day is today, and the *first thing* today is to have your lawyer prepare your will. And while he is doing that, tell him to make this Company your executor and trustee.

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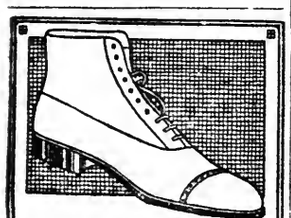

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THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking. Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

MAY HOLD UP LOAN UNTIL END OF LENT

Treasury Considers Postponing Liberty Bond Campaign Until April 21.

OPPOSE 5 PER CENT. RATE

Officials Inclined to Keep It as Low as Possible to Protect the Previous Issues.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Because the Lenten season this year does not end until April 20, the Treasury is considering postponing the opening of the next Liberty Loan campaign from April 6, as tentatively planned, to April 21. A decision has not been reached.

No attempt has been made as yet by Secretary Glass or his advisers to settle on the interest rate or other terms of the loan, it was stated officially today. Whatever the terms may be, they will accord with the principle of maintaining the market price of preceding issues, officials declared. This is one factor tending to induce the Treasury to keep the interest rate on the Fifth Loan as low as possible, since it is felt that a rate as high as 5 per cent. would have a depreciating effect on preceding issues.

Further tax exemptions on bonds already outstanding, their acceptance in payment of certain forms of taxes in future years, or conversion into securities bearing higher interest rates, are means which might be adopted to maintain the prices of outstanding bonds.

Bankers are urging the Treasury to make the interest rate on the next loan 4¼ or 5 per cent., but officials are inclined to keep it lower if possible. They rely strongly on the patriotic impulses of small bond buyers to "bring the boys home" and "finish the job." These phrases probably will be adopted as campaign slogans.

Railroad employes were cautioned today by Director General Hines not to sell Liberty Bonds below the current market price, as published daily in newspapers, and were urged to retain the bonds if possible. If employes find it necessary to sell, he said, they should make arrangements with a local bank, which would charge only a small fee.

The warning was prompted by reports that Liberty Bond "scalpers" were operating extensively among railway employes and other workmen.

Favor a Five-Year Loan.

The local Liberty Loan Committee is receiving a multiplicity of suggestions with regard to floating the next bond offering, and there seems to be a gradual crystallization of sentiment in favor of giving the smaller out-of-town banks the opportunity of suggesting to the Treasury Department the rates which will be most acceptable to them. This attitude is not a general one in the financial district, but it is growing in favor because many of the heads of the big downtown institutions knew that they are in a better position to accept terms suggested by the small banks than the latter would be in respect to suggestions coming from the big banks.

Few of the plans agree on all points, but most of them indicate that the new loans should be floated on a basis that will prove particularly attractive to the man in the street as well as to the man of wealth and institutions which have big sums to invest. It is also generally admitted that the new loan cannot be based upon patriotism alone, nor on business alone. Bankers and bond men realize that to be a big success there must be a judicial mixture of business and patriotism in the floating of the loan, and many of them are urging such a mixture.

The conservative banker feels that the Government should not have to pay an interest rate too high for its credit position, while there are those who contend that the success of the loan depends on just such a rate.

One of the recent plans circulated in banking channels called for the issuance of a 4 per cent. tax exempt bond, running for five years, into which could be converted certain portions of the preceding bond issues. This found considerable favor in some quarters, as the conversion suggestion would automatically stiffen the preceding bond issues, but was not so well thought of by those who advocate that the issue be popularized by making a concession to the bond buyers of comparatively small means.

Another specific proposal was for a five-year 4½ per cent. bond, also tax exempt, which could be used in part for the payment to a stipulated percentage of increased taxes. This has not been generally considered as appropriate, because a 4½ per cent. issue exempt from taxation would be more expensive for the Government than is necessary.

One proposal called for a 4¾ per cent. bond to mature in five years with all subscriptions above $50,000 subject to tax, while another suggested an issue with all subscriptions up to $5,000 tax exempt, and yielding a larger return to the small subscriber than to the large one. In this suggestion provision was made for the conversion of all subscriptions to preceding bond issues up to the amount of $5,000 into the new short-term bond.

One group of bankers thought that a straight 5 per cent. five-year bond subject to all taxes was the best method to pursue, but this did not meet with widespread approval on the part of other bankers and individuals.

On one thing Wall Street is quite generally agreed. That is a five-year issue. The majority of the men who are paving the way for the new loan want a short-term offering, many of the out-of-town banks have indicated that they favor a short-time issue, and the consensus of opinion seems to be that Secretary of the Treasury Glass has a five-year offering in mind.

Loan Money Plentiful.

Notwithstanding that today is the date for the final payment on the Fourth Liberty Loan, on which there is approximately $400 000 000 due, and that a payment is also due today on the latest issue of $600 000,000 of Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, issued in anticipation of the next Liberty Loan, there was a surprising abundance of bank money in Wall Street yesterday. Banks appeared to have more funds than at any other time in some weeks.

The demand for bankers' acceptances was especially brisk. Local banks and out-of-town institutions both participated in this demand, and by the close of the day it was said that dealers had been virtually denuded of all the paper they have been carrying recently. No exact amount of the volume of the business done is available, but some dealers said that they were convinced that at least $10,000,000 to $15,000,000, and possibly more, of good paper had been taken out of the market by the purchasing banks.

In addition to the supply of money for investment in acceptances, there was an unusually large amount offered for call and time loans on collateral security. On the Stock Exchange the rate for demand loans eased off slightly, and brokers reported that money lenders were more anxious to negotiate time loans on securities than they have been in some weeks.

PREPARE FOR VICTORY LOAN.

Committee Asks Citizens to Tear Down Posters of Other Loans.

The local Liberty Loan Committee has sent forth a call to all citizens to clear the country's decks for the new Victory Liberty Loan by tearing down all of the old posters which remain from other subscription drives. In asking for the removal of the old signs the committee explains that the appeal for the final loan must be a direct one, and that the old posters might prove a distraction to the potential Victory bond buyer.

It has been estimated that there are approximately 100 000 of these tattered signs on fences and buildings throughout the greater city, and the committee urges that all property owners tear them down to make way for the new loan posters, when the new campaign gets under way in the Spring.

MRS. INCH PROTECTS KIN.

Woman Accused by Herrman Says She Is Politician's Daughter.

Mrs. Betty Inch, on trial yesterday before Justice Weeks and a jury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court on the charge of attempting to extort $315 from Eugene P. Herrman of 675 Riverside Drive, refused to tell the prosecutor what he wanted to know concerning her family history. Mrs. Inch, who had been in the Tombs Prison over night because her bail of $5,000 had been recalled, in reply to questions, said:

"I shall not mention the names of my father and mother nor will I drag any of my relatives into this case. I am the daughter of a well-known politician and I came not far from New York."

Mrs. Inch was questioned concerning an affidavit she had made involving a naval officer and a woman in a divorce case, who had been visitors to Mrs. Inch's apartment. She admitted receiving $250 for this, but said she had signed the statement for an attorney because she feared a raid on her apartment. The court ordered the names of the persons involved to go in the record as "Mrs. X." and "Ensign Y."

APPROVES PROXY MARRIAGES

Judge Advocate General Holds Them to be Permissible in Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—In an opinion rendered today in the case of Wales T. Hawes of Cambridge, Mass., a member of the American Expeditionary Force, the Judge Advocate General of the army held that the military authorities in France might facilitate the marriage by proxy of soldiers abroad to their sweethearts in the United States where such marriages did not contravene State statutes. A previous opinion had disapproved such marriages. Hawes was married to Miss Annie Hiscock of Roxbury, Mass.

The Judge Advocate General, declaring such contracts permissible, said the best form in such cases was a single contract signed by both parties. He added:

"It is no doubt to the interest of society that marriage should exist between those who sincerely desire it, and much sympathy is felt for those who have been prevented from marrying in the ordinary way by the exigencies of military duty."

MEN'S CLOTHES TO BE SNUG

Form-Fitting Garments for 1919 Decreed by Tailors' Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 29.—Form-fitting clothes will be the vogue this year, the National Association of Merchant Tailors, which is discussing styles in annual convention here, has decreed, and some of the delegates went so far as to suggest that mature men of a plump, if not corpulent tendency, will need stays to wear the new styles.

According to the terms of the trade, "masculine styles for the ensuing twelve months are to be sprightly without conspicuousness, dashing without verging on extremes, youthful in temperament and inspirational. In place of the inevitable Summer flannels of the past, men will wear recreational raiment fashioned of silk, fine linens, and other delicate fabrics." Even the prosaic sack suit of business is to have a "swing" imparted to it by a high waist line and a long vent back.

A New York exhibitor shattered evening clothes traditions in the Fashion Show today with a double-breasted dinner jacket, which was pronounced to be one of the most artistic offerings in the exhibit, but it is for the slim man only.

Sharp's Successor Still in Doubt.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Appointment of a new Ambassador to France to succeed William Graves Sharp is still undecided upon. President Wilson has offered the post to a man who has not yet signified whether he will accept it. This man, it may be said, is not Vance McCormick.

FAIL TO HECKLE BECK AT MEETING

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

had managed to find strategic seats in the orchestra discovered that they would be unable to break up the meeting. Chairman Jonas of the Victory Committee began his speech outlining its plans. The soldiers who had moved their seats to the front row because, as they had told others, they thought they would have a better chance of yelling Mr. Beck down, went to sleep and remained in slumber through the remainder of the meeting.

"The Brooklyn Celebration Committee determined that it would have no part in any controversies that might be occurring in Manhattan," said Chairman Jonas. "We were not especially interested in the membership of any other committee, and we had no quarrel with any one. We desired to give a reception for our Brooklyn soldiers, and to perpetuate their deeds by some appropriate memorial.

"Anything that has been injected into the actions or the thoughts or the progress of the committee's work has been from the outside. I feel sure that a peaceable assemblage called to do honor to those who ought to be honored will not be marred by disturbance, because all ought to feel that this is a solemn occasion."

Mr. Beck, who was introduced as "one whose heart has been right and whose understanding has been unmistakably clear through every stage of the world's struggle," explained in the beginning of his speech that "the rôle that has been imputed to me in the attacks upon my selection has been false." It had previously been explained by Mr. Jonas that Mr. Beck had offered to withdraw if his acceptance of the invitation would embarrass the committee, that this offer had been rejected, and it had been insisted that he deliver his scheduled address.

Mr. Beck reviewed in part the progress of the war and the part taken by American troops and continued:

"The thunder, the long reverberations of Pershing's cannon sounding over the placid waters of the Meuse will awake echoes for generations and generations to come. No one can appreciate what it is going to bring, but to my mind, it is going to bring an early verification of a prediction that was made by the English historian, Greene, some twenty-five or thirty years ago, when he said that the centre of political gravity was about to shift from the Danube, the Rhine and the Seine and the Thames, and was to be shifted to the banks of the Hudson and the Mississippi.

"I do not pretend to quote his words exactly, but nevertheless, there was the fact in the mind of this scholarly and most accurate English historian that there was to be a mighty transfer of power across the Atlantic. And when today in Paris, in that ancient gallery of Versailles, dedicated by Louis XIV. to absolutism, but now the heritage of a free people, we see the solicitude with which every nation in the world awaits the word, as to any given policy, of the representative of the American people, we can begin to see the verification of that which the historian Greene so well taught.

"Now, these boys made it possible. If we had not intervened in this war, and if we had not actively taken part in it by sending our troops across the sea we would never have realized the splendid destiny which, as in the dawn of a new day, we see before us."

In telling of the fighting of the 77th Division in pushing the Germans from the Argonne and of the 27th in breaking the Hindenburg line Mr. Beck said he believed those achievements would be among the most famous military feats in the history of the war. He added that "we need not hesitate on the ground of propriety to erect a monument, no matter how imposing it may be, to our crusaders for the right in this war."

Concluding his speech, Mr. Beck referred again to the attempts to interrupt the meeting, and he was applauded loudly.

"I came to Brooklyn to ascertain whether a city, one of whose greatest sons demonstrated in England that the right of free speech could not be destroyed, whether that right could possibly be impaired in the city of Henry Ward Beecher," he said.

"I have had my answer. You have treated me after your own honor and dignity. I have tried to demonstrate that there is no force here or elsewhere that in a free republic can drown the voice of any man who has been invited to speak."

As Mr. Beck opened and concluded his address the greater part of the audience, from orchestra to galleries, rose in respect to him and three cheers were given for him. The opening demonstration continued more than a minute and he was interrupted frequently by applause.

Some of the soldiers who had left the meeting and others who, with civilians, were excluded after the hall was filled, held meetings outside. Under the leadership of civilians they denounced Mr. Beck and sang patriotic songs. They were carried away in motor buses. The police who, with the provost guards at the meeting, numbered more than 300, made no attempt to prevent these meetings.

One of the methods used to "pack" the meeting was revealed last night by three soldiers in Debarkation Hospital No. 3, in the Greenhut Building. While Sergeant J. W. Eisenhauer of Baltimore and Privates Edward S. Kammerer of Buffalo and Louis Alexander of Philadelphia were standing in front of the hospital along came a sight-seeing bus filled with soldiers. The driver shouted to them to jump in.

"We are all going over to see a man named Beck, who doesn't want the soldiers to get six months' pay when they are discharged," he said.

On the way to the meeting they were harangued as to the "villainy of Beck," "predatory profiteers," "the rights of the workingman," and kindred subjects. As the three men admitted, they did not know anything about Beck and not much about Hearst, but they got their instructions to shout down Beck the moment he was announced, and to yell for Hearst as loud as they could. When they arrived at the Academy they were packed into the gallery. Eisenhauer, Kammerer, and Alexander, however, saw through the game and refused to join with the plans of the rest.

That was not the end of the story. When the meeting was over, buses were again on hand. This time many of the men were hurried over to the Elks Club at 150 Oxford Street, Brooklyn. The three from the Debarkation Hospital were left, however, in a state of bewilderment. They did not know whether they were in Brooklyn or on the Rhine. If it had not been for a Red Cross officer, who came to their rescue, they would have had difficulty in finding their way back to the hospital.

The Red Cross man had heard of the party being held at the Elks' Club, so he and his charges made their way to the club, and there they stumbled into a real Hearst meeting. As they entered a man named Meyer was holding forth in the "predatory profiteer" strain, but upon the sight of the Red Cross man, he shut up like a clam.

After the soldiers had been implored not to "let the interests put it over them," a committee of seven was formed to ask Mr. Hearst to call a meeting in Madison Square Garden as a protest, and to see that the "poor soldiers should be given their rights."

When Eisenhauer heard the trend of the talk he arose to protest:

"I am not for Mr. Beck," he said, "nor am I for Mr. Hearst. I don't know either of them. But, boys, it is no way to let these men put it over you and use you to help Mr. Hearst out."

He got no further than this when he was stopped by the Chairman. "We believe in free speech and all that," said he, "but no one need try to speak against Mr. Hearst here. No matter what the opposition says, don't let them make you believe it. Hearst is all right."

At this point the Red Cross man and his companions felt that it was no place for them and they left.

WANTS GOV. SMITH TO ACT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Senator Wadsworth expressed himself today as in favor of American soldiers being received at New York by a thoroughly representative committee so that they would know they were being received loyally.

"I have no comment to make upon the Hearst committee," said the Senator, "and I do not want to be quoted as saying anything about it. But I will say this, that I feel that the homecoming soldiers should have a representative welcome."

Senator Wadsworth expressed the feeling that Governor Smith of New York ought to appoint a committee to receive the soldiers. This, he explained, was entirely apart from any criticism of the Hearst committee.

"The soldiers," said Senator Wadsworth, "ought to have a warm welcome, and it should be a welcome out of the hearts of the people. I feel that this can be done, and ought to be done, through a representative committee appointed by the Governor. Outside of that, I have no word to say."

The New York City
Telephone Directory
Goes to Press
Wednesday, February 5, 1919

ALL changes or additions in present listings must be arranged for on or before that date in order to appear in this new issue.

ANY of our business offices listed below will be glad to give you full information. Just telephone write or call—

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15 Dey St.	Cortlandt	19000	923 Havemeyer St.	Stagg	19014
104 Broad St.	Bwl'g Green	19090	1030 Gates Ave.	Bushwick	19016
413 Grand St.	Orchard	19090	1640 Pitkin Ave.	East New York	19014
430 Broadway at Howard St.	Canal	19090	**JAMAICA**		
93 E. 99th St.	Mad. Sq.	19090	8 Hardenbrook Ave.	Jamaica	19000
1456 B'way at 42d St.	Bryant	19090	**FLUSHING**		
79 E. 42d St.	Murray Hill	19090	70 Main St.	Flushing	19014
9 E. 59th St.	Plaza	19090	**RICHMOND HILL**		
9067 B'way at 72d St.	Riverside	19090	634 Napier Ave.	Richmond Hill	19014
109 W. 125th St.	Morningside	19090	**LONG ISLAND CITY**		
573 E. 146th St.	Melrose	19090	Bridge Plaza North	Astoria	19014
485 E. Tremont Ave.	Tremont	19090	**FAR ROCKAWAY**		
1106 Hoe Ave.	Intervale	19090	Birdsall & Cent'l Ave.	Far Rockaway	19014
BROOKLYN			**TOMPKINSVILLE**		
21 Willoughby St.	Main	19000	444 St. Marks Pl.	Tompkinsville	19044
339 Ninth St.	South	19014	**PORT RICHMOND**		
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No finer Ready-to-Wear Clothing than that made by the famous House of Kuppenheimer can be had anywhere—and this great Sale offers you their very finest 1918-19 Fall and Winter productions at almost unbelievable price reductions, and in what is still a wonderfully wide variety.

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DRY AMENDMENT IS PROCLAIMED

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

and Dixon Line, who are no more entitled to the name Democrat than the Bolsheviki."

Defeat Move for Recommittal.

There was every indication when the Senate convened this morning that the Senators were prepared for an all-day session and opponents of ratification were openly determined to fight every step of the way. The first move was an attempt to force a recommittal of the resolution, launched by Majority Leader Foley and Senator Boylan of New York. Senator Boylan, in moving for recommittal, declared that the defeat of Governor Whitman had shown that the people were opposed to ratification. His motion, however, was lost by a strict party vote.

Senator Sage was the first speaker against adoption of the resolution. He attacked Congress for perpetrating "a huge joke by passing an amendment which it must have known was a fraud and sham." He warned against the nation accepting prohibition and pointed to the condition of Russia as a reason for its defeat.

"In the States where prohibition in varying degrees has been enforced," he said, "the result has been disastrous to those traits which used to be regarded as desirable, such as honesty, uprightness, and truthfulness. The increase in the drug habit under conditions of prohibition, according to all reputable physicians with whom I have talked, will be a menace to our entire citizenry, and there is no question that the use of drugs is infinitely more destructive physically, mentally, and morally than the excessive use of alcohol."

Debate was proceeding normally until Senator Thompson made his charge that the "rum" interests had elected Governor Smith.

The Governor, elected because of the activity of the rum interests and the inactivity of others, has no voice in this matter," he declared. "Can it be that the liquor interests, who organized and spent their force in electing a Democratic Governor and forcing the Democratic Party as a party to make a party issue of opposition to this measure, are still forcing opposition and contention in their chagrin at having wasted their ammunition, or are they again proving the maxim, 'Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad,' and is this a continuance of the policy of asininity which the organized liquor interests have purposed for the last several years?"

He contended that the Democratic opposition was not directed from Washington, and added:

"In acting the case they can only be acting under orders from the other national headquarters of the Democratic party, the Wigwam on Fourteenth Street, which instructed Democracy of this State in 1916 to knife President Wilson, and this we have on such eminent authority as Patrick E. McCabe, of Albany, formerly one of the Democratic directors of mine, and Samuel Seabury, its candidate for Governor in 1916."

Defends Governor Smith.

Senator Black jumped to his feet to resent Thompson's imputation that the rum interests elected Smith Governor.

"If the rum interests have elected Smith Governor they have wiped out all the evils charged against them because they have given us a man," he said.

Technical jockeying to create confusion and delay assumed a serious aspect for the proponents of prohibition when Senator Black of the Bronx raised the point that the resolution for ratification was not properly before the Legislature. He based his contention on the fact that it had not been called to the attention of the lawmakers by the Governor, although he admitted that it had been regularly placed before the 1918 Legislature through Governor Whitman.

Governor Smith expressed the opinion this afternoon that once an amendment to the Federal Constitution was brought to the attention of the Legislature it remained for their consideration, properly, until it was finally disposed of.

Senator Black's point threw the Senate into confusion, and the leaders, together with Lieut. Gov. Walker, went into lengthy conference, the result of which was that it was held that Senator Black's point was upheld and that the amendment proposal was not officially before the Senate.

Senator Thompson appealed from the decision. Senator Brown asked that Thompson's appeal be laid aside and offered a privileged resolution which put the message of Governor Whitman, delivered to the Legislature last year, officially before the Senate. Senator Black contended that the resolution could not be adopted under the Senate rules, but he was overruled. Senator Thompson then withdrew his appeal.

Not to be outwitted by this adverse decision, Senator Black, declaring that it had already been ruled that the ratification resolution was not before the Senate, moved for adjournment, but this motion was lost by a vote of 29 to 21. Consideration of the ratification resolution was then resumed. Senator Davenport, "dry" leader, launched a vigorous attack on the saloon and brewing interests. He declared that the saloon had been made a greedy and profiteering institution by the brewing and distilling interests, and charged that the forces behind it had been "close to treason during the war."

DISTILLERS OUTLINE FIGHTING PROGRAM

To Attack Ratification in 14 States Which Have Referendum Laws, Officials Announce.

For the first time since they began talking about fighting the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment, the trade men announced a definite program yesterday. The announcement came from the Executive Committee of the Distillers' Association of America, whose headquarters are in Chicago. The executive Committee came to New York on Monday and began on Tuesday a series of meetings in the Hotel St. Regis which will extend over several days. The statement was prepared for the committee by Levy Mayer of Chicago, its general counsel, and signed by Samuel Woolner, Jr., President of the Distillers' Association, and by George F. Dieterle, its Secretary.

According to the statement, the distillers will begin their fight by invoking the referendum in fourteen States whose Legislatures ratified the Federal amendment without giving the people of those States the chance to say whether or not they wished to vote upon it, as they are entitled to do under the Constitutions of those States. The States in question are Arkansas, California, Colorado, Idaho, Maine, Michigan, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, and Utah. The statement reads:

"The Constitutions of many of the States contain a referendum provision which expressly provides that no action of the Legislatures is effective until the lapse of ninety days after the adjournment of the Legislatures. If during those ninety days 5 or 6 per cent. of the voters petition for a referendum, the action of the Legislatures must be submitted to a vote of the people. Until the people have voted in these States the action of the Legislatures does not take effect, and is neither final nor binding on the State whose Legislature may have begun the ratification of the Prohibition amendment.

Legislatures Still in Session.

Of the forty-two States whose Legislatures have acted, there are twenty-two that contain in their Constitutions the referendum provision. Of these twenty-two States, the Legislatures of fourteen are still in session, and until the Legislatures have adjourned, the ninety days within which to petition for the referendum have not begun to run. Immediate steps will be taken to have the referendum invoked in all of these fourteen States and probably in others, until the people in these fourteen States

Text of the Prohibition Proclamation Issued by Acting Secretary of State Polk

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Following is the text of the proclamation issued today by Acting Secretary concerning the adoption of the prohibition amendment:

To All to Whom These Presents Shall Come, Greeting:

Know ye that the Congress of the United States, at the second session, Sixty-fifth Congress, begun at Washington on the third day of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, passed a resolution in the words and figures following, to wit:

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, (two-thirds of each house concurring therein), That the following amendment to the Constitution be, and hereby is, proposed to the States, to become valid as a part of the Constitution when ratified by the Legislatures of the several States as provided by the Constitution:

Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Section 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the Legislatures of the several States, as provided in the constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

And, further, that it appears from official documents on file in this department that the amendment to the Constitution of the United States proposed as aforesaid has been ratified by the Legislatures of the States of Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming.

And, further, that the States whose Legislatures have so ratified the said proposed amendment constitute three-fourths of the whole number of States in the United States.

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State of the United States, by virtue and in pursuance of Section 205 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, do hereby certify that the amendment aforesaid has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Department of State to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this 29th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen.

(Signed) FRANK L. POLK,
Acting Secretary of State.

have had an opportunity at a general election or a special election called for that purpose to vote upon the amendment, the amendment lacks ratification. Upon this question the opinion of eminent lawyers is unanimous.

"The people in these fourteen States, under their constitutional referendum rights, are a part of the lawmaking body. Until they have voted upon the proposition there has been and can be no legislative action. If the fourteen States be deducted from the forty-two States whose Legislatures have acted, the total number of ratifying States will be but twenty-eight, or eight less than the required three-fourths.

"After many years of agitation, the referendum has been incorporated into the Constitutions of these different States. This referendum is now a fundamental right of the people. It is intended that the people shall avail of this fundamental right, and that they shall vote upon the question whether inherent State powers and privileges and individual liberty shall be destroyed. Until the referendum has been exercised in the States to which we have referred there can be no binding proclamation by the Secretary of State or any other Federal authority that the amendment has been adopted."

The committee will hold another meeting at 2 o'clock this afternoon in the St. Regis, which will be attended by members of the Executive Committee of the Association Opposed to National Prohibition, of which James Woods of the Hotel Belmont is Chairman. Frank A. K. Boland, general counsel for the New York Hotel Men's Association, will also attend the meeting to consult with Mr. Mayer. It is possible that associate counsel may be chosen at the meeting. The New York association held a meeting yesterday in camera at its headquarters in the Cambridge Building, Thirty-third Street and Fifth Avenue.

Slayden Suggests New Party.

Under date of Jan. 25 and on the stationery of the Committee on the Library of the House of Representatives, of which he is the Chairman, Representative James L. Slayden of the San Antonio, Texas, district, who has sat as a member of ten successive Congresses, wrote to Mr. Woods that he hoped the Association Opposed to National Prohibition would win its attack on the legality of the amendment, but he feared it would not. Congressman Slayden said he was under "the impression that, if that revolutionary amendment is ever to be done away with, it can only be through a long campaign of education, and in order to conduct such a campaign effectively it must be backed with unusual political power and sagacity."

Congressman Slayden says he believes that such an educational campaign can be best directed by the organization of a new political party. "There ought to be," the letter continues, "a political organization in this country to defend personal liberty and to try to swing the Government back to the original covenants between the colonies, as written into the Constitution of the United States. There are millions of persons in this country who resent an invasion of their personal rights, and it has occurred to me that they might be organized into a compact, co-operating body for the defense of these rights and for the defense of the original constitutional rights of the States.

"If this were done, and such a body were directed with half the political acumen of the Prohibitionists, it could defeat or elect members of the State Legislatures and Members of Congress, and make its power felt in a short time so that the class of public men who prefer office to principles would be terrorized and, let us hope, driven from public life. * * * Jefferson party, pledged to defend the rights of the States and of the Constitution and the personal liberty of the citizens would make a powerful appeal, and, even if it did not get strength enough to elect a President and control the country at the first election, it would be powerful enough by throwing its strength in this or that direction to compel respect for its views and ultimately accomplish important things."

James Holland, President of the New York State Federation of Labor, went to Albany yesterday morning, taking with him a letter which he said he intended to have presented to the State Senate. In the letter Mr. Holland not only roundly attacked the Prohibition Amendment, but he served notice on the members of the Senate that the "citizens of New York are American citizens, that they are entitled to all the rights of freemen, and will not, like a lot of dumb animals, stand mute while receiving the insolent, unjust, and outrageous treatment which is now being accorded them by the New York Legislature."

TO BUILD BIGGER SHIPS.

Plez Explains Why Fleet Corporation Is Revising Its Program.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Charles A. Plez, Director General of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, issued a statement tonight showing that the Government intends to build larger ships as an addition to the American merchant marine. It is understood that the larger vessels will be oil-burners, because the United States now controls 80 per cent. of the oil supply of the world.

"During the emergency," said the statement, "the Fleet Corporation built all the vessels it could, and selected types not because they might prove ultimately useful but because they could be readily and quickly constructed by existing yards. The suggestion has been made that the Fleet Corporation has built too many small-tonnage vessels and not enough vessels of large tonnage and greater sea speed.

"As this criticism is justified, the board decided several months ago to slow up its production of ships in order to afford an opportunity for a revision of its program if after investigation such revision appeared justifiable. The board is so conscious of the necessity of a complete review and determination of its future policy that it has decided to suspend work on all vessels the progress of which justifies the assumption that they can either be canceled, or have other vessels substituted for them with the minimum of expense."

Governor's Appointees Confirmed.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Four of Governor Smith's appointees to State offices were confirmed by the Senate today without opposition. They were Lewis Nixon of New York, as Superintendent of Public Works; Michael J. Walsh of Yonkers, as State Tax Commissioner; Henry S. Renaud of New York, as State Superintendent of Elections, and Charles F. Rattigan of Auburn, as Superintendent of State Prisons.

Propaganda

By Creel

How millions of circulars rained down from the sky on the demoralized Huns—

how one plucky little woman changed the public opinion of an entire nation—

what Italians in America did after the Caporetta disaster—

how Germany's sinister grip on the moving picture industry was pried loose—

These are a few of the things now published for the first time. *Everybody's Magazine* has lifted the curtain; George Creel, head of the Committee on Public Information, tells of "America's Fight for World Opinion."

Read about the astounding scope and intensity of American propaganda—in the February *Everybody's* now on sale.

Everybody's MAGAZINE

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Distrust and caution are the parents of security."

Looking to the Future

Nowhere are you called upon to exercise greater judgment than in the selection of an Executor and Trustee under your Will.

By placing this responsibilty in the hands of the *Franklin Trust Company* you protect your heirs against those losses which sometimes occur through the death or incapacity of an individual executor.

The difference is the difference between assurance and doubt.

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Established 1888
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569 Fulton Street, 1001 Wallabout Market

Read
Gene Stratton-Porter's
A DAUGHTER OF THE LAND
"An epic of young womanhood"
Net $1.50

Important Correction!

On Wednesday, Jan. 29th, we advertised a sale of Fan-ta-si Silk Skirts at $13.75, which *were not* Fan-ta-si, but an imitation of this Silk, sold to us by a manufacturer who misrepresented his merchandise.

We offer an apology to Mr. J. A. Migel, maker of Fan-ta-si Silk, for the unwarranted use of his trade mark name. We would also like very much to refund the purchase price to any woman who bought one of these skirts under the impression that it was fashioned of the genuine Fan-ta-si Silk.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

A SUPERB, THRILLING, SPECTACULAR NOVEL SURPASSING ANYTHING IN MODERN FICTION.

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse

IT IS ONE NOVEL YOU MUST NOT LEAVE UNREAD
Cloth, $1.90 (postage extra).
At all bookstores or may be ordered direct from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY *34th Street*

Purchases Will Appear on Bills Rendered March 1st

Semi-Annual Clothing Event

Offering Unrestricted Choice of Entire Stock

Men's & Young Men's Suits & Overcoats

Except our regular lines of Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits

A most exceptional opportunity to purchase a Suit or Overcoat at less than present wholesale cost.

$19.50

The Season's Greatest Values in High-Grade Clothing

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT—FIFTH FLOOR.

In A.D. 1826
NINETY THREE
Years AGO

Messrs. LORD & TAYLOR *began* business in their first Store *at* 47 Catherine Street, *New York* in the year 1826.

¶ IN *CELEBRATION of that event,* (the House of LORD & TAYLOR) *beginning* Saturday, February 1ST will hold it's 93RD *Anniversary Sale.*
¶ The paramount shopping *event* of the year *in* this store

Lord & Taylor
38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

Are Closing Out
the following special groups taken from remaining Winter lines.

Gowns and Dresses
for day and evening occasions.
Formerly $75, $95, $125, $135 to $175
at $45 — $65 — $85

Fashionable Day Coats
of duvetyn, velours and other rich fabrics.
Formerly $95—$125—$175 to $250
$55 — $75 — $125

Handsome Fur-Trimmed Suits
Formerly $125 to $350—AT.. $65 to $150

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Special for Today
100
Women's Skirts
Smart Models in Serge and Velveteen
$5.00
Skirts on the new straight lines, featuring clever pocket effects, and novel belts.
Serges in navy blue, brown and black.
Velveteens in fashionable colors.
As the quantity is limited, early selection is advised.
—Third Floor—

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower, Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.
Store opens 9:00 A. M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Just Arrived
Such a short span of days twixt snowdrops and Mayflowers, you'll welcome the

New Blocks In Men's Spring Hats $3.24
Thrice welcome, too, is such a low price, for these hats are all fur felt, greatly superior in style and wearing quality to hats made of wool felt. In fact this quality sells elsewhere for a third more.
Shades for Spring are Olive, Gray, Navy, Brown and Myrtle.

4 Items of Savings for Men
Spring Effects In Madras Shirts $1.59
A good bit of quality embodied in these negligee shirts. A good variety, too, of fancy woven stripes on white grounds. Soft cuff models.

Domet Flannel Night Shirts $1.29
Well made, full fashioned garments in numerous color effects. Sizes 15 to 20.

Wool Reefers Reduced to $1.44, were $1.89 $1.89, were $2.44
In dark heather and plain shades.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

A Better Sort of Men's Shirts $1.89
Adapted precisely to the requirements of a careful man who believes shirts must have hidden virtues of long wear and decided comfort as well as the evident grace of good style.
Patterns are a bit exclusive, as they're confined to manufacturers of high grade shirts.
Madras and crepe weaves, soft or laundered cuff models.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

I Adore Escalators

No crowding or jostling, just a heavenly glide upwards. I've been lit'rally crushed to death in the elevators of six different shops this morning, so when I came here I made straight for the escalator.

Mrs. Heather
is one of our most appreciative patrons, so we readily excuse her—shall we say over-expressiveness—but it's a fact that the escalators are less congested than elevators. They start in the centre of the main floor near Broadway and continue up to the sixth floor.

Try Us First for Quick Mortgage Money

Your rule in getting loans on real estate should be:

"Try the Title Guarantee and Trust Company first."

We recognize the vital importance to the borrower of quick action. We wish to make lo ns, we accept all good ones offered.

If we decline any, we do not delay you long enough to spoil your chances elsewhere. Try us first.

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Capital $5,000,000
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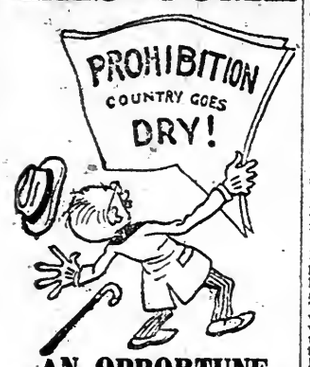
176 Broadway, N.Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica

IT HAS COME



AN OPPORTUNE SALE
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WINES & LIQUORS
AT LOWEST PRICES
IN CITY

These Specials for Thursday, Friday & Saturday:

	Bot.	Gal.
WHISKEYS		
Old Aster Rye, full qt.	$1.75	$7.00
Old Crow, qt.	2.00	7.50
Gibson Rye	2.00	7.50
Green River	1.75	7.50
Private Stock, very old	2.00	7.50
Monogram	1.25	6.25
Grand Dad, Bond	2.00	—
Overholt	2.10	—
Hermitage, qt., Bond	2.60	—
Hermitage	—	8.50
Old Crow, Bond	2.25	—
Old Taylor 2.35 and	3.00	—
Taylor	—	8.50
Hunter Rye	2.00	—
Duffy's Malt	1.85	—
Kirk's Old Crow	3.00	—
Canadian Club	3.00	—
Gooderham & Woertz	3.00	—
Perfection Scotch	3.50	—
Sanderson's	3.25	—
Johnny Walker	3.25	—
Dewar's White Label	3.15	—
Dewar's Special	2.85	—
Black and White	3.25	—
Haig & Haig ***	4.00	—
Usher's Green Stripe	3.15	—
Banff Scotch	2.25	—
Bushmill	2.60	—
John Jameson Irish	2.60	—
John Burke's Irish	2.75	—
Wise's Irish	2.25	—
COGNACS AND GINS		
Martel*** of Hennessy***	3.25	—
Jules Robin***	3.00	—
E. Remy Martin	3.15	—
Pellison Pere***	3.50	—
California Brandy	2.00	8.00
Gordon Dry Gin	1.90	—
Imperial Dry Gin	1.50	7.00
Lane's Old Sloe Gin	2.00	7.50
Plymouth or Nicholson	2.00	—
De Kuyper Gin	2.60	—
Burnett's Tom or Dry	1.85	—
Humphrey Taylor	1.75	—

	Pt.	Qt.	Case.
CHAMPAGNES			
Pommery	$3.25	—	$78
Piper Heidsieck	3.00	—	72
Du Barry	1.25	2.50	30
London Club	1.00	2.00	24

	Bot.	Gal.
WINES		
Imperial Reserve Port, qt.	.60	$2.25
Graham Port	.80	3.00
Alhambra Sherry	.80	3.00
Golden Crown Sherry, qt.	.60	2.25
Virginia Dare	.80	—
St. Julien Type	.50	2.00
Claret Special	.40	1.75
Rhine Wine	.50	2.00
VERMOUTHS		
Martin Rossi, Italian		$1.13
Granier, French		1.25
MISCELLANEOUS		
Kummel $1.50 and		$2.00
Manhattan, Bronx or Martini & Cocktails, best grade	1.50 &	1.75
Benedictine, pts.		2.50
Bacardi Rum		2.60
Red Heart Rum		2.65
Grenadine Syrup, qt.		1.00
Creme de Menthe 1.50 and		2.00

Many Other Brands Not Listed.

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Convenient to Subway, L & Street Cars

Authorized Exchange Dealers for
NEW & USED
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239 West 58th St.
One door East of Broadway.

NEWS IN PICTURES.

Illustrations of the world's chief events, beautifully printed by rotogravure, in the Mid-Week Pictorial Magazine, published by The New York Times Company. Twenty-four pages of pictures printed in the best style on good paper. 10c on news stands—$3 a year by mail. —Advt.

SUICIDE'S HUSBAND WAS NOT 'FENTON'

But Woman Friend Tells of Her Acquaintance With a Major Who Died Abroad.

ALL ARMY FENTONS ALIVE

The Other Major Died in Paris Last October—Friendly With Miss Packwood Two Years Ago.

Mrs. Jeanne Cazeaux, a dressmaker, living at 2,185 Broadway, made a statement to a TIMES reporter last night regarding Miss Azeele Packwood, the former driver in the motor organization of the Red Cross, whose body was found on Sunday in a lonely spot on the Palisades, where she had committed suicide probably a month ago. Mrs. Cazeaux said that Miss Packwood two years ago had an apartment at 2,185 Broadway, and the late Major Clarence Fahnestock, son of the banker, and himself a physician, whom she had met before she knew Miss Packwood, had visited Miss Packwood there many times. Major Fahnestock, who went overseas with an infantry regiment, died in France last October of pneumonia.

"When I read that Miss Packwood had committed suicide," Mrs. Cazeaux said, "I remembered that Major Fahnestock died of pneumonia in France in October, and that they were great friends when Miss Packwood lived here. I have not seen either of them since she moved away. That was about two years ago. I don't know anything about her affairs since then. But she told me that she was very fond of him."

Major Fahnestock left a large estate. He was not known to have been married.

The name of the man to whom Miss Packwood was said to have been secretly married was given as "Fenton" by her father, George Horatio Packwood, a wealthy retired real estate operator of Tampa, Fla., who is said to be on his way here. Mr. Packwood, according to word from Tampa, received his information that the marriage had taken place in a letter from Captain Adelaide Baylis of the Red Cross Motor Corps Headquarters. Captain Baylis said yesterday that she was under strict instructions from the New York County Red Cross not to say anything about the case.

Three officers by the name of Fenton have been in the army in France, but they are all alive. They are Lieut. Col. Chauncey A. Fenton of the General Staff, Major Ralph A. Fenton of the Medical Corps, and Lieutenant John S. Fenton, who has been assigned to the Red Cross. Lieut. Col. Fenton, who was recently promoted, returned from France in December. He said he did not know Miss Packwood or anything about the case.

Mrs. Hugh Cameron, who is in charge of the apartment house at 25 East Forty-eighth Street, where Miss Packwood had lived for two years, said that she had known the young woman during that time only by the name of Miss Packwood. Mrs. Cameron said, however, that she had learned of her marriage some time before Miss Packwood left.

"She always used the name of Miss Packwood," said Mrs. Cameron, "and I supposed that she was pretending to be unmarried in order to evade the rule that married women might not go to France. After she told us that her husband had died, and that she had decided to give up the place, she kept the key to the mail box of her apartment, in order to get any mail that might come to her. She had been receiving mail from time to time from France. After her furniture had been packed and sent away early in November to her father's home in Florida she kept the key for a month, and remained in this city for most of that time, awaiting confirmation, she said, of the news of her husband's death.

"During all the time that she was here she received very few visitors. Her husband was never here and never telephoned, as far as I know. Only one man ever came to see her, and that was her lawyer. I think he was here twice, both occasions being shortly before she left. She told me that the man was her lawyer, but she did not mention the nature of the legal business. I don't remember the man's name. His calls occurred after she said she had the news of her husband's death, but I don't know whether the lawyer's visits concerned his affairs or not. I never heard her mention the name of her husband, but she was a very fine young woman, and I have no doubt that her story was true."

The records of the Automobile Bureau showed that the young woman had obtained a license to operate an automobile in May, 1917, giving her age at the time as 26 years. Her application was indorsed by H. C. Heald and A. C. Edwards, employes of a sport store at 2,123 Broadway, who knew the young woman only casually from her visits to the store to make purchases. Mr. Heald said that the young woman had once remarked, apparently in jest, that she was too poor to buy a certain picture, but that she would buy it when she got her alimony.

Miss Packwood drove a two-seated automobile, which she kept at the Biltmore Garage, in East Fifty-seventh Street. It was stated there that she had always come alone to take the car out and to return it, and that in her relations with the garage she was known by the name of Miss Packwood only. Last November she removed the machine from the garage.

Mrs. Bradford Ellsworth of 344 West Eighty-seventh Street, a Lieutenant in the Red Cross motor organization, who identified the body as that of Miss Packwood, said yesterday that she had not been able to learn anything as to the identity of the young woman's supposed husband.

DUVEEN ESTATE $1,000,000.

Art Dealer Left Estate to Immediate Family.

The will of Henry Joseph Duveen, art dealer, which was found in a safe deposit box after a search under a court order, was filed for probate yesterday, but the petition accompanying the will does not disclose the value of the estate, estimated at more than $1,000,000. The charitable bequests are $5,000 each to the Mt. Sinai and the Woman's Hospital in New York, and the Middlesex Hospital in London. Mr. Duveen asked that he be buried beside his brother, Sir Joseph Duveen in Willesden Cemetery, London.

The bequests to employes consist of $2,500 to Thomas Kerr, $2,000 to H. W. Morgan, and $1,500 each to Edward Fowles and a Mr. Hale of the Paris office. Walter Duffin, valet, gets $2,500, and Albert May, butler, receives $500. Each employe of Duveen Brothers employed for three years gets three months' salary.

Mr. Duveen gave $5,000 to Mrs. Geoffrey Duveen, wife of his son, and $2,500 each to the four children of his sister, Betsy. He gave $16,500 to other nephews and nieces and to his wife and son, Geoffrey, the will gives three-fourths of the residuary estate in trust, the principal to go to Dennis, son of Geoffrey Duveen. Mrs. Duveen gets her husband's personal effects and the art objects in his home.

Made of choicest grains and ready-to-eat
Grape-Nuts
Food of wonderful flavor

LEWIS MAKES PLANS TO TRY B. R. T. MEN

Manslaughter Cases to be Called in Nassau County Early in March.

District Attorney Harry E. Lewis of Kings County said yesterday that he would move the trial of the officials and employes of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, indicted for manslaughter, because of the wreck on the Brighton Beach line last November, on the first Monday in March in the Supreme Court of Nassau County. The defendants will make no objection to Nassau County as the place of the trial.

The Passenger Protective Association of Brooklyn issued a call yesterday for a mass meeting to be held in Erasmus Hall tomorrow night. The call condemned the change of venue of the trial of the indicted B. R. T. men and inquired if it was not in Nassau County that "some distracted women, for mere domestic irritation, killed first, were tried second, and acquitted third?" The call said that it was the intention of the association to unite every civic and social body in Brooklyn "behind the one issue of better transit facilities and better protection for the passengers."

Lindley M. Garrison, receiver for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, said yesterday that Frederick Page Royce, the newly appointed general manager, would receive a salary of $35,000 a year and that Mr. Royce's services terminated at the pleasure of the receiver. Mr. Garrison said he had no reason to believe that the banking interests which had financed the B. R. T. for years would show disinclination to lend to the receiver $3,000,000, the amount he will need to meet obligations maturing on or before April 1, on $6,000,000 of 4 per cent. B. R. T. refunding bonds now in the company's treasury.

The Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce will give a luncheon to Mr. Garrison on Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock, at which he will make an address on "Some Problems in the B. R. T. Situation."

The Public Service Commission yesterday adopted an order for public hearings on the questions of installing speed control and other safety devices on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit lines. The commission announced that special attention would be paid to the need of safety devices between the Park Place and the Prospect Park stations, near the scene of the accident. Delay in inquiring into the cause of the accident it was said, was due to a disinclination on the part of the commission to do anything that might interrupt the investigation of District Attorney Lewis.

FEARS REORGANIZED BOARD.

Citizens Union Opposes Bill Changing Public Service Commission.

The Citizens Union, through its Secretary, Walter Tallmadge Arndt, has filed with the Governor a long protest against the passage of the Foley bill providing for the reorganization of the Public Service Commission of this city, by having a single commissioner and four deputies to take care of the regulations of public utilities, and another commission to look after the construction of rapid transit lines. The saving in cost, it is pointed out, would be only $15,000 a year, and that the total cost might be much heavier by the necessity of duplicating the staffs of engineers, expert accountants, and other highly paid expert service.

The protest condemns the proposal of dividing the work carried on by the present commission, and says that the proposed law fails to concentrate responsibility, although concentration of responsibility was one of the arguments in its favor. It is said that derelictions would follow the proposed change and that efforts would probably be made to shift blame from one commissioner to the other with the result that friction would follow between them and effective work seriously hampered. Attention is called to the message sent to the Legislature in 1907 by Governor Hughes, the creator of the commissions, in which the purposes of the new law were explained and the statement was made that this city should have one board for both construction and regulation.

The protest states that when the commission issues directions covering work to be done it deals with both sides of the question, but that under the proposed plan a collision or even a deadlock might occur between the two commissioners. It is also pointed out that construction transportation lines might interfere with subsurface pipe and conduit servi and might interrupt the service that the regulatory commissioner would be responsible for, while the construction commissioner might not care for anything save the carrying on of his part of the work.

It is pointed out that the relief needed in the present case would obviously be the removal of the Commissioners with whom the Mayor and Controller have been engaged in personal controversies. But the "logical way," the protest says, would be for the Governor to fill the vacancies in the present commission, and if desired a third place, which is about to become vacant, so that the Governor could appoint a majority of the commission.

Railway Crash Angers Nicaraguans.

MANAGUA, Jan. 28.—After the railway accident near Masaya, Nicaragua, on Sunday, in which many persons were killed and injured, a mob of 1,000 attacked the railway station at Masaya and destroyed the fence surrounding it. A commission of engineers is endeavoring to fix responsibility for the accident, which was the latest of several fatal ones on the road.

Made a Temporary Magistrate.

Francis D. Gallatin of 160 Broadway has been appointed a temporary Magistrate for thirty days in place of Magistrate Frederick B. House, who is on leave of absence, due to his recent breakdown.

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Suits and Overcoats	Suits and Overcoats	Suits and Overcoats
$25	**$35**	**$45**

NOT a single suit or overcoat in our stock is withheld in this general reduction sale—imported English Overcoats included. Our finest $65 Greatcoats of virgin Australian fleece—all our $60 worsted sack suits, full silk lined, are now grouped at $45. No finer ready-for-service clothes than these are to be had at any price. And in the $35 and $25 group the reductions and the values are just as great in degree.

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits are included in the $35 group

A most remarkable clothes-buying opportunity!

Once-A-Year Sale
Stein-Bloch Winter Suits
100% Wool

$35 Suits	$28.75
$50, $45, $40	$36.50
$65, $60, $55	$48.50

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

Once-A-Year Sale
Stein-Bloch Winter Overcoats
100% Wool

$35 Overcoats	$28.75
$45 and $40	$34.50
$55 and $50	$42.50
$65 and $60	$48.50

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Winterroth, Mahogany	75	Steinway, Perfect	385
Walters, Mahogany	85	Knabe, Colonial	495
Weber, Cottage size	230	Knabe, Circassian Walnut	515
Sohmer, Mahogany	295	Knabe, Art Case	550
McPhail, Walnut	310	Knabe, Empire Art	625

88-NOTE PLAYER PIANOS

Sterling, Perfect	$395	Steinway Pianola, Bargain	$740
Primatone, Like New	440	Knabe DeLuxe, Mahogany	750
Foster, Every Device	495	Steinway Pianola Like new	765
Haines Bros., A Gem	525	Knabe Mission, Excellent	880
Weber Pianola, As New	650	Knabe Baby Grand Player	1150

GRAND PIANOS

Armstrong Miniature	$440	Knabe Miniature, A Gem	$710
Hardman Baby, As New	495	Steinway Parlor, Perfect	735
Knabe Concert Grand	510	Knabe Baby, Mahogany	750
Chickering Louis XV	695	Knabe, Art Louis XVI	990

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Towels	Imported Printed Linens
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Napkins	Slip Covering Materials
Pillow Cases	Upholstered Furniture
Comfortables	Rugs, Domestic & Oriental
Blankets	Carpets
Bed Spreads	Odd Pieces of Furniture
Beds & Bedding	Mirrors, Lamps & Shades

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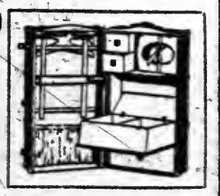

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THIS SAME TRUNK MAY ALSO BE HAD IN LADIES' AND COMBINATION MODELS.
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Resinol
A Good Home Remedy for Skin Troubles

LUXURIOUS DUGOUT.

Exterior of remarkable concrete dug out of Prince Max in the Argonne Forest shown in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

REPORTED CASUALTIES NOW 224,736

Four More Army Lists Made Public
Name 122 Dead and 40 Missing

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The War Department gave out four more army casualty lists today, which contained 1,878 names, bringing the total for the army up to 213,990. No Marine Corps list was issued today, but the total previously announced for that arm of the service was 5,746. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 224,736.

Army lists issued today contained the names of 30 killed in action, 23 died of wounds, 69 died of diseases, 256 severely wounded, 557 wounded to a degree undetermined, 903 slightly wounded, and 40 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 29.	Total.
Killed in action	30,420	30	30,450
Lost at sea	732		732
Died of wounds	12,840	23	12,863
Died of accident	2,602		2,602
Died of disease	18,375	69	18,444
Total	65,169	122	65,291
Wounded	139,162	1,716	140,878
Missing	12,781	40	12,821
Total	217,112	1,878	218,990

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)

Gen. General.
Col. Colonel.
Maj. Major.
Capt. Captain.
Lt. Lieutenant.
Sgt. Sergeant.
Corp. Corporal.
Bgl. Bugler.
Mch. Mechanic.
Wagn. Wagoner.
Mus. Musician.
Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ARON, C., 315 Atlantic Av., B'klyn..(WS)
BAPO, V., 468 Metropole Av., B'klyn.(WL)
BRAHAMS, B., 6,305 29th Av., B'klyn.(WL)
CKINSON, C. A., 414 W. 121st St....(WL)
CARD, J., 74 W. Grove St., Flushing, L. I.....(WS)
GUSTINO, F., 8,009 12th Av., Bklyn (...)
HORF, G., Steinway Av., Astoria, L. I.....(KA)
LELLA, J., 226 W. 26th St.....(DD)
LKEMAN, B. S., 101 W. 113th St..(WL)
END, N. J., 296 Dean St., B'klyn—
ST.....(WU)
ESSING, W. J., 190 Wadsworth Av.(KA)
KLAND, G. B., 75 Christopher St.(WL)
RANDES, M. D., 168 Orchard St.....(WS)
RCKLEY, J. J., 656 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
SAKOV, H., 38 Osborn St., Bklyn..(WL)
LLANDER, A. F., 5,514 11th Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
SALE, C. P., 13 Shoe and Leather St., Woodhaven .....(Wo)
ROWE, O. P., 130 St. Mark's Place, Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WU)
URRIER, F. P., 180 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn—Lt.....(WL)
URSO, G., 424 E. 116th St.....(WL)
AVIS, F. L., 704 E. 164th St.—Corp.(WL)
AVIS, G. M., 848 Columbus Av.—Corp.(WS)
ECKHOFF, F., Jr., 203 Garfield Place, Brooklyn .....(WL)
ETZEL, H., 2,106 Fulton St., Bklyn.(WL)
IORIA, SAVARIO, 34 Oak St.....(WL)
IREPO, V., 9,236 5th Av., Bklyn....(WL)
STASIO, NICK, 112 Mulberry St.....(WL)
ITURE, VITO, 602 Payntar Av., Long Island City.....(WL)
VERNIERI, P., 137 Thompson St....(WL)
OBER, S. A., 41 Convent Av.—Lt.....(WL)
FFY, J., 312 East 126th St.—Sgt.(WU)
NCAN, J. F., 295 Pearl St., Bklyn..(WL)
NSMITH, S. L., 656 Leonard St., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WL)
ARLE, J., De Sales Place, Bklyn.(WL)
LENBOGEN, H. D., 123 E. 90th St.(WL)
LIOTT, L. A., 340 West 88th St....(WL)
FABIANO, F., 1,131 Intervale Av.....(WL)
RRIZIO, P., 1,069 Bedford Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
NNING, BERT, 580 East 139th St...(WS)
NGADAKI, J. S., 111 West 145th St.—Corp.....(WS)
RANCYKE, J., 60 So. 2d St., Bklyn..(WS)
RIEDLAND, S., 556 West 149th St...(WS)
ROHN, C., 195A Schaeffer St., Bklyn.(WL)
GABRIEL, W. O., 822 3d Av., Bklyn..(WL)
GOLD, R., 461 64th St., Bklyn.—Corp.(WS)
GAHAGAN, W. M., 153 Withers St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
GALLOSO, A., 46 Mulberry St.....(WL)
GEORGANIA, B. A., Russian Ward—Corp.....(WL)
GGINS, J. J., 5,372 Main St., Flushing .....(WL)
—EN, O. R., 211 2d Av., Brooklyn..(WL)
REENBERG, JOSEPH, 649 Williams St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
REENE, F., 51 Clark St., Stapleton, S. I.....(WU)
AMMOND, R. E., 864 St. Nicholas Av.(WU)
ANARD, J. H., 1,684 Simpson St....(WS)
EALEY, F. W., 655 Dean St., Bklyn..(WL)
ELY, R. C., 12 Melville Pl., Woodhaven .....(WU)
LY, THOS., 534 W. 53th St.....(WL)
NKER, E. G., 624 Stoothoff St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
LMANN, J. L. H., 1,072 Coney Island, Brooklyn.....(WU)
RCADE, BENOIT, 226 W. 28th St., Corp.....(WU)
WARD, F. J., 452 40th St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WU)
HALIK, E. C., 3,868 White Plains .....(WS)
RAM, ARNIM, 533 E. 88th St.....(WL)
ACSON, LOUIS, 1,154 Washington .....(WS)
BER, ANDY, 50 Horton Av., Little-.....(WL)
OB, RAYMOND, 714 7th Av., Colonie Point.....(WU)
BSTEIN, E., 863 Hunts point Av..(WU)
ES, CHARLES, 1,406 Bergen St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
S, C. P., 815 Lincoln Road, Brooklyn—Lt.....(WL)
HLER, G. A., 2,185 Ellis Av.....(WL)
LLER, JACOB, 1014 Lewis St.....(WL)
LLY, THOMAS A., 264 Court St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)
HLER, ANTHONY, 1,876 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
NONOF, AKIM, 52 E. 3d St.—Bgl..(WL)
SMAHL, OTTO, 312 E. 197th St....(RD)
FARO, A., 530 W. 35th St.—Corp....(WL)
CABE, JOHN, 577 W. 125th St.....(WL)
CARTHY, WM. M., 25 Anderson St., New Rochelle .....(WL)
CARTIN, T., 45 W. 56th St.—Corp..(WL)
CHUGH, WALTER, 663 Warren St., Brooklyn .....(WU)
CK, JAMES, 422 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn .....(WL)
CKEY, J. E., 477 17th St., B'klyn..(WL)
CROSSIE, THOMAS D., 403 Gra-am Av., Brooklyn—Lt.....(WU)
DDEN, AUSTIN D., 80 Wyckoff St., Brooklyn .....(WL)
DEO, FRANK, 1,976 Honeywell Av.—Sgt.....(WL)
KELLIN, DAVID, 123 Hanover St..(WU)
KERT, J. W., 326 E. 50th St.....(WL)
YER, C. H., 155 W. 96th St.....(WL)
OELLER, ERHART, Huguenot Park.(WU)
GNO, LOUIS, 441 Adelphi St., Brooklyn—Mch.....(WU)
LLIGAN, CHARLES, 1,712 Amsterdam Av.—Sgt.....(WS)
LOD, ROBERT A., 184 Freeman St., Brooklyn—Sgt.....(WL)
KER, OSCAR M., 810 Flatbush Av., Corp.—Corp.....(WU)
R, PAUL, 1,066 Flushing Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
MACCIO, TONY, 1,678 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
MER, ALBERT F., 556 2d St.....(WS)
LIAN, J. A., 320 E. 126th St.....(WL)
RIAN, PETER, 12 Amsterdam Av.(WL)
RTY, CLINTON L., 607 Madison St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WU)
CHIATTO, 4 E. 130th St.—Corp.(WU)
DOLA, A., 165 Alabama Av., Bklyn.(WL)
E, THOMAS F., 2,027 3d Av.....(WL)
ELA, CAMELO, 150 E. 28th St.....(DD)
ELLO, VITO, 576 Union St., Bklyn.(WU)
ANO, A., 51 Myrtle Av., Corona...(WS)
INSTEIN, M., 102 Gerry St., Bklyn.(WL)
LMITT, W. J., 1,925-155 Av., Brooklyn .....(WL)
MES, JAMES, 260 66th St.....(WT)
MITT, W. J., 1,925 Sc Boulevard.(WU)
NEPI, JOHN P., 1,959 3d Av.....(WU)
OLL, AUGUST, 552 Fresh Pond Road, Queens .....(WU)
PARD, W. A., 468 Amsterdam Av.(WL)
RENTINO, MATTHEW, 8,619 16th Brooklyn—Corp.....(WU)
LPER, HARRY, 111 Duane St.....(WL)
RENEY, JAMES, 1,004 Flatbush Brooklyn .....(WL)
LLOWSKI, JOSEPH, 653 E. 20th Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)
RICO, GIOVANNI, 451 Moore Av., Bushwick Hills .....(WU)
RLES, ALLEN M., 833 Ocean Park-Brooklyn .....(WT)
RIZZI, A., 2,511 Hughes Av.....(WU)
RMILYE, J. M., 467 2d Av.....(DD)
SSIE, LEVER, 150 W. 112th St.....(WL)
SS, WILBUR, 511 Gulon Av., Richmond Hill .....(WL)
ODNER, I., 559 Sutter Av., Bklyn.(WL)
ODS, ALBERT, 253 E. 49th St.....(WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

BBOTT, H. L., West Sand Lake.....(WL)
BELING, F. L., Amsterdam.....(WU)
BRAMSON, MAX, Rochester.....(WU)
NDERSON, CARL J., Jamestown....(WU)
RTON, F. P., Fulton.....(WU)
CKER, JOHN W., Buffalo.....(WU)
KERLY, H. O., Montvale—Lt.....(WL)
RNICK, JOSEPH, Hudson.....(WS)
OUNT, ALLEN, Larchmont.....(WU)
OSWELL, WILLIAM, Jamestown....(WU)
RGE, GEORGE W., Fredonia.....(WU)
SEN, THOMAS P., Amsterdam—Lt.(WU)
RD, AVERILL, Suffern.....(WL)
ER, ROY C., Carthage.....(WL)
ks, P. A., Prospect Heights.....(WU)
DARBELL, A., Port Chester.....(WU)
RIO, CHARLES L., Auburn.....(WU)
RIAN, FLORANCE, Elmira.....(WU)
LBERG, C. A., Jamestown.....(WL)
MLER, W. J., Greenwich.....(WL)
. H. S., Athol Springs—Wagn.....(WU)
ROLD, E. A., Buffalo.....(WU)
PICERIO, A., Depew.....(WL)
LIGN, T. A., Mount Vernon—Corp.(...)
MAN, H., Rochester.....(WU)
VICO, F., Tarrytown.....(WL)

DEVITT, F., Binghamton.....(WU)
DISTEFANO, G., Buffalo.....(WL)
DODD, JOHN, Syracuse.....(WL)
DODD, LEO J., Rochester—Corp.....(WL)
DOHERTY, J., Farmingdale—Sgt.....(WS)
DUFFY, W., Mount Kisco.....(WL)
DUMAS, JOHN L., Malone.....(WU)
EAGER, W. Z., Syracuse.....(WU)
EATON, I. B., Schenectady.....(WU)
ELLISON, EUGENE, Gansevort.....(WU)
FREDETTE, E. J., Niagara Falls.....(WU)
FRY, FREDERICK, Mannsville—Sgt.(WL)
FRY, GEORGE, Schenectady.....(WU)
FRYE, LAFAY, Williamstown.....(WL)
GALL, ADOLPH, Buffalo.....(WU)
HALL, WILLIAM L., Avon.....(WU)
HAMILTON, W. J., Herkimer.....(WL)
HAMERSTROM, C. E., Jamestown....(WL)
HEATH, CHARLES O., Rochester....(WU)
HEDDEN, CHAS., Rochester—Corp....(WU)
HENTALGBANA, FRANK, Syracuse..(WS)
HILLEGAS, E. G., Binghamton.....(WU)
HIRSCH, G. G., Spring Brook.....(WL)
HIRSCHBILLER, W., Buffalo.....(WU)
HIRSH, FRANK R., Syracuse.....(WU)
HORTON, H. H., Maybrook.....(WS)
HOWE, WHEELER, Luzerne.....(WU)
IRWIN, FRANK, Warsaw.....(WU)
JACKSON, JOS. J., Buffalo.....(WU)
JACKSON, R. A., Geneva.....(WL)
JACKSON, W., Greenhaven.....(WL)
JAMIESON, J. A., Saratoga—Sgt.....(WS)
JOHNSTON, H., North Troy—Lt.....(WL)
JONES, F. W., Bemus Point.....(WL)
JONES, FRED O., Easiville—Corp....(WL)
JONES, MERLE C., Watertown.....(WS)
KELLER, JOHN R., Buffalo.....(WU)
KING, DELANCEY, Buffalo—Lt.....(WS)
KOHLMAN, O. C., Rochester—Mch....(WL)
KLAFLER, R. F., Potter.....(WL)
LA GACE, R. J., New York Mills....(WL)
LA MONTAGUE, CHAS. C., Schenectady—Corp.....(WL)
LODER, Rs. A., Hackettstown—Corp..(WL)
McCARTHY, T. F., Binghamton—Corp.(WL)
McMURRAY, HOWARD E., Buffalo...(WL)
MAHER, HARRY W., Yonkers—Sgt....(WL)
MARCINIAK, J., Amsterdam—Corp....(WU)
MERRIMAN, R. C., Wells Bridge.....(WL)
MESSINA, FRANK, Split Rock.....(WL)
MEYER, ADDIS F., Hamburg.....(WU)
MOELLER, MAX F., Buffalo.....(WL)
MOXLEY, LEON E., Gouverneur.....(WU)
MULLER, ADOLPH C., Forest Hills..(WL)
NESBITT, BENJ. H., Rochester.....(D)
NOWAK, STEPHEN A., Buffalo.....(WL)
O'CONNER, JERRY J., Rochester....(WS)
OLIVER, WALTER T., Buffalo.....(WU)
OLSZEWSKI, B., Schnectady.....(WU)
PARKER, C. H., Albany—Sgt.....(WL)
PARKER, DAVID, Buffalo.....(WL)
PHILLIPS, JAMES R., Norwood.....(WL)
RICH, HARRY M., Holland—Mch....(WU)
ROBINSON, HARRY W., Elmira—L....(KA)
ROSEBROOK, W. F., Hoosick Falls—Corp.....(WU)
ROY, JOHN B., East Rochester.....(WU)
ROYCE, HARRY C., Yonkers.....(WL)
RUCK, GEORGE, Grand Island.....(WU)
SCHRADER, HARRY, Onoville.....(WL)
SHERVIN, A. P., Rochester.....(WL)
SHERWOOD, R. R., La Salle.....(WL)
SPARRBOOM, W., Jr., Elmira.....(DD)
STODDARD, C. R., Jamestown—Corp..(WU)
STUFFEL, JOSEPH, Ridgewood.....(WL)
STORARSKADAM, Buffalo.....(WS)
STOWELL, ROY W., Glens Falls.....(WU)
SUTTER, FRED A., Buffalo—Corp....(WL)
SWEENEY, B. W., Buffalo—Sgt.....(WL)
TADDEO, FRANCESCO, Syracuse.....(WU)
TALBOT, FLOYD B., Fly Creek.....(WU)
WEBSTER, W. R., Oswida—Mch.....(WU)
WILBUR, ALLEN, Dresden.....(WU)
WOOD, DANA A., Syracuse—Wagn....(DD)
YOUNG, J. J., Buffalo—Cook.....(WL)
ZUCCARDO, G., Tarrytown.....(WL)

ALABAMA.

MANDICH, GEORGE, Mobile.....(KA)
PHILLIPS, SANDY, Mopolis.....(DD)
PORTER, ROBERT, Stevenson.....(DD)
STEPHENS, W. E., Scotts Station....(DD)

ARIZONA.

GRIFFITHS, J. R., Gleeson.....(DL)
HAZELTON, LEWIS, Buckeye.....(KA)

ARKANSAS.

TALBURT, NOAH S., Optimus—Sgt...(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

POINDEXTER, F., Stockton—Sgt.....(DD)
RAYBORN, OWEN, North Dinuba.....(DD)
SCHINKEL, HENRY, Salinas.....(DW)
WITKOP, ARON, Los Angeles.....(DW)

COLORADO.

FANCHINI, Albert, Louisville.....(DD)

CONNECTICUT.

ABRAHAMSON, FRANK, N. Britain...(WU)
AIKEWICUS, JONAS, Hartford.....(WS)
BECKWITH, GEORGE H., Lakeville..(WS)
BRINK, HAROLD T., Bridgeport.....(WS)
BUCK, CHARLES, Noroton Heights....(WL)
CALLEBAUT, URBAIN, Moosup.....(WU)
COOK, JOHN T., Aguilar.....(KA)
CRESSEY, ARTHUR, Danbury.....(WL)
CROTEAU, PHILIP, Grosvenor Dale..(WL)
DAVIS, JAY S., Farmington.....(KA)
DERKES, JOSEPH, New Brighton.....(WS)
DIEFOLD, CHARLES W., New Haven..(WU)
DIXON, HERBERT, Waterbury.....(WL)
DREW, EDWARD J., Hartford.....(WL)
FRYE, FRANK, Leonard Bridge.....(WL)
GRENALGH, Plainfield—Corp....(WL)
GRENIER, ARTHUR J., Moosup.....(WL)
HAMILTON, J. R., West Haven.....(WL)
HANES, C. V., East Haven.....(WU)
HUBCHIK, AVERKIY, Bristol.....(WS)
JOHNSON, ABE, Waterbury.....(WL)
KEDUKER, ALEXANDER, Rockyhill..(WL)
KELLY, T. J., Waterbury—Corp.....(WL)
KENNEDY, WM. J., West Haven....(DW)
KOMAREK, STANLEY F., Glenville...(WU)
KOSILKO, STEPHEN, New Britain....(WS)
LAKE, PAUL E., Bridgeport—Cook..(WU)
LAMSON, WILLIAM, Salisbury.....(WU)
MACKELIS, M., Warehouse Point....(WL)
MANCUSO, A. J., Danbury—Corp.....(DW)
MEYERS, V. A., Torrington.....(WS)
NIESHOBESKI, ANTHONY, Terryville..(WL)
O'LEARY, PATRICK F., Deep River..(WU)
ROSA, VITO, Waterbury.....(WU)
ROWBURY, H. W., New Haven—Bgl..(WL)
RUCCIO, DOMINICO, Waterbury.....(WU)
TRIOLO, JOHN, Thompsonville.....(WL)
VELLINWEDER, W. T., New Haven—Lt.....(WS)
WAGNER, J. F., New Haven.....(WL)
WOOD, THOMAS, Thomaston.....(WL)

FLORIDA.

McMINNIS, DAVID, Jacksonville.....(DD)
WRIGHT, RILEY, Falmouth.....(DD)

GEORGIA.

SUMNER, WILLIAM H., Tennilla.....(KA)
WILLIAMS, A., Shelman.....(DD)

ILLINOIS.

BRANDENBURG, GEORGE, Chicago....(DD)
DEAN, LEO P., Chicago.....(DD)
HINNERS, HERMAN F., Metropolis...(DD)
POWELL, THOMAS S., Hillview.....(KA)
STEWART, EDWARD R., Haven.....(KA)
WALTERS, AUGUST J., Hildale.....(KA)
WERBICKY, TERENTY, Chicago.....(DW)
WILLIAMS, GUS, Bloomington.....(KA)

INDIANA.

CRAWFORD, R., Noblesville.....(KA)
CROCKER, C. W., South Bend.....(DW)
FULTZ, ADAM, Martinsville.....(DW)
NEW, LOUIS E., La Porte—Corp.....(LD)
SHIPE, CARL J., Indianapolis—Lt...(DD)

IOWA.

HOKEL, CARL J., Husley.....(DW)
PLOG, MARTIN W., Alta.....(DD)

KANSAS.

BLEVINS, E. F., East Hutchinson—Sgt.(DD)
CARNES, RAY, Fort Scott—Corp.....(DW)

KENTUCKY.

ANTLE, ALBERT A., Irene.....(KA)
ARMSTRONG, JOHN, Olive Hill.....(KA)
GAMBLIN, C. E., Highway.....(KA)
GERVIN, FORREST, Livermore.....(KA)

LOUISIANA.

MILTENBERGER, W. F., New Orleans—Lt.....(DD)

MARYLAND.

BRADSHAW, JOHN, Baltimore.....(DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

BRUNT, JOHN J., Medford.....(DW)

MICHIGAN.

FRANKLIN, W. E., Bellevue.....(DW)
McNEIL, W. T., Caro—Lt.....(DW)
MYLON, J. J., Detroit—Corp.....(DW)
WOODROW, ARTHUR C., Fostoria...(DD)

MINNESOTA.

PETERSON, CARL W., Duluth.....(KA)
WEST, B. B., Tons Bay.....(DD)
WHITNEY, ROBERT, Clitherall.....(DD)
WILCOX, RALPH O., Harris.....(DD)

MISSISSIPPI.

RODGERS, ARTHUR A., Blue Springs..(DD)
VARNADO, SILAS, Magnolia.....(DD)
WEBSTER, WESLEY W., Hesterville..(DD)

MISSOURI.

BURROW, PERRYS, Farewell.....(DD)
McLEARY, JOHN W., Runnewell.....(DD)
WEBER, H. E., Kansas City—Sgt.....(DD)

NEBRASKA.

FLOOD, FRANK G., Battle Creek—Sgt.(KA)
ROSS, ROY C., O'Neil.....(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

AVALLONE, PASQUALE, Jersey City..(WS)
BEHRENS, H. J., Jersey City—Sgt....(WL)
BRADY, FRANK, Newark.....(WS)
BRICKE, MICHAEL F., West End.....(WL)
BRITT, JOHN F., Mount Holly.....(WU)
BYERS, OTTO J., New Brunswick.....(WL)
DAGGETT, ALBERT J., Montclair....(WL)
DAVISON, JOSEPH E., Hightstown....(WS)
DEVERS, E. J., Jersey City—Corp....(WU)
DISERAFINO, I., Riverside.....(WL)
DISTURCO, A., Newark.....(WL)
ELLIOTT, C., Newark.....(WL)
ENSMINGER, JACOB V., Chromo.....(WU)
FAHERTY, JOHN L., Hoboken—Sgt....(WU)
FALKINBURG, E. A., Camden.....(WU)
FOX, RICHARD J., Newark.....(WL)
FRANCIS, H., Jersey City—Corp.....(WS)
FRANK, JOS., Camden—Corp.....(WU)
GALLAGHER, B., Bayonne.....(WU)
GELPKE, C. L., Newark.....(WU)
HEIL, WM. J., Jersey City.....(WL)
HELLER, JOHN, Jersey City.....(WS)
JACKSON, JOHN J., Bayonne.....(WU)
JACKSON, JOS. A., Jersey City.....(WL)
JACOBI, ABRAHAM, Elizabeth.....(WU)
JENDZYENSKI, ANDY, Camden.....(WU)
JENSEN, CARL W., West New York..(WL)
JOHNSON, H. M., Perth Amboy.....(WU)
JONES, WILLIAM, Camden—Sgt.....(WS)
KAAS, ALFRED W., Irvington.....(WU)
KAMKE, FRANK, Bayonne.....(WU)
KELLER, LESLIE S., Newark—Sgt....(WU)
KELLY, CHAS. E., Morristown.....(WU)
KELLY, JOHN A., Wharton.....(WL)
LALAK, STEFAN, Jersey City.....(WL)
LOHDELL, C. P., Newark.....(WS)
LOBUE, PHILIP, Weehawken.....(WL)
LONG, C. F., Haddenfield.....(WU)
McCARTHY, J. A., Jersey City.....(WL)
McMAHON, J. F., Jersey City—Sgt...(WL)
MacVEAGH, J.H., Bernardsville—Capt.(WU)
MADDEN, C. G., Passaic Junction....(WU)
MAGEE, J. G., Penn Yan.....(WU)
METZLER, J. A., Newark—Corp.....(WL)
IRVKALO, MIKE, Newark—Corp.....(WU)
PHILLIPS, A. S., Newark—Sgt.....(WU)
RICE, EDWARD, Newark.....(WU)
RIVA, J. J., Paterson.....(WU)
ROWLAND, E. C., Jr., Metuchen—Sgt.(WU)
SANTISI, GAESTANO, Linwood.....(WL)
SCHMIDT, G. S., Gloucester.....(WL)
SCHRAMM, F. W., Jersey City—Corp.(WL)
SHEPARDSON, L. W., Newark—Corp..(WU)
SWENTKE, JACOB, Perth Amboy.....(WL)
SWEREDO, JUSTYN, Parson.....(WL)
TREUER, C. E. N., Weehawken.....(WL)
TRIMMER, S. W., Hackettstown.....(WU)
WENZEL, C. H., Guttenberg.....(WS)

NEW MEXICO.

ADAIR, ELMER R., Albuquerque.....(DD)
MARTINEZ, CEPHENO, Cimarron....(DD)

NORTH DAKOTA.

PARIS, FRANK S., Canton—Lt.....(KA)

NORTH CAROLINA.

BROWN, HARRY V., Delaware.....(DD)
DANIEL, NICK, Grand Forks—Corp..(KA)

OHIO.

HRAPKOSKI, JOHN, Cleveland.....(DD)
MEEKER, M. V., Rock Creek.....(DD)
ROGERS, R. R., Pleasant Hill.....(KA)
SIGLER, JOHN H., Mount Vernon—Corp.....(DW)
SULLIVAN, JOHN T., Niles—Corp....(DD)

OREGON.

SINGLETON, JOHN, Eagle Point.....(DW)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BOLIN, WILLIAM A., Pittston.....(DD)
BUSH, HARRY, Scranton—Corp.....(DW)
CURRY, WM. A., Meadville.....(KA)
GERRARI, PASQUALE, Vernon.....(DD)
MEYERS, CHARLES, Philadelphia....(DD)
MILLER, HAROLD M., Corry.....(DD)
NICKERSON, GEO. E., Philadelphia..(DD)
PAGE, CLARENCE, Chautauqua.....(DD)
SCHLEGEL, THEODORE, Lancaster....(DD)
SWARTZ, WILLIAM P., Columbia....(KA)
TRACY, LEROY S., Philadelphia—Corp.(DD)
TRAFFICAN, B., Philadelphia.....(KA)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

HEYWOOD, WM., Ardover.....(DD)
SUMPTER, CLARENCE, Grope.....(DD)
WILLIAMS, LEE, Waterboro.....(DD)
WINGO, ALEXANDER, Inman.....(DD)

SOUTH DAKOTA.

KASARI, SAMUEL, Whitewood.....(DD)
SCHMIDKUNZ, C. A., Hazel.....(DD)
TRUSTY, HALLY A., Rapid City.....(DD)

TEXAS.

ALLEN, WILLIE S., Ironton.....(DW)
BOOHER, LONEY, Sanger.....(DD)
COOK, CHARLES O., Birdwell.....(DW)
DUPERIER, HENRY F., Beaumont....(KA)
HUFF, LUTHER, Leabetter.....(DD)
McCAULEY, L. L., San Antonio—Lt..(DD)
RODRIGUEZ, C., Brownsville.....(DD)
SMITH, BYNUM E., Lamasco.....(DD)

VERMONT.

NOBLE, AUSTIN B., Bethel.....(DD)

VIRGINIA.

STIDHAM, CLARENCE V., Norton....(DW)

WASHINGTON.

MILLS, DANIEL C., Sprague.....(KA)
OLIVER, CHARLES, Aberdeen.....(DW)
STAVVOIOLOS, VLASIES, Wenatchee..(DD)

WISCONSIN.

DODGE, LUCIUS C., Ripon.....(DD)
POLOZYNISKI, PAUL F., Milwaukee..(DD)

WYOMING.

BLACKBURN, LAFAYETTE, Penrose.(DD)
TOR, JOHN, Kemmerer.....(KA)
WILLIAMS, CECIL R., Powell.....(DW)

DENMARK.

CHRISTIANSEN, M.B., Nordby, Samso.(DD)

ITALY.

FRONTERO, DOMINICK, Vergine.....(DD)

Revised Report of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Rptd.	Prev. Rptd.
ANDERSON, A. S., 7 Bay 38th St., Brooklyn	(WL)	(MA)
McCARTHY, P. J., 538 E. 80th St.	(WL)	(MA)
McCLOSKEY, E. H., 26 Ocean Place, Brooklyn	(RD)	(MA)
MADIA, PETER, 72 Skillman St., Brooklyn	(WS)	(MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

CHUILLE, G., Ossining.....(Sick) (MA)
FALCONE, I., Frankfort.....(RD) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

BIELENZA, L., Trenton, N. J.(RD) (MA)
COCHRAN, JOHN, Westville, Okla.....(KA) (MA)
HODENHOFF, GEORGE, Reese, Mich.....(KA) (MA)
HRIX, J. A., Spiro, Okla..(WS) (KA)
LEMASTER, J. H., King City, Mo.....(KA) (MA)
McLEARY, J. W., Rumford, Me.....(Erroneously) (DD)
MARSHALL, F. W., Fulton, Mo.(D) (MA)
MILLER, E. G., Portland, Me., (Erroneously) (KA)
MUNIER, J. F., Indianapolis, Ind.....(D) (MA)
MURRAY, S. M., British Columbia, Canada.....(WL) (KA)
SERGEANT, H. C., Newark, N. J.....(WU) (MA)

ARMY TO USE 2,000 PLANES.

Others to be Stored or Given to the Post Office Department.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Army aviation plans, presented today to the House Military Committee, call for the use during the year beginning next July of about one-fifth of the airplanes now owned by the War Department.

Major Lyon of the Aircraft Service said that in the proposed army of 500,000 men the aircraft program called for 2,000 officers and 22,000 men, and that this force expected to operate 1,008 planes, with an equal number in reserve for replacement. More than 10,000 planes are on hand, he said, including 2,396 abroad.

"Those not kept for service," Major Lyon explained, "will be stored unless used commercially or given over to the Post Office Department."

HAIG HONORS NEW YORKERS

Lieut. Col. W. L. Hallahan One of Three Who Received the D. S. C.

Lieut. Col. W. L. Hallahan, commanding officer of the 102d Field Signal Battalion of the 27th Division, received the Distinguished Service Cross from Field Marshal Haig in the final days of the fighting in France, it was learned here today. He was one of three members of the former New York National Guard to win the British decoration, according to word received by friends.

Colonel Hallahan, formerly a New York City business man, went to Spartanburg with the 27th and participated in its entire tour of overseas service.

Argentine Senate Honors France.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—When the French Senate met today President Antonin Dubost read a cablegram from the Argentine Senate congratulating France upon the signature of the armistice and the victory of the Allies. It was heartily applauded. The reply sent to the Argentine Senate was also read.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Spring Appears in

Women's Tailored Suits

45.00 to 300.00

All of the new materials
All of the smartest styles

AN art exhibit of old masters could not hold more interest for the modern woman just now, than does this notable collection of suits, expressing in line and fabric, the new mode, displaying every style innovation, every nicety of tailoring.

Youthful models and models for the more mature woman—a suit for every occasion, when a tailored costume is appropriate.

The New Fabrics Wool tricotine, Poiret twill, garbardine, serge, tweeds, wool Jersey and black and white or novelty checks; also faille silk, satin, charmeuse and knitted silk fabrics, in all the new shades, including navy and black.

New Style Features Straightline models, belted or sash tied, mannish styles, cape suits, blouse and three-piece costume suits, displaying new collars, new cuff treatment, new trimmings; tunic, side-draped or slashed skirts.

WOMEN'S SUIT SHOP, Balcony Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Fine, Correctly Tailored Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats

Much Reduced in Price

An unusual opportunity to get high-class clothes for little money. We're equipping many released soldiers and sailors. All suits and overcoats Lord & Taylor's own. Equal to the best custom-made. Taken from regular stocks and marked down. None bought for sale purposes. No "manufacturer's surpluses."

Suits That Men of Taste Like

$28.75 $32.75 $36.75 $43.75

Regular Semi-Annual Sale. Every suit in the house, except evening clothes, included. All-wool, many of spring wear weight—this chance can not last much longer.

Overcoats in the Popular Styles

$23.75 $29.75

Regular Mid-Winter Sale. Rugged Ulsters, smart Town Ulsters for young men, swagger Slip-ons. Splendidly tailored, rich fabrics—a money-saving event.

No Charge for Alterations

Fourth Floor

Sale of Men's Winter Shoes

Special for This Week

$8.75

Heavy dark tan calfskin laced Shoes.
Heavy black calfskin laced Shoes.
Smart comfortable lasts. All sizes.

Clearance of several lines of *Men's Tan Shoes* Reduced from much higher prices to $5.40 Sizes incomplete.

Fourth Floor

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St.

Offer for Thursday Only—

Women's Embroidered Wool Jersey Frocks

Regularly $22.50

Special At $16.50

The model is one of the most charming shown for Early Spring—as *pictured*—with cleverly embroidered waist and smart plaited skirt.

The quality of the Wool-Jersey in which they are developed is exceptional, and at this low price frocks of such splendid character are indeed *rare*.

To be had in Navy Blue, Beaver, Copenhagen Blue, Taupe. Sizes from 34 to 42 in the collection.

Quantity Limited to Eighty-five.

Thursday—on the Main Floor

Sale Extraordinary of

New Spring Blouses At $2.95

They are as individual as any Blouses created for Spring—but much lower in price than you would expect from their exquisite needlework and careful finishing. Fashioned of

Crepe de Chine, Georgine, and Washable Striped Taffeta

showing two-in-one collars, new round necks, smart frills, and trimmings of Hand-Embroidery. All the new colors. One style *pictured*.

ON SALE At Saks To-day!

1000 Men's Velour Hats At $3.95

That Sell Regularly for $5 and $6

¶ They were intended for a leading Chicago House, but owing to unforseen circumstances could not be delivered according to time specified in contract.

¶ The manufacturer's loss is your gain. Hence this sale in which you save from one to two dollars on the finest Velour Hats seen in New York for some time.

All Colors And All Sizes

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

HISTORY OF THE DAY.

Current History Magazine, published monthly by The New York Times, provides students of passing events with a complete understanding of what is happening all over the world. 25 cents a copy—$3 a year by mail.

PAT MORAN WILL DIRECT FORTUNES OF CINCINNATI REDS

MORAN TO MANAGE CINCINNATI TEAM

Giants' New Coach Gets Club's Permission to Take Mathewson's Job in Redland.

WILL BE APPOINTED TODAY

President Herrmann Fails to Hear from Big Six in France—Reds' Chances Are Bright.

Pat Moran, who was signed by Manager McGraw on Jan. 8 to coach the Giants' pitchers, will be appointed manager of the Cincinnati Reds today, to succeed Christy Mathewson, who is now a Captain in the Gas and Chemical Division in France. Moran, with the permission of the New York club, went to Cincinnati last night and will talk business with August Herrmann's club today.

Manager McGraw of the Giants, while he was reluctant to part with such a valuable addition to his club, did not care to stand in Moran's way, when it was learned that Cincinnati wanted Pat for manager. The Giants willingly gave up their claim on Moran, in order to permit him to take a better job. The only thing which will stand in the way of Moran's taking the position will be an eleventh hour cablegram from Mathewson that he can be discharged from the service in time to get back to take the Reds on their training trip. As no word has been heard from Matty, it is not believed that he will be back in time.

President Herrmann of the Reds has been trying for some time to find just when Matty will be discharged from the service, but has not been able to find out definitely. As it is necessary to make plans at once for the coming season, Herrmann decided to wait no longer. A few days ago he started negotiations with the New York club for Moran. Several probable candidates have been mentioned for the job, among them being Clarence Rowland, former manager of the White Sox, and Bill Clymer, former manager of the Louisville Club. Heine Groh, the Reds' third baseman, was also mentioned as a candidate.

Mathewson became manager of the Reds during the season of 1917 and while he had a first-class ball club, its efficiency was lessened by internal dissension among the players. Last season in August, conditions became so bad among the players that Mathewson brought about the suspension of Hal Chase, the club's first baseman, who is to be given a hearing today by the National League.

Moran's remarkable success with the Philadelphia club, when he took the management in 1915, stamped him as one of the best leaders in the game. In four years, he won a pennant in Philadelphia and finished in second place twice. His release by President William F. Baker was one of the big surprises of the season. Moran has the faculty of keeping harmony among his players and getting the best sort of work out of them. With the excellent talent he will have in Cincinnati, it is expected that the Reds will have the best season that they have had for many years.

The withdrawal of Mathewson as manager of the Reds may bring about a prediction which was made several years ago by Manager McGraw that Matty would some day be a coach for the Giants. It is believed that if he desires to stay in the game the place of chief adviser will be offered to him. The Giants have never had a player who enjoyed the popularity of Mathewson here, and his engagement as coach would be a popular move. His friends, however, say that Matty is through with baseball, and will retire from the game.

With the Yankees and the Brooklyns training in Jacksonville, the clubs will both have opportunities for practice which major league clubs do not usually enjoy on Southern trips. Each will train at a different park, but Managers Huggins and Robinson will arrange to get their clubs together two or three times a week, and instead of having bush league practice, the clubs will have the benefit of real major league baseball. It is expected by both clubs this great benefit will be derived from this kind of training.

Not only will the Yanks and Dodgers practice behind closed gates during the week, but each Saturday they will play games, to which an admission will be charged. These exhibition games will be played on March 29 and April 5 and 12. The clubs will start back home on April 14, and will play in one or two of the Southern cities on the way North. The Yanks are now negotiating for a game at the Polo Grounds on the Saturday before the opening of the championship season. Secretary Harry Sparrow is trying to interest several college nines in this project.

The Hal Chase hearing before President John A. Heydler of the National League will be held at league headquarters today. John Conway Toole, counsel for the National League, will sit with Mr. Heydler, while Chase will be represented by counsel. It will be a private hearing.

While the exact charges against Chase never have been made public, Chase himself has said that the charges which Manager Mathewson made against him were that he tried to influence the result of games and placed bets accordingly. These charges Chase denies. President Herrmann of the Cincinnati club asked for Chase's suspension last August on the charges made by Mathewson. Among the witnesses in the case will be Manager McGraw of the Giants and Pol Perritt, the Giants' pitcher. Several of the Cincinnati players have also been called as witnesses.

It is several years since a baseball player has been up before the league on such charges. The last case of this kind was that of Jack Taylor of the St. Louis Club. He was exonerated from the charges against him. In the early days of professional baseball, back in 1877, four players of the Louisville club were expelled from the game for "throwing" games. These were Craver, Hall, Nichols, and Devlin.

COCHRAN TAKES THE LEAD.

Jake Schaefer Trails in Opening Games of Billiard Match.

Welker Cochran, young challenger for Willie Hoppe's 18.2 balkline billiard title, advanced to a lead of 129 points in the first day's play of his 1,800-point match of 18.2 balkline billiards with Jake Schaefer yesterday at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. The young Chicagoan, giving a splendid exhibition of ability in the evening game, led Schaefer by a count of 387 to 171 in eleven innings. This rally on the part of Cochran enabled him to retrieve a setback he had suffered in the afternoon match. As a result, the Chicagoan left the table at the end of the evening play in the lead by a score of 600 to 471.

Coming after getting off to a bad start in the afternoon game, showed marked improvement in the evening match. He was always master of the situation and led Schaefer throughout. The young Chicagoan returned double figures for all his innings with the exception of the ninth, when he missed after making 2. He had a high run of 69. Schaefer's form was way off when compared to his playing in the afternoon block. He returned a high run of 66.

Schaefer showed to advantage in the afternoon and won by a score of 300 to 213 in six innings of interesting play. The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Schaefer—18 3 154 4 97 24—300. Average, 50. High run, 154.

Cochran—0 38 4 17 134 20—213. Average, 35 3-6. High run, 134.

EVENING GAME.

Cochran—18 37 38 88 46 58 39 12 2 69 22—387. Average, 35 2-11. High run, 69.

Schaefer—2 5 28 0 9 0 11 1 20 66 20—171. Average, 15 8-11. High run, 66.

Total score—Cochran, 600; Schaefer, 471.

Referee—Joseph Dalton.

CRESCENT FIVE IN FRONT.

New Mooners Defeat Aviators by Score of 34 to 25.

The Crescent A. C. basket ball team was forced at top speed to defeat the U. S. Naval Air Station, Rockaway, L. I., quintet last night on the Crescent's court, in Brooklyn. The C. A. C. five won by a score of 34 to 25. Throughout the sailor-aviators gave the club team a stiff tilt, and almost up to the final whistle the result was in doubt. In the first half, particularly, the play was close.

Nicklas, Captain of last year's New Moon team, got back into the game in the second half. The former Crescent five leader has just been mustered out of the naval aviation service.

The lineup:

Cresc. A. C. (34.)	Position.	Air Station (25.)
Heath	L.F.	Schmehl
Herten	R.F.	O'Connor
Austin	C.	McLaughlin
Stewart	L.G.	Brantigan
Ashmead	R.G.	Heines

Field goals—Heath, (4,) McCann, Austin, (2,) Stewart, Ashmead, (2,) Schmehl, (4,) O'Connor, (2,) Heines, (4.) Goals from foul—Ashmead, (6,) McLaughlin, (5.) Substitutions—For Crescent A. C.: McCann for Herten, Nicklas for McCann. Referee—John O'Brien. Central Y. M. C. A., Brooklyn. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each.

UPTON BOXERS WIN BOUTS.

Pugilists from Camp Mills Defeated in Four Contests.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, Jan. 29.—Four Camp Mills boxing champions were defeated by Upton boxers at the intercamp meet at the Liberty Theatre here tonight. The attendance included 2,300 officers and men. In addition to the scheduled bouts Ted Lewis, camp boxing instructor, boxed six rounds with Kid Carter of New York.

The summaries:

115-Pound Class.—O'Toole, Sixth Co., Camp Upton, defeated Butler, Utilities, Camp Mills.

125-Pound Class.—Marine, Medical Detachment, Camp Upton, defeated Otto, Thirteenth Infantry, Camp Mills.

145-Pound Class.—Rosenbloom, Utilities, Camp Upton, defeated Douglas, Thirteenth Infantry, Camp Mills.

160-Pound Class.—Weisenmeyer, Utilities, Camp Upton, defeated Shuck, Thirteenth Infantry, Camp Mills, in an extra round.

Exhibition Bout.—Birnbaum, Orthopedic, defeated Burns, Depot Brigade, both of Camp Upton.

ERASMUS HALL FIVE WINS.

Defeats Adelphi Academy Quintet by 23 to 11 Score.

Erasmus Hall High School's basket ball team added another victory to its season's string yesterday when it trounced the Adelphi Academy five on the Adelphi court, by a score of 23 to 11. Excellent guarding work at critical moments by the Adelphi lads prevented an overwhelming Erasmus Hall score.

In the first half the Erasmus Hall representatives rolled up a lead of 16 to 3. McMullen's shooting was an important factor in Erasmus Hall's victory. He shot six field goals. Knipe scored all of Adelphi's points.

NEUSTADT IS BEST IN BILLIARD MATCH

Young Brooklyn Player Defeats J. F. Blaisdell in Class C Tournament.

Joseph Neustadt, holder of the high average record for the national Class C 18.2 balkline billiard championship tournament, at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn, gave another demonstration of his unusual ability last night, when he defeated James F. Blaisdell in the final round play by a score of 150 to 67. Neustadt completed his string in twenty-nine innings for an average of 5 5-29. He had a high run of 29, and another of 16.

The victor was in front practically over the entire game. From start to finish Neustadt's display of form was surprising, and never was his advantage over Blaisdell seriously threatened after the fifth inning. Blaisdell, on the other hand, played in the erratic form he has shown since the final round began early this week. Although the ivories were several times lined up in what appeared to be favorable formation, Blaisdell invariably failed to take advantage of the layout before him. The ivories just seemed to ignore his stroke entirely, and there was no response.

For the first five innings the play was close. At the fifth inning both players had twenty points to their scores. Thereafter, however, the match developed into a walkaway for Neustadt. He clicked off points with a consistency which was monotonous at times, and always he increased his advantage over the faltering Blaisdell. In behalf of the latter it can be said that never during the match did he approach the form which he displayed in some of his elimination round matches.

In another game, Ferdinand Unger, the title holder, accounted for his third victory. The champion defeated Sydney Brussell after a decidedly long-drawn-out game. The score was 150 to 125, Unger requiring fifty-seven innings to complete his string. This contest was unusual for the calibre of play it produced. Both made difficult shots when the occasion demanded, which meant practically the entire game.

The ivories, however, failed to respond to the efforts of either contestant so that much of the interest was detracted from the match. Invariably each player would start his different turns at the table with a successful negotiation of a hard shot, only to have the ivories line up on him in such a position that a count was well nigh impossible. Unger's average was 2 36-57, his lowest for the tournament.

A high run of twenty-one. Brussell's average showed 2 11-57.

Brussell kept within reach of his title-holder rival up to the fiftieth inning, when the score favored Unger by 107 to 105. Thereafter Unger received more of the "breaks" of the game and had better success in scoring until he completed his string.

The scores:

J. Neustadt—1 5 0 0 14 3 0 2 12 29 4 0 0 1 2 1 6 14 2 12 3 0 1 11 0 3 16 8—150. Average, 5 5-29. High runs, 29 and 16.

J. F. Blaisdell—5 1 14 0 0 0 3 2 1 3 0 1 1 3 0 2 2 7 0 1 4 3 0 0 2 0 8—67. Average, 2 11-28. High run, 14.

F. Unger—1 7 3 1 0 13 3 2 0 6 1 0 0 4 0 0 2 0 0 2 4 21 0 5 0 0 2 0 4 5 7 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 0 0 5 0 0 0 1 0 0 5 0 0 12 7 8 1 1 16 4—150. Average, 2 36-57. High runs, 21 and 16.

S. Brussel—2 6 2 0 5 3 2 1 5 3 0 0 1 4 2 7 0 0 1 3 0 1 3 0 0 7 0 5 0 0 4 4 2 1 1 1 0 0 0 3 4 4 6 7 0 4 0 4 7 0 0 2 25—125. Average, 2 11-57. High run, 7.

EASY FOR MEADOWLARKS.

Fox Hunters Defeated in Polo Match at Durland's Academy.

The Meadowlarks polo trio defeated the Foxhunters last night in the Victory Cup tournament at Durland's Riding Academy by a score of 10 to 4. The victorious trio gained the lead almost from the start and led throughout, outriding and outgeneraling the Foxhunters. All of the Foxhunters' goals came in the opening period, which ended with the score in favor of the Meadowlarks by 7 to 4. Max Phillips and Earle Hopping did all of the victorious team's scoring, each accounting for five goals.

The lineup:

MEADOWLARKS.	10.	FOXHUNTERS.	4.
No. 1—Dr. Biers.		No. 1—Goodman.	
No. 2—M. Phillips.		No. 2—M. Guggenheim.	
Back—E. Hopping.		Back—G. Sherman.	

Goals—Phillips, (5,) Hopping, (5,) Goodman, Sherman, (3.) Referee—A. Kinney. Time of periods—Ten minutes each.

Samuels Winner in Cue Game.

In the A. A. B. A. three-cushion carom billiard tournament at Thum's Academy last night S. Samuels defeated F. Becker by a count of 35 to 34. The contest required seventy innings. Both players had high runs of three points.

TITLE BOUTS SCHEDULED.

Metropolitan A. A. U. Committee Awards Amateur Championships.

The Metropolitan A. A. U. boxing championship tournament was awarded yesterday to the American Railway Express Employes' Association, to be held at the organization's headquarters in Madison Square Garden Concert Hall, March 27 and 29. The Metropolitan A. A. U. will assist in promoting the tournament.

It is expected that the competition will be a success, for the club is admirably fitted for boxing bouts. The preliminaries will be held March 27 and the semi-finals and finals March 29.

The New York State championship tournament was awarded to the City A. C., and will be held either before March 15 or after April 8. No definite date has been set. The provisions made by the committee were adopted to prevent a conflict with the annual national championship tournament, which will be held in Boston, probably April 8.

No disposition was made of the New Jersey State title tourney, which also is conducted under the auspices of the Metropolitan A. A. U. Applications for this tournament were lacking. George Mehnert, representing the National Turn Verein of Newark, N. J., declared that his club was prepared to promote the tournament, although a definite decision has not yet been reached. A meeting of the club's committee will be held tomorrow when, it is expected, the Newark organization will decide in favor of holding the bouts.

TO WITHDRAW FROM A. A. U.

Yonkers and Newark Clubs Stand By Pro Basket Ball Fives.

The Hollywood Inn A. A. of Yonkers and the National Turn Verein of Newark, N. J., will probably soon withdraw from membership in the Metropolitan A. A. U. Officials of these two organizations last night served notice on the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan A. A. U. that the clubs were prepared to resign from the A. A. U. in preference to discontinuing their basket ball activities. The Registration Committee rendered no decision in the matter. The case will be referred to the Metropolitan A. A. U. Board of Governors.

The club officials were called upon to answer charges of sponsoring professional basket ball teams. The clubs maintained that their chief source of revenue was the professional basket ball games.

James Tully, New York State amateur boxing champion, who was brought up on charges of professionalism, was reinstated. Tully, it was charged, some time ago was billed for a professional bout, which was widely advertised. In answer to the charges against him Tully disclaimed knowledge of the proposed bout, and declared he had never lent his name for advertising purposes to any such bout. Ed Laino, a wrestler, also charged with professionalism, was reinstated.

ANNAPOLIS WINS THIRTEEN.

Middies Beat St. Joseph's in One-Sided Game by 49 to 20 Score.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 29.—The Naval Academy basket ball team won its thirteenth consecutive victory this afternoon by defeating St. Joseph's College of Philadelphia, 49 to 20. The midshipmen did not use Farwell, their best punt maker.

Deringer was the big scorer for the navy, netting the ball nine times, though he retired early in the second period.

OLD MAN COURTNEY AGAIN IN HARNESS

Cornell's Veteran Rowing Coach, at Age of 70, Will Instruct Crews at Ithaca.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Organization of the Cornell crew coaching staff as announced today shows that Charles E. Courtney, though 70 years old, will be head coach of the Cornell Navy, that John L. Collyer will continue to serve as associate coach, coming here to help a few weeks before the Spring racing season opens, and that after an absence of two years John Hoyle comes back to the coaching fold as Courtney's assistant and all-around man.

These two men, who have been closely associated with Cornell rowing for many years, are brought together again, and Collyer, a young man in whom Courtney has much confidence, will contribute as much of his time as he can to the cause. All rowing—Varsity, freshman, and intercollegiate—will be in charge of this trio.

Courntye at 70 is head coach and will have the final say, but the others will take from his shoulders much of the physical burden that his age will not permit him to carry. Hoyle will look after the boathouse and will probably handle the freshman crew. During the Winter he and Courtney will have charge of the rowing on the machines. Collyer will come up about a month before the season opens. Cornell hopes for two races. There is keen interest in rowing and large numbers of men are registering for the crews.

TO PLAY INTERCITY TENNIS.

Miss Bjurstedt and Alexander to Play Boston Pair at Longwood.

New York tennis players will take part in the indoor matches at the Longwood Cricket Club at Chestnut Hill, Boston, on Saturday. Mixed doubles will hold the centre of the stage with Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Frederick B. Alexander playing Mrs. George W. Wrightman and Harry C. Johnson, while in another match another Boston pair, Miss Marion Zinderstein and Nat W. Niles, will play Miss Eleanor Goss and Walter Merrill Hall of this city.

A year ago, Miss Bjurstedt and Alexander defeated Mrs. Wrightman and Johnson in a hard-fought five set match, which was said to be the closest mixed doubles battles ever witnessed in Boston. Another match, which has been arranged will bring together Julian S. Myrick and Fred Alexander against Edwin Shaefe, President of the Longwood Club and George Wrightman.

Kirby Beats Barton at Doyle's.

Edward Kirby defeated George Barton last night in the final game of the A. A. B. A. pocket billiard championship tournament at Doyle's Academy by a score of 100 to 85 in fourteen frames. Kirby made a high run of 20 and Barton had one of 15. Kirby, through his victory, gained the first leg on a trophy which is offered by the A. A. B. A. He won five games and did not sustain a defeat.

Hendricks Goes to Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 29.—Jack Hendricks, former manager of the St. Louis Cardinals, will manage the Indianapolis American Association Club this season, James C. McGill, owner of the club, announced tonight. Agreement was reached in a five-minute conference. Hendricks left later in the evening for Chicago, where he will begin negotiating

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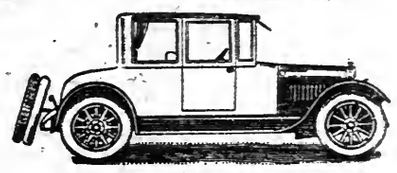

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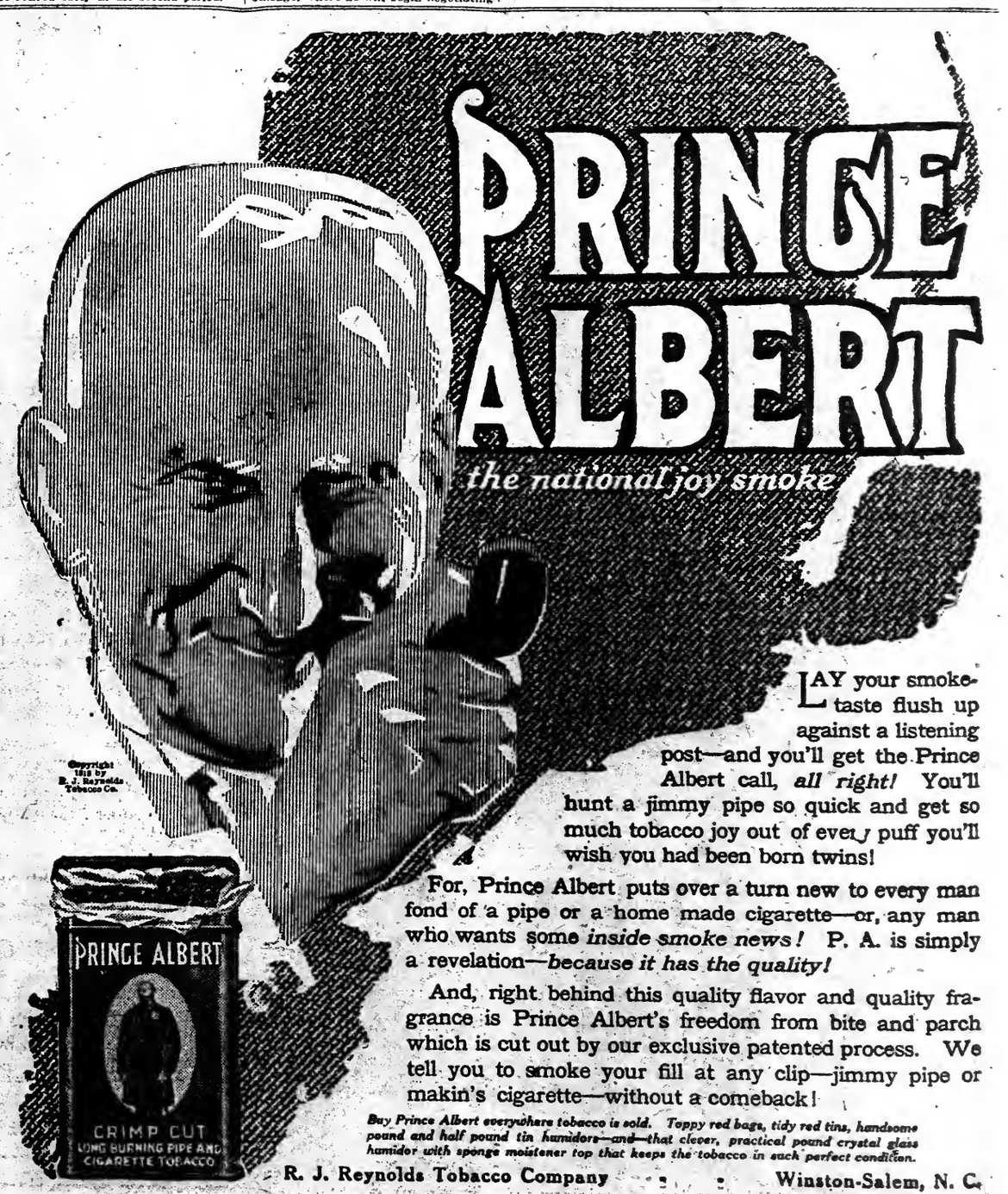

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SAYS GREEKS WANT AMERICAN COLLEGE

Minister Rousos Would Have Our Professors Teach in Athens.

EXPLAINS ENTRY INTO WAR

Returns Home to Handle Grecian Relations with the United States.

Speaking last night at the farewell dinner tendered him at Sherry's by the American-Hellenic Society George Roussos, Minister of Greece to the United States, said he hoped to see at the foot of the Acropolis an American college which would be instrumental in interpreting American ideas and ideals to the Greeks, and gave the reasons why the Greeks overthrew their pro-German King Constantine and entered the war on the side of the Allies.

Minister Roussos will sail soon for Paris, where he will assist Prime Minister Venizelos at the Peace Conference. Then he will go to Athens to have special charge of the political and economic relations between Greece and America. The speakers last night were Alfred Marling, head of the New York State Chamber of Commerce; Marcel Knecht of the French Information Bureau, and Job Hedges. Nicholas Murray Butler was Chairman.

Narrating the factors that caused Greece to enter the war, Minister Roussos said:

"When called upon to choose between a peace with dishonor and war with all its horrors, the Greek people, through regular elections, according to the Constitution, voted for war.

"When its desire, thus expressed, was willfully misinterpreted by a sovereign who believed in absolute power, it revolted against the tyrant. It followed to Saloniki the man who, leaving his family and his fortune at the mercy of Constantine, demanded of the Greeks the most costly sacrifices. The Greeks assumed the burden of these sacrifices in order to wipe out the stain which the policy of Constantine had destined to impose upon the national honor.

"They entered the war in order to keep the engagement which they had entered into with Serbia, their gallant ally. Freed from this pro-German King, the Greek people in its entirety aligned itself on the side of honor.

"We seek the benefit of America's prodigious energy and activity, that we may more rapidly exploit the vast riches of the Orient, that we may capture and place at the service of man the natural forces that are today being wasted. Above all, it is your moral support of which we are in need. We wish to see, at the foot of the Acropolis, an American college which shall bring to us American ways of thinking, which shall teach that American idealism which is so happily combined with practicalism. Instruction should be in the hands of American professors, imbued with your ideas and capable of implanting them in the young Greek soul."

The admiration of Americans and of the French for Greece was voiced by Dr. Butler, Mr. Hedges and Mr. Knecht. Among those present were Paul D. Cravath, F. Cunliffe-Owen, Cass Gilbert, A. Barton Hepburn, Louis Wiley, Francis K. Pendleton, Henry A. Gildersleeve, Charles R. Miller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Theodore P. Shonts, R. A. C. Smith, George T. Wilson, Police Commissioner R. E. Enright, Frank Munsey, F. D. Kalopothakis, Frederick D. Underwood, E. Travlos and K. Constantinides.

ZIONISTS RAISE $1,000,000.

One-Third of Amount Sought in Campaign Now Subscribed.

One-third of the amount, $1,000,000, was collected and pledged in the first week of the campaign by the Zionist Organization of America for the raising of the $3,000,000 Palestine Restoration Fund, which is being waged through the country. At headquarters, 55 Fifth Avenue, it was announced yesterday that they have every prospect that the quota would be well oversubscribed when the drive comes to an end. An appeal for the Palestine Fund was made last Sunday night by Jacob H. Schiff at a banquet given to Judge Julian W. Mack, President of the Zionist Organization. Mr. Schiff said in part:

"There was a time when I was thought a great opponent of Zionism; but this world-war has been a great teacher. Russia has been for some centuries the home of the Jewish people, or for the large majority of our people, but now Palestine is to be the homeland. The ideal of Zionism has made great progress during the last year or two.

"It is perhaps unwise to speak now of a Jewish sovereign State in Palestine. First we must have a majority of the Jewish people in Palestine, then we will be able to speak of a sovereign State. We must prepare the country just as thousands of years ago it was prepared for our forefathers who left Egypt in slavery to go into Palestine. We must first prepare educational and agricultural possibilities and we must lay the ground work for everything that can make a people happy and prosperous. To do this we need funds, and if we do not have these funds we cannot have any Jewish Palestine for many years to come."

On the committee working on the fund are Jacob Fishman, Clarence Y. Palitz, Edward Reuben, Louis Posner, Professor Mordecai, Professor Kaplan, and Mrs. Julius Dreyfus.

FOOD PRICES STILL FALLING.

Butter, at Wholesale, Down 8½ Cents a Pound Here.

The wholesale price of butter dropped again yesterday in the local market, declining 3½ cents a pound, making a decrease of 8½ cents this week. The wholesale price of extra creamery butter was quoted yesterday at 46½ to 47 cents, which probably means that butter to the consumer will drop to 53 to 55 cents within a few days.

Eggs remain at 65 to 70 cents a dozen, a reduction of 5 to 10 cents a dozen over the price a week ago. Cheese has declined and pork and other meats continue a downward tendency, although to no marked degree. Chickens are down to 32 and 33 cents a pound for the small and 35 cents for the large variety, a slump from around 48 and 50 cents a week ago. There is said to be several times as much food in storage here now as at this time last year, and predictions are freely made that there will soon be further reductions in nearly all food commodities.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Victims of the high cost of living found further satisfaction today in the trend of produce prices. Butter at wholesale dropped 3 to 4 cents since yesterday and potatoes declined 5 to 10 cents a bushel. Cheese and eggs showed no material change.

Thursday and Friday at 3 P. M.

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27TH MEN TO GIVE SHOW.

"Let's Beat It" to be Staged After Return of New York Division.

Immediately after the return of the 27th (New York) Division from France, it was announced yesterday, a musical show written and played by the men of the division will be staged in a local theatre. It will be entitled "Let's Beat It," and will be acted by many of the men who were seen here in "You Know Me, Al," prior to their departure for France.

The new show, much of which is said to have been written under fire, is the work of Lieutenant William A. Halloran, Jr., and Private Harry Gribble, with music by Privates William Wittman, Burton Hamilton, Syd Marion, and Eric Krebs.

"Oberon" Sung Again to Big House.

"Oberon" in English sold out the Metropolitan Opera House last evening, standing room and all, for the fourth time in as many weeks, a record unmatched in all Mr. Gatti's many revivals of recent years. The nectar of Weber's melodies, the honeyed voices of Ponselle, Sundelius, Delaunois, Howard—who replaced the indisposed Miss Gentle with noteworthy success last evening—along with Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier, Schlegel, and the rest, made an evening of fantasy far from the roaring veristic operas of today, and the great house enjoyed it. Mr. Bodanzky conducted his rearrangements of the score with distinguished skill and devotion, and there was infectious jollification in the fairy ballets.

Aircraft to be Exhibited.

The annual Aeronautical Exposition of the Manufacturers' Aircraft Association will be held in Madison Square Garden and the 69th Regiment Armory March 1 to 15, according to an announcement made yesterday. A feature of the show will be the exhibition of mail-carrying airplanes, which have been used on the New York-Washington route.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Little Simplicity" will end its engagement at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre next week, and Al Jolson, in "Sinbad," will be transferred to that house from the Winter Garden on Feb. 10. A new Winter Garden show will be produced soon afterward.

"Tish," a play made by Edward E. Rose from the stories of Mary Roberts Rinehart, will be produced out of town next month by Augustus Pitou, with May Robson as the star. The play will be brought to New York after a short tour.

"Tillie," which ends its engagement at Henry Miller's Theatre this Saturday night, will resume its run on Feb. 10 at a theatre yet to be announced. It will be seen next week at the Standard.

The complete cast of "Adam and Eva," now in rehearsal, includes Ruth Shepley, Otto Kruger, Ferdinand Gottschalk, Courtney Foote, William B. Mack, Harry Harwood, Roberta Arnold, Reginald Mason, Adelaide Prince, and Jean Shelby. The play is a comedy by George Middleton and Guy Bolton.

A second company of "Cappy Ricks" is now being organized, and will be seen in Chicago. William H. Crane has received an offer to play the leading role.

A new musical comedy with Charlotte Greenwood as its star will be tried out in Los Angeles this Summer by Oliver Morosco. Miss Greenwood has been appearing for several seasons in "So Long Letty."

Florence Walton, the dancer, will sail for France on the Lorraine on Saturday. With Maurice, she will be seen in a Parisian revue.

The New York School of Expression will give two short plays and scenes from "Twelfth Night" tonight at the Calvary Gymnasium, 277 Fourth Avenue.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker.

Russian Symphony Orchestra.

When a pianist of the artistic magnitude of Serge Rachmaninoff plays a composition of his own it is always a joy redoubled. At Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon he repeated his performance of the previous evening under the baton of Modeste Altschuler and with the accompaniment of the Russian Symphony Society Orchestra. His concerto in G minor, No. 1, Opus 1, remodelled, was his offering, and effective music it proved under his fleet fingers and with his mastery of dynamics. An early work, it betrays many influences generously levied upon, yet bearing the imprint of this Russian's individuality. Tschaikovsky is in the opening; the charming figuration often suggests Chopin. The Andante is a nocturne, almost a soliloquy, and not pregnant with meaning, the finale vivacious and brilliant. Naturally we prefer the second concerto. This first concerto received its initial performance in this city with the Dutch virtuoso, Martinus Sieveking, at the keyboard in 1900, and at Carnegie Hall. Sieveking, who is an extraordinarily powerful pianist, also played the composition with success at Vienna 1901, Berlin 1907, and Aix-les-Bains 1900. It is singularly effective and written in the idiom of the pianoforte. The composer received an ovation yesterday, being recalled a half dozen times. It would seem that this is a Rachmaninoff season.

The most enjoyable orchestral work of the afternoon was not Stravinsky's first symphony in E flat, but a suite by Rimski-Korsakoff, "Tsar-Saltan," which was produced as an opera based on Poushkin folk poems, and at Moscow Nov. 10, 1900. It by no means equals in interest either the Scheherazade Suite or "Le Coq d'Or," but it is characteristic Rimski-Korsakoff, the music chiefly martial and the scoring highly colored. Before it the Stravinsky and Scriabin music paled. The symphony of Stravinsky boasts a clever, chattering scherzo, which might have been utilised as a Gilbert and Sullivan patter song. The linto has the melancholy of the Slav, but the other two movements are academic. The idyl from Scriabin's symphony No. 2 was not representative, being largely excerpts from "Tristan und Isolde." We were glad to hear several finger-slips made by Rachmaninoff in the massive cadenza to the opening allegro of his concerto. They proved him a man, not a machine. His cantilena is not luscious, yet it is penetratingly musical. He handles his instrument orchestrally.

Godowsky Plays.

A note on the program of the meeting and concert of the Humanitarian Cult at Carnegie Hall last night read thus: "This program will be carried out as printed. No interruptions or discussions permitted." Involuntarily we looked around to choose our exit. Anarchs! Plain clothes men! And what had Leopold Godowsky to do with all this "uplift"? Under the first-tier boxes placards hung that respectively urged no conscription, the abolishment of consumption, no poverty, no—well, it read like "prohibition," but closer inspection brought out "philanthropy"! Not much difference. And Chopin—where did he come in? Nor were we reassured by the spectacle of five solemn persons of both sexes sitting on the stage.

It brought us back to Moody and Sankey, especially as one gentleman wore whiskers à la Burnside as did the "sweet singer of hymns" in the old revival days. We looked for the antique melodeon. We were almost touched, and then the real Godowsky began Grieg's Norwegian Variations and the only unhappy people in the hall were the aforesaid speakers who were yet to speak. Naturally, what with the interruptions, the talkative audience, the superlative art of the great pianist was obscured. Therefore criticism is not to be thought of; music and conversation do not mix well. But we did hear the Liszt transcription of Chopin's two Polish songs exquisitely played by the supreme master of nuance in the art of pianoforte playing. We wish for Godowsky in a straightforward recital without cults and other cheerful inutilities.

MIURA SINGS BUTTERFLY.

Japanese Receives an Ovation in Chicago Opera's Performance.

Coals to Newcastle and "Madame Butterfly" to New York, where three opera companies of artistic rank are giving Puccini's Japanese-American favorite in three days. Last night the inimitable Tamaki Miura sang with the Chicago stars at the Lexington. Today Claudia Muzio will have her first trial as a Metropolitan heroine, in place of Farrar, who cannot sing this afternoon, while Friday at the Park there is Marcella Craft with the American Singers. The "Star-Spangled Banner" that Italy's composer quoted in his opera certainly does wave.

Not to have seen Mme. Miura as Cio Cio San is to have missed something unique in the most seasoned operagoer's experience, something that brings back the real Japan to those who've been there and come West, "homesick forever," as Mark Twain wrote of some nearer Pacific isles in the sunny days of "Roughing It." Ambassadress of her country in strange lands and arts, as Koscak Yamada is in Western music's ways, and as Sada Yacco was in Oriental drama, Mme. Miura first sang Butterfly here at the Manhattan, Oct. 28, 1915, and the following year at the Lexington, where on Nov. 9, 1916, she gave her unforgettable performance also of Mascagni's "Iris."

Miura last night, with Forrest Lamont, the clearest voiced young tenor heard in this opera in years, sang the "Chrysanthème" love duet to admiration. She has always lived rather than acted the part, a creation in her case of vital imagination, fired by impassioned artistic enthusiasm, that has won in five years here a wider public than any Western woman who sings the rôle. A big, brilliant audience gave the little Nippon beauty a great ovation at every curtain.

There was a welcoming hand for Conductor Polacco in the pit. Bouilliez was the Consul, and Pavloska, Peterson, Trevisan, Defrere, Oliviero, and Nicolay completed the cast. In the house were many Japanese, including Consul General Yada and other dignitaries in a double stage-box.

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AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA

Mat. Today at 2. ($1 to $5). Butterfly. Muzio, Fornia; Lazaro, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Tonight at 8, Samson et Dalila. Matzenauer; Caruso, Couzinou, Rothier. Cond., Monteux. Fri. at 8, Barbiere di Siviglia. Hempel; Hackett (debut), De Luca, Mardones, Malatesta. Cond., Papi. Sat. Mat., at 2, "Tabarro" — "Angelica" — "Schicchi." Farrar, Muzio, Ellis; Crimi, De Luca, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni. Sat. at 8, (75c to $3.) double bill, L'Oracolo, Sundelius, Braslau; Althouse, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison, Sparkes; Diaz, Didur.—Galli; Bolm. Cond., Monteux. Sun. Eve. Concert. 50c to $3. Mischa Elman, Violinist. Next Mon. at 8, La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux. Wed. at 8, Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, Montesanto, Mardones, Chalmers. Cond., Papi. Thurs. at 8, Traviata. Hempel; Hackett, De Luca. Cond., Moranzoni. Followed by Petrushka (first time). Galli; Bolm, Bartik. Cond., Monteux. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Lexington THEATRE, 51st St. & Lex. Ave. Phone Plaza 4024.
CHICAGO OPERA ASS'N GRAND OPERA
Tonight at 8, "Monna Vanna." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Charlier. Fri., "Le Chemineau" (First Time in N. Y.) Gall, Maguenat, Baklanoff, Huberdeau. Cond. Hasselmans. Sat. Mat., "Thaïs." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Campanini. Sat. Night (Popular Prices), "Tales of Hoffmann." Macbeth, Namara, Sharlow, Fontaine, Maguenat. Cond. Charlier. Sunday Night, CAMPANINI CONCERT, N. Y. HIPPODROME. Mon., Feb. 3, "Isabeau." Fitziu, Lamont, Baklanoff. Cond. Sturani. Tues., "Linda di Chamounix." Galli-Curci, Lamont, Stracciari. Cd. Sturani. Wed., "Pelleas and Melisande." Garden, Maguenat, Bouilliez. Cond. Charlier. Thurs., Massenet's "Manon." Gall, Fontaine, Maguenat. Cond. Hasselmans.

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Carnegie Hall This Afternoon at 3 and Sat. Eve. at 8:15. Soloist TOSCHA SEIDEL. DE SARATA, MENDELSSOHN, WAGNER.
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Afternoon, Feb'y 1, SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR YOUNG PEOPLE. WALTER DAMROSCH......Conductor. Soloist RAOUL VIDAS.
Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Feb. 2. FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA WAR PICTURES ENTITLED "FILMS" by ALFREDO CASELLA. Belgium: Heavy German Artillery Passing. France: Ruins of the Rheims Cathedral. Alsace: The Wooden Cross. Italy: Man-of-War Cruising in the Adriatic. Soloist RAOUL VIDAS. Schumann, Mozart and Wagner. Seats at Box Offices. Geo. Engles, Mgr.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY......Conductor. CARNEGIE HALL. Tonight at 8:30 and Tomorrow (Fri) aft., 2:30. HAROLD BAUER. BACH, RUBIN GOLDMARK, TCHAIKOVSKY PIANO CONCERTO.

Next Sunday Afternoon at 3. **PERCY GRAINGER**. ONLY APPEARANCE IN N. Y. THIS SEASON. Tickets at Box Office. Fritz F. Leifels, Mgr.

CENTURY Theatre, Tom'w Night at 8:30. RETURN APPEARANCE OF **CAPT. CARPENTER, V. C.** of H. M. S. "VINDICTIVE" In His Famous Illustrated Lecture on THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE. HON. JAMES M. BECK, Chairman. Auspices British-American War Relief. Only tickets left $1.00 & 50c. Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42d St.

CAMPANINI CONCERT | HIPPODROME NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT at 8:15. with CHICAGO OPERA ARTISTS & ORCH. Soloists: Fitziu, Gall, Dolci, Dua, Stracciari, Journet, Lazzari. Conductors Campanini, Polacco, Hasselmans, Fourier. GREAT POPULAR PROGRAM. Tickets $1, $1.50, $2. NOW at Box Office. Mgt. Chas. L. Wagner. D. F. McSweeney, Asso.

PRINCESS West 39th. Tues., Feb. 4, at 3. Tickets $2 and $1 at Box Office. MISS **SYDNEY THOMPSON**. Original Comedies—Old Ballads in Costume and "Agnes Sorel," a tale of France.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tomorrow Night at 8:15. CONCERT OF **CZECHO-SLOVAK** MUSIC. Ornstein, Fabry, Mikova, Olshanski. Berkshire String Quartet, Dickinson. Prices 75 cents to $2.50. On sale at the Box Office.

Carnegie Hall, Tues. Eve., Feb. 4, 8:15. SEATS NOW. HULDA **LASHANSKA**. Only Song Recital in N. Y. This Season.

Carnegie Hall, Wed. Eve., Feb. 5, 8:15. CONCERT—Auspices French High Commission. **SOCIETE des INSTRUMENTS ANCIENS**. Direction French-Amer'n Ass'n for Musical Art. Seats 50c to $2. Now on Sale.

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AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Evgs. at 8:00. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. **AL JOLSON** And Incomparable Company of 150 in **SINBAD**. 43rd Week in New York. Sunday Night Concert. UNUSUAL BILL OF FAVORITES.

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PLAYHOUSE 48th St., East of Broadway. Evenings 8:30. Matinee Today 2:30. **ALICE BRADY** Personally in **FOREVER AFTER**

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. **MARY NASH** IN **THE BIG CHANCE**

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. A. H. WOODS Presents **THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13**

ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30. **"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"**

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. **FLORENCE REED in ROADS of DESTINY**

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. **Louis MANN & Sam BERNARD** in "FRIENDLY ENEMIES"

PRINCESS Matinees Wednesday & Saturday. Evenings at 8:30. Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes. **OH, MY DEAR!** "BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—N. Y. Herald.

39TH ST. Thea., Ph. Bry. 413. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. The Laugh Play. **Keep IT TO Yourself** "Breaks all Records."—Eve. Post.

COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30. **THE CLIMAX** —with— ELEANOR **PAINTER**

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30. **WHITESIDE** 3RD MONTH in THE **LITTLE BROTHER** with TYRONE POWER.

SHUBERT West 44th Street. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. **LAST WEEK BETROTHAL** By MAETERLINCK, author of "Blue Bird."

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15. **MELTING OF MOLLY** Riotous Musical Comedy.

French Thea. du Vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Ev. 8:15. Mts. Today, Sat. 2:15. THIS WEEK **LE MENTEUR**. Seats 50c to $2. Sat. Night Pop. Prices.

MOROSCO HAS THE HIT MATINEES WED. AND SAT. WILLIAM **Courtenay** and TOM **Wise** IN THE BIG FUN HIT **Cappy Ricks**

KALICH Fulton W. 46 St. Ev. 8:30. Mts. Sat. & Wed. at 2:30. A. H. Anson, Chrystal Herne, Lee Baker, Albert Bruning. **"RIDDLE: WOMAN"**

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'y & 97. Eves. 8:15. Mat. Today, 50c..........An Ideal Husband. Next Week..........Rock-a-bye Baby.

All Aboard At 8:30 Sharp (Eve.) and 2:30 (Mats.) Wed. Sat. for **A Little Journey**. Rachel Crothers' Mile-A-Minute Comedy. **VANDERBILT** Theatre, 48th Street, East of B'way.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. **H. B. WARNER** in **Sleeping Partners** with **IRENE BORDONI**

MANHATTAN Opera Ho., 34th, W. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. **MARJORIE RAMBEAU** In Her Favorite Role **EYES OF YOUTH**. 25c. to $1.50. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.

ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN'S 2 B'way Hits. New Musical Play—The 1919 Cast. **"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"** **CENTRAL** B'way & 47. Bry. 17. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

A Merry Musical Romance **SOME TIME** with ED. WYNN. **CASINO** B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

LYRIC 42nd St., West of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THE SEASON'S HIT | With RICHARD BENNETT | 5TH BIG MONTH. Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers **UNKNOWN PURPLE**

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th, W. of B'way. Phone Bryant 61. Matinees Wed. and Sat. 2:15. Eves. 8:15. **NORA BAYES** | LADIES FIRST. Nora Bayes's Nifty Sunday Nite.

44th ST. Thea., Just W. of B'way. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15. SMARTEST MUSICAL SHOW IN TOWN **LITTLE SIMPLICITY** With the Prettiest Girls in the World.

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST. SOCIETY AMERICAN SINGERS. Tonight, 8:15, and Sat. **MIKADO**. Mat. (Pop. request) Friday Night at 8:15 **MME. BUTTERFLY** with Marcella Craft and Orville Harrold. Saturday at 8:15 **FRA DIAVOLO**. Beginning Next Monday **ROBIN HOOD** All-Star Cast.

PLYMOUTH West 45th Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. **JOHN BARRYMORE** in Tolstoi's **REDEMPTION**

SPECIAL—PLYMOUTH THEATRE, TOM'W AFT. at 2:30, & SAT. 10:30 A. M. WALTER **HAMPDEN** AS **HAMLET**. "Easily the unique event of the dramatic year."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

ASTOR 45th Street & B'way. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. "ADORABLE."—Mail. **EAST IS WEST**. A New Comedy with FAY BAINTER.

SELWYN Thea., West 42 St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. **JANE COWL** **THE CROWDED HOUR**. SELWYN Feb. 2nd Seats Now 50c to $1.50 **Clef Club Arabian Nights** "Saxaphony" "Banjorama" "Songfest" "Jazzdad". Mecca of Sunday Night Concert Goers.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th Street, near B'way. THE COMEDY HIT **TEA for 3**. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.

WILLIAM **COLLIER** LONGACRE W. 48th St. Eve. 8:30. in "NOTHING BUT **LIES**" LAST 4 TIMES. Last Matinee Sat., 2:30. NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT—Seats Today. **MARIE CAHILL** in **"JUST AROUND THE CORNER"** By George V. Hobart & Herbert Hall Winslow.

LOEW'S 7th Ave. at 125th St. Eve. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c & 50c. **"BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE"**

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times. **William Gillette** "BARRIE'S BEST PLAY"—Herald. **Dear Brutus**. "To have this play in New York is indeed good fortune."—Eve. Sun.

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:30. LEO **DITRICHSTEIN** in HIS GREATEST TRIUMPH **The MARQUIS de PRIOLA**

Henry Miller's Thea., 124 W. 43d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15. If you liked "Peg" and "Bunty" and "Daddy Long-Legs," you'll love **PATRICIA COLLINGE** in **TILLIE**. Next Tuesday Night. Seats Today. MRS. **FISKE** in a new comedy, "Mis' Nelly of N' Orleans"

Cohan & Harris West 42d St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. Most Fascinating Play Ever Written **THREE FACES EAST**. Hundreds turned away at every performance.

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE, B'way & 38th St. Eve. 8:15. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:15. JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY **LISTEN LESTER!** "Dances and fun galore; also tuneful singing."—N. Y. Times.

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Fri., Sat., 2:30. STUART WALKER'S SEASON. LAST WEEK OF LORD DUNSANY'S **The Laughter of the Gods** MAT. TODAY. Next Week: The Gods of the Mountain.

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42d St. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:30. The New Sensation of Psychic Mystery! **THE INVISIBLE FOE**. TREMENDOUS HIT! "NOT A WAR PLAY."

STANDARD B'way, 90 St. Eve. 25c to $1. MATINEE TODAY, 25-50c. "COME OUT OF THE KITCHEN". Next Mon., Patricia Collinge in "Tillie."

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. LAST 4 TIMES. Last Matinee Sat., 2:15. THE REAL LAUGHING MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS OF THE SEASON. KLAW & ERLANGER'S TIMELY GEM OF JOY AND MELODY **THE GIRL BEHIND THE GUN**. NEXT MON. SEATS TODAY. KLAW & ERLANGER introduce **The VELVET LADY**. A HILARIOUS MUSICAL COMEDY.

ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. **Ziegfeld** 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic. Two Entirely Different Shows.

EXTRA MATINEE TODAY. **LIGHTNIN** Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Saturday & Wed., 2:30. GAIETY, B'way & 46 St. AND ANOTHER SMITH-GOLDEN HIT **3 Wise Fools** Eve. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30. CRITERION, B'way & 44 St.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way and 43d Street. Bryant 392. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Saturday & Wed., 2:30. THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY. **"A PRINCE THERE WAS"** GEO. M. COHAN As the Prince.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30. MATINEE TODAY at 2:30. DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS **DADDIES**

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20. MATINEE TODAY at 2:20. **FRANCES STARR** in **"TIGER! TIGER!"** A New Play by Edward Knoblock.

GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Nights 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. JULIA **SANDERSON** JOSEPH **CAWTHORN** "The CANARY" Sam Hardy, Maud Eburne, Doyle & Dixon.

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MOTION PICTURES.

RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. 20,30,65. Lex. 81. CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG in "Cheating Cheaters." Soloists. RIVOLI ORCHESTRA.

RIALTO Times Square 20—30—65. TOM MOORE in "Go West, Young Man." Comedy, Soloists. RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

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AMUSEMENTS.

Aeolian Hall. Tue. Aft., Feb. 4 at 3:00. Piano Recital by Mlle. Magdeleine **Brard**. Prix d'Honneur Conservatoire Nationale de Paris. Seats 50c to $2. Now on Sale.

Aeolian Hall, Tonight, Jan. 30, at 8:15. **ROLAND W. HAYES** NEGRO TENOR. Tickets 75c to $2.00 at Aeolian Box Office.

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AMUSEMENTS.

Carnegie Hall Lincoln's B'day, Wed., Aft. at 3. **Feb. 12**. VIOLIN RECITAL. MAYO **WADLER** With **LEO ORNSTEIN** Pianist. IN AN ALL MODERN PROGRAM. Seats now on Sale. Management Jules Daiber. Knabe Piano Used.

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GERMAN COLONIES.

In Africa the natives distinguish between "white men" and "Germans." That is a sufficient commentary on German colonial rule, whose cruelties to the subject populations, whose intrigues and military preparations against neighbor possessions, are notorious. They must not be returned to Germany. The voice of their peoples would forbid that. About their future disposition and administration, Mr. WILSON'S Fifth Point lays down the general principles:

> A free, open-minded, and absolutely impartial adjustment of all colonial claims, based upon a strict observance of the principle that, in determining all such questions of sovereignty, the interests of the populations concerned must have equal weight with the equitable claims of the Government whose title is to be determined.

The acceptance of Mr. WILSON'S First Point, which prohibits "private international understandings of any kind," prevents such secret disposal of colonies and their peoples as in the days of the old diplomacy shortly before the war enabled Great Britain and Germany to settle the future destiny of the Portuguese colonies in Africa, and, in the emergencies of war and alliance, alienated colonial or other territories by secret treaty. For the future peace of the world the African colonies with their wealth of raw materials must not again be made the cause of encroachment, threatening war. For more than a generation there has been an international scramble for them. England and France came almost to the edge of war. Only seven years ago Germany jockeyed France out of a great African region by the Morocco policy of bluster and blackmail. A German colony was always a source of disturbance. The policy of administering colonies humanely, tolerantly, with observance of the rights and interests of the natives, is followed by the two great colonial Powers, France and Great Britain. If the older rule of revenue first has been maintained in the Dutch colonies, it has been touched with the modern more liberal policy.

Before the war the German colonies, protectorates, and regions dependent on Germany or under its influence included more than a million square miles. Most of this was African. The Pacific possessions amounted to nearly 100,000 square miles. The population, vaguely estimated, was about 14,000,000.

If Italy has further colonial ambitions in East Africa, they have not been formulated definitely. France, if she wishes it, is entitled to the 100,000 square miles or more she ceded to Germany in 1911. Great Britain, "a weary Titan" so far as colonies go, wants nothing. Presumably Belgium may ask some additions to the Belgian Congo. Portugal has all she can deal with. Australia wants German New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago, New Zealand the two German Samoan Islands, the Union of South Africa the neighbor State of German East Africa, China the restoration of Kiao-Chau and of the German concessions in Tientsin and elsewhere. The Japanese program is not definitely known, but Japan is said to desire the Caroline, Marshall, and Marianne Islands in the Pacific, and some of the Chinese attribute to her the wish to assert claims in former German territory in China.

The United States, while a great Pacific Power, has shown the greatest reluctance to continue the colonial activities that were thrust upon her. She has so far displayed no interest in colonial government. She sits at the peace table absolutely without a claim to or thought of territorial gain. Under Mr. WILSON'S plans for the control of the German colonies by the League of Nations, the government of each by authority conferred by the League, the United States has nothing to gain save the furthering of the great purposes of the League. If she should be called upon to take a hand in the carrying out of this or other plans of internationalization, it is a burden that she will assume cheerfully for the general good unselfishly.

The disposition of the German colonies is one of the hardest international problems, one of the richest in points of difference, clashing of ambitions and interests, international jealousies. A condition precedent of a satisfactory settlement is to put by the old way of looking at Pacific and African questions. Germany, militarism, secret diplomacy out of the way, the League of Nations in effect, islands and bays are no longer strategic colgns of vantage, submarine bases. Australia and New Zealand and South Africa no longer need fear the interruption of their communications, the destruction of their commerce, invasion. Australia might very well rule German New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago, if the League so decides; the Union of South Africa rule German East Africa. There is to be no condominium, with its infinite sources of friction. Each possession is to be ruled separately under a mandate from the League, the ultimate source of the government of all, for the benefit of the natives and with a view presumably to their ultimate self-government in the measure of their fitness.

Mr. WILSON'S plan is novel, far-reaching, but is it not practicable?

WHERE THINGS ARE BETTER.

Dispatches from Prague (which perhaps we had better begin to call Praha, as its inhabitants do) indicate that the new Czechoslovak republic is an island of comparative happiness in a sea of more or less intense misery. War, Bolshevism, and starvation have afflicted all Bohemia's neighbors to a greater or less extent, and even the Czechoslovaks have some minor troubles, such as frontier skirmishes with Magyars and Poles and the more distant but more weighty peril of Bolshevist invasion from Russia. Nevertheless, business is actually going on among the Czechoslovaks, and on a sound basis which seems to have won the confidence of a good part of the German minority. The two great needs are bread and coal; the mines are not yet working at full capacity, and until they are doing better there will be a shortage of fuel for heating and for the full re-establishment of Bohemian industry. The trouble at the mines is indirectly responsible for the food shortage, for German Austria wants coal which the Czechs are unable to spare, and until that coal is provided the Austrians are likely to be unaccommodating as to the shipment of food through their territory from ships in the Adriatic.

However, the economic situation among the Czechoslovaks shines brightly by adjacent comparisons; and on the foundation of this relative prosperity is built a towering superstructure of joy over the triumphant success of the national revolution. Theatres are doing big business. EMMY DESTINN, kept from New York by an Austrian Government which disliked her because she was a patriotic Czech, has been freed from this honorable internment and is singing at the opera. Americans are intensely popular; while the Czechoslovak Arts Club is giving concerts of Czechoslovak music in New York, an American artist in Prague is giving recitals of American music. Streets and bridges have been named for President WILSON; vehicular traffic on them is somewhat sparse at present, for the Austrians stole all the horses and automobiles, but the Czechs will soon get more. And the story of life in this happy valley is fitly capped by the presence of the well-known coloratura propagandist, Mr. GEORGE CREEL, sojourning among the Czechs before beginning a tour of Central Europe. No coal, but DESTINN; no taxicabs, but CREEL; the substitutions should satisfy an artistic people.

BRITISH NAVAL PLANS SUSPENDED.

From "an authoritative source" THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent in London learns that while work in British naval yards has not stopped "there has been an extensive modification of plans." The Admiralty is marking time, waiting for the Peace Conference to shape the "international situation." A week ago Admiral BEATTY stated that the Grand Fleet would soon be dispersed, but the announcement was premature. Nothing will be done probably "until the statesmen have determined what "work they have for the sailors to do." For the first time in something like ten years the British Government does not have to consider the strategic employment of its sea power. British interests are secure in all waters and concentration of a great battle fleet on the home station is no longer necessary. "The British fleet," wrote Admiral MAHAN in 1911, "is concentrated in the North Sea. There it defends all British interests, the British Islands, British commerce, and the colonies; and, offensively, commands Germany's commercial routes." The previous year Admiral MAHAN sounded the warning: "A German navy, supreme by the fall of Great Britain, with a supreme German army able to spare readily a large expeditionary force for overseas operations, is one of the possibilities of the future." The great historian and critic did not live long enough to witness the collapse and ruin of German sea power and the supreme demonstration of the soundness of his theories of naval strategy.

It is no longer necessary for Great Britain to maintain a great naval force in home waters; there is no German menace now, no sea power problem to worry the Admiralty. Elsewhere in the world her argosies can come and go, needing, for the present, no protection from a warship. The problem is how to distribute the fleet, what work to find for it to do. And it becomes a question whether naval expansion, even the replacing of every obsolete warship with one of a modern type, shall go on at all. The reduction of armaments, not only by Great Britain but by other sea Powers, may be imminent—it depends upon the deliberations of the Peace Conference. A working plan of a League of Nations would permit a scaling down of naval units, particularly if it were decided to banish submarines and prohibit the dropping of explosives by aircraft. That Great Britain, or the United States, or any other Power with a commerce, coasts, and isolated possessions to defend in the case of breaches of faith or of calculated aggression, would part with its navy is not imaginable. The millennium is still remote. But navies are not maintained for the sake of show and to gratify national vanity—they cost too much for that; and if the leading Powers league themselves together to substitute arbitration for war and jointly to police the seas of the world for the common security, thus making great wars impossible, since they cannot be carried on without manifestations of sea power, then there can be a considerable reduction of armaments with a welcome lightening of the burden of taxation.

What should be the naval strength of each member of the league could be determined by agreement. Necessarily it would be measured by the needs and responsibilities of the parties to the compact. In the nature of things Great Britain and the United States would have to maintain the largest naval establishments, but rivalry between them would offend against the foundation principles of a League of Nations. Accordingly, Great Britain, whose navy is the most powerful in the world and greater than her present or prospective requirements, is taking thought of the opportunity opening to her and to her allies in the negotiations at the peace table. She has no naval expansion program and is "going slow" on construction in her yards. It is not idealism but rational policy.

THE STEEL RECORD.

The gentlemen who draw "curves" of financial movements would find their task easier with the skyline of New York than with the earnings or dividends of the Steel Corporation. In the seventeen years of its life it has only once had a dividend deficit, but it has come near doing so several times. An income which has an annual range between nothing and $383,574,177 net earnings shows considerable success in defying stabilization. The truer comparison is not between the good and bad years, but between the conditions in the industry before and after the trust was organized. Although the corporation's record shows canyons and peaks, there has been no return of the distress for both labor and capital which existed before the industry was "integrated," a word of reproach for the cynical which has justified itself to practical men. It is not easy to believe that the corporation can ever fall hereafter to earn its minimum of net earnings made in the first year of the war, $71,663,614. With that as a minimum, representing the "pauper" state of the industry, and with the demonstration that the "prince" stage survives, too, the outlook offers an assurance justifying the ideas of its founders.

A stabilizing influence additional to conservative management is found in the tax deduction. For the past year it was $274,288,797, leaving for the company $198,834,569. That deduction is a handicap even for the billion-dollar corporation, and explanation enough for the deduction of one-half from the 2 per cent. extra common dividend, or addition to the regular rate. Even if business should decline there is likely to be an offset in the reduction of the tax burden, for business in general cannot always endure the burdens now put upon it. Taxation must be at a maximum when the tax burden exceeds the remnant for the owners. The Steel Corporation is an epitome of the basic trade, and is better worth considering as such than as an individual enterprise subject to discriminating assault by prosecutors and taxlayers, a shining mark at which shafts are aimed which hit others, and which even have some characteristics of the boomerang.

THE CUT IN SHIP FREIGHTS.

The reduction of two-thirds in British ship freights has unexpected reactions which illustrate the difference between economic and statutory regulation of trade. The profit and loss entry in the balance sheet includes more contingencies than it is possible for human intelligence to foresee, and explains why business enterprise must be allowed a surplus as a regulator of policy. It may be a coincidence only, and yet there is an appearance of cause and effect in the announcement on the same day with the reduction of freights that 1,250,000 tons had been struck from our shipbuilding program. We and the world certainly need ships less since the armistice, and the reduction in freights warns us that the loss of a billion dollars in costly construction is only a beginning if our ships are to be run on the world's highest basis of cost.

The reduction in freights is a boon which offers a challenge to the other alleged boon of a compulsory increase of wages under the Furuseth seamen's law, which it is proposed to fasten upon the world as an item in the program of labor's internationale. In the railway matter lower rates were promised and higher wages, and we see the result of riding horses going in opposite directions. In the shipping case there are resemblances as well as differences, one being that the ship freight cut is by British private owners, and is met by our governmental agency. It is not agreeable to think of a "war" of rates practically between Governments, for the British shipowners would certainly find support if our competition survived its burden to us enough to embarrass them. It may not be affirmed that the reduction of rates is the British reply to Mr. HURLEY'S declaration that our competition with British shipping would be so friendly that there would be no friction, but that would be a natural inference.

The freedom of the seas has a mercantile as well as a military meaning, and the first lesson is offered for our instruction. Will our subsidists increase their demand for cash as England reduces the cost of freight? Cheapness and private enterprise would be opposed to dearness and Government operation if the two programs were continued to their logical result. Or will there be an agreement to pool both fleets, in the manner in which it is proposed to allow our railways to pool their differences and earnings after having forbidden it?

The plainer lesson is that there are so many surprises in business that the loss Governments meddle with it the better. It is better to allow private profits with risk to investors than to fasten sure loss upon taxpayers. There are quarrels even between partners, and men who might have been friends risk bitterness if their interests collide. Our shipbuilding enterprise is bad business as it stands, economically speaking. That calls for no reproach, for the loss is justified by the conditions, and is one particularly fit for Government to assume. But our loss need not be made unnecessarily large, and we should not enter into an uneconomic cutting of rates, with England as our competitor. Perplexities and costs are large enough all round without taking any unnecessarily.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

By Them America Is Judged.

In Right About, the excellent paper published by and for the soldier patients in the debarkation hospitals of this city, there is printed with well-deserved commendation a memorandum to the officers recently issued by the commander of the American naval forces in French waters. In this memorandum the Admiral emphatically stated the fact that upon every one of these officers rested heavy responsibilities, incidental to his representative capacity—that on his character and conduct depended not only the judgment that foreigners would form of the American people, but in a large measure the obligation which the men under them would feel by their own actions to avoid criticism and earn praise as Americans.

He told them, too, that, abroad as at home, they were under the moral law of their own country, and that, as picked men, leaders trained and educated, it was their duty to avoid even the appearance of evil, to be clean, temperate, and discreet in bearing and associations, by habit, bearing, and language winning confidence and respect. These responsibilities, he said, were to be considered an honor, not a burden, and the man who avoided or forgot them incurred a guilt far heavier than would an ordinary civilian who did or failed to do the things he had in mind.

Like Duties Rest on Privates.

All of the American Admiral's advice and exhortation to his officers, Right About declared, should be taken to themselves by all the men, no matter of what rank, who wear the American uniform. Every one of them also has his representative capacity, for he, too, though a private, is a picked man, as the unfit were not accepted for service. He is also a marked man, "in the sense that when he does anything wrong it reflects discredit not only upon himself but upon the service, upon the comrades who shared with him the hardships of war, and upon the brave dead." Whether a soldier went abroad and was in the fighting, or whether, for one or another of many good reasons, he remained on this side of the sea, the obligation imposed by his uniform remained precisely the same, and weaknesses or faults displayed by him were judged, and rightly judged, with a severity proportioned to the credit he gets when his conduct is exemplary.

More than abstention from the graver infractions of law is expected from men in uniform, and transgressions that in other men are venal acquire a special gravity when they bring disgrace on a company, a regiment, or a division—on our whole army, in short.

The duties assumed by the soldier are active duties—he must be the exemplar of discipline, the living proof that it has made him a better man than those who have not been subjected to it, who have not taken a special oath to maintain their country's honor and defend its safety. Drunkenness, lamentable enough in any man, in a soldier is a form of treason, as it incapacitates him for the service he has sworn to render, and for him to participate in disorder or sedition really is treason in every sense of the word except the most technical.

Payments Made and Delayed.

Nothing could be much better calculated to produce resentment in the mind of an officer or private soldier whose pay is many weeks or several months in arrears than to read in the papers that all of the so-called conscientious objectors who were released the other day from Fort Leavenworth went away with their pockets well filled with the money that became legally due to them when they were restored to the service before discharge. Resentment thus excited, however, is hardly justified by the facts, and it is not justified at all if it has for basis the assumption that the $33,000 paid to the conscientious objectors was so promptly forthcoming because of any special friendliness felt for those strange creatures by anybody in the War Department. They got their money, of course, because the law said they should have it, and they got it promptly because to pay them was a task that involved none of the difficulties that often have attended the payment of men in active service, subject to frequent transfer from division to division or from hospital to hospital.

The only safe deduction to be drawn from the contrast between the payment of the conscientious objectors and the frequent delays in paying the men who did or were willing to do the fighting for their country, which, in case of need, is every citizen's first duty, is that the War Department's disbursing system has not proved adequate to meet the requirements placed on it by a great war conducted on the other side of the Atlantic. Criticism of that failure should not be too harsh, and it should take account of human possibilities in conditions obviously most trying.

Two things are sure—there was no lack of money and none of good intentions. That there has been something of incompetence is clear from the number and nature of the complaints that everybody is hearing from penniless soldiers, but in the circumstances of this war something of incompetence was inevitable. It does seem, though, that there has been too much of this particular form of incompetence and that it has continued too long.

Binoculars Back from the War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Today returned to us, after evident months of use on the sea, a pair of binoculars loaned to the Government in December, 1917. They were accompanied by a courteous note from the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, stating, among other things, that "a certificate evidencing the participation of this article in the war * * * will be forwarded to you." The glasses are their own certificate. Their lenses are nearly intact, but every other surface is as battered, nicked, and abraded as leather and hard rubber can be. They bear the tag "U. S. S. Pueblo, 12-27, '18." The notches filed in the rims by their sailor owner to permit removal and cleansing of the lenses show that sharp eyes were needed and kept ready for the German terror.

We were fond of these glasses for the fun they had given us in long-ago days when we peacefully hunted Kentucky warblers, but now they are literally "more precious than rubies." X.

New York, Jan. 27, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In November, 1917, I read in your paper a request from the Navy Department through Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary, that all idle binoculars (not opera glasses) in the hands of citizens should be lent to the department, as they had no other way of meeting the emergency and supplying the ships with glasses to watch for the submarines. It will no doubt be interesting to many readers to know how this plan worked out, so I am pleased to state that my glasses were returned today, very carefully packed and registered, and showing only slight wear from careful usage. Furthermore, as promised by the Secretary, they have affixed a metal tag giving name of donor and the number, (352,) and also have affixed a linen tag bearing the name of the ship, the U. S. S. Pueblo, thus making quite a welcome keepsake.

Considering the hustle and trials of war and the promptness and perfection to which the Navy Department works out even these small details we have one clear explanation of its efficiency—the remarkable protection we give to our troopships bound for France. No wonder we are all proud of it.

V. DALTON.

Brooklyn, Jan. 27, 1919.

Prohibition at Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The prohibitionists are to be congratulated on their success in making the country safe for hypocrisy. None but the most verdantly unsophisticated believes that our legislators, national and State, will practice the total abstinence from intoxicants which they are forcing on the people. Already Senators and Representatives here are rapidly providing cases for the future Sahara. Lockers in the Capitol and cellars in homes are being replenished. Limousines roll in from Baltimore daily with the precious freight, and the Adams Express office, transformed into a wholesale liquor establishment, is a social gathering place where the best-gowned women in Washington wait patiently to receive their packages. Which means that the Solons of every State, as well as of the nation, as well as all other persons of sufficient means, will be able to procure, before prohibition becomes effective, enough liquid solace for a long time ahead—in the case of the wealthy for the remainder of their lives. The great mass of the plain people, the mechanic, the poorly paid clerk, the small storekeeper, whose drab lot of hard toil or monotonous occupation is somewhat relieved and brightened by an occasional glass of beer partaken in cheerful and congenial company, will be deprived of what their more fortunate fellow-citizens can still enjoy—those to whom many sources of physical and mental exhilaration—travel, golf, art, opera—are open. A year from now Senator Croxens will have ten thousand dollars' worth of champagne in his cellar; John Smith will, maybe, have a dozen bottles of beer in his ice chest. Is this a square deal? Is John Smith going to submit to it?

A CLERGYMAN.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28, 1919.

THE MESSAGE.

I cannot sleep at night for the crying voices
Of all the dead, starved mothers overseas,
Calling to me "Safe mother, happy mother
With rosy children sleeping quietly,
"Ours were as yours, until war came, and famine,
And day by day we saw them wane and fade;
And first our babies died, and then we followed,
Our bread all given to the little ones who stayed.
"How can we rest here in the light, the quiet,
Even though we hold again the babes who died,
When through the worlds we hear our moaning children,
Upon a cross of hunger crucified?"
So in the night their voices keep me waking,
Crying "Speak for us now, we cannot wait.
You that can help, you that can speed your plenty,
Hasten, oh, hasten, lest you be too late!"

HELEN STOCKTON PARKER.

AUSTRALIA'S VIEWS ON GERMAN ISLANDS.

Temporary Jurisdiction Sought With a View to the Future Self-Government of the Former German Colonies in the Pacific.

By HON. H. Y. BRADDON, M. L. C.
Commissioner for Australia in America.

Australia feels whole-heartedly that it would be an injustice and a menace to the European and native inhabitants of the South Pacific if the German colonies of that region were to be returned to Germany after the signing of the treaty of peace. That is the paramount consideration. As a secondary consideration Australia feels that the retention of the islands by the British Empire would probably be a happier solution, and would make for the future security of the Commonwealth and the neighboring lands.

Australia has a strong case for presentation to the world and to the Peace Conference, which has just begun its sittings in Paris.

"The Case for Australia," reads a report recently drawn up by several Australian experts, "may be stated under the following heads:

"1. The retention of the German islands by the British Empire is necessary for the future security of Australia and the South Pacific world, because:

"It will be conducive to the future peace of the world;

"It will be in the interests of the native races;

"It will promote the development of the islands by their own original inhabitants;

"It will tend to prevent the exclusion of any nation from the available supplies of raw material.

"The change of itself will not inflict any hardship either on the colonists or on the original inhabitants.

"2. Return of the islands to Germany gives her an opportunity:

"To hatch further imperialistic schemes;

"To use the harbors of the islands as submarine and naval bases for operation in the South Pacific;

"To menace Australia's safety and the safety of nearby domains;

"To continue to mistreat, and eventually to eradicate, the native populations of the islands;

"To selfishly retain the natural resources for exclusive German exploitation;

"To apply to the Pacific a doctrine which would have the same evil effect as the 'Mitteleuropa' schemes as applied to territories from Berlin to Bagdad;

"To avoid full payment for her aggressions, for her colonies would be an important asset with which to cancel her indemnities."

The foregoing two points, with their sub-heads, sketch in outline the brief which Australia confidently presents to the impartial judgment of the world.

The Commonwealth is actuated by the very human principle of self-preservation. She knows that the German islands question must be answered—will be answered—but she wants an answer that will forever assure her safety. And that means the colonies must not be returned to Germany. This is of first importance. Of second importance is the problem, "To whom shall they be given?"

Although not moved by any imperialistic impulse, the Commonwealth of Australia feels that the British Empire would probably be the best guardian of the islands. This is arrived at by a process of elimination. It has been suggested that the United States might assume a protectorate over German New Guinea and Samoa, with the consent of the allied nations. This, it is felt, though it would probably be approved by Australia, would not find favor in America. The United States, it is very generally understood, does not desire extended interests in the Pacific. As a matter of fact she would probably find them an inconvenience; and their guardianship would be opposed to even a modified interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine.

This leaves Japan, France, and Great Britain as the only other powers which might conceivably assume supervision of the islands. France is in effect eliminated—because all her resources and attention will be devoted for some time to the restoration of her own land and its industrial activities. Japan has expressed no desire for Germany's possessions so far south in the Pacific. Her sphere of influence as outlined by her own statesmen has been in an eastern direction from her own territories in the Northern Pacific.

Australia, by natural fitness, by interest, and by the necessity to protect her very existence, stands out as the most logical country to assume control of the islands.

"It is necessary to stipulate at the outset," continues the experts' report, "that advocacy of the retention of the German possessions in the Pacific on behalf of Australia does not imply a claim that any of them must necessarily remain forever in the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth."

Intelligent Australian opinion senses clearly that the best fate for the islands would be ultimate independence with nominal inclusion in the British Empire. Australia and her sister Commonwealth, New Zealand, are willing to undertake the work of setting these islands in the path leading to that independence. It is not wholly altruism which prompts this course, but rather an enlightened sense of self-protection.

Proceeding to develop the points in the case, the report says:

"Ever since 1883 the Australian people have recognised that if the harbors of the Pacific, and especially those of New Guinea, were fortified against them or held by an unfriendly power, the coast of Queensland would be exposed to attack with disastrous consequences to its social and economic life; whereas, if the islands were in their own hands, the harbors might remain unfortified and Australia relieved of the great part of the expenditure otherwise necessary for naval and military defense.

"It is said that these fears have been answered by the ease with which the German possessions were occupied at the outbreak of the war, but this will not stand close examination. The Carolines, which constituted the outer frontier of the dominions, sheltered an enemy fleet which was strong enough to defeat a British squadron; that enemy fleet was only brought to battle—destroyed—by the combined operations of the Japanese, British, and Australian navies.

"The war has completely altered the conditions of strategy in favor of aggression by the weaker naval power. The islands before the war constituted a frontier for Australia, consisting of an outer and inner ring, of which the outer would be used as a screen for the enemy's fleet and the inner as the starting point for invasion. Today each island and each harbor is a possible submarine base from which to cut off the trade and transport of Australia to the East, to the Panama Canal, and to British India.

"The argument might be advanced that questions of defense will be completely solved by the League of Nations after its formation. Australia, a stanch believer in the League of Nations-to-be, knowing that the purpose of the League will be to prevent future wars, gives an added impetus to that purpose by demonstrating that, given the islands, war will be done away with in the South Pacific. In short, the Commonwealth advances the firm belief, based on facts, that possession of the islands is a necessary adjustment attendant upon the formation of the League.

"Germany has offered to disarm and to become a partner in the League of Nations. It will be for the Peace Conference to decide the weight to be attached immediately to such an offer. We are entitled to affirm that it is a deathbed repentance that is not by any means indorsed by the whole German people, and that there are no signs of any permanent disposition to agree to the abnegation of sovereignty and subordination of policy which honest membership in such a league would entail. * * *

"For the protection of native races two factors are necessary—character and capacity in administrators, and a high standard of public opinion at home. * * *

"Australia has recognised that a people which assumes control of a tropical country takes on itself a two-fold obligation. It must have regard for the welfare of the native inhabitants and it must endeavor to assure an adequate contribution from the country controlled to the common stock of the world. Australia's administration of Papua, from the time of Sir William MacGregor onward, has demonstrated that she has lived up to the obligations involved. * * *

"It should also be noted that in the Fiji Islands and other islands in the Pacific under British control the decline of population has been arrested and many of the causes to which it had been attributed have been removed.

"The Pacific Islands under the German flag have meant the Pacific Islands for the Germans. The exclusive policy adopted by German, shipping firms illustrates this point. Many disputes arose over this policy of exclusion.

"No better guarantee that the islands under the empire would be open to the world for commerce is needed than the already known British policy. * * *

"German advocates may argue that the reasons against her return to the Pacific are outweighed by the hardships which a change of Government would inflict on her individual colonists. Such an argument, however, cannot apply to the Pacific. New Guinea is the oldest colony of any importance formerly belonging to Germany. The possession of Samoa and the outer islands dated from the present century and the Spanish-American war. In New Guinea, which was annexed in 1884, there has been no extensive settlement. In 1913 the European population in the Bismarck Archipelago was 597. There were also 88 Japanese and 1,141 Chinamen. Of the European population 85 were Government officials, 162 planters, and 88 merchants. The missionaries, with their wives and staff, numbered 293. The Papuan returns for the same year show a white population of 1,219, of whom 118 were Government officers, 109 missionaries, 151 planters, 126 shopkeepers and clerks, and 172 miners.

"There were also 262 colored mission teachers, mostly from Samoa. It is clear that only a miscroscopic section of the German population has sought a home in the islands. It must also be remembered that this section has recently lived under an Australian Military Governor and has administered its affairs through him, with great prosperity and satisfaction, during the last four years."

Part 2 of "The Case for Australia" is mainly an indictment of German methods in international and colonial intercourse. An indictment against Germany is no new thing in these days. Germany has been so infamous during the last four years that any reasonably stated case against her carries immediate conviction throughout the world. Judged by her past, as her actions in the Pacific must be, Germany stands convicted.

It is hardly necessary to develop Part 2 any further. It may prove interesting, however, to comment briefly on the last two subheads, namely, "Return of the colonies to Germany gives her an opportunity:

"To apply to the Pacific a doctrine which would have the same evil effect as the 'Mitteleuropa' schemes as applied to the territories from Berlin to Bagdad;

"To avoid full payment for her aggressions, for her colonies would be an important asset with which to cancel her indemnities in part."

Germany's famous "Mitteleuropa" plan was a heinous piece of diplomacy. Back of the plan lay an understanding of the physical principle of the wedge and the Bismarckian principle, "Keep your enemies in misunderstanding." "Mitteleuropa" was to consist of a union of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey, Bulgaria, and those parts of the Balkans which were to be conquered, thus separating East Europe from the west. The wedge would hold these sections apart, making possible a diplomacy designed to keep other powers in a state of perpetual suspense, such as Bismarck practiced with success until the formation of the Entente Cordiale. As to its economic value much can be said. The proposed railroad from Bagdad to Berlin would tap the area traversed, as well as the Near East, and would at the southern terminal be the radius for Far Eastern antennae of exploitation—for instance, India.

An identical method applied to the Pacific would constitute a wedge between Australia, Japan, and the United States, making it easy, as Germany would conceive it, to sow misunderstanding among these three countries.

The world is agreed that Germany should be punished for her part in the war. There are differences of opinion only as to the extent and nature of that punishment. Clearly, however, Germany should be compelled to pay in a currency she has available and which would not destroy her future ability to pay. Her colonies are such a currency.

The preliminary meetings of the representatives of the great powers in Paris seem to indicate that the conferees understand Australia's relations to the German colonies in the Pacific. Australia has a just plea to put forward; she can, I think, look forward with confidence to the favorable acceptance of that plea by the nations assembled at the Peace Conference.

WIRE RETURN BILL REPORTED TO HOUSE

Republicans Plan to Ask for a Special Rule to Expedite Its Consideration.

HAS STRENGTH IN SENATE

Kellogg, Hitchcock, and Sherman Among Measure's Champions—Cable Status Still a Puzzle.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Moon resolution, altered by the adoption of the Bell substitute so as to require the Postmaster General to return the telegraph and telephone systems to their owners Dec. 31, 1919, was reported to the House this evening by Chairman Moon. Republican members of the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, which passed the resolution, said tonight they would ask for a special rule, so that the bill could be considered immediately. Some predicted that the bill would not only have a swift and easy passage through the House, but also that when it reached the Senate the committee to which it would there be referred would reduce the time for the return of the system.

There was great diversity of opinion today as to the extent to which the cables might be involved in the Moon resolution. Some members of the committee insisted that the under-water wires would have to be returned at the same time as the land wires. Other members, including Judge Moon, shared with the Post Office Department the contention that the cables were in no way affected, and that it would require separate legislation to turn them back. Still others took the ground that there was no necessity for action regarding the cables, as under the present law they must be returned when the President proclaims the ratification of the peace treaty, estimating that this event would take place much sooner than Dec. 31, 1919.

Senator E. D. Smith, Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee, which handled the "wire bills" last year, and to which the Moon resolution no doubt will be referred, said he had no doubt the cables would be affected by the resolution.

As yet no move to parallel the Moon resolution by the introduction of a similar measure in the Senate appears to have been made. The plan seems to be to allow the Moon resolution to come over from the House. When the resolution reaches the Senate it will have stanch champions, such as Senators Kellogg of Minnesota, Hitchcock of Nebraska, and Sherman of Illinois.

Some members of the House Committee declared today that the reason the cables were not mentioned in the resolution adopted yesterday was that the Postmaster General had not asked for an extension of his control over these particular wires.

The Post Office Department was much pleased with the action of the House Committee. Again the statement was made at the department that the intervening eleven months would not be used for experiments to advance any scheme of Government ownership, but would be used as a period of readjustment in which to "protect the companies and the public." The department takes the stand that man-ship lines would become bankrupt if the lines were turned [illegible]

INDIANA WIRE CASE FAILS.

Federal Judge Denies Injunction Against Burleson Rates.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 29.—Holding that the United States District Court had no jurisdiction in the application of the Indiana Public Service Commission for a permanent injunction to prevent collection by the telephone companies of new toll rates recently ordered into effect by Postmaster General Burleson, Judge A. B. Anderson today dissolved the temporary restraining order granted several days ago. The rates became effective in Indiana immediately upon the court's ruling.

Charles M. Bracelon, Solicitor for the Post Office Department, presented the principal argument against the injunction. James E. Markham of the department of the Attorney General of Minnesota answered Mr. Bracelon's argument, calling attention to court actions over the telephone rates pending in Ohio, Michigan, and Minnesota. Judge Anderson said his court had no jurisdiction in the case, because no "Federal question had been raised."

The Public Service Commission may attempt proceedings in the State courts.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Jan. 29.—The County Court today, on petition of the Attorney General of Pennsylvania, issued a preliminary injunction restraining the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania from charging the increased rates recently ordered by the Federal authorities. The hearing was set for Monday.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 29.—An appeal was filed in the State Supreme Court today by the Michigan State Telephone Company from the injunction issued yesterday by the Circuit Court restraining telephone companies of the State from putting into effect rates recently ordered by the Federal Government.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—A complaint against the enforcement of the Federal telephone tariffs in the State, and asking that the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company be enjoined from collecting these tariffs, was filed in the United States District Court here today by the State Railroad Commission. The complaint alleges the commission is the only proper rate-making body in California.

REVENUE BILL READY.

Simmons Announces That It Will Go to the Printer Tonight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The work of clearing up the minor points of difference in the War Revenue bill was continued today by the Senate and House conferees and Senator Simmons said the final draft would be ready for the printer by tomorrow night. This will make it possible for the House to consider the measure on Monday, when a statement concerning the proposed legislation will be made by Representative Kitchin.

Detailed information concerning the final agreements reached on the more important issues were again withheld today by the conferees. It is generally accepted, however, that the Senate has given way on the matter of second-class postage rates, thus providing for the retention of the zone system as set forth in the 1917 bill and that the Senate provisions for excess profits taxes have been generally adopted with an increase to 65 per cent. in the rate of taxation on net incomes in excess of 20 per cent. of invested capital. The proposed Senate rate was 60 per cent.

Asst. Secretary Vrooman Resigns.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Carl Vrooman of Illinois, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, who accompanied the commission sent by the department to Europe, has tendered his resignation, and it has been accepted by the President. Mr. Vrooman has been in poor health for some time.

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GERMAN COLONIES.

In Africa the natives distinguish between "white men" and "Germans." That is a sufficient commentary on German colonial rule, whose cruelties to the subject populations, whose intrigues and military preparations against neighbor possessions, are notorious. They must not be returned to Germany. The voice of their peoples would forbid that. About their future disposition and administration, Mr. WILSON'S Fifth Point lays down the general principles:

> A free, open-minded, and absolutely impartial adjustment of all colonial claims, based upon a strict observance of the principle that, in determining all such questions of sovereignty, the interests of the populations concerned must have equal weight with the equitable claims of the Government whose title is to be determined.

The acceptance of Mr. WILSON'S First Point, which prohibits "private" international understandings of any "kind," prevents such secret disposal of colonies and their peoples as in the days of the old diplomacy shortly before the war enabled Great Britain and Germany to settle the future destiny of the Portuguese colonies in Africa, and, in the emergencies of war and alliance, alienated colonial or other territories by secret treaty. For the future peace of the world the African colonies with their wealth of raw materials must not again be made the cause of encroachment, threatening war. For more than a generation there has been an international scramble for them. England and France came almost to the edge of war. Only seven years ago Germany jockeyed France out of a great African region by the Morocco policy of bluster and blackmail. A German colony was always a source of disturbance. The policy of administering colonies humanely, tolerantly, with observance of the rights and interests of the natives, is followed by the two great colonial Powers, France and Great Britain. If the older rule of revenue first has been maintained in the Dutch colonies, it has been touched with the modern more liberal policy.

Before the war the German colonies, protectorates, and regions dependent on Germany or under its influence included more than a million square miles. Most of this was African. The Pacific possessions amounted to nearly 100,000 square miles. The population, vaguely estimated, was about 14,000,000.

If Italy has further colonial ambitions in East Africa, they have not been formulated definitely. France, if she wishes it, is entitled to the 100,000 square miles or more she ceded to Germany in 1911. Great Britain, "a weary Titan" so far as colonies go, wants nothing. Presumably Belgium may ask some additions to the Belgian Congo. Portugal has all she can deal with. Australia wants German New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago. New Zealand the two German Samoan Islands, the Union of South Africa the neighbor State of German East Africa, China the restoration of Kiao-Chau and of the German concessions in Tientsin and elsewhere. The Japanese program is not definitely known, but Japan is said to desire the Caroline, Marshall, and Marianne Islands in the Pacific, and some of the Chinese attribute to her the wish to assert claims in former German territory in China.

The United States, while a great Pacific Power, has shown the greatest reluctance to continue the colonial activities that were thrust upon her. She has so far displayed no interest in colonial government. She sits at the peace table absolutely without a claim to or thought of territorial gain. Under Mr. WILSON'S plans for the control of the German colonies by the League of Nations, the government of each by authority conferred by the League, the United States has nothing to gain save the furthering of the great purposes of the League. If she should be called upon to take a hand in the carrying out of this or other plans of internationalization, it is a burden that she will assume cheerfully for the general good unselfishly.

The disposition of the German colonies is one of the hardest international problems, one of the richest in points of difference, clashing of ambitions and interests, international jealousies. A condition precedent of a satisfactory settlement is to put by the old way of looking at Pacific and African questions. Germany, militarism, secret diplomacy out of the way, the League of Nations in effect, islands and bays are no longer strategic colgns of vantage, submarine bases. Australia and New Zealand and South Africa no longer need fear the interruption of their communications, the destruction of their commerce, invasion. Australia might very well rule German New Guinea and the Bismarck Archipelago, if the League so decides; the Union of South Africa rule German East Africa. There is to be no condominium, with its infinite sources of friction. Each possession is to be ruled separately under a mandate from the League, the ultimate source of the government of all, for the benefit of the natives and with a view presumably to their ultimate self-government in the measure of their fitness.

Mr. WILSON'S plan is novel, far-reaching, but is it not practicable?

WHERE THINGS ARE BETTER.

Dispatches from Prague (which perhaps we had better begin to call Praha, as its inhabitants do) indicate that the new Czechoslovak republic is an island of comparative happiness in a sea of more or less intense misery. War, Bolshevism, and starvation have afflicted all Bohemia's neighbors to a greater or less extent, and even the Czechoslovaks have some minor troubles, such as frontier skirmishes with Magyars and Poles and the more distant but more weighty peril of Bolshevist invasion from Russia. Nevertheless, business is actually going on among the Czechoslovaks, and on a sound basis which seems to have won the confidence of a good part of the German minority. The two great needs are bread and coal; the mines are not yet working at full capacity, and until they are doing better there will be a shortage of fuel for heating and for the full re-establishment of Bohemian industry. The trouble at the mines is indirectly responsible for the food shortage, for German Austria wants coal which the Czechs are unable to spare, and until that coal is provided the Austrians are likely to be unaccommodating as to the shipment of food through their territory from ships in the Adriatic.

However, the economic situation among the Czechoslovaks shines brightly by adjacent comparisons; and on the foundation of this relative prosperity is built a towering superstructure of joy over the triumphant success of the national revolution. Theatres are doing big business. EMMY DESTINN, kept from New York by an Austrian Government which disliked her because she was a patriotic Czech, has been freed from this honorable internment and is singing at the opera. Americans are intensely popular; while the Czechoslovak Arts Club is giving concerts of Czechoslovak music in New York, an American artist in Prague is giving recitals of American music. Streets and bridges have been named for President WILSON; vehicular traffic on them is somewhat sparse at present, for the Austrians stole all the horses and automobiles, but the Czechs will soon get more. And the story of life in this happy valley is fitly capped by the presence of the well-known coloratura propagandist, Mr. GEORGE CREEL, sojourning among the Czechs before beginning a tour of Central Europe. No coal, but DESTINN; no taxicabs, but CREEL; the substitutions should satisfy an artistic people.

BRITISH NAVAL PLANS SUSPENDED.

From "an authoritative source" THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent in London learns that while work in British naval yards has not stopped "there has been an extensive modification of plans." The Admiralty is marking time, waiting for the Peace Conference to shape the "international situation." A week ago Admiral BEATTY stated that the Grand Fleet would soon be dispersed, but the announcement was premature. Nothing will be done probably "until the statesmen have determined what "work they have for the sailors to do." For the first time in something like ten years the British Government does not have to consider the strategic employment of its sea power. British interests are secure in all waters and concentration of a great battle fleet on the home station is no longer necessary. "The British fleet," wrote Admiral MAHAN in 1911, "is concentrated in the North Sea. There it "defends all British interests, the "British Islands, British commerce, "and the colonies; and, offensively, "commands Germany's commercial "routes." The previous year Admiral MAHAN sounded the warning: "A German navy, supreme by the fall of "Great Britain, with a supreme German army able to spare readily a "large expeditionary force for overseas operations, is one of the possibilities "of the future." The great historian and critic did not live long enough to witness the collapse and ruin of German sea power and the supreme demonstration of the soundness of his theories of naval strategy.

It is no longer necessary for Great Britain to maintain a great naval force in home waters; there is no German menace now, no sea power problem to worry the Admiralty. Elsewhere in the world her argosies can come and go, needing, for the present, no protection from a warship. The problem is how to distribute the fleet, what work to find for it to do. And it becomes a question whether naval expansion, even the replacing of every obsolete warship with one of a modern type, shall go on at all. The reduction of armaments, not only by Great Britain but by other sea Powers, may be imminent—it depends upon the deliberations of the Peace Conference. A working plan of a League of Nations would permit a scaling down of naval units, particularly if it were decided to banish submarines and prohibit the dropping of explosives by aircraft. That Great Britain, or the United States, or any other Power with a commerce, coasts, and isolated possessions to defend in the case of breaches of faith or of calculated aggression, would part with its navy is not imaginable. The millennium is still remote. But navies are not maintained for the sake of show and to gratify national vanity—they cost too much for that; and if the leading Powers league themselves together to substitute arbitration for war and jointly to police the seas of the world for the common security, thus making great wars impossible, since they cannot be carried on without manifestations of sea power, then there can be a considerable reduction of armaments with a welcome lightening of the burden of taxation.

What should be the naval strength of each member of the league could be determined by agreement. Necessarily it would be measured by the needs and responsibilities of the parties to the compact. In the nature of things Great Britain and the United States would have to maintain the largest naval establishments, but rivalry between them would offend against the foundation principles of a League of Nations. Accordingly, Great Britain, whose navy is the most powerful in the world and greater than her present or prospective requirements, is taking thought of the opportunity opening to her and to her allies in the negotiations at the peace table. She has no naval expansion program and is "going slow" on construction in her yards. It is not idealism but rational policy.

THE STEEL RECORD.

The gentlemen who draw "curves" of financial movements would find their task easier with the skyline of New York than with the earnings or dividends of the Steel Corporation. In the seventeen years of its life it has only once had a dividend deficit, but it has come near doing so several times. An income which has an annual range between nothing and $333,574,177 net earnings shows considerable success in defying stabilization. The truer comparison is not between the good and bad years, but between the conditions in the industry before and after the trust was organized. Although the corporation's record shows canyons and peaks, there has been no return of the distress for both labor and capital which existed before the industry was "integrated," a word of reproach for the cynical which has justified itself to practical men. It is not easy to believe that the corporation can ever fall hereafter to earn its minimum of net earnings made in the first year of the war, $71,663,614. With that as a minimum, representing the "panper" state of the industry, and with the demonstration that the "prince" stage survives, too, the outlook offers an assurance justifying the ideas of its founders.

A stabilizing influence additional to conservative management is found in the tax deduction. For the past year it was $274,288,797, leaving for the company $198,634,569. That deduction is a handicap even for the billion-dollar corporation, and explanation enough for the deduction of one-half from the 2 per cent. extra common dividend, or addition to the regular rate. Even if business should decline there is likely to be an offset in the reduction of the tax burden, for business in general cannot always endure the burdens now put upon it. Taxation must be at a maximum when the tax burden exceeds the remnant for the owners. The Steel Corporation is an epitome of the basic trade, and is better worth considering as such than as an individual enterprise subject to discriminating assault by prosecutors and taxlayers, a shining mark at which shafts are aimed which hit others, and which even have some characteristics of the boomerang.

THE CUT IN SHIP FREIGHTS.

The reduction of two-thirds in British ship freights has unexpected reactions which illustrate the difference between economic and statutory regulation of trade. The profit and loss entry in the balance sheet includes more contingencies than it is possible for human intelligence to foresee, and explains why business enterprise must be allowed a surplus as a regulator of policy. It may be a coincidence only, and yet there is an appearance of cause and effect in the announcement on the same day with the reduction of freights that 1,250,000 tons had been struck from our shipbuilding program. We and the world certainly need ships less since the armistice, and the reduction in freights warns us that the loss of a billion dollars in costly construction is only a beginning if our ships are to be run on the world's highest basis of cost.

The reduction in freights is a boon which offers a challenge to the other alleged boon of a compulsory increase of wages under the Furuseth seamen's law, which it is proposed to fasten upon the world as an item in the program of labor's internationale. In the railway matter lower rates were promised and higher wages, and we see the result of riding horses going in opposite directions. In the shipping case there are resemblances as well as differences, one being that the ship freight cut is by British private owners, and is met by our governmental agency. It is not agreeable to think of a "war" of rates practically between Governments, for the British shipowners would certainly find support if our competition survived its burden to us enough to embarrass them. It may not be affirmed that the reduction of rates is the British reply to Mr. HURLEY'S declaration that our competition with British shipping would be so friendly that there would be no friction, but that would be a natural inference.

The freedom of the seas has a mercantile as well as a military meaning, and the first lesson is offered for our instruction. Will our subsidists increase their demand for cash as England reduces the cost of freight? Cheapness and private enterprise would be opposed to dearness and Government operation if the two programs were continued to their logical result. Or will there be an agreement to pool both fleets, in the manner in which it is proposed to allow our railways to pool their differences and earnings after having forbidden it?

The plainer lesson is that there are so many surprises in business that the less Governments meddle with it the better. It is better to allow private profits with risk to investors than to fasten sure loss upon taxpayers. There are quarrels even between partners, and men who might have been friends risk bitterness if their interests collide. Our shipbuilding enterprise is bad business as it stands, economically speaking. That calls for no reproach, for the loss is justified by the conditions, and is one particularly fit for Government to assume. But our loss need not be made unnecessarily large, and we should not enter into an uneconomic cutting of rates, with England as our competitor. Perplexities and costs are large enough all round without taking any unnecessarily.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

By Them America Is Judged.

In Right About, the excellent paper published by and for the soldier patients in the debarkation hospitals of this city, there is printed with well-deserved commendation a memorandum to the officers recently issued by the commander of the American naval forces in French waters. In this memorandum the Admiral emphatically stated the fact that upon every one of these officers rested heavy responsibilities, incidental to his representative capacity—that on his character and conduct depended not only the judgment that foreigners would form of the American people, but in a large measure the obligation which the men under them would feel by their own actions to avoid criticism and earn praise as Americans.

He told them, too, that, abroad as at home, they were under the moral law of their own country, and that, as picked men, leaders trained and educated, it was their duty to avoid even the appearance of evil, to be clean, temperate, and discreet in bearing and associations, by habit, bearing, and language winning confidence and respect. These responsibilities, he said, were to be considered an honor, not a burden, and the man who avoided or forgot them incurred a guilt far heavier than would an ordinary civilian who did or failed to do the things he had in mind.

Like Duties Rest on Privates.

All of the American Admiral's advice and exhortation to his officers, Right About declared, should be taken to themselves by all the men, no matter of what rank, who wear the American uniform. Every one of them also has his representative capacity, for he, too, though a private, is a picked man, as the unfit were not accepted for service. He is also a marked man, "in the sense that when he does anything wrong it reflects discredit not only upon himself but upon the service, upon the comrades who shared with him the hardships of war, and upon the brave dead." Whether a soldier went abroad and was in the fighting, or whether, for one or another of many good reasons, he remained on this side of the sea, the obligation imposed by his uniform remained precisely the same, and weaknesses or faults displayed by him were judged, and rightly judged, with a severity proportioned to the credit he gets when his conduct is exemplary.

More than abstention from the graver infractions of law is expected from men in uniform, and transgressions that in other men are venal acquire a special gravity when they bring disgrace on a company, a regiment, or a division—on our whole army, in short.

The duties assumed by the soldier are active duties—he must be the exemplar of discipline, the living proof that it has made him a better man than those who have not been subjected to it, who have not taken a special oath to maintain their country's honor and defend its safety. Drunkenness, lamentable enough in any man, in a soldier is a form of treason, as it incapacitates him for the service he has sworn to render, and for him to participate in disorder or sedition really is treason in every sense of the word except the most technical.

Payments Made and Delayed.

Nothing could be much better calculated to produce resentment in the mind of an officer or private soldier whose pay is many weeks or several months in arrears than to read in the papers that all of the so-called conscientious objectors who were released the other day from Fort Leavenworth went away with their pockets well filled with the money that became legally due to them when they were restored to the service before discharge. Resentment thus excited, however, is hardly justified by the facts, and it is not justified at all if it has for basis the assumption that the $33,000 paid to the conscientious objectors was so promptly forthcoming because of any special friendliness felt for those strange creatures by anybody in the War Department. They got their money, of course, because the law said they should have it, and they got it promptly because to pay them was a task that involved none of the difficulties that often have attended the payment of men in active service, subject to frequent transfer from division to division or from hospital to hospital.

The only safe deduction to be drawn from the contrast between the payment of the conscientious objectors and the frequent delays in paying the men who did or were willing to do the fighting for their country, which, in case of need, is every citizen's first duty, is that the War Department's disbursing system has not proved adequate to meet the requirements placed on it by a great war conducted on the other side of the Atlantic. Criticism of that failure should not be too harsh, and it should take account of human possibilities in conditions obviously most trying.

Two things are sure—there was no lack of money and none of good intentions. That there has been something of incompetence is clear from the number and nature of the complaints that everybody is hearing from penniless soldiers, but in the circumstances of this war something of incompetence was inevitable. It does seem, though, that there has been too much of this particular form of incompetence and that it has continued too long.

Binoculars Back from the War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Today returned to us, after evident months of use on the sea, a pair of binoculars loaned to the Government in December, 1917. They were accompanied by a courteous note from the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, stating, among other things, that "a certificate evidencing the participation of this article in the war * * * will be forwarded to you." The glasses are their own certificate. Their lenses are nearly intact, but every other surface is as battered, nicked, and abraded as leather and hard rubber can be. They bear the tag "U. S. S. Pueblo, 12-27, '18." The notches filed in the rims by their sailor owner to permit removal and cleansing of the lenses show that sharp eyes were needed and kept ready for the German terror.

We were fond of these glasses for the fun they had given us in long-ago days when we peacefully hunted Kentucky warblers, but now they are literally "more precious than rubies." X.

New York, Jan. 27, 1919.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In November, 1917, I read in your paper a request from the Navy Department through Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary, that all idle binoculars (not opera glasses) in the hands of citizens should be lent to the department, as they had no other way of meeting the emergency and supplying the ships with glasses to watch for the submarines. It will no doubt be interesting to many readers to know how this plan worked out, so I am pleased to state that my glasses were returned today, very carefully packed and registered, and showing only slight wear from careful usage. Furthermore, as promised by the Secretary, they have affixed a metal tag giving name of donor and the number, (832,) and also have affixed a linen tag bearing the name of the ship, the U. S. S. Pueblo, thus making quite a welcome keepsake.

Considering the hustle and trials of war and the promptness and perfection to which the Navy Department works out even these small details we have one clear explanation of its efficiency—the remarkable protection it gave to our troopships bound for France. No wonder we are all proud of it.

V. DALTON.

Brooklyn, Jan. 27, 1919.

Prohibition at Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The prohibitionists are to be congratulated on their success in making the country safe for hypocrisy. None but the most verdantly unsophisticated believes that our legislators, national and State, will practice the total abstinence from intoxicants which they are forcing on the people. Already Senators and Representatives here are rapidly providing cases for the future Sahara. Lockers in the Capitol and cellars in homes are being replenished. Limousines roll in from Baltimore daily with the precious freight, and the Adams Express office, transformed into a wholesale liquor establishment, is a social gathering place where the best-gowned women in Washington wait patiently to receive their packages. Which means that the Solons of every State, as well as of the nation, as well as all other persons of sufficient means, will be able to procure, before prohibition becomes effective, enough liquid solace for a long time ahead—in the case of the wealthy for the remainder of their lives. The great mass of the plain people, the mechanic, the poorly paid clerk, the small storekeeper, whose drab lot of hard toil or monotonous occupation is somewhat relieved and brightened by an occasional glass of beer partaken in cheerful and congenial company, will be deprived of what their more fortunate fellow-citizens can still enjoy—those to whom many sources of physical and mental exhilaration—travel, golf, art, opera—are open. A year from now Senator Oreoum will have ten thousand dollars' worth of champagne in his cellar; John Smith will, maybe, have a dozen bottles of beer in his ice chest. Is this a square deal? Is John Smith going to submit to it?

A CLERGYMAN.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28, 1919.

THE MESSAGE.

I cannot sleep at night for the crying voices
Of all the dead, starved mothers overseas,
Calling to me "Safe mother, happy mother
With rosy children sleeping quietly,
"Ours were as yours, until war came and famine,
And day by day we saw them wane and fade;
And first our babies died, and then we followed,
Our bread all given to the little ones who stayed.
"How can we rest here in the light, the quiet,
Even though we hold again the babes who died,
When through the worlds we hear our moaning children,
Upon a cross of hunger crucified?"
So in the night their voices keep me waking,
Crying "Speak for us now, we cannot wait.
You that can help, you that can spend your plenty,
Hasten, oh, hasten, lest you be too late!"

HELEN STOCKTON PARKER.

AUSTRALIA'S VIEWS ON GERMAN ISLANDS.

Temporary Jurisdiction Sought With a View to the Future Self-Government of the Former German Colonies in the Pacific.

By HON. H. Y. BRADDON, M. L. C., Commissioner for Australia in America.

Australia feels whole-heartedly that it would be an injustice and a menace to the European and native inhabitants of the South Pacific if the German colonies of that region were to be returned to Germany after the signing of the treaty of peace. That is the paramount consideration. As a secondary consideration Australia feels that the retention of the islands by the British Empire would probably be a happier solution, and would make for the future security of the Commonwealth and the neighboring lands.

Australia has a strong case for presentation to the world and to the Peace Conference, which has just begun its sittings in Paris.

"The Case for Australia," reads a report recently drawn up by several Australian experts, "may be stated under the following heads:

"1. The retention of the German islands by the British Empire is necessary for the future security of Australia and the South Pacific world, because:

"It will be conducive to the future peace of the world;

"It will be in the interests of the native races;

"It will promote the development of the islands by their own original inhabitants;

"It will tend to prevent the exclusion of any nation from the available supplies of raw material.

"The change of itself will not inflict any hardship either on the colonists or on the original inhabitants.

"2. Return of the islands to Germany gives her an opportunity:

"To hatch further imperialistic schemes;

"To use the harbors of the islands as submarine and naval bases for operation in the South Pacific;

"To menace Australia's safety and the safety of nearby domains;

"To continue to mistreat, and eventually to eradicate, the native populations of the islands;

"To selfishly retain the natural resources for exclusive German exploitation;

"To apply to the Pacific a doctrine which would have the same evil effect as the 'Mitteleuropa' schemes as applied to territories from Berlin to Bagdad;

"To avoid full payment for her aggressions, for her colonies would be an important asset with which to cancel part of her indemnities."

The foregoing two points, with their sub-heads, sketch in outline the brief which Australia confidently presents to the impartial judgment of the world.

The Commonwealth is actuated by the very human principle of self-preservation. She knows that the German islands question must be answered—will be answered—but she wants an answer that will forever assure her safety. And that means the colonies must not be returned to Germany. This is of first importance. Of second importance is the problem, "To whom shall they be given?"

Although not moved by any imperialistic impulse, the Commonwealth of Australia feels that the British Empire would probably be the best guardian of the islands. This is arrived at by a process of elimination. It has been suggested that the United States might assume a protectorate over German New Guinea and Samoa, with the consent of the allied nations. This, it is felt, though it would probably be approved by Australia, would not find favor in America. The United States, it is very generally understood, does not desire extended interests in the Pacific. As a matter of fact she would probably find them an inconvenience; and their guardianship would be opposed to even a modified interpretation of the Monroe Doctrine.

This leaves Japan, France, and Great Britain as the only other powers which might conceivably assume supervision of the islands. France is in effect eliminated—because all her resources and attention will be devoted for some time to the restoration of her own land and its industrial activities. Japan has expressed no desire for Germany's possessions so far south in the Pacific. Her sphere of influence as outlined by her own statesmen has been in an eastern direction from her own territories in the Northern Pacific.

Australia, by natural fitness, by interest, and by the necessity to protect her very existence, stands out as the most logical country to assume control of the islands.

"It is necessary to stipulate at the outset," continues the experts' report, "that advocacy of the retention of the German possessions in the Pacific on behalf of Australia does not imply a claim that any of them must necessarily remain forever in the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth."

Intelligent Australian opinion senses clearly that the best fate for the islands would be ultimate independence with nominal inclusion in the British Empire. Australia and her sister Commonwealth, New Zealand, are willing to undertake the work of setting these islands in the path leading to that independence. It is not wholly altruism which prompts this course, but rather an enlightened sense of self-protection.

Proceeding to develop the points in the case, the report says:

"Ever since 1885 the Australian people have recognized that if the harbors of the Pacific, and especially those of New Guinea, were fortified against them or held by an unfriendly power, the coast of Queensland would be exposed to attack, with disastrous consequences to its social and economic life; whereas, if the islands were in their own hands, the harbors might remain unfortified and Australia relieved of the great part of the expenditure otherwise necessary for naval and military defense.

"It is said that these fears have been answered by the ease with which the German possessions were occupied at the outbreak of the war, but this will not stand close examination. The Carolines, which constituted the outer frontier of the dominions, sheltered an enemy fleet which was strong enough to defeat a British squadron; that enemy fleet was only brought to battle—destroyed—by the combined operations of the Japanese, British, and Australian navies.

"The war has completely altered the conditions of strategy in favor of aggression by the weaker naval power. The islands before the war constituted a frontier for Australia consisting of an outer and inner ring, of which the outer would be used as a screen for the enemy's fleet and the inner as the starting point for invasion. Today each island and each harbor is a possible submarine base from which to cut off the trade and transport of Australia to the East, to the Panama Canal, and to British India.

"The argument might be advanced that questions of defense will be completely solved by the League of Nations after its formation. Australia, a stanch believer in the League of Nations-to-be, knowing that the purpose of the League will be to prevent future wars, gives an added impetus to that purpose by demonstrating that, given the islands, war will be done away with in the South Pacific. In short, the Commonwealth advances the firm belief, based on facts, that possession of the islands is a necessary adjustment attendant upon the formation of the League.

"Germany has offered to disarm and to become a partner in the League of Nations. It will be for the Peace Conference to decide the weight to be attached immediately to such an offer. We are entitled to affirm that it is a deathbed repentance that is not by any means indorsed by the whole German people, and that there are no signs of any permanent disposition to agree to the abnegation of sovereignty and subordination of policy which honest membership in such a league would entail. * * *

"For the protection of native races two factors are necessary—character and capacity in administrators, and a high standard of public opinion at home. * * *

"Australia has recognized that a people which assumes control of a tropical country takes on itself a two-fold obligation. It must have regard for the welfare of the native inhabitants and it must endeavor to assure an adequate contribution from the country controlled to the common stock of the world. Australia's administration of Papua, from the time of Sir William MacGregor onward, has demonstrated that she has lived up to the obligations involved. * * *

"It should also be noted that in the Fiji Islands and other islands in the Pacific under British control the decline of population has been arrested and many of the causes to which it had been attributed have been removed.

"The Pacific Islands under the German flag have meant the Pacific Islands for the Germans. The exclusive policy adopted by German shipping firms illustrates this point. Many disputes arose over this policy of exclusion.

"No better guarantee that the islands under the empire would be open to the world for commerce is needed than the already known British policy. * * *

"German advocates may argue that the reasons against her return to the Pacific are outweighed by the hardships which a change of Government would inflict on her individual colonists. Such an argument, however, cannot apply to the Pacific. New Guinea is the oldest colony of any importance formerly belonging to Germany. The possession of Samoa and the outer islands dated from the present century and the Spanish-American war. In New Guinea, which was annexed in 1884, there has been no extensive settlement. In 1913 the European population in the Bismarck Archipelago was 597. There were also 88 Japanese and 1,142 Chinamen. Of the European population 85 were Government officials, 162 planters, and 98 merchants. The missionaries, with their wives and staff, numbered 298. The Papuan returns for the same year show a white population of 1,219, of whom 118 were Government officers, 109 missionaries, 151 planters, 136 shopkeepers and clerks, and 172 miners.

"There were also 262 colored mission teachers, mostly from Samoa. It is clear that only a miscroscopic section of the German population has sought a home in the islands. It must also be remembered that this section has recently lived under an Australian Military Governor and has administered its affairs through him, with great prosperity and satisfaction, during the last four years."

Part 2 of "The Case for Australia" is mainly an indictment of German methods in international and colonial intercourse. An indictment against Germany is no new thing in these days. Germany has been so infamous during the last four years that any reasonably stated case against her carries immediate conviction throughout the world. Judged by her past, as her actions in the Pacific must be, Germany stands convicted.

It is hardly necessary to develop Part 2 any further. It may prove interesting, however, to comment briefly on the last two subheads, namely, "Return of the colonies to Germany gives her an opportunity:

"To apply to the Pacific a doctrine which would have the same evil effect as the 'Mitteleuropa' schemes as applied to the territories from Berlin to Bagdad:

"To avoid full payment for her aggressions, for her colonies would be an important asset with which to cancel her indemnities in part."

Germany's famous "Mitteleuropa" plan was a heinous piece of diplomacy. Back of the plan lay an understanding of the physical principle of the wedge and the Bismarckian principle. "Keep your enemies in misunderstanding." "Mitteleuropa" was to consist of a union of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey, Bulgaria, and those parts of the Balkans which were to be conquered, thus separating East Europe from the west. The wedge would hold these sections apart, making possible a diplomacy designed to keep other powers in a state of perpetual suspense, such as Bismarck practiced with success until the formation of the Entente Cordiale. As to its economic value much can be said. The proposed railroad from Bagdad to Berlin would tap the area traversed, as well as the Near East, and would at the southern terminal be the radius for Far Eastern antennae of exploitation—for instance, India.

An identical method applied to the Pacific would constitute a wedge between Australia, Japan, and the United States, making it easy, as Germany would conceive it, to sow misunderstanding among these three countries.

The world is agreed that Germany should be punished for her part in the war. There are differences of opinion only as to the extent and nature of that punishment. Clearly, however, Germany should be compelled to pay in a currency she has available and which would not destroy her future ability to pay. Her colonies are such a currency.

The preliminary meetings of the representatives of the great powers in Paris seem to indicate that the conferees understand Australia's relations to the German colonies in the Pacific. Australia has a just plea to put forward; she can, I think, look forward with confidence to the favorable acceptance of that plea by the nations assembled at the Peace Conference.

WIRE RETURN BILL REPORTED TO HOUSE

Republicans Plan to Ask for a Special Rule to Expedite Its Consideration.

HAS STRENGTH IN SENATE

Kellogg, Hitchcock, and Sherman Among Measure's Champions—Cable Status Still a Puzzle.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Moon resolution, altered by the adoption of the Bell substitute so as to require the Postmaster General to return the telegraph and telephone systems to their owners Dec. 31, 1919, was reported to the House this evening by Chairman Moon. Republican members of the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, which passed the resolution, said tonight they would ask for a special rule, so that the bill could be considered immediately. Some predicted that the bill would not only have a swift and easy passage through the House, but also that when it reached the Senate the committee to which it would there be referred would reduce the time for the return of the system.

There was great diversity of opinion today as to the extent to which the cables might be involved in the Moon resolution. Some members of the committee insisted that the under-water wires would have to be returned at the same time as the land wires. Other members, including Judge Moon, shared with the Post Office Department the contention that the cables were in no way affected, and that it would require separate legislation to turn them back. Still others took the ground that there was no necessity for action regarding the cables, as under the present law they must be returned when the President proclaims the ratification of the peace treaty, estimating that this event would take place much sooner than Dec. 31, 1919.

Senator E. D. Smith, Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee, which handled the "wire bills" last year, and to which the Moon resolution no doubt will be referred, said he had no doubt the cables would be affected by the resolution.

As yet no move to parallel the Moon resolution by the introduction of a similar measure in the Senate appears to have been made. The plan seems to be to allow the Moon resolution to come over from the House. When the resolution reaches the Senate it will have stanch champions, such as Senators Kellogg of Minnesota, Hitchcock of Nebraska, and Sherman of Illinois.

Some members of the House Committee declared today that the reason the cables were not mentioned in the resolution adopted yesterday was that the Postmaster General had not asked for an extension of his control over these particular wires.

The Post Office Department was much pleased with the action of the House Committee. Again the statement was made at the department that the intervening eleven months would not be used for experiments to advance any scheme of Government ownership, but would be used as a period of readjustment in which to "protect the companies and the public." The department takes the stand that many cables would become bankrupt if the lines were turned back immediately.

INDIANA WIRE CASE FAILS.

Federal Judge Denies Injunction Against Burleson Rates.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 29.—Holding that the United States District Court had no jurisdiction in the application of the Indiana Public Service Commission for a permanent injunction to prevent collection by the telephone companies of new toll rates recently ordered into effect by Postmaster General Burleson, Judge A. B. Anderson today dissolved the temporary restraining order granted several days ago. The rates became effective in Indiana immediately upon the court's ruling.

Charles M. Bracelon, Solicitor for the Post Office Department, presented the principal argument against the injunction. James E. Markham of the department of the Attorney General of Minnesota answered Mr. Bracelon's argument, calling attention to court actions over the telephone rates pending in Ohio, Michigan, and Minnesota. Judge Anderson said his court had no jurisdiction in the case, because no "Federal question had been raised."

The Public Service Commission may attempt proceedings in the State courts.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Jan. 29.—The County Court today, on petition of the Attorney General of Pennsylvania, issued a preliminary injunction restraining the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania from charging the increased rates recently ordered by the Federal authorities. The hearing was set for Monday.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 29.—An appeal was filed in the State Supreme Court today by the Michigan State Telephone Company from the injunction issued yesterday by the Circuit Court restraining telephone companies of the State from putting into effect rates recently ordered by the Federal Government.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—A complaint against the enforcement of the Federal telephone tariffs in the State, and asking that the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company be enjoined from collecting these tariffs, was filed in the United States District Court here today by the State Railroad Commission. The complaint alleges the commission is the only proper rate-making body in California.

REVENUE BILL READY.

Simmons Announces That It Will Go to the Printer Tonight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The work of clearing up the minor points of difference in the War Revenue bill was continued today by the Senate and House conferees and Senator Simmons said the final draft would be ready for the printer by tomorrow night. This will make it possible for the House to consider the measure on Monday, when a statement concerning the proposed legislation will be made by Representative Kitchin.

Detailed information concerning the final agreements reached on the more important issues were again withheld today by the conferees. It is generally accepted, however, that the Senate has given way on the matter of second-class postage rates, thus providing for the retention of the same system as set forth in the 1917 bill, and that the Senate provisions for excess profits taxes have been generally adopted with an increase to 65 per cent. in the rate of taxation on net incomes in excess of 20 per cent. of invested capital. The proposed Senate rate was 60 per cent.

Asst. Secretary Vrooman Resigns.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Carl Vrooman of Illinois, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, who accompanied the commission sent by the department to Europe, has tendered his resignation, and it has been accepted by the President. Mr. Vrooman has been in poor health for some time.

$8,800 PAID FOR A DEGAS PASTEL

"Femme Couchee," a Model, Brings Top Price at Sale of Collections of Moderns.

$54,110 FOR 90 PICTURES

Albert P. Ryder's "Pegasus" Fetches $4,400, and Alfred Sisley's "Le Quai a Sable" $3,500.

The sale of modern pictures by foreign and American artists, sold by direction of the executors of the late Alexander Morten and the late Frank R. Lawrence, the latter many years President of the Lotus Club, and for Miss Elisabeth Inglis, daughter of the late James S. Inglis, at the Plaza last evening, under the auspices of the American Art Association. Thomas E. Kirby, Auctioneer, brought $54,110 for ninety numbers. The interesting picture of the sale, bringing the highest price, was No. 72, a pastel by Degas "Femme Couchée," which went to Knoedler & Co. for $8,800. It was said that this might be a world record price for a pastel by the artist.

The picture was started at $500 and ran up quickly, two bidders going up one $100 and the other $1,000 at a bid. The picture was from the estate of the late Alexander Morten, from the Tadamasa Hayashi collection, New York, 1913. The "Femme Couchée" was a model, a white drapery thrown lightly around her below the waist, resting on a couch where she has thrown herself hastily, face down, one foot resting on the floor.

One of the first small pictures to bring a good price was another from the Morten estate, a little Albert P. Ryder, "The Equestrian," 9½ by 11¼, which went to C. W. Kraushaar for $325. The equestrian was the artist's friend, J. Alden Weir, now President of the National Academy.

Following is a list of the pictures bringing $150 and over:

Travelers at Dusk, (sketch)—Albert P. Ryder, N. A.; C. W. Kraushaar	210
Still Life—Henri Fantin-Latour; C. W. Kraushaar	160
From My Studio Window—Jean Charles Cazin; Seaman, agent	286
Fantasy (panel)—Adolphe Monticelli; L. A. Osborne	170
Landscape—Antoine Louis Barye; Park Avenue Studios	170
Harvest Laborer, (Fragment of "Moissonneur liant des gerbes,") (drawing)—Jean Francois Millet; C. W. Kraushaar	350
Knitting, (La Grande Bergere,) (crayon drawing)—Jean Francois Millet; C. Hastings	370
Female Figure, (charcoal drawing)—Pierre Puvis de Chavannes; A. W. Bahr	325
A Cup of Wine, (panel)—Louis Victor Felix Mettling; Seaman, agent	210
Late Afternoon—Albert P. Ryder; William Macbeth	775
40—Jealousy—Eugene Fichel; Arlington Galleries	175
44—Landscape, Long Island—Charles Henry Miller, N. A.; F. J. Heney	150
45—Gossips—Jerome Myers; A. F. Egner	160
47—Deux Femmes, (pastel sketch)—Auguste Renoir; Knoedler & Co.	400
48—At the Mirror—Jean Francois Raffaelli; C. W. Kraushaar	625
49—Pegasus—Albert P. Ryder, N. A.; William Macbeth	4,400
50—Le Quai a Sable—Alfred Sisley; C. W. Kraushaar	3,500
51—Roses, (panel)—Julian Alden Weir; Knoedler & Co.	260
52—A Venetian Street, (panel)—William Gedney Bunce; C. Hastings	270
53—Sunset, (millboard)—John J. Enneking; Bernet, agent	250
54—A Spanish Girl, (panel)—Irving Ramsey Wiles, N. A.; Holland Galleries	150
55a—The Bather—J. J. Henner; Holland Galleries	290
55—The Pond—Albert P. Ryder; William Macbeth	625
56—Homeward Bound—Albert P. Ryder; A. F. Egner	850
57—Femme lisant un journal illustre—Auguste Renoir; Durand Ruel	4,000
58—The Blue Sea and the Bather—Childe Hassam; Rehn Galleries	1,200
59—Autumn Landscape—Charles Harry Eaton; Seaman, agent	170
60—A River in Holland—Henry Ward Ranger; Bernet, agent	700
61—Moonlight, Venice (panel)—William Gedney Bunce; K. Edwards	1,700
62—In the Forest—Alexander H. Wyant; Bernet, agent	1,800
63—Landscape—C. F. Hill; R. S. Hull	
64—Carmans River, Long Island—Frederick W. Kost; F. J. Heney	100
65—Gray Day, Shropshire, England—Charles Melville Dewey; Bernet, agent	635
66—Ragged Island, Maine—Frederick Ballard Williams; E. A. Bates	400
65—A Quiet Nook, (panel)—David Johnson; F. W. Gordon	250
66—Diana—Albert P. Ryder; A. W. Barr	500
67—Nocturne—Ernest Lawson; C. W. Kraushaar	275
69—The Edge of the Forest—Robert C. Minor; Dr. F. Frank	975
70—The Blacksmith's Shed—Gustave Courbet; Dr. F. Frank	2,200
71—Femme en corsage rouge et enfant—Mary Cassatt; Knoedler & Co.	2,550
73—The Bath, copy of, (Rembrandt, Louvre)—Louis Victor Felix Mettling; R. S. Hull	175
74—Landscape, Huntsmen and Hay Wagon—Georges Michel and John Lewis Brown; Holland Galleries	150
75—Ironbound—Childe Hassam; C. Hastings	2,900
76—Old-fashioned Circus—Ernest Lawson; Dr. F. Frank	210
78—Roses—Julian Alden Weir; Knoedler & Co.	500
79—The Speedway—Ernest Lawson; C. W. Kraushaar	225
80—My Summer Studio—John Henry Twachtman; C. W. Kraushaar	1,500
81—Hide and Seek—William Merritt Chase; M. Knoedler & Co.	425
82—The Fog—Jonas Lie; M. Knoedler & Co	200
83—Hunters and Pack—John Lewis Brown; A. Augustus Healey	675
85—Arrival of an Embassy—Tiepolo; A. Riemann	310
86—Morningside Heights—Ernest Lawson; William Macbeth	600
87—The Voyage of Leif Ericson—Edward Moran; F. W. Gordon	400
88—Lady Trying on Hat—Frederick Carl Frieseke; Wm. Macbeth	675
89—Ribot's Family Group—Ribot; Mr. F. Frank	225
90—Return of the Fishing Boats—Louis Latouche; Dr. F. Frank	175

There was a good attendance and bidding was spirited.

Start Club to Hire Back Soldiers.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 29.—Members of the Charleston Kiwanis Club have started a movement to form a nation-wide "hire back club" which shall urge the re-employment of all soldiers in their former positions. The plan further is to take care of the surplus of soldiers needing work.

Fine Books and Fine Bindings at Reduced Prices *Through January at* **DUTTON'S** 681 Fifth Avenue, near 54th St.

JAN V. CHELMINSKI'S *Latest Portraits of* PERSHING, FOCH, JOFFRE and HAIG, *Etc.* *on Exhibition at the* Kleinberger Galleries 725 Fifth Ave.

CUDAHY AND WILSON OPPOSE REGULATION

Packers Say It Would Destroy Industry's Efficiency—Prices Falling, Says Swift.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—While Louis F. Swift, President of Swift & Co., was being cross-examined today before the Senate Agriculture Committee, Edward A. Cudany, President of the Cudahy Packing Company, and T. E. Wilson, President of Wilson & Co., were telling the House Interstate Commerce Committee that pending legislation to regulate the packing industry was unnecessary.

Both Mr. Cudahy and Mr. Wilson said the investigation of the industry conducted by the Federal Trade Commission was unfair and should not be used as the basis for action by Congress.

Mr. Wilson said he did not criticise the investigators because probably they were sincere, but he said they started off with a fixed idea regarding the packers.

Mr. Cudahy said the packers would favor "complete and better publicity of the facts," and if this were coupled with friendly co-operation "far better results would be attained than by more legislation."

Both men declared that the efficiency of the packing industry would be destroyed if controlled or regulated by the Government.

Francis J. Heney, chief counsel for the Trade Commission in the investigation of the packers, again conducted the cross-questioning of Mr. Swift. He inquired into speculative transactions in Swift stocks as well as into alleged attempts of the big packing concerns to control prices and markets.

Stocks of all meats are greater now than a year ago, Mr. Swift testified.

"Then why don't prices go down?" asked Senator Norris.

"I understand they are on the toboggan," the witness replied.

He explained that much of the accumulation was due to heavy supplies at Eastern ports awaiting shipment to England.

JONES BOOKS BRING $66,967.

Boccaccio Manuscript Bought by G. D. Smith for $4,000.

The sale of the library of Herschel V. Jones of The Minneapolis Journal at the Anderson Galleries yesterday brought $66,967. The afternoon session realized $66,967. The highest price of the day was $4,000, paid y George D. Smith for Catalogue No. 1,070C, the great Bruges, 1462, manuscript of "De la Cas des Nobles Hommes et Femmes," by Boccaccio, one of the manuments in secular manuscript literature. Among the other prices were the following:

No. 813—Fanshawe, by Nathaniel Hawthorne, Boston, 1828, first edition of his first book; Frederick W. Morris	$850
No. 820—Lafcadio Hearn manuscript, "The Scenes of Cable's Romances"; George D. Smith	540
No. 850—The Temple, by George Herbert, Cambridge, 1633, first edition; George D. Smith	570
No. 854—Hesperides, by Robert Herrick, London, 1648; George D. Smith	1,235
No. 875A—Thersytis, by Jasper Heywood, London, (1550-1560,) first edition; Rosenbach Company	3,200
No. 876—The Spider and the Flie, by John Heywood, London, 1556, first edition; George D. Smith	500
No. 893—Sanctus Epistelae, by St. Jerome, Mainz, Peter Schoeffer, Sept. 7, 1470, with the arms of Louis XIV. on the sides; Joseph Martini	1,950
No. 895—"Vita Epistolae" of St. Jerome, Ferrara, 1497; George D. Smith	585
No. 896—"Polychronycon," by Ranulph Higden, Englished by John de Trevise, with continuation by William Caxton, Southwerke, 1527; George D. Smith	660
No. 906—"Amanda," by Nicholas Hooker, London, 1653, first edition; Rosenbach Co.	1,000
No. 907—Franco-Spanish "Horae," written on vellum about 1450 in Paris, illustrated with miniatures, borders and initials; George D. Smith	2,850
No. 908—"Book of Hours," printed on vellum by Verard, printer at the Court of France during the reigns of Louis XII. and Francis I., only one other copy known; George D. Smith	1,000
No. 923—"Office of the Virgin Mary," manuscript on vellum, Paris, 1656, executed by N. Jarry; J. F. Drake	1,000
No. 924—"The Disobedient Child," by Thomas Ingeland, London, circa 1565, first edition; George D. Smith	680
No. 926—"Book of Legal Writs," London, 1510, Richard Pynson's typographical monument; George D. Smith	535
No. 930—"The Essayes of a Prentise in the Divine Art of Poesie," by James VI. of Scotland, Edinburgh, 1574; George D. Smith	1,350
No. 947—Ben Jonson's "King James, His Royall and Magnificent Entertainment," London, 1604, first edition; Walter M. Hill	900
No. 948—"Hymenaei," by Ben Jonson, London, 1606, first edition; George D. Smith	910
No. 950—John Selden's "Jani Anglorum," 1610, first edition of his first book, Ben Jonson's copy; George D. Smith	700
No. 958—"Chloridia," by Ben Jonson, London, 1630, first edition; George D. Smith	1,110
No. 965—Poems, by John Keats, London, 1817, first edition, presented by the author "to his young friend Wells;" Rosenbach Co.	2,600
No. 970—Imitatio Christi, by Thomas Kempis, Augsburg, circa 1470, editio princeps; George D. Smith	3,450
No. 1020—Spanish Codex on parchment, tenth century; James F. Drake	770
No. 997—A Knack to Know an Honest Man, London, 1596; George D. Smith	1,110
No. 950—Cataline, by Ben Johnson, London, 1611; George D. Smith	1,050

The grand total to date is $207,627. Today the first edition of Milton's "Comus," dedication copy, will be sold.

Virginians' Dinner Tomorrow.

The annual dinner and dance of the Virginians is to be held at the Hotel Plaza tomorrow evening, last year's function having been postponed on account of the war. John P. East, Walter M. McCorkle, William D. Buckner, and Hamilton Rogers are the officers of the Virginians.

Miss Bromm Weds M. H. Kenney.

Miss Anna M. Bromm, formerly Secretary of the Sunday editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES, was married yesterday to Michael H. Kenney of Springfield, Mass., at the Church of St. Angela Merici, the Bronx. The bridesmaid was Miss Alice M. Jenkins, also of THE TIMES staff. Lieutenant Frank Bromm was best man.

After the ceremony there was a reception at the home of the bride, 287 East 162d Street. Mr. and Mrs. Kenney then left for Springfield, Mass., where they will make their home.

Naisawald-Carrington.

Louis C. Naisawald, President of the Naisawald Trading Company of 102 Wall Street and 140 West Fifty-seventh Street, and Mrs. Henry P. Carrington of 150 West Fifty-seventh Street were married very quietly last Tuesday in St. Thomas's Church by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires. Mr. Naisawald has two sons, Harold W. and H. Louis Naisawald.

Green-Wright.

Miss Margaret Brown Wright, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. P. Blonde of Greenwich, Conn., and Albert Green of Morristown, N. J., who has just received his discharge from the Canadian overseas forces, were married yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride in Greenwich.

HARRISON GAWTRY, GAS CAPITALIST, DIES

President for Ten Years of Consolidated Co., of Which He Was an Organizer.

PIONEER IN THE MUTUAL

Native New Yorker and Civil War Veteran Was a Trustee in Many Big Corporations.

Harrison E. Gawtry, capitalist, who was one of the organizers of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York, and the President of that corporation for more than ten years, until his resignation because of ill health in December, 1904, died yesterday morning at his home, 33 East Fifty-seventh Street. He had for many years been interested in a number of other enterprises.

Mr. Gawtry was born in New York City Nov. 28, 1840, the son of William M. Gawtry, a woolen merchant, and Ann E. Gawtry. In 1877 Mr. Gawtry became interested in the Municipal Gas Light Company, and became its first Secretary. He was elected Treasurer in 1886, and in January, 1894, he became President of the Consolidated Gas Company, which position he retained until 1904. During his administration the Consolidated Gas Company of New York acquired practically all of the gas and electric light companies doing business in Manhattan, the Bronx, and Long Island City.

Mr. Gawtry was Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Consolidated Gas Company from 1904 until 1916, and at the time of his death was a member of the board, having been re-elected for another term on Monday, and also was Vice President of the New York Mutual Gas Light Company, and a member of the Board of Trustees of the New York Edison Company, the Consolidated Telegraph and Electrical Subway Company, the Northern Union Gas Company, the Northern Westchester Lighting Company, the Peekskill Lighting and Railroad Company, and up to a short time ago he was also a Director of all the subsidiary companies of the Consolidated Gas Company. Some years ago he was a Trustee of the Astor Trust Company, Union Trust Company, Fulton Trust Company, and other financial institutions.

Mr. Gawtry served in the civil war as member of Company K, 7th Regiment, New York. His wife, who was Miss E. Louise Brown, died in 1912. Two children survive, Lewis Brown Gawtry, Vice President of the Consolidated Gas Company, and Mrs. Helen Gawtry Collins, wife of Major Howard D. Collins, M. C. U. S. A., now in France. He was a member of the Union League, Union and Tuxedo Clubs, Chamber of Commerce of New York, New York Historical Society, Museum of Natural History, Metropolitan Museum of Art, Sons of the Revolution, and Seventh Regiment Veterans' Association.

The funeral of Mr. Gawtry will be held tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the home, conducted by the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant of the Church of the Ascension.

DROP IN INFLUENZA CASES.

Pneumonia Also Shows Decrease, Health Department Reports.

Deaths and new cases of influenza and pneumonia reported in the city yesterday showed a decrease, compared with Tuesday's figures. According to the Health Department report, there were 85 deaths from influenza, 24 less than the previous day; 106 deaths from pneumonia, 13 less than Tuesday; 416 new cases of influenza, 244 less than Tuesday, and 102 new cases of pneumonia reported, or 97 less than Tuesday.

Here are the influenza and pneumonia cases reported by boroughs:

	Influenza.	Pneumonia.
Manhattan	206	64
Brooklyn	110	20
Bronx	62	9
Queens	25	4
Richmond	13	5
Total	416	102

Henry L. Pittock, Publisher.

PORTLAND, Ore., Jan. 29.—Henry L. Pittock, publisher of The Portland Oregonian for nearly sixty years, died last night at the age of 83 years. Mr. Pittock, a native of England, came to the United States with his parents in 1839 and settled in Pittsburgh, Penn., where he learned printing in a shop established by his father. He came to Portland in 1853 and obtained work on The Weekly Oregonian. Early in 1861 he bought the newspaper and started a daily. Mr. Pittock was also a large holder of city real estate, paper mill property, timber lands and banks stock.

Bishop A. L. Williams of Nebraska.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 29.—Bishop Arthur L. Williams died suddenly at his home here last midnight of heart disease. Bishop Williams was head of the Episcopal Diocese in this district. Following his graduation from the Western Theological Seminary, in Chicago, in 1883, and several years spent as rector of churches in Colorado and Chicago, he became Coadjutor Bishop of Nebraska in 1899, and became Bishop in 1908. Bishop Williams was born in Owen Sound, Ontario, sixty-three years ago.

Shunzo Takaki.

Shunzo Takaki, a son of Baron Kanchiro Takaki of Tokio, Japan, and a member of the firm of Mitsui & Co., Ltd., this city, died yesterday morning at St. Luke's Hospital.

Mr. Takaki was born in Tokio thirty-six years ago and received his early education in his native city. Coming to America, he was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1909. In his college life he took a keen interest in athletics.

Soon after his graduation Mr. Takaki returned to Japan and married Miss Tatsuo Mitsui, who was accredited to be the wealthiest woman in Japan, being the daughter of the man who financed the Japanese Government during the war with Russia. His wife and four children survive.

Mr. Takaki was a member of the Nippon Club, the Japan Society, the Railroad Club, Aldine Club, and the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York City.

Dr. Clarence J. Blake.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—Dr. Clarence J. Blake, Professor Emeritus of Otology of the Harvard Medical School, died at his home here today. He was born in this city 76 years ago and after receiving his M. D. degree from Harvard in 1865 studied abroad for four years. From 1888 to 1913 he was Professor of Otology at Harvard. Dr. Blake had been aural surgeon at the Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary since 1871, President of the Infants' Hospital, and manager of the Children's Hospital. He was a former President of the American Otological Society and was at one time editor of The American Journal of Otology. Dr. Blake was the author of "Operative Otology."

Diamond Remounting MODERN AND ORIGINAL DESIGNS IN PLATINUM *Theodore A. Kohn & Son* JEWELLERS 321 FIFTH AVENUE AT 32ND STREET

PROF. W. E. KELLICOTT DIES.

Prominent Scientist Held Chair of Biology at City College.

William Erskine Kellicott, professor of biology at the College of the City of New York, and a scientist of distinction, died of pneumonia yesterday at his home at Hastings, N. Y. Professor Kellicott, who was born in Buffalo, was 41 years old and left a widow, formerly Miss Mary Hicks of Columbus, Ohio, and a daughter.

Professor Kellicott was educated at the Ohio State University and at Columbia University. He was an instructor in zoology at Barnard College for five years and a professor of biology at Goucher College, Baltimore, more than ten years. In 1908 he was appointed Director of the Marine Biological Laboratory, Woods Hole, Mass., continuing in that capacity until 1917, when he entered the Federal Food Administration as assistant statistician, where, after serving a year, he joined the Faculty of the City College.

A member of a number of scientific societies, Professor Kellicott had written several books on evolution, embryology, and other technical subjects, including "Social Direction of Human Evolution," "Text Book of General Embryology," and "Outlines of Chordate Development."

Obituary Notes.

JOHN FREDERICK SCHNEIDER, formerly for forty-two years with the shipping firm of Watjen & Toel, is dead at his home, 461 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, in his sixty-seventh year. He was a member of the Society of Old Brooklynites and the Flushing Institute Alumni Association.

FRANCIS LEW, associated with his father in the roofing contracting business, died yesterday at his home, 1,371 Park Place, Brooklyn, of pneumonia.

Mrs. MARY J. McNAMEE, widow of John McNamee, who was a prominent builder in Brooklyn and identified with the Board of Education, died on Tuesday at her home, 237 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

HENRY CLAYTON, for twenty-seven years employed as a bookkeeper by the People's Guarantee Trust Company, died yesterday at his home, 159 Hall Street, Brooklyn.

JAMES J. MATCHETT, a confectioner in Brooklyn and a former President of the Confectioners' Association, died yesterday at his home, 275 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, in his sixty-ninth year. Mr. Matchett had lived in Brooklyn for fifty years and was President of the Board of Trustees of the Central Presbyterian Church.

JOHN DE WITT CLARK, a civil war veteran and for forty years in the employ of the Brooklyn Gas Company, died in the Brooklyn Home for Aged Men on Tuesday, aged 76 years. He was born in Cornwall-on-the-Hudson and was a member of the Veterans Association of the 23d Regiment.

NICHOLAS CAROLA, 46 years old, an exporter of toilet preparations and a member of Amity Lodge, No. 323, F. and A. M., died on Monday at his home, 711 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARGARET AGNES GREER, widow of Samuel M. Greer, an importer of this city, died on Monday at the home of her daughter, 799 East Eighteenth Street, Flatbush, aged 59 years.

ANDREW STEWART, retired builder of Manhattan and the Greenpoint section, died in his eighty-sixth year on Monday at his home, 158 Calyer Street, Brooklyn.

Dr. LEON E. BOYD, a Brooklyn dentist, died from heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 541 East Forty-seventh Street, Flatbush. He was born in Greenfield, Ohio, forty-four years ago and was graduated from the Cincinnati Dental College in 1896.

JOHN FOLEY REIDY, head of the copy department of the W. A. Patterson Advertising Agency, died Monday at his home, 541 West End Avenue, at the age of 29 years. He was born in Saratoga, N. Y., and was educated at the University of Virginia and Columbia University.

WILLIAM C. SCHRADER, a lithograph poster artist, died at his home, 170 West Seventy-fifth Street. He was born in Westfield forty-five years ago, and had lived in this city for five years.

Mrs. ANNIE TEARE, 74 years old, died Tuesday at her home, 633 Greenwich Street, where she had lived for the last fifty-four years. She was born in Ireland. A son, Captain Robert J. Teare of the Fire Department, retired, survives.

HENRY FILKINS MORGAN, for the last thirty years employed as a gold refiner in the United States Assay Office in this city, died yesterday of pneumonia at his home, 188 Grove Street, Montclair, N. J. Mr. Morgan was 63 years old.

ERNEST M. GOODALL, President of the Sanford Mills Corporation of Sanford, Me., and brother of Congressman Louis B. Goodall, died yesterday at his Winter home in Miami, Fla., according to a telegram received here tonight. Mr. Goodall was born in Troy, N. H., 66 years ago. He had served in the Maine House of Representatives and Senate and as a member of the Governor's Council.

Dr. EDWARD SANDERS, for many years a practicing physician in this city, died yesterday at his home, 260 West 113th Street. Dr. Sanders was graduated from the New York University Medical College in 1876, and was attending physician of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum.

Mrs. EDWARD KRESS, known under her maiden name of Miss Effie Archer as advertising manager of the American Thread Company and Secretary of the New York League of Advertising Women, died at her home in Brooklyn Tuesday of pneumonia, following influenza.

Married.

NAISAWALD—CARRINGTON.—Mrs. Henry P. Carrington to Mr. Louis C. Naisawald, Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, at St. Thomas's Church, by the Rev. Ernest M. Stires.

Born.

SCHWEITZER.—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Schweitzer, (nee Julia Kirsh,) of 1,853 7th Av., announce the birth of a son on Jan. 27, 1919.

Died.

ALEXANDER.—On Jan. 28, Milton Alexander, beloved husband of Rebecca Breder Alexander and father of Louise Alexander. Funeral from his late residence, 2,029 Bathgate Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M. Interment Cypress Hills. Chicago, Pittsburgh and Detroit papers please copy.

ARMENY.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919, Carrie, beloved wife of George T. J. and mother of Herbert Armeny, in her 56th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,077 Keller Av., on Friday, Jan. 31, at 8 P. M.

BANCROFT.—On Jan. 29, J. Sellers Bancroft, 917 Pine St., Philadelphia, Penn., aged 75. Funeral and interment private.

BLANEY.—On Jan. 29, at 306 West 94th St., Sally Leach, infant daughter of Charles P. and Helen B. Blaney. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

BOUILLE.—On Jan. 29, 1919, Mme. Bouille, at her residence, 524 West 184th. Services at Walter H. Williams' funeral parlor, 331 West 121st St., Thursday, 8 P. M., Rev. E. E. Franke officiating.

BOWDEN.—On Jan. 29, 1919, Rufus V. Bowden, at his residence, 344 West 72d St. Remains at Walter H. Williams's Funeral Parlor, 331 West 121st St. Services and interment at El Paso, Texas.

BOWLES.—Mary E., widow of the late Thomas N. Bowles. Funeral services at her late residence, 474 54th St., Brooklyn, Thursday, 8 P. M. Interment private, at Union Cemetery, Bedford, N. Y.

BYK.—Pauline, beloved wife of Morris Byk, in her 72d year, at her residence, 1,190 Madison Av., Monday, Jan. 27. Funeral Thursday, 10 A. M.

CLARK.—On Jan. 28, at the Home for Aged Men, 745 Classon Av., Brooklyn, John De Witt Clark, aged 76 years. Funeral services at the chapel of the home on Friday, Jan. 31, at 2 P. M.

COMBS.—At South Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Abbie E., widow of John W. Combs. Funeral services will be held at her late home, 521 Center St., South Orange, on Friday, Jan. 31, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

CONYNGHAM.—On Wednesday afternoon, at her residence, 383 Park Av., Alice Conyngham, widow of J. Frank Turner, and daughter of Col. C. M. and Helen Conyngham of Wilkes-Barre, Penn. Burial at Wilkes-Barre on Friday. Kindly omit flowers. Philadelphia papers please copy.

DAVENPORT.—Albert B., at Danbury, Conn., Jan. 29, 1919, of pneumonia. Funeral at residence of his son, A. Shelton Davenport, 20 Fairview Av., Danbury, Friday, Jan. 31, at 2 P. M.

DAVIS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Robert Taylor Davis, only son of Thomas J. and Helen Davis, in his 4th year. Funeral services at the residence of his parents, 1,917 Newkirk Av., Brooklyn, Thursday evening, Jan. 30, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

DE CAMP.—On Jan. 28, at his residence, 600 West 186th St., Silas O., husband of Emma O., (nee Hall.) Services Thursday, Jan. 30, at 2 P. M.

DE MARTINI.—On Jan. 28, 1919, Theodore B., in his 17th year, beloved son of John De Martini. Funeral from his father's residence, 375 Arlington Av., Jersey City, on Saturday, Feb. 1, at 10 A. M., from the Church of St. Patrick, where a solemn high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment in family plot, Calvary Cemetery.

DESCALZI.—Victor T., after a short illness, on Jan. 28, husband of Gladys H. and son of Paul Descalzi. Funeral from his late residence, 229A Windsor Place, Brooklyn, on Jan. 31, at 10:30 A. M. Thence to the Holy Name Church, 245 Prospect Park West, where a requiem mass will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

Died.

DLUGACH.—Jan. 29, Mrs. Minnie, beloved mother of Dr. Samuel D. Douglas, Marcus, Lazar. Funeral Friday, Jan. 31, at 10 A. M., 72 East 111th St.

DUNNE.—On Monday, Jan. 27, Mary Cynthia, (nee Mead,) wife of Daniel J. Dunne, mother of James, Cynthia, and Daniel, at 131 Vermilyea Av., New York City. Requiem mass at Church of Good Shepherd, 207th St. and Broadway, Thursday morning, Jan. 30, at 11:30 o'clock. Boston papers please copy.

FERRIS.—Suddenly, on Jan. 28, 1919, George Newton Ferris, M. D., son of the late Rev. John Mason Ferris, D. D., and the late Mary Elizabeth Schoonmaker. Funeral services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, St. Paul's Court, Flatbush, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday afternoon, Jan. 31, at 3 o'clock.

FORD.—On Jan. 29, 1919, at her residence, 235 West End Av., New York City, Janet, daughter of the late Vincent and Laura Ray Ford of Huntington, L. I., and sister of Clara and Eleanor Ford. Interment at Litchfield, Conn.

GARDNER.—At Passaic, N. J., Monday, Jan. 27, Mary E. Hinchman, wife of Joseph M. Gardner, Sr. Service at her late residence, 155 Howe Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 1:30.

GAWTRY.—On Jan. 29, 1919, Harrison E. Gawtry, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral service at his late residence, 33 East 57th St., on Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

GELB.—At Los Angeles, Cal., in her 62d year, Gertrude Gelb, beloved wife of the late Jacob, mother of Mrs. Jacob Straus and Samuel Gelb. Funeral services at Sam Rothschild's funeral chapel, 208 Lenox Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M.

GILLESPIE.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Frederick R. Gillespie. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 319 West 80th St., on Thursday, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

GOLDMAN.—Melvin V., beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Goldman, 1,052 Clay Av. Funeral services Friday, 2 P. M., at 1,496 Williamsbridge Road, Westchester, New York City. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

HACKEL.—Jan. 29, 1919, Cecil, beloved wife of Alexander Hackel and beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Essig. Funeral services 526 West 143d St., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M.

HALL.—At the residence of her mother, Mary Charlotte Barkyoumb, 437 West 34th St., New York City, Blanche Irene, beloved wife of Patrick Hall of 156 Manhattan Av., New York City, aged 29 years, resting beside her sister, Mrs. Flora Mary, beloved wife of Dr. Richard Knapp of Hackensack, N. J., aged 31 years. Funeral from the residence of their mother, 437 West 34th St., New York City, Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 8:30 A. M., thence to Holy Trinity Church, Maple Av., Hackensack, N. J., where a high mass of requiem will be offered for the happy repose of their souls.

HARRINGTON.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Jan. 28, Catharine T., (nee Victory,) widow of Cornelius Harrington. Funeral from the residence of her son, Joseph F. Harrington, 287 Hemlock St., Brooklyn, Friday at 9 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Pine St., near Fulton, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

HEALY.—Suddenly, on Jan. 27, 1919, at her residence, 306 East Broadway, Anna Elizabeth Healy, (nee McMahon,) beloved wife of Thomas F. Healy and daughter of John and Rose McMahon. Solemn mass of requiem at St. Mary's Church, Grand and Ridge Sts., on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

HENRY.—On Jan. 29, Theodore J., son of the late James and Margaret A. Henry. Services will be held on Friday, Jan. 31, 8 P. M., at his late residence, 129 East 81st St.

HOBBY.—At Stamford, Conn., Jan. 28, 1919, Jacob Oakley Hobby, in his 74th year. Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. J. W. Snowden, 152 Hudson Av., Peekskill, N. Y., Jan. 30, 2 P. M. Carriages will meet 11:25 A. M. train from Grand Central Depot.

HOFFMANN.—In the 7th year of her age, Mildred Daisy, daughter of Paul and Melanie Hoffmann, of Maywood, N. J. Funeral services from Hudson Boulevard Crematory, on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

HOHENFELS.—Eric. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Thursday, 12 noon.

HOLLAND.—Odille Mussen Hood, of pneumonia, Wednesday, Jan. 29, at her residence, 250 West 94th St. Funeral notice later.

HORTON.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Albert Daniel Horton, son of the late Daniel H. and Ann Brown Horton. Funeral service at his late residence, 1,266 Rogers Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 31, at 1:30 P. M. Pawtucket (R. I.) papers please copy.

HOTCHKISS.—On Jan. 28, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles B. Gilbert, New Haven, Conn., Amelia C. Hotchkiss, widow of the late Edward W. Hotchkiss. Funeral private.

HUNTLEY.—Lizzie C., Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919. Services Friday, 8 P. M., at 2,528 Decatur Av., New York City.

KANE.—Rosamond Grace, beloved wife of Thomas F. Kane, daughter of Thomas Pitt and Rosamond Dunlop Grace, at Tucson, Ariz., Jan. 24, 1919. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 1, at 9:45 A. M., from her late residence, 453 West 155th St.; thence to the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, West 142d St. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

KEEGAN.—Suddenly, on Jan. 28, 1919, Joseph J. Keegan, beloved husband of Mary Keegan (nee Farley) and father of James, Joseph, May, Thomas, Dewey, and Mrs. Thomas Lawler; native of Mount Rath, Queens County, Ireland. Funeral from his late residence, 4,445 Park Av., on Friday, Jan. 31, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of Our Saviour, Washington Av. and 183d St. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery.

KERN.—Henry. Beloved husband of Sarah, on Jan. 29. Funeral at convenience of the family.

KING.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Jan. 29, 1919, Thomas I. Aker King. Notice of funeral later.

KNAPP.—At the residence of her mother, Mary Charlotte Barkyoumb, of 437 West 34th St., New York City, Flora Mary, beloved wife of Dr. Richard Knapp, of Hackensack, N. J., aged 31 years. Resting beside her sister, Blanche Irene, beloved wife of Patrick Hall of 156 Manhattan Av., New York City, who departed this life Tuesday morning, Jan. 28, aged 29 years. Funeral from the residence of their mother, 437 West 34th St., N. Y., Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 8:30, thence to the Holy Trinity Church, Maple Av., Hackensack, N. J., where a high mass of requiem will be offered for the happy repose of their souls.

KNOX.—Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, at New York Hospital, Elizabeth B., daughter of the late Alexander and Martha E. Knox, (nee Brown,) of 88 West 17th St., New York City. Notice of funeral hereafter.

KRESS.—Effie A., wife of Edward Kress, at her late home, 763 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, New York, Tuesday, Jan. 28. Funeral services 9:30 A. M., Thursday.

KUEHN.—Suddenly, Jan. 28, 1919, Otto F. Kuehn, in his 82d year. Funeral service at his late residence, 702 West 171st St., Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral Thursday at 1:30 P. M. Interment private.

LAMBERT.—Eliza Brightwell, wife of Joseph, passed away Wednesday, Jan. 29. Funeral service at her late residence, 262 West 117th St., Friday, at 8 P. M.

LEE.—Suddenly, on Jan. 27, at Bridgeport, Conn., William J. Lee, beloved husband of Charlotte E. Lee, (nee Smyth.) Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 325 East 20th St., New York, on Thursday evening, Jan. 30, at 8 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

LITTELL.—At Rossville, S. I., Jan. 28, Franklin P., in the 67th year of his age, beloved husband of Edith M. Littell and youngest son of the late Judge Richard D. Littell of Richmond, S. I. Funeral services 2 P. M. Friday at his late residence, 2,341 Arthur Kill Road, Rossville, S. I.

LIVINGSTON.—Jan. 24, Isaac, beloved husband of Sarah and devoted father of Monroe, Celia, Dora, Nettie and Rosalie. Funeral from the Chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 2,008 7th Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 1 P. M.

McCARRON.—On Jan. 27, Charles Russell, beloved husband of Cora L. McCarron, and son of John H. and Mable McCarron. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Thursday morning, 11:30 o'clock.

McNAMEE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, Mary J. Burnett, beloved wife of the late John McNamee. Funeral from her late residence, 237 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn, on Friday, Jan. 31, at 9:30 o'clock. Requiem mass at Church of Nativity, Classon Av. and Madison St. Automobile cortege.

MATCHETT.—James J., beloved husband of Nellie C. Matchett, on Jan. 29, in his 69th year. Funeral services at 8:30 Friday evening, at his late residence, 275 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

MILLS.—Rebecca S., on Wednesday, Jan. 29, in her 81st year, at her residence, 258 West 70th St., widow of the late William H. Mills of Smithtown, L. I. Notice of funeral services hereafter.

MORSE.—Bertha, beloved mother of Cora. Funeral Friday at 1:30, from Meyers & Co. Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av.

NIEDERHAUSER.—On Jan. 29, 1919, at her home, 93 Hillside Av., Newark, Sarah, beloved wife of William Niederhauser. Funeral services and interment will be at the convenience of the family.

OWENS.—Suddenly, on Jan. 29, 1919, at his residence, 314 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, Joseph E. Owens, beloved husband of Mary Corey Owens. Notice of funeral hereafter.

Died.

PASCHAL.—On Jan. 28 of pneumonia, Judge Thomas M. Paschal of San Antonio, Texas.

PAWLOWSKY.—Suddenly, on Jan. 28, 1919, at her residence, 2,690 Mansfield Place, Sheepshead Bay, N. Y., Frieda A., (nee Mets,) beloved wife of Thomas B. Pawlowsky. Solemn high mass of requiem at St. Mark's Church, Sheepshead Bay, on Friday, Jan. 31, 1919, at 10 A. M.

POLHEMUS.—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919, at her home, 36 James St., Newark, Mary W., daughter of the late Rev. Abraham and Eliza B. Polhemus, in her 71st year. Funeral service and interment private. Please omit flowers.

RANDOL.—Christiana Terhune, wife of the late James B. Randol, suddenly, at her residence, 17 West 73d St., on Jan. 29. Funeral services will be held at her late home on Jan. 31 at 11 A. M. San Francisco papers please copy.

RICHARDSON.—Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 28, of pneumonia, Wallace Dunster, 29 years, son of Nellie S. and the late Thomas F. Richardson. Interment Woburn, Mass.

RIKER.—At Stamford, Conn., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, M. Matilda Riker. Funeral services will be held at the chapel of Lyman Hoyt's Son & Co. on Friday afternoon at 3:15.

RODMAN.—In New Haven, Conn., Jan. 28, 1919, Anna G. Pomeroy, widow of Dr. William W. Rodman, in the 79th year of her age. Funeral services at her late home, 76 Cottage St., on Friday afternoon at 2:30.

ROHDENBURG.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, Theodor Henry Rohdenburg, beloved husband of Ottilie F., in his 86th year. Funeral private, 130 Claremont Av.

SABIN.—At 14 East 62d St., New York City, Pauline Sabin, born Jan. 28, 1919, died Jan. 29, 1919, daughter of Charles H. and Pauline Morton Sabin.

SANDERS.—On Jan. 29, Dr. Edward, beloved husband of Flora (nee Hart) and devoted father of Evalyn Isaacs and Paul Sanders. Funeral from his late residence, 260 West 113th St., on Friday, Jan. 31, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

SCHEDLER.—On Jan. 29, 1919, Otto, husband of Elizabeth Schedler, (nee Ebner.) Funeral services on Friday, Jan. 31, at 8 P. M., at his late residence, 30 Sherman Place, Jersey City. Funeral on Saturday, private.

SCHINDLER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, at her residence, 121 East 52d, Vera M. Andronchevitch, beloved wife of Kurt Schindler.

SCHNEIDER.—On Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, Louise Elizabeth, beloved daughter of Minnie Augusta and Charles Henry Schneider. Funeral services at residence, 510 Jackson Av., Thursday, 2 P. M.

SEELIG.—On Jan. 28, Julia Seelig, (nee Weil,) beloved wife of Samuel, dear mother of Blanche, Jacob, and Ben. Funeral from her late residence, 408 West 150th St., Friday, Jan. 31, 10 A. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

SEELIG.—Members of the Long Invalid Aid Society are requested to attend the funeral of Julia Seelig, 408 West 150th St., Friday, 10 A. M.
Mrs. LIZZIE SEELIG, President.

SHELLEY.—Jan. 27, 1919, Frank Davis Shelley, beloved husband of Kathleen Shelley (nee McSherry) and beloved son of Mary Davis Shelley and the late Dr. Henry A. Shelley, at St. Luke's Hospital. Funeral from his late residence, 452 Fort Washington Av., Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, thence to St. Ann's Church, 12th St., east of 4th Av., at 10:30 A. M., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Members of the Young Men's Democratic League, friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. Interment Calvary. Washington papers please copy.

SHELLEY.—On Jan. 28, at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. J. McSherry, 238 Fort Washington Av., Kathleen V., beloved wife of the late F. D. Shelley. Solemn requiem mass at the Church of St. Rose of Lima, 165th St., near Broadway, on Friday, Jan. 31, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

SNEDEKER.—At 102 Taylor St., West New Brighton, in her 82d year, Emily Van Pelt Snedeker, widow of Livingston Snedeker. Funeral services strictly private.

SPENCER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Annie Abbott Spencer, beloved wife of John S. Spencer. Funeral services at 300 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, Friday evening, Jan. 31, 1919, at 8 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

STEPPACHER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, Walter M., beloved husband of Leah G., and devoted father of Maurice, Lester, George, and Edna S. Young. Funeral from North Philadelphia, 11:45 today.

STEIL.—On Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, George H. Steil, aged 65 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 744 Morris Park Av., Bronx, Wednesday evening, Jan. 29, at 8 o'clock. Interment Lutheran. Automobile cortege.

STRANGE.—At Ridgewood, N. J., on Jan. 29, 1919, Jane Taylor, wife of the late Theodore A. Strange. Funeral private. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown, N. Y., at convenience of family. Please omit flowers.

STUBBS.—At Jamaica, N. Y., on Jan. 29, 1919, William S. Stubbs, in his 76th year. Funeral services will be held at his home, Max Weber and Hillside Avs., on Saturday, Feb. 1, at 2:30 P. M.

TAKAKI.—Shunzo, aged 36, at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, Wednesday morning, Jan. 29, 1919. Funeral services will be held at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., on Saturday, Feb. 1, at 2 o'clock. Philadelphia papers please copy.

TAYLOR.—Josephine D., widow of the late George H. Taylor, in her 81st year, at her residence, 3 West 86th St., New York City, on the 28th day of January, 1919. Funeral services will be held on Thursday, January 30, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at her late residence. Interment private.

TEARE.—Jan. 28, Annie, beloved wife of the late Alfred Teare and mother of Robert J., also the late Sarah, Alfred, and Charles. Funeral from late residence, 633 Greenwich St., Friday, Jan. 31; thence to St. Veronica's Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be held at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

TOWERS.—On Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919, Gail Yourtee Towers, (nee Gail Yourtee,) at the home of her daughter, Gladys Wolff Darling, 155 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral service at Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, Saturday evening, Feb. 1, 1919, at 8:30. St. Louis papers please copy.

VOLKEL.—Entered into rest Jan. 28, 1919, John Volkel, dearly beloved father of Caroline Volkel and brother of Minnie Volkel, in his 61st year. Services Thursday at 8 o'clock at his late residence, 218 East 49th St. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment private.

WADSWORTH.—On Monday, Jan. 27, 1919, Prescott Theodore, son of Prescott K. and Elizabeth Whittemore Wadsworth. Funeral private.

WICHMANN.—On Jan. 28, 1919, Sarah Grace Holmes, beloved wife of William J. Wichmann, in her 30th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 9 Burr Place, Weehawken, N. J., on Thursday evening, Jan. 30, at 8 o'clock.

WILLIAMS.—Frederic Henderson, beloved son of Lieutenant and Mrs. Payne Williams, on Monday, Jan. 27, at the Post Graduate Hospital, in his sixth month. Funeral private from his late residence, 3,001 Eastern Boulevard, Westchester, New York City. Boston and Fitchburg, Mass., papers please copy.

WILLIAMS.—Wednesday, Jan. 29, at his residence at Rockaway Park, L. I., Raymond Gerard Williams, aged 21 years, son of William and Caroline Williams. Funeral and interment Saturday at convenience of family, private.

WILLIAMS.—At Paris, France, Carl M. Williams, son of Mrs. M. R. Williams of Grand View, N. Y., of pneumonia.

WILLIAMS.—On Jan. 27, 1919, after a short illness, Jessie, beloved wife of William M. Williams. Funeral services will be held at St. Luke's Hospital Chapel, Amsterdam Av. and 113th St., on Thursday, Jan. 30, at 3:30 P. M. Scranton and Wilkes-Barre papers please copy.

YERXA.—At Cambridge, Mass., on Tuesday, Jan. 21, Henry D. Yerxa, President of the Cobb, Bates & Yerxa Company, Boston, in his 72d year; survived by his son and three daughters.

YOUNG.—Cora, (nee Furst,) widow of Bertram L. Young, aged 43 years. Services at Hotel Bristol, Parlor No. 1, 122 West 49th St., Thursday, Jan. 30, at 10 A. M. Cremation at Fresh Pond, L. I.

In Memoriam.

BUTLER.—In loving memory of John W. Butler, who died Jan. 30, 1918.

ROCHE.—Anniversary memorial mass for the late John Doherty Roche, at the Church of St. Paul the Apostle, 60th St., Columbus Av., Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 9 o'clock.

SONDHEIM.—In loving memory of Bertha Sondheim, died Jan. 31, 1918.

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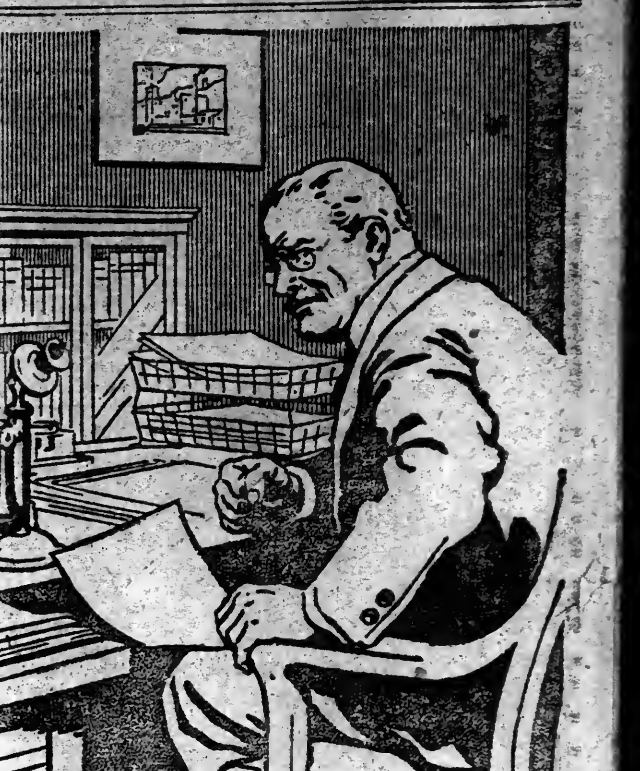

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Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open to buy high shades, all colors, spot cash. Lieberman-Horowitz, 109 West 26th St.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Julliards 2002, all colors. Leave message, Room 471, Hotel McAlpin.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—Pearl, tan, and rose. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

CALLAIS LACES AND GALLOONS Wanted.—Open for 3-inch. Berliner Costume Co., 11 West 27th St.

CAPES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on capes and dolmans. 137 West 27th St., 8th floor.

CAPES AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on. 1,140 B'way, 3d floor.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—Jobs of sample coats, suits, dresses; spot cash. Albert Terrakin Co., 38 West 32d. Madison Square 9049.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on coats and caps, high grade only; call with samples. 122 West 34th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles sport coats, capes, and dolmans. 5th floor, 45 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Call with Spring samples of better grade, 141 West 21st St., 4th floor.

CORDUROY, WIDE WALE, Wanted.—Suitable for bathrobes. Farragut 4823.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Amoskeag 901 flannel, cheap flesh nainsook, 64 percales, Lonsdale jeans, 88-80, 96-92 lawn. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—White cambrics, 80 square; also shirtings. Solomon, 160 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Nainsooks 64, 56, for cash. Orchard 288. Fastofsky Bros.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—About 300 pieces, white and flesh, heavy quality, not over $1.10. Jack Goldston, 26 East 31st St.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on party, georgette, taffeta, tricotine, and high-grade tailored cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash jobs or regular goods, any quantity, for immediate delivery; samples daily 9-12. Wiener, 20 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large orders popular-priced dresses in all materials. Call with samples immediately, 25 West 32d St., third floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for large quantity of georgette dresses for immediate delivery only. Call, 9-11 A. M. only, 25 West 31st, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on snappy styles, all materials. 38 West 26th St., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing stock orders on new silk dresses, also jersey dresses. 134 West 26th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders, georgettes, taffetas, jersey, all week, 4-6. 30 West 32d, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on georgette and taffeta. 12d West 34th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Taffeta, georgettes, large Southern jobber. Room 203, 1,210 B'way.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders on cloth and silk dresses. Elrod, 12th floor, 12-14 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash, job or regular goods; any quantity. 3d floor, 37 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders on snappy silk dresses. L. & R., 11th floor, 129 West 27th.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits Wanted.—Any quantity; cash; jobs only. Farragut 5154.

DUVET DE LANE Wanted.—Velours, Steven's, Forstman's, Botany's yalama, 683, terracotta, Algerian, copen, trecos. Read's 7161, 5800, Andrews 5782, navys. Orchard 8245.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Open to buy lapin 526 and chinchilla 803, or will exchange pekin for same. Farragut 3189.

DUVET DE LAINES Wanted.—Cash, F. & H., shades 852, 803, 526, 848. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Navy or other colors, in exchange; spot cash. Madison Square 2075.

EVORA Wanted.—Open for all shades for cash. Call Mr. Rosenfield, Mad. Sq. 9240.

FLANNELS Wanted.—Slater's 2321; brown and green. Telephone Stuyvesant 360.

GABARDINES Wanted.—High shades at a price. Novick, 45 West 27th. Farragut 3644.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Whitman 9; 0936 similar, also 4866 and 10764; high shades only. Merit Co., Greeley 1121.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Garfield's 4666, tan 127, taupe 395, or similar. Mad. Sq. 1969.

GINGHAMS and PERCALES Wanted.—At once, all kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 8671.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Fancy stripes, plain colors and fancy checks for cash. Farragut 4913.

NAINSOOK Wanted.—Bleached nainsook, 88-80 weight, 850 combed yarns; state lowest price for cash. H. C., 801 Times Downtown.

PERCALE Wanted.—Navy blue, in large quantities. Hand Embroidery Co., 101 5th Av. Phone Stuyvesant 5794.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted.—36 in. wide, red, good quality, up to $1.12½. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

PEAU DE CYGNES and Fancy Wanted.—All colors. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Salts, peco, or esquimette, any quantity; spot cash; must be cheap. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 333 Broadway.

POIRET TWILL and Tricotines wanted.—Good quality; cash. Farragut 5759.

POIRET TWILL Wanted.—F. & H.; will exchange tan for navy. Murray Hill 8799.

POM POM Wanted.—12075, cheap for cash. Grossman Bros., Mad. Sq. 4620.

POPLINS Wanted.—No. 774 Whitman's and P. P. L. copen, Pekin, tan, gray. Mr. Archie, Madison Square 3608.

POPLINS Wanted.—36 inch wide, tan, Susquehanna, Faille lustre or similar. 3rd floor, 244 5th Av.

POPLIN Wanted.—American woolen poplin, high shades, for cash. Rosenblatt. Call Greely 6407.

POPLINS Wanted.—All high shades. R. & W. Cloak and Suit, 50 West 17th.

POPLINS Wanted.—American or brightwood, copenhagen and shade 984. Farragut 2477.

POPLINS Wanted.—Tan, clay, Pekin, Copen, Quaker and gray. Phone Knickerbocker 258.

POPLIN Wanted.—Black and navy, all qualities. Mad. Sq. 6389.

POPLINS Wanted.—Gray, all wool. Chelsea 7897.

POPLINS Wanted.—American 90610, rookie 966 shade, Clay 976. Madison Sq. 1969.

ROOKIE, Tricotines Wanted.—Garfield's, Andrew's. Madison Square 8375.

SECO Wanted.—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 100 pieces blue serge, 10 to 13 ounces. Moe Levy & Son, Franklin 3260.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantities of black French serges. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

SERGES AND POPLINS Wanted.—Gera 925, 9610, 0677; spot cash. Joseph Cohen. 4620 Madison Square.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantities of black French serges. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—1464, 519, 1004, 812, in all colors. 81 5th Av., Room 710. Stuyvesant 5411.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 838 navys, reasonable, cash. Schulman Bros. 104 West 27th. Farragut 3440.

SERGES Wanted.—7002 or similar, copen, gray, tan; also 99 Whitman's, navy, black. Chelsea 9955.

SERGES Wanted.—Gray, Pekin, tan, and copen, 528, 519, or 1464. 1,183 Broadway, Room 1222.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 99, U. S. 838; all quantities. Stern-Miller Co., Madison Square 8372.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 235, blue and navy, and 9 Whitman, blue and navy. H. J. Schiffer, 10 East 33d St.

SERGES Wanted.—1059, 11433, 519, or similar, in navy and black; cash. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d.

SERGES AND SHIRTINGS Wanted. — In olive, drab, large quantities; call with samples. Levitt Frank, 38 West 32d St.

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SERGES, Poplins Wanted.—Navy, Nos. 9, 99, 06077; tan, gray; spot cash. Modern Cloak and Suit House, 15 West 28th.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 09070, 828, 519, 104, 11433. Grossman Bros., Mad. Sq. 4620.

SERGES Wanted.—All kinds, at once; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Cash, rookie serge 104, 09070, 1464, 0936. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—7501 navy, 54289, copen, tan, gray. Madison Square 3609.

SERGES Wanted.—519, all colors; cash. Theodore Weiss, Farragut 4869.

SERGES Wanted.—1210 or C. S. G., solid navy. Farragut 9910.

SERGES Wanted.—Americans 0936 and Whitman's 99, for cash. Orchard 8744.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, Gilbert's 8300, 9, 104, 99. Gramercy 5425.

SERGES Wanted.—WFX—8850—519—235—09070—888. Davidoff Co., Mad. Sq. 4622.

SERGE Wanted.—American 0936, rookie 966 shade or similar. Mad. Square 1969.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 99, 9; tricotines, 3683, 471. Gramercy 6227.

SERGES Wanted.—11433, 519, 528, 9, 7120, 7122, 6120, 104, 0609, 3850. Gramercy 4941.

SERGES Wanted.—3, 94, 7614, 00070. Gramercy 2937.

SERGE Wanted.—99 and 1464, navy and black. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

SERGE Wanted.—104 or 99. American Novelty, 114 Bleecker St.

SERGES Wanted.—4408, 4060, 4061; all colors; must be cheap. Gramercy 5148.

SERGE Wanted.—838 navy, 0936 clay and 4 rookie. Gram. 251.

SERGES Wanted.—7301 or similar; Copen only. Farragut 2770.

SERGES Wanted.—09070, 235, 9, Whitman; also 1464 blacks. Farragut 3176.

SERGE Wanted.—09070, navy and black. Madison Square 2607.

SERGES Wanted.—0070, 838, for spot cash. Madison Square 5617.

SERGE Wanted.—Quantity of Pekin and henna serge, 519 or similar. Chelsea 307.

SILKS Wanted.—We want to buy silks, novelties or velvets; also imperfect goods for cash. Madison Square 4941.

SILKS Wanted.—Quantity, black and navy, Peau de Cygne; no higher than $1.05, cash. Madison Square 2391.

SILKS Wanted.—Novelties in silks in all weaves, suitable for skirtings. M. Zonis, 119 West 24th St.

SILK MATERIALS Wanted and silk stripe cottons for men's shirts; cash. L 382 Times.

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SILVERTONES Wanted.—Spring shades for cash at right price. Gramercy 6174.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—High shades. Wolf & Steinberg, 32 West 20th. Chelsea 594.

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SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on better grade suits. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

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TRICOTINES and POPLINS Wanted.—Navy and high shades for cash. Gramercy 1074.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—4718 or similar, serges 99, 09070. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st St.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar, all shades. Posner Marinace, 44 East 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy; good quality. Farragut 332.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's navy 4718. Farragut 4664.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—4718 Julliard or botany; will pay cash. Madison Sq. 5493.

TUB SILK Wanted.—Striped; all quantities; spot cash. H. Ragovin, 100 W. 26th.

VELOURS Wanted.—All high shades. R. & W. Cloak and Suit, 50 West 17th.

VELOURS AND POPLINS Wanted.—Spring shades; cash. Lashin, 143 W. 29th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cash, F. & H.; shades 526, 848, 803, 852. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

WINDSOR CAMBRIC Wanted.—Open for 2,000 pieces, all colors 25 inch, at a price. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Open to buy fine woolens, for men's clothing trade, for cash. Apply Shane, 257 4th Av., 11th floor, between 9 and 11, Thursday, Friday.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Quantities for men's wear; all qualities. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted.—All kinds, for cash; also 54221 serge, in black. Demast, Gramercy 1338.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APRONS.—Close out lots, special prices. W. H. Dean, 45 East 17th.

BATHROBES.—Beacon, pretty styles; immediate delivery; special prices. Arida, 118 West 22d St.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—7-12, good gingham, $9 dozen. Levi Bros., 35 West 3d.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritsky & Stolerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—300 fur-trimmed cloth coats, 300 coatees beaver, mole and Baffin seal, 200 fur-trimmed plush coats; must be closed out regardless of cost. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 W. 35th St.

COATS, Suits, Dresses.—Jobs of sample Spring coats, suits, dresses always on hand; extraordinarily cheap. Albert Terrakin Co., 38 West 32d. Madison Square 9049.

COATS.—Children's Spring coats, light shades poplins and velours, at low prices. Emmess Mfg., 41 East Broadway. Orchard 6548.

COATS.—High-grade Bolivia and silvertones, raccoon shawl collars, to close out; also Oxford suits. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d St.

COATS.—800, splendid assortment, all wool, pom pom velour, broadcloth, fur trimmed; closing out. Shapiro Davis, 29 West 32th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh-Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices; large assortment colors and material, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 16 East 26th.

COATS.—Large assortment velours, cotton pom poms, broadcloth, at sacrifice. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th.

COATS.—300 Spring models, all wool serges, burellas, velours, close out at a price. Copeland, 38 West 26th St.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Stylish stouts, auto, Dolman; immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 W. 25th.

COATS.—Have 200 fur trimmed, better kind; close out. Gottlieb, 10 West 32d St.

COATS.—High-grade flapper coats; Spring line ready. Julius Goldstein, 152 West 23d.

COATS.—Velours, seal shawl collars, cheap. Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th.

COTTON.—850 lbs. of brown mercerized silk, 500 lbs. brown sewing cotton, 144 lbs. white cotton, 400 lbs. gray cotton, also white tape, hooks and eyes. Call 409 Lafayette St., 5th floor, not later than Friday evening; will sacrifice at a price.

COTTON CREPE.—Imported cloth; will close out cheap. 1,183 Broadway, Room 414.

COTTON GOODS for Export.—10 cases coronation voile, every case assorted colors; 15 cases white organdie, double-folded, to close out below market prices. Chelsea 8280.

COTTON GOODS.—Jobbers' and exporters' cotton drills, gabardines, hollands, voile; full assortment; below market price. Call, or write, Gad & Dabah, 276 Canal St.

COTTON GOODS. — Piques, gabardines, voiles, secos; below market price. Madison Square 5852.

COTTON GOODS, shirtings woven and printed; all makes; very cheap. Farragut 4913.

COTTON GOODS.—All kinds below market price. D. Solomon & Co., 160 5th Av.

DRESSES.—All wool Jersey dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges, at prices cheaper than elsewhere; in spite of the strike we still continue to deliver in large quantities. I. Rand & Co., 37 W. 28th St.

DRESSES of character and distinction, yet priced low to stimulate sales; all wool French serge, $5.50-$18.75; satins, taffetas, jerseys, georgettes, $6.75, $16.50; immediate deliveries. Fellar, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, taffeta and satin, newest Spring styles on the racks for immediate delivery; also exceptionally good numbers in serge, to close out. Redfirn Costume Co., 22 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Georgette, satin, taffeta, jersey, and serge; large assortment for street and afternoon wear at reasonable prices; immediate deliveries. Wonder Dress, 152 West 25th St.

DRESSES. — Serges, taffetas, georgettes; latest Spring styles; immediate delivery; $6.75 to $14.75; jobs always on hand. Floranell Dress, 38 West 26th.

DRESSES.—2,000 dozen house dresses, assorted ginghams, chambrays, percales, $9 per dozen. National Kimono Co., 148 Greene St.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES TO CLOSE OUT AT A PRICE; tricolettes, georgettes, serges, satins, novelties. Schwartz Bros., 39 West 29th.

DRESSES.—2,500 to close out before moving; values to $16.50 at $6.75 to $7.75. Ruby, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES.—300 snappy serges, $3.75; 200 beautiful taffetas, $6.75; botany serges, $7.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES, street, afternoon, and evening. Peter Thompson special, $8.75. American Costume, 118 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—500 serge, silk close out at $6.75. Superior, 118 East 28th.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES.—5,000 serge dresses to close out at big loss; $2.75 up. Jacob Hyman Co., 137 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Up to the minute styles, in silks; see our $3.75 taffeta special. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—Georgette silk serges; snappy models; values unsurpassed. Deutsch, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgettes, serge, evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out reasonable. Seid, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, Spring models, to close out. Paris, 18 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 to close out, silks and serges; sacrifice. Eastern, 448 Broadway.

DRESSES.—Big job satin dresses to close out. 1 East 27th, third floor.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge to close out, at price. Simon, 135 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job on serge dresses to close out. 9 West 20th, 5th floor.

DRESSES.—Taffeta and georgette to close. Modern, 136 West 21st.

GELA.—Navy serge, 50311; below market price. Madison Square 1380.

GEORGETTES.—All colors, immediate delivery, $1.15 per yard. Kremer, 31 E. 27th.

GEORGEEN.—Heavy georgeen, 6,000 yards to sell for price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th St.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines.—Colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES.—Amoskeag, 75 cases, 20c. net; percales, 64x64, 17 cases, 15c. net; also other kinds, 230 cases; wonderful assortment; must be sold at once at price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

GINGHAMS.—Lancaster staple checks. Phone Spring 633.

HANDKERCHIEFS.—Quantity khaki handkerchiefs to close out. Phone 1,204 Madison Square.

HOSIERY.—Men's, Beacon white and split foot, to close. R. Fleig & Co., 141 5th Av.

KHAKI DRILL.—25,000 yards, bargain price. Premier Notion Co., 18 West 33d St. 8749 Mad. Sq.

KNEEPANTS.—Cotton serges and worsteds, to sell at reasonable price, of high grade make. J. Gordon, 39 Great Jones St., N. Y.

KNEE PANTS.—50 dozen corduroy, $8.50 per dozen; other large jobs cheap. Reliance, 130 Bleecker.

LININGS.—Silk and cotton; special designs, suitable for coat and suit trade. Adelson-Ullman, Franklin 855.

MOHAIR.—Fancy 54-inch for men's suitings; also for skirts and dresses. American Lining Co., 621 Broadway. Spring 5368.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black all-wool and cotton warp in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PEAU DE CYGNES.—Plains and fancy, below market price. Max Schwarz, 122 5th Av.

POIRET TWILL and Gabardines—Reidel 5230, Garfield 4530 and Acme gabardine, very cheap. Herman Bruner, Gramercy 4264.

POIRET TWILLS, tricotines, and coverts, 50236, 5002; all shades; reasonable. Chelsea 6549.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—Pacific PPL, MFL, VBL, CFL, WFX; Julliard's 54289, 4061; Cleveland 9288, 9058, 6234; low prices; no phone calls. A. Agress & Son, 27 West 26th.

POPLINS.—949, 503, $2; 8158, 777, 4860, 4916, $1.85; 6609½, 1060, 1398, $1.35 net cash. Gramercy 5941.

POPLINS.—Pacific, all wool, 54-inch navy, $1.70; also Scotia poplins; reasonable. Farragut 9076.

POPLINS.—Andrews's, all high shades; also black and navy; Dobson's, Selden's, Janestown, Amoskeag. Greeley 1122.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—U. S. 235 navy, 90610 and 06077 black and navy. Madison Square 3935.

POPLINS.—90610 navy at $2.10 yard net, cash. Orchard 8245.

POPLIN.—American 6609½ navy very cheap. Madison Sq. 3936.

POPLINS.—American 06077, navy and black, 100 pieces, $2.15. Farragut 4446.

POPLINS.—Navy, $1.60, 11433 serge, $1.70; Spring shades velour, $2.80. Farr. 5759.

POPLINS.—American navy, 90610 and 6077; also navy; Poiret twills. Greeley 1544.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—Cotton warp, all colors, very cheap. Greeley 4376.

POPLIN.—6709½ navy; reasonable price; will exchange for black. Madison Square 7029.

POPLINS, Velours.—American 06077, navy 032, pekin velour. Farragut 4539.

SECO SILK, 25c.; voiles and organdies, mercerized, 15 cases, 18c.; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES.—0936, 09070, 6234, 838, 235, 54289, 104, 99, Gera 787, Jamestown 9302, 7120, 8158, Botany 809, 11433, 1464, 3850, 7008, WFX, MFL, 528, 519, Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800, Whitman's 774, 228, PPL, B. P. N. L., American poplins 90610, 06077; also big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—54289, 3696, 764, 6234, 9056, 7008, 7512, 7120, 11433, 7713, 9288, 528, 3850, 0609, 4002; 774 poplin; 2137 Fram, also Lorraine taffeta. Utopia Mills, 29 East 21st St. Gramercy 4476-6.

SERGES.—838, 10453, 809, 528, 7120, 54289, 7802, 54292, 2640, 10338, 54288, 838, velours, Pekin, buff, tan, rose, gray, and clay; 50 pieces. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d. Gramercy 4481.

SERGES, POPLINS, 1209, 87, 8, 99, 6614, 7614, 6122, 7120, 7512, 780, 11433, 809, 528, 9056, 925, 4061, 54289, 838, 774, 6709½. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311.

SERGES, POPLINS and Panamas.—519, 1464, 3703, Walworth 503, 774, 639, Gera poplin, also high shades Andrews Poplins. Herman Bruner, Gramercy 4264.

SERGES.—1464, $1.82½; 7120, $1.50; 99, $1.90; 54289, $1.45; 54292, $1.65; W. F. X., $1.85; 11433, $1.77½; 4408, 95c. net, 10 days. Madison Square 5669.

SERGES.—54289, 519, 7008, 9056, 609, 0609, 9288, 8421, 10764, 6500; all colors serges, poplins and silvertones. Telephone Farragut 2950.

SERGES, VELOURS.—We have them, all shades, all makes, all numbers, any quantity. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 1337.

SERGES.—0696, $1.75; 7120, $1.45; 54289, $1.40; 7802, $1.40; M. S. L., $1.25; V. S. L., $1.15; 764, $1.15; 4421, $1.15; 4061, 85c. net cash. Gramercy 5941.

SERGES.—6002 Amoskeag, 90c.; 909 Botany, $1.85; KSW Pacific, $1.62½; 774 Whitman, $1.80. R. Smith & Co., 52 West 14th. Chelsea 5557.

SERGES.—Attention to exporters, 36, 42, 54 inches, to sell at a price in large quantity. Boston Woolen Mills, 29 East 22d. Gramercy 4481.

SERGE.—Cotton warp, No. 9 line 1125 100 pieces, 97½c.; McKenny's ¾ coatings, desirable shades, 300 pieces, 75c. Farragut 4446.

SERGES.—Forty pieces 41134, Heubstman, and 30 pieces Stevens, 3850, at a reasonable offer. Stuyvesant 4542.

SERGES.—Gera 925 navy, original tickets; best cash offer accepted. Call Perman, 239 4th Av.

SERGES.—7120, 11433, 809, 6234, 228, B. P. N. L.; very cheap. Weinstein Co., Mad. Sq. 2689.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 11433, 0609, 54274, 9240, 3665; poplin 4916, 6009, 774; Chaduk cloth, black, navy, on terms. Gramercy 5961.

SERGES.—All kinds. If you don't get them elsewhere at once call up New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 8671.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7802, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6009, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—11433, $1.70; American 9411, $1.75; poplins, $1.50; Spring shade velours, $2.80. Farr. 5759.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 299.

SERGES.—54289, 3665, W. F. X., 7648, 0609, 3850, 838 and other numbers. Gramercy 3001.

SERGES.—6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.07½; 0696, $1.95. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—528, W F X, 7120, 6002, 7002; poplins 774. Gram. 2776.

SERGE.—54-inch, all wool storm serge, navy, black, green, brown, $1.27½. Farragut 9076.

SERGES.—V. S. L. and C. S.; will sell cheap. Call Orchard 5128.

SERGES.—1464, navy, $1.85. Simon, 135 West 27th.

SERGES.—Whitman's 2004, $1.60, net cash. Gramercy 6848.

SERGES.—Navy, 87; poplin, navy, 774; heavy velours, 11052. Gramercy 5087.

SERGES.—025 Gera, 3,000 Broadheads, $1.75; must be sold before moving. Farragut 8194.

SHEPHERD CHECKS, all constructions, 54-inch width; also imported shantungs. Y 232 Times Annex.

SHIRTINGS.—Have to offer quantities colored yarn shirtings at a price. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

SHOES.—100 pairs men's oxfords; 200 pairs ladies' shoes, cheap. Burger, 1,975 Third Av.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery. Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, files, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9810.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SILVERTONE.—Holden Leonard's taupe at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

SKIRTS.—Discontinuing business owing to illness; have to close out 2,000 skirts, all new Spring models, serge, wool, and silk plaid, plain silks, also novelties, at a sacrifice. 1,183 Broadway, Room 303. Mad. Sq. 4731.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—7120, 5430, 11433, 519, 528, 94, 104, 113, 235, 838, VSL, 1200, 774, 4860, 227, 0609, 3550. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1989.

SILVERTONES. — Read's oxford, 44 inch; also Walther's tricotine, navy only. Murray Hill 6907.

SILVERTONES.—All the Spring shades, including American Beauty, tan, and navy. Madison Square 1520.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS.—Wool and silk, to close out; Spring and wash line ready; clever styles; good values. Pioneer Skirt, 3 West 29th.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplins, satin stripes, plaids and taffetas, $2 up. Harrison Skirt, 38 West 21st.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna poplins, $1.75; serges and silks, very cheap. Hutner, 43 West 25th.

SLEEVE LINING.—60,000 yds. 76 Dowbeford 40-inch twill, sell at exceptional low price. Harry Greenberg, 147 North 12th St., Philadelphia.

SUITS.—200 high-grade suits, to close out. 1,1[illegible]0 Broadway, Room 407.

SUITS.—All wool light weight poplins, $10.75. Supreme Mfg., 19 West 24th St.

SUITS.—A nicely trimmed Spring suit, made in American Woolen Co. poplin $10.50; see this model before leaving town. Abraham Lustgarten, 8-10 West 19th St.

SUITS.—Our $16.75 silk lined, handsomely braid trimmed suit is a world beater; see it immediately. Louis Bauman & Co., 12 East 32d St.

SUITS.—Smartest misses' suits in town; snappy styles at the price. York, 1,270 Broadway.

TAFFETAS AND GEORGETTES. — All shades; immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

TAFFETAS.—Newest shades, $1.15 up. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

TRICOLETTE.—Pure fibre silk, 36 inches wide, all colors, $2.50 per yard; immediate delivery. Madison Square 5378.

TRICOLLETTES. — First quality, assorted colors; low prices. Phone Mad. Sq. 4582.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield's 4718, 14 black, 12 tan; Arthur Joel, 14 navy; Garfield's 4666 gabardines, all colors, including navy, tan, and rookie; also Garfield's Poiret twill. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOLETTE.—Black, navy, gray, at sacrifice. Parisian Mfg., 81 East 31st.

TRICOTINES.—Navy; also 11433; Spring shades velours. Farr. 5769.

TWEEDS.—Fisher & Kennedy style, 8400, 90610, poplin, navy, 4050, Goff serge, very reasonable. Farragut 2770.

UNDERWEAR, silk; complete, up-to-date, snappy line; immediate and later delivery; camisoles, $9 up; envelopes, $18 dozen up; combinations, night gowns, petticoats, and bloomers. Dainty Silk Underwear Co., 401 4th Av., New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9099.

VELOURS.—High shades U. S. 235, 1464, 11433, 54289. Andon Mills, Gramercy 6034.

WAISTS.—$9 dozen exclusively; snappy tailored and trimmed models; wonderful values. West Point Waist, 119 West 24th St.

WAISTS.—100 dozen georgette assorted colors and styles; $33 dozen. Arlington Waist, 97 5th Av.

WOOLENS off price; 17 pieces, 9813 black, $2.75. Gramercy 4519.

YARN.—Have to offer quantities colored yarn goods at a price. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS.—Jobbers on popular price dresses; bring own samples; immediate business booking today and tomorrow, 2 to 5 P. M. 16 West 31st; second floor.

CONTRACTORS on tricolette, jersey foulard and Georgette dresses, bring your samples. Call 9-11 A. M. only, 7th floor. 25 West 31st.

CONTRACTORS on tricolette, jersey and silk dresses; bring your own samples; call 9-11 A. M. only. 7th floor, 25 West 31st.

CONTRACTORS on high-grade dresses; bring own samples; immediate business. Address Box 240, 437 Marbridge Building.

DRESSES.—Large stock orders placed on silk dresses. Call 6-8 East 27th, 21st floor.

Allied Industries.

ARMY HATS and Spiral Putees Wanted.—In large quantities; must be cheap. Stern Publishing and Novelty Co., 149-151 West 36th. Greeley 2906.

ARMY SUPPLIES, foreign and domestic chevrons, campaign bars, citation cords, medals, spiral puttees, overseas caps, division, insignia, and general military supplies at lowest prices. Munter Bros., 481 Broadway, New York. Spring 6530.

CUTTING TABLES for sale; 300 feet of 2-inch solid cutting tables; can for clippings used under cutting table; ⅝-inch Eastman and 2 round Malmin cutting knives in perfect condition; will sell at a sacrifice. Broun Bros., 1,115 Broadway. Farragut 4234.

NEEDLES. — Japanese, sewing, assorted sizes, sacrifice; immediate delivery. Spring 2396.

TOOTH BRUSHES Wanted.—Send samples and prices. Box G. E. 614, 1,265 B'way.

Wanted shuttle automatic cloth laying machine, latest model, to take 40-inch goods. Telephone Stuyvesant 2646.

Help Wanted.

ASSISTANT BUYER, experienced, to help buy for wholesale dry goods, notions, men's and ladies' furnishings; must know New York market. Write J. C., 14 Avenue A.

SALESMAN. — Old-established importing house, handling velvets, velveteen, woolen dress goods, and pile fabrics, has opening for road man in our very best territory; we prefer man who has called on department store trade with similar lines, but live, hustling man, who really has a following among department stores, can qualify; to such a man we offer exceptional opportunity; salary and commission. B 179 Times.

SALESMAN to cover department stores, New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade will be considered; commission basis; good opportunity to make big money. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN to handle well-known brand of embroidered pillow cases and bureau scarfs throughout Middle West or South, as side line; commission; must be acquainted with department store buyers. Box S. B., 220 Times.

Situations Wanted.

OFFICE MANAGER, accountant, experienced shop routine and costs, seeks connection small factory outside New York City; university graduate; age 30; Christian. A 281 Times.

WAIST MANUFACTURERS.—Resident buyer's assistant buyer, matcher of silks, cottons, desires position. S., 1,767 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday....5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Tuesday....5@5¼

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Leather Gloves Too High?

The prevailing prices of leather gloves have interfered with the sale to a great extent, according to some of the firms in this trade. One of the manufacturers said yesterday morning that business is practically at a standstill. He asserted that, at this time of the year when he should be receiving some large orders from the jobbing trade, he has so far received but one. This amounted to fifty-three dozen, whereas in former times the order usually amounted to 1,500 dozen.

Overgaiters Called For.

Owing to the apparent shortage of materials, the demand for men's and women's overgaiters is far greater than the supply. One of the makers of such goods said yesterday that he was over a month behind in filling the orders that he had on hand. The weather conditions have been very favorable for the use of these articles, and have had much to do with the increased sales. Salesmen who are now out taking orders for immediate and Fall delivery report that the volume of business is much larger this season. The most popular colors now being shown are taupe, brown, gray, pearl, white, and fawn.

Gray Goods Sales Varied.

A fair amount of activity marked the local gray goods market yesterday. The sales were distinguished rather by number and variety than by the quantities disposed of. In the printcloths, 39-inch 72-76s and 68-72s sold at 13½ and 11½ cents respectively for spots and February delivery, and 38½ inch 60-64s and 60-48s went at 9¼ and 8¾ cents respectively for the same delivery. Sales of 36-inch, 56-60, 4 yard sheetings were reported at 13 cents. The transactions were with first hands. Some good business was reported in sateens, poplins, reps, and lawns. In general, the market was a buyers' rather than a sellers' one.

Receiving Reorders for Skirts.

Reports received from the road indicate that the buying of women's skirts continues to be very liberal. Outside of the city there is apparently very little discussion regarding the price, and reorders are now being received from some sections. It is said, however, that the out-of-town buyers who are in the city look at the matter from a very different angle, and many of them are waiting for lower prices. In the South and in the vicinity of Palm Beach novelty silk and wash skirts are very popular.

Dress Suits and Cutaways.

"Dress suit men were the first to get into the trenches," says a manufacturer of evening clothes for men, "and for the last year and a half our business has been dead. Now business is better than it ever was. For cutaways we can't fill our orders. Prices are still high, probably 20 per cent. higher than they were two years ago. There are some reductions in cost of materials, but staples remain the same and the prices keep up.

Business in Fur-Lined Coats.

Business has been very good this season among the manufacturers of men's fur-lined overcoats. At present conditions are very unsettled owing to the labor troubles prevailing. Much interest is being taken in the fur sales, upon the prices in which those of next season's coats will probably be based. In view of the continued warm weather very little stock is being made up for future needs.

BUSINESS RECORDS.

In Town.

ARTHUR J. HORWITZ of 1,493 Broadway has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,705 and no assets. Among the largest creditors are Herman L. Karp, $1,350; Julius Boasberg, $1,100, and Frank A. Wade, $750.

HENRY C. LAMPKA, a salesman of 326 East 201st Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,535 and no assets. There is only one creditor.

ROY E. TAYLOR, a dealer in motor trucks at 55 West Fifty-fifth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $158,758 and assets of $163,050, consisting of accounts due, $1,200, and stocks, bonds, &c., $161,400, represented by 35 shares of preferred stock, par value $100 a share, and 3,790 shares of common stock, par value $10 per share, of the R. E. Taylor Corporation, held by Lehman & Cable, actual value given as unknown, and capital stock of the par value of $120,000 of the Taylor Motor Truck Company, being 12,000 shares at $10 each, all of which is being held as securities and actual value given as unknown. Among the largest creditors are Russ J. Christy, $49,000; Colonial Savings Bank and Trust Company, $39,000, and People's National Bank, $21,353.

VEMLINGER STEEL PILING COMPANY of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and other places has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $39,864, of which $21,858 are secured claims, and assets of $16,474, consisting of real estate, $500; cash, $10; stock, $5,166; machinery, &c., $300; accounts due, $10,479. The Battery Park National Bank is a secured creditor for $21,858, and among other large creditors who are unsecured are Ludwig Merklein, $1,345; Minneapolis Gas and Electric Company, $2,141; Brown & Sites Company, $1,540, and Litchfield Construction Company, $1,251.

RITTER RESTAURANT CO., INC., of 30 Lenox Av. and 66 West 116th St. has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $46,672, of which $11,850 are secured claims and assets of $40,100, consisting of stock, $39,000; two delivery automobiles, $700; investment in Grocers' Credit Union, $400. Among the largest creditors are William Sinowitz, Inc., $7,000; J. Batt, $4,000; Jaburg Bros., $2,200, and Breakstone Bros., $1,800.

GURFINKEL & MEISTER.—Irving S. Gurfinkel and Samuel S. Meister have filed schedules in bankruptcy, individually and as copartners trading as Gurfinkel & Meister, jewelry, at 87 Maiden Lane, with liabilities of $14,968 and assets of $3,320, consisting of accounts due. Among the largest creditors are Doran, Bagnell & Co., $1,753; J. J. Pomerans, $1,455, and Union Thermometer Co., $1,525.

LENOX SNAPPY CLOTHES SHOP.—Moses Orenstein, trading as Lenox Snappy Clothes Shop, at 120 Lenox Av., has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $10,503 and assets of $5,387, consisting of stock, $4,800; machinery, etc., $750; accounts due, $25, and money in bank, $12. Among the largest creditors are the Epstein-Charles Donalio Co., $756; L. & M. System Clothing and Tailoring Co., $1,424, and Isidor Brussells, $1,800.

JOSEPH GLASS, a dealer in groceries at 125 Broome Street, has assigned to Isaac Rosenblum.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Jan. 29.—Nathan Mushlin, a tailor of this city, filed a petition in bankruptcy today, showing liabilities of $46,762 and assets of $48,000 in real estate, mortgaged for $47,500.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday; the first name is that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Armstrong, John R.—Park & Tilford..$340.74
Arden Photoplays, Inc.—Baumann & Co. 195.46
Benedict, Lulu—American Molding Co..171.14
Block, Alexander—R. Block, costs.......129.20
Barrett, Wm. M., President—B. Herbert 200.00
Butts, Arthur C.—Metropolitan Public Service and Garage Corp..........123.73
Criterion Phonograph Co. and Wm. H. Hotchkiss—N. Y. Master Printers Association 473.26
Czech, Fred—Jaburg Bros..........211.62
Cohen, Herman—D. Werdenschlag....265.20
Clarks, Chas. B.—Mutual Life Ins. Co. of N. Y. 530.19
Dallemagne, Victor—J. L. Madisa....150.20
Delany, Thomas C.—J. E. Patterson...480.83
Feldman, George—N. Roman..........113.70
Greenberg, M., Iron Works, Max Greenberg and Jannie Greenberg—Goldstein Scrap Iron and Steel Co..........861.73
Gerbine, Henry and National Surety Co.—People &c..........500.00
Goosmann, Max F. C.—Rubber Products Co. ....[illegible]
Greenspan, Isaac—C. Grossman..........608.18
Goldberg, Abraham—W. Grabelsky....192.15
Allen, Franklin—H. Laing..........390.05
Halle-Ferris Trading Corp.—N. Y. Overseas Co. 1,027.37
Kornbluth, David—N. Feldman..........221.32
Knowles, Horace G.—Best & Co..........297.60
Kahn, William—People &c..........300.00
Kallenberg, Bernard and Louis Brooks—Packard & Co..........333.70
Joseph, Dave or David—L. Nachatewitz ....15,127.[illegible]
Levinson, Abraham H.—D. Korman....2,866.06
Labowitz Clothing Co.—I. Nechpots et al 1,177.70
Larkin, Charles C.—M. J. Watts..........374.10
McElligot, James—M. McElligatt..........625.00
Mulry, Catharine A., and Benj. H. McGlynn—Bond & Mtge. Guarantee Co..3,179.05
Manton, May, Pattern Co. and George H. Bladworth—J. T. Ennis..........736.29
Mirenberg, Hyman—N. Pearlman..........136.77
Noble, Harriet E.—W. B. Kendall, costs.117.45
Nugent, Joseph—People, &c..........500.00
Nadler, Wolf—W. W. Lane..........414.90
North American Novelty Co.—E. Wessel et al..........164.07
105 West 55th St., Inc.—R. Elkan....1,779.05
Oberleder, Morris—Town Taxi Co., costs.137.81
Rothwell, Emily J. and Thomas H.—Franklin Society for Home Building and Savings 1,637.68
Same—Same 1,634.07
Rossler, Joseph—L. Schaer..........907.79
Reuben, Arthur—Phenix Cheese Co.....109.55
Selecta Trading Corp.—L. Schwartz....1,144.04
Sachs, Philip—J. Jaburg et al..........670.91
Smith, Nathan D. — Importers and Exporters Insurance Co..........1,151.68
Sohland, Alfred—Penn Silk Co., costs..136.60
Sullivan, Cornelius A.—M. Pasachoff..........17,648.45
Steiner, Herman; Emil Zucker, and Leo Steiner—American Alcohol Co..........112.96
Seidlitz, Cecile—M. S. Auerbach et al., costs 391.33
Simons, Morris—M. Anguist et al..........647.65
Schweizer, Edward—H. E. Stout Co....642.31
Twentieth Century Lunch Co.—Nollman & Co 325.81
Wolff, William A.—Brentano's..........319.52
Wohlberg, Jacob—M. Anguist et al.....147.40
Williams, Arthur A., (Arthur A. Williams Shoe Co.)—U. S. Mfrs.' Export Corp. 1,062.30
Whitning, Richard D., exr.—P. Goldfarb et al., costs 111.13

In Bronx County.

Bengulst, Mordecai—H. Ascher et al..$112.23
Cahn, Arthur—R. Rosenthal..........162.12
D'Alesio, Silverio—Cosmopolitan Bank..411.75
Fantilli, Adolph—M. Davidson..........116.00
Mander, George—G. A. Feld Co..........52.62
Straub, Hugo O.—I. Molnester..........35.52

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Donnelly, Frank—P. Dooley; March 18, 1917 ....$114.16
Buck, Karl W.—60 Wall St.; Oct. 25, 1918 ....389.10
Ferdinand Munch Brewery—S. R. Mann; Jan. 13, 1916 ....1,865.35
Same—Same; Jan. 14, 1916 ....324.84
Hoffmann, Pauline P.—M. E. Hoffmann; Dec. 20, 1918 ....109.73
Schnider, Sam, and Joseph Jacobson—I. Frum; Sept. 27, 1917 ....249.43
Morrisson, Michael J.—J. M. A. Swick; March 12, 1918 ....164.70
City of N. Y.—L. Hesse; June 8, 1918 (reversed) 1,881.60
Niemeyer, Diedrich—C. M. Henly; Jan. 9, 1919 ....120.43
Bernstein, Jacob—D. Bussell; Jan. 17, 1919 ....[illegible]

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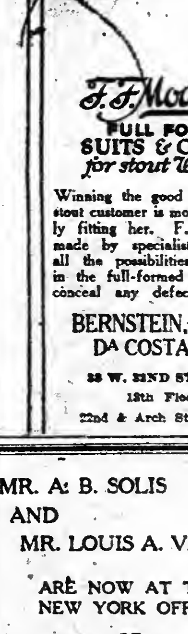

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WHITE ROSE MEDIUM WEIGHT
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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABERDEEN, Miss.—A. & J. Rubel; A. Rubel, Jr., general mdse.; McAlpin.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Stanley & MacGibbon Co.; Miss M. Doling, jobs georgette, serge dresses; 1 W. 36th.
ALBANY, N. Y.—S. Sporborg; E. Sporborg, millinery; 621 Broadway.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Parr Bros.; J. L. Parr; dry goods; Wallick.
AMARILLO, Texas—Moore-Mathis Co.; Mr. Moore, dry goods; 595 Broadway.
ANN ARBOR, Mich.—Mack & Co.; C. J. Hutzel, coats, suits; Holland.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—Silverman Bros.; A. Silverman, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; Marie Antoinette.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—Holsheimer & Shaul; W. W. Frederick, embroideries, laces, neckwear, leather goods; 1,130 B'way; Breslin.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Ginsburg, Kirshin & Ginsburg; S. L. Ginsburg, coats, suits; Mrs. H. Carpenter, dresses, waists; 3 W. 29th.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Kesley Co.; Miss S. Ford, muslin underwear; 1,170 Broadway.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—C. H. Schneider & Bro.; J. Schneider, muslin underwear; 1,370 B'way, R. 910.
BALTIMORE—Liberty Mfg. Co.; J. S. Fleisher, flannelette gowns; 1,261 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; W. F. Corrine, notions; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—H. Hamburger & Co.; H. H. Hamburger, dresses, 1,276 Broadway.
BAKERSFIELD, Cal.—Hochheimer & Co.; Mrs. R. A. Shepard, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Burger D. G. Co.; Miss A. Cunningham, laces, embroideries, 1,150 Broadway, Imperial.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Burger D. G. Co.; L. Hirsh, notions, fancy goods, jewelry, toys, 1,150 Broadway, Collingwood.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Sisson Bros. & Welden Co.; L. R. Marvin, coats, suits, waists, wrappers; Miss D. Raynor, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
BOSTON—Shepard-Norwell Co.; C. H. Hamilton, umbrellas; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—Rivitz Bros.; E. I. Rivitz, coats, suits, dresses, ladies' wear; Pennsylvania.
BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; A. Cohen, jobs dresses; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons & Co.; Miss McGrath, misses' inexpensive dresses; 110 West 32d.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Stanley & MacGibbon Co.; Miss M. Downs, jobs Georgette dresses; 1 W. 36th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—I. S. Given; Mr. Boyd, jobs Fall sport, plush coats; 37 W. 26th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—C. M. & K. Hoffman; Mrs. C. M. Hoffman, millinery; Imperial.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Oransky's; H. Oransky, ready-to-wear; Miss I. Buttsky, waists; 37 W. 26th.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Franchere Co.; Mrs. A. J. Franchere, coats, suits, waists, dresses, skirts, infants wear; 1,170 Broadway, Room 102.
CHICAGO—Windman Mfg. Co.; A. Solomon, piece goods; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—W. H. Haenichen & Co., S. Werthan, clothing; Breslin.
CHICAGO—Kaufmann, Auerbach & Co.; M. Kaufmann, flowers, feathers; 657 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; Miss I. Smith, gloves; 23 East 26th.
CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; Miss A. M. Wohlman, dresses; 116 West 32d.
COLUMBUS, O.—M. J. Federman; C. Maiacon, jobs coats; 37 West 26th.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—M. J. Federman, jobs Fall sport, plush coats; 37 W. 26th.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Benzin-Uetick Co.; H. J. Benzin, tie silks; Herald Square.
CORSICANA, Texas—J. M. Dyer D. G. Co.; J. M. Dyer, ready-to-wear; 47 W. 34th.
DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; R. J. Corpening, domestics, white goods, linens; 19 to 24th; Bristol.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; W. H. Hirst, carpets; 19 East 24th.
DALLAS, Texas—Rose Mfg. Co.; Mr. Joseph, Jr., men's, boys' clothing; Mr. Bullman representing; Claridge.
DANVILLE, Va.—S. Mandel; ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way, Room 402.
DAYTON, Ohio—The L. Traxler Co.; S. O. Williamson, dress goods, silks; 120 West 32d St.; Commodore.
DAYTON—Adler & Childs; C. Adler, jobs Fall sport, plush coats; 37 W. 26th.
DENVER, Col.—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; J. Slaughter, linens, bedding, domestics; 71 W. 23d; Marie Antoinette.
DES MOINES, Ia.—L. Oransky, Jobs' Fall cloth, plush coats; 37 West 26th.
DEVIL'S LAKE, N. D.—E. E. Mann, clothing; Latham.
DETROIT—Arrelik & Co.; I. Cohen, mfg. dept.; J. H. Krolik, blankets, upholstery goods; 377 B'way.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss Conway, neckwear, gloves; 225 5th Av.
DETROIT—A. M. Barnes, graduation dresses; Miss Barnes, capes; 18 West 27th.
DETROIT—Hughes & Thatcher; F. A. Hughes, men's clothing, furn. goods; Breslin.
DOTHAN, Ala.—S. A. Williams, ready-to-wear; 6 W. 32d.
DUBUQUE, Iowa.—Burch Bros.; G. E. Burch, ready-to-wear; 45 West 24th St.
FARGO, N. D.—"Black's;" G. M. Black, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
FORT SMITH, Ark.—The Fair; J. Langfelder, S. Tiller, ready-to-wear; Imperial.
GALESBURG, Ill.—The O. T. Johnson Co.; Mr. Tehan, waists; 1,138 B'way.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Friedman, Spring D. G. Co.; M. Friedman, women's ready-to-wear; Penn.
GREAT FALLS, Mon.—McCoy Dept. Store; Miss A. Brown, ready-to-wear; 1,179 B'way.
GREENVILLE, Texas—M. W. McBride, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
GREENVILLE, Miss.; J. Romansky & Co.; J. Romansky, general mdse.; Broadway Central.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown-Thompson Co.; Mr. Keever, cotton goods; 220 5th Av.
HASTINGS, Neb.—Wolbach & Brach; Miss M. Karpe, coats, suits, waists; Penn.
HOUSTON, Texas—L. Wolf Co.; L. Wolf, jobs, men's woolens, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
JACKSONVILLE—Cohen Bros.; Miss Isenhauer, suits, dresses; 225 5th Av.
KANSAS CITY—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; T. J. Gill, china, crockery; 22 Madison Av.
KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—M. Bart, ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,133 B'way.
LEMARS, Iowa—M. Berg; Mrs. Gehlen, ready-to-wear; 6 W. 32d.
LEWISTON, Mon.—Charles Brown & Co.; Mrs. R. M. Brown, ready-to-wear, millinery; Aberdeen.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Safferstine Hat Co.; I. L. Safferstine, men's hats, caps; Imperial.
LOS ANGELES—Buty Dept. Store; L. W. Howland, jewelry novelties; 95 Madison Av.; Breslin.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—H. A. Walton, dress goods, silks, white goods; Great Northern.
MILWAUKEE—Milwaukee Apparel Co.; A. Voss, Miss T. Miller, trimmed, untrimmed hats; 565 5th Av.
MILWAUKEE—Field's; Mr. Gans, skirts; Miss Arnold, coats; 15 E. 26th.
MILWAUKEE—B. Rosenberg & Co.; B. Rosenberg, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 1170 B'way, Room 810.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Leonard Fitzpatrick & Mueller; Miss Beasie, ladies' ready-to-wear; Mayfair.
NASHVILLE—Castner-Knott D. G. Co.; F. Traylor, pianos; 23 E. 26th.
NASHVILLE, Tenn.—L. Rosenheim Co.; M. Friedman, coats; 1,270 B'way; Herald Square.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; Miss R. Rosenberg, underwear, corsets, infants' wear; T. H. Galligan, laces, gloves; 464 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; Mrs. A. R. Stern, gloves, art needlework; 116 W. 32d.
NORFOLK, Va.—Whichard Bros. Co.; H. Whichard, general mdse.; Martinique.
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Emporium; E. L. Tobias, ready-to-wear; 1,185 Broadway.
PALISTINE, Texas—Hodges Bros.; D. M. Hodges, dry goods; Miss Halvey, ready-to-wear; Penn.
PARAGOULD, Ark.—Bertig Bros.; Mrs. M. Conrad, millinery; 1,161 B'way.
PEORIA, Ill.—Clarke & Co.; Miss B. Baker, coats, suits, dresses, waists; 1,185 Broadway; McAlpin.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; G. R. Dunn, art needlework; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—"Stewart's;" Miss Cross, Georgette waists; 16 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—"Blauner's;" Miss Weiss, Spring blouses; Miss Criscolo, Georgette, silk dresses; 15 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Trio Waist Co.; H. Kressler, waistings; 39 W. 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Frank & Co.; M. Frank, children's cloaks; 1,182 Broadway; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; H. Fredricks, men's, boys' clothing; 230 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—J. Levitt & Co.; J. Levitt, shirtwaist materials; Imperial.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; S. B. Raffler, laces; 1,133 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Porter Co.; F. C. Waddell, hats; Miss K. E. Wells, trimmed hats; Cumberland.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh Millinery Supply Co.; M. M. Brown, millinery; Breslin.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; S. Finkelhor, women's suits; 364 5th Av.; Holland.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; Miss M. Sproat, ladies' neckwear; 48 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; S. G. Kerngood, Miss Long, millinery; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss A. J. Troupe, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; M. E. Baer, millinery; Miss M. Grastenfield, waists, children's wear, house dresses, petticoats; 116 West 32d.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Miss C. Toole, children's coats, suits; Miss J. Welsh, women's suits; 404 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Stanley & MacGibbon Co.; Miss J. Greenberg, jobs serge georgette dresses; 1 W. 36th.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—J. Samuels & Bro.; T. Lobenberg, dress goods, silks; 118 W. 32d.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Shepard Co.; R. W. Bishee, wash goods; 220 5th Av.
RICHMOND, Va.—Thalheimer Bros.; L. M. Johnson, furn. goods; Cumberland.
RICHMOND, Va.—Kaufmann & Co.; J. L. Kaufmann, millinery, 358 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Rosenberg Bros. & Co.; M. H. Lang, dresses; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—J. Knopf & Son; J. Knopf, woolens; Latham.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Kaufman D. G. Co.; L. Kaufman, A. Kaufmann, dry goods; L. Enos, furn. goods; Penn.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Dalkowitz Bros.; S. Dalkowitz, dry goods; 45 W. 34th; Bristol.
SAN FRANCISCO—Newman Magnin Co.; E. Mayer, dress goods, silks, 1,123 Broadway, Continental.
SAN JOSE, Cal.—Prussia & Co.; W. L. Prussia, ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.
SAN JOSE, Cal.—M. Blum & Co.; M. Blum, gen'l mdse.; 116 West 32d.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—G. Eckstein Co.; J. P. Eckstein, domestics, dress goods, sheets, hosiery; 141 Madison Av.
SAVANNAH, Ga.—Blumberg Bros.; Albert Blumberg, dresses, suits, millinery, men's clothing; 334 4th Av., 3d floor.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Heine Store; Mr. Well, general mdse.; 1,150 Broadway.
SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; Miss C. Parker, women's, misses' dresses; 225 5th Av.
SEATTLE, Wash.—Seattle D. G. Co.; J. White, art goods; 440 4th Av.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—Hagen & Bjelseth; P. O. Hagen, Miss E. Vick, women's ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Poole D. G. Co.; J. C. Poole, mdse. mgr.; 404 4th Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger & Co.; A. E. Stewart, suits; 404 4th Av.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Hirsch Bros. D. G. Co.; Miss M. Schaeffer, millinery; 44 East 22d.
ST. LOUIS—Wm. Schoper Stores Co.; Miss Kennedy, waists; 1,170 B'way, R. 610.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; T. D. Page, basement dresses; 37 West 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Lewis Zukoski Mercantile Co.; I. Osborne, trimmed hats; 303 5th Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Stanley & MacGibbon Co.; Miss F. Curtis, jobs Georgette dresses; 1 W. 36th.
ATHENS, Ga.—S. J. Boley Co.; S. J. Boley, dress goods, silks, hosiery, ribbons; Imperial.
TEMPLE, Texas—McKelvey Hartman D. G. Co.; E. M. Hartman, ready-to-wear furn. goods, millinery; Breslin.
TEXARKANA, Ark.—Lacofske & Son Co.; A. Lacofske, dry goods; 15 E. 26th.
TOLEDO—Lion D. G. Co.; Miss J. A. Mack, infants', children's wear, negligees; 23 E. 26th.
TULSA, Okla.—Hunt Co.; Miss E. Reed, ladies' ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
UTICA, N. Y.—Wicks & Greesman; F. Hutchison, clothing; Murray Hill.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Lansburgh & Bro.; Miss N. Gleasner, millinery; McAlpin.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Stone & Thomas; L. Kahn, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Duncan Homer Co.; J. R. Homer, linens, white goods; Commodore.
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—Tannenbaus Bros.; A. Tannenbaus, suits, skirts, dresses; 6 W. 32d.
WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Begin Bros.; T. Guerin, general mdse.; Imperial.

ST. LOUIS SALE IS ENDED.

$9,550,000 Taken In at Nine-Day Auction in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 29.—The nine-day midwinter fur auction ended tonight with total sales amounting to $9,550,000. Buyers claimed it was the greatest sale ever held.

More than 3,000,000 pelts, including virtually everything from house cat to Russian sable, were disposed of, prices ranging from 1 cent to $100 a pelt. To-day's sales included 1,000,000 muskrats, which brought $1,100,000.

Leaf Tobacco Stocks Increase.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Leaf tobacco held by manufacturers and dealers Jan. 1, the Census Bureau reported today, was 1,234,884,896 pounds, an increase of about 48,000,000 pounds as compared with last year. The total included 234,309,051 pounds of cigar type tobaccos, an increase of about 50,000,000 pounds, and 67,322,451 pounds of imported types, an increase of 8,000,000 pounds.

Want Shoes Protected.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—Resolutions requesting Congress to put a duty on shoes which would equalize the cost of production between the United States and other countries were passed at the annual meeting of the New England Shoe and Leather Association today. Speedy restoration of railroads to private ownership was favored.

Prices of Drugs and Chemicals.

Heavy imports of menthol and lack of demand have led holders to cut the price severely, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today. Competition in the market indicates that prices may go still lower. Coumarin and denatured alcohol are declining, and mercurials are lower. Camphor prices are firm, while Newfoundland cod liver oil is easier. In heavy chemicals no further improvement in trade is reported, and manufacturers do not believe business will become normal for some time. Dealers are selling in small lots at the market price rather than grant concessions for the sake of larger orders, and this action has a tendency to stabilize prices and prevent serious declines. Acetic acid, prussiate of potash, and sulphuric acid are lower. Caustic potash, calcium carbide, and copper sulphate are higher.

Now Getting Surgical Supplies.

Dealers in surgical supplies in this country, and doctors and surgeons individually, have been the greatest sufferers from the Government monopolies during the war. The Government took 97 per cent. of all the supplies manufactured. Such necessities as surgical needles and thermometers were impossible to obtain. With the cessation of hostilities supplies are taking their normal course and for the last six weeks the big supply houses which cover different sections of the country have been able to fill their orders, and this will continue.

Children's High-Grade Dresses.

Practically no cancellations at all have been received by the manufacturers of children's high grade dresses. In the local trade the buying is very satisfactory, and is well in proportion to last year's business. The out-of-town trade is showing many signs of improvement, and some very substantial orders are being received, especially from the South and West. Some of the out-of-town buyers who are in the city feel that the prices are too high. It is said, however, that they are looking for the cheaper lines.

Women's Raincoats Sell Well.

Due to the former demands of the Government for raincoats, the stocks in the retail stores are said to be very low. This has resulted in some large sized orders being taken by the men on the road for women's garments of this kind. Everywhere the demand seems to be for the higher-priced merchandise. The Western trade is exceptionally good this year, there being a good sale for coats that retail from $18 to $25 apiece. Silk finishes and cravenette tweeds are among the best sellers.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Innes & Co., formerly Otto Isenstein & Co. have removed their general offices to 132-134 Front Street.

M. M. Shulman has left the M. Martin Company and Barnard Underwear Company and is now with the Radcliff Underwear Company, 95 Worcster Street.

John Lowe has connected himself as salesman with Harold Hustler, hosiery manufacturers' agent, 346 Broadway.

Fowler, Dick & Walker of Binghamton, N. Y., and Wilkes-Barre, Penn., are now with Alexander H. Meyar, resident buyer, 6 West Thirty-second Street.

The firm of Ahrens & Winslow, resident buyers of 1,170 Broadway, will dissolve partnership Feb. 1. Mr. Ahrens will join forces with T. S. Morgan under the firm name of Morgan & Ahrens, at the same address.

H. B. RUBIN
Formerly 36-54 W. 25th St. Now located in the
Waldorf Building
2-16 West 33d St.
SPRING LINE OF
SUITS, COATS, CAPES and DOLMANS
Ready for Inspection

AMERICAN GIRL COATS for CHILDREN and JUNIORS

The unusually modest prices we have put on these pretty little coats will make them show you an unusually good profit. Well-made, in all the smart and serviceable fabrics.

See them before you leave town.

H. Goldwater & Co.,
36-46 W. 25th St., N. Y.

Millman Smocks

For house and garden
For beach and sports wear
For shopping and street
— Smocks —
For style and broad service
Smocks $18.00 to $36.00 per doz
Middies $12.00 to $18.00 per doz
"First in the Field"
ABE MILLMAN
Successor to Bloom & Millman
20 West 33rd Street
New York City

EXCLUSIVELY
Juniors' & Misses' Coats & Suits

$8.75 to $30 Immediate Delivery

WE are specialists in your line—save your time—offer you widest assortments—prettiest styles—and best Juniors' and Misses' values in America.

Irving Finkelstein
"House of Live Wires"
29-35 W. 32d St.
30-34 W. 33d St. N. Y. C.

Duchess frocks

Chosen unerringly by women, misses and juniors who want to look their best for spring gayeties. In every fabric approved by fashion.

$13.75 to $37.75
Fine Selection for Immediate Shipment.
Little Duchess Dress Co
19 West 34th St., N. Y.

STOUT DRESSES

You can buy Stout Dresses embracing style, quality, and workmanship anywhere. But it is not enough. To possess merchandising possibilities you must have also the RIGHT PRICE.

$9.75 TO $25.00

LINDE & RUBIN

Stock Now on Hand
Crepe de Chine and Georgene Waists $2.25
ALPHRA WAIST CO.

Georgette Crepe Waists $3.50
BERTEX WAIST CO.

NOW IN OUR NEW HOME
31-37 West 27th St.
AND BETTER ABLE TO SERVE YOU THAN EVER BEFORE.

Peter Pan

all shades
The Wash Fabrics of the Season
for Women and Childrens Apparel

HEGLA REGISTERED TRADE MARK FABRICS

Henry Glass & Co.
44-48 White St., New York

Georgette Dress Beautiful Combinations $14.75

KLEVAKLAD DRESSES

represent all of the season's smartest styles *minus the few extra dollars* that usually go with "exclusive" models.

Serges $5.75 up Taffetas $7.75 up
Jerseys $9.75 up Georg'tes 9.75 up
Crepe de Chine, $8.75 up
Meteors, $10.75 up

Goods on the rack for immediate delivery.

KLEVAKLAD DRESS CO.
1261 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Corner 31st Street

Coats · Suits · Capes
for the LADY — *for the* MISS
MODERATE PRICES
INSTANT DELIVERY
SAMUEL N. BRIMBERG
30-32-34 WEST 26TH ST., N.Y.C.

THE BEST VALUES EVER SHOWN!
SILVERTONE TRICOTINE DOLMAN COAT $17.75
All silk lined, all shades.
SILVERTONE TRICOTINE
All silk lined SUIT $18.75
OTHER VALUES AS WELL.
M. Kananack & Co. Inc.
129-33 West 27th Street.

DERBY Waist Inc.
Progressive Stores Everywhere Are Featuring
DERBY STOUTS
—scientifically designed to fit stout figures. An assortment combined with Derby regulars will prove immensely profitable.
Immediate Deliveries. 40 W. 32nd St., New York

The NEW HOME of
BIJOU - SYLVIA - HALPERN - ESSKAY-MIBELLE WAISTS
BIJOU DRESSES
303 *Fifth Avenue*
Corner 31st. Street, New York

Waists and dresses of every description—at all prices—in all fabrics—in variety so comprehensive and complete that every possible requirement of the modern waist and dress department can be met with a minimum effort and a maximum of satisfaction.

SERGE and GEORGETTE DRESSES

We have a big variety of extremely smart models, and we can make deliveries *at once.*

For obvious reasons immediate action is advisable.

Serge and Silk Dresses $6.75 to $18.75

BOOTH, BREGMAN & SUMBERG
129-133 West 27th Street
New York City

SEE THE LINE IN OUR NEW YORK SHOW ROOMS

Lack Smocks
Pathfinders Not Trailhillers

Every year Lack Smocks are worn for a wider variety of purposes, and consequently bought in larger quantities. Progressive stores are cashing in with special Lack Smock sales. Ask how we co-operate.

LACK MFG. CO. 28 W. 27th ST. NEW YORK

MONARCH

SAVES YOU 20%

The name, the styles, and the quality of MONARCH DRESSES are aristocratic; but in their prices they are true democrats—which has made and kept them popular favorites. Don't take our word for it. Come in and SEE them.

MONARCH DRESS CO.
11 East 26th Street New York.

LOUIS DULBERG CO.

DRESSES OF WONDERFUL STYLE AND VALUE $6.75 to $19.75

It's the beautiful fit, style, and workmanship that make our dresses sales record breakers.

12-14 West 32nd St. New York

Abundant Working Capital
for any
Sound Manufacturing or Mercantile Enterprise
on
Accounts Receivable Without Notification—
Acceptances — Drafts With Documents—
Letters of Credit — Warehouse Receipts.
The Finance Trust
26 Exchange Place. Phone Hanover 6590.
Representative will call on request.

Wormser & Co.
Commercial Bankers
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360
Accounts Financed.
Advances on Merchandise.

ACCOUNTS FINANCED.
As low as 1% charged.
As high as 99% advanced.
Best Finance Co., 1133 Broadway

PROMPT AID.
If a last article of value is advertised in The New York Times its return to owner is sometimes a matter of a few hours. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.—Advt.

POLANSKY
MONEY BROKER
CORTLANDT 490

COLEMAN & CO.
ACCOUNTS FINANCED
1133 Broadway, 9768 Farragut
Trade Acceptances Discounted.

Accounts Financed
Acceptances and notes purchased.
Non-notification. Lowest rates.
Commercial Acceptance & Discount Co.
Essex Building, Newark, N. J.

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY NEW YORK

Opportunities in Long-term Bonds

AT present prices high-grade bonds offer an unusually attractive yield over a long period.

We have prepared a special list of such securities maturing from 1929 to 1952. The yields range from 5.45% to more than 6½%.

Circular describing these issues will be furnished upon request for AC-202.

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.
Correspondent Offices in 33 Cities

7½%

We offer, subject to prior sale, UNION ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER CO. of St. Louis, Mo., Two-year 6% Secured Gold Notes, due June 15th, 1920. Price 98 and interest, to yield

7½%.

Send for descriptive circular T-52.

E. H. Rollins & Sons

43 Exchange Place, New York

Boston Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco Denver

Tilney, Ladd & Co.

Railroad Bonds

New York

INVESTMENTS LEGAL IN NEW YORK

Trustees of Estates are invited to confer with us with respect to the proper investment of funds.

Merrill, Lynch & Co.

7 Wall St., New York

Chicago
Detroit

Members New York Stock Exchange.

For 14 years we have been specialists in all issues of United States Government Bonds.

We offer large and small investors a specialized Service for the Purchase or Sale of all issues of

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS

C. F. CHILDS & CO.

Capital One Half Million Dollars

120 Broadway, New York — 208 So. La Salle St., Chicago

For 14 years we have been specialists in all issues of United States Government Bonds.

New York City Bonds

Barr & Schmeltzer

Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St. Specialists. New York.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Steel Dividend Reduction and Earnings React on Stocks—Money Supply Large.

The reduction of the Steel Corporation's extra dividend had a natural effect on speculative sentiment in yesterday's stock market, and the decline of industrial issues brought about by sales for the short account appeared to be furthered by some liquidation. Study of the corporation's income account for the last quarter of 1918 emphasized not only the fact that earnings had declined sharply from the quarter preceding but also the record of marked contraction from month to month. It was easy for traders to infer that the small net return of $10,884,000 in December, compared with $26,471,000 in March, $20,412,000 in June, and $13,600,000 in September, indicated a continuation of the shrinkage in January and perhaps February of this year. In the forepart of the session brokerage house comment dealt with hurried sales of stock held for investment, but this development seemed to lose force as time passed and trading slackened after the first hour. The decline of 3½ points in Steel common stood among the largest recessions of the day, with a number of other steel stocks dropping back more than 2 points and oil, copper, railroad equipment, and copper stocks displaying considerable weakness.

Outside of the particular happening which worked to concentrate unfavorable attention on the steel industry, the day's news was by no means unsettling for the future of business. The Iron Age noted that the reduction of ocean freight rates had stimulated inquiries on export steel orders and the outlook for an increase of sales in Europe by American mills in the near future was thought to be improved by the lower transportation charges plus labor unsettlement in British manufacturing regions and prevailing high costs over there. While reports were received of further slackening of operations at some domestic mills and furnaces, the point was not lost sight of in quarters where basis conditions are view that the current season is one for normal repairing of plant, a process which might well carry with it at this time a greater decline of operations than in pre-war years because of the heavy wear and tear of war production.

The reaction of railroad equipment company shares in the afternoon received less attention than the movement of steel stocks, but the impelling force was well worthy of notice. The recession gained considerable impetus after the receipt of dispatches from Washington which recited what appeared to be altered views of the Railroad Administration on the outlay for rolling stock this year. It was inferred that expenditures would be less than were contemplated a few weeks ago. Railroad traffic experts doubtless have been examining the state of business, present and future, since the armistice brought an easement of rush freight transportation, and it would not be surprising to many observers of railroad developments if extension and betterment plans were also revised downward before long. The objection of railway managers to acquiring cars and making improvements more than are absolutely necessary at prevailing costs has been gaining strength of late.

Money continued easy yesterday and the large supplies offered forecast the absence of strain today when the last payment on the Fourth Liberty Loan is made and also a payment of $600,000,000 on Treasury certificates. In banking quarters the demand for acceptances was reported substantial and bidders were active in the market for commercial bills.

Prices Firm on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Prices on the bourse today were firm. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63 francs 25 centimes; exchange on London at 25 francs 98 centimes, and the 5 per cent. loan at 98 francs.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	4½	High	5
Low	4	Low	4½
Renewals	4½	Renewals	5
Last	4½	Last	5

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances....4¼

Time Loans.

ALL INDUSTRIALS.		MIXED COLLAT'LS.	
Sixty days	5¼@5½	Sixty days	5¼@5½
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5½	Four months	5¼@5½
Five months	5½	Five months	5¼@5½
Six months	5½	Six months	5¼@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days....4¼@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days....4⅜@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days....5¼@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days....5 @5¼
4 to 6 months....5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months....5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling— Demand	$4.7577½	$4.7577½	$4.7577½	— .00025
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	+.000125
Francs— Demand	5.45⅜	5.45⅜	5.45⅜	— .00¼
Cables	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	5.45⅛	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		—Yesterday's Close.— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7577½	$4.76⅛
5.1813	Paris	5.45⅜	5.45½
5.1813	Belgium	5.66½	5.65
	China— Hongkong	78.00	78.10
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	123.00
40.20	Holland	41⅛	41¼
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India— Bombay	35.43	*35.73
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.78
5.1813	Italy	6.36½	6.35
	Japan— Kobe	51.25	51.50
	Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.05	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia— Stockholm	28.20	28.40
	Copenhagen	26.00	26.20
	Christiania	27.30	27.55
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	44.35	45.00
54.42	Rio	25.85	26.00
5.1813	Switzerland	4.93½	4.90⅛
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	15.75	15.90
	500 rubles	15.10	15.85

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.73½	$4.71½	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $590,650,602; balances, $59,979,751; Treasury debit balance, $1,405,223; Federal Reserve credit balance, $46,636,535.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48⅛d; in New York, $1.01½, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$10,120,844	$86,572,426
Internal Revenue— Income and excess profits taxes	38,987,396	724,411,059
Miscellaneous	96,590,996	686,010,253
Miscellaneous rev.	23,083,276	280,795,257
Total receipts	$168,682,513	$1,777,786,976
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. rcts.	1,235,210,006	9,185,863,571
Exc. of total rcts. over total disb.	204,793,524	300,157,018
Expenditures	1,403,893,519	9,963,652,548

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 29, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	564,990	443,487	731,043
Year to date	10,852,935	12,588,932	16,428,790

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22¾	23¼	400	Advance Rumely	22¾	23¾	22¾	23	+ ¼
59½	59¾	1,000	Advance Rumely pf.	59	59¾	59	59½	+1½
70	70¾	200	Ajax Rubber	72	72	70¾	70¾	−1¾
3¼	3⅜	200	Alaska Gold Mines	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	− ⅛
1½	2	100	Alaska Juneau	2	2	2	2	+ ⅛
30½	31¼	400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	31½	31¼	30¾	31¼	− ¾
82¼	83	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	+ ⅞
99½	100⅛	300	Am. Agri. Chem.	100	100	99½	99½	− ½
67½	68	600	Am. Beet Sugar	67½	68	67½	67¾	− ⅛
46	46⅝	6,600	Am. Can	46	46½	45⅝	46	− ⅜
87¾	88	4,300	Am. Car & Found	88⅝	89	87⅝	88⅛	−2¼
115½	117	100	Am. Car. & F. pf.	115	115	115	115	− ⅛
41	41½	400	Am. Cotton Oil	41½	41½	41	41	− ½
..	..	22,000	Am. Druggists	11¾	12⅝	11⅜	12⅝	+1¼
15	15½	700	Am. Hide & Leath.	15½	15⅞	15⅜	15⅝	+ ⅜
85¾	86	20,700	Am. Hide & L. pf.	83⅝	86⅞	83⅝	86	+2¼
39⅞	40	200	Am. Ice	40	40½	40	40½	+ ¼
46⅝	47	2,100	Am. Linseed	48	48	46⅝	47	−1
88	90	100	Am. Linseed pf.	89½	89½	89½	89½	−1
100¼	103¼	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	..
1¼	1¾	100	Am. Malting	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	+ ¼
70½	71	6,500	Am. Sm. & Ref.	70	70¾	69⅞	70½	− ⅜
78½	79	500	Am. Steel Found.	78½	79½	78½	79½	− ½
112	113	200	Am. Sugar Refin.	112	112	112	112	− ½
99¼	100	1,500	Am. Sumatra Tob.	100⅝	100⅝	99¼	99¼	−2
99	99½	3,400	Am. Tel. & Tel.	100	100	98⅞	99⅛	−1
193	195	300	Am. Tobacco	195	195	195	195	−1½
45¼	45⅝	500	Am. Woolen	46	46	45¼	45¼	− ⅞
94½	95	200	Am. Woolen pf.	94¾	94½	94½	94½	− ½
10½	11¼	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	11½	11½	11½	11½	..
58⅝	58¾	6,100	Anaconda Copper	58⅞	58⅞	58⅝	58⅝	− ⅝
1⅜	1½	100	Assets Realization	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..
92	93	400	At., Top. & S. Fe.	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜	− ⅞
97½	98⅞	2,200	At., Gulf & W. I.	97⅝	98½	97⅝	98½	+ ¾
64	65½	200	At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	64½	64½	64	64	−1½
65¾	65⅞	23,400	Baldwin Locomo.	67	67¾	64⅞	65⅞	−3
101	107	100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	102	102	102	102	..
46	46⅜	700	Balt. & Ohio	46⅜	46⅜	46¼	46¼	− ⅛
53	55	200	Balt. & Ohio pf.	55½	55⅝	54⅝	54⅝	+2
109	110½	100	Barrett Co.	110	110	110	110	..
58	59	100	Bethlehem Steel	59	59	59	59	−2
58⅞	59	22,300	Beth. Steel Class B	60	60	58⅝	58⅞	−1⅞
103	103¾	500	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	104	104	103½	103¾	+ ¾
19½	19⅝	800	Brooklyn R. T.	18⅝	19½	18⅝	19½	..
80	80	100	Brook. Union Gas	80½	80½	80½	80½	− ½
8¾	9½	100	Bruns. T. & R. Sec.	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	− ⅛
52¾	53¾	500	Cal. Packing	53¼	53¾	52⅝	53	− ¾
23⅞	23⅝	1,300	Cal. Petroleum	23½	24	23½	23½	− ⅛
67½	68¾	300	Cal. Petroleum pf.	68½	68¼	68	68	− ¼
..	50	50	Canada Southern	43	43	43	43	..
157½	158	300	Canadian Pacific	158⅜	158⅜	158	158	−1½
58½	59	500	Cen. Leather Co.	58½	59	58¼	58⅝	− ⅜
105½	106	100	Cen. Leather Co. pf.	105½	105½	105½	105½	..
31½	31¾	300	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	31½	31¾	31½	31¾	− ¼
104	105½	100	Chandler Motor	105	105	105	105	−1
55	55½	500	Ches. & Ohio	55½	55½	55⅜	55½	− ⅜
7½	8	100	Chi. Great Western	8	8	8	8	..
37⅞	38	2,200	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	37⅞	38¼	37½	37⅞	−1¼
71½	72¼	1,300	C., M. & St. P. pf.	72⅝	72⅝	71½	71½	−1½
95	96	200	Chi. & Northwest	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	− ½
23¼	23¼	500	Chi., R. I. & P.	23½	23½	23½	23½	− ⅜
63½	64	100	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	63½	63½	63½	63½	− ⅜
17½	17¾	1,100	Chile Copper	17⅝	17¾	17⅝	17⅝	..
33½	34	200	Chino Copper	32¾	33⅞	33½	33⅞	+ ½
35½	36	500	Col. Fuel & Iron	36	36	35	35	−1½
49	54	100	Col. Southern 1st pf.	49½	49½	49½	49½	..
42	42⅝	500	Colum. Gas & Elec.	42¼	42⅝	42¼	42⅝	− ⅜
89¼	90¼	1,300	Consolidated Gas	90¼	90¼	88⅞	89¼	−1½
68	69½	900	Continental Can	69½	69½	68⅞	68⅞	− ⅝
61⅝	62½	400	Continental Insur.	61½	62	61½	61⅞	+ ⅜
46⅞	46⅞	5,600	Corn Products Ref.	47½	47⅜	46¼	46⅞	− ⅜
52½	52⅝	8,100	Crucible Steel	53½	53½	52¼	52⅝	−1⅜
22⅝	22½	8,700	Cuba-Cane Sugar	22½	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	..
73	74	600	Cuba Cane Sug. pf.	73½	73½	72½	72⅝	−1½
102½	103½	300	Del. & Hudson	104	104	103	103	−2
3⅜	4	100	Denver & Rio G.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	− ⅛
6½	6¾	200	Denver & R. G. pf.	6½	6½	6½	6½	..
..	..	1,400	Detroit Ed. Co. rgts.	¾	¾	¾	¾	..
51½	52	900	Distillers Securities	51½	52	51½	52	..
11½	11⅞	500	Dome Mines	11½	11⅞	11½	11½	− ½
2½	3½	100	Dul., S. S. & At.	3	3	3	3	− ½
27	28¼	100	Elk Horn Coal	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	..
15⅝	15⅞	800	Erie	16	16	15⅞	15⅞	− ⅛
25½	26¼	100	Erie 1st pf.	26	26	26	26	− ⅞
28¾	28¾	900	Gaston, Wm. & W.	28⅝	29	28⅝	28⅝	− ⅜
47½	48	200	General Cigar	48	48	48	48	− ¼
149	149⅞	500	General Electric	149	149	148½	149	− ½
121½	122½	1,600	General Motors	122⅝	123¼	121⅝	121⅝	−1½
⅞	1	9,575	General Motors rts.	1	1	1	1	..
61	61¼	700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	61⅛	61⅛	61	61	− ½
36⅝	37	3,800	Gt. N. cfs. for O. P.	37	37	36⅝	36⅝	− ⅝
43½	44⅝	900	Greene-Can. Cop.	44	44⅝	44	44⅝	− ⅜
52	55	500	Gulf States Steel	51½	52	51½	52	−1
42	43	200	Haskell & Barker	42½	43⅛	42½	43⅛	+ ⅜
96	98	100	Homestake Mining	96	96	96	96	+ ⅜
44½	44½	1,300	Inspiration Copper	44⅝	44⅝	44⅛	44⅝	− ⅛
5	5½	600	Inter. Consol.	5	5	5	5	− ½
18¼	18½	400	Inter. Consol. pf.	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	..
54½	56	100	Int. Agri. pf.	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	−1
112	114	100	Int. Harvester, new	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	− ⅜
22⅝	22⅝	4,000	Int. Mer. Marine	22	22⅝	22	22⅝	+ ½
98¼	98⅝	23,000	Int. Mer. Mar. pf.	97	98⅝	96⅝	98⅝	+2
26⅜	26⅝	3,250	Int. Nickel	26⅝	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	− ⅝
34	34½	700	Int. Paper	34¼	34½	34	34	−1
32	33	100	Jewel Tea	32½	32½	32½	32½	+ ⅞
49	52	500	Kan. City So. pf.	50	50	50	50	−1
77	78	800	Kelly Spring. Tire	78	78⅛	77	77	−1½
32⅝	33	1,200	Kennecott Copper	32⅝	32⅝	32¼	32⅝	− ⅜
60	62½	100	Kress (S. H.) Co.	62½	62½	62½	62½	..
64	65¾	600	Lackawanna Steel	66½	66½	64½	64½	−2¼
7½	7¾	100	Lake Erie & West.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	− ½
18½	20	100	Lake Erie & W. pf.	19	19	19	19	− ½
23	23½	3,900	Lee Rubber & Tire	23⅝	23½	22⅝	23	− ⅝
55	55⅞	100	Lehigh Valley	56	56	56	56	..
94	..	100	Loose-W. Bis. 1st pf.	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼	− ¾
27½	29	300	Maxwell Motors	28½	28½	28½	28½	..
63½	65	100	May Dept. Stores	64¼	64¼	64¼	64¼	− ½
168¼	168½	51,000	Mexican Petroleum	169	172	167½	168⅜	−1
23½	23⅞	200	Miami Copper	23¾	23⅞	23¾	23⅞	..
41½	41⅝	5,800	Midvale Steel	42	42	40½	41½	−1½
10	10½	825	Minn. & St. L. new	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	..
24¼	24½	1,900	Missouri Pacific	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24¼	− ⅝
53	53¾	500	Missouri Pacific pf.	53⅝	53⅝	53¼	53¼	..
70⅞	72½	200	Montana Power	71	71	71	71	+ ½
104	..	100	Montana Power pf.	105	105	105	105	..
14¼	15	100	Nat. Cond. & Cable	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	..
47½	47¾	400	Nat. Enam. & St.	48	48	47⅝	47⅝	−1½
67⅝	68½	1,200	Nat. Lead	67	68	67	67½	+ ½
31	33	100	N. O., Tex. & Mex.	31½	31½	31½	31½	−1½
72½	73	1,000	N. Y. Central	72½	73	72½	73	..
42	43	100	N.Y.,C.& St.L.2d pf.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	..
28	29	1,500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	28⅝	28⅝	28	28½	− ⅞
90½	91	600	Northern Pacific	90⅝	90⅝	89⅞	90⅝	−1½
46½	48	100	Nova Scotia S. & C.	47	47	47	47	−3
42½	43	900	Ohio Cities Gas	43	43	42⅝	42⅝	− ⅝
8⅜	8¾	3,800	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	8⅞	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜	..
6½	6¾	100	Ontario Mining	6½	6½	6½	6½	+ ¼
33	35	400	Pacific Mail	35	35	34⅞	34⅞	+ ⅛
23¼	24	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	− ½
68⅜	68½	1,700	Pan-Am. P. & T.	68⅝	69⅝	68⅜	68⅜	− ⅞
117	120	200	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf.	120	120	118	118	−3
44½	45¼	1,400	Penn. R. R.	44½	45	44⅝	45	−2
12¼	13	200	Pere Marquette	12½	12½	12½	12½	−1
30	30⅝	300	Philadelphia Co.	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	− ½
39¼	40	1,000	Pierce-Arrow	39¼	39⅝	39¼	39¼	− ¼
101⅝	104	200	Pierce-Arrow pf.	102	102	102	102	..
17½	17⅝	1,700	Pierce Oil	17½	17¾	17½	17¼	− ½
85⅝	86	200	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	85⅝	86	85⅝	86	..
35	35½	300	Pitts. & West Va.	35	35	34⅝	34⅝	− ⅝
79	81½	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	81	81	81	81	..
12½	13½	100	Pond Creek Coal	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	..
62¾	63	400	Pressed Steel Car	64	64	62¼	62¼	−1½
118½	120	200	Pullman Co.	119⅞	119⅞	119⅝	119⅝	− ½
70½	71	600	Railway Steel Sp.	72	72½	71½	71½	−1½
20⅛	20½	400	Ray Con. Copper	20½	20½	20⅛	20⅛	..
77½	77⅝	4,800	Reading	78⅝	78⅝	77½	77½	− ⅝
37½	38½	100	Reading 2d pf.	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	..
72½	72½	2,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	73	73½	72	72	−2¼
75½	76	900	Royal Dutch t r.	76¼	76½	75	76	− ½
12	12¼	100	St. Louis-San Fran.	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	..
8	8½	300	Saxon Motor	8	8½	8	8½	+ ¼
11¼	11¾	200	Shattuck-Arizona	11½	11½	11½	11½	− ¼
35⅝	35⅞	6,200	Sinclair Oil Refin.	35¼	36⅝	35¼	35⅝	..
98	98¼	7,100	Southern Pacific	98¼	98⅝	97½	98	− ¾
26⅜	26¾	2,200	Southern Railway	26⅝	27⅛	26½	26⅛	− ⅜
67⅞	68½	100	Southern Ry. pf.	68	68	68	68	..
89	90	100	Standard Mill. pf.	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	89⅝	+1¼
39⅝	40¼	100	Strom. Carburetor	40½	40½	40½	40½	− ⅛
49⅝	49⅞	5,400	Studebaker Co.	49⅝	49⅞	48⅞	49½	− ½
46	46½	500	Stutz Motor	47½	47½	46¼	46½	−2
33	35	100	Superior Steel	33	33	33	33	−1
12⅝	13¼	1,000	Tenn. C. & C.	13¼	13¼	13	13	..
190¾	191½	9,200	Texas Co.	191½	193½	190½	191	−1
17¼	17½	3,913	Texas Co. rights	17½	17⅝	17¼	17¼	..
33	33½	13,600	Texas & Pacific	31⅝	33⅝	31⅝	33⅝	..
72¾	73½	3,300	Tobacco Products	73¾	73¾	72¾	73	−1
80	124	25	Twin City R. T. pf.	80	80	80	80	..
78	80	100	Union Bag & Paper	78	78	78	78	..
126½	127½	1,830	Union Pacific	126¼	127	126½	127	− ½
38½	39	800	United Alloy Steel	38½	38½	38½	38½	+ ½
110⅝	111½	1,300	Un. Cigar St. x d.	111½	111½	110½	111	−1½
100	125	10	Un. Cigar Stores pf.	115	115	115	115	..
92	95	200	United Drug	94	94½	94	94½	+1½
53	53½	100	United Drug 1st pf.	53	53	53	53	..
159	162	200	United Fruit	162	162	162	162	+1½
8	9	100	United Ry. Invest.	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	− ¼
16	18	100	United Ry. Inv. pf.	16	16	16	16	..
44	46½	100	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf.	45	45	45	45	− ½
102¼	103	1,300	U. S. Indus. Alco.	101⅝	102½	101⅝	102¼	− ½
23	24½	100	U. S. R. & Imp.	25	25	25	25	− ½
75⅝	75⅞	4,400	U. S. Rubber	76⅝	76⅝	75⅝	75⅝	− ⅝
109¼	110	300	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	110	110	109⅝	109⅝	− ⅝
45	46	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	45	45	45	45	− ½
89½	89⅞	134,100	U. S. Steel	89⅝	90¼	88⅝	89⅛	−3½
114⅞	115	200	U. S. Steel pf.	115⅝	115⅝	115	115	..
69	69¾	6,600	Utah Copper	69½	70	68½	69	−1
15¼	15½	400	Utah Securities	15½	15½	15¼	15½	+ ½
51½	52	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	52	52	52	52	..
7⅝	8	100	Wabash	7½	7½	7½	7½	− ¼
31½	32	600	Wabash pf. A	31½	31½	31⅜	31⅜	− ½
10½	11	100	Western Maryland	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	− ⅝
86½	87	400	Western Union Tel.	87	87	86⅝	86⅝	− ⅜
41	41¼	700	Westingh. E. & M.	40⅝	41	40⅝	41	− ¼
65½	66	200	Wilson & Co.	67	67	67	67	− ½
23⅞	24	1,000	Willys-Overland	24⅛	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	− ¼

STEEL OPERATIONS CUT.

Trade Reviews Also Report Renewal of Export Inquiries.

The weekly reviews of the iron trade report an awakening of export inquiry due to the recent cut in ocean freight rates announced by the Shipping Board and at the same time indicate that the industry has had to curtail operations even more to strike a balance with the apparent amount of buying power.

The Iron Age says:

Export inquiry is awakened by the sharp cuts given to ocean freight rates on both sides of the Atlantic. The disparity of British and American charges has not been materially reduced but the change is sufficient to cause concern abroad, particularly over the possibility of United States steel and iron being imported to the exclusion of the home product. Some thousand-ton lots of finished steel for England are now in storage here awaiting favorable vessel rates, and stocks there made at high costs are not yet liquidated.

In open competition an American mill has sold tin plates to Japan. The British fixed price is $43 a ton higher than the Pittsburgh quotation, and a less freight differential is all that is necessary to throw the business to the United States on a price basis.

The Iron Trade Review says:

The industry is being obliged to make further curtailment of operations to square itself with the light volume of buying. A canvass of the pig iron situation shows that at the present time thirty-nine active stacks with an estimated daily capacity of 15,000 to 20,000 tons, have been blown out or banked, most of these since Jan. 1. Mill activities are not far from 60 per cent. on the average. The best showing appears to be in plates, sheets and merchant mill products.

RETURN OF THE 59TH.

Warm welcome to the 59th Coast Artillery pictured in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Mercantile Marine Uncertainty.

The recovery of 2 points in International Mercantile Marine preferred yesterday, when the market generally was tending downward, emphasized the uncertainty of traders in regard to the effect of reduced freight rates on this stock. On Tuesday the decline seemed to forecast a movement to still lower prices, and the reverse movement yesterday indicated the covering of short sales of Tuesday, together with a fair amount of purchases of long stock. From the speculative point of view, the Marine situation contains factors which prompt caution, as it has not become clearly known whether or not the company's earnings will be radically affected by the reduced rates. At the same time, the proposed sale of the company's British ships to the United States Government is still hanging over the market as a possible influence for stimulating the stock.

Shipping Stock Dividends.

Considering the shipping stocks from a dividend basis, the market is having some difficulty in determining the outlook for them. The companies have piled up large cash balances, and in addition have been able, through war-brought profits, to make sizable investments in securities, including Liberty bonds. It is estimated that the Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Company, for one, would be able to maintain the current rate of $10 per year on the common stock through the income from its liquid funds and investments alone.

Some Liquidation of Steel.

At the opening of yesterday's stock market Steel common was sold freely, but not by the traders and other local talent. They bought, and they bought from what one broker was pleased to call "the shocked public." There was public selling, doubtless because of the reduction in the extra dividend and in the earnings of the quarter, and the professionals took advantage of it to cover part of their short contracts. Later in the day, when the stock hung around 89⅞ and showed no signs of a disposition to go higher, many of these professionals put out new lines of short stock, and it was then that Steel finally broke through 89.

Elsewhere in the List.

That Steel is very much "the market" was again demonstrated yesterday. The poor earnings for the quarter, probably more than the dividend action, depressed Wall Street, and about all the steel and kindred stocks were heavy, if not actually weak. The equipments, for particular reasons, were not in demand, and the so-called independent steel shares were allowed to drag badly. And, in most places where men met, the sole topic was the Steel statement.

Liberty Loan Payments.

The last of the instalments on the Fourth Liberty Loan is due today. The instalment, under the terms of the Government contract, calls for 30 per cent., which, computed on the $6,989,047,000 of subscriptions, would call for a sum of $2,096,714,100, but, according to the latest issue of the daily Treasury statement, only about $400,000,000 is still due. There is also a payment due today on the $600,000,000 of Treasury certificates of indebtedness issued in anticipation of the next Liberty Loan.

Wage Scale Readjustment.

The wages paid copper miners are so closely related to the price of copper that particular interest attaches to the understanding that in the Arizona district the scale of pay is to be reduced shortly to a level which will conform with a price of 20 cents a pound for the red metal. Until now the pay of the miners has been on the basis of 23 and 30 cent copper. Whether the action of the producers in reducing wages means that a price of 20 cents a pound for copper is to be quoted before long is a question that arouses speculation. Heretofore the copper companies have maintained that 23 cents a pound for copper was the lowest that could consistently be quoted in view of the high producing costs. Had the pay of the miners been cut to conform with such a price there would have been little doubt of the determination of the producers to demand 23 cents a pound in the immediate future. The demand for copper at 23 cents has, however, been lacking. That which makes it appear as if the 20-cent price might prevail, a figure that has been quoted by some of the smaller companies, is the inconsistency of miners accepting wages on the basis of 20-cent copper with the producing companies receiving 23 cents a pound.

The Steel Dividend.

It was the opinion of the Street that the declaration of the quarterly dividend by the Directors of the United States Steel Corporation might be taken as an index to the outlook in the industry for the immediate future. Now that the news is out, and the extra dividend has been cut to 1 per cent., there appears to be no conclusive determination of the perplexing problem. The fact seems to be that the declaration of the dividend was governed by so many factors that it can hardly be taken as a forecast of conditions to come. The earnings of the Steel Corporation for instance appear small, but they are only small by comparison. As a matter of fact the company was earning at the rate of nearly $1,000,000 a day during the last quarter, of which the greater part was set aside for Government taxes. Under normal conditions such earnings would be regarded as phenomenal. The Steel Corporation during the entire year set aside about 58 per cent. of earnings for corporation and excess profits taxes. If the taxes are cut in the pending revenue bill, as is generally expected, the corporation would still have a sizeable fund for the payment of dividends, and perhaps even extras, without showing earnings greater than in the last quarter of 1918 before the allowance for taxes. It appears to be plain that the steel industry was earning in the last quarter at a rate higher than in any but the most favorable pre-war times.

Atlantic Refining at New High.

The advance which has been made in Atlantic Refining Company stock recently, a price of 1210 having been recorded as a new high price, has marked this issue as one of the leaders in the Standard Oil group. Also it brings to mind the position in which this company stands as to the possible payment of stock dividends. The surplus of the company is about $45,000,000 as compared with a capital of $5,000,000. Ohio Oil Gas, Prairie Oil and Gas, Solar Refining, and a number of other Standard Oil companies have large surpluses, and some have already increased their stock, although no action has been taken by the Directors with regard to a distribution of stock to shareholders. The decision that stock dividends are not taxable as income, it is believed may influence some companies to make distributions even though the decision of the lower court may have to be reaffirmed by the United States Supreme Court as applied to the revenue law of 1916. The release of stock dividends from taxation would prevent the possibility of a forced sale of some of the stock to meet tax requirements, thereby lessening the chance of a depression of the issue in the market.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.50	...	5.50
Spelter	...	7.00	...	7.00
Antimony	...	7.50	...	7.50
Quicksilver	$100.00	...	$104.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@22c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Tuesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	88 0 0	89 0 0
Copper, futures	81 10 0	82 0 0
Tin, spot	244 0 0	246 0 0
Tin, futures	0 0 0	242 10 0
Spelter	56 0 0	56 0 0
Lead	34 0 0	35 0 0

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 29, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$12,431,000	$4,360,000	$4,319,000
Year to date	253,769,500	190,481,000	125,398,800

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U. S. Liberty 3½s 1932-47
33....99.14
2....99.10
25....99.16
22....99.14
1....99.18
38....99.14
1....99.15
8....99.14
91....99.20
3....99.14
6....99.18
4....99.14
56....99.16
24....99.10
67....99.12
3....99.10
4....99.12
2....99.16
95....99.12
2....99.12
10....99.18
4....99.12

$592,000. 1st conv. 4s. 1932-1947
20....93.50
19....93.44
1....93.30
50....93.40
5....93.30
1....93.38

$75,000 2d 4s 1927-42
19....93.14
2....93.18
86....93.10
20....93.10
41....93.10
5....93.06
3....93.10
8....93.10
9....93.06
8....93.02
1....93.06
8....93.00
20....93.02
61....93.00
10....93.06
3....93.00
1....93.06
8....93.00
15....93.06
40....93.06
28....93.00

$230,000. 1st conv. 4¼s. 1932-1947.
2....93.36
2....93.60
9....93.54
7....93.50

$30,000. 2d conv. 4¼s. 1927-1942.
30....94.60
8....94.54
40....94.56
25....94.60
13....94.50
15....94.56
20....94.50
1....94.52
7....94.50
30....94.56
8....94.52
25....94.56
8....94.52
30....94.60
1....94.50
32....94.52
25....94.50
39....94.56
90....94.50
2....94.52
100....94.56
40....94.52
133....94.50
6....94.44
37....94.46
20....94.44
50....94.50
2....94.44
22....94.48
70....94.44
20....94.48
40....94.50
30....94.46
30....94.50
5....94.44
19....94.50
28....94.52
80....94.54
2....94.50
25....94.56
15....94.58
5....94.50
10....94.58
40....94.60
50....94.64

$1,296,000. 3d 4¼s 1928.
85....95.48
13....95.46
14....95.38
40....95.40
3....95.38
45....95.36
32....95.40
8....95.32
25....95.34
20....95.36
2....95.30
3....95.32
21....95.34
13....95.32
1....95.34
50....95.30
23....95.34
4....95.32
20....95.40
10....95.38
10....95.40
19....95.34
2....95.32
21....95.36
15....95.38
34....95.36
1....95.32
28....95.34
35....95.36
5....95.34
20....95.36
1....95.34
2....95.40
44....95.30
50....95.38
42....95.36
10....95.34
155....95.39
101....95.34
75....95.36
3....95.30
20....95.34
5....95.36
40....95.34
28....95.30
3....95.34
10....95.36
24....95.34
5....95.30
10....95.32
50....95.36
4....95.30
15....95.32
3....95.30
40....95.30
3....95.32
1....95.30
7....95.32
2....95.34
1....95.30
8....95.32
10....95.34
2....95.30
5....95.36
100....95.40
10....95.36
8....95.34
35....95.35
8....95.36
6....95.34
50....95.36
25....95.38
8....95.34
25....95.38
1....95.32
20....95.38
10....95.34
50....95.40
1....95.38
1....95.34
40....95.36
30....95.38
20....95.40

$1,892,000. 4th 4¼s 1933-38
95....94.48
10....94.46
3....94.44
9....94.46
15....94.48
1....94.44
7....94.40
20....94.42
294....94.40
25....94.38
2....94.36
45....94.40
12....94.36
52....94.34
4....94.30
3....94.38
5....94.36
1....94.40
10....94.35
1....94.40
1....94.34
3....94.40
44....94.36
55....94.38
7....94.36
90....94.40
15....94.38
1....94.34
77....94.40
10....94.36
8....94.40
46....94.44
1....94.40
95....94.44
5....94.42
20....94.38
40....94.40
45....94.38
7....94.36
10....94.38
200....94.36
14....94.34
15....94.36
2....94.40
6....94.36
30....94.40
14....94.36
40....94.38
17....94.40
70....94.36
68....94.40
42....94.38
121....94.40
25....94.38
52....94.36
6....94.38
5....94.36
32....94.38
12....94.36
1....94.40
75....94.36
7....94.32
30....94.38
5....94.36
6....94.40
54....94.36
40....94.38
2....94.40
60....94.38
1....94.32
20....94.38
67....94.34
75....94.36
45....94.34
75....94.32
6....94.34
34....94.36
61....94.40
3....94.42
81....94.38
9....94.40
3....94.36
8....94.38
47....94.36
52....94.40
12....94.38
100....94.44
25....94.40
5....94.36
20....94.42
30....94.44
25....94.48
25....94.46
51....94.44
2....94.46
3....94.40
18....94.46
50....94.48

$3,169,000.
AmForSec5s
11....99⅝
Anglo-Fr. 5s
570....97¼
50....97⅛
125....97⅛
13....97⅛
100....97⅛
2....97⅛
47....97⅛
18....97⅛
7....97⅛
378....97⅛
25....97⅛
5....97⅛
22....97⅛
½....97⅛
½....97⅛
100s s10f 97⅛
90....97⅛
20....97⅛
10....97⅛
Cy of Bordeaux 6s
150....100⅞
Cy of Marseilles 6s
210....100⅞
City of Paris 6s
2....98⅞
25....99
10....98⅞
Dom of Can 5s 1921
30....98½
1926
1....97
3....97¼
5....97¼
9....97⅛
1931
1....97¼
4....97⅛
5....97⅛
8....97⅛
Fr Gov 5½s
351....104⅝
104....104½
1....104⅝
22....104½
Jap Govt 4½s 2d series German stamped
5....85
sterling loan Gt Brit & Ire Un Kingdom of 5½s 1919
9....100
new
307....100⅛
847....100⅛
20....100⅛
5½s 1921
84....98½
8....98⅛
5....98⅝
41....98½
43....98⅛
5½s 1937
59....100⅞
841....100⅝
NYCity 4½s Nov 1967
1....100⅛
Am Smlt&Ref temp 1st 5s
1....90½
AmTel&Tel Col 4s
6....84⅝
8....84½
2....84

10....88⅝
col tr 6s
2....90⅛
5....98½
conv 6s
40....102⅝
14....102⅝
5....102⅝
25....102⅝
Am Wr Paper 6s
10....90⅛
Tr Co Ctfs
1....90
1....90⅛
Armour&Co 4½s
1....86⅝
6....87
At,T&S Fe gen 4s
2....84
2....83⅝
3....83⅝
Atl&CharAL 1st 5s ser B
5....97
Balt&Ohio pr lien 3½s
1....88
conv 4½s
5....78⅝
1....78⅝
PLE&WV4s
10....73
BethSteel 1st and ref 5s
1....87
pur money 5s
2....80⅝
5....80⅛
BklynRT 7s 1921
2....78
BklynUElst5s
1....72
CalG&Elec5s
3....90⅝
CentLeather5s
1....98⅝
Ches&Ohio conv 4½s
1....79⅝
conv 5s
11....86⅝
15....85½
Chic&Alt3½s
1....37
10....36
1....37
C,B&Q gen4s
2....82⅝
C, B & Q joint 4s
26....95⅝
19....95¼
12....95⅝
ChicGtWn4s
1....61
1....61⅛
Chic,M&StP gen4s ser A
8....75
4s 1925
1....84
1....83
conv 4½s
1....77⅝
4....77
conv5s serB
4....79½
refund 4½s
5....71⅝
10....72
ChiAN'wn gen 4s
7....81⅝
C,RI&PRy ref 4s
6....74⅝
ChicUnSta 4½s serA
2....88
ChileCopper col tr 6s
1....83⅝
ColoIndust5s
1....75
Col&Southern ref&ext4½s
1....77½
ColG&Elst5s
3....82
ConGas cv 6s
2....100⅝
5....100½
Den&RG cn4s
1....72
1st & ref 5s
2....51¼
1....49⅝
Eriel stcon4s
1....69
1....68½
2....68
1st gen 4s
4....53⅝
2....53
conv 4s ser B
1....47
4....46⅝
ser D
3....50
5....49⅝
GenesRiv sf6s
2....87⅝
GtNorthern ref 4½s
6....88
HudsonAMan
1st & ref 5s ser A
3....55
adj inc 5s
1....16¼
5....16⅛
15....16⅛
8....16⅛
IllinoisCent ref 4s
7....83
IllSteel4½s
14....84
Inter-Met4½s
20....38⅝
8....38⅝
4....38⅝
11....39⅛
IntRayTran 1st & ref 5s
1....69⅝
15....69⅝
15....69⅝
IntAgrCorp col tr 5s
5....78⅝
IntMerMarine s f 6s
1....97⅛
1....97⅛
1....97⅛
3....97⅛
IowaCent ref 4s
2....43⅝
3....43
KC,FtS&M6s
1....102⅝
KC,FtS&M4s
2....74½
KanCitySo5s
2....85
10....84⅝
1....84⅝
LackaSteel5s 1950
2....96⅞
LehighValley col tr 6s temp recta
7....101⅛
LehVyTerm5s
15 t e.100
LorillardCo7s
4....113
Louis&Nash unified 4s
1....85⅝
MidvaleSteel col tr 5s
2....87⅛
10....87⅛
Mo,K&T1st4s
2....64½
MissouriPac 1st & ref 5s 1923
5....93⅝
MissouriPac gen 4s
1....60⅛
21....60
MontanaPwr 5s Ser A
6....92¼
1....92¼
1....92⅛
NatlTube5s
1....96⅝
NYCentral deb 6s
8....99⅝
7....99⅛
44....99
3....99⅛
NYConnRR gtd 4½s
10....85
NYGELH&P col tr 5s
2....91¼
NYRailways ref 4s
8....50⅛
adj 5s
2....12½
NYTel4½s
2....89⅝
NYWestchstr & Bost4½s
5....52
Norf&Westn con 4s
1....84
conv 6s sub recte full paid
2....106⅝
21....106⅝
3....106⅝
1....106¼
1....106⅝
3....106½
div 4s
1....82
NorthnPac4s
11....84
NorthnPac3s
2....60
PacGas&El5s
1....87½
PennRR con 4½s
3....95¼
gen 4½s
1....88⅝
3....88⅝
3....88⅝
1....88⅝
3....88½
gen 5s temp ctfs
16....96⅝
8....96⅝
48....96⅝
42....96⅝
PeoGas&C of Chic ref5s
5....75
2....75¼
PereMarist5s
1....85
2....85¼
PierceOil sv6s 1924
2....91⅝
PubServCorp s f 5s
2....78⅝
5....78⅝
1....78
Reading gen4s
6....80⅝
RioGrW1st4s
2....71
StL,IrMt&So gen 5s
1....96⅝
unify&ref4s
1....81⅛
StL&SanFr prior lien 4s ser A
10....61⅛
1....61⅛
3....61⅛
prior lien 5s ser B
5....77½
StLSouthWn 1st 4s
2....74
con 4s
1....59⅝
SanAn&AP4s
2....65
SeaboardAL ref 4s
3....58
1....59
SinclairO&R 1st s f 7s
3....95⅝
5....96
4....96⅛
1....96¼
with warnts
2....99⅝
3....99⅝
SoPac col 4s
1....76⅝
1....77
SoPac conv4s
10....83⅝
1....83⅝
10....83⅝
So Pac 1st 4 4s
1....82⅝
SoPac conv 5s
27....101⅛
1....101⅝
SouthenRy 1st 5s
1....94⅝
SouthnRy gen 4s
12....66⅝
22....67
TexCo deb6s
1....101⅛
1....101⅛
5....101⅛
3....101½
ThirdAv ref 4s
2....52
ThirdAv adj5s
9....28
1....27½
1....28½
Tol,StL&W4s
1....49⅝
UnPac1st4s
1....86⅝
3....86⅝
2....86⅝
10....87
UnionPacific 1st & ref 4s
10 t e. 81
UnionPac6s
3....104⅝
USRubber7s
1....103¼
4....103⅝
1....104
USRubber 1st & ref 5s
69....86⅝
7....86⅝
USSteelCorp s f 5s
8....100½
8....100
UtahPower& Light 5s
3....88⅛
VaCarCl1st5s
10....85⅝
WestnElec5s
1....96⅝
1....98
WestnMd4s
1....58
Wilson&Co 1st 6s
1....98⅝
1....98⅝
3....98⅝
10....98⅝
2....98
2....98⅝
WisCen gen 4s
1....79½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅞
Anglo French 5s	97⅛	97⅜
Argentine 5s	89	90
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¼	98⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97⅝	97⅞
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅝	97⅞
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	70⅝	72
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	93	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90¼	96⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	81	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104⅛	104⅝
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅝	101
City of Lyons 6s	100⅝	101
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅝	101
City of Paris 6s	98⅝	99
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87½	88⅛
Japanese 4s	70⅝	74⅝
City of Tokio 5s	81½	82½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98¼	98½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100⅝	100⅞
United States of Mexico 5s	..	66
United States of Mexico 4s	47	55
Russian Government 4s, 1894	33	..

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97¼	98	Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97½	98¼	Pan 3s, r, 1961	87	92
3s, r, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	87	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, r, 1925	104½	106	P I 4s, '35	90	96
4s, c, 1925	104½	106	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	97	100
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	46	48½
Alb & Sus.	..	185
Alls & W.	87½	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	96	98
Am B N	31	35
Do pf	43	46½
Am B Sug pf.	86	90
Am C pf	101¼	103
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	82	91
Am Exp	88	90
Am Inter	53¼	54½
Am Ice pf	53½	56
Am Loco	60	60¼
Am M 1st pf.	42½	47
Am Shipb	..	140
Am Sm pf. A	91	93
Am S & R pf.	106	107
Am Snuff	105	110
Do pf	96	101
Am Sug R pf.	116	117
Am S Tob pf.	91	95
Am T & C	55	70
Am Tob pf	101	103
Am Wr Pa pf.	32	38
Am Z pf	38	43
Asso D G	20½	22¼
Do 1st pf	60	65
Do 2d pf	40½	..
Asso Oil	72½	74
A T & S F pf.	87	87¼
A B & A	7¼	7⅝
All C L	96	98
Barrett Co pf.	110	111
Batop M	1¼	1⅜
B'th C'k	30½	..
Beth & 7% pf.	98½	100
Booth Fish	18⅝	19¾
Brown Sh	65½	71
Do pf	96½	100
B R & P	65	72⅝
Do pf	90	107
Burns Bros	152	157
Do pf	110	115
Bush Ter	..	97
B C & Z	6	6½
Butte & S	17⅝	18½
But'k Co	14⅝	17
Cal & Ar	59	59½
Case (J I) pf	91½	93½
Cent Fdy	17	24
Do pf	32	35
C R R of N J	200	230
C & S A Tel	115	118
C'tain-teed	..	30
Do 1st pf	85	..
Chi & Alt	7	10½
Do pf	..	12
Chi Gt W pf	24	26
C & N W pf	131	133¾
C R I & P 7% pf	75	77
Chi, St P, M & Om	75	82
Do pf	105	120
C, C, C & St L	33	38
Do pf	63½	75
Cl & Pitts	80½	86
Do spec	38	..
Clu-Peab	60	63
Clu-P pf	106⅝	107½
Col F pf	102	..
Col & So	21	22
C & S 2d pf	42	48
Comp T R	35⅛	38⅛
C I C M	8	8⅛
Cont C pf	106	107
Corn P R pf	103⅝	103
Crex Carp	40	55
Cruc S pf	90	94
C-Am Sug	148	160
D & Co pf	95	98
D, L & W	173	180
Det Ed	110	113
Det & M	..	85
Det U Ry	..	89
D, S S & A pf	5	7
Elec S B	50	53
Elk H C pf	..	47
Erie 2d pf	16⅛	20
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	9	10
Do pf	34½	35
Fisher Bdy	37	41
Do pf	90	92
Gen Chem	165	175
Do pf	102	107
Gen Cig pf	100	108
Gen M pf	82¾	83¼
G'drich pf	102⅛	105
Granby C	74	78
Gt N pf	91⅝	92¼
G, M & N	7	9
Do pf	30	35
Gulf S S 1st pf	94	96½
Hartman	54½	57
Ill Cent	96	98
Int Agric	13	14
Int H pf	114	..
Int N pf	94⅝	..
Int Pa pf	75	80
Do pf s	62½	68
Int Salt	52	60
Iowa Cent	2½	4
Jewel Tea pf	89	90
K C, Ft S & M pf	66	..
Kan C So	17⅛	18¼
Kelly S T pf	91	96
Kelsey Wh	30	38
Do pf	88	95
K & D M	2½	6
Do pf	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P	..	96
Kresge (SS)	106	..
Do pf	106	..
Kress (S H) pf	105½	107½
Lacl Gas	83	87
Ligg & M	210	215
Do pf	107	108
L-W Bisc	45	45½
Do 2d pf	94	97½
Lorill'd Co	163	165
Do pf	106½	109
Louis & N	113	116
M'kay Cos	70⅝	71½
Do pf	64	64⅝
Man B'ch	⅜	2
Man El S	..	45
Man Elev	85	88
Man Shirt	67	73
Marlin R	..	80
Math Alk	..	44
Max M 1st pf	51	52
Do 2d pf	20	21
M Dep Sts pf	104	106
Mex P pf	106½	..
Mich Cent	93¼	98
M, St P & S S M	81	95
Do pf	100	105
Do l l	90	70
M, K & T	5	5½
Do pf	9	10
Mor & Es	69⅝	70½
N C & St L	110	120
Nat Acme	30	31
Nat Bisc	111½	112
Do pf	116¼	120
Nat C & S	70	..
Do pf	103	104½
Nat En pf	93	97
Nat L pf	108⅝	..
Nev Con C	16⅞	17
N Y A B	103	104½
N Y, C & St L	28	29
Do 1st pf	60	65
N Y Dock	21	24
Do pf	40	47
N Y, L & West	90	100
N Y, O & West	19¼	20
Norf So	13	17
Norf & W	104½	105½
Do pf	73	..
North Am	47	49
Nor Cent	67	74
Ohio F S	43	45
Owens B M	48½	49⅝
Do pf	100	109
Pac Coast	43	50
Do 1st pf	65	100
Do 2d pf	55	80
Peo G C	47	48
Peo & E	4½	5½
Pere M pr pf	53⅝	60
Do pf	40	44
Pett-Mull	25	45
Do 1st pf	80	..
P, C, C & St L	45	50
Pitts Coal	45⅝	46½
P, Ft W & C	132	138
Pitts S pf	90⅝	94
Pr Stl Car pf	100	104
P S, N J	82	90
R R Sec, I C stk cfs	..	78
Ry Stl Spr pf	104	107
Rdg 1st pf	37½	38
Rep I & S pf	101⅛	101½
St L S F pf	22½	26½
St L S W	16	22½
Do pf	28	29½
Savage A	58	60
Seab A L	7½	8
Do pf	16½	17¼
Sears-R	172	172½
Do pf	115	125
S-S S & I	50	52
Do pf	..	91⅛
So P R S	130	142
Do pf	107	110
St'd Mill	136	150
Studeb Co pf	92	97
Sup Stl 1st pf	95	101
T P L Tr	200	300
Third Av	13⅝	14¼
Tide W O	218	222
Tob P pf	101	102
T, St L & West	..	9
Do ctfs	..	6
Do pf	16	20
Do pf c	10	12
Tran & W	37½	38½
T C R T	48	60
Und Type	120	135
Do pf	109	..
Un P pf	73	78
U Drug 2d pf	90	92½
U Dyew'd	53	61
Do pf	90	..
U S C I P	14¼	15
U S Exp	17½	13½
U S Ind A pf	99⅝	100⅛
U S Sm pf	45⅝	45½
Va-Car Ch pf	111	112½
Va I, C & Coke	64	68
Va R & P	..	48
Wab pf, B	19	20
W F Exp	60	70
W Md 2d pf	28	30
West Pac	18⅛	19½
Do pf	..	60
W E & M 1st pf	60	65
Weym-B	160	170
Do pf	90	105
W & L E	8	9
Do pf	17	20
White Mtr	45	47
W-Ov pf	87⅝	89
Wilson pf	95	98½
Wis Cent	31	34
Woolworth	125	130
Do pf	116¾	118
Wor Pump	53	54
Do pf A	88⅛	89½
Do pf B	67	68

W. P. G. HARDING RESIGNS.

Succeeded as Head of War Finance Corporation by Eugene Meyer, Jr.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—W. P. G. Harding today resigned as Managing Director of the War Finance Corporation, because of the increasing pressure of his duties as Governor of the Federal Reserve Board. He was succeeded as Managing Director of the finance corporation by Eugene Meyer, Jr., now a director, but will retain his office as a director of the organization.

The War Finance Corporation is making no new loans, except to railroads, and is preparing to wind up its affairs after the declaration of peace.

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To yield 5.20%

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yields over 7½% at present prices—preferred dividends earned over 5 times.

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Preferred stock dividends were earned over five times in 1918.

Cities Service Preferred yields over 7½% at present prices

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Monthly Dividend
Monthly Statements of Earnings

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Among other interesting features, the last two issues of this semi-monthly publication contain the following:

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TO GUARD AMERICAN RIGHTS IN MEXICO

National Association Purposes to Keep in Constant Touch with Government There.

CAPITAL NEEDS PROTECTION

With Lives and Property of Foreigners Safe in Country, Announcement Says, Mexico Will Prosper.

The National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico yesterday set forth in an official statement the aims of the organization, it being asserted that the unsettled conditions which have prevailed in Mexico during the last eight years were disastrous not only to the lives and property of foreigners in that country, but also to the lives and property of Mexicans as well. The organization, which has been formed by a group comprising some of those who responded to Mexico's invitation for the investment of capital in the enterprises of the republic, believes that further foreign capital is necessary to a development of Mexico's resources, but that this cannot be available until the Mexican laws and officials recognize the rights of Americans and other foreigners and provide adequate protection. The statement also says that the organization has no idea of embarrassing the United States or of bringing it into conflict with the Mexican Government.

The association has already taken steps to be represented at the Peace Conference at Paris. The announcement says in part:

"It must, we think, be apparent that the effective, practical, and friendly recognition by the Mexican Government of its obligation to protect American and other foreign rights will be followed by a rapid development of Mexico's resources, with increased revenue to the Government, re-establishment of its credit, employment for its people, and a supply of food products more than sufficient for the country's needs. But it is also clear that this development is largely dependent upon the continued help of American capital and enterprise, neither of which will be available for this purpose until the Mexican laws and officials recognize the rights of Americans and afford adequate protection to their lives and property.

"The organizers of this association feel that gross injustices have been committed in Mexico to American citizens and to American property rights; that there has been a lack of accurate information concerning the actual conditions which have prevailed and a lack of coordinated effort to prevent their repetition; that there exists a vital necessity for the creation of a medium for the ascertainment of all of the facts bearing upon the Mexican situation, and through which an appeal may be made to public opinion and to the governments of Mexico and of the United States; and that it is only through concerted action, in which it is hoped that all persons interested in Mexico may participate, that a condition of stability and responsibility in that country can be effected which will result in the full recognition and protection of American rights.

"It seems clear that too much light cannot be thrown upon the facts regarding the Mexican situation if we are to obtain intelligent and effective action on the part of the American people and representatives. To that end the association will collect all data regarding foreign industries and enterprises in Mexico, will keep in touch with all decrees, laws, regulations, and other developments affecting American rights in Mexico, and will be prepared to furnish information in respect thereto to the Government of the United States and to the American public. The association will endeavor to keep itself constantly in touch with the Mexican Government and with the Government of the United States as to all matters affecting American rights and property, and will at all times be prepared to take and vigorously prosecute such legitimate steps as may be necessary for their protection."

A partial list of members of the organization follows:

Petroleum Group.

Pan American Petroleum and Transport Company, New York.
Mexican Petroleum Company, New York.
Huasteca Petroleum Company, New York.
Mexican Petroleum Corporation, New York.
Tuxpam Petroleum Company, New York.
Tamiahua Petroleum Company, New York.
Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, New York.
The Texas Company, New York.
Continental Mexican Petroleum Company, New York.
Freeport and Mexican Fuel Oil Corporation, New York.
Southern Oil and Transport Corporation, New York.
Oilfields of Mexico Company, New York.
National Oil Company, New York.
Port Lobos Petroleum Corporation, New York.
Burton W. Wilson, New York.
Frederic R. Kellogg, New York.
Snowden & McSweeney, Pittsburgh.
Mexican Gulf Oil Company, Pittsburgh.
Panuco Boston Oil Company, Philadelphia.

Mining and Smelting Group.

Greene-Cananea Copper Company, New York.
Montezuma Copper Company, New York.
Sierra Consolidated Mines Company, New York.
Joseph S. Qualey, New York.
Joseph B. Cotton, New York.
George W. Bryant, Mexico City.

Bankers and Security Holders Group.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, New York.
The National City Bank of New York, New York.
J. P. Morgan & Co., New York.
First National Bank of New York, New York.
Mechanics and Metals National Bank, New York.
National Bank of Commerce in New York, New York.
The Chase National Bank, New York.
Bankers Trust Company, New York.
J. M. Wallace, New York.

Agricultural Group.

Hacienda Ramona Company, Los Angeles.
Rancho Fertila Company, Los Angeles.
Yaqui Delta Land and Water Company, New York.

Land and Cattle Group.

California-Mexican Land and Cattle Co., Los Angeles.
Sonora Land and Investment Company, Los Angeles.

Industrial Group.

Inter-Continental Rubber Company, New York.

The individual groups of the association are to select delegates who will represent their particular interests on the committee which will go to Paris. Edward L. Doheny, President of the Mexican Petroleum Company, has been selected as the representative of the oil group. The other members of the committee have not been named as yet. Cornelius F. Kelley, President of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, and Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co. have left for Europe, but whether they will act for the National Association is not known.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil	6	5½	Houghton	50	60
Bay S Gas	7	9	Homa Oil	27	28
Boa Ariz	¼	1¼	Iron Blosa	45	55
Boston Ely	93	97	Iron Cap	14¾	15
Bos Mont	48	50	Jer Verde	40	50
Bigelo	¾	50	La Rose	32	40
Bohemia	75	85	Majestic	20	22
Butte Lon	12	14	Mex Metals	25	28
Calaverse	1¼	1½	Mol Tung	4	6
Champ. old	3	5	New Baldy	1	1¼
Chief Cons	3¼	3½	Nat Z & L	9	10
Cons Cop	5½	6	Nixon Nev	40	42
Cons Ariz	1¼	1¾	New Dou	22	24
Cortez	2	12	Oneco	29	45
Crystal	75	90	Onondaga	10	12
Crown Res	40	45	Seven Mets	40	42
Denbigh	62	65	S W Miami		
Earle Plate	3	5	full paid	85	1¼
Eagle B. B.	1¾	2¾	Un Ver Ext	2¼	2¾
Fortuna	2	4	Vic Mines	15	18
Gold Lake	3	5	Yukon Gold	70	90

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	61.11	60.82	60.96	— .29
25 industrials	81.94	80.37	81.18	—1.10
50 stocks	71.53	70.54	71.07	— .70

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
Jan. 27	71.99	71.35	71.77	+ .22
Jan. 26	71.83	71.24	71.55	— .22
Jan. 25	72.0	71.18	71.77	— .83
Jan. 24	72.25	71.21	72.10	+1.07
Jan. 23	71.34	70.56	71.03	+ .48
Jan. 22	70.92	70.18	70.55	+ .38

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Jan. *1919	74.99	Jan. 3	69.78	Jan. 21	71.07
1918	69.40	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46	Jan. 1	84.71	Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.83	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	85.17
1915	64.68	Jan. 22	60.07	Jan. 9	62.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.99	Jan. 3	60.78	Jan. 21	71.07
†1918	83.37	Jan. 8	64.42	Jan. 15	68.96
Full Years.					
1918	90.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.63
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues 77.91	— .11	—1.07	+ .62

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 27	78.02	+.03	Jan. 21 77.93 —.17
Jan. 26	78.00	...	Jan. 20 78.10 —.35
Jan. 25	78.00	+.24	Jan. 18 78.45 —.03
Jan. 24	77.76	—.07	Jan. 17 78.48 —.11
Jan. 23	78.83	+.05	Jan. 16 78.59 —.06
Jan. 22	77.78	—.15	Jan. 15 78.64 —.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	77.76	Jan. 24	77.91
†1918	77.29	Jan. 30	70.64	Jan. 24	77.29
Full Years.					
1918	82.56	Nov. 12	75.05	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	81.84
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	86.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

COTTON PRICES DOWN AGAIN

Optimism Over Reduced Atlantic Rates Is Short-Lived.

Apparently, the cotton market yesterday had to pay for the sharp advance of the day before, when prices were run up close to 200 points above the previous day's levels. The bullishness of Tuesday was entirely due to the announced reduction in Atlantic shipping rates, and this, it seems, was not sufficient to hold the market through more than one session. Yesterday most of the gains were lost. At the close of business prices were almost down to where they started, from 50 to 150 points below the figures of Tuesday.

At the opening of the market there was a firm display on good Liverpool cables, which were considerably better than due. Wall Street and a few of the Southern houses bought moderately in the first few minutes, and sellers seemed to be rather scarce. There was again talk of an improved technical position, and local traders were inclined to lay great stress on the reduced ocean freights. Prices then worked up slightly, and at the end of the first hour the best quotations of the day were recorded.

The strength did not last long after that, for selling pressure from Liverpool and the South soon sent values down sharply. The selling was in good volume and attracted many of the local traders who had covered their shorts the day before. Thus encouraged, the ring sold freely, again placing itself strongly on the short side.

In the last hour the selling was particularly heavy, and the greatest losses of the session were sustained at that time. The market was a distinct disappointment to some of the more conservative interests, who had believed that the turn had come and that prices would gradually work into higher ground. But it would seem that even though the short position is greatly extended there is corresponding courage, and until something very startling occurs the traders are likely to stick to the short side.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. day
Feb.	...	...	...	22.75	24.10
March	23.90	24.35	22.58	22.60@22.70	23.95
April	...	22.50	22.50	21.60	22.95
May	22.60	23.17	21.40	21.40@21.50	22.80
July	21.98	22.35	20.60	20.60@20.65	22.10
Aug.	21.00	...	...	19.70	21.30
Sept.	...	20.75	19.35	19.30@19.40	21.10
Oct.	20.50	20.95	19.10	19.10@19.20	20.70

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, at 123 points decline to 28.70c for middling up and; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27.50c; Savannah, 30c; Augusta, 25.50c; Memphis, 28c; Houston, 27.50c; Little Rock, 26.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	20,422	23,194	18,625
Exports	25,850	46,165	2,028
Exports, season	2,506,335	2,223,693	2,423,870
N. Y. stock	87,343	88,758	148,324
Port stocks	1,410,894	1,411,112	1,406,575
N. Y. arrivals	2,650	2,747	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was steadier at 16.73d for middling, and 20.26d for good middling. Sales, 1,000 bales, of which 700 American. Imports, 19,000 bales, 6,000 of which were American. Futures opened steady, 54 to 60 points higher, and closed steady, up 18 to 76 points on the day. Prices: January, 17.80d; February, 16.52d; March, 15.02d; April, 13.81d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were more active.

AUTHORIZE NEW STOCK.

Continental Guaranty Directors Vote $1,000,000 Issue.

At the annual meeting of the Continental Guaranty Corporation yesterday the Board of Directors authorized for issuance and sale $1,000,000 additional capital stock of the company, which was offered to stockholders of record Jan. 28 to the extent of their holdings on that date. This privilege of subscription terminates Feb. 28, and subscriptions must be accompanied by a 10 per cent. cash payment. On April 1 40 per cent. more will be due, and on May 1 the final 50 per cent. is to be paid.

Retiring officers of the company were re-elected, with the addition of J. Gibson Jarvis as Vice President. The Directors also authorized the opening of a branch office in London, under the direction of Mr. Jarvis.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Asso Dry G. 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 8
Do 2d pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 8
Can. Fdry. & Forg.	3	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 31
Chi. Mill & Lumber	1¾	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 8
Diamond Match	2	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 28
Eastern Steel	2½	Q	Apr. 15	Apr. 1
Do 1st and 2d pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 1
Edison Elec. Ill. of Brockton	$2.00	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 27
Fall Riv. Gas Works	3.00	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 28
Inland Steel	2	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
Int. Harv. of N.J. pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 8
J. G. White & Co. pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Do Engineering pf.	$1.75	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Do Management pf.	$1.75	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Liggett & Myers	3	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 17
Lowell Elec. Light	$2.50	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 27
Phila. Co. pf.	$1.25	SA	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
Savage Arms 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 28
Do 2d pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 28
Std. Oil of Cal.	$2.50	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 15
Do	$2.50	Ex	Mar. 15	Feb. 15
Std. Sanitary Mfg.	1¾	Q	Feb. 10	Feb. 4
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 10	Feb. 4

*Payable in Liberty 4¼ per cent. bonds.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.80	5.50
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1919-'31	4½@5	5.90	5.40
Canadian Pac.	1919-'28	4½	5.85	5.40
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.90	5.55
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'28	4½	5.60	5.25
C., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	5.90	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.80	5.80
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	5.90	5.50
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie R. R.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.60
Illinois Cent.	1919-'26	4½@5	5.70	5.30
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'28	5	5.70	5.25
Mich. Cent.	1919-'30	5	5.90	5.45
Minn., St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex.	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.15	5.75
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.85	5.40
Norfolk & West.	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.10	5.75
Penn. Gen. Ptr.	1919-'23	6 @4½	6.00	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.85	5.25
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.25	5.90
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.25
Southern Pac.	1919-'26	4½	5.85	5.30
Southern R. R.	1919-'24	4½@5	5.90	5.35
Union Tank	1919-'30	5	5.50	5.50

SAYS WHEAT PRICE WILL NOT BE CUT

Julius Barnes, President of the Grain Corporation, Reassures Flour Men.

WORLD STILL BUYING HERE

Demands on America, He Adds, Will Probably Exhaust the 1918 Crop Surplus.

The Government will not attempt to cut the price of wheat, and the flour men need feel no fear as to the outlook, according to a statement issued yesterday by Julius Barnes, President of the Grain Corporation of the United States Food Administration, 42 Broadway, in which he predicted that overseas demands probably would exhaust the 1918 crop surplus. The statement says:

"There seems to be apprehension on the part of bakers, flour dealers, and millers that the Grain Corporation as a Government agency may, at any time, decide to resell the wheat taken from the grower under the guaranteed basis of the different markets, namely, $2.26 Chicago, and resell this wheat at a lower price level, thus resulting in a decline in flour prices. The basis on which this feeling exists seems to be an impression that the world price level of wheat as at present ruling is below the guaranteed price basis now made effective in America. Broadly speaking, this is not true. World buyers, privileged to seek the cheapest sources of supply, are still coming to America for current purchases of wheat and wheat flour, because ocean transportation, considered with other conditions, makes the American price level still more attractive to them than the markets of Argentina and Australia.

"Contrary also to the general impression, a careful survey of the probable demands which will fall on America for the balance of this crop year from allied countries, from neutrals, from newly liberated peoples, and the possibly imperative necessity for some food provisioning of Germany in the interest of maintaining a stable Government for our own protection, will total such demands on America as will probably exhaust all of the 1918 crop surplus. It would be the height of folly to dispose of the American surplus, under this condition, at a loss to the National Treasury, and the official agencies of the Food Administration, making the wheat price effective, have in contemplation no such action whatever."

W. Quackenbush, Secretary of the New York Flour Club, 18 Beaver Street, yesterday disclosed that at a meeting of the New York, Boston, and Philadelphia Flour Clubs, held in this city on Jan. 14, the flour trade of the Eastern seaboard adopted the following resolutions:

Whereas, The flour markets of the Eastern seaboard are heavily stocked with grades of flour made compulsory by the Food Administration, and said large stocks not having been purchased, for any speculative purposes, such being impossible by reason of Governmentally established bases of profits and regulations, but only so that the demands of consumers could be properly met, and,

Whereas, There is considerable agitation through the daily press urging that all restrictions on prices of grain and other food products be immediately removed, and as an enormous loss would immediately result and cause a serious crisis, and the flour trade feeling that it is absolutely imperative that to meet public demands it should function properly and be properly protected in so doing, it is therefore

Resolved, That the Eastern seaboard flour trade earnestly petitions for immediate assurance that it will receive the same protection on the flour it may hold as is now guaranteed to the farmer, miller, and wheat handler against a decline in the price of wheat. Without this immediate assurance proper distribution of flour to serve consumers' interests will be very seriously hampered.

In reply to this request Mr. Barnes yesterday addressed the following letter to the flour trade through the New York organization:

United States Food Administration,
42 Broadway, Jan. 29, 1919.

New York Flour Club, Inc., 16 Beaver Street, City.

Attention of W. Quackenbush, Secretary.

Dear Sirs—I find your letter of Jan. 25 and a copy of The Eastern Seaboard Flour Trade, on my return from Europe yesterday. I confess that I am at a loss to understand why there should be, in the trade and on the part of the public, any feeling that the present guaranteed price of wheat represents, on this year's crop situation, any inflation, with a possible consequent decline, should that inflation be relieved. Entirely outside of any large program of relief shipments to enemy countries abroad, a careful survey of the requirements of the allies' countries, of the neutrals, and of the newly liberated peoples whom we are bound to help feed, would indicate that every bushel of surplus from the wheat crop of 1918 will be required before the end of the harvest year.

"It would be the height of business folly, this being true, for the Grain Corporation to contemplate allowing to develop any such situation as the resolutions of your club would seem to apprehend. By executive order the Grain Corporation will continue to pay, until June next at least, the present level of guaranteed price to the producer, reflected in the various markets by the buying scale hitherto in effect. There is no necessity apparent, and it would be a most unsound policy to sell these holdings at less than the established purchase price; in fact, it is very doubtful whether the Grain Corporation can contemplate providing the domestic market from its present holdings to any extent whatever, for the obligations at present definitely assumed and those contemplated for shipments abroad will exhaust entirely the present holdings of wheat of the Grain Corporation and the balance of wheat supplies in this country, and would seem to be barely more than sufficient for the ordinary domestic requirements. I feel justified in saying, therefore, that the flour dealers and millers of this country may operate for the balance of this crop year in the fullest confidence that the Government agencies will, at no time, put into effect a policy of resale of wheat at lower than the present established Government buying basis.

"For the present, at least, the 'world basis' would seem to justify our American discussion indicating an apprehension that, while the Government guaranteed price level may be continued through next year, a resale may be made on a supposedly world basis, which most of this discussion contemplates as being on a lower level, and, inasmuch as the crops to be cared for next year are still in the making, and as half of the contemplated crops of North America are not even yet in the ground, it would seem as if a great deal of advance anxiety was being unnecessarily created, and that the policies themselves on which the 1919 crop guaranty may be executed would have to develop with the progress of the crop still to be grown, and with the demonstration of world requirements not possible yet to accurately ascertain.

"For the present, at least, the 'world basis' would seem to justify our American wheat prices, for there is a steady flow of purchases from America of wheat and wheat flour by buyers perfectly free to send their ships to other sources of supply, should those other sources offer superior attractions for a buyer over the American price, plus the short ocean voyage saving from America. Yours very truly,

JULIUS BARNES, President.

According to an official of the Grain Corporation, wheat holdings at present are about 150,000,000 bushels.

D. C. Biggs Reserve Bank Governor.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 29.—David C. Biggs, Director and Treasurer of the International Shoe Company of St. Louis, has been selected as Governor of the Eighth Federal Reserve District, to succeed Rolla Wells, resigned.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

For account of Trustees:

22 shares Corn Exchange Bank, $100 each, 551¼.

For account of whom it may concern:

100 shares Great American Insurance Company, $100 each, 545¾.

250 shares D. Appleton & Co., $50 lot.

17 shares J. G. White Engineering Corporation preferred, 75¾.

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2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

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Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N.Y.

Cities Service
Deb. 7s, 1966
Common & Preferred
Private Phones to Phila. & Boston.

Cities Service 7s Series "C"
Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
PHILADELPHIA Land Title Building Tel. Spruce 381
NEW YORK Equitable Building Tel. Rector 5384

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Chase Nat. Bk. Borden's Com.
Nat. Bk. Commerce Otis Elevator
Telephone 1111 Broad.

What Sponsorship Means

The sponsorship of a conservative banking house of large experience is the first essential in selecting bonds for investment. Such sponsorship means a comprehensive and definite system of safeguards for investors from the day their money is invested until the final payment of interest and maturing principal. Our interest in an investment does not end with the purchase of the bonds by our customers, but we continue to keep in touch with the affairs of the company until the bonds are finally paid at maturity.

Organized in 1882, this house has the accumulated experience of nearly forty years in the selection of investment bonds. In addition to a large volume of business with financial institutions here and abroad, we have for many years been selling bonds to individual investors.

These bonds are purchased with our own funds, only after a most careful investigation. We then offer them with our recommendation to our clients at prices to yield as high a return as is consistent with safety of principal.

We invite correspondence from investors interested in the purchase of investment bonds. Upon request, we shall be pleased to send a copy of our Investment Circular, containing a carefully selected list of government, municipal, railroad and public utility bonds which we are offering with our recommendation. These bonds may be purchased at present to yield from 4½% to more than 7% over a period of from three to fifty years.

We suggest you ask for Circular A-5.

Harris, Forbes & Company
Pine Street, Corner William, New York

For the Investment of
100 or any larger sum
we advise the purchase of
American Telephone & Telegraph Co
Seven-Year Convertible 6% Bonds

DATED AUGUST 1, 1918 DUE AUGUST 1, 1925

Convertible at the option of the holder after August 1, 1920, into stock of the Company at 106 (on the basis of $1000 Bond and $60 cash for 10 shares of Stock).

In our opinion the attractiveness of these Bonds lies in the fact that in addition to safety and a good interest return, the purchaser has a good chance of making a substantial profit by exchanging his bonds before maturity for the stock having a high market value.

We shall be glad, upon application, to furnish circular giving details

At Market Price about 103; Yielding about 5.45%

Kidder, Peabody & Co
17 Wall St. NEW YORK
115 Devonshire St. BOSTON

NEW LOAN
EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAX
$240,000
CITY OF BAYONNE, N. J.
5% GOLD BONDS
Dated January 1, 1919. Due serially January 1, 1920-1949
Principal and semi-annual interest payable January and July 1st, in New York exchange.
[Legal Investment for New York and New Jersey Savings Banks and Trust Funds
FINANCIAL STATEMENT
Assessed Valuation, 1918 ..... $70,824,451
Net Debt 2,844,403
Population 1918 (estimated) 70,000
PRICES TO YIELD 4.65%
HORNBLOWER & WEEKS 42 Broadway, New York. Boston Chicago
R. M. GRANT & CO. 31 Nassau Street, New York. Boston Chicago
B. J. VAN INGEN & CO.
52 Broadway, New York

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.

Dated December 31, 1918.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE PORT STORAGE OFFICER, COMMONWEALTH Pier, Boston, Mass. Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at this office until 12 o'clock meridian February 1, 1919, and then opened in presence of attending bidders for the salvage of quartermaster supplies from the British S. S. PORT HUNTER, wrecked near Vineyard Haven, Mass. Blanks and full information on application.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

Dated December 16, 1918.

CHARLES M. SANFORD, President.

ASK PUBLIC TO HELP DEFEAT LUXURY TAX

New York's Retail Merchants Will Urge Customers to Appeal to Committee.

CAMPAIGN BEGINS TODAY

In Department, Dry Goods, and Allied Stores Petitions Opposing the Revenue Tax Will Be Circulated.

Practically all the big department, dry goods, and allied retail stores in this city will start an intensive drive this morning to enlist the aid of their patrons to defeat the so-called "luxury tax" provision of the War Revenue Bill now before a conference committee of Congress. Appeals to the committee have been prepared by the store executives, and customers will be asked to sign the petitions which oppose the imposition of consumption taxes on the public, which the store men denounced yesterday as unwarranted, discriminatory, and calculated to add to unemployment at a time when productive energy should be speeded to the maximum.

The campaign against the luxury tax on clothing and a large variety of other articles of common use, inaugurated by the retail dry goods interests, is intended by its promoters to closely parallel the recent successful drive made by theatre managers and theatre-goers against the proposed increase in the tax on admissions. When Congress realized the full extent of the opposition against raising the tax on theatre tickets, the tax was left as in the present law. The dry goods men said yesterday they believed that when the consuming public thoroughly understands the nature of the proposed luxury taxation, and appreciates the fact that the extra cost will have to be paid by the consumer, the opportunity to make a protest will be welcomed.

Following conferences held in Washington this week between dry goods interests and members of the Senate and House Conference Committees, store representatives said last night that if the luxury provision was to be eliminated from the pending Revenue Bill, it could only be done by quick and vigorous protest by the buying public. Accordingly, every facility will be offered in the stores here, beginning this morning, to encourage customers to sign.

In most of the stores, managers and floor walkers will be in charge of the work of gathering signatures, while in others the salespeople will solicit names. Franklin Simon, President of Franklin Simon & Co., 414 Fifth Avenue, said it was hoped that the public would make a full response to the appeal to sign the petitions, and added that it was hoped to send the first batch of petitions to Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives, and a member of the Conference Committee, on Saturday.

Unwarranted, He Says.

"This luxury tax," Mr. Simon said, "is wholly unwarranted. It is a tax not on luxuries in the generally accepted sense of the word but on necessaries as well. The luxury tax provision is full of inequalities; for instance, silk hosiery is taxed, but wool and cotton hosiery, which may be of a very expensive character, is not touched by the tax provision. The tax would have the effect of discouraging the sale of high class merchandise and reduce opportunities for employment at a time when the Government, private associations, and individuals are striving to find work for our returning soldiers."

The following is a list of the taxes which it is proposed to levy on so-called "luxuries" under the act now pending before Congress:

Ten per cent. of selling price on the following goods:

Cameras,	Liveries,
Photographic films,	Livery boots,
Electric fans,	Livery hats,
Thermos bottles,	Fur garments of all kinds.
Tapestries, &c., for furniture, coverings, and hangings.	

Ten per cent. on amount in excess of figure indicated:

Picture frames....$10	Men's and boys' neckwear $2.00
Picture frames.$10.00	Men's and boys' silk stockings and hose 1.00
Trunks 50.00	Women's silk stockings and hose 2.00
Valises 25.00	
Traveling bags..25.00	
Suitcases 25.00	
Hatboxes 25.00	
Purses 7.50	
Shopping bags... 7.50	Men's shirts...... 3.00
Handbags 7.50	Kimonos and petticoats 15.00
Umbrellas 4.00	
Men's and boys' hats 5.00	Men's and women's underw'r. 5.00
Men's and boys' caps 2.00	Men's and women's pajamas. 5.00

Committees representing dry goods men in New York and many other sections of the country have been active in Washington the last few days trying to encompass the defeat of the luxury tax provision, and, while the store representatives feel that their arguments have made some impression on the members of the Conference Committee, they are agreed that if the consuming public will make its sentiment against the tax known in vigorous fashion, the objectionable and burdensome levy will be eliminated from the revenue measure. The unanimous opinion of the dry goods merchants is that the luxury tax has no place in a revenue measure now that the war is over.

Report About Washington.

T. Arthur Ball, Chairman of the Retail Dry Goods Committee, which went to Washington to oppose the objectionable feature of the Revenue bill, yesterday sent out the following letter to dry goods merchants in this city:

Jan. 29, 1919.

Subject: Luxury Tax.

Dear Sir:

Your committee was in Washington yesterday in regard to the luxury tax, and co-operated with the National Retail Dry Goods Association, also the National Garment Retailers' Association. There were about twenty-five representatives from various parts of the country at the meeting—one from Chicago, one from Kansas City, one from Wisconsin, one from Massachusetts, one from Maryland, a number from New York, and a number from Pennsylvania.

After an informal meeting a committee was named to have an informal conference with part of the Conference Committee of the House and Senate. The members of this committee seen were Chairman Kitchin and Senators Lodge, Simmons, and Hoke Smith, who were all opposed to the bill in its entirety. It was hard to argue with them, because they did not need to be persuaded with regard to something they are already opposed to.

The various members then went to their own Senators and Representatives, asking them to intervene in every way; to go before the Conference Committee and ask to have the whole law thrown out.

The situation in regard to the same is this: That the House and Senate have agreed upon certain provisions, and they have passed. The parts that were not agreed upon are in conference, and in conference only as regards the amount of the tax, most of the difference being whether it shall be the Senate's 10 per cent. or the House's 20 per cent., and under ordinary rules of procedure they can only consider the question as to whether it should be between these per cents.

However, there is a precedent, used in 1898, of throwing out the whole law. The Senators were fully aware of this precedent, and had evidently been discussing it, which was evident by their conversation with us.

Another meeting of the various merchants was had at 2:30 P. M. Various ways and means were discussed of bringing enough pressure to bear on the conference committee by the representatives and through the various members of the association to have them use this precedent for repealing the whole law. It was also suggested, and was left to the option of the various members, to immediately put in a prominent place in their establishment a petition to be signed by as many of their customers as possible, and it was also suggested that the employes sign it, and that it be mailed to Chairman Kitchin on Saturday night, Feb. 1, 1919. The theatre people had their tax immediately reduced by doing this.

It was also decided by every member of the committee to communicate with every one in their various associations to again write their Representatives and Senators and also the conference committee, asking them to bring the precedent of 1898 to bear on the present law.

The Senators seen yesterday agreed with the committee that the necessity of a luxury tax law at the present time was illogical; that if the tax had the original effect of reducing the consumption of higher priced merchandise of various descriptions, it would throw out of employment many people who would have to seek other positions at lower salaries. This is very important, as one branch of the Government is taxing men out of positions and another branch of the Government is asking every employer to give every one a job.

If you know any one who has written, or who is interested, or who has not written, whom you can prevail upon to give a strong protest to his Congressman, his Senator and the Conference Committee, please have him do so at once, preferably by letter. There are innumerable telegrams already in Washington. Please do this at once. The Senators in the committee seen yesterday said that Senator Kenyon slipped this luxury provision in about 11 o'clock at night, when no one was paying any attention to it, and they would like to have it eliminated themselves. Senator Kenyon has been bombarded by his own constituents, by telegrams, letters, and petitions, and his attitude at the present time is not thoroughly known.

The question of collection is a serious one. The law says plainly and emphatically that it is a consumer's tax, and it cannot be added to the price of the merchandise. This means that on every check there will have to be a separate audit, and that for every day's sales and every day's credits there will have to be separate records kept; that in charge ledgers, where the tax is charged to the customers, it will have to be separated, and will mean a tremendous amount of labor.

If there are any facts in this memorandum that are not known to the persons to whom you are going to write requesting them to communicate with their representatives please send them on.

The members of the Conference Committee are:

SENATORS.	REPRESENTATIVES
F. M. Simmons.	Claude Kitchin.
Hoke Smith.	Henry T. Rainey.
T. S. Williams.	Lincoln Dixon.
Boles Penrose.	T. Hampton Moore.
Henry Cabot Lodge.	James W. Fordney.

Respectfully submitted,

T. ARTHUR BALL, Chairman.

Calls Tax "Unfair."

"We believe that this tax is unfair, discriminatory, and class legislation," said P. A. Conne, Vice President of Saks & Co., yesterday. "We believe that it will burden and hinder business greatly at the very time the industries of the country in the period of reconstruction need supports, not handicaps. We also feel that it would be a very difficult tax to collect, as well as costly. It is a tax the people will resent—it is not the way they care to pay taxes. It is our belief that the tax would be a disappointment and would not produce the amount hoped for by the framers of this luxury provision. The provision if allowed to be enacted into law would curtail consumption."

A representative of M. Friedsam, President of B. Altman & Co., said it was not too late for the public to make its voice heard in Washington in opposition to the luxury clause. He said he believed that if consumers in large numbers would sign the petitions promptly, there was little doubt the proposed tax would be defeated. A statement issued last night by the Altman firm said:

"We are not opposed to a tax. We would gladly pay a reasonable tax on total net business in an amount double, if necessary, the estimated return under the proposed legislation. We take this position so that there may be no misconception as to our integrity of purpose, when we say it is the tax in its present form only to which we are opposed. The expense to the merchants of keeping the records necessary to the making of an accurate return would be greater than the return itself, and the expense to the Government in checking up the returns that the merchant may make would, without doubt, exceed in amount the tax collected. Furthermore, this bill discourages the consumption of higher priced merchandise. The result will be a curtailment of higher cost labor, and will disrupt employment at a time when we are all striving to solve the critical problem of unemployment during our transition from a war to peace basis. Many inconsistencies appear in the act as framed."

A large company of prominent merchants, known as the Retail Clothiers and Haberdashers of New York City, aroused by the items of the proposed luxury tax affecting their trades, met at Delmonico's yesterday afternoon. They got under way a movement that will result in a country-wide protest within the next two days. Under the provisions of the luxury tax that are now before the Conference Committee of the House and the Senate at Washington a 10 per cent. tax will be imposed on amounts in excess of the following for the articles named: Waistcoats, $5; men's and boys' hats, $5; shoes, $10; neckties, $2; silk hose, $1; shirts, $3; pajamas, nightgowns, and underwear, $5; house or smoking jackets and bath or lounging robes, $7.50; umbrellas, $4.

Under this law a man would have to pay a tax on a $3.50 shirt, but could pay $8 for woolen golf hose without paying a tax, because woolen articles are exempt. He would have to pay a tax on a $6 fancy waistcoat, but would not have to pay any on a suit or overcoat costing $100 at a Fifth Avenue tailor's, because tailoring is exempt. These and similar inequalities led to the calling of yesterday's meeting, which was attended by all of the representative men in the men's clothing and haberdashery trades. Maurice Brill of Brill Brothers presided. Telling of a trip to Washington with a delegation he said there is still a chance to defeat the tax.

Telegrams to Lawmakers.

Telegrams were sent to Congressman Kitchin and Senator Simmons protesting that the tax would seriously reduce the manufacturing and retail sales of good and dependable qualities of merchandise and thereby cause unemployment of labor at a time when the industries of the country need to be kept at their utmost capacity. The telegrams stated also that it would be impossible to collect this tax fairly because it would have to be figured and collected in almost every case by employes who, owing to their many duties, could not be relied upon to make accurate collections.

The meeting decided to start today to circulate petitions among all of the retailers of men's wearables in New York, protesting against the luxury tax, to be signed by their customers. A plan of co-operation with wholesalers in these trades and with the Retail Dry Goods Association was also worked out.

On the Executive Committee of the meeting were Mr. Williams of Browning, King & Co., Maurice Brill of Brill Brothers, Mr. Vaughn of Brooks Brothers, Henry Budd of Samuel Budd, Inc.; Howard C. Brokaw of Brokaw Brothers, A. De Pinna of De Pinna & Co., H. L. Gruneck, Mr. Fechheimer of Kaskell & Kaskell, Charles F. Jacobson, M. Lambert of M. Lambert & Co., P. A. O'Loughlin, Pinto Brothers, A. Sulka of A. Sulka & Co., Mr. Free of F. R. Tripler & Co., Wallach Brothers, A. C. Weaver, Louis Heilbroner of Weber & Heilbroner, William G. White, and Alan Gibson, business manager, and Frederick T. Frazer, editor, of the Haberdasher.

Lew Hahn, Executive Secretary of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, with a membership of 500 big stores throughout the country, said the association had vigorously opposed the enactment of the luxury taxes incorporated in the revenue bill because its members believed these luxury taxes were written into the bill at a time when the country was looking forward to a long war and when the Federal legislators faced not only the problem of raising a huge amount of revenue to carry on the war, but when they were also confronted with the necessity of discouraging the consumption of merchandise not deemed vitally important in order that men, machinery, and materials might be released for the production of war needs.

"Now, however, that the war has come to an end," Mr. Hahn said, "there is no longer any possible reason for wishing to curtail production of merchandise for which there is a public demand. Instead, we believe there is a definite obligation upon industry, the public, and the Government alike, to speed up and encourage production in order that with the release of millions of men from the United States service we may not develop any serious employment problem.

Burden of Administration.

"We object to the enactment of the luxury taxes because, if successful in operation, they will automatically decrease the demand for better quality of merchandise and because their administration will place a large burden of unnecessary work upon every retailer who sells any merchandise falling within the purview of the tax. In order to collect these taxes from the public the retailer not only would have to explain over and over again to the public the purpose and scope of the tax, but he would also have to maintain in his accounting system separate and new processes for showing every item sold upon which a tax was collected. It is safe to say there is not a single store in the entire country the accounting system of which, as it now stands, would be adequate to the task of making returns on such a tax satisfactory to the Government.

"Consumption taxes are never desirable. They operate against the spirit of democracy. They establish false distinctions because after all it is not the wealthy classes alone which purchase articles that would be subject to such taxes, and except in times of war and unusual strain consumers ought not to be pestered by mean, nagging, little taxes which confront them at every turn.

"The luxury taxes as they appear in the bill show many inconsistencies. A working girl who chose to purchase a pair of silk stockings at a price higher than $2 per pair would have to pay the tax. On the other hand, a society woman might purchase a gown costing $1,000 or anything she might choose to spend without being required to pay any tax. These taxes would set up a false standard by appearing to separate the merchandise requirements of the so-called idle rich from those of the honest workers and so would serve to foster the spirit of dissatisfied jealousy which is at the root of the Bolshevist influence which threatens the world.

"We believe that the amount of revenue to be yielded by these objectionable luxury taxes would prove comparatively small and entirely out of keeping with the dissatisfaction and inconvenience which must follow if they are enacted into force.

"At a time when we are faced by the problem of rapidly assimilating great numbers of men who have been serving the country, and for whom we are now all obligated to find work, it appears to the members of our association as the height of stupidity to enact tax legislation which can only have the effect of restricting production of certain classes of merchandise.

"In their essence, the luxury taxes are taxes put upon the public. Merchants would have no recourse except to assess and collect them from the public. The public must pay the bill, and the public must be awakened to a realization that a fight against these taxes is essentially the public's fight. If the weight of protest against these objectionable imposts can be made heavy enough there can be no doubt of their final elimination from the Revenue bill."

The National Retail Dry Goods Association has had a strong committee in Washington this week, representing every section of the country, to protest against the objectionable tax, while W. de S. Trenholm, Secretary of the Retail Dry Goods Association of this city, and a delegation of merchants from here visited the capital and registered their opposition to the luxury tax.

Brooklyn department stores and dry goods merchants generally in that borough will co-operate with the Manhattan dealers in pushing the campaign for the public's signatures against the inclusion of the luxury tax in the Revenue bill. Other organizations from New York sending committees of protest to Washington were the National Garment Retailers' Association, Millinery Chamber of Commerce, and the Men's Furnishers.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

R. M. Grant & Co., Hornblower & Weeks, and B. J. Van Ingen & Co. are offering a new issue of $840,000 City of Bayonne, N. J., 5 per cent. gold bonds, maturing serially from Jan. 1, 1920, to Jan. 1, 1949, at prices to yield 4.65 per cent.

The Yukon Gold Company will pay on Feb. 1 the third of a series of eight promissory notes for $625,000 each, which were issued to secure a loan of $5,000,000 from the Yukon-Alaska Trust three years ago. The first two notes were extended in 1917 and 1918.

The Dayton Power and Light Company reports December gross earnings of $267,800, which compares with $207,144 in December, 1917, while net income for last month totaled $58,497. In December a year ago net income amounted to $40,113.

Charles F. Speare, formerly financial editor of The Evening Mail, has joined the banking firm of Brown Brothers & Co., to be connected with the investment department.

Gerard & Co. have opened offices at 85 Wall Street for the transaction of a general investment business.

The National Surety Company has announced that the $10,000 Southern Pacific convertible 5 per cent. bonds, due 1934, for the return of which a reward will be paid, are numbered M-40351 to M-40360.

Strong, Sturgis & Co. and Colgate, Parker & Co. have announced that the $1,005,000 preferred stock of the South Porto Rico Sugar Company, which they were offering, has all been sold.

The United States Steamship Company has announced that while income from its subsidiaries in the last six months was $2,204,753, or almost six times the usual bi-monthly dividend requirement at the rate of 1 per cent. regular and one-half of 1 per cent. extra, the Directors decided to defer action on dividends until the next meeting, because of the uncertainties of the steamship and shipbuilding situation.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.01	Jacket	.08
Andes	.09	Mexican	.10
Best & Belcher	.02	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.09
Caledonia	.02	Overman	.08
Challenge Con.	.02	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.03	Savage	.03
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Virginia	.05	Union Con.	[illegible]
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.			
		Booth	.18
Belmont	3.15	Florence	.18
Brougher Divide	.26	Goldfield Cons.	.19
Cash Boy	.07	Goldfield Merger	.05
Gold Zone	.29	Great Bend	.02
Halifax	.15	Jumbo Exten.	.13
Jim Butler	.38	Kewanas	.05
McNamara	.29	Lone Star	.06
Midway	.33	Silver Pick	.05
Mizpah	.06	Spearhead	.17
Monarch Pitts.	.08	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Montana	.15	Manhattan Cons.	.04
North Star	.06	Nevada Hills	.04
Rescue	.07	Packard	.25
Tonopah Divide	3.15	Rochester	.26
Tonopah Exten.	2.40	Round Mountain	.32
West End	1.25	United Eastern	3.00
West Tonopah	.16	White Caps	.15
GOLDFIELD.			
Atlanta	.04		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	5	Isabella	5¼	6
Dr. J'pot.	3½	5	McKinney	7	9
Elkton	4	5½	Portland	102	113
El Paso	14	20	U. Gold M.	15	18
Golden C.	178	180	Vindicator	43	45
Granite	15	..	Rose Nicol.	13½	14

WILL PUSH RAILROAD BILL.

Cummins Announces Plans as to Measure Stipulating Return Time.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29. — Senator Cummins of Iowa announced to the members of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee today that he would urge consideration by the committee, before the end of two weeks, of the bill he had introduced prohibiting the President from turning back the railroads to private ownership inside of twenty-one months after the peace treaty. The committee, which has been conducting hearings on possible legislation affecting the future of the roads, appeared to believe today that it could complete the hearings before two weeks, in which event the Cummins bill would almost certainly be taken up immediately.

Edgar J. Rich, representing New England shippers, appeared before the committee today and submitted a plan whereby the Government would aid weak railroads and leave the stronger ones to work out their own salvation. Under Mr. Rich's scheme the Government would guarantee securities issued by the weak roads for the purpose of making extensions and betterments in their properties. In return, the Government would participate in all earnings above 9 per cent., and would have on the board of every such railroad two Directors, whose vote would be final with respect to improvements for which Government guarantee of the necessary bond issues would be required.

WILL SPEND $500,000,000.

Estimate by Hines of Railroad Budget for Betterments This Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—About $300,000,000 will be spent by railroads this year for extensions and improvements and $200,000,000 for new cars and locomotives, according to the preliminary plans of the Railroad Administration announced today by Director General Hines. Much greater capital expenditures will be authorized, but indications now are that the entire program cannot be carried out before the end of the year, and no improvements or purchases of equipment will be ordered by the Railroad Administration without approval of the individual railroad company.

Director General Hines believes the aggregate expenditures for extensions and improvements may run above the $300,000,000 advance estimate, and the orders for new cars and locomotives may fall below the $200,000,000 figure. These outlays are in addition to $286,000,000 of equipment ordered last year to be delivered and paid for this year. Improvements authorized but not accomplished last year must be reconsidered now in the light of peace conditions and will be authorized again if they are deemed still desirable. In 1918 $265,931,000 was spent for additions and betterments and $289,388,000 for equipment.

OHIO TESTS 3-CENT FARE.

Moves to Oust Hocking Valley for Charging Government Rate.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 29.—A suit to oust the Hocking Valley Railway Company from operating in Ohio for violation of the State law fixing passenger rates at 2 cents a mile was instituted in the Franklin County courts here today by Prosecuting Attorney Hugo N. Schlessinger.

The State asks that trustees be appointed for approximately a half million of dollars which the railroad has collected exclusively under the 3-cent rate specified by the Federal Government since it took control of the transportation systems. It also asks that this fund be distributed according to the best judgment of the court.

The Hocking Valley Railroad was selected as the basis of the suit to test the right of the Federal Government to specify rates, for the reason that the road is entirely within the State of Ohio, its northern terminus being Toledo and its southern three coal towns in Southern Ohio. It was said this action draws a sharp line on the question of State rights, and, while the right of the Government to specify interstate passenger rates is naturally drawn into question by the suit, the real question before the court is the right of the Federal Government to fix rates for intrastate passenger traffic.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Ga., Fla., Ala., and Miss.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Tenn., Ky., Ind., and Mich.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Ohio—Fair and warmer Thurs.; fair Fri.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May15,'20	98½	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99¼	99¾	5.95
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99¾	100	5.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99½	100¼	5.90
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	64	65	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'26	138	142	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	58	60	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99¾	100	5.00
Company Issues.					
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100¼	100⅝	5.60
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Am. F. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	100¾	101⅛	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101¼	101⅞	5.35
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅞	102¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102⅜	103¼	5.65
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103¼	103⅜	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅞	104¼	5.70
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96½	99¼	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100½	101	5.35
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	101	101⅜	6.05
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100⅝	101½	6.40
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅝	101½	6.55
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	101	101¼	6.55
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100⅝	100⅝	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	87	90	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	98	99	6.75
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	97	97⅞	7.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100⅜	5.20
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅜	5.60
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102½	102⅞	6.30
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅜	99¼	5.65
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98¼	6.00
Erie R. R.	5	Ap[illegible], 1919	90	92½	
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Ja[illegible], 1920	98	99	6.05
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅜	100⅝	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100½	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98½	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅝	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99¼	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97½	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	99⅝	5.90
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99⅝	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C., N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	99	99⅞	8.00
Pitt. & S.S.R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100¼	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100	100⅜	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	102	5.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	103	103⅜	5.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	104	104½	5.65
Rem. A. U. M. Ctgs. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	102	103	
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99⅝	99⅞	..
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99½	100	7.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95½	96½	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	98½	8.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	98½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep.15,'22	89	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100¼	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99⅝	100	7.00

IRVING NATIONAL BANK

WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK

Annual Report to Stockholders

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS,
IRVING NATIONAL BANK

American banking institutions have played an important part in the nation's great struggle. These institutions, in co-operation with trade organizations, in a short period of eighteen months distributed successfully among patriotic investors short term Certificates of Indebtedness in preparation of Liberty Loans in the amount of $14,589,801,000.00 and Liberty Loan Bonds in the amount of $16,974,330,000.00.

In this work the Irving's quota each time was either reached or exceeded, its total, distributed among 62,389 investors, aggregating $132,579,300.

The bank's deposits, $55,000,000.00 at the beginning of the world war in August, 1914, have increased to over $127,000,000.00. A substantial portion of this growth has been effected during the past two years.

The increase in the volume of business in the Foreign Department, and the extension of the foreign relations of this department, have been highly satisfactory. A new and beneficial departure in American banking is expressed in reciprocal working arrangements which have been entered into with Barclays Bank Limited, of London, and Cox & Co. (France), Limited, of Paris. Under this arrangement English and French departments are maintained in the Irving, and an American department in the London and French institutions.

For the second year in succession the Irving secured first prize for bank advertising in the Convention of the Financial Advertisers' Association of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World.

The profit-sharing plan put in operation two years ago was continued throughout the year. At present a committee of directors is studying its operations, with the intention of making such changes as will develop even closer co-ordination and efficiency throughout the organization.

After full provision for bad debts and depreciation of securities to present market values, the profits of the bank for the year Nineteen Eighteen amounted to $2,537,518.96

From this there has been set aside for Federal and State taxes $1,253,830.92

leaving a net profit of $1,283,688.04

From net profits there were paid to stockholders cash dividends of ... $ 540,000.00

and to the American Red Cross a special contribution of .... $ 45,000.00

The balance carried to undivided profit account is .... $ 698,688.04

Under the direction of the bank's examining committee, Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell, Peat & Co. have made an examination of the bank as of the close of business December 27, 1918, and their statement of that date bearing proper certificate is submitted herewith.

Respectfully,
LEWIS E. PIERSON, *Chairman*

Statement of Condition, December 27th, 1918

ASSETS

Immediately Available			
Cash in vault	$ 5,162,185.88		
With Federal Reserve Bank	14,652,123.59		
Exchanges for Clearing House and due from Banks	18,156,851.05	$37,971,160.52	
Eligible for re-discount with Federal Reserve Bank	$37,578,439.51		
Loans at Sharp Call	15,212,500.00	52,790,939.51	$ 90,762,100.03
Other Loans and Discounts			
Demand loans		$13,806,314.32	
Due within 30 days		5,120,975.88	
Due 30 to 90 days		10,230,044.07	
Due 90 to 180 days		11,224,614.40	
Due after 180 days		1,157,568.45	41,539,517.12
United States Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness		$4,267,391.86	
Short Time Securities		3,859,207.77	
Other Bonds and Securities		1,047,482.33	9,174,081.96
Customers' liability for acceptance by this bank and its correspondents (anticipated $467,227.04)			6,976,850.62
			$148,452,549.73

LIABILITIES

Capital	$ 4,500,000.00
Surplus and Profits	6,234,110.47
Reserved for taxes	1,183,654.63
Discount collected but not earned	514,354.01
Circulating notes	1,000,000.00
Acceptances by this bank (after deducting $937,084.19 held by Bank)	7,065,687.66
Acceptances by correspondents for this bank's account	378,390.00
Time drafts—Foreign	369,000.00
Deposits	127,207,352.96
	$148,452,549.73

Messrs. D. W. Whitmore, *Chairman*
Frederic G. Lee
William Childs
Arthur M. Milburn
Alexander Gilbert

Examination Committee
IRVING NATIONAL BANK
New York City

MARWICK, MITCHELL, PEAT & CO.
Accountants and Auditors
79 Wall Street

Dear Sirs: New York, January 13th, 1919.

In accordance with your instructions, we have examined the affairs of the Irving National Bank, New York, as at the close of business December 27th, 1918.

We hereby certify that the attached Statement of Condition is in accordance with the books and, in our opinion, presents a full and true statement of the Resources and Liabilities of the bank as at that date.

Yours truly,
MARWICK, MITCHELL, PEAT & CO.

Saving Your Investments

The man who by intelligent thrift is able to invest regularly often loses the benefit of his industry by an injudicious selection of securities. For the assistance of successful business men who are not intimately familiar with securities and their markets, we offer without charge the services of our Statistical Department. You are invited to call or write for information regarding any security.

Kean, Taylor & Co.
5 Nassau Street, New York
Chicago Pittsburgh

We Offer, Subject to Sale

	To Yield
Amsterdam, N. Y., 4s 1926	4.50%
Bergen Co., N.J., 4½s 1928-32	4.50%
Camden, N. J., 4½s 1940	4.50%
Milwaukee, Wis., 4½s 1927-28	4.50%
Salt Lake City 4½s 1934	4.55%
Denver, Colo., 4½s 1948	4.57%
Wilmington, Del., 4s 1928	4.60%
Seattle, Wash., 4½s 1927	4.75%

Blodget & Co.

34 PINE STREET, New York — 60 STATE STREET, Boston

The Executor Of Your Will

exercises a far-reaching influence in the settlement of your estate.

Because of its wide experience, ease of access and ample responsibility, the Trust Company is now favored by prudent men and women for this important service. The charges, fixed by law, are the same as those allowed the individual executor.

We shall be glad to explain by letter or personal interview any phase of Trust Company executorship.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

55 Cedar Street

Broadway at 73d St. Madison Ave. at 75th St. 125th St. at Eighth Ave.

DIVIDENDS.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A dividend of four dollars ($4.00) per share has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, at the New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to Stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

Boston, January 21, 1919.

EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.

UNITED TRACTION & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 23, 1919.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid February 1, 1919, to the registered holders of January 23, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RAILWAY COMPANY.

New York, January 7, 1919.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend (being dividend No. 55) on the COMMON STOCK of this Company of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS ($1.50) per share, payable March 1, 1919, to holders of said COMMON Stock registered on the books of the Company at the close of business on January 31, 1919. Dividend cheques will be mailed to holders of COMMON Stock who file suitable orders therefor at this office.

C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer,
5 Nassau Street, New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.
Charles E. Schaff, Receiver.

Coupons for interest matured August 1, 1918, on The Kansas City & Pacific Railroad Company First Mortgage Bonds, due 1990, will be paid upon presentation at the office of Agent for Receiver, 61 Broadway, New York City, on and after January 31, 1919. J. B. BARNES, Agent for Receiver.

DIVIDENDS.

THE CONTINENTAL BANK OF NEW YORK

New York, January 21st, 1919.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of Three dollars and fifty cents per share, payable February 1, 1919, to Stockholders of record at the close of business January 27, 1919.

F. H. HORNBY, Cashier.

BUY—SELL
MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO.
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
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Send for Bulletin
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43 Exchange Place, New York
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Stock Broker
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Telephone Bowling Green 6540.

We Will Sell & Buy
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FOR CASH
At prevailing market prices.
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Philadelphia Chicago

FOR SALE
Nat'l Aniline & Chemical
Common & Preferred
J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

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All Issues and Denominations Bought at Stock Exchange Prices
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Nat'l Aniline & Chemical
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 Broadway, New York
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia

Republic Motor Trk. Com. & Pfd.
Lima Loco. Com. & Pfd.
Carib Syndicate
Gillette Safety Razor
Gwynne Bros.
Phones Broad 3230 to 3235. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Business Promoter
I am an expert in the promotion of new business, in the establishment of business connections in new territories, in preparing commercial surveys of the opportunities existing in and the requirements of new markets.
My experience has given me an excellent knowledge of many varied industries.
I have a technical education and have had many years' experience in sales promotion work.
I am successful in my present employment and have excellent reasons for desiring a change.
Am particularly well fitted to intelligently represent a banking house financing foreign and domestic business of varied character or a manufacturing or export concern developing new markets and connections. R 735 Times Downtown.

NORTH CHINA—TIENTSIN
Well known British House, long established in Tientsin, with good connections throughout the interior Provinces, is prepared to represent American Firms in North China either in the capacity of Fiscal or Active Agents. Bank references.
Apply: TIPPER & CO.
Tientsin, North China.

ADVERTISING
Placed in all Publications
Copy Prepared, Estimates Furnished
Frank Kiernan & Co.
Telephone Cort. 1224. 135 Broadway, N.Y.

HOST OF IMPORTS BARRED BY BRITAIN

Embargo Which Goes Into Effect March 1 Covers Wide Range of Articles.

MEASURE NOT PERMANENT

American War Trade Board Says It Is to Prevent Commercial and Economic Chaos.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—British import restrictions, covering many commodities, will go into effect after March 1, according to announcement made by the American War Trade Board tonight, following notification from the Consul General at London. Thereafter exporters of specified commodities can ship to Great Britain only under a special import license.

The War Trade Board tonight made this comment on the action of the British Government:

"The reasons for such action on the part of Great Britain are not hard to understand, nor do they require anything in the nature of justification. For over four years Great Britain has been subject to the shock and strain of a war which not only required the sacrifice of life and intense human energy, but also necessitated the most stringent economic readjustment and the sacrifice of private business.

"It is not strange, therefore, that Great Britain should today wish to make every legitimate effort to keep her commercial and economic status from falling into chaos, and instead to restore it to a state of equilibrium. In fact, to do anything else would be strange.

"As a natural result of such a normal, patriotic aspiration, in order to bring her own manufactures to a state of stability approaching that of pre-war days, Great Britain finds it necessary to impose such import restrictions for the time being as will permit her the opportunity to re-establish domestic business conditions on a normal basis. The import restrictions being imposed by Great Britain are for such purposes, and are not to be regarded as of a permanent nature.

"In making for the return of normal domestic conditions in Great Britain, inducing the social welfare of the empire, such measures will tend toward economic and social stability throughout the associated Governments and this country. And such a tendency is today recognized as vitally necessary for the formation of a lasting and fundamentally sound peace.

"For the further information of exporters in the United States the War Trade Board announced today that the British import restrictions upon the admission of hides have been removed. The board stated that the British prohibition upon the importation into Great Britain of raw hides of all descriptions and weights had been removed. Dealings in raw hides are now freely authorized."

These are the articles which will again be on the list of restricted imports after March 1:

Aluminium, manufactures of.
Aluminium powder.
Apparel not waterproofed.
Baskets and basket ware.
Baths of metal, all kinds.
Cartridges, all kinds, and parts thereof.
Cement.
Diatomite, or infusorial earth.
Electrotypes.
Fatty acids.
Fire extinguishers.
Guns, carbines, and rifles.
Hats and bonnets.
Lawn mowers.
Linen yarns and manufactures thereof.
Machine tools and machinery driven by power and suitable for use in cutting, stamping, or working metal, including lathes, grinding machines, milling machines, boring and turning mills, drilling machines, power presses, planers, punching and shearing machines, shapers, forging machines, screw machines, cutting-off machines, chucking machines, gear-cutting machines, boring machines, centring machines, slotting machines.
Machinery driven by power and suitable for use in cutting, working, or operating on wood, including sawing machines of all descriptions, general joiners, mortise, tenon, boring machines, lathes and rounding machines, box and cask making machines, and all machines accessory thereto, scraping and sandpapering machines, wheelwright machinery, fire wood making and bundling machinery, wood, wood fibre and pulp machinery, saw sharpening and setting machines, saw stretchers, and brazing apparatus.
Machines for grinding, planing, or molding irons.
Mats.
Matting.
Methyl alcohol.
Mops.
Mouth organs.
Oilcloth.
Perfumery and toilet preparations.
Photographic apparatus.
Pictures, prints, engravings, and photographs.
Plaiting, all descriptions.
Plated and gilt wares.
Revolvers and pistols.
Salt.
Sewing machines.
Skins and furs, manufactures of.
Slide rules for engineers and draftsmen.
Stereoscopes.
Stoves and ranges.
Straw envelopes for bottles.
Soap.
Spectacles and eyeglasses complete, not containing gold.
Time-recording instruments of all kinds, and movements and parts thereof.
Vacuum cleaners.
Wringers and mangles.
Weighing machines, scales, and balances of all descriptions.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.28	$1.26	$1.26¾	$1.24¾	..
February	1.26	1.22⅛	1.23	1.23	..
March	1.27¾	1.20½	1.21	1.22½	1.27
May	1.22	1.17½	1.17¼	1.19⅛	1.25⅛
July	1.20	1.14½	1.14¾	1.16½	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	56¾	55⅞	55¾	57¾	84¾
February	58	57⅜	57⅜	57⅝	..
March	59¼	56	56	58	84
May	60	56⅜	56⅜	58⅜	81¾
July	57¼	54⅝	55	56	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 66½@67c; No. 2 white, 67c; No. 3 white, 66@66½c; No. 4 white, 65½@66c; ordinary clipped, 65½@66c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	23.47	23.47	23.47	22.97	25.45
May	23.47	23.41	23.47	22.97	25.50
Ribs—					
May	21.45	21.45	21.45	20.95	24.70
Pork—					
January	44.00	44.00	44.00	43.00	47.60
May	38.60	38.60	38.60	37.60	46.85

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.65	13.45	13.64	13.32
July	13.50	13.32	13.50	13.17
September	13.50	13.18	13.35	13.02
December	13.20	13.06	13.22	12.92

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
May	$1.43	$1.40	$1.41½

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 5,770 packages. Prices were pushed down 2 and 3 cents again, and the market is still in a weak unsettled condition. Buyers are showing very little interest and the quantity of stock is considerably in excess of requirements. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 47½@48c; extras, 92 score, 46½@47c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 44@46c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 41@43c; lower grades, 39@40c; unsalted, higher than extras, 49½@50c; extras, 48½@49c; firsts, 46@48c; seconds, 43@45c; State dairy tubs, finest, 45@46c; good to prime, 42@44c; common to fair, 38@41c; renovated, extras, 44½@45c; firsts, 43@44c; lower grades, 38@42c; imitation creamery, firsts, 42@43c; ladles, current make, firsts, 38@39c; seconds, 36½@37c; lower grades, 35@36c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 34c; lower grades, 30@33c.

EGGS.—8,704 cases. Arrivals continue moderate, but the Western markets are far below a parity with the rates recently ruling here, stock is coming in freely at many primary points, and the market is declining in sympathy with these conditions. At the moment, however, the supply of really prime fresh goods seems to be no more than needed on actual trade requirements, and sales are at irregular prices, generally within the reduced ranges quoted. Nearby white eggs are still in light supply and there is a fair demand at sustained prices. We see no extra fancy Californias offering, but there are several cars of very good stock available, generally at 64@67c. Fresh-gathered, extras, a dozen, 61@62c; extra firsts, 59@60c; firsts, 57½@58½c; seconds and poorer, 53@57c; dirties, No. 1, 54@55c; No. 2 and poorer, 50@53c; checks, good to choice, dry, 47@48c; under grades, 43@46c; refrigerator, 38@50c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 70@71c; ordinary to prime, 64@69c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@69c; pullet whites, 64@65c; Pacific Coast, lower grades, 63@67c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 62@67c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 64@65c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 59@62c.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Forty-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,887,200, were chartered today. They include:

Paisis Embroidery Works, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000; H. Wynehouse, J. Zahn, S. Rodin, 629 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.
Wood and Metal Products Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. H. Smith, A. M. Tozzi, E. E. Gardner, 165 Broadway.
Rite Service, Inc., Manhattan, advertising business, $50,000; D. Hanft, J. Kesler, M. Cohen, 621 Broadway.
Madden Safety Razor Corp., Manhattan, $400,000; C. B. Hobbs, C. L. Hays, C. A. Voetsch, 1,225 Madison Av.
Empire City Apparel Co., Manhattan, $10,000; D. Solomon, H. and S. Gelfon, 79 5th Av.
How's Bay Realty Corp., Port Washington, $10,000; H. R. Tibbits, E. J. West, C. Wysong, Port Washington.
Panama Rock Co., Panama, Chautauqua County, pleasure resorts and deal in curiosities, $90,000; M. E. and G. O. and M. A. J. Davis, Panama.
Zeller & Hartzband, Inc., Manhattan, furs, $5,000; S. Zeller, S. Hartzband, H. Rosenberg, 1,269 Broadway.
Movable Sign Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; P. Wattoff, H. and S. Harr, 35 St. Nicholas Terrace.
Waters Trades Corp., Manhattan, oil production and commission business, $15,000; A. E. Waters, L. W. Birdsall, J. E. Booth, 362 56th St., Brooklyn.
Louis Greenberg & Bro., Manhattan, infants' and children's wearing apparel, $115,000; E. Reshauer, S. and L. Greenberg, 71 West 23d St.
Walker's Laundry, Inc., Niagara Falls, $30,000; R. M. Van Wagnen, G. W. Frey, J. J. O'Haire, Niagara Falls.
National Coating and Proofing Corp., Brooklyn, coating for treating paper fabric and wood, $50,000; A. B. Starr, E. T. Paull, W. Christian, 253 East 74th St.
Weyler Brass Foundry Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Lashareff, H. Weyler, V. Craspoff, 205 West 83th St.
F. & L. Grossdirth, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; P. Riegelhaupt, F. and L. Grosswirth, 2 East 108th St.
Unique Operating Co., Manhattan, realty, grocery and clothing stores, $50,000; A. B. Crichlow, C. C. Richards, G. C. Thorpe, 145 West 142d St.
A. T. Realty Co., Mamaroneck, $20,000; F. B. Wood, A. Lennon, W. J. Doyle, 233 Broadway.
Froling & Holler, Inc., Mineola, architecture and designing, $10,000; A. S. Hall, L. Maucher, B. N. Bronson, 714 West 179th St.
Westchester Knitting Mills, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000; S. Berger, G. Boochever, H. F. Aarons, 141 5th Av.
Edelman & Shannon, Manhattan, theatricals, $15,000; S. R. Shannon, A. A. and L. L. Edelman, 140 West 42d St.
Excellent Buffet, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; N. Widenfeld, S. and S. J. Manner, 1,325 Franklin Av., Bronx.
Seidman & Cohen, Inc., Manhattan, jewelry, $5,000; H. Seidman, L. and M. Cohen, 534 Greene Av., Brooklyn.
Berwyn Producing Corp., Manhattan, theatricals, $10,000; A. N. Birenbach, G. E. Leavitt, S. D. Muncy, 346 Broadway.
French Cabinet Corp., Brooklyn, office fixtures, $300,000; M. Rothman, G. A. Collins, M. D. Reardon, 149 Broadway.
C. H. Amusement Corp., Millbrook, $25,000; T. L. Ernst, F. H. Butehorn, C. A. MacLean, 318 74th St.
International Playthings Corp., Albany, $15,000; M. J. Hawkins, W. C. and C. R. Martineau, Albany.
The 340 West 57th Street Corp., Manhattan, hotels, restaurants, and cafes, $5,000; S. Kaylor, W. J. and J. E. Knott, 20 5th Av.
Far Rockaway Strand Theatre Co., Manhattan, 1,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 3,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $165,000; S. Fader, R. Levy, J. Endel, Strand Theatre Building.
M. D. G. Amusement Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. C. McEachen, J. T. Booth, M. D. Greengard, 374 Canal St.
L. & W. Garage Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. Shanahan, C. Kelper, J. Darcy, 444 West 57th St.
Cliff Mfg. Works, Manhattan, gold and silver plating and phonographs, $10,000; F. Muschler, A. and W. Frick, 20 Jacob St.
Chatham Printing and Bookbinding Co., Manhattan, $10,000; D. and R. and H. Trachtenberg, 358 Jerome St., Brooklyn.
Old Metals, Inc., Manhattan, $300,000; S. Ecker, T. W. and A. A. Moers, 120 West 70th St.
Co-operative Meat Market, Syracuse, $5,000; M. Killian, I. Sadkin, H. Swibler, Syracuse.
J. & B. Realty Corp., Jamaica, $5,000; B. Marvin, W. H. Graff, J. P. Storms, Jamaica.
Mack Trucking Co., Brooklyn, $25,000; J. F. Donlon, A. V. and G. V. McLoughlin, 200 South Third St., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Claflin, Thayer & Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $150,000.
East River Stevedoring Corp., Manhattan, $30,000 to $50,000.
General Warrant Corp., Manhattan, $500 to $25,000.
West Virginia Waste Wood Chemical Co., Manhattan, stated capital to 200 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 7,200 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $636,000.
The Farmers' Co-operative Ass'n. of Bainbridge, N. Y., Inc., Bainbridge, $4,000 to $30,000.
Bank of Jamestown, Jamestown, $100,000 to $250,000.
Stanley Doggett, Inc., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Colt Cromwell Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $10,000.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Jersey Silk Sales Corp., New Jersey, $100,000; representative, C. H. Dascombe, 25 Madison Av.
International Freighting Corp., Del., $100,000; representative, H. J. Lesser, 170 Broadway.
Hoffman Specialty, Inc., Ill., plumbers' supplies and specialties, $30,000; representative, E. S. Storm, 512 5th Av.
American Sawdust Co., New Jersey, $100,000; representative, J. F. Mallon, 700 West 179th St.

REVOCATION AND NEW DESIGNATION.

Frosts Veneer Seating Co., Ltd., Wis.; new representative, G. L. Frost, 50 Union Square.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

International Filter Co., Ill.
Frost Veneer Seating Co., Vermont.

DISSOLUTIONS.

J. Newton Van Ness Co., Manhattan.
Goldsmith & Stein, Inc., Manhattan.
Mausey Corp., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 29.—Charters filed:
The Marigold Oil and Refining Co., $2,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.
The Young Gasoline and Refining Co., $1,000,000; Edwin I. Fischer, Sistersville, W. Va.; L. C. Young, J. M. Stevenson, Winchester, Ky.
The Mechanical Accounting Corp., $500,000; M. L. Horty, M. C. Kelly, S. L. Macley of Wilmington.
Ruby Oil Co., $300,000; W. Metkiff, F. B. Knowlton, P. D. Benson of New York.
B. R. and H. Coal Co., $200,000; Charles D. Allee, L. B. Phillips, E. B. Thomas of Dover.
Kelly-Crean Oil Co., $200,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.
Carolina Timber and Railway Co., $150,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer of Wilmington.
General Transportation Co., $100,000; Robert L. Purnell, George R. Westerfield, A. A. Kelly, all of Montclair, N. J.
Leslie Players Corp., $100,000; Richard Leslie, Brooklyn; W. J. Bloxham, Glen Morris, L. I.; Max E. Schwalbel, New York.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 29.—Charters filed:
American Export Co., Jersey City, $10,000; Frederick M. Fenwick, W. C. Margeson, and H. T. Hornidge, all of New York.
Coytesville Association, Fort Lee, real estate, $5,000; J. F. Whitteaker, Frank Schmidt, and Charles Trueman, all of Coytesville.
Jacquith Flying Corp., Atlantic City, $5,200; Morris Coblins, N. M. Schiller, and J. B. Miller, all of Atlantic City.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg	89	92
2s, coupon, '30	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg	97½	98¾	3s, Fed Land Bk, '35	101¾	103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup	97¾	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank	100	100¾
3s, registered, 1946	88	92	4s, registered, 1925	104¼	105¼
3s, coupon, 1946	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925	104¾	105¾
3s, conversion, 1947	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
4½s July, 1967	100¾	101¼	100¾	3½s Nov., 1955	81	..	81
4½s June, 1965	100¾	101¼	100¾	3½s Nov., 1954	81¾	83	81¾
4½s Mar., 1963	100¾	101¼	100¾	3½s May, 1954	81¾	..	81¼
4½s Nov., 1957	100½	101¼	100½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957	100½	101¼	100¾				
4¼s Mar., 1960-30	96¼	97	96¾	4½s 1924-1931	4.80	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1964	96¼	97	96¾	4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.35	4.50
4¼s Apr., 1966	96¼	97	96¼	4½s 1919-1930	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1962	96¼	97	96¼	4½s 1919-1928	4.55	4.30	4.50
4¼s Sept., 1960	96¼	97	96¼	4½s 1924-1932	4.55	4.30	4.50
4s May, 1959	90¼	92	90¼	3½s 1940-1958	4.65	4.40	4.85
4s Nov., 1958	90¼	92	90¼	3½s 1930-1939	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s Nov., 1957	90½	92	90½	3½s 1922-1929	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s Nov., 1956	90	91	90	3½s 1919-1921	4.65	4.40	4.85
4s Nov., 1955	90½	91	90	3s 1940-1958	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s Nov., 1936	92	94	93	3s 1926-1930	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s May, 1919	99½	..	99¾	3s 1919-1925	4.85	4.40	4.65

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
1,135	Cities Service	297	295	296	298
14,095	Cities Service pf.	80¼	79¾	79¾	80½
$97,500	Cities Service deb. B 7s.	127	125	125	126
143,000	Cities Service deb. C 7s.	103	101	101½	102½

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow	12	14	Gas & Elec Secur pf.	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf.	71	73½	Miss River Power	10¾	12¾
Am Gas & Electric	101	103	Miss River Power pf	38	40
Am Gas & Elec pf	43	44½	Northern Ohio Electric	10	15½
Am Light & Traction	234	236	Northern Ohio Elec pf.	57	58½
Am Light & Trac pf	98¼	100	Northern Ont L & P	11	18
Am Power & Light	56½	59	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pf.	77	78	Northern States Power	63	63
Am Public Utilities	..	25	Northern States P pf.	89	91½
Am Public Utilities pf.	58	59	Northern Texas Elec.	55	60
Am W W & Elec	4	6	Northern Tex Elec pf.	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	67	69	Pacific Gas & Electric.	47¾	48½
Am W W & E partic	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	87½	89
Carolina Power & Light	31	33	Puget Sd Trac, L & P.	15	18
Colorado Power	26	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	53	57
Colorado Power pf.	96	100	Ry & Light Sec pf.	75	80
Columbus Electric pf.	72	76	Republic Ry & Light	17	17¾
Com Power, Ry & L	19	21	Republic Ry & Lt pf.	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	40	42	Southern Cal Edison	84	88
Conn Power pf.	72½	77	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Consumers' Power pf.	75	85	Standard Gas & Elec.	13	14
Eastern Texas Elec	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	31	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	72	76	Tampa Electric	109	112
El Paso Electric	80	..	Tenn Ry, L & Power	2½	8
Electric B & S pf.	92	95	Tenn Ry, L & P pf.	18	14
Empire Dist Elec pf.	70	75	United Light & Rys.	37	38
Federal Light & Trac.	8	11	United Light & Rys pf.	70	72
Federal Lt & Trac pf.	40	45	Western Power	18	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf.	66	67
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West. Church & Kerr.	63	66
Gas & Elec Securities	250	275	West Church & K pf.	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	96½	Gt West Power 5s, '46.	84½	86
Am W W & E col 5s.	68	71	Gt West Power 6s, '25.	89	92
Appalach Power 1st 5s.	73	75	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s.	78	80
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	92	95	Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	92	96
Cities Fuel & Pow 7s.	98	100	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88	91
Col G & E deb 5s, '27.	77	80	Nor Tex Elec col 5s.	80	85
Com L & P 6s, 1947	..	93½	Omaha & C B 5s, '28.	75	84
Commonwealth Power (Neb) 1st 6s, 1944	..	85	Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P 7s.	98	99½
Conn Power 5s, 1963	83	89	Roanoke W W 5s, '19.	96¼	97½
Dallas Electric 5s, '22.	90	93	So Cal Edison 5s, '39.	88	91
East Tex Elec col 5s.	85	88	Twin S G & E 5s, '53.	70	78
East Tex Elec 7s, '21.	97¾	99	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32.	88	90
El Paso Elec col 5s.	82	90	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Empire Gas & F 6s.	97	100	Un Util cv 6s, '43.	86	92
Empire Refining 6s.	93	97	Utah Securities 6s.	88½	89½
			Wash I W L & P 6s.	94½	98

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
69	Con Coal	80	80	80	50	Farm Am B.	43	43	43
2,000	Com C Co pf	25	25	25	5	Mer Trust	186	186	186
17	Davison	38	37½	37½	23	Penn W Pow	77½	77½	77½
85	Elkhorn	27½	27½	27½	150	W, B & A.	26½	26½	26½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Con Coal 4s.	99¾	99¾	99¾	4,000	Do Gas 6s.	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	Cos A 6s	90	90	90	1,000	Kirby L 6s.	98¾	98¾	98¾
4,000	Do B 6s	90	89½	90	10,000	Un Rys inc.	58	52½	52½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
145	Ahmeek	70	69½	69½	330	Nipissing	8½	8¾	8¾
9	Anaconda	58¾	57½	57½	25	New River	10	10	10
100	Ariz Com'l	11¾	11¾	11¾	200	North Butte	10¼	10¼	10¼
45	Cal & Ariz.	59½	59¼	59½	5	Old Domin.	34¼	34¼	34¼
1	Cal & Hecla	425	425	425	155	Pond Creek	12¾	12¾	12¾
87	Cop Range	42¼	42	42	80	Shannon	3¾	3	3¼
20	Daly-West	2¾	2½	2½	315	Sup & Bost.	2½	2½	2½
200	Davis-Daly	5¼	5¼	5¼	40	Trinity	2½	2½	2½
50	East Butte	9¼	9¼	9¼	50	U S Smelt.	46	46½	46
50	Franklin	3½	3½	3½	30	Do pf	45	45	45
12	Isl'd Ck pf.	80	80	80	50	Utah Cons.	8	8	8
208	Lake Copper	3¼	3	3	125	Utah Copper	70¼	69	69¼
300	May-Old C.	2¾	2¾	2¾	100	Utah Metal	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
66	Mohawk	51½	51½	51½	50	Victoria	2	2	2

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
115	Boston Elev	68¾	68	68	267	NY, NH & H	29	28	28¼
50	Boston & Me	28½	28½	28½	8	Old Colony	100	100	100
15	Fitchb'g pf.	57	57	57	103	West End	45	44¼	44¼
800	Mass Elec.	2½	2½	2½	4	Do pf	53½	53½	53½
175	Do pf	14¼	14	14					

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
108	Am Ag Ch.	100¾	100	100¾	39	N E Tel.	92	92	92
40	Do pf	99	98½	99	8	Pullman	120¼	120¼	120¼
10	Am Sugar	113	113	113	395	Stewart	35	34¾	35
21	Do pf	113½	115	115	544	Swift	119¾	117¾	117¾
16	Amoskeag	82	81	82	10	Torrington	54½	54½	54½
9	Do pf	80	80	80	212	United Drug	95	93	93
409	Am T & T.	100¾	99	99	25	Do 2d pf.	93	93	93
10	Am Wool	46	46	46	142	United Fruit	162	159½	162
60	Do pf	94¾	94½	94½	27	United Shoe	45	44¾	45
75	Booth	19	19	19	110	Do pf	28	28	28
70	Century	14¼	14	14¼	1,600	Ventura	8¼	8	8¼
80	Gorton	31¼	30½	30½	10	Walworth	18¼	18¼	18¼
193	Island Oil	7½	7½	7½	15	West Union	87½	87½	87½
80	Mass Gas	83	83	83					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	A Ag Ch 5s	109	100	104	$5,000	Punta S 6s.	88	87	88
1,000	A G & W I 5s	81	81	81	15,000	Ventura 7s.	95½	95½	95½
2,000	C, B & Q 4s	95¾	95½	95½	1,000	W T & T 5s.	89½	89½	89½

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am Radiator	290	290	290	25	Lindsay L.	18½	18½	18½
20	Am Ship	104	104	104	10	People's Gas	48	48	48
270	Armour pf.	101½	101½	101½	95	Sears-Roe	174½	172	174½
330	Booth Fish.	19½	19	19½	25	Shaw	92	92	92
15	Do pf	80	80	80	580	Stewart W.	86½	84½	84½
50	C C & C Rys	¾	¾	¾	100	Do cash	87	87	87
35	Do pf	9	9	9	2,934	Swift int.	142½	141½	141½
25	Chi Pn Tool.	63	62	63	2,632	Swift	119¾	117¾	117¾
20	Cudahy rts.	¾	¾	¾	969	Un Carbide.	56¾	56½	56½
50	Deere pf	96	95¾	95¾	130	Wilson	68	67	67
25	Hart S & M.	76	76	76	20	Do pf	97	97	97
1,565	Libby	20½	20¼	20¼					

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	C C Ry 1st5s	82	82	82	$11,000	Pub S of N Ill 5s.	87¼	87¼	87¼
4,000	ComEdist5s.	94¾	94¼	94¼	1,000	Swift 1st 5s	96½	96½	96½
5,000	MetElRyex4s	50½	50½	50½					

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
83	Am Gas, N J	60	60	60	19	Penn Salt	84¼	84	84
167	Buff & Susq trust ctfs.	70	70	70	541	Phila Elec	25¾	25¼	25¼
15	Cambria Stl.	113¼	113¼	113¼	40	Phila Trac.	70	70	70
10	Cramp	80	80	80	30	Phil Co 5s pf	31¾	31¾	31¾
110	Elec Storage	52¾	52¾	52¾	330	P R T	25	25	25
50	Ins of N A.	28¼	28¼	28¼	1,905	Tono Belm't.	3¼	3	3¼
3,933	Gen Asphalt.	70	64¾	65	540	Tono Mining.	3	2⅞	3
1,903	Do pf	104½	100	101	19	U G I	72	72	72
1,520	Lake Super.	19¾	19	19¾	50	Union Trac.	37¼	37¼	37¼
					20	York Ry pf.	32	32	32

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am G & E 5s	87	87	87	$1,000	Leh Val 4½s	88¼	88¼	88¼
2,000	El & Peo ctfs	69½	69½	69½	10,000	Phila Co 1st 5s. stamped	100½	100½	100½
12,000	Leh Val 6s.	101½	101½	101½	11,000	PhilEl 1st 5s	94	93½	94

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Am Brass	198	210	200	Du Pont debs. pf.	91½	92½	91½
Atlas Powder	155	180	155	Hercules	203	208	203
Do pf	91	93	91	Do pf	107	109	107
Babcock & Wilcox	106½	108½	106	Niles-Bem't-Pond	103	105	103
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	95	100	95
Do pf	80	80	80	Scovill Mfg	370	390	..
Du Pont	263	275	268	Standard Screw	250	260	250

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Prices at the close of an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange showed a fractional recovery in the active issues from the low levels, induced primarily by the reduction on the steel dividend. Final prices, however, recorded net losses from one to three points. The only active issues to show gains were Marine preferred and American Hide and Leather preferred. Trading, especially during the morning session, was very active, with speculative interest centred in the movement in Steel common.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Allis-Chal	31¼	31	31	100	Mo Pacific	24¼	24	24
30	Am B Sugar	67¾	67½	67½	60	Nat Conduit.	14¾	14¾	14¾
560	Am Can	46¾	45¾	45¾	10	Nat Enam'g.	48½	48½	48½
260	Am C & F.	89¾	88	88¾	10	Nat Lead	66¾	66¾	66¾
10	Am Cot Oil.	41½	41½	41½	40	N Y Cent.	72¾	72	72¾
200	Am Drug's.	12⅝	12½	12⅝	40	NY, N H & H	28¼	28¼	28¼
750	A H & L pf.	86¼	83¾	86	10	North Pac.	90¼	90¼	90¼
30	Am Linseed.	47¾	47¾	47¾	250	Okla Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
890	Am S & R.	70¾	69½	70¾	60	P Am P & T.	69½	68½	68½
20	Am Steel F.	79	79	79	290	Pennsylvania	45¼	44¾	45¼
110	Am S Tob.	100¾	99	99¾	50	Pierce-A	39¾	39¾	39¾
130	Am T & T.	99¾	98¾	98½	160	Pierce Oil	17¼	17¼	17¼
340	Ana Copper.	58¾	58¼	58¼	580	Reading	78¾	77¾	77¾
20	A, G & W I.	98¼	97¾	97¾	170	Rep I & S.	78¼	71½	71½
1,090	Bald Loco	67¾	65½	66¼	240	Sinclair Oil.	36¼	35¾	35¾
120	Balt & Ohio.	46¾	46½	46½	580	South. Pac.	98¼	97¼	97¾
340	Beth Steel B	59¾	58¾	59¼	20	Southern Ry	26¾	26¾	26¾
290	Brook R T.	19¾	18¾	19¾	450	Studebaker	49¾	48¾	49¾
20	Cal Pet	23¾	23¾	23¾	130	Texas Co.	192¾	190¾	190¾
20	Cent Leath.	58½	58¾	58¾	880	Texas & P.	33¾	31½	33¾
800	C, M & St P.	38	37¼	37¾	480	Tob Prod	73¾	72¾	73¼
10	C, M & St P pf	71½	71½	71½	50	Union Pac.	126¾	126¾	126¾
10	Col F & I.	35	35	35	800	U Cigar S.	111¾	110¾	111
20	Con Gas	90	90	90	100	U S Ind A.	102¾	102¾	102¾
80	Corn Prod.	47¾	46½	46½	150	U S Rubber.	76¼	75¼	75¾
690	Cru Steel	53¼	52	53	44,232	U S Steel	90¼	88¾	89
850	Cuba-C S.	22¼	22¼	22¼	280	Utah Copper	70¼	68¾	69
30	Erie	16	16	16	10	Va-Car C.	52	52	52
90	G, W & W.	29	28¾	29	40	West Elec.	40¾	40¾	40¾
120	Gt North O.	37¼	36¾	36¾	35	Willys-O	24¾	24¼	24½
10	Goodrich Co.	61¾	61¾	61¾		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
50	Int Mer M.	22¾	22¼	22¾	$1,650	Lib 3½s	99.54	99.46	99.50
2,150	Do pf	99	97	99	2,500	1st 4¼s	96.10	95.90	95.94
10	Ken Copper.	32¼	32¼	32¼	3,250	2d 4¼s	95.50	95.30	95.34
5,530	Mexican Pet.	171¾	167½	168¾	3,450	3d 4¼s	96.88	96.80	96.84
200	Midvale S'l.	42	40½	40¼	8,600	4th 4¼s	95.56	95.38	95.52

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	‡Aetna Exp.	7½	7⅜	7⅜	1,000	‡Nat Firep's	12	9	9¼
25	‡Do pf	64	64	64	6,000	‡Do pf	20¼	16½	17
800	‡Am B Mag.	65	63½	63½	400	N A P & P.	3	3	3
500	Br-A Tob Co, coupon	25	24¾	25	175	Penn Sea S v t ctfs.	40	39¾	39¾
1,500	‡Dict Prod.	9⅞	9½	9⅝	2,500	‡Perf T & R	⅞	¾	⅞
12,000	‡Gen Asph't.	70¼	64¾	65½	1,000	Sub Boat v t ctfs.	11¼	11	11¼
1,800	‡Do pf	105¾	100	100½					
150	‡G S Razor.	120¾	120	120½	1,500	‡Swift I, w i	42½	41¼	41½
1,000	‡Hav Tob pf	3	3	3	1,500	Un. Motors.	36¾	36¼	36¼
3,000	Hupp M C.	6	5¾	5¾	20,000	U S S'p Co.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
1,100	Int Rubber.	17¾	17	17¼	100	Wayne Coal.	4	4	4
6,500	Key T & R.	61	59¼	59¼	400	‡W-M A Cp.	3¾	3½	3½
100	‡Lake Tor B	1½	1½	1½	200	World F Cp v t ctfs.	⅛	⅛	⅛
200	‡Nat C & I.	55	55	55					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	‡Ill P L.	165	165	165	55	‡St O, N Y.	318	315	318
10	‡North P L.	111	111	111	10	‡Vac'm Oil.	414	414	414

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	‡Atlan Pet.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	10,000	Met Petrol.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
2,000	‡Bar O & G	⅛	⅛	⅛	1,400	†Mex. Gulf.	43	40	40
11,300	‡Boone Oil.	4	3¾	3⅞	3,500	†Midw Oil.	127	125	126
300	‡Cos & Co.	7⅛	7	7	600	‡ Do pf	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
75	‡Crystal Oil.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	10,000	†‡N W Oil.	50	48	49
500	‡Elk B Pet.	6⅛	6	6⅛	5,000	†Omar O & G	30	27	30
7,500	†‡Esmer Oil.	5	4¼	4¼	3,500	‡Pennok Oil.	12¾	12	12¾
3,000	‡Federal Oil	2¾	2⅝	2⅛	10,000	†‡Queen Oil.	21	17	18
1,000	‡Glenrock Oil	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	1,200	‡Roy D. new	74¼	73½	73½
6,500	†‡Hudson Oil	80	70	75	100	Savoy Oil	7	7	7
1,600	‡Inter Pet.	21¼	20¾	20¾	5,000	Sinclair Gulf	25¼	24½	24½
11,000	Isl'd O & T	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	2,700	‡Stanton Oil	1⅛	1	1⅛
3,200	†‡Kenova Oil	12	10	12	5,500	U W O, new.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
5,000	‡Lou O & R	33	32	32	400	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
300	Merritt Oil.	21½	21	21					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,250	†Alaska-Brit Col Metals	40	38	40	450	Hecla Mining	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
2,800	America	⅞	⅞	⅞	300	†Jim Butler.	36	36	36
1,700	Ariz-B'gham	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1,000	†Jumbo Ext.	14	14	14
1,000	†Atlanta	5	5	5	10,000	†Lone Star.	7	6	6¼
2,900	Big Ledge	⅝	⅝	⅝	800	†‡Moth Lode	32	32	32
2,000	†Bos & Mon.	50	49	49	300	†Nixon Nev.	40	40	40
1,300	†Caledonia	31	30	31	1,200	Onondaga	3¼	3	3¼
500	Cain & Jer.	⅛	⅛	⅛	200	Ray Hercules	2⅛	2	2
8,600	†Candelaria	57	55	56	1,500	†San Toy	7¼	7	7¼
1,000	†Cashboy	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	800	†Sil Can Min	84	83	84
800	Cerbat Sil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	700	Stand Sil-L	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,300	Con Ariz Sm	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	450	‡Tono Min.	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1,200	Con Copper.	6⅛	5⅞	6	12,000	†‡TuolR Plac.	95	85	90
500	Cresson Con.	5	4⅞	5	360	Un Eastern.	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,250	Eureka-Croe	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	4,500	UnM of Ariz	¼	¼	¼
1,900	†‡FlorenceSil	68	67	68	7,500	†U S Con M.	8	7	8
6,000	†‡GoldenRule	⅛	⅛	⅛	6,875	†Un Sul M.	1	⅞	⅞
3,900	†Goldf'd Mer	6	6	6	2,000	†‡WardM&M	30	29	30
300	†‡HamiltonM &Sm, (pros)	61	59	61	300	†W E Con.	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,000	†‡HattieGold, (a pros)	45	35	40	1,500	†White C M.	13	13	13
					100	‡WhiteKCpf.	1¼	1¼	1¼

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$40000	‡Am T & T6s	99¼	99¼	99¼	$1,000	‡KCRT6s'23	100¼	100¼	100¼
4,000	‡AmTob7s'23.	104¾	104	104¾	8,000	‡LacGL7swi	100¾	100¾	100¾
20,000	‡Anaconda6s	97½	97¼	97¼	15,000	‡NYTeldb6s.	100	99¾	100
1,000	‡Beth87%'19.	101	101	101	3,000	‡Rus G 5½s.	59	58½	58½
2,000	‡Brad 6s, '31	93	93	93	13,000	‡Rus G 6½s.	65	64	64
40,000	‡Can Gov 5s	99¾	99½	99¾	1,000	‡Stude 7s '29	96¼	96¼	96¼
12,000	‡S&NWgm5s	99½	99½	99½	50,000	‡Wil&Cocv6%	93¾	93¼	93¾
2,000	‡Fed F L 5s.	103	103	103					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Tuesday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.	Tuesday Ask.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.	Tuesday Ask.
Air Reduc	50	60	50	60	Todd Shipyd	107	108½	107	108½
Am W P	3	3½	3	3½	Thlogen	4	4½	4	4½
Am-Br Mfg.	2	5	2	5	U S Lt & H.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Am W Paper.	3	3½	3	3½	U S Lt&H pf.	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
Br-A Tob, reg	23½	24	23½	24	Un Profit S.	⅞	⅞	⅞	1
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20	W-M Air pf.	61	64	61	64
Carbon Steel.	80	90	80	90	OIL STOCKS.				
Car L & P.	2	2½	2	2½	Allen Oil	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
Chev Motor.	145	155	145	155	Boston-Wyo.	18	20	18	20
Chevrolet rts.	⅞	1¼	⅞	1¼	Cosden&Co pf	4	4¼	4	4¼
Cumbiaville Woolen	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾	Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12	Globe Oil	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Do pf	45	55	45	55	Houston Oil.	76	78	78	79
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22	Midwest Ref.	128	130	128	130
Em'son Phono	2	2½	2	2½	Okm P & R.	2	2½	2	2½
Free Texas.	34	35½	34	35½	Pitts O & G.	8	8½	8	8½
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½	Royal Oil	½	⅝	½	⅝
Gen Mot rts.	1⅝	2	1⅝	2	Sapulpa	7¼	7½	7¼	7½
Havana Tob.	1½	2¼	1½	2¼	Sequoyah	⅜	½	⅜	½
Kirby Lumb'r	25	28	25	28	South Oil & T	2¼	3½	2¼	3½
Lake Tor B't 1st pf.	2½	5	2½	5	S W Oil.	35	45	35	45
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88	Texana Oil.	10	13	10	13
L McN & L.	21¾	22½	21¾	22½	Wayl'd O & G	3¼	3¾	3¼	3¾
Lima Loco	30	40	30	40	MINING STOCKS.				
Lukens Steel.	46	50	46	50	Austin-Am'n	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mar of Am	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾	Bradshaw	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Man Transit.	⅜	½	⅜	½	Booth	13	15	13	15
Mitchell Mot.	20	25	20	25	Canada Cop.	2	2⅛	2	2⅛
N Y Shipbldg.	33	36	33	36	Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
N Y Transp.	14¼	17	14¼	17	Butte-N Y.	½	⅝	½	⅝
Pearson Coal.	2½	3	2½	3	Cerro Gordo.	½	1	½	1
Peer T & M.	18	18½	18	18½	Con Homes'd.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Penn C & C.	22	24	22	24	El Salvador.	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
PennSeaboard Steel rights	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	First Nat C.	1½	2	1½	2
P'leenWireless	7	7½	7	7½	Fortuna	35	40	35	40
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	Great Bend	3	5	3	5
Smith M T	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Howe Sound	3⅝	4¼	3⅝	4¼
Stand Motors.	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	Iron Blossom.	⅜	½	⅜	½
Steel Alloys.	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	Kerr Lake	5⅛	5½	5⅛	5½
St L R M & P	40	..	40	..	Marsh Min'g.	3	4	3	4
St Joseph L.	12	13	12	13	NY&HonRos.	12	13	12	13
					Ohio Copper	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
					Seneca Cop.	15½	16	15½	16

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	17	17½	17	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	54	56	55
Atlantic Refining	1200	1225	1190	Prairie Oil & Gas	655	665	660
Borne-Scrymser	490	510	490	Prairie Pipe Line	270	275	272
Buckeye Pipe Line	94	96	94	Solar Refining	360	380	360
Chesebrough Mfg	300	325	300	Southern Pipe L	175	180	175
Continental Oil	500	525	500	South Penn Oil	305	310	305
Crescent Pipe Line	38	40	38	S W Penn	98	102	98
Cumberland P L	180	190	175	Stand Oil of Cal	268	272	270
Eureka Pipe Line	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Ind	750	780	755
Galena Signal Oil	90	92	90	Stand Oil of Kan	525	550	525
Do pf, new	100	105	100	Stand Oil of Ky	360	370	360
Do pf, old	115	130	115	Stand Oil of Neb	540	560	540
Illinois Pipe Line	162	167	160	Stand Oil of N J	684	689	687
Indiana Pipe Line	100	105	100	Stand Oil of N Y	313	318	314
Int Pet Co, Ltd	20¼	21	20¼	Stand Oil of Ohio	460	480	460
National Transit	16¼	17½	16	Swan & Finch	98	102	98
N Y Transit	200	210	200	Union Tank	113	115	114
Northern Pipe L	110	115	110	Vacuum Oil	410	415	413
Ohio Oil	318	323	318	Washington Oil	35	39	34

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Tuesday Bid.
Am Cigar	116	120	115	P R-Am Tobacco	130	136	130
Do pf	85	90	85	R J Reynolds, A	375	400	375
Conley Foil	190	200	190	Do B	300	320	300
J S Young	125	150	125	Do pf	107	109	..
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton	167½	175	167½
MacA & Forbes	195	205	195	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85				

DIVIDENDS.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION.
Notice of Dividends on Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock; Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock; Common Stock and Class B Common Stock.
The Board of Directors of Bethlehem Steel Corporation has declared a dividend of eight per cent. upon its Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock, and a dividend of seven per cent. upon its Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, payable in four quarterly installments of two per cent. and one and three-quarters per cent. each, respectively, the first installment of each of said dividends to be payable on April 1, 1919, to the respective holders of record of said two classes of stock at the close of business on March 12, 1919; the second on July 1, 1919, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on June 16, 1919; the third on October 1, 1919, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on September 15, 1919; and the fourth on January 2, 1920, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on December 15, 1919. The Board has also declared a regular dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. and an extra dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. upon the Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock of the Corporation payable on April 1, 1919, to the respective holders of record of said two classes of stock at the close of business on March 12, 1919.
Checks will be mailed.
B. H. JONES, Secretary.
Dated, January 27, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of The Hayward Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 50 Church St., New York City, on February 13, 1919, at 12 M., for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
JUDSON HAYWARD, Secretary.
Dated January 28, 1919.

DIVIDENDS.

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY, INC.,
43 Exchange Place,
New York.
The regular quarterly dividend (Sixty-third Quarter) of One and One-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record February 15, 1919.
A. L. DeCAMP, Secretary.

THE J. G. WHITE ENGINEERING CORPORATION,
ENGINEERS-CONTRACTORS,
43 Exchange Place, New York.
The regular quarterly dividend (Twenty-fourth Quarter) of One and Three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record February 15, 1919.
C. F. CONN, Secretary.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,
43 Exchange Place, New York.
The regular quarterly dividend (Twenty-fourth Quarter) of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable March 1, 1919, to stockholders of record February 15, 1919.
T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

CONTINENTAL GUARANTY CORPORATION,
246 Madison Avenue,
New York.
Jan. 27, 1919.
The Board of Directors of Continental Guaranty Corporation has this day declared a dividend for the quarter ended December 31, 1918, of Two Per Cent (2%) on the capital stock of the Corporation, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 28, 1919. The transfer books will not be closed.
H. M. BENSON, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

Standard Sanitary Mfg. Co.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND
COMMON DIVIDEND
Pittsburgh, Pa., January 28, 1919.
The Directors of this Company have this day declared the regular quarterly dividends of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. on the Preferred Capital Stock and one and one-half (1½%) per cent. on the Common Capital Stock of the Company. Checks will be mailed February 19th to stockholders of record February 4th.
S. H. MOON, Secretary.

UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY,
No. 2 Rector Street, New York.
January 21st, 1919.
Pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors of the United States Express Company, notice is hereby given that a sixth and partial distribution of the assets of this Company, amounting to $1.25 per share, will be made February 21st, 1919, to the shareholders of record as of the 1st day of February, 1919. Checks will be mailed.
Transfer books of the Company will close at 12 o'clock noon February 1st, 1919, and re-open February 24th, 1919.
JAMES W. SMYTH, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The Peoples Gas Light and Coke Co. (of Chicago)
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company will be held at the office of the Company in Peoples Gas Building, corner of Michigan Avenue and Adams Street, Chicago, on Monday morning, February 10th, 1919, at 11 o'clock. The Transfer books will close in accordance with the by-laws at the close of business on Monday, January 20, 1919, and will reopen Tuesday, February 11, 1919, at 10 o'clock.
E. G. COWDERY, President.
Chicago, January 10th, 1919.

THE COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RAILWAY COMPANY
First Mortgage 5% Bonds, Due Jan. 1, 1930.
Default having occurred in the payment of the interest due on January 1, 1919, on the above issue of bonds, the undersigned, owning or representing a substantial amount of the bonds, have consented to act as a Committee to protect the interests of the bondholders.
In the judgment of the Committee it is imperative that prompt concerted action be taken by the bondholders for their own protection and that bonds should be deposited immediately. To become parties to and to participate in the benefits of the protective agreement, bonds must be deposited on or before March 1st, 1919, with the CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY of NEW YORK, the Depositary of the Committee, at its office No. 54 Wall Street, New York City. After March 1st, 1919, no bonds will be received except on such terms as the Committee may impose. All bonds must be accompanied by the coupons maturing January 1, 1919, and subsequently, and registered bonds must be accompanied by properly executed transfers thereof in blank.
Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained from the Secretary or the Depositary. Depositors will receive negotiable certificates of deposit.
James Timpson, Chairman,
2nd Vice-President, Mutual Life Ins. Company, New York.
Robert Struthers, Jr.,
Wood, Struthers & Co., New York.
Livingston E. Jones,
President, Saving Fund Society of Germantown and Its Vicinity, Philadelphia.
Emerson W. Judd, Secretary,
5 Nassau Street, New York.
Masten & Nichols, Counsel,
49 Wall Street, New York.

HARRISON & CO.
BANKERS
FIFTH and CHESTNUT STS., PHILADELPHIA
NEW YORK TELEPHONE CONNECTION
We beg to announce that we are now connected by private telephone wire with the New York Telephone Exchange as formerly.
By calling CANAL 993 or 994
immediate connection can be obtained with our offices.
HARRISON & CO.
January 27, 1919.
Members New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NIAGARA, LOCKPORT AND ONTARIO POWER COMPANY.
Notice of Redemption of Two-Year Secured Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the Two-Year Secured Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes of Niagara, Lockport and Ontario Power Company, due February 1, 1920, issued under the Trust Agreement dated January 31, 1918, made to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, that all said notes have been called for redemption and payment on February 1, 1919, and that said notes will be redeemed and paid on said date at the office of said The Equitable Trust Company of New York, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at their principal amount and accrued interest. Interest on said notes will cease from and after February 1, 1919.
Federal Income Tax Ownership Certificates covering the amount of accrued interest should accompany the notes when presented for redemption and payment.
Notice is further given to the holders of said notes that on or before January 22, 1919, but not thereafter, they may, at their option, as provided in said Trust Agreement, convert their notes at face value into Refunding Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Series A and bearing interest at the rate of six per cent. (6%) per annum, of said Niagara, Lockport and Ontario Power Company, taken at ninety per cent. (90%) of their face value, with a cash adjustment of fractions as provided in said Trust Agreement.
Dated January 2, 1919.
NIAGARA, LOCKPORT AND ONTARIO POWER COMPANY,
By FRED D. COREY, President.

Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis
FIRST AND REFUNDING MORTGAGE.
Notice is hereby given that Bankers Trust Company, Primary Trustee under the First and Refunding Mortgage of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, dated July 1, 1912, to Bankers Trust Company and the Union Trust Company of Indianapolis, Trustees, intends to apply the sum of $14,350.97, now held in the Sinking Fund, to the purchase of First and Refunding Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of Citizens Gas Company of Indianapolis, issued under such mortgage, at a price not exceeding par, accrued interest and 8% premium, and to that end invites offers to Bankers Trust Company of such bonds at a price not to exceed par, accrued interest and 8% premium, which offers shall be for all or any part of the bonds so offered.
All offers must be made in sealed envelopes and delivered to Bankers Trust Company as Primary Trustee, at its Trust Department, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, on or before 12 o'clock noon on February 14, 1919, and shall be for the sale to it of such bonds as of February 20, 1919. No offer will be accepted which shall be for a sum in excess of par, accrued interest and 8% premium.
Dated at New York, this 16th day of January, 1919.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
Primary Trustee,
By H. F. WILSON, Jr., Vice President.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,618.36, in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 5, 1919.

International Paper Company.
CONSOLIDATED MORTGAGE 5%
SINKING FUND CONVERTIBLE BONDS.
The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor to Colonial Trust Company, as Trustee under International Paper Company Mortgage dated January 3, 1905, hereby invites offers to the Sinking Fund for the sale of bonds issued under said mortgage to exhaust the sum of One Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Two Hundred and Ten Dollars and Eighty-eight cents ($168,210.88). Bonds offered at the lowest prices will be given preference.
Sealed offers will be opened at the office of the undersigned, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, at twelve o'clock noon, on February 3, 1919, and should be endorsed "Offers for Sale of Bonds to the International Paper Company Sinking Fund."
The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

THE TRI-CITY RAILWAY & LIGHT CO.
5% Collateral Trust First Lien Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.
The undersigned, as Trustee under the Five Per Cent. Collateral Trust First Lien Mortgage of the Tri-City Railway & Light Company, dated April 1st, 1906, will receive sealed tenders up to 3:00 P. M. on February 27th, 1919, for the sale to it of $250,000 face value of bonds issued thereunder, for account of the Sinking Fund, at a price not exceeding 105% and accrued interest. The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.
THE NEW YORK TRUST CO., Trustee,
By B. G. CURTS, Secretary.
Dated, New York, January 30, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

McINTOSH AND SEYMOUR CORPORATION.
Auburn, New York
To the Stockholders of the McIntosh and Seymour Corporation:
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the McINTOSH AND SEYMOUR CORPORATION will be held at the office of the company, 101 Orchard Street, in the City of Auburn, Cayuga County, New York, on Thursday, February Thirteenth, 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
M. G. JONES, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE COMMON AND PREFERRED STOCK RESPECTIVELY OF BRONX EXPOSITION, INC.:—
PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the BRONX EXPOSITION, INC., will be held at the office of the Company, in the Exposition Grounds, 177th Street and Bronx River, City of New York, on the 8th day of February, 1919, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, to take action upon a proposed amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of this Company; so as to increase the number of shares that may be issued by it from 105,000, as at present constituted, and of which 5,000 shares of the par value of $100 are preferred stock, and 100,000 shares of no par value are common stock, to 138,500 shares, of which 8,500 shares of the par value of $100 will be preferred stock, and 125,000 shares will be common stock with no par value, and to increase the amount of capital with which this company will carry on its business from $1,000,000 to $1,475,000;
And to elect Directors to serve until the next annual election and until their successors shall have been duly elected and shall have qualified;
And to take action upon such other or further matters as may properly come before the meeting.
Dated, Jan. 22d, 1919.
HARRY F. McGARVIE, President
L. A. Beebe, Secretary

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY.
NOTICE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.
The undersigned hereby give notice that according to the Statutes of the State of New York relating to Limited Partnerships they have duly formed a Limited Partnership and the terms thereof are as follows:
I. The name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY. The County wherein the principal place of business is to be located is the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan.
II. The general nature of the business intended to be transacted is to carry on the business of brokers and to buy, sell and deal in stocks, bonds, grain and other commodities.
III. The names of all the General and Special Partners interested therein and their respective places of residence are as follows:
GENERAL PARTNERS.
HENRY E. BUTLER, residing at Cushing Road, Plainfield, State of New Jersey.
JOHN P. GRIER, residing at No. 30 West 59th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
PHILEMON DICKINSON, residing at Stenton Avenue and New Street, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania.
EDWARD H. LEVIS, residing at Mt. Holly, State of New Jersey.
SPECIAL PARTNERS.
J. HORACE HARDING, residing at Rumson, Monmouth County, State of New Jersey.
HENRY SANDERSON, residing at Oyster Bay, Nassau County, State of New York.
IV. The amount of capital which each Special Partner has contributed to the common stock is as follows:
J. HORACE HARDING has contributed One Million ($1,000,000.) Dollars;
HENRY SANDERSON has contributed Three Hundred Thousand ($300,000.) Dollars.
All of said partners are of full age.
V. The time at which the Partnership is to begin is January 1st, 1919, and the time at which the Partnership is to end is December 31st, 1920.
Dated New York, December 31st, 1918.
HENRY E. BUTLER,
JOHN P. GRIER,
PHILEMON DICKINSON,
EDWARD H. LEVIS,
J. HORACE HARDING,
HENRY SANDERSON.

CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY.
State of New York, City and County of New York, ss.:
HENRY E. BUTLER being duly sworn deposes and says that he is one of the General Partners in the Limited Partnership of CHAS. D. BARNEY & COMPANY, formed by the Certificate dated December 31st, 1918, signed by the General and Special Partners of said firm, to wit:
GENERAL PARTNERS.
HENRY E. BUTLER,
JOHN P. GRIER,
PHILEMON DICKINSON,
EDWARD H. LEVIS,
SPECIAL PARTNERS.
J. HORACE HARDING,
HENRY SANDERSON,
and that the sum specified in the said Certificate to have been contributed to the common stock by each of the Special Partners has been actually and in good faith paid in cash, that is to say, J. HORACE HARDING has paid in cash the sum of One Million ($1,000,000.) Dollars, and HENRY SANDERSON has paid in cash the sum of Three Hundred Thousand ($300,000.) Dollars.
HENRY E. BUTLER.
Sworn to before me this 31st day of December, 1918.
[Seal.]
EDGAR KEIM,
Notary Public, Nassau County. Certificate filed in New York County, No. 311. Register's No. 9245. Commission expires March 30, 1919.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership of WISE AND WIND, trading under the firm name of the COLONIAL TEXTILE MILLS was dissolved on January 20th, 1919. All debts due to the said partnership are to be paid, and all liabilities due from same are to be discharged at 36 E. 21st St., where the business will be continued by Stephen Wise, under the name of THE COLONIAL TEXTILE MILLS.
(Signed) STEPHEN WISE.
Approved:
HARRY WIND.

THE FIRM OF IPP & KWINT HAS THIS day dissolved. Mr. Harry Kwint retiring therefrom.
MR. ISAAC IPP will continue business at No. 115 West 22d, N. Y. C.
Dated, New York, January 29th, 1919.
ISAAC IPP.
HARRY KWINT.

PROPOSALS.

Sale of Government Owned Nose Bags.
The Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, 19th and B Streets, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Nose Bags, also known as Feed Bags, that were manufactured for the Government as army equipment. No bids will be accepted for less than a bale lot, which contains 50 bags each. Bids will be made in triplicate form and must be mailed in time to reach Washington for the opening at 2:00 P. M. March 3d, 1919. Full particulars and forms for submitting bids may be obtained upon application to Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, Washington, D. C., Ref. S. P. D., No. 320, C. & E.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

We have surplus factory space and machinery, together with up to date brass foundry and excess assembling and finishing facilities; can add to our line to mutual advantage any specialty made of cast nonferrous metals that require finishing; would be interested in taking over by purchase a going business that would fit into our plant and in which our facilities could be utilized to advantage; want no real estate. Address the Steffens-Amberg Co., Newark, N. J.

OIL LEASES.
PROVEN PRODUCTION OR OTHERWISE. FULL PARTICULARS ON REQUEST. ADDRESS WILLIAM T. RICHARDSON, Tremont Building, Boston, Mass.

On account of health, want to sell interest in metal corporation; wonderful opportunity to man able to manage business; no attention paid to brokers. H. 91 Times.

OIL ENGINE CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES. —Would like to communicate with parties having plant suitable for above-mentioned class of work. K 359 Times.

Garage wanted with capacity of 100-125 cars; west side or Bronx location; at reasonable terms; no brokers. Write Desalle, A. K., 14 Avenue A.

Will pay $1,000 or more for unexpired saloon lease for lunch room business; must be central; possession now or later. R 753 Times Downtown.

WANTED—SECURITY SALESMAN to sell dividend-paying oil stock on commission. Harry Cochrane, 1,328 Broadway.

Basement to let; storage purposes; sprinkler system; low insurance. Gumport, 703 Broadway.

Money advanced for manufacturing purposes; stocks, notes bought. Goldberger. 36 East 23d.

Salesman with $5,000 to buy half interest, good paying business, partner retiring from firm; good opportunity. B 886 Times Annex.

Will furnish money to manufacture and sell any good specialty; state clearly what you have. A 358 Times.

Stock Salesman.—First-class man seeks dependable connections. R 774 Times Downtown.

Plumbing shop, established 22 years, sell account retiring. Reiher, 3,718 3d Av.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Business man, 32, ability, character, experience, and willing to invest up to $10,000 in growing business, where my services and investment will earn good living and profits; if you think your proposition will merit my interest, give full particulars in your letter. E. G. S., 119 Times.

Party who can put ready-to-wear manufacturer on the map looking for live house who needs additional capital and executive management. Box B 166 Times.

Merchant seeks partnership in established mfg. business; had practical experience; will invest $2,000. C 903 Times Annex.

Young man just out of service has $5,000 and services to invest in strictly legitimate business. S 794 Times Downtown.

Young man, 30, has good business training and $500 to invest; only substantial proposition considered. J. S., 324 3d Av.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

EXPORT REPRESENTATION.

A REPRESENTATIVE OF A NEW YORK STATE CORPORATION, A RUSSIAN NATIVE, LEAVES SHORTLY FOR SIBERIA AND RUSSIA. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED FROM RELIABLE MANUFACTURERS, WHO ARE DESIROUS OF MARKETING THEIR PRODUCTS IN THE ABOVE TERRITORIES AT OUR COST. REFERENCES EXCHANGED. P. O. BOX NO. 774, SCHENECTADY, N. Y.

A young officer, vice president of a corporation, recently discharged from active service, leaving on Saturday to visit the principal cities of Europe, would be pleased to represent American firms having business to transact there at this time. Address L 269 Times.

Management of real estate wanted; long experience; charge several large estates at present; interview will convince that I know business. Kindly write, Suite 1304, 347 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 1034.

We have a fine opening for party with ability to sell a fine line of hand-carved lamps and novelties. Write Decorative Lamp Studios, 980 Madison Av., New York, for appointment.

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEER, GOING TO LIVE IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, IS INTERESTED IN SECURING AGENCIES OF TECHNICAL INTEREST. Y 262 TIMES ANNEX.

Former service man desires to represent American or foreign manufacturers; sell wholesalers and exporters; commission basis. B 556 Times Downtown.

Wanted—Representations of leading houses on commission basis for Washington and South; will arrange interview while here Thursday or Friday by phone. H 278 Times.

Wanted—Agencies for Queensland Bankers Bank of Queensland. Apply D. J. Stuart, 460 Main St., Kangaroo Point, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia.

CAPITAL WANTED.

HAVE YOU A LEGITIMATE BUSINESS you wish to sell without publicity? Or seeking associates with extra capital? Write or call Roberts-Frost Company, 505 5th Av. Murray Hill 3851.

Capital wanted, $10,000, to extend plant on exclusive manufacturing proposition of great merit and demand; good opportunity for young investor; principals only need apply. C 806 Times Annex.

Manufacturing plant of a nationally advertised article requires additional capital of $75,000; wonderful opportunity for high-class man of ability. B 148 Times.

Partner wanted with capital; established manufacturers for toilet preparation. T. B. 199 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
A commercial stationery store and printing establishment in a downtown section; established for over 12 years and doing a good business; reason, going another line. X 249 Times Annex.

Exceptional Opportunity.—Tea room for sale near West 72d St. L 826 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Have you anything in any city which requires attention? Anything Service will do it for you for a small fee, thereby saving you an expensive trip and your own time; call and tell us what you want done. Room 1809, 347 Madison Av., Murray Hill 3866.

FOR SALE.

Fifty cents an agate line.

No. 4 Rotary Gammeter Multigraph, hand automatic feed, two-roll printing ink attachment; good as new; reasonable. Three-In-One Oil Co., 165 Broadway, New York.

Showroom Partitions and Fixtures, BIGGEST BARGAIN YET, at a sacrificing price. Call at once, 8th floor, 392 5th Av., between 10 and 1 o'clock.

Several Brunswick pol tables, cue cabinets, chairs, reasonable. Mulligan, 30 East 43d St.

Furniture.

Furniture.—Mahogany bedroom suite, double bed, and library table, (Adam,) splendid condition; Queen Anne bedroom suite; three-quarter bed; also Style X Victor Victrola. 102 West 75th St., Apt. 75.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Comptometers, Burroughs, Monroes, calculating and adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., Room 101.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
NONVISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $6.00.
VISIBLE, 3 MONTHS, $7.50 UP.
Initial Payment Applies if Purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.
339 Broadway, at Worth St. | TEL. 5469
30 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. | FRANKLIN.

Government Sales.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT OWNED SHEARLINGS.

The Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, 19th & B Streets, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Shearlings which were bought by the Government for the purpose of entering into the manufacture of army equipment such as coat liners, boots, jerkins, saddles, etc. Grades offered are Rock Island selection natural color for saddle linings, Rock Island selection black, Quartermaster selection natural color for saddle linings, Aviation No. 1 clipped and combed, Aviation No. 1 natural color, Aviation No. 1 black, Aviation No. 2 natural color, Aviation No. 2 black, Clippers, Rejects, Tear-offs and pieces. Shearlings can be inspected at any of the Zone Supply Offices in the following named cities: 461 8th Ave., New York, N. Y.; 106 Massachusetts Ave., Boston, Mass.; 1819 West 39th St., Chicago, Ill., and Jeffersonville, Ind. Bids must be made in triplicate on special form in time to reach Washington, D. C., A. M. February 24, 1919. Full particulars and forms for submitting bids may be obtained upon application to Surplus Property Division, Munitions Bldg., 19th & B Streets, Wash., D. C., Ref. S. P. D., No. 216. C. E.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT CHEMICALS MATERIAL DISPOSITION SECTION CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE, U. S. A., 19 WEST 44TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.—Sealed bids are requested for the whole or any portion of 3,700 pounds of Hexamethylenetetramine, also 41,000 pounds U. S. P. Hydrous Lanolin, located in New York. Bids made on form M. D. 10, obtainable from this office, will be received until 10 A. M. Feb. 7th, 1919.

SENATE ENLARGES VALIDATION PLAN

Consideration of Amendments Delays Passage of Bill to Settle War Contracts.

EARLY LEGISLATION URGED

Department of Labor Sees Need of Quick Passage of Bill to Meet Employment Situation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Prolonged discussion of amendments and of the Hitchcock substitute prevented the Senate today from reaching a final vote on the Military Committee's bill to validate and permit the settlement of informal war contracts aggregating $2,750,000,000. In moving a recess Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, in charge of the measure, announced that he would endeavor to keep the Senate in session tomorrow until the legislation had been enacted.

During the consideration of the bill today the Senate tentatively adopted an amendment by Senator Henderson of Nevada, authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to adjust claims growing out of the stimulation by the Government of the production of minerals needed in the prosecution of the war. Another amendment by Senator McKellar of Tennessee, requiring the War Department to furnish to Congress the names of the contractors whose claims were adjusted and the amounts involved, was adopted, 41 to 12.

The Senate rejected, 42 to 16, an amendment by Senator Smith of Arizona, which would have prohibited the importation of Egyptian long-staple cotton for six months after the bill became a law. Senator Smith said the purpose was to protect American growers of this grade of cotton who had increased their acreage during the war at the request of the Government.

Under the Hitchcock substitute, which it is planned to dispose of soon after the Senate meets tomorrow, claims growing out of the cancellation of war contracts would be adjusted by a commission composed of representatives of the War Department, the Department of Justice, and the business interests of the country. In urging its adoption today Senator Hitchcock said he thought the adjustments should be made by disinterested parties and declared that the committee bill would authorize the Secretary of War to validate contracts made even the day before the armistice was signed and upon which not a dollar had been spent.

Senator Chamberlain denied that the measure would permit such procedure and declared that if the Secretary of War or any of his subordinates did such a thing he should be impeached.

Early action on legislation to adjust war contract controversies was urged today by the Department of Labor, in a statement showing that the labor surplus in many industrial centres had increased rapidly in the last ten days.

Plants heretofore engaged in war work were said not to be changing back to peace activities rapidly enough to hold their proper proportion of labor. The cancelling of war contracts with no provision for an early financial adjustment of the manufacturers' investment in war machinery, materials, and partially completed products, was blamed for plunging some concerns into a state bordering on stagnation, with no certainty as to their working capital.

"The Department of Labor's investigation of ways and means to stimulate building and improvements and augment the absorption of labor in industry," the statement says, "disclosed these two important ways of getting results:

"1. Legislation enabling the building and loan associations of the country to use their real estate mortgages for collateral in a system of Federal home loan banks.

"2. Legislation to authorize immediate adjustment and payment by the Government of reasonable claims growing out of the summary rescinding of war contracts.

"The former would permit home builders to avail themselves of almost $2,000,000,000 in loans; the latter would provide immediate capital for manufacturing."

The statement added that a proposed law on the first recommendation soon would be introduced in Congress. Legislation on the latter now is pending.

NEW BOARD PLANS ITS WORK

Reconstruction Commission to Consider Problems Growing Out of War.

The plans of the committees of the Governor's Reconstruction Commission, of which A. I. Elkus is Chairman and Mrs. Henry Moskowitz Secretary, are taking shape, according to an announcement made yesterday at the new offices of the commission, Room 309, Hall of Records. The Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment will hold a conference next week with State Controller Travis and Senator Sage, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate. On Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock, in the Board of Education Building, Fifty-ninth Street and Park Avenue, the Committee on Education will begin an inquiry into the military training law. Dr. Felix Adler, the Chairman, has asked the members of the Military Training Commission and the staff to meet the committee in conference. The plan of the inquiry will then be outlined.

The question of the proposed vehicular tunnel connecting New York and New Jersey has been referred to the Committee on Readjustment, of which Alfred J. Johnson is Chairman. The committee will hold a public hearing on the subject next week. At the meeting of the entire commission to be held in Buffalo on Feb. 8 there will be a conference on housing. Representatives of the Federal departments engaged in housing operations during the war will be present.

ASSERTS MILK IS TOO HIGH.

Creamery Owner Says at Inquiry Producers Are Overpaid.

Testifying before Chief Magistrate McAdoo in the milk inquiry yesterday, Henry Anstein of 795 St. Nicholas Avenue, owner of six up-State creameries, with an invested capital of $250,000, said the producers are receiving a much higher price for milk than is warranted by the production, and that a fair price at this season would be $2.96 a hundred pounds, or about 6 1-3 cents a quart. At this price, he said, he could sell milk in New York City at 9 cents a quart and make a satisfactory profit.

Mr. Anstein advocated the appointment of a State Commission, representative of all parties concerned in the milk industry, which would set a price for milk from month to month, and favored pasteurization at the creameries, as it would cost less.

In reply to a question from Magistrate McAdoo, the witness said he believed high prices were maintained through the operations of the Dairymen's League. The hearing was adjourned until next Monday morning at 11 o'clock, when it will be resumed before Magistrate McAdoo.

Orders Barges for Erie Canal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Construction of twenty steel combination power and cargo barges for the New York State Barge Canal was authorized today by Director General Hines. They will be put into operation in the Spring by the Railroad Administration.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

One of the largest private dwelling transactions in the upper Fifth Avenue residential zone was closed yesterday in the sale of the new six-story residence at 17 East Ninetieth Street by Mrs. Robert L. Fowler, Jr. The house occupies a plot 28 by 100.8 feet in the Carnegie block, and was held at about $250,000.

Mrs. Fowler is the daughter of J. Sergeant Cram, who bought the land as a gift to her as a residence site, and the house was completed two years ago at an estimated cost of $90,000 from plans by F. Burrill Hoffman.

Operators Buy Two West Harlem Apartments.

Two West Harlem apartment house deals were closed yesterday, the most important of which was the resale of St. James Court by Alfred Benjamin to Max N. Natanson, operator. The property consists of the seven-story elevator apartment, occupying a plot 100 by 125, on the northwest corner of 143d Street and Seventh Avenue. It was acquired by the seller in foreclosure proceedings on Tuesday.

The second deal involved The Minerva, a seven-story elevator apartment house, at 365 and 367 West 118th Street, which was sold by the Seamen's Bank for Savings to Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum, operators. The structure occupies a plot 50 by 100.11, and was sold through the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company on an all cash basis.

Manhattan Street Apartment Deal.

In the West Harlem section the six-story apartment house at 172 and 174 Manhattan Street, on a plot 50 by 150, has been resold by the Union Chemical Glassware Company, of which I. Portman is President, to an investor. It was acquired by the selling company three weeks ago. The property is assessed at $90,000, and shows an annual rental of $13,000. Jacob Kaplan was the broker in the sale.

Morgenstern Brothers' Syndicate Make $190,000 Purchase in East Bronx.

The East Bronx furnished an important transaction yesterday in the sale of 940 East 174th Street and 710 Hoe Avenue by the Strong Construction Company to the Morgenstern Brothers syndicate.

The property consists of two modern apartments recently completed by the sellers. Number 940 East 174th Street occupies a plot 60 by 100, on the southeast corner of Hoe Avenue, and the adjoining house, 710 Hoe Avenue, covers a plot 65 by 100. They contain sixty-eight apartments, are completely leased, and show an annual gross rental of about $28,000. Joseph Roeder negotiated the sale on the holding price of $190,000, the buyers paying cash.

$60,000 Sale on Sixth Avenue.

An investor purchased from the estate of J. Gurley Grafton, 808 Sixth Avenue, a four-story building, with store, on a lot 18.9 by 75, located 44.3 feet south of the southeast corner of Forty-fourth Street. The property was held at $50,000.

Private Dwelling Deals.

Slawson & Hobbs sold for Lorenzo M. Picabia, 306 West Ninety-first Street, a three-story high-stoop dwelling, on a lot 17 by 55 by 100.8, to a client for occupancy.

George W. Sasse sold for the estate of J. C. Wiswell, 223 West 113th Street, a three-story brownstone dwelling, on a lot 16 by 100.11.

Frederic H. Allen of Frederick Zittel & Sons has sold for the Brooklyn Trust Company to S. Lipman, 164 West Eighty-eighth Street, three-story dwelling, plot 17 by 102.2, and resold it to a builder for alteration into small apartments.

Butler & Baldwin have sold to David Pasinsky the three-story building at 19 West Sixteenth Street. He has filed plans to make alterations for bachelor apartments. A. A. Hageman represented the sellers in the transaction.

Harlem Tenement Investment.

Porter & Co. have sold for Katherine R. Neuhoff to Feliciana Carbone the two tenement houses at 410 and 412 East 123d Street, each on plot 26 by 100 feet.

The Bronx Market.

Williamson & Bryan sold for Morris Wilson to John O'Leary for cash the vacant plot, 50 by 100, on the east side of Morris Avenue, 183 feet north of 174th Street.

Krumdiock Brothers sold for William C. Bergen, to a client for investment, 2,767 Marion Avenue, a five-story apartment, on a plot 55 by 104, for cash.

George S. Runk purchased from Frederick Brown, operator, 2,366 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, southeast corner of 184th Street, a five-story twenty-eight-family apartment house with two stores, on a plot fronting 102 feet on the Concourse and being 78 by irregular. The property was held at $140,000, and rents for about $18,000.

In part payment the purchaser gave 2,397 Grand Concourse, a four-story apartment, on plot 50 by 78, near 184th Street, renting for about $5,000 and held at $40,000; also the northwest corner of 213th Street and Ninth Avenue, a plot 100 by 100, free and clear, and the southeast corner of Bryant Avenue and 178th Street, three two-story buildings, on plot 49 by 124, rented for about $1,500. Byrne & Bowman negotiated the transaction.

The six-story apartment 960 Prospect Avenue, on a front 75 by 200, has been resold by the Benenson Realty Company to a client of Henry I. Cooper, for investment. The property was held at $165,000.

Henry I. Cooper sold for a client to the Benenson Realty Company, Inc., 281 and 283 East 137th Street, a six-story loft building, on a plot 50 by 100. It was held at $45,000, free and clear.

Brooklyn.

I. Salsberg sold for A. Winn to D. Salwen the one-family dwelling 1,515 Forty-eighth Street, on a plot 40 by 100.

Benjamin Weisbrant and Morris Rosenblum purchased from M. Esposito a plot 60 by 118 on Twenty-fourth Street, 95 feet north of Surf Avenue, Coney Island, for improvement. A. M. Hornstein negotiated the sale.

The Meister Builders, Inc., sold to B. Scordato 1,346 Seventy-seventh Street, Bay Ridge, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Avenues, on a lot 21 by 100.

Commercial Leases.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., in conjunction with Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., have leased for the estate of Brandish Johnson, Inc., the store and basement of the Broadway and Fifth Avenue Building at 149-51 Fifth Avenue, covering the block front on the north side of Twenty-first Street, to the Federal Reserve Bank (New York Branch.) This completes the renting of the sixteen floors in the building.

E. A. Turner has leased for the Charles T. Wills Estate, store and basement at 286 Fifth Avenue, for a term of ten years, to M. Bonar of the French Pastry at an aggregate rent of over $100,000.

In the Times Square section the five-story building at 149 West Forty-sixth Street has been leased for a long term of years by the Crystal Fur Company from Miss Lillian G. Kerr, owner of the property. The lease was closed by B. Edward Crosby and John O'Connor.

Shaw & Co. leased for the Estate of M. Oliver Sage store at 45 West 125th Street to D. Houtman.

Louis Schrag leased for Major Harrison K. Bird the building at 186 Third Avenue to the Motion Picture Company for a term of fifteen years.

Cross & Brown Company leased the entire building at 631-5 West Forty-sixth Street to P. Viani, Inc., for the Metro Pictures Corporation.

Recent Buyers.

P. L. Franchebond is the buyer of the dwelling at 234 East 128th Street.

D. W. Rhode is the buyer of the Kenmar Apartments at the northwest corner of Seventy-seventh Street and Columbus Avenue, sold last week.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

Lewis St, 55, w s, 150 ft n of Delancey, 25x100, four-story tenement and stores and three-story rear tenement; M. B. Wokd et al., executors, &c., against Meyer Jarmulowsky et al.; R. W. Kellogg, attorney; due, $18,459.76; taxes, &c., $733.19; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

102d St, 330-2 East, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; Lincoln Trust Co. against Malwine Schleicher et al.; Middlebrook & B., attorneys; due, $25,905.21; taxes, &c., $95; adjourned to Jan. 30.

117th St, 442-4 East, s s, 165 ft w of Pleasant Av, 36.10x100.11 ft, six-story tenement and stores; William Byrd, executor, against L. H. Strouse, trustee, &c.; Harrison, E. & B., attorneys; due, $24,044.83; taxes, &c., $3,116.87; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

Bronx Av, s e cor 3d Av, (3,146-8,) 99.2x70x119x50, three-story tenement and stores and vacant; N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co. against Attilio Pasquini et al.; H. M. Bellinger, attorney; due, $12,123.40; taxes, &c., $1,100.30; adjourned to Feb. 5.

By Samuel Marx.

1st Av, 3,027, w s, 25.11 ft n of 165th St, 25x100, six-story tenement and stores; Wm. Goodman et al. against Bernard Bloom, et al.; Paskus, G. & H., attorneys; due, $21,211.57; taxes, &c., $1,500; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

Irvine St, 891, w s, 149.5 ft s of Garrison Av, 20x50, three-story tenement; D. H. Voltichenko against E. L. Looe et al.; S. T. Certar, attorney; due, $5,483.76; taxes, &c., $156; to Charlotte Korbel for $6,700.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Plimpton Av, w s, 300 ft n of 170th St, 75x100, vacant; H. C. M. Blakeslee against Delta Holding Corp. et al.; Wesselman & K., attorneys; due, $5,520; taxes, &c., $263.90; withdrawn.

By Charles A. Berrian.

181st St, 936 East, s s, 71.11 ft w of Bryant Av, 49.2x86.7x69.2x86.11, two-story dwelling; A. R. Loweth against I. C. Mapes; C. P. Hallock, attorney; due, $4,524.25; taxes, &c., $1,275; to Max Weiss for $7,050.

Boston Road, 2,071, n w cor 179th St, 69.5x86.7x72.2x83.4, two-story dwelling, vacant; C. P. Hallock, executor, against I. C. Mapes et al.; C. P. Hallock, attorney; due, $6,730; taxes, &c., $3,500; to the plaintiff for $9,000.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Eagle Av, 860, e s, 287.9 ft n of Westchester Av, 25x115.1, three-story tenement; Emma Unger against J. O. Weiss et al.; Adolph & Henry Bloch, attorneys; due, $5,869.78; taxes, &c., $220; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

55th St, n s, 443 to 455 West, and 56th St, 446 West, for a one-story-and-basement garage, 18x200.10; Chapwin Realty Corp., 32 Liberty St, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, 31 Union Sq, architect; cost, $75,000.

181st St, n s, 100 ft e of Vyse Av, for a two-story brick garage, 50x88; Charles Barg, 502 West 136th St, owner; Eugene Kachel, 286 St. Nicholas Av, architect; cost, $15,000.

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

88TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x100.8; Brooklyn Trust Co. loans Edwin E. Zittel, to remodel building; three payments $21,250

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 29.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ANN ST, 88, s s, 25x59; Fulton St, 87, n s, 58.7 ft w of Gold St, 25.5x82x25.4x81; George M. Olcott et al to Dodge & Olcott Co., 87 Fulton St, mtg $45,000, Dec. 30, 1904 .... $100

AVENUE A, 1,317, w s, 120.4 ft s of 71st St, 25x100; Sallie G. Hamilton to Anton Jiran, 1,409 Avenue A, Jan. 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

BROADWAY, 3,210, begins Lawrence St, s s, 195.4 ft w of Old Broadway, runs w 36.2 to s e 129th St x w 14.8x s 30.3 to e s Broadway at point 28 ft s of 129th St x s 69x e 18x n 99.6 to beginning; Richard A. and Gretchen Henriques et al to Jeannette Henriques, 13 West 88th St, mtg $67,500, Jan. 28; attorney, Jacob Wals, 271 West 125th St $100

CONVENT AV, e s, 80.3 ft s of 148th St, 20x75x irregular; Angela C. Garcia to George D. Smith, at Orange, N. J., mtg $12,000, all liens, Jan. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .. $1

GOERCK ST, 71 and 73, w s, 100 ft s of Rivington St, 49.11x100, foreclosure Dec. 26, 1918; Abr. Stern, referee, to Julius J. Dukas, trustee in bankruptcy of Lewis and Harry Jarmulowsky, individually and as co-partners of S. Jarmulowsky's Bank, Jan. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $51,000

GROVE ST, s e corner of Bedford St, 25.1x100, mtg 2-3 of $27,000; Bedford St, 58, e s, 24.10x68.8, mtg 2-3 of $4,500; Gustav J. Dohrenwend to Philippine Dohrenwend, 147 West 85th St, 2-3 right, title, and interest; attorney, George Haas, 119 Nassau St .. $100

MADISON AV, n e corner of 117th St, 34.11x108; Jennie Paley to Fannie M. Korn, 875 Park Av, b. and s., all liens, Jan. 27; attorneys, Gruenstein & M., 230 Grand St .. $1

MITCHELL PLACE, n s, 198 ft e of 1st Av, 18x80.10; Gussie Geringer to Nechama Feltsin, 342 East 52d St, mtg $4,000, Jan. 28; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s w corner of 183d St, 104.11x150; Harriman National Bank to Abr. Leipzig, 50 West 77th St, all title, quitclaim, Jan. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; Chatham & Phenix National Bank to same, all title, quitclaim, Jan. 10; attorney same $1

SHERIFF ST, 66-68, e s, 60 ft s of Rivington St, 40x75, foreclosure Dec. 18, 1918; John L. O'Brien, referee, to Joseph Kleinrock, 204 Eldridge St, mtg $——, Jan. 22; attorneys, M. & S. Meyers, 1 Madison Av .. $500

3D AV, 1,368, w s, 44.9 ft s of 78th St, 19.1x80, foreclosure Jan. 7, 1919; George J. Gillespie, referee, to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn .. $90,000

3D AV, 1,600-2, s w corner of 90th St, 50.10x100; Fannie M. Kern to Jennie Paley, 696 Cauldwell Av, Bronx, all liens, Jan. 2; attorneys, Gruenstein & M., 230 Grand St .. $1

6TH AV, 32, e s, 34.1 ft s of 4th St, 20x56; Meyer Marks to Julius E. Siegel, 645 W. 171st St, mtg $7,500, Jan. 27; Sanford H. Cohen, 51 Chambers St $1

6TH AV, e s, 89.5 ft n of 51st St, 22x77.11; Olga, wife of Wm. C. Eckerson, to Sara T. Nichols of Greenwich, Conn., quitclaim; attorney, Arthur Meyer, 120 Broadway $1

8TH ST, 312-314 East, s s, 230.4 ft e of Avenue B, 40.2x97.6; Esther Perlman et al., trustees, to Joseph Levine, 1,617 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, mtg $52,500, Jan. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph Levine to Rubin Levin, 106 Division Av, Brooklyn, ½ part, mtg $52,500; also $11,000 on above and 234-236 East 4th St, ½ part, Jan. 28; attorney, same $1

8TH AV, 2,864, e s, 49.11 ft s of 142d St, 25x100; Leo Bishop to Annie Bishop, 610 West 191st St, all liens, Jan. 23; attorneys, Mapes & Raynor, 370 East 149th St $1

20TH ST, n s, 408.10 ft w of 6th Av, 90x92, Seamen's Bank for Savings to Harriett M. Cronin, 110 West 40th St, b. and s., all liens; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Harriett M. Cronin to Edward W. Browning, 35 West 81st St, mtg $96,000, all liens, Jan. 29; attorney, same $100

36TH ST, n s, 522 ft e of 9th Av, 24x98.9; William J. Hinch to James P. Hinch, 321 West 36th St, all title, all liens, Jan. 14, 1916; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St $1

49TH ST, 549-551 West, n s, 100 ft e of 11th Av, 106x50x irregular; Emil Rudolph to 549-551 West 49th Street Corp., 411 West 38th St, all liens, Jan. 28; attorneys, Bauerdorf & Taylor, 111 Broadway $100

72D ST, 208 East, n s, 71.8 ft e of 3d Av, 19.8x76.8; Harry Hellinger to Mimamo Realty Corp., 320 Broadway, June 3, 1917; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway .. $1

77TH ST, 318 West, s s, 208.5 ft w of West End Av, 22x102.2; Ophelia A. Byrnes to Amy S. Byrnes, 318 West 77th St, Dec. 24; attorneys, Parks & Aaron, 52 Broadway .. $1

81ST ST, 509 East, n s, 148 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Jennie Paley to Joseph L. B. Mayer, 63 East 74th St, all liens, Jan. 27; attorneys, Gruenstein & M., 230 Grand St .. $1

88TH ST, s s, 252 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x100.8; the Brooklyn Trust Co. to Edwin E. Zittel, 106 West 69th St, b. and s., Jan. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

91ST ST, n s, 132 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x100.8; Enid Bernstein to Enid Realty Co., 115 Broadway, Dec. 2; attorneys, House, G. & V., 115 Broadway $1

115TH ST, 56 East, s s, 70 ft e of Madison Av, 25x100.11; James H. Grady, Inc., to Central Union Trust Co. of N. Y., 80 Broadway, trustee, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, Jan. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

123D ST, 440 East, s s, 166.8 ft w of Pleasant Av, 33.4x100.11; Arrow Holding Corp. to Sigmund Ernst, 281 Edgecombe Av, mtg $17,000, all liens, Jan. 24 .... $100

124th St, s s, 225 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Lena Gehringer to Anna E. Benedict, 905 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, Jan. 28, ½ part, mtg $21,000, all liens, all titles $100

128TH ST, 230 East, s s, 330 ft e of 3d Av, 16.8x99.11; Hy. Wendt, gdn, to Augusta H. Peters, 229 West 78th St, b. and s., Nov. 29; attorney, Hy. Wendt, 99 Nassau St ... $1

128TH ST, 208 West, s s, 141.8 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11, foreclosure Jan. 24, 1917; William P. Schoen, referee, to Frances E. Bell, 2,856 Grand Concourse, Jan. 29; attorneys, Forster, H. & K., 59 Wall St .. $5,500

133D ST, 503-509 West, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 75x99.11; Edw. H. Burger to Isabel Burger, 59 West 133d St, mtg $75,800, Jan. 27; attorneys, Burger & B., 233 Broadway $1

134TH ST, 519 West, s s, 290 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 40x99.11; Ilwood Holding Corporation to Frederick Buergel, at Grantwood, N. J., mtg $35,000, all liens, Jan. 28; attorney, William H. Week, 256 B'way .. $100

Bronx.

CITY ISLAND AV, n w corner of Scofield Av, 50x62.8; Annie Booth et al. to Pelham Lodge, 712, F. and A. M., Inc., 241 City Island Av, mtg $2,800, Jan. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

ELIZABETH ST, n e s Matilda St, 200x100; Mark Cross Co. to George W. Morgan, 470 Broome St., Jan. 27; attorneys, R. and E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St $700

FOX ST, 1,073, w s, 37.6x100; L. Estelle Carner to Samuel Lurrie, 1,015 Tiffany St, mtg $30,000, Jan. 25; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $100

HALL PLACE, w s, at n s of Lot 58 on map of Lyman Tiffany, runs w 111.5 x n 18.9 x w 39.11 x n 51 x e 33.1 x s 38.10 x e 113.9 x s 51, being part of Lots 19, 20, and 51 on same map; Henry Wendt, guardian, to Augusta H. Peters, 229 West 78th St, Nov. 29, 1918; attorney, Henry Wendt, 99 Nassau St $1

HOUGHTON AV, s s, being Lot 96, map of Unionport; Mabel T. Mallett to Finkel Umbrella Frame Co., 3,534 East 177th St, ½ part, Jan. 23; attorney, O. E. Hailly, 3,046 Westchester Av $1

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, s w s, 61.5 ft n w of Monticello Av, 30.8x145.11x25x126.2; Simon B. Sonnenfeld to George A. Brambill, 284 Franklin Av, Jan. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .. $1

KELLY ST, 923, w s, 45x101; also Kelly St, 919, w s, 45.4x101.7; Syban Realty Co. to Aaron Billow, 923 Kelly St, Jan. 28; attorney, S. S. Isaacs, 115 Columbia St .. $100

LOTS 30 and 34, amendment to map Godwin Estate; Edith M. Moller Paulovice, Bayville, N. J., et al, executors, to Madaline Realty Corp., 790 Riverside Drive, mtg $3,800, Jan. 22; attorney, J. Fine, 51 Chambers St $100

LOTS 144 and 145, map M. Morgenthau; Anna S. Walworth to John E. Walworth, 248 Wingate Av, New Rochelle, N. Y., and another, Jan. 28; attorneys, Willis & S., 34 Nassau St $100

LOTS 6, 20 and 21, map J. M. and L. N. Levy; Seewacha Construction Co. to Mary R. Banly, 1,446 Doris St, July 31, 1918; attorney, J. Kadel, 370 East 149th St $1

POPLAR ST, n s, 13.1 ft e of Bear Swamp Road, 25x100; Vincenzo Fabriani to Anthony Galella, 526 West 131st St, mtg $3,500, Jan. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SEDGWICK AV, 2,635-2,639, w s, 75.4x187.5; Robert Podgur, Inc., to Felix Cohn, 430 Van Buren St, Brooklyn, mtg $50,000, Oct. 13; attorney, M. E. Rich, 66 Broadway $1

ST. PETERS AV, n s, 75 ft w of Maclay Av, 25x99.1; Marcus M. Gallagher to Gennaro Fasano, 2,877 West 24th St., Coney Island, mtg $3,500, Jan. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 B'way $1

155TH ST, s s, 181 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 50x100; Jacob Hisdes to Samuel Lindeman, 564 Elton St, Brooklyn, and another, 2-3 part, Sept. 12, 1918; attorneys, H. I. & L. Cohen, 220 Broadway $1

156TH ST, 511 to 517 East, n s, 84x—x100; Henry Morgenthau Co. to West Farms Construction Co., 30 East 42d St, mtg $9,000, Jan. 28; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St $1

164TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Courtland Av, 50x100; John Eggers to Fred W. Eggers, 2,973 Perry Av, mtg $30,000, Jan. 28; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway .. $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 1,317, w s, 120.4 ft s of 71st St, 25x100, P. M., Jan. 28; Anton Jiran to Sallie G. Hamilton, 2,116 Douglas Boulevard, Louisville, Ky., due Feb. 1, 1923, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland, 46 Cedar St $12,000

GOERCK ST, 71-73, w s, 100 ft s of Rivington St, 49.11x100, P. M., Jan. 28; Julius J. Dukas, as trustee in bankruptcy of L. & H. Jarmulowsky, individually and co-partners of S. Jarmulowsk's Bank, to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, 3 years, 5½ p. c. $40,000

HAVEN AV, 84-86, w s, 100 ft n from s s 170th St, 50x103.8, Jan. 28; C. & S. Lyman to Brooklyn Trust Co., 177 Montague St, Bklyn, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Cullen & Dykman, 177 Montague St, Bklgn $45,000

NORFOLK ST, 111 w s, 175 ft s of Rivington St, 25x100, Jan. 28; Rebecca Werner to David Haas, at the Belwood, Broadway and 86th St, executor, installments, 6 p. c., prior mtg. $30,000; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway $2,850

WALL ST, s w corner of Pearl St, 70.4x22.5x irregular, Jan. 17; American Cotton & Grain Exchange to Walter Blair, 260 Riverside Drive, demand, 6 p. c. prior mtg. $300,000; attorney, Milton M. Sametz, 271 B'way $12,500

10TH ST, 449-451 w, assignment of lease by way of mtg as security for $6,500, Jan. 28; H. M. Weill Co., owner, to William Barwess, 335 w 31th St, contractor, due as per notes; attorney, Sigmund Rubin, 233 B'way $1

20TH ST, n s 408.10 ft w of 6th Av, 90x92, P. M., Jan. 29; Harriett M. Cronin to Seamens Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St, due Feb. 1, 1924; attorneys, Cadwalder, W. & T., 40 Wall St $96,000

49TH ST, 549-551 West, n s, 100 ft e of 11th Av, runs n 108 ft to c. l. old Verdant line, closed, x e s 31.1 and 10.8 x s 102.6 to street x w 50 to beginning, P. M., Jan. 28; 549 and 551 West 49th Street Corporation to Emil Rudolph, 120 West 123d St, 10 years, prior mtg $——; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $19,500

50TH ST, 102-104, w, s s, assignment lease by way of mtg to secure $3,500, Jan. 20; Reel Delivery Service Co. to Nathan Pickel, 706 Riverside Drive, due as per agreement; attorney, Lester B. Freedman, 320 Broadway $1

88TH ST, s s, 252 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x100.8 P. M., building loan, Jan. 28; Edwin E. Zittel to Brooklyn Trust Co., 177 Montague St, Brooklyn, 3 years; attorneys, Cullen & Dykman, 177 Montague St, Brooklyn $21,250

Bronx.

STEBBINS AV, e s, 127 ft s of 163d St, runs s 641.5 to n w s of Dawson St x n e 376.8 to Rogers Place x n 24.4x d 230; Frederick Johnson and another, trustees, to Guaranty Trust Co., 140 Broadway, Jan. 24, 1 year, 6 p. c., given to secure notes; attorney, A. B. Champlin, 66 Liberty St $125,000

LUDLOW AV, s s, 130.6 ft w of Castle Hill Av 24.11x161.1; Barbara Seebald to William F. Moore, 111 West 11th St, Nov. 25, 1911, due as per bond; attorney, William F. Moore, 111 West 11th St $2,000

WILKINS AV, 1,476 and 1,478, s s, 50x100; Bertha Levin to Annie E. O'Connell, 381 East 168th St, prior mtg $32,000, Jan. 28, due Feb. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

ELY AV, e s, 86.5 ft n of 222d St, two lots, each 20x95, two mtgs, each $1,700; Crawford Real Estate and Building Co. to Franklin Society for Home Building and Savings, 38 Park Row, Jan. 24, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,400

ST. PETER'S AV, n s, 75 ft w of Maclay Av, 25x99.1; Gennaro Fasano to Manus M. Gallagher, 1,706 St. Peter's Av, Jan. 29, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,500

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

CLINTON ST, 84; Orchard St, 136, and Orchard St, 60; Samuel Newman against Bella Breslauer et al., partition; attorney, A. N. Giegerich.

21ST ST, 404 East; N. Y. Trust Co. against Elizabeth Trautman et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Merrill, Rogers & Terry.

78TH ST, n s, 49.11 ft w of West End Av, 18.11x89; Virginia S. Mackay-Smith against Annabella K. Veroce et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Pegram.

102D ST, 15 West; Lawyers Title and Trust Co. against Fred W. Crandall et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Dean, Tracy & Stanfield.

124TH ST, 426 West; Ollie Scheuer against Port Jervis Land Improvement Co., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Kurzman & Frank.

136TH ST, 510 West; Henry Kamsler et al. against Edward C. Baumert et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, B. N. Manne.

Bronx.

DALY AV, s s, 40.8 ft n of 179th St, 37.6x85.5; Frances Struess against Ettie M. Brosman et al., action to set aside deed; attorney, M. Shilvek.

LOT 910, Map of Village of Wakefield; Arthur Wolf et al., as exrs., against John Groom et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, A. Lipton.

LOT 160, Map of Unionport; Elise Kugel against George Duncan et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. E. McHugh.

MANIDA ST, s w s, 203.8 ft s e of Garrison Av, 25x100; Central Union Trust Co. of N. Y., trustee, against Margaret McLaughlin et al.; attorneys, Miller, King, Lane & Trafford.

ST. ANN'S AV, 473; James Bunt, as trustee, against Annie Beaman et al., partition suit; attorney, H. S. Patten.

136TH ST, s s, 466.6 ft e of Willis Av, 16x100; Charles J. Richter et al., as trustees, against Henry Firelcke et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. B. Hopping.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

10TH AV, 3,853 and 3,856; Samuel H. Dullich against Clara H. de Castellanos, owner; Mr. Taber and James Inglis, contractors $48.20

48TH ST, 81 West; Norman Miller against Trustees of Columbia College, owner; Paul A. McGolrick, contractor $57.45

77TH ST, 219 and 223 West; Henry Contracting Co. against 77th St. Realty Corp., owner; Plaza Contracting Co., contractor, renewal $954.56

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, e s, from n e of 78th St to s s of 79th St, (230 West,) mtg $300,000; Alfred Y. Barnes and another to Joseph Paterno, 435 Riverside Drive; attorneys, Davis, S. & S., 55 Liberty St $100

MANHATTAN AV, e s, 50.11 ft s of 102d St; Charles H. Paddock, exr., to Commonwealth Savings Bank, 2,007 Amsterdam Av .. $12,000

WEST END AV, 877, mtg $12,000; N. Y. Trust Co. to Gibraltar Mortgage Co., 52 William St; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St $1

81ST ST, 421 West, mtg $2,500; Seamen Sylvester and another to Anton Dohrn, 677 9th Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

32D ST, 404-406 East, mtgs $44,000 and $11,000; Edward Ashforth and another, exrs., to Edward Ashforth, at Lincolndale, N. Y., and another, trustees; attorney, Thomas T. Grace, 2 Wall St, 2 assignments, each .. $1

39TH ST, 448-50 West, mtg $12,000; Margaret Graham (Eckert) to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St $11,000

74TH ST, 137 West, mtg $4,500; Theresa R. Naumburg to Belden Roach, 101 Madison Av; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

77TH ST, 101 West, n w corner of Columbus Av, mtg $4,500; Maria A. D. H. Dias to Amelia Stern, 5 Northern Av, and another; attorney, Albert Zimmermann, 206 Broadway $100

123TH ST, 533 West, mtg $9,000; 73d St, 204 East, mtgs $14,250; George M. Kimberly to David Kimberly, at Asheville, N. C., and Elizabeth Benbury, 310 Riverside Drive; attorney, Edward Goldschmidt, 26 Liberty St, 3 assignments, mtg of $5,899

Bronx.

BRYANT AV, 1,529; Myron S. Falk and another, executors, to Joseph Friedrich, 1,529 Bryant Av; attorney, E. P. Foster, 132 Nassau St $4,000

WEBSTER AV, e s, 250 ft s of 17th St; Beueteon Realty Co. to H. Dreyer, 914 Leggett Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,500

FREEMAN ST, s s, 284.5 ft w of Westchester Av; Rebecca S. Krakower to Celia Simpson, 75 Fort Washington Av, and another; attorney, Krakower & P., 300 Broadway $1

WEST FARMS ROAD, 1,252; Rebecca S. Krakower to Celia Simpson, 75 Fort Washington Av.; attorney, Krakower & P., 300 Broadway, (given as collateral security for payment of note of $1,800) $1

148TH ST, n s, 315 ft w of Brook Av; Benenson Realty Co. to Louis Evard, 282 W 4 Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $4,400

TREMONT AV, s s, 108.4 ft e of Daly Av, 51.4x130, except part for Tremont Av; Marion D. Riess, 590 Mott Av, to National Park Bank, 214 Broadway; attorney, L. F. Doyle, 111 Broadway $1

LOT 42, map of Van Nest Park; Mathilde Ausch to Margaritta Vittermann, 1,091 Boston Road; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,126 East Tremont Av $3,000

LOT 14, map of 90 lots of Fanny M. Samuel Estate; Jennie Rudinsky to Mary O'Neill, 862 Hewitt Place; attorney, John T. Little, 15 William St $2,000

SHAKESPEARE AV, n w corner of Boscobel Av, 194.8x irregular; New York Trust Co. to City Mortgage Co., 12 Wall St; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

SAME PROPERTY; City Mortgage Co. to West Side Savings Bank, 110 6th Av.; attorney, same $90,000

CLAY AV, 1,311; Adelheid Greite to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,700

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

MADISON ST, 319; Fannie Goldman, individually and as trustee, to Mendel Garber, 241 East Broadway, 3 years from May 1, 1920 .... $900

7TH AV, 383 and 385, all; Sly G. Gleistein and another, executors, &c., to James Soultatos, 1,039 Simpson St, 5 years from June 1, 1918 .... $9,000

54TH ST, n s, 375 ft e of 9th Av; 54th St, n s, 325 ft w of 8th Av, the land; Margaret L. Aldrich and another to William F. Fane, Weehawken, N. J., 21 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, M. A. Walsh, 1,480 Broadway $6,500

Bronx.

MAPES AV, 2,048, all; Johanna L. Ahrens to Edw. Goldman, 1,700 Washington Av, 3 years from May 1, 1918; attorney, Edw. Goldman, 1,700 Washington Av $4,200

LEGAL NOTICES.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, Incorporated.
NOTICE.
NEW YORK, N. Y., DECEMBER 31, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the terms of Section 14 of Article Sixth of a certain mortgage dated January 1, 1912, executed by the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Kentucky, to secure an issue of $15,000,000 of Twenty-five Year First and General Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, and a certain indenture supplemental thereto dated May 1, 1912, Philip V. R. Van Wyck, of Summit, in the State of New Jersey, has been appointed by said Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company as Trustee under said mortgage and supplementary indenture, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Frank W. Conn, late of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, one of the Trustees named in said mortgage and supplementary indenture.
CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, Incorporated,
By W. T. GENTRY, PRESIDENT.

TOPICAL FINACE.

The Annalist this week contains articles and features as follows: Acceptance Business Approaching Billion-a-year Mark, Social and Business Justice, Difficulties Should not Halt Housing Plan, Forces Swaying Stocks, Movement of Stock Market Averages, New York Stock Exchange Transactions, Open Security Market, &c. Published by The New York Times Company. On news stand 10c—$4 a year by mail.—Advt.

Machine Shop For Sale

The property of the undersigned, who has been engaged in the manufacture of 155 Millimeter Common Steel Shell. Offers will be received for the entire property on which there is no mortgage or encumbrance.

This consists of a machine shop and about seven and one-half acres of land located on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, on Clyde Avenue, Buffalo, having a spur track on each side of the building. The land is fenced. The main building is single story, well lighted and in good condition, of stone construction, 80 feet x 300 feet, a stone addition thereto, 30 feet x 200 feet and a frame addition, 88 feet x 304 feet, together with other outbuildings, among which are a restaurant and time and employment office.

This is a modern plant with a low tax rate and cheap electric power. The equipment consists of electric motors and transformers, air compressors, boilers and heating system, high class tool room equipment, office fixtures and furnishings, belting, shafting and hangers, furnaces, lathes, boring mills, drill presses, grinders, pumping and conveyor systems, benches, special machinery, etc., all being in good operating condition.

The property is open to inspection and may be seen by applying at the premises. Any offer made must have the approval of the Ordnance Department before acceptance.

J. J. CARRICK, INC.,
Clyde Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.
Telephone—Crescent 176.

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On Cliff Street between John and Fulton Streets
2 Minutes' Walk from Entrance of Subway
Corner John and William Streets

34,000 SQUARE FEET

8,500 square feet on each of 4 floors, light on 4 sides. Suitable for Offices or Commercial Purposes. Floor capacity 225 lbs. per square foot; one passenger and one freight elevator; 3 sets of stairs. Entrance on two streets. Might consider Sale of the Building

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Modern Dwelling, corner plot, 28 ft. 6 in. by 100; SPACE FOR GARAGE; price $25,000. Apply owner.
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To separate partnership interests; theatre property, 1,800 cap.; well leased; best location; for sale; price terms right.
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AT 14TH AND 18TH STREETS.
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Modern Fireproof Loft Building.
Contains four elevators. Automatic sprinklers and every improvement. Unexcelled light. Immediate possession.
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Elevators, steam heat, hot water, etc.; moderate rental.
L. MILLER & SONS, 434 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 424.

In the 40's Between 6th and 7th Avenues
6 Story Elevator Building
Especially adapted for Restaurant, with Banquet rooms, ballroom and apartments.
NEW BUILDING—LONG LEASE.
BRETT & GOODE CO.,
6 West 48th St. Bryant 69

STORE—FIFTH AVE. & 16TH STREET
$780
5 W. 16th
Phone 3100 Chelsea or Pease & Elliman, Murray Hill 6200, or Your Own Broker

Store and Basement
at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.
45x98; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 WEST 72d ST.
TWO APARTMENTS, THREE EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS, kitchenette and bath; handsomely furnished, $150 and $180 respectively; all appointments are of highest standard; ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel. Col. 7646.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

An opportunity for paying alterations, 36 East 29th, four-story dwelling; long lease; reasonable rent to responsible party. H. Nelson Flanagan, 23 Union Square.

New Jersey.

WAR BARGAIN.—Will sacrifice dainty year-round cottage, two years old, on plot 100x150 feet, shaded by fine old trees, plenty of flowers and shrubs, completely equipped ready for occupancy now, nine handsome rooms, 2 tiled baths, paneled living room 27 feet long, with huge fireplace; situated high in the hills, near pretty lake, only 49 minutes' distance by train; easy commutation; will sacrifice for $7,250 to desirable party. $5,000 on first mortgage, easy terms on $2,250 balance; in refined, exclusive neighborhood; near country club, schools, churches and markets. Individual, Box 114 Times Downtown.

For sale, new house, with every modern convenience, 20 minutes from Jersey City; six rooms and tiled bath; large sleeping porch; parquet floors, gas and electric light throughout; laundry, steam heat; fully screened; large corner plot. For particulars address Y 290 Times Annex, or phone Rutherford 270-W.

BARGAIN.—Beautiful residence; 3 acres; commuting; value $12,000; owner leaving; make offer. Room 1705, 90 West St. Rector 9179.

Houses Wanted.

A NEW YORK LAWYER requires 8-room suburban house, recent construction, early occupancy, at $1,000; gas, electricity, tiled bath, garage; prefer Montclair, Mount Vernon, Pelham, New Rochelle. Telephone Main 4673.

House Wanted.—Modern house, six or seven rooms, commuting distance; rent not over $50; state particulars. A 331 Times.

Wanted to rent by year 6-room house north or south shore Long Island, within twenty miles of New York. L 373 Times.

Will buy small, thoroughly modern bungalow in choice suburban neighborhood. S 277 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

St. Nicholas Place.—Dwelling with space for garage, (size 30x100,) will be sacrificed for $3,500 cash over bank mortgage of $15,000. PORTER & CO., 159 West 125th St.

Modern elevator apartment house, 100x100, vicinity 110th St., Broadway; small savings bank mortgage; $14,000 net income. Estate, B 606 Times Downtown.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

QUEENS OPPORTUNITY.
We can offer investment in desirable lots at acreage price, if acted upon promptly. This offer will be withdrawn Feb. 15, 1919. For information call on Wheeler Brothers, 82 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES. GEORGE HOWE. 527 5th Av. New York.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SHORT HILLS, N. J.
Two acres, tennis court, attractive planting, vegetable garden, tea house, two-car garage, large man's room, separately steam heated; main house, five master bedrooms, two servants' bedrooms, four baths, two large living rooms; spacious porches; enlarium 14x24. For sale, $35,000; for rent, completely furnished, $250 per month. H. F. Rawll, 50 Hudson St., New York City. Phone Spring 1471.

BARGAIN!—Six room-bath hollow tile stucco dwelling, steam heat, all improvements, large plot; near station; half hour out, Erie; $3,750, easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau; telephone 2806 Beekman.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Flushing.—Murray Hill station, modern detached 8-room house; all improvements; near school and station; 20 minutes to 34th St.; occupancy May; $6,500; terms suitable. Owner, 434 East 49th St., Manhattan.

Fort Washington Estates, on Manhasset Bay; all improvements; fine trees; plots 100x150; price $2,000 up. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., HOMES.
Artistically designed.
Near trolley—Garden City—golf links, &c.
O. L. Schwencke, Jr., 277 B'way. Worth 4657.

115x200 feet, with riparian rights, L. I. Sound, 20 minutes from Penn. Station; fully improved; worth $23,000; will consider offer. L 215 Times.

Bayside and Broadway, Flushing.—For sale attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6890.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

For sale—Dwlg., complete; high ground; improvements; 3½ acres; water, fruit, $12,500. 40 A., stone dwlg.; ideal place; every improvement; barn, 2 cottages; high ground; gentleman's place; $75,000. 75 acres, $35,000; 1 1-3 acres, $12,000; other properties. Lewis H. Mills, Katonah, N. Y.

Gentleman's estate, Orange County, commuting distance, Tuxedo section; 125 acres; beautiful modern stone house; all improvements; garage, &c.; mountainous scenery. Mrs. McAleer, 160 West 119th.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Painter wants work; landlords or real estate; reasonable. Nichols, 418 W. 59th St.

Real Estate Wanted.

Client wants large modern mansion, garage, high ground, aristocratic neighborhood, preferably near New Rochelle; must be bargain. Send full particulars to "B," Room 507, First National Bank, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Wanted a few apartment houses on lease by a responsible party; direct from owner preferred. S 225 Times.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS. $60,000 OR LESS. A. B. MARX, Phone Barclay 6510. 256 Broadway.

FARMS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—Two good dairy farms in Schoharie Valley, near Prattsville, N. Y., of 120 and 230 acres, with or without dairies and personal property; to settle estate. Write H. C. Wilbur, Catskill, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY. "Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta. 1 blk. "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)

EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT SUITE OF OFFICES FOR RENT ON ONE OF THE HIGHEST FLOORS OF FIRST-CLASS BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

37-41 East 18th St. Large Light Loft, About 75x90; Light, Power, Elevators, Sprinklered. Superintendent.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 311 WEST 59TH.—Two light lofts, 22x90, suitable for mercantile or light manufacturing; elevator, steam heat. Apply on premises, or Rieser, 320 Madison Square.

N. W. CORNER 28TH ST. AND 1ST AV.—10,000 square feet on ground floor, and basement, splendid light, elevator, steam, power, sprinklers. Apply on premises. Rieser.

4-STORY AND BASEMENT FACTORY, Near East 34th St. CORNER BUILDING, SIZE 46x77. With or without large storage yard. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

Lofts, (two,) light corner building, 40x80; freight elevator, power. Harrison Fixture, 10 Harrison Av., Brooklyn, near Williamsburg Bridge.

Office, sublet furnished for 3 or 4 months; 410 Flatiron Building; monthly rental $8.33. Inquire Room 1310 Flatiron Building, phone Gramercy 1516. Stoguff.

BROADWAY, 487.—Office space 4,000 square feet. F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO./165 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 7475.

To Let, loft at 164 5th Av.; nonmanufacturing tenant; $1,200. Inquire Doniger & Co., 73 5th Av.

To Hire for Business—Desk room, storage space; telephone service; centrally located; good shipping facilities. 68-70-72 Wooster St.

Large, light lofts, fireproof building, elevator service, steam heat. Happel, 406 E. 9?d St.

10 Broad, large and small light offices; low rent. Apply on premises.

Stores and offices; subway express corner. 1,273 Lexington Av.

To Lease—private garage, 320 West 70th St. Inquire on premises.

Light offices and salesrooms in modern building. 110 East 23d St.

Furnished offices and desk room; service, mailing privileges. Suite 308, 51 East 42d.

Broadway, 2,289.—Best on Broadway for millinery, waists, and ladies' wear.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted—About 2,500 square feet light loft space for offices in modern building, or will rent entire house in lower 5th Av. section for same purpose. What have you to offer? Address B 673 Times Downtown.

WANTED, OFFICES DOWNTOWN FOR SHIPPING BUSINESS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. S 772 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Light office with responsible concern, vicinity 43d, preferably with services. A 345 Times.

Light loft for automobile painting and repairing. "S," 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

One or two private offices of suite; Park Row section. R 764 Times Downtown.

New Jersey.

Factory, (frame building,) Jersey City, railroad siding, two floors, no posts, 45x82; rent about $75. Farrier, 30 Church St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

9TH (Gramercy section).—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, (2 bedrooms); $175 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $30 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

??TH, EAST.—Two rooms and bath, richly furnished apartment, with additional outside sleeping porch (no kitchenette); to responsible and refined people; meal service optional; $150 monthly. Phone 7450 Murray Hill.

??TH, 141 EAST, (Woolsey.)—One-room kitchenette apartment; only party who will buy furniture need apply; going West immediately.

??TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsomely and luxuriously furnished; two very large outside rooms, with outside bath; baby grand piano; Turkish rugs, fine linens, maid and valet service; $200 a month.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY. East, West Side; Long, Short Leases. APARTMENT RENTING CO., 115 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

Bachelor's elevator apartment, private bath, services, electricity; $75 monthly. Telephone Lenox 4329.

EXCLUSIVE LIST FURNISHED APARTMENTS, PARK AV. SECTION. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS. ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC., 12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

GRAMERCY PARK, 20.—Delightful four-room apartment, light housekeeping, fireplace, baby grand piano; sunny, quiet; $160; Feb. 1 to Oct. 1. Gramercy 6589.

PARK AV. Section; finest furnished apartments, all sizes and rentals. RAFAEL DE FLOREZ, 402 Madison Av., (47th.)

PARK AV., (Northwest Corner.) Entrance 81st St.—Six rooms and bath, sunshine. Lenox 7890.

Furnished—West Side.

??D ST., 449 WEST, (London Terrace.)—Beautiful three rooms, bath, kitchenette, in dentist's residence; electricity; steam heat; telephone; $75.

26 WEST 43D ST. TWO ROOMS AND BATH.

??D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $25 per week; fine hotel service.

??TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building, cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant [illegible].

??TH, 112 WEST. — High-class bachelor apartment building; three-room apartment, tastefully furnished; $100 monthly; electric light included. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St. Telephone 8300 Murray Hill.

??TH, (Near 5th Av.)—Most attractive apt., alcove bedroom, sitting room, tiled bath room, kitchenette, fully equipped, sublet till October. $100 monthly. 1094 Circle.

??TH, (Near 5th Av.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, three rooms, kitchen, bath, piano; $155 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

??TH, (Near 5th.)—High-class apartment, (non-elevator) two large rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $110. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

??ST., 84 WEST.—Handsomely furnished sunny two-room apartment, kitchenette; grand piano, maid service; $165 monthly until October, $200 until July. Whelen. Telephone Circle 1456.

53D ST.—56 WEST. Handsomely furnished 3-room apartment; exceptionally large rooms; from 3 to 6 months, rent $225 monthly.

??TH, near Plaza.—Handsomely furnished 3-room corner apartment; 2 bedrooms; $400 monthly; immediate possession, particulars. Vanderbilt 1450.

??TH, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; grand piano; $200 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d St.

??TH, 106 WEST.—First-class front apartment; two rooms, kitchenette, bath, electricity.

??TH, (Near Drive.)—Handsomely furnished apartment; four rooms, kitchen, bath, (2 bedrooms); $165 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

??TH, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths, newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

??TH, 215 WEST, 1B.—Four-room apartment for two or three months; piano, silver; two entrances, seen afternoons; references.

??TH, WEST.—Comfortable, homelike suite, bath adjoining, private apt.; gentleman. Riverside 3875.

??TH, WEST. — High-class apartment, six rooms, bath; very attractively furnished; $120 monthly. Elberson, 25 W. 42d St.

100D, 250 WEST. Hotel Alexandria.—To sublet, two handsomely furnished rooms, bath. Apply at desk, or phone 6366 Gramercy.

??TH, WEST.—4 rooms and bath; outside rooms. Telephone Riverside 4445.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

113TH, (B'way.)—Attractive, sunny apartment, $150-120. Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8005.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Three large, light rooms, with kitchenette, bath. Apartment 4-D.

116TH, WEST.—6 beautiful rooms overlooking Hudson; grand piano; phonograph; will share apt. with, and board congenial couple. Morn. 8274.

116TH, 616 WEST. 5 beautiful rooms, completely furnished, southern exposure. Monger, Apt. 91.

127TH, 600 WEST. — Artistically furnished apartment, two bedrooms, living room, dining room, kitchen and bath; spotless; near Riverside Drive, B'way subway. Phone 2411 Morningside.

157TH ST., 544 WEST.—Nicely furnished seven room apartment from February to October; $115 per month. Apartment 61.

192D ST., 600 WEST.—Four nice rooms, elevator; block subway; $85 month. Hamilton.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED. Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Attractive Apartments, Hotel Conveniences At Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited. THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY. 110th St., between Amsterdam & Columbus Av. Fully furnished Apartment rented monthly. 2 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $50 up. 3 Rooms with kitchenette & bath from $70 up. Telephone Academy 813 for further information. Linen and maid service if desired. Two blocks east of Broadway Subway, near 6th and 9th Av. "L." Reference essential.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 21, (2 blocks 157th St. Subway.)—Four room front apartment, modern, fully furnished. Apt. 3A.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

IN THE SEVENTIES, WEST SIDE; 3 ELEGANT SUITES; BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; DELIGHTFUL HOME; GOOD SERVICE; $325, $225, $125 PER MONTH; REFERENCE. TELEPHONE COL. 8055.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 644.—5 elegantly furnished rooms; grand piano, Victrola, Oriental rugs; beautiful view Hudson River; references essential. Aud. 9100, Apt. 11-C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (Apt. 36.)—Beautiful 4 rooms, player piano, victrola, $150.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,974.—Four rooms, bath, $70. Riverside 9294 after 6 P. M.

TO SUBLET FURNISHED FROM FEB. 1. 3 to 4 MONTHS. 4 ROOMS COMPLETELY AND BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED AT 317 WEST 99TH ST.

6 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS. FOR 3 MONTHS; COMPLETELY AND BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; $250 PER MONTH, AT 771 WEST END AVE. SHARP & CO., 2,609 BROADWAY.

TWO-ROOM APARTMENT to sublet, $90 monthly; attractively furnished; complete hotel service; Japanese dining room on premises. Mrs. Gordon Thelma, Apartment Hotel, 31 W. 71st St.

THREE ROOMS and bath, all modern improvements, select private house, vicinity of Columbia University and Riverside Drive. A 955 Times Harlem.

WEST END.—8 rooms, 3 baths, handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

MONTAUK ARMS. Suite, 2 rooms and bath, furnished, with maid service, $45 monthly; near entrance Prospect Park and both new subways; gentlemen only. 904 Union Street, Brooklyn. Phone 1416 Prospect.

Unfurnished—East Side.

34TH, 58 EAST.—Elegant 2-room, kitchenette, and bath; every improvement; best location; near Vanderbilt Hotel; $50 month.

44TH ST., 7 EAST.—Apartment, two rooms and bath; very large living room; open fireplace; newly converted; hardwood floors; $100 monthly. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St.

78TH ST., 42 EAST.—New elevator apartment; 2 light rooms with bath; restaurant in building; agent on premises.

PARK AV., in the 80s.—Corner; five rooms, bath; housekeeping apartment; $100 per month; immediate possession. Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Phone Murray Hill 1100.

Unfurnished—West Side.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Newly remodeled, handsomely appointed bachelor duplex apartment; private entrance.

49TH, 66 WEST.—Nonhousekeeping apartment, two large, sunny rooms and bath.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

57TH, 140 WEST, 4 bright rooms, 2 baths, high-class building, 10th floor, $170 month; 2-3 years lease.

70S, WEST.—High-class elevator apartment, seven rooms, two baths; all light; $1?0 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

72D ST., 322 WEST.—One, two and three very large, elegant rooms, with baths, private residence, $55-$110-$125 monthly.

93D, 270 WEST.—Parlor floor remodeled house; two large rooms, bath; service.

94TH ST., 276, (Near West End Av.)—2 spacious rooms and bath, just completed; $12; immediate possession.

102D, 666 WEST, on Drive, $45; three-room, bath, elevator; immediate possession.

112TH, 218 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, high-class apartment; reasonable. Phone Bryant 874.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

CLINTON ST., 413, (Corner.)—5 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, $42.50.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

BOULEVARD, 941, Weehawken, N. J.—Apartment 6 rooms and bath, steam heat; all modern improvements; overlooking Hudson River.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted, Feb. 1-3, for 4-5 months, two or three room apartment, bath, kitchenette, by young couple; south 14th St. or Gramercy section preferred; would consider uptown; $60-$75; references exchanged; state floor. S 218 Times.

Furnished Apartment.—Wanted, for a few months, a two or three room luxuriously furnished apartment with private bath, electric light, telephone, all improvements, between 70th and 110th Sts., west side; best references given. B 604 Times Downtown.

Three-room kitchenette apartment, furnished, wanted permanently; all improvements; good location, west side, below 125th; state rental, particulars. R 789 Times Downtown.

Wanted.—One parlor, 4 bedrooms and bath, between 14th and 42d Sts., east side, not further than Lexington Av. A 659 Times Downtown.

By business couple.—Two bedrooms, living room, bath, genuine kitchenette; must be absolutely clean; reasonable. Box 270 Times, 2 Rector St.

Gentleman and mother will assume lease and buy furniture of 5-room apt. renting from $60 to $75; west side, below 157th. S. T., 249 Times.

Physician (specialist) desires part of furnished apartment, with service; only high-class neighborhoods near subways considered. C 804 Times Annex.

Furnished or unfurnished five-room apartment by distinguished family. R 751 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Parlor, bedroom and bath in bachelor apartment; must be reasonable; Fordham or University Heights preferred. L 287 Times.

Wanted, 4-room sunny, comfortably furnished apartment, kitchenette, bath, below 100th St.; $75-$100 monthly. A 335 Times.

Japanese young business man desires furnished room with private family. Write to Nozaki Bros., 277 Broadway, city.

Small furnished apartment, upper west side, until May 1; possession immediately; best of references. A 364 Times.

Two gentlemen desire small furnished apartment below 40th St., west of Park Av.; state full particulars. A 363 Times.

Four rooms or less, west side, above 72d; must be reasonable. S 234 Times.

Completely furnished apartment for three months; describe fully. A 356 Times.

Small furnished apartment, 3 adults, below 42d, until April 1. B 666 Times Downtown.

3 OR 4 ROOM APARTMENT, nicely furnished, west side. L 322 Times.

Unfurnished.

May 1 or sooner, six-room apartment; 72d-125th; first or second floors. Mrs. John Chase, Hotel Bristol.

Couple want 4-5 rooms, including kitchen; could use studio apartment; $30 to $40; give particulars. A 343 Times.

Five-room apartment, sublet or otherwise; west side. S 788 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

MADISON AV., 1,200, (88th.)—Comfortable rooms, private bath; gentlemen; reference. Lenox 915.

West Side.

71ST, 62 WEST.—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING, PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER, LAVATORY, ELECTRICITY, STEAM; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

71ST, 218 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; $60; conveniences; refined home.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large room, bath, basement room, kitchenette privileges. Telephone Columbus 8927.

75TH, 128 WEST.—Front parlor, running water, electricity, parquetry, exclusive home, business men.

75TH, 149 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished large rooms; baths, electricity; $11-$15.

75TH ST., 259 WEST.—Room suitable for 1 or 2; also single rooms; gentlemen only.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Room, large closet, bath same floor; hot water, electricity.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Large, sunny room, private bath, suitable for two business people.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Very desirable southern room, $8; telephone; reception room.

81ST, 27 WEST.—Elegant room, facing park, four windows; southern exposure; porch; bath, steam heat; exceptional private house.

82D, 450 WEST END.—Nicely furnished room, gentleman; seen afternoons. Schuyler 5605.

86TH, 140 WEST.—For bachelors; large rooms, private bath; unusually well furnished; modern conveniences; near subway and "L"; references.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Medium room, adjoining bath, heat, electricity; $20 monthly; high-class.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Two large, sunny rooms, bachelor or married couple, high class elevator apartment, seventh floor. Evans.

87TH, 340 WEST.—Exceptional room, dressing room, twin beds, private; $15 weekly; gentlemen.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large room; running water; adjoining bath; steam; electricity.

91ST, 56 WEST.—Well appointed private house, 2 large rooms, adjoining bath; $12-$15.

93D, 115 WEST.—Medium-sized south front room; running water.

112TH ST., (Near Riverside Drive.)—Attractively furnished, large, single room, running water, private family, gentleman. Phone Cath. 7967. Apartment 2??.

113TH ST., 549 WEST, (Apt. 3.)—Neatly furnished room in private family; reference; gentlemen.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Single room, near Columbia, all conveniences; $4. Apartment 8.

122D.—Large room, every convenience, Broadway, Morningside, near Columbia. Telephone Morningside 6487.

BEAUTIFUL large room, southern exposure, telephone in room, adjoining modern bath, in high-class apartment; lady or married couple. 86th and Drive. Schuyler 4341.

BROADWAY, (110th Subway.)—Convenient outside room, bath, service and privacy. Academy 3238.

BROADWAY, 2,131, (74th.)—Sunny front rooms, piano; high-class apartment; $10-$15. Eurelio.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125. Apartment 10 North; unusually attractive rooms.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Room and bath, between 30th and 50th, by young executive; state full particulars; references. L 362 Times.

Room in strictly private family, by army officer. L 330 Times.

Mother and daughter want nicely furnished room; $8 or $9. 2,507½ Broadway.

Young gentleman wants furnished room in private house; moderate price. O 28 Times.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted, 2 rooms, furnished, without board, use of bath, adult and two 6-year-old children; close to 86th St., Broadway subway station; absolute guarantee, breakage or destruction. Reply Apartment 1A, 320 West 86th St.

Light furnished room, privilege of kitchen, or private home; references; 70th-100th, west. Write, state particulars, L., 2,387 Broadway.

Wanted, by business woman, pleasant furnished room; board optional; west side, vicinity Broadway subway. Write P. Y., 3,525 Broadway.

Furnished room with a private family, between 79th and 90th Sts., by a young gentleman. L 324 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large room, private bath; second floor.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

WOULD TAKE CHILD to board; good home; seashore in Summer. S 786 Times Downtown.

West Side.

56TH, 62 WEST.—One large room with board, table guests; references.

58TH ST., 44 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, private bath, steam heat; table unexcelled.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Fine large double room with bath, by Holland family; give supper or accommodations; European style, home cooking.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Single rooms, electricity; French cuisine; table guests.

82D, 11? WEST.—Large room, with board; modern improvements; parlor dining; reference.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 174 WEST, (The Little House.)—Can accommodate a few table guests; references.

89TH, 321 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, bright room, twin beds, fine bath adjoining, for couple or two gentlemen; real home cooking. Telephone 3157 Riverside.

90TH, West End Av.—Refined Jewish family offers comfortable home to gentleman. L 378 Times.

93D, (676 West End Av.)—Two large rooms, bath adjoining; home cooking; gentlemen or married couple.

95TH ST., 4 WEST.—Attractive room with board; homelike; near park.

104TH, 320 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Beautiful, large, sunny room, electricity; small room.

106TH, 314 WEST.—A handsomely furnished room, private residence; service, surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

108TH, 329 WEST.—Beautiful rooms with private bath, separate or en suite; cuisine and service unexcelled; only permanent guests considered.

130TH ST., 247 WEST.—Large, light rooms, all conveniences; kosher table board. Morningside 4011.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (cor. 112th.)—Two large rooms, with board; high class. Rogers.

THE EVELYN LODGE. Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c. 50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service, Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large, double room, private bath; meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A GOOD HOME WANTED FOR A CONVALESCENT, ABOUT 60; WOULD PREFER ROOM WITH PRIVATE FAMILY IF POSSIBLE AT THE HOME OF SOME RETIRED PHYSICIAN OR NURSE. REPLY, STATING FULL PARTICULARS, M. O., 809 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Three adults would like to be located with 2 rooms and bath in a private family; highest references given. Ira Barnett, 1,?? Madison Av. Phone 650 Lenox.

A lady unable to mount stairs desires board, some attendance, in comfortable surroundings, bath or running water; good compensation; city or suburbs. R 734 Times Downtown.

Young business man wants board and medium-sized room in congenial surroundings, between 66th and 96th Sts., West. S 228 Times.

Young gentleman desires home, strictly private family; reasonable; state particulars. A 365 Times.

For couple and child, two rooms with or near bath; west side above 72d. S 235 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1?? White Plains.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL, 46-48 South Walnut St., East Orange, N. J. A New York family hotel filled with New Yorkers, 30 minutes from Broadway. Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40. Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20. Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 to $45. Suites of two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT.—Refined American Protestant young lady, accustomed to interviewing persons, wishes position in professional office or other position of trust; highest credentials. L 300 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and typist; bright girl; $12. Miss G. Aronowitz, 1,583 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPING, double entry, (25,) cost accountant, seven years' experience corporation controlling accounts; books opened, closed; financial statements rendered; no stenographer; $20; Christian. B 526 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly versed, complete charge, textile experience, credits, collection correspondent, adaptability, trustworthy, highest credentials; $25. L 377 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; can take full charge of double entry set of books, take trial balance; understand controlling accounts fully. S 281 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Competent, 8 years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance, entire charge office; $28. S 797 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER. — Highly recommended, conscientious, considerable experience controlling accounts; $18. L 379 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, 4 years' experience, trial balance, financial statements; $18. R 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, executive ability, trial balance, financial statements; competent; $25. R 741 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience, double entry, trial balances, capable, energetic. L 365 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; complete charge, controlling accounts, trial balances; references. S 223 Times.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of typewriting; five years' experience; salary $18. S 227 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady; 5 years' experience; salary moderate. S. S., 104 E. 14th.

CHAMBERMAIDS, WAITRESSES. — Apts., $40. Hornig's Agency, 944 3d Av.

CLERICAL WORKER, accurate, with years of experience, would like $14. B 654 Times Downtown.

COMPANION.—Wanted, February 1st, by lady refinement and education, position visiting companion to lady, or social secretary; no shorthand or typewriting, good penman; finest references. Address Thompson, 142 West 105th St.

DRESSMAKER, artistic, by day; satisfaction guaranteed. Academy 3079. Anderson, 156 West 108th.

DRESSMAKER.—To go out; alterations, children's clothes, plain sewing; $3 per day. ANDRUS, 115 East 19th St.

DRESSMAKER, fashionable, late with leading establishments, wishes customers by day. Schuyler 6663.

EDITOR.—Experienced woman editor desires editorship of publication, department editing or feature writing. X 316 Times Annex.

FILE CLERK, $15, experienced office assistant, willing worker, best references. B 655 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, experienced, would like position in small office. A 318 Times.

GOVERNESS, nursery, Christian, Protestant, educated, trustworthy American; experienced. Audubon 1797, Apt. 20.

GOVERNESS.—French visiting governess wishes position; best city references. Madame, 162 West 86th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Gentlewoman, high class experience, capable position as managing housekeeper where there are motherless children, one or more servants; five years' reference. Gentlewoman, L 328 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, competent American woman, or nurse to invalid; best reference; salary $50; Phone Flatbush 1318, party R.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Good, experienced, wishes position; take full charge; country preferred; good references. Call 327 East 20th.

LADY desires position as assistant first-class dental office; experienced. A 317 Times.

MAID.—French lady seeks position as visiting maid or governess. A. B. Telephone 3910 Plaza.

MANICURING, pedicuring, facial massage, in or out. Jeanette, care Amelia, 253 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Waverly 8024.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

MASSEUSE, scalp, facial; henna hair coloring at ladies residences. Phone Academy 1829.

NURSE.—Undergraduate would like position caring for mental or invalid cases. Call Nurse, 537 Lexington Av.

NURSE, experienced, wishes care of small baby; references. Care Katz, 410 E. 81st.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady desires position; knowledge typewriting; experienced, accurate. R 742 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, LEDGER CLERK, 2 years' experience; accurate, willing; $14. R 771 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.—Well appearing, intelligent young business woman wishes executive position with Latin American concern; capable taking entire charge of English correspondence; formerly connected with Latin American consulate in this city. Address R 600 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Eight years' experience, high school education, refined, conscientious, accurate, best credentials; position downtown district. R 752 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, Confidential.—Educated woman, not afraid of work, able to keep her eyes open and mouth shut; not stenographer. Apartment 3, 567 West 149th.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent, refined; six years' experience; $20; references. Y 284 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, executive ability, competent, dependable; salary $30. A 950 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Protestant, college graduate, 4 years' experience, executive ability, good correspondent, highest credentials, desires position. L 380 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, bookkeeper, A1, exceptional ability, assist executive, correspondent, trustworthy, personality, tact, highest credentials; $25. L 375 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate, five years' experience, accurate; references. R 756 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, COLLEGE TRAINING, EXECUTIVE ABILITY. W 730 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, confidential assistant, qualified by experience; fluent correspondent, executive ability, academic education, original thinker, neat personality, quick comprehension, reliable, conscientious; unquestionable references; $23. R 619 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typist, File Clerk, and General Offices Assistant, high school graduate; Scotch-American ancestry; 20 years of age, desires position. R 757 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — College education; several years' secretarial and stenographic experience; Christian of good address; salary $30; excellent references furnished. S 400 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, knowledge of bookkeeping; ambitious beginner; $10 to start. A. M., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, general office work, ten years' commercial experience; A1 references, ambitious, desires permanent position; $20. A 951 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, experienced, capable, ambitious, high school graduate, desires permanent position with reliable concern; $15. A 319 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — many years' experience, knowledge bookkeeping and general office work; best references. T. Morris, 564 West 160th.

STENOGRAPHER. — Beginner; intelligent, conscientious, reliable; business school graduate; willing and capable. Agnes Welsh, 37 East 58th. Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, Christian, 7 years' experience, conscientious worker, capable, accurate; A1 references; salary $22. S 708 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4½ years' experience with entire office routine, desires permanent position; excellent references; compensation $18-$20. A 947 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, good personality, 7 years' experience; accurate, rapid, willing; above ordinary; age 22; salary $20. R 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, efficient, well educated, diplomatic; capable taking full charge; $30-$35. Astoria 799. L 367 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT.—Expert; export and other commercial lines; possesses initiative, executive ability; references; $25-$30. Hauser, 109 West 112th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, efficient, well educated, experienced and conscientious. Morningside 8652, Apt. 3W.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; understands office work; references; $15. B 662 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate, with experience; $12. Sydelia Astrick, phone Beekman 1307.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Expert, executive, and unusual ability, seeks responsible position. A 351 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 17; recent graduate; willing to work hard and start low. Helen, 2 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; accurate; excellent references. 111 West 63d St. Columbus 8606.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, high school graduate, accurate. S. Kay, 75 East Broadway, City.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, seven years' experience, capable handling details; $20. A 328 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, assistant bookkeeper; 3 years' commercial house; $18. Rosenfeld, 10 West 117th.

STENOGRAPHER, commercial experience, desires position export and import house; $16. A 656 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, experienced; high school graduate; highest references; salary $20. S 791 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, telephone operator; evening work wanted. B 657 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Two years' experience; willing worker. Berman, 56 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' practical experience; reference former employer; $18 H 489 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Columbia student would like part time; hours 9-1. A 358 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, desires temporary position. Miss B. Feder, 520 West 164th.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant, 5 years' experience, nice voice, good memory and quick, legible penman; age 23; references; $12. S 650 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and typist, five years' experience, desires position with reliable firm; state salary. Write J. E. D., 551 West Broadway.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and file clerk, Christian, good address, courteous, any board, first class, references; $15. S 230 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and Office Assistant, three years' experience, desires position. S 282 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR. — Christian, 7 years' experience; knowledge of typewriting and clerical work; excellent references; $15. A 960 Times Harlem.

TYPIST. — Experienced, rapid, intelligent, conscientious, reliable, willing, capable; business school graduate. Viola Daisy, 87 East 58th. Plaza 2993.

TYPIST, experienced, rapid; high school graduate; office assistant; $16. B. J., 19 Times.

TYPIST, bookkeeper, general office work; experienced, American, 23 years; reference. L 374 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, Christian, American, experienced register clerk, desires position as assistant bookkeeper; salary $15. S 212 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, 7 years' first-class office experience, accurate at figures, rapid touch typist, good knowledge stenography, wishes to change position; $18. S 185 Times.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants. 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9462.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Colored chambermaids, laundresses; references. Augusta Agency, 333 West 53d St. Columbus 3129.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 452 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT—INCOME TAX. Consult us before making tax reports; monthly, yearly audits, trial balances, statements, reports, investigations; books opened, closed, systematized to eliminate work and give maximum financial information; moderate. Pace & Endriss, Public Accountants, 200 Broadway. Cortlandt 3115.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, Auditor, cost accountant, expert organizer, systematizer, public accounting experience, constructive calibre of mind; 25 years' experience; open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; $60. Auditor, 73 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; eight years' experience in public practice; specially qualified public utility, manufacturing, and commercial lines; tax specialist; college, university accounting graduate; desires high-grade position with future. B 613 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 27; married; thoroughly experienced along manufacturing, mercantile lines, costs, financial statements, credits, collections, correspondence; discharged soldier; university graduate; $40. S 215 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, organizer, systematizer, certified, recently resigned from emergency fleet work, open for engagement; highest credentials for installation of costs and accounting systems. Box 2, 488 St. Nicholas Av. Telephone Morningside 8375.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, married, 37, thoroughly experienced financial statements, correspondence, credits, collections, &c., desires to locate with a downtown corporation salary $40. L 305 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; systematized; tax reports; part-time bookkeeping; spare time evenings, Saturday afternoons; reasonable. S 752 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, bookkeeping and accounting experience, accountancy student, college graduate, seeks mercantile or accounting connection. R 758 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, thoroughly capable executive; 13 years' extensive experience; recently with Government; highest references; $35. L 363 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly service, not fat fees. Alpert-Bagst, Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—New York University graduate 1916, five years' public accounting experience, independent audits, reports, seeks C. P. A. connection. L 327 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, two years' experience; can take complete charge of office; recent army discharge. L 397 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced junior; N. Y. U. student; discharged soldier; best references. A 952 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior; thoroughly experienced; university training; discharged soldier. B 651 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, two years' experience, wishes position with C. P. A.; recent army discharge. S 220 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER. Wants real position where ability and energy govern salary; thoroughly experienced, of good initiative, capable of writing forceful newspaper copy, artistic catalogue compiling, organizing and systematizing of mail order departments or sales campaigns. L 334 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man (20) wishes position with advertising firm; 3 years' experience as letterer, layouts, printing, engraving. A 341 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Forwarding man; 5 years' agency experience; order engravings, advertising space; understands dummies, layouts, rates, circulation. H 279 Times.

ADVERTISING SALESMAN at liberty, open for first-class proposition. L 390 Times.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MANAGER and bookkeeper, age 24, who has had six years' experience as such, desires to connect with reliable concern. S 795 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT to executive, capacity for details, office supervision, 12 years' experience, age 31. S 229 Times.

AUDITOR. Auditing executive, for several years' official of chain store corporation, desires to connect with progressive company where initiative, expert knowledge of accounting, and executive ability will eventually win proper recognition; inventory taking and balancing a specialty; age 30. R 732 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 21 years; discharged soldier; broad experience; controlling accounts, balances, collections, financial statements, general office work; accounting knowledge; college man. A 325 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' experience, controlling accounts, specializing in factory pay roll work past 3 years; reliable, capable, competent; can furnish excellent references. S 198 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Seven years' experience, manufacturing concerns; double entry, controlling accounts; capable of assuming charge complete set, balances, statements, &c.; $30. R 265 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, 27; 11 years' commercial and financial experience; have occupied executive capacity large corporation; just released from U. S. Army; salary $30. S 174 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28; 4 years' experience machine manufacturing concern; controlling accounts, statements, practical knowledge of costs. H 462 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, and ledger clerk; desires position; age 20; experienced. R 731 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, accountant; 12 years' wide experience with manufacturing concern; capable executive; $30; unquestionable references. L 364 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (27,) wide experience: controlling accounts, financial statements, systematizer. S 793 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT, (23): thoroughly experienced; ex-Government bookkeeper; highest credentials; $28. Maurice Glaser, 2 St. Paul's Place, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER. — Young man, high school graduate; experienced; take complete charge; prefer position leading to selling; $25. A 957 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance, credits, collections; accurate, reliable; moderate salary; excellent references. A 333 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; junior accountant; 21; expert correspondent; best references; capable taking charge; $25. Elger, 827 Beekman Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, salesman, well educated, seeks position with reliable concern. Apply Harry Stern, 606 Williams Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, and typist; ambitious beginner; $10 to start. A. M., 115 East Houston St., Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, (38,) competent, experienced man, desires position; $25. F. Rice, 116 West 39th.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; capable taking full charge; salary $18. R 77? Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER or ASSISTANT, (20;) knowledge stenography; typist; experienced. Eichler, 960 Prospect Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 36, experienced double entry, shipping, payroll, wishes position; references. A 362 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28; nine years' experience; thoroughly capable; reference; moderate salary. B 616 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry, trial balance; $25; take charge. A 663 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; experienced costs, modern systems; open immediate engagement; $30. S 767 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (26,) 6 years' experience, married, honorable discharge, competent; references. R 750 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MACHINIST. American, (29,) married; no children, desires first-class permanent position; 14 years' shop, factory, and driving experience; Simplex, Fiat, Locomobile, Packard, Pierce; my references are the highest obtainable; absolutely a high calibre mechanic; will only consider first-class position. C 805 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR and A1 mechanic seeks position; served in French and American armies, (Aviation Section;) now at Garden City, U. S. Army, awaiting position before discharge; can handle all makes of cars and give first-class service; wounded, but in splendid physical condition. Communicate Miss J. Coffin; phone Sunset 8410.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—8 years' experience; careful, neat, and obliging; wishes private or commercial position; city, country; best references. Thomas Proff, 1,464 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 32, married; 9 years' experience; 4 years last employer, laid up car; best references; city or country. Melson, 107 West 89th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, discharged from navy, married, wishes position with private family; references. C. J. Cox, 213 East 81st St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Ex-naval officer seeks position, private; eight years' experience. R 706 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 7 years' experience, desires position; reference. Atkins, 311 West 55th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—10 years' experience, careful driver, reference; private preferred. Tonjes, 653 West 178th St. Nich. 3625.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, mechanic, wishes position with private family; good reference. Vogel, 523 West 187th St.

CHAUFFEUR, useful Japanese, for private; city or country. Masao, 328 East 57th St.

CHEMIST, industrial, desires position; several years' experience in different industries; energetic, tactful, and aggressive; has been Superintendent, chief chemist, and buyer; best references; can manufacture well-paying dyestuffs and also food products of special interest to ex-brewers rebuilding their factories; knowledge of foreign languages. L 380 Times.

CHINA OR SOUTH AMERICA. Mechanical engineer; 12 years' experience; 33 years old; internal combustion engines, gas producers, refrigeration and steam plants; mining, manufacturing, and central station experience; capable executive; go anywhere. L 335 Times.

CLAIM INVESTIGATOR or collection correspondent; 22; 2 years' law experience; speaks six languages; good references. H 491 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE MAN, leaving school, desires position as assistant to executive or with executive ability; excellent recommendations; army discharge. Allen A. Kolodin, Room 309, Gould Hall, New York University.

COMMISSIONED OFFICER, age 30, just released from service, wishes connection with live concern where ability is recognized by advancement; eight years' experience in importing line; capable accountant and office manager; can furnish references. H 479 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, adjuster, experienced with large volume of mail, desires position. R 736 Times Downtown.

CREDITS AND COLLECTIONS. Three years' THOROUGH experience as assistant and manager; desire new connection; age 21; best references. R 759 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN, correspondent, investigator, executive ability, age 26, legal and commercial experience, desires position with future. A 352 Times.

EDITOR, Spanish-American, desires connection with publishing house; broad experience in educational, literary work; highest references from South America and this city. L 368 Times.

ENGINEER, civil, army officer, Columbia graduate, two years' experience field work, estimating, designing, seeks position, inside or outside; best references. Box 268 Times.

ESTIMATOR.—Technical graduate, able to design and detail timber, steel and masonry structures, expert on dock work, seeks position with general contractor. A 354 Times.

EXECUTIVE, graduate mechanical engineer, twenty years' successful record as manager of selling and manufacturing departments of large industrial corporation here and abroad, seeking change account war conditions, desires executive position with opportunity to produce results; available Feb. 1; highest references. A 357 Times.

EXECUTIVE or semi-executive position desired by young man, (31,) with 15 years' general banking and corporate trust experience, who wishes to leave banking field and engage in some other line where he can capitalize his qualifications. B 650 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE. 10 years civil engineering, 18 years own commercial, now unprofitable, Christian, American, C. E., forceful, can talk, advise, report, manage men. S 226 Times.

EXECUTIVE, (29,) has good business training credit manager and correspondent; 15 years' experience in the wholesale grocery line. S. J., 824 3d Av.

EXECUTIVE or claim department man, desires connection; law trained; progressive and resourceful; highly recommended. S 799 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MAN with knowledge of Spanish and English; thoroughly posted with export details; 15 years' experience in New York City; desires position with reliable concern. R 729 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MANAGER'S ASSISTANT, (32,) twelve years' manufacturing and business experience, accustomed to handling technical matters; dependable, resourceful, demonstrated executive ability. M. D., 1,851 Park Place, Brooklyn.

FACTORY MANAGER or Superintendent for specialty printing establishment; wizard on intricate machinery, capable executive, can organize for efficiency and increased production. Rice, 1,933 Vyse Av., Bronx.

FOREIGN TRADE. Naval reservist, released from active service, desires connection with export house where initiative and executive ability receive recognition. A 312 Times.

FOREMAN, understands colors, varnish and high-class finishing, large experience; capable executive, handling large number men. A 349 Times.

FRENCH-ALSATIAN, 25, possessing thorough knowledge of French, English and typewriting, seeks position; is able to translate from and into either language. L 388 Times.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE (18) seeks position with advancement; $14. S 266 Times Bronx.

IN WHAT CAPACITY CAN YOU PLACE ME? Technical graduate; 8½ years' experience in engineering lines; 27 years old; married; selling experience and initiative; A1 character; salary to start commensurate with present cost of living. A 334 Times.

JAPANESE student, position morning and evening; good family. Henry N., 102 West 123d.

JEWELRY STOCK CLERK (19) desires position in wholesale house; references. L 385 Times.

LAWYER, relieved from "Army Draft Board" membership, seeks professional or other work where his training, business experience, or his 20 years' law practice will be worth $5,000 yearly; invest savings if desired. "Jerseyman," A 641 Times Downtown.

MAN, 34, desires position investigating or collecting; neat, honest; discharged Sergeant of U. S. A. J. F. A., 509 6th St., College Point.

MAN, 33, married, executive ability, good personality, conscientious and trustworthy. B 661 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

MANAGER or factory superintendent; capable taking charge of part or entire plant; can organize and systematize for increased production; thorough mechanic. Rice, 1,933 Vyse Av., Bronx.

MANAGEMENT real estate wanted; long experience; charge several large estates at present. Interview will convince that I know business. Kindly write Suite 1304, 347 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 1034.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION! Executive, (24,) college graduate, released from war work, desires position where experience in handling men, planning operations, reducing costs and increasing production is required; will go anywhere; salary to start $150 per month. A 949 Times Harlem.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, factory superintendent, draftsman, 20 years' experience, manufacturing, machinery, experimental development; production tools. S 763 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, (25,) technical graduate, honorably discharged, seeks position engineering or manufacturing concern; future main object. A 336 Times.

MOVING PICTURE OPERATOR, with license, wants position; good references. S 195 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young man, high school graduate, desires to associate himself with reliable concern, where initiative and ability can be demonstrated; knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting; best references; release army. L 371 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, accountant, experienced shop routine and costs, seeks connection small factory outside New York City; university graduate; age 30; Christian. A 261 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, 21, expert stenographer; thoroughly experienced, educated; $25. S 792 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE MAN, licensed plumber, 14 years' experience on high-class apartments, wishes connections with reliable firm. L 271 Times.

REAL ESTATE.—Position wanted by man; 15 years' experience; mortgages, managing properties, &c.; city or suburban. A 958 Times Harlem.

REPORTER-CORRESPONDENT, age 26, six years' experience straight news reporting, trade journal, secretarial correspondence work, capable writer, employed at present, desires betterment. A 355 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE. Young man, with broad and successful selling record and general executive experience, both in this country and abroad, desires position as sales manager or special representative; best possible references furnished; no real estate or insurance; only the highest class proposition considered; salary, $7,500. Y 207 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, American, age 25, aggressive, convincing talker, released by War Department, desires connection where earnest effort will be appreciated; knowledge French and foreign trade; excellent references. B 670 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 30 years, married, hustler, ten years' experience, released from Government service, wishes to represent reliable manufacturer through New Jersey; will open branch show room; best reference. Address J. H. C., 260½ North 7th St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN, with experience, wishes several lines for representation, commission or salary, in Western New York. Telephone James Keenan, Room 104, Hotel Martinique for appointment.

SALESMAN, 4 years' successful experience in cloak, suit line, honorably discharged from navy, desires connections with reliable concern; large accounts can guarantee. L 394 Times.

SALESMAN. — Experienced and successful man wants position; can furnish best of references. Address W. W., Box 238 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, (25,) honorably discharged U. S. A., 4 years' experience, road and city, desires connection with reliable concern. C 810 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Exporters: French, Spanish, export student, executive ability; go anywhere; moderate salary for training, opportunity, recognition. A 339 Times.

SALESMAN, 24, possessing initiative, good personality and address, conscientious, seeks connection offering opportunity for outside representation. L 383 Times.

SALESMAN.—Man, 37, desire position; can furnish good references. H 460 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, export, traveling in Cuba, desires to take few additional lines; ready to sail. S 233 Times.

SALESMAN.—Wide experience, selling several lines; open to good offer. S 221 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, (23,) experienced, desires connection with reliable house. L 395 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man (22) wishes position with future as salesman. B 660 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Three years' experience; fine personality; good talker; good references. A 948 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, (22); desires position; having two years' selling experience. S 780 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, road experience, merchandise, seeks position, local or nearby territory. A 323 Times.

SALESMAN.—20 years city salesman desires change; best references. L 336 Times.

SALES MANAGER, present time connected in this capacity with large corporation, would like to make change; 37 years old and married; can furnish any kind bond; references. Y 248 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Secretarial and accounting experience; university training; has initiative, grit, and personality; salary secondary. B 652 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, able young man, desires position that offers advancement. Frank Bonomo, 37 East 58th. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, TWO YEARS' PRACTICAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, AMBITIOUS, CAPABLE, BEST REFERENCES. L 391 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, (21); college engineering student; export and other experience; desires connection with engineering concern; $22. S 783 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, 24, rapid, export experience, correspondent, Spanish knowledge; $23. R 747 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Commercial high school graduate; 3 years' experience; salary $18. S 781 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—College man, (20,) 2½ years' varied experience. S 214 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT or Assistant to capable executive, manufacturing, large experience; just out of Government work in factory. S 219 Times.

TEACHER, B. C. S.; experienced commercial subjects; evenings; bookkeeping, commercial law. L 372 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, 32, thoroughly experienced tariffs, classifications, routing, correspondence, &c. B 664 Times Downtown.

WAIST MANUFACTURERS.—Resident buyer's assistant buyer, matcher of silks, cottons, desires position. S., 1767 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

WORKS MANAGER or Superintendent; A1 record, mechanic, designer, estimator, assistant to Superintendent; Superintendent and organizer; technical education; 18 years' total experience. A 338 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, energetic, 5 years' experience cloak and suit jobbing, would make valuable assistant to any house; A1 references; salary secondary consideration; recently resigned navy work. B. D., 250 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20); experienced stenographer-typewriter; have knowledge bookkeeping; desires position as assistant bookkeeper; promotion; reference. R 727 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 31, 10 years' experience in real estate business, honorably discharged from army, desires position. A. B., 181 Lewis Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 22, honorably discharged, high school education; 2 years' experience in textile line, desires position with advancement. L 393 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, five years' experience fur trimmings buyer; also take charge of shipping and receiving; best reference; honorably discharged from army. Y 277 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (26,) Christian, 9 years' general office experience with large corporation; reliable, willing, conscientious; anything. B 671 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, Christian, two years marines; good appearance, experience, education, references, wishes office position; reasonable. L 396 Times.

YOUNG MAN (21) seeks opportunity with building contractor; drafting, typewriting, canvassing; technically trained; experienced; salary commensurate. A 956 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 21, of ability and neat appearance, wishes position; no objection to out-of-town. William Casey, 343 East 87th St.

YOUNG MAN, (28); honorably discharged; executive ability; experienced correspondent; cashier; knowledge bookkeeping, credits, stenography. S 779 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (29,) good business training, initiative, good credit manager and correspondent; splendid references. E. W., 324 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, (17); high school graduate; desires position with advancement; intelligent and willing worker; salary $16. S 782 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (24); accounting student; honorably discharged; seeks position with commercial or accounting firm; excellent references. R 733 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20); honorably discharged; high school graduate; 2 years' commercial experience; best references; neat appearance. A 953 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) shipping and selling ability, desires position with advancement; good appearance; college education; references. A 950 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 30, good commercial training, seeks outside position selling; open for anything; references. B 632 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, 21, six years' business and clerical experience, desires position nights or evenings. A 342 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, desires to connect with exporting house; speaks French and Spanish. B 107 Times.

YOUNG MAN as assistant bookkeeper, typist; good penman; general clerical worker. S 659 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) competent, desires clerical position; knowledge of salesmanship; references. A 954 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 26, honorably discharged from army, desires position as stock clerk; had 8 years' experience. R 740 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) high school graduate, business experience, thorough knowledge bookkeeping. S. Resnick, 182 East 101st St.

YOUNG MAN, married, wishes position hosiery, underwear; notion house experienced. B 653 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) experienced secretary, stenographer, knowledge accounting. S 789 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21; stock clerk, assistant buyer, or salesman position. A 320 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college education, desires connection with export house. L 361 Times.

YOUNG MAN (19) seeks position with reliable firm. S 217 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

APPRENTICE SALESWOMEN. Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of young women, of good address and education, for permanent positions; complete instruction will be given in our school of salesmanship and every opportunity for advancement offered. Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, 4th floor.

ARTISTS.—Girls for stencil coloring on greeting cards; experienced preferred. Dreyfuss Art Co., 133 East 16th.

ARTIST MODEL.—Must be young, slender, red hair. Apply 11, this week, 17 West 44th, Studio 1205.

ASSISTANT BUYER, WOMEN'S KIMONOS & SILK UNDERWEAR. Excellent opportunity for a qualified, hard-working, ambitious woman. Apply by MAIL ONLY to P. Le Boutillier, giving full experience, qualifications and salary desired. If you haven't first-class specialty shop or department store experience, DON'T APPLY. Best & Co., 5th Av. and 35th St.

ASSISTANT in office of large motion picture firm in Jersey City; accurate, good memory, typist, knowledge of bookkeeping; will handle cash expenses; write stating age, experience and salary desired. A 643 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT.—Some one wanting home; not servant; small compensation; help take care of invalid; be generally useful. 320 West 104th St.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call at 146 East 28th St. today at ? P. M.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; one capable of typing accurately accounting reports and statements and act as assistant to general bookkeeper; must be accustomed to confidential work; excellent salary and opportunity for advancement. Apply in writing, stating experience. Musher & Co., 140 Liberty St.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—MUST HAVE AT LEAST 2 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR LINE; ANSWER, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS AS TO EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, AND SALARY. B 181 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT. — Operate Remington billing machine, do record work for manufacturing concern; hours 8:30 to 5:30, Saturday 1 o'clock; only experienced applicants considered. Frankel Display Fixture Co., 177 Hudson St.

BOOKKEEPERS on customer ledgers; department store experience preferred. Permanent positions to those who can qualify. Apply all week, Best & Co., Employment Office, 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 7 West 35th St.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Lace curtain manufacturer desires the services of an ambitious young lady; pleasant surroundings; state full particulars, salary desired, religion. Box B 124 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer by Christian firm, accustomed to controlling accounts and capable of keeping a complete set of books; state experience, references, and salary. R 755 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady who understands double entry bookkeeping; answering state experience and salary. L 392 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced double entry, trial balance, typewriting; one with millinery experience preferred; good salary to right party. M. P., 807 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; competent and accurate; reference. Apply Room 601, 170 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in coat and suit business. Apply at once, J. C. Lantz, 10 East 33d.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk; must be accurate; salary to start $12. A 644 Times Downtown.

BOYS' HATS. RETAIL SPECIALTY SHOP. CATERING TO EXCLUSIVE TRADE, REQUIRES A YOUNG WOMAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF CHILDREN'S HAT DEPARTMENT. ONE HAVING EXPERIENCE AS HEAD OF STOCK IN LARGE DEPARTMENT CONSIDERED; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY WITH PROGRESSIVE STORE. STATE FULL PARTICULARS, REPLIES CONFIDENTIAL, TO SPECIALTY, 107 TIMES.

CASHIER AND TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—HIGH-CLASS RETAIL SHOP. ANSWER, GIVING REFERENCES. B 160 TIMES.

CHAMBERMAID - WAITRESS for small apartment; wages $40. Apply Thursday, Apartment 8-A, 449 Park Av. Telephone Plaza 4911.

CLERK.—To help with miscellaneous stock and mail, $10-$12 to start; permanent position; give experience and references. Apply Assistant Treasurer, Eimer & Amend, 3d Av. and 18th.

CLERK.—Large corporation require services of young lady for clerical work; experience unnecessary; best personal references required; state age, education, salary, religion. R 737 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR AND BOOKKEEPER in real estate office; experienced; references; salary $18. G. Schwegler, 3,507 Broadway, (143d.)

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR with wholesale dry goods house; state age, experience, and salary expected; permanent position. A 661 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK, accustomed taking charges from caller; permanent employment. R 761 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK who also understands ruling billing machine. R 762 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK.—Wanted, competent filing clerk in law office; state age, experience, and salary. B 674 Times Downtown.

GIRL about 25 years of age, with some clerical ability, to work in bookkeeping department; light work and good salary to start, with excellent possibilities for betterment; experience not essential; write, giving particulars as to capability. Address A 664 Times Downtown.

GIRL for clerical work; must be correct at figures and plain writer; no typewriting. Apply after 9 A. M., L. Rosenheim Co., 119 West 24th.

GIRL wanted, $50 a month, for general housework. Isaacs, 1,052 East 8th St., Brooklyn. Phone Midwood 3585.

GIRL 16 to 18 years of age to assist in umbrella manufacturer's salesroom; no office work. A 340 Times.

HAND SEWERS ON BLOUSES. CORHAN, 647 MADISON AV.

HOUSEKEEPER, GENERAL, wanted for Pelham; 30 minutes' Grand Central; family 2 adults, 3 small children; must be good cook; clean, reliable; references required; write giving age, salary expected to Mrs. R. A. McDonald, Savoy Hotel.

HOUSEKEEPER, who understands cooking, no washing; small family; wages $50. Porter, 73 Hamilton Terrace, near West 144th-Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Reliable woman to care for rooming house; rent, light, heat, liberal wages. 66 West 69th St.

HOUSEWORKER for couple, good home, steady place; references. Mrs. Jaqua, 15? West 118th.

HOUSEWORK. — Girl for housework; no cooking; sleep out. 527 W. 124th St., Apt. 10.

HOUSEWORKER, general, for the country; call Thursday morning, 54 West 85th St.

MANICURE-HAIRDRESSER, steady position, by My Lady Beauty Shop, 95 7th Av., Brooklyn.

MILLINERS, IMPROVERS. Light workroom. Good wages. Apply all week, Best & Co., 7 West 35th St., 8:30-10 A. M.

MILLINERY FORELADY. One capable taking charge 25 girls; splendid opportunity for right party. B 171 Times.

MODELS, ATTRACTIVE MISSES' SIZE 16 AND 36; FOR COATS AND SUITS; HIGHEST SALARY PAID; LONG SEASON. TURKEL & FELSTILER, 165 MADISON AV.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MODELS.
SIZE 16.
MUST BE ATTRACTIVE.
EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
LONG SEASON ASSURED.
$30 WEEKLY.
TREELINE SUIT CO.,
1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS—SIZE 16.
LIBERAL SALARY.
For wholesale dress house.
THE ROBINS DRESS CO.,
76 MADISON AVENUE.

MODELS, STYLISH, ATTRACTIVE MISSES, SIZE 16. PERMANENT POSITION. HIGHEST SALARIES. C. KENYON CO., 200 5TH AVE., ROOM 526.

MODEL WANTED FOR HIGH-CLASS FUR HOUSE; MUST KNOW FURS AND WAIT O. TRADE; STEADY POSITION FOR RIGHT PARTY; GOOD SALARY; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. ADDRESS CONFIDENTIAL, B 182 TIMES.

MODELS.
Cloaks and suits, sizes 16, 36.
M. SHIDLOVSKY & CO.,
1,333 Broadway.

MODELS. — EXPERIENCED; SIZE 16; DRESS MODELS; SALARY $25; LONG SEASON. MONARCH DRESS, 11 EAST 26TH.

MODELS wanted, attractive, size 16; good salary; permanent position. Posner Mariace, 44 East 32d St.

MODELS, 16-year dresses; large dress house. Borgenicht & Sons, 1,115 Broadway.

MODELS, size 36, experienced, in high-class cloak and suit house. 10 East 39th St., 10th floor. Apply at 10 A. M.

MODELS, size 36, for coats and suits. George Miller, 11 West 32d St.

MODEL.—Attractive young lady for coat and suit house; size 36. Haft, 104 West 27th St.

MOTHER'S HELPER or nursery governess; refined woman to care for two children aged 14 months and 3½ years; do upstairs work and mending; country, half hour from New York. Box C 807 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Experienced sanitarium nurse to take care of young married melancholy woman; steady position, board, lodging, and a liberal salary to right party. Apply M. B. Freeman, 1,133 Broadway.

NURSE, experienced, care 3 children; city residence; wages $50; unquestioned reference. Phone 87d Rhinelander.

NURSE.—Woman experienced as maternity working nurse, state salary, references. A 301 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined young girl for two children; must speak French. Call between 9 and 11 A. M., Apt. 11C, 789 West End Av.

NURSE to take care of two children; call between 10 and 1. Mrs. Liberman, 801 West End Av., corner 99th, Apt. 2C.

OFFICE ASSISTANT by large corporation; must be good at figuring; salary $40 a month; give age and experience. Department of Statistics, P. O. Box 1148, City Hall Station.

OFFICE ASSISTANT. — Rapid, legible writer; state experience and salary wanted. B 658 Times Downtown.

OFFICE AND ORDER CLERK, general; young lady. J. Bouton & Co., 906 B'way.

OPERATORS Lamp Shades.—Wanted, experienced operators on silk shades; good salary. Hasbrouck-Bergen Co., Inc., 223 East 24th St.

ORDER CLERK.
YOUNG GIRL MAKE HERSELF USEFUL IN ORDER DEPARTMENT.
SMOLIN, 5 WEST 37TH ST.

PAPER PATTERN CLERK.
To take charge of busy pattern dept.; and another as assistant; must be experienced, give particulars, salary. M. G., 137 Times.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SPOTTERS.
PERMANENT POSITIONS AND GOOD FUTURE FOR RELIABLE WOMEN. SALARY $14. APPLY
OTTO SARONY CO., 1,177 BROADWAY.

POLICY WRITER wanted for Hoboken insurance office; state salary and experience. A 625 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY wanted for import and export company; lady of education and experience with executive ability; capable of assisting President; languages desirable. A 215 Times.

RECORD AND FILING CLERK.—A large real estate organization desires the services of a bright young lady of good education; excellent opportunity for advancement; give references, age and experience. S. C., 125 Times.

REGISTERED
TRAINED NURSE.
One with knowledge of obstetrics preferred.
B 174 Times.

SALESWOMEN.
Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of Saleswomen for permanent positions in the following departments:
ART EMBOIDERIES,
BUTTONS,
CAMERAS,
EMBROIDERY,
NECKWEAR,
PAPER PATTERNS,
SHOES.
Also
STOCK AND JUNIOR SALESWOMEN
over 16 years of age.
Apply to Superintendent any hour of the day, fourth floor

SALESWOMEN. — WE ARE DESIROUS OF SECURING THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL YOUNG LADIES OF NEAT, REFINED APPEARANCE WHO ARE CAPABLE OF SELLING MEMBERSHIP IN AN ORGANIZATION OF NATIONAL IMPORTANCE. COMPENSATION OF THE HIGHEST ON A COMMISSION BASIS. NATIONAL MARINE LEAGUE, 268 PEARL ST., COR FULTON. APPLY 9 A. M. TO 12 M.

SALESWOMEN
will find excellent opportunity in our Hosiery Department; only those thoroughly experienced and capable of serving high-grade clientele need apply; we hold all applications in the strictest confidence, and no references are looked up until after a satisfactory interview has been had.
Apply all week, Best & Co., Employment Office, 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 7 West 35th St.

SALESLADIES
in showroom of wholesale dress house, to act as models; must be young, tall, and have stout figures, bust 50, attractive appearance; no experience required; salaries. Baum-Wolff, 99 Madison Av., cor. 29th St.

SALESWOMEN possessing ability may secure remunerative positions in petticoat department with best stores out of town. William Epstein & Bro., 1,239 Broadway.

SECRETARY. — Refined, high-class college graduate to act as secretary and stenographer for institution. Apply at office of Dr. Julius Broder, 200 West 55th St., 2 to 4 P. M.

SHADEMAKER
to work on silk lamp shades; experience necessary; good salary; steady position. Robichek Co., 479 1st Av.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER. — MUST BE EXPERT TRANSLATOR AND SPEAKER; ONE OF SPANISH BIRTH PREFERRED. PAUL WENGER CO., 56 LIBERTY ST.

STENOGRAPHER and OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Of good family, neat handwriting; opportunity for advancement in real estate and insurance office; bring references. Apply Nehring Bros., St. Nicholas Av., corner 174th St.

STENOGRAPHER, order clerk, in advertising business, experience desirable, but not essential; carefulness, thoroughness, and aptness in learning rates and detail necessary. Apply, giving age, experience, and salary wanted. B 176 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; MUST USE GOOD GRAMMAR; HOURS, 8:30 TO 5:30; SALARY, $18. CALL BETWEEN 1 AND 2 OR AFTER 5. ROOM 65, 125 EAST 23D ST.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady; rapid operator, Remington No. 10; salary to start, $15; neatness in work and appearance essential. Call after 3 Thursday. Room 125, Knickerbocker Theatre Bldg., 116 West 39th.

STENOGRAPHER and dictaphone operator in large office; permanent position, with opportunity for advancement, salary $12-$15 to start. Phone Barclay 1497, or B 773 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, neat in appearance; salary $10 or $12. Apply, 10 A. M., Room 207, 217 West 125th.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.
ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH AND PORTUGUESE; COMPETENT TO TRANSCRIBE, TRANSLATE; WE WILL CONSIDER APPLICANTS WITH ANY COMBINATION OF THE ABOVE LANGUAGES; SPEED AND ACCURACY ARE ESSENTIAL. APPLY CRANE CO., ROOM 501, BERKLEY BLDG., 20 WEST 45TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.
One who can assist in general office work preferred.
ROGERS DRY GOODS,
143d St. and 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER. — In office of prominent manufacturer of food products, young lady, 18-22 years of age, who has had a high school education; excellent opportunity for beginner who is competent; hours 9-5:30 P. M., Saturday 12:30; permanent position, with advancement assured if ability is demonstrated; state age, education, and salary desired. R 768 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate, experienced, wanted by large corporation; age 19 to 21; good hours, surroundings, and advancement. J. D., Box 70, Station D, New York.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, to take 3 to 5 hours' dictation a week; Saturday afternoon, Sunday or evenings; state rate, experience, and hours most convenient. S. H., Box 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate, competent and experienced; desirable position with opportunity for advancement; Christian firm; state age and salary desired. Address B 186 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and capable of handling other office details; steady position; state references, experience, salary, age. B. M., 605 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wanted for general office work; beginner; salary $15 per week. Call at 25 Church St., Room 103, between 10-12 o'clock.

STENOGRAPHER and typist as correspondent; must be experienced in art of letter writing; state salary. S 784 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, with some experience and initiative, for permanent position in a rapidly growing Christian firm; salary, $14 to $16. Prentice-Hall, 70 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; experienced; for a busy executive; tested on speed, accuracy, and neatness; $15 start. McCall, 236 West 37th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Young lady having knowledge advertising business preferred; salary $12. A 350 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Bright beginner; good opportunity; must be neat; law office. Room 1401, 80 Maiden Lane.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, bright, ambitious, initiative; good salary. Goldberger, 36 East 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; permanent position; salary to start $18; reply fully. B 669 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in chemical line; write, stating age, salary, experience. B 663 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST.—Steady position; apply in morning. Fellows Buying Co., 1,133 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Apply by letter only, stating education, experience, and salary. Weser Bros., 524 West 43d.

STENOGRAPHER accurate at figures; state experience; salary $15. Box B N, 605 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for large concern; state salary and experience. A 662 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Experienced; salary $15; answer in own handwriting. Box K 614, 1,265 B'way.

SUPERVISOR wanted, of workroom for physically handicapped women and mothers of families; applicant must be a person with sympathy and capable of dealing with women of this type; it is necessary that she have practical experience and understand the trade of simple women's wear hand cutting, designing, figuring of cost and sale prices, purchasing of material, and market of sales. Y 274 Times Annex.

TEACHER typewriting, day and evening class; experienced. Apply Mr. Becker, Room 7, 502 Tremont Av., Bronx.

TEACHERS, (2,) Isaac Pitman shorthand; one experienced, one beginner; permanent. Apply Woods School, 5th Av. and 125th St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Real estate office; permanent position; salary $12 per week; state age and experience, if any. "A. K.," Box 182 Times.

TYPIST and telephone operator wanted; must be capable, experienced and accurate; excellent chance for advancement; salary $12; write fully. A 359 Times.

TYPIST, having some billing experience; regular Underwood machine; Christian firm; state age and salary desired. Address R 187 Times.

TYPIST experienced in statement work; permanent position, with opportunity for advancement; salary $16 to $18. A 665 Times Downtown.

UPHOLSTERERS.
FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
BROOKLYN.
require a number of first-class table hands on curtains. Only experienced hands need apply at Upholstery Workroom, fifth floor.

USHERS wanted. Symphony Theatre, 95th St. and Broadway. Call after 1 P. M.

WAIST AND SKIRT FINISHERS.
HENRI BENDEL, INC.,
10-14 WEST 57TH STREET,
Require several waist finishers and skirt finishers accustomed to high-grade work; long season; good wages.

WOMAN AS GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT; MUST BE A FIRST-CLASS STENOGRAPHER; GOOD FUTURE FOR A BRIGHT WOMAN OF PLEASING PERSONALITY; SALARY $18. APPLY MARCEAU, THIRD FLOOR, 624 5TH AV., BETWEEN 10 AND 11 THURSDAY.

YOUNG LADY for office work; must be over 22 years of age, neat appearance, and able to give first-class references; duties will be to take charge of set of stock cards. Apply Loft, Inc., Employment Department, 400 Broome St.

YOUNG LADY as bookkeeper and cashier, Wall Street experience; must be familiar with deliveries. Answer in own handwriting, stating experience. R 767 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, accurate, typist; wanted for billing in export department; experienced preferred. Davis & Lawrence Co., 10-12 Christopher St., N. Y.

YOUNG LADY to address envelopes for manufacturer in Fifth Avenue Building; convenient hours. L 398 Times.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

WOULD YOU LIKE TO EARN
$12 TO $30 A WEEK?
Then enroll at once for our inexpensive four week course of practical training in filing and indexing. We secure positions for girls who complete the course. Employers want them because our training is the same as actual business practice. You can take the course without interfering with other work. New afternoon and evening classes now forming. Apply at once—write, phone, or call. It is your opportunity for a splendid position with big concerns. Phone Franklin 2261.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING.
Only School Affiliated with a Filing Equipment House.
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin Street, Near Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented. Why not qualify, when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words a minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

WOMEN ARE NEEDED
in modern business as bookkeepers, accountants, and office executives. Lucrative positions await the trained woman. Proper training is discussed in our free booklet "Opportunities for Women." Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for complimentary copy of this booklet and for details of training classes now forming.
PACE & PACE, 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

FRENCH AND SPANISH.
Beginners' classes in CONVERSATIONAL French and Spanish taught by native instructors; every-day vocabulary, business terms, and correspondence featured. Registration now open for early February classes. Write or telephone (Cortlandt 1465) for Bulletin 92. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS. — Business is now demanding hundreds of trained women; good English is an essential; can you qualify? Free Bulletin 70, "Your English," will enable you to determine. Write also for details of early evening classes now forming. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St. N. Y.

STENOGRAPHERS: Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

EARN $5,000 YEARLY
as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet.
CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6955.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7889 Murray Hill.

PREPARE for RESPONSIBLE POSITIONS. Read "What Women Can Do," free copy on request. Rose L. Fritz School, 334 5th Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

NO REGISTRATION FEE.
Refined, well educated Americans, (18-30 years,) for permanent high-class openings.
STENOGRAPHERS.
1 High-grade secretary, experienced in ownership and management of Manhattan real estate, $2,000-$2,500.
2 BANK openings, $1,300, (lunches.)
1 AUTOMOBILE Co., (able to interview,) $1,000 upwards.
1 LEGAL, (legal experience unnecessary.) $20.
1 INSURANCE, $20.
1 BROKERAGE, (able to handle switchboard,) $18.
6 COMMERCIAL, $18.
OTHERS, $12-$15.
TEMPORARY CALLS, $4-$5 day.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, $18 upwards.
TYPISTS, $14-$18.
TYPIST and French-Spanish Translator, $18.
CLERKS.
FILING CLERKS, (high school graduates or college training,) $900-$1,000, (lunches.)
MULTIGRAPH OPERATORS, $14.
BANK CLERKS, $624 and lunches.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR, $15.
JUNIOR CLERKS, $10-$12.
AMERICAN COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE,
7 Pine Street.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC.,
HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.
PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.
PORTUGUESE CORRESPONDENT—Fine opening for woman who studied Portuguese in Portugal or Brazil. Salary commensurate.
TYPISTS—
(1) Downtown corporation, $15-18.
(2) Large downtown bank, $15.
STENOGRAPHER & SECRETARY—Manager of export department in export firm, $20.
CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 Vesey.
STENO.-SECRETARY, $25-$30.
STENO., Bush Terminal, B'klyn, $25-$30.
NUMEROUS positions, $20-$18.
BEGINNERS, $15-$12.
BOOKKEEPERS, $25-$22.
ASSISTANTS, $20.
TELEPHONE OPERATORS, $12-$14.
ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, $15.
TYPISTS, $12-$10.
FILE CLERKS, $12.
ADDRESSOGRAPH-MULTIGRAPH OP., $15.

JUPP EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
87 NASSAU.
Est., 1899. Free registration.
Stenographer—legal, $22-$25.
Stenographer—chemical, $16.
Stenographer—insurance, $18.
Stenographer—commercial, $10.50 & bonus (start).
Bookkeeper-stenographer—Bklyn, $22.
Beginners, $12.
Typist, $15; numerous others—many clerks.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
154 NASSAU ST., MISS GRIFFIN.
STENOGRAPHERS — Secretarial, $18-$20; typists, $900, lunches; others $15; assistant bookkeeper, typist, $18; dictaphone, several telephone; touch typist, $15; file clerk, typist, $13.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE.
99 NASSAU. COURT. 8519.
STENOGRAPHERS .... TYPISTS
SECRETARIES .... BOOKKEEPERS
CLERICAL
EXPERIENCED OR BEGINNERS

FULTON STENOGRAPHIC AGENCY,
489 5TH AV. 93 NASSAU ST.
STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, $25-30.
STENOGRAPHERS, LEGAL, $20-25.
STENOGRAPHERS, COMMERCIAL, $12-20.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE.
74 Broadway. Steno., $30-$18; Typist, $18; bank clerks, $15; Elliott-Fisher and steno., $25.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, clerical, experience, beginners, New York, Brooklyn position; free registration. Tighe Agency, 99 Nassau, first floor.

STENOGRAPHERS, legal, $20-25; commercial, $12-20; bookkeepers, $15-20; typists, $12-15. Permanent positions. Owens Agency, 165 Fulton or Times Bldg, 42d St.

AUTOMATIC FILERS, $12-$18; stenographers, $12-$20; bookkeepers, clerks. Mighill, Flatiron Bldg.

EFFICIENT Employment Exchange Agency, 10 East 43d. Stenographers, $18-$25; no registration.

LANG AGENCY, 115 Broadway.—Stenographers, clerical, bookkeepers, typists; worth investigating; call immediately.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANTS to go South immediately as traveling auditors and to manage Southern accounting offices; must have had public accounting experience and be able to work without supervision; conscientiousness, reliability, and pleasing personality necessary; salary and bonus proposition; state age, experience, salary, references, religion, nationality, and telephone number. Address C. P. A., B 185 Times.

ACCOUNTANT as chief of staff and assistant to managing partner of C. P. A. (American) firm; must be high-grade man in every respect, competent to supervise audits and edit reports; unusually desirable opportunity, with excellent prospects; state full particulars and salary expected to commence. B 668 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.
Seniors, semi-seniors, juniors, fully qualified, wanted by prominent firm certified public accountants. State briefly—name, address, telephone, age, nationality, birthplace, experience, compensation, present employer and references. All held in confidence. L 166 Times.

ACCOUNTANT wanted; high-class, mature man, of wide professional experience; particularly versed in surrogate's accounting and in the preparation of analytical exhibits used in litigation, receivership, reorganization and tax matters. Address, with full details as to experience and salary, Opportunity, B 180 Times.

ACCOUNTANT Wanted. — Unusual opportunity for thoroughly first-class man familiar with cost and general accounting to manage bookkeeping department of large factory; state qualifications and experience fully. B 183 Times.

ACCOUNTANT for permanent position as traveling auditor, with at least two years' general experience as auditor or accountant; give full details, including salary desired. R 766 Times Downtown.

ADDRESSING MACHINE, (Elliott.)—Experienced operator and stencil cutter wanted. Edgertyn, 118 William St.

ADVERTISING MAN and SALES CORRESPONDENT wanted by large Curb house; he will be assistant to general publicity manager; must be forceful financial writer and capable of preparing attractive circulars and booklets; moderate salary at start, but splendid opportunity for active, brainy young man who desires to get in advertising and statistical end of brokerage business. R 748 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING WRITER WANTED, assistant editor for house organ, writer of advertisements, folders, booklets, letters and the like; pleasant work with prospects for advancement; give full story of your training, experience, samples of your work, salary requirements, references, &c., in first letter. Y 275 Times Annex.

AD WRITER.—Large trade paper wants a copy writer; must have had experience preparing copy for such accounts as foundries, machine shops, steel mills and allied industries; reply should state fully age, experience, salary desired, etc. R. N., 825 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR required by shipping newspaper; salary and commission. Apply, by letter only, stating age, experience, &c., "Shipping," B 667 Times Downtown.

ARTIST, EXPERIENCED IN LETTERING AND DESIGNING OF COMMERCIAL WORK IN LITHOGRAPHY OR ENGRAVING HOUSE; STATE FULL PARTICULARS OF YOUR EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. B 177 TIMES.

ASSISTANT BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT.
BEST & CO.,
5th Av. and 35th St.,
require a man, mechanically inclined, preferably between 30 and 35 years of age, with first-class retail, specialty, or department store experience; other qualifications are sobriety, ambition, and a desire for advancement by hard work; such a good position as this is seldom offered.
Applications by mail will be received in strictest confidence.

BOOKKEEPER for factory, just outside Montclair; state experience and salary. H 473 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly responsible experienced accountant; must understand controlling accounts. P. R., 355 Times Bronx.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT to department manager by a growing concern, engaged in the export business; applicant must understand bookkeeping and have sufficient executive ability to take care of all office details; export knowledge desirable but not essential; excellent opportunity for advancement for a serious young man. In reply give age, qualifications, expectations; Brooklyn residence preferred. A 654 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT.—Advertising make-up department of prominent weekly requires experienced young assistant; permanent and attractive position; must be American-born; state full particulars. Address C. S., Box 103, Madison Square Post Office.

BOOKKEEPER as head, age between 30 and 40 preferred, thoroughly experienced; fast worker of proven executive ability to take charge of office details of manufacturer's office; present office staff 25 people; only man of highest character and with best references need apply. Full particulars as to experience, salary desired. State references, etc., which will be held strictly confidential. Address B. C., 174 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Lace curtain manufacturer desires the services of an ambitious young man; pleasant surroundings; state full particulars, salary desired, religion. Box B 123 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; state age, experience, and education; salary $20, with good prospects. P. O. Box 325, General Delivery.

BOYS.
OFFICE BOY; MESSENGERS.
Large downtown bank will employ several bright, capable, ambitious boys of good families; these positions offer exceptionally good opportunities.
SPECIAL CLASSES.
UNLIMITED ADVANCEMENT.
LUNCHEONS.
Write for interview; state age, qualification, &c., Box A 594 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 15-18.—An important business concern in the financial district has several permanent positions for elementary and high school graduates; abundant opportunities for advancement; short hours; preference will be given applicants who desire to continue evening schooling; salary $45 monthly. S 791 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED.—Under 16, to make himself generally useful in office of downtown export house; permanent position with chance of advancement for ambitious, hard worker, willing to learn; answer in own handwriting, giving references and salary expected. Address Learner, B 828 Times Downtown.

BOY IN ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT OF MAGAZINE; 16 YEARS OR OVER; SALARY $8 WEEKLY. APPLY, AFTER 9 A. M., McCLURE'S PUBLICATIONS, INC., 25 WEST 44TH ST.

BOY in old-established Christian wholesale and importing house, splendid chance for advancement for one who will stick; write giving age, religion, salary expected; inexperienced preferred. Boy, 123 Times.

BOY wanted in filing department; experience preferred. Call collection department, Credit Clearing House, 440 4th Av., 11th floor, after 10 A. M.

BOYS.—SEVERAL BRIGHT BOYS WANTED, 15 TO 17, AS RUNNERS BY A NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE HOUSE. APPLY ROOM 96, 40 WALL ST.

BOY, about 15 years old, wanted in large real estate office; no experience necessary; excellent chance for advancement for bright American boy. R 765 Times Downtown.

BOY, intelligent, for silk office; must have good recommendations. Call between 9 and 10 A. M. only. S. & S. Silk Co., 31 East 27th St.

BOY, 16 or 17, for general office work in large dry goods commission house; good chance for advancement. A 653 Times Downtown.

BOY for purchasing dept. of wholesale electrical house; good opportunity for advancement. Apply Mr. Higgins, 23 Murray St., New York.

BOY wanted as messenger for music publishing house; good opportunity for advancement. H. W. Gray Co., 2 West 45th.

BOY for office work with a newspaper; age 15-16. Address P. O. Box 558, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOY wanted for office work and light shipping. Apply 805 Singer Building.

BOYS for stock room and office. Address, by letter, Room 600, Tribune Building.

BILLIARD MECHANICS, to set up, overhaul and cover. Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d St.

BUYER wanted to assist buying cloaks and suits; experience necessary; excellent opportunity for right party; state age and salary. Box V. D., 104 East 14th.

BUYER wanted in resident buyer's office; young man as buyer with experience in notions and underwear; state experience and salary expected. Address Y 245 Times Annex.

CABLE CLERK, STENOGRAPHER; thoroughly competent, familiar standard codes, capable developing private codes; preferably with knowledge of French. R 725 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST
WANTED, EXPERIENCED; PREFER ONE WITH KNOWLEDGE OF DRYING OILS, VARNISH, DRYERS AND TEXTILES. ADDRESS, STATING WAGES DESIRED, REFERENCES, EXPERIENCE, &c., CHEMIST, ROOM 611, WORLD BLDG., N. Y.

CLERK.—Junior clerk wanted in export department of large corporation; opportunity for advancement; state salary expected. R 715 Times Downtown.

CLOTHING SALESMAN.
WALLACH BROS.,
3D AV., COR. 122D ST.

COLLECTOR, with experience in handling documents, wanted by chemical concern; will gradually be trained in to call on trade as a salesman. Write, stating experience and salary expected. John C. Wiarda & Co., 272 Green St., Brooklyn.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR wanted. Call, at once, John E. Ranson, Room 101, 30 Church St., New York.

CORRESPONDENT who knows how to answer general mail order correspondence; thorough experience with mail order house essential; moderate salary to start, but good opportunity for advancement; give, age, experience, references, and telephone number; confidential. B 178 Times.

COST CLERK.—Must have experience in automobile repairs, cost, and billing. Apply Renault Selling Branch, 47th St. and 11th Av.

ENTRY CLERK, experienced in shipping department large mercantile concern; must be able to take charges from call. Apply in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected, P. O. Box 27, Madison Square Station.

ENTRY CLERK, who also understands running billing machine. S 712 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK.—Young man in wholesale houses; rapid, good penman. F. W., 236 Times.

EXPORT EXECUTIVE WANTED BY MANUFACTURER OF HARDWARE SPECIALTY TO DEVELOP PARTIALLY ESTABLISHED EXPORT TRADE. WRITE WITH FULL DETAILS OF PAST EXPERIENCE. R. K. 805 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GLASSWARE
STOCKKEEPERS.
Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require experienced Glassware Stockkeepers. Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, fourth floor.

INVOICE CLERKS, (one Spanish, one Portuguese,) wanted by large export and import house; familiar with these languages as well as with calculations; salary varying from $75 to $110 per month; state full details in application. H 485 Times Downtown.

JANITOR wanted, white, small family, for two five-story steam-heated flats, 908 and 912 Tiffany St., Bronx; must understand heat and repairs and switchboard; salary $75 and 4 rooms and bath. J. J. Schwartz, 51 Wall St. Tel. 7744 Hanover, 11 to 4 o'clock.

LAWYER wanted; capable, experienced lawyer, take charge large, busy office; thorough knowledge bankruptcy and collection necessary; interest in business besides salary to right party. A 657 Times Downtown.

MAN WANTED. — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SILK HOSIERY AND SILK UNDERWEAR; MUST KNOW THE MANUFACTURING END FROM A TO Z; THIS INQUIRY IS MADE BY A MANUFACTURING CONCERN ALREADY ESTABLISHED IN ANOTHER LINE; A FINE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE SOME PARTICULARS REGARDING SELF AND EXPERIENCE IN ANSWERING THIS AD. Z 368 TIMES ANNEX.

MAN, (YOUNG.)
Splendid opportunity for young man who is willing to begin at bottom and become salesman for progressive cloak house; state age and experience. Address Box 100, 437 Marbridge Bldg.

MANAGER.—Shipping department manager in publishing house; must be intelligent, good correspondent, know rate, routing, tracing and claims; none others need apply; state age, experience, and salary. Confidential. 116 Times.

MANAGER FOR HANDKERCHIEF FACTORY WANTED; WRITTEN ANSWERS. B 172 TIMES.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MANAGER wanted, experienced, for a large 5, 10 and 25c. store; salary guaranteed from $1,800 to $2,000 per year; must be a thorough business man of this line. Inquire 360 George St., New Brunswick, N. J., H. Cardon.

MANUFACTURER Wanted.—A very capable man to take complete charge of a factory in the South, making suits, coats, skirts, house and children's dresses, a man that has the experience of manufacturing and able to produce merchandise for the jobbers; the experience must consist of long and successful years in similar position; a big opportunity for one who wishes to connect himself with a firm that has a very bright future, and in which he can acquire stock after his ability is proven; if you are qualified for above position call any morning this week. Louis L. Vogel, 1,170 Broadway, Room 600.

MASTER SHEETMAKER, music rolls, expert, wanted. Italian Book, 147 Mulberry St.

METER REPAIR MEN wanted, experienced; good wages and steady job assured. Write Detroit City Gas Company, Distribution Dept., Detroit, Mich.

OFFICE SALES MANAGER WANTED IN FOOD PRODUCT LINE; STRICTLY A MAIL ORDER BUSINESS WITH THE RETAIL GROCERY TRADE; HIGHLY SATISFACTORY BUSINESS ESTABLISHED; MUST EXPRESS EXECUTIVE ABILITY AND UNDERSTAND THE SUPERVISION AND OPERATION OF AN OFFICE IN THIS LINE. R 749 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE MANAGER.—By large food company for one of its departments; salary about $2,000; must have had experience employing and handling clerical help, compiling statistics, handling correspondence, also knowledge of freights and routing of cars; good opportunity promotion; write, fully previous business experience, age, salary expected; letters strictly confidential. R 763 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER OF THE LIVE-WIRE CALIBRE, THOROUGHLY TRAINED IN OFFICE ROUTINE, BETWEEN 30 AND 40 YEARS; STATE EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE, AGE, RELIGION, SALARY. Y 276 TIMES ANNEX.

OFFICE BOY, beginner preferred; opportunity for advancement in real estate and insurance office; bring reference. Apply Nehring Brothers, St. Nicholas Av., corner 174th St.

OFFICE MANAGER.
Competent take charge credit and correspondence; experienced in ladies' ready-to-wear line. Parisian Mfg., 31 East 31st.

OFFICE BOY.—Wanted, bright, neat boy over 16 years in wholesale linen and cotton goods house. Call at once, James Elliott, 370 Broadway.

OFFICE BOYS.—Large insurance company; advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

OFFICE CLERK.—Young man for club house; good references; salary to start $75 and board. L 366 Times.

OFFICE BOY in insurance broker's office. S 774 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT who is good correspondent, by Gentile cotton goods house; should be experienced in the line and in handling records of orders; $25-$30; state age, experience. R 169 Times Downtown.

OIL SALESMAN.—Excellent opportunity for an experienced and live wire oil salesman in New York City, Brooklyn, and upper New Jersey; the applicant preferably should have a knowledge of all lubricating oils and greases, cutting oils, quenching and tempering oils, and core oils; the line is advertised and well known in this field and the nucleus for a large and profitable business is already established; only those should reply who are willing to work upon a straight commission basis and who can show unquestionable references as to selling ability and personal character. Y 261 Times Annex.

PACKER. — Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 35 West 32d St.

PICTURE FITTERS.
Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require several picture fitters. Apply any hour of the day to Superintendent, 4th floor.

RENTING MAN.—Unusual opportunity for young man with company owning large office building; experience in renting downtown offices desirable; good education and address essential. Skyscraper, R 760 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — Old-established importing house, handling velvets, velveteens, woolen dress goods, and pile fabrics, has opening for road man in our very best territory; we prefer man who has called on department store trade with similar lines, but live, hustling man, who really has a following among department stores, can qualify; to such a man we offer exceptional opportunity; salary and commission. B 179 Times.

SALESMEN.—Two young, live, clean cut men to join us as "Juniors," who can force us to advance them to our regular staff by the quality of their work among wholesale and retail confectioners; ability to see a thing through to a finish more important than selling experience; give complete history and when you can start; salary. A 337 Times.

SALESMAN FOR LINENS.
L. BAMBERGER & CO., Newark, N. J., require a thoroughly experienced salesman for their linen department. Employment Office, seventh floor, open from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M.

SALESMAN wanted to sell rubber heels; new invention; salary and commission; highest references required; experience an asset but not essential. H 477 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted to sell caps in the Western territory; must have experience in selling this line; we have two established territories; a good opportunity for first-class man only; state in your first letter your past experience; commission, traveling expenses, and drawing account. Empire Cap Mfg. Co., 1008-10 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo.

SALESMAN, TRAVEL MIDDLE WEST, PICTURES, FRAMES, TOYS, TO DEPARTMENT AND SPECIALTY STORES, EXPERIENCED IN THESE LINES PREFERABLE, BUT NOT NECESSARY; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT; TRAVELING EXPENSES ADVANCED. ADDRESS, STATING EXPERIENCE, EXPECTATIONS, &C., E. V. 432 TIMES.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL EXPORT SERVICE ON COMMISSION BASIS; GOOD MEN CAN EASILY EARN $100 WEEKLY; ANY MAN SHOWING RESULTS AFTER TWO WEEKS WILL BE PLACED ON REGULAR WEEKLY DRAWING ACCOUNT OF $50. APPLY, IN PERSON, G. S. KRIEGER, 62 WEST 14TH ST.

SALESMAN to cover department stores in New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington with a line of pleatings and boudoir caps; only high-class man thoroughly acquainted with the trade will be considered; commission basis; good opportunity to make big money. Freydberg, 85 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—Young man to sell highest-grade building material specialties; must be energetic, hustler, temperate, and of good appearance; salary and commission. Apply in writing for interview, Anti-Hydro Waterproofing Co., 149 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted, to sell a well known high grade electrically operated household specialty to the trade; one familiar with the electrical trade in Ohio and Western Pennsylvania preferred; salary and commission. B 172 Times.

SALESMAN to handle well-known brand of embroidered pillow cases and bureau scarfs throughout Middle West or South, as side line; commission; must be acquainted with department store buyers. Box S. B., 220 Times.

SALESMAN, by prominent manufacturer; handle their lines decorative art linens, pillow cases, and infants' wear for following territories: South and Coast; can be handled conjunction with non-conflicting lines; commission basis. C. F., Times Downtown.

SALESMANAGER WANTED.
Must show evidence of ability to sell and to instruct others in the art of selling; a real opportunity, with good salary and commission contract. Y 263 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—WE NEED SEVERAL LIVE SALESMEN FAMILIAR WITH SELLING STEEL FILING CABINETS; IF QUALIFIED WRITE PARTICULARS; SALARY BASIS. S 746 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted, with established trade in foodstuffs to steamers and steamer supplies; good proposition; profit sharing or commission; write full particulars and references. Y 280 Times Annex.

SALES ENGINEER, with wide acquaintance among power plant and industrial engineers in New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, and Maryland; efficiency instruments; permanent position; salary. L 348 Times.

SALESMEN.—High class educational work, selling direct to schools; men with education plus selling ability; salary or commission; state qualifications for personal interview granted Jan 30-31. A 322 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man in New York office of large wholesale clothing concern; exceptional opportunity; salary; give full particulars in first letter. Y 279 Times Annex.

SALESMEN. — Wanted, candy salesmen to handle an attractive confection as a side line; commission basis. Home Food Co., 141 Fulton St.

SALESMAN and window dresser for high grade men's furnishings. B 159 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN.
Experienced man to sell stock over telephone; salary and large commission. Call 516 5th Av., Room 806.

SALESMAN, experienced on men's neckwear, to sell out of town; must have an established trade; state references, &c.; commission basis. A 648 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted, with full experience and good following for office trade only, for popular skirt line; commission basis. Perfection Skirt Co., 12 West 18th St.

SALESMAN, experienced man, to sell insect screens; state who you have worked for and when; steady job to right man; salary. B 147 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for embroidery house; must be A1 man; commission, first-class proposition. Calvari, Inc., 148 East 57th St.

SALESMEN or sales organizations capable representing auto specialty manufacturer; exclusive territory; commission. 25 W. 42d St., Suite 626.

SALESMAN wanted on popular priced smocks for incoming trade; [illegible] commission. M. Reis & Son, 1,182 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted to sell whiskey to consumers; commission and salary. A 321 Times.

SALESMAN on men's raincoats, as side line, for city and office trade, on commission. Y 271 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Knowledge steel or allied business; salary, commission; state experience, age. A 257 Times.

SECTION MANAGERS.
A large department store in New York City requires a number of high-class men; experienced men preferred; excellent chances for advancement; state age, firms employed by, &c. D. C., 805 Times Downtown.

SILVERSMITH.—Must understand hammering and soldering; $100 a month; 48 hours a week; steady job. Plaza Hotel, 58th St. and 5th Av.

SPANISH - ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly conversant with Spanish, is wanted by export and import house; offering good future; initial salary $90 to $110 per month; state details as to experience, nationality, and references. H 486 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Desirable position with large, well-established concern open for young man willing to make himself generally useful and ambitious enough to want advancement; answer by letter in own handwriting, stating age, education, short-hand system, experience, references, and salary to start. A 324 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-ORDER CLERK in advertising business; experience desirable but not essential; carefulness, thoroughness, and aptness in learning rates and details necessary. Apply, giving age, experience, and salary wanted, B 176 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND FILER.—Bright, ambitious young man; good opportunity for right person. Address, own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary. A 629 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretarial duties, loyalty, intelligence, and enthusiasm necessary; near city; state age, education, experience, and salary. B 649 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent opening for neat young man, capable typist, some office experience. Phone immediately, Murray Hill 1426.

STENOGRAPHER, about 20 years old, for Christian concern; dictaphone experience desirable; good opportunity to learn business and secure advancement. L 386 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.
We can use several high-class stock salesmen, between 23 and 28, to sell a high-class dividend-paying stock over telephone; only those with previous experience and record need apply; good salary, commission, and bonus to right men. Apply, after 10, Lindscott & Co., 59 Pearl St.

STOCK CLERK
in wholesale importing house; young man about 18, having some experience in notions and fancy goods; excellent opportunity for advancement; state experience and salary expected. D. H., 235 Times.

STOCK SALESMAN
wanted to sell shares of going concern; good leads; liberal commission. H. Edwin Marks & Sons, 22 East 34th St., 2d floor.

TEACHERS.—(2,) commercial subjects mainly; bookkeeping class experience; day and evening. Apply to Mr. Becker, Room 7, 502 Tremont Av., Bronx.

TEACHER for Catholic high school; good references; Latin, mathematics, English, history. A 933 Times Harlem.

THE
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES
require the services of a young man as assistant to the buyer in housefurnishing, china, and toys.
An excellent opportunity for one who is now serving in same line of department store or mail order house.
Give full particulars, experience, age, and present position in first letter, which will be confidentially treated.
Address Merchandise Manager,
THE
CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
INC.,
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

YOUNG MAN.—A casualty and surety company requires services of young man familiar with fidelity and surety bonds, capable of handling correspondence and records pertaining to new business, renewals, reinsurance, &c.; splendid opportunity; applicant must state age, experience, and salary desired; all replies treated as confidential. R 770 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Wholesale house has opening for active, wide-awake young man, (17-19,) to work in sample room; excellent opportunity for one who is energetic and ambitious.
L. D. BLOCH & CO.,
153 5TH AV.

YOUNG MAN.—School book publisher is in need of a young man for outside work in metropolitan district; it is a good clean job, dealing with intelligent people; college man preferred; state salary, age, and experience, if any, and education. B 131 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted, over 17 years old, with high school education and no business experience; one looking for sound business training and future prospects; will start at $50 per month. Apply Room 1301, 354 4th Av., city.

YOUNG MEN.—A large real estate organization desires the services of two young men of good education; excellent opportunity for advancement; give references, age, and experience. Box S C 126 Times.

YOUNG MAN to operate billing machine and to keep stock books for wholesale handkerchief house; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 285 Times.

YOUNG MAN to follow up printing orders and estimates; reply in confidence, giving full details as to experience, &c.; splendid opportunity. J. K., 200 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Gymnasium, play handball and give callisthenic exercise. Call between 8:30 and 9 A. M., J. W. Samuel, roof of 42 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN wanted by a prominent banking house; 24 to 30; must write good hand, be correct and quick at figures. Address R 734 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping in office of silversmith; hours from 8 A. M. Address, with references, G. H., 94 Times.

YOUNG MAN with knowledge of bookkeeping to take charge of office and shipping in ladies' wear manufacturing business; state experience and salary expected. B 184 Times.

YOUNG MAN for light, inside, clean occupation; over 18. S 714 Times Downtown.

YOUTHS over 16, learn mercantile business, starting stock clerk. S 713 Times Downtown.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

EARN $25 to $75 Weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; we teach motion picture, studio and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction, day or night; easy terms. Call or write for Booklet "T." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th St.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value," and Bulletin 28, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPERS, clerks wanted to train under certified public accountants for openings as cost accountants, auditors, executives; new home study plan. International Accountants Society, 309 Broadway, N.Y.C.

PHYSICAL TRAINING.—Healthful, corrective home exercises given; lessons to suit all ages; evenings only; interview given. Y 283 Times Annex.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

STUDY TYPEWRITING.—Small classes. Free trial lesson. Y. M. H. A., Lexington Av. and 92d St.

HELP WANTED—Male.
Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

AMERICAN BUSINESS IS ABLAZE
WITH A NEW SPIRIT.
The lessons learned from the war have inoculated it with new energy, enterprise and progressiveness. THE BUSINESS ENGINEER OF THE DAY is the
TRAINED EXPERT ACCOUNTANT.
He is in the greatest demand of any professional man in the world, has the least competition, and consequently is the best paid.
$3,000 TO $10,000—AND MORE
yearly. Business men realize that if they are to survive and prosper in this new era they must have a close, accurate and constant analysis of their business, and possibly a day-by-day audit, such as can only be secured through the medium of the man—or woman—trained in Higher Accounting. The available supply of these is exhausted—there are none to be had.
We can fill, in a limited way only, the many requests being received for AUDITORS, COMPTROLLERS, COST ACCOUNTANTS, EFFICIENCY ENGINEERS, CREDIT MEN, AND SYSTEMATIZERS.
THE LARGEST UNIVERSITY
IN THE WORLD,
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Many other good openings.
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CUNNINGHAM 1917 4-passenger.
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HUDSON 1918 4-PASS. SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 4-PASS SPEEDSTER.
MERCER 1916 Roadster and Speedster.
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1918 CADILLAC Sedan.
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1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1918 PEERLESS touring.
1918 SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 4-passenger, sport model.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW 4-passenger.
1917 PIERCE-ARROW touring.
1917 MERCER 4-passenger touring.
1917 MARMON touring.
1917 HUDSON Sedan.
1917 HUDSON cabriolet.
1917 BUICK Sedan.
1917 DORT Touring.
1916 SIMPLEX limousine landaulet.
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TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
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STUTZ 1918 TOURING.
STUTZ 1917 SPORTING-4.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
ROAMER 1918 SPORTING-4.
Burrelle, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

CADILLAC 1917 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD 1918 LIMOUSINE, 3-35.
PIERCE 1918 LANDAULET, 38.
PACKARD 1917 TOURING, 2-35.
PACKARD 1917 PHAETON, 2-25.
PACKARD 1917 ROADSTER, 2-25.
MARMON 1917 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1917 SEDAN.
HUDSON 1917 SEDAN.
CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
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CADILLAC 1916 SEDAN and CABRIOLET.
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HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
HUDSON SEDANS, 1917-1918.
WALLACE, 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan, 1918 touring, 1917 Speedster; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

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PACKARDS.
1917 2-35 Landaulet, fine condition.
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PIERCE-ARROW 1918 "38" Sedan, excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

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1917 HUPMOBILE SEDAN.
1917 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE.
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 18[illegible]

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Overhauled Guaranteed	4 and 8 cyl.	reasonable.

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We pay HIGHEST PRICES and SPOT CASH for used Cars in good condition. Lincoln Sq. Auto Exchange, 1,930 B'way.

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Will pay spot cash for
LATE MODEL—HIGH GRADE CARS.
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COURT CALENDARS

(<) This character means versus or against.
CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—202—Southern Oregon Co., aplt., v. the U. S.—Continued on stipulation.
—Lake Erie & Western Rd. Co., plain., v. the State Public Utilities Com. of Ill. ex rel. J. S. Cameron.—Passed.
185—The City of Richmond, pet., v. E. W. Bird et al.—Argument continued.
187—F. K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior et al., aplts., v. the Pueblo of Santa Rosa.—Argued.
181—Seufert Brothers Co., aplt., v. the U. S. as trustee and guardian, &c., et al.; and 182—The U. S. as trustee and guardian, &c., et al., aplts., v. Seufert Brothers Co.—Argument commenced.
Adjourned until tomorrow.
Call for Jan. 30—Nos. 187 (and 188.) 199, 80, 173, 203, 205, 168, 206, 208, and 209.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 8, Tenth floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Kranz<Tug Genesta.	Murray Lighterage Co<Scranton & W Coal Co.
Garcia<SS Queen Maud.	Nash<Ocean SS Co.
Nash<Prince Line.	Wimmett<Rice & McCaffrey Sons.
Schoonmaker<N Y Trap Rock Co.	Franks<NY, NH & H RR.
Maguire<Penn RR.	Lehigh & Wilkes Coal Co<Tug Agnes Moran.
Moran Tow Co<Haverstraw Stone Co	

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.

Trials.	Am Apothecaries Co.
R H Fitzsimmons.	Nestle's Food Co.
To set for trial:	
... Emulsion Co	

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 325, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal Trial. B. Wessels.
DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., 4th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy and equity.

Kimball Co<Norsting	MacGregor<Shubert Theat Co.
Pa. Picket Co	Brower<Passaic Falls Throwing Co.
Geo Graham Rice	

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 212, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M.—Naturalizations.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Clark<Carolina & Yadkin River Ry.	Rosenthal Paper Co<Nat Fldg Box & Pap.
Greene<Mackey.	Wolcott<Fid & Cas Co

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

N E Equit Ins Co<Guinan	Hayes Stor'ge Warehouse, Inc.
Ryan	Sedletsky<Sayles, Zahn Co. (2.)
...<L I RR.	Litofsky<Dochtermann V & Exp. (2.)
...<Sheldon.	Hauser<Bronerwein.
...<Powers Co.	Geler<Jackson.
...<Bindley. (2.)	Powers<Bal.
... Ind Sav Bk.	Union Square Sav Bk<Pier. (2.)
...<Shlesinger	Sandler<Continental Aircraft Co.
...<Sheldon.	CNY<Popkin Gas Fixture Co.
...<Lefkowitz	Re Zalkin. (McBride.)
...<Solomon.	Nugent<Nugent.
...<Kisselstein.	Booklovers' Sales Co<Pictorial Review Co.
... Fire & Mar Ins Co<Williams.	Korn<Korn.
...<Mitchel	Re Heilbronar.
...<Schall.	Feeney<Young.
...<Bensch.	CNY<Mursten.
...<McAdoo.	Re Ciaramelli<Ciaramelli.
...<McPhillips.	O'Neill Adams Co<Rumsey.
... & Co<Gillespie	Bico<Stevenson Brew.
...<Flammer	Lorraine Hat Co<Feinberg.
... Theolog Sem, &c<Goldstein.	Horowitz<Horowitz.
...<Samowitz.	Bunt<Grosner.
...<Nassau ... RR	Newburg Savings Bk<Scofield.
...<same.	Adams<Adams.
...<NY Rys.	Donohue<Koumoutsos
...<Horvitz.	Western Mfg Oil Co<Am Spirits Mfg Co.
La French<Witt.	Press Pub Co<Star Co
CNY (Zerega Av)	Huebshman<Feinman
... Rate Act Un of ...<Silverman.	Lyons<Lyons.
La French<Witt.	Collins<Merchants' Nat Bank.
... Mfg Co<Baumann.	Greenwich Savings Bk<Franklin Madison Rty Co.
Montario<Montario.	Parker<Christoffer Hannevig, Inc.
Wilson<Schlang.	US Tr Co<Cohen. (2.)
Foreign Import Co<Meronna.	Mandelbaum<Schwalbe
...<Clarke Kimball Young Film Co.	Same<Kornblum.
... Engineering Co<Ridgeleigh Co.	Re O K Express Co.
...<Lennan. (2.)	
Swartz<Gerll & Co.	
... Trading Co<Hoffman.	
...<Schwarts.	
...<Munger.	
Stoddard<Stoddard.	
Friedman<Altman.	

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions:	General calendar:
Friedman<Quick.	Montgomery<Montgomery.
...<Kahnweiler.	Harris Struct Steel Co<Jattison Con Co.
...<Miller Co.	Miller<Schwartz & Co.
...Dexter, 99 Cherry St.	Weissberg<Weissberg
...<Weaver.	Sims<Sims.
...<Collins	Equit Life Assur Socy<Herbert.
...<Conkling.	Case on.
...<Palazola.	
...<Ring.	
Referred cause:	
...<Ivers	

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART IV. (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Gas Co Lighting Co<Lewis. (Adjourned to Feb. 3.)
PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.
PARTS VII and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.

Goldman<Rubinstein.	Nordstrom<Ledyard.
Friedman<Weber.	Bresaugh<Keating.
...<Union Sav'gs Bank of Augusta.	Lamport<Weinstock.
... & Shapiro<Brenner	Reid<Steinhardt Bros.
Schmidt, Jr<Her... Steel Co.	Nathan Bloom, Inc<Witty.
...<Citizens Bank.	Boderman<Demarest.
...<Levitt.	Breslow<Wimberg.
	Same<Altman.
	James<Steinberger.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

...Brand. (2.)	Wenitzky<Fifth Av Coach Co.
...<Bishop.	Jerome<NY Rys.
...<NY Rys.	Madden<Int R T.
...<Union Ry.	Bergen<Taylor.
...<NY Rys.	Ruhl<NYC Int Ry.
...<Int R T.	W Altes<Kalbach.
...<Mass.	J Altes<same.
...<Bens	Fitzgerald<Cent RR of N J.
Caltagerone<Perlstein.	Kelly<Edelberg.
Caltagerone<same.	Thomas<NY Rys.
M Stahl<Waldorf-Astoria Hotel Co.	Tobin<Rosen.
Stahl<same.	Harrison<Maloney.
B Ulery<Empire Carrying Corp.	Same<Shalleck.
J Ulery<same.	Wright<Klein.
...<NY Rys.	Weber & Heilbroner<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corp.
...<West... Exp Co.	Meade<Fowler.
...<NY Rys.	Hales<Int R T.
...<Int R T.	King<same.
...<Long ... Motor Co.	Sigenfeld<Rothkowitz.
...<Pitcher.	Lehman<Morgenthau.
...<Gussow.	Deehl<NY Rys.
...<Coastwise Lumber & Sup Co.	Doherty<Singer.
...<Carter	Camera<Richard Fitzpatrick, Inc.
... Steve Co.	Jackson<Chelsea Transport Co.
...<Cohen.	Gutierrez<NY Rys.
...<Black & White Cab Co.	M Krepela<Oldham.
...<Muller.	G Krepela<same. (2.)
...<Wilck. (2.)	De Voet<CNY.
... Dorn<NY Rys.	Crawford<Biagaler.
...<Johnson.	Bettger<Heineman.
...<Griffler.	Puglisi<Bklyn & North River RR.
...<Spencer & Son Corp	Rosselli<same.
...<Frey	Skolnick<Teter.
...<NY Rys	Perlmutter<Int R T.
...<Sarasohn	Aaronson<same.
...<Finkelbrandt.	H Wexler<Glaser.
	W Wexler<same.
...<Great Cent Palace Co.	Messina<Ruhe.
	Morro<Strauss.
...<Swift & Co.	Mirault<NY Rys.
...<US Garages, Inc.	Arzillian<Schuler.
...<Union Ry	Callaly<Rottl.
...<NYC Int Ry. (2.)	Moeckel<Empire Con.
...<Dudley	S Silver<Marshall.
	L Silver<same.
...<Richmond Light & RR.	Darr<CNY.
...<Jenkins.	Tannenbaum<Flax.
...<Int R T	Schwelt<Doubleday.
...<Tancer	C Mandelbaum<Leppo Rty Co.
...<Bertstein	I Mandelbaum<same.
...<Int R T.	Zipp<NY Rys.
...<Kalbach.	Bruen<Int R T.
Adams<Mayer.	Pfeifer<5th Av Coach.

Parker<NY Rys.	Bethel<same.
Hanrahan<Int R T.	Viscono<Union Ry.
Kelly<same.	Rutty<Hosman.
Colleran<Astor.	Ferry<Turner.
Danielson<NYC Int Ry	Whitford<Tausig.
Lyman<Barclay.	Lane<Baker, Jr.
L Cooper<Leary.	German Nat Bank of Allegheny<Bond.
B Cooper<Leary.	
Lyle<42d St, &c, Ry.	

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Con Mach Wreck Co<Odell<CNY.	Baldwin Mfg Co<Toomey.
Sachs<Harris.	Percival<Stern.
Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck. (2.)	Elec Operations Co<NY Sanit Food Corp.
Goldberg<Dux.	Phil<Matthews.
Warren Proc Co, Inc<Binney & Smith Co.	Herzogs Cloak & Suit Co<Schroder.
Milius<Fid & Cas Co.	Natl City Bank<Schwarzstein.
Mortimer<Bristol.	Weiss<American Burlesque Assn, Inc.
Kraut<Richard.	Reiber<Madison Glue Mfg Co.
Goldstein<Fidelio Brew Co.	Howlett & Hockmeyer Co, Inc<Brody.
Logan<Turner.	O'Hanlon<McCreery & Co.
Parise<Goldstein.	Galinger<Transoceanic SS Co.
Beardslee<Cooke.	Miller<Kenndy.
Slade<Hart.	Same<Moller.
Guggenheimer<Reilley.	
Conti<Legend Rty Co.	
Moller<Moller.	
Interocean Forwdg Co<Univ Transp Co.	

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.
PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Richard<Bider.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M.
Davidson<R T Sub Cont. Schlesinger<same.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.
Elliott & Co<Oxman.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estate:	Hannah Frey.
Antoinette L. Schermerhorn.	John E Schenck,
Wills for probate:	Ada F Hart,
William L Perkins,	Richard H Morrison,
Marion L Fried,	Nora O Halloran,
Morris Stern,	Silas M Haas,
Marie Claussen,	Mary A Burton,
Hildegarde Von Brockdorff,	Theodore Rossetter,
	James D McClelland.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Aberdeen Chem Co<Gen Com'l Co.	Perlman<Golden.
Cooper & Cooper<Cotton & Co.	Bander<Baron.
Beauty Waist<Traphagen.	Abramson<Sherman.
Locks<Frager.	Israelson<Iamay.
Bob<Labaton.	Globe Holding Co<Nunnally.
Hecht<Lindau.	Church, Webb & Close<Trainor.
United Steel, &c, Corp<Hudson Trading Co	Mullener<Broome St. Warehouse.
Maisman<Bigio.	San Fernando H'ts Lemon Co<Fruit Auction Co.
Sterling Bronze Co<Witt.	Dryfoos<Miller.
Behre<Walsh.	Feinberg<Isaac.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Leipzig<Engel.	Mutual Rice Co<Mayo Warehouse Co.
Sipkin<Modern Cloak & Suit House.	Brown<Armour & Co.
Neudorf<Int R T.	Wiener<Barrett.
Schreiber<Int R T.	Glickman<Landesman.
Wright<NY Rys.	Noble<Haff.
Murphy<Bahrenburg.	Newman<Levy.
Caggiano<3d Av RR.	O'Brien Credezza Co<Cumberland Glass Mfg Co.
Friedman<Circle Taxi Co. (2.)	Sobel<Union Ry.
Swoboda<Int R T Co.	Tren<Union Ry.
Wing<N Y Rys.	Weimar<same.
Goldman<Geler.	Mesnick<Gross
Ceru<So Boulevard R R.	Arbesfeld<Union Ry.
Fitzgerald<Bloch.	Granberg<N Y City Int Ry.
Kirsch<N Y Rys.	Mohammed<Lamport & Holt.
Pearlstein<Margolis	Winkler<Alperstein.
Lowenfels<Janeway Button Co.	Cosenzo<Schwartzberg
Rubin<A & K Cloak Co.	Wittenstein<McManus.
Feld<Hecht	Berg<Preston Realty.
Laper<Globe-Wernicke Co.	Freeman<Latner. (2.)
Castagna<Branker.	Weinberg<Wandler.
Goldman<Wells Fargo Co.	Shuster<N Y Rys.
Pitchenick<Dry D. &c. RR.	Axelrod<Trachtenberg.
Stansky<N Y Rys.	Dolliner<Childe Co.
Francis<Lindenmeyer & Sons.	Deutsch<I R T Co.
Hirsch<N Y Rys.	Lauricella<Flaccus.
Hamilton Stables<Dry Dock, &c, RR.	Wagner<Bernstein.
Levinsky<same.	Seigel<Ryan.
Schneider<N Y Rys.	Gandler<Nagel.
Wiesenthier<Kreisler.	Paris<Hagen. (2.)
Extensive Bldg Co<Yanover.	Werthrimer<N Y Rys
Messinger<Levinson.	Owen<3d Av R R.
Stern<same.	Sparks<Devlin Stable Co.
	Goldman<5th Av Coach Co.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Senkur<Archbishop, &c, Russian, &c, Church. Case on.
PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Lazarowitz<Sachs.	Aaron Kaplan & Meirowitz<Baum.
Forchheimer<Vierhaus.	Hahn<Sivin.
M L Waist Co<Gimbel Bros of N Y.	Kamentzky<Libow.
Stern<Gen Platers Supply Co.	Dalberg<Hallor.
Thomas Co<Woods Const Co.	Goldstein<N J Fidelity, &c, Co.
Burlington Silk Mills<Gerli.	Fierstein<Camp supply Co.
Mitchell<Mitchell.	Teich<Gilman.
Sabin & Dubliner Co<Gordon Outar G Co.	Doctor<Travelers' Ins
Miller<Reuben.	Newfield Silver Mfg Co<Wooster.
Oladstone<Wood Elec.	Semple Reeger Co<Kamber.
Cochran<Sahn.	Gotz<Rosenberg.
Halpern<Newark Rubber Co.	Fischer<London Guar, &c, Co.
Rosenblatt<Franken.	Goldberg<Employers' L A Co.
Vogel<Fuchs.	Wolff<Koenigsberger
Hirsch & Wadro<Wadro.	Schwartz<Ind O B S.
Goldberg<Rubin	Rebholz<Pollak.
Shulof<Wainard.	Sweibach<Cohen Co. Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Re Huggins—Samson Lachman. Underhill<C. N. Y.—Joseph W. Keller. Seamen's Bank for Savings<Heidelburger—Vincent L. Leibell. Lukach<Reigart—John Godfrey Saxe.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Glenbroat Co., Inc.<Trebilg Realty & Con. Co., Inc., et al—Louis Goodman. Jennie Mitchell Sewall et al.<Emma Koch et al.—Chester J. Byrnes. City R. E. Co.<Boyyuffi Realty Co., Inc., et al. (2)—Nathaniel Schmidt. Lawyers Title and Trust Co.<Fred W. Crandall—Maxwell Rubin. Ollie Scheuer<Port Jervis Land Imp. Co.—Carrie Tencoom.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

Thompson<Jarchow.	Basso<Basso.
Arnstein<Junge.	Stoll<Stoll.
Nenninger<Rosenthal.	Jaburg<Parish.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J. Case on—Napolis<Booth.
Inq—Barbarinardo<White Coal Co.
PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.
PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Gilmore<Schlobohm. Fagin<Tag.
TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J.
Maher<Stein. Nudelman<Jaffe.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Re Clarkson St. (Nichols, Jr.)	Lrister<Schumer.
Butterworth<Butterworth.	Sarna<same.
Mineeale<Merritt & Chapman D & W Co	Liebowitz<Solomon & Horace Realty Co.
Tanner Gross Co<CNY	Brown<66 Realty Corp
Rosenwasser Bros<Workingmen's Co-op Pub Assn.	McGratty<Krantz Mfg
MacKelvey<Fred'k Loeser & Co.	Ebert<Cohn.
Ochovsky<Rumpf.	Seltz<Furlong.
Re Conway. (Conway.)	People State NY<Reinig.
Leo<Leo.	Kliemczewski<Machinsky.
Hallman<Goldstein.	Taylor<Ellsworth Bldg Corp.
Snyder<Snyder.	Wexler<Goldberg.
Thury<Thury.	Rubin<Rubin.
Hart<Page Mfg Co.	Mustacchio<Stein & Co
Tanguey<Tanguey.	Colvin<Colvin.
Caiman<Schumer.	Price<Perry.
	Dicandia<Burstein.
	Horwitz<Horwitz.
	Davison<Davison.

Bonsignore<Crane's Sons Co.	G D'Alseo<same.
Masse<same.	People State NY<Amer Mfg Co (3.)
Buolo<Buolo.	Scloway<Junius Coal & Wood Co.
Pasdach<Boock.	Moloney<Schwartz.
A D'Alseo<McAdoo.	

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.
PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Goldberg<Goldberg.	Karp<Karp.
Russo<Russo.	McCullough<McCullough.
Shaknis<Shaknis.	Gray<Breckheimer.
Miller<Telsey.	Stern<Shea.
Levy<Rubin.	
Schilling<Schilling.	

The following cases, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call.

Veron<Telsey.	Schaff<Thorner.
Redmond<Utrecht Realty Co.	Wink<Wink.
Thomsen<Misel.	Schultz<Rechnitz Bros
Covenant Rlty Co<Renman Bldg Corp.	Herborg<Stiger.
Thomas<Meyer.	Lane<Lane.
Mooney<Mooney.	Davis<Schulman.
Tricamo<Tricamo.	Janssen<Janssen.
Bahr<Feminella.	Kessler<F T B, Inc.
De Mott<De Mott.	Zirkel<Salmon.
A E & F Realty Co<Baker.	Kaseman<Eagle Svgs & Loan Co.
Berry<Minor.	Maher<same.
	Kaseman<same.

Highest number reached on the regular call, 1306.
TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.

Miller<Rode et al.	Healey<NY Cons RR.
Ambrosino<Barbuto & another.	Anenberg<Franklin.
Carannante<Same.	Kats<B, Q C & S RR.
Nechamkus<Texas Co and another.	Noonan<NY Cons RR.
	Friedman<Hermann.
Benjamin<Kohlemeyer and another.	Madentz<Ocean El Ry.
	Rice<Staten I R T Ry.
Malcolm<Crimmins Contracting Co.	Bayard Products Co<Jarvis Warehouse.
Mascarino<Overseas Shipping Co.	Goldspiel<Fichtenbaum.
Kaplan<Nassau RR.	Lundgren<Int R T.
Damaste<Cox's Hotel and Baths.	Longo<Booth & Co.
Hubbard<NY Rys.	Topf<Standard Oil Co.
Thoubboron<De Lisi.	Goebels<Barrett.
Preuss<same.	Trudal<Standard Oil Co & ano.
Stroncon<B H RR.	Sigmund<Steinhagen et al.
Davis<Dry Dock, E Bway & Batt RR.	Napoli<Overseas Shipping Co.
Marino<Rose & ano.	Faruth<Guttman & another.
Beck<Goldberg.	Fed SS Co<Bischoff.
Marshall<CNY et al.	Biggert<Marks.
Santis<Turner & Blanchard.	Mitchell<Callahan et al.
Schatsberg<B, Q C & Sub RR.	Levine<Benigsohn.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.

Weinberg<N Y Consol'd R. R.	Whalen<Bush Terminal Co.
Wolf<Beck & Conhaim.	Katzman<Bohrer.
Hazzard<Pratt.	Mondschein<Sawyer Biscuit Co.
Zurich<B. H. R. R.	Glisone<N. Y. Consolidated R. R. & ano
Grardina<N. Y. R'ys.	Horowitz<N. Y. Consol'd R. R.
Bennett<Metropolitan	Millman<Brown.
Bennett<Metropolitan Tob. Co.	Sparrow<MacDonald.
Zala<Barbuto & ano	Crespi<B. H. R. R.
Furno<Same.	Trani<Gerard.
Storck<Sherwin.	Brown<N. Y. & Bklyn Casket Co.
Perz<Nassau R. R.	Rosenberg & ano<Fay.
Heldenstrom<Kolle.	Jackson<Cox.
Sarben<N. Y. Consolidated R. R.	Donohue<City of New York.
Hauser<Gilman.	Landsman<N. Y. Consol'd R. R.
McDermott<Coney I. & B. R. R.	Wolpert<Kahn.
Mellish<B. H. R. R.	Robinson<Naisler and ano.
Forster<B'klyn Union Gas Co.	Goldstein<Gare & ano.
Boetig<N. Y. Consolidated R. R.	Radin<Smith.
Schaffel<Albro et al.	Wagensell<National Oven Co.
Hogan<Musaus.	Folsey<Nassau R. R.
Neuberger<Buschman.	Donnelly<Coney I. & B. R. R.
Imperato & ano.<So Pac Co.	Orlando<Schrader's Son.
Reilly<Rockwood & Co. and ano.	Peace<City of N. Y. & ano.
Stoothoff<City of New York.	Nelson<Losser & Co.
Sears<Reid.	Rux<Schumann.
Minnre<Nassau R. R.	Brooks<Coney I. & Gravesend R. R.
Wysocki<Schacker.	Daniels<Smith.
Shnapier<Dittman & ano.	Wieczerzak<Texas S. S. Co. et al.
Veno<B. H. R. R.	Macys et al—Comedy Amusement Co.
Greenwood<Bordens Farm Prod.	Smith<Interborough R. T.
Schnibbe<Schnibbe et al.	
Kolbeck<Welsh & ano.	
Lazarowsky<Chutick.	
Margulis<B. H. R. R.	

Highest number reached on regular call, 6331.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:	Thomas Donovan.
James Shea.	Nathan Trokil.
Anna Trigler.	Francisa Schemmelbruck.
John Monteuse.	Margaret Connerty.
Cynthia Cahill.	Caroline Jenkins.
Emmeline Dunbar.	Clara Stranahan.
Edith Allison.	Patrick Howard.
Henrietta Moore.	Frederick Tietje.
Elizabeth Duffy.	Louise Wenig.
Letitia Black.	Cecelia Operoska.
William Kinsilla.	Harriet Sarle
Caroline Lane.	Arthur Selinger.
Catherine O'Neill.	Eliza Gardiner.
Benjamin Adriance.	Arthur Sullivan.
Ann Higginbotham.	Estates of:
Guardianship of:	William Kissick.
Sheffield infants.	Edward Lang.
Administration of	John Reilly.
Margaret Lesher.	Anthony Lopiccolo.
Accountings of:	

County Court.

PART IV., May, J.; PART V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.

Como<Pumo.	Lehman<Coffey.
Pers<Coney Island & Bklyn RR.	Vesser & Madson<Jensen.
Lanzo<Coney Island & Bklyn RR.	

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Van Siclen, J.—At 10 A. M. Cases on. No day calendar.
Highest number reached on general calendar is 2715.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments: Motor cycle pat., to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 30: Henry Yost, Jr., from Traffic Div., Motor Cycle Squad No. 1, to 53d, assignment to motor cycle duty discontinued. To take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 31, assigned as Corporals in precincts indicated: Joseph Horn, from 38th to 22d; Thomas McManus, 50th precinct.

Temporary assignments: Patrol: Walter Fitzgerald, 28th, to Headquarters Div. in office of the Police Reserve, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1; A. J. Swenson, 31st, to 5th Insp. Dist., in front of alleged disorderly hotels, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1; J. F. Brawley, 36th, to Headquarters Div., in Record Room, 300 Mulberry St., for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1; C. G. Orr, 97th, to Headquarters Div. of Repairs and Supplies, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1; A. J. Butler, Division of National Defense, in Labor Bureau, Hall of Records, Manhattan, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1; Frederick Heidtman and Charles McTernan, Division of National Defense, assigned to clerical duty, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1; George McConville, Traffic Div., Sub. D, to 77th, assigned to day tour, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1. From precincts indicated to Headquarters Div. in office of the Chief Clerk, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1: Louis Grey, 38; Harry Horn, 49; J. F. Daly, 89. From premises indicated to Headquarters Div., clerical duty in Division of Supplies, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1: E. A. Molloy, 45; M. J. McCann, 67; W. A. Brazier, 82. From precincts indicated to 1st Insp. Dist. in raided premises, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1: M. J. Mullaney, 96; Charles Isaacson, 97. From precincts indicated to 5th Insp. Dist., in front of alleged disorderly hotels, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1: Emil Hilfiker, 4; J. F. McGowan, 15; T. M. O'Connor, 21; Harry Carty, 29; M. J. Fitzgerald, 39; W. M. J. Flynn, 42; Lawrence Hurley, 46; J. C. Millar, 50; J. A. Barry, 56. From precincts indicated to 6th Insp. Dist., in raided premises, for 15 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 1: Thomas McNamara, 21; M. J. Doherty, 26; Thomas Collins, 33; Michael Reilly, 35; Frederick Finger, 35; Thomas Collins, 36; John Higgins, 37; Edward Smith, 38; Patrick Flynn, 39; Thomas McCue, 42; Raymond Ames, 43; William Devlin, 45; F. K. Osborne, 51; William Goodburn, 53; Charles Waener, 98; Thomas Kerrigan, Traffic B.

Leaves of absence, without pay: Sergt. E. J. Mayer, 118th, for 1 day, from 4 P. M. Jan. 30; Patrol. J. J. Coy, Div. National Defense, for 60 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1; H. J. Senff, Division National Defense, for 60 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol. G. F. Marano, 1st, from 3 A. M., Jan. 24, during disability; T. J. Kelly, 26th, from 11:40 A. M. Jan. 24, during disability; A. J. Hoerner, 66th, from 11:30 A. M., Jan. 21, during disability; John McCarthy, 67th, from 3:15 A. M., Jan. 20, during disability.

Advancements to grades: To $1,650 grade, to take effect Feb. 9, C. P. Dinegar, war roll; to $1,500 grade, to take effect Feb. 6, J. W. Torson, N. D. War roll; J. J. Roach, H. D. Spec. Ser. Sq.; to $1,350 grade, to take effect Feb. 4, E. F. Byrne, N. D. war roll; to take effect Feb. 11, H. J. McArdle, N. D. war roll.

Fire Department.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, granted to the following, to take effect 8 A. M. on dates specified, they having been honorably discharged from the army: Jan. 30, Fireman 1st grade P. J. Meagher, Eng. 221; Feb. 2, Fireman 1st grade William Tussl, Eng. 4; Fireman 3d grade J. W. Ryall, Eng. 220.

Special leaves of absence: Engineer of Steamer G. A. Nussbaum, Eng. 19, for 96 hours, from 8 A. M., Feb. 10; Fireman 1st grade J. P. McNamee, Eng. 16, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M., Feb. 2.

GREAT WAR LIBRARY.
Complete story of the European conflict in the Twenty War Volumes of Current History Magazine, published by The New York Times Company. Official documents, historic utterances of spokesmen for all the nations, battle scenes by notable writers, charts, maps, photographs, and cartoons. The greatest war library ever published. For prices and method of payment send for free booklet.—Advt.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Cohn, Lt.Col. A. E., and Peabody, Maj. F. W., will report to Surg. Gen.
McConnell, Maj. G., to Camp Devens.
Bacon, Maj. L. W., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Arnold, Maj. H. L.; Strotz, Maj. C. M.; McCurry, Capt. W. E.; Webb, Capt. L. H., and Mitchell, 1st Lt. L. A., to Camp Greenleaf.
McDaniel, Maj. A. C., to Jefferson Barracks.
Randolph, Maj. B. M., and Sullivan, Maj. R. Y., detailed as examiners and witnesses before a retiring board at Washington.
Boughton, Maj. G. C., to Hosp. No. 36, at Detroit.
Noecker, Capt. C. B., and Eiseman, 1st Lt. P. C., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Swearingen, Capt. B. V., to Camp Eustis.
Whiting, Capt. S. P., to Hosp. No. 1, at Ft. Sam Houston.
Campbell, Capt. A. C., to Camp Jackson.
Moore, Capt. B. H., to Hosp. No. 24, at Pittsburgh.
Ober, Capt. R. B., to Camp Logan.
Metheny, Capt. S. A., and Ishmael, 1st Lt. O. E., to Newport News.
McCall, 1st Lt. W. S., to Camp Travis.
Brookman, 1st Lt. L. J., to Hosp. No. 29, at Ft. Snelling.
Topping, 1st Lt. R. S., hon. discharged.
Short, 1st Lt. J. E., to Hoboken.
McGuire, 1st Lt. M. F., to Hosp. No. 32, at Chicago.
Foster, 1st Lt. K. E., to Camp Jackson.
Taylor, 1st Lt. W. M., to Aberdeen (Md.) proving grounds.
Chaffin, 1st Lt. G. L., to Hosp. No. 38, at Eastview, N. Y.

Infantry.

Severson, Lt.Col. C. F., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at Northwestern Univ., Ill.
Manchester, Lt.Col. P. R., detailed as member of board at Camp MacArthur, vice Capt. R. I. Tennant, discharged.
Taylore, Maj. E. G., assigned to 50th Inf.
Lyman, Maj. C. B., to Camp Benning.
Unger, Capt. A., 77th, detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at Municipal Univ. of Akron, Ohio.
Marsh, Capt. F. E., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at Louisiana Ind. Inst.
Shepherd, Capt. G., hon. discharged.
Brown, Capt. R. W., will report to cmdg.off. of 42d.
Horton, 1st Lt. F., Jr., detailed as Prof. of Mil. Science and Tactics at West Virginia Wesleyan College.
Platts, 1st Lt. F. S., to Hoboken as asst. to Port Adjt.
Georgeson, 1st Lt. L. W., will report to the President of a retiring board at Wash. for examination.

Ordnance.

Pinger, Lt. Col. R. W., to Picatinny Arsenal as cmdg. off. of Gen. Ord. Depot.
Cline, Maj. W. D., to Camp Sevier as asst. to supply off.
Downing, Maj. W. F.; Coombs, Maj. R. D., and Freeman, Capt. H. T., to Wash.
Fight, Capt. F. J., to Ft. Wingate.
Derby, Capt. C. F., to Aberdeen Proving Ground.
Sigmund, Capt. R., to Camp Meade.
Burgess, Capt. C. T., to Camp Sheridan as supply off.
Tranchina, Capt. F. F., to Camp Hancock as supply off.
Sadler, 1st Lt. R., to Camp Grant as asst. to supply off.
McClearie, 1st Lt. L. D., to Camp Bowie as asst. to supply off.
Carr, 1st Lt. H., to Camp Shelby as asst. to supply off.
Coman, 1st Lt. J. L., to Camp Pike as asst. to supply off.
Bowne, 1st Lt. E. V. K., and Coate, 1st Lt. A. H., to Philadelphia.
Rice, 1st Lt. F. L., to Ft. Sill as asst. to camp supply off.
Robinson, 1st Lt. M. M., to Camp Dix as asst. to supply off.
Dysart, Capt. L. C.; Thompson, Capt. G. B.; Middleswort, 1st Lt. W. H.; Deangelis, 1st Lt. M.; McClaflin, 1st Lt. F. M.; Matthews, 1st Lt. J. M., and Lagay, 1st Lt. F. L., to Wash., to Domestic Distributing Div.

Quartermaster Corps.

Dunstan, Maj. E. V., relieved from present duties.
Comstock, Capt. E., to Gen. Hosp. 21 at Denver, Col.
Corbusier, Col. F. W., to Wash.

Cavalry.

Heaton, Col. W. G., hon. discharged, as Col. only.
Bingham, Maj. S. V., to Ft. Houston as instructor in Cav. Officers' School.
Richmond, Maj. J. F., to Ft. Bliss.

Field Artillery.

Kennedy, Maj. J., to Corpus Christi with Fourth.
McGowan, Capt. D., to Gen. Hosp. No. 21, at Denver, Col., for treatment.

Motor Transport Corps.

Noyes, Maj. H. H., to Camp Neymoyle, as asst. to Dist. M. T. Off.
Barnes, Capt. G. T., to Fort Oglethorpe.

Sanitary Corps.

Weir, 1st Lt. A. H., to Gen. Hosp. No. 14, at Ft. Oglethorpe.
Wheeler, 1st Lt. V., to Camp Cody.
Johnson, 1st Lt. N. B., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Engineers.

Shackelton, Capt. F. W., to Wash.
Fuller, Capt. C. M., to Philippine Dept., with 8d Engs.

Miscellaneous.

Ballou, Maj. Gen. C. C., U. S. A., to command 19th Div., at Camp Dodge.
Shedd, Col. W. E., Jr., C. A., with report to Chief of Coast Art.
Walker, Col. E. S., U. S. A., ret., detailed as prof. of mil. science at Univ. of Fla.
Gilbert, Lt. Col. W. W., U. S. A., ret., relieved from active duty.
Oldfield, Lt. Col. H. R., C.A., to Ft. Monroe.
Wykes, Maj. R. I., J.A., to Grand Rapids, Mich.
Roper, Maj. J. G., J.A., to Wash. as legal adviser to Bureau of Aircraft Production.
Maloney, Capt. J. H., Den.C., to Gen. Hosp. No. 26, at Ft. Des Moines.
Bauer, 1st Lt. J. S., Air Service, to Wash.
Feltwell, 1st Lt. F. H., Tank Corps, is hon. discharged.

Resignations.

Dailey, 1st Lt. G. L., (Temp. Capt.,) M.C.
Howell, 1st Lt. R., Inf.
Howell, 1st Lt. S. P., Inf.

Leaves.

Wilson, Lt. Col. J. E., 21 days.
Dean, Lt. Col. J. S., Judge Adv., 14 days.
Dawson, Capt. C. C., Ord., 10 days.
Vidor, Maj. W. S., Qm.C., 10 days.
Waterman, Lt. Col. J. C., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., 14 days.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders to officers today:
Trigg, Lt. D., detached from 5th Naval Dist. and assigned to the Madawaska.
Davis, Lt. J. W., detached from receiving ship at Norfolk and assigned to the Manchuria.
Bonn, Lt. J., detached from present duties and assigned to command radio and signal detail on receiving ship at Norfolk.
Ingraham, Lt. K. C., detached from receiving ship at New York and assigned to the McDermott.
Woods, Lt. W. H., detached from the Martha Washington and assigned to the receiving ship at Norfolk, Va.
Wells, Capt. W. B., detached from the receiving ship at New York and assigned to command the Kentucky.
Tomb, Cmdr. W. V., detached from the receiving ship at New York and assigned to 3d Naval Dist.
Parker, Cmdr. J., Jr., detached from command of the L-8 and assigned to command of the AA-1, when commissioned.
Curl, Capt. H. C., to Naval Training Camp at San Diego.
Green, Lt. Cmdr. J. F., from receiving ship at Philadelphia to the Nav. Academy.
Laizure, Lt. Cmdr. D. C., to the Florida as a 1st Lt.
Hamilton, Lt. Cmdr. D. W., detached from command of the Vedette and assigned to the Wadsworth as executive off.
Hitchcock, Lt. Cmdr. G. C., detached from the H-17 and assigned to command the L-8.
Guthrie, Lt. Cmdr. A. H., detached from command of the K-7 and will report to Cmdr. of Sub. Div. No. 2 for temp. duty under instructor in operating submarines, then to Quincy, Mass., to command the R-8, when commissioned.
Bucher, Lt. Cmdr. W. H., from Nav. Training Station at San Diego to home, relieved all active duty.
Colhoun, Lt. Cmdr. J. H., to Wash. Nav. Hosp.
Wilcox, Lt. J. H., upon discharge from treatment at Brooklyn Nav. Hosp., will rejoin the Dorsey.
Fanning, L. W. N., to Third Naval Dist. as Radio Material Off.
Ward, Lt. C. O., assigned to the Thomas as Eng. Off. when commissioned.
Jones, Lt. H. S., from the receiving ship at Boston to the Rochester.
Bailey, Lt. W., detailed from the Savannah and will report to Cmdr. of Nav. Station at New London for duty at Sub. Base.
Oarland, Lt. M., from the receiving ship at Boston to the Delaware.
Weber, Lt. W. W., detached from the Pueblo and will report to Cmdt. of Boston Nav. Yard.
Badgett, Lt. S. H., detached from the Texas and will report to Cmdt. of Third Nav. Dist. as Coal Inspector in office of officer in charge fleet supply base at New York.
Steinhrenner, Lt. A. C., detached from command of the Owl and assigned to the Delaware.
Lindeberg, Lt. J. C., from the Finch to the Delaware.
Jones, Lt. G. G., from the receiving ship at Boston to the Delaware.
Dame, Lt. L., from the George Washington to the St. Paul.
Gray, Lt. I., from the St. Paul to the George Washington.
Brown, Lt. L. H., from New York Nav. Hosp. to Puget Sound Naval Hosp.
Rhoades, Lt. W. S., detached from the Huron and assigned to the Tenadores to settle accounts.
Almour, Lt. G. W., to the Thomas.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Air pressure is low along the northern border from the Great Lakes eastward and off the Middle Atlantic Coast and it is relatively high in all parts of the country, except California.

Temperatures continue above the normal in practically all parts of the country, and especially over the great central valleys, the Plains States, and the Northwest, where readings are 10 to 30 degrees above the normal.

During the last twenty-four hours there were light falls of snow in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, the Upper Ohio Valley, and the lake region. Clear sky was general in other parts of the country and the outlook is for continued fair weather east of the Mississippi River Thursday and Friday.

Temperature will rise somewhat Thursday in the Middle Atlantic States, the Upper Ohio Valley, and the lower lake region. It will not change materially elsewhere east of the Mississippi during the next forty-eight hours.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be fresh west; South Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate west.

FORECAST TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, and Western New York—Fair and somewhat warmer Thursday. Friday fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	23	37	4 P. M.	33	37
6 A. M.	18	38	6 P. M.	31	36
9 A. M.	22	36	9 P. M.	26	33
12 M.	29	38	11 P. M.	23	33

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 26; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was [illegible]; at 8 P. M. it was 34. Maximum temperature, 41 degrees at 12:15 P. M.; minimum, 32 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 54 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 66 per cent. at 8 P. M. The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.67 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.77 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M.		Loss.
12:30	90 Prince St.; United Tailoring Co.	Not given
4:45	152 Chambers St.; Dinnings & Hand Pump Co.	$3,000
5:00	57 Warren St.; C. D. Reis	$1,500
5:55	500 W. 50 St.; Helen Naples	Slight
6:30	3 Beaver St.; Childs Restaurant	Slight
8:00	22 Washington Place; Robert Muller	Not given
9:30	1,400 Madison Av.	Not given
9:50	1,731 1 Av.	Not given
11:10	53 Irving Place	Not given
11:45	E. Tremont & Appleton Av.; (brush;) not given	None
P.M.		
1:10	Sedgwick Av. and Fordham Road, (brush;) not given	None
2:00	117 W. 47 St.; not given	Slight
3:15	115 Waverley Place; Angelina Rugini	Not given
3:25	261 South St.; Bartley Mfg. Co.	Slight
3:45	322 E. 8 St.; Jacob Lipsitz	Slight
4:55	609 W. 30 St.; not given	Slight
5:10	311 W. 29 St.; M. Frisco	Slight
5:25	University Av. and 176 St.; (brush;) not given	None
6:00	153 Riverside Drive; (brush;) not given	None
7:00	28 W. 40 St.; Britt Realty Co.	Slight
7:55	554 W. 160 St.; M. Kauffman	Slight
8:50	354 W. 50 St.; Joseph Gorey	Not given
10:00	128 E. 16 St.; T. F. Novelty Co.	Not given

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for fireman, Fire Department, will be received until 4 P. M. on Feb. 7. Candidates must be 21 years of age on or before the date of the mental examination, April 9, and not more than 35 years on the date of filing application. The minimum height is 5 feet 6 inches and the weight 140 pounds. The subjects and weights are: Memory test, 3; arithmetic, 2; Government and elementary duties, 5.

United States.

An examination to establish a register for enginemen (gasoline) for the United States Engineer Department, New York Harbor, will be held in the Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York City, on Feb. 14. Salary, $95 a month. Citizens of the United States only. Duties will consist in operating thirty-six-foot gasoline launch. Application blanks may be procured from Jay Stone, Secretary, Room 803 Army Building, New York City.

Education Notes.

The following were appointed yesterday to fill vacancies in the high schools:
DE WITT CLINTON—H. Baker, French; F. T. Gorman, Spanish; Max Lieberman, French.
COMMERCE—Rasalina Espinosa, Spanish.
JULIA RICHMAN—S. P. Abelow, history; J. W. Doyle, history; M. J. Morse, history; M. A. Wells, history; Mildred Lieberman, sten. and type.; V. B. McGivney, sten. and type.; Adelaide Maher, sten. and type.; Annie Cowan, sten. and type.
STUYVESANT—Morris Schwinger, clerical assistant; P. E. Romme, clerical assistant; Philip Abramowitz, French; I. F. Kaplan, French; Samuel Hirschberg, mathematics; Leo Reich, Spanish; H. M. Schabacker, Spanish.
WADLEIGH—Rose Lichterman, sten. and type.; Elizabeth Scheibe, sten. and type.
WASHINGTON IRVING—E. F. Pratt, French; F. E. Latzke, French; A. M. Leibell, laboratory assistant, biol.; Libby Neuman, Spanish; R. A. Bahret, Spanish.
EVANDER CHILDS—M. L. Gluck, laboratory assistant, biol.; M. M. Greditzer, Spanish.
MORRIS—Clara Brandeis, Spanish.
THEODORE ROOSEVELT—Leona Hart, clerical assistant; F. J. O'Brien, clerical assistant; Harold Fields, economics; Marguerite Wood, English; S. D. Bierman, history; N. W. Oleson, phys. trng.; Aaron Gerlmann, sten. and type.
BAY RIDGE—Florinda Balbin, Spanish.
EASTERN DISTRICT HIGH SCHOOL—Josephine Bruggeman, clerical assistant; L. C. Weyman, Spanish.
ERASMUS HALL—E. F. Macnamara, elocution; Edith Toole, assistant, biology; H. L. Perkins, Spanish; Stella Wilcox, stenography and typewriting.
GIRLS'—Ida Leistner, Spanish; E. M. Humphrey, stenography and typewriting.
MANUAL TRAINING—Emanuel Trubner, forge work; C. C. Wigle, joinery; M. L. Simonpietri, Spanish.
NEW UTRECHT—Anna Frankel, clerical assistant; A. T. Carroll, physical training.
FAR ROCKAWAY—A. B. Herts, clerical assistant.
NEWTOWN—M. E. Ryder, English; J. B. Dowlin, French; J. T. Schawaroch, physical training; W. P. Pennock, Spanish.
BUSHWICK HIGH SCHOOL—H. L. Mischlich, clerical assistant.
CURTIS—H. W. Williams, English; H. L. Buck, Spanish.
BOYS'—G. Wolfson, elocution; J. P. McCabe, mathematics; W. J. Muller, Spanish; Sareva Dowell, Spanish.
MORRIS—E. P. Meyer, history.
COMMERCIAL—Julia Simpson, mathematics; F. E. Brennan, physical training; I. M. Day, Spanish.

The following elementary school teachers were transferred:
Bertha Alexander, from P. S. 2 to P. S. 5; E. I. Bolan, from P. S. 74 to P. S. 15; teacher of an ungraded class; Grace Edwards, from P. S. 10 to P. S. 43; L. M. Baxter, from P. S. 71 to P. S. 56; K. A. Bergin, from P. S. 105 to P. S. 63; Dora Hackman, from P. S. 156 to P. S. 64; D. L. Berman, from P. S. 4 to P. S. 140; Lillian Simon, from P. S. 166 to P. S. 168; J. W. O'Gorman, from P. S. 40 to P. S. 11; Alexander Pollachek, from P. S. 97 to P. S. 45; A. M. Nolan, from P. S. 69 to P. S. 46; Sophia Bartosek, from P. S. 21 to P. S. 46; Emilie Brady, from P. S. 28 to P. S. 58; Stella Meren, from P. S. 84 to P. S. 5; J. R. Irvine, from P. S. 23 to P. S. 81; L. Weiser, from P. S. 45 to P. S. 40; E. A. Minegus, from P. S. 165 to P. S. 42; H. L. Carey, from P. S. 50 to P. S. 44; H. M. Jackson, from P. S. 156 to P. S. 66; L. C. Lockwood, from P. S. 98 to P. S. 70; C. A. E. Schriefer, from P. S. 9 to P. S. 92; May O'Connor, from P. S. 19 to P. S. 102; Lena Davidson, from P. S. 109 to P. S. 118; Mary Dalton, from P. S. 64 to P. S. 133; Gurli Moberg, from P. S. 157 to P. S. 156; Marie McGrevy, from P. S. 62 to P. S. 159; M. M. Reilly, from P. S. 2 to P. S. 162; V. Callahan, from P. S. 78 to P. S. 14; E. Lennox, from P. S. 57 to P. S. 58.

High Schools—V. A. Drew, stenographer and typewriter, from Julia Richman to Washington Irving; M. J. Brackett, clerical assistant, from Theodore Roosevelt to Wadleigh; S. E. Bawden, English, from Manual Training to Jamaica.

The following were appointed to fill vacancies in the grades of the last two years: Manhattan—Clara Raftery, sewing, from P. S. 45 to P. S. 56, the Bronx; Nathan Gussow, mathematics, from P. S. 109 to P. S. 40.

Maud I. Price was appointed Principal of P. S. 45.

The following figures with regard to the number of pupils completing the elementary school course in January, 1919, were made public yesterday: Manhattan, 9,242; the Bronx, 3,984; Brooklyn, 10,146; Queens, 2,268; Richmond, 472. The total number was 26,112. The number in January, 1918, was 26,952.

Tristian W. Metcalfe, editor of the school page in The Globe, has written a letter to President Somers declining the office of Director of Reference and Research and Statistics, and saying that he will continue in his present position.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]
Sun rises........7:10 | Sun sets........5:10

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:17	6:46	0:06	12:51
Governors Island	6:49	7:15	0:45	1:2[illegible]
Hell Gate	8:25	8:56	2:30	3:16

Arrived—Wednesday, Jan. 29.

SS Hellig Olav, Copenhagen, Jan. 18.
SS Palermo, London, Jan. 14.
SS Evelyn, Havre, Jan. 5.
SS Prometheus, Brest, Jan. 16.
SS Sloterdyk, Rotterdam, Jan. 12.
SS Westford, Azores, Jan. 14.
SS Wabash, St. Nazaire, Jan. 12.
SS De Soto, Gibraltar, Jan. 14.
SS Stahatas, Gibraltar, Jan. 2.
SS Scranton, Brest, Jan. 15.
SS Fredericia, Iceland, Jan. 10.
SS Eastern Shore, Colon, Jan. 21.
SS Ikala, Nantes, Jan. 8.
SS Mexico, Havana, Jan. 25.
SS Lake Belmont, San Juan, Jan. 23.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Plattsburg	Brest	Jan. 22
Sioux	La Pallice	Jan. 10
Hampden	Bordeaux	Jan. [illegible]
Frederick	Brest	Jan. [illegible]
Skinner	Bordeaux	Jan. 12
Mongolia	Brest	Jan. 20
British Star	London	Jan. [illegible]

DUE TOMORROW.

Natal	Barry	Jan. 17
Polar Land	Bordeaux	Jan. 15
Byron	Barbados	Jan. 23
Siboney	Bordeaux	Jan. 23

DUE SATURDAY.

Adriatic	Brest	Jan. 24
Minnewahda	Brest	Jan. 22
Mississippi	Havre	Jan. 14

DUE SUNDAY.

Celtic	Brest	Jan. 24

DUE MONDAY.

Cedric	Brest	Jan. 25

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Goentoer, Liverpool	——	10:00 A.M.
Zulia, Porto Rico	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tyr, Barbados	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Caronia, Liverpool	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Gullfoss, Iceland	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Chicago, Bordeaux	8:30 A.M.	
Giuseppe Verdi, Genoa	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Concho, San Domingo	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sosua, Cartagena	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Annetta, Kingston	11:30 A.M.	1:30 P.M.
Connersville, Martinique	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Wacorita, Havana	——	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Western Sea, at Rotterdam, Jan. 25.
SS Western Maid, at Rotterdam, Jan. 25.
SS Clara, at Bordeaux, Jan. 26.
SS West Mahomet, at Gibraltar, Jan. 27.
SS Tidewater, at Naples, Jan. 26.
SS Lagarpoes, at Reykjavik, Jan. 24.
SS Aspen, at Flushing, Jan. 24.
SS Dondo, at Lisbon, Jan. 23.
SS Angouleme, at Havre, Jan. 27.
SS Times, at Para, Jan. 25.

Sailed.

SS Dante Alleghiere, from Naples, Jan. 26.
SS Daneborg, from Rotterdam, Jan. 26.
SS Balto, from Christiania, Jan. 23.
SS Pearl Shell, from La Rochelle, Jan. 25.
SS Peerless, from La Rochelle, Jan. 21.
SS San Giovanni, from Fayal, Jan. 26.
SS Dicto, from Barry, Jan. 28.

Passed.

SS Piave, New York for Falmouth, passed the Lizard.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M., Jan. 31, SS Caronia.
France—Sailings uncertain.
Italy—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.
Gibraltar—Close at 9 A. M., Feb. 1, SS Giuseppe Verdi.
Azores Islands—Sailings uncertain; Liberia, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Belgium, Netherlands, Greece, Germany, Austria and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Samoan Islands, Austria, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Ventura....Jan. 30
Philippine Islands, Austria, and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—SS Lurline....Jan. 31
Philippine Islands, (via Seattle)—SS Mexico Maru....Feb. 1
Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—SS Venezuela....Feb. 4
Fiji, Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—SS Makura....Feb. 7
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, Straits Settlements, and Netherlands East Indies daily. This mail is forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination at best opportunity.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is given that HENRY POWELL RAMSDELL, JAMES A. P. RAMSDELL and HOMER S. RAMSDELL, as executors and trustees under the last will and testament of Homer Ramsdell, deceased, owners of the ferryboat "Orange," have filed their petition for limitation of liability for any loss, damage or injury caused by or resulting from the collision between the ferryboat "Orange" and the steamer "Rensselaer," on the night of June 15th, 1918. Value of vessel and freight, $89,000. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Marshall S. Hagar, Esq., at his office, at No. 63 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., or be defaulted.
Dated, December 5th, 1918.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
Notice is hereby given that the Cornell Steamboat Company, owner of the steam tug "Primrose," has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage or injury arising out of collision claimed to have occurred between the said steam tug "Primrose," the boat "Ontario & Western No. 21," and the barge "Bavier"; value of the vessel and freight, $3,500. All persons claiming damages because of such loss, destruction, damage or injury must prove their claims before Louis Bennett, Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 10th day of March, 1919, or be defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALMA NEWTON ANDERSON, Bankrupt.—No. 262.2.
Pursuant to an order of this Court, the undesigned Trustee of the above-named bankrupt, offers for sale the property, assets and effects of said estate.
The property to be sold consists of furniture, ornaments and satsuma and may be inspected at No. 539 Broadway, in the City of New York, on the 6th, 7th, and 8th days of February, 1919, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
The said property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at 539 Broadway, in the City of New York, on the 10th day of February, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.
The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least seventy-five (75%) per cent. of the appraised value.
Dated, New York, January 29, 1919.
JOHN L. LYTTLE, Trustee.
LEWIS M. ISAACS, Attorney for Trustee, 52 William Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of MORRIS S. GWIRTZMAN, Alleged Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, February 4, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 525 Eighth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Gold and plated Jewelry, silverware, fixtures, &c.
BYRON CLARK, JR., Receiver.
SAMUEL G. DUBERSTEIN, 63 Park Row; STRAUSS & SINGER, 27 Cedar Street, Attorneys for Receiver.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Trustee's Sale.—S. S. "ARLINGTON."
Notice is hereby given that, by an order of the above-named Court, the undersigned Trustee, under the provisions of Sections 4283, 4284, and 4285 of the U. S. R. S., will sell at public auction on Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 1 P. M. o'clock, the S. S. "Arlington," her tackle, apparel, furniture, etc., sale to take place on board said S. S. "Arlington" where she now lies, on the shores of Greenwood Lake, New York, where she can be seen and inspected.
Dated, January 25th, 1919.
EDWARD L. OWEN, Trustee.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD ANCHOR
NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL
Goentoer....Jan. 30
Caronia....Jan. 31
Saxonia....Feb. 12
Carmania....Feb. 17
Royal George....Feb. 22
AQUITANIA....Mar. 1
Caronia....Mar. 10
Orduna....Mar. 18
Saxonia....Mar. 18
Carmania....Mar. 24
Aquitania....Mar. 29
HALIFAX TO LIVERPOOL.
AQUITANIA....FEB. 1
BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL
Prinses Juliana....Feb. 12
NEW YORK TO LONDON
Pannonia....Feb. 18
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

(a) South America
Regular Sailings From ENGLAND to BRAZIL AND THE ARGENTINE
By large R. M. S. P. & Nelson Line Mail Steamers
(b) Central America
(a) The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
(a-b) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
(a) Nelson Lines
SOUTH AFRICA By UNION-CASTLE LINE
SANDERSON & SON, Gen'l Agents, 26 Broadway, New York. Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

Holland-America LINE
T. S. S. ROTTERDAM WILL SAIL FROM New York to Rotterdam VIA FALMOUTH on or about February 19
Passengers for England and France Will Be Landed at Falmouth.
For Rates and Further Information, Apply General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

AMERICAN LINE PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Haverford...Feb. 4...Mar. 15
WHITE STAR LINE NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Adriatic....Feb. 8 | Baltic....Feb. 15
And Regularly Thereafter.
PORTLAND, ME.—LIVERPOOL
Megantic........Feb. 8
N. Y.—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic........Feb. 22
DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS Britain—Ireland—Italy—Scandinavia
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

STEAMSHIP PASSAGES
To Europe, South America, West Indies, South Africa, Australia, China, Japan, etc. Official Agents for All Trans-Atlantic and Trans-Pacific S. S. Lines. Tours and Tickets by All Rail Routes. Complete arrangements for business or recreation travel, including Pullman reservations, rail tickets, &c.
THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway. 561 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

HONOLULU SUVA, NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA
CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
Largest, Newest, best-equipped Steamers. For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry. 1231 Broadway, New York, or to Gen. Agent, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office, 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7500

COMMERCIAL SOUTH AMERICAN LINE WEST INDIES AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS Sailing March 15, 1919.
Frank Tourist Co., Passenger Agents. 398 Broadway. Phone Franklin 4530.
Moore & McCormack Co., Inc., Frt. Agts. 29 Broadway. Phone Whitehall 690.

WARD LINE.—Regular steamship service to Havana; Mexico, including Progreso, Vera Cruz and Tampico; Nassau, Bahamas. Information on request. New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co., foot Wall St., New York.

CALIFORNIA Raymond-Whitcomb Tours 225 Fifth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 6270.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE NORWAY, SWEDEN, DENMARK For Sailings, Rates, Etc., apply to Passenger Office, 1 Broadway, N. Y.

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE NEW YORK to GOTHENBURG, SWEDEN Twin Screw S.S. STOCKHOLM, FEB. 15. Nielsen & Lundbeck, 24 State St., N. Y.

NORWEGIAN-AMERICA LINE NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK STAVANGERFJORD, JAN. 30. Passenger Office, 8-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIP LINES—For all points South. Old Dominion, Savannah, Southern Pacific S. S. Lines. For passenger information apply to Consolidated Railway ticket offices or Companies' offices

STEAMBOATS.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED. COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30. Above prices include war tax. Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5 P. M. Phone Spring 9491.

NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, KINGSTON Mon., Wed. and Fri.; Franklin St., 4 P. M. Phone Franklin 4675.
Central Hudson Line

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE Daylight service up the Hudson Discontinued for Season.

TOURS.

Egypt—India
American & Indian Line
From NEW YORK direct to PORT SAID, MADRAS, RANGOON, CALCUTTA
SS Trafford Hall sailing about Feb. 15
Carrying FIRST CLASS ONLY ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
For rates of passage, etc., apply to
Norton, Lilly & Co.
Produce Exchange Building, New York City
General Agents for Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co., Ltd.

RAILROADS.
WINTER SPORTS IN CANADA. Hotels—Place Viger, Montreal; Chateau Frontenac, Quebec. Canadian Pacific Railway Standard. F. R. PERRY, Gen. Agt., 1231 B'way.

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.
Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 Wh. Plains.

NEW JERSEY.
Pudding Stone Inn
Winter rates; one hour out, Lackawanna. Folder. G. N. VINCENT, BOONTON, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.
The Shelburne ATLANTIC CITY with its FRENCH GRILL and RIVIERA TERRACE Reopens February 1st after many improvements under same liberal direction. European Plan. Jacob Weikel

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ROYAL PALACE HOTEL AND COTTAGES on the beach. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR COMFORT AND PLEASURE NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS Cap 600 Special Winter Rates. Diet Kitchen. Open All Year. S. Henstein, Prop.

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Hotel STRAND FIREPROOF On the ocean front Capacity 600. Always open Seawater in all baths. Orchestra THE IDEAL FAMILY RESORT HOTEL

PIERREPONT Family Hotel Mrs Gerson L. Kahn

ARLINGTON Michigan Ave., near Beach.—Attractive in location, equipment, service and comforts. Winter rates. R. J. OSBORNE & SON.

PHILLIPS HOUSE Massachusetts Ave., near Beach. F. P. PHILLIPS.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.
LAUREL HOUSE LAKEWOOD, N. J. The Laurel House is justly famous for its homelike atmosphere, hospitality and charming social life. Laurel House Gun Club, Trap Shooting. Complete Hydro-Therapeutic Baths in Hotel. Booklet and information on request. Tel. 430 Lakewood. A. J. Murphy, Mgr. C. F. Murphy, Asst. Mgr.

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Booklets and information at Bertha Ruffner Hotel Bureau, Hotel McAlpin; Cook's, 245 B'way, 561 Fifth Ave.; Marsters, 285 Fifth Ave.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 255 Fifth Ave.; "Ask Mr. Foster" at Lord & Taylor's; Frank Tourist Co., 489 Fifth Ave.; Brooklyn Eagle Resort Bureau.

Hotel Clarendon SEABREEZE, FLORIDA and cottages. Directly on ocean. 18 hole golf course. Booklet. 1,180 Broadway, New York.

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Burlington Hotel 431 Rooms with Bath, $2.50 to $5.00 WASHINGTON, D. C.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of IRVING I. GURFINKEL and SAMUEL S. MEISTER, individually and as co-partners, trading under the firm name of GURFINKEL & MEISTER, Bankrupts.—No. 26220.
To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:
Please take notice that Marcus Helfand, the Receiver herein, has filed with me his petition setting forth that he has received an offer of one Michael Goodman to purchase all of the assets of the estate herein by paying to all creditors whose claims are proved and allowed 25 per cent. in cash and to pay in addition all priority claims and expenses of administration.
A special meeting of creditors to consider, act and pass upon the said offer, and to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on February 4, 1919, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.
New York, January 29, 1919.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26544.—In Bankruptcy.—BYRON C. DARLING, Bankrupt.
Byron C. Darling was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 24, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on February 11, 1919, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.
Notice is given that MORITZ EISNER, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on March 3d, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
HAROLD P. COFFIN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

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PACKARD TWIN SIXES to hire; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. & V. Williamson, 204 West 42d St. 'Phone 4219 Bryant.
PACKARD Landaulet, 1917 Model, with trustworthy, competent chauffeur, for rent monthly. Phone Plaza 2100. 153 East 53d St.
CADILLAC limousine, attractive; hour, week, month. Phone H. Wedge, 5174 Riverside.
PACKARD 7-passenger for hire, careful driver; $2.50 an hour. Plaza 9290.

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STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St., at Broadway. 20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue 1.
ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, West 54th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.
Auto School WEST SIDE Y M C A, 318 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U. S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

BANKER SHOT DEAD AS HE CALLS FOR AID

Smith W. Conklin, Financier, of Patchogue, Is Killed by a Detective.

SLAYER WOUNDS HIMSELF

Policeman, Answering Conklin's Cry for Help, Arrives Too Late—Quarreled Over Mortgage.

Special to The New York Times.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Jan. 29.—As the result of a quarrel over money matters, Smith W. Conklin, a pioneer of this village and one of its wealthiest citizens, was shot dead this afternoon by William W. Wright, for many years a private detective with an office at 152 Nassau Street, Manhattan. Wright, who is more than 50 years old, attempted to kill himself the instant his 60-year-old victim fell dead at his feet, but in the Patchogue Clinics, whither he was removed a prisoner, it was said tonight that he would recover.

The tragedy which startled this little town all happened within a very few seconds, so few, in fact, that Traffic Policeman George W. Denton, to whom Conklin called from his front window for help when his visitor became menacing, burst into the room just as the last of the three shots fired creased Wright's own forehead. Conklin, founder of the Citizens' Trust Company, the Union Savings Bank, and the Patchogue Bank, all of this town, and a member of the recently liquidated Manhattan Stock Exchange firm of Cox, Grisby, Conklin Company, was one of the best known residents of the village. He was reputed to be a millionaire. Wright, who lived here as a boy, had many friends in the village, and the two men had known each other many years. Wright's present home is at 22 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn.

Two stories of the dealings that led up to the shooting were gathered, one from the Suffolk County authorities who investigated the case and the other from Mrs. Wright who, in her Brooklyn home, told of her husband's financial relations with the man he had killed. The stories agreed in purport, but differed somewhat in detail.

According to Coroner W. H. Moore of Bayshore and other county officials, Conklin held a mortgage for $2,000 on a piece of property in the western end of the village which was part of the estate of Wright's father, James S. Wright, who died about seven years ago, of whose estate Wright and his brother, George Wright, were the executors. Conklin, formerly a local justice of the peace, foreclosed the mortgage about a month ago and at forced sale the property failed to satisfy the lien. Conklin then proceeded to levy upon other local holdings of the estate, satisfying his claim, but practically wiping out the Wright brothers' interest in the estate.

The story told by Mrs. Wright was that she herself held a mortgage of $1,500 on the Patchogue property which, some six months ago, she decided to foreclose. She explained that her relations with her husband were entirely amicable and it was merely to protect her investment that she thought it might be wise to take this action. Wright persuaded her to visit Conklin at Patchogue, and as a result of this visit her claim was satisfied. Beyond that, Mrs. Wright, who was in a highly nervous condition, was hazy as to details of the transactions involving the property, but said that for six months Wright had been melancholy and brooding over the tangle in an estate which he valued at some $30,000. He felt, the wife said, that he had been treated unfairly by Conklin, but she herself did not know whether such was the case.

Mrs. Wright left her home early today to attend the funeral of a friend, and had no idea that her husband intended visiting Patchogue. She knew that he never carried a pistol, but that he kept one in the office, and she felt certain if he had taken a pistol with him he had stopped at the office for it.

Wright reached Patchogue about noon. He met Constable John Glover at Main Street and Ocean Avenue, were Conklin's office looked down upon the intersection of the two busiest streets from the second floor of the Conklin building. Wright talked rather bitterly to Glover about Conklin "not having treated him right," but gave no intimation that he meditated revenge.

Just when Wright entered the office of Conklin is unknown, but if he went in just after he talked with Glover, the two men must have been closeted for two hours. It was just 2 o'clock when Conklin ran to the window of his office, flung it open, and called to Policeman Denton:

"Come quick; I'm having trouble with a man up here."

Denton started on a run for the stairway, followed more slowly by a few curious persons who heard the call for help. Before Denton was half way up the stairs a shot sounded, followed quickly by a second, and more slowly by a third, which echoed just before the policeman bounded into the room.

Conklin lay in front of the window. One bullet had penetrated his back below the left shoulder blade and the other below the right shoulder blade, both ranging downward, as Dr. W. H. Roe discovered a few minutes later. Wright had killed Conklin before he could turn from the window. Wright himself had fallen under a table. He had twisted the barrel of his weapon just enough to change what would have been a fatal shot into the brain into a deep flesh wound that caused much loss of blood, but did no permanent injury.

The Wrights have no children. Conklin is survived by a wife and a daughter, the latter Mrs. Daisy Furman, wife of County Judge Furman of Suffolk County.

Late tonight Wright made a statement concerning the shooting. Questioned by District Attorney Green, he said:

"I was in the office twenty minutes. We were talking about the property I once owned. I was ordered out of the office, but I refused to go. Conklin said he would have me thrown out. He then went to the window, opened it and called for help. I saw red, then."

"What do you mean?" asked the District Attorney.

"Oh, you know what I mean," said Wright.

"I then tried to do away with myself, but I guess I have made a very poor job of it."

The inquest will probably take place at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

PICK JURY TO TRY O'LEARY.

Taking of Testimony Expected to Begin This Afternoon.

The work of getting a jury to try Jeremiah A. O'Leary and his codefendant, Adolph Stern, the last named an alien enemy, was continued in the Federal District Court yesterday. They are on trial, together with the American Truth Society, the pro-German organization of which O'Leary was the head, of having entered into a conspiracy to obstruct the operation of the military laws of the country.

It is expected that the jury will be completed today, and that the taking of testimony will begin either this afternoon or tomorrow morning.

Jay Willard Robinson, who was indicted recently for treason, was arraigned for pleading before Judge Learned Hand yesterday. He entered a tentative plea of not guilty. Judge Hand set his case for trial on March 4.

PRAISES CROMWELL TWINS.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt Says Their Work in France Was Remarkable.

Information confirming the belief that the twins, the Misses Gladys and Dorothea Cromwell, who for more than a year had been engaged in relief work for the Red Cross in France, had jumped overboard from the steamer La Lorraine to their death, suffering a nervous reaction after hostilities ceased, was given yesterday in an interview with Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt at her home, 660 Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. Vanderbilt said that the two young women had suffered uncomplainingly the hardships and privations incident to their dangerous work until they broke down mentally and chose the end taken by many a soldier who, having "done his bit," resorted to suicide after the armistice was signed.

"It is a special grief and loss," she said, "to all the women of the Red Cross service who have served in France to learn of the pathetic ending to the fine work of Gladys and Dorothea Cromwell.

"A special tribute was paid to them by Mrs. Mott, head of the canteen, and her assistant, Miss Harriet Rogers, last September. They reported that even in the splendid group stationed at Chalons the services of the Misses Cromwell were super-excellent. 'They are angels,' said Miss Rogers, 'who not only do first-class work on day and night service, but also find time to visit the soldiers in French hospitals and to befriend the little French refugee children. Everybody loves them and admires their efficiency and courage in real danger.'

"My only doubt when I talked with them was whether they could adapt themselves to new and difficult conditions, but they did it with a spirit which won my entire confidence.

"If they suffered a nervous reaction after the great need for effort was over, the same thing occurred to some of the best men in the allied armies. Such souls, who besides giving their best in service are too sympathetic to endure the suffering of others, are entitled not only to our warmest sympathy but our truest admiration."

Mrs. Edward Shearson, Chairman of the Committee of Fatherless Children in France, who returned on the Lorraine, said that she had seen the sisters several times, and found them to be much depressed and nervous. She refused to discuss the matter in detail, but declared with much emphasis that mothers in this country who have daughters serving as war workers in France should have them return.

"If you have a girl between the ages of 18 and 25," she said, "doing relief work in France or Belgium, call her back at once now that the war is over." She said that if a daughter answered that she could not be released from her war duties, that it would be untrue, as every war work unit or relief organization would now release every young girl wanted at home.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Watch, chain, medallion and toothpick, gold, on Saturday, Jan. 18, in West 109th St.; watch letters P. S., chain snake-like; medallion has big garnet; no questions asked and reward $50 if returned to 210 West 109th, Apt. 8.

LOST—Open-face gold watch, H. B., with gold fob ribbon, monogramed "L. J. B." last Sunday going from 50th St. subway to Long Island Railroad, Pennsylvania Station; reward. S. M. Boody, 355 West 85th.

LOST—String of pearls on Broadway, Wednesday afternoon, between Metropolitan Opera House and Vanderbilt Theatre. Reward if returned to E. M. Ruland, 43 West 72d.

LOST—White French bulldog, with round black spot on left side of back, black around both eyes; answers to name of Dominic. Liberal reward for his return to 30 West 52d St.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, between Gimbel's and Broadway Theatre, late Wednesday afternoon; initials W. M. P.; reward. Address F. M. Henkel, 6 Stephenson Boulevard, New Rochelle.

LOST—Screw earring, pink pearl set in diamonds, going in taxi from 21 West 58th St. to 152 West 58th St., then to Biltmore Hotel, Tuesday evening, about 11:30. Suitable reward if returned to L. Reed, 21 West 58th St.

LOST—$50 reward, no questions asked, for the return of pearl and diamond ring, lost Jan. 25, between Grand Central and 48th St., west of Broadway. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

LOST—White linen bag, containing chanels, with 1 pearl ring, 1 diamond ring, and necklace with 12 diamonds; generous reward. Apply Hotel Hamilton, 145 West 73d St.

LOST—In New Brunswick, N. J., early January, Elgin watch, black leather wrist case, initials "M. A. C."; $10 reward. V. Parisi, 7 Livingston Av., New Brunswick, N. J.

LOST—At Finyhouse, Wednesday matinee, beaded bag, owner's name inside. Return Hotel Bretton Hall, Broadway and 86th St. Reward.

LOST—On 5th Av., between 34th and 60th Sts., black and blue beaded bag, containing keys, purse, theatre tickets, and money; liberal reward. Office, 14 East 60th St.

LOST—A sapphire and diamond bargain, Monday afternoon at the Log Show at the Plaza. Finder please return to Plaza and receive reward.

LOST—Jan. 28, between 5th Av. at 29th St. and Broadway at 116th St., black velvet bag, containing keys and papers, suitable reward. A. Jacobson, 219 5th Av.

LOST—Person finding pocketbook in ladies' room, 5d floor, Gimbel's, Wednesday, about 5:15, please return contents without money to 201 Lexington Av. No questions asked.

LOST—Diamond, emerald, and ruby lizard pin; liberal reward; no questions asked. Return to Leon Osterweill, 251 West 98th St., Apartment 5-C.

LOST—In subway, large lapis lazuli (dark blue stone) ring; reward if returned. M. D. B., R 528 Times Downtown.

LOST—Two diamond rings, between 12-2, restaurant, 118 William St. Return to 118 William St. Reward.

LOST—Gentleman's laundry, Long Island train from Huntington, Jan. 28, $5. A 346 Times.

LOST—Gold watch, open face; Louis D. Hardy engraved on back. Return to 314 East 65th. Reward.

LOST—Tuesday, Sumske fur in Eltinge Theatre. Reward, 101 West 74th. G. Buck.

LOST—In Fulman, Monday, three rings, including Tiffany set diamond 1¾ carats; liberal reward and no questions. S 259 Times.

LOST—Gold eyeglasses, in Wanamaker's case, possibly on street or in bus; reward. Telephone Audubon 1040, Apt. 23.

LOST—Beaux-Arts, Sunday night, circle pearls and diamonds; reward. Circle 5566.

LOST—On Jan. 28, diamond-pearl bar pin; reward. Ward, 28 East 28th.

WILL person who telephoned Dunlap-Yellow Astor regarding bracelet write Mrs. Howe, 141 West 57th St.

$100 REWARD OFFERED, no questions asked, for return black lace scarf (fur-loom) lost on Monday, Jan. 13, either Knickerbocker Theatre, 60th St. and Broadway, Century Roof, or East 70th St.; [illegible] 134 East 70th St., New York. Phone Rhinelander 9373.

$500 REWARD and no questions asked for the return of small white linen bag containing single stone diamond ring, single stone pearl ring and twelve stone diamond and platinum neckchain to E. M. Sattle & Co., 510 Fifth Av., opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of large platinum brooch, set with 5 large diamonds and numerous smaller diamonds; lost in ball room of Hotel Commodore on Tuesday evening. Jacques, 561 5th Av. Vanderbilt 4872.

$1,000 REWARD

Cavalliere pin, four chains, with four 2-carat diamond pendents and 23 ½-carat ones in design, lost Saturday evening Pennsylvania Hotel, or vicinity. Return to Hyde Sloan & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Found.

FOUND—In Central Park, two opera tickets. Lower apply to Room 1,305, 26 Liberty St. Phone John 5975.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Small, white, long-haired dog, tan ears, wearing a flat collar, brass bells; answers name of Peggy. Liberal reward for returning to 14 East 30th St.

LOST—About Jan. 20, black and white Irish terrier answering to name of Sandy. Liberal reward if returned to Juneau, 1 West 67th St.

LOST—Red Irish terrier, dog; reward. 63 East 82d St.

FOUND—Small, brown dog, short hair, Mexican. Morningside Park. Phone Morningside 7418.

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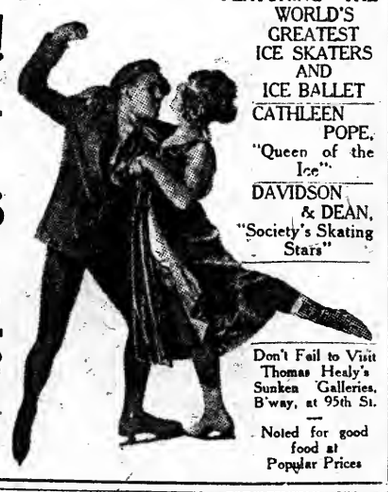

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He began to wonder if everyone in New York knew who sold Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes, and as an experiment, he asked in turn, a policeman, a stranger, a salesman in a jewelry store, and a ticket seller in the Grand Central.

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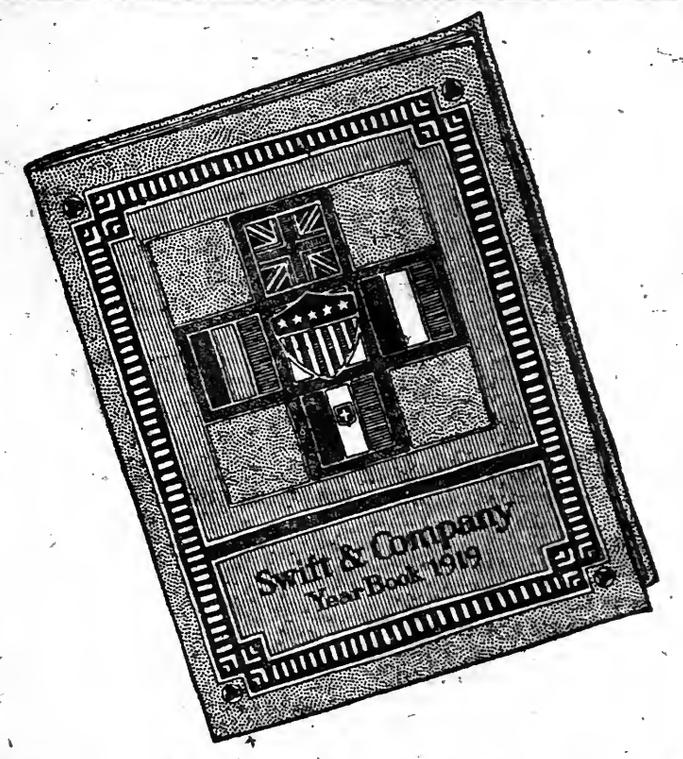

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THE WEATHER
Fair today and tomorrow; somewhat cooler; strong west winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

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MAYO LIKENS PEACE LEAGUE TO A SEWING CIRCLE

Admiral Sees It as Powerless and Advocates Building the World's Greatest Navy.

SAYS NOW IS TIME TO ACT

Tells House Committee Foreign Nations Might Criticise Naval Expansion Later.

ASKS VOTE FOR 16 SHIPS

Wants Peace-Time Navy at War Strength — Members Await Peace Conference Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Admiral Henry T. Mayo, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic fleet, before the House Naval Affairs Committee today, urged immediate authorization of a naval building program which would give the United States the largest navy in the world.

That authorization, he said, should be made by Congress without awaiting the outcome of the Peace Conference. Asked whether he thought the navies of the big Powers would be employed as an international police force, he said he did not believe there would be such a force created by the Peace Conference, and that idea ought not to be a factor in the determination of this country's naval policy.

Apparently referring to the proposed League of Nations, he said:

"This idea is rapidly getting down to a sewing circle, with no means of enforcement, and with no international police force."

Admiral Mayo advocated a new type of capital ship, embodying features of both dreadnought and battle cruiser, and insisted that provision be made in the naval bill, about to be reported to the House, for a personnel sufficiently large to maintain American fighting ships at the same strength in peace as in war times.

Appearance Deemed Significant.

Great opposition exists in the Naval Affairs Committee to recommending the building of any ships until after the Peace Conference's declaration on armament. This opposition started when Secretary Daniels sent his recommendations to the committee, containing a proposed second three-year building program, and continued when, in appearing before the committee, he insisted that the President favored the building of a navy which would be commensurate with that of Great Britain. President Wilson was declared by Secretary Daniels to have taken that position after the armistice was signed and just before he sailed for France.

The appearance of Admiral Mayo today, twenty-four hours before the committee was scheduled to vote on the naval program, was taken by several members to mean that the President had not changed his opinion on a big navy. Admiral Mayo's recommendations exceeded in some particulars the scope of the original recommendations of the General Navy Board. He estimated that to maintain a navy which would measure up to England's would cost $1,000,000,000 annually.

Admiral Mayo urged that sixteen capital ships be constructed immediately, protected with 12-inch armor plate, and having the speediest engines and the heaviest guns obtainable, with largely increased deck protection. There should be a large fleet of aviation ships as auxiliaries, he said.

A large navy, he asserted, was necessary for the protection of the American merchant marine which is being planned for trade expansion. He said the world expected the United States to have a big navy and the people in this country had been led by the speech made by President Wilson in St. Louis and the recommendations made by Secretary Daniels, to believe that this policy would be carried out.

No Foreign Criticism Now.

"The present is the time, and the only time, for us to create the greatest navy, which I believe we need," testified Admiral Mayo. "Financial centres are about to shift from Europe to America, with all the resultant jealousies. If we postpone upbuilding of the navy and start it later, other nations may be inclined to ask then why we are expanding and whether our policy conflicts with theirs. But if we do it now it will not be questioned by other nations.

"We know what the President's policy is from what he has said in his speeches, and we know that Secretary Daniels favors a greater navy. Furthermore, we know what our policy is to be regarding an American merchant marine. Everything considered, my idea is that this is the exact time to go the limit in expanding the navy."

Discussing the desirability of having new types of ships embracing the results of naval lessons of the war, Admiral Mayo said:

"We shall have enough destroyers without those now building and authorized. The same is true of submarines. We must go back to capital ships. The experience of the fleet for several years shows the necessity of having scout cruisers.

"The very wisest thing Congress could do would be to authorize sixteen capital ships, with their type, character, armor, and speed to be determined upon after exhaustive review of all informa-

Continued on Page Three.

DURING CONVALESCENCE FROM INFLUENZA—and pneumonia—take Imperial Granum Food. Nourishing, strengthening, delicious, with no sickish sweetness. Any druggist, 25c.—Advt.

Paris Gives $100,000 Site To U. S. University Union

PARIS, Jan. 30, (Associated Press.)—A building site, valued at $100,000, the gift of the City of Paris, was formally accepted for the American University Union today by Henry B. Thompson, Princeton, Treasurer of the union.

The ceremony took place in the Inter-Allied Club. M. Chassaigne-Goyon, Vice President of the Paris Municipal Council, represented the City of Paris. James Hazen Hyde presided.

The American University Union contemplates the erection of a building, for which plans already have been drawn. The funds for the building will be secured in the United States. The structure will be used as a home for American students in Paris as well as to provide French students with information regarding American universities.

COLLISION TIES UP ELEVATED, 1 DEAD

Traffic on Third Avenue Line in Bronx Suspended for Three Hours.

20 OR 30 PERSONS HURT

Police and Firemen Get Passengers Safely to Street and Put Out Flames in Wrecked Car.

A rear-end collision between two Third Avenue elevated trains, occuring in clear weather and on a straightaway track at 175th Street at 6:18 o'clock last evening killed one woman, injured twenty or thirty persons, and tied up all traffic on the road for three hours. Only quick and cool work on the part of trainmen and firemen from a nearby station who extinguished a fire in the sixth car of the forward train prevented a greater tragedy.

The forward train, a seven-car Bronx Park local, was made up of the old-style wooden cars, while the train which hit it, a seven-passenger Bronx Park express which had been switched to the local tracks at 149th Street, was made up of the more modern combination steel and wooden cars with side doors, removed by the Interborough from its underground lines and placed on the elevated. As a result practically all the damage was done to the forward train, its rear car locking with the vestibule of the front car of the train behind and battering its way one-fourth of the distance through the sixth car.

Motorman Albert Vogt of the rear train, who was held on a charge of homicide, insisted he was going but three miles an hour when he hit the other train. Experts who viewed the wreckage were inclined to think his estimate was accurate, and that had he been going much faster there would have resulted a disaster that would have rivaled the recent Malbone tunnel smash in Brooklyn.

The woman killed was Elizabeth Graff, 21, of 2,068 Crotona Avenue, a stenographer. She was identified in Fordham Morgue by her brother, Frederick. Apparently she had gone to the rear platform on the sixth car or to the forward one of the seventh preparatory to alighting at the Tremont Station, which would have been the next stop. When Vogt's train struck the other the platform of the rear train crumpled and the wreckage so interlocked with Vogt's platform that oxy-acetylene torches had to be used to cut the two apart. As the seventh car tore its way into the sixth that car was raised from its rear trucks, its roof and sides splintering in all directions. Miss Graff was found crushed on the forward platform of the seventh car. Dr. Barrow of Fordham Hospital found she had been killed instantly, and her body badly mutilated.

When news of Miss Graff's death reached her home her widowed mother, seriously ill with pneumonia, collapsed. Miss Graff was employed by the American Society for Heating and Ventilating, of 33 West Thirty-ninth Street. She was well known in Bronx society, and during the war was very active in Red Cross affairs and a keen worker in Liberty Bond and Saving Stamp sales.

Of the injured, Joseph Alemed, a guard on the forward train, got a broken leg, and Eileen Perdisakett of 636 Oak Tree Place suffered internal injuries. They were taken to Fordham. Others who were taken home after lesser hurts had been dressed were Blanche Rad of 2,489 Tiebout Avenue, Darian Harkin of 2,307 Washington Avenue, and Emma Stohe of 2,798 Marion Avenue, all in the Bronx. More than a score of others, cut by flying glass, bruised in the scramble to escape or hurt a little by jagged splinters, went to their homes or to private physicians without recording their names with the police.

Motorman John F. Britt had just taken the local train out of the 174th Street Station, its rear car being about 200 feet north of that point when the collision came. There are no block signals there, but though it was dark the night was perfectly clear. Following the crash, first smoke and then little darts of flame appeared in the splintered sixth car, and the intermittent crackling of the short circuits added to the confusion.

Sergeant Scanlan, standing at the 175th Street corner, shouted to a patrolman to send in an alarm and raced to the platform to find men and women climbing out of windows, wedged in fighting jams in the doorways and shoving one another along the narrow walk at the side of the rails thirty feet above the street. Scanlan, joined by guards and other policemen, did much to quell the

Continued on Page Four.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

BRITISH LABOR TO CARRY FIGHT INTO PARLIAMENT

Leaders Prepare to Demand a Declaration of Policy from the Government.

WORKERS IGNORE UNIONS

Radical Elements Are Calling Strikes Without Authority of Their Organizations.

CABINET REFUSES TO ACT

Meanwhile Belfast Tieup Grows, Many Plants Being Without Electric Power.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Parliamentary Labor Party, it is announced tonight, intends to raise the entire question of industrial unrest at the first opportunity after Parliament meets. They hope to draw a declaration of policy from the Government and, in case they do not consider that satisfactory, will bring forward plans of their own. In that they will be aiming at one of the principal causes of the present troubles.

Preoccupied as the Government is with the Peace Conference, there has been a notable absence of leadership in home affairs, and this morning the Daily Chronicle, ardent supporter of Lloyd George as it is, took the ministers severely to task for "failing behind their opportunity and their duty."

While not exonerating employers or employed from all blame, the Chronicle considered that the Government's apparent inaction had much to do with the dangerous situation. The need of clear ministerial pronouncements is urged, particularly by those who are least inclined to take sensational views of the labor troubles and who consider them inevitable.

"What did you expect?" THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent was asked tonight. "We shall not realize for ten years all we went through in the war. Strikes were inevitable, and it is lucky it is not Summer time."

Several points about the situation seem to these people to signify that, however deplorable disputes are, the great bulk of British workingmen are keeping their heads. Thus, even in Glasgow by no means all of the workers have come out, and there are many instances of strikes coming to an end and men going back pending the results of conferences.

Infected with Bolshevism.

The trouble is that it is clearly recognized that there are certain young labor elements that do not want grievances redressed at all. They are out, not to improve the conditions of labor, but to make use of the more or less justifiable complaints of the older men to foment disturbances that will ultimately undermine the present order of society.

They are infected with syndicalist or Bolshevist ideals, and are almost as much opposed to sober old trade unionism as they are to capitalism. Working through shop stewards, they are flouting the recognized trade union officials, and deliberately calling unauthorized strikes against agreements only just concluded. This is causing a good deal of anxiety to the regular labor leaders. It is rendering useless the weapon of collective bargaining just after it has been finally recognized as a result of years of fighting.

J. H. Thomas, M. P., met such a situation by offering his resignation from the Railwaymen's Union, when certain Welsh locals had repudiated a bargain he had made. It is too much to hope that all union officials will have the strength or spirit to follow his example, but the old established labor leaders are beginning to realize that they are not threatened least by the prevailing unrest.

One strange element in the situation is the excuse put forward at Belfast and other places that shorter hours are necessary in order to absorb the thousands now being demobilized. As a matter of fact, the returns of unemployed men have not so far been at all alarming. All men have not yet found their jobs, but unemployment benefits paid by the Government have prevented any distress. More would have found work, undoubtedly, if the Cabinet had announced its decisions about its commercial policy and removed more restrictions from traders and manufacturers. This is one more reason why definite pronouncements on the entire industrial situation are anxiously looked for.

Cabinet Not to Intervene.

LONDON, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—The Cabinet met today to discuss the labor troubles. It is understood that the ministers decided against intervening at present in the strikes on the ground

Continued on Page Three.

Railroad Building and Loan Association SHARES PAY 5% AND 6% 103 Park Ave., Cor. 41st. Booklet.—Advt.

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO., Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 7 Wall St.—Advt.

Brazil to Ask for Indemnity and Money in German Banks

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Brazil will support the United States and other leading powers in all matters brought before the Peace Conference, said Dr. Epitacio Pessoa, head of the Brazilian delegation to the Peace Conference, to The Associated Press.

Dr. Pessoa said his assurance applied particularly to the disposition of requisitioned German ships, of which Brazil holds forty-three, and also the indemnities for which Brazil will make a claim.

"Most of the questions which Brazil will submit to the conference," he added, "are absolutely insignificant as compared with the tremendous problems which the powers will have to solve. The most important Brazilian question is a request that Germany return $130,000,000 which we have deposited in German banks as a guarantee for loans."

PARIS APACHES IN OUR UNIFORMS

Crimes Laid to American Soldiers Committed by Native Thugs in Disguise.

FRENCH POLICE ADMIT IT

Wave of Outlawry Greatly Exaggerated—Thirty-four Murders Dwindle to Two.

PARIS, Jan. 30, (Associated Press.)—That Apaches of all nationalities dressed in American uniforms were mainly responsible for the acts of violence which have caused broadcast publicity to be given to an alleged American crime wave in Paris was shown by an investigation conducted by The Associated Press today.

It was further ascertained that assaults and holdups are infinitesimal in number as compared with the published figures of the crime wave, existing nearly exclusively in the vivid imagination of sensational local newspapers.

An opportunity was presented to verify at Police Headquarters the figures respecting crimes during last December. Thirty-four murders charged to Americans were discredited and dwindled to two, and 244 holdups and assaults were reduced by 80 per cent.

There have been numerous fistic encounters, however, but they were mostly between Americans, old-fashioned rough-and-tumble brawls, in which arrests are rarely made in American cities, where, for the most part, the pugnacious individuals merely would be requested by the police to go home, or a humorous policeman would advise them: "If you want to fight, go to Europe."

Brig. Gen. William W. Harts of the United States Army in a statement given out today says:

"The reports concerning the large number of murders by American soldiers in Paris are untrue. They are greatly exaggerated. The number of military police in Paris has been increased merely because of the greater number of soldiers passing through the city, not because of unusual disorder. The statistics show that the American soldiers are maintaining their high standard of discipline in every detail, wherever they may be."

The Paris Chief of Police, M. Mouton, said he was greatly pleased at the cooperation of the American detectives who have recently arrived here. "We have established a liaison between the officers of the American Provost Marshal and Police Headquarters," he added. "The French and American police are working in harmony."

Chief Mouton refused to make a statement on the extent of crime, but said that outside of some thefts of automobiles, to the prejudice of the American Army, American soldiers did not deserve the hard reputation which had gone abroad through various reports.

A high official at Police Headquarters referring to the department's records previously mentioned and the street brawls, said:

"Not all of these may be charged to Americans, as there have been many cases in which the similarity of the uniforms of Australians and Americans has led to the Americans being blamed for fights and holdups in which the Australians were engaged or committed. There have been some arrests by the British military police of Australians for misdemeanors and crimes, which at first Americans were thought to be guilty. There are also many men who are engaged in labor at the various American departments, recruited from among workingmen of all nationalities and who were discharged after the armistice. They are wearing discarded American uniforms, and in several cases they have been found guilty of holdups.

"Also, our own Apaches, strong in the belief of immunity through the popularity of the American uniform, have obtained by hook or crook some of these uniforms and have gone about their work in earnest. Surely there are some real Americans guilty, but the percentage is not nearly as great as that published."

POLES PROTEST TO CZECHS.

Paderewski Voices Objection to Invasion of Silesia.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Premier Paderewski of Poland, according to a dispatch from Cracow, has protested to the Czechoslovak Government against the invasion of Silesia by Czechoslovak troops.

The Supreme Council of Allied and Associated Powers at its session Wednesday heard representatives of Poland and Czechoslovakia concerning the conflict between Polish and Czechoslovak forces in Silesia, which is situated between the two countries.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

PLAN FOR GERMAN COLONIES ADOPTED; ALLIED ARMY TO BE SENT TO TURKEY; TO LIFT BLOCKADE EXCEPT TO GERMANY

ECONOMIC PLAN DISCUSSED

War Council for Opening Ports of Austria and the Balkans.

ENEMY STATES IN LEAGUE

Can Be Admitted Only if They Repay Fully for Devastation, Says Leon Bourgeois.

PLANS FOR ORGANIZATION

Convention of All the States Eligible to Membership Will Be Held.

PARIS, Jan. 30, (Associated Press.)—The War Council at a meeting today considered economic and financial questions and the subject of raw materials. The sentiment was favorable to the relaxation of the blockade so far as it concerned southeastern Europe, including the Balkans and Austria-Hungary.

A universal conference of all States desiring to participate in a League of Nations will be the final act in the formation of the league, Leon Bourgeois, the French authority on the subject, stated today. This conference would be held after the Peace Conference had approved the scheme now being drafted by the representatives of the great allied associations.

The universal conference will pass on the admission of each State into the league and enemy states will be accepted on the same footing as others. The enemy States, however, M. Bourgeois said, must give proof that they no longer foster lust of conquest and that they will "repay fully for the devastation and ruin they have caused."

No distinctively American plan will be submitted to the committee appointed to work out the details of the constitution and functions of the League of Nations, it was learned today. The American representatives, it appears, believe that it will be easier to obtain the results desired by them and insure the energetic promotion of an acceptable plan if some other power than the United States stands sponsor for the scheme.

The American plan is to occupy a receptive position, favoring such portions of the different projects advanced as seems desirable, though it appears to be accepted that the basic plan will be that which was framed by Lord Robert Cecil; and is to be proposed by Premier Lloyd George.

An effort is making to hurry the consideration of the League of Nations plan of organization by the special committee of the conference, but it is not expected that the committee will be ready to report at the next plenary session of the peace-making body.

FOOD RELIEF PLAN BARS PROFITEERING

President's Proposal to the Allies Limited the Sources of Supply.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Correspondence between Colonel E. M. House and the Foreign Ministers of Great Britain, France, and Italy, showing the origin and development of the Commission for World Food Relief, with Herbert C. Hoover as Director General, was made public today by the State Department.

The original plan as suggested by President Wilson, providing among other things for the use of German passenger tonnage in taking American and British troops home and carrying food on the return trips, was accepted, subject to a few changes recommended by the French Government and approved by the other Governments. These included provision for a commission to direct the work through the Director General rather than put this responsibility on the Supreme War Council.

While readily agreeing to the proposal that America should take the management of the administration of the relief, the French Foreign Minister said that it was vital that the aid should be given as coming from all the Allies "and that the enemy should not consider that divergence of views exists in the realisation of a humane purpose as lofty as that which the associated Governments, actuated by the same spirit, are pursuing."

To prevent profiteering, the President's plan provided that the Director General should make his purchases directly from the Food Administrations of the associated Governments or from established allied agencies in neutral countries, and this was approved.

The correspondence shows that the activities of the organization contemplated aid for enemy populations as well as for those liberated from the enemy yoke and the neutrals contiguous to enemy countries. The enemy must pay for their supplies, but money will be loaned to other nations for the purchase of supplies, except in some cases where charity will be necessary.

WARD OFF INFLUENZA! McK. & R. Cin-o-form Lozenges, 50c.—Advt.

Allies Will Occupy Disputed Polish-Czech Zone Until a Definite Frontier Is Established

PARIS, Jan. 30.—An official French statement regarding the questions at issue between the Poles and the Czechoslovaks, to explain which delegates of the respective countries appeared before the Supreme Council yesterday, says that the Polish delegate, M. Dmowski, declared that Poland wished to recover the territory which she possessed before the partitions of 1772 and 1793, including the province and town of Posen and the town of Thorn, and to have free access to the sea by way of Danzig, protected by a strip of territory which would render the means of communication secure.

Dr. Benes, the Czechoslovak delegate, explained the Czechoslovak point of view, and more especially the incidents which led to an armed encounter between the Czechoslovaks and Polish forces on the frontier of Silesia and Bohemia. He said that an agreement was concluded on Nov. 5, 1918, between the Poles and Czechoslovaks for the provisional establishment of a frontier line between the two countries. On Jan. 24 Czechoslovaks entered the Posen district, and these were followed by Polish contingents.

The Conference Committee notified the delegates that it would be necessary to put an end to such acts, and that for a period the zone in dispute should be occupied by the Allies. To this the delegates of both sides agreed.

The question of the definite possession of the industrial centre of Silesia was, however, not settled, nor were any other of the territorial problems submitted by Poland.

The Poles maintain that the district of Posen should be Polish, as Poles constitute 55 per cent. of the population. The Czechoslovaks reply that the region is indispensable for their industries owing to its coal mines. The Peace Conference will decide between the two parties, which, according to the statement, are equally animated by the desire to be conciliatory, and have declared that they are willing to recognize the justice of its judgment.

"From now on," the statement concludes, "frontier incidents between the Poles and Czechoslovaks are settled, and that is the most essential thing."

BRITISH PRESS CONDEMNS PLAN

Globe Calls the Colonial Scheme "Giving Away the Empire."

SEE DANGER TO BRITAIN

Failure to Support Dominions Might Disrupt the Empire, Says The Morning Post.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The discussions of the Paris conference regarding the future of the former German colonies is being followed with intense interest here.

Some newspapers express feeling against the British delegation for what The Globe calls "giving away the empire." A great majority of Englishmen, the newspaper says, strongly support Australia's claim to the islands of the Pacific and South Africa's for possession of German East Africa.

The Globe goes on:

"These former German colonies under the scheme proposed, with its mandatories and the remainder of its visionary suggestions, will fall under the control of a League of Nations which does not exist and which no practical statesman believes in. President Wilson, however, is intent on trying his prentice hand, and proposes to do this at the expense of the British Empire and its allies, France, Italy, and Japan."

The Pall Mall Gazette says it is distinctly unfortunate that the reasons advanced for President Wilson's policy are not fully expounded so as "we can see how far they counterbalance its somewhat obvious drawbacks."

The Standard opposes the mandatory scheme for the Pacific islands and German Southwest Africa, saying that the islands are necessary to safeguard Australia and South Africa. It adds that Australia is as much interested in the Pacific islands as the United States was in the Hawaiian Islands when she annexed them.

The Westminster Gazette asserts that the Dominions need not be alarmed, as they will be the permanent mandatories in the territories in question.

The Morning Post remarks:

"If the British delegates weakly persist in this attitude (of not supporting the Dominions) they are not only surrendering the British interests intrusted to them, but they are sowing the seeds of such bitter discontent as might disunite and disrupt the British Empire."

The official press bureau this evening issued this statement:

"We are authorized to state that the account of the proceedings of the Peace Conference regarding the disposal of the German colonies and the territories of the Turkish Empire, which appeared in certain papers today, is mischievous and inaccurate and entirely misleading."

The reported acceptance by Great Britain of President Wilson's theory of internationalization as applied to enemy colonies, says the Paris correspondent of The Daily Mail, involves the admission that the treaties with Japan regarding the islands in the Pacific, and with the Arabs regarding Syria, and the understanding with France as to the future status of the Kamerun must be arbitrarily modified, if not torn up. The correspondent goes on:

"The Japanese delegates are angry and alarmed, and declare their unalterable determination to claim the islands, as promised. These islands are really the crux of the whole situation.

"The Australians believe President Wilson's firm stand in this matter is due to the fact that Japanese occupation of the islands would impair his prestige in the United States, and that he fears to meet a hostile Congress in March if he agrees to the absolute retention of the islands by Japan.

"Italian delegates frankly avow their claim to Fiume, and insist that the promise of part of the Dalmatian coast stipulated in the pact of London must be made good. They declare that President Wilson's attitude regarding Fiume directly contradicts his declaration of the rights of peoples, outlined in his fourteen points."

Exceptional values in boudoir, dining, library furniture. "Examine" Storage, 826 W. 181th.—Advt.

ANTI-BOLSHEVIKI TO REJECT PARLEY

Paris Committee Says Caucasus and Omsk Governments Are in Complete Accord.

AWAIT WORD OF THE NORTH

President Tschaikovsky on His Way from Archangel to Confer on United Action.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—As yet the Peace Conference has received no formal reply from the Russian Soviet Government regarding the invitation sent to all Russian governments to meet conference representatives at the Princes' Islands, but the Russian Committee in Paris will probably make a formal response in a few days on behalf of the various other Russian governments.

This committee is now considering the proposals, but the prospects seem to be that it will decline to sit in conference with any representatives of the Bolsheviki. The expected declination, however, will be couched in courteous language and will embody a lengthy explanation of the committee's reasons for declining.

Members of the Russian Committee state that all the Caucasus governments, as well as the Omsk Government, are now in complete unity and are giving the Paris Committee their unqualified support. President Tschaikovsky of the Government of North Russia, who sailed from Archangel Jan. 1, is expected to reach Paris within a few days to confer with the committee.

EXPLAINS ALLIES' RETREAT.

North Russian Government Tells Why Shenkursk Was Evacuated.

ARCHANGEL, Jan. 29, (Associated Press.)—The Northern Russian Government, in a proclamation to the population, warns the people against any unnecessary alarm over the recent events which resulted in the evacuation of Shenkursk by American and allied forces.

The proclamation says it was necessary to evacuate Shenkursk because of the small forces available for its defense and also because of the exposed allied position on this front. It declares that the Northern Russian Government is co-operating with the Allies to the extent of its ability.

DEATH FOR INEBRIETY.

Soviet Threat Against Bolshevist Officials of High Degree.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 29.—A threat to punish inebriety among Bolshevist officials of high degree by death is contained in a Soviet decree printed in late issues of the Petrograd newspapers.

The decree points out that drunkenness among such officials is increasing and proposes curative measures. If these do not prove effective, however, the offense, it is threatened, will cause the infliction of the death penalty.

BARUCH AS DELEGATE.

Suggested That He, and Not Baker, Will Take President's Place.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The plan of President Wilson to have Secretary Baker substitute for him as Peace Commissioner during his absence in the United States has been changed. Secretary Baker is not coming to France for this purpose.

It is suggested that Bernard M. Baruch may substitute for the President during his brief absence home.

"LOOKING FORWARD is the day days when you will enjoy THIS." See top of page 4.—Advt.

COUNCIL HAS LONG DEBATE

Provisional Arrangement Reached for Governing Former German Areas.

WILSON ASKED FOR DETAILS

Great Powers Assent to Plan Only on Condition That He Find Workable Basis.

BRING UP MONROE DOCTRINE

Question Raised Whether Our Control of Haiti and Santo Domingo Accords with Plan.

BY RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless and Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The whole subject of the government of the German colonies was discussed fully at today's sessions of the Supreme Council in the presence of the British colonial premiers and the representatives of the French colonies.

As a result of the exchange of views provisional arrangements were perfected for temporary government of the German dependencies in the Pacific as well as of Turkey, where disorders are becoming so widespread that the Supreme War Council at Versailles was instructed to devise means for sending troops there.

After today's session the American delegates were still confident that a solution would be reached which would carry out the principle already accepted by the majority of the powers that there shall be no annexations and that the peoples of civilized territory taken from the enemy, whether in Europe, Asia, Africa, or elsewhere, shall select the nations which will serve as administrators over them, with the League of Nations to select the Governments which shall administer the affairs of the peoples not ready for self-determination.

The Monroe Doctrine is figuring in the discussion about colonies. The question is asked whether the United States may properly continue to administer the affairs of Haiti and San Domingo under its own resolutions, in view of the acceptance of the principle that the League of Nations shall determine how the unstable nationalities shall be governed.

The American delegates contend that this matter is not involved in the principle, but the subject may cause them worry in view of the assertion by some Republicans that the League of Nations plan involves the stability of the Monroe Doctrine.

Still a Contest Over Details.

President Wilson has won half the battle for his policy of internationalization of the former German colonies, but only half. The contest is still on over the demand that the President shall show how his plans can be worked out on a practical basis.

Interest in the conference is centering on this aspect of the matter, with the American commission and particularly the President being pressed closely by those who gave a reluctant assent to the internationalization principle.

To say in this instance that the President has won only half a battle means that the acceptances of the principle, which he has so strenuously advocated, have been given with strings attached. Even Great Britain's acceptance was not unconditional, friendly as the British commission has been to practically everything that the President has proposed.

Japan is the only one of the great powers which has not acknowledged that the internationalization of German colonies should apply, but it is felt that if the President succeeds in convincing Great Britain, France, and Italy that he is able to find a working formula to make this theory practicable, Japan also will agree.

In accepting the President's principle, Great Britain, France, and Italy did so on condition that he would produce a program that would insure a successful administration of German colonial possessions under the supervision of a League of Nations.

It should be explained in this connection that the history of Colonial Administration under joint international control has never been successful. We have the instances of the Congo, Samoa, Morocco and Albania.

These experienced European diplomatists and statesmen with whom Wilson is dealing have these facts fresh in mind, and while none of them

is from Missouri, all want to be shown.

The President's proposal, however, differs from the schemes of direct international control of territory which have proved futile. His is a mandatory system, and while this is recognized in practically all the plans for the formation of a League of Nations there are two conceptions of it which furnish an opportunity for much discussion. Briefly these conceptions are, first, that the League of Nations shall be the trustee of each German colony with some government as its agent; second, that some government shall be the trustee working under a definite mandate from the league.

But these two plans of administrating German dependencies are unimportant beside the pressing question involved in the demand that Wilson prove to the conference that his proposal of internationalisation is practical in operation and not merely idealistic and theoretical.

Want Light on Several Points.

The points on which the plenipotentiaries of the powers want illumination before giving consent to anything other than the principle are:

How is the indebtedness of these colonies to be liquidated?

What is to be the plan of economic management with particular reference to customs?

What is to be the authority of the mandatory or administrator over immigration?

The Australian delegation, which is worked up over the assent of Lloyd George to Wilson's principle of internationalization, is demanding to know whether this policy gives the right to exclude Japanese from territory near the Australian continent, such as New Guinea. One argument advanced by Hughes, the Australian Premier, in favor of adherence to the secret understanding between Great Britain and Japan, under which Japan would get the ownership of the German South Sea possessions north of the Equator, and Australia and New Zealand all such territory south of the Equator, was that this would enable Australia to keep Japanese coolies out of the islands near the Australian coast.

A number of members of the Peace Conference, including some Americans, acknowledge the force of this argument, but it is held by those who support the President's stand that the recognition of a secret agreement is a direct violation of the ideals for which the war was fought, embodied in Wilson's fourteen points, which were accepted by the European nations for their guidance in formulating peace.

The acceptance by Great Britain, France, and Italy of the principle of internationalization amounts to abrogation of the secret understanding between Great Britain and Japan, and it is not likely that there will be a parceling out of the German South Seas territory under that compact or a gentlemen's agreement or whatever it was that had been brought forward to plague the peacemakers.

This, however, does not dispose of the more pressing matter of requiring President Wilson to make good his claim that internationalization is the solution of the problem concerning the conquered German dependencies and the whole present effort of the negotiations is directed to obtaining an answer.

To Apply Principles to Adriatic.

In accepting the principle of internationalization Italy agreed somewhat reluctantly that it should be applied to her aspirations for the possession of Fiume and part of the Dalmatian Coast. But Italy expects it to be mandatory of the League of Nations to administer this territory with the understanding that as soon as possible an opportunity will be given for the inhabitants of this region to exercise the right of self-determination.

There is strong opposition in the conference to giving Italy possession of Fiume even under provisional administration. The inclination of an influential part of the conferees, including, it is believed, the representatives of the United States, is to let the Jugoslavs have outright possession of Fiume with the restriction that it shall be a free port.

The President's proposal to internationalize the German colonies, under the authority of the League of Nations, gave occasion for heated debate in the sessions of the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference. At one meeting, attended by the British Colonial Premier Hughes of Australia, he made an impassioned address, which brought him into a spirited argument with the President.

Such happenings are merely incidental to the difficulties, which are a natural part of the effort to harmonize conflicting interests, and there is rather a general feeling of encouragement that everything will work out right in the end.

As far as the American delegation is concerned, its members show a cheerful spirit and believe that the President accomplished a great forward movement when he obtained the assent of the majority of the great powers to the principle that the conquered German dependencies should be placed under the control of the League of Nations, instead of being transferred to the ownership of allied governments.

"Provisional" and "Satisfactory."

PARIS, Jan. 30. (Associated Press.)—The Supreme Council, it is officially announced, reached today "satisfactory provisional arrangements" for dealing with the German colonies and the occupied territory of Turkey in Asia.

The arrangements to which the official communication refers is the acceptance in principle of President Wilson's plan of mandatory administering of the colonies.

The reference to the occupied territory of Turkey in Asia indicates that Mesopotamia, Palestine, Armenia, and Syria are brought within the scope of this new policy of dealing with the colonies.

The Council also decided that military representatives of the allied powers at Versailles should meet and report on the most equitable distribution of the burden of supplying military forces for the purpose of maintaining order in the Turkish Empire, pending action by the conference regarding the government of Turkish territory.

The Supreme Council's action on the colonial question brings within range of practical accomplishment one of the most sweeping changes in colonial management that has ever taken place. The basic idea of this policy is that the colonies will be administered by mandate for the benefit of their own people and not exploited as profit-making enterprises by the powers claiming them.

While acceptance of the principle is, with the condition that the details may be worked out on a practical basis, yet exchanges among the powers lead to the belief that the details will be formulated for acceptance by all the colonies and powers, including Great Britain, France, Japan, Belgium, and Portugal.

The most formidable opposition has come from Premier Hughes of Australia, who has maintained that anything short of outright annexation of New Guinea to Australia might endanger the friendly feelings toward the mother country. This, however, is in process of being reconciled by concessions on details. In any event, the opposition is thought to have lost its effectiveness, since the British home Government and South Africa are favorable to the new colonial policy.

President Wilson has taken a leading part in the animated discussions, and acceptance of the new principle is credited largely to his determined attitude. There is no desire in American quarters, however, to herald a victory, but on the contrary an earnest desire is shown that the mandatory powers shall not be hampered in the least by the administration of the colonies.

Acceptance of the new principle is construed as applying not only to the colonies, but also as the establishment of a precedent of the fair dealing which will prevail when the large territorial questions come up for decision later.

The following precise information concerning the mandatory plan is made available: Three broad proposals for the disposition of the German colonies were advanced. The first proposed annexation, much as the Pacific Northwest was annexed as American territory. The second proposed international administration, similar to the first international control of the Congo, which proved a failure, as did similar systems in Albania and Morocco. The third proposal was the mandatory system, which was included in the American plan for a League of Nations.

Two Ideas of Mandatory Plan.

There are two conceptions of this mandatory system now under examination. One plan makes the League of Nations Trustee of the Colonies, working through particular States as its agent, but reserving detailed powers of oversight. The second is that the Trustee shall be one of the members of the League of Nations and working for just administration.

Certain military principles obtain concerning the mandatory system. The State, chosen as a mandate, should be chosen as the choice of the people to be governed. Another principle is the open door and equal opportunity. All nations are forbidden to have a greater military force than is required for police work, and all have the right of appeal to the league against any injustice.

Opinion inclines also to give the mandate in perpetuity in order to stimulate development, but with the reservation that the mandate is revocable for misgovernment or through the people reaching the stage of self-government.

Official Announcement of Decision.

The official communication on the Peace Council's proceedings today reads:

The President of the United States, the Prime Ministers and Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the allied and associated powers, as well as the Japanese representatives, today held two meetings at the Quai D'Orsay, the first from 11 A. M. until 1 P. M., and the second from 3:30 to 6 P. M.

The exchange of views continued on the German colonies in the Pacific and in Africa, in the presence of the representatives of the dominions and of M. Simon, French Minister of the Colonies, and of the Marquis Salvago Raggi, [Italy.]

In the afternoon satisfactory provisional arrangements were reached for dealing with the German colonies and the occupied territory in Turkey in Asia.

At the afternoon meeting the Belgian delegates were present. M. Hymans, Van den Heuvel, and Vandervelde were accompanied by M. Ortz, who explained the Belgian point of view concerning the Congo.

It was further decided that the military representatives of the allied and associated powers at Versailles should be asked to meet at once and present a report as to the most equitable and economical distribution among those powers of the burden of supplying the military forces for the purpose of maintaining order in the Turkish empire pending the decisions of the Peace Conference regarding the government of Turkish territory.

The next session will be held tomorrow at 3 P. M.

Tardieu Tells of Good Feeling.

Captain André Tardieu, of the French delegation to the Peace Conference, told the correspondents in conference at the foreign office that the British and French Governments had accepted in principle President Wilson's plan concerning mandateries from the League of Nations for the administration of captured territory. The acceptance, he said, was subject to learning under what conditions the plan would be carried out.

This plan in its practical application, Captain Tardieu went on, was then under examination before the Supreme Council. The discussion on the subject of mandatories over the German colonies was proceeding among all the powers with a unanimity of sentiment and a desire to reach a unanimous agreement. This applied to Japan as well as to the other powers with colonial interests, he continued, as all were inspired by the same purpose, which was to reach an agreement in common.

Asked concerning French interests in the former German colonies, Captain Tardieu said that France desired the Kamerun and Togoland, which, owing to the character of their population and the proximity of the French colonies, France was in the best position to administer.

Direct annexation of the colonies would have been preferred by France, Captain Tardieu said, but the idea of mandatories was being carefully examined with a view to determining how it could be practically applied.

Responding to inquiries, Captain Tardieu said that the time required for defining the method of applying the system would not delay the formation of the League of Nations or postpone the signing of the peace with Germany.

Colonies Working on Special Line.

LONDON, Friday, Jan. 31.—The Paris correspondent of The Daily Mail sends the following regarding the negotiations on the former German colonies:

"It is understood that the Premiers of Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa have agreed upon a scheme respecting what powers should be delegated under the mandatory system, and urging this scheme strongly upon the conference. It would provide practically for freedom of administration on the present dominion plan.

"Mr. Balfour has also prepared a strong memorandum on the Wilson system, pointing out the various difficulties in its application, and possible ways of overcoming them."

FRENCH BASE DISTRUST ON ALGECIRAS COMPACT

Recall Clashes Under Limited Control—Hope of Reconciling Views on Kiao-Chau.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—In the consideration of the problem created by the arrangement under which Great Britain secured the continuance of Japanese assistance in the prosecution of the war and by the terms of which Britain promised support of the claim that the German possessions in the North Pacific should remain under the control of Japan it is pointed out that Japanese statesmen have spoken with different voices in interpreting this treaty.

Referring to Kiao-Chau, Viscount Uchida appeared to agree to the restitution of the Shantung Peninsula to China, while Viscount Okuma held that under the terms of the German surrender of Kiao-Chau Japan fell heir to the concessions which Germany had acquired from the Chinese in regard to the port of Kiao-Chau and the Peninsular Railway. Between these two points of view there is a possibility of compromise.

The French attitude toward the whole question of internationalization and trusteeship is one of doubt and suspicion born of previous unhappy experiences along this line of colonial administration.

Clemenceau's Algeciras Threat.

The chief instance arose out of the Algeciras Conference, in which the United States participated, Henry White being the American representative. The French administration of Morocco was hampered by what were called in diplomatic language "the servitudes" imposed upon it by the Algeciras Conference and of which Germany took full and undue advantage. Instead of making for peace, the conditions imposed upon France were seized upon by Germany as pretexts for rattling the sabre, and on more than one occasion the two countries were brought to the verge of war.

On one of these occasions Clemenceau was in power. He suggested that the German demands be submitted to The Hague Conference. Germany was reluctant.

"Well," said the Tiger, in effect, to the German Ambassador, "what do you want? La guerre ou La Haie? (War or The Hague?) You can decide within twenty-four hours."

Germany's plans for war were not then complete, and she climbed down.

The French claim to administer Togoland and the Kameroons is based on her de facto administration of these former German colonies under the understanding she came to with Great Britain in 1916.

Elastic Plan Advocated.

One of the chief objections raised to President Wilson's proposals, as they were originally made, came from disinclination to hazard the success of a plan with the principle of which there was almost entire sympathy, on the wholesale arbitrary application of the program without due consideration of particular cases. As an innovation and the introduction of the new guiding principle into the policies of the world, it met with hearty approval from the British and at least sympathetic consideration from the French, with special reserves dictated by their past experiences.

It was felt, however, that to apply it on the vast scale required by President Wilson's proposals would be risky, and that the best guarantee of its full development in the future would be to apply it tentatively at first, with such modifications as were necessary to meet the needs of diverse cases.

One of the special points raised by Premier Hughes of Australia was this: If agents of another State come and work up a native rebellion in some territory being administered by the League of Nations, is the country most nearly affected to wait for the decision of some far distant Council before suppressing the uprising? Under the modified plan of trusteeship, such as appears to be on the cards, the administrating executive would be able to take instant action, which it would eventually have to justify before the League of Nations.

CONFEREES FEEL THE NEED OF HASTE

Popular Pressure for a Speedy Peace Breeds a Spirit of Compromise of Views.

AFFECTS COLONIES TANGLE

But Agreement on Wilson's Plan Raises Problem of Our Taking Control in Turkey.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The perplexing problems before the Peace Conference, involved in the territorial aspirations of the various nations and self-governing dependencies, assumed a less troublesome phase today. This change in the situation was due in part to the realization by most of those concerned that if the controversy over territorial distribution should continue, the Peace Conference would be likely to get into a hopeless tangle which would work to the detriment of the world.

The element of time enters largely into the considerations which are influencing the conferees in their growing inclination to compromise on divergent views. Each day that the proclamation of peace is postponed the uneasiness and dissatisfaction of the peoples of many countries are certain to increase. They want the war officially brought to an end, the armies demobilized, and normal ways of life resumed.

This may not be well understood in America, but it is a pressing question in Europe, as the European statesmen realize.

Another incentive for arranging the fundamentals for peace without delay is found in the desire of President Wilson to be able to return to America with some record of accomplishment to his credit. It is not expected that the conference will have finished its work before he departs from France, about a fortnight hence, but at least he may be able to see the conference agree formally to some of the major principles he has laid down.

The League of Nations is the child nearest his heart, and all accounts of the progress being made at the Quai d'Orsay indicate that he will sail for home in the knowledge that the foundation stones of the league have been laid and that the superstructure is in course of erection.

Clemenceau Expedites Work.

And there is Premier Clemenceau. This grim old statesman is putting life and vigor into the proceedings of the conference that are having the effect of expediting the traditional slow-going ways of diplomacy.

Clemenceau is anxious to have the peace treaty concluded as soon as possible, and he certainly is not paying attention to precedents and over-sensitive feelings in pressing toward that end. The American delegation feels under a debt of gratitude to him for his efforts in that direction.

All this means that in the realization that the questions involved in claims to territory will take an interminable time to settle unless a compromise is effected, the conferees veered today toward the adoption of the suggestion that there should be no territorial distribution now, but that all territories in dispute should be placed under the common guardianship of the allied Governments and their administration carried on under trustees designated by the Allies. This would be a recognition, in whole or in part, of President Wilson's proposal that the former German Colonial possessions now under allied military control should be "internationalized."

The President may not succeed in having his plan carried out in its entirety, but it looks as if he would have the satisfaction of seeing the Conference confirm the principle that conquered lands shall not be parceled among the victorious powers, as was done at the Congress of Vienna, whose methods he has so frequently condemned.

But in pressing his point that the German colonies should be internationalized, the President has placed himself in a position where he is less able to combat the effort to induce him to consent that the United States shall act as administrator for Constantinople, with the Dardanelles and Bosphorus included, as well as administrator of Syria and Palestine.

Would Limit Japan's Ambition.

Should the arrangement for general allied or League of Nations control over the German colonies and other undisturbed territory be finally adopted, the United States, Australia, and New Zealand would be relieved of the embarrassment of having Japan obtain actual ownership of the Marshall and Caroline Islands, which are on the routes between the Philippines and the British antipodean colonies and America. It is likely, however, that Japan would be designated as the administrator of these two groups if the League of Nations should direct the appointment of mandatories.

In the same way, the South African Federation would become the administrator of all or part of the German African colonies, Australia would administer the affairs of the German portion of New Guinea, and New Zealand would become a next-door neighbor to the United States in taking control of German Samoa, which adjoins American Samoa.

There are still many troublesome territorial questions involved in the settlement, including the disposition of the Shantung Peninsula in China, which Japan took from Germany early in the great war; but with the principle established that there shall be no territorial distribution now, one of the principal dangers which threatened the success of the Peace Conference has been overcome.

FRENCH IMPATIENT OF DELAY ON PEACE

Hold That Internal Reconstruction and Labor Problems Are Being Ignored.

WANT PROGRAM NARROWED

Hostility of Paris Press Based on Distrust of So-Called Utopian Discussion.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—There is an unmistakable and growing feeling in French circles that the business of the country, including such important questions as reconstruction and the settlement of labor difficulties, is being delayed, not to say suffering, on account of the Peace Conference. A Deputy who has always supported the Clemenceau administration, told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today:

"In a sense, it is highly desirable that the most important representatives of each nation should take part in the conference. Obviously they have full authority and are able to act as their judgment decides without fear of exceeding or disobeying their instructions.

"But, on the other hand, there is much to be said for the system that obtained in previous international conferences of appointed delegates who were not Presidents, Premiers, or even Ministers of State. Such plenipotentiaries had more or less definite mandates, with the result that discussion on abstract points was reduced to a minimum, and no matter how long their deliberations lasted there was little or no interference with the normal legislative and executive processes of the Governments concerned.

Asserts Shaving of Home Problems.

"In the present juncture, conditions are quite different. To take the case of France alone, it seems that the energies of the Government are being absorbed by the Peace Conference, with the result that vital internal problems are shelved or even suppressed. The same thing applies to the other nations."

This point of view is widely shared here, and has particular interest as affording an explanation of what hitherto had seemed a mystery—namely, why the most important section of the French press should take a critical, indeed, almost a hostile, attitude toward the conference deliberations. The French evidently feel that the national affairs are being neglected while the conference is engaged in talk.

There is an idea that international discussions, which are alleged to be more or less platonic, are hindering practical and vital French policies. As fundamentally a realist and practical people, trained in the school of old diplomacy, the French chafe at the delay occasioned by what most of them regard as utopian idealism.

This explains the continuous and general opposition, for it is nothing less, to the Wilson theories in the French newspapers. For instance, the Journal today says in a leading editorial:

"The régime applied to Morocco by the Algeciras conference is an exact prototype of that which Mr. Wilson would like to apply to the colonial domain of the League of Nations. Is it necessary to remind our readers to what that fine system led? To war, in one word. The principle of internationalization engenders nothing but discord and futility."

Such comments—and there have been others equally bitter—are due less to genuine dissatisfaction with President Wilson's ideas with which, after all, there is considerable and sincere sympathy in France, than to irritation caused by the notion that the conference is wasting time to the detriment of French affairs.

What the French public wants may be expressed in two phrases: a settlement of the conditions to be imposed on Germany, and amelioration of internal conditions, especially the high cost of living, which cause nine-tenths of the industrial trouble. France feels that once those two points are disposed of, and not before, it will be time to regulate the exact status of the trusteeships or sovereignties over the former German colonies, or to discuss the intricacies of the League of Nations procedure and organization.

FRANCE'S VIEW ON AFRICA.

Feels She Has Claims There That Should Be Recognized.

By ERNEST MARSHALL.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The general idea of the French Government in placing its African claims yesterday before the Council of Ten was as follows:

The German colonies have been conquered by the Allies, acting in perfect understanding, and they are being administered (particularly Togoland and the Kameruns) under an understanding with the British Government made in 1916.

France's claim is based upon this de facto administration. Great Britain has rights in and on the borders of these possessions which will be regarded.

The case of Morocco is different. Here France is handicapped by the conditions imposed by the Congress of Algeciras. Instead of these conditions making for peace, the brutality with which Germany represented and attempted to enforce them more than once brought the two powers to the brink of war.

This unhappy instance of international control is accountable for much of the French suspicion of the American and British principle of trusteeship.

At the same time it is recognized that conditions are greatly changed, and in any case France is as anxious as any power to establish in any territories of which she assumes control safeguards of the rights and well-being of the natives and large facilities to all nations for trade.

HUGHES REFUSED TO ANSWER.

Would Not Tell Whether He Was Satisfied with Colonies Plan.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Premier Hughes of Australia and Premier Massey of New Zealand showed the greatest reluctance today in discussing with interviewers the attitude of the Peace Conference toward the German colonies. Mr. Hughes was asked:

"Are Premiers Botha, Massey, and yourself satisfied with the situation?"

"I prefer not to answer," Mr. Hughes replied after a pause.

TO TAKE UP LABOR QUESTIONS.

British Delegation to Paris Has Already Drafted Labor Bureau Plan.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—The Commission on International Labor Regulations established by the Peace Conference will begin regular meetings next week.

The British labor delegates, who completed today a plan for an international labor bureau to be laid before the Peace Conference and forwarded it to London for consideration by employers, are pleased at the speed with which they were able to complete the draft. The consultation between the laborites lasted only two and a half days, at the end of which they had reached complete agreement.

NO INDEMNITY FOR WAR COST?

English Correspondent Says Allies' Demands Stop at Full Reparation.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Peace Conference has settled an important point with regard to the indemnity question, the Paris correspondent of The Evening Standard says he has reasons for reporting. The conference, he asserts, has eliminated all intention of calling on Germany and her associates to pay the allied countries the cost of the war, or imposing heavy indemnities on the enemy nations.

"But the minds of the conference," the correspondent adds, "are fixed that there shall be full and ample reparation for unjustifiable damage done. Very sharp distinction is being drawn between damage which resulted from legitimate warfare and damage which was wanton."

The correspondent says that Serbia and Belgium have formulated claims for reparation in detail. Serbia's bill is the largest, but as Belgium suffered first she will receive first consideration.

The idea that Germany should return the indemnity she took from France in 1871 has been abandoned, the correspondent continues. British claims, he adds, are for damages done in air raids and through the sinking of merchant ships. In the case of ships, reparation to Great Britain will be in kind.

CHILDREN DIRECT WILSON.

Always on the Watch to Put Him on Right Way About Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 23, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—President Wilson's grave responsibilities in Paris have so absorbed his attention that he has not yet been able to get his bearings so as to find his way about easily when he goes walking, as he still does, without giving notice. As was the case in Washington, the President is frequently on his way up one of the boulevards before the Secret Service men are aware that he has left his Paris White House. He always walks at a brisk pace, and generally gets a good start of his guards.

The President is almost always recognized by little French children, who are usually his reliance when he loses his way. They post themselves as sentinels along the route frequented by the President, salute him as he passes and sometimes trot along beside him, soliciting a little attention.

Mr. Wilson's French is good enough to enable him to explain where he wants to go and he rewards with a smile and a handshake the proud boy or girl who put him on the right road.

WILSON TO VISIT BELGIUM.

Likely to Make It the Last Event Before Sailing for Home.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—President Wilson's present plans indicate that he still hopes to visit Brussels before sailing for home and will make the trip at the last possible moment previous to his departure.

The President was prevented from going to Belgium this month because of the important matters coming up at the Peace Conference, but if present plans hold, he will be able to visit Brussels and probably some battlefields of Belgium before sailing from Brest. In this case he would leave Paris Feb. 8 or 9 and arrive at Brest between Feb. 12 and 15.

STAFF OF PEACE CONFERENCE.

Personnel of the Executive Force Is Completed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The State Department today made public the personnel of the Peace Conference organization as finally formed. Besides Georges Clemenceau, the French Premier, as President, and Secretary Lansing, Premiers Lloyd George of Great Britain, Orlando of Italy, and Saionji of Japan as Vice Presidents, the members are:

Secretary General—M. DUTASTA, France.
Secretaries: For the United States—JOSEPH C. GREW, Minister Plenipotentiary; LELAND HARRISON, and Colonel U. S. GRANT, 3d. For the British Empire—Lieut. Col. Sir MAURICE HANKEY, HERMAN NORMAN, and ERIC PHIPPS. For France—M. P. GAUTHIER, Minister Plenipotentiary, and M. DESCARN. For Italy—Conte A. DROVANDI, Marquis CHARLES DURAZZO, and M. G. BRAMBILLA. For Japan—SADAO SABURU.

Committee on Verification of Powers—HENRY WHITE, United States; ARTHUR BALFOUR, British Empire; JULES CAMBON, France; Marquis SALVAGO RAGGI, Italy, and K. MATSUI, Japan.

Committee on Drafting—JAMES BROWN SCOTT, United States; Mr. HURST, British Empire; M. FROMAGET, France; RICCI BUSATTI, Italy, and H. NAGAOKAY, Japan.

BORAH HITS PARIS "SECRECY."

And Insists We Must Not Become Mandatory for Any Colonies.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Opposition to the plans reported from Paris for the internationalisation of former German colonies was voiced in the Senate today by Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho. The speaker said that he was not in favor of the United States assuming any "obligation to control, govern, or be responsible for any part of the German possessions."

Senator Borah said that Australia, in demanding the German islands of the Pacific, had announced a Monroe Doctrine for Australia, and he added:

"If we, as a member of a league, interfere with the Monroe Doctrine of Australia, or the Monroe Doctrine of Japan, or of some other nation, how long would it be before they would interfere with our Monroe Doctrine?"

The Idaho Senator criticized the reported private conferences between Colonel House and General Smuts regarding disposition of the German colonies. He said that this was another exhibition of secret diplomacy and asserted that a League of Nations, based on secret proceedings, would be an "infamous institution."

Senator King, Democrat, of Utah, defended the action of the American Commissioners in holding private conferences, asserting that these were necessary to formulate views for presentation to the Peace Conference. All the meetings of the Peace Commissioners, he said, could not be heralded "from the housetops."

CHINA-JAPAN SNARL BIG PEACE QUESTION

Tokio's Claims in Shantung and Concessions Forced from China Cause Conflict.

PEKING WANTS KIAO-CHAU

Insists Concessions Wrung from Her by Japanese Shall Also Be Nullified.

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PARIS, Jan. 29.—The question of Kiao-Chau and the Pacific isles constitutes the key to the situation in the conference of the five great powers over the disposition of the German colonies.

China insists upon the restoration of territory which Germany seized twenty-one years ago, while Japan, which wrested the German protectorate on the Chinese coast from Germany, demands the retention of railway property, a port, and concessions in the Province of Shantung.

The American position, which favors China's claims, is based on the principles of self-determination and no territorial acquisitions.

The conflict of claims between China and Japan is quite intense, although Japan, when starting to take Kiao-Chau, cabled to America: "Japan has no ulterior motive or desire to secure more territory, and no thought of depriving China or any other people of anything that they now possess." Its subsequent actions were not in conformity with these sentiments.

After the surrender of the German protectorate on the Chinese seacoast Japan sent demands to China. China notified Japan that military operations being over she intended to declare the war zone ended. Japan responded with a demand that China give assent to all matters upon which the Japanese Government might agree with the German Government relating to the disposition of Germany's rights and concessions in the Province of Shantung. China was warned against making these demands known to any other power. In addition, Japan's demands included the right to construct a railroad to Weisein and China was not to lease to any other country any territory on the coast of Shantung and must open some cities as commercial ports.

China made a bitter response. It asked the retrocession of Shantung and indemnification for the losses caused by Japan's military operations and demanded that China should participate in any negotiations with Germany over Shantung. Japan's reply was an ultimatum, giving China forty-eight hours to accede.

China finally gave in and signed the agreements, but issued a statement to the world saying that she had acted under constraint. These agreements provided that it should be left to Japan and Germany to dispose of Germany's rights in Shantung, that China should apply to Japan for a loan for the new railway in Shantung, and that China should alienate no territory on the coast to any foreign power.

It was agreed further that Kiao-Chau should be left to the disposal of Japan and that it would be restored by the Japanese to China on the condition that it be opened as a commercial port; that concessions under the exclusive jurisdiction of Japan should be established at a place to be designated by Japan; that an international concession should be established if powers chose, and that the disposal of the buildings and property of Germany was to be arranged between China and Japan before the restoration was made.

The Chinese now assert that this agreement was obtained under a threat of hostilities and does not constitute a valid right. China will resist any encroachment in Shantung, and the controversy is one of the critical ones now before the Peace Congress.

DISAVOWS OKUMA'S "POLICY."

Japan's Delegation Says He Does Not Speak for Cabinet.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The Japanese peace delegation today issued a formal denial to the publications in Paris newspapers, based on an interview with Marquis Okuma, former Premier, which purported to give the Japanese peace policy.

The denial terms the publications as "glaring impositions," and says that the use of Marquis Okuma's name was unwarranted. It is declared that the assertion that the present Japanese Cabinet bases its policy on Marquis Okuma's statement is absurd.

SHARP REPLY TO JAPANESE.

Chinese Mission Here Answer Claims Set Up by Makino.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Chinese Mission from Canton, now in Washington, issued a statement tonight saying that the press dispatches from Paris, reporting the claim made by Baron Makino for Japanese retention of Tsingtao Harbor and the German railway concessions in the Chinese province of Shantung, omitted to mention vital points.

"The Japanese," said the statement, "base their claim on the Chino-Japanese treaties of 1915, which, the Chinese contend, are null and void, because, besides being the fruit of a Japanese ultimatum, threatening war against China, as a war settlement, demanding revision by the Peace Congress on precisely the same principle applied by America and the Allies to the treaties of Brest-Litovsk and Bucharest.

"The Chinese also contend that the Chinese declaration of war against Germany involved the cancellation of the treaty relating to Tsing-tao and all railway and mining concessions to the Germans in Shantung and revested them in China.

"The Chinese contention further insists that the present claim of the Japanese to be the beneficiaries of German ruthlessness in Shantung is a vital feature of the Japanese policy which has already found expression in the annexation of Korea, in the gradual Japanization of South Manchuria and Eastern Inner Mongolia, in the Japanese control of the richest iron areas in the Yangtze Valley, in the establishment of Japanese police centres in the Province of Fukien, and in the growing grip of Japan on the political, military, and economic life of China."

LOANS FOR TRANS-SIBERIAN

Will Be Advanced to Stevens Commission by Allies Jointly.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—With respect to the agreement reached between the United States and the great powers for joint interallied supervision of the Siberian railways, the administration and management of which will be left in the hands of John F. Stevens and a commission in the form of a Russian Institution, the Russian ownership of the roads will be in nowise infringed. The United States, Japan, and other powers will confine themselves to extending support to the commission and assisting in the policing and defending of the line.

The railways for the present cannot be run at a profit owing to the commercial and industrial demoralization of the country, and it will probably be necessary for the powers to advance necessary funds to the Stevens Commission to continue them as going concerns. But this, if done, will be open to all five powers jointly, in order to avoid the possibility of the establishment of any one power in a position of special advantage.

The American officials concerned in the negotiations are enthusiastic over the significance of the agreement. They consider it an initial measure of tangible accomplishment among the Allies for the benefit of Russia and Russians, which cannot be considered as unfriendly by any Russian faction, and is devoid of all suspicion of special interest. They believe that it may serve to introduce further inter-allied measures toward the economic relief and the industrial and commercial restoration of Russia.

WILHELMSHAVEN REBELS BEATEN IN FIGHTING

Spartacides Surrender There and at Cuxhaven and Bremerhaven—Move to Combat Strikes.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 30.—The Spartacides at Cuxhaven and Bremerhaven have surrendered, according to advices reaching here. A state of siege has been decided on at Wilhelmshaven.

The advices say that when the Spartacides declared Wilhelmshaven an independent republic the people called a general strike. The authorities closed the postal lines, the telegraph and railway services, and a mass meeting was held at which the arrest of the Workmen's and Soldiers' delegates was demanded.

After the Spartacidee had raided the State bank, from which they took 2,000,000 marks, street fighting took place, which resulted in the unconditional surrender of the rebels.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The German Government contemplates strong measures to combat the growing strike wave there and will soon bring forward a bill compelling men to work and severely punishing strikers, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

ACRE FOR EACH SOLDIER.

British Plan to Provide Cottage Also —Farm Profit Sharing Urged.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A bold Government scheme to aid the fighting men will be embodied in a bill at the coming Parliamentary session.

It is understood that the Government holds the opinion that the best form of settling former service men on the land in large numbers is to give them each a cottage, with perhaps one acre of land, which will be partly garden land, the other part to be used for keeping poultry pigs, or goats, and for fruit growing. The occupier or owner will make the main part of his living by work either in a neighboring town or on the land.

It is also desired to have farms on each of which there will be a manager and which will be cultivated by men who are not agricultural laborers, although they will get the agricultural wage of the district. They will be partners in the concern and benefit by its progress. The men will get their share of the surplus profits, and the farm will be cultivated intensively.

The view is held in official quarters that with inexperienced men with very little capital this is one of the best ways of putting them on the land and giving them a real interest in industry. It is hoped that the Board of Agriculture will receive power to buy land for cash.

The Government proposes that county councils shall buy and equip the land with proper regard to economy, but for the next seven years the Board of Agriculture will pay any deficiency between receipts and expenditure on the holdings. That means that a man will be put upon a small holding at a rent which the land is capable of producing, and not at a rent based on the capital outlay.

This is intended as a recognition of the debt the country owes to former service men, and for this purpose the Government, subject to the consent of Parliament, is disposed to put aside a sum of money running into many millions. It will come from the taxpayers, and not from the local ratepayers.

The scheme applies to Scotland, except that the Scottish Board of Agriculture would act instead of the county councils. Ireland has its own separate scheme.

ATTACKS WILSON'S CRITICS.

Senator Pollock Sees Politics in Opposition to World League.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Critics of President Wilson and his proposal for a League of Nations were sharply rebuked in the Senate today by Senator Pollock of South Carolina, Democrat, who in his first prepared address, charged that partisan politics was the basis for much of the criticism voiced recently in the Senate. Senators Lodge of Massachusetts, Knox of Pennsylvania, and Borah of Idaho, Republicans, and Reed of Missouri, Democrat, the South Carolina Senator said, were among those who had labored for "destruction instead of construction" in the peace plans.

"I warn the gentlemen in this body that this is no ordinary political question," said Mr. Pollock. "I warn the gentlemen that the American people will not look with favor upon any man who would play politics with the people's blood. The American people will hold them responsible if they place obstacles in the way of saving the world from a repetition of its anguish of the last four years."

Senator Pollock, who took his seat last month to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Tillman, said he spoke "merely as an ordinary man and a humble member—unknown largely beyond the limits" of South Carolina, but added that he was fresh from contact with the plain people of America, who desire an agreement among nations to prevent future wars.

Senator Pollock said he had listened with impatience "to petty partisan criticisms of the President" by Senators "attempting to bring the President of the United States into the disfavor and contempt and ridicule of the world," and praised ex-President Taft for his support of President Wilson's efforts in behalf of a League of Nations.

SENATORS HEAR CAILLAUX.

Begin Examination of Ex-French Premier Accused of Treason.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Joseph Caillaux, former Premier, charged with treasonable dealings with the enemy, was brought today from prison to the Senate, where the Special Commission of the Senate, to which the case had been referred, proceeded to examine him.

Three detectives guarded M. Caillaux, whose arrival passed almost unnoticed, the only spectators being five policemen standing in front of the Senate Building.

British Criticise Delay in Mails.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Failure to dispatch mail on fast steamers operated by the British Government between English ports and New York between Jan. 7 and Jan. 30 has been criticised by newspapers here. The Ministry of Shipping says that, owing to an oversight, it failed to give the Post Office the usual notification of fast ships sailing during the period mentioned. The Post Office failed to make inquiry, and consequently the ships sailed without mail.

SEES BOLSHEVISM AS PERIL IN BRITAIN

Prof. Struve Thinks It Has More Chance of Success There Than in Germany.

OPPOSES PARLEY WITH REDS

Distinguished Economist Escapes from Russia to England After Spending Months in Hiding.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Daily Chronicle publishes an interview which Harold Williams had with Professor Peter Struve, the distinguished Russian economist, on the latter's arrival in London from Russia. Professor Struve last visited England two and a half years ago for the purpose of accepting an invitation to lecture at Cambridge and receiving the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Now he comes as a fugitive from the reign of terror.

He spent over three months hiding in Moscow, sleeping nearly every night in a different house, then set out for Archangel and for months wandered about the forests of the north disguised as a merchant's clerk, seeking a way out beyond the barrier, waiting for British troops to advance or for some peasant rising to bring him within the area of allied occupation. But the allies did not come through and finally he returned to Petrograd and after a series of romantic adventures found his way into Finland and so across to England.

"For me," says Mr. Williams, "Professor Struve seems the greatest political thinker now living. In the early nineties he with Lenine and Professor Trias Baronovsky was a protagonist of the new Marxian school in Russia but whereas Lenine remains embedded in the Marxian dogma and developed his faith to a point of furious destructive fanaticism, Struve continually probed economic and political facts in search of a larger and freer conception.

"He became a Liberal and for some years before the first revolution published abroad the Journal Liberation, the organ of the Constitutional Union. He was a cadet member of the second Duma, but is bound by no party ties and has often aroused offense by his independence of thought. He is Professor of Political Economy at the Polytechnic Institute of Petrograd, where his flat now stands empty and plundered, and he is editor of the monthly Review Russkaya Mysl, which is of course suppressed.

"Struve is a great worker behind the scenes in political combinations, an inspirer of ideas which often violently opposed today are accepted a year after by his political associates."

Giving his views to Mr. Williams on the Princes' Islands proposition, Professor Struve said:

"In the first place the scheme is impracticable. In the second place, if it did succeed, if the powers could arrange a meeting with the Bolsheviki, they would find themselves on inclined planes leading to chaos. The Germans lost the war through their moral mistakes, of policy, beginning with the invasion of Belgium. Their most fatal mistake, their most criminal blow against civilization, was their part with what they themselves called 'the gang of murderers' in Russia. If the allied powers repeat this error they will plunge Europe still further into the depths.

"It is a dangerous moment to play with Bolshevism, particularly for England. It is my firm opinion, in spite of the skepticism the Bolsheviki themselves express, that Bolshevism has more chance of success in England than in Germany. British workingmen have not had the political education which German workers have received through their powerful and experienced Social Democratic Party, and it is my opinion that they might more easily be misled by delusive Bolshevist promises, particularly if, as seems possible, there is a revival of the syndicalist movement that was active in England before the war. And the danger of a general swing in the Bolshevist direction will be greatly increased if the allied governments give even partial recognition to the Bolshevist Government in Russia.

"The old trade unionism is not an effective barrier, for it is one of the chief objects of the Bolsheviki to upset trade unionism. Then it seems to me from what I have read in the press that an entirely false idea is current here as to the real strength of the Lenine Government in Russia. The Red Army is not strong. Its whole effectiveness lies in possession of the munitions of the old Russian Army. There is a strong nucleus of troops consisting of Letts, a small proportion of Chinese, and a number of Hooligans who serve for profit. Apart from these there is a large force of so-called 'mobilized' troops who have been forced into service. They have frequently protested by revolt during mobilization, are held in subjection by terror, and would mutiny at the first opportunity.

"It is characteristic that the Bolsheviki consider these troops so untrustworthy that they only serve out arms to them when they go to the front. The Red Army would yield to organized international pressure."

DENIES IT BACKS FESS.

Anti-Saloon League is Nonpartisan, Wayne B. Wheeler Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Denial that the Anti-Saloon League of America is espousing the candidacy of Representative Fess of Ohio or any one else for the Speakership was issued tonight by Wayne B. Wheeler, Secretary of the Legislative Committee of the league and its general counsel.

"The statement in a Washington morning newspaper," said Mr. Wheeler, "that the Anti-Saloon League is making plans to control the next Republican Convention and secure the nomination of Representative Fess as the candidate for President is unwarranted. The league's position is nonpartisan. It will not confine its activities to any one party.

"Our chief interest will be to see to it that candidates of all parties are nominated who will stand for honest enforcement of the prohibition law."

Gwinner to Quit Deutsche Bank.

BERLIN, Jan. 29, (Associated Press.)—Arthur von Gwinner announces his retirement at the Managing Director of the Deutsche Bank on March 31. He has been Director of the institution for twenty-five years and has been identified with Berlin banking interests for forty-six years. Herr von Gwinner is a member of the Prussian House of Lords, but took little part in politics.

ALLIES WARN ARGENTINA.

Will Reroute Cargoes if the Maritime Strike is Not Settled.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 30.—Two of the allied legations here informed The Associated Press today that the reports of the allied boycott of the port of Buenos Aires were greatly exaggerated, but admitted that the allied legations had informed the Argentine Government that they were determined no longer to submit to the present situation, and that if the port strike was not definitely settled within two or three days all the vessels now in the roadstead, neutral as well as allied, would proceed for Montevideo, where they would unload their Buenos Aires cargoes, proceeding thence for other ports to take on new cargoes.

Fifty vessels have left the docks and anchored in the roads since the strike began, and a hundred are now in the roads, they pointed out. The Allies, they said, are no longer in need of Argentine wheat, and their only interest in the proposed Cereal Convention is that it would permit postponement of payment for two years.

They intimated that, as Argentina was more anxious to sell than the Allies were to buy in the case of the present crop, no agreement would be signed until assurances would be given that there would be no further boycott. The Argentine Government understands that, though the Allies prefer to buy Argentine meat, they are preparing to buy Brazilian meat rather than risk further trouble here.

The Government conferred with the strikers and owners today in an attempt to persuade the Maritime Federation to agree that neither ships nor shippers shall be boycotted in future strikes and also agree to withdraw the demand for a labor delegate aboard the ships.

One Minister said today: "Argentina will require more than a generation to regain the prestige lost in the last two years."

LABRADOR STONE ALUMINIUM.

Norway Reports Extraction by Electro-Technical Factories There.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 29.—A special dispatch to the Extrabladet of Christiania reports that Norwegian electrotechnical factories have succeeded in producing aluminium from so-called Labrador stone, which is found in great quantities in the western part of the country.

Aluminium has long been extracted from Labrador stone, or Labradorite, a variety of feldspar. Hitherto, however, it has never paid to extract the aluminium from it except from waste, for in itself, it is usually cleavable, its surfaces are capable of high polish, and its use in ornaments—table tops, snuffboxes, jewel cases, &c.—make it a semi-precious stone.

Aluminium is now produced by electrolosis and chemical reaction from clays and various stones in such large and increasing quantities as to cause its price to fall from $90 a pound in 1855—the first year it was isolated for commercial purposes—to 23 cents a pound at present. The United States extracts more than half the aluminium produced in the world.

PHONES FROM SHIP TO SHIP.

First Wireless Talk to the Patrol from Transport Mongolia.

Patrolman William J. Ferrick, radio operator on the police boat Patrol, had the distinction of receiving the first radio phone message on board the official welcoming boat of the Mayor's Committee yesterday afternoon.

The message was directed to Colonel Charles F. Enright, Jefferson City, Mo., State Commissioner of Banking, who had gone to meet his son, Lieutenant William Fairleigh Enright, Battery E of the 75th Coast Artillery, who was returning from service abroad on the transport Mongolia.

"Try to get me off tonight if you can," said the clear voice of the man speaking on the transport. "I may be able to get off and I may not be able. Casual officers generally get off, but there seems to be some hitch this time. Lieutenant Enright."

As the patrol is not equipped to transmit radio phone messages the reply was sent back to the Mongolia by wireless.

Lieutenant Enright was married a year ago yesterday, and his wife was waiting to receive him at the pier. He was a student at Harvard University when he enlisted.

General von Einem Retires.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—General von Einem has been retired from active service in the German Army, according to advices received here from Berlin.

General von Einem was formerly Prussian Minister of War and at the opening of the war received command of the Second German Army, made up of troops from Saxony. Last September it was announced that he was the commander of one of the six German armies shattered by the great allied offensive.

Urge Tenants in Hungary to Rebel.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Jan. 29, (via Geneva.)—Budapest communists are beginning a movement toward expropriating real property, urging tenants to refuse to pay rents for the February quarter. The landlords' remonstrances have elicited a weak response from the Government, which has promised to institute a Committee of Inquiry.

France Honors Frank Dilnot.

Frank Dilnot, correspondent of The Daily Chronicle of London, has been made a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor by the French Government, according to information reaching this city yesterday. Mr. Dilnot is a frequent contributor to American newspapers and magazines, and is President of the Association of Foreign Press Correspondents in the United States.

BIG RADICAL LOSS IN PRUSSIAN VOTE

Majority Socialists' Total Fell 21,500 in Berlin and That of Democrats 20,000.

CONSERVATIVES ARE ELATED

Socialist Groups Will Have About 170 Convention Votes and Other Parties 231.

BERLIN, Jan. 29, (Associated Press.)—Unofficial returns from Sunday's elections to the Prussian Constitutional convention, without taking Posen's twenty-one delegates into consideration, show the success of 142 Majority Socialists, 24 Independent Socialists, 87 Christian People's Party delegates, 41 German Nationalists, 18 of the German People's Party, 61 Democrats, 6 Guelphs, and 1 Democrat-Peasant.

The Socialists are not likely to have more than four of Posen's delegates, which would make the combined Socialist strength in the convention 170, as against 231 Bourgeois delegates.

The results of the popular vote as far as it has been tabulated show a considerable loss for the radical parties—the two Socialist factions and the Democrats—and small gains for the National and Christian People's Parties when compared with the National Assembly results.

The Majority Socialists vote fell off 21,500 in Berlin, that of the Independents 5,500, and that of the Democrats 20,000, while the Nationals gained 7,000 and the other eight parties about held their own.

In Potsdam the two Socialist groups together lost 42,500 votes and the Democrats 21,000. The Nationals gained 1,000.

The Conservative and National Liberal press hails the result as evidence that the people are beginning to weary of the Government's methods since the revolution. The radical press thus far has not commented on the elections.

DR. FRANZ MEHRING DEAD.

Rebuked Prussian Minister Who Said Our Army Could Not Cross.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 30.—Dr. Franz Mehring, Independent Socialist member of the Prussian Diet, is dead. Advices received here say that his death was due to pneumonia.

Dr. Mehring in 1917 was elected to the seat of Dr. Karl Liebknecht in the lower house of the Prussian Diet after the imorisonment of Liebknecht on a charge of treason. Like Liebknecht, Dr. Mehring was opposed to the war, and at one time incurred the displeasure of the authorities and was placed under "preventive arrest."

In the Diet in January of last year Dr. Mehring made a sneering rejoinder to a speech of the Prussian Finance Minister with regard to a big army coming from the United States to aid the Allies, which the Minister said "can neither swim nor fly," and that it would not come.

"If Canada," said Mehring, "with less than 9,000,000 inhabitants, has been able to throw a quarter of a million soldiers into Europe who were not able to fly or swim, what grounds has the Minister for denying to the United States, with 110,000,000 inhabitants, any military capacity?"

The Minister, Dr. Hertz, replying, said he was unable to prove his statement concerning the American Army, but that he was still convinced it could not come over.

SOCIALISTS MEET AT BERNE.

Germans There for Conference—Belgians Refuse to Meet Them.

BERNE, Jan. 30.—The International Socialist and Labor Conference has been definitely called to meet here on Feb. 3. Seven countries are already represented here by delegates who discussed preliminaries for the conference at meetings on Tuesday and Wednesday. Among those present at Tuesday's meeting were Herman Muhlkenbuhr, Herman Mueller, and Otto Welz, German Majority Socialists; Carl Kautsky, German Minority Socialist, and the French Socialists, Jouhaux and Demoulin.

During the discussions Camille Huysmans, the Belgian Socialist, said the question of responsibility for the war inevitably would arise during the conference and the majority of those present agreed with him. Herr Mueller said that Germany had no territorial aims regarding Lettish territory.

Hjalmar Branting, the Swedish Socialist leader, declared that small countries and neutrals could not be excluded from the work of forming a League of Nations.

DENIES RADIO VIOLATION.

Daniels Says Mann Probably Was Confused in Making His Charges.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—In reply to the speech of Republican Leader Mann in the House yesterday, declaring Secretary Daniels should be impeached for purchasing radio stations after authority had been refused by Congress, Mr. Daniels said today the Navy Department had not proceeded in any way toward the acquisition of high-power commercial radio stations or the building of a new naval plant since Congress failed to authorize these projects.

The Secretary said Representative Mann probably was confused by the fact that the department as a war measure bought low-power stations doing a ship-to-shore business with radio extension funds provided by Congress, for which specific authority never was asked or refused.

MORE AMERICANS FREED BY GERMANS

New Yorkers Among Those Who Have Returned to Allied Countries From Prison Camps.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The War Department has made public a list of Americans held prisoner by Germany who have been released. Lieutenant Elbert H. Bagley, Peekskill, N. Y., and the following enlisted men from New York and vicinity have been released and have returned to France:

LYNCH, W. F., 468 Second Av., New York.
ZARVITCH, T. G., Meriden, Conn.
BRUNO, FRANK, 431 East 78th St., New York.
CARNEY, J. A., 509 Park Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.
FUCHS, IRVING, 984 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
GOLDBERG, JULIUS, 619 Howard Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.
WATERS, F. A., 625 Madison Av., New York.
TORRIZO, F. J., 701 Union St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The following from New York and nearby places are reported released from Camp Altdam and will sail from Stettin, Germany:

STERN, PHILIP, 124 Allen St., New York.
GREELY, FRANK, 386 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
FRASCA, CONCETTO, Perth Amboy, N. J.
CITRINITI, SAVERIO, Utica, N. Y.

Lieutenant Bert Guy of New Haven, Lieutenant W. M. Ireland of Sewell, N. Y., and the following enlisted men from New York and vicinity are reported released and now in territory occupied by allied troops.

ACKERLY, S. S., 647 Monroe St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
GERSEMA, M. J., Ablington, Iowa.
LEITHAUSER, G. C., Glen Ridge, N. J.
MARVIN, W. F., New Haven, Conn.
SHEEHAN, J. A., Hartford, Conn.
O'CONNOR, D. F., Waterbury, Conn.
COLLINGS, HERBERT, New Haven, Conn.
BIRNEY, H. E., New Haven, Conn.
CARMAN, T. E., Woodmore, N. Y.
PAWLIK, JOHN, Buffalo, N. Y.
LEAVER, LEONARD, 164 Weehawken St., West Hoboken, N. J.

A. Nichthauser of 78 Prospect Park, Brooklyn, has been released from Camp Altdam and has arrived in Leith, Scotland.

Peter J. Tingo of 2,419 Arthur Avenue, N. Y., has been released from Camp Muncheborg, and has arrived in Leith, Scotland.

Harry Levenstein of 758 Forty-fifth Street, New York, has been released from Klein, Wittenburg.

Ralph Madsen of 27 Edmund Place, Newark, N. J., has been released from Camp Munchberry and arrived at Altdam on Dec. 12.

Gustave Banner of 105 Ridge Street, New York; John Brociner of 724 East 156th Street, New York, and K. G. Kampf of 442 West 124th Street, New York, have been released from German prison camps.

Aviator Thomas Buffum of Plainfield, N. J., has been released from Merseburg and has arrived at Altdam.

OFFICER'S STORY DOUBTED.

Is Quoted as Saying Allies Used False Money to Discredit Reds.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The attention of several Senators and Representatives has been attracted by an interview in a Philadelphia newspaper in which Commander Sweeney of the United States Navy is quoted as saying he participated in the revolution in the neighborhood of Archangel by aiding in the distribution of paper money alleged to have been forged by the British and issued with an alleged intent to discredit the Bolsheviki. It was stated today in a New York newspaper that Representative Kelly of Pennsylvania and Senators Johnson of California, France of Maryland, and La Follette of Wisconsin would undertake to have an investigation made.

Mr. Kelly confirmed this statement in part today by saying he had intended to take the matter up with the Secretary of the Navy, but had been prevented from doing so by pressure of business. He said he wished to ascertain first if the story was true, and, second, in case it was true, on what authority the American naval officer had acted.

"The thing struck me as a mad tale, almost preposterous," said Senator Johnson. "I know no more about it than has been printed. I have not undertaken any investigation, and have not consulted with any one concerning such a move."

Senator France, too, said he had not talked with any one about the matter, nor had he heard of a possible investigation.

"However," he said, "I do think it is a matter that should be taken notice of. If it is true, it is a criminal act for us to allow an officer to enter another country, print money, and try to buy its citizens. Whoever is responsible should be punished to the extent of the law, if the story is true, although it sounds incredible."

DEFENDS HOG ISLAND.

Brush Outlines Terminal Advantages at Last Session of Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Hog Island shipyard, which will cost $66,000,000 when completed, was defended today before the Senate Commerce Committee by Matt C. Brush, President of the company operating the plant, "as the only war venture where every single cent spent is still good."

"Aside form the shipbuilding facilities," Mr. Brush said, "the construction of Hog Island is justified as a terminal. It is worth more now than the United States Government has invested in it because it is as good a deep water terminal as there is in this country. I am willing to stake my reputation as an executive that the yard can be made a success."

Mr. Brush quoted Howard Coonley, Vice President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, as saying Philadelphia could afford to spend $100,000,000 to acquire Hog Island and continue its development as the city's great water terminal.

Credit for the launching of fourteen ships, five of which are in commission, was given by Mr. Brush entirely to the former management of the yard and the men working there. He left the presidency of an elevated railroad in Boston last October, went to work as a shipbuilder at Hog Island in November and the following month was elected President of the American International Shipbuilding Corporation, which is constructing the yard and the ships. His salary is $40,000 a year.

The witness said the Hog Island yard is the first concern to undertake the employment of wounded soldiers, positions in which they are making good.

With the close of the session the committee concluded the investigation, which has been in progress for a year. There is no indication as to when a report or recommendations will be made on the basis of the evidence obtained.

BERNSTEIN RESIGNS.

Declares Himself Opposed to Policy of American Hebrew.

Herman Bernstein, who recently returned from Russia, where he has been studying conditions, announced yesterday that he had resigned from the editorship of The American Hebrew.

"I have resigned," Mr. Bernstein said last night, "because I am not in sympathy with its policy. That is all I care to say at present."

This policy was described at the offices of the publication yesterday as "anti-nationalistic and non-Zionist."

When Mr. Bernstein left on his last trip to Russia Rabbi Isaac Landman became acting editor of The American Hebrew. He is the head of a congregation at Far Rockaway.

LABOR WILL CARRY FIGHT TO PARLIAMENT

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

that they have not been authorized by the trade unionists and that therefore intervention would be unwise. It is the view of the ministers that the men, in the absence of the usual strike pay, are not likely to keep up the movement long, and that the Government therefore should confine its action to preserving order.

At the meeting the ministers discussed a telegram received from the provost of Glasgow, containing the request of the strikers for the Government to intervene to secure for them a forty-hour week. Andrew Bonar Law, Lord Privy Seal, on behalf of Premier Lloyd George, sent a reply to the provost declining to intervene.

SHUT OFF POWER IN BELFAST.

Electricians Join Strike and Many More Plants Close.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The situation both on the Clyde and in Belfast, where strikes are in progress with widespread paralysis of industry, became more serious today. In Belfast, manufacturing firms which were generating their own electric current for power purposes had to close down their plants, as the workers in the private electric installations joined the strikers. The blacksmiths, the boilermakers, and the shipwrights decided to notify their employers that the conditions of the settlement they asked should embody an increase of 30 per cent. in the gross earning powers of the peace workers.

Along the Clyde many corporation electricians went on strike, compelling the corporations to stop the current for public works, retaining such current as they were able to generate for the use of the hospitals and for street lighting.

The industrial confusion that reigns in the Clyde region is depicted by the Glasgow correspondent of The Star in a dispatch today. Tempers are rapidly being lost in the strike, he says. In front of two of the large Glasgow shipyards strikers have massed themselves and are adopting every measure of intimidation to compel the workers to join the strike. They forced their way into the yards and dragged nonstrikers into their ranks.

Unless negotiations are open by tomorrow, the correspondent adds, the strikers threaten to throw Glasgow into darkness and to shut off the light even from the hospitals.

Street cars are running in the city today, but the strikers declared that if their operation interfered with the processions of the men the cars would be stopped.

"Revolutionary language is now on the tongues of the leaders," the correspondent reports.

CLASH ON ARRIVAL OF HARVARD UNIT

Washington Orders Demobilization of Surgeons and Nurses of the British Army.

DENOUNCED AS A BLUNDER

Decision Reached to Ignore Instructions—Unit Gets Ovation on Arrival.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 30.—The Harvard surgical unit, which had seen continuous service with the British forces in France since July, 1915, returned today on board the White Star steamship Megantic, which arrived here this morning from Liverpool by way of Halifax. There were twenty-seven medical officers and 103 nursing sisters, all wearing British uniforms, in the force that landed from the liner and went on to Boston by special train.

General Hospital No. 22, which was the base of the Harvard unit, was raided from the air on many occasions by German flyers. In September, 1917, according to Lieut. Col. Hugh Cabot, who was in command, thirty-eight medical officers were saved from certain death when the Hun raiders dropped bombs on the huge tent in which they had their quarters only because they had been called out in the night to receive a large convoy of British wounded.

During the German offensive in Flanders and Picardy last Spring the hospital received frequent visits from the German air raiders who, however, failed to do any damage beyond the serious shock that was caused to the sick and wounded.

The hospital was at Camiers, which, during the severe fighting in March and April last year, was only from thirty to forty miles back of the line held by the Allies. It was one of the largest, if not the largest, of the British base hospitals in France. There were 2,370 beds all told, but, Colonel Cabot says, as many as 4,000 were cared for frequently at one time.

Altogether the doctors and nurses of the Harvard unit cared for 126,000 wounded at the base hospital and approximately 27,000 at clearing stations and on hospital trains, almost 10 per cent. of all the British wounded on the front in France since hostilities opened. More than 99 per cent. of these recovered.

The unit received a great send-off both in France and England before returning to America. Dinners, luncheons and receptions filled their days for the final fortnight. It is believed that the unit accomplished much toward the development of a better understanding between Great Britain and America.

Surprised at Washington Order.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Members of the Harvard surgical unit while on their way to Boston this evening were startled by receiving orders from the War Department to proceed to Camp Devens for demobilisation.

The Harvard unit, which has been affiliated with the British Army in France as a volunteer medical organization, came home on a British transport at the expense of the British Government, and its commanding officers had secret instructions from the British military authorities as to the method of dismissing the members upon their arrival in this country, but apparently Secretary of War Baker was not cognizant of these facts.

The telegram said that the order was from the Secretary of War. It is believed that the confusion at Washington resulted from the fact that Harvard sent two units to the war, the other serving with the United States forces.

Lieut. Col. Cabot turned the matter over to Colonel Herbert W. White, President of the Harvard University Press, who went to Europe to bring the unit home. Colonel White said he would ignore the order, and that "if they get us to Camp Devens tonight it will be under arrest."

"The War Department has no authority over the Harvard unit, which was mustered out of service by the British military authorities on Jan. 8," said Colonel White to a TIMES correspondent. "Of course if any American officers appear I shall apprise them of a situation with which the War Department should be fully familiar. It is a most astounding exhibition of ignorance on the part of the department."

The members of the Harvard unit received an ovation when their train arrived at the North Station at 9 o'clock this evening. The medical officers and nursing sisters formed in line and marched to the Common, where they were addressed by Colonels Cabot and White, who thanked them for their services during the war.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—It was explained at the War Department tonight that a Harvard medical unit, designated officially as Base Hospital No. 5, was organized in connection with the American Red Cross. This is a War Department unit and under War Department orders.

A high official of the army said that the War Department did not claim to have any authority over the original Harvard unit, which served with the British. If a mistake had been made in confusing the two units in orders, it was explained, it would be quickly rectified.

WILL STAY IN WAR WORK.

500 Women, at Mrs. Astor's, Pledged to Continued Activity.

At the request of Mrs. Harold Irving Pratt, in charge of women's Y. M. C. A. work in the metropolitan district, about five hundred women workers attended a meeting held yesterday at the home of Mrs. Vincent Astor, 840 Fifth Avenue, to discuss the question whether women should continue in war work. It was the unanimous decision of the assembly that women should continue, since the problems of peace, perhaps more even than war, made imperative the work of women.

"It has been said that women are no longer needed abroad," said Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Chairman of the Women's Division of the Y. M. C. A. National War Work Council, "and I want to protest most emphatically that they are not only needed urgently now, but they are needed more than ever before."

"This is a carry-on meeting," said Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., "and we women must be in earnest about carrying on. The work in Europe is tremendous and must not be dropped."

Special emphasis was also laid on the importance of women's work on this side of the ocean by Mrs. Pratt, who said in part:

"Dramatic war work is over, and we can no longer go to the zones of actual fighting to serve men whose lives are constantly in danger, and we can no longer endanger our own lives for them by serving chocolate under shellfire; but the 1919 job is just as important, even though it is not so spectacular. We must not lay down our work at this critical time when thousands of men are being returned to civilian life, often bewildered and dazed, needing us as certainly in this time of change as they did during the war."

In her address of welcome, Mrs. Astor said:

"I find it very satisfying to come back and serve here in the Y. M. C. A. Victory Hut after serving in Brest. I feel as if the work here were quite as important as it was across the water. A war doesn't stop in a day, and war work can't stop as soon, either."

Walter T. Diack, General Y. M. C. A. Secretary for the New York district, also spoke. The meeting, which was composed entirely of volunteers, included workers from Fort Schuyler, Jay, Governor's Island, and Eagle and Victory Huts.

QUITS WIRE COMMITTEE.

Miss O'Connor Says Burleson is Not Just to Employes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Asserting that to retain her position would "amount to a serious betrayal of the rights and interests of my fellow-workers, whom you have charged me to represent," Miss Julia O'Connor, representative of the organized telephone and telegraph workers on the committee appointed by Director General Burleson to investigate wages and working conditions in the telegraph and telephone companies, today filed her resignation. The committee, she stated in a letter to Mr. Burleson, has attempted no procedure worthy of its name, and its work in general has been so hampered that its efforts have been futile.

Miss O'Connor charges that "repudiation of contracts, interruption of friendly relations, destruction of long-established arrangements for collective bargaining, persecution and hostility for membership in a union—this has been the unpleasant history of Government control of the telephone industry. Methods of discrimination unparalleled under private control have been practiced by officials of the telephone companies upon employes who joined or remained members of a union; and in the absence of a disavowal the odium of this state of affairs must rest upon the Post Office Department."

As to the telegraph workers, Miss O'Connor says:

"A memorandum presented to the committee showed that on Aug. 24, 1918, the Western Union Telegraph Company made an agreement with its employes by which increases of 5, 10, and 15 per cent., based on seniority, would be granted all employes and would be dated to take effect as of Aug. 1, 1918. This agreement was never placed in effect because you denied to the individual companies operating under the Telephone and Telegraph Administration the right to negotiate with their employes on the subject of wages."

Instead, according to Miss O'Connor, Director Burleson issued an order reducing the maximum increase from 15 per cent. to 10 per cent., and dated Jan. 1, 1919, instead of Aug. 1, 1918.

MUSEUM IN PARK ARSENAL.

Ancient Building to be Leased by City to Safety Institute.

Philip Berolzheimer, President of the Park Board and Commissioner for the Boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond, announced last night that he had had an interview with Governor Alfred E. Smith a few days ago at the City Hall regarding the future of the Arsenal in Central Park.

This building belonged to the State before the park was in existence, and was later turned over to the city. The Commissioner said he intended to grant a permit under a ten-year lease, to the American Institute of Safety on the recommendation of the Board of Estimate for the purpose of displaying safety devices, which it is hoped, will be the forerunner of many similar institutions in other large cities for the purpose of saving life and limb.

Mayor Hylan, the Commissioner declared, had given his approval of the project under the condition that the institute would restore the old building at its own expense, which will cost about $100,000, and that Commissioner Berolzheimer will have absolute control over all exhibits.

The police station of the Thirty-third Precinct, the office of the head keeper of the menagerie and section foreman will remain in the building, whereas the Meteorological Observatory of the United States Weather Bureau will be removed to a place nearby.

REPORT ON NEAR EAST DRIVE

Account of Turkish Atrocities Told at Workers' Luncheon.

At the luncheon of the workers in the $30,000,000 drive of the Committee for Relief in the Near East, held in the Bankers Club yesterday, Dr. Graham Hunter, member of the Red Cross Mission to Palestine, who arrived home on Tuesday, told of conditions in the Near East and described for the first time how a community of 8,000 Armenians in a mountain village had been reduced to fifteen survivors by atrocities committed by the Turks and Kurds.

Dr. Hunter said he got his story from one of the survivors, a woman school teacher, who said that not a man or a male child over seven years old was left alive. When the slaughter was over 400 women and children were all that were left. They fled into the desert where all but the fifteen died of starvation.

Alexander J. Hemphill, Chairman of the Executive Committee, reported a total of $26,735 received by the committee. An anonymous contribution of $50,000 in Liberty Bonds, a contribution of $5,000 from Jacob H. Schiff, $5,000 from Mrs. John S. Kennedy, $5,000 from A. and M. Karagheusian, and $1,800 from Dr. William H. Nichols were among the subscriptions announced yesterday.

SEES PEACE LEAGUE AS SEWING CIRCLE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

tion we now have or can get as to the best type of fighting craft. By all means we ought to have aviation ships, as auxiliaries to our fleet."

Representative Butler, the ranking Republican member of the committee, interrupted to call attention to differences in recommendations made by the General Board of the Navy and those of Admiral Mayo.

"I admit that all experts are not agreed," he replied. "Of course, there is always a certain amount of risk involved in building any ship, because advance is rapid and types may become obsolete before ships are off the ways."

"It is your opinion, then," said Chairman Padgett, "that conditions have changed so that a smaller ship of less cost is not advisable."

Admiral Mayo replied that the smaller ships were necessary, but that a powerful navy was founded on powerful ships. He approved the recommendations of the Bureau of Navigation for an increased personnel of officers and men. He said there should be provision made for 8,000 officers by 1920 and that the naval personnel should be large enough to maintain the navy at war strength.

"Under your proposal a larger complement of officers and men would be placed on our naval craft in peace times than is advocated by the General Board," observed Representative Hicks, Republican, of New York. "Don't you think it would be sufficient to have a smaller number of men in peace times?"

"Well, why not take all the men and officers from the ships and tie them up in peace times?" said Admiral Mayo.

"But why keep them up to war strength?" asked Mr. Hicks.

"Because that is what the navy is for," replied Admiral Mayo—"to operate in time of peace, so as to be ready for war."

"If we should supply enough men in ordinary times to furnish the quota on our ships in peace equal to that of Great Britain. I mean ships of equal size, wouldn't we be doing pretty well?" asked Representative Kelley, Republican, of Michigan.

"We would not if our ships called for a larger complement," replied Admiral Mayo. "It is not an exact science and never can be. The situation in regard to officers is worse than in regard to men. We have now a permanent officer force of 2,552. The reserve, emergency, and temporary officers will be going out. The Naval Academy cannot turn out officers fast enough for our needs. Personally, I indorse the recommendations of the Bureau of Navigation for 8,000 officers by 1920."

The committee had planned to vote on the Naval bill tomorrow. The testimony of Admiral Mayo may cause a postponement. It was said by those opposing an enlarged navy that the bill would be reduced from $750,000,000 to $550,000,000 with no increase in the building program.

Sentiment seems to be uncertain as to what course should be taken as to the naval program, and Democratic members of the committee say that President Wilson's influence will be necessary to get a bill through Congress to provide for increasing the navy at this time.

PLANS AIR SERVICE ALL OVER CANADA

F. G. Erickson Says Syndicate Which Bought 500 Airplanes Will Carry Passengers.

NOT TO HANDLE THE MAILS

Machines Purchased from Government, He Adds, Will Soon Be Sold for Less Than the Average Auto.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 30.—F. G. Erickson, who is acting here for a syndicate headed by Roy U. Conger of New York, today confirmed the report that he had purchased at least 500 airplanes and airplane material from the Imperial Munitions Board for upward of $8,000,000.

In the fields of sports and commerce Mr. Erickson hopes to find a ready market for his wares. He says he will have the flying machines overhauled and will sell them in a few months at a price lower than is generally paid for an automobile; for somewhere in the neighborhood of $2,000. Mr. Erickson is an aeronautical engineer and is not only a flier himself, but has completed various inventions connected with flying machines.

Mr. Erickson says he believes that the airplane has come to stay as a big factor in the pleasure and commerce of Canada. Opportunities for flying development here, he thinks, are greater than in the United States.

At the present time 90 of the 500 machines are assembled at the Leaside factory. The balance are scattered among the various R. F. C. camps and will be shipped to Toronto.

"Did you have much competition in buying the planes from the Imperial Munitions Board?" he was asked.

"There were quite a few after airplanes, but many of them could not give satisfactory explanations of what they intended to do with them."

The syndicate which purchased the planes is said to be chiefly composed of young men, practical fliers, who have been connected actively with flying on this continent since the early days of the war. The syndicate has plans under way, it was said today, to establish a passenger service, then an express, and finally a freight service between the principal cities of the Dominion.

The announcement was further made by officials that the deal will not accelerate demobilization of the Royal Air Forces in Canada, nor will it interfere with the plans of the Dominion Government for the establishment of a Canadian air service for mail, naval, and military purposes. Camps Mohawk and Rathbun, at Deseronto, and the Beamsville camp are to be dismantled as soon as their machines and parts and tools can be concentrated at Leaside, which, for aviation purposes, includes Armour Heights.

ARRIVE FOR AUTO SHOW.

Manufacturers and Dealers Here for Opening Tomorrow Night.

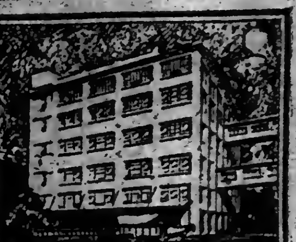
Automobile manufacturers and dealers from many parts of the country are arriving in New York to attend the big motor car show which opens tomorrow night in Madison Square Garden and the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, on Lexington Avenue, close to the Garden, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth Streets.

It is many years since the show has been held in the Garden, but a return there is necessary, since the Government is using the Grand Central Palace as a debarkation hospital. The show this year is held by the automobile dealers of New York City. The manufacturers, as a war measure, abandoned the idea of the annual national show usually held here in the first week of January several months before the signing of the armistice. They have co-operated heartily with the dealers, and the number of exhibitors seeking space was so large that it was necessary to hire the armory.

The show will last two weeks, the first week being devoted entirely to passenger cars and the second week, beginning Monday, Feb. 10, will be the commercial exhibit, when motor trucks and smaller business vehicles will be shown. For the passenger car week fifty-eight makes of all the popular models of American cars will be shown. There will be no foreign-made cars. In all, there will be about 250 cars in both buildings ranging in price from less than $1,000 to $10,000.

Genuine new models will be scarcer than formerly owing to the fact that most of the big manufacturers have been engaged for more than a year on war work and the production of cars has been greatly curtailed. Many of the leading automotive engineers have also been in war service, so that the majority of the cars will show but little change except in certain refinements of design and mechanism from the 1918 models. There is, however, one new car in the moderate-priced class which the manufacturers had designed over a year ago but withheld until the return of peace.

In addition to the cars there will be over 200 exhibitors of parts and accessories. The show will open in both buildings at 8 o'clock tomorrow night, and with the exception of Sunday will continue every day and night next week.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WAR BRIDES ARRIVE TO JOIN HUSBANDS

Fourteen Who Married Soldiers Abroad Come on Transport, 12 of Them Alone.

THREE SHIPS BRING TROOPS

Regulars, Marines, and National Army Men on Mongolia, Plattsburg, and Cruiser Frederick.

Two transports, the Mongolia, from St. Nazaire, and the Plattsburg and the armored cruiser Frederick, both from Brest, arrived yesterday, bringing officers and men from service in France. The Mongolia brought 4,429 regular army, Marine Corps, and national army troops, all classed as casuals, and a detachment of the 39th Hospital Unit.

In the national army on board were represented California, Virginia, New York, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Oklahoma, Missouri, Texas, Minnesota, Michigan, and Ohio. There were also 142 colored troops and Tractor Artillery School detachment of Ft. Slocum, consisting of 1 officer and 54 men, on board. The Plattsburg brought 1,631 troops, including the 323d Machine Gun Battalion, 12 officers and 484 men, of the 83d Division; Machine Gun Company, 5 officers and 160 men, of the 330th Infantry of the 83d Division; 60 men of the personnel of Naval Base Hospital No. 2, at Strathfeffer, Scotland, and a number of casual companies which included New York men. The Plattsburg brought 2 officers and 22 men who are convalescing from wounds.

Baby and Brides on Plattsburg.

The cruiser Frederick arrived early in the day with 1,547 troops, including 24 officers and 1,022 men of the 1st Battalion, comprising Companies A, B, C, and D of the 330th Infantry; the headquarters medical detachment of the 83d Division, and the 466th and 492d Aero Squadrons, together with a number of casual officers of the National Army from Ohio and West Virginia, which made up the 83d Division.

The list of the Plattsburg contained one baby" and when the vessel came alongside the American Line pier last evening the baby was a centre of interest. He is William Robert John Lewis, six months old, and he was introduced to his father, William Lewis, of the 165th, the old 69th Regiment.

The baby was born in London and comes of fighting Irish stock, as his father admitted, who has a record to prove it. He enlisted and served three and a half years with the Australians, and when America entered the war he obtained his discharge and enlisted in the 165th in Paris. He wears the British Military Medal, the Croix de Guerre, and the Gallipoli service medal. Mrs. Lewis came over with her baby to join her soldier husband. They met in London and were married there on July 14, 1917. Mr. Lewis lives at 607 Second Avenue.

Fourteen brides, twelve of whom journeyed across the Atlantic alone to join their husbands who are now on this side, came on the Plattsburg. Mrs. Alwood Gloesbeck, who was Miss Honneur, a singer, before she married Captain Gloesbeck of Schenectady in the 6th Infantry, is London, came with her husband. The Captain was in Lancaster Gate Hospital when Miss Honneur came to sing to the wounded.

The youngest bride on board was that of Lieutenant Henry Oswald Wyatt, who also arrived with her husband. His home is in Richmond, Ve. He was stationed at a British camp and was billeted with a British flyer. The latter asked him to spend his rest periods with him at his home at Carluke, twenty miles from Glasgow. When he returned to camp from his third visit he was engaged to Miss Elizabeth Young, 18 years old, and they were married on Nov. 21.

Other War Romances.

The end of a holiday in the country began the romance of Mrs. Marie Vogt, wife of a private in the Aerial service, whose home, she said, is at 866 East 164th Street. Returning from her holiday she came to London on the same train with Private Vogt. When they alighted at the station the soldier, whom she saw for the first time, asked her the way to an Eagle hut. She showed him the way and they became friends. Six weeks later they were married.

On Aug. 12, the day he had to join his ship, Paul David Clough of Kansas City, a radio electrician on the battleship Florida, married the girl he met in London. Mrs. Clough arrived last evening to join the husband with whom she parted on their wedding day.

Each bride had a story to tell. Among those who arrived was the wife of Lieutenant W. T. De Rede, to whom she was married in London in September; Mrs. Alvin Pettit, wife of a private in the aerial service, who lives at Youngstown, Ohio; Mrs. E. D. Johnson, whose husband, a private, is from Brooking, N. D., and while she was a clerk in the British Air Service was billeted in the same house with her future husband; Mrs. John Plater Steele, who was Miss Pearl Ramus before she married Sergeant of Marines Steele in November; Mrs. Zachariah Hameetman, whose husband is now said to be at Camp Upton, and Mrs. John Brositz, who met and married her husband in Nottingham, England.

Among the civilian passengers on the Plattsburg were Henry A. Bumstead, professor of physics at Yale University. He had been engaged in war work abroad since 1917.

INSTALL BROWNING GUNS.

Entire Third Army to be Equipped with the New Weapons.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF OCCUPATION, Jan. 20, (Associated Press Correspondence.)—The task of supplying the eight divisions of the Third American Army with Browning machine guns and automatic rifles was begun recently. The Brownings are to replace the machine guns and automatic rifles, with which all the troops of the American Expeditionary Forces have been armed. For the army of occupation approximately 158 cars will be required to transport the weapons from France to the occupied territory.

Each division is to have 768 automatic rifles and 224 machine guns.

SIEGEL OPENS FIGHT ON IMMIGRATION BILL

New York Congressman Insists There Is No Danger of an Inrush of Europeans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Burnett bill to restrict general immigration for four years is destined to meet strong opposition. Directing the fight is Representative Isaac Siegel of New York, who will have the support of Representative Sabath of Illinois, a member of the House Immigration Committee. They will present a minority report on the bill, which Mr. Siegel today characterized as "un-American and against the spirit of American institutions."

In the opinion of Mr. Siegel, the talk of a threatened inrush of Bolsheviki and radicals from Europe "is ridiculous and hysterical." He thinks the argument is employed to frighten American capital. The bill, he said, is demanded chiefly by organized labor, which seeks to maintain wartime wages.

"It will take nine months to bring the soldiers back from overseas at the present rate at which they are being moved, and we will need all the ships we can get together for that purpose," said Mr. Siegel. "There will be no ships in which to carry the thousands of immigrants who are said to be about to come here to spread Bolshevism. It is a fact, as San Francisco demonstrated, that workmen flock to devastated areas instead of avoiding them, because of the great amount of work to be done and the high prices usually paid for such work.

"Workmen will not abandon the devastated and impoverished areas of war-torn Europe. The Europeans will stay at home to perform the great reconstruction task they have before them. American workmen will be needed over there, too.

"That is the history of all wars. Immigration came almost to a standstill after the Franco-Prussian war. There is no work to be done here compared with what is before the laboring men of Europe. The governments of Europe probably will enact laws to prohibit emigration for a period of several years if it is found that labor is leaving.

"There is not the slightest necessity for anti-immigration legislation. I do not believe Congress will enact it. I regard such legislation as ill-advised, to say the least, especially when the bill we have before us would permit immigration from Canada, Mexico, and other countries contiguous to the United States, but bar out immigrants from Britain, France, Italy, and others of our allies. Such discrimination is sure to prove embarrassing to President Wilson at the Peace Conference. I don't for a moment believe that Congress will enact the bill."

AGAINST IMMIGRATION BAN.

Manufacturers Oppose Burnett Bill, Says Stephen C. Mason.

In a statement sent out yesterday, Stephen C. Mason, President of the National Association of Manufacturers, said that manufacturers throughout the country were not in favor of the Burnett bill, which would prohibit immigration from any but adjoining countries for four years, as they believe it is neither wise or in accord with the principles of our Government. He thought a better solution would be the adoption of suitably restrictive legislation with immigrant distribution machinery along the line of that of Canada.

"To shut off practically every avenue for new labor forces for the next four years," he said, "is not squarely meeting an important problem of readjustment. It is creating possibly more grievous problems and conditions than those which it is sought to correct. We are weak, indeed, if, on the pretext of preventing the importation of one of Europe's war aggravated social diseases, known as rampant Bolshevism, the only remedy we can adopt is to prohibit the continued arrival of those still remaining healthy and vital forces of European labor which may come to our shores to escape the very social conditions we, ourselves dread."

2,197 LAND AT PHILADELPHIA

The Haverford Brings Back Many New Yorkers, Including Jay Gould.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Philadelphia today extended a hearty welcome to 2,197 men of the American Expeditionary Force, first of the overseas contingent to arrive at this port. They came on the liner Haverford. After being entertained at luncheon by women of the various war organizations, the veterans marched to the Pennsylvania Station and entrained for Camp Dix.

Most of the returning soldiers were members of the 65th Regiment, Coast Artillery. In addition, there were 238 colored casuals from nearly every American division that fought in France, thirty-seven officer casuals, and nine naval officers. Nearly all of the casuals were wounded. Among the navy men were Ensign Jay Gould of New York, who had been stationed at Murmansk, Russia, and Lieutenant Neilson Poe of Baltimore, once a Princeton football star.

The 65th Regiment is composed mainly of men from Washington, Oregon, and California. Colonel Benjamin H. Kerfoot of Kansas, a veteran of the Philippines, is in command.

The regiment claims the honor of being the only organization of American troops to fire the British 9.2-inch howitzer in action, and is said to have handled the heaviest mobile armament, outside of the railroad mounted guns, used by the American First Army. The regiment fired 15,000 tons of steel and explosives at five different points in the German line of defense, all within a period of seventy days and nights. During this time, Colonel Kerfoot said, the casualties amounted to only three men killed and ninety-nine wounded in action. His records show that since the regiment's inception there had not been a courtmartial of either an officer or enlisted man.

Thirty-seven sick and wounded officers were brought back on the Haverford. They included two who fought with the 77th Division, which trained at Camp Meade, Md., and three others who were with the 28th, the "Iron Division." They were First Lieutenant S. A. Dobre of New York, who was with the sanitary detachment of the 316th Infantry, and Lieutenant Theodore Snook of Waverly, N. Y., who was with the 313th Infantry.

The "Iron Division" officers were Second Lieutenant Ayman Cater, Company L, 109th Infantry, of New York; Second Lieutenant Harry C. Flinn, Company A, 110th Infantry, of Brooklyn, and Second Lieutenant Robert J. Doran of Wilkes-Barre, Penn.

COLLISION TIES UP ELEVATED; ONE DEAD

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

incipient panic, and by the time reserves arrived from the Tremont and Morrisania stations several hundred persons were being shepherded in orderly lines back to the station and thence to the street.

When Acting Battalion Chief Gillespie came with apparatus responding to a special alarm, he found the guards and policemen fighting a losing battle with the flames spreading through the sixth car. By then they were endangering the woman wedged under a mass of twisted iron and wooden debris, for it was not known whether she was alive. Gillespie sent for the Rescue Squad, which came from Great Jones Street in nineteen minutes. By the time it arrived, however, the flames had been extinguished. Acting Captain Wines of the Bronx Detective Bureau, who took a squad of detectives to the wreck, found that Motorman Britt had been penned in his cab but had smashed his way out through the window. He was doing what he could to help quiet the excitement. Britt was sent to the Tremont Avenue Police Station where Assistant District Attorney Delagi learned that he was 44 years old and had been ten years in the interborough service. Britt could give no explanation of the accident, except that he had slowed his train almost to a standstill because of a slight block at the Tremont station ahead of him, when the train behind suddenly slammed into his.

Motorman Vogt of the rear train was finally discovered wandering aimlessly about the platform, his head in his hands and tears rolling down his face. He told the Assistant District Attorney he had been in the service nine years and that during that time he never before had had an accident. Britt was not held. Vogt was released after the Interborough had furnished $1,000 bond for his appearance to answer the homicide charge.

George Keegan, assistant to General Manager Hedley and H. M. Norris, Hedley's Secretary, arrived within a few minutes and took charge of the wrecking work. Keegan put about seventy-five men on the job, all who could work in the narrow space and three hours later southbound service was resumed. Within another half hour a crippled northbound service was begun, the trains switching around the wreck by using the express track. At midnight it looked as though it would be some hours before normal conditions could be restored on the road.

Meantime northbound elevated trains had been stalled for more than a mile behind the wreck. The Union Railway Company stripped its barns of every available surface car, a hundred jitneys appeared, and slowly the crowds made their way homeward, jamming the subway and defying all regulations by riding outside and on top of trolley cars and every place there was foothold. Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney and Charles Standfast, a supervisor for that body, inspected the wrecked trains and then went to the police station to examine the motormen.

PUTS WAR'S BIG LOSS ON LACK OF TRAINING

Prof. Lowell Would Fit College Men to be Officers by Teaching Them Art of Warfare.

ALSO REFORM ATHLETICS

Suggests Compulsory Exercise for Students Who Need but Will Not Take It.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 30.—The unnecessary loss of life due to inexperience of officers, which might have turned the scales in favor of Germany, should not be repeated, says President Lowell in his annual report made public tonight. To make this impossible the President advocates a certain amount of military and naval instruction at colleges and universities. He says:

"The war has shown the need of a broader preparation for modern war than most of our officers received. There seems to be no doubt that our losses in battle were much larger than they need have been if the officers had been more familiar with the conditions they were called upon to meet. This means not only unnecessary sacrifice, but in a hard and closely contested war it might mean the difference between victory and defeat.

"Surely it ought to be possible to teach the art of war as other applied sciences or arts are taught. We do not instruct engineers or industrial foremen by merely training them in manipulating existing machinery and requiring the regulations for its use to be committed to memory. We teach them something at least of the mechanical principles on which all machinery rests, in order that they may be able to understand new devices and show the workmen under their charge how to use them. Nor does such a process unfit them for actual manufacturing plants. On the contrary, it makes them far more valuable. There is no obvious reason why the same method could not be effectively applied to training reserve line officers in the art of war.

"The military art is the application of the principles to the condition of actual warfare, and in that sense they are invariable as the principles of mechanics, the application alone changing with the weapons or machinery in use. It ought to be possible to teach those principles and explain by means of them the meaning and intent of field regulations and of military organizations and supply, thereby training line officers who would not only be familiar with existing practice, but able also to apply their knowledge rapidly to the unknown conditions and amended regulations that a new war will certainly produce.

"These things could well be taught during the academic term and their practical application learned in Summer camps, where more continuous and extended operations with field manoeuvres covering many days would furnish better material for systematic observation than could possibly be provided in term time.

"A similar plan might be adopted for the navy, the students being taught the necessary mathematics, physics, astronomy, and navigation in college and learning the seamanship and drill during the Summer at naval stations and afloat.

"So long as there is no universal compulsory service military studies at most of the colleges must be voluntary; but the Summer camps would present strong attractions to the students and might go far to solve the problem of the long vacation idly spent by far too many men."

On the question of athletics, President Lowell says that after a year and a half of war, in which the intercollegiate sports have been suspended, athletics should be resumed on a more rational basis than in the past.

"Athletic contests are only a part of the physical training that should be given," he says. "An athletic system which resulted only in having the great mass of students sit on the bleachers and applaud a few exceptional men in the field would be hopelessly defective and in fact the great intercollegiate games have been too exclusively the object of attention. This has had two unfortunate results. It has lent an exaggerated importance to these games and to the men who take part in them, and it has led to a neglect of the ordinary student and his bodily condition.

"It may be worth while for the college to consider whether it ought to go so far as to compel some form of exercise for those who need but will not take it."

ALLEN RENEWS CHARGES.

Says 35th Division Suffered 4,623 Out of 6,301 Argonne Casualties.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 30.—Reading from what he said was an official report prepared by ex-Captain Harry R. Coffman of Chicago, former psychiatrist of the 35th Division, Governor Henry U. Allen of Kansas, in a speech here today, renewed his charges that the Missouri-Kansas Division suffered heavy losses as a result of inefficiency of transportation and inadequate air protection in the Argonne Wood battle. Captain Coffman was in charge of the first-aid casualty station in the Argonne action and rendered a report of the division's casualties.

At that station, according to the report, a copy of which the officer mailed to Governor Allen, the entire casualties which passed through included those of seven divisions, totaling 6,301. Of that number, the report stated, 4,623 were from the 35th Division. The 91st Division, he said, furnished only 789 of the casualties. The 28th had 423 and the 37th had 67.

French and English trucks were used to transport wounded, he report asserts, after the American transportation

THE 59TH MUSTERED OUT.

Brooklyn Men Break Ranks and End Discipline at Camp Upton.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, L. I., Jan. 30.—The 59th Coast Artillery, which arrived here last Friday from abroad, was mustered out of the service today. Its officers and a few clerks remained in camp to finish up the business of the regiment, but the remainder of the unit left on a special train at 3:30 o'clock. The 59th was formed from the old 13th Regiment of Brooklyn, and two-thirds of its men are from Brooklyn.

The train that took them home stopped at each station between Jamaica and Flatbush Avenue. The men received new clothes in exchange for their old ones and looked as if they had just entered the service. Last night they celebrated their discharge by giving dinners purchased with company funds.

Major W. T. Harris, the commander, was dined by Battery E, over which he formerly had command, and the supply company had a party. The march to the station today was in formation and the men maintained discipline until they broke ranks on the platforms. They said they would go direct to their homes and arrange for a reception at their armory later.

ATWATER TRIAL NEAR END.

Third Member of Brokerage Firm Faces Poughkeepsie Jury.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Jan. 30.—The trial of Morton Atwater, of the firm of Atwater, Foote and Sherrill, charged with grand larceny in the first degree, goes to the jury tomorrow. The allegation is that he stole Liberty bonds, appropriating them for his personal use. His trial continued all this week beginning last Monday morning. The case grows out of the failure of the stock brokerage firm of Atwater, Foote and Sherrill, on April 16, 1918. The liabilities amounted to more than a million dollars.

Twenty-eight indictments were returned against members of the firm. Gilbert F. Foote pleaded guilty to a charge of forgery in the third degree, and was sentenced to Sing Sing. Harold W. Sherrill pleaded guilty to the same charge and is in jail here.

A Federal Grand Jury has returned indictments for evasion of the draft law against Gilbert Foote and his two sons, Giraud and Gilbert F., Jr.

DRAFT BOARDS MAY DEMOBILIZE ARMY

War Department Said to Favor Enright's Plan for Sending Men Home to be Discharged.

WOULD AVOID CONGESTION

Thousands of Soldiers Mustered Out at Camps and Paid Off Stranded in Larger Cities.

Demobilization of military units by draft boards instead of the present method of discharging soldiers from service at cantonments or from camps for the reception of returning overseas veterans, with its consequent liability to create congestion in military districts and nearby cities by freeing large bodies of men at frequent intervals, has been recommended to Secretary of War Baker and Provost Marshal General Crowder by Police Commissioner Enright, who returned from Washington yesterday. He urged the change for the benefit of the men and to relieve the economic and employment situations, and would have each draft board act as a co-operative agent in aiding its quota to find employment.

When the armistice was signed the Commissioner sent a similar suggestion to Mayor Hylan, who presented it to the War Department, but it was then disapproved. The chief difficulty at that time was to get the men to the draft boards without much detail work and confusion in handling local draft contingents.

"At the conference with Secretary Baker and General Crowder it was agreed that the obstacle would be disposed of by authorizing the various draft boards to disburse the pay due to each soldier, together with the mileage allotted to him," said Commissioner Enright. "This would work automatically to the advantage of the soldier as well as the military authorities, who would be relieved of much detail work. Under the proposed plan, when the soldier is discharged at camp he must report to his draft board to get his pay and final release from service."

The Commissioner said Secretary Baker had promised to reconsider his decision, and that Provost Marshal General Crowder had already announced his approval of the Board project.

"General Crowder intimated that he considered the project entirely practicable, as it was merely a reversal of the Draft Board system of calling the men to service," said the Commissioner.

Commissioner Enright asserted that there were 50,000 discharged soldiers here who were drafted from out of town localities. Under the present system of discharging soldiers, said he, many of the men flock to the large cities instead of returning to their homes. They leave camps with their pay, which is often spent or lost before they are ready to go home and are left stranded and subject to hardship.

Major Pullman, head of the Washington police, told me that the congestion of discharged soldiers in that city had created a difficult problem for the authorities," Commissioner Enright said. "In Chicago, too, there is a similar problem, where it is reported that 100,000 demobilized negro soldiers have gone to that city from adjacent camps. With the aid of the draft boards all this congestion and confusion would be done away with by a natural and easy method of distribution of the men, who would thereby be aided in many ways and particularly in getting employment.

"It is proposed to have the draft boards act as co-operating employment offices—a sort of clearing house for each local community, where offers of employment would be received and adapted to the qualifications of the ex-soldiers. Furthermore the men, once they reached their home places, would have their relatives of friends to assist them."

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

An Agreement With the Carpenters' Union

Is a "SCRAP OF PAPER"

34 West 33d St., New York, January 31, 1919.

To the Public:

The New York District Council of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners ordered its members to strike on the new Pennsylvania and Commodore Hotels, the Army Base, Brooklyn, and other rush jobs of the members of the Building Trades Employers' Association on November 14th, 1918, in violation of their trade agreement. Their violation of the trade agreement was approved by W. L. Hutcheson, International President of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Chairman of the Section of the War Labor Board that is now endeavoring to adjudicate the differences between the Boat Owners' Associations of New York and their employees. The Chairman of a War Labor Board was engaged in conducting a strike of the carpenters, in violation of a trade agreement, while sitting as an arbitrator in the boatmen's dispute and representing the Government of the United States. He was conducting a strike against the United States Government on the Army Base buildings and piers in the Borough of Brooklyn, which have been at a standstill since November 14th, 1918, rendering a Government investment of $45,000,000 useless. He was also conducting a strike of the carpenters against the United States Government on the Quartermaster's Stores under construction in New Orleans, La., and on the work of the United States Housing Commission at Bridgeport, Conn. The strikes in New Orleans and Bridgeport were sympathetic in support of the strike on the Army Base, Brooklyn.

A request made of President Gompers by Secretary of War Baker on December 10th, 1918, that the carpenters be returned to work on the Army Base and that the existing agreement be lived up to has proven ineffective.

We ask for the moral support of investors, building operators and owners, architects, and the public in the fight that we are making to protect the building industry of our city from industrial anarchy. We refuse to bargain with a union while its members are on strike in violation of its agreement. We decline to abandon our principles and cast aside a policy through the pursuance of which we have maintained peace and conditions that have been fair to labor for a period of more than fifteen years.

The Building Trades Employers' Association of the City of New York.

HANAN

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S SHOES

An opportunity to secure some unusual bargains from many lines of our seasonable goods.

AT ALL STORES

516 Fifth Ave., cor. 43rd St.
411 Fifth Ave., at 37th St.
1255 Broadway, cor 31st St.
1391 Broadway, cor. 38th St.
1095 Broadway, at 23rd St.
419 Broadway, cor. Canal St.
297 Broadway, at Duane St.
205 B'dway, cor. Fulton St.
35 Nassau St., cor. Liberty St.
438 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Good Shoes Are an Economy

SHOES

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

"The Oldest Company in America"

The Mutual Life
Insurance Company of New York
34 Nassau Street, New York

In 1918
Paid Policyholders a Total of
$69,651,430

One Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty-Eight Million Dollars
paid to Policyholders since the Company began business in 1843

Dividends to Policyholders in 1918
$19,222,739

Dividends to Policyholders in 1919

Notwithstanding the heavy mortality caused by the influenza, and the great increase in taxes, our 1918 rate of annual dividend will be paid in 1919.

LIBERTY BONDS
Included in our assets are $63,065,000 of Liberty Bonds

Balance Sheet December 31, 1918

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Real Estate	$ 17,486,999.93	Policy Reserve	$536,113,077.00
Mortgage Loans	109,410,090.17	Supplementary Contract Reserve	4,510,009.67
Policy Loans	87,735,658.48	Other Policy Liabilities	14,023,894.08
Bonds and Stocks	444,264,898.62	Premiums, Interest, and Rents paid in advance	1,294,511.09
Interest and Rents due and accrued	8,702,744.11	Miscellaneous Liabilities	915,203.83
Premiums in course of collection	5,713,080.82	Due Banks on Liberty Bonds purchased, with Interest	24,485,564.56
Cash ($1,646,229.25 at interest)	2,252,542.46	Taxes, License Fees, etc., payable in 1919	2,807,442.29
Deposited to pay claims	1,148,279.24	Dividends payable in 1919	21,958,050.51
		Reserve for Future Deferred Dividends	51,875,465.28
		Contingency Reserve (Surplus)	15,731,075.52
	$673,714,293.83		$673,714,293.83

Gains in 1918

In Insurance in Force,	$53,696,020	In Admitted Assets,	$39,714,724
In Net Policy Reserves,	15,052,987	In Total Income,	2,986,625

Total Insurance in Force December 31, 1918
$1,861,881,953

BRANCH OFFICE MANAGERS, NEW YORK CITY

T. C. BELL, 32 Liberty St.
LeROY BOWERS, 161 W. 125th St.
GEO. A. BRINKERHOFF, 149 Broadway
ROBERT H. HARDY, 501 Fifth Ave.
IVES & MYRICK, 38 Nassau St.
I. WOLFFSOHN, 299 Broadway
WARREN T. DIEFENDORF, 166 Montague St., Brooklyn

China Luxury
without extravagance

Measured by its lifetime satisfaction, Haviland China is economical at any price. Right now, however, the lure of its incomparable charm, beauty and distinction is emphasized by the season-end repricing of many of the choicest and most desirable patterns—affording opportunities to those who like to figure economy in the first-cost as well as in the satisfaction that endures. Early selections are in order.

Haviland & Co.
Founded 1847
11 East 36th Street 10 East 37th Street
New York

So you may distinguish it, each piece is stamped under glaze—
Haviland
France

Haviland China

The decorated China has an additional stamp on the glaze—
DECORATED BY
Haviland & Co.
Limoges

AUCTION!

Sale of 1,000 U. S. Government

HORSES and MULES

CAMP GORDON, GA. (near Atlanta)

February 5, 1919 9 a. m. Until Sold

This auction sale of surplus animals will be held at the Auxiliary Remount Depot, No. 316, Camp Gordon, Ga.

These animals are all fat and in good condition.

They will be sold positively to the highest bidder, as individuals, in teams or carload lots, as customers may desire.

The Sale Will Be Held Rain or Shine—Under Cover.

TERMS: Cash or Certified Check

For further information write

MALBON G. RICHARDSON

Major Q. M. C. Commanding Camp Gordon, Ga.

WILL ADVOCATE LAW TO END PROPAGANDA

Senate Committee Investigating German Activities Soon to Submit a Report.

EXONERATION FOR DAMON

His Name Wrongly in Stevenson Pacifist List, Members Hold—Documents Read Into Record.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate committee investigating German propaganda in this country resumed its public sessions today. The committee probably will conclude the taking of testimony next Tuesday. Immediately thereafter it is understood the committee will report the result of the investigation, with the recommendation that a law be passed to protect the people of this country from the activities of Bolsheviki, anarchists and other agitators.

At today's session the first matter taken up was the list of men and women placed in the record last week, which list purported to give the names of some of the principal supporters of various radical and pacifist organizations in this country. The matter came up with the appearance before the committee of Professor Lindsay T Damon of Brown University, one of the many college professors whose names appeared on the list as it was submitted by Archibald E. Stevenson of the Propaganda section of the Military Intelligence Division of the General Staff.

Professor Damon was one of those listed as a member of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society. At present Professor Damon is in the employ of the War Department, his assignment being the settlement of claims against the War Department growing out of the operations of the Student Officers' Training Corps in various New England colleges.

After listening to the statement of Professor Damon the committee informed him that they did not consider him either pacifistic or disloyal and ordered that the opinion be placed in the record. The committee, however, refused to take Professor Damon's name off the list in the record.

A letter written by Captain Boy-Ed, the then German Naval Attaché in Washington, was read into the record. This letter was written in Berlin in January, 1915, and was addressed to von Papen, then at the front in command of troops. The letter, written a year after Boy-Ed was ordered out of the United States, was the one in which he said he had taken with a grain of salt German predictions of a German revolution in this country in case of a declaration of war against the Fatherland.

More of the threatening letters sent at the direction of the German Government to workmen of German and Austro-Hungarian blood employed in American munition plants were offered by Major Humes as furnishing conclusive proof of the Government's contention that the so-called Workman's Aid of New York and other cities, also sometimes referred to as the Libau Employment Agency, was financed by the German Government. Other documents in support of this view also were placed in the record.

There was also placed in the record a report of L. S. Perkins of the Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation on the Hans Libau Bureau. This report, dated May 22, 1917, shows that Libau was questioned on April 7, the day after Congress declared war on Germany. In this report Perkins states that Libau admitted that practically all of the funds used to finance the bureau were donated by the German Government, and were transmitted to the agency through Dr. Heinrich Albert, the former fiscal agent of the German Embassy.

Another man named in the report is R. H. Otto, the former German Consul at Jamaica, who when the war broke out sought refuge in Plainfield, N. J. One item of $19,000 opposite Otto's name in Albau's ledger was the gift, according to the report, of the German Club of New York. Altogether Otto handled between $25,000 and $30,000 for the bureau.

That none of the names on the Stevenson list will be expunged from the record of the committee was decided at an executive session late in the afternoon. It was announced that if any among those listed desired to testify the committee would accord a hearing. Senator Overman said the action today was in no wise to be taken as indicating that the committee entertained the view that the fact that a man or woman belonged to this or that radical or pacifist organization was evidence of the disloyalty of such person.

CUT PRICES FOR SOLDIERS.

Women's League Obtains Discounts for Men Leaving Service.

Civilian clothing for soldiers and sailors discharged from the service, it was announced yesterday, could be obtained at a discount through the Shopping Bureau of the National League for Women's Service, which has made arrangements with a number of men's furnishing dealers. On suits and overcoats the greater number of shopkeepers agreed to give 10 per cent. discount, and one large clothing house has offered a 30 per cent. discount. There is a 30 per cent. discount on all haberdashery and a variable discount on shoes. Men who wish to take advantage of these discounts, it was announced, should apply to Mrs. Guy H. Tulman at the headquarters, 257 Madison Avenue.

Men leaving the service who are about to marry are also to be aided by the bureau in setting up housekeeping, as a furniture house, it was said, had offered a 10 per cent. discount on all household goods, and if installments were paid promptly this would be increased to 15 per cent. The Shopping Bureau was instituted to aid soldiers and sailors in nearby camps. Twenty professional shoppers volunteered their services, giving a day a week, to help the men make their purchases.

O'LEARY JURY COMPLETED.

Taking of Testimony in Conspiracy Trial to Begin Today.

The taking of testimony in the trial of Jeremiah A. O'Leary and others on a charge of conspiring to obstruct the military laws of the country will begin today before Federal Judge A. N. Hand. The work of getting a jury was not completed until 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Many men called for jury duty were excused on pleas of having formed unshakable opinions concerning the guilt of the defendants, and others for various other reasons.

The jury, as finally completed, is as follows: Ernest R. Hunter, foreman, investments; James W. Harte, salesman; Albert Blumacher, plater; James S. Kirk, electrician; Bertie J. Kelsey, clerk; Frank H. Janke, assistant treasurer; James C. Hull, secretary; John J. Hammond, harbor pilot; George E. Hall, hat manufacturer; William L. H. Gallin, contractor; Isador Scherick, retired; Silas J. Cabot, automobiles.

Two Unusual Marine Items.

Shipping men noted two unusual items in yesterday's marine news at this port. The British steamship Cairnvalona, from Salonikl, brought in yesterday a cargo of currants and Turkish tobacco, the first vessel load of these commodities to arrive here from the Orient since early in the war. The schooner Harry G. Deering of Bath, Me., arrived from Para, Brazil, having completed the 3,000-mile voyage in twenty days. This, marine men say, was a remarkably fast passage.

CHORUS GIRL CLAIMS SHARE IN FIELD ESTATE

Peggy Marsh Asks $100,000 From Property of Late Henry Field of Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—At the instance of Peggy Marsh, a former chorus girl residing at 120 East Eighty-second Street, New York, who claims that the late Henry Field, grandson of Marshall Field, was the father of her child, a suit has been instituted in the Superior Court here for a construction of the Marshall Field will. The object behind the suit, however, seems to be the enforcement of an agreement which the woman alleges was entered into between her and Henry Field, whereby she was to receive $100,000 for the support of herself and their child.

The story is told in a deposition made several days ago by Peggy Marsh in the New York office of De Lancey Nicoll, representing the trustees of the elder Marshall Field's estate, who are defendants in a friendly action by his grandson, Marshall, and granddaughter, Gwendolyn, to construe the merchant's will.

According to the story told by Peggy Marsh, she received from young Field, who died in July, 1917, at least $50,000 in cash and presents. He is further said to have signed an agreement to pay her $100,000.

A formal claim for this amount was filed several months ago in the Probate Court against Henry Field's estate, but it is said that this will not be contested by the Field family, who are alleged to recognise that Henry Field was the father of Peggy Marsh's son, who bears the name of Henry Antony Marsh. That the Field family intends to carry out Henry's agreement with Mrs. Marsh, as she calls herself, is indicated by her testimony that since his death she has received $500 a month from Marshall Field, 3d.

In the action in the Probate Court, Mrs. Marsh was represented by ex-Governor Edward F. Dunne. The guardian for Henry Antony Marsh is Attorney Edward F. Dunne, Jr., who appeared in New York at the taking of the deposition.

"We feel that Mrs. Marsh has a perfectly legitimate claim as is further shown by the fact that it is recognized by young Field's family," said the younger Dunne.

Peggy Marsh's testimony was taken in New York before Commissioner Myles A. Walsh. She said that her real name was Annabelle Greenough, and that she was born in Chelsea, Mass. She testified that she became acquainted with Field in the Savoy Hotel, London, early in 1915. She was at that time playing at the Alhambra. From that time young Field is said to have shown her constant attention, finally engaging a house in London where they lived for several months.

Mrs. Marsh made it clear that there was never a marriage ceremony between herself and Field and that she had never considered herself his wife or been so recognized by him or introduced as such to his friends.

The $100,000 agreement between the couple is said to have been entered into "on or about Feb. 7, 1917." It was on that date that Henry Field married Miss Nancy Perkins, a niece of the Langhorne sisters of Virginia.

WOULD HAVE SMITH APPOINT WELCOMERS

Independent Committee Favors the Plan Proposed by Wadsworth for Receiving Troops.

HEARST ATTACK ON McCOOEY

Follows Reported Refusal of Democratic Leader to Force Withdrawal of Chairman Jonas.

The statement of Senator Wadsworth urging Governor Smith to appoint a State Committee to welcome returning troops was commended last night at a meeting of the Independent Citizens' Committee of Welcome, held in the Murray Hill Hotel. This resolution was telegraphed to Senator Wadsworth:

The Independent Citizens Committee for welcoming our soldiers and sailors expresses to you its hearty approval and appreciation of your statement urging the Governor of the State of New York to appoint a State Committee to welcome our returning troops, in order to bring to an end the unfortunate and discreditable situation which has been created in this city by the appointment of Mr. William Randolph Hearst on the Mayor's Committee of Welcome.

The meeting was attended by a majority of the organizations which form the committee. It was decided that the organization should first take up the soldier unemployment problem, pass next to the distribution of signs reading "Welcome Home," inquire into the reason for delayed pay, and also distribute anti-Bolshevist literature among the soldiers who are still abroad.

Dr. S. Dana Hubbard, Director of the Bureau of Public Health Education of the Department of Health, yesterday announced that he had resigned from the Independent Committee. Dr. Hubbard, in a letter to Dr. William T. Manning, said he got out "because the committee has taken on a political complexion," whereas he had joined "in the belief that it was to be purely nonsectarian and nonpolitical."

A stir was caused in Brooklyn yesterday by the appearance in The New York Evening Journal, one of the Hearst newspapers, of an article attacking John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Kings County. Mr. McCooey would make no statement concerning the matter, but it was noted about the Borough Hall that the attack followed Mr. McCooey's refusal to take steps to have Nathan S. Jonas, President of the Manufacturers' Trust Company, removed as Chairman of the Brooklyn Victory Celebration Committee, under whose auspices James M. Beck appeared at a mass meeting at the Academy of Music on Wednesday evening.

Mr. Jonas, it was asserted, had incurred the enmity of the Hearst forces by declining to withdraw Mr. Beck as a speaker at the meeting, notwithstanding the fact that Borough President Edward Riegelmann in a letter requested him to do so. Mr. Riegelmann's letter was sent after a committee from Bay Ridge protested against Mr. Beck speaking. Following Mr. Jonas's refusal to remove Mr. Beck, it is reported, a demand was made upon the Borough President for the removal of Mr. Jonas. This demand, it is said, was communicated to Mr. McCooey, and he refused to agree to it.

Mr. McCooey declined yesterday to make any comment upon the article attacking him. He asserted positively that there had been no one from Mr. Hearst to see him about the matter. E. T. O'Loughlin, former Register of Kings County and leader of the Hearst political forces in Brooklyn, it is said, spent a short time at the office of Mr. McCooey on Monday. The purpose of his visit was not disclosed at that time.

Borough President Riegelmann when asked yesterday what he would do in the face of Mr. Jonas's refusal to withdraw Mr. Beck said very emphatically, "I have nothing to say." He denied that there had been any communication between himself and the Hearst forces as to Mr. Beck and reiterated that his only object in asking for the withdrawal of Mr. Beck was because of his belief that Mr. Beck had assailed the head of the city Government, of which he is a member. It was learned yesterday that Mr. Riegelmann sent a second letter to Mr. Jonas on Wednesday asking for Mr. Beck's withdrawal in the interest of "peace and order." Mr. Jonas paid no attention to either letter or to a personal request made by the Borough President.

Mr. Jonas said that whatever reply he had to make to the letters of Mr. Riegelmann or any other matter concerning the Celebration Committee would be made at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the organization, which has been called for 4 o'clock this afternoon at the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Riegelmann has been asked to be present.

Flies 300 Miles with 10 Aboard.

ROME, Jan. 30, (Havas.)—A Caproni biplane carrying ten passengers flew from Milan to Rome to-day in four and one-half hours. The distance is about three hundred miles.

MEXICAN SCENES FILMED.

Life and Progress Shown in Eight Educational Reels.

An eight-reel film entitled "Typical Mexican Aspects," made by George D. Wright, with the co-operation of President Carranza's Government, was shown yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Mexican Consulate General to invited spectators at Wurlitzer Hall.

The film begins with the celebration of Mexican Independence Day, Sept. 16, showing the President and members of his staff reviewing a parade of soldiers, sailors, and military cadets, whose number and equipment would seem to indicate a high degree of development. The picture then presents specimens of the people of Mexico, giving views, first, of the more primitive natives at their farming, boating, fishing, and spinning, and next, glimpses of artisans and mechanics, business and professional men, and Government officials in typical surroundings.

Commerce and industry are treated in the same way. The manufacture by hand of baskets, jugs, and other articles is illustrated, and also the selling methods of small merchants at their street stands. The busy inside of a large cigarette factory is then shown, and after it the making of double-headed wax matches, rolled steel, and airplanes in modern plants. There are a number of views of Tampico and its adjacent oil fields, with close-up views of the working of a well.

The final scenes are of Mexico City. President Carranza is shown at his home on the hill of Chapultepec, taking a ride with his staff, voting on election day, walking in his garden and receiving the congratulations of foreign Governments on Mexican independence.

As shown yesterday the titles were in Spanish, but the pictures will be divided into one-reel lengths, supplied with English text, and distributed to theatres by the Educational Films Corporation.

McK&R

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

YOUR doctor will tell you that mouth and throat disinfection is your protection against Spanish Influenza

Cin-u-form Lozenges

A direct antiseptic for the mouth and throat.

25c at Druggists

McKESSON & ROBBINS, Inc., New York
Manufacturing Chemists *Established 1833*
Makers of Calox Tooth Powder

"Speed with Economy"

35 days built a clear-span seaplane hangar, 200 by 110 feet—for Navy.

Doesn't this suggest a low-cost, clear-span garage—no columns to hinder or injure trucks—for you?

Phone us—Bryant 2908.

Barney-Ahlers
Industrial Construction

R. H. Macy & Co's Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Store Opens 9:00 A.M. and closes 5:30 P. M.

Not Involved—

In fact, a Depositor's account is as simple as can be.

No references are necessary, there is no investigation by an inquisitive credit man. Simply deposit whatever amount you desire.

We pay interest of 4% from the date of deposit to the date of withdrawal.

Your signature is recorded and you order your purchases charged against your D. A.

Each month you receive an itemized statement of what you have purchased and how much money still remains to your credit. Each quarter this statement shows besides what your D. A. has earned for you.

You can figure for yourself what you save by keeping this account active, for merchandise is at least 6% less here than elsewhere.

This is possible because we maintain no expensive credit system. If you can pay bills monthly you need no credit; so why pay for it at stores allowing credit, in the increased price of merchandise?

You may withdraw your money in whole or part upon demand.

Ask for particulars.

R. H. Macy & Co's Depositors' Account Dept., Private Bankers, under the supervision of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York.

Macy's—Main Floor, Bakeny, 34th St.

Bouncy

"That's the way I like them, and I'd never know this luxurious chair for the one I sent to be fixed. Lit'ral'y it broke my spine a dozen times, for the springs were like the Rocky Road to Dublin."

Mrs. Heather

is one of the many more than satisfied patrons of our upholstery department.

We repair and correct from the foundation to the finishing bit of braid, and your furniture has a second and stronger lease on life.

Now is the time many foresighted housewives are ordering their Summer slip-on furniture covers and awnings.

Our estimators will call upon request to take measurements and quote figures.

Macy's—Fourth Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Many Men Appreciate

the convenience of our special department for men's wear assembled for quick purchasing. Entrance 35th Street and Broadway.

Gidding
5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST.
PARIS NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

have recently produced a varied and interesting collection of

Smart Tailormades
For Spring

presenting those certain characteristics of refined taste so umistakably associated with Gidding Models

To Lawyers
Insurance Men
and others

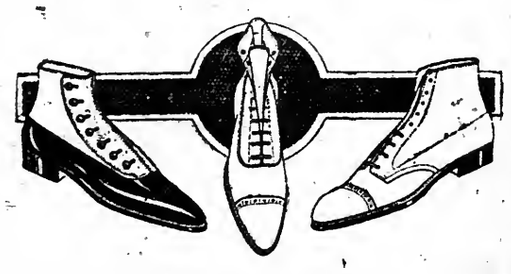
Saks & Company Will Hold To-day

A Special Sale of 2000

Leather Brief Cases

At $5.95

¶ Genuine Sole Leather Brief Cases large enough to accomodate Lawyer's briefs and other legal papers. Fitted with two pockets, and adjustable lock. None like them in town at the price, and we don't expect to be able to repeat the offer.



SAKS & COMPANY

Will Close Out To-day

623 Pairs of Men's Shoes

at the Very Much Reduced Price of

$5.95

¶ These are all regular stock shoes, in the season's best lasts, produced to meet the requirements of a very critical clientele. Represented in the sale are:

118 Pairs in Patent Leather
96 Pairs in Gun Metal Leather
105 Pairs in Black Kidskin
304 Pairs in Dark Tan Leather

All sizes, but not in every style.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

ON SALE

At Saks To-day!

1200 Men's Shirts

Formerly $2.00 and $2.50

At $1.35

¶ Broken selections of some of our best selling shirts, together with those slightly soiled from handling during a very busy season. They are tailored in Fine Woven Madras, Mercerized Cloths, and Russian Cords, in patterns and colorings that have an unusual appeal because of their departure from the average. Sizes from 14 to 16, but not in all cloths.

One trip to the laundry will make them as spic and span as ever!

For Clearance:

Men's Silk Cravats

Reduced to 55c

Formerly 75c to $1. Well tailored cravats in Figured and Flowered Satins, and Rich one-color Silks. Also included is a good assortment of Knitted Neckwear in plain colors Heather Mixtures and Striped effects.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

We Begin This Morning—

An Unprecedented

Sale of Fine Furs

COATS, SCARFS and MUFFS

At Greatly Reduced Prices

You cannot do better than select your furs now! Prices are rising as never before, and good furs are becoming very scarce.

The reduced prices here announced mean very large savings on prices already the lowest in the city.

New York Women never before had such an opportunity to secure furs of this superlative quality at such liberal reductions.

Fox Scarfs	Were	$75.00	Now	$50.00
Fox Scarfs	Were	$35.00	Now	$25.00
Fox Sets	Were	$125.00	Now	$99.50
Mink Stoles	Were	$315.00	Now	$275.00
Ermine Scarfs	Were	$150.00	Now	$85.00
Ermine Scarfs	Were	$95.00	Now	$55.00
Ermine Muff	Was	$65.00	Now	$35.00
Kolinsky Scarfs	Were	$85.00	Now	$60.00
Kolinsky Scarf	Was	$135.00	Now	$85.00
Mole Cape	Was	$250.00	Now	$175.00
Mole Scarf	Was	$85.00	Now	$50.00
Nutria Scarfs	Were	$25.00	Now	$18.50
Nutria Muffs	Were	$18.50	Now	$11.50
Lynx Sets	Were	$125.00	Now	$97.50
Skunk Scarfs	Were	$75.00	Now	$55.00
Skunk Muffs	Were	$50.00	Now	$35.00
Hudson Seal Muffs	Were	$25.00	Now	$15.00
Nutria Coats	Were	$195.00	Now	$165.00
Mink Coat	Was	$1,350.00	Now	1050.00
Mink Coat	Was	$750.00	Now	$650.00
Alaska Seal Coat	Was	$595.00	Now	$475.00
Hudson Seal Coats, with large collar, deep Bell Cuffs, and Border of Skunk	Were	$475.00	Now	$395.00

Also a splendid assortment of Coats, Coatees, Scarfs and Muffs at reductions of 15% to 50%.

Saks

CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

AN examination of all the Evening Clothes sold in New York would be more *entertaining* than *enterprising*. Inasmuch as our Dress Clothes can be neither *passed nor surpassed*, why waste time looking at the other ninety-nine?

Dress Suits: $40 up
Tuxedos: $35 up
Dress Vests: $3.50 to $12

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

YIELDS IMMUNITY IN PACKERS' INQUIRY

Swift Removes Barrier to Questions on the Charge of Coercing a Railroad.

FREIGHT BOYCOTT CHARGED

Move in House Committee to Compel Trade Commission to Name Witnesses.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Questions of whether the appearance of packers' representatives before Congress would grant them immunity from prosecution under Federal laws and of compelling the Federal Trade Commission to disclose the identity of witnesses upon whose testimony charges of collusion were brought against the packers came up today at hearings before the Senate Agricultural Committee and the House Committee on Interstate Commerce.

Louis F. Swift, President of Swift & Co., after conferring with his counsel, told the Senate committee that he would waive any rights he might have in respect to his testimony regarding the abandonment of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad stockyards at Fort Worth, located near plants in which Swift & Co. and Armour & Co. were interested.

In taking up the examination of Mr. Swift regarding the M. K. & T. yards, Francis J. Heney read letters to show that Swift & Co. and Armour & Co. had refused to ship livestock over the railroad as long as the road maintained its yards, and that later when the yards were abandoned an agreement was reached to ship a certain volume of stock over the line on certain days.

Mr. Swift said that the railroad stock yards were "merely feeding yards," had not been successful, and probably would have been abandoned by the railroad anyhow.

Suggests Coercion of Railroad.

"You and Armour refused to ship on the 'Katy' in order to bring all the livestock to your yards, though, didn't you?" asked Mr. Heney.

"There were negotiations with the railroad, but as to how far they went in the way of a threat I don't know," was the reply.

"It wasn't a case of a threat," continued Mr. Heney, "you simply withdrew your business from the 'Katy.'"

"We may have withdrawn some—" Mr. Swift started to say, but was interrupted by Mr. Heney, who said:

"You withdrew so heavily that you forced the 'Katy' to close its stockyards in return for your shipping a certain amount of stock."

Mr. Swift said he thought the M., K. & T. might have closed the yards more quickly if the action had not been requested.

"Your correspondence shows that you shook each other's hands over the result, all right," responded Mr. Heney.

Says Veeder's Pay Exceeds Swift's.

A sharp clash between Mr. Heney and Henry Veeder, counsel for Swift & Co., over methods used by the Federal Trade Commission, took place.

Mr. Heney asked Mr. Swift if his company had made application for a public hearing during the commission's inquiry, declaring that he resented charges made by the five big packers that the commission's investigation and report were unfair.

Mr. Swift said that a telegram sent to the commission in February, 1917, asked that the packers be heard, a statement which Mr. Heney vigorously denied. Mr. Veeder, who was sitting among the spectators, attempted to speak.

"You'll be called in time, Mr. Veeder," said Mr. Heney. "Mr. Swift is on the stand now, and I understand he is head of Swift & Co., although your salary of $85,000 a year is larger than his of $50,000."

Mr. Veeder insisted upon stating that he had interviewed members of the commission in an effort to obtain a hearing.

"You mean with your friend, Edward N. Hurley?" queried Mr. Heney.

"And Mr. Davis and others," was the reply.

"You did more to obstruct the investigation than any one else," said Mr. Heney, "and you desired by the use of the unlimited money of the five big packers to drag out the proceedings until our money had all been spent."

Wishes Yards Were at Gary.

Asked regarding the payment of a subsidy by the Stockyards Company to the packers to keep their plants in Chicago, Mr. Swift said he was sorry he had not moved, as he would be better off today. The Stockyards, he said, should be at Gary, Ind.

He denied that the packers had attempted to control the election of officers of the National Livestock Association.

"Did you combine to discredit the attorney and a member of the Marketing Committee of the association," asked Mr. Heney, "in order to replace them by men with another viewpoint?"

"If anyone attacks Swift & Co. we defend ourselves to the best of our ability," responded Mr. Swift.

The labor situation and condition of the stock yards at Chicago were brought up by Mr. Heney.

"Do you think there is any excuse for the present unsanitary conditions of the yards?" he asked.

"I know nothing about the yards," was the reply, "but if I had anything to do about it, I'd see they were kept clean."

Mr. Heney charged that laborers there worked sixteen and seventeen hours a day, and frequently on Sunday.

In connection with testimony that on the reorganization of the Chicago stockyards, J. Ogden Armour retained an interest while the other packers were eliminated, Senator Norris asked:

"Do you think Armour treated you squarely?"

"It doesn't look very square," Mr. Swift said.

"Do you expect to get your share yet?" went on Senator Norris.

"If I can get it above board I might take it if it has to be done under cover, I might not," the witness responded.

Move to Uncover Witnesses.

T. E. Wilson, President of Wilson & Co., was testifying before the House committee when members brought up the question of requiring the Federal Trade Commission to give the names of witnesses who furnished material for charges. The suggestion was embodied in a resolution offered by Representative Decker of Missouri, which specified that if the commission refused to give the names the committee should demand them.

Objection was made by Chairman Sims, who said the committee did not have that power. Mr. Decker replied that the committee could go before Congress and get the power if that was necessary.

Mr. Decker's resolution was not voted on because several members objected, saying that Mr. Wilson should be allowed to proceed with his testimony. The committee expects to dispose of it tomorrow.

When Mr. Wilson's examination before the House Committee was concluded late today, Arthur G. Leonard, President of the Union Stock Yard and Transit Company, Chicago, took the stand to protest against proposed Government control or regulation of stockyards. He objected "to having the business squeezed dry by Government regulation without ownership."

Vote to Maintain Post Office Tubes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Committee amendments to the annual Post Office Appropriation bill authorizing the Postmaster General to continue the postal pneumatic tube service in New York and Brooklyn and prohibiting removal pending action by Congress of the tube systems in the other large cities, were adopted today by the Senate.

REVENUE BILL READY TODAY

Arguments Against Proposed Luxury Taxes Hold Up Final Draft.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate and House conferees on the War Revenue Bill considered today arguments presented by Senators in connection with luxury taxes and other schedules, and as a result the completion of the final draft of the bill was not accomplished when adjournment was taken tonight. It is now announced that the bill probably will go to the printer in final form by noon tomorrow, and will be ready for presentation to the House on Monday.

It is understood that no material changes were made as a result of today's deliberations. The bill in its completed form probably will include the Senate provisions for normal taxes of 6 per cent. on personal incomes not in excess of $4,000 after deductions are made, and 12 per cent. on net incomes in excess of $4,000, with a scale of surtaxes of from 1 to 65 per cent.; the Senate method of excess and war profits taxes on corporations with the rate on excess profits in the second bracket increased from 60 to 65 per cent.; the Senate amendments on transportation and beverage taxes; the House system of estate taxes with slightly decreased rates of taxation; the Senate schedule of taxes on luxuries, special taxes and, as a general thing, on theatre admission taxes, and the Senate's amendment restoring the 2-cent an ounce rate for first-class postal matter. The Senate amendment reducing second-class postal rates is reported to be abandoned and the zone rate system in the present revenue law retained.

Definite information on many of the points involved, and concerning numberless details which will affect the amount of taxes collected have been withheld, and will not be known until an official statement is issued.

HOLD DETECTIVE AS SLAYER

Wright Tells Court He Went Mad After Quarrel with Conklin.

Special to The New York Times.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Jan. 30.—Although weak from loss of blood William W. Wright, the Brooklyn private detective who shot and killed Smith W. Conklin on Wednesday in the latter's real estate office here and then shot himself, was brought before Justice of the Peace Robert MacIntosh today to answer to the charge of first degree murder. He pleaded not guilty and was held.

Two witnesses testified as to the business troubles of Wright and Conklin over the foreclosure of a mortgage by Conklin on property Wright owned. Wright expressed regret that he had not killed himself. He said he had had a hot quarrel with Conklin, and that when Conklin went to his office window and summoned a policeman to come up to eject him, he went mad, and from that time till he "came to" after shooting himself he remembered nothing.

Coroner Moore found that Conklin was killed by three bullets fired into his back.

DISTILLERS TO BEGIN FIGHT IN CALIFORNIA

Association Ends Three-Day Session and Sends Counsel to Attack Prohibition.

PERSONAL LIBERTY DEMAND

Association Opposed to National Prohibition Not Interested in Liquor—Illicit Still Seized.

The Executive Committee of the Distillers' Association of America, which had been in session for three days at the Hotel St. Regis, concluded its work yesterday afternoon and adjourned without date. Theodore A. Bell of San Francisco, one of the counsel to the committee, who will have charge of the proceedings in California to invoke the referendum on the Federal Prohibition amendment, which the Legislature of that State already has ratified, left for Washington yesterday afternoon. After two or three days at the National Capital, he will go directly to California and begin the fight.

Members of the Executive Committee of the Association Opposed to National Prohibition conferred yesterday with the distillers, but the conference accomplished nothing. While the two organizations are opposed to the Federal Prohibition amendment and the members of each are on the friendliest terms with one another, there can be no amalgamation of the two associations and no pooling of interests, it was said yesterday, because the membership of the New York organization is quite different from that of the Chicago organization. The latter's membership is made up almost, if not entirely, of men in the liquor business. In the membership of the New York organization, except for the hotel men who are members, there is no one identified with the liquor trade.

In fact, many of the members of the Association Opposed to National Prohibition are teetotalers, but have joined the association, not to fight prohibition per se, but to fight national prohibition as it was intended to bring it about by the Federal amendment. The members of the New York organization, so James Woods, its Chairman, said yesterday, are much more interested in the economic and personal liberty issues involved than they are in trade in alcoholic beverages.

"Our people believe," said Mr. Woods, "that, in the name of prohibition, the Anti-Saloon League has dealt the deadliest blow ever aimed at constitutional liberty in the history of the world. If the members of one organization like this can take away a man's liberty to drink what he pleases, what is to prevent some other organization, operated as skillfully as the Anti-Saloon League has been operated, taking away by similar methods a man's liberty to smoke what he pleases or eat what he pleases?

"It is much more the means employed than the end accomplished that the Association Opposed to National Prohibition is concerned about. It is for that reason that our membership, which is growing every day, is made up of men and women of almost every profession and every business, except the liquor business. To be sure, some of our members who are in the hotel business—I say some, not all—sell liquor over the hotel bars. But the liquor end of the business of a hotel is incidental. What we are most concerned about is the filling of our rooms. It would be almost as correct a use of English to say that a hotel man is in the provision business because he sells food as to say that he is in the liquor business because some hotels sell liquor as an incident of their business."

A man who said his name was Harry Grabitch was arrested here a day or two ago, charged with taking orders for "good home made whisky" at $6.15 a gallon. From him the police learned that a still of the Russian type was being operated somewhere on the shores of Jamaica Bay. The police reported to the Department of Internal Revenue and on Wednesday night two revenue officers and Captain Donahue and five policemen of the Miller Avenue Station found the still in full operation, in a little house on the Jamaica Bay meadows. The still, so the Internal Revenue agents said, had a capacity of 100 gallons of whisky a day which could be produced for $1 a gallon. Twenty barrels of whisky and the still were seized.

AMENDS LIQUOR TAX LAW.

Bill at Albany to Meet Federal Statute—Smith Deplores Action.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—In order to have the Liquor Tax law of the State conform to the Federal Prohibition law, a bill was introduced in the Legislature today to amend the State law by making the manufacture, sale, transportation, export and import of liquors a violation of the Liquor Tax law. Under the terms of the bill a violation of the Federal law will also be a violation of the State law and will be punishable as a misdemeanor. The bill was introduced in the Senate by John B. Mullan and in the Assembly by Nicholas J. Miller.

In commenting today upon the action of the Legislature in ratifying the Prohibition Amendment, Governor Smith had this to say:

"The Republican majority in the Legislature, by the aid of a party caucus, have succeeded in ratifying, by strict party vote, the pending amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for prohibition. In my first annual message to the Legislature I recommended that action be taken only after the people of the State had an opportunity to give expression to their will in the matter. Not only have our people been refused that opportunity, but the Legislature has seen fit to record them without ascertaining their wishes. As the Governor of the State I can only take my place in the great army of our citizens who have faith in the fundamental democratic principle that the majority should rule, and I deplore the fact that we have been denied a right so fair that it does not admit of argument, except from those who are unwilling to listen."

TELLS HOW EUROPE IS TO GET OUR GRAIN

President of Grain Corporation Bases Report on Hoover's Cables.

SEES PRICES MAINTAINED

Says France and Italy Take 155,000,000 Bushels, Germany 6,000,000, Monthly.

An estimate of the extent of Europe's needs for food during the coming year, most of which will have to be supplied from this country, was given out yesterday by Julius H. Barnes, President of the Grain Corporation of the United States Food Administration, from cable reports received from Herbert Hoover. These substantiate the estimate made by Mr. Barnes on Wednesday that the entire surplus wheat supply of the country, and of other grains as well, would be required from America before the end of the present crop year. Mr. Barnes reiterates in his statement that the Grain Corporation will maintain the 1918 guaranteed price for wheat.

The statement says:

"The European bread and cereal demand before July 1 is apparently as follows:

"The French and Italian governments have made firm purchases from the grain corporation of approximately 80,000,000 bushels of wheat and flour. The Allied government program calls for about 75,000,000 bushels of oats also.

"If restrictions are removed on cereal imports to European neutrals they will require about 50,000,000 bushels of wheat, rye or barley, in grain or flour, to bring their bread consumption to normal, mostly from the United States. They will also require a considerable amount of oats, corn and cottonseed cake for feeding purposes.

"The European relief program called for about 60,000,000 bushels of wheat and rye, fully one-half as flour, but the present program allowed the Germans alone, by the Allies, calls for about 6,000,000 bushels of breadstuffs per month, largely from the United States, if they can find the money to pay for it. As we have already shipped from the United States more than 160,000,000 bushels of wheat or flour, the grain corporation will easily dispose of all wheat, with perhaps a small carryover, if any, at next harvest.

"The basis of price of all these wheat sales includes not only the basic price paid to the farmer, but the handling and storage expenses of the Grain Corporation. The Grain Corporation is, therefore, in a strong position, because of firm sales about equal to its stock on hand. With its available $150,000,000 capital the corporation will emphatically maintain the 1918 guarantee for which purpose it was created.

"There is necessarily some delay in equipping and bringing into use the German shipping for the transportation of foodstuffs to countries under the relief administration. In the meantime the Food Administration has asked the Shipping Board to provide it with the tonnage to maintain the American share of the relief program and to relieve food congestion at American ports.

"The Supreme Food Council, under military advice, has granted Germany the right to import 150,000,000 pounds of pork products per month as soon as she arranges payment and shipping. This and the neutral demand should overtake any surplus of these products in two months after being started. In fact, by peace there will be a shortage in pork production. The re-establishment of new markets and normal trading during the armistice is slow and difficult. In order to get over many of the difficulties of trading in flours and wheat during the period of the armistice, the Grain Corporation is establishing stocks for sale at Rotterdam, Trieat, Constantinople, and other points to as large an extent as the Shipping Board can furnish tonnage.

"Thus it is expected to further relieve the present congestion just as fast as our grain merchant fleet can serve our food producers."

CENTRALIZATION

The high speed efficiency and economy of Thompson-Starrett Service is chiefly due to the fact that we do most of the actual building on our operations ourselves, which eliminates sub-contractors' profits, centralizes control, and accelerates the conduct of the work in all its branches from foundation to finish.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Dobbs Hats
Fifth Avenue
620 Two doors 244
near 50th St. near 48th St
Hats, caps, gloves and canes of proper mode

Kuppenheimer

Overcoats and Ulsters
Formerly $40, $45 and $50
and $35 and $40 Suits
In the Greatest Sale Since the War Began
at $29.50
And $65, $70 and $75 Overcoats and Ulsters at $48.50
No finer Ready-to-Wear Clothing than that made by the Famous House of Kuppenheimer can be had anywhere—and this great Sale offers you their very finest 1918-19 Fall and Winter productions at most remarkable price reductions.
Annual Clearance Sale of Shoes at 49th Street Only—Shoes up to $14, now $8.45, and $15.00 Shell Cordovan Shoes now $9.45.
Brill Brothers
THE KUPPENHEIMER HOUSE IN NEW YORK
279 Broadway, Broadway, at 49th St., 47 Cortlandt Street, 2 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn
44 East 14th St., 1456 B'way, at 42d St., 125th St., at 3d Ave.
14th Street, 1456 Broadway, 125th Street and Brooklyn Stores Open To-morrow Night.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets
New Phases of Spring Fashions
For Misses, Juniors and Girls

SMART simplicity or just enough elaboration to bespeak good taste dominate new Fashions, featured in the Individual Shops for Misses, Juniors and Girls.
The Fashions are distinctively Franklin Simon & Co., which invariably means that they have a certain chic and charm that young people are constantly seeking.
There are Suits, Capes, Coats, Wraps and Dresses, not only anticipatory of Spring, practical at the moment for town and country wear, but many charmingly designed for the Southland.
Misses' Spring Dresses
REFRESHINGLY "different" is the new silhouette for the Miss, 14 to 20 years, portraying a demure charm in lines and trimming, while the silk, wool or cotton fabrics, including quaintly flowered Georgette or chiffon, provide fascinating selections.
29.50 to 165.00
Girls' Spring Dresses
ESPECIALLY designed Dresses for Girls and Juniors, 6 to 17 years of age. Dresses with high, regulation or lengthened waistline, also kimono sleeve or guimpe models; among favored fabrics are English prints quaintly flowered, sateen, dotted Swiss, checked taffeta or Japanese Foulard silk.
4.75 to 49.50
Misses' Spring Wraps
CAPES that are long, short, waist-coated or with cape back and coat front are representative of smart new models; coats are belted, with Dolman sleeves or full flared; sport coats are of various types; new fabrics, new lengths; plain or fancy silk linings. 14 to 20 years.
29.50 to 145.00
A Charming Version of a New
Wool Tricotine
SPRING SUIT
Panel Vested
For MISSES, 14 to 20 years
59.50
Illustrated is this new Suit with straightline coat that divulges at a glance a superiority of tailoring, grace of lines and fine quality of fabric that identifies it as a Franklin Simon & Co. suit of an exclusive type.
Made of navy Tricotine with panel vest of blocked fibre silk tricolette, in French blue, rose or beige; also same model of black and white checks.
Misses' Spring Suits
TAILORING of an exceptionally high character is a feature of the new suits; tricotine and Poiret twill are wool fabrics given prominence; new fibre silk weaves fashion dressy and semi-sport suits, while those of silk or wool Jersey present new style effects. 14 to 20 years.
39.50 to 175.00

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

THE INTERNATIONAL TEXTILE, INCORPORATED
BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT
2298 shares of the common stock, of the par value of $100.00 each, of International Textile, Incorporated; also certain patents, applications for patent, and trade mark.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale at public sale to the highest bidder, at the principal office of International Textile, Incorporated, 1069 Connecticut Avenue, Bridgeport, Connecticut, at 11:30 o'clock A. M., on the 15th day of February, 1919, 2298 shares of the common stock, of the par value of $100.00 each, out of a total of 2500 shares of stock (all of which is common stock) of International Textile, Incorporated, a corporation of the State of Connecticut; and the patents, applications for patent, and the trade mark specified in the Order of Sale.
Copies of the Order of Sale, a full description of, and information concerning, the property to be sold, and the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF SALES, 110 West 42nd Street, New York, N. Y.
A. MITCHELL PALMER
Alien Property Custodian

IS SURE FAHNESTOCK WAS NOT MARRIED

Attorney of the Late Major Scouts Theories Raised After the Palisades Suicide.

WOMAN USED TWO NAMES

Registered as "Mrs. C. Farnum," but Told Father She Was to Marry Major Fenton.

While it was denied yesterday by the Fahnestock family and their attorney that the late Major Clarence Fahnestock of the 301st Regiment had married Miss Azeele Packwood, who committed suicide on the Palisades, a search of the records of the motor corps of the National League for Women's Service showed that Miss Packwood had in the latter part of February, 1918, given her married name as "Mrs. C. Farnum."

Miss Packwood left the motor corps on Oct. 1, 1917, saying that she was going to be married, and on her return in the latter part of March of the following year, said that she wished to rejoin because her husband was in France. Within a week after giving the name of "Mrs. C. Farnum" she asked to have this name stricken from the records of the corps, according to an official of the corps, and to have her maiden name substituted.

"She said that she did not want to have her married name on the list," said the official of the corps," because she hoped to go to France and to pass herself off as being unmarried. I explained to her that if she applied for work in France a careful investigation of her past would be made and the fact of her marriage discovered. She was so insistent, however, on having her maiden name on the rolls of the corps that I was very much puzzled about it. We were much relieved when she resigned a little later and joined another motor corps.

"I have a recollection that she said the first name of her husband was Charles. She was very reticent about her husband and we did not consider her statements in that connection to be very trustworthy. She said that her husband was a Major. He never appeared at the motor corps headquarters and I don't know of any one who ever saw him with her."

None of the young woman's relatives had ever heard, before her disappearance, that she was married. She had visited her home at Tampa, Fla., last October, and told her father, according to dispatches from there, that she was going to marry a "Major Fenton." Her brother, George D. Packwood, held a conversation over the long distance telephone from St. Louis yesterday with Prosecutor Huckin of Bergen County, N. J., where the suicide occurred, and said that he had never heard that his sister was married. Mr. Packwood, who is with the Malone Electric Company of St. Louis, said that he would make a journey East to take charge of the body.

While the members of the family and Adrian Larkin, the attorney for the late Major Fahnestock, were positive that there had been no marriage, they did not profess to know whether Major Fahnestock had ever been attentive to the young woman or whether she might not have been so deeply affected by the news of his death that she took her own life.

Employed Two Names.

The circumstances that in all accounts which she gave of her husband he was a Major and that the apparently fictitious names of "Major C. Farnum" and "Major Fenton" somewhat resemble the name of Major Clarence Fahnestock, seemed to fit in with the theory advanced that she killed herself because of his death.

Miss Packwood apparently used the name of "Major C. Farnum" in the first place and later used the name of Fanton, either from forgetfulness of the original appellation which she had assumed or from a desire to make the name distinct from that of Major Fahnestock. The name of "Major C. Farnum" which she gave to the Motor Corps as that of her husband is interesting in view of the fact that it is almost a maxim with detectives that a person who acts unguardedly in giving an assumed name is almost certain to use the initials or some of the syllables of the original name.

The theory that Miss Packwood committed suicide because of the death of Major Fahnestock rests chiefly on the statement of Mrs. Jeanne Cazeaux of 1185 Broadway, who for two years ended in 1917 was a neighbor at that address of Miss Packwood. She said that she had seen Major Fahnestock calling frequently on Miss Packwood, and had seen him take her out frequently in his automobile. Mrs. Cazeaux said that she went out to dinner or to the theatre frequently together, and that she had looked upon them as engaged. Her last sight of the couple together, she said, was about two years ago, but she was positive that grief over his death in France from pneumonia had caused her to kill herself.

Her story received corroboration yesterday from H. E. Heald, a salesman at an art store at 2,123 Broadway, who indorsed the application of Miss Packwood for an automobile license. Mr. Heald said that he had known the woman only during the last two years, or since the time when Mrs. Cazeaux last saw her, and he said that he had heard that she was engaged to Major Fahnestock.

"She had not been here for several months," he said, "but before that time she was here quite frequently to make purchases. The Automobile License Bureau was in this building at that time, and I helped her get her license and aided her with her car, which was like mine. At this time I had heard the story that she was engaged to Major Fahnestock. I don't care to say how I came to hear it, but it is a fact that I did. I have no doubt that she killed herself on account of his death."

Mrs. Hugh Cameron, the housekeeper at 25 East Forty-eighth Street, said yesterday that she did not remember the date exactly, but that she believed it to be about the middle of October of last year, when Miss Packwood told her that her husband had died in France. Major Fahnestock died on Oct. 5 and the news of his death was published on Oct. 9.

Confident There Was No Marriage.

Adrian Larkin, who was Major Fahnestock's attorney, said yesterday:

"I knew Major Fahnestock for many years and our relations were quite close and confidential. During that time, I never heard him mention the name of Miss Packwood. I never heard from any other source that he was acquainted with her, but I can say positively that he was not married. I am in a position to say that, absolutely.

"But, putting aside my personal knowledge, the supposition must seem untenable to any outsider. If Major Fahnestock was married, there was no reason why he should conceal it. There is no reason why his wife would not have been liberally supported. There is no reason why she should not be mentioned in his will. And it is not likely that, if he had left a wife, even by a secret marriage, that she would have failed to assert her claim to his estate."

Mr. Larkin said it was not true that detectives were to be engaged by the family to try to ascertain the real facts. Since both were dead, he said, nothing could be gained by proving or disproving any theories about them, and the family believed that such an investigation simply would keep the subject alive without serving any good purpose. Harris Fahnestock, a brother of the late Major Fahnestock, said yesterday that he had never heard his brother speak of Miss Packwood, and that he thought the story was entirely without foundation.

Major Fahnestock left an estate of $5,000,000, which he divided by will among his relatives, making no mention of a wife or of Miss Packwood. Major Fahnestock was a son of the late Harris Fahnestock, a wealthy banker and broker, and was himself a physician and a specialist in diseases of the ear, but had retired from active practice some years ago and spent a good deal of time in big game hunting. Instead of joining the Medical Corps he entered the infantry when the war broke out. He first attended Plattsburg, was later at Camp Upton and later at Camp Devens at Ayer, Mass. He went to France early in 1918. Major Fahnestock had been married several years ago to Marguerite Sawyer of Boston, but she obtained a divorce in the State of Washington.

As far as is known, there is no one in whom Miss Packwood confided. Mrs. Cazeaux said that her knowledge of the young woman's friendship for Major Fahnestock was based entirely on her seeing them together, and that Miss Packwood had never said much to her on the subject. Miss Packwood's acquaintances in the Red Cross Motor Corps, to which she belonged shortly before her death, and in the other corps, to which she belonged previously, all described her as extremely reticent. Mrs. Hugh Cameron, housekeeper of the apartment house at 25 East Forty-eighth Street, said that Miss Packwood had not spoken of having a husband up to the time that she said she had received news of his death.

ACCUSES POLICE IN STRIKE.

Garment Workers' Girl Pickets Harassed, Says Union President.

Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, said last night that he would call on Mayor Hylan today to protest against the attitude of the police in parts of the city toward the striking garment workers. Many young women pickets had been arrested unnecessarily, he asserted, while it was evident that the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association had employed agents in an attempt to disrupt the picketing forces.

"I am going to ask the Mayor and District Attorney Swann to prevent unlawful interference in the strike on the part of the police," Mr. Schlesinger added. "The strikers are within their rights and there is no excuse for the attitude of the police.

"As a reply to the threat made by Morris Weiss, President of the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, that the manufacturers will start engaging strikebreakers beginning next week, the General Strike Committee of the union has made arrangements to have 10,000 girl strikers on the picket line next Monday morning in front of the shops in the dress and waist district."

It would be definitely decided by next Monday, Mr. Schlesinger said, whether it would be necessary to call out the remainder of the union workers on women's garments. The manufacturers could either come to terms, he said, or see more than 25,000 workers on cotton goods, the Swiss embroidery workers, and house dress workers added to the original list of 35,000 strikers.

Conference Next Week.

A conference will be held at union headquarters early next week between the officials and representatives of the cotton garment manufacturers. About 10,000 women are employed in this trade, making women's underwear. Harry A. Gordon, general counsel for the Dress and Waist Manufacturers' Association, is also attorney for the Cotton Garment Manufacturers' Association. It was said yesterday that nothing had been accomplished at several conferences which have been held as to a renewal of the agreement which is expiring this week.

"Next week's conference will determine whether the white goods workers will have to be called out on strike," said Mr. Schesiinger last night, following a meeting with members of the manufacturers' association in the children's dress trade in the Hotel McAlpin. It was apparent at this meeting, he said, that the employers would concede the demands, which include, in the children's dress industry as in the ladies' garment trade, a forty-four hour work week, a 15 per cent. increase in wages, and other union conditions.

"Within a few days the agreement of the house dress and kimono industry, which employs about 7,000 workers, will expire," he continued. "The international union invited the independent manufacturers in this trade to a conference. Should this conference not bring satisfactory results the workers of this trade will also be called upon to strike. A strike is also likely in the Swiss embroidery industry, which employs about 3,000 workers in Hudson County, New Jersey. The embroidery industry of New York is fully organized."

In Yorkville Court yesterday Magistrate Douras told seven men, garment strikers, who had been charged with disorderly conduct, that there was no legal objection to picket duty, but when this measure became a cause of disorder in the streets and congestion of sidewalks, the offense was punishable. The prisoners had been picketing the store of Hickson & Co., in Fifth Avenue, between Fifty-second and Fifty-third Streets. Magistrate Douras suspended sentence.

Declare War on Carpenters' Union.

Addressed to the public and appearing as a newspaper advertisement this morning is a statement by the Building Trades Employers' Association, which asserts that the agreement which was made with the Carpenters' Union is a "scrap of paper." The New York District Council of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, says the statement, called a strike on the new Commodore and Pennsylvania Hotels while they were in process of construction, as well as at the Army Base, Brooklyn, "and other rush jobs of the members of the Building Trades Employers' Association."

The statement adds that these strikes had the sanction of W. L. Hutcheson, the International President of the brotherhood and Chairman of a section of the War Labor Board, and concludes:

"We ask for the moral support of investors, building operators, and owners, architects, and the public in the fight that we are making to protect the building industry of our city from industrial anarchy. We refuse to bargain with a union while its members are on strike in violation of its agreement. We declined to abandon our principles and cast aside our policy through the pursuance of which we have maintained peace and conditions that have been fair to labor for a period of more than fifteen years."

TAKE HOPEFUL VIEW OF LABOR SITUATION

Secretary Wilson Warns Against Hysteria During the Reconstruction Period.

ASKS CONGRESS FOR HELP

Suggests Temporary or "Buffer" Employment to Prevent Spread of "Philosophy of Force."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Discussing unemployment today before a joint meeting of the Senate and House Labor Committees, William B. Wilson, Secretary of Labor, said there was considerable hysteria in the country over reconstruction, but that the problem would be worked out successfully. He said that, although reports to the department showed 262,000 unemployed men at 123 industrial centres, this week, compared with 235,000 last week, he did not consider the situation alarming. The Secretary said, however, that this condition indicated "a trend and need of legislation that will be a buffer to tide us through a brief period of unemployment."

Secretary Wilson suggested immediate enactment of legislation to provide "buffer" employment so as to prevent the "philosophy of force" from gaining a foothold during the reconstruction period. He said that he did not look for a social revolution, but he urged that precautions be taken against such doctrines as the I. W. W. preached.

Legislation should be passed at this session of Congress, he said, because the critical period was from five to six months after the signing of the armistice. He thought that unless Congress took some action at the present session or early in an extra session "we will either have tided over the period of social disturbance or it will have broken and we will have to meet it."

The Secretary said there was a class that believed there should be a change in government and that this change should be made by force rather than by constitutional means. There were such people in New York, Philadelphia, in the mountainous mining regions, and on the Pacific Coast, he declared.

Referring to the doctrines of force preached by the I. W. W., he said it had been possible to meet the situation during the war, but if conditions developed where workmen were being thrown out of employment it would be a hard matter to convince the workingman that there was a mutual interest between the employer and labor, where a man was unable to obtain work. Should the philosophy of force find a foothold, he said, there would be social disturbances in some cities which might make it necessary to use force to keep order.

Looks for Better Times.

Secretary Wilson expressed the opinion that the present unemployment difficulties were only temporary, and after reconstruction had been accomplished a period of great industrial activity would be experienced. He also expressed the belief that the present wage standards would remain virtually unchanged for some time.

Much of the present uncertainty, Mr. Wilson said, was due to fear on the part of the business men of the country that the present prices of labor and material were not stable and to lack of confidence in conditions. They felt, he said, that there would be a decided decrease in prices, and for that reason were not engaging in new activities.

The Secretary declared that abnormal profits resulting from the war must be eliminated before business could get back into the "after-the-war swing," but that business men feared the transition and hesitated to undertake any conferences designed to bring about a readjustment in prices because of the Federal anti-trust laws. Consequently, he added, the Department of Commerce plans to conduct conferences with business interests in an effort to get prices back to normal. Wage rates per hour, Mr. Wilson said, had just about kept pace with the increase in the cost of living during the war, although wage workers had been better off because they had steadier employment.

"If industries could immediately resume their pre-war activity," he added, "it seems apparent to me we could take care of our demobilized army and war workers. The trouble is business is not resuming."

He characterized as "folly" the idea of starting work that was not needed simply to provide employment.

Favors the Kenyon Bill.

Senator Kenyon's bill providing for the creation of a Federal commission which would work in conjunction with the States and municipalities in meeting the unemployment situation was indorsed by Secretary Wilson. He said his department had urged constantly in correspondence with Governors and Mayors that normal production and maintenance of public utilities be resumed in their jurisdictions. Construction of highways, the Secretary said, was a good means of providing employment, as well as resumption by the Government of the construction of necessary buildings and river and harbor improvements.

"We are almost in the same kind of an atmosphere we were when we entered the war," Mr. Wilson said. "At that time there was a fear that we would not be able to meet the situation confronting us; that we would not be able to mobilize enough soldiers to be effective, that we would not be able to mobilize labor. When the great crisis came and Germany broke through the west front, it was these same boys of ours that stepped into the breach at Chateau-Thierry, turned the Germans back and restored the morale of the British and French forces. If we could meet that situation, surely by intelligence and energy we ought to be able to reach the problems of demobilization."

James I. Blakslee, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, urged increased construction of roads and extension of the motor truck mail service which he said would furnish employment to many returning soldiers.

The Department of Labor announced tonight that during the week ending Jan. 18, the United States Employment Service received 139,730 applications for work, and of this number 121,120 were from men and 18,604 from women. Of the total registrations 95 per cent. were referred to jobs, and 91,299, or 65.3 per cent. were placed.

During the week the service received 164,224 applications for help, of which 130,749 were for men and 24,475 were for women. This is a net decrease in opportunities for employment of 38,533 over the previous week, when there were 202,737 applications for help.

The Popular Choice

People of culture, taste and refinement are keen for health, simplicity and contentment. Thousands of these people choose the cereal drink

INSTANT POSTUM

as their table beverage in place of tea or coffee.

Healthful
Economical
Delicious

19th Annual New York

AUTO SHOW

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN and 69th REGIMENT ARMORY

BOTH BUILDINGS WITHIN A STONE'S THROW OF EACH OTHER

Feb. 1st to 8th Inclusive :: for passenger cars and accessories

Feb. 10th to 15th Inclusive: for commercial vehicles, tractors & parts

The Big Show of the Year in Two Buildings for Two Weeks.—America's Leading Car-Body and Accessory Makers Exhibiting.

TICKET ADMITTING TO BOTH BUILDINGS 50 Cents

AUSPICES AUTOMOBILE DEALERS ASSOCIATION OF N.Y.

GOV. SMITH MOVES TO PREVENT STRIKE

Appeals for Common-Sense Discussion Between Textile Employers and Workers.

CONFERENCE ON AT ALBANY

Executive Tells Delegates the War Might Have Been Prevented by Proper Use of Brains.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 30.—Governor Smith is hereafter to be considered a factor in New York State's labor difficulties. He made this plain today when through his efforts and those of a subcommittee of the Governor's new Reconstruction Commission, a move was made to avert the threatened strike of some 50,000 textile workers. Representatives of the textile manufacturers and employes met with the sub-committee and later after agreeing to attempt to effect a settlement, were urged by the Governor not to cripple the industry by the contemplated walkout on next Monday.

To night the committees of employers and employes had failed to reach an agreement, but both sides expressed a willingness to continue discussion of their differences which have arisen over a demand of the workers for an eight-hour day. It was said tonight that the committees would resume their deliberations tomorrow.

Governor Smith, in calling on the employes to continue work until their committee and that of the employers came to an agreement, placed the facilities of the State at the disposal of either side and offered his personal aid in settling the controversy.

"There never was a quarrel that happened in this world that could not be settled before it commenced if there was a disposition on the part of the people to do it," the Governor declared to the committees which called on him in the Executive Chamber.

"I believe that the great war that brought misery, more death, and more suffering into the world than any other conflict in its history, might have been averted if there had been enough brains to sit down and talk it over.

"About three weeks ago we had trouble in New York on the question of milk. The distributers of milk in New York had issued an ultimatum to the farmers of the State that so much and no more would they pay for the product. The District Attorney of New York, after investigations, was seeking amendment to the law, and the whole State was in a turmoil over the situation.

"We were successful in bringing together the representatives of the Dairymen's League, the representatives of the milk distributers, and the representatives of the consumers, and setting them down at a single table in the Hotel Biltmore in New York, it was frankly admitted by both sides that as long as they had been doing business together it was the first time they had ever sat down to talk it over in a business-like way.

"Now, I believe, if both sides to this quarrel approach a discussion of it in the proper spirit, with the proper feeling, and with the proper desire to settle it, that it can be settled without a strike or without any loss to the State, either to our manufacturers or to our laboring people. The success of industry, of business in this State is dependent upon how business men and their employes get along together. It is the concern of everybody.

"As Governor of the State my interest lies with both sides to this quarrel, equal and even, and I can only express the desire that the committees representing both sides of the controversy get together and settle the differences without resorting to a strike. There is really nothing to be gained by that—it is a loss to the laborer and it is a loss to the manufacturer. It is a waste of time and a waste of money that can never be made up."

REJECT 48-HOUR OFFER.

Employes in Two Lawrence Mills Issue Strike Ultimatum.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 30.—Operatives of the Washington and Ayer mills of the American Woolen Company voted today to reject the offer of the company to establish a 48-hour week with 48 hours' pay. About 7,500 workers are employed by these mills.

The vote of the operatives of the Washington mill, where 2,500 are employed, was 1,768 to 373. The vote of the Ayer mill workers was not announced. The operatives also voted not to return to work next Monday and to picket the two mills unless the company should announce a change in its policy by tomorrow night at 7 o'clock. Earlier in the day the employes of the Wood mill voted to accept the company's offer.

Under the Heading of "Comfort and Convenience" RICHARD YEO advertised "Leather Shirts and Drawers" of his own invention

In A.D. 1826

NINETY-THREE Years AGO

The "Tragedy of Corolianus" was followed, the same Evening at the CHATHAM, by the "Ballet of the Ship-Wrecked Sailor."

NINETY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY SALE

The Greatest Buying Event in the History of America's First Store

Begins Saturday, February First

A STORE-WIDE EVENT, presenting the strongest buying inducements experience and careful forehanded planning can produce, every detail being executed with the sole thought of commemorating the founding of this store in 1826 in a way that will leave a lasting and favorable impression upon all those who come—Extraordinary values that will emphasize our determination to make this ANNIVERSARY SALE worthy of the occasion it is to celebrate—Each department has provided the largest gathering of wanted merchandise ever assembled here—all priced down to a point calculated to bring the greatest attendance of the entire year—The ANNIVERSARY SALE will continue for some time and we intend to sustain the value-giving interest to the very end.

Watch daily papers for detailed announcements

Shopping in the Lord & Taylor Catherine Street Store in 1826

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

REPORTED CASUALTIES NOW TOTAL 226,578

1,829 Named in Latest Army Lists; Marine Corps Reports Loss of 13 Men

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The War Department gave out four more army casualty lists today, which contained 1,829 names, bringing the total for the army up to 220,819. One Marine Corps casualty list was issued, containing 13 names, which brought the total for that arm of the service up to 5,759. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 226,578.

Army lists issued today contain the names of 24 died of wounds, 17 died of accident, 221 died of disease, 195 severely wounded, 561 wounded to a degree undetermined, and 811 slightly wounded.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Jan. 30.	Total.
Killed in action	30,450	..	30,450
Lost at sea	732		732
Died of wounds	12,863	24	12,887
Died of accident	2,602	17	2,619
Died of disease	18,644	221	18,865
Total	65,291	262	65,553
Wounded	140,878	1,567	142,445
Missing	12,821	..	12,821
Total	218,990	1,829	220,819

Summary of Marine Corps Casualties to Date.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	93	2,036
Wounded	120	3,032
In hands of enemy	..	35
Missing	1	442
Total	214	5,545
Total		5,759

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ABRAHAM, I., 454 Grand St.—Corp..(WL)
ABRAMSON, D., 1,605 Voorhees Av., Brooklyn ....(WU)
ABRAMSON, S., 180 St. Nicholas Av.—Corp. ....(WL)
ACCOMANDO, G., 143 Throop Av., Brooklyn—Mch. ....(WL)
ANDERSON, E. S., 18 Washington Sq.—Corp. ....(WS)
BECHT, N. P., 1,311 Prospect Av.—Corp. ....([illegible]
BECKER, M., 192 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn ....(WU)
BEHAN, C., 4,321 3d Av—Sgt....(WL)
BEHRINGER, J. S., 219 Elbertson St., Elmhurst ....(WL)
BELDOTTI, P., 59 Mott St....(WL)
BLOOM, S. G., 611 Chester St., B'klyn..(WU)
BROWN, C. R., 128 W. 130th St.—Sgt..(WS)
BYRNE, C. J., 7 Patchin Place—Corp..(WL)
BYRNE, S. A., 225 Maple St., Brooklyn—Sgt. ....(WU)
BYRNES, G., 1,231 Webster Av....(WL)
BYRNES, J. J., 247 State St., B'klyn..(W[illegible]
BYRNES, J. P., 1,030 Tinton Av....(WL)
CAFIERO, L., 351 Smith St., B'klyn..(WL)
CALLAHAN, J. F., 137 71st St., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(WL)
CALLANDER, A. F., 3,514 11th Av., Brooklyn ....(WS)
CARR, R. W., 795 Madison Av.—Bgl..(WL)
DADDONO, F., 2,475 Hughes Av....(WL)
DICCARIELLO, D., 643 Columbus Av..(WS)
DILLON, M. R., 34 Lawrence St., Brooklyn ....(WU)
DIPILLO, A., 1,813 Amsterdam Av....
DUGAN, JAMES J., 514 E. 17th St....(WS)
DUNBAR, HENRY F. G., 243 W. 77th St—Sgt ....(WL)
DUNCAN, CHARLES G., 20 Coffey St., Brooklyn—Corp ....(WU)
DWYER, JOHN J., 26 Washington St..(WS)
EAGEN, M. F., 530 W. 113th St.—Lt....(WU)
ELLIS, F. J., 105 Jewell St., Brooklyn.(WL)
EMENS, W. R., 533 W. 43d St.—Lt....(WS)
EMERSON, PAUL, 52 Charles St., New Rochelle—Corp ....(WS)
FAGLIN, F. E., 225 93d St., Brooklyn...(WL)
FIDLOW, BEN, 548 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn—Corp ....(WS)
FOWLER, W., 210 Smith St., Bkln....(WU)
FRANK, ALBERT, 340 E. 9th St....(WL)
FRANK, JACOB J., 230 W. 111th St...(WS)
FROEHNER, E., 3 Judge St., Elmhurst.(WL)
FRUM, SOLOMON, 514 W. 134th St....(WS)
GALLONTY, LOUIS, 896 Kent Av., Bkln.(WS)
GALLUCCI, LUIGI, 425 E. 118th St...(WS)
GILLEN, JAMES A., 379 E. 136th St...(WU)
GILLESPIE, E. J., 24 W. 75th St.—Corp.(WL)
GILLMAN, JOSEPH L., 463 Seneca Av., Brooklyn—Lt ....(WU)
GREENBERG, ISADORE, 213 E. 4th St.(WU)
GREENBERG, MORRIS, 419 E. 10th St.(WL)
GREENSTEIN, H. D., 445 E. 85th St..(WL)
HAMMER, BENJAMIN, 124 E. Houston St.—Cook ....(WL)
HANNER, C. D., 101 Spring St.—Corp..(WS)
HARRIGAN, T. P., 2,515 8th Av.—Corp.(WL)
HEALY, J. J., 343 E. 195th St.—Cook..(WS)
HEARN, A. P., 214 6th Av., Bkn....(WL)
HEFFRON, R. T., 288 Adelphia St., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(WL)
HEGMANN, C. L., 437 Montauk Av., Brooklyn ....(WL)
HELLER, I., 61 E. 90th St....(WU)
HELLRIEGEL, P. H., 2,111 7th Av—Sgt. ....(WU)
HELMOND, C., Jr., 507 E. 162d St....(WL)
HILLIG, M. A., 506 W. 44th St....(WU)
HINCHEY, J. F., 566 W. 182d St....(WL)
HIROWSKI, J. B., 497 Kosciusko Av., Brooklyn—Sgt. ....(WL)
HODGE, A., 1,500 Dean St., Bklyn...(WS)
HOULIHAN, M., 918 Brook Av....(WU)
HUGHES, A. F., 1,350 38th St., B'klyn—Sgt ....(WS)
HYNES, M. J., Av. Z, near E. 16th St., Brooklyn—Sgt. ....(WS)
ISAACSON, I., 2,923 W. 19th St., Bkn.—Lt ....(WL)
ISAACSON, I., 107 Forsythe St....(WL)
ISABELLA, J., 1,461 70th St., B'klyn—Bglr. ....(WU)
JEANETTE, T., 104½ Amity St., Flushing ....(WL)
JACOBI, A., 1,613 Van Buren St., Brooklyn ....(WU)
JEMISON, A. J., 412 5th Av., B'klyn..(WL)
JESSUP, E. F., 323 Grand Av., Bkn..(WL)
JOBLONSKI, A., 95 S. 1st St., Bkn..(WU)
JOHNSON, M. J., 112 W. 110th St—Corp. ....(WS)
KAHL, R. R., 1,918 W. 5th St., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(WL)
KALER, E. V., 418 E. 163d St....(WU)
KELLY, A. J., 139 W. 60th St....(WU)
KIEM, J. A. R., 201 5th Av., B'klyn..(WU)
KINKELE, H. G., 251 W. 100th St....(WU)
KOEHLER, E., 2,370 Catalpa Av., Brooklyn ....(WS)
LABUNSKI, W., 494 Morgan Av., Brooklyn ....(WS)
LACEY, E. J., 626 6th Av., Astoria—Mch. ....(WL)
LAMBECK, D., 656 Tiffany St....(WU)
LIBRIZZI, M., 78 Christie St....(WL)
LIOTTA, E., 163 Elizabeth St....(WU)
LIPSCHUTZ, F., 800 Crescent St., Long Island City—Corp. ....(WU)
LOCKWOOD, R., 597 Prospect Place, Brooklyn ....(WL)
LUBLINER, M., 549 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn ....(WS)
McCANN, W. B., 330 W. 16th St....(WU)
McCARTNEY, W. H., 478 W. 146th St.(WU)
McQUILLAN, J. J., 340 E. 62d St....(WL)
McMURTRY, G. G., 22 E. 70th St.—Capt. ....(WU)
MACHIVIENIA, M., 400 Sheffield Av., Brooklyn ....(WL)
MADDEN, J., 167 E. 102d St....(WL)
MADDEN, K. F., 61 Broadway....(WU)
MADONNA, G., 247 E. 115th St....(WL)
MAGGIO, J. F., 43 Moffett St., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(WL)
MAGLIO, L., 878 Kent Av., B'klyn....(WU)
MAGNUSSON, O. E., 77 Cedar Road, New Rochelle—Sgt. ....(WS)
MAGUIRE, WILLIAM J., 134 Baltic St., Brooklyn ....(WU)
MAHER, J. J., 383 E. 134th St.—Sgt...(WS)
MAHONEY, G. L., 403 W. 22d St.—Mch..(WL)
MANDEL, H., 636 Miller Av., Bkln....(WS)
MANGANELLI, ANGELO R., 104 Steuben St., Brooklyn ....(WS)
MAYER, FREDERICK C., 311 W. 121st St.—Sgt ....(WS)
MERK, WM., 788 E. 107th St....(WS)
MESSER, SAMUEL, 218 E. 99th St....(WL)
MESSINA, J., 303 Lounier St., Bkln...(WL)
MESSINA, S., 517 E. 15th St....(WL)
MEYER, G. H., 4,623 11th Av., Bkln...(WL)
MEYERS, BENNY, 200 Broome St....(WU)
MOLLER, PAUL P., 258 W. 21st St....(WU)
MUELLER, OSCAR W., 234 St. Nicholas Av., Brooklyn....(WU)
MULHERN, JOHN P., 111 W. 62d St.(WU)
MULLIN, DANIEL, 509 W. 116th St.—Sgt ....(WS)
NISNEWITZ, P., 965 Sutter Av., Bkln.(WL)
O'LEARY, JOHN L., 338 W. 11th St...(WU)
OLSEN, BJARNE, 7,815 5th Av., Bkln.(WL)
OLSON, OLAF L., 634 74th St., Bkln..(WS)
PALAZZOLO, S., 485 Annera St., Bkln.(WU)
PANNONE, FRANK A., 15 N. Portland Av., Bkln ....(WL)
PANZER, MARTIN, 1,844 Crotona Av.(WL)
PAPAS, CHRIST, 500 E. 162d St....(WU)
PARKS, E. L., 80 Hamilton, Bklyn....(WL)
PROBST, F., 40 Star St., Brooklyn....(WU)
ROCKER, H., 1,711 Myrtle Av., Bklyn.(WL)
ROSENBAUM, M., 225 East 63d St....(WU)
ROTH, EDWARD, 318 Monroe St....(WU)
SAKELLARDES, M., 255 West 39th St.(WS)
SCHNEIDER, J. W., 587 Park Av.—Corp. ....(WL)
SCHULYNDA, D., 543 East 12th St....(WS)
SHERIDAN, A., 143 West 16th St....(WU)
SHERWOOD, F., 216 Enfield St., Bkn.(WL)
STACICKAS, JURGIS, 68 South 2d St., Brooklyn ....(WU)
TABOR, K. R., 250 West 94th St....(WS)
TOMARGO, R. A., 40 Buffalo Av., Brooklyn—Corp. ....(WS)
TRILLING, L., 507 West 179th St....(WL)
VENICE, M., 160 Franklin Av., Bklyn..(WS)
WAGNER, F., 121 4th Av., Brooklyn...(WL)
WEINBERG, A., 540 Fox St.—Corp....(WL)
WEINER, B., 223 Av. C—Corp....(WL)
WIEDERSPIEL, H., 756 Fox St....(WU)
WOOD, J. W., 36 West 136th St.—Sgt..(WS)
ZUEL, H. J., 87 Atlantic Av., Bklyn...(WL)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE

ABRAMS, L., Rockville Centre....(WU)
ACKERMAN, A., White Plains....(WU)
ACKLER, ERNEST E., Leon....(WU)
ANDERSON, FRANK, Marcellus....(WU)
BARNEY, A. W., Constable....(WL)
BECRAFT, W. H., Suffern—Corp....(WL)
BELAIR, F., Rouses Point....(WL)
BELKNAP, E. S., Albany—Sgt....(WL)
BELLINGER, WILLIAM, Holland....(WS)
BLUMAN, E. H., Kenmore....(WL)
BOCH, H. A., Waterville—Bgl....(WS)
BOVA, ALBERT, Cherubasco....(WU)
BOVAY, E. J., Salisbury Centre....(WU)
BRIDE, L., Little Falls....(WU)
BRIGGS, MARTIN, Saratoga Springs..(WL)
BRUCKMAN, G. T., Buffalo....(WL)
BUCK, C. H., Jamestown—Sgt....(WU)
CAMPBELL, A., Cooperstown—Mch....(WL)
CHARBONNEAU, A., Cohoes—Wagn..(WS)
CHURCHILL, C., Fort Edward....(WU)
CUR, MICHAEL, Buffalo....(WL)
DARCANGELIS, F., Fort Plains....(WS)
DISTLER, ADAM, Batavia....(WU)
ELLIS, LEON J., McConnellsville—Sgt.(WU)
ELLSWORTH, E. J., Schuyler Lake—Corp. ....(WL)
FILLSWORTH, N. W., Rochester....(WL)
FALVO, F., Niagara Falls....(WL)
FOWLER, J. D., Glen Cove—Corp....(WL)
FOWLER, ROYAL, Glen Cove....(WL)
FOX, DANIEL, Yonkers—Sgt....(WU)
FOX, THOMAS, Buffalo....(WL)
FOY, ERNEST E., Hogansburgh....(WL)
FOY, WM. J., Schenectady—Sgt....(WU)
FRANSKIEWICZ, FRANK, Utica....(WU)
FRATTOLILLO, G., Rochester—Corp..(WL)
FROMMELT, F. J., West Haverstraw..(WU)
GALLAGHER, FRED T., Oswego—Sgt..(WU)
GALLIGAN, H. L., Buffalo—Corp....(WU)
GEISER, ALBERT, Troy—Lt....(WS)
HALLOCK, F. A., Elmira....(DW)
HAYTER, W. R., Springdale—Corp....(WL)
HEALY, J. G., Bell Harbor—Sgt....(WL)
HEENAN, FRANK J., Glencord....(WU)
HEIM, CARL A., Elmira—Sgt....(WU)
HENRY, EDGAR B., Canastota—Corp..(WS)
HILLSEY, M. B., Middleburg—Lt....(WU)
HILTS, MIDGLEY, Lasalle....(WU)
HOUCK, L. C., Rochester—Corp....(WS)
HOURIHAN, NEIL J., Elmira—Sgt....(WU)
HOUSE, ERNEST J., Troupsburg....(WU)
HOUSE, M. B., Branchville....(WU)
JELOWSKI, PETER, Niagara Falls....(WU)
JONES, W., Jr., West Park—Sgt....(WU)
KAISER, FRANK, Norfolk—Mch....(WL)
KELLOGG, LEE C., Hornell—Sgt....(WU)
KELLOGG, VICTOR T., Franklinville..(WU)
KELLY, ANTHONY J., Yonkers....(WU)
KELLY, JAMES L., Newburg....(WU)
KERNSTOCK, F. D., Mount Vernon....(WS)
KIERNAN, JOSEPH, Gloversville—Mch.(WS)
KILMIALIS, A., Hoosick Falls....(WS)
KINNER, DELBERT, Elmira....(WU)
KOCH, EDWARD, Buffalo....(WS)
LACY, RAYMOND, Angelica....(WS)
LEHMANN, ARTHUR, Glendale....(WU)
LIPSKY, GEMLIEL, Rochester....(WU)
McCARTHY, WM. EUGENE, Rochester—Sgt. Maj. ....(WL)
McCLAUGHRY, JACK L., Ovid Centre.(WU)
McCLELLAN, BENJ. O., Cambridge..(WU)
McGAFFICK, LEO A., Albion—Corp....(WL)
McMAHON, DEWEY C., Geneva....(WU)
McMANUS, MAT. R., Corfu—Corp....(WS)
McPARTLAND, THOMAS F., Johnson City—Corp ....(WS)
McQUINN, MARTIN J., White Plains.(WU)
McTIGHE, JOHN, Binghamton....(WU)
MAFFEI, CARMINE, Syracuse....(WU)
MAGES, JOHN W., Buffalo....(WU)
MAHONEY, WM. J., Buffalo—Corp....(WU)
MARTIN, HENRY L., Burlington Flats—Wagn ....(WS)
MOLIK, JOSEPH, Buffalo—Sgt....(WS)
[illegible]ITZ, A. E., Buffalo....(WU)
MRYGUK, TONY, Niagara Falls—Corp.(WL)
MUCHA, IGNACY, Buffalo....(WU)
NACCARATO, ACHILLES, Kingston..(WS)
O'NEILL, D. H., Marlboro....(WS)
[illegible]CHIAROTTI, D., Rochester....(WS)
PANNONI, ALEXANDER, Rochester....(WL)
PHILLIPS, E. D., Ogdensburg—Sgt...(WL)
PHILLIPS, N. P., Amsterdam—Lt....(DW)
RICHARDS, JOSEPH, Amsterdam....(WU)
RUANE, J. T., Mount Vernon—Hrs....(WL)
RUGAR, W. H., Chester....(WS)
SCHIRMER, A. A., Buffalo....(WS)
SCHNEIDER, FRANK, Buffalo....(WU)
SCHNEIDER, W. T., Ithaca....(WU)
SCHULTZ, D. E., Ilion....(WS)
SPELLMAN, HARRY, Buffalo....(DW)
SUTLIFF, LEO A., Walton—Bgl....(WS)
SWIATORY, BRUNO, Graniteville....(WL)
TABER, H. S., Tottenville....(WU)
TEDESCO, A. J., Buffalo—Corp....(WL)
TRENSKE, W. J., Albany....(WU)
VINCENZO, DIPAOLO, Lackawanna..(WU)
WADE, B. L., Le Roy....(WU)
WADSWORTH, F. E., New Hartford.(WL)
WARNER, L. C., Altamont....(WS)
WEEDEN, CLARENCE, Grafton....(WL)
WEEKS, R. E., Norwich....(WU)
WELLS, H. H., Montgomery....(WS)
WILBER, CHARLES, Greenwich....(WU)
WIRTH, WHILBERT, West Palmyra..(WU)
WOOD, E. L., Patchogue....(WS)
WOODY, G. W., Elmira—Corp....(WL)

ALABAMA.

FLACH, A. G., Mobile....(DA)
GRISHAM, C. B., Athens....(DA)

COLORADO.

RHOADES, W. W., Berthoud....(DA)

CONNECTICUT.

ABESHOUSE, MAX, New Haven....(WL)
BACKMAN, D. L., Hartford....(WU)
BEHLMAN, G. F., Naugatuck....(WL)
BLAKELEY, S. W., North Cromwell..(WU)
BUCKINGHAM, J. A., West Haven....(WS)
CADIEUX, G. C., Derby—Sgt....(WL)
DIXON, JAMES J., New Britain....(WL)
DUFFY, WILLIAM B., Hartford....(WU)
EWANIETZ, LEO, New Haven....(WS)
GREENWOOD, FRANK, New Haven...(WL)
HALL, B. W., South Coventry—Corp...(WS)
HANIESKI, ALFONS, New Britain....(WU)
HARMON, C. B., Hartford—Sgt....(DW)
HINES, E. C., East Haven....(WU)
HOULE, T., Willimantic....(WL)
JACKUBOSKI, F. A., Pequabuck....(WL)
JOHNDROW, G. W., Broad Brook....(WS)
KRAJEWSKI, M., Meriden....(WS)
LEGGE, E. A., Waterbury—Sgt....(WL)
McMINN, JAMES, West Haven....(WU)
MACKEY, JAMES, Stamford....(WU)
MAGNUS, ALBERT J., Bethel....(WL)
MITCHELL, LEROY R., Southbury—Lt.(WS)
O'NEIL, DAVID, Waterbury—Corp....(WS)
PHILLIPEK, JOSEPH, Hartford....(WU)
REED, K. T., Wallingford—Corp....(WS)
SHEA, M. L., Norwich—Sgt....(WS)
SMITH, F. C., New Milford—Capt....(DA)
TREMBLEY, L. J., North Grosvenordale ....(WU)
TRFENCZUK, A., Suffield....(WL)
WAAS, JACOB J., New Haven....(WL)
WIECZOREK, S., New London....(WU)

GEORGIA.

KNOX, SAMUEL P., Martin....(DW)

IDAHO.

RENNAKER, CHARLES R., Goldtarg..(DW)
SOULE, WILLIAM W., Salmon....(DW)

ILLINOIS.

PARNOSKI, ALEX. S., Chicago—Lt....(DP)

INDIANA.

CALVIN, WALTER, Shoals....(DW)
CARMICHAEL, GEORGE, Muncie....(DA)

IOWA.

HONNOLD, LOUIS, Leon....(DA)

KENTUCKY.

BLOSK, HENRY J., Louisville....(DW)

MASSACHUSETTS.

TAYLOR, JOSEPH, Plymouth....(DW)

MICHIGAN.

TAYLOR, ROBERT A., Birmingham..(DW)

MINNESOTA.

BINDER, JOHN, St. Paul....(DA)
LOKEN, JOHN, Gary....(DW)
WENDELSCHAFER, H. W., Waterville—Corp. ....(DW)

MISSOURI.

MOORE, JOHN A., Rome....(DW)

NEBRASKA.

CALDWELL, W. S., Omaha—Master Electrician ....(DA)

NEW JERSEY.

BELLOWS, T. B., Jersey City—Corp...(WS)
BETTELEY, F. S., Trenton....(WL)
BREMNER, W. A., Jersey City—Corp..(WS)
CURLEY, A. T., Bridgeton—Corp....(WS)
DEADY, C. R., Hoboken....(WU)
DIMARTINO, M., Jersey....(WU)
DISKIN, J., Hoboken—Corp....(WL)
DITOMMOSO, S., Jersey City....(WL)
DONOHUE, JOHN P., Jersey City....(WS)
DUNBAR, G., West Orange....(WL)
DUNCAN, ALEX. M., Newark—Lt....(WU)
DZIK, ANDREW, Bayonne....(WL)
FALCO, SEBASTIANO, Madison....(WU)
FALCONER, JAMES, Bayonne....(WU)
FANCHER, LESTER E., Avon....(WU)
FRASER, EDWARD, Buttzville....(WU)
GAGACKI, STANLEY, Jersey City....(WU)
GALDI, MICHAEL, Morristown—Corp.(WL)
GALLAGHER, C. E., Bayonne—Sgt....(WU)
GARD, LADERNA N., Carneys Point..(WS)
GIBBONS, T. J., Paterson—Wagn....(WS)
HAYES, ROBERT D., Millville....(WL)
HEALY, RICHARD J., Hartford....(WU)
HECK, GEO. W., Elizabeth—Corp....(WL)
HILLER, WM. A., Jersey City—Corp...(WL)
HOETZEL, C. F., Carlstadt—Corp....(WS)
HOWARD, GEO. J., Woodstown....(WU)
JOHN, ANTHONY, Gladstone....(WU)
JOHNSON, THOMAS, Camden....(WU)
KADY, JOS. A., New Brunswick....(WL)
LAMB, ALFRED J., Somersworth....(WL)
LUPKE, CHARLES, Newark....(WU)
McCARTHY, JOHN F., Elizabeth....(WU)
MADDEN, HARVEY R., Plainfield....(WL)
MAGNANTI, GIUSEPPE, Princeton....(WL)
MAHER, MICHAEL J., Trenton....(WU)
MANCUSO, ANTONIO, Newark....(WS)
OLSEN, OLAF, Perth Amboy....(WU)
PAPAJCIK, JOSEPH, Camden....(WU)
ROWLAND, C. W., Jersey City....(WL)
SHERRY, LEO F., East Orange....(WL)
SILVERBERG, DAVID M., Newark....(WL)
WHITE, ALBERT, Newark—Corp....(WS)
WIESNIEWSKY, WILLIAM, Trenton....(WS)
WILSON, E. H., Hightstown—Mch....(WS)
WOODSON, CLYDE, Elizabeth....(WL)

OHIO.

ORR, DONALD C., Apple Creek....(DA)
REINBOLT, R. S., Napoleon—Corp....(DA)
SHOEMAKER, FRANK, Chillicothe....(DW)
TAYLOR, HARVEY, Cleveland....(DW)
THOMPSON, A. S., Gambier—Lt....(DA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

BELLAROBA, GIUSEPPE, Hazleton....(DW)
HAGY, J., West Philadelphia—Wagn..(DA)
HARE, JOHN, Olyphant....(DW)
HELING, S. H., Jr., Philadelphia....(DA)
TRAUGHER, F. E., Hatfield....(DW)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

WELLS, E. L., Charleston—Lt....(DW)

TENNESSEE.

LAYNE, OWEN B., Brentwood....(DW)

TEXAS.

CANFIELD, H. R., Houston—Sgt....(DA)
DENTLER, JACOB B., Victoria....(DW)

VIRGINIA.

JACKSON, T. A., Founding Mill....(DA)

WISCONSIN.

MILLER, G. A., Racine—Corp....(DA)

WYOMING.

JENKINS, LYNN R., Granger....(DW)

ITALY.

FNIO, GAETANO, San George Suttotardo, Lice....(DW)

Revised Report of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

Now Prev. Reptd. Reptd.

AUSTIN, F. V., 369 11th St., Brooklyn ....(KA) (MA)
BLUT, IKE, 210 W. 119th St...(WU) (MA)
BRANLEY, T. J., 227 E. 70th St.(WU) (MA)
BUONOSERA, FRANK, 162 Columbia St., Brooklyn ....(RD) (MA)
CAMPI, VINCENT, 378 Montgomery St., Brooklyn—Wagn...(RD) (MA)
CAMPO, FRANK, 74 3d St., New Rochelle ....(WU) (MA)
DOUGHERTY, CHARLES, 625 Morgan Av., Brooklyn ....(RD) (MA)
ELLERSICK, W., 852 172d St...(WL) (MA)
FAHEY, M. L., 674 10th St., Brooklyn—Sgt. ....(KA) (MA)
GRANOFSKY, ABRAHAM, 341 Georgia Av., Brooklyn....(Sick) (MA)
GRESSET, W. J., 98 Bedford Av., Brooklyn ....(RD) (MA)
LEVINE, A., 1,420 5th Av....(WU) (MA)
McGLORY, J. H., 287 E. 135th St. ....(WL) (MA)
MAYER, C. F., 262 Clifton Place, Brooklyn ....(WU) (MA)
MILLER, F. T., 172 Ten Eyck St., Brooklyn ....(RD) (MA)
MINTZ, EDWARD, 529 Schenck Av., Brooklyn ....(KA) (MA)
SCHNITTMAN, DAVID, 181 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn....(RD) (MA)
SCHIENTHAL, LOUIS, 970 Dumont Av., Brooklyn....(WL) (MA)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

DONEGAN, W., Niagara Falls..(WU) (KA)
HALSEY, CECIL, Utica....(WL) (MA)
McCARTHY, A. T., Mt. Vernon..(WU) (MA)
McDUFF, GEORGE, Albany....(WU) (MA)
McGANN, GEORGE R., Troy....(WU) (MA)
McGHAN, PATRICK, Elmira....(WU) (MA)
MEYERS, JOHN, N.Tonawanda.(WU) (MA)
TURCO, FRANK J., Syracuse...(WU) (MA)
VANDUSEN, L. H., Stony Creek.(RD) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

BLATZ, WM., W.New York,N.J.(WU) (MA)
BRADLEY, J., Bargersville, Ind.(KA) (MA)
BUNTON, ALLEN, Elmont, Mo..(KA) (MA)
CLARK, NAT., Butler, Peno....(KA) (MA)
CLAYTON, FRANCIS A., Wilson Green, Alberta, Can....(KA) (MA)
COCCARRO, JOHN, Magliano, Vetere Province, Salerno, Italy.(D) (MA)
CULLISON, GEORGE G., Deals Island, Md ....(KA) (MA)
FENSTAMAKER, GEORGE E., Unityville, Penn ....(KA) (MA)
GALLAGHER, WM. F., Philadelphia, Penn—Lt ....(KA) (MA)
GRAY, M. G., Hartwick, Iowa..(DW) (MA)
HALMOHT, A., Newark, N. J...(WL) (MA)
HARTIN, JOS. A., Dorchester, Mass ....(KA) (MA)
KELLY, J. A., Piedmont, W. Va.—Lt. ....(WS) (KA)
LISSANDRILLO, G., Hartford, Conn. ....(WU) (MA)
McCLEARY, J. W., Rumford, Me. (Erroneously) (DD)
MARSHALL, R. J., Windsor,Mo.(WU) (KA)
MARTINEZ, P., Bryn Mawr, Cal.(MA) (WS)
MECATELLI, G., Bayonne, N. J.(WL) (MA)
MOORE, W. H., Hodges, Ala...(RD) (KA)
O'DONNELL, A., Cleveland,Ohio.(KA) (MA)
OLSEN, J. A., Weehawken, N. J.(WL) (MA)
PAFUNDI, V., Newark, N. J...(WL) (MA)
PARSONS, R. E., Ware, Mass.—Corp. ....(D) (MA)
PENNELL, F., Princeton, N. J..(WU) (MA)
PERGOVSKI, L., Detroit, Mich. (D) (MA)
PROBORSZCZ, K., North Abington, Mass ....(WS) (KA)
REPPERT, D. E., Boyertown, Penn. ....(WU) (KA)
RETSCH, W., Jersey City, N. J..(WU) (MA)
ROHR, L. D., Vadis, W. Va.... (D) (MA)
SALAZAR, J. C., Tucson, Ariz.(KA) (MA)
SHORT, W. M., Leonia, N. J...(WS) (MA)
SORENSON, O. A., LakeVilla, Ill.(KA) (MA)
SOUM, S., Harmony, Minn.—Sgt..(KA) (MA)
STANEK, T. F., Chicago, Ill....(KA) (MA)
STILLWELL, A. L., Garwood, N. J. ....(WU) (MA)
SULIKX, WM., Barberton, Ohio.(WU) (KA)
SULLIVAN, M. T., New Haven, Conn. ....(WS) (KA)
SUMMERS, W., Indianapolis, Ind.(KA) (MA)
SWAIN, M., Coldwater, Mich....(KA) (MA)
TUMBARELLO, G., Chicago, Ill..(KA) (MA)
VATH, E., Lyndhurst, N.J....(WU) (MA)

Marine Corps Casualty List.

NEW YORK STATE.

CLARY, RALPH E., Mount Vernon....(DW)
HEFRON, F., Niagara Falls....(DW)

KANSAS.

GOETZE, ARTHUR C., Hudson—Gunnery Sgt. ....(KA)

KENTUCKY.

FAHEY, MARTIN P., Louisville....(DW)

LOUISIANA.

HYMEL, EDGAR J., Rayman....(DW)
ROLLINS, SIDNEY, New Orleans....(DW)

MINNESOTA.

WELD, EARL J., North Minneapolis..(DD)

MONTANA.

FLAHERTY, JOHN V., Great Falls....(KA)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

BATES, GEORGE C., Marietta....(KA)

WASHINGTON.

DICK, GEORGE F., Pateros....(DW)

PORTO RICO.

WHALL, JOS. H., San Juan—Corp....(DW)

Revised Marine Corps List.

NEW YORK CITY.

Now Prev. Reptd. Reptd.

TILTON, CHARLES A., 1,592 Castleton Av., Port Richmond....(RD) (M)
WATTS, T. McK., 620 East 15th St., Brooklyn....(In Hosp.) (M)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

ERWAY, JULIAN B., McGraw...(RD) (MA)
MAAS, LUDWIG, Halcott Centre.(RD) (M)

OTHER STATES.

BAILEY, T. R., Hasbrouck Heights, N. J....(In Hosp.) (M)
ROTHAUSER, J., Newark..(In Hosp.) (M)
SWEENEY, E. J., Newark, N. J.(RD) (MA)
WILLIAMS, C. C., Emhouse, Tex.(RD) (K)

Uncle Sam was raised on corn—*says Bobby* and He's running strong. EAT—

POST TOASTIES

Champion corn flakes

OUR 22 MONTHS OF WAR COST $26,356,000,000

Disbursements Show Little Decrease — $1,600,000,000 Paid Out in January.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Although nearly three months have passed since the signing of the armistice, the American Government's war disbursements show no signs of decreasing materially, except in loans to the Allies.

In January the Treasury paid out about $1,600,000,000 for ordinary war expenses, exclusive of allied loans, or only $70,000,000 less than in December, $55,000,000 less than in November, and considerably more than in any month theretofore.

Officials explained that this was not to be taken as indication that production of war materials is continuing at the tremendous rate of several months ago. Manufacturers now are presenting their bills and receiving payment for materials delivered long ago, however, and this keeps up disbursements. The liquidation of war contracts, after passage of pending legislation providing for validation of informal orders, is expected to be a new source of high outlays for the next month or two.

Payments to the Allies fell to about $190,000,000 in January. When these loans were first instituted, the Government contemplated turning over about $500,000,000 credits to the Allies every month, but actual payments ordinarily ran around $380,000,000 monthly.

The Treasury cited figures on the present Government outlay to emphasize the necessity for another big war loan of five or six billion dollars in April. Current expenses now are paid largely out of borrowings from banks and other purchasers of the Government's short-term certificates of indebtedness.

The Government's aggregate expenses in the twenty-two months of war have been $26,356,000,000, it was calculated today. This includes $7,875,000,000 loaned to the Allies. Latest unofficial reports place at $40,640,000,000 the cost of more than four years of war to Great Britain, including $5,535,000,000 loaned to her allies. From the same British source also comes the estimate that the war has cost Germany $38,750,000,000, of which $2,250,000,000 was loaned to her allies.

COMMENDS NAVAL HEROES.

Daniels Honors Men for Bravery in Performance of Duties.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Commendation of fifteen enlisted men of the navy for bravery shown in the performance of their duties was announced today by Secretary Daniels.

Boatswain's Mate Ben Winslow, Sawtelle, Cal.; W. R. Wells, Rubicon, Ark., and H. H. Lewis, San José, Cal., of the U. S. S. S. Cleveland were commended "for their heroic and excellent seamanship displayed" in twice going over the stern of their ships while in dangerous waters to secure a broken shaft and prevent it from battering a hole in the vessel.

Eight members of the fireroom crew of the American steamer Westgate, sunk in collision on Oct. 7 with the steamer American, were commended for remaining at their posts until all precautions had been taken to prevent an explosion of the boilers. The men are: Peter Kujawh, Milwaukee; F. L. Erickson, San Antonio; O. F. Mattern, Wabash, Ind.; M. V. Syvert, Toledo; J. Blanchard, Munson, Mass.; E. A. Elliott, Bethalto, Ill.; E. L. O'Harra, Florence, S. C., and H. A. Peterson, Greenwood, R. I.

Action of J. J. Logan, chief machinist's mate of Strafford, Penn., in taking precautions to prevent an explosion of the gasoline tanks of the scout patrol Victor, off Cape May last Feb. 10, when a fire occurred on board the vessel, was praised by the Secretary. Recognition also was given Seamen Raymond R. R. Artz of West View, Penn., and J. McK. Monarch of Richmond, Va., who as members of the crew of the Victor's dinghy traveled seven miles to shore through lines of ice floes to obtain assistance. The two seamen and Walter Fulmer of Philadelphia, who is also commended for courage and efficiency during the fire, are members of the Naval Reserve Force.

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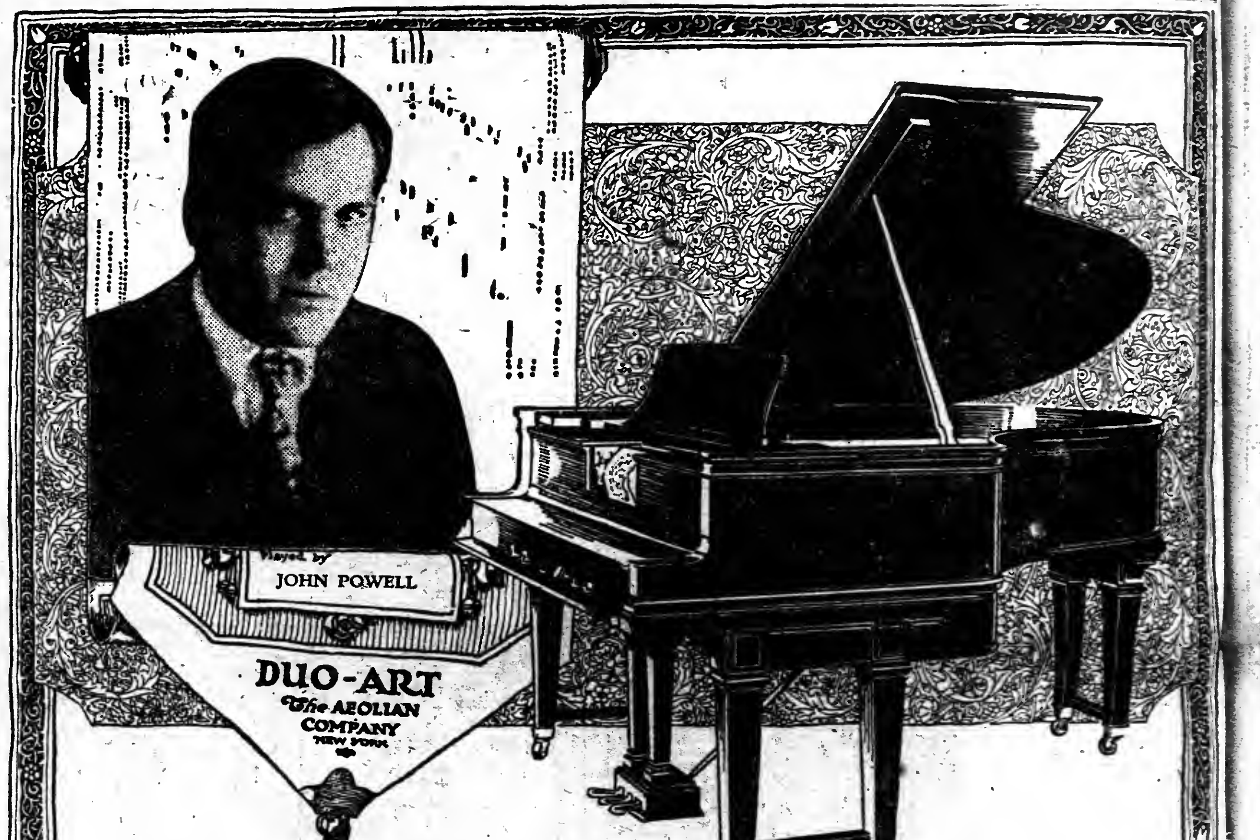

John Powell, the eminent American Pianist-Composer, will give a recital at Carnegie Hall on Monday, February 3rd. Hear Powell in person and then hear his beautiful playing reproduced by the Duo-Art Pianolo Piano.

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WHISTLER PAINTING BOUGHT FOR $200,000

"Lady Meux" Purchased by Duveen Brothers from English Family and Brought Here.

WIFE OF LONDON BREWER

"Harmony in Pink and Gray" is Artist's Second Portrait of Once Pretty Barmaid at the Gaiety.

One of the most important paintings to come to this country for some time is Whistler's painting "Lady Meux," purchased by Duveen Bros. for a sum approximating $200,000. The portrait was obtained from the family of Lady Meux and was bought by Duveen Bros. for themselves.

It is a matter of great interest to all lovers of art that one of the most important of Whistler's full length portraits has been purchased and brought to this country. The portrait is the second painted by Whistler of Mrs. Meux, later Lady Meux, the wife of a wealthy brewer in London and in her early days a pretty barmaid at the Gaiety Theatre. In spite of this humble origin, she had the excellent taste to commission a portrait of herself by Whistler shortly after his return from Venice in 1880, which at that moment required no little courage and conviction. During these first years after his return Whistler was not popular. Mrs. Meux and Lady Archibald Campbell, (whose portrait is in the Wilstach Collection in Philadelphia under the title, "The Yellow Buskin,") were the only sitters who made their way to the Tite Street studio. "No others came," says M. Duret in his "Whistler."

Although Whistler was one of the best-known men in London through the notoriety he received from his quarrels with his critics and the comments of the press, he was considered more and more as a writer and a fighter and a wit and less and less as a painter. Nevertheless, the brewer's wife was so delighted with the portrait he painted of her in black velvet against a black background, with a great mantle of white fur thrown about her comely shoulders and huge diamonds on her head and about her throat, a picture described as "the State portrait," that she commissioned a second portrait that turned out far more beautiful than the first and is the one recently brought to America.

This second portrait shows the lady, whose beauty was of a buxom type, standing, wearing a pink and gray gown made in a fashion to define the opulent lines of her beautiful figure, and a large round hat shadowing the upper part of her handsome face. Mrs. Meux was happy in her courageous choice of a painter. Royalty had approved of the first portrait, and the second surpassed it. Mr. May, who made pastel sketches from the two portraits, indicates, however, that she was made to work for her happiness. "In view of the number of sittings Whistler wanted," he writes, "and his severe treatment of his models, I think it enormously to the credit of Lady Meux that she should have continued through two and started on a third portrait, in which she was painted wearing a mantle of Russian sables.

"There was a story that, being one day not up to the mark, she sent her maid to stand for her, dressed in the sables. This so offended Whistler that promptly the maid's face appeared in place of the mistress's, and if the picture still exists, there it probably remains. It may be true or false, but I certainly heard it at the time."

The second portrait bore one of the characteristic color titles adopted by Whistler, "Harmony in Pink and Gray." The color scheme is one that Whistler apparently particularly loved, as he used it with variations in a number of his finest pictures. It forms a salient contrast to the darker harmonies such as that of the noble Rosa Corder and the "Yellow Buskin," and gives the artist opportunities for lovely passages of flowerlike color such as occur in the "Miss Alexander," the fairest blossom in the whole garden of his art. As a salesroom acquisition the "Lady Meux" is one of the sensations of the season. A great picture by an American painter, its presence here denotes the opening of the post-war season in the private galleries of the country.

'PEACH TREE BOTTLE,' $650.

Sale of Rufus E. Moore Oriental Collection Reaches $70,990.

Returns of $11,073 for the fourth day's sale of the Rufus E. Moore Oriental collection at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon brought the total for the sale to date to $70,990. A decorated "peach tree bottle" brought the highest price of the afternoon, $650, paid by a buyer giving the name of Duff. This was a Chien-lung piece, in famille rose colors, the design showing a large peach tree with nine (the sacred number) peaches, the Chinese fruit of immortality. This is a perfect example of the famous imperial nine-peach bottle.

Henry Simon paid $300 for a famille rose plate on a pedestal stand, a large decorated Yung Cheng vase in peachbloom and blue went to C. T. Loo for $550, and to the same buyer a K'ang-hsi giant club-shaped vase, dragon decoration in gold on a pure white glaze, also for $350, and a large decorated jar with twisted tree trunks and branches with fresh Spring blossoms, in the contrasting browns and pink and white, went to Bernet, agent, for $510. A Ming celadon jardinière, teakwood cover and stand, the latter having a green jade Buddha-hand top, went to N. N. Nichols for $450.

Single color porcelains and Chinese snuff bottles, mostly in single-color glazes, will be sold this afternoon.

TAKE WOUNDED TO SHOWS.

Friars Provide Theatres Nightly—Lee Shubert Host to 300.

The fourth dinner and entertainment for wounded men at the Friars Club is announced for Sunday night, Feb. 16, when 350 men will be taken care of. The dinner will be made possible by a contribution of $2,000 from George M. Cohan, whose royalties on his war song, "When You Come Back" are being divided among the soldier entertainment funds of the Friars, the Lambs, and the Stage Women's War Relief.

Provision for the entertainment of wounded men in the theatres continues to be liberally made. A delegation of Friars, headed by Jess Dandy, has been providing entertainment nightly for ten to fifteen of the severely maimed from Debarkation Hospital No. 3, in the old Greenhut store. The men were taken last night to "Tillie" at Henry Miller's Theatre, and will be the guests of Nora Bayes tonight. Following the shows they are entertained in the theatre auditoriums by the members of the casts.

Through the courtesy of Lee Shubert 300 Syracuse boys, former members of the 59th Coast Artillery who have just received their discharge, were entertained at dinner last night at the Little Club, in the Forty-fourth Street Theatre building, and afterward at the performances of "The Melting of Molly," "Little Simplicity," and "Sinbad." The men left for Syracuse on a special train last night.

Wounded soldiers and sailors from the Ellis Island, Greenhut, and Grand Central Palace Hospitals will attend a special performance at the Strand Theatre at noon today under the auspices of the War Camp Community Service.

OPERA

By James Gibbons Huneker

"Monna Vanna."

"Monna Vanna," opera in three acts, by Henri Fevrier, was revived last night at the Lexington Theatre by the Chicago Opera Association. This was the cast:

Monna Vanna	Mary Garden
Prinzivalle	John O'Sullivan
Guido	Georges Baklanoff
Marco	Gustave Huberdeau
Borso	Octave Dua
Torello	Desire Defrere
Trivulzio	Constantin Nicolay

Conductor—Marcel Charlier.

French was the language sung.

This opera was first heard here on Feb. 17, 1914, at the Metropolitan Opera House, with Mary Garden, Vanni Marcoux, and Huberdeau. It had been produced by the Boston Opera Company in December, 1913, and by the present organization Jan. 23, 1918. Miss Garden was the heroine on that occasion, and was greeted with overwhelming applause. The première of the play "Monna Vanna" occurred at the Nouveau Theatre, Paris, May 17, 1902. We had the good fortune to see it a week later and in the distinguished company of Maurice Maeterlinck, whose wife, Georgette Leblanc, was the original Monna. Jean Froment, Darmont, and Lugné Poé were the other principals. The drama enjoyed an immediate success all over Europe from Bergen to Palermo. London alone stood firm against its blandishments. The censor forbade a production, probably because it was not coarse and brutal enough. New York first saw it in English with Bertha Kalich at the old Standard Theatre, Harrison Gray Fiske, manager. But the exact year escapes our memory.

A versatile woman, Georgette Leblanc was first known in opera. She has sung Thaïs, Sapho, La Navarraise, Carmen, Françoise—in Bruneau—Zola's "L'Attaque au Moulin"—and Charlotte Corday. We recall her in song recital when she interpreted the new music of Fauré, D'Indy, Debussy. Her voice was her least artistic asset. As a diseuse she won more honors. She is distinctly a personality. Her hair is of an extraordinary red, her mask a peculiarly expressive one. As you look at her you recall one of those portraits by some old unknown Italian master of a woman whose eyes follow you from the canvas, eyes that peer from beneath tumbled tresses, crowned with a sweeping picture hat. As an actress her methods are halfway between Sarah Bernhardt and—George Leblanc. She has facile diction, is plastic in her poses, and indulges in those undulating serpentine rhythms which are the invention of the "divine Sarah." But she is herself. Her Monna was interesting because, presumably, it was the incarnation of her husband-poet's conception. Curious to relate, we have seen the rôle enacted with more plausibility, more variety, though not with more subtlety. Stella Hohenfels and Joseph Kainz—wonderful actor, the Austrian Edwin Booth—and Reimers, handsome as Maurice Barrymore, as Prinzivalle, gave a vivid performance at the Hofburg Theatre, Vienna, in 1903.

As a play it was a new departure for Maeterlinck. It is almost theatric. In the heyday of his glory Sardou never devised anything more arresting than the dénouement—setting aside any consideration of the psychologic imbroglio. There are weak spots in the dramatic scheme which tax the credulity. However, something of the improbable must always be granted a playwright, be he never so logical. The rapid mental change of Vanna hints at a native-born casuist, an Italian Renaissance type of mind. Her love of Colonna could not have been deep-rooted. But she did not betray him in the tent, and yet she has been adjudged profoundly immoral; in a word, not to put an edge too fine upon the sophistries of the situation, this heroine committed an imaginative infidelity as well as uttering a splendid falsehood. The madness of the finale is the logical outcome of her passion for Prinzivalle. All that has gone before in her life had been a bad dream. The true, the beautiful moment is at hand. It will be both her revenge and her justification.

She goes to Prinzivalle in his cell. "This must end here; it is too perfect. * * * It is one blaze about me and within me. * * * Oh, some death will run its sudden finger round this spark and sever us from the rest!" Thus Browning sings "In a Balcony." In his admiration for the English poet Maeterlinck is second to none.

The play's the thing! though it did not seem to catch the conscience of the composer. Nevertheless, "Monna Vanna" is more grateful to our ears than "Gismonda." There are too many "things" that are set to music in the Sardou libretto, while Maeterlinck deals only with the primal passions, love, jealousy, hatred, conflict of wills. There is more unity in action and mood in the older score. The music is Wagnerian from first to final curtain, but it is cleverly assimilated and swifter, more poignant. The introduction to the third act recalls the third act of "Valkyrs"; so we were not surprised to find Brunhilda pleading, or to hear the chorus shrilly cry the Valkyr theme. In the tent scene, "Tristan and Isolde" reign, as might be expected. The first act has been cut and to its advantage. It is now effective. Of the scenic settings, the Hall of State, with Pisa, the leaning tower and the Duomo, in the middle distance, was the most vital. The spacing of the massive pillars made the picture attractive, that and the luminous atmosphere. All these acts were painted by the company's artist, Peter J. Donigan.

The performance was a memorable one, even if Conductor Charlier did drown the voices of the principals in all the climaxes. Miss Garden, for example, was barely audible at the close of Act. II. This climax is trying and needs nursing, for it taxes the soprano because of its tessitura. But as a rule the orchestra played with refinement. A great artist, both as singer and actor, is the Russian Georges Baklanoff, who impersonated Guido Colonna, a typical husband, who earnestly desired to disbelieve in the fidelity of his wife. He sang with power and expressiveness, occasionally forcing a superb vocal organ. His first act revealed his artistry at its best. In the opening of Act III. his posture was eloquent. His facial play was significant. Huberdeau as the old Colonna was admirable, a true Maeterlinckian father, wise, discreet, pitying. A surprise was John O'Sullivan, another O'Sullivan altogether from the inexplicably mediocre Romeo of last Tuesday night. He sang with more freedom, he acted with more spontaneity. His top notes—and there were several—were delivered without the "white" quality, and the finale of the tent scene was genuinely thrilling. Encores were numerous for Mr. O'Sullivan, and he deserved them, although he was not the strong man of the evening. Baklanoff was. The audience recognised this fact in an unmistakable manner.

As this was our first view of Mary Garden as the mediaeval Judith who fetches to Pisa her beloved Holofernes, Prinzivalle O'Sullivan, we frankly confess that the impressions of her interpretation were so strong that we prefer reserving their recital until we have sifted and sorted these "reactions" in cooler blood. This much may be said: Monna Vanna will rank in her portrait gallery among the finest. It far outshines Gismonda, as Monna herself outshines the incredible, erotic Duchess of Athens. There was no attempt to make a disrobing scandal in the tent scene; that is obviously theatrical film-flam. Miss Garden disposed of the situation simply. She did not appear half nude, but clothed in exquisitely-toned draperies. But if she did not show her lovely form she spilled for us the soul of the heroine who saved her country and lost her reputation. In the opening act she did little, but suggested the psychology of a woman who had begun to loathe a supine husband. Note the nuance with which she uttered "J'rai, mon père," and the repetition when she says it to Colonna. It was like molten steel first; it was cold, rigid steel, the steel of unalterable resolution the second time. Yet how tender is her "si" when she turns to her fuming spouse.

There was tenderness in the tent scene, despair and pride modulating into amazed joyfulness at meeting her early friend in the person of the stern enemy. But the last scene gave us the most moving side of this wonderful woman's art. The shock of incredulity caused by her husband's suspicions, merging into the supreme ecstasy as she grasps the key that is to unlock the future—in sooth, no such acting has been witnessed in this city for a long time. The scale was essentially smaller than Bernhardt's, but as subtle as the art of Sarah were the indications of love triumphant with death staring her in the face. The tiny play of shadows round her eyes and mouth as she sees her lover trapped were touching. That she was a picture in every act is a matter of course. Her slow march to the open door was most impressive. It was a veritable march to the scaffold. Fevrier's music in this last episode rings true. He was called before the curtain with Miss Garden many times. What a pleasure it is to have the French language spoken with pure diction. Decidedly New York deserves French opera.

CARUSO SINGS SAMSON.

Saint-Saens's Opera Given to Big House—Claudia Muzio as Butterfly.

French opera drew a Caruso house last night at the Metropolitan, where the Italian tenor, with Mme. Matzenauer, recently returned, and Mr. Couzinou lately added to the familiar cast, gave Saint-Saëns's "Samson et Dalila" for the third time this season. The historic spectacle with its feats of vocalism and elaborate dances under Mr. Monteux's direction earned much applause.

In the afternoon Miss Farrar was to have sung a postponed matinée of "Madam Butterfly," but was still hoarse, and her place was taken for the first time by Claudia Muzio. The young singer won friends in the rôle, which she had sung abroad and in the West. Mr. Lazaro, new as the hero, was also vocally powerful. His lack of inches beside the tall heroine marred their duet, though Miss Muzio crouched low in her kimonos throughout the first scene, as Emmy Destinn once did in Boston with the tenor Lafitte. Mr. Montesanto sang the Consul and Mr. Moranzoni conducted the matinée.

GOLDMARK'S "REQUIEM."

Philharmonic Plays Work Based on Lincoln's Gettysburg Speech.

Lincoln's Gettysburg speech was printed in last night's Philharmonic program books at Carnegie Hall, its text—of which some words were quoted over phrases of the music—having furnished the theme of Rubin Goldmark's manuscript "Requiem," for which the composer was called on the stage after a stirring performance. The new work was "not intended to be programmatic, except in so far as Lincoln's immortal address called for the certain moods in the composer." Its five unbroken episodes began with trumpet calls of war, then grief for those fallen in battle, an elegy, a martial dirge, and a glowing conclusion.

Themes representing Latin sentences of the "Requiem" and Lincoln's "Government by the people" were developed with a ring of sincerity in the instrumental voices of that fiery finale. There was a wreath for Mr. Goldmark from the New York Bohemians. Harold Bauer in Tschaikovsky's concerto closed the concert, which Mr. Stransky had begun with Bach, nine short pieces, set for orchestra. The entire program will be repeated this afternoon.

The Symphony Society played in the same hall yesterday afternoon, and will again on Saturday night, a program with Toscha Seidel as star in Mendelssohn's violin concerto, in which the most strenuous of the young Russians showed unexpected grace and gentleness of style. Mr. Damrosch also gave a recent "Symphonic Suite" by the Italian de Sabata, and an entire second part of selections from Wagner's "Master Singers," "Parsifal" and "Tristan."

LEFT $76,000 TO CHARITY.

Bequests of $76,000 to charities are made in the will of Benjamin Blumenthal, retired button manufacturer, who died at the Harmonie Club on Jan. 21 last at the age of 73 years. The will has not been filed, but Wolf & Kohn, counsel for the estate announced the terms, showing that the charities named are: Mt. Sinai, $15,000; Lebanon Hospital, $5,000; Hebrew Orphan Asylum, United Hebrew Charities, Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, and Hebrew Infant Asylum, $10,000 each; St. Vincent's and Presbyterian Hospitals, Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, and American Female Guardian Society, $2,500 each; Tuskegee Institute, $5,000, and Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, $1,000.

Mr. Blumenthal was unmarried and left the residuary estate to nephews and nieces. His estate is valued at more than $200,000.

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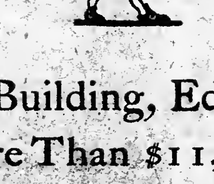

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8 P.M.

School, steamship, hotel and restaurant advertisements for insertion in the Sunday edition of The New York Times must be finally released by 8 o'clock tonight.

Advertisers and advertising agencies should comply strictly with this rule in order to avoid disappointment. Advertisements under the classifications mentioned released on Saturday cannot be inserted in the Sunday edition.

The circulation of the Sunday edition of The New York Times is 550,000 copies.

The New York Times

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Tonight, 8, Barbiere di Siviglia. Hempel; Hackett (debut), De Luca, Mardones, Malatesta. Cond., Papi.
Sat. Mat., at 2, "Tabarro"—"Angelica"—"Schicchi." Farrar, Muzio, Ellis; Crimi, De Luca, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. at 8, (75c to $3,) double bill, L'Oracolo. Sundelius, Braslau; Althouse, Scotti, Didur. Cond., Moranzoni. Coq d'Or. Garrison, Sparkes; Diaz, Didur.—Galli; Bolm. Cond., Monteux.
Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c to $2. Mischa Elman, Violinist; Peterson; Diaz. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8, La Reine Fiammette. Farrar; Lazaro, Rothier, Didur. Cond., Monteux.
Wed. at 8, Forza del Destino. Ponselle, Gentle; Caruso, Montesanto, Mardones, Chalmers. Cond., Papi.
Thurs. at 8, (Double Bill), Traviata. Hempel; Hackett, De Luca. Cond., Moranzoni. Foll'd by Ballet Petrushka. Galli; Bolm. Cond., Monteux.
Fri. at 8, double bill, L'Oracolo. Easton, Braslau; Althouse, Scotti, Didur. Pagliacci. Muzio; Caruso, Montesanto. Cond., Moranzoni.
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CHICAGO OPERA ASS'N GRAND OPERA
Tonight at 8, "Le Chemineau" (First Time in N. Y.) Gall, Maguenat, Baklanoff, Huberdeau. Cond. Hasselmans.
Sat. Mat., "Thaïs." Garden, O'Sullivan, Baklanoff. Cond. Campanini.
Sat. Night (Popular Prices), "Tales of Hoffmann." Macbeth, Namara, Sharlow, Fontaine, Maguenat. Cond. Charlier.
Sunday Night, CAMPANINI CONCERT, N. Y. HIPPODROME.
Mon., Feb. 3, "Isabeau." Fitziu, Lamont, C. Lazzari, Baklanoff. Cond. Sturani.
Tues., "Linda di Chamounix." Galli-Curci, Lamont, C. Lazzari, Stracciari. Cond. Sturani.
Wed., "Pelleas and Melisande." Garden, Maguenat, Bouilliez. Cond. Charlier.
Thurs., Massenet's "Manon." Gall, Fontaine, Maguenat. Cond. Hasselmans.
Fri., "Lucia." Galli-Curci, Dolci (Debut), Rimini. Cond. Polacco.

N. Y. SYMPHONY SOCIETY
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r.
Carnegie Hall, Tomorrow (Sat.) Eve., 8:15
Soloist TOSCHA SEIDEL
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Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Feb. 2, at 3
FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA WAR PICTURES ENTITLED "FILMS" by ALFREDO CASELLA
Belgium: Heavy German Artillery Passing. France: Ruins of the Rheims Cathedral. Alsace: The Wooden Cross. Italy: Man-of-War Cruising in the Adriatic.
Soloist RAOUL VIDAS
Schumann, Mozart and Wagner.
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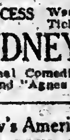
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THE PRICE OF WHEAT.

Must the price of bread to all the people be controlled by the standard price of $2.26 per bushel of wheat which the Government must pay to the farmers? It is a grave question, it has many sides, ethical, fiscal, economic. It will not do for the Government or for the Food Administration to make a mistake about it.

The Government must pay the price it promised to pay; nowhere is there any question about that. It made the pledge in order to encourage the farmers to increase their acreage of wheat. The ending of the war could not then be foreseen; it was the Government's purpose to assure abundant production in order that our own needs and the needs of the Allies might be met. The pledge of $2.26 per bushel had the desired effect. It is expected that we shall harvest more than a billion bushels of wheat this year. But the war is over and in the world's markets the price of wheat is now lower than the price the Government must pay. England has canceled her contracts here because she can get wheat cheaper in Australia and the Argentine. But for the Government's guarantee, it is believed that there would be a material fall in the price here. The question is whether the Government, having kept faith with the wheat growers by paying $2.26 per bushel, will then let wheat seek its natural price level in the market. It is a very important question for consumers. A lower price for bread would materially reduce the cost of living.

But Mr. Barnes, President of the Grain Corporation of the United States Food Administration, says this is not to be. He insists that, broadly speaking, it is not true that the world's price for wheat is below the price level fixed by the Government here; that the demands upon this market will exhaust all the 1918 crop surplus. Therefore, the Food Administration is not inclined to adopt the policy of disposing of the surplus at a loss to the National Treasury. Mr. Barnes evidently feels that he is confronted with both a condition and a theory. The condition is a matter of fact, to be determined by time and inquiry. If, notwithstanding our enormous crop of wheat, the price in the free markets of the world shall be maintained at or near the Government level, that would mean that there is still a great scarcity of wheat and the Government's problem would be solved at once. There would be buyers enough to take the wheat at the "pegged" price, and the Treasury would not need to concern itself about any loss. The question whether the Treasury should assume the possible loss is one of theory and we do not think the solution is difficult.

The offer to the farmers was a war measure. If, after the Government has bought all the wheat at $2.26 per bushel, the market price declines and the loss falls upon the Treasury, that loss should be counted as part of the costs of war and should be defrayed like other war costs out of taxes and the proceeds of bond sales. The argument that it would not make much difference to the people whether they made up the Treasury loss by paying high prices for bread or by paying taxes and buying bonds is not sound. That would be equivalent to putting a special tax upon bread to defray the expense of war. It would be wasteful because the profits of middlemen must be considered, which would materially increase the levy upon the pockets of the people above the billion or so the Government might have to take in taxes and by the sale of bonds. But if the price of wheat really is going to fall in the world's markets, the United States Government cannot put itself in the position of maintaining a fixed and extortionate price for the commodity here, not even to avert a loss to the Treasury. There is a principle involved which we cannot too soon take for our guidance in all these matters. It is that the Government as promptly as possible should retire from business, should give up its control of business and prices.

POLAND AND PADEREWSKI.

The formal recognition by the United States of the new Polish Government in which Mr. Paderewski is Premier and Foreign Minister shows the confidence of our Administration, and incidentally of the allied Governments, in the new régime. Precarious as the situation of Poland still is, with wars on every border, a Bolshevist invasion impending, and the country desolated by the German occupation, conditions are considerably better than it seemed possible to hope a few months ago. The Polish people is struggling successfully toward unity. A harmony appears to have been effected between the Paderewski and Pilsudski groups, and it seems that General Pilsudski, whose services to his country before, during, and since the war have been very great, is loyally supporting the Paderewski Government. In the meantime, the strong party in Poland which Paderewski and Dmowski represent, and the Polish colonies abroad, are solidly supporting the administration, and Mr. Dmowski's diplomacy is bearing fruits in the favor with which his country is regarded at Paris.

This favor might profitably be translated into concrete assistance over and above the transfer to Poland of the Polish troops in France, and it is to be hoped that the allied commission now on its way will report promptly and recommend some action. The Peace Conference is doing well to devote immediate attention to the conflict between Poles and Czechs in Silesia; till lately the Czechoslovaks were the only friends of Poland among her immediate neighbors, and Professor Masaryk's well-known political policy makes it exceedingly unlikely that his Government is much to blame for the recent turn of events. If the Peace Conference stops the fighting as soon as possible, it will be for the good of Czechoslovaks and Poles as well.

In any case, the establishment of a genuinely representative and apparently stable Polish Government will materially promote the quieting of Eastern Europe. Mr. Paderewski's personal contribution to this event is very great. His personality and his reputation were factors of enormous value in familiarizing the American people with the character and importance of the Polish question. Almost all of his private fortune has been spent in the national interest. On the platform he spoke as well as he played. And now he seems to have displayed tact and political wisdom of a very high degree in harmonizing the internal conflicts which had threatened to weaken Poland today as they did two hundred years ago. The world has seen a number of eminent politicians, from Nero all the way to William Hohenzollern, who made themselves artists, and bad artists; it is a pleasant contrast to see a great artist developing into a distinguished statesman.

WAR TAX PROGRESS.

It is promised that on Monday we shall know what the conference committee did with the Senate's 602 amendments to the House's War Tax bill. In a general way it is known that the sufficiently high rates of the House bill have been increased. This is announced on the same day that fifteen billions of appropriations and authorizations are canceled in the Emergency bill. The reduction of costs after the armistice is more in keeping with the country's sentiment than the increase of taxes after war profits have ceased actually, although the cessation of hostilities is only technical peace. The bill will make no friends for the Democrats, and they would be glad if somebody or something would relieve them from the odium of it. The bill has not been improved by anything done during the long delay, and public opinion is less tolerant now of burdens which would have been borne more patiently if put upon the taxpayers before the problems of reconstruction had cooled the "win the war" temper.

Congress has been so dilatory that it is necessary to compel others to hurry, and it is expected that the first payment will be required earlier than under the existing law, although the filing of the returns will be later. Last year payments were delayed until the end of May, but it will not be surprising if the first payment is required with the delayed returns, about the middle of next April. That is about the time when subscriptions will be asked for the Victory Loan, and puts problem on problem when either was sufficient. No country ever did, and no country but ours could, both pay such taxes and subscribe a six-billion loan. Incidentally, there are a couple of billions of current funds used in production which are tied up in bank loans by the Government's delay in paying its bills while it is pressing the country to come forward so liberally. The prospect, therefore, is that neither the general public nor the banks will have either the disposition or the ability to lend money free-handedly to either the Government or to industry. There is danger that the funds will be found by shrinking trade rather than from "excess" profits. If the [illegible] had left more with the producers they could and would have been freer with their funds for wages, taxes, and loans at the time when they should have been asked for. In effect, Congress has turned off the forced draught at a time when there is more need of keeping the machinery going full speed than slowing down.

The newspapers are suitably punished for daring to hold and express their views. Chairman Kitchin decided that there should be no bill unless the mail zoning penalty upon the circulation of intelligence was retained. It is reported that he was in a minority among the conferees, as his party is in the country, but it was necessary to pay his price to get a bill even of this sort. It is still an open question whether it was worth while to put such a premium upon obstinacy, and thus invite repetition of obstruction to support personal rather than party policy.

It is now sure that there must be an extra session of Congress, for other reasons than the tax bill, and there is in force a tax bill which would relieve the Government's pressing necessities until a more intelligent and sufficiently productive tax bill could be passed. Will the Republicans favor the Democrats with obstruction until the Treasury proceeds under the present law? The intention to force an extra session was once imputed to the Republicans as a fault by those who now would welcome their help to escape from the hole digged by the Democrats for themselves. But there is now no such hope for a "better hole." The Republicans may debate a little, but they would rather fasten this tax bill upon their opponents than relieve them from their responsibility.

WHICH TUNNEL?

A conference at Albany yesterday resolved to proceed with the negotiation of a new treaty, or amendment of the old treaty, between New York and New Jersey for the sake of unifying the Port of New York and joining the parts with a wagon tunnel. This is good news, for the Governor had been quoted as asking where New York's half of the cost, $12,000,000, was coming from in the present embarrassed condition of the State's finances. There was, and is, apparently no hope that the nation will help the two States with a task which is more national than local, and yet the Postmaster General chooses this time to press his proposal to build a tunnel to carry express and baggage, parcel post packages, and perhaps letters, between the Grand Central and Pennsylvania stations in this city.

This will cost an estimate of $1,500,000 to begin with, and nobody can say how much more, as the freight tunnel is extended to other distributing centres. Once there was a tube system which distributed letters as the Postmaster General now wishes to supply facilities to distribute trunks, but he caused its abandonment in favor of motor trucks. The trucks have been a nuisance, and now comes the proposal for a Post Office tunnel for the carriage of light freight. There is before the Senate a proposal that the Post Office should renew the use of the postal letter tubes, which would require only payment to the owners, who presumably have been put into a negotiating frame of mind by the Post Office's arbitrary procedure.

The baggage tunnel may be built later, or the work may be left to the railways, but it seems to be a question of now or never with the wagon tunnel between the two parts of the port for the promotion of the commerce which has been discouraged by the withdrawal of lighterage privileges for war reasons. New Jersey is ahead of New York on the wagon tunnel, having voted its full half, while New York is only able to make a beginning. That will commit the State and the rest will be forthcoming. It will not be reasonable to begin and leave New Jersey alone. As the matter stands New Jersey has purged itself of the imputation of separatism and of the desire for privilege for its side of the harbor. Now it is setting the pace for New York, and perhaps will lend a hand to New York in its desire to get the vehicular tunnel.

THE PROCLAMATION CEREMONY.

Complying with the custom of distributing among eminent characters the pens with which famous official documents are signed, "association" pens, as it were, Mr. Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State, rationed among divers eminent advocates of prohibition the pens with which he signed the proclamation of the ratification of the Prohibition Amendment. Forty-four States have ratified, and it seems almost a pity that the proclamation could not have been postponed until the ratification was made unanimous, if the unregarded four lagging States are not singular enough to have and express an opinion of their own.

How far the emotion of the war and the contempt engendered by it for mere billions contributed to the amazingly easy approval of what seemed to be one of the most controversial and disuniting of reforms "the historian of the future" may be able to understand better or misunderstand more than the living contemporaries of this great act of renunciation of State rights and imposing of asceticism. At any rate, "it is done," as Whittier sang of another amendment, which may politely be described as otiose; and the sincere workers who have passed through a long gauntlet of ridicule are entitled to rejoice in the fruit of their labors.

Mr. Bryan, "beaming with joy," well deserved a pen; and Mr. Anderson of the Anti-Saloon League, who used to speak of the Nebraskan's prohibition services with erroneous acrimony, ought to sing a palinode. If, in the wild heat of the race, the Olympian chariot wheels catch fire, the Olympian hubs collide, after the race is won there is glory enough for all the competitors.

To the heads of the great women's temperance societies, to Senator Sheppard of Texas, maker of the Congress resolution to submit the amendment to the Legislatures and an ever-vigilant Dry; to Representative Randall of California, prohibition protagonist of a State with a Dry Legislature and a Wet electorate; to all who witnessed this "historic" signing, whether they got or did not get a pen to treasure and to bequeath as a rich legacy unto their issue, Jan. 29, 1919, will be a memorable day. The Department of State officials mustered to the ceremony are, perhaps, a little callous to these momentous occasions; but on them and on everybody else present the moral effect must have been stimulating. Old convivial Washington, Babylon the great and thirsty, is fallen!

In no spirit of belittlement toward the long, moral activities of Mr. Bryan and his associates, the just memory recalls their predecessors in the days of discouragement, John Peter St. John of Kansas, for example, and, most of all, Neal Dow of Maine. Too lavish importations of West India rum provoked fierce revolt against alcohol in the Dirigo State seventy-odd years ago. Maine established prohibition by law in 1851, and subsequently by constitutional amendment. If prohibition hasn't always been too severely enforced there, at least to Maine belong the laurels of the pioneers. So far as pioneer temperance, a different thing from prohibition, goes, New York might assert priority. In a Saratoga County town, Moreau, 111 years back, a society was formed whose members were not to drink spirits or wine except at public dinners or for sickness. If they did, they were mulcted in the sum of a quarter. Feeble and faint-hearted virtue compared with the heroic ardors of the present, but worth recording. "Pioneers, O pioneers!"

SOCIALISM AND THE POLICE.

There is a difference of opinion between Police Commissioner Enright and the Socialist leaders in this city, a difference which is not called for by the facts and in regard to which plain American citizens will side with the Commissioner. He has called the attention of landlords who are in the habit of renting public halls to persons desirous of holding meetings to the fact that if they rent them to persons preaching sedition or anarchy or violence they will get into trouble. The Socialist leaders have taken this to themselves, and Mr. Algernon Lee, who heads the Socialist delegation in the Board of Aldermen and is also one of the triumvirate who plunged the Socialist Party of the nation into its recent dubious course, attempts to make a partisan case out of the Commissioner's action. He says that hall owners "have no more to fear from "renting to Socialists than to Demo-"crats, Republicans, or Prohibition-"ists."

It so happens that Mr. Lee was one of those responsible for inducing the Socialist Party to declare, early in 1917, in favor of "mass resistance" to the Conscription act, the other two being Victor L. Berger, just convicted of violating the Espionage act, and Morris Hillquit. That seditious declaration still remains the Socialist creed. It has never been repented of or disavowed. It is also a fact, as Mr. Lee knows, that many Socialists—and he will not deny that they are a majority—have been hostile to our allies and have gone as far as they dared in breeding disaffection with our own part in the war.

If public speakers spread the doctrines of disloyalty, if they encourage the sort of anarchy that is raging in Russia and hint that it would be well to bring it about here, they and the hall owners incur certain dangers, and the police are merely doing their duty in delivering this information to the latter. That the danger is real is shown by the fact that such speakers are still being convicted and sentenced to prison terms. It is of no use for Mr. Lee to say that his party is being discriminated against. His party has nothing to fear if it does not preach sedition and anarchy—anarchy, Mr. Lee will observe, not in the economic or political sense, but in the old-fashioned dictionary sense. He says that "the doctrine of the Socialist party is the antithesis of anarchy." As a philosophy it is; but Mr. Lee and his associates succeeded in converting it into something that bears a very close resemblance to anarchy in the judicial sense, and must take the responsibility.

Many of them, utterly disregarding such Socialists as Maria Spiridonova, openly side with the Bolsheviki in Russia and lend encouragement to the I. W. W. in this country; and it is cheap and small for them to call attention to their philosophy when they themselves have outgrown it and use it now only as a mask. What would Karl Marx say of Lenine or of the I. W. W.? As for anarchy, it is not philosophic anarchy but criminal anarchy that the law aims to suppress; and criminal anarchy means violence and revolution and chaos. It makes no difference whether that kind of anarchy is preached by a Republican, a Democrat, or a Socialist. Rosa Luxemburg was as far as possible from being an anarchist in philosophy, but the truest possible type of anarchy in action. That kind of anarchy we will not have in these United States; and persons who dislike the penalties for it need not preach it, whatever party they may belong to, or whatever social philosophy they may pretend to subscribe to.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Big Profit from a Bad Bargain.

As several correspondents of The Times have already revealed by means of appreciative letters, the field glasses which the Government was forced to "borrow" for the use of its sailors when it went into the war are beginning to come back to their original owners—and to come back almost infinitely increased in value by the marks of hard handling which most of them bear. For thus these once prosaic utensils have been made into precious relics and souvenirs. Every mark and mar and stain on them is proof that they have helped to win the great victory, and to have one of these war-worn treasures is also evidence that its possessor made a willing sacrifice, small but real, when a need of his country was brought to his attention.

This whole matter of the binoculars has been managed admirably. It was businesslike to just the extent compelled by the law forbidding our Government to accept gifts from anybody, but a wise Assistant Secretary of the Navy knew that most people would prefer giving to selling, and that for once it was permissible, keeping the letter of the law, to violate its spirit. For every glass, therefore, he sent a draft on the Federal Treasury for $1, saying in a prettily worded letter that if the glasses survived the war and could be returned, the dollar should be considered rent, while if they were lost it would be their price.

That was a miserable bargain, from one point of view, but a most excellent bargain from another, and it was the other view that hundreds and hundreds of people took. Some of them cashed the little checks and some did not. Either course was correct, or at least easily defensible, but the first was probably a little the better of the two, for bookkeeping reasons, and anybody who prefers not to keep the dollar has his choice among a dozen or a score of ways to make it serve a public purpose.

A Bright Future Is Dawning.

Sincere satisfaction will be felt all over the country as a result of the announcement just sent out by the merchant tailors assembled in national convention near the sounding sea in Atlantic City. For they promise all and sundry that the garments to be made for men in the coming year are to have unusual merits—merits that every man desires his clothes to have. They are, it seems, to be "sprightly without conspicuousness," which is certainly a good beginning, but it is only a beginning. In addition to sprightliness without conspicuity, they are to be "dashing without verging on extremes, youthful in temperament and inspirational."

All that is much, but it is not too much. Long enough have women alone commanded the artists who could produce habiliments worthy thus to be described, and men long ago should have demanded and insisted on getting the equal rights now so convincingly promised.

Some men may have secret doubts about their ability to wear as they should be worn clothes sprightly, dashing, youthfully temperamental, and inspirational, but if the men all do their best they will rival the angels, who, as is well known, can do no more than that.

As regards prices the tailors in council seem to have said nothing. Presumably the prices will deserve the same characterizations as the clothes, so everything will be harmonious and consistent, and everybody will be happy.

GOV. ALLEN'S CHARGES.

Losses in the Argonne and Some Civil War Figures.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with interest your editorial in yesterday's paper in answer to the somewhat wild statements of Governor Allen in regard to the fearful slaughter of our troops in France, incidentally attributing it to their improper or unwise handling by their commanders.

In your figures giving the losses in the civil war, as compared with those in France, it occurs to me that you have hardly made the case as strong as it should be. Stating the strength of regiments, you have included their total enrollment during their term of service; and, taking their actual losses in some single battle, the percentage based on this enrollment is far from the facts, as in none of these engagements was there any such strength of regiment present.

It must be borne in mind that in the civil war our full complement of a regiment of infantry was about 1,000, and of cavalry about 1,200, whereas, under present organization, our regiments are about 3,000.

At Cold Harbor the 8th New York Heavy Artillery lost 207 officers and men killed or fatally wounded, which would be less than 9 per cent. of the total enrollment as given by you, but as a matter of fact was more than 25 per cent. of the men actually engaging in the battle. Similar facts pertain to the 1st Maine Heavy Artillery at Petersburg. Many regiments at Gettysburg during the three days' fighting of that single battle lost in killed and fatally wounded more than one-quarter of the men participating. The regiment which I commanded—the 7th Michigan Cavalry—which led the charge in the Custer cavalry fight July 3, numbered but 478 men at that morning roll call. The losses of the regiment in killed and wounded were exactly 100, which fact is inscribed on the Custer Monument on the battlefield.

The losses in cavalry regiments during the civil war were generally much less than in the infantry and artillery commands.

It is very probable that there were commanders in the recent campaign in France whose courage, impetuosity, and personal bravery moved them to do things that might be called reckless, but they won; and that is what they were there for. You cannot do real fighting and "go over the top" without loss of life.

It will be a sad return for the splendid service that our troops have recently performed over there if their acts are to be the subject of unfriendly criticism by stay-at-homes here, no matter what their standing or position may be.

W. D. MANN.

New York, Jan. 28, 1919.

NEW ALBANIAN GOVERNMENT

Seeks Recognition and a Place at the Peace Conference.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an article of mine which appeared in the columns of your newspaper on Oct. 20 last, I discussed the problem of Albania in relation to the attitude of the Entente Allies toward it, with especial regard to the treatment of Albania by the victorious Allies. I asked the pertinent question whether the Albanians would be allowed to form a Government of their own. The answer to my question came last week in an official cablegram from the new Albanian Minister for Foreign Affairs, addressed to the Pan Albanian Federation "Vatra" of America, dated Jan. 23, which announced the formation of the new Albanian Government at the provisional capital, Durazzo.

The new Government is composed as follows:

President—TURKHAN PASHA, former Premier of Albania.

Vice President—PRENK BIB DODA, the Catholic Prince of Mirdite.

Minister for Foreign Affairs—MEHMED BEY KONITSA, former Albanian Minister to Greece.

Minister of the Interior—MEHDI BEY FRASHERI, former Governor of Durazzo.

Minister of Public Instruction—LOUIS GURAKUKI, formerly Director of the Normal School of Elbasan.

Minister of Justice—PETER POGA, formerly holder of the same post.

Minister of National Economy—LEF NOSI, formerly of the Posts and Telegraphs.

Minister of Finance—FEIZI BEY ALIZOTI, formerly Minister of the Interior.

Ministers without Portfolio—MUFID BEY LIBOHOVA, MICHAEL BEY TURTULLI, MIDHAT BEY FRASHERI, and Mgr. BUMCHI, Catholic Bishop of Alessio.

The formation of this new Cabinet, in which the Nationalist Party holds the majority of the posts, is the outcome of the will of the Albanian people as expressed by the National Assembly which has been sitting at Durazzo ever since Dec. 23, 1918. Moreover, the new Government is made up, as is seen from the list, indiscriminately of Catholic, Moslem and Orthodox Albanians.

The constitution of this new Government marks ipso facto the re-entrance of Albania as a potent factor in the Balkan affairs. The Ministry has already set out to obtain its recognition on the part of the Entente Allies, that of Italy having been necessarily secured beforehand, owing to the Italian occupation of the major part of Albania, and for the admission of the Albanian delegation in the Peace Conference, according to the contents of the same cablegram.

The establishment of the new Government shows, on the other hand, that Italy has definitely committed herself to the policy of the restoration of Albania as an independent State, and for this the Albanians have but to express their deep gratitude to the Government of Rome.

C. A. CHEKREZI,
Albanian Delegate in the United States.

New York, Jan. 27, 1919.

JUGOSLAVS NOT ENEMIES.

Their Part in the Breakdown of the Austrian Empire.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

According to the newspapers, Mr. La Guardia, at the meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House last Sunday, in honor of Italy, denounced the claims of the Jugoslavs and insisted that the pretensions of the Jugoslavs were the machinations of imperial Austria. "There is," he said, "a great difference between the Czechoslovaks and the Jugoslavs—the Czechoslovaks fought with us and the Jugoslavs against us."

When Mr. La Guardia mentioned the Jugoslavs he omitted to tell that among these Jugoslavs are included the Serbians, and that there is no difference between Serbian and Jugoslav claims. But even if he had in mind only those Jugoslavs who were former subjects of Austria, the assertions of Mr. La Guardia are very ungenerous.

Czechoslovaks and the Jugoslavs, as well as all other races subject to Austria, among them the Italians in Austria, fought in the Austrian Army because they were compelled to do so. Jugoslav prisoners went over to the Serbians and Russians and formed volunteer legions. In Russia were two divisions of Jugoslav volunteers, and in the battle of the Dobrudja a public declaration of the Russian General Staff said that they saved the honor of the allied flags. When the Serbians broke through the Bulgarian lines Jugoslav blood from Slovenia and Croatia was as freely shed as Jugoslav blood from Serbia. If the Jugoslavs as such have not been officially recognized as Allies, they have to thank for it Italy, which tries now to depict them as enemies. Even in Italy Jugoslav war prisoners sent repeated and urgent appeals to be allowed to form volunteer legions, but Sonnino constantly refused. The reason is now obvious.

Every one knows that the internal collapse of Austria broke the backbone of the Central Powers. And the Jugoslavs were one, if not the main, factor in bringing this about.

The Jugoslavs in America, mostly American citizens, are a substantial element in the American mining and steel industry, and they have done well their "bit" during the war. How they feel at such utterances of an American Congressman everybody can easily understand.

JUGOSLAV INFORMATION BUREAU,
R. F. HLACHA.

New York, Jan. 29, 1919.

THE MIST.

I had forgotten that old fear
I knew in some far childhood year,
But, as I moved, the building wall
Of mist grew thicker, hiding all.
Then, I remembered . . . and the thought
Again upon my spirit wrought,
Shaping a world all limitless—
A vastitude of loneliness,
A world where save myself was none,
The rest—a figment of my own!
It was a dream—there could not be
Others, like-fashioned unto me;
My moving feet—no other feet;
My heart a-throb—no other beat;
My straining sight—no other sight—
All, all alone, in kinless plight!

In that far childhood time of dread,
Through the white void, I, startled, fled,
And, running, stumbled . . . Arms reached out
To pick me up—I breathed my doubt:
"Oh, are you *you*—or only *It*?"
I know not if he made reply;
But friendly was the stranger's arm
That snatched me from the mist's cold charm.

So I was glad when, yesterday,
A stranger rose upon the way;
And though in silence on we passed,
My lonely selfhood off I cast,
And knew, beyond the enchanted wall,
Were those could answer to my call.

EDITH M. THOMAS.

NAMES GUARD COMMISSION.

All Branches of State Forces Included in Reorganization Board.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—The complete personnel of the Advisory Commission to consider reorganization of the State's military forces was announced today by Adjt. Gen. Berry. Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt is to head the commission, which will hold its first meeting in the 71st Regiment Armory in New York on next Tuesday. The commission will consider the federalization of the State's forces.

Representatives of every branch of the service are included in the membership of the commission, which numbers thirty-two men. The New York State Guard is represented by General R. Dyer of New York City, General Louis L. Babcock of Buffalo, General James Robb of Brooklyn, General F. Deforest Kemp of Albany.

Representing the Militia Council—Colonel Frederick W. Baldwin, Brooklyn; Colonel George W. Burleigh, Colonel Walter J. Carlin, Lieut. Col. James Eben, and Major Alfred Wendt, New York; Colonel Charles E. Walsh, Albany; Lieut. Col. John McGaffin, Waterford; Colonel Lyman P. Hubbell and Lieut. Col. Frank S. Sidway, Buffalo.

Units serving overseas, represented by General Cornelius Vanderbilt, Colonel Lorillard Spencer, and Colonel Willard C. Fisk, New York; Colonel Bryer H. Pendry, Major Robert H. Mackin, Jr., and Major Edward T. Harris, Brooklyn.

Regular army, represented by Colonel Frederick Perkins and Colonel C. F. Tillson, Governors Island.

Drafted men, represented by Major Franklin S. Hutchinson, Albany.

Old National Guard, represented by General Daniel Appleton and General Louis W. Stotesbury, New York; General George C. Fox, Buffalo; General John Foote, Brooklyn.

Home Defense League, represented by Major Charles F. Rogers, Lockport.

Naval Reserve, represented by Commodore Robert P. Forshew, New York.

Reserve officers, represented by Major Frank J. Foley, New York.

Retired officers, represented by General James W. Lester, Saratoga; Major Daniel S. Burr, Binghamton; Colonel William W. Ladd, New York.

Military Training Commission, represented by Colonel William H. Chapin, New York.

ARMY PROMOTIONS REVIVED

Baker Modifies Order Issued When Armistice Was Signed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Secretary Baker has issued instructions modifying the prohibition against promotion of officers promulgated immediately after the armistice was signed. He has authorized General Pershing to make such promotions as vacancies in his command may permit, and the same practice will be followed with respect to the army in the United States.

"This relaxation of the rule with regard to promotions," a memorandum issued today said, "does not invite a departure from the principle hitherto established that promotions cannot be made merely as a reward for past services, however meritorious. The rule is relaxed only to permit the army which remains undemobilized to be treated as a living organization with such promotions as would be normal in times of peace to fill vacancies existing or as they may arise."

The new policy applies up to and including the grade of Colonel, and under it officers, both line and corps, who are holding commands or details which should carry with them higher rank than the holders now have will be advanced. This is to be accomplished in the army overseas, even though there may be officers of proper rank for such places, General Pershing being authorized to fill vacancies by promotion rather than by transfer where, in his judgment, that course is wise. He also is directed to send home any surplus officers.

WELCOMES BARNARD STATUE

Manchester Guardian Declares City Will Be Glad to Accept It.

MANCHESTER, Jan. 30.—The Manchester Guardian, in announcing that the Anglo-American Society has decided to offer the Barnard statue of Lincoln to Manchester, comments upon the offer as very good news.

"As Manchester petitioned to have this fine work," says the Guardian, "there can be no question of the gift being accepted with open arms. The intimate trade relations between our city and America and the historic incident of Lancashire's patient acceptance of the heavy trials brought on her by the American civil war, besides the hearty good will which we, like all Englishmen, but in perhaps special degree, bear to our great ally, have doubtless combined to recommend our petition and will make the position of the statue here a permanently appropriate memorial. It is a noble and original work and deserves for its own sake, as well as for that of its great original, all the honor we can give it."

MANY GO HOME TO EUROPE.

More Than 3,000 Italians and Greeks Apply for Passports.

It was necessary yesterday to double the staff of the Intelligence Bureau at the Custom House to meet the rush of Italian and Greek workingmen who are seeking passports to return to their native lands. More than 3,000 of them, most of whom told the Customs officials they wished to return home to assist in the support of relatives whose breadwinners were either killed or disabled by the war, are expected to sail Saturday on the steamship Giuseppi Verdi for Naples and Genoa. In most cases the passports were issued.

Of those who plan to leave on the Verdi, two-thirds were Italians. Of the 1,000 Greeks a considerable number said they wanted to return to Greece to serve in the army. The applicants of both nationalities were from all parts of their countries, and some had come here ten or fifteen years ago.

PLAN A HEALTH CAMPAIGN.

Red Cross and National Defense Councils Will Co-operate.

Plans were made yesterday at a meeting in the Municipal Building attended by representatives of the American Red Cross and officials of the Community Councils of National Defense for co-operation in carrying out the proposed health program of the former organization. This plan, if successful, it was said, would make the Red Cross the most effective health agency in the United States.

Dr. John Willis Slaughter, Director of the Community Councils, said that physicians and nurses returning from abroad held the opinion that health was a social problem, to be handled by the community as a whole. Mildred Taylor, Organization Secretary of the Community Councils, explained a plan whereby all citizens able to do public service were systematically enrolled in whatever capacity they were fitted to work. Mrs. George White, Executive Secretary of the Red Cross, spoke of the need of co-operation in the work, and Jane Pincus, identified with settlement work, spoke in a similar vein.

ROOSEVELT AS A BOY TOPIC OF HIS PASTOR

Dr. Ludlow Tells of Youthful Versatility and Universal Prediction of Great Career.

TRIBUTE BY JAMES M. BECK

Tells Another Story of the Kaiser's Wits Overmatched by the Colonel's.

The panorama of the life of Theodore Roosevelt from youth to manhood was portrayed yesterday at a memorial service in the Church of St. Nicholas, Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, where he was confirmed and where he worshipped with his family. Pew 104 in the fourth row was vacant, and a wreath placed there symbolized the lack in the life of America since Colonel Roosevelt's death.

James M. Beck, former United States Attorney General, was on the program for an address, and had planned to speak briefly. But he was so carried away by the solemn occasion that he paid a spontaneous tribute to his old friend, and in a voice and manner of unusual eloquence held forth for about an hour and a half.

The Rev. James M. Ludlow, pastor of the church when the parents of young Theodore Roosevelt first took their son to it, told many interesting reminiscences of the youth, whose acquaintance even in those days predicted that he would make his mark, but because of the lad's versatility none could predict in which field he would shine. The Rev. James Malcolm MacLeod presided. A memorial address was also delivered by the Rev. William I. Chamberlain. Colonel Roosevelt's favorite hymn, "How Firm a Foundation ye Sainte of the Lord," was sung.

In his address Mr. Beck described the funeral at Oyster Bay and it seemed to him remarkable to observe in the [illegible] persons in the cemetery so many men with whom Theodore Roosevelt had had acute differences. "But all was forgotten and all differences vanished in love for him when this great man's body was lowered to his last resting place," said Mr. Beck.

"Rheims Cathedral cannot be adequately viewed from the front steps," he continued. "One cannot judge the beauty of those two great towers unless one observes them in due perspective. So it is with a great man such as Theodore Roosevelt. He must be seen in perspective. Some men, as time passes, become great mountains, others diminish in stature. While modesty of judgment ought to be preserved in the presence of the dead I hazard nothing when I say that Theodore Roosevelt was one of the great characters of history, that he opened a new epoch in American history. One thing about him to which no one knew him could dissent was that he was a very noble man. He never had truer friends than in the last years when he had no official credentials except in the title of love and sympathy we all had for him.

"Many who were his bitterest enemies became his warmest friends. In his second administration some of us could not agree with all he said. We shared a distrust that we now see was unjustified. The first time I saw him was at the funeral of President McKinley. I saw him as a young slender man of 43 on whose shoulders had fallen, at an age when no predecessor had assumed such duties, the tremendous responsibility of the greatest constitutional ruler of the world.

"He proved himself a superman. He accomplished things that are not for the day, but for all time. If he had done nothing but his work for civil service reform, for the consolidation and building of a colonial policy, for the building of the Panama Canal, he would have raised himself to the ranks of the foremost of Presidents.

"President Roosevelt's statesmanlike acts made his Administration one of the most brilliant in our history. The net result of his life and work is that he was tried by the arduous standard of things done, and among those accomplishments was that of lifting a nation of 100,000,000 to a higher altitude of thought and action. There must be unspeakable pride in the hearts of all those in this church that it was his dominant energy that made him a preacher and a crusader."

In England, said Mr. Beck, he was told this story concerning Colonel Roosevelt. It appears that the Kaiser and the Colonel were present at a great Court function in London, and as they were leaving Buckingham Palace the Kaiser turned to Mr. Roosevelt and said: "Colonel, I want to see you before you leave London. Come tomorrow at 2 and I can give you forty-five minutes." "Very good, your Majesty," replied Roosevelt. "I shall be there at 2, but unfortunately I cannot spare more than twenty minutes."

As the years go by, said Mr. Beck, the achievements of Colonel Roosevelt will loom larger and larger, and it will be seen that he is typical of the new American who came into being at the time of the Spanish war. It would be necessary to go back almost to the renaissance, he thought, to find so versatile a human being as the late President.

Dr. Ludlow said he had the tenderest loving memory "of the boy who sat in that pew." He told of becoming pastor of the church fifty years ago and of how four years later, when the new building was opened the parents of Theodore Roosevelt came to worship there. "Theodore Roosevelt, the youth, was quickminded, and he had a marvelous power of observing passing things," Dr. Ludlow continued. "He thought of what he saw. Some one once asked him in what part of the body the mind was located. He replied 'In Theodore Roosevelt it is right back of the eyeballs.'

"We all predicted that he would make his mark, but where that would be was uncertain, he was so versatile. Whether his mark would be on the north pole or in the field of literature, we did not know, but we never dreamed that he would mark it on the walls of the White House or on the locks of the Panama Canal. He was always the great big boy of the people."

"It is fitting that we should hold this memorial service here, because it was in this church that Theodore Roosevelt first publicly confessed his faith forty-four years ago," said Dr. MacLeod. "In this temple he was confirmed, and he sat in that fourth pew with his parents and the other members of his family in the first years of Dr. Ludlow's ministry."

"Theodore Roosevelt was bigger than any creed, bigger than any church or denominational harness of any kind. He belonged to what we hope will be the Great American Church. He loved all the churches, Protestant, Jewish, and Catholic. His passing away brought sorrow into every religious fellowship in our land. He was a great American and a great Christian."

PRESBYTERIAN GOAL SET.

Church Will Aim to Raise $1,750,000 of $10,000,000 Fund.

The Interchurch Emergency Campaign Committee announced yesterday that the Presbyterian Church, which in co-operation with thirteen other churches will seek in February to raise a fund of $10,000,000 for reconstruction work by the churches, has fixed $1,750,000 as its goal in the national effort.

A half million dollars of this budget is to be used for practical aid to returning soldiers and sailors and will be disbursed through the New Era Movement, and $500,000 will be used for the reconstruction of churches in France, Belgium, and Italy. It is also stated that $250,000 will be used to equip Presbyterian Chaplains for overseas duties.

BOARD EXTENDS SEA FREIGHT CUT

Tariffs from South Atlantic and Gulf Ports Also Reduced About Two-thirds.

TO MEET BRITISH RATES

Shipping Board Reported Prepared to Cut Still Deeper, if Necessary, to Hold Its Business.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. — Another wholesale rate reduction, this time for shipments from South Atlantic and Gulf ports to the United Kingdom, Holland, Belgium, France, and Italy, which, it is believed, will make it possible for American shipping to compete with the tonnage of Great Britain and other foreign nations was announced tonight by the United States Shipping Board. The new rates are for shipments other than cotton, the reduced rates for the latter commodity having been announced on Tuesday, immediately following the new British schedule.

It is understood that the rates announced tonight meet the British rate reductions for the same rates. The new rate for commodities in general from South Atlantic ports to the United Kingdom are now to be $1.07½ per 100 pounds, while the war rate was $2.95 per 100 pounds. From Gulf ports the new rate will be $1.15 per 100 pounds, as compared with the war rate of $3.20. Quotations are also made for shipments by the cubic foot. Reductions to other European countries named are on a similar scale.

In a recent announcement the Shipping Board slashed the rates on the majority of commodities from North Atlantic ports to the United Kingdom to $1 per 100 pounds, a drop of about 66 2-3 per cent. This action was taken at a meeting of the board last Monday, after the announcement had been received of a 66 2-3 per cent. cut by the British Government. The rates announced tonight represent approximately a 66 2-3 per cent. reduction.

Special Gulf Port Reductions.

In order to meet competition in shipping rates from Gulf ports the Shipping Board, in addition to the general decreases announced, sets a flat rate of $1 per 100 pounds on shipments from Gulf ports to Liverpool, England, on starch, spelter, sulphur, steel billets, lead billets and canned goods.

The rates announced tonight do not apply to vessels on trips to the United States from foreign ports, but it is stated that rates on these routes will be quoted upon application. The new rates for shipments from South Atlantic and Gulf ports will take effect today.

The shipping which leaves the United States from Southern ports has increased appreciably since the war as a result of a policy adopted of shipping much material to seaboard over Southern railway routes in order to avoid rail congestion. The new rates will therefore apply to a large volume of business, it is predicted.

There have been reports that further rate reductions might soon be announced by Great Britain in the competition for trade. If that proves to be the case, it is understood that the United States Shipping Board is prepared to meet them. It is asserted here that, even with the great reductions of shipping rates from all Atlantic and Gulf ports announced this week, a reasonable profit remains for shipping interests under the new conditions brought about by the cessation of hostilities abroad and the release of much shipping for commercial purposes.

The Shipping Board rates will apply to all shipping under its control and undoubtedly will force other shipping interests to meet the reductions.

New Rates in Detail.

Here are the rates announced tonight: Rates of freight from United States South Atlantic ports to Europe:

	100 Pounds.	Cubic Foot.
United Kingdom	$1.07½	$.54
Holland (Rotterdam)	1.35	.70
Belgium (Antwerp)	1.35	.70
France:		
Havre	1.35	.70
Bordeaux	1.35	.70
Marseilles	1.70	.91
Cette	1.72	.91
Italy:		
Genoa	1.72	.91
Naples	1.72	.91

Homeward rates from above ports to South Atlantic ports:

Commodity rates for homeward cargo will be established and quoted upon application.

Above rates per 100 pounds or per cubic foot at ship's option.

Above rates apply on pieces or packages weighing up to 4,480 pounds each.

For pieces or packages in excess of 4,480 pounds each, customary heavy lift scale to be applied.

Rates of freight from United States Gulf ports to Europe:

On all cargo, except as below, and cotton:

	100 Pounds.	Cubic Foot.
United Kingdom	$1.15	$.57½
Holland (Rotterdam)	1.45	.75
Belgium (Antwerp)	1.45	.75
France:		
Havre	1.45	.75
Bordeaux	1.45	.75
Marseilles	1.85	.98
Cette	1.85	.98
Italy:		
Genoa	1.85	.98
Naples	1.85	.98

Exceptions—Starch, spelter, sulphur, steel billets, lead billets and canned goods.

United Kingdom—Liverpool, $1.

Homeward rates from above ports to Gulf ports:

Commodity rates for homeward cargo will be established and quoted upon application.

Above rates apply on pieces or packages weighing up to 4,480 pounds each. For pieces or packages in excess of 4,480 pounds each, customary heavy lift scale to be added.

Exceptions to the reductions for shipments from South Atlantic ports to the United Kingdom:

The rate on cotton waste from these ports, it is announced, is $3.50 per 100 pounds, and that on tanning extracts, $1 per 100 pounds. The rate on whisky in cases is put at 50 cents per cubic foot.

Bunker Licenses.

In order to aid American shipping interests in the trade competition, the War Trade Board announced today that hereafter a bunker license would be issued at an American port for all bunker fuel and ship's stores aboard the vessel, or to be taken aboard, without requiring the submission of detailed information. The license will be valid at all subsequent American ports at which the vessel may touch on her voyage. That is, the original bunker license taken out at the first American port will hold good whenever additional fuel and stores are needed at subsequent American ports on voyage.

The Italian Government has now put on import restrictions, and the War Trade Board has been asked by the High Commissioner for Italy to announce that the following have been imposed upon the importation of leather and shoes into Italy:

1. Imports of leather of any kind and shoes from any foreign country and for account of private concerns have been prohibited.

2. These restrictions are consequently extended also to the placing of any private contract abroad for the purchase of the above commodities.

3. No authorization will be given for the transportation of leather or shoes from countries of origin.

PROF. REINACH HONORED.

He Speaks on Hebrew Teachings Before the Judaeans.

At a meeting held in his honor by the Judaeans, a society of Jewish scholars and artists, in the Hotel McAlpin last night, Professor Theodore Reinach of Paris compared the ancient Hebrew teachings with the doctrines which control the world of today. He said that the two great principles for which the foremost living statesmen are now contending at the Conference at Versailles are the principles of social justice and established peace; and that these were the very doctrines announced by the Jewish prophets twenty-five hundred years ago.

Professor Reinach, who is also a Colonel in the French Army, asserted that the Hebrew religion may be called the most modern of all the religions, because its chief tenets are those of the leading thinkers of our day.

Louis Marshall, an earlier speaker, paid a high tribute to Professor Reinach as a historian and scholar, and also spoke of the memorable work done by his brother, Professor Solomon Reinach, who had been largely responsible for the revulsion of feeling in France in favor of Captain Dreyfus. "This instance of a country reversing itself, as did France in the Dreyfus case, was one of the greatest events in history," said Mr. Marshall.

WED COUNTESS MAY BOREL.

Captain Winthrop H. Allen of Pittsburgh Married in Paris.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 30.—William H. Allen, capitalist of this city, received an announcement yesterday by cable of the marriage in Paris of his son, Captain Winthrop H. Allen, to the Countess May Borel, daughter of the late Maurice Borel, former French Ambassador to Russia.

The ceremony took place on Jan. 17 at the home of the bride's mother, Mme. Borel. The American Ambassador and Mrs. Sharp gave a dance afterward for the couple, which was attended by the staff officers from General Pershing's headquarters at Chaumont.

Miss Hoffman Weds H. M. Cohn.

Miss Terese Blanche Hoffman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Hoffman of 320 West 138th Street, and Herman Michaels Cohn of Rochester, N. Y., were married yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Ritz-Carlton, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman of Temple Emanu-El officiating.

Miss Ruth Cohn, a sister of the bridegroom, attended the bride and J. Howard Hoffman was best man.

After a reception for the families the couple left on a two months' honeymoon in Southern California.

Luckenbach-Fenwick Nuptial Today

The wedding of Edgar Frederick Luckenbach of New York and Sea Gate and Miss Andrea Marie Fenwick, a niece of the late James Fenwick of Parkdale, Toronto, Canada, will take place today at the Ritz-Carlton, and will be a quiet affair. Mr. Luckenbach is the President of the Luckenbach Company of 44 Whitehall Street, this city.

H. E. Huntington Dines Hobby Club

Henry E. Huntington gave a dinner last evening at his residence, 2 East Fifty-seventh Street, for his fellow members of The Hobby Club. After dinner the guests were shown Mr. Huntington's private library including his latest acquisitions.

The guests included Theodore N. Vail, Beverly Chew, Granville Kane, David Wagstaff, John G. Milburn, William M. Schnitzer, Darwin P. Kingsley, John C. Tomlinson, Henry Van Duzer, Charles A. Munn, R. T. Haines Halsey, Professor W. P. Trent, Phoenix Ingraham, Dr. Bashford Dean, George C. Kunz, J. C. Tomlinson, Jr., Professor E. R. A. Seligman, George A. Plimpton, and Professor David E. Smith.

Society Aiding Stony Wold Benefit.

Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Charles Steele, Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, Mrs. William B. Cutting, Mrs. W. Seward Webb, and Mrs. Edward S. Harkness are among those who have taken boxes for the Galli-Curci recital in aid of the Stony Wold Sanatorium, which is to be held on Sunday evening, Feb. 9, at the Hippodrome.

Many prominent society women are interested in the benefit, owing to conditions following the world war, with the spread of tuberculosis in this State and the necessity of caring for a larger number of patients.

Dinner to Sir Arthur Pearson.

Sir Arthur Pearson was the guest last night at a farewell dinner given at the Ritz-Carlton by Dr. Schuyler S. Wheeler of 755 Park Avenue. Sir Arthur, who has been in this country assisting in the reeducation of the American soldiers blinded in the war, sails for England within a few days. Among those at the dinner were Herbert L. Satterlee, Vernon C. Brown, Professor Michael I. Pupin, Frank A. Munsey, Thomas Ewing, Campbell Scott, Robert Bridges, E. M. Colie, Dr. Colman W. Cutler, E. M. Van Cleve, Dr. Willis T. Eggleston, John Larkin, Dr. William Tod Helmuth, and V. E. Scott.

Golden Apple to be Beauty Prize.

A group of leading artists has been formed as an arbiter of beauty to present a golden apple to the most beautiful woman attending the Chu Chin Chow ball, to be held tonight at the Hotel des Artistes. No one will be admitted to the ball without a costume. Russian folksongs are to be sung around an open gypsy fire, and a Czechoslovak orchestra will furnish the music. Charles Dana Gibson, James M. Flagg, Harrison Fisher, Howard C. Christy, and Penrhyn Stanlaws are to be the arbiters of beauty.

Old Guard Ball Tonight.

The Old Guard Ball will take place tonight in the ballroom of the new Hotel Commodore. Many military and naval officers and Consul Generals of all the Allies are to be among the guests.

Passengers for Liverpool.

Among those who will sail today for Liverpool on the steamship Caronia are:

F. B. Aborn, Miss Agnes Arbuckle, Lord and Lady Auckland, Miss Winifred Bach, E. W. Bacon, Juan B. C. Barcarisse, J. C. Bennett, Thomas J. Black, Baron and Mrs. Blosveren, Herbert E. Bott, British Consul at Sao Paulo, Brazil; James de Booy, A. G. Brooks, Mrs. Burnett-Smith, Mrs. Helen Burrage, George H. Carter, Miss Charlotte Chaffee, Commander S. K. Chen, Lieutenant A. N. Choice, Miss Miriam F. Clark, Major H. Clayton Kennedy, H. B. J. Craig, Harry J. De Wett, Major P. G. Eastwick, Miss Gladys Emmons, Hugh A. Ford, George Gailbraith, John E. Gale, Miss M. St. George, Mario Harrington, Cuban Consul at Birmingham, England; Mr. and Mrs. Gabriel Hsatter, H. C. Hides, Percy F. Hutchings, Lindley B. Jones, H. Ross Kaufman, J. H. Kenworthy.

Henry C. Lauder, Miss Dolly Lavelle, Frederick Lederer, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Leslie, Charles A. Lichtenstein, Robert Livingstone, Miss Celia Lynds, Captain G. E. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. William Mason, Miss Doris L. Mauck, Mrs. A. J. McClure, A. E. Middleton, Lieutenant Robert G. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Morrison, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Moorcroft, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Moorshead, Miss Hazel B. Nielson, Captain Mineo Osumi, Mrs. T. E. Pooley, Charles E. Potter, John K. Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Ryan, Charles B. Samuels, Miss Elizabeth Sayer, Reeve Schley, New York Fuel Administrator; Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Osborne Smith, George M. Southward, C. A. Terry, J. M. Toomay, G. E. Tripp, S. van der Linden, Herbert W. Vaughan, Frederick C. Walcott, Colonel Walter Wilson, Miss Zella L. Winscott, and Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Yuill.

REALIZE $255,768 ON JONES LIBRARY

Books Collected by Minneapolis Editor Bring High Prices Here.

$14,250 FOR RARE "COMUS"

George D. Smith Pays Record Price for First Edition of Milton's "Masque."

The sale of the second part of the library of Herschel V. Jones of The Minneapolis Journal was concluded at the Anderson Galleries yesterday afternoon. The session brought $48,130.75. The highest price was $14,250, paid by George D. Smith, for Catalogue No. 1,167, the first edition of John Milton's "Comus," London, printed for Humphrey Robinson, 1637. The underbidder was the Rosenthal Company of Philadelphia. The sum paid for the work is a record price.

The name "Comus" does not appear on the title-page, which reads: "A Maske Praesented at Ludlow Castle, 1634, on Michelmasse night, before the Right Honorable John Earle of Bridgewater, Vicount Brackly, Lord Praesident of Wales, And one of His Majesties most honorable Privie Counsell." It was dedicated by Henry Lawes, a well known musical composer of his time, who wrote the music for the masque, to "John Lord Vicount Brackly, son and heire apparent to the Earle of Bridgewater," who, with his brother and sister, appeared in characters of the masque on its presentation at Ludlow Castle. In the dedication Lawes says that it was "not openly acknowledged by the author," and that the publication of the piece was occasioned by the trouble which he had in making transcript from the original manuscript to give away to friends. Milton was a young friend of Lawes, who asked him to write his words for his masque.

The volume, which is a small quarto, was in the Bridgewater Library from the time of its publication until the library was purchased by Henry E. Huntington, about one year ago, and has always been mentioned among the first of its treasures. The Bridgewater crest was impressed upon its sides when it was rebound in full calf about the year 1800. This copy was one of the duplicates in Mr. Huntington's collection, and, having what he considered a more desirable example, he sold the book at the Anderson Galleries last year. After a spirited competition, Mr. Smith obtained it for $9,200. He subsequently turned it over to Mr. Jones for about $10,000.

Among the other prices paid were the following:

No. 1,168—"Justa Edouardo King Naufrago, at Amici's Moerentibus," Cambridge, 1638, first edition of the volume, containing the first appearance of Milton's "Lycidas," the first part consisting of verses by various writers on the death of Edward King in the Irish Sea in 1637; George D. Smith	$4,400
No. 1,173—"Poems, Both English and Latin," by John Milton, London, 1645, rare first edition; Rosenbach Company	1,050
No. 1,186—"A Myrrour for Magistrates," London, 1563, fine copy of the second edition; George D. Smith	675
No. 1,196—"Pagan Poems," by George Moore, London, 1881, presentation copy from the author to Mrs. Singleton, (Vesta Fane,) with autograph letter from Moore to her; James F. Drake	610
No. 1245—"The Returne of the Renouned Canaliero Pasquill," by Thomas Nash. "If my breath be so hote that I burne my mouth, suppose I was printed by Pepper Allie, Anno Dom. 1589"; George D. Smith	790
No. 1248—"The Tragedie of Claudius Tiberius Nero, Rome's Greatest Tyrant," author unknown, London, 1607; George D. Smith	750
No. 1272—"Hystorie of the Most Noble and Vallaunt Knight Plasidas," by John Partridge, London, circa 1566, only two other copies known, the Corser-Hult copy; George D. Smith	2,400
No. 1287—"The Battell of Alcazar," by George Perle, London, 1594, ridiculed by Shakespeare in "Henry IV," Part II.; Walter M. Hill	1,100
No. 1288—"The Old Wives Tale," by George Perle, London, 1595; George D. Smith	1,530
No. 1,289—"The Famous Chronicle of King Edwarde the First, surnamed Edward Long-Shankes," by George Peele, London, 1599, second edition, Robert Hoe copy; Walter M. Hill	875
No. 1,290—Another copy of the same, also from the Hoe collection; George D. Smith	810
No. 1,291—"The Historie of the Two Valiant Knights," by George Peele, London, 1599, the Heber-Huth copy; Rosenbach Co.	1,420
No. 1,292—"The Love of King David and Fair Bethsabe, with the Tragedie of Absalon," by George Peele, London 1599, no earlier copy known, the Huth copy; George D. Smith	1,085
No. 1,293—"The History of the Wars of New England," by Samuel Penhallow, Boston, 1726, an Indian narrative of great rarity, the Henry W. Pou copy; Lathrop C. Harper	600

The two days' sale in three sessions brought $115,097.75. The first part realized $140,610.60. The grand total for the library thus far is $255,768.35. The items so far sold number 1,309. The letter O has been reached in the cataloguing.

POLITE MEN HOLD UP STORE.

Apologize to Proprietor of 11th Av. Place as They Rob Him.

A tall man, with excellent manners, and three assistants held up the confectionery store of August Burke, at 58 Eleventh Avenue, last night. They took $80 in bills and about $20 in small change from the cash register, and departed after handing Burke back his watch with the remark that it was not worth taking.

Burke was in his store alone just after 6 o'clock, when the tall man came in. He walked to the rear where there are small tables, and as the proprietor started back to wait on the supposed customer he heard the door open and three others enter.

"What will you have?" he asked the customer who stood by a table pulling off his gloves. As he spoke he felt something poked against his back and a gruff voice bade him not to turn around.

"I guess I will have your hands up," said the first man, as though there had been no interruption.

Up went Burke's hands.

"Now, Andy, get busy," commanded the tall man, and Andy lost no time in getting to the cash register.

"My dear Sir," said the leader, "I am very sorry, but times are hard and necessity drives."

When the register had been rifled and the proprietor's watch taken and returned, the tall man took the revolver and kept Burke with "eyes front" while his pals went out and got into an automobile. Then as he was about to leave he said, "Pardon me," and a soda water bottle came down on Burke's head.

When the victim came to the thieves had departed. An ambulance surgeon dressed his wound, and the police are trying to trace the robbers.

Albany Society Dinner Tomorrow.

The Victory dinner of the Albany Society of New York is to be held tomorrow night at the Hotel Plaza, and a large delegation from Albany is to come in special cars for the occasion. Vice Admiral Albert Gleaves, U. S. N.; Lieut. Col. Latham R. Reed, U. S. A.; Martin Vogel, William Barnes, Mayor Watt of Albany, Chaplain Gerhard, and Augustus Thomas are to be the speakers.

REGENTS DISCLOSE AMERICANIZATION PLAN

Will Divide State Into Zones to Attack Illiteracy—Governor Smith Pledges His Aid.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Extensive plans for combatting adult illiteracy in the State were disclosed today by Chester S. Lord, Acting Chancellor of the State Board of Regents, in a visit to Governor Smith. Arrangements are also being made for a Congress of educators to handle the State's educational problems. It is planned to divide the State into zones to attack illiteracy, which is greatly on the increase, according to Chancellor Lord.

"We would establish a teachers' institute in every centre, which should teach teachers how to approach the foreigner on the subject of education. We would establish classrooms in the schools, in the factories, anywhere, by propaganda, and by publicity. We would endeavor to interest the residents of the State in this Americanization," Mr. Lord told the Governor.

The Governor told the members of the Board of Regents that he would co-operate with them in any way possible to aid in the administration of the schools, so that equal opportunity for obtaining an education shall be provided for all children in the State.

"I should like to see every boy and girl whose home is either in the country or the city and whose parents are either engaged on the farm in the shop, or the factory, or the business house, and whose income is the earning capacity of their day's labor, given the same opportunity to obtain an education to fit them for the service which they must render, that is offered by the school system to the boy and girl who come from the home of favored opportunities and where the financial considerations are not so pressing," the Governor said. "I will do anything in my power to promote your plans for Americanization and for the betterment of educational conditions generally. I pledge you with all my heart and soul my vigorous and forceful support."

Roland Hayes in Plantation Songs.

Recalling the "Jubilee" singers, Roland Hayes, tenor, accompanied by Harry T. Burleigh at the piano, finished a formal début in Aeolian Hall last night with a number of negro "spirituals" or plantation songs, racy of the flavor of the old soil and old times in Georgia, where he was born. He is one of those with natural voices, who have not lost in cultivation that rare gift of unctious humor and pathos of his race. His "Peter, Go Ring Dem Bells" set one's feet unconsciously stepping to ragtime, and earned an uproarious recall in "Didn't It Rain?" The young man's enunciation was remarkable, not least so in the dream from Massenet's "Manon," which he sang in good French. There were other songs by Burleigh, and an air from the English "Hiawatha," by Coleridge-Taylor.

Jury Disagrees in Inch Case.

The jury which tried Mrs. Betty Inch on the charge of attempting to extort $215 from Eugene P. Herrman of 675 Riverside Drive reported to Justice Weeks in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court last night that it was unable to agree on a verdict and was discharged. Mrs. Inch was remanded to the Tombs pending renewal of her bail bond of $5,000 today. The jury had deliberated from 5 o'clock until nearly midnight. Mrs. Inch, who is a moving picture actress, contended the money was for "May Hayes," who had gone to Palm Beach and could not be forced to testify here.

Obituary Notes.

JOSEPH EUGENE OWENS, a Brooklyn lawyer and since 1892 legal adviser to Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 314 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, in his sixtieth year. Mr. Owens was born in this city, and after graduating from Manhattan College and the Columbia Law School he practiced for a while in Manhattan, and twenty-seven years ago he moved to Brooklyn, where he had offices at 82 Court Street. He was a member of the Montauk, Brooklyn, Hamilton, Catholic, and Cathedral Clubs and of the Brooklyn and New York Bar Associations.

JAMES KEATING, 65 years old, steward of the Columbia Club, Whitestone, L. I., died at his home at that place Wednesday.

Patrolman CONRAD J. GULDNER, 30 years old, died yesterday morning at his home, 2,153 Chaterdon Avenue, the Bronx, of pneumonia.

Private JOSEPH ROACH of the 112th Heavy Field Artillery, 29th Division, died of pneumonia in France Jan. 8, his mother, Mrs. Ellen Roach of Plainfield, N. J., has been advised by the War Department.

FREDERICK CALLOWAY, 75 years old, of Westfield, N. J., for many years in the sash and blind business in Newark, died yesterday at Muhlenberg Hospital in Plainfield, N. J.

Mrs. AGNES AUER THILL, widow of Nicholas Thill and daughter of the late John Auer, a manufacturer, died of apoplexy on Wednesday at her home, 1,876 Harman Street, Brooklyn, aged 59 years.

CLAUS WILLIAM SEEBA, 72 years old, a retired cabinet manufacturer of Manhattan and a member of Harmonia Lodge of Odd Fellows and Guttenberg Lodge, D. O. H., died on Tuesday at his home, 142 East Thirty-second Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. JOSIAH W. HAYDEN of Boston, wife of the Treasurer of the Eastern Steamship Lines, died in a hospital in Newton, Mass., Wednesday, as the result of injuries received when thrown from her automobile earlier in the day.

Mrs. LENA BUSHFIELD LITTLE, wife of E. K. Little, Vice President of the Gurney Elevator Company, died Tuesday at her home, 170 West Seventy-eighth Street.

Mrs. BLANCHE IRENE HALL, wife of Patrick Hall, a customs inspector, died Tuesday at her home, 156 Manhattan Avenue, of pneumonia. A short time later her sister, Mrs. Flora M. Knapp, wife of Dr. Richard Knapp, a Hackensack physician, died of pneumonia at the home of her mother, 437 West Thirty-fourth Street.

CHARLES DENNIS, a veteran newspaper reporter of Indianapolis, Ind., died yesterday at his home there. He was 74 years old and until recently wrote for The Indianapolis News.

JOHN A. WEUG, proprietor of the New Lebanon Brass Foundry, at Port Chester, N. Y., died at the Greenwich (Conn.) Hospital yesterday, at the age of 66 years.

Mrs. ELIZABETH GILBERT COLT, widow of James Dennison Colt, for thirteen years Associate Justice of the Massachusetts Supreme Court, died at her home in Pittsfield, Mass., Wednesday. She was 84 years old.

Mrs. REBECCA S. MILLS, widow of William H. Mills, died Wednesday night at her home, 256 West Seventieth Street, in her 81st year.

Miss MARIA NAUGHTON, for many years foreign buyer for the old dry goods firm of Journeay & Burnham, Brooklyn, died of pneumonia Wednesday.

PHILIP LOMMEL, for many years a wholesale liquor merchant in New York, died Tuesday in East Orange, N. J. He was 50 years old.

Captain HARPER D. TOPPING, 34 years old, son of Nathan B. Topping of North Plainfield, N. J., who was for several years connected with the Rockefeller Foundation and since early in 1917 with the Red Cross Commission for Relief in Rumania, died recently in France.

RICHARD H. ATWOOD of Cheshire, Conn., who as an army aviation Lieutenant was in charge of acrobatic flying at Gerstner Field, Louisiana, and Carlstom Field, Florida, died at a hospital in Atlanta, Ga., yesterday of pneumonia.

JOSE MARTINEZ CARRANZA, 29 years old, Vice Consul of Mexico at this port, died yesterday of inflenza at his home, 620 West 141st Street. He was a nephew of President Carranza and has been Vice Consul here for three years.

EDMOND J. HOWARD, President of the Howard Ship and Dock Company of Jeffersonville, Ind., died at his home there yesterday, at the age of 79 years. He recently suffered a stroke of paralysis.

JOHN TRUMBULL SMALL of Toronto, Canada, King's Counsel and a leading Canadian jurist, dropped dead of heart disease while playing golf at Pinehurst, N. C., yesterday afternoon.

HERMAN FUHR, day superintendent of the New York & Stamford Railway, died at Port Chester, N. Y., yesterday of pneumonia following influenza.

JOHN SELLERS BANCROFT, Vice President and mechanical engineer of the Lanston Monotype Machine Company of Philadelphia, died at his home in that city Wednesday. He was 75 years old.

Mrs. ALICE CONYNGHAM TURNER, widow of J. Frank Turner, died at her home at 383 Park Avenue Wednesday of heart disease. Mrs. Turner was an active member of the American Red Cross Emergency Canteen.

ITALY'S TRAGEDIAN, NOVELLI, DIES AT 67

Famous Actor, Noted for His Versatility, Appeared in New York in March, 1907.

GAINED HIS FAME AT 25

His Shakespearean Impersonations Took Paris by Storm—Manager of Theatres in Rome.

PARIS, Jan. 30, (Havas.)—Ermete Novelli, the Italian actor and manager, who appeared in the United States in 1907-08, is dead. He was born in 1851, and since 1900 has been manager of theatres in Rome.

Ermete Novelli, the famous Italian actor, whose versatility is said to have been the keynote of his success, was born in Lucca, May 5, 1851, and his first appearance on the stage was in 1866, but he had reached his twenty-fifth birthday before his name became familiar in the larger cities. His father acted as prompter for a low-grade theatrical company, and his mother died when he was little more than a baby. The company to which his father belonged disbanded during the war and Ermete went to work as a waiter in a small restaurant. At the first opportunity he returned to the stage and played small parts in nondescript traveling troupes.

Gradually his talent, both as a comedian and tragedian, was recognized, and by 1886 he had begun to rank among the prominent actors of his own land, and his tours extended into Spain, South America, Austria, Egypt, Germany, and Russia. Two years later he took Paris by storm. Novelli had played most successfully Hamlet, King Lear, Shylock, Macbeth, Othello, Louis XI., Rabagas, Michel Perrin, Corrado (in "La Morte Civile,") Colonel Schwartze, (in "Magda,") Moretti, (in "Le pain d'autrui;") also in "Papa Lebonnard," "Le Petit Haydn," "Ma Femme Manque de Chic," "Jalousie," "L'Alleluia," "Don Pietro Caruso," "L'Apres," "Le Drame Nouveau," "La Macchina per Volare," "Resurrection," "La Vie Publique," "Il Burbero Benefico," and others. In December, 1900, he opened the Casa Goldoni in Rome, a theatre on the same lines as the Comédie Française in Paris, but was forced to abandon the scheme through lack of support.

The noted actor was enthusiastically received on his visit to the United States in 1907-08, being seen here first March 18, 1907, at the Lyric Theatre in the rôle of Papa Lebonnard, in Jean Aicard's comedy of the same name. Novelli wrote a tragedy entitled "La Masque," which was produced in 1911.

5,000 AT SCHLUETER'S BIER.

Pioneer Socialist and Editor Is Buried from Labor Temple.

Herman Schlueter, 65 years old, a pioneer Socialist and for thirty years editor of the Volkszeitung, the oldest Socialist newspaper in this country, was buried yesterday after impressive services had been held at the Labor Temple, 243 East Eighty-fourth Street. More than 5,000 persons went to pay tribute to the Socialist, who had been ostracized from Germany in 1880, two years after Bismarck's exception laws had taken effect. After spending some time in Switzerland, where he published the Sozialdemokrat, he was expelled and sought refuge in England. In 1885 he came to this country, and three years later took up the editing of the Volkszeitung.

General Sir Sam Steele.

LONDON, Jan. 30, (via Montreal.)—Major Gen. Sir Sam Steele of the Permanent Staff of the Canadian Army died at Putney today. He had been ill for about two months, but the end came rather suddenly.

General Sir Samuel Benfield Steele, who was born at Purbrook, Canada, in 1849, was a leader of the Northwest Mounted Police and took a prominent part in crushing Indian revolts in Northwestern Canada in 1885. He served in Northern Canada and the Yukon until the Boer War, in which he served as commander of Lord Strathcona's Corps. In 1914 Sir Sam was Inspector General of the forces in Western Canada and in 1915 organized, commanded, and trained the 2d Canadian Division.

Want Instructors for Disabled Men.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—With the announcement that 10,000 disabled soldiers are now receiving educational work in forty-three army hospitals, Surgeon General Ireland sent out a call today for additional instructors and supervisors. Officers and enlisted men desiring transfers to this service were instructed to apply to the Division of Physical Reconstruction in this city.

Engaged.

GOLDBERG—BLUMENTHAL.—Mr. and Mrs. I. Blumenthal of Montreal, Canada, announce the engagement of their daughter, Gladys Annette, to Mr. Edgar V. M. Goldberg of New York City.

Married.

GLENN—TIEMANN.—On Wednesday, Jan. 29, at St. Paul's Chapel, by the Rev. George Benson Cox, Ethel Peters, daughter of Ruth and the late Edward L. Tiemann, to Mr. Arthur Lamb Glenn, U. S. N. R. F. No cards.

JOHNSON—BROWNELL.—On Jan. 29, at the Church of the Intercession, New York, by the Rev. Milo H. Gates, D. D., Eunice Hurd Brownell, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Luther Coe Bennet of Wellsboro, Penn., to Norman Lee Johnson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Tyler Johnson of Elizabeth, N. J.

Died.

ACKER.—Alfred L., on Wednesday, Jan. 29. Funeral from his late residence, 2,025 Madison Av., Saturday, 2:30 P. M.

AMES.—At Montclair, N. J., Frederick Pratt, in his fifth year, beloved son of Alfrederick S. and Edna Hartwell Ames.

APPLEYARD.—At her residence, Hillsdale, Bergen County, N. J., after painful illness, on Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, Ellen, (Nellie,) dearly beloved wife of Herbert J. Appleyard. Funeral services Hillsdale Methodist Church, Sunday, Feb. 2, 2:30 o'clock.

ARMENY.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919, Carrie, beloved wife of George T. J. and mother of Herbert Armeny, in her 36th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,077 Teller Av., on Friday, Jan. 31, at 8 P. M.

BECKER.—Suddenly on Thursday morning, William Becker, beloved husband of Anna Becker. Funeral services at his late residence, 570 Teasdale Place, Bronx, on Friday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment Saturday, at convenience of the family. Motor cortege.

BLUSTEIN.—On Jan. 30, Freda, (nee Corenthal,) beloved wife of David, and dear mother of Gladys and Robert Alvin Blustein. Funeral service at her late residence, 789 West End Av., Friday, Jan. 31, at 12:30 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

BROWNELL.—Mary Jane Peterschen, widow of William H. Brownell, aged 88. Services at her late residence Saturday morning, Feb. 1, at 10:30.

BYRNES.—Edward James, husband of Lillian F., (nee Wilson,) on Jan. 30, 1919. Funeral from his late residence, 611 West 180th St. Notice hereafter.

CARTER.—Samuel Charles, Sr., Jan. 30. Funeral service followed by Masonic service at his late residence, 430 West 160th St., Saturday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery in family plot, Sunday, Feb. 2, 10 A. M.

COMBS.—At South Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Abbie E., widow of John W. Combs. Funeral services will be held at her late home, 521 Center St., South Orange, on Friday, Jan. 31, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

CONKLIN.—Katherine Aubery, in Brooklyn Hospital, Jan. 30, as the result of an accident, in the 76th year of her age, widow of Theodore Conklin and beloved mother of Maude Conklin Mostert. Notice of funeral later.

CROW.—At St. Petersburg, Fla., on Jan. 25, Jacob Ellis, son of David and Elizabeth (Harned) Crow, in his 81st year. Funeral from First Presbyterian Church, Ossining, N. Y., at 2:30 P. M. today. Interment at Woodbridge, N. J., at 10:30 Saturday morning. Kindly omit flowers.

DAVENPORT.—Albert B., at Danbury, Conn., Jan. 29, 1919, of pneumonia. Funeral at residence of his son, A. Shelton Davenport, 20 Fairview Av., Danbury, Friday, Jan. 31, at 2 P. M.

DAVIES.—At Waltham Abbey, England, on Jan. 26, 1919, in his 30th year, William Edward, beloved son of William E. and May (Van Valkenburgh) Davies.

DE MARTINI.—On Jan. 28, 1919, Theodore B., in his 17th year, beloved son of John De Martini. Funeral from his father's residence, 375 Arlington Av., Jersey City, on Saturday, Feb. 1, at 10 A. M., from the Church of St. Patrick, where a solemn high mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment in family plot, Calvary Cemetery.

DONOVAN.—Jan. 29, Catherine Donovan, sister of the late Cornelius Donovan, native of Clonakilty, Ireland. Funeral from her late residence, 108 East 91st St., on Saturday, 9 A. M.; thence to Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, East 90th St. Interment Calvary.

DOUGLAS.—On Jan. 29, Edna, (nee Holmes,) beloved sister of Mrs. Oscar Kreus and Marie Ebbit. Funeral at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Building,) Friday, 8 o'clock. Interment Albany. Albany and California papers please copy.

DU BOIS.—The Huguenot Society of America announces with regret the death on Jan. 14, 1919, at 667 Madison Av., of William A. Du Bois, a charter member of the society.

WM. MITCHELL, President.
Mrs. JAMES M. LAWTON, Secretary.

ERDMANN.—Jan. 28, 1919, Charles Robert Erdmann, aged 23 years. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., 2:30 P. M.

FERRIS.—Suddenly, on Jan. 28, 1919, George Newton Ferris, M. D., son of the late Rev. John Mason Ferris, D. D., and the late Mary Elizabeth Schoonmaker. Funeral services at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, St. Paul's Court, Flatbush, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday afternoon, Jan. 31, at 3 o'clock.

FORD.—On Jan. 29, 1919, at her residence, 225 West End Av., New York City, Janet, daughter of the late Vincent and Laura Ray Ford of Huntington, L. I., and sister of Clara and Eleanor Ford. Interment at Litchfield, Conn.

FRIEDMAN.—On Jan. 29, at Providence, R. I., Sadie Friedman, beloved wife of William Friedman. Funeral from her parents' residence, 14 East 120th St., on Friday, Jan. 31, at 10 A. M. Interment Bayside Cemetery, Woodhaven, L. I.

GANS.—Rose, beloved wife of David Gans of 211 Seymour Av., Newark, N. J.; beloved mother of Kathleen and Monroe Gans, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Oestreicher, beloved sister of Bertha Dattis, Leo, Emil, and Joseph Oestreicher. Funeral from the Chapel of Mount Sinai Hospital at 1:30 P. M. Friday, Jan. 31. Interment at Linden Hill (L. I.) cemetery.

GAWTRY.—On Jan. 29, 1919, Harrison E. Gawtry, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral service at his late residence, 33 East 57th St., on Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

GAWTRY.—Members of the Society of War Veterans of the 7th Regiment, N. G. N. Y., are requested to attend the funeral service of Harrison E. Gawtry, late Sergeant, Company K, 7th Regiment, N. Y. S. M., at his late residence, 33 East 57th St., Friday morning, Jan. 31, at 10 o'clock.

Major WILLIAM H. PALMER, President.
Captain RICHARD H. GREENE, Sec.

GAWTRY.—SONS OF THE REVOLUTION in the State of New York. The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, Harrison E. Gawtry, at 33 East 57th St., on Friday, Jan. 31, at 10 A. M.

ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

GOLDMAN.—Melvin V., beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Goldman, 1,052 Clay Av. Funeral services Friday, 2 P. M., at 1,496 Williamsbridge Road, Westchester, New York City. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

GUNTHER.—On Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919, Lotte, beloved daughter of Adolf and Johanna Gunther. Funeral services at her late residence, 5 Orient Av., Stapleton, S. I., on Friday, Jan. 31, at 4 P. M. Interment private.

HAMILTON.—At the residence of her daughter, Mrs. L. W. Olms, 341 West 29th, Eliza Gertrude, widow of John Hamilton, in her 75th year. Funeral private.

HEALEY.—On Jan. 30, at his residence, 686 Academy St., Leo, beloved husband of the late Edna Healey, son of Edward and the late Isabella Healey. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HENRY.—On Jan. 29, Theodore J., son of the late James and Margaret A. Henry. Services will be held on Friday, Jan. 31, 8 P. M., at his late residence, 129 East 81st St.

HESS.—At Wappingers Falls, N. Y., Jan. 29, 1919, Edith Gildersleeve, wife of Herbert C. Hess and daughter of Elmer D. and Phebe Haviland Gildersleeve. Funeral services at her late residence, Saturday, Feb. 1, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Poughkeepsie Rural Cemetery. Conveyances at railroad station, New Hamburg, to meet train leaving Grand Central Terminal at 11:35 A. M.

HOGAL.—Lieutenant Milton H. Hogal, Jr., aged 23, at Ellington Field, Texas, Jan. 29, 1919. Notice of funeral on arrival of remains.

HOLLAND.—Of pneumonia, Wednesday, Jan. 29, at 250 West 94th St., Odile Musson Hood Holland. Funeral services at her late residence Friday at 11 A. M. New Orleans (La.) papers please copy.

HUNTLEY.—Lizzie C., Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919. Services Friday, 8 P. M., at 2,823 Decatur Av., New York City.

JONES.—On Jan. 29, 1919, Thomas F. Jones, beloved husband of Anna B. Jones. Funeral service at his late residence, 2,027 Bathgate Av., Friday evening, Jan. 31, at 8 o'clock.

KANE.—Rosamond Grace, beloved wife of Thomas F. Kane, daughter of Thomas Pitt and Rosamond Dunlop Grace, at Tucson, Ariz., Jan. 24, 1919. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 1, at 8:45 A. M., from her late residence, 453 West 155th St.; thence to the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, West 142d St. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

KAPLAN.—Mildred, dearly beloved daughter of Heiman and Annie Kaplan and beloved sister of Monte, Jack, Manasseh, and William. Funeral Sunday, Feb. 2, 9:30 A. M., from her late residence, 54 East 118th St. Omit flowers.

KELLICOTT.—On Jan. 29, 1919, at Hastings-on-Hudson, William Erskine Kellicott, husband of Mary H. Kellicott and father of Janet Kellicott.

KERN.—Henry. Beloved husband of Sarah, on Jan. 29. Funeral at convenience of the family.

KING.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Jan. 29, 1919, Thomas Laker King. Funeral services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Frederick K. Gaston, 784 North Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J., Saturday, Feb. 1, at 3 o'clock P. M.

KNOX.—At New York Hospital, Jan. 30, 1919, Elizabeth B. Knox of 38 West 17th St., New York City, daughter of the late Alexander and Martha E. Knox, in the 75th year of her age. Funeral services at 132 East 72d St., Sunday, Feb. 2, 11 o'clock. Interment private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

KUPFER.—On Jan. 30, 1919, Theresa B. Kupfer, in her 49th year, beloved wife of Bernhard Kupfer, and sister of Henry Blumenthal. Funeral strictly private at the convenience of the family. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

LAJOTTE.—On Jan. 30, at her residence, 131 Nagle Av., Martha Lajotte.

LAMBERT.—Eliza Brightwell, wife of Joseph, passed away Wednesday, Jan. 29. Funeral service at her late residence, 362 West 117th St., Friday, at 8 P. M.

LANGER.—Leopold, Jan. 29, 1919, beloved father of Mollie Becher, Morris, and Charles Langer. Funeral services at his late residence, 462 Convent Av., on Friday, Jan. 31, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Interment Mt. Zion Cemetery.

LENKOWSKY.—Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Lenkowsky mourn the loss of their daughter, Bertha, who passed away at 10:05 P. M. Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919. Funeral services at her late residence, 205 West 119th, at 2 o'clock today.

LEVIS.—On Jan. 30, 1919, at his residence, 2,710 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, John S., husband of Emma S. Levis. Mass of requiem on Monday morning, Feb. 3, at 10 o'clock, at the Church of Our Lady of Refuge, Ocean and Foster Avs. Please omit flowers.

MATCHETT.—James J., beloved husband of Nellie C. Matchett, on Jan. 29, in his 69th year. Funeral services at 8:30 Friday evening, at his late residence, 275 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

MATHIEU.—On Jan. 30, 1919, Marie C., beloved daughter of Anna and Nicholas J. Mathieu, aged 18 years. Funeral from her late residence, 370 West 118th St., on Saturday, Feb. 1, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Thomas the Apostle R. C. Church, 260 West 118th St., where mass will be said for the repose of her soul. Interment private.

MEYERS.—Morris, Jan. 30, at Mt. Sinai Hospital, following operation. Funeral will take place from residence, 870 Riverside Drive, on Jan. 31, 12 o'clock. Interment Mt. Hebron Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

MEYERS.—Liberty Lodge, 251, Knights of Pythias. Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral of our deceased brother, Morris Meyers, from his late residence, 870 Riverside Drive, Friday, 12:30.

Dr. JACOB BRAUN, C. C.
BENJAMIN ORBACH, Secretary.

MILLS.—Rebecca S., in her 81st year, Wednesday, Jan. 29, widow of the late William H. Mills, Smithtown, Long Island. Funeral services 256 West 70th St., Saturday, Feb. 1, 2 P. M. Interment Smithtown Cemetery, Sunday, 3 P. M.

MUNSON.—Jan. 30, 1919, Gertrude T. Adrian, beloved wife of Edmund L. Munson and daughter of Joseph M. and Cecelia M. Adrian. Interment private.

NIEDERHAUSER.—On Jan. 29, 1919, at her home, 93 Hillside Av., Newark, Sarah, beloved wife of William Niederhauser. Funeral services and interment will be at the convenience of the family.

OWENS.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919, at his home, 314 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, Joseph E. Owens, beloved husband of Mary Carey Owens. Solemn requiem mass at St. Francis Xavier R. C. Church, corner of 6th Av. and Carroll St., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Feb. 1, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

OWENS.—Members of the Association of the 11th Engineers are requested to attend requiem mass to be offered for their late Vice President, Mr. Joseph E. Owens, on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, at the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Carroll St. and 6th Av., Brooklyn.

FELICITE STEHLI, Secretary.

PALMER.—At Glen Ridge, N. J., Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, John Osborne, son of Herbert S. and Ella Osborne Palmer, aged 21 years. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 77 Highland Av., Glen Ridge, Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

PAWLOWSKY.—Suddenly, on Jan. 28, 1919, at her residence, 2,630 Mansfield Place, Sheepshead Bay, N. Y., Frieda A., (nee Metz,) beloved wife of Thomas B. Pawlowsky. Solemn high mass of requiem at St. Mark's Church, Sheepshead Bay, on Friday, Jan. 31, 1919, at 10 A. M.

POLHEMUS.—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919, at her home, 36 James St., Newark, Mary W., daughter of the late Rev. Abraham and Eliza B. Polhemus, in her 71st year. Funeral service and interment private. Please omit flowers.

POST.—Edmund B., Jan. 30, 1919, son of Caroline E. Post and the late Edmund B. Post. Funeral service at his late residence, 391 Convent Av., Saturday evening, Feb. 1, at 8:30 o'clock. Interment private.

RANDOL.—Christiana Terhune, wife of the late James B. Randol, suddenly, at her residence, 17 West 73d St., on Jan. 29. Funeral services will be held at her late home on Jan. 31, at 11 A. M. San Francisco papers please copy.

RYER.—On Thursday, Jan. 30, 1919, Thomas Ryer, in his 76th year. Private funeral services at his late residence, 64 West 31st St., Bayonne, N. J., on Saturday, Feb. 1. Interment Moravian Cemetery, S. I.

SAMPSON.—Adelaide, on Jan. 30, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Henry Clay Moses, 214 West 92d St. Funeral and interment strictly private. Please omit flowers.

SCHEDLER.—On Jan. 29, 1919, Otto, husband of Elizabeth Schedler, (nee Ebner.) Funeral services on Friday, Jan. 31, at 8:30 P. M., at his late residence, 30 Sherman Place, Jersey City. Funeral on Saturday, private.

SCHICKLE.—At Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 30, Mary Dorothea Schickle, daughter of Catherine Reynolds and William Schickle.

SCHINDLER.—Mr. Kurt Schindler begs to express to his many friends and acquaintances his appreciation for their many and sincere tokens of sympathy.

SHOFER.—Burney, aged 28, 915 Prospect Av. Will be buried from Sigmund Schwartz's undertaker's parlors, 312 East 5th St., at 10:30 Jan. 31. Omit flowers.

SMITH.—Jan. 30, Thomas P., son of the late Patrick and Ann Smith. Requiem mass at Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, Saturday morning, Feb. 1, 10:30 o'clock.

SNEDEKER.—At 120 Taylor St., West New Brighton, in her 82d year, Emily Van Pelt Snedeker, widow of Livingston Snedeker. Funeral services strictly private.

SPENCER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 28, 1919, Annie Abbott Spencer, beloved wife of John S. Spencer. Funeral services at 300 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, Friday evening, Jan. 31, 1919, at 8 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

STAMM.—Florence Ethel, dearly beloved daughter of Ella and the late Jacob Stamm, and sister of Lester, entered into rest Jan. 30.

STITZEL.—Gussie, (nee Braun,) beloved wife of Louis, Jan. 30, at 309 Haven Av. Funeral notice later.

STRANGE.—At Ridgewood, N. J., on Jan. 29, 1919, Jane Taylor, wife of the late Theodore A. Strange. Funeral private. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown, N. Y., at convenience of family. Please omit flowers.

STEVENSON.—On Jan. 30, Annie E., widow of James E. Stevenson, at her residence, 601 West 112th St. Interment at Sewickley, Penn.

TAKAKI.—Shunzo, aged 36, at St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, Wednesday morning, Jan. 29, 1919. Funeral services will be held at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., on Saturday, Feb. 1, at 2 o'clock. Philadelphia papers please copy.

TOWERS.—On Wednesday, Jan. 29, 1919, Gail Yourtee Towers, (nee Gail Yourtee,) at the home of her daughter, Gladys Wolff Darling, 155 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral service at Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, Saturday afternoon, Feb. 1, at 3:30. St. Louis papers please copy.

TURNER.—On Wednesday afternoon, at her residence, 383 Park Av., Alice Conyngham, widow of J. Frank Turner, and daughter of Col. C. M. and Helen Conyngham of Wilkes-Barre, Penn. Burial at Wilkes-Barre on Friday. Kindly omit flowers. Philadelphia papers please copy.

VULTE.—Suddenly, on Jan. 30, 1919, Frederick L., son of Herman T. and Eugenia Vulte, aged 37 years. Funeral service at 88 Park Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., on Saturday, at 2 P. M.

WILLIAMS.—Wednesday, Jan. 29, at his residence at Rockaway Park, L. I., Raymond Gerard Williams, aged 31 years, son of William and Caroline Williams. Funeral and interment Saturday at convenience of family, private.

WISE.—Otto Irving, husband of Ethel Adelaide and son of the late Rev. Dr. Aaron and Sabine Wise. Funeral Sunday morning, Feb. 2, at 10, Temple Rodeph Sholom, 63d St. and Lexington Av.

WOOD.—On Jan. 30, Julia B. Wood, (nee Hull,) beloved wife of Mortimer F. Wood. Funeral from George F. Lynch's Funeral Parlors, 250 Willis Av., Saturday, at 8:15, thence to the Church of the Annunciation, 130th St. and Convent Av.

WOOTEN.—On Jan. 28, Mrs. Jesse B. Wooten, (nee Lyon.) Funeral services at Hawthorne Cemetery, New York, Friday, Jan. 31, at 12 noon. Omit flowers.

In Memoriam.

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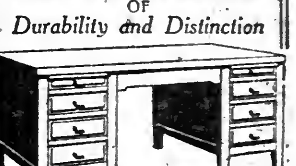

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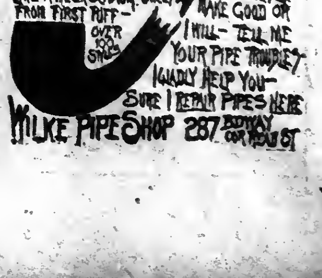

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McGRAW IS A WITNESS

Long Hearing Is Held Behind Closed Doors, with Both Sides Represented by Counsel.

The Hal Chase case, which has been hanging fire since last August, was heard yesterday before President John A. Heydler at the headquarters of the National League. After hearing witnesses for both Chase and the Cincinnati Club for more than five hours, Mr. Heydler reserved decision. He said he would give the evidence careful and thorough consideration before making a finding. The hearing was held behind closed doors.

Chase is charged by President Herrmann and Manager Christy Mathewson of the Cincinnati Club with violating Section 40 of the League Constitution. This section is as follows: "Any person who shall be proven guilty of offering, agreeing, conspiring or attempting to cause any game of ball to result otherwise than on its merits under the playing rules, shall be forever disqualified by the President of the league from acting as umpire, manager or player, or in any other capacity in any game of ball participated in by a league club."

It was not until after the hearing yesterday that it was announced officially just what the charges against Chase were. It is five months since Mathewson made the charges against Chase. The reason given by the league for the delay is that at the time the charges were made in August, President Tener had resigned and the organization had no President. The league did not elect Mr. Heydler in Mr. Tener's place until December.

Chase was suspended in August and his salary cut off. He brought suit against the Cincinnati Club for back salary, and this case is now pending in the courts.

As Manager Mathewson is in France, his deposition was read at the hearing yesterday. So was the deposition of Pol Perritt, one of the Giants' pitchers. No official of the Cincinnati Club was present, but three players were heard—Mike Regan, the pitcher; Earl Neale, the outfielder, and Jimmy Ring, a pitcher. Manager McGraw of the Giants also testified.

It seems that Perritt claims that Chase approached him at the Polo Grounds with some sort of a mysterious proposition or other about a game he was to pitch. Perritt is said to have told McGraw, and that is the way McGraw happened to figure in the case. Besides Chase, those who testified for his side of the case were I. O. De Passe and L. E. Rich, both of this city, and Sid Mercer, a New York newspaper man. These three were character witnesses for Chase.

John Conway Toole, Mr. Heydler's counsel, sat with him during the hearing, while Chase was represented by three lawyers, Rudolph L. Churerg, J. Franklin Tausch and Harry Cheriet.

Manager McGraw and several others waited around until the hearing was finished, for it was believed that possibly the verdict might be given out at that time. However, Mr. Heydler named no date on which the finding would be announced. There is no doubt that Manager McGraw is displaying unusual interest in the hearing, and this has given weight to the report that if Chase is vindicated of the charges against him, he will come to the Giants. President Herrmann has stated that no matter what disposition President Heydler makes of the case, Chase will not play with Cincinnati again.

The fact that Manager McGraw so willingly permitted such a valuable assistant as Pat Moran to negotiate for the job as manager of the Reds is also taken as an indication that New York will have the first claim on Chase's services, if he is cleared. If President Heydler decides that Chase is guilty, he will be barred from baseball for all time.

G. W. GRANT BUYS BRAVES.

New York Man Buys Controlling Stock of Boston Baseball Club.

George Washington Grant, a motion picture and theatrical promoter of this city, yesterday bought the controlling interest in the Boston Baseball Club of the National League. While a New York banking concern, Millet, Roe & Hagen, owned the controlling stock, it was held by their Boston representative, Arthur C. Wise, the Boston banker, who was Vice President of the club, and has run its affairs since the resignation of Percy Haughton last Summer.

Grant was advised to buy the club by Manager John J. McGraw of the Giants, who became acquainted with Grant when the Giants and White Sox made the trip around the world in 1913. Grant was in London at that time. He was in the motion picture business, and was also backing the roller skating sport, which was enjoying great popularity abroad at that time.

The price paid by Grant has not been made known, but it is said to be about $400,000. The rental of Braves Field, which is owned by James E. Gaffney, has always been a heavy burden to the club, and it is stated that under the new ownership the Red Sox may share the Braves' ball yard, under an arrangement like that of the Giants and Yankees at the Polo Grounds here.

The concern with which Mr. Wise is connected did not dispose of all its stock. It is understood, and Mr. Wise will continue as a member of the Board of Directors. Mr. Grant was in Boston yesterday, and it was announced that George Stallings will be retained as manager. Stallings has a contract which has two years to run, said to call for $12,000 a year. Walter Hapgood will be retained as Secretary and business manager.

PAT MORAN TO LEAD REDS.

He Signs Contract After Club's Failure to Hear from Matty.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 30.—Pat Moran, former manager of the Philadelphia National League Baseball Club, signed a contract today to manage the Cincinnati Nationals during the season of 1919. Moran was assured that he would be signed for the 1920 season if his work proves satisfactory.

Moran was signed to manage the local club only after President August Herrmann had failed to receive an answer to a cablegram sent two weeks ago to Christy Mathewson, who is in France as a Captain in the chemical service.

Faber Signs with White Sox.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Pitcher Urban "Red" Faber, having received his discharge from the navy, signed tonight with the Chicago Americans. Faber pitched the White Sox to three of the four victories in the world's series of 1917 against New York.

To Play for P. S. A. L. Title.

The basket ball championship of the Public Schools Athletic League will be decided tonight when the De Witt Clinton High School team, champions of Manhattan and Brooklyn, meets the Newtown High School five, champions of Queens, in the City College gymnasium.

GARDNER DEFEATS LANGDON

Rallies Near Finish in Amateur Billiard Tourney.

A rally in the closing innings of his game gave Gus Gardner a victory over J. R. Langdon last night in the national Class C. 18.2 balkline billiard championship tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy in Brooklyn. The count was 150 to 129. Gardner completed his string in forty-one innings and had an average of 3 27-41. He had a high run of 31. Langdon's highest run was 16. Gardner's high run furnished the turning point in the game. This cluster came in the thirty-sixth inning and put Gardner in the lead after he had trailed his rival from the start.

Langdon showed to advantage early in the game. At the thirteenth inning he was in the van by 55 to 35. He managed to retain the lead to the twenty-seventh inning, where he was leading Gardner by 79 to 74. Then in the thirty-sixth inning came Gardner's brilliant display, which put him in the lead by 130 to 109.

In the other game an early lead gained by Sydney Brussel proved the undoing of Charles J. Steinbugler. Brussel remained in front from the start and his advantage was never seriously threatened. In the first thirteen innings Brussel compiled 91 points to Steinbugler's 22. This lead was too great for Steinbugler to overcome. Brussel completed his string in fifty three innings, for an average of 2 44-53. He had a high run of 21. Steinbugler had a high run of 21 also.

The scores:

S. Brussel—0 9 1 2 1 0 9 12 6 0 18 21 12 9 1 3 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 2 7 7 4 4 0 4 1 1 2 4 0 6 0 1 1 1 3 0 0 2 2—150. Average, 2 44-53. High run, 21.

C. J. Steinbugler—2 0 4 0 0 1 0 4 0 8 4 0 1 5 2 0 2 1 1 1 3 0 1 2 1 3 2 2 0 1 3 1 0 1 0 6 6 0 1 0 0 14 2 3 7 0 7 4—128. Average, 2 24-52. High run, 21.

G. Gardner—0 0 0 0 1 2 6 1 5 5 1 4 10 0 3 10 0 0 5 0 2 11 0 0 1 7 0 2 0 0 0 18 0 1 4 3 1 4 10 2 3 1—150. Average, 3 27-41. High run, 31.

J. R. Langdon—1 0 15 0 0 1 5 0 0 8 11 1 15 6 2 7 0 1 0 1 7 0 5 2 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 2 14 0 10 0 2 2 16—129. Average, 3 3-40. High run, 16.

DEMPSEY TO MEET WILLARD.

He Will Be Opponent for Champion, Rickard Announces.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Jan. 30.—Jack Dempsey will be Willard's opponent in the approaching world's championship bout, said Tex Rickard, who was here last night en route to the oil fields. Rickard said no location for the match had yet been decided upon.

Jack Dempsey stands ready to box Jess Willard upon any terms agreeable to Tex Rickard. This statement was made here today by Dempsey's manager, who further announced that Dempsey would meet Georges Carpentier in an elimination bout before July 4 if such a contest was considered desirable.

Blumenthal Wins with Cue.

W. Blumenthal defeated F. Garfunkl last night in the Class A three-cushion billiard tournament of the A. A. B. A. at Thum's by a score of 35 to 28 in seventy-five innings. High runs of 3 were made by each player. A second game between C. Bash and F. Grummel resulted in victory for the latter by a count of 35 to 33 in sixty-one innings. The victor made a high run of 4, while Bash's best effort was 3.

YALE AND HARVARD SQUASH TEAMS WIN

Eli Players Defeat Columbia, While Crimson Triumphs Over Princeton.

Standing of the Clubs.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Harvard	3	1	.750
Yale	3	1	.750
Columbia	1	3	.250
Princeton-Squash	1	3	.250

Squash teams representing the Harvard Club and the Yale Club maintained their lead in the chase for the Metropolitan team squash tennis championship title, under the auspices of the National Squash Tennis Association, as a result of yesterday's play. Harvard's players defeated the Princeton-Squash Club representatives on the Crimson court by 3 matches to 2. A similar score gave the Yale Club team a victory over the Columbia Club on the Eli court. Harvard and Yale are tied for the leadership in the tournament standing, each team having won three games and lost one.

The playing of J. Lee swung the tide of battle in Harvard's favor in the match against the combined Princeton-Squash Club. Lee scored over Robert Monks, after three stiff games, by 15—12, 12—15, 18—13. The match was the closest of the day and the most interesting.

Through the first and second games the lead alternated frequently. Sustained play near the end of the first game gave Lee first blood. The score was 15—12. In the second game, however, the count was evened when Monks took the game by 15—12. Monks started strongly in the third game and gave promise of annexing the match. He led in the scoring at 13—11 and then his game fell off, while Lee scored two points straight, setting the match at 5. He continued his brilliant play, annexing the match and giving his team victory.

J. W. Burden had a difficult time winning in straight games from Dr. A. D. Mittendorf, for another Harvard success. The Crimson player, although forced at top speed throughout, ended his two games on the long ends of 18 to 14 and 17 to 15 scores.

The successful players for Princeton Squash Club were W. H. Vanderpoel and Harold Tobey. Vanderpoel, with greater experience, easily overcame the efforts of W. Rand, who substituted on the Crimson team for F. H. Davis. Davis, winner of many matches for Harvard in the series to date, was sick. His successor fell before Vanderpoel by scores of 15—1, 15—11. Tobey's success over H. Hadden was equally convincing. The Princeton squash player won without extra exertion by 15—3, 15—9.

As was the case in last week's matches, it devolved upon Donald McKay of Yale to score the winning points for the Eli quintet in its match against the Columbia Club. McKay defeated Lieutenant Frank Kidde of the Blue and White aggregation 15—9, 15—7. McKay's victory was easily accomplished, but his teammates, Livingston Platt and J. A. Vietor, encountered stiffer opposition in scoring the other Eli successes.

A rally in the final game gave Platt a victory over H. D. Bulkley of the Blue and White team in the hardest match of the afternoon. The Eli player dropped the first game by 15—6, but took advantage of Bulkley's weakened play in the second game and evened the match by 15—9. Late in the third game Platt developed a smashing front wall game in a rally which enabled him to set the game at 14 all. Then the Eli player smothered his rival's efforts and took the final game by 17—15.

E. W. Putnam scored over D. S. Baker, 10—15, 15—11, 15—12, while R. L. Strebeigh defeated H. W. Carhart 15—10, 18—15 for the two Columbia victories.

The summaries:

Harvard Club vs. Princeton Squash Club.

W. H. Vanderpoel, Princeton Squash Club, defeated W. Rand, Harvard Club, 15—1, 15—11; H. Tobey, Princeton Squash Club, defeated Hamilton Hadden, Harvard Club, 15—3, 15—9; J. W. Burden, Harvard Club, defeated Dr. A. D. Mittendorf, Princeton Squash Club, 18—14, 17—15; Arthur Lockett, Harvard Club, defeated J. Cruse, Princeton Squash Club, 15—7, 15—12; J. Lee, Harvard Club, defeated Robert Monks, Princeton Squash Club, 15—12, 12—15, 18—13.

Score—Harvard Club, 3 matches; Princeton Squash Club, 2.

Yale Club vs. Columbia Club.

R. L. Strebeigh, Columbia Club, defeated H. W. K. Carhart, Yale Club, 15—10, 18—15; J. A. Vietor, Yale Club, defeated Fred S. Keeler, Columbia Club, 18—15, 4—15, 15—8; E. W. Putnam, Columbia Club, defeated D. S. Baker, Yale Club, 10—15, 15—11, 17—12; Livingston Platt, Yale Club, defeated H. D. Bulkley, Columbia Club, 6—15, 15—9, 17—15; Donald McKay, Yale Club, defeated Lieutenant Frank Kidde, Columbia Club, 15—8, 15—7. Score—Yale Club, 3 matches; Columbia Club, 2.

HARVARD WINS ON ICE.

Crimson Team Defeats Camp Devens by 3 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 30.—Harvard's Varsity hockey team started tuning up for its game with Yale in Brooklyn next week, by beating the officers' team from Camp Devens, 3 to 0, on the soldiers' field rink this afternoon. The ice was soft and sticky, but nevertheless Harvard played some good hockey and would have won by a larger score had it not been for the rattling fine work in goal of Normal Small, the former Arena Amateur League team player, who made more than thirty stops for the soldier team.

All of Harvard's goals were scored on individual play. The first goal was caged by Bigelow, who picked the puck up at midrink for an open line shot. Smelling a goal in the next period was made on a 35-foot shot. Bigelow scored the last goal.

Summary:

Harvard.	Position.	Camp Devens.
Smelling	L. W.	Codman
Avery	C.	Monroe
Bigelow	R.	McIntyre
Gross	R. W.	Fogis
Walker	C. P.	Doty
White	P.	Lovering
Holmes	G.	N. Small

Score—Harvard, 3; Camp Devens, 0. Goals—Bigelow, (2.) Smelling.

Substitutes.—Harvard—Church for Walker, Clark for White, Cabot for Avery, Bright for Bigelow, Adams for Cabot, Sessions for Clark, Bacon for Smelling, Baldwin for Bacon, Higgins for Adams, Robinson for Baldwin; Camp Devens—Conlon for Codman, Codman for Conlon, Conlon for McIntyre, Parker for Lovering. Referee—Mr. Rice. Goal umpires—Messrs. Crowell and Chambers. Time of periods—18 minutes.

Swarthmore Gets Field Meet.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—The Middle Atlantic intercollegiate track and field meet was awarded to Swarthmore College at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Middle Atlantic Collegiate Association here today. The date was set for May 17.

ARCOLA GETS TOURNEY.

Women's Golf Championship to be Played in June.

Because of the fact that three clubs were in the field for the championship tournament of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association, it was necessary to put the question to a vote at the annual meeting at the Biltmore yesterday. As a result, the Arcola Country Club was awarded the attraction, with twenty-two ballots in its favor to five for Essex County and two for the Montclair Golf Club. That all three of these bids came from New Jersey is explained by the fact that it was that district's turn to stage the event. The matter of the date was left in the hands of the Executive Committee, though it seems to be generally understood that the second week in June will be selected.

Other matters to be brought before the meeting were the resumption of the sectional team matches, the selecting of a course for the Intercity contest for the Griscom Cup and the one-day events.

It is New York's turn to stage the tri-city contest this year, and a letter was received from Miss H. Ethel Maule, President of the Golf Association of Philadelphia, requesting that the metropolitan body choose a date and course. Final arrangements were left to the Executive Committee.

As was expected, no opposition was offered to the selection of the Nominating Committee. Mrs. C. F. Uebelacker of Hackensack was elected President, while Miss Marion Hollins of Westbrook, remained Vice President. Mrs. M. H. Frayne of Dunwoodie succeeded Mrs. J. F. Davis as Treasurer, while Mrs. R. Percy Thompson of Arcola was made Secretary. Others to serve on the Executive Committee are Mrs. F. F. Sanford of Essex County, Mrs. Howard F. Whitney of Nassau, and Mrs. J. S. Irving of Englewood. Sixteen clubs were represented at the meeting.

SCHAEFER GOES INTO LEAD.

Takes Two Blocks in Game with Cochran.

Joke Schaefer completely overshadowed Welker Cochran in the two blocks of their 1,800 points 18.2 balk line billiard match at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. Schaefer took both blocks, displacing Cochran as the leader. Schaefer is now leading by 242 points. The total score is 1,200 for Schaefer against 958 for Cochran.

Schaefer won the afternoon block by 429 to 283, advancing to the lead after being 129 points in the rear at the close of the opening day's play. The victor went out in ten innings for an average of 42 9-10, and had high runs of 115 and 125. In the evening Schaefer again won, the score being 300 to 125. Schaefer finished this block in four innings for an average of 75. He had high runs of 90 and 81. Cochran made a cluster of 117 in his third frame, missing on a heavy massé attempt, which was overdone.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Cochran—25 32 61 0 20 0 50 1 22 0—233. Average—23 3-10. High run—61.

Schaefer—115 20 0 0 20 9 125 4 26 91—429. Average—42 9-10. High runs—125 and 115.

EVENING GAME.

Schaefer—64 81, 65 90—300. Average—75. High run—90.

Cochran—15 3 117—135. Average—45. High run—117.

Total score—Schaefer, 1,200 points; Cochran, 958 points.

FAIR WARNING!!

INCREASE TAX on all TOBACCO Products, as passed by the House of Representatives and concurred in by Senate Finance Committee, provides as follows:-

① TAX EFFECTIVE, DAY BILL IS PASSED

② ALL STOCKS ON HAND MUST PAY INCREASED TAX IN FULL (both Manufacturers' and Retailers')

③ TAX ON TOBACCO INCREASED FROM 13¢ PER LB. TO 18¢ PER LB. (Increase will be about 1¢ on each 2oz pkg.)

④ TAX ON CIGARETTES INCREASED FROM $2.05 PER THOUSAND TO $3.00 PER THOUSAND (increase on packages of 20 cigarettes will be at least 2¢ per pkg.)

⑤ CIGAR TAX REGULATED BY RETAIL PRICE PER CIGAR, AND INCREASE IS FROM $1.50 PER THOUSAND TO $15.00 PER THOUSAND

The New Tax Bill Likely to be effective any Day— (Surely before March 1st)

AND REMEMBER:— THE ABOVE TAX INCREASE DOES NOT INCLUDE THE STEADILY ADVANCING COST OF LABOR AND MATERIALS.

BUY NOW WHILE BUYING IS SAVING!

CIGARS UNITED

United Cigar Stores Co.

Monroe Clothes

For Your Own Benefit

see to it that Your next Suit or Overcoat bears the Label shown below. It guarantees to You Clothes that CANNOT elsewhere be duplicated at the price.

Monroe Overcoats $17.

Monroe Clothes $21. Distinctive, high grade Winter Suits and Overcoats at a tremendous saving.

Monroe Clothes $30. De Luxe Suits and Overcoats. Exceptionally high grade clothes at a substantial saving.

Monroe Clothes $25. Custom quality fabrics in Suits and Overcoats at less than to-day's wholesale prices.

MANHATTAN

42nd Street cor. B'WAY.
50 E. 42nd " " MADISON
NASSAU " FRANKFORT
5 CORTLAND " " B'WAY.
14th St. opp. ACAD. MUSIC
34th Street, Cor. B'WAY
59th. " at COL. CIRCLE
125th. " cor. 7th. AVE.
CHRYSTIE St. at CANAL

BRONX

Bergen Ave. at 149th St.

BROOKLYN

Court & Montague Sts.
Fulton & Hoyt Sts.
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market St.
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. at Bay
PATERSON—220 Main St.
YONKERS—Getty Square

OPEN EVENINGS

Monroe Clothes America's Largest Retail Clothiers

SUITS and OVERCOATS READY FOR SERVICE

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded

MANAGER WILL RUN B. R. T. FOR PUBLIC

F. P. Royce Says That Way Will Pay Stockholders the Most.

Frederick Page Royce of Boston, recently appointed General Manager of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, now in the hands of a receiver, reported for duty yesterday morning to Lindley M. Garrison. After a consultation with the receiver, Mr. Royce was introduced to all the heads of departments and had a short talk with each. Later in the day he said:

"There is little that I can say at present that would be of interest to the patrons of the properties of which Judge Garrison has appointed me General Manager. I have made only a most casual inspection of parts of the lines and know little about the power plants, the operating department, and the equipment. When I know more I may have something to say, but, at best, I shall be a poor talker. I prefer to let my work speak for me.

"This much, however, I can say: I have been identified with the management of public utilities, including traction companies, for many years, and I have always found that those companies which served their patrons best paid their stockholders most. And so I have always insisted that properties with whose management I had to do should give the best service possible to the public. What 'the best service possible' on these lines means, I cannot say now, but it won't take me a great while to find out. When I do, I hope to be able to help the receiver in giving that sort of service to the patrons of the B. R. T."

Mr. Royce was graduated from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in the class of 1890, with high scholastic rank. He was not long out of the technical school when his work attracted the notice of the Stone & Webster Management Association, public utilities managers, of Boston, and they called him to their service. He is still with them, but is on leave of absence to serve Receiver Garrison. For the present he will make his home at the Hotel Belmont.

Joseph T. Griffen, a public school teacher in Brooklyn and President of the Passengers' Protective Association, denied yesterday that the association sought to convict the indicted B. R. T. officials and employes in a spirit of vengeance. He said if Supreme Court Justice Callaghan, who changed the venue of the B. R. T. men from Kings to Nassau County, thought so, he was wrong.

"We regret that up to the present," he added, "we have not been very successful in moving the financial mountain, for even today a repetition of the Malbone Street disaster could occur. Three months after the accident, there is not a single automatic stop safety device on trains running from Brooklyn Bridge to Coney Island."

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Fifty cents an agate line.

We have surplus factory space and machinery together with up to date brass foundry and excess assembling and finishing facilities; can add to our line to mutual advantage any specialty made of cast nonferrous metals that require finishing; would be interested in taking over by purchase a going business that would fit into our plant and in which our facilities could be utilized to advantage, want no real estate. Address the Steffens-Amberg Co., Newark, N. J.

A PITTSBURGH CORPORATION manufacturing and selling staple lines, high grade goods with world-wide market, and having more than four times as much assets as liabilities stock included, has position of Treasurer and Asst. Manager open for suitable party who has $20,000 to $25,000 to invest in the business; can also use one or two more District Sales Managers on similar basis. Address Office, 415 Union Bank Building, Pittsburgh, Penn.

Physician with established institution, located in New York City, best clientele in specialty of universal demand, offers association with executive with ability and means to finish publicity and expansion. Address G 171 Times.

OIL LEASES PROVEN PRODUCTION OR OTHERWISE. FULL PARTICULARS ON REQUEST. ADDRESS WILLIAM T. RICHARDSON, Tremont Building, Boston, Mass.

Garage wanted with capacity of 100-125 cars west side or Bronx location; at reasonable terms, no brokers. Write Details A K, 14 Avenue A.

CUTTER, CLOTHING, $5,000, WOULD CONNECT with going business. C 4207 Broadway.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Party who can put ready-to-wear manufacturer on the map looking for live house who needs additional capital and executive management. Box B 166 Times.

Merchant seeks partnership in established mfg. business, had practical experience; will invest $2,000. C 803 Times Annex.

Young man just out of service has $5,000 and services to invest in strictly legitimate business. S 794 Times Downtown.

Have $1,500 to invest with services; machinery or allied lines. H 487 Times Downtown.

Young man, $3,000, willing to invest in any reliable business. H. Wachtel, 417 Miller Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CAPITAL WANTED.

CIGAR BUSINESS.

Well known, high-class private brand, Tampa made, clear Havana cigar; well-established trade; opportunity to secure half interest of retiring partner; extremely favorable terms, only about $3,500 cash required. Inquire, stating particulars, "Tampa." A 781 Times.

Capital wanted, $10,000, to extend plant on exclusive manufacturing proposition of great merit and demand; good opportunity for young investor, principals only need apply. C 806 Times Annex.

Manufacturing plant of a nationally advertised article requires additional capital of $75,000, wonderful opportunity for high-class man of ability. B 148 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

WELL KNOWN NEW YORK INVESTMENT HOUSE OF HIGH STANDING SEEKS OPPORTUNITY TO HANDLE THE PREFERRED STOCK OF A DIVIDEND PAYING INDUSTRIAL COMPANY. PRINCIPALS ONLY. WRITE A., 196 BROADWAY, ROOM 807.

WANTED.

RELIABLE BROKERAGE FIRM.

to handle stock issue for established motor truck company to expand their business. Address Y 283 Times Annex.

Management of real estate wanted; long experience; charge several large estates at present; interview will convince that I know business. Kindly write Suite 1304, 347 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 1034.

We have a fine opening for party with ability to sell a fine line of hand-carved lamps and novelties. Write Decorative Lamp Studios, 600 Madison Av., New York, for appointment.

INDUSTRIAL ENGINEER, GOING TO LIVE IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, IS INTERESTED IN SECURING AGENCIES OF TECHNICAL INTEREST. Y 262 TIMES ANNEX.

EXPORT HOUSE WITH BEST CHINA-Japan connections desires agencies of articles suitable for Oriental trade. K 358 Times.

FOR SALE.

Garage for sale in Connecticut city, doing fine business, up-to-date new brick bldg.; located on N. Y. to Boston Post Road; wonderful chance for party with some money. Y 295 Times Annex.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Money advanced for manufacturing purposes, stocks, notes bought. Goldberger, 38 East 23d.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Trustee's Sale—S. S. "ARLINGTON."

Notice is hereby given that, by an order of the above-named Court, the undersigned Trustee, under the provisions of Sections 4283, 4284, and 4285 of the U. S. R. S., will sell at public auction on Wednesday, February 5, 1919, at 1 P. M. o'clock, the S. S. "Arlington," her tackle, apparel, furniture, &c., sale to take place on board said S. S. "Arlington," where she now lies, on the shores of Greenwood Lake, New York, where she can be seen and inspected.

Dated, January 25th, 1919.

EDWARD L. OWEN, Trustee.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(<) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Philip W. Haberman of New York City was admitted to practice.

190—Norfolk Southern Rd. Co., plain., v. W. H. Gallup et al., &c.—Dismissed, with costs.

183—Savannah & Northwestern Ry. et al., plain., v. M. Roach, adrx., &c.—Dismissed, with costs.

200—L. C. Watson, as trustee, &c., plain., v. G. D. Motley.—Submitted.

187—Seufert Bros. Co., aplt., v. U. S., as trustee and guardian, et al., and 188—U. S., as trustee and guardian, &c., et al., aplts., v. Seufert Bros. Co.—Argument continued for U. S. and concluded for Seufert Bros. Co.

199—The U. S., aplt., v. the Union Pacific Rd. Co.—Argued.

200—The U. S., aplt., v. R. A. McLaughlin.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan. 31: Nos. 200, 173, 203, 205, 168, 208, 209, 210, 213, and 214.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—In Room 3, twelfth floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

C RR of N J<Tug Beatrice Bush. Same<Tug Overbeck No. 2. Dutcher<Tug O'Brien Brothers. Same<Tug Overbeck No. 3. McWilliams Line<Tug Edwin A. Fisher.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg., 4th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy and equity.

Re Geo Graham Rice. Brewer<Passaic Falls Throwing Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 331, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Criminal.

Sentence: Seymour L. Rau. Last day to file demurrer, &c.: John H. Ceaven. (2.)

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10 A. M. Motion calendar.

Allamm<Dwyer. Leyland<SS Norman Bridge. Adams<same. Jason<SS Westfield. Proctor<Bassick. Arnett<Erie. Olney<Farash. Marconi<Simon. Murphy<Int L & T Co. Keith<Armour. Storgaard<France & Canada SS Co. Snyder<C & N Y SS. Petersen<Strauss. Overseas Shipping Corp<Schooner Blue Peter. Loog<Holuh-Dusha. Marshall<All Americas Merc Co. All Americas Merc Co<Marshall. Lutz<All Americas Merc Co. Re SS Arlington. Comp Francaise<Bark San Giuseppe. Nat Surety Co<Mass Bonding, &c, Co. Red Star T & T Co<C RR of N J. Rankin<Assoc Bill Posters. Ramsey<same. Grasselli<Aetna. U S Aristotype Co<Eastman. Simon<Babcock & Wilcox. Re Paloe. US<Wessels. Fielder<Watts. Ford<C RR of N J. Holt<Moxham.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn.—Bankruptcy calendar.

Discharges at 2 P.M.: Morris Camner. Samuel Ludwig. Aron Farber. Louis Kleinman. F R Marquette, Jr. Abram Ratkowsky. (2) Charles Yolt. Charles Dinkel. Elizabeth L Hughes (2) Morris Mendes. C E Hathaway.

Motions: B Gellerstein. (2.) W K Meserole.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.

Curtiss Aeroplane & Motor Corp<Janin et al.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Whitman<Munnich et al. Bers et al<Erie RR. Thomas<Colbath. Humberto San Lucas et al<Bornn & Co. Goelts<Keepsdry Const Co et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Platzek, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

N Y Sav Bank<Newdorf. Van Damm<Van Damm. Indelli & Conforti Co<Fish. Am Exch Nat Bank<Equit Office Bldg Co. Brody<Brody. Hyde<Hyde. Re Aubel, (Ormond.) McKey<Am Autopress Co, (2.) Ludlow<Albany & Troy Steamboat Co. Re Iwanowius. Connolly<Albany & Troy Steamship Co. Anderson<same. Re Anwanda. Von Pulstau<Von Pustau. Burger<Ringrose. Jacobson<Queen, (4.) Lend<Thaler. Epter<Liebling, (2.) Moore<Perot. CNY<Scozzari. Hyman<Coviello. Willard<Omar Oil and Gas Co. Anderson<Albany and Troy Steamship Co. Silverman<Reiff. Wellenbrink<Wellenbrink. Connolly<Albany and Troy Steamboat Co. Ludlow<same. Naurocki<Hilker. Silverman<Reiff. Doldvogel<Rakow. Schneiderman<Naples Macaroni Inc. Oriental Am Traders, Inc<Slocum, Avram & Slocum Trading Co. Equit Export Co<Lucas Laboratories Inc. Bigham<Bigham. Nolte<Fred D. Oetjen Co. Man Cut Stone Co<1,067 5th Av Co. Hiller<Michaelis. Bernstein<N Y Rys. Montesano<Block. Bohets<Starita Co. Steel Prod Export Co<Machinery Sales Co. Kleinick<Moore & Warren, Inc. Grossman<Kornish. Nitzel<Knick Ice Co. Emig Ind Sav Bank<Gaylord. Solomon<Solomon. Greaves<Am Inst for Scientific Research. Davis<Fredennick Co. Babcock<Daniels. Emig Ind Sav Bank<Goldberg. Averitt<Averitt. Kosinff<Alan Realty Co. Jarmulowsky<Jarmulowsky. Kufsky<Kufsky. Wolf<Kamaler. Re Lyons. Re Voron & Chalt, Inc. Byrne<Byrne. Sobel<Mashkowitz. Pottash<Cleveland Akron Bag Co. Hanover Silk Mfg Co<Mendelson. Francesconi & Co<Shongood. Cavallaro<Hall & Co. Brown & Brothers<Shongood. Fleming<Bausch. Re Sullivan, (Flagler.) Lederer<John Thompson Press Co. Bass & Bass, Inc<Newmark. Gilligan<Perlman. Levison<Hurley. Souleles<Chronopoulos. Moolten<Berman. Charles Quencer, Inc<Lipschitz. Craig<Adams. Re U S Fid & Guar Co, (Duffy.) Zuckerberg<Cohen. Re Brown. Cortland Sav Bank<Loretta Co. Bergen<Hall. Seligman<Seligman. Re De Morcove. Bright<Bright. Emig Ind Sav Bank<Recey. Kaplan<Kaplan. Re Schermerhorn. Persons Trading Co<Hoffman. Feeney<Young. Press Pub Co<Star Co. Loonan<Hennessey. Davis<Plant. U S Trust Co<Marks, (2.) Montufar<Valentine. Horowitz<Horowitz. Goldman<Altmen. Tenenbaum<Tenenbaum. Butler<Swinger.

PART II.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions: Rabourn<Rabourn. Schloss<Schloss. Kiraly<Kiraly. Strong<Strong. Danese<Danese. Tobias<Tobias. Perillo<Perillo.

Undefended divorces: Valanzo<Valanzo. Wallach<Wallach. Isman<Isman. Feuerstein<Feuerstein. Jones<Jones. Del Valle<Del Valle. Edwards<Edwards. Raimo<Raimo. Du Bois<Du Bois. Handler<Handler. Ferber<Ferber. Whitmore<Whitmore. Elliott<Elliott. Ross<Ross. Hyman<Hyman. Drummond<Drummond. Perez<Perez. Johnson<Johnson. Adams<Adams. Brodbard<Brodhard. Millstein<Millstein. Watson<Watson. Kessler<Kessler. McDonald<McDonald. Lans<Lans. Mack<Mack. Strong<Strong. Busch<Busch. Thompson<Thompson. Austin<Austin. Latto<Latto. Swift<Swift. Clear.

PART IV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART IV., (October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on. Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis. (Adjourned to Feb. 3.)

PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M.

Bernstein & Shapiro<Brenner. Nordstrom<Ledyard. Bresaugh<Keating. Lamport<Weinstock. Reid<Steinhardt Bros. Nathan Bloom, Inc<Witty. Boderman<Demarest. James<Steinberger. Kipps<Dwyer. Polliskoff<Russian Volunteer Fleet. Case on.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.

Ing-Cohn<Baron Book Co. Ltd. O'Keefe<NY Rys. Davidson<R T Sub Cont Co. Schlesinger<same. Azmellan<Pitcher. Herveaux<Black & White Cab Co. Manly<Muller. Van Dorn<NY Rys. Halpern<Frey. Kornikoff<Finkelbrandt. Sullivan<Union Ry. Gerli<Berbstein. Kelly<Edelberg. Harrison<Maloney. Hales<Int R T. King<same. Sigenfeld<Rothkowitz. Deehl<NY Rys. Doherty<Singer. Skolnick<Teter. Morro<Strauss. Moeckel<Empire Con. S Silver<Marshall. L Silver<same. Tannenbaum<Flax. C Mandelbaum<Leppok Rty Co. L Mandelbaum<same. Zipp<NY Rys. Bruen<Int R T. Parker<NY Rys. Hanrahan<Int R T. Lyle<42d St. &c. Ry. Bethel<same. Pettish<NY Rys. Leopold<NY Times. Maisel<Interlaken Mills Co. Lelly<NY Rys. Cohen<Campbell Photograph Co. Argeros<Am Sale. Fox<Kreeger. Palumbo<Kalbach. Wendroff<Union Ry (2.) Blau<Lee (2.) Boehning<Loeb. Domaker<NY Con RR. McKenzie<Lane. Hass<Newberry. Fishive<NY Cons RR. Field<Seubert Bearing Co. McInerny<Slater. Greenbaum<Amdur. Shaw<Kornbluth. De Miglio<Baidi. Burhans<Bishop. Nager<Lowenthal. Hellman<Int R T. Paelman<Walton. Dalmas<Brickley. Spinelli<Kalbach. Kleinman<NY Rys. Himelstein<NY Cons RR. Madine<Burns Bros. Hopcroft<5th Av Coach Co. Brown<NY Rys. Swett<Ellis. Brenner<42d St, &c, Ry. Jerome<NY Rys. Gerard<S Rosenbaum. Same<E L Rosenbaum. Scianti<Buell. Constantino<Watson Cont Co. Armstrong<Strain. Lehman<Bklyn Imp. Schott<Coopersmith. Morse<Shults Bread. Lombardi<Wilson (2.) Goldstein<Rosenfeld.

Sliver<Brady & Son Co (2.) Geisser<Ottinger. Ryder<True Sailors Snug Harbor. Fischer<Swierupski. Bogen<Buchholtz. Tendler<Korner. Halperin<Greenstein. Tendler<Kroner. Zuckerberg<Cohen (2.) Schlossberg<NY Rys. Fuchs<Rodenberg. Same<Oehl. Garelick<Gellis. Rabinowitz<NY Cons RR. Jackson<Int Mar M. Feffer<NY Rys. Bila<Bloomingdale.

PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.

Con Mach Wreck Co<Odell<CNY. Sachs<Harris. Menasha Woodenware Co<Landeck, (2.) Millus<Fid & Cas Co. Mortimer<Bristol. Kraut<Richard. Logan<Turner. Parise<Goldstein. Beardsley<Cooke. Guggenheimer<Reilley. Moller<Moller. Baldwin Mfg Co<Toomey. Natl City Bank<Schwarzstein. Weiss<American Burlesque Assn, Inc. Reiher<Madison Glue Mfg Co. O'Hanlon<McCreery & Co. Galinger<Transoceanic SS Co. Moller<Kennedy. Same<Moller. McGovern<CNY. Aldrich<NY Life Ins. Fontaine<Durand. Assets & Liab Assn<NY Lodge, B P O E. Janivo& Co<Vulcan Steel Products. Hudson Products Co<Halswasser, Inc. Bass & Bass<Newmark. Goodman<Mass Bond & Ins Co. Outerbridge<Madero Bros. McKnight<Schundler. Hutcheson<Morgan. Altman & Co<McClurg. Rubino<Graziano. Glocker<Dorwin. Alpha Litho Co<Svoboda. Server<CNY. United Display Fixture Co<Levy. Cohen<Freiman. Davis<Depew. Verne<Rosenstein. Singer<Greenwich Bk of NY. Oliva<Murray. Ripley<Dekker. Daniel<Nat Suction Cleaner. Juskowitz<Backer. United Display Fixture Co, Inc<Kallet. Galenos<NY C & H R RR.

TRIAL TERMS—Causes assigned from the Day Calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term Rules.

PART III.—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IX.—Not in session.
PART X.—Lydon, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XI.—Wagner, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XII.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XIV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVI.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART XVII.—Davis, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar.

Mildred Schwartz, Thomas J. Dillon, Victorine Lee, (2.) Winthrop V. Taylor, Oscar Kewisohn, John F. Reilly, William Metz, Mary Rooney, Giovanni Giglio, H. D. Buegeleisen, Heber R. Bishop, John B. Manning, S. G. Haley, &c, Fred H. Parson, M. Farrington, Solomon L. Cohen, Maria Pascarella, Fred H. Parson, T. Takvorian, &c, Edward Alcott, James Scanlan, Valdemar Hansen, Catherine L. Taylor, Jacob Jung, Wolf Beller, Anna Thalander, James A. Vaughan, Smith Ely, (2.) George Hahn, John Baird, John Keys, Clark W. Dunlop, Louis Berman, Isaac Walker, Sarah V. Senson, M. C. Milnor, James Hughes, John J. O'Brien, Ellen Driscoll, Katharine Carson, Joseph Gottlieb, George H. Granger, Nathan Herrmann, Bridget Norton, Nani Hacht, Robert Cormack, Mary A. O'Connell, Johanna Swenson, Annie Murray, Peter Doelger, Virginia A. Smith, William L. Smith, Joseph Prendergast, George Meister, Elizabeth F. Wuinlivan, Charles W. Farnum, Stella Malek, Willie Nadel, Alice Kelly, Eleanor M. Huntington, Sarah E. Knapp.

Issue of Fact. Estates of: Jacob Guthartz, Margaretha Ruhenbach, Caroline H. Dillon.

Wills for probate: Anna Hafere, Richard H. Casey, Emilie Rosenheim, Albert Greenberger, Louis Solomon, Morris Kantrowitz, Wesley Scheddkl, Anna M. Richmond, W. J. Van Pelt.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Estate Horatio D A chorn.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Booth & Flinn<Berger Mfg Co. Freiman<Am Ry Exp. Frost Veneer Seat Co<Atlantic Cabinet. Lemisch<Littman Co. Gibraiter<N J Fidelity, &c, Co. Bailer<Friend & Shrier. Louise & Co<Turner. United Steel, &c, Corp<Hudson Trad Co. Sao Fernando Hts Lemon Co<Fruit Auction Co. Israelson<Iemay. Ebert<Douglas Co. Levy<Emanuel. Fleischer<Levin. York Bldg Co<Albert Fixture Co. Passaic Bleachers, &c, Assn<E & Z Van Raalte. Tropkin<Fleig. Gordon<NY Mineral Flooring Co. Hoffson<Doelger Brew Co. Barina<Altman. Security Bk<Mann. Lord & Taylor<Ayres. Title Guar, &c, Co<Singer. Finn Hold Corp<Cobe. Fickler Enameling Corp<Hoff. Steinhardt<Gray. Berkowitz<French. Morgan<O'Donohue. Col Trust Co<Fitzgerald. Greenwich Litho Co<Grossman Dist Co. Stein & Co<Kosman Bros. Salmon<Dalaro. Sinclair & Valentine Co<Evers Bros. Scheinson<Demarie. Furlenette<Aronoff. Sanitary Brass Wks<Rubin Marcus. Luff<Weinman. Marquardt Co<Silberstein. Ehrlich<Freiser. Paterno & Son Con Co<Hope. Janoshefsky<Mogilensky. Greenspan<Herskowitz. Faibisy<Geissanhainer.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Wing<N Y Rys. Ceru<So Blvd RR. Fitzgerald<Bloch. Kirsch<N Y Rys. Lowenfels<Janeway Button Co. Hirsch<N Y Rys. Schneider<N Y Rys. Wiesthier<Kreisler. Extensive Bldg Co<Yanover. Mutual Rice Co<Mayo Warehouse Co. Brown<Armour & Co. Wiener<Barrett. Glickman<Landesman. Sobel<Union Ry. Tren<same. Weimar<same. Arbesfeld<Union Ry. Winkler<Alperstein. Cosenzo<Schwartsberg. Wittenstein<McManus. Berg<Preston Realty. Shuster<N Y Rys. Deutsch<I R T Co. Lauricella<Flaccus. Wagner<Barnstein. Gandler<Nagel. Paris<Hagen, (2.) Wertheimer<N Y Rys. Owen<3d Av R R. Ehrenberg<Int R T. Hurwitz<William. Fire<Kobler Volesnar Y M B A. Kalamazoo Corset Co<Sullivan. Dean<3d Av RR. Francis<Int R T. Murray<Germania Emp Agency. Brennan<Harris. Mayer<Finer. Kessler<NY Rys. Heckler<Glickstein. Tishelman<NY Rys. Levy<Campbell. Ruff<Lehman (2.) Meyers<Int R T. Youngleson<same. Wolfe<Comm'l Del Co. Schoonmaker-Conners Co<Penn RR. Cohen<Walker Co. Case on.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases to be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial. No day calendar.

PART III.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Lazarowitz<Sachs. Forchheimer<Vierhaus. M L Walst Co<Gimbel Bros of N Y. Stern<Gen Platers Supply Co. Thomas Co<Woods Const Co. Mitchell<Mitchell. Sahin & Dubilrer Co<Gordon Outer G Co. Gladstone<Wood Elec. Cochran<Sahn. Halpern<Newark Rubber Co. Vogel<Fuchs. Hirsch & Wadro<Wadro. Goldberg<Rubin. Aaron Kaplan & Meirowitz<Baum. Fierstein<Camp supply Co. Gotz<Rosenberg. Rebholz<Pollak. Sweibach<Cohen Co. Oliver<Brorston, (3.) Jiffy Life Belt Mfg Co<Van Gytenbeek. Majestic Mills Paper Co<Semple Rieger Co. Hammer & Co<Weinstein. Continental Felt Co<Markels. Lichten<Shalom. Halperin Brothers Cloak Co<Smith Co. Levy<Emanuel. Jacobs<Fiedelbaum. Lesser<Plaza Music Co. Gordon<N Y & Mineral Flooring Co. Zindler<Clark. Sena<Madler. Wolfberg<Comm'l Outfitting Co. Silberman<Star Dial Light Co. Coney Dyeing Works<Berg. Same<European Am Fur Co. Propper<Filler. Bloom<Abram Bloom Co. Brummer<Leggings, &c, Co. Case on.

PART II.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.
PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.
PART VIII.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Langhorne Holding Co<Winter Realties—Francis X. Brosnan.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Re CNY (Zerega Av)—Hon. Lewis J. Conlan. Bertuch<Samowitz—David L. Weil.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—John B Coleman<Tilmil Realty Co, et al—Herman Hoffman. Hoffman. The Woodlawn Cemetery<Samuel Davis, et al—Nathan H. Stone. Fanny T Carpenter<Pearl Niles, et al—Alfred Katz.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—U S Trust Co<Montague D Cohen—Realty Supervision Co.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Mitchell, J.—Motion calendar.

Eitel<Carmody. Steinfeld<Steinfeld. Sawyer<Wattenberg. Hughes<Goodwin. Schenk<NY Produce Exchange Bank. Re Happy Home Rlty. McGrath<Union Ry. Di Leucia<Di Leucia.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Delahanty, J. No day calendar.

PART II.—Mitchell, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. People<Nordi.

TRIAL TERM—Tiernan, J. Nudelman<Jaffe.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mitchell, J.—Stockinger<Lopard Bldg Corp—Ezekiel Fixman. Douglass<Conway—Herman B Goodstein.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Kissel<Franklin—Algernon S Norton.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, Mills, Rich, Putnam, Blackmar, Kelly, and Jaycox, JJ.—Motion calendar at 10 A. M.

People of State of NY<Redmond. Same<Flaherty. Nankival<Williams, & Wigmore, Inc. Shiverick<Binsall. Hebblethwaite<Flint.

Day calendar at 10 A. M.: Doscha<Rosenzweig. Klein<same. Kunze<same.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—At 10 A. M.

Gold<Rohe. Fiore<Brady & Gloe. State Industl Com<Barberia. MacLean<Young. Dime Save Bank<Moynahan. F Salvatore<Nassau E RR. N Salvatore<same. Heinsohn<Heinsohn. Goldenberg<Goldenberg. Weiner<Weiner. Salt<Pringle. Cormack<Cormack. Hillis<Ferguson. Stagliano<Stagliano. Reed<Reed. G H Janvrin<CNY. M A Janvrin<same. Motor Car Eng & S Co<von Waldy. Pollock<Pollock. Schreyer<Schreyer. Shumway<McLear. Re Stillwell Av, (Hegeman.) Schaefer<Schaefer. Re Cortlandt Bldg Cor. Rosenthal<Marks. Re Mangood Corp. Re Klein. Re Strauss. Weis & Zerweck<Gaeller. Di Manso<Kelly. Fisher<Fisher. Seals<Fed Dyestuffs. Budd<Budd. McGauley<McGauley. Acken<Ray. Greenwood<Grindrod. Holsten<Southard. Dwans<Burras. Havens<Farrand. Larom<Fabre. Re Lafayette Tr Co (Supt Banks.) Ambrozewits<Nemolovsky. Bryld<Suttner. Brandis<Brandis. Highland Park Hill So Corp<Monkinriger.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Goldberg<Goldberg. Shaknis<Shaknis. Schilling<Schilling. Karp<Karp. Gray<Breckheimer. Stern<Shea. Thomsen<Misel. Covenant Rlty Co<Renman Bldg Corp. Thomas<Meyer. Mooney<Mooney. Tricamo<Tricamo. Esslgroth<Esslgroth.

The remaining cases marked ready on the previous call of Jan. 30, will be added to this day calendar for trial from day to day as the above cases are disposed of.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Cropsey, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Young, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VIII., Kapper, J.—At 10 A. M.

Benjamin<Kohlemeyer and another. Mascarino<Overseas Shipping Co. Damaste<Cox's Hotel and Baths. Hubbard<NY Rys. Itealey<NY Cons RR. Rice<Staten I R T Ry. Longo<Booth & Co. Topf<Standard Oil Co. Napoli<Overseas Shipping Co. Biggert<Marks. Weinberg<N Y Consol'd R. R. Wolf<Beck & Conhalm. Bennett<Metropolitan Tob. Co. Zala<Barbuto & ano. Furno<Same. Storck<Sherwin. Perz<Nassau R. R. Sarben<N. Y. Consolidated R. R. McDermott<Coney I. & B. R. R. Mellish<B. H. R. R. Schaffel<Albro et al. Hogan<Musaus.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call.

Imperato & ano.<So Pac Co. Sears<Reid. Wysocki<Schacker. Veno<B. H. R. R. Schnibbe<Schnibbe et al. Lazarowsky<Chutick. Margulis<B. H. R. R. Whalen<Bush Terminal Co. Katzman<Bohrer. Mondschein<Sawyer Biscuit Co. Gisone<N. Y. Consolidated R. R. & ano. Sparrow<MacDonald. Trani<Gerard. Brown<N. Y. & Bklyn Casket Co. Donohue<City of New York. Landeman<N. Y. Consol'd R. R. Robinson<Naisler and ano. Radin<Smith. Folsey<Nassau R. R. Donnelly<Coney I. & B. R. R. Nelson<Loeser & Co. Rux<Schumann. Brooks<Coney I. & Gravesend R. R. Wieczerzak<Texas S. S. Co. et al. Rheims<Bender. Carlin<Zeiner. Cavallieri<Brenack. Rakowski<Molinehauer. Lackaye<B H RR. Rosewsky<Mayers. Greenberg, Lelman<Sacks. Becker<B H RR. Larson<Nas RR. Burton<Universal Film Mfg Co. Kaufman<Littauer. Lester<Griffiths. Bachman<Gauzza and another. Finegan<Haviland. Eyrue<Compagnie Generale Transatlantique. Cronin<B H RR. Kenny<Flannery & Zirmer. Acker<Int R T. Ryan<Remmer. Polomeno<Carney et al. Duggan<Wilson. Powers<Swezey & Newins. Kimball<B. T. Babbitt. Simon<Progress Paper Box Co. Blansky<Roth and ano. Borsellino<Victoria Coat Co. Miller<Spain. Palmede<Miller. Same<Walton Reporter Co. Salzer<Flint. Dieffenbach<Roosen. Cassese<Polito Bros. Ryan<Kramer. Kaufman<Schwartz. Coston<Nas RR. McFarland<L I RR. McDermott<Hannan. Lazarus<Cassileth. Manahan<Feeley Co. Larkin<China Coast Mercantile Co. Walsh<Wiarda, (2.) Crane<N Y Cons RR. O'Hara<Flatbush Gas Co. Welch<Shaw. Charlton<Taylor. Liswood<Liswood.

Highest number reached on regular call, 6897.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

PART IV., May, J.; PART V., Dike, J.—At 10 A. M.

McKeon<Saiber. Sankin<Flez. Dahl<Nies.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—At 10:45 A. M.—Motions and ex parte business.

Motions: Re Bronx Parkway Comm<Clark. Re Appt Daniel R Case. Fowler<Patterson. Dewsnap<Hansen. Kay<Kull. Rositzka<Meyer. Intermaggio<Yonkers. Winfield<Winfield. Welrich<Welrich. Edmead<S & J Rlty. Bancroft<Robertson.

Surrogate's Court.

AT WHITE PLAINS—(Friday)—Slater, S.

Wills for probate: James Millmore, Hazel Golden, Augusta Lockwood, Eliza Gopel. Admr's accounting: Charles Baker. Order to show cause: Margaret Walsh. Notice of motion: Wm Grossman Lee.

The following cases will not be called for the reason that no proofs of service have been filed under Rule 11.:

Wills for probate: Cornelius M Wallace. Vincent B Thomas.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—MILTON A. RAUH, Plaintiff, against ISAAC REUBENSTONE and others, Defendants.—Clerk's index number 13,880, year 1918.

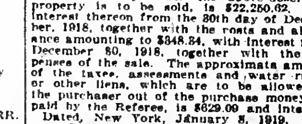
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the second day of January, 1919, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 5th day of February, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: "All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, and bounded and described as follows:

"BEGINNING at a point in the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street, distant one hundred and one (101) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Lexington Avenue with the said northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; running thence northerly parallel with Lexington Avenue one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence westerly, parallel with One Hundred and Twelfth Street, twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches; thence southerly parallel with Lexington Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and eleven (11) inches to the northerly line of One Hundred and Twelfth Street; thence easterly along the said last-mentioned line twenty-four (24) feet ten and one-half (10½) inches to the point or place of beginning. Being known as No. 125 East One Hundred and Twelfth Street."

LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.

MILTON DAMMANN, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street number is 125 East 112th Street:



The approximate amount of the mortgage debt, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $22,250.62, with interest thereon from the 30th day of December, 1918, together with the costs and allowance amounting to $348.84, with interest from December 30, 1918, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $629.09 and interest.

Dated, New York, January 8, 1919.

LAWRENCE H. SANDERS, Referee.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHEM-WOOD MANUFACTURING CO., INC., Bankrupt.

To the creditors: Notice is hereby given that the Receiver herein has received an offer of Four Thousand ($4,000) Dollars cash for all the assets of the above-named corporation, and that, pursuant to an order of this Court, a special meeting of the creditors will be held before Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee, at his office, No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 31st day of January, 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to consider said offer and to transact such business as may properly come before said meeting.

The business will be offered for sale as a going concern.

The property consists of a plant for the manufacture of chemical wood hat blocks, raw material, manufactured goods, outstanding accounts, patents, trade marks, &c., and may be inspected during the usual hours of business at the premises, No. 320-26 Ogden Street, Newark, N. J.

Such other offers as may be received will be considered at said meeting.

Dated January 24, 1919.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York City.

HENRY B. SINGER, Attorney for Receiver, 55 Liberty Street, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

BANKRUPTCY SALE.

Please take notice that pursuant to an order of the Honorable Peter B. Olney, Referee, dated the 29th day of January, 1919, the assets of LEONARD MARKELS, Bankrupt, will be sold by the undersigned assignee for the benefit of creditors.

The assets will be sold in five lots, as follows:

1. Machinery.
2. Dies, jigs, and tools used in the manufacture of phonograph motors.
3. Material and parts in the process of being manufactured into phonograph motors.
4. Office furniture and fixtures.
5. All the property mentioned in the lots numbered 1 to 4 inclusive.

The assignee will receive sealed bids, the same to be accompanied by certified check or cash for at least 10% of the amount of the bid on any or all lots, bids to be opened at the office of Peter B. Olney, Referee, 68 William Street, Manhattan, New York City, February 11th, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

The property will go to the highest bidder as to lots 1 to 4 inclusive, unless the bid for lot numbered 5 is larger than the aggregate of 1 to 4 inclusive, in which event the property will be sold to the highest bidder for lot numbered 5.

The assignee reserves the right to accept or reject any and all bids.

The property can be examined at the premises of the bankrupt, 165 William Street, Manhattan, New York City, on any date before the sale.

MARCUS HELFAND, Assignee, 320 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

WILLIAMS, FOLSOM & STROUSE, Attorneys for Assignee, 55 John Street, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RUDOLPH STEINTHAL, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, February 11, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,309 Mott Avenue, Far Rockaway, L. I., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of retail butcher's shop fixtures, such as electric meat chopper, blocks, rails, marble counters, ice box, work and wall benches, back counter, cashier's office, safe, fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM T. LITTLE, Trustee.

LEON DASHEW, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRENCH CORSET CO., INC.—Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, February 11, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 118 5th Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of corsets, material for the manufacture of corsets, steels, laces, machinery, fixtures, &c.

HENRY H. KAUFMAN, Trustee.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy, 80 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26070.—In Bankruptcy.—SIMON, BUHLER & BAUMANN, Inc., Bankrupt.

Simon, Buhler & Baumann, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on October 14, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 11, 1919, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 26370.

Notice is given that BELLPORT NOVELTY WORKS, INC., bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 10, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why the composition should not be confirmed.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26530.—In Bankruptcy.—RITTER RESTAURANT CO., Inc., Bankrupt.

Ritter Restaurant Co., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 22, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 11, 1919, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, Capts. to take effect 12:01 A. M., Feb. 1: J. D. Ormsby, Traffic Div., from Sub. A to Sub. C, (new;) P. J. Gray, Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. A; L. M. Haupt, from Traffic Div. Sub. E, (old,) to 37th. Lieuts. James O'Hara, from Traffic Div., Sub. A, to 7th Insp. Dis., assigned to desk duty; T. H. F. Kelly, from Traffic Div., Sub. A, to 3d Insp. Dis., assigned to desk duty. Traffic Division, from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. B, (new:) H. W. Graham, E. J. Dobson, A. J. Gumbrecht. M. J. McGrath, Traffic Div., from Sub. C, (old,) to Sub. A; J. M. Thompson, from Traffic Div., Sub. C, (old,) to 10th Insp. Dis., assigned to desk duty; John Dugan, from Traffic Div., Sub. D, to 15th Insp. Dis., assigned to desk duty; J. G. Krueger, from Traffic Div., Sub. E, (old,) to 8th Insp. Dis., assigned to desk duty. Mounted Sergeants, with horses and equipments, from Traffic Div., Sub. A, to precincts indicated: J. F. Smith, 67; William Cavanagh, 118; J. J. McGauley, from Traffic Div., Sub. B, (old,) to 51st; J. L. McNulty, Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. A; E. F. Kelly, from Traffic Div., Sub. C, (old,) to 118th. Sergts. Daniel O'Sullivan, from 40th to Traffic Div., Sub. C, (new;) J. M. Garvey, Traffic Div., from Sub. A to Sub. B, (new;) Thomas Craven, from Traffic Div., Sub. A to 6th. Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. A: J. T. Dermody, Peter McEntee; M. O'Neill, Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. B, (new.) From Traffic Div., Sub. C, (old,) to precincts indicated: J. J. Heferan, 43; D. J. O'Sullivan, 46; Daniel McCarthy, from Traffic Div., Sub. D, to 83; John Rooney, from Traffic Div., Sub. E, (old,) to 37th. Mounted Patrol, with horses and equipments, Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. A: James O'Connor, James Dowling, Leonard Meyers, Edward Miller, H. A. O'Brien, William Rogers, John Bridegroom, George Walker, W. S. Brown, D. A. Fitzpatrick, Robert Farrell, Thomas Flanagan, Daniel Haggerty. Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. B, (new:) Harold Kearney, William Leary, J. J. Hogan, William Gould, Joseph Carty, J. W. Plate, James O'Brien, George Feulner, Otto Kilcpera, W. J. Lenihan, John F. Ward. Patrol. Charles Flood, Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. C, (new,) assignment as messenger and attendant continued: Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. A: Earl Clark, James McCabe, Rudolph Busch, F. J. McCarron, J. J. Delaney, Charles Shelley, Patrick McKeogh, A. D. Downs, Louis Wiendieck, W. W. Barry, William Gilkinson, Henry Badeo, John McKeever, R. T. Reid, D. G. Graney, J. L. Shanley, R. W. Smith, Patrick Clark, Edward Gnotsky, Henry Kupfrian, Frederick Trumpf, Robert Carmody, James Greene, Frank Bohnsen, W. H. Vatter, Edward Delahanty, T. F. Kerrigan, C. B. Collins, J. J. Higginson, M. P. Dillon, Emile Wagner, Francis Farrelly, W. D. Wehrenberg. Traffic Div., from Sub. B, (old,) to Sub. B, (new:) Patrick Cusack, Michael Kelly, George Smith, Peter Meade, Timothy O'Connor, Henry Herrington, Charles Kenney, William Ahearn, Charles Egan, Peter Keane, Sydney Hutchins, Anthony LaBau, F. H. Riley, J. N. Martinson, Thomas Oswald, K. A. Schlimmermeyer, J. J. Kirk, Patrick Haugh, George Faulkner, Anthony Coleman, Michael Sullivan, J. J. Haverlin, Frank Hefferen, Owen Smith, Nicholas Huth, A. A. Geyer, William Herlihy, T. F. Crowe, Thomas Skelly, Joseph Quinn, Louis Kreutzer, Frank Archibald, Matthew Courtney, John Hennessy, Frederick Grote, John Donnelly, W. D. Keneally, Clarence Martineau, Timothy McAuliffe, Joseph O'Connell, William Flynn, J. W. Matthews, H. E. Sanderson, Kyran Farrell, A. A. Scheider, Bartholomew O'Connor; M. J. McNulty, from 6th to 38th.

Temporary assignments: Sergt. George Downey, 424, to Headquarters Div., for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1. Patrol, from commands indicated to Headquarters Div., for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1: Charles Kaltenmeier, 66; Edward Walsh, 109; Timothy Brown, 89; Henry Bauer, Bur. of Tel. From precincts indicated to 2d Insp. Dis., in raided premises, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1: Thomas Gaffney, 22; Charles O'Rourke, 95; George Gernand, 37. From precincts indicated to 8th Insp. Dis., in raided premises, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 1: William Mayer, 23; Daniel Cronin, 46; James O'Neil, 46.

Fire Department.

Revocation of indefinite leaves of absence, to take effect at 8 A. M., Feb. 3, they having been honorably discharged from the army: Firemen 3d grade H. A. Meinecke, Eng. 16; Antonio Baccichetl, Eng. 20.

Education Notes.

School teachers' salary legislation, in course of preparation at Albany, contemplates a mandatory increase of $6,000,000 annually in New York City.

The graduation exercises were held in the auditorium of Erasmus Hall High School, Flatbush, Brooklyn, last evening. The speaker of the evening was Captain W. E. Thompson.

The Harlem Evening High School for Men at 31 West 116th Street is conducting an intensive course in stenography, (machine shorthand,) for the term beginning Feb. 3. Registration every night in the week.

At the commencement exercises of the Alexander S. Webb School, P. S. 5, Manhattan, held in the hall of the City College on Wednesday, there was presented to the school a dental clinic by the Parents' Association. In presenting the clinic to the school, Stanley L. Otis said that the community spirit and co-operative effort manifested in raising the $500 needed, were better than the principles and aims of Bolshevism and socialism in solving problems which confront the pupils. The first effort of the clinic was to look after the teeth of the graduating class, probably the only class that has been graduated from any public school in New York City with every boy dentally fit.

There is being conducted at the Manual Training High School, Brooklyn, a course in the designing of textiles. The nights of tuition are Mondays and Wednesdays, from 7:45 to 9:45.

The City College, through its extension division, offers the following free courses in Isaac Pitman Shorthand to teachers, librarians, and social workers. Manhattan—Elementary, beginning Feb. 3 at the Commerce Building, 4 P. M.; advanced, beginning Feb. 4 at the Commerce Building, 4 P. M. Bronx—Elementary, beginning Feb. 7, 4 P. M. Brooklyn—Elementary, beginning Feb. 8, 9 A. M.; advanced, beginning Feb. 8, 11 A. M. Both of the Brooklyn courses are given at the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers, Park Place, near Nostrand Avenue. Each course meets once a week for fifteen weeks. Registration takes place at the office of the Extension Division, Convent Avenue and West 138th Street, any day this week or at the first session of each course.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26471.—In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS DAVIS, Bankrupt.

Louis Davis was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 17, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held in my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 11, 1919, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26546.—In Bankruptcy.—EULA H. POTULICKA, Bankrupt.

Eula H. Potulicka was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 24, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 11, 1919, at 10:45 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26541.—In Bankruptcy.—KALMAN PERSILY, Bankrupt.

Kalman Persily was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 23, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, City of New York, on February 11, 1919, at 11:15 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Recover Part of Previous Day's Decline, with Specialties Strong.

The forward movement which marked yesterday's dealings in stocks introduced no new element into the market situation and appeared to reflect little more than a reversal of the position of traders in an effort to acquire profits. The turnover was somewhat smaller than the day before, and business grew quieter as prices improved. Steel common regained about one-third of its decline of Wednesday on what appeared to be short covering for the most part. The really strong stocks were limited almost entirely to specialties in which a moderate concentration of buying orders for some time past has easily brought about substantial advances. Thus far since restrictions were removed from the money market the expectations of Stock Exchange authorities in regard to speculative tendencies has been fully borne out. It may be that the lack of a marked interest on the upward side of stock quotations is largely a state of mind, induced to a certain extent by the opinion expressed in many quarters that bankers should not favor enlarged borrowings for market purposes before the Victory Loan was floated. The Steel Corporation's quarterly statement added to the impression of many potential buyers of stocks that conditions in industry were of a character to promote caution in respect to purchases for a time. At any rate, the extent of buying since the loan market was thrown open has not been great enough to cause any real expansion of loans. As stock market values have lost a little ground since the Money Committee acted, it might be assumed that loans are actually less now than they were before.

February is a month in which annual statements of industrial companies for the preceding year are made public in volume. If the practice of other years continues it is possible that a fairly complete survey of earnings and profits of the major corporaions will be available within he next thirty days and through them, as well as the balance sheets, something of an insight into conditions after the armistice was signed and into prospects may be obtained. The desire to wait for the information of this sort which will come out next month is evident in market comment and reflects an additional factor to promote a quiet state of the market. Wide differences of opinion over the labor situation are in evidence, and the chances are that it will be sometime before a comprehensive view of the labor market may be obtained. Secretary of Labor Wilson sees the state of unemployment as less disturbing than reports from particular manufacturing centres indicate, and he would have employers cast aside some of the elements which tend to hold back production. The Secretary, according to his views as recently set forth, holds that prices should be reduced for the purpose of stimulating business and to remove nervousness among manufacturers over possibilities of the future. There are many economists who stand with Mr. Wilson on this platform, but there are also many others who maintain that prices should change gradually in close relation with wages and the cost of living. As time goes on the price situation promises to supply a more interesting field for study and speculation than heretofore.

The Bank of England's weekly statement showed that the output of notes had again increased after four weeks of contraction. The gain was about $1,500,000, but gold holdings expanded nearly $2,500,000, and the reserve ratio of 21.13 per cent. showed an advance more than 1¾ per cent. for the week. Call money in the local market displayed an easing tendency.

Prices Irregular on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Prices on the Bourse today were irregular. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 63 francs 10 centimes; exchange on London at 25 francs 98 centimes, and the 5 per cent. loan at 92 francs 50 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	4½	High	5
Low	4	Low	4½
Renewals	4½	Renewals	5
Last	4	Last	4½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances 4½

Time Loans.

ALL INDUSTRIALS.		MIXED COLLAT'LS.	
Sixty days	5¼@5½	Sixty days	5¾
Ninety days	5¼@5½	Ninety days	5¼@5½
Four months	5½	Four months	5¼@5½
Five months	5½	Five months	5¼@5½
Six months	5½	Six months	5¼@5½

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days .... 4⅛@4¼
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days .... 4¼@4⅜
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days .... 5½@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days .... 5 @5¼
4 to 6 months .... 5 @5¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months .... 5¼@5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling— Demand	$4.7580	$4.7580	$4.7580	+.00025
Cables	4.76$\frac{7}{16}$	4.76$\frac{7}{16}$	4.76$\frac{7}{16}$	..
Francs— Demand	5.45¾	5.45¾	5.45¾	..
Cables	5.45½	5.45½	5.48½	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665	London	$4.7580	4.76\frac{7}{16}$
5.1813	Paris	5.45¾	5.45½
5.1813	Belgium	5.66½	5.65
	China— Hongkong	78.00	78.10
	Peking	129.00	129.25
	Shanghai	120.50	123.00
40.29	Holland	41.00	41.25
19.30	Greece	19.35	19.40
32.44	India— Bombay	35.43	*35.78
	Calcutta	35.43	*35.78
5.1813	Italy	6.36½	6.35
	Japan— Kobe	51.25	51.50
	Yokohama	51.25	51.50
19.30	Spain	20.08	20.15
50.00	Philippine Islands— Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia— Stockholm	27.90	28.15
	Copenhagen	25.875	26.10
	Christiania	27.10	27.50
	South America—		
42.64	Buenos Aires	44.85	45.00
34.42	Rio	25.85	26.00
5.1813	Switzerland	4.94	4.91
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	Asked.
	100 rubles	15.10	15.30
	500 rubles	15.00	15.20

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.73¾	$4.71⅝	$4.72½	$4.71

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $599,546,741; balances, $60,538,721; Treasury debit balance, $4,154,327; Federal Reserve credit balance, $47,857,218.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $20.4688@20.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48$\frac{1}{16}$d; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$10,401,644	$86,853,227
Internal Revenue. Income and excess profits taxes	39,310,921	725,284,584
Miscellaneous	104,030,375	693,449,632
Mis. revenue	24,411,323	282,173,284
Total receipts	178,054,265	1,787,760,129
Excess of ord. dis. over ord. recpts.	1,271,390,984	8,222,038,550
Ex. tot. recpts over total disb.	172,119,306	332,931,237
Expenditures	1,450,045,249	10,000,799,279

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 30, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	481,576	915,842	921,196
Year to date	11,284,511	13,504,774	17,344,986

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
23	23½	1,700	Advance Rumely	23¾	24¼	23	23	...
60½	60¾	3,100	Advance Rumely pf.	59¾	61½	59¾	60½	+1
70	71½	400	Ajax Rubber	71	71	70	71	+½
31	31¼	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	30⅜	31⅛	30⅜	31	−¼
82½	83	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	83	83	83	83	+½
100	100⅛	800	Am. Agricul. Chem.	100⅛	100⅝	100⅛	100⅝	+½
98	99	200	Am. Agrl. Chem. pf.	99	99	99	99	...
68	68½	700	Am. Beet Sugar	68	68½	68	68½	+½
46¼	46¾	1,600	Am. Can	46¼	46¾	46¼	46¾	+¾
88½	88¾	1,500	Am. Car & Fdry	88¾	89	88½	89	+⅝
114	115½	300	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	115	115	115	115	...
41½	42	400	Am. Cotton Oil	41½	41¾	41½	41½	+½
13⅛	13¼	33,500	Am. Druggists	12¾	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+⅜
88	90	100	Am. Express	88½	88½	88½	88½	−1½
17	17½	10,000	Am. H. & Leather	15¾	17¼	15¾	17	+1½
87⅞	88	19,000	Am. H. & L. pf.	86⅛	88⅛	86⅛	88	+2
41½	41¾	800	Am. Ice	41	41½	41	41½	+¾
57½	57¾	1,700	Am. Ice pf.	56	58	56	57¾	+2¾
53¾	54½	100	Am. International	54	54	54	54	+½
46¾	47	500	Am. Linseed	47	47¼	47	47	...
88	90	100	Am. Linseed pf.	89½	89½	89½	89½	...
59	60	200	Am. Locomotive	59½	59½	59½	59½	−1½
1¼	1½	300	Am. Malting	1½	1½	1½	1½	−⅛
71½	71⅝	11,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	70⅝	72⅛	70⅝	71½	+1
106½	107	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	106¼	106½	106¼	106½	+¾
103	109½	100	Am. Snuff	109½	109½	109½	109½	−½
78¾	78⅞	600	Am. Steel F'dries	78¾	78⅞	78¾	78⅞	−⅛
112	112½	100	Am. Sugar Ref.	112½	112½	112½	112½	+½
100¼	101	1,100	Am. Sumatra Tob.	99⅞	101¼	99⅞	100½	+1½
99	99⅛	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel.	99⅛	99¼	99	99⅛	+⅛
45½	45¾	400	Am. Woolen	45¾	45⅞	45⅝	45⅝	+⅛
94½	95	200	Am. Woolen pf.	94½	94½	94½	94½	−⅝
32	33	100	Am. Writing P. pf.	33	33	33	33	−1
59¾	59⅞	2,900	Anaconda Copper	58⅞	59⅞	58⅞	59⅞	+½
70	72	200	Associated Oil	72½	72½	72½	72½	−¾
92¼	93	200	Atch., Top. & S. F.	92½	92⅝	92½	92⅝	...
86¾	87	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾	−1
96½	98	400	Atlantic Coast Line	97	98	97	97½	−½
98	99	700	At. Gulf & West I.	98½	99	98	98	−½
66½	67	10,500	Baldwin Loco.	65⅝	66¾	65½	66½	+⅝
100	105	100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	102	102	102	102	...
46½	46⅝	700	Baltimore & Ohio	46⅝	46⅝	46½	46⅝	+⅛
53	55	100	Baltimore & O. pf.	55	55	55	55	+¼
..	..	10	Bank of Commerce	210	210	210	210	...
110½	111	100	Barrett Co. pf.	110	110	110	110	−¼
1¼	1½	100	Batopilas Mining	1½	1½	1½	1½	+⅛
59⅝	59¾	4,900	Beth. Steel, class B	59½	59⅞	58⅞	59⅝	+¼
90	92	400	Beth. Steel, 7% pf.	90½	91¼	90½	91¼	+¼
103	103½	400	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	103½	103½	103	103	−⅝
18⅞	19½	200	Booth Fisheries	19½	19½	19	19	...
19½	19⅝	2,200	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	19½	20	19⅜	19⅝	+½
152	157	200	Burns Brothers	154	154	154	154	+½
17⅛	18½	200	Butte & Superior	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	−⅛
52½	52¾	800	California Packing	52½	52⅝	52½	52½	−½
23½	24	700	California Petrol.	23¾	24	23¾	24	+½
68	69	500	California Pet. pf.	68½	69	68½	69	+1
157⅞	158¼	100	Canadian Pacific	158½	158½	158½	158½	+¼
58⅝	59¼	600	Central Leather Co.	58¼	59	58¼	59	+⅛
82½	..	100	Cer.-Teed.Pr.1st pf.	88	88	88	88	+3½
32	32½	380	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	32	32	32	32	+½
106½	108	400	Chandler Motor	106	107½	106	107½	+2½
55	55½	500	Chesapeake & Ohio	55⅝	55⅝	55	55	−½
24	24½	100	Chi. Great West. pf.	24½	24½	24½	24½	+⅛
37	37⅝	4,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	37⅞	37⅞	36⅞	37⅛	−⅝
71	71½	2,900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	71½	73½	71	71	−¾
23½	23¾	600	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	23½	23⅞	23⅛	23¾	+⅝
76	76½	100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	76½	76½	76½	76½	...
63½	64	500	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	63⅝	63⅝	63	63	−¼
17⅝	18	4,800	Chile Copper	17⅜	18⅛	17⅜	17⅞	+⅝
33⅝	34	500	Chino Copper	33⅞	34⅛	33⅞	33⅞	...
35½	36	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	+⅝
42⅛	42⅝	1,200	Columbia Gas & El.	42½	42⅝	42½	42½	+¾
37	38⅛	100	Comput. Tab. Rec.	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	−⅛
91½	92½	2,900	Consolidated Gas	89½	93½	89½	92½	+3¼
68	69	100	Continental Can	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	−⅜
46⅝	46⅞	2,200	Corn Products Ref.	46⅝	47⅛	46⅝	46⅞	...
102	103¼	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	103	103	103	103	...
53	53½	2,700	Crucible Steel	52⅝	53⅝	52⅝	53¼	+½
22⅝	23	3,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	22¼	23¼	22⅛	22⅞	+½
74¼	75	2,400	Cuba Cane S. pf.	74	74½	74	74	+1½
3⅝	5¼	100	Den. & Rio Grande	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	...
6⅛	6⅝	200	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	6½	6½	6⅛	6⅛	...
53⅛	54	10,400	Distillers' Secur.	52⅝	54	52⅛	53⅛	+1⅛
11½	11⅝	1,600	Dome Mines	11⅝	11½	11⅛	11½	...
15⅝	16⅛	500	Erie	15⅝	15¾	15⅝	15⅝	−⅛
34½	36½	200	Federal M. & S. pf.	34½	34½	34½	34½	−½
43	44	1,200	Fisher Body	41	44⅝	41	43	+4¾
90	92	15	Fisher Body pf.	91	91	91	91	...
28¾	28⅞	400	Gaston, W. & W.	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	...
48	48½	700	General Cigar	47⅞	48	47⅞	48	...
148½	149⅝	100	General Electric	149	149	149	149	...
123½	123¾	900	General Motors	122	123½	122	123½	+1¾
1	1⅛	1,855	Gen. Motors rights	1	1	1	1	...
59⅞	60	2,550	Goodrich Co.	61	62¼	60	60	−1
92	92½	500	Great Northern pf.	91⅝	91⅞	91⅝	91⅞	−¾
36¾	36⅞	2,300	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	37	37	36⅝	36⅞	+½
43	44	400	Greene-Can. Cop.	44	44	43½	43½	−½
45	45¼	2,100	Inspiration Copper	44⅝	45¼	44⅝	45	+⅝
5¼	5½	400	Interboro Consol.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	+¼
18½	19	1,000	Interboro Con. pf.	18⅝	19¼	18⅝	19¼	+¾
13½	15	200	Int. Agricultural	13	14¼	13	14¼	+1
113	114	300	Int. Harvester new	113½	114	113	113	+¾
114	..	100	Int. Harv. pf. new	117½	117½	117½	117½	−½
22½	22⅝	2,300	Int. Mer. Marine	23	23⅛	22½	22½	−⅛
98	98⅛	20,900	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	99¼	100⅛	97⅝	98⅛	−⅞
25½	25⅝	9,300	Int. Nickel	26¼	26¼	25¼	25⅝	−⅝
34½	34⅞	600	Int. Paper	34⅝	34⅝	34	34	...
17	18	400	Kansas City South.	17	17	16¾	17	−1
49	50	100	Kan. City South. pf.	50	50	50	50	...
79⅝	80¼	5,300	Kelly Spring. Tire	78	80½	78	79⅝	+2¾
33½	33⅝	4,100	Kennecott Copper	32⅞	33⅝	32⅞	33½	+½
60	65	100	Kress (S. H.) Co.	62½	62½	62½	62½	...
65½	66	100	Lackawanna Steel	65½	65½	65½	65½	+1
24½	24½	6,000	Lee Rubber & Tire	23½	24⅝	23½	24½	+1¼
55	56	300	Lehigh Valley	55½	55⅝	55½	55½	−⅛
45	45½	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	45½	46	45½	46	+⅞
150	163	100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	162	162	162	162	−4
83	85	51	Manhattan Elev.	82	82	82	82	...
29	29¾	200	Maxwell Motors	29	29	29	29	+½
52	52½	100	Max. Motors 1st pf.	52	52	52	52	...
20¼	22	100	Max. Motors 2d pf.	21	21	21	21	+1
63	65	100	May Dept. Stores	63½	63½	63½	63½	−¾
168¾	168⅞	21,000	Mexican Petroleum	168⅝	170⅛	167½	168¾	...
24	24¼	300	Miami Copper	24⅛	24⅛	24	24	+⅛
41	41¼	3,100	Midvale Steel	41⅛	41⅜	40⅝	41	−¼
24½	24⅝	2,300	Missouri Pacific	24½	25	24½	24½	+¼
53	53¼	300	Missouri Pacific pf.	53⅛	53⅛	53	53	−¼
71	74	100	Montana Power	71	71	71	71	...
110	112¼	100	Nat. Biscuit	111½	111½	111½	111½	+1
14¼	14⅜	600	Nat. Cond. & Cable	14¼	14⅜	14¼	14⅜	−⅛
48	48⅝	300	Nat. Enam. & St.	48	48½	48	48½	+⅞
16⅞	17	100	Nevada Con. Cop.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	...
99	101	200	N. Y. Air Brake	101⅛	101⅛	100⅜	100⅜	−4¼
72⅞	73	1,200	N. Y. Central	73	73⅛	73	73⅛	+⅛
28	30	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	28	28	28	28	−2
28⅝	29	400	N. Y., N. H. & H.	29	29	28⅝	28⅝	+¼
19⅝	20	100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	−⅛
90	91⅝	100	Northern Pacific	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛	...
45	50	500	Nova Scotia S. & C.	46	47	46	47	...
42½	42⅝	1,200	Ohio Cities Gas	42⅝	43	42½	42⅝	−⅛
8½	8⅝	4,400	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	−⅛
6⅝	7	700	Ontario Mining	6⅛	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞	+⅝
68	68¼	1,300	Pan-Am. P. & T.	68⅝	69	68¼	68¼	...
44⅞	45	1,600	Penn. R. R.	45	45⅛	44⅞	45	...
47⅞	48	200	People's Gas, Chi.	47⅞	48	47⅞	48	+3
30	31	100	Philadelphia Co.	30	30	30	30	−⅛
41	41¼	1,300	Pierce-Arrow	40¼	41¼	40¼	41¼	+1⅝
17⅜	17½	1,300	Pierce Oil	17⅛	17½	17⅛	17¼	...
45	46	200	Pittsburgh Coal	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	−1⅝
86	87	500	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	85⅞	88	85⅞	86	...
34⅞	35⅛	300	Pitts. & West Va.	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	+⅛
63½	64	200	Pressed Steel Car	63	63	63	63	+½
119	123	400	Pullman Co.	120	120	120	120	+¾
71¼	73¼	600	Railway Steel Sp.	71½	71⅝	71½	71½	...
20⅝	20⅞	200	Ray Con. Copper	20⅞	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	−⅛
78⅛	78½	2,400	Reading	78⅛	78½	78	78⅜	+⅜
72⅝	73	1,700	Rep. Iron & Steel	72½	73	72¼	72⅝	+⅜
101¼	101½	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	−¾
75	75⅛	1,200	Royal Dutch t r	76	76	75	75	−1
12½	12⅝	300	St. Louis-San Fran.	12	12	12	12	+¼
23½	25	100	St. Louis-San F. pf.	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	+1½
60	61	100	Savage Arms	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	−1¾
8¼	8½	500	Saxon Motor	8	8¼	8	8¼	...
7⅝	8	400	Seaboard Air Line	7⅝	8	7⅝	8	...
11	11⅝	200	Shattuck-Arizona	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+⅛
35¼	35⅝	2,800	Sinclair Oil Refin.	35⅛	35⅞	35⅛	35⅝	−¼
98⅜	98½	4,800	Southern Pacific	98⅛	98⅝	97⅞	98⅜	+¼
133	145	100	So. Porto Rico Sug.	138	138	138	138	+3
26⅝	26⅞	1,700	Southern Railway	26⅞	26⅞	26⅝	26⅝	+⅛
67½	68	400	Southern Ry. pf.	67⅞	68	67⅞	68	...
39½	39⅝	100	Strom. Carburetor	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	−1
50⅝	50¾	7,000	Studebaker Co.	49⅛	50⅞	49⅛	50⅝	+1⅝
47	47⅝	900	Stutz Motor	46¼	47½	46	47½	+1
12⅝	13¼	400	Tenn. C. & C.	13	13¼	13	13	...
191	191½	4,700	Texas Co.	192	192½	190⅝	191¾	+¾
17½	17¾	3,800	Texas Co. rights	17½	17⅝	17½	17½	...
33½	33⅝	21,600	Texas & Pacific	33⅝	34½	33⅛	33½	+⅝
200	300	35	Texas Pacific L. T.	250	250	250	250	...
13¼	14	100	Third Avenue	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	−1⅝
76	76½	8,200	Tobacco Products	73⅝	76⅝	73⅝	76½	+3¼
38	38⅞	100	Transue & Wms.	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼	+½
127¼	127½	1,100	Union Pacific	127¼	127⅝	127¼	127½	+½
72½	73½	300	Union Pacific pf.	73	73	72⅞	72⅞	−1
38⅛	39	500	United Alloy Steel	38⅜	38⅜	38⅜	38⅜	+¼
111	111¼	2,400	United Cigar Stores	111⅛	111⅜	111	111⅛	+⅛
17½	18½	200	U. S. Express	18	18	18	18	...
103	103½	1,800	U. S. Indus. Alco.	102½	103⅜	102	103	+¾
99¾	101½	100	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	+¼
23	24	100	U. S. R. & Imp. Co.	24	24	24	24	−1
76⅛	76¼	5,100	U. S. Rubber	76	77¼	76	76¼	+½
46	46½	300	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	46	46	46	46	+1
45	47⅝	200	U. S. S., R. & M. pf.	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	+¼
90½	90⅝	75,000	U. S. Steel	89	90⅝	89	90½	+1
115	115½	700	U. S. Steel pf.	114⅞	115⅛	114⅞	115⅛	+⅛
69⅝	70	2,700	Utah Copper	69⅝	70⅛	69⅝	69⅝	+⅝
15⅞	16¼	3,400	Utah Securities	15½	16⅛	15½	16⅛	+⅝
52	52½	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	52	52	52	52	...
112½	113	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	...
7⅞	8¼	200	Wabash	8	8	8	8	+⅛
31⅝	32	900	Wabash pf. A	31½	32¼	31½	32¼	+¾
66	70	35	Wells Fargo Exp.	66	66	66	66	...
17½	19	100	Western Pacific	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	...
41	41½	300	Westingh. E. & M.	41⅛	41⅛	41	41	−¼
17	18	100	Wheel. & L. E. pf.	17	17	17	17	−1
68⅞	69	2,600	Wilson & Co.	68½	69¼	68½	68⅞	+1⅞
24½	24⅝	500	Willys-Overland	24	24⅝	24	24⅝	+⅛
128	130	100	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	128¼	128¼	128¼	128¼	+¼
67	68	100	Worth. Pump pf. B	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	−¼

P. R. R. WANTS $75,000,000.

Authorization to be Asked at Stockholders' Meeting in March.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announced to-night that the stockholders at the annual meeting of March 11 would be asked to authorize an increase of $75,000,000 in the company's indebtedness, to be made at such times as may be prescribed by the Directors. The purpose is to provide for present and future requirements, including obligations maturing during the year, and reimbursing the Government for additions, improvement and equipment expenditures made in connection with Government control and chargeable to the company.

Through unissued balances remaining from previous authorization the Directors at present are empowered to increase the indebtedness by approximately $46,000,000. The additional $75,000,000 will bring the total authorization to $121,000,000. The whole amount will not be immediately necessary, says the company's statement, but the authorization is required so that the company may be in a position to meet future needs promptly. The statement concludes:

"The budget of additions and improvements for the current year is not yet determined, but the United States Railroad Administration and the corporate officers, in co-operation, are making every effort to limit the expenditures to those actually necessary either for safety or the immediate needs of traffic, in order to avoid as far as possible creating the permanent burden of meeting capital charges on work done or equipment purchased under war conditions."

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Hocking Valley Notes Extended.

The Hocking Valley Railway Company, it is learned, has obtained a one-month extension on its $6,000,000 6 per cent. note issue, which was to have matured on Feb. 1. This brief extension, it is understood, was granted in order that the management of the company might have additional time in which to arrange for more definite financing. The plan under consideration at present is understood to call for the marketing of $7,500,000 in serial notes, to mature one-third in two years, one-third in three years, and the remainder in four years.

General Asphalt Retreats.

General Asphalt shares, which have enjoyed a steady advance on the Curb for several weeks, lost ground yesterday, and, while the loss was not so heavy as on the preceding day, there was evidence of profit taking on a sufficient scale to offset buying orders. The stock only a few weeks ago was quoted on the Curb at less than 50, and on Tuesday sold as high as 70. Specialists were inclined yesterday to call the decline a healthy reaction, and there were those who said that professionals were trying to depress the stock. The closing price last night was 62½ bid 62¾ asked.

Government Competition.

The recent announcement by the Shipping Board of the big cut in ocean freight rates was followed by considerable uneasiness among local shipowners, who are inclined to believe that the Government intends to compete with them. If such competition develops to any great extent the shipowners say they will not be able to continue the operation of their fleets. After three days of digesting the attitude of the Shipping Board the vessel owners are not quite so blue as they were at first, as they are now beginning to suggest that the board's action was only temporary to meet the emergency when it arose.

Consolidated Gas Advances.

The declaration of the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. by the Directors of the Consolidated Gas Company served to advance the issue in yesterday's trading on the Stock Exchange. After an opening at 89½ there was a rise to 93½, and the close at 92½ found the stock up 3¼ points. The annual report of the company, issued a few days ago, showed a deficit for the year, and at that time the stockholders asked as to the continuation of the present rate of dividend payment. No assurance as to the maintenance of the dividend was given, but attention was called to the large surplus, amounting to something like $25,000,000, which had been stored up for a "rainy day." It is admitted in all quarters except those absolutely committed to the bear side that the earnings of the company in an abnormal year can hardly be taken as indicative of conditions as they may be in the future.

Oklahoma Producing and Refining.

When the stock of the Oklahoma Producing and Refining Company was listed on the Stock Exchange several weeks ago, it sold up to 10¼, but since then there has been a decline, the issue closing yesterday at 8⅝, a loss of ⅛ for the day. The decline may have been brought about in some degree by knowledge that the company was preparing to increase the capital stock by $2,000,000. Announcement of this was made yesterday in a circular letter to stockholders, who will be asked to vote the proposed increase at the annual meeting. The new issue, if authorized, will be offered to stockholders of record at the close of business March 20 for subscription at par—$5 a share—at the rate of one new share for each five shares of the old stock.

General Tripp Going Abroad.

General Guy E. Tripp, Chairman of the Board of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, leaves for Europe today for a business survey. No intimation has been given as to the exact nature of his plans, but it is believed that the company contemplates an extension of its export interests.

Grain Trading.

Reports from Chicago say that out there plans for a resumption of trading in wheat are in the making. Two factions are at work in the Chicago Board of Trade, and while they fail to agree as to details, they are harmonious on the main subject, which is that resumption of trading is desirable. In New York a different view prevails, and it is felt that as long as the Government has to guarantee a price as high as $2.26, there should be no open market dealings at all.

New Price for Copper?

Reports yesterday were to the effect that some of the smaller copper companies were quoting 18¾ cents a pound for the metal. This is a reduction of 1¼ cents from the price which the small producers were reported as quoting some time ago. The larger companies still maintain that no copper is being sold by them below the 23-cent level which was established as the export price for copper. Demand for the metal appears to be lacking no matter what the price quoted and for this reason it is held that there can be no adjustment of price from the present level until there is real buying in sight. While there are reports from the Arizona region that the wage scale of the miners is to be based on 20-cent copper, other parts of the country hold that no such change is at present contemplated.

Decline in New York Air Brake.

Selling pressure against New York Air Brake developed yesterday, carrying the stock down more than 4 points to 100⅜. This caused the somewhat unusual spectacle of a 20 per cent. stock selling at only a fraction over par. In 1916 the stock, which was one of the outstanding war issues, sold at high as 186, and the high for last year was 139. The 20 per cent. dividend was first paid in 1917 as a 10 per cent. extra and 10 per cent. regular. This was later made a 20 per cent. regular dividend.

Equipment Stocks.

Announcement that the Railroad Administration would ask for $500,000,000 for extensions and equipment, of which $200,000,000 may be used to provide new cars and locomotives was construed as a favorable sign for the equipment stocks, although the fact was not particularly noticeable in the market. The doubt seems to be as to whether the railroads will want to accept new equipment.

MUTUAL LIFE'S REPORT.

$4,789,200 Paid for Deaths in 1918 Due to Pneumonia and Influenza.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company reports that in 1918 it paid its policy holders $69,651,430, this figure exceeding by $2,513,431 the total payments received directly from policy holders during the year. Since the organization of the company in 1843 there has been paid to policy holders $1,468,000,000. Of the amount paid out last year $4,789,200 was directly traceable to deaths from influenza and pneumonia.

The assets of the company are placed at $673,714,294, an increase of $39,714,724 over 1917. The surplus, or contingency reserve, now amounts to $15,731,076. The total amount of the company's new business during the year just passed was $208,920,389, an increase over that reported in the preceding year. The total amount of insurance in force at the close of 1918 was $1,861,881,953. The company owns $63,065,000 of Liberty bonds. It is announced that the same dividend rate paid in 1918 will continue through the present year.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 30, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$11,585,000	$6,844,000	$4,998,500
Year to date	265,354,500	107,265,000	130,397,300

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
11....99.14
50....99.10
22....99.12
31....99.10
92....99.12
87....99.10
13....99.08
$306,000
1st cv 4s, 1932-'47
24....93.30
10....93.28
1....93.16
2....93.22
10....93.20
1....93.30
11....93.20
$59,000
2d 4s, 1927-'42
35....93.10
77....93.00
2....92.90
2....93.00
1....93.30
11....92.90
11....92.96
32....93.00
1....92.92
2½....92.90
12....92.80
10....93.00
15....93.02
2....92.92
14....93.06
10....92.96
$237,500
1st cv 4¼s, 1932-'47
2....95.52
1....95.50
8....95.60
10....95.50
$21,000
2d cv 4¼s, 1927-'42
90....94.50
25....94.48
274....94.44
5....94.50
23....94.44
15....94.50
2....94.44
83....94.48
23....94.50
9....94.44
10....94.50
13....94.54
5....94.52
25....94.50
15....94.44
22....94.46
79....94.46
73....94.44
11....94.40
166....94.44
11....94.50
60....94.44
20....94.46
71....94.50
2....94.52
10....94.50
15....94.54
21....94.59
50....94.60
$1,293,000
3d 4¼s, '28
10....95.38
4....95.34
166....95.38
35....95.40
2....95.34
15....95.36
87....95.34
6....95.30
21....95.34
16....95.36
8....95.34
1....95.32
10....95.32
6....95.32
20....95.36
25....95.34
50....95.36
1....95.30
20....95.36
5....95.34
6....95.32
12....95.34
16....95.36
13....95.38
4....95.34
5....95.32
1....95.36
1....95.32
4....95.34
10....95.36
1....95.32
13....95.34
27....95.34
23....95.36
40....95.38
17....95.40
24....95.38
18....95.34
7....95.32
15....95.38
2....95.40
9....95.34
90....95.38
22....95.40
1....95.34
8....95.40
1....95.38
2....95.34
30....95.36
85....95.34
4....95.38
53....95.40
1....95.36
1....95.34
10....95.40
40....95.42
10....95.38
39....95.36
10....95.42
3....95.36
1....95.38
9....95.40
31....95.42
2....95.38
8....95.36
3....95.40
35....95.42
25....95.40
60....95.44
9....95.38
6....95.36
2....95.40
23....95.44
8....95.40
6....95.42
3....95.44
71....95.46
1....95.40
2....95.38
5....95.40
35....95.38
25....95.36
25....95.40
$1,587,000
4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
100....94.44
50....94.46
195....94.44
8½....94.42
18....94.40
10....94.46
2....94.40
11....94.34
1....94.40
46....94.38
37....94.34
4....94.38
6....94.36
43....94.34
15....94.36
1....94.32
50....94.34
10....94.36
3....94.38
50....94.34
104....94.32
42....94.34
15....94.32
11....94.36
60....94.38
67....94.32
1....94.34
60....94.32
1....94.30
55....94.36
15....94.34
43....94.32
26....94.30
10....94.38
152....94.36
40....94.34
8....94.32
14....94.34
35....94.36
1....94.38
15....94.32
35....94.30
51....94.34
54....94.36
12....94.38
9....94.34
2....94.38
54....94.36
6....94.34
26....94.40
2....94.36
41....94.35
62....94.40
28....94.38
1....94.34
11....94.36
20....94.34
5....94.38
2....94.40
5....94.36
4....94.34
2....94.40
16....94.36
10....94.34
8....94.36
27....94.38
207....94.40
51....94.42
5....94.38
2....94.36
56....94.44
59....94.40
115....94.44
25....94.46
14....94.40
40....94.44
11....94.40
43....94.44
10....94.42
40....94.44
9....94.40
1....94.44
20....94.42
20....94.44
60....94.46
4....94.40
2....94.42
6....94.48
5....94.40
19....94.40
69....94.44
5....94.40
9....94.42
16....94.44
1....94.40
4....94.44
1....94.48
110....94.40
57....94.44
40....94.40
1....94.38
50....94.44
$3,102,500
AmForSecs5s
24....99⅝
Anglo-Fr 5s
10....97⅝
26....97⅝
9....97⅝
4....97⅝
1....97⅝
140....97⅝
¼....98
66....97⅝
7....97⅝
16....97⅝
1....97⅝
1....97⅝
41....97⅝
¼....97⅝
16....97⅝
4....97⅝
25....97⅝
2....97⅝
1....97⅝
5....97⅝
CityofBord6s
10....100⅝
50....101
CityofLyons6s
4....100⅝
75....101
CityofMars6s
11....100⅝
44....101
CityofParis6s
7....98⅝
179....99
5....99⅛
5....99⅛
60....99⅛
234....99
6....98⅞
CityofTokio5s
4....81½
DomofCan5s, 1921
8....98¼
1926
1....97¼
1931
4....97¼
1....97⅝
FrenchGov5½s
19....104⅝
62....104⅛
7....104⅝
Jap Govt 4½s, stl ln, 2d Ser, German stp
1....84⅝
UnKofGtBr&Ire5½s,1919
8....100
10....100⅛
28....100
new 1921
....100⅛
44....100⅝
5½s, 1921
10....98⅞
4....98⅞
31....98½
42....98⅞
207....98½
5½s, 1937
14....100⅝
86....100⅝
115....100⅝
NYCity4s,1959
10....91½
4½s, 1960
1....98
Adams Exp 4s
6....65
AmAgChe5s
1....98⅝
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
6....91
10....90½
AmT&T col 4s
15....84
col tr 5s
1....93⅝
7....93½
conv 6s
1....102⅝
1....102⅝
15....102⅝
2....102⅝
11....102⅝
32....102½
A,T&SFgen4s
10....83⅝
adjust4s,stpd
12....75½
Atl Cat L gen unified 4½s
2....85
B&O pr ln 3½s
1....88¼
2....88⅝
10....88⅛
30....88
gold 4s
5....77½
conv 4½s
1....78½
1....78½
1....78
ref 5s
1....81⅝
4....81½
2....81½
SWdiv3½s
1....84½
4....84
Tol.Cindiv4s
2....65½
Beth Stl ext 5s
1....95½
purmoney5s
19....80½
B R T gold 5s
3....71
7s, 1921
11....78
10....79
5....79½
2....79
Bkln Un El 1st 5s, stamped
1....72
CalGas&E5s
5....95⅝
CenLeather5s
1....96¼
CenPacgtd4s
2....81
C & O gen 4½s
1....77
2....77½
conv 4½s
2....79½
con 5s
2....85½
10....85⅝
10....85½
2....85⅞
2....85⅝
Chi & Alt 3½s
3....36½
C,B&Qgen4s
5....82¾
joint 4s
1....95½
6....95⅝
20....95¼
5 3....95½
2....95½
Neb ext 4s
35....93¾
Chi,M&StP4s, 1925
1....84
4s, 1934
5....72
conv 4½s
4....76¼
ref 4½s
1....72¾
cv 5s, Ser B
3....79½
C,RI&Pgen4s
2....76½
1....76⅝
Chi,RI&PRy ref 4s
8....74½
3....74⅝
2....75
Chi,StL&P5s
1....102
Chi&WI con 4s
5....62⅝
Chile Cop col tr 6s
18....83½
1....83⅝
Con Gas cv 6s
1....100⅝
10....100⅝
12....101
10....100⅝
Del&Hud lien eqpt 4½s
2....96
Den&RioGde 1st & ref 5s
2....50
DetCityGas5s
1....96¼
Dul&IR 1st 5s
10....94½
E Tenn reorgn lien 5s
5....95½
Erie1stcon4s
2....66
9....67
1st gen 4s
5....53
3....53½
cv 4s, Ser D
5....49⅝
Granby Consol cv 6s, Ser A
5....97
GtNor ref 4½s
1....85½
Hud&Man1st &ref5s,SerA
3....58
2....58⅝
adj inc 5s
2....16¼
2....16¼
1....16⅝
IllCent4s,1953
1....77
ref 4s
3....83
Ill Steel 4½s
5....84
2....83
Inter-Met 4½s
2....39½
5....39⅝
1....39⅝
45....40
8....39⅝
10....39⅝
3....39⅝
IRT1st&ref5s
8....69⅛
7....69⅛
10....69⅝
10....69⅝
2....69⅝
30....70
7....70⅛
3....70
1....70⅛
Int Agr Corp col tr 5s
7....79
1....78⅞
5....79
IntMerMar6s
10....97⅝
26....98
2....98⅛
6....98
3....98⅛
IowaCenref4s
1....43½
5....43
15....44
KC,FtS&M6s
5....102¾
KC,FtS&M4s
1....74¼
Lack S 5s, '50
2....86½
Lacl Gas L of St L 1st 5s
2....99⅝
L S & M So 4s, 1928
5....89½
L V col tr 6s, temp rcts
1....101¼
7....101⅛
2....101⅛
1....101⅛
L V of N Y gtd4½s
1....92
Ligg & M 7s
1....112¼
Ligg & M 5s
2....93
LorillardCo7s
1....112¼
LorillardCo5s
2....91
1....90½
L&N uni 4s
2....85
Midvale Steel col tr 5s
1....87¼
M & St L, Pac ext 6s
2....99
M, St P & S S M 1st con 4s
2....87⅝
Mo P gen 4s
1....60¼
50....60⅝
1....60⅛
Mont P 5s, A
2....92¼
NO,T&M6s, A
1....96⅝
income 5s
3....37
5....38
NYCent deb 6s
12....99⅝
18....99½
gen 3½s
3....71⅝
ref & imp 4½s, A
1....84½
N Y Conn R R gtd 4½s
10....84½
NYG,EL,H&P col tr 5s
11....94
NYRys adj 5s
2....12½
NY,W&B4½s
1....52
N & W con 4s
24....84
cv 6s, sub r, full paid
7....106⅛
22....106⅝
30....106⅝
5....106⅝
1....106⅝
Nor Pac 4s
1....83⅝
Nor Pac 3s
2....59⅜
3....60
Nor. States P 1st & ref 5s
5....89⅝
1....89
OregSL 1st 6s
1....100⅛
Oreg-WRR&N 1st & ref 4s
4....78
PacofMo1st4s
3....81
Pac T & T 5s
5....94½
3....93
Pan-Am P & T equip 6s, '20
2....112¾
PaRRcons4½s
5....93¾
1....93½
gen 4½s
1....93⅝
10....93⅝
gen 5s, temp ctfs
28....96⅝
32....96⅝
PaCogtd4s,E
1....87
Peop Gas & C of Chi ref 5s
4....75
PereMar 1st 5s
7....86
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1924
3....91
4....91⅛
1....90⅝
3....90⅝
PSC s f 5s
1....78
Read'g gen 4s
2....86⅝
5....86⅝
RI,Ark&L4½s
3....72
St L & S F pr lien 4s, A
1....61½
1....61⅝
25....61⅝
pr lien 5s, B
1....77
StLSW con 4s
3....60⅝
1st Term 5s
1....60
StP&SC 1st 6s
1....106
SeabAR 1st 5s
1....98
Sincl O & R 1st s f 7s
1....95⅝
1....96⅝
with war
8....99⅝
2....99⅝
3....99
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
1....93
2....92
So Pac cv 4s
15....83⅞
conv 5s
16....101⅛
13....101⅛
11....102
SouthRy1st5s
13....94⅝
gen 4s
2....66⅝
12....67
9....66⅝
4....66⅝
4....67
1....67¼
10....67⅛
ThirdAv ref 4s
2....51½
23....50
adj 5s
2....28
2....28¼
2....28⅝
Tri-City 5s
2....95⅝
Un Pac 1st 4s
2....87
conv 4s
2....87⅝
1st & ref 4s
2....80
Union Pac 6s
5....104¼
14....104⅝
USR&Imp5s
1....63⅝
6....63⅝
5....63
U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s
17....86⅝
13....86⅝
U S Stl Corp s f 5s
42....100
Utah P & L 5s
5....88⅝
Va-CarChem5s
4....95⅝
Wabash [illegible]
3....98
1....98⅝
Westn Md 4s
4....53
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
5....98⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99⅞
Anglo French 5s	97⅞	97¾
Argentine 5s	89	93
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98⅝	98¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	97⅛	97⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97⅛	97⅝
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	92	94
Chinese Government 5s	70½	72
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	93	95
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	90½	96⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	81	83
Dominican Republic 5s	90	..
French Republic 5½s	104⅝	104⅞
City of Bordeaux 6s	100⅝	101
City of Lyons 6s	100⅝	101
City of Marseilles 6s	100⅝	101
City of Paris 6s	98⅞	99
Japanese 4½s	87	88
Japanese 4½s, second series	87¼	88¼
Japanese 4s	70⅝	74½
City of Tokio 5s	81½	82½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100⅛	100⅜
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	100	100⅛
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅝	98⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	100¼	100⅝
United States of Mexico 5s	..	66
United States of Mexico 4s	47	55
Russian Government 4s, 1894	32	..

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	98½	Pan 2s, c, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97½	98½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	87	92
3s, r, 1946	89	92	Pan 3s, c, 1961	87	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92	P I 4s, '34	90	96
4s, r, 1925	104¼	105	P I 4s, '35	90	96
4s, c, 1925	104⅝	105	P I 4s, '36	90	96
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	98	Dist of C 3-65s	97	100
Pan 2s, c, 1936	97	..			
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	98			

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	45	48½
Alaska G M	3¼	3⅝
Alaska J	1⅞	2
Alh & Sus.	..	185
Alls & W.	97½	..
Am B N	31	35
Do pf.	43	45½
Am B Sug pf.	85	90
Am C pf.	101¼	102⅝
Am Coal	45	..
Am Cot Oil pf.	82	92
Am Lo pf.	102	103¾
Am M 1st pf.	45	47
Am Shipb.	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	91	93
Am Sn pf.	95	101
Am Sug R pf.	115	117
Am S Tob pf.	92	94⅝
Am T & C.	55	70
Am Tob.	193	195
Do pf.	101	103
Am Zinc	11	11½
Do pf.	38	48
Assets R.	1⅜	1½
Asso D G.	20	22⅝
Do 1st pf	60	65
Do 2d pf.	40¼	..
A, B & A.	7⅛	7⅝
A. G & W I pf.	64	66
Barrett Co.	109	109⅞
B'ch Cr'k.	30¼	..
Beth S pf.	59⅞	60¼
B U Gas.	80	90
Brown Sh.	68¼	71
Do pf.	96½	100
Bruns Ter.	8⅞	9⅝
B, R & P.	65	72½
Do pf.	90	107
Burns Bros pf.	110	113
Bush Ter.	..	97
B C & Z.	6	6⅝
Bui'k Co.	14⅝	17
Cal & Ar.	59	59⅞
Can So.	..	50
Case (J I) pf.	91½	94
Cent Fdy.	17	23
Do pf.	31	34
Cent L pf.	105¼	106
C R R of N J ex d.	207	230
C & S A Tel.	110	118
C'tain-teed	..	37½
Chi & Alt.	7	10¼
Do pf.	..	12
Chi Gt W.	7½	8
C & N W.	95	96½
Do pf.	131	135⅞
Chi, St P, M & Om.	75	82
Do pf.	105	120
C, C, C & St L.	34	36
Do pf.	62½	73
Cl & Pitts.	60½	80
Do spec.	38	..
Clu-Peab.	60⅛	62
Clu-P pf.	106⅝	107⅞
Col F pf.	102	..
Col & So.	21	22
Do 1st pf	49	53
Do 2d pf.	43	48
C I C M.	8	9
Cont C pf.	105	107
Cont Ins.	61½	62¼
Crex Carp.	40	55
Cruc S pf.	90¼	94
C-Am Sug.	148	160
D & Co pf.	95	98
Del & Hud.	103	103½
D, L & W.	173	180
Det Ed.	110	113
Det & M.	..	85
Det U Ry.	..	89
D, S S & A.	2⅞	3¼
Do pf.	4	7
Elec S B.	50	55
Elk H C.	27	29
Do pf.	..	47
Erie 1st pf	26	26¼
Do 2d pf.	18¼	20
Erie & P.	..	70
F M & S.	9	10
Gen Chem.	165	173
Do pf.	102	107
Gen Cig pf.	100	106
Gen M pf.	82½	83¾
G'drich pf.	102½	103
Granby C.	74	75
G, M & N.	7	9
Do pf.	30	33⅜
Gulf S S.	52½	55
Do 1st pf	94	99⅝
Hartman	54½	57
Hask & B.	42½	42⅝
Homestake	96	98
Ill. Cent.	96⅛	96⅝
Ins Ag pf.	55	57
Int H pf.	114	..
Int N pf.	94⅝	..
Int Pa pf.	75	90
Do pf s.	62	63
Int Salt	52	60
Iowa Cent.	2½	5
Jewel Tea.	31	33
Do pf.	89	90
K C, Ft S & M pf.	59	..
Kelly S T pf.	90½	98
Kelsey Wh	32	36
Do pf.	88	95
K & D M.	2½	5
Do pf.	..	75
K'gs Co El L & P.	..	98
Kresge(SS)	108	..
Do pf.	106	..
Kress(S H) pf.	105½	107½
Lacl Gas.	80	87
L E & W.	7¼	7⅝
Do pf.	18⅝	20
Ligg & M.	205	215
Do pf.	108	109
L-W B 1st pf.	95½	..
Do 2d pf.	94	97½
Lorill'd Co pf.	106½	109
Louis & N.	113¼	114¾
M'kay Cos.	70	71
Do pf.	64	64½
Man B'ch.	⅝	3
Man El S.	..	48
Man Shirt.	67	78
Marlin R.	..	80
Math Alk.	..	44
M Dep Sts pf.	105	106
Mex P pf.	106½	..
Mich Cent.	85¼	96
M & St L.	10	10½
M, St P & S S M.	91	95
Do pf.	100	108
Do l l.	60	70
M, K & T.	5	5¼
Do pf.	9	10
Mon V Tc.	..	14
Mon P pf.	104	..
Mor & Es.	69⅝	75½
N, C & St L.	112	120
Nat Acme.	30	31
Nat B pf.	116½	120
Nat C & S.	70	75
Do pf.	103	104
Nat En pf.	93	97
Nat Lead.	67	67⅝
Do pf.	108⅝	..
N O, T & Mex.	31¼	33
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	60	66
Do 2d pf.	42	43
N Y Dock.	21	24
Do pf.	40	47
N Y, L & West	90	100
Norf So.	15	17
Norf & W.	103	105½
Do pf.	70	..
North Am.	47	50
Nor Cent.	67	74
Ohio F S.	43	45
Owens B M	48	48⅞
Do pf.	100	109
Pabst B pf	..	100
Pac Coast.	42	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf.	53	80
Pac Mail.	34	35
P T & T.	22	24
Do pf.	88	90
Pan-Am P & T pf.	118	120
Peo & E.	4½	5⅛
Pere Marq.	12⅞	13
Do pr pf.	53⅞	60
pf.	58⅞	60
Do pf.	40	44
Pett-Mull.	25	45
Do 1st pf	98	..
Pierce-A pf	102⅝	..
P, C, C & St L.	45½	50
P, Ft W & C.	132	138
Pitts S pf.	90⅝	94
P & W Va pf.	79⅝	81¼
Pr Stl Car pf.	99	102
P S, N J.	82	85
R R Sec, I C stk cfs.	..	..
Ry Stl Spr pf.	103	107
Rdg 1st pf.	37½	38
Do 2d pf.	37⅝	38
St L S W.	18⅝	22½
Do pf.	28	29
Seab A L pf.	15⅝	16⅝
Sears-R.	172	175
Do pf.	115	125
S-S S & I.	50½	51½
Do pf.	88	91½
So P R S pf.	107	110
St'd Mill.	126	130
Do pf.	88½	90
Studeb Co pf.	92	97
Sup Steel.	33	35
Do 1st pf	95	101
Tide W O.	219	230
Tob P pf.	101	103
T, St L & West	..	8
Do ctfs.	..	8
Do pf.	10	20
Do pf c.	10	12
T C R T.	43	..
Do pf.	80½	124
Und Type.	120	128
Do pf.	108	..
U B & P.	78	80
Un Cig Sts pf.	105¼	125
Un Drug.	92	93
Do 1st pf	53	53¼
Do 2d pf.	92	92¼
U Dyew'd.	53	61
Do pf.	90	..
Un Fruit.	157	162
U Rys In.	8	9
Do pf.	16	18
U S C I P.	14⅝	15
Do pf.	44	46⅝
U S R 1st pf.	109⅝	110½
Va I, C & Coke	54	60
Va R & P.	..	48
Wab pf. B.	19⅝	20
West Md.	10⅝	11
Do 2d pf.	22	29
W Pac pf.	..	60
West Un.	86⅝	88
W E & M 1st pf.	60	65
Weym-B.	169	179
W & L E.	4	9
White Mtr.	46	47
W-Ov pf.	87⅝	88⅝
Wilson pf.	95	99
Wis Cent.	31	34
W'w'th pf.	116½	118
Wor Pump.	54	55
Do pf. A.	88	89⅝

FINANCIAL NOTES.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Canadian Car and Foundry Company, Nathaniel Curry, the President, called attention to the large surplus of assets over current liabilities and declared that the company would be able to pay off back dividends on the preferred stock. Mr. Curry was made Chairman of the board and was succeeded as President by W. W. Butler.

G. B. Rickenbaugh, who has been connected with the Irving National Bank for several years, has been elected Vice President of the Scott Corporation, a concern dealing in automobile accessories in both domestic and foreign fields.

Edgar B. Davis, for several years director in charge of the plantation interests in Sumatra of the United States Rubber Company, has resigned to engage in the work of construction and reconstruction of business enterprises.

Claude Meeker has issued a circular letter dealing with Cities Service Securities.

Major Alexander P. Gray, formerly with the Stock Exchange firm of Hobart & Gray, which recently dissolved, has become connected with E. S. Hooley & Co.

Alexander Herman & Brother are issuing a descriptive circular on the Intercontinental Rubber Company.

J. Frank Howell, President of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, was the host at a dinner served at the new Pennsylvania Hotel to the Board of Governors of the Consolidated Exchange Wednesday evening.

Alexander Jay Ferber, formerly of A. M. Kidder & Co., has become associated with Gwynn Brothers.

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We are able to offer in small amounts a limited number of conservative bonds that have been on the market for some time and have been tested under diversified economic and market conditions. The safety and yield of these bonds make them attractive to investors with funds available.

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Send for Circular T-5, giving particulars of Marine Trusts Yielding 7% to 8%.

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Mississippi River Power Company
1st Mortgage 5% Bonds
Due January, 1951
Price to Yield About 6½%

Net earnings are nearly double the interest on these bonds.

They are secured by first mortgage on the entire property of the Company, which owns one of the largest *hydro-electric* developments in the world located on the Mississippi River at Keokuk, Iowa.

Power is sold to public utility and industrial companies in the surrounding territory, including St. Louis, East St. Louis, Burlington and Fort Madison.

Circular B-2 containing detailed information sent upon request.

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OPPOSES M'ADOO'S FIVE-YEAR PLAN

Organization of State Railway Commissioners Voices Objections at Senate Hearing.

URGES CONGRESS TO ACT

It Objects Also to a Secretary of Transportation, but Favors Many Reforms.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Opposition to the McAdoo five-year plan for extension of the period of Federal control over the railroads was voiced before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee today on behalf of the State Railway Commissioners by Charles E. Elmquist, President of the National Association of Railway and Utilities Commissioners. This is an organization composed of the members of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the regulating commissions of all the States except Delaware.

President Elmquist urged the committee to deal, first, in legislation which he hoped would be enacted before the session of Congress ends on March 4, with railroad matters calling for immediate relief, and that it would then turn its attention to those of a less pressing but more permanent nature. He insisted that the present Congress should dispose of the McAdoo five-year plan before March 4.

"The railroads were taken over for war purposes only," said Mr. Elmquist. "They have performed that function well. Troops have been freely and expeditiously moved and necessary supplies and munitions have been furnished to our armies at home and abroad. The real purpose for Government control having been accomplished, good faith and square dealing demand the return of these roads to their owners at a time when it will not embarrass the country or seriously cripple the transportation machine, and under such legislative safeguards as the people may approve.

"We believe that Dec. 31, 1919, would afford ample time for this purpose. If a special session of Congress is called to consider the railroad problem, Congress should either amend the Federal Control act or adopt a joint resolution fixing that date for the return of the properties."

Four reasons were given by Mr. Elmquist why his organization is opposed to the five-year plan, as follows:

1. It continues the present guaranteed compensation of practically a billion dollars per annum to the railroads for a period of five years, as well as the prospect of the present high operating cost. No one can foresee what the operating, economic or financial situations of these carriers or the country will be during this period.

2. It continues in time of peace the alleged war power of the President to set aside State and Federal laws, to initiate rates, to fix wages, route traffic, and consolidate properties and terminals.

3. It continues the uncertain and chaotic condition of rates and practices whereby shippers are denied the right to be heard before rates go into effect, and it purports to suspend, for the period of five years, laws which have been wisely passed in the States for the regulation of common carriers. During this time shippers, claimants and State officers may be required to bring actions against the Federal Government instead of against the railroads.

4. It thrusts prominently into the public forum a discussion of Government ownership before the work of valuing these properties has been completed by the Government, and before it is possible to know what the railroad properties are worth. Common business sense suggests the wisdom of ascertaining the sum involved in the purchase before deciding the question.

Dealing with the matters calling for immediate legislative relief, Mr. Elmquist said:

"Remedial legislation for the protection of the public should be enacted before March 4, but a final solution of the railroad question cannot, and in justice to all interests should not, be solved by this Congress. There is not sufficient time in the five weeks which remain of this session to agree upon a policy which will properly safeguard the interests of the public, the employes and the investors. Hence, first consideration should be given to those matters which can now properly be disposed of.

"We earnestly recommend that this Congress amend Section 10 of the Federal Control Act so as to take from the President the alleged right to set aside State or Federal laws or the orders of commissions applicable to common carriers.

"We recommend that Section 10 of the Federal Control act be amended so that rates initiated by the Director General may be suspended pending a final determination by the Interstate Commerce Commission and State Commissions; and in this connection we strongly urge the immediate adoption of the Cummins bill, with certain modifications."

Mr. Elmquist said his organization also favored the merger within proper limits of the carriers' lines and facilities in such part and to such extent as might be necessary in the public interest to meet the reasonable demands of domestic and foreign commerce; the consolidation of terminal facilities whenever the public interest would be promoted thereby; the development of inland water ways and the co-ordination of rail and water systems, but that this could not be done without giving regulating tribunals the right to fix minimum as well as maximum rates.

The right of shippers to route traffic, except in cases of emergency, was favored but the proposal to appoint a Secretary of Transportation was opposed because it would "make the railroads the football of politics." The organization, he said, also opposed Federal incorporation of railroads.

"We believe that employes in the railroad service should be adequately compensated," he said. "We doubt the advisability, however, of conferring upon the Interstate Commerce Commission the power to fix wages."

SEARS, ROEBUCK YEAR.

Gross Sales Show Increase, but Profits Are Reduced.

The annual report of Sears, Roebuck & Co. for the year ended Dec. 31, 1918, shows net profits of $12,704,064 after allowances for charges and war taxes. This is equivalent, after the deduction of preferred dividends, to $16.10 a share on the common stock. In 1917 the net profits were $14,119,027, and after the deduction of preferred dividends there was left an amount equivalent to $18.08 a share on the $75,000,000 common stock.

The gross sales of the company in 1918 were $198,523,079, an increase of $20,254,856. The net sales of $181,665,829 show an increase of about $15,000,000 over the preceding year. There was a large increase in expenses during the year, the 1918 figures being $158,633,533, compared with $147,103,650. After the payment of preferred and common dividends there was left a surplus of $6,145,630. The total surplus of the company stands at $26,616,134.

The balance sheet shows that inventory is placed at $47,531,096, compared with $36,873,213 in 1917. The company at the close of 1918 held $5,651,656 in Liberty bonds, practically double the holdings of the year before.

Two Seats in Stock Exchange Sold.

The New York Stock Exchange memberships of Allerton W. Kilborne and George E. Dimock have been posted for transfer to Edward E. McCrone and C. Perry Beadleston. The considerations, it was reported, were $69,000 and $68,000, respectively. Irving P. Fay and Mortimer W. Loewi have been elected to membership on the Exchange.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.
YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	81.11	80.85	80.97	+ .01
25 industrials	82.04	81.32	81.74	+ .56
50 stocks	71.57	70.98	71.35	+ .26

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 28	71.52	70.81	71.07	— .70
Jan. 27	71.00	71.35	71.77	+ .22
Jan. 26	71.82	71.24	71.55	— .22
Jan. 25	72.10	71.73	71.77	— .83
Jan. 24	72.25	71.21	72.10	+1.07
Jan. 23	71.34	70.36	71.03	+ .48

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	74.09	Jan. 3	69.78	Jan. 21	71.35
1918	69.09	Jan. 31	64.12	Jan. 15	68.91
1917	90.46	Jan. 1	84.71	Jan. 31	85.21
1916	91.83	Jan. 3	84.47	Jan. 31	85.17
1915	94.68	Jan. 22	80.07	Jan. 2	92.27

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.09	Jan. 3	69.78	Jan. 21	71.35
†1918	69.09	Jan. 31	64.42	Jan. 15	68.91
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	85.83
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.23
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.38

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues 78.00	+ .00	— .56	+ .57

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Jan. 28	77.91	— .11	Jan. 21	77.93	— .17
Jan. 27	78.02	+ .02	Jan. 20	78.10	— .35
Jan. 26	78.00		Jan. 18	78.45	— .03
Jan. 25	78.00	+ .24	Jan. 17	78.48	— .11
Jan. 24	77.76	— .07	Jan. 16	78.59	— .06
Jan. 23	76.83	+ .05	Jan. 15	78.84	— .03
Jan. 22	77.78	— .15			

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	77.76	Jan. 24	78.00
†1918	77.43	Jan. 21	70.64	Jan. 24	77.43
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.85	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	80.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BUY SOUTHERN ROAD NOTES

Chicago Syndicate Gets $25,000,000 Issue of 3-Year 6 Per Cents.

The Southern Railway has sold an issue of $25,000,000 three-year 6 per cent. notes to a syndicate headed by Halsey, Stuart & Co., and the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago. It is understood that a public offering of the notes will be made within a few days at 98¾ and interest.

There was a considerable surprise expressed yesterday in the financial district when it was learned that the Chicago syndicate had obtained the notes. Heretofore Southern Railway financing has usually been attended to by Eastern bankers, including J. P. Morgan & Co. Several days ago it was reported that this firm had made a bid to the Director of Finance of the Railroad Administration, and it was assumed that the firm would ultimately get the business. New, however, it is said that the bid the Eastern financiers made, which is supposed to have been in the neighborhood of 97, was about 1 per cent. below that of the Chicago syndicate.

J. P. Morgan & Co. yesterday issued a statement in which it was said the Railroad Administration had shown it every courtesy in the matter of the Southern Railway notes. "It gave us an opportunity to submit a bid for these notes," said the statement, "and when it felt unable to accept the bid it gave us a further opportunity to revise our offer if we so desired, which we felt unable to do. We hope this issue will meet with every success."

BUFFALO FEDERAL RESERVE.

New York Bank Will Open a Branch in That City.

The New York Federal Reserve Bank, it was announced yesterday, has decided to open a branch in Buffalo to receive deposits, handling currency, make collections of checks and notes, and transfers of funds. The opening of this branch, which is the first to be established by the New York bank, has been decided upon as the result of a request from the three Buffalo member banks, and has been concurred in by several of the nonmember banks in that city.

When the Buffalo branch is opened the Federal Reserve system will have twelve banks and eighteen branches all connected by telegraph by which the several banks and the member banks may transfer funds, at par, and without cost. The opening of this branch places Buffalo on a par with Cincinnati and Pittsburgh, which have branches of the Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank, and with Detroit, which maintains a branch of the Chicago institution.

TWIN CITY EARNINGS DROP.

Rapid Transit Company Shows $786,596 Decrease for Year.

A sharp decrease in the earnings is shown in the annual report of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1918. The net earnings, after the payment of taxes, amounted to $1,755,554, a decrease of $786,596 from the year before. Other income increased the total to $1,770,769, but interest and other charges took $1,079,467, leaving a balance of $691,302 available for dividends. This is equivalent, after the deduction of preferred dividends, to $2.18 a share on the $22,000,000 common stock.

Common dividends of only $440,000 were paid during the year, as compared with payments on the junior issue in 1917 of $1,320,000. This cut in dividends made the surplus for the year $41,302, as compared with $8,050 after the payment of the heavier dividends on the common stock in 1917. The value placed in the balance sheet on road and equipment is $52,825,771, practically the same as in 1917.

B. F. GOODRICH CO.'S YEAR.

Reports Net Profits of $15,500,000 from Its Operations.

In a preliminary report of the B. F. Goodrich Company, manufacturers of rubber goods, for the year 1918, net sales are shown to have been $123,400,000 and the net profits $15,500,000, before making provision for Federal income and excess profits taxes, but after allowances for maintenance, charges, depreciation and doubtful debts. No provision was made as to the excess profits taxes because the company desired to await the terms of the pending revenue bill.

The Goodrich Company report for 1917 showed profits of $12,704,677 before making off $2,250,000 for such taxes there remained a balance for dividends of $10,544,677.

SERVICE BOARD WINS ITS FIGHT FOR FUNDS

Board of Estimate Today Will Grant an Appropriation of $1,952,000 for Subways.

SMITH ENDS THE QUARREL

Governor, at Secret Conference, Said to Have Given an Ultimatum to City Authorities.

A compromise brought about it was said by Governor Alfred E. Smith has ended the long financial quarrel between the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission on the question of the appropriation of money for the continuation of subway building. As a result of the Governor's intercession it was announced yesterday at City Hall that the Board of Estimate today would pass a resolution giving the Public Service Commission $1,952,000. While this is slightly less than the amount originally sought by the Public Service Commission, it was said that it was sufficient to carry out the subway program.

Governor Smith held a secret conference with the Board of Estimate when he was in New York last, at which it is said he delivered an ultimatum to that body. It was reported yesterday that he told the members that unless they took favorable action to safeguard the city's subway program he would be obliged to take cognizance of the charges made to him by Public Service Commissioner Travis H. Whitney that the work was being held up and that the commission had been compelled to drop from the payroll 323 engineers.

The quarrel between the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission began when the latter submitted a budget for the year 1919 calling for $1,999,993. The board refused to pass the budget on the ground that many of the items were not clear to the members. A deadlock ensued and the money was not appropriated. As time went on it became necessary for the commission to discharge 323 engineers and inspectors of subway work for lack of funds. Commissioner Whitney then complained to the Governor that the construction program of the city was threatened by what he called the arbitrary attitude of the Board of Estimate. The deadlock continued and was only broken when Governor Smith took a hand in the situation.

The appropriation of the money makes possible the re-employment of the engineering force and the continuation of all the plans for the present year.

Commissioner Whitney declined last night to make any comment on the victory of the commission. It was also reported yesterday that if the proposed legislation for a single Public Service Commissioner was passed Mr. Whitney would probably get the place.

RECEIVER FOR CAR LINES.

Contractor Charges That Rhode Island Company is Insolvent.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 30.—Frank S. Swan, a Providence attorney, was appointed today temporary receiver of the Rhode Island Company, which owns the State's system of street railways. A hearing on the question of making the receivership permanent will be held on March 4.

This action was taken by Justice Tanner in the Superior Court on petition of John J. Orr of Providence, a contractor, whose bill of complaint alleges that the company owes him $605.25, that it is unable to pay its bills and is insolvent.

The financial troubles of the company have been before the public for the last two or three years. War prices on labor and material have forced the company to seek aid wherever it could be found. A special commission of the General Assembly investigated its affairs a year ago and found conditions desperate.

Under authority from the Public Utilities Commission, a substantial increase was made in fares several months ago, but the rise in revenue failed to cover increasing expenses. Among the largest of these expenses was an increase granted to employes by the War Labor Board.

In 1908 the New Haven Road acquired the Rhode Island company, and in 1914, under proceedings brought under the Sherman law, the New Haven was forced to rid itself of its trolley properties. Federal trustees have since administered the property.

The physical valuation of the company's property, as reported by the special legislative commission, is $29,000,000, and the amount of the investment of the New Haven Road is at the present time $10,000,000.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increased	£131,000
Circulation, increased	319,000
Bullion, increased	449,811
Other securities, increased	1,395,000
Public deposits, decreased	604,000
Other deposits, decreased	4,073,000
Notes reserve, increased	36,000
Government securities, decrease	7,041,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 20.13 per cent.; last week it was 19.32 per cent. Rate of discount 5 per cent.

French Bank Statement.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	5,657,117
Silver in hand decreased	1,150,209
Notes in circulation increased	180,280,390
Treasury deposits decreased	14,247,030
General deposits decreased	153,474,612
Bills discounted increased	4,885,588
Advances decreased	17,491,118

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer Oil	5	5¼	Houghton	80	90
Bay S Gas	7	9	Hum Oil	27	29
Bos Arts	1¼		Iron Blos	45	55
Boston Ely	92	95	Iron Cap	14¾	15¼
Bos Mont	48	49	Jer Verde	40	50
Begole	1	50	La Rose	20	40
Bohemia	75	85	Majestic	20	22
Butte Lon	12	13	Mex Metals	23	24
Calaveras	1¼	1½	Moj Tung	4	6
Champ. old	3	3¾	New Baltic	1	1¼
Chief Cons	3¼	3½	Nat Z & L	9	10
Cons Cop	5½	6	Nixon Nev	39	41
Cons Ariz	1¾	1¼	Nev Doug	18	19
Cortez	13	15	Oneco	2	45
Crystal	10	20	Onondaga	10	15
Crown Res	42	48	Seven Mets	40	41
Denbigh	61	63	S W Miami, full paid	85	1¼
Earle Eagle		2	Un Ver Ext	32½	33¼
Eagle D Bl	2¼	2¾	Vic Mines		75
Fortuna	3	5	Yukon Gold	70	90
Gold Lake	2	5			

FINANCES OF CITY.

Chamberlain's Statement of Receipts, Payments, and Balances for the week ending Jan. 25.

CITY TREASURY.

Balance—Jan. 18		$15,965,319.90
Receipts—Revenues	$1,378,950.40	
Miscellaneous	33,050.77	
Revenue bills	5,000,000.00	
Corp. stock notes	5,000.00	
		6,417,001.17
		$22,373,212.07
Payments—General Administration	$3,009,788.22	
Revenue bonds and bills	1,100,000.00	
Redemption of city debt	205,123.29	
Interest on city debt	24,010.78	
		4,338,932.29
Balance—Jan. 25		$18,034,279.78

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance—Uninvested Jan. 18	$3,112,246.84	
Receipts	536,043.44	
	$3,648,290.28	
Payments	155,000.00	
Balance—Uninvested Jan. 25		3,493,290.28
Aggregate balance—Jan. 25		$21,527,570.06

22 Branches in South America at Your Service

IN PREPARING to extend your business abroad your financial representation should be carefully considered. Unfamiliarity with conditions in new markets has often led to costly experiments. With twenty-two branches in South America and offices in Central and South America operated by affiliated companies, the Anglo-South American Bank, Limited, is in a strategic position to assist in solving your export and import problems in that territory.

Seven European Offices

ENGLAND, FRANCE and SPAIN are completely covered by seven of our own offices. Correspondents are located in all other parts of the world. Thus we are enabled to offer the broadest kind of foreign banking service. Its facilities are at your disposal through the medium of your own bank, if you so desire.

Send for booklet "Collection Tariff."

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John Cone, Agent
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Capital and Reserves Over $32,000,000

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Fifth Avenue, Broadway and Twenty-third Street, coming from six directions to meet before our doorstep.

Many people find it convenient to do business at the apex of such avenues of travel.

Garfield National Bank
23rd Street where Fifth Avenue crosses Broadway

An Analysis of the
St. Louis Southwestern Railway

This Shows:
1. Present position of all the bond issues of the St. Louis Southwestern Railway System.
2. Earnings of road are such that present low prices of its bonds are not justified.
3. A new development which may have an important and favorable effect upon its securities.

Send for special analysis B-2.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co.
A Bond House of Service
111 Broadway New York
Telephone 2841 Rector.

$16,500,000
REPUBLIC OF CUBA
Four and One-half Per Cent. Gold Bonds Due 1949.
(External Loan)
Coupons due February 1, 1919, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at our office on and after that date.
SPEYER & CO.
New York, January 31, 1919.

ASSISTING IN RECOVERY.
Advertising a loss in The New York Times assists in recovery. Telephone 1,000 Bryant.—Adv.

$8,000,000
Southern California Edison Co
General and Refunding Mortgage 25-Year 6% Gold Bonds

Dated July 1, 1917. Bearing interest from February 1, 1919. Due February 1, 1944. Interest payable on February 1 and August 1, in New York, Chicago or Los Angeles. Coupon bonds of $1,000, $500 and $100 denominations, with privilege of registration as to principal only. Registered bonds in denomination of $1,000 or multiples thereof.

These bonds have been authorized by the Railroad Commission of the State of California

The Company agrees to pay interest without deduction for any Normal Federal Income Tax up to 4%, which it may lawfully pay at the source. Under the present law the Company will pay the 2% tax deductible at the source

Tax Free in California

The following information is taken from official sources:

The Southern California Edison Company owns or controls and operates a comprehensive and thoroughly modern system for the generation, transmission and distribution of electricity, serving either directly or at wholesale over 150 cities and towns, including the cities of Los Angeles, Pasadena, Riverside, San Bernardino, Santa Barbara, Long Beach, Santa Monica, Redlands, Oxnard, Ventura, Visalia, Tulare and Porterville. The Company operates in ten counties in southern California and the San Joaquin Valley, with an area of over 55,000 square miles and a population of over 1,000,000.

The Edison system includes generating plants with a total installed capacity of 302,430 horse power, of which 158,920 is hydro-electric.

Earnings
for year ended November 30, 1918.

Gross Earnings	$8,608,979.88
Operating Expenses, including taxes, insurance and maintenance	3,300,419.90
Net Earnings	$5,308,559.98
Annual interest charge on outstanding Mortgage Bonds, including this issue	2,240,340.00
Balance available for interest on Debenture Bonds, Depreciation and Dividends	$3,067,719.98
Note: Annual interest charge on Debenture Bonds,	$560,000

Net earnings more than 2½ times annual mortgage bond interest charges

Both the gross and net earnings of the properties now comprising the Edison system have more than tripled during the past twelve years.

We recommend these bonds for investment

Price 98 and interest, yielding about 6.16%

Complete Circular on Request

Harris, Forbes & Co New York
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of New York.
80 Broadway 54 Wall Street
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5th Avenue at 60th Street
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Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $30,000,000

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are set forth in our booklet "The Will and the Way." Send for it.
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of the City of New York
60 Wall Street. 716 Fifth Avenue.

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American Piano Com. & Pfd.
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Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Midland Securities
Nat'l Aniline & Chemical
National City Bank Stock
National Fuel Gas
New York State Railways
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco "B"
Singer Manufacturing
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Victor Talking Machine

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

WANTED
Cape Breton Electric 5s
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Telephones Bowling Green 10090-9 61 B'WAY, N. Y.

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Lima Locomotive
Manati Sugar
Port Lobos Petroleum
Aetna Explosives 6s
Cities Service Bs & Cs
Studebaker 7% Notes
Wayne Coal 6s
Crew Levick 6s

DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Phones 1990-5 Hanover.

Coal Co. Bonds
Wanted
Beech Creek C. & C. 5s, 1944
Dominion Coal 5s, 1940
Pocahontas Collieries 5s, 1937
Peekskill Ltg. & R. R. 5s, 1930

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Clinchfield Coal Com.
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Michigan Light Pfd.
Nat'l Sec. Pr. Lien 6s, 1924
United Coal Co. (Pgh.) Pfd.

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Automatic Elec. Co.
Griffin Wheel Co.
Interstate Petroleum Co.
N. Y. & Honduras Rosario Mines

American Road Machinery Com.
Poole Engineering
Childs Co. Com.
New York Shipbuilding

Gwynne Bros.
Phones Broad 3230 to 3235. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Det. U. Ry. 1st Cons. 4½s, '32
Huntington Land & Imp. 6s
Va. Ry. & Pr. 1st & Ref. 5s

John Nickerson, Jr.
61 Broadway, New York.
Telephone Bowling Green 6840.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, reg...	89	92
2s, coupon, '30........	97½	99	3s, Panama, '61, coup..	89	92
2s, Panama, '38, reg...	97½	98¼	3s, Fed Land Bk, '38...101¾		103½
2s, Panama, '38, coup..	97½	98¾	4½s, Fed Land Bank..100		100¾
3s, registered, 1946....	88	92	4s, registered, 1925.....104¼		105¼
3s, coupon, 1946.......	88	92	4s, coupon, 1925........104¾		105¾
3s, conversion, 1947....	88	92			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day. Bid.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1967....	100⅝	101¼	100⅝	3½s Nov., 1955....	81	..	81
4½s June, 1965....	100⅝	101¼	100⅝	3½s Nov., 1954....	81¾	83	81¾
4½s Mar., 1963....	100⅝	101¼	100⅝	3½s May, 1954....	81¾	..	81¾
4½s Nov., 1957....	100½	101¼	100½	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:			
4½s May, 1957....	100½	101¼	100½	4¼s 1924-1931.....	4.60	4.85	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1960-30.	96¾	97½	96¾	4¼s 1921-1923.....	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Mar., 1964....	96¾	97½	96¾	4¼s 1919-1920.....	4.60	4.35	4.60
4¼s Apr., 1966....	96¾	97	96¾	4½s 1919-1923	4.55	4.30	4.55
4¼s Mar., 1962....	96¾	97½	96¾	4½s 1924-1932	4.55	4.30	4.55
4¼s Sept., 1960....	96¾	97½	96¾	3½s 1940-1953	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s May, 1959....	90½	92	90½	3½s 1930-1939	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s Nov., 1958....	90½	92	90½	3½s 1922-1929	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s Nov., 1957....	90½	92	90½	3½s 1919-1921	4.65	4.40	4.66
4s Nov., 1956....	90	91½	90	3s 1940-1958	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s Nov., 1955....	90	91½	90½	3s 1926-1930	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s Nov., 1936....	92	94	92	3s 1919-1925	4.65	4.40	4.65
4s May, 1919....	99½	..	99½				

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
971	Cities Service	297	295	295	297
5,796	Cities Service pf.	80¼	79¾	79¾	80
$76,500	Cities Service deb. B 7s..	127	125	125	128
111,500	Cities Service deb. C 7s..	103	101½	101½	102

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Elec Pow......	12	14	Gas & Elec Secur pf...	80	85
Adiron Elec Power pf..	71	73½	Miss River Power.....	10½	12½
Am Gas & Electric....	101	103	Miss River Power pf...	38	40
Am Gas & Elec pf.....	42	44	Northern Ohio Electric.	10	15½
Am Light & Trac.....	233	235	Northern Ohio Elec pf.	55	58½
Am Light & Trac pf...	98	100	Northern Ont L & P...	11	16
Am Power & Light....	57	59	Northern Ont L & P pf	50	55
Am Power & Light pf..	75	80	Northern States Power	62	63½
Am Public Utilities....	..	25	Northern States P pf..	89	91½
Am Public Utilities pf.	35	39	Northern Texas Elec..	55	60
Am W W & Elec......	5	6	Northern Tex Elec pf.	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	65	69	Pacific Gas & Electric.	47¾	48½
Am W W & E partic...	10	12	Pacific Gas & Elec pf..	88	89½
Carolina Power & Light	31	33	Puget Sd Trac, L & P..	15	18
Colorado Power	26	28	Puget Sd Tr, L & P pf.	53	57
Colorado Power pf.....	95	100	Ry & Light Sec pf....	75	80
Columbus Electric pf..	72	76	Republic Ry & Light...	16½	17½
Com Power, Ry & L...	19	21	Republic Ry & Lt pf...	51	54
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf..	40	42	Southern Cal Edison...	84	88
Conn Power pf........	72½	77	Southern Cal Edison pf	97	102
Consumers' Power pf..	75	85	Standard Gas & Elec..	13	14
Eastern Texas Elec....	51	55	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30½	32
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	72	78	Tampa Electric	109	112
El Paso Electric.......	80	..	Tenn Ry, Lt & Power..	2	3
Electric B & S pf......	92	95	Tenn Ry, Lt & Power..	12	14
Empire Dist Elec pf...	70	75	United Light & Rys....	37	38
Federal Light & Trac..	8	11	United Light & Rys pf.	69	71½
Federal Lt & Trac pf..	40	45	Western Power	18	19
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25	Western Power pf.....	66	68
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65	West, Church & Kerr..	63	66
Gas & Elec Securities..	250	275	West Church & K pf..	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¾	98½	Gt West Power 6s, '25.	89	92
Am W W & E Col 5s..	69	71	Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s...	78	80
Appalach Power 1st 5s.	72	75	Nor States Pow 6s, '26.	92	96
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	92	95	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	88½	90½
Cities Fuel & Pow 7s..	98	100	Nor Tex Elec col 5s....	80	85
Col G & E deb 5s, '27..	77	80	Omaha & C B 5s, '28..	72	78
Com L & P 6s, 1947....	..	93½	Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P 7s.	98	99½
Conn Power 5s, 1963..	83	89	Roanoke W W 5s, '19.	96¼	97½
Dallas Electric 5s, '22..	90	93	So Cal Edison 5s, '39..	88	92
East Tex Elec col 5s..	85	88	Twin S G & E 5s, '53..	70	79
East Tex Elec 7s, '21.	97¾	99	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32...	88	90
El Paso Elec col 5s....	82	90	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	86	92
Empire Refining 6s....	93	96	Un Util cv 6s, '43.....	86	92
Gt West Power 5s, '46.	84½	86	Utah Securities 6s....	88½	89½

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Balt Tube..	70	70	70	10	North Cent.	73½	73½	73½
100	A C Line...	120	120	120	5	Nat Exc Bk.	159	159	159
45	Cosden	7⅛	7	7	10	New Am Cor	46	46	46
20	Do pf.....	4	4	4	10	W, B & A..	26¼	26¼	26¼
22	Elkhorn	28½	28	28	100	Wayland Oil	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
20	Penn W P..	77½	77½	77½	10	United Ry...	19¼	19¼	19¼

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	City Balt 6s	90	90	90	$5,000	Con Pow 5s.	97	97	97
3,000	Con Pow 4½s	85½	85½	85½					

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Allouez	43	42¾	42¾	15	Michigan ...	3½	3¼	3¼
100	Ariz Com'l..	12	12	12	30	Mohawk.....	52	51¼	52
1,095	Butte & Bal.	21c	20c	20c	125	NewCornelia	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
28	Cal & Ariz..	60	60	60	60	North Butte.	10¼	10¼	10¼
4	Cal & Hecla.	430	427	430	25	New Riv pf.	60	60	60
25	Cop. Range.	42¼	42	42¼	70	Old Dom ...	34	34	34
40	Daly-West...	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	15	Pond Creek.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
510	Davis-Daly..	5¼	5⅛	5¼	335	Shannon ...	3	3	3
200	East Butte..	9⅛	9	9⅛	50	Trinity	2½	2¼	2½
15	Isl Creek pf.	82	82	82	50	Tuolumne ..	80c	80c	80c
10	Isle Royale..	25	25	25	60	U S Smelt..	46	45¼	46
200	Lake Copper	3	3	3	33	Do pf......	45¼	44½	45¼
20	Franklin ...	3½	3½	3½	60	Utah Apex..	2½	2½	2½
15	Lasalle	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	20	Utah Cop...	70	70	70
50	Mass Con...	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	500	Utah Met...	1½	1⅜	1½
100	Mayflower ..	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	1,000	Winona	90c	85c	85c

Railroads.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
145	Bos Elev....	69¼	68½	69¼	6	Nor & W pf.	100	100	100
4	Bos & Low..	91	90	91	40	N Y, N H & H	29	28¼	29
100	Bos & Me...	28½	28	28	10	Old Colony..	98	98	98
1	Fitchburg pf	57	57	57	110	West End...	45	44½	45
525	Mass Elec pf	14½	14¼	14¼	20	Do pf......	54	53½	54

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
158	Am Ag Ch..	100¾	100¾	100¾	191	Island Oil...	7⅞	7⅛	7⅞
200	Am Pneu....	75c	75c	75c	30	Loews	9½	9	9½
12	Amosk pf...	81	81	81	4	Mass Gas ..	82	82	82
27	Am Sugar...113		112¾	112¾	46	Do pf.....	70½	70½	70½
25	Do pf......115		115	115	90	N E Tel....	92	92	92
330	Am T & T..	99½	99¼	99½	15	Reece But..	15	15	15
22	Am Woul...	46¼	45¼	45¼	740	Stewart	35⅝	35	35⅝
165	Do pf......	94¼	94¼	94¼	1,310	Swift	118½	115	118½
25	Art Metal...	18	18	18	280	Un Fruit....	162½	161¼	161¼
350	Booth	19⅝	19¼	19¼	178	Un Shoe ...	45	44¾	45
75	Century	14½	14½	14½	30	Do pf......	28	28	28
150	East Bos L.	5½	5½	5½	110	Ventura Oil.	8¼	8⅛	8¼
30	Fairbanks ..	54	53½	53½	20	War 1st pf.	40	40	40

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A T & T 6s..	102¾	102¾	102¾	$1,000	Punta S 6s..	88	88	88
1,000	A,G&W I 5s...	80	80	80	1,000	U S Sm 6s..	100	100	100
5,000	N E Tel 5s..	93	93	93	1,000	W T & T 5s.	89	89	89

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Armour pf..	101¼	101⅛	101¼	10	Lindsay Lt..	13½	13½	13½
125	Booth Fish..	19¼	19	19¼	20	Midw Util pf	52	52	52
100	Chi C&C Rys	¾	¾	¾	105	Sears-Roe ...	172	171½	172
175	Do pf	9	9	9	100	Stewart-W..	84¾	84	84½
50	ChiPneuTool	62	62	62	3,320	Swift Int'l [illegible]	43½	41¼	43½
10	Chi Ry,Ser 2	7¾	7¾	7¾	5,096	Swift [illegible]	119	115¼	118½
240	Cudahy	102½	102	102	1,291	[illegible]	56¾	56	56¾
180	Hart, S & M	74¾	74	74¾	665	[illegible] perb'd..	21⅝	20	21½
1,952	Libby	20½	19⅝	20½	145	Wilson	66¾	66½	66¾

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Chi Tel 5s...	96¾	96¾	96¾	$5,000	Pub Serv of Nor Ill 5s..	87½	87½	87½
4,000	ComEd 1st5s	94¼	94¼	94¼	5,000	Swift 1st 5s.	96¼	96¼	96¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
12	Am Gas N J	60	60	60	3	Phila Trac..	69½	69½	69½
115	Elec Stor...	53	52½	52½	20	Phila Co pf	31½	31½	31½
50	Ins Co N A	28	28	28	130	Phila R T..	25	25	25
1,710	Gen Asphalt	66	62¼	62½	670	Ton Belm't.	3¼	3⅛	3¼
1,050	Do pf......	100½	96¾	97	23	Un Gas Imp	72	72	72
445	Lake Super.	19¾	19⅝	19¾	71	Union Trac.	38	38	38
224	Lehigh Nav.	72½	72	72	8	Westm Coal.	75	75	75
11	Penn Salt...	84½	84½	84½	6	Un Ry N J.	186	186	186
100	Phila Elec..	25¼	25¼	25¼					

Bonds.

		High.	Low.	Last.			High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	L V con 6s.	102	102	102	$1,000	Phila Elec 1st 5s......	94	94	94
6,000	Phila Co con 5s, stamped.	100¼	100¼	100¼					

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day. Bid.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day. Bid.
Am Cigar	116	120	116	P R-Am Tobacco..	130	136	130
Do pf	85	90	85	R J Reynolds, A...	375	400	375
Conley Foil	190	200	190	Do B	300	320	300
J S Young.........	125	150	125	Do pf.	107	109	107
Do pf	98	105	98	Weyman-Bruton ..	167½	175	167½
MacA & Forbes....	195	205	195	Do pf	105	110	105
Do pf	85	95	85				

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Securities were in good demand in the market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange and final prices represented substantial net gains in most of the active issues. In general, the market movement was narrow with the result that the bulk of trading activity was centred in a small group of stocks, chiefly the industrials. Railroad issues were inactive but firm. Speculative interest centred in the movement of Steel common and the advance in this issue found reflection in the upturn of the general list.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Allis-Chalm..	30¾	30¼	30¾	3,180	Mex Pet.....	169¾	167¼	168¾
80	Am Beet S..	68¾	67¾	68¾	50	Miami Cop..	24	24	24
100	Am Can....	46¾	46¼	46¾	135	Midvale S...	41½	40¾	41¼
40	Am Car & F	89	88¾	89	60	Mo Pac	24½	24½	24½
100	Am H & L..	16¾	16½	16¾	20	Nat Conduit	14¾	14¾	14¾
1,110	Am H & L pf	88¾	86	88	60	Nat En & S.	48¾	47¾	48¾
800	Am Drug....	13½	13	13½	20	N Y Cent....	72½	72½	72½
20	Am Loco....	59¾	59⅝	59¾	20	NY, N H & H	28¾	28¾	28¾
1,160	Am Sm & R.	72	70¾	71½	25	North Pac..	90¼	90¼	90¼
10	Am Sum Tob	99½	99½	99½	210	Okla Oil ...	8⅞	8¼	8¼
10	Am W P pf.	32½	32½	32½	40	People's Gas	48½	48¼	48..
180	Anacon Cop.	59½	58¾	58¾	110	Pierce Oil...	17½	17	17½
10	A, T & S F..	92½	92½	92½	30	P & W Va..	35¼	35¼	35¼
940	Bald Loco...	66¾	65¾	66¾	20	Ray Cop	20½	20½	20½
80	Beth Steel B	59¾	59⅛	59¾	180	Reading	78¾	78	78..
390	Bklyn R T..	20	19½	19½	40	Sinclair Oil.	35¾	35	35¾
30	Butte & Sup.	18	18	18	210	South Pac...	98¾	97¾	98¾
50	Cent Leath..	59½	58¾	59½	10	South Ry ..	27	27	27
220	C, M & St P	37¼	36¾	37¼	1,160	Studebaker..	50¾	49¾	50¾
10	Do pf.....	71½	71½	71½	90	Texas Co...	191½	191	191
50	Chile Cop....	18¼	18⅛	18¼	1,060	Tex & Pac..	34½	33¾	33¾
40	Chino Cop...	34¼	34¼	34¼	280	Tob Prod....	76	73¾	76
20	Consol Gas..	92¼	92¼	92¼	150	Union Pac..	127¼	127¼	127¼
130	Corn Prod...	47½	46¾	46¾	270	United C S..	111¾	111¾	111¾
130	Crucible S...	53½	52½	52½	10	U S Ind Alc.	103½	103½	103½
80	Cuba Cane S	22½	22¼	22¾	110	U S Rubber.	77	76	76½
800	Dist Sec....	54	52¾	..	16,170	U S Steel...	90½	88⅞	90
10	Erie	16	16	16	70	Utah Cop....	70¼	69¾	69¾
70	Goodrich Co.	61½	60½	60½	90	Willys-O ...	24¼	23⅞	24⅛
20	Gas, W & W	28½	28½	28½		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
120	Insp Cop....	45½	44½	45½	$1,600	Lib 3½s...	99.50	99.46	99.40
3,100	Int M M pf.	100	97½	98¾	1,700	1st 4¼s..	96.08	96.00	96.06
443	Int Nickel...	25½	25¼	25½	3,800	2d 4¼s...	95.34	95.24	95.32
80	Kennecott C.	33¾	33	33¾	3,000	3d 4¼s...	96.94	96.80	96.94
90	Lee R & T..	24½	23½	24	6,800	4th 4¼s...	95.00	95.36	95.44
10	Leh Val ...	55¾	55¾	55¾		*Prices include interest.			

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	‡AetnaExplo	7¾	7⅝	7¾	2,000	‡Nat Firepfg	9⅝	7½	7½
50	Do pf	63	63	63	500	‡ Do pf	17	15¾	15¾
300	‡Am Bosch Magneto...	64	64	64	1,600	N Am P & P	8½	8	8½
1,800	‡Dictograph.	9¾	9½	9½	300	NY Shipbldg	26	25	25
7,000	‡GenAsphalt	66	62½	62½	800	‡PearsonCoal	3½	3	3½
200	‡ Do pf	101	95	95	600	Submar Boat v t ctfs....	11¾	11	11¾
5,000	‡HavanaTob	3⅜	2¾	3	3,500	‡Swift Int'l. w i	42	40½	42
2,600	‡ Do pf	4⅝	3¼	4½	1,000	United Mots	36½	36¼	36⅝
4,000	Hupp Motor.	6	5⅝	5⅝	15,000	U Prof Shar	⅞	⅞	⅞
6,000	Int'cont Rub	18¾	*17	19	9,000	U S SS Co..	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞
8,400	Keystn'eT&R	60¾	59	60¾	800	Wayne Coal	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
2,500	‡Libby	20½	19	20½	1,000	‡Wr-M Air...	3⅝	3½	3½
1,000	Marco of Am	4½	4½	4½					
200	‡Nat Coal&I	54¾	54¾	54¾					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	‡Ill Pipe L..	165	164	165	46	‡Std Oil,NJ.	683	680	680
85	‡Ind Pipe L..	103	103	103	125	‡Std Oil,NY.	322	318	322
75	‡PrairieO&G.	660	658	660					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8,000	‡Barn't O&G	⅛	⅛	⅛	7,000	‡Midw Oil...	128	125	128
7,150	‡Boone Oil..	4	3⅝	4	2,000	‡ Do pf...	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
800	‡Cos & Co.	7½	7	7	700	†‡N W Oil..	49	47	48
8,800	†‡Esmar Oil.	5	4½	4½	2,000	‡O P & R rts.	½	..	½
2,000	†Federal Oil	2½	2⅜	2½	5,000	†Omar O & G	30	27	29
2,100	†‡Glenrock Oil	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	500	‡Pennok Oil.	12½	12¼	12⅜
100	‡Houston Oil	78	78	78	10,000	†‡Queen Oil..	20	18	20
1,700	†‡Hudson Oil	73	73	73	1,000	‡Roy D. new	73½	72½	73
3,300	‡Inter Pet...	21½	20⅜	21½	500	‡Sap O & R.	7½	7	7
6,000	‡Isl'd O & T	7½	7¼	7½	500	Seq O & R.	⅛	⅛	⅛
3,400	†‡Kenova Oil	13	12	13	2,590	Sincl Gulf..	25½	25	25½
8,200	‡Lou O & R	33	30½	33	6,800	‡Stanton Oil	1½	1¼	1½
300	‡Merritt Oil.	21½	21	21	3,500	U W O. new..	1¾	1½	1¾
6,000	Met Petrol..	3⅛	3	3⅛	300	‡Victoria Oil, new stock.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
600	Do f p ctfs..	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,250	†Al-Brit Col Metals ...	40	39	40	500	†Jumbo Ext.	13	13	13
200	‡Am Mines..	⅜	⅜	⅜	5,000	†Lone Star..	6½	6	6½
1,500	Ariz Bing C	1½	1⅛	1¼	1,400	Mason Val...	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
4,000	Big L Cop...	⅝	⅜	⅝	200	‡Mexican L...	2	2	2
1,000	†Bos & Mon.	*50	49	40	1,000	†‡Mother L..	32	32	32
2,000	†‡Caledonia.	30	29	30	600	†Nixon Nev..	40	40	40
1,000	‡Cal & Jer..	⅛	⅛	⅛	1,900	‡OnondagaM	3¼	3	3¼
100	Canada Cop.	2	2	2	200	‡Ray Hero M	2½	2	2
4,530	†‡Candel Sil.	58	55	58	1,500	†Roch Mines	27	26	27
700	‡Cer S M & M	1½	1	1½	300	Stand Sil-L..	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,500	Con Ariz Sm	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	200	‡Tono Bel...	3⅜	3¼	3¼
2,500	Cres Con G.	5	4¾	4¾	700	Tono Ext....	2½	2½	2½
500	Eu Croes M.	1½	1¼	1½	4,500	†‡Tuol II P..	30	75	75
2,000	†‡Florence S	71	69	71	2,500	Un M. Ariz..	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,500	†‡Gold R M.	⅝	⅝	⅝	6,000	†U S Con M	9	8	9
800	†‡HamM&S.p	60	59	60	7,400	‡Un Sul M..	⅞	¾	⅞
7,000	†‡HatGM.p...	49	44	49	1,600	†‡WardM&M	30	29	30
350	Hecla Min..	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	1,300	†Wash G Q.	91	90	91
2,150	†Jim Butler.	38	37	38	500	†W E Con...	1¼	1¼	1¼
					1,700	†White O M.	13½	13	13

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$20000	‡Am T & T 6s	99⅝	99⅜	99⅝	$50000	‡NYTeldbs..	100	99⅞	100
25,000	†Anacon 6s..	97⅝	97⅜	97½	85,000	‡Rus G 6½s.	65	62	62
2,000	Can Gov 5s..	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	15,000	‡Will&Cecv6%	93¾	93¼	93¾
5,000	‡Fed F L 5s.	103	103	103					

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note.—There were no sales of First Nat Cop Tuesday at 2. Florence Goldfield sold 1,000 at 12.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Wednesday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Wed'sday. Bid.	Ask.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Wed'sday. Bid.	Ask.
Air Reduc....	50	60	50	60	U S Lt & H..	1½	1¾	1½	1¾
Am W P.....	3	3½	3	3½	U S Lt&H pf.	2½	2¾	2½	2⅝
Am-Br Mfg..	2	5	2	5	W-M Air pf..	61	64	61	64
Am W Paper.	3	8½	3	8½	World Film..	¼	⅝	¼	⅝
Brit-Am Tob, coupon	24½	25	24½	25	OIL STOCKS.				
Do regist'd.	23½	25	23½	24	Allen Oil.....	⅞	1⅛	⅞	1⅛
Butter Judson	15	20	15	20	Atlantic Pet..	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
Carbon Steel.	90	96	90	96	Boston-Wyo..	18	20	18	20
Car L & P....	2	2½	2	2½	Cosden&Co pf	4	4½	4	4½
Chev Motor..	145	155	145	155	Crown Oil	14	15	14	15
Chevrolet rts.	⅝	1⅛	⅝	1⅛	Crystal Oil..	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜
Columbiaville Woolen	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾	Elk Basin P.	6	6½	6	6½
Curtiss Aero.	11½	12	11½	12	Globe Oil.....	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Do pf.....	45	55	45	55	Midwest Ref..	128	130	128	130
Edmund & J.	20	22	20	22	Okm P & R..	2	2½	2	2½
Em'son Phono	2	2½	2	2½	Pitts O & G...	8	8½	8	8½
Free Texas..	33½	34½	34	35½	Royal Oil	½	⅝	½	⅝
Gen Devel'm't	22	22½	22	22½	Savoy Oil.....	6⅝	7¼	6⅝	7¼
Gen Mot rts.	1⅜	2	1⅜	2	Sincl Oil war	38	40	38	40
Kirby Lumb'r	25	26	25	26	South Oil & T	2½	3½	2½	3½
Lake Tor Bt	1⅜	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	S W Oil.......	35	45	35	45
Lake Tor B't 1st pf......	2⅝	5	2⅝	5	Texana Oil..	10	13	10	13
L Val Coal S	85	88	85	88	Wayl'd O & G	3½	3⅞	3½	3⅞
Lima Loco....	30	40	30	40	MINING STOCKS.				
Lukens Steel.	46	50	46	50	Atlanta	4½	5	4½	5
Man Transit..	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝	Austin-Am'n .	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅞
Mitchell Mot..	20	25	20	25	Bradshaw	⅛	½	⅛	½
N Y Transp..	14½	17	14½	17	Booth	13	15	13	15
Perf T & R..	⅝	1⅛	⅝	1⅛	Butte-Det	1½	3	1½	3
Peer T & M..	18	18½	18	18½	Butte-N Y....	⅛	½	⅛	½
Penn C & C..	22	24	22	24	Cashboy	7½	8½	7	8
PennSeaboard Steel rights	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	Con Cop Min	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
P'lsenWireless	7	7½	7	7½	Cerro Gordo..	½	1	½	1
Rep Motor Tr	35	38	35	38	Con Homes'd.	⅛	½	⅛	½
Smith M T....	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛	El Salvador..	1½	1⅞	1½	1⅞
Stand Motors.	7½	8½	7½	8½	First Nat C.	1½	2	1½	2
Steel Alloys..	7½	8½	7½	8½	Fortuna	35	40	35	40
St L R M & P	40	..	40	..	Great Bend...	3	5	3	5
St Joseph L..	12	13	12	13	Howe Sound..	3⅞	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛
Todd Shipyd..	107	108½	107	108½	Iron Blossom.	⅛	½	⅛	½
Thiogen	4	4½	4	4½	Kerr Lake...	5⅝	5½	5⅝	5½
					Marsh Min'g.	3	4	3	4
					NY&HonRos..	12	13	12	13
					Ohio Copper...	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝
					Seneca Cop..	15½	16	15½	16

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day. Bid.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil......	17¾	17¾	17	Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	54	56	54
Atlantic Refining.	1200	1227	1200	Prairie Oil & Gas.	655	665	655
Borne-Scrymser ...	490	510	490	Prairie Pipe Line.	270	275	270
Buckeye Pipe Line.	94	96	94	Solar Refining....	360	380	360
Chesebrough Mfg..	300	325	300	Southern Pipe L..	175	180	175
Continental Oil....	500	525	500	South Penn Oil....	300	310	305
Crescent Pipe Line.	38	40	38	S W Penn.........	98	102	98
Cumberland P L...	180	190	180	Stand Oil of Cal..	270	274	268
Eureka Pipe Line..	175	185	175	Stand Oil of Ind..	760	770	750
Galena Signal Oil..	89	92	90	Stand Oil of Kan..	525	550	525
Do pf. new.......	100	105	100	Stand Oil of Ky..	365	375	360
Do pf. old.......	115	130	115	Stand Oil of Neb..	540	560	540
Illinois Pipe Line..	162	167	162	Stand Oil of N J..	683	688	684
Indiana Pipe Line.	100	105	100	Stand Oil of N Y.	320	325	313
Int Pet Co. Ltd...	21	21½	20½	Stand Oil of Ohio.	460	480	460
National Transit..	16½	17½	16½	Swan & Finch....	98	102	98
N. Y. Transit.....	200	210	200	Union Tank.......	114	118	113
Northern Pipe L...	110	115	110	Vacuum Oil.......	410	415	410
Ohio Oil	318	322	318	Washington Oil ..	36	40	35

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day. Bid.		Yester-day. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's-day. Bid.
Am Brass	198	210	198	Du Pont debs, pf..	91½	92½	91½
Atlas Powder	155	160	155	Hercules	206	211	203
Do pf...........	91	93	91	Do pf...........	107	109	107
Babcock & Wilcox.	106½	108½	106½	Niles-Bem't-Pond..	103	105	103
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf..........	95	100	95
Do pf	60	80	60	Scovill Mfg.	370	390	370
Du Pont	268	275	268	Standard Screw...	250	260	250

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55 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1st, 1919.

Alexandria, La., Imp..............5s
Bell Co., Ky., Road & Bridge (Feb. 5th)..............5s
Bergen Co., N. J., Bridge 4s, Bldg. 4½s
Bridgeport, Ala., Refd. 5s, Sewer 5s St. Imp..............5s
Camden Co., N. J., Battery Armory, Road Imp. & Asylum..........4½s
Deal, N. J., Pavement & Imp.....4½s
Dunn, N. C., Funding..............6s
Durham, N. C.
East Rutherford, N. J., Sewer (Feb. 15th)..............4½s
Elyria, Ohio, Paving..............4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Park...........3.65s
do. ....4s & 4½s
do. Court House..............4s
do. Passaic River Bridge.....4½s
do. Hospital...........4s & 4½s
do. Road..............4½s
Fort Pierce, Fla., Time Warrants....6s
General Electric Co., Deb.........3½s
Hammonton & Egg Harbor City Gas Co. 5s
Hawaii Territory Public Imp.......4s
Hillsborough Co., Fla.
Jacksonville, Fla., Imp..........4½s
Lake Erie, Franklin & Clarion R. R. Co. Car Trust, Series "B"........6s
Madison River Power Co..........5s
Middletown, N. Y., Water.........3½s
Montana Power Transmission Co....5s
Moseley Hotel 1st..............5s
New Canaan, Conn., Funding.......4s
New York Dock Co., 1st..........4s
Oswago, N. Y., (Feb. 15th)......4½s
Pacific Power & Light Co.........5s
do. 2-year..............6s
Paducah, Ky., Renewal..........4½s
Palace Hotel Co. of San Francisco...6s
Pleasantville, N. Y., Street.........4s
Putnam Co. Gas House...........4½s
Reidsville, N. C., Funding Imp. Sewer 6s
Rensselaer Co., N. Y., Tuberculosis Hospital..............4¾s
Ridgefield Park, N. J..............5s
Rutherford, N. J., Funding.......4½s
St. Lucie Co., Fla.
Sandy Hill, N. Y., Sewer 3½s; Paving..............4½s
School City, Ft. Wayne, Ind., (Feb. 14th)..............4s
Sierra & San Francisco Power Co. 1st 5s
Skaneateles Railroad Co..........5s
South Orange, N. J., Sewer 4s; Water..............4½s
Standard Chain Co., (Feb. 15th) 1st 6s
Syracuse, N. Y., City Hall 3s & various others.
Thomasville, N. C., School 5s.
Toledo, Ohio, Imp. 4s & various others.
do. Board of Education......4½s
U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co., Series "I" 4s
do. "M" 4s
do. "P" 5s
Wall & Hanover St. Realty Co. (Feb. 15th)..............4s
Westerly, R. I., Water...........3½s

Cuban American
vs.
Cuba Cane
Comparison—A-54 sent on request.

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Greeley Poudre Irrigation District 6s
Laramie Valley Irrigation District 6s
Montezuma Irrigation District 6s
North Denver Irrigation District 6s
North Sterling Irrigation District 6s
Otero Irrigation District 6s
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TO THE HOLDERS OF THE

Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland

FIVE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES DUE FEBRUARY 1, 1919.

Please take notice that the British Treasury has waived the ten days' notice required in the option for conversion into United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Twenty-Year 5½% Bonds, due February 1, 1937.

The undersigned will, therefore, be prepared, at any time up to and including February 1, 1919, to accept such notes for conversion without requiring the ten days' notice.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY,
16 WALL STREET,
New York.

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MIDWEST REFINING
MEXICAN EAGLE OIL
TROPICAL OIL
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This rate has been paid many years by the conservatively managed

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FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.
Ask for Pamphlet, "The Proverbs of Franklin."—Mailed Free

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

THE RODGERS COMPANY.
A. Albert Marks is no longer a member of this firm since Jan. 2. Morris J. Rodgers and Fred Hasler will continue under the same firm name.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of B. VIACAVA & CO., consisting of the undersigned and doing business at 23 Johnson Av., Brooklyn, New York, has been this day dissolved, and the said business will be hereafter conducted by BARTOLOMEO VIACAVA individually.
Dated New York, Jan. 20, 1919.
BARTOLOMEO VIACAVA.
VIRGILIO FERRARI.

GROSS & KLEIN, COTTON GOODS, 97 Bleecker St., New York, N. Y., have dissolved Jan. 16 by mutual consent.
MAX GROSS, Successor.

ISLAND OIL
New production reported. Market position of shares and late development.

GENERAL ASPHALT
Company receiving large asphalt orders. Progress of oil developments.

ROYAL DUTCH
Plans for the future. Outline of company's holdings and production.

U. S. STEAMSHIP
Business on hand and plans.

HOUSTON OIL
Company wins important suit.

INTER. PET.
Rumor of "melon" slicing.

COSDEN & CO.
Number of wells drilling in Ranger field.

Above stocks and others treated in current issue of our
WEEKLY REVIEW NO. 335
Copies sent without obligation.

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One small office, 100 sq. ft. for immediate occupancy.
Every attention will be shown at office of building.
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FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE
UTAH FUEL COMPANY
Sinking Fund.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN as provided in Article 12 of the mortgage of the Utah Fuel Company and Pleasant Valley Coal Company, dated March 1, 1901, that written proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, February 24, 1919, for the sale to it as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 110% and accrued interest to that date inclusive, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Eighteen Thousand Eight Hundred Forty-five Dollars and Sixty-one Cents ($18,845.61).

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all proposals in whole or in part. All proposals must designate the bonds offered by their serial numbers and should state the post office address of the party making the proposals, should be enclosed in sealed envelopes and endorsed "Proposals for sale of Utah Fuel Company Bonds to Sinking Fund," and address to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.

Persons desiring to make offers of bonds to Sinking Fund, whose responsibility is not known to the Trustee, should accompany their offer by a sufficient letter of introduction or guarantee of good faith by a bank, banker or others whose responsibility is established.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated January 29, 1919.

STATE OF GEORGIA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, ATLANTA.
NOTICE.

By virtue of the authority conveyed by an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia, approved August 13, 1915, and printed in the Georgia Laws of 1915, Pages 56-57, I will receive at the Governor's Office at the Capitol in Atlanta, Wednesday, February 5th, 1919, up to twelve o'clock noon, Central Standard Time, sealed bids for the purchase of $2,500,000.00 of warrants to be drawn by the Governor on the funds appropriated by the Legislature for the public schools for the year 1919, said warrants to be drawn at the end of each month as needed and for such amounts as are then due the teachers. The warrants to be disposed of to the bidder offering the lowest rate of discount.

Said warrants will be issued by the Governor for the purpose of anticipating the collection of taxes for the year 1919, and will be payable on February 1st, 1920.

Under the same law warrants were issued and sold as follows last year: February, $723,192; March, $300,613; April, $306,813; May, $292,332; June, $173,026; July, $118,926; October, $96,929; November, $110,354; total, $1,731,585.00. This should give an approximate idea of the time and amount of loans needed.

Bids will be opened at the Governor's Office at noon Wednesday, February 5th, 1919.

The right is hereby reserved to reject any and all bids.

This January 9th, 1919.
HUGH M. DORSEY,
Governor.

By the Governor:
C. A. WEST, Secretary Executive Department.

TO THE HOLDERS OF 5% SINKING FUND FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS OF THE POCAHONTAS COLLIERIES COMPANY DUE MAY 1ST, 1937.

The undersigned, successor to Knickerbocker Trust Company, as Trustee under the Mortgage above referred to, desires under authority of said Mortgage to expend the sum of One hundred six thousand two hundred sixteen dollars and twenty-three cents ($106,216.23) in the purchase of bonds of said issue, provided such purchase can in its opinion be made advantageously.

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to Columbia Trust Company, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before February 27th, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon.

Bonds accepted must be delivered on February 28th, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee,
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice President.
Dated, New York, January 29th, 1919.

Southern Pacific Railroad Company
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000 in the year 1918, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds; and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,613.36, to the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1919, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated January 8, 1919.

THOUSANDS PROTEST AGAINST LUXURY TAX

Shoppers Throng Tables in Many Stores to Sign Petition to Congress.

CAMPAIGN GOES ON TODAY

All Opposed to the Measure Are Urged to Express Disapproval Before Tomorrow Night.

Approximately 50,000 New York shoppers, a large proportion of whom were women, yesterday registered their opposition to the so-called luxury taxes on articles of wear and utility incorporated in the pending War Revenue act now in conference by signing petitions against the proposed levy at stands or booths set up in department, dry goods, and other retail stores throughout the city.

Yesterday marked the first of a three days' intensive drive under the auspices of the city's retail dry goods merchants to enlist the aid of the buying public in securing the elimination of this particular form of consumption tax in the measure about to be enacted into law by Congress. Gratifying as the response of shoppers was yesterday, the dry goods store executives predicted that at least 100,000 additional signatures would be obtained today. The local campaign to impress the conference committee and Congress will come to an end with the closing of the stores tomorrow night, following which the petitions will be sent to Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate, and Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, both of whom are members of the conference committee having charge of the Revenue bill.

Many of the retail stores, big and little, started to gather signatures from their patrons with the opening of the establishments yesterday morning, but in others inability to get supplies of blanks and to school employes in taking names, rendered it impossible to begin appeal generally circulated yesterday in active canvassing until afternoon. The the stores for signatures contained the names of the members of the conference committee to whom the petition was addressed, and read as follows:

"We, the undersigned, do hereby respectfully but emphatically protest against the enactment of that part of the pending Revenue bill known as the 'Luxury Taxes.'

"This is a direct burden upon one class of the consuming public, is contrary to the democratic principles of this great republic, and is in the last analysis class legislation."

Other petition lists circulated yesterday carried a brief statement as follows: "The undersigned, living at the addresses opposite their names, protest against the imposition of luxury taxes."

In most of the department and dry goods stores the active work of soliciting signatures was placed in charge of department heads. These reported at the close of the day that thousands of persons came to the stores with the express intention of signing their names to the protests, while others, after explanation, affixed their names and addresses to the lists.

Big crowds surrounded the tables containing the petitions in Macy's all day. Posted in a conspicuous place over each table was a sign with big type, which read as follows:

"Do you know that you will pay the luxury taxes proposed in the new Revenue bill?

"These taxes will be troublesome and aggravating. They are not essential to the success of the country's tax program and should not pass.

"If you are opposed to their imposition kindly sign a petition giving your full name and address.

"This petition will be sent to Congress on Saturday, Feb. 1, 1919."

Similar signs in the Macy windows invited passersby to go in and sign the petition.

At the close of the day, a representative of the Macy firm said that 5,000 signatures had been obtained. No employes' names were on the list. The largest number of signatures announced last night by a single firm was B. Altman & Co., with a total of 8,000, while Best & Co. reported 1,100. Cammeyer, West Thirty-fourth Street, and Oppenheim, Collins & Co. both reported several hundred names at the closing hour, while managers of many other department, dry goods, and haberdashery stores said they would be unable to complete the tabulation of the petitioners until this morning.

James McCreery & Co., not content with soliciting signatures, had their salespeople explain to customers making purchases just what additional charges would accrue on their purchases made yesterday should the luxury tax feature remain in the bill and become law. Following the explanation, nearly every patron affixed his or her name to the petition against the tax. One woman after signing her name to the petition said the registering of her disapproval of the tax was almost as satisfying as going to the polls.

The collection of signatures went on steadily all day at Gimbels, Saks's, Bloomingdales, Lord & Taylor's, Stern Brothers, Franklin Simon & Co., Bonwit, Teller & Co., and other establishments, as well as in the leading men's clothing and haberdashery shops.

The fight against the tax was carried on vigorously yesterday in Brooklyn. Hundreds of women shoppers in the Abraham & Straus and Frederick Loeser stores gathered about the tables and affixed their names to the appeal to Congress. Representatives of these two stores said that their patrons needed little urging to sign the petition. The number signing at the two stores could not be estimated at the closing hour, the managers said.

W. de S. Trenholm, Secretary of the Retail Dry Goods Association of this city, which comprises sixteen of the largest dry goods establishments in New York, returned yesterday from Washington, where he as a member of a special committee represented the association in its fight against the luxury tax.

"The public must act quickly, and in large numbers, if the luxury tax provision of the revenue bill is to be eliminated," Mr. Trenholm said. "The time is short, since the lists must be sent to Washington tomorrow night. Accordingly, consumers should lose no time in signing the petitions against the tax today if possible, and, at the latest, tomorrow. While I think that there is a chance of the luxury tax being eliminated from the bill, this can only be accomplished by the public voicing its dissent at once."

Weather Hits Woolen Underwear.

Owing to the continued warm weather, and the stocks that have been carried over from last season by the retail stores, the sale of men's woolen underwear has come to a sudden halt. In the jobbing trade business is very dull in this line, and prices are now being reduced to a great extent. Garments that were formerly sold for $24 a dozen are now being offered by the jobbing trade for $18 a dozen. Apparently the prices are still too high for the retailers, as very few are being sold at this price.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4 @4½	5.90	5.50
Buff., R. & Pitts	1919-'33	4½@5	5.90	5.65
Canadian Pac	1919-'28	4½	5.85	5.40
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.95	5.55
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'28	4½	5.65	5.25
C., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
C. St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.85	5.35
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6	7.75	7.25
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	5.90	5.50
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie R. R.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.60
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.70	5.30
Louis. & Nash	1919-'23	5	5.70	5.30
Mich. Cent.	1919-'30	5	5.90	5.50
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1919-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.15	5.75
N. Y. Central	1919-'32	4½@5	5.90	5.50
Norfolk & West	1919-'24	4½	5.70	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½@6	6.10	5.75
Penn. Gen. Fr'ht	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.65	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.30
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.30	5.85
Sinclair Refining	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.25
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.25
Southern R. R.	1919-'24	4½@5	5.95	5.40
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	5.50	5.50

COTTON MARKET QUIETER.

Apprehensive Over Labor Situation Here and in England.

After Tuesday's good advance and Wednesday's sharp break, yesterday's cotton market settled down to an orderly and even movement which, while it was not active, was gratifying to many who were inclined to deplore the recent feverish fluctuations. In yesterday's trading, a firm tone was in evidence at the outset, and this was followed by a quiet advance which took prices up 33 to 50 points above the previous day's closing. Then, in the afternoon, after the market had remained rather dull and almost stationery until the last hour, there was a reaction which took the market back to about where it left off on Wednesday. At the close prices were changed only nominally, being within 10 points either way of the preceding closing.

The trade was interested yesterday with gossip of the labor situation. The serious situation in England is not causing optimising over the potential foreign demand and even though the recent reduction in ocean freights was extremely gratifying to local interests, it is still feared that the foreign mills will go slowly in building up their slight stocks of American cotton. Ordinarily, with American supplies abroad at as low figures as they are now, there would be a tremendous movement across the Atlantic, but the unsettlement in England and on the Continent is sufficiently great to slow up this ordinary buying demand.

At home, too, the labor situation is becoming troublesome. The mill operatives have served notice on the employers that they must accept the forty-four hour time schedule by next Monday. It is possible that some unpleasant developments will occur at that time.

The campaign to reduce acreage is not worrying local interests and there is little or no fear that anything serious will come out of the movement. Some reduction may be expected, but nothing like the 25 per cent. the more radical are talking about.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. day.
Feb.	..	..	..	22.80	22.75
March	22.35	23.03	22.35	22.64@22.67	22.60
April	..	..	..	21.50@21.60	21.60
May	21.05	21.92	21.05	21.38@21.41	21.48
July	20.40	21.05	20.40	20.51@20.52	20.60
Aug.	19.50	20.03	19.50	19.80	19.70
Sept.	..	19.78	19.78	19.40	19.30
Oct.	19.05	19.60	19.05	19.20	19.10

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 26.70c for middling upland; sales 3,000 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.25c; New Orleans, 27.50c; Savannah, 30c; Augusta, 25.50c; Memphis, 28c; Houston, 27.50c; Little Rock, 26.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last W'k.	Last Y'r.
Port receipts	16,120	22,011	19,950
Exports	26,584	27,516	15,171
Exports, season	2,425,910	2,321,209	2,439,041
N. Y. stocks	36,742	90,121	137,940
Port stocks	1,398,438	1,403,483	1,382,175
N. Y. arrivals	375	1,429	......

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 16.68d for middling, and 20.35d for good middling. Sales, 1,000 bales, of which 700 American. Imports, 16,000 bales, 14,000 American. Futures opened irregular, at declines of 24 to 50 points, and closed steady, 16 to 42 points down on the day. Prices: January, 17.64d; February, 16.18d; March, 14.61d; April, 13.39d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were more active.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Advance Rumely pf.	1½	..	Apr. 1	Mar. 17
B. F. Goodrich Co.	1	Q	May 15	....
Do. pf	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	....
Do. pf	1¾	Q	July 1	....
Cleve. & Pitts	1¾	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
Do. sp. gtd	1	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 10
Consol. Gas	1¾	Q	Mar. 15	Feb. 7
Continental Guar.	2	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 28
H. K. Mulford	4	SA	Feb. 15	Dec. 31
Nat. Grocer	2	Q	Feb. 20	Feb. 9
Do.	3	Ex.	Feb. 20	Feb. 9
Do. pf	3	SA	June 30	June 19
Western Grocer	4	SA	June 30	June 19
Do. pf	3	SA	June 30	June 19

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Lead	...	5.50	...	5.50
Spelter	...	7.00	...	7.00
Antimony	...	7.50	...	7.50
Quicksilver	$100.00	...	$100.00	...
Aluminium	*33.00	...	*33.00	...
Iron, No. 2X silicon	...	36.55	...	36.55

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 21@23c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Wednesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	87 0 0	88 0 0
Copper, futures	80 0 0	81 10 0
Tin, futures	242 10 0	...
Spelter	56 0 0	56 0 0
Lead	32 10 0	34 0 0

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	$1.30¼	$1.26¼	$1.30	$1.26⅞	..
February	1.27¼	1.21	1.27	1.23	..
March	1.25	1.19	1.24⅜	1.21	1.26¾
May	1.20⅝	1.15⅞	1.20¼	1.17¼	1.25¼
July	1.17½	1.12	1.17	1.14⅜	..

OATS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	..	..	56⅝	55½	86½
February	57	54¾	56⅝	55⅝	..
March	57½	55¼	57½	56	83⅜
May	58¼	55⅜	58	56⅝	80⅜
July	56	53⅞	55½	55	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 67½c; No. 2 white, 67@67½c; No. 3 white, 66¼@67c; No. 4 white, 66@66½c; ordinary clipped, 66@67c.

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	..	..	22.07	23.47	23.95
May	23.60	22.97	23.30	23.47	25.40
Ribs—					
January	..	..	22.22	..	23.05
May	21.60	20.95	21.35	21.45	24.60
Pork—					
January	..	..	44.00	44.00	47.20
May	39.10	37.60	38.35	38.60	46.57

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
May	13.90	13.80	13.86	13.64
July	13.70	13.65	13.66	13.50
September	13.45	13.45	13.49	13.35
December	13.40	13.30	13.36	13.22

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
February	$1.56	$1.48	$1.56
March	1.48	1.43½	1.48
May	1.48	1.40½	1.48

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,427 pkgs. There was a steadier feeling on the finer goods. Secondary qualities, including renovated, ladles, and packing stock, without demand and entirely nominal. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb, 47½@48c; extras, 92 score, 46@47c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 43@46c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 41@42½c; lower grades, 39@40c; unsalted, higher than extras, 49½@50c; extras, 48½@49c; firsts, 45@48c; seconds, 42@44c; State dairy tubs, finest, 45@46c; good to prime, 42@44c; common to fair, 38@41c; renovated, extras, 43½@44c; firsts, 42@43c; lower grades, 37@41c; imitation creamery, firsts, 41@42c; ladles, current make, firsts, 37@38c; seconds, 35@36c; lower grades, 33@34c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34c; No. 2, 33c; lower grades, 30@32c.

EGGS.—10,426 cases. The market was pretty well cleared of desirable quality. The receipts of Western and Southern stock are still comparatively light, the posted arrivals including several cars of California whites. The market is declining under the influence of much lower Western markets and reports of materially increased shipments in transit, but for the moment the supply of desirable qualities is hardly sufficient to satisfy the urgent needs of the trade, and the market closes unsettled and irregular, with sales of different qualities out of the usual proportion. Nearby white eggs are moving more slowly, owing to the larger offerings of California, and prices rule slightly in buyers' favor. Californias are in liberal supply, and the bulk of the stock is freely offered in range of 62@65c, some lots, more or less broken, selling lower. We see none of the extra fancy Petaluma whites, and values for these are uncertain. Fresh-gathered, extras, a dozen, 60@61c; extra firsts, 58@59c; firsts, 57@57½c; seconds and poorer, 53@57c; dirties, No. 1, 54@55c; No. 2 and poorer, 50@53c; checks, good to choice, dry, 47@48c; under grades, 43@45c; refrigerator, 82@50c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 69@70c; ordinary to prime, 64@68c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 64@68c; pullet whites, 63@64c; Pacific Coast, ordinary to fine, 60@65c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 60@66c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 63@64c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 57½@61c.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argent. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98½	99	6.70
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99¾	5.95
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	99⅛	100	5.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	98	100	6.00
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	94	98	6.00
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	63	63¼	..
Do rubles	6½	Feb.14,'26	130	135	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	57	58	..
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	99½	100	5.00
Company Issues.					
Am. Cot. Oil	7	Sep., 1919	100⅜	101	5.40
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep., 1919	99⅝	100	5.00
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	91	94	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	100¾	101¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	101⅛	101⅝	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅞	102¼	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102⅝	103⅛	5.65
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103⅛	103⅝	5.75
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103⅞	104½	5.70
Ark. Val. Ry. L. & P.	6	July, 1919	96½	99¼	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99⅝	99⅞	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100⅛	101	5.35
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	101	101⅜	6.05
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	100⅝	101⅛	6.40
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	100⅝	101¼	6.55
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	101	101¼	6.55
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'23	100⅝	100⅞	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	87	90	7.50
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1920	98	99	6.75
Chi. Pn. Tool	6	Oct., 1921	97	97¾	7.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	100	100⅜	5.20
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	100	100⅝	5.60
Cud'y P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	102⅝	102⅞	6.25
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98¾	99⅛	5.65
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	97½	98⅜	6.60
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	90	92½	..
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Jan., 1920	98¼	99¼	6.75
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100⅝	100⅞	5.35
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100⅛	100⅞	5.40
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	98½	99⅛	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅜	99	5.75
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	97	99¼	7.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1919	99¼	100	6.00
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	93	97¼	7.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sept., 1919	99⅜	99⅝	5.75
Okl. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	99⅝	7.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
P. S. C., N.J.	5	Mar., 1919	99	99¾	8.00
Pitt. & S.S.R.	6	Mar., 1920	100	100½	5.55
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100	100⅜	..
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	102	5.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	102¼	103	5.40
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	103	103¾	5.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	104	104½	5.65
Rem. A. U. M. Ctge. Co.	5	Feb., 1919	99¾	100	5.00
San Diego C. G. E. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	101½	102¼	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2,'19	99⅝	99⅞	..
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	99¼	100¾	6.80
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	95½	96½	7.50
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	95	96¼	8.00
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	94	96½	7.50
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep.15,'22	88¼	90	9.25
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	100	100⅛	4.75
Win. R. A.	7	Mar., 1919	99¾	100	7.00

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE—			
Dec. gross	$13,997,068	$12,308,969	$1,688,099
Bal. aft. taxes	1,481,647	3,355,222	*1,873,575
Net op. inc.	1,413,138	3,365,268	*1,952,128
12 mos.' gr.	162,369,130	140,978,956	21,390,194
Bal. aft. taxes	40,706,336	45,392,676	*4,684,340
Net op. inc.	41,558,303	45,365,745	*3,807,442
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH—			
Dec. gross	$1,606,733	1,184,636	422,098
Bal. aft. taxes	35,760	137,713	*101,953
Net oper. inc.	85,275	218,012	*132,737
12 mos.' gross	18,479,659	14,975,000	3,504,659
Bal. aft. taxes	607,528	2,671,264	*2,063,736
Net oper. inc.	1,027,518	3,535,241	*2,507,723
CHICAGO & ALTON—			
Dec. gross	2,156,517	1,638,407	518,110
Def. aft. taxes	16,646	†68,767	85,413
Net oper. def.	152,117	7,114	145,003
12 mos.' gross	24,358,661	20,525,689	3,832,972
Bal. aft. taxes	2,965,623	4,694,494	*1,728,871
Net oper. inc.	1,776,749	3,606,135	*1,829,386
CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS—			
Dec. gross	2,225,996	1,682,331	543,665
Def. aft. taxes	254,943	†198,742	453,685
Net oper. def.	543,122	†210,379	752,501
12 mos.' gross	26,753,092	21,012,173	5,740,919
Bal. aft. taxes	1,723,180	3,778,241	*2,055,061
Net oper. inc.	1,539,112	4,462,299	*2,923,187
CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS—			
Dec. gross	6,310,415	4,244,428	2,065,987
Bal. after tax	1,135,877	902,733	233,124
Net op. income	1,064,502	781,790	302,712
12 mos.' gross	71,403,970	52,650,920	18,753,050
Bal. after tax	15,962,011	12,436,999	3,525,012
Net op. income	14,688,938	10,536,475	4,152,463
COLORADO & SOUTHERN—			
Dec. gross	1,376,711	1,004,755	371,956
Bal. after tax	454,559	329,438	125,120
Net op. income	448,522	327,248	121,274
12 mos.' gross	12,955,827	10,966,664	1,989,163
Bal. after tax	3,013,802	3,613,624	*599,822
Net op. income	2,941,746	3,532,390	*590,644
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
Dec. gross	159,841	113,140	46,701
Bal. after tax	8,255	9,867	*1,612
Net op. income	7,095	29,679	*22,584
12 mos.' gross	1,557,034	1,350,450	206,584
Def. after tax	32,791	†179,734	212,523
Net op. income	31,289	282,669	*251,379
DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—			
Dec. gross	322,594	200,695	121,899
Def. after tax	278,410	72,367	1,043
Net op. deficit	113,089	93,132	19,957
12 mos.' gross	3,413,341	2,903,354	509,987
Def. after tax	485,270	†134,570	619,840
Net op. deficit	722,551	45,719	670,832
GREAT NORTHERN—			
Dec. gross	9,848,200	6,884,843	2,963,357
Def. af. tax	443,933	†1,165,157	1,609,090
Net op. def.	474,891	†1,247,276	1,722,167
12 mos.' gr.	100,661,067	88,534,163	12,126,904
Bal. af. tax	10,639,228	22,987,545	*12,348,317
Net op. inco.	11,978,791	23,250,187	*11,271,391
KANAWHA & MICHIGAN—			
Dec. gross	423,367	300,349	122,818
Bal. af. tax	83,234	56,491	26,743
Net op. income	82,212	75,826	6,386
12 mos.' gross	5,896,134	3,606,991	2,289,143
Bal. after tax	1,461,061	852,466	608,615
Net op. income	1,651,579	1,507,986	143,593
*Decrease. †Income.			
KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN—			
Dec. gross	1,387,028	1,072,302	314,726
Bal. aft. tax	27,863	314,783	*286,920
Net op. inc.	12,398	303,541	*291,143
Bal. aft. tax	3,028,667	4,178,956	*1,150,289
Net op. inc.	2,782,976	4,110,005	*1,327,029
LAKE ERIE & WESTERN—			
Dec. gross	773,021	622,986	150,035
Def. af. tax	100,687	†122,905	223,592
Net op. def.	111,913	†124,003	235,916
12 mos. gross	6,343,905	5,122,896	1,221,009
Bal. af. tax	562,340	1,853,777	*1,291,437
Net op. inc.	379,653	1,478,131	*1,098,478
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—			
Dec. gross	1,067,625	1,033,697	33,928
Def. aft. tax	59,080	†383,940	443,020
Net op. def.	47,079	†411,482	458,561
12 mos. gross	12,028,300	11,005,063	1,023,237
Bal. aft. tax	5,173	2,607,434	*2,602,261
Net op. inc.	235,782	2,588,495	*2,352,713
MOBILE & OHIO—			
Dec. gross	1,341,075	1,047,353	293,722
Bal. aft. tax	40,076	172,571	*132,495
Net op. inc.	47,570	215,643	*167,073
12 mos. gross	14,840,901	13,604,506	1,236,395
Bal. aft. tax	182,246	2,736,629	*2,554,383
Net op. inc.	247,368	3,219,840	*2,072,272
*Decrease. †Income.			
NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD—			
Dec. gross	8,608,151	6,961,617	1,646,534
Def. aft. taxes	448,033	†874,432	1,323,385
Net oper. def.	774,605	†547,079	1,321,684
12 mos. gross	102,294,212	85,784,893	16,509,319
Bal. aft. taxes	11,315,322	20,471,857	*9,156,535
Net oper. inc.	7,534,334	15,351,475	*7,817,141
†Income.			
NORFOLK & WESTERN—			
Dec. gross	6,828,688	5,354,765	1,473,923
Bal. aft. taxes	1,330,427	1,506,875	*176,448
Net oper. inc.	1,331,368	1,646,347	*314,979
12 mos. gross	82,004,034	65,910,242	16,093,792
Bal. aft. taxes	17,510,838	21,786,256	*4,275,418
Net oper. inc.	18,256,481	24,062,445	*5,806,964
ST. LOUIS-SAN FRANCISCO—			
Dec. gross	6,033,720	5,003,192	1,030,537
Bal. aft. taxes	741,139	1,009,282	*268,143
Net oper. inco.	681,030	915,538	*234,508
12 mos. gross	69,812,604	57,434,625	12,377,979
Bal. aft. taxes	11,801,893	17,252,118	*5,450,225
Net oper. inc.	11,199,410	16,427,707	*5,228,297
SEABOARD AIR LINE—			
Dec. gross	3,609,185	2,837,494	771,691
Def. aft. taxes	59,044	†539,933	598,977
Net oper. def.	26,424	†426,559	452,983
12 mos. gross	38,923,106	30,345,146	8,577,960
Bal. aft. taxes	4,096,959	7,237,881	*3,140,922
Net oper. inc.	3,636,725	6,821,327	*3,184,602
†Income.			
WHEELING & LAKE ERIE—			
Dec. gross	951,455	743,779	207,676
Def. aft. taxes	110,523	†146,397	256,920
Net oper. def.	89,527	†71,849	161,376
12 mos. gross	13,592,172	11,028,904	2,563,268
Bal. aft. taxes	1,663,663	3,038,277	*1,374,614
Net oper. inc.	1,049,583	2,035,737	*987,154
†Income.			
YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY—			
Dec. gross	$2,398,801	$1,810,053	$588,748
Bal aft. taxes	428,773	582,955	*154,182
Net op. income	405,894	570,886	*164,492
12 mos. gross	22,477,009	18,152,123	4,324,880
Bal. aft. taxes	4,930,718	4,917,475	13,243
Net op. income	4,499,956	4,687,062	*187,106

Public Utilities.

ALABAMA POWER CO.—			
Dec. gross	291,772	197,062	94,770
Net aft. taxes	143,581	120,303	23,278
12 mos. gross	3,019,731	2,101,958	917,773
Net aft. taxes	1,572,250	1,300,624	271,626
AMERICAN CITIES CO. subsidiary operating companies for November—			
Gross earnings	1,665,501	1,452,103	213,398
Net aft. taxes	348,066	515,107	*167,041
Surp. aft. chgs.	92,192	198,450	*106,258
12 mos. gross	17,814,086	16,583,374	1,230,712
Net aft. taxes	5,088,549	6,238,690	*1,150,141
Surp. aft. chgs.	1,126,959	2,359,312	*1,232,353

After reserve for renewals and replacements, and deduction of proportion of earnings of subsidiary companies owned by public, there was a balance of $962,013 available for interest on bonds and notes of American Cities Co.

*Decrease.

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT CO., for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Gross rev.	9,805,079	10,181,866	10,186,054
Net aft. tax	1,755,554	2,542,150	3,225,313
Other inc.	24,215	25,846	26,425
Total inc.	1,779,769	2,567,096	3,251,738
Inter., etc.	1,079,467	1,029,946	1,014,190
Balance	691,302	1,538,050	2,237,548
Pfd. divs.	210,000	210,000	210,000
Common divs.	440,000	1,320,000	1,320,000
Surplus	41,302	8,050	707,548

WESTERN STATES GAS & ELECTRIC—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Dec. gross	162,765	134,505	28,260
Net aft. taxes	71,019	57,755	13,264
Sur aft chgs.	40,081	29,949	10,132
12 mos. gross	1,628,095	1,402,860	228,126
Net aft taxes	649,615	633,931	15,684
Sur aft chgs.	275,989	336,555	*60,566

*Decrease.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Forty new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,511,500, were chartered today. They include:

Louis C. Rogers, Inc., Rochester, roofing and sheet metal working, $25,000; E. P. Milhofer, L. K. and L. C. Rogers, Rochester.

Sackett, Turner Corp., Manhattan, chemicals, $50,000; B. Machinist, J. Manne, C. Meyers, 783 Madison Av.

Phenix Lighting Fixture Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. F. Schechter, M. Friedman, R. J. Wittstein, 916 Stebbins St., Bronx.

Stromski Co., Buffalo, undertaking business, $10,000; F. L. Schlager, P. Murzinski, E. Stromski, Buffalo.

Lubelski, Inc., Buffalo, hotels, restaurants, and cafes, $10,000; C. Pond, M. and M. Lubelski, Buffalo.

R. S. McMannus Steel Const. Co., Bufalo, $15,000; A. C. Hoyt, C. Pons, R. S. McMannus, Buffalo.

Atlantic Maritime Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; W. O. Wells, A. V. Smith, S. Murdoch, 167 Water St.

Number 430 West End Av. Corp., Manhattan, Manhattan realty, $6,000; B. Machinist, C. A. Slocum, G. Meyers, 783 Madison Av.

E. W. Warehouse and Trucking Co., Manhattan, $25,000; H. Goodman, L. and E. Wiederspiel, 473 West 158th St.

The Rose Cloak and Suit Co., Utica, $5,000; N. E. Rose, J. W. Hayward, H. E. Maggard, Utica.

Universal Seal Corp., Albany, seals for car doors and packages, $50,000; W. C. Martineau, E. J. Fitzsimmons, M. J. Hawkins, Albany.

Netherland Ice Cream Co., Syracuse, $20,000; J. A. Pease, O. G. Smith, L. E. Higbee, Syracuse, N. Y.

Stewart-Bowne Co., Manhattan, brokerage business, $10,000; G. W. Roberts, E. W. Bowne, D. M. Stewart, 128 West 86th St.

Royal Transfer Co., Manhattan, $6,000; H. and A. Wolf, I. Finkelstein, 675 Greenwich St.

American Frame and Picture Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. J. Brothers, S. R. and S. Horowitz, 523 West 175th St.

Broadway Export Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; J. Castellot, H. B. Finn, M. M. Connolly, 271 Broadway.

Frewsburg Dairy Products Corp., Carroll, Chautauqua County, $10,000; E. C. Akin, A. Rhodes, R. M. Waite, Frewsburg.

Wiensel Realty and Garage Co., Bronx, $10,000; I. and K. Seligson, L. Wienecke, 1,020 Tiffany St., Bronx.

Tailormade Waist Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. E. Phillips, C. Hand, S. Rosenzweig, 309 Broadway.

P. M. Dreyfuss Co., Manhattan, electrical supplies, $10,000; M. E. Sobel, F. J. and P. M. Dreyfuss, 150 Chambers St.

Renaud-Rigouiot Co., Manhattan, jewelry business, $40,000; A. E. Renaud, A. F. Rigouiot, M. S. Cohen, 302 Broadway.

Seltzer & Firestone, Inc., Manhattan, men's clothing, $8,000; C. and S. Seltzer, C. Firestone, 207 East 14th St.

Knitted Textile Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; A. Fox, L. Kremer, C. R. Pechner, 299 Broadway.

Witbeck Bros., Albany, auto business, $45,000; M. R., A. W., and B. F. Witbeck, Albany.

Street, Agner & Moore, Manhattan, commission merchants, $5,000; B. Stinner, W. E. Moore, O. B. Agner, 2 Rector St.

Leonard C. Ketchum & Son, Manhattan, insurance business, $10,000; L. C. and L. C. Ketchum, J. W. Helbing, 2,471 University Av., Bronx.

S. M. Bixley & Co., Brooklyn, shoe and stove polish, 10,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 4,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $1,020,000; I. C. Child, F. J. Haight, T. M. Bowie, 422 West 23d St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Prospect Dye Works, Brooklyn, $6,000 to $12,000.

Palm Knitting Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $30,000.

Kraus & Isaacs, Manhattan, $15,000 to $50,000.

National Accounting Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $5,000.

Novelty Shoe Manufacturing Co., Brooklyn, $3,500 to $16,000.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Troy Development Corp., Troy.
The Lyon Doll Co., Manhattan.
Prospect Tool and Machine Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 30.—Charters filed:

Galesburg Grocery Co., $600,000; Fred Larson, Bartlett G. Howe, J. E. Anderson, all of Greensburg, Ill.

The Abrico Co., candies, &c., $300,000; C. L. Rimlinger; M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Worth & Co., brokerage business, $100,000; Charles R. Gartling, Charles E. Gabriel, R. B. Carman, Philadelphia.

Ban & Caldwell, Inc., brokerage business, $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Electric Vapor Heater Co., $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Commercial Guarantee Co., to deal in and with securities, $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Chicago Granite and Marble Co., $100,000; George R. Kent, Albert Levin, William C. Risinberd, all of Chicago.

Industrial Banking System, Inc., $100,000; Orlando W. Smith, Milford, Conn.; Edward L. Roberts, Amerto, Texas; A. W. Britton, New York.

Battery Service Corp., $100,000; M. M. Lucey, J. H. Weaver, G. S. Biddison of Wilmington.

Wallace Knitting Mills, Inc., $20,000; Samuel Krekstein, Philadelphia; Abraham H. Kahn, Charles W. Schagrin of Wilmington.

Herting-Fickling-Klein Co., to manufacture and repair autos, &c., $25,000; Louis Herting, William W. Fickling, Frank C. Fickling of Wilmington.

Eagan & Beahm, Inc., heating and ventilating apparatus, $15,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Audit Corp., to do general income tax auditor business, $10,000; incorporators same as above.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Jan. 30.—Charters filed:

Pipe Organ Maintenance Co., Passaic, $5,000; F. O. Case, Passaic; C. J. Kilgen, and Lehman Strauss, New York.

Westrick Co., Ridgewood, electrical goods, $15,000; J. S. Rue, M. V. Rice, and M. G. Zimmerman, all of Ridgewood.

Bushman Bag Co., East Orange, $50,000; E. L. Bushman, C. P. Bushman, and Evelyn Bushman, all of East Orange.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Forecast:
N. C.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
S. C., Ga., and Fla.—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Ala., Miss., Tenn., and Ky.—Fair Fri.; cloudy Sat.
Ind. and Ohio—Fair Fri. and Sat.
Mich.—Fair Fri.; fair and warmer Sat.

DIVIDENDS.

Associated Dry Goods Corporation.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.
Hoboken, N. J., Jan. 29, 1919.

A dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the first preferred stock, and a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the second preferred stock of Associated Dry Goods Corporation has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable March 1st, 1919, to the holders of said preferred stocks of record at twelve o'clock noon Saturday, February 8th, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

Attention is called to the fact that no dividend is payable in respect of scrip certificates representing fractional interests in said preferred stocks, and holders of said scrip certificates are urged to consolidate them into full shares of stock on or before said last-mentioned date.

RALPH M. STAUFFEN, Treasurer.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Baltimore, Md., January 21, 1919.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the net earnings of the Company for the six months ended December 31, 1918, a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Preferred stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1919, to the Stockholders of record at the close of business on January 28, 1919.

The Board also declared from the surplus earnings of the Company a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Common stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1919, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on January 28, 1919.

The transfer books will not close.

C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

A. O. SMITH CORPORATION
January 20, 1919.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND No. 9

The Board of Directors has today declared a quarterly Preferred Dividend of One Dollar and Seventy-five Cents ($1.75) per share, payable February 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 1, 1919.

Checks will be mailed by Columbia Trust Company, Dividend Disbursing Agent.

J. J. STAMM, Treasurer.

American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co.

The Directors of the American Zinc, Lead & Smelting Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the preferred capital stock, payable February 1, 1919, to stockholders of record January 24, 1919.

S. E. FARWELL, Treasurer.

SAVAGE ARMS CORPORATION.
January 29, 1919.

The Board of Directors has this day declared the following dividends:
First Preferred Stock, 1¾%
Second Preferred Stock, 1½%
Common Stock, 1½%

All above dividends payable March 15, 1919, to stockholders of record February 28, 1919.

NAT. TYLER, JR., Treasurer.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A dividend of four dollars ($4.00) per share has been declared, payable February 1, 1919, at the New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to Stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

Boston, January 21, 1919.
EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.

Jefferson & Clearfield Coal & Iron Co.

A dividend of two and one-half dollars per share ($2.50) has been declared on the preferred stock of this Company, payable February 15, 1919, to stockholders of record February 10, 1919.

GEO. H. CLUNE, Treasurer.

$710,000
Elk Horn Coal Corporation
(Closed Mortgage) Sinking Fund 6% Conv. Gold Notes
Dated December 1, 1915 Due December 1, 1925
Interest payable June 1 and December 1
Authorized Issue $9,500,000. Total outstanding (now closed mortg.) $6,508,000

Coupon form in denomination of $1,000. Registerable as to principal.
Redeemable in whole or in part by lot at 105 and interest.
Guaranty Trust Company, New York, Trustee.

Company assumes payment of Normal Federal Income Tax. Individual Tax in State of Maryland and Baltimore City refunded to holders.

Notes outstanding are listed on the New York Stock Exchange, where application will be made to list the present issue.

We briefly summarize the following important features:

1.—PROPERTY: Company owns approximately 205,000 acres of valuable developed coal lands in Eastern Kentucky and West Virginia, and through stock ownership in other companies has a large additional acreage.

2.—SECURITY: Through retirement in 1918 of $4,000,000 underying bonds, **these Notes are secured by a First Mortgage (closed) on the entire property owned, conservatively appraised in part, with developments thereon, at over $18,000,000**—subject only to $434,000. 5% bonds, due 1943, on a small portion of property. Additionally secured by pledge of 19,765.32 shares Consolidation Coal Company stock—present market value $1,600,000.

3.—EQUITY: $6,600,000 preferred stock and $12,000,000 common stock upon both of which 6% dividends were paid in 1918. Present market value about $12,000,000.

4.—EARNINGS: For year 1917 net (after liberal deductions), $2,245,788.88, or over **five times** interest required of $414,630.98 on funded debt; for eleven months ended November 30, 1918, net $1,585,517.69, against fixed charges of only $329,734.18.

5.—TRANSPORTATION: Furnished by Louisville and Nashville, the Chesapeake and Ohio, the Baltimore and Ohio and Carolina, Clinchfied and Ohio, which have spent large sums of money to secure the tonnage from this coal field.

6.—MANAGEMENT: Men of long experience in the successful development and operation of coal properties, who have large investments in the stocks of this company.

We recommend this issue as a well-secured, safe and attractive investment. Further particulars furnished upon request. Orders may be wired or telephoned subject to prompt confirmation.

The Fidelity Trust Company The Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company
Robert Garrett & Sons Hambleton & Company
Baltimore

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

SINKING FUND NOTICE.
NORFOLK AND WESTERN POCAHONTAS JOINT 4 PER CENT BONDS.

Tenders of the above bonds are hereby invited for sale, and delivery, as of February 7, 1919, to the extent of $322,681.20, the amount in the Mortgage Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee Pocahontas Coal Lands Purchase Money First Mortgage, Philadelphia, Pa., and will be received until 12 noon, February 4, 1919.

The right to reject any or all tenders unsatisfactory to the Trustee is reserved.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART, 3d, Treasurer.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are, therefore, hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

A. W. HUDSON, President.
Dated December 31, 1918.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Stockholders of the Ajax Rubber Company, Inc.:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the AJAX RUBBER COMPANY, Inc., will be held at the offices of the Company, 218-222 West 57th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 11th day of February, 1919, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of electing five Directors to hold office for the term of three years, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting. Also Amendment to Article 1, Section 1, of the By-Laws to provide for the holding of the Annual Meeting of stockholders on the fourth Tuesday in February instead of the second Tuesday, as now provided. And for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

For the purposes of the Annual Meeting a record of stockholders will be taken as of the close of business January 30th, 1919.

H. L. McCLAREN, President.
F. E. DAYTON, Secretary.
Dated, New York, January 23rd, 1919.

STOCKHOLDERS' ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the WESTCHESTER & BRONX TITLE & MORTGAGE GUARANTY COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 160 Main Street, White Plains, N. Y., on the 10th day of February, 1919, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and three Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open between the hours of 9:30 and 10:30 in the forenoon of said day.

Transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon February 7, 1919, to 12 o'clock noon February 10, 1919.

REGINALD P. RAY, Secretary.
White Plains, N. Y., January 24, 1919.

WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY,
15 Exchange Place,
Jersey City, N. J.
January 30, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Weyman-Bruton Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Tuesday, the 4th day of March, 1919, at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors of the Company for the ensuing year, and for the purpose of considering and acting upon such other business as may properly come before the meeting. Stockholders of record only as of the close of business February 10, 1919, shall be entitled to vote at such Annual Meeting.

I. L. ELLIOTT, Sec'y & Treas.

THE MATAWOK LAND COMPANY,
New York, January 31st, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Matawok Land Company will be held at the office of the Company, 56 Pine Street, in the City of New York, on Thursday, February 13th, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and any other business that may come before the meeting.

The transfer books will be closed for transfers at the close of business on Friday, February 7th, 1919, and will reopen on Friday, February 14th, 1919.

EUGENE BARRINGTON, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Alvin Manufacturing Company will be held at eleven o'clock in the forenoon on the 14th day of February, 1919, at the office of the Company, No. 54 Maiden Lane, New York City, to vote upon a proposition to change its name. The present name of the corporation is Alvin Manufacturing Company. The name it proposes to assume is Alvin Silver Company, Inc.

GEORGE E. FAHYS, President.
G. ERNEST FAHYS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the AMERICAN KRON SCALE COMPANY, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held on Wednesday, February 5th, at 3 P. M., at Room 903, 39 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

I. WERTHEIMER, Secretary.

ITALIAN DISCOUNT AND TRUST Co. NEW YORK

A responsible and highly-rated firm in Bologna, Italy—

wants to secure the selling agency for its branches in North and Central Italy for the following American-made merchandise:

Blades, all kinds
Tools in general for construction
Agricultural machinery
Steam and Water-Power Fittings
Hygienic commodities (of rubber, etc.)
Leather Belting and Accessories
Mineral Oils
Fats

For American manufacturers who are seeking to introduce their goods to the Italian market, this is an unusual opportunity to establish a profitable and stable selling field.

The Italian principal agrees to pay insurance, duty, freight charges and other incidental expenses—and render a monthly accounting of the goods sold, paying by means of bank credits established in the United States.

Address communications to

ITALIAN DISCOUNT AND TRUST COMPANY
399 BROADWAY NEW YORK

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Bonright & Company, Incorporated.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Bonright & Company, Incorporated, a New York Corporation, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 25 Nassau Street, New York City, on the 13th day of February, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing six Directors to serve for three years, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

S. E. ALLEN, Secretary.
New York, January 31, 1919.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of National Railway Appliance Company will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 50 East 42nd Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Wednesday, the fifth day of February, 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

FRED. C. J. DELL, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Hayden & Derby Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company, 119 West 40th Street, New York, on Tuesday, February 4th, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before the meeting.

GEORGE D. BRANSTON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the United Injector Company will be held at the office of the Company, 119 West 40th Street, New York, on Wednesday, February 5th, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may legally be brought before the meeting.

H. D. CARLTON, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED TRACTION & ELECTRIC COMPANY.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., January 23, 1919.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid February 1, 1919, to the registered holders of January 23, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

Sale of Government Owned Nose Bags.

The Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, 19th and B Streets, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Nose Bags, also known as Feed Bags, that were manufactured for the Government as army equipment. No bids will be accepted for less than a bale lot, which contains 50 bags each. Bids will be made in triplicate form and must be mailed in time to reach Washington for the opening at 2:00 P. M. March 3d, 1919. Full particulars and forms for submitting bids may be obtained upon application to Surplus Property Division, Munitions Building, Washington, D. C., Ref. S. P. D., No. 320, C. & E.

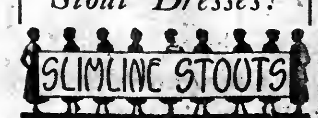
OFFICE PORT STORAGE OFFICER, COMmonwealth Pier, Boston, Mass.—Sealed proposals in triplicate will be received at this office until 12 o'clock meridian February 1, 1919, and then opened in presence of attending bidders for the salvage of quartermaster supplies from the British S. S. PORT HUNTER, wrecked near Vineyard Haven, Mass. Blanks and full information on application.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SYRACUSE, located at Syracuse, in the State of New York, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

Dated December 16, 1918.
CHARLES H. SANFORD, President.

Just Stout Dresses!



When you see them you will understand their popularity among stout women and when you note the price you will appreciate the enthusiasm of the thousands of merchants on our books.

Slimline Stouts Dispel All Doubts. —They're Stylish

METROPOLIS DRESS CO., Inc.
131 West 35th St., New York.

MR. A. B. SOLIS AND MR. LOUIS A. VALLEN ARE NOW AT THE NEW YORK OFFICE OF LICHTENSTEIN REICHLIN & CO.

SILK AND GEORGETTE DRESSES

1261 BROADWAY, COR. 31 ST.
Martin Bldg. Rooms 601-603

SUITS "That Breathe of Spring"

Artistic in Design. Styled-to-the-minute. Fabrics and garniture in extreme good taste. Just the kind that will cause your customers to exclaim "what beautiful lines." Will please and satisfy the most discerning clientele. CALL TO-DAY.

Our leader a Serge Suit. Braid Trimmed Retails at $37,50

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30-34 WEST 26TH ST
Chelsea 9553

Follow the Buyers
Who Buy From Live Wires.

Suits All Wool Poplin $7.50 up
Serge Suits $6.75 up
Coats All Wool Poplin $7.50 up
Serge Coats $6.75 up

All Wanted Fabrics in Leading Shades.
BENJAMIN MARTIN
22-24 West 27th St.

SPRING
SEE OUR $16.75 SUITS
SPECIAL Now Showing
CAPES—COATS—DOLMANS
Royal Coat Co.
44-50 WEST 28TH STREET
FAMOUS FOR POPULAR VALUES

SAMUEL PRINTZ
48-54 West 25th St. N. Y.
SEE OUR Wonderful COAT at $6.75

SPIRAL PUTTEES
AMERICAN OVERSEA CAPS FRENCH
Bargains
PANAMA KNITTING MILLS
PHONE CANAL 180. 410 CANAL ST.

Nearlinen
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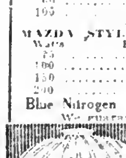
THE PERFECT LINEN SUBSTITUTE
SHIPLEY-HOLLINS CO. New York.

LAMPS TUNGSTEN
30% SAVING
Compare These Prices

MAZDA STYLE Watts	TUNGSTEN Edison's Price	LAMPS Our Price
10, 15, 25	.35	.25
40, 50		
60	.40	.28
100	.85	.60

MAZDA STYLE Watts	NITROGEN Edison's Price	LAMPS Our Price
75	.70	.49
100	1.10	.77
150	1.65	1.15
200	2.20	1.54

Blue Nitrogen Lamps at 30% Saving.
We guarantee all our lamps.



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Easy for the Eyes. Equal light distribution. Fits any ordinary socket. Suitable for any size lamp; pleasing appearance. THE PRACTICAL LIGHT for offices, stores, factories, churches, etc.
Regular Price $5.50. Our PRICE $2.50

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THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

Scenes and portraits of notable delegates to the Peace Conference at Paris make pages of memorable pictures in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BACHMAN NORMANDY Wanted.—Dark green and other colors. Phone Spring 3013.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Taupe, reindeer, and beiges; cash. Greeley 3183.

BUTTONS for Pants Wanted. — Unlimited quantity; call 10 to 12 o'clock. Leon Marx & Son, 461 Broadway.

BUTTONS Wanted.—Black, ivories, 1,000 gross, at price; cash. Chas. Wersba, 117 West 31st.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—Jobs of sample coats, suits, dresses; spot cash. Albert Terrakin Co., 36 West 32d. Madison Square 9049.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on coats and caps, high grade only; call with samples. 122 West 34th St., 4th floor.

CORDUROY, WIDE WALE Wanted.—Suitable for bathrobes. Farragut 4823.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—96-100 cambric, 64-60 percale. United States Textile Co., 200 5th Av. Gramercy 6227.

COTTON Wanted.—For pocket lining, white and black; must be cheap. Farragut 8880.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—About 300 pieces, white and flesh, heavy quality; not over $1.10. Nat Goldston, 36 East 31st St.

CREPE Wanted. — Japanese crepe; large quantities plain colors, assorted. Room 463, Centurion Bldg., 1,182 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—3-thread, any quantity, cash. R. Goperstein Co., 404 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—One of the largest dress jobbers in the city is desirous of connecting with manufacturers of high-grade dresses; an opportunity to develop big enough business to keep a fair-sized factory busy the year round. Write L., 614, 1,265 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted.—We are placing stock orders on party, georgette, taffeta, tricotine, and high-grade tailored cloth dresses; samples 9 to 12 daily. Wiener, 20 West 35th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for quantity georgette, taffeta, and crepe de chine dresses for cash; stock dresses only. 150 Madison Av., 4th floor. See Mr. Winters.

DRESSES Wanted.—We will buy for cash jobs or regular goods, any quantity, for immediate delivery; samples daily 9-12. Wiener, 20 West 35th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large orders popular-priced dresses in all materials. Call with samples immediately. 25 West 52d St., third floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for large quantity of georgette dresses for immediate delivery only. Call, 9-11 A. M. only, 25 West 31st, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing stock orders on new silk dresses, also jersey dresses. 134 West 26th, 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers placing orders on cloth and silk dresses. Elrod, 12th floor, 12-14 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted.—New serges and new taffetas; will place orders if interested. 142 West 26th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at snappy models, mornings. Room 819, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Waists, Silk Underwear (finest) Wanted.—Cash. Phone Canal 1121.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits Wanted.—Any quantity; cash; jobs only. Farragut 5154.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Yalama and Forstmann's velour Algeria, terra cotta, tricors, Andrews's 3782, Garfield 5010 navy. Orchard 8245.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Spot cash or other colors in exchange. Madison Square 2975.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Cash; shades 852, 803, 526. Pasternack, 319 5th Av.

FEATHERS Wanted.—Chicken; by the carload; call 10-12 o'clock. Leon Marx & Son, 461 Broadway.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Whitman 9; 0936 similar, also 4666 and 10764; high shades only. Merit Co., Greeley 1121.

GABARDINES and TRICOTINES Wanted.—Taupe. 38 West 32d. Room 1302.

GEORGETTE, SATINS, CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Jobber looking at snappy styles. 33 West 34th St., Room 606.

GEORGETTES Wanted.—Large quantity; all colors; must be cheap. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Stock lots of Anderson ginghams; also Otis stripes and checks. Alexander Propper Co., Inc., 1,270 Broadway. Room 405.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES Wanted.—At once, all kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 8671.

LININGS Wanted.—Fancies, all makes. Alex Kogut, 129 West 22d.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted.—Interested in a limited amount; cash if necessary. Room 821, 1,133 Broadway. Phone Farragut 9238-8955.

PEAU DE CYGNES Wanted.—Gray, navy, and tan. Mad. Sq. 5953.

PEAU-DE-CYGNES Wanted. — Henna and rose. Chelsea 599.

PLUSHES Wanted.—Salts, peco, or esquimette, any quantity; spot cash; must be cheap. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

POIRET TWILL Wated.—F. & H.; will exchange tan for navy. Murray Hill 3799.

POPLINS Wanted.—Will exchange Pekin 0326, American for rookie or gray, same or 90610. Joseph Durst, Greeley 3133.

SAMPLE FIBRE CASES Wanted. Phone Farragut 9060.

SATIN Wanted.—Open to buy satin, 40-inch; can use quantities at a price. S. Simon Co., 135 West 27th St.

SECO Wanted.—Quantity no object; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot cash; 104, 11433, 528, 319, 809, 7120, 0936, 09070, black and navy only. W 22 Times.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantity of 1464 navy and black. Jos. F. Cohen, 79 Fifth Av. Stuyvesant 3410.

SERGE Wanted.—09070, 11433, 104, 7120, 6609, 0936, 3850, Juilliard's 110 blacks. Madison Square 9837.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for quantities of black French serges. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted.—7602 or similar, copen, gray, tan; also 99 Whitman's, navy, black. Chelsea 9955.

SERGES Wanted.—White spiral 169, also navy 838 and 9056. Jerome Frank & Co., 53 West 23d St.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear 9, 9070, or similar navy for spot cash; must be reasonable. Madison Square 4761.

SERGES, Wanted.—9, 11433, 99, 0936, also other kinds; must be cheap. Madison Square 8670.

SERGES Wanted.—Gray, Pekin, tan, and copen, 528, 519, or 1464. 1,133 Broadway, Room 1222.

SERGES Wanted.—838, 809, 104, 519, 11433, quantities for cash. Grossman Bros. Mad. Sq. 3620.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235 or 0936 navy; tricotine, Garfield 4718 navy, tan 127. Madison Square 8476.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for 235, black and navy and 9 Whitman black and navy. H. J. Schiffer, 10 East 23d.

SERGES Wanted.—23076, high shade poplin, silvertones, Bachmann and Holden Leonard's tricotines, 4718, also Andrews; spot cash. Gramercy 1807.

SERGES, POPLINS Wanted.—528-519 navy, F. P. L., 774, Meadow Brook taffeta. Hotel McAlpin, Room 1490, Friday, 9-11 A. M.

SERGES Wanted.—1464 or similar quality navy and black. Louis Bauman Co., 12 East 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, navy. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st. 2127 Madison Square.

SERGES Wanted.—1464, 519, 104, 812, in all colors. 81 5th Av., room 1710. Stuyvesant 3411.

SERGES Wanted.—6234, 0936, 1464, 235. Progress Garment Co., Chelsea 6549.

SERGES Wanted.—838 Navy only. Jerome Frank & Co. Gramercy 5174.

SERGES Wanted.—Cash; rookie serge 104, 09070, 1464, 0936. Pasternack, 319 Fifth Av.

SERGES Wanted.—838-235, or 0936. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th St.

SERGES Wanted.—1464 Andrews, 3850 Stevens. Farragut 707.

SERGES Wanted.—9, 99, 838, for cash. Yellin & Rand. Farragut 6326.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitman's 2272, navys, large quantity only. Call Stuyvesant 2155.

SERGES Wanted.—104, 3850, 519, 838, 235. Weinstein Co., Madison Sq. 2039.

SERGE Wanted.—99 and 1464, navy and black. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st.

SERGES Wanted.—3850, 7614, 9, 7120, 99. Gramercy 6227.

SERGE Wanted.—At a price, 0609 and 7713. Greeley 4695.

SERGES Wanted.—Navy 235 and Copen poplin, American or similar. Farragut 2477.

SERGES Wanted.—9070 and 838, quantity for spot cash. Mad. Square 5617.

SERGES Wanted.—U. S. 235, Kingsley man-mosh serge 8200, Gilbert's. Orchard 8245.

SERGES Wanted.—838 U. S. navy and black. Chelsea 2840.

SILKS Wanted.—We want to buy silks, novelties or velvets; also imperfect goods for cash. Madison Square 4941.

SILKS Wanted.—Stripes, radium, crepes and tub; cash prices. Tunsy, 145 West 30th.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Arthur Joel's or Holden Leonard's, all Spring shades; open for quantity; cash. Chelsea 2775.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Navy, Pekin, and tan. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th St.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—H. & L. marine and copen. Chelsea 500.

SILVERTONES Wanted. — Spring shades, cash at right price. Gramercy 6174.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber placing orders for better grade suits. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Open for light gray tricotines. Telephone 7200 Mad. Sq.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—All colors, good qualities only; Stehle's preferable. Madison Square 3445.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—For cash, all shades; must be cheap. Louis Wishbow, 73 Madison Av.

TICKINGS Wanted.—Any quantity; must be cheap; call 10 to 12 o'clock. Leon Marx & Son, 461 Broadway.

TRICOTINE, Poret and U. S. Serge Wanted.—235, 838 navy. Sprayregan & Marks, 158 West 29th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield's 4718 or similar, all shades. Posner Marinace, 44 East 32d.

TRICOTINE. Wanted.—Navy, Garfield's 4718 or similar. Madison Square 2967.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Garfield's or similar, all colors. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—4718 Garfield navy; will pay cash. Madison Square 5493.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Andrew Mills, in navy. Levy, 135 West 29th.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—All colors. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted.—Navy; good quality. Karp Bros., 45 West 27th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cash; F. & H. shade 526, 848, 803, 852. Pasternack, 319 Fifth Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281, light shades only. Farragut 2616.

VELOUR and POPLIN Wanted.—Invincible Cloak, 124 West 24th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—High shades, spot cash. Farragut 9090.

WINDSOR CAMBRIC Wanted.—Open for 2,000 pieces, all colors 25 inch, at a price. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Quantities for men's wear; all qualities. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

APRONS.—Close out lots, special prices. W. H. Dean, 45 East 17th.

BATHROBES.—Beacon, pretty styles; immediate delivery; special prices. Arida, 115 West 22d St.

BROADCLOTH, tan serge, and navy wool scrim, close out cheap. Casper Davis & Son, 33 West 34th.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—7-12, good gingham, $9 dozen. Levi Bros., 55 West 3d.

COATS.—High grade; immediate delivery; reduced prices; Bolivia, silvertones, Normandies, pom pom, pile fabrics, &c.; Spring line ready for jobbers. Mezeritzky & Stolerman, 28 West 27th St.

COATS.—500 fur-trimmed cloth coats, 300 coatees beaver, mole and Baffin seal, 200 fur-trimmed plush coats; must be closed out regardless of cost. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th St.

COATS, Suits, Dresses.—Jobs of sample Spring coats, suits, dresses always on hand; extraordinarily cheap. Albert Terrakin Co., 38 West 32d. Madison Square 9049.

COATS.—800, splendid assortment, all wool, pom pom velour, broadcloth, fur trimmed; closing out. Shapiro Davis, 29 West 37th St.

COATS.—2 to 6, 8 to 14, all materials, to close out at a sacrifice on account of moving. Rosh-Mayers, 17 West 28th.

COATS.—2,000, closing out prices; large assortment colors and material, fur and self trimmed. Sipkin & Gorshen, 15 East 26th.

COATS.—High-grade Bolivia and silvertone, fur trimmed, to close out. Potter & Schattman, 147 West 22d.

COATS.—Salt's plush, plain and fur trimmed, for sale purposes. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th.

COATS.—Have 200 fur trimmed, better kind; close out. Gottlieb, 10 West 32d St.

COATS.—Velours, seal shawl collars; cheap. Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th.

COATS.—High-grade flapper coats; Spring line ready. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d.

COTTON.—850 lbs. of brown mercerized silk, 500 lbs. brown sewing cotton, 144 lbs. white cotton, 400 lbs. gray cotton, also white tape, hooks and eyes. Call 409 Lafayette St., 5th floor, not later than Friday evening; will sacrifice at a price.

COTTON.—Crepe, French cloth, will close out cheap. 1,133 Broadway, Room 414.

COTTON GOODS.—Jobbers' and exporters' cotton drills, gabardines, hollands, voils; full assortment; below market price. Call, or write. Gad & Dabah, 276 Canal St.

CREPE DE CHINE.—100 pieces flesh and white at $1 yd., 8% off. Room 1502, 440 4th Av. Madison Square 6587.

DRESSES.—All wool Jersal dresses at $6.75 net; we also make satins, taffetas, and serges, at prices cheaper than elsewhere; in spite of the strike we still continue to deliver in large quantities. I. Rand & Co., 37 W. 28th St.

DRESSES of character and distinction, yet priced low to stimulate sales; all wool French serge, $5.50-$13.75; satins, taffetas, jerseys, georgettes, $6.75, $16.50; immediate deliveries. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgette, taffeta and satin, newest Spring styles on the racks for immediate delivery; also exceptionally good numbers in serge, to close out. Redfern Costume Co., 22 West 27th.

DRESSES. — Serges, taffetas, georgettes; latest Spring styles; immediate delivery; $6.75 to $14.75; jobs always on hand. Floranell Dress, 28 West 26th.

DRESSES.—2,000 dozen house dresses, assorted ginghams, chambrays, percales, $9 per dozen. National Kimono Co., 148 Greene St.

DRESSES.—2,000 serge and taffeta, snappy styles, $6.75 up; big values; immediate delivery. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d St.

DRESSES TO CLOSE OUT AT A PRICE; tricolettes, georgettes, serges, satins, novelties. Schwartz Bros., 39 West 20th.

DRESSES, street, afternoon, and evening, Peter Thompson special, $8.75. American Costume, 118 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Up to the minute styles, in silks; see our $5.75 taffeta special. Silverman-Stock, 130 West 28th.

DRESSES.—300 snappy serges, $3.75; 200 beautiful taffetas, $6.75; Botany serges, $7.75. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Georgette silk serges; snappy models; values unsurpassed. Deutsch, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, 50 per cent. off; good styles. Fifth floor, 15 East 26th St.

DRESSES.—Better grade silk, georgettes, serge, evening. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Satins, serges, velvets, to close out reasonable. Seid, 32 East 31st.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, Spring models, to close out. Paris, 18 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge to close out, at price. Simon, 135 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Silk, taffeta, georgette, to close out. Modern Costume, 136 West 21st.

DRESSES.—To close 150 velour, values to $22.50 at $12.50. Rivera Dress, 2 East 29th.

DRESSES.—Job 500 serge, silk, cheap for cash. Superior, 118 East 28th.

GABARDINES.—All shades, for immediate delivery. Gramercy 4783.

GEORGEEN.—Heavy georgeen, 6,000 yards to sell for price. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 20th St.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chines.—Colors; prices right. Max Schwarz Silk Co., 122 5th Av.

GEORGETTE.—All silk, pure dye. Knickerbocker Ribbon Co., Madison Square 1034.

GEORGETTES.—All colors, immediate delivery. $1.15 per yard. Kremer, 31 E. 27th.

GINGHAMS AND PERCALES. — Amoskeag, 75 cases, 20c. net; percales, 64x64, 17 cases, 15c. net; also other kinds, 250 cases; wonderful assortment; must be sold at once at price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8670.

GINGHAMS.—Lancaster staple checks. Phone Spring 4633.

HANDKERCHIEFS.—Quantity khaki handkerchiefs to close out. Phone 1,204 Madison Square.

KNEEPANTS.—Cotton serges and worsteds, to sell at reasonable price, of high grade make. J. Gordon, 59 Great Jones St., N. Y.

LININGS.—Silk and cotton; special designs, suitable for coat and suit trade. Adelson-Ullman, Franklin 855.

PANAMAS.—Also high shades and black, all wool and cotton warp in big variety. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

PANAMA.—Navy, half wool, 1305, 36 inch; cheap. Chaucer, 137 West 27th.

POPLINS.—Andrews's, all high shades; also black and navy, Dobson's, Selden's, Jamestown, Amoskeag. Greeley 1122.

POPLINS.—Navy, $1.50; 11433 serge, $1.70; velours, Spring shades, $2.80. Farragut 5739.

POPLINS, navy 774, broadcloth 315, heavy velours, 11052 and 9190. Gramercy 5037.

POPLINS.—6609½, serges, cotton warp, all colors; very cheap, quantity. Greeley 4370.

POPLINS.—American 06077, navy and black, 100 pieces, $2.15. Farragut 4440.

POPLINS.—6040 navy at $2.10 yard net, cash. Orchard 8245.

POPLINS.—A. W. Co. navy 90610. Murray Hill 3799.

POPLINS.—Amer. high shades. Chelsea 4676.

ROBES.—Beaded on chiffon for evening dresses, also black and white laces; very cheap. Casper Davis & Son, 33 West 34th.

SECO SILK, 25c; voiles and organdies, mercerized, 15 cases, 18c.; batiste, nainsooks, at a price. New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Madison Square 8671.

SECO.—We call it Sidney silk; low prices. Nathan & Heyman, Farragut 2838.

SERGES.—Quick deliveries, all makes, all colors. United States Textile Co., Gramercy 1331.

SERGES.—All kinds. If you don't get them elsewhere, at once call up New York Textile Exchange, 1,182 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 8671.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES.—235, 09070, 838, 6234, 54289, 104, 99; Gera 787, Jamestown 9302, 7120, 8158; Botany 809, 11433, 1464, 3850, 7008; WFX, MFL, 528, 519; Broadhead 500, 8000, 3700, 7800; Whitman's 774, 228; PPL, BPNL, American popline, 90610, 06077; also big variety fancy skirtings. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

SERGES.—150 pcs. 519 at $1.60; also 528, 7648, 780, 11433, 809, 87, 3, 104, 10708, 10712, 2169, 788, 9056; navy, Pekin, tan, gray, black; 3850, 1464, W. F. X., W. F., P. P. L., at $1.65. Phone Knickerbocker 5000, Room 1203A, before 12 o'clock.

SERGES.—54289, 5095, 704, 6234, 9056, 7008, 7512, 7120, 11433, 7713, 9288, 528, 3850, 0609, 4002; 774 poplin; 2137 Fram; also Lorraine taffeta. Utopia Mills, 29 East 21st St. Gramercy 4475-6.

SERGES, POPLINS, 1209, 87, 3, 99, 6614, 7614, 6122, 7120, 7512, 780, 11433, 809, 528, 9056, 023, 4061, 54289; 838, 774, 6709½. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311.

SERGES.—1464, $1.82½; 7120, $1.50; 99, $1.90; 54289, $1.45; 54292, $1.65; W. F. X., $1.35; 11433, $1.77½; 4408, 95c. net, 70 days. Madison Square 5069.

SERGES.—54289, navy and high shades, $1.40; M. S. L., $1.25; V. S. L., $1.15; P. P. L., $1.70; 7120, $1.47½ net cash. Gramercy 5941.

SERGES.—6002 Amoskeag, 90c.; 809 Botany, $1.85; KSW Pacific, $1.62½; 774 Whitman, $1.80. R. Smith & Co., 52 West 14th. Chelsea 5557.

SERGE.—Cotton warp, No. 9 line 112, 100 pieces, 97½c.; McKenny's ¾ coatings, desirable shades, 300 pieces, 75c. Farragut 4446.

SERGES.—1464, 4632, 11433, 0609, 54274, 9240, 3665; poplin 4916, 6009, 774; Chaduk cloth, black, navy, on terms. Gramercy 3961.

SERGES.—3700, 9288, 7120, 1464, 809, 11433, WFX 500, 7302, 4632, poplins 6609½, 6009, 774; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—Poplins, velours; quick delivery to cutting-up trade. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—WFX, $1.25; 6301 black, $1.15; 54292, $1.65; 519, $1.75. Mr. Diamond, Gramercy 6112.

SERGES.—8200, 7120, W. F. X., 519, 9056, 809, 1210; very cheap. Davidoff Co., Madison Square 4622.

SERGE.—American 0696, navy; will exchange for 0, 0936, 09070, and pay difference. Farragut 332.

SERGES.—6120, $1.30; 7120, $1.50; 780, $1.60; 7002, $1.07½; 0696, $1.95. Gramercy 1482.

SERGES.—54289, 15 pieces navy, original tickets, $1.37½; net cash. Gramercy 6540.

SERGES.—54289, 3 green, 1 black, 2 tan; close out; very cheap. Madison Square 1682.

SERGES.—Garfield's 528, 12 tan, 12 taupe, 9 brown, $1.40 net cash. W 21 Times.

SERGES.—11433, $1.70; American 9411, $1.50; Spring velours, $2.80. Farragut 5739.

SERGE.—0036, navy, 4 pieces; best cash offer accepted. Farragut 5178.

SERGES.—1464, navy, $1.85. Simon, 135 West 27th.

SERGES, American woolen, 09070, navy, cheap for cash. Gramercy 2795.

SERGE.—Navy, 60-inch, 35 pieces. Dunmore's 4351-0360. Phone Greeley 1772.

SERGES.—U. S. 235, navy. Madison Square 3035.

SERGE.—20 pieces, navy, Heubshman 41, 134. Alper Bros., 153 West 27th St.

SHEPHERD CHECKS, all constructions, 54-inch width; also imported shantungs. Y 232 Times Annex.

SHIRTINGS.—Have to offer quantities colored yarn shirtings at a price. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; crepe meteors, fancy silks, radiums, wash satins, crepe de chines, peau de cygnes, georgettes. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co., Madison Square 7189.

SILKS. — Immediate delivery, Georgettes, Georgines, crepe de chines, meteors, wash satins, radiums, silk poplins, failles, charmeuse, satins, taffetas, tussahs, domestic; all grades and colors; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILKS.—Will sell 10 pieces each, ivory and flesh, eagles 36-37, wash satin below market price. Y 291 Times Annex.

SILVERTONES.—A few pieces each of all spring shades. Madison Square 1520.

SILVERTONE.—Holden Leonard's taupe at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

SKIRTS.—Discontinuing business owing to illness; have to close out 2,000 skirts, all new Spring models, serge, wool, and silk plaid, plain silks, also novelties, at a sacrifice. 1,182 Broadway, Room 303. Mad. Sq. 4731.

SKIRTS.—Susquehanna high-lustre poplin, $2; fancy silk novelty, $2.25 up; biggest value; Spring models; immediate delivery. Greater New York Silk, 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS, wool and silk, to close out; Spring and wash line ready; clever styles; good values. Pioneer Skirt, 5 West 20th.

SUITS.—All wool light weight poplins, $10.75. Supreme Mfg., 19 West 24th St.

SUITS.—Our $16.75 silk lined, handsomely braid trimmed suit is a world beater; see it immediately. Louis Bauman & Co., 12 East 32d St.

SUITS.—Smartest misses' suits in town; snappy styles at the price. York, 1,270 Broadway.

TABLECLOTHS.—1,000, 72x72, cotton damask; close out; very cheap. Madison Square 1682.

TAFFETAS AND GEORGETTES. — All shades. Immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

TRICOLETTE.—Pure fibre silk, 36 inches wide, all colors, $2.50 per yard; immediate delivery. Madison Square 5373.

TRICOLLETTES. — First quality, assorted colors; low prices. Phone Mad. Sq. 4582.

TRICOTINE.—Garfield's 4718, tan, black; Andrews' 5782 navy; Garfield's 4006, garbardines; all colors including tan; Garfield poiret twill, all colors. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINE.—Navy, $3.25; 11433 serge, $1.70; Spring shades velours, $2.80. Farragut 5759.

TRICOTINE.—Fine quality 10 oz., $2.80; March delivery, 2—10x60. S 202 Times.

TRICOTINES.—Navy only. Botany 5952, Saxonia 962. Chelsea 2840.

TUSSAHS.—Discontinuing lining department; have quantity printed tussahs, close out, very cheap. Madison Square 1682.

TWEEDS.—For Spring coats; immediate delivery; $1.32½ net. Telephone Gramercy 4374.

UNDERWEAR, silk; complete, up-to-date, snappy line; immediate and later delivery; camisoles, $9 up; envelopes, $18 dozen up; combinations, night gowns, petticoats, and bloomers. Dainty Silk Underwear Co., 401 4th Av., New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9009.

VELOURS.—American 032 and 0360, reindeer, Quaker, gray, clay, burgundy, and plum. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

VELOURS, 032, Spring shades; poplin, serges, all leading numbers, very reasonable. Madison Square 9837.

VELOURS.—544, 11050, 13046, 15020, navy, brown, green, black, $2. Madison Square 3936.

VELOURS.—High shades; U. S. 235, 1464, 11433, 54289. Andom Mills, Gramercy 6934.

VELOURS.—Stevens 4281, tan and Pekin, $2.80. Farragut 9078.

VELVETEEN.—Offer 20 boxes, twill back, green, very cheap. Madison Square 1682.

WAISTS.—Powerful line cottons, $9 up; quick deliveries. S. Schlein, 1,270 Broadway.

YARN.—Have to offer quantities colored yarn goods at a price. Room 713, 396 Broadway.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on tricolette, jersey and silk dresses; bring your own samples; call 9-11 A. M. only. 7th floor, 25 West 31st.

CONTRACTORS on high-grade dresses; bring own samples; immediate business. Address Box 240, 437 Marbridge Building.

Allied Industries.

ARMY SHOES in case lots, $3.85; shoes for export. Fiske, 110 Duane St.

ARMY SUPPLIES, foreign and domestic chevrons, campaign bars, citation cords, medals, spiral puttees, overseas caps, division insignia, and general military supplies at lowest prices. Munter Bros., 491 Broadway, New York. Spring 8530.

CHEVRONS.—Silver embroidered, $3 per gross; silver braid, $5 per gross. 156 5th Av., Room 514. Phone Chelsea 4221.

MACHINE TABLES, cutting tables, and fixtures to sell reasonable price. Greenfeld & Cohen, 44 West 28th.

PATTERNS.—Fancy discarded novelty patterns; very fine material; low price. Farragut 8860.

Situations Wanted.

BUYER ladies' coats, suits, dresses; now employed in resident office; knows market. A 963 Times Harlem.

MAN, honorably discharged army officer, Medical Corps, good physique, specialist in drilling, training and dieting, wants engagement. S 250 Times.

SALESMAN, opening New York office, represent knit underwear, hosiery, flannel shirts, overalls, work shirts, work clothing, sweaters; representative lines considered; best references furnished. W 26 Times.

SALESMAN of cloaks, suits and dresses, covering office and city, desires connection with live manufacturer. W 38 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday, 5@5¼ per cent. for the best names
Weds'day, 5@5¼ " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Muslin Nightgowns Lower.

The attitude taken by the retailers in regard to lower prices has led to a drop in the price of women's muslin nightgowns. One manufacturer said that he has reduced the price 25 per cent., and is only operating his factory on half time, so as to keep his organization together. The jobbing trade is still marking time, and merchandise of this kind that formerly sold for $12 a dozen is now being offered for $8. So far, this inducement has not proved very attractive from the buyers' point of view.

Men's Flannel Shirts.

Orders that are now being placed for men's flannel shirts are confined mostly to the higher-priced lines. The business this year, however, is by no means as good as last. Many buyers are of the opinion that they will be able to buy this merchandise cheaper, and are therefore canceling orders. In view of this, some reductions have already been made in the price. On the cheaper grade of shirts the price has been reduced about 15 per cent., while on the higher-priced lines there has been a reduction from the top price amounting to 35 per cent. Salesmen who have returned from the Middle West claim that business is very bad.

Laces Going Well.

A big lace house confirms the general opinion that the outlook for the sale of the luxuries in women's dress is good. "We are doing a good business in all lines," they say, "in laces for street and home wear and laces for evening. All are selling equally well, the laces for the rich women and for those who dress more plainly. Expensive metallic laces are in demand, and so are the more inexpensive cotton laces."

Jute Import Restrictions Off.

The War Trade Board has removed the restrictions on jute and its products, effective tomorrow. These were the only remaining commodities over which the Textile Alliance, Inc., had supervision under the direction of that board. In consequence of the action, the alliance will hereafter indorse when necessary and proper all bills of lading without the submission to it of the guarantees formerly required. No charge will be received unless some special service is to be performed. To secure the indorsement, the alliance suggests that the importer write to it direct requesting this and embody a statement that he releases and holds harmless "the Textile Alliance, Inc., its officers, agents, and employes from all liability in connection with the shipment referred to in the accompanying bill of lading."

Good Spring Business on Caps.

The Spring business on men's and boys' caps has shown quite an improvement over that of last year. The local trade has been placing some very substantial orders for the high-priced lines, which appear to be more in demand. Reports from the road indicate that caps are being sold in much larger quantities this year, especially those that retail from $1.50 up. It is the contention of some of the manufacturers that the high price of soft hats has had much to do with the increase in the sale of caps.

Gray Goods Prices Still Low.

Prices showed no change in the local gray goods market yesterday, remaining at the levels of the day before. The sales reported were from first hands and were for February delivery. None of the transactions that came to notice were for large quantities. In printcloths sales were made of 39-inch 72-76s and 68-72s at 13½ and 11¼ cents, respectively, and of 38½-inch 64-60s and 60-52s at 9½ and 9 cents, respectively. Sheetings dealt in were of 36-inch width, 56-60 four-yard goods going at 13 cents and 48 squares three-yard at 16¾ cents. A few fine yarn goods were also disposed of at low prices.

Raw Silk Market Summary.

In the Yokohama raw silk market Sinshiu No. 1 has declined to 1,400 yen. Cables received by G. W. Gwalter & Co. report that the market is affected by the weakness on the Bourse, where former buyers are reselling. In the absence of orders from abroad, shippers are leaving the market alone for the present. Canton continues lifeless and holders are not pushing sales, while Shanghai remains quiet and unchanged. New tussah silks are beginning to arrive and are offered on the basis of $3.50 for the best chops. In Lyons, France, and in Switzerland business is quiet, but prices for ready silk are holding fairly steady. In Italy transactions continue to be confined to the sale of reelers' stock to the Government agencies. Locally, the market is quiet, prices having declined in sympathy with those at Yokohama.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1900.

AUSTIN, Texas—E. M. Scarborough & Sons; J. C. Lynch, cloaks, suits, waists; 141 Madison Av.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal.—Hochheimer & Co.; Mrs. R. A. Shepard, ready-to-wear; 116 West 32d.

BALTIMORE—Pioneer Cloak Mfg. Co.; P. Dupkin, cloaks, suits; Wallick.

BALTIMORE—M. Weller Co.; M. Weller, gen'l mdse.; Aberdeen.

BALTIMORE—Goodman, Wallach & Helber; W. F. Helber, millinery; Marlborough.

BELTON, Texas—Cochran, Blair & Potts; J. Blair, dry goods; 1,182 B'way.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—J. L. Morgan Co.; G. C. S. Bliss, shirts, shirtwaists, house dresses, gloves, mittens, yarns; Grand.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—J. Friedman & Co.; J. Friedman, clothing, shoes; Ansonia.

BLUEFIELD, W. Va.—E. S. Pedigo Co.; E. S. Pedigo, dry goods; Miss Floyd, Miss Roles, ladies' wear; Collingwood.

BOSTON—Brown, Durrell Co.; J. P. Lynch, muslin underwear, corsets, petticoats, waists, wrappers; 19 West 19th.

BOSTON—Shepard, Norwell Co.; J. T. Duff, carpets, rugs; 220 5th Av.

BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; S. Lowenberg, boys' clothing, men's furn. goods, basement; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss M. A. Walsh, notions, jewelry, fancy, toilet goods; 470 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Mrs. J. Smith, art goods; 230 5th Av.; Grand.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Clawson & Wilson Co.; J. L. Clawson, President; 43 Leonard.

CHAMBERSBURG, Penn.—Banks Bros.; C. E. Banks, dry goods, gen'l mdse.; Herald Square.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill.—Murdock Bros.; E. L. Murdock, cloaks, suits, waists, skirts; Breslin.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss Stai, stationery; 13 East 22d.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; V. J. Bert, domestics, white goods; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—H. N. Mendel; jobs coats, suits; 1,199 Broadway.

CHICAGO—W. H. Haenichen & Co.; S. Wertham, clothing; Breslin.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; F. L. Mammosser, furs; 13 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward & Co.; C. M. Woods, men's furn. goods, hats, caps, leather goods; 309 6th Av.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—L. & S. Bing; S. H. Bing, piece goods; 215 4th Av.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va.—Hamburger's Dept. Store.; L. Hamburger, ladies', misses' ready-to-wear; Theresa.

CLEVELAND—A. I. Jaikut, millinery; Cumberland.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. O. Sproul, Summer furs; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—Root & McBride Co.; J. B. Callow, wash goods; 72 Leonard.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Union Co.; Mrs. E. J. Dakin, girls', children's wear; 116 W. 32d.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Miss M. Butler, millinery; 19 East 24th.

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; P. L. Zimmerman, upholstery goods; 19 East 24th; Breslin.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; Mrs. F. O. N. Kell, millinery; 225 5th Av.

DENISON, Texas—J. W. Madden Co.; S. R. Parks, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

DETROIT—F. Schramm; B. Sternberg, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

DETROIT—Norbro Shop; Mrs. O. G. Brown, corsets, waists, negligees, muslin underwear, coats, suits, dresses, gowns; Latham.

DOTHAN, Ala.—Saxon & Heard Co.; S. O. Williams, ready-to-wear; 8 West 32d.

EVERETT, Wash.—Stone-Fisher Co.; F. C. Skinner, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way.

GALESBURG, Ill.—O. T. Johnson Co.; G. H. Prante, silks, dress goods, domestics; Mr. Hampton, books, stationery, jewelry, leather goods, drug sundries; 1,133 B'way.

GREENSBURG—J. Kahanowitz, dress goods, ladies' ready-to-wear, costumes; Penn.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Stackpole-Moore-Tryon Co.; H. B. Moore, men's clothing; J. S. Stockpole, men's furn. goods; Penn.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—W. H. Block Co.; M. S. Block, women's ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.

INDIANAPOLIS—Traugott Bros.; L. Traugott, women's, children's coats, suits, dresses; Pennsylvania.

JACKSONVILLE—Cohen Bros.; E. H. Meyers, men's, boys' furn. goods, boys' clothing; 225 5th Av.

LAMPASAS, Texas—Senterfitt, Andrews Co.; R. B. Senterfitt, ladies' ready-to-wear; 1,182 Broadway.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Leinbach Co.; C. Simmonds, millinery; 11 West 36th.

LEWISTON, Me.—B. Peck Co.; L. L. Peck, Miss Houston, suits, coats, skirts, waists, dresses; Prince George.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Herpolsheimer Co.; Mrs. E. M. Phillips, millinery; Broztell.

LOS ANGELES — "Bullock's"; Miss Wilhelm, women's waists; 95 Madison Av.

LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; Mr. Vann, silks, dress goods; W. T. Emery, laces, trimmings, embroideries, ribbons, neckwear, veilings, fans; 95 Madison Av.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Otis, Hidden Co.; L. C. Spillman, floor coverings; Breslin.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—The Fair; J. H. Alperin, women's ready-to-wear, millinery; Latham.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Young-Quinlan Co.; Miss E. McGinn, children's wear; 220 5th Av.

MISSOULA, Mon.—Missoula Mercantile Co.; Miss K. Doherty, coats, suits, millinery; 303 5th Av.; Imperial.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—A. Rice, Miss B. A. Dreyfus, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

MONTREAL—Goodwin's, Ltd.; E. R. Owen, china; 347 5th Av.

NACODACHES, Texas—Mayer & Schmidt; H. P. Schmidt, Miss M. Stewart, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

OAKLAND, Cal.—S. M. Friedman Co.; S. M. Friedman, women's wear; 1,170 Broadway.

PALESTINE, Texas—The Fashion; S. D. Brooke, coats, suits; Breslin.

PARSONS, Kan.—A. A. Nusbaum, ready-to-wear, millinery; McAlpin.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Blumenthal, woolens; Latham.

PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; F. P. Walsh, housefurnishing goods; T. Powers, linens; 230 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—Feingold & Stumacher; M. Feingold, mfrs. ladies', misses' cloaks, suits; 1,261 Broadway; Alcazar.

PITTSBURGH—Bash, Inc.; Miss R. Silverstein, dresses, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—L. Friedberg; D. B. Feldenfeld, corset covers, skirt chemises; 1,270 B'way, Room 910.

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Berkshire Mfg Co.; G. W. Pease, mfrs. pants; Commodore.

ROANOKE, Va.—Hancock D. G. Co.; L. W. Hancock, notions; Miss I. Driscoll, Miss R. Pridey, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah—Paris Millinery Co.; S. Ashby, women's neckwear; 141 5th Av.; Latham.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—Dalkowitz Bros. & Co.; S. Dalkowitz, ladies' ready to wear; 25 West 33d.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Hins & Nelson; A. Nelson, carpets, upholstery, curtains; Grand.

SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; Miss L. Peiser, skirts; 15 East 26th.

SAN FRANCISCO—Juda Bros.; L. Juda, jobs coats, suits; 1,199 Broadway.

SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; Miss L. Peiser, skirts; 15 E. 26th.

SAN FRANCISCO—S. N. Wood & Co.; Miss S. Singer, blouses, petticoats, children's ready to wear; 43 West 16th.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—B. H. Levy, Bro. & Co.; A. B. Levy, women's, children's wear; 1,150 B'way.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Bon Marche; P. O'Hagen, women's ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.

SELMA, Ala.—Lawrence Cash Store; W. S. Lawrence, genl. mdse.; Longacre.

SIOUX CITY, Ia.—Pelletier Co.; C. Pelletier, gen'l mdse; 116 West 321st.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Pellitier & Co.; Miss M. E. Kovanna, millinery; 116 W. 32d.

SPARTANBURG, S. C.—F. L. Liles Co.; F. L. Liles, men's, boys' clothing; Mrs. W. B. Gaffney, ready-to-wear; 25 West 33d.

SPOKANE—Culbertson-Grote-Rankin Co.; J. S. Heintzerman, gen'l mdse., bargain basement; G. Seacrist, drug sundries, hosiery, underwear, neckwear; 116 W. 32d.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger Co.; P. J. Donovan, dress goods, silks; 404 4th Av.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Poole D. G. Co.; Miss H. Grayson, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; J. A. St. Cyr, toilet goods, art needlework, notions; 230 5th Av.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio—The Hub; L. F. Anathan, women's ready-to-wear, furn. goods; 1,150 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Consolidated Garment Co.; A. J. Edlin, cotton piece goods; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; Miss L. Sullivan, juniors', children's garments; Mrs. A. Pannell, representing; 470 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; A. S. Harris, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Miss A. Pannell, dresses, gowns; Miss L. Sullivan, children's, misses', juniors' garments, gowns; 470 4th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Golden Rule; Mrs. S. Stevenson, Mrs. E. MacPherson, millinery; 1,261 B'way.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; A. W. Lindeke; A. Ihm, woolens, flannels, blankets; 350 Broadway.

TACOMA, Wash.—Stone-Fisher Co.; F. C. Emerich, dress goods, silks; 1,270 B'way.

TAMPA, Fla.—O. Falk's Dept. Store; Mrs. O. Falk, ready-to-wear, millinery; D. Falk, men's wear, piece goods; Breslin.

TEMPLE, Texas—McCelvey-Hartman D. G. Co.; E. W. L. Hartman, dry goods, notions, hosiery, gloves, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Lion D. G. Co.; Miss J. A. Mack, infants', children's wear, negligees; 23 East 26th.

UTICA, N. Y.—F. W. Sessions Millinery Co.; F. W. Sessions, millinery; 320 5th Av.; Somerset.

WACO, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Miss McCann, Miss Kremendo, millinery; 19 East 24th.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—H. Brooke & Co.; Mrs. M. Brooks, gowns, dresses; Waldorf-Astoria.

WESTON, W. Va.—W. Marco; Mrs. W. Marco, ladies' ready to wear, millinery; 25 West 33d.

WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Fowler, Dick & Walker; M. Burnside, dress goods, silks, laces; 6 W. 32d; Holland.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; L. Walker, boys' clothing; 230 5th Av.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Ware-Pratt Co.; G. B. Dowley, men's wear; Commodore.

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COMING FASHIONS IN DRESSES
Will be shown this Sunday Evening, 8 P. M.
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By direction of the Dress Contract M'f'rs' Ass'n., Inc.

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PLANS DAILY GUIDE TO FOOD PRICES HERE

Commissioner Day to Publish Wholesale Quotations at City Markets.

INSPECTORS TO CHECK LIST

Will Urge Retail Dealers to Lower Prices to Correspond with the Rates Given to Them.

As a guide to the proper prices to pay for the different food commodities in this city, Commissioner of Public Markets Jonathan C. Day will make public daily a price list from the dealers at the Washington Market. The first price list was received yesterday. The prices will be checked up daily by an inspector of the Commissioner's office. Inspectors will also check up the prices current in the Fifty-ninth Street, Jefferson and Harlem Markets, and will urge that dealers lower prices to correspond with the prevailing wholesale prices.

The daily price list, in the opinion of Commissioner Day, will be valuable as a guide to the city's purchasers, whether buying in the city or in private markets. The dealers in the city markets, he said, had shown a willingness to lower their prices in accordance with the wholesale prices.

Below is given the price list issued for yesterday. Where different prices are marked in the list it indicates a difference in the quality of the article mentioned. The list follows:

	Per Pound.
Fresh hams	35@38c
Loin of pork	28@32c
Pork tenderloins	40@50c
Smoked hams	35@38c
Fresh shoulder of pork	30@32c
Smoked beef tongues	32@34c
Bacon	32@40c
Pure lard	30c
Frankfurters	25@34c
Sausages	22@45c
Smoked clams	30c
Smoked poultry	32c
Prime rib roast	35@50c
Choice cut rib roast	32c
Top sirloin roast	35@38c
Pot roast	35@38c
Chuck roast	30c
Porterhouse steak	55@60c
Sirloin steak	35@50c
Round steak	48c
Leg of lamb	35@40c
Shoulder of lamb	22@25c
Lamb chops	32c
Leg of mutton	25@28c
Shoulder of mutton	15@20c
Leg of veal	30@38c
Breast of veal	22c
Veal chops	32c
Tub butter	60c
Print butter	62c
Eggs, fresh Western, per dozen	62c
Eggs, nearby fresh, per dozen	70c
American cheese—full cream	42c
Swiss cheese	60c
Coffee—Santos, Salvador, and Bogota, mixed	29c
Coffee, best Bogota, mixed	31c
Coffee, best Bogota	33c
Peanut butter	25c
Turkeys	45@50c
Roasting chickens	40c
Fowl	33@38c
Roosters	30@32c
Rabbits, per pair	50c
Jack rabbits, per pair	$1

The New York Federal Food Board, which has not done much since the middle of December, will, beginning tomorrow, occupy only one floor instead of five at 6 West Fifty-seventh Street and the force will be cut down to John Mitchell, Chairman of the Federal Food Board for New York State; Arthur Williams, Federal Food Administrator for New York City, and two secretaries. The New York Federal Food Board will go out of existence altogether on Feb. 28, but the State Food Commission will not cease to exist until abolished by the Legislature.

Sale of Boys' Blouses.

The sale of boys' blouses has dropped off to such an extent that it is causing much anxiety among the manufacturers. Some of the firms have closed their plants for the time being, at least until conditions are more settled. It is said that the jobbers are unloading their stocks at reduced prices in order to dispose of the merchandise on hand. Cancellations are very numerous, and some of the out-of-town buyers have returned without placing any orders. One firm which sold $100,000 worth of these goods has received about $35,000 in cancellations.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Ernest Hall, official representative in this city of the Australian Department of Trade and Customs, has been notified that the prohibition has been removed from imports into the Commonwealth of soap and of goods packed in tin-plate containers or manufactured from tin plates.

The Rauchbach-Goldsmith Company, makers of trunks at Newark, N. J., have taken another building adjoining their present plant for the manufacture of traveling bags and leather luggage. Special machinery is being installed for this purpose.

Baer & Lilienthal, resident buyers, of 1,150 Broadway, have added the account of B. H. Levy, Brother & Co. of Savannah, Ga.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

SHULMAN & SCHWARTZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Aaron Shulman and Abraham Schwartz, individually and as co-partners, trading as Shulman & Schwartz, manufacturing clothing, at 712 Broadway, by the following creditors: M. H. Schwartz, $500; H. J. Greenstein, $600, and E. Waldman, $800.

ALPHONSO DE MARCO, grocer at 117 West Houston Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against him by the following creditors: R. C. Williams & Co., $156; Seeman Bros., $6, and Henry Behrman & Sons, $482. Judge Mayer has appointed Benjamin Berinstein receiver in $500 bond.

WILLIAM J. DEASY of 324 East 123d Street, who is said to be a city fireman, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $12,108, and no assets. Among the largest creditors are: Mutual Watch Co., $37; Morris Plan Co., $150, and Mollie Bessler, $154.

ISAAC KAPLOW, a cloak and suit designer at 401 East Fifty-sixth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,002, and no assets. Among the largest creditors are: The Lion Woolen Company, $371; I. Sacks, $356, and Adolph Strauss, $371.

LEWIS M. COLES, a railroad clerk in Tarrytown, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,666 and assets of $5,613, consisting of real estate, $2,700, stock in store at 131 Main Street, $454, and accounts due, $459.

R. E. KING SHOE MANUFACTURING CORPORATION of Nyack, N. Y.—Judge Mayer has issued an order dismissing the petition in bankruptcy filed against the corporation.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

TAMPA, Fla., Jan. 30.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed in the Federal Court here against Jacob Haber, trading as the Oriental Shop, by the Clover Garment Company, D. Gutman & Co., and I. Frank & Sons, all of New York. Haber recently offered his creditors 20 cents on the dollar and the petition alleges he has admitted his insolvency. According to the statement Haber has assets of only $7,000, while his liabilities total $19,500.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Abry, R. M.—Royal Bank of Canada..$563.49
Abeles, Emil—M. Gewanter..........173.40
Annunziata, John—L. Cohen..........167.70
Beck, Benedict—James Mfg. Co.......137.47
Bellotti, Charles—Manhattan Lubricants Co...........143.54
Bernstein, Theresa—E. A. Vail.......1,198.70
Bierhoff, Harry—J. E. C. Leavitt......2,989.42
Bromberg, Albert—J. M. Levy..........134.05
Buckley, Thomas J. Const. Co.—D. Mapes, Jr...........598.71
Crowley, Michael P.—L. Bobis.........111.43
Costello, Owen—Title Guarantee and Trust Co...........133.60
Cohen, Moritz—Bank of Washington Heights...........1,572.24
Carmen, Charles B—J. H. Fobes.......112.66
Cafeca, Gaspare—M. Fisher...........157.15
Corwin, H. J. Stanley—J. W. Corwin.1,586.00
De Henry, Louis and Mary—I. Anter...123.00
Daubert, Henry—C. B. Toole et al.....522.99
Dexteretta Mines Co.—Flanders & Co.1,631.45
D'Angelo, Salvatore, gdn.—E. Edismann et al., costs...........110.55
Delcomyn, Marion—S. Weiller.........114.03
Acieral Co. of America—S. Salomon et al...........3,377.95
Burrows, Sally—J. Klugman...........173.54
Burke, Edward and John, Ltd.—M. Garrity...........17,594.45
Boyarsky, Jacob—M. Reiber...........116.56
Ciaran, Edw. E.—F. M. Souther.......835.20
Caldwell, Kathryn—L. L. P. Norton....395.08
Same—Same...........137.85
Darling, Oscar—W. J. Richmond.......199.60
Eastern Shore Shipbuilding Corp.—Atlantic Sales Co...........1,694.84
Forbes, Thomas F. C.—Kerr & Forbes Co...........1,097.52
Friedlander, Wm. B.—Paul Arlington, Inc...........115.20
Fantilli, Adolph—M. Davidson.........116.06
Fleishman, Annie—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs...........110.95
Finkelstein, Benjamin, (Royal Corset Cover Co.)—J. Levy...........841.70
Davis, Elias, and E. S. Davis, Inc.—C. Edelstein...........920.62
De La Ture, Ocaquin—Realty & Commercial Co...........104.10
Goebel, George C.—Harvey & Eddy Co.488.30
Goodrum, Charles L.—A. Thompson....180.27
Grebe, Charles—Bernheim & Schwartz Pilsener Brewing Co...........461.42
Grossman, Freda, by Guardian — J. Wiener, costs...........108.85
Gordon, Lucy D.—M. Ridley...........1,530.76
Hastings, Arthur—A. G. Bretz.........890.03
Horne, Daniel S.—M. Solet...........275.65
Hall, Billy S.—Equitable Garage, Inc..127.40
Kevalsky Bros., Inc.—I. Schwartz.....150.15
Kay Steamship Co.—Ayrkin & Bock, Inc...........101.95
Kubert, Samuel J.—Encyclopedia Britannica Corp...........192.10
Landes, Wm. T.—M. Holtzman...........200.34
Lusculto, Antejio, Guardian.—E. Feldman et al., costs...........110.05
Lippner, Charles S., and Frances—S. Trimmer & Sons...........832.42
Lederer, Max—I. La Lachenkind........133.70
Laying, James D., Jr.—Firemans Fund, Inc., Co...........154.85
Mitchell, Samuel—L. J. Savage.........370.14
Moreton, Henry H.—G. W. Lindsay..2,180.00
Melville, Henry H.—J. W. Cook.......1,219.09
Monday, Lizzie—F. E. Bell...........3,844.74
Macaluso, Marie—E. Fuedmann et al., costs...........110.55
Ofenloch, Herman P. and John H., (same garage)—Invader Oil Co...........250.66
Phillips, Norman—I. Klugman...........665.45
Post, Alfred H., and Sidney Hoey—A. Megalos, costs...........118.85
Probst, Henry W., (Atlas Pearl Button Mfg. Co.)—J. Kossach...........184.08
Same—S. Deutsch...........278.80
Rosenthal, Rebecca—A. Stein.........1,065.65
Reilly, Marc V.—Park & Tilford........173.59
Rotman, Hyman—J. Polan, costs.........254.30
Strauss, Ferdinand—J. Nathan Co......325.25
Schumacher, Peter R., executor—United Wines and Grading Co...........345.18
Shew, Peter M.—Samuel Phillipson & Co.373.48
Sullivan, John, John, Jr., and Walter—M. Angelson...........299.31
Sullivan, James—B. J. Contory..........297.72
Simon, Jacob and Beckie, and Frances Goldberg—M. Herzfield...........1,899.58
Spalding, Rollian A.—W. Goehry.........760.52
Taaffe, John—Chelsea Service Station..113.30
Talma, Zola—H. Hurwitz...........101.41
Werwick Art Studios—Sackett & Wilhelms Corp., costs...........111.90
Whisten, Stephen A.—C. M. Eadie.......604.45
Warner, Charles P. — Anheuser-Busch Agency...........131.86
Whitney Sales Co.—Lincoln Trust Co.10,810.45
Wolf, Nathan and Rose—L. A. Buddington...........1,797.94
Wayner, Otto E.—Eclipse Light Co.......262.62
Whitney, F. C.—W. C. Noyes et al.......415.51

In Bronx County.

Broder, Isidor—I. Paikoff...........$135.40
Doyle, Thomas J.—J. Stern...........32.65
Harned, Sophie; Halvert A. Bolt. and Elizabeth Bolt—Manhattan Baking Powder Co...........207.80
John Johnson Co.—J. J. Donovan, as rec...........166.82
Kriegling, Yetta—E. Greenbaum Co......114.10
Kiernan, Bernard—F. Forman...........219.20
Mischenberg, Harry—Burns Bros.........564.02
Pekary, William E.—E. Pekary...........136.72
Radack, Samuel—People's Bank of the City of New York...........1,004.78
Verizzo, Benno—N. Y. Telephone Co....28.80

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

O'Reilly, Thomas J.—A. S. Bacon; Dec. 26, 1916...........$364.40
Mandeville, Harry L.—M. D. Hoffman et al.; Oct. 18, 1918...........289.86
Bartels, Charles, Alfred Bartels and D. M. Wolf; Jan. 7, 1910...........1,454.32
Bullinger, John A.—E. M. Parker et al; April 19, 1918...........837.07
Driest, Charles—C. B. Peters; Nov. 30, 1912...........380.20
Pfister, George, and Marie Schropp—E. Wittenberger et al.; June 5, 1914.....267.02
Seilav, Max, and Isaac Levy—C. B. Rubenack; Nov. 28, 1906...........146.58
Cohn, Charles, and David Katz—B. Feinstein; Dec. 4, 1917...........4,620.00
Phinizee, John, and Robert Gordon—J. A. Jeeny; March 28, 1914...........173.41
Sidolsky, Daniel, and Louis Bayer—J. Sternberg; Dec. 2, 1918...........227.72
Rabinoff, Max — F. L. Vieu; Jan. 30, 1914...........300.51
Enterprises of Max Rabinoff—D. E. Aldman; March 28, 1912...........527.38
Weinrob, Sidney, and Jack L. Horowitz—L. Werthel; Dec. 9, 1918......1,416.32
Pizzino, Gaetano, and Marie—R. Rothenberg; Sept. 24, 1918...........169.15

In Bronx County.

Foley, John J.—J. H. McManus; Jan. 24, 1919...........340.69

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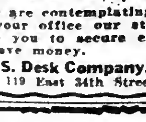

Chairs Tables

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Auctions.

I. SINGER, Auctioneer, Sells Today, Friday, Jan. 31st, at 10:30 A. M. at premises 385 Broadway, N. Y., 5th Floor, Jobber's stock of Eastern Textile Mills. Inventoried at $85,000.00 Consisting of 300 Original Cases

Domestics

Sheets, Pillow Cases, Table Covers, Damasks, Towels, Blankets, Muslins, &c. Stock will be sold in case lots, and should interest department store buyers and jobbers. Descriptive catalogues at sale. Auctioneer's office, 882 Broadway, Brooklyn. Telephone 351 Stagg.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

At the extreme lower end of the city an important deal involving property assessed at $500,000 was closed yesterday in the purchase by Norton, Lilly & Co., steamship owners and brokers, of the eighteen-story building at 26 and 28 Beaver Street, running through to Marketfield Street. It fronts 58.4 feet on Beaver Street and 55.2 feet on Marketfield Street by 56.2 and irregular in depth.

The structure, which is between Broad and New Streets, was bought from the 26 Beaver Street Corporation, a subsidiary of the Stock Quotation Company, which is controlled by the Western Union Telegraph Company. The plot comprises 2,888 square feet. The building was erected about eight years ago for the sellers by Thompson Starrett Company from plans by Clinton & Russell. It is in the rear of the low American Bank Note Building, which occupies the Broad Street front.

Norton, Lilly & Co. are one of the oldest American shipping houses, having been established in 1843. They operate the Norton Line to Uruguay, Argentina, and Brazil and are agents for many other lines.

The Charles F. Noyes Company acted as brokers in the transaction, the sellers being represented by Warren & Skillen.

Heidelberg Building, in Times Square, Leased for $50,000 a Year and Taxes.

The Heidelberg Building, occupying the block front on the south side of Forty-second Street between Broadway and Seventh Avenue, has been leased for a long term of years, according to papers filed in the Register's office yesterday.

The lease involves all the property with the exception of the store at the corner of Broadway and Forty-second Street, and was made by the United Stores Land and Improvement Company to the Subway Central Building Corporation. The lease runs from July 1 last till April 29, 1930, and carries the privilege of three renewals for twenty-one years each. The rental is placed at $50,000 and taxes annually.

The Heidelberg Building was designed by Henry Ives Cobb and is erected on land owned by the Coe estate. The structure is owned by Princess Murat and Princess Rospigliosi, daughters of Edmund K. Stallo. The foundations are made to support a structure of thirty-two stories, and two years ago it was stated that the owners planned to make this addition as soon as steel could be procured. It is likely that the project may be undertaken shortly.

East Side Residence Sale.

The four-story residence at 30 East Sixty-first Street has been sold by Douglas L. Elliman & Co., for Herman J. Boldt to Alfred J. Warren, who will remodel the building into small apartments. It occupies a lot 19 by 100.5, between Madison and Park Avenues.

$125,000 Purchase by Operator in Dyckman Section.

In the Dyckman section Charles Wynne, operator, purchased from the Hawthorne Construction Company the apartment houses 611, 613, 617, 619 West 204th Street, on a plot 100 by 100. The houses contain sixty apartments of three and four rooms each, and were built by the selling company five years ago. The property was held at $125,000.

Private Dwelling Sales.

James H. Cruikshank, operator, purchased from Mae F. Delevan the three-story dwelling 114 East 112th Street, on a lot 17 by 100. Assessed at $7,000. Charles E. Moore was the broker. Last week Mr. Cruikshank purchased and resold the adjoining house, 116 East 112th Street.

Minnie L. Griffen purchased for investment from J. L. Van Sant 512 West 149th Street, a three-story dwelling, on a lot 15 by 100. The Duross Company and A. B. Flasher negotiated the sale.

Dr. Charles Schram sold to Dr. Howard Lilienthal 52 East Eighty-second Street, a five-story dwelling, on a lot 16 by 100.5.

Dr. H. J. Boldt sold to an investor 39 East Sixty-first Street, a four-story dwelling.

Paul Jones Apartment Reported Sold to Investor.

The Paul Jones apartment house at 220 to 234 Wadsworth Avenue, covering the block front between 184th and 185th Streets, is reported to have been sold to an investor by the E. R. A. Realty Company. It is assessed by the city at $250,000.

Sale in Midtown Loft Zone.

The Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank sold to an investing client of Thomas J. O'Reilly 106 West Thirty-first Street, a five-story business building on a lot 20.10 by 90. The property, which was taken over by the bank in foreclosure proceedings last August, is assessed by the city for taxation purposes at $41,000. Extensive alterations will be made to the property by the buyer.

Bronx Investment in Tiffany Street Corner.

The five-story apartment house at 960 East 163d Street, being on the southwest corner of Tiffany Street, has been purchased by the Bockar Realty Company, of which Dr. A. Bockar is President, from the Benenson Realty Company. The building has a frontage of 100 feet on 163d Street and 70 feet on Tiffany Street. It is fully rented, including the seven stores on the ground floor. The property was recently sold by the Henry Morgenthau Company, which owned it for several years.

The Bronx Market.

Theodore M. Macy sold to clients of Williamson & Bryan 893 and 897 Faile Street, two two-family houses.

George W. Brettell sold for the Harlem Savings Bank to Mrs. E. Murphy 475 East 135th Street, a three-story brick dwelling on a lot 16.3 by 75 feet.

The Baptist Ministers' Home Society sold the five-story apartment, 907 and 909 Trinity Avenue, on a plot 50 by 100 feet, between 161st and 163d Streets, through Henry Weil, to Isaac Portman.

In the Hunts Point section Frederick Brown, operator, purchased the row of five-story apartment houses at 560, 568, 572, 576, and 580 Fox Street from the Via Vulpes Realty Corporation. The buildings each occupy a plot 40 by 100, and have a combined rent roll approximating $30,000. They were held by the former owners at a valuation of $225,000. Leitner, Brener & Starr negotiated the sale.

A. D. Phelps and Damiana sold for the the McAllen Realty Company, Louis E. Kuntze, President, the three-story brick dwelling at 10 East Kingsbridge Road, 16.8 by 80, to George Moody; also for a client to Henry Kiralfy 979 Washington Avenue, a two-story dwelling, with store, on lot 25 by 100.

Brooklyn.

The Realty Trust sold for the Artee Realty Corporation the one-family semi-detached brick dwelling 1,825 Sixty-second Street, in the Mapleton Park section, to Craig W. Fleming of Brooklyn, for occupancy.

Queens Borough Sales.

H. R. Williams & Son sold for William H. Wade the new dwelling recently completed on Kelsey Avenue, near Poplar Avenue, Queens, to Frederick H. Cornell.

The Long Island Bond and Mortgage Company sold to S. Wechsler a plot 100 by 200 on the east side of Meredith Avenue, north of Amstel Boulevard, Far Rockaway.

The Neponsit Realty Company sold to A. Pickler a plot 40 by 100 on the northwest side of Dakota Street, north of Newport Avenue, Neponsit.

Former Assemblyman Nicholas Nehrbauer, Jr., purchased, through Joseph H. Foster the two three-story brick houses 379 and 381 Grand Avenue, corner of Seventh Avenue, Long Island City. In part payment the buyer gave two lots on Radde Street, near Paynter Avenue, and three lots on Eleventh Street, near East Avenue, Long Island City.

The C. E. Ising Corporation of Manhattan has purchased the factory 65 to 71 Bradford Avenue, Flushing, on a plot 100 by 100, for the manufacture of chemicals. J. A. Johntra negotiated the sale.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff sold for Mathias Wirth the dwelling 58 St. Paul's Avenue, Tompkinsville, on a plot 50 by 100, to M. Berman of Staten Island.

Commercial Leases.

The Brett & Goode Company leased in the Flint & Horner Building, 20-26 West Thirty-sixth Street, the entire top floor to Charles P. Goldsmith & Co. The lease is the first to be made by the Flint & Horner Company in its building which has heretofore been occupied exclusively for its own business.

Realty Notes.

"Reconstruction" will be the keynote of the eighth annual dinner of the Chamber of Commerce of the Borough of Queens, which will be held Thursday evening, Feb. 20, in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Biltmore. William B. Wilson, Secretary of the United States Department of Labor, a member of President Wilson's Cabinet, will be the guest of honor and principal speaker. His subject, "Reconstruction," is one foremost in the minds of business men throughout the nation today.

The Real Estate Exchange of Long Island elected nine new members at its monthly meeting yesterday.

Frederick Brown, operator, is the buyer of the Fowler residence at 17 East Ninetieth Street, sold Tuesday.

Sheriff David H. Knott and his associates are about to add the six-story Hotel Calumet, on West Fifty-seventh Street, to the chain of hostelries operated by them in this city, and have formed the 340 West Fifty-seventh Street Corporation, with a capital of $5,000, for the purpose of taking it over. Title to the property is held by Amelia Friedmann.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

127th St, 229 East, n s, 300.6 ft e of 3d Av, 20.6x99.11, five-story tenement; Italian Sav. Bank against Tarlos Const. Co., Inc., et al.; Wayland & B., attorneys; due, $15,698.45; taxes, &c., $526.80; to the plaintiff for $14,250.

Wyatt St, 1,141, n s, 100 ft w of Bronx Parkway, 25x100; Dahl Caragher et al., against Jos. Diamond et al.; M. J. Horan, attorney; due, $5,514.16; taxes, &c., $1,905.24; to the plaintiff for $4,000.

102d St, 330-332 East, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 37.6x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; Lincoln Trust Co. against Malwine Schleicher et al; Middlebrook & B., attorneys; due, $25,005.21; taxes, &c., $95; to the plaintiff for $500.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

105th St, 41 West, n s, 86.10 ft e of Manhattan Av, 16.4x100.11, three-story dwelling; J. A. Beau et al., exrs., &c., against M. E. Stremmell et al.; C. De W. Rogers, attorney; due, $1,035.96; sub. to three mtgs agg. $11,700; to the plaintiff for $12,725.

By Joseph P. Day.

John St, e s, — ft n of Ditmars St, —x— to Main St, City Island, Lots 712 and 713; Agnes Walsh et al., adm., against Vincenzo Parlato et al.; P. E. Reville, attorney; due, $6,994.31; taxes, &c., $1,125.82; adjourned to Feb. 11.

By Joseph & Co.

Trinity Av, 1,028, e s, 121.6 ft n of 165th St, 18.5x90, three-story dwelling; J. E. Reynolds against James Reynolds, Jr., et al.; Lewis Howlett, attorney; due, $6,573.35; taxes, &c., $704.61; to the plaintiff for $6,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Grand Concourse, w s, 81.63 ft s of 192d St, two five-story brick tenements, 59x93.7x93 and 82x70; Absar Realty Co., Abraham Weisman, 2,183 Daly Av., President, owner; Chas. Kreymborg, 2,240 Quimby Av., architect; total cost, $120,000.

99th St, n s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, for a one-story garage, 185x100.11; M. A. Schuman, 86 East 12th St., owner; P. Goldrich, 53 West 119th St., architect; cost, $25,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, Jan. 30.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CARMINE ST, s w corner of Bleecker St, 49.11x70; Henrietta Boroschek et al., executors, to Rose, John, Paul, and James Demartini, 171 Bleecker St, mtg $55,000; attorney, Lawyers' Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...........$75,000

CENTRAL PARK WEST, w s, 57.11 ft n of 106th St, 18x100; James H. Cruikshank to Hyman Bardin, 70 East 112th St, mtg $16,500, all liens, Jan. 29; attorney, J. A. Cruikshank, 53 Liberty St...........$1

ESSEX ST, 81, w s, 22x87.6; Bernard Harris to Clara Harris, 81 Essex St, ½ part, mtg $14,000, all title, Jan. 29...........$1

HOUSTON ST, 427 East, s e corner of Columbia St, 50x75; Z. & Y. Holding Co. to Hanover Mortgage Co., 49 Wall St, all liens, Jan. 29; attorneys, Alger & Coughlan, 49 Wall St...........$100

1ST AV, 1,122, e s, 100 ft n of 61st St, 20.3x97.9x14x95; New York Life Insurance and Trust Co. to Vincenza Pecoraro, 1,122 1st Av, Jan. 30; attorneys, Emmet & P., 52 Wall St...........$11,000

2D AV, 2,282, n e corner of 117th St, 25x81; George Putcher and another, executors, to Jay Bee Realty Corp., all liens, Jan. 28; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn 203 Broadway.........$1

3D AV, 749, e s, 75.5 ft s of 47th St, 25x95; George L. Reichert to Margaret Whearty, 139 Rogers Av, Brooklyn, mtg $26,500; attorney, W. F. Moore, 111 West 11th St...$1

11TH ST, 35 West, n s, 382.1 ft w of 5th Av, 22.10x103.3; Harvey W. Morton to Minnie G. Dodge and Helen M. Boardman, Randolph, Mass., all title and confirmation deed, Dec. 21, 1918; attorneys, Van Vliet & Place, 16 8th Av...........$1

18TH ST, 318 West, s s, 220.2 ft w of 8th Av, 21.11x92; Elek J. Ludvigh, referee, to Agnes I. Mallon, 318 West 18th St, subject to tax lien for $1,481.51, Jan. 29, foreclosure; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway...........$5,500

38TH ST, 237 to 241, n s, 377 ft e of 8th Av, 51.4x98.9, foreclosure Jan. 10, 1918; Sol Kohn, referee, to Esther Dryer, 528 West 111th St, and another, Jan. 30; attorney, Daniel S. Dryer, 221 West 37th St...$46,600

38TH ST, s s, 121.6 ft w of 3d Av, 13x80; Charlotte M. Adenaw to Elmslie V. Olliet, 158 East 38th St, 1-9 part, b. and s., all liens, Jan. 25; attorneys, Lord, Day & Lord, 49 Wall St...........$1

61ST ST, 326 East, s s, 336 ft e of 2d Av, 26.8x100.5; Domenick Buzzuffi to Giuseppe Agazzi, 317 East 61st St, 1-3 part, mtg $12,000, Jan. 6; attorney, Louis Campora, 93 Nassau St...........$100

80TH ST, 530-4 East, s s, 448 ft east of Av A, 75x102.2; A. Schwoerer Construction Co. to Cyro Realty Co., 171 Broadway, all liens, Jan. 22; attorney, Frank Thorn, 171 Broadway...........$100

117TH ST, n s, 325 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Dorette A. Wittpenn and another, executors, to Dorette A. Wittpenn, individually, 1,010 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, 2-3 part, and Louis Wittpenn, 1-3 part, Jan. 28; attorneys, Rabe & Keller, 258 Broadway...........$21,097.90

119TH ST, 9 West, n s, 109.5 ft w of 5th Av, 14x61.7x14.6x57.9, foreclosure Nov. 19, 1918; George W. Collins, referee, to Iphigenia Z. Place; attorneys, Wells & C., 31 Nassau St...........$5,650

119TH ST, 17 West, n s, 165.5 ft w of 5th Av, 14x76.10x14.6x73, foreclosure Jan. 21, 1919; same, referee, to same, Jan. 23; attorneys, same...........$4,300

124TH ST, 338 East, s s, 262.6 ft west of 1st Av, 18x100.11; Emma Frankenstein et al., executors, &c., to Lawmor Improvement Co., 42 Broadway, mtg $4,500, all liens, Jan. 29; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...........$6,500

SAME PROPERTY; Lawmor Improvement Co. to Antonio Pope, 297 Pleasant Av, mtg $5,500, all liens, Jan. 29; attorney, same.$100

Bronx.

BROOK AV, w s, 43.7 ft north of 168th St, 35.4x90; Louis Zbarowski to Jakob Hagmann, 1,229 Brook Av, Jan. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way.$1

CLINTON AV, 1,358 w s, 24.9x87.4; Harry Reich to Samuel Gendel, 417 Claremont Parkway, mtg $5,000, Jan. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...........$1

KELLY ST, e s, 300 ft n of 156th St, 25x100; Julius Winter to Gussie Wiener and another, 623 West 170th St, mtg $5,000, Jan. 27; attorney, L. I. Gerber, 256 B'way...$100

KINGSBRIDGE ROAD, 10 East, s s, 16.8x80; McAllen Realty Corp. to George F. Moody; 122 West 80th St, mtg $8,000, Jan. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...........$100

LOT 146, map of Van Nest Park; Helena Wegner to Arthur V. B. Wegner, 319 East 157th St, mtg $5,400, Jan. 6; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St...........$100

LOT 74, map of L. G. Morris; Margaretha A. Joost to William H. Bonynge, trustee, 20 Bentley Av, Jersey City, N. J., mtg $1,280, Jan. 16; attorney, H. M. Stevenson, 26 Liberty St...........$1

LOT 1, Block 29, map of Pelham Park; also Rider Av, n w s, at n e s of 135th St, 72.8x25; also 3d Av, n s corner of 184th St, old lines, 17.4x79.6x16.5x84.8; Mary A. Lord et al. to Eliz. Dwyer, 2,217 University Av, Adg. 7, 1918; attorney, Joseph P. Fallon, 2 Columbus Circle...........$100

LANE ON MAP, Charles Darke s w s 105 ft n w of road from Kingsbridge to Williamsbridge, 25x100; Phineas Lewinson, trustee, to Hyman S. Fastenberg, 915 Barretto St, July 26, 1917; attorney, L. Dashew, 320 Broadway...........$20

MIDDLETOWN RD, n s, 50.4 ft e of Mayflower Av, 45.4x116.10x45x121.4; Emma D. Harrington to Alex S. Girvin, Albany, N. Y., Sept. 30, 1916; attorney, E. W. Rieck, 25 North Pearl St, Albany, N. Y...........$1

LOTS 53 and 54, map L. G. Morris; Morris Frank, referee, to William H. Bonynge, trustee, 170 Broadway, Jan. 22; attorney, H. M. Stevenson, 26 Liberty St...........$3,000

MORRIS AV, e s, 253.8 ft s of 196th St, 75x115.1; Stewart Construction Co. to Winifred C. Kennedy, 1,106 College Av, mtg $7,000, Sept. 18, 1917; attorney, C. F. Sharrott, 419 East 149th St...........$100

TRINITY AV, 1,028, e s, 18.5x90; Julius D. Tobias, referee, to Jane E. Reynolds, 1,078 Union Av, Jan. 30; attorney, Lewis Howlett, Union Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y...........$6,000

VALENTINE AV, e s, 189.9 ft n e of 198th St, 25x99.1; Aline E. De Passe to Emil Michaux, 205 West 107th St, July 1, 1918; attorney, R. E. Fusany, 485 College Av...........$1

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 100 ft s of 164th St, 25x98.11; George F. Moody to McAllen Realty Corp., 391 East 149th St, mtg $5,500, Jan. 29; attorney, Henry W. Kiralfy, 391 East 149th St...........$1

WASHINGTON AV, 978, w s, 25x98.11; Marguerite Clarke to George F. Moody, 122 West 80th St, mtg $5,500, Jan. 16; attorney, H. W. Kiralfy, 391 East 149th St...$100

138TH ST, 606 and 608 East, s s, 37.6x100; Bella Cohen to Jacob Newman, 336 St. Roman St, New Haven, Conn., and another, Jan. 25; attorneys, Hirsch, S. & L., 160 Broadway...........$1

189TH ST, 602 East, s s, 37.6x100; Gussie Zeiger, individually and executor, to Louis A. Steyn, 446 East 185th St; mtg $29,600, Jan. 30; attorney, L. A. Steyn, 4,586 Park Av...........$1

165TH ST, s s, 94.7 ft w of Grant Av, runs s 81x w 45x n 79.4 to 165th St opposite to Concourse x e 4.3x e 40.11; Ess Ess Realty Co. to Vive Realty Co., 320 Broadway, mtg $21,400, Jan. 8; attorneys, Kantrowitz & Esberg, 320 Broadway...........$100

176TH ST, 812 East, s s, 25x136; James Butler to Sisters of Sacred Heart of Mary, on Nepperhan Road, Tarrytown, N. Y., Jan. 29; attorney, J. H. Rogan, 145 Nassau St...........$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, n e corner of Mangin St, 50x75, Jan. 17; Anna W. Hepp et al. and Ehrhardt Realty Co. to August Brandes, 148 East 47th St, et al, trustees, due Feb. 1, 1920; attorney, Hy Wendt, 99 Nassau St...........$5,000

CARMINE ST, s w corner of Bleecker St, 49.11x70, P. M., Jan. 30; Rose, John, Paul, and James Demartini to Henrietta, Hy, and Leopold Boroschek, 1 West 92d St, executors, due July 1, 1920, prior mtg $43,000; attorneys, Kantrowitz & Esberg, 320 Broadway...........$10,000

CENTRAL PARK WEST, w s, 57.11 ft n of 106th St, 18x100, P. M., Jan. 29; Hyman Bardin to Jas. H. Cruikshank, Freeport, L. I., due Aug. 1, 1920, 6 p. c., prior mtg $10,500; attorney, Geo. H. Walker, 174 Centre St...........$3,000

1ST AV, 1,122, e s, 100 ft n of 61st St, 20.3x97.9x14x95, P. M., Jan. 30; Vincenza Pecoraro to New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., 52 Wall St, trustee, due Dec. 30, 1926, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Emmet & Parish, 52 Wall St...........$10,850

4TH ST, 234-6 East, s s, 103 ft w of Av B, 48x96.2; 8th St, s s, 239.4 ft e of Av B, 49.2x97.6, Jan. 28; Rubin Levine and J. Levine to Lena, wife of Rubin Levine, 106 Division Av, Brooklyn, demand 6 p. c.; attorney, Emanuel Hellinger, 300 Broadway...........$11,600

18TH ST, 318 West, s s, 220.2 ft w of 8th Av, 21.11x92, P. M., Jan. 29; Agnes I. Mallon to the American Trust Co., 135 Broadway, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway...........$3,000

38TH ST, 237-41 West, n s, 377 ft e of 8th Av, 51.4x98.9, P. M., Jan. 30; Esther and Mannie Dryer to Central Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, due Feb. 1, 1922; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...........$35,000

82D ST, n s, 100 ft e of East End Av, runs n 129.4 to original high water mark East River x n e 109.10x n w 157.4x s 180.8 to beginning, with all title to dock privileges, &c., and all other real estate now owned or that may be acquired and machinery, &c., Jan. 9; Yorkville Independent Hygeia Ice Co. to Central Union Trust Co. of N. Y., 54 Wall St, as trustee for bondholders, due Feb. 1, 1924, 6 p. c., prior mtg $100,000; attorneys, Forster, H. & K., 59 Wall St...........$95,000

115TH ST, 32 West, s s, 410 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, P. M., Jan. 21; Sidney I. Moll to F. de P. Foster, Tuxedo Park, and another, trustees, due Jan. 30, 1924; attorney, Frederic de P. Foster, 44 Wall St...........$18,000

124TH ST, 338 East, s s, 262.6 ft w of 1st Av, 18x100.11, P. M., Jan. 29; Lawmor Improvement Co. to Emma Frankenstein, 875 West 93d St, et al., exrs., &c., due Jan. 15, 1922, 6 p. c., prior mtg $4,500; attorney, Henry Brill, 80 Wall St...........$1,000

SAME PROPERTY, P. M., Jan. 29; Antonio Pepe to Lawmor Improvement Co., 42 Broadway, due and int. as per bond, prior mtg $5,500; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...........$1,200

Bronx.

ELLIOTT AV, w s, 368.9 ft n of Elizabeth St, 33.8x125; Mabel C. Murray to Emily Newman, 2,016 Bronx Boulevard, Jan. 29, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$3,500

LOTS 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, and 812, map of Minneford Park; P. J. Building Co. to City Island Homes, Inc., 14 Wall St, Nov. 27, 1917, 6 years; attorneys, Satterlee, C. & L., 49 Wall St...........$5,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 42d St, runs w 86.2 to s s of 7th Av x s 49.4x e 99.11 to Broadway x n 51.8 to beginning, all, except store at corner of Broadway and 42d St; United Stores Land and Impt. Co. to Subway Central Building Corp., 1,482 Broadway, from July 1, 1918, to April 29, 1930, with privilege of three 21-year renewals; dated June 29, 1918; taxes, &c., and..$50,000

7TH AV, 1,902, n w corner of 115th St, corner store and basement and the adjoining single store; R. & A. R. & C. Co. to David and May Weinberg, 1,902 7th Av, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1919, 3 years' renewal at $3,900; attorneys, Hyams & H., 32 Broadway. $3,150 and $3,300

Bronx.

143D ST, 294 and 296 East, all; Sedge Morris Realty Co. to Joseph Neuer and another, 124 East 110th St, 3 years from Feb. 1, 1919; attorney, Joseph Neuer, 124 East 110th St...........$5,300

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

EDGECOMBE AV, 119, mtg $16,000; Park Av, 1,847, mtg $64,000; 39th St, 419 West, mtg $18,000; Livingston Place, 10, mtg $3,000; 9th Av, 633, mtg $20,000; 115th St, 305 East, mtg $10,000; Henry Wendt, guardian of Augusta H. Peters, to Augusta H. Peters, 229 West 78th St; attorney, Henry Wendt, 99 Nassau St; 6 assignments, each...........$1

LEXINGTON AV, 695, mtg $45,000; Diana Bum to Rena S. Heidell, 2 West 86th St; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway...........$1

3D AV, 1,368 and 1,370, 2 mtgs, each $10,000; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway; 2 assignments, each...........$1

48TH ST, 443 West; Katherine E. Schubert (Niemeyer) to Diedrich Niemeyer, 1,936 Broadway; attorneys, Martin & S., 927 8th Av...........$3,500

63D ST, 17 West; 18th St, 331 West; 28th St, s s, 506.8 ft e of 9th Av; Marion J. Sparks to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co.; attorney, Isaac Levison, 258 East 138th St...........$1

77TH ST, 101 West; 125th St, 458 West, int. of $2,500 on mtg of $85,000; Richard A. Henriques to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...........$1

82D ST, 812-14 East, mtg $1,500; Sarah Fish to Beckie Alinson, 888 Black St, Brooklyn; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...........$100

85TH ST, 33 West; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Louise K. Siemers, 13 West 103d St; address, 176 Broadway.....$20,000

119TH ST, 26 East; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Mary F. Walsh, 169 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 B'way...$3,500

120TH ST, 25 West, mtg $8,000; New York Title and Mortgage Co. to Otto Munk, 575 Riverside Drive; address, 135 Broadway, interest of...........$6,000

138TH ST, 207 West, mtg $8,000; Elizabeth B. Valentine, admx. of William H. Jacobs, to Elizabeth B. Valentine, 255 West 34th St; attorneys, Johnston & Messler, 256 Broadway...........$1

138TH ST, 207 West, mtg $8,000; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Mary A. Jacobs, executrix of William H. Jacobs; attorneys, Johnston & M., 256 Broadway........$3,000

Bronx.

BECK ST, e s, 200 ft s of 156th St, 25x100; John P. Wade to Bridget Geslan, 809 Garrison Av...........$1

BROOK AV, 373; Walter Solomon to Mary A. Weber, 441 West 140th St; attorney, M. B. Faber, 44 Court St, Brooklyn...........$1

CITY ISLAND AV, n w corner of Scofield St, 50x62.3x50x61.11; Annie Booth, guardian, to Bertha A. Lee, 158 Scofield St, City Island; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...........$2,800

CROTONA AV, s e corner of Fairmount Pl, 40x90; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Leo Levy, 715 West 172d St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 50 Liberty St...........$23,000

FOX ST, 1,163; Longfellow Av, 1,421 and 1,433; Rogers Pl, 1,949; 228th St, 826 East; 226th St, 821 East; Anderson Av, 964; 201st St, 359 East; 3d Av, 3,064; H. Wendt, guardian, to Augusta H. Peters, 229 West 78th St; attorney, H. Wendt, 99 Nassau St, nine assignments...........$1

REVIEW PL, w s, 50 ft n of Review Pl, 50x100; A. Stolwem to Sarah Grossman, 496 Concord Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...........$1

ST. LAWRENCE AV, 1,248; People's Trust Co. as Comm. to Frank H. Sexton, 368 60th St, Brooklyn, admr.; attorneys, Coster and T., 51 Chambers St...........$1

TIFFANY ST, s e corner of 167th St, 79.3 x —; Nathalie A. May to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway; an lot. of...........$36,000

WILKINS AV, 1,476-8; City Real Estate Co. to Cornelius O. Coakley, 53 West 56th St, and another, trustee; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway...........$32,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

10TH ST, 3,852 to 3,856; Morris Rosenbaum against Clara H. de Castellanos, owner and contractor...........$202.40

25TH ST, 202 and 204 West; Hughes & Hughes against Laura A. Cregan, owner and contractor...........$450

54TH ST, 151 West; Hughes & Hughes against Cesare Boccafogli, owner and contractor...........$285

71ST ST, 346 West; E. Ullman & Sons, Inc., against Ernest Tribelhorn, owner; John Townsend, contractor...........$21

83D ST, 62 West; Ignatz Schwartz against Frederick E. Lee, owner; W. Raymond Moore, contractor...........$170

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIEN.

Manhattan.

85TH ST, 230 East; Standard Arch Co. against Grand Building Corp. et al, July 30, 1918...........$134.58

Bronx.

PRATT AV, 4,028; O. Zibelli & Son, Inc., against Louise Rasmussen et al., Oct. 23, 1918...........$337.50

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 42d St, 102.6x185.6 to 41st St; Elevator Supplies Co., Inc., against James B. Regan et al., action to foreclose mechanics' lien; attorneys, Eldlitz & Hulse.

PARCEL of land beginning at a point 100 ft n of Dyckman St and 365 ft w of Prescott Av, runs n 131.9x s e — x s 53x w 40 to beginning; William A. Gage et al., executors, against Dorothea L. Filby, foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. C. Smith.

RIVINGTON ST, 227; Lawyers Mortgage Co. against Morris Rosenfeld et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

SHERIFF ST, 61; Annie J. des Gareth et al. against Lazarus Levy et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Middlebrook & Borland.

WATER ST, s w corner of Jefferson St, 22x76.4x23x76.6; Isidor Spect against Joseph Wolfson et al., amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, D. Steckler.

3D AV, 1,689; Woodlawn Cemetery against Samuel Davis et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. C. White.

9TH St, 809 East; Fannie P. Hays against Antonia Teitelbaum et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, A. Wiener.

18TH ST, 421 East; Fanny T. Carpenter against Pearl Miles et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. L. Crocker.

52D ST, 523 West; United States Trust Co. of New York, trustee, against Lena Gehringer et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

60TH ST, 413 and 415 East, two actions; Albert Y. de Colcouria against Esther Isenberg et al., foreclosure of two mortgages; attorneys, Phelps, East & Webb.

Bronx.

BRIGGS AV, 2,683; Augusta E. Brown against William H. Wright et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. E. Loughran.

Machine Shop For Sale

The property of the undersigned, who has been engaged in the manufacture of 155 Millimeter Common Steel Shell. Offers will be received for the entire property on which there is no mortgage or encumbrance.

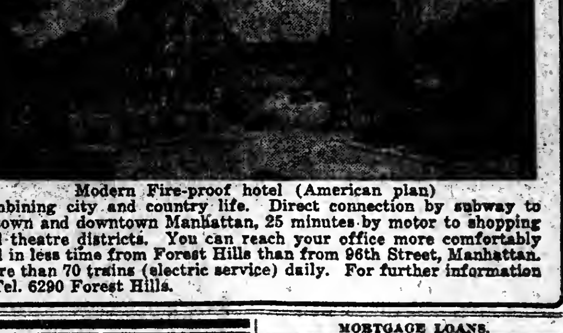
This consists of a machine shop and about seven and one-half acres of land located on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, on Clyde Avenue, Buffalo, having a spur track on each side of the building. The land is fenced. The main building is single story, well lighted and in good condition, of stone construction, 80 feet x 300 feet, a stone addition thereto, 30 feet x 200 feet and a frame addition, 88 feet x 304 feet, together with other outbuildings, among which are a restaurant and time and employment office.

This is a modern plant with a low tax rate and cheap electric power. The equipment consists of electric motors and transformers, air compressors, boilers and heating system, high class tool room equipment, office fixtures and furnishings, belting, shafting and hangers, furnaces, lathes, boring mills, drill presses, grinders, pumping and conveyor systems, benches, special machinery, etc., all being in good operating condition.

The property is open to inspection and may be seen by applying at the premises. Any offer made must have the approval of the Ordnance Department before acceptance.

J. J. CARRICK, INC., Clyde Ave., Buffalo, N. Y. Telephone—Crescent 176.

FOREST HILLS INN, FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I. 15 MINUTES FROM PENNA. STA.



Modern Fire-proof hotel (American plan) combining city and country life. Direct connection by subway to uptown and downtown Manhattan, 25 minutes by motor to shopping and theatre districts. You can reach your office more comfortably and in less time from Forest Hills than from 96th Street, Manhattan. More than 70 trains (electric service) daily. For further information—Tel. 6290 Forest Hills.

Ideal Showroom for a wholesaler of apparel is offered for rent in Cuyler Building, 116-120 West 32nd Street.

Located on front of 15th floor, contains 4,636 net usable square feet. High ceiling. Windows on 4 sides. Fully sprinklered building. 4 passenger, 3 freight elevators.

Possession May 1st, 1919.

Loton H. Slawson Company 171 Madison Avenue

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Placed by us during January, 1919, $1,030,000 on Mortgages in Manhattan.

We still have funds for good mortgage loans.

Wm. A. White & Sons Established 1868 46 Cedar Street Tel. 5700 John.

Office Space Wanted

The Sweets Company of America, 416-422 West 45th Street, desires office space of about 4,000 square feet in modern office building between 42nd and 46th Streets and between Broadway and Madison Avenue.

$45,000 Loan Wanted For Six Months

Interest 6% Plus Bonus Secured by equity of $70,000.00 invested in Brooklyn commercial property last September, producing income averaging 15%. Long, responsible leases.

ADVERTISER, Room 101, 17 Battery Place.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Harold J. Gross, James H. Hurley, and E. Tudor Gross, Auctioneers. Trustee's Sale by Public Auction By order of Edward G. Chace, Trustee in Bankruptcy of Jos. J. Taylor & Co

Moscow Mills

At Moscow, near Hope Valley, Hopkinton, Rhode Island

Tuesday, February 11th, 1919

commencing at 11:30 o'clock A. M. on the premises, and continuing in the order numbered in the catalogue until all the lots are sold.

4 Parcels of Real Estate to be sold separately

Mill, Water Privilege, and about 5 acres of land.

Main mill, stone and frame, 120x40 ft., two stories. Weave shed, stone, one story, 21x73 ft.; annex, 49x54 ft. Boiler house; office building; small storehouse; stable, 3 dwelling houses.

250—LOTS—250

MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT

consisting of Payne Skein Winders, Draper Warpers, Knight Jack Spoolers, Lowell Slasher, Draper and Hopedale Spoolers, Luther Reels, Draper Twisters, Payne Quillers, Universal Quiller, Mason, Stafford Automatic and Crompton & Knowles Looms, 3 Generators, Scales, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Belting, Office Furniture.

Apply for descriptive catalogue to G. L. & H. J. GROSS Established 1868 Real Estate and Insurance 170 Westminster St., Providence, R. I.

REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE OPERATORS, GET BUSY!

Convert your rent income for 1919 into cash and take advantage of the investment opportunities now open to the man who can put up the coin. Reasonable terms, no "red tape," absolutely confidential relations.

100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Nothing under $5,000.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

6-Story Elevator Apartment, 100 foot front, savings bank mortgage, fully rented, Columbia College section, to exchange for free and clear country place, preferably along the Hudson, not more than two hours from New York.

F. R. WOOD, 123 West 73d Street.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HESS Business Property

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$45 MONTH and small quarterly payment buys California type comfort Home. Garage, sleeping porch, &c.; beautiful street. Two minutes west of Kings Highway Station, Sea Beach Subway from Times Square. (Pamphlet.) JOHN F. CHURLO, 1778 West 11th St., Brooklyn.

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Kew Gardens Long Island, 15 Minutes from Penn. Station. Kew Gardens Construction Co. is Now Building Houses for sale or on order from plans of distinction Edgeworth Smith, Sales Manager. 1 W. 34th St. Greeley 5356.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT LARCHMONT.

Taken in at foreclosure; cost to build about $12,000; can be had for $9,500 if taken soon; eight-room stucco, hot water heat, gas, electricity; three baths; plot 100x250; old shade trees; five minutes' walk to station; garage.

H. M. OLCOTT, 51 East 42d St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 2326.

SPECIALISTS IN WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES. INSURANCE.

Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

ALONG THE SOUND Westchester County and Connecticut. Chas. Field Griffen & Co., 11 East 42d St. Murray Hill—6441.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A WONDERFUL BARGAIN

$3,500, ON VERY EASY TERMS, BUYS THIS Fine Home; Remaining mortgage easy; Easy Commutation to N. Y. City. Beautiful Plot, 100x160 Feet. 10 huge rooms, 2 tiled baths, sleeping balcony, big open fireplace, wide concrete verandas; beautifully finished throughout; parquet floors, oak, white enamel and mahogany finished trim; fine tree-covered grounds and lawns; porte cochere entrance; exclusive residential neighborhood; convenient to trolley line and 2 ex. R. R. stations; high in the mountains, overlooking beautiful lakes, and near golf and country clubs, schools, churches and markets. Write or phone GEO. R. PEARE, 640 Riverside Drive. Telephone 6084 Audubon.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

172 5th Ave. CORNER 22D ST. Loft to Let

Suitable for light manufacturing. Light on 4 sides. Low rentals. Building recently renovated. Low insurance. Possession February 1. Inquire:

L. J. LEVY 35 Nassau St. 'Phone Rector 1078.

STORE—FIFTH AVE $780 & 16TH STREET, 20x70. Phone 3106 Chelsea, or Pease & Elliman, Murray Hill 6500, or Your Own Broker. 5 W. 16th

Store and Basement at 36-38 EAST 20TH ST.

45x95; fireproof; inside fire alarm system; elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Low rental.

APPLY ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Unusual Apartment No. 11 East 47th St. 5 ROOMS, 2 BATHS. Entire floor, superbly decorated, elevator service; immediate possession; may be seen between 10 and 12 M. or by appointment. Also 2 Bachelor Apartments of 2 Rooms and Bath each. David Wallace, 18 East 41st St.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

WANTED TO LEASE

For term of years, building containing 50,000 sq. ft. for manufacturing; Manhattan or Long Island.

J. Romaine Brown Co., 299 Madison Av. Phone 1481 Murray Hill.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 WEST 72d ST.

TWO APARTMENTS. THREE EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS, kitchenette and bath; handsomely furnished, $165 and $180 respectively; all appointments are of highest standard; ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel. Col. 7640.

REAL ESTATE.

Forty-five cents on agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

St. Nicholas Place.—Dwelling with space for garage. (size 30x100,) will be sacrificed for $3,500 cash over bank mortgage of $15,000. PORTER & CO., 159 West 125th St.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Flushing.—Murray Hill station; modern detached 8-room house; all improvements; near school and station; 30 minutes to 34th St.; occupancy May; $6,000; terms suitable. Owner, 434 East 49th St., Manhattan.

Bayside and Broadway, Flushing.—For sale, attractive houses, 7 and 8 rooms; near station; immediate possession. Bayside Homes Co., 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 6896.

Long Beach West, cottage, five rooms, improvements, $1,500, $350 cash. Call on Thomas Walsh. Phone 1060 Murray Hill.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

For sale—Dwig., complete; high ground; improvements; 3½ acres; water, fruit; $12,500. 40 A., stone dwig.; ideal place; every improvement; barn, 2 cottages; high ground; gentleman's place; $75,000. 7½ acres, $25,000; 1 1-3 acres, $12,000; other properties. Lewis H. Miller, Katonah, N. Y.

Gentleman's estate, Orange County, commuting distance, Tuxedo section; 125 acres; beautiful modern stone house; all improvements; garage, &c.; mountainous scenery. Mrs. McAleer, 160 West 119th.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—Beautiful new suburban home and garage goes for $350 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York, 8c. commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors; beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, paneled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hardwood trim; large front porch, also sleeping porch; trees, paved streets, steam heat, sewer, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures, concrete basement; attic; ample space for garden; near fine schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. Tel. John 5047.

BARGAIN!—Six room-bath hollow tile stucco dwelling, steam heat, all improvements; large plot; near station; half hour out. Erie; $3,750, easy terms. W. Butscher, 154 Nassau; telephone 3806 Beekman.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted, suitable location for a high-class girls' boarding and day school; not over 40 minutes from New York or Philadelphia; plenty of grounds, buildings, and equipment; must be modern. Apply P. O. Box 194, Jacksonville, Fla.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Wanted, private house, 25 foot front, about $23,000; in good location; would add $2,000 cash and free clear, Yonkers, vacant, valued $7,000. Write Y., 706 Columbus Av.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester.

Crestwood. 32 minutes, 8 rooms, 60x100, station 3 minutes; splendid artists' attic; bargain. Gross, 1,326 Woolworth Building.

Sell, furnished, easy terms, hollow tile house, tile roof; garage. Howard Falling, Scarsdale, N. Y. Tel. N. Y. Spring 9176.

Long Island.

One-family detached house in Richmond Hill, eight rooms and bath, improvements, electric light, 100 ft. from Jamaica Av., convenient to L. I. R. R.; price $4,800. Call at 641 Hatch Av., Woodhaven, L. I. Phone 2122M Richmond Hill.

Massachusetts.

TWO BUNGALOWS
for sale, one equipped as an all-year residence, with steam heat, electric light, water from artesian well (147 feet deep) with automatic electrically-controlled pump, well rated at 35 gallons per minute; cellar under entire house; set tubs, large fireplace with plenty of wood on place to supply it; one equipped as Summer home, same size as other, and having large fireplace, water connection from artesian well; garage and garden; partly furnished. X 243 Times Annex.

Houses Wanted.

A NEW YORK LAWYER
requires 8-room suburban house, recent construction, early occupancy, $1,000 rental; gas, electricity, tiled bath, garage; prefer Montclair, Mount Vernon, Pelham, New Rochelle. Telephone Main 4673.

Will buy small, thoroughly modern bungalow in choice suburban neighborhood. S 213 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

SMALL AND LARGE SHOWROOMS, OFFICES
for lease by the year to responsible tenants in the large sprinklered office structure, the CABLE BUILDING, at 621 BROADWAY.
"Bleecker St." Broadway subway sta, 1 blk, "Spring St." station old subway, 2 blocks. (Under railway management.)

EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT SUITE OF OFFICES FOR RENT ON ONE OF THE HIGHEST FLOORS OF FIRST-CLASS BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

FOR RENT, sublet for one year with fixtures, beautifully equipped office; suitable for architect's office, about 600 sq. ft., centrally located, splendid light, reasonable terms. Apply Hobart B. Upjohn, 456 4th Av., New York.

LARGE CORNER STORE, FACING GRAND CENTRAL STATION, 98 BY 102; RENT $18,000; LONG LEASE; PRINCIPALS ONLY. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST., CITY.

For physician, first floor suite, including two large, beautiful rooms and butler's pantry, with running water; desirable street and neighborhood. 114 East 39th St., East.

CORNER LOFTS, 100x92 ft., with or without power, suitable for manufacturing; low insurance, and reasonable rent; immediate possession. 17th St. and Avenue B.

Large office, Woolworth Building, all or part, furnished or unfurnished, splendid equipment for sales organization. H 493 Times Downtown.

BASEMENT for rent for warehousing; below Canal St., about 6,500 sq. ft.; heavy floor carrying capacity, 2 elevators; low insurance. W 36 Times.

Sub lease, light loft, 50x100, below Houston St.; heavy floor carrying capacity; live steam may be had; reasonable rent. W 34 Times.

To Hire for Business—Desk room, storage space; telephone service; centrally located; good shipping facilities. 68-70-72 Wooster St.

Office or desk room to rent; also storage, if needed, and phone. Marchand, 42 West 15th. Phone Bryant 585.

WAREHOUSE, 5-story, below Fulton St., about 25x75; electric hoist; possession April 1. W 37 Times.

Small light office wanted, preferably furnished; vicinity 40th St.; occupancy Feb. 15. S 237 Times.

Desk room in small office; about Madison Square; reasonable. K 408 Times Downtown.

2 large, light lofts, fireproof building; elevator service, steam heat. Happel, 408 E. 16th St.

STORE, 5 West 16th St., reasonable, 20x70. Phone Chelsea 3706; Brokers' commission.

100 Broad, large and small light offices; low rent. Apply on premises.

Office, large, airy, rent very reasonable. Park Row Building, Room 1330.

Furnished offices and desk room; service, mailing privileges. Suite 308, 51 East 42d.

Stores and offices; subway express corner. 1,275 Lexington Av.

Light offices and salesrooms in modern building. 110 East 23d St.

Parlor floor store, near Fifth Av., $125 per month. Burlack Co., 46 West 49th.

Studio with bath and kitchenette, near Fifth Av. Burlack Co., 46 West 49th.

New Jersey.

NEWARK, N. J.
Broad and Market St. stores to let. J. Clarence Carr, Firemen's Bldg., Newark.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED, SMALL OFFICE, REPUTABLE MODERN BUILDING, financial district; or single room, (part of suite.) Address, stating full particulars, J. C., Room 2502, 110 West 40th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals; $30 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

41ST, EAST.—Two rooms and bath, richly furnished apartment, with additional outside sleeping porch (no kitchenette); to responsible and refined people; meal service optional; $150 monthly. Phone 7450 Murray Hill.

48TH ST., 25 EAST.—Handsomely and luxuriously furnished, two very large outside rooms, with outside bath; baby grand piano, Turkish rugs, fine linens, maid and valet service; $200 a month.

?5TH ST., EAST.—Exquisitely furnished large living room, bedroom, and bath, restaurant apartment house; $200 monthly, for two or three months. Call Lenox 712, in the morning until 1 P. M.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

ARTISTIC APARTMENT, three rooms, bath, maid service, breakfast. Enquire Superintendent, 715 Madison Av.

ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED APARTMENT, near Harvard, Yale, and Yacht Clubs; large studio, with two adjoining rooms and bath; sublet for 4 to 6 months; $150 per month. Telephone 4160 Plaza.

ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED 2-room kitchenette apartment, private bath, electricity, attendance; suitable bachelors; near 33d subway. 7037 Mad. Sq.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, INC.,
12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

LEAVING CITY; WILL SUBLET HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENT HOTEL SUITE, FACING MADISON SQUARE PARK, TO JUNE OR OCTOBER AT $400 MONTH; 3 BEDROOMS, 3 BATHS, LARGE LIVING ROOM; HOTEL SERVICE. HERBERT GULICK CO., INC., 402 MADISON AV.

PARK AV. Section; finest furnished apartments, all sizes and rentals. RAFAEL DE FLOREZ, 402 Madison Av., (47th.)

PARK AV., (Northwest Corner.) Entrance 81st St.—Six rooms and bath, sunshine. Lenox 7899.

THIRTIES, magnificently furnished 4 rooms, new building; $275; short lease. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

Furnished—West Side.

16TH, 123 WEST.—Private apt., 2 bedrooms, living room, kitchen, and bath; elevator. 6600 Chelsea; Baker Apt. 140.

26 WEST 43D ST.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled: 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 62??.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apt. Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

58TH, 10 WEST.—Two-room apartment; beautifully furnished large living room, bedroom, and bath; references required. Brice, 'phone 8704 Plaza.

59TH, 100 WEST, (10B.)—Large room overlooking park, 2 smaller rooms, bath, kitchenette; artistically furnished; $375 monthly till October or longer; alternately take furniture, with lease. Phone Circle 1806, 10-2.

59TH, 200 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished living room, two bedrooms, kitchenette, overlooking Central Park; grand piano, linen, silver; lease October $250 month; shorter term $300. Kent.

70'S.—Attractively furnished 6 rooms, 2 baths; 10th floor; $300. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—West Side.

78TH, 205 WEST.—2 rooms, front suite, southern exposure, kitchenette; comfortable, attractive; high-class house; $60 monthly; maid service.

79TH, 301 WEST.—Six-room apartment sublet; will sell furniture; going overseas.

808, WEST.—New building, 6 rooms, 2 baths; newly furnished. Columbus 3974.

97TH, 315 WEST.—Furnished apartments, 6 and 7 rooms, beautifully furnished, $160 to $200 per month. Superintendent.

103D, 250 WEST, Hotel Alexandria.—To sublet, two handsomely furnished rooms, bath. Apply at desk, or phone 6306 Gramercy.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Three large, light rooms, (kitchen,) attractively furnished; first floor. Ellsworth.

116TH SUBWAY, (Broadway.)—Attractive five-room apartment, Oct. 1 or longer, $150; references required. Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

116TH, WEST.—6 beautiful rooms overlooking Hudson; grand piano; phonograph; will share apt. with, and board congenial couple. Morn. 8274.

116TH, 618 WEST.—5 beautiful rooms, completely furnished, southern exposure. Monger, Apt. 91.

127TH ST., 600 WEST.—Artistically furnished apartment, 2 bedrooms, living room, dining room, kitchen; spotless; near Riverside Drive.

141ST, 605 WEST.—Attractive 5-room apartment; piano, linen, silver. Apartment 1D.

142D, 547 WEST.—Newly, beautifully furnished front living room, bedroom adjoining; use of kitchen; refined couple; no other roomers; 2 adults; $60. Apt. 23.

185TH, 551 WEST.—Five large outside sunny rooms, comfortably furnished; high-class apartment; desirable locality; subway "bus;" to lease three to six months, $100 per month; reference. Mowder, Telephone 8487 St. Nicholas.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.
Choice furnished apartments, east, west sides; season, year. Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Col. 3974.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

CALL ON MILLER, 162 West 50th St., for list of apartments. Circle 3067.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Beautiful nine rooms, three baths. Miss Pantlind, Morningside 8905.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS for rent. Call for particulars. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

IN THE SEVENTIES, WEST SIDE; 3 ELEGANT SUITES; BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; DELIGHTFUL HOME; GOOD SERVICE; $325, $225, $125 PER MONTH; REFERENCE. TELEPHONE COL. 8055.

PARLOR floor, very spacious and sumptuously furnished, including living room, bedroom, bath, and kitchenette, ready for immediate occupancy at No. 9 West 58th St., adjoining Hotel Plaza; will lease to responsible person with unquestioned references for 3 or 4 months at $250 per month. 'Phone 8189 Plaza or call in person; hours noon until 6 P. M.; La Fell.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, corner 103d St., The Clearfield.—Highest class apt. 9D; beautifully furnished and decorated nine rooms; three master bedrooms, three baths; unusual opportunity.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 1,074.—Four rooms, bath, $70. Riverside 9294 after 6 P. M.

WEST END AV., 856.—Two bright rooms, bath and kitchenette; also front porch; immediate possession.

WEST END AV., (90's.)—Handsomely furnished, 7 rooms, 2 baths; $225 monthly, 4 months. Particulars Vanderbilt 1450.

WEST END.—7 rooms, 3 baths; handsome, artistic furnishings; terms. Columbus 3974.

Unfurnished—East Side.

44TH ST., 7 EAST.—Apartment, two rooms and bath; very large living room; open fireplace; newly converted; hardwood floors; $100 monthly. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH, 145 WEST.—Lafayette Apts., four rooms and bath; all light; very desirable. Phone Chelsea 5774, or call.

50TH, 17 WEST.—Studio apartment, skylight, two rooms, bath, open fireplace; new building; $125. Apply on premises.

57TH, 140 WEST, 4 bright rooms, 2 baths, high-class building, 10th floor, $170 month; 2-3 years lease.

72D ST., 322 WEST.—One, two and three very large, elegant rooms, with baths, private residence, $55-$110-$125 monthly.

93D, 270 WEST.—Parlor floor remodeled house; two large rooms, bath; service.

94TH ST., 276, (Near West End Av.)—2 spacious rooms and bath, just completed; $1,200; immediate possession.

BROADWAY-112TH, 542 WEST, (2C.)—$140; lease March 1, 9 rooms, 3 baths; 3 roomers remaining paying $90.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

CLINTON ST., 413, (Corner.)—5 rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, $42.50.

Furnished—New Jersey.

ATLANTIC CITY apartments—3 and 4 room apartments; ocean front; high-class building; hot and cold sea water; refrigeration; any season; furnished or unfurnished. H. G. Harris & Co., Guarantee Trust Building, Atlantic City.

BOULEVARD, 941, Weehawken, N. J.—Apartment 6 rooms and bath, steam heat; all modern improvements; overlooking Hudson River.

APARTMENTS WANTED.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

From early February until June 1, fully furnished apartment in first-class building, with all light rooms; 3 master's bedrooms; two or more bathrooms; about $250 a month. Addressed to those who prefer a reliable tenant to a high rental. A 378 Times.

Gentleman with responsible position in downtown bank desires small apartment in private home for his family. A. C. Montell, 614 West 138th St. Audubon 6073.

Responsible party wants handsomely furnished 6 rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession, to July; $275 monthly. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

Until April, responsible couple desires two-three rooms, sunlight, housekeeping apartment; $70-$90 monthly; below 59th. Greeley 4542.

Wanted, attractively furnished apartment, 3 to 5 rooms, below 100th St. Call Columbus 2223, Apt. 4F.

Couple with grown daughter wishes, from Feb. 8, 2 or 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; quote price. W 13 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED.—Select clientele waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Col. 836.

Furnished or unfurnished five-room apartment by distinguished family. R 751 Times Downtown.

Completely furnished, small apartment, including bath and kitchen, between Washington Square and 72d St. B 192 Times.

Two gentlemen desire small furnished apartment below 40th St., west of Park Av.; state full particulars. A 303 Times.

Five or six rooms for family three adults; convenient location; references exchanged. J. L. F., Box 803, City Hall Station.

Wanted for responsible clientele high-class furnished apartments, Park Av. section. Rafael de Florez, 402 Madison Av., (47th.)

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, furnished; east side; $65; lease. Address R. H., Room 61, 96 Broadway.

Couple.—One, two rooms, with bath, twin beds; below 42d. A 384 Times.

Unfurnished.

Wanted to sublet, unfurnished apartment for May 1 or Oct. 1, six to seven rooms, on west side, between 72d and 110th Sts.; state particulars. S 721 Times Downtown.

Young couple want 3-4 room apartment, west side; $40-$55. Henry S. Miller, Freeport, L. I.

Unfurnished 6-7 rooms, sunny, modern, below 116th; immediate possession. Phone, Room 203, Schuyler 9571, before 10 A. M.

Three rooms with bath wanted, suitable for business purposes; not over $60. W 40 Times.

Four-room apt., all improvements, between 16th-34th Sts. Phone Gramercy 4518.

High-class, unfurnished apartment wanted; 3 or 4 rooms. S 238 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny, telephone, elevator, well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $19 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

47TH, 21 EAST.—Large, clean room, all conveniences, gentlemen only.

LEXINGTON AV., 265, (Near 36th.)—Large, sunny room, well furnished; $8.

MADISON AV., 785, (67th.)—Attractive, large, light room, running water, electricity; gentlemen.

UPPER 808, (Few Doors 5th Av.)—Large front room, connecting bedroom; next bath; no other roomers; with light breakfast, $10. Phone mornings Lenox 7378.

West Side.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large, handsome double room, private bath, electricity, steam; exclusive.

71ST, 218 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large room; $60; conveniences; refined home.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

74TH, 132 WEST.—Well-appointed room for refined business lady; improvements; references.

74TH, 104 WEST. — Room; well kept house.

75TH, 327 WEST (at Drive.)—Charmingly furnished room, running water, electricity, residential.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Alcove parlor; running water, electricity; parquetry, exclusive home; business man.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Attractively furnished large rooms, adjoining bath, electricity; $12 and $15; gentlemen.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath; electricity, warm, hot water; references.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Room, large closet, bath same floor; hot water, electricity.

78TH, 119 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large room; private bath.

78TH, 112 WEST. — Cheerful, well-heated room, private house. Schuyler 4093.

80TH ST., WEST.—Two large connecting rooms, steam heat, new bathtubs and lavatories, electric light, parquet floors, private family, private house; no other roomers; gentlemen only; $125 monthly. Y 229 Times Annex.

81ST, 27 WEST, (facing parks.)—Exceptional four windows, porch, southern exposure; steam heat, electricity; also hall room. Schuyler 1826.

82D, 450 WEST END.—Nicely furnished room, gentleman; seen afternoons. Schuyler 5605.

83D, 28 WEST.—Comfortable furnished light warm and clean room, private bath, first floor; gentlemen. Phone Schuyler 8250.

90TH, 27 WEST.—Nicely furnished single room, adjoining bath; $5; telephone, electricity.

91ST, 56 WEST.—Well appointed private house, 2 large rooms, adjoining bath; $12-$15.

143D ST., 500 WEST.—Nice room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment; $5. Apt. 72.

BROADWAY, 1,730.—Handsomely furnished warm, sunny room suitable for one or two; business people preferred; references required. Matzinger.

BROADWAY, 2,131, (74th.)—Sunny front rooms, piano; high-class apartment; $10-$15. Eurelle.

Desirable room, select neighborhood, near subway; small family. Ellis, phone Morningside 211.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (block from 157th St. subway station.)—Extra large, sunny room, southern exposure; adjoining extraordinary bath; view of Hudson; suitable one or two. Telephone Audubon 229 for my private phone.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230, (95th St.)—Large comfortable room, adjoining bath; private family; suitable for gentleman. Apt. 57.

WEST END AV., 613, between 89th-90th Sts.—Beautiful newly furnished rooms.

ROOMS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted in private house by business woman, room, medium size, southern exposure, hot and cold water, heat; permanent; five years at present residence; state terms; West 70th to West 90th, east of Broadway. B. J., 75 Times.

Two young gentlemen, Canadians, desire one or two rooms, permanently, in private home, with refined family, with or without board; references gladly exchanged. Address S. D. M., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station.

Refined Japanese gentleman wants large, well furnished room with Victrola; conversation opportunity; modern improvements necessary; between 65th St. and 170th St. Address Room 6, 159, Hotel Ansonia, 73d St.

Young man wishes comfortably furnished large room, bath, electric lights, telephone; preferably below 86th St.; small, private family; highest references; give fullest particulars. W 41 Times.

Young Yale man with slender salary desires moderate priced room in home of family of refinement; permanent; highest references. A 366 Times.

Gentleman desires one or two nicely furnished rooms, independent entrance. B 682 Times Downtown.

Room and bath, between 30th and 50th, by young executive; state full particulars; reference. L 362 Times.

Two business women desire two quiet outside rooms; home of refinement; price $40 month; references exchanged. A 385 Times.

What have you for $25 a month for business couple, bet. 35th and 42d Sts. W 45 Times.

Room in strictly private family by army officer. L 380 Times.

Furnished room and bath; private entrance; reasonable. Address Box S 265 Times.

Mother and daughter want nicely furnished room; $8 or $9. 2,507½ Broadway.

BOARDERS WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone; elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6160.

West Side.

16 WEST 49TH ST.
Single rooms, with board; references.

56TH, 62 WEST.—One large room with board, table guests; references.

58TH ST., 44 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, private bath, steam heat; table unexcelled.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Refined family gives superior accommodations; large and single rooms; European home cooking; parlor; dining room for table guests.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Large and small second-floor rooms; electricity; French cuisine.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Pleasant medium sized room; parlor dining; private house; references.

89TH, 321 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, bright room, twin beds, fine bath adjoining, for couple or two gentlemen; real home cooking. Telephone 3157 Riverside.

93D, 21 WEST.—Sunny, single front room; French cuisine; table guests.

95TH ST., 4 WEST.—Attractive room with board; homelike; near park.

102D, 305 WEST.—Opportunity for two adults in private Christian, American family; front room; 4 southern windows; second floor.

106TH, 314 WEST.—A handsomely furnished room, private residence; service, surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside-Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; three spacious rooms, bath; single room; exceptional table; modern.

108TH, 320 WEST.—Beautiful suite, with two baths, suitable for family of five or six; latest hotel improvements; cuisine and service unexcelled; also one room, with or without private bath; only permanent guests considered.

130TH ST., 247 WEST.—Large, light rooms, all conveniences; kosher table board. Morningside 4011.

Good home for motherless child; best care; references. Marer, 225 West 109th.

Large furnished outside room, adjoining bath, with board; most exclusive apartment on drive; family of 2; for a gentleman; $30 weekly. Box A, 75 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Attractive, comfortable, steam-heated room, excellent board, $14. Payne.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter House of High Standard; 20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service. Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness. Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult, With Meals. 10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

BOARD WANTED.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

One or two rooms, private bath, by young married couple; good home cooking; references exchanged. Phone Riverside 2382.

Independent childless couple to board child 7 years. Write 878 3d Av.

COUNTRY BOARD.
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.—City comforts; country sports; private bath; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $11 and up; capacity 150. Phone 1165 White Plains.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and typist; bright girl; $12. Miss G. Aronowitz, 1,583 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ASSISTANT MANAGERESS of high-class tea room, by a business woman. W 43 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, thoroughly experienced, modern accounting methods, executive ability; take full charge; highest credentials; moderate salary. R 788 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, secretary, assistant executive; 6 years' real experience; highly recommended; salary $25. B 685 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, executive ability, trial balance, financial statements; competent; $25. R 741 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Five years' experience, publishing business; efficient, accurate; references. H 505 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, four years' experience, thoroughly efficient; Christian; $18. W 736 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, high school graduate; trial balance, controlling accounts; $20. B 188 Times.

EDITOR.—Experienced woman editor desires editorship of publication, department editing or feature writing. X 316 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined widow, 30 years old, capable taking full charge; experienced in managing servants; fond of children; references. Mrs. Linehan, 157 Lexington Av. Tel 9051 Mad. Sq. between 9 and 12.

LAUNDRESS.—Two days week with one family and cleaning; references from present employers. Address M. L., 3,525 B'way.

MAID.—French lady seeks position as visiting maid or governess. A. B. Telephone 3910 Plaza.

MANICURING, pedicuring, facial massage, in or out. Jeanette, care Amelia, 258 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J. Tel. Waverly 8024.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER, American; men's club or apartment; wages moderate. R 188 Times.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N. J.

NURSE, practical, would manage home where help is kept; anywhere. S 243 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 2 years' experience, good penman, accurate figure; $12. H 504 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, experienced, fine penman, quick at figures, bookkeeping, filing, $12. R 797 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FIRMS OR MEN.—A lady conversant with the buying, selling, and care of real estate is open for a position where ability will be appreciated. W 44 Times.

SECRETARY.—Well appearing, intelligent young business woman wishes executive position with Latin American concern; capable taking entire charge of English correspondence; formerly connected with Latin American consulate in this city. Address R 600 Times Downtown.

SECRETARIAL position in New York City by young woman, 27 years; references from heads well known boarding school, writers, and artists; typing; no shorthand. Y 290 Times Annex.

SECRETARY.—Expert stenographer; thorough correspondent; 7 years' experience; $25. W 735 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer-stenotypist, three years, two positions, Jewess, high school graduate, references, small office, $18. Morningside 3358, Apt. 13.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, knowledge of bookkeeping; ambitious beginner; $10 to start. A. M., 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, Christian, 7 years' experience, conscientious worker, capable, accurate; A1 references; salary $22. S 798 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, mail without correspondence if required, valuable assistant to busy executive, $25-$30. Hausner, 109 West 112th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; understands office work; references; $15. B 662 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, export; other experience; high school graduate; references; salary $20. R 675 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, reliable, desires permanent position; $15 week. E. Mashin, 1,703 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, efficient, well-educated, diplomatic; capable taking full charge; $30-$35. Astoria 797.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, highly efficient; experienced; $20. R 792 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, executive ability, academic education, 8 years' experience; $23. B 681 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; experienced; $12. R 780 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ACCURATE, WITH EXPERIENCE; $12. PHONE BEEKMAN 1308.

TYPIST, bookkeeper, general office work; experienced, American, 23 years; reference. L 374 Times.

TYPIST.—Young lady, experienced, desires permanent position; salary $14. S 216 Times.

WOMAN of refinement, intelligence, would like position of responsibility; references. R 394 Times.

WOMAN, refined, desires proposition where general business knowledge, experience qualify. W 7?? Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, college graduate, with literary, dramatic, and business experience desires position, preferably on magazine or with press representative, where executive ability and experience are appreciated. Lynn, 256 West 73d.

YOUNG WOMAN, 20, with knowledge of high school chemistry and physics, wishes position in chemical laboratory, with chance for advancement; 16 months' experience in laboratory work. F. Campbell, 228 West 22d.

YOUNG WOMAN, Christian, American, experienced register clerk, desires position as assistant bookkeeper; salary $15. S 212 Times.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY.—Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6916.

COLORED HELP, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5040.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, Auditor, cost accountant, expert organizer, systematizer, public accounting experience, constructive calibre of mind; 25 years' experience; open for permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; $60. Auditor, 72 Chilton St., Elizabeth, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT.—Broad manufacturing experience; modern cost and financial accounting; present assistant senior auditor connected with fifteen plants; age 37; married; salary, $3,000; thorough executive; capable, mature business judgment. H 468 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Expert; books opened, closed, audited, systematized, income tax reports, financial statements, part-time bookkeeping; reasonable. B 665 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior, naval officer doing specialized accounting work, wishes executive position March 1; experienced public and commercial accounts, 25, married; salary $300 per month. B 364 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER, married, 37, thoroughly experienced financial statements, correspondence, credits, collections, &c., desires to locate with a downtown corporation salary $40. L 305 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Income Tax Reports, books closed, opened, audited; trial balances; $5 monthly upward. Friedlander, 154 Nassau. Beekman 908.

ACCOUNTANT, (21,) C. P. A. experience, university senior, desires accounting or private concern connections; honorable army discharge. A 970 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, (22,) bookkeeping and accounting experience, N. Y. U. accountancy student, seeks opening with C. P. A. or public accountants. R 791 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed; tax reports; bookkeeping arrangements, $2.50 weekly service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barat, Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau, Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—New York University graduate 1916, five years' public accounting experience, independent audits, reports, seeks C. P. A. connection. L 327 Times.

ADVERTISER.—Can secure part-time services of young man experienced in preparing copy, advertising, and sales promotion campaigns; has satisfied others. S 264 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, honorably discharged; advertisements and sales promotion work indicate an original mind, expressive writing power, and sound merchandising sense; has handled campaigns in all details. S 260 Times.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, 22, 4 years' experience, wants position with advertising concern; honorably discharged from army. H 160 Times Downtown.

AN ADVERTISING ASPIRANT
requests permission to write copy for a high tension agency; college graduate; well read, and eager to begin. C 815 Times Annex.

ARCHITECTURAL engineer, draftsman; 1912 college graduate; officer, to be discharged; familiar with general types of building construction; ex-partner in successful business; desires connection with reputable architect or contractor. G 38 Times.

ARMY OFFICER, aviator, honorably discharged; college graduate; previous experience as foreman and supervisor on construction work. A 293 Times.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MANAGER and bookkeeper, age 24, who has had six years' experience as such, desires to connect with reliable concern. S 795 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY, age 27, legal experience, desires position with commercial establishment. B 783 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—(23;) six years' experience; can take entire charge; controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements; references and bond; $20. Burtman, 71 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Six years' experience controlling accounts, trial balances, credits, collections; accurate, reliable; moderate salary; excellent references. S 245 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (38,) competent, experienced man, desires position; $25. F. Rice, 116 West 39th.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.
Thirty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' experience with manufacturing concerns; double entry, controlling accounts; complete set; $30. T. T., 267 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—(Evenings;) young man, employed as bookkeeper and stenographer during day, desires position 4, 5 nights a week; 50c. hour. W 8 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, nine years' experience; familiar with all office details; reliable; highest credentials; Christian; $25. H 508 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, and typist; ambitious beginner; $10 to start. A. M., 115 East Houston St., Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, knowledge of accountancy, experienced, salary moderate, seeks connection. H 408 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22; five years' experience; selling ability; best of references. L 494 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, thoroughly experienced, audits, statements, reconciliations, complete charge; $25. K 567 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, good penman, desires position at anything. A 964 Times Harlem.

BUYER ladies' coats, suits, dresses; now employed in resident office; knows market. A 963 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR and A1 mechanic; served in French and American armies (aviation section;) must obtain position before discharge; now in U. S. Army cantonment, Garden City; wounded but in splendid physical condition; lost four brothers who served in French Army; can handle all makes of cars and give first class service. Communicate Miss J. Coffin. Phone Sunset 8410.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' references on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 36; fifteen years' experience on all high-grade cars; expert on Rolls-Royce. Joe Melzer, 204 Manhattan Av., Academy 720.

CHAUFFEUR.—28, unmarried; total abstainer; intelligent mechanic, dependable driver; understands high-grade cars. Telephone Sterling 992.

CHAUFFEUR, married, age 32, wishes position private or commercial; references. Frank Rothmann, 12? Fulton Av., Astoria, L. I.

CHAUFFEUR wishes private position; experienced; references; mechanic. Horacek, 511 East 70th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 8 years' driving, 3 years' shop experience. Sheppard, 6,833 Schuyler.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married; private position; 8 years' experience. L 494 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Gentleman recommends his chauffeur, mechanic, city driver, any car. Columbus 5415.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, discharged soldier, wishes position. Shankowitz, 273 Dumont Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, useful Japanese, for private; city or country. Masao, 328 East 57th St.

CHEMIST operating; four years' actual experience building, equipping, operating organic chemical plants; not afraid of work; can handle men successfully; consider South American proposition; best references; desire interview. R 398 Times.

CHEMIST.—Two years' technical training; ten months' experience in heavy chemicals, oils, varnishes; expert chemical knowledge of flashlight batteries. A 968 Times Harlem.

CHINA OR SOUTH AMERICA.
Mechanical engineer; 12 years' experience; 33 years old; internal combustion engines, gas producers, refrigeration and steam plants; mining, manufacturing, and central station experience; capable executive; go anywhere. L 335 Times.

CLERK.—Young man, (23,) executive ability, desires position as clerk, general office routine; 6 years' experience; evening high school graduate; best reference. Box 269 Times, 2 Rector St.

CLERICAL.—Young man, college education; wishes clerical position with export house; advancement; experienced; references. Alexander Funk, 1,493 Bryant Av.

COLLEGE MAN, leaving school, desires position as assistant to executive or with executive ability; excellent recommendations; army discharge. Allen A. Kolodin, Room 309, Gould Hall, New York University.

CREDITS AND COLLECTIONS.
Three years' THOROUGH experience as assistant and manager; desire new connection; age 21; best references. R 759 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young man, 19, educated, neat, energetic, business experience; anything. R 781 Times Downtown.

EDITOR, literary and art; twenty years' experience; know values from many angles; acquainted with authors and artists; am authority on formats; have edited and manufactured magazines and books, written considerable material, and handled advertising; am competent to take up any branch dealing with publishing; I want a position; best of references. S 249 Times.

EDITOR, Spanish-American, desires connection with publishing house; broad experience in educational, literary work; highest references from South America and this city. L 368 Times.

ELECTRICIAN desires position house electrician; six years' experience; good references. A 966 Times Harlem.

ESTIMATOR, &c.—Man (22) desires connection, stationery or printing concern preferred, as estimator, executing orders; 6 years' experience. S 237 Times.

EXECUTIVE, married, age 28, well educated and excellent correspondent, at present uncongenially connected with unprogressive manufacturer as office and assistant factory manager, seeks engagement with progressive concern in executive capacity; experienced factory, accounting, purchasing, production and sales; interview preferred evenings. Box 16, Riveredge, N. J.

EXECUTIVE or semi-executive position desired by young man, (31,) with 15 years' general banking and corporate trust experience, who wishes to leave banking field and engage in some other line where he can capitalize his qualifications. B 650 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER, American, (33,) constructive supervisor, office procedure, records, salesmen, stenographers, filing; thoroughly efficient; unquestionable credentials. W 42 Times.

EXPORT.—Assistant manager; acquainted with export, import business details, shipping proceedings; American manufacturers; Spanish correspondent; reference. L 387 Times.

EXPORT MAN.—Salesman, French, Spanish, export student; executive ability; go anywhere; moderate salary for training, opportunity, recognition. A 339 Times.

FOREIGN TRADE.
Naval reservist, released from active service, desires connection with export house where initiative and executive ability receive recognition. A 312 Times.

LAWYER, relieved from "Army Draft Board" membership, seeks professional or other work where his training, business experience, or his 20 years' law practice will be worth $5,000 yearly; invest savings if desired. "Jerseyman," A 641 Times Downtown.

MAN, honorably discharged army officer, Medical Corps, good physique, specialist in drilling, training and dieting, wants engagement. S 250 Times.

MAN, 37, executive ability, solicits position office manager, bookkeeper, salesman. R 779 Times Downtown.

MAN, intelligent, wishes position part time; inside or outside work. S 173 Times.

MANAGEMENT real estate wanted; long experience; charge several large estates at present. Interview will convince that I know business. Kindly write Suite 1304, 347 5th Av. Tel. Murray Hill 1034.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 22, willing, capable, conscientious, seeks position with established house; army discharge; opportunity essential; 4 years' office experience; unquestionable references. R 782 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, 21, expert stenographer; thoroughly experienced, educated; $25. S 702 Times Downtown.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Man, 38 years of age, married, speaking Spanish fluently and French considerably; 18 years in Porto Rico, is desirous of representing American houses or house in South America, Spain, or France; excellent references. Address E. W. P., 15 Condado St., Santurce, San Juan, Porto Rico.

SALES EXECUTIVE.
Young man, with broad and successful selling record and general executive experience, both in this country and abroad, desires position as sales manager or special representative; best possible references furnished; no real estate or insurance; only the highest class proposition considered; salary, $7,500. Y 207 Times Annex.

SALES EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT.—Civil engineer, (30,) 10 years' general engineering, no sales experience, capable, with personality and business instinct, wishes to associate with developing organization; interview desirable. W 14 Times.

SALES ENGINEER, &c.—Army officer, out of service, structural engineer, desires position as sales engineer, designing engineer, or position offering opportunity; interview requested. W 24 Times.

SALES ENGINEER.—(35;) prior to army service with strong selling organization; a chance to secure salesman with engineering experience; good personality. A 368 Times.

SALESMAN, opening New York office, represent knit underwear, hosiery, flannel shirts, overalls, work shirts, work clothing, sweaters; representative lines considered; best references furnished. W 26 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, 6 years with importing concern retiring from business, desires position with established mercantile house. W 12 Times.

SALESMAN, married, honorably discharged, experienced, neat appearing; salary or salary and commission. Louis Becker, 121 Sherman Av., N. Y. C.

SALESMAN, (28,) American, good appearance, wishes position with manufacturing or wholesale concern; best references. W 4 Times.

SALESMAN, selling dry goods trade city, surrounding territory, wants conjunctive line reliable concern; rapid seller. S 287 Times.

SALESMAN of cloaks, suits and dresses, covering office and city, desires connection with live manufacturer. W 38 Times.

SALESMAN, 23; city or road; willing to learn line from inside; 6 years' experience; best references. S 266 Times.

SALESMAN, young, 1½ years' experience calling on retail grocers' trade. R 790 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires connection with reliable concern; travel or city; references. W 8 Times.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced; open for road proposition with reliable concern. A 371 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Secretarial experience, university training, discharged soldier, has enthusiasm, intelligence, and energy; salary secondary consideration. H 510 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; college graduate; thoroughly experienced; evening position; references. H 494 Times Downtown.

SHOE SALESMAN desires connection with wholesale shoe manufacturing concern to sell to the trade in Brooklyn. K 404 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (27,) ten years' experience, capable assistant, desires connection; good future; salary $25; A1 references. B 688 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPEWRITER, 21, export and other experience, college engineering student, desires connection with engineering concern; $22. R 789 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 18, American, highly educated, experienced, capable; anything offering future. W 10 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER, experienced, acquainted with chemistry, with chemical company. H 897 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPEWRITER, experienced, rapid, accurate operator, desires position; $20-$25. A 375 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER, experienced, wishes evening work, 7:30-10 o'clock. B 808 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, efficient, well educated, experienced and conscientious. Morningside 6652, Apt. 3W.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience, bookkeeper, correspondent; high school graduate; $22. W 731 Times Downtown.

TRAFFIC MAN, 32, thoroughly experienced tariffs, classifications, routing, correspondence, &c. B 664 Times Downtown.

TRANSLATOR, &c.—Young man, South American, translator and correspondent, desires position in an exporting or publishing house. A 373 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, has wonderful traffic experience, desires position as traffic manager. H 499 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Young man, 19; experienced office worker; best references. B 679 Times Downtown.

VALET.—English, requires position; employer gone to Europe; best references. A 379 Times.

YOUNG MAN, army officer, just discharged, 30, best education, thoroughly experienced in accounting, credits, collection, financing manufacturing and general contracting wants position immediately with opportunity for advancement; sober, good address, best reference; will be in city ten days and would like to call for personal interview. W 11 Times.

YOUNG MAN, assistant, experienced, 20, well educated, capable relieving employer and handling many details, competent investigator, stenographer, correspondent, seeks responsible position; initiative. J. C., 216 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20;) experienced stenographer-typewriter; have knowledge bookkeeping; desires position as assistant bookkeeper; promotion; reference. R 727 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (28;) honorably discharged; executive ability; experienced correspondent; cashier; knowledge bookkeeping, credits, stenography. S 779 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position as junior draftsman; 2½ years' experience; salary no object. Max Silverman, 1,316 Washington Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, lawyer, university graduate, business and legal experience, recently in Government service, desires position. W 729 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, speaking English and French, attending high school, desires position from 2-6 P. M. August Oberle, 145 West 10th St., N. Y. C.

YOUNG MAN, 26, honorably discharged from army, desires position as stock clerk; had 3 years' experience. R 740 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) experienced secretary, stenographer, knowledge accounting. S 789 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires opportunity; bookkeeping knowledge; thorough office experience. A 971 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) desires position with old established concern as salesman; local or out of town. A 370 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position; traveling preferred; advancement; moderate salary; reference. L 405 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, released from navy; selling, clerical, stock abilities. B 205 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21; stock clerk, assistant buyer, or salesman position. A 320 Times.

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

COOK, BUTLER, VALET. — Want position. Japanese Agency, 101 West 42d St. Bryant 7787.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ASSISTANT BUYER,
WOMEN'S KIMONOS & SILK UNDERWEAR.
Excellent opportunity for a qualified, hard-working, ambitious woman. Apply by MAIL ONLY to P. Le Boutillier; giving full experience, qualifications and salary desired. If you haven't first-class specialty shop or department store experience, DON'T APPLY. Best & Co., 5th Av. and 35th St.

ATTENDANT for insane hospital; liberal pay. Call at 146 East 28th St. today at 4 P. M.

BILL CLERK, on Underwood typewriter; must have two years' experience; wages $18. Apply to Bill, P. O. Box 1021, City Hall Station, New York.

BOOKKEEPER, THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND RELIABLE, TO ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY; MUST HAVE COMPLETE KNOWLEDGE OF DOUBLE ENTRY SYSTEM AND POSSESS INTELLIGENCE AND INITIATIVE; STATE IN DETAIL EXPERIENCE AND QUALIFICATIONS AND SALARY DESIRED. W 15 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPERS on customer ledgers; department store experience preferred. Permanent positions to those who can qualify. Apply all week, Best & Co., Employment Office, 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 7 West 35th St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT: also take charge factory payroll, piece and time workers; shoe factory experience preferred, not necessary. William Henne & Co., 963 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, lady, wanted for temporary position in publishing house; must understand double entry thoroughly; give experience, full particulars, and salary expected. Accurate, Box 654, City Hall Station.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Must understand controlling accounts; state experience, references, and salary expected. B 686 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady for exporter's office for general office work and checking invoices; state age, experience, salary expected. A 658 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER in plumbing business, Bay Ridge section, Brooklyn. Address, stating experience, salary, and qualifications. S 252 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; must also be able to operate Underwood typewriter. Apply Hercules Chemical Co., 347 West B'way.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk; must be accurate; salary to start $13. A 618 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant. Apply only by letter, Jacob Bros. Piano Factory Office, 539 West 39th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, between ages of 23 and 30. Apply Mr. Herzenberg, care of Menter Co., 226 West 125th St.

BOOKKEEPER in office of small hotel; 4 to 5 hours daily. S 246 Times.

BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.
has several positions open for saleswomen in paper pattern department; excellent opportunity for advancement; those willing to travel preferred. Apply between 10 and 12, at Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

CARD CUTTER.—Experienced chopper, good wages; permanent. Scarborough, 28 Beekman St.

COMPANION, refined, for convalescing young woman in country, adjacent to New York; references required. Arnstein, 16 East 96th, Apt. 4A, 6 to 8 P. M.

COOK.—Competent; white; good wages; best references. Call 9:30-12:30 A. M. Stern, 610 West 111th St., Apartment 52.

CORSET OPERATOR,
experienced in alterations, wanted in high-class specialty shop; steady work in all seasons; pleasant surroundings and working conditions; good salary. Van Orden Shop, 379 5th Av., New York.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, experienced in drug line preferred; $15. Call 48 West 4th, 7th floor.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ELLIS OPERATORS.
JAMES McCUTCHEON & COMPANY,
5TH AV. AND 34TH ST.
require several experienced operators for Ellis adding typewriters; also junior office assistants. Apply by letter, giving full information in regard to education, experience and expectations.

ENTRY CLERK, accustomed taking charges from caller; permanent employment. R 761 Times Downtown.

ENTRY CLERK who also understands running billing machine. R 762 Times Downtown.

FILE and mail clerk, preferably Underwood typist, who is experienced office assistant, by Gentile wholesale house, near City Hall; $15; state age, experience. R 794 Times Downtown.

GIRL about 25 years of age, with some clerical ability, to work in bookkeeping department; light work and good salary to start, with excellent possibilities for betterment; experience not essential; write, giving particulars as to capability. Address A 664 Times Downtown.

GIRL wanted, $50 a month, for general housework. Isaacs, 1,032 East 8th St., Brooklyn. Phone Midwood 2555.

GIRL to look after stock of materials in millinery workroom; previous experience not essential. Guiry, 7 East 48th St.

GIRL for office work, old established Christian importing house; permanent; advancement; $8 start. Apply 36 Hudson St.

GIRL wanted to clean samples in china and glass showroom; easy work. Thieler, 35 West 23d St.

GIRL to look after child, afternoons. Apply Bodenheim, 114 West 79th.

GOVERNESS wanted for girls 14 and 15 years old; best references. Call 9:30-12:30 A. M. Stern, 610 West 111th St., Apt. 52.

HAND SEWERS ON BLOUSES.
CORHAN, 647 MADISON AV.

HOUSEKEEPER, GENERAL, wanted for Pelham; 30 minutes' Grand Central; family 2 adults, 3 small children; must be good cook; clean, reliable; references required; write giving age, salary expected to Mrs. B. A. McDonald, Savoy Hotel.

HOUSEWORKER.—Clean, competent; white girl; four-room apartment, three in family; light cooking; call before 11 A. M. Apt. 4-G, 18 St. Nicholas Place.

MAID, experienced, for light general housework; small family; good home, good wages. H. O. Latham, 8 Willow Circle, Bronxville, N. Y. Phone 887 Bronxville.

MANICURE-HAIRDRESSER, steady position, by My Lady Beauty Shop, 95 7th Av., Brooklyn.

MILLINERS, IMPROVERS.
Light workroom. Good wages. Apply all week, Best & Co., 7 West 35th St., 8:30-10:30 A. M.

MODELS.
SIZE 16.
MUST BE ATTRACTIVE.
EXPERIENCE NECESSARY.
LONG SEASON ASSURED.
$30 WEEKLY.
TREELINE SUIT CO.,
1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SIZE 16 OR 18.
Stylish, attractive young ladies.
STEADY POSITION.
BETTY WALES DRESSMAKERS,
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MODELS—SIZE 16.
Stylish and attractive, to try on misses' coats and suits; must have experience; good salary, long season. Apply all week. Harry Kitzinger & Co., 1,333 Broadway.

MODELS—SIZE 16 AND 36, NEAT APPEARING YOUNG LADIES, EXPERIENCED IN CLOAK AND SUIT LINE; GOOD SALARY. SPERBER, FRANK & ENGEL, 29 WEST 35D ST.

MODELS.
Cloaks and suits, sizes, 16, 36.
M. SHIDLOVSKY & CO.,
1,333 Broadway.

MODEL, size 36, for ladies' coat house. Kirshner & Alexander, 122 West 26th.

MODEL, 36, experienced in cloak and suit house. Karl Light, 129 West 27th St.

MODELS.—Size 36, for cloak house. Slater Bros., 1,333 Broadway.

MOTHER'S HELPER for baby 8 months old. Call Loth, 508 West 139th.

NEEDLEWORK, (FANCY) — WANTED, WOMAN OF ABILITY AND EXPERIENCE IN EDITING AND PREPARING FOR PRINTING AN ART NEEDLEWORK JOURNAL; MUST BE COMPETENT TO TAKE CHARGE OF DEPARTMENT WITH NUMBER OF EMPLOYES. REPLY BY LETTER, STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY, TO BOX A 667 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NURSE, (training,) with experience in stenography, in surgeon's office, for afternoons. 16 West 85th.

NURSE wanted for 3 children 6, 4, and 1 year old; references required; $45-$75 a month. Mrs. E. C. R. Laihlald, 738 West 8th St., Plainfield, N. J.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined young girl for two children; must speak French. Call between 9 and 11 A. M., Apt. 11C, 789 West End Av.

NURSEMAID for two children; cleanliness essential; reference; good wages. 737 North Broad St., Elizabeth, N. J. 2437 Elizabeth.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in office of manufacturing jewelers, a refined young American woman, residing with parents, one who understands stenography and typewriting and is capable of assisting in office duties. Address, in own handwriting, giving references and stating salary desired. P. O. Box 90, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, young girl; must be able to operate switchboard, typewrite, do clerical work; good opportunity for bright, energetic girl. Call G. S. Thomson, Tobacco Products Corp., 32 West 100th.

SALESWOMEN—
YOU CAN DUPLICATE
THIS WOMAN'S SUCCESS
IN SELLING
Up to the middle of last month Mrs. Lucy R—— had never in all her life sold anything. She had a room to let which is how our head designer happened to meet her.
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"Try it," was the suggestion. Next morning Mrs. R—— called at our office. We showed her how to fit. Next day she called on a woman whose name we gave her. The first week she took nine orders and made $36 in commissions. Since then she has made steady gains.
Mrs. R—— is busy, happy, and independent. She is putting money in the bank. Wouldn't you like to hear her story from her own lips? We can offer similar opportunities to a few more women under 40. Write B 191 Times.

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will find excellent opportunity in our Hosiery Department; only those thoroughly experienced and capable of serving high-grade clientele need apply; we hold all applications in the strictest confidence, and no references are looked up until after a satisfactory interview has been had.
Apply all week, Best & Co., Employment Office, 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 7 West 35th St.

SALESWOMEN possessing ability may secure remunerative positions in petticoat department with best stores out of town. William Epstein & Bro., 1,239 Broadway.

SERVANT, general, white; Douglas Manor, L. I.; good plain cook; no washing nor ironing; three adults; $50; references. A 372 Times.

SHADEMAKER
to work on silk lamp shades; experience necessary; good salary; steady position. Roldchek Co., 479 1st Av.

SPANISH STENOGRAPHER. — MUST BE EXPERT TRANSLATOR AND SPEAKER; ONE OF SPANISH BIRTH PREFERRED. PAUL WENGER CO., 56 LIBERTY ST.

STENCIL CLERKS.
Prominent uptown publishers require several competent young ladies who are quick and intelligent workers; experienced clerks are assured steady positions, at fair wages, amid pleasant surroundings, and with easy hours; actual experience in stencil work is demanded. B 197 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, $14-$15;
steady work; pleasant surroundings; half day Saturday. Apply to
MISS CARLOCK,
326 Hudson St., (second floor.)
Take 7th Av. Subway to Houston St.

HELP WANTED—Female.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, young woman about 28 years of age, good appearance and address, must understand filing and small switchboard; office hours 9 to 5:30 and 2 P. M. on Saturday; salary $25; good position for right party; full particulars. S 263 Times.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Publishing house wants two refined young ladies capable doing careful, accurate work; start $15, with early advance. Write full particulars. H 51? Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; MUST USE GOOD GRAMMAR; HOURS, 8:30 TO 5:30; SALARY, $18. CALL BETWEEN 1 AND 2 OR AFTER 5, ROOM 65, 125 EAST 23D ST.

STENOGRAPHER-ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, accurate, permanent, and desirable position; $18. B 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, AMBITIOUS, CAPABLE OF HANDLING OTHER OFFICE WORK. GROSSET & DUNLAP, 1,140 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER in advertising department large dress manufacturer; advertising or printing experience, ability to handle detail essential. A 367 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST; must be experienced and rapid; state experience, references, salary desired. Advertising Agency. B 193 Times.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced, knowledge of office routine and bookkeeping, educated. Apply after 2:30, Acme Dyestuff Co., Inc., 133 Malden Lane.

STENOGRAPHER who is thoroughly capable general office assistant; Underwood, by Gentile cotton goods house; permanent; $20; state age, experience. B 684 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience, accurate; $14 to start. P. Centemeri & Co., 400 5th Av., 6th floor.

STENOGRAPHER, English, with knowledge of Russian and French preferred; must be good typist. H 521 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for large concern; state salary and experience. A 662 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced import and export preferred, but not essential; $15. H 512 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist.—Young lady who can assist in general office work. Phone 793 Greeley for appointment.

STOCK CLERK for phonograph records; address by letter. B. B., Room 600, Tribune Building.

TYPIST,
for export house; dictating machine experience preferred; $20 start. Thomas A. Edison, 114 Liberty St.

TEACHER typewriting, day and evening class; experienced. Apply Mr. Becker, Room 7, 502 Tremont Av., Bronx.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Busy switchboard; permanent position for experienced young lady of refinement and reliability; write confidentially, stating experience, nationality, salary desired. R 795 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, refined, unencumbered, and owning typewriter, wanted to work from dictation at her home, by appointment, three times in the week; no stenography necessary; state full particulars. L 369 Times.

YOUNG LADY for checking and compiling names for trade directory; must be accurate and experienced such work; write full particulars, mention salary. H 514 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN of good appearance and manners who can shampoo and dress hair (no Marcel waving, massage, &c.) may apply at C. Nestle Co. for positions; excellent future; beginning salary, $14. 657 5th Av.

YOUNG LADY, (21,) for light window work; $10; apply 10 o'clock. Grant Sales, 8 Park Row.

YOUNG WOMAN TO HAND SEWING FANCY GOODS ROOM. SCHRAFFTS, 54 WEST 23D ST.

Instruction.
Forty-two cents an agate line.

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542-544 5th Av., (45th St.,) the oldest and pre-eminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

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STENOGRAPHERS ..... $18 to $30
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DICTAPHONE ..... $16 to $30
STENOGRAPHER, insurance experience..$30

Employment Agencies.
Fifty cents an agate line.

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STENOGRAPHER, export, $30.
STENO.-BOOKKEEPER, brokerage, $2?.
STENOS.—Several law positions, $25-$30; good opportunity advancement.
STENO.-SECRETARY, Brooklyn, (2,) $25-$30.
STENO., import, downtown, $20. Many positions open small offices, $18-$20.
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Andrew M. A. Fischer. J. T. McCoy.

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STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER ..$15-$20

HELP WANTED—Male.
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT wanted; high-class, mature man, of wide professional experience; particularly versed in surrogate's accounting and in the preparation of analytical exhibits used in litigation, receivership, reorganization and tax matters. Address, with full details as to experience and salary. Opportunity. B 180 Times.

ACCOUNTANT for permanent position as traveling auditor, with at least two years' general experience as auditor or accountant; give full details, including salary desired. R 706 Times Downtown.